MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY

START

ST HILAIRE

SPECTATOR

JAN 7 1911 THRU DEC 28 1912

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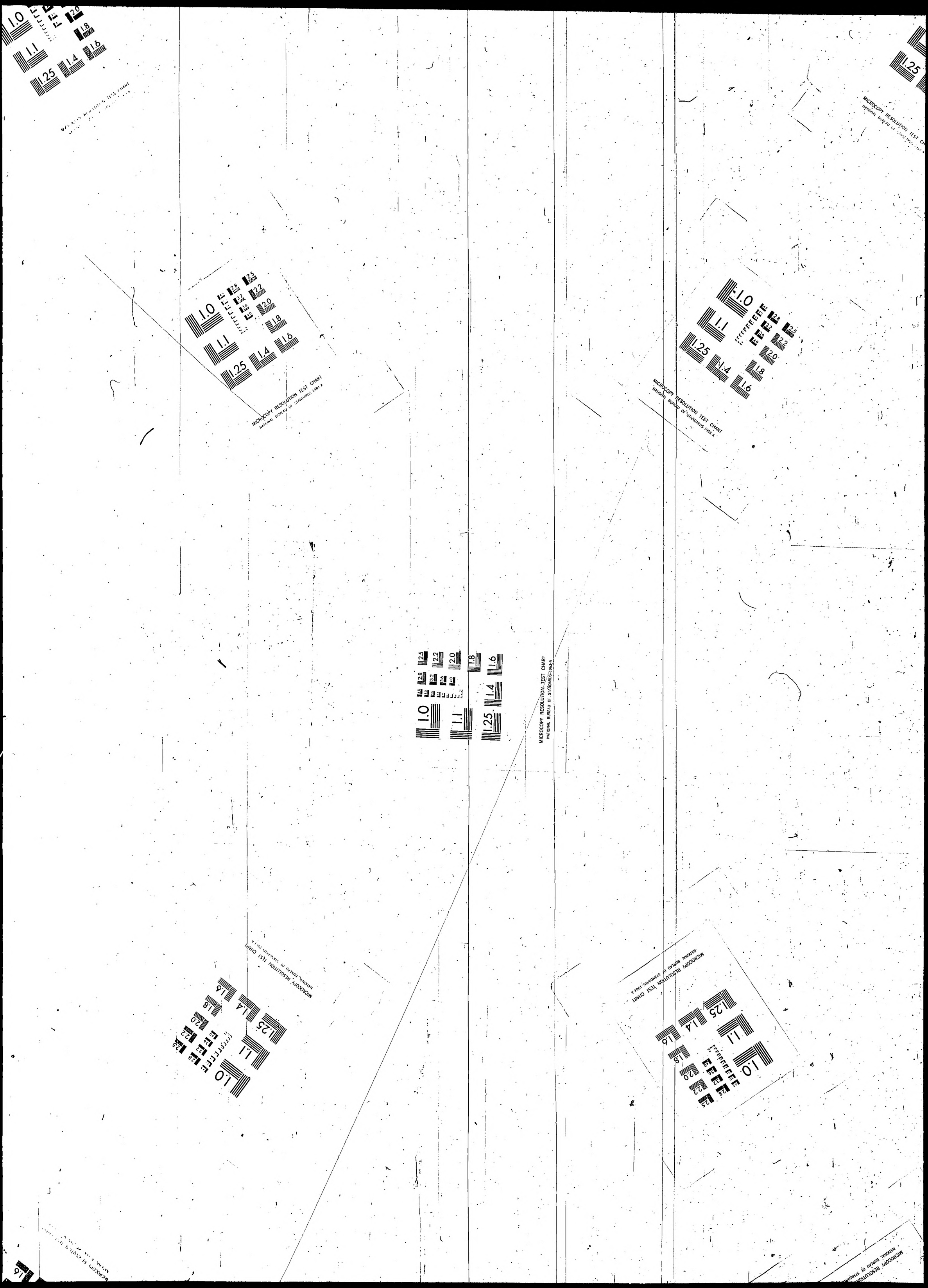
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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 7, 1911. NUMBER 26.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

UNCLE SAM AFTER STEAMSHIP TRUST

ACTION IS BROUGHT AGAINST 13 LEADING TRANS-ATLANTIC COMPANIES.

CHARGED WITH BIG CONSPIRACY

Details of Gigantic Monopoly Are Outlined in the Complaint Filed in New York.

New York, Jan. 5.—The federal government brought suit in the United States circuit court under the Sherman anti-trust law against 13 of the principal trans-Atlantic carriers, estimated to control 90 per cent of the steerage traffic, worth $55,000,000 a year. Twelve officers of the defendant companies, all resident in America, are named as co-defendants.

There 13 companies, the government charges, entered into an illegal contract February 5, 1908, at London, England, by which they constituted themselves the Atlantic conference, with power to apportion traffic and impose heavy fines for violation of any of the articles of agreement.

As a result, it is alleged, the Russian volunteer fleet, plying between New York and Libau, was driven out of business, and the Russian-American line was forced to enter the conference.

Suit was brought under instructions from United States Attorney General Wickersham. In its petition the government asks that the defendants be restrained from combining to destroy the business of any person carrying steerage passengers between the United States and Europe. Further, that each of the defendant steamship lines be forbidden to enter any port of the United States or its possessions, so long as they continue to operate under the alleged conspiracy.

Defendant Companies.

The defendant companies are: Allen Steamship company, capitalized at $3,220,000, which plies between Liverpool, Boston and Philadelphia and Glasgow and Montreal; the International Mercantile Marine company, the International Navigation company, the Anchor Line, the Canadian Pacific Railway company, capitalized at $200,000,000, which operates between Montreal and Liverpool, the Cunard Steamship company, the British and North Atlantic Steam Navigation company, the Hamburg-American line, the Holland-American line, the North-German Lloyd Steamship company, the Red Star line, the White State line and the Russian East Asiatic Steamship company.

In the apportionment of this commerce, westbound, as given by the government, the North German Lloyd line with 26.53 per cent has the largest single share. The other German line, the Hamburg-American, is next with 19.61 per cent. The Cunard line follows with 13.75 per cent. The others have small percentage.

In the apportionment of eastbound traffic the Cunard line with 12.77, the Hamburg-American line with 12.35 per cent, the North German Lloyd line with 18.79 per cent, and the White Star line with 15.49 per cent are the leaders.

Steerage Traffic Divided.

Under the contract the lines agreed, it is alleged, to divide their steerage traffic.

To provide against violations a penalty of four pounds sterling ($20) on each excess passenger was provided.

The alleged contract exacted from each of its signatories the deposit of £1,000 ($5,000) for each 1 per cent of traffic allotted. Upon withdrawal of any member without permission this deposit was to be forfeited. It was also subject to forfeit if any member failed to pay his fine.

A further penalty of £250 ($1,250) might be imposed on any member who disobeyed the contract.

"It is charged," said District Attorney Wise, "that the lines agreed to act together to destroy competition and that for the accomplishment of this purpose a committee of three should be created with power to select steamships to be known as 'fighting steamers' and to advertise such fighting steamers to sail at the same time as the steamers of competing lines and to advertise rates far below those advertised by such independent line."

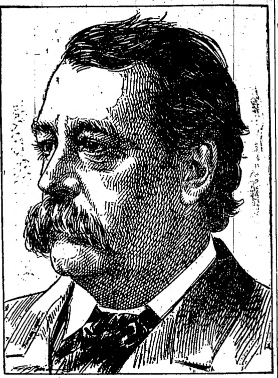
The contract has operated, it is charged, to maintain rates at an artificial level, monopolize traffic at the highest return possible and to deprive the public of the benefits that would naturally result from free competition. All the competitive devices of the conferences are alleged to be in full force at the present moment against the Uranium Steamship company, which plies between New York and Rotterdam, touching at Halifax.

ENGLISH ABBOT COMING.

Father Gasquet to Lecture on the Vulgate.

Rome, Jan. 5.—The pope received in private audience the Rt. Rev. Francis Aidah Gasquet, the Abbot president of English Benedictines. The Abbot Gasquet is head of the commission appointed to revise the text of the Vulgate. He said that he expected to make a trip to the United States next summed, when he would deliver lectures on the revision of the Vulgate.

PROGRESSIVE SENATOR GETS ANOTHER TERM.



MOSES E. CLAPP.
United States Senator from Minnesota.

SENATOR CLAPP RENOMINATED

CAUCUS OF HOUSE AND SENATE UNANIMOUSLY INDORSES "BLACK EAGLE."

VICTORY FOR THE PROGRESSIVES

Harmony Prevails and Talk of Opposition Comes to Nothing—Action of State Convention Regarded as Binding.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—United States Senator Clapp will succeed himself in the senate for another term of six years. This was determined at a caucus of the Republican members of the house and senate, who met in joint caucus in the hall of the house of representatives, state capitol.

Notwithstanding the fact that the caucus was cut and dried and the result definitely known beforehand, there was a dramatic character to the gathering. There had been talk of opposition to Senator Clapp and it was well recognized that his election was a victory for one element of the party which is opposed by another.

Mr. Clapp's Career Outlined.

Moses E. Clapp, junior United States senator from Minnesota, was born at Delphi, Ind., in 1857. His parents removed to Hudson, Wis., where he attended the common schools and graduated from the Wisconsin Law school in 1873. He commenced the practice of law in New Richmond, Wis., and two years later removed to Fergus Falls, Minn.

He was elected attorney general of the state in 1886, 1888 and 1890. He removed to St. Paul in the spring of 1891 and was elected to the United States senate June 23 of that year, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Cushman K. Davis. In 1905 he was re-elected for the six-year term and is now a candidate to suceed himself.

In the senate Mr. Clapp has been prominent among the insurgents.

17 DIE IN CHURCH PANIC.

Over 80 Hurt by Fire or Crash in Mexico—Candle Starts Blaze.

Mexico City, Jan. 4.—Fire and panic during a New Year religious celebration in a church near San Luis Potosi cost the lives of seventeen and serious injury to more than eighty, chiefly women and children.

The church was packed to its utmost capacity. In the course of the ceremonies a candle fell from its socket and ignited a quantity of dry moss with which the building was decorated.

The flames spread quickly to all parts of the interior. Of those who escaped death by burning or suffocation, a number were killed or injured by being trampled in the narrow entrance. Few escaped without injuries, more or less serious.

LITTLE ROCK AFIRE.

Lack of Water Hampers Blaze Fighters.

Little Rock, Jan. 4.—Fire, originating in the Hollenburg Musical Company's building, destroyed an entire block of buildings here, the loss on the buildings and stocks of goods amounting to $1,000,000. The burned buildings were owned by Governor Donaghey, the Fulk estate and the Elizabeth Shall estate. Lack of water made the firemen's work difficult.

IOWA STANDPATS TO CONFER

WILL DECIDE WHETHER TO CAUCUS WITH PROGRESSIVES.

Cummins' Stand Makes Question o. Compromise Candidate Difficult One.

Des Moines, Jan. 4.—A conference of the standpat members of the Iowa legislature and their leaders outside of that body has been called for Thursday evening to discuss the United States senatorship and to determine the advantageous thing to do with respect to going into a caucus with the progressive Republicans who are in the majority. Upon their decision depends, probably, the election of a senator to fill out Dolliver's term. If they go into caucus they must elect a progressive and they now plan to prevent a caucus and to propose the election of one of the party veterans who will not be a candidate for reelection in 1912 to which year the political contest over Dolliver's seat may be transferred.

Henry Wallace, president of the national conservation congress, is discussed favorably. It is said that the Democrats also would favor his selection.

Senator Cummins issued a statement declaring that he had expressed no preference among the progressive candidates for senator. The politicians credit him with engineering the plan to bring out A. B. Funk and Warren Garst, to split northern Iowa and W. S. Kenyon's congressional district in order to defeat the Taft administration trust buster. All of the Cummins advisers were in the plan to bring out Funk as the most available man with whom to defeat Kenyon.

The fact that Senator Cummins favors Funk, as against Kenyon has become so apparent that standpatters have abandoned the idea of supporting Funk as a compromise candidate of the factions and if they do go into caucus or do not as a result of their conference Thursday night, it is probable that they will swing to Kenyon rather than to any other progressive Republican.

Strike Policeman Is Shot.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Another victim, the fifth in the strike of garment workers, met death by violence. Fred Reinhart, a special policeman employed as a guard, was shot to death while escorting two non-union workers to their homes from the plant. The two non-union men fled to their homes, but later declared the policeman had been shot by strikers who approached from the rear. The police were unable to locate the murderers.

Michigan Lumberman Fails.

Bessemer, Mich., Jan. 4. — Andrew Emerson, for years the leading lumberman of Gogebic county, operating saw mills, stores and camps at Dunham, 12 miles east of this city, has made an assignment for his preferred creditors. Net total indebtedness is over $100,000 of which some $50,000 is secured.

New York Editor Dies.

New York, Jan. 4.—Frederick Bonner, a son of the late Robert Bonner, and for 10 years before his father's death editor of the New York Ledger, died of pneumonia. Mr. Bonner was graduated from Princeton university in 1878.

New Chief of Choctaws.

Washington, Jan. 4.—David C. McCurtain was appointed by President Taft as principal chief of the Choctaw Nation in Oklahoma. The new appointee suceeds his father

RUSSIAN CITY IS WIPED OUT

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE DESTROYS ENTIRE TOWN.

Nearly Every House in Vyerny (23,000 Population) Razed or Damaged.

Tashkent, Asiatic Russia, Jan. 5.—A violent earthquake was felt in various parts of Russian Turkestan from 4 to 5:30 a. m.

Many buildings were destroyed and there were a number of fatalities, though the loss of life is not yet known.

Great fissures opened the ground.

Practically all of the stores and residences in Vyerny, the capital of the territory of Somioyetchenski, were destroyed or damaged. The city has a population of 23,000.

Communication in the disturbed district is interrupted.

Tashkent, capital of the government of Russian Turkestan, is an important trade center with a population of about 157,000. Vyerny, which appears to have suffered most, is a fortified town situated at the northern foot of the Trans-Illi-Ala-Tau, about 50 miles from the river Illi and about the same distance from Lake Issyk-Kul. It was badly damaged by an earthquake in 1897.

GRAIN RATE COMPLAINT FILED.

Milwaukee Discriminated Against in Favor of Duluth.

Washington, Jan. 5.—On behalf of Milwaukee, as a grain center the Chamber of Commerce instituted a proceeding against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and the Northwestern carriers, declaring discrimination was being practiced against Milwaukee, in the matter of freight rates on grain from points in Iowa, Minnesota and South Dakota. Substantially more favorable rates from the points of origin are given by the railroads to Duluth, Minn., and Superior, Wis., than to Milwaukee, the complaint to the interstate commerce commission charges.

All three of these places trans-ship the grain to eastern destinations by water. The petition of the Chamber of Commerce urges that under the law, that city is entitled to as low rates on grain from the points named as Duluth and Superior, and the commission is requested to readjust the grain rates on a basis of equality.

BANDITS ENTER MAIL CAR.

N. P. North Coat Limited Is Boarded Two Highwaymen.

Auburn, Wash., Jan. 5.—Two masked highwaymen entered the mail car on the North Coast limited train No. 2 on the Northern Pacific just as the train was leaving Seattle.

As soon as the first robber got in the door he levelled his gun at Mail Clerk Harry O. Clark and ordered him to throw up his hands. He fired before Clark could obey the command. As Clark fell, the two robbers turned their attention to the other clerk, C. E. Reid, and covered him.

Both Clark and Reid were then locked up in a closet at the end of the car where they were not discovered until the train reached Auburn.

Mail pouches and registered mail were scattered about the car, but it was impossible to ascertain what had been taken.

Aeroplanes Burned.

Breslau, Jan. 5.—Fire destroyed three areoplanes and five hangars at the Wilhelmsruhe aerodrome. The benzine tanks exploded. Incediarism is suspected.

Wind and Snow Over Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Snow, brought in on a west wind that reached a velocity of 42 miles an hour and a temperature of seven degrees above zero caused much suffering here.

Commodore McCrackin, U. S. N., Dies.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 5.—Commodore Alexander McCrackin, U. S. N., retired, died in his home after a short illness. He was 60 years old.

U. S. Pensioner Hanged in Ireland.

Cork, Ireland, Jan. 5.—William Scanlan, an American army pensioner, was hanged for the murder of his sister-in-law in 1909.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 5.—Wheat, May, $1.06¼; July, $1.07⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.07; No. 2 northern, $1.04¾; No. 1 durum, 89c; No. 3 corn, 41¾c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, 88c; No. 2 rye, 78c; No. 1 flax, $2.52.

Duluth, Jan. 5. — Wheat, May, $1.08⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.09.

South St. Paul, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Steers, $3.00@4.55; cows, $2.75@4.00; calves, $3.50@7.25; hogs, 7.85@7.95; sheep, yearlings, $4.50@5.80.

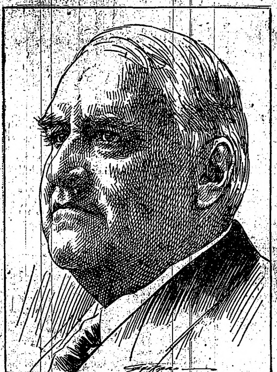
Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Cattle—Market, steady; beeves, $4.70@7.10; western steers, $4.30@6.10; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.85; cows and heifers, $2.60@6.35; calves, $7.00@9.25.

Hogs—Market, slow; light, $7.85@8.20; mixed, $7.85@8.25; heavy, $7.85@8.25; rough, $7.85@8.00; good to choice heavy, $8.00@12.00; pigs, $7.60@8.20; bulk of sales, $8.10@8.20.

Sheep—Market, steady to shade higher; native, $2.65@4.50; yearlings, $4.75@5.90; lambs, native, $4.75@6.50; western, $5.00@6.60.

WEST VIRGINIA SENATOR ANSWERS LAST ROLL CALL.



STEPHEN B. ELKINS.
United States Senator from West Virginia.

SENATOR ELKINS PASSES AWAY

BLOOD POISONING AND COMPLICATION OF DISEASES ARE CAUSE OF DEATH.

CONSCIOUS ALMOST TO THE LAST

Entire Family Is at Bedside—Was Harrison's Secretary of War—Had Notable Career.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Senator Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia, died at his home here. At his bedside were his wife, his daughter, Katherine, and four sons, David, Richard, Stephen and Blaine, and the physicians. Death was due to septicaemia or blood poisoning. He was conscious until within a half hour of death.

Senator Elkins became ill in the early summer at his home at Elkins, W. Va. He was kept in strict confinement there and only the members of his immediate family were allowed to see him. On Nov. 9, when he was removed to Washington in a private car, physicians declared that he might be able to take his seat in the senate at the opening of congress. Though no funeral arrangements have been announced, it is probable that the senator will be buried at Elkins, W. Va.

Services in the Senate.

During a large part of the time of his service in the senate, Mr. Elkins was chairman of the important committee on interstate commerce. As the head of this great committee he had charge of the Hepburn rate regulation bill of 1907 and of the administration bill of 1910. A railroad builder and owner himself, Mr. Elkins had intimate knowledge of the questions affected by this legislation.

He was the champion of the bill of 1910 and as such fought for its passage for many months.

Mr. Elkins was as popular on the Democratic as on the Republican side of the senate chamber. Nor could he be persuaded to deny to any one an opportunity to be heard, no matter how great the delay or inconvenience caused by granting all demands for time. Hence, when, after the passage of the bill, the late Senator Dolliver, who had been one of the chief critics of the measure, warmly complimented Mr. Elkins, there was universal approval of his commendatory remarks.

Mr. Elkins took a special interest in legislation which dealt with the tariff, the railroad regulation and the development of the natural waterways.

He was one of the first movers for an investigation into the high cost of living, which was inaugurated during the second session of the sixty-first congress.

Some Achievements.

Among the achievements standing to Senator Elkins' credit is the passage of the Elkins anti-trust bill soon after he entered the senate, legislation providing for many important improvements of the Ohio, Kanawha and Big Sandy rivers; innumerable amendments to the railroad bills of 1907 and 1910 and many modifications of the tariff. He it was who first suggested the use of the corps of engineers of the army in building the Panama canal.

Mr. Elkins was born in Ohio in 1841. While still very young he went with his father's family to Missouri. He was one of the first graduates from the University of Missouri and as early as 1864 went to New Mexico, where he lived for a number of years, becoming in succession attorney general, United States district attorney, territorial senator and delegate in congress from that territory.

While serving as delegate in congress Mr. Elkins married the eldest daughter of Henry Gassaway Davis, then senator from West Virginia. Soon after his marriage he established his home in that state, and there he built up a great fortune, largely thru the development of the resources of the state. He came into possession of extensive coal and timber areas and was most active in putting their products on the market. He also assisted in building many railroads in and out of the state.

The Republican party of West Virginia owes much to Mr. Elkins. He was chairman of the Republican national committee which elected Benjamin Harrison to the presidency, and became Mr. Harrison's secretary of war. His first election to the senate took place in 1895.

While in Missouri Senator Elkins as a school teacher had for pupils, Jim and Cole Younger, who afterwards became notorious as the most daring of the band of outlaws led by the James brothers. They later rescued him from a squad of Confederates, who were about to hang the future senator as a spy.

When, after the close of the war, the Youngers were captured and sent to prison on a life sentence for robbing a bank in Minnesota, Mr. Elkins recalled their kindness to him. He exerted his influence to procure their release and ultimately succeeded.

Senator Elkins' friends believe that the recent publicity connecting the name of his daughter, Miss Katherine Elkins, with that of the duke of the Abruzzi, was a source of much embarrassment to him, but if such was the case, he never indicated it by his manner.

Hale's Successor Nominated.

Augusta, Maine, Jan. 5.—Charles F. Johnson, of Waterville, Democratic candidate for governor of Maine in 1892 and again in 1894, and a prominent lawyer was nominated on the first ballot at the Democratic caucus to succeed United States Senator Eugene Hale on March 4, next. As the Maine legislature is safely Democratic, his nomination is regarded as equivalent to an election. He will be the first Democrat to represent Maine in the senate since 1847.

Deadlock in New Hampshire Senate.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 5.—Republican members of the incoming senate adjourned after casting thirty-six ballots in an unsuccessful effort to break a deadlock for president.

Chas. H. Woodman, Author, Is Dead.

New York, Jan. 5.—Charles H. Woodman, author of books for children, is dead at his home here. He was 63 years old and a veteran of the Civil war. His most popular works were "Boys and Girls of the American Revolution" and "Defense of Turkey."

D. J. Cameron Dies in La Crosse.

La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 5.—D. J. Cameron, retired millionaire railway contractor, died, aged 83. Mr. Cameron had large holdings in real estate, banks and other corporations.

"Drys" Make Gains in Ontario.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 5.—Revised returns on the local option vote in Ontario show twenty-six municipalities to the "dry" column. The 816 municipalities of the province are now divided as follows: No liquor license, 436; license, 380.

Thirty-Eight Horses Burned.

Troy, N. Y., Jan. 5.—Thirty-eight horses were burned to death, ten families rendered homeless and seven buildings destroyed by a fire which originated in a livery stable.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Duluth. — Hibbing reported 20 below. Virginia reported 28 below. Sixteen below was the record in Duluth.

Duluth.—The Dupont Powder company's black powder factory at Wilpen, five miles from Hibbing, is nearly completed.

Duluth. — Loren Olson, a pioneer business man of Virginia, died at the age of 50. Heart trouble was the cause of death.

St. Paul.—Judge David F. Simpson, of Minneapolis, took his seat on the state supreme bench, succeeding Justice T. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul.

Waverly.—Mrs. Mary McNeeley, an old settler of Woodland, Wright county, died at the home of her son in Woodland. Mrs. McNeeley was born in County Mayo, Ireland, in 1808.

Ocean Park. — Francis A. Seeley, former adjutant general of Minnesota, is dead in the Soldier's home near here aged 78 years. He served one term as a member of the Minnesota legislature.

Hibbing.—Mike Starkovich is dead as the result of trying to carry a keg of nails upstairs. In some manner he slipped and fell with his load, fracturing his skull. He died a few hours later.

Winona.—The attempt of villagers of Lewiston to prevent the Mount Vernon Farmers' Telephone company from entering has failed as a result of a decision handed down by the district court.

St. Paul. — The Minneapolis & St. Paul Suburban Railway company, one of the Twin City rapid transit corporations has filed articles, increasing its capital stock from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000.

Marshall.—Andrew S. Dokken, of Swede Prairie, sold one load of poultry which brought him $117.47. The load consisted of 706 pounds of turkeys and 277 pounds of chickens. They were marketed at Minneota.

Fergus Falls. — Morton G. Tryon, a furniture dealer at Morris filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court in this city placing his assets at $1,844.08 of which $300 is exempt, and his liabilities at $4,620.18.

Minneapolis.—"Checkers," one of the most emphatic hits of the past seven seasons, will be seen at the Bijou the week of January 8th. The company is a big and capable one it is safe to say that no stronger organization will be seen at the Bijou this season.

Two Harbors.—Whitney Bros. & Hill of Superior have been awarded the contract for the concrete work and driving the piling for the rebuilding of No. 1 ore dock for the Duluth & Iron Range railway here and will commence work at once. Their bid was nearly $250,000. The steel work contract will be let later and will cost over $1,000,000.

Little Falls.—John Stumpf, a former state legislator, died at his home in Pierz, this county, of Bright's disease. Mr. Stumpf was 73 years old. He had been a member of the Minnesota legislature, having been elected to the lower house in 1877. He was also a member of the board of county commissioners for Morrison county from 1883 to 1895. Seven children survive.

Minneapolis.—University of Minnesota diplomas given the 1911 graduating class will be signed by Dr. Cyrus Northrop as president, although Dr. George Edgar Vincent will be active president at the time of graduation in June. The seniors petitioned Dr. Northrop to sign the diplomas, as he will be president for the greater part of the college year and he granted their request.

Mankato.—Thomas Fox of this city has been appointed to a cadetship at the military academy at West Point, and has been ordered to report at Jefferson barracks, St. Louis, Jan. 10, to take the entrance examination. Fox is 19 years old and graduate of the Mankato high school. His brother, Milo Fox, was appointed to the United States naval academy at Annapolis two or three years ago, and is making a record there.

East Grand Forks.—Fred McGrath, aged 21 years, fell thirty-five feet from the top of a pier of the Northern Pacific bridge, breaking bones about the chest and receiving other serious injuries that may cause his death. He was standing on a beam twelve inches wide engaged in assisting another workman in handling a heavy piece of lumber, when he missed his footing. The family is prominent locally.

St. Paul.—The first inland wireless telegraph station in the West has been opened at 377 Robert street. Six strands of fine wire, 250 feet in length, have been stretched between two towers, one on the roof of the Chamber of Commerce building at Sixth and Robert streets; the other two towers, one on the roof of the on the roof of the building in which the receiving and dispatching instruments and coils are placed.

Duluth.—Clifford Schaefer, of Ely, son of John Schaefer of that city, a lad of 15, was induced to drink whisky by a woodsman he and two other boys met while hunting, and as a result the Schaefer boy became lost and froze to death. The authorities are seeking the woodsman.

New York, N. Y. — A. Homer Byington, once part owner of the New York Sun, and a friend of Abraham Lincoln, died in the home of his son in Flushing, L. I. He was 84 years old and for 60 years was editor of the Norwalk, Conn., Gazette.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

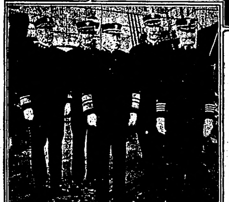
Admiral Dewey's Double Holiday

Photos Copyrighted by WALDON FAWCETT

ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY

BREAKFAST ROOM

BLUE ROOM



ADMIRAL DEWEY and STAFF

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S FAVORITE CORNER

ADMIRAL DEWEY, head of the United States navy, has an especial reason for feeling in a festive mood during the merry Yuletide season. It brings him a double holiday. Not merely, you understand, the dual celebrations of Christmas and New Year's day, but another one besides. The explanation of surprise of red letter days in the admiral's calendar at this season of the year is found in the circumstance that the birthday anniversary of the hero of Manila bay occurred on December 26, the day after Christmas. Moreover, the Admiral's friends make as much of the birthday anniversary as they do of the general holiday that just precedes it.

The highest ranking officer of our naval service is quite in conceit with the idea of having his birthday anniversary fall in the same week as the holiday of gifts. If he had any say in the matter it is doubtful if he would change things, for he has found that far from being overshadowed by the more generally observed holiday, as many persons might expect, his holiday actually takes on an extra significance by reason of close proximity to the general holiday.

For one thing it affords Admiral Dewey exceptional opportunities to see old friends, and the admiral is a man of strong friendships. Ever since his return from the Philippines he has made his home at Washington—which is the common headquarters for retired as well as active officers of the service. And those officers who do not live there make it a rendezvous, particularly at holiday seasons, and thus it comes about that there were in the capital at Christmas week an exceptional number of friends and acquaintances of the admiral—officers who served with him in the Pacific and elsewhere. Of course they called upon him on his birthday and he met them at social functions during the week.

As for the admiral himself, he lives very quietly these days and he does not introduce many frills in his celebration of his birthday anniversary. On that day, as on every other, he devotes a good share of the late afternoon to a long carriage drive, probably handling the reins himself. Formerly the admiral indulged in a horseback ride as his daily outing, but with advancing years he has almost abandoned this strenuous exercise. In addition to his daily ride he is wont to walk more or less each day, walking to and from his office at the Navy Department Annex building and in this walk, on his birthday, he had as his companion his only son, regarding whom the public has heard so little.

The big event of the day, however, was the admiral's dinner party in the evening. The most prominent men in the nation gathered around the festive board and the president of the United States was a guest. The dinner was prepared by the admiral's famous Chinese cook, who has been with him ever since the stirring days at Manila bay, and who is famous for his appetizing dishes. The informal anniversary banquet—with its gorgeous birthday cake—was served in the dining room of the admiral's present home—the house to which he removed when the dwelling given to him by the nation, in gratitude for the victory of May 1, proved rather too small to enable him to entertain his friends as he desired to.

This dining room is a very imposing apartment, with green wall hangings, heavy carved furniture and a lofty ceiling studded with electric lights. On one of the long walls of this apartment there is arranged the admiral's famous collection of Filipino weapons, including knives, spears, shields and other pieces of decided decorative value. Conspicuous on the opposite wall is a mounted moose head and an ingenious map of the world fashioned from hemp by Filipino weavers. Opening from this room is the breakfast room, which is used by the Deweys for all family and informal dinners.

In some respects the most interesting room in the admiral's home is the "blue room," a sort of combination "den," library and living room. The wall coverings, draperies, etc., are all of brocaded silk in the delicate robin's egg tint, and the upholstery is in harmony with this color scheme. Here are the admiral's reading and writing table and his "favorite corner," containing his lounging chair brought from the Orient and a collection of prized pictures, including original war sketches, autographed photos and other mementoes. Seated here the other day the admiral, who does not look within ten years of his seventy-three years, said: "I relish the little birthday celebrations I have enjoyed in recent years, all the more because as a boy my birthday anniversary never meant much to me. My relatives were wont to combine it with Christmas in so far as gift giving was concerned. I do not recall that, as a boy, I ever received a birthday present and I thought it pretty hard luck then."

UNIFORMS IN THE NAVY

Both the officers and the crews of the older navies used to dress pretty much as they pleased. In Nelson's time an attempt was made to get the officers arrayed with some sort of system, but the sailors wore whatever they could get hold of.

That the dominant colors in dress in the British navy (and resulting in the navies of other countries) were determined by a woman's influence is shown in English records. The Hon. John Forbes, admiral of the fleet, said:

"Adverting to the establishment of naval uniforms, I was summoned to attend the duke of Bedford and, being introduced into an apartment surrounded with various dresses, my opinion was asked as to the most appropriate. I said red and blue, as they were our national colors.

"'No,' replied his grace, 'the king (George II.) has determined otherwise, for having seen my duchess riding in the park a few days ago in a habit of blue faced with white the dress took his majesty's fancy, who has appointed it for the uniform of the royal navy.'"

While wearing a uniform himself, Nelson was jealous in guarding against further encroachments on the sailor's prerogative in the matter of dress. About the time of the French revolution epaulets began to be worn in continental navies; at first only on one shoulder, according to the officer's rank. In 1783 Nelson, while in France, wrote to his father:

"Two noble English captains are here. They wear fine epaulets, for which I think them great coxcombs. You may suppose I hold them a little cheap for putting on any part of a Frenchman's uniform."

It was only a few years after this, however, that Nelson himself was wearing an epaulet, not only on a single shoulder, but on both.

In the United States navy uniforms were prescribed from the outset—but with the very wise clause, inserted as a parenthesis, "if they can be procured." By a resolution of the continental board of admiralty captains were to have a coat of blue cloth with red lapels, slashed cuffs, a stand-up collar, flat yellow buttons, blue breeches and a red waistcoat with yellow lace.

Lieutenants were to have a blue coat, red lapels, round cuffs faced, a stand-up collar, yellow buttons, blue breeches and a plain red waistcoat. Midshipmen were to have a blue coat with lapels, round cuffs, faced with red, a stand-up collar, red at the buttons and button-holes, blue breeches and a red waistcoat.

Officers of the marines were to have a uniform consisting of a green coat faced with white, round cuffs, slashed sleeves and pockets with buttons around the cuffs, a silver epaulet on the left shoulder, skirts of the coat turned back (like the uniform of the continental soldier), buttons for the facings, white waistcoat and breeches edged with green, and black gaiters and garters. The marines were to wear green shirts.

But it is highly improbable that these prescribed uniforms were ever worn except in cases of great ceremony or where the officer was sitting for his portrait.

The facts in the case seem to be that John Paul Jones, Nicholas Biddle, John Barry and other nautical heroes of the revolution achieved their greatness in red or blue flannel shirts and in any other clothing that came handy; doubtlessly patched by the ship's tailor, not too neatly, with sail cloth, by the assistance of a marline spike and spun yarn.—Bluejacket.

Old Man Had a Good Memory

Malachi Delivered Blow to Micky Doolin for Trick Played, After Forty Years.

At a recent dinner Richard Croker told a story of an Irishman who, making his fortune in this country, thought to re-visit his old home in Ireland.

As he strolled about the little place where he was born, it seemed to him that things had not changed much since his departure for America. He even observed an old chap, named Malachi Coughlin, sitting outside his cottage, just as he had done in the old days. It occurred to him that Malachi must have attained the age of one hundred by now. Going up to the old fellow he said:

"Hello, Malachi! You don't look a day older than when I left this place 40 years ago!"

"Forty years ago?" queried Malachi. "Who bo ye?"

"Don't you remember Micky Doolin? I'm he," said the returned one.

"Micky Doolin as used to live on the hill, behind Conley's saloon?"

"The same Micky Doolin," replied the newcomer pompously, but with an air of suspicion.

"Oh, ye are, are ye?" suddenly yelled the aged Celt. "Then take that, ye spalpeen," accompanying the remark with a blow on Doolin's nose that brought blood quickly.

"What's that for?" howled Doolin, enraged, but holding his hand from the old man.

"It's what I owe ye for the rotten turnip ye fetched me in the eye the day ye left for Ameriky," said the old fellow. "I suppose ye'd forgotten that, eh. Take me word for it, I haven't!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

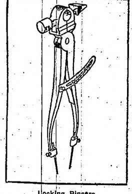
If you had an eye behind you, you might see more detraction at your heels than fortunes before you.—Shakespeare.

INDUSTRY AND MECHANICS

LOCKING PINCER IS LATEST

Little Tool That Locks When Closed Requires Considerable Force to Open Just Invented.

A pair of pincers that lock when they are closed and that require considerable force to open have been invented by a California man, and men who use pincers that need a tight grip will appreciate the implement. The jaws are locked by dovetail tongues that enter sockets at their inner ends. Nor is this tool only to be used as pincers. On either side of the jaws are a hammer and punch, and the dividers are removably attached and are held in place by thumb screws so that they can be taken out at any time when they are likely to be bent by the work to which the tool is being used or to scratch the user. Midway up the handle, too, is the rule by which the spacing of the dividers can be regulated. Going back to the pincers it should be mentioned that their jaws are so curved that when closed they surround a circular opening by means of which pipes or other round bodies may be accommodated, though, of course, the jaws will not lock if they do not meet at the outer ends.

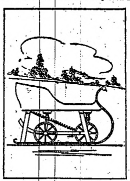


Locking Pincers.

ATTACH WHEELS TO SLEIGH

Conveyance That Is Handy When One Is Caught Miles From Home After Snow Is Melted.

Any person who has been sleighing up to the eleventh hour and got caught miles from home after the snow had melted will appreciate the invention of a Minnesota man here described. This invention is nothing less than a wheel attachment for sleighs which enables the driver to get home without difficulty, even if the snow is all gone. Two pairs of wheels are attached to the body of the sleigh, with the front and rear crank axles mounted on pivots. A bar running through the two axles is adjustably connected to the rear support of the sleigh body. A strong spring keeps the wheels clear of the ground when they are not in use, but when needed they are let down, and the connecting bar locked so that the sleigh rests on the wheels and the runners are several inches above the ground. It takes only a few minutes to make the change and the vehicle may be used comfortably in places where the conditions of the road vary.



Sleigh With Wheels.

Utilize Manufacturing Waste.

To utilize manufacturing waste is in some cases a serious problem, and a committee of the American Chemical society, under the chairmanship of G. Alleman, Swarthmore, Pa., has undertaken a solution. Manufacturers are to report the waste available. Each kind will be given scientific investigation, and it is expected that materials hitherto lost will become economical new sources of chemical elements and of various profitable new products.

Non-Inflammable Celluloid.

A noninflammable celluloid has been patented by Prof. A. Gautier. The chief feature of the process is the employment of an ether silicate instead of pure ether, which is ordinarily used with alcohol as the solvent in the agglutination of nitrocellulose fibers by means of camphor.

New Manhattan Bridge.

The total length of the new Manhattan bridge connecting the boroughs of Manhattan and Brooklyn is 6,855 feet. The total cost of the bridge, including real estate, is $15,833,600. The weight of the cables is 6,300 tons.

Memorandum Pads.

For the convenience of frequent users of memorandum pads a simple attachment has been patented to hold a pad on the wrist, but enabling it to be readily swung out of the way on the back of the arm.

TEMPERED COPPER PUZZLES

Excavations in Babylon Territory Revives Old Problem—Jewelry 6,000 Years Old.

Recent archaeological investigations in the Babylon territory have been made in the lowest stratum of the ruins of several ancient cities, notably Nippur, Bismya and Telloh, and with the excavations the old puzzle of tempered copper has once more been brought to the attention of students and workers in metal. The implements which were found and the jewelry are about 6,000 years old, and just three metals seem to have been known at that time—silver, rare gold in abundance, and copper for all practical as well as ornamental purposes.

Bronze was quite unknown, but the remarkable part of the copper implements is that they seemed to be so tempered and hardened that the jewel cutters and cameo engravers were able to cut the hardest substances as delicately and intricately as a modern artisan can with all his appliances. A careful analyzation of the copper tools gives no evidence of an alloy, and the lost process remains a mystery to moderns.

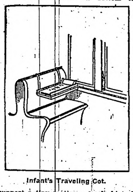
The jewelry discovered, including gold filled hair pins, necklaces and numerous beads, copper rings of all sorts, and pins and gold rosets set with stones, is beautifully designed and proves that the smiths of that most remote age were skilful and artistic workers.

Even such implements as scythes and other implements of agriculture as well as weapons have been found made of pure copper and hardened to wear and cut like steel.

COT FOR TRAVELING INFANT

Can Be Hung Over Back of Car Seat—Permits Child to Sleep in Peace and Comfort.

The problem with what to do with baby on a long railroad ride has been solved by a California man. He has devised a collapsible cot, which can be hung on the back of the seat in front and in which the child can sleep in peace and comfort—for himself, his parents and the other passengers. This cot or berth consists of a bottom to support a tiny mattress and hinged sides to fold down upon it when not in use and open up for supports when the cot is in use. Around the whole affair goes a metal hanger frame, from which arise two U-shaped hooks, which hook over the back of the seat ahead and support the little berth without interfering with the occupants of the forward seat. As this article takes up little room when folded, it will be found a blessing by mothers who have to take infants on long trips, as it can be adjusted in a few moments and the little one allowed to take his rest without encumbering his parent.



Infant's Traveling Cot.

Hardened Steel Dies.

Hardened steel dies are produced by electrolytic etching in a recently patented German process. A die-block of hard steel is first made, and this is placed in contact with a plaster of Paris reverse model made conducting by saturation with sal ammoniac. With the special dynamo, with a capacity of 30 amperes at 1 to 15 volts, the die-block is etched to a depth of one-sixteenth inch in four or five hours.

INDUSTRIAL AND MECHANICAL NOTES

Sugar increases the adhesive power of mortar.

More than two miles of silk frequently are taken from a single cocoon.

The United States fishing industry employed 229,119 persons at last report.

Ball bearings for street car axles are being tried out by a big car building concern.

The Chilean government has under construction 16 different railroad lines or extensions.

Nearly 600,000 cycles are manufactured in the United Kingdom in the course of a year.

The world's product of gold since the discovery of America is estimated at $130,000,000,000.

Cork, if sunk 200 feet deep in the ocean, will not rise, on account of the pressure of the water.

A species of stiff grass, which grows abundantly in India, is used for sticks in making matches in that country.

The Austrians claim to have advanced the art of horseshoeing to a greater extent than any other people.

Ivory may be bleached in a bath of unslacked lime, bran and water, after which it should be rubbed with a dry sawdust.

As a bottle-opener a New Jersey man has patented a knife with a semicircular recess in the handle near the end which holds the point of the blades.

The English inventors of a new alloy claim it is but little heavier than aluminum, but as strong as steel, and that it can be rolled, drawn, stamped, expanded or forged.

Timber is protected from dry rot and insect attacks by boiling it and allowing it to cool in and absorb a saccharine solution by a new process that comes from Australia.

TO FIT THE EPICURE

DISHES THAT WOULD HAVE PLEASED LUCULLUS HIMSELF.

Austrian Goulash Never Dreamt of in Ancient Gourmand's Philosophy, Nor East Indian Salmon and Oriental Meat Balls.

Austrian Goulash.—Boil a calf's head in salted water until tender; then take the meat from the bones. Fry two fair sized onions and two white potatoes, cut in dice pieces; stir in a scant tablespoonful of flour and some of the water in which the veal head has been cooked. Let these boil up, then add the head meat, one teaspoonful of paprika, a full teaspoonful of butter and salt to taste; let all cook together 15 minutes and serve with dry boiled rice.

Salmon, East India Style.—Slice one pound of boiled salmon. Then heat one ounce of butter in a stewpan; add two small onions chopped fine, one ounce of cocoanut and two hard boiled eggs chopped well. Let these cook a few minutes, then put in half a pint of cream, letting this boil up once. Put in the fish, one teaspoonful of curry powder, paprika and salt to taste. As curry is already hot, be careful and stir in two tablespoonfuls of boiled rice. Serve very hot on toast.

Oriental Meat Balls.—Chop one pound of raw beef; season with salt, pepper, a little fresh celery, onion and parsley chopped fine. Mix in two beaten eggs, one-half cup of stale bread together. Roll into balls, sprinkle these with flour and cook in hot butter or beef drippings until done. Serve on a bed of boiled rice and pour over all a highly seasoned tomato sauce.

Jewish Soup.—This is made with dumplings which are called crebchen. Beat three eggs with two tablespoonfuls of water and a pinch of salt; add enough flour to make a stiff dough. Work well with flour, and roll out very thin; then fold double, cut into square pieces and fill each with cooked minced veal or chicken. Sprinkle the filling with chopped parsley and bits of butter; put in the dough squares and fold edges securely. Boil up some good soup stock and when this is ready put in the dumplings and boil till done. Serve all together.

Curried Eggs.—Cut hard boiled eggs in halves; then fry a small onion and one cooking apple, chopped, in butter; add toasted breadcrumbs, cream, curry powder and salt to taste. Then put in the eggs and let them get hot. Serve with fried bits of bread and a parsley garnish.

Veal Souffle, French Style.—Heat two tablespoonfuls of butter and mix in two tablespoonfuls of flour, stirring until smooth; add a cup of milk and let it boil up. Then put in minced veal, parsley, salt, pepper and nutmeg to taste. Then stir in the yolks of two eggs. Remove from fire and let cool. Beat the whites of eggs to a stiff froth and put them with the meat. Then put the mixture in a buttered dish and bake 20 minutes. Serve piping hot.

Italian Risotto.—Boil one cup of rice in plenty of salted water until soft. Grate Parmesan cheese and cover the rice with it. Let the dish steam in the oven five minutes, then pour over highly-seasoned tomato sauce and serve with fried veal chops.

Sago Pudding, Baked.

One and one-half pints of milk, three tablespoons of sago, rind of half a lemon, three ounces of sugar, four eggs, 1½ ounces of butter, grated nutmeg, good pie crust. Put the milk and lemon rind into a stewpan by the until the milk is flavored. Strain, mix with it the sago and sugar, and simmer for 15 minutes. Let the mixture cool a little, and stir into it the eggs well beaten and the butter. Line the edges of a pie dish with a good crust, pour in the pudding and bake from 45 minutes to one hour, or more, if the oven is slow. Serve with stewed prunes.

Soft Gingerbread.

One cup molasses, one cup butter, one cup pulverized sugar, one teaspoonful ginger, one teaspoonful cinnamon, one teaspoonful cloves, one teaspoonful nutmeg; all of the above should be pulverized; the yolks of three eggs. Beat these ingredients together, stir in three cupfuls of flour alternately with a cupful of sour cream. Dissolve one teaspoonful of baking soda in the cream; add the whites of the three eggs, beaten light. Bake one hour.

Surprise Dates.

Select some nice large dates and remove the stones. Fill some of the cavities with chopped candied cherries; some with chapped raisins, figs, nuts and so forth; try to have the variety of fillings as great as possible. Fondant with different flavorings can also be used. Dip some of these stuffed dates in chocolate fondant, some in different colored fondants and some in plain white. Every date eaten then will prove to be a surprise and delight.

To Remove Mildew.

If kid gloves have become spotted with mildew they should be placed in a bottle with a lump of ammonia about the size of a walnut; cork the bottle tightly and leave them for a short time, when the mildew spots will quite disappear. If left too long, however, the ammonia will rot the stitches; so they must be watched. An air-tight box will do equally well as a bottle.

Drying Celery Tops.

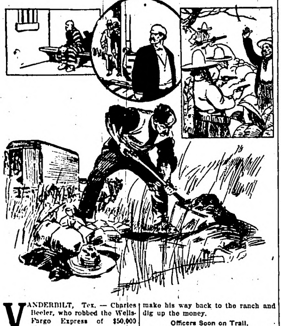
Celery is some times very scarce, and a very good plan is to save the tops of the celery this time of the year.

Cut and wash the nice leaves, tie with a cord and hang up to dry. When dry put them in a paper bag and save for seasoning soups or dressings.

Hard Sauce.

Beat less than one-quarter of a pound of butter with seven or eight tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, adding by degrees one wineglass of sherry. It should be white and light. When serving pile on a plate and dust nutmeg over the top.

A THIEF WHO HID $47,000 AND FORGOT THE HIDING PLACE



VANDERBILT, Tex. — Charles Beeler, who robbed the Wells-Fargo Express of $50,000 eleven years ago, is running an engine on the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico Railroad. He is apparently suffering no pangs of conscience over his crime. The penalty which he paid for taking the money was five years in the penitentiary, the court giving him that sentence on a plea of guilty.

What became of the $50,000 is a mystery to the Wells-Fargo people and the detectives who have been searching for it ever since, says the New York Press. It is known that Beeler never has reaped any benefit from the stolen money. From the time he left the doors of the penitentiary until a short time ago there was not a day that he was not shadowed by detectives. At last the express company is said to be convinced that the man lost or misplaced the money. Now the company has given up all hope of ever obtaining possession of it.

The story of this robbery and the events relating to it form one of the most remarkable in the criminal annals of the country. Beeler was a driver of a Wells-Fargo & Co. wagon in San Antonio and had been in the employ of the company several years. One dismal evening in the winter of 1899 packages of currency and bags of gold amounting to $50,000 were counted out to Beeler by the local cashier in the San Antonio office of the express company, with instructions to haul the money in his wagon safe to the Southern Pacific Railroad station and deliver it to the pay car of that road. Local money deliveries of this kind had been made many times, but the express agent always accompanied the driver. It happened on this particular day that the local agent was not in the office, and Beeler drove off alone with the money.

Succumbed to Temptation.

He says he had no sooner left the office than the thought flashed through his mind that here was his chance to get a fortune. He did some rapid thinking while his horse was traveling toward the railroad station, and he decided to make way with the money. It was a stake worth playing for, even should he be captured and made to serve a prison sentence. He turned the horses' heads in an opposite direction from the station and drove through the alleys and quiet streets until he reached the outskirts of the city. Darkness had settled down and he drove the horses and wagon out into the country for a mile and entered a mesquite-covered thicket. Tying the horses to a tree, he soon had the safe open and the $50,000 in his possession. It was a comparatively easy matter to carry the currency, but the gold coins made a weighty bundle. In order to prevent his trail being followed Beeler started away from the wagon on foot. He headed south, Mexico being his objective point. He claims that when he reached a ranch a few miles below San Antonio he buried all of the money except $3,000 in bills. He says that he placed the gold in tin cans and carefully marked the spot where he hid it. It was his plan to use the $3,000 to make his escape into Mexico and to live there for a time until the excitement over the robbery had subsided, when he would secretly make his way back to the ranch and dig up the money.

Officers Soon on Trail.

Having relieved himself of the gold, Beeler purchased a horse at the ranch and started off on a wild ride to gain the other side of the Rio Grande and the mountains of Mexico. Within an hour after Beeler left the office with the money the express company had spread the alarm, but it was not until along toward noon next day that the abandoned horses and wagon were found in the brush. Meanwhile a dozen detectives were busy, and the peace officers along the border were notified by wire to keep a lookout for the fugitive. The trail of Beeler was picked up at the ranch south of San Antonio, where he claims to have buried most of the money. G. A. Taft of Houston, state superintendent of the Wells-Fargo, and one of the company's best detectives, Eugene Yglasias of Laredo, were in hot pursuit. Between the ranch and the Rio Grande crossing Beeler wore out three horses. The Mexican officials on the border kept a sharp lookout. Beeler says he thought it was all up with him when one of these officers suddenly came upon him and, drawing down on him with a gun, ordered him to surrender. Beeler bribed the officer with $100 and not only was released, but was directed to the shortest cut into the distant mountains.

Captured by Brigands.

In the vicinity of Lampazos, Mexico, Beeler fell into the hands of a band of brigands who made their rendezvous in caves in the mountains near Bustamantte, about 175 miles south of the point where he had crossed the Rio Grande. They robbed him of all his money, except a few cents. Circulars, printed in Spanish, describing the fugitive, had been widely circulated over northern Mexico. Through this means the bandit chief learned that their American captive was wanted for stealing $50,000. The brigands made a demand upon Beeler for the money, threatening to kill him if he did not turn it over to them. In order to save his life, he told them he had buried all of it except that which they had found upon his person and taken away from him. When their threats became pronounced he agreed to escort the robbers to the spot where he had hidden the money. A start on the return journey of more than 300 miles was made and the little party had reached the Texas side of the Rio Grande when they learned that posses of officers were out all over the border country searching for Beeler. They escorted their prisoner back to their mountain caves to await a more favorable opportunity for hunting for the buried treasure.

Apprehension in Mexico.

Meanwhile, Mr. Taft and Mr. Yglasias had traced Beeler. Going to Gen. Bernardo Reyes, governor of the state of Nueve Leon, Mr. Taft asked his assistance in capturing the fugitive. Governor Reyes sent for the alcalde of the Bustamante district and told him that unless he caught the missing American robber within 36 hours his office would be declared vacant. The alcalde sent out men to scour every part of his district, and Beeler was captured in the camp of the brigands.

Waiving extradition, Beeler was hurried across the border. He made what purported to be a confession to Mr. Taft and Mr. Yglasias and agreed to go to the spot where he had buried the plunder and turn the money over to the express company's representatives. The night following their arrival in San Antonio with the prisoner they took him secretly from jail and drove to the ranch. Beeler searched around for the gold, but no trace of it could be found. The disgusted officers took him back to jail, where he remained until his trial and sentence to prison for five years.

Unable to Locate Money.

Wells Fargo & Co. sued him and obtained judgment for the amount of the stolen money. During the time that he was in the penitentiary detectives kept a constant watch on Beeler's wife, thinking he might have turned the stolen money over to her. When he stepped out of prison two detectives met him and accompanied him to San Antonio. Beeler worked at odd jobs for a time, and then obtained a place as fireman on a locomotive on the Trinity & Brazos railroad. A detective rode on every train that his engine pulled. Beeler was watched day and night. He went to the St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico railroad from the Trinity & Brazos Valley, but they followed him. It is now six years since he left the penitentiary, and until a few weeks ago there never was a moment in all that period that he was not being spied upon by detectives. It is said the express company is at last convinced that Beeler's story of some one finding the buried money and getting away with it is true. As a locomotive engineer this former express robber is performing good and faithful service.

WANT ORLEANS TO BE KING

Camelots Du Roi Are a Riotous Crowd of Royalists and Frequently Create Excitement in Paris.

The offshoot of the Orleanist party, calling themselves the "Camelots du Roi," which every now and then get up a little excitement in Paris by assaulting ministers, would seem to be the French equivalent of our suffragettes, says an English paper.

They are supposed to be agitating for the overthrow of the French republic and the return of the Duc d'Orleans as king, but it is very doubtful indeed whether this sort of thing is likely to help the duke up the steps of a throne.

The society is composed of all sorts and conditions of men and women, from members of the old French nobility down to waiters and artisans. The Marquise de Vasselot de Regue is a prominent member, and so is Count Bonin de Castellane.

The marquise is one of the "martyrs" of the cause. A few months ago she was awarded five days' imprisonment for "the use of insulting terms" and for riotous behavior at a royalist demonstration.

Nobody was more pleased than the marquise herself at the sentence. She was sentenced during her absence from Paris, but she promptly returned and was presented with sheaves of flowers by admiring royalists as she entered the prison.

The "hawkers" generally confine themselves to "riotous behavior," occasionally indulging in special little excitement, like the attempt of Mattis, a waiter, to pull M. Fallieres' beard, "because he would make him look so ridiculous."

Another of their little attempts to reinstate the Duc d'Orleans on the throne of France was perpetrated one dark night, when the conspirators sallied forth with pots of paint, and Paris woke up next morning, to find that a number of statues, erected to the memory of senators and other harmless folk, had been daubed with brilliant coats of red paint.

Such performances have, in fact, made the duke appear not a little ridiculous at times, and a few months ago he was moved to declare in an interview that "these tactics do more harm than good."

Accuracy of Unaimed Bullets.

Unless you have considerable experience with firearms you may discharge a small caliber rifle a hundred times at a target and never put a mark on it. You may fire one of the trifling little 22s direct into a fleeing rabbit's carcass and he'll run away with the bullet and waggle his ears at you derisively. But let a living man come anywhere near you when you're playing with the otherwise harmless gun, and you'll not only hit him every time but you'll inevitably find a vital spot and lay him low the very first shot.

If some wise student of trajectories and ballistics and other mysteries of gunnery could puzzle out the principle that underlies this phenomena he would add something to the world's knowledge that would preserve his name for the admiration of generations to come.

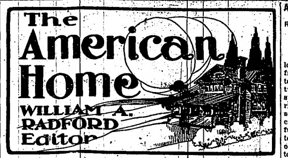
The Unhappy Drama.

"How did Billings save that high class comedy of his?"

"By changing the scene of the third act to a chiropodist's studio."

The American Home

WILLIAM A. RADFORD Editor



Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Home building is pretty apt to be a matter of sentiment, especially for young people planning their first house. They always have the advice of a good many loving friends, not to mention the efforts of the real estate dealers, to the effect that to acquire a house by easy monthly payments is far greater business wisdom than to pay rent. Yet, no matter how strong and logical such arguments may be, the fact remains that it is sentiment that has the greatest influence in making them decide to build.

The joy and satisfaction of actually owning a plot of land and a snug little dwelling; the magic influence of the word "home," these are the things that seem important.

Still, castles in the air have to be brought down to earth before they can be built. It is a great pleasure to dream of having a fine home and to make plans for all the luxuries of home building that sentiment might inspire; but young people can't afford to really build in that way. It is right to start as soon as possible to build a home, but don't think that it has to be a mansion. Love in a cottage is best, especially in the early years, for there the responsibilities are less, the work of housekeeping is slight, and the cost, both for the house itself and for its upkeep and management, is within reach.

There are so many urgent uses for money in these days that every one should be interested in planning and building a house as economically as possible. There are some places where it is good to economize, other places where economy is very shortsighted, and it is a strange thing that the inexperienced builders usually pick out those features to economize on where the saving of a few dollars in the first cost will result in hundreds of dollars of added expense throughout the life of the building.

An instance of this is the heating plant. One of the first parts of a dwelling to be slighted, if any economizing is to be done, is usually the heating plant. Competition is so keen between the heating contractors themselves that they have got into the habit of figuring the furnace size just as small as possible so as to keep the amount of their bid down. Yet, even after that, the owner in his shortsightedness often induces the heating man to put in a still smaller size furnace, so as to save $10 or $15 on the job. Really the safe way is always to insist on having a size larger than the furnace contractor recommends. A furnace of good size will heat a house easily without crowding the fire, and besides heating the house satisfactorily burns less coal than the small size furnace crowded hard to heat the building during cold weather.

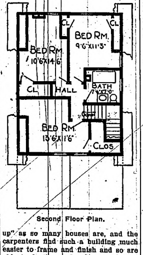
The furnace is just one instance of the false economy that is often practiced. The plastering is often slighted in much the same way, and when it comes to the painting of the house, both interior and exterior, too frequently poor materials are used because they can be had from some unscrupulous paint dealer who claims they are "just as good," at a saving of $15 or $20 on the entire job.

These are economies pertaining to the quality and amount of materials used that are very shortsighted. Real economy in home building comes through selecting the proper design for the building. In a dwelling, such as is illustrated herewith for instance, practically $300 is saved by using the gambrel roof coming down low almost to the first story instead of having the walls go straight up to a full two-story height with a gable roof attic above. Three hundred dollars is a pretty big price to pay for an attic, which has very little use, except to store away old furniture in, and young people have usually very little of this.

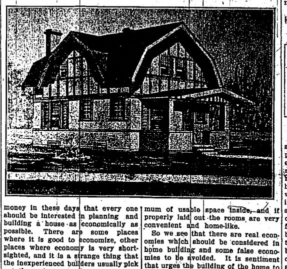
Such a design as this is also economical in that its general outline is very nearly square in form. It is not "cut up" as so many houses are, and the carpenters find such a building much easier to frame and finish and so are able to do the work very much less. At the same time a residence of simple square outline contains a maximum of usable space inside, and if properly laid out the rooms are very convenient and home-like.

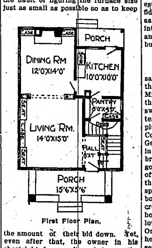
So we see that there are real economies which should be considered in home building and some false economies to be avoided. It is sentiment that urges the building of the home to start with, but it is sound business sense that carries the building project to a successful completion.

The advice and counsel of a reliable architect who has made a special study of residence work is invaluable in this connection. The writer has been able to give practical advice to thousainds of home builders in every part of the country that has saved them a great deal of money. In offering the accompanying design, which is estimated to cost $2,200, he feels confident that many helpful ideas, both as to convenient arrangement of the interior and attractive outside appearance may be gained by those who will build the coming year.



Second Floor Plan.





First Floor Plan.

Tea in the British Embassy.

Hot bread is served instead of cold sandwiches at the afternoon teas in the British embassy in Washington. Mrs. Brice has set a new fashion in this respect. Steaming milk toast and sweet muffins are always part of the tea in the embassy. Then comes rich plum cake or golden pound cake. Countess von Bernstorff, wife of the German ambassador, serves her coffee in dull chased brass on hammered brass tables. Her cups are of dull gold porcelain and all the uttensils are of gold. The coffee is "a la Turque," that is, the grain is pulverized and a spoonful is stirred into each cup with boiling water. Then the sugar and cream are added. Cheese sticks and honey cakes are tasty with coffee, followed as they are by creamy cake. On formal occasions the countess and her daughter, Countess Alexandra, serve fruit ices in crystal punch cups.

Bang Goes Altruism.

Because he was too soft hearted to ask his poverty-stricken landlady to buy new rugs for his room, the altruistic young man bought several small rugs and spread them over the floor. Immediately after the next sweeping day she presented a bill for the week's expenditures. Items, room rent, breakfasts, laundry and beating rugs, 25 cents.

"Hello," said the altruistic young man, "what does this mean?"

"Just what it says," she returned. "If folks must cover their floor with extra rugs they'll have to pay for beating 'em, that's all. I can't afford to do it for nothing."

And from that moment altruism lost a disciple.

Found after Twenty-Two Years.

Twenty-two years ago the Bohemian poet and dramatist, Emanuel Bozdiech, disappeared from Prague leaving not the slightest clew behind him. He has at last been found in a monastery in the Balkans, where he has been living ever since he dropped out of sight.

AN OLD COLONIAL CAKE

Recipe for Yellow Loaf Said to Have Come From Family of Washington.

An old colonial recipe for yellow loaf cake, said to come originally from the family of George Washington, calls for one cupful of butter, two and a half cupfuls of granulated sugar, six eggs, a cupful of cream or rich milk, one even teaspoonful of soda, two of cream of tartar, four cupfuls of pastry flour and one cupful of seeded raisins. Cream the butter and sugar, then stir in the yolks of the eggs. Add the cream of tartar to the flour and sift them together several times. Add the soda to the milk and stir the mixture into the butter, sugar and yolks. Then beat the whole into the flour and cream of tartar. When smooth add the raisins and finally fold the whites of the eggs, whipped to a very stiff froth, through the batter. Do not stir the cake after the whites are added. Butter a large tube pan and fill it half full. After it has baked and become cold, ice it with a heavy snow white icing that will contrast prettily with the yellow of the cake. Citron sliced in thin strips may be used instead of raisins or in combinations with them.

This confection may be used as a birthday cake and is very attractive for the purpose.

TURPENTINE MOST USEFUL

All Sorts of Ways in Which It Can Be Used About the House.

Turpentine can be used in all sorts of ways. Here are some:

Spirits of turpentine will restore the brilliancy to patent leather. Bags and boots rubbed with a rag moistened with it look almost like new.

A few drops in boxes and cupboards will keep moths away.

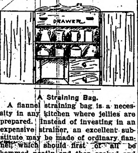
If a few drops are added to starch, it will prevent the iron from sticking.

A flannel dipped in hot water sprinkled with turpentine and laid on the part affected will often relieve lumbago and rheumatism.

Turpentine mixed with beeswax makes a good floor polish.

A little added to the steeping water (a tablespoonful to a gallon) makes clothes beautifully white.

HANDY KITCHEN CABINET



A Straining Bag.

A flannel straining bag is a necessity in any kitchen where jellies are prepared. Instead of investing in an expensive strainer, an excellent substitute may be made of ordinary flannel which should first of all be hemmed neatly and then soaked and wrung out in boiling water. When it is used, it should be laid inside a large bowl and the fruit or liquid jelly poured into it. The four ends of the flannel should then be tied together and a stick passed through the knots. The bag can then be suspended over a bowl by means of a couple of chains and left to drain slowly until all the liquid has passed through. A blanket should be thrown over the top in cold weather, so as to prevent the jelly from setting too soon.

Cream Carrot Soup

Wash, scrape and cut in slices enough carrots to fill a pint bowl. Boil these in a quart of water, slightly salted, till soft enough to rub through a sieve with the potato masher. Mix together in a thick saucepan two tablespoons of flour and one tablespoon of butter, stirring with a wooden spoon till they begin to bubble. Gradually stir into this a pint of milk and the carrot pulp. Add hot water to make one quart of soup. Put the yolk of one egg and a tablespoon of chopped parsley together in the tureen, turn in the hot soup, stir gently, and serve at once.

Indian Pudding.

Take three pints of milk, of which two are scalded, adding three heaping teaspoonfuls of Indian meal wet in a little of the cold milk. Boil a minute or two before removing from fire, then add two-thirds cup molasses, two-thirds cup sugar, two eggs, a little cinnamon and nutmeg. Bake slowly four or five hours. When it has been in the oven about an hour, stir in the remainder of the cold milk and one-half cup pearl tapioca, previously soaked in a little cold water. To be served with cream, either plain or whipped.

Cleaning Bamboo.

Now that bamboo furniture is used so universally a suggestion about cleaning it may not go unnoticed. This cleansing should be done with soap and warm water, to which salt has been added. And the mixture must be put on with a brush and then wiped off with clean rags until the article is dry and glistens. Ordinary laundry soap will remove the natural gloss of the wood and leave it dull if salt is not added.

Nut Bread.

Nut bread—Fifteen cents worth of nuts (pecans), four cups of flour, two cups of milk, three-quarters cup of sugar, one of two eggs, three teaspoons of baking powder, a pinch of salt. Mix all dry things together, then add milk and eggs. Put in pan, let raise for one-half hour. Bake in moderate oven for about one hour.

Care in Using Acid.

As hydrochloric acid has an injurious effect of some fabrics, it is always best to test its action on a corner of the material before treating the stain. Keep all acids away from fire and never pour water on them.

REALLY OPENED THEIR EYES

Parishioner's Remark, However, Left Young Minister Somewhat in the Dark.

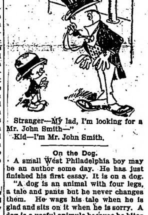
Rev. Henry R. Rose in the Newark Star tells the story of a young minister who had recently taken charge of a small parish in Vermont. He aspired to greater things and a large field, and in the hope that his reputation would travel beyond the limits of the village to which he had been sent he threw into his sermons all the force and eloquence at his command. He was, however, totally unprepared for what was intended for a compliment, but which was put to him in such a way that it left him in doubt as to the real impression he had made. One Sunday morning, after an especially brilliant effort, he was greeted by an old lady, who was one of the most faithful attendants at all services. Approaching the young minister, she said: "Ah, sir, we do enjoy your sermons so much, they are so instructive. Do you believe it, we never knew what sin was until you came to the parish."

BABY'S HAIR ALL CAME OUT

"When my first baby was six months old he broke out on his head with little bumps. They would dry up and leave a scale. Then it would break out again and it spread all over his head. All the hair came out and his head was scaly all over. Then his face broke out all over in red bumps and it kept spreading until it was on his hands and arms. I bought several boxes of ointment, gave him blood medicine, and had two doctors to treat him, but he got worse all the time. He had it about six months when a friend told me about Cuticura. I sent and got a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. In three days after using them he began to improve. He began to take long naps and to stop scratching his head. After taking two bottles of Resolvent, two boxes of Ointment and three cakes of Soap he was sound and well, and never had any breaking out of any kind. His hair came out in little curls all over his head. I don't think anything else would have cured him except Cuticura.

"I have bought Cuticura Ointment and Soap several times since to use for cuts and sores and have never known them to fail to cure what I put them on. I think Cuticura is a great remedy and would advise any one to use it. Cuticura Soap is the best that I have ever used for toilet purposes." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Harmon, R. F. D. 2, Atoka, Tenn., Sept. 10, 1910.

IDENTIFIED.



Stranger—My lad, I'm looking for a Mr. John Smith—"

Kid—I'm Mr. John Smith.

On the Dog.

A small West Philadelphia boy may be an author some day. He has just finished his first essay. It is on a dog.

"A dog is an animal with four legs, a tale and pants but he never changes them. He wags his tale when he is glad and sits on it when he is sorry. A dog is a useful animule because he bites burglars but he is more trouble than he is worth when he tracks mud on the carpet. A bulldog is the king of beests."

Hard-Hearted Judge.

The Sympathetic Pal — Wotcher, Bill! You looks bad; been laid up?

Bill—Yes, sort of. 'Aven't been outer doors for three munfs.

The Sympathetic Pal—Wot was the matter wiv yer?

Bill—Nuffin'; only the judge wouldn't believe it.—The Sketch.

CLEARED THE CLOUDED MIND

Hypnotism Cleverly Used to Banish Hallucination That Was of Long Standing.

In the course of his article in the American Magazine, in which he deals with cures by four great medical experts through the means of hypnotism, Mr. H. Addington Bruc describes some of the interesting cases that have come before their attention, notably the following, which was successfully treated by Dr. Pierre Janet, the noted Parisian specialist:

"In another case that gave him far more trouble, the patient suffered from a persistent hallucination of seeing a man in the room with her. Her relatives believed that she was insane, and occasionally manifested suicidal tendencies. But Dr. Janet diagnosed her case as one of hysteria, and with the aid of hypnotism made the interesting discovery that the hallucinatory image which she thought she saw was the figure of a lover who had deserted her several years before. It appeared that every night she thought of her faithless sweetheart, his image rose before her.

"To Janet it seemed a perfectly simple matter to 'suggest' away the hallucination, by impressing upon her, during hypnosis, the idea that when she awoke she would no longer see the imaginary form. But he found that for some reason the suggestion would not 'take.' Day after day he patiently hypnotized her, always without success.

"Finally, he began to suspect that at bottom she did not want to be cured, and that the passionate desire to see her lover if only as a phantasm constituted too strong a 'self-suggestion' to overcome by direct attack." Another method would have to be tried.

"'Very well,' he one day said to her, while she was hypnotized, 'if you want to continue seeing your lover, you shall see him. But, remember, you will always see him with the head and face of a pig.'

"He then brought her out of the hypnotic sleep into her natural state. Five minutes later she uttered a cry, and covered her eyes with her hands.

"'What is the matter?' inquired Janet calmly.

"'It is terrible! Terrible!' she exclaimed. 'I see a man standing in the corner of the room, and his face is like a pig's!'

"'How absurd!' said Janet.

"After this he left her to her own devices, no longer hypnotizing her. For a few days she saw the man with the face of a pig. Gradually the hallucinatory image faded, and at length entirely disappeared, leaving her restored to perfect health. As Dr. Janet afterward explained, the grotesque hallucination which he had succeeded in impressing upon her had brought about a profound revulsion of feeling. Manifestly, she could not love a man with a pig's head. She no longer wanted to see her sweetheart, or to think of him, and in proportion as she ceased to think of him the hallucination disappeared."

No Wonder.

Gyer—I know a man who actually lives on shavings.

Myer—Get out!"

Gyer—Fact. He's a barber.

GOT IT.

Got Something Else, Too.

"I liked my coffee strong and I drank it strong," says a Pennsylvania woman, telling a good story, "and although I had headaches nearly every day I just would not believe there was any connection between the two. I had weak and heavy spells and palpitation of the heart, too, and although husband told me he thought it was the coffee that made me so poorly, and did not drink it himself for he said it did not agree with him, yet I loved my coffee and thought I just couldn't do without it.

"One day a friend called at my home—that was a year ago. I spoke about how well she was looking and she said:

"'Yes, and I feel well, too. It's because I am drinking Postum in place of ordinary coffee.'

"I said, 'What is Postum?'

"Then she told me how it was a food-drink and how much better she felt since using it in place of coffee or tea, so I sent to the store and bought a package and when it was made according to directions it was so good I have never bought a pound of coffee since, I began to improve immediately.

"I cannot begin to tell you how much better I feel since using Postum and leaving coffee alone. My health is better than it has been for years and I cannot say enough in praise of this delicious food drink."

Take away the destroyer and put a rebuilder to work and Nature will do the rest. That's what you do when Postum takes coffee's place in your diet. "There's a Reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Choice Bargains

[illegible] of land around St. Hilaire [illegible] one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

[illegible] Land Prices.

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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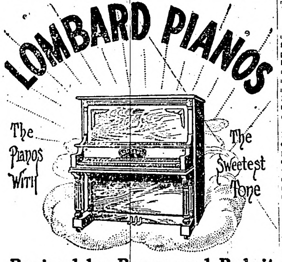

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE

BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 241 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. [illegible], Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the [illegible] Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It [illegible] rich tone."

[illegible] County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument [illegible] expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in [illegible], rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be [illegible]."

[illegible] Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard [illegible] standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

[illegible] Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize [illegible] many musical artists of Washington [illegible] regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this [illegible]."

[illegible] of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

W[illegible] Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. [illegible] monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be [illegible] customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,

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[illegible] information about the [illegible] to get one almost FREE.

Some [illegible] of his life.

The Spectator.

HARRY E IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Red Lake County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 7, 1911.

The legislature convened Tuesday. The house organized by the election of H. H. Dunn as speaker with the "interest" in full control, so the chances for an equitable reapportionment seen mighty small.

United States Senator Clapp is to succeed himself, which is one redeeming feature of the opening work of the legislature. To have turned him down would have been a loss in the halls of congress the state could not afford.

The Pennington county commissioners at their meeting this week awarded the county printing to The Spectator, it being the lowest bidder. The Thief River Falls papers came forward with a proposition for a compromise which would have given them the lion's share of the little proceeds, which was promptly and decisively rejected, and the result was as above stated.

A comparative study of alfalfa in Minnesota, involving cooperative work with farmers in representative sections of the state, is being planned by the agricultural division of the experiment station. As a preliminary step to this investigation, it is desired to get in touch with all who are at present raising alfalfa in Minnesota, even though on a small scale, and with those who have tried it with only partial success or with complete failure. It is hoped that each reader of this notice will kindly send the names and addresses of any who have had, to his knowledge, any experience with the growing of alfalfa in Minnesota, to A. C. Arny, Assistant Agriculturist, University Farm, St. Anthony Park, Minn.

The Result of The November Election

How is the last election to be regarded? No inference can safely be drawn from it, unless it be that the American people are once more and perhaps a little more earnestly than ever, in a revolt, not so much against protection as a fiscal creed, as against its political accompaniments. For the rest, while Mr. Roosevelt, as he fully expected, has been beaten, neither he nor his policy of the "new nationalism" is done for.

On the contrary, and apart from New York, where the conditions were exceptional, the states in which the republicans most successfully held their own were precisely those in which their program and organization were most completely under the control of the radicals. It seems reasonable therefore to expect that Mr. Roosevelt will work harder than ever to inoculate the republican party with his own advanced views; and nothing that happened on November at the election makes one regard the effort as hopeless or Mr. Roosevelt himself as outside the presidential possibilities of 1912. The election virtually eliminated Mr. Taft as a presidential candidate; it cannot by any means be said to have eliminated Mr. Roosevelt.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of St. Hilaire held at the village hall Jan. 2, 1911, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President Dahl.

Members present, Dahl, Olson, Jones, and Hall.

On motion minutes of last regular meeting were accepted and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the clerk was instructed to order 150 feet of fire hose and 6 bottles of acid for the chemical engine.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

William Olson, supplies for fire pump	$ 4.00
Gust Fellman, coal	20.24
Standard Oil Co., gasoline	8.10
Arthur Hall, salary third quarter, etc.	19.80
St. Hilaire Fire Dept., services at hotel fire	16.00
A. H. Pitkin, as per bill	3.23
Spectator, publishing council proceedings and posters for auction	7.25
H. O. Jackson, salary, etc.	26.32
Fricker & Kolstad, constructing fire hose rack	5.20

On motion H. O. Jackson's report on lumber and wood sales, totaling $1[illegible].95, was accepted.

Motion to adjourn.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

ARTHUR HALL, Clerk.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

Creamery Topic—Why Cream Tests Vary

(By N. N. LARSON, Buttermaker.)

The constant variation in cream tests is a question which causes uneasiness and sometimes dissatisfaction among the creamery patrons, who can not see the cause for such variation, and as a general rule place the blame upon the buttermaker who does the testing. This question takes in a large scope of facts, and the patron never regards himself as furnishing any of the vital causes of this variation. The separator and operator together constitute the main cause. The density of the cream depends on the following reasons; Speed of separator, temperature of milk when skimmed, percentage of fat in milk, the amount of milk allowed to flow through the separator, the vibration of the separator bowl, the amount of flush water used at each skimming, the amount of acid in milk etc.

The Kansas experiment station has issued a bulletin (No. 1[illegible]) on this subject. In the conclusion of this we find the following statements:

"The temperature of milk makes a difference of from 1 to 6 per cent in the test of cream at average skimming temperature, greater variation being caused in extreme cases.

"The amount of flush water used in average skimming temperature makes a difference of from 1 to 3 per cent; in extreme cases makes a difference of 10 per cent.

"The variation in steadiness of the bowl makes a difference of from 2 to 16 per cent, depending on the amount of vibration.

"The variation of the speed of the bowl causes a difference of from 2 to 14 per cent in the test of cream, depending on the variation in speed.

"The amount of milk allowed to flow through the separator bowl, from one half to full capacity, makes a difference of from 1 to 6 per cent, depending upon the divergence from full capacity of the machine.

"The amount of acid in the milk causes an irregular variation in the test of cream, depending upon the amount of acid it contains. Where the acid reaches a high point—3 to 4 per cent for instance—and the separator is used continuously for an hour or more it will eventually clog, the same as in the case of cold milk. The cream will then become thick, until the separator becomes entirely clogged. The extent of the clogging will depend upon the amount of acid in the milk and the size of the machine. The higher the acidity and the smaller the machine the sooner the separator will clog."

It will be learned from the above that the condition of the milk has a great deal to do with the skimming, and it will be impossible for every patron to observe all these points of vital importance, but they must expect a variation in their cream test and not think that the creamery or the buttermaker is crooked. It is our observation that the amount of flush water used in general practice has the greatest influence upon the variation of cream tests; also the wearing of the cream screw makes a big difference.

The sample taken for testing must be right. Unless we obtain a fair average sample of the cream delivered the test, while correct of the sample, will not be a correct test of the cream. Therefore the first requirement of a correct test is an accurate sample.

It must be understood by every patron that frozen cream, sour cream, too thick cream—such as from 35 per cent and up—will not make accurate samples for testing, and while we have these conditions to contend with you must not accuse us of not getting correct tests, as it is every farmer's duty to avoid such conditions. When we are confronted with such material we can only do our very best.

There is much left to say on this subject, but if every patron will do more thinking and less complaining we will realize greater results and more happiness to all concerned. Let harmony prevail, which is the keynote of success.

We hereby wish you all a happy and prosperous New Year.

Oak Farm

The Red Lake Falls Dramatic club presented their comedy drama here on Tuesday evening, to a well filled house, the severe weather notwithstanding. Had the weather been fine the house could not possibly have accommodated the crowd, but it is the common consent of all who heard the performance that the troupe were well deserving of the best of treatment. Every one is loud in praise of the play and the players. The interest of the audience was closely held from start to finish and the many laughable situations kept the play from becoming tedious.

Miss Rose Hurren as Mrs. Weatherby and Miss Erma Schreiter as Cynthia Warner played their parts to perfection. Miss Marie Cadieux presented an ideal characterization of Helen Trumbull, the heroine of the play. Miss Cora Paul played Sallie Smart, and she certainly was smart.

Clem Brunelle, as Donald Weatherby, was the hero and he took the part fine. Vern Healy made his postmaster out a very wicked individual, while Graham Kindseth, as the eccentric physician, furnished amusement for all, actors and audience alike. Clem and Morris Brunelle and Robert Zaiser were well up in their parts.

We understand the play will perhaps be presented at Thief River Falls and other points. It is really an exceptionly good amateur production, and as such we bespeak for the troupe a cordial reception.

County Division

Yesterday the question of whether or not Mr. Ed L. Healy begun his county division contest proceedings under the right statute was argued at St. Paul before the supreme court. The outcome is awaited with interest.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BRAY TOWNSHIP FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Actual cash balance on hand and in bank December 31 of previous year		$1,026.09
Income during year 1910:		
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during the year	$781.86	
Interest on money in bank	25.00	
Total amount of cash received during the year		806.86
Total cash, including balance on hand from previous year		1,832.95
Disbursements during the year 1910.		
Paid losses incurred during the year	$155.00	
Paid commissions to agents	179.75	
Paid directors	4.00	
Paid salaries of officers: President, $28.10; secretary, $58.75; treasurer, $10.86	125.51	
Postage	8.65	
Paid for printing $26.00; advertising, $3.00; office supplies, $4.74	33.74	
Paid insurance department fees, $2.00; livery hire, $2.50	4.50	
Total amount of disbursements during the year		511.15
Actual cash balance on hand at the end of year		1,321.80

POLICY EXHIBIT.

	Number	Amount
Policies in force Dec. 31 of previous year	527	$336,573
Policies issued during year	181	219,036
Total	708	555,609
Deduct policies expired and ceased to be in force during the year	68	77,485
Policies and amount in force at end of year, viz: December 31, 1910	640	778,124
Loss claims presented during the year	1	155
Losses paid in full as adjusted	1	155

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the question bureau is a scrap book of information; the farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

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The Spectator gives you:
The home news.
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Interesting articles on farming and kindred subjects.

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The Spectator is read in every household whose members come to St. Hilaire to trade and by many more who would buy of you if you advertised your bargains as Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls do

Of course if your goods are of inferior quality or your prices are too high keep still.

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 10, a. m.

REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services Sunday evening, Jan. 15, at 7:30 o'clock.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Communion services tomorrow morning at 10:30. REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 112.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. SWANSON, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C

C. SWANSON, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

Leonard Holmes, Pres.

C. Steen, V. Pres. C. Swanson, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Court, No. 116 Meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lovell, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

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THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Miss Grace Hall visited Thief River Falls last Saturday.

George Bakko went Thursday on a business visit to Warren, by way of Crookston.

Miss Carrie Hoff returned Monday to Mandan, N. D., after a visit with friends here.

Sever Skattum, William Lindahl, and Duncan McAllister were at the county seat Monday.

Mr and Mrs. Martin Seland of Bemidji are visitors of Mrs. Seland's mother, Mrs. Sherva.

Dr. Swanson was at the county seat Wednesday and qualified as coroner of Pennington county.

Elmer Burkee and Arne Nelson went Monday to the school at Fargo, after a holiday week at home.

Miss Edith Dahl, who is teaching at Bartlett, N. D., spent the holiday vacation with her parents here.

K. O. Gigstad went to Red Lake Falls Wednesday on business in connection with ditch matters.

Miss Olga Hoff of Park River, N. D., came down Monday and is the guest of her brother, Martin Hoff.

Oscar Peterson assumed the duties of helper at the creamery January 1, in place of William Lindall, resigned.

The schools will open again next Tuesday and continue until the last of May. The small boy is delighted—not.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

Mrs. Frank Berglund returned Thursday to her home at Spooner after a visit with friends here and at Bemidji.

The trains from the south have been delayed several days this week waiting at Crookston for belated connections.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. K. P. Carson of Thief River Falls will be in St. Hilaire Jan. 9 and 10, 1911, prepared to do all kinds of dental work.

O.F. Post and Leonerd Holmes have their white vests all brushed up in anticipation of an invitation to the expected wedding

A word of advice to amateur dramatic troupes. Don't try to work the newspaper men for "suckers." It may not always work well.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will serve dinner and supper at the Oddfellows building on the day that the Farmer's institute is in session.

O. A. Wiste of Boy Center, Idaho, a former Minnesota resident, was entertained at Leonard Holmes' home last Saturday. He went from here to Thief River Falls to visit friends.

After the play Tuesday evening a dance to music furnished by Friend's celebrated orchestra was kept up until the early morning hour.

The Scandinavian Mission Young People's sewing society will meet Friday evening, Jan. 20, at the church and be entertained by Mrs. P. Lundberg.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will meet next Wednesday afternoon and evening with Mrs. N. E. Beebe. A general invitation is extended to all to attend.

C. Walden of Crookston, superintendent of the northwest district of the Minnesota antisaloon league, will speak at Imperial hall Sunday evening, Jan. 15, when he will tell us all about the recent victories for the cause.

The Oddfellows lodge installed their officers elect last Thursday evening. District Deputy A. S. Wilson presided at the ceremonial. The names of the officers were printed at the time of election in December.

Jemsine Martin Hanson, a resident of Wyandotte, was brought to this city last Friday and brought before Judge of Probate Michelet to be examined as to her sanity. She was found to be in a demented state and was taken to the asylum at Fergus Falls last Friday afternoon by Sheriff LaBree.—Thief River Falls News.

DIED

Arne Skeie died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Skeie, at St. Hilaire on Tuesday, Jan. 3, 1911, at 10 o'clock p. m.

Mr. Skeie was born in Hardanger, Norway, August 31, 1881, and was consequently past 28 years of age at the time of death. He was unmarried. He had for the last ten years been suffering from rheumatism, which disease was the cause of death. He leaves a father, mother, two brothers, and seven sisters to mourn the loss of a beloved son and brother.

Funeral services will be held today at 1:30 p. m. by Rev. M. S. Gjerde at the United Lutheran church.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire on Monday, January 23, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. S. ROY, Secretary.

Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company

At the annual meeting Monday the following officers were elected for the coming year:

N. K. Anderson, president;
John O. Swanson, secretary;
Chas. Gustafson, treasurer;
Ed A. Aubol, John Naplin, and A. Aug. Erickson, directors;

The following agents were appointed:

Emil Larson, Bray;
P. A. Hallstrom, Polk Centre;
Alfred Dahlstrom, Sanders and Black River;
Peter Engelstad, Rocksbury.
Chr. E. Aas, Norden;
John S. Smith, North;
Olof Larson, Numedal;
Matt Skala, Red Lake Falls and Louisville;
A. S. Anderson, River Falls and Gervais;
Thomas Johnson, Garnes and Equality;
A. J. Hemstad, Emardville;
Anton Peterson, Wyandotte, Smiley and Mayfield;
P. O. Sorlein, Silverton;
P. C. Wold, Star, Deer Park, Kratka, Clover Leaf, High Landing, Goodridge, and Reiner.

The annual report is published in another column.

Charles Lindquist went Monday for a visit to the twin cities.

Misses Mabel and Inez Patterson spent the holiday season at home.

C. H. Martz is at present looking looking after ditch matters at Red Lake Falls.

Misses Ethel and Olive Patterson go today to Thief River Falls to visit with friends.

Miss Mabel Fegenskau of Grand Forks is visiting at the home of her uncle, Tom Sletten.

Ralph Keregold, a socialist, is billed to speak at the village hall next Tuesday evening.

Miss Anne Skeie of Upham, N. D., arrived yesterday to be present at the funeral of her brother.

Miss Agnes and Mr. Ray Lindquist went Monday to Fergus Falls, where they will attend the Lutheran college.

Misses Glynn Sinclair of Warren and Helen O' Brien of Thief River Falls have been guests of Miss Katie Patterson this week,

Surveyors have been engaged of late in platting the waterpower and millsite, and all sorts of rumors are rife as to what this action portends. The guess that finds the most favor is that it means another sawmill in the near future. We hazard the conjecture that we are about to be "gobbled up" by the water power trust.

Miss Marie Hooper entertained sixteen of her friends on New Years eve. The evening was spent in games and dancing. At midnight the cry of "Happy New Year" echoed through the rooms. Lunch was served, the hostess being assisted by the Misses Myrtle Blaine, Hazel Wilson, and Mr. Joe Martz. After lunch the boys stood guard at the door under which mistletoe had been hung, causing many blushes.

Subscribe Now

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

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For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians

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President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
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Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

1 Northern	.97
" 2 "	.95
" 3	.91
" 4	
Rejected	
Flax, 1	2.35
" 2	2.25
Barley, for 50 lbs	.60
Oats	.28
Eggs	.30
Butter	.28
Butter, Creamery	.34
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork " "	6
Pork, dressed	8½
Mutton "	5—6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	[illegible]
Hides	61
Flour Patent	$2.70-2.75
Shorts, per ton	$ 22
Bran	$21

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 551 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........ 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........ 8:35 a. m

H. Wilson

WELL DRILLER

Work by the foot, day, or job

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Scandinavian Mission Church

Services in St. Hilaire by Rev. Liljenkranz Saturday evening Jan. 7, at 7:30; Sunday evening Jan. 8, 7:30; At Black River school house Sunday morning Jan. 8, at 10:30.

By Rev. Frank L. Larson, at East St. Hilaire, Sunday morning Jan. 8, at 10:30.

Card of Thanks

Mrs. J. P. Fellman and children wish to thank their many friends for their sympathy and assistance at the death and burial of their husband and father, J. P. Fellman.

MRS. J. P. FELLMAN AND CHILDREN.

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at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR the Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

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NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free. COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

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Improved Farms and Wild Lands

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T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

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BAKING POWDER

You simply cannot get as good results from the cheap and big can kind—the baking cannot be as evenly raised—it cannot be as delicious—it cannot be as pure and wholesome—because the quality is not there. And it cannot be any more economical. Calumet is medium in price—the standard 1-lb. size can costs 25c. Less of it is required and the baking is certain to be better. Try one can—if not satisfactory your money will be returned.

Calumet Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

FREE—large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

Big Can Small Biscuit
The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.
Big Biscuit "Full Value" Can.
CALUMET BAKING POWDER

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00

Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of

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G. W. HOOPER

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

A few dollars added to the price of something good is soon forgotten, while the quality long remains. In the case of a cow, if she is young she will long remain on the farm herself, while her stock will live on indefinitely. Sometimes it is worth an amount that cannot be correctly given in figures to get a start in a good milk strain.

Swine parasites congregate around the ears and along the spine, and if a mixture of lard and kerosene, half and half, be dripped on the animals at these points while they are feeding, as often as lice are seen, the parasites will soon disappear and not return.

Many people lose their bulbs in winter, even after following some directions supposed to be safe. This is because there are variations in conditions of temperature or moisture which the directions did not cover.

If we are to succeed in breeding any sort of live stock or grain, we must, above all things else, maintain the vigor or vitality of the stock, or else eventually be defeated in our purpose.

Many farmers have discarded all fowls and cater to the duck business altogether as they will produce twice as many eggs in the run of a year than any flock of hens, regardless of variety or breed.

There may have been a time when the cow, in order to protect herself from wild animals, needed horns, but at this day and age there is no longer need for them, for this purpose.

The rule for feeding grain in the Wisconsin experiment station dairy herd is to give as many pounds of grain as the cow produces pounds of butter-fat per week.

Young pigs are so partial toward foods rich in protein that they will acquire an excess of that element if given an opportunity, thereby stunting their growth.

Do not neglect to keep the feet of the driving horses sharply shod. It may save bad wrenches and will greatly add to the comfort of the animals.

Never allow the chickens to drink from a vessel in which the ice must be broken, because they will not drink enough to supply their needs.

Every farmer must realize that he must keep sheep that have fleeces which weigh at least 10 pounds, before this industry will pay him.

A variety of pasture and food makes a pig thrifty, and he will take on flesh faster than where he is fed on corn and confined in a dirty pen.

Where it is possible it is best to defer the selection of sow pigs for the breeding herd until they have made considerable growth.

Good use can be made of newspapers when through reading by putting them on outside of henhouse or hog pen to keep wind out.

When cows are given less food than they require for maintenance and milk production the milk production must suffer or the cow.

The primary principle to be observed in the preservation of eggs is the protection of the inferior from contact with the air.

What the farmers want is a hog that will give the best returns for the feed which is given him, either big type or little type.

It is useless to attempt to raise early chickens for the market unless you have provided a place to care for them.

The dairyman who does not understand the elementary principles of feeding is not abreast of the times.

When the foal is taken away from the mare, he should have a box stall that is well lighted and ventilated.

Dairy cattle present a flattering field for the man who is prepared to give his attention to that industry.

Cleanliness in the poultry house and around the ground will cause the flock with health to abound.

The one important factor necessary for the proper curing of corn is an even circulation of air.

Grass is mighty good for sheep, but they should not be allowed to fill up on frost-bitten grass.

To those wishing flowering hedges, there is a wide variety from which to choose.

If possible give the turkeys all the sweet milk they can possibly drink.

You can gain two or three cents a dozen by shipping your own eggs.

Get stable manure on the orchard and during the winter months.

About six months of age is the proper time to wean a strong foal.

Corn and alfalfa alone fed to beef cattle will make very large gains in weight, while at the same time the use of well-cured corn fodder in addition to corn and alfalfa will cheapen the ration of corn and make the gains less costly because of the low market value of the fodder, and in this way it is usually more profitable than corn and alfalfa alone.

When colt training is done as it should be, eight or ten half-hour lessons given in systematic order will accomplish more, and put a colt in condition to stand more severe tests than the haphazard go-as-you please methods now commonly practised can do in two years.

Don't try to see how warm you can make your hog house this winter; but see how well bedded you can keep it and how well you can ventilate it. Fresh air is needed by the hog as much as it is by any other animal on the farm.

A day is coming very soon, when butter won't sell as rapidly and at as high prices as it was bringing formerly. And when that day comes, the question of quality in determining sales is going to be more important.

Paint the outside of the buildings in the autumn after the hot weather is past, or in the winter. Oil paint, under cold, hardens so as to be much more durable than when it dries under heat.

The disposition—the likes and dislikes of each cow—may be studied carefully while the animals are around their keeper, and one can then feed and care for them accordingly.

It will not do to allow ducks to share the common lot of poultry in general; not that they require more attention, but rather a different manner of handling and feeding.

There is one thing which vermin cannot stand, and that is fire. The nest-boxes and roosts held over a big blaze for a moment or two will be entirely rid of the pests.

Build your barns a little larger than you need at the present moment. Few men ever get too much barn room. Plan for future growth, and then see to it that you grow.

Drafts of air cause bad colds, and that means a cessation of egg making. To stop all cracks and crevices with paper and rags in wisdom on the part of the poultryman.

Sheep are extremely sensitive to heat. In hot weather their fleece is a burden to them. They are a cold country animal under the most natural conditions.

The profit in poultry raising for market lies in hatching early, pushing the chickens forward as rapidly as possible, and marketing them early in the season.

Do not wash eggs before packing them. Washing removes from the shell the mucilagenous coating which nature provides for their temporary preservation.

Among the essentials of the successful management of a farm flock of mutton sheep are that we treat them in a manner adapted to their nature.

Make a feeding platform for the hogs eight inches high with a two-inch protecting board all around to keep the feed out of the winter's mud.

There is no kind of animal breeding that will pay better than the breeding of horses, but horses that will sell, not dunghills or misfits.

The increase in a flock of sheep represents almost entire profit to the man who has no rentals to pay and keeps his sheep on government land.

Nest eggs are not needed to induce hens to lay. They have no influence whatever over the hens, and have been discarded on most farms.

We must cool the milk in order to stop the ravages of what is now known to be the bacteria that so soon work injury to new milk.

Pregnant ewes should never be kept in the enclosure with the rest of the flock, because accidents are liable to cause loss of the lambs.

The mare should be fed at all times with a liberal ration of clean and nourishing feeds, and should have an abundance of pure water.

Remove the harness and heavy collars during the noon hour. To go over the horses with a stiff brush at noon revives them.

Keep the egg record up every day. If you skip one day, even, the rest will all be a guess, and guessing isn't like business.

The three great constituents which plants remove from the soil are nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash.

Selling the younger heifers that the other dairyman wishes most to buy is grading the herd downhill.

Clean away the droppings each morning and lice and disease are not apt to bother the biddies.

In the last hundred years wonderful advancement has been made in the breeding of live stock.

The shelter for swine may be about as cheaply made as that which is made for our sheep.

Early mating of the hens gives plenty of time to test the eggs in regard to fertility.

Crops grown to turn under as manure are cheap and valuable sources of humus.

Ducks have become one of the best paying propositions in the poultry industry.

FOR THE COOK TO TRY

RECIPES THAT ARE BOTH NEW AND SIMPLE.

Orange and Grape Conserve Will Not Go Neglected on Table—Metheglin a Strengthening Drink for the Aged—Bisque Tortoni.

Orange and Grape Conserve.—To six pounds of grapes allow two pounds raisins, four oranges and four pounds of sugar. Cut off the thin yellow rind of the oranges and cook together with the seeded raisins until tender. Pulp the grapes and cook until soft enough to rub through a collander. Add to the skins, cook 15 minutes, put in raisins, orange peel, juice and sugar and simmer gently until jellied.

Metheglin.—Pour over twelve and one-half pounds honey, eight gallons of boiling water. Let it stand for two days, stirring occasionally, then add one-quarter of a compressed yeast cake, softened in a few spoonfuls of water, and spread on a slice of dry toast. Cover closely and let stand for two or three weeks, then rack off and bottle.

This is considered a strengthening drink for the aged, as it is the honey mead of the ancient Germans, who, according to Tacitus, attributed health and great age to its use.

Bisque Tortoni.—Make a custard, using a cream or rich milk, the yolks of six eggs and a cup of sugar. Heat the cream to the scalding point, add a pinch of soda. Beat the yolks thick and smooth, add the sugar to the beaten yolks and beat again five minutes, then stir little by little into the scalding cream.

The moment it chickens set off the fire. When cold stir into the custard a gill of maraschino. Put into the freezer, turn the crank until the cream is stiff, when the freezer should be opened and a pint of whipped cream stirred into the contents of the freezer. Fill a mold with the mixture, repack in ice and salt and let it stand for three or four hours before serving.

Oysters Au Gratin.

Now that oysters are in season the recipe for oysters au gratin will be a helpful hint to the cook who has never prepared them in that way. This recipe is enough for six people. Eighteen oysters, eighteen mushrooms, one-half teaspoon salt, one-eighth teaspoon red pepper, one cup white sauce. Melt two tablespoons butter in the frying pan and fry the mushrooms in it until they are a delicate brown. Put three oysters on an oyster shell with three mushrooms and pour over them some white sauce. Sprinkle cheese and cracker crumbs over them and bake until brown. Serve hot. In case it is not possible to obtain the oyster shells use the shells which may be bought in the stores for about 15 cents a dozen.

Pie Crust.

Put one pint of pastry flour, a little salt and a level teaspoon of baking powder into the sieve and sift. Then add two heaping tablespoons of lard and chop up with the spoon into chunks about the size of a nutmeg. The lard should be cold enough to be firm and the spoon heaped pretty high. Then add water by the spoonful until the flour is all taken up. It should be stiff enough to stay in shape. I consider pie crust more wholesome with a little raising in it. Common causes of tough pie crust are the use of bread flour, too little shortening, too much water and too hot a fire. The heat should be about the same as for cake.

Camphorated Vaseline.

In the early stages a cold can frequently be broken by rubbing the afflicted parts with camphorated vaseline. This is especially good to relieve the stuffy, tight feeling of a cold in the head.

The grease should be well rubbed in the bridge of the nose, particularly between the eyes, and on the upper lip and upward on each side.

An incipient raw throat, often a precursos of bronchitis, is also relieved by thorough greasing of throat and chest with camphorated vaseline or oil.

Both of these mixtures can be bought at a druggist's and should be included in every medicine closet. For an emergency the mixture can be made at home; 12 drops each of turpentine and spirits of camphor into two tablespoonfuls of yellow vaseline.

Orange Marmalade.

One each orange, lemon and grape fruit. Shave very thin, rejecting seeds and cores. Use all peel and pulp. Measure, add three times the amount of water and let stand in an earthen dish over night. Next morning boil ten minutes, let stand another night, in morning add an equal amount sugar and boil until it jellies. The jelly should be amber colored and strips well defined. This makes twelve glasses.

Nut-Date Bread.

To one cup hot cooked oats, add three tablespoons brown sugar, one-half teaspoon salt, one tablespoon butter, add one-fourth cake of yeast, dissolved in four tablespoons luke warm water, and flour to knead. Let rise over night. Next morning add two-thirds cup each of English walnuts cut small, and stoned dates, cut in small pieces. Shape in loaf, let rise and bake in a moderate oven 50 minutes.

Delmonico Potatoes.

Two two cups cold boiled potatoes cut in one-half inch cubes, allow one and one-quarter cups white sauce and one-quarter cup grated cheese. Put a layer of potatoes in a buttered baking dish. Sprinkle with salt, pepper and one-half the cheese. Pour over half the sauce. Repeat. Cover with buttered crumbs and bake until crumbs are brown. Very nice.

Dumplings.

One quart flour, three teaspoons baking powder, Mix with sweet milk, as soft as you can handle. Put them into water when water is boiling. Leave uncovered 10 minutes, then cover and boil 5 minutes more.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

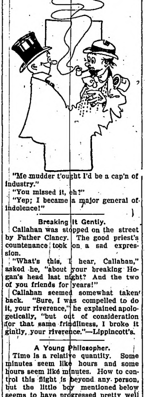
Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-269 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

SLIGHT DIFFERENCE.



"Me mudder t'ought I'd be a cap'n of industry."

"You missed it, eh?"

"Yep; I became a major general of indolence!"

Breaking It Gently.

Callahan was stopped on the street by Father Clancy. The good priest's countenance took on a sad expression.

"What's this, I hear, Callahan," asked he, "about your breaking Hogan's head last night? And the two of you friends for years!"

Callahan seemed somewhat taken back. "Sure, I was compelled to do it, your riverence," he explained apologetically, "but out of consideration for that same frindliness, I broke it gintly, your riverence."—Lippincott's.

A Young Philosopher.

Time is a relative quantity. Some minutes seem like hours and some hours seem like minutes. How to control this flight is beyond any person, but the little boy mentioned below seems to have progressed pretty well for a youngster.

The teacher was surprised to see that he remained perfectly idle all through recess, and accordingly asked him why he did not play.

"'Cause," he said, slowly, "it makes recess too quick if I play, and I want it to la-a-ast!"—Youth's Companion.

They Both Knew.

The fool said one day in the king's presence, "I am the king!" And the king laughed, for he knew that his fool was wrong.

A week later the king was angry, because of an error he had committeed, and exclaimed: "I am a fool!" And the fool laughed, for he knew that his king was right.—Smart Set.

The Kind.

"I think that chauffeur had great nerve to make love to his employer's daughter."

"So he had—motor nerve."

GOT HIS SOBRIQUET EARLY

"Honest John" Kelly Proved His Right to the Title Long Before Manhood.

There have been many stories about the manner in which "Honest John" Kelly, the ex-umpire, first got his nickname. Mr. Kelly himself, according to a New York letter, holds that it came to him naturally, for even as a small boy the purity of his soul shone through his face. "I think the first time I was ever called 'Honest John' was when I was quite a youngster," said Kelly. "A man engaged as an ambulatory salesman of tinware observed the ingenuous countenance I presented to the world and hailed me. 'You look honest, boy,' said he. 'What might your name be?' 'John,' said I, quite simply. 'John,'—just like that. 'Then hold my horse while I go in the saloon and get a drink,' said he. And so I held his horse while he went in the saloon and got a drink. But this was on lower Ninth avenue, in a day when the avenue's honors went to the man who could clean the most cops in a given time. By and by the gang came along and beheld that wagon full of tinware. The peddler was detained within by a sore thirst, and they took the tinware. And then they came back and took the cushions off the wagon. Eventually, becoming daring, they unhitched the wagon and took it away. True to my trust, I stood there, holding the horse. And by and by the peddler came out of the saloon and sized up the situation. 'Well,' said he warmly, 'you're Honest John, all right. You saved the horse.'"

Same Thing.

Joakley—You're right; most people worry over what they haven't got, but I know certain people who worry because of what they have.

Coakley—That so? What have they?

Joakley — Nothing.—The Catholic Standard and Times.

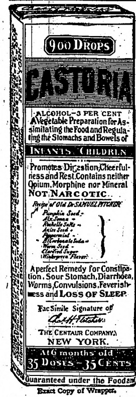
Quick as Wink.

If your eyes ache with a smarting, burning sensation use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

How can a man come to know himself? Not by thinking, but by doing. —Goethe.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It takes more than a stinging vocabulary to make a prophet.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food an

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FREE TRIP Around The World

We want the names of parents who have crippled, deformed or paralyzed children or young grown people. You probably know of several in your community and if you will send us their names and addresses we will give you FREE the wonder series of fifty water-colored postal cards, depicting a trip around the world.

When you send the names tell us as near as you can the age of patient and kind of trouble, whether Club Feet, Spinal Deformity, Hip Disease, Infantile Paralysis, Crooked Limbs, etc.

This is the only Sanitarium in the country devoted exclusively to this work, and those in need of our services should know about it. Attend to this now.

L. C. McLain Sanitarium, 974 Aubert Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

OLD SORES CURED
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J.P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

Young Age Pensions.

Young age pensions! Why not? Titles, honors, riches, pensions and most other good things are, as a rule, postponed to a period of life when the capacity for enjoying them has been blunted. Australia was one of the first countries to adopt old-age pensions, and now a Labor member of the commonwealth parliament proposes a complementary scheme of young age pensions. He would start by pensioning the fourth child at birth. The fact that three had previously been born showed that the parents were doing their duty and deserving well of the state. The young age pension would "reward industry and encourage the birth rate."—London Chronicle.

Old Women in Maine.

Gray has a quintet of ladies whose age is over ninety years. Mrs. Enoch Merrill's age is ninety-nine years and eleven months, while Mrs. Lois B. Small reached her ninety-eight birthday on November 6, and both there ladies are bright and active. Mrs. Mary A. Frank was ninety-six last September, and is in her usual health. Mrs. Hannah T. Rowe is ninety-one; Mrs. Mary Leighton also is ninety-one. —Kennebec Journal.

A Discouraging View.

"We must investigate this affair," said the rural official.

"What's the use?" responded Farmer Corntossel. "I never saw an investigation that changed anybody's personal likes and dislikes."

It would be easier to see good in others if we didn't have so many faults of our own.

GOT THE BEST OF THE ELDER

Apt Quotations of Brer Reuben Saved His Mule and at the Same Time Rebuked Sin.

Elder Harris was making another attempt to induce one of the members of his flock to trade horses with him.

"Dat pony o' you'n, Brer Reuben," he said, "is jes' what I want, an' my big bay hos is jes' what yo' want. I kin git over de groun' faster wid de pony, an 'you kin haul a bigger load wid de hoss. Hit'd be a good trade fur bofe on us, 'ceptin' dat it'd be a leetle better fuh you dan it would fur me. You take de bay and give me de ches'nut sor'l."

"De pony suits me well 'nough, elder," averred Brother Reuben, for the twentieth time. "I don' keer t' make no swap."

"But I jes' natchelly got t' have dat pony, Brer Reuben."

"Elder," spoke the other, after a period of profound thought, "I been wantin' t' ast yo' a question for a long time."

"Well, what is it?"

"I know w'at one o' de 'postles says 'bout de law bein' done away with, but ain't we still livin' undah de ten comman'ments?"

"Brer Reuben," solemnly averred Elder Harris, "we air."

"Well, one o' dem comman'ments says we mustn't covet anyt'ing w't b'longs t' our neighbors, an' you're covetin' dat li'l chestnut sor'l pony o' mine, Brer Harris!"

Then the elder gave it up. Clearly the tenth commandment was against him.—Chicago Tribune.

Left Both Satisfied.

It all happened on one of those few surviving pay-after-you-enter cars.

"Oh, I insist on paying, Gladys," said the brunette. "You paid coming down."

"No, I shall pay," declared Gladys with equal firmness. "What if I did pay coming down—didn't you buy that last package of gum?"

"Let me settle the quarrel, ladies," suggested the diplomatic conductor. "Why not use the denatured form of Dutch treat?"

"What's that?"

"Well, you each pay the other's fare."

And that was the way they solved it."—Cleveland Leader.

Ended the Controversy.

On the steeple of an old Universalist church in Bath, Me., there is a wooden figure of an angel. It is not a remarkably fine specimen of art, and has always been somewhat laughed about, especially because of its high-heeled shoes. The Bath Enquirer recalls the story that a former pastor of the North Congregational church once accosted a devoted Universalist with the question: "Mr. Raymond, did you ever see an angel with high-heeled shoes on its feet?" "Why, no," answered Mr. Raymond, "I can't say that I ever did; but did you ever see one without them?"

The Patient Townsmen.

"So you got to work in spite of the snow drifts?"

"Yes. But I don't see why the city folks should not follow the example of country people and put up a strong kick for good roads."

Now About Clean Food

Another Splendid Opportunity to Bring Out Facts

When the "Weekly" which sued us for libel (because we publicly denounced them for an editorial attack on our claims) was searching for some "weak spot," they thought best to send a N. Y. Atty. to Battle Creek, summoned 25 of our workmen and took their sworn statements before a Commissioner.

Did we object? No. On the contrary, we helped all we could, for the opportunity was too good to be lost.

Geo. Haines testified he inspected the wheat and barley, also floors and every part of the factories to know things were kept clean. That every 30 minutes a sample of the products was taken and inspected to keep the food up to standard and keep out any impurities, also that it is the duty of every man in the factories to see that anything not right is immediately reported. Has been with the Co. 10 years.

Edward Young testified had been with Co. 15 years. Inspector, he and his men examined every sack and car of wheat and barley to see they were up to standard and rejected many cars.

H. E. Burt, Supt., testified has been with Co. over 13 years. Bought only the best grain obtainable. That the Co. kept a corps of men who do nothing but keep things clean, bright and polished.

Testified that no ingredient went into Grape-Nuts and Postum except those printed in the advertising. No possibility of any foreign things getting into the foods as most of the machinery is kept closed. Asked if the factory is open to the public, said "yes" and "it took from two to three guides constantly to show visitors through the works." Said none of the processes were carried on behind closed doors.

At this point attys. for the "Weekly" tried to show the water used was from some outside source. Testified the water came from Co.'s own artesian wells and was pure.

He testified the workmen were first-class, high-grade and inspected by the Co.'s physician to be sure they were all in proper physical condition; also testified that state reports showed that Co. pays better wages than the average and he thought higher than any in the state.

F. B. Martin, Asst. Supt., testified Grape-Nuts made of wheat, barley, yeast and water. Anything else? "No, sir." Postum made of Wheat, Wheat Bran and New Orleans Molasses. Statements made on his experience of about 10 years with Co.

Testified bakers are required to wear fresh white suits, changed every other day. Said had never known any of the products being sent out that were below the high standard of inspection. Asked if any one connected with the Postum Co. had instructed him how to testify. Said, "No, sir."

Horace Brown testified has been with Co. 9 years. Worked in Grape-Nuts bake shop. Testified the whole of the flour is composed of Wheat and Barley. Attys. tried to confuse him, but he insisted that any casual visitor could see that nothing else went into the flour. Said machinery and floors always kept clean.

So these men were examined by the "Weekly" lawyers hoping to find at least one who would say that some under-grade grain was put in or some unclean condition was found somewhere.

But it was no use.

Each and every man testified to the purity and cleanliness.

As a sample, take the testimony of Luther W. Mayo.

Testified been with Company about 10 years. Now working in the bakery department making Grape-Nuts. Testified that the ovens and floors are kept clean and the raw products as they go in are kept clean. Also that the wearing apparel of the employes has to be changed three times a week.

Q. Do you use Postum or Grape-Nuts yourself at all?

A. Yes, I use them at home.

Q. If from your knowledge of the factory which you have gained in your ten years at the factory you believed that they were dirty or impure in any way, would you use them?

A. I do not think I would. No.

Asked if any one on behalf of the Company had asked him to testify in any particular manner. Stated "No."

All these sworn depositions were carefully excluded from the testimony at the trial, for they wouldn't sound well for the "Weekly."

Think of the fact that every man swore to the purity and cleanliness so that the Atty. for the "Weekly" was forced to say in open court that the food was pure and good.

What a disappointment for the "Weekly."

But the testimony showed:

All of the grain used in Grape-Nuts, Postum and Post Toasties is the highest standard possible to obtain.

All parts of the factory are kept scrupulously clean.

None of the workmen had been told how to testify.

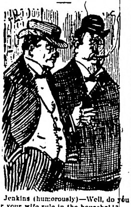
Most of them have been from 10 to 15 years with the Co. and use the products on their tables at home.

Why do their families use the products, Grape-Nuts, Postum, and Post Toasties, that they, themselves, make?

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

NOWADAYS.



Jenkins (humorously)—Well, do you or your wife rule in the household?

Benedict (seriously)—Neither. We live under a provisional government by the cook.

We're All Her Friends.

A pretty story of Miss Ellen Terry and a gallant young playwright has gone the rounds of the Players' club.

Miss Terry attended in New York the first night of this playwright's latest work and at the end of the third act he was presented to her.

She congratulated him warmly.

"It is very good," she said. "Your play is very good, indeed, and I shall send all my American friends to see it."

"In that case," said the playwright, with a very low and courtly bow, "my little piece will sell 90,000,000 tickets."

The Primitive Man.

"Jones is so dreadfully primitive."

"What's his latest?"

"Why, we were at the opera house the other night and a stage hand removed a table and Jones yelled 'Supe! supe!' We were dreadfully mortified."

"I was at a dinner the other night and Jones sat next to me. When he saw the row of spoons and forks and knives beside his plate, he beckoned to the waiter. 'Say, boy,' he hoarsely muttered. 'I guess you spilled the spoon

"Well, it's lucky he's rich."

"Ain't it?"

His Specialty.

"What has become of young Mr. D'Auber, who showed such signs of talent in drawing? Has he made a success?"

"Oh, yes, indeed. He's got all the work he can do now."

"Magazine or sudio work?"

"He draws the maltese cross showing where the body was found, in the evening papers."—Cleveland Leader.

Life's Varied Interests.

"The weather's rather bad, isn't it?" asked the young woman.

"Yes," replied the nonchalant youth. "Lucky thing it is. Helps conversation. It would be a deadly bore to go on for ever saying 'it's a pleasant day.'"

The Cache.

Knicker—We are told to do our shopping early.

Bocker—I know it; my wife has already concealed a forty-nine-cent tie in the top bureau drawer.

Some people would drown with a life preserver at hand. They are the kind that suffer from Rheumatism and Neuralgia when they can get Hamlins Wizard Oil, the best of all pain remedies.

It is right to be contented with what we have, but never with what we are. —Sir James Mackintosh.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

No one can measure the fortune of the man who leaves many friends.

Are You Sick or Ailing? Hood's Sarsaparilla has genuine curative powers, peculiarly adapted to restore health and strength in just such a condition as you are up against. It has been doing this for more than a third of a century. Its legions of benefited friends telling of health restored, sufferings ended, are found everywhere. Give it a chance to help you out by getting a bottle today.

Slip Easy
COLLARS
15¢ TWO FOR 25¢
Pul Easy
COLLARS
Are The Best 10 Cent Collars Made.

Every man has trouble in adjusting his necktie unless he wears

Slip Easy Collars

which all have the Slip Easy Tab shown above. They come in all styles. Once use Slip Easy Collars you will never wear any other kind. Ask your dealer to get them. If he will not, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C. W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N. Y.

Bad Taste

in your mouth removed while you wait—that's true. A Cascaret taken when the tongue is thick-coated with the nasty squeamish feeling in stomach, brings relief. It's easy, natural way to help nature help you. 903

CASCARETS—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

REMEMBER
PISO'S
for COUGHS & COLDS

Odd News From Big Cities

Stories of Strange Happenings in the Metropolitan Towns

Gotham Spends a Billion for Gifts

GOTHAM HAS THE CHRISTMAS SPIRIT ALL RIGHT

NEW York.—That $1,000,000,000, or an amount equal to the annual expenses of the national government, has been spent here this year to fill Father Knickerbocker's 5,000,000 Christmas stockings and those of relatives and friends of residents in his domain is the estimate of experts who have carefully followed one of the most remarkable holiday seasons in the history of the country.

Reports from other parts of the country reflect similar conditions and indicate a holiday business of $10,000,000,000 or more for the country at large. In spite of the alleged unsatisfactory business situation, Santa Claus has been patronized in a most lavish manner this year.

Even in this billion-dollar Christmas outlay, however, the much-talked-of increased cost of living has had a marked effect. Presents in the form of luxuries are fewer than ever before, and such articles as automobiles, expensive jewelry and high-priced decorations generally have given way to articles of more general use. In a word, Santa Claus is becoming more of a business manager every year.

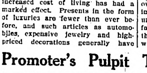
The stores and shops report this season that the greater part of the money has been spent for useful articles such as wearing apparel, and a proportionately smaller amount for jewels, autos, high-priced pictures and the like. Toys, as might be expected, account for an ever increasing amount, while candies are a close second.

Merchants in all parts of the country agree that the Christmas shopper, whatever the cause, is learning to spend his money to better purpose than formerly.

Whatever other customs may change, there is one Christmas practice which goes on, apparently, forever. Santa Claus may come by reindeer-drawn sleigh, automobile or airship as modes of travel progress, but the Christmas tree on which his packages are hung continues to increase in popularity.

This year, indeed, New York has set a new record in this respect, since over 500,000 Christmas trees were imported to meet local demands. Figuring five members to the average family, this means that at least half the homes in the city had a tree this winter.

Promoter's Pulpit Talk Brings Coin


IT'S TH' FINEST COPPER MINE IN ARIZONY -!-?-!-

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—This city has always liked a "live wire" promoter, one who can go out and get money where money isn't if necessary, but Ben Blanchard played the game too strong. Fifty business men of this city who have invested $600,000 in an Arizona copper mine on Blanchard's seductive representations will be mighty glad to get back what they put in and will willingly sacrifice their hopes of gigantic profits.

Once, in Kansas City, he was in church, a stranger, when the minister was trying to raise enough money to send a missionary abroad. The contributions came so slowly the minister was discouraged and about to give up when Ben Blanchard arose and with the seductive voice that charmed so many into buying his stock, asked how much it would require to put this missionary on the heathen firing line and keep her there for a year. With a weary voice the pastor named the amount.

"Only that much?" asked Ben. "Why, if that is all that's worrying you come here and get the money. I believe I have that much in my pocket and if I haven't I'll give you a check for the balance."

"Will the kind brother please come forward," asked the pastor, while the congregation struggled to get a glimpse of the man with the money

Innate modesty kept Blanchard from going forward until three pillars of the church came to his seat and escorted him to the pulpit. There he made an eloquent speech on the happiness it gave him to be able to send a missionary among the heathen, not neglecting to tell his audience how easy it was for him to do this because providence had been kind enough to put him in possession of a copper mine in Arizona rich enough to send missionaries to the furthermost ends of the earth and keep them there till all the heathen had seen the light.

It was a notable effort, delivered with convincing simplicity and before the congregation was through with Blanchard he had sold $8,000 of stock. The expense to Blanchard of sending the missionary was $1,800, so that the day's work showed a good balance in his favor. This was the beginning of the Blanchard mining boom.

Kansas Has Champion Fresh Air City

WONDER WHY THEY BUILD HOUSES AT ALL?

WINFIELD, Kan.—This town, which has been known for years as the Athens of southern Kansas, because of its colleges, is now adding a health laurel to its crown. Winfield claims the distinction of having more bath tubs and more sleeping porches than any other town in Kansas.

In addition to its sleeping porches, Winfield has living tents. Those who cannot afford either sleep with their windows up.

Winfield, which is credited with having one of the best, if not the best, municipal waterworks systems in Kansas, officially encourages cleanliness by furnishing water for a six-room house, including bath and sewer connections and sprinkling, for less than a dollar a month.

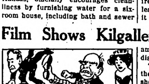
Sleeping porches in Winfield are now the rule rather than the exception. When a new house is erected a sleeping porch is provided for as a matter of course.

M. W. Friedenburg, president of the state board of pharmacy, is preparing to outdo all the others in sleeping porches. He will construct a big sleeping porch extending around three sides of his residence. The porch will have have guest rooms, divided by screens.

Several citizens last summer started a new departure in outdoor living. A small house, half canvas and half screening, with canvas roof and floor, is erected on the lawn and the members of the family spend much of their time there, instead of in the house.

Winfield is becoming known as a fresh-air town as well as a center of learning, and isn't certain of which it is proudest.

Film Shows Kilgallen Kicking Count



CHICAGO. — Persons who attend moving picture shows will soon have a chance to see the Chicago romance of Count de Beaufort thrown upon the screens of 5 and 10 cent moving picture theaters. The Count has posed for a picture story of his affair with the Kilgallen heiress of Chicago and says he is going to get $25,000 and royalties for the venture.

The first scene shows the Count and Countess in the home-coming act. Pa Kilgallen is evidently surprised when his daughter bounces in with her prize. In the next scene the Count is shown as a working man—just to win the old man's favor. He is switching cars and the foreman is evidently telling him if he doesn't like his job he need not worry because he will be killed before he has had time to become really disgusted with it.

In the next scene the Count is shown presenting a fountain pen to Pa. Pa tells the Count that the pen is of no use to him because he has writer's cramp from signing checks and the banks won't accept his rubber stamp signature. Pa changes the subject and hopes the Count will find it convenient to get out before it becomes necessary to fill his coat tails full of boots. Of course, the Count doesn't pose as one of the brightest men in the world, but he is bright enough to catch the drift of Pa's remarks and drift away.

Then a long line of insistent creditors is shown outside the Count's door and here is where his bulldog gets into the picture, by jumping out among the creditors, whereupon they disperse in confusion.

The scene at the hospital, where the Countess was taken when injured, shows the Count trying to "butt in," disguised as a Red Cross attendant. His nemesis, Pa Kilgallen, ever on the job, is there and disperses the Count.

The last scene shows the Count literally rolling in wealth and two men with shovels such as are used by laborers in Pa Kilgallen's steel mills are keeping the Count from being buried by a flood of gold.

Hindoo Sailor and His Chicken.

A London hospital doctor relates the following story:

"I recall an amusing incident in connection with a Hindoo sailor. He was very anaemic and meat was ordered for his diet.

"It was finally learned through an interpreter that he would eat a chicken if it were brought to him alive and he were allowed to wring its neck after a bloodless manner of his own. With some difficulty a live chicken was procured and taken to the patient behind a screen in the ward.

"The bird escaped and flew directly over the bed of a partly delirious negro, who thought his time had come! He leaped out of bed and gave chase, wildly shouting 'hallelujah!' and in a moment the whole ward was in a turmoil, in the effort to calm the excited negro the astonished chicken and the disappointed Hindoo who saw himself being so suddenly deprived of his meal!"

Officers All Bachelors.

The First battalion, Royal Irish fusiliers, is the only regiment in the British army in which all the officers are bachelors, with the exception, of course, of the honorary colonel, King George.

FARM AND BEES

SUCCESS IN BEE MANAGEMENT

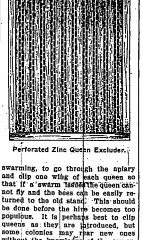
Profit Not Now Measured by Increase by Swarming as Formerly—Various Methods.

(By E. F. PHILLIPS, PH. D.)

The excessive rearing of brood at the wrong season or increase in the number of colonies greatly reduces the surplus honey crop by consumption. The ideal to which all progressive bee keepers work, when operating simply for honey, is to stimulate brood rearing to prepare bees for gathering, to retard breeding when it is less desirable, and to prevent swarming. Very few succeed in entirely preventing swarming, but by various methods the situation can be largely controlled.

When a swarm issues, it usually first settles on a limb of a tree or bush near the apiary. It was formerly common to make a noise by beating pans or ringing bells in the belief that this causes the swarm to settle. There is no foundation for such action on the part of the bee keeper. If the bees light on a small limb that can be spared, it may simply be sawed off and the bees carried to the hive and thrown on a sheet or hive cover in front of the entrance. If the limb cannot be cut, the swarm can be shaken off into a box or basket on a pole and hived. If the bees light on the trunk of a tree or in some inaccessible place, they can first be attracted away by a comb, preferably containing unsealed brood. In these manipulations it is not necessary to get all the bees, but if the queen is not with those which are put in the hive the bees will go into the air again and join the cluster.

It is desirable early in the season, before any preparations are made for swarming, to go through the apiary and clip one wing of each queen so that if a swarm issues the queen cannot fly and the bees can be easily returned to the old stand. This should be done before the hive becomes too populous. It is perhaps best to clip queens as they are introduced, but some colonies may rear new ones without the knowledge of the owner, and a spring examination will insure no escaping swarms.



Perforated Zinc Queen Excluder.

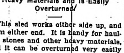
When clipping the queen's wing is not practiced, swarms may be prevented from leaving by the use of queen traps of perforated zinc. These allow the workers to pass out, but not drones or queens, which, on leaving the entrance, pass up to an upper compartment from which they cannot return. These are also used for keeping undesirable drones from escaping, and the drones die of starvation.

Queens sometimes die during the winter and early spring, and since there is no brood from which the bees can replace them, the queenless colonies are "hopelessly queenless." Bee keepers in the north can frequently buy queens from southern breeders early in the spring, and naturally this is better than leaving the colony without a queen until the bees can rear one, as it is important that there be no stoppage in brood rearing at this season.

USEFUL SELF-DUMPING DRAG

Handy for Hauling Stones and Other Heavy Materials and Is Easily Overturned.

This sled works either side up, and form either end. It is handy for hauling stones and other heavy materials, and it can be overturned very easily and quickly. By putting a clevis in both ends it can be drawn both ways, and be adapted to a variety of uses.



Self-Dumping Drag.

Preventing Damp Corn.

It often happens that corn must be put in the crib while damp or not thoroughly dried out. In such cases injury often results from mold and freezing. I recently came across an excellent way of overcoming this difficulty, says a writer in an exchange. On a farm which I visited I noticed several buildings which looked like silos upon stilts. They were raised about four feet off the ground and had what appeared to be a spout at the bottom. Inquiry showed that the owner had made a slat bottom of 2 by 6 stuff and covered this with a wire net of one-quarter-inch mesh. Below this a tight bottom was placed and connected to a blower run by a 1½-horsepower gasoline engine, which forced a stream of air through the corn. He did the same thing with oats, which he completely dried in 1½ days. When put in the oats were very wet, but so successful was the method that he sold the whole crop for seed and did not have any kicks. The blower used was similar to that employed for small forges. These bins were 16 by 16 by 14 feet.

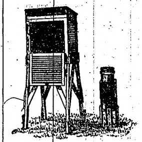
OBSERVE WEATHER ON FARMS

Common Thermometer, Properly Sheltered, Is Very Useful in Ascertaining Conditions.

(By DEWEY A. SEELEY.)

Realizing his dependence upon weather conditions, the farmer should know what warmth of soil is necessary to start germination and the amount of heat and moisture required later to bring the crop to successful maturity. Beginning with this knowledge, the need of actual observations through the use of accurate instruments follows in natural sequence, that he may be able to determine how nearly the weather conditions experienced are measuring up to the ideal.

Such records cannot be made, however, without the aid of good instruments, since the senses are more or less unreliable as weather recorders.



Thermometer Shed and Rain Gauge.

Even out-of-door workers are often misled regarding the temperature of the air or the amount of rainfall during a shower. Some days seem warm when the thermometer reads comparatively low, and others cool, although the temperature may be much higher. The thermometer alone can be depended upon to give the true temperature.

No matter how good a thermometer may be, it will not indicate the true temperature of the air unless it is properly exposed. The variations in temperature reported by neighbors in discussing how cold or how warm it was at a given time are more frequently due to lack of uniformity in the exposure of the instruments than to errors in the instruments themselves or to actual differences in temperature at the various locations.

In a proper exposure the thermometer should be protected from the direct rays of the sun as well as from the reflected heat of pavements, walls, etc., and at the same time should receive a free circulation of air all around it. If the sun shines upon the thermometer, the glass portions and the mercury are heated above the temperature of the surrounding air. In the same way the heat from the side of a building or from the surface of the ground may make the thermometer warmer than the free air.

The best place to expose a thermometer is in the center of a slat-sided box, two or three feet on a side, with a door opening to the north and having a double roof with an air space between as shown in the illustration.

In case such a shelter cannot be secured or constructed, the next best exposure is on the north wall of a building where the instrument will be protected as much as possible from the sun's rays and from the heat of surrounding objects.

Stingless Bees.

Mexican stingless bees are to be introduced into the state of Missouri as an aid in fruit culture.

Missouri has not realized until recently the absolute necessity of bees in the raising of fruit.

Millions of fruit trees have been planted over the state without a corresponding increase in the number of bees, the result being that only a small per cent. of the blossoms becomes pollenized, and consequently the fruit falls prematurely.

Soil Fertility.

One of the greatest problems before our country of the present time is the conservation of soil fertility; and its economical increase. Another half century of the wasteful and reckless manner of using the soil, as has been done in all sections of our country, will see the highest cost of living that has ever afflicted any nation.

The Potato Bits.

Look after the pits where potatoes and the like are stored, and make sure that there is enough earth or litter on them to protect the contents from the coldest weather. Neglect may cause serious loss.

Manure the Fields.

Manure the rhubarb and asparagus fields. Both crops do best where there is an abundance of vegetable matter in the soil.

FARM NOTES

A little moisture is needed to facilitate winter plowing.

The community proposition has much to commend it.

Keep the paint brush going until every implement on the place is covered.

If an agent tries to sell you tree paint chase him off the place. Trees do not need paint.

A pound or two of nails will make the fences all tight and save loss and hard feeling between neighbors.

Is the harness tied up with string anywhere? Take them off and do the best job of repairing you ever did.

Get out some stuff for whiffletrees. Keep a little on hand all the time, for you may need them before you know it.

If you have no silo, get a feed cutter and a gasoline engine, at any rate. They will pay for themselves in a single season if you have any animals to feed.

Have a bottle of rubber cement on hand and some good glue. Fix things, and do it while the other work is not pressing.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

MUNYON'S

EMINENT DOCTORS AT YOUR SERVICE FREE

We sweep away all doctor's charges. We put the best medical talent within everybody's reach. We encourage everyone who ails or thinks he ails to find out exactly what his state of health is. You can get our remedies here, at your drug store, or not at all, as you prefer; there is positively no charge for examination. Professor Munyon has prepared specifics for nearly every disease, which are sent prepaid on receipt of price, and sold by all druggists.

Send to-day for a copy of our medical examination blank and Guide to Health, which we will mail you promptly, and if you will answer all the questions, returning blank to us, our doctors will carefully diagnose your case and advise you fully, without a penny charge.

Address Munyon's Doctors, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d & Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Shoveling and Shaking

Does it seem as though you were always shoveling and shaking? That when not throwing coal on your fire you are either shaking it down or else sifting ashes?

These are the ordinary back-breaking conditions attending the use of coal—the ordinary fuel. To free yourself from further coal slavery

BUY MILWAUKEE

Solvay Coke

"The Fuel without a Fault"

Solvay Coke is light in weight—lasts longer and goes farther than hard coal—a healthful, smokeless fuel. Burns up clean—no ashes to shake or sift.

Solvay Coke is different from, and superior to, ordinary gas-house coke—is made by the patented Solvay process—practically pure carbon—the heat element of coal.

There's nothing so good for heating and cooking.

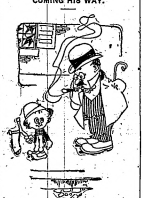
It can be used in any furnace, range, stove or grate suitable for coal.

2,000 dealers in the Northwest sell Milwaukee Solvay Coke—all sizes—ask your dealer, and write for interesting booklet of coke information to

PICKANDS, BROWN & COMPANY

Colby-Abbot Building - - Milwaukee, Wisconsin

COMING HIS WAY.



"What luck, my boy?"

"Oh! pretty fair. I got six winders, two lamp posts and one silk hat already."

His Ruling Passion.

The young man waited for the millionaire's reply.

"I don't blame you for wanting to marry my daughter," said the latter. "And now how much do you suppose you and she can worry along on?"

The youth brightened up.

"I—I think," he cheerfully stammered, "that $200,000 well invested, would produce a sufficient income."

The millionaire turned back to his papers.

"Very well," he said, "I will give you $100,000, providing you raise a similar amount."

And the young man went away sorrowing.

Seats of the Mighty.

"Have you investigated those charges against Biggun yet?" asked the intimate friend.

"Not yet," answered the distinguished statesman who was a member of the investigating committee. "All we have done is to hold an informal meeting and decide that he isn't guilty."

The Limit.

"Do you have much trouble with your automobile?"

"Trouble! Say, I couldn't have more if I was married to the blamed machine."—St. Louis Star.

Had Been in a Worse Scrape.

Damocles saw the suspended sword.

"That's nothing," he cried, "I've sat between two women with hatpins!"

Thus they saw he could not be scared.

Blue Monday.

"Do you know why we call this day Blue Monday?"

"Maybe it's because so much blueing is used."—Judge.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES

315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.

(Use address nearest you.) 39

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS

MORE EGGS

I have discovered a great secret—how to make 100 hens lay 80 eggs a day in winter; failure impossible; I prove it by sending my successful method on FREE TRIAL; you pay for it only when your hens lay. Send 4 cts. in stamps TODAY to Mrs. L. Alley, Dept. 11, New Madrid, Mo.

The men whose time is worth most use the Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., NO. 1-1911.

FAVORITE
PRESCRIPTION
CHRONIC WEAKNESSES

Honored by Women

When a woman speaks of her silent secret suffering she trusts you. Millions have bestowed this mark of confidence on Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Everywhere there are women who bear witness to the wonder-working, curing-power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription which saves the suffering sex from pain, and successfully grapples with woman's weaknesses and stubborn ills.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG

IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

GOVERNOR EBERHART'S MESSAGE

MINNESOTA CHIEF EXECUTIVE GIVES OUT HIS ANNUAL COMMUNICATION TO THE LEGISLATURE.

St. Paul—The annual message of Gov. A. O. Eberhart was read to the legislature. In brief he said:

The people of Minnesota in the election of 1910 have seen fit to place the control of all branches and departments of state government in the hands of the Republican party, thereby charging that party with a double responsibility. This act of confidence on the part of the people confers upon the legislative and executive branches of our state government, not only the opportunity, but the solemn duty and mandate of helpful and responsive co-operation to the end that the will of the people and their highest public interest and welfare shall find a prompt and hearty response in wise and progressive legislation as well as vigorous and efficient administration. In this cause I pledge you the most earnest and effective co-operation within my power as chief of the executive department, and to you I look with the utmost confidence and expectation for support in carrying into legislative enactment the practical reforms which the needs of our commonwealth and the progressive thought of our time demand at our hands.

I believe that the time has arrived in the history of this state, when the public good, or, to use the language of the constitution, when the security, benefit and protection of the people demand a radical modification and reform in certain phases of our state administration.

We have just completed the first half century of our development as a state. We are no longer dependent upon pioneer experiments and ancient makeshifts. We are prepared to establish our system of state government on the most scientific and progressive principles of civics and economics. Before the installation of any reform, however, we wish to assure ourselves that it can stand the test of experience as practical and business like, that it conduces to public economy and efficiency, and that it represents the true interests, welfare and prosperity of the people as a whole.

Importance of Efficient Administration.

The Governor is the chief administrative officer of the state, and is rightly held responsible by the people for the enforcement of the laws and the efficient administration of the business affairs of the state. Under our present laws the Governor is by law constituted an active member of sixteen boards, some of which administer business affairs during the year running into the millions. Anyone can readily see that it is absolutely a physical impossibility for the governor to be advised with reference to the details of such enormous business transactions that he may act intelligently for the best interests of the people of the state. As prominent examples I would mention the drainage and timber boards. The state of Minnesota spends large sums of money every year for drainage, and I have every reason to believe that the expenditure of this money by the drainage board of this state has brought the best results, but as a member of the board I cannot of my own knowledge assure the people of the state that the best results have in all cases been obtained.

In the case of oil inspection, this department should be entirely abolished and its work performed by the dairy and food department. In the case of boiler inspection, this work should be performed by expert inspectors in the labor department, who should be amply compensated for their work and who should travel throughout the state in the performance of their duties, devoting all their time thereto. The fees collected should be based on boiler capacity and paid into the state treasury. With reference to the inspection of logs and lumber, this could be performed by inspectors under the forestry commissioner, and the fees collected therefor turned over to the state as in other cases.

Bureau of Public Domain.

An examination of government land office records from the date of the first homestead act down to June 8, 1909, indicates that something over one-third of our total state domain, or approximately 18,000,000 acres, has been patented to settlers under the several homestead acts. Timber culture entries in Minnesota, under the act of 1877, aggregate approximately 2,100,000 acres, and timber and stone entries, under the act of 1878, account for 1,275,000 acres additional.

The amount of unappropriated lands belonging to the general government open to settlement in Minnesota, as shown by the land office report of 1909 is 1,450,955 acres, of which 187,000 are unsurveyed.

Minnesota State Lands.

Under the various acts of Congress granting lands to the several states, Minnesota is entitled to 9,680,118.47 acres, as follows:

	acres
School lands	2,977,523.39
Agricultural college lands	124,429.28
Internal improvement	500,000.00
Swamp lands	5,853,520.68
Public building lands	6,395.12
Salt spring lands	46,080.00
University lands	92,160.00

Up to July 31, 1910, patents had been received from the general government for the several classes of state lands, as follows:

	acres
School lands	2,950,060.77
Agricultural college lands	94,439.28
Internal improvement land	499,652.51
Swamp lands	4,492,941.48
Public building lands	6,395.12
Salt spring lands	44,920.60
University lands	91,682.96
	8,181,102.72

This leaves a balance of 1,419,015.75 acres, according to the record of the state, yet to be approved and patented.

Approximately 2,800,000 acres of school, university, agricultural, college, internal improvement, swamp and salt spring lands have been sold, and the proceeds invested for the various educational and other permanent trust funds, which on July 3, 1910, are reported by the Auditor, as follows:

Permanent school fund	$21,002,571.27
Permanent university fund	1,448,798.97
Internal improvement land fund	2,944,597.57
Swamp land fund	1,581,255.20
	$27,077,223.41

The Auditor, as ex-officio state land commissioner, reports on hand unsold in the possession of the state and its institutions at this time 2,426,405 acres, as follows:

	acres
School land	910,570.54
University land	22,170.95
Internal improvement land	7,757.71
Swamp land	1,515,906.14

In addition to the above holdings, the auditor estimates that there is still due from the general government 600,000 acres of selected swamp and indemnity school lands, bringing the total up to approximately 3,000,000 acres, as the total public domain to be administered in the interest of our public schools and other state institutions, as well as the general public.

Department of State Lands.

The necessity of amending our present laws and methods of handling state lands, with the organization to that end of a separate state land department, is now generally admitted. If the State of Minnesota expects to sell its land, and induce settlers to buy the same, in my opinion the law should be so amended as to permit of sales being made every day in the year by the respective county auditors, and upon terms, that, while fair not only to the state and the settler, will also be in the nature of inducement to the latter, and a separate land department organized.

Department of Forestry.

The original forest area of Minnesota is estimated at over one-half of the total land surface of the state, or approximately 28,000,000 acres. The present forest area may be estimated as covering less than one-fourth of the state, or approximately 13,000,000 acres.

Of our total wooded area 1,294,486 acres are set aside as a national forest reserve and nearly 2,000,000 acres more represent unsurveyed government forest lands largely in the Indian reservations, making a total of over 3,000,000 acres of national government holdings in Minnesota. The state forest reserves aggregate about 40,000 acres. The total standing timber in twenty-one counties now partly covered by forests is estimated by the forest commissioner at about twenty billion feet, nearly one-half of which is supposed to be pine. At the present average lumber cut of a billion feet a year, it would take about twenty years, without the help of forest fires, to complete the denudation of a state which once had one of the greatest and most varied forest areas.

It would seem as though the necessity of placing the public forest under scientific and business like administration were so plain to the general public and to the members of this legislature, that argument should be unnecessary. The state has just experienced another chapter of horrors in connection with the Rainy River Valley forest fires, which should be sufficient to demonstrate the necessity of improved forest administration. But the Hinckley, Chisholm and Beaudette fires, with their losses aggregating millions of dollars worth of property and many human lives, tell only a part of the sad story. To this we must add losses by trespass and depredation, and loss by neglect of growing forests as well as loss of opportunities for reforestation. It is estimated that the aggregate forest resources of Minnesota are worth $100,000,000, which is the strongest possible argument for adequate methods of protection, development and administration.

The forest problems of our state have been sadly neglected. For protection against forest fires, Minnesota spends less than one-fourth of what is required for effective results, and in the way of practical forest administration conducts only a few scattered experiments with nothing like a comprehensive, scientific and businesslike system of forestry. The cost of forest fire protection should be borne by the benefitted forest property on the basis of an insurance risk, private timber holdings paying their pro rata share of the cost. On this basis, the cost of fire protection need not be materially increased against the general taxpayer, and then only as he gets liberal returns for insurance against loss.

As showing that our timber lands justify on business grounds reasonable expenditure for administration, I present herewith the auditor's statement of pine lumber cut from Minnesota state lands for the past six years:

	No. of ft.	Amt. obtained	Average per M
1905	52,518,325	$352,992.23	6.72
1906	63,849,250	430,505.34	6.74
1907	54,244,210	446,539.70	8.23
1908	70,260,550	549,559.97	7.81
1909	25,692,170	217,011.26	8.45
1910	14,265,600	116,732.05	8.19

The above receipts are from pine logging only. Expert forestry administration would largely pay for itself in utilizing grades and classes of timber, pulp-wood and fuel, which the state as yet makes little attempt to market. Revenue from wise and scientific cuttings and sales, and the removal of dead and down timber, would pay for cost of administration, while at the same time aiding the growth of young timber of desirable classes. I believe that, even from the beginning, Minnesota will find scientific forestry a source of revenue, instead of expense, and that, if we stop the present loss and depletion without further delay, we shall each year find our state forest a growing source of public revenue, and a blessing to the people instead of, as today, a source of peril to life and property.

Department of Geology and Mines.

After mining and shipping to the furnaces 254,000,000 tons of iron ore, the world's record of production, Minnesota has now definitely located a body of ore, amounting to 1,347,596,000 tons, which is one-third of the available and merchantable ore of the United States and upon which taxes are paid into the state treasury. Minnesota iron ore shipments this season exceed 30,000,000 tons, which is 72 per cent. of the total production of the Lake Superior region, about 60 per cent of that of North America, and perhaps one-fifth of that of the world. And yet Minnesota has no state department of mines, and not even, in operation at this time, the usual geological survey, found in most of the states of the Union.

From the standpoint of good business management there can be only one thing to do and that is to establish a new geological survey and department of mines, and, following the example of Wisconsin, Michigan and Missouri, make such appropriations from year to year as are necessary to maintain a department of geology and mines worthy of our great mineral industry and resources.

Departments of Waterways.

One fifteenth of Minnesota's surface consists of lakes and streams. Our water area approximates 4,000,000 acres. It is estimated that the aggregate power of known available falls and rapids in Minnesota is about 500,000 horse power, of which considerably less than one-half is now utilized for industrial purposes. In other words, the available waterpower of the state, as at present surveyed, is equivalent to over 3,000,000 tons of coal per annum, developed into industrial power.

Besides the resources of our water powers, there are the resources of our waterways. The Mississippi River as a water power developed Minneapolis, Little Falls and other milling towns. The Mississippi as a waterway created St. Paul, St. Cloud, Red Wing, Winona and a score of other river towns. But the greatest waterway asset of the state is Lake Superior. The cheap and easily available transportation facilities of the Great Lakes system are wholly responsible for the development of our iron ore wealth and for the larger share of our logging, lumber, coal, wheat, flour and general jobbing business. As compared with the average rail charge of $7.50 per ton for a haul of one thousand miles, the Great Lakes route transports a ton of iron ore one thousand miles for 80 cents and brings back a ton of coal for 30 cents. This is the miracle of transportation, which has been perhaps the greatest factor in northwestern development. It is our great transportation asset, Lake Superior, that places Duluth for all business purposes as near as Chicago to the Atlantic seaboard, while situated five hundred miles nearer the markets of the Pacific and the great trade empire which lies between Lake Superior and Puget Sound.

Department of Agriculture and Immigration.

Minnesota possesses the greatest agricultural resources of any state in the Union, and yet it is one of the few states which have no centrally organized department of agriculture. Of her 45,000,000 acres of agricultural lands, less than 50 per cent are under cultivation, and this 50 per cent should yield, under proper methods of administration, from 50 to 100 per cent greater returns than are now realized.

As showing what other states are doing in this line, Missouri has one of the best organized departments of agriculture, in charge of ten officers and specialists. This department works in harmony with the agricultural schools and colleges, the livestock breeders, corn growers, state dairy association, swine growers and breeders, sheep breeders, highway engineers, and home-makers conference. The Pennsylvania department appears to be modelled somewhat after that of the general government, with a secretary of agriculture, and such special bureaus, as dairy and food, livestock, veterinary science, agricultural chemistry, and specialists in all the various branches of agricultural science and industry. Before the organization of that department in 1895 there had been a steady decrease in the value of the state farm production for over twenty years, the value of the 1890 product being one-third less than that of 1870. The wonderful results of this organization appeared immediately in the census returns of 1900 when the farm products of Pennsylvania showed a gain in value over 1890 of 70 per cent.

Minnesota in 1909 turned out an agricultural product estimated as worth over $427,000,000, or about $215.00 per capita.

Minnesota is the first state in the Union in wheat production, with a record yield of 94,000,000 bushels; but the 1909 average of 16.8 bushels per acre, though above the average for the country at large, is only half that of the best wheat sections of Europe or even that of Minnesota in the earlier days.

The state has done much to encourage scientific agriculture; what we now need is to make co-operative and effective under a well-directed central organization the many lines of agricultural activity now in progress in the several directions. We have one of the greatest agricultural colleges and farm schools in the country, with three fairly well-equipped experiment stations, and a farmers' institute or traveling lecture course.

That greater organization in agricultural education and industry is absolutely essential, is well known and generally admitted. An appalling annual loss of soil fertility from unscientific methods of tillage has been demonstrated to a mathematical certainty. The late federal census returns show an actual decrease in number of farms in several of our older counties, amounting to as high as 200 to 300 farms per county. As many as twenty-eight Minnesota counties, located not only in the older southern districts, but in the central and western sections of the state, show less population in 1910 than in 1900.

Department of Public Highways.

We have made a modest beginning in the development of a state highway system, and are moving slowly in the right direction. In four years, under the 1-20 of a mill levy, $264,000, or an average of $66,000 a year, has been available as state aid and distributed among the counties on the basis of $1.00 paid by the state as against $2.00 by the county, and nearly all the counties have availed themselves of this allotment and complied with the regulations of the State Highway Commission. Under the ¼ of a mill tax, which is available under the Constitutional Amendment, on the condition of the State paying one-half the cost of the state roads, it is possible for this legislature, on the present state valuation, to provide the state highway system with an annual appropriation of $300,000. This provision will place Minnesota in the rank of the eight leading states in good-roads legislation.

Doubtless there will be laid before you during this session a bill for a greatly improved and strengthened state highway act. One of its purposes is to serve as an enabling act to put into effect the new constitutional amendment. Another provision will authorize the county board of each county to appoint a competent road builder as county superintendent of highways, who shall act under the supervision of the state highway commission, in harmony with the plan successfully adopted by some of the Atlantic States. The act may likewise authorize the state highway commission and its engineer to name district engineers for the various sections of the state in accord with New York, Massachussetts and Connecticut plan. Certainly, the proposed act should give our state engineer a salary more nearly commensurate with his responsible expert duties.

According to the report of the state board of health, there occurred in this state 3,075 deaths frmo preventable disease during the year 1908, and 3,426 deaths during the year 1909.

The great problem to be solved is one of prevention rather than cure, and consists largely in the enforcement of sanitation laws in our cities, schools, and homes. That the present board of health has been efficient and rendered the state inestimable service there can be no doubt, but the possibility of the future cannot be measured by the achievements of the past. In this department, perhaps more than in any other, it is absolutely essential that there should be co-operation with other departments. Scarcely a question of any importance in the departments of education and labor comes up for consideration that does not also involve some question of public health. Under the present system of organization, this co-operation is very difficult. The state should encourage closer relations between its educational institutions and the administrative service, thereby not only insuring better service to the public but strengthening the institutions. In the sanitary inspection of cities, schools and hotels, in planning and constructing city water and sewers systems, and in the analysis of drinking water, the university should furnish a large amount of expert help, and the benefits resulting from such co-operation would be mutual. The function of a great university is not merely academic. It provides scientific aid and means of development in every phase of vocational, business and professional life.

The state health department should be authorized to inspect and control sanitation of hotels in the state. Under the present statutes, hotel inspection has been very unsatisfactory. The inspection service in hotels, as elsewhere, should be on a salary basis and the fees collected paid into the state treasury. But this department can accomplish little when handicapped by such lack of support as in the past. The importance of the department warrants larger appropriations and no member of the legislature can justify himself in refusing to appropriate the necessary funds for protecting the health and life of his constituents. I therefore earnestly recommend for your most careful consideration the needs of this department.

Department of Education.

Forty per cent of the entire volume of revenue collected and disbursed in Minnesota during the past year for state, county, city, village, and township government, approximately, $16,000,000,—was expended for public education. The state appropriations for education were $5,200,000, being two-thirds of the net cost of state government. Almost exactly 22 per cent of our population, or about 441,000, is enrolled in our high and graded, semi-graded and rural schools, as compared with 17 per cent for New England, and 16 per cent for New York. As showing the per capita investment for education in our various schools, the superintendent of public instruction finds that we paid last year $18.79 per capita for 222,000 pupils in semi-graded and rural schools, $34.72 per capita for 218,000 pupils in high and graded schools, $31.30 per capita for about 3,600 in normal schools, and $177.39 per capita for 5,369 attendants at the state university and agricultural schools and college. The investment in our 8,500 school houses exceeds $28,500,000, there having been constructed during the past two years 520 buildings, at a cost of $4,200,000. Our permanent school fund today exceeds $21,000,000, an increase of $1,293,000 from proceeds of timber, mineral and agricultural lands during the past two years. The teachers number over 15,000, and the school libraries contain 1,200,000 volumes.

No state department has more important functions to perform than that of education, and yet there is perhaps not a department today which is handicapped in its efficiency by such complicated executive machinery.

The expansion of the public school system and the increasing multiplicity of educational institutions call for greatly increased administrative force and greater specialization of work. Thirty-three states have enlarged the scope and powers of the state department of public instruction by creating state boards of education. Arduous demands upon our state department of public instruction in supervising a school system which calls for the expenditure of nearly $16,000,000 of local taxes and state appropriations annually, suggest that the time has come in our educational history, when the administration of all educational affairs should be placed in the hands of a strong state board of education. This board should be non-partisan and removed as far as possible from politics by giving the members six-year terms, terminating alternately one every two years. The board members should have specialized training and duties; one a specialist in common and industrial schools, another in higher education, and the third in school finance. To this board should be entrusted the management of all educational affairs and institutions of the state with the exception of the normal schools and the state university. It should appoint the state superintendent, the state librarian, and all inspectors in the entire school system, all of whom should be likewise selected with reference to educational qualifications and without regard to political affiliations. These considerations seem to me sufficient to urge upon the legislature the establishment of such a board and the submission to the people of the necessary constitutional amendment. A similar provision should be made with reference to county boards of education, so that the county superintendent can be selected purely with reference to merit and qualifications. If the legislature deems this inadvisable, there should be submitted for adoption by the people a constitutional amendment requiring county superintendents to possess specific educational qualifications.

The advantages of the consolidated school system are so well known as to make anything but a mere mention unnecessary. The principal argument used against the consolidation of the rural school is that of expense. The experience of eighteen hundred completely consolidated schools and two thousand partially consolidated schools in thirty-two states of the union, has completely demonstrated that the average expense is very little above that of the best district school, and when the items of transportation of pupils to and from the consolidated schools, and the study of a large number of branches not taught there, as well as the greater efficiency, are taken into consideration, the consolidated school becomes the cheapest school in our entire educational system.

Department of State Institutions.

During the past biennial period there has been no occasion to criticise the management of our state institutions and the state board of control is entitled to great credit for its work.

The hospitals and asylums are crowded beyond capacity, and the legislature should provide for the necessary extensions. Perhaps the greatest neglect on the part of the state is in failing to provide a reformatory for women. The suggestion made by the board of control that a new institution be provided with two separate departments, one a reformatory and the other a prison for women, should be adopted, as it is essential in the proper treatment and reformation of these inmates.

Another question of considerable importance with reference to the care of criminals is the enactment of a law authorizing the court, except in case of murder, to impose an indeterminate sentence. I am firmly convinced that there would be more convictions for murder in the first degree if either capital punishment were abolished, or imposed only in extreme cases, and then only upon the order of the court or the unanimous recommendation of the jury.

TAXATION AND COST OF GOVERNMENT.

Cost of government in Minnesota for the last fiscal year, ending July 31, 1910, as estimated by the state tax commission is as follows:

Year ending July 31, 1910.	Total net cost.	Per Capita.
State government	$7,527,000	$3.36
County and township	19,606,000	8.75
City and village	16,259,000	7.26
Total	$43,392,000	$20.00

making an approximate average per capita.

So far as the general taxpayer is concerned, the state government cost last year only $3,250,000, or about $1.50 per capita, and one-fifth of this was borne by the steel company and iron ore interests. As compared with $3,250,000 which general taxpayers paid into the state treasury last year, the state collected more than four times as much, or $14,800,000 form all sources, distributed as follows: $3,250,000, general taxes; $5,640,000, special taxes, such as taxes on corporate earnings and inheritances; $2,500,000, earnings of departments and institutions; and $3,410,000, receipts from lands, royalties, stumpage, investments, interest, and miscellaneous. Accordingly, in return for the $3,250,000 contributed by general taxpayers, the state government reimbursed this amount and collects $11,550,000 additional from other sources. In disbursing these collections, the state government distributes to general taxpayers in the 85 counties $5,200,000 for education, $3,400,000 for institutions of correction and charity, while the three main divisions of state government, legislative, judicial and executive, require for support only about $1,200,000, or less than 10 per cent of the aggregate collections.

The total assessed valuation of Minnesota, as equalized by the tax commission for 1910, is $1,222,400,000, an increase of $130,780,000, or 12 per cent, over 1909. Of this valuation, approximately $210,000,000 is personal, an increase of nearly $17,000,000 over 1909. Real property is assessed for 1910 at $1,012,400,000, an increase of $113,300,000. Increases in real values over 1908 were $44,400,000 on mineral properties, $44,900,000 on city property, and only $24,400,000 on acre property.

Iron-ore valuation for 1910 is $224,669,000, an increase of $20,100,000 over 1909 and $44,400,000 over 1908. In 1906, before the organization of the tax commission, iron ore valuations were $64,400,000. In four years taxable iron ore valuations have been increased by the tax commission over $180,000,000, or 280 per cent. Omitting reference to the much larger revenues which iron mines turn into local, county, city, village, township and school district treasuries, than into the state treasury, the latter alone now receives from the steel company and other iron interests, as the state's share of the 1910 tax, over $618,000, as against $180,000 in 1906, an increase of $435,000, or 240 per cent. in four years. Farmers and other land owners of Minnesota may be interested in the fact, that, of the total assessed valuation amounting to $592,000,000 on lands exclusive of city and village lots, $224,600,000, or not quite 40 per cent, represents mineral land values. All things considered, Minnesota under present laws and administration appears to be making good in the direction of scientific and just taxation.

Your honorable body will receive from the tax commission an exhaustive report on state taxation, one of the ablest and most comprehensive ever submitted on that subject and contains a number of excellent recommendations.

Telephone taxes for the two years ending July 31, 1910, were $284,000, compared with $195,000 for the two years ending July 31, 1908, an increase of $89,000, or 45 per cent. Examination by the public examiner's department, pursuant to supreme court decisions, recovered $22,554 of net revenue. Under the authority of the 1909 gross earnings act, the joint administration of the tax commission and public examiner's department, relative to telephone accounts and taxes, resulted in adding to the tax list for the year ending July 31, 1910, as compared with 1909, a total of 187 new companies, $1,047,680 of additional gross earnings, and $31,260 of increased taxes. Further legislation is now desired giving statutory form to the executive rules and decisions construing and applying the gross earnings act, especially with reference to co-operative, mutual and rural telephone lines and telephone accounting, in order that all classes of companies may be dealt with justly and in accord with their respective business conditions.

State Finances.

At no time in the history of the state were the finances in better condition. The revenue fund is greater by nearly a million dollars than it was a year ago. I fully agree with the state auditor and the investment board that $850,000 should be appropriated for the purpose of retiring state capitol certificates. This will reduce the interest-bearing debt of the state and place this amount in the school fund where it can be loaned to counties and municipalities for public improvements. A large number of loans approved by the investment board are still pending for lack of funds, and since it is unquestionably poor business policy to sell bonds owned by the state on a depressed bond market, I would respectfully recommend that the legislature immediately authorize the retiring of capitol certificates in the amount suggested, so that the pending applications for municipal and county loans can be granted to that extent.

Department of Public Examiner.

As a check upon irregularities in accounting and illegal expenditures, the legislature of Minnesota many years ago created the department of public examiner, to whose scrutiny the great volume of financial operations by the state are subjected. The public examiner is also required by law to check and verify the statements of all corporations paying gross earnings taxes, which implies the examination of about $150,000,000 of corporation earnings annually. He also exercises supervision over school districts, township, and village accounts, upon request of the county board. The law creating the department is fully justified by results, and other states are following Minnesota's example. From a financial standpoint, this department has been an exceptionally good investment, as it has recovered into the state treasury enormous sums of money, but even though it could not discover one mistake in a year's transactions, its existence as an accounting office is fully warranted.

Reapportionment.

Of all the important questions to be decided by the present legislature, that of reapportionment will be watched with the greatest interest by the people of the state. Our government was founded upon the principle, that taxation without representation is unjust, and every step forward since has been in defense of that great principle. Since the organization of our state there never existed greater inequalities as to representation. In some sections of Minnesota 12,000 people elect a senator, and in other sections it requires 62,000; in some sections 5,000 people elect a representative and in other sections it requires 32,000. Section 2, Article IV. of our Constitution guarantees to the people fair representation in the law making bodies, and that guarantee should be sufficient authority for legislative action at this session. In addition thereto both political parties have pledged themselves in the strongest terms possible to carry the will of the people into effect as expressed by their representatives in both conventions and to give the people of the state a fair reapportionment law at this session. With these conditions confronting us there cannot possibly be a valid excuse for any member to oppose the enactment of a law supported by every principle of right and justice, secured to the people by the constitution, and definitely promised by both political parties through their representatives in convention. Nothing but purely personal and selfish excuses can be reasons for opposition to this measure. It is true, small districts are unwilling to give up their present ration of representation, but there is no way in which that ratio can be maintained without very large increase in both the senate and house of representatives. No increase should be made in the senate or house of representatives, especially in the former. The Minnesota senate is already too large as compared with other states in the Union. In the interest of better legislation, as well as adequate representation, Minnesota would be better off with a constitutional limitation of fifty senators and from 120 to 125 representatives. That number would be sufficient for all purposes, and, as applied to the senate, as great as other states in the Union.

Relief of Forest Fire Sufferers.

Reference should be made at this time to the effects of the forest fire disaster in northern Minnesota, and the necessity for relief of the settlers who lost their homes and personal effects in that disaster.

The prompt and generous response of the people of Minnesota to my call for relief has so far provided means for meeting the temporary needs of this situation, but I am advised by the Red Cross Relief Committee that something in the way of further aid must be extended to these people. I would therefore urge the legislature to consider this matter at an early date and extend such relief as shall be adequate and equitable.

Trials of the Bank Clerk

Through Them All He Sticks to Post, Preserves Self Respect and Respect of Others.

One occasionally hears of a defalcation on the part of a clerk in a bank, trust company or other financial institution; but, considering the number of men so employed, the proportion that fail of absolute honesty is small indeed. The young man who is always neat, always courteous, always at his desk to enter your credits or point out your errors seldom forgets that he is dealing with the property of other people; yet as bad influences, as bad environment, as bad examples as are brought to bear upon him from any source frequently emanate right in banking circles, possibly within the very institution which he serves faithfully for a very small salary.

Unfairness in administration is perhaps before him every day; handling of securities and money by the heads of institutions in ways that would be thought improper (not to say dishonest) if employed by the bookkeeper or check clerk is often done with his knowledge and with the knowledge of his fellow clerks; yet he sticks to his post and seldom fails to preserve his self respect and deserve the respect of others.—I. F. Ferris in Leslie's.

Smarter Than Most.

The Old Guy—"Huh! Driving an automobile, eh? Young man, when I started in life I had to walk." The Young Chap—"You were smarter than most, sir. When I first started in life I couldn't walk."

Something.

"Can you keep anything on your stomach?" the ship's doctor asked. "No, sir," he returned, feebly, "nothing but my hand."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Here's a Real Jail De Luxe

Yorkville, N. Y., Provides Free Telephones, Baths, Napkins, Postage and Paper for Prisoners.

Workmen have been installing electric lights in the cells of the Yorkville police court prison as a part of the scheme to make it comfortable and pleasant for the men and women who are either fortunate or unfortunate enough to be locked up there.

They are able to take a shower bath or a tub bath with hot or cold water. Their meals are served to them in their cells and along with each meal a napkin is now supplied.

"Say, waiter, where's dem cigarettes I ordered? De grub's all right, but I must have me smoke," said one of the prisoners who had been arrested for sleeping in a hallway a few days ago.

The telephone in the prison is kept pretty busy for sometime after the prisoners arrive. Under the law each prisoner is entitled to one telephone message free. They must be told their rights. Some of them never think of the telephone until informed of their rights, and then they want all that is coming to them.

"I want to telephone to Rafferty at the Olive Tree Inn that I won't be out for ten days," a prisoner said to a keeper.

He was allowed to use the phone, but Rafferty was not at the inn. Nineteen telephone calls were sent out in one morning.

Each prisoner is entitled to a postage stamp, sheet of paper and envelope. They all take what they are entitled to and the letter carrier on that route now carries a larger bag.

When the electric lights are completed it is likely that the prisoners will demand that the city furnish daily newspapers and magazines to relieve the tediousness of the time in the cells.—New York Evening Sun.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Jan. 4.—The thirty-seventh session of the Minnesota legislature is open at the state capitol.

The first day's business covered the routine, that of preliminary organization and the formal election of the Republican nominees for legislative offices who were selected at the caucus.

Members Sworn In.

At the opening of the session Chief Justice Start swore in the new members of the senate and Associate Justice Brown swore in the members of the house. In the house the election of the speaker was first considered. H. H. Dunn was placed in nomination by George A. MacKenzie of Gaylord. E. L. Kelley placed Albert Pfaender in nomination for the Democrats and Representative Morton nominated C. L. Selerud of Halstad for the Prohibition party. The roll call showed a vote of 80 for Dunn, 23 for Pfaender, and one Prohibitionist not voting.

H. H. Dunn was given an ovation when the result was announced. Julius Schmahl, secretary of state, who presided during the preliminary organization, appointed a committee, consisting of Messrs. George A. MacKenzie, Robert C. Dunn, Wescott, O'Brien, and Keefe, to notify Mr. Dunn of his election and escort him to the room.

Mr. Dunn spoke briefly, thanking the members for the honor conferred upon him. He immediately called for the roll of business. The slate of house employes nominated at the Republican caucus Monday night went through without a hitch.

R. C. Dunn introduced a resolution providing that the rules adopted by the last legislature obtain at this session pending the report of the rules committee. The resolution also provided that no bills be introduced on the first day of the session. It was adopted.

Speaker Dunn then appointed the committee on rules, whose membership is as follows: McKenzie, C. E. Stone, Congdon, Fowler and Wescott. The request of the Democratic members to have a representation on this committee was denied.

Speaker Dunn announced the following house employes: Mary Gibbons of Princeton, clerk on general assignments; Fanny Larson of St. Paul, stenographer to the chief clerk; George J. Schillo of Sibley county and C. W. Borgey of Hennepin county, doorkeepers, and William Lovely of Hennepin clerk of the gallery

Other Officers.

Chief Clerk—Oscar Arneson, Seventh district.

Assistant Chief Clerk—G. O. Hage, Ninth district.

Second Assistant Clerk — Jerome Rice, Minneapolis, Fifth district.

Enrolling Clerk — R. J. Thoreen, Fourth district.

Engrossing Clerk—Crawford Sheldon, Sixth district.

Sergeant-at-arms—George H. Dean, Eighth district.

Assistant Sergeant-at-arms—Barney Seiz, Third district.

Postmaster—William Scanlon, Minneapolis, Fifth district.

Assistant Postmaster—O. O. Holman, Second district.

Chaplain—Moses M. Maxwell, St. Paul, Fourth district.

J. D. O'Brien of St. Paul who was elected chairman, appointed the following steering committee to handle the interests of the Democratic members: Albert Pfaender, New Ulm; C. Robinson, St. Charles; J. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; Frank Minnette of Sauk Center and Lawrence Wisnewski of Foley.

A moment after noon, Lieutenant Governor Gordon took his chair in the senate. He was followed by Chief Justice Start, who administered the oath of office to the senators. Senator Culler, of Shakopee, a Democrat, was elected temporary secretary. The slate adopted by the Republican senate caucus was carried without incident.

The following senate employes were selected without opposition:

President—Lieut. Gov. S. Y. Gordon, Browns Valley.

Secretary—George W. Peachey, Owatonno.

First Assistant Secretary — W. A. Simonton, Glenwood.

Second Assistant Secretary—C. A. Anderson.

Engrossing Clerk—S. G. L. Roberts, Pine City.

Enrolling Clerk—Carl Anderson, St. Paul.

Sergeant-at-Arms—J. H. Ege, Minneapolis.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—A. A. Christianson, Tracy.

Chaplain—Rev. Andrew D. Stowe, Minneapolis.

Secretary to Lieutenant Governor—J. S. Arneson.

Mr. Gordon then announced the appointment of the committee on rules, as follows: Rockne, Clague, Cashman, Gunderson, Fosseen, Johnson, V. L. Haycraft, Rustad and Boyle. He also announced the appointment of the following senate employes:

A Native Son.

When Speaker Dunn stands up in his "chair" in the house, his head will be somewhere up in the dome. He is probably the tallest man that ever occupied that chair.

If there ever was an "Abe" Lincoln type of man in Minnesota politics, H. H. Dunn is the man. He is as tall as the rail splitter and just as thin. His face is smooth shaven, and his features are keen and rugged. His bushy black hair falls over on one side and looks like a shock of alfalfa that has been dyed black.

The new speaker usually wears a long black coat and a black string tie completes the sombre effect. It is only when the Albert Lea man gets into action that the sombreness fades away and then he is all fire and action.

Mr. Dunn is a native of Minnesota. His father's people were Scotch-Irish and his mother's people came from Virginia, which possibly accounts for Mr. Dunn's typically Southern appearance.

The man who will be speaker, unless the unexpected should happen, was born in Jackson county, Minnesota, Oct. 29, 1876, 43 years ago. His parents were pioneers. Mr. Dunn was born in a sod shanty and he still owns the old farm on which he was born in Jackson county, and the sod shanty is still standing.

Mr. Dunn went to Fairmont, where he practiced law for six years, and made his first entrance into politics. Frank A. Day, head of the Democratic organization, had become lieutenant governor, when Governor Knute Nelson became United States senator and Dave Clough became governor.

Mr. Day was president pro tem of the senate and the claim was made that he was no longer a senator and Mr. Dunn was elected to his place. Both Mr. Day and Mr. Dunn were Republicans in those days.

In 1898 Mr. Dunn went to Albert Lea and formed a law partnership with the late John L. Lovely. When Mr. Lovely was elected to the supreme court Mr. Dunn took over his law practice, and after Mr. Lovely's retirement the partnership was resumed. After Mr. Lovely's death Mr. Dunn continued the firm.

Senate Employes Named.

Messenger to lieutenant governor, F. G. Tuttle; second assistant secretary, C. A. Anderson; third assistant secretary, E. A. Nelson; fourth assistant secretary, D. W. Meeker; assistant enrolling clerk, N. E. Hutchinson; assistant engrossing clerk, William E. McGee; first assistant sergeant-at-arms, A. A. Christianson; second assistant sergeant-at-arms, S. E. Fay; clerk engrossing committee, Henry Lokensgaard; janitor senate chamber, W. H. Lake; assistant janitor, John H. Dillingham; postoffice messenger, Anton Hanson; keeper of cloak room, Albert Boerner; doorkeeper, Ole Anderson; assistant doorkeeper, M. F. Doty; sergeant-at-arms of retiring room, John Bucknell; sergeant-at-arms of committee rooms, Steve Ecklund; file clerk, O. E. Dieson; assistant file clerk, Alfred O. Schmidt; clerk of judiciary committee, W. H. Hodgman; assistant clerk judiciary committee, James D. Doran; clerk committees on railroads, municipal corporations, rules, C. E. Johnson; clerk committees on taxes and tax laws, federal legislation, public parks, manufactures, F. A. Wilson; clerk committees on general legislation, forestry and fire protection, game and fish laws, state training schools, Ray Johnson; clerk committees on state prison, election, state, public schools, geological survey, C. M. Wilkinson; clerk committees on labor, education, normal schools, deaf, dumb and blind, military affairs, R. S. Myers; clerk committees on state soldiers' home, public buildings, public accounts, university lands, state fair, M. W. Williams; clerk committees on corporations, legislative expenses, public parks, libraries, printing, dairy products and livestock, Henry James; clerk committees on temperance, insurance, mines, and minerals, illuminating oils, O. O. Distad; clerk committees on banks and banking, immigration, roads and bridges, public lands, P. H. Simmons; clerk committees on grain and warehouse, agriculture, towns and counties, drainage, hospitals for insane, N. C. Koel; clerk committees to be assigned, Anna Connors; stenographer to judiciary committee, Edward Hagen; stenographer to finance committee, Harry Lemont; general stenographers, Miss K. H. Hansen, Mrs. W. A. Nowed, Anna Fering, Alta Kingsley and Emma Paulson.

The governor's message was read Tuesday noon.

IOWA WIFE SLAYER IS CAUGHT

Recently Released From Asylum and May Be Returned.

Keokuk, Iowa. — After shooting and killing his wife in a fit of insane rage at New Boston and keeping deputy sheriffs at bay for hours, Christian Schock, a farmer, was captured and was brought to the Keokuk jail. Schock had recently been released from the insane asylum at Mount Pleasant and probably will be returned to the hospital.

Aged Mail Clerk Dies.

Kingston, New York. — James S. Dean, said to be the oldest railway mail clerk in active service, died here at the age of 76. He was a Grand Army veteran and had served on the staffs of several national commanders.

Cornell Gets Third Victory.

Chicago, Ill. — The Cornell university hockey team made it three straight victories over Yale here when it won the final game of the series, 4 to 2. The contest was the roughest of the series.

TAFT ENTERTAINS NATION

New Year's Reception Marred by Unpleasant Weather.

Washington, D. C. — The New Year's reception at the White House, when the doors of the historical mansion are thrown open to the humblest citizens who may care to pay his respects to the chief magistrate of the nation, was held under weather conditions that tended to materially cut down the number that usually passes the receiving line in the blue room.

Francis Hayden Passes Away.

Chicago, Ill. — Francis A. Hayden, author of a number of volumes on Masonry, died at his home here, aged 76 years. Mr. Hayden was made a Thirty-third degree mason in Washington, D. C., in 1866.

Will Have New Hospital.

Mason City, Iowa. — The reorganization of the City Park Hospital company, the purchase of a lot at Washington and Sixth streets, and the proposal to erect a building to cost $75,000 was announced by the members.

WINS HONOR MEDAL

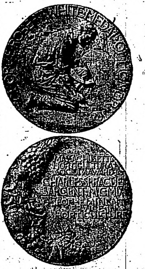
Harvard Professor Gets First George Robert White Award.

Given by Massachusetts Historical Society to Prof. Charles S. Sargent, Director of Arnold Arboretum for Eminent Service.

Boston.—An important event in the horticultural world is the establishment of the George Robert White medal of honor for the maintenance of which a suitable fund has been given to the Massachusetts Horticultural society, and the medal is to be awarded by the executive management of that organization.

Mr. George Robert White of Boston in his deed of trust accompanying the fund states that he has long thought that there was an opportunity for broadening the field of influence of the Massachusetts Horticultural society and of extending the interest in its work if some suitable recognition were made of those persons who have accomplished important results in horticulture; the award to be made independently of, or in addition to, any prizes or certificates of merit that may be bestowed by the society in the course of its regular schedule of premiums.

He has therefore founded the George Robert White medal of honor fund, the income of which is to be devoted annually for the specific purpose of providing a substantial gold medal to be awarded to the man or woman, commercial firm or institution, that has done the most during the year or in recent years to advance the interest in horticulture in its broadest sense.


MASSACHUSETTS HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY AWARD TO CHARLES SPRAGUE SARGENT MCMIX FOR EMINENT SERVICE IN HORTICULTURE

White Medal of Honor.

The first award of the medal has been made to Prof. Charles S. Sargent, director of the Arnold Arboretum, Boston, whose service in horticulture is generally recognized both in this country and abroad. His great work has been the introduction into this country of many desirable ornamental trees and shrubs and the testing of their hardiness in this latitude.

The George Robert White medal of honor will take rank with the Victoria medal of honor of England and the medal of the Legion of Honor of France, and will have a strong influence in promoting the horticultural activities of the country.

The medal itself was struck at the United States mint in Philadelphia, from 24-karat gold; is 2¾ inches in diameter, five-thirty-seconds of an inch thick, and weighs between seven and eight ounces.

On the face the figure symbolizes, not the ordinary horticulturist as much as the scientific intellect, whose aim is to improve nature, even to create, if that is possible. The trees in the background represent the allied branch of arboriculture. On the reverse, in the inscription, the name is so designed that it can be replaced by another name each time the medal is awarded.

The George Robert White medal was executed by Mr. John Flanagan, a native of Newark, N. J., and a student, first of Augustus St. Gaudens, later in Paris, at the Academy Julien, under Chapu, and the Atelier Falguiere, at the Ecole des Beaux Arts. During the course of these years of study Mr. Flanagan was awarded many coveted prizes, and acted as an assistant to MacMonnies on his fountain for the Chicago World's fair of 1893. Since then he has received commissions for many medals, portrait busts and other works, among the best known being the Brinton medal, the Langley memorial and the Hudson-Fulton and Pennsylvania society medals. Several of Mr. Flanagan's medals have been acquired by the Musee de Luxembourg, the Metropolitan Museum, New York, and recently by the Museum of Fine Arts at Ghent.

Another New Cult.

Brussels.—Two hundred thousand persons in the mining district of South Belgium have signed a petition to the government, asking permission to erect churches for a new creed called Antoinism. Antoine is a miner. A few years ago he inherited a little fortune, and started "curing" people gratuitously of all diseases by spiritual means. His method is the laying on of hands and making passes. He claims that a mysterious fluid emanation works the cure. Antoine's followers are multiplying and the new religion promises to sweep Belgium.

One of Brigham Young's Widows.

Salt Lake City.—Harriet Amelia Folsom, seventh wife of Brigham Young, died recently in this city, aged 72. She was a native of Buffalo. She was 21 when she married the Mormon ruler. She was a tall, stately, handsome woman and had great influence over her husband. Like Young's other widows she was a staunch believer in the Mormon faith.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 14, 1911. NUMBER 27.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Vice President Sherman and a party of his friends were held up by Maryland officers just beyond the District of Columbia because their automobile was not provided with a Maryland license for 1911.

Will the duke of the Abruzzi renew his suit for the hand of Miss Katharine Elkins, now that her father, whose insistence that his daughter should not wed the Savoy prince unless he was given full recognition as a duchess, has passed from the scene? It is confidently believed among his intimate friends in Washington that he will.

That the railroads of the United States have not demonstrated that their management is both efficient and economical is the contention made in a brief filed with the interstate commerce commission by William D. Haynie and H. C. Luston on behalf of the Illinois manufacturers' association in the pending investigation of proposed advance in freight rates by carriers.

Secretary MacVeagh's plan to stop coinage of gold and permit the secretary to issue gold certificates against gold bullion and foreign gold promises to become law at this session of congress. Secretary MacVeagh has written a letter to Senator Aldrich suggesting a bill, and Mr. Aldrich has asked him to appear before the senate's finance committee and explain the plan fully.

General.

Isthmus canal-workers believe they see the end of the Culebra cut slides.

Nebraska is likely to lose out in the contest for the circuit judgeship.

The first democratic governor of thirty years was inaugurated in Maine.

General Pershing says Filipinos can be depended upon to fight in defense of the island.

A. E. Kennard and wife of Lincoln, Nebr., were among passengers robbed in the Overland holdup.

President Taft gave approval to the report of the board of engineers on reclamation projects.

The outlook now is that no states will lose representation in congress under the recent census.

The question whether an anti-rate cutting clause constitutes conspiracy was argued in the supreme court.

Governor Eberhart in his message said there were too many boards and commissions in the state of Minnesota.

Col. Henry Watterson and Mrs. Watterson sailed on the Amerika for Paris and the Riviera, where they will spend the winter.

Six hundred men of the light infantry with quick firers sailed from Lisbon to assist in carrying out the sanitary measures against the cholera.

The Venezuelan government has issued a decree setting aside 1 per cent of the import duties collected for the creation of a fund to be used for sanitary purposes.

William T. Wardell, prohibition candidate for mayor of New York in 1896 and for governor in 1900, was taken ill in the subway Tuesday afternoon and died 15 minutes later.

W. R. Hearst must either pay damages or prove to a court of law that he cannot be held responsible for the fire works explosion of election night, 1902, in which several were killed or wounded.

Two masked bandits entered the office of the Angelus hotel in El Paso, Texas, and robbed the safe of about $5,000 in cash and jewelry. The celrk and porter were forced into the basement at the point of revolvers.

Fred C. Throop, held at the county jail in Omaha on an insanity charge, swallowed a $100 bill which he had cunningly secreted before the "frisking" process by officers. "There's one piece of money the police didn't get," he observed to a fellow prisoner.

The official report of Captain Robert E. Peary's walking test, as prescribed by the navy department, just made public, is, in the opinion of his friends in the navy, the strongest possible refutation of the arguments advanced by critics regarding his having reached the north pole.

President Taft is anxious that legislation affecting business interests be enacted at this session.

Frank Gotch has turned over the wrestling championship to Mahomit and will back him against Hackenschmidt.

William E. Corey, president of the United States Steel corporation, has resigned and it is probable he will have no successor.

The San Francisco American Red Cross endorsement committee appointed by President Taft has decided to raise $75,000 as the city's contribution to the national endowment fund.

But sauce may at times be good grammar.

Nine, indeed? We might have knew that.—Chicago Post.

Religion may be like art; the people who paint the pictures do not see the art clubs.—Chicago Tribune.

The army appropriation bill is nearly ready to report.

Five men were killed in a train collision at Cheney, Wash.

Both houses of congress adjourned as a mark of respect for Senator Elkins.

Action was begun at New York to annul the so-called steamer compact.

The house voted to abolish the office of second deputy commissioner of pensions.

Secretary MacVeagh favors issuing gold certificates againts bullion in lieu of the actual coinage.

The plan of refunding the Honduran debt is regarded as amounting to a United States protectorate.

Trinity college, Durham, N. C., was visited by fire which destroyed the Washington Duke dormitory.

Convicted members of the naval stores company have asked the supreme court to review their case.

Members of the Missouri valley conference stood pat on the question of eliminating thanksgiving day football.

Assets of the Washington-Alaska bank, now in the hands of a receiver, are $1,100,000 and its liabilities are $900,000.

A reduction in the freight rate on cottonseed from points in Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana to Memphis, Tenn., is made.

At Augusta, Me., Charles F. Johnson of Waterville was nominated for the United States senate to succed Senator Eugene Hale.

Senator Lafayette Young declared himself in favor of the enactment of the Oregon primary law by the coming Iowa legislature.

Everything was smooth and tranquil in organization of the Nebraska legislature. John Kuhl was made speaker of the lower house.

The grand jury in the Los Angeles Times explosion case returned 22 indictments. All of the indictments charge murder in connection with that crime.

Refusal of the Interstate Commerce commission to assume jurisdiction of the railways of Alaska was sustained by the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

One fatality out of 32,500,000 passengers carried by steam vessels of all classes plying to and from Philadelphia was the remarkable record made in 1910.

In a fit of rage because she had gone to live with her mother, Walter Osgood, of Omaha, shot and killed his wife and fatally wounded a man who came to her asssistance.

Declaring the merit system recently inaugurated by the postal department gives room for grave injustice on the part of officials, a deputation of clerks left for Washington to enter a protest.

How to meet the inroads of western apples in markets until now held by eastern orchardists is the main concern of the New York State Frlut Growers' association, which is holding its tenth annual meeting.

The appointment of a board of officers to make a special study of automobiles and to design a machine adapted to army purposes, has been recommended to the war department by Lieutenant Colonel I. W. Littell, chief quartermaster of the Department of the East.

Lieutenant Governor Oglesby severely criticised the Illinois senate, when he found that not enough senators to make a quorum had remained in Springfield, and that, as a result, no action was possible on the election canvass.

Bills to put most of the necessities of life on the free list were offered in the house by Representative Mann of Illinois. There were 15 of these measures, covering leather, cotton goods, lumber, cereals, vegetables, meat products and the like.

The Aetna Indemnity of Hartford, Conn., and the Farmers' and Mercantile Insurance company of Lincoln, Neb., have been barred from writing new business in Ohio on orders from Superintendent C. C. Lamert, of the insurance department, under penalty of revocation of their license.

If Senator Lorimer retains his seat it will be only after several senators have expressed themselves freely.

The question as to how the United States shall be re-apportioned into congressional districts in accordance with the 1910 census was discuessed with the president by Representative Crumpacker of Indiana, chairman of the house committee on census. Mr. Crumpacker thinks the membership of the house should be increased.

Jere F. Lillis, whom John P. Cudahy cut with a knife March 5, last, retired as president of the Western Exchange bank at Kansas City.

Personal.

President Taft is busying himself planning work for congress.

Champ Clark favors a six-year single term limit for presidents.

The outlook for the Cuban government for the coming year is said to be bright.

Champ Clark, slated for speaker of the house, is not worrying as to the presidential nomination.

Former Senator Foraker wrote President Taft his views on the right of fortifying the Panama canal.

Senator Moses E. Clapp will be re-elected by the Minnesota legislature.

It is declared that President Taft is shaping matters for a second term.

At a meeting of New York bankers steps were taken to prevent the closing of the Madison Trust company.

Aviators who made an examination of Moisant's wrecked machine are at a loss to know the cause of the accident.

Charles W. Hoxie, a prominent business man and member of the city council of Kearney, Nebr., died suddenly after an illness of less than a week of erysipelas of the face.

SENATOR HUGHES IS DEAD

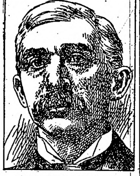
JUNIOR MEMBER FROM STATE OF COLORADO.

Pernicious Anemia Assigned as Cause of Death.—Had Been Ill For a Year.

Denver, Colorado. — Charles James Hughes, Jr., junior United States senator from Colorado, died at his home in this city after an illness of nearly a year. He had been unconscious several days.

The immediate cause of death was pernicious anemia. A trip to the Hawaiian Island last fall failed to improve his health, and shortly after his return home he was confined to his bed.

Senator Hughes leaves a widow and four children. The news of Senator Hughes' death was received with marks of sorrow. At the state house, the flag was half masted, and the house and senate soon adjourned.


Senator Hughes of Colorado.

The funeral will be held next Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock and will be private. For two hours preceding the funeral the body of the dead senator will lie in state at the capitol.

PEARY WITHIN MILE OF POLE.

Skilled Geodetic Surveyor Reviews Explorer's Observations.

Washington, D. C. — The house committee on naval affairs completed its examination of Captain Robert E. Peary on his claim to attainment of the North pole. Hugh C. Mitchell, a skilled computer of the coast and geodetic survey, testified that he handled Peary's observations. Mr. Mitchell said that he had figured that Peary when he made his furthermost camp was less than five miles from the pole, and that in his marches on the day of the climax of his trip he passed within one and one sixteenth miles of the actual pole.

He did not fix Peary actually at the pole.

Mr. Mitchell believed that Peary's observations could not be faked. The committee will hear Admiral Chester and review the testimony in the case at an early executive meeting with a view to passing on the bill proposing Peary's retirement as a rear admiral.

CAPITOL RING RETURNS CASH.

Restitution to the Amount of $1,300,000 Made by Defrauders.

Harrisburg, Penn. — Restitution to the amount of $1,300,000 and the surrender of warrants aggregating $200,000 upon which payment had been stopped were made in the Dauphin county court by the men convicted or otherwise implicated by the state of Pennsylvania in the capitol frauds. The commonwealth agreed to drop all criminal action against the defendants with the exception of the case of Architect Joseph M. Huston, who is under sentence and who has an appeal in the supreme court. Thus ends one of the most important criminal prosecutions ever brought by the state and which has stirred Pennsylvania from end to end.

The new state capitol, a magnificent structure, with its rich furnishings, cost approximately $13,000,000. Of th issum the state alleged that it had been defrauded out of about $5,000,000.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 12.—Wheat, May, $1.09⅜; July, $1.09⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.10¼; No. 2 northern, $1.07⅝; No. 1 durum, 92c; No. 3 corn, 44c; No. 3 white oats, 31½c; barley, 91c; No. 2 rye, 80½c; No. 1 flax, $2.53⅜.

Duluth, Jan. 12.—Wheat, May, $1.11; July, $1.10¾; No. 1 northern, $1.09.

South St. Paul, Jan. 12.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@6.00 cows, $3.25@4.40; calves, $6.00@7.50; hogs, $7.65@7.80; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 12.—Cattle—Market steady; beeves, $4.65@7.00; western steers, $4.25@5.90; stockers and feeders, $3.65@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.55@6.25; calves, $7.50@10.00.

Hogs—Market 5@10c lower; light, $7.75@8.00; mixed, $7.75@8.00; heavy, $7.70@8.00; rough, $7.77@7.90; good to choice heavy, $7.90@8.00; pigs, $7.40@8.00.

Sheep—Market steady; native, $2.50@4.50; western, $2.65@4.40; yearlings, $4.60@5.70; lambs, $4.75@6.65.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Jan. 5.—The first primary election bill of the present session of the senate by Senator John Moonon, of Waseca. The bill amends several sections of the present bill, leaving only the primary features of the law. It provides for the voting for candidates who have not been placed on the ballot by any previous announcement, the calling of a meeting of all the candidates nominated at the primary election for the purpose of promulgating party platforms and selecting state central committees and prescribes the rules of registration.

The primary election system is extended to all elective offices with the exception of officers of towns, villages and cities of the fourth class, and members of school, park and library boards in cities less than 100,000 population. The day of the primary election shall be the first day of registration. Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall be nominated in the manner provided for in the nomination of the state officers.

"The blanks for registration of voters for general election shall have two additional columns, one headed 'party affiliations' and the other headed 'Primary election.' No names of voters shall be placed upon the registers prior to the day of such election, nor shall any be placed on the register upon said day, except the names of those who appear in person before the boards of registration for that purpose.

"It is made the duty of the judges of each primary election to ask each person who applies to be registered the question, 'What political party do you desire to affiliate with?' and the political party given by such person so applying shall be recorded on the books of registration in the column headed 'party affiliations.' In case the judges of election do not believe that the person applying to be registered has answered such questions truthfully or the person applying to be registered is known to have other party affiliations then it is made the duty of the judges to administer the following oath:

"'You solemnly swear that you will fully and truthfully answer the questions put to you concerning your party affiliation?' The judges shall then again propound the question, while such applicant is under oath and the name of the party affiliation given shall be entered.

"In case the person applying to be registered does not desire to state his party affiliation he shall not be required to do so as a bar to his purpose of voting at the general election, but he cannot cast a ballot at the primary election.

"The candidates for the various state offices, for the office of United States senator and for the state senate and house of representatives of each political party shall meet at the state capitol at 12 o'clock on the second Tuesday after said election to formulate a party platform, elect a state central committee and perform such other business as may be necessary. The platform of each party shall be framed at such time and be announced not later than the day following such meeting."

Senator John Moonon introduced a joint memorial asking congress to provide an amendment to article 1 of the United States constitution to allow the state to elect United States senators by direct vote of the people instead of by the legislature.

Senator Wilson notified the senate that the bill covering employers' liability, which has been framed by the employers' liability and compensation commission, will be introduced Jan. 20.

St. Paul, Jan. 6.—The first real day's work done by the legislature was featured by the announcement of senate committees, which aroused considerable comment because the ultra-radicals were given choice assignments; the adoption of the rules in both branches and the warm debate occasioned in the house when Representative Nolan attempted to have one amended, and the introduction into both branches of some radical legislation.

In the senate, bills providing for direct legislation were introduced by a Democrat, Senator Moonan of Waseca, while in the house, Representative Kunze, of Hennepin introduced a measure providing for the nomination of United State senators by popular vote. There were also introduced into the house two measures that are calculated to draw the fire of the railroads, since they are advanced legislation along that line.

With but one important change, the report of the committee on rules was adopted by the house. The change provides that every bill, other than for appropriations, claims or reapportionment referred to a standing committee, shall be reported therefrom within 20 days after its receipt by the committee. Any such bill not so reported within such period, unless the period is extended, shall be delivered to the speaker five days after any member gives notice that he requires such bill to be reported, with or without a report, and lie on the table of the house. This rule is even stronger than that recommended by the senate committee, where the 25-day limit was invoked.

The bills providing for the initiative and referendum, the recall of all public officers the people deem recreant to their trusts were introduced into the senate by Senator Moonan of Waseca.

The recall measure provides that when 25 per cent of the voters who cast their ballots at the election at which the official was chosen signify by petition it shall act as notice that unless the official shall resign within five days of a special election shall be held to determine whether he shall be recalled. The reasons set forth for his recall and his defense shall be briefed on the ballot in not more than 200 words for each charge.

Bills aimed at the railroads were introduced by Senator Cashman of Owatonna. These provibe that rates for transportation of passengers and freight shall not be more for a short haul than for a long haul, and that freight transportated over two or more lines cannot be transferred when in carload lots to another car at the junction point.

Senator Moonan introduced a bill providing for the erection at his home town of Waseca of a schol of agriculture that shall be identified with the state university.

House Bills.

The following bills were introduced into the house:

By Cal. E. Stone, For the Minnesota State Trades Industrial school for dependent orphans. The amount asked is $125,000.

By George McKenzie, To amend the law relating to corporations.

By R. C. Dunn, To appropriate money to defray the cost of publication of the proposed amendments to the constitution in October, 1910.

By W. A. Campbell and F. L. Palmer, To prohibit the locating or maintenance of cemeteries within one-half mile of the state university or any of any of its colleges or the Soldiers' home.

By W. A. Campbell, Providing for the correction of election returns in counties, cities and municipal corporations in which voting machines are used.

By W. F. Kunze, Providing for the nomination of United States senators by popular vote.

By W. A. Campbell, To oblige street railway companies operating in towns of 50,000 or over to maintain a watchman at all crossings with railroad tracks.

By W. F. Kunze, Providing for educational and professional qualifications for county superintendents of schools.

By O. Hauge, For an amendement to the act providing for the appointment of a state highway commission.

By C. R. Fowler To amend the act to pension the citizen-soldiers of Minnesota who participated in the Indian massacre of 1862.

St. Paul, Jan. 10—Election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, according to the Oregon plan, was proposed by Senator Works of Mankato in a bill presented to the senate. Senator Murray of Bird Island introduced a bill providing for voting on United States senators at the party primaries.

In the senate, in addition to the two bills dealing with the election of United States senators, a bill was introduced by Senator Works, providing for the pensioning of all citizens who took part in the Indian wars from 1862 to 1865, for a period of 10 days or more. Senator Peterson of Litchfield introduced a bill reducing the penalty for murder in the first degree from hanging to life imprisonment.

The Works bill for the election of United States senators provided that 20 days before any general election, during which members of the state legislature were to be elected who would in turn elect a United States senator, the names of candidates for United States senator should be filed with the proper officials and placed upon the ballots. The legislature then, the bill provided, would be compelled to elect to the United State senate the man receiving the highest number of votes at the primary, whether or not he was of the same political party as the majority of the members of the legislature.

Kansas Governor Inaugurated.

Topeka, Kan. — Gov. W. R. Stubbs and the other Republican state officers of Kansas were inaugurated in representatives hall here.

ISOLATE TOWN, THEN ROB BANK.

Dynamiters at Houstonia, Mo., Cut 'Phone and Telegraph Wires.

Houstonia, Missouri. — Five explosions were heard here but no one paid any attention to them. Three hours later it was discovered that the Bank of Houstonia had been robbed of $2,000 and that all telephone and telegraph wires leading in the town had been cut. After the safe of the bank had been dynamited the robbers took a horse and buggy and drove away.

YOUNG AVIATOR WINS $5,000.

Youth, 18 Years Old, Performs Marvelous Feats.

Charlestown, South Caro. — James Ward, 18 years old, in a 24-horsepower biplane, made a daring flight across two rivers, the harbor and out over the Atlantic ocean, reaching a height of 5,300 feet and winning a prize of $5,000 by circling over two of the strongest fortifications on the Atlantic coast. He covered about 25 miles in 64 minutes.

INDIAN COUNTRY LID OFF

SALOONS RESUME BUSINESS WITHOUT DELAY.

Results of W. E. Johnson's Work Wiped Out By Willard Decision.

Detroit. — The restraining order given the Indian country saloon men by Judge Willard, of the U. S. court at St. Paul, against Indian agent, W. E. Johnson, has resulted in the saloons in the Indian country re-opening.

Under Judge Willard's decision, the four saloons of this city opened for business promptly utilizing what stock had been planted for private use and what could be hurried in from adjoining points.

Saloon keepers here estimate a loss of $2,000 each as a result of their two month's enforced idleness. This covers a loss of profit on business, leakage, transportation on returned goods, etc. The decision comes as a thunderbolt to the anti-saloon people, and liquor men are correspondingly jubilant.

Detroit at present has four saloons, paying a license fee of $1,500. It will now be allowed six saloons under a state limit, and the license fee will probably be fixed at $1,000. In the absence of a complete text of the decision, no plans have been formed for the instituting of a suit against the government for damages resulting from the closing order of William E. Johnson, in case the government is found liable. A large stock of supplies has been ordered by the saloonkeepers.

Cass Lake Ready to Resume Business.

Cass Lake. — Judge Willard's decision annulling the Indian "lid" did not cause much excitement here. The fice saloonkeepers made preparations to reopen and had license applications already published for hearing before the village council.

Cass Lake has been working quietly the last month on the proposition of reopening, on the grounds that Cass Lake is not on Indian land and does not come under the Indian treaties, as the townsite was sold under special act of congress and the provisions did not contain a liquor clause, but comes under the Nelson act of 1889. This territory included Cass Lake, Bena and Ball Club.

At the time of Johnson's closing action, eight saloons were doing business. Five closed 15 months ago, the balance on November 23, last. The estimated loss to the saloon keepers and other business amounted to $192,000, over half being spent here by transients, while liquor destroyed was valued at more than $5,000. License at the present time is $1,500

Business Loss Is $30,000.

Brainerd. — An examination of the records of the city clerk shows that 24 saloonkeepers of the city have licenses in force, and that two have made application for renewals. Interviewing the saloon men, as well as the Coates Liquor company, a wholesale house, and the Brainerd Brewing comany, the actual loss to these business interests caused by the "lid" enforcement is placed by them at $30,000. The saloons estimate their loss at $1,000 each, and the Coates Liquor company and the Brainerd Brewing company at $2,000 each. The loss includes trade lost by closing, injury sustained to their business, loss occasioned by express and freight shipments, damages to business connected with saloons, such as hotels which ran bars. All the saloons will reopen.

It has not been decided if any suits or actions will be commenced by the local liquor interests. A meeting will be held to determine their action in this regard.

STATE PLUM IS PLUCKED.

St. Paul. —Insurance Commissioner Preus has announced the appointment of Ira C. Peterson of Minneapolis as chief clerk in his office to succeed F. B. Matlach of St. Paul.

Mr. Peterson is a graduate of the University of Minesota and has been practicing law in Minneapolis for four years. He was a classmate of Mr. Preus. H. L. Phillips, the actuary in the department, will be retained. Mr. Preus has not yet decided on a deputy insurance commissioner to succeed M. C. Tifft.

Kelsey Chase, superintendent of banks, has announced the appointment of Harry S. Quiggle of Winnebago, as bank examiner. He was assistant bank examiner under Superintendent Galarneault and succeds A. L. Roth, who resigned.

Ames Case Judge Dead.

Minneapolis. — Judge Alexander M. Harrison, former judge of the Hennepin county district court, and attorney in Minneapolis for the last 25 years, is dead. He was on the district bench and was the presiding judge at the trial of the Ames cases in 1902.

COWS ARE PROFITABLE.

M. M. Williams of Little Falls Has Fine Guernsey Herd.

Little Falls.—M. M. Williams of this city, member of the Board of University Regents, who owns and operates a farm just west of town, during the month of December kept an accurate account of his dairy herd of fifteen Guernsey cows. The butter fat alone brought the owner $102.16. One cow gave 623 quarts of milk, worth $43.61, for the month, at a total cost for feed of $8.

NORTHWEST MEN TO ATTEND.

Convention of National Tariff Commission Association

Washington, D. C. — Minneapolis St. Paul and the general Northwest region are to be well represented at the convention of the National Tariff Commission association on January 11 and 12. Delegations representing the commercial organizations of that territory will come to Washington next Tuesday and will participate in the sessions at which many notable speakers will be heard, including President Taft, Henry C. Emery, chairman of the tariff board, and others.

Henry T. Wills, secretary of the association, is being advised daily of the additions to the list of those who will be present at the meetings.

The Minnesota delegation will be headed by Prof. E. V. Robinson of the University of Minnesota, who has been chosen by Governor Eberhart as the representative of the state. Dr. Robinson is a director in the association.

Others already named so far are as follows: Commercial club of Minneapolis, B. F. Nelson; Commercial club of St. Paul, Eli S. Warner; Commercial club of Wheaton, Minn., Victor E. Anderson; St. Paul Business league, Paul Doty; Duluth Board of Trade, A. W. Frick, W. C. Poehler, W. J. McCabe; Mower County Agricultural society; Austin, Minn., E. H. Smith, C. L. Rice.

The St. Paul Jobbers' and Manufacturers' association and the Commercial club of Osakis are affiliated members of the association and intend to have representatives here.

MORTON SETTLERS.

Door of Opportunity Wide Open in the Big Slope County.

Mandan.—A single county in North Dakota capable of producing a quantity of flax equal to one-fifth of the entire production of that seed in the United States, with enough arable land to produce 22,000,000 bushels of wheat in a single year, 18,000,000 bushels of oats, rye, corn, potatoes and other crops in proportion, is the manner in which W. C. Gilbreath, commissioner of agriculture and labor, looks at the future of Morton county—the largest county in the state now that Ward has been dismembered.

Comprising 2,303,817 acres, only one-twelfth of which is being farmed, Commissioner Gilbreath bases his belief of future greatness on statistics available on the county's production from the present acreage under cultivation. Only 225,885 acres of Morton county land are under cultivation today.

The commissioner does not undertake to say what the future of the county in its dairying pursuit may be. The fact that one-seventh of the creameries of the state are in Morton county indicates that dairying will always be one of the important resources of the county.

TO REVIVE OLD SUIT.

Crookston Mayor Would Collect Water Company's Unpaid Taxes.

Crookston.—The city of Crookston and the Crookston Water Works, Power and Light Company, of which W. J. Murphy of Minneapolis is the head, are about to clash. The company has paid no taxes since 1906, it is said, and back taxes, without penalties attached, now amount to $39,000.

The trouble arose over back taxes assessed four years ago, in which the company's personal property assessment was materially increased, wires, water mains and other equipment being assessed back for a number of years. County Attorney Maybury four years ago started a suit which was taken to the supreme court, but not vigorously prosecuted. County Attorney Hagen did not take it up, and now City Attorney Loring is about ready for action.

Mayor McKinnon called a special meeting of the council to discuss the case. The present administration is determined to bring the matter to trial at the present term of the district court.

To Run Corn Special.

Albert Lea.—The agricultural department of the Albert Lea high school will run a "corn special" through southern Minnesota the week of January 16.

The train, consisting of three coaches, a dining and sleeping car, will be in charge of Prof. Theodore Sexauer of the agricultural department of the high school, assisted by Prof. M. L. Bowman of Waterloo and Prof. B. W. Crossley of Council Bluffs, Iowa, and will start at La Crosse, Wis., on January 16 over the Southern Minnesota division of the St. Paul road, concluding the trip at Pipestone.

If it is found, when the schedule has been completed, that it is possible to run the train from Wells to Farmington in the same week, so as to conclude the trip by January 22, that addition will be made to the route. Lectures will be delivered on the train on the selection, care and testing of seed corn.

FEW FIRES AT SAUK CENTER.

Loss for a Year Is Only Two Thousand Dollars.

Sauk Center—With a balance of $755.96, consisting of $649.93 in bank certificates, drawing 4 per cent, and $107.03 in cash, the Sauk Center fire department began the year in splendid condition. Chief George Fish reported twelve fires last year, with a loss only of about $2,000. At the annual meeting George Fish was re-elected chief for the eighth time.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

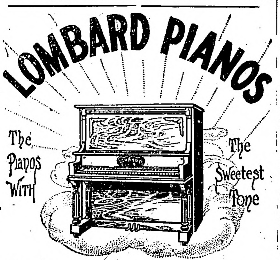
$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKLE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. [illegible], Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Parsons, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. R. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it is second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. [illegible] for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be [illegible] honest customer A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

[illegible] the editor of this paper for further information about the L[illegible] special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

The Spectator.

HARRY E IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 14, 1911.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Nov. 25, 1910.

Pursuant to the proclamation of the governor of the state, declaring Pennington county, Minnesota, a duly organized county, the commissioners elect met at the city of Thief River Falls, the county seat of said county, at the municipal court rooms in the auditorium building in the said city for the purpose of organizing the county board of said county and the transaction of such business as might properly come before said board. Commissioners present, Daniel Shaw, Ed A. Aubol, Olaf Larson, Peter C. Wold, and Peter Hedeen. Each of said commissioners having subscribed to the oath of office, the board was called to order and Commissioner Shaw was nominated and elected clerk of said board.

It was moved and carried that an informal ballot be taken for the position of chairman of the county board, which informal ballot resulted as follows, to wit:

For chairman Ed A. Aubol 4, Daniel Shaw 1; whereupon it was moved and carried that the informal ballot be made formal, and that Ed A. Aubol be declared the duly elected chairman of the county board. A ballot being taken for vice chairman, Olaf Larson was declared the unanimous choice for vice chairman.

Moved and carried that the board proceed to the appointment of the county officers of Pennington county, and the following named persons were appointed:

County auditor, A. H. Fasel.
County treasurer, Andrew Trovaton.
Register of deeds, E. L. Qaist.
Sheriff, W. J. LaBree.
County attorney, E. M. Stanton.
County surveyor, C. H. Martz.
Coroner, Dr. C. Swanson,
Superintendent of schools, E. A. Mostue.

On motion the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

NOV. 25, 1910, 1 O'CLOCK P M

The county board reconvened at 1 o'clock p. m., all members present. It was moved that the county officers be required to furnish a surety bond as follows, towit:

County auditor, in the sum of $2,000; county treasurer, in the sum of $25,000; register of deeds, in the sum of $[illegible]; sheriff, in the sum of $[illegible]; county attorney, in the sum of $1,000; surveyor in the sum of $[illegible]; coroner, in the sum of $[illegible]; clerk of district court in the sum of $1,000. And until said bonds are [illegible] the personal bond of said officers with approved sureties for the amounts [illegible] accepted in lieu thereof. Motion carried unanimously.

M[illegible] carried that the board take a recess [illegible] morning at 10 o'clock.

County board reconvened at 10 o'clock Nov. 26, 1910, all members of said board present.

H. E. Ives was, on motion made and carried, appointed clerk of the district court and his bond fixed at the sum of $1,000.

The bonds of county auditor, register [illegible] county attorney, and sheriff being presented and found in conformity to law and with sufficient sureties were on motion ordered approved.

Recess taken until 1 o'clock p. m.

Board reconvened at 1 o'clock p. m. The use of the auditorium building was offered to the county board for the temporary accommodation of the county officers of Pennington county in anticipation that the county grant the city the use of the court [illegible] portion of the court room now used by [illegible], and by paying $2 per month for heat and light.

The above offer was accepted and on motion made and carried the officers of said county were assigned offices as follows:

The county auditor, in the office of the city clerk.

Treasurer and clerk of court in the municipal court room.

Register of deeds, county superintendent of schools, and judge of probate in the gymnasium room.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption:

Resolved, That a purchasing committee consisting of the chairman, county auditor, and register of deeds be appointed, and that no bills be allowed unless authorized by said committee. Motion carried.

Moved and seconded that the board adjourn until Dec. 2 at 10 o'clock a. m.

DANIEL SHAW,
Clerk of County Board.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Dec. 2, 1910.

Pursuant to adjournment the county board of Pennington county met at the auditor's office at 11 o'clock a. m. All members present.

On motion carried unanimously the temporary bond of Andrew Trovaton as county treasurer was approved.

On motion duly carried rooms 9 and 10 of the Evenson building be and are hereby designated as offices of judge of probate of said county.

Moved by Commissioner Wold and seconded by Commissioner Shaw that M. W. Tarrant be and is hereby duly appointed court commissioner, upon filing the required oath and bond. Motion carried ED A. AUBOL,
Attest: Chairman County Board.
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor.

Recess taken until 1 o'clock p. m.

One o'clock p. m. the board reconvened.

County Chairman Ed A. Aubol announced the following named committees, towit:

Finance—Shaw, Hedeen, Larson.

Court house and jail—Wold, Larson, Shaw.

Road and bridge—Hedeen, Shaw, Wold.

Bond and interest—Shaw, Wold, Larson.

Ditch—Larson, Wold, Hedeen.

On motion duly carried county auditor was instructed to make record of the deeds of the court house and jail property, and get insurance policies properly transferred.

Meeting adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Attest; Chairman County Board.
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor,
Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Dec. 24, 1910.

Pursuant to call the county board met in special session in the auditor's office at 10 o'clock a. m., Dec. 24, 1910. All members present.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the county attorney be and is hereby instructed to take such legal steps as he may deem necessary to protect the interests of Pennington county in the matter of the contest of E. L. Healy against the board of county commissioners of Red Lake county.

Meeting adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Attest: Chairman of County Board.
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex Officio Clerk of County Board.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Of Pennington County

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 3, 1911.

Pursuant to law the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minnesota, met in regular session in the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 10 o'clock a. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Hedeen, Wold, Larson.

Members absent, none.

The chairman appointed Larson and Hedeen tellers, and the board proceeded to ballot for chairman of the board of county commissioners for the ensuing year. Commissioner Ed A. Aubol received four votes and Commissioner Shaw received one vote. Ed A. Aubol having received a majority of the votes cast was declared elected chairman of the board for the ensuing year by Vice Chairman Larson.

The board proceeded to elect a vice chairman for the ensuing year. Olof Larson received four votes and Peter Hedeen one. Olof Larson having received a majority of the votes cast was declared elected vice chairman for the ensuing year.

On motion duly carried the following committees were appointed:

Finance—Shaw, Hedeen, Larson.

Court house and jail—Wold, Larson Shaw.

Ditch—Larson, Wold, Hedeen.

Road and Bridge—Hedeen, Shaw Wold.

Bond and Interest—Shaw, Wold, Larson.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

The board proceeded to examine the books, vouchers, and cash in the hands of the county treasurer and found the same to be correct.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw.

Resolved, That the county of Pennington be and the same is hereby divided into five commissioner's districts as follows:

The First commissioner's district shall be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Goodridge, Reiner, Highlanding, Star, Hickory, and all that part of township 152 n., range 40 w., situated in Pennington county.

The Second commissioner's district shall be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Silverton, Clover Leaf, Smiley, Kratka, and all that part of townships in 152 n. and ranges 41 and 42 w. situated in Pennington county.

The Third commissioner's district shall comprise the city of Thief River Falls.

The Fourth commissioner's district shall be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Norden, Numedal, Sanders, Bray, and that part of the townships in 152 n. and ranges 44 and 45 w. situated in Pennington county.

The Fifth commissioner's district shall be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of North, Rocksbury, the village of St. Hilaire, and that part of township 152 n. and range 43 w.

The following amendment was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson:

Resolved, That the county of Pennington be and the same is hereby divided into five commissioner's districts as follows:

The First commissioner's district to be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Reiner, Goodridge, Clover Leaf, Silverton, Star, and Highlanding.

The Second commissioner's district shall comprise the city of Thief River Falls.

The Third commissioner's district to be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Norden, Numedal, Sanders, Bray, and all that part of townships 152 n., ranges 44 and 45 w. situated in Pennington county.

The Fourth commissioner's distsict to be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of North, Rocksbury, the village of St. Hilaire, and that part of township 152 n., range 43 w., situated in Pennington county.

The Fifth commissioner's district to be composed of the following territory, to wit:

All of the towns of Kratka, Smiley Hickory, and all of that part of townships 152 n. and ranges 40, 41 and 42 w.

Commissioners voting yes, Hedeen, Shaw, Larson, Aubol.

Commissioner voting no, Wold.

Amendment declared duly carried.

Moved by Wold and seconded by Larson that the salary of the county attorney be and the same is hereby fixed at $900 per year from Nov. 26, 1910. Motion carried.

Motion made by Shaw, seconded by Hedeen, that all fee bills be filed with the county auditor ten days before presentation to the county board. Motion carried.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen:

Resolved, That the register of deeds shall receive as compensation for transcribing all records required by law to be transcribed a sum equal to the actual cost of transcribing the same, as shown by duly verified bills therefor, the same not to exceed three cents per folio; and the register of deeds is also directed to make the tract indexes for a compensation as prescribed by law.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The matter of designating an official newspaper for the county for the year of 1911 was taken up and bids opened.

The following bid was submitted by the St. Hilaire Spectator:

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 3, 1911.

To the county commissioners of Pennington county:

Gentlemen:—The undersigned, publisher of the St. Hilaire Spectator, a legal newspaper printed and published in the village of St. Hilaire, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, hereby offers a bid for the county printing of Pennington county for 1911, as follows:

For publishing the commissioners' proceedings in the Spectator, ten cents per folio of 250 ems.

For publishing all legal notices required by law to be published, 12½ cts. per folio for the first insertion and 7½ cts. per folio for each subsequent insertion; this to cover the financial statement if one is to be published.

For publishing the delinquent tax list, if one is to be published, 6 cents per description.

A suitable bond will be filed upon the acceptance of this bid.

H. E. IVES,
Publisher St. Hilaire Spectator,

The following bid was submitted by the St. Hilaire Spectator for stationery and job printing:

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 3, 1911.

To the honorable board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota:

Gentlemen:—The undersigned, publisher of the St. Hilaire Spectator, hereby offers to print the stationery required by the county officers of Pennington county at the following rates:

		Per 500	Per 1,000
Letter heads,	8½ x 11,	$2 50	$3.00
" "	8½ x 7,	2 25	2.75
" "	8½ x 5½,	1.75	2.50
Envelopes, XXX, No. 1, Wood			2 50
"	Bond, 20 pound		3.00

And all other stationery at proportionate rates. H. E. IVES,
Publisher St. Hilaire Spectator.

The following bid was submitted in combination by the Thief River Press, Thief River Falls News, and Eleven Towns, for doing the official county printing:

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 3, 1911.

To the honorable board of county commissioners of Pennington county:

Gentlemen:—We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to do the official county printing for Pennington county during the year 1911 at the rate of 50 cts. per folio for the first insertion and 25 cts per folio for subsequent insertions.

This proposal is, to furnish said publication in the Thief River Falls News, Thief River Press, and the Eleven Towns. Signed,

THIEF RIVER PRESS,
W. H. Quist, Manager,
THIEF RIVER FALLS NEWS,
Barbara Eastman.
THE ELEVEN TOWNS,
By Alex. F. Lattimore.

N. W. Tarrant having failed to qualify as court commissioner L. M. Hoag was unanimously appointed to fill the vacancy.

On motion made and duly carried the bond of L. M. Hoag in the sum of $2,000 was approved.

On motion duly carried a recess was taken until 7 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by chairman at 7 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson.

Resolved, That the bid of the St Hilaire Spectator for doing the county printing for the year 1911 be accepted. Resolution prevailed unanimously.

On motion made by Shaw, seconded by Wold, that the St. Hilaire Spectator be and the same is hereby designated as the official county paper for the year 1911. Motion carried.

Resolved, That an approved bond of $1,000 be required of the St. Hilaire Spectator for doing the county printing. Resolution declared carried.

On motion made by Hedeen, duly seconded by Larson, that the offer of the St. Hilaire Spectator to furnish supplement containing the proceedings of the county board to all the newspapers in Pennington county who apply for same, at the cost of $2.00 per issue per supplement be accepted. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 9 o'clock a. m. Jan. 4, 1911.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 9 o'clock a. m. Jan. 4, 1911. All members present.

Motion made by Hedeen, duly seconded by Larson, that the county auditor be and is hereby instructed to transcribe the tax lists for the year 1910 and all such other records as he may find necessary to complete the record of said office. Motion carried unanimously.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Fritz & Cross, books, blanks, and records for county offices	$758.72
Miller-Davis Co., tax books and supplies for county offices	180.63
Geo. D. Barnard, legal blank cases and supplies	163.63
The Pioneer Co., rubber stamps and office stationery	129.70
Louis F. Dow, Smead files for judge of probate	18.50
W J LaBree, expenses state vs T S Jacobson	3.50
W J LaBree, expenses boarding prisoners	2.75
W J LaBree, four days turnkey wages	8.00
Vm Michelet, freight on Minnesota reports	2.30
Thief River Falls News, letter heads and envelopes	13.40
Thief River Press, letter heads, envelopes, etc	20.45
Torrison Bros., furniture for clerk of courts office	59.57
Torrison Bros., mattresses for jail	12.00
Oen Merc. Co., furniture for auditor and register of deeds	99.47
F L Quist, express on typewriters	8 97
H E Ives, postage and express	3.50
A H Fasel, freight, express, postage	16.82
Ed A Aubol, mileage and attendance at meetings county board	4.80
Olof Larson, mileage and attendance meetings county board	13.60
Peter C Wold, mileage and attendance at meetings of county board	16.00
Peter Hedeen, mileage and attendence at meetings county board	14.40

On motion duly made and carried the board took a recess until 1:30 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by chairman at 1:30 o'clock p. m. All members present.

Motion made by Shaw, duly seconded by Wold, that the county auditor be instructed to advertise for bids for county depository. Motion declared carried.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of County Board.

H. Wilson

WELL DRILLER

Work by the foot, day, or job

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

READ THE

Spectator

The Spectator gives you:

The home news.

Notices of the general information in which you are interested.

Brief notes of the world's doings.

Short stories.

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Interesting articles on farming and kindred subjects.

Advertise

The Spectator is read in every household whose members come to St. Hilaire to trade and by many more who would buy of you if you advertised your bargains as Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls do

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning, Jan 22, at 10:30 Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH. Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services Sunday evening, Jan. 22, at 7:30 o'clock.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I.O.O.F. St. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Swanson, N. G.
O. F. Post, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3550. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

St. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
Leonard Holmes, Pres.
C. Steen, V. Pres.
C. Swanson, Sec'y

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council No. 16 Meet second and fourth Fridays at the hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lysell, Secretary
Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocery Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire. - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate five cents per line.

Miss Thomina Wilson has been on the sick list week

John Draeger went Thursday to Thief River Falls.

All kinds of fruit and confectionery on sale at Mike Anderson's.

Buy your groceries, kerosene, and gasoline, at Mike Anderson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyonel Holmes were Red Lake Falls visitors Monday.

Misses Mary Hoff and Huldah Gigstad were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

The attendance at the socialist meeting Tuesday evening was light, owing to the bad weather.

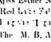
Mr. and Mrs. Torgerson of Palermo, have been visiting at Cars Johnson's place this week.

N. A. Nelson has just received a carload of drags and drills. Rushing the season a little?

Miss Esther Nelson went Monday to Red Lake Falls, where she is attending the high school.

The M. B. A. are reported to have had a very enjoyable time at their social Tuesday evening.

O. H. Olson returned last Saturday from his visit to friends in Minneapolis and at points in Wisconsin.



Dr. Spafford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

At their meeting Tuesday evening the Firemen fixed the date of their annual masquerade ball at Friday evening, Feb. 3.

The Old People's Sewing society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet at the home of A. Bjornquist on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 31.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will serve dinner and supper at the Oddfellows building on the day that the Farmer's institute is in session.

The Scandinavian Mission Young People's sewing society will meet Friday evening, Jan. 20, at the church and be entertained by Mrs. P. Lundberg.

Peter Demard, of Crookston has gone to Ft Francis, Canada, to be superintent of the construction of a large saw mill by the Sherlin-Carpenter people.

Miss Patterson, one of the Eighth grade teachers, who has been sick for the last few days, has recovered and has resumed her duties at the school.—Bemidji Pioneer.

James Wright, the young aeronaut, made a flight out over the Atlantic a Charleston, S. C., last Friday, attaining a height of over 5,000 feet and winning a prize of $5,000.

DIED

Lars Hansen died at the Lutheran hospital in St. Paul, Minn., Sunday morning, Jan. 8, 1911. He had been an invalid for many years.

Deceased was born in Sokendal, Telemarken, Norway, Aug. 8, 1850 He leaves one brother, H. J. Hansen, to mourn his loss. One brother and three sisters are dead.

The remains were brought to St. Hilaire Tuesday for interment. Funeral services were held in the Scandinavian Mission church Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, by Rev. Frank L. Larson.

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned desire to express their thanks to those friends and neighbors who assisted at the last funeral rites for their brother and uncle, Lars Hansen.

MR. AND MRS. H. J. HANSEN AND CHILDREN.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire, on Monday, January 23, 1911 at [illegible] for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. S. ROY, Secretary.

Temperance Speaker

C. Walden of Crookston, superintendent of the northwest district of the Minnesota antisaloon league, will speak at Imperial hall Sunday evening, Jan. 15, when he will tell us all about the recent victories for the cause.

Mr. Walden will speak in the morning at 11 o'clock in the Black River Swedish Lutheran church.

Farmers' Institute

Arrangements have been made for the holding of a Farmers' Institute at St. Hilaire on Thursday, Jan. 26. Sessions will commence at 10 a. m. and 1:30 p. m., sharp. This institute will be conducted by F. B. McLeran of Wrenshall, Minn., a man who has had a great deal of farming experience in northern Minnesota, and who is well able to act as an instructor at the institutes in this part of the state. He will be assisted by E. W. Smith and E. F. Marshell. These three men will discuss the different lines of farming that are of interest to the people in this section—such as dairying, hog raising, potatoes, clover, horticulture, poultry, etc. Every farmer who can possibly attend can count on getting much information that will be of value to him.

Farmers' Institute Annual No. 23 will be distributed to those attending the morning session of the institute. This new book is devoted largely to corn growing and using, but also contains much material on other lines of farming. It is easily one of the most valuable books ever distributed to the farmers of Minnesota, and every farmer in the neighborhood should have a copy of it. The annual is free.

The lectures given will be amply illustrated by charts and photographs, so that all points will be made as plain as possible.

There is no expense whatever to those who attend the institute. All of the local expense is taken care of by the business men, and the state of Minnesota furnishes the speakers and the books. Every one is invited to attend—men, women, boys, and girls. The speakers will have something to say that will be of great interest to every one.

Don't forget the date—one week from next Thursday. Be on time for each session. Come yourself, bring your family, and get your neighbors to come also.

Miss Mary Hanson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursnay.

There will be United Lutheran services in the Rolland school house tomoarow at 3 p. m.

The Synod school will meet at the church at 10:30 Sunday morning. All teachers and pupils are requested to be present.

The Young People's society of the Synod church will give their entertainment next Wednesday evening at the Oddfellows' building. All are cordially invited.

The board of directors of the Bray Township Mutual Insurane company met last Friday and appointed N. A. Nelson treasurer in place of Charles Gustafson, who has sold his farm and given up his membership in the company.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Jan. 7, 1911
Date of call by Supt., Jan. 7, 1911.
Date of report by bank, Jan. 12, 1911.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$95,819.79
Overdrafts		3,076.03
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,699.66
Other real estate		8,027.76
Due from banks	8,918.33	
Checks and cash items	289.59	
Cash on hand, items below	4,802.54	
Currency	3,966	
Gold	400	
Silver	371.70	
Other	61.81	
Total cash assets	14,030.46	14,030.46
Total		120,767.60
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits net		2,132.04
Deposits subject to check	22,746.88	
Demand certificates	1,379.85	
Total immediate liabilities	24,126.73	
Time certificates	87,504.83	
Total deposits	106,631.56	106,631.56
Total		120,763.60

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington } ss.

We, Daniel Patterson, vice president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
DANIEL PATTERSON, President.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
Correct, Attest:
DANIEL PATTERSON,
LEONARD HOLMES, Directors.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of January, 1911.
(SEAL) W. W. PRICHARD JR., Notary Public.
My commission expires Dec. 7, 1917.

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

The confirmation class of the Synod church meets every Sunday morning at 9:30 at the parsonage.

There will be Scandinavian Mission services at the home of J. P. Thyren on Sunday, Jan. 22, at 10:30 a. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Hanson came over from Shelly and were in attendance at the funeral of their uncle, Lars Hansen.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P. A. Burt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. McKINCHEN HENRY OLSEN A. R. JOHNSON
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

To-day and Everyday
We Sell More Beer Than Yesterday
Quality, Skill and Cleanliness are Reasons for Our Steadily Increasing Demand
For Delicious Flavor GET Preferred Stock
Leads Them All"

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,

A. R. JONES, Agt.

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Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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REGISTERED PHARMACIST
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H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
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THIEF RIVER FALLS.

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MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT in each town and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*
NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*
FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory *prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully *low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.
SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free. COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY*

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).
NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES.
NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.
DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C.O.D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.
Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.
IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.
DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

Big Can Small Biscuit
Big Biscuit "Full-Value" Can.
The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST

Why it Pays To use
CALUMET
INSTEAD OF CHEAP AND BIG CAN
BAKING POWDER
You simply cannot get as good results from the cheap and big can kind—the baking cannot be as evenly raised—it cannot be as delicious—it cannot be as pure and wholesome—because the quality is not there. And it cannot be any more economical. Calumet is medium in price—the standard 1-lb. size can costs 25c. Less of it is required and the baking is certain to be better. Try one can—if not satisfactory your money will be returned.
Calumet Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.
FREE—large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

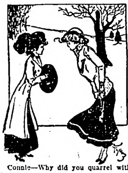
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

TOO FREQUENT.



Connie—Why did you quarrel with Dick?

Grace—Why, he proposed to me last night.

Connie—What of that?

Grace—Why, I accepted him only the night before.

A Little Mixed.

Admiral Evans, at a luncheon in San Francisco, said of a naval policy he disliked:

"It is mixed and illogical. It reminds me of Bob Backstay, who became engineer on a submarine.

"'Bob,' said a friend, 'don't you find it dangerous work, this knocking about in a submarine deep beneath the sea?'

"'Yes, very dangerous,' Backstay admitted, 'but a man's got to do something, you know, to keep his head above water.'"

Long Time Coming.

Real College Boy (waiting for his change in department store)—This suspense is simply maddening, Esmeraldo! Hadn't you better start a tracer after my change?

Saleswoman (meanly, but sweetly)—Just like money from home, isn't it, Archibald?—Drake Delphic.

The man who is anxious to let you know that God is on his tongue usually has the devil in his heart.

For Breakfast

? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?

The Happy Reply—

Post Toasties

A crisp, dainty food that pleases young and old.

Wholesome
Economical
Convenient

Serve with cream or milk (hot or cold).

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

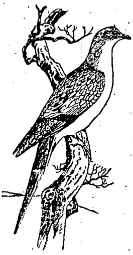
LONE PIGEON LEFT

One Ohio Bird Survives Breed of Several Billions.

Ending Her Days in the Cincinnati Zoological Garden Is All That Remains of a Species Once Numerous.

Cincinnati, O.—One solitary passenger pigeon, ending her life at the Zoological garden in Cincinati, is today all that remains of an American species that early in the last century swarmed over the continent in flocks numbering billions. With the death of this sole survivor of a bird tribe, whose nesting places often covered hundreds of square miles, there will soon disappear the last race of the wild pigeons that have been slaughtered by the million by men who fed their hogs upon the carcasses they could not carry away. Though it is too late to save this species, special efforts are now being made by the Audubon workers to bring about the restoration of other birds of economic value that must otherwise share the same fate.

For many months systematic search has been made throughout the continent by officials of the Audubon association for relics of the once prolific passenger pigeon. Members of the organization headed by Prof. C. F. Hedge of Clark university have made a standing offer of $1,500 to anyone discovering a nest of this species; but, though thousands have been trying eagerly for the prize, not one single claimant has appeared. In response to a recent inquiry by T. Gilbert Pearson, secretary of the National Association of Audubon societies, the authorities of the Cincinnati Zoo have just furnished the last chapter in the tragic tale of these butchered birds. The "Last of the Passenger Pigeons" is a female, eighteen years old, whose mate died recently without issue at the age of twenty-four.



Passenger or Wild Pigeon.

As late as 1877 what is now known to have been the last nesting place of these wild birds was found in the state of Michigan, where their nests thickly covered the trees over an area 28 miles long and four miles wide. Residents of New York declare that in 1850 they flocked over Manhattan Island in such numbers that they obscured the sun and that ships loaded in bulk with the bodies of these birds lay at the wharves selling them at a cent apiece. Audubon is quoted as observing a roosting place of wild pigeons in Kentucky early in the last century that extended 40 miles and was three miles in width. On its edges men with guns, nets, clubs and torches slaughtered the roosting birds, each often bagging 500 in one day.

Declaring that practically all the gulls and terns in America today have survived solely through the work of protection and restoration at their reservations, leaders of the National Association of Audubon societies are now appealing to the people of this country to support the work of preserving dying species of native birds which they have already begun. The Upland Plover, Cabot's Tern and the Least Tern, they assert, can now be saved to the nation by quick emergency measures for which special funds are to be raised.

Popularizing the Potato.

Paris.—When potatoes were introduced into France the natives had been told they were poisonous and that it was death to partake of them.

To overcome this prejudice Parmentier gave a big banquet in Paris, at which every dish was made from potatoes. There were 16 courses in which potatoes played the major or minor part. Even the brandy and liquors were the product of this vegetable. King Louis XIII. was among the guests and gave his host land on which to cultivate potatoes near Paris. As the tubers grew to size Parmentier posted guards around the fields by day and withdrew them at night so that those who lived around them could steal them at night, eat the vegetable and thus become convinced. So, unconsciously, the French were converted to the dish and never gave it up.

World's Largest Room.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The largest room in the world under a single roof and unbroken by pillars of any sort is in this city. It is 620 feet in length and 150 feet wide. By daylight the room is used for military displays and a whole battalion can maneuver in it with ease. By night 20,000 wax tapers give it a beautiful appearance. The roof is a single arch of iron and the architecture is considered one of the wonders of the world

CONSTIPATION

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour; they do not gripe; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation.

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope, they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic. Price 25 cents.

CHILD'S GIFT REAL CHARM

Rescued Father From Despondency and Proved the Foundation of Fortune.

A certain business man has a curious little charm for his watch chain. He wouldn't sell it for $1,000; no, nor two, nor three. His little child gave it to him one day when, as he says, he was "down."

"I had lost every cent I had in the world, and there at my desk, my head on my arms, I was thinking of a possible way to end it, when my little child came up to me and asked: 'What does "ruined" mean, papa?' And then I knew I had ben groaning loud enough to be heard and understood. 'You said "ruined" paper. What does it mean?'

"'It means I haven't any money, baby. Papa's a poor man.' The little feet pattered away, then back again, and here on my watch charm is what she gave me. Not a great fortune—no, but the foundation of one. Whatever I've got since came from it, for it gave me courage."—The Christian Herald.

STUBBORN ECZEMA ON HANDS

"Some nine years ago I noticed small pimples breaking out on the back of my hands. They became very irritating, and gradually became worse, so that I could not sleep at night. I consulted a physician who treated me a long time, but it got worse, and I could not put my hands in water. I was treated at the hospital, and it was just the same. I was told that it was a very bad case of eczema. Well, I just kept on using everything that I could for nearly eight years until I was advised to try Cuticura Ointment. I did so, and I found after a few applications and by bandaging my hands well up that the burning sensations were disappearing, I could sleep well, and did not have any itching during the night. I began after a while to use Cuticura Soap for a wash for them, and I think by using the Soap and Ointment I was much benefited. I stuck to the Cuticura treatment, and thought if I could use other remedies for over seven years with no result, and after only having a few applications and finding ease from Cuticura Ointment, I thought it deserved a fair trial with a severe and stubborn case. I used the Ointment and Soap for nearly six months, and I am glad to say that I have hands as clear as anyone.

"It is my wish that you publish this letter to all the world, and if anyone doubts it, let them write me and I will give them the name of my physician, also the hospital I was treated at." (Signed) Miss Mary A. Bentley, 93 University St., Montreal, Que., Sept. 14, 1910.

Due Precautions.

In a town in Georgia there was an old preacher whose knowledge of the world was not wide nor deep, but who conceived it to be a place where, if one should trust his fellow men, he should at the same time keep an eye on his own interests.

One hot day he pulled off his coat and preached a vigorous sermon, under the pines, in his shirt sleeves. At the close of the open-air service one of his admirers approached him and said, regretfully:

"I don't suppose that you knew that the editor of one of the big New York Sunday papers was here when you pulled off your coat."

"I reckon I knew it well for I've been told of it," said the preacher, calmly. I don't believe he's as bad as he might be, and anyway, I put my coat on the chair close by and had it right under my eye all the time."—Youth's Companion.

Absent-Minded.

The professor had just sneezed for the thirtieth time, and it naturally attracted some attention.

"What's the matter with the professor?" asked the visitor. "He appears to have a bad cold."

"Oh, no," said Madame la Professoress. "It is only his fearful absentmindedness. I left him in charge of the baby for a few moments this morning, and when he cried he gave him the pepper-pot to play with instead of his rattle."—Harper's Weekly.

OLD COMMON SENSE.

Change Food When You Feel Out of Sorts.

"A great deal depends upon yourself and the kind of food you eat," the wise old doctor said to a man who came to him sick with stomach trouble and sick headache once or twice a week, and who had been taking pills and different medicines for three or four years.

He was induced to stop eating any sort of fried food or meat for breakfast, and was put on Grape-Nuts and cream, leaving off all medicines.

In a few days he began to get better, and now he has entirely recovered and writes that he is in better health than he has been before in twenty years. This man is 58 years old and says he feels "like a new man all the time."

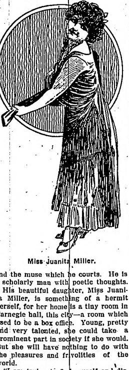
Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

LIVES FOR SAKE OF HER ART

Poet Joaquin Miller's Daughter Woos the Muse in a Cheap New York Lodging.

New York.—Everyone has heard of Joaquin Miller, the poet of the Sierras, who lives with his birds and his books in a little cabin on the mountain side above Oakland, Cal. Once in a while the aged and bewhiskered hermit-poet comes into civilization and entertains people with his undisguised contempt for society, but in the main he prefers to commune with nature and the muse which he courts. He is a scholarly man with poetic thoughts.



Miss Juanita Miller.

His beautiful daughter, Miss Juanita Miller, is something of a hermit herself, for her home is a tiny room in Carnegie hall, this city—a room which used to be a box office. Young, pretty and very talented, she could take a prominent part in society if she would. But she will have nothing to do with the pleasures and frivolities of the world.

"I am trying to find myself and discover what I am here for," she says. "I am severely criticized by my friends for trying to live my own life, but to me freedom is above all else to be desired. My greatest horror is the possibility of being a sheep and following a leader. Society women do not order their own lives. I am well and happy and just now am living a life which tends most to happiness. I have solved the problem of high prices. I pay $4 a week for my room here and as there are no bathing facilities I go to a Turkish bath once a week. My clothes I buy on Fourteenth street and pay almost nothing for them. My food costs me only $2 a week; so I may say my total living expenses amount to but little more than $7 a week. I make my own coffee in the morning. At noon I go over to Sixth avenue, where I get an egg sandwich for five cents and a good stew for ten cents. In the evening I make my coffee again and have some fruit.

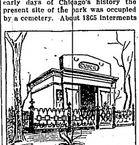
"Once I was drifting and was bored. Now I am happy. I have done some water colors which my friends say are good. I can sing and I can play. Now I want to know which thing I can do best and then follow that line. Why should I consult my friends about my own destiny? I couldn't stand my old life in society any longer and I broke away. I decided to earn my own living and be absolutely independent. I pay my way by giving piano and mandolin lessons and have lots of time for myself. My father is heartily in sympathy with me."

Miss Miller's mother is very fond of life and society, but cannot induce the girl to give up what seem to her to be very peculiar notions. Evidently Juanita is a feminine copy of Joaquin.

GRAVE IN A CHICAGO PARK

Massive Couch Mausoleum Stands as Last Vestige of the City's First Cemetery.

Chicago.—Familiar as are most people, whether visitors or residents, with Lincoln park, this city, and its principal features, there yet remains one object therein which causes wonder and question by many who go there, and which still stands an unexplained mystery to thousands. During the early days of Chicago's history the present site of the park was occupied by a cemetery. About 1865 interments ceased and the lot owners were given lots in other cemeteries. So the park became a pleasure instead of a burial ground. Among the pioneer settlers who ultimately found a resting place in this old cemetery was one Ira Couch by name, who built a mausoleum for himself and his family. When, however, the cemetery became a park the commissioners found that the Couch family objected to the removal of the tomb. Those circumstances finally settled the question of removal. So with its heavy blocks of stone and massive iron door it has stood for over half a century the last vestige of Chicago's first cemetery.



The Couch Vault.

Tightly-Laced Shoe Bursts Artery.

St. Louis.—A tightly-laced shoe, which impeded circulation, caused an artery to burst in the leg of Miss Maggie Hunt of this city while she was sitting in her home. She almost bled to death before medical assistance was obtained.

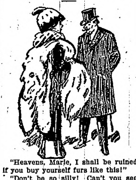
FLAX IS PROFITABLE

Wonderful Paying Proposition in Western Canadian Prairies.

So much is heard of the wheat, oats and barley grown in the prairie lands of western Canada, and so much has been told of the wealth to be made out of the raising of cattle on the succulent and rich grasses of those fertile plains, that a most important product has been almost lost sight of, Flax. Recent press reports advise us that on one of the last boats to clear from Fort William (at the head of Lake Superior) for Buffalo, there were 241,000 bushels of flax valued at $583,220, and on another boat leaving the same day there were 288,000 bushels valued at $720,000. There has been a big demand for Canadian flax this season, and the lake movement has been very heavy. Flax is always a sure crop, and gives to the farmer who is anxious for quick return after getting on his land, the chance he is looking for. There is opportunity for thousands yet, on the free homesteads of 160 acres, and many of these are available within short distance of the lines of railway that are already built or under construction, either on the main line or branches. Besides these free grant lands there is an opportunity to purchase from railway and land companies at reasonable prices.

The display of western Canada's grains in the straw as well as threshed grains and grasses recently made at St. Louis was an excellent demonstration of what the country can do. It proved splendid as an illustration of the resources of that vast prairie country, which during the past year has again proven its ability to produce excellent yields of wheat, oats and barley—and flax. Not only this, but the splendid herds of cattle are a source of large revenue. There is a fund of information to be had by reading the Canadian government literature, copies of which may be had free by applying to your nearest Canadian government agent.

ECONOMICAL WIFE.



"Heavens, Marie, I shall be ruined if you buy yourself furs like this!"

"Don't be so silly! Can't you see I've put on the white fur rug out of the drawing-room?"

IF YOU WOULD BE WELL KEEP YOUR KIDNEYS WELL.

The kidneys filter the blood. When they are sick, the uric poison is retained and various troubles result. No kidney symptom, however slight, should be neglected. There is no better remedy for sick kidneys than Doan's Kidney Pills.

"Every Picture Tells A Story"

George Seider, 632 Pacific Ave., Alameda, Cal., says: "I could not lie on my side owing to the soreness over my kidneys. My limbs swelled badly and the flesh was soft and flabby. After beginning to use Doan's Kidney Pills, the swelling vanished and the pain in my back disappeared."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Burning Money.

Blobbs—How did he make his money?

Slobbs—In smoking tobacco.

Blobbs—Is that so? I've been smoking tobacco nearly all my life, but I never made any money at it.—Denver Times.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Life is full of ups and downs—but unfortunately most of us are down more of the time than up.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Ever notice what poor care other people take of their health?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Free lunch is sometimes pretty expensive food.

Returning the Compliment.

Mrs. Faraway—I suppose you have forgotten that this is the anniversary of your wedding day?

Professor Faraway (abstracting himself from conic sections)—Eh? What? Dear me! Is it, really? And when is your's, dear?—Stray Stories.

The next time you feel that swallowing sensation, the sure sign of sore throat, gargle Hamlins Wizard Oil immediately with three parts water. It will save you days and perhaps weeks of misery.

There's one little satisfaction when a man falls sick, it makes his wife repent of her ill treatment of him. Don't work the game too often, however.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate, stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

The reason the bigot advertises his one idea so vigorously is that it is his whole stock in intellectual trade.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Don't make the mistake of claiming you never make one.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, nervousness, builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable Cascarets and I find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to everyone. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family."—Edward A. Marx, Albany, N.Y.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 929

MILLIONS of FAMILIES are using SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

IN THE CIRCLE

ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

ARROW and UMC NITRO CLUB SHOT SHELLS

Steel Lined

The only American made shells with steel lining.

Winners of every Interstate Handicap for two years straight. A record never equalled by any other ammunition. The winning amateurs in these 10 Interstate handicaps chose ARROW and NITRO CLUB shells. Their successes proved their judgments were right. You buy exactly the same loads that they used, at your dealers. Don't risk losing your game by using other than the record-making UMC ammunition.

The Steel lining in these shells protects the powder from moisture, insuring a uniform, snappy load in all kinds of weather.

Sooner or later you'll try these shells—and always shoot them. Why not try a box today?

"Game Laws 1910" mailed free

THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY
Agency:
299 Broadway, New York City

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE $3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

BOYS' SHOES, $2.00, $2.50 AND $3.00. BEST IN THE WORLD.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, the superior workmanship and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why Dollar for Dollar I Guarantee My Shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy.

Do you realize that my shoes have been the standard for over 30 years; that I make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the United States? Quality counts. It has made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

CAUTION! None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

TAKE A DOSE OF
PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

PATENT YOUR IDEAS. They may bring you wealth. 64-page Book Free. Est. 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Pat. Attys., Box K, Washington, D.C.

N. W. N. U., NO. 2-1911.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.)

PATENT secured or fee returned. Free examination of records. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., Estab. 1864. 655 14th St., Washington; 30 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, their heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which contains no dangerous narcotics nor alcohol.

The ingredients, as attested under oath, are Stone root (*Collinsonia Canadensis*), Bloodroot (*Sanguinaria Canadensis*), Golden Seal root (*Hydrastis Canadensis*), Queen's root (*Stillingia Sylvatica*), Black Cherrybark (*Prunus Virginiana*), Mandrake root (*Podophyllum Peltatum*), with triple refined glycerine, prepared in a scientific laboratory in a way that no druggist could imitate.

This tonic contains no alcohol to shrink up the red blood corpuscles; but, on the other hand, it increases their number and they become round and healthy. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate, or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing. Stick to this safe and sane remedy, and refuse all "just as good" medicines offered by the druggist who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do you half as much good.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1911. NUMBER 28.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Rumors current in London that Ambassador Bryce intended to resign as Ambassador to the United States was denied at the British embassy in Washington.

Conditions in the famine districts and refugee centers of the northern part of the province of Anhui, China, are rapidly growing worse, according to a cable received from Shanghai by the American national Red Cross society.

Information was asked for by Representative Calder of New York from the secretary of the navy as to whether a combination of any kind exists among the shipbuilding firms of the United States that is operative to the disadvantage of the government.

The supply depots of the army will be redistributed over the country and placed at centrally located points of the various military departments. It was decided to locate them in all cases possible near the camps set apart by the states for the rendezvous of troops.

Renewal of the fight on Richard A. Ballinger, secretary of the interior, is contemplated in a [illegible] introduced by Senator [illegible] which seeks to force into [illegible] the report of the joint [illegible] committee that investigated the charges made against the cabinet officer by Gifford Pinchot, former chief forester.

Congressman Kinkaid, having been one of the originators of the bill enacted at the last session for the issue of $20,000,000 for irrigation bonds, whereby to realize funds to complete projects like the great North Platte propect in his district, further construction being at a standstill for the want of funds derivable from the ordinary source, has, since the report of the board of engineers has been made public by the president, been doing his utmost to ascertain how in detail the $1,000,000 allotted for the further construction of the North Platte project is to be used.

General.

Senator Elkins left an estate valued at $20,000,000.

Conditions are growing worse in the famine district of China.

Governor Carroll, in his message, pleads for less political strife in Iowa.

The house passed the legislative executive and judicial bill, carrying approximately $35,000,000.

Five men were killed and several injured in a collision on the New York Central at Batavia, N. Y.

Senator Lodge was made the republican caucus nominee in Massachusetts, but his election is not thereby assured.

Henry C. Scott, president of the National Light and Improvement company of St. Louis, shot and killed himself at his home.

A strong movement, supported by the bishop of Liverpool and leading churchmen, has been started against Mormon activity there.

John Broder, a pioneer railroad builder of the middle west, was found dead in bed at his St. Joseph home. He was eighty-one years old.

N. P. Dodge, aged seventy-three, a brother of General Greenville M. Dodge, died at his home in Council Bluffs, after less than a week's illness of pneumonia.

Homer S. Commings, member of the democratic national committee, was chosen as the democratic nominee at the caucus at Hartford, Conn., for United States senator.

Major John L. Bittinger, 77 years old, one of the most prominent republicans of Missouri and well known in public life in the nation in the past fifty years, died at St. Joseph.
ciety men and women of the city.

Fire of unknown origin started in the annex of the Iowa Central roundhouse at Marshalltown, which completely destroyed the twenty-two stall building and most of the locomotives in it. The loss is estimated at from $75,000 to $100,000.

Fred C. Throop, held at the county jail in Omaha on an insanity charge, swallowed a $100 bill which he had cunningly secreted before the "frisking" process by officers. "There's one piece of money the police didn't get," he observed to a fellow prisoner.

The senate refused to give its consent to the admission of Chinese to the West Point military academy.

Charges of excessive expenditure in securing his seat were made against Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin.

Judge John D. Works formally was declared United States senator at a joint session of the senate and assembly of California.

The house committee on military affairs added $770,000 for field artillery for organized militia to the army appropriation bill, and reported the bill to the house.

The American Sugar Refining company has deposited $700,000 in cash in the United States treasury to compromise its civil liabilities in the sugar drawback frauds in New York. Secretary MacVeagh probably will accept the money for the government.

The house passed the Sulloway service pension bill.

Lawyers have pronounced the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy to be void.

Railroads in western trunk territory pleaded for a right to raise rates.

The president sent a message to congress asking for money to fortify the canal.

Judson C. Clements was made Chairman of the interstate commerce commission.

The house voted to abolish the office of second deputy commissioner of pensions.

The census taken in December shows that the population in Vienna numbers 2,004,291.

Bids for canal supplies submitted by United States manufacturers are regarded too high.

Senator Burrows refused to designate a day for a vote on the question of unseating Lorimer.

The supreme court finds it difficult to draw the line between legal and illegal restraint of trade.

A fire in the pension office at Washington burned records, but caused only minor financial loss.

The plan of refunding the Honduran debt is regarded as amounting to a United States protectorate.

Captain Peary told a house committee that the man who discovers the pole must make his own roadway.

Governor Hadley submitted to the legislature a resolution to congress asking for the ratification of the income tax law.

The Iowa house of representatives endorsed New Orleans as the location for the 1915 Panama exposition over San Francisco.

The grand jury returned an indictment charging perjury against William L. Brower, former vice president of the Northern bank of New York.

The grand jury has returned an indictment charging perjury against William L. Brower, former vice president of the Northern bank of New York.

It is now 85 years since the opening gun was fired of the campaign for popular election of senators which is now clearly approaching a successful issue.

The $300,000 appropriation made by congress at the last session for removing the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor will be insufficient.

A measure providing for a limited parcels post on rural free delivery routes was reported favorably to the senate from the committee on post-offices and postroads.

The reign of martial law which was instituted in the disturbed sections of Rio Janerio after the recent revolt in the navy had been crushed, was ended by the government decree.

There is concern almost approaching panic in the ranks of New York's four hundred, due to an epidemic of scarlet fever, which has claimed as its victims some of the leading so-

Colorado's cities having a population in excess of 5,000 increased 16.6 per cent in the last ten years and contributed 42 per cent increase of the state's total population of 259,324.

Montana cities having a population in excess of 5,000 increased 39.1 pet cent during the last ten years and contributed 42.3 per cent of the state's total increase in population of 132,724.

The old battleship Texas which was the forerunner of her class in the United States navy, has outlived her usefulness as a fighting machine and will be converted into a target for naval practice.

The state department has finally given its consent to the Haitian loan and bank contracts and has so cabled Minister Furniss. These involve the creation of the National Bank of Haiti instead of the existing French bank.

A stamp tax on sale for future delivery of stocks, grain, provisions or other commodities may be imposed by a state without violating the federal constitution, according to a decision of the supreme court of the United States.

Alleged inhuman treatment by the authorities of Zacatecas of J. A. Farrell, an American mining engineer, is being investigated by the American embassy at Mexico City, following a protest signed by eight foreign residents of El Rio.

The house committee on judiciary reported favorably a bill providing that there shall be no retrials granted in civil or criminal cases on technicalities, unless they are such as, in the opinion of the trial judge, would change the verdict.

Governor Simon W. Baldwin, the new executive of Connecticut, is the first governor in an eastern state to give official recognition to the idea of women's vote, by recommending to the legislature the adoption of an amendment to the constitution enfranchising women in his state.

Personal.

The New Jersey senatorial row is soon to break forth afresh.

Senator Gallinger introduced his revised ocean mail subsidy bill.

The new governor of Alabama declared prohibition to be a failure.

Bob Fitzsimmons, the prize fighter, and his wife are now in vaudeville.

Democrats of New York in caucus nominated W. F. Sheehan for senator.

By joining with the insurgents house democrats reversed a ruling made by Speaker Cannon.

The house reversed itself and sustained Speaker Cannon in an exactly similar case by which he was overruled on the Norris resolution.

Changes in the Nebraska guaranty of deposit law are suggested by Secretary Royse of the state banking board.

N. D. EX-OFFICIAL UNDER ARREST

FORMER TREASURER BICKFORD ACCUSED OF EMBEZZLING $60,400.

PLACED MONEY IN HIS OWN BANK

"I Will Be Vindicated When All Facts Are Known," Says Bickford in a Public Statement.

Bismarck, Jan. 19.—G. L. Bickford, who was succeeded by Gunder Olson as state treasurer on Jan. 3, was arrested on a warrant issued following the complaint of County Attorney W. L. Smith of Burleigh county charging embezzlement and misappropriation of funds to the extent of $60,000.

Immediately following the service of the first warrant, a complaint was sworn out by Andrew Miller, attorney general, containing the same general charges, only making the amount $60,400.

When the second warrant was ready, word was sent to the sheriff, who was with Bickford, and they went to the attorney general's office in the capitol, where the preliminary hearing before Justice of the Peace Pierce was held.

Bickford appeared to have made no preparation for the arrest, as he was apparently wholly at sea as to procedure.

Bail for Bickford's appearance was put at $10,000, which was secured in a couple of hours.

First Hint of Trouble.

The first hint of trouble in Bickford's office was had before the primary election when charges were made during the campaign in which Bickford was defeated for renomination that there was some lax practice in the methods of handling state funds.

There was nothing thought of the matter at that time, as it was supposed to be purely a political charge. When Olson was about to take charge of the office, however, the matter took a more serious turn, and he claims to have discovered securities which were of no value whatever.

As near as has been able to be worked out from the various reports of the shortage, Bickford has taken state funds and placed them in his bank at Bowbells to the amount of over $60,000 more than the law allows. It is this money that he has been unable to raise.

Friends have been working hard to get hold of the necessary cash and it has been reported several times that it was raised, and it is probably true that there is a major portion of it in Bismarck at the present time.

Bickford, when seen, said: "There is nothing to it but politics and I will be vindicated when all the facts are known."

G. Luther Bickford is 34 years of age, was born June 14, 1874, at Wilson, Niagara county, New York, and came to North Dakota and settled at Larimore. He is a graduate of the state university and while there was a leader in athletics. He was at the time of his election president of the banks at Bowbells and Coteau. He was county superintendent of schools in Ward county for four years. Bickford is married and has one son 6 years old.

The following bondsmen were secured for both cases: Henry Tatley, proprietor of the Grand Pacific hotel; F. O. Hellstrom, warden of the state penitentiary; W. H. Mann, railroad commissioner; John A. Johnson, farmer, of Washburn; John Yegan, merchant, Bismarck; S. W. Bond, retired real estate dealer and banker of Minot.

RATE RAISE SUSPENDED.

Commission Won't Make Advance Effective Until March 15.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The interstate commerce commission has decided to postpone until March 15 the effectiveness of the increased freight rates on sixty commodities recently announced by railroads operating between Chicago and the Missouri river. The increases, which would cost western shippers several million dollars annually, were to have become effective Feb. 1.

FIREMEN SAVE 155 CHILDREN.

Prompt Rescue Work Accomplished When Institution Burns.

Binghampton, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Prompt work by firemen and attendants of the Susquehanna Valley home saved the lives of all of the 155 inmates when fire broke out in the boiler room of the dormitory building. After a careful search of the building the firemen failed to reveal any bodies. Dozens of the children were carried out unconscious from suffocation.

AEROPLANE LANDS ON CRUISER.

Ely Flies From Field Near Frisco to Pennsylvania, Anchored In Bay.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—Aviator Ely started from Selfridge field, twelve miles south of the city at 10:45 a. m. to make an attempt to land on the deck of the cruiser Pennsylvania, anchored in San Francisco Bay. Sixteen minutes later Ely landed safely on the deck of the cruiser. This is the first time the feat has been accomplished in the history of aviation.

HEROES FOUND IN NORTHWEST

DECORATIONS AND MONEY BESTOWED ON AMERICANS.

"Big Bill" Edwards Rewarded for His Defense of Mayor Gaynor.

Pittsburg, Jan. 19.—The Carnegie hero commission named 26 new heroes and heroines. Sixteen bronze and 10 silver medals were awarded, together with almost $15,000 in cash and several pensions of good size. The state of Wisconsin and Minnesota are represented in the awards.

One of the most interesting awards is that of a bronze medal and $1,000 in money, to be paid out as needed, to Charles R. McCabe, Jr., an insurance agent of Chicago, for an act of bravery performed at Sayner, Wis., June 28, 1909. McCabe was but 20 years of age and on the day mentioned heard George M. Cummins, a clerk, who was in the water at Lost lake, cry for help. Cummins was taken by a cramp in the arms and was sinking when McCabe, who wore heavy top boots, reached him and tried to save him. Cummins wrapped both arms and legs about his would-be rescuer and they went to the bottom together. McCabe managed to break the hold of the drowning man and they both came to the surface separately. Instead of deserting Cummins, McCabe, who was almost drowned himself, tackled Cummins once more and managed to swim some distance with him when a boat came to their rescue. After helping Cummins into the boat, McCabe fainted and was saved with difficulty.

The mother of Robert C. Woods at Mankato, Minn., is given a bronze medal and $25 per month for the next five years for the bravery of her son, Robert C. Woods, who lost his life at Southbend, Minn., on July 17, 1910, while trying to save Harry A. Strom, a 16-year-old schoolboy from drowning.

Two Saved Four Persons.

James T. Mason and George K. Muir of Grand Rapids, Wis., are each given a bronze medal for their heroic work on the night of May 26, 1909, when they saved the lives of four persons who had been swept over the dam of the Wisconsin river at that point by the capsizing of their launch. The persons saved were Mary F. Dolan, Von L. Holliday, Carol V. Rector and William B. Sweet, all young persons. It was midnight when their launch went over and Mason and Muir had to row about 600 yards among rocks, etc., to get them.

Jerome Miller, an Oshkosh, Wis., contractor, is awarded a bronze medal for his heroic work in saving the life of William G. Staple, from burning at Oshkosh, Oct. 16, 1908.

Guy F. Empey, a 15-year-old schoolboy, of Merrill, Wis., is given a bronze medal for saving the life of Cornelia E. Denne, aged 11, Nov. 29, 1906. The girl had broken through the ice of the Wisconsin river, where the water was very deep, and the boy in trying to reach her broke through the same hole. She caught him about the neck and he was just going under when he struck her in the face, breaking her hold and sending her under the ice. Young Empey then showed great presence of mind by breaking the ice to where the now unconscious girl was and he supported her until some other boys shoved him a sled which he held to with one hand, the other holding to the girl, and they were both pulled to safety.

One of the unusual awards was that of a silver medal to William H. Edwards (Big Bill), the famous old college athlete, now commissioner of street cleaning in New York city. Edwards' act of heroism consisted in his tackling the man who shot William J. Gaynor, mayor of New York, on board a steamship in Hoboken, N. J., Aug. 9, 1910. Edwards was shot himself in the struggle, but he undoubtedly saved the lives of others, as the shooter had evidently not finished.

SIX KILLED IN MONTANA BLAST.

Two Miners Badly Hurt in the Workings at Keating.

Helena, Jan. 19.—As a result of an explosion in the Keating mine at Radersburg, 40 miles from here, six miners are dead, two are badly injured and there is an unconfirmed rumor that two more men are somewhere in the workings. The dead are Ed Ryan, shift boss; Dan Ryan, his brother; Dan Whyte, Percy Way, Louis Tucker and Harry Abbott.

Pending an investigation, officials of the Keating Gold Mining company said that only the men named had been killed and two others injured, that no one below the 300-foot level was hurt and that all of the bodies had been recovered.

It is thought that the powder magazine in the mine exploded. This magazine, which was said to have contained between 500 and 800 pounds of dynamite, was on the 200-foot level.

FOR EXCLUSION OF ASIATICS.

Retention of Present Laws Is Urged in California.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 19.—A joint resolution offered in the California state assembly by Assemblyman Wilson and referred to the committee on federal relations, urges congress to retain the present Asiatic exclusion laws and to "extend the terms and provisions thereof so as to include all unassimilable and undesirable immigrants of other countries and races."

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—Moses E. Clapp was re-elected United States senator for another term of six years.

The Hennepin house delegation introduced many bills in the session.

Representative Kunze introduced a bill providing that cities of the first class might assess abutting property owners for park improvements, collecting 20 per cent of the tax per annum and collecting interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

Representative Palmer presented a bill giving authority to cities of 50,000 or more to issue bonds for $800,000 for their park systems, but limiting the amount to be issued yearly to $250,000.

Mr. Palmer brought forward another bill authorizing a city to acquire land within a mile and a half of the city limits by gift, devise, condemnation or purchase. The bill applied not only to lands, but to streams and lakes also. It contains a proviso that not more than 40 acres outside the city limits can be obtained under the provisions of the act by condemnation or purchase.

Mr. Fuchs represented the firemen and policemen with a bill permitting street railway companies to grant free transportation for firemen and policemen.

The bill providing $17,000 for the St. Peter asylum for the dangerous insane, which had already passed the senate, passed the house.

John P. Nash introduced a bill abolishing the office of oil inspector. "It is an expense to the state of $40,000 or more for which the state receives no return. It has outlived its usefulness," said Mr. Nash, in discussing the bill.

Governor Eberhart recommended in a message to the Senate, that legislation be formulated to provide state funds for the schools of Koochiching county equal to the amount of taxes that state lands in that section would pay were they taxed. He did this on petition from residents of Koochiching county.

Senator Elwell introduced a bill authorizing cities of 50,000 or more population issuing bonds of the value of $600,000 par for the purchase and improvement of park property.

The official report of the majority of the members of the Minnesota Workingmen's Compensation commission on a workingmen's compensation bill to be presented to the legislature is announced.

The principal question at issue is the section governing the indemnity fund. Mr. McEwen and Mr. Mercer favor a plan by which the employer shall contribute all of the indemnity fund for the compensation of injured workmen. It is said Mr. Gillette hold such a stand would be too great a burden upon employers, and that it should be an insurance proposition with the workingman contributing 20 per cent and the employer 80 per cent of the fund.

The bill, as favored by two of the members, fixes the amount of benefit to be received by the workingmen who are injured. The scale gives a miximum of $3,000 for death, a maximum of $5,000 for total or partial disability. In certain cases, such as the loss of both arms, legs or eyes, additional compensation is given. The following computations are made as an illustration:

Maximum compensation for a man earning $900 a year is $2,250 for death, $450 anually for a maximum period of five years for permanent disability; for total permanent disability by loss of legs, arms, or eyes, $3,150; for the loss of a leg, arm or eye, $2,787.50.

Compensation for partial disability is 50 per cent of decrease in annual wages during the continuance of partial disability. If a man earning $900 a year in a normal condition is forced, owing to injury, to take a position paying $600, then the compensation is to be 50 per cent of the $300 difference or $150 a year for five years. The maximum compensation under the bill for disability based upon the annual wage of $2,000 would be $7,000.

The bill extends to all dangerous employment. Every employment in which an accident, arising in and growing out of such employment, occurs is declared to be dangerous. This includes agricultural pursuits and house servants. The employer is made liable for compensation, in all accidents arising out of employment except those purposely inflicted. No compensation is paid for the first two weeks of disability. The employer is liable, however, for medical and hospital expenses limited to $100 during the first two weeks of disability.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—All three contested electoral seats have advanced a step towards settlement. Arguments in the Ahmann-Emmel contest were heard. The Farrington-Froshaug contest was set for 2 p. m. Thursday and it was decided to take up the Stephens-Saugstad contest as soon as the others were out of the way, by the elections committee of the senate last night.

Attorneys for Dr. Froshaug, incumbent, gave notice that they would combat the Farrington claims on the ground that notice of contest was not filed within 40 days of the election, as prescribed by law; that the Farrington adherents had failed to give regular statutory notice of intention to contest; that the specifications of contest were too indefinite, and that the conestants had not laid proper foundation for the introduction of ballot boxes from many small towns into the testimony.

A. B. Jackson, attorney for Mr. Emmel, the contestant against Senator Ahmann, contended that, in the preliminary contest at the scene of the election, Ahmann had no right to refuse to answer questions put to him concerning his age.

Ripley Brower, attorney for Mr. Ahmann, contended that Ahmann was justified in refusing to testify when "a penalty or forfeiture" might be incurred by testifying. The question involved was whether or not Ahmann became a citizen of the United States by his father's naturalization. Emmel adherents claimed that Ahmann was over 21 years when his father was naturalized and so did not become a citizen through his father's naturalization. A meeting will be held by the committee today, at which a decision in the Emmel-Ahmann contest may be given.

Representatives Mattson, of Roseau county, introduced a bill providing for an annual appropriation of $20,000 to carry on the expense advertising the natural resources of the state. The bill provides that the appropriation shall be divided equally among the counties applying for the money.

Thousands of pamphlets setting forth the opportunity in each county are to be circulated throughout the United States. The bill is proposed to stimulate immigration to Minnesota.

Two house bills increasing the gross earnings tax of railroads from 4 to 5 per cent were introduced in the house. A bill presented by Representative C. P. Warner of Aitkin, calls for an increase of 5 per cent with the provision that the additional 1 per cent tax be placed in the road and bridge funds.

Representative Spooner's bill provides for a straight increase.

A step forward in the campaign for clean milk was taken when Senator Johnston introduced a bill in the senate that would prohibit the shipping of cream more than 30 miles over any railroad line unless pasteurized or shipped in a refrigerator car properly iced and in a sanitary condition.

A concurrent resolution was introduced by Senator Coller directing the Minnesota tax commission to draft proposed laws that would reveal all property subject to a personal tax except gross earnings of railroads and other corporations and inheritances, bequests, legacies and gifts. The tax commissioner was further ordered to draw up proposed acts for an equitable gross earning tax on all corporations and an income tax.

Senator Cheadle introduced a bill that would enable railroad employes to vote when away from home on the presentation of proper certificates.

Senator Wilson of Minneapolis, introduced a bill, by request, providing that a marriage license must be taken out at least five days before the marriage ceremony is performed, but making it optional with the judge of any court of record to shorten the time between the granting of the license and the performing of the marriage ceremony.

A resolution providing for an increased membership of the rules committee was submitted to the house. It provides for the appointment of an additional member from each congressional district and names the following legislators: John Rustad, First district; W. A. Just, Second district; A. V. Anderson, Third district; C. N. Orr, Fourth district; W. A. Campbell, Fifth district; J. E. Lee, Sixth district; A. J. Peterson, Seventh district; H. A. Putnam, Eighth district and J. N. Johnson of the Ninth district.

Representative Brown introduced a bill withdrawing Morrison county from the Seventh judicial district and adding it to the Fifteenth judicial district.

Speaker Dunn has announced the appointment of Representative Mattson, Ferguson and Spooner as o committee to represent Minnesota at a conference with Wisconsin and Michigan officials to discuss proposed forestry laws.

Fire Destroys Rail Engines.

Marshalltown, Iowa.—Fire of an unknown origin destroyed the roundhouse of the Iowa Central here, causing an estimated loss of $100,000. Twelve locomotives were destroyed.

ANOTHER MEXICAN BATTLE.

Government and Revolutionists Fight Sixteen Hours.

Chihuahua, Mexico.—A 16-hour battle between 70 government volunteers so-called and 100 revolutionists occurred at the village of Coyome. This report reached General Hernandez, commanding the military zone. No details were given but from the duration of the engagement it is presumed the losses were considerable.

CHILDREN BURNED IN HOME.

Overheated Stove Starts Fire During Absence of Parents.

Boyne City, Michigan. — During the temporary absence of their parents, two young children of William Johnson, a farmer living near Boyne Falls, were burned to death in their home. The fire, which probably started from an overheated stove, was discovered by Mrs. Johnson when she returned after a half hour's absence.

BIG CANAL SCHEME

REPRESENTATIVE SPOONER INTRODUCES RIVERS BILL IN MINNESOTA HOUSE.

COMPLETE WATERWAYS SYSTEM

Power Worth Three Million Annually Will Be Developed According to Author of Bill.

St. Paul, Jan. 18—Planning the construction of an intricate canal system, which shall form a complete network over Minnesota, Representative L. C. Spooner introduced a bill which may have incalcuable influence on the internal development of the state.

Mr. Spooner's bill calls for an appropriation of $40,000 and authorizes the governor, the attorney general and the state auditor to investigate the feasibility of the proposed plan.

This is what is known as the Mershon system of canalization and was first presented to the state legislature by F. D. Mershon two years ago. It involves connecting the Lake of the Woods with the Red River of the North, draining the Red River valley, carrying the water to the Minnesota river, developing the Minnesota river from St. Cloud to the Twin Cities and then connecting by means of the St. Croix and other streams and the necessary artificial channels with Lake Superior. It is planned to make this channel deep enough to carry vassels plying on the lakes. Connected with this idea is a plan to develop the Mississippi river from Minneapolis to the gulf.

Route is Outlined.

The explicit route of the proposed system of canals involves connecting the Lake of the Woods with Lake Traverse at interstate crossing, constructing a large canal connecting Vermillion lake with Red lake and developing water powers along the line.

Then comes another barge canal, connecting Red lake with the barge canal first mentioned. A dyke or dam about 20 feet high is to be constructed near the interstate crossing, and another dam is to be built near Granite Falls, 80 feet high, in the Minnesota river, creating between the two dams a permanent inland sea in the valley of the Minnesota river, while a ship canal is to connect this sea, or lake near Sauk Rapids or St. Cloud with the Mississippi river.

Drainage canals are to be constructed to carry the flood or overflow water of the surrounding country into the barge canal, or into the inland lake.

Intercity Harbor Needed.

The plan calls for the construction of an intercity harbor in the gorge of the Mississippi river below St. Anthony falls. The canal system north to Lake Superior will run by way of the Rum, Kettle and Snake rivers, running northeasterly from St. Cloud, connecting with the upper St. Croix river; thence down the Bois Brule river to Lake Superior, the ship canal to be connected with the St. Croix river by a channel navigable for the river boats.

Reapportionment Is Up.

Reapportionment hopes of Northern Minnesota were advanced at the joint session of the house and senate reapportionment committees.

Senator Hackney, chairman of the senate committee, was made chairman of the joint committee. He immediately asked Representative Congdon to read three rules that the two had agreed on as tentative means of limiting the field of activity within broad lines.

The first was that the maximum for membership under the new repportionment should be 63 senators and 126 representatives. This would leave the senate unchanged numerically, but would increase the house by nine.

The second was that county lines should be left intact as far as practicable. In Hennepin, Ramsey and St. Louis counties the county lines would have to be cut; or, where there were cities like St. Cloud, situated in three counties, the county lines would have to be severed, but whenever possible the county lines should be kept.

The third was that, in fixing the bounds of legislative districts, after grouping of counties for the purpose of allotting senators and representatives on a population basis, each such group should have the privilege, by its representatives, of suggesting to the chairmen of both house and senate committees how the groups should be divided into districts. The written statement of Mr. Congdon said the reason for this provision was that the different sections understood the conditions in their own parts of the state better than anyone else could, and to have each section of the state divide itself would save the entire committee a lot of work. All three rules were adopted as tentative guides.

$600,000 Fund Asked For Normals.

J. A. A. Burnquist, recently defeated candidate for speaker of the house and chairman of the committee on normal schools, introduced his first bill for an appropriation of about $600,000 for the maintenance of the five state normal schools of the state. The appropriation is to be distributed as follows: Winona, $73,950; Mankato, $193,050; St. Cloud, $161,350; Moorhead, $142,200; Duluth, $69,500.

Representative Fisher, of Minneapolis, has introduced a bill which would restrict the expenditures of candidates for election to state and county offices.

Robbing the Paymaster

True Story of the Secret Service

By COL. H. C. WHITLEY
Former Chief U. S. Secret Service

I WAS on duty as special agent of the United States government at New Orleans in the summer of 1862. Maj. Gen. Benjamin F. Butler was department commander and ruling this then turbulent city with an iron hand. Everything down there including the weather was sizzling hot. Thugs and thieves were being severely dealt with. Martial law was in force and summary punishment was being meted out by the provost judge. Several house robbers had been hanged by order of General Butler and there must have been a ticklish sensation about the necks of the unruly.

It was one of those blazing hot mornings for which New Orleans is famous that Major ——, a United States paymaster on duty in that city, left his office in the custom house carrying a portemonnaie containing just $20,000 in gold coin. The major was one of those economical men who thought a penny saved was as good as a penny earned. Gold at this time was at a premium, hence a saving could be made by making an exchange of gold for paper currency. Besides, he may have thought paper money more convenient for the soldiers' use. As he passed down the custom house steps he paused a moment as if to determine the course to pursue. He hailed a passing cab, and entering it he instructed the driver to take him to the bank of Jacob Barker on Camp street. The cab drew up directly in front of the main entrance.

The paymaster went inside. Stepping around the end of the counter he met and shook hands with a stockily built man whose locks were long and white. This was Jacob Barker whose name at this time was familiar to every banker in the United States. Uncle Jacob blinked a welcome as the shining pieces were spread upon the table.

Two young men now came forward to make the count and pile up the treasure. The work completed, bundles of greenbacks were crowded into the portemonnai to take the place of the gold coin. Then there was a side transaction and a package that looked like money was stowed away in the paymaster's breast pocket. The major as he reentered the cab did not notice that the driver was casting longing eyes upon the bulging portemonnaie.

He was then taken to the post office, which was located in the custom house. He got out of the cab and stepped inside, where he remained just long enough to unlock and remove the mail from his letter box. Returning to the street he was greatly astonished and nearly paralyzed with excitement to discofer that the cab in which he had left the $20,000 had disappeared. He looked up and down the street stupidly at first. Recovering himself he madly rushed around the corner. There was no cab in sight. He then started on foot at a lively pace for the office of the provost marshal general on St. Charles street.

I chanced to be in the provost marshal's office at this time. I listened to the paymaster's story and was the first to undertake the recovery of the money. It was one of those smooth easy robberies with little or no clue for a starting point.

I started out on what seemed to be a rather difficult case, less than an hour after the theft.

I had an abiding faith that if I could meet the guilty man face to face while the affair was yet warm on his mind I could pick him out from the many cab drivers in the city.

The paymaster thought the driver of the cab an Irishman, but was not quite certain. He knew that he had been separated from his money and that was about all the information he could give. The capturing of the thief and recovering the money seemed now to rest upon the telltale eyes.

It was now noon-day and feeding time. The most of the cabs were off the streets, but I chanced to secure one, and I started out to visit the many cab stands in the city. When I met a driver of one of these vehicles I looked him over carefully, but saw nothing in the face of any of them to arouse suspicion. My mind might have been a little romantic in those days, but I thought the thief would have a disturbance on his face by which I would be able to pick him out. When at last I had met nearly all the cabbies in the city, and discovered nothing upon which to base suspicion, the driver with whom I was riding chanced to speak of a man who had quite recently started in the cab business. His stable was at his own home on St. Peters street. He knew the place and I told him to drive to it. Arriving there, I entered the yard and discovered wheel tracks that appeared to be freshly made. There was a small stable in the rear of the lot near which was a pile of litter. The top of this pile had recently been disturbed. With a pitch-fork I overhauled some of it. I can give no explanation why I did this. I made no discovery. I then ascended the stairs leading up on the outside of the house to the portico, and entered a living room in the second story. There was a woman lying upon the bed. She appeared quite feeble and had recently given birth to a child.

"Who lives here?" I inquired.

She answered, "Patrick O'Rafferty."

"What is his business?"

"A cab driver."

"Did your husband come to his dinner?"

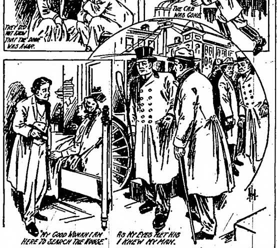
"No, he has not been here since he left this morning."

I then said, "My good woman, I am a government officer, and am here to search your house for concealed arms."

"You can search as much as you please, but you will find nothing of the kind in this house."

I cast my eyes about and saw that I was in a home that seemed destitute of the common comforts of life. I stepped into an unfurnished adjoining room and swung open the door of a small dark closet. There were only a few articles of clothing hanging upon the wall. Feeling about in the hope of discovering something, I chanced to put my hand on a pair of Attukapas pants that were damp about the waist.

My suspicion was aroused a little then, and considerably more so since I was informed by Mrs. O'Rafferty that there had not been a man in the house since early morning. She stared at me as though trying to comprehend the situation.


THEY DID NOT KNOW THAT THE DOOR WAS AJAR.
THE CAB WAS GONE
BANK
"MY GOOD WOMAN I AM HERE TO SEARCH THE HOUSE."
AS MY EYES MET HIS I KNEW MY MAN.

Not wishing to worry her with any further explanation I excused myself as best I could and left the house. As keen and discerning as I might have been I could not for the life of me understand the reason why the woman should attempt to deceive me unless she had some object. The moisture about the waist of the pants was to my mind unmistakable evidence of a man in the house only a short time before. Why did the woman deny it?

I ascertained that O'Rafferty's usual stand was on the levee not far from the custom house and I directed the driver to take me there at once. On arriving at the designated spot I was fortunate in finding O'Rafferty at his usual stand.

I sprang out of the conveyance in which I was riding and stepping briskly up to him, I boldly charged him with stealing the leather bag. As my eyes met his I knew my man. Nothing short of proof to the contrary could have cleared him had I been his judge.

His statement differed materially from the one made by his wife: On questioning him he said he had been at home in the middle of the day. Had fed his horse, cooked his own dinner and waited upon himself. Talked with his wife and changed his pants. He could give no reason why he made the change, except that he did so. He stoutly denied carrying the paymaster and swore by all the saints in Christendom that he hadn't carried a passenger on that day.

I could not budge him in the least; the more I crowded him the keener was his denial. He deeply resented the charge I had made and braced up to me in a spirit of defiance. He was Irish sure enough. Being tinctured considerably with the same blood myself, and with the United States government at my back, I had the advantage of him. Yet he might have downed me had it not been for the pants. This discovery as simple as it was loomed up as a matter of great importance. I arrested him and locked him up in the First district station. I was confident he was the thief, but when he was brought into the presence of the paymaster I was almost knocked off my base when the major was unable to recognize the prisoner, besides which he had the amazing stupidity to admit it in his presence. He was evidently one of the negative, wabbly sort, and may have been overly conscientious. He refused to make a charge. Consequently I took the responsibility of holding the prisoner and locking him in a cell where he was not allowed to converse with any outsider.

After a few days of confinement he appeared quite down-hearted and begged to be permitted to see his wife.

The meeting between the husband and wife at their home was quite affecting, yet there was no development that would suggest guilt. I now determined to give O'Rafferty a little jolt for the purpose of frightening him into a confession.

In the corridor, at a little distance from his cell, a person inquired: "What are they going to do with O'Rafferty?" In as earnest a manner as I could command I answered that he was to be hung on the following morning at nine o'clock, by order of the commanding general. O'Rafferty, of course, heard the conversation that was intended for his ears.

There was at this time a prevailing fear among many that General Butler was liable to hang almost anyone. My ruse had its effect, as O'Rafferty now began to sob and groan. I stepped inside his cell and made an effort to console him, assuring him that I was very sorry, but that nothing could be done to help him unless he would give up the money.

He was a Catholic and begged that he might see a priest. I thought he wanted to make a confession, and went at once to the custom house to consult Major ——, and chanced to meet the postmaster, who was General Butler's brother-in-law. When I explained the situation and the possibility of a confession, he said it would do no good to let him confess to a priest, who would divulge nothing that was told him, and suggested Major Farr, chaplain of a Connecticut regiment. "Don't try to fool a Catholic," I said, "but let us secure a real priest."

Upon my agreeing to take charge of this part of the program, it was finally concluded that a priest should be sent for and that he was to meet the prisoner in a room in the custom house. There was a number of large wardrobes, or armoires as they were called in New Orleans, in the room. These were used for storing books. Some of them were removed from one, giving room for a man to enter. When the good father and O'Rafferty came and took a seat near this armoire, they surely did not notice that its door was just a little ajar.

Father M—— soon came out of the room. There was an expression of sadness upon his face, but he said nothing that could throw any light upon the robbery; yet it was quite apparent that something unusual had happened. Something had, and I now possessed the clue I needed.

It was dark when I arrived at the corner of White and Clio streets and knocked at the front door of a small dwelling house, which was soon opened by a middle-aged man. I informed him that I was a government officer and that I had come there to arrest both him and his wife and seize their house, which would be forfeited to the government. I told him that O'Rafferty had confessed everything. He now turned to his wife and exclaimed in an excited manner: "What did I tell you, Margaret? You see the bad business your brother has got us into?"

"Where's the money?" I demanded.

"It's under the house, and I will bring it to you."

"Be lively about it," I said in a commanding tone. He now went into the kitchen where he raised a small trap in the floor. Reaching down, he pulled out a corn sack. Hastily examining its contents I found it contained about $6,500 in paper money. I demanded the keys of his house and they were handed to me. The bigger the bluff the greater the scare, I thought. I took the man and his wife to the First district police station where they were locked up together in a comfortable room. A messenger was at once dispatched to bring Father M——. When found he was at the house on the corner of White and Clio streets endeavoring to arouse the occupants. He came immediately to the police station, and I acquainted him with the fact that a portion of the money had been recovered, and the persons in whose possession it had been found were in custody. He was unquestionably much surprised by this arrest. It may well be presumed that Father M——, having received O'Rafferty's confession, was in the act of reaching out for the restoration of the stolen money when accosted by the messenger. Believing himself to be the possessor of the only information that would lead to this important event, he was of course somewhat puzzled at what had taken place, but he convinced me that he was quite anxious to render any assistance in his power to recover the rest of the money. At my request he went in to talk with the man and his wife. I assured him that they would be released and not further molested if they would give up the stolen money. I went farther than this and said that if he could promise me that the money would be returned within the next twenty-four hours I would at once release the two prisoners. After interviewing them, he came outside and requested me to let the man and his wife go home. He said everything would be well at 12 o'clock on the following day, and his request was complied with. The good father was greatly concerned about what was to become of O'Rafferty.

"This," said he, "is the first great sin of this young man's life. On account of the sickness of his wife he has been greatly pressed for money. In a moment of weakness he yielded to temptation." The father did not say it, but I inferred that with him a full confession and restitution meant repentance, forgiveness and a pardon from God. In this particular case, however, a law made by man stood in the way. How was it to be overcome?

I realized that affairs were very much mixed at this time, and that there were many otherwise honest people who might find a ready excuse for a thief from the United States government. While a condition of this kind could not be plead as a bar to O'Rafferty's punishment, it might be offered in palliation of the crime; he might have remained an honest man had not the opportunity been thrust upon him. I had made promises to the good father and I might have imagined the confession of the culprit a solemn absolution of his sin; hence my deep sympathy and determination to procure his release.

The balance of the money was all returned by the priest as promised, but the difficult point in the case was yet to be accomplished. How was O'Rafferty to be let out? I might have unlocked his cell door and allowed him to walk out, but he would not be free, as he would be liable to be arrested by other officers. He had now openly told the simple story of the robbery and there was nothing further to detect.

He said he had no thought of stealing the sack when the paymaster stepped out of the cab, but when left alone the idea flashed through his brain to drive to his home with it, where he made an attempt to bury it in the litter pile. Abandoning this plan, he drove to his brother-in-law's house. On arriving there he found his sister washing clothes in the yard. He told her in a hurried manner that he had brought a big lot of money and that he would leave it with her to take care of. He put the portemonnaie in a box under the shed in the yard and covered it with hay. There were two of the husband's brothers sleeping in the house at the time; they were bakers by trade, working nights and sleeping in the day time. When they got up in the afternoon the sack containing the money was pointed out to them. They cut it open and divided its contents, as near as they could guess, into three equal parts. Leaving one-third for the sister, they hid the other two-thirds for themselves. Poor O'Rafferty, who really did not know very much about the contents of the sack, was left out in the cold.

The city of New Orleans was under martial law at this time, and offenders were being handled severely in the provost court. The judge was puritanical in principle and clothed with almost unlimited power. He was considered quite unapproachable, yet I determined to visit him at his house on behalf of O'Rafferty. I found him a much more generous man than I had thought him to be. He listened attentively when I told him the story of the robbery and the part the priest had taken in recovering the money. I put up the best plea I could for the prisoner and his sick wife. I was certain that the judge was interested and his heart softened. He said he would take the case under advisement, but said nothing to indicate what his decision might be.

A trial in a provost court at New Orleans in that day was a rather brief affair. It consisted mostly of an accusation and a sentence. When O'Rafferty was arraigned, he pleaded guilty to the charge of stealing the $20,000. In a few brief moments the judge made an order for his confinement at Fort Jackson for a period of years. I felt quite sore on account of this decision, but was a little surprised when he called me up and thrust the order for the prisoner's commitment in my hand. I saw that I was charged with his delivery to the commanding officer of the fort, a feature of the program that was certainly not in my line, and I jumped at the conclusion that the responsibility for his release was resting upon my shoulders.

Two days afterwards I returned the order of commitment with a report of the prisoner's escape indorsed upon its back. The judge smiled his seeming approval. O'Rafferty's release may have been illegal, but I believe it was justified by the pardon he received through the intercession of the good father.

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Bad Handwriting.

Every man who has his living to earn or any work in the world to do ought to be made to understand that if he does not write legibly at least, if not beautifully, it is entirely his own fault, and that if he is made to suffer for it he has only himself to blame. The pestilent theory that bad writing is the sign of a great mind ought to receive no countenance from men of common sense. It is sometimes, no doubt, the result of extreme pressure of business; but in most cases it is the sign either of bad training or of a contemptible perversity in fashion or of a careless and unstable disposition which will display itself sooner or later in things much more important than handwriting. In no case is it to be commended; in only few cases is it to be even excused.

A Judicial Expert.

The native with a stogie met the native with a pipe.

"Howdy, Zeb?" quoth the stogie native. "Hear 'bout th' fuss down to th' courthouse?"

"Nope," drawled the man with the pipe. "What was it about?"

"Why, Jim Simpson has been suing Abner Hawley for alienatin' th' affections of his wife, an' Judge Musgrove told th' jury to bring a verdick of six cents' damages, 'cause he thought that was all the damage was worth to Jim. An' Jim's wife got mad an' threw a chair at the jedge, an' he had her arrested an' put in the cooler."

"But didn't jedge go a leetle too far when he fixed her value so low?"

"Not at all, not at all. Y' see, he was her first husband!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Friends.

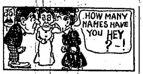
After a man passes 50 he is pretty fortunate if he doesn't find more acquaintances on the tombstones in the cemetery than he finds on the door plates in town.

Growth of the Heart.

Remember that the heart grows to resemble what it contemplates.

TALES OF GOTHAM AND OTHER CITIES

Sad-Faced Swindler Haunts Funerals


HOW MANY NAMES HAVE YOU HEY ?-!

NEW YORK.—A well dressed young man with downcast eyes has recently been visiting homes on the East Side that have been visited by death, exchanging sympathy for a square meal. In most cases he left the houses richer not alone by food but by substantial gifts of money and clothing. His last experience, though, sent him away somewhat less sympathetic than when he approached the mourners.

It is customary in Jewish homes for the husband or wife and the children of a dead person to observe a period of seven days' mourning, in which they sit constantly together in one room. In these seven days, called the "Shiva," the mourners' grief is unrestrained save for such comfort as they can draw from their religion.

In the midst of this period of mourning there recently appeared at one house a rather good looking young man with infinite pity in his sad brown eyes. Like all other comers at such a time, he was ushered directly into the room of mourning, where the widow and orphans sat.

"I am so sorry, dear madam," he said, with a slight German accent, to the widow. "I read about your dear husband's death in the newspapers. It may seem strange to you that I have come here, for you probably do not know me, but I feel almost as if I have a personal interest in your dear husband's death. As a matter of fact, I bear his very name. He was my namesake."

In the course of the next half hour he managed, in answering the kind questions that were put to him, to disclose the fact that he had only recently come from Germany, bringing his wife and several children with him, and that both he and they were at present badly stranded and without more than a few cents for the next meal.

Just then a woman among the assembled friends who had been trying to place him looked up with a glance of sudden recognition.

"Excuse me, my dear sir," she said, tapping the sympathetic young man on the shoulder. "I am a little hard of hearing. What did you say your name was?"

The man of infinite pity gently repeated the name of the dead man.

"So?" exclaimed the woman in a voice of high pitch, foreboding a hysterical scream. "And you are the namesake of my dear sainted husband, too, who died last year. Yes?"

"I don't understand you, my good friend," protested the watery-eyed young man, edging toward the door.

"You ate your fill at my house when we were sitting 'Shiva' for my poor husband!" cried the woman. "And you knew how to be his namesake and swindle us out of a memorial gift at that time, didn't you? And now you come to be somebody else's namesake, with your wife and seven children, and to try to dupe them, too!"

But he had gone.

Stray Letters Puzzle "Nixie" Clerk

WELL OF ALL TH—

CHICAGO.—Working away like the proverbial trooper, the "nixie" clerk was discovered behind a battlement of pigeon holes, in the Chicago postoffice. He was plying his trade of finding the destination of misdirected letters and of letters whose addresses other clerks had been unable to decipher. He was too busy to talk.

"The 'nixie' clerks run a haven for wayward epistles," explained a self-appointed guide. "When a misguided letter is discovered it is sent to 'nixie,' where the clerks give it the proper treatment and send it on its way."

That more information regarding the "nixie" department might be gained, C. A. Mallory, assistant superintendent of the city delivery, was sought his office.

"The 'nixie' clerks," explained Mr. Mallory, "form an important part of Uncle Sam's postal service. They work out puzzle after puzzle in hieroglyphics and erroneous addressing and through their efforts much mail matter that otherwise would be lost lands where it should.

"For explanation we will say that a railway postal clerk find a letter addressed to John Smith, Chestnut street, Illinois. That letter, incompletely addressed, is thrown into the 'nixie' pile in the postal mail car and finds its way to the 'nixie' department, in this case, say, in Chicago. The 'nixie' clerk consults a tabulation, which lists the various Chestnut streets in Illinois and tells in what towns they will be found. He then consults the directory of each of those towns—a supply of directories is kept on hand—until he finds a John Smith living in Chestnut street. Then the letter is readdressed and sent. Should this chance to be the wrong John Smith and the letter is returned a similar process is followed. Before every method is exhausted you may feel reasonably sure that the right person has received the letter.

"Yes, sir," laughed Mr. Mallory, "the fellow who called the 'nixie' department a haven for wayward epistles struck it about right."

"Approximately how many 'nixies' do you receive in Chicago a day?" Mr. Mallory was asked.

"Oh, from 300 to 400, I should say," was the reply.

Gigantic Smuggling Scheme Exposed

LOS ANGELES, CAL.—A plot to defeat the immigration laws of the United States more far-reaching than any similar scheme ever before unfolded in the southwest has just been brought to light by the federal authorities. Innocent and guileless as the Chinese appear in contrast with white persons when brought in contact with them, the government agents give credit to this race for having organized the most gigantic coolie-smuggling system ever known to exist. The federal officers for the southern district of California are confident that they are in possession of the entire plan by which the hordes of Orientals have been poured into the United States by the way of the Mexican border.

The conspiracy against the immigration regulations is understood to reach from Texas and California through Mexico, across the Pacific and into the heart of China, and to involve Chinese of high caste and immense wealth. Two of these alleged smugglers, who were in charge of the last bunch on the "underground railway," are awaiting trials in the United States district court. Two of their tools, Mexicans, are in jail here.

At the head of the band of smugglers are Chinese of high caste who reside in Hong Kong. They are said to be enjoying royal revenues from the traffic and the pleasant feature of their occupation is that they are immune from arrest. Others members of the gang rely on protection from American laws on the soil of Mexico.

The coolies are procured from the interior of China. They are gathered easily there and shipped across the Pacific to Mazatlan, Mexico, where they are unloaded. They are marched through Mexico to Mexicali, just across the border from Calexico. Here Nug Fun and Wong Chin Dock have pretended to carry on a store, but it has really been a resort for contraband Chinese, the point at which they were sneaked into the United States.

Fun was taken in custody several months ago while in company with several coolies. Dock did not take heed from the fate of his partner and he was recently taken in custody in Imperial valley.

Judge Decrees That Wives Must Obey

I'LL OBEY NO MAN

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—In granting a decree of divorce to Samuel C. McGee, a policeman, against Mrs. Louisa S. McGee, Judge T. A. Frank Jones, in the Circuit Court, arraigned wives who have shown themselves to usurp the authority of their husbands. He dwelt upon the relationship that should exist between husband and wife, and traced this relationship from the day of the cave man through the ancient common law of the Anglo-Saxons. He declared that the law of today has made little change in the fundamentals of this relationship as it was in the times of Holy Writ, when the command, "Wives, obey your husbands," was made. The husband alleged general indignities, which the wife denied. The judge said:

"A man is the master of his own household. The law vests certain authority in him. When a woman marries she voluntarily gives up many of the rights she had as a single woman, and she must submit to her husband's authority. She agrees to submit to his dictation and she must submit to it so long as it is not arbitrary and tyrannical.

"Whenever a wife works for money, she is bound to give part of it to help support the family. So long as she does not work for money, she has a right to demand that her husband support her properly. But when she does work outside her own household for gain, she forfeits that right and must, in the discretion of her husband, help pay the way of the family.

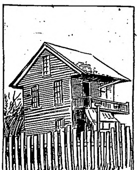
"It makes no difference if her husband stays at home, does the cooking and the housework and she makes the living. Under the law, the husband is still the master of that household and she must submit to his authority."

"The evidence shows that one time Mrs. McGee went to her husband's superior and asked that a certain division of her husband's salary be made. She had no right to do that. That was none of her business. A wife has no right to say how much of his money a husband shall give to her and how much he shall spend for himself. Although he is compelled to support her by law, the law makes him the judge as to what part of his income shall go for that purpose."

BIRTHPLACE OF THE PRUNE

First Trees Were Imported From France and Planted in the Santa Clara Valley, California.

San Jose, Cal.—It is possible that there are people compelled to live in city boarding houses who will not think that the man who introduced prunes into America deserves to rank as a public benefactor. Whatever the "boarders" may think about it, it is certain that boarding house keepers will regard him as one of the great men of the past century. In that opinion California orchardists will heartily concur, as he was the pioneer in an industry that now represents an investment of more than $50,000,000 in improved orchard land, equipment and packing plants, and pays large dividends on every dollar. The first prune trees ever planted in California were imported from France and planted in the grounds of the Pellier nursery, in San Jose, in the year 1863. Mr. Pellier has long been dead, but his old home is still standing, and ought to be regarded as a sacred landmark by all purveyors and consumers of prunes. The old frame house is now the center of 100,000 acres of prune orchards, grouping in the Santa Clara valley. Not far from 10,000,000 prune trees grow in the valley. In comparison with these figures, the prune orchards of France, Spain, Germany, Austria, Servia and other prune-growing countries are hardly worthy of mention. California now dominates the world's prune trade, not only supplying the markets of the United States, but exporting millions of pounds annually.



First Prune Farm.

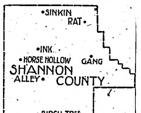
ODD NAMES OF THE OZARKS

Designation of Towns in a Missouri County Either Very Purposeful or Very Purposeless.

Kansas City, Mo.—Whether imagination or lack of it is more evident in the names of Ozark towns might be debated. But there would be no dispute about the fact that the result is something unusual. Hack writers who delight in putting proper names together in foolish sentences would find a long journey in the Ozark region as full of delightful possibilities as a walk in a diamond field. With what enthusiasm would they string together something like this:

"If he is clever, the Fowler in the Timber may Dent a Zebra; if Not that his Blue Eye may fill with Joy to find Lamb and Pease on the same Trail. Though Fate be Barren, if he's Witty he may Bluff and say the Ark holds yet a Rat, a Swan and Birdsong from the Congo. And Manysprings, and a Rill Diggins, Gold and Pleasant Hope, perhaps are Only about Halfway to Evening Shade. And so—Goodnight."

In a single county of Missouri this large collection of the literal label is shown: Rat, Ink, Gang, Alley, Timber, Horse, Hollow, Sinkin, Birch Tree, Timber and Low Wassie. More imaginative, perhaps, are Not and Congo. Mountain View represents the humorous department, for it is in a hollow where there is neither view nor mountain.



Map of Shannon County, Mo.

For shortness of name, the region is no less remarkable, with such types as Hy, All, Lon, Job, Arp, Osa, Coy, Day, Bly, Van, Igo, Abo and Roe. Sometimes the traveler may have a suspicion that the towns have been named after the fashion that the Indians label their children. There are such examples as Coin, Groom, Notch and Flag. Sometimes the labels are poetic and alluring—Shadygrove, Birdsong and Romance—and again they are as far in the other direction as Kiddos Spur, Hughes Stone Quarry, Hanks and Smittle. For those who know Latin, Bona is a good name for a town, though Dagonia and Protem may see Radical.

Cost of Stopping a Train.

Chicago.—According to Signal Engineer J. A. Peabody, of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, who investigated the matter on his own line, the cost of stopping a train of 530 tons and returning to a speed of 50 miles an hour is 42 cents.

The cost of stopping a 2,000-ton train from 35 miles an hour is $1.

The officials of another road estimate each stop of a six-car passenger train from 45 miles an hour at 35 cents and for a 1,500-ton train from 15 miles an hour at 56 cents.

The time lost for making a stop on a level, straight track has been estimated at 145 seconds.

PRINCESS XENIA TO WEAR "HAPPY CROWN"

ROME.—"There will be no alliance between his imperial highness the duke of the Abruzzi and Miss Katharine Elkins of America."

This is the semi-official announcement doubtless inspired from the court of Victor Emmanuel III., king of Italy. Queen Helena makes no secret of her satisfaction at the outcome of this remarkable romance between the daughter of the late West Virginia millionaire and United States senator and the man who is first cousin to the king, and who might ascend the throne should death take away his brothers and the little sons of the royal family. And as for the Bourbon Duchess d'Aosta, sister-in-law of the duke, she is unfeignedly delighted. From the first she utterly opposed the marriage of a prince of the blood royal and a "vulgar American commoner," as she was pleased to dub the beautiful and exceedingly rich young American girl.

So once, at least, romance is dead.

Why? Did not the ardent young lovers plight eternal troth? Of course no one but they really knows, yet the report that they did was more than mere rumor. The story has it that the King of Italy was willing to give his consent. If this was true, he gave way before the united opposition of the ladies of the royal family. It has been said that the duke and Miss Elkins vowed that if they could not wed each other, they would never wed any one else. There was at least a substantial basis of truth in these reports, but just how far the romance went and just what killed it the world will probably never know.

Affections Transferred.

And so the duke of the Abruzzi went away to seek solace in the wilds of Africa. Report has it that the wound in his heart has healed and that formal announcement of his engagement to the dashing, handsome, hot-headed Princess Xenia, daughter of the ruler of little Montenegro, who last August proclaimed himself king over his 300,000 subjects, may be expected, writes a correspondent of the New York World. Though the king's income is not a fifth of that so long enjoyed by Senator Elkins, he is of royal blood. His daughter, according to foreign etiquette, is therefore quite the duke's equal and fit to be the wife of the man who might some day be king.

Not that the beautiful Xenia is not well bred and of exquisite charm and grace. Her highness had the advantage of a bringing-up at the Russian court, where they do things differently from the somewhat primitive court at Cettinje. Her father, who has ruled since 1860, lives little differently from the fierce and uncouth men who are his subjects.

To begin with, Princess Xenia is best known in Europe as one of the few living women who have jilted a king. It was King Alexander of Servia whom she jilted, away back in 1899, when he came a-courting to the miniature court of the then Prince Nicholas of Montenegro, now self-proclaimed king.

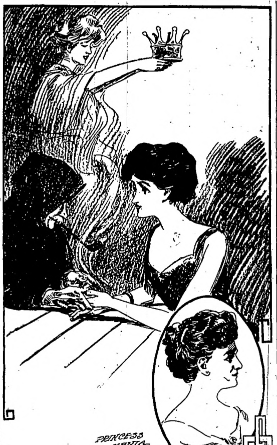
"Impossible!" Cried Princess.

As it always is with royalty, the marriage had been arranged by the families in question. Whether or not the Princess Xenia would like Alexander, whom she had never seen, did not concern them; the piquant and self-willed daughter of the ruler, she was not even consulted.

Alexander had already scoured the courts of Europe for a mate. Russia and Austria had told him that no Servians need apply. Finally he got down as far as Montenegro, and Nicholas, eager for more influence in the Balkans, gladly gave his consent for his daughter Xenia. The poor princess, barely 18 then, was told to make ready to meet her future lord and master.

In he shambled, grinning, blinking through his heavy glasses, knock-kneed, and most unattractive. The princess gave him one glance and shuddered.

"Mon Dieu!" she cried in French, "mais vous etes impossible!" or in polite English, she frankly told Alexander that he was impossible. It was the cry of an innocent, unspoiled young girl. The prince was not at all rebuffed, and attempted to mumble some protest that perhaps fatigue and nervousness had overcome her royal highness.



PRINCESS XENIA of MONTENEGRO

Xenia gasped once more. And then she fled from the room. The royal romance had died before it was born. Alexander married Mme. Draga Maschin, and a few years later both were assassinated by the king's officers in the royal palace at Belgrade.

But the fame of the Princess Xenia's spirit and wondrous classic beauty had gone abroad in Europe, and many a peer and nobleman came a-courting.

Prince George of Greece was eager to marry Eenia, but she would have none of him. The Grand Duke Michael, brother of the czar of Russia, was another aspirant for her hand, but he got the mitten, too. At 29 today she would have Abruzzi.

Proud of Daughters' Stations.

There are five living daughters of King Nicholas, and three of them have made matches far in advance of anything their own Montenegro might afford, as the king himself bosted not long ago to a questioning Britisher at Cettinje.

"It's too bad," remarked the Englishman, who was a man of great importance, "that Montenegro offers such a poor field for exportion."

"On the contrary," answered the king with spirit, "we have here the most beautiful articles for exportation!"

"And what are they, your majesty?" queried his guest.

"Why, my own daughters," answered Nicholas with a hearty laugh. "Princess Helena is queen of Italy, Princess Militza married the Grand Duke Peter of Russia, Princess Zorga, had she lived, would have been queen of Servia, Princess Annastasia is now Grand Duchess Nicholas, and Princess Anna is Princess Francis Joseph of Battenberg. Now you must admit that I have placed my articles of exportation very favorably on the foreign markets."

It is only too true, and it is chiefly due to Princess Helena, now the wife of Italy's King, that this newest royal match is about to be made. And also to the promise of an aged soothsayer in whom Xenia believes implicitly. It is a weird story.

Soothsayer's Warning.

No people of all Europe are so superstitious as those of Montenegro. And Princess Xenia feels the same as her father's uneducated peasantry. She is said to believe in signs and talismans and fortune telling, which, after all, is not astonishing when one considers that she was brought up in the court of the czar, who is much addicted to consultation with priestly soothsayers, if the report is true. Superstition has been in the Slavic blood too long to be eradicated in one generation.

"The Crown of Happiness"—such is the gift she has reason to believe the duke of the Abruzzi is holding out to her. She heard the words even before she was called to meet Alexander and ever since then she has been expecting their fruition. There was an aged soothsayer who toiled about the Montenegrin mountains with his wife and daughter, telling their futures to the simple folk who dwell on the rocky slopes of the tiny kingdom.

Nicholas heard of this wonderful man years ago and bade him come to the palace.

"I shall not come!" was his curt answer to Nicholas' messenger.

"Shall we fetch him by force, your royal highness?" asked the retainers.

"Oh, no, let him alone in his tent!" laughed the prince, dismissing the matter.

Foretold the Future.

But Princess Xenia had heard of this strange old man and she resolved to seek him out. She found him in his tent on a mountainside, where his wife and daughter, his tent bearers always, had pitched it. A fire burned in front to shut out the chill airs of the mountain.

"Will you tell my fortune, sir?" asked the princess, laying a goodly piece of silver on his outstretched palm.

"Certainly my lady," said the old man, taking her pink and white hand in his.

"I see a crown, a royal crown," he said, "no, two crowns!"

"I see two royal crowns," he went on. "One is fatal and bloodstained, the other leads to happiness and power. I am hesitating for I do not know which of the two you should accept—the first or the second."

On the following day the strolling soothsayer made bold to visit the palace at Cettinje and demanded that he see the Princess Xenia. The astonished flunkey at the gate would have barred the old man, but he was so insistent that the news of his visit was conveyed to the princess.

"Admit him at once," ordered Xenia.

"I have come," said the soothsayer, slowly and solemnly, "to warn you to refuse the first crown offered to you, no matter what it may be, because that crown will fall with blood."

Prophecy Proved True.

The warning was not forgotten. Soon afterward Xenia refused King Alexander and his crown did fall in the bloodiest royal slaughter of modern times, dragging his queen down to death with him and setting up another dynasty.

"He was right, as I knew he would be," declared the princess when word of Alexander's assassination came to Cettinje. And her father, who had been angered at her refusal of a throne, perforce had to agree with her. Xenia, of course, had more abiding faith than ever in the soothsayer's strange words.

"I will take the second royal crown when it is offered me," she said, calmly enough. "It will be the crown of happiness, as the old man said, and that is what I most desire in this world!"

But the years sped on and no crown was offered. The lovely Xenia passed twenty-five years and twenty-six and twenty-seven. Her next birthday, April 10, will be her thirtieth. The people of Montenegro think that it is high time their princess should find herself a husband. So does Queen Helena of Italy, her elder sister, who has already tried several matches for her, only to be met with the curt "Not until I can convince myself that the crown offered to me is the 'Happy Crown!'"

KNOWN AS "SAILOR'S BIBLE"

Nautical Almanac Well Named, Considering Its Importance in the Marine World.

If one asks the ordinary man in the street, "What is the 'Nautical Almanac?'" or "Where is the 'Nautical Almanac' office?" in all likelihood no reply will be forthcoming. Little knowledge exists in his mind regarding the one or the other, and yet it is not too much to say that the "Nautical Almanac" is one of the most important publications of the day, and one of the very essentials of astronomy and navigation alike.

This all-important British government Blue Book—of close on seven hundred pages—is known the world over as the Sailor's Bible and Ocean Guide. Although it is not a book to be seen on railway bookstalls or in lending libraries, and is rarely met with in the collection of the average household, yet it is so essential a part of a nautical outfit that a ship, whether stately liner, majestic battleship or ocean tramp, would as soon think of sailing to sea without her compass as without the precious volume. The explorer, too, over the desert sands or trackless ice, must have his "N. A." with him, and would rather part with food and stores than with its sacred pages. Many well-known travelers have publicly declared their indebtedness to it. Dr. Nansen, before setting out on his adventurous journey northwards, paid a visit to the "Nautical Almanac" office and was supplied with advance proofs to aid him in his calculations, and after his polar expedition he stated that for some considerable time during his lengthy stay in the far north the only book to which he had access was a volume of the work in question.

The great African traveler, Dr. Livingstone, was once obliged to reduce his library to the Bible and the "Nautical Almanac," and M. du Chaillu and the late Captain Speke were placed in a similar position upon various occasions. The work, too, of surveyors and boundary commissioners on the African continent and elsewhere is dependent on the figures tabulated in its pages. The "Nautical Almanac," moreover, finds its way into all the observatories of the world, from Siberia to the Cape and from California to Hongkong; and to the numerous and ever-increasing army of amateur astronomers and star-gazers it acts as guide, philosopher and friend. It has thus contributed more, perhaps, than any other work to the practical development of astronomy, geography, and navigation, and in its modern and improved form continues to be the honored vade mecum of the present-day astronomer, explorer and navigator.

Triplets.

I heard Sarah Bernhardt last night," said the man who is always doing *that* sort of thing, "and I thought her acting superb. And what beautiful French she speaks!"

"I saw her last night, too, but," remarked the man with the home-made vocabulary, "but, honestly, I only understood three words she said."

"What were they?" was naturally asked at this point.

"Jamais! Jamais! Jamais!"

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Keep the eggs dry.

Gather and burn the rubbish.

Why don't farmers raise more ducks?

A nervous cow is not necessarily an undesirable cow.

There is no better grain feed for young calves than whole oats.

Keeping record of the individual cow is the road that leads to success.

The market poultryman was never in such a strong position as he is today.

It is said that the cow, of all animals, should have good and pure food.

It is a mistake to let another winter begin without installing a litter carrier.

Severe drouth has thoroughly tested the profitableness of spraying potatoes.

The most money is made upon the farms where the best methods are followed.

A small box or jar of lime should be kept in the cellar to keep the air pure and dry.

A balanced ration is a good thing, but a balanced judgment is needed just as much.

One should so plan that all the hay and straw will be used on the farm, and keep stock enough to consume it all.

Eggs may be preserved fairly well for a few months by packing dry in a mixture of equal parts salt and sawdust.

Hog raising, like everything else, in the stock line, has its many little details that must be met as they come up.

All shrubs that have done blooming should be pruned at once. This induces blooming buds and branches for next year's crop.

Give the apple orchard plenty of fertilizer, particularly potash and phosphoric acid. A starved orchard is not a money maker.

Constipation in hogs, the forerunner of other troubles and diseases, is generally caused by too excessive use of one kind of feed.

Anything that prevents the fat globules from coming in contact with each other delays the churning and decreases the yield.

The honey bee annually produces a crop of honey valued at around $20,000,000, and there are vast opportunities for increasing this output.

Until ready to ripen, the fresh cream from each skimming should be immediately cooled down to 50 degrees or less, and held in cold storage.

If you expect to ship any cocks this winter to poultry shows or to customers, take the precaution of applying glycerine liberally to the combs and wattles.

Well dressed fowls are more attractive to the hungry than well dressed people. If you don't believe it leave it to the hired man or the growing boy.

To overcome the habit of cows holding up their milk it is necessary to refrain from exciting the natural obstinancy of the animal by any disturbing influence.

Nut-bearing trees, owing to their peculiar system of roots, are much more difficult to transplant than are fruit-bearing trees, or even those known as seed-bearing.

The experienced cattle feeder will say that there is no ironclad rule for feeding. He watches his animals and feeds them according to what they seem to be able to stand.

Give the houses a good cleaning, and plow or spade up the yards. Dirty houses breed vermin, and polluted soil are incubators for the gape worm.

In selecting breeders for a farm flock buy pure-bred fowls, but it is not well to lose sight of the fact that general utility points should be the first consideration. The returns as regards meat and egg production will be most satisfactory from breeding stock that is strong and vigorous, even though they may not be as perfectly feathered.

Many dairies, apiaries, and even regular farms are owned by women who are able to set an example to the owners of neighboring places. In such work as caring for poultry, women are likely to prove superior to men. If any work requiring greater strength than they possess, they can do exactly what the regulation farmer would under similar circumstances, namely, hire help that can do what is required.

Treat the cow kindly.

Keep the vigorous chickens.

The tide is setting toward the farm again.

Burnt lime is harmful unless it is very carefully used.

Lime is not a fertilizer, and should be used only to correct acidity in a soil.

Hogs often fail to get a sufficient amount of water during the winter time.

The cost of high living does not worry the farmer; he makes his own living.

With present real estate prices the expression "dirt cheap" loses much of its force.

The value of the manure from the hay and straw used on the farm is no small item.

The right way to water cows in winter is to keep the water before them in the stable.

Hogs may be badly diseased with tuberculosis and not show it in the least before slaughter.

A well-defined system of management for the growing of cattle needs to be put into operation.

Instead of experimenting with a large planting of a new variety of tree fruit, top-graft a few trees.

The farmer who is too far from town to deliver milk at a profit will find buttermaking his salvation.

It pays to maintain a heavy flow of milk, even if expensive feeds must be given the cows at certain seasons.

If it were not for the milk checks in the winter time the profits of many a dairy farmer would be insignificant.

In apple culture the first great essential in the successful culture of the apple is the improvement of the soil.

If it is winter eggs you want better let the oldest hens go. They sometimes lay a few eggs but very few as a rule.

When buying bran for the cows get enough to divide with the hens. As a hen food bran is just as valuable as a cow food.

It does not pay to plant crops in the peach orchard. Some people do it, but it is generally believed to be a bad practise.

A balky horse is made so by a cranky or cruel driver, and can rarely be cured. So be very careful in breaking the colts.

Convenient coops for marketing the chickens will pay not only in the satisfaction that they afford but in the greater convenience.

Bordeaux mixture is likely to cause russeting of apples on young trees, as it produces excessive development of cork cells in the skin.

It has been suggested that the packer who puts rotten eggs on the market should be sentenced to serve time as a target for the eggs.

Have the floor of the hen house warm and dry. The time is near when the hens to do well must have warmth and dryness under foot.

It is quite true that hogs have not such dainty appetities as sheep, yet they will respond surprisingly to any increased attention in this respect.

Yorkshire breeders will declare that to the best breed because it has given them the best results; so with the Berkshire men and also the Tanworth advocates.

Sugar beets make very good feed for cattle, but some grain and clover and alfalfa should go along with them, as they contain too much water to be fed alone.

On the average farm the sheep are the most neglected animals, and it is really astonishing to note the waste of opportunities in conditioning and marketing lambs.

When the nests are put in order for the winter, sprinkle ashes into the material and put a couple of moth balls in as well. These tend to discourage mites and lice.

Carefully scrape away the dirt around the base of one or two of your trees, and you will be able to discover whether the roots are growing too closely to the surface or not.

Many fail with sheep because they fail to keep the breeds that are best adapted to their farms and do not raise the kind the market demands and is ready to pay the highest price for.

Letting a calf go hungry for a day and then feeding him to repletion will give him the stomach ache and scours, and set him back a week in his growth.

For those who appreciate it, the charm of country life outweighs everything the city can afford. If there are children in a family, life in the open is far better than in a crowded flat, and the surounding influences are superior. The fact that the health of a family is involved, has sent many into the fresh air and sunshine.

This is a good time to give the mites and lice in the chicken house a final blow before winter sets in. Drive the birds all outside, place an old iron pot or vessel of some kind in the center of the floor, throw on a pound of sulphur and set fire to it. Keep the doors and windows closed for a couple of hours and get out of the house yourself as soon as you can have lighted the sulphur.

MAID OF SARAGOSSA

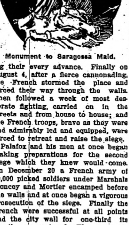
Was the Spanish Heroine of a World-Famous Siege.

Her Brilliant Part in a Military Event Which Has Few Parallels in History—Honored by a Grateful Country.

Madrid, Spain.—Every country in the world has its heroines as well as its heroes, and its heroines of war as well as those of peace. While Molly Pitcher, who during the revolutionary war operated her husband's cannon when he was stricken down, is justly famous in American annals and celebrated in prose and verse, the Maid of Saragossa is even more renowned in her native country, Spain. While Palafox was the hero, she was incomparably the heroine of the siege of Saragossa, one of the most desperate in modern history and equally daring, offensively and defensively. For her brilliant services Spain made her a lieutenant in the army and bestowed upon her many decorations. Her name was Augustina and as a girl she was a peddler of cool drinks in the city. From the beginning to the end of the siege she was ever in the heat of conflict and her courage and daring served to hearten the gallant defenders in the darkest hours of those bloody months. She won the name La Artillera from having snatched the match from the hands of a dying gunner and discharged the piece at the invaders. She died in Cueta, Spain, in 1857, at a very advanced age.

The siege of Saragossa, in which the maid distinguished herself, was conducted by the French in 1808-09, during the peninsular war. Saragossa was one of the cities that blocked the success of Napoleon's marshals in subduing all Spain. On June 15, 1808, the French invested it with a force of 10,000 men. Its defender was Joseph Palafox, a youth without military experience, but who had sense enough to associate with himself men of martial training and courage. But while inexperienced in war, he had the heart of the warrior, and when the French general summoned him to surrender, Palafox returned the immortal reply: "War to the knife and the knife to the hilt."

The Spaniards made a gallant defense of the city, worsting the French in many a bloody encounter and checking their every advance. Finally on August 4, after a fierce cannonading, the French stormed the place and forced their way through the walls. Then followed a week of most desperate fighting, carried on in the streets and from house to house; and the French troops, brave as they were and admirably led and equipped, were forced to retreat and raise the siege.



Monument to Saragossa Maid.

Palafox and his men at once began making preparations for the second siege which they knew would come. On December 20 a French army of 40,000 picked soldiers under Marshals Moncey and Mortier encamped before the walls and at once began a vigorous prosecution of the siege. Finally the French were successful at all points and the city wall for one-third its length was captured. The convents and churches commanding it fell into the hands of the besiegers.

But though the wall of the town was in possession of the besiegers their troubles were only really beginning. Every house, every street, in the city was a stronghold in itself. The French resorted to mining and literally blasted their way into the city. But they were met with dauntless courage at every turn. Pestilence long before had broken out among the defenders, but though they were dying by the hundreds every day from disease and bullets they never faltered. On February 18 a grand assault was made by the besiegers. The city was on fire in a dozen places and the dead lay unburied in the streets. But the Spaniards were unyielding.

The hopelessness of the struggle had now, however, become apparent to the Spaniards and the city was surrendered. The garrison, reduced to 12,000 men, were accorded all the honors of war. During the siege 60,000 persons perished, most of them by disease. Palafox, the brave defender, in violation of the terms of capitulation, was sent as a prisoner to Vincennes in France. Later he returned to Spain, became prominent in its political affairs, was created duke of Saragossa and died in 1847—ten years before the passing away of the Maid of Saragossa.

Not long since a handsome statue was erected to the Maid of Saragossa in the city which her valor helped to defend and this memorial will hand down to future generations the story of her courage and heroism.

Tuning the Bells.

Troy, N. Y.—The general impression is that the tone of a bell is largely a matter of accident, but this is not so. A bell must be tuned the same as a piano or any other musical instrument. Every bell has five sounds, which must blend together in perfect harmony, and this is accomplished by shaving down certain parts until the desired harmony is secured. In the event of shaving too deep the bell is not injured, but the tuning operation is prolonged, as other parts must be operated on and cut away to a corresponding degree.

THE GROWTH OF TOWNS IN WESTERN CANADA

A BAROMETER OF THE GROWTH OF THE AGRICULTURAL DISTRICTS.

The traveler passing through a country is impressed favorably or otherwise by the appearance of the towns along the line of railways. As they appear prosperous and of healthy growth he at once assures himself that there is either a local industrial factor to cause it, or a splendidly developed agricultural area from which is drawn the resources that contribute or make for the growth that is so readily apparent. On the other hand, if evidence of impoverished streets, badly appearing residences and business places and lethargic citizens, there is an absence of local industry and surrounding agricultural prosperity. There is no line of railway, whether main or branch, throughout western Canada, that through the towns or cities that are built along the ribs of steel do not convey the most favorable impression. The cause is not always apparent, but the facts are there and easily seen. In most cases the growth and the stability of these towns are caused by the excellent agricultural districts that are tributary; in some cases, manufacturing enterprises have sprung up, caused by the agricultural demands and needs. The Winnipeg Free Press and the Edmonton Bulletin have recently sent corps of correspondents through the provinces to secure data concerning the growth of the two or three hundred towns that have come into existence during the past two or three years. The particulars make interesting reading, and as one reads of the station house, the blacksmith shop, the boarding house and the store of April, being dwarfed in August by a hundred or more dwellings, by large hotels, by splendid stores, and a half dozen implement warehouses, not forgetting the two or three churches and the excellent public school buildings, it causes one to stop and think if they ever heard of such marvelous changes. Certainly not often. These are facts, though, as related of western Canada. Then, too, there are now cities—yes, cities of from ten to fifteen thousand people—where five or six years ago there was but the bare prairie and the lone section post. The changes in the Canadian West during the past eight or ten years, have been marvelous, and it is no idle tale to say that the development in number and growth of the cities, towns, and villages there in the past decade has eclipsed anything in the history of the building of a new country. Agriculture has been the basis, and it is agriculture of the kind that is lasting. The ease with which an excellent productive farm, capable of yielding a splendid living and large profit to the operator, is such that it has encouraged thousands to follow that pursuit, and also other thousands on the limited and expensive farms throughout the Central Western States as well as some of the Coast States, to enlarge their field of enterprise. The climate is excellent, and just the climate that is desirable for the healthy growth of man and the products of the field. All varieties of the smaller and better paying grains are raised, and generally with every assurance of good fields. With government supervision of railway rates, splendid markets are centain, and the highest prices realized. The Dominion Government, that has been carrying on a propaganda of securing settlers for the vacant lands, issues literature descriptive of those available in the provinces, and on request of your nearest Canadian government agent, copies will be forwarded free.

Placed.

Mrs. B.—Is she a Mary of the vine-clad cottage?

Mrs. M.—No, a Martha of the rubber-plant flat.—Harper's Bazar.

Pettit's Eye Salve For Over 100 Years has been used for congested and inflamed eyes, removes film or scum over the eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

If every year we would root out one vice we should sooner become perfect men.—Thomas a Kempis.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

Every thread of gold is valuable, and so is every moment of time.—Mason.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

We find the worst in all by trying to get the best of any one.

Are You Weak, All Run Down?

This condition is directly caused by bad blood. When the blood is made rich and pure by Hood's Sarsaparilla, you will feel strong and cheerful; it will put new life into your veins, new vigor into your muscles; give you a sharper appetite and good digestion; make you look better, sleep better and feel better; will make the hardest work lighter and the darkest day brighter. Facts! Thousands confirm them. Get Hood's today.

Nothing Like

them in the world. CASCARETS the biggest seller—why? Because it's the *best* medicine for the liver and bowels. It's what they will *do for you*—not what *we say* they *will do*—that makes CASCARETS famous. Millions use CASCARETS and it is all the medicine that they ever need to take. 904

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

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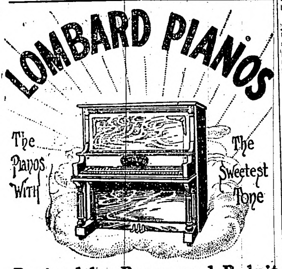
LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Stiker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our college work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Keppe, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 21, 1911.

Thief River Falls did not get into the five thousand class. Its population, according to the census, is 3,714.

On Tuesday of this week Representative O'Neill of Thief River Falls introduced a bill in the house, and Senator A. L. Hanson of Ada in the senate, which will, if it passes both houses, authorize the commissioners of Pennington county to levy a tax for county purposes at once.

Making Hay

Making hay is an annual "job" on the farm and one that is not always looked forward to with pleasure. To the boys it means work and to the father it means worry, and if good hay is to be made neither of these can be completely avoided. There are, however, good and poor ways of making hay, but no real easy way of doing it. This question will probably be taken up at the coming farmers' institute and anyone having hay to make this year should be there to hear the discussion. If you have any easy method of making hay don't keep it to yourself. The conductor of the instute would be pleased to have you tell about it.

Big Lumber Deal

The Red Lake Falls Gazette claims to have it on good authority that all of the standing timber owned by the Thief River Falls Lumber company has been sold to the Weyerhauser syndicate. It is a big deal, the Thief River company selling 100,000,000 feet of standing timber.

The mill at Thief River Falls will run until the logs on hand are sawed. The superintendent of the mill has been instructed to push the work so that the clean up may be completed before next fall.

The Spectator cannot but wonder what connection there may be between the above and the activity in and around our own mill site, as well as the prevalent rumor that will not down that the St. Hilaire waterpower has been sold to the Weyerhauser people.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

By the County Superintendent of Schools, Pennington Co., Minn.

The teachers' examinations that ordinarily would have been held in February have been postponed by order of the state superintendent and will be held May 4, 5, and 6. Teachers holding certificates that expire March 1, 1911 if they are now engaged in teaching in the county, should write the undersigned at his office in Thief River Falls at once, so that their certificates may be extended to the time of a later examination.

All teachers now teaching in the new county of Pennington must file their certificates with the county superintendent in order to be valid. Please attend to this matter at once.

Teachers of schools in the county who are entitled to take state high school examinations should report at once the numbers of pupils in their respective schools to provide for the necessary questions for examinations. The schools entitled to these examinations are in districts No. 25, 219, 37, 54 and 151, and such other rural schools as have pupils sufficiently advanced to avail themselves of said examinations

I will be at my office in the auditorium at Thief River Falls on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month until further notice. I solicit respectfully your inquiries as regards school matters, and will be glad to answer same in person or by correspondence

Respectfully submitted,

E. A. MOSTUE,
Co. Supt. of Schools, Pennington Co

Domestic Heresy.

Peck—But, my dear, there are two sides to every question.

Mrs. Peck—Henry Peck, where in the world did you get that impression?—Woman's Home Companion.

The Height of Ornamentation.

As springtime gayly blossoms out
The eye delighted and the mind serene
Will find the world as beautiful, no doubt,
As any cover on a magazine.
—Washington Star.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Questions

In the daily work on the farm many things happen that we cannot quite understand. We ask first one party and then another, and each usually gives us a different answer.

Many questions come to our minds about agriculture that we would like to have explained. How to feed roots; how to keep the boys and girls on the farm; the hired man question; how to test our seed; how to grade up our cows; the best methods to follow in various work; the latest ideas in building and cooperation, and a thousand other every day questions. All of the above you have the privilege of asking at the farmers' institute, and hey will be answered by men who are paid by the state for knowing thow to answer them. At St. Hilaire Thursday Jan 26.

MADE MATTERS WORSE.

Her Effort to Correct Her Error About Charles and Mary Lamb.

Charles Lamb, the beloved Elia of the essays, wrote both tragedies and comedies, but was not a successful playwright. When his farce "Mr. H." was produced at the Drury Lane theater it failed conspicuously, and the genial author, who was in the audience, himself joined with companionable vigor in hissing it.

It is, indeed, an airy trifle, too slight in texture for the professional stage, but it has proved a charming play for amateurs. At a recent performance by a college dramatic society a little dialogue took place between two ladies in the audience which would certainly have delighted Lamb himself could he have heard it.

"'Mr. H.,' a farce in two acts, by Charles Lamb,'" read one of them from her program. "Do you know, I had quite forgotten that Lamb was a dramatic author."

"Oh, my dear," exclaimed her neighbor, with a superior smile, "of course he was! Surely you must remember that he and his sister collaborated with Shakespeare."

"Collaborated with Shakespeare!" exclaimed the first speaker, startled out of her politeness. "Ridiculous! What could have put such an idea—Oh, you must be thinking of the 'Tales From Shakespeare,' by Charles and Mary Lamb."

There was mirth in her voice, and the superior person, flushing, perceived that overhasty "cramming" for the occasion had led her into error. She tried to retrieve herself.

"I did not mean collaborated with him, of course," she explained loftily "That was merely a slip of the tongue I meant translated him."—Youth's Companion.

AN ESKIMO CHURCH.

The Sealskin Sweatbox Finally Went to the Dogs.

The missionary sent to the States for a magic lantern and the necessary slides. Thirteen months later they reached him.

Everything in Baffin Land dates from that ever memorable magic lantern exhibition. From 300 miles around the expectant Eskimos came in behind their dog teams to participate in the wonderful event. The sealskin church was filled to overflowing. The spectators were packed as closely as sardines in a tin. The scent of sperm oil and blubber and sweat soaked furs mingled in the air. Although the thermometer outside registered 40 degrees below zero, the perspiration poured in streams down the faces of the enthusiastic audience. And when the straggling list of arctic explorers who have touched at Cumberland sound have long since been forgotten the recollection of that magic lantern show will linger in the minds of the Eskimo from Meta Incognita to Cockburn Land.

But a few nights later a sad fate befell the sealskin church. It was eaten up by a pack of hungry Eskimo dogs. These savage creatures, starved almost to death, made a raid on the edifice during a blinding snowstorm. Managing to get on top of the roof, they soon tore holes in the sealskin covering, and, in spite of the exertions of the missionary and his entire congregation, they actually ran away with the greater portion of the frozen skin, which, at a safe distance, they proceeded to devour.—Everybody's Magazine.

Human Nature.

Perhaps you may have noticed yourself
What trifles our judgment displace;
A man thinks less of fifty he earns
Than of the five he wins on a race.
—Chicago News.

About the Same.

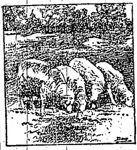
Hewitt—Every man has his price.

Jewett—And there doesn't seem to be much change in rates.—Judge.

H. Wilson
WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Dorsets In Hothouse Business.

Joseph E. Wing in his book on "Sheep Farming In America" says that the Dorset ewe has the way of dropping her lambs at an earlier season than any other ewe. Then she is the greatest milker of any of the sheep tribe, and because of this and of their ability to use grain at an early age Dorset lambs soon attain good weights and are usually sold fat from their mothers' sides, and most profit comes from selling them at two to four months of age. Dorsets are largely used in hothouse lamb business.


SOME OHIO DORSETS.

Naturally the larger number of lambs on the farm will be born too late for the fancy trade. There is, however, abundant profit in fattening them to be sold afoot in April, May, June or July.

Trim the Lambs While Young.

Many farmers and especially those who keep only a few sheep, making them only a side issue, neglect to castrate and dock the lambs till they are large. For docking I use a wide chisel. Placing the tail on a block, I set the chisel so as to leave a stub of about one inch, says a writer in National Stockman and Farmer. Shoving the skin up toward the body till I feel the chisel between the joints, then a sharp blow with a mallet and the job is done. This leaves enough loose skin to drop over the bone, which is quite an advantage in healing.

A horse is so constructed by nature that he has no desire to do anything which will injure his health. He walks around whatever is not good for him and without a struggle. But man is so constructed that whatever is not good for him he wants to do. He eats too much, and he eats too fast. He drinks while eating, and there is nothing proper that he does without an effort. Why this distinction in favor of a horse? It may be said that a horse has only instinct, while a man has reason, which he should use. It is a pity that man was not given more instinct and less reason.—Atchison Globe.

First Aid.

"If you were called upon to deal with a hysterical person," asked the examiner at the emergency class, "what would you do?"

"I'd amputate his funny bone," said the student with a turn for surgery and humor.—Youth's Companion.

HE REFORMED.

A Flash of Lightning Made Him See His Evil Ways.

A group of men sitting on the dry goods boxes in front of a country store were discussing big storms.

"There's no use in talking," remarked one of them. "We are all badly scared in a thunderstorm."

"I remember one time when I was, sure enough," said another. "It was about a year after I was married, and I was on my way home from town. It began to thunder and lighten when I was about halfway there, and the rain fell in sheets. I stopped under a big tree. I knew that wasn't safe, but I thought I'd risk it.

"In a few minutes the lightning struck a tree about a hundred feet away, and I fell down, either from the shock or from fright. I don't know which to this day. But I got up again, and my hair rose on end when I remembered that I had a plug of tobacco in my pocket."

"What had that to do with it?"

"Nothing but this: My wife didn't know I chewed tobacco. She hated the weed like poison. 'What if I had been killed and that plug of tobacco found in my pocket?' I thought. I think I had the worst fright right then that I ever had in my life."

"Well?"

"Well, before the next flash came I took that plug out of my pocket and threw it as far as I could send it, and I have never chewed tobacco since."

A Mean Dig.

Miss Passe—I have had many chances to marry. Only a short time ago a man told me of his love. Miss Pert—Did he also tell you the name of the lady?—Meggendorfer Blatter.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

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Advertise

The Spectator is read in every household whose members come to St. Hilaire to trade and by many more who would buy of you if you advertised your bargains as Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls do

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 1:30 a. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week tomorrow at 11 o'clock, a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, Jan. 22, at 7:30 o'clock.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. Fricker, N. G.
O. F. Post, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1101, Modern Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy.

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 159 Meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lasell, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

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Good supply of water guaranteed
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Growers of shade, fruit, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
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Avoid Acquiring It
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MALT EXTRACT
A Tireless Builder of New Blood and Tissue
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
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THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Firemen's dance Feb. 3.

Hoken Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

All kinds of fruit and confectionery on sale at Mike Anderson's.

G. W. Hooper made a business visit to Red Lake Falls on Thursday.

Hans Wilson and Carl Steen drove to Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

J. E. Draeger visited the first of the week at the parental home at Wylie.

Miss Tomina Wilson is recovering from a quite severe attack of tonsilitis.

Miss Edna Brink returned Saturday from a visit with friends in Red Lake Falls.

The United Lutheran Sunday school will begin again a week from tomorrow at 2 p. m.

Dr. Swanson has been suffering this week from the grip, but is apparently on the mend.

Miss Christina Wilson attended a social given by the M. B. A. at Red Lake Falls Monday evening.

Mrs. H. O. Jackson went last evening to Red Lake Falls, where she will visit over Sunday with friends.

, Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Miss Katie Patterson returned home Wednesday from a several days' visit with Mrs. G. L. Austin at Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Enright expect to spend the second half of the winter in California. They plan to leave in about two weeks.

Frank Freund, the Red Lake Falls musician, was in town on Wednesday. He will furnish the music for the firemen's masquerade.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at E. E. Anderson's, near the north bridge, Friday afternoon, Jan. 27. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Jim Ford is the fortunate hunter who has killed a silver fox, one of the rarest of fur bearing animals. Mr. Ford shot the animal Monday, Jan. 9, at the Peter Swanson farm two miles east of Wylie. Mr. Ford says that he has been offered $800 for the fur but has not decided to part with it for that nice piece of money.—Gazette.

Coroner Swanson performed his first official act Thursday. He was called to Thief River Falls to view the body of a man who died on the Soo train coming from St. Paul. The coroner did not consider an inquest or a postmortem necessary, as it was a plain case of death from overindulgence in stimulants. The dead man left a number of empty whiskey bottles in the seat of the coach beside the body.

Buy your groceries, kerosene, and gasoline, at Mike Anderson's.

An attempt is to be made to establish a cornet band in St. Hilaire, and it is to be hoped it may succeed. Nothing tends so much to create a habit of taking interest in public affairs among the citizens of a little country town as maintaing and watching the development of a good cornet band. But it should be no "kid" affair. The management of the concern must be in the hands of grown men—business men if possible—in order to ensure success.

An Invitation

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church wishes to extend an invitation to those wishing to attend the farmers' institute on Jan. 26 to make their headquarters at the Odd fellows' building for a resting place. Arrangements will be made to take care of extra wraps and your comfort will be looked after. Come in and get warm, meet your friends, and have a good warm dinner.

Dinner will be served from 12 to 1:30 After the afternoon sessions hot coffee and lunch will be served. Dinner 25 cts.; lunch 10 cts.

Farm Home Conveniences

We frequently hear it said that farmers move to town in order that they may have the use of the conveniences of the city home. This may in a measure be the truth, but there are many farm homes today that have as many conveniences as the average city home. Other farm homes should have these same conveniences and will have when the farmer once knows that it is not necessary to move to town to get them. Attend the farmers' institute next Thursday and if the question is not discussed, ask for information

The Census

Washington, D. C., Jan. 16, 1911
To St. Hilaire Spectator:

The population of St. Hilaire village as given by the thirteenth census is 468.
E. S. DURAND,
Director.

United States Revenue Collector Aubol was in town yesterday.

The confirmation class of the Synod church meets every Sunday morning at 9:30 at the parsonage.

The board of directors of the creamery met yesterday. We have not been informed as to the results of their deliberations.

There will be Scandinavian Mission services at the home of J. P. Thyren on Sunday, Jan. 22, at 10:30 a. m.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Buxt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Difficulties of the Spoken and the Written Language.

Army officers who are thinking of taking up the study of Japanese should pause before they attempt the task and ask themselves whether they have a peculiarly strong linguistic aptitude. Even the Japanese find their language very difficult. The Anglo-Saxons who growl about the difficulties of our spelling and favor the simplified system would never live if they had to undergo what the subject of the mikado suffers in the matter of language.

It takes a Japanese child seven years to learn the essential parts of the alphabet. There are 214 signs which serve the same purpose as initial letters in English dictionaries. Then after you have tracked down in one of these 241 signs some part of the character for which you are about to make a search you still have a veritable darkest Africa ahead of you. The pompous first personal pronoun is avoided whenever it is possible in speaking Japanese. If it must be used it is introduced casually, but generally the abstract noun "selfishness" serves in its stead.

For example, a Japanese would not say, "I don't drink wine," but "Wine don't drink," or, if this is not clear enough, "Selfishness wine don't drink." Reference to your possessions must be depreciatory. Thus if a man wishes to point out his own residence he says, "That miserable house," which, of course, could refer to no other than his own.

On the other hand, "That beautiful house" would easily identify the house as belonging to some one else. Moreover, any one who wishes to learn Japanese must be prepared to learn two languages—the written and the spoken. The one differs so materially from the other that if a Japanese is reading a book or newspaper and wishes to do so aloud it becomes necessary for him to translate the written words into the colloquial. To be able to read any of the higher class Japanese newspapers it is necessary to master at least from 2,500 to 3,000 ideographs.—Army and Navy Journal.

PROMPT TO ACT.

A Man Who Seemed Always to Be Ready For Emergencies.

To be ready for emergencies was one of the gifts of Dr. Samuel Gridley Howe, the great teacher of the blind, writes his daughter, Mrs. Laura E. Richards, who has edited his "Letters and Journals." She gives several instances in which his quick action prevented serious accidents.

Once at Green Peace my father was going to drive with my mother and my sister Florence in a closed carriage with a large window in front.

As the driver was mounting the box he dropped his whip and got down to recover it. This startled the young horses, and they bolted down the driveway.

My father tried to open the big window, but it stuck fast. He flashed through the plate glass as if it had been paper and, catching up the reins, stopped the runaways in less time than it takes to tell it.

When Thomas came running up, white and breathless, he found "doctor" quietly shaking the bits of glass from his coat and hat and explaining to my terrified mother that he "went so quick there was no time to get cut."

Still another memory of my mother's shows his quickness in a different way. He was walking along Washington street one day when a furious dog rushed at him and bit his hand severely.

There was no Pasteur institute in the forties. My father instantly raised up the skin and flesh of the bitten part and, holding it firmly, entered the nearest apothecary's shop.

"Cut this piece off," he said briefly.

The apothecary exclaimed in horror. He could not, he would not, without a surgeon's order. It was out of the question.

"I am a surgeon," said my father, "and I command you to cut it off."

It was cut off. My father dressed the wound with his other hand and went about his business.

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire on Monday, January 23, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. S. Roy, Secretary.

PLAYING THE STOCKS.

He Who Has Knowledge and He Who Gambles on Gossip.

Of the many popular delusions touching Wall street and its people none is more persistent or more dangerous to the outsider than the belief that from nothing great permanent fortunes have been made by shrewd and lucky speculation in prices. It isn't true. We differentiate here between speculation in prices only and the kind of legitimate speculation which seeks to anticipate great economic changes. Legitimate speculation has its translation into prices, too, but it takes, first, original capital in some reasonable proportion to the profits expected and, secondly, the treatment of exceptional opportunity with correct imagination. Its risks at best are very large. Among our Wall street acquaintances are several hard headed men who succeed in making $25,000 a year by speculation. Not one of them has a capital of less than $250,000. They make it earn about 10 per cent.

Take Blank, one of the ablest speculators we know. He has made half a million dollars during the past five years. Very handsome return, you say. Let us look at Blank. He was the chief accountant of one of the big railway systems when an uncle, dying, left him $20,000. Mind you, he was an expert railway statistician and an exceptionally able young man to boot. He knew his own road like a book, as well as some other things that only the directors were aware of. The stock of the system looked cheap to him, and he used his $20,000 to margin 4,000 shares. A bull market was beginning, and within a month or two Blank's capital had increased to $60,000. He was content with a ten point rise, though the stock advanced ten points more. That was the first of Blank's deals. Twelve months later he won again. He thought that the stock of a certain western system was selling below its value and set about an investigation to find the facts. He hired a first class engineer and a retired traffic manager to travel from one end of that railroad to the other, and he himself analyzed the accounts. When all the reports were in it seemed to him that the system was earning enough money to justify an increase of its dividend, and he plunged once more. He waited six months for his point this time, and his investigation had cost him $5,000. He made $50,000. Good interest, you say, but think of Blank's special equipment for the game and the trouble he took to be right. You, Mr. Thinmarginist, after reading the Wall street gossip in your daily paper, adventure your thousand or two thousand dollars and expect to double your money. Mark the difference.—John Parr in Everybody's Magazine.

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at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL, during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully *low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF $4.80 SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY*

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES. NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CALUMET Baking Powder
Received
Highest Award
World's Pure Food Exposition
Chicago, November, 1907
What does this mean?
It means that Calumet has set a new Standard in Baking Powder—the standard of the World.
Because this award was given to Calumet after thorough tests and experiments, over all other baking powders.
It means that Calumet is the best baking powder in every particular in the world.
And this means that Calumet produces the best, most delicious, lightest, and purest baking of all baking powders.
Doesn't that mean everything to you?

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
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THE
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LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Local and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

BEST BROWN BREAD

RECIPE FOR THE EXCELLENT BOSTON PRODUCT.

Enthusiastic Easterners Declare No Article of Food Is More Delicious, and There Is Much Truth in Statement.

Every housekeeper longs to excel in the art—for it is an art—of bread making. There is no article that appears more often on our tables than bread, yet good home-made bread is seldom found.

Boston brown bread is not in the same class as white or even graham bread, for it is lightened with sour milk and soda and steamed until almost done, then baked a few minutes in a very hot oven. It is not like "the bread mother made," but far better, especially if you put raisins or currants or finely-chopped dates in it. This eaten hot with fresh, unsalted butter and an accompaniment of hot Boston baked beans and a cup of steaming Java, enriched with real cream, should make you thankful that you are numbered among the advocates of "plain living and high thinking."

Such a meal needs no prelude nor entree, and dessert seems superfluous.

Boston brown bread requires two mixing bowls; in one, sift one cup of rye, or whole wheat flour, one cup of corn meal, two cups of graham flour and one teaspoon of salt. In the other bowl place a cup of New Orleans molasses, a tablespoon of sugar and one tablespoon of soda.

With the molasses, sugar and soda, mix two cups of sour milk, or buttermilk, and while it is foaming stir it into the bowl of flour and salt. Mix to a smooth batter, beating well for several minutes. It should be of a consistency to stir easily, and break when poured from the spoon, but not to run

With some molasses you may need to add from a spoonful to a cupful of warm water to make it right. Butter the molds well and fill two-thirds full, as it will rise. Cook in a steamer, or lacking this, tie the cover on tightly and place in a kettle of boiling water. Cover the kettle, also, and keep boiling for three hours, looking from time to time to see that the water in the kettle is not boiled away. When necessary to replenish, use boiling water.

At the end of three hours, take the cans, or molds, from the boiler; remove the lids and set in a hot oven until a crust is formed on the top of the loaf. The quantities given should make three loaves; it may be baked instead of steamed, but is not so tender, nor so moist. When it is not convenient to use sour milk and soda, substitute sweet milk and baking powder, but use a teaspoon of soda to neutralize the acid in molasses. If water is used—and some bakers think it gives a more tender loaf—add a tablespoon of butter to give richness.

Dainty Dessert.

Add one-half cup chopped walnuts, one-half cup maraschino cherries cut fine, one-half cup marshmallows cut fine, one-half cup sliced pineapple cut fine, to one pint of stiffly beaten cream. Do not sweeten cream, and be sure to have cream very stiff. Enough to serve eight persons, with sponge or angel cake.

Chocolate Cake.

One cup of sugar, one-quarter cup of butter, one cup of milk, two and one-half cups of flour, one teaspoon of cream of tartar, one-half teaspoon of soda. Flavor with vanilla. Bake in layer tins.

Chocolate Filling.—Two-thirds cup grated chocolate, one cup milk, one cup sugar, one tablespoon flour.

Stuffed Celery.

Make a paste of rich cream cheese, seasoned highly with salt, paprika, a few drops of Worcestershire sauce and made soft enough to spread with olive oil. Fill tender stalks of celery with this mixture; chill and serve with your dinner. A delicious relish and a little out of the ordinary.

French Dressing.

The measures for the ordinary French dressing are: Three tablespoonfuls of oil, one and a half tablespoonfuls of salt, an eighth of a teaspoonful of pepper. This is enough for a pint of salad.

Keeping Cranberries.

Pack all absolutely sound berries in glass fruit jars. Fill the jars to overflowing with cold water and seal. The berries will keep beautifully and can be used at any time for sauce, jelly and pies.

The Home

When next making rice pudding, flavor with lemon and cinnamon. It will be found exceedingly tasty.

If when reading or sewing by lamp light a sheet of white paper is placed under the lamp, it will be found that a far stronger light is shed all over the room.

The best way to clean out lead pipes without the expensive aid of a plumber is to pour a strong solution of concentrated lye down them. The lye will dissolve hair, lint and, indeed, all animal and vegetable matter, and so open the pipes.

Warm bread or cake, and, in fact, warm food of any kind, should never be put away in a covered tin or dish. The steam makes molding certain. Vegetables become soggy and unfit for food when treated in this careless manner.

SQUIRRELS RANG TELEPHONE

Max Examines Box Where Wires Were Converged and Finds It Nearly Full of Nuts.

A lady in Englewood, N. J., was called to the telephone one day by the operator, who inquired, "What do you want?"

"Nothing at all," she responded.

"Your bell rang," insisted the operator.

"None of us rang it," replied the lady.

The next day a man appeared from the telephone office.

"I have come to see what makes your telephone bell ring most of the time," he remarked.

But none of the family could enlighten him, and he saw nothing about it which was out of order.

The next day he came again, took the telephone entirely to pieces, examined the full length of the wire. Still, he could find nothing amiss, and still at the central office the little flame kept burning in the niche dedicated to this particular family. This indicated that their bell was ringing.

At last it occurred to the authorities to examine a little box, of about the size of an ordinary suit case, which was nailed up against a large tree close by the house.

In this box several telephone wires converged. It was a sort of neighborhood switchboard.

What was the surprise of the telephone men to find this box nearly filled with nuts. They took out three peach baskets full, each one holding at least two quarts.

Rioting among the nuts were the youthful members of a promising squirrel family.—Christian Herald.

BACHELORS 2 CENTS A POUND

M. Casey, Wealthy St. Louisan, Weighing 267 Pounds, Is Bid In for $5 as Prize.

St. Louis.—St. Louis bachelors are worth less than 2 cents a pound, according to the market established at the St. Vincent de Paul's church, when 267-pound Martin Casey, the wealthy head of a broom manufacturing concern, was bid in for $5 after the young woman who had won him as a prize in a church celebration refused to accept him. The winner of the prize was Miss Dora Kohler of St. Louis.

"Do you want to take him home with you?" said Father Nugent, who had charge of the affair.

"Really," replied Miss Kohler, "he's very nice, but I don't think I want him."

"Very well, then, I'll have to sell him to the highest bidder, and I'll start the auction with a bid of $5."

As no one made a higher bid, Father Nugent handed to Miss Kohler a $5 bill in lieu of 267 pounds of Casey.

What Was the Matter With Moses?

Percy—Miss Jane, did Moses have the same after-dinner complaint my papa's got?

Miss Jane—Gracious me, Percy! Whatever do you mean, my dear?

Percy—Well, it says here the Lord gave Moses two tablets.—Lippincott's Magazine.

The Sculptor Philosopher.

The sculptor had just finished the Apollo Belvedere.

"I am satisfied," he cried. "Every man who passes thinks it looks like himself."

Some Suspicious Persons

Enquired if we were "hiring" a certain "weekly" paper to abuse us.

Of course, every time a spot light is turned on from any source it offers a splendid chance to talk about the merits of the products, but 'pon honor now, we are not hiring that "Weekly."

The general reader seldom cares much for the details of "scraps."

A few may have read lately some articles attacking us and may be interested in the following:

Some time ago a disagreement arose with a "Weekly." They endorsed our foods by letter, but wanted to change the form of advertising, to which we objected.

The "Weekly" discontinued inserting our advertisements while they were negotiating for some changes they wanted in the wording and shape of the advertisements, and during this correspondence our manager gave instructions to our Advertising Department to quit advertising altogether in that "Weekly."

Quite a time after the advertising had been left out, an editorial attack came. We replied in newspapers and the scrap was on.

Then came libel suits from both sides, and some harsh words.

Generally tiresome to the public.

That "Weekly" has attacked many prominent men and reputable manufacturers.

Our Company seems prominent enough for a sensational writer to go after, hunt for some little spot to criticise, then distort, twist and present it to the public under scare heads.

So an attorney from New York spent more or less time for months in Battle Creek hoping to find impurities in our foods, or dirt in the factories. After tireless spying about he summoned twenty-five of our workmen and took their testimony. Every single one testified that the foods are made of exactly the grain and ingredients printed on the packages; the wheat, barley and corn being the choicest obtainable—all thoroughly cleaned—the water of the purest, and every part of the factories and machinery kept scrupulously clean.

That all proved disappointing to the "Weekly." There are very few factories, hospitals, private—or hotel and restaurant kitchens that could stand the close spying at unexpected times and by an enemy paid to find dirt or impurities of some kind.

In any ordinary kitchen or factory he would find something to magnify and make a noise about.

But he failed utterly with the Postum Works and products. Twenty to thirty thousand people go through the factories annually and we never enquire whether they are there to spy or not. It makes no difference to us.

He next turned to discover something about our advertising that could be criticized.

An analysis of the methods and distorted statements of the "Weekly" may interest some readers, so we take up the items one by one and open them out for inspection. We will "chain up" the harsh words and make no reference in this article to the birth, growth and methods of the "Weekly" but try to coufine the discussion to the questions now at issue.

Some Facts

Battle Creek, Michigan, December 30, 1910.

We the undersigned certify that never to our knowledge has a testimonial letter been printed by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., which did not have behind it a genuine letter signed, and believed to be an honest statement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the Company has receive upwards of fifty thousand (50,000) genuine testimonial letters.

This company has never knowingly made nor permitted an untruthful statement regarding its products or its methods.

M. K. HOWE, Treasurer. (With Company about 14 years)

L. J. LAMSON, Inspector of Advts. (With Company about 9½ years.)

F. C. GRANDIN, Advertising Manager. (With Company about 13 years.)

R. M. STERRETT, M. D., Physician in charge of Scientific Dep't. (With Company about 4½ years.)

CHESTON SYER, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 3 years.)

CHARLES W. GREEN, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 5 years.)

HARRY E. BURT, General Sup't. (With Company about 13 years.)

H. C. HAWK, Assistant to Chairman. (With Company about 7 years.)

C. W. POST, Chairman. (With Company 16 years, from the beginning.)

Distortion No. 1 stated that we have been accustomed to advertise Grape-Nuts and Postum as "cure-alls for everything."

It has never been the policy of this Company to advertise Grape-Nuts or Postum to cure anything.

We say that in cases where coffee disagrees and is causing sickness its dismissal will remove the cause of the trouble, and we suggest the use of Postum for the reason that it furnishes a hot palatable morning beverage, and contains natural elements from the grain which can be used by nature to assist in rebuilding nerve centers that coffee may have broken down.

Likewise Grape-Nuts food does not cure anything, but it does assist nature tremendously in rebuilding, provided the undigestible food that has been used is discontinued and Grape-Nuts taken in its place.

Charge No. 2 states that the passage of the National Food & Drugs Act compelled us to drop from the packages some assertions regarding the nutritive value of Grape-Nuts.

We have never been "compelled" to make any change.

Since the beginning it has been a universal rule to print clearly on every package exactly what the contents are made of.

Before the passage of the Pure Food Law the packages stated that Grape-Nuts food was made of wheat and barley.

We did not esteem the small amount of salt and yeast as of value enough to speak of, but after the new Law came in we became as technical as the officials at Washington and added the words "yeast" and "salt," although we have no recollection of being asked to.

We believed that our statement that Grape-Nuts will supply elements to nourish the brain and nerve centers is true and bring authorities to support the fact.

Some state chemists believed this a gross exaggeration and inasmuch as the Food Dept. at Washington could easily harass grocers, pending a trial on the disputed question, we concluded that much the better way would be to eliminate from our packages such claims, however certain we may be that the claims are true.

Another statement objected to read as follows:

"The system will absorb a greater amount of nourishment from one pound of Grape-Nuts than from ten pounds of meat, wheat, oats, or bread."

Some Department chemists deceive themselves as well as the public.

"Caloried" is the word which defines a unit of heat determined by the amount necessary to raise one kilogram of water one degree centigrade. On this basis a table of calories is prepared showing the percentage of different kinds of food. Butter shows 8.60; Grape-Nuts 3.96; milk 0.70. Remember the statement on the package spoke of the nourishment the system would absorb, but did not speak of the calories of heat contained in it, for the heat is not nourishment, and the nourishment cannot be judged by the number of heat units, notwithstanding the fact that certain chemists would have the public believe so.

As an illustration: Attempt to feed a man sixty days on butter alone, with its 8.60 calories. The man would die before the experiment had run sixty days.

Then, take Grape-Nuts with 3.96 and milk with 0.70,—the two combined equal 4.66—about one-half the number of calories contained in butter. The man fed for sixty days on this food would be well nourish..., and could live not only sixty days, but six months on that food alone, and we do not hesitate to say from our long knowledge of the sustaining power of the food that a man at the end of sixty days would be of practically the same weight as when he started,—if he be a man of normal weight.

We will suppose that from his work he lost a pound a day and made up a pound each day from food. If that premise proved to be true the man in sixty days' time would make sixty pounds of tissue to replace what had been lost, and this would be done on Grape-Nuts and milk with half the number of calories of butter, upon which no one can sustain life.

Therefore, we have reason to believe that our contention is right that concentrated food like Grape-Nuts, which is partly digested and ready for easy assimilation by the body, presents more nourishment that the system will absorb than many other forms of food, and we will further say that in cases of digestive troubles where meat, white bread and oats cannot be digested, that Grape-Nuts and milk contain more nourishment that the system will absorb than many pounds of these other foods.

Distortion No. 3 charges that our testimonials were practically all paid for and re-written in Battle Creek.

These testimonials were demanded by the opposing lawyers. Naturally this demand was refused, for they are held in vaults and kept safe to prove the truth, and are not to be delivered up on demand of enemies.

Testimony at the trial brought out the fact that we never printed a single testimonial that we did not have the genuine letter back of. Many of these letters came spontaneously. A record was kept of twelve hundred and four (1204) letters received in one month from people who wrote that they had either entirely recovered their health or been benefited by following our suggestions on food and beverages.

On three or four occasions in the past ten or twelve years we printed broadcast in papers offers of prizes to users of Postum and Grape-Nuts,—two hundred $1.00 prizes, one hundred $2.00, twenty of $5.00 and five of $10.00 each,—stating that each must be an honest letter with name and address. We agreed not to publish names, but to furnish them to enquirers by letter. These letter writers very generally answered those who wrote to them, and verified the truth of the statements.

Under this agreement not to publish names literally scores of letters came from doctors. We kept our word and neither printed their names or surrendered the letters.

Right here notice an "imitation spasm." The "Weekly" says: "Post got those testimonials by advertising for them. In New York he used for that purpose the New York Magazine of ——— whose editor is now in the Federal Penitentiary for fraudulent use of the mails. For example, Post announced in that magazine in 1907, etc.," (then follows our prize competition).

We used nearly all of the papers and magazines in New York and the rest of America, but the sensational writer gives the impression to his readers that the only magazine we used was one "whose editor is now in the Federal Penitentiary," etc., something that we know nothing of the truth of now, and never did. Space was bought in the magazine spoken of on a business basis for the reason that it went to a good class of readers. The incident seems to have furnished an opportunity for a designing writer to deceive his readers.

We look upon honest human testimony from men and women as to the means by which they recovered health as of tremendous value to those in search of it. Our business has been conducted from the very first day upon lines of strict integrity and we never yet have published a false testimonial of human experience. Many of these letters covered numerous sheets; some, if printed, would spread over half a page of newspaper. If we would attempt to print one such letter in every one of the thousands of papers and magazines we use, the cost for printing that one letter would run into many thousands of dollars.

We boil down these letters exactly as a newspaper writer boils his news,—sticking sacredly to the important facts and eliminating details about the family and other unimportant matters. This work of boiling down, or editing, is done honestly, and with a full knowledge of our responsibility, but notice the art of the "twister" in the way he presents to his readers this matter of testimonials.

Distortion No. 4. This is a bad one. It reads as follows: "The only famous physician whose name was signed to a testimonial was produced in Court by Colliers and turned out to be a poor old brokendown homeopath, who is now working in a printing establishment. He received ten dollars ($10.00) for writing his testimonial."

We will wager ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00) with any investigator that we have, subject to inspection of any fair committee, upwards of three hundred (300) communications from physicians, many of them expressing the highest commendation of our products, but these will not now or ever be turned over to the publisher for his use.

Notice the statement in this charge: "The only famous physician whose name was signed to Postum testimonial, etc."

The truth is, this Dr. Underwood was one of a great many physicians who have not only written commendatory words about the value of our foods, but every now and then some physician writes an article on coffee or on food, and sends it to us with a suggestion of compensation for his time and medical knowledge. Previous to the time when we employed physicians in our own business, we occasionally employed a doctor to write an article on coffee, always insisting that the article be an honest expression of his opinion and research.

The "Weekly" hunted up this physician, and because he seemed to be poor, and as it says, "brokendown," had him brought to Court to be exposed before a jury as the "only physician that had ever endorsed Grape-Nuts," but much to the chagrin of the "Weekly," when our attorneys asked him if the article he wrote about coffee was true he replied, "yes."

Statement No. 5 reads: "The health officers of Mich., Maine, Penn., New Hamp., and other states in their official bulletins have for years been denouncing as preposterous and fraudulent the claims made by the Postum Cereal Company." We do not recall any criticism except from Mich., Penn., Maine and S. Dakota.

The average reader might think that the opinions expressed by the State Officials are always correct, but that conclusion is not borne out by facts.

As an illustration: About thirteen years ago the Dairy and Food Commission of Michigan for some personal reason printed a severe criticism on us for making Postum of Barley (according to his official chemist) at market price and selling too high. He was shown there was never a grain of barley used in Postum. His report was false and misleading. The governor dismissed him.

We believe that most of the state officials are honest, and on the other hand we are firmly convinced that some of their conclusions cannot be substantiated by facts in scientific research.

They never criticize the purity of our foods, for so much we are thankful.

If our conclusions in regard to its being a brain food differ from theirs, and we are both honest, they have rather the advantage, because under the law they can order us to eliminate from the package any statement if it disagrees with their opinion. Otherwise they would harass grocers.

Spasm No. 6 says: "The most dangerous thing in the world for one threatened with appendicitis is to eat any food whatever. Notwithstanding he knew that danger, C. W. Post advertised Grape-Nuts at fifteen cents a package for those so threatened."

This is intended to muddle the reader into believing that we put out Grape-Nuts as a cure for appendicitis.

Mr. Post, himself, has had probably as wide experience as any other man in America in the study and observation of food as related to the digestive organs, and we proved in Court by the physicians and surgeons on the witness stand that the predominating cause of appendicitis is undigested food, and that it is necessary to quit eating food, and when the body requires food again, use a pre-digested food, or at least one easy of digestion.

Dr. Ochsner in his work on appendicitis refers directly to the use of the well-known pre-digested foods that can be obtained on the market. He also brought out the interesting fact that in "after treatment" it is advantageous to take on a pre-digested food.

The price of the package (referred to by the weekly) is not known by us to have any relation to the question.

Our advice to stop using indigestible food in bowel troubles and to use Grape-Nuts food has been a great blessing to tens of thousands of people, and we hope will continue to bless a good many more in the succeeding years.

No. 7 is a live wire. It refers to C. W. Post and his studies and experience in "Suggestive Therapeutics," or "Mental Healing" which further lead to a most careful and systematic study of the effect of the mind on the digestive and other organs of the body.

He attended clinics in Europe and fitted himself for a future career in which he has become known as one of the food experts of the world, fitted to judge both from the material as well as the mental side of the question.

For about eight years previous to 1891 he was an invalid. In that year, after being under the care of several well-known physicians, he was quickly healed, by what to him was a curious and not well-understood method. Sufficient to say he became a well man, weighing about 185 pounds.

This experience challenged his investigation into causes of disease and their amelioration. Those studies and experiences developed a very profound reverence for a Supreme Power which directly operates upon the human being, and this reverence for the Infinite became to him a form of religion which included honesty of purpose towards his fellow-man. A statement which will be indorsed by every one who knows him closely.

He will make a public announcement in detail of these facts, and the Postum Company will cause that statement to be published in newspapers and magazines in due time. We suggest the reader look for it.

Prevarication No. 8. "Post spends nearly a million a year in advertising and relies on that to keep out of the newspapers the dangerous nature of the fraud he is perpetrating on the public."

The Postum Company does pay out upwards of a million a year for trade announcements. Newspaper men believe our statements truthful or they would not print them. Large numbers of newspaper men use our products.

They are capable of telling the public whether or not we "bribe" them.

It may have escaped notice that we did not "bribe" that particular weekly.

No. 9 states that the amount of the verdict will "be devoted by the 'weekly' to exposing fraud."

This is almost real humor.

We have two suits pending against the "weekly," total, $500,000.00.

We haven't "devoted" the sum to any particular purpose yet.

Item 10 is a "discovery" that wheat bran is a part of Postum.

But the criticism neglected to mention that for years every Postum package announced in plain type that the outer covering of wheat (bran), made part of the beverage.

They ignorantly fell into a trap here, not knowing enough of food value to know that "Taka-Diastase" the article used by physicians the world over for "starch indigestion" is made from "wheat bran."

So we use that part of the wheat berry because it contains the element needed to develop the valuable diastase in manufacture. Good Postum is impossible without this part.

These self-appointed critics do make some laughable blunders through ignorance, but—be patient.

Item 11 is an illustration of the squirming and twisting of the sensational writer delivering distorted matter to his readers.

While on the witness stand Mr. Post testified to his studies in Anatomy, Physiology, Dietetics and Psychology,—all relating to the preparation and digestion of food. Asked to name authorities studied he mentioned six or eight from memory, and commented on some clinical experience covering several years in annual journeys to Europe.

Now notice the distortion. (Copy from the printed criticism.)

"He (Post) pointed out a pile of books in possession of his attorneys as the very ones he had read."

(Notice,—"the very ones he had read," leading the reader to believe that they were the only ones.)

"Did you consult the books from these editions?" was asked.

"From those and various editions," answered Post.

The attorney "picked up book after book from the pile and showed the title pages to the jury,—all except two had been published since 1905."

This is an example of distortion and false coloring to produce an unfavorable impression.

The facts are Mr. Post purposely introduced the latest editions that could be obtained of prominent authorities to prove by them the truth of his statements regarding appendicitis and the analysis of brain, also the latest conclusions in regard to the action of the digestive organs. These works are:

Human Physiology, by Raymond.
Physiological Chemistry, by Simon.
Digestive Glands, by Pawlow.
Hand Book of Appendicitis, by Ochsner.
Physiological Chemistry, by Hammarsten.
Biochemic System of Medicine, by Carey.

The "Weekly" carefully eliminates from its printed account testimony regarding the years of research and study by Mr. Post in fitting himself for his work, and would lead the reader of the distorted article to believe that his education began since 1905.

Distortion No. 12 reports Mr. Post as a "dodging witness."

His eye is not of the shifty kind observed in the head of one of his chief critics. On the witness stand Mr. Post looks quietly but very steadily straight into the eyes of the haggling, twisting lawyer, trying by all his art to ask double-barreled questions and bull-doze and confuse a witness.

The "dodging" it seems consisted of replying, "I don't know."

Opposing counsel holds a book in his hand while he queries,—

"I want to know if there is a single thing in your whole book here that suggests any particular kind of food." Then followed some discussion between attorneys.

When Mr. Post was allowed to reply, he said, "I don't know until I read the book over to see."

This book, it turns out, was written by Mr. Post seventeen years ago and probably has not been read carefully by him in the last fifteen years. It would require a remarkable memory to instantly say "yes" or "no" as to what a book of 147 pages did or did not contain, without reading it over,—but such conservative and well balanced answers are construed by sensation seekers to be "dodging."

The attorney sought by every art to impress the Jury with the fact that Mr. Post's belief in the power of Mind in relation to the body branded him as unreliable and worse.

The following is quoted from one of the questions:—

(The lawyer reading from the book.)

"The writer of these pages desires to say nothing of himself other than as a simple instrument through which the Divine Principle chooses to manifest itself by precept and example.

"Skill in mental practice is gained in the same way as skill in any department of science—by observation, study, experience and the ability to evolve correct conclusions.

"Read carefully, thoughtfully no more than twenty pages daily. Afterward seek an easy position where you will not be disturbed. Relax every muscle. Close your eyes, and go into the silence where mind is plastic to the breathings of spirit and where God talks to the Son. The thoughts from Divine Universal Mind come as winged angels and endow you with a healing power. If you go into the silence humble and trusting, you will come out enriched and greatly strengthened in body by contact even for a short time with the Father of all life and all power. You will feel refreshed in every way and food taken will digest readily as the stomach works smoothly when under the influence of a Higher Power."

"I ask you if you did not write that, and if you did not believe it when you wrote it."

For a moment the Court Room was in absolute silence.

Mr. Post slowly leaned forward over the rail, pointed his finger at the Atty's face to emphasize his reply and with eyes that caused those of the Attorney to drop he said, "Yes, I am proud to say I did."

It may be remembered that we were first attacked and have since defended ourselves by placing facts before that great jury—The Public.

A good "scrap" is more or less comforting now and then, if you know you are right.

In the case lately tried, an appeal has been taken to the higher courts. We have unbounded faith in the ultimate decision of our American Tribunals.

Our suits against the "weekly" have not yet been tried. They are for libel and $500,000.00 is asked as damages, and may the right man win.

After all the smoke of legal battle blows away, the facts will stand out clearly and never be forgotten that Postum, Grape Nuts, and Post Toasties are perfectly pure, have done good honest service to humanity for years, the testimonials are real and truthful and the business conducted on the highest plane of commercial integrity.

"There's a Reason"

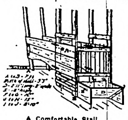
Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

COMFORT IN STALL FOR COW

Distinguishing Features of One Illustrated Herewith Is Movable Manger and Rack.

The style of stall shown in the illustration affords a great degree of comfort to the cow. The distinguishing features of the stall are the movable manger and rack whereby the length of the standing room in front and behind may be varied to suit the individual cow, and the fastening for the animal, which consists of a rope or chain across the rear end of the stall, to keep the cow from backing out.

The stall should be 3 feet wide on centers. The entire stall, from A to B (see cut), is 7 feet in length. The



A Comfortable Stall.

gates (which should all swing one way), are about 4 feet long. The rear posts, if used, should slant, as shown in the cut, to allow the milker a little more room. In some stables these rear posts have been done away with entirely, the gates simply being chained or roped together. As usually built, the front rack or panel is made of 2x4 frame-work, with 7-16 inch iron rods; and this frame-work is fastened solidly to the manger; but the manger and frame-work are not attached to the sides of the stall, but left loose, so as to be adjusted to the length of the cow. In some cases, however, the rack is hinged at the top and the bottom allowed to swing in the manger, so that it may be swung toward the front several inches. This allows the cow a little more freedom in getting up and lying down. Wooden slats may be substituted for the iron rods, or in some cases a section of iron wire fencing is used in place of the rods. The rope across the rear of the stall is usually stapled at one side and hooked with an ordinary harness-strap at the other.

BUILDING UP A DAIRY HERD

Fault of Dairymen in General Is Proper Application of Knowledge They Possess—Few Points.

The fault of dairymen in general is not so much the lack of knowledge as the proper application of the knowledge they possess.

One thing that we ought to consider when we start out to buy breeding cattle is the fact that the knowledge, skill and character of the man we buy them of is about as important as the animals that we are buying.

Can a man sow poor seed and hope to get a good crop? Will nature make any exceptions in one man's favor? These are questions which ought to interest the man who keeps on year after year breeding his cows to some scrub bull.

Too many farmers lack the push and energy required to build up a fine herd of dairy cattle. They are poor business men.

The cow cannot turn all of her energy into the production of milk and still have enough to build up her offspring rightly. To raise good, vigorous calves, we must see to it that the mother has sufficient of the right kind of food and goes dry long enough to do the work rightly.

Age to Sell Cows.

The age to which a cow of the beef type can be profitably kept should be gauged largely by her character as a breeder. If she breeds regularly and rears good calves she should be kept to a reasonable old age. This will militate against the price which she will bring on the block when she is sold, but the lack will be much more than made up in the excellent character of the stock which she has produced. On the other hand, when a cow of this class is not possessed of promise as a successful breeder in the first and second calves which she produces, she ought to be sold. Such a cow may then be put upon the market, so that she will command a good price.

Moisture in Butter.

The methods of determining moisture in butter may be divided into three classes; first, heating a weighed quantity of the butter in a cup over an alcohol lamp, as in the Irish test; second, heating a weighed quantity of the butter in a small oven which is surrounded by high pressure steam; third, heating a weighed quantity of butter in a cup surrounded by paraffine which is heated by an alcohol lamp. Accurate results can be obtained by each one of these methods.

Feeding Cows.

The cows should have wheat bran, cottonseed meal, gluten meal or any of the other feeds in addition to the corn stover and roots. The amount of grain will depend on the quantity of milk produced. A cow giving three or four gallons a day should have eight or ten pounds of grain to go with the corn stover, beets and hay.

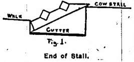
Salting Butter.

When attending a farmers' institute recently Prof. G. L. Martin, head of the dairy department of the North Dakota Agricultural college, was asked the question, "How much should butter be salted?" His reply was: "For ordinary marketing from three-fourths of an ounce to one ounce to the pound of butter fat."

COWS STANDING IN GUTTER

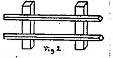
Common and Uncleanly Habit of Big Animals and Young Heifers Is Effectively Cured.

In modern barns where cows are tied with the movable stanchions, the herdsman is not much bothered with their habit of standing in the gutter; but where the cows are tied with chains or stationary stanchions, it is common with big cows or young heifers just now into the stall, says a writer in the Country Gentleman. It is most irritating to come in every morning and find a cow has been standing in the gutter and making a filth of the stall when she steps out of it, and then lying down and swishing her tail in the mess.



End of Stall.

I have tried the following, and find that with young heifers it cures them of the habit in a very short time, and sometimes old cows can be cured: You get two pieces of 2 by 4-inch and cut them to fit your gutter as shown; angle off one end so that the cow does not lie on a sharp corner; make two half diamond cuts and set in your cross pieces, which are made of 3 by 3-inch, and nail securely. If your gutter is very wide, you may have to put in three pieces of strip, as an old-fashioned cow will soon find she can get her feet down between the strips, but I have never seen a cow stand on the strips. If you have two cows standing together that have this trick, you can make your strips long enough for them both and put an extra 2 by 4-inch piece in the center. If you lift the rack back to the wall when turning out the cows, and if it is well made it will last a long time.



Strips In Stall.

CARING FOR BUTTER WORKER

To Get Rid of Adhering Grease Use Certain Quantity of Hydrochloric Acid Diluted.

Every butter maker knows the importance of using a good butter worker. Without it the butter habitually contains too much water, probably too large a quantity of casein.

The chief point of the butter worker is to get the water out and also to enable the produce to be made up into a good and consistent sample.

But trouble is often caused by the fact of the butter adhering to the worker, arising from a want of cleanliness in that utensil.

The chief cause of this adherence is that the wood is saturated with the greasy material owing either to incomplete washing or the water not being hot enough.

To get rid of this grease use a certain quantity of hydrochloric acid diluted with four times its quantity of water.

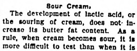
This should cover the worker for twelve hours and then it should be thoroughly scrubbed, then washed in boiling water and finally receive a cold douche.

Milk a Great Money Crop.

The greater profit from selling milk over making butter will be readily apparent where the milk can be disposed of at a relatively high figure. In several of the eastern states milk sells for 10 cents a quart, which is practically 5 cents a pound. A good cow should give 6,000 pounds of milk in a year. This would mean a return of $300 less the cost of food and of handling the milk. The net return should represent a handsome profit. Such dairying, where the dairyman is careful to grow his own food to the greatest extent practicable, should bring a good bank account in a reasonably short time. Even at 3 cents a pound for the milk, there should be a bare profit.

Sour Cream.

The development of lactic acid, or the souring of cream, does not increase its butter fat content. As a rule, when cream becomes sour, it is more difficult to test than when it is sweet. The difficulty in obtaining the accurate test of sour milk or cream lies in the fact that it is not easy to obtain an accurate sample.



Cheese-making requires some time.

Cleanliness and feeding are two important points.

A clean, dry cellar is a very good place to ripen the cheese.

The matter of temperature for churning is a vexing question.

A person with a separator has several advantages in handling milk.

Few farmers or dairymen fully understand all the profits from dairying.

An important point is the care of the churn, milk pails and butter bowl.

The separator is made for one specific purpose—that is of skimming milk.

In dairying, where whole milk is sold, manure is still a product that should be considered.

Considering both its food and tonic properties, buttermilk may be considered cheap at 10 cents per quart.

When all has been said conditions determine what kind of animals are most profitable for a farmer to keep.

Intensive dairymen hold that nothing but the distinct dairy type of cow can be profitably used in modern dairying.

After salt is properly mixed in the butter should be molded into one pound molds and wrapped in a neat, attractive package.

The American Home
WILLIAM A. RADFORD
Editor

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

This is the time of year to begin to plan for the home you are thinking of building next spring. It is a longer process than most people realize to make all the plans for a satisfactory and home-like residence.

By this we do not mean that the actual work of preparing the drawings and specifications for the work is such a long task. The experienced architect will take care of that matter very easily and will produce a consistent and satisfactory set of plans, in accordance with the ideas of his client, in comparatively short time.

It is the planning by the client himself that is more important and more complicated than many prospective home builders seem to imagine. The needs of no two families are exactly alike, and the ideas of one will be entirely different from those of another in respect to the outward appearance of his home, what the materials should be, and what decorative effects should be used. In the same way the inside of the house furnishes a hundred and one different points that should be decided by the prospectice home builder, or rather, by his wife, if the home is to be thoroughly satisfactory and meet their ideals as to what their home should be and what it should look like.

Most people have exceedingly vague and unformed notions about what they like concerning the different details of home building. Very often it is not until the work is actually under way that some of the points are decided and then changes in the plans and specifications follow, greatly increasing the expense.

Everything should be decided in advance, even before the work is placed in the hands of the architect; that is the needs and preferences of the family should have been all thought over and pretty thoroughly decided upon. To do this there is nothing quite so helpful as to study the books of building plans and to read the magazines and papers devoted to home building. The photographs of interiors that are reproduced will show desirable features and the wise thing to do is to get together a scrap-book containing illustrations of all the features one would like embodied in the plans for his own house.

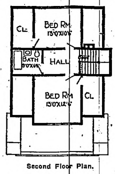
Modern building is a very complicated process, requiring a good deal of study before the ins and outs of it can be appreciated by the prospective builder. How often we hear of men who have recently built, lamenting the fact that the new house does not suit and wishing that it could be possible to start anew and have the work done over again in the light of the knowledge and experience gained from the previous building.

This is not necessary, however. If those who are to build the coming spring would begin now to study up and decide in their own minds just what their requirements and preferences are, there is no reason why absolute satisfaction cannot be had with the first house to be built.

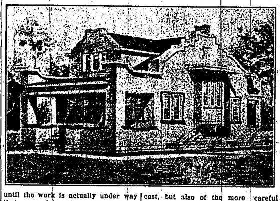
Home building is one of the most important things that a family ever undertakes. Ordinarily, the one house is all that is ever built, and it must meet the needs of the family for probably two generations. This is why it is so important to study the question and make sure that one's building will be well. Profit by the experience of others as much as possible, for it is very seldom that one has the opportunity to build a second time and so profit by his own experience.

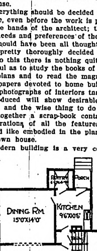
There is another feature of this question, too, which urges early planning for the home building of next spring. Quite a saving in expense can be effected by having plans all made and the contract ready to let before the big spring building rush commences.

Building contractors say that a saving of from 10 to 20 per cent. can be made by adopting this course. Very often the middle of February brings suitable weather for getting in the foundations and all through the month of March there is opportunity for beginning work. As the real busy season for the contractors does not open until the middle of April they are willing to take work on a smaller margin of profit during these early months than later when they are crowded with work. Every contractor has a big crew of expert mechanics whom he tries to keep busy the year round in order to hold them, so the home builder who can start early gets the advantage not only of the smaller cost, but also of the more careful workmanship that is apt to be given a job in the slack season than when everyone is rushed and trying to turn out the work as rapidly as possible.



Second Floor Plan.





First Floor Plan.

The design illustrated herewith shows many good features of planning and design. One who wants a small house of thoroughly modern arrangement and appearance can get a number of suggestive ideas from the perspective and plans. The exterior is finished in rough cast cement plaster on metal lath, the color being the natural cement gray. The design is modified Spanish mission, with the parapet coping and red tile shingles. The interior of this house shows a very large living room of the kind so popular at the present time, very pleasant dining room with convenient kitchen and pantry. On the second floor there are two good sized bed rooms with an abundance of closet space. This house is estimated to cost $2,500, construction and finish, substantial and first class materials being use.

Deceit in Women.

Many girls of great beauty wonder why it is that they are not so popular as their less attractive friends. Perhaps it is because they are deceitful. I do not mean to infer that beauty and deceit travel together, for this is not necessarily the case.

If there is any vice that is loathsome and revolting to man, it is deceit. Man is a broad, honest creature, wholly free from those smaller motives and failings which, unfortunately, so often characterize the gentler sex.

"Know thyself." If you have been false in the past to yourself and friends, try being true blue for a few days; you will have more friends, and life will hold a deeper, more wholesome meaning for you. Remember, girls, a so-called "good fellow" will win out over a mistress of charm and beauty marred and polluted with deceit.

Statesmen in Their Cups.

The deep drinking which was a social custom in the time of the younger Pitt had its influence occasionally on the minister, whose habit it was to indulge liberally with his friends, when free from the occupations of state. An epigram of the time gave the following dialogue between Pitt and his colleague and boon companion, Henry Dundas, afterwards Viscount Melville:

Pitt—I cannot see the speaker, Hal; can you?

Dundas—Not see the speaker, Billy? I see two!—From an Anecdotal History of Parliament.

Will Study the Trades.

The Woman's Municipal league of Boston, of which Mrs. Richard C. Cabot is the chairman of education department, has begun a study of the vocation of women, the idea being to find out by systematic research what the opportunities for women are in each vocation

MOTHERS OF THEN AND NOW

Conditions Are Only Different, No Matter What Sentimental Writers May Assert.

The "popular" writer who bewails what he assumes to be the fact that the "old-fashioned" mother is no more is liable to defeat his own purpose if that be inculcating in children the highest possible regard for their parents. It is a danger which even the quantitative theory of literature or space rates cannot justify.

The mother of the past, of course, was different from the mother of the present, as different on the whole as the conditions of life then and now, but since her daughter is the mother of the present there must be some points of similarity. All the good in our mothers and grandmothers certainly could not have vanished. It will be paying scant tribute to those dear, good women who have laid down their precepts and examples and passed on to say so. And, of course, this writer does not mean to do that, yet he comes very near doing what he does not intend.

The fallacy of the whole sentimental notion that because things and people are not like they used to be they are not as good lies in the patent fact that they cannot be alike, and if they were it would simply be because of the present generation being so much inferior to the past that it was unable to do no more than stand still.

SKIN TORTURED BABIES SLEEP AND MOTHERS REST

A warm bath with Cuticura Soap, followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura ointment, is generally sufficient to afford immediate comfort in the most distressing forms of itching, burning and scaly eczemas, rashes, irritations and inflammations of infants and children, permit sleep for child and rest for parent, and point to permanent relief, when other methods fail. Peace falls upon distracted households when these pure, sweet and gentle emollients enter. No other treatment costs so little and does so much for skin sufferers, from infancy to age. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, for free 32-page book on the care and treatment of skin and scalp troubles.

A Lesson for Diplomats.

Elihu Root, at the luncheon in Providence preceding the dedication of the John Hay Memorial library at Brown university, said of John Hay:

"His diplomacy was gracious, and it was prudent as well. I remember, in an argument about a certain international complication, how very warmly and aptly he once insisted on prudence.

"It was the Christmas season, and he said that we might learn a lesson from a little girl who was naughty in the early part of December.

"'Dear me,' her mother said, 'If you're going to be naughty I'm very much afraid Santa Claus won't bring you any presents.'

"The little girl frowned.

"'Well,' she whispered, 'you needn't say it so near the chimney!'"

Cat's Tigerish Nature.

A shocking affair in which a domestic cat displayed tigerish qualities occurred at Ayr recently. A woman named Mrs. John Scott had occasion to go a message and left a child, six weeks old, in the house. On her return she was horrified to discover that the cat had eaten the small finger of the child's left hand, and had commenced on the next finger.

Importent to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Nipped in the Bud.

Parke—Too bad about Bilfer's boy, wasn't it—got him graduated from college and thought he had a career before him.

Lane—What happened?

Parke—Why, he has just eloped with the lady chauffeur.—Life.

Stupid Man.

"My husband has no idea of the value of money?"

"Why, I thought he was a careful business man."

"He thinks so, too. But he absolutely doesn't realize what a lovely hat I can buy for $48.99."

One Way to Look at It.

Jinks—Do you know, I was refused three times before I found a girl who would have me?"

Blinks—I see. Just like a patent medicine: "Well shaken before taken."—Judge.

False.

Clerk—This is an eight-day clock.

Murphy—G'wan! It's a loi; ther's only sivin days in the wake!—Puck.

An unplanned duty done is better than a planned duty undone.—Baker.

If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—

$1000 In it for you

Calumet has been backed for years by an offer of $1,000 for any substance injurious to health found in the baking prepared with it.

Does not this and the fact that it complies with all pure food laws, both State and National, prove that Calumet is absolutely pure?

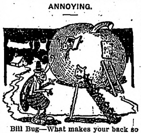
With the purity question settled—then Calumet is undoubtedly the best Baking Powder. It contains more leavening power; it is more uniform—every can is the same. It assures better results—and is moderate in price.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Pure in the Can—Pure in the Baking.

ANNOYING.



Bill Bug—What makes your back so stiff? Rheumatism?

Waldo Worm—No; I swallowed a toothpick.

TIRED, SICK AND DISCOURAGED

Doan's Kidney Pills Brought Health and Cheerfulness.

Mrs. J. P. Pemberton, 854 So. Lafayette St., Marshall, Mo., says: "For years I suffered from Bright's disease which the doctors said was incurable. I gradually grew weaker until I had to take to my bed. The kidney secretions were suppressed, I became terribly bloated, and finally reached the point where I took no interest in life. It was at this time I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon improved. When I had used 12 boxes I was without a sign of the trouble which seemed to be carrying me to my grave."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Son's Compliment.

His incessant work, his avoidance of all rest and recreation and his rigorous self-denial made Joseph Pulitzer, in his days in harness, the despair of his family.

In this connection a pretty story is told about the famous journalist's son, Ralph. Mr. Pulitzer had refused to take a holiday, and Mrs. Pulitzer exclaimed:

"Did you ever know your father to do anything because it was pleasant?"

"Yes, once—when he married you," the young man gracefully replied.

The Inevitable.

"You don't resent that successful candidate's proud and haughty manner?"

"Nope," rejoined Farmer Corntossel. "The fact that he's in politics is all the guarantee I want that sooner or later he'll meet with some kind of a terrible finish."

Lofty Ambition.

"What is your ambition?"

"Merely to make more money than my wife can spend."—Detroit Free Press.

COLDS Cured in One Day

GRIP

Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and obstinate Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Price 25c.

Have you stiff or swollen joints, no matter how chronic? Ask your druggist for Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy and see how quickly you will be cured.

If you have any kidney or bladder trouble get Munyon's Kidney Remedy.

Munyon's Vitalizer makes weak men strong and restores lost powers.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

There's the Rub.

"Well," said the optimistic boarder, "there's one thing about our boarding house; you can eat as much as you like, there."

"Of course; same as ours," replied the pessimistic one, "you can eat as much as you like, but there's never anything you could possibly like."

The danger from slight cuts or wounds is always blood poisoning. The immediate application of Hamlins Wizard Oil makes blood poisoning impossible.

He is a dangerous man who spends much time drawing fine lines between shrewdness and sin.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Heavy words in meeting will not make up for short weight in market.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The best way to lift men is to meet them on a level.

Slip Easy COLLARS 15¢ TWO FOR 25¢

Put Easy COLLARS

Note Slip Easy tab found on our collars only

As necktie cannot touch collar button it slides freely. Tab will not get out of place when relaundered. Cost no more than ordinary collars, and gives more comfort, more wear, more style. If your dealer don't have them, write us.

C. W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N.Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time —not a year from now when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. HOLMES

315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.

Use address nearest you. 37

WOMAN'S ILLS

Many women suffer needlessly from girlhood to womanhood and from motherhood to old age—with backache, dizziness or headache. She becomes broken-down, sleepless, nervous, irritable and feels tired from morning to night. When pains and aches rack the womanly system at frequent intervals, *ask your neighbor about*

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult in confidence by letter *free*. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, R.V. Pierce, M. D., Pres't, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers in *Plain English* hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent *free* to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing *only*, in French cloth binding.

Ask to see the Leather Covered Pocket Edition

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure, no matter how long standing. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Minneapolis.—John C. Simpson, of Iowa was elected secretary of the Minnesota state fair. His salary will be $5,000.

Washington.—Representative Volstead has recommended the appointment of T. T. Gonlund as postmaster at Tyler, Lincoln county, Minn.

Duluth. — John D. Lowe, former state boiler inspector of the Duluth district under Governor Johnson, and a former resident of Minneapolis died here.

Austin.—The town of Le Roy loses her fiber mill. The plant was closed down Sunday, Jan. 15. The business will probably be transacted from the big new St. Paul concern.

Barnesville.—Mistaking a bottle of sugar-coated pills for candy, the little 4-year-old son of Frank Clemens, a farmer living northeast of here, swallowed a number of the pills and died.

Faribault.—John Siegler's residence, in the township of Bridgewater, together with a greater part of the contents, was destroyed by fire during Mr. Siegler's absence. Loss, $2,000, with a small insurance.

Park Rapids. — The "White Store," owned by A. W. Rogers, was gutted by fire. The loss on buildings, owned by C. W. Benham, was $1,500, and the loss on stock and fixtures was $2,000, partly covered by insurance.

Kasota.—Tired of waiting for the officials to act, some of the private citizens have decided that the slot machines and other gambling devices must go and have served notice on the proprietors to this effect.

Duluth. —Flagrant violations of the Duluth ordinances covering hotels reported to the council by the building inspector. It is said that about seventy-five of the cheaper hotels and lodging houses are violating the building ordinances.

Mankato.—The Fanciers' and Breeders' Association of Minnesota held a poultry show here. Many fine birds were on exhibition from different parts of the state. Among the exhibitors from St. Paul are F. Nelson, L. C. Schweiger and J. Javas.

Chatfield. — John Lasey, for many years a resident of this place, was cremated in his home, which burned to the ground. Mr. Lasey had lived alone for the last three months, his family having moved to Montana. He was 60 years old and was employed as a section hand.

Mankato.—The postal star route between this city and St. Clair, 12 miles east of here bids fair to be vacant after July 1, as no one can be found who will bid on the job. Postoffice Inspector H. O. Smith of St. Paul has been endeavoring to get someone to bid, but has failed.

Elk River.—The annual meeting of the Glendorado Farmers' Mutual Insurance company was held here. Reports were read, officers elected and other business transacted. The association has about 1,400 members in Mille Lacs, Benton and Sherburne counties, and about 200 delegates were present.

Mora. — The annual meeting of the First National bank of Mora, Minn., was held and the following officers elected: George H. Newbert, president; J. C. Pope, vice-president; V. W. Peterson, cashier; directors, George H. Newbert, J. C. Pope, F. A. Cutler, D. R. Eaton and R. M. Pope.

New Ulm. — Otto Schell, the president and manager of the August Schell Brewing Company, died suddenly of acute throat trouble. He was 50 years of age and is survived by a wife and two children, Mrs. Cleveland Frederick, of Springfield, Minn., and Walter, of this city. Mr. Schell was president of the park board.

Minneapolis.—The following officers were selected by the newly organized state fair board: Secretary, John C. Simpson, now secretary of the Iowa State Fair; treasurer, E. L. Mattson, Minneapolis, succeeding M. L. Dunn, of Brainerd; assistant secretary, Miss Katherine Borgman, St. Paul, succeeding Miss Laura M. Cox, St. Paul.

St. Paul.—Governor Eberhart has announced the appointment of C. A. Ehlers of Minneapolis as military storekeeper. Mr. Ehlers is well known in Minneapolis business, political and national guard circles. His appointment carries with it a place on the governor's staff and a captain's commission with a salary of $1,800 a year. He succeeds Captain Hatcher.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Without indicating what would be its decision the general river and harbor board of the war department listened with interest while the advocates of the improvement of the Minnesota river presented the merits of the project. The speakers included Senator Clapp, Representatives Stevens, Volstead, Davis. Attorney O. C. Rash, and State Senator C. A. Johnson.

Litchfield.—President W. F. Schilling of Northfield, called to order in this city the convention of the State Dairymen's Association and, after a speech of welcome by A. F. Foster, delivered his annual address. Formal business took up the rest of the morning, but in the afternoon the members listened to interesting papers by Prof. W. J. Fraser, of Urbana, Ill.; R. A. Underwood, of Hutchinson, Minn., and Emil E. Elk, of Cokato, Minn. An excellent dairy cattle show is being held in conection with the convention.

HACKENSCHMIDT WINS.

Defeats Henry Ordeman in Two Straight Falls.

Minneapolis.—Henry Orderman, of Minneapolis, the American wrestling champion, was ground down to defeat in a finish match with Geo. Hackenschmidt at the Auditorium. The Russian Lion won the first fall in two hours 37½ minutes, and took the second fall in the rapid time of 2½ minutes.

GLOTFELTER HEADS FAIR

WATERVILLE MAN DEFEATS J. M. UNDERWOOD.

Insurgent Opposition Manifest in Campaign—One Ballot Decides.

Minneapolis.—J. M. Underwood went down to defeat in the annual election of the Minnesota State Agricultural society before the "insurgent" opposition which was manifested late in the campaign and whipped into shape within less than 24 hours by F. W. Murphy of Wheaton and E. J. Stilwell of Minneapolis.

The successful candidate was Chas. W. Glotfelter of Waterville.

But one ballot was required. The result was Glotfelter, 169, Underwood, 123¼. That ballot, however, was taken amid scenes of confusion reminiscent of the Underwood-Furlong ballot-battle a year ago, but to which a decidedly dramatic touch was added when death stalked through the court house assembly hall and struck down C. B. Clark, a life member of the association, who, scarcely ten minutes before, had made a ringing speech seconding the nomination of former President Underwood for a second term.

Cosgrove's Fate in the Balance.

Whether Mr. Underwood's defeat will carry with it the retirement of Secretary Cosgrove, who has served the society in one capacity or another for the last quarter of a century, is a question that has not been determined upon.

C. B. Clark had just spoken for Mr. Underwood when he retired to his seat among the delegates, the balloting began and, after he had prepared his ballot for the man for whom he had spoken, he leaned heavily toward H. P. Marks, of Shakopee. Mr. Marks, thinking he was desirous of speaking to him, asked what his wish was and receiving no answer cried out:

"Is there a doctor in the audience?"

Water was brought to the dying man and he was carried into the corridors, where he died while effort was being made to locate a physician.

President, C. W. Glotfelter of Waterville; First Vice-President, E. J. Stilwell of Minneapolis; Second Vice-President, Reuben Warner, Jr., of St. Paul.

Managers: George Atchinson of Mankato; W. W. Sivright of Hutchinson; *C. P. Craig of Duluth; F. W. Murphy of Wheaton; *Thomas H. Canfield of Lake Park. *Indicates hold-over members.

Minneapolis.—The following officers were selected by the newly organized state fair board: Secretary, John C. Simpson, now secretary of the Iowa State Fair; treasurer, E. L. Mattson, Minneapolis, succeeding M. L. Dunn, of Brainerd; assistant secretary, Miss Katherine Borgman, St. Paul, succeeding Miss Laura M. Cox, St. Paul.

STILLWATER HAS $20,000 FIRE.

Drug Store, Jeweler's Shop and Shoe Plant Damaged by Blaze.

Stillwater. — Fire in the large stone building owned by the Joseph Schlenck estate of St. Paul, did $20,000 damages. The blaze was ignited by the furnace. The St. Croix Drug company and John Caeser, jeweler, are the heavy losers, their property being almost totally destroyed, but covered by insurance.

Furnishings in the offices of Dr. B. J. Merrill and Dr. E. F. O'Donnell, dentists, also was damaged. The St. Croix Shoe company's plant was damaged by smoke. The building was damaged about $2,000.

TWO CHILDREN BURN TO DEATH.

Parents Unable to Reach Them When Their Home Is Destroyed.

Fergus Falls.—Everett Stiles received a telephone message that the residence of his brother-in-law, E. L. Botts, near Frazee, was burned. Mr. Botts started a fire in the kitchen and went out of doors. His wife discovered the kitchen ablaze and ran to call him and on returning back found that the fire had gained such headway that it had cut off egress to rooms occupied by their children. Two boys, Estel, aged five, and Charles, a baby, were burned to death. One little girl escaped.

MINISTER-CARPENTER IS ILL.

Contracted Typhoid Fever While Building Church.

Sauk Center.—Rev. R. G. Green, of Akeley, who, it is said, contracted typhoid fever while acting as boss carpenter of the Methodist preachers who rebuilt the Spooner Methodist Episcopal church, is now convalescent, after several weeks of severe illness.

The church rebuilt at Spooner by these preachers will be dedicated soon, and is the only church building at present in that town.

FORCE LEADS BALL LEAGUE.

Sporting Writer Heads the Minny League.

Winona. — Frank E. Force, a Minneapolis sporting writer, was elected president, secretary and treasurer of the Minnesota-Wisconsin league for one year. There will be no change in the circuit and the eight cities which comprised the Minny fold in 1910 will again be under the banner of the Minny in 1911.

Indians To Be Given Patents.

Washington, D. C.—As the result of a conference participated in by Senator Clapp. Representative Steenerson, C. M. Johnson and the officials in the land office about 4,000 patents will be issued to mixed bloods in White Earth reservation. These are the patents which were held up in the interior department. There are some vexing questions relative to the Indian rule which has given the department considerable trouble. Some very sensational charges have been made against these patents.

WILL PROTECT TRADE.

Potato Growers to Advertise Red River Valley "Early Ohio" Spuds.

Moorhead.—At one of the largest and most enthusiastic gatherings of farmers ever held in this county, potato growers and shippers organized in this city.

The meeting was held at the call of the Commercial club of this city for the purpose of organization, better to fight against the inroads potato men feel the "Irish Cobbler" will make on the local seed trade in the South.

Every year there are nearly 2,000 carloads of seed potatoes shipped from Clay county to the Southern markets, where they are sold for seed. Of late dealers in the Ohio valley have been advertising the "Irish Cobbler" as a potato superior to the Red river valley "Early Ohio" for use by Southern planters. This is not true, the local growers and dealers say, and they have taken this means of forming an organization whose aim it will partly be to counteract any advertising detrimental to the local product by other advertising. A committee of nine was selected yesterday with power to act in the matter of incorporating the society, establishing a trade mark making assessments for advertising and calling the meeting.

MINNESOTA CITIES GROWING.

Minneapolis Led in Percentage of Increase and Stillwater Lost.

Washington, D. C. — Minnesota's municipalities having a population in excess of 5,000 increased their aggregate only 39.1 per cent during the last 10 years. Statistics of the thirteenth census issued show these places contributed 66.3 per cent of the state's total increase of 324,314 during the decade.

Minneapolis and St. Paul, however, furnished almost 72 per cent of the total increase of the municipalities and over 46 per cent of the state's total growth.

In number the municipalities in Minnesota over 5,000 increased from 17 to 23, a gain of six. Chisholm and Virginia showed the greatest growth of the places which entered this class. Of the larger cities, Minneapolis had the greatest percentage of increase, it being 48.7 per cent. Duluth grew 48.1 per cent and St. Paul 31.7 per cent.

Three cities decreased in population during the 10 years: Stillwater lost 2,120; Winona, 1,131, and Mankato 234.

The population of St. Cloud, Minn., 1910, 10,600; 1900, 8,633.

FARM SOCIETIES ELECT HEADS

Three Associations in Session Last Week at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis.—The Minnesota Live Stock Breeders' association, at its annual meeting at the courthouse re-elected officers as follows: President, C. P. Craig of Duluth; first vice-president, D. S. Hall, Buffalo Lake; second vice president, C. B. Crandall, Randolph; secretary, Professor Andrew Boss, St. Anthony Park; treasurer, C. W. Glotfelter, Waterville.

While the live stock men were in session the wool growers and the field crop breeders also were meeting. The latter organization had a banquet and their annual election in the Masonic Temple. The officers were re-elected as folows:

President, C. W. Glotfelter of Waterville; treasurer, F. H. Gibbs of Merriam Park; secretary, Professor C. P. Bull of St. Paul.

A. C. Cooper of St. Cloud was elected to fill the vacancy on the executive committee caused by the resignation of Thomas Hoburn, who has removed from the state, and H. S. Libby was also elected a member of the committee. The vice presidents, one from each congressional district, will be appointed by the executive committee.

MANKATO DAIRIES INSPECTED

Inspection Is Conducted Under Instruction of Mayor Meyer.

Mankato.—Thomas Manley, a state dairy inspector, accompanied by Mayor Meyer, has spent two days inspecting the dairies in Mankato and vicinity, the milk cans and places for keeping milk at the various places supplying milk to the people of the city. His visit was made at the request of Mayor Meyer.

The places in the country were as a rule found to be more sanitary than those in the city owing to the greater room and facilities. The average condition of these places was found to be fairly good.

Mr. Manley went to Madison Lake today to look after matters there and will finish his work here on his return.

Hospital Gets $30,000.

Eau Claire.—The board of directors of the Luther hospital received a check for $30,000, the gift of the late Sigvald A. Quale, made by him shortly before his death. The check was received from Mr. Quale's mother, who was administrator.

CHILDREN DIE IN HOUSE FIRE.

Knife River Man's Home Destroyed By Oil Stove Explosion.

Duluth. — The dwelling of Peter Buggee of Knife River, 18 miles from Duluth on the north shore of Lake Superior, was destroyed by fire and his three daughters, aged 1, 4 and 6 years, were burned to death. The children were locked in the house by their mother while she went to a neighbors to get some milk. The kitchen gasoline stove exploded.

Farmer Frozen In Field.

St. Cloud. — Several neighbors of Zacharias Zura, 50, a bachelor, living on a farm near Holdingford, this county, found his frozen body lying in a field. The condition of the body indicated he had been dead at least two two days.

Washington, D. C. — Population statistics of the thirteenth census issued included the following city:

	1910.	1900.
St. Cloud	10,660	8,663
Stillwater	10,198	12,318

KING TO WEAR CULLINAN DIAMONDS

THE IMPERIAL CROWN

KING GEORGE'S SCEPTER.

LONDON.—A wonderful transformation has been wrought in the crown jewels and regalia which will be used at the coronation in Westminster Abbey next June, and which have now been restored to the Wakefield Chamber in the Tower of London. The great Cullinan diamonds, the larger of which, out of compliment to United South Africa, King George has ordered to be renamed the Star of Africa, have a prominent place in the regalia.

The Star, which weighs 516½ carats, has been set in the scepter near the head. The smaller Cullinan stone, whose weight is 309 3-16 carats, is placed in the front of the crown which has been altered and enlarged and to the gems in which have been added two new sapphires, 56 brilliants and 52 rose diamonds. Both the Cullinan diamonds can be removed from the crown and scepter when those emblems of power are not in use, and can then be worn by the queen as a pendant.

QUELLED A MUTINY

Miniature White Elephants Subdued Turbulent Cingalese.

Little Effigies Bought in Calcutta as Souvenirs for "Kiddies" at Home Pacify Savage Little Natives on Ship.

New York.—Two miniature white elephants, purchased in Calcutta for a couple of shillings by William Blakeman, a ship's carpenter on board the British freight steamship Parisiana raised that mariner to an important place on board the vessel on the voyage from the Indian port to New York.

"Some of the boys on the ship and I were walking around Calcutta one hot afternoon in July," he said, "and the walk took us through a street where there are a lot of curio dealers. In one of the little stores I saw two elephants, carved out of the wood of a cocoanut tree, and I fancied that those two elephants, resembling the white elephants of Siam, would be about as handy a brace of souvenirs for my kiddies at home as anything that I could get in Calcutta. With the two elephants, one under each arm, we went into the street again and on our way to the steamer.

"We noticed that every time we met a little brown Cingalese on the street he would prostrate before us, or alongside of us and salaam for all he was worth. We laughed a bit about it, but really thought little about the salaaming, although it did seem a bit queer all the way to the wharf. On the wharf the whole blooming lot of natives fell down as we passed through on the way to the Parisiana.

"It was about a month or so later, when we were going through the Indian ocean toward the Red Sea that some trouble broke out among the Cingalese on board because one of our boys had accidentally jostled a bit of mutton that hung forward on deck for the native mess. Of course we all know that it is a serious thing for European hands to touch the food of the Mohammedan and we knew that it would be hard to pacify the Cingalese on board after their mutton had been spoiled for them through contact with the hands of unbelievers.

"There was a great hullabaloo on the forward deck just as I came out of the forepeak, and the whole pack of brown fellows set upon me as the nearest and handiest man on which to wreak their vengeance. In times like these native chaps are not responsible, practically running amuck, and they swung bars and clubs right and left. I ducked back into the forepeak, intending to get my belongings and make a break for amidships, where I would have the protection of the officers, who were armed.

"When I came out again, carrying my two elephants under my arms, the Cingalese made for me again. Then, as they saw the little white elephants they suddenly dropped their bars and clubs and every man of them dropped flat on deck and salaamed as if their lives depended on it. I was lucky enough to remember the salaaming in Calcutta and I flashed the elephants which I had later found out had caused the respect of the city natives during our walk through Calcutta. The native sailors squirmed around and around on their stomachs to make sure that they would face me and the elephants as they salaamed and the rebellion on board the Parisiana was successfully put down without bloodshed."

The two little white elephants remained in a conspicuous place in the main saloon on the freighter in case of further emergency, but their services were not again required on the voyage.

FIND NEW USE FOR ALCOHOL

Prof. Hill of London Invents Apparatus for Use in Treatment of Pneumonia Cases.

London.—Prof. Leonard Erskine Hill of the London hospital has invented an apparatus for use in the treatment of pneumonia which is expected to prove of great service.

"For some time," says Prof. Hill, "it has been recognized that the best way to supply alcoholic stimulant to the laboring heart in pneumonia is by way of the lungs in the form of vapor. My apparatus arranges for a mixed vapor of oxygen, water and alcohol, to be carried directly to the lungs, whence it reaches the heart from the pulmonary veins. Thence the stimulant is carried directly to the heart muscle itself by the coronary arteries."

Because there is not sufficient undiseased lung tissue left to breathe with, and because the heart thereby fails, the judicious administration of heart stimulants so as to tide this organ over until the lung symptoms subside is the chief point in the treatment.

By using Prof. Hill's apparatus the heart can be reached by a stimulant much more accurately and quickly than if the alcohol were given in the ordinary way.

Stokers Lead in Suicides.

London.—Suicides of stoke hold hands are about five times more numerous than those of engine room hands and three times more than among other seamen, according to a board of trade report. One British seaman in every 1,500 loses his life from drink, but only one Lascar in every 21,000.

MAN'S MEMORY IS RESTORED

With Restoration Power of Speech Also Returns and Scattered Family Reunited.

Denver, Col.—It is four years since the motherless boys of Jeremiah Warwick were placed in an institution in this city. For a time Warwick visited his sons, aged at that time eight and five years, respectively, and then his visits ceased. There was no provision for the boys and no relatives could be found. The children were finally placed in a home for dependent children.

A few days ago Jeremiah Warwick, a mental wreck, whose memory was entirely gone, was operated on at a hospital here and a tumor removed from his brain. Memory and the power of speech, which he had also lost, came back to him gradually, and the other day he inquired for his boys, regarding whom his mind had been a blank for more than three years.

A search of state institutions resulted in bringing father and sons together.

His Mules Are Too Fat.

New York.—"Hey, Charlie," cried Chief of Police Higgins of Glen Ridge, N. J., to Charles Miller of Newark, as the latter drove through Glen Ridge, "your mules are too fat, and you'll have to give them an obesity cure. Otherwise it's a cell for you." Chief Higgins then showed Miller a scented missive, on pink paper, written by a woman apparently, in which complaint was made that Miller's mules were too fat and that it was cruel to drive them in that condition. The letter was signed "A Lover of Animals."

SLEEPING WITH CLOTHES ON

Physician Declares Custom of Leaving Warm Raiment for Cold Sheets Injurious.

London.—Is it necessary to undress in order to go to bed?

Writing under the pen name of "Lawrence Beesley," a physician, who in his professional capacity of ship's doctor and also on pleasure journeys has traveled over a considerable part of the inhabited globe, is of opinion it is not.

He says:

"How often does one hear the remark, 'How tired I am of dressing and undressing, of getting up and going to bed!'

"I have made the same remark myself, and of late have simplified the minor details of my daily routine considerably.

"Why should we all undress and take off all our clothes every night, with the consequent redressing in the morning? Why?

"I have lived on board ship and in the tropics, in Canada, and in the desert of Arabia, and I say this, that I have been as healthy and as fit and infinitely more satisfied with life under conditions which practically compelled me to sleep in my clothes—minus boots, coat and collar.

"In so-called civilization, where I live now, I have to remove every 'rag' at night, put on cold pajamas and get into colder sheets, and shiver (during the cold weather) for ten minutets or more, with the knowledge that in the morning I have to dress once again and am supposed to have a bath.

"I cannot for the life of me see why two hot evening baths per week should not be sufficient for anybody—and personally I have quite given up undressing at night, with the exception, as I said before, of boots, collar and coat.

"It is well known that men who 'rough it,' who sleep in their clothes, and who have not the eternal worry of dressing and undressing, of cold baths, cold sheets, starched collars and all the paraphernalia of the 'town man,' are infinitely happier, freer, healthier and stronger than their city brethren.

"Try it. Sleep in your underclothes—flannel shirt and socks; have two hot baths a week and save hours per annum and oceans of bad language.

"I am speaking as a medical man of twenty years' experience.

"I believe many chills are caught by the sudden change from thick, warm flannel clothes to thin pajamas and ice cold sheets, which is the general custom in this country.

"I am further of the opinion that it is not a benefit to the individual to open the pores of the skin by constant bathing or to close them suddenly by rapid changes of surface temperature in a climate such as ours—particularly such as it has been lately."

Finds Nugget In Craw.

Beaver Falls, Pa.—While Mrs. Fred S. Brown, wife of the secretary of Conway borough, was cleaning a chicken here the other day, she found a gold nugget in its craw. Its value is estimated at ten dollars. Many persons went to the lot where the chicken was reared and excitement runs as high as if oil had been found.

BIG FAMILY ON $1.35 A DAY

Tale of Comfort and Thrift Is Unfolded in Pittsburg Court by an Officer.

Pittsburg.—A tale of comfort and thrift contrary to the usual ones of distress and woe was unfolded in the juvenile court the other day by Miss Nannie Oppenheimer, a probation officer, to the astonishment of the court and spectators. A family of twelve is supported on an income of $1.35 a day, but how it was done has not yet been disclosed. Miss Oppenheimer unfolded the tale when she requested Judge Cohen to allow Antonio Elf, aged 10, to go home. He was arrested for being in the streets late at night.

"He has a splendid home, your Honor," said Miss Oppenheimer. "His mother, here," nodding toward the woman who stood by the lad's side, "is a splendid housekeeper, and they have ten bright children, of whom the oldest is a girl aged 13. All of school age attend school regularly, and there is no cause for complaint. Tony's arrest was accidental, and I'm sure the offense will not be repeated."

"You have investigated the home conditions thoroughly?" asked Judge Cohen.

"Yes, and it's one of the best homes I ever have entered."

"What work does the father do?"

"He's a laborer."

"How much does he earn?"

"One dollar and thirty-five cents a day."

A murmur of surprise was heard in the courtroom, and without further ado the boy was allowed to go home with his mother.

"I don't know how they do it," said Miss Oppenheimer later, "but they are very nice people and better home conditions could not be asked for. Everything is neat and orderly and there is no lack of wholesome food for the entire family. That man is a credit to any community."

Find Two Rare Coins.

Carlisle, Pa.—Two rare United States silver dollars of the 1804 issue have turned up here. Although more than 19,000 of the coins were minted, nearly all were sent to the Mediterranean to pay off the American sailors in those waters. The ship was lost at sea. As far as coin experts know, there are only four more in existence. The last one sold brought more than $3,000.

"Made in America" Now.

Rome.—America's industrial invasion of Italy is on the increase, and the craze for American goods has alarmed the German exporters who, up to date, have had almost no competitors in the Italian market. The old signs "made in Germany" are disappearing, and in their stead the "made in America" appears now in nearly every shop window.

Different Standpoints.

We judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing, while others judge us by what we have already done.

LORIMER CASE, PRO AND CON

BURROWS DEFENDS AND BORAH CONDEMNS.

More Money Wanted to Continue Work of Raising the Maine.

Washington, Jan. 19.—After almost a week's cessation, the senate resumed consideration of the case of Senator Lorimer. There were two speeches, one by Senator Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, in support of the Illinois senator, and the other by Senator Borah, of Idaho, in opposition.

Mr. Burrows strongly commended the course of Mr. Lorimer in demanding an investigation. Mr. Borah declared that corruption had characterized the proceedings ever since Lorimer had decided to become a candidate for the senate.

The speeches resembled each other in the fact that both denounced the conduct of Representative White, whose statement in a Chicago newspaper led to the investigation; but, while Senator Borah contended for the probable truthfulness of his revelations as indicated by supporting circumstances, the Michigan senator found nothing to sustain him or give credence to his exposition.

The Burrows speech is the first that has been made in Lorimer's behalf.

The house of representatives adopted an amendment to the Moon bill, for the codifying of the laws relating to the judiciary, which will have the effect of stopping the practice of corporations doing an interstate business from taking practically all suits against them out of the hands of state courts and placing them in the federal courts.

The amendment in full is as follows: "Provided further, that no suit against a corporation or joint stock company brought in a state court of the state IN WHICH THE PLAINTIFF RESIDES or in which the cause of action arises, or in which the defendant has its place of business, or carries on its business, shall be removed to any United States court on the ground of diverse citizenship."

The house also adopted an amendment offered by Representative Thomas, of Kentucky, fixing $5,000 instead of $2,000 as the minimum value that shall be involved in civil suits before the United States courts shall have original jurisdiction. This action was taken, it was stated, to relieve the federal courts from such litigation which might just as well be carried on in the state courts.

The value in suits to be removed from state courts to federal courts also was raised from $2,000 to $5,000.

Requesting that congress provide additional funds for continuing the work of raising the ill-fated battleship Maine in Havana harbor, Secretary of War Dickinson has written a letter to Senator Hale, chairman of the senate appropriations committee, calling attention to the fact that the appropriation of $300,000, made at the last session of congress, will be exhausted in about six weeks.

The secretary suggests that the task be prosecuted from now on until the convening of congress next December under the indefinite appropriation act of March 3, 1899, which authorizes the removal of wrecks which form obstructions to navigation.

The secretary invites congress to indicate what shall be done with the wreck when raised. The mainmast, it already has been decided, shall be placed in the Arlington National cemetery.

Temporary Jurymen Chosen.

Marshfield, Mo., Jan. 19.—Examination of witnesses in the Ketchel murder case has begun. Forty temporary jurymen were obtained the first day and from this list the 12 men who will try the defendants, Walter A. Dipley and Goldie Smith, will be chosen.

Iowa "U" President Resigns.

Iowa City, Jan. 19.—President Geo. MacLean, of the Iowa State University has tendered his resignation to the state board of educational control. It is reported that Mr. MacLean has been given a position on the Carnegie endowment fund board.

Old Opera Singer Dead.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Signor Arturo Marescalchi, who a score of years ago was among the best known baritones of the grand opera stage, died at his home here after a brief illness.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Wheat, May, $1.07⅞; July, $1.08½; No. 1 northern, $1.08½; No. 2 northern, $1.05¾; No. 1 durum, 93c; No. 3 corn, 44c; No. 3 white oats, 31½c; barley, 90c; No. 2 rye, 81c; No. 1 flax, $2.68.

Duluth, Jan. 19.—Wheat, May, $1.09¾; July, $1.10⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.08¾.

South St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@6.00; cows, $3.25@4.40; calves, $6.00@7.50; hogs, $7.70@7.90; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Market steady; beeves, $4.80@7; western steers, $4.00@6; stockers and feeders, $3.85@5.90; cows and heifers, $5.60@6.40; calves, $7.50@9.50.

Hogs—Market strong to 5c higher; light, $7.85@8.10; mixed, $7.85@8.10; heavy, $7.80@8.07½; rough, $7.80@7.90; good to choice heavy, $7.90@8.07½; pigs, $7.70@8.20.

Sheep—Market steady to 10c higher; native, $2.60@4.65; western, $2.75@4.65; yearlings, $4.70@5.90; lambs, native, $4.75@6.60.

"Papa," said five-year-old Johnny, "please give me a dime to buy a toy monkey."

"You don't need a toy monkey," answered his father. "You are a monkey yourself."

"Well," continued the little fellow, "then give me a dime to buy peanuts for the monkey."

A college education is the beginning of many a brilliant success—and failure.

"Shake well after using," is a motto some men might adopt in dealing with their friends.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1911. NUMBER 29.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

The senate will probably follow the house in passing the Sulloway pension bill instead of the National Tribune measure.

The house on the 17th made progress in the consideration of the important appropriation bills. The army bill was concluded and passed late in the afternoon. The postoffice appropriation bill, carrying a total expenditure of $253,047,868 also was taken up.

The government has won another step in its prosecution of the so-called bathtub trust, the United States circuit court having decided that the civil proceedings for the dissolution of the alleged combination and the criminal proceedings against its indicted members may go on simultaneously.

The house of representatives adopted an amendment to the Moon bill codifying laws relating to the judiciary, which will stop the practice of corporations doing an interstate business from taking practically all suits against them out of the hands of the state courts and placing them in the federal courts.

The department of justice let it be known that District Attorney Beattie's resignation had been requested because of friction which has arisen over the New Orleans clearing house cases. Attorney General Wickersham denied himself to interviewers on the subject, but it was said officially that such a controversy caused the rupture.

A knotty point of American bankruptcy law was settled when the federal supreme court held that a secured creditor is not entitled to apply the proceeds from the sale of his security first to interest on his principal accrued since the filing of the petition in bankruptcy and then to the principal and to prove a claim in a bankruptcy for the balance of the principal.

General.

The Dexter, Me., Savings bank was closed by order of the state bank examiner.

A current report that the pope has experienced a serious attack of gout was denied.

The legislature of North Dakota elected Porter J. McCumber and Asle J. Gronna United States Senators.

Ecuador has declined to send the dispute over the Peru-Ecuador boundary to The Hague court for arbitration.

A bill providing for the physical valuation of railroads was introduced in the lower house of the Kansas legislature.

Henry Cabot Lodge won the hardest fight in his political career in nearly 30 years and returns to the United States senate for a fourth term.

King Gustave opened the riksdag. He said the proposed expenditures for the army and navy was 6,000,000 crowns greater than for the preceding year.

Commander Retzman, naval attache of the German embassy, expressed to Secretary of the Navy Myer the sympathy and condolence of the German navy in connection with the accident to the battleship Delaware.

Coonel Enoch M. Crowder of Missouri has been appointed judge advocate general of the army. He succeeds Brigadier General G. B. Davis, who will retire on account of age February 14, with the rank of major general.

A draconian censorship is being imposed at Odessa with regard to news of demonstrations by students. The only information about shooting having occurred at the university has come through official sources. One student has died.

That a wholesale retirement from the railway mail service by the railway mail clerks of St. Paul and Minneapolis is probable is indicated in a series of resolutions adopted by the railway mail clerks' association of the twin cities.

The Cahill Iron Works at Chattanooga, Tenn., a defendant in the government's prosecution of the so-called bath-tub trust has changed its answer to the government's civil suit and has entered what in a criminal action would amount to a plea of guilty.

There was a breezy denial in the house of the country's military unpreparedness.

A bill debated in the house is intended to prevent corporations transferring suits from state to federal court.

Refined sugar was reduced 5 cents per hundred pounds on coarse, granulated and confectioners' A, and 10 cents on all other grades.

The national assembly of Panama called in extraordinary session to deal with the financial situation, voted $100,000 in gold in aid of the projected Panama world's fair in 1915.

Opposition has developed to the confirmation of Walter I. Smith as judge of the Eighth federal circuit.

George Dunn, the Burlington special agent of Lincoln, is under arrest in Denver, charged with killing Mrs. Brandt of that place.

Senator Elkins left an estate valued at $20,000,000.

Lawyers have pronounced the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy to be void.

Virginia wants the supreme court to shift part of her staggering state debt on West Virginia.

Governor Colquitt of Texas says the question of prohibition should be submitted to the people.

There is a movement among house deomcrats to frame a new code of rules for the next congress.

Paul Morton, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, died suddenly at New York.

At a democratic house caucus Champ Clark was made the nominee for speaker by acclamation.

Senator Fletcher in an address declared Secretary Ballinger an unfit man to remain in the cabinet.

Andrew Carnegie is giving ten millions more as an endowment to the Carnegie institution at Washington.

The Michigan house and senate, voting separately, chose Charles E. Townsend to succeed Senator Burrows.

Senator Hitchcock, in a speech before the Nebraska legislature, was optimistic with regard to the progressive work of lawmakers past and future.

At Aberdeen, S. D., the division headquarters, local freight houses and passenger station of the Milwaukee railroad, were burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

At Danville, Ill., J. S. Mead, an ambulance driver, and Robert Shult, a veteran of the soldiers' home, were shot and instantly killed by Howard Tucker, another veteran.

At Los Angeles, Howard Wilcox, driving a National, broke the American five-mile competition speedway record at the motordome. His time was 3 minutes 21 seconds.

With a greater number of delegates in attendance than ever before, the United States Civil Service Retirement association convened in Washington in annual convention.

Oscar Johnson, a farmer living near the Pierce county (Nebr.) line, attacked his wife with a butcher knife, and after killing her he committed suicide with the same weapon.

The Panama national assembly, called in extraordinary session to deal with the financial situation, voted $100,000 in gold in aid of the projected Panama world's fair in 1915.

What is declared to be the most nearly perfect counterfeit bill that has been made in 15 years came to Chief Wilkie in the secret service, from Wichita, Kans. It is a $10 bill.

The naval affairs committee of the house which is to vote on the matter soon, will probably provide for the two battleships and two colliers and all of the program of Secretary Meyer.

During last year forty-nine men were sent to the penitentiary and 566 to jail for selling liquor to Indians. The facts are stated in a report by Special Officer William E. Johnson.

Millions of spindles in cotton mills will be idle one-quarter of the time from now on until markets improve if a recommendation made by the Arkwright club in Boston is generally accepted.

Senator Nelson W. Aldrich's long-awaited "plan for the revision of the national banking legislation," as he calls it, was submitted to the national monetary commission at a meeting called for the purpose.

The petition for a rehearing of the judgment and order sentencing Abraham Ruef to San Quentin for fourteen years on a charge of bribery of the Ruef-Schmidt board of supervisors was granted by the California supreme court.

Caution in the extension of federal control over the issuance of securities by railroads was urged by Marvin Hughitt, chairman of the board of directors of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad in the hearing of the securities commission.

Nearly half the members of the senate judiciary committee are said to have taken positions against the confirmation of Judge William H. Hunt, now serving as a member of the court of customs appeals, and promoted to a circuit judgeship.

Lord and Lady Tweedmouth, who have been interesting guests in New York, are now at Colorado Beach, Cal., where they are enjoying the balmy breezes of the Pacific and playing polo. Later they expect to visit Texas and see the cowboys on the great ranches.

The first death in Pecking since the outbreak of the present epidemic of bubonic plague, occurred in a missionary hospital. There have been earlier reports that the disease had entered the capital, but not until the present had a fatality been directly due to the plague.

Personal.

The senatorial deadlock in Iowa continues with no practical change.

Paul Morton's remains will eventually be brought to Nebraska for burial.

Habaeus corpus writ has been denied Porter Charlton, the wife murderer.

President Taft is said to be growing anxious about lgeislation.

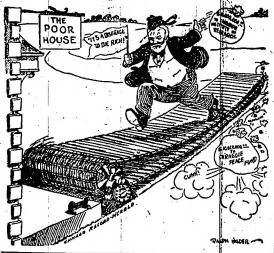
George Dix, of New York, told Sheehan that he would keep his hands of the senatorial fight.

It is reported that King George and Queen Mary will make a brief visit to Ireland, probably in July or August.

Gov. Aldrich sent a special message to the Nebraska legislature asking an appropriation for the pure food department.

Chairman Huppuch of the New York state democratic central committee has lined up for Sheehan in the senatorship fight.

CARNEGIE MAY YET ACHIEVE HIS AMBITION


THE POOR HOUSE
"IT'S A DISGRACE TO DIE RICH!"
TO CARNEGIE INSTITUTE OF RESEARCH
$10,000,000 TO CARNEGIE PEACE FUND
CLUNK!
CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD
RALPH WILDER

BRIBERY FAILED IN SHIP SUBSIDY

ATTEMPT MADE TO INFLUENCE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE, OF NEW YORK.

$100,000 OFFERED FOR ARTICLE

Also Avers Spanish Government Tried the Same Tactics.—Indian Appropriation Bill Passed.

Washington, Jan. 26. — Charges of several attempts to buy the editorial support of the New York Journal of Commerce in favor of ship subsidy legislation, were made to the house ship subsidy investigating committee by Alfred W. Dodsworth, business manager of that paper.

Earlier in the day, Paul G. Fournier, representing the Uranium Steamship line, told how the railroads, notably the Central Passenger association at Chicago; had refused to sell tickets over the independent lines without sanction of the London conference

As the result of the evidence, Mr. Dodsworth's brother, John W. Dodsworth, editor of the Journal of Commerce, will be recalled to Washington to testify further. The federal authorities may take note of evidence as to railroads discriminating against the independent steamship lines.

Alfred W. Dodsworth testified that about six years ago an unknown man came into his office and offered to pay the Journal of Commerce $100,000 for the insertion of an article in one issue supporting ship subsidy legislation. This man refused to disclose his identity unless his proposition was accepted. His proposition was to give a certified check for $10,000 to bind the agreement and to pay the balance of $90,000 upon publication of the article.

Mr. Dodsworth said that about thirty years ago his father was sitting in his office of the same publication and John Roach, the ship builder, who was active for a ship subsidy bill, entered the office, laid down a blank check and asked the elder Dodsworth to fill it out and stop writing against ship subsidy.

Another man, about two years ago, Dodsworth said, tried to buy the support of the paper for $40,000, and during the Spanish-American war the Spanish government tried to buy the paper's influence.

Representative Hawley of Oregon asked how much money was proposed in the alleged Spanish offer and the witness said he did not know. His father was then managing editor.

Mr. Dodsworth said he could not undertake to name the persons who made the $100,000 offer, but he believed it came from ship subsidy interests, and when pressed mentioned the Cramps and the Roaches as coming under that head.

Army Examining Board.

Announcement was made at the war department of the appointment of a board to conduct examinations of applicants for appointment as first lieutenant in the medical reserve corps. The board to sit at Fort Snelling consists of Major Paul C. Hutton, First Lieutenant Albert H. Bowen, First Lieutenant Harry B. Etter; at Fort Meade, S. D., Major Benjamin J. Edger, Capt. Omar W. Pinkston.

The Indian appropriation bill was passed. During its discussion former Senator Marion Butler of North Carolina was denounced by Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas for connection with a claim of $1,500,000 for attorney's fees.

MIDDLE WEST IS STORM BOUND.

Fog and Sleet Cause Trouble Over Wide Area.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Sleet and a heavy fog, which in many places turned to rain, caused trouble for railroads, telegraph and telephone companies in the lake region and the middle west. The storm extended as far north as Minneapolis, west to Lincoln, Neb., and Kansas City, Mo., south to St. Louis and east to Indianapolis. The sleet storm is expected to turn to rain in the lake region.

MISS DE JANON IN LIMELIGHT

LICENSE ISSUED FOR HER MARRIAGE IN LOS ANGELES.

But No Minister or Official Can be Found Who Performed Ceremony.

Los Angeles, Jan. 26.—A well-dressed, handsome young man, who gave his name as Stephen Glaser, his residence as New York and his age as 24, secured a license to marry Roberta Buist de Janon, of Philadelphia, aged 18. The young man seemed in a tremendous hurry and declined to answer a casual question asked by Chief Clerk Watson of the marriage license office.

Not until the marriage licenses were published yesterday did it become known that the bride-to-be was the young girl who eloped last year from Philadelphia to Chicago with Frederick Cohen, a waiter old enough to be her grandfather. As soon as Glaser received the necessary paper he fled and dropped completely from sight. Neither he nor the girl are registered at any of the Los Angeles hotels, and no one authorized to perform the marriage ceremony can be found who has tied the knot. Miss De Janon has friends here, but, so far as can be learned, none of them has seen her since she left here last month on receipt of the news of the death of her millionaire uncle, Buist, the seed man, in Philadelphia.

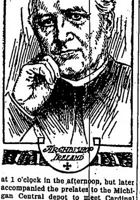
Miss De Janon was here for several months last summer, following her release from a Philadelphia hospital, where illness brought on by her sensational flight with Cohen had compelled her to go. The identity of Glaser is unknown here. He is a well-built, handsome young man of excellent taste in dress and has the virtue of not talking too much. He was alone when he asked for the license.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND IS SICK.

Has to Go to Bed on Arriving in Ann Arbor—Condition Not Serious.

Ann Arbor, Jan. 26.—Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul was taken ill shortly after his arrival in Ann Arbor to participate in the consecration of Father Edward D. Kelley, pastor of the Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, as auxiliary to the bishop of Detroit.

The archbishop complained of fatigue when he arrived at Ann Arbor at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, but later accompanied the prelates to the Michigan Central depot to meet Cardinal Gibbons and Bishop Foley of Detroit. Upon his return to the rectory Archbishop Ireland grew worse and went to bed.



It was stated at the rectory that the illness is not serious.

WANT THE LAND OFFICE.

South Dakota Boosters Appear At Washington.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Commercial bodies in the towns of Isabel, Mobridge, Timberlake and McIntosh, S. D., appeared before Commissioner Dennett of the general land office to urge their respective towns for the location of the land office, which shortly will be transferred from Aberdeen. Announcement of a selection is expected to be made in about a week.

DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS SHOT

NOTED AMERICAN AUTHOR IS SERIOUSLY WOUNDED BY STRANGER ON STREET.

HIS ASSAILANT COMMITS SUICIDE

Police Believe Dead Man to be Fitzhugh Goldsborough, a Violin Teacher—Six Shots Take Effect.

New York, Jan. 24.—David Graham Phillips, the author, was shot while on his way from his home to the Princeton club, by a man believed to be Fitzhugh C. Goldsborough, a violin teacher. Mr. Phillips was taken to Bellevue hospital, where his condition was pronounced serious but not critical. His assailant committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.

The shooting occurred in front of the club. Six shots were fired at Phillips by his assailant, who then used the last bullet in his revolver to kill himself. Newton James and Frank Davis, graduates of Princeton in the class of 1907, were just coming out of the club when the shooting took place.

Taken to Bellevue.

Davis and James carried the wounded man into the clubhouse. There was no serious attempt to question him. Later he was taken to the Bellevue hospital, where he is resting comfortably, although his condition is serious.

A great crowd assembled on Twenty-first street in the vicinity of the shooting, where the body of the assassin remained where it fell until the cornorer's office had taken action. From an envelop discovered in the pocket of the man the police believe him to be Fitzhugh C. Goldsborough, a violin teacher, 35 years of age. A school of socialism is a tenant of this building, and the secretary of the school, Algeruch Lee, told the police that Goldsborough had lived at that address since November, and that, although he knew little about him, he believed that he came here from Washington.

At the hospital an examination developed that all six shots had taken effect in Phillips' body, one just above the heart, three through the stomach and two in the leg. Physicians stated at 4 p. m. that there was no indication of an immediate crisis in Phillips' condition. The surgeons were then in consultation about him.

Club Owns Stanford White House.

The Princeton club, in front of which Phillips was shot, occupies the old Stanford White house at the corner of Lexington avenue, which was formerly owned by the architect who was murdered by Harry K. Thaw on the roof of Madison Square Garden. The Princeton club bought the building about two years ago.

David Graham Phillips has been one of the best known contributors to contemporaneous magazines. He is a native of Indiana, having been born at Madison, in that state, in 1867, the son of David G. Phillips and Margaret Lee Phillips. He took his Bachelor of Arts degree at Princeton university in 1887.

He is unmarried and has been a resident of New York city. He is listed as a member of the Princeton, Manhattan and National Arts club.

Among his published books, which have had a wide vogue in America and abroad, are "The Great God Success," "Her Serene Highness," "A Woman Ventures," "Golden Fleece," "A Master Rogue," "The Cost," "The Plum Tree," "The Social Secretary," "The Deluge," "The Reign of Guilt," "The Fortune Hunter," "The Second Generation," "Light-Fingered Gentry," "Old Wives for New," "The Fashionable Adventures of Joshua Craig" and "The Hungry Heart."

Motive of His Assailant Is Still Shrouded in Deepest Mystery.

New York, Jan. 25.—David Graham Phillips died in Bellevue hospital a victim of Fitzhugh Coyle Goldborough, an eccentric and emotional musician, who shot the novelist down for a fancied grudge, then killed himself. Phillips fought valiantly to live, but six bullet wounds were too much even for his tenacity. He was conscious up to within a quarter of an hour of his death.

Miss Francis Goldsborough arrived from Washington, and with her cousin, John Farr, took charge of her brother's body, in an undertaking establishment. The body was sent to Washington at midnight. Miss Goldsborough declined to discuss the tragedy, but said that her family would make public a statement within the next few days.

The assailant's real motive is as much a mystery as ever, although the theory generally accepted here is that he pictured himself and family as depicted unfavorably in one of the author's novels.

About the time of Phillip's death the district attorney's office gave out exerpts from Goldsborough's diary, found on the sidewalk near his rooms. The statements were rambling, with numerous allusions to Phillip's writings.

ROOSEVELT ON WESTERN TOUR

WILL START MARCH 8 AND HAS 15 ENGAGEMENTS.

Tenor of His Speeches Not Yet Known—Several Visits Are Scheduled.

New York, Jan. 26. — Theodore Roosevelt's next tour will begin here March 8 and will sweep around the boundaries of the country, through the South Atlantic and Gulf states, the new Southwest, up the Pacific coast to Idaho and Montana and thence direct home. Colonel Roosevelt has accepted 15 engagements to speak and probably will make more. The subject matter of his speeches has not been made public.

The last part of his itinerary is as follows:

March 21—Los Angeles, Cal.; speaks at the invitation of Governor Hiram Johnson, and at Pasadena, nearby, before the Throop Polytechnic institute.

March 22—San Francisco; remains about ten days and will deliver the Earl lectures, six in number, before the University of California.

Leaving San Francisco, Colonel Roosevelt probably will visit friends in Nevada for an indeterminate period, after which he will visit Portland, Ore., Seattle, and Spokane. No speeches there are yet announced, nor is the length of his stay in these cities known. At the conclusion of his visit he probably will go to some point in northern Idaho, not named, thence to Sand Point, Mont., and thence home.

MRS. SCHENK IN JURY'S HANDS.

Woman Collapses Completely During Final Scenes of Trial.

Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 26.—After wrestling more than four hours with the evidence in the case of Mrs. Laura Farnsworth Schenk, charged with poisoning her husband, John O. Schenk, the jury was unable to reach an agreement and at 10 o'clock Judge Jordon ordered the members sent to their hotel, to be locked up for the night. Predictions of disagreement are general, though some believe a verdict will be reached.

After the jury had been excused for the night, a large crowd packed the street and sidewalks near the courthouse. A squad of police and all the available deputy sheriffs had to be called upon to clear the streets before the jury was taken out of the courthouse.

Hundreds led the way of the jurors to their hotel, while many more flanked the line of deputies at either side of the jurors. Many women were in the crowd.

Just five minutes after Prosecutor Handlan finished his argument and as the jury was retiring, Mrs. Schenk collapsed and was assisted from the courtroom between her attorney, J. J. P. O'Brien, and Deputy Sheriff Thomas Kelley. Her face was swollen and distorted almost beyond recognition by a day of constant sobbing.

Defendant Collapses.

Mrs. Schenk gave way before the rain of bitter invective from Prosecutor Handlan. The accused woman fell heavily forward on the table early in his address. Shaken by her sobs, she presented a pitiable spectable:

Mr. Handlan asked the jury to show no mercy to a woman who deliberately had violated her marriage vows and had then plotted to kill by poison the husband who had lavished upon her automobiles, costly clothing and jewels.

"Her heart is flint," he shouted. "Incapable of sympathy, or love or affection, gentlemen, you know this woman is guilty as hell itself, and there is but one place for her.

"One of the most horrible things it has ever been my lot to come in contact with was when this woman offered another $1,000 to do her vile work for her—when coldly, calmly, fiendishly she asked the woman whom she would have made a tool to place the poisoned medicine beside her husband's bedside that he might reach out in the dim light of the sick room in the night and swallow it himself."

Death for Burglary.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 26. — The lower branch of the legislature passed a bill making burglary of a residence at night a capital offense.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 26.—Wheat, May, $1.04⅞; July, $1.05⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.05⅞; No. 2 northern, $1.03⅞; No. 1 durum, 90c; No. 3 corn, 44c; No. 3 white oats, 32c; barley, 90c; No. 2 rye, 80c; No. 1 flax, $2.67.

Duluth, Jan. 26. — Wheat, May, $1.06⅝; July, $1.07⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.06¼.

South St. Paul, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Steers, $4.00@4.65; cows, $3.65@4.00; calves, $3.75@7.75; hogs, $7.50@7.75; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Market steady to shade lower; beeves, $4.75@7.00; western steers, $4.50@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.10; calves, $7.25@9.25.

Hogs—Market 5@10c lower; light, $7.60@7.85; mixed, $7.60@7.85; heavy, $7.55@7.80; rough, $7.55@7.65; good to choice heavy, $7.65@7.80; pigs, $7.40@8.00.

Sheep—Market steady; native, $2.50@4.40; western, $2.70@4.85; yearlings, $4.50@5.60; lambs, native, $4.25@6.25.

CAUSE OF PHILLIPS ASSASSINATION

COURTLY IDEAS ABOUT WOMAN MAY HAVE TRANSFORMED MAN INTO MURDERER.

WRONGED CHARACTERS IN NOVEL

Relatives of Phillips' Slayer Explain Act—Say "Mistreatment" of Fair Characters in Fiction Unbalanced Mind.

New York, Jan. 26.—David Graham Phillips' funeral will be a public one. So many friends and admirers of his works have been stirred by his assassination that the plans for a private funeral were abandoned. The services will be held Friday afternoon at St. George's Episcopal church, near the scene of the attack against Phillips by Fitzhugh C. Goldsborough, which resulted in the author's death. Archdeacon Nelson, assistant to Bishop Greer of the New York diocese, will officiate.

The pallbearers will be United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, a former roommate of Phillips at De Pauw university, who came on from Washington to take charge of the funeral; Robert W. Chambers, Joseph H. Sears, George Horace Lorimer, editor of the Saturday Evening Post; Arthur W. Little, editor of Pearson's Magazine; Samuel G. Blythe, John O'Hara Cosgrave and Otto Carmichael.

After the funeral the body will be removed to a receiving vault in the marble cemetery, this city, and will remain there until taken to Phillips' former home in Indiana.

The body of Fitzhugh Coyle Goldsborough, the poet-musician who killed David Graham Phillips, was borne to the railway station in Jersey City as the novelist was breathing his last. The assassin's body was buried in Washington.

What is regarded as an explanation for his crime is found in extracts from his dairy made public by the district attorney and a statement made by Goldsborough's [illegible] Far, of this city.

"Fitzhugh was most courtly in his ideas about women, and we are of the opinion he became incensed with Mr. Phillips because of his treatment of some of his women and girl characters in his books. We think he brooded over this until he began to look upon Mr. Phillips as an enemy, and decided to kill him. We can explain his mad action in no other way."

As the final moment approached, the author realized death was at hand.

"I could fight two wounds but not six. I fear that the odds are too great against me," were his last words, whispered to Dr. Eugene Fuller.

About the time of Phillips' death the district attorney's office gave out excerpts from Goldborough's diary, found on the sidewalk near his rooms. The statements were rambling, with numerous illusions to Phillips' writings.

Sequel to the Phillips Shooting.

Pittsburg, Jan. 26.—As a sequel to the killing of David Graham Phillips, Miss Julia Kovar, supposed fiancee of Ritzhugh C. Goldsborough, the former member of the disbanded Pittsburg orchestra, who shot the novelist, has disappeared from her home. She is 23 years old.

SONS OF HERMAN MEET.

St. Cloud Selected for Next Convention.

Duluth, Jan. 26.—The Grand Lodge of the Sons of Herman of Minnesota, selected St. Cloud for the next annual meeting. Officers elected: President, Louis F. Schultz, St. Paul; vice president, Anker Carl, Minneapolis; secretary, C. Harpke, St. Paul; treasurer, Frank Noethen, Minneapolis; trustee, E. Frey, St. Paul; directors, L. Lellman, Minneapolis, and F. Zeigler, Stillwater.

Bandits Raid Street Car.

Los Angeles, Jan. 26.—Yelling like Indian warriors and firing promiscuously from pistols in both hands, two masked bandits boarded an inbound beach suburban car on the outskirts of Santa Monica. After robbing 22 passengers and seriously wounding one of them, the bandits fled before a single shot. This shot wounded one of the robbers. He was captured when he attempted to board a car to come into the city for medical treatment. His wounded cheek betrayed him.

Winds Prevent Flight to Cuba.

Key West, Jan. 26.—Because of the high winds Aviator J. A. D. McCurdy postponed his flight to Havana.

Woman Suffrage Bill Defeated.

Sacramento, Jan. 26.—A bill submitting the question of woman suffrage to a vote of the women in the state was defeated in the senate. It was strongly opposed by representatives of the equal suffrage movement.

250 Girl Workers in Panic.

Philadelphia, Jan. 26.—In an explosion of an ammonia tank in the Locust laundry here one woman was killed, fifteen to twenty girls were slightly injured and 250 other employees were thrown in a panic.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ROOSEVELT VIEWS TROPHIES of HUNT

By EDWARD B. CLARK

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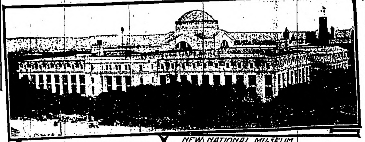
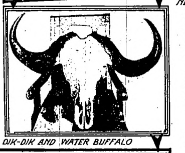
WARTHOG



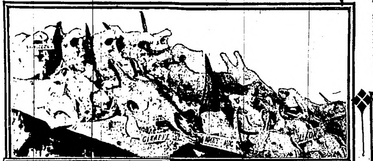
NEW NATIONAL MUSEUM

IT HAS been told before this how the African treasures of the National Museum in Washington brought out of the dark continent by Theodore Roosevelt, Edmond Heller, Dr. Edgar A. Mearns and J. Alden Loring, are stored away in great chests and on shelves in byrooms of the museum building, and how the specimens of big game will not be mounted for general inspection until many months have passed. The treasures are all in the big building, however, and if one has interest and patience one of the scientists will draw them forth from their recesses and give him a chance to study and to admire.

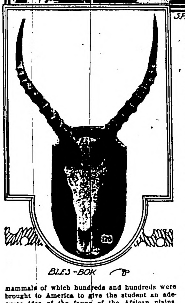
It was my good luck not long ago to be invited by Theodore Roosevelt to go through the National Museum with him on a tour of examination of the pelts of the big mammals, and the skins of the many colored birds and of the small mammals of which hundreds and hundreds were brought to America to give the student an adequate idea of the fauna of the African plains, mountains, valley and forests.



DIK-DIK AND WATER BUFFALO



SPECIMENS FROM THE ROOSEVELT HUNT



BLES-BOK

It was Colonel Roosevelt's first glimpse of the African quarry since he saw it living in its native wilds. It was his desire to know how perfectly the specimens had been prepared and what deterioration, if any, the climatic conditions before shipment and after arrival had caused.

Accompanying Mr. Roosevelt in his trip through the museum were Dr. C. Hart Merriam, now the head of the Harriman Zoological Foundation and former chief of the United States Biological Survey; Mr. Edmund Heller, who accompanied Mr. Roosevelt to Africa and who prepared most of the big game specimens for shipment; Edgar A. Mearns, the ornithologist, who accompanied the expedition and collected most of the birds; Louis Agassiz Fuertes, the mammal and bird painter; John Snure, and myself. We had the huge rooms in which the Roosevelt collections are stored all to ourselves. Colonel Roosevelt spoke freely about his trip and told many anecdotes in connection therewith which do not appear in his book and which he did not tell in his lecture before the National Geographic Society.

It is hard to describe adequately the enthusiasm of the Oyster Bay hunter over the natural history treasures which his expedition had secured for the National Museum and which, much to the Colonel's delight, had arrived in splendid condition, due largely to the hard, driving, painstaking work of Edmond Heller and J. Alden Loring and Dr. Mearns in preparing the specimens under the heat of an African sun and with only natives to help them in their delicate and difficult task.

The first visit of the colonel was paid to the part of the museum where the elephant, the rhinoceros and the hippopotamus hides in their crude form are stowed away awaiting the day when they will be mounted and made to appear in natural form in the great exhibition hall. The colonel stopped before the skin of one gigantic elephant. The hide had been placed on a huge table which it covered completely while the "overflow" went to the floor and stretched out for some distance in every direction. "This," said Mr. Roosevelt, "is an elephant which I had the hardest kind of work to shoot. I labored for hours under the blistering sun to get within certain killing range, for the specimen was a fine one and I wanted to be sure that I could add it to the museum's collection. Finally I got a shot and down went the monster. I turned with a shout of rejoicing to Heller, who was near me. Heller went over and examined the elephant and then turned to me with a grave face and said, 'Colonel this elephant died of apoplexy. You missed him a mile.' Heller keeps on telling that story and I am willing, for he gets lots of fun out of it. All I have to say is if the elephant dropped dead of apoplexy at the instant I fired it was the most considerate elephant that ever roamed Africa."

In the African fields there are thirty or forty species of antelopes, one, the giant eland, is bigger than an ox, and it inhabits a fever stricken territory in which only a few hunters and those of the hardiest kind will venture. The colonel is exceedingly proud of the giant elands which he secured and which are now in possession of the museum and in perfect condition for eventual mounting for show purposes.

One of the antelopes which the expedition secured has a remarkable hide. Colonel Roosevelt spent a long time examining and admiring this specimen. The skin is iridescent and as you turn it at different angles to the light it sent forth colors of blue, green, red and purple. It has a watered silk effect, but perhaps no watered silk that woman ever wore held such a marvelous combination of hues.

Dr. C. Hart Merriam, who is now, as has been said, the head of the Harriman Zoological Foundation, was the first man to suggest to Theodore Roosevelt that after he retired from the presidency he ought to go to Africa to collect specimens for the National Museum. Credit for the suggestion was given Dr. Merriam by Mr. Roosevelt in his lecture before the National Geographic Society. It is probable that Dr. Merriam is the foremost authority in the United States on several branches of natural science. He is particularly interested in bears and it was by him that comparisons were made of bear skulls by which recently a separation of species was made where it was not known definitely that a difference existed.

It must have been fully a century ago that an English scientist hunter who had secured a specimen of the cane brake bear declared that it was a species distinct from the ordinary black bear of the eastern United States, the bear known to every dweller in the eastern region remote from the populous centers.

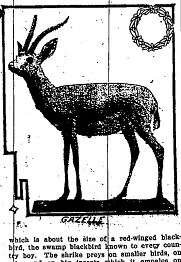
There was a dispute among scientists about the matter and it never definitely was settled, the general opinion remaining that the cane brake bear was simply the ordinary black bear of the Alleghenies, the Adirondacks and the woods of Michigan, Wisconsin and Maine. When Colonel Roosevelt killed his specimens of the cane brake bear he examined them and came to the conclusion that the Englishman who had separated it as a species was right. The colonel to put the matter to the test sent the skulls of the bears he had killed to Dr. Merriam, who put in a lot of painstaking study comparing them with the skulls of the ordinary black bear and it was found the Englishman who had contended for separate species was right. If it had not been for the Roosevelt study and his determination to submit the matter to the test science probably would still be holding to the belief that the eastern United States have only one species of the bruin tribe.

In the bear room of the museum Mr. Roosevelt saw the skulls of the species which he was instrumental in giving a separate place to and he saw the skulls of every bear known to the world. To the laymen present these skulls were nothing but skulls and originally they might have formed the head bones of any kind of an animal, but scientists can pick up a bone of any kind and not only tell what it came from, but from it can construct the entire naimal.

In the room set aside for the present as a storage place for the collection of African birds Colonel Roosevelt seemed to find special delight. One can exhaust all the color adjectives in the English language and yet hardly do justice to the hues and combination of hues of the plumage of the tropical birds which the expedition brought back from Africa. Dr. Edward A. Mearns, who is a surgeon of the United States army, but now on the retired list, did most of the collecting of feathered big game and small game. Dr. Mearns is one of the world's foremost ornithologists. While he was stationed with the troops in the far west he made a special study of the birds of the sections in which he happened to be, and on several occasions he was authorized by Uncle Sam to join scientific expeditions, organized to make investigations and collections in new territories.

It is well known that in a general way the more soberly clad birds are the best songsters. For instance, take the hermit thrush and the mocking bird of America. They are both dressed in homespun, but they have voices of the kind which people call "fortunes in themselves." There are some sober clad birds in the tropics and there as elsewhere they are the better singers.

In America we have a bird called the shrike, which is about the size of a red-winged blackbird, the swamp blackbird known to every country boy. The shrike preys on smaller birds, on mice and on big insects which it empales on thorns after making a meal, in the case of birds and mice, of the brains of the quarry. The shrike is dressed in soft grays and while rather a handsome bird it is by no means of brilliant attire.



GAZELLE

The African shrikes which Dr. Mearns collected and in which Theodore Roosevelt showed a marked interest on the day in which he went through the museum, are perhaps among the most brilliant colored birds of the world. They are not unlike the American scarlet tanager only the scarlet is of the kind that seems to burn the sight. Colonel Roosevelt has been having a little controversy with Scientist Abbott H. Thayer over the question of the protective coloration of birds and mammals. Mr. Thayer, in a general way, thinks that most animals have a coloration which protects them in a measure from discovery. It is known that this is perfectly true of some kinds of wild creatures, but Mr. Thayer thinks that even brilliantly plumaged birds are protected. Colonel Roosevelt on the day of his visit to the museum held up one of the shrikes in its scarlet attire and said ironically, "There's a fine example of protective coloration." Looking at the bird one might readily believe that against a background of green leaves it would be the first object in the landscape to attract attention.

There are storks in the African collection. I think that three species were included in the captures. Now it must be understood that when the expedition went into Africa it was agreed that there should be no killing beyond the actual needs of science except of course when it was necessary to kill game to supply the game table with food. The rule was that when a certain number of mammals or birds of each kind had been killed the shooting must stop and the number fixed was very small, although of course this regulation did not apply to destructive animals like the beasts of prey, mice and other crop destroying rodents.

The rule which Mr. Roosevelt insisted upon and in which the others readily acquiesced was lived up to the letter. When Dr. Mearns had secured a fixed number of storks he wanted to get one more because he thought there was some point which might be decided if he could add another stork to the collection. He told Colonel Roosevelt he was going to kill another stork. The colonel laughed and said, so it is reported: "Not on your life." Mr. Roosevelt's anti-race suicide pronouncement may account for his devotion to the interests of the stork.

When we were ready to leave the museum Dr. C. Hart Merriam, who has made a careful study of the collection brought back from Africa, turned to Colonel Roosevelt and said: "There can be no possibility of mistake in saying that the expedition which you led was the means of giving to the National Museum the finest and most valuable collection of African animals which exists in the whole world. Science has profited immensely as the result of your labors."

Grace of Clifford's Inn

Quaint Custom at Dinner Which Recalled Days When All Lawyers Were Connected With Church.

The purchase of Clifford's Inn as the headquarters of the Knights Bachelor recalls the quaint form of grace. After dinner, when the table cloths had been removed and before wine and dessert had been placed on the tables, a loaf made in the form of a cross of four small arms was handed to the senior member of the Kentish Mess who presided at the table. He then with a small hammer knocked once on the table, and every one, including the principal and the rules, then stood up. Then with his right hand he raised the loaf up above his head to the full extent of his arm and brought it down with a thump on the table. This he did three times and then slid it down the full length of the table to the vice-president, who arrested it in its career and handed it to a servant in attendance.

This ceremony was symbolical and of origin dating from the days when all lawyers were either actually ecclesiastics or at least connected in some way with the church. The knock was merely to attract attention and had no symbolic meaning. But the bread made in the form of a loaf with four small arms symbolized the bread of life centered on the four evangelists. The three blows upon the table were an invocation of the trinity. The bread being slid down the table symbolized that this bread of the gospel was spread over the world. Finally, the bread was removed to be given to the poor, reminding us of charity.—Law Times.

In Those Crude Times.

When Music, heavenly maid, was young,
While yet in simple lays she sung,
She howled not to a severed head
Nor wallowed in a catnip bed.

FARM AND BEES

KEEPING BEES ON ANY FARM

No More Intelligence and Skill Required in Culture Than in Poultry—Work Needed.

It requires no more intelligence and skill to raise bees than to keep poultry. It requires a certain amount of work and at the right time, yet this in no sense, equals the attention given poultry. But for some reason few farmers have bees. If it is lack of knowledge that keeps them from it then the excuse is easily overcome for there are many bee journals and books that would give the desired information. If it is a fear of bee stings, these may be prevented by certain appliances. Surely no one should be kept from the enjoyment of honey because of cost. The bees and the necessary equipment need not cost much. Perhaps some have been led to believe, through foolish newspaper reports, that bees are injurious to fruit. This is not so. Bees cannot break the skin of any fruit. Because they are seen sucking the juice of punctured grapes they have been falsely accused of doing the puncturing.

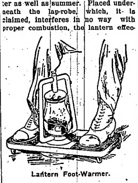
Honey is the purest and the least harmful of sweets. The farmer could just as well as not get a few hundred pounds for use on the pancakes. The honey crop is clear gain, for no flowers need necessarily be raised to pasture the bees. They aid in the fertilization of fruit trees and the smaller clovers.

Get a few hives of bees this spring and start in a modest way to gather a side line crop from the farm that has heretofore been going to waste.

LANTERN FOR FOOT-WARMER

Enterprising Canadian Has Placed on Market Unique Heating and Illuminating Device.

An enterprising Canadian concern has placed a unique combined heating and illuminating device on the market in the guise of a lantern foot-warmer, says Popular Mechanics. It is designed, of course, for use in rural communities, where considerable driving is necessary during winter as well as summer. Placed underneath the lap-robe, which, it is claimed, interferes in no way with proper combustion, the lantern effectively warms the feet and limbs, which means comfort all over. A copper ribbon passes over the burner, and this conserves the heat without affecting the radiation of light.



Lantern Foot-Warmer.

Should light at any time be required, the device is immediately available for such a purpose.

PROPER DRAINAGE ON FARM

Much of Laying Out and Excavation Can Be Done by Farmer With Little Expense.

(By WALTER B. LEUTZ.)

In hundreds of cases where drainage is desirable it is not necessary to employ an engineer to lay out the work, nor to use expensive systems of excavation. Much of this work can be done by the farmer himself after the exercise of a little thoughtfulness. After a heavy rain in summer—any time when there is standing water on the field—let the farmer go over his land and determine if the water, at its height, seeks a natural runway. It is easy to see where water would escape if a few places are leveled down to a point below the water above them. Place stakes at these high places, and as soon as the ground will permit of working, get busy with a team, plow and scraper and cut down these high places. When another rain comes see if the water flows off. If not, observe where the high places are and again go over them with team and scraper. Begin work at the lower end of the natural water course and work up towards the sloughs. There may be places where greater excavation may be required, and this can often be done with a spade at seasons of the year when there is a lull in other work. Open ditch work of this character for a few years will relieve many fields of wet and unproductive places now existing, and the farmer will scarcely realize the cost, while the expense of cultivating the entire field will be reduced and its productiveness increased.

Husking Bees.

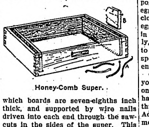
The Cleveland Plain Dealer notes the change that has come upon the husking bee within a decade or so. It used to take place in a dimly-lighted barn, and the discovery of a red ear conferred a traditional privilege of kissing the girl at one's side. Corn was really husked in large quantities, and the dance and cider and doughnuts were pastime and refreshment earned by toil. Now the farmyard is decorated with Japanese lanterns and people arrive in motor cars and stand about a pile of corn shocks which the farm hands have arranged to give "color" to the entertainment.

HONEY-COMB SUPER EXCELS

Several Prominent New Jersey Beekeepers Pronounce Device as Superior in Many Ways.

During the field meeting held at my place on June 29, several of the prominent beekeepers of the lower part of New Jersey pronounced my super a good thing, and, for my own part, in all my twenty years' experience I have never been able to remove honey from a super as rapidly as I can from this one, although I have tried almost every form of super brought out, writes Charles Howell in Gleanings in Bee Culture.

The advantages of this style of super are plainly shown by the illustration. It is a regular deep dovetailed super for 4x5 plain sections, using plain bottom slats 16 inches long, and fence separators, the same length, made to order, also one plain follower. The bottom slats are supported by tins nailed on the lower edge of each "compression board," which boards are seven-eighths inch thick, and supported by wire nails driven into each end through the saw-cuts in the sides of the super. This sliding supporting nail allows the boards to be forced up against the sections by means of the ordinary flat springs.



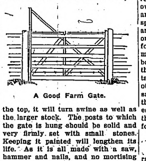
Honey-Comb Super.

Another good feature of this super is the bee-space all around the sections, which the bees use freely, especially when supers are tiered up. The super costs no more than any other.

GATE IS SIMPLE AND STRONG

Annoyance of Sagging and Getting Out of Plumb Is Avoided by Use of Common Barbed Wire.

The trouble with the ordinary gate is that it sags and gets out of plumb after a few months' service. The gate shown herewith is simple and strong. By nailing barbed wire between the lower lengths and smooth wires across the top, it will turn swine as well as the larger stock. The posts to which the gate is hung should be solid and very firmly set with small stones. Keeping it painted will lengthen its life. As it is all made with a saw, hammer and nails, and no mortising done, any handy man can quickly make it.



A Good Farm Gate.

Successful Bee Keeper.

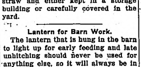
The successful bee keeper must also be skillful in handling bees and know fully the limitations of acquaintance with them. Mr. Croman is an expert in handling bees and not only does all of his own work, but furnishes hives and transfers bees for neighbors for many miles around. In transferring bees from a box or an old hive, he simply takes up the old hive or box containing the bees, opens the new hive and shakes them into it. The operation is simple for one who knows how. He states that a good swarm with a good queen will send out from three to six new swarms a season and that the first swarms are good and that the last ones are no good. It is best to suppress late swarming and turn the attention of the bees to storing surplus honey, which may be done by one who understands the business. The hives are protected in winter with cushions of chaff and straw and either kept in a storage building or carefully covered in the yard.

Lantern for Barn Work.

The lantern that is hung in the barn to light up for early feeding and late unhitching should never be used for anything else, so it will always be in place when needed.

A Profitable Cow.

It usually pays to keep a dairy cow that has a good appetite, eats heartily, and does not put fat on her back while giving milk.



FARM NOTES

For corn land, green or fresh manure is advisable.

Corn does best when sown on an overturned clover sod.

As the corn plant is rather tender, it is not wise to sow too early.

Soon be time for the ice harvest; don't overlook it again this year.

The right kind of a man can always make a living on a small tract of land.

A file may be kept from filling up with lead by applying a thin coat of oil before filing.

Cobwebs in the granary are good things. They entrap the moths which produce the weevils.

Don't spend a dollar for small ditches or tile on a marsh until an outlet is assured.

Drainage tiles should be evenly and well burnt, giving a clear, ringing note when clinked together.

A little sewing machine oil judiciously applied will put a stop to that prolonged squeaking of doors.

In lacing belts the pointed ends of the laces may be stiffened and made easier to insert by burning them.

There is a whole lot of comfort for both man and beast in a roll of tarred paper and a bunch of lath rightly applied.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT

FOUR RECIPES FOR CAKES AND COOKIES OF GERMANY.

Blitz Kuchen, Platzen, German Almond Cookies and Sirup Kuchlein Are Not Difficult to Make and All Will Enjoy them.

Blitz Kuchen.—Mix to a cream three cups fine sugar and one cupful butter. Add six eggs and three cupfuls of flour. Spread this batter on greased pans so thinly that you can almost see the bottom of the pans. Sprinkle with sugar, cinnamon and chopped nuts of any kind, and bake to a light brown in a moderate oven. As soon as removed from the oven, cut at once into squares before it hardens, as it is difficult to lift out whole without breaking.

Platzen.—Use for this two cupfuls powdered sugar, the yolks of four eggs, a pinch each of cinnamon and cloves and flour to stiffen. Beat the egg yolks until light and foamy, stir in the sugar gradually, beat thoroughly, then add spices and flour enough to allow the batter to drop from a spoon into a greased tin. Leave room enough to spread without touching.

German Almond Cookies.—Beat the yolks of six eggs until light, then add one cupful and a half of sugar that has been beaten to a cream with three-fourths cupful softened butter. Add a cupful blanched, chopped almonds, one tablespoonful cinnamon and three cupfuls of flour. Beat hard and drop by small spoonfuls onto a buttered pan, putting an almond on top of each cake. Bake in a moderate oven.

Sirup Kuchlein.—Melt two scant cupfuls lard and add to it two cupfuls molasses, one teaspoonful each of cloves and cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful salt, a teaspoonful soda dissolved in a little hot water, one well-beaten egg and sifted flour, adding the flour a little at a time until the dough is thick enough to roll out.

Cut in fancy shapes and bake in a moderate oven.

Frozen Pudding.

Split two dozen lady fingers and dip in sherry. In a double boiler scald two cupfuls of cream, pour over the yolks of six eggs and three-quarters of a cupful of sugar beaten together; mix, return to the double boiler and stir over the fire until it thickens. Strain and when cool flavor with one teaspoonful of vanilla. Put in a freezer and turn until it begins to thicken. Add one pint of cream, whipped, and freeze for five minutes longer. Stand a mold in a little ice and salt. In the bottom put a layer of the frozen cream, then some of the lady's fingers and a tablespoonful of apricot jam, then another layer of cream. Fill up in the same order until all is used, having the last layer cream. Cover, bind the edges with a buttered cloth and bury the mold in ice and salt. Stand aside for two hours.

Sour Rabbit, German Style.

Clean and cut in pieces one tender rabbit. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter or drippings in a saucepan and when hot add two tablespoonfuls of chopped bacon, two small carrots, scraped and chopped fine, a bay leaf, a clove of garlic and salt and pepper to season. If desired, a few button mushrooms or mushroom catcup may also be added.

Put in the pieces of rabbit, which should have been washed, wiped dry, seasoned and rolled in flour, and cook until well browned, turning so that both sides get their share of the cooking. Add a half cupful of vinegar, or less if the vinegar is too strong, and simmer 20 minutes, or until the rabbit is tender. Add at the last one cupful cream and serve hot.

Scotch Currant Buns.

Two pounds bread dough, one-half pound lard, two pounds currants, two pounds raisins, one-half pound orange peel, one-half pound almonds, one pound sugar, tablespoon caraway seeds, one ounce ground ginger, one ounce cinnamon. Put lard on top of dough and set on end of stove to slowly melt, then take all the fruit, sugar and spice, which has to be thoroughly minced and mixed, and add to dough on baking board. Put it into cake pan and press into shape. Make a very tough pie crust, roll out thin, turn out bun on crust and cover all over. Put back into pan again and prick top with fork. Rub over with yolk of egg. Bake in slow oven for about three hours.

Red Cabbage Relish.

Remove all the loose leaves and the hard white part of a red cabbage, divide into fourths, and run through a meat chopper. Wash in a sieve and put in a granite kettle with one pint of water and two heaping tablespoonfuls of nice bacon fat. Add one-half cupful of white wine vinegar, three heaping tablespoonfuls of sugar, a pinch of pepper, one-half teaspoonful of paprika, salt to taste, and three or four good sized tart apples. Cover and cook about two hours. Stir often to prevent burning. It must not be moist. This is nice to serve with roast goose or turkey.

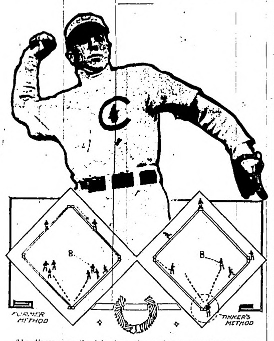
Pea Puree.

Press half a can of peas through a sieve, retaining the remainder for another meal. Place one pint of milk in a tablespoonful of flour, mixed with an equal amount of butter. Cook it until creamy, then add the pea puree and season with pepper and salt, or the flour may be omitted and the whole can of peas used, which will make it thick enough. Dried peas can be used in place of canned and are cheaper, but must be soaked over night and then boiled before adding to the milk.

German Almond Cookies.

Beat the yolks of six eggs until light, then add one cupful and a half of sugar that has been beaten to a cream with three-fourths cupful softened butter. Add a cupful blanched chopped almonds, one tablespoonful cinnamon and three cupfuls of flour. Beat hard and drop by small spoonfuls into a buttered pan, putting an almond on top of each cake. Bake in moderate oven.

NEW SCHEME TO KILL SACRIFICE HITS



The diagram on the left shows the confusion attending the present style of playing bunts. The first, second and third basemen are drawn from their positions, and the runner on first is given a big lead. Too many men run after bunts, which often results in an intended sacrifice going as a hit and allowing the man on base an extra sack. The diagram on the right illustrates Tinker's new scheme for fielding bunts and blocking sacrifice hits. The first baseman holds his base and keeps the runner close. The pitcher, third baseman and catcher field all bunts, and with every base covered there is a good chance for forcing the man on first and breaking up the sacrifice.

Joe Tinker, who plays shortstop for the Chicago Cubs in summers, acts on the stage in winters and still finds time to devote to his family and friends, has just devised a scheme which, if put into operation and properly executed on the ball field, will break up the bunting game and cause speedy baserunners to stand stone still on the base lines, bewildered and helpless. It may revolutionize baseball tactics of the day.

Incidentally, Joe confided that this scheme was the main reason why he wanted to play third base, because in the new plan the third baseman is to play the leading role, and, like all actors, Joe has pictured himself in the star part.

Now, at first sight this scheme may not appeal to some of the wise followers of the national game, but a bit of careful consideration of the thing undoubtedly will convince him that it is one of the most sensible suggestions for improving the defensive part of the game that has come up since '85, when Charley Comiskey began playing far back of first base and taught the pitcher to cover the bag when balls were hit to the first baseman.

Joe's scheme is so simple that one wonders why some shrewd major league manager had not thought of it before, but if such is the case, it has never been put into practice.

The scheme is simply to keep the first baseman out of the muddle of fielding bunts and have him stick to the bag, have the pitcher always go to his left to cover ground only in that territory, while the third baseman takes care of every chance to the right of the pitcher, and the catcher handles everyone that is dumped just in front of the plate.

In this way first base is always covered by the regular man, while the second baseman is always stationed on the middle bag, ready for a play there, and the shortstop runs down to third to prevent the baserunner from going from first to third on the play.

"It's very seldom we see a runner forced at second base on a bunt," said Tinker, in talking over the plan. "But with this scheme in operation I can see no reason why the play couldn't be pulled often and once you get to doing that the bunting game is broken up. You see, the first baseman being on the bag would hold the runner close to that spot and prevent his getting a big lead before the batter touches the ball.

"There's too much confusion in handling bunts, anyway, and there's no reason that I can see why the third baseman and pitcher, with the aid of the catcher, couldn't handle everything. The pitcher would go to his left as he delivered the ball and always be on the spot ready to handle the ball. As it is now he runs straight in and has to be prepared to jump to either side, then probably becomes entangled with the third baseman or the first baseman in getting the ball.

"Then, knowing that the second baseman would always be stationed on the middle bag, many a play could be made there that would not be attempted otherwise because of fear the baseman would not be on the spot. A third baseman with a good arm and active on his feet could rush in, scoop a ball and whirl and shoot it to second without hesitating that instant that loses so many runners. He would always be assured that there was a man on each base ready to receive the ball.

"I should judge that, having the first baseman stick to the bag would take about six feet off the lead obtained by the baserunner. That's enough to permit many a play at second that would not be made otherwise. The second baseman would always be there, you see, for he wouldn't have to be playing half-way between the bags, ready to cover first, if the first baseman was after the ball.

"I've been thinking of that scheme for a long time, and have always believed I would put it through if given a chance."

SWENSON IS CLEVER PLAYER

Cover Point for Yale Hockey Team Has Proven Tower of Defense in Games He Played.

Swenson, who plays cover point for the Yale hockey team, has proven a tower of defense in the games in which he has participated in seasons gone by. He is the most experienced man on the team. His strong point is in coming up the ice and relieving a tired forward. Swenson is a good skater and can nurse and drive the puck with the rest of them. He prepared at St. Paul's, the great hockey school.

Cover Point Swenson.

CHANCE NOT TO PLAY AGAIN

Search for First Baseman by Chicago Cubs Taken to Mean Frank Will be Bench Manager.

There are persistent rumors in the wake of the National League meeting that Frank Chance will play first base no longer for the Chicago Cubs. These rumors were given credence by the announcement that President Murphy of the Cubs had refused to waive on First Baseman Jack Flynn, of the Pirates. It is understood however, that Flynn will not go to Chicago, Fred Clarke probably withdrawing the waiver.

Murphy's action, however, shows that he is after a first baseman to supplant the great Chance, whose playing days are believed to be numbered. Jimmy Archer, the Cubs' catcher, has played the position quite well and he may fit in for Chance next season, allowing Chance to direct the game from the bench.

Sporting Gossip.

Mahmout might be called acting champion and Gotch retired title holder. This is merely a suggestion.

World champion pugilists are made or unmade according to the geographical habitat of the critic.

Both Freddie Welsh and Owen Moran are talking of nothing save a prospective battle with Ad Wolgast.

The Cleveland Naps have drafted Tom Daly to hike through the bush league in quest of star baseball players in embryo.

Rube Oldring of the Athletics lets the world in on the information that, barring accidents, Philadelphia team will repeat in 1911.

Billy Papke has "soured" on the antipodes and is headed for home. That fellow Smith must have seasoned Billy's ring diet with too much vinegar.

There is no dearth of middle-weight fighters. There are Kelly, Papke, Dave Smith, Harry Lewis, Klaus, McGoorty, Jim Sullivan and Joe Thomas of England.

Nicholas Altrock, who was often referred to as the "Handsome One," brought joy to the hearts of the Minneapolis rooters by signing a contract for 1911. Nicholas was the first man to sign a Miller contract.

Four major league teams so far as is known will have Indian players on their staffs next season. They are Meyers and Rustenhaven of the Giants, Skillen of the Detroit Tigers, Bender of the Athletics and Chouneau of the Chicago White Sox.

WAGNER FOUND BY ACCIDENT

Great Pittsburg Shortstop Among Famous Players Unheard of Before Jumping to Big Show.

Some of the greatest ballplayers the game has even known have been discovered by accident or through sheer luck. Four players have been picked at random, but they stand among the best the game has ever known just to show the truth of the above assertion.

The men are the late Ed Delehanty, probably the greatest and, undoubtedly, the hardest hitter who ever put on a pair of spiked shoes; Amos Rusie, who many believe was the greatest pitcher ever in the game; Hans Wagner—by the way, his proper name is John Paul Wagner—and Ty Cobb.

Amos Rusie began his ball career with the old Grand Avenue team in Indianapolis, when Indianapolis was a member of the old 12-club National league. This was back in the eighties. Rusie was a pitcher, a powerful, husky young giant, who had a world of speed and a dazzling array of curves. The Grand Avenues had one large picnic with the other teams in the old Indianapolis City league when Rusie pitched.

Jack Glasscock was playing shortstop on the Indianapolis (National league) team at that time and Jerry Denny was holding down third base. Glasscock was captain of the team. He heard of Rusie's pitching and one Sunday took Denny and hiked out to the City League park, where Rusie played. Glasscock watched the youngster work and both he and Denny were so impressed that Rusie was taken downtown after the game.

The next day Rusie appeared at league park in an Indianapolis uniform. The story of his career in the big league is now baseball history known to all fans. Rusie was a wonder, but his bad habits put him out of the game when he should have been in his prime. He is now living at Vincennes, Ind., working in a lumber yard and dredging for mussel pearls in the Wabash river.

Ed Delehanty, the greatest of the Delehanty ball-playing family, began on the lots around Cleveland, his home city. In 1886 some one told the manager of the old Wheeling (W. Va.) team that Delehanty was a great ballplayer.

"Honus" Wagner.

The youngster didn't have any money and no transportation was inclosed, but he started for Wheeling and made his way there by riding freight trains and walking. He was an infielder, playing second base, and he made good from the jump. In 1887 Philadelphia decided to give him a trial, and along in the fall of that year Delehanty made his major league debut, succeeding Bastian, one of the greatest players of his time, at second base.

As a big league second baseman the man who was destined to become a terror to the best pitchers the game has ever known was not a brilliant success. Neither did he shine with the bat in his first year, as his average for 56 games was only .227. In 1888 he played 54 games and soaked the pill for a grand average of .292. He alternated between second base and left field, and in 1890 he went to left field and remained there until his tragic death.

Hans Wagner owes his start in baseball to his brother, Al Wagner. Al was a good ballplayer, but every one thought Hans was too awkward ever to amount to anything on the diamond. Al was with Steubenville, owned and managed by George Moreland at that time, and Moreland wanted a pitcher.

"Get my brother," said Al.

"Can he pitch?" Moreland wanted to know.

"Well, he can throw a ball mighty fast," Al replied, and Hans was wired at Carnegie to report. His salary was to be $35 per month. Wagner beat his way from Pittsburg to Steubenville on a freight train.

Frank Bowerman was catching for Steubenville and Claude Ritchie also was a member of the team. Wagner pitched the first game, but after that they put him in the outfield. His feet were so big it was impossible to get a pair of baseball shoes in Steubenville to fit him, and the greatest ballplayer of all times played his first league engagement in his bare feet. The Steubenville team blew up. Mansfield wanted Al Wagner and wired him at Steubenville. Al had another job, so he sent his brother. Mansfield wanted a shortstop and, while he had been playing the outfield, Hans switched to short. He made good. Later, the Wagner brothers went back to Moreland at Wheeling, W. Va., and then were sold to Captain Kerr, at that time owner of the Pittsburg club.

Doctor Flays Football.

Dr. M. J. Clurman in a review of the football season of 1910 prepared for the New York Medical Society, declares that "the attraction for football is exactly the same as that which the ancients had for gladiatorial contests and which the Spaniards have for the bull fight. A football game is merely a prize fight multiplied by eleven."

Dr. Clurman advocates the adoption of sports which are less violent and more easily utilized by all students of colleges. He finds that in spite of the new rules there were 22 deaths this last fall and over 400 injuries, and declares that all who played are physically weaker for the severe stress of the game.

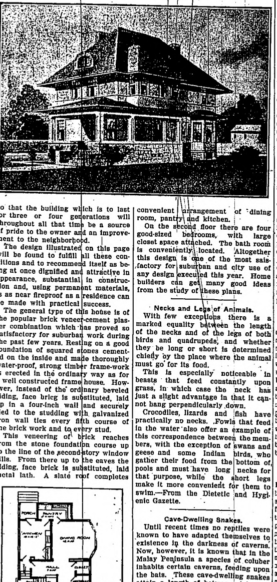
THE AMERICAN HOME

Wm A. RADFORD EDITOR

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

The well-to-do suburban builder is getting rather particular about the kind of a house he puts up. It is not enough to simply provide comfortable shelter for his family and have room enough for all; but the general style and appearance of the house has to be given due thought so that it will work in well with its surroundings and conform in size and style to what his friends and neighbors consider necessary for his home. Something of spaciousness, dignity and hospitality has to be embodied in such a structure. The exact order of architecture to be used may not be prescribed—some of those details are left to the home builder himself and to his architect—but nevertheless custom prescribes the quality and general character of the building.

One of the features that public opinion is coming more and more to require is that suburban dwellings should be as nearly fireproof or fire-resisting as possible. Fire protection in small towns and suburban localities is very seldom all that it should be. Common business sense directs that in such locations extra precautions should be taken, especially for residences, to make them as nearly fireproof as possible. This carries with it the obligation to build substantially and well, at the same time using as artistic a design as may be,

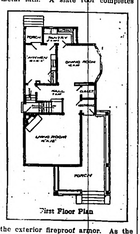


so that the building which is to last for three or four generations will throughout all that time be a source of pride to the owner and an improvement to the neighborhood.

The design illustrated on this page will be found to fulfill all these conditions and to recommend itself as being at once dignified and attractive in appearance, substantial in construction and, using permanent materials, is as near fireproof as a residence can be made with practical success.

The general type of this house is of the popular brick veneer-cement plaster combination which has proved so satisfactory for suburban work during the past few years. Resting on a good foundation of squared stones cemented on the inside and made thoroughly water-proof, strong timber frame-work is erected in the ordinary way as for a well constructed frame house. However, instead of the ordinary beveled siding, face brick is substituted, laid up in a four-inch wall and securely tied to the studding with galvanized iron wall ties every fifth course of the brick work and to every stud.

This veneering of brick reaches from the stone foundation course up to the line of the second-story window sills. From there up to the eaves the siding, face brick is substituted, laid metal lath. A slate roof completes



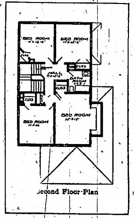
First Floor Plan

the exterior fireproof armor. As the majority of fires originate from external hazards it will be seen that a building completely protected in this way on the outside may be considered practically fireproof.

There is no combination of materials more pleasing to the eye than this high grade face brick and the cement plaster in a harmonizing color. As far as warmth and freedom from dampness are concerned this form of construction insures the best possible results, and the expense is not very much greater than for an ordinary frame house covered with beveled siding.

The fact that this house has been built a number of times for $4,000 and that, too, using good grade material and all equipment including plumbing, heating and lighting, shows this to be an extremely economical design to build.

The hip roof, while being the most artistic and satisfactory type for this kind of a building, is also the most economical. The plan is very nearly square in general outline and so can be constructed and arranged to good



Second Floor Plan

advantage without waste of time and material.

The floor plans show the desirable features of arrangement. Three fine rooms are provided on the first floor, besides the large porch and entrance hall. The living room is of the modern large-sized style with home-like fireplace. Attention is called to the convenient arrangement of dining room, pantry and kitchen.

On the second floor there are four good-sized bedrooms, with large closet space attached. The bath room is conveniently located. Altogether this design is one of the most satisfactory for suburban and city use of any design executed this year. Home builders can get many good ideas from the study of these plans.

Necks and Legs of Animals.

With few exceptions there is a marked equality between the length of the necks and of the legs of both birds and quadrupeds, and whether they be long or short is determined chiefly by the place where the animal must go for its food.

This is especially noticeable in beasts that feed constantly upon grass, in which case the neck has just a slight advantage in that it cannot hang perpendicularly down.

Crocodiles, lizards and fish have practically no necks. Fowls that feed in the water also offer an example of this correspondence between the members, with the exception of swans and geese and some Indian birds, who gather their food from the bottom of pools and must have long necks for that purpose, while the short legs make it more convenient for them to swim.—From the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.

Cave-Dwelling Snakes.

Until recent times no reptiles were known to have adapted themselves to existence in the darkness of caverns. Now, however, it is known that in the Malay Peninsula a species of coluber inhabits certain caverns, feeding upon the bats. These cave-dwelling snakes attain a length of between eight and nine feet, and their coloring remarkably resembles that of the walls of the caverns. The rock is a yellowish crystalline limestone traversed with blackish veins, and these markings and colors are curiously reproduced in the snakes, many of which lurk on the ledges, in the semi-darkness, near the entrances, watching for bats.

Selling Eggs by Weight.

The decision of the new head of the bureau of weights and measures not to issue an order compelling merchants to sell eggs by weight will be welcome news to tradespeople and not disappointing to housewives. While in some respects the weighing system is better than sales by the dozen, the additional trouble and the difficulty of making exact weight offset the advantages. When this reform was proposed some months ago it created considerable interest, but it was not welcomed as a remedy for any of the evils which the bureau of weights and measures is attempting to correct.—Brooklyn Standard-Union.

Only a Temporary Advantage.

The gift of good looks is of such primary advantage to every man, that it seems a wonder how ugly people manage so frequently to excel those who have it in the battle of life.—Payne.

PEPPER NUTS ARE VERY RICH

How to Make These Favorite Small Cakes That Will Keep Well for a Long Time.

These are a favorite small cake that may be made in quantity and kept on hand for special occasions. Cream together one cup of butter, one of lard and two of brown sugar. Add three eggs, one at a time, beating thoroughly after each addition. Then add the spices—one grated nutmeg, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon and two of anise seed, one teaspoonful of ground cloves, four spoonfuls whole coriander, one cupful chopped almonds and one-eighth chopped citron. Next add four cups of molasses with which have been mixed two teaspoonfuls of soda dissolved in a little warm water and four with which four teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar have been sifted, using flour to make a stiff dough. Knead with the hands until well mixed and smooth, then roll out on a floured board into long rolls about an inch in diameter. With a sharp knife cut into slices a quarter of an inch thick. Bake in a quick oven to light brown, and when cold put into a tin cake box, where they will keep for a long time.

The Home

To remove black ink stains on children's colored frocks, etc., cover them immediately with red ink and then wash. In this way the damage may be made good, not a trace of either ink remaining.

When the lemons from which you are about to extract the juice for cooking are brought cold from the storeroom the juice will be extracted easier if the lemons are warmed a trifle.

To destroy moths put the moth-infested articles into a baker's oven which has just been used for baking. Let them remain there over night and in the morning take them out and shake and beat them in the open air.

Many women who do not venture to prepare caramel at home because of the danger of burning instead of browning the sugar do not know that the druggist has it at its best. Delicious custard is made with maple sugar for sweetening and caramel for coloring and the two flavors blend excellently. The caramel is useful for coloring sauces as well as for flavoring custards and creams.

Hickory Nut Cake.

Beat to a cream one-half cup of butter and two cupfuls of sugar. Add the yolks of two eggs beaten light and stirred in with a cupful of rich milk. Sift together in another bowl three cups of pastry flour, a teaspoonful of cream of tartar and one-half teaspoonful of soda. Mix with the other ingredients, beat, then fold in two cupfuls of chopped hickory or walnut meats and two cups of seeded raisins dredged with flour.

Fold in the whites of two fresh eggs beaten to a froth and bake for an hour in a moderate oven. The cake may be flavored with a grating of nutmeg, a bit of mace or vanilla as preferred.

Roast Pig.

Take a pig about six weeks old nicely prepared, score in squares and rub lard all over it; make a dressing of two quarts of corn meal salted as if for bread and mix to a stiff dough with boiling water; put into a pan and bake. After this is baked brown break it up and add to it one-fourth of a pound of butter, pepper to taste and thyme. Fill the pig till plump, sew it up and place it on its knees in the pan with as much water as is needed to cook the pig. Baste it frequently with the gravy; turn while basting the same as turkey. Continue to baste until thoroughly done and bake a rich brown.

Maids of Honor.

Line some gem pans with paste. Then make the following mixture: one tablespoonful of sago, soaked for half an hour in water, then boil it for a few minutes till it is cooked and thick; put in a basin a quarter of a pound of sugar, a quarter of a pound of butter and beat to a cream, add two well-beaten eggs and beat again; then add two ounces of grated cocoanut, grated rind and strained juice of half a lemon, mixed well, and last add the boiled sago. Mix all well; nearly fill the lined pans, and bake till cooked.

Tomato Curry.

Cook two tablespoonfuls of butter with one-half tablespoonful finely chopped onion until yellow. Add one sour apple, pared, cored and chopped. Cook eight minutes. Add one-half cup rice stock, two cups canned tomatoes, one-half tablespoonful curry powder, one teaspoonful vinegar. When it boils add one teaspoonful salt and one saltspoonful pepper and one cup boiled rice. Cook five minutes.

Floor Polisher.

If you have no weighted brush on a long handle to keep hard floors in condition, a good substitute can be found by removing the brushes from an old sweeper and covering the opening first with a thin board or heavy cardboard, then with a piece of carpet that is thick and soft.

If you cannot get enough pressure with the movable handle it can be made firm with wires or nails.

Mince Pie.

The origin of this famous dish is involved in fable. Some people suppose that the spices used in the delectable filling are traceable to the offerings of the wise men of the east.

Long ago mince pies were of an oblong form.

DYSPEPTIC PHILISOPHY.

What the theater really needs is a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Audiences.

Why are we supposed to have more respect for gray hairs than for a bald head?

A man can face the world with a good heart if he can also face it with a good liver.

From a masculine point of view would it be heresy to question the sex of the devil?

Some fat men are meaner than other men simply because there is more of them.

Many a man who thinks he is in love lives to discover that second thoughts are best.

Some men are born great, some acquire greatness, and others have greatness thrust upon them, but it doesn't seem to take any of them long to get rid of it.

Scrupulous.

"What did Mr. Hibrow say when he found you standing under the mistletoe?" asked Maude.

"He said it was not genuine mistletoe," replied Maymie, "and that he could not think of taking advantage of a botanical error."

INSIDE HISTORY.
Some Self-Explanatory Letters.

Battle Creek, Mich., Jan. 7, '11.

Dr. E. H. Pratt,
Suite 1202, 100 State St.,
Chicago, Illinois.

My Dear Doctor:

"Owing to some disagreement with ——— magazine several years ago they have become quite vituperative, and of late have publicly charged me with falsehoods in my statements that we have genuine testimonial letters.

"It has been our rule to refrain from publishing the names either of laymen or physicians who have written to us in a complimentary way, and we have declined to accede to the demand of attorneys that we turn these letters over to them.

"I am asking a few men whom I deem to be friends to permit me to reproduce some of their letters over their signatures in order to refute the falsehoods.

"We have hundreds of letters from physicians, but I esteem the one that you wrote to me in 1906 among the very best, particularly in view of the fact that it recognizes the work I have been trying to do partly through the little book, 'The Road to Wellville.'

"I do not sell or attempt to sell the higher thought which is more important than the kind of food, but I have taken considerable pains to extend to humanity such facts as may have come to me on this subject.

"In order that your mind may be refreshed I am herewith enclosing a copy of your good letter, also a copy of the little book, and if you will give me the privilege of printing this over your signature I will accompany the printing with an explanation as to why you permitted its use in publication in order to refute falsehoods, and under that method of treatment I feel, so far as I know, there would be no breach of the code of ethics.

"I trust this winter weather is finding you well, contented and enjoying the fruits that are yours by right.

"With all best wishes, I am,"

Yours very truly,
C. W. POST.

Dr. Pratt, who is one of the most prominent and skillful surgeons in America, very kindly granted our request in the cause of truth and justice.

Chicago, Aug. 31, 1906.

Mr. C. W. Post,
Battle Creek, Mich.

My Dear Sir:

"I write to express my personal appreciation of one of your business methods, that of accompanying each package of your Grape-Nuts production with that little booklet "The Road to Wellville." A more appropriate, clear headed and effective presentation of health-giving auto-suggestions could scarcely be penned.

"Grape-Nuts is a good food in itself, but the food contained in this little article is still better stuff. I commend the practice because I know that the greed and strenuousness, the consequent graft and other types of thievery and malicious mischief generally can never be cured by legislative action.

"The only hope for the betterment of the race rests in individual soul culture.

"In taking a step in this direction, your process has been so original and unique that it must set a pace for other concerns until finally the whole country gets flavored with genuine, practical Christianity.

"I shall do all that lies in my power to aid in the appreciation of Grape-Nuts, not so much for the sake of the food itself as for the accompanying suggestions.

"Visiting Battle Creek the other day with a friend, Dr. Kelly of Evanston, Illinois, while I was consulting with Mr. Gregory, my friend visited your factories and came away greatly amazed, not only at the luxurious furnishings of the offices generally and the general equipment of the place, but with the sweet spirit of courtesy and kindness that seemed to fill the air with a spiritual ozone that was good to breathe.

"The principles expressed in the little booklet, 'The Road to Wellville,' I well know are practical and they work in business of all kinds, including sanitariums, as will be fairly tested before time is done.

"I know you will not regard this letter of appreciation as an intruding one. It is simply the salutation of good fellowship to you from a man who, although he has never seen you, feels drawn to you by the kinship of thought.

"The only thing that makes a man live forever in the hearts of his countrymen and his race is the good that he does. Your position in this respect is an enviable one and I wish to extend my congratulations."

Yours respectfully,
E. H. PRATT.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

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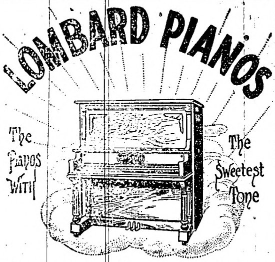

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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 24 Grant Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the [illegible] my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. [illegible] beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply [illegible] testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the [illegible]

[illegible] College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using [illegible] it is a pleasure to recommend it. It [illegible]

[illegible] Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument [illegible] expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in [illegible] rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be [illegible]

[illegible], Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard [illegible] third firm. We are more than satisfied."

[illegible], Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize [illegible] by many musical artists of Washington [illegible] of pianos of make. Every one who has tried this [illegible]

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

[illegible] Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. [illegible] by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be [illegible] any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

[illegible] this paper for further information about the [illegible] Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 28, 1911.

The probate judges of Minnesota, who have been in session in St. Paul, will ask the legislature to make the term of office of a judge of probate six instead of two years.

Senator A. L. Hanson wishes us to state to our subscribers that he would be pleased to hear from any of them on any matter in which they are interested, to come before the legislature.

The forty-fifth annual convention of the Minnesota Editorial association will be held in St. Paul on Thursday and Friday, Feb. 16 and 17. The new hotel, the St. Paul, will be the headquarters of this convention, and business sessions will be held in the city council chambers, beginning promptly at 10:30 Thursday forenoon.

English in the public schools is the topic to be discussed by the Northwest Central Educational association which meets in Fergus Falls Feb. 16 and 17. A program is being prepared which will be practical and helpful for the teacher who is in the work, whether it be in a rural, graded, or high school. A special program for school officers is one of the features.

Representative O'Neill has secured the passage of his bill making it legal for Pennington, or any other new county which may be formed, to levy assessments for the necessary expenses in connection with the operation of a new county. Mr. O'Neill briefly explained the purposes of his measure on the floor of the house while that body was in committee of the whole, and there was not a dissenting voice.

A remonstrance is being circulated here against the proposed parcels post law. There are two sides to this as to every question. Nearly every civilized country of the globe has a parcels post system, and there is no doubt that the express companies of this country would be hurt by such a law and are behind the remonstrance. On the other hand, the most dangerous menace to the prosperity of the small towns and villages, if not to their very existence, is the growth of the mail order business; and it is thought by many that the parcels post would be a great help to the supply houses.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

By the County Superintendent of Schools, Pennington Co., Minn.

The teachers' examinations that ordinarily would have been held in February have been postponed by order of the state superintendent and will be held May 4, 5, and 6. Teachers holding certificates that expire March 1, 1911 if they are now engaged in teaching in the county, should write the undersigned at his office in Thief River Falls at once, so that their certificates may be extended to the time of a later examination.

All teachers now teaching in the new county of Pennington must file their certificates with the county superintendent in order to be valid. Please attend to this matter at once.

Teachers of schools in the county who are entitled to take state high school examinations should report at once the number of pupils in their respective schools to provide for the necessary questions for examinations. The schools entitled to these examinations are in districts No. 25, 219, 37, 54 and 151, and such other rural schools as have pupils sufficiently advanced to avail themselves of said examinations

I will be at my office in the auditorium at Thief River Falls on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month until further notice. I solicit respectfully your inquiries as regards school matters, and will be glad to answer same in person or by correspondence

Respectfully submitted,
E. A. MOSTUE,
Co. Supt. of Schools. Pennington Co.

Bring in Your Work

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn

The Supreme Court Decision

The state supreme court handed down its decision in the election concontest matter. The decision is against the Red Lake Falls contestants, and is apparently the end of the contest. The order of the court is as follows:

"That no contest of the election establishing Pennington county of which the court below has jurisdiction was instituted by the contestant, and the writ of prohibition prayed for is granted, The distrist court of the 14th judicial district is therefore restrained and prohibited from further proceeding therein. Let a writ absolute issue."

If any further action should be undertaken, it would have to be before the supreme court.

The Man on the Box

Harold McGrath's delightful little novel, "The Man on the Box," is the vehicle chosen by Mr. Gus Arthurs to market his comedy talents. The play is full of droll situations, arising from the plan of the hero of the story to masquerade as a coachman for the sake of being near the young lady of his choice. The play is a H. E. Pierce & Company production, which should give it a good standing. It will be seen at the auditorium, Thief River Falls, Tuesday evening, Jan. 31.

Proposals Wanted

Proposals will be received by the board of auditors of Pennington county, Minnesota, until 2 o'clock p. m., Feb. 7, 1911, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds subject to check and payment at all times on demand, and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time, and the security which would be given therefor.

Dated this 26th day of January, A. D. 1911.

BOARD OF AUDITORS OF
PENNINGTON COUNTY,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

Officers Elect of the Creamery Association

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery company last Tuesday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—E. A. Aubol.
Vice president—O. L. Larsen.
Secretary—Nels K. Anderson.
Treasurer—August Swenson.
Director—Anton Peterson.

There was practically a full attendance of the stockholders.

The stockholders joined in the purchase of a gold medal, which they presented to the retiring treasurer, Charles Gustafson. Mr. Gustafson has been the treasurer of the association since its organization. The medal is a very valuable one, and upon it are engraved the words, "From the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery Company, for Long and Faithful Service."

The financial report will be published next week, when moneys due the creamery are all in.

O. Sonsthagen Dead

Deep sorrow has been caused many friends here by news of the death of Otto Sonsthagen, whose death occurred Monday night at Fergus Falls.

Otto Sonsthagen has been traveling for Koehler & Heinrichs of St. Paul for over twenty years. Death resulted from intestinal obstruction. He was taken ill about a week ago. The remains are being taken back to Manitowoc, Wis., and the funeral will occur there.—Crookston Times.

The deceased was well known here, having been making this place quite regularly.

Farmers' Institute

There was a fair attendance at the farmers' institute Tuesday, and great interest was shown in the lectures and discussions. The speakers were: C. O. Carlson, who spoke on dairying; F. F. Marshall, whose chief topic was hog raising, and E. D. Staples, on poultry. Their talks were all interesting, and eminently practical.

She Was Stout.

"Do you remember how you used to put your arm round my waist when we were engaged, ten years ago? You never do it now."

"No; my arm has not grown any longer."

The average Englishman does not want his wife or sister to be anything but dull. A beautiful and amiable idiot is his ideal of feminine perfection.—Ladies' Field.

H. Wilson

WELL DRILLER

Work by the foot, day, or job

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

The Best of The Season

Manager Halvorson of the auditorium, Thief River Falls, has secured for one night, Monday, Jan. 30, the

BURGOMASTER,

one of the best and largest comic opera troupes on the road. Special scenery and fifty people in cast. Prices 75 cts. to $1.50 per seat. This will probably be as good as will come to Thief River this year.

Two Lads.

At one time, when De Quincey was living at Lasswade in simple and friendly relations with the people, who respected him not as a writer, but as a good neighbor, he formed a very delightful friendship with a little child, a boy of four years. This lad, a nephew of one of the housemaids, was the constant companion of the great man and would forsake any amusement for the pleasure of walking round a dull little garden with him. One day somebody heard this conversation between the two comrades:

"What d'ye call thon tree?" asked the child.

De Quincey considered and then said, with careful deliberation, "I am not sure, my dear, but I think it may be a laurustinus."

The child interrupted him with some scorn: "A laurustinus! Lad, d'ye no ken a rhododendron?"

At that time the "lad" must have been about seventy years old.

The Blue Danube.

The Danube still retains its ancient splendors. The Rhine is the river of vine clad, sunny hills, ruined castles on rugged crags, mediaeval history and modern glory in war and in peace, a river bright as the warble of a bird in the wood. The Danube hills carry immense, almost untouched, forests, higher and grander than the heights of the Rhine. In the midst of this rich, deep green verdure lonely white mountains break in on the eye. There are many wayside chapels, too, on the banks. In solemn, awesome, majestic beauty the Danube far excels the cheery, pretty Rhine, and it must be called a pity that so few American travelers take a tour on this indescribably superb river.—Omaha Bee.

Domestic Heresy.

Peck—But, my dear, there are two sides to every question.

Mrs. Peck—Henry Peck, where in the world did you get that impression?—Woman's Home Companion.

The Height of Ornamentation.

As springtime gayly blossoms out
The eye delighted and the mind serene
Will find the world as beautiful, no doubt,
As any cover on a magazine.
—Washington Star.

Elephants and Forests.

Elephants do a great deal of harm to the forests in British India, especially in the Teesta division. A conservator suggests that possibly the elephants are not worth the protection they receive from the government in view of these depredations. Most of the transplants in particular are destroyed by them.

Those who are rash and precipitate seldom enjoy the favor of the gods.—Herodotus.

Helped Her Up.

Orchestra Leader—I never heard the prima donna do that high note as well as she did last night. Stage Manager—Nor I. You see, just as she reached it she saw a mouse in the wings.—Yonkers Statesman.

Poor Holland.

Little Ella—I'm never going to Holland when I grow up.

Governess—Why not?

"'Cause our geography says it's a low, lying country."—Life.

All serious souls are better believers in immortality than we can give grounds for.—Emerson.

The Combination.

Miss Millyun—One can be very happy in this world with health and money. Deadbroke—Then let's be made one. I have the health and you have the money.—Illustrated Bits.

Corrected.

"Miss Isabel, you are not at all like other girls."

"That is not a compliment, Mr. Spooner. You should say that other girls are not at all like me."

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

READ THE
Spectator

The Spectator gives you:

The home news.

Notices of the general information in which you are interested.

Brief notes of the world's doings.

Short stories.

Miscellany.

Interesting arcles on farming and kindred subjects.

Advertise

The Spectator is read in every household whose members come to St. Hilaire to trade and by many more who would buy of you if you advertised your bargains as Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls do

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday, Feb. 5, at 10:30 in the morning.

Sunday school at 1:30 a. m.

REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 7:30 p.m. Sunday school tomorrow at 2 p.m.

REV. M. S. GIGSTAD, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:30 p. m.

REV A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, Jan. 29, at 7:30 o'clock.

FRANS L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FRICKER, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3556. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets in I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

[illegible] STEEN, President.

S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy.

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109 Meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lasell, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocery Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for drainage, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire. Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs, 21 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection. I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

Growing Old Is a Habit
Avoid Acquiring It
USE
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
A Tireless Builder of New Blood and Tissue
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

Subscribe Now

THE LOCAL NEWS.

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Firemen's dance Feb. 3.

M. Fricker was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Don't forget the firemen's mask ball Feb. 3, 1911.

Sever Skattum was a Thief River visitor on Tuesday.

All kinds of fruit and confectionery on sale at Mike Anderson's.

Buy your groceries, kerosene, and gasoline, at Mike Anderson's.

Miss Louise Wilson entertained a party of her girl friends Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix Anderson went Monday morning to Thief River Falls.

Charles Nelson was in town on Thursday, for the first time since his recent illness.

Dr. Owens returned Wednesday from a professional visit, to his northern territory.

The confirmation class of the United church meets a week from today at 10 o'clock at the parsonage

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. Benson next Wednesday evening.

The Red Lake Falls histrionic talent will present their comedy-drama, "Oak Farm," at Thief River Falls Feb. 3.

Those attending the mask ball not dressed in full costume will please keep off the floor until others have unmasked.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Miss Huldah Gigstad is taking a course of study at the business college at Thief River Falls. She began the work Monday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin entertained the members of the Sewing club and a few others at her home on Waterstreet Wednesday evening.

The young friends of Miss Mildred Fellman tendered her a birthday surprise party Wednesday evening and gave her a number of handsome presents.

A number of the young ladies of St. Hilaire are very busy rehearsing for a dramatic entertainment to be presented by them in the near future, entitled, "A Girl in a Thousand."

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Blixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Carl Snustad of Hendrum arrived here Monday and went out to Oldus Winje's place west of town, for a visit. He is brother to Mrs Winje.

Prizes will be given to the best appearing lady and gentleman and to the most comically dressed lady and gentleman at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 3, 1911.

There will be services in St. Pauli church, town of Rocksbury, town of Rocksbury, tomorrow at 10:30 a m. Choir practice immediately after the services.

Parties wishing to rent costumes for the firemen's mask ball, to be given by the St. Hilaire fire department Feb. 3, 1911, should call on Morris Lasell and look over his catalogue not later than Jan. 31.

An old landmark of St. Hilaire is going out this week. John A. Dahl, who has purchased the residence owned by D. Patterson, south of Holmes store, has torn it down and is removing it piecemeal to his farm.

On account of the hotel being closed, the firemen have arranged with Holmes Bros. for the use of the rooms over the store by out of town people attending the firemen's mask ball to warm and change their clothes.

E. L. Quist left the latter part of last week for St. Paul, where on Monday he was in attendance at the state convention of registers of deeds. He left for Madison, Wis., where he is spending a few weeks on business. He will return the latter part of this week.—News.

John Meier Dead

M. Fricker received a telegram Thursday evening announcing the death of his father-in-law, John Meier, at his home near Star City, Sask., Can. Mr. and Mrs. Meier visited their daughter in December last. Mr. Meir was in very poor health at that time.

The deceased was well known in this section, having formerly been a prosperous farmer in the town of Sanders. Later he was connected with the O K flouring mills at Thief River Falls. He moved to Canada in 1903, and has since been engaged in farming.

Deceased is survived by his wife, six sons and three daughters, of whom Mrs. Fricker is one. He was 85 years of age.

The Man on the Box

One of the greatest events of the season will be the presentation of "The Man on the Box" at the auditorium, Thief River Falls, on Jan. 31. This delightful comedy, dramatized from Harold McGrath's book of the same name, tells a story that is full of throbbing interest that often becomes intense. Many of its incidents are new, and in theme and treatment it is far above many of the latter day successes.

Minstrel Show Tonight

The Hurst Family Colored Minstrel Comedy company, reputed to be a very good show company, will appear at the Imperial hall this evening. The members of the company, all of the Hurst family, are said to be good musicians, and besides the musical numbers on the program, there will be the usual stunts that make minstrel shows a happy combination of music and fun.

Special Meetings at M. E. Church

Beginning Monday evening, Feb. 6, there will be special meetings at the M. E. church, to continue for two weeks, closing Friday night, Feb. 17.

Rev. A. A. Myers of Warren will be here the first week and preach every evening, from Monday until Friday inclusive. No services on Saturday evening.

Sunday, Feb. 12, Rev. A. H. McKee, district superintendent, will be here and preach both morning and evening. He will also conduct the second quarterly conference immediately after the Sunday school on that date.

Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls will preach the second week, from Monday evening, the 13th, until Friday, the 17th, inclusive.

Services will begin at 7:30 each night. You are cordially invited to attend all these services.

The price of mask costumes must be paid the day ordered.

G. L. Austin was over from Crookston on Thursday.

Miss Katie Patterson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Come one, come all, to the firemen's mask ball Feb. 3, 1911.

Miss Anne Boehm was the guest of Miss Hooper a few days this week.

Fred Steen was down from the county seat of Pennington county on Wednesday.

Miss Christina Wilson visited friends in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

The confirmation class of the Synod church meets every Saturday at the parsonage at 9:30 a. m.

Mrs. H. A. Jackson was the over Sunday guest of her son, Alton Jackson, at Red Lake Falls.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. S. Benson.

A. H. Pitkin's daughter, Mrs. Fisher of Crookston, has been a guest at the parental home this week.

Miss Gertrude Hooper very pleasantly entertained the Young Ladies' sewing society at her home Tuesday evening.

A. S. Wilson, Carl Steen, D. Patterson, and T. H. Jackson, drove to Thief River Wednesday and visited the Oddfellows' lodge at that place.

Miss Lillie Boehm left last evening for Crookston, where she went as a delegate from the M. E. Sunday school to a Sunday school convention now in session there.

Tickets for the firemen's mask ball will be on sale at the business places mentioned below until 8:30 p. m., Feb. 3, 1911:—A. H. Pitkin, M. E. Bjerk, Mike Anderson, Holmes Bros., H. M. Babcock, Carl Krueger.

A Sad Case.

"This milk is blue," said the customer angrily.

"I know it, and I'm very sorry," replied the milkman, "but the weather we've been having lately has given the cows melancholia, and it shows up in the milk."—Brooklyn Citizen.

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR BALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKER
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. BATTENBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

The Don's Opinion.

Fashion is as inexorable in men's as in women's dress. The undergraduate is perhaps the most telling example of this. It was so even a century ago when Oxford led the way in adopting the new nankeen trousers that were to supersede tight breeches and top boots. Just about that period a don of Trinity met an undergraduate arrayed in the splendor of the new fashion. "Young man," said the don severely, "you will come to no good. You wear nankeen trousers and keep a dog." The young man afterward became [illegible] Sumner and bishop of Winchester.—London Chronicle.

EASILY MANAGED.

The Clever Scheme Evolved by the Clock Winder.

The contract for keeping the church and town hall clocks in order was given to a new man. Unfortunately from the start he experienced a difficulty in getting the clocks to strike at the same time. At last the district council requested an interview with the watchmaker.

"You are not so successful with the clocks as your predecessor," he was told. "It is very misleading to have one clock striking three or four minutes after the other. Before you took them in hand we could hardly tell the two were striking. Surely you are as competent?"

"Every workman has his own methods, gentlemen," replied the watchmaker, "and mine ain't the same as H.'s were."

"I'm decidedly of the opinion that it would be for the general good if they were," remarked one of the councilors.

"Very well, sir. In future they shall be," came the reply. "I happened to write to him last week about the trouble I had with the clocks, and—but perhaps," he added as he produced a letter and handed it to the chairman, "you'd like to see what he said."

"Dear sir," ran the letter—"about them clocks. When you get to know what a cantankerous lot of busybodies the council consists of you'll do the same as I did for fifteen years—forget to wind up the striker of the town hall clock, and the blooming jackasses won't be able to tell that both clocks ain't striking together!"—London Tit-Bits.

Travel.

"You say that inventor's airship traveled clear across the continent?"

"Yes; on a freight car."—Bohemian Magazine.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

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GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
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H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
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MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

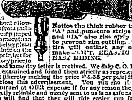
FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**



The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

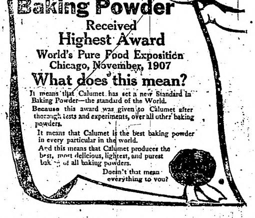
DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA



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Chicago, November, 1907
What does this mean?

It means that Calumet has set a new Standard in Baking Powder—the standard of the World.

Because this award was given to Calumet after thorough tests and experiments, over all other baking powders.

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Doesn't that mean everything to you?

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00

Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of

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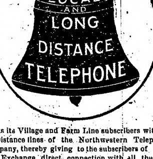

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

TRAGEDY IS LINKED WITH NAME OF SHARON

FREDERICK FERMOR-HESKETH, lieutenant Ninth Lancers, British army, on seven days' leave, stood on the pier at Queenstown, Ireland, the other day in tweeds from his turned up trousers to his fore and aft cap, twirling a cane on his fingers and whistling a regimental ditty. The next day he was lost to the world. He disappeared the way a shadow vanishes when the sun hides behind a cloud leaving no answer to the question where. They pressed official buttons in the British war office and Scotland Yard, and an alarm for the missing officer went to all parts of the world. At the end of 30 days the mystery mark was placed opposite his name in the army records.

Thus, in 1910, another tragedy is linked with the name of Sharon, or, as they phrase it out in the Pacific coast, with the long-dead argonaut's money-bags, says a writer in the New York World. Stretching wide the list to take in all who had a part in the developing situations of the Sharon drama, there are disclosed no less than four murders, three suicides and two disappearances. Lieutenant Hesketh, in the latter classification, was Sharon's grandson.

William Sharon was one of the Gold Hills pioneers. In mere money getting he lived under the star called Luck, which, by the bye, is not charted by astronomers, but shines in the financial heavens for the few with the brilliancy of a harvest moon. Sharon stepped out of cowhide boots into patent leathers; from a mountain shack to a city mansion. His few mean two-bit coins in a greasy bag grew into a fortune which clogged bank vaults. Having munched the dry loaf of grubstake poverty, he put millions into a hotel which he called Palace, as a monument to full stomachs and riches. His overnight fortune came from the Crown Point and Belcher mines in Nevada. He became a senator from that state. And then, having lived a life made up of healthy, hard knocks in its earlier stages and the overcase of opulence in the gray-bearded half, he was borne to the waiting mausoleum. The wealth he left behind made a yprramid of millions, and likewise a pyramid of trouble. There were outstretched hands for every dollar in the pile—and the money bag tragedies began.

Ralston's Pathetic Death.

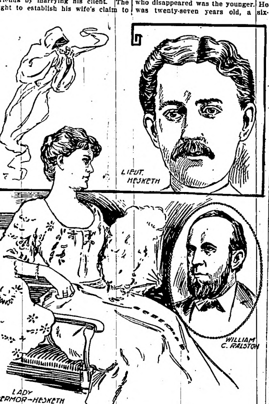
William C. Ralston, who had often shared the output of his battered coffee-pot with Sharon in his roughshod days and later sat with him on sofa cushions in the directors' room of the Bank of California, had already started the list. When the financial pinch caught the bank and frightened Frisco didn't know whether its money was good, bad or indifferent, Ralston accused Sharon, and then took his own life. It was a polite tragedy. While the crowd was pounding at the closed iron doors of the bank, Ralston, at his mansion in Belmont, across the bay, slipped into his carriage and drove to the swimming beach, as was his custom. The coachman, sitting with loose reins in hand, saw the banker wade out waist, shoulder, neck deep, and then disappear. The afternoon tide rolled the dead body through the spume upon the sand with the seadrift. Forty days thereafter the Bank of California opened its doors again, but Forty-niners did not forget that the man who had shared his coffee-pot with Sharon had also accused him.

Ralston's son Samuel went to Siberia, where he believed there was another El Dorado. He failed to find it, returned and killed himself. Two of his friends in the unprofitable venture were murdered; another died with a point of steel between his ribs on the heart side in what they called a duel.

Getting back to Sharon, the Forty-niner, it should be said here that his life was not always an open book. He had his failings. Some time after the death of Mrs. Sharon, who had lived to see him discard the cowhide boots forever, Senator Sharon was sued by a plump, round-faced woman known to contemporary divorce litigation as Sarah Althea Hill. She entered into the contest for Sharon's money with energy and zeal. For reasons which the distinguished senator very well knew, she said, he had refrained from acknowledging her as his wife. Her counsel was David S. Terry.

Odd how men and matters shaped themselves in those days. Terry was a leader of the southern California Democrats, who had his trousers made with ample pistol pockets. He was elected chief justice of the California supreme court, and had served just long enough to become familiar with the judicial routine when he and Senator David C. Broderick, entertaining conflicting importance, adopted the hair-trigger method of settlement at the prescribed 15 paces. Terry resigned his judgeship, having regard for ethics, and went to the duelling field. Broderick waited for the second. Terry split it and fired. Broderick fell dead.

Judge Stephen J. Field, who later became the chief justice of the Supreme court of the United States, had gone to California in its wildest days, and had held court at Marysville Camp with rude dignity on a barrel head, became chief justice to succeed Terry. Later Terry pleaded the cause of his robust client before Field. Sharon died, but Sarah Althea Hill's suit lived on. Terry one day surprised his friends by marrying his client. The fight to establish his wife's claim to the Sharon fortune took on new energy.



In the meantime Judge Field had been appointed to the United States circuit court, and the woman's suit was jumped into that tribunal at a time when the supreme court of California had decided that there had been a secret marriage between Sarah Althea Hill and Sharon. Justice Field ordered the cancellation of the marriage contract on the ground of forgery. The woman in the case, in a burst of rage, rose in court and asked the judge how much he had been paid for his decision. She was immediately arrested, charged with contempt. Terry drew a bowie-knife and attempted to prevent the marshal from taking his wife into custody. Strong arm work followed. Mrs. Terry spent a month in jail and Terry was behind the bars for six months.

David Terry's Tragic End.

Having killed one man, Terry was not afraid to threaten another. He said he would take Justice Field's life. On the way north from Los Angeles, as his court dates took him, Justice Field stepped off at Lathrop on morning to breakfast in the station restaurant. Terry and his wife coincidently stepped from a down train at the same time. Terry saw Field sitting on a stool at the breast-high resturant counter. Nearby stood United States Marshal Nagle, who had been assigned to guard the judge as he journeyed between towns to hold court. Terry stepped behind Field and slapped his face with the back of his hand. Marshal Nagle shot Terry dead. Mrs. Terry saw her husband fall. He was unarmed, but his wife had a knife and a revolver in her handbag. Nagle was tried in Washington and acquitted.

Charles Livingston, who was a protege of Sharon's, became manager of the Palace hotel, and in many ways had a hand in the smaller affairs in which Sharon was interested. Livingston had boarded at one time with a certain Sarah Mitchell, when the fight to get the Sharon millions was at its height. Miss Mitchell came to the front with a package of mysterious letters which she said exposed a plot to cheat Sarah out of her rights in the vast estate. She demanded $50,000 for them, but she didn't get it. There was talk of a conspiracy. Livingston's name was mentioned unpleasantly in that connection. One morning he was found dead in his room in the Palace hotel with a pistol shot in his heart. Some called it murder. The coroner said suicide.

Won by Titled Englishman.

Society, like the metal dug from the hills, passed through a refining process about this time. Sharon's two daughters grew to womanhood surrounded by luxury. In Frisco's One Thousand—the Pacific coast's counterpart of the Four Hundred on the Atlantic—they were easily the most eligible. One daughter fell in love with Senator Newlands of Nevada and became his wife. The other, Florence Mily Sharon, gave her heart to a titled foreigner, Sir Thomas George Fermor-Hesketh, who, like Sharon, had dug his fortune from mines, although the Hesketh pick had loosened coal in Lancashire instead of gold in Nevada.

Lady Hesketh had two sons, both soldiers. The lieutenant of Lancers who disappeared was the younger. He was twenty-seven years old, a six-footer, with dark curly hair, a slight dark mustach and blue-gray eyes. When he slipped out of his uniform and into his tweeds and boarded the mail steamer for Ireland he left a young wife and a two-months' old babe behind. He had served in India and was a messmate of Lord Rocksavage, who visited Newport last summer. The elder son was until recently an officer in the Royal Blues. He was married in September a year ago to Florence Breckinridge of San Francisco, who is a daughter of Mrs. Fred W. Sharon by a former marriage. Fred Sharon is the late senator's son. Miss Breckinridge's grandfathers were John C. Breckinridge of Kentucky and Lloyd Trevis, the western millionaire who was for years president of the Wells Fargo company. Miss Breckinridge was engaged to Doctor Stein of Vienna, famed as a medical specialist throughout Europe. She jilted him to marry her stepfather's nephew.

The Palace hotel and hundreds of other pieces of Sharon property were reduced to ashes in the fire which followed the earthquake on the Pacific coast.

Spread of Education.

There were 150,000 children at school in India 60 years ago. There are 4,000,000 now.

TELL GOOD STORY ON ELKINS

Late Senator's Struggle With a Razor of the Safety Kind Had Comic Side.

The news of the death of United States Senator Stephen B. Elkins was a topic of conversation at the Waldorf and the Belmont yesterday, for the late senator used to stop at one or the other of these hotels whenever he came to New York. The last time he was here, about the middle of August, he spent ten days at the Belmont.

On that visit the senator unintentionally gave the information clerks a lot of trouble. It was his habit upon arriving to impress upon them that he did not wish to see visitors. "If anybody asks for me," he said the last time, "you can just say I am not here." Then, forgetting that he was not in the hotel, he would often take a seat in the lobby, and of course would be spotted by callers who had been told at the information desk that the senator was not stopping at the hotel. The clerks would have to explain to the irate ones that the senator had said he was not in, and they had to take his word for it.

The mechanism of a safety razor gave the senator and a house detective a bad time one morning. Senator Elkins had been invited to take luncheon at noon that day with a prominent citizen whose home is at Oyster Bay. At nine o'clock he telephoned for the hotel detective to come to his room in a hurry.

"Look here," said the senator when the detective entered. "Somebody has been in this room and removed my safey razor and left this blunderbuss in its place." He held up what appeared to the detective to be a safety razor.

"What's wrong with it?" inquired the detective.

"Wrong?" repeated the senator. "Why, man, everything is wrong with it. It won't shave. Here I've got to be at Oyster Bay by noon, and I had calculated on shaving myself in two minutes and attending to some business before catching a train, and now I shall have to take a later one because I'll have to go down to the barber shop. Why on earth do you suppose anybody selected my safety razor to steal?"

The detective could not answer the question, but took the pieces of steel the senator gave him and promised to see if he could not have something done. In the hall he met one of the assistant managers, to whom he told the troubles, adding that he could not see how anybody could have got into the room in the first place. The manager, who shaves himself, looked at what the detective had in his hand and found that Senator Elkins had apparently screwed two pieces of the razor together, leaving out the blade, which he had handed the detective with the rest of the razor. The manager put the razor together properly and took it to the senator. The latter laughed when his mistake was explained to him and reached the luncheon at Oyster Bay on time.—New York Press.

Marriage is a lottery in which alimony is frequently the prize.

MADE WITH MOLASSES

VARIOUS GOOD FOOD ARTICLES IN WHICH IT IS USED.

Directions for the Making of Gingerbread, Pudding, Pie, Muffins and Parliament Cake With This Wholesome Cane Product.

Molasses and golden syrup are such easily obtained and cheap commodities that the housewife, ignorant of their enormous value in the good world, is often given to looking slightingly upon them. No better food exists than this pure product of the sugar cane.

From a chemical point of view honey is a very wholesome and valuable food. But syrup is as valuable. It is in nature really a kind of honey.

Honey is composed of three different kinds of sugar, a mixture of cane sugar, which crystallizes; a fruit sugar, which does not candy at all, and of invert sugar, a compound of the two.

Cookery supplies many ways of using it. As gingerbread, in taffy, plain in a pretty molasses pitcher, to be used in bread like honey, or eaten abundantly as an accompaniment of milk puddings of all kinds, it may be used.

Boiled molasses puddings are liked, so are batter puddings eaten with syrup. With boiled rice it goes well and also with blanc mange. If oatmeal is the dish molasses accompanies it as a sweetening agent splendidly, and, in this case, corrects the slightly binding action of a most excellent food.

The richness of mincemeat and plum puddings is due to molasses greatly, and molasses pies are very good.

Gingerbread.—Sift three-quarters of a pound of flour into a basin, add half a teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, one teaspoonful of ground ginger, one teaspoonful of allspice, a little grated nutmeg and half a teaspoonful of ground cinnamon. Melt together in a saucepan, one cupful of molasses, a quarter of a pound of sugar, a quarter of a pound of butter and half a cupful of milk. Cool and add to dry ingredients with two well beaten eggs. Mix well, then pour into a buttered and floured cake tin. Bake slowly for three-quarters of an hour.

Molasses Pudding.—Beat together four ounces of butter and three ounces of sugar till quite creamy. Add one well beaten egg, three-quarters of a teacup of molasses and gently fold in half a pound of sifted flour. Add as much slightly warmed milk as will be necessary to form the mixtures into a soft consistency, then add one teaspoonful of ground ginger, and one heaping teaspoonful of baking powder. Beat all very well together, pour into a greased basin, or mold, cover with greased paper, and steam for three hours. Turn out on a hot platter and serve immediately.

Molasses Pie.—Beat the yolks of four eggs with one cupful of brown sugar, add one cupful of molasses and two teaspoonfuls of grated nutmeg, then add two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, two heaping teaspoonfuls of cornstarch, mixed with three tablespoonfuls of cream, and the whites of the eggs stiffly beaten. Pour the mixture into two pie tins lined with pastry. Bake for 40 minutes. Beat up three whites of eggs stiffly, add one heaping tablespoonful of sugar and beat again, then spread over the top of pies, set in oven and brown.

Molasses Muffins.—Quarter cupful of molasses, three heaping teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-quarter teaspoonful of salt, three eggs, one-half a cupful of milk, one cupful of flour and three-fourths cupful of rye meal. Mix and sift dry ingredients; add remaining ingredients; beat well. Drop from a spoon into smoking hot fat and fry to a golden color. Drain and serve.

Parliament Molasses Cakes.—Two ounces of butter, one pound of molasses, one pound of flour, one tablespoonful ground ginger, pearlash size of a nut, small piece of alum. Melt the butter, add molasses, pour among flour, ginger, add pearlash and alum. Beat mixture till very smooth. Leave it to get cold, roll out thin, cut into long pieces and bake in a moderate oven for 25 minutes.

Lemon Meringue Pie.

Stir into one cup boiling water one tablespoonful cornstarch dissolved in a little cold water. Cook until thickened and clear, then add one cupful sugar, a teaspoonful butter and the juice and grated rind of two lemons. Add the beaten yolks of three eggs and take from the fire. Have ready the bottom crust that has been baked, first prick with a fork to prevent blisters. Place the custard in the crust and bake for half an hour. When done take from the oven and spread over the top a meringue made from the stiffly whipped whites of the eggs and three tablespoonfuls sugar. Shut off the heat in the oven so it will be cool, giving the meringue plenty of time to rise, stiffen and color to a delicate gold.

Two Cleansers.

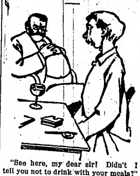
Boiled potatoes are an excellent substitute for soap when the hands have become soiled by contact with blackened pots and pans. Potato water should, besides, be kept for renovating silk.

Although vinegar may be used to clean the outside of copper cooking utensils, care should be taken to avoid letting any fall on the tin lining of the pan. To clean the pan inside and out, by far the best method is to scrub it with soda, hot water and soap. The outside may then be polished with a rag dipped in vinegar.

Stuffed Prunes.

When prunes are to be stuffed it is well to select large ones and soak them over night. Then cook them over so little. Drain and let them dry before stuffing. A mixture of chopped nuts and figs makes a delicious filling for this fruit. After stuffing, the prunes should be rolled in confectioner's sugar.

MEALING WITH HIS DRINK.



"See here, my dear sir! Didn't I tell you not to drink with your meals?"

"But, doctor, be reasonable. I have to eat some time."

NURSE TELLS OF SKIN CURES

"I have seen the Cuticura Remedies used with best results during the past twenty years. In my work as a nurse, many skin disease cases came under my observation, and in every instance, I always recommended the Cuticura Remedies as they always gave entire satisfaction. One case in particular was that of a lady friend of mine who, when a child, was afflicted with eczema which covered her face and hands entirely, breaking out at intervals with severer torture. She could not go to school as the disfigurement looked terrible. I told her to get at once a set of Cuticura Remedies. After the use of only one set she was perfectly well.

"A grown lady friend was afflicted with salt rheum in one of her thumbs, and she was cured by the Cuticura Remedies. Still another lady had dry salt rheum in both palms of her hands every fall of the year. They used to be so painful she could scarcely wet her hands until she began to use the Cuticura Remedies which cured her. I have also seen them cure children of ringworm. The children's faces would be all circles and rings around the cheeks, and the neck, and after treatment with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment they were completely cured. My husband had rheumatism on his arm and I used the Cuticura Ointment. It made his arm as limber and nice, whereas it was quite stiff before I began to apply the Ointment.

"Last May I had an ingrowing toe nail which was very painful, as the side of the nail was edging right down in the side of my toe. I cut the nail out of the cavity it made, and of course applied the Cuticura Ointment to the part affected. It soothed it and in less than ten nights it was all healed through constant use of the Ointment. Ten days ago I had my left hand and wrist burned with boiling lard, and Cuticura Ointment has completely cured them. I have just recommended the Cuticura Remedies to another friend, and she is pleased with the results and is recovering nicely. I will gladly furnish the names of the people referred to above if anybody doubts what I say." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Hederson, 77 Highland Ave., Malden, Mass., Oct. 1, 1910.

Different Now, of Course.

"Civil service reform has given us a splendid army of civil servants. It wasn't always so."

The speaker, Mayor Whitlock of Toledo, smiled.

"When I was writing my first short stories," he resumed, "we had civil servants of a different stamp. An elderly resident of my native Urbana sought out, back in those days, his congressman.

"'Congressman,' he said, 'I supported you at the polls, and now I expect you to get my boy a good civil service job.'

"'All right, friend,' the congressman answered, 'what can your boy do?'

"'Do?' snorted the other. 'What can he do? By crinus, man, if he could do anything, do you think I'd be bothering you?'"

A Sample Quip.

"Thomas W. Lawson's Thanksgiving proclamation was a very good piece of oratorical writing," said a Boston banker. "Lawson is always full of quips.

"Not long ago I attended the funeral of a millionaire financier—one of those real 'high financiers' whose low methods Lawson loves to turn the light on.

"I arrived at the funeral a little late. I took a seat beside Lawson and whispered:

"'How far has the service gone?'

"Lawson, nodding towards the clergyman in the pulpit, whispered back:

"'Just opened for the defense.'"

CHEATED FOR YEARS.

Prejudice Will Cheat Us Often If We Let It.

You will be astonished to find how largely you are influenced in every way by unreasoning prejudice. In many cases you will also find that the prejudice has swindled you, or rather, made you swindle yourself. A case in illustration:

"I have been a constant user of Grape-Nuts for nearly three years," says a correspondent, "and I am happy to say that I am well pleased with the result of the experiment, for such it has been.

"Seeing your advertisement in almost all of the periodicals, for a long time I looked upon it as a hoax. But after years of suffering with gaseous and bitter eructations from my stomach, together with more or less loss of appetite and flesh, I concluded to try Grape-Nuts food for a little time and note the result.

"I found it delicious, and it was not long till I began to experience the beneficial effects. My stomach resumed its normal state, the eructations and bitterness ceased and I have gained all my lost weight back.

"I am so well satisfied with the result that so long as I may live and retain my reason Grape-Nuts shall constitute quite a portion of my daily food."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

WHERE GALLANTRY CEASES

One Thing That a Woman Has No Right to Expect From a Man.

"I always believe," he gallantly said, "in yielding to the ladies."

"I suppose you always give way to your wife when you and she happen to have an argument?"

"Invariably."

"And you never fail to relinquish your seat in the car when it happens that some woman would have to stand unless you did so?"

"Certainly."

"Do you take off your hat when you get into an elevator where there are ladies?"

"I never fail to do that."

"If you had secured the last lower berth in a sleeper would you give it up to a lady who would otherwise have to occupy an upper?"

"Of course. I have done it frequently."

"In case you stood in line in front of a ticket window, would you be willing to go away back to the end so that some woman might have your place?"

"Say, what do you think I am—a fool?"

WEAK BACKS MADE STRONG.

Backache in most cases is kidney-ache, and usually accompanied by irregularities of the urine. To remove the pain and weakness, you must cure the kidneys. Do so with Doan's Kidney Pills. J. E. Dunlap, Kennet, Mo., says: "My condition was terrible. I was in bed for six weeks and could not move owing to intense pain in my back. My feet and limbs were swollen and urine scant and distressing. After taking doctor's treatments without relief, I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. They straightened me up in a hurry."

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

How the Fight Began.

Violette—I wish you would tell me how to get this pitch off my dress. I have tried everything I can think of.

Reginald—You might try a song. You always get off the pitch when you sing.—Judge.

For over fifty years Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and other painful ailments have been cured by Hamlins Wizard Oil. It is a good honest remedy and you will not regret having a bottle ready for use.

When the suffragettes get in power the office may really seek the man, simply because it is trying to dodge the woman.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

It is no use holding up the divine throne if you're treading on the children's toes to do it.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Hiding a tallow dip under a bushel does not make it an arc light.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Many who think they mean right are right mean.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Eradicates scrofula and all other humors, cures all their effects, makes the blood rich and abundant, strengthens all the vital organs. Take it.
Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

The Oldest Klickitat.

Jake Hunt, the oldest living Klickitat Indian known, lies at death's door at his home adjoining this town east of here. The old Indian is reputed to be more than 100 years of age.

Years ago an Indian village stood where the Hunt family now carries on a general farming business. All that is left of the old settlement is a little church, a totem pole and numerous mounds where the Klickitats lie who could not reach the century mark. Old Jake says that this was the Indians' paradise before the advent of early white settlers.

Jake Hunt is destined not to die a poor Indian. His lands are as rich and productive as any in the valley and command a high price. He is said to have married seven times during his long career, but there will be only a widow and a few children to fall heir to his valuable property.—Husum Correspondence Portland Oregonian.

IT IS A MISTAKE

Many have the idea that anything will sell if advertised strong enough. This is a great mistake. True, a few sales might be made by advertising an absolutely worthless article but it is only the article that is bought again and again that pays. An example of the big success of a worthy article is the enormous sale that has grown up for Cascarets Candy Cathartic. This wonderful record is the result of great merit successfully made known through persistent advertising and the mouth-to-mouth recommendation given Cascarets by its friends and users.

Like all great successes, trade pirates prey on the unsuspecting public, by marketing fake tablets similar in appearance to Cascarets. Care should always be exercised in purchasing well advertised goods, especially an article that has a national sale like Cascarets. Do not allow a substitute to be palmed off on you.

Communings by the Wayside.

Adam Zawfox—Jevver git through a winter 'thout workin'?

Job Sturkey—Yeh; I spent one winter in a workhouse.

Constipation
"For over nine years I suffered with chronic constipation and during this time I had to take an injection of warm water once every 24 hours before I could have an action on my bowels. Happily I tried Cascarets, and today I am a well man. During the nine years before I used Cascarets I suffered untold misery with internal piles. Thanks to you, I am free from all that this morning. You can use this in behalf of suffering humanity. B. F. Fisher, Roanoke, Ill.
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 930

PATENT secured or fee returned. Free examination of records. MILO B. STEVENS & CO. Estab. 1864. 853 14th St., Washington; 260 Dearborn St., Chicago.

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

N. W. N. U., NO. 4-1911.

Faint?
Have you weak heart, dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals? Or do you experience pain over the heart, shortness of breath on going up-stairs and the many distressing symptoms which indicate poor circulation and bad blood? A heart tonic, blood and body-builder that has stood the test of over 40 years of cures is
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery
The heart becomes regular as clock-work. The red blood corpuscles are increased in number—and the nerves in turn are well fed. The arteries are filled with good rich blood. That is why nervous debility, irritability, fainting spells, disappear and are overcome by this alterative extract of medicinal roots put up by Dr. Pierce without the use of alcohol. Ask your neighbor. Many have been cured of scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever-sores," white swellings, etc., by taking Dr. Pierce's Discovery. Just the refreshing and vitalizing tonic needed for excessive tissue waste, in convalescence from fevers or for run-down, anæmic, thin-blooded people. Stick to this safe and sane remedy and refuse all "just as good" kinds offered by the dealer who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing will do you half as much good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

BIG ENOUGH for the BIGGEST GAME
Remington
AUTOLOADING RIFLE

Five one-ton shots! As quick as you can pull the trigger and as straight to the mark as you can look.
Meeting a "big 'un" with this gun is like shooting a hole in a barn from the inside—and if the first ball shouldn't stop him, he can't gain a yard before he gets it again.
Remington Autoloading Rifle—solid breech, hammerless—ejects, reloads and cocks by recoil without the loss of an ounce of muzzle energy. The only automatic rifle which locks the cartridges in the chamber. Safest and best of big guns.
Made in .25, 30-30, .32 and .35 Remington calibres. "The Gun for the game Game." Inspect it at any dealers.
"Game Laws for 1910" mailed free.
THE REMINGTON ARMS COMPANY, Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE
For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever
Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

RHEUMATISM

THERE IS HOPE

I want every chronic rheumatic to throw away all medicines, all liniments, all plasters, and give MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM REMEDY a trial. No matter what your doctor may say, no matter what your friends may say, no matter how prejudiced you may be against all advertised remedies, go at once to your druggist and get a bottle of the RHEUMATISM REMEDY. If it fails to give satisfaction, I will refund your money.—Munyon

Remember this remedy contains no salicylic acid, no opium cocaine, morphine or other harmful drugs. It is put up under the guarantee of the Pure Food and Drug Act.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

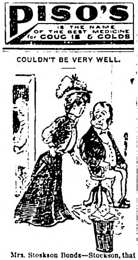
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PISO'S IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

COULDN'T BE VERY WELL.



Mrs. Stockson Bonds—Stockson, that stenographer of yours is whistling! Is she in the habit of whistling when alone?

Stockson Bonds—I don't know. I was never with her when she was alone!

Father's Vocal Talent.

Eddie's Aunt Emma, who had been traveling in Europe, was expected to reach the house at midnight, and Eddie begged to be allowed to stay up to greet her. But his mother refused to give consent. "No," she said, decidedly, "it would be five long hours after your bedtime, and you couldn't possibly stay awake as long as that."

"Oh, yes, I can," Eddie wailed; "I can if papa will sing lullabies to me."—Woman's Home Companion.

Motherly Advice.

Margery was playing school with her dolls. The class in physiology was reciting.

"Now, children," she said, "what are your hands for?"

"To keep clean," was the prompt reply.

"Yes," repeated the little teacher, "hands were given us so we could keep them clean, and 'member, too," she added, "we must keep our feet clean, 'cause there might be an accident."—Metropolitan Magazine.

A Friendly Tip.

"Now that provisions are lower, Mrs. Hasher," said the fussy boarder, "don't you think you ought to reduce your rates?"

"No, indeed," replied the landlady. "I find it hard to pay my debts as it is."

"But," suggested the fussy boarder, "if you paid in advance as you make others do, you would have no debts."

Army of Telegraphers.

The telegraph companies of this country employ about 30,000 persons. This does not include the railroad service.

Without a Cook?

Never mind—you can have a good breakfast if there's a package of

Post Toasties

in the house.

This delicious food, ready to serve without cooking, is always welcome and makes

Breakfast a Delight

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., LTD., Battle Creek, Mich.

City Items in Terse Form

Metropolitan News of Interest to All Readers

City Rube Shows Foolish Curiosity

WONDER WHAT HE IS DOIN'

CHICAGO.—When the gentleman from the rural districts arrives in the city and gazes in amazement at the high buildings and looks with awe into the subway he is immediately set down as a Rube with hayseed in his hair and given the merry laugh by the wise city guy, who will then proceed down the street and stand for half an hour on a curbstone to watch an automobilist inflate a punctured tire, or proceed to murder a perfectly good quarter of an hour watching a cook browning the wheats in a restaurant window.

But for absolutely pure and undiluted inquisitiveness you've got to hand it to the city man, for he is right there with the research stuff. He will poke fun at his wife for her knowledge on the subject of the neighbor's doings, but he can show more genuine interest in absolutely nothing that you can imagine, and nothing out of the ordinary run of things in city streets is too small to claim his attention.

He will let his dinner get cold any day to watch a man sitting on the head of a fallen horse or to stare into a hardware store window where some demonstrator is busily engaged whittling on a stick of cordwood with a razor.

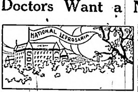
He will send the shoestring vender on his way before he has got his foot fairly inside the threshold of the office door, but will stop upon the street at any time to listen to the remarks of another vender, who is wildly demonstrating a patent collar button.

He is amused as a child with a new toy when he can come across a broken-down ice wagon or watch a man laying gold letters upon a store window.

He will turn himself inside out to get a glimpse of a picture carried under the arm of some citizen, which picture he would never glance at were it hung in some prominent place.

Many a visitor to a city has been badly stung by the simple tastes of the natives in the matter of something exciting. A stranger, coming up one of the main thoroughfares and seeing a crowd of a couple of hundred people, naturally looks for some sort of a catastrophe, and after working his way to the center of the crowd to see them gazing at some new-fangled motor cycle, or watching a laborer ascending from a manhole, is naturally chagrined.

Doctors Want a National Leprosaria



NEW YORK.—Nine lepers, inmates of institutions in the vicinity of this city, were exhibited the other night for public examination at a gathering of physicians in the Academy of Medicine. One of the patients, a Chinaman, was from Paterson, N. J.; two were from Brooklyn, two from the city hospital, three from the skin and cancer hospital. The purpose of exhibiting the lepers is stated to be the beginning of an effort "to educate the public away from the hysterical attiture it has heretofore shown whenever the presence of a leper becomes a matter of general knowledge."

It was declared that the attitude of the people in general toward lepers has not in the least advanced since the middle ages, and that, as a result, many lepers, in fear and terror, conceal the fact that they aer suffering from the disease instead of applying for and receiving humane and intelligent treatment. There are at present 25 cases of leprosy under treatment in New York and vicinity. Many of these patients, it is said, make occasional visits to the shopping district, to banks, or to hospitals, riding openly in trains, street cars and ferry boats.

Six physicians from different parts of the United States and the American colonial possessions discussed leprosy at the meeting, and all agreed that in New York city there is no likelihood of infection. They declare in favor of a national leprosaria, with stations in Florida and San Francisco, urging in favor of such an institution that it was impracticable for the states to take action on account of the small number of cases in each state and it was unfair from a national standpoint to allow one state to drive its lepers across the border into other states. There are now on record, it was asserted, 278 cases in the United States, 176 of them being men and 102 women. Five seaboard states contain almost all of the recorded cases, New York, South Carolina, Florida, California and Massachusetts leading in the order named.

Dr. Charles W. Duval of Tulane university, New Orleans, described his experiments in segregating the bacilli of the disease and his final success in propagating the germs outside of the human body.

Reno Divorce Colony Is Threatened

NEVADA
GOODNESS! I HOPE THEY WAIT UNTIL I GET MY DIVORCE

RENO, NEV.—One of Nevada's chief industries—the granting of divorce while you wait—is in danger of destruction because the gamblers of the state have been put out of business. The legislature will be asked to repeal the law that makes the gamblers go to work, and, if this cannot be accomplished, a bill will be introduced amending the present divorce law and making it as hard to get a divorce here as it is in other states.

Under the present law six months' residence is all that is required, and the divorce colony, all of them good spenders and unemployed while here waiting for the time to tell the court about matrimonial troubles, are a fine source of income.

Not even the most enthusiastic Nevadan believes that these well-to-do, fashionable people of the east come out here because they like the climate, scenery or residents. They come because it offers the shortest route by half of any that leads from matrimony.

In any other state a year's residence is required and Reno is preferred by those in a hurry to living a year under more congenial surroundings.

It is expected that an effort will be made to effect a compromise with those who insist upon this action as retaliation for driving the gambling houses out of the state.

Southern counties are clamoring for the raising of the gambling lid and say they cannot get along without the gambling houses to attract men to town. Reno and Carson City, where the divorce business is liveliest, are determined there shall be no tinkering with the divorce laws. The hotel men, livery men and lawyers are panic-stricken at the prospect of losing business from the colony of women and men who have nothing to do during the six months they are here but spend money.

Mules Run Away With Blazing Cotton

GUTHRIE, OKLA.—With lint cotton selling at $75 a bale, thefts of cotton are frequent in Oklahoma. A bale is rolled from a car into the weeds, or taken from a farmer's barn into his field, and at night the thieves return with a wagon and team and haul the cotton to a nearby town, where it finds ready sale.

Two bales of cotton were found in a ravine at the roadside near Guthrie. The fact was reported to the sheriff, who placed night guards to arrest the persons that came for the cotton. Shortly after midnight three men approached a bale and began rolling it down the highway. When the thieves were commanded to halt, under arrest, they fled and the officers opened fire. One of the thieves, all negroes, was captured, the others escaping.

News of the arrest was telephoned to the sheriff, who got out of bed and started for the scene. The two fugitives had returned with a wagon, and were loading in the cotton when they were surprised and arrested by the sheriff. The other officers came up, and the three captives were handcuffed and put into their wagons. On the way to town one of the negroes stepped on his gun, concealed at the bottom of the wagon, and it exploded, the bullet narrowly missing one of the mules ahead, and the mules ran away.

By the time they were stopped the bale of cotton was on fire, and a strong wind was blowing, with no water near. It was decided to make a fast drive to town, and call out the fire department. The faster the mules ran the higher burned the blazing cotton, scorching one of the negroes. The wagon next caught fire. The fire department put out the flames, but the cotton was destroyed and the wagon ruined.

Goes Higher Up.

Henrietta, aged six, is fond of ham, which has been decreed not good for her. The maternal mandate that she must not eat it, even though the forbidden dainty was offered, proved trying. Henrietta made it a subject of prayer. "Dear God," she was overheard pleading, "keep my papa from putting ham on my plate until I can eat it. I can 'sist the temptation when the ham isn't there, but when it is, my soul seems very weak."

Diamond in a Cigar.

Citizens of Hubbard stopping at a local hotel here and attending district court tell a strange story of suddenly acquired wealth. Will Kyle a few days ago bought a cigar from a dealer at that place. The cigar giving poor service on account of some impediment in the drapping. an examination was made with a penknife and a diamond was found. The sparkler is valued at $225. — Hillsboro Correspondence Houston Post.

HOW TO CLEAN THE METALS

Use Salt and Broken Egg Shells on Enameled Pans and Soda on Galvanized Baths.

Enameled pans should be steeped, the soot removed and then washed with hot water, any burned parts being removed by rubbing them with a coarse flannel dipped in salt and broken egg shells. Then rinse well and dry both inside and out.

Galvanized baths and the like should be rinsed out with hot water and soda directly after they are used. To clean them thoroughly scrub well with soap and water to which soda has been added; dry and then rub with a piece of house flannel dipped first in paraffin and then in silver sand or powdered bath brick until bright. Rinse first in hot and then in cold water and allow to dry in a draft in order to remove the smell of the paraffin.

Tin can be cleaned with whiting mixed to a stiff paste with water or ammonia, but all the powder must be brushed off when dry. Another method is to slice down thinly four ounces of yellow soap and pour over one quart of cold water. Allow this to stand for a day in order to dissolve. Then add a pound of the best whiting, bring it all to a boiling point, keeping it well stirred, so as to insure all being properly mixed; then leave it until cold, when two ounces of spirits of hartshorn are added. Keep this mixture in tightly corked bottles.

Wash zinc thoroughly with warm water. After rubbing it dry rub again with a cloth dipped in either paraffin or turpentine.

English Buns.

One cake of least, three-fourths cup lukewarm milk, one quart sifted flour, four eggs, one-half cup butter, five tablespoons sugar, one-half teaspoon salt, three tablespoons chopped almonds. Sift flour and salt into bowl, make well in center, break eggs in whole, then add the butter and the milk in which the yeast has been dissolved. Mix thoroughly with a mixing spoon and set aside to rise in a warm place, free from draft, for one and one-half hours. When light turn out on floured kneading board, sprinkle with sugar and chopped almonds and work them into the mass thoroughly by drawing the tips of the fingers lightly and quickly through the dough. Do not knead, then drop by tablespoons, half an inch apart, into greased baking pans, let rise for ten minutes and bake for 20 minutes in a hot oven. The whole process takes about two hours and ten minutes. This recipe will make two dozen buns.

Braised Beef.

A good sized iron or agate ware kettle, with fitted cover is necessary for braised beef. Select 4 or 5 pounds of the bottom of the round; cut into small tubes one cup each of turnip, carrot and onion. Put into kettle and cover with a can of tomato soup; fill the emptied can twice with water and add; wipe meat; sprinkle with salt and pepper and dredge with flour; place meat on bed of vegetables and cook about four hours, turning and basting occasionally; It may be necessary to add more water; as there should be a little over a pint when cooked.

When done strain off vegetables and serve around meat on the platter; thicken gravy with flour and pour over meat or serve separately as preferred.

Kitchen and Pantry.

In making cakes, whatever eggs are to be used should be added after all the ingredients are well mixed. By observing this rule two eggs will be found to go as far in enriching the cake and making it light as three would if added at an earlier stage of the preparation.

A teaspoon of salt in the water in the outside vessel of a double boiler will raise the temperature of the contents of the inner vessel. A cereal may be made to boil in this way without danger of burning.

Lemon dipped in salt will clean copper kettles and other metal articles successfully. Afterward they must be well rinsed in clean water and be polished with a soft cloth.

Baked Carrots.

These are very nice and very nourishing, simple and inexpensive: Take 3 or 4 good-sized carrots and cut into dice; put over a moderate fire in slightly salted water and simmer gently (don't boil hard) until very tender; drain off all the water, then mash fine and season with salt, pepper and a little butter; turn into a deep pudding dish and cover with fine cracker or bread crumbs; sprinkle a little salt and a dust of pepper over and 3 or 4 tiny bits of butter; put into a good oven and bake until the crumbs are a delicate brown; serve hot.

To Utilize Pieces of Soap.

Small pieces of toilet soap should be saved from the soap dishes, and when a sufficient quantity has ben collected it should be cut into shavings and dissolved in boiling water. Measure the soap, and to each cupful put two cupfuls of water. When the soap is dissolved, add enough fine oatmeal to make a stiff batter. The mixture is then turned into molds, and when dry makes an excellent soap for the skin.

Dumplings.

Two cups flour, 2 teaspoons baking powder, a little salt. Sift three times. Mix with milk. Put into boiling stew. Cover the kettle with a white cloth, then put on the cover and hold it down with weights to keep out the air. Allow 20 minutes of hard boiling. Take them up and serve immediately. They should be kept lively all the way through.

Baked Hash.

Two cups of meat, one tablespoon of butter, two cups of potatoes, two cups of stock, seasoning to taste. Melt the butter in the frying pan, add the stock, and when heated the meat and potatoes well mixed. Season to taste and stir occasionally until well heated. Turn in to a greased baking dish and bake 30 minutes in a moderately hot oven.

TEN MILLION PEOPLE IN THE CANADIAN WEST BY 1920

"Toronto Star," Dec. 16th, 1910.

The prediction is made that before 1920 Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia will have ten million people. It is made not by a sanguine Western journal but by that very sober business newspaper, the New York Commercial. It is based upon actual observation, upon the wheat-growing capacity of the Canadian West, and upon the prospects of development following the building of railways. The writer shows how the position of leading wheat market of the world passed from Milwaukee to Minneapolis and thence to Winnipeg. Canada's wheat-growing belt is four times greater than that of the United States, and only five per cent of Canada's western agricultural area is under cultivation. There are 170,000,000 acres of wheat lands which will make these Western Provinces richer, more populous, more dependable for food supplies than the Western States can ever become. The center of food supremacy will change to Canada, and 25 years more will give this country 40,000,000 population west of Ontario.

All these estimates of population are in the nature of guesses, and must not be read too literally. But the enormous area of wheat-growing land, the rapid construction of railways, and the large volume of immigration are facts which must be recognized. They point to the production of an ever-increasing surplus of wheat and other cereals. However rapidly the urban, the industrial and commercial population of Canada may increase, the increase of home consumption is hardly likely to keep pace with that of the production of wheat; for a single acre of wheat will provide for the average annual consumption of four people.

While production in Canada is thus running ahead of consumption at a prodigious rate, consumption in the United States is overtaking production, and the surplus for export is growing smaller year by year. It is true that the limit of actual power to produce wheat is as yet far away. By methods of intensive cultivation, such as prevail in France, the production could be greatly increased. But with the overflowing granary of Canada so close at hand, it seems likely that our neighbors will begin to import from us, turning their own energies more largely to other forms of agriculture.

It must be remembered that while the Northern States resemble Canada in climate and products, the resemblance diminishes as you go southward. The wheat belt gives place to a corn belt, and this again to semi-tropical regions producing cotton, tobacco, cane-sugar, oranges and other tropical fruits.

The man who secures a farm in Western Canada at the present time secures an investment better than the best of bond of any government or bank. It is no unusual thing for a farmer in Western Canada to realize a profit of from $5 to $10 per acre. There are thousands of free homesteads of 160 acres each still to be had, and particulars can be obtained by writing your nearest Canadian government agent.

The Wise Bishop.

To the brilliant Episcopal bishop of Tennessee, Dr. Thomas F. Gailor, a Memphis man of rather narrow views complained about charity balls.

"I doubt if it be quite reverent, bishop," the man said, "to give a ball for the purposes of charity."

But Bishop Gailor, with a saving burst of common sense, laughed and replied:

"Why, my dear fellow, I'm sure, if it would do anybody any good, I'd dance the whole length of Memphis in full canonicals."

One of the worst things under the sun is a shady reputation.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

If some men were compelled to pay as they go they would stay.

Woman's Danger Periods Made Safe

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The Change of Life is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs. Here is proof:

Natick, Mass.,—"I cannot express what I went through during the Change of Life before I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was in such a nervous condition I could not keep still. My limbs were cold. I had creepy sensations and could not sleep nights. I was finally told by two physicians that I had a tumor.

"I read one day of the wonderful cures made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it, and it has made me a well woman. My neighbors and friends declare it has worked a miracle for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold for women during this period of life. If it will help others you may publish this letter."—Mrs. Nathan B. Greaton, 51 No. Main St., Natick, Mass.

ANOTHER SIMILAR CASE.

Cornwallville, N. Y.—"I have been taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for some time for Change of Life, nervousness, and a fibroid growth.

"Two doctors advised me to go to the hospital, but one day while I was away visiting, I met a woman who told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and I know it helped me wonderfully. I am very thankful that I was told to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Wm. Boughton, Cornwallville, N. Y., Greene Co.

The makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have thousands of such letters as those above—they tell the truth, else they could not have been obtained for love or money. This medicine is no stranger—it has stood the test for years.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

☞ Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

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A Genuine Edison Phonograph of the very latest improved type, the "Fireside" model, which has the new combination reproducer so you can play both 2 minute and 4 minute records. A Lin-O-Tone Horn made of pure linen without seam or joint, beautifully finished in vermillion and gold. This new horn is the latest improvement over the old style metal horn and gives a much smoother, more distinct and mellow tone. Also seven Edison Standard Gold Moulded Records and five Edison Amberol 4 Minute Records (your own selection), also a bottle of oil, oil can and record brush

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All you need to pay down is $3.95 The balance you can pay monthly or as little as $1.00 a week. The price is the same if you pay all cash, for $29.95 is the very lowest possible price for this outfit. We pay all transportation charges to your nearest town. $3.95 puts you in possession of this first-class outfit, which will give you and all the family a delightful musical entertainment every evening this winter and for many years to come. There is no end to the variety of music a good phonograph like this will give you: Music by famous bands, songs by the best singers, the popular "Hits" and the old favorites, solos, quartettes, hymns, dance music, opera, etc. Write us (postal card will do) for free catalogs of Edison Phonographs and Records. Send $3.95 now and we will ship you this great special outfit. We guarantee satisfaction. Remember you pay no freight or express if you order now.

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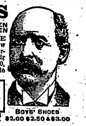

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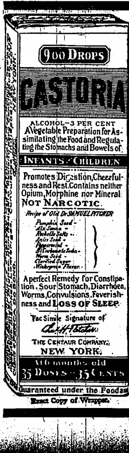

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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Pumpkin Seed -
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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Guaranteed under the Food and

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

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Free homestead and preemption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

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HAD LITTLE RAIN

DRIEST YEAR IN HISTORY OF STATE FOR 20 YEAS, IS VERDICT OF TABLES.

RECORD FOR 20 YEARS

No Serious Storms Noted—Average Temperature Shown to Have Been Normal During Year.

St. Paul.—The driest year in the history of the state for the last 20 years and perhaps much further back, is the record of 1910 in Minnesota. Less than half the average rainfall and less than one-third the rainfall of some years is the official report that to those who know means a vision of burning vegetation, choking dust, sleepless nights, water famine and the loss of millions to the state. The rainfall was only 11.59 inches.

Not only did crops suffer but many thousands of dollars were lost in river towns where dependence was placed on the river for power. At Winona during August the manufacturing plants of the city were often shut down for hours at a time because the narrowing Mississippi refused to turn the water wheels or to allow the water plant's pipes to suck up the water needed for fire protection and human consumption.

Many Prayers for Rain.

It is said that more prayers were made during the summer of 1910 in Minnesota than ever before and it was no uncommon thing for an entire family to gather about the sitting room at night and pray for rain to save the withering grain and scorched fruit. The roaring of thunder was a sweeter sound in Minnesota last summer than the finest strain of symphony orchestra.

Storms whose fury has made them historical marks and from which events were figured, were almost entirely lacking during the year. Even the hail storms during which hail "as large as goose eggs" fell, were not recorded and instead of the oldest inhabitant regaling the "cracker box debating society" with stories of the big storms of '63, the time was spent in trying to recall a like draught.

There were some other unusual phenomena during the year, including the fact that March, 1910, was the warmest month in the last 25 years. The average temperature was over 41. The hottest day was not in August as one might expect, but in June. On the last day of that month the mercury climbed to 102.

Temperatures Were Normal.

In spite of the fact that some queer temperatures were taken the average for the year was normal, it being 46.01. The coldest day was at Bagley, where it registered 43 below zero on Feb. 18.

The past month is said to have been very mild in comparison with other years and will have a high general average. The regularly report of the Minneapolis branch of the weather bureau will be issued in a few days. Following is a table of the yearly average rainfall and temperature for the last 20 years:

	Rainfall Inches	Temperature
1891	24.81	45.6
1892	36.72	44.2
1893	29.93	43.1
1894	22.84	47.2
1895	21.44	44.6
1896	30.65	45.0
1897	28.37	44.1
1898	25.92	45.6
1899	24.93	44.4
1900	34.80	46.3
1901	22.30	45.2
1902	32.01	44.9
1903	36.19	43.1
1904	31.23	42.2
1905	33.49	43.9
1906	35.14	45.0
1907	36.30	42.6
1908	34.18	46.2
1909	29.95	43.8
1910	11.59	46.1

WILL RUN AS INDEPENDENTS.

Office-Holding Element Prepares for Primary at St. Cloud.

St. Cloud.—At a meeting of democratic city officials who plan to be candidates for re-election it was decided to run as independents. City Attorney Bennett hold that St. Cloud is compelled to have a primary election. It was further discovered that yesterday was the last day for filing, and at the eleventh hour it came to light that as St. Cloud is partly in Stearns county, partly in Benton and a little corner in Sherburne, it is necessary for the candidates from the city at large to file with the secretary of state. For this reason it was decided that all candidates will run independently, hence at the primary election there will be no names on the ballots.

HOMESTEADERS' CASE ARGUED.

Supreme Court Considers 200 Minnesota Titles.

St. Cloud.—The Wass case, an action in which a test is being made by the Northern Pacific, which involves the titles of about 200 homesteaders in Morrison and Todd counties, has been argued for a second time in United States supreme court. The case is being watched with interest by the homesteaders of the two northern counties.

SOCIALISTS ARE DISAPPOINTED.

Crewd at Girard, Kas., Do Not See Convicted Editor Jailed.

Fort Scott, Kansas. — Expecting to attend the demonstration at the incarceration of Fred Waren, editor of the Appeal to Reason, convicted of improper use of the mails, many Socialists from all parts of the country came here. They erred as to the date. The mandate of the court of appeals authorizing his imprisonment has not been received here.

MINNESOTA BOOSTERS MEET.

State Federation of Commercial Clubs Begins Annual Convention.

St. Paul. — With "Keep pushing; talk Minnesota," for their rallying cry, scores of men devoted to furthering the interests of the state assembled in this city in the parlors of the St. Paul Commercial Club. They are members of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial Clubs and are holding their fourth annnual convention. President D. M. Neill, of Red Wing, was in the chair and introduced the mayor, Herbert P. Keller, who welcomed the delegates to the city. Then Louis Betz, president of the local Commercial Club, greeted the visitors. Governor Eberhart followed with the chief address of the morning, his subject being "The Value of United Effort."

In the afternoon, after the committee on credentials had reported, the subject of development work in Minnesota was taken up. President J. H. Worst, of the North Dakota Agricultural college, spoke on agricultural education. State Auditor S. G. Iverson on good roads, W. J. Whipple, of Winona, on "Government Roads vs. the Improvement of the Mississippi River," and A. B. Hostetter, of Duluth, on "What the Commercial Club Can Do for the Farmer." Tonight there will be a banquet.

The closing subject will be "Advertising Minnesota's Resources," with addresses by Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific railroad; E. H. Canfield, of Luverne, and Will A. Campbell, of Omaha.

SLEEPING CHILDREN TRAPPED.

Father Is Killed by Blast of Fire in Farmhouse Kitchen.

Albert Lea. — The last report from the fatal fire in the township of Riceland shows N. C. Jenson, instead of Hanson, and three of his children died in the burning house.

Mrs. Jenson escaped from the burning building in her night clothes and barefooted, and after tying sacks on her feet walked through the snow to a neighbor for help.

Three children, aged 6, 4 and 2 years, were burned in their beds, probably smothering, as the fire burned fiercely. Mr. Jenson arose, says his widow, about 6 a. m. to build a fire in the kitchen, and shortly after he left the room. Mrs. Jenson heard him give a loud cry and there was a noise like an explosion and as she opened the door the flames rushed in so she could not shut it. She does not know how she escaped.

Mother and Children Flee.

Two other children, Esther, aged 11 year, and Albert, 9 years old, with the infant in Mrs. Jenson's arms, escaped, but Esther is badly burned about the head and hands and she was brought to the hospital here for treatment. Probably all four will recover, but the eldest of the children is in a serious condition and will be badly scarred from the burns.

Mr. Jenson was 55 years old and rented the farm on which he resided, the place being 10 or 11 miles east of this city. Every aid possible is being extended by the neighbors and the sufferers will be made as comfortable as can be under the circumstances.

FOR SOLICITING A BRIBE.

Indictment of Former County Official Causes Sensation.

Fergus Falls.—A sensation was created here by the indictment of Martin Aalberg, former county surveyor, on the charge of soliciting a bribe. This county has had about forty ditches dug in recent years, and under the law the county commissioners appoint an engineer to draw plans and specifications for each ditch and to have some supervision over it. This engineer certifies when a ditch is completed, and the contractor then secures his pay.

Mr. Aalberg has acted as engineer in many such cases and the indictment charges that he agreed to certify to the county board that a ditch in the vicinity of New York Mills was completed provided the contractor, Matt Lohi, would give him $60, when the truth was that the ditch was not completed, according to plans and specifications, at the time.

Aalberg was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. He asked for an immediate trial, and the case was set for Friday. County Attorney Thompson has been Mr. Aalberg's neighbor for years and has asked that an outside attorney prosecute the case.

LITTLE JAR AT ST. CLOUD.

Mayor and Councilmen Disagree Over Tax on Public Dances.

St. Cloud.—Mayor D. H. Freeman and the city councilmen have locked horns. The council meeting instructed City Treasurer Rosholl to refund all licenses which had been charged for public dances since the first of the year, as the city attorney had reported he could see no authority for levying a license of $5 upon public dances as exhibitions.

MEMORIAL SCULPTOR HERE.

Andrew O'Connor to Confer With Memorial Commission.

St. Paul. — Andrew O'Connor of Paris, sculptor for the John A. Johnson memorial commission, is in St. Paul, to remain several days in conference with the committee that is engaged in planning for the monument to Governor Johnson. Mr. O'Connor submitted his first designs last fall, but they met with considerable criticism and were rejected.

Aberdeen Rail Station Burns.

Aberdeen, S. D. — The division headquarters, local freight houses and passenger station of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad here were burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

New Mexico Favors Charter.

Santa Fe, N. M. — The official vote of New Mexico on the constitution will not be known for several days. The unofficial returns, however, confirm the predicted majority of 17,000 for the constitution.

QUEEN OF THE ADRIATIC HALF DROWNED

THE PIAZZA OF ST. MARK'S UNDER WATER

THE winter floods that are causing great losses and distress over much of central and southern Europe have affected Venice also and many of the usually dry spots of that city of canals have been inundated. Even the Piazza of St. Mark's, to which visitors first hurry, has been entirely flooded and presented a novel appearance to those familiar with the ordinary aspect of this most famous sight of the Queen of the Adriatic.

AGE ON MATRIMONY

Speaker Recommends 21 Years as the Limit.

President of Eugenic Society Explains to English Royal Commission His Views on Marriage—Certificate of Fitness

London.—The eugenic view of matrimony, including the proposal to establish a new age limit for marriage, was explained to the royal commission on divorce by Mr. Montague Crackenthorpe, K. C., president of the Eugenic Society.

In this view, he said, marriage was an institution designed, amongst other things, for the continuance of the human race. It should, therefore, be regulated by the community, which had a great interest in the children born into it.

One-half of eugenic teaching was concerned with the production of the fit, the other with the elimination of the unfit. So when certain defects were present before marriage in one of the intending parties the marriage should not take place, and if they developed after marriage it should be dissoluble at the instance of the unblemished party.

It is absolutely cruel that a man should marry a girl of whom he knows very little—except that he has met her in society and regarded her as a charming object—and shortly after marriage she should show herself of unsound mind and has to be put away, and that man is made a celibate against his will.

As to the equality of the sexes, it was contended that there should be perfect equality, but biologically the sexes were not and never could be made equal. The sexes started equal, but with adolescence they differentiated and nature had ordained that.

The sexes were not equal, for you must consider consequences. If a single act on the part of a man be followed by the same legal consequence as misconduct on the part of a wife divorce will be made too "easy," for a little collusion would always bring about a divorce.

"Marriage," continued Mr. Crackanthorpe, "should only be permitted after a certificate of fitness for matrimony had been obtained.

"Moreover, no man should be 'allowed to marry before the age of twenty-one and no woman before the age of eighteen."

Witness said that in suggesting these rules, the Eugenic Society had not forgotten that marriage involved questions of sex instinct and passion. These rules might have been found impracticable in every age, race and country in the past, but "what may not be practicable in one age may be practicable in another."

"Banns," he continued, "were inadequate as at present published. They should be published in an official 'matrimonial gazette.'"

He was followed by F. W. Mott, of Charing Cross hospital, and pathologist of the L. C. C. asylums. He had been nominated by the Eugenic Society, he said, to give evidence on insanity and inebriety.

He dealt first with heredity and insanity. There were twenty thousand lunatics in London asylums. Two thousand who had been in the asylums in the last two years had relatives in asylums. He advocated divorce in cases of chronic, incurable insanity as beneficial to the individual and to society.

Drink, he went on, had a pernicious effect on mentally unstable people, and caused the sending of many to asylums. A very small quantity made them anti-social and insane. He did not find that the children of drunkards were feeble minded, but if the influence existed for two or three generations disease manifested itself.

Dr. Chambers, joint editor of the Journal of Mental Science, said that the remedy lay not in making insanity a ground for divorce, but in preventing the marriage of the unfit. The knowledge that insanity was a ground for divorce would have a prejudicial effect on the mental health of some people, and would distress the minds and retards the recoveries of many of the insane who were under care.

The last witness of the day was Dr. G. H. Savage, the famous mental expert, who has forty years' experience in the treatment of the insane. He had written to medical officers of asylums asking whether insanity was a justifiable ground for divorce, receiving eighty-two replies. These were: Yes, 51; no, 29; indifferent, 2.

He himself thought that, despite the existence of a very large number of cases of individual hardship, there was no ground for immediate action.

Airships to Scare Natives

That Is the Plan of the Author of Bill Now Before French Chamber of Deputies.

Paris.—A project for the use of aeroplanes with which to frighten the natives of the French colonies in Africa into submission has been introduced in the chamber of deputies in the form of a bill providing for an appropriation of $80,000 for "colonial military aviation." It seems probable that the measure will be passed in view of the recent defeat of the French by the tribesmen of Onadai, when Colonel Moll, commander of the French forces, was among the slain. Deputy Gasparin, who is a strong advocate of the plan, said today:

"Would the sad events at Onadai have hapened if Colonel Moll had at his disposition a few aeroplanes? Perhaps not. Anyway, in the desert regions, where the means of transportation are very meager, the aeroplane could be used to carry orders. Certainly the sight of a great white-winged airship sailing overhead would be sufficient to inspire the natives with a salutary fear and tend to calm their warlike feelings. They would understand that they had no chance against the power of France and would submit to its domination loyally.

"Yes, there should be aeroplanes not only in West Africa but also in Indo-China, the Kongo and Madagascar. The last named country offers superior conditions for experiments. The inhabitants have long demanded a railway connecting Tananarivo with the west coast. Instead of devoting immense sums to this work and burdening the colony with heavy debts, why not consider an aeroplane service? I understand that M. Picquie, governor of the island, is actually studying the question of using aeroplanes for carrying the mails. Undoubtedly French prestige will be tremendously increased when the natives behold the first aeroplane skimming over the capital of Madagascar."

Warm Current Is Found.

St. Petersburg.—The Russian expedition under Geologist M. Rusanoff has discovered a warm ocean current around Nova Zembla, but not passing through the Kara sea, where Nansen and others sought for such a current. It is expected that in consequence of the discovery the maratime route to the mouths of Siberian rivers will henceforth be north instead of south of Nova Zembla.

2,500,000 More Subjects of Czar.

St. Petersburg.—This year's census of the Russian empire adds another 6,000,000 to the population as enumerated in 1908. The czar's subjects now number 160,0000,000 and increase every year by 2,500,000 despite wars, epidemics and internal disturbances.

Billy Goat Thrashes Cop

Butting and Bucking He Sends Policeman Skidding—Animal Is Finally Killed.

Pittsburg, Pa.—For assaulting a policeman, breaking his mace, crushing his helmet over his ears, tearing his clothes and making him the laughing stock of the community, Billy Clark was killed. Everyone in Woods Run—or at least around Harland avenue and Sarah street—knew Bill. He was a goat owned by Patrick Clark of 86 Sarah street, and the Clark children had him broken to harness.

At 9 o'clock the other night the goat broke out of its shed and went to Harland avenue, where it drove many young coasters up telegraph poles, etc. Officer Michael Redman was told that "Bill Clark was on another tear," and he hurried to the scene. Bill was holding Harland avenue.

"Come here to me, Bill," said the officer very sweetly, and he approached the goat cautiously with mace unsheathed. The goat "came" before Redman expected it and the officer sped for some distance along the icy pavement on the peak of his helmet and his stomach. As the policeman sat up and looked around the goat made another charge. Redman struck the animal over the head with his mace. The mace was shattered and a piece of it flying through the air broke a window, but it did not stop Bill.

The policeman then seized the goat by the horns. For the next three minutes the fight was even and spectators cheered. Finally Redman drew his revolver and killed Bill.

Japanese Print Brings $1,150.

London.—A copy of the most famous print of the Japanese artist, Utamaro, "The Divers of Ise," realized the record price of $1,150 at Messrs. Sotheby's rooms. In 1871 a copy made $210 and in 1907 another copy realized $260.

CARROT IN PLACE OF EGGS

Teacher of Minneapolis Cooking School Finds Excellent Substitute Saving in Cost.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Carrots are being used as a substitute for eggs in the evening class of the public cooking school.

Tho teacher, Miss Frich, has been obliged to curtail the use of eggs as the price has soared. She got along nicely until the approach of the holidays season, when all the students wanted to learn how to cook English plum pudding. Lots of eggs are needed in plum pudding, and Miss Frich found she could not afford to teach the students a plum pudding course unless she found a substitute for eggs.

After a long series of experiments Miss Frich solved the problem. She found that mashed carrots are an excellent substitute for eggs. The results are equally satisfactory. The man who eats the product does not know the difference, she declares, and the saving in cost is wonderful.

Dog's Smiles Hang a Jury

Mute Witness, Charged With Having Bitten Boys, Saves Master From Heavy Damages.

New York.—In spite of his merrily wagging tail and his broad grin, Bang got a pretty bad name. Eleven-year-old Sophie Kann told Judge O'Dwyer in the city court that Bang had bitten her over one eye. Willie Silverstein fifteen years old, a student in the city college, exhibited a torn ear as another result fo Bang's viciouness.

Bang, who is a setter, came to court as star witness for himself in Sophie's father's suit for $2,000 damages against Hiram D. Phelps, 166 Thirty-sixth street and Willis avenue. Bang's owner. On taking the stand Bang looked pleasantly about the court room and genially remarked "Woof." Turning to the judge he announced "Garoof gur-r." Then Bang made the round of the jurors, graciously letting each one scratch his head.

But tiny Sophie gave him a character far different from that he gave himself. She showed her torn forehead and told how Bang had done it. She and other children were playing in front of Phelp's office, she said, and went close to his auto. Bang leaped from the machine and bit her. Willie Silverstein said that two weeks before Sophie's accident Bang had bitten him under similar circumstances.

Louis Steckler, counsel for Phelps pleaded to the jury that the dog be allowed one bite. "And all the evidence shows only one nip was taken," he added. After remaining out two hours the jurors were unable to agree and Judge O'Dwyer instructed them to bring in a sealed verdict.

Memorial for Julia Ward Howe.

Boston.—A memorial painting of the late Julia Ward Howe will be added to the portrait collection in Faneuil hall, according to plans just perfected at a public meeting. The painting is to cost $3,000 and the money is to be raised by subscription.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—A comprehensive educational bill abolishing the board of regents of the state university and eliminating every educational board was submitted to the house committee on education by Representative W. T. Stone of Park Rapids. It calls for the creation of an entirely new system of educational supervision in Minnesota and is along the lines of the recommendation made by Governor Eberhart to centralize responsibility in state government.

Mr. Stone proposes the creation of a state educational commission to consist of five members to be appointed by the governor. This board is to act in a supervisory capacity over every state educational institution in the state.

W. I. Nolan's resolution providing for a record of the roll calls on the final vote on all bills, considered by the committee, passed the house by a large majority.

Representative C. E. Stone, of St. Paul, introduced a bill providing for an appropriation of $500,000 for the construction of a historical library museum and a collection of historic relics for the State Historical society.

"Representation shall be based on population, except in cities of 100,000 or more, in which case the population shall be double that of other sections as a basis of representation." The above amendment to the constitution of the state of Minnesota was introduced by Senator Works in the senate and was referred to the committee on reapportionment.

Senator Wilson introduced a bill regulating liquor licenses and brewery control. Senator Wilson's bill provides that it shall be unlawful for any brewery or wholesale liquor house or their agents to assist in procuring a saloon license or own or rent any building in which the liquor is retailed.

New liquor option rules for cities of the fourth class were proposed by Senator Sageng in a bill introduced before the senate.

His bill provides that a petition signed by 10 per cent of the voters in any village or town of the fourth class was sufficient to compel the clerk of the town to put the question of liquor licensing or not liquor licensing on the ballot at the next election. At least 10 voters must sign the petition, however, even though there are less than 100 voters. The number of voters shall be the number who cast their ballots at the last election.

A bill giving the railroad and warehouse commission authority to regulate telephone companies was introduced in the house by Representative Schwartz. It would compel telephone companies to conect with intersecting lines of other companies where this action would improve the service.

Any city that appropriated funds for the relief of the fire sufferers at Baudette and Spooner, without authority in its charter, will have their acts legalized if a bill introduced by Senator Sullivan is passed.

St. Paul, Jan. 21.—A tabulated estimate of the appropriations desired by the University of Minnesota was placed on the desk of members of the senate. The list tell a story in figures of the improvement plans for the next biennial session now in the minds of the members of the board of regents. As already published, it totals $5,499,895.

New Tax Law Is Proposed.

Speaking before the senate committee on taxes and tax laws Samuel Lord, a member of the state tax commission, declared the present Minnesota statute, providing for assessing property at its full value, had resulted in innumerable violations of the law.

"We need provision for a new basis of assessment," Mr. Lord said. "Property should be assessed at 50 per cent of its real valuation, or even less. County assessors should be substituted for village assessors. Under the present plan, the job of the village assessor is cheap and sometimes it is auctioned off or given to pensioners. As the law now stands, the man with lots of property gets the best of the deal."

At the committee meeting approval was given the Wallace bill exempting from taxation the bonds of public corporations, and recommendation will be made that it pass. Approval was also given the measure exempting from taxation the property of fire relief associations. A sub-committee composed of Senator Boyle, Sundberg and Gunderson was appointed to examine the bill providing a tax on mortgages.

Senator Boyle of Eveleth, has been invited to deliver the Lincoln Day address in St. Paul, on the occasion of the annual celebration of that event. Notable men have been invited to address this gathering in the past, notably Frank B. Kellogg, Joseph B. Cotton and others.

St. Paul, Jan. 25.—The county option fight is on. Following a long series of conferences, with long debates as to whom should introduce the measure, whether it should first appear in the house or senate, the measure finally was introduced in the house today by Representative Henry Rines, of Mora. It was immediately referred to the temperance committee.

This committee is pledged to report it out promptly to the house so its discussion will commence at once. In the senate the same measure will be introduced by Senator Victor L. Johnson, of Chisago county.

The new measure is the result of the work of Rev. C, Charles W. Stark and of P. J. Youngdahl, superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league.

Mr. Stark says that as to its intent it is practically the same as the bill introduced two years ago, although some of the provisions are different.

It provides for the submission of a county option measure at special elections to be held on other than general or primary election days.

A petition of 25 per cent of the voters of the county will be sufficient to cause such an election. After an election is to be held under the provisions of the bill, another election is not to be held for three years subsequent to that time.

If the county votes "dry," then, after a lapse of sixty days, the saloonmen must dispose of their property and the county lid goes on.

Elections on county option are to be held on days other than primary and general election days.

Judges of election shall represent different sides of the question.

Sixty days' advance notice of the election is to be given.

A simple majority of the votes will determine the result of the election.

Penalty for violation of the county option law if passed will be a fine of from $30 to $100 or imprisonment of from 30 to 90 days.

Seed For Fire District.

Representative G. H. Mattson's bill setting aside $25,000 for purchasing timothy, clover, red-top and other grass seed for the homesteaders in the northern Minnesota forest fire district for reseeding their lands, passed the house.

A bill introduced by Representative Cal E. Stone sets apart $25,000 for a statue of Alexander Ramsey, first territorial governor of Minnesota. The statue is to be erected on the capitol grounds.

Andrew Anderson of Lakeville proposes a separate state prison and reformatory for women. In a bill he provides authority to the board of control to expend $25,000 for acquiring not less than 160 acres for such institution.

Senator W. S. Dwinnell's bill permitting the city of Minneapolis to increase the rate of interest on its permanent improvement bond issue from 4 to 4½ per cent was passed.

A loan board to invest state funds in first mortgages on farms is proposed in a bill by Representative S. N. Lee, of Rollag. This measure authorizes the creation of a board, consisting of the governor, attorney general and state auditor, who shall have the power to loan the state and school funds which may be available to the farmers of Minnesota. Only 30 per cent of the value of a farm may be loaned, and in no case shall the amount exceed $2,000.

The rate of interest is placed at 4 per cent.

A resolution calling for a legislative investigation of the state drainage commission was submitted to the house committee of the Minnesota legislature. The committee consists of Representatives Thomas Kneeland, Albert Pfaender and C. H. Warner.

This action was taken after the legislature had heard certain charges preferred by C. H. Warner of Aitkin county and W. Brown of Koochiching county, which they considered of such serious nature that an investigation should follow.

Representative Warner, who is behind the movement, explained what he termed the lax and incompetent work of the commission, with the use of maps of northern Minnesota counties. He outlined the drainage work which has been carried on, its alleged impracticability as well as the comparative cost of digging the state ditches.

Specific charges were that the contracts for ditch No. 68 in Aitkin county had not been let until after the work had been completed. Another charge was that Engineer Ralph of the state drainage commission had written the board of county commissioners of Aitkin county that one ditch contract had been let at 7½ cents a cubic yard and when the bill came in it was rated at 12 cents a cubic yard.

NEGRO WAS LYNCHED.

But His Victim, a Deputy Sheriff, Will Likely Recover.

Opelousas, Louisiana. — Oval Boulard, a negro, who shot Chief Deputy Sheriff Edgar Lefleur of Evangeline Parish was lynched at Ville Platte. The negro was taken from the jail and hanged to a tree. Officer Lefleur, who was shot while attempting to arrest the negro on a charge of discharging fire arms, will recover.

Now Circle Globe in 37 Days.

Seattle, Wash. — The development of the Japanese port of Tsuruga has made it possible to go around the world in 37 days. Leaving Seattle a traveler may land in Yokohama in twelve days. By taking train to Tsuruga and steamer to the trans-Siberian Railroad terminus and continuing by the fastest train to London he may cover the distance from Yokohama in 16 days. By the fastest steamers and trains he may travel from London to Seattle in a little more than nine days, thus completing the round trip.

REDMOND IS RE-ELECTED.

Home Rule Leader Again Chosen President of Irish League.

Dublin, Ireland.—John E. Redmond was unanimously re-elected president of the United Irish league. The league adopted resolutions reaffirming its position that no settlement of the Irish question would be acceptable which did not confer the right for a full self-government through an Irish parliament with an executive responsible to such a parliament.

Ketchel's Slayers Convicted.

Marshfield, Missouri. — Guilty in the first degree was the verdict in the case of Walter A. Dipley and Goldie Smith, charged with the murder of Stanley Ketchel, pugilist. Sentences of life imprisonment were recommended.

Washington, D. C. — Charlton R. Beattie, United States attorney at New Orleans, has refused to accede to Attorney General Wickersham's request that he resign and has so notified the department of justice.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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NEW YORK STRIKES BLOW TO BRIBERY

ENACTMENT OF DRASTIC CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT RECOMMENDED BY PROBERS.

TO ELIMINATE LEGISLATIVE GRAFT

Lengthy Report Made as Result of Investigation in Albany—Office of State Fire Marshal Created.

Albany, Feb. 2.—The enactment of a drastic corrupt practices act, with a maximum penalty of 10 years' imprisonment and $5,000 fine for the failure of a legislator to report immediately any attempt to buy or influence his vote, and the adoption of sweeping changes and far-reaching reforms in the fire insurance laws of the state are recommended in a lengthy report of the legislative investigating committee, submitted to the legislature.

The Proposed Reforms.

Drafts of bills which the committee proposes shall be enacted into law are included in the report. The proposed reforms include:

Placing of rate-making associations, as organizations, including the New York fire insurance exchange, under control of the superintendent of insurance.

Investing the superintendent with ample power to prevent discrimination in rates. Transfer of the power to license brokers from the New York fire insurance exchange and similar organizations to the state superintendent of insurance.

Enactment of an anti-rebate law, prohibiting the sharing or "splitting" of premiums and making it a misdemeanor to give or accept rebates.

Creation of a new office, to be known as state fire marshal, to be empowered with sweeping authority for inspection of property and investigation of fires.

Corrupt Practices Probed.

The investigation committee was appointed by the senate and assembly of 1910 to investigate corrupt practices and insurance other than life insurance. It consisted of members of both bodies. The committee examined 184 witnesses in 42 days.

In probing corrupt practices in connection with legislation the committee, according to the report, investigated alleged bribe-giving brought to the surface in investigations conducted in 1910 by the senate and the state superintendent of insurance and certain other unverified allegations. These allegations, the report with the payment by the state of a beet sugar bounty, the passage of the anti-race track gambling law and of amendments to the agricultural law with reference to milk.

The committee found abundant evidence of graft. Concerning bribery, the report says:

"The crime of bribery is one of the most difficult of all crimes to uncover. All the resources of ingenuity are used to conceal it, and only in exceedingly rare instances are either of the parties to the crime willing to come forward and disclose the facts."

By making the bill which it recommends a law the committee believes that the giving and taking of bribes would be greatly reduced.

PUERTO CORTEZ EVACUATED.

Government Leaves City and Marines Take Charge.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, Feb. 2.—The evacuation of Pureto Cortez by the Honduran government troops has taken place and the town is now in the hands of the American and British marines, who are awaiting the arrival of the forces of General Manuel Bonilla, the leader of the revolutionists.

Several days ago trenches were dug and guns placed outside the limits of the town and government troops were stationed there to oppose the insurgents, but these were withdrawn Monday aftrnoon, the governor having asked the commanders of the international forces for 48 hours in which to evacuate the city. He asked also for protection and marines were then landed from the United States gunboat Marietta and the British cruiser Brilliant to prevent disorders.

Prior to this, orders had been issued that no fighting would be permitted within Puerto Cortez. Two special trains conveyed the government soldiers to San Pedro and Commander Cooper of the Marietta assumed control.

Recall for California.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 2.—The state senate passed a bill providing for the initiative and referendum and the recall for municipalities of California. America.

PARALYZED STUDENT IMPROVED.

Philadelphia Boy Injured in Wrestling Match.

Philadelphia, Feb. 2.—Harold Collins Warren, the Princeton university student who injured his spine in a wrestling match in the university gymnasium Dec. 9, was brought to his parents' home in Swarthmore. Following the accident Warren was paralyzed from the waist down, but during the last two weeks he has been able to move his legs.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN IS DYING

LAST MESSAGE IS, "KEEP OUR COUNTRY CONSERVATIVE."

Visited by Cardinal Gibbons With Whom He Conversed at Length.

Philadelphia, Feb. 2. — Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan, archbishop of Philadelphia, who has lain almost at the point of death since last Thursday, is still alive, but his condition is extremely critical. During the afternoon he gave what is probably his last message to the world and his adopted country through Cardinal Gibbons, who visited him in the cathedral residence.

When Doctors La Place and Anders left the sick room early in the night they said Archbishop Ryan's condition was much depressed.

"He is weak and his pulse flickers. He was able to converse with us, but his speech is not nearly so fluent as in the afternoon when he was talking with Cardinal Gibbons."

Cardinal Gibbons made two visits to the dying prelate. On the first visit, when he entered the room the archbishop's eyes were closed and the cardinal placed his hand gently on his head, saying:

"Your grace does not know me."

"After 44 years I know, every tone of your eminence's voice," the archbishop replied without opening his eyes, "and now I am, as I ever have been, profoundly convinced that you are the instrument of providence for the promotion of every good thing for our church and country."

During the conversation the archbishop said:

"If we keep our country conservative no country will be as great as this. No country has such elements of greatness as this."

Following his second visit, Cardinal Gibbons said in an interview:

"The archbishop's mind is still clear. His memory is tenacious. He recalled interesting events of many different periods in his life, and not only events, but persons also. He exhibits a manner that is worthy of his more healthful days. I need not say how much I have been edified by his sentiments, rejoicing in the advancement of religion in this country and saying that the hopes and stability of this nation depend upon the permanence of our religious and moral principles."

CAPT. TUCKER RESIGNS.

Grandson of General Logan Leaves the Army.

Wshington, Feb. 2.—Captain Logan Tucker of the United State marine corps has tendered his resignation to the president. It has been accepted, to take effect on March 31. Captain Tucker is a grandson of Mrs. John A. Logan and has been on duty in the quartermaster's department of the marine corps since 1908.

St Cloud Man Gets Contract.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Henry P. Steckling of St. Cloud, Minn., has been awarded a contract amounting to $2,064 for remodeling the overhanging roof on the federal building in that city.

Fallieres Honors Van Dyke.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 2.—The cross of the Legion of Honor has been conferred on Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, English professor of Princeton university, by President Fallieres of France.

Postal Bank Depositories.

Washington, Feb. 2. — The postmaster general has designated the First and Northwestern National banks of Bemidji, Minn., as depositories of postal bank funds.

New Commandant for West Point.

West Point, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Captain Frederick W. Sladen will succeed Colonel Frederick W. Sibley as commandant of cadets at the West Point military academy next week.

Iowa Senatorial Deadlock Holds.

Des Moines, Feb. 2.—Wednesday's ballot on United States senator: Kenyon, 66; Young, 37; Garst, 1; Porter (Dem.), 49; absent, 8; necessary to elect, 77.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—Wheat, May $1.03¾; July, $1.04⅞; No. 1 northern $1.04⅞; No. 2 northern, $1.02⅞; No. 1 durum, $1.01; No. 3 corn, 43½c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, 87c; No. 2 rye, 78½c; No. 1 flax, $2.64½.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—Wheat, May $1.05½; July, $1.06¼; No. 1 northern, $1.04⅜.

South St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Steers, $4.00@4.65; cows, $3.65@4.00; calves, $3.50@7.65; hogs, $7.55@7.70; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Naturalists Off for Africa.

New York, Feb. 2.—Off for a three years' hunt in tropical Africa, India, Borneo and the Malay archipelago, Paul J. Rainey, whose last big hunt was in the Arctic with Harry Whitney, sailed on the Mauretania. Dr. M. E. Hohnso, a naturalist, sailed with him and the two will represent semi-officially the New York Zoological society and the Smithsonian Institution of Washington. They will not only kill and capture game but endeavor to roll off 100,000 feet of moving picture films

MANY KILLED BY EXPLOSION IN NEW YORK

DYNAMITE BLOWS UP ON LIGHTER WHICH DISAPPEARS WITH ITS ENTIRE CREW.

SEVERAL OTHER BOATS WRECKEE

Jersey Central Terminal in Ruins—Piers Torn to Splinters—Over 300 Persons Injured by Shock and Glass.

New York, Feb. 2.—A cargo of dynamite in transit from a freight car to the hold of a lighter moored at pier No. 7, Communipaw, N. J., let go at just one minute past noon, and in the widespread ruin that followed seven men are known to have been killed, seven more are missing, hundreds were wounded and varying reports leave from 15 to 20 more unaccounted for.

Thirty-two seems to be a conservative estimate of the dead and property damage will hardly fall below $750,000. The cause of the explosion probably never will be known.

The Jersey Central terminal was wrecked; three ferry boats in the slips were torn and splintered; lower Manhattan across the river was shaken from the street level to the top of the Singer tower; severe damage was done in Brooklyn and Staten island and to the immigrant detention station on Ellis Island; the shock was felt at Amityville, Long Island, 35 miles distant, and in New Jersey at Long Branch, 45 miles away.

The damage is so widely scattered that it is impossible as yet to more than roughly estimate it, but in Manhattan alone it is placed at $100,000 and on Ellis island at from $10,000 to $25,000. In all, three quarters of a million appears to be a fair estimate.

Lighter Vanishes.

The lighter receiving the dynamite, the Katherine W., owned by James Healing of Jersey City, vanished utterly with her crew of seven men, including the master, Edward Trayer. Alongside was the lighter Whistler, which was so shattered that she sank with her crew of two, while the Swedish steel barkentine Ingrid was stripped of her rigging and the lives of two deck hands snuffed out. Fragments of one man's head were found swinging high on a tangled piece of rope.

On board the Ingrid the steel mizzen-mast snapped off above the lower yard and the tangled wreckage came tumbling about the decks. Everything abaft the mizzenmast was levelled flat but the steel plates of the hull held stoutly.

For 100 feet the pier end itself was demolished. Over the broken edges twisted the steel rails of track. A steel gondola car on the southernmost track looked like an old hat that had been used by boys for football. All about were strange freaks of the explosion.

In the train shed of the terminal nearly the whole southern exposure of the glass roof collapsed, showering the passengers with broken glass. One man was struck by a 20-pound fragment and so severely cut that he died. An engineer in a shunting locomotive was blown from his cab and died of a fractured skull. A tug boat captain was hurled from his wheel house and fished out of the water 15 minutes later, swimming about the southern side of the demolished pier.

Inside the passenger station there was damage visible everywhere.

Streets Strewn With Glass.

The shock of the explosion caused fire alarms to be rung in from various parts of the downtown section and fire apparatus from all the nearby stations was sent scurrying around the district in a vain search for the scene of the explosion, which at first was commonly reported to be on the lower end of Manhattan island.

Broadway and Church streets from Fulton street south were literally showered with fragments of glass, broken from hundreds of windows on these thoroughfares. The plate glass windows in the customs house were shattered and there was extensive breakage of windows on all sides.

The explosion caused panics in several of the big downtown office buildings which seemed rocked to their foundations by the shock. Alarmed employes and tenants of the structures made rushes for the elevators and other exits. The quick subsidence of the tremblings, however, seemed speedily to reassure the alarmed multitudes and there were no early reports of casualties due to the panicky conditions which prevailed.

New Move in Eddy Will Case.

Boston, Feb. 2.—A move to carry out the terms of the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, founder of Christion Science, was made. A bill in equity was filed in the supreme judicial court, asking that the executor of the will and the trustees of certain trust indentures executed by Mrs. Eddy in 1907 and 1908 be instructed to turn over her real estate in Massachusetts to the directors of the First Church of Christ in Boston, the residuary legatee under the will. The residuary legacy is $1,500,000.

STORMS IN THE NORTHWEST

SEVERAL POINTS SNOWBOUND, BUT TEMPERATURE IS MILD.

Fifty-two Students of Jamestown, N. D., College Marooned at a Farmhouse.

Barnesville, Minn. Feb. 2.—Western Minnesota is in the grip of an unusually severe wind and snow storm. The Great Northern Railway company has taken precautions against the storm and as a result all westbound freights are held up here until the storm abates.

Fiercest Storm of Winter.

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 2.—Northern North Dakota is snowbound with the fiercest storm of the winter in progress. From Larimore west along the line of the Great Northern the storm is raging, while Fargo reports rather a severe storm in the southern part of the state.

Trains on both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern were from one to three hours late last evening. Fortunately the weather is mild.

Several inches of wet snow fell during the day. The fall of snow is regarded by North Dakotans as a splendid thing for the state and there is talk of excellent crop prospects for the coming season.

Students Are Snowbound.

Jamestown, N. D. Feb. 2.—Fifty-five students of Jamestown college are snowbound at the farm of Alfred Ross, about eight miles from this city, as the result of the storm.

This is the annual recess between semesters and the son and daughter of Mr. Ross, who are attending the college, took the students to their home to attend a house party. When they were ready to return the snow had drifted until they did not dare to start. The storm was still severe last night and the time of their getting away from the farm was indefinite.

The passenger train from here over the northern branch of the Northern Pacific was caught in a drifted cut a short distance from the city and could not be pushed either way.

Some of the passengers went to the nearby farm houses and word was sent to workmen here to hasten to the place and shovel out the train.

Severe on the Ranges.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—All day yesterday and last evening Duluth was in the embrace of a [illegible] that caused most of the public schools to dismiss the pupils at noon for the day, and which almost prostrated the street railway system. A strong northeast wind accompanied by snow blew all day.

The Soo line train from the west was stalled two hours in its lower Duluth yard before it could get to the station. A passenger train on the Iron Range road of the Mesaba branch, west of Allen Junction, is stalled and its exact location is unknown.

700 ARE KILLED IN PHILIPPINES.

Report Says 5,000 Families Are Ruined by Earthquake.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The eruption of Taal volcano and the accompanying disturbances in the Philippines killed 700 people in the town of Tallsay, according to the report of the governor of Batangas province, which was cabled to the war department by Governor General Forbes. The report added that 5,000 families had been ruined by the disaster.

Since the first disturbance the seismograph apparatus of the Manila observatory has recorded the unprecedented number of 714 shocks. The army burial corps interred 45 bodies in Lemery.

The Philippine authorities are facing the absolute necessity of adopting relief measures in order to avoid suffering as the falling mud and lava destroyed the crops within a considerable radius of the volcano. The Red Cross society in the islands is taking steps toward that end.

PEMBERTON JURY IS SELECTED.

Case Grows Out of Purchase of State House Furniture.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 2. — The 12 necessary men for the trial of Senator Stanton C. Pemberton of Oklahoma, and former Representative Joseph C. Clark of Vandalia were secured and the attorneys for both sides made their opening statements to the jury. The jury was chosen after a two days and a half questioning. The case grows out of the purchase of furniture for the statehouse.

Miners Pick Indianapolis.

Columbus, Feb. 2.—Indianapolis was picked as the next year's convention city of the United Mine Workers of America by delegates attending the international convention, which closed after being in session 14½ days.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Market 10c lower; beeves, $4.85@6.90; western steers, $4.40@5.65; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.60@5.85; calves, $7@8.75.

Hogs—Market weak, mostly 15c lower; light, $7.60@7.85; mixed, $7.40@7.80; heavy, $7.25@7.75; rough, $7.25@7.40; good to choice heavy, $7.40@7.75; pigs, $7.50@8.

Sheep—Market weak to 10c lower; native, $2.40@4.30; western, $2.25@4.30; yearlings, $4.40@5.50; lambs, native, $4.25@6.10.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

The house passed the postoffice appropriation bill, carrying about $257,000,000, with no negative votes.

Charlton R. Bottie, United States attorney at New Orleans, has refused to accede to Attorney General Wickersham's request that he resign, and has so notified the department of justice.

The legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill was reported to the senate Tuesday. It carries $35,369,700, an increase of $116,240, over the amount of the bill as it was passed by the house.

A caucus of the republicans of the house to determine what action to take on the proposed legislation for a congressional reapportionment in the light of the new census statistics was called for February 2.

A determined protest by the federal government was presented to the supreme court of the United States against the proposed review by that tribunal of the conviction of officials of the American Naval Stores company, sometimes referred to as the turpentine trust, of having violated the Sherman anti-trust law.

Attorney General Wickersham will soon decide if an anti-trust action shall be brought against the American pulp and paper association, popularly called the "paper trust." Special agents of the department are finishing an investigation into the alleged price-fixing agreements of the news print paper mills which comprise the association.

Senator Brown, of Nebraska, will make a speech in the senate next Wednesday which is being looked forward to with considerable interest. As one of the organizers of the national republican progressive league the senator's remarks are certain to attract wide attention, especially in view of the fact that he will discuss much of the progressive legislation for which the league stands.

General.

A. B. Funke announces that he is out of the Iowa senatorial race.

Jewels worth $35,000 was stolen from the Pittsburg home of William Thaw, jr.

In a speech before the Texas legislature Senator Culbertson scores the new nationalism.

There will be two eclipses of the sun this year, neither being visible in the United States.

Retail merchants of most of the southern states are protesting against passage of the parcels post bill.

Lieutenant Colonel Goethels, chief engineer of the Panama canal, sailed from Colon for the United States.

The Spanish minister of the interior has issued an edict prohibiting women from taking part in bull fights.

It is said that if E. H. Harriman had lived he would have had a railroad around the world. This was one of his great ambitions.

The annual Chicago automobile show opened with every inch of space in the Coliseum and the First regiment armory occupied.

Count von Rex, formerly German minister to China, has been nominated as ambassador to Tokio to succeed Baron Mumm von Schwartzenstein.

President Taft, who was invited to attend the Kansas state fair to be held at Hutchinson next fall, has decided to accept the invitation. The president will be there September 25 or 26.

For the first time in the history of aviation an earoplane rose from the surface of the water at San Diego, sailed about and returned to the starting point, where it landed on the water as easily as a gull.

Early in March, immediately after congress adjourns, President Taft will make a short swing through the South winding up at his home town, Cincinnati, where he will spend several days before returning to the national capital.

The Indiana Republican Editorial association, which, at its convention a year ago, refused to endorse the Taft administration, faced about and adopted resolutions endorsing, unreservedly, President Taft, pledging him the support of the republican press of the state and appealing to the voters to rally to him.

The contest between San Francisco and New Orleans over exposition location is stirring up quite a row.

The house will have an opportunity at an early date to vote on the tariff board bill, which has been agreed on by the ways and means committee.

Count Josef Gisycka, of Blansko, Moravia, Austria-Hungary, was sued for divorce by his wife, Countess Gisycko, in the circuit court at Chicago.

Colonel Edward H. R. Green, son of the richest woman in the world, has arrived in New York to become the active manager of his mother's vast interests.

Jas E. Martine, the newly-elected senator from New Jersey, says the position did not cost him a dollar.

The Spanish cabinet has decided to present parliament a bill regulating the religious and other associations.

Democrats are holding up Taft's hands for the Canadian treaty.

Roosevelt says he is a progressive and could not be anything else.

President Taft expects to visit Kansas the week of September 24 to 30 next.

New York and Iowa legislatures show no signs of agreeing on senatorial choice.

The president sent a special message to congress bearing on reciprocity with Canada.

The house defeated the proposal to increase salaries of circuit judges from $7,000 to $10,000 a year.

Emil Munsterberg, a brother of Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard university, died at Berlin.

President Taft is concerned over the formation of the republican progressive league at Washington.

Ship subsidy promoters are represented as having sought to buy the support of a New York newspaper.

Congress is showing considerable anxiety over the embarrassment caused by the proposed reciprocity program.

The postoffice appropriation bill was passed after the department has received a round scoring in the house.

At the second trial of men accused of taking part in the Berlin strike riots fifteen of the defendants were found guilty.

President Taft has accepted the resignation from the army of Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., coast artillery corps, effective January 28.

A man giving the name of Charles Smith was arrested in Oklahoma City, charged with implication in the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times. Smith is from Joplin, Mo.

It is reported that Geo. J. Gould, the president of the Missouri Pacific railway company, the only one of the great Gould system of railroads in which he is still dominant will retire.

A resolution was introduced in the house opposing the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada. The constitutional convention, after a long debate was finally indefinitely postponed in the senate.

Theodore Economu and George P. Calogera, New York Greek importers, were sentenced to four months' imprisonment for being parties to a conspiracy to defraud the government out of duties.

Juan Sanchez Azcona, whom the Mexican government sought to extradite for trial on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, was set free by the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

The Peruvian insurgents have occupied the heights of Tayacamba, 200 miles north of the capital and are awaiting an attack by the government troops which have been sent to dislodge them.

In four tests before physicians at Reno, Okl., Frank Arkebauer showed that he has 454 cubic inches lung capacity, which breaks the 436 cubic inch world's record of Paul Van Broeckman of New York.

Chancellor Allison decided at Nashville, Tenn., against the negro Knights of Pythias, holding that they have no right to the name, regalia, badges, etc. This case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Thirty-two individual defendants in the so-called bathtub trust criminal cases filed a general demurrer in the federal court in Detroit Monday afternoon. It was expected the case would come up for trial in March.

The Japanese who assaulted United States Consul Williamson at Dainy, last month, were convicted and given a light fine, according to news brought to Victoria, B. C., by the steamship Oanfa, from Yokohoma. The men were reprimanded and assessed a fine of $2.50 each.

James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor and Street Commissioner Edwards on a steamship in dock at Hoboken last August, was taken to the New Jersey state prison to serve twelve years at hard labor. The sentence, including a fine of $1,000, is for his attack on Edwards.

The purpose of the George Washington Memorial association was advanced when $100,000 was donated by a New York financier. This gift practically makes sure the collection of $500,000, which the association has set itself to get before a site is decided upon.

Sheriff R. E. Martin of Hansford county, Texas, was shot and killed by a man named Fifer. Sheriff Martin and a United States marshal went to arrest Fifer for unlawfully holding state land and twenty miles northwest of here. The men entered Fifer's barn and struck a match. Fifer fired and escaped.

Personal.

James F. Martine has won out for senator in New Jersey.

The Missouri legislature has no Smiths and only one Brown.

Senator Heyburn of Idaho, opposes popular election for senators.

Ira C. Stone, aged 100 years and five months, died recently at Bloomington, Ill.

Elizabeth Stewart Phelps Ward, author and lecturer, died at her home in Newton Center, Mass.

Tammany is said to be casting about for a new man for senator.

The new republican governor of Tennessee was inaugurated Jan 25th.

The jury in the Mrs. Schenk murder trial disagreed and were discharged.

Congressman Norris opposes any raise in the salaries of United States circuit judges.

Senator Cummins marked the line of division of the republican party on the tariff question.

Senator Nixon of Nevada, a republican, was re-elected by a legislature that is democratic.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

St. Paul. — State Labor Commissioner Houk has reappointed Mrs. Perry Starkweather as assistant labor commissioner.

Morris.—John Schultz and wife of Alberta, Minn., are proud parents of triplets. The babies are all girls and are doing well.

Faribault.—The blacksmith shop of Ash Van Selous, in Cannon City, was totally destoyed by fire. The loss was $2,000, with no insurance.

Faribault.—The police record for the last year shows there were only 144 arrests as compared with 215 the previous year. Of the 144 arrests 129 were for drunkenness.

Spring Valley. — The Rafferty & Week company farmers' store stock of general merchandise was damaged by fire. Eight thousand dollars is the loss, fully covered by insurance.

Baudette.—Andrew O. Cop, 45 years old, a lumberjack, was killed a mile north of Black Duck, when he was run over by the south-bound Minnesota & International railroad freight train.

St. Charles.—Burglars entered C. S. Orenson's store through the glass door and took some money from the cash register and some clothing. The Chicago, Great Western depot was also robbed last night and $14 was taken from the cash drawer.

Minneapolis. — The final report of the appraisers of the estate of Mahala F. Pillsbury was filed with the clerk of the probate court. The value of real estate is $246,066; personal property, $542,686.31, or a total valuation of the entire estate, $788,752.31.

Winona. — Fire supposed to have been started by an incendiary, destroyed the $3,000 barn of Adolph Keller, south of St. Charles. Fifteen horses and fifty-seven cattle were burned to death. Insurance of $1,500 was carried on the barn and $300 on stock.

Minneapolis. — Six horses were burned to death in a fire which completely destroyed the warehouse of the Coffin Box & Lumber company, lower Nicollet island, at an estimated loss of about $7,000, including the horses, mostly covered by insurance.

Faribault.—The Dundas flour mill has been sold to the Great Western Milling Company of St. Paul. The purchasers have been operating it under a lease for about three months. A good water power is also included in the sale. The property will be improved and enlarged.

Minneapolis.—"School Days," which will appear at the Bijou the week of Feb. 5th, for a week's engagement, under the management of Stair and Havlin, is a musical comedy that met with deserved popularity last season, and which will undoubtedly be well received by the patrons.

Minneapolis.—Mayor Haynes received a leter from Senator Knute Nelson in which the senator says $250,000 for the high dam is included in the rivers and harbors bill and for the Twin Cities to go ahead and form the holding company to take over the dam site while this money is being spent on the dam.

Faribault.—Edward Guntzenberger was arrested by the game warden on a charge of taking game fish from the nets of the parties who are seining the lakes near here for rough fish. Guntzenberger proved the fish he took from the nets, after they had been pulled, were game fish that were killed during the drawing of the net. The jury acquitted him.

Virginia.—A permanent organization to fight for the division of St. Louis county was formed at Virginia, sixteen different range towns being represented by a total of fifty-nine delegates. It is known as the Iron County Development Association, and W. J. Archer, of Virginia, was elected secretary, wth a salary of $100 per month.

A. T. Silliman, of Hibbing, was chairman of the meeting. Committees on ways and means and legislation will be appointed. The question of dividing St. Louis county is not new, but this move looks more like business than any made heretofore.

Duluth. — Bowstring Joe, a Chippewa Indian, created a sensation in the district court at Grand Rapids, where he was a witness in the trial of Goggle Eye, another Chippewa, for the murder of a white man named John Caldwell at Sand Lake, Minn., Oct. 17, when he suddenly announced, while on the stand, that it was himself and not Goggle Eye, that had slain the man. Goggle Eye was promptly acquitted, and Bowstring Joe submitted to arrest without a murmur. He freely explained why he killed Caldwell. He said the white man had tried to take liberties with his squaw, and, happening to hear her screams, he had gone to her assistance and stabbed Caldwell to death. Bowstring Joe is 60 years old and a well known character in the Indian section of northern Minnesota. Goggle Eye had stood an excellent chance of conviction under circumstantial evidence.

Duluth.—Argot Johnson, aged 19, the boy who was with Charles Melodrowski when the latter shot and killed Officer Harry Chessmore on Jan. 6, was found guilty of murder in the third degree by the jury in the district court.

British Parliament Assembles.

London, Eng. — The second parliament of King George asembled with little ceremony, the spectacular function being reserved for next Monday, when the king and queen will open the proceedings in state. Mr. Lowther was re-elected speaker.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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NEW YORK STRIKES BLOW TO BRIBERY

ENACTMENT OF DRASTIC CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT RECOMMENDED BY PROBERS.

TO ELIMINATE LEGISLATIVE GRAFT

Lengthy Report Made as Result of Investigation in Albany—Office of State Fire Marshal Created.

Albany, Feb. 2.—The enactment of a drastic corrupt practices act, with a maximum penalty of 10 years' imprisonment and $5,000 fine for the failure of a legislator to report immediately any attempt to buy or influence his vote, and the adoption of sweeping changes and far-reaching reforms in the fire insurance laws of the state are recommended in a lengthy report of the legislative investigating committee, submitted to the legislature.

The Proposed Reforms.

Drafts of bills which the committee proposes shall be enacted into law are included in the report. The proposed reforms include:

Placing of rate-making associations, as organizations, including the New York fire insurance exchange, under control of the superintendent of insurance.

Investing the superintendent with ample power to prevent discrimination in rates. Transfer of the power to license brokers from the New York fire insurance exchange and similar organizations to the state superintendent of insurance.

Enactment of an anti-rebate law, prohibiting the sharing or "splitting" of premiums and making it a misdemeanor to give or accept rebates.

Creation of a new office, to be known as state fire marshal, to be empowered with sweeping authority for inspection of property and investigation of fires.

Corrupt Practices Probed.

The investigation committee was appointed by the senate and assembly of 1910 to investigate corrupt practices and insurance other than life insurance. It consisted of members of both bodies. The committee examined 184 witnesses in 42 days.

In probing corrupt practices in connection with legislation the committee, according to the report, investigated alleged bribe-giving brought to the surface in investigations conducted in 1910 by the senate and the state superintendent of insurance and certain other unverified allegations. These allegations, the report with the payment by the state of a beet sugar bounty, the passage of the anti-race track gambling law and of amendments to the agricultural law with reference to milk.

The committee found abundant evidence of graft. Concerning bribery, the report says:

"The crime of bribery is one of the most difficult of all crimes to uncover. All the resources of ingenuity are used to conceal it, and only in exceedingly rare instances are either of the parties to the crime willing to come forward and disclose the facts."

By making the bill which it recommends a law the committee believes that the giving and taking of bribes would be greatly reduced.

PUERTO CORTEZ EVACUATED.

Government Leaves City and Marines Take Charge.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, Feb. 2.—The evacuation of Pureto Cortez by the Honduran government troops has taken place and the town is now in the hands of the American and British marines, who are awaiting the arrival of the forces of General Manuel Bonilla, the leader of the revolutionists.

Several days ago trenches were dug and guns placed outside the limits of the town and government troops were stationed there to oppose the insurgents, but these were withdrawn Monday afternoon, the governor having asked the commanders of the international forces for 48 hours in which to evacuate the city. He asked also for protection and marines were then landed from the United States gunboat Marietta and the British cruiser Brilliant to prevent disorders.

Prior to this, orders had been issued that no fighting would be permitted within Puerto Cortez. Two special trains conveyed the government soldiers to San Pedro and Commander Cooper of the Marietta assumed control.

Recall for California.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 2.—The state senate passed a bill providing for the initiative and referendum and the recall for municipalities of California. America.

PARALYZED STUDENT IMPROVED.

Philadelphia Boy Injured in Wrestling Match.

Philadelphia, Feb. 2.—Harold Collins Warren, the Princeton university student who injured his spine in a wrestling match in the university gymnasium Dec. 9, was brought to his parents' home in Swarthmore. Following the accident Warren was paralyzed from the waist down, but during the last two weeks he has been able to move his legs.

ARCHBISHOP RYAN IS DYING

LAST MESSAGE IS, "KEEP OUR COUNTRY CONSERVATIVE."

Visited by Cardinal Gibbons With Whom He Conversed at Length.

Philadelphia, Feb. 2. — Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan, archbishop of Philadelphia, who has lain almost at the point of death since last Thursday, is still alive, but his condition is extremely critical. During the afternoon he gave what is probably his last message to the world and his adopted country through Cardinal Gibbons, who visited him in the cathedral residence.

When Doctors La Place and Anders left the sick room early in the night they said Archbishop Ryan's condition was much depressed.

"He is weak and his pulse flickers. He was able to converse with us, but his speech is not nearly so fluent as in the afternoon when he was talking with Cardinal Gibbons."

Cardinal Gibbons made two visits to the dying prelate. On the first visit, when he entered the room the archbishop's eyes were closed and the cardinal placed his hand gently on his head, saying:

"Your grace does not know me."

"After 44 years I know every tone of your eminence's voice," the archbishop replied without opening his eyes, "and now I am, as I ever have been, profoundly convinced that you are the instrument of providence for the promotion of every good thing for our church and country."

During the conversation the archbishop said:

"If we keep our country conservative no country will be as great as this. No country has such elements of greatness as this."

Following his second visit, Cardinal Gibbons said in an interview:

"The archbishop's mind is still clear. His memory is tenacious. He recalled interesting events of many different periods in his life, and not only events, but persons also. He exhibits a manner that is worthy of his more healthful days. I need not say how much I have been edified by his sentiments, rejoicing in the advancement of religion in this country and saying that the hopes and stability of this nation depend upon the permanence of our religious and moral principles."

CAPT. TUCKER RESIGNS.

Grandson of General Logan Leaves the Army.

Wshington, Feb. 2.—Captain Logan Tucker of the United State marine corps has tendered his resignation to the president. It has been accepted, to take effect on March 31. Captain Tucker is a grandson of Mrs. John A. Logan and has been on duty in the quartermaster's department of the marine corps since 1908.

St Cloud Man Gets Contract.

Washington, Feb. 2.—Henry P. Steckling of St. Cloud, Minn., has been awarded a contract amounting to $2,064 for remodeling the overhanging roof on the federal building in that city.

Fallieres Honors Van Dyke.

Princeton, N. J., Feb. 2.—The cross of the Legion of Honor has been conferred on Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, English professor of Princeton university, by President Fallieres of France.

Postal Bank Depositories.

Washington, Feb. 2. — The postmaster general has designated the First and Northwestern National banks of Bemidji, Minn., as depositories of postal bank funds.

New Commandant for West Point.

West Point, N. Y., Feb. 2.—Captain Frederick W. Sladen will succeed Colonel Frederick W. Sibley as commandant of cadets at the West Point military academy next week.

Iowa Senatorial Deadlock Holds.

Des Moines, Feb. 2.—Wednesday's ballot on United States senator: Kenyon, 66; Young, 37; Garst, 1; Porter (Dem.), 49; absent, 8; necessary to elect, 77.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Feb. 2.—Wheat, May $1.03¾; July, $1.04⅞; No. 1 northern $1.04⅞; No. 2 northern, $1.02⅞; No 1 durum, $1.01; No. 3 corn, 43½c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, 87c; No. 2 rye, 78½c; No. 1 flax, $2.64½.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—Wheat, May $1.05½; July, $1.06¼; No. 1 northern, $1.04⅞.

South St. Paul, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Steers, $4.00@4.65; cows, $3.65@4.00; calves, $3.50@7.65; hogs, $7.55@7.70; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Naturalists Off for Africa.

New York, Feb. 2.—Off for a three years' hunt in tropical Africa, India, Borneo and the Malay archipelago, Paul J. Rainey, whose last big hunt was in the Arctic with Harry Whitney, sailed on the Mauretania. Dr. M. E. Hohnso, a naturalist, sailed with him and the two will represent semi-officially the New York Zoological society and the Smithsonian Institution of Washington. They will not only kill and capture game but endeavor to roll off 100,000 feet of moving picture films

MANY KILLED BY EXPLOSION IN NEW YORK

DYNAMITE BLOWS UP ON LIGHTER WHICH DISAPPEARS WITH ITS ENTIRE CREW.

SEVERAL OTHER BOATS WRECKEE

Jersey Central Terminal in Ruins—Piers Torn to Splinters—Over 300 Persons Injured by Shock and Glass.

New York, Feb. 2.—A cargo of dynamite in transit from a freight car to the hold of a lighter moored at pier No. 7, Communipaw, N. J., let go at just one minute past noon, and in the widespread ruin that followed seven men are known to have been killed, seven more are missing, hundreds were wounded and varying reports leave from 15 to 20 more unaccounted for.

Thirty-two seems to be a conservative estimate of the dead and property damage will hardly fall below $750,000. The cause of the explosion probably never will be known.

The Jersey Central terminal was wrecked; three ferry boats in the slips were torn and splintered; lower Manhattan across the river was shaken from the street level to the top of the Singer tower; severe damage was done in Brooklyn and Staten island and to the immigrant detention station on Ellis Island; the shock was felt at Amityville, Long Island, 35 miles distant, and in New Jersey at Long Branch, 45 miles away.

The damage is so widely scattered that it is impossible as yet to more than roughly estimate it, but in Manhattan alone it is placed at $100,000 and on Ellis island at from $10,000 to $25,000. In all, three quarters of a million appears to be a fair estimate.

Lighter Vanishes.

The lighter receiving the dynamite, the Katherine W., owned by James Healing of Jersey City, vanished utterly with her crew of seven men, including the master, Edward Traver. Alongside was the lighter Whistler, which was so shattered that she sank with her crew of two, while the Swedish steel barkentine Ingrid was stripped of her rigging and the lives of two deck hands snuffed out. Fragments of one man's head were found swinging high on a tangled piece of rope.

On board the Ingrid the steel mizzen-mast snapped off above the lower yard and the tangled wreckage came tumbling about the decks. Everything abaft the mizzenmast was levelled flat but the steel plates of the hull held stoutly.

For 100 feet the pier end itself was demolished. Over the broken edges twisted the steel rails of track. A steel gondola car on the southernmost track looked like an old hat that had been used by boys for football. All about were strange freaks of the explosion.

In the train shed of the terminal nearly the whole southern exposure of the glass roof collapsed, showering the passengers with broken glass. One man was struck by a 20-pound fragment and so severely cut that he died. An engineer in a shunting locomotive was blown from his cab and died of a fractured skull. A tug boat captain was hurled from his wheel house and fished out of the water 15 minutes later, swimming about the southern side of the demolished pier.

Inside the passenger station there was damage visible everywhere.

Streets Strewn With Glass.

The shock of the explosion caused fire alarms to be rung in from various parts of the downtown section and fire apparatus from all the nearby stations was sent scurrying around the district in a vain search for the scene of the explosion, which at first was commonly reported to be on the lower end of Manhattan island.

Broadway and Church streets from Fulton street south were literally showered with fragments of glass, broken from hundreds of windows on these thoroughfares. The plate glass windows in the customs house were shattered and there was extensive breakage of windows on all sides.

The explosion caused panics in several of the big downtown office buildings which seemed rocked to their foundations by the shock. Alarmed employes and tenants of the structures made rushes for the elevators and other exits. The quick subsidence of the tremblings, however, seemed speedily to reassure the alarmed multitudes and there were no early reports of casualties due to the panicky conditions which prevailed.

New Move in Eddy Will Case.

Boston, Feb. 2.—A move to carry out the terms of the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Glover Eddy, founder of Christian Science, was made. A bill in equity was filed in the supreme judicial court, asking that the executor of the will and the trustees of certain trust indentures executed by Mrs. Eddy in 1907 and 1908 be instructed to turn over her real estate in Massachusetts to the directors of the First Church of Christ in Boston, the residuary legatee under the will. The residuary legacy is $1,500,000.

STORMS IN THE NORTHWEST

SEVERAL POINTS SNOWBOUND, BUT TEMPERATURE IS MILD.

Fifty-two Students of Jamestown, N. D., College Marooned at a Farmhouse.

Barnesville, Minn., Feb. 2.—Western Minnesota is in the grip of an unusually severe wind and snow storm. The Great Northern Railway company has taken precautions against the storm and as a result all westbound freights are held up here until the storm abates.

Fiercest Storm of Winter.

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 2.—Northern North Dakota is snowbound with the fiercest storm of the winter in progress. From Larimore west along the line of the Great Northern the storm is raging, while Fargo reports rather a severe storm in the southern part of the state.

Trains on both the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern were from one to three hours late last evening. Fortunately the weather is mild.

Several inches of wet snow fell during the day. The fall of snow is regarded by North Dakotans as a splendid thing for the state and there is talk of excellent crop prospects for the coming season.

Students Are Snowbound.

Jamestown, N. D., Feb. 2.—Fifty-five students of Jamestown college are snowbound at the farm of Alfred Ross, about eight miles from this city, as the result of the storm.

This is the annual recess between semesters and the son and daughter of Mr. Ross, who are attending the college, took the students to their home to attend a house party. When they were ready to return the snow had drifted until they did not dare to start. The storm was still severe last night and the time of their getting away from the farm was indefinite.

The passenger train from here over the northern branch of the Northern Pacific was caught in a drifted cut a short distance from the city and could not be pushed either way.

Some of the passengers went to the nearby farm houses and word was sent to workmen here to hasten to the place and shovel out the train.

Severe on the Ranges.

Duluth, Feb. 2.—All day yesterday and last evening Duluth was in the embrace of a snow storm that caused most of the public schools to dismiss the pupils at noon for the day, and which almost prostrated the street railway system. A strong northeast wind accompanied by snow blew all day.

The Soo line train from the west was stalled two hours in its lower Duluth yard before it could get to the station. A passenger train on the Iron Range road of the Mesaba branch, west of Allen Junction, is stalled and its exact location is unknown.

700 ARE KILLED IN PHILIPPINES.

Report Says 5,000 Families Are Ruined by Earthquake.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The eruption of Taal volcano and the accompanying disturbances in the Philippines killed 700 people in the town of Talisay, according to the report of the governor of Batangas province, which was cabled to the war department by Governor General Forbes. The report added that 5,000 families had been ruined by the disaster.

Since the first disturbance the seismograph apparatus of the Manila observatory has recorded the unprecedented number of 714 shocks. The army burial corps interred 45 bodies in Lemery.

The Philippine authorities are facing the absolute necessity of adopting relief measures in order to avoid suffering as the falling mud and lava destroyed the crops within a considerable radius of the volcano. The Red Cross society in the islands is taking steps toward that end.

PEMBERTON JURY IS SELECTED.

Case Grows Out of Purchase of State House Furniture.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 2. — The 12 necessary men for the trial of Senator Stanton C. Pemberton of Oklahoma, and former Representative Joseph C. Clark of Vandalia were secured and the attorneys for both sides made their opening statements to the jury. The jury was chosen after a two days and a half questioning. The case grows out of the purchase of furniture for the statehouse.

Miners Pick Indianapolis.

Columbus, Feb. 2.—Indianapolis was picked as the next year's convention city of the United Mine Workers of America by delegates attending the international convention, which closed after being in session 14½ days.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Cattle—Market 10c lower; beeves, $4.85@6.90; western steers, $4.40@5.65; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.60@5.85; calves, $7@8.75.

Hogs—Market weak, mostly 15c lower; light, $7.60@7.85; mixed, $7.40@7.80; heavy, $7.25@7.75; rough, $7.25@7.40; good to choice heavy, $7.40@7.75; pigs, $7.50@8.

Sheep—Market weak to 10c lower; native, $2.40@4.30; western, $2.25@4.30; yearlings, $4.40@5.50; lambs, native, $4.25@6.10.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

The house passed the postoffice appropriation bill, carrying about $257,000,000, with no negative votes.

Charlton R. Bottie, United States attorney at New Orleans, has refused to accede to Attorney General Wickersham's request that he resign, and has so notified the department of justice.

The legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill was reported to the senate Tuesday. It carries $35,369,700, an increase of $116,240, over the amount of the bill as it was passed by the house.

A caucus of the republicans of the house to determine what action to take on the proposed legislation for a congressional reapportionment in the light of the new census statistics was called for February 2.

A determined protest by the federal government was presented to the supreme court of the United States against the proposed review by that tribunal of the conviction of officials of the American Naval Stores company, sometimes referred to as the turpentine trust, of having violated the Sherman anti-trust law.

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Lieutenant Colonel Goethels, chief engineer of the Panama canal, sailed from Colon for the United States.

The Spanish minister of the interior has issued an edict prohibiting women from taking part in bull fights.

It is said that if E. H. Harriman had lived he would have had a railroad around the world. This was one of his great ambitions.

The annual Chicago automobile show opened with every inch of space in the Coliseum and the First regiment armory occupied.

Count von Rex, formerly German minister to China, has been nominated as ambassador to Tokio to succeed Baron Mumm von Schwartzenstein.

President Taft, who was invited to attend the Kansas state fair to be held at Hutchinson next fall, has decided to accept the invitation. The president will be there September 25 or 26.

For the first time in the history of aviation an aeroplane rose from the surface of the water at San Diego, sailed about and returned to the starting point, where it landed on the water as easily as a gull.

Early in March, immediately after congress adjourns, President Taft will make a short swing through the South winding up at his home town, Cincinnati, where he will spend several days before returning to the national capital.

The Indiana Republican Editorial association, which at its convention a year ago, refused to endorse the Taft administration, faced about and adopted resolutions endorsing, unreservedly, President Taft, pledging him the support of the republican press of the state and appealing to the voters to rally to him.

The contest between San Francisco and New Orleans over exposition location is stirring up quite a row.

The house will have an opportunity at an early date to vote on the tariff board bill, which has been agreed on by the ways and means committee.

Count Josef Gisycka of Blansko, Moravia, Austria-Hungary was sued for divorce by his wife, Countess Gisycko, in the circuit court at Chicago.

Colonel Edward H. R. Green, son of the richest woman in the world, has arrived in New York to become the active manager of his mother's vast interests.

Jas E. Martine, the newly-elected senator from New Jersey, says the position did not cost him a dollar.

The Spanish cabinet has decided to present parliament a bill regulating the religious and other associations.

Democrats are holding up Taft's hands for the Canadian treaty.

Roosevelt says he is a progressive and could not be anything else.

President Taft expects to visit Kansas the week of September 24 to 30 next.

New York and Iowa legislatures show no signs of agreeing on senatorial choice.

The president sent a special message to congress bearing on reciprocity with Canada.

The house defeated the proposal to increase salaries of circuit judges from $7,000 to $10,000 a year.

Emil Munsterberg, a brother of Professor Hugo Munsterberg of Harvard university, died at Berlin.

President Taft is concerned over the formation of the republican progressive league at Washington.

Ship subsidy promoters are represented as having sought to buy the support of a New York newspaper.

Congress is showing considerable anxiety over the embarrassment caused by the proposed reciprocity program.

The postoffice appropriation bill was passed after the department has received a round scoring in the house.

At the second trial of men accused of taking part in the Berlin strike riots fifteen of the defendants were found guilty.

President Taft has accepted the resignation from the army of Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr., coast artillery corps, effective January 28.

A man giving the name of Charles Smith was arrested in Oklahoma City, charged with implication in the blowing up of the Los Angeles Times. Smith is from Joplin, Mo.

It is reported that Geo. J. Gould, the president of the Missouri Pacific railway company, the only one of the great Gould system of railroads in which he is still dominant will retire.

A resolution was introduced in the house opposing the proposed reciprocity treaty with Canada. The constitutional convention, after a long debate was finally indefinitely postponed in the senate.

Theodore Economu and George P. Calogera, New York Greek importers, were sentenced to four months' imprisonment for being parties to a conspiracy to defraud the government out of duties.

Juan Sanchez Azcona, whom the Mexican government sought to extradite for trial on the charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, was set free by the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

The Peruvian insurgents have occupied the heights of Tayabamba, 200 miles north of the capital and are awaiting an attack by the government troops which have been sent to dislodge them.

In four tests before physicians at Reno, Okl., Frank Arkebauer showed that he has 454 cubic inches lung capacity, which breaks the 436 cubic inch world's record of Paul Van Broeckman of New York.

Chancellor Allison decided at Nashville, Tenn., against the negro Knights of Pythias, holding that they have no right to the name, regalia, badges, etc. This case will be appealed to the supreme court.

Thirty-two individual defendants in the so-called bathtub trust criminal cases filed a general demurrer in the federal court in Detroit Monday afternoon. It was expected the case would come up for trial in March.

The Japanese who assaulted United States Consul Williamson at Dainy, last month, were convicted and given a light fine, according to news brought to Victoria, B. C., by the steamship Oanfa, from Yokohoma. The men were reprimanded and assessed a fine of $2.50 each.

James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor and Street Commissioner Edwards on a steamship in dock at Hoboken last August, was taken to the New Jersey state prison to serve twelve years at hard labor. The sentence, including a fine of $1,000, is for his attack on Edwards.

The purpose of the George Washington Memorial association was advanced when $100,000 was donated by a New York financier. This gift practically makes sure the collection of $500,000, which the association has set itself to get before a site is decided upon.

Sheriff R. E. Martin of Hansford county, Texas, was shot and killed by a man named Fifer. Sheriff Martin and a United States marshal went to arrest Fifer for unlawfully holding state land twenty miles northwest of here. The men entered Fifer's barn and struck a match. Fifer fired and escaped.

Personal.

James F. Martine has won out for senator in New Jersey.

The Missouri legislature has no Smiths and only one Brown.

Senator Heyburn of Idaho, opposes popular election for senators.

Ira C. Stone, aged 100 years and five months, died recently at Bloomington, Ill.

Elizabeth Stewart Phelps Ward, author and lecturer, died at her home in Newton Center, Mass.

Tammany is said to be casting about for a new man for senator.

The new republican governor of Tennessee was inaugurated Jan 25th.

The jury in the Mrs. Schenk murder trial disagreed and were discharged.

Congressman Norris opposes any raise in the salaries of United States circuit judges.

Senator Cummins marked the line of division of the republican party on the tariff question.

Senator Nixon of Nevada, a republican, was re-elected by a legislature that is democratic.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

St. Paul.—State Labor Commissioner Houk has reappointed Mrs. Perry Starkweather as assistant labor commissioner.

Morris.—John Schultz and wife of Alberta, Minn., are proud parents of triplets. The babies are all girls and are doing well.

Faribault.—The blacksmith shop of Ash Van Selous, in Cannon City, was totally destoyed by fire. The loss was $2,000, with no insurance.

Faribault.—The police record for the last year shows there were only 144 arrests as compared with 215 the previous year. Of the 144 arrests 129 were for drunkenness.

Spring Valley.—The Rafferty & Week company farmers' store stock of general merchandise was damaged by fire. Eight thousand dollars is the loss, fully covered by insurance.

Baudette.—Andrew O. Cop, 45 years old, a lumberjack, was killed a mile north of Black Duck, when he was run over by the south-bound Minnesota & International railroad freight train.

St. Charles.—Burglars entered C. S. Orenson's store through the glass door and took some money from the cash register and some clothing. The Chicago, Great Western depot was also robbed last night and $14 was taken from the cash drawer.

Minneapolis.—The final report of the appraisers of the estate of Mahala F. Pillsbury was filed with the clerk of the probate court. The value of real estate is $246,066; personal property, $542,686.31, or a total valuation of the entire estate, $788,752.31.

Winona.—Fire supposed to have been started by an incendiary, destroyed the $3,000 barn of Adolph Keler, south of St. Charles. Fifteen horses and fifty-seven cattle were burned to death. Insurance of $1,500 was carried on the barn and $300 on stock.

Minneapolis.—Six horses were burned to death in a fire which completely destroyed the warehouse of the Coffin Box & Lumber company, lower Nicollet island, at an estimated loss of about $7,000, including the horses, mostly covered by insurance.

Faribault.—The Dundas flour mill has been sold to the Great Western Milling Company of St. Paul. The purchasers have been operating it under a lease for about three months. A good water power is also included in the sale. The property will be improved and enlarged.

Minneapolis.—"School Days," which will appear at the Bijou the week of Feb. 5th, for a week's engagement, under the management of Stair and Havlin, is a musical comedy that met with deserved popularity last season, and which will undoubtedly be well received by the patrons.

Minneapolis.—Mayor Haynes received a leter from Senator Knute Nelson in which the senator says $250,000 for the high dam is included in the rivers and harbors bill and for the Twin Cities to go ahead and form the holding company to take over the dam site while this money is being spent on the dam.

Faribault.—Edward Guntzenberger was arrested by the game warden on a charge of taking game fish from the nets of the parties who are seining the lakes near here for rough fish. Guntzenberger proved the fish he took from the nets, after they had been pulled, were game fish that were killed during the drawing of the net. The jury acquitted him.

Virginia.—A permanent organization to fight for the division of St. Louis county was formed at Virginia; sixteen different range towns being represented by a total of fifty-nine delegates. It is known as the Iron County Development Association, and W. J. Archer, of Virginia, was elected secretary, with a salary of $100 per month.

A. T. Silliman, of Hibbing, was chairman of the meeting. Committees on ways and means and legislation will be appointed. The question of dividing St. Louis county is not new, but this move looks more like business than any made heretofore.

Duluth.—Bowstring Joe, a Chippewa Indian, created a sensation in the district court, at Grand Rapids, where he was a witness in the trial of Goggle Eye, another Chippewa, for the murder of a white man named John Caldwell at Sand Lake, Minn., Oct. 17, when he suddenly announced, while on the stand, that it was himself and not Goggle Eye, that had slain the man. Goggle Eye was promptly acquitted, and Bowstring Joe submitted to arrest without a murmur. He freely explained why he killed Caldwell. He said the white man had tried to take liberties with his squaw, and, happening to hear her screams, he had gone to her assistance and stobbed Caldwell to death. Bowstring Joe is 60 years old and a well known character in the Indian section of northern Minnesota. Goggle Eye had stood an excellent chance of conviction under circumstantial evidence.

Duluth.—Argot Johnson, aged 19, the boy who was with Charles Melodrowski when the latter shot and killed Officer Harry Chessmore on Jan. 6, was found guilty of murder in the third degree by the jury in the district court.

British Parliament Assembles.

London, Eng.—The second parliament of King George assembled with little ceremony, the spectacular function being reserved for next Monday, when the king and queen will open the proceedings in state. Mr. Lowther was re-elected speaker.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE
DEFECTIVE PAGE

"WHO'LL GIVE THE MOST?" CARNEGIE-ROCKEFELLER CONTEST

A MERRY war of millions is on between Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller, perhaps the richest two men in all the world.

"I expect to die poor," is Mr. Carnegie's battle cry, and as a retort Mr. Rockefeller has often declared: "No one shall outgive me."

Theirs is not a fight like those that Wall street so often sees—neither one is trying to ruin the other in this game of money. It is a fine and friendly rivalry between the Pittsburg ironmaster and the Cleveland oil king to see which one will be able to give away the most money during his lifetime. At the moment Mr. Carnegie leads by about $5,000,000, but nobody can tell when Mr. Rockefeller will come back at him with some more millions that again the lead, which neither one ever succeeds in keeping long.

Up to a short time ago Mr. Rockefeller led the giving game, led by something like $5,000,000, but Mr. Carnegie on December 14 took it from him by throwing into the balance $10,000,000, giving for the establishment of international peace. With this gift came the appointing of a board of trustees to work for international arbitration and the abolition of war, which Mr. Carnegie calls a "degrading evil." This put him ahead some $5,000,000 or so, and up to the moment of writing he still leads. But any day Mr. Rockefeller may be expected to come back at him.

Munificent Gift to Chicago.

As it was just one week after Mr. Carnegie's newest gift Mr. Rockefeller did make the University of Chicago $10,000,000 richer, but this was merely a transfer of millions. He ordered $10,000,000 out of his $53,000,000 fund for general education to be paid to the university, at the rate of $1,000,000 a year for ten years. It was not really an additional gift, so his sum total of gifts for all purposes still stays at $174,411,000, while Mr. Carnegie's amounts to $179,800,000.

That is the situation today as regards two masters of many millions. However, nobody expects them to end their days in the poorhouse, for the simple reason that their incomes pile up faster than they can spend the money.

The unique contest started about 30 years ago. The two multi-millionaires have been at it ever since, matching each other's gifts with gifts and a little more. For general education Mr. Rockefeller has given the mighty sum of $53,000,000. Mr. Carnegie is only a million behind with his $52,000,000 for libraries. Mr. Carnegie gave $16,000,000 for the Carnegie institute in Pittsburg and $12,000,000 for the Carnegie institute in Washington, a total of $28,000,000. And now Mr. Rockefeller adds $10,000,000 to the $25,000,000 he has already given to the University of Chicago, going Mr. Carnegie $7,000,000 better.

Though announced on December 21, Mr. Rockefeller's transfer of the $10,000,000 to the Chicago institution of learning was really made December 13, and the very next day came Mr. Carnegie's ten millions for peace. Mr. Rockefeller's latest gift was announced on October 18 last, when he added $3,820,000 to the $5,000,000 he had already given to the Institute for Medical Research. Since that date a score of gifts of from $50,000 to $250,000 have been announced, but not one that can rival Mr. Carnegie's $10,000,000 in one lump sum. It is a dollar to a doughnut that Mr. Rockefeller will soon come back at Mr. Carnegie.

Jealousy Over Gifts.

Among his friends Mr. Rockefeller makes no secret of his determination not to let Mr. Carnegie outgive him. He confesses that he is jealous of Mr. Carnegie's world wide philanthropies. He refuses to discuss Mr. Carnegie's gifts publicly, just as Mr. Carnegie refuses to refer to Mr. Rockefeller's. In fact, the two gentlemen have tacitly agreed to treat each other impersonally.

And how humanity at large is benefited by this rivalry in munificence! For the rivals are not competing with thousands or hundreds of thousands or even millions. They are wielding hundreds of millions, and nobody can predict where the race will end. Death will not bring it to a close, for it is almost certain that their wills will direct the distribution after their days are done of as much or more than they have given away in their lifetimes.

John D. Rockefeller is supposed to be the richest man in the world. He himself probably doesn't know how much he is worth. His total fortune may be assumed to be between $500,000,000 and $700,000,000. If he lives another 15 or 20 years and doesn't give away too much, he may die a billionaire, the first the world has ever known.

Enormous Sums Between Them.

Andrew Carnegie is not so rich. No one knows just what he took for his interest in the steel trust, but it is supposed to have been in the neighborhood of $250,000,000 or $300,000,000. Today he is worth something between $200,000,000 and $500,000,000. It would scarcely be an extravagant guess if one were to estimate the sum total of the Rockefeller and Carnegie millions at a billion dollars. And they are rivals in placing this well nigh inconceivable sum of money where it will do the most good to mankind.

It would be interesting to know just what passed through Mr. Rockefeller's mind on that morning not so long ago when he read in his copy of the World that Mr. Carnegie, by handing out $10,000,000 for peace, had passed him in the race to give away the most money. What did he do in that library at Pocantico Hills, the Westchester county suburb where he lives each autumn and Christmastide? Probably he walked to the bay window which commands a view of the cold, gray Hudson, thought a bit, and smiled that inscrutable smile of his.

The first great gifts of Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Carnegie were made in 1891. They have been giving ever since. In all that time Mr. Carnegie has been handing out his money at an average rate of $16,438.36 a day. Mr. Rockefeller, just at the moment a few millions behind, has been generous to the tune of $15,982.64 a day. But Mr. Rockefeller has only to give away a few more millions to make his daily average climb higher than Mr. Carnegie's.

Differ in Ideas of Giving.

Then it will be Mr. Carnegie's turn to think how he can outdo his rival. When he reads of the latest Rockefeller gift, after hearing the huge pipe organ in his Fifth avenue mansion before breakfast, he will try to find some new field in which more of his millions can be planted. And so in another few weeks or months we may look for another big gift from Mr. Rockefeller, to be followed by a still larger one from the "Laird of Skibo."

Giving away money has with these men taken the place of the desire to pile up additional millions. They have their own ideas about giving it away. They seldom give large sums without imposing rigid conditions. Almost invariably Mr. Rockefeller requires that his beneficiary raise a similar or even greater amount from other sources. Before even the smallest amount is given the object is carefully investigated. Mr. Carnegie is equally careful. Skilled investigators report on every application for charity. Only the most noteworthy requests are granted.

Messrs. Rockefeller and Carnegie have their prejudices and their weaknesses. Both also have their hobbies. Mr. Carnegie's is building libraries. Mr. Rockefeller's is his general education board and the University of Chicago.

Some Record Gifts.

Their principal gifts are surprisingly alike in size and purpose. Mr. Rockefeller favors this university, Mr. Carnegie that one. While one of the oil king's chief wift has been $8,240,000 to the Institute of Medical Research, Mr. Carnegie has given $15,000,000 for pensions to educators. Churches and missions have received more from the oil king than they have from Mr. Carnegie. The Rockefeller gift of $53,000,000 to the general education board is the greatest single gift one man has ever made in the history of the world, and it is said to be the oil king's intention to increase it to $100,000,000 within the next few years.

Mr. Rockefeller's big gifts, like Mr. Carnegie's are always made in bonds of railroads, steel and oil companies.

It has been many years since the oil and steel king have met, but in their early days they were frequently together. They are about the same age—Mr. Carnegie is 73 and Mr. Rockefeller 71. Both started in life without a dollar, and both became millionaires before they were 65. As every one knows, Mr. Carnegie made his millions in steel and Mr. Rockefeller his in oil. Both have given liberally to their home towns—Pittsburg and Cleveland—and both now live in New York. They have many other points of resemblance, including their unflagging interest in golf.

Rivalry of Magnificence.

And now these two men, having accumulated greater individual fortunes than this country has ever before known, and having retired from active management of the great corporations in which they are the dominant figures, are engaged in a unique rivalry of munificence. Each is trying to see how he can give away the greatest amount of money to accomplish the greatest good. The philanthropies of other rich men look almost insignificant beside the regal gifts of these two, though in proportion to the wealth upon which they had to draw other men may really have surpassed them in generosity.

Today the live question in philanthropic circles is what will Mr. Rockefeller do next? Other things being equal, the man with the bigger bank account should win the race. And Mr. Rockefeller is the richer of the two.

But if he tries very hard Mr. Carnegie ought surely to be able to gratify his wish to die poor!

Men know less than they let on, women more.

VALUE OF A GOOD MEMORY

Its Possession, However, Is Not Always Proof of a Great Mind.

The trouble with old men usually is that their memories become overloaded with actual and psychic facts, among which they are unable to distinguish those that have a value for the present and those that have become obsolete. Generally speaking, an old man knows a great deal more than a young man, but, says the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette, it does not necessarily follow that he is wiser. While, therefore, a strong memory is a great convenience, it is not necessarily an advantage.

Cardinal Mezzofanti, whose memory for words was so retentive that he never forgot one after hearing it once, and which enabled him to acquire more than a hundred languages, was in most respects a very ordinary person. Pliny relates that Mithridates, king of Pontus, had so excellent a memory that he was able to speak fluently 22 languages native to the provinces of his vast empire. Yet he was a cruel barbarian.

A well known peripatetic elocutionist and reciter still living declares that he can repeat without further preparation about 3,000 selections in prose and poetry. He probably tells the truth, since he has been training his mind in this particular direction for many years.

On the other hand, such men as Sir Walter Scott, Macaulay and Gladstone were not only the possessors of excellent memories, they were also men of good judgment.

Among human beings children have the most remarkable memories. Under favorable circumstances they will learn three, and even four languages, so as to be able to express their thoughts with equal ease in any one of them by the time they are six or seven years of age.

And they accomplish this remarkable feat without any aid from the mnemonic devices to which adults are compelled to resort when they undertake a similar task. They learn words and phrases unconsciously, and rarely forget them as long as they live. On the other hand, grown-ups rarely acquire an accurate pronunciation of a foreign language, although they may be able to use it with entire correctness.

It is a common belief that the memory is more tenacious in early life than in later years. That seems to depend almost entirely upon the individual.

Matchmaking Ma.

"My wife is always having pipe dreams."

"How now?"

"Now she thinks the young janitor of our flats is becoming interested in our daughter. Last week it was a duke!"

Some Verse.

Eminent Poet (to his betrothed)—Darling, how did you like the poem I sent you? Did it seem too sweetly tender?

She—Oh, it was lovely. I got seven fifty for it at the church fair.—Fliegende Blaetter.

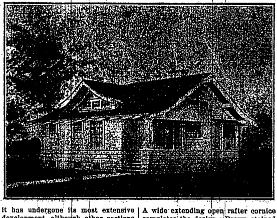
THE AMERICAN HOME

Wm. A. RADFORD EDITOR

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 194 Fifth Ave., Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

The word bungalow is an Anglo-Indian term, meaning in India a species of rural villa, a house of light construction, usually of unbaked brick with a thatched roof. The bungalows which are the residences of Europeans in India are of all styles and sizes according to the taste and wealth of the owner. In its earlier use by white men the word bungalow was taken to denote a lightly constructed habitation, not exceeding one story in height, and presumably designed for temporary occupation. But during the past few years the bungalows have been built in both the United States and Canada as all-year residences and are constructed with every regard for permanency.

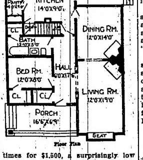
They are built with heavier studding and bracing than the bungalows in California, and are sheathed solid outside and covered with heavy building paper and siding or shingles. Many of them are provided with open fire places, although the old-time significance of the word contemplated an unplastered building with no facilities for heating, since it was designed, presumably, for summer occupancy or tropical habitation.



The bungalow idea first took root in America in southern California where the mild and even climate is particularly well adapted to the bungalow in its elementary forms. Here it has undergone its most extensive development, although other sections of the United States are now crowding the favorite regions of the Pacific coast in this respect.

It may be said, in all frankness, that any prospective home builder will do well to study carefully the advantages of the bungalow for his home which he is to build this spring. For those desiring a small and inexpensive house, particularly, the bungalow offers great advantages. The original ideas of arrangement as well as the unique ornamental schemes that are characteristic of bungalow work make it possible to design and build a home-like, cozy house of individual appearance for the same cost as the plain, every day cottage.

An example in point is the artistic four-room bungalow illustrated herewith. This has been built many times for $1,500, a surprisingly low cost, no more in fact than one would have to pay for a plain ordinary cottage of the same size which would not meet so ready a sale nor at so good a figure when the time comes to sell.



Floor Plan

Remember this; it is always possible to sell a bungalow when a plain house of the same cost would find no sale. This is the most important factor financially, concerning the subject of home building. Too often home builders construct houses that lack style and when a rainy day comes and they want to sell the house there is no buyer because the house is "like thousands of others."

The reason why a house will not sell in nine cases out of ten is because it has no individuality. The bungalow has individuality; it has that something that makes passers-by turn after they have passed the house and say, "How cozy."

A glance at the floor plan and perspective shown herewith will show the desirable and attractive features of this plan. From the broad entrance porch one enters a good size hall, connecting by means of wide cased opening with attractive column grille work into the large sized living room, 12 by 19 feet, bright and cheerful, having broad window spaces, a built-in bookcase and practical fire place. A cased opening connects the living room and dining room, making practically one room and giving an exceptional amount of room and spaciousness in a cottage of this size. The arrangement between the kitchen and dining room is very good for convenient housekeeping and few steps. There is also direct connection between kitchen and front hall, a very good feature. Too many houses are so arranged that the living room has to be chased through every time one has occasion to answer the front door bell, which not only disturbs those sitting there, but also dirties this room unnecessarily and makes too many steps.

The bedroom is of good size, opens off from the front hall and is supplied with a large sized clothes closet, ventilated and lighted by means of a good sized window. There is also a lighted clothes closet for hanging coats and hats just beside the front door. The bathroom has an inconspicuous location and is at the same time convenient. It too has a large closet for linen, etc.

Although the second floor of this house is not important, still it furnishes a space for storage purposes, is well lighted and ventilated, and serves to keep the first floor cool. Some people have objected to the bungalow on the ground that it is too hot, but with an attic space of this size, well ventilated, no trouble of this kind will be experienced.

The exterior treatment of this house is in a very appropriate bungalow style. Rough boards are used, stained with creosote oil. The foundation courses from grade to window sills are covered with wide boards with horizontal batten strips. Above this the boards are lapped like the beveled siding, but with a wider lap. A wide extending open rafter cornice completes the design. Brown stained walls with green roof and sash painted white makes a very typical and artistic color arrangement for this cozy little bungalow.

Roses Make Morgan Smile.

When J. P. Morgan the other day stepped inside his banking house he sniffed and looked around him suspiciously, with a sort of half-glare in his eye.

"What's that, eh?" he asked.

"Roses, sir," pleasantly said "Big Jim," the office bodyguard.

"Umph!" said the "Grand Old Man of Wall Street," briskly moving down the long corridor. Then he caught sight of two large bouquets of American Beauty roses on the desks of the new junior partners of the house, William H. Parter, formerly president of the Chemical National bank, and Thomas W. Lamont, former vice-president of the iFrst National bank.

"Umph!" repeated Morgan, with several more sniffs. Then he wheeled and, with his face relaxed somewhat and his eyes twinkling, he strode in and shook hands with his two new "boys."

"I'll take the whole issue at 95," he said, pointing to the roses. Then he stood between the bouquets and blew cigar smoke upward, while everybody smiled, and a dozen or more men in the office stretched their necks to the limit and gasped at the rare sight of flowers in Morgan's office.—New York Press.

Speech That Was Never Delivered.

When the Hepburn rate bill was under consideration in the senate four years ago, Senator Crane learned that Piles of Washington, a new member, was about to make a speech for it and he didn't wish him to. He took Piles aside and whispered:

"You know Senator Flint pretty well, don't you?"

"I do," replied Piles.

"Well, I hear he is about to make a speech. He is a new man and he mustn't do it. We new senators must stand together. We are not expected to talk, and if we do, what we say is ignored and we are looked upon as jokes. By all means, see that Flint saves his face."

Piles turned scarlet. He promised to see Flint—and he kept that speech to himself.—Success Magazine.

Planning the House.

"Well," said Gifford Berrington, cheerfully, "I've got the plans for my new house on the lake shore all finished."

"Finished to suit you?"

"N-no. But the architect is satisfied, and that's the best I can expect."

"Ha, ha! How about Mrs. Berrington?"

"It's all right with her, too. In fact she got that fixed before we started. You see, she laid out the cupboards and wardrobes, and all the architects had to do was to build a house around them."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

GOOD CAKE RECIPES

FORMULAS THAT HAVE BEEN TRIED AND PROVEN.

Devil's Food Cake Easily Made and Success Always Insured—Soft Molasses Cookies—Banana Shortcake—Popcorn Crisp.

Devil's Food Cake.—Grate into a dish one-quarter cake of unsweetened chocolate, add one-half cup of boiling water and one teaspoon soda; let stand until other part of cake is mixed.

Cake part—Two cups of brown sugar, half cup each butter and sour milk, 2½ cups flour; pour in the chocolate mixture and bake in layers.

Filling for same—Two cups brown sugar, half cup of sweet milk, butter size of an egg; boil a little, stirring all the while. Do not let it boil too long as it will sugar.

Soft Molasses Cookies.—One cup molasses, half cup water, half cup lard, half teaspoon each of cinnamon and ginger, one heaping teaspoon soda. Boil water and lard together, put in soda, stir well, add to molasses, mix as soft as you can without having too sticky. Bake in moderate oven. These should be thick, soft and delicious. Recipe is over 100 years old.

White Cookies.—Two cups granulated sugar creamed with one cup butter, one cup of thick sour milk or cream, one teaspoon soda dissolved in one teaspoon of hot water, nutmeg to taste, just enough flour to handle the dough easily; roll out and cut, sprinkle with sugar and press a raisin in center of each; bake in a rather quick oven to a delicate brown.

Popcorn Crisp.—Boil one cup molasses and one cup sugar together till it is the right consistency for candy. Have five quarts of popped corn, free from hard kernels, in a large pan, over which pour the mixture, stirring in at the same time so the molasses will be evenly distributed. When cold it will be crisp and delicious.

Banana Shortcake—Use any good Washington pie recipe, slice bananas thin, spread over lower half. Whip a half pint of cream sweetened and add a little vanilla, spread over bananas, put on top layer, cover with bananas and then cover top with the rest of the cream. This is very rich.

GOOD HINT ABOUT IRONING

How One Housekeeper Keeps Clothes Clean While Putting on Finishing Touches.

A housekeeper who is noted for her labor saving devices attached a big pocket to the ironing board when ironing skirts and dresses which will drag upon the floor.

The pocket is made of unbleached muslin with a wide hem at each end, and is so long that when it is attached to the sides of the board it will nearly touch the floor.

A double piece of muslin is put on the corners of the hem to re-enforce it, and these corners are pinned at the sides after the garment has been put on.

As it is ironed, the garment falls within this loose pocket, and is kept from contact with the floor.

Laundering Frills.

Before putting in the laundry the one-side plaited frills and frilled collars, which are so pretty and popular and yet so hard to "do up," run a row of basting stitches about an inch from the outer edge. That will hold the plaits in position while washing and will save time and trouble later in ironing. This is especially true if you are not the proud possessor of a patent plaiting iron.

These frills, by the way, should, when possible, be made separate from the blouse and buttoned, hooked or pinned on, so that they do not have to go so often to the tub. They really do not get dirty so quickly as the more exposed parts of the blouse, and they are a great nuisance usually to wash and iron, even with the precaution mentioned. If you buy a ready-made blouse with frills stitched on, it is an easy matter to rip them off and supply buttons and buttonholes.

Swiss Roast.

Take a thick round steak from two to two and one-half inches in thickness and pound into it as much flour as it will take, using the edges of a plate for that purpose. When the flour has been pounded into both sides take the meat and brown it on both sides; remove to a sauce pan, heat one-half can of tomatoes, one large onion cut fine, one sweet pepper, if desired pour over the meat, cover tightly and cook slowly two to three hours. Just before the meat is done salt and pepper to taste. Delicious when served hot, also nice when cold.

To Keep Material White.

Dresses and other articles made of delicate white material often become yellow with lying. To prevent this, take a good-sized pillow case and blue it thoroughly. In this place the dress and baste or pin the open end of the case, so as to keep out all dust and air. When you open the blue bag your dress will be white, without resorting to the ruinous "tub" or dry cleaning process.

Delmonico Potatoes.

Layer cold potatoes, layer grated cheese; pour over drawn butter. Sauce—Put in double boiler or over the tea kettle one cup milk; when the milk is hot add one tablespoonful flour and butter creamed, boil together until thick; keep up the process until the dish is full.

Cream Sauce.

Two rounded tablespoons butter, two spoonfuls flour; when butter bubbles stir in flour; add salt and pepper to taste; add enough cold milk to make consistency of good gravy. Let boil good.

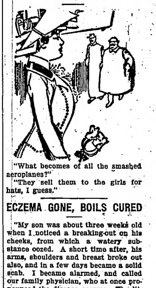
Cafe Au Lait.

Make some strong clear coffee. Pour it into the cup with an equal quantity of boiling milk and sweeten according to taste. Allow one cup for each person.

A Mother's Love

wisely directed, will cause her to give to her little ones only the most wholesome and beneficial remedies and only when actually needed, and the well-informed mother uses only the pleasant and gentle laxative remedy—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—when a laxative is required, as it is wholly free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

AIRY FAIRIES.



"What becomes of all the smashed aeroplanes?"

"They sell them to the girls for hats, I guess."

ECZEMA GONE, BOILS CURED

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician, who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under his treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged, and as I had read the advertisements of Cuticura Remedies and testimonials of a great many people who had used them with wonderful success, I dropped the doctor's treatment, and commenced the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruption on his cheeks was almost healed, and his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old all trace of the eczema was gone.

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies." (Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 24, 1910.

Painted While Asleep.

It is the craze of the pretty ladies of the Tiergartenstrasse's plutocrat society to be painted while asleep, writes a Berlin correspondent. The Austrian Countess Czivek started the bright idea. The well known portraitist who had given her an appointment for the sitting has a vivacious habit of making you wait. Tired of turning over French novels in an ante-chamber, the beautiful countess fell asleep. At last the procrastinating artist turned up.

Entranced by the unexpected vision of sleeping beauty, he threw off a lightning sketch and as the countess awoke, held it before her astonished eyes. The drawing was so dainty and seductive that the delighted sitter insisted upon a complete oil portrait painting while she simulated sleep.

To Economize Space.

"But why is it that you always serve toast with each slice stood up on edge?"

"Oh, I just got into the habit; you knew we lived in a flat when we were first married."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

So much we miss if love is weak, so much we gain if love is strong.—Helen Hunt Jackson.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

There are many kinds of pleasures, and some of them aren't so pleasant.

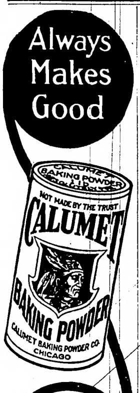
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It is better to lose in loving than to gain by self seeking.

Is Your Health Worth 10c?

That's what it costs to get a week's treatment of CASCARETS. They do more for you than any medicine on Earth. Sickness generally shows and starts first in the Bowels and Liver; CASCARETS cure these ills. It's so easy to try—why not start to-night and have help in the morning?

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.


Always Makes Good
CALUMET BAKING POWDER 1 LB.
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappoints—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received highest reward World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest, wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.) 30

Slip Easy
COLLARS
15¢ TWO FOR 25¢
Pul Easy
COLLARS
Smaller in Style
Little Less Quality
Are The Best 10 Cent Collars Made.

Collar Comfort

is insured if you wear SLIP EASY COLLARS which all have the Slip Easy Tab shown above. This Tab allows the necktie to slide easily and is the most marked improvement made in collars during recent years. They come in all styles and are for sale by up-to-date dealers. If not at your store, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C.W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N.Y.

A TRUCK FARM IN FLORIDA

Means an independence for life. Seventeen cents a day will buy a five acre truck farm in the Pensacola District. Our soil expert and demonstration farm makes mistakes impossible. Come to the land of SUNSHINE AND SUCCESS and we will help you make good. Write today for our exceptional offer.

PENSACOLA REALTY COMPANY, Pensacola, Florida

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

PISO'S

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

Live Stock

BUILDING COLONY HOG-HOUSE

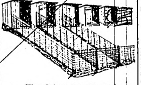
Excellent Manner of Using Old Scrap Lumber Is to Put It Into Pens for the Swine.

(By J. W. GRIFFIN.)

One of the best ways to use scrap lumber is to build hog-houses out of it. If there is no old lumber lying around in the way, it will pay to buy new, even at the present high prices, and build the hog-houses.

If it pays to take care of the little pigs when the butcher's stuff is bringing four and five cents a pound, it is doubly profitable when they are eight and ten cents.

We have ten Jersey brood-sows and ten colony houses, built and fenced off, as shown in the drawing.



The Colony Hog-House.

These houses were built out of lumber that came out of an old frame building, once used as a saw mill.

We bought the old mill, the frame of which was 33 feet wide, 100 feet long, and two stories high; all the framing timbers were as good as when put in the building. The scrap-lumber we worked into the hog-houses and the frame and the best lumber will be used in the building an up-to-date feed barn.

POINTS IN SHEEP BREEDING

Results of Experiments Conducted by Wisconsin Station Regarding Lamb Increase of Flocks.

A few years ago the Wisconsin experiment station published the result of a series of experiements it had been conducting in regard to the lamb increase of farm flocks. With the interest now being taken in sheep breeding, these will be worth recalling. The summary of conclusions is as follows:

1. From the breeding record of 514 ewes at this station we conclude that for such animals and conditions as ours the normal period of gestation ranges from 144 to 150 days after the date of service and that more ewes will lamb 146 days after service than at any other time.

2. There is no appreciable difference in the period of gestation for male and female offspring in sheep.

3. There is an apparent relation between the duration of the period of gestation and the period required for reaching maturity. Quick maturing breeds appear to carry their young for a shorter period than those breeds requiring more time to mature.

4. Large lambs are on the average carried in utero for an appreciably longer period than small or medium lambs.

5. Lambs dropped before the 144th and after the 149th day of pregnancy are lacking in strength and vitality at birth.

16. Shropshire ewes were more prolific than any of the other breeds and crosses except the fourth cross of Shropshire rams on a Merino ewe foundation.

7. From the data presented it is apparent that twins are the normal increase for ewes of the mutton type.

5. One year old rams are not so prolific as those two or three years old. Ewes also average a larger percentage of increase in lambs after they reach full maturity at three years of age until after they are six years old, when the rate of increase diminishes.

9. The amount of service required of the ram in breeding has an influence on the percentage increase in offspring of the ewes that produce lambs. Ewes bred early in the season of mating to a single ram, dropped a larger percentage of lambs than those near the latter end of the season.

York Breed for Bacon.

The experiment station at Grand Rapids, Minn., has been experimenting with the cost of producing bacon hogs of the York breed. Pigs are farrowed in March or April and turned into clover pasture when six or eight weeks old, with a little shorts and milk as a supplementary ration. In September barley and peas are added and for two months the hogs are fed all they will eat, reaching prime condition about November 1, at 130 to 150 pounds. Hogs so produced have been selling in the local market at eight and one-half cents per pound, and, according to Superintendent McGuire, the cost of production is four and one-half cents.

Use of Wheat Straw.

Grain fed cows and cattle will eat large quantities of wheat straw if it is dry and clean. Most of the straw will be eaten, and what is left should be used for bedding. By feeding most all the coarse forage grown on the farm and using the straw for feed and bedding, a large quantity of rich manure having a quantity of carbonaceous matter that will bring the crop planted to which it is applied, and, at the same time, improve the land for succeeding crops.

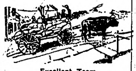
Horse Needs Fresh Air.

If a plentiful supply of fresh air is necessary to maintain a horse in good health it will be understood how necessary it must be to an animal which is suffering from any respiratory troubles. Fresh air is of the utmost importance in such cases. The most skillful medical treatment will be useless without it.

OXEN STILL USED ON FARMS

In Parts of New England and In South Animals Make Excellent Team for Small Farmer.

In some parts of New England and some localities of the south ox teams are still used on many farms. A pair of well broken oxen will do a tremendous amount of work and at about the same expense that it takes to keep a team of horses. Thoroughly broken when young, they become very gentle, and are usually tractable under trying conditions. They are easily managed by a boy and while not exactly fitted for all-around work, make an excellent team for the small farmer.



Excellent Team.

SOME TIMELY HORSE SENSE

Don't Sell Colts, as Young Team Will Be Wanted—Man Can Make Animal Balky or Good.

Don't allow the offer of a good, stiff price for the colts to tempt you in letting go of them. You'll need some fresh young teams one of these days, and it takes an almost fabulous sum of money to buy a span of young horses suitable for farm purposes.

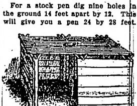
If you are in the habit of dashing your warm horses up to the town hitch rack and tying them up to cool off and chill without a blanket of any sort, try the experiment of standing beside them awhile, even half as long as you usually are in town, and—some harness dealer will sell you a pair of horse blankets before 15 minutes have passed.

As a general rule, a man may own good pulling horses or balky ones of the worst type—just whichever he chooses. If a colt were properly handled while being broken in, and then loaded decently after it had learned to pull, balky horses would be few and far between. Indeed, we doubt very much if there would be a balky horse to be found in the whole world.

CHEAP SHELTER FOR CATTLE

Practical Plan for Securing Protection for Stock From Inclemencies of the Weather.

For a stock pen dig nine holes in the ground 14 feet apart by 12. This will give you a pen 24 by 28 feet. Set posts, leaving 8 feet above ground, says a writer in the Farm and Home. Cut trees with natural crotch, lay in poles, then put rails or poles across the top. Be sure to set good posts, so they cannot fall in. You can board up front and sides, leaving door in front, or leave it open. Put in mangers if you wish to feed inside.



Easily Built Stock Shed.

Hay and Straw.

It is noticeable that alfalfa or lucern hay is very much more digestible than clover hay. This is partly due to its being harvested and stored away in a better stage to make good hay. Then there is a wide difference in the straws as to digestibility.

Some are of the opinion that wheat straw is more valuable as a feed than oat straw. However results of experiments show the reverse to be true.

If a ration is made up of total food constituents found in the material rather than the digestibility, poor, results will be obtained.

Both the amount and the digestibility must be considered.

Alfalfa for Swine.

The stomach of swine is small, compared with most of other animals, and is not therefore adapted to consuming large quantities of coarse, bulky foods. But it is found that alfalfa hay is relished by swine, and one-half pound a day in addition to a pound of sugar beets and a ration of grain may be fed with profit. In arid regions, where alfalfa and sugar beets are extensively grown, this ration is popular.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Do not attempt to raise a colt without giving the mare care.

The mutton produced by the cheviot is of a very superior quality.

After the lambs are weaned, the ewes should gain steadily in condition.

Oats are too bulky to be an ideal hog ration, and especially for young pigs.

Gilts bred to farrow the first time at 12 to 15 months of age will do well.

Sometimes old sows become very cross, as is most always the case with aged boars.

Ewes for breeding purposes should not be overly fat, but in a strong, vigorous, thrifty condition.

The ewes intended for breeding purposes should be sorted as early as possible and be put on good pasture.

Two litters of pigs may be raised each year from good sows providing the sows are given the best of feed and care.

In buying a boar, however, never get an old one. Get an early farrowed pig or a yearling at most, and do not be afraid to get a good one.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-239 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

The Latest Golf Story.

Two Scotchmen met and exchanged the small talk appropriate to the hour. As they were parting to go supperward, Sandy said to Jock:

"Jock, mon. I'll go ye a roond on the links in the morrn."

"The morrn?" Jock repeated doubtfully.

"Aye, mon, the morrn," said Sandy. "I'll go ye a roond on the links the morrn'."

"Aye weel," said Sandy. "I'll go ye. But I had intended to get married in the morrn'."

A Robber.

"Were you ever confronted by a robber?"

"Sure."

"And did you play the part of a hero?"

"No, indeed; you can't throttle a gas meter."

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

In the Blood.

Willis—Are those Kentucky horses you bought scared of autos?

Gillis—No, indeed. They never notice a train either, but I can't get them used to a sprinkling cart to save my life!—Puck.

Unnecessary.

"Do you tell your wife everything you do while she is away?"

"No; the neighbors attend to that."—Houston Post.

BLAME PHYSICIANS FOR GROWTH OF DOPE HABIT

Druggists Say Prescriptions and Not Patent Medicines the Cause.

New York.—Blame for the prevalence and growth of the morphine habit was placed on the shoulders of physicians, who prescribed the drug, at a meeting of druggists here tonight to protest against the recently enacted city ordinance prohibiting the sale at retail of any preparation containing morphine or its salts except upon a doctor's prescription.

The ordinance is aimed primarily at paregoric and at stomach remedies, according to members of the board of health who were instrumental in obtaining its passage. Caswell Mayo, one of the druggists, said he had made a canvass by mail of several sanitariums and the replies convinced him 90 per cent. of the victims of drugs formed the habit as a result of using prescriptions given by physicians and only 8 per cent. from using proprietary medicines.

THEY SPIKED THE TRACK.

"Now, that was a wrecking crew worth while—it was the worst smashup I ever saw, and in 20 minutes they didn't leave a sign of it."

"Wrecking crew, you idiot! They were souvenir hunters."

The Walkers.

James M. Beck, the famous corporation lawyer of New York, is a native of Philadelphia, and to Philadelphia he often returns to see his old friends.

Mr. Beck, at a recent banquet in Philadelphia, defended corporations with an epigram.

"The trust buster and the Socialist may do what they please," he said, "but mankind will still be divided into two great classes—those who walk to get an appetite for their dinner, and those who walk to get a dinner for their appetite."

Inherited.

Knicker—Jones has a bad memory.

Bocker—His mother never knew what were trumps, and his father couldn't remember anything on the witness stand.

There is no surer way to friendship than the honest and sincere appreciation of the good qualities and merits of others.—Henry Lee.

ROYALTY AS THE GODFATHER

Difficulty in Europe Successfully Overcome by the Exercise of Some Diplomacy.

In the early days of the reign of the late King Leopold of Belgium a seventh son was born to a Brussels woman, and when the king heard of it and was told that the boy was the seventh successive one, and that no girl had come to the family, he asked to be the baby's godfather. Ever since then every seventh son born in Brussels has had the same honor, and the mothers have received gifts in keeping with their station in life. King Albert, in carrying out the old adage a short time ago had some difficulty "because the seventh son was twins," according to the Frankfurter Zeitung. He could not stand for both boys, because that would give the family two Alberts. The remedy was found by Queen Elizabeth, who suggested that her little son, the duke of Brabant, be the godfather of the eighth boy, who consequently received the name of Leopold.

An Invariable Assumption.

"It must be dreadful to have any of your relatives become involved in scandal."

"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne. "The only possible compensation is the extent to which it causes you to be immediately written about as a member of the most exclusive society."

Diphtheria, Quinsy and Tonsilitis begin with sore throat. How much better to cure a sore throat in a day or two than to be in bed for weeks with Diphtheria. Just keep Hamlins Wizard Oil in the house.

If you fear to soil your hands in helpfulness you may be sure you are defiling your heart.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The manly man makes altogether the best woman's man.

WHY suffer with eye troubles, quick relief by using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N.Y.

There is no moral health without human helpfulness.

A Mosque for London.

It is proposed to erect a mosque in the capital of the greatest Mohammedan power in the world, and the only surprising feature of the project is that it has not been executed before. The building is to cost £100,000, to which the aga khan has already contributed £5,000. The committee in control of the scheme is presided over by Amir Ali and includes the Turkish and Persian ministers, as well as three members of the council of India.—London Globe.

Twenty-Five Years of It.

"Why do people have silver weddings, pa?"

"Just to show the world what their powers of endurance have been."—Judge's Library.

Knees Became Stiff

Five Years of Severe Rheumatism

The cure of Henry J. Goldstein, 14 Barton Street, Boston, Mass., is another victory by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine has succeeded in many cases where others have utterly failed. Mr. Goldstein says: "I suffered from rheumatism five years, it kept me from business and caused excruciating pain. My knees would become as stiff as steel. I tried many medicines without relief, then took Hood's Sarsaparilla, soon felt much better, and now consider myself entirely cured. I recommend Hood's."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs**.

A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Avenue, near 253rd St., West, N. Y.

The most democratic thing in the world.

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Virginia Farms and Homes

FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

N. W. N. U., NO. 6–1911.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult us by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of wrapping and mailing *only*, and we will send you a *free* copy of Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in handsome French cloth binding.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

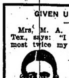
DOANS KIDNEY PILLS
Doan's Kidney Pills
FAC-SIMILE OF THE GENUINE PACKAGE SLIGHTLY REDUCED

BURDENS LIFTED FROM BAD BACKS

Weary is the back that bears the burden of kidney ills. There's no rest or peace for the man or woman who has a bad back. The distress begins in early morning. You feel lame and not refreshed. It's hard to get out of bed. It hurts to stoop to tie your shoes. All day the ache keeps up. Any sudden movement sends sharp twinges through the back. It is torture to stoop and straighten. At night the sufferer retires to toss and twist and grown. Backache is kidney ache—a throbbing, dull aching in the kidneys. Plasters or liniments won't do. You must get at the cause, inside.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURE SICK KIDNEYS

GIVEN UP TO DIE.



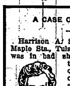
Mrs. M. A. Jenkins, Quanah, Tex., says: "I was bloated almost twice my natural size. I had the best physicians, but they failed to help me. For five weeks I was as helpless as a baby. My back throbbed and the kidney secretions were in terrible condition. The doctors held out no hope and I was resigned to my fate. At this critical time, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon was cured."

How To Tell When The Kidneys Are Disordered--

Painful Symptoms: Backache, sideache, pains when stooping or lifting, sudden sharp twinges, rheumatic pains, neuralgia, painful, scanty or too frequent urination, dizzy spells, dropsy.

Urinary Symptoms: Discolored or cloudy urine. Urine that contains sediment. Urine that stains the linen. Painful passages. Blood or shreds in the urine Let a bottle of the morning urine stand for 24 hours. If it shows a cloudy or fleecy settling, or a layer of fine grains, like brick dust, the kidneys are probably disordered.

A CASE OF GRAVEL.



Harrison A. Sturtevant, G and Maple Sts., Tulare, Cal., says: "I was in bad shape with kidney trouble. Too frequent urination compelled me to arise at night, my bladder became inflamed and I suffered severe pain. When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I passed a gravel stone three-quarters of an inch and variegated in color. After this my trouble disappeared.

A TRIAL FREE Test Doan's Kidney Pills Yourself

Cut out this coupon, mail it to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. A free trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills will be mailed you promptly. W.N.U.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents. FOSTER-MILBURN Co., Buffalo, N.Y., Proprietors.

IF THE PAIN IS THERE SUSPECT YOUR KIDNEYS

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

CALIFORNIA INDUSTRIES

A leading enterprise developing a great industry wants agents to undertake the sale of stock. Legitimate. Bank references. Write JOHN BAKER, JR., Crocker Building, San Francisco.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

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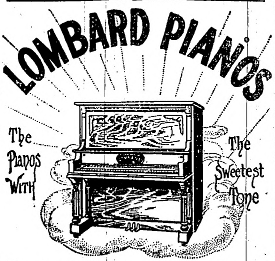

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our college work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purcelance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

The Spectator.

HARRY E IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVELSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, February 4, 1911.

The Contest Ended

The Red Lake Falls Gazette says that the decision in the supreme court on the legal question in the election contest proceedings was against Contestant Ed L. Healy. It was held that the contest had not been started promptly enough following the issuance of the governor's proclamation declaring the creation of the new county. That ends the contest of the election.

It is now proposed to start quo warranto proceedings. Such proceedings are brought in the name of the state on relation of the attorney general. The consent of the attorney general is necessary. Attorney General Simpson is now considering the matter and has arranged for a conference with the belligerents. He has advised the Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls people that on Feb. 13, at 2 o'clock, he will consider their arguments. If the attorney general gives his consent the fight will go into the courts; if he withholds his consent Red Lake Falls people will admit the existence of Pennington county—possibly.

It Couldn't Be.

Dean Farrar quotes Tennyson as having related to him the remark of a farmer who, after hearing a fire and brimstone sermon from an old style preacher, consoled his wife by saying: "Never mind, Sally, that must be wrong. No constitooshun couldn't stand it."

The Rose Diamond.

The rose diamond is quite flat in the under part or base, and the whole of the upper part is cut into lozenge shaped facets divided to form triangles and it terminates in a point. From this point the facets spread in a star shape.

Incompatible

Towne—Well well, the idea of his marrying Miss Goldey! Why, she's a dyspeptic. Browne—What has that to do with it? She's got plenty of money and so. Towne—That's just it. She'll never agree with him. [illegible]—Catholic Standard and Times.

It Had a Charm

"I do miss Mrs. Jones. She told me all the news of the parish."

"Oh, that was only gossip—no truth in it."

"Well, there, I liked to hear; it Truth or lies, 'twas all news to me."—Punch.

The hours we pass with happy prospects in view are more pleasing than those crowned with fruition.—Goldsmith

ANNOUNCEMENTS

By the County Superintendent of Schools, Pennington Co., Minn.

The teachers' examinations that ordinarily would have been held in February have been postponed by order of the state superintendent and will be held May 4, 5, and 6. Teachers holding certificates that expire March 1, 1911 if they are now engaged in teaching in the county, should write the undersigned at his office in Thief River Falls at once, so that their certificates may be extended to the time of a later examination.

All teachers now teaching in the new county of Pennington must file their certificates with the county superintendent in order to be valid. Please attend to this matter at once.

Teachers of schools in the county who are entitled to take state high school examinations should report at once the number of papers in their respective schools to provide for the necessary questions for examinations. The schools entitled to these examinations are in districts No 25, 219, 37, 54 and 151, and such other rural schools as have pupils sufficiently advanced to avail themselves of said examinations.

I will be at my office in the auditorium at Thief River Falls on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month until further notice. I solicit respectfully your inquiries as regards school matters, and will be glad to answer same in person or by correspondence.

Respectfully submitted,

E. A. MOSTUE,
Co. Supt of Schools, Pennington Co.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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Proposals Wanted

Proposals will be received by the board of auditors of Pennington county, Minnesota, until 2 o'clock p. m., Feb. 7, 1911, stating the rate of interest which would be paid on monthly balances of county funds subject to check and payment at all times on demand, and the rate of interest which would be paid on such funds or any part thereof when deposited for any certain length of time, and the security which would be given therefor.

Dated this 26th day of January, A. D. 1911.

BOARD OF AUDITORS OF
PENNINGTON COUNTY,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

JUDICIAL DITCH NUMBER FOURTEEN (14), MARSHALL, PENNINGTON, AND RED LAKE COUNTIES, MINNESOTA.

CLERK OF COURTS' NOTICE ON PETITION, ENGINEERS AND VIEWERS' REPORTS IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS.

State of Minnesota } ss. District Court.
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Steen and others for a public drainage ditch in the counties of Marshall, Red Lake, and Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 14.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 14, and that [illegible] hearing provided by law before [illegible] of the district court has been had thereon, and that the said judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of the said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as are provided by law, and that the said engineer duly made his report thereon and filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court and that the said judge of the district court duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as are required by law, and that on the 7th day of May, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., a final hearing was had before the said judge of the district court upon said petition, engineers' and viewers' reports, the said hearing being had pursuant to due notice given by the said clerk of the district court, and that after hearing all parties interested, the court found that the course of the said ditch could be improved upon, and made his order, dated May 7, 1910, rereferring and resubmitting the whole matter to the engineer duly appointed in said ditch matter and to the viewers thereto, authorizing and instructing them to reexamine the course of said proposed ditch and branches and to make all necessary changes, and further authorizing and instructing the said viewers to review and assess all of the said property that may be affected by such drainage ditch and notice is hereby given that the said engineer has completed his work and has made an amended report thereon and has filed the same in the office of the said clerk of the district court, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their amended report in the office of said clerk, and that as appears by the amended report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route, and termini of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch Number Fourteen (14), including a description of the lands over which the same passes is as follows, viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 45 feet north and 900 feet west of ¼ sec. corner on east side of section 12, twp. 154 n., range 44 w., thence in a westerly direction along the ¼ section line thru sections 12, 11, 10, 9, and 8 to a point about 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the center of section 8, said twp. and range; thence in a northerly direction along ¼ sec. line thru section 8 to the corner between sections 5 and 8; thence in a westerly direction parallel to and about 45 feet south of the north boundary of sec. 8 to the nw. section corner of section 8; thence in a northeasterly direction parallel to and about 45 feet east of the west boundary of section 5 to a junction with Marshall County Ditch No. 5; thence running along the course of said County Ditch No. 5 in a westerly direction along north boundary line of sections 5 and 6, twp. 154, range 44 w., and sections 1 and 2, twp. 154 n., range 45 w., to a point about 331 feet east of the ¼ sec. corner on north side of said section 2; thence by a course north 8 deg. w. about 3300 feet; thence north 30 deg. w. a distance of about 700 feet in section 35, twp. 155 north, range 45 w., to the west boundary of said section 35, continuing the last mentioned course a distance of about 900 feet in section 34 of last mentioned twp. and range to the north boundary of said section 34; thence by the following respective courses in section 27: north 3 deg. w. about 2600 feet; north 42 deg. 30 min. w. about 900 feet; south 70 deg. 30 min. w. about 400 feet; south 85 deg. w. about 400 feet; north 11 deg. w. about 800 feet, and north 48 deg. w. about 800 feet to its termination in a branch of Snake river.

Branch "A." Beginning at ¼ sec. corner on north side of sec 1, twp. 154 n., range 44 w., thence running south on ¼ line thru sections 1 and 12 to an intersection with the main ditch at the center of section 12.

Branch "B." Beginning at a point about 50 feet east of the center of section 22, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., thence running south 25 deg. 20 min. w. about 400 feet in said section 22, about 4300 feet in section 27, and about 900 feet in section 28, twp. and range aforesaid; thence running south 1 deg. 11 min. e. about 900 feet to an intersection with the south boundary of said section 28 at a point 250 feet west of the se. corner of said section 28, thence south 16 deg. 15 min. w. in section 33, aforesaid twp. and range, about 562 feet to an intersection with the south section line of said section and 604 feet west of se. corner of sw¼; thence continuing same course in section 4, twp. 154, range 44, a distance of about 166 feet to an intersection with the Soo R. R.; thence running south [illegible] deg. 3 min. w. in section 4 about [illegible] feet; thence south 17 deg. [illegible] to a point about [illegible] north of the [illegible] corner between sections [illegible], twp. 154, range 44.

Branch "C." Beginning at a point near the center of the nw ¼ of section 25, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., running thence in a southwesterly direction to the ¼ section corner between sections 23 and 26, said twp. and range; thence south along the ¼ section line [illegible] aforesaid; thence south 11 deg. west about 800 feet; thence south 37 deg. 25 min. w. about 900 feet; thence north 15 deg. and 16 min. w. about 600 feet to an intersection with the south 1-16 section line in said section 27; thence west along the said south 1-16 section line to an intersection with Branch "B."

Branch "D." Beginning at a point situated about 1650 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner section 35, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 24 deg. east about 3850 feet to an intersection with the south section line of 35, about 1650 feet east of the sw. corner of said section 35 and said twp. and range; thence south 19 deg. w. about 2532 feet in section 2, twp. 154, range 44; thence south 81 deg. w. about 1416 feet; thence south 4 deg. w. a distance of about 1000 feet; thence south 15 deg. w. in section 11, twp. 154, range 44, for a distance of about 2700 feet to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "E." Beginning at a point about 45 feet west and about 45 feet north of the se. corner sec 14, twp. 154, range 44 w., and running thence westerly parallel to the section line to a point 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the sw. corner of section 16, said twp. and range; thence north parallel to section line to a junction with the Main Ditch near ¼ section corner between sections 8 and 9, said twp. 154 n., range 44 w.

Branch "F." Beginning at a point in section 21, twp. 155, range 44, situated about 180 feet south and about 1248 feet west of the ne. corner of said section; thence south 37 deg. w. about 2350 feet in said section 21; thence running south 21 deg. w. a distance of about 280 feet to a point situated on the section line about 1000 feet west of ne. ¼ corner of nw¼ section 28, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 5 deg. w. a distance of about 2330 feet; thence south 37 deg. w. about 100 feet to a point situated about 833 feet east of ¼ corner common to sections 28 and 29; thence continuing same course a distance of about 1500 feet; thence south about 1700 feet to a point of the section line situated about 618 feet west of the corner common to sections 28, 29, 32, and 33; thence west on the south side of the section line about 2165 feet to the ¼ corner common to sections 29 and 32; thence south along the ¼ line in section 32 to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "1." Beginning at the se. corner of section 35, twp. 155, range 44, thence running west along the section line to a junction with Branch "D."

Branch "2." Beginning at a point 1650 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner of section 25, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 79 deg. w. about 994 feet; thence running north 60 deg. w. about 827 feet; thence north 17 deg. w. about 1160 feet; thence northerly 62 feet; thence north 25 deg. 30 min. w. about 100 feet to a junction with Branch "C."

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 14 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:—Sections 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 5, 6, twp. 154, range 44; sections 1, 2, 35, 34, 27, twp. 155, range 45; sections 1, 12, twp. 155, range 44; sections 22, 27, 28, 33, twp. 155, range 44; sections 4, 5, twp. 154, range 44; sections 23, 26, 27, 28, twp. 155, range 44; section 35, twp. 155, range 44; sections 2, 11, twp. 154, range 44; sections 14, 15, 16, 9, twp. 154, range 44; sections 21, 28, 29, 32, twp. 155, range 44, section 25, 35, twp. 155, range 44.

And that the said engineer's amended report shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as the same appears in the amended report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:—[illegible] C. Conrad, Moe Real Estate & Mortgage Co., N. A. Birsheim, Rasmus Olson, John Blom, John Nordingen, E. C. Relersgaard, Louis Lee, Olof Ekren Jr., H. G. Dobner, Robert A. Lee, Johanna T. Finke, Carsten Christensen, Frank M. Mousley, Hanna Mousley, Ole P. Rogne, Axel Kron, C. Knudson, Henry Eyde, August Johnson, John F. Carlson, Ole B. Booten, Gustaf Opseth, [illegible] Nyberg, P. E. [illegible], Ole O. Steen, S. E. Vibe, Mathilda Jenson, W. W. Prichard, Ole O. Nesje, Tom Torgerson, Amund Norstad, S. Stebbons, Daniel Shaw, O. N. Sonnesyn, C. Hellerbavig, Nils Bertness, C. J. Nordhagen, Knut Kunseth, Knud Lappegaard, Amund A. Myron, Augustus Amunson, G. Vandertuk, P. E. Soderberg, Pet Peterson, Margarite Lingelbach, August Johnson, Reinhart Knutson, Halvor Erickson, Ole Nelson, Lars J. Partest, Ole P. Rorne, Peter J. Nyrda, I. Benjamin Anderson, Andrew Ecklund, Ole [illegible]elson, Inga M. Nelson, Richard Warden, Albert Haagen, John Johnson, [illegible] Johannson, [illegible] Skogron, Albert Brown, O. E. Hammer, O. Larson, C. M. Conneyn, Mary Nelson, Warner [illegible], P. J. Anderson, L. Johnson, Julius J. Olson, C. A. Lundell, J. S. Larson, Lewis Westman, Chas. Fanquist, Peter Lindquist, J. S. Larson, Svante Larson, John B. Peterson, John Grove, Anders Stol, Geo. P. Dayton, C. Carlson, John Olson, Ott S. Rund, John Halvorson, Carl A. Swanson, Frank Pavlek, Christian Engen, Bert Saugen, Ivar Olson, P. & C. Liden, Carl Swanson, Anton Martenson, F. B. Roberts, Frank Rawick, Margaretta Wendt, Axel S. Anderson, Agnes M. Dobner, Edward [illegible] Setnes, Axel Larson, Even A. Harven, J. E. Hellquist, John Johnson, Sr., Sven J. Haugen, T. Mellum, Emil Bloomberg, L. P. Jones, John Remmen, John S. Haug, Thomas Halsen, Thomas Halsen, Gilbert Erickson, T. Mellum, F. B. Roberts, John P. Kennedy, Amund Remmen, J. F. McLaughlin, State of Minnesota, L. Lamberson, C. A. Williams, Maria Anderson, Fred Mettum, A. O. Opseth, E. O. Setnes, Laus Lee, Henry Gurske, Henry Hess, Frank Radwick, Christian Engen, H. Halvorson, Knut M. Rannm, Erick P. P. Johnson, Ole J. Dahl, A. Grindeland, O. A. Flann, H. A. Halvorson, Katherine Hider, Charles Hutchinson, Paul Schenke, Leffermaker & Kaleker, Peter Sorenson, L. Jone, Gustav Nakken, Peder Mellum, Ja kin Meigima, Olaf Opseth, Paul Erickson, Severt Raftseth, Gust Nakken, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, Laus Thompson, Anna Sjeldsvold, Ivan Kragstad, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minn., Iver L. Kroggstad, Paul Erickson, Richard Erickson, Peter Erickson, C. L. & H. G. Dobner, W. F. Lariviere, John Halvorson, J. G. Wilson, N. A. Worthing, A. Larson, O. G. Wilson, J. G. Wilson, W. W. Pitts, Anton Miller, Ellsworth, Jones & Co., John H. Lee, Fred Styrsund, James & L. Bulman, Charles Bergman, Severt J. Raftseth, Severt Raftseth, J. A. Westby, M. Nordhagen, Sven J. Haugan, Iver M. Westby, Erick Bloomberg, Sven J. Hagen, Axel S. Axelson, S. T. Daken, John Van Allen & Fred Van Allen, F. W. Gilbert, Townships of New Solum and Viking in Marshall county, Minnesota, Township of Norden in Pennington or Red Lake County, Minnesota, Soo Ry. Co.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers [illegible] signed transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing on said petition and engineer's and viewers' amended reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch [illegible]

Dated January [illegible]

[illegible]

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CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday, Feb. 5, at 10:30 in the morning.

Sunday school at 1:30 a. m.

REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30, p.m. Sunday school tomorrow at 2 p.m.

REV. M. S GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, Feb. 12, at 7:30 o'clock, Subject, "How to Open the Heavenly Gate with Five Keys.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I.O.O.F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 167.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FRICKER, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M.W.A. CAMP 3654. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I.O.O.F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy.

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council No. 109 Meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lowell, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

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Good supply of water guaranteed
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The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

WHAT IS
Protein?
ENCYCLOPEDIAS SAY
"Life Fuel for the Body"
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
Prepared from Choicest Barley Malt and Saazer Hops
is
Rich in Protein
AN EFFICIENT
Vitalizer, Tonic, Food
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL : MINNESOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

All kinds of fruit and confectionery on sale at Mike Anderson's.

Buy your groceries, kerosene, and gasoline, at Mike Anderson's.

The confirmation class of the Synod church meets every Saturday at the parsonage at 9:30 a. m.

Miss Kate Patterson attended the "Burgomaster" at Thief River on Tuesday evening of this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

The Young People's Sewing society meets Friday, Feb. 10. at the home of Mrs. H. Jacob Hanson, north of town.

Mrs. Fisher returned Monday to her home at Crookston, after a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pitkin.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

There will be Scandinavian Mission services in Black River Thursday, Feb. 9, at 2 o'clock, at the home of Olaus Lorentson.

John Hanson on Tuesday took views of the schools in one large group, and also of some of the grades in groups by themselves.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson have received from their son James another valuable silver cup won by him for daring navigation of the air.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P. A. Buxt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. Amble went to Thief River Falls the first of the week expecting to canvass for the sale of nursery stock, but the bad weather and heavy snow made it impossible for him to get around.

Mrs. E. L. Quist entertained a luncheon Wednesday in honor of Miss Katherine Patterson of St. Hilaire. The guests included Misses Dorothy Gooder, Gaynoir McConnel, Katherine Patterson, Lois Beard and Marie Caldwell.—Thief River Press

The Firemen's masked ball last evening is said to have been a most enjoyable affair, and the dancing was kept up until the early—or late—morning hours. The attendance was just right for good dancing. The prizes for best costumes were awarded to Miss Amanda Carlson and to Mr. Ed Richards. The most comical costumes were worn by Miss Eva McAndress and by Ferdinand Hall.

Let Us Have Peace

Grant's immortal words above quoted were uttered after the most bitter and terrific struggle that ever took place on the American continent. For four long years the cannon had not ceased to boom nor heroes ceased to fall, but at length the south lay vanquished beneath the iron heel of the north; when like a breath of Heaven's calm upon the scene of turmoil and strife came the words of the victor, Let us have peace."

Upon a smaller scale the war has been repeated in old Red Lake county. For years the north and south have waged relentless warfare, but now the silence of the Red Lake Falls Gazette indicates an [illegible]. The [illegible] of the north can well afford to extend the olive branch of peace, and with good will unite with the citizens of Red Lake Falls to work for the common good of both north and south.—Contributed.

Special Meetings at M. E. Church

Beginning Monday evening, Feb. 6, there will be special meetings at the M. E. church, to continue for two weeks, closing Friday night, Feb. 17

Rev. A. A. Myers of Warren will be here the first week and preach every evening, from Monday until Friday inclusive. No services on Saturday evening.

Sunday, Feb. 12, Rev. A. H. McKee, district superintendent, will be here and preach both morning and evening. He will also conduct the second quarterly conference immediately after the Sunday school on that date.

Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls will preach the second week, from Monday evening, the 13th, until Friday, the 17th, inclusive.

Services will begin at 7:30 each night. You are cordially invited to attend all these services.

A BIG NEW YORK COMPANY
In Harold McGrath's Delightful Comedy
The Man on the Box

The Society Event of the Season
Thief River Falls
Tuesday, Feb. 7

New Is the Time

To pay your subscription. All those indebted to The Spectator for subscription, will confer a great favor by coming in and liquidating. We are sorry to be compelled to remind you of this, but necessity—

TO FIND FAULT.

People Are Sometimes Paid For That Express Purpose.

You have no idea how many things are wrong in a big business until you are paid to look for them, writes Gelett Burgess in Collier's. There were the clocks, for one thing, when I first began. The girls wore too many rats in their hair, there was grease on the elevator doors, expensive hats were dumped one on another, the ventilation was bad, the boxes on the shelves showed from the street through the show windows and about a thousand other things. Then Spindelheim sold teapots just like our eighteen cent ones for 14 cents, and for a son eye like Smith & Co. to be undersold is fatal. There's really nothing that so enrages Mr. Smith; also Rubinstein's window dresser has beaten ours, too, at times. Down it goes in my little report. Wouldn't any woman love my job.

Yes, it's fun to be paid for being a misanthrope, but it's hard work too. At 9 o'clock I begin my promenade through the store downstairs, upstairs, basement, attic and annex. If a girl at the counter has dirty finger nails or too wide a pompadour to suit me I stop and talk pleasantly, buy 9 cents' worth of edging and so get her number from the sales slip. She never knows anything about it till her superintendent gives her a scolding the next day. I have eyes like a hawk and a nose like a hound and ears like a small boy under the sofa when a young man's calling on big sister. In ten minutes I have spotted the dust in the corner of the aisle, a girl who wears brass bracelets, a porter who is not attending to his duty, a badly arranged counter, an error in spelling on a placard, two store detectives loafing on their job and a hideous combination of colors in the front window. I go to the ladies' room and make a note of these things surreptitiously. I don't dare go there too often, though, for fear I'll be identified, so sometimes I run back to my office, two blocks away. So it goes till about 4 o'clock, hither and thither, nigh and yon, looking for trouble. It doesn't do a clerk any good to be uncivil to me, I can tell you, or to make me wait too long for my change, but I try to be fair, and if I find a particularly willing and considerate sales person down that name goes in my report too. You might suppose that there'd be good graft in that; but, of course, I keep my position only so long as the head of the firm has absolute confidence in my integrity. The funny part of it is that the more I complain the better he likes it. I'm like the opposition party in congress. I'm never satisfied. When I am I'll have to look for another position.

At 4 o'clock I go back to my little office and dictate my report from my notes to a stenographer, and when it's typewritten I send it to the head of the firm.

When "Pluck" Was Slang.

The word "pluck" affords an instance of the way in which slang words in the course of time become adopted into current English. We now meet with "pluck" and "plucky" as the recognized equivalents of "courage" and "courageous." An entry in Sir Walter Scott's "Journal" shows that in 1827 the word had not yet lost its low character. He says (volume 2, page 30), "Want of that article blackguardly called pluck." Its origin is obvious. From early times the heart has been popularly regarded as the seat of courage. Now, when a butcher lays open a carcass he divides the great vessels of the heart, cuts through the windpipe and then plucks out together the united heart and lungs—lights, he calls them—and he terms the united mass "the pluck."—London Notes and Queries.

The first Lombary poplar in America was planted by Michaux in 1786.

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES.
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........ 5:35 a.m

Himself being judge, any man is somewhat above the average.

A girl feels greatly encouraged to like a man soon as he is severely criticised by her mother.

If it were true that supply follows demand, would we have hoboes suffering for either beer or money?

Some complainants insist most strongly on being judge and jury besides.

Consoling.

"That was tough meat you gave me last night," said the customer.

"Oh, run along!" said the dealer. "You will forget it by the time you pay for it."—Buffalo Express.

Fame.

Little Willie—What is fame, pa?

Pa—Fame, my son, is a ladder with grease on each rung.—Chicago News.

The Abyssinian wife is the head of the house.

The Clever Nurse.

Grandmother—Why, nurse, whatever are you thinking of to bring so young an infant into the open air on so cold and windy a day as this? Nurse—But you surely do not think that so small a child understands differences in temperature?—Il Mondo Umoristico.

So Forgetful.

"Why do girls wear engagement rings?"

"On the same principle that a person ties a string around his finger—so they won't forget they're engaged."

The Amateur.

"Yes," said the person who had attended the party, "Miss Keep-it-det was there and we had to beg and beg her to play."

"And did she play?"

"Oh, yes. I thought for a time we would have to beg and beg her to stop."—Exchange.

Goldfish.

Goldfish are of Chinese origin. They were originally found in a large lake near Mount Tientsin and were first shipped to Europe in the seventeenth century. The first in France were a present to Mme de Pompadour.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
A. R. JONES, Agt.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT [illegible] sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*
NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*
FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory *prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully *low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.
SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.
COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*
$4.80 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY
The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).
NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES
Nails, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.
DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C.O.D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.
Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.
IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.
DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

CALUMET Baking Powder
Received
Highest Award
World's Pure Food Exposition
Chicago, November, 1907
What does this mean?
It means that Calumet has set a new Standard in Baking Powder—the standard of the World.
Because this award was given to Calumet after thorough tests and experiments, over all other baking powders.
It means that Calumet is the best baking powder in every particular in the world.
And this means that Calumet produces the best, most delicious, lightest, and purest baking of all baking powders.
Doesn't that mean everything to you?

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

THE FAKE AUCTION

By H. E. TWINELLS

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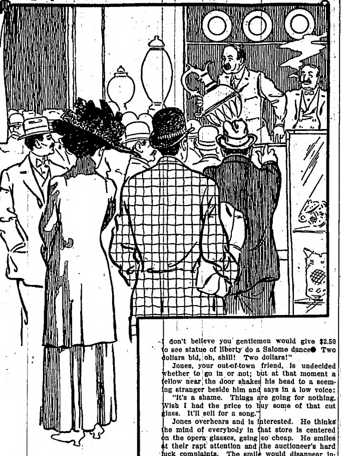


AMERICANS have the reputation of being quick witted and shrewd. As a matter of fact we are Barnumized bluffers, far more gullible and credulous than any class of any nation.

Right now, in nearly every moderate-sized city of the United States we are falling in line and dropping gold into the tills of organized fake auction stores and taking in exchange a misrepresented article. These bogus auction stores are more harmful to us as a nation than all the old-time lotteries, policy games, mail-order fakes and circus grafts, including gold bricks and shell games, combined.

They are not honest. They play "heads we win, tails you lose." Uncle Sam doesn't want to bring up his boys in the business; yet he countenances it, and over 530 of his cities issue licenses regularly to the auctioneers of these fake companies, giving them the privilege of swindling the public at a nominal fee.

Any town with over 10,000 blind, Barnumized Yankees waiting to be buncoed is considered a fertile field.

THE PROPRIETOR

THE CASHIER • • •

THE AUCTIONEER • • •

THE SHILL • • •

From coast to coast, from line to line, we find in nearly every state from one to forty cities supporting temporary auction swindles. Few are permanent; it is a mushroom business which springs up over night in a cheap store, leased from month to month, and stays until trouble occurs or the field is worked dry.

New York city alone demands to be duped by no less than eight practically permanent companies of this sort, only shifting their positions to greener fields as the crowds change.

There are three ways to tell a legitimate auction. If the place is permanent and advertises sales on certain days, if the goods to be sold are catalogued piece for piece, and if there are no outside men hired to control the bidding, then it is certain that the sale is genuine.

The fake auction game is played under the pseudo patronage of reliability. The auctioneer's license, issued by the city, is hung conspicuously near the door and the goods are claimed to have been consigned from private sources or pawnbrokers in nearby cities. It is misrepresentation from the start. As a matter of fact the goods were picked up in job lots from novelty houses, jobbers, Japanese stores and regular auction supply firms who handle job lots of trashy stuff and are to be found in all the larger cities. The ivories they handle are made of cheap clay by shrewd Japs who have scraped through the shell of American bluff and found the flabbiness of the flesh beneath. These antiques crumble to pieces after six months in a heated apartment. Practically all the goods handled in these stores are made on the same principle and bought at from one-fifth to one-fiftieth of what they will bring at auction.

There is nothing criminal in selling at an exorbitant profit if the purchaser gets the square deal. But a fake auction company is primarily a ring of cheats never intentionally giving anyone a square deal.

The proprietor is the arch rogue. His profit depends on selling an article at anywhere from fifty to two, three and sometimes five hundred dollars. The auction does not pay if run for the average buyer; it is merely a trap, a "plant," for the occasional "good thing" who happens in and is quickly relieved of a large amount of money through an elaborate system he never suspects.

It is a joyless game, played on cut-and-dried rules which admit of no freshness or originality. The average cast—for they are all actors and play the same cheap show every day—is made up of one backer, or proprietor, two auctioneers, one pretty girl cashier, and from two to ten "shills" (the pale-faced people with mushy morals), their number depending on the size and situation of the store.

The backer usually is a shrewd and unscrupulous man who rents a vacant store, fills it with a scattering of cheap, showy articles to attract attention and a number of large so-called "works of art;" and "antiques" which, on inspection, prove to be minors. The range runs from fountain pens at ten cents to deceptive "ivories," "bronzes" and "paintings by the old masters" that bring from fifty to two hundred and fifty dollars, and sometimes more, from the uninitiated.

The proprietor hires a pretty girl cashier and counts her as an additional attraction. He gets one or two auctioneers—they usually travel in pairs, to relieve one another and the public—and guarantees them ten per cent. of the sales; which commission runs from forty to two hundred dollars a week.

Then the dealer incorporates the backbone of the whole crooked business—the body of "shills." The word "shill," or "shilliver" in full, is of indeterminate origin. It is synonymous with "capper," "booster," "ringer," "dummy," "stool," "stool pigeon" and "outside man;" all techincal slang titles for the shabby creature, the human buzzard, who picks up his foul living by rascality and roguery in working between the public and some swindling game: in this case, working among those who stop in at the auction and pretending to have no connection with the sale, betraying a score of people a day after ingratiating himself in their good graces through cunning and craft.

Without these shills no sham auction can exist. Of course in smaller towns only two or three can be used, as strangers are more easily noticed in such places. They are the crooks on whom the proprietor relies to pick out unsuspecting visitors snared by the bargain lure and jockey them into buying misrepresented articles.

The shill mixes with the crowd. His business is to look just like an interested buyer and lie in wait for the fly for which the elaborate web was spun.

This individual, for whom the scenery is set and the actors dressed, is called in technical slang "a rummy." The old three-card monte men christened him "sucker."

Picture a room 40 feet long and 20 feet wide. Double doors to the sidewalk are invitingly open; above them hangs an enticing red flag bearing the name of what purports to be a legitimate auction firm; beneath that, in large letters, are the words:

SALE TODAY.

Pick out any acquaintance who lives in a small town, is fairly prosperous, and has come to the nearby city of10,000 to 30,000 population to look around for the day, purchase a present for his wife and some implements for the farm.

He has read in the papers and magazines accounts of book, art and antique auctions and noted the hugh prices brought by rarities. When he stumbles on to the flagrant flag of the fake auction house and looks in at the window, heaped with a miscellany of antiques, he is suddenly stirred by that perennial longing for a bargain.

He glances through the door. There is a worried auctioneer struggling with eight dull-faced people. He is trying frantically to sell a pair of opera glasses.

"Genuine Lemier, gentlemen; concave and convex lenses, put up in this heavy morocco case," the auctioneer cries, "and $2 is bid for them. Think of that! Not a tenth of their value. Why, I don't believe you gentlemen would give $2.50 to see statue of liberty do a Salome dance. Two dollars bid, oh, shill! Two dollars!"

Jones, your out-of-town friend, is undecided whether to go in or not; but at that moment a fellow near the door shakes his head to a seeming stranger beside him and says in a low voice:

"It's a shame. Things are going for nothing. Wish I had the price to buy some of that cut glass. It'll sell for a song."

Jones overhears and is interested. He thinks the mind of everybody in that store is centered on the opera glasses, going so cheap. He smiles at their rapt attention and the auctioneer's hard luck complaints. The smile would disappear instantly if he knew that he himself was the sole concern of the eight minds in that audience, and the auctioneer. He would be furious if he knew that the whole sale of the opera glasses was a sham; that when the auctioneer saw Jonesey looking in he immediately transmitted this fact to the shill nearest the door by saying, "Oh, shill," casually in his speech. Jones had never heard the word, so naturally he didn't select it with suspicion from the auctioneer's jargon, and suspected nothing when the man near the door remarked about cut glass bargains.

As a matter of fact Jones was interested in cut glass. His wife liked it and occasionally he invested in some, it being the nearest he could get to diamonds.

So he sauntered in casually and watched with an amused smile the frantic auctioneer trying to sell a watch. Jones wasn't interested in watches. He had one in his pocket; so his eyes continually roved toward the cut glass in a little Japanese cabinet.

He didn't know it, but before he was in the place two minutes, while the auctioneer was trying to "feel him out" with the watch, one of the shills had noticed Jones's interest in cut glass, and had called the auctioneer's attention to the fact by touching the cabinet significantly.

The auctioneer, on his perch above them all, had control of the situation. He noted the signal from the shill, jotted down mentally that Jones wanted cut glass, and knocked down the watch he had been experimenting with to one of the shills for a ruinous price, which was all helpful in showing Jones that a shrewd man could pick up a bargain if he laid low, attracted no attention and bided his time.

"Sold for six ninety. Put it with the other goods for Mr. A. Deposit sufficient," the auctioneer cried to the pretty cashier.

Jones did not bid on the first piece of cut glass. The auctioneer did not look toward him once to give him a chance. The piece was knocked down for $3.80. It was a frightful bargain. Jones would have given $5 for it himself. But the auctioneer passed abruptly to the next article.

Jones pressed forward this time as a gorgeous punch bowl was put up. He heard various exclamations around him, all tending to give him confidence in the fact that things were going dirt cheap. Two ladies beside him commiserated because they wouldn't have enough.

"Gentlemen and ladies," the auctioneer went on solemnly, "if I had this article in Chicago or New York it would bring one hundred dollars, one hundred dollars. You couldn't duplicate it at retail for less than two hundred. It is the finest piece of art glass ever shown in your city."

"Can I get one hundred dollars? Ninety? Eighty? Seventy-five dollars? Can I get sixty? Fifty? Give me forty; thirty-line; thirty!"

"Fifteen dollars!" came a halting voice from beside Jones.

Jones was interested. He sensed a bargain. Had he known that when the auctioneer said "thirty-line" it was a signal to the shill beside Jones to bid $30 with a line through it, or fifteen actual dollars, he would not have been so enthusiastic.

"Sixteen!" "Seventeen!" "Half!" "Eighteen!" staccato offers punctuated the atmosphere after the auctioneer's encouragement.

The little man beside Jones shook his head sadly.

"Gee, it's gone beyond me," he sighed, turning to Jones; it'll go dirt cheap, too. If you could buy that for $50 it'd be a bargain, sure enough."

"Twenty-eight is the last bid," wailed the auctioneer. "Why, you could take it out and pawn it for more than that."

Jones thrilled as the auctioneer turned to look squarely at him.

"You'd give thirty, wouldn't you?" he cried.

Jones gulped and nodded.

The auctioneer skilfully led up to the grand landing by taking offers of "thirty-six" and "thirty-seven" from members of his troupe. He had felt out his man carefully and knew that $40 would be Jones's limit.

"Will you give me forty?" he said simply, in a level tone, leaning far over the showcase.

Jones hesitated, gulped, and then nodded his head abruptly.

Jones was pleased with his bargains until he got home and his wife told him he could get the same punch bowl for $10 anywhere and that the other stuff was worthless.

MONUMENT TO A GOOD LIVER

Belley, in France, to Honor the Memory of Brillat-Savarin, Noted Gourmand.

Belley, a little town in the southeast of France, is about to raise a monument to the glory of one of its sons, Brillat-Savarin. The author of "The Physiology of Taste" was the absolute realization of the typical good liver. The revolution confiscated his property and removed him from his office as civil judge. He fled to Switzerland and then to the United States, where he played a fiddle in a New York theater to gain a living.

His property was afterward returned to him and he was made a counsellor of the Supreme court, an office he clung to successfully through changes of empire and kingdom. His "Physiology of Taste" shared the fate of many celebrated books. It was refused by several publishers and eventually was published at the author's expense, but without his name attached to it, as he considered the nature of the work incompatible with his judicial functions.

It was Brillat-Savarin who declared that "the discovery of a new food does more for the happiness of the human race than the discovery of a star."

Some of the axioms from his book are:

"The man who can cook is made, the man who can roast is born."

"To invite anybody to one's house is to undertake the responsibility of his well being during the whole time he is one's guest."

"Animals feed; man eats; the man of sense alone knows how to eat."

"The destiny of nations depends upon how they are fed."

"Monsieur the Councellor," a hostess asked him one day, "which do you prefer, Burgundy or Bordeaux?"

"Madame," replied the judicial authority, "that is a lawsuit in which I have so much pleasure in taking the evidence that I always postpone judgment."

HAPPENINGS IN THE CITIES

Divorce Record Held by Kansas City

HURRY
MARRIAGE BOND

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—How to be happy though married seems to be a question hard to solve in this city, for recent statistics show one divorce for every four marriages. This is believed to be the highest record for matrimonial detachments in the United States. Taking Missouri and Kansas there is one divorce for every eight marriages, and in the United States one for every 12. England is at the other end of the line, with one divorce for every 400 marriages.

Dr. Charles A. Elwood, professor of sociology in the State University, has recently compiled the figures upon which the divorce statements regarding Missouri marriages that failed are based.

He has found that 80 per cent of the divorces are obtained by women and in nearly all cases the allegations made by wives are sufficient. Among the reasons advanced by Dr. Elwood for the increase of divorce is the decay of religion, particularly in the religious theory of marriage and the family. Another probable reason advanced is the development of individualism, self-assertion and self-interest.

This spirit is said to be antagonistic to the simple life. It is the spirit fostered by the New Woman, the woman of the clubs and the suffragette movement. A number of avocations are now open to women in which a bright girl can earn a salary making her independent. After a few years of this life she may marry well or she may marry a man who cannot provide the little luxuries of life she was able to provide for herself before marriage.

That a woman should be discontented after giving up independence and a life full of diverting incidents, the daily trip downtown, the work in an office until noon, the daily gossip bazar at luncheon and the mingling with a busy world, is not considered surprising. From this class many domestic discords come to swell the big grist for the divorce mill.

Men in the professions do not think of marriage until they are at least 30 years old. They try to become established and to attain a dependable position before marrying. This contributes something to demestic discord, for the man of 30 or over has accumulated habits that are not easily adaptable to those of his wife, particularly if she is near his own age.

One Man Booms Street Fakers' Sales

DE GREATEST OF DE AGE -!-!

CHICAGO.—"Capping" for street fakers has been found a highly lucrative if novel way of earning a living by at least one young Chicagoan. It could hardly be called work, strolling about the streets at such times as might suit the stroller's own sweet will, but if his story is true, the returns are greater than the salaries of many men who work long hours in shops or offices.

"It is through my ability to draw a crowd and get 'em interested in the toys and gimcracks you see peddled on the streets, the capper said, that I boom the fakers' sales. I get a percentage. "The only rule I follow," he went on, "and the only rule a fellow in this game can follow consistently, is to change his make-up as frequently as possible. I never attempt a disguise of the stage sort, with fake whiskers, grease paint or anything freaky. But I do wear several suits, coats and hats in the course of the day and make it a rule to dress inconspicuously, so that I cannot easily be detected by persons I have induced to purchase by suggestion instead of direct appeal, as the ordinary salesman would do.

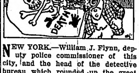
"Now, I don't get a divvy on all sales. The way I work is this: I stroll along until I find one of my partners doing nothing in the sales line and then I get busy. He's selling a mechanical toy, we'll say. I stop, examine it closely, ask for a demonstration and comment on the thing until I have six or eight people around me, then I buy one of the toys and walk away. I've worked that crowd up to the proper pitch. One sale follows another and as the crowd increases the faker benefits accordingly.

"I never butt into a crowd that is buying. That would be useless. I wait until things are slow or stagnant, and then I jump in and a laugh or a pointed comment does the trick. I don't sell directly; I merely suggest and the vender rakes in the coin and passes over his goods.

"My rake-off? Oh, yes. I have from twenty to thirty fakers on my list, and they come around to my room every night and buy back what I have purchased from them during the day, at five times the regular price.

"I seldom visit a man more than three times a day, and frequently not more than once or twice. It's worth from $50 to $100 a week."

Criminals Threaten Police Official



NEW YORK.—William J. Flynn, deputy police commissioner of this city, and the head of the detective bureau which rounded up the great Italian kidnaping gang and also placed about a dozen members of two or three large counterfeiting gangs behind prison bars, is a "marked man." The Italian criminals of the metropolis have declared that he must die, and for the last two or three weeks have been working overtime in advising him of the fact by sending threatening letters. Death in its most horrible forms has been promised him; he has seen the death sign given him scores of times in court rooms, and on the streets, yet he goes calmly about his business, and the list of law-breaking Italians in Sing Sing is constantly growing.

Probably no man in the United States is more bitterly hated by "Black Hand" members and Italian criminals generally than Flynn. Relentless in the running down of these bands of foreign crooks, he has aroused a hatred for himself among them that amounts almost to madness. Yet it is a hatred that is so tempered with fear that, up to the present time, his life has never been attempted. He has been doomed to die, if the criminal element among the Italians ever find a way to accomplish it, yet he is still at his old post. For years he has gotten threatening letters—letters with cross bones and skulls and black hands and death marked all over them—but as yet no criminal has had the courage to put his threat into execution.

Since the roundup of the big Italian kidnaping band a few weeks ago, Flynn has been an especial target for these death letters. Distant letters and friends of the ten people now in jail for child stealing, as well as those of that notorious and expert gang of counterfeiters recently handed behind the bars, have been decorating letters with death hieroglyphics and sending them to the deputy commissioner.

Flynn does not see half these death letters addressed to him. He gave up paying any attention to them long ago. His private secretary throws them all in the waste basket, that is all except the more ghastly ones, which he shows to the chief.

"They are so funny," says Flynn, "that I like to read them. I don't believe a word in them, so they only afford me amusement."

Delivery of a Letter Long Delayed

YONKERS, N. Y.—Uncle Sam set a new record in rapid postal service when he delivered at Yonkers the other day, a letter sent from Geneva, N. Y., on April 29, 1838.

Yonkers is just 335 miles from Geneva. It took the letter seventy-two years to travel the distance.

Both the sender of the letter and the man to whom it was addressed are dead, the latter forty years ago. Mrs. Walter Paddock, of the old Paddock family of Yonkers, received it. She is a grandniece of D. O. Paddock, to whom the letter was addressed. He was in the lumber business. Mrs. Paddock had never seen him.

The postman called at her home with a postoffice department envelope. Within was the time-yellowed sheet of paper. It was not an envelope, for it was written when envelopes were unknown. It was folded square and the ends turned in, and a postage stamp was pasted across to keep them there. The stamp was canceled and the missive bore the date, Geneva, N. Y., April 29, 1838. Beneath this stamp was another one, which read Syracuse, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1910.

No explanation of the delay appeared upon it. There was no mark from the dead letter office. It probably had been mailed by the sender, who signed himself Whitney, and had been mislaid in the postoffice at Geneva to be found again just now.

It was in relation to a shipment of lumber which Mr. Paddock was to make from Yonkers, and contained the information that $2,000 in payment would be sent on receipt of the consignment.

All He Could Carry.

An Atlanta man not long ago met a darky who was driving a horse so thin that it staggered as it walked. "Why don't you put more flesh on that nag?" indignantly demanded the Atlantan.

"'Scuse me, boss," replied the driver. "But I's doin' de best I kin. Cain't yo see, boss, dat po' hoss kin hardly carry what little flesh he's got on him now?"

Met Death in Hot Starch.

A fearful death was that of a man named John Baird at a mill in New York. As he bent over a large vat filled with boiling starch, he slipped and fell into the hot mixture. He was literally boiled to death before workmen dragged his body from the vat with hooks attached to a rope. The hot starch had reduced the man's clothing to fragments.

THE SCHOOLS OF WESTERN CANADA

In Some of the Cities and Towns the School Buildings Cannot Accommodate the Increasing Numbers.

One of the most important factors in the building of a new country is the attention that is paid by the authorities to the education of the rising generation. Fortunately for western Canada, the settlement of that new country began in such recent years that it was able to lay a foundation for this work, gained by the experience of older countries. In this way the very best is the result. Throughout the entire country are to be seen the most improved style of architecture in school buildings. The cities and towns vie with each other in the efforts to secure the best of accommodation and at the same time get architectural lines that would appeal. Sufficient to say that nowhere is there the greater attention paid to elementary and advanced education than in western Canada. A report just to hand shows that in Calgary, Alberta, there are eighty teachers employed, and the enrollment 4,228 pupils. In the Province of Alberta there was a total of 46,000 pupils attending schools in 1909. The total enrollment for the year in city, town and village schools was 22,883, and the total in rural schools was 23,165. There are in the province 970 schools with 1,323 departments. At the close of 1909 there was a total of 1,096 school districts in the province. Great attention is paid also to agricultural education. The best uses of the soil and such other matters as tend to make the agriculture less of a drudge and more of a success are employed. When there is the combination of good soil, splendid climate and healthy, and advanced ideas in the methods employed in agriculture, we see accomplished the results that have placed western Canada on its present high plane in the agricultural world. There is to be found men of high standing in literary spheres as well as in financial circles who are carrying on farming, not alone for the pleasure they derive but for the profit they secure. Mr. Adler, a wide-awake business man of New York, has a ranch near Strathmore, Alberta. He is highly pleased with his success the past year. He says:

"On July 25th we estimated our crop at 6,000 bushels of wheat. A week later we increased our estimate to 12,000 bushels. A few days later we again increased our estimate, this time to 18,000 bushels, but after harvest in September we found we had 20,150 bushels. If that isn't a record, what is?" he asked.

"This crop was made with practically no moisture," he continued, "and we now have a better opinion of the fertility of Alberta lands than ever and value our lands higher than we ever did before."

Mr. Adler, who has been on the ranch for about a week, leaves for New York Saturday.

This gentleman is conducting a farm on a large scale, and has plenty of means to develop it, and his may not be taken as a fair case. There are, though, instances of thousands who have begun life on small farms in western Canada with but brains and the determination over and above the couple of hundred dollars in ready money that they possessed, and today are owners of large farms and handsome incomes, all the result of their efforts on land that was responsive to the touch of the hand that held the plow. Instances such as these can be quoted if you will communicate with the nearest Canadian government agent, who will also mail you free descriptive literature.

A Transaction in Stamps.

The stamp vending machines installed in many stores and shops about the city are not favored by a woman who hurried into a drug store in Massachusetts avenue several days ago where there is a branch postoffice.

"How do you sell your two-cent stamps?" she inquired indignantly.

"Two cents apiece," replied Bassett.

"Well, that's all right," she replied, while she fished in her purse for a coin. "This is the fifth place I have visited after stamps. At all the other places they had those slot machines where you have to spend a nickel for two two-cent stamps. I made up my mind not to be held up if I had to walk all over the city. Give me two stamps."

The woman laid down a dime and hurried out with two two-cent stamps, leaving six cents in change lying on the show case. She did not return.—Indianapolis News.

A Corner in Candles.

As an example of trusts and monopolies prevalent even in this early day it may be mentioned that in 1750 one Benjamin Crabb obtained the exclusive right to make sperm candles in Massachusetts for 14 years.

A year later, however, a factory was started in Providence, R. I., and within the decade there were eight factories in New England and one in Philadelphia. Their output greatly reduced the price of candles, which not long before sold for five shillings a pound. In those days $1.25 was [illegible] fully three times as much as it is now.—From the Designer.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

His Opinion.

Nephew—What do you think of the opera?

Uncle Josh—Them women in th' boxes ought to be able to raise enough money on their diamonds to buy some clothes with, by jinks!

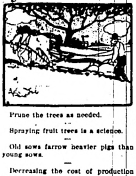
Where Every Ear Is Stretched.

Knicker—They say listening is a lost art.

Booker—Ever live in a flat with a dumb waiter?

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Prune the trees as needed.

Spraying fruit trees is a science.

Old sows farrow heavier pigs than young sows.

Decreasing the cost of production is increasing the profit.

The cow and the hen have kept starvation from many a door.

Regularity is an important factor in caring for the producing herd.

In putting up ice wait until the ice and weather are right, then rush the job.

A small amount of linseed meal added to the horse ration is invaluable.

Some animals are selected individually but prove to be failures as breeders.

Springs add to the life of the wagon, also to the comfort of the man who uses it.

Gilt edge butter brings money to the maker. It's poor policy to offer poor butter for sale.

The sale of so many thousands of young calves annually is an alarming feature of the beef situation.

It is the general average of the herd that decides the profit and not the returns from one or two of the best cows.

When cows get pretty well along in the period of lactation the churning does not come as readily as when they are fresh.

Remember when you plow in the orchard that the roots are very near the surface. Three inches is plenty deep enough.

More turkeys would mean more spending money for many a farmer's wife. The turkey crop is getting smaller every year.

Do not "guess" that your seed is all right; that is not enough. You ought to be sure that it is all right before you plant it.

When feeding new corn from the field, husk only the end of the rows, to facilitate turning when the regular corn husking season begins.

Bring in the corn horse after you are through with it. Even a wooden horse will show the effects if stabled out in the field a few months.

Rusty garden tools may be brightened by soaking in sour milk whey for 12 hours, then brushed. A coat of kerosene should then be applied.

There is probably/no question that the application of lime to any soil that shows an acid reaction when tested with litmus paper would be profitable.

A mighty nice shelter for hogs and cattle can be made of long poles and posts that make a large room with a ceiling about six and one-half or seven feet.

Be sure to furnish the hens oyster shells at all times. It is important that this element be supplied. It will improve the egg yield and the health of the flock.

When killed by the frost, mow off the asparagus tops and burn them, then give the bed—and the rhubarb plants, too—a thick winter coat of stable manure.

No one breed of hogs has a monopoly of all the good points in bacon type. As the saying goes: "There are good and bad in all breeds, and bad and worse in some."

If a little more attention to the food supply were given the fowls with a view to induce a better egg yield the pullets would be laying early in the fall and keep at it all winter.

There are several reasons why the dairy cow should appeal to the farmer, but among the chief is that she helps the soil and brings in regular returns. Her product is a sure crop.

Never get the idea in your head that drugs and health are inseparable, for in most cases it will be found that what we keep out of the pig's stomach has more to do with their health than what we put in.

For the poultry, in addition to corn, roots may be given and then there ought to be also some bran, oats, wheat and oyster shells, and at all times an abundance of grit should be provided, especially during the winter season, when the ground is frozen and covered with snow.

A writer in the Scientific American says he has cleared his premises of rats as well as vermin, by making whitewash yellow with copperas, and covering the stones and rafters in the cellar with it. In every crevice in which a rat might g he put copperas, and scattered it in the corners of the floor. The result was a complete disappearance of rats and mice.

The pullet is the best layer.

Iron in some form makes a good tonic.

Why not try a small piece of alfalfa next spring?

It's hard to make a man believe he owns a poor cow.

Alfalfa and clover are the best dry feeds there are for the cow.

Use the milk pails and cans for no other purpose than to hold milk.

Cover the rhubarb plants now with plenty of coarse but rich stable manure.

Oats, barley and peas form a good ration for pregnant ewes during the winter.

Temperature has more to do with your failure to get butter than any one cause.

Grafting is one of the most interesting things on the farm and it is absurdly simple.

Timothy growing means exhaustion of land, because it is now grown as a commercial crop.

When the fowls pick themselves frequently you may be sure that they are infested with lice.

There is little danger of draft in the poultry house if there is only one opening in the building.

Soil that is poorly drained suffers more in both dry and wet seasons than that which is well drained.

The orchardists should become more familiar with the most approved method of producing more and better fruit.

Records of the performance of dairy cows form the only accurate and safe basis for judging their value.

There is no line of general agriculture in which well directed effort will pay so large a profit as in dairy farming.

As a matter af fact, barnyard manure commences to ferment and undergo changes the moment it is dropped.

From twelve to twenty-four hours before churning you should commence to ripen the cream, according to the time of the year.

Every owner of live stock should be prepared to treat the more common ills to which live stock of different kinds are subject.

Colds with poultry often lead to roup and when once roup gets a good start we are likely to have quite a task to get rid of it.

The fertilizer problem is getting to be a big one, and could be greatly reduced by keeping more stock and selling less hay and straw.

Many of the orchard tracts of the central as well as the extreme west are owned and operated by women, who are happy in their work.

Have some way of marking every turkey. They may get with neighbor's turkeys and you will want some way of proving your property.

The dairy barnyard should have good slope, such as will insure good surface drainage, and should have a good top layer of gravel or cinders.

The purchaser of a bull should select an animal that is a good individual and whose dam and granddam on his sire's side have good butterfat records.

Single purpose animals carry their functions with greater economy than do so-called dual purpose animals. These facts belong to the domain of breeding.

After the first week of sleeping and resting the young calf should be allowed to exercise freely in the open air, in order to develop muscles, lungs and heart.

The Minnesota experiment station has found bran to be an excellent feed to combine with corn fodder and timothy or wild hay, as a ration for the milch cow.

Let the new-born calf stay in the stall or pasture with its mother for several days, and she will let it feed at times and in amounts best suited to its needs in life.

There is no longer certainty of a crop of fair fruit without spraying with insecticides, no matter how propitious the season otherwise or how fertile the orchard soil.

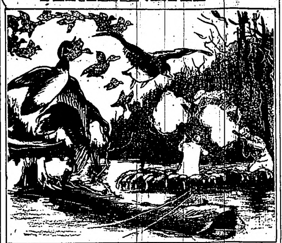
Proof piles up that there are scores and hundreds of dairy cows that are not paying their way while many others are making a handsome profit for the owner. Which kind do you keep?

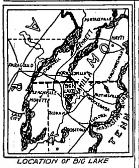
Breeding animals that have weak constitutions and organic weaknesses will transmit these defects to their progeny, and they will become easy prey to about all the ailments that the hog is heir to.

Nearly every poultry raiser, whether in the business for pleasure or profit, has his choice of breeds and in nine cases out of ten, he will succeed better with his favorite than with any other. So preference often becomes a potent factor in the problem and a point not to be ignored.

Dairying has been changed by the introduction of the separator, a comparatively simple device, which today is indispensable, but was unknown during the earlier generations on the farm. The quality of dairy cattle is improving every year as the experts gain in knowledge and experience. The same is true of all other live stock on the farm.

SLAUGHTER OF DUCKS IN ARKANSAS





LOCATION OF BIG LAKE

BIG LAKE, ARK., is the last stand of the wild duck in the United States. It is the most extensive gathering place for duck in this country where they may be legally shot by "market hunters" and shipped out. As a result, hundreds of thousands are shot there annually. This practice is the most important factor today in the elimination of the wild duck. It has been found impossible to protect the ducks under state supervision.

Big lake and ten feet of land surrounding it are owned by a club of which many wealthy St. Louisans are members. Owing to opposition of the "swamp angels," the members are barred from hunting on their own grounds. A move is now on foot to have the club deed its property to the United States government as a national game preserve. This would result in its being policed by federal rangers and ducks protected. Many sportsmen believe that unless this is done another generation will see the total extermination of the wild duck, as the last few generations saw the extermination of the buffalo and the passenger pigeons which once were to be found in this country in millions. Five thousand wild ducks a day have been killed and shipped from Big lake to the outside world, chiefly to Chicago. The "market hunters," otherwise known as "swamp angels," who inhabit the Big lake country, have defied all efforts to stop their slaughter of the birds. Quite naturally since their views differ so radically, the "swamp angels" of Big lake do not take kindly to the attempts of the game protection propagandists of the country to limit the number of ducks they shall shoot on what they regard as their own preserves.

During the last few years the Big Lake Hunting and Fishing club, which has a number of wealthy St. Louis men among its officers and members, has lost three club houses by fire. In the meantime, too, the club, through its employees, has been warned that it must cease to operate under penalty of death to its members if it continues. This property loss has, naturally, caused the club members to hesitate before making further improvements on their Big lake preserves. The warnings from the "swamp angels" to individual members that they would "fill their hides with buckshot" has not served to increase the ardor of the St. Louis hunters.

Big lake and ten feet of land surrounding it on three sides is owned by the Big Lake Hunting and Fishing club. It comprises, in all, about 30,000 acres. Attempts on the part of the owners of the lake to keep the "swamp angels" from killing ducks thereon have precipitated the trouble. Recently the club has attempted to protect itself by securing injunctions against about 100 of the "swamp angels."

Wild ducks begin coming into Big lake in October, and are found there in vast numbers until the willows begin to bud in the spring. Of course, they come and go, but thousands of them are always to be found somewhere between the St. Francis river below and the "Little River overflow" above Big lake, with the lake as the great central congregating ground.

It is difficult to convey to the mind of the reader who has not been there an idea of how many ducks "use" Big lake. To say that they come in by hundreds of thousands seems in exaggeration. Yet any hunter who has shot duck on Big lake during the height of the season will vouch for the statement.

When one adds that the duck flocks frequently darken the sun as though a heavy cloud had come over it another idea of their number is obtained. And hunters assert this to be literally true times without number.

Think, again, of ducks settled on the lake in such numbers that a masked canoe, pushing in amongst them, finds itself in a very tangle of live creatures and you get yet another angle of the question of how many, and also some impression of how tame they become after filling themselves with the "duck grass" seed which abounds there, and even in spite of the constant fusillade the hunters keep up.

It is out of such a conglomerate of ducks as this that the hunters bag their 5,000 a day for the markets. And it may well be stated here that 5,000 is considered a conservative estimate. Many hunters put the number as high as 10,000 on the "big days."

As much as $5,000 has been paid out in one day for ducks at Manilla, a town of about 300 people. At Paragould, it is not an uncommon thing for 150 barrels, each containing 75 mallards, to be sent out at one shipment, and 70 and 100 barrels are to be expected every good day during the season. All of these ducks come out of the sunken lands to the east of Paragould, and an enormous number from Big lake. In addition, Paragould is only one, although probably the principal, of the shipping points.

One hundred and fifty barrels of ducks would mean more than 11,000 individuals in one shipment. All the rest of the shipping points must certainly average as many as Paragould, and on that basis many days see more than 20,000 ducks, as a conservative estimate, shipped out of the sunken lands country of northwestern Arkansas and Southeastern Missouri. This would mean an average of 5,000 daily for four days in one day's shipment. It is asserted that a run of as few as 20 barrels from Paragould during the season is extraordinary.

"Market hunters" among the swamp angels dispose of these ducks to buyers at various points, chiefly at Manilla, for from 11 to 16 cents per duck, according to their size, condition and breed.

Buyers ship them to dealers, most of them going to Chicago. The express and icing charges average about five cents per duck. The buyer gets about 35 cents each for them on an average. Attempt in Chicago to buy a brace of mallards and you will find them priced at from $1 up, $1.50 being, perhaps, an average price. Get them in a fashionable cafe and you will pay from 75 cents up per portion.

Arkansas has a strict game law, providing that no hunter shall ship game out, and, indeed, prohibiting hunting by non-residents except on their own land. The kill is limited to 25 ducks per day, and it is unlawful for anyone to have more than 50 ducks—two days' kill—in his possession at one time.

Here, however, comes in an exception which makes Big lake the crying evil it is in the eyes of game protectionists. Four townships in Mississippi county, into all of which Big lake extends, are exempt from the non-shipment clause of the Arkansas game laws.

Swamp angels operating around Big lake live in the swamps. Their homes—the places they call home—according to hunters who have visited them, are usually miserable places. Mere shacks made of logs or rough boards, with cracks in sides, floor and even the roof big enough to throw a cat through, are located on the ridges found here and there in the swamps.

Out of the price he receives for his ducks the "swamp angel" must pay for his shells, and this reduces his profits, but practically every shell he purchases means a large fat duck. To miss more than one shot out of 25 is considered "a disgrace."

Although malaria is rampant in the Big lake country, the "swamp angels" are for the most part immune from it. Hunters coming in from the outside soon catch it, however, and thus the "swamp angels" find an ally in the natural conditions, and the shooting of ducks continues merrily in spite of all laws and protests.

In love as in gambling the true devotee plays for the game's sake, not for the prize.

Chinese Compressed Seed Tea.

The Mandarin or virgin tea of China consists of the leaves and twigs of the tea-plant, which are tied up in little silk bundles. But the compressed seed tea of the Chinese is even more remarkable. It is tea preserved with its seeds and pressed into a compact mass under the bare feet of Chinese damsels, thousands of girls being employed for the purpose on the great tea plantations. It is considered a great delicacy in the Orient.

Iceland Gloves.

In so cold a climate the glove must be put off or on as rapidly and easily as possible so it is made without fingers, and in order that no time may be wasted in distinguishing between right and left all gloves have two thumbs. You simply thrust your hand into the first glove that comes and your thumb immediately finds its way. There are of course drawbacks in the matter of appearance, for the dangling idle thumb looks untidy.

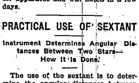
SCIENCE AND INVENTION

INCUBATION OF FISH EGGS

German Method of Hatching Out of Water Gives Excellent Results With Trout and Salmon.

Hatching fish eggs out of water may sound absurd, but it is nevertheless true that the most important stage of the hatching may be passed out of water and that this makes possible a considerable simplification of the hatching apparatus. The method has been tried in Germany with trout and salmon eggs and has given excellent results.

The eggs, thoroughly washed, are spread to an even thickness on trays about 6 inches square and but ¼ inch thick, says the Popular Mechanics. The bottoms of the trays are formed of cloth, made fast to the under side of a frame very much like that of a window screen. These egg trays hold about 1,000 eggs each, and each one rests on a second type of tray, called an "air tray." This tray is also 6 inches square, and 1¾ inches deep, the bottom being formed of fine mesh wire.



Hatching Fish Eggs Out of Water.

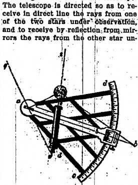
One of the illustrations shows a pile of these trays arranged alternately, beginning with an air tray, and having at the top a third kind of tray. This is called the "upper air tray," and is 4 inches deep, filled with bog or wood moss.

Placed in a cellar or other cool place, all that is required is to pour a small quantity of pure water into the top tray each day in order to maintain the humidity of the lower trays, and to inspect the egg trays once a day for the removal of dead eggs. When the embryo becomes plainly visible inside the egg, they are transferred to the ordinary underwater apparatus and will hatch in a few days.

PRACTICAL USE OF SEXTANT

Instrument Determines Angular Distances Between Two Stars—How It Is Done.

The use of the sextant is to determine the angular distances between two stars. This is done by means of reflecting mirrors and a telescope. The telescope is directed so as to receive in direct line the rays from one of the two stars under observation, and to receive by reflection from mirrors the rays from the other star under observation. The mirror (m) is directly in the line with the telescope, and the upper part of the disk containing the mirror is of plain glass, which transmits the light from the star directly. The lower part of the disk contains a mirror. The other mirror (a) is fixed on a movable limb of the sextant. When this limb is fixed at zero the two mirrors are parallel. The limb is moved about and with it the mirror (a) until the ray of light (g.a.) is reflected through the mirror (a) to the mirror (m), and thence directly into the telescope, so that the two stars are seen coincident by the observer, the one directly and the other reflected twice from the two mirrors. The angle between the stars is twice the angle between the mirrors. The angle between the mirrors is read directly on the graduated arc of the sextant.



The Sextant.

New Diamond Fields.

From the methods used to locate the stones the new diamond fields in German South Africa might very well be called a Tom Tiddler's Ground, says the Wide World Magazine. The diamonds are very small, but are exceedingly plentiful.

They are found in the open desert, where nothing but sand, unrelieved by the slightest sign of brush or shrub, is to be seen for vast distances. The men who search for the stones—needless to say, they are all natives—have 10 miles to go every morning from camp.

The searchers work on their hands and knees, apparently regardless of the blinding sunshine, sifting the surface sand through their fingers. Most of them are old Kimberley boys and they are very keen on discovering stones. The district is hardly a paradise for the white man, being notorious for its frequent dust storms and terrific heat.

New Hair Combs.

To prevent the loss of a woman's back and side combs, an ingenious inventor has patented combs with a small hook on the under side to engage the hair.

Alkoethine Gas.

The spraying of dilute alcohol over calcium carbide produces a new gas known as alkoethine, which is said to be a better and cheaper fuel than gasoline.

CURIOUS BIT OF MECHANISM

Earthquake Shocks Are Recorded by Means of Horizontal Pendulum Seismograph—How Done.

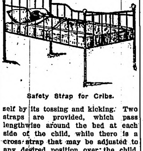
Earthquakes are recorded by means of the horizontal pendulum seismograph. The best example of horizontal pendulum in every day use is a common hinged door. The earthquake strument is a heavy weight pivoted delicately on a frame, which is swung at an upright hinge-line, so that the faintest movement in the post will be communicated to the frame. A light lever with a pen, at the outer end of the weighted frame, makes on a paper moved by clockwork a magnified record of the movements of the earth's crust. The pen is a bristle, and the paper is glossy and smoked, so that the record is a scratch. The weight tends to stand still as the earth waves move the post, and the pen writes an autograph of the movement which takes place about the weight as a center. Every second an electric ticker connected with a clock scratches a mark on the side of the moving paper, so that the exact time of any earthquake autograph may be calculated.

Let us stop a moment to watch what happens when an earthquake wave passes through the earth. The weight is still, the pen is lightly in contact with the paper, and as the latter moves by clockwork there is left written a straight line. Slowly, as we watch, the writing finger moves sidewise, and begins to make little wavemarks. This lasts several minutes. Then the pen begins to creep out until it is very slowly scratching long, sweeping zigzags. In the course of half an hour this slowly diminishes. Not a single tremor has been felt. The waves passing through the ground were too broad and slow for sensation, but they have come thousands of miles from a place where walls were falling and people were rushing frantically into the streets.

SAFETY DEVICE FOR CRIBS

Straps Arranged to Hold Small Child in Bed and Prevent It From Uncovering Itself.

Mrs. F. Salinger, of New Rochelle, N. Y., has perfected an invention which provides an improved safety strap for holding a small child in bed and preventing it from uncovering itself by its tossing and kicking. Two straps are provided, which pass lengthwise around the bed at each side of the child, while there is a cross strap that may be adjusted to any desired position over the child. The cross strap is provided with an elastic section which enables the child to move freely within the limits imposed. The straps are provided with reinforced eyelets, through which safety pins may be passed to fasten the straps to the bedding.



Safety Strap for Cribs.

Odors from Vegetation.

A French chemist has advanced the theory that the odors from vegetation disseminated through the air diminish the actinic powers of the solar radiations sufficiently to affect photography.

NOTES OF SCIENCE AND INVENTION

Natives of the Upper Congo eat certain kinds of caterpillars.

In a high-grade violin there are 65 pieces of wood of three or more kinds.

There are more than a million and a quarter more women than men in England and Wales.

Pupils in the Philadelphia public schools are being taught to board and alight from street cars in a safe manner.

St. Petersburg will establish a large ozone plant to purify the city's water supply, drawn from the germ-laden Neva.

The Paris Louvre has more money at its disposal for acquiring new pictures than any other gallery in the world.

A vegetable cheese is being made in an experimental way in England from the caseine contained in soya beans.

Those who know most about that little understood metal figure that radium retains its radio activity for about 5,000 years.

The swamp areas of the United States, if combined, would cover the New England states, New York and New Jersey.

Pure radium never has been produced, the almost priceless material always being in combination, either a chloride or a bromide.

Eminent French medical men are engaged in an extended discussion over what constitutes the most healthful position in which to sleep.

In Japan day laborers receive 20 cents a day, women servants 84 cents a month, men servants $1.36 a month, women farm laborers $8.50, men farm laborers $15.96.

It requires approximately ten tons of pitch-blende to yield a single grain of radium bromide, to obtain which over a thousand reductions and crystallizations have to be made.

According to the United States census tables, based on the present growth, the population of New York city will be 9,000,000 in 1930. Manhattan island will then have 4,000,000.

One of the newest wave power motors, the invention of a Californian, consists of a small truck running on a track with a broad tail. The waves strike the tail, push the truck up the track, and compress air in a tank by a piston on the head of the truck.

SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

All Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. Dema Bethune, Sikeston, Mo.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is more widely and successfully used than any other remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed. Why don't you try it?

DURING A TIFF.

Wife—It seems to me we've been married a century. I can't even remember when or where we first met.

Husband—Can't you? Well, I can. It was at a dinner party where there were 13 at the table.

Ignorance.

Laura Jean Libbey, discussing in Brooklyn her appearance on the stage, said:

"I talk in my monologue about love, marriage and the other interests of the heart. On these subjects women, especially young women, are strangely ignorant.

"They really make me think, you know, of the little girl who was asked by her teacher:

"'What can you tell us of Solomon?'

"'Solomon,' replied the little girl, 'was very fond of animals.'

"'And how, my dear,' said the teacher, 'do you make that out?'

"'Because,' answered the little girl, 'the Bible says he had five hundred porcupines.'"

To Arrange Flowers.

Here are five golden rules which should be observed by those who often arrange flowers. Use plenty of foliage. Put your flowers in very lightly. Use artistic glasses. Do not put more than two, or, at the most, three different kinds of flowers in one decoration. Arrange your colors to form a bold contrast or, better still, a soft harmony. The aim of the decorator should be to show off the flowers—not the vases that contain them; therefore the simpler ones are far preferable to even the most elaborate. Glasses for a dinner table should be either white, a delicate shade of green, or rose color, according to the flowers arranged in them.

Crutches or Biers.

Richard Croker, at a dinner in New York, expressed a distrust for aeroplanes.

"There's nothing underneath them," he said. "If the least thing goes wrong, down they drop."

"I said to a Londoner the other day:

"'How is your son getting on since he bought a flying machine?'

"'On crutches, like the rest of them,' the Londoner replied."

EASY CHANGE

When Coffee is Doing Harm.

A lady writes from the land of cotton of the results of a four years' use of the food beverage—hot Postum.

"Ever since I can remember we had used coffee three times a day. It had a more or less injurious effect upon us all, and I myself suffered almost death from indigestion and nervousness caused by it.

"I know it was that, because when I would leave it off for a few days I would feel better. But it was hard to give it up, even though I realized how harmful it was to me.

"At last I found a perfectly easy way to make the change. Four years ago I abandoned the coffee habit and began to drink Postum, and I also influenced the rest of the family to do the same. Even the children are allowed to drink it freely as they do water. And it has done us all great good.

"I no longer suffer from indigestion, and my nerves are in admirable tone since I began to use Postum. We never use the old coffee any more.

"We appreciate Postum as a delightful and healthful beverage, which not only invigorates but supplies the best of nourishment as well." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Jan. 27.—State fair matters and a plan for the reorganization of the government of the fair made the committee room, and not the chamber of either body, the center of interest.

The O'Neill bill, relating to the prevention and suppression of forest fires and appropriating money for the prevention of fires, passed the house by a unanimous vote.

For Non-partizan Judges.

Senator F. E. Putman introduced a non-partizan judiciary bill. It provides for the election of delegates at the primary election, without any party designation, on the basis of one delegate for 150 voters. These delegates will constitute a district judicial convention to nominate candidates for district judges, and elect delegates to the state judicial convention, which will nominate candidates for supreme court justices. The district conventions will be held five weeks before the general election and state conventions four weeks before. If at any of these conventions one candidate receives 75 per cent of the votes, only one shall be nominated. Otherwise the convention shall nominate two or more candidates for each place, who will go on the general election ballot without party designation.

The senate committee on finance recommended that authority be given the state to call in $850,000 of new capitol certificates now held by the permanent school fund. A letter to the chairman from Governor A. O. Eberhart stated that there are ample funds in the treasury for redeeming the certificates, and the promise of future revenue justifies the state in redeeming the certificates. The certificates bear 3 or 3½ per cent interest. Funds of the permanent school fund are low and $1,000,000 or more of loans to counties or other state organizations has been allowed and it is held up until funds are at hand. These loans are made at 4 per cent. The transaction merely means that the state will save the interest it is paying on the certificates and get a higher rate by reloaning the money to the counties.

By a vote of 71 to 44 the house passed the university emergency bill appropriating $636,000 to cover the deficit in the university fund and to carry out the contracts for constructing new buildings.

Electrocution instead of hanging is proposed as capital punishment by Representative Rufus P. Morton in a bill presented to the house. The board of control is directed to provide a permanent death chamber in the state prison where all executions must be conducted.

Representative Fred L. Palmer of Minneapolis introduced a bill raising the pay of state capitol guides, doorkeeper and mail carrier to [illegible] a month. Their salaries were fixed five years ago at $60 a month.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—Reapportionment won in the Minnesota house by a vote of 91 to 19. That chamber of the Minnesota legislature adopted the concurrent resolution, fixing the basis of representation on population as prescribed by the constitution.

This resolution leaves the number of senators just as it is and increases the house membership by about six.

In the record vote, Nash of Minneapolis, Fisher, Keefe, Nolan, Rice, Sullivan, Virtue, Webb and Wescott were absent. Those voting "No" were: Christie, Clarke, Denzer, Farley, Harding, Herzberg, Hoffman, Murley, Just, Kelly, Lindberg, Moriarity, Nygren, Papke, Peters, Robinson, Schuler, Schwartz, Untiedt.

The action of the house puts the burden on the senate. In that body, the chief reason for objection is that it will unseat the senators, some of whom had a hard fight for re-election and would have to go through the same ordeal again.

The opposition group has been formulating a plan of campaign which will defeat the measure, if possible. The plan involves an attempt to array the city against the country and to throw out the impression the reapportionment would give the cities unfair supremacy.

This plan will be carried out along the line suggested in Senator Works' measure making the basis of representation in the cities double that of the county.

The house adopted the resolution calling for an investigation of the methods of the state drainage engineer, which was introduced by the drainage committee. It provides for the appointment of a committee of five to cary on the investigation.

Speaker Dunn announced the following appointments in the house: H. R. Soule, clerk enrolling committee; A. G. Rutledge, bookkeeper to chief clerk; C. S. Booten, clerk general legislation committee; Thomas Ledy, gallery sergeant, and S. W. France, clerk appropriation committee.

The senatorial mill ground out an unusually large grist of bills.

The special senate building committee has started an investigation which will include the university architect, Clarence C. Johnson, in its scope, and may reach to the board of regents as well.

The trouble arises over the fact that Minnesota building material is ignored in the construction of university buildings. The regents have started a plan of uniform constructions and in the furtherance of this plan use nothing but Bedford stone.

It is also charged that Architect Johnson so frames his plans and specifications that nothing but Danville, Ill., brick will fill them.

St. Cloud residents object strenuously to the exclusive use of Bedford stone, so long as St. Cloud granite is on the market, while Minnesota brick manufacturers are equally strenuous in their objections on the ground that Minnesota brick is just as good as that which can be obtained in Danville.

Clarence Johnson said the board of regents' specifications called for a peculiar shade of red brick and this brick can be had only at Danville.

St. Paul, Jan. 31. — A complete change of the Minnesota inheritance tax system is provided for in a bill by Representative Kneeland, of Minneapolis. It would absolutely change the basis of taxation and is in line with the suggestions made by the state tax commission.

The bill provides that for all bequests under $15,000 that wife must pay a tax of 1 per cent, the husband and children 1½ per cent, a brother or sister or the wife of a widowed son or the husband of a daughter, 3 per cent. Beneficiaries who are uncles or aunts are to pay 4 per cent and all other beneficiaries are to pay 5 per cent tax on the inheritance.

This is given as the primary scale for bequests under $15,000. For those from $15,000 to $30,000, the tax is to be one and one-half times as much; from $30,000 to $50,000 twice as much; from $50,000 to $100,000, two and one-half times as much; and over $100,000, three times as much.

The bill provides that $10,000 of the inheritance of the wife is exempt, $10,000 of the inheritance of the husband or child, $500 of the inheritance of the brother, sister, son-in-law or daughter-in-law, $250 of the inheritance of the uncle or aunt and $100 of all other inheritances. Bequests to municipalities are also exempt.

Robert C. Dunn introduced his good roads measure which had been heralded in the press for several months past. A measure was introduced at the same time in the house providing for a one mill road tax, providing funds for the good roads improvement program included in his bill.

The bill provides that the governor shall appoint commissioners to succeed the present highway commission, no two members of the commission to be of the same political party. These commissioners are to serve without salary.

This highway commission shall elect from its own membership a chairman and a vice-chairman. It shall appoint a secretary, who shall be a civil engineer and practical road-builder and who shall hold office under the title of state engineer at the will of the commission. He shal also employ deputy and assistant engineers, who shall file a bond. The attorney general is to be ex-official attorney for the commission.

The commission will investigate and determine the location of road material in the state, ascertain the most approved methods of construction and improvement of roads, and hold public meetings throughout the state whenever deemed advisable.

Representative Orr introduced a bill in the house allowing juries to determine whether murderers are to be hanged or imprisoned for life. Representative Skartum introduced a bill making it a misdemeanor to use false weights. Representative H. Nelson introduced a bill compelling education of children. A concurrent resolution memorializing congress to oppose the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada was introduced by Representative S. N. Lee. Andrew Davis presented a bill appropriating $5,000 for the support of a home for the ladies of the G. A. R. at Anoka. The house passed the resolution favoring San Francisco for the Panama exposition in 1915.

Members of the legislature have received their first pay. They have been in session about a month, not counting the days they have voted themselves vacation. Now they will draw half of their first year's pay, $250. Feb. 1 is the date set by law for the payment. The state will be about $46,000 poorer by the transaction.

North Dakota Postoffice Sites.

Washington, D. C. — The treasury department has adopted a report favoring the selection of the northwest corner of Pacific and Fifth avenues for the proposed building at Jamestown. The property is offered by Mrs. K. M. Snyder at a valuation of $7,500. The site at the northwest corner of Fourth street and Fourth avenue, in Valley City, is chosen for the public building at that point. The vendors are Mrs. Herman Winterer and Robert Anderson, and the valuation is $4,800.

Now Circle Globe in 37 Days.

Seattle, Wash. — The development of the Japanese port of Tsuruga has made it possible to go around the world in 37 days. Leaving Seattle a traveler may land in Yokohama in twelve days. By taking train to Tsuruga and steamer to the trans-Siberian Railroad terminus and continuing by the fastest train to London he may cover the distance from Yokohama in 16 days. By the fastest steamers and trains he may travel from London to Seattle in a little more than nine days, thus completing the round trip.

Each Country Blames Other.

Washington, D. C. — Dispatches to the respective ministers of Peru and Ecuador in Washington give different explanations of the recent clash. Dr. Arizaga, minister from Ecuador, made public the contents of a cablegram from his government stating that Peruvian troops invaded Ecuador to liberate four Peruvian criminals. Two policemen and several women were killed and seven persons wounded. The Peruvian's version placed the blame upon Ecuadorian troops.

Match Causes $40,000 Fire.

Antwerp, Belg. — M. Menke, a well known art collector, dropped a lighted match in his studio, which set fire to and burned several paintings by old masters, including Rubens, Van Dyke, and Tenniel, valued at $40,000.

Former Ry. President Dies.

Kansas City, Mo. — Joseph W. Reinhart, formerly president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, and more recently president of the Kansas City Viaduct & Terminal company, died of pneumonia.

A LARGE PENSION LIST

$229,064.50 PAID OUT BY STATE IN PENSIONS.

Since 1905, $50,000 a Year Has Been Paid to Veterans of Indian War.

St. Paul.—The state of Minnesota has a pension system relatively more liberal than Uncle Sam ever granted to the veterans of the civil war. Since the passage of the Indian war pension act in 1905, the state has paid $229,064.50 in pensions to men who helped suppress the Sioux outbreak of 1862, and to their widows and other heirs. The roll is now over $50,000 a year and still increasing, with 248 names on the roll and 431 applications pending.

On account of abuses that are likely to creep in under the present law, Adjutant General F. B. Wood is recommending some amendments. Some action at this session of the legislature seems certain, and Senator John Moonan of Waseca has raised the whole issue by a bill to repeal the law entirely.

Recommends Repeal.

Several bills affecting the state pension laws have been introduced, ranging from absolute repeal of all such laws, to amendments, and to one introduced Tuesday to pension all citizens who bore arms in the Indian uprising between Aug. 15 and Sept. 25, 1892, at the rate of $12 a month. The committee on Indian affairs and lands met and voted to repeal all laws relating to the pensioning of citizen soldiers.

The law a it stands provides for payment of $12 a month to any person who took part in suppressing the Indian outbreak and suffered any disability therefrom, even if he served only twenty-four hours. The federal government has never considered any applications from men who served less than ninety days. The Sioux uprising lasted but a little while, and it is not this feature of the law that is criticized.

Back Pay Takes Money.

Its worst abuse comes in the matter of back pay, payment to heirs, and the granting of pensions to persons perfectly able to support themselves. One case discovered by General Wood showed the applicant to have an income of $900 a year, and the adjutant general undertook to hold the pension down to $1 a month, but was overruled by the attorney general. He recommends that the pensions be limited to dependent persons.

The back pay feature of the law is responsible for piling up its expense. When it was first passed in 1905 those who urged the measure said it would not cost the state over $4,000 or $5,000 a year, and an appropriation of $10,000 a year was made in the omnibus bill. Claims soon exceeded that amount, and it was soon shown that there is really no limit to their payment, because the law provides for taking pension money out of "any funds not otherwise appropriated."

Some Get as Much as $700.

So the roll has grown, and now when pensions are granted they take effect from Jan. 1, 1905, so that each successful applicant gets $144 a year back pay from that date up to the date of approval. Some single payments within the last year have gone as high as $700. Of the 431 applications pending, every one granted will draw this back pay. While many applications have been refused, the list is sure to grow. Payments have to be made in some cases to heirs who get a fat check for back pay after the pensioner has died. Widows under the law continue to receive the pensions of their husbands as long as they live.

WOMAN NIPS SWINDLE PLOT.

Wary Housewife Puts End to Career of Bogus Solicitor.

Red Wing.—The arrest of S. C. Wardell in this city put a stop to a clever swindle which has been operated successfully for months in Mankato, Faribault, Austin and other cities in that section of the state. In each case the housewife interested in a woman's magazine and the fashion plate has been the victim.

Wardell called at homes and as a premium to the magazine offered a monthly fashion plate, which he said would be sent regularly to the subscribers by the Donaldson glass block store of Minneapolis which was backing the publication.

Wardell succeeded in obtaining two subscriptions. One of the subscribers, however, became suspicious and at once 'phoned the Minneapolis establishment for further particulars. She was informed that the firm had no such solicitor in the field. The Donaldson firm wired the chief of police to be on the watch for the faker. Wardell was located and placed under arrest.

Wardell was arraigned in justice court and was fined $50 and costs. Unable to pay this sum he was committed to the county jail for 60 days.

BARN AND STOCK BURNED.

Blaze at St. Charles Believed to Have Been Set by Incendiary.

St. Charles.—Fire supposed to have been started by an incendiary burned down a barn owned by Adolph Keller, a farmer residing six miles south of here. The barn was valued at three thousand dollars and was insured for $1,500. Fifteen head of horses and fifteen head of cattle were also burned, insured for $300.

HILL LINES RAISE CAPITAL.

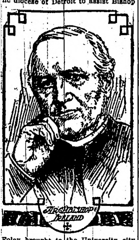
Consolidation of Road in Oregon Causes Increase in Stock.

Portland, Oregon. — Trustees of the Spokane-Portland and Seattle railway met in Vancouver and increased the capital stock from $25,000,000 to $62,500,000 in preparation for the consolidation of the Hill lines in Oregon. The ultimate purpose of James J. Hill is to combine the North Bank, the Oregon Trunk, the Astoria and Columbia River railroads and the Oregon Electric and United railways in one system.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND IS THERE

Noted Catholic Churchmen Attend Ann Arbor Consecration.

An Arbor, Mich. — The consecration here of Rev. Edward D. Kelly as auxiliary bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Detroit to assist Bishop Foley brought to the University city hundreds of prominent churchmen from many states, including Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore and Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul.



Bishop Kelly has been pastor of the church here since 1891. Through an assistant will continue to direct the local parish and will retain his residence here. The consecration ceremony was concluded early this afternoon.

A report that Archbishop Ireland was taken ill upon his arrival here was positively denied.

NEW HEAD FOR LODGE HOME.

Rev. Mr. Palmer Takes Charge of Northfield Odd Fellows' Institution.

Northfield.—News has been received of the appointment of the new superintendent and matron of the State Odd Fellows' home here. The new superintendent is the Rev. William R. Palmer of the M. E. church of Biwabik, Minn. Mrs. Palmer will become matron of the home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fowler, the retiring superintendent and matron, expect to go to St. Paul for a short time, after which they will return to Massachusetts.

The Home is now accomodating more than fifty persons. It has fine buildings and an extensive farm.

Rev. Mr. Palmer has been in Biwabik for more than two years. He is now grand chaplain of the I. O. O. F.

OFFICER SHOT BY CARETAKER.

Fires When Deputy Sheriff Tries to Handcuff Wife.

Walker, Minn., Jan. 28.—Deputy Sheriff Harry McCabe was perhaps fatally shot by Charles H. Smith, caretaker of Morris Point, a summer resort on Leech Lake. McCabe went to the place to search the premises for stolen goods and Smith and his wife resisted. While endeavoring to handcuff the woman, the husband snatched a sawed-off shotgun from the wall and emptied a charge of buckshot at the officer the shot hitting him in the abdomen.

He was brought to Walker, a distance of three miles and is at the hospital, while Smith was brought in by Ike Mountbry and a teamster and lodged in jail by Sheriff Delury.

LABOR CHIEF NAMES HELPERS.

Two Minneapolis Men Appointed by Commissioner.

St. Paul.—Labor Commissioner Houk announced three new appointments in his department: A. H. Garfield of St. Paul to succeed Cedar Karten, deputy labor commissioner, Feb. 1; Arthur L. McMahon of Minneapolis, railway inspector in place of F. W. Murray, and Charles F. Albright of Minneapolis to succeed A. B. Gray, deputy labor commissioner.

Governor Eberhart appointed J. H. O'Neil of Hubbard county as member of the state forestry board in place of Frank A. Day of St. Paul.

In the public examiner's office C. R. Boostrom of Austin was appointed deputy public examiner.

NEW HOTEL PROMISED WILLMAR

Willmar.—Tentative plans for a $50,000 hotel for Willmar were announced by the North Dakota Improvement company of Fargo. E. A. Wilson, president of the company, was here looking over various sites which have been offered, and the plan is to carry the project through with a rush. This will be welcome news to the traveling public generally, as the hotel accomodations at present are inadequate. The company behind the project is an extensive holder of real estate in leading towns of North Dakota. It has been buying and improving real estate in Fargo, Grand Forks, Valley City and Devils Lake, and will build a $100,000 hotel for Devils Lake.

Farmers Own Another Line.

Thief River Falls.—The farmers living in the south central part of Marshall county, decided to build a telephone line from Germantown to Esplee. This line will have connection with all the rural lines south in Pennington county and will be the means of cutting the present rates in two. All that great section of territory lying in the western part of Beltrami county will be brought into close communication with the rest of the world by the construction of this link of telephone line.

8,000 Workmen on Strike.

Harbin, Manchuria, Jan. 31. — In dread in the plague, 8,000 Russian workmen on the eastern Chinese railway, have gone on strike because the administration refused to dismiss 1,500 Chinese labors and pass the families of the Russians to their own country. There has been no let up in the spread of the plague. During the past 48 hours 40 deaths were reported in Harbin alone and probably there were many others not reported. In the same period 150 Chinese died in Fudziadian, a suburb of the city.

IN VOGUE

SIMPLICITY IN DRESS

PLAIN SUITS, SMART IN APPEARANCE, ARE BEST.

Women Most Likely In First Class Offices Are Those Who Do Not Dress Elaborately, but Keep Neat and Clean.

The more plainly you dress, if you can at the same time appear smart, the better will be your appearance. You will find that clerks and stenographers who are most liked in first-class offices are those who do not dress elaborately, but who try to be only neat and clean.

A plain cloth suit should be worn with what is known as a "tailored" wash blouse. The term "tailored" means severe plainness, with an entire absence of any lace or trimming. Such a waist may have tucks, but no lace, etc. Sleeves should be finished with either soft or stiff cuffs.

A linen collar or plain white stock makes the best neck finish for such a blouse.

A leather belt should be preferred to a fancy one.

As to hair and hands, or, to put it more broadly, personal cleanliness, too scrupulous care cannot be given. There is no objection to a girl's having her finger nails polished, even though she may be a business woman, but there is every objection to a polish for her or any other if the finger tips do not show equal care in other details, that is, in the way they are trimmed and cleaned.

A girl should not wear rings to business, with the exception of a signet or one corresponding in style, on her little finger. Diamonds and other gems are not good form.

The hair should be dressed becomingly, of course, but it should not be in any extreme style, nor have the slightest appearance of baste in its arrangement.

The waist and skirt should be neatly put together, and the shoes, no matter how old, may be neatly polished.

A spot of any kind on garments should be considered impossible. Whatever hat is worn when going in or out of the office, must be plain and in keeping with the tailored frock. Down town among offices is no place for "picture" creations.

A girl who is dressed in the manner suggested creates a favorable impression the moment she enters a business office. For instinctively a man of affairs thinks a woman who is careful about her personal appearance will be careful in her work.

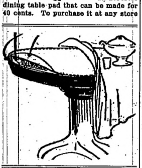
A young woman so clothed will start with a tremendous advantage over an elaborately dressed girl, because the majority of employers prefer young women of good breeding in their offices rather than those who are ordinary.

ROSANNA SCHUYLER.

ASBESTOS DINING TABLE PAD

Useful Article That Can Be Made at a Cost of About Forty Cents.

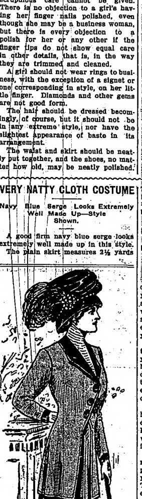
Here is a suggestion for an asbestos dining table pad that can be made for 40 cents. To purchase it at any store would cost $2 or $3. Material: Twelve cent sheet of asbestos, 12 cents; five and one-half yards of tennis flannel at 5 cents a yard. The drawing will show how it is made. Sections to insert when table is extended may also be made.



VERY NATTY CLOTH COSTUME

Navy Blue Serge Looks Extremely Well Made Up—Style Shown.

A good firm navy blue serge looks extremely well made up in this style. The plain skirt measures 2½ yards round and escapes the ground by 2 inches all round.



The coat has collar and buttons of black satin.

Toque of navy velvet, trimmed with beads and a feather mount.

Materials required for the costume: 7 yards 48 inches wide, 4 yards skirt lining, 5 yards silk for lining jacket, ½ yard satin for facing and covering buttons.

COURTESY IN THE HOME

Remember Your Home People Are Under Inexorable Necessity of Living With You.

If you are a boor among your acquaintances they can severely leave you alone; you can give the cold shoulder to the cad in the office or the works; you can escape the fool in the morning train; you can have a prior engagement if your pet aversion asks you to supper.

But your home people are under the inexorable necessity of living with you. A man sometimes gets into the habit of thinking that anything will do for his home people; he treats them as daily bread; he does not exert himself; he reserves his best for outsiders.

He says he likes to be homely at home; that is very well, so long as it does not mean being vulgar. He says he likes to be at ease in his home; very well, too, if it does not mean being thoughtless.

Familiarity breeds contempt. It is not easy to be constantly patient and profitable and pleasant to those whom you meet every morning at breakfast. The breakfast table is often the greatest disillusioner. More secrets of character are revealed over the bacon and eggs than over the dessert.

There is no severer discipline in the world than that of the home, and most of us go down under it in this matter of courtesy.

Don't let us put off our manners when we put on our slippers. Let us be the more considerate when it is only our own whom we have to consider. And just because our home life is private, and is screened off from public judgment and is sheltered from the restraint of public opinion, let us be the more scrupulous that we may be void of the offense against the heart of love.

A Dainty Scarf.

An attractive bureau cover may be made of dotted swiss, with dots as large as a dime, two or three inches apart. On the under side make petals of shadow embroidery for each dot, and on the right side work the dot over in yellow. The result will be a scarf of field daisies.

MACRAME WORK STILL USED

Handbags and Shopping Bags Embroidered With It Are Both Useful and Pretty.

A good while ago macrame work was all the fashion. It was an odd handicraft, consisting of knotting heavy twine into patterns and fashioning the articles thus formed into all sorts of things for wear and ornament. Now, very few people do this work, but it still has some adherents, and many of us possess odd bits done by grandmother or Greataunt Eliza. Here are a few hints for making use of them in modern ways:

Both handbags and shopping bags may be made of dark or bright plush or satin, embroidered with this macrame work or completely covered with a network of twine. These bags have long hanging fringes of the twine, perhaps held in place by beads; in fact, macrame can very well be combined with beadwork.

Then there are sets of Dutch collars and turnback cuffs, with or without a fabric background. These are very quaint on severe tailored blouses or on black or dark silk or mercerized waists, the collars fastened by a mosaic or cameo pin. It takes a certain type of girl to wear this style, but to that type it is very becoming.

If you have a good deal of the macrame and do not know what to do with it, make an antimacassar of it. The day of tidies has, thank heaven, gone out; but big comfortable easy chairs still look cozy and inviting with something of this sort covering their capacious backs, like the crocheted shawl on an old lady. Get grayish linen, cut it into two squares and connect and frame these with bits of macrame, not paying any attention to whether these match in pattern. Finally, edge with a border of the knotted twine, which you can do yourself when no design is required. The effect is charming and exceedingly unusual.

Pretty Little Ties.

Delightful little neckties are of bias satin or velvet, the ends ornamented with bunches of tiny taffeta roses and leaves, while a similar knot holds the tie together at the throat.

HERMIT OF WABASH

Recluse to Spend Last Days With Children in Paris.

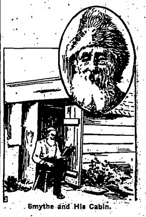
Lovable Old Naturalist Who Lived Thirty Years in a Cabin Near Terre Haute—Befriended John Brown.

Terre Haute, Ind.—From a cabin hermitage on the banks of the Wabash to Paris, France, is the transition now being made by a recluse, known as Captain Roland B. Smythe, who for thirty years had lived the life of a hermit, though loving his fellow-men and welcoming them to the solitude of his cabin when they chose to come.

Well educated, graduate of the University of Virginia, said to have been on the staff of General Lee, a colonel at the close of the civil war, a confidant of John Brown in the last days of the man from Osawatomie while serving as an officer in the Virginia guards on duty at Charlestown, the old man has preferred the isolation and life of a naturalist. He never became a misanthrope, nor disliked companionship.

Once only did he leave his small home, twenty miles below Terre Haute, pre-empted when he arrived there thirty years ago, and that was when he came to the city to witness a theatrical performance, his son being a member of the company. Until ten years ago his children did not know where he was. Then a woman of evident refinement arriving at Merom, the nearest town, asked for a man named "Russell" living as Smythe did. That night he said to a friend: "My children have found me out, and want me to come back, but I want to live out my life here."

Though a ready talker, he never grew reminiscent to the extent of disclosing his early life, except possibly to two or three men to whom he could trust his secret. One story is that his name is Caskey. Whatever it is he has finally yielded to the appeals of a son and daughter, who live in Paris to come to them. There is enough authentic information current in regard to him to furnish a few facts concerning his life. Besides there is his own story of his intimate connection with John Brown after the latter was condemned to die for the raid on Harpers Ferry.



Smythe and His Cabin.

At the end of the war, in 1865, Smythe, who had been rich, was poor and broken in health. He wished to get away from all that reminded him of his former life, and, always a nature student, he chose a life of solitude in the middle west. For some years he was on the Mississippi river, but there is no definite information as to what he did.

Thirty years ago his houseboat put in at the banks of the Wabash. Some men on shore asked, "What his name might be." He replied that it "might be Smythe."

"Captain?" they asked, half in jest, and he soberly replied that it was. "Captain Roland B. Smythe," and so he was known for the thirty years. He is now more than eighty years old, but has the appearance of a man of fifty. He has still the military bearing first acquired in the Virginia militia and later in the Confederate army.

Smythe's health improved steadily after he came to the banks of the river, notwithstanding he squatted in a place where the pioneers suffered with chills and fever, widely known in the early days as "the Wabash shakes." He has not been ill a day.

He did not like publicity or notoriety, especially in the pose of a hermit, but he welcomed visitors, especially those with whom he could talk on matters worth while. Asked to write as a naturalist, if not of his reminiscences, he replied: "That would be a petty satisfaction of vanity, and if I became a successful writer it would defeat my purpose of living out my years as I am doing."

This was a few years ago, and, commenting on vanity, he said: "I have not seen my own face in any kind of mirror for eight years, except the disturbed reflection of the water." He preferred to live his song rather than to sing it.

Long will the lovable old man be remembered by those who visited him. His gentle voice, sweet temperament, dignified and gracious bearing. He loved children and showed them photographs of his own, now grown to manhood and womanhood.

Hens in Deady Duel.

Hayton, Wis.—Two hens belonging to Samuel Vincent of this village fought a duel to the death over the possession of a nest. Both became imbued with the egg-laying instinct at the same moment and both wanted the same nest. They fought, with the result that both succumbed to injuries.

State's Convict Farms.

In Mississippi all the state prisoners are employed on four farms owned by the state. One contains 13,000 acres. The prisoners clear and improve the land and grow crops. Cotton is the chief product. All the white prisoners are on one farm of 2,200 acres.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1911. NUMBER 31.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Congressman Norris of Nebraska is said to favor the tariff commission measure.

The rules committee of the house, as a result of the investigation demanded by Representative Hitchcock of Nebraska, has not been able to find out what happened to delay the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation report.

In spite of a strong rally in the last six days of the month the treasury closed January with a deficit of $267,000 in the ordinary expenditures and a total deficit of nearly $4,000,000 of which fully $3,000,000 represents Panama canal payments.

Congress may fail to act at this session on the bill to promote Robert E. Peary to be a rear admiral. The bill was reported on the private calendar, but consideration was postponed. It is not likely that private bills will again be taken up before adjournment.

Upon the statements of Senators Bourne and Chamberlain that Elmer B. Colwell, who was appointed during the recess of congress to be United States marshal for Oregon, was personally obnoxious to them the senate committee on judiciary rejected the nomination. Colwell is now serving as marshal.

The government of Ecuador has asked the United States, Argentina and Brazil, the mediating powers in the boundary dispute between Ecuador and Peru, to exert their good offices in connection with the recent disturbances along the frontier. This trouble was merely an incident to the larger dispute concerning the boundary.

General.

Revolutionists are masters of the situation in parts of Mexico.

Nebraska stands to lose a congressman under the reapportionment.

Republican sentiment in the national house is against any increase in representation.

A threatened Mexican insurrecto attack on Ciudad Jauarez has caused an exodus of the population.

The senate passed the ship subsidy bill, the vote of the vice president being necessary to break a tie.

The attorney for John R. Walsh appealed to the president to expedite the case of the imprisoned banker.

By a standing vote, Andrew Carnegie was elected an honorary member of the New York chamber of commerce.

The British parliament, just opened by the king, will settle some important questions touching the British constitution.

G. A. Madero, brother of the revolutionary leader, says that if Juarez is captured all Mexico will soon be in the insurgents' hands.

Frank Hotchkiss, known to Yale men for two generations as the official in charge of the grounds and buildings, died, aged 70 years.

Eduardo Suarez Mujica, Chilean minister to Mexico, has been transferred to the post at Washington in succession to the late Anibal Cruz Diaz.

Secretary Ballinger granted leave of absence to Governor William J. Mills, of New Mexico, who will bring to congress the official vote on the new state constitution.

The New York cotton exchange decided on a double holiday for Lincoln's birthday, and the exchange will be closed on Saturday, Feb. 11, as well as on Monday, Feb. 13.

The proposed charter for the city of St. Louis was defeated at a special election by a majority of 40,155. The total vote was 89,937 of which 24,391 were for the charter and 65,046 against.

Wholesale murder of Chinese laborers by Mexicans in connection with the smuggling of contraband celestials across the border is indicted by the story of a wounded Chinese found in an isolated mountain locality near Nogales, Arizona.

At St. Joseph, Mo., Lela Cooper and Stanley Clark were killed and four companions were injured, three probably fatally, when a Chicago Great Western motor car ran down an automobile in which the six young people were riding.

The editor of the Paris Liberator calls the sentence of Edward Mylius a white-wash of King George.

In the murder of Count de Lossy at St. Petersburg, his accomplice, a doctor, confessed poisoning many patients.

At Flint, Mich., Miss Ellen Blane, who kept a boarding house, was shot and killed, when she answered a knock at the door of her home.

The democratic caucus bill of home rule for the police departments of St. Louis, Kansas City and St. Joseph, was introduced in the Missouri general assembly.

Senator Norris Brown, in a stinging indictment of Lorimer of Illinois, demanded that he be expelled.

By abandoning his southern trip the president has caused speculation as to the possibility of an extra session.

The senate confirmed the president's nominees for the court of commerce.

Speaker Kuhl of the Nebraska house was presented with a new gavel made of the old flag pole of old Fort Kearney.

Money appropriated to raise the Maine has run out and work has been stopped.

The United States senate will work under high tension during the remainder of the session.

The Harriman lines are to do much double tracking. Pullman berth rate reductions are now in effect.

New York insurgents said they would continue their fight on Sheehan if it continued until fall.

Champ Clark is opposed to any state losing its present number of representatives in the house.

In an extended address Elihu Root of New York declared it the duty of the senate to unseat Lorimer.

The Missouri capitol building at Jefferson City was struck by lightning and was completely destroyed.

The amount paid by the government to the railroads for carrying the mails is again being looked into.

Print paper manufacturers are against the proposed reduction in duty provided in Canadian reciprocity.

Full military honors marked the burial in Arlington national cemetery of the body of Rear Admiral Charles S. Sperry, U. S. N.

The California state senate passed a bill providing for the initiative and referendum and the recall for municipalities of California.

The treasury department bill, prohibiting the use of aPnama canal bonds as security for national bank notes, was passed by the senate.

The committee on foreign affairs of the Austrian delegation adopted a resolution in favor of President Taft's disarmament proposition.

As president of the national conservation association, Gifford Pinchot issued a statement, commending President Taft's water power policy.

J. C. Summy, of Waterloo, Ia., who claims to be an athlete of Ames college, was taken into custody at Chicago pending examination as to his mental condition.

The Texas and Pacific Railroad company was sentenced in the federal court at New Orleans to pay a fine of $500 for violation of the Sherman anti-trust law.

President Taft has decided to appoint Judge Martin, of the court of common pleas of Lancaster, O., to the United States court of customs appeals, to succeed Judge William H. Hunt.

The board of managers of the New York produce exchange endorsed the reciprocal agreement with Canada as proposed by President Taft and recommended its ratification by congress.

William Hackett, paying teller of the Easton (Pa.) National bank, committed suicide in the same way as William Cayle, a friend, ended his life, by taking carbolic acid and shooting himself.

Although North Dakota has the reputation of being an exclusively agricultrual state, a bulletin issued by the census bureau shows the manufactured products of that state in 1909 to have been $19,150,000.

Mrs. Mary Cella jumped to her death and her two daughters were probably fatally burned in a spectacular fire which destroyed a four-story tenement building at Thirty-seventh street and Sixth avenue, New York.

The historic capitol building of Missouri, burned last Sunday, was erected in 1838 at a cost of $350,000 and in 1887 remodeled at a cost of $25,000. While it was built of stone, the roof was covered with much inflammable material which fed the flames.

Land estimated to be worth $250,000,000 has been "grabbed" from the public domain of Illinois by private interests, according to the report of the Cheperfield commission on submerged lands which is ready for presentation to the legislature of Illinois.

H. T. Griffin, assistant general passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, died in Chicago, aged 63 years. He was connected with the road for forty-three years. He was a brother-in-law of Sir Thomas O'Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific.

A caucus of the supporters of Lafayette Young for United States senator was held at Des Moines. When the caucus adjourned it was announced that every man present had pledged himself to vote for Young until the end of the session, unless a special primary bill shall pass in the meantime.

Personal.

House democrats may caucus on Canadian reciprocity.

Democrats of the house in caucus went on record for reciprocity.

The Nebraska republican delegation in the house is divided on the question of reapportionment.

Lord Decies and his bride, Miss Vivian Gould, will spend the first of their honeymoon on Jekyl Island, Ga.

There are no signs of peace in the New York senatorial struggle.

A Colorado member of the legislature voted for a woman for senator.

Two new senators, Gronna of North Dakota and Watson of West Virginia, took their seats.

The Iowa senate passed the Sammig bill increasing the salaries of Iowa legislators from $550 to $1,200 per session.

It was learned at London that Andrew Carnegie has donated an additional $1,250,000 in furtherance of his philanthropics at his birth place, Dunfermline, Scotland.

ADMIT THEY ERRED

HAMPTON'S RETRACTS CHARGE MADE AGAINST STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

DID NOT SELL IMPURE CANDY

Magazine Publisher and Writer of Alleged Libelous Article, Because of Which Corporation Brought Suit, Declare They Were Mistaken.

New York.—In the matter of the libel suits brought by the Standard Oil company for $250,000 damages against Hampton's Magazine and for $100,000 damages against Cleveland Moffett, the former the publisher, and the latter the writer, of an article in the February issue of the magazine which defamed the company in connection with the sale of glucose and candy in Philadelphia, the following retractions have been signed in the office of Shearman & Sterling, the Standard Oil company's lawyers in the case, and have been issued from the company's offices at No. 26 Broadway:

"Hampton's Magazine, 66 West Thirty-fifth St., New York.

"Jan. 31, 1911.

"Standard Oil Company, 26 Broadway, New York.

"Dear Sirs: In the February issue of Hampton's Magazine there was published an article written by me, entitled, 'Cassidy and the Food Poisoners.' In that article I referred to the investigation of Mr. Cassidy, with respect to the manufacture and sale of impure candies in Philadelphia, and made the statement that your company manufactured and sold impure material which went into these candies and that, when the various dealers were arrested and fined, at the instance of Mr. Cassidy, your company paid the fines.

"Upon investigation, I have ascertained that your company was in no way connected with the transactions referred to and I hasten to retract in the fullest manner all charges made against your company and to express my sincere regret that I should have fallen into this serious error. Yours truly, Cleveland Moffett."

"Jan. 31, 1911.

"Standard Oil Company, New York City.

"Dear Sirs: Referring to foregoing letter of Mr. Cleveland Moffett to you, we beg to state that we are convinced that Mr. Moffett was in error in his statements with reference to your company. We greatly regret that these errors should have been made. It is the desire of Hampton's Magazine to be accurate and fair in all things. In our March number we will publish this letter and the foregoing letter of Mr. Moffett. Yours truly, Benj. B. Hampton, President Broadway Magazine, Inc."

LORIMER LASHED BY BROWN

Nebraskan Threatens to Hold Up Appropriation Bills If Vote on Scandal Is Not Ordered.

Washington.—Senator Norris Brown of Nebraska in a speech before the senate charged that Senator William Lorimer of Illinois must have known that his election to the senate by the Illinois legislature was accomplished by corrupt practice. He held that Senators Holstlaw and Broderick and Representatives Lee O'Neil Browne, White, Link, Beckemeyer and Wilson had been bought to elect Lorimer senator; that Browne and Speaker Edward D. Shurtleff of the Illinois house of representatives were the political agents of Mr. Lorimer in accomplishing his election, and that it was not possible for the election to have been brought about under the conditions then existing except by corrupt practices. Mr. Brown devoted most of his remarks to an analysis of the testimony which involved directly the relations of Lorimer, Shurtleff and Browne and the relations of Browne with his thirty minority followers. Mr. Brown issued a challenge to obstructionists that he would hold up appropriation bills unless the senate votes at this session on the Lorimer case, the resolution pertaining to the election of senators by the people, the bill to create a permanent tariff board and a general service pension bill.

WARREN IS SHOWN LENIENCY

Socialistic Editor Convicted of Misusing the Mails Has Sentence Commuted by President.

Washington.—President Taft Wednesday commuted the sentence of Fred D. Warren, the Socialistic editor who was recently sentenced to six months' imprisonment and $1,500 fine, by striking out the imprisonment and reducing the fine to $100, to be collected by civil process only. Warren was convicted in the federal court of a technical misuse of the mails.

Increased Tariffs Are Held Up.

Washington.—Increases in freight rates on fruits and vegetables from Chicago and Milwaukee to various destinations in other states, filed with the interstate commerce commission and made effective Wednesday, were suspended by the commission until June 1, 1911. The tariffs were filed by the Chicago & Northwestern and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railways. The commission is of the opinion that the advances are too radical and will make an investigation of their reasonableness.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Feb. 3.—

Reapportionment was turned down in the senate by a vote of 31 to 25. The resolution to limit the number of senators to 63 and the number of representatives to 126 was indefinately postponed. This is the same resolution that passed the house last week by an overwhelming vote. The vote, following a crimonious debate in which it was freely charged that those voted to indefinately postpone, voted against reapportionment.

Charges of dilatory tactics and unfair play flew thickly about the ears of the senators. Senator Works objected to the passage of the resolution on the ground that no bill had been presented and it was unfair to tie the senate's hands by a previous limitation.

Hackney defended the resolution, saying the bill could be amended when presented on the floor. J. D. Sullivan explained his vote against the resolution when it came up for passage under suspended rules by saying there was no necessity for hurry at that time, but he would vote for it now. Cheadle asked that the resolution be passed.

Vote in Detail.

The roll call was as follows:

Yeas—Ahman, Boyle, Cheadle, Denegre, Dunn, Dwinnell, Elwell, Fosseen, Froshaug, Gunderson, Gunn, Hackney, Hanson, Johnson, C. D., Johnson V. L., Johnston, Lende, L'Herault, Marden, Pauly, Pugh, Rustad, Sageng, Saugstad, Sullivan, J. D., Sundberg, Swanson, Wallace, Wilson—29.

Nays—Anderson, Bedford, Benson, Carpenter, Cashman, Clague, Coller, Cook, C.F., Cooke, L.O., Dale, Donaldson, Duea, Duxbury, Glotzbach, Handlan, Haycraft, Klein, McGrath, Moonan, Murray, Nelson, Odell, Olson, Peterson, Putnam, Schaller, Stebins, Thoe, Van Hoeven, Weis, Works—21.

Absent—Poahler, Rockne, G. H. Sullivan.

On the motion to adopt the report indefinately postponing the bill, another rollcall was demanded with the same result 31 to 29.

The R. C. Dunn good roads bills passed the house. The bill providing for an annual appropriation of $150,000 for the supervision of good roads building to be placed at the disposal of the state highway commission passed by a vote of 106 to 2. Representatives Campbell and Lundeen of Minneapolis were the only members who opposed this bill.

On the bill providing or a constitutional amendment allowing an annual tax of one mill for constructing good roads, the vote was 109 to 1. Campbell was the only member to oppose this bill.

The workingmen's compensation code was introduced in the senate. Senators Fosseen, Wilson, Schaller and Moonan were the authors. It was referred to committee without any speeches.

Department of agriculture, manual training and domestic economy in state graded and high schools are provided in a bill introduced by Senator Putnam. Practical subjects, such as questions relating to soils, crops, stock breeding, stock judging, stock disease and kindred things are to be taught.

The house committee appointed by Speaker Dunn to investigate the R. C. Dunn bill, which provides for an appropriation of $28,100 to pay 281 state newspapers for printing the proposed constitutional amendments in October, 1910, will make its report next Tuesday. The report will censure Julius Schmahl, secretary of state, for overstepping his authority in selecting newspapers to print the amendments. The bill passed two years ago provided for the publication of the amendments in not more than three papers in any county. The report will say that Mr. Schmahl had the amendments printed in 19 more papers than allowed by law, at a cost of $1,900. Chairman Moriarity, of the investigating committee, does not favor compelling the secretary of state to pay the $1,900 overexpenditure, but suggests that in the future state officials stay within the law.

Representative W. F. Kunze introduced his educational bill in the house, providing for a state board of education and reorganizing the state educational system in every way. It eliminates the state normal board, the high school board, state literary board, state public school library commission, board of managers of the state public school at Owatonna and the board of directors of the Minnesota schools for the deaf and blind.

The Moonen primary bill, providing for the direct nomination of state officers, has been reported favorably. This is the first big primary bill of the session. It states that voters in the primaries shall state their party affiliations.

Beautifying the capitol grounds by commission is provided for in a bill introduced by Senator Denegre of St. Paul. It provides for the appointment of three commissioners by the governor to buy lands adjoining or near the capitol grounds and beautify them.

Senator Dale introduced a bill which provides that on complaint that any school building is unsanitary or unsafe, the state board of health shall investigate and if the building is found so it shall order it closed.

Senator Nelson introduced and had passed under suspended rules a bill directing that $500,000 of state surplus money be devoted to the redeeming of school certificates.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—

Only five new bills were introduced in the house. The most important bill was that of Representative Congdon, authorizing the board of control to purchase a site for a fourth state hospital for the insane. The Mattson bill specifying the classes of public schools and fixing the amount of state aid available, was passed. The house acting as a committee of the whole, considered twenty minor bills.

Free Rein Asked for Mayors.

Representative Fuchs of St. Paul introduced a bill allowing mayors of cities of the first class governed by home rule charters to remove any of their appointees at any time without cause. The bill does not affect Minneapolis, but is intended to allow Mayor Keller of St. Paul to remove certain members of board appointed under the Lawler administration.

House Votes for Parcels Post.

The house went on record in favor of parcels post by a vote of 48 to 32. The vote was taken on a resolution introduced by Representative Hopkins memorializing congress to favor such a bill.

C. H. Warner introduced a bill appropriating $900 to defray the expense of a term of court held in Cass county in April, 1909.

State Fair Law Is Drawn.

The house committee on state fair is preparing a bill which will make the fair a semi-state organization. The committee is satisfied to allow the State Agricultural society to elect its own officers, but it wants the state to fix salaries and to supervise improvement and construction work. The proposed law fixes the representation in the State Agricultural society along the lines of the Spooner resolution adopted a week ago, that every county maintaining a county fair shall have three representatives and those not maintaining county fairs shall have one representative, selected by the board of county commissioners. The committee proposes that state fair buildings be placed under the supervision of the state board of control.

The bill will not reach the house for two weeks. It was delayed because of the absence of several members of the state fair board who attended the corn show at Columbus.

Garnishment Bill Is Framed.

Representative Andrew Davis of Elk River introduced a bill amending the state garnishment law. He would exempt 90 per cent of the wages of any workingman from garnishment proceedings. Under the present law only the wages over $25 can be garnisheed. This practically eliminates the collection of a judgment or debt from a man who is paid weekly. The new bill would make it impossible to garnish a workingman's wages if he has only $1 coming to him.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—County option is a dead issue in the present session of the Minnesota legislature. By a vote of 60 to 50 the lower house of the state law making body defeated the bill prepared by Representative Rines of Mora and the Anti-Saloon league.

The vote was taken after a three-hours discussion which was marked by a flood of oratory favoring and opposing the bill and the plaudits of several hundred people who crowded the galleries and corridors of the house chamber.

The Vote.

Yeas—Anderson A. V., Anderson J. J., Burnquist, Campbell, Conley, Crane, Davies, Davis, Dunn R. C., Ferguson, Frankson, Harding, Holmberg, Holten, Johnson C. E., Johnson J. N., Johnson J. T., Klemer, Knutson, Kneeland, Kunze, Lee I. J., Lee J. F., Lindberg, McMartin, Mattson, Morton, Nelson A., Nolan, O'Neill, Orr, Palmer, Peterson A. J., Peterson J. E., Pittman, Rines, Robertson, Rustad, Sampson, Skartum, Spooner, Stone W. T., Sulerud, Voxland, Warner C. H., Warner E., Washburn, Webb, Whiting; total, 50.

Nays—Aker, Anderson Andrew, Boothroyd, Borgen, Bouck, Brown G. W., Brown L. D., Christie, Clarke, Congdon, Converse, Denzer, Diessner, Edwards, Farley, Fowler, Fuchs, Greene, Hafften, Hauge, Healy, Henion, Herzberg, Hoffman, Hopkins, Hurley, Jelinek, Just, Keefe, Kelly, Knapp, Lee S. N., Lennon, Libera, Lundeen, Lydiard, McDonald, MacKenzie, McNeill, Mettling, Minnette, Moriarity, Nash, Nelson H., Nye, Nygren, O'Brien, Papke, Perry, Peters, Peterson G., Pfaender, Reed, Ribenack, Rice, Robinson, Saggau, Schuler, Schwartz, Stone, C. E., Sullivan, Thielen, Utecht, Untiedt, Virtue, Wescott, White, Wisniewski, Speaker H. H. Dunn; total, 60; absent, W. A. Fisher.

By a vote of 33 to 28 A. D. Stephens of Crookston lost in his contest to unseat John Saugstad, senator from Polk county.

ATHLETE KILLS HIMSELF.

Milwaukee Suicide Was Well Known Referee.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Charles F. Davies, one of the best known basketball referees and team managers in the Northwest, who refereed the Wisconsin-Minnesota game Saturday last, fatally shot himself in the head at his home. He was attended by Dr. William Jobst at his home and taken to Trinity hospital, where he died.

Would Raise Indian Fund.

Washington, D. C.—Senator Owen of Oklahoma called on President Taft to urge him to send to congress a special message urging legislation providing for the immediate sale of 480,000 acres of coal and asphalt lands in Oklahoma belonging to the Choctaw Indians. For eight years efforts have been made, the senator said, to secure for the Indians the money which should come to them from the sale of these lands. The president told him he would consider the matter.

SENATE PLANS TO ADJOURN APRIL 1

TWENTY DAYS EARLIER THAN THE DATE SET BY THE CONSTITUTION.

RECIPROCITY TREATY APPROVED

Anderson Introduces State-Wide Prohibition Bill and House Committee Favors Prohibitinfi Drinking on Trains.

St. Paul, Feb. 9.—The senate will adjourn April 1, 20 days prior to the constitutional date set for adjournment, unless a resolution which passed 53 to 8 is rescinded later. Senator Moonan, of Waseca, introduced the resolution.

The Fosseen resolution was discussed at length. The Fosseen resolution calls for the head of state institutions to present detailed statements of all new buildings when asking for appropriations and was finally passed by a vote of 38 to 11.

Cold Storage Bill in Committee.

The Fosseen cold storage bill was before the pure food committee of the senate. The bill provides that no person may sell cold storage food without advertising the fact.

Civic Commission to Have Backing.

Senator Elwell introduced a bill to make possible the plans of the Minneapolis Civic commission for the beautifying of Minneapolis. He said, however, the bill was not suggested by the commission.

The bill provides that by a majority vote of both the council and the board of park commissioners, each body acting separately, the city may proceed to condemn any land it sees fit for the purpose of parks, parkways or streets.

Representative C. A. Congdon of Duluth introduced a bill in the house repealing the anti-cigaret law passed by the legislature two years ago. Representative Congdon is opposed to dead letter laws on principle and for this reason favors the repeal.

Representative A. B. Anderson's state-wide prohibition bill, introduced in the house, is the first of a probable avalanche of liquor regulatory measures.

Representative Robinson introduced a bill to investigate the state central committees of both major parties.

Clinton Robinson introduced a bill providing that only American citizens shall be counted in the reapportionment of Minnesota on a population basis.

Representative Spooner and Harding presented a bill providing for the teaching of agriculture and domestic economy in the schools of the state and also providing for the consolidation of rural schools.

County School Board Given Quietus.

The Converse bill providing for the creation of a county board of education and giving it authority to name the county superintenednts of schools was recommended for indefinite postponement by the house committee on education.

The Mattson-Nelson bill amending the compulsory education law was recommended for passage. The proposed bill changes the ages of children coming under this law from 8 to 17, to 8 to 16 years. It allows pupils to remain out of school because of poverty or because they are needed to work at home. This section is to allow farmer's children to remain out of school during the harvest season. The bill also proposes to allow children to remain out of schools on church days.

The proposed reciprocity treaty with Candada did not meet with much favor at the meeting of the house committee on agriculture when the S. N. Lee resolution asking the Minnesota members in congress to oppose the agreement was passed. There were only two dissenting votes. W. A. Just and W. L. Farley. It is expected that the report of the committee will cause a stir on the floor of the house, as a large number favor President Taft's program.

New Registry Tax Proposed.

Representative Spooner of Morris has prepared a mortgage registry tax bill, which he will submit to the subcommittee on taxes and tax laws Tuesday. It provides for a tax of 15 cents per $100 on every mortgage expiring within five years, and 25 cents for mortgages continuing for a longer period. Many of the legislators favor a nominal tax of 10 cents.

Drinking on Trains May Be Stopped.

The house committee on temperance recommended for passage the bill giving conductors on railway trains and street cars police powers over intoxicated person and making it unlawful to drink liquor on trains.

R. C. Dunn of Princeton opposed the Dwinnell resolution calling for an investigation of certain irregularities in the conduct of the state agricultural society, on the ground that the auditing committee appointed by the governor made a full and complete report on the state fair. Chairman Davis of the state fair committee insisted on the investigation, so the Dwinnell resolution was adopted.

A bill licensing branch offices of breweries was introduced by Representative Henry A. Hoffman of Rochester. The bill proposes a license of $150 a year. There are, said to be 400 branch offices in Minnesota, which would mean an annual revenue of $60,000. The bill includes foreign breweries doing business in this state.

EXCELLENT GRAIN FIELDS IN WESTERN CANADA

YIELDS OF WHEAT AS HIGH AS 54 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

Now that we have entered upon the making of a new year, it is natural to look back over the past one, for the purpose of ascertaining what has been done. The business man and the farmer, have taken stock, and both, if they are keen in business detail and interest, know exactly their financial position. The farmer of Western Canada is generally a business man, and in his stock-taking he will have found that he has had a successful year. On looking over a number of reports sent from various quarters, the writer finds that in spite of the visitation of drouth in a small portion of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, many farmers are able to report splendid crops. And these reports come from different sections, covering an area of about 25,000 square miles. As, for instance, at Laird, Saskatchewan, the crop returns showed that J. B. Peters had 12,800 bushels from 320 acres, or nearly 40 bushels to the acre. In the Blaine Lake district the fields ranged from 15 to 50 bushels per acre, Ben Crews having 1,150 bushels from 24 acres; Edmond Trotter 1,200 bushels off 30 acres, while fields of 30 bushels were common. On poorly cultivated fields but 15 bushels were reported.

In Foam Lake (Sask.) district 100 bushels of oats to the acre were secured by Angus Robertson, D. McRae and C. H. Hart, while the average was 85. In wheat 30 bushels to the acre were quite common on the newer land, but off 15 acres of land cultivated for the past three years George E. Wood secured 495 bushels. Mr. James Traynor, near Regina (Sask.), is still on the shady side of thirty. He had 50,000 bushels of grain last year, half of which was wheat. Its market value was $25,000. He says he is well satisfied.

Arthur Somers of Strathclair threshed 100 acres, averaging 25 bushels to the acre. Thomas Foreman, of Milestone, threshed 11,000 bushels of wheat, and 3,000 bushels of flax off 600 acres of land. W. Weatherstone, of Strathclair, threshed 5,000 bushels of oats from 96 acres. John Gonzilla, of Gillies, about twenty-five miles west of Rosthern, Sask., had 180 bushels from 3 acres of wheat. Mr. Gonzilla's general average of crop was over 40 bushels to the acre. Ben Cruise, a neighbor, averaged 45 bushels to the acre from 23 acres. W. A. Rose, of the Walderheim district, threshed 6,000 bushels of wheat from 240 acres, an average of 25 bushels. 100 acres was on summer fallow and averaged 33 bushels. He had also an average of 60 bushels of oats to the acre on a 50-acre field. Wm. Lehman, who has a farm close to Rosthern, had an average of 27 bushels to the acre on 60 acres of summer fallow. Mr. Midsky, of Rapid City (Man.) threshed 1,000 bushels of oats from 7 acres.

The yield of the different varieties of wheat per acre at the Experimental Farm, Brandon, was: Red Fife, 28 bushels; White Fife, 34 bushels; Preston, 32 bushels; early Red Fife, 27 bushels.

The crops at the C. P. R. demonstration farms at Strathmore (Alberta) proved up to expectations, the Swedish variety oats yielding 110 bushels to the acre. At the farm two rowed barley went 48½ bushels to the acre. Yields of from 50 bushels to 100 bushels of oats to the acre were quite common in the Sturgeon River Settlement near Edmonton (Alberta). But last year was uncommonly good and the hundred mark was passed. Wm. Craig had a yield of oats from a measured plot, which gave 107 bushels and 20 lbs. per acre.

Albert Teskey, of Olds (Alberta) threshed a 100-acre field which yielded 101 bushels of oats per acre, and Joseph McCartney had a large field equally good. At Cupar (Sask.) oats threshed 80 bushels to the acre. On the Traquairs farm at Cupar, a five-acre plot of Marquis wheat yielded 54 bushels to the acre, while Laurence Barknel had 37 bushels of Red Fife to the acre. At Wordsworth, Reeder Bros.' wheat averaged 33¼ bushels to the acre, and W. McMillan's 32. William Krafft of Alix (Alberta) threshed 1,042 bushels of winter wheat off 19¾ acres, or about 53 bushels to the acre. John Laycroft of Dinton, near High River, Alberta, had over 1,100 bushels of spring wheat from 50 acres.

E. F. Knipe, near Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, had 800 bushels of wheat from 20 acres. W. Metcalf had over 31 bushels to the acre, while S. Henderson, who was hailed badly, had an average return of 32 bushels of wheat to the acre.

McWhirter Bros. and John McBain, of Redvers, Saskatchewan, had 25 bushels of wheat to the acre. John Kennedy, east of the Horse Mills district near Edmonton, from 40 acres of spring wheat got 1,767 bushels, or 44 bushels to the acre.

J. E. Vanderburgh, near Dayslow, Alberta, threshed four thousand bushels of wheat from 120 acres. Mr. D'Arcy, near there, threshed ten thousand and fifty-eight bushels (machine measure) of wheat from five hundred acres, and out of this only sixty acres was new land.

At Fleming, Sask., A. Winter's wheat averaged 39 bushels to the acre and several others report heavy yields. Mr. Winter's crop was not on summer fallow, but on a piece of land broken in 1882 and said to be the first broken in the Fleming district.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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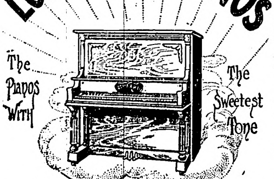

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The Spectator.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, February 11, 1911.

Now that we have divided the county we have to divide the state.

It will occasion no great surprise that the state senators took the first opportunity to knock out a reapportionment bill. If the people want reapportionment at this session of the legislature it will be necessary to hold public meetings in every city, village, and hamlet, and make the demand so insistent and warm that the members who vote against it will be down and out hereafter.

After four hours of fervid debate the Minnesota house of representatives on Tuesday voted against the county option bill by a vote of 69 to 50. We imagine a number of members who voted no will have a hard time explaining to their constituents, and no doubt some have ended their political careers. The bill is still to be voted on in the senate, but the only object is to put the senators on record.

The state senate has decided, by a decisive vote of 55 to 6, that John Saugstad of Climax is entitled to hold his seat as senator despite the contest inaugurated by Mr. Stephens, the former senator from Crookston and at one time one of the greatest political powers in the state. It may be thought to clarify the atmosphere a little to have such a man as Mr. Stephens eliminated from politics, but as a matter of principle we do not think that votes for a candidate once defeated at the primaries should be recognized or allowed at the general election; and we believe a bad precedent has been established—one that may prove the entering wedge to destroy the wwole primary law.

Whatever may be the fate of the policy for which the president and W. S. Fielding of the Canadian cabinet are jointly responsible, the fact that the majority of the people on both sides of the border indorse and welcome it cannot be obscured. Narrow and sectional politicians may succeed in beating both administrations on the reciprocity issue, but the future reputation of the man who deliberately makes himself an obstacle to the expansion of a trade now aggregating more than $100,000,000 a year is not going to be very high in the estimation of his countrymen. The president is entirely correct in his assumption that he is interpreting a popular wish. Sections of the United States may object to a tightening of the bonds, but they do not speak for the American people as a whole.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Water Transportation and Power in Minnesota

Whatever the stake of the cities in the proper conservation and development of the state's water wealth, through the construction of canals for drainage, transportation, and waterpower, the stake of the farmer is larger yet. Cheap water transportation, which shall deliver the grain and produce of the Red River valley and intervening regions at the Twin cities for one-fourth the cost of railroad freight, would alone add a large percentage to the value of every farm. When to this is added the development, on the same canals, of waterpower sufficient, when electrically transmitted, to operate trolley lines and manufactories and farm machinery in a good part of Minnesota, the farmer's concern in the matter is doubled.

The "Merchon waterway and waterpower development scheme," now before the legislature, promises all these things. Its canals will stretch, twelve feet deep, from the Lake of the Woods to Traverse lake; and from Granite Falls, on the Minnesota, twenty feet deep, to Lake Superior, with a branch to the Twin cities. Another system connects Vermillion lake, via Red lake, with the first named canal. The amount of power to be secured in connection with these canals is variously estimated at from 500,000 to 1,000,000 horsepower. This estimate is "backed" by several of the most famous engineers in the country. Large areas of swamps would also be drained by the canals, and floods prevented. And the enticing thing about the project is the claim that the rentals of the waterpower will, in a very few years, pay the entire cost of all the works; so that the state will then possess the whole system, yielding a great annual revenue, without the permanent investment of a dollar. What is asked of the legislature by the projectors at present, is that the scheme shall be investigated by an engineering commission to determine on its feasibility and its commercial value if carried out. A bill appropriating $40,000 for such investigation introduced by Representative L. C. Spooner of Morris, is now pending.—C. R. Barns, University Farm.

A. H. PITKIN

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St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held at the village hall Feb. 6, 1911, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by President Dahl.

All members present.

On motion minutes of last regular meeting were accepted and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

Gust Fellman, freight and drayage	$ 1.15
W S Mott Co., fire department supplies	47.80
H O Jackson, salary month of January	17.25
Spectator, publishing council proceedings	6.25
Hans Wilson, cleaning well	.80

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
ARTHUR HALL, Clerk.

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

JUDICIAL DITCH NUMBER FOURTEEN (14), MARSHALL, PENNINGTON, AND RED LAKE COUNTIES, MINNESOTA.

CLERK OF COURTS' NOTICE ON PETITION, ENGINEERS AND VIEWERS' REPORTS IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS.

State of Minnesota, } ss. District Court,
County of Marshall, } 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Steen and others for a public drainage ditch in the counties of Marshall, Red Lake, and Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 14.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 14, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the judge of the district court has been had thereon, and that the said judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of the said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as are provided by law, and that the said engineer duly made his report thereon and filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court and that the said judge of the district court duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as are required by law, and that on the 7th day of May, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., a final hearing was had before the said judge of the district court upon said petition, engineers' and viewers' reports, the said hearing being had pursuant to due notice given by the said clerk of the district court, and that after hearing all parties interested, the court found that the course of the said ditch could be improved upon, and made his order, dated May 7, 1910, rereferring and resubmitting the whole matter to the engineer duly appointed in said ditch matter and to the viewers therein, authorizing and instructing them to reexamine the course of said proposed ditch and branches and to make all necessary changes, and further authorizing and instructing the said viewers to review and assess all of the said property that may be affected by such drainage ditch and notice is hereby given that the said engineer has completed his work and has made an amended report thereon and has filed the same in the office of the said clerk of the district court, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their amended report in the office of said clerk, and that as appears by the amended report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route, and termini of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch Number Fourteen (14), including a description of the lands over which the same passes is as follows viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 45 feet north and 900 feet west of ¼ sec. corner on east side of section 12, twp. 154 n., range 44 w., thence in a westerly direction along the ¼ section thru sections 12, 11, 10, 9, and 8 to a point about 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the center of section 8, said twp. and range; thence in a northerly direction along ¼ sec line thru section 8 to the corner between sections 5 and 8; thence in a westerly direction parallel to and about 45 feet south of the north boundary of sec. 8 to the nw. section corner of section 8; thence in a northeasterly direction parallel to and about 45 feet east of the west boundary of section 5 to a junction with Marshall County Ditch No. 5; thence running along the course of said County Ditch No. 5 in a westerly direction along north boundary line of sections 5 and 6, twp. 154, range 44 w., and sections 1 and 2, twp. 154 n., range 45 w., to a point about 335 feet east of the ¼ sec. corner on north side of said section 2; thence by a course north 3 deg. w. about 3300 feet; thence north 30 deg. w. a distance of about 700 feet in section 35, twp. 155 north, range 45 w., to the west boundary of said section 35, continuing the last mentioned course a distance of about 900 feet in section 34 of last mentioned twp. and range to the north boundary of said section 34; thence by the following respective course in section 27: north 3 deg. w. about 900 feet; north 42 deg. 30 min. w. about 900 feet; south 79 deg. 30 min. w. about 400 feet; south 85 deg. w. about 400 feet; north 10 deg. w. about 300 feet, and north 48 deg. w. about 400 feet to its termination in a branch of Snake river.

Branch "A." Beginning at ¼ sec. corner on north side of sec. 1, twp. 154 n., range 44 w., thence running south on ¼ line thru sections 1 and 12 to an intersection with the main ditch at the center of section 12.

Branch "B." Beginning at a point about 600 feet east of the center of section 23, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., thence running south 25 deg. 20 min. w. about 3000 feet in said section 23, about 4000 feet in section 27, and about 900 feet in section 28, twp. and range aforesaid; thence running south 1 deg. 11 min. e. about 900 feet to an intersection with the south boundary of said section 28 at a point 250 feet west of the se. corner of said section 28, thence south 16 deg. 15 min. w. in section 33, aforesaid twp. and range, about 562 feet to an intersection with the south section line of said section and 504 feet west of se. corner of sw¼; thence continuing same course in section 4, twp. 154, range 44, a distance of about 456 feet to an intersection with the Soo R. R.; thence running south 8 deg. 3 min. w. in section 4 about 2227 feet; thence south 17 deg. 30 min. w. about 2650 feet to a point about 50 feet west and 45 feet north of the ¼ section corner between sections 4 and 9 in said twp. and range; thence west parallel to the section line forming the north section line which forms the north boundary of sections 8 and 9 to an intersection with the main ditch near the ¼ section corner between sections 5 and 8, twp. 154, range 44.

Branch "C." Beginning at a point near the center of the ne¼ of section 23, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., running thence in a southwesterly direction to the ¼ section corner between sections 23 and 26, said twp. and range; thence south along the ¼ section line to the center of said section 26; thence west along the ¼ section line to a point about 22[illegible] feet west of the ¼ section corner between sections 26 and 27, twp. and range aforesaid; thence south 11 deg. west about 800 feet; thence south 57 deg. 25 min. w. about 900 feet; thence north 75 deg. and 15 min. w. about 600 feet to an intersection with the south 1-16 section line in said section 27; thence west along the said south 1-16 section line to an intersection with Branch "B."

Branch "D." Beginning at a point situated about 1050 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner section 35, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 24 deg. east about 3850 feet to an intersection with the south section line of 35, about 1650 feet east of the sw. corner of said section 35 and said twp. and range; thence south 1 deg. w. about 2538 feet in section 2, twp. 154, range 44; thence south 31 deg. w. about 1416 feet; thence south 4 deg. w. a distance of about 1900 feet; thence south 15 deg. w. in section 11, twp. 154, range 44, for a distance of about 2700 feet to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "E." Beginning at a point about 45 feet west and about 45 feet north of the se. corner section 14, twp. 154, range 44 w., and running thence westerly parallel to the section line to a point 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the sw. corner of section 16, said twp. and range; thence north parallel to section line to a junction with the Main Ditch near ¼ section corner between sections 8 and 9, said twp. 154 n., range 44 w.

Branch "F." Beginning at a point in section 21, twp. 155, range 44, situated about 180 feet south and about 1248 feet west of the ne. corner of said section; thence south 37 deg. w. about 2300 feet in said section 21; thence running south 21 deg. w. a distance of about 2800 feet to a point situated on the section line about 1000 feet west of ne ¼ corner of nw¼ section 28, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 5 deg. w. a distance of about 2930 feet; thence south 37 deg. w. about 100 feet to a point situated about 833 feet east of ¼ corner common to sections 28 and 29; thence continuing same course a distance of about 1500 feet; thence south about 1700 feet to a point of the section line situated about 518 feet west of the corner common to sections 28, 29, 32, and 33; thence west on the south side of the section line about 2165 feet to the ¼ corner common to sections 29 and 32; thence south along the ¼ line in section 32 to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "1." Beginning at the se. corner of section 35, twp. 155, range 44 thence running west along the section line to a junction with Branch "D."

Branch "2." Beginning at a point 1650 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner of section 35, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 79 deg. w. about 994 feet; thence running north 60 deg. w. about 827 feet; thence north 17 deg. w. about 1160 feet; thence northerly 627 feet; thence north 25 deg. 30 min. w. about 600 feet to a junction with Branch "C."

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 14 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:—Sections 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 5, 6, twp. 154, range 44; sections 1, 2, 35, 34, 27, twp. 155, range 45; section 1, 12, twp. 155, range 44; sections 22, 27, 28, 33, twp. 155, range 44; sections 4, 5, twp. 154, range 44; sections 23, 26, 27, 28, twp. 155, range 44; section 35, twp. 156, range 44; sections 2, 11, twp. 154, range 44; sections 14, 15, 16, 9, twp. 154, range 44; sections 21, 28, 29, 32, twp. 155, range 44, section 2, 35, twp. 155, range 44.

And that the said engineer's amended report shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as the same appears in the amended report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit:—Agnes C. Conrad, Moe Real Estate & Mortgage Co., N. A. Bersheim, Rasmus Olson, John Blom, John Nordhagen, E. C. Roleersgaard, Louis Lo[illegible], Olof Lh[illegible] Jr., H. G. Dobner, Robert A. Loe, Johanna F. Finke, Carsten Christesen, Frank M. Mousley, Hanna Mousley, Ole P. Rogne, Axel Kron, C. Knudson, Henry Eyde, August Johnson, John P. Carlson, Ole H. B[illegible], Gustaf Opseth, Carl Z. Nyberg, P. E. [illegible], Ole O. Steen, S. E. Vibeg, Matilda Jenson, W. W. Pritchard, Ole O. Nesja, Tom Torgerson, Amund Norstal, S. T. Stebbins, Daniel Snaw, C. N. Sonnesyn, C. H. Hedberg, Nils Bertness, C. J. Nordhagen, Knut Kunseth, Knud Lappegaard, Amund A. Myron, Augndlida Amunson, G. Vanderturk, P. F. Soderberg, Pet Peterson, Marguerite Lingelbach, August Johnson, Reinhart Knutson, Halvor Erickson, Ole Nelson, Lars J. Parkest, Ole P. Rogne, Peter J. N[illegible], Benjamin Anderson, Andrew Ecklund, Ole Olsen, Inga M. Nelson, Richard Walden, Albert Bragen, John Johnson, Johannson, Sakarias Skogrow, Albert Brown, O. E. Hammer, C. Larson, C. M. Conney, Mary Nelson, Warner Dr[illegible], P. J. Anderson, L. A. Johnson, Julius J. Olsen, C. A. Lundell, J. S. Larson, Lewis Westman, Chas. Fanquist, Peter Lindquist, J. S. Larson, Svante Larson, John B. Peterson, John Grove, Anders St[illegible], Geo. P. Dayton, C. Carson, John Olson, Otto S. Bend, John Halvorson, Carl A. Swanson, Fran Fevick, Christian Engen, Bertha Saugen, Ivar Olson, P. & C. Liden, Carl Swanson, Anton Martenson, F. B. Roberts, Frank Rawick, Margaretta Wendt, Axel S. Anderson, Agnes M. Dobner, Edward Setnes, Axel Larson, Even A. Harven, J. E. Holdquist, John Johnson, Sr., Sven J. Haugen, T. Mellum, Emil Bloomberg, L. E. Jones, John Remmen, John S. Haug, Thomas Halsen, Thomas Holton, Gilbert Erickson, T. Mellum, F. B. Roberts, John P. Kennedy, Amund Remmen, J. F. McLaughlin, State of Minnesota, L. Lamberson, C. A. Williams, Maria Anderson, Fred Mettum, A. O. Opseth, E. O. Stnes, Laus Lee, Henry Gursko, Henry Hess, Frank Radwick, Christian Engen, H. Halvorson, Knut M. Rannm, Erick P. P. Johnson, Ole J. Dahl, A. Grindeland, O. A. Flann, H. A. Halvorson, Katherine Hilder, Charles Hutchinson, Paul Schenke, Leffermaker & Kalcker, Peter Sorenson, L. Jones, Gustav Nakken, Peder Mellum, Jakin Melgima, Olaf Opseth, Paul Erickson, Severt Raftseth, Gust Nakken, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, Laus. Thompson, Anna Sjeldsvold, Ivan Kragstad, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minn., Iver L. Kroggstad, Paul Erickson, Richard Erickson, Peter Erickson, C. L. & H. G. Dobner, W. E. Larimore, John Halvorson, J. G. Wilson, N. A. Worthing, A. Larson, O. G. Wilson, J. G. Wilson, W. W. Pitts, Anton Miller, Ellsworth, Jones & Co., John H. Lee, Fred Styrlund, James & L. Bulman, Charles Bergman, Severt J. Rafteseth, Severt Rafteseth, J. A. Westby, M. Nordhagen, Bren J. Haugan, Iver M. Westby, Erick Bloomberg, Sven J. Hagen, Axel S. Axelson, S. T. Daken, John D. Van Allen & Fred Van Allen, F. W. Gilbert, Townships of New Solum and Viking in Marshall County, Minnesota, Township of Norden in Pennington or Red Lake County, Minnesota, Soo Ry. Co.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' amended reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relating to said ditch or assessments or damages or benefits therein.

Dated January 25, 1911.

{ District Court }
{ Seal }

A. G. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court, Marshall County, Minnesota.

READ THE
Spectator

The Spectator gives you:

The home news.

Notices of the general information in which you are interested.

Brief notes of the world's doings.

Short stories.

Miscellany.

Interesting arcles on farming and kindred subjects.

Advertise

The Spectator is read in every household whose members come to St. Hilaire to trade and by many more who would buy of you if you advertised your bargains as Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls do

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH. —No services tomorrow.
Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH. Rev. A. H. McKee, district superintendent, will conduct services both morning and evening.
Sunday school at 11:20 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, Feb. 12, at 7:30 o'clock. Subject, "How to Open the Heavenly Gate with Five Keys.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 10.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3856 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V C
C. SWANSON, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy.

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 169 Meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lissell, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plats and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire. Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

WHAT IS *Protein?*
ENCYCLOPEDIAS SAY
"Life Fuel for the Body"
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
Prepared from Choicest Barley Malt and Saazer Hops
IS
Rich in Protein
AN EFFICIENT
Vitalizer, Tonic, Food
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

O. H. Olson was at the county seat on Wednesday.

John Loberg went to Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Misses Anna and Nora Swanson went Monday to Crookston

D. Lazar transacted business at the county seat on Tuesday.

Mrs. Charles Fellman visited friends here between trains last Saturday.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. Skeie.

At the services tomorrow in the United church an offering to the organist will be taken up.

The confirmation class of the Synod church meets every Saturday at the parsonage at 9:30 a. m.

The Red Lake county officers moved this week and are now doing business in the new court house

Nels Johnson, a prominent Polk Center resident, was transacting business in St. Hilaire last Tuesday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

There will be services in the Rolland school house a week from tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock p. m., by Rev. Gjerde.

Miss Emma Johnson came over from Crookston Monday to visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Johnson.

Emil Brink has recovered from his operation for appendicitis and has left Crookston for his home at East Grand Forks.

Misses Minnie Bjerk and Manda Carlson and Mr. Oscar Carlson were visiting friends in Thief River Falls Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Mabel Fegenshan, who has been a guest at the home of her uncle, Tom Sletten, went Tuesday to Red Lake Falls to visit friends.

The house of Tom Bjorke, clerk of the town of North, was totally destroyed by fire during the severe blizzard Wednesday of last week. There was no insurance.

A. H. Jackson has left to locate at Roosevelt, in the extreme north of the state. He shipped himself and his barber paraphernalia on Tuesday. His family will follow later.

D. McNamara, traveling agent for the Continental and Fidelity fire insurance companies, was in town last Tuesday and checked up the business of those companies at this point.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Bixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

L. E. Schmitz of St. Paul, successor to Otto Sonsthagen, deceased, as representative of Koehler & Heinrichs, was in town last Wednesday making the acquaintance of his customers here.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the I. O. O. F. building next Wednesday. The Misses Nellie and Inga Folstad and Miss Braum will entertain. A good program will be given.

Rev. A. A. Myers of Warren, who conducted the M. E. services here this week, was a pleasant caller at this office yesterday. Mr. Myers was pastor here during the palmy mill days of St. Hilaire and notes many changes.

At the last meeting of the council the question of the current reports of "blind pigging" in town was brought up and the advisability of taking steps to prosecute the offenders was discussed. The sticking point seems to be as to whether the necessary legal evidence can be secured, and no formal action has as yet been taken. Allowing liquor to be drank publicly in a public place or place of business, no matter by whom purchased or contributed, is claimed to be the same offense in law as selling over a bar or out of a "bootleg."

Now Is the Time

To pay your subscription. All those indebted to The Spectator for subscription will confer a great favor by coming in and liquidating. We are sorry to be compelled to remind you of this, but necessity—

Special Meetings at M. E. Church

There have been special services at the M. E. church all this week, by Rev. A. A. Myers of Warren, except that on Monday evening, when he was unable to arrive, Rev. W. C. Hodgson of Crookston officiated, and Rev. Hanson filled the pulpit last evening.

Sunday, Feb. 12, Rev. A. H. McKee, district superintendent, will be here and preach both morning and evening. He will also conduct the second quarterly conference immediately after the Sunday school on that date.

Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls will preach the second week, from Monday evening, the 13th, until Friday, the 17th, inclusive.

Services will begin at 7:30 each night.

Postponed

The ball which was to have been given Saturday evening, Feb. 18. has been postponed, one of the Oddfellows' series of socials coming on that date. The date of the ball will be announced later.

Alton Jackson of Red Lake Falls visited with his parents between trains Thursday.

A girl baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Busse on Wednesday morning, the 8th inst.

Hans Wilson has just received a remittance of $150.00 from his son, James Ward, the aviator.

The village election will be held on Tuesday, March 7, and a petition to have the license question voted upon must be filed twenty days before that date. It must be signed by at least ten legal voters of the village.

Ed Taralson of Thief River was in town the first of the week, circulating a subscription for the benefit of himself He was at one time a merchant at Starbuck, in Polk county, but failed in business there. He is sorely crippled with rheumatism.

The county superintendent of schools left Thursday morning for Bemidji to attend the Northern Minnesota Educational association, which is in session there Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of this week, and consequently is not in his office at Thief River Falls today.

Frank Freund was in town Monday, making the final arrangements for the organization of an orchestra, of which he is to be the instructor. The personel of the orchestra will be: Albert Brink, violin; Joe Martz, cornet; Tudy Brink, clarionet; Ferd Hall, slide trombone; Miss Grace Hall, pianist.

Austrian Drug Stores.

Austria limits the number of drug stores to the number of inhabitants of a district or city, and the need of an additional one must be clearly shown before the license is issued

Fatherly Advice.

"Dad." said the country youth who had just graduated from the district school, "I have long cherished a desire to go on the stage and have at last decided, with your permission, to"—

"My boy," interrupted the old granger, "all the world's a stage. You hitch the mules to the big red plow and transfer the outfit to the ten acre lot behind the barn, where you can enact the star role in that beautiful drama entitled 'Down on the Farm.'"—Chicago News.

THE FARAWAY STARS

Their Color Serves as an Index to Their Age.

WHAT MAKES THEM TWINKLE?

Two Theories That Deal With This Astronomical Enigma—The Intervention of Fragments of Disrupted Worlds or the Effect of Air Currents.

This is a question that has exercised more than one gentleman of science. Of course it is known that only the stars twinkle, the planets giving out a steady light. That is the way we tell a star from a planet with the naked eye.

But why does the star twinkle at all? The answer to this seems to be on account of the greater distances of the stars, the nearest fixed star being several thousand times farther from us than the farthest planet. So around this as a starting point have been built two theories. One is that as the visual angle, or angle subtended by the star from the eye, is so very small that very small bodies in space coming between the star and the eye would give the effect of twinkling.

Now, as regards these small bodies actually being in space as hypothecated there is no doubt, for there are millions of fragments of disrupted worlds flying around in orbits about our sun. The only question is whether there are enough to cause the eternal twinkling

REDUCTION SALE ON WINTER GOODS

Such as LADIES' and MEN'S FUR LINED and PLUSH LINED COATS, WOOLEN UNDERWEAR, SWEATERS, and FELT SHOES. All these goods will go at VERY LOW PRICES.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKER
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

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WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a m
" 553, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie .... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie .... 8:35 a m

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.91
" 2 "	.89
" 3 "	.85
Flax, 1	2.16
" 2	2.36
Barley, for 50 lbs	.60
Oats	.28
Eggs	.20
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.28
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork "	8½
Pork dressed	[illegible]
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.70@2.75
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

An Irishman describes a savings bank as a place where you can deposit money today and draw it out tomorrow by giving a week's notice.

Explained.

"What's his business?"
"He has none."
"How does he live, then?"
"His wife is a milliner."

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
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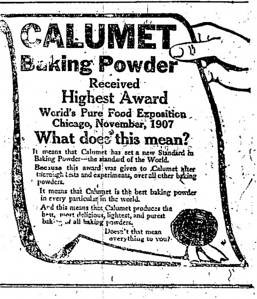
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT in each town and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*
NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*
FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully *low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.
SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free. [illegible] single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*
$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80
The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).
NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES
Nails, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.
DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.
Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.
IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.
DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.
MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA



CALUMET
Baking Powder
Received
Highest Award
World's Pure Food Exposition
Chicago, November, 1907
What does this mean?
It means that Calumet has set a new Standard in Baking Powder—the standard of the World.
Because this award was given to Calumet after thorough tests and experiments, over all other baking powders.
It means that Calumet is the best baking powder in every particular in the world.
And this means that Calumet produces the best, most delicious, lightest, and purest baking of all baking powders.
Doesn't that mean everything to you?

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder.

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

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THERE IS HOPE

Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves pains in the legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints. Contains no morphine, opium, cocaine or drugs to deaden the pain. It neutralizes the acid and drives out all rheumatic poisons from the system. Write Prof. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., for medical advice, absolutely free.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts. Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
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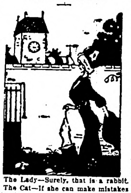
Harvest Time in Florida

For the farmers of the Pensacola District. Seventeen cents a day will let you in on a five acre truck farm. Write to us today for our booklet describing how we help our farmers make good. Our soil expert and demonstration farm make mistakes impossible.

PENSACOLA REALTY COMPANY, Pensacola, Florida

N. W. N. U., NO. 6-1911.

SAGACIOUS FELINE.



The Lady—Surely, that is a rabbit.

The Cat—If she can make mistakes like that she ought to keep a restaurant.

Careless and Cappy.

We have undertaken to blend in one the best of the two proberbial conditions—to be careless and happy, hairless and cappy. We are now happy and cappy, and frequently careless as well. A pretty figure may be conjured up—a figure in leaf-green satin veiled with rose and silver shot gauze.

The dark hair is covered by a sailor's cap, point and all, worn flatly over the whole head, the point falling at the back. Instead of being made of scarlet cashmere, it is of the gauze, over silver tissue, and studded with pink and yellow topaz, while it bordered with great gray pear-shaped pearls, these, of coarse, hanging around the back of the neck and over the soft hair in front.

We have taken to caps!

The Lord's Advertisement.

Willie had been to see his old nurse, and she had shown him her treasures, including some very strikingly colored scripture texts which graced her walls.

A few days afterward his aunt gave him a dime to spend at a bazaar. Seeing that he seemed unable to find what he wanted, she asked him what he was looking for.

"I am looking for one of the Lord's advertisements, like Mary has in her room," said Willie.

Afraid of Disfigurement.

She—Aren't you going to ask papa tonight, George?

He—No, dear. I think I'd better not. I want to have my picture taken tomorrow.—Yonkers Statesman.

If You Knew How Good

are the sweet, crisp bits of

Post Toasties

you would, at least, try 'em.

The food is made of perfectly ripe white corn, cooked, sweetened, rolled and toasted.

It is served direct from the package with cream or milk, and sugar if desired—

A breakfast favorite!

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

"ON TO JUAREZ"

ATTACK ON MEXICAN CITY DEPENDS ON WHICH GETS THERE FIRST.

BLANCO'S FORCE IS LOST

Government Forces Number 1,000 Men—Insurrectos Awaiting Blanco Who Seems to be Lost.

El Paso, Texas. — By way of variation it is predicted that Juarez will not be attacked. Whether it is called upon to defend itself seemingly depends upon whether Navarro, at the head of 1,000 federals from Chihuahua or Jose de la Lez Blanco, with 350 insurrectos from Casas Grandes, arrives first.

A rumor reached here that Navarro had met with a reverse, but it was only a rumor. Wires being down, it could not be investigated. One story was that a train on which he was traveling had been blown up, and another had it that Gen. Blanco had met and defeated him.

If Navarro reaches Juarez first it would be folly to all appearances for Orozco to attack, even with the assistance of reinforcement from Alanis and Blanco.

Alanis was camped Tuesday night 12 miles east of here on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, at a hamlet called Sargosa. Ammunition was taken across the river at this point, and Alanis and his men disappeared. Five Mexicans who crossed to the Texas side from Sargosa estimated Alanis detachment at 300.

Blanco Practically Lost.

There is no word from Blanco. If he left Casas Grandes when ordered to do so for the second time he should reach this section by Friday night. This, at least, is the way Orozco calculates it. Orozco consolidated his force when 100 men, who had been on duty in the mountains joined the 320 men near the smelter.

United States soldiers and national guardsmen detained 27 Mexicans who were attempting to cross the river to the rebel camp. The troops here are numerically inadequate to the task of guarding the entire river front. It would require several regiments to accomplish the task. One wishing to cross with arms or ammunition has but to hunt a spot where the khaki men are not, and the rest is easy.

Rebels Put to Flight.

Mexico City, Feb. 9.—Specials to Mexican newspapers say the rebels who several days ago occupied and sacked the mining town of Nieves in Zacatecas near the Sonora line, were put to flight by rurales and gendarmes and that a garrison has been ordered to the town from the capital of the state. The rebels are said to have liberated the prisoners confined in the jail, robbed several business houses and public offices.

The revolting cotton factory employes in the vicinity of Puebla, after killing three rurales and wounding a fourth, are said to have gone to Metepre, where others joined them. The band is reported proceeding toward Pensacola with forces from Puebla and Tlaxacalab in pursuit.

Navarro was unofficially reported to be at or near Carrizal, two days journey from Juarez, repairing the disrupted telegraph line as he proceeded.

A telegam to El Diaro from Durango related that a small body of insurrectos crossed from Sinaloa and took possession of the town of Tamazula, state of Durango, and were threatening Topia. A corps of volunteers, recruited from various surrounding towns, were opposing the advance. No fighting is reported.

REBELS TAKE PUERTO CORTEZ

And Agree to an Armistice With Government Troops.

Puerto Cortez, Spanish Honduras.—The revolutionary army, under Gen. Lee Christmas, formally occupied Puerto Cortez. Several hundred revolutionists were landed from schooners and marched through the streets to the Cuartel, recently abandoned by the government forces. President Davila of Honduras and Gen. Bonila, his revolutionary opponent, have agreed to an armistice.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Feb. 9.—Wheat, May, $1.00⅞; July, $1.01⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.00⅝; No. 2 northern, 99¾c; No. 1 durum, 87c; No. 3 corn, 42¾c; No. 3 white oats, 28½c; barley, 84c; No. 2 rye, 78½c; No. 1 flax, $2.66½.

Duluth, Feb. 9.—Wheat, May, $1.02; July, $1.02⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.01.

South St. Paul, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Steers, $3.50@4.25; cows, $3.35@4.25; calves, $4.50@6.50; hogs, $7.60@7.65; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Cattle—Market strong to 10c higher; beeves, $5@6.85; western steers, $4.50@5.70; stockers and feeders, $3.85@5.90; cows and heifers, $2.65@5.80; calves, $6.75@6.90.

Hogs—Market weak to 5@10c lower; light, $7.55@7.75; mixed, $7.35@7.70; heavy, $7.15@7.60; rough, $7.15@7.35; good to choice heavy, $7.35@7.60; pigs, $7.50@7.85.

Sheep—Market weak to 10c lower; native, $2.50@4.35; western, $2.50@4.35; yearlings, $4.50@5.40; lambs, native, $4.25@6.15.

DR. COOK IS SARCASTIC.

Thinks More of Iowans Than of Armchair Scientists.

Des Moines, Iowa. — The Des Moines Press Club received an official acceptance from Dr. Cook, the Arctic explorer, of an invitation to lecture in Des Moines, Feb. 23, for charity. In his acceptance Dr. Cook says: "The opinion of my countrymen in Iowa and the west is of greater value than the talk of the armchair geographers of the world."

OWES HER HEALTH

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Scottville, Mich.—"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. I live on a farm and have worked very hard. I am forty-five years old, and am the mother of thirteen children. Many people think it strange that I am not broken down with hard work and the care of my family, but I tell them of my good friend, your Vegetable Compound, and that there will be no backache and bearing down pains for them if they will take it as I have. I am scarcely ever without it in the house.

"I will say also that I think there is no better medicine to be found for young girls to build them up and make them strong and well. My eldest daughter has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for painful periods and irregularity, and it has always helped her.

"I am always ready and willing to speak a good word for the Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies. I tell every one I meet that I owe my health and happiness to these wonderful medicines."—Mrs. J. G. JOHNSON, Scottville, Mich., R.F.D. 3.

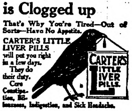
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.



SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

REMEMBER

PISO'S

for COUGHS & COLDS

Feminine.

A local ironworker who has been married a couple of years always declared that his first son should be named Mat, after one of his best friends.

Learning that the ironworker and his wife had recently been blessed with a charming baby, the friend smiled all over his face when he greeted the father on the street.

"Well," he beamed, "how is little Mat?"

"Mat, nothing," answered the father; "it's Mattress."—Youngstown Telegram.

Digging Spruce Gum.

There will be a crusade in spruce gum digging in the Maine woods this winter. About twenty men will leave Skowhegan within a short time to begin gum digging operations near Jackman. Gum has grown scarce in the last few years and the demand is so great that it has become a business to many Maine men. Last year James Carey, Frank Croning and Joe Cass dug 1,300 pounds and sold it all in Maine. It is estimated that from 50,000 to 100,000 pounds will be dug this season.—Kennebec (Me.) Journal.

Very Tortuous Indeed.

The late Hugh J. Grant of New York once talked at a political banquet, about a noted corporation lawyer.

"Oh, yes, he's a grand mind," he said. "A grand legal mind. He's got the most tortuous mind in America."

Mr. Grant shook his head.

"A tortuous mind indeed," he repeated. "Why, if he swallowed a nail, he'd bring up a screw."

RESULTS OF FOOD.

Health and Natural Conditions Come From Right Feeding.

Man, physically, should be like a perfectly regulated machine, each part working easily in its appropriate place. A slight derangement causes undue friction and wear, and frequently ruins the entire system.

A well-known educator of Boston found a way to keep the brain and the body in that harmonious co-operation which makes a joy of living.

"Two years ago," she writes, "being in a condition of nervous exhaustion, I resigned my position as teacher, which I had held for over 40 years. Since then the entire rest has, of course, been a benefit, but the use of Grape-Nuts has removed one great cause of illness in the past, namely, constipation, and its attendant evils.

"I generally make my entire breakfast on a raw egg beaten into four spoonfuls of Grape-Nuts, with a little hot milk or hot water added. I like it extremely, my food assimilates, and my bowels take care of themselves. I find my brain power and physical endurance much greater and I know that the use of the Grape-Nuts has contributed largely to this result.

"It is with feelings of gratitude that I write this testimonial, and trust it may be the means of aiding others in their search for health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Duluth. — Mrs. Sarah Jane Hamilton, once a political and magazine writer, died here.

Fergus Falls.—A. S. Emery was fined $10 and costs in justice court for shooting partridges out of season. The complaint was preferred by Deputy Game Warden J. H. Jones.

Winona. — Michael McCoy, aged forty, was decapitated while at work in the Biezanz stone quarry at Minnesota City, where he was employed as a loader. He was tamping a charge of dynamite and was bending directly over it when it exploded.

Mankato.—The first robins have arrived. Two of them put in an appearance last week, and in the same yard where the earliest warm weather has always marked the appearance of a pair. It is thought that the same robins have returned year after year to the place.

Columbus.—Governor Eberhart of Minnesota and staff are here booming Minneapolis as the place for the next meeting of the National corn show. The Governor made an address before the Ohio Dairymen's convention which met in connection with the corn show. David Starr Jordan, president of Leland Stanford university, California, is scheduled to speak before the American Breeders' association which also meets in connection with the corn show.

Duluth.—Colonel Graham D. Fitch United States engineer in charge of Lake Superior, issued his report of the commerce of the Duluth-Superior harbor for the season of 1910. The freight tons were 36,684,578 and total value $284,049,072, an increase of 12.77 per cent over the season of 1909 and 213 per cent over 1900. Considering the mean monthly freight movement for 1910, Colonel Fitch says that the Duluth-Superior harbor stands practically next to New York.

St. Paul.—Typhoid fever cost the people of the state of Minnesota $32,159,080 during twenty-one years, from 1887 to 1908, according to Dr. H. M. Bracken of the state board of health. The figures do not reckon on the losses by death, but only on the loss of earnings through illness and the cost of medical and other attendance. Dr. Bracken says that records of the board show the diphtheria death rate has been reduced by the use of anti toxin to one-fourth of its former proportions.

St. Paul.—"Minnesota ought to do more advertising at the various exhibitions and shows which take place over the country," said John H. Mullen, assistant highway engineer. He has been at Omaha at the Western Land Products show with the Minnesota exhibit. "Colorado had fifteen men at the show," he said. "They gave stereopticon lectures, distributed literature and interested people in every way possible in their state. They came from the immigration department of the state, paid by Colorado."

Minneapolis, Minn.—The plans for the Minneapolis Civic Celebration, July 2 to 8, are already resulting in needed improvements. The old city hall on Bridge Square is to be torn down. The ornamental street lighting system is to be extended. Projecting street signs are to be removed. The illumination of the city hall tower is planned. Vacant lots are to be turned into flower gardens and a scheme for decorating is being worked out that will include flowers, fountains, statuary and courts of honors instead of the usual display of bunting, flags and arches.

Bemidji.—A fire which totally destroyed the stocks of the Lakeside bakery and of the Stechman saloon occurred at 1:45 o'clock in the morning. The building occupied by the bakery was a total loss, while the Stechman building may be repaired. The total loss of the two buildings is estimated at not less than $7,000, with insurance to about half that amount. The bakery building is owned by Wildman and Fred Meigeau, while the stock and fixtures were owned by Miles Burgett. Henry Stechman is the owner of the saloon building and stock. The cause of the fire, while not directly known, is supposed to have been an overheated stove in the rear room of the bakery building.

Sauk Center.—Among some yellow and time-worn county records found by County Auditor John P. Rau of Stearns county were discovered some important historical records of Sauk Center and St. Cloud in the time of the Civil war. One document, now much aged in appearance, and dated 1862, givess the information that the number of enlisted men for the union was 306 from Stearns county; St. Cloud supplied 103, and Sauk Center, 23. At that time there were only 15 towns in this county, which has now 46 towns and three cities, besides many villages and hamlets. According to another document found in the county vaults was one giving the number of men in Stearns county liable for military duty, of which St. Cloud had 249 and Sauk Center 54, and the whole county 1,081.

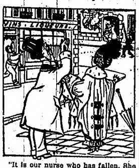
St. Cloud.—A branch of the Gordon & Ferguson Mutual Benefit association for the members of the St. Cloud factory has been organized in this city. Membership in this association is limited to employes only, and small assessments are made for sick benefits and the defraying of funeral expenses of members. It was founded ten years ago in the main factory in St. Paul, and is in a flourishing condition today.

Washington.—Captain Henry A. Castle of St. Paul and C. C. Whitney of Marshall are among the Minnesota people in the city.

Rochester.—Nearly 200 representative business men of Rochester gathered at a "get-together" banquet in Masonic temple which proved to be the biggest event in the history of the city. A movement was started to enlarge the Commercial club, to provide suitable quarters, for which purpose a committee of leading business men was appointed. A. C. Stevenson presided at the banquet.

Washington, D. C. — The postmaster general has designated the First and Northwestern National banks of Bemidji, Minn., as depositories of postal bank funds.

UNAPPRECIATIVE SERVANT.



"It is our nurse who has fallen. She knows well that we are not insured against accidents to working people."

"What next will the domestics of today invent to vex their employers?"

PAINFUL FINGER NAILS CURED

"I have suffered from the same trouble (painful finger nails) at different periods of my life. The first time of its occurrence, perhaps twenty-five years ago, after trying home remedies without getting helped, I asked my doctor to prescribe for me, but it was not for a year or more that my nails and fingers were well. The inflammation and suppuration began at the base of the finger nail. Sometimes it was so painful that I had to use a poultice to induce suppuration. After the pus was discharged the swelling would go down until the next period of inflammation, possibly not more than a week or two afterwards. These frequent inflammations resulted in the loss of the nail. I had sometimes as many as three fingers in this state at one time.

"Perhaps ten years later I began again to suffer from the same trouble. Again I tried various remedies, among them a prescription from a doctor of a friend of mine, who had suffered from a like trouble. This seemed to help somewhat for a time, but it was not a permanent cure; next tried a prescription from my own doctor, but this was so irritating to the sensitive, diseased skin that I could not use it. I began to use Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I had used the Cuticura Ointment previously on my children's scalps with good effect. I did not use the Soap exclusively, but I rubbed the Cuticura Ointment into the base of the nail every night thoroughly, and as often beside as I could. I had not used it but a few weeks before my nails were better, and in a short time they were apparently well. There was no more suppuration, nor inflammation, the nails grew out clean again. One box of Cuticura Ointment was all that I used in effecting a cure." (Signed) Mrs. I. J. Horton, Katonah, N. Y., Apr. 13, 1910. On Sept. 21, Mrs. Horton wrote: "I have had no further return of the trouble with my finger nails."

Where He Made It.

"Hullo, Binks!" said Wobbles. "I hear you've been in the chicken business."

"Yep," said Binks.

"Made anything out of it?" asked Wobbles.

"Yep," said Binks. "Ten thousand dollars."

"Ten thousand dolars in the chicken business?" demanded Wobbles.

"Nope. Out of it," said Binks.—Harper's Weekly.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Glamour of the Show.

"When Dustin Stax was a boy he would work like a slave carrying water to the elephant."

"Yes. And now he works just as hard carrying diamond necklaces to opera singers."

Careful Man.

"Pretty careful, is he?"

"Pretty careful. He left a partly smoked cigar in my office the other day, and a little later sent his clerk around after it."

Stiff neck! Doesn't amount to much, but mighty disagreeable. You will be surprised to see how quickly Hamlins Wizard Oil will drive that stiffness out. One night, that's all.

A pessimist is a man who can't enjoy the beauties of an apple blossom because he only thinks of the possible stomach ache it represents.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

There is a lot of difference between making good and making others good.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some men borrow trouble and some buy it by the bottle.

Farms for Rent or Sale on Crop payments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Ia.

Love making is one kind of cold weather picnic.

FRENCH BEAN COFFEE, A HEALTHFUL DRINK

The healthiest ever, you can grow it in your own garden on a small patch 10 by 10, producing 50 pounds or more. Ripens in Wisconsin 90 days. Used in great quantities in France, Germany and all over Europe. Send 15 cents in stamps and we will mail you a package giving full culture directions as also our mammoth seed catalog free, or send 31 cents and get in addition to above 10,000 kernels unsupassable vegetable and flower seeds—enough for bushels of vegetables and flowers. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 S. 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

Great Baseball Play.

"What was the greatest baseball play you ever saw?" asked a friend of Governor-elect John W. Tener.

"The greatest play I ever saw," said he, "took place in an amateur game on a town lot at Charleroi. The teams were playing on a wet field and an outfielder who wore a derby hat went after a high fly. He came to a little pond and taking his eye off the ball made a jump to cross it. As he was leaping the ball struck him on the head, went through the crown of his hat and lodged there. The base runner was out and the fielder had not touched the ball with his hands. Can you beat it?"—Washington Correspondence Pittsburg Dispatch.

As It Appeared in Print.

Senator Newlands of Nevada was soaring in debate one day, soaring so high he "hit the ceiling." He realized he was getting a trifle flowery and to excuse himself said: "Indeed, Mr. President, perfervid oratory may be pardoned, for this subject furnishes all the food eloquence needs."

That sounded pretty good to Mr. Newlands, but he was a bit abashed when he read in the Congressional Record next day that he asserted his topic "furnished all the food elephants need."

Young Friend—What's this? A 50 horsepower?

Motorist—Oh, no! It's only a 12. You might judge by the size.

Young Friend—I went by the strength of the smell!

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, nervousness, builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

His Opinion.

Nephew—What do you think of the opera?

Uncle Josh—Them women in th' boxes ought to be able to raise enough money on their diamonds to buy some clothes with, by jinks!

On the Stage.

"We've got to get somebody to play this light part."

"Why not the electrician?"—Baltimore American.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

A woman's idea of a great financier is a man who can straighten out her expense account.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Even a stingy man loosens up when asked for advice.

A $—Dollar for a Dime

Why spend a dollar when 10c buys a box of CASCARETS at any drug store? Use as directed—get the natural, easy result. Saves many dollars *wasted* on medicines that do not cure. Millions regularly use CASCARETS. Buy a box now—10c week's treatment—proof in the morning. 908

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

A READER CURES HIS CONSTIPATION—TRY IT FREE

Simple way for any family to retain the good health of all its members.

The editors of "Health Hints" and "Questions and Answers" have one question that is put to them more often than any other, and which, strangely enough, they find the most difficult to answer. That is "How can I cure my constipation?"

Dr. Caldwell, an eminent specialist in diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels has looked the whole field over, has practised the specialty for forty years and is convinced that the ingredients contained in what is called Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin has the best claim to attention from constipated people.

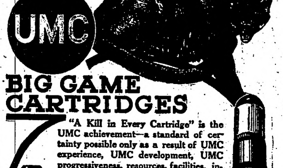
Its success in the cure of stubborn constipation has done much to displace the use of salts, waters, strong cathartics and such things. Syrup Pepsin, by training the stomach and bowel muscles to again do their work naturally, and with its tonic ingredients strengthening the nerves, brings about a lasting cure. Among its strongest supporters are Mr. John Graveline of 98 Milwaukee Ave., Detroit, Mich., Mr. J. A. Vernon of Oklahoma City and thousands of others. It can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, or if you want to try it first a free sample bottle can be obtained by writing the doctor.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.



BIG GAME CARTRIDGES

"A Kill in Every Cartridge" is the UMC achievement—a standard of certainty possible only as a result of UMC experience, UMC development, UMC progressiveness, resources, facilities, individual skill and *care*.

It is the knock-down-killing-power and unequalled mushroom expansion that are *always there*, in 100% of the UMC Cartridges, that make them the invariable ammunition choice of real big-game shooters, who best can appreciate big-game hazards. Their preferences differ in rifles, but unite on UMC Cartridges.

Try the new UMC Hollow Point Bullet—the greatest mushroomer yet devised—more shocking and killing power than is afforded by any other bullet.

"Lesmok" powder .22's—our newest cartridge for small game and target shooting.

UMC Guarantee—Note our guarantee on every box, which not only guarantees the cartridges but also Standard arms to the full extent of the maker's guarantee.

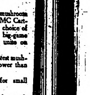
THE UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY

Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City

Game Laws for 1910 mailed free.

W. L. DOUGLAS

ESTAB. 1876 **$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES** FOR MEN & WOMEN



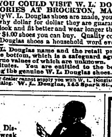
IF YOU COULD VISIT W. L. DOUGLAS LARGE FACTORIES AT BROCKTON, MASS., and see how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why dollar for dollar they are guaranteed to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other $3.00, $3.50 or $4.00 shoes you can buy. Quality counts.—It has made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom, which is a safeguard against substitutes, the true values of which are unknown. Refuse all these substitutes. You are entitled to the best. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes.

If your dealer cannot supply you with W. L. Douglas Shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00 $2.50 & $3.00

Aids Nature



The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1911. NUMBER 32.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

San Francisco won the unanimous vote of the senate committee on the industrial exposition for the Panama canal exposition.

The appropriation of $80,000 for irrigation investigation was increased in the house to $100,000 by the amendment offered by Representative Craig of Alabama.

Unless relieved, 2,000,000 people in China will die of starvation. This is a calamity predicted by American Consul General Wilder at Shanghai in a cablegram received from him by the American National Red Cross society.

The most valuable farm land in the United States is found in the District of Columbia, according to the figures given out by the census bureau. These figures show that in the District of Columbia there are 214 farms comprising 6,000 acres with a value of $6,391,000.

An appropriation of $125,000 to authorize the secretary of agriculture to explore and investigate in this country for possible sources of potash, nitrates and other essentials of commercial fertilizers was incorporated by the house in the agricultural appropriation bill.

The senate concurred in the house amendments to Senator Cullom's bill providing for the erection in Washington of an appropriate monument to the memory of Abraham Lincoln. The house so amended the bill as to place Senator Cullom and Speaker Cannon on the permanent committee.

General.

The senate committee reported favorably on the service pension bill.

Detective Patrick J. Keely of Chicago was found guilty of perjury.

There was a sensational drop in pig pig tin at London on free offerings.

The initiative and referendum was defeated in the Kansas senate, 18 to 21.

Senator Terrell of Georgia is reported as showing continued improvement.

There was a five-hour battle between Mexican federals and rebels at Malata.

Every incoming mail brings to the state department tales of distress among the Chinese.

Col John S. Harper, civil war veteran and newspaper publisher, died at Bloomington, Ill.

Fire destroyed the garage of the Atchison Motor company, with a loss of $50,000. About twenty automobiles were burned.

Patrick W. Busby, about 50 years old, night watchman at the state house in Lincoln, Neb., was found dead, whether from violence or accident, is not yet determined.

James K. Houghton, mayor of Ault, Colo., died in Denver from a self-inflicted wound. Mr. Houghton shot himself when a detective went to arrest him on a charge of forgery.

The per capita wealth of the United States, as based upon the new census figures, is $34.43. Under the census of 1900 it was computed by the treasury department as $35.10.

A second dividend of 15 per cent was declared to creditors of the First National bank of Billings, Mont., which failed last year. This pays 45 per cent of the creditors' claims to date.

The will of the late Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward devises the bulk of her estate, valued at $35,000, to her two brothers, Lawrence Phelps of Atlanta, Ga., and Edward J. Phelps of Chicago.

Hearing the indicted Chicago meat packers' plea before Judge Carpenter in the United States district court at Chicago to have the indictments quashed or abated closed. Decision is expected February 25.

In one of the most disastrous explosions ever recorded in Upper Michigan, ten men met instant death at the plant of the Pluto Powder company in the outskirts of Ishpeming. One man was injured.

The house has passed the bill introduced by Representative Kinkaid granting five years' extension of time to Charles H. Cornell for the purpose of constructing a dam across the Niobrara river on the Fort Niobrara river military reservation.

President Taft gave warning to the senate that if Canadian reciprocity failed he would call an extra session.

It is said that if E. H. Harriman had lived he would have had a railroad around the world. This was one of his great ambitions.

Miss Alice Fleming, superintendent of public schools of Latimer county, Oklahoma, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed her home.

The Des Moines Press club received an acceptance from Dr. Frederick Cook, the Arctic explorer, of the invitation to lecture in Des Moines, February 23.

The house passed the bill to buy homes for its diplomatic representatives in foreign lands.

Melville W. Dewolf, aged 70, a vice president of the Erie Railroad company, died in New York from heart failure.

The daylight saloon closing law passed the South Dakota senate by a two-thirds vote.

President Taft and Champ Clark declared themselves in accord in speeches at the Pan-American conference.

An extended drouth which threatened the wheat crop of western Texas, was broken.

Canada will stand her ground for reciprocity in the face of the mother country disapproval.

The United States court of appeals decided that Oklahoma's Jim Crow law is constitutional.

President Taft began his campaign for Canadian reciprocity in an address at Columbus, O.

The Iowa legislature killed the special primary election bill to settle the senatorial struggle.

President Taft is well satisfied with the progress the Canadian reciprocity treaty is making.

Probable failure of the tariff board bill has caused renewed talk of the possibility of an extra session.

The charge is made the Mexican federal troops fired on an American protected by the Red Cross flag.

of nineteen deaths a day in Che Foo, China, according to a cablegram.

There is proof that the W. L. Scott mausoleum at Erie, Pa., was entered and the remains of a woman taken.

The impression is growing deeper and deeper about the capitol that an extra session of congress is likely.

A pouch of mail originating in Colorado and en route for the east was stolen from a truck at Council Bluffs.

Postmaster General Hitchcock favors increasing the postage rate on magazines from 1 to 4 cents a pound.

Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Befkowitz and their five children were killed by illuminating gas in their home in Philadelphia.

William Kohn, the highwayman, who terrorized St. Paul last December, was sentenced to the state prison for sixty years.

Fifty republicans from over Nebraska organized a progressive republican league in Lincoln and declared their principles.

Federal Judge Hough at New York denied the motion to appoint a guardian for Joseph G. Robin, the alleged bankrupt and fallen banker.

One less contestant appeared before the book committee of the Methodist general conference in the race for next year's meeting, as Chicago withdrew.

The daylight closing saloon bill, providing that saloons must not open before 6 o'clock a. m., and that they must close by 7 p. m., was passed by the Texas senate.

President Taft's plan for Canadian reciprocity is extremely likely to receive indorsement by the Illinois legislature, despite Speaker Cannon's avowed opposition.

Several hundred clergymen in Chicago started a movement, furthered by the Chicago Christian Endeavor union, to relieve mail clerks and carriers of Sunday work.

C. H. Markham of Chicago has been elected president of the Ocean Steamship company and the Central Georgia railway. Mr. Markham is president of the Illinois Central railway.

An armed uprising of Greek coal miners at Kenilworth, Carbon county, Utah, was suppressed after one man had been killed, one fatally wounded and several others slightly hurt by flying bullets.

The French government is not much interested in the plan for reciprocal trade relations maturing between the two great governments of North America, while French exporters are plainly apprehensive.

The Kansas senate passed the resolution to submit an amendment to the constitution giving women the right to vote in all elections by a vote of 27 to 12. The resolution had previously passed the house.

A convention of women, held in the state house at Pierre, S. D., took first steps towards the organization of a "woman's party." The organizers will seek political preferment accorded them under the constitution of the state, without waiting for the full voting privilege.

A remarkable petition was received by Postmaster General Hitchcock from citizens of Fairbanks, Alaska, requesting the establishment in that city of a postal savings bank. The petition is twenty-four feet long and bears the names of many hundreds of citizens of Fairbanks.

The Canadian reciprocity amendment had its first actual advance Saturday when the committee on ways and means reported favorably to the house the administration bill embodying the compact. President Taft can get the agreement past congress if he can force a vote in the senate this session.

The New York Rockefeller institute for medical research announced that the effectiveness of the antimeningitis serum had been generally accepted by medical authorities throughout the world and that the new remedy had taken its place with vaccine and diphtheria anti-toxin as "an improved agency for the protection of public health."

Personal.

The will of the late Mrs. Eddy has been declared valid.

The senate committee recommend 4 cent postage on magazines.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson believes in the Canadian open door.

Major General Wood advicates placing the militia on a pay basis.

Congressmen are getting nervous over prospects of an extra session.

Beveridge of Indiana fired the opening gun in the senate for reciprocity.

Lafe Young of Iowa has announced his candidacy for the senate in 1912.

JUSTICE JAGGARD DIES IN BERMUDA

SUPREME COURT JUDGE PASSES AWAY WHILE ON HEALTH-SEEKING TRIP.

CABLEGRAM BRINGS SAD NEWS

State Officials Mourn Death—House Adjourns for Day in Memory of Distinguished Judge.

St. Paul, Feb. 15—Justice Edwin A. Jaggard, of the supreme court of Minnesota, died of heart disease in the Bermudas, where he has been since Jan. 12 to recuperate his health.

News of the sudden death of the justice was received through a cablegram to I. A. Caswell, clerk of the supreme court. It contained no details, except that death had been due to heart trouble. The news spread through the capitol at once, and the flag on the state-house at half-mast told that breavement had come to the state of Minnesota.

Chief Justice Start and the other members of the supreme court were grief stricken by the news. Justice Jaggard had been regarded as an able jurist, and his genial and many sided nature made him popular as [illegible] he was highly regarded as a lawyer.

Justice E. A. Jaggard.

Ill for Some Time.

Justice Jaggard had been ill for some time. There seemed to be a general breakdown of his rugged health and he thought that two months spent in the sunny climate of the Bermudas, away from work and worry, would place him on his feet again. He left St. Paul, Jan. 8., expecting to return about the middle of March. Since then little was heard from him, but it was generally believed he was recovering his health.

Justice Jaggard was a unique figure on the bench, a deep student of the law; he was a popular after-dinner speaker, a member of many fraternal orders and always in demand socially because of his loyal qualities. He took a deep interst in public matters and wrote several books on legal subjects.

He had been mentioned in the last two campaigns as a possible candidate for the Republican nomination for governor. His ability as a speaker and his splendid presence, it was thought, would have made him an irresistible candidate.

Funeral arrangements are not completed, but cable messages have been sent to Mrs. Jaggard, who was with her husband. It is expected the body will be brought to St. Paul for interment, the state of Minnesota paying its last respect to the man who has been on the supreme bench since 1904.

Judge Jaggard was born in Altoona, Pa., in 1859. He graduated from Dickinson college in Carlyle, Pa., in 1879. He came to St. Paul in 1882 and was elected to the district court by the Second district in 1898, and served continually until his death. He was the author of numerous pamphlets on taxation and legal questions, and his opinions were considered highly by lawyers throughout the country.

House Is Adjourned.

Representative Campbell of Minneapolis announced in the house that the house adjourn as a mark of respect to his memory. The action was taken.

TO DEPORT MURDERER.

Judge Hughes Orders Furiani Released From the Asylum.

Duluth, Feb. 15. — Judge Martin Hughes of the district court at Hibbing made an order for the release of Guizeppe Furiani from the insane hospital at Fergus Falls. Furiani is a murderer and he is released at the request of the federal authorities for deportation to Italy. Furiani killed Marino Farinini at Hibbing last Fourth of July.

MINNESOTA'S OFFICERS MISSING

Three of Them Leave U. S. Battleship ....in Cuba and Cannot Be Found.

Caimanera, Cuba, Feb. 15—Three officers of the American battleship Minnesota, who left the vessel in a power boat, failed to return when expected and are still missing. Tugs and torpedo boats have been dispatched in search of the party but had met with no success up to a late hour. The officers were last heard from at the town of Jatibonico.

BUNN FOR SUPREME BENCH

SUCCESSOR TO JUSTICE JAGGARD IS NAMED.

Many Considered Though No Man Was a Candidate—New Man a Democrat.

St. Paul, Feb. 16.—Judge G. L. Bunn of the Ramsey county district court, a Democrat, will be the successor to the late Edwin A. Jaggard, associate justice of the supreme court of Minnesota, who died in Bermuda.

The governor has felt a great deal of delicacy in naming a successor to Justice Jaggard so promptly, but left it necessary to do so on account of the condition of the court calendar, which is crowded at this time.

No man was a candidate, yet friends of several prominent lawyers advanced the claims of different men. Among those who were considered were former Justice O'Brien, former Attorney General Young, Attorney General Simpson, Judges Hallam and Brill of Ramsey, and others.

Mr. O'Brien stopped the consideration of his name by saying he could not accept the place. It was felt that the appointment should go to Ramsey, and Judge Bunn's appointment was finally decided upon.

Judge Bunn was first appointed to the district bench by Governor Clough and in the past two elections has been the non-partisan candidate for the bench. This largely decided Governor Eberhart in his appointment, in line with his desire to separate the judiciary from politics.

Judge Bunn's first appointment to the district bench came about through the death of Judge C. D. Kerr in 1897.

He was first elected for six years in 1898, after having served for about a year and five months in Judge Kerr's place. Twice after that he had no opposition on the Democratic ticket for renomination nor on the Republican ticket for election.

He was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in St. Paul in 1888. Since 1904 he has been president and dean of the St. Paul college of law.

Native of Wisconsin.

Judge Bunn was born in Sparta, Wis., June 25, 1865. He comes from a family of lawyers, his father, Pomanzo Bunn, having been a United States district judge in Wisconsin. In the year of 1879 Judge Bunn entered the preparatory department of the University of Wisconsin and was graduated from the academic department of the school in 1885. Three years later he was graduated from the college of law.

Judge Bunn, during his service on the bench, has enjoyed the highest respect of the lawyers of the Twin Cities and of the state. The new justice is a lover of outdoor sports and is given to fly fishing and shooting. A brother, Charles A. Bunn, is general counsel for the Great Northern railway.

MAINE WRECK ANNIVERSARY.

Services Held at Havana to Mark Sinking Thirteen Years Ago.

Havana, Feb. 16.—Owing to the interest aroused by the work of raising the wreck of the battleship Maine, the Maine anniversary was more generally observed than ever before. The vessel was destroyed in an explosion thirteen years ago. Vice-President Sayas delivered the memorial orations in this city. The wreck of the Maine was surrounded with boats for the accommodation of the spectators. A marine guard was placed on the wreck and minute guns were fired from Cabanas fortress during the service. The Cuban army band furnished the music. Past Commander Gihon of the Spanish-American War Veterans is here to assist the local camp. The Cuban warship Hatney, with President Gomez, took part in the exercises.

WALSH SAID TO BE VERY ILL.

Wickersham Working on Application for Pardon.

Washington, Feb. 17. — Attorney General Wickersham is working on John R. Walsh's application for pardon and probably will be ready to send his recommendations to President Taft within the next few days. It is said the whole question of the former banker's release hinges upon the state of his health. He will be eligible to release on parole in September.

Taft Entertains Prominent Jews.

Washington, Feb. 16.—President Taft entertained at luncheon several prominent American representatives of the Jewish race. A discussion followed the luncheon concerning the best means to secure from the government of Russia the same rights for Americans of the Jewish race visiting that country which are accorded American citizens of other races.

Panama Canal the Big Topic.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The especial relationship of the Panama canal to the commerce of the world was the chief topic of discussion at Wednesday's session of the Pan-American commercial conference. Among the speakers were Charles M. Pepper, trade expert of the bureau of trade relations; Bernard Baker of Baltimore; Wilbur J. Carr, director of the consular service; F. W. Goding, United States consul in Montevideo, Uruguay, and Francis B. Loomis, formerly assistant secretary of state.

FARMERS FINISH

CLASS OF 1911 AT SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE RECEIVES CERTIFICATES.

OVER 200 IN THE CLASS

Graduation Program Arranged to Precede Presentation—List of Graduates of the Popular Course.

Minneapolis. — Graduation exercises were held at the School of Agriculture, when the 200 farmer students comprising the short course class of 1911 were given certificates by Dean Woods in recognition of their work. The conferring of certificates was preceded by a program.

Rev. Willard S. Richardson, the university pastor, opened the program with an invocation. Following this, an address was delivered by Dean Woods. Music was provided under the direction of Miss Mary L. Coffin. The class colors are green and gold.

The presentation of certificates marked the end of the farmers' short course, which is pronounced by Principal Mayne as a triumph in promoting agricultural education. The class was composed of sturdy sons and daughters of the soil throughout Minnesota and neighboring Northwest states, whose constant endeavor seemed to be to acquire a knowledge that would tend to produce better results in the farming world.

The list of students follows:

Aasen, W. L.
Alickson, Elias
Alsleben, Otto A.
Anderson, Andrew E.
Anderson, David F.
Anderson, Henry A.
Anderson, John
Anderson, Joseph
Babbidge, Mrs. H. W.
Bade, John B
Belse, Walter B.
Belzer, John W.
Benham Kenneth R.
Berg, Magnus
Bly, George M.
Bohn, Edward
Bolstad, Selfrid H.
Bratvold, Andrew
Brokken, Ole T.
Brummer, John
Brunvold, Albert
Bulock, Raymond
Burns, Robert A.
Burrington, Herbert J.
Butman, Hiram J.
Bystrom, E. O.
Cauffman, R. M.
Christensen, Harry S.
Clercx, John W.
Cowie, George G., Jr.
Dahleen, A. C.
Davison, Lee
Dewall, William
Dexter, Charles W.
[illegible]
Doyle, Edward V.
Dunham, Harry F.
Deslerzone, Walter E.
Ellingboe, Andrew
Elmund, William A.
Elwell, Edwin S.
Erickson, John
Erkel, F. C.
Farley, James R.
Farley, Melvin P.
Featherstone, J. H.
Feeney, Ambrose J.
Ferguson, Edwin
Ferguson, Walker
Fick, John E.
Finley, Miss Vidie
Fisher, Emil
Fjeldstad, Olaf N.
Forest, Mrs. M.
Fosbroke, Charles B.
Fritsche, Alfred H. R.
Graham, M. H.
Grathwold, John M.
Green, Wilford C.
Grefarud, Nels
Gregoire, William S.
Hales, John H.
Hall, A. H.
Hampel, Walter F.
Hanson, Nels L.
Haugen, John O.
Hawkins, William H.
Heggerston, Edwin
Helgeson, Ellis H.
Henderson, A. W.
Hennum, Leofred
Hill, George E.
Hjelstuen, Oscar
Hoffmann, Frank J.
Holger, Nels
Holcomb, Harry
Holl, Fred
Holt, Oscar
Houle, John J.
Hovland, Olaf
Huber, Walter J.
Ikler, Fred A.
Iverson, Alfred R.
Jacobs, John A.
Jacobson, J. G.
Jaus, Otto J.
Johanson, Christian M.
Johnson, Albert
Johnson, Dennis R.
Johnson, Martin
Kleinjan, Arie J.
Knowlton, H. H.
Knowlton, Mrs. W. C.
Knowlton, W. C.
Kochendorfer, Karl K.
Kvl, Albert
Lafoe, Edward
Lager, Henry J.
Lammers, Walter H.
Lampland, Arthur
Laumann, Joseph J.
Layden, Mark D.
Lee, Ezra R.
Lieske, Albert G.
Lindstrom, Edwin
Lintelmann, Albert
Lossow, F. F.
Lundberg, Alfred
McCanus, E. T.
McClelland, Clifford A.
McClusker, Byron A.
McCullough, T. B.
McDougall, Walter C.
Madsen, Madsen C.
Marx, Mathias J.
Matthews, Alvah I.
Mattson, David I.
Melgren, Gerhart
Mortz, Anton J.
Moen, Peter J.
Mousseau, Chas. A.
Murray, Wm. A.
Nelson, Emil O.
Nelson, Otto
Nelson, Robert J.
Nelson, Samuel
Nienow, Emil A.
Noss, Ralph O.
Odegard, Bernard P.
[illegible]
Opheim, Alfred
Ormbreck, Thos O.
Otto, A. F.
Parrett, Arthur N.
Pearson, Carl W.
Pearson, Perry
Peterson, George
Peterson, Arthur
Peterson, Henry M.
Peterson, Nels
Rasmussen, Hans P.
Reidhead, David C.
Reinert, Charles
Richardson, Iva Maude
Robinson, Donald
Rollins, Lynn C
Rouning, Edward P.
Running, Amond
Russell, Joseph F.
Ryan, James J.
Schaaf, Francis
Schauland, August G.
Schauland, Mrs. Mary
Schlesmann, Louis C.
Schmidt, Edward W.
Schoenig, Sidney C.
Schroeder, Erwin C.
Schwyzer, Gustav
Seitz, Louis A.
Setrum, J. Elmer
Sharp, H. B.
Shoquist, C. Oscar
Sims, Osborn B.
Sisson, Virgil C.
Skow, Michael
Slawa, John
Smith, Alexander C.
Smith, Alfred J.
Smith, Frank L.
Smith, Howard J.
Smith, Ira
Snyder, Al. M.
Sorenson, Orve O.
Speltz, Andrew
Storey, George B.
Streed, Peter, Jr.
Stringer, Durward
Suel, Francis L.
Swartz, Darrell N.
Swenson, Abe
Swenson, Albert B.
Taylor, Hugh
Torp, Walton W.
Thorson, Edward T.
Torgerson, Clifford
Truedson, Albert
Turner, Ernest G.
Van Strum, George B.
Venderbagen, B. L.
Wall, Melvin

MARRIED COUPLE AS TRAMPS

Receive Reformatory Sentence at St. Cloud for Stealing a Gold Watch.

St. Cloud.—John and Maggie Young, 22 and 18 years old, respectively, claiming to be husband and wife, told a most remarkable story before Judge M. D. Taylor before receiving reformatory sentences for stealing a gold watch. Both say they have been tramps since childhood, the girl since she was 12 years of age and Young since the age of 9. They say they have no relatives living and nobody to take an interest in them. They claim to have been married in Bismarck, N. D., two years ago, but the records of that county fail to show a marriage license issued to the pair.

The crime for which they were arrested occurred recently near Long Prairie, in Todd county. They stopped at a farmer's house for something to eat and a night's lodging. After they left the next morning the farmer found that his gold watch was missing and, suspecting the pair, followed them up and caught them "with the goods." Both pleaded guilty before Judge Taylor and on account of their age were given reformatory sentences.

OPPOSE WOMAN'S REFORMATORY

St. Cloud Society Working to Bar Erection of Institution.

St. Cloud. — The St. Cloud Ladies' Reading Room society in session here entered a protest against locating the proposed women's reformatory in this city, claiming that it ought to be in a different location from the men's reform school. A committee has been appointed to confer with the legislators from this district and also the commercial club here in regard to the matter.

ANDERSON AT HOME.

Congressman-elect Speaks to His Fellow Townsmen.

Lanesboro.—Speaking for the first time in his home town since he became a national figure through his defeat of James A. Tawney, Congressman-elect Sydney Anderson delivered an address here on the subject: "What Progressive Republicanism Stands For."

He said in part:

"We have come to associate progressive Republicanism in our minds with certain principles and doctrines as the symbols around which we assemble our thoughts and ideas. Yet these principles and doctrines are not progressive Republicanism.

"Progressive Republicanism is not confined and limited to the direct election of United States senators, to the initiative and referendum, or the many other doctrines with which it has been associated. They are but the symbols, the evidences of subtle and underlying force and purpose which have existed in the people since the beginning of society.

If it be true that these doctrines are progressive Republicanism, what is to become of the cause of progress when these ideas have been made into laws or have proven infirm in theory or unpracticable in operation? If we accept that theory we will come very swiftly to the close of the progressive movement. So it seems to me that progressive Republicanism is perhaps less visible, but of infinitely greater force and purpose than primary reform.

Should Limit Profits.

"Taxation for the benefit of special interests exists and is exercised by practically every public service corporation. It is exercised in nearly every instance where the production, manufacture or sale of a commodity of general use or consumption is controlled by the few under conditions of a practical monopoly, for I am convinced that we must speedily come to the conclusion that where a condition of practical monopoly of a commodity exists, it should be possible to fix some limit to the profit of those who obtain the monopoly other than the ability of the people to pay the price or go without the article. I venture to assert that the net income of the average individual depends more upon law and taxation that it does upon labor and economy. Just as soon as the American people fully realize this fact, it will no longer be necessary to explain what progressive Republicanism stands for."

The speaker then briefly indicated the facts and conditions existing at the beginning of the extra session of the sixty-first congress, mentioning the disclosures in connection with the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill, and said:

"I am not striking now at the doctrine of protection, but I do maintain that with practical uniformity every dollar levied in the shape of a tariff beyond the limit of difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, constitutes a tax upon the people of this nation for the benefit of special interests for which we can get no corresponding benefit."

INDIAN CASE ON IN DULUTH.

Minneapolis Attorney Takes Up Day With Argument.

Duluth. — The final arguments on demurrers to the government's bill of complaint in equity, seeking to correct the alleged illegal transfer of White Earth Indian allotment to private parties, came up for hearing before Judge Page Morris.

R. J. Powell of Minneapolis, one of the attorneys for the defendants, presented arguments and he will be succeeded either by United States District Attorney Houpt or M. C. Burch of Washington, assistant United States attorney general.

It is rather expected that Judge Morris will give his decision as soon as the arguments are concluded, as when the attorneys for both sides proposed that they be allowed to file briefs after the arguments are in, the judge said that it was good policy always to render a decision as soon as arguments are completed, if proper, and he suggested that they make their arguments as thorough as possible. C. M. Johnston of Detroit, Minn., also represents the defendants, but he has not yet participated in the argument. Mr. Powell discussed the Indian treaties of this section from the beginning and sought to show that the government in its dealings with the Indians plainly intended to give the Chippewa tribe full and complete ownership of the White Earth reservation.

RAILWAYS ASKED FOR DAMAGES.

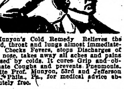
Northern Pacific and Fargo Companies Sued at Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls.—L. O. Snelling, a barber of Marshall, Minn., has begun suit against the Northern Pacific Railway Company in the United States court in this city, asking damages in the sum of $28,800 for injuries sustained in the derailment of a train at Glendive, Mont., on August 10, 1908. Mr. Snelling was a passenger on the train and claims to have been permanently disabled.

ELEVATOR MAN DISAPPEARS.

Said to be $1,000 Short in Accounts With His Company.

St. Cloud. — Amos Crossland, for fifteen years a resident of Royalton, 15 miles from this city, and during the past three years manager of the Powers elevator in that village, has disappeared and is said to be $1,000 short in his accounts. Although Crossland left Royalton last week, it has just been given out that he was found short in his accounts.



COLDS

Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and obstinate Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Write Prof. Munyon, 53rd and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., for medical advice absolutely free.

Every man has trouble in adjusting his necktie unless he wears

Slip Easy Collars

which all have the Slip Easy Tab shown above. They come in all styles. Once use Slip Easy Collars you will never wear any other kind. Ask your dealer to get them. If he will not, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

USE FOR THE NEWSPAPER

Story That Contains a Moral It Might Be Well to Keep in Memory.

A little King Charles dog, a pet in a family where he had been the playmate of a little boy, slipped through an open door some time ago and disappeared. Servants and the children of the house searched everywhere, asked questions at all places where it was thought possible the dog might be in hiding, but to no avail, and the animal was finally given up for lost and there was deep mourning in the nursery. One day recently the woman who owned the dog met a neighbor at a florist's shop, who had on a leash a dog strangely like the lost pet, and asked where he came from. "Why, he ran into our house a few days ago and we don't know where he belongs." The dog knew his old mistress and was quickly surrendered. "You might have had him sooner, had you advertised," said one woman. "And you could have found the owner sooner had you advertised," said the other —and the newspaper man who heard the story added the moral.

Whether you will ever be free depends on the use you will make of your freedom.

HEREDITY

Can Be Overcome in Cases.

The influence of heredity cannot, of course, be successfully disputed, but it can be minimized or entirely overcome in some cases by correct food and drink. A Conn. lady says:

"For years while I was a coffee drinker I suffered from bilious attacks of great severity, from which I used to emerge as white as a ghost and very weak. Our family physician gave me various prescriptions for improving the digestion and stimulating the liver, which I tried faithfully, but without perceptible result.

"He was acquainted with my family history for several generations back, and once when I visited him he said: 'If you have inherited one of those torpid livers you may always suffer more or less from its inaction. We can't dodge our inheritance, you know.'

"I was not so strong a believer in heredity as he was, however, and, beginning to think for myself, I concluded to stop drinking coffee, and see what effect that would have. I feared it would be a severe trial to give it up, but when I took Postum and had it well made, it completely filled my need for a hot beverage and I grew very fond of it.

"I have used Postum for three years, using no medicine. During all that time I have had absolutely none of the bilious attacks that I used to suffer from, and I have been entirely free from the pain and debilitating effects that used to result from them.

"The change is surely very great, and I am compelled to give Postum the exclusive credit for it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

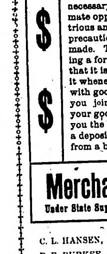
HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank
Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.



WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, February 18, 1911.

Reapportionment has at last reached a stage where a date—next Tuesday—is set for a vote on the proposition. Red Lake and Pennington counties are to be joined in one representative district.

The matter of the proposed quo warranto proceedings was argued before Attorney General Simspon at his office in St. Paul Monday and by him taken under advisement. However pleasing and profitable the prolonging of the division "scrap" may be to the attorneys on both sides, the long suffering public is tired os the whole thing and wants a rest.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Jan. 30, 1911.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners met in the office of the county auditor in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Hedeen, Wold, Larson.

Members absent, none.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to correspond with the state auditor in regard to the contemplated issue of county refunding bonds.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m. Feb. 8, 1911.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman County Board.

Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls,
Feb. 8, 1911.

Pursuant to adjournment the county board met in the auditor's office in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 10 o'clock a. m., Feb. 8, 1911.

Members present, Aubol, Larson, Wold, Hedeen, Shaw.

Members absent. none.

Minutes of the meetings of Nov. 25, Dec. 2, Dec. 24, 1910, and Jan. 3, Jan. 30, 1911, read and approved as read.

On motion duly carried the bonds of C. H. Martz as county surveyor and of Dr. C. Swanson as county coroner were approved.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

On motion duly carried the road petition of R. J. McKercher and others was laid over.

Pursuant to call duly issued the governing body of the county of Pennington in the county of Pennington and the state of Minnesota met therein on the 8th day of February, 1911, and thereupon, a quorum consisting of a majority of all the members thereof being present, Daniel Shaw, a member thereof, offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Resolved, That, in the opinion of the board of county commissioners in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, it is expedient to issue to the state of Minnesota the bonds of said county to the aggregate amount of $10,000.00 for the purpose of providing for the necessary county expenses, under Sec. 394, R. L. 1905, to bear interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, to mature and to be of the respective number and amounts as hereinafter set forth;

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1816.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1917.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1918.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1919.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1920.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1921.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1922.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1923.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1924.

One bond for the sum of $1,000, payable July 1, 1925.

Which motion being duly seconded by Peter C. Wold, a member thereof was put to a vote and it appearing that a majority of all the members thereof had voted in favor of said resolution, the same was carried and so declared.

On the 8th day of February, 1911, at the court house of county in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, the governing body thereof met pnrsuant to due notice and thereupon, a quorum thereof being present, Daniel Shaw, a member thereof offered the following resolution, and moved its adoption:

Now, Therefore, Be it Resolved, That the bonds of said county be and are hereby issued to the state of Minnesota in accordance therewith, and that the treasurer of said county be and he is hereby authorized and directed to make application to the state of Minnesota and to said board of investment for a loan thereon in accordance therewith; that the chairman and county auditor of said county be and they are hereby authorized and directed to sign, execute, and deliver to the state of Minnesota such bonds when countersigned by the treasurer, issued under and by virtue thereof, upon payment to said treasurer of the principal sum thereof, and that the chairman and county auditor and all other officers are hereby farther authorized and directed to make, execute and deliver the necessary papers and furnish all necessary information in connection with the issuance of the foregoing bonds and the application to the satd state to purchase the same as may be required by said state board of investment, which motion was duly seconded by Peter C. Wold, a member thereof, was put to a vote and it appearing that a majority of the quorum present had voted in favor thereof, it was carried and so declared.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Larson, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24), both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty-two (152) west of range forty-five (45), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of Polk Centre; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in and for said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, John Naplin.
2. Supervisor for said town, P. A. Hallstrom.
3. Supervisor for said town, Hjalmar Johnson.

Treasuaer for said town, C. A. Melin

Clerk " " " C. E. Naplin,

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen.

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24), both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty-two (152) west of range forty-four (44), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of Black River; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in and far said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, Dan Whalen.
2. Supervisor for said town, Richard Lorentson.
3. Supervisor for said town, Andrew Erickson,

Treasurer for said town, Albert Anderson.

Clerk for said town, Felix Anderson.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw,

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24), both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty-two (152 west of range forty-three (43), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of River Falls; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in and for said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, J. S. Roy.
2. " " " R. L. Hauge,
3. Supervisor for said town, A. P. Sandberg.

Treasurer for said town, Aug. Swenson,

Clerk for said town, A. S. Anderson.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24) both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty-two (152) west of range forty-two (42), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of Wyandotte; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in and for said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, Andrew Nelson.
2. Supervisor for said town, Isaac Wilson.
3. Supervisor for said town, John Albin.

Treasurer for said town, H. R. Kolseth.

Clerk for said town, J. R. Larson.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Larson, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw.

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24), both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty-two (152) west of range forty-one (41), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of Mayfield; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in end for said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, H. O. Jarr.
2. Supervisor for said town, Nils Askland.
3. Supervisor for said town, Magnus Olson.

Treasurer for said town, Ole Reiersgaard.

Clerk for said town, J. L. Larson,

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Concluded on Third Page.

BIGGEST CLOTHING SALE

In the History of Red Lake County

It will pay you to come to Red Lake Falls any time between Feb. 18 aud March 1
During these nine days we offer to the public the largest and best stock of clothing ever put on sale, and the way prices are cut will astonish you

$10,000.00 STOCK AT COST

We will have coats for the mother or sister, father or brother, ladies' skirts, men's and boys' suits, underwear, shoes, mackinaws, sheep lined coats, shirts, collars, ties, hats, and caps; everything in ready made wearing apparel.

On the opening day of the sale, Feb. 18, there will be a free lecture in the High school for the farmer on live stock in the afternoon. Come into Red Lake Falls in the morning and take in both. It will be worth your while and save you money. If you cannot come in on the opening day, the same low prices will continue throughout the entire period of the sale, and will give you a grand opportuity to get lots for your money...

After March 1 we will conduct a general clothing business
Your patronage is earnestly solicited

Healy Bros., Red Lake Falls

HEARING ON DITCH PETITION

JUDICIAL DITCH NUMBER FOURTEEN (14), MARSHALL, PENNINGTON, AND RED LAKE COUNTIES, MINNESOTA.

CLERK OF COURTS' NOTICE ON PETITION, ENGINEERS AND VIEWERS' REPORTS IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS,

State of Minnesota } ss District Court.
County of Marshall } 14th Judicial District.

In the matter of the petition of Ole O. Steen and others for a public drainage ditch in the counties of Marshall, Red Lake, and Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch No. 14.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch No. 14, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before the judge of the district court has been had thereon, and that the said judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of the said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as are provided by law, and that the said engineer duly made his report thereon and filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court and that the said judge of the district court duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as are required by law, and that on the 7th day of May, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m., a final hearing was had before the said judge of the district court upon said petition, engineers' and viewers' reports, the said hearing being had pursuant to due notice given by the said clerk of the district court, and that after hearing all parties interested, the court found that the course of the said ditch could be improved upon, and made his order, dated May 7, 1910, rereferring and resubmitting the whole matter to the engineer duly appointed in said ditch matter and to the viewers therein, authorizing and instructing them to reexamine the course of said proposed ditch and branches and to make all necessary changes, and further authorizing and instructing the said viewers to review and assess all of the said property that may be affected by such drainage ditch, and notice is hereby given that the said engineer has completed his work and has made an amended report thereon, and has filed the same in the office of the said clerk of the district court, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their amended report in the office of said clerk, and that as appears by the amended report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route, and terminal of the main ditch and branches of Judicial Ditch Number Fourteen (14), including a description of the lands over which the same passes is as follows, viz:

Main Ditch. Beginning at a point about 45 feet north and 900 feet west of ¼ sec. corner on east side of section 12, twp. 154 n., range 44 w., thence in a westerly direction along the ¼ section thru sections 12, 11, 10, 9, and 8 to a point about 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the center of section 8, said twp. and range; thence in a northerly direction along ¼ sec. line thru section 8 to the corner between sections 5 and 8; thence in a westerly direction parallel to and about 45 feet south of the north boundary of sec. 8 to the nw. section corner of section 8; thence in a northeasterly direction parallel to and about 45 feet east of the west boundary of section 5 to a junction with Marshall County Ditch No. 5; thence running along the course of said County Ditch No. 5 in a westerly direction along north boundary line of sections 5 and 6, twp. 154, range 44 w., and sections 1 and 2, twp. 154 n., range 45 w., to a point about 335 feet east of the ¼ sec. corner on north side of said section 2; thence by a course north 34 deg. w. about 3300 feet; thence north 30 deg. w. a distance of about 700 feet in section 35, twp. 155 north, range 45 w., to the west boundary of said section 35, continuing the last mentioned course a distance of about 900 feet in section 34 of last mentioned twp. and range to the north boundary of said section 34; thence by the following respective course in section 27: north 34 deg. w. about 240 feet; north 47 deg. 30 min. w. about 900 feet; south 79 deg. 30 min. w. about 400 feet; south 85 deg. w. about 400 feet; north 19 deg. w. about 300 feet, and north 48 deg. w. about 300 feet to its termination in a branch of Snake river.

Branch "A." Beginning at ¼ sec. corner on north side of sec 1, twp. 151 n., range 44 w., thence running south on ½ line thru sections 1 and 12 to an intersection with the main ditch at the center of section 12.

Branch "B." Beginning at a point about 500 feet east of the center of section 22, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., thence running south 23 deg. 20 min. w. about 3000 feet in said section 22, about 4300 feet in section 27, and about 900 feet in section 28, twp. and range aforesaid; thence running south 1 deg. 11 min. e. about 900 feet to an intersection with the south boundary of said section 28 at a point 250 feet west of the se. corner of said section 28, thence south 16 deg. 15 min. w. in section 33, aforesaid twp. and range, about 5827 feet to an intersection with the south section line of said section and 504 feet west of se. corner of sw¼; thence continuing same course in section 4, twp. 154, range 44, a distance of about 856 feet, to an intersection with the Soo R. R.; thence running south 8 deg. 30 min. w. in section 4 about 2027 feet; thence south 17 deg. 30 min. about 2650 feet to a point about 800 feet west and 45 feet north of the ¼ section corner between sections 4 and 9 in said twp. and range; thence west parallel to the section line forming the north section line which forms the north boundary of sections 8 and 9 to an intersection with the main ditch near the ¼ section corner between sections 5 and 8, twp. 154, range 44.

Branch "C." Beginning at a point near the center of the ne¼ of section 23, twp. 155 n., range 44 w., running thence in a southwesterly direction to the ¼ section corner between sections 23 and 26, said twp. and range; thence south along the ¼ section line to the center of said section 26; thence west along the ¼ section line to a point about 225 feet west of the ¼ section corner between sections 26 and 27, twp. and range aforesaid; thence south 11 deg. west about 800 feet; thence south 37 deg. 25 min. w. about 900 feet; thence north 75 deg. and 15 min. w. about 600 feet to an intersection with the south 1-16 section line in said section 27; thence west along the said south 1-16 section line to an intersection with Branch "B."

Branch "D." Beginning at a point situated about 1650 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner section 35, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 24 deg. east about 3850 feet to an intersection with the south section line of 35, about 1650 feet east of the sw. corner of said section 35 and said twp. and range; thence south 10 deg. w. about 2532 feet in section 2, twp. 154, range 44; thence south 31 deg. w. about 1416 feet; thence south 4 deg. w. a distance of about 1900 feet; thence south 16 deg. w. in section 11, twp. 154, range 44, for a distance of about 2700 feet to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "E." Beginning at a point about 45 feet west and about 45 feet north of the se. corner section 16, twp. 154, range 44 w., and running thence westerly parallel to the section line to a point 45 feet east and 45 feet north of the sw. corner of section 16, said twp. and range; thence north parallel to section line to a junction with the Main Ditch near ¼ section corner between sections 8 and 9, said twp. 154 n., range 44 w.

Branch "F." Beginning at a point in section 21, twp. 155, range 44, situated about 880 feet south and about 1246 feet west of the ne. corner of said section; thence south 37 deg. w. about 2200 feet in said section 21; thence running south 21 deg. w. a distance of about 2800 feet to a point situated on the section line about 1000 feet west of ne. ¼ corner of nw¼ section 28, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 5 deg. w. a distance of about 2680 feet; thence south 37 deg. w. about 209 feet to a point situated about 183 feet east of ¼ corner common to sections 28 and 29; thence continuing same course a distance of about 1500 feet; thence south about 1700 feet to a point of the section line situated about 228 feet west of the corner common to sections 28, 29, 32, and 33; thence west on the south side of the section line about 2165 feet to the ¼ corner common to sections 29 and 32; thence south along the ¼ line in section 32 to a junction with the Main Ditch.

Branch "1." Beginning at the se. corner of section 35, twp. 155, range 44, thence running west along the section line to a junction with Branch "D."

Branch "2." Beginning at a point 1650 feet south and about 700 feet east of the nw. corner of section 35, twp. 155, range 44; thence running south 79 deg. w. about 994 feet; thence running north 69 deg. w. about 827 feet; thence north 17 deg. w. about 1160 feet; thence northerly 627 feet; thence north 25 deg. 30 min. w. about 600 feet to a junction with Branch "C."

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch No. 14 is surveyed and will pass is as follows, viz:—Sections 12, 11, 10, 9, 8, 5, 6, twp. 154, range 44; sections 1, 2, 35, 34, 27, twp. 155, range 45; sections 1, 12, twp. 155, range 44; sections 22, 27, 28, 33, twp. 155, range 44; sections 4, 5, twp. 154, range 44; sections 23, 26, 27, 28, twp. 155, range 44; section 35, twp. 155, range 44; sections 2, 11, twp. 154, range 44; sections 14, 15, 16, 9, twp. 154, range 44; sections 21, 28, 29, 32, twp. 155, range 44, sections 24, 35, twp. 155, range 44.

And that the said engineer's amended report shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of the said ditch, as the same appears in the amended report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, towit:—Agnes C. Conrad, Moe Real Estate & Mortgage Co., N. A. Horsheim, Rasmus Oen, John Blom, John Nordhagen, E. C. Reiersgaard, Louis Lee, Olof Lipen Jr., H. G. Dobner, Robert A. Lee, Johanna T. Finke, Carften Christesen, Frank M. Mousley, Hanna Mousley, Ole P. Rogne, Axel Kron, O. Knudson, Henry Erde, August Johnson, John F. Carlson, Ole R. Brooten, Gustaf Opseth, Carl Z. Nyberg, P. E. Wyxberg, Ole O. Steen, S. E. Viberg, Mathilda Jonson, W. W. Prichard, Ole O. Nesja, Tom Torgerson, Amund Korstal, S. T. Stebbins, Daniel Shaw, C. N. Sonnesyn, C. H. Horbovig, Nils Hertness, C. J. Nordhagen, Knut Kuntseth, Knud Lappegaard, Amund A. Myron, Augndilda Amunson, G. Vandertunk, P. E. Soderberg, Pet Peterson, Marguerite Lingelbach, August Johnson, Reinhart Knutson, Halvor Erickson, Ole Nelson, Lars J. Parbest, Ole P. Rogne, Peter J. Nordahl, Benjamin Anderson, Andrew Ecklund, Ole Nelson, Inga M. Nelson, Richard Walden, Albert Bragen, John Johansoh, Johannson, Sakarias Skogren, Albert Brown, O. E. Hammer, C. Larson, O. M. Connesyn, Mary Nelson, Warner Dretts, P. J. Anderson, L. A. Johnson, Julius J. Olson, C. A. Lundell, J. S. Larson, Lewis Westman, Chas. Tanquist, Peter Lindquist, J. S. Larson, Svante Larson, John B. Peterson, John Grove, Anders Stol, Geo. P. Dayton, C. Carlson, John Olson, Otto S. Bland, John Halvorson, Carl A. Swanson, Frank Rerick, Christian Engen, Bertha Saugen, Ivar Olson, P. & C. Laden, Carl Swanson, Anton Martenson, F. B. Roberts, Frank Rawick, Margaretta Wendt, Axel S. Anderson, Agnes M. Dobner, Edward D. Setnes, Axel Larson, Even A. Harven, J. E. Heldquist, John Johnson, Sr., Sven J. Haugen, T. Mellum, Emil Bloomberg, L. E. Jones, John Remmen, John S. Haug, Thomas Halsen, Thomas Holten, Gilbert Erickson, T. Mellum, F. B. Roberts, John P. Kennedy, Amund Remmen, J. F. McLaughlin, State of Minnesota, L. Lemberson, O. A. Williams, Maria Anderson, Fred Mettum, A. [illegible], E. O. Setnes, Laus Lee, Henry [illegible], Henry Hess, Frank Radwick, [illegible] Engen, H. Halvorson, Knut [illegible], Erick P. P. Johnson, Ole [illegible], A. Grindeland, O. A. Flann, H. A. [illegible], Katherine Hider, Charles Hutchinson, Paul Schenke, Leffermaker & [illegible], Peter Sorenson, L. Jones, Gustav Nakken, Peder Mollum, Jackin Mollum, Olaf Opseth, Paul Erickson, Severt Rafteseth, Gast Nakken, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, Laus Thompson, Anna Bjeldavold, Ivan Kragstad, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minn., Ivar L. Kragstad, Paul Erickson, Richard Eylckson, Peter Erickson, C. L. & H. G. Dobner, W. E. Larimore, John Halvorson, J. G. Wilson, N. A. Worthing, A. Larson, O. G. Wilson, J. O. Willson, W. W. Pitts, Anton Miller, Ellsworth, Jones & Co., John H. Lee, Fred Styrlund, James & L. Bulman, Charles Bergman, Severt J. Rafteseth, Severt Raftoseth, J. M. Westby, M. Nordhagen, Sven J. Haugan, Ivor M. Westby, Erick Bloomberg, Sven J. Haugen, Axel S. Anderson, S. T. Dakon, John (?) Van Allen & Fred Van Allen, F. W. Gilbert; Townships of New Solum and Viking in Marshall County, Minnesota; Township of Norden in Pennington or Red Lake County, Minnesota, Soo Ry. Co.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewers' amended reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before said court and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall county, Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any manner relative to said ditch or assessments or damages or benefits therein.

Dated Janary 28, 1911.

(District Court Seal)
A. O. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court, Marshall County, Minnesota.

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning at 10:30.
Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday morning, Feb. 19, at 10:30 o'clock. The Lord's Supper will be served, and nine will join the church
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP —Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1764, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy.

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Leselle, Secretary
Peter Simonsen, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, · Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my [illegible] for protection I will replace free of charge, any stock [illegible]. References: Merchants' State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

Overhauling
YOU NEED IT
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
DOES IT
Runs Up
Run Down Systems
Start Yours Up
All Drug Stores Sell DIGESTO
Palatable and Inexpensive
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

Spectator, $1.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger spent Sunday with friends at Red Lake Falls.

Miss Otta Skeie is acting as assistant at the postoffice. She began her duties Monday.

Dentist Owens made a his regular professional visit to Middle River the first of the week.

There will be Mission services in the Eastside school house on Sunday, Feb 26, at 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. Sever Hoff returned Monday from a visit with her husband at his claim near Blackduck.

Miss Rachel Evans came over from Crookston last Friday and spent a day with Miss Tyra Wallen.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, Feb. 16.

Scandinavian Mission services will be held Wednesday, Feb. 22, at the home of O. Lorentson in Black River.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

There will be services in the Rolland school house a week from tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock p. m., by Rev. Gjerde.

Dr. Spofford, the optician, visited St. Hilaire on Thursday. He will make this place again two months from this date.

We were in error last week in stating that the village election would be held on March 7. The true date is one week later, March 14.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet Tuesday, Feb. 28, at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. L. P. Thyren, east of St. Hilaire.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Holmes went to Minneapolis Monday, Mr. Holmes to attend the convention of Minnesota hardware dealers and Mrs. Holmes to visit her sister, Mrs. Cooke.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms, Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Biixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet at Mrs. N. N. Larson's home next Wednesday. Mrs. Larson, Mrs. Jackson, and Mrs. Hanson will entertain. Everybody cordially invited to attend.

A petition has been circulated this week asking that the license question be again submitted to the voters at the coming village election. Thus far six signers have been secured, of the necessary ten.

Duncan McAllister has opened a barber shop in the building formerly occupied by H. M. Babcock as a drug store. He is well known here and officiated for Jackson last fall during his six weeks' absence on a hunting trip.

The rising generation had a valentine prty at Imperial hall Monday evening, and a first class good time is reported. Coffee and cake was served by the young people themselves in the hall. Mrs. Lang was present in the capacity of chaperone.

Arvid Dahlstrom, a young man who resides seven miles west of this place, was taken by Dr. Swanson to Thief River Falls Monday and examined as to his sanity. He was found to be in a demented condition and was taken to the hospital at Fergus Falls by Sheriff LaBree.

Thursday, just before school was dismissed, a few of the resibents in district 178 gathered at the school house, bringing with them hot coffee and other refreshments. They made the teacher, Miss Tyra Wallen, a handsome present in token of their appreciation of the school work.

Now Is the Time

To pay your subscription. All those indebted to The Spectator for subscription will confer a great favor by coming in and liquidating. We are sorry to be compelled to remind you of this, but necessity—

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.88
" 2 "	.86
" 3 "	.82
Flax, 1	2.46
" 2	2.36
Barley, for 50 lbs	.60
Oats	.27
Eggs	.15
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.30
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	8½
Pork, dressed	
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.70@2.75
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

Mrs. J. C. Dahl was in Thief River Thursday.

The two young sons of John King are said to be recovering from their illness.

The dance last evening given by Selmer Benson is said to have been a most enjoyable affair.

Miss Pauline Golla of Frazee was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Hughes, the first of the week.

We received the other day a communication containing Black River news items, but as it bore no signature we could not use it. We are always more than glad to receive news items, but for our own protection we must know from whence they come.

Estella, the seventeen year old daughter of G. W. Eastman of the town of Rocksbury, left on Monday evening for Wichita, Kansas, where she will spend a year or more at the home of her grandfather while she takes up the study of music, her aspiration being to be a successful music teacher.—Press.

The following attended the funeral of Charles Robbecke at Thief River Falls last Wednesday: M. Fricker, A. R. Jones, A. S. Wilson, D. Patterson, Dr. C. Swanson, C. H. Martz, Arthur Hall, N. E. Beebe, G. W. Hooper, Carl Kruecger, Richard Wallen, R. E. McKercher, Tom Hovet, N. N. Larson.

Monthly Statement

Of the business of the business of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association for the month of January, 1911:

Total cream received, 30,676 lbs.
Average test, 25.52 per cent.
Totaf lbs. butter fat, 7,831.
Price paid to patrons, per lb., 28½ cts.
Total amount of money to patrons, $2,231.55.
Running expenses, $196.26.
NELS K. ANDERSON, Secy.

Money for County Fair

The following letter explains itself:

St. Paul, Minn., Feb, 10, 1911.

Friend Gigstad:—Yours of 7th with petition received. Have sent it up. I heartily agree with the sentiment, and will do what I can to secure more money for the county fair instead of the state fair.

The house has passed the good roads bill, also the consolidated rural school bill.

With kind regards to all friends, I remain respectfully,

D. P. O'NEILL.

Charles Robbecke Dead

Charles Robbecke, proprietor of the Ogahmah hotel at Thief River Falls, died Sunday, Feb. 12, at the hospital in St Paul, of cancer, at the age of 58 years. Mr. Robbecke was a pioneer resident of St. Hilaire, locating here in the hotel business in 1882. In 1880 he opened the Ogahmah at Thief River, where he has since resided.

The funeral was held Wednesday at the auditorium, and was attended by hundreds of people.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR SHOES

We have a complete line of Ladies', Men's, and Children's Fine Shoes and Work Shoes. Every pair of shoes sold with a guarantee. We also have a complete line of Rubbers, at very low prices.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

H. Wilson
WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE MINN.

Bring in your work

Commissioners' Proceedings

Concluded from Second Page.

Resolved, That all of sections one (1) to twenty-four (24), both inclusive, in township one hundred fifty two (152) west of range forty (40), in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, is hereby declared a duly organized town, to be known and named as the town of Deer Park; and the following named persons are hereby appointed the officers of said town until the next annual town meeting to be held in and for said town, towit:

1. Supervisor for said town, Geo. Lemers.
2. Supervisor for said town, Frank Lundeen.
3. Supervisor for said town, John Olson.

Treasurer for said town, O. M. Mandt.
Clerk for said town, W. A. Swanson.
Resolution prevailed unanimously.

On motion made by Commissioner Larson, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, that the county auditor be authorized to issue warrants to E. L. Quist, register of deeds, in payment for transcribing records, on the basis of 3 cents per folio as the work is delivered and rechecked. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Fritz & Cross, books, blanks, and office supplies	$480.76
Fritz & Cross, books, blanks, and office supplies	439.33
The Pioneer Co., books for register of deeds office	182.43
A H Fasel, transcribing tax lists, postage, express, etc	140.66
E L Quist, recording county officers' bonds, postage, etc	22.85
E A Mostue, expenses as superintendent of schools	6.00
E A Mostue, expenses visiting schools	16.60
C M Wilson, labor on vault shelving	3.50
Glen A Gray, map of city of Thief River Falls	4.50
Eleven Towns, publishing proposal for county printing	1.35
Remington Typewriter Co., ribbons for typewriter	3.50
W J LaBree, meals for prisoners	13.60
W J LaBree, expenses serving writ on district judges	4.26
Ed A Aubol, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	2.40
Peter Hedeen, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	7.20
Peter C Wold, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	8.00
Olof Larson, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	6.80

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over for correction.

W J LaBree, meals and livery	4.75
" " " turnkey's wages	5.50

On motion duly carried, the auditor was instructed to notify The Pioneer Co of St. Paul that the purchase of certain books used in the Torrens title system shipped by them to this county was not authorized by the purchasing committee, and the same are held at their risk.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 7 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 7 o'clock p. m. All members present.

Moved by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, that the salary of the superintendent of schools be and the same is hereby fixed at $750.00 per year. Motion carried.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of County Board.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
A. R. JONES, Agt.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
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CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

LOMBARD PIANOS

The Pianos With
The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairdy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life. ●

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00

Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of

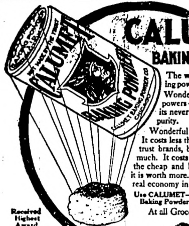
Calumet Baking Powder

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers—its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

Plain as Day.

A man recently visited the art museum in Chicago and wandered about, looking at the paintings with more or less interest. He finally stopped in front of a portrait which showed a man sitting in a high-backed chair. There was a small white card on the picture, reading:

"A portrait of E. H. Smith, by himself."

The man read the card and then chuckled to himself.

"What fools these city folks are!" he said. "Anybody who looks at that picture would know Smith's by himself. There ain't any one else in the picture."—Chicago Tribune.

Always Worrying.

The late John H. Barker, of Michigan City, who left a fortune of over $30,000,000 to his 11-year-old daughter, was strongly opposed to speculation.

"Do not speculate," Mr. Baker once said in an address to young men. "Speculators stand on shaky ground. They know no peace."

Mr. Baker smiled.

"In fact," he said, "a speculator is always worrying about the money market, while his wife is always worrying about the market money."

Many people have receding gums. Rub Hamlins Wizard Oil on gums and stop the decay, chase the disease germs with a mouth wash of a few drops to a spoonful of water.

Let us make the best of our friends while we have them, for how long we shall keep them is uncertain.—Seneca.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative three for cathartic.

With the "Darling of the Gods" most of us believe that "it is better to lie a little than to be unhappy much."

A good way to keep well is to take Garfield tea frequently. It insures good health.

He—Darling, I would die for you.

She—Dearest, do you carry much insurance?

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The brotherhood of man does mean better wages, but it also means better work.

Constipation is an avoidable misery—take Garfield Tea, Nature's Herb laxative.

Too often sermons have too much length and too little depth.—Judge.

Farms for Rent or Sale on Crop payments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Ia.

It sometimes happens that the black sheep of a family is a blonde.

Take Garfield Tea! Made of Herbs, it is pure, pleasant and health-giving.

Many men enjoy a dry smoke. Why not a dry drink?

Stop

taking liquid physic or big or little pills, that which makes you worse instead of curing. Cathartics don't cure—they irritate and weaken the bowels. CASCARETS make the bowels strong, tone the muscles so they crawl and work—when they do this they are healthy, producing right results. 907

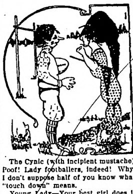
CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

Consider your personal appearance

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

DOWN ON HIM.



The Cynic (with incipient mustache) Poof! Lady footballers, indeed! Why, I don't suppose half of you know what "touch down" means.

Young Lady—Your best girl does if you ever kissed her.

CURED HER BABY OF ECZEMA

"I can't tell in words how happy the word 'Cuticura' sounds to me, for it cured my baby of itching, torturing eczema. It first came when she was between three and four weeks old, appearing on her head. I used everything imaginable and had one doctor's bill after another, but nothing cured it. Then the eczema broke out so badly behind her ear that I really thought her ear would come off. For months I doctored it but to no avail. Then it began at her nose and her eyes were nothing but sores. I had to keep her in a dark room for two weeks. The doctor did no good, so I stopped him coming.

"For about two weeks I had used Cuticura Soap for her every day, then I got a box of Cuticura Ointment and began to use that. In a week there was a marked improvement. In all I used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment and my baby was cured of the sores. This was last November; now her hair is growing out nicely and she has not a scar on her. I can not praise Cuticura enough, I can take my child anywhere and people are amazed to see her without a sore. From the time she was four weeks old until she was three years she was never without the terrible eruption, but now, thanks to Cuticura, I have a well child." (Signed) Mrs. H. E. Householder, 2004 Wilhelm St., Baltimore, Md., May 10, 1910.

As a Reminder.

His Wife—John, do you remember what took place just three years ago today?

Her Husband—What! Is this our wedding anniversary?

His Wife—N-no. Three years ago today you bought me a new hat.—Harper Bazar.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes your feet feel easy and comfortable and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Refuse substitutes.* For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N.Y.

The saint who says he cannot sin may be an earnest man, but it is wisest to trust some other man with the funds of the church.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Perhaps Mohammed went to the mountain because it was cheaper than spending his vacation at the seashore.

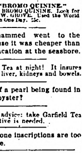
Drink Garfield Tea at night! It insures normal action of liver, kidneys and bowels.

Every hear of a pearl being found in a church fair oyster?

The very best advice: take Garfield Tea whenever a laxative is needed.

Some tombstone inscriptions are too good to be true.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription



Is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system. THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION. No counterfeit is as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. *See that you get what you ask for.*

A Country School for Girls in New York City
Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils. Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Feb. 9.—The senate will adjourn April 1, 20 days prior to the constitutional date set for adjournment, unless a resolution which passed 53 to 8 is rescinded later. Senator Moonan, of Waseca, introduced the resolution.

Representative C. A. Congdon of Duluth introduced a bill in the house repealing the anti-cigaret law passed by the legislature two years ago. Representative Congdon is opposed to dead letter laws on principle and for this reason favors the repeal.

Representative A. B. Anderson's state-wide prohibition bill, introduced in the house, is the first of a probable avalanche of liquor regulatory measures.

Representative Robinson introduced a bill to investigate the state central committees of both major parties.

Representative Spooner and Harding presented a bill providing for the teaching of agriculture and domestic economy in the schools of the state and also providing for the consolidation of rural schools.

The Mattson-Nelson bill amending the compulsory education law was recommended for passage. The proposed bill changes the ages of children coming under this law from 8 to 17, to 8 to 16 years. It allows pupils to remain out of school because of poverty or because they are needed to work at home. This section is to allow farmer's children to remain out of school during the harvest season. The bill also proposes to allow children to remain out of schools on church days.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—A bill is to be introduced into the state legislature raising the salaries of several state officers. The salary of the governor is not affected by the bill. The salaries that would be raised are those of the state auditor, state treasurer and secretary of state. The movement first started through an effort to raise the salary of Treasurer Smith, who now draws only $3,500 a year. After consultation it was decided to put in a general bill which equalizes the salaries of all the state officers. For example, the state insurance commissioner draws $4,500 a year, while the state auditor, one of the most important state officers, draws a similar amount. The secretary of state, an elective officer, draws only $3,500.

Closing Hour Left to City.

A bill giving city councils absolute control over saloons is to be introduced in the lower house. It is a substitute for the proposed 12 o'clock closing bill. Representatives who favor the extension of saloon hours believe a bill of this kind will pass. It proposes that city council shall fix the hour of closing, providing it is not later than midnight. The argument is that this bill will place the authority over saloons where it belongs and that the principle of county option will be carried out. It is asserted that if the saloons are not orderly they can be closed at 8 p. m.

Aims at Express Companies.

Senator Lende of Lyon county is author of a bill to put express companies in Minnesota under the control of the railroad and warehouse commission, exactly as railroads are now. The bill probably will be made a committee bill backed by the railroad committee.

Marriage of Cousins Attacked.

First cousins cannot marry in Minnesota if a bill by Senator Anderson is passed. This bill has been introduced at many previous legislative sessions, but always has failed to pass. Senator Anderson says he expects favorable action in this legislature.

Sibley house will receive $2,500 for repairs and improvements, and $65 a month for repairs, if a bill introduced by Senators Denegre and Schaller is passed. The Sibley House association and the Daughters of the American Revolution shall have charge of the money.

Seizure of Autos Provided.

A new and novel way to discourage reckless automobile driving on country roads was suggested in a bill by Senator Nelson. His plan is to have the county confiscate any automobile by which a person on the public highway is injured and to sell it at public auction and put the proceeds in the county treasury. Senator Van Hoven introduced a bill forbidding anyone from driving an auto without a state license, and that no license should be issued to anyone under 18 years of age.

The long-expected tonnage tax bill was introduced in the lower house of the Minnesota legislature by Representatives Frankson, Moriarity and J. N. Johnson. It provides for a tax of 2 cents a ton on ore testing less than 49 per cent, 3 cents on ore testing from 49 to 54 per cent, 4 cents on ore testing from 54 to 59 per cent and 5 cents a ton on ore testing more than 59 per cent.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—

A bill extending the terms of members of the railroad and warehouse commission from four to six years and increasing salaries to $4,500 was introduced by Representative Dunn.

Representative Hillman introduced a bill changing the method of amending the constitution by allowing a majority of the votes cast for the amendment sufficient to carry. The present law provides that a majority of all votes cast at the election is necessary to pass a constitutional amendment.

The house passed a concurrent resolution inviting George E. Vincent, president-elect of the state university, to speak before the legislature Feb. 12.

Boosters Slam Fair Aid.

A petition from the Olivia Commercial Club against making any more appropriations for the state fair was read. It read: "Millions of dollars has already been appropriated to make the state fair self-supporting and the only people benefited were certain classes in the Twin Cities."

The house committe on judiciary and the senate committee on general legislation will hold an open session on Feb. 15 to discuss the proposed workingmen's compensation bill.

Miss Josephine Schain, secretary of the committee on billboards of the Minneapolis Woman's Club appeared before the delegation and asked for the passage of an enabling act giving city councils authority to regulate billboards. She deplored the present appearance of the billboards and declared that many of the posters were immoral.

A bill to provide $25,000 for grass seed for the burned regions of upper Minnesota, introduced by Senator Clague, was passed.

Action on the McNeil bill allowing counties to issue bonds for good roads to the extent of one-half per cent of their total valuation was deferred. This bill is intended to provide for the million dollar bond issue for Hennepin county, which was declared unconstitutional two years ago on the theory that it was class legislation. The proposed bill includes every county in the state, to remove the unconstitutional feature.

St. Paul, Feb. 15.—The legislative sub-committee on the state fair has completed a tentative bill governing the fair, which will be put in final form this week. The bill is based upon Iowa's state fair law, changed to suit Minnesota conditions.

The principal feature of the proposed bill is the basis of representation in the state agricultural society, which elects the members of the state fair board. The bill allows each county which maintains a county fair three representatives and those not maintaining county fairs one representative each, to be appointed by the board of county commissioners. The membership of independent organizations, such as the cattle breeders and wool growers' associations, is reduced from 40 to 15. All subsidiary organizations of the leading independent societies are denied representation.

Honorary Members Limited.

It was the understanding of the committee that there were only twenty honorary members. An investigation of the books, however, showed there are fifty-nine honorary members entitled to vote. The bill provides that only one new honorary member shall be appointed each year and he shall be the retiring president. The committee believes the number of the honorary members will be materially reduced by death during the next fifteen years and that the number will finally be reduced to not more than twenty-five.

The bill provides that all state fair moneys shall be deposited with the state treasury. Owing to the objection that it takes too much time to secure money from the state treasury to pay the bills, a revolving fund is allowed the board to carry on its business. A report of the condition of this revolving fund must be made every month.

The committee also favors a provision taking away from members of the state fair board the power to fix their own salaries and giving it to the legislature.

The bill gives the supervision of the state fair buildings to the state board of control. This board would have charge of these buildings, as it has over all other state buildings. It would provide for repairs and supervise the letting of contracts and the construction of all new buildings.

Agricultural Building Boosted.

The legislature joint committee on state fair recommended an appropriation of $350,000 for the construction of an agricultural building at the state fair grounds. The proposition met with opposition on the part of the senator and members of the committee.

FIRE DOES $500,000 DAMAGES.

Standard Oil Sulphuric Acid Plant Destroyed.

Point Richmond, California.—Fire, caused by blazing soot from a chimney falling on the roof of the sulphuric acid plant of the Standard Oil company, destroyed that plant, a tank containing 500,000 gallons of crude oil and damaged the $1,000,000 acid plant. One man was terribly burned. Three men were injured. The damage is estimated at $500,000.

HOXSEY HEIGHT RECORD VOID.

Barograph Smashed in Fatal Plunge Was Not Officially Tested.

Los Angeles, Calif. — Because the barograph which Arch Hoxsey wore around his neck when he made his plunge to death during the recent Los Angeles aviation meet was smashed to pieces, its accuracy remained untested, and the altitude record of more than 11,000 feet which Hoxsey had made a few days before the fatal accident is declared unverified and unofficial.

Huge Building For Seattle.

Seattle, Wash. — The last obstacle in the way of the erection of a forty-one story building in this city by the estate of the late L. C. Smith of Syracuse, N. Y., was removed when the council committee that has been going over the plans voted to grant the permit. The local agent for the Smith estate informed the committee that the skyscraper, which will be the highest office building in the world outside of New York, will be begun within the next six weeks.

Trading Stamp Law Invalid.

Annapolis, Md. — The Maryland court of appeals has declared unconstitutional a legislative enactment regulating the conduct of the trading stamp business in this state. The companies contended that the requirements and conditions imposed by the act practically prohibited the issue of stamps. The opinion holds broadly that the present manner of conducting the trading stamp business does not involve such chance and uncertainty as to arouse the gaming or gambling spirit.

CANADA GETS $1,500 TROPHY.

NATIONAL CORN EXPOSITION, AT COLUMBUS, OHIO, AWARDS TROPHY FOR PECK OF OATS GROWN IN SASKATCHEWAN.

Again Canada is to the fore, and has secured at the National Corn Exposition just closed at Columbus, Ohio, the magnificent Colorado silver trophy valued at $1,500, for the best peck of oats. These oats were grown by Messrs. Hill & Son, of Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, and, as may readily be understood, were of splendid quality to have been so successful in a contest open to the world, and in which competition was keen. At the same Exposition there were exhibits of wheat and barley, and in all these competitions, the grain shown by Canada secured a wonderful amount of attention, and also a number of awards. During recent exhibitions at which grain from Western Canada was given permission for entry, it always took first place. At the Spokane Interstate Fair, last fall, where the entries were very large, and the competition keen, the Province of Alberta carried off the silver cup, given by Governor Hay, for the best state or province display, and a score of prizes was awarded Canadian exhibitors for different exhibits of wheat, oats and barley threshed and in the sheaf. Vegetables also received high awards. A pleasing feature of these exhibits was they were mostly made by farmers who had at one time been American Citizens and were now farming in Canada. The Department of the Interior is just in receipt of a magnificent diploma given by the Tri-State Board of Examiners at the Fair held in Cincinnati last fall for agricultural display by Canada.

The Surveyor-General of Canada has just completed a map showing that a large area of land was surveyed last year in the northern portion of Saskatchewan and Alberta in order to be ready for the rush of homesteaders to that district during the coming spring and summer. It is understood surveys covering several hundreds of thousands of acres will be made in addition to these during the coming summer.

A return just issued by the Dominion Lands Branch shows that 48,257 homestead entries were made last year as compared with 37,061 in 1909; of this 48,257, 14,704 were made by Americans. North Dakota coming first on the list with 4,810, Minnesota gives 2,526, South Dakota 1,133, Wisconsin 745, Washington 730, Michigan 706, Iowa 645, while other states show less, but with the exception of Delaware, District of Columbia and the Indian Territory, every state and territory contributed.

The prospects for an abundant crop in all parts of Western Canada for 1911 are said to be excellent. In the districts that required it there was an ample rainfall last autumn, and the snowfall during the present winter is greater than in many previous years. Both are essential factors to the farmers, who look upon the moisture that these will produce as being highly beneficial.

A large immigration from the United States is expected, and the demand for literature and information from the various Government Agencies located at different points in the States is the greatest it has ever been.

Since the above was written word has been received that in addition to honors won at Columbus, Ohio, Canada won first and second on wheat and first and second on oats, as well as diplomas.

Norman Cherry of Davis, Saskatchewan, who was in the reserve for first on wheat, secured the award, with G. H. Hutton of Lacombe, Alberta, second. J. C. Hill & Sons got first on oats besides the silver trophy. G. H. Hutton took second in oats.

An undertaker knows at lot of "dead ones" that he is unable to bury.

Garfield Tea has brought good health to thousands! Unequaled for constipation.

Angelfood cakes seldom make boys angelic.

In Boston.

Mrs. Beans—How rapidly Emerson grows!

Mrs. Cod—Yes; he will be in short specs very soon.—Harper's Bazar.

Great Home Eye Remedy,
for all diseases of the eye, quick relief from using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Happiness grows at our own fireside and is not to be picked in strangers' gardens.—Douglas Jerrold.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood and eradicates rheumatism. It is made of Herbs.

Duty makes us do things well, but love makes us do them beautifully.—Phillips Brooks.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Reforms come slowly because we all would rather wield the ax than bear the knife.

Don't worry about your complexion—take Garfield Tea, the blood purifier.

All the world's a stage, and life is the greatest on earth.

Roots
Barks Herbs

That have great medicinal power, are raised to their highest efficiency, for purifying and enriching the blood, as they are combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

40,366 testimonials received by actual count in two years. Be sure to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

TAKE A DOSE OF
PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch
makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

Women Who Suffer

from woman's ailments are invited to write to the names and addresses here given, for positive proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does cure female ills.

Tumor Removed.
Elmo, Mo.—Mrs. Sarah J. Stuart, R.F.D. No. 2, Box 10.
Peoria, Ill.—Mrs. Christina Reed, 105 Mound St.
Natick, Mass.—Mrs. Nathan B. Greaton, 51 North Main St.
Milwaukee, Wis.—Mrs. Emma Imse, 833 1st St.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Alvena Sperling, 1468 Clybourne Ave.
Galena, Kan.—Mrs. R. R. Huey, 713 Mineral Av.
Victoria, Miss.—Mrs. Willie Edwards.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. W. H. Housh, 7 Eastview Ave.

Change of Life.
Epping, N.H.—Mrs. Celia E. Stevens.
Streator, Ill.—Mrs. J. H. Campbell, 206 North Second St.
Brooklyn, N.Y.—Mrs. Evens, 826 Halsey St.
Noah, Ky.—Mrs. Lizzie Holland.
Cathamet, Wash.—Mrs. Elva Barber Edwards.
Circleville, Ohio.—Mrs. Alice Kirlin, 233 West Huston St.
Salem, Ind.—Mrs. Lizzie S. Hinkle, R.R. No. 3.
New Orleans, La.—Mrs. Gaston Blondeau, 1612 Terpsichore St.
Mishawaka, Ind.—Mrs. Chas. Bauer, Sr., 523 East Marion St.
Racine, Wis.—Mrs. Katie Kubik, R. 2, Box 81.
Beaver Falls, Pa.—Mrs. W. P. Boyd, 2410 9th Av.

Maternity Troubles.
Bronaugh, Mo.—Mrs. D. F. Aleshire.
Phenix, R.I.—Mrs. Wm. O. King, Box 283.
Carlstadt, N.J.—Mrs. Louis Fischer, 82 Monroe St.
South Sanford, Me.—Mrs. Charles A. Austin.
Schenectady, N.Y.—Mrs. H. Porter, 782 Albany St.
Taylorville, Ill.—Mrs. Joe Grantham, 825 W. Vandeveer St.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. Sophia Hoff, 515 McMicken Ave.
Big Run, Pa.—Mrs. W. E. Pooler.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. M. Johnston, 210 Siegel St.

Backache.
Peoria, Ill.—Mrs. Clara L. Gauwitz, R. R. No. 4, Box 62.
Augusta, Me.—Mrs. Winfield Dana, R. F. D. 2.
St. Paul, Minn.—Mrs. B. M. Schorn, 1083 Woodbridge St.
Pittsburg, Pa.—Mrs. G. Leiser, 5219 Kinkaid St., E.E.
Kearney, Mo.—Mrs. Thomas Asburry.
Blue Island, Ill.—Mrs. Anna Schwartz, 828 Grove St.
East Earl, Pa.—Mrs. Augustus Lyon, R.F.D. 2.

Operations Avoided.
Sikeston, Mo.—Mrs. Dema Bethune.
Gardiner, Me.—Mrs. S. A. Williams, 143 Washington Ave.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Wm. Ahrens, 2239 W. 21st St.
Bellevue, Ohio.—Mrs. Edith Wieland, 238 Monroe St.
DeForest, Wis.—Mrs. Auguste Vespermann.
Dexter, Kansas.—Mrs. Lizzie Scott.

Organic Displacements.
Black Duck, Minn.—Mrs. Anna Anderson, Box 19.
Wesleyville, Pa.—Mrs. Maggie Ester, R.F.D. 1.
Trenton, Mo.—Mrs. W. T. Purnell, 807 Lincoln Avenue.
Camden, N.J.—Mrs. Ella Johnston, 289 Liberty St.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Wm. Tully, 2052 Ogden Avenue.

Painful Periods.
Caledonia, Wis.—Mrs. Ph. Schattner, R.R. 14, Box 54.
Adrian, Mo.—Mrs. C. B. Mason, R.R. No. 2.
N. Oxford, Mass.—Miss Amelia Duso, Box 14.
Baltimore, Ohio.—Mrs. A. A. Balenger, R.F.D. 1.
Negaunee, Mich.—Mrs. Mary Sedlock, Box 1273.
Orrville, Ohio.—Mrs. E. F. Wagner, Box 630.
Atwater, Ohio.—Miss Minnie Muelhaupt.
Prairie du Chien, Wis.—Mrs. Julia Konicheck, R. No. 1.

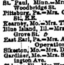
Irregularity.
Buffalo, N.Y.—Mrs. Clara Darbrake, 17 Mariemont St.
Winchester, Ind.—Mrs. May Deal, R.R. No. 7.
St. Regis Falls, N.Y.—Mrs. J. H. Breyere.
Grayville, Ill.—Mrs. Jessie Schaar, Box 22.
Hudson, Ohio.—Mrs. Geo. Strickler, R. No. 5, Box 32.

Ovarian Trouble.
Murrayville, Ill.—Mrs. Chas. Moore, R. R. 3.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Chas. Boell, 2219 N. Mole St.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Mrs. John G. Moldan, 2115 Second St., North.
Hudson, Ohio.—Mrs. Lena Carmocino, R.F.D. 7.
Westwood, Md.—Mrs. John F. Richards.
Benjamin, Mo.—Mrs. Julia Frantz, R.F.D. 1.

Female Weakness.
W. Terre Haute, Ind.—Mrs. Artie E. Hamilton.
Elmo, Mo.—Mrs. A. C. DaVault.
Lawrence, Iowa.—Mrs. Julia A. Snow, R. No. 3.
Utica, Ohio.—Mrs. Mary Earlwine, R. F. D. 3.
Bellevue, Ohio.—Mrs. Charley Chapman, R.F.D. No. 7.
Elgin, Ill.—Mrs. Henry Leiseberg, 743 Adams St.
Schaefferstown, Pa.—Mrs. Cyrus Hetrich.
Cresson, Pa.—Mrs. Ella E. Alkey.
Fairchance, Pa.—Mrs. Idella A. Dunham, Box 152.

Nervous Prostration.
Knoxville, Iowa.—Mrs. Clara Franks, R.F.D. 3.
Oronogo, Mo.—Mrs. Mae McKnight.
Camden, N.J.—Mrs. W. P. Valentine, 902 Lincoln Avenue.
Muddy, Ill.—Mrs. May Nolen.
Brookville, Ohio.—Mrs. R. Kinnison.
Fitchville, Ohio.—Mrs. C. Cole.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Frank Clark, 2416 E. Allegheny Ave.

These women are only a few of thousands of living witnesses of the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. Not one of these women ever received compensation in any form for the use of their names in this advertisement—but are willing that we should refer to them because of the good they may do other suffering women to prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a reliable and honest medicine, and that the statements made in our advertisements regarding its merit are the truth and nothing but the truth.



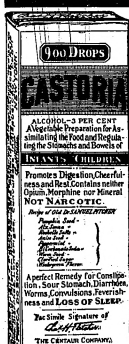
For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever, & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists **GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.**

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

N. W. N. U., NO. 7-1911.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

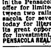
For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
Use address nearest you. 37

$1,000 Profit per Acre

Is possible on a five acre truck farm in the Pensacola District of Florida. We offer for limited time five acre farms between two railroads nine miles from Pensacola for seventeen cents a day. Write today for literature about Pensacola and its great opportunities for truck growing for investment.

PENSACOLA REALTY COMPANY, Pensacola, Florida



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Virginia Farms and Homes
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH easiest to work with and starches clothes nicest.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1911. NUMBER 33.

John E King State Librarian

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

At this writing it looks as if there is no escape from an extra session of congress.

The senate passed the bill appropriating $2,000,000 a year for the purchase of land for forest reserves in eastern states and especially in the White mountains and southern Appalachians.

Statehood for Arizona is impossible at this session of congress, for the reason that returns of the election held February 9 cannot be canvassed and certified under the law in time to reach Washington for action by congress.

Only one-quarter of the cargo of supplies to be sent to China on the army transport Bufford, for the relief of the famine sufferers, has been received, and the Red Cross has issued an urgent appeal for provisions and money to complete the cargo.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of Cadet Taylor for collector of customs at Omaha upon recommendation of the secretary of the treasury after careful examination into the charges against him by Victor Rosewater of Omaha. The senate may not confirm.

Personal recollections of Abraham Lincoln were related by Speaker Cannon at a gathering in memory of the martyred president. He refuted the charge that Lincoln was not a Christian or a God-fearing man. "The religion of Lincoln," said Mr. Cannon, "was not affiliated with any church, but nevertheless he was a religious man, doing all that he did for his country in preserving the union in the truth and fear of God."

General.

Senator Terrell of Georgia is reported as showing continued improvement.

Glenn Curtiss, in an areoplane, descended and ascended from the ocean at San Diego, Cal.

Col. John S. Harper, civil war veteran and newspaper publisher, died at Bloomington, Ill.

By a vote of 107 to 10 the Kansas house passed the Don Carlos initiative and referendum bill.

The contract for a loan of $10,000,000 to Honduras by American bankers was signed in New York, according to announcement by the state department.

A resolution instructing Kansas representatives and senators in favor of the Canadian reciprocity treaty was passed by the lower house of the state legislature.

President Taft appointed Victor M. Locke of Antlers, Okla., to be principal chief of the Choctaw nation in Oklahoma in the place of the late Green McCurtain.

Briefs in the pleas in abatement and the motions to quash the indictment gainst the meat packers were filed in the United States district court at Chicago.

James Stanton, manager of the Mutual Finance company, of Rockford, Ill., was arrested in Chicago on a charge of embezzlement. A shortage of $10,000 is alleged.

A resolution introduced by Kansas representatives and senators in favor of the Canadian reciprocity treaty was passed by the lower house of the state legislature.

Declaring the proposed reciprocity agreement with Canada a measure of the utmost value to both countries, the Boston Boot and Shoe club at its annual banquet passed resolutions favoring the measure.

That a total of $957,558.84 of special state taxes levied for 1909-10 remains unpaid is the startling situation revealed by an examination of the books of the state auditor and state treasurer of Oklahoma.

Charles Muncheler, a retired boss barber, broke the Brooklyn record for the rapid consumption of Scotch whisky. On a bet he finished a quart bottle in one hour—an average of one ordinary drink every four minutes, but it killed him.

Through the efforts of the widow of E. H. Harriman, with the aid of government officials in Colorado, 2,000 acres of land in Nevada, said to have been obtained illegally by the old Central Pacific railroad, have been deeded back to the government.

President Taft signed an executive order removing the land office from Aberdeen to Timber Lake, S. D.

A. M. Greenfall, son-in-law of Governor General Earl Grey, says Canada has a good bargain in the reciprocity agreement.

The Colorado senate adopted a resolution requesting President Taft to call an extra session to correct "the known inequalities" of the tariff law.

The Missouri senate's resolution asking President Taft to call an extra session of congress to revise the tariff was passed by the lower branch of the general assembly.

Senators expect the president to keep his word to call an extra session if reciprocity is not passed.

The United States torpedo boat destroyer Monaghan was launched at the plant of the Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock company.

The senate added $72,000 to the house pension bill.

There is small hope for ship subsidy at this session of congress.

General Navarro, at the head of a thousand federals, marched into Juarez.

A new rule was adopted in the house which stopped the filibuster in short order.

Elliott Northcutt, the newly appointed American minister to Nicaragua, assumed his post.

Former Secretary of State Olney declares the United States should not fortify the Panama canal.

Henry Richardson Chamberlain, London correspondent of the New York Sun since 1892, died.

Convicted officers of the Naval Stores company have been granted a rehearing by the supreme court.

The directors of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey declared a dividend of $15 for the quarter.

The supreme court of the United States ruled that advertising could not be exchanged for transportation.

Proceedings in the lower house of congress were held up an entire day by a filibuster by Representative Mann.

The directors of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad company decided to increase the capital stock by $25,000,000.

Nicaragua has been placed under martial law by President Estrada as a result of the magazine explosion at Managua.

Fire destroyed the garage of the Atchison Motor company, with a loss of $50,000. About twenty automobiles were burned.

Joseph D. Rockefeller, cousin of J. D. Rockefeller died at his home in South Bend, Ind. Mr. Rockefeller was born in Pennsylvania.

Frank Hotchkiss, known to Yale men for two generations as the official in charge of the grounds and buildings, died, aged 70 years.

Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad company authorized a $50,000,000 issue of collateral trust 4 per cent bonds payable in France.

Rumors of the bubonic plague spreading into the coast cities of Russia caused wheat prices in the Chicago market to go a half cent higher.

Andrew Carnegie has offered to establish a hero fund of $100,000 in Denmark. The foreign office already has expressed its gratitude for the proposed gift.

The King Lumber company, of Charlottesville, Va., has been awarded the contract for the construction of the public building at Holdrege, Neb., at $68,325.

The Mark Twain library, built as a memorial to Jean L. Clemens, daughter of the humorist, who was drowned at Stormfield, Dec. 24, 1909, was formally dedicated.

The will of Richard L. Ashhurst, the aged postmaster of Philadelphia, who mysteriously disappeared at Atlantic City on January 30, was filed in the office of register of wills.

Under the terms of the treaty providing for the arbitration of the Chamizal zone case, the United States and Mexico exchanged presentations of their respective cases.

A typically Rooseveltian program that will allow the former president but little idle time in the thirty-six hours he is to be in Chicago will await Colonel Roosevelt when he reaches that city.

C. C. King, formerly a banker in Pierre, S. D., who was sent to the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., in 1907 for violation of the national banking laws, completed his term Monday and was released.

The French government is not much interested in the plan for reciprocal trade relations maturing between the two great governments of North America, while French exporters are plainly apprehensive.

The Tennessee house of representatives adopted a resolution urging President Taft to call an extra session of congress March 4, 1911, to make an "immediate downward revision of the tariff on the necessaries of life."

Two hundred and forty-eight railway mail clerks at Syracuse, N. Y., took a revolutionary step for government employes by affiliating with the American Federation of Labor, receiving a charter and electing and installing officers.

The Interstate Commerce commission will begin a hearing in Chicago on March 29 on 13 applications filed by trans-continental railroads for relief from the operation of the long and short haul clause of the new commerce law.

Personal.

British unionists will fight the veto bill in parliament.

The funeral of Archbishop Ryan was held at Philadelphia.

Samuel Gompers says a progressive labor party must soon make its advent.

President Taft sent in the name of Cadet Taylor to be surveyor of customs in Omaha.

W. H. Corbett, president of the Willamette Iron work at Portland, Ore., died a few days ago.

Democrats in the house hope the president will call an extra session.

Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the president, attended the last german of the season at Baltimore.

Mexican Minister Limantour says the only basis of peace is that the rebels lay down their arms.

Senator Aldrich has written a letter to President Taft declaring himself in favor of Canadian reciprocity.

Henry Roujon, the writer, was elected to the seat of the French academy made vacant by the death of Henri Barboux.

TAFT ACTS IN INDIAN LIQUOR CASES

SENDS MESSAGE TO CONGRESS BEARING ON MINNESOTA IMBROGLIO.

THREE EXECUTIVE ORDERS

Asks Repeal of Laws Prohibiting Liquor in Certain Territory—Old Pacts Outgrown, He Says.

Washington, D. C. — The long delayed message to congress and the orders of the executive, together with recommendations to congress for legislation, which are to bring to an end the prohibition of liquor in the sections of Minnesota not now occupied by Indians, were issued by President Taft. In the message the president gives a full history of all the treaties and legislation bearing upon the Indian liquor question and formally makes recommendations that congress extend the laws of the United States prohibiting the sale of liquor in certain described territory. Bills to carry into effect these recommendations of the president will be introduced by Representative Miller and other members of the Minnesota delegation.

"In the years which have elapsed since making these treaties," the president says in the message, "conditions have largely changed, the Indian population being reduced, large white settlements have been made and great cities like St. Paul and Minneapolis have come to occupy a portion what, at the date of the treaties, was denominated Indian country. Notwithstanding these facts, this territory still remains subject to the regulation respecting the traffic in liquor originally imposed for the protection of the Indians.

"Such an anomalous condition of affairs," he continues, "should no longer continue, and the regulation of traffic in liquors in those areas, now almost exclusively occupied by white people, should be left to them. In those instances where the treaty authorized the president to repeal or modify the provisions I have exercised that right. Some of the treaties, however, provide that the provisions referred to shall continue and be in force until otherwise provided by congress."

The essential features of President Taft's message recommending certain dry zones, which are described in detail, are as follows:

First, referring to the treaty of 1855: "By the treaty of Feb. 27, 1855, with the Winnebago tribe of Indians, that tribe ceded to the United States a tract of land granted to them by the treaty made Oct. 13, 1846, within the territory, now the state of Minnesota, lying north of St. Peter's river and west of the Mississippi river, estimated to contain about 897,900 acres, and, in part consideration for the cession, the United States agreed to grant to the said Indians as their permanent home a certain tract to be selected as therein provided.

"As there are but few, if any, Indians residing within said area, and the Indian office reports that there is no occasion for the continuance in force and effect of the treaty provision above referred to, I recommend that legislation be enacted declaring the treaty provision to be of no further force or effect.

Would Extend Laws.

"I therefore recommend that appropriate legislation be enacted, extending the laws of the United States prohibiting the introduction and sale of spirituous liquors in the Indian country through that portion of the territory ceded by said treaty, particularly described as follows:

"Beginning at a point where the line between Townships 45 and 46 north intersects the line between Ranges 15 and 16 west of the Fourth principal meridian, thence north along said line to the northeast corner of Township 53 north, Range 16 west, thence west along the line between Townships 53 and 54 north to the point where it intersects the western boundary established by said treaty of Sept. 30, 1854; thence following the said treaty line in a southwesterly direction to the point where it intersects the line between Townships 45 and 46 north, thence due east along the said line to the point of beginning, and all that portion of the state of Minnesota which lies east of the Fourth principal meridian.

"By the treaty of Feb. 22, 1855, with the Mississippi bands of Chippewa Indians, an area extending almost entirely across the northern part of the state of Minnesota and from its northerly boundary practically to its center, was ceded to the United States.

Can Protect Indians.

"The records of the Indian bureau show that there are within said area, under the jurisdiction of the superintendents of the White Earth and Leech Lake reservations, 7,196 Indians, who can be amply protected by limiting the territory as to which in force and effect to the area within and contiguous to said reservations, particularly described as follows:

"Beginning at the mouth of the Wild Rice river, thence in a northeasterly direction along the line established by said treaty of Feb. 22, 1855, to the point where it intersects the line between Townships 32 and 33 west of the Fifth principal meridian, thence south along said line to the northeast corner of Township 146 north, Range 3 west of the Fifth principal meridian, thence east along said line to the northeast corner of Township 146 north, Range 25 west of the Fifth principal meridian, thence north along the Third guide meridian to the northwest corner of fractional Township 58 north, Range 27 west of the Fourth principal meridian, thence east to the northeast corner of said township, thence south along the line between Ranges 26 and 27 west of the Fourth principal meridian, to the southeast corner of Township 53 north, Range 27 west of the Fourth principal meridian, thence west to the southwest corner of said township, thence south along the Third guide meridian to the point where it crosses the Mississippi river thence down the said river to the mouth of Crow Wing river, thence in a westerly direction following the southern boundary of said treaty to the point where it intersects the line between Townships 35 and 36 west of the Fifth principal meridian, thence north along said line to the northeast corner of Township 136 north, Range 6 west, thence west along the line between Townships 136 and 137 north to the point where it intersects the boundary line established by said treaty, thence along said boundary to the point of beginning.

"I therefore recommend, that congress modify the article of said treaty so as to exclude from the operations of its provisions all of the territory ceded by said treaty to the United States except that immediately above described."

The executive orders exempting the operations of the old Indian treaties are three in number. They cover the treaties of 1831, 1851 and 1863. These treaties, so far as they relate to the selling of liquor, are abrogated by the order of the executive. The order as to the 1831 treaty makes that instrument apply only in the following described territory:

"Beginning at a point where the line between Township 45 and 46 north intersects the line between Ranges 15 and 16 west of the Fourth principal meridian, thence north along said line to the northeast corner of Township 53 north, Range 16 west, thence west along the line between Townships 53 and 54 north to the point where it intersects the western boundary established by said treaty of Sept. 30, 1854, thence folowing the said treaty line in a southwesterly direction to the point where it intersects the line between Townships 45 and 46 north, thence due east along said line to the point of beginning, and all that portion of the state of Minnesota which lies east of the Fourth principal meridian.

"And the provisions of said Article 7 of said treaty shall continue to be in full force and effect within the territory excepted from operation of this order until otherwise ordered by the president. The treaty of 1851 is made not to apply in the future except to the following territory:

"Beginning at a point where the line between Townships 129 and 130 north crosses the Boise de Sioux river, thence east along said line to the northeast corner of Township 129 north, Range 45 west, thence south along the said range line to the northeast corner of Township 122 north, Range 45 west, thence east to the northeast corner of Township 122 north, range 44 west, thence south along said range line to the point where it intersects the line established by said treaty of July 23, 1851, thence in a northwesterly direction along the said treaty line to the point where it touches Lake Traverse, thence north along said lake to the mouth of the Boise de Sioux river, thence up said river to the point of beginning."

Speaking of the treaties of 1863 and 1847, the president said the territory covered by the latter treaty shall no longer be held as Indian land.

His order as to the 1863 treaty is as follows:

"By virtue of the power vested in me by the provisions of Article 7 of the treaty of Oct. 2, 1863 (13 Stat. L. 667), it is hereby ordered that the provisions of said Article 7 of said treaty shall not hereafter apply to or be of any force or effect throughout the territory ceded to the United States by said treaty, except in that portion lying east of the Sixth guide meridian, and said Article 7 of said treaty shall continue to be in full force and effect throughout the territory excepted from the operations of this order until otherwise directed by congress or the president of the United States."

MANKATO TO HAVE RESTROOM.

Women's Clubs Considerate of Comfort of Farmers' Wives and Children.

Mankato.—A committee representing the various women's clubs of the city appeared before the council and requested that it pay the rent of a room that could be used as a restroom for farmers' wives and children, the clubs to furnish, maintain and look after it. The council appointed a committee to act with the ladies in selecting a suitable room.

SHOPLIFTERS AT WORK.

Silks Stolen From Stillwater Store—Suspects Traced to St. Paul.

Stillwater.—Shoplifters robbed the dry goods store of Murphy & Co. of thirty yards of valuable silks. Two men and a woman, all strangers, are suspected and were traced to St. Paul, where the clue was lost. The woman and one of the men engaged a clerk in conversation and the second man is then supposed to have placed the goods under his overcoat.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Feb. 22.—The joint committee of the legislature completed its state fair bill which will be introduced in the house early next week. It makes the state fair a quasi-state organization and places its finances under the supervision of state officers. The proposed bill reduces in membership the number of agricultural societies entitled to delegates.

County fair associations which shall maintain an active existence, hold annual fairs and shall have paid out at the preceding fair the sum of $400 in premiums and have a membership of 55 are entitled to three delegates each. Two of these are to be elceted and the third is to be the president of the fair society. In cases where more than one county agricultural society exists the senior society shall be entitled to choose such delegates. Such seniority shall be determined by the state auditor; no delegates are to be seated until they have certificates from the state auditor.

One delegate is allowed from every county in which no county fair society exists and he is to be appointed by the county board of commissioners. No one is allowed a vote unless he is a resident of the state. This section was put in the bill to eliminate several honorary members who reside outside the state. The bill provides that honorary members may be chosen by a vote.

Societies Allowed Delegates.

Two delegates are allowed each of the following societies: State Horticultural society, State Dairymen's association, State Beekeepers' association, Minnesota Livestock Breeders' association; Minnesota Field Breeders' association; Minnesota Swine Breeders' association, Minnesota Horse Breeders' association, Minnesota Veterinary association, Minnesota Cattle Breeders' association, Minnesota Sheep Breeders' association, State Poultry association, Minnesota State Implement association, Minnesota State Florists' association, Minnesota County Exhibitors' association, Minnesota Federation of County Fairs and the State Foresters' association. All subsidiary organizations are eliminated from representation.

The members of the governing board of the State Agricultural society by virtue of their offices are entitled to one vote each.

The annual compensation of the members of the governing board of the state fair is fixed at $600 and the president, under this bill, would receive $1,000 a year. The board fixes the salaries of the secretary and treasurer.

County Option Is Defeated.

County option was given its quietus in the senate by a vote of 37 to 24. It was the Rines county option bill defeated in the house, and introduced in the senate by Senator V. L. Johnson.

Senator Johnson opened the debate. He said the county option bill was the most important measure before the legislature. More people were interested in it, he said, than in reapportionment, railroad legislation or workingmen's compensation bills. He described the harm done by "that monstrosity of modern civilization, the American saloon." Also, "the farce comedy recently enacted in the so-called 'Indian lid' territory" came in for its share of excoriation.

Roll Call Results.

The roll call was as follows:

For county option, Republican—Bedford, Dale, Dwinnell, Elwell, Fosseen, Gunderson, Hackney, Hanson, Haycraft, V. L. Johnson, Lende, Nelson, Putnam, Rustad, Saugstad, Sundberg, Thoe, Wallace, Wilson; Democrat—Cashman, Odell, Peterson; Prohibitionist—Froshaug; Populist—Sageng.

Against county option, Republican—Anderson, Benson, Boyle, Carpenter, Clague, L. O. Cook, Denegre, Duea, Duxbury, Gunn, Johnston, Klein, Marden, Murray, Olson, Pugh, Rockne, Stebbins, G. H. Sullivan, Swanson; Democrat—Ahman, Cheadle, Coller, C. F. Cook, Glotzbach, Handlan, C. D. Johnson, L'Herault, McGrath, Pauly, Poehler, Schaller, J. D. Sullivan, Van Hoven, Weis, Works.

Representative Robertson has introduced a bill in the house making it a misdemeanor for a company to make false and misleading statements concerning its products through newspaper advertisements.

Representative Henry Rines presented a bill relieving upper Minnesota farmers from paying taxes on mineral rights reserved by the person from whom they purchased the property.

John G. Lennon introduced a bill fixing a tax of one mill on every bushel of wheat or flax handled by elevators or warehouses and one-half mill on all other grains. The present law provides for a tax of one-fourth of a mill on wheat and flax and one-eighth of a mill on all other grains.

St. Paul, Feb. 23.—Reapportionment on a population basis has neared its goal. By a vote of 85 to 31, the Minnesota house passed the Congdon bill, putting the measure up to the senate where is said the friends of reapportionment have enough votes to pass the bill. The passage of what is probable the most important measure of the session, came after a notable debate.

The final vote was as follows:

Yeas—Aker, Anderson, Andrew; Anderson, A. V.; Anderson, J. J.; Boothroyd, Borgen, Bouck, Brown, L. D.; Burnquist, Campbell, Congdon, Converse, Davis, Dunn, R. C.; Edwards, Ferguson, Fowler, Fuchs, Greene, Hafften, Hauge, Healy, Henlon, Herzberg, Hillman, Holmberg, Holten, Jelinek, Johnson, C. E.; Johnson, J. N.; Johnson, J. T.; Just, Keefe, Kelly, Knapp, Kneeland, Knutson, Kunze, Lee, I. J.; Lee, J. F.; Lee, S. N.; Lennon, Lindberg, Lundeen, Lydiard, McKenzie, McNeil, Mattson, Mattling, Minette, Morton, Nash, Nelson, A. Nolan, Nye, O'Neil, Orr, Palmer, Perry, Peterson, A. J.; Peterson, O.; Pfaender, Putnam, Ribenack, Rice, Rines, Robertson, Saggau, Sampson, Skartum, Spooner, C. R. Stone, W. T. Stone, Sulerud, Sullivan, Untiedt, Utecht, Virtue, Voxland, C. H. Warner, Washburn, Webb, White, Wisniewski, Mr. Speaker.

Nayes—G. W. Brown, Christie, Clarke, Conley, Crane, Davies, Denzer, Farley, Frankson, Harding, Hoffman, Hopkins, Hurley, Klemer, Liberh, McDonald, McMartin, Moriarty, Nelson, H. Nygren, Papke, Peters, Peterson, J. E.; Reed, Robinson, Rustad, Schuler, Schwartz, Thielen, E. Warner, Wescott.

Bank Guaranty Law Urged.

State guaranty of bank deposits is planned in a bill introduced in the house by Representatives Kelly and Robinson. It provides for a state banking board to be composed of the governor, auditor of public accounts and attorney general which is to be given control over the banking business in the state and be at the head of a corps of bank examiners. The bill proposes that an assessment of one-fourth of a mill on the average daily deposits of any bank be levied to create a fund to re-imburse depositors in case of failures.

A new feature of the bill is the limiting of banks in the state. It provides that no bank can be organized with a capital of less than $10,000 in towns of not more than 500 people, a minimum capital of $15,000 in towns of not more than 1,000 people; $20,000 in towns of not more than 2,000 people; $25,000 in cities of not more than 5,000 people; $35,000 in cities of not more than 25,000 population; $50,000 in cities of not more than 100,000 people, and $100,000 in cities between 100,000 and 200,000 inhabitants.

Telegraph Rate Regulation.

Regulation of telegraph rates within the state of Minnesota is provided or in a bill introduced in the house by J. T. Johnson. It fixes a maximum charge of 25 cents for 10 words and 2 cents each for additional words. The present schedule of charges ranges from 25 to 40 cents for 10 words and from 2 to 3 cents for additional words.

Representative W. T. Stone introduced a bill providing a severe penalty for the carrying on of white slave traffic in Minnesota.

It was proposed to make more trust companies possible by reducing the capital stock required from $200,000 to $50,000 in case of small towns, and to increase the amount of capital stock required according to the size of the town. It was pointed out that there were only six trust companies in Minnesota at the present time.

Four-Year Terms for County Jobs.

R. C. Dunn has introduced a bill in the house extending the terms of county auditors, treasurers, registers of deeds, sheriffs, coroners, county attorneys, county surveyors and superintendents of schools from two to four years. The bill proposes that the present terms shall be lengthened two years and that thereafter they shall be four years.

The reciprocity pact received a body blow by a vote of 36 to 26. The Rockne resolution recommending postponement, was adopted.

The Nash-Moriarity bill, making Columbus day, Oct. 12, a legal holiday in Minnesota, passed the house by a vote of 71 to 25.

Trouble at Outset.

Trouble arose at the outset of the debate over the proposed amendment changing districts in the southern part of the state. This change involved districts No. 9 and No. 10, Watonwan and Martin counties composed of district No. 9 in the original bill and Jackson, Cottonwood and Murray counties made up district No. 10. By the amendment, Martin and Jackson are joined and Watonwan goes to the tenth.

TURKS DIE IN QUAKE.

Mosques and Houses Demolished in Monastir.

Constantinople, Turkey. — A violent earthquake was felt at Monastir and elsewhere through the vilayet of Monastir. There was some loss of life. Several mosques and houses were demolished. The population is camping out and suffering intensely with the cold. The authorities have appealed to the government for 300 tents and relief funds.

EDITORS MUST PAY CASH.

Final Decision in the Monon Railway Cases.

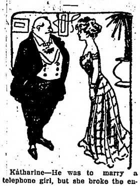
Washington, D. C. — Only money and not advertising can be accepted by interstate railroads on payment for transportation, according to an interpretation by the supreme court of the United States of the Hepburn rate law of 1906. The decision involved a large number of contracts between the Monon Railway Company and various publishers.

Sticky Sweating Palms

after taking salts or cathartic waters—did you ever notice that weary all *gone* feeling—the palms of your hands sweat—and rotten taste in your mouth — Cathartics only move by sweating your bowels —Do a lot of hurt—Try a CASCARET and see how much easier the job is done — how much better you feel. 908

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

THE SITUATION



Katharine—He was to marry a telephone girl, but she broke the engagement.

Kidder—Oh, I see! A case of "ring off."

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS

A speedy and economical treatment for disfiguring pimples is the following: Gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, but do not rub. Wash off the ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and bathe freely for some minutes. Repeat morning and evening. At other times use hot water and Cuticura Soap for bathing the face as often as agreeable. Cuticura soap and ointment are equally successful for itching, burning, scaly and crusted humors of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, usually affording instant relief, when all else fails. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for the latest Cuticura book on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp.

Probably Got Off.

Apropos of certain unfounded charges of drunkenness among the naval cadets at Annapolis, Admiral Dewey, at a dinner in Washington, told a story about a young sailor.

"The sailor, after a long voyage," he said, "went ashore in the tropics, and, it being a hot day, he drank, in certain tropical bars, too much beer.

"As the sailor lurched under his heavy load along a palm-bordered avenue, his captain hailed him indignantly.

"'Look here,' the captain said, 'suppose you were my commander, and you met me in such a condition as you're in now, what would you do to me?'

"'Why, sir,' said the sailor, 'I wouldn't condescend to take no notice of you at all, sir.'"

When the life is shifty as the sands the creed is sure to be proud of being like a rock.

Ready With Proof.

An earnest preacher in Georgia, who has a custom of telling the Lord all the news in his prayers, recently began a petition for help against the progress of wickedness in his town with the statement:

"O thou great Jehovah, crime is on the increase. It is becoming more prevalent daily. I can prove it to you by statistics."—Everybody's Magazine.

Scott's Rebecca in "Ivanhoe."

The character of Rebecca, in Scott's "Ivanhoe" was taken from a beautiful Jewess, Miss Rebecca Gratz of Philadelphia. Her steadfastness to Judaism, when related by Washington Irving to Scott, won his admiration and caused the creation of one of his finest characters.

Keeping Oil Fire From Spreading.

Milk will quench a fire caused by an exploding lamp, water only spreading the oil.

Women Appreciate

Step-savers and Time-savers.

Post Toasties

FOOD

is fully cooked, ready to serve direct from the package with cream or milk, and is a deliciously good part of any meal.

A trial package usually establishes it as a favorite breakfast cereal.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES. President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

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COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, February 25, 1911.

The Boy Scouts

"The whole object of our scheme is to seize the boy's character in its red hot stage of enthusiasm and to weld it into the right shape and encourage and develop its individuality so that the boy may become a good man and a valuable citizen."

This is the object of the boy scout movement as expressed by Sir Robert Baden-Powell, "father" of the boy scout idea and chief scout in England.

But it is the way this object is accomplished that appeals to boys, There is a certain amount of energy in a boy that he's got to get rid of. If he does n't do something good he'll do something bad. Scouting gives him something good to do—something that appeals to his imagination, fires his spirit of chivalry and strengthens his sense of honor. It takes him out into the open and teaches him the lore of the woods, the handicraft of the pioneer, and absolute self reliance, at the same time that it builds him up physically. It is a practical, common sense education presented in such a form that no healthy, red blooded boy can resist its allurements,

Six or eight boys form a patrol, named after some animal, and headed by a patrol leader who is himself a boy. Two or more patrols form a troop, which is in charge of a scoutmaster, who must be a man, and should be one who remembers how life appeared to him when he was a boy—a clean, energetic man, with imagination enough to enter into the scout work with the same enthusiasm as the boys themselves. It is not hard to persuade such men to take up the work, for it is just such men that the work appeals to—the opportunity for doing good attracts them

Weekly meetings are held, at which the boys practice such features of the work as knot tying, first aid and bandaging, signaling, memory work, compass reading, and a score of other things, while they make plans for their scouting excursions into the country. On these excursions they track, judge distances and direction, observe animals and trees, cook meals, build shelter camps, and do other things that may be suggested by a resourceful scoutmaster

There are three degrees of scouts and the scout advances from one degree to another only on passing a set examination on the most practical subjects

To attempt to go into the details of the work is futile, for they would fill volumes. But there are two things that stand out very clearly. One is the boy scout motto, "Be Prepared." The other is a part of the boy scout law—oh, yes, they have laws, not so stringent as to scare a boy out, just enough to hold him in check without infringing on his liberty. In this law, which a scout pledges on his honor he will obey, the scout promises to do "a good turn" every day. It's the golden rule again, practically applied.

Subh is the movement which has spread over the United States in less than a year, which has enlisted boys by hundreds of thousands, and which has been taken up by clubs, societies, individuals, and churches.

The men behind the movement are proof enough of its character. President Taft is the honorary president, Theodore Roosevelt is the vice president of the national committee, Ernest Thompson Seton is chief scout, and Admiral George Dewey, Gifford Pinchot, David Starr Jordan, Dan Beard, and Jacob Riis are among the fifty prominent men who are members of the national council.

In dozens of towns in the northwest boy scout patrols and troops have been organized, and scores of other towns are preparing to introduce the movement, Most of these will be assisted by L. S. Dale, the northwest organizer, whose work is endorsed by Ramey Council No. 1, Boy Scouts of America, at St. Paul, and by the officials of the national council in New York. Mr. Dale will come here and explain the movement and assist in organizing patrols, without charge, if his services are desired. It would be well for citizens who are interested in the movement to communicate with Mr. Dale, whose address is Room 316, Dispatch Building, St. Paul.

Murder at Crookston

Crookston has a murder sensation. The body of Theodore Nelson, employed by the Singer Sewing Machine company, was found early last Tuesday morning at the home of Sivert Simpson.

Simpson, Nelson, anh two others had been drinking and went to the Simpson home late in the evening. Simpson went to sleep on the couch where the body of Nelson was later found. Nelson in his drunken stupor went up stairs and into the room occupied by Mrs. Simuson and the children, threw himself on the children's bed and went to sleep. Later Simdson, still under influence of liquor, went up stairs, found the man in the room, and shot him.

WAKING UP WILLIAM

His Wily Wife Finally Got What She Was After.

IT WAS A WELL PLAYED GAME

William Was a Little Slow, but When the Lady's Trump Card Was Played He Said Just What She Wanted Him to Say From the Very Start.

"William," said Mrs. Gilmartin, bending over the sewing in her lap, "what do you think we'd better have Thursday night when the Pritchards come?"

Mr. Gilmartin lowered his paper an instant and stared across the table at her.

"Have?" he said. "Why, I suppose we'll have a couple of games of cinch and a lot of foolish talk, as usual."

"I mean what will we have to eat—stupid!" explained his wife. "You know they always have a little lunch when we go over to their place."

"Oh, to eat!" echoed Gilmartin, resuming his newspaper. "Why, have whatever you like. I don't care."

Mrs. Gilmartin sighed and patted the sewing on her knee after taking a furtive glance at her engrossed husband.

"That's easy enough to say," she observed, "but I want to talk to you about it. This is important. Do help me out, Will," she added. "I've thought until I'm dizzy, and nothing seems quite the thing."

"H-m-m!" said Gilmartin, frowning at the wall paper and trying to think. "Why, I should think—er—almost anything would do that's—er—nice—whatever they usually have, you know," he added rather helplessly. "Go ahead and get up a nice little supper. You know how." And he calmly resumed his newspaper.

"But this is different, dear," persisted Mrs. Gilmartin, puckering her brows and her sewing in her agitation. "This is Mrs. Pritchard's birthday, and we invited them to celebrate it with us weeks and weeks ago. You know she's such a stickler for having everything just right. I'm worried sick."

"What is there to worry about?" demanded her husband, looking over the top of the paper in surprise. "I suppose the Pritchards eat about the same sort of things the rest of us do. I never saw much difference the few times we had a bite with them. They aren't any better than we are, as far as I can see. I guess what's good enough for us is good enough for Al Pritchard and his wife."

Mrs. Gilmartin heaved another rather pathetic sigh and said: "It isn't the actual food I'm worrying about and whether it will be, as you say, good enough for them. That's silly. But it's the selection of a little menu for a birthday party and the table decorations and the lights and—and everything," she added. "Mrs. Pritchard says it's the little things that show the clever housekeeper."

There was silence for a few moments, and then Mrs. Gilmartin ventured a suggestion:

"Creamed oysters are nice," she said.

"Um-hum," breathed the head of the house absently. "What was that?" he demanded, turning suddenly. "I didn't hear."

"I said creamed oysters are nice," repeated Mrs. Gilmartin.

"Sure! Of course they are!" he declared with enthusiasm. "All right. Let's have creamed oysters," and he dived into the stock market reports.

"Well, you don't imagine we can make a whole birthday supper off creamed oysters, do you?" demanded Mrs. Gilmartin indignantly. "There must be a lot of other things thought of. Mrs. Pritchard says it's just these little affairs that bring out real tact and good taste."

"Oh, bother Mrs. Pritchard!" snapped Gilmartin.

"Why, Will!" said his wife mildly. "I'm afraid you're out of sorts this evening, and I did want to have a nice long talk about this little supper, because so much depends on it."

"I beg your pardon," said her husband contritely, laying down his paper. "I didn't mean to be cross. Now, what will we have after the creamed oysters?"

"I suppose a chicken salad or something like that would be all right," said Mrs. Gilmartin rather doubtfully, "and we ought to have a stuffed tomato, although that seems awfully common and ordinary for a birthday party. You know the Pritchards always turn the whole thing over to Robbem, who has that caterer's place near them, whenever they have anything sort of formal—a birthday or a holiday party like this, you know."

"What do we want of a caterer to get up supper for four people?" demanded Mr. Gilmartin. "You can get away with it in great shape with Hilda to help you out."

"Oh, I didn't mean for us to get Robbem," she said, glancing at him from beneath her lashes. "I was just telling you how easy it is for them. Mrs. Pritchard says it's absurd for people to go to the expense of hiring a caterer for a small affair unless they have plenty of money."

Mr. Gilmartin stood up and took a turn across the floor.

"Oh, she does, does she?" he said defiantly. "Is that so? Well, you just go over to Robbem's tomorrow and put the whole thing in his hands and quit worrying. I guess we can stand for it about as easily as Al Pritchard can."

Mrs. Gilmartin dropped her sewing to the floor with a delightful little squeal, ran around the table and threw both arms around his neck.

"Oh, you old dear," she cooed, "that's just what I wanted you to say all along!"—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Explicit.

The Kedah postoffice authorities have a somewhat blunt way of putting things. Copies of a Penang paper posted to a subscriber were the other day returned marked, "Addressee hanged for murder."—Bangkok Times.

The largest speckled trout ever taken from the creeks in the vicinity of Glenwood, Wis., and probably the largest ever landed in Northern Wisconsin, has been caught in Tiffany creek near Glenwood. It weighed four and a half pounds.

WHAT A LAWSUIT BROUGHT ABOUT.

By M. QUAD.

[Copyright, 1909, by T. C. McClure.]

Farmer Jepson, widower, lived four miles from Akron on the country road, and Jane Schofield, widow and farmer, lived three miles west of him on the Red Bridge road. They had lived thus for five years and only knew each other by name. The five years might have become twenty had not an old lop horned cow stepped in to give the parties an introduction.

The cow was owned by the widow. Besides being lop horned she was bobtailed, wild eyed and had various bad habits, one of which was jumping six rail fences and wandering about nights. These promenades sometimes led her miles away and into strange pastures. The first time Farmer Jepson saw her she was in the midst of his cornfield and had cleared about half an acre of the juicy stalks. He was a good man, but he swore at her and called her names. He also tried his best to kill her on the spot. A week later the cow called again to see how the corn was coming on, and after half killing her the farmer sent word that if she was not kept at home he would sue her owner for damages.

"And who is Farmer Jepson that talks so big, I'd like to know!" exclaimed the widow as she got the message by a hired man. "If he thinks he's the biggest toad in the puddle let him go right ahead and sue. Two can play at that game. I'm not allowing my live stock to bother my neighbors, but I'm not going to sit up every night in the week to see that that old cow don't get out. You go back and tell him that I'm not afraid of any ten men like him."

"Oh, she ain't, hey!" exclaimed the farmer when the hired man had returned with the word. "Waal, we'll see about that. I'm no hand to complain of my neighbors, but I'm not going to have their cows in my corn and then take sass to boot. If that old critter of a cow steps hoof on my land again there'll be a lawsuit to make things rumble."

The cow didn't hurry matters any. She waited until Mr. Jepson had transplanted his cabbage plants and they had got fairly growing, and then she called one night and helped herself to 250 of them, and two days later the widow learned that suit had been commenced by Farmer Jepson to recover $250 damages.

"So he's sued me, has he?" observed the widow, as she doubled up her fists and fire came to her eyes. "Well, we'll see who comes out ahead!"

Plaintiff and defendant each secured a lawyer, and of course each attorney assured his client that he had the best kind of a case and was sure to win. After two or three adjournments the case came to trial, and it was in the courtroom that plaintiff and defendant first saw each other. Both were surprised, and both said something to themselves. What the farmer said was:

"Waal, by thunder! I expected to see a fat and homely old two fisted widder, and I find her a good looking little bit of a female who ought to be sitting on a husband's knee. Wish I'd seen her before I begun this suit."

"Lands o' massy, but he hain't no mean looking man!" exclaimed the widow after a look at the farmer. "Why, they said he was a big boss and bluffer and wanted to bulldoze me 'cause I'm all alone in the world. Say, now, but they are all wrong. He hain't the kind to bluff and pitch in. Wish he'd have come to see me about the old cow. If he had I'd have chained her up. Wonder how hard he'll swear agin me!"

She was soon to know. The plaintiff's lawyer in opening the case said it was an aggravated case of trespass and damage and that the sum mentioned wasn't really half what they should have sued for. Then he went on to tell of what a defiant woman the defendant was and wound up by stating his hopes that the jury would render a verdict without leaving the box. Then the plaintiff was called to the witness chair, and, to the surprise of the widow and the disgust of his lawyer, he said he had forgotten the message the woman returned to him. He followed that up by declaring that his feelings had simply been shocked and that he had fully recovered from the shock in a minute and a half. As to the corn and cabbage, perhaps $10 would pay the bill.

"You jackass, but you have lost your case!" hissed his lawyer as the witness stepped down with a smile in the direction of the widow, whose lawyer was whispering to her:

"Now, you get up there and give us some hot talk and your case is won."

There was no hot talk from the widow. On the contrary, she cooed like a dove. She admitted to the ownership of the jumping, predatory cow, but was quite willing to pay reasonable damages. She didn't doubt the plaintiff's shocked feelings and was sorry for them and wished he had hit the old cow with the ax. One of the results of the suit was a verdict for 6 cents' damages, and another was that Farmer Jepson said he would call at her home for the money. He kept his word. A week later he drove up to the door and after an hour's interview was asked to call again. Three months later his disgusted lawyer was heard to exclaim:

"Prettiest case I ever had and dead sure of a verdict, and Jepson knocks it all in the head by falling in love with the defendant. Yes, they were married yesterday."

Taming a Rat.

A trapped rat may easily be tamed by allowing no water but that offered in a spoon, for the creature soon learns to recognize the hand which supplies this all important necessary.

Breaking It Gently.

Captain of Steamer—Madam, it gives me great pain to be obliged to tell you that your little boy's hat has blown overboard. Fond Mother—Why, I thought it was tied on with a string! Captain—Yes. That was just the trouble. The string did not break.

My Secret.

(Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.)

I was awakened by quick words and hurried footsteps outside my window. I arose and looked out. Evidently something had happened, for I saw people moving about, nearly all of them with horror depicted in their expressions.

My colored man, Sam, was coming, carrying my heavy shoes. He had taken them from my door, opening on to the porch, for the purpose of blackening them.

"What's up, Sam?" I asked as he put down the shoes.

"Why, haben't yo' heered, Marse Tom? Yo' uncle done been murdered in de night."

"My uncle! Heavens!"

I lost no time in putting on my clothes. Nathan Clingham, my uncle, had made a will, I knew, leaving his plantation and what other property he possessed to me. As soon as I was dressed I went to his house and found the neighbors in charge. At my appearance all fell back, giving place to me. My uncle had been killed with an ax, and several hundred dollars which he had with him were missing. There was no clew to the mystery.

My first act was to summon a doctor to learn how long my uncle had been dead. He gave it as his opinion that the period was not less than two hours nor more than three. I saw at once the importance of quick pursuit. I organized a party at once and sent them in every direction. I, with several men and boys, took the road running past the plantation and, sending a part of my force southward, led the balance northward.

Coming to a place in the road coincident with the northwest corner of the plantation, I saw fresh tracks that had evidently been made by some one who had left the plantation at that point. I stooped to examine them. Long I looked at them, bending my face down over them rather to conceal the terror that was in me than to get a close view. Then I arose and, staggering to the side of the road, leaned against the fence.

"What's the matter with you?" asked Steve Burton, one of the party. "You're white as a ghost."

"I'm sick. I must go home. You fellows go on."

"All right," said Burton. "Better take one of the boys with you."

"I don't want any one. I'll be all right presently."

They insisted, but I wouldn't have any one with me. They helped me over the fence, and I made a bee line for home. When I saw them turn around the base of a hill, where they couldn't see me, I ran, never stopping till I reached the house and had gained my room. Then I sank into a chair with a "Thank God!"

And what was it that so suddenly threw me into such a condition?

I had on the shoes that Sam had blacked. From the heel of the right shoe the lowest layer of leather was gone, leaving six protruding nails. The forward part of the sole of the left shoe I had cut with an ax while chopping wood. The moment I had caught sight of the tracks in the road I knew they had been made by my shoes. There were the indentations of the six nails, and the cut in the toe had left its mark. If this discovery were made by those tracking the murderer, it would be proved that I had killed my uncle doubtless to gain possession of the property he had willed me. I took off the shoes, hid them and put on another pair. Then I began to think.

First, the murderer had seen my shoes on the porch, and it had occurred to him that, since he must leave his tracks, it would be safer to leave the tracks of my shoes than of his own; second, he had either come back after using them and was probably now on the plantation or he had a partner; third, he was not Sam. It was more sensible to believe that Sam had taken the boots to black after the murderer had used them than to believe that he had committed the murder himself, for he had been owned by our family in the days of slavery and was very much attached both to my uncle and to me.

The question with me was what should I do. To make known that my shoes had been used by the murderer would be equivalent to putting my neck in a halter. And the shoes—should I destroy them? If I did and it was discovered that I had done so, I would be in danger. If the shoes remained intact, were found and compared with the tracks, I would swing for murder.

I took the shoes from their hiding and placed them with my other pairs. A committee hunted all over the plantation for the shoes that had made the tracks and sent diagrams of them everywhere. I waited, in terror every moment, fearing that my shoes would be examined. In a week the excitement died down, and I breathed easier.

Nevertheless for years I lived, burdened by my secret. In time I sent the shoes off in a box of clothing for a poor minister's family in a far distant state. It was a comfort to get rid of them, but I could not get rid of the fear that the person who had worn them on that fatal night might some day accuse me.

At last, four years after the murder, the murderer, before being hanged for another crime, confessed, telling how he had thrown his followers off his track by wearing my shoes. He had brought them back after using them and remained on the plantation for several weeks.

LAURENCE FOSTER CHURCH.

The Bargain Lady.

When a thing is marked down unto one ninety-eight
I can see that it lessens expense,
But won't some one rise and explicitly state
What she does with the other two cents?
—Judge.

Plenty of Precedent.

"Will that young man ever go home?" demanded the irritated head of the house.

"I guess so, father," replied the materfamilias. "He always has."—Washington Herald.

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Annual Report

Of the St. Hilaire Cooperative creamery for the year 1910, as follows:

Total cream received, lbs		770,1[illegible]
" butter manufactured, lbs		[illegible]
" butterfat, lbs		198,299.1
" cream shipped, lbs		[illegible]
" butterfat in cream shipped		8,942.8
Average price paid per lb. of butterfat	.3326	
Average test	35.66	
" overrun	22.15	

Paid patrons in salt	$ 242.18
" " oil	28.25
" " cement	55.45
" " butter	603.59
" " miscellaneous	29.90
Paid patrons in check	63,159.48
Total paid to patrons	$64,127.85

Total receipts for the year $75,182.29

DISBURSEMENTS

Paid to patrons	$64,127.85
" expense fund	4,274.03
" sinking "	1,515.05
" Dec. 1, 1909, acc't	2,422.69
" supplies on hand	888.70
Cash on hand in sinking fund	549.85
Cash on hand in expense fund	304.12
Total disbursements	$75,182.29

J. S. ROY, Sec.

TREASURER'S REPORT

Of the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association for the year 1910.

Total cash received		$72,727.76
" disbursements	$71,872.79	
Bal. in treasury Jan. 1, 1911.	853.97	
		$72,727.76

CHAS. GUSTAFSON, Sec.

CHURCHES

Norwegian S[illegible] Church.—Services Sunday m[illegible] at 10:30. Sunday school [illegible] p. m.
Rev. [illegible] Palm, Pastor.

United Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock.
Sunday school at [illegible] p. m.
Rev. M. [illegible] Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 11:20 a. m.
Rev. A. Hanson, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday evening, March 5, at 7:30 o'clock.
Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O.O.F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 111.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. Fricker, N. O.
O. F. Post, Sec.

M. W. A. Camp [illegible].—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Jenson V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I.O.O.F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. [illegible], President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Laselle, Secretary. Peter Simonsen, President

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THE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

M. Fricker was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Another set of "kids" gave a dancing party at the hall last evening.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake connty spent Sunday with friends in St. Hilaire.

Misses Christina Wilson and Lizzie King were Thief River Falls visitors Tuesday.

There will be Mission services in the Eastside school house on Sunday, Feb 26. at 10:30 a. m.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet next Saturday at the home of Mrs. Carpenter.

There will be services in the Rolland school house tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock p. m., by Rev. Gjerde.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday, March 3, with Mrs. E. O. Hagglund.

Deputy County Auditor S. L. Lewis and Landlord Wm. Krueger of Red Lake Falls were in town on Wednesday.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

County Superintendent A. E. Mostue visited the village schools yesterday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

Scandinavian Mission services will be held Sunday morning, March 5, at 10:30, at the home of P. A. Ekstrom in Black River.

For Sale.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Biixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Epworth League will give an "Old Time" social at the M. E. parsonage on Wednesday evening, March 1. This is a free social. All interested are welcome to come and have a good time.

N. O. Nelson went Monday to Stillwater to attend the conference of the Swedish Lutheran church, which has been in session there this week, as a delegate from the local congregation.

The Epworth League held a meeting at the M. E. parsonage Tuesday evening and effected a reorganization. Their next meeting will be held next Wednesday evening at the parsonage. All interested are cordially invited to attend.

Rev. ~~and~~ Mrs. M. S. Gjerde were pleasantly surprised at their home Thursday afternoon by the members of the Hamar congregation. As a token of friendship and good will they brought with them, among other things, a handsome leather couch. A very enjoyable afternoon was spent.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Anderson left Thursday for a few weeks' visit with relatives and friends. They will visit Mr. Anderson's brother in Minneapolis and his sister in Chicago, then go to Mrs. Anderson's former home at Millington, Ill., to visit with her parents, whom she has not seen for eleven years.

The petition for a vote on the license question has been completed and filed with the village clerk and the voters of St. Hilaire will have the opportunity to again express their wishes as to whether we shall have a licensed ~~saloon in our midst. There being less than 500 inhabit~~ants, the town ~~can have~~ but one lawful saloon. The petition represents a week or more of arduous labor on the part of its promoters and came near failing for lack of signers.

George Biskey, the mail carrier on route 1, had the time of his life Monday. He was jogging merrily along the road with his mail when one of the horses stumbled over a piece of board and a rein became unsnapped, leaving him at the team's mercy. They ran at their pleasure, and when the snow was too deep, they kicked. Biskey sheltered his face behind his overcoat from the flying feet and bits of broken glass, and in some wonderful way managed to escape, practically unharmed, from his perilous position in his box. The team cleared themselves from the rig, and he spent the day gathing them in. The sled kept its upright position, and not one piece o mail was lost.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Corrected Every Friday.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.86
" 2 "	.84
" 3 "	.89
Flax, 1	2.48
" 2	2.38
Barley, for 50 lbs	.60
Oats	.27
Eggs	.15
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.30
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	7
Flour, Patent	2.70@2.75
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie 8:35 a.m

Miss Mary Hoff was a Thief River visitor between trains Tuesday.

The Red Lake Falls Milling company has on sale a car of first class seed oats.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, April 7.

Frank Freund came over from Red Lake Falls on Thursday and brought a couple of horns for his cornet band pupils.

Oscar Gunstad and Victor Brink of Salol spent Sunday at their homes here. Oscar was passing round a new spring brand of cigars.

Don't pass up Mike Anderson's fine grocery and confectionery because he is out of town. Mr. Hall will attend to your wants.

The Young People' Sewing society will meet at the Scandinavian Mission church Friday evening, March 10. Mrs. Guet Erickson will entertain.

A horse belonging to Ole Meland created no little diversion Tuesday by running down through the streets Monday with harness on and whiffletrees attached by one tug, and ran around the block four times before tiring out and coming to a stop. He with his mate had been left hitched by one tug and took a notion to have a sprint. He had run half way to Thief River before coming here.

A number of school girls and their lady teachers gave a dancing party at the Imperial hall Monday evening. Dancing and games were the order of the evening until about 11:30, when all wended their way homeward. Some of the young bloods of the town, to ingratiate themselves with their lady friends within, obtained access to a rear window of the hall and threw inside a couple of cats tied together, one alive and the other dead. Notwithstanding this untoward incident, a good time is reported.

Married

At the home of ~~the bride's~~ parents, ~~Mr. and Mrs. Henry~~ Rondorf, ~~on Thursday, Feb. 23, at 3~~ p. m., ~~was solemnized the marriage~~ of Mr. Gustav Wilkin and Miss Ida Rondorf, Rev. Faltz of Thief River Falls officiating.

A large number of friends and relatives were present and a number of valuable presents received. After the ceremony all were invited to a wedding supper. In the evening a reception was given, followed by a midnight lunch.

The bride and groom are well known and highly respected residents of Rockbury township.

On Tuesday, the 21st inst., at the parsonage of the Synod church, Mr. Peter Kolseth and Miss Sarah Magnuson were united in marriage by Rev. S. T. Palm. The contracting parties are residents of Mayfield township.

Bring in your work

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR SHOES

We have a complete line of Ladies', Men,s, and Children's Fine Shoes and Work Snoes. Every pair of shoes sold with a guarantee. We also have a complete line of Rubbers, at very low prices.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. Dahl
Clerk	Arthur Hall
Trustees	R. J. McKircher Henry Olson A. R. Jonms
Treasurer	B. E. Burken
Marshal	Henry Jackson
Assessor	O. H. Peters
Constable	A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace	O. H. Peters K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health	Dr. C. Swanson Daniel Patterson Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. Wilson
Clerk	K. O. Gigstad
Directors	Daniel Patterson Dr. C. Swanson H. O. Jackson

City Tonsorial Parlor
DUNCAN McALLISTER
PROPRIETOR

Also have on sale
A GOOD LINE OF FACE CREAMS and HAIR TONICS
ROSEWOOD DANDRUFF REMEDY

DIED

Lavina, wife of Lorents Sandvig, died Thursday morning at her home in St. Hilaire, aged 57 years. She had been confined to her bed for the last four months.

Mr. and Mrs. Sandvig sold a farm near Viking in Marshall county, and came to live with S. Mork, an old friend of theirs. They came to live in St. Hilaire early last fall.

Funeral services will be held next Monday at 2 p. m. from the home, by Rev. S. T. Palm.

Now Is the Time

To pay your subscription. All those indebted to The Spectator for subscription will confer a great favor by coming in and liquidating. We are sorry to be compelled to remind you of this, but necessity—

Equally Ignorant.

The author of "Reminiscences of a Country Politician" once asked a laborer in an English village how old he was.

"I be just the same age as the queen," he said. "It be either a fortnight older or a fortnight younger. I don't rightly know which, and I don't suppose her knows either."

A Witty Forlornity.

A forlorn looking man said, "I've tried everything that I could turn my hand to, but couldn't make anything answer, and now I have decided to go up among the hills, where they say there's a wonderful echo, to see if I can make that answer."

A Queer Question.

Small Harold (at the zoo)—What is that funny looking bird, papa? Papa—That is a bald eagle, Harold. Small Harold—How long does an eagle have to be married before he gets bald, papa?—Chicago News.

Usually Has To.

"Say, paw, what is a genius?"

"A genius is a man who can do his own washing, sewing and cooking, my boy."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Weak men never yield at the proper time.—Latin.

Quite Proper.

Little Rollo—Pop, what is an upright piano? Pop—One that plays only sacred music, my son.—Woman's Home Companion.

MONEY OF THE RICH.

Of More Use Foolishly Spent Than Hoarded or Lying Idle.

A great reservoir of water undistributed leaves men and women to perish of thirst and growing crops to parch and die. So also vaults bulging with stagnant money leave men and women to perish in abject poverty and ripened crops to rot within the fields and orchards that grew them. Therefore what happens to the dollars of the millionaire is a question of the first importance.

Those of us who believe in praying for material blessings will do well to pray long and earnestly that rich women will never cease to buy $100 hats and $1,000 gowns, with diamonds and other jewels to match; that they will continue to give balls and teas and entertainments of the most expensive kind; that they will be recklessly extravagant in gewgaws and folderols of every description, because it will be good for us who depend upon an income drawn from the multitude of operations involved in producing, merchandising and transporting all those gewgaws and other gimcracks that go to keep extravagance at a high pitch.

Let us hope that rich men's sons will continue to spend their fathers' money as foolishly as they are reputed to do—not because it will be good for them, but because it will be good to have the money poured into the wage earner's money channels.

Let us doubly hope that the rich men may be prospered in their money getting, because they will not let it lie idle. Whatever their wives and children do not spend they put into stocks and bonds and thereby turn it into the wage earner's money channels. Let us be thankful, too, that neither the dollars of the rich nor the dollars of the poor are of any value save as they go into the wage channels of active circulation.—F. W. Hewes in Harper's Weekly.

His Shrewd Idea.

"Who is that sour looking girl with the heavy underjaw?"

"That is the only daughter of old De Milyuns."

"And who is the dainty bit of sweetness with the blue eyes and golden hair?"

"That's the chaperon."

"What's the explanation?"

"Why, it's old De Milyun's clever idea. He thinks his Jane will be perfectly safe as long as Miss Blossom is around."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Train and Track.

Belgium has been offering reduced rates under certain conditions for travel on its passenger trains, and the change has resulted in enormously increased business and revenues.

The new subway through the heart of Boston's shopping district is the most expensive mile of underground railroad in the world, having cost, with equipment, about $10,000,000 to build.

Upon their completion, in the near future, the New York Central railroad's freight yards near Buffalo will, it is claimed, be the largest in the country, with a capacity for handling 26,500 cars a day.

Oddity of Dreams.

"Nobody ever feels pain in a dream," said a psychologist. "Rage, terror, joy, grief—these emotions stab us as poignantly in dream as in reality. But physical pain, no. I have interrogated 2,000 persons, and none of them ever suffered dream pains. Yet they have dreamed of dreadful motor accidents, tortures, death. One young girl, indeed, dreamed time and again of being eaten alive by cannibals, yet even in that horrible nightmare she felt no pain."

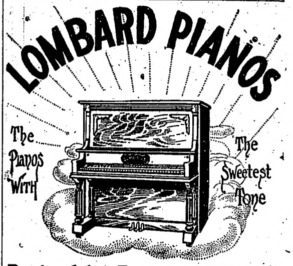
Nothing but the Truth.

Attorney (much baffled by the answers of an Irish witness)—Well, you're a nice sort of fellow, you are!

The Witness—Shure, an' I'd say the same of you, sir, only I'm on me oath.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Korea.

Korea is about 600 miles long and 135 wide. It is very mountainous, and the climate is one of the finest in the world. Nine months in the year the skies are bright, and the winter is superb, with its extreme dryness, clear skies and crisp, frosty nights. From September to June there are no extremes of heat or cold.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Chafter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

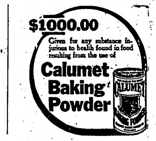
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

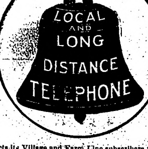
- See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County
to exchange for other property
would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.


$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder
CALUMET

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange


LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MIGHT HAVE COME EARLIER

Admirer of Musician Must Have Felt Truth of the Answer He Received.

Signor Puccini, although celebrated all over the world for his operas, is still a young man. On the subject of his early success the Italian composer said recently in New York:

"I have been very lucky. Recognition for artistic work comes so often after one is too old to enjoy it.

"I remember one of my countrymen, a centenarian, who, had he died before seventy, would never have seen any of his operas produced. Luckily he lived to so great an age that he received for many years the admiration he deserved. Naturally enough, though, this splendid artist regretted his years of obscurity and neglect, and he frequently spoke bitterly of his bad fortune.

"Once, at the very end of his long life, an Englishman entered his box at the opera in Rome, and said respectfully:

"'I have traveled all the way from London to see the author of my favorite opera.'

"The veteran composer, with a malicious smile, replied:

"'Well, my friend, I have given you plenty of time to get here.'"

Simple, Rather.

He—You are the only woman I ever loved.

She—Do you expect me to believe that?

He—I do. I swear it is true.

She—Then I believe you. Any man who would expect a woman to believe that cannot have been much in the company of women.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Magnify your personal rights and you are sure to create some social wrongs.

Take Garfield Tea to arouse a sluggish liver—all druggists sell it.

Afflictions mark the difference between iron and steel.

OTTUMWA WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms; shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to you for my cure."—Mrs. HARRIET E. WAMPLER, 524 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.

Consider This Advice.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous medicine, made only from roots and herbs, has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, confidential, and always helpful.

The Army of Constipation

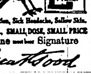
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

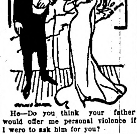


New York, New York, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

A Country School for Girls

IN NEW YORK CITY. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Music and Art. MISS BANGS and MISS WHITON

COMING EVENT



He—Do you think your father would offer me personal violence if I were to ask him for you?

She—I think he will if you don't pretty soon!

OATS—259 Bu. Per Acre.

That is the sworn to yield of Theodore Harmes, Lewis Co., Wash., had from Salzer's Rejuvenated White Bonanza oats and won a handsome 80 acre farm. Other big yields are 141 bus., 119 bus., 103 bus., etc., had by farmers scattered throughout the U. S.

Salzer's Pedigree Barley, Flax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, Grasses and Clovers are famous the world over for their purity and tremendous yielding qualities. We are easily the largest growers of farm seeds in the world.

Our catalog bristling with seed truths free for the asking, or send 10c in stamps and receive 10 packages of farm seed novelties and rarities, including above marvelous oats, together with big catalog. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

Queen Mary's Trousseau.

Queen Mary is following the example set by her mother, the duchess of Teck, who at the time of her daughter's wedding with the present king declared that for the trousseau "not a yard of cambric or linen, of flannel or tweed, of lace or ribbon should be bought outside the kingdom," and who kept to her word. Queen Mary is having her coronation robes and gowns for court functions as well as the opening of parliament gown made by a British firm of all British material. She has ordered eight dresses so far, and work on them has commenced.—London correspondence New York Sun.

No Purchase Recorded.

There was a dealer who tried to sell a horse to the late Senator Daniel of Virginia. He exhibits the merits of the horse, and said, "This horse is a reproduction of the horse that General Washington rode at the battle of Trenton. It has the pedigree that will show he descended from that horse and looks like him in every particular."

"Yes, so much so," said Senator Daniel, "that I am inclined to believe it is the same horse."

Education vs. Instinct.

Jacob Wendell, Jr., who plays the part of the dog in Maeterlinck's drama, was dining in a restaurant recently when a man, recognizing him as the actor, approached and said:

"Pardon me, but you take the part of the dog in 'The Blue Bird,' do you not? Of course you don't know it, but I can really bark lots more like a dog than you."

"Well, you see," answered Wendell, "I had to learn."—Success Magazine.

Woman as Bank Cashier.

Miss Ethel Boynton is cashier of the National Bank of Bayside, L. I., the only woman in the state holding such a position. She says that to be trustworthy a man or woman must first be kind, then he cannot find it in his heart to betray the trust that is reposed in him.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Domestic Amenities.

Father—I think the baby looks like you.

Mother—Yes, it shuts its eyes to an awful lot.

Garfield Tea cannot but commend itself to those desiring a laxative, simple, pure, mild, potent and health-giving.

Even when you find yourself in hot water it is possible to get cold feet.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Love does not depend for its strength on concentration.

No harmful drugs in Garfield Tea, Nature's laxative—it is composed wholly of clean, sweet, health-giving Herbs!

Difficulties are often the barnacles that grow on delayed duties.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

When you find excess of speech look for shortage on sight.

Taking Garfield Tea will prevent the recurrence of sick-headache, indigestion and bilious attacks. All druggists.

To weep for joy is the acme of pessimism.

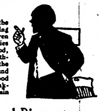
The Human Heart

The heart is a wonderful double pump, through the action of which the blood stream is kept sweeping round and round through the body at the rate of seven miles an hour. "Remember this, that our bodies will not stand the strain of over-work without good, pure blood any more than the engine can run smoothly without oil." After many years of study in the active practice of medicine, Dr. R. V. Pierce found that when the stomach was out of order, the blood impure and there were symptoms of general breakdown, a tonic made of the glyceric extract of certain roots was the best corrective. This he called

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Being made without alcohol, this "Medical Discovery" helps the stomach to assimilate the food, thereby curing dyspepsia. It is especially adapted to diseases attended with excessive tissue waste, notably in convalescence from various fevers, for thin-blooded people and those who are always "catching cold."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book of 1008 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.



In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Redwood.—The school board has reelected Professor Hermann superintendent and raised his salary $100 a year.

Winnebago.—There is a plan on foot to form a stock company to rebuild the flour mill. It is proposed to capitalize for $50,000 and put up a modern equipped mill.

Litchfield.—Miss Laura Weiss, who was struck by a Great Northern engine last fall in this city, has brought suit against the company for $15,000 for personal injuries. The case will come up for trial at the June term of court.

Gencoe. — Joseph Herzon, who was indicted for murder in the second degree for killing Mrs. Joseph Firman, on December 4th, pleaded guilty and was immediately sentenced to life imprisonment by Judge Morrison.

St. Paul. — Joseph L. Mitchell, of Mower county, has been appointed by the governor to the board of managers at the state public school at Owatonna. He will continue in office until the first Monday in January, 1913.

Litchfield.—Miss Laura Weiss, who was struck by a Great Northern engine here last fall, has brought suit against the company for $15,000 for personal injuries sustained. The case will be put up for trial at the June term of the district court.

Cannon Falls. — The Goodhue county rural route mail carriers assembled in convention here. There were about sixty members in attendance. Matters pertaining to the betterment of the men were discussed. A banquet wound up the program.

Minneapolis.—Commencing Thursday, Feb. 26th, "The Wolf," which was received with great enthusiasm in New York, and during a long run in Chicago, will be presented by the Messrs. Stair & Havlin at the Bijou, Minneapolis, with an all star cast of players.

Fergus Falls.—The Norwegian Grove congregation, of Which Rev. Theodore Rosholt was pastor for nearly forty years, has decided to tender a call to his son, Rev. Jacob Rosholt, who is now completing his course in a theological seminary. Rec. Mr. Rosholt's death occurred a few weeks ago.

St. Paul.—Because J. W. Lucas proposed marriage to her, was accepted, and then failed to become her husband, Miss Jennie O'Day, wants $15,000. A breach of promise suit has been brought gainst him by the young woman. She alleges he asked her to become his wife last June. On or about November 21, according to the complaint, Mr. Lucas changed his mind and since has made no efforts to arrange for the ceremony.

Winona.—Peter Gludt and his son, Elmer Gludt, were electrocuted in Lake City. Young Gludt, who is a telephone lineman, attempted to remove a 2,200 voltage light wire that had fallen over the telephone wire in front of their home and started the bell ringing. He received a shock that felled him. His father who went to his aid, also was knocked senseless. Mrs. Gludt succeeded in pulling them both free from the wire and escaping injury herself. Both men died in two hours without recovering consciousness.

Minneapolis.—The first "good seed" train, to start the 1911 campaign for seed selection and better farming, will pull out of Minneapolis Monday, Feb. 27, on the Omaha road for a run to southern Minnesota and into the southwestern corner of the state. A. N. Trenholm, general manager, and A. M. Fenton, assistant general freight agent, are arranging the itinerary. Professors A. D. Wilson and Andrew Boss will go on the train, with probably two other members of the staff of the school of agriculture. Officials of the traffic and operating departments of the Omaha will also go. As a result of the recent "good seed" dinner in Minneapolis, Chamber of Commerce directors are at work on plans for other trains to operate on the Minneapolis & St. Louis, Milwaukee, Great Northern or Northern Pacific, Soo Line and possibly the Rock Island. On the Omaha train there will be grain representatives of the Chamber of Commerce who are familiar with the country to be traversed who will suggest to the professors who are to lecture to the farmers the desirability of talking of certain crops in which localities are known to be most interested.

Winona.—Nearly two hundred motor boat owners in Winona have launched a movement looking to the organization of a motor boat club here to be known as the Winona Launch club. At a meeting the preliminary plans were discussed, and there is little question all of the launches in this city will fly their own flag the coming summer. It is proposed to build on the levee front here a clubhouse, which will afford excellent landing for launches, the housing of the boats when not in use and room to carry on social functions. The men back of the movement give assurance of its success.

Tradegy is Fatal to Saloon Mah.

Winona.—Al Childs, aged forty-nine, died at the Winona General Hospital and the closing chapter has been written to the tragedy enacted in his Bluff Siding, Wis., barroom, January 22, when he shot and killed Henry Dinfielder during a quarrel. In the struggle following the shooting his shotgun was wrenched from his hands and he was struck several times over the head with the weapon. He was taken to the local hospital, paralysis having set in. A wife three small children survive.

Returns Stolen Valuables.

Duluth. — The unknown man who robbed Dr. George Kaufhold of this city while he lay fatally injured on London road beside his overturned automobile last July has suffered from a guilty conscience and has returned the valuables to the hospital where the doctor died a few hours after the accident. The articles stolen included a gold watch and the thief had pawned that, so he returned the pawn ticket. A friend of the late Dr. Kaufhold redeemed the watch and sent it to the latter's mother in Pennsylvania.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, THE GREATEST WHEAT MARKET ON THE CONTINENT

REMARKABLE YIELDS OF WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY AND FLAX IN WESTERN CANADA LAST YEAR.

Figures recently issued show that the wheat receipts at Winnipeg last year were 88,269,330 bushels, as compared with the Minneapolis receipts of 81,111,410 bushels, this placing Winnipeg at the head of the wheat receiving markets of the continent. Following up this information it is found that the yields throughout the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as given the writer by agents of the Canadian Government stationed in different parts of the States, have been splendid. A few of the instances are given:

Near Redvers, Sask., Jens Hortness threshed about 50 acres of wheat, averaging 29 bushels to the acre. Near Elphinstone, Sask., many of the crops of oats would run to nearly 100 bushels to the acre. A Mr. Muir had about 200 acres of this grain and he estimates the yield at about 60 bushels per acre. Wheat went 35 bushels to the acre on the farm of Mr. A. Loucks, near Wymyard, Sask., in the fall of 1910. K. Erickson had 27 and P. Solvason 17. In the Dempster (Man.) district last year, wheat went from 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Fifteen acres on the Mackenzie & Mann farm today went forty-three bushels to the acre. In the Wainwright and Battleriver districts yields of wheat averaged for the district 26 bushels to the acre. M. B. Ness, of the Tofield, Alberta, district, got 98 bushels and 28 lbs. of oats to the acre, while near Montrose, over 94 bushels of oats to the acre was threshed by J. Leonie, notwithstanding the dry weather of June. Further reports from the Edmonton district give Frank McLay of the Horse Falls 100 bushels of oats to the acre. They weighed 45 lbs. to the bushel. A 22-acre field of spring wheat on Johnson Bros.' farm near Agricola yielded 40½ bushels to the acre. Manitoba's record crop for 1910 was grown on McMillan Bros.' farm near Westbourne, who have a total crop of 70,000 bushels, netting $40,000 off 2,200 acres. G. W. Buchanan of Pincher Creek, Alberta, had 25½ bushels of No. 1 spring wheat to the acre. Mr. A. Hatton of Macleod district had wheat which averaged 21 bushels to the acre. B. F. Holden, near Indian Head, Sask., threshed 950 bushels of wheat from 20 acres.

On the Experimental Farm at Indian Head, wheat has gone below 40 bushels, while several, such as the Marquis and the Preston, have gone as high as 54 bushels to the acre. At Elstow, Sask., the quantity of wheat to the acre ran, on the average, from 26 right up to 40 bushels per acre, while oats in some cases yielded a return of 70 to 80 bushels per acre, with flax giving 13 to 14 bushels per acre.

W. C. Carnell had a yield of 42 bushels per acre from six acres of breaking. Neil Callahan, two miles northwest of Strome, had a yield of 42 bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Lindsay, two miles east of Strome, had 1,104 bushels of Regenerated Abundance oats from ten acres. Joseph Scheelar, 11 miles south of Strome, had 12,000 bushels of wheat and oats from 180 acres. Part of the oats yielded 85 bushels to the acre, and the wheat averaged about 40 bushels. Spohn Bros., four miles southwest of Strome, had a splendid grain yield of excellent quality wheat, grading No. 2. A. S. McCulloch, one mile northwest of Strome, had some wheat that went 40 bushels to the acre. J. Blaser, a few miles southwest of Strome, threshed 353 bushels of wheat from 7 acres. Among the good grain yields at Macklin, Alberta, reported are: D. N. Tweedle, 22 bushels to the acre; John Currin, 24 bushels wheat to the acre; Sam Fletcher, 20 bushels to the acre.

At Craven, Sask, Albert Clark threshed from 60 acres of stubble 1,890 bushels; from 20 acres of fallow 900 bushels of red fife wheat that weighed 65 pounds to the bushel. Charles Keith threshed 40 bushels to the acre from 40 acres. Albert Young, of Stony Beach, southwest of Lumsden, threshed 52 bushels per acre from summer fallow, and George Young 5,000 bushels from 130 acres of stubble and fallow, or an average of 38 1-2 bushels to the acre. Arch Morton got 5,600 bushels of red fife from 150 acres. James Russell got 8,700 bushels from stubble and late breaking, an average of 23½ bushels.

At Rosthern Jacob Friesen had 27 bushels per acre from 80 acres on new land and an average over his whole farm of 21½ bushels of wheat. John Schultz threshed 4,400 bushels from 100 acres, or 44 bushels to the acre. John Lepp had 37 bushels per acre from 200 acres. A. B. Dirk had 42 bushels per acre from 25 acres. Robert Roe of Grand Coulee threshed 45 bushels to the acre from 420 acres.

Sedley, Sask., is still another district that has cause to be proud of the yields of both wheat and flax. J. Cleveland got 30 bushels of wheat per acre on 100 acres and 18 bushels of flax on 140 acres. T. Dundas, southeast of Sedley, 40 bushels per acre on 30 acres; M. E. Miller, 34 bushels per acre on 170 acres of stubble, and 35 bushels per acre on 250 acres fallow; W. A. Day had 32 bushels per acre on 200 acres of stubble, and 35 bushels on 250 acres of fallow; J. O. Scott had 30 bushels of wheat per acre on 200 acres, and 18 bushels of flax per acre on 300 acres; James Bullick averaged 29 bushels of wheat; A. Allen 30 bushels; Jos. Runions, 40; Alex Ferguson, 38; W. R. Thompson, 35, all on large acreages. The flax crop of J. Cleveland is rather a wonder, as his land has yielded him $60 per acre in two years with one ploughing. Russell, Man., farmers threshed 30 bushels of wheat and 60 to 80 bushels of oats. A. D. Stenhouse, near Melfort, Sask., had an average yield of 18½ acres of new land, 63½ bushels of Preston wheat to the acre. Hector W. Swanston, a farmer near Welwyn, Sask., had 5,150 bushels of wheat from one quarter section of land. John McLean, who owns two sections, threshed 12,860 bushels of wheat.

NOT ACCORDING TO PROGRAM

Practical Joker Meant to Astonish His Wife, and Doubtless He Did.

When the first shipment of frozen eggs arrived from Australia their extreme hardness astonished the brokers.

One man calling at a broker's office, was amazed to see him taking aim at the wall with an egg.

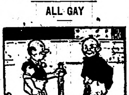
"What the dickens are you at?" he said.

But the broker let drive, the only result being a slight dent in the wall.

The thing being explained, the man took a couple of the eggs, put them in his pocket, and left to startle his wife. Arriving home, he waited till the family was assembled for dinner, and then banged an egg at the new dado.

But the smile quickly faded from his face. The egg had thawed.—London Tit-Bits.

ALL GAY



First Tramp—The doctor 'as ordered me a bath.

Second Tramp—You do look pleased about it.

First Tramp—'E's ordered me a mud bath.

A Dry Wash.

Representative Livingston of Georgia, who, disgusted at the bath-tub debate in the house recently, proposed that a little money might be made by renting the bath tubs out, said recently, apropos of this subject:

"We are now a good deal like Bill Spriggins on a zero morning.

"Bill's valet entered his bedroom one January morning and said with a shiver:

"'Will you take your bath hot or cold, sir?'

"'Thank you,' said Bill; 'I'll take it for granted.'"

A Quick Sidestep.

Merchant (to widow)—I am willing to buy your husband's working business and good-will for $5,000.

Widow—Well, but I happen to be part of the working business.

Merchant—Then I'll take only the good will.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Chilly.

"They say the pretty Boston girl is a good pick. I wonder what kind of a pick she is?"

"Ice pick, I suppose."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Refuse substitutes. For Free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

True pleasure consists in clear thoughts, sedate affections, sweet reflections; a mind even and stayed, and true to itself.—Hopkins.

Tightness across the chest means a cold on the lungs. That's the danger signal. Cure that cold with Hamlins Wizard Oil before it runs into Consumption or Pneumonia.

He who cannot do kindness without a brass band is not so scrupulous about his other dealings.

Your working power depends upon your health! Garfield Tea corrects disorders of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels.

The recording angel may take more interest in your day book than in your hymn book.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A man may go up when you kick him, but you cannot claim credit for kindness.

To correct disorders of the liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb Laxative.

A good home is the best exposition of heaven.

BLOOD HUMORS

It is important that you should now rid your blood of those impure, poisonous, effete matters that have accumulated in it during the winter.

The secret of the unequaled and really wonderful success of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a remedy for Blood Humors is the fact that it combines, not simply sarsaparilla, but the utmost remedial values of more than twenty ingredients—Roots, Barks and Herbs—known to have extraordinary efficacy in purifying the blood and building up the whole system.

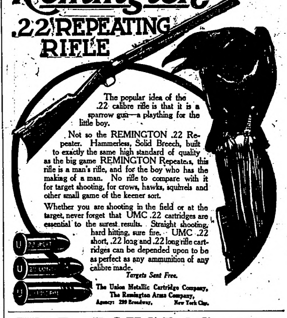
There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla, no "just as good" medicine. Get Hood's today, in liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

FOR PINK EYE DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the skin and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA



The popular idea of the .22 calibre rifle is that it is a sparrow gun—a plaything for the little boy.

Not so the REMINGTON .22 Repeater. Hammerless, Solid Breech, built to exactly the same high standard of quality as the big game REMINGTON Repeaters, this rifle is a man's rifle, and for the boy who has the making of a man. No rifle to compare with it for target shooting, for crows, hawks, squirrels and other small game of the keener sort.

Whether you are shooting in the field or at the target, never forget that UMC .22 cartridges are essential to the surest results. Straight shooting, hard hitting, sure fire. UMC .22 short, .22 long and .22 long rifle cartridges can be depended upon to be as perfect as any ammunition of any calibre made.

Targets Sent Free.

The Union Metallic Cartridge Company,
The Remington Arms Company,
Agency: 299 Broadway, New York City.

W. L. DOUGLAS

ESTAB. 1876 $2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

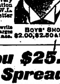
BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

REFUSE all substitutes claimed to be "just as good," the true values of which are unknown. You are entitled to the best. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes with his name and price on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas shoes cost more to make than ordinary shoes, because higher grade leathers are used and selected with greater care; every detail in the making is watched over by the most skilled organization of expert shoemakers in this country. These are the reasons why W. L. Douglas shoes are guaranteed to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other shoes you can buy.

If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00



Let Galloway Save You $25.00 to $40.00 on a Manure Spreader

If you'll send a postal for my Special 1911 Spreader Offer, I believe we can make a deal. If we do, you'll save at least $25.00, perhaps $40.00, according to size and style you want. And you get a free trial and a guarantee that would break me if my Spreader wasn't right. I know I have to go high on quality and low on price, because I sell by mail. The other fellow is right on the ground to persuade you personally. My quality and price has to do all my persuading. Let me try it. Our capacity is 42,000 spreaders this year in order to quote the low prices I do—30 to 365 days free trial and my long time binding guarantee in writing.

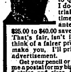
$25.00 to $40.00 saved—think of it! That's fair, isn't it? If you can think of a fairer proposition than I'l. make you, I'll print it in my next advertisement.

Get your pencil or pen right now, and send me a postal for my big Spreader Book, showing 5 styles and sizes, from $39.50 up. I'll send the book free and a proposition that will make you do some tall thinking whether you buy from me or not. Address

WM. GALLOWAY, Pres., THE WM. GALLOWAY CO., 2119 Galloway Sta., Waterloo, Iowa.

Prices, $39.50 Up. Freight Paid.

Send Postal For Book



DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

PATENT your ideas. 64-page book and advice FREE. Established 1880. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D.C.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year. Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.) 38

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FARMS IN
WESTERN
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FREE

Buy a Florida Farm

In the famous Pensacola District. Five acres bring independence for life. Soil expert shows you how. Canning factory on property guarantees market. Five acres in truck will net you $1,500 to $5,000 a year. Two railroads through this property. Good county roads. Prices will be advanced soon. Write today.

PENSACOLA REALTY COMPANY, Pensacola, Florida

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL, SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

in the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY AT SOME TIME DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY

WHEN BUYING

Note the Full Name of the Company

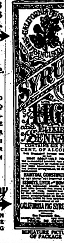
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR GRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.



CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA
CONTAINS SIX PER CENT. OF ALCOHOL
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP Co.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1911. NUMBER 34.

TEST TRANSFERS

INTERESTING AND UNUSUAL CASE TO BE TRIED AT FERGUS FALLS.

DRUNKEN INDIAN LIABLE?

Chippewa Wants to Recover $7,000 which He Says Was Gotten From Him While In State of Intoxication.

Fergus Falls.—The question whether the giving of liquor to an Indian legally invalidates his acts while intoxicated, will be brought to direct issue in a suit that was filed in the United States court in this city yesterday. More than 600 cases to annul deeds given by Indians are now pending in this court, and it is claimed that in a great many of these, the parties procuring the land used liquor freely in inducing the Indians to sign; but the government is asking that the deeds be annulled on the ground that those giving them are full-blooded Indians and had no right to transfer their lands, and not because the deeds were obtained fraudulently.

In the case just filed, however, the person making the complaint is Arthur C. Beaulieu, a mixed-blood Chippewa, and the right of mixed bloods to make transfers is unquestioned. Mr. Beaulieu sues M. J. Kolb for the recovery of $7,000, which he claims was obtained from him while he was intoxicated.

Not Versed in Business Affairs.

In his complaint he alleges that he is a young man of mixed Indian blood and that he retained his tribal relations with his band on the White Earth reservation until about Jan. 11, 1911. Until about Sept. 4, 1907, he was the owner of a tract of eighty acres of land which had been allotted him by the government, and that this land contained valuable timber. He arranged to sell this to the Park Rapids Lumber Company and was to have $4,000 for it.

He alleges further that he was, and is, unversed in busines affairs, and that the facts above set forth were known to the defendant. He claims further that the defendant, knowing that the money was due him from the lumber company, "conspired with certain other persons," and that on Sept. 6 he "gave and caused to be given him intoxicating liquors, and that when the defendant and his associates had caused the plaintiff to become irresponsible by reason of the drinking of liquor so furnished him, and while he was still under the influence thereof did procure from the plaintiff an order upon the Park Rapids Lumber Company for the paymelt of the defendant of the said sum of $6,000, which said sum the defendant received shortly afterward from the said corporation."

The complaint then goes on to give further particulars regarding the transaction, claiming that the defendant claimed to be the owner of a valuable hotel in Bagley, and represented to him that it was worth more than $8,000, but that he wanted to be fair and liberal with him and, therefore, let him have it for this amount. The plaintiff alleges further that the hotel is in reality worth only $1,000 and that the title is defective and not marketable.

Stories of deals of this sort have been coming down from the reservation for a long time, but in most instances the Indians do not appear to have fared as well as Mr Beaulieu. Should the courts hold that they are not responsible for deeds given or deals made while they were under the influence of liquor, other suits are likely to follow in rapid succession.

LA FOLLETTE ON PROGRAM.

Senator Will Address Teachers at St. Cloud in April.

St Cloud.—Robert M. La Follette, senator from Wisconsin, is to address the teachers who are to be in the city April 5, 6, and 7, attracted by the meeting of the Northern Minnesota Education Association. The meeting will be attended by about six hundred teachers. Mrs. Holmes of Illinois will have charge of model class work. Senator La Follette will speak at the opera house on the evening of April 7.

RURAL CARRIERS' CONVENTION.

Officers and Delegates Elected at Cannon Falls Meeting.

Cannon Falls.—A business convention of the Goodhue county rural letter carriers was held in this city. Postmaster Peterson made an address on the growth of the postal system. The following officers were elected: P. J. Buran, president; F. J. Schnack, secretary and treasurer. The delegates to the state convention are: T. D. Seward and W. Kolbe. The next meeting place decided on was Zumbrota.

MANKATO TO HAVE RESTROOM.

Women's Clubs Considerate of Comfort of Farmers' Wives and Children.

Mankato.—A committee representing the various women's clubs of the city appeared before the council and requested that it pay the rent of a room that could be used as a restroom for farmers' wives and children, the clubs to furnish, maintain and look after it. The council appointed a committee to act with the ladies in selecting a suitable room

MINNESOTANS AT YALE.

Forty-One From North Star State at New Haven School.

New Haven.—Minnesota's enrollment in all departments of Yale University is represented by forty-one students, according to the official figures just announced from the registrar's office. Sheffield scientific school has twenty men enrolled from Minnesota, while fourteen are in the academical department. The Yale total enrollment is 3,822 in all departments this year, while at Havard 4,132 students are enrolled.

The complete list of Minnesota men at Yale follows:

Graduate School—Department of philosophy and arts, Carl William Blegen of Minneapolis (M. A. Yale university, 1910), Greek; Harold Bruce Hunting of Minneapolis (M. A. Yale university, 1910), education; Lyndon Marrs King of Minneapolis (B. A. Yale university, 1910), economics; Claude Clair Perkins of Pine Island (M. A. Yale University, 1909), chemistry.

Academical Department—Senior class, Ellsworth Bushnell of Minnesota, Keith Merritt of Minneapolis, Benjamin Casper Thompson of St. Paul; junior class, John Alexander Craig of Duluth, Cavour Hartley of Duluth; sophomore class, Robert Driscoll of St. Paul, Elmer William McDevitt of Duluth; freshman class, Lawrence Wells Carpenter of Minneapolis, Thomas Leonard Daniels of St. Paul, Harry Trevor Drake, Jr., of St. Paul, Clarence Irving McNair of Cloquet, Edmund Joseph Phelps, Jr., of Minneapolis, Kenneth Rand of Minneapolis, Arnold Wilkinson Shutter of Minneapolis.

Sheffield Scientific School—Graduate students, Daniel H. Moon, Jr., of St. Paul (Ph. B. Yale university, 1910), botany and surveying; senior class, Stringer Barbaugh Brooks of St. Paul, Foster Holmes of Minneapolis, Henry Squire Holmes of Minneapolis, Harry George Legg of Minneapolis, Edgar Dickson Russell of Minneapolis, Adam Gentles Thompson of Duluth; junior class, Edward Raymond Backus of Minneapolis, Stanley Worthington Dwinnell of Minneapolis, Clive Palmer Jaffray of Minneapolis, Frederick Clark Lyman of Minneapolis, Stanley Partridge of Minneapolis, Harry Cushing Piper of Minneapolis, Griffith Wight of St. Paul; freshman class, Thomas Eugene Basil Foley of St. Paul, Hart Gibson Foster of Minneapolis, Spaulding Howe of Minneapolis, Charles H. Kelly of Duluth, Chas. Pennell Warner of St. Paul.

Yale Law School—Third-year class, Kern Elaine Fontaine of Minneapolis, Julian Sophus Thompson of Barnesville; second year class, Hilding Calfred Swanson of Brainerd (B. A. Valparaiso university, 1909).

MINNESOTA CENSUS.

Statement of Incorporated Places in the State.

Washington, D. C. — Director of the Census Durand has issued a statement of the population on the following cities and villages in Minnesota.

Ada, 1,432; Adams, 576; Adrian, 1,112; Aitkin, 1,638; Alden, 534; Alexandria, 3,001; Alpha, 223; Altura, 200; Alvarado, 128; Amboy, 435; Annandale, 624; Anoka, 3,972; Appleton, 1,221; Arco, 97; Argyle, 714; Arlington, 733; Ashby, 334; Atwater, 600; Audubon, 300; Avoca, 212; Backus, 184; Badger, 295; Bagley, 201; Balaton, 364; Baudette, 397; Banning, 149; Barnesville, 1,353; Barnum, 262; Barrett, 278; Barry, 105; Battle Lake, 567; Beardsley, 481; Beaver Creek, 195; Belle Plaine, 1,204; Beltrami, 149; Bellew, 290; Bena, 179; Benson, 1,677; Benton, 42; Bertha, 296; Bethel, 221; Big Falls, 326; Bigelow, 195; Big Fork, 167; Billingham, 259; Bingham Lake, 285; Bird Island, 931; Black Duck, 942; Blooming Prairie, 854; Blue Earth City, 2,319; Bluffton, 148; Bovey, 1,377; Bowlus, 164; Boyd, 431; Braham, 406; Brandon, 276; Breckenridge, 1,840; Brewster, 311; Bricelyn, 352; Bronson, 101; Browns Valley, 1,058; Browerville, 633; Browndale, 264; Brownsville, 361; Brownton, 509; Bruno, 229; Buckman, 137; Buffalo, 1,227; Buffalo Lake, 371; Burtrum, 217; Butterfield, 377; Byron, 272; Caledonia, 1,372; Callaway, 276; Calumet, 245; Cambridge, 960; Campbell, 302; Canby, 1,529; Cannon Falls, 1,385; Canton, 315; Carlos, 167; Carlton, 597; Carver, 571; Cass Lake, 2,011; Center City, 252; Ceylon, 330; Chandler, 225; Chanhassen, 164; Chaska, 2,050; Chatfield, 1,228; Chisago City, 276; Chokio, 328; Clara City, 587; Claremont, 275; Clarissa, 261; Clarkfield, 603; Clearwater, 311; Clements, 132; Climax, 269; Clinton, 384; Clitherall, 187.

OPERATIONS ON THE CAYUNA.

Several More Cement Shafts to be Stared at Early Date.

Deerwood.—The Interstate mine has attained a depth of ninety-eight feet and the contract for the cement shaft has been about completed. R. Jackson, the superintendent, will soon commence work on two additional cement shafts in the immediate neighborhood.

On the forty acres of the Inland Steel Company, of Chicago, the Foundation Company will sink a seventy-ft. cement shaft. On the forty acres of the Weyerhaeuser or Pine Tree Lumber Co. tract the Foundation Company will sink for the Rogers-Brown Ore Company a 69-foot cement shaft. The Inland Steel Company's shaft is on ground known as the Crosby lease. All these shafts are in Section 11, 46, 29.

THOMPSON WILL RUN AGAIN.

Rochester Mayor Seeks Re-election on Republican Ticket.

Rochester.—Mayor James C. Thompson, mayor of Rochester for two years, has declared himself for re-election on the republican ticket. But for his efforts to pave Broadway, the $60,000 contract given to the Kettle River Company, of Minneapolis, would not have been let. Some $25,000 worth of improvements have been made on the electric light plant in his administration.

Moorhead Election.

Moorhead. — Honorable W. H. Davy was re-elected mayor of Moorhead by a majority of 78 votes. President Lew A. Huntoon of the First National Bank was his opponent.

SHOPLIFTERS AT WORK.

Silks Stolen From Stillwater Store—Suspects Traced to St. Paul.

Stillwater. — Shoplifters robbed the dry goods store of Murphy & Co. of thirty yards of valuable silks. Two men and a woman, all strangers, are suspected and were traced to St. Paul, where the clue was lost. The woman and one of the men engaged a clerk in conversation and the second man is then supposed to have placed the goods under his overcoat.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, Feb. 25.—A semi-monthly payday bill for public service corporations, a bill to limit the working hours of women to 10 hours a day in all lines of employment, and an anti-loan shark bill occupied the attention of labor committee of the senate. All were recommended for passage.

Representatives of labor unions appeared before the committee to advocate the semi-monthly payday. Individual employes from the shops, and railroad lawyers, spoke against it. When the committee went into executive session Senators Pauly and L'Herault of Minneapolis took up the cudgels for the bill. Senator Duxbury of Houston opposed it.

The bill was recommended to pass with one dissenting vote.

Mrs. Peary Starkweather of the state labor department, asked that a bill making it unlawful for women to work more than 10 hours a day in any mercantile, manufacturing or industrial establishment be made a committee measure and recommended for passage. This was done.

Senator Pauly's anti-loan shark bill provided that no man could assign his wages without the consent of the employer and the recording of the assignment with the city clerk. It also provided that if a man were married, he could not assign his wages without the written consent of his wife.

Drainage Probers are Named.

Speaker Dunn appointed the house committee to investigate the conduct of George Ralph, state engineer, relative to the letting of contracts and the construction of dainage ditches in upper Minnesota. The committee is headed by Representative Cleon T. Knapp of Chisholm. The other members are Donald Robertson of Argyle, J. J. Moriarity of Belle Plaine, C. R. Fowler of Minneapolis and Ralph E. Crane of Grand Meadow.

State Drainage Commission Hit.

"The state drainage commission should be abolished," said Senator Swanson before the senate committee on public accounts, referring to the charges made by State Examiner Schaefer against the commission. The committee appointed three of its members,—Senators Works, Murry and Swenson, a special committee to investigate the state drainage commission. It was decided to work in conjuntion with the house committee for the same purpose if the house committee would accept their co-operation. If not they will work independently.

St. Paul, Feb. 27.—For the third time in its history, a proposal for a distance tariff, the "Iowa Idea," with which the name of Senator Cashman has become associated, was defeated in the Minnesota senate.

The final vote on the measure was 29 for and 32 against. Two years ago, the measure received 29 votes for and four years ago it received 22 votes.

The vote came after a spirited debate in which such men as Senators Cashman, Clague, Putnam and Dwinnell took a leading part.

Campbell Bill Advanced.

Initiative and referendum won a point in the lower house of the legislature. By a close vote of 57 to 50, its advocates succeeded in taking the bill from general orders and made a special order for Thursday morning, March 9. Many of the members who opposed placing the bill on a special order a week ago, changed their stand. Moyle Edwards of Breckenridge, who is opposed to the Campbell bill, but will favor a conservative initiative and referendum measure, brought the issue before the house by a motion to have the action of a week ago reconsidered.

There were two absentees in the senate roll call, Duxbury and Nelson. Both had been excused. Before leaving, Senator Duxbury had announced he would vote against the bill.

Representative C. R. Fowler led the opposition. Representative Campbell took the position that the bill was one of the most important measures before the legislature. R. C. Dunn objected to further discussion.

The long-expected 12 o'clock saloon closing bill was introduced in the house by J. D. O'Brien of St. Paul. It affects only the three cities of the first class. The proposed measure is expected to excite even more discussion than the county option bill.

The Elwell deficiency appropriation bill for the university was passed. It provides about $600,000 for construction and equipment of buildings.

Senator Elwell's new bill, giving the park board right to acquire property outside the city limits, also was passed.

The report of the house committee on university and university lands, recommending indefinite postponement of the bill providing for a homeopathic building at the state university, was defeated. The bill will be placed in general orders.

St. Paul, March 1. — The Minnesota senate went on record in favor or Sunday baseball. It killed Senator Sageng's bill repealing the law permitting the exercise of the great American sport on the Sabbath. On the final vote there were 20 senators opposed to Sunday baseball and 27 for it.

The bill came up in the committee of the whole where Senator Stebbins of Rochested moved its indefinite postponement. Senator Stebbins said his constituents were in favor of Sunday baseball.

Senator Sageng, the lone Populist from Otter Tail, objected. He said that no bill passed in the 1905 session had caused so much criticism as the Sunday baseball measure. On a rising vote Senator Stebbins' motion prevailed 27 to 17.

When the committee made its report Senator Sageng moved the report be rejected and the bill placed on the calendar. He demanded a roll call and on this motion there were 20 yeas and 27 nays, reflecting the attitude on Sunday baseball.

Senator Dwinnell's bill to give citizens of Minneapolis the power to build a union depot and force the railroads to use it, Senator Wilson's bill to make possible a home rule charter for Minneapolis, and Senator Pauly's bill for uniform weights and measures were among the most important.

The union depot bill, when passed by the house, will enable Minneapolis to realize one of its most cherished ambitions—an adequate union depot. It provides that 15 citizens of any city of more than 50,000 may organize a "union depot company" with power to condemn land and erect a depot.

Senator Haycraft of the elections committee is drafting a direct primary bill to be presented to the legislature as a committee measure and to supersede all other direct primary bills so far introduced.

The bill will provide for the nomination of all state officers by primaries instead of conventions, including governor and lieutenant-governor. It will not include direct election for United States senators. Any such bill will have to take its chances as an individual bill.

Senator Moonan's direct primary bill, providing for the party platforms being made by the party candidates after the primaries, will be reported out for indefinite postponement, as will also Senator Gunderson's bill drafted and backed by the progressive Republican organizations of Minneapolis and St. Paul. This move Senator Moonan may be expected to fight.

Temperance Measures Recommended.

The senate temperance committee, Senator V. L. Johnson chairman, recommended for passage two temperance bills and for indefinite postponement a third.

Senator Sageng's bill to give cities of the fourth class, under 10,000, a right to vote "wet or dry" was recommended for passage, but only after a threat by Senator Coller to fight the bill on the floor of the senate unless an amendment was added exempting such cities as had a home rule charter of their own from its provisions. This is the same bill that is fathered by J. N. Johnson in the house, with the exception that he has consented to amend it so as to exempt cities with home rule charters.

Senator Hanson's bill to prohibit the sale of malt in any place except licensed saloons and in drug stores for medicinal purposes was unanimously recommended for passage.

School Bonds May be Cut.

That the legislature will be cut down the bond issue of $1,000,000 asked by the school board for the graded schools to $900,000 is almost a certainty, in view of the selection made by the Hennepin senatorial delegation of the subcommittee to confer with the house subcommittee on this subject.

Senators Dwinnell, Fosseen and Wallace were appointed as the senatorial subcommittee. They will attempt to show the house subcommittee that, in view of the fact that the school board has already $250,000 of undisposed bonds, that $900,000 more will be enough for them.

The Spooner resolution calling for afternoon sessions of the house was passed. The afternoon session will be tried as an experiment with the idea of expediting the work. The idea will be to meet daily at 1 o'clock. The committee meetings will be held in the morning.

The house standing committee on drainage, appointed a subcommittee, consisting of C. H. Warner, Albert Pfaender and G. W. Brown to formulate and present the charges against George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, to the special investigating committee. The charges will be formally presented at a meeting to be held Wednesday morning.

CROWD SHOUTS AT HAREM SKIRT

Then the Wearer at Mount Vernon Place Hails a Taxicab.

Baltimore, Feb. 28.—A comedy woman wearing a "harem skirt" created a stir on fashionable Mount Vernon place, near the Washington monument. A crowd followed the wearer of the skirt and her escort for several blocks, when the couple hailed a taxicab and were hurried away from the shouting spectators.

Duluth Hockey Team Loses.

Duluth, March 1.—The Fort William hockey team defeated the Duluth seven here 14 to 0. A crowd that packed the big rink saw the contest. The game was fast, but the Canadians outclassed their opponents throughout.

Morgan Lets Go $100,000.

New York, N. Y. — J. Pierpont Morgan is named by the George Washington Memorial Association as the donor of a gift of $100,000 to the funds of the association.

WESTERN CANADA COUNTING ITS GOLD

THE GRAIN CROP OF 1910 WAS A GOOD PAYING ONE.

Crop conditions throughout the west of Canada were not ideal, but notwithstanding there were excellent crops. Reports come from different parts to the agents of the Canadian government, whose literature tells a good part of the story, that the crops in most places were splendid.

At Castor, Alta., F. Galloway's oat crop threshed 35 bushels to the acre, machine measure, and 44 bushels by weight. Alex Robertson of Delisle, Alta., had 20 bushels to the acre on 875 acres. W. & H. Clark, 17 bushels to the acre on 77 acres. Sheldon Ramsey, 20 bushels on 160 acres. J. Lane threshed 3,500 bushels off 200 acres; J. Hamilton, 5,200 bushels off 264 acres. Mrs. Headley had an average of 25 bushels per acre on 160 acres. Chambers Bros. got 13,270 bushels off 650 acres.

Fertile Valley district, G. Rollo, had an average of 25 bushels to the acre on a total crop of 10,000 bushels. E. Brown of Pincher Creek had a yield of 33 bushels on his winter wheat; W. Walker, Miss Walker and John Goberts all had an average yield of 25 bushels; Mr. Fitzpatrick, 23, and Mr. Freebairn, 20. Charles Nelson of Bon Accord, Alberta, had threshed his crop of 5,000 bushels of grain, wheat, oats and barley, from 210 acres of old ground.

Wm. Logan of Bon Accord is reported to have threshed 400 bushels of wheat from 9 acres of new breaking. His oats it is said yielding over 100 bushels to the acre. Robert Martin of Belbeck, Sask., from 100 acres got 3,740 bushels of wheat. Geo. A. Campbell of Caron, Sask., from 130 acres summer fallow got 40 bushels per acre, and from 50 acres stubble got 24 bushels per acre. One of the farmers of Colonsay threshed out 36 bushels of wheat per acre from 150 acres summer fallow, and another 33 bushels per acre. James Glen of Drinkwater, Sask., had 36½ bushels per acre; 40 acres summer fallow, 31 bushels per acre; 40 acres stubble, 27 bushels per acre; total, 6,680 bushels off 200 acres. Abe Winters of Fleming has 39 bushels of wheat per acre. At Govan, Benjamin Armstrong had 33 bushels to the acre. John Glumlin, 34 bushels. Charles Latta, 35 bushels. J. K. Taylor, 35 bushels. W. Small, 2,060 bushels on 90 acres. J. F. Moore, 6,500 bushels on 215 acres. J. MacLean, 1,500 bushels on 63 acres. W. Hopwood, 1,750 bushels on 60 acres. W. Gray, 950 bushels on 30 acres. W. Curtin, 850 bushels on 30 acres. John Meyers, Jr., of Grand Coulee, reports 34¾ bushels to the acre. P. P. Epp of Langham, Sask., has 35 1-3 bushels per acre. J. J. Thiessen, 31 bushels per acre. Chris Dear, 25 bushels per acre from 90 acres. Wm. Thiessen, 18½ bushels from 100 acres. P. P. Schultz, 18 bushels per acre from 100 acres. Robt. H. Wiggins of Manor, Sask., had 39 bushels wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Fred Cobb, 30 bushels of wheat and 75 bushels of oats per acre. Jack Robinson, 39 bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Kindel of Milestone, Sask., had 38 bushels of wheat per acre. R. J. Moore, 40 bushels of wheat per acre. Martin Roddy, 38 bushels of wheat per acre. J. D. Sifton of Moose Jaw had 37 bushels wheat per acre; oats, 50 bushels per acre; flax, 11 bushels to the acre. John L. Smith of New Warren had 35 bushels of wheat per acre. At Regina H. W. Laird had 35 bushels to the acre; W. H. Duncan, wheat, 22 bushels to the acre, flax, 16 bushels; G. M. Bell, wheat, 35 bushels to the acre, oats, 70 bushels; O. E. Rothwell, 25 bushels to the acre; J. McKinnis, wheat, 35 bushels summer fallow; 20 bushels stubble; oats, 80 bushels; J. S. Mooney, 31 bushels of wheat; 80 bushels oats on stubble. At Tessies, Wm. Nesbitt had 44 bushels wheat to the acre. Sep. Latrace, 34 bushels. Thos. Miller, 31 bushels. These were all on summer fallow. Major Bros.' stubble went 14. At Tuxford, Sask., C. B. Dunning had 37 bushels. James Bain, 41 bushels summer fallow. At Yellow Grass, Wm. Robson, off one half section, had 45 bushels wheat to the acre, and 40 bushels off another averaged 37 bushels to the acre. Geo. Steer, off a twenty-acre field, threshed half. M. A. Wilkinson, off 160 acres, 53 bushels wheat to the acre. His whole crop averaged over 40. Jas. A. R. Cameron's half section averaged over 36 bushels to the acre. D. McNevan, who has two farms, averaged about 40 bushels. W. A. Cooper got 47 bushels to the acre off 71 acres; his whole crop went about 40. John Murray, 35 per acre off 160 acres. Hockley Bros., 35 per acre off a half section. W. Ransom, 35 per acre of the Cathcert farm. N. Dunne, 39 to the acre. S. C. Hart, 38 per acre. T. Murray, Jr., 36 to the acre. A. E. McEwan, 38 to the acre. Mayor Taylor, 32 to the acre.

If It's Your Eye Use Pettit's Eye Salve for inflammation, stys, itching lids, eye aches, defects of vision and sensitivity to strong lights. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

It is possible to have too much of a good thing. The dog with the shortest tail runs the least danger of having tin cans tied to it.

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If a man's wife can read about politics without wishing she were a man, he will never experience the pleasure of being henpecked.

NO MORE HANGING

BILL TO ABOLISH THE DEATH PENALTY PASSES BY VOTE OF 95 TO 19.

BY MINN. LEGISLATURE

Life Imprisonment May Be Severest Sentence—Fate of Martin O'Malley Has Bearing on Action of Lower Body.

St. Paul, Minn. — Though his name was not mentioned, the fate of Martin O'Malley of Le Sueur county hung in the balance in the Minnesota house of representatives. By a vote of 95 to 19 the house passed the MacKenzie bill abolishing capital punishment in Minnesota.

It was because of this pending bill that Governor Eberhart refused to fix the date of the execution of O'Malley who had been given the death sentence for the murder of his two step-children. Because of the governor's refusal to act the grand jury of Le Sueur county had asked the legislature to investigate the governor because of his failure to act.

The fact that a human life was at stake made the debate relative to the discontinuation of legal execution in the state more pointed than it would have been otherwise.

Some Opposition Raised.

As few voices were raised in defense of the old time system but the argument was in favor of its abolishment. When the vote was finally taken only 19 representatives went on record in favor of legal execution and the bill received 95 votes against it.

If the bill passes the senate it will leave life imprisonment as the only punishment for murder in the first degree. Some objection has been raised to abolishing capital punishment, as the convicted murder can be paroled by the state board of pardons. This objection will be eliminated by the Keene bill taking away from the state board the power to pardon men sent to prison for life.

2,000 DYING DAILY.

Plague Rages in Cities of Manchuria—Martial Law Declared.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—Pei-Chaunlintze, about fifty miles north of Harbin, is being ravaged by the plague. The deaths there are reported to number 2,000 daily.

The disease is raging at Kirin, Hulanchen, opposite Harbin, and at Bodune, 100 miles southeast of the Manchurian capital.

Bread riots have occurred throughout the stricken district. The foreign consuls are preparing to leave. Troops have refused to march into the plague places and martial law has been established.

The Chinese emperor has reprimanded the Manchurian authorities for not having dealt more energetically with the situation. The far eastern press is filled with apprehensions of a recrudescence of Boxerism.

$10,000 FOR PROMISE BREACH.

S. Dakota Girl Wins Suit Against Wealthy New Yorker.

New York, N. Y. — Henrietta French, a South Dakota girl, was awarded a verdict of $10,000 by a jury in the supreme court for the alleged breach of David H. Decker, Jr., promise to marry her. Decker is a wealthy young civil engineer of this city. On motion of his counsel that the verdict be set aside, Justice Erlanger agreed that it appeared to be a "sympathetic verdict" without justification.

"Not a dollar of damage has been shown," said the court, "except that naturally arising from the alleged breach. I will take briefs on the question of a reduction of the verdict, which I regard as entirely disproportionate."

RUEF IS DOOMED TO PRISON.

Frisco Political Boss Denied Rehearing by Supreme Court.

San Francisco, Calif. — What appears to be the last hope of Abraham Ruef, political boss of San Francisco during the regime of Mayor E. Schmitz, of escaping his sentence of 14 years in San Quentin, was dissipated when the state supreme court vacated its recent order granting Ruef a rehearing.

It was this order which resulted in the introduction in the state legislature at Sacramento of a resolution providing for an investigation of the methods of the supreme court in granting rehearings.

Helena. — Governor Norris approved a bill providing for the commission for mof government for cities.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, March 1.—Wheat, May, 94⅞c; July, 96⅛c; No. 1 northern, 96⅜c; No. 2 northern, 94⅛c; No. 1 durum, 82c; No. 3 corn, 42c; No. 3 white oats, 30c; barley, 90c; No. 2 rye, 79c; No. 1 flax, $2.63⅞.

Duluth, March 1.—Wheat, May, 95⅞c; July, 96⅞c; No. 1 northern, 96c.

South St. Paul, March 1.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@5.70; cows, $3,35@4.40; calves, $3.40@7.75; hogs, $6.80@6.90; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

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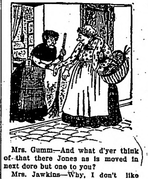
I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-269 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

WHAT SHE THOUGHT.



Mrs. Gumm—And what d'yer think of that there Jones as is moved in next dore but one to you?

Mrs. Jawkins—Why, I don't like talking about my neighbors; but as to Mr. Jones, sometimes I think, and then again I don't know, but, after all, I rather guess he'll turn out to be a good deal such a sort of man as I take him to be.

A WOMAN'S KIDNEYS.

Are Often Responsible for Untold Suffering.

Mrs. W. H. Kaiser, Whitney, Nebr., says: "Many times during the night I was obliged to arise because of too frequent passages of kidney secretions. Again they became scanty, were very thick and attended by burning and scalding. Soon a dropsical condition became manifest and I began to worry. My feet and ankles were bloated and I was in a bad way when I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. I used four boxes and was entirely cured."

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Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The strongest symptom of wisdom in man is his being sensible of his own follies.—Rochefoucauld.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A woman always fears she won't be in time for the bargain sale.

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Saturday, March 4, 1911.

The dedication of the new high school building at Thief River Falls Monday was a big event.

Thief River Falls is to have another newspaper, to be known as the Times, to be published by H. E. Mussey, an old time newspaper man of that city, and his son Homer. The first issue will appear next Friday.

In a decision reached last Monday Attorney General Simpson gives a flat refusal to J. A. Duffy and others to make application to the supreme court for a writ of quo warranto to test the legality of the organization of Pennington county. This no doubt settles the "squabble," which will be a great relief to all concerned.

Everybody Invited

In view of the general interest that is taken in the license question the Spectator invites a full discussion, to be published in our next issue, under the following restrictions:

The contributions must be written in civil language and contain no personalities or abuse. Errors in spelling or grammar we will correct. Abusive language we cannot.

Each article will be limited to one-half column of our space, and be published over the signature of the writer.

Copy for same must be in this office before Thursday morning.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Feb. 23, 1911.

Pursuant to call the county board met in extra session in the auditor's office in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock p. m:

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Hedeen, Wold, Larson.

Members absent, none.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved as read.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson:

Whereas, after due consideration this board has estimated the neccessary expenses of the county for the current year to be as follows:

County purposes	$11,000
Road and bridge purposes	4,400
Interest and principal on bonds	2,200

Therefore be it resolved that to meet such expenses the following sums be levied on the taxable property of Pennington county as a basis of taxation for the current year:

County Revenue fund	$11,000
County Road and Bridge	4,400
County Bond and Interest	2,200

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the sum of $500.00 be and is hereby appropriated from the county revenue fund and placed in the county attorney's contingent fund of this county. Resolution prevailed unanimously.

On motion duly carried the surety bond of the St. Hilaire Spectator in the sum of $500.00 be accepted in lieu of the $1,000.00 personal bond.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the sum of $150.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to the city of Thief River Falls for repairing bridge at the junction of the Thief and Red Lake rivers.

On motion made by Commissioner Hedeen, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold, that a committee consisting of the chairman of the board, the vice chairman, and Commissioner Shaw be named to meet with the county board of Red Lake county in regard to dividing the county property. Motion carried.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman. Board of County Commissioners.

Attest.
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

How to Enter the Office

Advance to the inner door and give three raps. The devil will attend to the alarm. You will give your name, postoffice address, and number of years you owe for the paper. You will be admitted into the sanctum and will advance to the center of the room, where you will address the editor with the following countersign: Hold the right hand about two feet from the body with the thumb and fingers clasping a $10 bill, which you will drop into the editor's hand, saying: "Were you waiting for me?" The editor will grasp your hand and the bill, pressing it, and will say, "You bet!"

Not in Harmony

This is the part of the church year that the Christian church has named the Lent season, in which we as Christians should remember and meditate upon the sufferings and death of our Lord Jesus Christ.

How can you harmonize it, to work and vote for the saloon and at the same time celebrate Lent. I know full well that the drink evil and the saloon is not the only evil we have or may have, but this fact no one with knowledge and common sense will deny. It is an enemy of liberty and society, a destroyer of peace and happiness, a cause of crime and untold sufferings.

Yours for the good of St. Hilaire,
M. S. GJERDE.

The Minneapolis Symbhony Company

Will appear at the auditorium, Thief River Falls, Sunday evening, March 26.

For music lovers this will be the grandest event of the season. This orchestra, under the leadership of Director Emil Oberhoffer, is composed of fifty-six artists and has a national reputation

Prices, $1.50, $1.00, .75.

A special train will run from Crookston, and St. Hilaire people can use it to go and return. Leave St. Hilaire about 4 p. m.

[illegible] to the Farmers.

St. [illegible] Plaindealer: Hennepin county [illegible] Governor Johnson [illegible] majority of 8,272 in 19[illegible] and virtually elected him. That county is now receiving its reward. The governor's board of equalization has reduced the assessment upon Minneapolis real estate by nearly six million (6,000,000) dollars. The same board has increased the assessed valuation of farm property in various sections of the state from five to fifty per cent. It has also increased the valuation of lots in small towns from thirty to fifty per cent. Verily, vote for Johnson and ye shall have your reward.

New Guinea Savages.

In the interior of New Guinea there are more than forty distinct tribes of savages, many of them head hunters and cannibals who know of the existence of white people from hearsay only.

Taxes In Holland.

A Hollander pays as taxes about 12 per cent per annum on his income.

Ale in England.

Queen Elizabeth of England is reputed to have drunk a quart of ale every day with her breakfast. Within fifty years of her death the practice of ale drinking appears to have become practically universal in that country.

Chinaware.

The making of chinaware is the oldest of all industries.

Horologio.

An artist named James Dondi constructed in the fourteenth century a clock for the city of Padua which was long considered as the wonder of the period. Besides indicating the hours, it represented the motion of the sun, moon and planets and also pointed out the different festivals of the year. On this account Dondi obtained the surname of Horologio.

Beachy Head.

The loftiest cliff on the coast of England is Beachy head, the height of which is 564 feet.

The Printers' Bible.

A rare edition is called "the printers' Bible" because it contains a curious misprint in Psalm cxix, which reads, "Printers have persecuted me without a cause," instead of "Princes have persecuted me without a cause."

Paris' Secondhand Market.

There is a curious old market near Paris in which everything is sold at second hand. Working girls can fit themselves out there from head to foot. As a writer says, "Mimi can sell her old felt hat and buy a straw one, exchange her old dress for a new one and, if she likes, buy a steak and a salad for her dinner, a paper bag of fried potatoes, sweets and some flowers for her window. Democracy is king here, and no more attention is paid to the millionaire who is looking for something marvelous which he may pick up cheap than to the man with the wooden leg who wants a new left boot in exchange for a dozen sardine tins, five gloves and a stocking."

AND I must rise and leave my den,
And leave my dimpled water well,
And leave my heather blooms.
Alas, and as my home I neared,
How very big my nurse appeared,
How great and cool the rooms.
—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Knew the Symptoms.

Young Wife—My sweetest, darling, best hearted hubby! Hubby (resigned-ly)—All right, spring it. I am prepared for the worst.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

MAGIC MIRRORS.

Peculiar Effects In Some of the Polished Bronze Reflectors.

Now and then mirrors of a curious kind are seen in Europe. They are called "magic mirrors" and are of Japanese origin, made not of glass silvered, but of cast bronze, polished on the face and bearing on the back raised patterns, inscriptions, symbolical designs, crests or pictures. When exposed to a bright beam of light from the sun or from an electric lamp they reflect in the light from their polished face the image of the pattern on their backs.

This is a purely optical property and has of course nothing in common with the fortune telling magic crystals of the astrologer or the alleged magic mirrors of necromancy, yet it long puzzled the scientific optician and even now is little known or believed. The researches of various scientific men have established the fact that the phenomenon is due to very minute differences of curvature in the polished face, differences so minute that they do not affect the ordinary use of the mirror as a looking glass and that can be detected only by delicate optical tests

The only remaining mystery has been as to how these delicate differences of curvature were produced in exact correspondence to the pattern on the back. The makers themselves are often in ignorance of the magic property and do not know which of their mirrors possess it and which do not. The mirrors are cast in molds and afterward polished by hand, and it is held by scientific men that the difference of curvature is caused by the metal's yielding unequally under that pressure of the tools used in scraping and polishing, the thin parts naturally bending more than the thick. This accounts for the mirrors' becoming magic.—Chicago News.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agt.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.D.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

[illegible]

Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

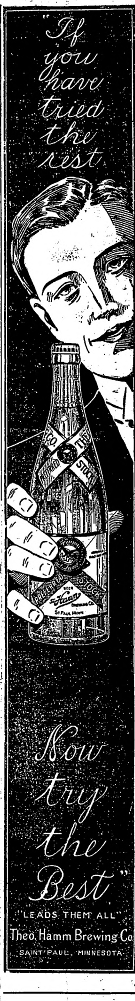
His Source of Information.

Backlotz—You don't mean to say this is the first you've heard of it?

Subbubs—Yes.

Backlotz—Why, it's the talk of the neighborhood.

Subbubs—Yes, but my wife is away on a visit.



Lese Majesty.

Ann—You don't tell me that that gem of a cook left Mrs. Dust! Flo—Yes. You see, Mrs. Dust refused to change grocers when the cook and the delivery boy fell out.—Puck.

France has the best highways in Europe, Russia and Spain the worst.

MINNEAPOLIS SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

At the Auditorium, Thief River Falls, Sunday evening, March 26

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a.m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, March 5, at 7:30 o'clock.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKES, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall's very first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Conclave, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lavelle, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocery Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for drawing, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 23 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard Belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

C. C. Elliott, Ogden, Iowa. Write today.

R. L. Hauge was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Miss Tomina Wilson went to Wylie Monday to visit friends.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl returned Wednesday morning from a visit with friends in Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Peterson of Fairmount, N. D., are guests of Peter Peterson and family.

Elliott has buyers, real live ones. List your farm.

The boys have organized a "Junior" club, and are fitting up headquarters in rooms over the meat market.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hauge, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Dr. Owens, the dentist, wishes it known that he will be out of town on Monday. Tuesday, and Wednes- March 6, 7, and 8.

Mrs. Kvennes, who has been visiting with her brother, Martin Hoff, and family, returned Monday to her home at Middle River.

Funeral services for Mrs. Lorents Sandvig were held Monday at 2 p. m. from the home, by Rev. S. T. Palm, and interment made in the Swedish cemetery.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

Rev. W. C. Hodgson, pastor of the Methodist church at Crookston, will speak in the Imperial hall next Thursday evening, March 9, on the temperance question.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Biixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Born, on Tuesday, Feb. 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Hans Anderson of Bowbells, N. D., a girl. Mrs. Anderson has been visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Anderson, this winter.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

James Cook, who was here a short time ago from North Dakota and rented the Worstall farm in the town of Bray, returned Wednesday with his family and will move at once on the farm.

H. O. Haugen made a business trip to the Twin cities via Thief River Falls on Monday and had a chance to hear the governor's dedication address. He returned Wednesday via Crookston.

We are requested to announce that there will be a basket social at the Valhalla on Saturday evening, March 11, followed by a dance, to be given by the Good Templars. A good time is guaranteed to all who attend.

D. L. Hikkok of Red Lake county recently sold his half section farm to Iowa parties for the sum of $16,000 cash. This sale, as well as others which have been consummated in that county since last fall, sets the mark of farm values in that section at about $50 an acre. Hikkok bought the land fifteen years ago for about $3 an acre.—Crookston Times.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

Miss Anna Johnson went last Saturday to Minneapolis, where she was called by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Nels Johnson. The latter went to Minneapolis a couple of months ago to visit at the home of her son, Rev. Henry Johnson, and to consult specialists concerning a chronic trouble from which she has been suffering for some time. Last week she was taken suddenly worse, and the daughter was sent for.

Elliott don't try to sell farms not listed with him.

B. H. Pierson of Ralston, Iowa, arrived Monday with two cars of stock and machinery. Mr. Pierson purchased the northwest quarter of section 30 in Rocksbury last year through the agency of C. C. Elliott and expects to make this his future home. Mrs. Pierson and children, accompanied by Mr. Elliott, arrived the same day via Thief River Falls. This estimable family come well recommended from their former home and will prove a valuable addition to the community in which they are to reside.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.86
" 2 "	.84
" 3 "	.80
Flax, 1	2.48
" 2	2.38
Barley, for 50 lbs	.60
Oats	.27
Eggs	.15
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.28
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	8½
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	7
Flour, Patent	2.65@2.70
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a.m

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

H. O. Haugen went to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Mons Swanson was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Misses Olga Swanson and Nellie Folstad went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Arne Loberg returned Tuesday from Roseau, where he has had employment for a while.

Duncan McAllister and William Lindahl were in Thief River Falls Tuesday between trains.

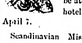
C. H. Martz made a business trip to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening and returned Wednesday.

George Eastman, proprietor of the Hazel townsite, was in the village Thursday on business.

John Hedlund, one of the prosperous farmers of River Falls township was in the village Thursday.

Arthur Hall has accepted a position as clerk in a store at Stevenson, near Hibbing, on the iron range, and leaves today for that place.

At their meeting Tuesday evening the firemen decided to give another of their popular balls on Friday, March 17.



Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, April 7.

Scandinavian Mission services will be held Sunday morning, March 5, at 10:30, at the home of P. A. Ekstrom in Black River.

Don't pass up Mike Anderson's fine grocery and confectionery because he is out of town. Mr. Hall will attend to your wants.

The Young People' Sewing society will meet at the Scandinavian Mission church Friday evening, March 10. Mrs. Gust Erickson will entertain.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa, at present. Write him there.

D. Patterson, A. S. Wilson, C. H. Martz, and K. O. Gigstad drove to Thief River Falls Monday afternoon to be present at the dedication of the Lincoln school building and hear Gov. Eberhart's address.

Black River

Miss Elsa Hendrickson has been on the sick list this week.

Miss Laura Jacobson entertained the sewing club Wednesday evening.

Ed Carlson is busy hauling cordwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Gunnaed Lindquist visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Axel Jacobson Monday afternoon.

Misses Laura Jacobson and Louise Crlson were in St. Hilaire yesterday.

Art Jacobson called at the Carlson home Sunday.

Now Is the Time

To pay your subscription. All those indebted to The Spectator for subscription will confer a great favor by coming in and liquidating. We are sorry to be compelled to remind you of this, but necessity—

NOW IS THE TIME
TO BUY YOUR SHOES

We have a complete line of Ladies', Men,s, and Children's Fine Shoes and Work Shoes. Every pair of shoes sold with a guarantee. We also have a complete line of Rubbers, at very low prices.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

City
Tonsorial Parlor
DUNCAN McALLISTER
PROPRIETOR

Also have on sale
A GOOD LINE OF FACE CREAMS and HAIR TONICS
ROSEWOOD DANDRUFF REMEDY

H. Wilson
WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE MINN.

DIED

Herman Just, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Just, died Tuesday, Feb. 28, aged 17 years. Three other members of the family, Mr. Just and two of the children, have been seriously ill with the measles.

Funeral services were held at the home Thursday and the remains were taken to Thief River Falls for interment.

CAUCUS

Notice is hereby given that a caucus will be held at the village hall on Friday, March 10, at 8 p. m., for the purpose of nominating the following officers for the ensuing year.

One president of council;
Three trustees;
One village recorder;
One justice of the peace;
Two constables;
One assessor;

By order of the village council.
ARTHUR HALL,
Clerk.

Cole's Campaign Clean.

Winnebago City Enterprise: Cole is making a clean campaign and is gaining votes every day. Cole is a good campaigner. He makes friends easily and impresses one as being a man of sound business judgment. While not an orator, he makes a good speech, teeming with common sense. Mr. Cole will make the state a splendid governor.

A joker is near akin to a buffoon, and neither of them is the least related to wit.—Chesterfield.

SHOE SIZES.

How the Standard of Measurement Was Established.

It is most difficult for many persons to remember the sizes of their different articles of wearing apparel. Collars, shirts and gloves are easy enough, because in the case of these it is a matter of actual inches. But the hat and shoe numbers are what puzzle most people, to say nothing of the mystery why a No. 11 stocking goes with a No. 8 shoe.

This last puzzle is, however, easily explained. Stockings have always been measured by the inch from heel to toe, but the numbering of shoes was fixed a long time ago by a Frenchman.

The Frenchman permanently fixed the numbers of shoes for all Europe and America. He arbitrarily decided that no human foot could possibly be smaller than three and seven-eighth inches. So, calling this point zero, he allowed one-third of an inch to a size and accordingly built up his scale. It follows therefrom that a man cannot find out the number of his own shoe unless he be an expert arithmetician. Even then he is likely to go wrong, because all the shoe experts allow for the weight of the individual and the build of his foot before they try to determine what size shoe he ought to wear.

As far as women's shoes are concerned the problem is still more difficult, because many of the manufacturers instead of keeping to the regular scale have marked down their numbers one or two sizes in order to capture easily flattered customers. For this reason most dealers ask out of town customers to send an old shoe with their orders.

The system of measuring hats is much simpler. Any man can tell what size he wears simply by adding the width and length of the inner brim and then dividing by two. Orders can also be sent to the shopkeeper by stating the circumference of the be- —Boston Glo

The Family Game.

Mother (coming into the children's room)—Rosie, what are you making such a terrible noise over? Look at Hugo. See how quiet he sits there. Rosie—Yes, it's easy for him to sit quiet in the game we are playing. He is papa, who has come home late, and I am—you.—Wiener Salonwitzblatt.

Coming.

When flying is perfected
And man is on the wing
A Wilbur Wright elopement
Will be the proper thing.

Man From City Hall.

"Why does the man scrutinize his features so closely in the mirror?"

"Perhaps he is trying to detect the flight of time."

"What for?"

"Doubtless he desires to arrest it."

Her Opinion.

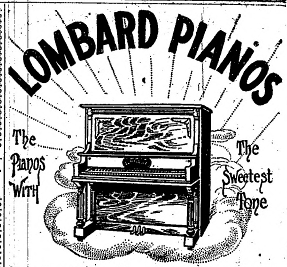
"Mr. Footprint, you are the most graceful dancer in the room," said the sweet young girl to the awkward guy who was falling all over her.

"A fine compliment, I am sure."

"No; just a knock on the other dancers."

Imperialism involves a departure from principles which were universally accepted in this country until within two years. To know that all men are created equal one needs not the wisdom of a sage or the learning of the schools. It was declared to be a self evident truth; it was evident to those who pledged their lives to the maintenance of the Declaration of Independence, and it is evident still to those who are not blinded by the glamour of wealth and the glittering promises of a colonial system. If all men are created equal and endowed with inalienable rights, it follows as a logical and necessary sequence that governments were instituted for the welfare of all and derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. On the preservation of this doctrine our hopes depend. If it is abandoned, there is no foundation upon which a government like ours can be constructed.—W. J. Bryan.

He who does not improve today will grow worse tomorrow.—German Proverb.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

CALUMET The BAKING POWDER

That Makes the Baking Better

Failures are almost impossible with Calumet.

We know that it will give you better results.

We know that the baking will be purer—more wholesome.

We know that it will be more evenly raised.

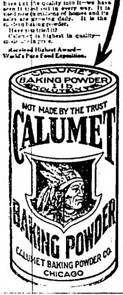
And we know that Calumet is more economical, both in its use and cost.

We know these things because we have put the quality into it—we have seen it tried out in every way. It is used now in millions of homes and its sales are growing daily. It is the modern baking powder.

Have you tried it?

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in price.

Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.



Slip Easy COLLARS

15¢ TWO FOR 25¢

Pul-Easy COLLARS

Act. The Best 10 Cent Collars Made.

Note Slip Easy tab found on our collars only

As necktie cannot touch collar button it slides freely. Tab will not get out of place when relaundered. Cost no more than ordinary collars, and give more comfort, more wear, more style. If your dealer don't have them, write us.

C.W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N.Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Breat Good

Be master of your own time. Use a

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Rattlesnakes Appear Early.

The unusually warm weather throughout central Wyoming the last few weeks has caused large numbers of rattlesnakes to leave their dens and many have been killed by ranchmen and others. Not in the recollection of the oldest inhabitants have rattlesnakes appeared so early in the year.—Casper Correspondence Denver Republican.

Not Boasting of It.

Theatrical Manager—I understand that you played with Booth, Miss Sereleaf,

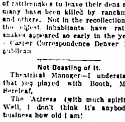
The Actress (with much spirit—Well, I don't think it's anybody's business how old I am!

Latest Quotations.

"How would you like a game picture for your dining room? A brace of canvasbacks, say?"

"No cheap stuff for me. Paint me a picture of a dozen eggs."

COLDS



Munyon's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fevers, stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and obstinate Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Write Prof. Munyon, 53rd and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., for medical advice absolutely free.

PISO'S IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

HIGH WATER TOWER

Encased in the World's Largest Corinthian Column.

Ancient Triumph of Architecture Which for Forty Years Has Evoked the Admiration of Visitors to St. Louis.

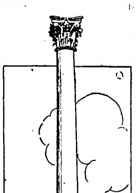
St. Louis.—The old water tower, the first and original, has gone out of service. Its usefulness as well as need in the magnificent water system of St. Louis is a thing of the very recent past. In the ancient water tower the city of St. Louis possesses the finest and tallest Corinthian column in the world.

There are not 100 persons in St. Louis, even those who have knowledge of the finer and artistic elements—those that mark for grandeur and perfection in symmetry—who ever realized the value of the tower as a work of utility and beauty. Few, indeed, are aware that the western metropolis, for a period of nearly forty years, possessed a triumph in architecture which has again and again evoked the admiration of visitors from Europe and other parts of our own country.

Some forty years ago, when the waterworks system was limited and in its incipiency, it was deemed imperative that a means of relief for the service pumps and the class of engines in use be established.

About that time Joseph P. Kirkwood, a noted eastern engineer, became the chief engineer of the St. Louis waterworks. Mr. Kirkwood was an expert in waterworks mechanism and engineering. He went to Europe in that period to make a study of the best waterworks systems in the big capitals, and came back with much information as to high standpipes. It was along in 1868 that the water board decided to erect a high standpipe at Grand avenue. At first it was planned to hold the pipe in place by means of guy ropes, but Mr. Barnett, the architect of the department, suggested inclosing the pipe in a column of brick. The idea was adopted by the engineers and the commissioners.

The work of building the pipe and the Corinthian column was by contract. It was started in the fall of 1869 and completed in July, 1871, when the first gallon of water was pumped into the big standpipe. The height of the pipe from the ground to the top of the tower—the bottom of the capitol, where the observation platform is—is 164 feet. The column proper, encasing the pipe, is 155 feet 4 inches. The base of the column is masonry, Joliet stone, 8 feet thick. From the top of the masonry the column was constructed of brick, beginning with a thickness of 2 feet 3 inches at the base and gradually reducing, by successive steps, to 1 foot 1 inch at the bottom of the capitol, the ornate cap of the tower, where stands the observation platform. The diameter of the base of the column—the masonry work—is 41 feet.



The St. Louis Water Tower.

Between the standpipe and the column on the inside is a space of 2 feet 8 inches, and in this space was built a spiral stairway, winding around the pipe and leading to the observation platform on the capitol. The height of the capitol is 19 feet 8 inches. From this point thousands of persons who were willing to brave the fatigue of climbing the narrow spiral stairway have had a fine view of the city and the surrounding country. The total cost of the old water tower was $45,644. And the city considered it a good investment.

When the tower was completed the citizens of St. Louis regarded it as a monument of civic enterprise to be proud of, but few realized the real merit of the structure as a splendid example of good engineering and architectural beauty.

The Electric Clock.

Cincinnati, O.—The electric clock is self winding and will remain in accurate operation for a period of at least one year. The winding operation is performed by a dry battery, and if this is of good quality there is no reason why the clock should not run much longer than one year. The movement of this clock is greatly simplified as compared with the spring-driven clock. The winding arm consists of a lever with a weight on the end and as this winding arm drops to a certain point it closes an electric circuit and energizes an electro-magnet. This magnet, by attracting its armature, pulls the "winding arm" up ready gradually to fall again, applying its weight to running the clock. This "winding" occurs at regular intervals of seven or eight minutes and on this account an electric clock keeps better time than a spring clock

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

Uncle Joe's Check.

Col. Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives, has the original check given by Speaker Joseph G. Cannon a few years ago to a book agent, and about which an interesting story has been told.

An agent visited the speaker and interested him in an elaborate edition of something which Uncle Joe didn't want, but bought. When the books arrived Uncle Joe examined them and decided at once that something had been put over on him. When the agent came for his money the speaker determined to make him indorse a terse sentiment on books, so he wrote out a check for $73, the amount due, and on the back of it he inscribed:

"Pay to the order of Mr. Blank, in full payment for an edition which was not worth a d—, and dear at that price, but for the ease and grace with which he put it over your Uncle Joe it was well worth the money."—Human Life.

Nine or Ten Deposits.

"It is expensive to learn to fly," said Clifford Harmon at Mineola. "Your aeroplane costs more than $5,000. You must pay a fee of $500 for tuition, and you must deposit, too, about $500 more for damages. All the damage you do to the machine you learn on must be paid for, and your deposit may easily be eaten up.

"I was talking one day at Nice to an English flyer.

"'I learned to fly in a week,' I said. 'How long did it take you to learn?'

"'Oh, nine or ten—'

"'What!' I interrupted. 'Not nine or ten weeks?'

"'No, aeroplanes,' said he."

Critics.

"Only competent critics can give competent criticisms," said Admiral Mahan, at the Immortals' recent reception in New York. "The ignobler the critic the ignobler the criticism—even of the very finest things—that he will pronounce.

"A man in a bar was praising a famous American journalist, a justly famous journalist, a journalist who gets out a really fine paper.

"'Yes,' the bartender, agreed, 'his paper is a good one. It picked two winners last week.'"

CHILDREN AFFECTED

By Mother's Food and Drink.

Many babies have been launched into life with constitutions weakened by disease taken in with their mothers' milk. Mothers cannot be too careful as to the food they use while nursing their babes.

The experience of a Kansas City mother is a case in point:

"I was a great coffee drinker from a child, and thought I could not do without it. But I found at last it was doing me harm. For years I had been troubled with dizziness, spots before my eyes and pain in my heart, to which was added, two years later, a chronic sour stomach.

"The baby was born 7 months ago, and almost from the beginning, it, too, suffered from sour stomach. She was taking it from me!

"In my distress I consulted a friend of more experience and she told me to quit coffee, that coffee did not make good milk, I have since ascertained that it really dries up the milk.

"So, I quit coffee and tried tea and at last cocoa. But they did not agree with me. Then I turned to Postum with the happiest results. It proved to be the very thing I needed. It not only agreed perfectly with baby and myself, but it increased the flow of my milk.

"My husband then quit coffee and used Postum and quickly got well of the dyspepsia with which he had been troubled. I no longer suffer from the dizziness, blind spells, pain in my heart or sour stomach.

"Now we all drink Postum from my husband to my seven months' old baby. It has proved to be the best hot drink we have ever used. We would not give up Postum for the best coffee we ever drank." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Redwood.—The school board has reelected Professor Hermann superintendent and raised his salary $100 a year.

Winona.—F. M. Bowman, of Olmsted county, will try the experiment of growing peanuts. He will sow several acres to peanuts this year and give them the most approved cultivation.

Aitkin.—The game wardens of Aitkin and Crow Wing counties had H. B. Martin, George Compton and Mat Day before the courts for illegal shooting of venison. Each was fined $25 and costs.

Faribault. — Fire completely destroyed the B. F. Orr elevator here, causing a loss estimated at $15,000, fully covered by insurance. Lack of water pressure made the efforts of the department futile.

Mankato.—President C. H. Cooper, of the state normal school, left for Mobile, Ala., to attend a meeting of the department of superintendents of the National Educational Association. He will return March 2.

Mankato.—The postoffice department has sent an order, abolishing the star route from this city to St. Claire, which has been in operation many years. The order is effective at once and the service has ceased.

Litchfield.—Miss Laura Weiss, who was struck by a Great Northern engine last fall in this city, has brought suit against the company for $15,000 for personal injuries. The case will come up for trial at the June term of court.

Warren.—L. M. Mithun, former superintendent or schools of Marshall county, has purchased the Elmore Eye, a newspaper published at Elmore, Faribault county, and will leave with his family for that place the latter part of this week.

Mankato.—The men who have a license to seine rough fish from Madison lake, pulled out nearly 50,000 pounds of carp and buffalo a day or so ago. There were a few crappies and pickerel in the seine, but not a single bass. The game fish were put back into the lake unharmed.

Little Falls.—The new census figures show a healthy growth for all seven villages in Morrison county. Many settlers have come into the county in the past few years to take up diversified farming and dairying. The healthy growth in farmer population has caused a corresponding growth in the villages.

Fairmont.—The farmers' institute here was a success in a way, but the attendance was much smaller than such a corps of instructors deserved. Nearly all branches of farm industry were ably discussed, including the propagation of fruit trees and the construction of farm buildings, and no farmer who was there failed to receive benefit.

Winona.—The Southeastern Minnesota and Western Wisconsin Beekeepers' Association closed its two days' convention here by the election of the following officers: President, W. K. Bates, Stockton; vice-presidents, L. A. Stickney, Minnesota City, and P. Howe, Kellogg; secretary, Otro Holland, Winona; treasurer, Mrs. E. Monette, Jr., Chatfield.

Minneapolis.—Minneapolis' city council passed an ordinance prohibiting the serving of malt or any liquor in pool rooms. Saloonkeepers, licensed and lawful, who keep pool or billiard tables in their establishments, were included in the law. There has been a scurry by the aldermen who upheld the ordinance to have the matter held up.

Albert Lea.—The certificate of incorporation of the First State Bank of Oakland, this county, has been filed with the secretary of state. The incorporators are: W. L. Palmer, R. B. Skinner, Ben H. Clement, H. E. Skinner and Alfred Christopherson, all of this city. Mr. Clement, formerly with the First National Bank of this city, will be in charge of the new institution.

St. Paul.—Because J. W. Lucas proposed marriage to her, was accepted, and then failed to become her husband, Miss Jennie O'Day, wants $15,000. A breach of promise suit has been brought gainst him by the young woman. She alleges he asked her to become his wife last June. On or about November 21, according to the complaint, Mr. Lucas changed his mind and since has made no efforts to arrange for the ceremony.

Moorhead. — Moorhead's business district escaped destruction by fire, when, with the wind blowing thirty miles an hour, fire broke out in the picture framing and notion shop of J. N. Leved. The building is of wood and is in the heart of the business section. It is owned by Mrs. B. Smith Russell of Fargo, and the lower portion is a total loss. It is estimated that the loss on the stock and building amounts to $10,000. When he saw the fire Leved fainted, recovered and fainted successively three times. He is in a serious condition.

Brainerd.—Brainerd's charter commission met to discuss amendments to be proposed to the city charter. At least fifteen will be offered to the voters at the next election. Alderman Henning, under instructions from the Trades and Labor assembly, offered the recall, initiative and referendum amendments.

St. Paul. — Joseph L. Mitchell, of Mower county, has been appointed by the governor to the board of managers at the state public school at Owatonna. He will continue in office until the first Monday in January, 1913.

Returns Stolen Valuables.

Duluth. — The unknown man who robbed Dr. George Kaufhold of this city while he lay fatally injured on London road beside his overturned automobile last July has suffered from a guilty conscience and has returned the valuables to the hospital where the doctor died a few hours after the accident. The articles stolen included a gold watch and the thief had pawned that, so he returned the pawn ticket. A friend of the late Dr. Kaufhold redeemed the watch and sent it to the latter's mother in Pennsylvania.

WAS JUST COPYING MAMMA

Child's Actions That at First Mystified Father Were Easily Explained.

The little six-year-old daughter of a well-known club woman was found in her playroom the other day doing all kinds of acrobatic stunts and gesticulating wildly and weirdly.

"What are you doing?" asked the child's father.

"I'm playing I'm mamma," she answered. Then she made more unique movements with her little arms and said, "There, father, you accept them. That's what they do when mamma makes them."

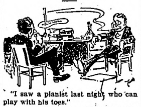
"Why," she said, "I'm playing that I am mamma at her club. Whenever mamma goes to her club she makes motions and the others accept them. I heard her say so over the telephone to Mrs. Smith this morning."—Illustrated Magazine.

COULD NOT STAND SUFFERING FROM SKIN ERUPTION

"I have been using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for the past three months and I am glad to say that they cured me of a most annoying skin eruption. It began by my noticing red blotches appearing on my face and scalp. Although they were rather disfiguring, I did not think anything of them until they began to get scaly and dry and to itch and burn until I could not stand the suffering. Then I began to use a different soap, thinking that my old kind might be hurting me, but that didn't seem to do any good. I went to two different doctors but neither seemed to relieve me any. I lost many nights' sleep in continual scratching, sometimes scratching till I drew the blood on my face and head. Then I started in to use the Cuticura Remedies and in two months I was entirely relieved of that awful pest. I am so delighted over my cure by Cuticura Remedies that I shall be glad to tell anybody about it." (Signed) G. M. Macfarland, 221 West 115th St., New York City, Oct. 5, 1910.

Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (50c) are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

NOT UNUSUAL.



"I saw a pianist last night who can play with his toes."

"Umph!—I've got a kid 18 months old can do that!"

ALFALFA CLOVER.

Salzer's strain of hardy, luxuriant Alfalfa Clover grows everywhere and brings from two to five rousing crops annually. It's the vigorous, healthy kind planted by Ex-Gov. Hoard of Wisconsin and thousands of other successful farmers throughout the U. S. We are the largest growers of clovers, grasses, seed oats, wheat, rye, rye, barley, potatoes, etc., in America.

For 10c in stamps we mail you:

1 Pkt. Luxuriant, hardy Alfalfa Clover.
1 Pkt. Billion $ Grass—the 10 Ton wonder.
1 Pkt. Silver King Barley—173 Bu per A.
1 Pkt. Bonanza Oats—Sworn yield 259 Bu. per A, winning 4 Farms in 1910.
1 Pkt. Speltz—the cereal hay marvel.

And 5 or more other packages farm seed novelties or rarities, together with our big catalog, bristling with seed truths all for but 10c in stamps, or send 25c and we add a big package famous French bean coffee! John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

A Frequent Speaker.

A member from a northern constituency, who was one day reproached by a disappointed supporter for never opening his mouth in the house, repudiated the accusation with indignation. Not a day passed, he declared, but that he said something; and it was reported in the papers, too. In confirmation of his statement he produced the report of the last debate, and pointed triumphantly to the "Hear, hears," with which certain speeches were punctuated. "That's me," he said.—Tit-Bits.

Consulted Him Often.

Mrs. Benham—Health is wealth.

Benham—At the rate you have the doctor you ought to "get rich quick."

The Chicago Fire could have been prevented with one pail of water, but the water was not handy. Keep a bottle of Hamlins Wizard Oil handy and prevent the fiery pains of inflammation.

It is sweet to feel by what fine spun threads our affections are drawn together.—Sterne.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

What women feel is more convincing to them than what men know.

Druggists everywhere sell Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. It acts as a gentle aid to Nature.

Intervention in love is equivalent to a declaration of war.

Spring Medicine

Is

Needed Now, and the Best Is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies, enriches and revitalizes the blood as no other does. 40,366 testimonials of cures, in two years. Get it in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

Impure Blood is common in the spring, because of the unhealthful modes of living during the winter, and it is the cause of the loss of appetite and that tired feeling as well as the sores and eruptions that occur at this time.

Be sure to take Hood's this spring.

Roots, Barks and Herbs—Hood's Sarsaparilla so combines the great curative principles of roots, barks and herbs as to raise them to their highest efficiency for the cure of all spring humors, all blood diseases, and run-down conditions.

There is no substitute for Hood's.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton's School for Girls

WITHIN EASY ACCESS of all parts of the city, and of the great libraries and museums. Opportunity given for attendance at public entertainments of educational and artistic value.

THOROUGH AND CONSERVATIVE TRAINING, moral, intellectual and physical, with expert supervision in every department, thus insuring definite and certain results.

FACULTY LARGE, each teacher a specialist; and pupils assured the individual attention adapted to their respective needs.

PRIMARY, PREPARATORY AND ACADEMIC DEPARTMENTS; also a unique department known as the UPPER HOUSE, for graduate and special students desiring to spend the winter in New York in a congenial social atmosphere, under the most favorable conditions for culture of social graces and for intelligent advancement. The UPPER HOUSE is in a large degree free from the ordinary restrictions of a school.

BEST ADVANTAGES of New York available for the study of Music, Art, Elocution, Languages and Dancing.

PHYSICAL EXERCISES. Special attention given with the object of promoting health, grace and ease of motion and repose of manner. The gymnastic exercises are in charge of a graduate of Dr. Sargent, of Cambridge, Mass. SUMMER CAMP in New Hampshire.

THE SUCCESS OF THE SCHOOL has been so pronounced that it has received the highest commendation of the leading educators of the country as well as of the highest officials of the U. S. Government; Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton refer by permission to the presidents of ten colleges and universities and to President and Mrs. Taft, Ex-Vice-President and Mrs. Fairbanks, Ex-President and Mrs. Roosevelt, and the Chief Justice.

Let Galloway Save You $25.00 to $40.00 on a Manure Spreader

If you'll send a postal for my Special 1911 Spreader Offer, I believe we can make a deal. If we do, you'll save at least $25.00, perhaps $40.00, according to size and style you want. And you get a free trial and a guarantee that would break me if my Spreader wasn't *right*. I know I *have* to go *high on quality* and *low on price*, because I sell by mail. The other fellow is right on the ground to *persuade* you personally. My *quality* and price has to do all *my* persuading. Let me try it. Our capacity is 42,000 spreaders this year in order to quote the low prices I do—30 to 365 days free trial and my long time binding guarantee in writing. $25.00 to $40.00 saved—think of it! That's fair, isn't it? If you can think of a fairer proposition than I'l. make you, I'll print it in my next advertisement.

Prices, $39.50 Up. Freight Paid

Get your pencil or pen right now, and send me a postal for my big Spreader Book, showing 5 styles and sizes, from $39.50 up. I'll send the book free and a proposition that will make you do some tall thinking whether you buy from me or not. Address

WM. GALLOWAY, Pres., THE WM. GALLOWAY CO.,
2119 Galloway Sta., Waterloo, Iowa.

Send Postal For Book

One Happy Condition.

"Wireless is a wonderful thing, isn't it? It's going to take the place of everything—telegraph, telephone, thought transference—why, they even transmit newspaper photographs that way."

"Yes, but there's one thing they'll never do with wireless."

"What's that?"

"Wire-pulling."

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

True Humility.

"I suppose you are tempted to put on airs since you own a motor car."

"I should say not," replied Mr. Chuggins. "A man with a motor car puts in most of his life apologizing."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny, granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Can a woman become a member of the Daughters of the Revolution just because her ancestors murdered the king's English.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Peace with God without peace with men is an iniquitous thing.

Garfield Tea is the best remedy for constipation. Take a cup before retiring.

Dwellers in glass houses should keep out of politics.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J.P.ALLEN, Dept. A8 St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.) 89

Housework Drudgery

Housework is drudgery for the weak woman. She brushes, dusts and scrubs, or is on her feet all day attending to the many details of the household, her back aching, her temples throbbing, nerves quivering under the stress of pain, possibly dizzy feelings. Sometimes rest in bed is not refreshing, because the poor tired nerves do not permit of refreshing sleep. The real need of weak, nervous women is satisfied by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It Makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

This "Prescription" removes the cause of women's weaknesses, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures those weaknesses so peculiar to women. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces restful sleep.

Dr. Pierce is perfectly willing to let every one know what his "Favorite Prescription" contains, a complete list of ingredients on the bottle-wrapper. Do not let any unscrupulous druggist persuade you that his substitute of unknown composition is "*just as good*" in order that he may make a bigger profit. Just smile and shake your head!

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cures liver ills.

IF YOU HAVE A SICKLY YOUNGSTER TRY THIS FREE

The family with young children that is without sickness in the house now and then is rare, and so it is important that the head of the house should know what to do in the little emergencies that arise. A child with a serious ailment needs a doctor, it is true, but in the majority of instances, as any doctor knows, the child suffers from some intestinal trouble, usually constipation.

There is no sense in giving it a pill or a remedy containing an opiate, nor is flushing of the bowels to be always recommended. Rather give it a small dose of a mild, gentle laxative tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, by cleaning out the bowels and strengthening the little stomach muscles, will immediately correct the trouble.

This is not alone our opinion but that of Mrs. N. H. Mead of Freeport, Kans., whose granddaughter has been taking it successfully and of Mrs. J. R. Whiting of Lena, Wis., who gives it to her children and takes it herself. It is sold in fifty cent and one dollar bottles at every drug store, but if you want to test it in your family before you buy it send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will forward a supply free of charge.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

92% IN 6 MONTHS

Our clients who acted on our advice in the purchase of only three established dividend-paying stocks made 92.1% on their investment between August 3, 1910 and February 14, 1911, or at the rate of 184.2% annually.

We have prepared a handsome booklet telling how this was done, explaining the operation of trading in the stock market, and showing how enormous profits can be made with a minimum of risk. THIS BOOKLET IS FREE FOR THE ASKING.

WRITE FOR IT TODAY

CHARLES A. STONEHAM & CO.
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If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N. W. N. U., NO. 9-1911.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1911. NUMBER 35.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

The senate defeated the resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to provide that senators be elected by direct vote of the people.

Representative S. C. Smith has resigned as a member of the monetary commission and Representative J. P. McLachlin of California, who was not re-elected to the house, has been appointed to succeed him.

Secretary of the Interior Ballinger fixed, until further notice, at $2 per acre the charge for operating and maintenance by the government of lands served by the Okanogan irrigation project, Washington.

The mints will stop making gold coins as soon as President Taft signs the bill which congress has passed permitting the secretary of the treasury to issue gold certificates against gold bullion and foreign gold coin.

The house passed a bill by Representative Burke of South Dakota, chairman of the committee on Indian affairs, giving the interior department general authority to dispose of left-over lands in any Indian reservation previously thrown open to entry.

The house special committee appointed to investigate Senator Gore's charges of attempted bribery in connection with J. W. McMurray's Indian land contracts finds that Jake L. Hamon did make an improper proposal to Senator Gore concerning the contracts.

The house committee on territories unanimously approved the constitution of the new state of New Mexico and recommended its approval by the house. The committee declares it has found the document "to be republican in form but it makes no distinction on civil or political rights on account of race or color and that it is not repugnant to the constitution of the United States or the declaration of independence."

General.

Thus far 13 deaths have occurred at Honolulu from cholera.

The Minnesota house has passed a bill abolishing capital punishment.

The last hours of congress was fight, fight, fight, in a legislative way.

The senate voted to seat Lorimer by 46 to 40 and the struggle is ended.

Champ Clark will be speaker of the house when congress assembles April 4th.

The president has called an extra session of congress to convene the 4th of April.

Ecuador has called on the United States for assistance in organizing a sanitary service.

Italians in America sent $26,000,000 back to the old country during 1910, according to statistics of the postoffice department.

Representative Scott of Kansas denounced the initiative, referendum and recall as revolutionary.

Women are exempted from jury duty by a bill that passed both houses of the Washington legislature.

The Chinese legation at Washington emphatically denies rumors of an anti-foreign uprising in Manchuria.

The federal circuit court of appeals at Richmond, Va., has decided that electricity is merchandise when generated and sold.

Hungarian postoffice records show that $37,060,000 was sent to that country during 1910 by Austro-Hungarians living in America.

The Merchants and Farmers bank of Culbertson, Mont., has closed its doors and the sheriff is searching for Cashier V. H. Bostwick.

President Taft has accepted an invitation to attend Bailie P. Waggener's annual children's picnic in Atchison, Kans., next September.

Thirteen Kansas City physicians have been arrested on federal indictments for spreading improper proposals in advertising literature.

President Taft appointed William M. Howard, former Georgia congressman, and Prof. Thomas W. Page of the University of West Virginia members of the temporary tariff board.

Speaker Cannon appointed Representatives Hawley of Oregon and Lee of Georgia members of the commission to supervise the purchase of lands to protect the watersheds of navigable rivers.

The supreme court of Nebraska decided that Thomas Johnson now at the state penitentiary must hang.

The attorney general, by a house resolution, has been asked what steps are being taken in the coffee trust inquiry.

A bill providing for the gradual abolishment of convict contract labor system in Missouri was passed by the state senate.

The Alabama house has passed the Smith bill regulating the sale of liquor, said to be the most drastic measure on the subject ever enacted in any state.

Senators expect the president to keep his word to call an extra session if reciprocity is not passed.

The senate committee on foreign relations decided to recommend to the senate the ratification of the new treaty with Japan.

More United States troops have been sent to protect the Mexican border.

In a speech at Akron, O., Gifford Pinchot urged republican progression.

The Sulloway age pension bill, passed by the house, failed in the senate.

Reciprocity failed of enactment in congress, hence the call for an extra session.

Dr. Vasquez Gomez says he has received overtures for peace from the Diaz government.

The American National Red Cross cabled another $1,000 for the relief of the starving in China.

Mrs. Maldwin Drummond was robbed of $130,000 worth of jewels on board an Atlantic liner.

Washington, D. C., has raised $34,000 as its share of the $2,000 Red Cross endowment fund.

The total number of bills introduced during the three sessions of congress just closed reached 33,015.

William H. Lewis, a negro, has been nominated by the president to be assistant attorney general.

Presidential suffrage for women was voted down by the Kansas house in committee of the whole.

The government has begun proceedings against an alleged combine in manufacture of electric lights.

Kansas City owners of the Luck Tiger mine in Sonora, Mexico, have been advised that the rebels have seized the property.

Lord Ampthill, in the house of lords, declared England's inaction is responsible for Canada desiring reciprocity with the United States.

The English cabinet is reported by the Times to have agreed on retention of Irish members in the imperial parliament, but in reduced numbers.

Two hundred women, most of them accompanied by their husbands, attended a boxing match in Syracuse, N. Y., given for the benefit of a hospital.

Two hundred citizens of El Paso have petitioned President Taft and congress that the United States take no steps to interfere in the Mexican revolution.

The interstate commerce commission wants congress to relieve it from any connection with mediation and arbitration proceedings under the Erdman act.

Congressman Champ Clark was tendered an informal banquet by Philadelphia democrats who have been active in reorganization plans for the city and state.

Governor Colquitt sent a message to the Texas legislature censuring it for voting to adjourn Saturday merely because their pay drops from $5 to $2 a day on that date.

After spending nearly six years in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Frank G. Bigelow, the Milwaukee banker, was released, according to authoritative reports.

The California assembly adopted a resolution condemning the United States senate for seating Lorimer and rebuking the two California senators for voting for him.

Fifty thousand business men of Georgia and nearby states have been invited by telephone to attend the Southern Commercial Congress in Atlanta, Ga., March 8 to 10.

President David R. Kerr of Westminster college, Fulton, Mo., has tendered his resignation. He has been offered the presidency of Whitworth college at Tacoma, Wash.

The house approved a bill to provide for the erection of a monument over the grave of President John Tyler at Richmond, Va. The limit of expense in the bill is $10,000.

Secretary of Commerce Nagel will investigate the charge that figures of the department of statistics have been distorted to show other than the true state of exports and imports.

Dr. Theobald Smith, professor of comparative pathology at Harvard medical school, says that if bubonic plague starts in the west it might be spread to the east through the medium of milk.

The main building of Mount St. Mary's college, a large and well equipped Roman Catholic institution on Watchung mountain, near Plainfield, N. J., was burned Thursday, entailing a loss of more than $200,000.

The Missouri senate passed a bill submitting to the people at a special election to be called by Gov. Hadley, a proposition to vote $3,000,000 bonds for rebuilding the burned capitol at Jefferson City.

Personal.

United States Circuit Judge Henry F. Eeverens has resigned.

Premier Laurier of Canada will make a speech favoring reciprocity.

The senate failed to ratify the new Japanese trade and commerce treaty.

A fortune in securities was stolen from Aaron Bancroft, a New York broker.

Rear Admiral Sutherland has assumed command of the second division of the Pacific squadron.

The chief clerk of the third assistant postmaster general was dismissed for manipulating stamp sales.

The Nevada lower house has adopted a resolution submitting the woman suffrage question to the people.

The earl of Dudley will retire as governor general of Australia in June.

Ex-Mayor Dunne of Chicago wants an official count of the late primaries.

Henry L. Myers has been chosen senator from Montana, succeeding Senator Carter.

H. H. Fisk has tendered his resignation as superintendent of Haskell institute, the Indian school at Lawrence, Kas.

Charles Foster, a game warden, was found dead with a bullet wound through his stomach at the foot of Turkey mountain, four miles south of Tulsa, Okla.

SNELLING TROOPS ORDERED TO FRONT

SOLDIERS OVERJOYED AT ORDER SENDING THEM TO THE MEXICAN BORDER.

TAKING THEIR FULL EQUIPPMENT

For the First Time Since the Last Clash With the Indians, the Bugle Sounded the Call "to Arms" at Fort Snelling.

St. Paul, March 8.—Ordered to move at once to the Mexican frontier, where, the orders say, they will be required to do patrol duty and to protect the interests of the border citizens of the United States from encroachments on the part of Mexican revolutionary or federal troops, the entire garrison of Fort Snelling, consisting of twelve companies of infantry and four troops of cavalry, together with a machine gun corps, will leave Fort Snelling for the front. The post will be left in charge of a detail of two men from each of the cavalry troops and a battery of field artillery.

Overjoyed at the prospect of active service and a chance to view the revolution, the members of the various companies are busily preparing for the trip.

Equipped for a 60-day campaign, with full rations, tentage, wagons and all of the mounts, the soldiers will leave behind them all of their personal belongings and baggage, which was boxed up and stored away at the post, where it will be left in charge of the guard detail. Many of the buildings at Fort Snelling will be closed and allowed to go cold until the quarters are again required for the troops.

More than 1,000 men and 25 officers of the Twentieth infantry and Fourth cavalry regiments constitute the detail. Together with the wagon and stock cars this force will require four trains of two sections each. Lieutenant Colonel Plummer, commandant at the past, will be in command. His orders are to leave at once.

"I understood this order comes direct from President Taft," declared the commandant, " and he is summoning us to the front to see how quickly the standing army can be mobilized. We expect to be inspected and reviewed frequently, but they have not caught us unprepared. We are ready to fight if necessary and will leave as fast as we can load cars.

"Some time ago we began preparing for a possible call, as we are second on the roster for foreign service. Therefore the troops were given light clothing and all of the necessary supplies. They looked for an order either to the Philippines or Panama. As a matter of fact, we may yet go to Panama, or maybe we will be sent from Kansas City to some other place."

There was the greatest enthusiasm among the troopers when, shortly after 10 a. m., the bugle sounded the muster call and the men were ordered to prepare to move at a moment's notice. Among the infantrymen the announcement was received with a shout and the tossing of hats. Within a very short time the barracks were transformed from the orderly quarters of morning inspection to the turmoil of a general house clearing day. There was nailing and locking of boxes and trunks and polishing of weapons and accoutrements.

Washington, March 9.—Telegrams are pouring into the headquarters of the army showing that the movement of troops to the Southern frontier of the country is proceeding with the smoothness and regularity of clockwork. More than 100 telegrams already have been received and the celerity with which the orders have been carried out, it is said, in military quarters, would give the impression that the movement was an every-day occurence. Not a hitch has been encountered and practically the entire force of 20,000 men is now en route to the lower part of Texas and California.

Ammunition Looks Warlike.

The troops are equipped with ball cartridges, although it is the practice to supply troops with blank ammunition for practice exercises or peaceful maneuvers. Notwithstanding this however, official Washington still maintains that the movement is merely a plan of practice to determine the efficiency of the fighting arms of the country in mobilizing and concentrating on short notice.

While this is held to be true, technically, the general impression prevails that the sudden and extensive military activity has a vital and direct relation to the revolutionary movement in Mexico. The reticence of officials of the state, war and navy departments is accentuating this impression. The idea which is generally accepted is that the government of the United States is preparing for an eventuality that may develop with the progress of the revolt against President Diaz.

Navy Department Is Busy.

The navy department continued its preparations for the dispatch of the fifth division of the Atlantic fleet and the large detachment of marines to Guantanamo, Cuba. The marines are being assembled in Philadelphia for transportation on the Dixie and Prairie. The men, with their accoutrements and supplies, are reaching the Pennsylvania post in perfect order and smoothness.

The four armoured cruisers of the fifth division, under Rear Admiral Staunton, are being supplied with their full complement of blue jackets. There were some vacancies in the personnel of the division when the orders were issued to the vessels 48 hours ago. These are being filled promptly from the enlisted force of the navy and the complements of the ships will be complete before the ship sail, which probably will be in a few days.

ROOSEVELT STARTS ON TOUR.

Former President Will Travel Across Country to Pacific Coast.

New York, March 9.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt started on his six weeks' swing across the country to the Pacific coast and back again. It is the first tour the colonel has made since the recent political campaign.

"I have nothing to say about anything," said Col. Roosevelt as he boarded his train on the Pennsylvania railroad, which left at 10:16 o'clock for the South. The colonel said he had not heard of the mobilization of the United States troops and the navy near Mexico until this morning's paper was shown him.

ELLIOTT WIRES REFUSAL.

Turns Down Presidency of Missouri Pacific to Stay With N. P.

St. Louis, March 9.—Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific railroad, wired his refusal to accept the presidency of the Missouri Pacific railroad to a committee of New York men representing the controlling interests in the road.

He delayed the announcement until a few minutes before stepping aboard a train at the union station for the twin cities. Since Sunday night he had been in consultation with leading St. Louis financiers, all of whom importuned him to avail himself of the new position.

"Oleo Moonshiner" Sent to Prison.

Chicago, March 9.—Judge Landis today fined Frank Goll, who was convicted of "olemargerine 'moonshining'" $5,000 and sentenced him to serve five years in Fort Leavenworth prison.

SEATTLE WOMEN VOTERS SCORE

They Carry Street Car Municipal Ownership Proposition.

Seattle, Wash., March 9.—Returns from the municipal election counted up indicate that the proposition to issue $800,000 bonds to construct and operate a municipally-owned street railway carried by an overwhelming majority.

It is certain that a reform council has been elected. Women voters took an active interest in the election.

TAFT TO DECIDE FATE OF TWO

WILL STUDY CASES OF MORSE AND WALSH DURING TRIP.

Chances of Parole for Both Men Are Now Said to be Excellent.

Washington, March 9. — President Taft left for the South. He took with him for final consideration the appeals for pardon which have been made by John R. Walsh and Charles W. Morse. The president will study the cases in the quiet of his short vacation and before he returns to Washington both men probably will know whether they are to be free or to stay in federal penitentiaries.

Attorney General Wickersham, after several weeks of investigation on both cases turned over all the papers to the president with his recommendation.

Walsh, now in the Leavenworth, Kan., prison, will be eligible for release on parole under the new law next September. He then will have served one-third of his five-year sentence. His attorneys, however, have represented in the plea for pardon that if the aged banker is not released before that time he may never live to enjoy his liberty. It is understood that official investigation seems to substantiate that claim.

Morse, in the Atlanta prison, has served a little more than one year of a 15-year sentence and could not be paroled until 1915. Great influence has been brought to bear at least to secure a commutation of his sentence to five years, which would permit his discharge after two years and eight months more of imprisonment, making allowances for good behavior. Former Senator Hale, of Maine, has taken an active interest in Morse's behalf and he presented to President Taft Mrs. Morse's petition for the release of her husband.

The contention in his case is that the sentence of 15 years was excessive. Although the first court found him guilty and sentenced him on three counts, the higher courts cleared him of two charges, but the sentence of all three was allowed to stand.

Attorney General Wickersham's recommendations are confidential to the president, but it is understood the attitude of the department of justice is in favor of granting clemency.

Train Holdup Suspects Arrested.

Detroit, Mich., March 9.—The Southern Pacific holdup near Ogden, Utah, on the night of Jan. 2, is said to be closely connected with the arrest of Victor Clore and Bryan O'Hara, of Palms, Mich. The arrests were made by representatives of a private detective agency. The holdup resulted in the death of a porter and the taking of $1,400 cash and $1,600 in jewelry from the passengers of the train.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, March 4.—

The establishment of a special corps of investigators to work direct from the office of the county attorney of Hennepin county, in the gathering of evidence and the investigation of all complaints presented by citizens for the purpose of being brought before the grand jury, is the object of a bill of Senator Wilson, which was introduced in the state legislature.

"I want men whom I can rely upon to investigate matters in the way I want them to and return reports direct to me." said County Attorney Robertson, who had a hand in the draughting of the bill. "The police department and the sheriff's office are capable of investigating some cases, but in a number of instances, the county attorney's office is in need of men capable of investigating a complaint in any class of society or business.

Tax For Bachelors Urged.

A bill providing for the taxation of bachelors over 30 years, unless they could prove they were not of "good moral character, or some other good reason against marriage existed, the proceeds to go toward the relief of needy spinsters, has been introduced in the senate.

Senate Contest Is Costly.

Legislative contests have cost the state of Minnesota something like $21,000. The three senatorial contests which were before the senate this winter are just beginning to show a financial aspect.

Acting upon precedent, the contestants, successful and unsuccessful, are putting in bills of expense. There is no known law for the allowance of these bills, but precedent has allowed them in the past. The salaries of the three senators, plus the expenses of the contest, make up the $21,000. The expense bills in detail are as follows:

John Saugstad, for defending contest instituted by A. D. Stephens	$2,818.26
A. D. Stephens, for prosecuting contest against John Saugstad	2,770.41
S. J. Froshang, for defending contest instituted by Ray Farrington	3,844.56
Ray Farrington, for prosecuting contest against S. J. Froshang	1,370.42
S. D. Works, for defending contest instituted by Benjamin Taylor	2,617.65
Benjamin Taylor, for prosecuting contest against S. D. Works	1,254.81
J. J. Ahulann, for defending suit instituted by H. J. Emmel	775.00
Total	$15,451.01

St. Paul, March 6.—Bills extending the Minneapolis patrol limits to allow the sale of liquor in the dining and guest rooms of the Hotel Radison and Hotel Dyckman and extending the saloon closing hour to midnight were reported without recommendation by the tri-county committee of the house.

An effort was made to send both bills back to the house with a favorable recommendation, but it lost in each case by a vote of 11 to 11. It was finally decided to allow the bills to be placed on general orders as the fight will be on the floor of the house, anyhow. Several members who voted for this announced that they would oppose both measures.

The Hennepin delegation met early in the day and decided that it would favor this procedure. W. I. Nolan, F. L. Palmer, and W. A. Campbell were the only members dissenting, but they agreed not to send in a minority report. When the hotel license bill was brought up, John G. Lennon moved that it be reported out without recommendation. The motion was put to a roll call without discussion. L. A. Lydiard, F. L. Palmer, J. A. A. Burnquist, W. A. Campbell, W. F. Kunze and W. I. Nolan vote no.

The midnight closing bill brought on the liveliest discussion. T. J. Greene moved that it be recommended to pass. Several members were absent and the motion won by a vote of 11 to 9, the only Minneapolis members favoring it being John P. Nash and P. J. Thielen. M. J. Sullivan, W. D. Washburn, Jr., Lennon, Campbell, Nye, Palmer, Lydiard and Nolan opposed the motion. Mr. Nolan then asked the privilege to make minority report.

New Referendum Measure.

A new initiative and referendum bill was introduced by Albert Pfaender as a substitute for the measure submitted several weeks ago. The house made the bill a special order for next Thursday morning to be considered with the bill fathered by Representative Spooner, W. T. Stone, Campbell, Kelly, Hillman and J. N. Johnson.

Investigation Is Asked.

Excessive and unlawful expenditures of state money to the amount of nearly $100,000 in the state insurance department during the administration of John A. Hartigan, former commissioner, covering a period of four years, is charged by Representative Campbell in a resolution which he introduced in the house, calling for a legislative investigation.

He professes to have conducted a personal examination of the books of the department and charges that the former commissioner spent money illegally in sending experts through the country examining books of insurance companies and in personal trips he made himself while attending the national convention of insurance commissioners.

"U" Plumbing Criticised.

"Fifteen-cent lodging houses in Minneapolis have better and more sanitary plumbing than the University of Minnesota, and the plumbing in the new university building is no better than in the old ones," declared former Plumbing Inspector Mullane, of Minneapolis, before the senate committee on public health and pure food. He called on Senator Froshaug to confirm all his statements regarding unsanitary plumbing at the university, and Senator Froshaug agreed with him.

The senate, in committee of the whole, recommended for passage the Ruchs bill, permitting street car companies to grant free transportation to policemen and firemen. The bill was recommended by a vote of 31 to 24.

Senate Debates Primary.

Senate Moonan's statewide primary bill stirred up as lively an impromptu debate as the senate had seen this session. The bill was made a special order two weeks ago, but was sent back to the elections committee on its request. Senator Moonan at the time charged the committee with doing this in order to present a like measure of its own. Senator Haycroft has since drafted such a measure, which will be presented to the senate Tuesday.

St. Paul, March 8.—Defending corporal punishment as the most humane method of discipline, expatiating on its good qualities, and explaining the work of the state industrial school at Red Wing, Superintendent Whittier went on the stand before the legislature to defend the charges that have been brought against the school.

The investigation was conducted, as before, in the house chamber, all of the members of the committee being present, with the exception of R. C. Dunn.

The scene was intensely interesting. Grouped about the little table in front of the desk of the lieutenant governor, were the members of the investigating committee, Senator Sullivan of St. Cloud conducting the investigation of the witnesses.

The house chamber, including the gallaries, were filled with spectators, who had come to listen to the exposure of flogging and whipping brought about through the statement made at Crookston, a short time ago, by former Senator Stephens.

Several boys took the stand and repeated stories of brutal whippings, of being kicked and knocked down with fists, and whipped with thongs on the back, and finally Superintendent Whittier took the stand.

There was a hushed silence as the superintendent of the school arose and took his place. He indulged in a long narrative, telling of the work of the school, explaining how he had succeeded former Superintendent Brown and had found discipline gone, the school in an uproar and of the necessity of using strenuous methods to bring order out of the chaos that existed.

Admits Corporal Punishment.

Superintendent Whittier admitted that corporal punishment exists in the school, denied the existence of the electric flogging machine, but told of the means that are used, of the barrel over which the boys are strapped, of the contrivance utilized for the purpose of administering a flogging, in the manner most calculated to bring about the kind of punishment that mother used to administer.

"We talk to the boy before he is spanked," said Mr. Whittier. "We talk to him while it is going on and we talk to him after it is over."

The superintendent of the school neglected to describe the nature of the conversation carried on under these unique conversational circumstances.

"A boy will think of more virtue and forget more sins in a few minutes under this treatment," he sententiously remarked, "than any other kind of treatment that I know of."

Spooner Bill Recommended.

The Spooner bill, providing $40,000 for investigation of the feasibility of a canal system from Lake of the Woods to Mankato, thence to Duluth, through Minneapolis and St. Paul, taking advantage of the Minnesota and Mississippi rivers, and contemplating the building of immense dams for water power purposes, as well as a 12-foot barge channel, was unanimously recommended for passage by the senate committee on drainage. The bill will be referred to the finance committee immediately, and the members of the drainage committee pledged themselves to make the bill a special order of business as soon as possible.

Minnesota Club Formed.

Minneapolis, March 7.—Minnesota men at the University of Pennsylvania have organized a Minnesota Club. Sibel Harris, Duluth, has been elected president. There are 15 members of the organization.

Two Women Lose Lives.

Lake View, North Carolina. — Two women lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the new Loch Crystal hotel, a tourist resort just opened this season.

"Night Riders" Land Grabbers.

Boise, Idaho, March 7.—The federal grand jury meeting here March 20 will investigate alleged illegal land entries and alleged intimidations of contestants and their witnesses by methods somewhat similar to those of the Southern "night riders." There has been one murder growing out of these land disputes, D. V. Emmons having been killed by Joseph K. Vaughn. Various contestants tell weird stories of visits from these threatening "night riders."

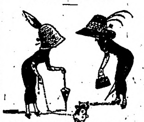
Particularly the Ladies.

Not only pleasant and refreshing to the taste, but gently cleansing and sweetening to the system, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is particularly adapted to ladies and children, and beneficial in all cases in which a wholesome, strengthening and effective laxative should be used. It is perfectly safe at all times and dispels colds, headaches and the pains caused by indigestion and constipation so promptly and effectively that it is the one perfect family laxative which gives satisfaction to all and is recommended by millions of families who have used it and who have personal knowledge of its excellence.

Its wonderful popularity, however, has led unscrupulous dealers to offer imitations which act unsatisfactorily. Therefore, when buying, to get its beneficial effects, always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package of the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

For sale by all leading druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

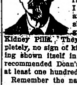
A FASHION PUZZLE.



This is merely two ladies of fashion endeavoring to identify each other.

SUFFERED FOR YEARS.

Kidney Trouble Caused Terrible Misery.



D. C. Taylor, 705 E. Central Ave., Wichita, Kan., says: "For years I suffered from kidney trouble and was often confined to bed. On one occasion while working the pain was so severe I was helpless and had to be carried into the house. I found no relief and was in terrible shape when I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me completely, no sign of kidney trouble having shown itself in years. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to at least one hundred people."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Cauticus Answer.

"Now, Johnny," said the geography teacher, "what is the capital of Portugal?"

"I dun'no' Miss Flanders," said Johnny, "but from what I hearn tell of the extravagance of the late king they ain't much left."—Harper's Weekly.

Consumption Spreads In Syria.

Consumptives in Syria are treated today much in the same way as the lepers have been for the last 2,000 years. Tuberculosis is a comparatively recent disease among the Arabs and Syrians, but so rapidly has it spread that the natives are in great fear of it. Consequently when a member of a family is known to have the disease, he is frequently cast out and compelled to die of exposure and want. A small hospital for consumptives has been opened at Beyrout under the direction of Dr. Mary P. Eddy.

HONEST CONFESSION

A Doctor's Talk on Food.

There are no fairer set of men on earth than the doctors, and when they find they have been in error they are usually apt to make honest and manly admission of the fact.

A case in point is that of a practitioner, one of the good old school, who lives in Texas. His plain, unvarnished tale needs no dressing up:

"I had always had an intense prejudice, which I can now see was unwarrantable and unreasonable, against all muchly advertised foods. Hence, I never read a line of the many 'ads' of Grape-Nuts, nor tested the food till last winter.

"While in Corpus Christi for my health, and visiting my youngest son, who has four of the ruddiest, healthiest little boys I ever saw, I ate my first dish of Grape-Nuts food for supper with my little grandsons.

"I became exceedingly fond of it and have eaten a package of it every week since, and find it a delicious, refreshing and strengthening food, leaving no ill effects whatever, causing no eructations (with which I was formerly much troubled), no sense of fullness, nausea, nor distress of stomach in any way.

"There is no other food that agrees with me so well, or sits as lightly or pleasantly upon my stomach as this does.

"I am stronger and more active since I began the use of Grape-Nuts than I have been for 10 years, and am no longer troubled with nausea and indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

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In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 11, 1911.

The Thief River Falls Times is the new paper just launched by H. E. Mursey & Son. The Spectator wishes it all the success possible.

Just to know who plays fair and just who don't, the friends of reapportionment should furnish every newspaper in the state with a list of all those state senators who have gone back on their election pledges seek to knock out something which northern Minnesota not alone has coming to it upon its merits but should be given to it as a matter of law.—Pine River Sentinel.

A Bill has been introduced in the senate that should pass by a unanimous vote. It is the Willard bill, and does away with the technicalities in criminal cases, so that they will be tried on the facts and the omission of a dot over an "i" or the cross on a "t" will not be an excuse for an appeal. It will insure speedy trial and thus save time and expense. Justice is insured and technicality given a back seat. A law of that kind should have been passed years ago.

Richard A. Ballinger's resignation as secretary of the interior, dated Jan. 19 last, has been accepted by President Taft and Walter L. Fisher of Chicago appointed as his successor, his commission being signed immediately by the president. It now remains to be seen how much of an improvement the change has made. Mr. Fisher is known as an ardent advocate of real conservation, and his appointment seems to indicate that the president has a better feeling toward the policies and conduct of Gifford Pinchot than his persistent friendship for Ballinger has indicated.

Notice to the Public

Notice is hereby given that the county commissioners of Pennington county, Minnesota, will meet in the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of considering applications for free grass seed for lands burnt burned over by the fires of 1910, as provided for by H. F. No. 157, a bill passed by the present legislature.

All applications shall be filed with the county auditor on or before March 23, A. D. 1911.

A. H. EASEL,
County Auditor.

DIED

Mrs. Matilda Johnson, the wife of Nils Johnson of Polk Centre, died Thursday evening at the home of her son, Rev. H. P. Johnson, at Minneapolis. She went to Minneapolis before Christmas to visit her son and at the same time obtain medical treatment, having been in poor health for many years, but she failed to improve and it became impossible for her to return home.

She and her husband were among the first settlers of the Black River country and prominent members of the Black River church. She leaves besides her husband four children, Henry, Hjalma, Anna, and Edward, several brothers and sisters, among the latter Mrs. Charles Moren of Black River. She was nearly 59 years of age.

The funeral will be held at the Black River church Monday forenoon at 11 o'clock, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Treasurer's Report

Annual statement of B. E. Burkee treasurer of the village of St. Hilaire, county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, of the moneys received by him as such treasurer, and the sources from which the same were received and their respective amounts; and also of all moneys paid out by him, and the purposes for which they were paid, for the year ending Mar. 1, 1911.

RECEIPTS

1910			
		Balance cash on hand from Feby. 17, 1910..	$ 289.76
April	2	C E Peters, justice fine	2,90
May	6	H E Ives, co. treas., rev. fund	449.07
June	7	H O Jackson, use of vill. lamps	.50
"	"	H O Jackson, poll tax collected	20.00
July	7	H E Ives, rev. fund	581.34
Aug.	1	H O Jackson, poll tax collected	6.25
Oct.	11	Ole Branum, sidewalk (cement)	27,87
"	12	Hamm Brewing Co., cement walk	27.18
"	14	A H Pitkin, cement walk	100.47
July	27	State of Minnesota, 2 per cent tax on fire ins. prem	35.72
Oct.	15	R Wallin, cement walk	19.83
"	17	Daniel Patterson, cement walk	32.31
"	18	Henry Goergen, cement walk	29.77
"	"	A S Wilson, cement walk	62.25
"	19	Rev. S M Gjerne, cement walk	18.50
"	"	Rev. S M Gjerde, cement walks	18.50
"	20	M E Bjerk, cement walks	28.35
"	"	M E Bjerk, cement walk	26.04
"	21	K A Kolstad, cement walk	26.18
"	22	H O Jackson, dog tax	31.00
"	24	Sander Engebretson, cement walk	22,13
"	"	Mrs. Carrie Kolstad, cement walk	30.00
"	25	N A Nelson, cement walk	55.56
"	"	I. O. O. F. Lodge, cement walks	33.25
"	26	Mrs. A J Duntley, cement walks	30.94
Nov	7	H O Jackson, wood sold	10.00
"	16	M R Hage, cement walk	22.87
"	17	Mike Anderson, cement walk	31.12
"	18	H O Jackson, old lumber sold	115.00
"	22	Mrs. John Peterson, cement walk	15.96
"	21	C A Brink, cement walk	33.66
"	22	Merchants State Bank, cement walk	40.40
"	"	Merchants State Bank, cement walk	117.78
"	"	Merchants State Bank, cement walk	26.91
"	"	Merchants State Bank, cement walk	31.93
"	"	B E Burkee, cement walk	20,20
Dec.	12	G Fellman, cement walk	70.81
"	"	G Fellman, cement walk	3.27
"	20	M.E. Church, cement walk	19.95
"	21	N A Nelson, cement walk	19.95
"	31	H O Jackson, wood sold	.86
1911			
Jan.	11	County Treasurer, revenue fund	132.11
Feb.	21	H O Jackson, lumber sold	4,00
Mar.	1	Merchants State Bank, interest from Feb. 18, 1910, to Mar. 1, 1911, on daily bal.	6.09
			$2,728.93

DISBURSEMENTS

1910			
Feb.	10	H M Babcock, lamp supplies, No. 1343	$ 5.25
Mar.	9	Ira C Richardson, legal advice, 1347	5.00
"	"	St. Hilaire Fire Department, dues Minnesota F. A., 1348	4.06
"	"	Acorn Brass Mfg. Co., lamp supplies, 1349	11.69
"	"	W S Booth & Son, law blanks, 1350	2.20
"	"	Peter Simonson, salary for February, 1341	50.00
April	5	Satterberg & Fellman man and team on s. drag, 1353	2.00
"	"	T J Sumpter, man and team on s. drag	2.00
"	"	Arthur Hall, salary last quarter, 1355	28.80
"	"	St. Hilaire Spectator, pub. council pro., etc., 1356	23.50
"	"	Mike Fricker, salary councilman and judge of election, 1357	7.75
"	"	Ira C Richardson, legal opinion on liquor license, 1358	2.00
"	"	K A Kolstad, cleaning vill. well, 1359	.75
"	"	B E Burkee, salary as per bill, 1360	59.76
"	"	C H Martz, one year services as councilman, 1361	10.00
"	"	Daniel Patterson, six mos. service as councilman, etc., 1362	11.00
"	"	K O Gigstad, six mos. service as councilman, etc., 1363	7.25
"	"	Standard Oil Co. 53 gal. gasoline, 1364	7.70
"	"	Peter Simonson, salary as marshal for month of March, 1365	50.0
"	"	M E Bjerk, unexpired term of liquor license 1366	20.14
"	"	Mike Anderson, unexpired term of liquor license, 1368	155.22
"	6	O H Peters, one day clerk of election, 1370	2.00
May	3	H O Jackson, salary as marshal and street commissioner, 1371	33.67
"	"	Peter Simonson, 5 days as marshal and street commissioner, 1372	9.30
"	"	Satterberg & Fellman, services on street, etc., 1373	11.60
"	"	John Gunstad, one day man and team, 1374	4.00
"	"	Fred Steen, 1½ day's work on street, 1375	3.00
"	6	Paul W Mabey, drawing ordinance and other legal services, 1376	25.00
"	17	Miles Jackson, 1½ day street work, 1377	3.00
"	"	C H Remington 3½ days street work, 1378	7.00
June	7	H O Jackson, salary for May, 1379	50.00
"	"	Miles Jackson, one day street work, 1380	2.00
"	"	St. Hilaire Spectator, pub. council pro., 1381	14.75
"	25	St. Hilaire Ret. Lbr. Co., lumber for sidewalk, 1386	17.90
"	"	C H Martz, one year rent for dump ground, 1384	10.00
"	"	K O Gigstad, insurance premium on village hall, 1385	45.25
"	27	O H Peters, assessing for 1911, 1386	60.00
July	15	Morris Laselle, service St. Hilaire Fire department, 1350	29.00
"	"	A H Pitkin, supplies for village maeshal, 1392	6.65
"	"	H O Jackson, salary for June, postage, etc., 1394	52.65
"	"	Miles Jackson, work on street, 1395	1.00
"	8	St. Anthony Falls Bank, int. on bonds	87,50
June	25	Satterberg & Fellman, street work man and team, 1383	11,10
July	15	Arthur Hall, first quarter services as clerk, etc., 1387	21,98
"	"	Herman Nelson, street work man and team, 1388	4.00
"	"	C Stauning, first quarter salary as councilman, 1389	3,50
"	"	I D Converse, publishing, 1391	19,75
"	"	Arne Loberg, street work, 1393	1.00
April	5	Frank Lundeen, judge of election on agricultural school, 1352	1,50
"	"	F W Busse, unexpired term of liquor license 1367	157,92
"	"	H A Johnson, unexpired term of liquor license, 1369	157,92
Aug.	2	H O Jackson, salary for July, 1396	50,00
"	"	I D Converse, pub. council proceedings for July, 1397	9,63
"	"	Walter S Booth & Son, law blanks, etc., 1398	7,75
"	19	Peter Westberg & Co. cement walk, 1399	400,00
"	26	G W Hooper, transfer telephone poles, 1400	40,60
"	"	Northwestern Telephone Ex., transfer telephone poles, 1401	40,50
Sept.	7	K R Killand, 2 mos. service as councilman, 1402	1,75
"	"	M R Hage, 3 doz. lamp mantles, 1403	6.70
"	"	St. Hilaire Spectator, pub. council proceedings for August, 1404	6,33
"	"	Crookston Times Printing Co., ad for bids on cement walks 1405	2,40
"	"	Peter Simonson, cleaning well, 1406	.73
"	"	Henry Swanson, bill, 1407	2,00
"	"	C H Remington, cleaning well, 1408	.75
"	"	William Olson, repairs for well, 1409	1,60
"	"	Pete Westberg & Co., work on street, 1410	5.0
"	"	John Gunstad, street work, 1413	82,94
"	"	A Satterberg, street work, 1415	52,62
"	"	Gust Fellman, street work, 1416	53,92
Oct.	14	H O Jackson, salary, 1423	50,00
"	"	Joseph Jorgenson, street work, 1428	4,00
"	"	A R Jones, services as councilman, 1433	11,30
"	"	Nels Person, damage in bridge accident, 1438	12,10
"	"	A H Pitkin, as per bill, 1440	102,67
Nov.	7	G Fellman, work on street, 1445	16,00
"	"	Miles Jackson, street work, 1446	1.32
"	"	Walter S Booth & Son, village treasurer receipt book, 1448	1,00
Dec.	10	First National Bank, interest on bonds	87,50
"	"	Miles Jackson, cleaning well, 1457	.75
"	"	A R Jones, clerk of election and lamp supplies, 1460	6,25
1911			
Jan.	2	A H Pitkin, as per bill, 1466	3,23
Feb.	7	Hans Wilson, cleaning well, 1475	.80
		Balance	336,61
1911			
March	1	Balance on hand, general fund	336,61

POOR FUND

Balance		cash on hand Feb. 17, 1910	116.49
April	5	Peter Simonson, 1½ cords wood sold	5,25
			121.74
1910			
Mar.	9	Arthur Hall, groceries for Mrs. John Forseen	3.50
April	8	Wilson & Steen, meat for John Forseen	2.00
		Balance	116.24
			121.74
1911			
March	1	Balance cash on hand poor fund	116.24
March	1	Presented and endorsed "Not paid for want of funds'	$3603.77

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

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Imperial Hall, Monday evening, March 13

The Great WESLEY COMEDIANS Presenting

The Defense of Cameron Dam

A great comedy drama founded on the recent stirring events of Sawyer Co. Wis. The author, who has spent a great deal of time in the vicinity of Cameron Dam, was an eye witness to the surrender of John Dietz.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THIS GREAT PLAY

Note:—This is a Play and not Moving Pictures   Prices, 25, 35, and 50 Cents

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m., by Rev. Farsath from Fargo, Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, March 5, at 7:30 o'clock. Temperance sermon.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I.O.O.F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 1[illegible].—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 169, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lasalle, Secretary
Peter Simonson, President

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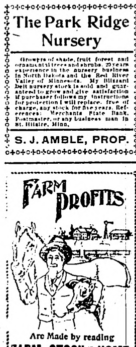
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.



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THE LOCAL NEWS

RESOLUTIONS of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

C. C. Elliott, Ogden, Iowa. Write today.

N. Lazar visited the county seat on Thursday.

K. A. Kolstad was in Crookston on Thursday.

The snow has been going down fast this week.

D. Lazar was a Thief River visitor on Tuesday.

J. E. Draeger visited the county seat on Thursday.

Mrs. Ina Johnson was a Crookston visitor last Sunday.

FOR SALE.—Two three year old mares. SWEN BENSON, Box 8.

Farmers, bring your produce to Mike Anderson. He pays the highest prices.

Mrs. Leonard Holmes returned Monday from a visit with friends in Minneapolis.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house tomorrow morning at 10:30.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

Andrew Miller of Wylie called Monday and jogged his subscription a notch with a great round wheel.

Mr. Roseland, traveling agent for Skandinaven, was in town last Monday in the interest of that paper.

P. McAndress of Minneapolis came up Wednesday to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin McAndress, and other friends.

Henry Peterson and family, who have been residing at Hillsboro, N. D., arrived here last Tuesday and will make this place their future home.

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

Mrs. Carrie Kolstad, who has for some time been a guest at the home of her brother, K. O. Gigstad, left Tuesday for Rice Lake, Wis., to visit a sister.

Oscar Eastman, whose home is three miles east of town but who is attending school here, called Thursday to notify us that had seen the first crow of the season.

Lazar & Lazar will have a new bargain counter displayed next Monday. The prices are such that you will be interested. Everybody come. LAZAR & LAZAR.

Rev. Larson, pastor of the Mission church, goes to Crookston next week to assist at a series of meetings to be held there, and expects to be absent about two weeks.

Elliott don't try to sell farms not listed with him.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Biixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Hovet, Mr. and Mrs. P. Simonson, Peter and K. A. Kolstad, drove to Thief River Falls Sunday morning and attended church, calling on Rev. I. T. Aastad in the afternoon.

We understand that Mrs. Ina Johnson, who keeps boarders out in the north part of town, has been looking over the Ferguson building with a view to opening it as a hotel. If she makes the deal she will be open for general hotel business about the first of next month.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

If any one contemplates sending beginners to school this spring, they should endeavor to do so by March 13. A class may be arranged for these, provided they all start soon enough to make it worth while to begin a class this spring.
A. J. BARSNESS.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Daiuard came over from Crookston Thursday morning. With their two children, who have been visiting with their grandmother, Mrs. Avleson, they left the same day for Rainy River via Bemidji, where the family will make their new home. Mr. Daiuard is the manager of the new saw mill which is being erected there and which he says will be ready for operation about June 1. The construction work is going on rapidly, but he is badly in need of more men.

Elliott lives at Og, Iowa at present. Write him there.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	86
" 2 "	84
" 3 "	80
Flax, 1	2.44
" 2	2.34
Barley, for 50 lbs	60
Oats	27
Eggs	15
Butter	20
Butter, Creamery	28
Potatoes	75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	7
Flour, Patent	2.65@2.70
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie 8:35 a.m

Elliott has buyers, real live ones. List your farm.

Neal Dahl left the first of the week for a trip to Nevada,

Services next Thursday evenin at 8 o'clock in the United church.

The ladie's aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. Einarson.

William Olson is rejoicing over the safe arrival at his home yesterday the 10th inst., of a fine baby boy.

Rev. Sand conducted services near Fosston and Clearbrook in Clearwater county on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

C. L. Hanson of Thief River Falls, president of the Merchants State bank of St. Hilaire, was looking after bussiness matters here yesterday.

The young people's society of the United church will meet at the I. O. O. F. building next Wednesday evening. Mrs. Amble and Mrs. A. S. Wilson will entertain. Good program.

A full line of Ladies Hats will arrive at **A. H. Pitkin's** next week and will be sold at reasonable prices so you will not have to go out of St. Hilaire to get your Easter Bonnets.

Rev. O. C. Farseth from Fargo, N. D., will conduct services at the United Lutheran church a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. An offering to the foreign mission will be taken up.

Defense of Cameron Dam

This is the first drama of distinction that his visited St. Hiliare for some time.

The management wishes to warn the people that "The Defense of Cameron Dam" is a play, not moving pictures.

The object of the play, "The Defense of Cameron Dam," is to put the human character in such a light as will serve as a lesson to increase the percentage of good men and women.

The demand for justice and the argument against injustice are some of the thoughts which give so much moral tone to "The Defense of Cameron Dam." A play of sensational dramatic interest, with a story that reaches the heart, and is the right kind to attract the masses.

A scenic background of great beauty, and a cast of excellent actors and actresses, have been secured, who can be fully trusted to present the characters in their true lights.

The Minueapolis Symphony Company

Will appear at the auditorium, Thief River Falls, Sunduy evening, March 26.

For music lovers this will be the grandest event of the season. This orchestra, under the leadership of Director Emil Oberhoffer, is composed of fifty-six artists and has a national reputeation

Prices, $1.50, $1.00, .75.

A special train will run from Crookston, and St. Hilaire people can use it to go and return. Leav St. Hilaire about 4 p. m.

WATCH OUR BIG NEW
Bargain Counter
READY AND ON DISPLAY
MONDAY, MARCH 13
LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Must Decide

To whom it may and does concern; All good people interested in the welfare of society—this means you—are called upon from time to time to decide for themselves between right and wrong. Such decision will be required of the voters of the beautiful village of St. Hilaire at our annual election, to be held this year on March 14. Every person should so exert himself that such decision shall be a righteous one, and every voter feel proud that he voted according to a conscience free from the glamour of worldly dollars and cents—free from the dullness brought on by incipient indulgence—free to vote as his mother would have voted.

There are countless reasons advanced by as many different people, but none can say aught against the basic principle of right and wrong.

During the greater part of my life I have been brought face to face with the evils of the liquor traffic. Have spent considerable time studying it from a scientific standpoint, and can see none of good in it. There are, on the other hand, the volumes of books written, every one of which stands as a monument to testify against the liquor business; The old stories of homes wrecked, children starving, wives driven to the slums, cold blooded murder committed—all too common and all on account of booze. Can any man in his right mind so far forget himself that he shall strive to bring the vulture to our fair village to devour the bodies of men, to say nothing of their souls, and to be a blot upon the fair name of our community? Who shall say? These are vital questions and ones that every person of this town will be held answerable for.

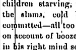
They scoff and ridicule and mislead, and otherwise make light of these questions, yet whether they know it or not they will be held accountable. How dare men who would desire the respect of their fellow men so far violate the will of the all wise Father as to come out in the open and disobey the law They dare not expose their ideas to the light of day, therefore they come out for darkness and ignorance. They say that taxes will be lower if the license money be paid into the treasury to meet the expenses of the town. "What shall it profit a man though he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?" or "What shall a man receive in exchange for his soul?"

Men! vote for your wives, vote for your daughters, vote for your sons, vote for yourselves, and forget not to vote for your God, whose loving patience we all so often try.

We shall then have no need for fear of a right decision and will all feel glad that we had the opportunity to help in arriving at so grand a verdict.

This from one who knows his own weaknesses and shortcomings and who holds those that refer to it sneeringly in profound contempt.

DR. J. E. OWENS,



Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, April 7.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	C. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

City Tonsorial Parlor
DUNCAN McALLISTER
PROPRIETOR
Also have on sale
A GOOD LINE OF FACE CREAMS and HAIR TONICS
ROSEWOOD DANDRUFF REMEDY

H. Wilson
WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE MINN.

The Caucus

There was quite a full attendence last evening at the caucus, there being over sixty votes cast.

The following ticket was nominated:

President, J. C. Dahl.
Councilmen, A. R. Jones, R. J. McKercher, H. Olson.
Clerk, Dr. C. Swanson.
Treasurer, B. E. Burkee.
Assessor, K. O. Gigstad.
Justice, O. H. Peters.
Constables, H. O. Jackson, G. Fellman.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

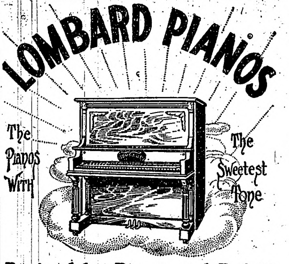
New Stock of Millinery

I will open up a new stock of spring hats next week. I expect them Wednesday, the 15th, and they will be ready for inspection next Friday. Come, in and see them.

A. H. Pitkin

Gold In Barnato's Body.

A German paper is responsible for the announcement that Barney Barnato, still more than the legendary king of Peru, who was wont to have his body gilded afresh every morning, deserved the title of El Dorado—the "Man of Gold"—not because of his wealth or of his connection with gold mines, but because his system actually secreted gold. He was, says this credible authority, the victim of a disease called metallitis, his blood being permeated with a powdery gold, as were his eyes, nose, ears and all of his mucous membrane. The pain caused by this condition was so intolerable that it is believed to have been the cause of his suicide.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listoner. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Calumet Baking Powder

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

INFLAMMATION AND PAIN

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Creston, Iowa.—"I was troubled for a long time with inflammation, pains in my side, sick headaches and nervousness. I had taken so many medicines that I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. A friend told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to health. I have no more pain, my nerves are stronger and I can do my own work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me after everything else had failed, and I recommend it to other suffering women." —Mrs. Wm. Seals 605 W. Howard St., Creston, Iowa.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

A Terrible End.

"He met with a hard death."

"How was that?"

"Suffocated by his own hot air in a telephone booth."

THE YOUNG BRIDE'S FIRST DISCOVERY

Their wedding tour had ended, and they entered their new home to settle down to what they hoped to be one long uninterrupted blissful honeymoon.

But, alas! the young bride's troubles soon begin, when she tried to reduce the cost of living with cheap big can baking powders.

She soon discovered that all she got was a lot for her money, and it was not all baking powder, for the bulk of it was cheap materials which had no leavening power. Such powders will not make light, wholesome food. And because of the absence of leavening gas, it requires from two or three times as much to raise cakes or biscuits as it does of Calumet Baking Powder.

Thus, eventually, the actual cost to you, of cheap baking powders, is more than Calumet would be.

Cheap baking powders often leave the bread bleached and acid, sometimes yellow and alkaline, and often unpalatable. They are not always of uniform strength and quality.

Now the bride buys Calumet—the perfectly wholesome baking powder, moderate in price, and always uniform and reliable. Calumet keeps indefinitely, makes cooking easy, and is certainly the most economical after all.

Reason Enough.

A negro near Xenia, O., had been arrested for chicken stealing. He had stolen so many that his crime had become grand larceny.

He was tried and convicted, and brought in for sentence.

"Have you any reason to offer why the judgment of the court should not be passed upon you?" he was asked.

"Well, jedge," he replied, "I cain't go to jail now, nohow. I'm buildin' a shack out yonder, an' I jus' cain't go till I git it done. You-all kin sholy see dat."—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

Give a Woman a Chance.

Compulsory military service for men, urges a German female advocate of women's right, should be offset by compulsory domestic service for women. On the theory that life in barrack and drill in the manual of arms have benefitted German manhood, she asks, why will not life in the kitchen and exercise in the use of pots and pans similarly raise German womanhood?

If Germany ever organizes a standing army of cooks it may force all Europe to follow its lead. Culinary conscription is a severe measure, but when enforced in Germany other nations might be expected to adopt it. There would be more reason in doing so than in following Germany's lead in militarism. There is more real need of cooks the world over than of soldiers. It is possible to get along without fighting, but not without eating.

The Taste Test—

Post Toasties

Have a dainty, sweet flavour that pleases the palate and satisfies particular folks.

The Fact—

that each year increasing thousands use this delicious food is good evidence of its popularity.

Post Toasties are ready to serve direct from the pkg. with cream or milk—a convenient, wholesome breakfast dish.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

INDIAN LID APPEAL DENIED.

M. A. Spooner Says Bemidji Saloon Men to Fight Case on Merits.

Minneapolis. — Reply of the complaints in the Bemidji saloon cases to the answer filed for the government by United States District Attorney Houpt ten days ago probably will be filed with the clerk of the circuit court in Minneapolis, March 21.

The time given the complainants for the filing of their reply does not expire until the first Monday in April, but the brief probably will be filed some days before that time. Judge M. A. Spooner of Bemidji, who represented the Bemidji liquor dealers, came to Minneapolis in connection with the rumored appeal that might be taken from Judge Willard's decision.

"People have conceived an erroneous impression of the status of the cases," said Mr. Spooner. "No appeal has been taken from Judge Willard's decision, yet everyone not directly interested in the cases believes an appeal has been taken. There was talk of an appeal, but so far none has been filed. We have until the first Monday in April to file our reply to the government's answer, and then the taking of testimony probably will proceed and the case be tried on its merits."

BLOCK TO BE RESTORED.

Huge Sky-Scraper May be Erected on Site.

Minneapolis, Minn. — No time will be lost in obliterating the traces of the Sunday fire which swept the Syndicate block, Nicollet avenue between Fifth and Sixth streets, wrecking the entire south half of the big five-story structure, wiping out three big mercantile establishments and upwards of 30 offices in that section of the building, dealing heavy losses to two other important retail stores and causing an estimated damage of $1,200,000.

Coincident with the announcement that it had been definitely established that no lives were lost in the conflagration, workmen began erecting scaffolds to start the work of raising the menacing walls of the south portion of the structure, the supports of which had been devoured by the flames. It also was announced that the work of repairing the north wing of the damaged building would begin immediately with the view of completely restoring the quarters of the Young-Quinlan and the Minneapolis Dry Goods companies within 10 days.

St. Cloud.—M. Weldert of Rice, aged 64 years, arrived in the city to take treatment at the hospital here. Just after entering the door he dropped dead from heart failure.

Faribault.—The slot machines in the village of Morristown have been removed. Many complaints have been made that the young boys were playing them, so the authorities ordered them removed.

Austin.—Rev. W. L. Riley, of Detroit, Mich., formerly pastor of the Chicago Avenue Baptist Church of Minneapolis, has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist church here and will begin his labors April 1.

Albert Lea.—The total deposits of the four banks in this city foot up $1,826,923.87, and those of other banks in the county total $1,122,455.92, or $2,949,379.19 for the county. The amount will pass the $3,000,000 mark in a short time.

Duluth.—Detamus McElwain, a Minnesota pioneer, died at Fond du Lac, Minn., at the age of 85. He came to Minnesota from Illinois in 1851, and settled on a homestead, which is now the site of Northfield. He hauled the lumber used in building the first school house in St. Paul.

Minneapolis. — Dr. George Edgar Vincent, president-elect of the State University, who is to assume the office April 1, will address the members of the superintendents' section of the Minnesota Educational Association at its annual convention at the university, March 31 and April 1.

Albert Lea.—The county auditor has awarded the contract for ditch No. 23 to George Conn of Royal Center, Ind., and the work will be pushed. While this is the twenty-third county ditch one judicial ditch has been constructed in Freeborn county and over a hundred miles of ditch have been laid at an expense of fully a third of a million dollars, while thousands of acres have been reclaimed.

East Grand Forks.—Women of the Adams presbytery, embracing the counties in northwestern Minnesota, will hold their annual meeting in East Grand Forks March 29 and 30, on the occasion of the annual conference of the Women's Home Missionary Society. The program that will be carried out has not been completed up to the present time, but it is being arranged and will be announced within the next week.

St. Paul.—Isaac Quinn, an Indian boy from the Sisseton reservation, who was arrested on January 28 for passing worthless checks to the amount of $150 on various saloonkeepers, was discharged from custody. His alleged victims refused to swear out a complaint.

Faribault.—The hennery belonging to Paul Fuerstenau of this place was destroyed by fire, together with a buggy shed, a large number of chickens and farm machinery, causing a loss of $3,000, with insurance to the amount of $1,200. It is supposed the building was set on fire.

St. Paul. — J. G. Winkler, state dairy and food commissioner, has returned from a tour of inspection of creameries in upper Minnesota, having visited Sauk Center, Rothsay, Crookston and other points. At Rothsay, Mr. Winkler found his pet policy of paying for cream according to quality has been adopted.

Faribault.—Jacob Jelum, a farmer living east of this city, was seriously injured while working around a gasolene engine. His trousers were caught in the belting, whirling him around the shafting. His legs were broken and he was otherwise badly injured.

A Generous Gift

Professor Munyon has just issued a most beautiful, useful and complete almanac. It contains not only all the scientific information concerning the moon's phases, in all the latitudes, but has illustrated articles on how to read character by phrenology, palmistry and birth month. It also tells all about card reading, birth stones and their meaning, and gives the interpretation of dreams. It teaches beauty culture, manicuring, gives weights and measures and antidotes for poison. In fact, it is a Magazine Almanac, that not only gives valuable information, but will afford much amusement for every member of the family, especially for parties and evening entertainments. Farmers and people in the rural districts will find this Almanac almost invaluable.

It will be sent to anyone absolutely free on application to the Munyon Remedy Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

Absent-Minded.

"There was $105 in the left trousers pocket," panted a white-faced man as he all but fell into the little tailor's pressing and cleaning shop.

The tailor glanced at the excited citizen and went on pushing the goose.

After a minute the new arrival got his breath, but lost his temper. "I say there was $105 in the left trousers pocket," he repeated, shaking his fist.

"Vell, didt I sedt dere vasn't?" the little tailor asked. "Dere iss de pants. Mebby he iss dere yedt," pointing to a pair of trousers on a nail.

The left pocket gave up a roll of bills and a cigarette case, the right pocket a bunch of keys, penknife and a pound of other junk; the right back pocket a magazine pistol and a handkerchief, the left back pocket a big memorandum book and the fob pocket a watch with fob and charm attached and some bills tightly folded.

After the absent-minded one had given the tailor $5 for his "honesty" the knight of the goose soliloquized: "Some day dot feller fergit his bants."

The Lady and the Hobble.

"Do you think the hobble gown will remain long in vogue?"

"If it doesn't you can cast it aside."

"Yes; but I hate to waste time learning to hobble."—Suburban Life.

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It will sometimes carry infection to the entire system through the food you eat. Hamlins Wizard Oil cures Sore Throat.

When the fight begins within himself, a man's worth something.—Browning.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES
one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. *Refuse substitutes.* For Free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The test of whether you are educated is, can you do what you ought, when you ought, whether you want to do it or not?—Herbert Spencer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

People seldom improve when they have no model but themselves to copy after.—Goldsmith.

For constipation, biliousness, liver disturbances and diseases resulting from impure blood, take Garfield Tea.

Many a man who swears at a big monopoly is nourishing a little one.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Give a girl a present, and she will not worry about the future.

Big Assets

Four hundred thousand people take a CASCARET every night—and *rise* up in the morning and call them blessed. If you don't belong to this great crowd of CASCARET takers you are missing the greatest asset of your life. 910

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success. Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.) (36)

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature Brent Good

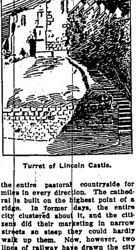
PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

CATHEDIAL TOWN'S SENTINEL

Historic Structure Is Built on a Ridge High Above City of Lincoln, England.

Lincoln, England.—"The most imposing sight about European cities is that of a whole district dominated by one great building," said a tourist recently.

If this be true, then Lincoln might be classed as among the most imposing of cities, for her superb cathedral dominates not only the city spreading down the hillside in a pretty pattern of red-tile roofs and green foliage, but the entire pastoral countryside for miles in every direction. The cathedral is built on the highest point of a ridge. In former days, the entire city clustered about it, and the citizens did their marketing in narrow streets so steep they could hardly walk up them. Now, however, two lines of railway have drawn the city toward the lower levels. But from whatever point a look is cast toward the upper city, the great towers of the cathedral are to be seen, pointing skyward with their gothic pinnacles.



Turret of Lincoln Castle.

Its interesting history and its fame for beauty attract thousands of tourists every year. There are always a few Americans to be seen, guide book in hand, peering about the ornate old facades, whose stones are now stained beautiful shades of yellow and cream by the weather of centuries. It used to be a favorite delight of the town boys to pay a sixpence to climb the central tower, and stand inside the monster bell, called "Great Tom," when the 12 strokes of noon were sent vibrating over the city, but this diversion is not much indulged in by tourists.

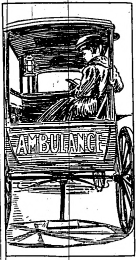
WOMEN NOW ON AMBULANCES

New York One of the Few Cities in the World Which Engages Them.

New York.—This is one of the few cities in the world where women are allowed to act as ambulance surgeons and only one hospital in the city allows the practice. This hospital graduated Dr. Mary Crawford into housework and now Dr. Elizabeth Bruyn is serving her novitiate on the back step of an ambulance. Dr. Bruyn began her antics as ambulance surgeon quite recently and had the opportunity to set a broken leg during her first day at work. She did the job neatly and promises to be a success in her field of work.

Dr. Bruyn the other day responded to a call from a saloon in Kent avenue. She found a policeman holding three Polish prisoners in a corner at the point of a pistol, while a wounded man was stretched out on the floor.

Dr. Bruyn got down on her knees to repair a long slash in the side of the man on the floor. He tried to edge away, but Dr. Bruyn got the bartender to hold his legs while she put some stitches in his side. She never winked an eye or paused a moment in her work when the prisoners made a demonstration and the policeman waved a pistol and told them to be still. They protested that they did not want any woman doctor to sew up the wounded man, but subsided in response to a suggestive movement of the revolver.



Woman Ambulance Surgeon.

England's Navy.

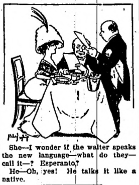
London.—It would require a column of space in small type to give merely a catalogue of the vessels of all kinds for the British navy which are now in hand. Much shorter but tremendously impressive is the list of heavy armored fighting vessels—battleships and those armored cruisers which are the most formidable of battleships under another name. At this moment there are no fewer than 17 of those vessels building or authorized, including two for colonial service.

FRENCH BEAN COFFEE, 1 CENT A POUND

It will grow in your own garden. Ripening here in Wisconsin in 90 days. Splendid health coffee and costing to grow about one cent a pound. A great rarity; a healthful drink.

Send us today 15 cents in stamps and we will mail you package above coffee seed with full directions and our mammoth seed and plant catalog free. Or send us 31 cents and we add 10 packages elegant flower and unsurpassable vegetable seeds, sufficient to grow bushels of vegetables and flowers. Or make your remittance 40 cents and we add to all of above 10 packages of wonderful farm seed specialties and novelties. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 S. 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

WONDERFUL!



She—I wonder if the waiter speaks the new language—what do they—call it—? Esperanto?

He—Oh, yes! He talks it like a native.

HEAD SOLID MASS OF HUMOR

"I think the Cuticura Remedies are the best remedies for eczema I have ever heard of. My mother had a child who had a rash on its head when it was real young. Doctor called it baby rash. He gave us medicine, but it did no good. In a few days the head was a solid mass; a running sore. It was awful, the child cried continually. We had to hold him and watch him to keep him from scratching the sore. His suffering was dreadful. At last we remembered Cuticura Remedies. We got a dollar bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a box of Cuticura Ointment, and a bar of Cuticura Soap. We gave the Resolvent as directed, washed the head with the Cuticura Soap, and applied the Cuticura Ointment. We had not used half before the child's head was clear and free from eczema, and it has never come back again. His head was healthy and he had a beautiful head of hair. I think the Cuticura Ointment very good for the hair. It makes the hair grow and prevents falling hair." (Signed) Mrs. Francis Lund, Plain City, Utah, Sept. 19, 1910. Send to the Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for free Cuticura Book on the treatment of skin and scalp troubles.

A Woman's Letter.

Women, it is generally admitted, write better letters than men.

M. Marcel Prevost has discovered the reason for this superiority. "The obvious meaning is never the one we should read into a woman's letter. There is always a veiled meaning. Woman makes use of a letter just as she employs a glance or a smile, in a way that is carefully thought out, and with an eye to effect. And, after all, does a woman's hat serve to cover her head? Does a woman's parasol keep off the sun? Why, then, should a woman's letter serve to convey her real thoughts to the person addressed, just like the letters of some honest grocer, who writes, 'I send you five pounds of coffee,' because he really does send you five pounds of coffee."

ONE PAIR OF GOLD-FILLED BEAUTY PINS

will be sent to you FREE, also our new Premium List. Buy three packages of Jellycon at 10c each and cut out and send to us the red diamond trade mark on each package; also tell us your favorite way of serving JELLYCON. This offer is made to induce you to try JELLYCON, the perfect jelly dessert. YOUR GROCER SELLS JELLYCON, or will get it for you. R. S. BURNHAM CO., NEW YORK CITY, PREMIUM DEPARTMENT.

Rebelled.

Mrs. Richquick—John, I want you to buy a new parlor suit.

Mr. Richquick—Maria, I've been agreeable enough so far to get different clothes for morning, noon, afternoon and night, but I'm consarned if I'll change 'em every time I go into a different room."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

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Mrs. Suburb—What is a swimming-hole?

Mr. Suburb—A body of water entirely surrounded by boys.—Suburban Life.

A mind content both crown and kingdom is.—Robert Greene.

Garfield Tea has brought good health to thousands! Unequaled for constipation.

One kind of a brute is a man who refuses to flatter a woman.

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Were we perfect, which we are not, medicines would not often be needed. But since our systems have become weakened, impaired and broken down through indiscretions which have gone on from the early ages, through countless generations, remedies *are* needed to aid Nature in correcting our inherited and otherwise acquired weaknesses. To reach the seat of stomach weakness and consequent digestive troubles, there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a glyceric compound, extracted from native medicinal roots—sold for over forty years with great satisfaction to all users. For Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Stomach after eating, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Belching of food, Chronic Diarrhea and other Intestinal Derangements, the "Discovery" is a time-proven and most efficient remedy.

The genuine has on its outside wrapper the Signature R. V. Pierce, M.D.

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Modesty is to merit as shades to figures in a picture; giving it strength and beauty.—Bruyere.

A cup of Garfield Tea before retiring will insure that all-important measure, the daily cleaning of the system.

The reward of a thing well done is to have done it.—Emerson.

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Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Some women are good to look at, but bad to be tied to.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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Get it in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs. 100 Doses $1.

900 DROPS

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NOT NARCOTIC.

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Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
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Bi Carbonate Soda -
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Clarified Sugar
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Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two, and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Representative Campbell of Kansas announced as he was leaving the White House that he was going to Canada to study the reciprocity situation at first hands. He will spend three weeks there traveling from place to place comparing prices received by Canadian and American farmers for their products.

There is no abatement in the crying needs of the starving people of China as indicated by advices received by the state department. As a further measure of relief the national Red Cross cabled $2,000 to the American consul general at Shanghai for distribution to the famine sufferers.

Sitting in the unusual capacity of a board of auditors, the supreme court of the United States computed that the state of West Virginia was under obligation to pay over $7,000,000 of the $33,000,000 debt of Virginia which existed when the new state was formed. It was the biggest problem in arithmetic the supreme court has had to handle in many years.

Official announcement was made at the white house that Associate Justice Charles E. Hughes, of the United States supreme court, has been designated as head of the commission to investigate second class postage rates, especially with reference to magazines. Former Solicitor General Lawrence Maxwell of Cincinnati has been designated as one of the members of the commission.

Suggestions for the design of the new 3 per cent Panama bonds are now being prepared, and will come before Secretary MacVeagh in a few days. It is the intention of the treasury department to follow the ideas of artistic simplicity which are embodied in the postal savings bonds and the tentative savings for the new paper money. Secretary MacVeagh's plans are practically unchanged and an issue of probably $50,000,000 is assured before June 1.

General.

Japan is making no effort to secure a naval base on the coast of Mexico.

The national monetary commission plans to work with vigor this summer.

Ex-Speaker Cannon has been offered a big sum for one hundred lectures.

Oklahoma City adopted the commission form of government by about 1,200 majority.

Secretary Dickinson advised the south to cease violence to negroes if it would prosper.

The Saskatchewan legislature voted unanimously for reciprocity with the United States.

The Washington senate passed the house bill for the erection of a new capitol at Olympia.

In his address at Atlanta President Taft predicted good results from reciprocity with Canada.

Action of the United States in Mexico is purely an American affair says a German newspaper.

The issue of dollar greenbacks has been abandoned for the time being.

A valuation of $2,512,146 is placed on the estate in New Hampshire of the late Mrs. Mary Glover Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church.

Conditions bordering on a panic are said to exist in northern Mexico, and many towns are being besieged by the insurrectos.

Four were killed and one injured in a snowslide that destroyed the boarding house at Gold King mine near Gladstone, Colorado.

The California assembly, by unanimous assent, has replaced its old primary law with one providing for the use of the Oregon plan for electing senators.

The Kansas supreme court has decided the law requiring railroads to carry members of the national guard within the state at a cent a mile is unconstitutional.

Arthur M. Travers, chief clerk to the third assistant postmaster general, was dismissed from the service by Postmaster General Hitchcock for manipulating postage stamps for his own financial benefit.

The total number of bills introduced during the three sessions of congress just closed reached 33,016.

The contract for the new $2,500,000 New York City postoffice was awarded to the Fuller Construction company.

Russia will be represented at the conference in Washington in April over the preservation of North Pacific fauna.

Governor Colquitt sent a message to the Texas legislature censuring it for voting to adjourn Saturday merely because their pay drops from $5 to $2 a day on that date.

The man who marries a widow must expect her to be onto all the old excuses.

To a woman a man's life is a good deal like an open book—she can see only two pages.

Never trust a man who deceives himself.

State militia officers are invited to join in the troop movement.

More United States troops have been sent to protect the Mexican border.

Influential Mexicans say intervention by the United States means war.

Seven hundred marines from the Philadelphia navy yard left for the south.

President Diaz is enjoying good health and personally tends to the duties of his office.

Clarence D. Hillman, a Seattle millionaire, was found guilty of using the mails to defraud.

A bill providing for adopting the Oregon plan has passed both houses of the Kansas legislature.

President Taft reassured Mexicans that there was nothing serious in the troop movement to the south.

The insurrection in Mexico it is generally admitted, is a leading cause for sending troops to the border.

John Barrett urges the south to be ready to grasp the opportunities afforded with the Panama canal opening.

Secretary of State Knox, who is enjoying a vacation in the south, will visit Cuba before returning to Washington.

According to official Washington the troop movement southward is to maneuver and watch Mexican insurrectos.

Four convicts made their escape from the Nebraska penitentiary through an opening where bars were sawed off.

As the result of a special investigation, the entire force of customs inspectors at San Francisco will be reorganized.

Cows eating from a straw stack near Walnut, Ill., uncovered an iron pail containing a quantity of gold and silver coins.

The levy of 1 per cent on all state banks in Oklahoma is being made to provide the guaranty fund under the guaranty law.

The Kansas legislature passed a bill appropriating $50,000 to found a state tuberculosis hospital. No location is named.

The foot and mouth disease has again appeared in England. Movement of stock in a wide area has been prohibited.

Justice Hughes of the supreme court has been appointed head of the commission to investigate magazine postage rates.

There has been eight deaths from the bubonic plague and eight from smallpox reported in Amoy, China, within the last two weeks.

Sir Thomas E. Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific, announces that road will spend $34,000,000 for improvements in the coming year.

The comptroller of the treasury issued a call for a statement of the condition of national banks at the close of business on Tuesday, March the 7th.

The American battleship Delaware arrived at Valparaiso, Chile, with the body of Anibal Cruse, who died at Washington while serving as Chilean minister to the United States.

Mrs. N. A. Floyd was stabbed to death with a penknife by her husband, Dr. N. A. Floyd, at Waco, Tex., Floyd then slashed himself eight times with the same knife and probably will die.

President Taft has appointed former Senator Cockrell of Missouri as commissioner on the part of the United States to re-trace and definitely determine the boundary lines between Texas and New Mexico.

The first venire was exhausted without a jury being secured in Chicago to try Charles Erbstein and Arthur McBride on the charge of conspiracy to defame the character of State's Attorney Wayman.

Llevin Hart, the supposed American, who charges that he was fleeced by three Italians out of $52,000, with whom he visited gambling resorts in Paris, turns out to be a German, whose home is in Frankfort.

Governor Wilson and a committee representing the democratic majority of the legislature are formulating a bill for election reforms which they will submit to the New Jersey legislature. It provides direct primaries for all offices.

The fire that threatened to destroy the town of Douglas, Alaska, was extinguished after it had destroyed property valued at $100,000.

Professedly because of the recent rate decision, the New York, New Haven & Hartford will order extensive reductions upon its system.

At Moscow, Mme. Verestchagin, widow of the famous artist, who lost his life when the battleship Petropavlousk was blown up by a mine at Port Arthur during the Russian-Japanese war, committed suicide by shooting. She was a sufferer from cancer.

The navy's participation in the joint maneuvers in progress along the Mexican border and contiguous waters contemplated a sort of patrol of the eastern coast of Mexico. The scout cruiser Chester and the gunboat Tacoma are to sail along the coast, stopping at two or three ports.

Congressman Champ Clark was tendered an informal banquet by Philadelphia democrats who have been active in reorganization plans for the city and state.

Personal.

Secretary Grey and Mr. Balfour clashed on reciprocity in British commons.

A verdict was rendered against the claimant for a share of the estate of the late "Lucky" Baldwin.

Archibald W. Butt, aide to President Taft, will soon discard his title of captain for that of major.

RANGE DISASTER

TWENTY TRACK-LAYERS CAUGHT IN PIT BY CAVE-IN—ONLY A FEW ESCAPE.

BURIED IN AN AVALANCHE

Sobbing Women and Children Watch Efforts of Rescue Party—Second Disaster at Gilbert.

Virginia. — Death in the form of five hundred thousand tons of iron ore, rock, earth, ice and snow shot down upon 20 track layers working in the Norman open-pit mine here. Only 14 escaped the avalanche and three of these are in a hospital suffering from injuries that are likely to prove fatal.

Ole Johnson, foreman of one of the three changes of men that were caught by the vast mass, is the only one of the 14 whose injuries are not dangerous. He was taken to the hospital suffering from severe concussions of the head.

An army of men with shovels set to work desperately to recover the bodies. The work was pursued under extreme difficulties. The men prayed for the daylight to aid them, while many of the crowd on the embankment overlooking the site of the catastrophe dreaded to have the dawn come, for it would show them broken and maimed bodies the sight of which would change their stolid grief to hysterical lamentations.

Wives and children of the buried men watched the work of the rescuers, sobbing and wringing their hands.

Only Four Had Chance.

Only the four men near the outer edge had a chance to run. So far as can be ascertained all the men caught in the slide were Finns and Austrians. There is much confusion and the mine officials are maintaining so strict a silence that the name of but one could be learned—Paul Paulson, a widower, who leaves seven children. His wife died a month ago.

The pit was 125 feet deep and 75 feet wide and the rock and ore and earth filled this bowl to the depth of 50 feet and shot out its rim 150 feet. The Norman employs about 1,000 men when running to capacity. Just at this time, however, several hundred are employed working in night and day shifts.

Buried Miners Reached by Pipe.

Gilbert, Minn., March [illegible]. — Captain Benny and three miners were entombed 150 feet down in the Elba mine at Elba location, just outside of the village. Through an iron pipe three inches in diameter air was transmitted to them and continued wrappings upon this pipe encouraged the rescuing parties to believe that the four might to reached.

Benny and his companions were caught on the first level by a cave-in of ore and rock. The mass piled up many feet high. There was a fifth man in the party and he just missed being walled up. Although he escaped, it was not without painful injuries. He reached the shaft almost in a state of collapse and told what had happened.

In remarkably short time scores of miners were crowded about eager to help in the work of rescue. The very first move was the driving through of the big iron pipe, which gave air to the prisoners.

Almost instantly they began to tap on the pipe. There were answering taps from the mouth of the level and as rescuing parties of eight to ten men shoveled away hour after hour the tapping from the four men was kept up incessantly.

The rescue work was necessarily slow but confidence was expressed that the men would hold out. The Elba mine employs about 200 men when running full capacity. It is in charge of Superintendent Chinn and is owned by Pickands, Mather & Company of Cleveland.

Capt. Benny Rescued; May Die.

Captain Benny was rescued alive and taken to his home.

The two miners, however, met what must have been instant death as their bodies were bruised and crushed in a horrible shape. That Captain Benny is still alive is considered a marvel after receiving the injuries which he did and undergoing the terrible ordeal in the death trap for so many hours. His condition is reported as extremely critical and it would occasion no surprise should he succumb.

William J. Stone, an Englishman, and Joseph Bovich, an Austrian, are the men who lost their lives. Stone was a single man, aged 23 years. He was a native of Cornwall, England, and had been in America only about a year. Bovich was about 35 years old. He leaves a wife and five children.

YOUNG SEARS IN COURT.

Pleads Not Guilty to Charge of Causing Death of Stepfather.

Stillwater.—George Sears, the boy accused of shooting and killing his stepfather, William Elias, was arraigned in district court on a charge of manslaughter in the second degree and pleaded not guilty. He was held to the grand jury in bail of $3,000, which in all likelihood he will not be able to give.

TWIN CITY CARS CAREFUL.

No Passengers Were Killed Last Year —147,000,000 Carried.

St. Paul.—Nearly 147,000,000 passengers were carried on Twin City street cars in 1910 and not a one was killed. Furthermore, on the 383 miles of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company's lines in four counties with a population of about 600,000, only seven persons were killed.

It is claimed at the general offices of the company that this is a record for street car lines and the following figures obtained from coroners in the cities named seem to justify the claim:

City.	Population.	Deaths by Cars.
Chicago	2,185,283	177
*New York	4,766,883	112
Pittsburg	533,905	62
Buffalo	423,715	39
Cincinnati	364,463	37
Detroit	465,766	36
New Orleans....	339,075	35
Milwaukee	373,857	30
Indianapolis	233,650	18
Kansas City.....	248,381	15
Louisville	223,928	15
Rochester	218,149	14
Washington	331,069	13
St. Paul & Mpls.	515,151	7

*Figures for Manhattan Borough only.

BALLOT FIGHT ON CUYUNA.

Ironton and Crosby Towns Vote on Changing A School Site.

Brainerd.—Ironton and Crosby, rival towns on the Cuyuna iron range, had a battle royal over a school board election and the changing of a school site.

Under the law, only freehold voters are entitled to vote and everything was proceeding quietly at the polls until the Ironton voters began to troop in. Then, it is asserted, the Crosbyites started a free-for-all vote, and after that no lines were drawn and no questions asked. The women became interested and many of them voted.

In the afternoon the fever reached the farmers of the neighborhood, and they brought in their wives and eligible daughters to vote. There were no challenges, but each side is crying fraud and threatening injunction proceedings. At last accounts, the final outcome of the election was still in doubt.

MICHIGAN SALONS HEAR CLAPP.

Minnesota Senator Addresses Both Houses on Direct Legislation.

Lansing, Mich.—Both houses of the state legislature held brief sessions to listen to United States Senator Moses Clapp of Minnesota who addressed them on the subject of direct legislation.

He declared the recorded history of six thousand years shows that progress has only been made as a result of protest and that the protest has always been made by the "Common People." He also took the view that the government could be so laid out in advance as to take care of changing conditions and times.

Senator Clapp favors the direct election of United States senators and also the initiative, referendum and recall, and he devoted a considerable portion of his speech to this phase of the subject.

FAIR SOCIETY ORGANIZED.

Wilkin County Preparing for an Exhibition in the Fall.

Breckenridge.—The Wilkin County Agricultural Society was organized in this city and the following officers elected: President, E. M. Granger; vice-president, Robert J. Wells; secretary-treasurer, E. Balentine.

The society is composed of one representative from each school district in the county. The purpose of the organization is to hold fairs and exhibitions of an agricultural and industrial nature and for the promotion of industrial and agricultural education. Several hundred dollars will be offered by the society as prizes for best yields of corn and other products, and in the fall a county fair will be held under the auspices of the society.

Educator Resigns.

Sauk Center. — Professor William Angus, after five years of efficient service, has resigned as superintendent of the Sauk Center public schools. He was re-elected at the last board meeting, and his resignation was keenly regretted. The school has progressed and prospered under his guidance. At present Angus has no definite plans for the future, although he expects to continue in educational matters.

Dealers Plan Trade Boost.

Winona. — A "made in Winona" campaign, designed to instill a feeling of loyalty to local manufactured goods, will be launched by the Winona Merchants' and Business Men's Association. They propose to acquaint the citizens with the brand of goods made here by conducting excursions periodically into the factory district.

Boy Scouts Give Entertainment.

Detroit.—Patrols 1 and 2 of Troop 1 of the Detroit Boy Scouts of America gave an entertainment in the Congregational Annex. Various features of boy scout life were illustrated by shadows thrown on a curtain by the boys. Many of these were decidedly amusing. The first aid drill won hearty applause. The boys were trained by Scoutmaster Walter D. Bird, who devised the clever shadow effects. The proceeds of the entertainment will be used in the purchase of suits for the patrols.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, March 10.—

Senator Elwell introduced a university appropriation bill asking a total of $2,987,200. For the university proofing old chemistry building, $102,- chemistry building and laboratory, $405,000; new pathology building, $200,000; dormitory for women, $100,000; biology building, $350,000; fireproofing old chemistry building, $102,000; alteration of medical science building, $25,000; change of Millard hall to college of pharmacy, $75,000; equipment of Folwell hall, $5,000; maintenance of Elliott hospital, $159,200; law library, $10,000; care of campus, $6,000.

Wednesday night was labor night before the house and senate committees on workingmen's compensation bills.

T. D. O'Brien, former judge of the supreme court, prefaced his defense of his bill, drawn for the Federation of Labor, by attacking the present legal system for gaining compensation for industrial injuries as "a relic of barbarism, an economic waste and tending to give the lawyers more than their share of whatever was recovered."

F. G. Winston, millionaire employer of labor, characterized the O Brien bill as "worse than the Mercer bill," and as deserving to be labelled as "an invitation to all who wished to end their lives to come to Minnesota, get a job and end all, in the assurance that their aunts, second cousins or sweethearts would profit financially by their death." Mr. Winston also indulged in a free-for-all debate with labor representatives present.

But even while he was bitterly attacking the O'Brien bill, he surprised his auditors by nominating, possibly facetiously, Judge O'Brien for the next governor of Minnesota, saying: "Judge O'Brien is the best citizen I know and I should be glad to vote for him for governor."

Ten o'clock closing for saloons except in the cities of the first and second class, including Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth and Winona, is provided in a bill introduced in the house by Representatives J. F. Lee and Putnam. Another bill is said to be coming providing for 8 o'clock closing.

St. Paul, March 11.—

The senate committees ground out recommendations for a good deal of important legislation.

The committee on university and university lands, Senator Elwell, of Minneapolis, chairman, recommended for passage both the general appropriations bill for the university and the girls' gymnasium bill, appropriating $150,000 for a new girls' gymnasium.

The good roads amendment to the Minnesota state constitution, drawn by Representative R. C. Dunn, providing a one-mill tax for roads and bridges throughout the state, passed the senate by a unanimous vote.

An amendment by Senator Sageng, taking away from the state highway commission control over the disposition of the funds was adopted. It leaves with the legislature the right to name a body to exercise the money dispensing powers.

By a vote of 61 to 31 the lower house refused to investigate the state central committees of the Republican and Democrat parties of this state. Several members voting against the bill said there was no evidence of any irregularities in the handling of campaign funds.

The committee on general legislation recommended for passage the John P. Nash bill which creates a state department of weights and measures and the Fowler bill regulating automobile traffic.

A bill to define what constitutes an "intoxicating beverage" was introduced by Senator Rustad. It provides that any beverage containing one-half of one per cent alcohol by volume at a temperature of 60 degrees above zero fahrenheit, shall be classed as an intoxicating beverage.

St. Paul, March 13.—Initiative and referendum on an ultra-conservative basis, the Democratic idea as set forth in the bill introduced by Albert Pfaender of New Ulm, passed the lower house of the Minnesota legislature by a vote of 63 to 50. It grants to the people the right to vote on legislation by popular ballot but contains restrictions which purport to safeguard the interests of the state against the apathy of the voters on questions of law.

It received the vote of 17 of the 24 Democratic members of the house and those opposing it explained that they did so at the request of the people of their own districts. It received the vote of all the conservative Republicans and enough of the radicals to permit its passage. Many of those who voted the radical Campbell bill explained that although they did not favor the Pfaender measure they believed it to be better than nothing. Others pronounced it worthless. G. W. Brown, in opposing the bill, said it was a disgrace to the state of Minnesota and that he did not propose to be held responsible for its passage. J. N. Johnson, P. N. Converse, R. L. Palmer and Rufus P. Morton, in opposing the measure, said it was not worth the paper it was written on and that it had been so complicated by amendments that they were not sure of its contents.

The Campbell bill, which was defeated Thursday, only provided petitions signed by 10 and 7 per cent of the voters to bring about the initiative and referendum. It required only a majority of the votes cast on any measure to carry it and it allowed the people to initiate a vote on constitutional amendments.

Brewery interests were said to favor a bill introduced in the senate by Senator Klein, who indignantly denied the charge and stated his reasons for thinking his bill a good one.

Senator Putnam, a county optionist, was the man who brought the charge. It was a bill to give 100 people a right to incorporate as a village. The present law requires at least 200. Senator Putnam charged the bill was framed to permit small bodies of men to incorporate and establish a saloon, against the wishes of a majority of those in contiguous territory. It developed, on the spur of moment, one of the hottest fights of the session.

The bill was voted on and lost, 31 to 29.

An institution to reform "tramps, vagrants and wife-deserters by humane and scientific course of teaching and instruction," was provided for in a bill introduced by Senator Boyle of Duluth. The cost of the institution is to be $100,000.

A companion bill provides that any one who "deserts his wife in need and necessitous circumstances, or his children, shall be liable to a workhouse sentence." The second bill provides for methods of teaching them to love their own wives and to return to them and to live happily ever after.

Good Roads Bills Passed.

R. C. Dunn's good roads bills, as amended by the senate passed the house by a unanimous vote. They need only the signature of Governor Eberhart to become laws. The bills contemplate state aid and supervision for the building of good roads through Minnesota. One bill authorizes a vote to be taken on a constitutional amendment which would levy an annual tax of one mill for the building of good roads. The other bill appropriates $150,000 a year for the maintenance of the state highway commission. This bill contemplates the placing of a large force of competent road engineers in the county districts to superintend all road building.

St. Paul, March 14.—George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, who is under investigation by the state legislature, was on the witness stand before the house committee. He was called by C. H. Warner of Aitkin to explain his conduct relative to ditches Nos. 66 and 86 in Aitkin county.

Mr. Warner asked the witness to explain particularly the charges that there were irregularities in the location of the ditches, the letting of the contracts and the payment of the state money before any work had been completed.

Representative Pfaender, chairman of the committee of public accounts and expenditures verbally recommended the passage of a bill compelling the secretary of state to submit bids for automobile tags. Mr. Pfaender referred to the sub-committee a whitewash report which exonerated the secretary for paying 35 cents for tags on the grounds that there was no evidence submitted that the tags could be obtained more cheaply.

Congressman W. S. Hammond of the Second District was a guest of the house recommended the creation of sentative Spooner was asked to make a brief address.

Representative Vorland introduced two bills designed to do away with a monopoly in the lumber business and in the sale of grain seeds in Minnesota. It makes it a misdemeanor for a lumber or seed company to charge more for its product in one part of the state than another, allowing the natural difference in price caused by the distance of the market from the place of manufacture or production.

The Mattson bill raising the salaries of the members of the state board of control from $3,500 to $4,500 was reported out without recommendation by the house committee on appropriation. Similar action was taken on the Spooner bill appropriating $14,000 to take care of a deficit in the state dairy and food department. The committee killed the Hauge bill appropriating $5,000 a year for the support of the state naval militia.

HARVARD PAPER SUPPRESSED.

Caricature of Rev. Lyman Abbott and Eva Tanguay Starts Trouble.

Cambridge, Mass.—A comic drawing showing Rev. Lyman Abbott, editor of the Outlook, and Eva Tanguay, the cyclonic comedienne, linked arm in arm and labeled "Human Affinities," has caused the suppression by the Harvard authorities of this week's issue of the Lampoon, the famous Harvard comic weekly.

ANOTHER POISON MYSTERY.

Florida Educator and Wife Victims of Drug.

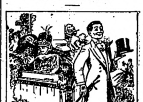
Pensacola, Florida. — The mysterious death by strychnine of Mrs. M. C. Pittman and the dangerous poisoning of her husband, Prof. Pittman, superintendent of the Bagdad school, with the same drug here is being investigated by the authorities. How or when the poison was administered has not been ascertained.

Rheumatism Advice

Gives Prominent Doctor's Best Prescription—Is Easily Mixed.

"Get one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound and one ounce of Toris compound. Then get half a pint of good whisky and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a tablespoonful of this mixture before each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle before using." This is not new in this city as many of the worse cases of rheumatism and back-ache have been cured by it. Good results come the first day. Any druggist has these ingredients on hand or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. Any one can mix them.

THE HAPPY MAN.



First Lady—How very happy the bridegroom looks! Really it is pleasant to see a young man looking so joyful.

Second Lady—Hush! That's not the bridegroom; that's a gentleman the bride jilted six months ago.

CHECK IT IN TIME.

Few people realize the grave danger of neglecting the kidneys. The slightest kidney trouble may be Nature's warning of dropsy, diabetes or dreaded Bright's disease. If you have any kidney symptom, begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at once. Mrs. Sarah A. Black, 304 S. Douty St., Hanford, Cal., says: "Picture me lying crippled with inflammatory rheumatism and stricken with dropsy, not able to move even with crutches. Such was my condition when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Folks in Hanford know how bad off I was and I must give Doan's Kidney Pills full credit for my wonderful recovery."

Every Picture Tells A Story

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Beauty unadorned is barely tolerated.

WOULD LIE AWAKE ALL NIGHT. WITH ITCHING ECZEMA.

"Ever since I can remember I was a terrible sufferer of eczema and other irritating skin diseases. I would lie awake all night, and my suffering was intolerable. A scaly humor settled on my back, and being a child, I naturally scratched it. It was a burning, itching sensation, and utterly intolerable, in fact, it was so that I could not possibly forget about it. It did not take long before it spread to my shoulders and arms, and I was almost covered with a mass of raw flesh on account of my scratching it. I was in such a condition that my hands were tied.

"A number of physicians were called, but it seemed beyond their medical power and knowledge to cure me. Having tried numerous treatments without deriving any benefit from them, I had given myself up to the mercy of my dreadful malady, but I thought I would take the Cuticura treatment as a last resort. Words cannot express my gratitude to the one who created 'The Cuticura Miracles,' as I have named them, for now I feel as if I never suffered from even a pimple. My disease was routed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I shall never cease praising the wonderful merits they contain. I will never be without them, in fact, I can almost dare any skin diseases to attack me so long as I have Cuticura Remedies in the house. I hope that this letter will give other sufferers an idea of how I suffered, and also hope that they will not pass the 'Cuticura Life Saving Station.'" (Signed) C. Louis Green, 929 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 29, 1910.

Seven Pensioners in One Family.

Seven brothers and seven sisters living in Foulsham, England, and the adjacent parishes are receiving old age pensions. The oldest of the seven is eighty and the youngest is seventy-one. Their united ages total 530 years. Their father was Philip Lambert, a carrier between Foulsham and Norwich, who had a family of 16, all born in Foulsham and of whom 11 are now alive.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Practical Agriculturist.

Adam sniffed at the book farmer.

"I don't believe in spraying apple trees," he snorted.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

The chap who gets a free ride in a patrol wagon isn't carried away with enthusiasm.

In the Spring cleanse the system and purify the blood by the use of Garfield Tea.

Improvidence in trifles never made a millionaire nor swelled a bank account.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.

E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher,
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, March 18, 1911.

Now that the voters of our little city have indicated by an overwhelming vote their desire that this should be a "dry" town, it is "up to" the officials selected by the people to see that is made dry and kept dry, and all attempted violations of the law should be promptly and effectually squelched. There is now no excuse that the law officers have not the backing of the people.

The Village Election

The village election passed off very smoothly and a good vote was cast. The caucus ticket was elected throughout, the only opposition being that a ticket was out replacing the name of A. R. Jones as councilman with C. E. Steen.

The saloon license proposition was buried under a vote of nearly five to one against it.

Following is the vote in detail:

For license 16; against, 78.

President—J. C. Dahl 94.

Trustees—R. J. McKercher 94, A. R. Jones 61, H. A. Olson 94, C. E. Steen 32.

Clerk—C. Swanson 94.

Treasurer B. E. Burkee 94.

Assessor—K. O. Gigstad 83, J. E. Draeger 11.

Justice of the Peace—O. H. Peters 86, J. E. Owens 7, John Hagseth 1.

Constables—H. O. Jackson 94, G. Fellman 94.

There were 94 votes cast.

Township Elections

Following are lists of the officers elected at the Tuesday elections in the towns named:

RIVER FALLS.

Supervisors—J. S. Roy, A. P. Sandberg, R. D. Hauge,

Town Clerk—A. S. Anderson.

Treasurer—August Erickson.

Assessor—James Gilbertson.

Justices of the Peace—Paul Bjorgo, James Gilbertson.

Constables—Alfred Benson, Anton E. Anderson.

ROCKSBURY.

Supervisors—Henry Rondorf, J. Johnson, S. O. Lee.

Clerk—Lars G. Netteland.

Treasurer—Ed A. Aubol.

Assessor—Ole Aubol.

Justices—P. Engelstad, Henry Rondorf.

Constable—John Hanson.

SANDERS.

Supervisors—Sam Engebretson, Herman Ortloff, August Crown.

Clerk—Nels K. Anderson.

Treasurer—O. L. Larson.

Assessor—W. D. Lind.

Justice—August Crown,

Constable—Peter Ness.

BRAY.

Supervisor—John O. Swanson.

Clerk—Ernest Akerlund.

Treasurer—A. E. Anderson.

Assessor—Emil Larson.

Justice—Chris Person.

Constable—Gus Dahlen.

POLK CENTRE.

Supervisors—Andrew Erickson, Rickard Lorentson.

Clerk—Felix Anderson.

Treasurer—Albert Anderson.

Assessor—Albert Anderson.

Justice—Dan Whalen.

Constable—Emil Erickson.

Creamery Statement

For February, 1911.

Cream received, 30,514 lbs.

Test, 28.1,

Butter Fat, 8,633.2 lbs.

Total money received, $2,567.23.

Paid to patrons, at 27 cts. per pound, $2,330.91.

Running expense fund, $236.34.

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held at the village hall March 6, at 8 p. m.

Meeting called to order by President Dahl.

Moved and carried that A. R. Jones act as clerk pro tem.

All members present except Arthur Hall, clerk.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the treasurer's report was accepted.

Moved and carried the following bills be allowed:

H O Jackson, salary for February	$15.00
J S Roy, 2 cords wood for Mrs. Skarstad	7.00
Spectator, publishing for Feb...	6.25

On motion duly carried H. Tysseling and A. R. Jones were appointed clerks of election.

On motion meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

A. R. JONES, Clerk pro tem.

Jean Valjean

Rev. W. C. Hodgson of Crookston will deliver a lecture here March 28, taking for his subject, "Jean Valjean." Those who have read that wonderful book—which, by the way, is an object of special admiration by the writer of these lines—will be sure to want to hear the lecture. Rev. Hodgson spoke here last week on the temperance question.

This is the first of a series of lectures to be given under the auspices of the Epworth league for the sidewalk benefit.

Which Leg?

In a small town in the west of Scotland the town clerk, who was a bit of a "character," had the misfortune to lose his leg in a railway accident. As a mark of appreciation and esteem for his long services the council unanimously agreed to replace his loss with an artificial limb, which they did as soon as he was sufficiently recovered. A few months afterward the town clerk, who was generally known by his Christian name, Paul, was unfortunate enough to have his other leg fractured in an accident. Naturally the mishap became food for town gossip, and one old wife in discussing the matter with a neighbor was overheard saying:

"It's a gey bad business for Paul, puir man, but is't his ain leg or the leg that belangs to the toon that's broken?"

Life of the Red Deer.

According to an old Gaelic legend, a red deer might live for 210 years, an eagle for 630 and an oak tree for nearly nineteen centuries. Nowadays, however, hundred-year-old deer would be difficult to find. From twenty-five to thirty-five years apparently may be about the range of their existence.—London Country Gentleman.

Teaching a Feathered Pet to Trust You Is Not Difficult.

No creature is more jealous or sensitive than a bird. It is easy, however, to win the heart of almost any bird, and that without starving him or making him think he has mastered you. Simply talk to him a good deal.

Place his cage near you on your desk or work table, and retain his choicest dainty to give to him with your own fingers. Let him know that he can never have that particular thing unless he takes it from you, and he will soon learn, if you are patient and do not disconcert him by fixing your eyes upon him.

After this he will more readily take it from your lips, and then when you let him out of his cage, after the first excitement is over, he will come to you, especially if you have a call to which you have accustomed him, and accept the dainty from you while free.

As soon as he becomes really convinced that you will not hurt him or try to catch him or interfere in any way with his liberty he will give way to his boundless curiosity about you. He will pull your hair, pick at your eyes and take you as much of his company as you desire.—New York Press.

"The bachelor is worse off than the married man? How do you make that out?"

"The married man is afraid of only one woman; the bachelor is afraid of all of them."—Houston Post.

Didn't Get a Chance.

She—What did papa say when you asked for my hand? He—Why, he couldn't say a word. She—He couldn't? He—No; your mother was there!—Yonkers Statesman.

Shakespeare's Last Illness.

According to a tradition handed down by Ward, the vicar of Stratford, Shakespeare's last illness was a fever brought on by a "merry meeting" with Drayton and Ben Jonson. Another authority, Halliwell-Phillips, says that the great poet died of typhoid, caused by the filth and bad drainage about New Place. Like nearly everything else about Shakespeare, the question of the character of his last illness can be answered only conjecturally.

At the Wind's Mercy.

"Scroggins is always boasting about his new balloon."

"That's all it's good for."

"What's all it's good for?"

"To blow about."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Uncanny.

"Did that lady think she would like the flat?" asked the landlord.

"Yes," replied his assistant, "but there's one thing rather strange about her case."

"Her references appear to be all right. What's the matter with her?"

"She didn't say anything about the horrible taste the woman had who lived there before or hint that the place would have to be entirely repapered and redecorated before she would take it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Didn't Teach Him That Trick.

"That's a werry knowing animal o' yours," said a cockney gentleman to the keeper of an elephant.

"Very," was the cool rejoinder.

"He performs strange tricks and hantics, does he?" inquired the cockney, eying the animal through his glass.

"Surprisin'!" retorted the keeper. "We've learned him to put money in that box you see up there. Try him with half a crown."

The cockney handed the elephant half a crown, and, sure enough, he took it in his trunk and placed it in a box high up out of reach.

"Well, that is very hextraordinary—hastonishing, truly," said the green one, opening his eyes. "Now let's see him take it out and 'and it back."

"We never learned him that trick," retorted the keeper and then turned away to stir up the monkeys and punch the hyenas.—London Tit-Bits.

Easy.

"What can a doctor do when he gets a patient who neither drinks nor smokes?"

"Tell him to stop eating certain things. Everybody eats."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Audience Enraptured

Last night the lovers of first class reproductions were given the treat of their lives at the opera house when the Sanford Dodge company opened a three nights' engagement with "Nero, the Gladiator." People living in cities the size of Montrose owe a great debt of gratitude for having a company made up of first class artists who will bring the best of talent and highest character of dramas to them.—Press, Montrose, Col.

At the Auditorium, Thief River Falls, Tuesday evening, March 21.

Mr. Lawhead—Why do you treat me so coldly? Why didn't you answer the note I wrote you last Thursday? Miss Brushley—Sir, I don't wish to have anything more to say to you. You began your note by saying you "thought you would drop me a line." I want you to understand that I'm no a fish

FOR A SPECIAL TRAIN

Quick Action Is Necessary When One Is Ordered.

WORK OF THE DISPATCHER.

This Official Has a Complicated Task in Putting the Special Through Without Interfering With the Running Time of Other Fast Trains.

Suppose you wished to take a special trip to any place on the map and the hour of your sudden resolution was 2 a. m. The chances are against knowing how to make this masterly move at such an unearthly hour, to say nothing of knowing how to go about it during the hours of business. It is easier than the uninitiated possibly may believe. Of course the principal thing is money, the thing that makes both the mare and the special train go.

The train dispatcher is the official who can start the train while his superiors are asleep and when a wild eyed man who has a race against death to make halfway across the continent dashes into the station looking for a train that will make the distance on its own schedule. What the chief dispatcher wants to be sure about is the identity of the applicant for the unusual privilege and in this connection whether he is able to pay for a special.

Five thousand dollars in bills will make the dispatcher feel very much like ordering out the train. A deposit of that amount in his hands will undoubtedly bring the train out in a few minutes after the order is given. Sometimes a call on the telephone to the residence of a well known citizen who says he will be responsible for the cost of the train will answer the requirements of the dispatcher, or the check of the applicant, if he is a well known citizen, is a sufficient guarantee. It can be made large enough to cover the bill for the special.

In the case of a wealthy man who will let nothing stand in the way of accomplishing his purpose the cost of the train is not a previous consideration. He simply wants to get to a certain point at a certain time. Getting there on time is the uppermost thought in his mind. He paces restlessly up and down the platform until the train backs into the station or out to the siding where he is notified it may be waiting for him. Unless he stipulates that a private car be used in the train he will get a Pullman all by himself or those who accompany him. The use of a private car costs more, but is preferred by the wealthy patron. When everything is ready for embarking the work of the dispatcher has just begun.

This official must put the special through without interrupting seriously the running time of other fast trains. It takes some ticklish work, for the other trains must be "cut out" on side tracks just before the special is to pass. In this way the schedules of the other trains are not broken more than a few minutes. The special dashes past on the right of way, and the regular fast train follows it. Freight trains using the same track are apt to lie on the sidings longer than the passengers because they cannot make distances between sidings quick enough to cut out in time to give the special a clear track.

The man who has paid his good money for the right to the track does not expect to be stopped en route, and it becomes the business of the railway or railways over which he is racing against time to afford him all the facilities. Usually in case of such an extraordinary emergency the railway takes great pride in making a record run and landing its patron at his destination in time to accomplish his purpose. The best engineers obtainable and a trustworthy conductor are placed in charge of the equipment of one engine and one car, for the running is at a rate of speed not undertaken in the passenger service.

Usually the extraordinary passenger is required to give the railway company some form of release from responsibility for loss of life or injury from accident due to what might be regarded under ordinary circumstances as a reckless speed, but the man who is racing to see a loved wife or daughter or son is always willing to take a greater risk than at any other time in his existence. But not only is his own life, but the lives of the train crew, in jeopardy during a wild race over the rails. However, on such an occasion the whole crew is imbued with the excitement and heroic nature of the fast mission and contribute in every way to the fulfillment of the errand.

Thousands of dollars have been paid by private citizens for just such races with death and sometimes where great financial crisis is at stake. The railway companies, despite the large honorarium received for undertaking such journeys, are loath to accept a passenger on these conditions. The crisis must be one that involves remarkable stress of mind and money. Usually their acceptance of such responsibility both to the single passenger as well as thousands of others who may be using the tracks at the same time is governed by a great deal of sentiment.—St. Louis Republic.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on March 7, 1911.

Date of call by Supt., March 7, 1911.

Date of report by bank, March 13, 1911.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts			$96,564.67
Overdrafts			2,347.43
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,694.60
Other real estate			[illegible]
Due from banks		11,622.97	
Checks and cash items		116.84	
Cash on hand, items below		1,428.43	
Currency	656		
Gold	440		
Silver	257.60		
Other	74.83		
Total cash assets		13,168.19	13,168.19
Total			119,807.71
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock			$10,000.00
Surplus fund			2,000.00
Undivided profits, net			2,309.12
Deposits subject to check		19,194.03	
Demand certificates		1,853.55	
Total immediate liabilities		20,587.58	
Time certificates		84,911.01	
Total deposits		105,498.59	105,498.59
Total			119,807.71

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington } ss.

We, Daniel Patterson, vice president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

DANIEL PATTERSON, President.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Correct, Attest:

DANIEL PATTERSON,
LEONARD HOLMES, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of March, 1911.

(SEAL) K. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 26, 1917.

NOTICE OF SALE IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Warren in said county, the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 14 of Marshall and Pennington counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report, all as established by order of the judge of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time and place for the work as one job, or for one or more linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report.

No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a state or national bank of Minnesota for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of each bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, and A. H. F[illegible]sel, auditor of Pennington county, Minnesota, said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profiles, blue-prints and specifications, and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the clerk of district court of said Marshall county, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows:

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch and branches is 285,783 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated cost of the work is the sum of $37,363.10.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor Marshall Co., Minn.
{ AUDITOR'S SEAL }

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Pure in the can—Pure in the baking. Never Fails. Try it.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT LOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agt.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Spring House Cleaning

That's What Your Body Needs

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

Sweeps Away Sluggishness and Installs Energy—It's Palatable Too

Help Easily Obtained FROM YOUR DRUGGIST

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

Auditorium, Thief River Falls

Three Nights and Matinee

COMMENCING TUESDAY EVE., MAR. 21

Tuesday evening, March 21, "The Gladiator."

Wednesday, Matinee, "The Merchant of Venice."

evening, "The Three Musketeers."

Thursday evening, March 23, "Faust."

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday evening at 7:30.
Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock by Rev. O. C. Farseth of Fargo.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—No services tomorrow on account of the absence of the pastor.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. P. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3880 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 100, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lavelle, Secretary
Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, · Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard Belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man, in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents,
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

HE LOCAL NEWS

Resolutions of respect or condolence, or memorial notices, cards of thanks, and advertisements for entertainments for which there is an admission fee, will be charged for, when ordered, at the rate of five cents per line.

O. H. Olson visited the county seat yesterday.

D. Lazar transacted business at the county seat Tuesday.

There has been a shortage of pennies since Tuesday evening.

Joseph Hauge and John Johnson were Greenbush visitors on Thursday.

S. J. Amble left yesterday for a trip to Red Lake Falls and Grand Forks.

Henry Goergen was looking after business matters at the county seat Wednesday.

Hans Hogquist of River Falls came in and went to Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin went to Crookston Wednesday to visit her daughter, Mrs. Fisher.

Miss Ida Karwin returned Monday to Thief River Falls after a visit at the Wallen home.

O. K. Sevre had quite a serious runaway last Sunday, but luckily escaped without much damage.

Just received a new line of fresh candies all kinds to suit every one's taste. MIKE ANDERSON

Fred Steen of Thief River Falls visited with his brother, C. E. Steen, a couple of days this week.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house Friday evening, March 24, at 7:30.

William Elofson, buttermaker of the Hallock creamery, came Thursday for a visit with his friend, N. N. Larson.

Henry Tysseling is recovering, and J. E. Draeger is recovered, from their quite severe attacks of tonsilitis.

Get tickets now at Pitkin's or the drug store for the lecture, "Jean Valjean" by Rev. W. C. Hodgson of Crookston.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church meets with Mrs. Andrew Soderberg Friday, March 24. Everybody welcome.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

The program rendered at the United Lutheran church social Wednesday evening was worthy of mention as an especially fine one.

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

A first class time and a good attendance are reported at the firemen's ball last evening. Their entertainments are always appreciated.

Christian Kruse was in town last Wednesday and renewed the lease for one year more on the Gistie farm on section 4 of River Falls township.

Miss Lena Eckstein of Wylie came over yesterday to visit her friends, the Misses Wilson, at the Home restaurant, and attended the firemen's ball.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

FOR SALE.—The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Blixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Negotiations are in progress for the lease of the Markham hotel to Hans Wilson of the Home restaurant. In the course of the bargaining it developed that Mr. Busse's power to lease the property was doubtful, under his contract. Mr. Haunay, who holds the title, has been appealed to and the deal is at a stand-still pending his response.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

New Stock of Millinery

I will open up a new stock of spring hats next week. I expect them Wednesday, the 15th, and they will be ready for inspection next Friday. Come, in and see them.

A. H. Pitkin

Seed Potatoes

We are about to send in an order for a carload of potatoes for seed. Parties desiring seed potatoes will please leave their orders at this store at once. LAZAR & LAZAR.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.87
" 2 "	.85
" 3 "	.81
Flax, 1	2.45
" 2	2.35
Barley, for 50 lbs	.00
Oats	.27
Eggs	.15
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.27
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.65@2.70
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, "	21.00

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

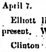
C. C. Elliott, Ogden, Iowa. Write today.

Miss Tyra Wallin returned Tuesday from a day's visit to Thief River Falls.

John Naplin of Polk Center took the train Thursday morning for the county seat.

Dr. Owens, Sever Skattum, and D. McAllister were county seat visitors on Tuesday.

Hear Rev. Hodgson in his masterly lecture at Imperial hall Tuesday night, March 28.



Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, April 7.

Elliott lives at Og, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Clinton Martz returned Monday from his winter's stay at Roosevelt and will remain at home during the summer.

The Young People's society of the Synod church will give a social next Wednesday evening at Imperial hall. Everybody invited.

FOR SALE—A single and a double buggy, both rubber tired. Time will be given till next fall, if necessary. DANIEL PATTERSON.

There will be Mission church services Sunday morning, March 26, at 10:30 o'clock, at the home of Alfred Dahlstrom at Black River.

Elliott don't try to sell farms not listed with him

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will meet next Wednesday evening at the I. O. O. F. building. The usual lunch will be served. Everybody invited.

Ray Lindquist, who is in attendance at the Fergus Falls college, is seriously ill with appendicitis, and expects to undergo a surgical operation next Monday.

An actor who has high ideals and lives up to them.—Logal Republican. Sanford Dodge, in Shakespeare, at the Auditorium, Thief River Falls, March 21, 22, 23.

A full line of Ladies Hats will arrive at **A. H. Pitkin's** next week and will be sold at reasonable prices so you will not have to go out of St. Hilaire to get your Easter Bonnets.

Elliott has buyers, real live ones. List your farm.

Charley Krohn and Ole Peterson were in from Mayfield the first of the week. Krohn has sold his farm in Mayfield and has serious thoughts of going to Canada.

Rev. O. C. Farseth from Fargo, N. D., will conduct services at the United Lutheran church tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. An offering to the foreign mission will be taken up.

The Wesley Pioneers presented their comedy drama, "The Defense of Cameron Dam," at Imperial hall last Monday evening. They were given a good house and they were deserving of it. Especially worthy of mention was the personation of E. L. Richter as "Dick Huntley," the bad man of the play.

WATCH OUR BIG NEW
Bargain Counter
READY AND ON DISPLAY
MONDAY, MARCH 13
LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

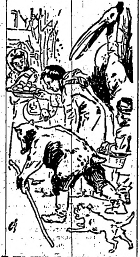
Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

XMAS BIRDS AND BEASTS.

Picturesque Method of Celebrating Yuletide by the Poles.

The legend that the birds and beasts came to worship the infant Jesus has brought about a peculiar and picturesque method of celebrating Christmas among the Poles and other kindred peoples of eastern Europe.

Here men mask in the guise of storks, bears and other animals or birds and go about from house to house singing carols. To carry out the idea these wild birds and savage beasts are led about by keepers.

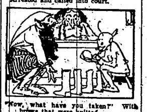


IN THE GUISE OF STORKS, BEARS AND OTHER ANIMALS.

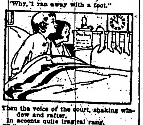
After the traditional carols are sung the inmates of the house thus honored reward the singers by gifts of cakes, sausages and other dainties. The procession then moves to another house, where the performance is repeated.

A Christmas Eve Sentence.

THERE were four little stockings of four little sizes,
According to common report,
That couldn't escape being (spite of disguises)
Arrested and called into court.



"Now, what have you taken?" With brows that were knitted
This question the magistrate put,
And each little stocking quite boldly admitted,
"Why, I ran away with a foot."



Then the voice of the court, shaking window and rafter,
In accents quite tragical rang,
While the children in bed also shook, though with laughter,
"I sentence each stocking to hang!"
T. SAPP, JR.

MY KINGDOM.

DOWN by a shining water well
I found a very little dell,
No higher than my head.
The heather and the gorse about
In summer bloom were coming out,
Some yellow and some red.

I CALLED the little pool a sea;
The little hills were big to me,
For I am very small.
I made a boat, I made a town,
I searched the caverns up and down
And named them one and all.

AND all about was mine, I said,
The little sparrows overhead,
The little minnows too.
This was the world and I was king.
For me the bees came by to sing;
For me the swallows flew.

I played there were no deeper seas
Nor any wider plains than these
Nor other kings than me.
At last I heard my mother call
Out from the house at evenfall,
To call me home to tea.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. H. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

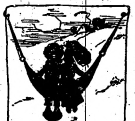
Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

City Tonsorial Parlor
DUNCAN McALLISTER
PROP R

Also have on sale
A GOOD LINE OF FACE CREAMS and HAIR TONICS
ROSEWOOD DANDRUFF REMEDY

H. Wilson
WELL DRILLER
Work by the foot, day, or job
ST. HILAIRE MINN.

In Silhouetteville.



"Oh, John, don't you wish we could sit here and spoon forever?"

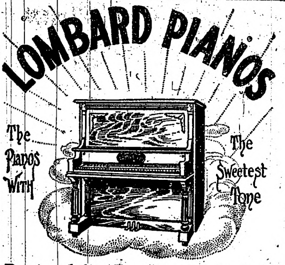
"Yes, dearest. But let's go now. I think I hear the dinner bell!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

HOMEMADE ICE CREAM.

Freeze It at Least a Day Before It Is to Be Used.

"The best ice cream is stale ice cream," said the ice cream manufacturer. "You never hear of colic from ice cream among children who have never met the homemade article. It is a queer thing that it would ruin a manufacturer to sell fresh goods, whereas if you know it is homemade and just out of the freezer you will praise it to the skies as being the superior of anything manufactured anywhere.

"If you want your homemade cream to be really good and healthy make it at least a day before you use it. Churn it hard, but not too hard, and then pack it away in salted ice until you are ready to serve it. In this way all the little particles of ice which make homemade cream so gritty and really harmful will have disappeared. The cream will sort of absorb the water that forms the ice, so to speak; consequently your cream will be frozen, not frapped. It is a daring manufacturer who risks his trade by shipping cream less than a week old. Sometimes I store my goods in ice as much as two weeks. That isn't a bit too long, either, although it takes a heap of ice."—New York Press.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize, after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

How is your supply of Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Cards, etc. Now is the time to look after those little things during the dull season.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

CALUMET
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
CHICAGO

YOURS

Yours for uniformity.

Yours for greatest leavening power.

Yours for never failing results.

Yours for purity.

Yours for economy.

Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.

That is Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.

Calumet is highest in quality —moderate in cost.

Received Highest Award— World's Pure Food Exposition.

Warned.

A serious-minded New Yorker, who, because of his dignified outlook on life, has sent his son, aged twelve, to a particularly strict and proper boarding school in New England, unexpectedly visited the school last week. Ascertaining the location of his young hopeful's room, he climbed the four flights of stairs necessary to reach it —and entered. On a mammoth placard suspended from a steel engraving of "Washington and Generals" (presented to the youth as a Christmas gift by his admiring parent) was the cheerful sentiment:

"Don't spit on the ceiling. We have lost our ladder."

A Matter of Size.

Wife—I want a cap, please, for my husband.

Shopkeeper — Yes, madam. What size does he wear?

Wife—Well, I really forget. His collars are size 16, though I expect he'd want about size 18 or 20 for a cap, wouldn't he?

The Discoverer.

Of faults a seeker he would be.
Of recompense he found a dearth,
Save in the truthful claim that he
Had picked the easiest job on earth.

RHEUMATISM

THERE IS HOPE

Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves pains in the legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints. Contains no morphine, opium, cocaine or drugs to deaden the pain. It neutralizes the acid and drives out all rheumatic poisons from the system. Write Prof. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., for medical advice, absolutely free.

Slip Easy
COLLARS
15¢ TWO FOR 25¢
Pul Easy
COLLARS

Collar Comfort

is insured if you wear SLIP EASY COLLARS which all have the Slip Easy Tab shown above. This Tab allows the necktie to slide easily and is the most marked improvement made in collars during recent years. They come in all styles and are for sale by up-to-date dealers. If not at your store, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C.W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N.Y.

The only perfectly safe razor

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

FOR ALL EYE DISEASES Pettit's Eye Salve

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

REMEMBER PISO'S for COUGHS & COLDS

SENATE COMBINE

PROGRESSIVE DEMOCRATS, LED BY STONE, MAKE OVERTURES TO THE REPUBLICANS.

TO CONTROL THE TARIFF

If Good Combination Was Effected Democrat-Insurgent Alliance Could Control By Two Majority.

Washington, D. C. — There are signs of an attempted alliance in the senate during the sixty-second congress between the radical democrats and the republican progressives, the former led by Senator Stone of Missouri, with the purpose, primarily, of strengthening the radical membership of the senate finance committee, which will have jurisdiction over all tariff bills, the Canadian reciprocity agreement, and various other important questions with which the next congress will have to deal. Overtures have already been made by Senator Stone to several leading progressives, and the understanding is that they are now being considered.

There are six vacancies on the finance committee, due to the retirement from public life on March 4 of Senators Aldrich, Hale, Burrows and Flint on the republican side and of Senators Money and Taliaferro on the democratic side. The desire of the progressives is to increase their strength in that committee; or, rather, to get some strength, for, at present, they are unrepresented there.

Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, through the operation of the law of seniority, is to be the next chairman of the committee, should he care for the place. Next would come Senator Cullom, who does not desire to assume the responsibilities of this important chairmanship, and after Cullom comes Lodge. But if Penrose wants the place, it will be his, and thus far there has been no sign that he will say nay. This chairmanship carries the titular leadership of the senate. Senator Bailey is the ranking democrat on the committee.

Tariff Revision Planned.

Several democratic senators have cordially indorsed the Stone suggestion since the adjournment of the recent session, and there seems to be some likelihood that an effort will be made to work it out. The main purpose of democratic senators will be, of course, to facilitate tariff revision in the next congress. They feel this can be done by placing on the finance committee such men as La Follette and Cummins and by filling the places of Money and Taliaferro with thorough-going revisionists. Those who advocate the Stone plan believe it would result in the control by the combined forces of all senate questions. If the combination can be made strong enough to force such a makeup of the finance committee, it could also control the filling of vacancies on other committees, of which there is a large number, particularly interstate commerce, appropriations and foreign relations.

The difficulty in carrying out the scheme lies in getting enough votes to put it through. There will be forty-two democratic votes in the next senate, counting another senator from New York. There will be six out-and-out progressives. Combine these forces and there would be forty-eight votes, or one more than a senate majority. In addition, Senator Borah might be counted upon, for he acts more frequently with the progressives than with the regulars.

Committee places in the senate are filled by a committee on committees, representing both political parties, and this committee always accepts the recommendations of party caucuses. The filling of the finance committee vacancies will come up at the opening of the special session, and it ought then to be known whether the Stone plan is to carry. But whether it does or not it is quite certain that the republican progressive will have at least one representative on the finance committee, presumably Senator Cummins.

Mrs. Deitz Gaining.

Rice Lake, Wisconsin. — The condition of Mrs. John F. Deitz is greatly improved, and it is expected she will recover. All the family is with her.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Mar. 16.—Wheat, May, 97⅝c; July, 98¾c; No. 1 northern, 98⅜c; No. 2 northern, 96⅞c; No. 1 durum, 84¼c; No. 3 corn, 43c; No. 3 white oats, 29c; barley, 93c; No. 2 rye, 84½c; No. 1 flax, $2.66.

Duluth, March 16.—Wheat, May, 97¼c; July, 98¾c; No. 1 northern, 97⅛c.

South St. Paul, March 16.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@5.70; cows, $3.35@4.40; calves, $3.40@7.75; hogs, $6.50@6.75; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@3.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 16.—Cattle—Market steady to shade lower; beeves, $5.75 @6.85; western steers, $4.70@5.75; stockers and feeders, $4.00@5.80; cows and heifers, $2.60@5.80; calves, $6.25@8.50.

Hogs—Market slow, 5@10c lower; light, $6.80@7.10; mixed, $6.65@6.90; heavy, $6.45@6.85; rough, $6.45@6.65; good to choice heavy, $6.65@6.85; pigs, $6.50@7.05.

Sheep—Market slow at yesterday's close; native, $3.00@5.70; western, $3.25@5.10; yearlings, $4.75@5.65; lambs, native, $5.00@6.35.

"Oleo" Evidence Is Damaging.

Chicago, Ill. — During the trial of Joseph F. Wirth, Antony Wirth and Patrick Raidy on the charge of coloring oleomargarine illegally, documentary evidence was introduced to show that the W. J. Moxley company had furnished coloring matter and tub liners to oleomargarine "moonshiners." More than six thousand pounds of oleomargarine, alleged to have been colored illegally was brought before the jury in the United States district court and introduced as evidence.

30 ft. Bowels—

Biggest organ of the body—the bowels—and the most important—It's got to be looked after—neglect means suffering and years of misery. CASCARETS help nature keep every part of your bowels clean and strong—then they act right—means health to your whole body. 911

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—Million boxes a month.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 60 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

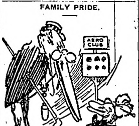
Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.

Use address nearest you. 37

FAMILY PRIDE.



Prof. Stork—And how are we getting on with our studies, Ernestine? Have you been promoted to the flying class yet?

Little Miss Quacker—Oh, no professor. Mother has decided that I shall not take that course. She says anybody can fly—but only the best families take to water naturally.

Kind but Careless.

John P. Irish, the San Francisco orator and officeholder, was entertaining Joaquin Miller, the poet, one night. Upon hearing a particularly funny story by the host the poet fell off his chair in a paroxysm of mirth.

Irish thought the poet had a seizure of some kind and he rushed to the sideboard, took a bottle of whisky and stuck the top of it into Miller's mouth, hoping to revive him.

Presently Miller waved his hands feebly and Irish removed the bottle.

"What is it?" asked Irish solicitously.

"Remove the cork!" whispered the poet, hoarsely. "Remove the cork!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Cause and Effect.

"I see from the papers," said Dawson, "that there is a great scarcity of chorus girls this year."

"I was afraid there would be," said Wiggles. "It's only another case of cause and effect. The French champagne crop has practically failed, and lobsters are scarcer than hens' teeth this season."—Harper's Weekly.

EDITOR BROWNE

Of The Rockford Morning Star.

"About seven years ago I ceased drinking coffee to give your Postum a trial.

"I had suffered acutely from various forms of indigestion and my stomach had become so disordered as to repel almost every sort of substantial food. My general health was bad. At close intervals I would suffer severe attacks which confined me in bed for a week or more. Soon after changing from coffee to Postum the indigestion abated, and in a short time ceased entirely. I have continued the daily use of your excellent Food Drink and assure you most cordially that I am indebted to you for the relief it has brought me.

"Wishing you a continued success, I am

Yours very truly,
J. Stanley Browne,
Managing Editor."

Of course, when a man's health shows he can stand coffee without trouble, let him drink it, but most highly organized brain-workers simply cannot.

The drugs natural to the coffee berry affect the stomach and other organs and thence to the complex nervous system, throwing it out of balance and producing disorders in various parts of the body. Keep up this daily poisoning and serious disease generally supervenes. So when man or woman finds that coffee is a smooth but deadly enemy and health is of any value at all, there is but one road—quit.

It is easy to find out if coffee be the cause of the troubles, for if left off 10 days and Postum be used in its place and the sick and diseased conditions begin to disappear, the proof is unanswerable.

Postum is not good if made by short boiling. It must be boiled full 15 minutes after boiling begins, when the crisp flavor and the food elements are brought out of the grains and the beverage is ready to fulfill its mission of palatable comfort and renewing the cells and nerve centers broken down by coffee.

"There's a Reason."

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Lake City.—At a meeting of the board of education, O. W. Brown of Granite Falls, was elected superintendent of the city schools.

Bemidji.—The jury in the case of Charles Stebbins, accused of having abused his 13-year-old niece, brought in a verdict of guilty. The law provides that he may be imprisoned from seven to thirty years.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 16.—A cold wave reached this city accompanied by the most disagreeable dust storm in years. The snow is entirely gone and clouds of dust obscured the sun all of the afternoon.

Thief River Falls.—The socialist local is making arrangements for the appearance of Alexander Irvine of New York City in this city some time in May. Mr. Irvine is traveling under the Appeal to Reason bureau and is a noted speaker.

Albert Lea.—Peter Nelson, a farmer living north of this city, sustained the loss of a large barn and all its contents by a fire. Thirty-five head of cattle were burned. The loss is several thousand dollars and there was but $1,000 insurance.

Fergus Falls.—Coroner Vigen was notified that Alfred Peppling of the town of Felden had been killed in a runaway. Peppling had started for Henning during the forenoon, and his body was found in the road by neighbors. His skull was fractured. He leaves a family.

Pipestone.—Pipestone citizens are planning on celebrating St. Patrick's Day at Flandreau this year. The members of the A. O. H. of that place are arranging a big celebration and among the speakers will be George W. Egan, of Sioux Falls, president of the South Dakota state A. O. H. society.

Moorhead.—The second meeting of the Clay County Potato Growers' and Shippers' Association will be held in this city March 25. The visitors will be entertained at a luncheon by the Commercial Club. A trademark has been designed and will be adopted and a plan for uniformity of grading all potatoes shipped for domestic purposes, or seed, will be considered.

Moorhead.—Several changes have been made in the faculty of Concordia Lutheran college for 1911-1912. Professor A. T. Tonning of the University of Michigan, will head the department of German, and Miss Evelyn Anderson of the same institution, will teach mathematics. Professor Elden of St. Olaf's college, Northfield, Minn., will teach sciences, Vice Professor J. P. Hertsgaard, resigned.

Red Wing.—The Republican city convention will be held on Thursday, April 15, at 2 p. m. There will be placed in nomination candidates for mayor, city treasurer, two justices of the peace, two constables, one alderman at large and an alderman from each of the four wards, one member of the board of education from the Second ward and one member at large. The primaries will be held April 12.

Austin.—Colonel A. W. Wright, in accordance with orders issued from the war department at Washington, has named Major N. Nicholsen of Austin, Major W. T. Mollison of Faribault, and Captain O. J. Quan of St. Peter, and Captain William P. Townsend of Faribault, four officers of the Second regiment, M. N. G., to attend the army maneuvers in the Mexican frontier, the government to pay all expenses.

Red Wing.—The following commission has been appointed by the district court to prepare amendments to the city charter covering electrical railway franchises and other matters connected therewith: J. H. Croff, John H. Rich, C. A. Rasmussen, H. L. Hjermstad, A. P. Pierce, E. C. Erb, W. H. Putnam, J. F. Swanson, Ben Gerlach, E. H. Foot, C. E. Fridrich, C. H. Tiedeman, C. H. Meyer, L. C. Stromberg, A. B. Crandall.

Cass Lake.—One of the most interesting land sales in this vicinity was made by M. N. Koll to John Marks of Regina, Canada. Marks purchased a quarter section of land from Mr. Koll for $3,200. Great interest attaches to this sale on account of the fact that Marks after several years in Canada, where he owned a farm, decided that land in Northern Minnesota was preferable to Canadian land and acted upon his belief by bringing his money back from Canada and investing here.

Breckenridge.—The annual meeting of school officers and teachers of Wilkin county was attended by several hundred and the large auditorium of the high school was crowded to its capacity. The program included addresses by President Weld of the Moorhead Normal school, President Smith of the North Dakota State School of Science, H. T. McAnulty of Red Lake Falls and Professor Howard of the Agricultural College of this state. A feature was an old-fashioned spell down, in which about fifty grade pupils participated.

Moorhead.—Directors of the Commercial club of this city have called a second meeting of the Clay County Potato Shippers and Growers' association which will be the most important meeting of those interested in agriculture ever held in this county. At this meeting, which is called for March 25, articles of incorporation will be submitted by the committee appointed at the first meeting to draft them, and an organization will be perfected. A trademark signifying as to the genuineness of the potatoes shipper will be submitted and it is probable will be adopted.

Brainerd.—Due in part to agitation resulting from the publication of former Public Examiner Schaefer's report on the condition of affairs at the Crow Wing county poor farm, where the county paid $600 in one year to keep a single pauper, the county commissioners have adopted a new plan and have leased the farm to the superintendent, Carl E. Wheeler, for a term of two years. The county and the superintendent are to share equally in the crops and increase and the county is to furnish the seed. Paupers are to be boarded at $20 a month.

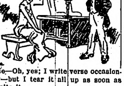
OATS—259 Bu. Per Acre.

That is the sworn to yield of Theodore Harmes, Lewis Co., Wash., had, from Salzer's Rejuvenated White Bonanza oats and won a handsome 80 acre farm. Other big yields are 141 bus., 119 bus., 103 bus., etc., had by farmers scattered throughout the U. S.

Salzer's Pedigree Barley, Flax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, Grasses and Clovers are famous the world over for their purity and tremendous yielding qualities. We are easily the largest growers of farm seeds in the world.

Our catalog bristling with seed truths free for the asking, or send 10c in stamps and receive 10 packages of farm seed novelties and rarities, including above marvelous oats, together with big catalog. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

PROOF POSITIVE.



He—Oh, yes; I write verse occasionally—but I tear it all up as soon as I write it.

She—Ah! I knew you were clever.

LOW COLONIST FARES

are now in effect to California, and shrewd, far-sighted persons are taking advantage of them to visit that state and buy land in the famous Marcuse tract in Sutter County, near Sacramento, California, because the rise in value that will inevitably follow the holding of the Pan-American Exposition, San Francisco in 1915, will bring them handsome returns, to say nothing of the good income that can be made from fruit raising, dairying, and general farming. Rich soil, pure water, excellent climate. Write for particulars today to Homeseekers' Information Bureau, 1927 Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

In Its Due Order.

Champ Clark at a dinner in Washington, pleaded indulgence for a somewhat rambling speaker.

"He'll arrive," said the Democratic leader, "if you'll only give him time. He is like Dr. Thirdly.

"Dr. Thirdly was dividing up his sermon into its appropriate heads one Sunday morning when a member of the congregation shouted irascibly:

"'Meat, man! Give us meat!'

"'Well,' said Dr. Thirdly promptly, 'hold on, then, till I'm done carving.'"

JELLYCON—THE PERFECT JELLY DESSERT.

The red diamond trade mark on the package is valuable. Tell us your favorite way of serving Jellycon, enclosing three trade marks, and we will send you a pair of gold-filled beauty pins free. This offer is made to induce you to try Jellycon. Your grocer sells it, 10c per package, or will get it for you.

E. S. Burnham Company, New York City, Premium Department.

The Tragedy That Wasn't.

He raised the shining knife; his face was dark. The woman before him shrank back a step. The knife fell, plunged into the flesh, again, and once again.

Then the woman spoke thickly:

"Three's plenty; they're such big chops."—Judge.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Plenty of Time to Fatten Up.

Cheerful Old Idiot—I say, you'll excuse me, but d'you know that you are the thinnest policeman I've ever seen.

Robert—Yes, I'm a new hand, and haven't got to know the cooks yet.—London Opinion.

WHEN RUBBERS BECOME NECESSARY And your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, is just the thing to use. Try it for Breaking in New Shoes. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Don't accept any substitute.

The longer we live the more we realize what we might have done but didn't.

You will sneeze; perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it: Take a dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

A man likes to repeat the smart things his children say, because he imagines it is hereditary.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

How a married man doesn't enjoy listening to one side of a spoony telephone conversation.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Modern application is likely to extract the teeth of an old saw.

Garfield Tea is Nature's laxative and blood purifier; it overcomes constipation and its many attendant ailments.

Every penny saved means one less pang of foreboding.

It's an easy matter for a married man to keep posted on what's going on in his home neighborhood.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

No doubt the mind cure is all right —if you have the mind to begin with.

Garfield Tea corrects constipation, cleanses the system and purifies the blood. Good health is maintained by its use.

A woman's club sometimes reminds a man of a hammer.

Spring Medicine

There is no other season when medicine is so much needed as in the spring. The blood is impure and impoverished—a condition indicated by pimples, boils and other eruptions on the face and body, by deficient vitality, loss of appetite, lack of strength.

The best spring medicine, according to the experience and testimony of thousands annually, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures eruptions, builds up the system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets known as Sarsatabs.

A Helpless Invalid

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

A woman who is sick and suffering, and won't at least try a medicine which has the record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, is, it would almost seem, to blame for her own wretchedness. Read what this woman says:

Richmond, Mo.—"When my second daughter was eighteen months old I was pronounced a hopeless invalid by specialists. I had a consultation of doctors and they said I had a severe case of ulceration. I was in bed for ten weeks, had sinking spells, and was pronounced to be in a dangerous condition. My father insisted that we try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and brought me six bottles. I soon began to improve, and before it had all been taken I was as well and strong as ever,—my friends hardly recognized me so great was the change."—Mrs. Woodson Branstetter, Richmond, Mo.

There are literally hundreds of thousands of women in the United States who have been benefited by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over thirty years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering.

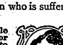
Read what another woman says:—

Jonesboro, Texas.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for myself and daughter, and consider it unequalled for all female diseases. I would not be without it for anything. I wish every mother in America could be persuaded to use it as there would be less suffering among our sex then. I am always glad to speak a word of praise for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and you are at liberty to use this testimonial."—Mrs. James T. Lawrence, Jonesboro, Texas.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, is it not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering from the same trouble?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

☛ If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice—it is free and always helpful.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

No Apparent Reason.

Reporter—Colonel, you and I know there was money used in electing Littlebraye. How much did it cost him? You may as well tell me, for I'm going to find out.

Politician—What makes you think there was—er—bribery?

Reporter—Why, blame it, man, he was elected.

Do You Use Eye Salve? Apply only from Aseptic Tubes to Prevent Infection. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes—New Size 25c. Murine Eye Liquid 25c-50c. Eye Books in each Pkg.

A woman can straighten up a man's desk in five minutes so effectually that he won't be able to find anything he wants in five hours.

All druggists sell the famous Herb remedy, Garfield Tea. It corrects constipation.

Loud apparel naturally proclaims the man.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
IVER
PILLS

Genuine must bear Signature

Breat Good

Large Farms 300 to 400 acres, $40 to $50 per acre, rich and smooth, not over sixteen miles from railroad. Great corn land. Come quick. JOHN W. CARPENTER, Bolivar, Mo.

Discouraged

The expression occurs so many times in letters from sick women, "I was completely discouraged." And there is always good reason for the discouragement. Years of pain and suffering. Doctor after doctor tried in vain. Medicines doing no lasting good. It is no wonder that the woman feels discouraged.

Thousands of these weak and sick women have found health and courage regained as the result of the use of

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It establishes regularity, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures weakness.

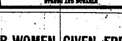
IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG AND SICK WOMEN WELL.

Refuse substitutes offered by unscrupulous druggists for this reliable remedy.

Sick women are invited to consult by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres't, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

—THIS MACHINE CAN ALSO BE USED AS A HARROW



STRONG AND DURABLE

QUACK-GRASS and Foul Weeds Quickly Destroyed

OUR NEW MACHINE is cheap and does the work more effectively than anything on the market. It assures enough better crops to easily pay for itself in one season. Write today for full particulars.

Austin Weed Exterminator Manufacturing Co.
120 N. River Austin, Minnesota

MILD, GENTLE LAXATIVE FOR WOMEN GIVEN FREE

So many of the ills of women are due to habitual constipation, probably because of their false modesty on the subject, that their attention cannot be too strongly called to the importance of keeping the bowels open. It is always important to do that, regardless of the sex, but it is especially important in women.

From the time the girl begins to menstruate until menstruation ceases she has always vastly better prospects of coming through healthy if she watches her bowel movements. If you find yourself constipated, with bad breath, pimply complexion, headaches, belching gas and other symptoms of indigestion and constipation, take a small dose of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It is a woman's favorite laxative. You will find that you can do away with salts, strong cathartics, etc., which are entirely unsuited to woman's requirements.

Mrs. Katherine Haberstroh of McKees Rocks, Pa., and Mrs. A. E. Herrick of Wheeler, Mich., who was almost paralysed in her stomach and bowels, are now cured by the use of this remedy. A free sample bottle can be obtained by addressing Dr. Caldwell, and after you are convinced of its merits buy it of your druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

A Country School for Girls in New York City

Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Summer Session. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverside Ave., near 252d St., West

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8 St. Paul, Minn

N. W. N. U., NO. 11-1911.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Mar 25 1911

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1911. NUMBER 38.

NEW YORK CAPITAL IS DESTROYED

FIRE SWEEPING THROUGH STATE STRUCTURE AT ALBANY CAUSES $10,000,000 LOSS.

NIGHT WATCHMAN LOSES LIFE

Priceless Documents, Hundreds Years Old, Are Destroyed F Flames—Building Erected Cost of Nearly $27,000,000.

Albany, March 30.—Swept by
New York state's magnificent $2
00 capitol stands partially w
by flames that started in the as
library, burned away the enti
wing and did damage estim
$10,000,000 before the fire e
clared under control, after ra re
than four hours.

It is believed that the as
started by a fused electric out-
ton. It was discovered ight
watchman and the alarm nded
at 2:46 a. m.

But before the fireme ed the
massive structure price aments,
books and records stor e assem-
bly library had bee yed and
other departments w ing threat-
ened The imitation g of the
assembly chamber, of papier
mache, was partia ed, as was
also the famous staircase in
the west third floor,
where the their start.
the depar partially de-
stroyed aly damaged
by wat

Destroyed.

T ontaining 600,000
vo n the most valu-
a orks in the United
ith relics, priceless
of them dating back
placeable.
y and senate libraries,
ousands of volumes of
e books, also many docu-
manuscripts that can never
d.
nance committee room, in
where stored drafts of all the
riation and other bills of the
at session.
e chamber of the president pro
a of the senate.

The lieutenant-governor's room, bad-
y damaged but not wrecked.

The senate and assembly chambers, both flushed with water that has ruined their rich furnishing and the papier mache ceiling of the latter is hanging in straggling shreds of half dissolved paper. This ceiling, with its handsome adornment, is said to have cost a great sum and was one of the show sights of the capitol.

On the fourth floor in the west wing the wrecked offices are: The court of claims, in which many important legal documents were on file; the bill drafting department; the bureau of weights and measures; the state regent's rooms; the state prison commission; the state educational department, containing many valuable books of scientific and historical interest.

On the second floor the damaged rooms are: The attorney general's office; the state excise department, probably swept by flames.

On the first floor the damaged departments include the offices of the state treasurer and state tax commissioner; the state board of charities and the state commission of lunacy; the lower office of the state educational department.

Practically all the offices below the third floor, including the executive chamber, were damaged by smoke and water.

The departments which escaped the ravage of fire and the deluge of water include the court of appeals; secretary of state's office; department of public works; the state superintendent of prisons' office; the state civil service commission; the forest, fish and game department.

The restaurant, telegraph offices and press bureaus along the "midway" on the third floor also escaped damage.

Night Watchman Missing.

While the fire was at its height four men were reported missing. One of them, Samuel Abbott, of Syracuse, is still missing, and is believed to have been burned to death. His body probably is buried beneath the mass of debris.

Governor Dix was aroused shortly after 4 a. m. and remained in close touch with the firemen by telephone until the fire was declared to be under control. Practically all the state officials and many of the city officers were also on the ground.

Fire Discovered in Library.

The caucus last night did not adjourn until nearly 1 a. m. and a few stragglers remained in the building when the fire broke out.

An attache of the assembly library, returning for some overlooked papers, discovered a tiny blaze near his desk. There had been a complaint filed during the day that an electric switch was out of order, and this is supposed to have started the fire.

Running out of the corridor the clerk summoned a night watchman and, with the assistance of two newspaper men, efforts were made to put out the fire, which probably could have been done had a fire extinguisher or bucket of water been available. Lacking these the flames spread until the room with its inflammable furnishings and paper was all ablaze. It was some time before the firemen arrived, and before

could get stre
es were racing
ary.

Most Costly

More money , con-
struction of th Albany
than on any ding in
America. when its
constructi by the leg-
islature building as
planne ,000. As the
state al year ended
Sept amount expend-
ed ,600,000, and the
or not been carried

mes in Library.

sioner of Education An-
r stated today the state
ned 600,000 volumes, 400,-
ets and 300,000 historical
ts. Two years ago Com-
Draper transferred from the
rary proper to the safe in his
on the first floor the original
mancipation proclamation, the origi-
al of Washington's farewell address, the original manuscript of the state constitution and fifteen or twenty of the other priceless manuscripts, as well as all the Washington relics. These all have been removed from the building to a place of safety since the fire started.

Commissioner Draper said that most of the manuscripts that have been lost were original documents and cannot be replaced. The early Dutch records were lost. Of the books on the state library shelves which can be duplicated in the open market today, such duplication would cost, according to Commissioner Draper, $1,500,000, but he says the value of the other books and manuscripts, because of their being rarities, is priceless. Commissioner Draper estimated that the loss of documents and equipment of the state library which could be replaced was in the neighborhood of $2,000,000. He has arranged to carry on the work of his department in the state normal school.

Next to the financial loss the chief effect of the fire will be inevitable delay in the machinery of state government. Although the senate chamber stands practically untouched and a few thousand dollars can restore the meeting place of the lower house, a week, or longer may intervene before legislative business can proceed in its accustomed channels.

Both houses met in the city hall across a short stretch of park from the capitol building, the senate in the council chamber and the assembly in the county court room, where the joint session also was held. The burned out department forces found temporary quarters where the could.

No Insurance Carried.

The state carried no insurance, as the capitol building had been regarded as fireproof. It was, in fact, not the building that burned, but its contents. The fourth floor space in the west end did nearly four times the service it was originally intended for.

Most precious, from the historian's standpoint, of the fuel the flames found in their path were the 23 manuscript folios of the famous official records of the governors of the City of New Amsterdam, covering a period from 1630 to 1674. These were in course of translation. The translations were burned with the original Dutch documents.

In addition to these the state lost the correspondence of Governor Geo. Clinton, 5,000 pieces in all, and the original letters of Sir William Johnson and Governor Daniel D. Tompkins.

ALBANY CAUCUS TAKES NO VOTE.

Regular Democrats Hope to Make Bargain With Insurgents.

Albany, N. Y., March 30.—The third session of the reconvened Democratic senatorial causus lasted just long enough to permit Senator Cullen to move for an adjournment.

The expectation of many that an overnight agreement would be reached whereby the insurgents would be made to feel their way clear to attending in a body was not realized. None of the insurgents attended.

An interesting factor in the situation appears to be a division among the Republicans regarding the expediency of helping the insurgents to name a man. This lack of Republican harmony is understood to have encouraged the regular Democrats to procrastinate in the hope of an emergency arising by which they can make a better bargain with the insurgents.

KENYON IS REPUBLICAN CHOICE.

Nominated for Senator by 60 Out of 104 Members of Party.

Des Moines, March 30.—At a caucus of 60 out of 104 Republican members of the Iowa legislature Judge W. S. Kenyon was nominated as the Republican party candidate for United States senator, to succeed Senator Dolliver.

Of the 44 absentees 15 have voted for Kenyon hitherto. Sixty-four members signed the caucus call, but the Republicans who have been voting for Judge H. E. Deemer did not sign or participate in the caucus.

On the only ballot taken Judge Kenyon received 53 votes, a majority of all Republican members in the legislature and Judge Deemer received 6. One vote was cast for Speaker Stillman.

Iowa Court House Burns.

Fort Madison, Ia., March 30.—Fire which consumed the county court house threatened the entire business section. All of the county records were destroyed.

GOVERNOR GUEST

EBERHART GIVES CROOKSTON CLASS '11 ADVICE ON APPLYING KNOWLEDGE.

FARM SCHOOL CLASS DAY

Dean Woods Gives Diplomas—State Executive Sees Work at School Demonstrated, As Part of Program.

Crookston.—In the auditorium building at the Crookston School of Agriculture, the class day exercises were held, Superintendent C. G. Selvig presiding.

The graduating class includes Elsie May Barrett, Julia Brunn, Helen Harriet Coulter, Hildur Louise Erlandson, Carl Gustaf Eklund, Mae Gunness, Harry Hedin, Victor Eugene Johnson, Olga Claudia Lindfors, Winifred Cecil McDonald, Vesta Louise Misner, Angeline Mueller, Peter Nelson, Nottof Senum, John Thorkelson, Silas Benjamin Torvend.

The class officers are: President, Mae Gunness; vice-president, Otto Senum; secretary, John Thorkelson; treasurer, Winifred McDonald. The class motto selected was, "Prepared, Yet Just Begun," and the class flower, white rose.

Essays On Practical Topics.

The papers and essays were as follows: Class essay, "Prepared, Yet Just Begun," Winifred McDonald; "The Drainage Problem," John Thorkelson; "For What Have I My Education?" Elsie Barrett; "The Dairy Cow," Silas Torvend; "The Four-Course Dinner," Hildur Erlandson; "Milk Testing," Vesta Misner and Peter Nelson; "Co-operation Among Farmers," Carl Eklund; Class Song, written by Harriet Coulter; "Crop Rotation," Otto Senum; class history, read by Angeline Mueller; class prophecy, by Harry Hedin and the class will by Mae Gunness.

The comemncement exercises were held next afternoon. The morning was of great practical value as illustrating the nature of the work being done by the school, through regular class demonstration. Governor Eberhart and Dean Woods were among the spectators.

The afternoon exercises opened at 2 o'clock and following music and the invocation, Victor Johnson read an able paper on "Farming in Northwestern Minnesota," following which there was a demonstration of skirt draughting by Julia Brunn and Olga Lindfors.

Governor Eberhart, in address, complimented the students upon the evidences of the excellent work done, and impressed them with the great bearing on the future of the school their future success would have. He urged them to give their best efforts following the lines of instruction they had received.

The presentation of diplomas by Dean Albert F. Woods followed an address in which he gave the graduating class and the student body in general some practical advice. The alumni reunion takes place on Friday evening in Stephens hall.

East Grand Forks Is Defendant.

East Grand Forks.—East Grand Forks' city public utilities commission, which has been involved in legal squabbles almost since the day of its birth, is again in court. This time Martin O'Brien, a well known Crookston lawyer, enters suit against the city for services performed as counsel for the public utilities commission. The city council refused to allow such claim, contending that the city was not liable for expenses created by a board of that nature. The outcome of the case will be of interest to public utility commission cities throughout the state of Minnesota, dtermining, as it will, the powers of such commissions along this line of action.

Detroit Judge Is Dead.

Rochester.—Judge Morse H. Rohnert, of Detroit, Mich., who underwent an operation at the Mayo hospital here ten days ago and was thought to be convalescent, died at his rooms at the Hotel Kahler, where he had been taken several days ago. Mrs. Rohnert was with him when the unexpected and sudden end came. Death was so sudden and so unexpected that no physicians were at his bedside, according to statements made by officials of the hotel tonight. The body will be taken back to Detroit tomorrow morning.

Minneapolis.—The greatest melodrama of the age comes to the Bijou, Minneapolis, the week of April 5th. It is called "The White Captive," and the scenes are laid in the far West. It is the greatest success and the most sensational melodrama ever produced on the American stage.

Perishes in Muskeg.

Duluth.—A miner whose name has not been ascertained met with a terrible fate near Hibbing during the winter. He was caught in the muskeg in a swamp near the Albany mine and was frozen to death. His body was just found submerged to the hips. It is supposed that he was taking a short cut to the mine, at night, and sank to a depth that held him fast, where he died from cold. The man was an Italian and had tried to write a few lines before he died, but they are not decipherable.

GUARDSMEN GOING TO TEXAS.

Five Minnesota Officers Chosen to Report at San Antonio, April 5.

Minneapolis. — Five officers attend the maneuvers of the regular army in Texas. They have been directed to report on or before April 5 to the commanding general at San Antonio, Texas.

Those selected are: Lieutenant Bert M. Lennon, adjutant of the Minneapolis battalion; Captain George E. Leach of the local artillery battery; Major Thomas C. Clark, medical corps, Stillwater; Captain O. J. Quame of Company K, Second regiment, St. Peter, and Captain Caswell, commanding Company B of the Third at Anoka.

The orders to appoint these officers were received from the war department. General Wood was instructed to appoint two company commanders of the infantry, one regimental or battalion adjutant, one battery officer and one officer of the medical corps.

Their tour of duty will last 14 days exclusive of the time occupied in travel.

INCORPORATE POWER COMPANY.

Winona Capitalists Finance Plant to Distribute Electricity.

Winona.—The Minnesota-Wisconsin Power Company, financed by Winona capital, filed articles of incorporation here. The incorporators are all wealthy men.

The company, it is announced, will distribute electricity for light and power to the cities of Wabasha, Lake City, Red Wing, Hastings, South St. Paul and possibly Winona. The current will be furnished from the plant at Eau Claire, Wis., to the towns named.

It is said the company plans the building of interurban lines in this section.

The incorporators are: W. B. Parsons, C. A. Boalt, S. H. Somsen, Frank Horton and H. S. Youmans, all residents of this city.

ST. PAUL FIGHTS SMOKE LID.

Association of Commerce Fears Switchyards Will Move Away.

St. Paul. — The newly organized St. Paul Association of Commerce at a special meeting decided to use every possible means to prevent the passage of the proposed ordinance prohibiting the use of soft coal for fuel in switch engines within the city limits.

H. E. Kemp, locomotive engineer, declared if the measure became a law, railroads centering in St. Paul would move their switch terminals beyond the corporate limits of the city. He requested that something be done to fight the passage of the ordinance, which would compel several thousand families now owning St. Paul homes to move.

17,315 VISIT TRAIN.

Figures On Seed Trips Compiled by Agricultural Expert.

Minneapolis.—Statistics given out by A. D. Wilson, head of the extension division of the college of agriculture, show that the special seed train in its twenty days of operation over different lines made 166 stops and was visited by 17,315 persons.

The train ran on the Omaha rails for four days, made forty stops, and received 4,445 visitors; on the Milwaukee three days, made thirty stops, for 2,680 visitors; on the St. Louis, three days, made twenty-seven stops, for 2,700 visitors; on the Soo line four days, with thirty-six stops, for 3,365 visitors, and in six days on the Northern Pacific lines, made thirty-three stops, and received 4,125 visitors.

FIRE AT KASOTA.

Grain Cleaning House Damaged and Loaded Grain Cars Burned.

Kasota.—The Kasota Elevator Company's cleaning house was damaged by fire, and four box cars loaded with grain and three empty box cars were destroyed. The cleaning house is owned by Chicago men and the loss is estimated at $10,000 to $15,000, mostly on grain. It has a capacity of 250,000 bushels, and is used mostly for cleaning barley. The fire was caused by sparks from a locomotive igniting a pile of grain doors. The company has its own fire protection, and by hard work the building was saved. Mankato was asked for help, but it being such a windy and dry day the authorities there did not dare reduce its own fire protection.

Another Minneapolis Fire.

Minneapolis. — Fanned by a strong south wind, a small bonfire started by children at play in an alley set fire to buildings and houses around it, swept the neighborhood between Fifteenth and Eighteen streets and Park and Portland avenues and caused a loss estimated at $30,000, leaving five families homeless.

An entire half block was devasted by the fire, the sparks carried by the wind igniting eight houses and barns four and five blocks away. In all 16 houses and barns were burned and the four-story frame warehouse of the Tyler Lumber company.

LINCOLN CAR DESTROYED.

Historic Relic Burned in Prairie Fire at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis. — The old and historic private traveling carriage of Abraham Lincoln and the car that carried his dead body from Washington to Springfield, Ill., for burial in 1865, was totally destroyed by a prairie fire that swept Columbia Heights, burning every bit of dry grass in the northeast part of the city and setting fire to the shed in which the car had been stored for several years.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, March 25.—The senate passed by a vote of 49 to 7 the Haycraft direct primary bill to apply to all state officers, including governor and lieutenant governor.

But in the course of the discussion, the senators placed themselves in the peculiar position of voting to have the party platforms made in convention composed exclusively of nominees for the legislature and senators holding over, while a few minutes later they voted 37 to 18 that the platforms so made should not be binding upon any nominee and that he could go back to his district, or stump the state, as the candidate of his party, at the same time disavowing the platform which he had helped to make and running on any old plank that happened to suit his fancy or be good politics.

The final roll call on the passage of the bill was as follows: aye, Ahmann, Anderson, Bedford, Benson, Boyle, Carpenter, Cashman, Cheadle, Clague, C. F. Cook, Dale, Denegre, Donaldson, Duxbury, Dwinnell, Elwell, Fosseen, Froshaug, Glotzbach, Gunderson, Hackney, Hanson, Haycraft, Johnson, V. L. Johnston, Klean, Lende, L'Herault, McGrath, Marden, Moonan, Murray, Nelson, Odell, Olson, Peterson, Pugh, Putnam, Rockne, Rustad, Sageng, Saugstad, Schaller, Stebbins, Sullivan, J. D. Sundberg, Swanson, Thoe, Wallace, Weis, Wilson.

Those voting no were: Coller, L. C. Cooke, Dunn, Gunn, Johnson, C. D., G. H. Sullivan, VanHoven.

Arguments for and against the Rochne public utilities bill were heard before the house committee on telephones and telegraphs. The hearing was public and the public took advantage of it to express its views at length.

The bill provides that all telephone and telegraph companies operating within the state shall be under the supervision of the state tax commission. The two main features of the bill are that the tax commission is authorized to compell all telephone companies to allow other companies to use their lines when necessary to complete long distance calls and taking the power of granting franchises away from the towns and vesting it in the tax commission.

The Spooner waterways bill, placing all water powers on navigable streams under the control and regulation of the state, passed the lower house of the legislature by a vote of 84 to 28. Its advocates declare that it is a decided step towards the conservation of the resources of Minnesota.

St. Paul, March 29.—Turning the tables on the attackers of the dignity of the house, friends of Speaker Dunn overturned their enemies and won a notable victory in the house.

Seeing the way things were turning against them, friends of Representative Klemer, who had charged that the committee of the house were "packed in the interest of the special interests," attempted to turn the tide by inducing Representative Klemer to apologize. He did so, but in his apology he retracted nothing relative to the charges he had made and his apology was refused by the friends of the speaker.

Just at the moment when the house insurgents thought they had scored a parliamentary victory by putting across the apology of the offending member, Speaker Dunn, sitting in the chair of a member in the rear of the house, arose in his seat. Pointing a finger at the offending member, he moved that Representative Klemer, and Representative W. T. Stone who had joined in the charges of Representative Klemer, be brought to the bar of the house.

Vote of Censure Passed.

After considerable jockeying in a session which lasted all day, the vote of censure, accompanied by an amendment offered by Representative Pfaender, house leader of the Democrats, criticizing Representative Klemer and declaring his charges false, was adopted.

The adoption of the motion to censure did not occur until the afternoon, and not until Representative Dunn had lost his temper and Representative Clinton Robinson, of Winona, had declared that "he had had an idea for a long time that even the representatives of the press were packed" and several other things had occurred.

After many parliamentary moves designed to protect the representatives from the wrath of the house, Speaker Dunn's motin was finally adopted.

Representatives Stone and Klemer were accordingly brought before the bar of the house.

Standing there they were questioned as to the reasons which had caused them to make the charges accredited to them. Mr. Klemer declined to answer and was excused.

Stone More Aggressive.

In his own statement, Representative Stone was a little more aggressive than the dazed and helpless Representative Klemer, but he acknowledged that he had no charges to make. He took refuge on the ground that he had not had time in which to make his charges complete.

After admitting he had no definite charges to make, Representative Stone was finally excused, and the house settled down to the ordinary run of existence and adjourned.

The Day in the Senate.

Senator J. D. Sullivan's bill prohibiting the use of any but Minnesota building materials in public buildings was referred back to its author at his own request. He explained that the board of control had assured him a resolution to the same effect passed early in the session would have the same effect morally as a law.

Senator Gletzbach's bill to tax every professor of healing, not a graduate of a medical college, $500 a head, was recommended for indefinite postponement.

St. Paul, March 30.—O. F. Doyle of St. Cloud told the house drainage investigating committee that George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, attempted to cancel ditch contracts with him and to give them to the Standard Dredging company, of which D. A. Stuart, his attorney, is part owner. Mr. Doyle is a ditch contractor and was called to tell what he knew about the contract for ditch No. 61 in Polk county, which was taken away from him.

The committee held an executive meeting to confer with Examiner O'Hearn of the public examiner's office who just returned from northern Minnesota where he investigated the Polk county records relative to the indictment of Mr. Ralph some years ago. At that time the state drainage engineer was indicted for alleged irregularities in the construction of a judicial ditch, but the case was later dropped. An attempt was made to inject evidence relative to this ditch in the present investigation, but Attorney Stewart objected on the ground that it had already been disproved of by the grand jury. C. H. Warner of Aitkin declared that the case was dismissed on a technicality. Mr. O'Hearn recently investigated the records in Polk county to ascertain whether or not there was sufficient reason for an indictment.

B. A. Stuart headed off an attempt to pry into the Wawina Land company by the special committee of the house investigating the state drainage engineer. O. S. Doyle was on the stand at the hearing when Chairman Knapp asked him who was benefited by the construction of the ditch through Wawina lake. Mr. Stuart objected and was sustained.

Mr. Knapp sustained the objection.

A. W. Rieck, a former ditch inspector, was brought prominently into the investigation when four letters of his to Mr. Doyle were read. They hinted directly of some understanding between the inspector and Doyle, and spoke of confidential matters. Mr. Doyle said he did not know what the confidential matters were. In one letter Rieck wrote, "there is something doing with the bunch." There is no explanation of what constituted "the bunch."

The spirit of economy is permeating the house committee on rules. Plans are under way to save the state $100 a day by releasing a dozen clerks, stenographers and sergeants whose services they believe the lower branch of the legislature can forego for the rest of the session. Two clerks of the reapportionment committee who have been drawing $10 a day since the beginning of the session and who have had nothing to do since the reapportionment bill was reported out six weeks ago will be among the unfortunate ones. A stenographer for this committee at $5 a day and also a draftsman at $10 a day will come under the ax.

W. E. McEwen, former labor commissioner, defended before the senate finance committee a bill appropriating to him $1,500 for expenses on an European trip with the Minnesota Workmen's Compensation commission. He said that, aside from the code now before the legislature with his name attached, the state of Minnesota was benefited by the ideas of safety devices he had brought back, many of which were already adopted by employers here.

Senator Moonan's recall bill passed the senate by a vote of 48 to 10. The bill was declared for in the platforms of both the Democratic and Republican parties. It was introduced in the senate by Senator Moonan, a Democrat, and in the house by Representative Kneeland, a Republican. The Moonan bill that passed the senate, will probably be substituted in the house for the Kneeland bill, which is now on general orders.

$20,000 FINES FOR ART FRAUD.

Duveen Brothers Plead Guilty and Judge Martin Assesses Maximum.

New York, N. Y.—Louis J. Duveen and Joseph Duveen, members of the art importing firm of Duveen Brothers, pleaded guilty to charges of conspiracy to defraud the federal government by making under-valuations of imports. Judge Martin, of the United States circuit court, fined the importers $10,000 each, the maximum fine which was paid.

WON'T PARDON BANKERS.

President Will Follow Recommendation of the Attorney-General.

Washington, D. C.—From sources close to the president it was learned that the pardon appeals of the two convicted bankers, Charles W. Morse, of New York, and John R. Walsh, of Chicago, undoubtedly will be denied. It is stated that the attorney general's recommendation in both cases is adverse and that the president will follow its findings.

CHARITY AND CHEWING GUM

Disparity That Hardly Seems Creditable to the Generous Instincts of the Race.

According to a statement before a meeting of the Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Presbytery of Washington an interesting statement regarding the money spent for chewing gum and that given to charity was made. The speaker was Miss Mary W. Kerr of Harrisburg, Pa., in connection with the topic of "Frenzied Finance in Missions." In urging the society to be more liberal in its contributions to charitable work, she said: "For every $3,000 contributed to charity, $17,000 is spent for chewing gum."

The statement passed almost unnoticed except by a few, who saw the pertinence and logic of the remark.

FRENCH BEAN COFFEE, A HEALTHFUL DRINK

The healthiest ever; you can grow it in your own garden on a small patch 10 by 10, producing 50 pounds or more. Ripens in Wisconsin 90 days. Used in great quantities in France, Germany and all over Europe. Send 15 cents in stamps and we will mail you a package giving full culture directions as also our mammoth seed catalog free, or send 31 cents and get in addition to above 10,000 kernels unsurpassable vegetable and flower seeds—enough for bushels of vegetables and flowers. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 S. 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

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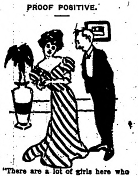

"There are a lot of girls here who don't ever intend to get married."

"How do you know?"

"I've proposed to several!"

Hamlins Wizard Oil is recommended by many physicians. It is used in many public and private hospitals. Why not keep a bottle on hand in your own home?

Heaven won't seem worth while to some women unless there's an occasional bargain sale.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

Here's a tip, young man. Convince a girl that she shouldn't love you, and she will.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Even the truth may be told with an intention to deceive.

Whenever there is a tendency to constipation; sick-headache or biliousness, take a cup of Garfield Tea. All druggists.

A man of few words isn't cut out for a compositor.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Leads all other medicines in the cure of all spring ailments, humors, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, paleness and nervousness. Take it.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J.P.ALLEN, Dept. A8 St. Paul, Minn

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

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Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

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WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. [illegible]

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL [illegible]

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. [illegible] DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES. [illegible]

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

[illegible]

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 1, 1911.

The house has passed the resolution ratifying the income tax amendment to the federal constitution.

The senate has passed the bill to prohibit the sale of "malt" except in licensed saloons.

Ceded Chippewa Indian lands to the extent of 43,000 acres, lying in Red Lake, Marshall, Polk, and Pennington counties, will be opened for settlement April 15 and to entry May 15. The price to settlers is $4.00 an acre, one-fifth to be paid down, balance in five equal annual payments.

Two weeks from next Wednesday the Minnesota legislature by constitutional limitation must take final adjournment. Of more than 2,000 bills introduced less than half a hundred have been enacted into law and a majority of these are not of general interest. The few most important measures—those in which the people are most interested—either have been or probably will be killed.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
March 24, 1911.

Pursuant to auditor's call the county board met in special session in the auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 oclock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Larson, Hedeen, Wold.

Members absent, none.

Minutes of the meeting of Feb. 23 were read and approved as read.

The following resolution, duly seconded, was declared carried;

Resolved, That the sum of $250.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the town of North in the construction of a bridge across the Thief river on the the town line between sections 27 and 28 of said town.

On motion duly carried the bond of William J. LaBree as sheriff for the ensuing year in the sum of $5,000 was accepted.

The following report was submitted by the county board of audit:

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of Pennington County:

Gentlemen:—We, the undersigned board of audit for the county of Pennington, beg to submit the following report:

We have received proposals as follows from banks as county depositories, towit:

First National Bank of Thief River Falls, Citizens' State Bank of Thief River Falls, People's State Bank of Thief River Falls, First State Bank of Thief River Falls, Merchants' State Bank or St. Hilaire, all of which offer 3 per cent on daily balances for county money.

The People's State bank offering 3½ per cent on time deposits.

The Citizens' State bank offering 4 per cent on time deposits.

On motion duly carried all the banks above named were accepted as county depositories for current funds, and the Citizens' State Bank of Thief River Falls as a county depository for time deposits.

Bonds to secure such deposits were accepted as follows:

Citizens' State bank, bond for $21,000, sureties $50,000.

People's State bank, bond for $8,000, sureties $16,000.

First National bank, bond for $10,000, sureties $25,000.

First State Bank, bond for $5,000, sureties $10,000.

Merchants' State Bank, bond for $10,000, sureties $25,000.

Respectfully submitted.

A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor.
H. E. IVES,
Clerk of Courts.
ED A. AUBOL.
Chairman County Board.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption:

RESOLUTION FOR FIRE SEED.

Whereas, Certain destitute settlers residing upon lands situate in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, having made due application for grass seed to be sown upon lands partly or wholly burned over by forest fires of 1910, said applications being in form provided by law, be it

Resolved, That the following applications be and the same are hereby allowed, towit:

Ellef Aaker, nw¼ sec. 29, tp. 154, r. 39, 50 lbs. timothy, 25 lbs. clover.

Cash Waldron, s½ ne¼ sec. 16, tp. 152, r. 39, 250 lbs. timothy.

Knut Strande, Jr., sw¼ sec. 17, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Knute Strande, se¼ sec. 17, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Ignatz Stalsey, se¼ sec. 24, tp. 154, r. 40, 250 lbs. timothy.

Otto R. Stucy, nw¼ sec. 6, tp. 153, r. 39, 160 lbs. timothy, 60 lbs. clover.

George Kassa, nw¼ sec. 19, tp. 154, r. 39, 60 lbs. timothy, 60 lbs. clover.

Michael Kassa, ne¼ sec. 24, tp. 154, r. 40, 40 lbs. red top, 75 lbs. timothy.

Martin Kotzba, se¼ sec. 5, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Albert Gulbrandson, nw¼ sec. 9, tp. 153, r. 39, 120 lbs. timothy, 40 lbs. clover.

Ole T. Bratland, ne¼ sec. 1, tp. 153, r. 40, 16 lbs. timothy, 18 lbs. clover.

Bohumil Hruby, ne¼ sec. 8, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Joseph Fisher, se¼ sec. 7, tp. 153, r. 39, 250 lbs. timothy.

Gunder Erickson, ne¼ sec. 27, tp. 154, r. 40, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

John Anderson, se¼ sec. 34, tp. 154, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Iver M. Vestby, se¼ sec. 12, tp. 154, r. 41, 125 lbs. red top.

Martin Hegstad, nw¼ sec. 36, tp. 152, r. 40, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover

Elick Halvorson, s½ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼ sec. 23, tp. 152, r. 39, 30 lbs. timothy, 10 clover.

Joseph Stengel, s½ ne 1-4 sec. 32, s½ nw 1-4 sec. 33, tp. 154, r. 39, 200 lbs. timothy.

C. O. Swanson, e½ se1-4, ne1-4 ne1-4 sec. 16, tp. 152, r. 39, 250 lbs. timothy.

Victor W. Millander, sw1-4 sec. 28, tp. 154, r. 39, 125 lbs. red top.

Gustav E. Wahlin, nw1-4 sec. 17, tp. 154, r. 39, 125 lbs. red top.

Anton Knutson, se1-4 sec. 10, tp. 154, r. 39, 200 lbs. timothy, 50 lbs. clover.

Neils N. Grune, se1-4 sec. 20, tp. 153, r. 39, 75 lbs. red top.

Theodore Nelson, ne1-4 sec. 25, tp. 154, r. 40, 120 lbs. timothy.

Lars Grinde, ne1-4 sec. 23, tp. 154, r. 39, 50 lbs. red top.

John Morkune, nw1-4 sec. 26, tp. 154, r. 40, 125 lbs. red top.

Ole N. Lund, n½ ne1-4, sw1-4 ne1-4 w½ se1-4 sec. 21, tp. 152, r. 39, 25 lbs. red top, 25 lbs. timothy.

Olof O. Sundahl, sw1-4 sec. 15, tp. 153, r. 39, 125 lbs. red top.

Elling Ramsey, sw1-4 sec. 9, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Bjoin Tveitbakk, e½ se1-4 sec. 15, ne1-4 sec. 23, tp. 152, r. 39, 160 lbs. red top, 35 lbs. timothy.

Ole N. Troutvet, se1-4 sec. 9, tp. 123, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Lodvor T. Bo, se1-4 sec. 27, tp. 152, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Knut Huso, nw1-4 sec. 24, tp. 152, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Ole Hedsom, se1-4 sec. 36, tp. 152, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

E H Besancon, se1-4 sec. 25, tp. 154, r. 40, 250 lbs. timothy.

John J Stennik, n½ nw1-4 sec. 33, tp. 155, r. 39, 100 lbs. timothy.

Alois Srusky, ne1-4 sec. 5, tp. 153, r. 39, 60 lbs. clover.

Osmund Bjorgelson, nw1-4 sec. 4, tp. 152, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Karel Prucha, se1-4 sec. 4, tp. 153, r. 39, 250 lbs. timothy.

T O Watne, sw1-4 sec. 10, tp. 153, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Albert Franks, sw1-4 sec. 5, tp. 153, r. 39, 75 lbs. red top, 125 lbs. timothy.

Joseph K Embo, ne1-4 sec. 18, tp. 153, r. 39, 160 lbs. timothy, 80 lbs. clover.

Hans J Svare, se1-4 sec. 36, tp. 154, r. 39, 125 lbs. red top

C J Ekwall, ne1-4 sec. 20, tp. 153, r. 39, 125 lbs. clover, 75 lbs. red top.

Edward Kolski, ne1-4 se1-4 sec. 13, tp. 152, r. 40, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Laurence Wotnarowski, sw1-4 sec. 7, tp. 152, r. 39, 175 lbs. timothy, 75 lbs. clover.

Michael Couaher, nw1-4 sec. 25, tp. 154, r. 40, 250 lbs. timothy.

And that application is hereby made to the dean of the agricultural department of the university of the state of Minnesota for the total amount of grass seed, as follows, towit:

Timothy seed, 6026 pounds; clover seed, 1726 pounds; red top seed, 1190 pounds.

Foregoing resolution was upon vote declared carried.

(Signed) ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of County Board.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 8 o'clock a. m. March 25, 1911.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 8 o'clock a. m. March 25, 1911. All members present.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

E. A. Mostue, livery hire, postage, etc	$ 39 43
L O Lassesson, binding books register of deeds office	11 00
E A Mostue, livery hire, postage, etc	9 00
O'Brien, Young & Stone, legal services rendered Pennington county in county division contest proceedings	400 00
Ed A Aubol, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	3 60
Ed A Aubol, one days' service board of audit	3 00
Peter C Wold, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	8 00
Olof Larson, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	6 80
Peter Hedeen, mileage and attendance commissioners' meeting	7 20
Andrew Trovaton, postage for treasurer's office	14 29
Andrew Trovaton, postage for treasurer's office	10 00
H E Ives, postage and express	4 80
Thief River Falls Lumber Co., lumber for table and shelving	8 40
Oen Mercantile Co., 2 roll top desks for sheriff and superintendent, 1 standing desk for register of deeds	119 19
W G Hunt, pub. notice of proposal for county printing	1 35
Dr C Swanson, 1 day's service as coroner and mileage	6 60
Glen A Gray, transcribing land transfer record	42 50
E M Stanton, extra services rendered in county division contest proceedings and preparing tax and drainage bills	300 00
A H Fasel, postage, freight, and express	19 07
A H Fasel, one day's service board of audit	3 00
W J LaBree, expenses county vs Frank Peterson	4 60
W J LaBree, coal for jail.	22 95
" " meals for prisoners	1 20
W J LaBree, doctor bill attending Leonard Mooney	5 00
C M Wilson, labor building table for register of deeds	1 25
Thief River Falls News, envelopes and stationery	10 25
The Pioneer Co., rubberstamps	1 08
Free-Press Printing Co., legal blanks for auditor	18 40
Miller-Davis Co., rubber stamps and pads	2 25

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over:

E L Quist, room rent at Red Lake Falls, express, etc	$ 33.93
Remington Typewriter Co., bill for typewriters	236 25
Fritz & Cross, blank books and office supples	516 82
Elliott-Fisher Co., book typewriter	195 00

On motion carried unanimously F. S. Doege was anthorized to prepare plans and specifications for remodeling the court house.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for remodeling the court house, as soon as plans for same are prepared.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned until nine o'clock a. m. April 20, A. D. 1911.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Attest;
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of County Board.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

NOTICE OF SALE IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Warren in said county, the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 14 of Marshall and Pennington counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report, all as established by order of the judge of the district court of Marshall county, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time and place for the work as one job, or for one or more linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report.

No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent the estimated cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a state or national bank of Minnesota for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of each bid, payable to A. G. Lundgren, auditor of Marshall county, Minnesota, and A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, Minnesota, said certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law.

The estimates, profiles, blue-prints, and specifications, and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the clerk of district court of said Marshall county, Minnesota, in the city of Warren in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows:

Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch and branches is 296,783 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated cost of the work is the sum of $50,365.19.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

AUDITOR'S SEAL

A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor Marshall Co., Minn.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

WANTED 100 NEW Subscribers

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH. —services tomorrow at 1:30.

Sunday school at 9 a. m.

REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Sunday school at 2 p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m., subject of sermon, "The Last Supper at 7:30 p. m., subject "He Went a Little Further."

Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, April 2, at 7:30 o'clock.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.

REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FRICKER, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP — Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Leslie, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading

FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.

Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year

ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Tomina Wilson was at Thief River on Tuesday.

J. E. Draeger spent the week at the parental home at Wylie.

Oscar Gunstad was down Sunday from Salol visiting friends.

C. H. Martz was a county seat visitor between trains on Tuesday.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. S. J. Amble.

Mike McAndress returned on Wednesday from a trip to St. Paul with a car load of cattle.

Dr. Owens will be at Middle River Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, April 3, 4, and 5.

Remember that it is the young men that entertain at the Young People's social next Friday evening.

Miss Ida Skeie returned Sunday from Crookston, where she attended the funeral of a sister of Carl Stauning.

There will be Scandinavian Mission services in the Eastside school house Sunday morning, April 2, at 10:20 a. m.

There will be Mission church services Sunday morning, April 9, at the home of Mrs. M. Miller in Black River.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Mrs. Woodcock and little girl came up from Minneapolis Wednesday to visit with Mrs. Woodcock's aunt, Mrs. Wash Adams.

The Young People's society of the Synod church will meet at the home of of C. Oien Sunday afternoon, April 2, at 2 o'clock.

Ole Loberg left on the Great Northern train last Monday for a short visit with his sister, Mrs. Martin Williams, at Wadena.

Supt. of Schools Anderson of Red Lake county came over yesterday and went out in Sanders township to visit his brother, who is ill.

Sixty-three St. Hilaire people attended the Minneapolis Symphony orchestra entertainment at Thief River Falls last Sunday evening.

K. O. Gigstad left Tuesday for Warren, Minn., to complete the work of viewing on judicial ditch No. 2. He expects to be gone ten or twelve days.

Duncan McAllister made his home at Badger a visit the first of the week. On his return he was accompanied by a sister, Miss Katie, who came down for a day's visit.

Elliott has buyers, real live ones. List your farm.

B. H. Pierson who bought the Benson farm north of town, has purchased the Melting house, and has moved it out onto his farm, two traction engines doing the work.

A full line of Ladies Hats will arrive at A. H. Pitkin's next week and will be sold at reasonable prices so you will not have to go out of St. Hilaire to get your Easter Bonnets.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanstrud of Warren visited with Mr. and Mrs. George Bakko over Sunday. Mr. Sanstrud was so well pleased with St. Hilaire that he decided to move over here at once.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

The members of Rev. Frank Larson's congregation tendered him a surprise party at the Scandinavian Mission church last Sunday evening and presented him with $55.00 in cash as a token of their appreciation of his services. A fine program was rendered, a feature of which was an original poem in the Swedish language by A. Blixt.

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

New Stock of Millinery

I will open up a new stock of spring hats next week. I expect them Wednesday, the 15th, and they will be ready for inspection next Friday. Come, in and see them.

A. H. Pitkin

Clean Up Notice

Property holders are hereby notified to clear their property of all refuse, garbage, and other obnoxious substances. Time is given until the 25th day of April, when the annual inspection will be made and steps taken to enforce the order,

Given by order of board of health. DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer,

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.83
" 2 "	.81
" 3 "	.77
Flax, 1	2.27
" 2	2.17
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.27
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	6
Pork, dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.65@2.70
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

Dr. Spofford will be at the Markham hotel, St. Hilaire, April 7.

There will be services in the Rolland school house a week from tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. by Rev. Gjerde.

Miss Ida Hanson went Monday to Crookston, where she will reside for a time and learn the millinery business.

Elliott lives at Og, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Hans Wilson received another remittance of $550.00 Thursday from his son, James Ward, the noted young aviator.

rs. John Walbeck returned on Wednesday from Crookston, after a few days' visit with her daughter, Mrs. Carl Swanson.

The Young People's society of the Hamar congregation will meet at the home of K. Finstad next Wednesday evening.

Rev. and Mrs. M. S Gjerde are rejoicing over the safe arrival last Wednesday, the 29th inst., of their firstborn, a bright baby boy.

Philip Lee returned from the lumber woods last Monday with a car load of horses. He will work his farm in Black River this summer.

Martin Williams of Wadena was in town last Monday shaking hands with old friends. Mr. Williams was one of the first hotel keepers of St. Hilaire.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the Imperial hall next Friday evening. The yonng men will entertain. A good progrom.

FOR SALE. The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Blixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

A. J. Hed of Winthrop, Minn., arrived in town Wednesday and assumed the management of the creamery this morning. He has been in charge of the Fertile creamery during the past three years and is understood to be a first class man in his line.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

A large audience greeted the Minneapolis Symphony orchestra Sunday evening at the auditorium in Thief River Falls. Although the audience was a large one, it was exceptionally appreciative and sat in rapt and perfect silence during the rendering of every number. There were many out of town people present, the concert having been well advertised, and the fame of Director Oberhoffer and his wonderful orchestra having gone before him from all the places which have been toured. We are sure that all our readers who attended were more than pleased with the entertainment they received.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

Our Spring Opening Sale

Begins Monday, March 27

NEW LINE OF LADIES'

Waists, Skirts, and Petticoats

During this sale we will give FREE one beautiful Ladies' Belt, with every Skirt sold, and and beautiful Breast Pin with every Waist.

LAZAR& LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

LISTEN
A
MOMENT

We've tried the rest
We like Hamm's best
Why Experiment?
Please order
Hamm's Beer
Call for the Preferred Stock
"Leads them all"
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co St. Paul

This is April fool's day.

N. N. Larsen will remain in town two or three week before removing to his new location.

A. H. Pitkin has just had finished in his store a commodious refrigerator, the plan for which is of his own devising.

Miss Inez Patterson, who is a teacher in the Bemidji schools, arrived this morning to spend a week's vacation at home.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

SEED BARLEY for SALE. Clean, and ready for seeding. Will sell while it lasts for $1.00 per bushel.
a1-2t C. H. MARTZ.

Miss Mildred Hooper came home from High Landing yesterday to spend Sunday at home. She was accompanied by one of her pupils, Miss Emma Dunn.

Ball Game Sunday

At a meeting of some of the local Base Ball enthusiasts last week the organization of a team for the coming season was completed. The team will consist practically of the same players as last season. Most of the boys have played together for the last two years and the team has grown to a remarkably strong one. The lineups will consist of the following players: Hall, c; Wallen, p.; Martz, 1 b.; Nelson 2 b.; Jackson 3 b.; T. Brink s. s. Benson r. f.; Pierson. c. f. A. Brink, l. f.

The boys expect to have some good games played here this season with teams from neighboring towns. If weather conditions permit a game will be pulled off tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock between the local team and an aggregation from Thief River Falls.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that all County Revenue warrants against Pennington county, registered on or before March 28, 1911, are now payable. Interest will stop on such warrants thirty days after the date of this notice.

a1-3t ANDREW TROTATEN,
County Treasurer.

City Tonsorial Parlor
DUNCAN McALLISTER
PROPRIETOR

Also have on sale
A GOOD LINE OF FACE
CREAMS and HAIR TONICS
ROSEWOOD DANDRUFF
REMEDY

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

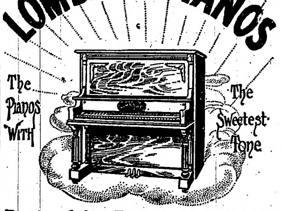
Calumet
Baking
Powder
$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop

Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

LOMBARD PIANOS



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parvlance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE
MINNESOTA

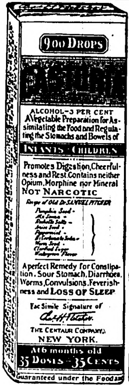
THE

St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS · CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHEN IT REALLY WAS WARM

Incident Related by Mr. Bings Put an End to the Hot Weather Stories.

"Hot in Brazil!" said the young man who had just returned from a trip to South America, according to the Chicago Daily News. "Well, I should say so. Do you know, for days at a time we couldn't take our after dinner siesta on account of the peculiar noises." "What noises?" asked the blonde stenographer, innocently. "Why, the coffee popping on the trees. You see, the sun was so hot the grains just roasted before they were picked." The old traveler yawned. "Rather warm down there, bub," he rejoined, laconically, "but when I was down there you couldn't sleep at night. Every once in a while there would sound the most extraordinary crackling noise that ever fell upon the human ear." "What were the sounds, Mr. Bings?" And Mr. Bings yawned again and replied: "The rubber trees stretching themselves."

A Dramatic Critic.

"And what is your father's business, my little man?" asked Rev. Fourthly, as he made his morning call on the infant class.

"He's a dam-at-it kick-it," said the little chap, whose father wrote dramatic criticism for a newspaper.—Harper's Weekly.

Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes New Size 25c. Murine Eye Remedy Liquid 25c and 50c.

The vacant room at the top is due to the fact that there is no elevator service to help the lazy man.

Garfield Tea stimulates the liver, corrects constipation, cleanses the system and rids the blood of impurities. All druggists.

Many a young man earns a living by working his father.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Even the dull man may be able to make a bore of himself.

PROOF in the Morning!

We tell you about how good you'll feel after taking a CASCARET—that millions of people—buy, use and recommend them—But that's talk—you buy a box now—take as directed *to-night* and get the *proof* in the morning—After you know CASCARETS you'll never be without them.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

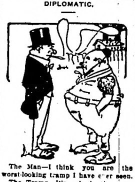
New York, New York, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

A Country School for Girls

IN NEW YORK CITY. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Music and Art. Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton

The use of the
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER
starts habits of energy—initiation

DIPLOMATIC.



The Man—I think you are the worst-looking tramp I have ever seen.

The Tramp—It's only in the presence of such uncommon good looks that I looks so bad.

DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA

"Our little boy Gilbert was troubled with eczema when but a few weeks old. His little face was covered with sores even to back of his ears. The poor little fellow suffered very much. The sores began as pimples, his little face was disfigured very much. We hardly knew what he looked like. The face looked like raw meat. We tied little bags of cloth over his hands to prevent him from scratching. He was very restless at night, his little face itched.

"We consulted two doctors at Chicago, where we resided at that time. After trying all the medicine of the two doctors without any result, we read of the Cuticura Remedies, and at once bought the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Following the directions carefully and promptly we saw the result, and after four weeks the dear child's face was as fine and clean as any little baby's face. Every one who saw Gilbert after using the Cuticura Remedies was surprised. He has a head of hair which is a pride for any boy of his age, three years. We can only recommend the Cuticura Remedies to everybody." (Signed) Mrs. H. Albrecht, Box 883, West Point, Neb., Oct. 26, 1910.

Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., Boston, Mass., for free 32-page book, a guide to skin and hair health.

Keep Watch on the Tuberculous.

The Italian government, on account of the number of tuberculosis cases among the Italian emigrants sent back from America, has appointed boards of examiners in the seaports, whose duty it is to report the arrival of tuberculous persons. These are then kept under observation in those places where they settle, to prevent further spread of the disease. The erection of new sanitoria and other tuberculosis institutions is being urged in Italy, and the number of beds for consumptives has been considerably increased in different places.

Dark Days Coming.

"Say, Jim, here's a preacher in New York who says men should sew, cook, wash the dishes and get their own breakfast."

"What's the use of rubbing it in? Guess we all know we'll have to pretty soon."

Shortly after her marriage a woman packs her ideals away in moth balls and pays no more attention to them until she becomes a widow.

Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, in a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and entitles Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, as the first of specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without fear as without fee, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Prest., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Pipestone.—Rev. W. F. Jones, pastor of the First Presbyterian church here, has received a call to the First Presbyterian church at Kewanee, Ill.

St. Cloud.—The low stage of Lake George, in the heart of the city, has caused that body of water to give off an odor which can be detected for blocks. The council will investigate.

Little Falls.—Contracts were closed by the Duclos brick yards here for the shipment of 2,500,000 brick this summer 2,000,000 going to International Falls and 500,000 to the Watab Pulp and Paper Company at Sartell.

Hibbing.—The Swan River Logging company had a successful season, the cut amounting to 35,000,000 feet. In addition the company's logging road from Chisholm has been completed. The company will do some logging the coming summer.

Fergus Falls.—The Congregational and Presbyterian churches are about to unite and will hold joint services in the future if present plans materialize. The pastor of the Congregational church has resigned in order that there may be no impediment to the proposed union.

Faribault.—Captain William Milligan of this city has been retired from the Minnesota National Guard with the rank of captain after thirty-four years of continuous service. He is the ranking officer on the retired list. He is also a veteran of the civil war and is 70 years of age.

Warren.—John Watson, who was bound over to the grand jury by Justice Braggans for "blindpigging" and selling intoxicants to a drunkard on the black list, pleaded guilty and was fined $75 and thirty days in jail. The jail sentence will be suspended upon payment of the fine during good behavior.

St. Paul.—George T. Simpson, attorney general, announces the appointment of William J. Stevenson, of Duluth, and S. Louis Weeks, of Minneapolis, as assistants in his office. Mr. Weeks has been connected with the department for the last three years in the capacity of a clerk. The appointment is a promotion.

Hallock.—T. M. George has purchased the gun and relic collection owned by Nels Olander. The collection consists of about 200 guns, pistols, swords, spears, javelins, suits and pieces of armor. Many of the guns have no duplicates. Among them is a small derringer, an exact duplicate of the weapon that killed President Garfield.

Winona.—The petition of W. E. Hamilton, present reform mayor, who was elected two years ago on the Democratic ticket, was filed, carrying 419 names. He was qualified to have his name placed on the ballots for the coming city election as an "independent" condidate. A three-cornered fight will be the result. The election takes place April 3.

East Grands Forks.—About $10,000 damage was done in a fire in this city, which gutted the Jarvis storage building and two adjoining structures. In the Jarvis building there was a large quantity of hay, which made the fire a hard one to fight. This morning the department was called out again to the same building, the fire having gained a new start.

St Peter.—A fight to have the saloonkeepers live up to the law, which, it is claimed, some of them have not been doing, has been begun here. Complaints have been filed against ten of them on the charge of selling liquor to minors, and when these cases have been disposed of it is said that complaints are to be filed charging selling liquor to students and operating slot machines illegally.

Albert Lea.—The Albert Lea debaters won in the contest with the team from the high school of Austin at the latter place, the question being, "Resolved, That Minnesota cities should adopt the commission form of government," the victors having the negative side. The debaters from this city were Josephine Suren, Helen Hobart and William Augur. There was a large crowd present, the judges being Superintendent Kunze, of Owatonna, Superintendent Young, of Wells, and Superintendent Montgomery, of Faribault.

Roseau. — The so-called Algoma ditches, which are being surveyed and which affect the towns of Algoma and 162-38 and 162-39, will be ordered constructed by the state drainage commission when the survey is completed. The construction of these ditches was objected to by Israel Sjoberg, of this city, because he was of the opinion that benefits could not be assessed against homestead lands and government lands. Upon investigation the state legal department held that the Volstead act covers the objection and makes the assessment of benefit to United States land for ditch purposes legal.

HIDE BOOTY IN CHURCH.

Valuables Stolen From Dilworth Postoffice Are Found In Altar.

Moorhead.—While cleaning the Presbyterian church at Dilworth preparatory to services Leslie Burr discovered the $1,000 draft and other booty stolen from the Dilworth postoffice. The registered draft, together with a number of stamp books, was found concealed in the altar. Nothing else found in the church, however, furnished a clue to the identity of the robbers.

MINNESOTA STOCKHOLDERS SUE

Boston, Mass. — Stockholders of the Boise-Payette River Electric Power company, most of whom live in St. Paul, Lawrence, Kan., Brainerd, Minn., Bristol, Conn., and Boston, have brought a bill in equity in the supreme court to compel Denman Blanchard and the Blanchards Company of North Andover to render an accounting of the sale of the capital stock of the Boise Company to William and Sinclair Mainland of Oshkosh, Wis.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

Willing to Tell It.

The check which the comely young German handed in at the window of a Walnut street savings fund bank the other day was made payable to Gretchen Schmidt, and she had endorsed it simply Gretchen Smith. The man at the receiving teller's window called her back just as she was turning away to rectify the mistake.

"You don't deposit this quite this way," he explained. "See, you have forgotten the H."

The young woman looked at her check and blushed a rosy red.

"Ach, so I haf," she murmured, and wrote hurriedly:

"Age 23."

Explained.

"Now they claim that the human body contains sulphur."

"In what amount?"

"Oh, in varying quantities."

"Well, that may account for some girls making better matches than others."

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES
Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for Tired, aching, swollen, nervous feet. Gives rest and comfort. Makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

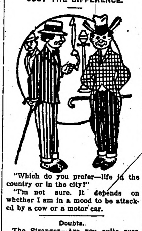
How easy it is for the people who are down on excitement in religion to fire all their gasoline at a baseball game.

BOTH HAD KNOWN HAPPINESS

But the Circumstances Were Not Exactly Alike, That Was All the Difference.

They were riding into town in a subway train, these two married men, says the New York Times. One seemed occupied with his own thoughts, the other was engrossed in his copy of the Evening Piffle, from which he eventually glanced with a superior smile. "I always read what Betsy Bustuff has to say in her 'Twilight Twaddle' column," he said. "She generally hits us off pretty well, but she isn't always right. Now, this evening, she gets on the subject of elopements. She says elopements never turn out happily. I don't agree with her." "Neither do I," said the man who had been occupied with his own thoughts. "I am glad to hear you say it," exclaimed the Evening Piffleite. "I eloped with my wife, and I've been happy ever since." "So have I ever since some fellow eloped with mine," remarked the other. "Betsy Bumstuff is away off!"

JUST THE DIFFERENCE.



"Which do you prefer—life in the country or in the city?"

"I'm not sure. It depends on whether I am in a mood to be attacked by a cow or a motor car.

Doubts.

The Stranger—Are you quite sure that that was a marriage license you gave me last month?

The Official—Of course! What's the matter?

The Stranger—Well, I've lived a dog's life ever since.—Sketch.

DISTEMPER
In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Something in a Name.

Ella—He's very narrow.

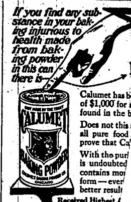
Stella—What do you expect of a flat?

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Yesterday is certain; tomorrow, uncertain; today, half and half.

For a disordered liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb laxative. All druggists.

The busiest thing in the world is idle curiosity.



If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
CHICAGO

In ou

Calumet has bee ars by an offer
of $1,000 for an jurious to health
found in the ba with it.

Does not this at it complies with
all pure food tate and National,
prove that Ca tely pure?

With the pur tled—then Calumet
is undoubted aking Powder. It
contains mo wer; it is more uni-
form — ever same. It assures
better resul derate in price.

Received Highest A ure Food Exposition

CA IET
BA WDER

Pure

The Progress of Musi

A German baker in West
phia has a young hopeful w
ginning in youth the study c
lin. He takes weekly lesso
parents are sanguine of his
a great musician.

A friend strolled into th
the other day and inqui
genial German what progr
was making.

"He pretty good gets
the baker's assuring ans
elevation of the chin ar
chest. "He play 'Home,
with such sweetness th
wish for the Faderlar
golly, you ought to he
that 'Nearer, My God,

School Boy's

An admirable sch
school boys' garden
been planned by th
Elming, N. Y. Las
dred boys made good as farmers
vacant lots, and it is now prop
place practically all such
property in the city under culti
the pupils of the public schools
the gardeners and to reap the p
from their products.

Before a Shop Window.

Billy—Buy me that little rockin
horse, papa.

Dad—If you are a good boy, you
shall have it next Christmas.

Billy—No! Buy it now. I may have a new papa before next Christmas.

plendid Crops

askatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.) 30

ve Salve FOR ALL SORE EYES

S Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

U., NO. 13-1911.

FREE SAMPLE OF LAXAT
CURED NSTIPATION

When a person has become discouraged through years of failure to find a cure, and finally, perhaps, gives up trying, it is small wonder that he becomes skeptical. And yet, to all who have constipation, we would say, "Try just one thing more."

We wish you would try Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, a laxative tonic that has been used for a generation. Thousands are using it; surely some of your friends among the number. You can buy it of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, but better still, send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell for a free sample bottle. He will send you enough to convince you of its merits, and then if you like it you can buy it of your

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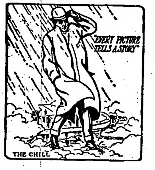
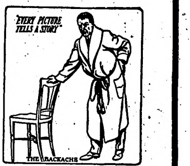


"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY"
THE CHILL

"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY"
THE GRIP



"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY"
THE BACKACHE

Colds and Chills Bring Kidney Ills

February, March and April are the backache months, because they are months of colds, chills, grip and pneumonia, with their congesting, weakening influence on the kidneys. Colds, chills, or grip strain the kidneys and start backache, urinary disorders and uric acid troubles. You feel lame, weak and tired and have headache, dizzy feelings, achy muscles and joints; too frequent, painful urinary passages, sediment, etc. Chills hurt the kidneys. Likewise well kidneys often prevent taking cold, by helping to pass off the waste matters of cold congestion. Doan's Kidney Pills are very useful in the raw winter and spring months. They stop backache and urinary disorders, keep the kidneys well and prevent colds from settling on the kidneys. Strong testimony proves it. What better evidence could you ask?

CONVINCING PROOF FROM GRATEFUL USERS

IN HOSPITAL FOR NINE MONTHS.

Awful Tale of Suffering From Kidney Trouble.

Alfred J. O'Brien, No. 2nd St., Sterling Colo., says: "I was in the Baltimore Marine Hospital for nine months. I was emaciated from fever, had a persistent ache in my back and was completely worn out. The urine was in a terrible state, and some days I would pass half a gallon of blood. I left the hospital because they wanted to operate on me. I then went to St. Joseph's Hospital in Omaha and put in three months there without any gain. I was pretty well discouraged when I was advised to use Doan's Kidney Pills, but by the time I had used one box the pain in the back left me. I kept right on, and a perfect cure was the result. You may put anyone in communication with me and I will give them proof that this statement is correct."

THE SHADOW OF DEATH.

A Washington Woman's Remarkable Recovery.

Mrs. Enos Shearer, Yew St., Centralia, Wash., with one kidney gone, the other badly diseased, and five doctors in consultation, was thought to be in a hopeless state. "My limbs were so swollen," said Mrs. Shearer, "that I could hardly get about. I rapidly grew worse until the doctor said one kidney was entirely gone and the other badly decayed. The end seemed near, and my friends gave me up to die. On my brother's advice I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and after the fourth day I was able to be propped up in bed. Through their use I rapidly improved until at the present time I am active and well, although 65 years old. I can do fully as much work as any woman in Centralia, and enjoy good health."

A TRIAL FREE Test Doan's Kidney Pills Yourself
Cut out this coupon, mail it to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. A free trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills will be mailed you promptly.
No. 152

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., Proprietors.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

Entered at [illegible] as [illegible]

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 8, 1911. NUMBER 39.

Minnesota Legislat[illegible]

Proceedings at the Minnesota State Capitol for the Past Week.

St. Paul, March 30.—The women's suffrage bill was laid to rest in the senate by a vote of 32 to 30.

Senator Sageng made the only speech of the day. No one seconded him. No one argued against him. Without a word of explanation, 32 senators cast their ballots against allowing the people to decide on woman suffrage. But the vote contained one dramatic incident. The vote stood 30 to 30, with Glotzbach and McGrath still to vote. It takes 32 votes to pass a bill.

Senator Wilson of Minneapolis arose and informed the two senators that their votes would pass the bill. Senator McGrath was surrounded by suffragists. "Ladies," he said, "I don't believe in woman suffrage. I have told Miss McFadden so since the session started. But if Glotzbach votes "aye" and my vote will pass the bill, you can have it."

Senator Sageng, in his speech, quoted the words of Lincoln, Sumner, Roosevelt and McKinley, and the example and words of such women as Clara A. Barton of the Red Cross; Julia Ward Howe, author of 'the Battle Hymn of the Republic, and Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, to show the justice of the women's demand for votes.

The roll call was as follows: ayes, Bedford, Benson, Boyle, 'Cashman, Cheadle, C. F. Cook, Dale, Denegre, Duxbury, Elwell, Froshaug, Gunderson, Hanson, Haycraft, C. D. Johnson, V. L. Johnson, Lende, Moonan, Nelson, Odell, Olson, Peterson, Putnam, Rustad, Sageng, Saugstad, Schaller, Sundberg, Theo. Wilson. Total—30.

Nayes, Ahmann, Anderson, Carpenter, Clague, Coller, L. O. Cooke, Donaldson, Duea, Dunn, Dwinnell, Fosseen, Glotzbach, Gunn, Hackney, Handlan, Johnston, Klein, L'Herault, McGrath, Marden, Murray, Pauly, Poehler, Pugh, Rockne, J. D. Sullivan, G. H. Sullivan, Swanson, Van Hoven, Wallace, Weis, Works. Total—32.

The Day in the House.

Knute Knuteson's bill providing a board of conciliation to settle labor disputes was killed in the house. The measure was a copy of the Canadian law.

The house defeated the Kerry-Conley bill forbidding lumber companies to offer lumber for sale which is not up to grade. It would require the six-inch boards be six inches in width instead of 5⅝ inches.

The report of the special committee appointed to investigate the handling of livestock by the Northern Pacific railway was submitted to the house. It finds that livestock cars have been held up at the Minnesota transfer for five hours, causing the cattle to lose weight, thereby reducing the price received by the farmers. The committee recommended legislation which would compel the railroad companies to forward stock cars to the markets.

The house by a unanimous vote decided to pay to his widow the legislative salary of the late W. A. Fisher, former member of the legislature. The bill was introduced by F. L. Palmer. The appropriation is $750.

St. Paul, March 31.—The state of Minnesota will turn itself into a vast employes' insurance company if a constitutional amendment by Senator Putnam, recommended for passage by the judiciary committee of the senate, is adopted. The amendment provides that employers and employes shall be taxed a specific amount of the wages paid and received.

By a vote of 81 to 27 the house passed the Minnette-Schwartz bill placing telephone companies under the supervision and regulation of the state tax commission. Mutual rural companies and companies doing only a city business are excepted.

The house passed the Forestry committee bill reorganizing the state forestry department to bring about greater efficiency in the prevention of forest fires by unanimous vote. The original bill was amended to allow the state forester a salary of $3,000 a year instead of $5,000 and the clerk of the forestry board a salary of $1,800 instead of $3,400.

The bill as it now stands provides for a state forestry board made up of the dean of the state agricultural college, the director of the state forestry school, three members to be appointed on the recommendation of the board of regents of the state university, and four members to be suggested by the state agricultural society, horticultural society, state forestration association and the state game and fish commission. The state forester must be an expert in forestry. The bill allows a corps of assistants to patrol the forest regions during the dry seasons of the year.

The senate, as a committee of the whole, recommended for passage the bill introduced at the request of the game and fish commissions, requiring all non-residents of Minnesota to take out license to fish with hook and line when they come here in the summer. The measure has already passed the house. It requires payment of a $1 fee for license.

The senate, sitting as a committee of the whole, recommended for passage, the measure giving negroes the right to be served in ice cream and soda water parlors and prescribing penalties for proprietors who discriminate against them.

St. Paul, April 3.—The Minneapolis union depot bill was passed under a suspension of the rules by a unanimous vote. It passed the senate and is now up to the governor.

The measure authorizes the formation of a private company to build a depot within any city and to compel the railroads to run their trains into the depot. The company is placed under the regulation of the state railroad and warehouse commission.

The committee killed the Palmer bill, requiring railroads to pay for local improvements along their city property.

The finance committee decided not to allow the appropriation of $350,000 for an agricultural building at the state fair. The state fair people said they would rather not have the building than to share it with the farm school as was proposed. On this statement the committee disallowed the request.

Anti-organization members of the house will join in offering a resolution setting forth specific charges that the house committees are packed, and asking a thorough investigation, according to W. T. Stone of Park Rapids. He declared the resolutions will be signed by at least 25 members and will present arguments designed to show how the organization was formed, how the committees were packed and what members packed them. Dr. Stone will introduce a separate resolution making his own charges.

F. L. Klemer, the gentleman from Rice who threw a bombshell in the house a week ago by charging that the committees were packed many introduce a resolution calling for a reorganization of the house machinery. He would cut the number of committees in two. He declares that the Minnesota house with 120 members has 62 standing committees besides a half dozen special committees and points out that the Wisconsin house with 100 members has only 25 standing committees and 11 joint committees; the Vermont house with 247 members, 24 standing committees, and the Illinois house with 153 members, 62 committees.

St. Paul, April 4.—

A resolution of protest against the vote of censure given F. L. Klemer probably will also be introduced into the house. It is said the resolution will be signed by about 40 members. This resolution will be introduced in accordance with the provisions of Article IV, Section 16 of the state constitution, which reads: "Two or more members of either house shall have liberty to dissent and protest against any act or resolution which they may think injurious to the public or any individual and have the reason of their dissent entered on the journal."

Two important railroad bills were passed by the house under a suspension of the rules. One gives to the railroad and warehouse commission the right to make the railroads a party to the action to be brought against the express companies to force them to reduce their rates. The other allows the railroad and warehouse commission to initiate an investigation of rates without a complaint from any shipper.

George A. Ralph's efficiency as a drainage engineer was testified to by John T. Stewart, chief of the division of agricultural engineering at the state university, and John A. Johnson, Jr., a St. Paul civil engineer at the drainage hearing. They testified that they had come in contact with his drainage work and found it entirely satisfactory. Senator C. A. Johnson of St. Paul said St. Peter said that Mr. Ralph's work in the vicinity of St. Peter was very good.

The committee on appropriations killed a dozen bills carrying appropriations for monuments for several Minnesota statesmen and for the G. A. R. The principal bills turned down were for a monument for the late Alexander Ramsey and for a portrait of the late Edwin A. Jaggard.

Representative Rue introduced a bill providing for a single custodian of both the new and old capitol buildings.

Representative Lydiard introduced a bill to some extent reorganizing the fee system in the state insurance department. It provides that all fees for examinations of insurance companies' books must be paid to the state treasurer and then issued to the department for expenses on warrants.

SIX DEAD IN TORNADO.

Forty Others Injured and Town in Alabama Wiped Out.

Mobile, Ala. — A death list of six, and forty injured, sums up the result of a tornado that wiped out the town of Gainesville, Monroe county. More than 100 buildings were torn down and trees and crops were uprooted by the furious winds that cut a swath 200 feet wide across the county. The victims were killed in collapsing houses.

WOMEN TEACHERS WIN FIGHT.

Will Receive Same Pay as Men in New York Schools.

New York, N. Y. — Men teachers in the elementary schools of New York city appointed hereafter will receive the same pay as women. This will mean that the present salaries paid to men in those positions will be cut almost one-third in the cases of future appointees. The controversy over this question has been bitterly waged for several years.

TWELVE MEMBERS ARE SPECIFIED

REPRESENTATIVE STONE OFFERS RESOLUTION ATTACKING ORGANIZATION OF BODY.

APPROPRIATIONS ARE CUT DOWN

Tax Rate for the Next Two Years Set At 1.7 Mills—University Suffers From Legislative Pruning Knife.

St. Paul, April 5.—The Klemer case was reopened in the lower house of the legislature by Representative W. T. Stone, of Park Rapids, in the introduction of a resolution making specific charges against the house organization and asking for an investigation.

The resolution specifies the committees that Dr. Stone believes are packed and purports to prove his charges that they are packed by naming 12 prominent members of the house who are in a majority in each of the committees. Dr. Stone asks for an investigation not only of the house committees, but also of the members themselves, the method of their election and the nomination and election of Speaker H. H. Dunn. It charges that the special interests contributed large sums of money to the state central committee of the Republican party of which E. E. Smith is chairman.

The resolution, in part, follows:

"Whereas, on the 27th day of March, 1911, F. L. Klemer, a member of this house, was censured for using unparliamentary language and for making certain charges against the speaker and the organization of this house;

On "Bar of House" Incident.

"Whereas, F. L. Klemer and W. T. Stone before the bar of the house each requested additional time in which to formulate a proper statement of the basis of these charges, which request was preemptorily refused by the house; and

"Whereas, it appears from the journal of the house and the records of the proceedings of the present session that 12 members control the important committees and through them the less important, these 12 men holding 12 chairmanships and 35 of a total of 77 places on the five most important committees—on rules, 4; appropriations, 8; taxes, 9; general legislation, 9; election, 4. While these committees contain reactionaries, 60 to progressives 17, the committee on general election 16 to 1. The following are the names of these 'reactionary' standpat chairmen of the most important committees and the number of committees on which they are placed:

Names Are Given.

R. C. Dunn, L. Virtue, each six committees.

Pfaender, seven committees.

Brown (L. D.), Fowler, each eight committees.

Congdon, Spooner, Wescott, White, Washburn, each nine committees.

Stone (C. E.) and McKenzie, each ten committees.

"Whereas, said W. T. Stone proposed to show by the records and journal of this house and by other testimony:

"That the most important legislation that has come before this legislature, including the bills on the initiative, referendum, recall, corrupt practice act and direct primary, have been controlled and killed by the committees above named.

"That the committees in turn have been controlled by said twelve members; that twenty out of twenty-six Democrats in this house have been constantly and continually lined up against progressive measures by the two chairmen mentioned in this list of twelve men, who have used their influence to shape the legislation above mentioned in such a way as will be acceptable to the interests having special privileges within the state of Minnesota.

"That these committees are not only packed but jointly packed, there is no lack of proof. Members of this house have boasted that they are able to hold up any bill they see fit and are able to kill any legislation proposed. This has been time and time again, and,

Investigation Declared Necessary.

"Whereas, The charges for which F. L. Klemer and W. T. Stone were brought to the bar of this house cannot in fairness be pronounced untrue without the most ample investigation, for the reason that it is common knowledge through the state and country that there is a well defined political faction existing in both parties not only within the state of Minnesota but within every state in the union and the national government, known as 'standpatters,' or 'reactionaries;'

"That a considerable number of this faction have been elected through the influence of the corporations and individuals enjoying special privileges. That the position and aim of this faction in the government of the different states and in the national government is to prevent legislation that will increase and further government by the people or restrict special privileges.

"That in the state of Minnesota there is a well known combination of corporations of this character, including the railroads, the breweries and liquor interests, the street railway companies of the three large cities, the United States Steel corporation and the medical trust, with other combinations and interests, and

"Whereas, The mover of these resolutions sincerely believes that an impartial investigation will show that at the last election the corporations and interests above mentioned and known as the special interests, contributed large sums of money to the state central committee of the Republican party, of which ex-Senator E. E. Smith was chairman, for the purpose, an[illegible] other things of electing as many m[illegible]bers as possible of this house fa[illegible]able to the said special interests;

"Now, Therefore, Be it resolved by the house of representatives of the state of Minnesota, that a committee of seven be constituted from the members of this house, three of whom to be selected by the mover of this resolution, three to be selected by the speaker and the six so named to choose a seventh member for the purpose of investigating the matter herein set forth."

R. C. Dunn gave notice of debate and the resolution went over.

Appropriations Are Cut.

At the meeting of the general committee, consisting of the finance committee of the senate and the appropriations committee of the house the tax levy for Minnesota was fixed and the bill introduced in the house. The sum to be raised during the biennial period will approximate $15,000,000.

In making the appropriation bill the sary to cut down the appropriation general committee has felt it necesasked for by the state university. The sum asked for was $5,000,000 for the biennial period. For the first year the university will be granted $1,200,000. For the second year it will be given $600,000. Of this sum $405,000 is appropriated for the new chemistry building. Seventy-five thousand is appropriated for repairing Millard hall. Twenty-five thousand is appropriated for the purpose of repairing the medical building.

The chief item of interest is the appropriation of $325,000 for maintenance, an increase of over $100,000 for the past year.

The forestry department of the state gets an appropriation of $75,000.

The appropriation for the support of the county fairs of the state is fixed at from $60,000 to $75,000, an increase from $28,000.

As a backset to this item the appropriation asked for by the state agricultural society for a new agricultural building was absolutely denied.

In considering the general elements of expense the R. C. Dunn good roads measure received its fair measure of consideration. Under the provisions of this bill $150,000 is appropriated for good roads for the ensuing year in counter-distinction to $[illegible] appropriated for the same purpose last year.

Agricultural School Gets $180,000.

The agricultural school will receive about $160,000 for the new mechanic arts building. It already has $100,000 for the same purpose. It will receive an appropriation of $150,000 for a girl's dormitory.

Appropriations asked for the state capitol approaches are absolutely cut out.

Investigation in the work of the state drainage commission has had its result in the work of the appropriation committee. The appropriation will amount to only about $35,000, just enough to complete the ditches already contracted for.

The board of control will receive an appropriation of about $5,000,000, an increase of $800,000. This is largely for the erection of new buildings and for the care of delinquents. It is represented that 1,000 patients are now sleeping in the corridors of insane asylums and that 400 are uncared for in the home of the feeble-minded.

The Crookston agricultural school will receive for the first year $150,000. The average appropriation for that school will be $175,000 a year.

The common and graded schools will be given $500,000 a year for maintenance. This will be a large increase over what has been given in the past.

The St. Peter hospital draws $245,000 for maintenance. The school for the blind at Faribault only draws $32,000 for current expenses.

For the school for the deaf, at the same place, $60,000 is appropriated for a new girls' administration building and $120,000 for a dormitory and dining room.

The Anoka state asylum draws $170,000 for the completion of three cottages. The Hastings asylum draws $170,000 for the same purpose.

The Fergus Falls hospital draws the sum of $250,000 a year for maintenance, $210,000 is given the Rochester state hospital for maintenance.

The senate passed Senator J. A Coller's bill giving Mrs. J. A. Johnson, widow of the late governor, $7,000, the salary of the governor for the second year of his unexpired term.

Four reform bills were put to sleep by the lower house of the legislature. The Palmer-Hopkins measure prohibiting treating in drinking places lost by a vote of 54 to 50. Although receiving a majority of the votes the bill did not recieve the necessary 61 to secure its enactment.

The state tax commission bill providing for a system of county assessors was killed by a vote of 66 to 41. The measure was fathered by R. C Dunn. Country members objected on the grounds that it would be an added expense and no improvement over the present system of town and village assessors.

Thomas Kneeland's bill providing for a constitutional convention to revise the state constitution met a similar fate losing by a vote of 64 to 47. The same medicine was given Dr Diessner's bill providing an appropriation for a Homeopathic college at the state university. The bill lost by a vote of 24 to 69.

MINN. DELEGAT[illegible]

DEVELOPMENT OF NATURAL R[illegible] SOURCES AIM OF BIG CO-OPERATIVE [illegible]

AT HELENA BOOST[illegible]

States West of Lakes and South Boundary Boosted—Special Train to Carry Minnesota Party.

St. Paul.—It will require an entire special train to carry the Minnesota commercial and business men who will go as delegates to the Northwestern Development League meeting to be held at Helena, Mont., May 4-5. At a meeting held at the Minnesota Club, in St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Paul joined hands and pledged their united support to the Helena meeting. Governor Eberhart set the official approval of the state upon the proceedings by naming 43 delegates at large to represent Minnesota at the Montana meeting.

The meeting at the Minnesota Club was charged with interest. It was called by Louis W. Hill, president of the Great Northern, to present the official call of Governor Edwin L. Norris, of Montana, to Minnesota and the six other northwestern states which are expected to participate in the Helena meeting; to discuss the emigration to Canada and the South and how best to divert it through the Twin City gateway and the northwestern land show, which it is proposed to hold in Minneapolis and St. Paul next December. Several were also present in the interest of the Minneapolis-St. Paul-Helena automobile tour.

The result of the meeting was the appointment of Minneapolis and St. Paul delegates to the Helena Development meeting and a joint committee of 24 to make arrangements for the Twin City land show.

Delegates Are Appointed.

Following is a list of men appointed by Governor Eberhart from the state at large, as delegates to the Development Congress:

Sam F. Fullerton, St. Paul.
S. B. Nelson, Luverne.
C. L. Luce, Albert Lea.
Scott Laird, Winona.
Gil. Hartley, Duluth.
W. H. Gemmell, Brainerd.
Arthur Cooper, St. Cloud.
Milton Ludlow, Worthington.
Chas. Nichols, Northfield.
George Atchison, Mankato.
S. C. Ellison, Montevideo.
L. E. Potter, Springfield.
Jas. E. Nichols, Frazee.
C. P. Craig, Duluth.
J. P. Kelly, Crookston.
A. D. Van Sickle, Warren.
M. W. Hingeley, Floodwood.
A. Marckel, Perham.
M. W. Williams, Little Falls.
C. S. Swan, Madison.
C. A. Moody, Warroad.
Israel Sjoberg, Roseau.
Albert Berg, Spooner.
Tollef Jacobson, Alexandria.
S. F. Alderman, Brainerd.
[illegible] Johnson, Rush City.
C. P. Bull, St. Anthony Park.
Thomas H. Canfield, Lake Park.
W. R. McKenzie, Bemidji.
D. M. Neill, Red Wing.
J. H. Rich, Red Wing.
A. D. Stephens, Crookston.
Geo. Welch, Morton.
F. W. Murphy, Wheaton.
Gustaf Widell, Mankato.
W. W. Sivright, Hutchinson.
J. J. Furlong, Austin.
C. E. McGregor, Granite Falls.
M. J. Dowling, Olivia.
Dean A. F. Woods, Minneapolis.
Robt. Crickmore, Owatonna.
G. W. Glotfelter, Waterville.

Minneapolis Men to Go.

Minneapolis men who are asked to go as delegates to the Northwestern Development Congress at Helena are as follows:

Mayor J. C. Haynes,
John Washburn,
Chris Grimsrud,
Sewall D. Andrews,
F. B. Salisbury,
W. A. Frisbie,
A. C. Loring,
T. W. Stevenson,
M. Schiteby,
B. F. Nelson,
H. A. Tuttle,
P. L. Howe,
E. J. Stilwell,
W. S. Jones,
W. J. Murphy,
J. L. McCaull,
C. C. Webber,
F. E. Holton,
O. F. Orde,
E. P. Wells,
G. H. Partridge,
John Leslie,
S. M. Gillette,
F. E. Kenaston,
Thos. Voegeli,
H. L. Moore,
R. W. Webb,
H. Bezoier,
H. N. Stabeck,
G. K. Clark,
W. L. Harris,
E. J. Cooper,
H. M. Hill,
W. G. Nye,
J. W. Bragda,
E. C. Kischel,
G. D. Mekeel,
F. L. McClellan,
G. F. Piper,
G. F. Ewe,
C. A. Magnus,
John T. Kean,
S. R. Van Sant,
H. S. Hughes,
P. V. Collins,
C. J. Willis,
Alexis Caswell,
J. B. Bradshaw,
E. E. Stewart,
Howard W. Baker,
A. W. Selover,
T. F. Daneher,
D. W. Kern,
J. F. Conklin.

St. Paul Men Named.

List of St. Paul men who have been asked to go as delegates are as follows:

C. L. Kluckhohn, president Association of Commerce.

Louis Betz, president Commercial club.

J. H. Beck, general secretary Association of Commerce.

E. S. Warner, chairman industrial bureau, Association of Commerce.

J. W. Cooper, chairman transportatation bureau, Association of Commerce.

W. J. Driscoll, chairman publicity bureau, Association of Commerce.

Paul Doty, vice president Association of Commerce.

P. W. Herzog,
E. H. Bailey,
Kenneth Clark,
W. J. Dean,
D. S. Culver,
John R. Mitchell,
H. H. Bigelow,
Reuben Warner,
C. W. Ames,
Oliver Crosby,
L. P. Ordway,
E. W. Randall,
Joseph Stronge,
L. A. Gutterman,
J. M. Hackney,
H. T. Quinlan,
Walter Butler,
James D. Denegre,
Timothy Foley,
J. E. Burchard,
Charles Patterson,
C. O. Kalman,
John N. Jackson,
Sherman Finch,
John I. H. Field,
P. S. McArthur,
S. W. Dittenhoffer,
F. B. Lynch,
B. L. Goodkind,
T. A. Schultze,
C. H. Bigelow, Jr.,
F. W. Hufty,
Benj. Sommers,
W. G. Norris,
F. R. Bigelow,
Gebhard Bohn,
John Johnston,
E. A. Webb,
C. J. Miss,
John A. Seeger,
T. W. Griggs,
V. J. Rothschild,
J. George Smith,
L. A. Moore,
N. R. Frost,
Jesse A. Neal,
W. H. Hunter,
C. K. Blandin,
N. W. Rear,
R. W. Raffle,
W. J. Murray.

FATHER WORKS TO SAVE SON.

Latter Is Now a Prisoner of War in Mexico.

Duluth.—James H. Jones, the Duluth man reported to be a prisoner of war in Mexico, is a son of Humphrey Jones, a car foreman for the Union depot. The son went to New Mexico last fall from Portland, Ore., to sell fruit trees and was expected to return to Portland some time ago. Humphrey Jones has taken his son's case up with Senator Knute Nelson and Congressman Miller.

HAMLINE CLASS SCRAP.

Freshies Defeat Sophomores in Annual Cane Rush.

Hamline.—Exemplifying the college [illegible] that it is a dull day when class [illegible] not produce some excitement [illegible] university, freshmen and [illegible] continued the inter[illegible] early day, when [illegible] sophomores [illegible] freshmen [illegible] the [illegible] shut and [illegible] prisoners gave the [illegible] dow, but when the [illegible] e rescue started up the s[illegible] met by a stream from a fire [illegible] directed by the determined fresh[illegible] girls.

The sophomore men came to the rescue, and the victorious freshmen likewise appeared to take a hand. Hatpins finally routed the sophomore men, and, when the excitement was over, a passing policeman rescued the prisoners. But the flag remained flying.

DEATH OF MINNESOTA PIONEER.

Joseph Schaaf, 83, Came to North Star State in "Fifties."

Joseph Schaaf, a veteran of the Civil war and a resident of Minnesota since the early fifties, died at St. Alexander's hospital, New Ulm, at the advanced age of 83. He is survived by a widow, who was with him at the time of death, and eight children, three sons and five daughters—Joseph, Jr., and Val, Murdock, Minn.; John, Rockford, Wash.; Mrs. William Emerson, Seattle, Wash.; Mrs. Michael Frank, Delano, Minn.; Mrs. E. T. Dana and Mrs. John Weber, Murdock, Minn., and Mrs. Louis Eberhart, St. Paul.

Mr. Schaaf was for many years a farmer, residing near Victoria. In St. Paul he was engaged in the fuel business, but retired several years ago. He was a member of Battery B. First Minnesota heavy artillery, and was mustered out with his company in 1864. He was a member of the German-American Veterans' Association.

CONGRESSMEN ARE BUSY.

Three Minnesota Members Introduce Bills On First Day.

Washington. — Three Minnesota members introduced bills of state interest on the opening day of congress. They were:

By Representative Miller—To restore the rights and annuities of the Metawakanton and Wahpakouta tribes of the Sioux Indians, declared forfeited by the act of Feb. 16, 1863; to provide an inheritance tax for the District of Columbia; to refund the tonnage taxes and light dues charged against boats built in America, which have passed into Canadian ownership and erroneously taxed when they returned to America.

By Representative Davis—To provide for federal agricultural high schools throughout the country.

By Representative Steenerson—For a public building at Bemidji, to cost $100,000.

DEAN PATTEE DEAD.

Head of Minnesota University College of Law.

Minneapolis. — William S. Pattee dean of the college of law, University of Minnesota, died in his home after an illness of many months.

William Sullivan Pattee was born at Jackson, Me., Sept. 19, 1846. He was graduated from Bowdoin college in 1871 with the degree of A. B., and in 1874 won his degree of A. M. He was admitted to the bar in 1878, when he came to Minnesota. For some years he lived in Northfield, and in 1884 he was elected to the Minnesota house of representatives.

He was appointed professor of equity and dean of the college of law of the state university in 1888 and came to Minneapolis to live. He married Julia E. Tuttle, of Plymouth, Me., in 1878. Besides his widow, he leaves two sons and a daughter.

Winona Democrats Win.

Winona. — Julius R. Schroth, Democrat, was elected mayor of Winona over William E. Hamilton, present incumbent and "reform" candidate by 600 to 700 plurality. Schroth carried all but two precincts in the city.

The vote was the largest polled in this city in years and the reform and conservative elements were lined up in a bitter battle.

Minneapolis. — "The Man of the Hour," which will be seen at the Bijou the week of April 9th, played in New York two years, to record-breaking business. The record of the Broadhurst play is no less remarkable than the play itself, which has been pronounced by the most eminent reviewers of dramatic subject to be by all odds one of the best plays of recent years.

Sven Oftedal Passes Away.

Minneapolis. — Prof. Sven Oftedal, professor emeritus of Augsburg seminary, one of the most prominent Scandinavians in the Northwest, died under the surgeon's knife in the Norwegian hospital. Death was caused by diabetes, a disease from which he had suffered for more than twenty years Professor Oftedal was a native of Norway. He was one of the organizers of Augsburg seminary and was a professor in that institution from the time at its inception, more than thirty years ago.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, [illegible]

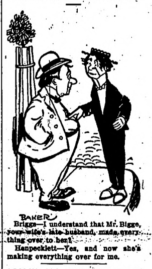
Stops Pain in th[illegible]

Woul[illegible] week or so [illegible] to [illegible] forever to the [illegible] raining, or too fre[illegible] rine; the forehead and [illegible] head aches; the stitches [illegible] the back; the growing mus[illegible] ness; spots before the eyes; yel[illegible] skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-269 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

WHICH ACCOUNTS FOR IT.



Briggs—I understand that Mr. Bigge, your wife's late husband, made everything over to her.

Henpecklett—Yes, and now she's making everything over for me.

SCALES ALL OVER HER BODY

"About three years ago I was affected by white scales on my knees and elbows. I consulted a doctor who treated me for ringworm. I saw no change and consulted a specialist and he claimed I had psoriasis. I continued treatments under him for about six months until I saw scales breaking out all over my body save my face. My scalp was affected, and my hair began to fall. I then changed doctors to no avail. I went to two hospitals and each wanted to make a study of the case and seemed unable to cure it or assure me of a cure. I tried several patent medicines and was finally advised by a friend who has used Cuticura on her children since their birth, to purchase the Cuticura Remedies. I purchased a cake of Soap, the Ointment and the Resolvent. After the first application the itching was allayed.

"I am still using the Soap and Ointment and now feel that none other is good enough for my skin. The psoriasis has disappeared and I everywhere feel better. My hands were so disfigured before using the Cuticura Remedies that I had to wear gloves all the time. Now my body and hands are looking fine." (Signed) Miss Sara Burnett, 2135 Fitzwater St., Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 30, 1910.

Cuticura Soap (25c) and Cuticura Ointment (50c) are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, for free book on affections of the skin and scalp.

Accounting for It.

Wedderly—They say that a man and his wife grow to look alike after they have been married a few years. Now, my wife and I have been married ten years; do you think we look alike?

Singleton—Yes, indeed! You both seem to have the same sad expression.—Stray Stories.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A Sign.

"Is your wife still treating you coldly?"

"Is she? Gave me ice pudding for dinner."

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

Even with aeroplanes our castles in the air seem no more accessible.

To restore a normal action to liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, take Garfield Tea, the mild Herb laxative. All druggists.

Go to sleep without supper, but rise without debt.—Talmud.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

[illegible]

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

Nails, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. [illegible]

DESCRIPTION: [illegible]

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

[illegible] the day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk [illegible] the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. [illegible] of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster [illegible] look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. [illegible] that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at [illegible] or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which [illegible] half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT [illegible] DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle [illegible] Write it NOW.

[illegible] CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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TERMS—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 8, 1911.

Congress convened in extra session to pass the tariff provisions of the president's reciprocity agreement with Canada. It looks now as if they intended to do anything except to act on the measure.

Last fall they told as that in order to pass a reapportionment measure it would be necessary to elect county option candidates, but how different the result of the vote makes it appear. Of the twenty-three senators who voted for the county option bill only three voted for reapportionment

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held April 3, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present except McKercher.

Minutes of the last regular and the last special meetings read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

Arthur Hall, salary last quarter and incidentals	$19.15
Henry Olson, board of health one year, clerk of village election, councilman six months	11.00
A R Jones, salary as councilman six months, clerk of village election	7.00
J C Dahl, six months' salary as president and judge of village election	7.00
B E Burkee, salary as per bill	49.00
Spectator, publishing proceedings month of March	6.25
Daniel Patterson, one year on board of health	4.00
John Draeger, clerk of village election	2.00
Ed Peterson, cleaning well	.75
Hans Wilson, cleaning well	.75
H O Jackson, salary as per bill	18.75
Dr. C Swanson, one year's salary as health officer	4.00

On motion duly carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Regular meeting of the village council held April 4, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present.

Minutes of the last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried Dr. C. Swanson was appointed member of the board of health for the term of three years.

On motion duly made and carried H. Olson and R. J. McKercher were appointed on the road and bridge committee.

On motion duly made and carried C. Swanson and A. R. Jones were appointed on the finance committee.

On motion duly made and carried C. Swanson and R. J. McKercher were appointed on the poor committee.

On motion duly made and carried the clerk's salary was fixed at $75.00 for the ensuing year.

On motion duly made and carried the recorder's bond was fixed at $500.00.

On motion duly made and carried the treasurer's bond was fixed at $4,000.

On motion duly made and carried bill of R. J. McKercher for six months salary as councilman and clerk of election was allowed. Total $7.00.

On motion duly made and carried the marshal's salary was fixed at $15.00 per month; his duties to be the same as under the same salary the previous year, and he be allowed 10 per cent on dog tax collected, and he be pound master, marshal, dog tax and poll tax collector, fire warden, and it be his duty to repair any small deficiency in sidewalks that may be necessary.

The applicants for village marshal were as follows: George Bakko, John Forseen, and H. O. Jackson.

Motion made and seconded that we vote by ballot for marshall. Motion carried.

The result of the ballot was as follows: John Forseen received four votes and consequently was elected unanimously. John Forseen was declared elected.

On motion duly made and carried the dog tax was placed at $1.00 for males and $3.00 for females.

On motion duly made and carried the marshal was instructed to notify all holders of gambling machines to remove the same at once.

Moved and seconded that we, the members of the village council, endorse the movement that has been started relative to the establishment of a reading room and library in the village of St. Hilaire. Motion carried.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

Notice

PROPOSAL FOR REMODELING COURT HOUSE.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county comissioners of Pennington county, at the office of the county auditor, in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn. until eleven o'clock a. m. April 22, 1911, for remodeling court house, as per plans and specifications on file with county auditor of said county.

Certified check to the amount of 10 percent of bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, must accompany each bid.

The county board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

m8-2t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio
Clerk of Board.

Blue Shield Coffee

I will demonstrate Blue Shield coffee next Friday, April 14. Come in and try a cup. **A. H. Pitkin.**

River Falls Election

The first election of the reorganized town of River Falls was held last Tuesday and the following officers were elected:

Supervisors—John Kjonikson, William Cuno, Walter Swanson.
Clerk—Olaf Nelson.
Treasurer—Andrew Mortenson.
Assessor—John R. Gotler.
Justice—Herman Barstad.
Constables—John Mortenson, John Hogquist.

Red Acre Farm

The senior class of the Thief River River Falls high school presented its play, "Red Acre Farm," at the Imperial hall Thursday evening to a full house.

The play is a most pleasing one, being based on early New England rural life and is full of captivating scenes and climaxes. It was done full justice to by the excellent acting of the young amateurs. To Raymond Pope as manager of the affair is due great credit for the manner in which it was handled. Andy Dahl did the bad young man to perfection.

Right of Way In New York.

Most people in New York think Uncle Sam's mail wagons are supreme. They are not. The hospital ambulance comes first. Life is more sacred than mail, and when the ambulance gong gongs clear the track. Next in importance is the fire engine. Property is more important than mail, and when the engine toots and the bells ring clear the way. Then the mail wagons, which have precedence over everything but the ambulance and fire engine. This is settled by city ordinance.—New York Press.

Lingering Superstitions.

"Will a lucky gentlewoman give an unlucky one a tiny mascot to bring luck?" runs an advertisement in an English paper. Here was a poor soul —for if there is a creature on the face of the earth whose fate calls for pity it is a gentlewoman who is down—keeping in her poverty some of that superstition or faith, whatever it may be called, which is the only thing that keeps misfortune from crushing the sufferer. If only she could get the right charm she might induce fate to look kindly on her! People call this a practical age, but evidences of superstition continue to appear. A lawsuit not long ago revealed the fact that an astrologer kept a motorcar and had a fine house, etc., all of which came out of the proceeds of a zodiacal magazine.

As Exemplified.

Having given his order twenty minutes before and seeing no indications that his dinner was ready, the man with the sparse whiskers beckoned to a waiter.

"My friend," he said, "perhaps I have made a mistake. Is this a pay as you enter restaurant?"

"No, sir," responded the young man in the white apron, yawning. "This is a dinner cooked while you wait restaurant."

Thereupon he resumed his dreamy, contemplative attitude, and the man with the sparse whiskers waited some more.—Chicago Tribune.

A Reply to Gladstone.

"Gladstone had no great scientific knowledge," said an English writer, "and at a dinner, when Faraday described an important new scientific discovery, the premier showed indifference.

"'After all,' he said, hiding a yawn behind his hand, 'what use will it ever be?'

"'Why,' said Faraday, 'there's every probability, sir, that some day you'll be able to tax it.'"

A Turn Down.

Stranger—Beg pardon, mister; I'm a stranger in dese parts. Farmer Hargis—Wall, I dunno of anybody that wants to git acquainted with ye. Turns away.—Boston Transcript.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

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HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

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REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

Fog and Sound.

In a fog at sea the toll of a bell buoy is singularly grave and solemn, well matched by the weird note of a whistling buoy. Unfortunately the value of both is lessened in foggy weather from there being but little motion of the sea. Nothing, too, is more difficult than to distinguish in a fog the direction from which a sound comes. This is in part due doubtless to the interference offered to the straight course of the waves carrying the sound, but also probably to the absence of the normal, although unsuspected, co-ordination of eye and ear in locating the origin of sound. The assistance of the eye on sea and land is instinctively given to the ear in many different ways. In a fog the ear has only itself to trust to.—London Spectator.

Describing a Railroad.

The Pall Mall Gazette in 1890 asked its readers to name the worst railway in England. And one English kicker answered thus: "Sir—The Southeastern railway is the very worst railway in the world. The engines are asthmatic. Its lamps are trimmed by foolish virgins. Its fares are excessive. Its carriages let in the snow in winter and are furnaces in summer. Its motto is unpunctuality. Its principal station is approached through the neck of a bottle. It ruins the temper, destroys the digestion and enables one to realize the horrors of Dante's 'Inferno.' I am, sir, yours obediently, the Worm Who Turns."

He Earned the Hat.

Barty Hilliard, who many years ago lived in a small town in northern Vermont, was noted for his careless vagabond habits, ready wit and remarkable facility for extempore rhyming. While he was sitting one day in the village store of what is now a part of Montpelier among a group of idlers the genial merchant asked him why he wore such a shockingly bad hat. Barty replied that he could not afford a better one.

"Come now," said the merchant, "make me a rhyme on a bad hat, and I will give you the best I have in my store." Instantly Barty threw the old one on the floor and began:

Here lies my old hat,
And pray what of that?
It's as good as the rest of my raiment!
If I buy me a better
You'll make me your debtor
And send me to jail for the payment.

The new hat was voted to be fairly won, and Barty bore it off in triumph, saying, "It's a poor head that can't take care of itself."—Boston Herald.

Guns.

The Germans were the inventors of the first gun. About 1378 Schwartz, a German machinist, manufactured numerous crude guns which were brought into use by the Venetians in 1392. It is a strange fact that cannon were made before small firearms. At Amberg there is still a piece of ordnance marked with the date 1303. Cannon were first used in war at the battle of Crecy, in 1346. It was not until 1544, however, that they were made in England.

Well Turned.

"How old are you?" asked the insurance agent of the lady.

It was thoughtless of him, and her indignant "Sir!" brought him straightway to his senses.

"Of course, you will understand," he went on, "that we have to be careful about making contracts. I merely wished to assure myself that you are legally of age."

Made Him Sick.

A noted golfer one afternoon played rather badly. He turned to his caddie after he had foozled a drive and said in his genial way:

"This isn't a pleasant spectacle for you. I'm as bad as a Scotch laird at St. Andrews. The St. Andrews caddies are all old men, and one day when this laird was in especially bad form his caddie, after nine holes of missed shots and putts, shook his gray old head, surrendered the laird's bag of clubs to another caddie and said:

"'Ye'll no mind, laird? I made but a poor breakfast this mornin', and I'm no in a condition to stand any mair o't.'"

WANTED 100 NEW Subscribers

CHURCHES

Norwegian Synod Church.—No services tomorrow. Services Wednesday evening at 10:30, with communion. Services Easter Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Rev. S. T. Palm, Pastor.

United Lutheran Church.—Services, with communion, tomorrow at 1 o'clock.

Sunday school at 2 p. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services at 10:30 a m, subject of sermon, "The Triumphal Entry;" at 7:30 p. m., subject, "The Crucifixion."

Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.

Rev. A. Hanson, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday evening, April 9, at 7:45 o'clock.

Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

Rev. Alex Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. Fricker, N. G.

C. F. Post, Sec

M. W. A. Camp 3890 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

E. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lysette, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Hall's Grocery Store

G. FELLMAN

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S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Aunie Adams was a Thief River visitor on Wednesday.

Miss Louise Wilson went to Wylie yesterday to visit friends.

Mrs. Jacob Einerson returned Monday from a visit to Crookston.

There will be services at the United church Good Friday at 8 o'clock p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Loberg returned Wednesday morning from their visit to Wadena.

Leonard Holmes and Tom Hovet drove to Thief River Falls and returned Wednesday.

There will be services in the Eastside school house Friday evening, April 14, at 7:30.

George Biskey visited Thief River Falls Tuesday after he returned from his mail delivery.

Mrs. C. A. Skeie and son Od went Wednesday to Rhoda, Minn., to visit with Mrs. S. B. Swanson.

Mrs. L. O. Williams of Thief River Falls has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Carl Steen, this week.

C. H. Martz did some surveying work in the vicinity of Brooks in Red Lake county the first of the week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

The M. E. Industrial club will meet at the Oddfellows' building on Wednesday and serve lunch from 3:30 until 6 p. m.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

The Young People's sewing society of Black River meets Friday evening, April 21, at the home of Mrs. A. P. Eckstrom.

We are requested to state that cream will now be received at the creamery on Wednesdays in addition to Mondays and Fridays.

Next week occurs the Easter vacation in the village schools. The teachers will be glad of the opportunity to make short visits to their homes.

The Thief River Falls team did not show up at the base ball diamond Sunday as announced, but a game was pulled off, nevertheless between the local team and a pick-up nine.

O. A. Naplin came down from Thief River Thursday on the freight and left for his home in Polk Center township, where he was summoned by the serious illness of his mother.

For Sale. The Atlantic hotel and two lots, in Thief River Falls. Hotel contains seventeen rooms. Good location, one block from Soo depot. Address P A. Biixt, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

August Larson, who has made his home with his brother, Rev. F. L. Larson, this winter, and Alfred Anderson went Monday to Spooner, where they will be engaged in carpenter work this summer.

Miss Mary Anderson returned on Saturday from Thief River Falls, in the vicinity of which she has just closed a successful term of school. She takes up the work again next Monday near Red Lake Falls.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Mrs. Hans Anderson left Thursday for Bowbells, N. D., after a four months' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Anderson of this place. Her mother and sister Hilda accompanied her as far as Thief River Falls.

Walter Smith, Conrad Johnson, and Wilbur Rice, of Thief River Falls, and Andy Dahl, who is attending the High school there, were down the first of the week arranging for the production here Thursday evening of their class play.

Elliott has buyers, real live ones. List your farm.

A letter from Oscar Gunstad states that the bunk house, warehouse, and roof of cook shack, belonging to the Larson Bros.' lumber company at Salol, where Oscar is employed, were burned Monday, and he lost all his clothes except what he had on his back. Some of the men barely escaped with their lives and several lost neat little rolls of money.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Corrected Every Friday.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.83
" 2 "	.81
" 3 "	.77
Flax, 1	2.31
" 2	2.21
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.13½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	@2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

Clean Up Notice

Property holders are hereby notified to clear their property of all refuse, garbage, and other obnoxious substances. Time is given until the 25th day of April, when the annual inspection will be made and steps taken to enforce the order,

Given by order of board of health. Dr. C. Swanson, Health Officer.

N. N. Larson went Wednesday to Fisher for a short visit with friends.

H. O. Haugen went to Red Lake Falls Monday on a business mission.

F. W. Busse returned Thursday from a business visit to Grand Forks.

Miss Anna Boehm returned on Wednesday from a week's visit at Crookston.

Civil Engineer C. H. Martz has been nursing a bad cold this week but he is now on the mend.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

There will be Mission church services Sunday morning, April 9, at the home of Mrs. M. Miller in Black River.

H. T. McAnulty, a former superintendent of schools of Red Lake county, spent a few hours in town on Wednesday.

Charles Johnson, formerly of this place, now of Thief River Falls, was an over night visitor here last Thursday night.

Joakim Arneson will exhibit a series of moving pictures and colored views at the United church Monday evening.

Seed Barley for Sale. Clean and ready for seeding. Will sell while it lasts for $1.00 per bushel. a1-2t C. H. Martz.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Tuesday afternoon, the 18th inst., at the home of Mrs. Erick Person.

Mrs. D. Lazar very pleasantly entertained her brother, I. Solow, and his wife a few days this week. They returned Thursday to their home at Fargo.

I will have a lady demonstrating Blue Shield coffee next Friday from 11 a. m. until 2:30 p. m. Come in and sample a cup of good coffee.

A. H. Pitkin.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

The state apportionment money for the public schools of this county was received by the county treasurer this week. The amount was $4,365.20 and is apportioned on the basis of $1.90 for each pupil.

Rev. Alex Sand and August Swanson of this place, Anton Peterson of Wyandotte, and Charles Johnson of Black River attended the Swedish Synod conference at Moorhead this week, returning on Thursday.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Enright returned this morning from California, where they have spent the winter, remaining at Los Angeles the greater portion of the time. They are both pleased with California as a winter resort. They went to Red Lake Falls this morning, near where they reside on one of the best farms in Red Lake county. Mr. Enright states that things are fairly lively out west and that Los Angeles is certainly some kind of a city, with a population now of over 319,000 and forging ahead by leaps and bounds.—Crookston Times, Monday.

Our Spring Opening Sale

Begins Monday, March 27

NEW LINE OF LADIES'

Waists, Skirts, and Petticoats

During this sale we will give FREE one beautiful Ladies' Belt, with every Skirt sold, and and beautiful Breast Pin with every Waist.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians

Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

Notice

Notice is hereby given that all County Revenue warrants against Pennington county, registered on or before March 28, 1911, are now payable. Interest will stop on such warrants thirty days after the date of this notice.

a1-3t Andrew Trotaten, County Treasurer.

Black River

A bunch of young folks spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gunnard Lindquist.

Elisa Hendrickson closed her school in district No. 24 Wednesday afternoon.

A few of the young folks spent Sunday evening at the Carlson home.

A few members of the sewing club gave a card party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Axel Jacobson Wednesday evening. Prizes were given to Mrs. A. V. Jacobson and Mr. Eddie Carlson.

Misses Nora and Anna Swanson and Lizzie Jacobson came from St. Hilaire to attend the card party.

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

DIED

Mrs Sander Engebretson died Thursday evening, April 13, at her home in Sanders township, of heart trouble. Mrs. Engebretson was 67 years of age at the time of her death, and with her husband was among the first settlers of this section.

Funeral services will be held at the Landstad church next Tuesday afternoon, Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating.

The board of education met on Wednesday evening. Miss Webb sent in her declination of the appointment as teacher in the primary department, having accepted a position in the Warroad schools. Miss Polyblank, who was appointed as teacher of the Sixth and Seventh grades, did not accept the salary offered her, and the position has been tendered to Miss Alice Wiltse of the Grand Forks normal.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

Epworth League

The Epworth League will hold its monthly business and devotional meeting on Tuesday evening, the 11th inst., at 8 p. m. in the Methodist church.

The speakers of the evening are as follows:

Mrs. A. Hanson....A Good Soldier
Miss Lily Boehm.....Temptations
Miss Mary Carpenter.......A Good Servant but Bad Master
N. N. Larson......Prayer the Greatest of Missionary Forces

Each of these topics will be subject to discussion. All are welcome. Come and see.

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Spring House Cleaning

That's What Your Body Needs

Digesto

MALT EXTRACT

Sweeps Away Sluggishness and Installs Energy—It's Palatable Too

Help Easily Obtained FROM YOUR DRUGGIST

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MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

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$1000.00 Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of Calumet Baking Powder

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Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
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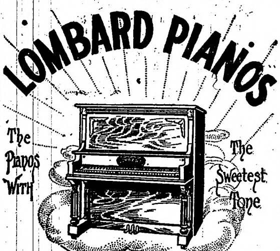
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proved to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

BETTER TEETH FEWER DENTIST'S BILLS

Your teeth decay because particles of food get into crevices between and around the teeth and create germs of decay. Ordinary tooth powders and washes are entirely inadequate to prevent it.

Try Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic, a delicious, harmless germicide. Just a little in a glass of water, and rinse the mouth and brush the teeth thoroughly.

It will whiten the teeth, prevent and remove tartar, destroy all germs of decay and save you dentist's bills.

Paxtine thoroughly cleanses, deodorizes and keeps pure and odorless false teeth and bridgework. Paxtine is far superior to liquid antiseptics and peroxide for all toilet and hygienic uses. At Druggists 25 and 50c, or sent postpaid upon receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass. Send for a free sample.

Moisant's Comparison.

"The late John B. Moisant was a genial as well as a skillful airman," said a Chicago editor.

"I remember well a visit he once made me, with drawings of an aeroplane of his own invention under his arm. I joked him a little about the machine—it certainly had a heavy, awkward look. But he said with a laugh:

"'Oh, don't judge even an aeroplane by its outside. What if the man who discovered the oyster hadn't stopped to pry open the shell?'"

After a Big Haul.

"Binks used to be daft on the subject of buried treasure. What's he up to now?"

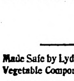
"He's got up an expedition to Asia Minor to try to find the place where Methuselah stored his birthday presents."

Better general health is sure to follow the use of the natural Herb laxative, Garfield Tea. It corrects constipation.

It is no use running; to set out betimes is the main point.—La Fontaine.

CHANGE IN WOMAN'S LIFE

Made Safe by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



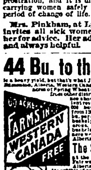
Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. Chas. Barclay, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing woman's ills such as inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

44 Bu. to the Acre


60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts. Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.)

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Pettit's Eye Salve 100 YEARS OLD SURE RELIEF EYE TROUBLES

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

MESSAGE IS BRIEF

TAFT COMMUNICATED HIS IDEAS ON RECIPROCITY TO THE SPECIAL SESSION.

"A COMMERCIAL PROPOSITION"

Believes That General Sentiment of Both American and Canadian People Desire Mutual Increase in Trade.

Washington, April 5. — President Taft's message to the special session of Congress was read in both Houses. The message follows: "To the Senate and House of Representatives: "I transmitted to the Sixty-first Congress on January 6 last, the text of the reciprocity trade agreement which had been negotiated under my direction by the Secretary of State with the representatives of the Dominion of Canada. This agreement was the consummation of earnest efforts extending over a period of nearly a year, on the part of both Governments to effect a trade arrangement which supplementing as it did, the amicable settlement of various questions of a diplomatic and political character that had been reached would mutually promote commerce and would strengthen the friendly relations now existing.

The agreement in its intent and in its terms was purely economic and commercial. While the general subject was under discussion by the commissioners, I felt assured that the sentiment of the people of the United States was such that they would welcome a measure which would result in the increase of trade on both sides of the boundary line, would open up the reserve productive resources of Canada to the great mass of our own consumers on advantageous conditions and at the same time offer a broader outlet for the excess products of our farms and many of our industries.

Details regarding a negotiation of this kind necessarily could not be made public while the conferences were pending. However, the full text of the agreement with the accompanying correspondence and data explaining both its purpose and its scope became known to the people. Throughout the message transmitted to congress it was immediately apparent that the ripened fruits of the careful labors of the commissioners met with widespread approval.

This approval has been strengthened by further consideration of the terms of the agreement in all their particulars. The volume of support which has developed shows that its broadly national scope is fully appreciated and is responsive to the popular will. The House of Representatives of the Sixty-First Congress, after the failure of the arrangement with all the details in regard to the different provisions had been before it, as they were before the American people, passed a bill affirming the agreement as negotiated and as transmitted to congress. This measure failed of action in the Senate. In my transmitting message of the 26th of January, I fully set forth the character of the agreement and emphasized its appropriateness and necessity as a response to the mutual needs of the people of the two countries as well as its common advantages.

I now lay that message and the reciprocal trade agreement, as integrally a part of the present message, before the Sixty-Second Congress and again invite earnest attention to the considerations therein expressed. I am constrained in deference to popular sentiment and with a realizing sense of my duty to the great masses of our people whose welfare is involved to urge upon your consideration early action on this agreement.

In concluding the negotiations the representatives of the two countries bound themselves to use their utmost efforts to bring about the tariff changes provided for in the agreement by concurrent legislation at Washington and Ottawa. I have felt it my duty, therefore, not to acquiesce in relegation of action until the opening of the Congress in December, but to use my constitutional prerogative and convoke the Sixty-Second Congress in extra session in order that there shall be no break of continuity in considering and acting upon this most important subject.

(Signed) WILLIAM H. TAFT.

New P. O. Orders.

Fargo.—An official P. O. D. order was received here to close the carriers' window in the local postoffice here on Sundays. The general delivery window will be open one hour.

Cloudburst in Kentucky.

Middlesboro, Kentucky.—Damage estimated at over $1,000,000 was caused in Middlesboro and the Yellow Creek Valley by a cloudburst.

Kenyon's Vote Falling Off.

Des Moines, Iowa. — The new names were injected into the senatorial fight, three votes being cast for G. M. Curtis of Clinton, former congressman, and one for Paul E. Stillman, speaker of the house. The naming of Mr. Stillman was the signal for a burst of applause from the legislators. The three votes cast for Curtis were formerly for Funk, who is a great friend of Curtis. The vote was as follows: Kenyon 61, Deemer 35, Porter 51; Curtis 3, Stillman 1; total votes cast, 151; necessary to elect, 76.

O'MALLEY TO A NEW CELL.

Prisoner Taken to Chaska Because Jail in Own County Was Condemned.

Le Sueur Center.—Martin O'Malley, who has been held in jail here awaiting the fixing of the day of execution by the governor, was removed to the Carver county jail at Chaska. The grand jury of this county condemned the jail here as unsanitary and unsafe, and it was for this reason, and not for fear of a demonstration against the prisoner, that the application for the transfer was made.

To Get Its Beneficial Effects, Always Buy the Genuine

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Sold by all leading Druggists

One Size Only, 50¢ a Bottle

Convulsions

Many times convulsion and fits among children are caused by worms. Give them Kickapoo Worm Killer—it will get rid of all worms. If your child hasn't worms, it will tone and clean the system, and bring robust health.

So good and so harmless that we publish the formula in our free book which is sent for the asking. Show it to any physician and ask his opinion. At all druggists or by mail, 25 cents.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

A Cold Comparison.

"So you are going to give up poetry?"

"I am," replied the earnest youth. "I'm goin to study medicine. A prescription commands enormously more respect than a poem."

IS EPILEPSY CONQUERED?

New York Physicians Have Many Cures to Their Credit.

New York, April 4.—Advices from every direction fully confirm previous reports that the remarkable treatment for epilepsy being administered by the consulting physicians of the Dr. Waterman Institute is achieving wonderful results. Old and stubborn cases have been greatly benefited and many patients claim to have been entirely cured.

Persons suffering from epilepsy should write at once to Dr. Waterman Institute, 123 East 25th st., Branch C8, New York, for a supply of the remedy, which is being distributed gratuitously.

His Interest.

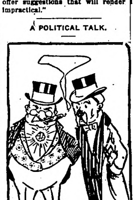
"You are going to interest yourself in this reform enterprise?"

"Certainly," replied Senator Sorghum.

"But I thought it was unfavorable to your friends."

"It is. And I'm going to interest myself in it far enough to let me offer suggestions that will render it impractical."

A POLITICAL TALK.



"We've scoured the town for votes."

"And now I suppose you expect a clean election."

COFFEE HEART

Very Plain in Some People.

A great many people go on suffering from annoying ailments for a long time before they can get their own consent to give up the indulgence from which their trouble arises.

A gentleman in Brooklyn describes his experience, as follows:

"I became satisfied some months ago that I owed the palpitation of the heart from which I suffered almost daily, to the use of coffee, (I had been a coffee drinker for 30 years) but I found it very hard to give up the beverage.

"One day I ran across a very sensible and straightforward presentation of the claims of Postum, and was so impressed thereby that I concluded to give it a trial.

"My experience with it was unsatisfactory till I learned how it ought to be prepared—by thorough boiling for not less than 15 or 20 minutes. After I learned that lesson there was no trouble.

"Postum proved to be a most palatable and satisfactory hot beverage, and I have used it ever since.

"The effect on my health has been most salutary. The heart palpitation from which I used to suffer so much, particularly after breakfast, has disappeared and I never have a return of it except when I dine or lunch away from home and drink the old kind of coffee because Postum is not served. I find that Postum cheers and invigorates while it produces no harmful stimulation." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ten days' trial proves an eye opener to many.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Little Falls.—The big sawmill of the Pine Tree Mfg. Co. began operations and will run with full crew night and day during the season.

Minneapolis.—Dean William Sullivan Pattee, head of the college of law, University of Minnesota, since its inauguration, died after a protracted illness. He was 65 years old.

Minneapolis. — The Second Church of Christ Scientist, was badly damaged by fire which broke out in a storage room in the basement and spread up into the Sunday school room.

White Earth.—The maple sugar makers are busy with splendid prospects of a big yield from the sugar orchards. New settlers who purchase land on the reservation are coming in every day.

Minneapolis. — Reverend Nils Frykman, for many years a pastor in the Swedish Evangelical Covenant, died after an illness of two months, at his home. He was 68 years old and one of the best known ministers in the covenant.

Monticello.—Professor A. H. Dunton, for many years superintendent of schools at McIntosh, was chosen superintendent of the Monticello schools. Miss Bessie Lewis was re-elected superintendent of the domestic science department.

Faribault.—A mass meeting was held in this city for the purpose of organizing a civic league. The object of the league will be for the betterment of the city. All of the local literary clubs are interested in the movement and are back of it.

Litchfield.—The trial of Ole Nelson, a local saloonkeeper, charged with selling liquor to a minor, resulted in his conviction, and he has appealed the case to the district court. The liquor question will be the main issue at the coming city election.

Hibbing.—An important ordinance was passed at the meeting of the council, whereby in the future no license to sell intoxicating liquor shall be granted to any man who is not a citizen of the United States, and no transfer shall be granted to any man who is not a full citizen.

Washington. — The Minneapolis Threshing Machine Company has filed a complaint with the Interstate Commerce Commission against the Milwaukee and St. Louis and San Francisco roads, alleging overcharge on a shipment of its products from Hopkins, Minn., to Memphis, Tenn.

Winona.—Company C of this city of the Second regiment of state militia underwent inspection by Captain P. Kobees of Fort Lincoln, the boys being in olive drab uniforms in heavy marching order, ready to take to the field. Captain Kobees expressed himself as pleased with the showing made.

Brainerd.—All parties, Republican, Democratic and Socialist, are bending their energies to win in the city election April 4. Ex-Congressman Eddy, of the Ninth district, spoke at a Republican rally last week. Eddy spoke on local issues, as well as giving the history of the men who sidetracked reapportionment.

Winona.—The new steamer Morning Star of the Northern Packet line will start running in the packet trade between Davenport and St. Paul about April 1. It will probably leave Davenport every Saturday afternoon for St. Paul and will reach Davenport on the return trip on Friday. The boat can accommodate 120 people.

Tracy.—Carl Bushman, 18, and Norman Nelson, 24 years old, were drowned in Lake Sarah while fishing. A farmer noticed the boat floating keel up and gathering a number of neighbors with boats the searched the bottom of the lake adjacent to the boat. Both bodies were recovered. Both boys are sons of widowed mothers.

Duluth.—The Two Harbors high school debating team defeated Moorhead at Two Harbors. Two Harbors had the negative side of "Resolved, that Minnesota cities should adopt the commission form of government." The winner of the debate between the Humboldt high school of St. Paul and the Houston high school will meet the Two Harbors team.

St. Paul.—One hundred and fifteen locomotives on the Great Northern line will have their grates taken out and oil-burning grates put in, that crude oil may be burned for fuel. The decision of the road to make the change is of great importance to lumbermen of Minneapolis, to whom the disastrous western forest fires of last year brought much concern and serious losses.

Eveleth. — A fire of unknown origin did damage to the amount of about $13,000 to the building which housed the Othello theater, the Eveleth Star, and Home Electric and Heating Co. The damage to the theater was $5,000. The newspaper suffered an equal loss on press and linotype. Theatrical people announce losses amounting to $2,000 in personal effects, and the heating company, $1,000. The heating company was protected by insurance. The building is owned by P. E. Dowling of Duluth.

"Dead" 29 Years, He Returns.

La Crosse, Wis. — Mourned for dead for 29 years, John H. Knothe appeared at the home of his son, John H. Knothe, Jr., here and introduced himself to his children, all of whom had forgotten him. Twenty-nine years ago Knothe and his wife separated and Knothe disappeared. He had not since been heard from and was presumed to be dead. He worked for years as a cigarmaker and finally accumulated money enough to enter the packing business at Galveston, where he is now wealthy.

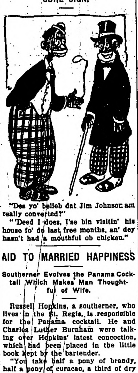
Bishop Attacks Harem Skirt.

Havana, Cuba. — The Rt. Rev. Gonzales Estrada, bishop of Havana, has issued a pastoral letter condemning the so-called harem skirt as immoral and un-Christian and punishing its use by excommunication.

Choked, Victim of Robbers.

Chicago, Ill. — Levi A. Raven, proprietor of a stock food firm and reputed to be wealthy, was found dead in his office. He is believed to have been the victim of robbers who choked him to death and ransacked the place.

SURE SIGN.



"Des yo' belieb dat Jim Johnson am really converted?"

"'Deed I does, I'se bin visitin' his house fo' de last free months, an' dey hasn't had a mouthful ob chicken."

AID TO MARRIED HAPPINESS

Southerner Evolves the Panama Cocktail Which Makes Man Thoughtful of Wife.

Russell Hopkins, a southerner, who lives in the St. Regis, is responsible for the Panama cocktail. He and Charles Luther Burnham were talking over Hopkins' latest concoction, which had been placed in the little book kept by the bartender.

"You take half a pony of brandy, half a pony of curacao, a third of dry gin and French or Italian vermouth, and there you are—there's your drink before dinner," said Hopkins.

"Yes," interposed Burnham, "it's a cocktail all right. One of your friends came in here the other day with more than $300 in his wallet. He was initiated into the mysteries of the Panama cocktail. He seemed all right when he left, but he was found the following day in a ferry-house hugging a set of furs he had bought for his wife. From what could be gleaned from him he had, on a passably warm day, thought his wife ought to have new furs, and, with that idea, he went to a store and spent all the cash in his pocketbook for a set.—New York Press.

A NEW LIGHT.

Blaugas—A German Invention.

For many years it has been the endeavor of scientific men to produce an illuminating and fuel gas that could be easily transported, and at the same time give all the advantages of a city gas plant. No one had been able to accomplish this until Herman Blau, a chemist of Ausberg, Germany, invented the gas which has since been named after him. After extensive experiments a liquified gas was produced, that was not only easily transported, but had many advantages over other illuminating and cooking gases. It can be used with the piping of any gas system and with any kind of fixtures. As it is sent to the consumer in steel bottles, it is easily handled, all that is required is to attach bottle to the piping, there's no ashes to remove, nothing to clean, nothing to do but turn on gas and use it. It is absolutely the safest gas made, as it is non-poisonous, non-asphyxiating and the least explosive.

Another feature is the cheapness with which it can be produced, as it is made of a by-product of petroleum and the entire factory is run by this by-product.

A number of prominent business men of St. Paul, Minnesota, have incorporated the Northwestern Blaugas Company and obtained exclusive rights to manufacture and sell Blaugas in the States of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, the northern part of Wisconsin and the upper peninsula of Michigan. They have already received numerous orders for gas and plants, showing the large demand that will come as soon as the factory is completed. A limited number of shares of preferred stock in the company are for sale and enough common stock will be given to make it extremely profitable to those who write promptly.

Descriptive literature and information gladly sent.

NORTHWESTERN BLAUGAS CO.,
50 E. 5th St., St. Paul, Minn.

Preponderance of Evidence.

"Sorry," said the constable, "but I'll have to arrest ye—you been drivin' along at the rate of 60 miles an hour."

"You are wrong, my friend," said the driver. "I wasn't, and here's a ten-dollar bill that says I wasn't."

"All right," returned the constable, pocketing the money. "With 11 to one against me I ain't goin' to subject the county to th' expense of a trial."—Harper's Weekly.

Unfortunate Allusion.

She—Too many men expect their wives to run their homes on practically nothing. They forget that no one can make bricks without straw.

He—My wife does—out of flour."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, aching feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Refuse substitutes.* For FREE trial package, address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Occasionally or oftener people lead a man to believe they admire him when in reality they are only trying to work him.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Think all you speak, but speak not all you think.—Delarem.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood, eradicates rheumatism, gout and other diseases.

A suspicious woman raises a large crop of doubts.

Up-Set Sick Feeling

that follows taking a dose of castor oil, salts or calomel, is about the worst you can endure—Ugh—it gives one the creeps. You don't have to have it—CASCARETS move the bowels—tone up the liver—without these bad feelings. Try them. 914

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

How He Averted a Duel.

The following is told of former Senator Joe Blackburn of Kentucky:

In the days of his youth the Kentuckian was asked by a friend to second him in a duel. He consented, and at sunrise the parties met at the appointed place. Now, it was this Kentuckian's duty to say the last words touching the terms of the duel. But, although he faithfully performed this duty, the duel never took place.

A murmur of "Why not?" invariably goes around whenever this story is told, whereupon the answer is as follows:

"For a very simple reason. When Joe finished speaking it was too dark for a duel."—Harper's Magazine.

Gentle Hint.

He (after silence)—I'll soon have to go away on a trip to bore wells.

She (tartly)—Well, I'm sure that is a big improvement over boring people.

Household troubles: Headache, Toothache, Earache, Stomach ache. Hamlins Wizard Oil cures these aches and pains so why don't you keep a bottle in the house.

Men astonish themselves far more than they astonish their friends.—John Oliver Hobbes.

Spring Humors

Come to most people and cause many troubles,—pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, biliousness, indigestion and headache.

The sooner you get rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Spring Medicine par excellence as shown by unequaled, radical and permanent cures.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

Don't Buy a Common Refrigerator

It will soon become a vile smelling, disease breeding thing. Our free booklet tells why. Ask for it.

Buy the **Leonard Cleanable**

Lined with real porcelain enamel on sheet steel, all one piece. Not a crack or crevice for germs to hide. You can't break, scratch or mar it, easily cleaned as a china dish, nine walls to save ice; odorless, sanitary and durable, cheapest in the end. We sell direct where we have no dealer. Write today for catalog, booklet and free samples of the porcelain lining.

GRAND RAPIDS REFRIGERATOR CO.
153 Clyde Park Avenue Grand Rapids, Mich.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package —other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

FOR **PINK EYE** DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA

Solvay Coke
90% Carbon
Clean
Sanitary
Smokeless
Coal
23% Waste
Smoke
Soot
Ashes.

Your Choice

Take your choice. Coal with its disagreeable and expensive features or Solvay Coke which is practically pure carbon—the heat element. 100,000 households burn Milwaukee Solvay Coke—the clean, sanitary, smokeless, sootless and economical fuel.

Buy Milwaukee

SOLVAY COKE

"The Fuel Without a Fault"

It can be used in any furnace, range, stove or grate suitable for coal—saves 20 per cent of fuel cost. Solvay Coke means complete combustion—no waste, no smoke, no soot, no ashes to sift.

Warms the house while you would wait for hard coal to get *started.*

2,000 dealers in the Northwest sell Milwaukee Solvay Coke—all sizes—ask your dealer, and write for interesting booklet of coke information to

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1911. NUMBER 40.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR PUBLIC CONTROL

VAIL FOR REGULATION AS WELL AS PUBLICITY.

SAYS BOTH HERE TO STAY

Frank Recognition of Public Rights by the President of Western Union and Telephone Companies.

Public regulation of public service corporations has come to stay. It ought to have come and it ought to stay. That is the flat and unequivocal assertion of Theodore N. Vail, president of both the American Telephone and Telegraph company and the Western Union Telegraph company. It came in the form of his annual report to the seventy thousand stockholders of the two great corporations. Although Mr. Vail's advocacy of full publicity in connection with the affairs of such concerns was well understood, nobody in financial circles had anticipated so frank an avowal of full public rights in the shaping of their general conduct. It came consequently as a surprise, not only because of its novelty and squareness, but also on account of the unqualified acquiescence of a board of directors comprising such eminent and conservative financiers as Robert Winsor of Kidder, Peabody & Co., and Henry L. Higginson of Boston, Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co.; Senator W. Murray Crane, George F. Baer, T. Jefferson Coolidge Jr., Norman W. Harris, John I. Waterbury and others.

President Vail's declaration is heralded as the first recognition by those in high corporate authority of the justice of the demand that the public be regarded as virtual partners in all matters that pertain to the common welfare. He goes directly to the point.

"Public control or regulation of public service corporations by permanent commissions," he says, "has come and come to stay. Control, or regulation, to be effective means publicity; it means semi-public discussion and consideration before action; it means everything which is the opposite of and inconsistent with effective competition. Competition—aggressive, effective competition—means strife, industrial warfare; it means contention; it oftentimes means taking advantage of or resorting to any means that the conscience of the contestants or the degree of the enforcement of the laws will permit.

"Aggressive competition means duplication of plant and investment. The ultimate object of such competition is the possession of the field wholly or partially; therefore it means either ultimate combination on such basis and with such prices as will cover past losses, or it means loss of return on investment, and eventual loss of capital. However it results, all costs of aggressive, uncontrolled competition are eventually borne, directly or indirectly, by the public. Competition which is not aggressive, presupposes co-operative action, understandings, agreements, which result in general uniformity or harmony of action, which, in fact, is not competition but is combination, unstable, but for the time effective. When thoroughly understood it will be found that "control" will give more of the benefits and public advantages, which are expected to be obtained through such ownership, and will obtain them without the public burden of either the public officeholder or public debt or operating deficit.

"When through a wise and judicious state control and regulation all the advantages without any of the disadvantages of state ownership are secured, state ownership is doomed."

"If Mr. Vail is right," says Harper's Weekly, in a concise summing-up, "then it seems pretty plain that we are entered upon a new era in both economics and politics. And it is high time we did if evolution is to supplant revolution as an efficient force in the development of civilization."

Unreliable Physiognomy.

I am a profound disbeliever in physiognomy. Features are false witnesses. Stupidity frequently wears a mask of intelligence. I know business men who look like poets and poets who look like business men. Men of genius invariably look like idiots, and if you pick out the man who looks most eminent in a party you are sure to find he is a nobody. I always distrust men who look magnificent. Nature is a stingy creature. She seldom gives a man the double gift of being great and looking great. She took care to lame Byron and deform Pope and disfigure Johnson. But the crowning example of her jealous parsimony is Shakespeare. I have always been disappointed with Shakespeare's face. It does not live up to his poetry. It is dull, heavy and commonplace.—Adventures in London.

Vegetable Fancy Work.

Little Mrs. Bride had almost everything to learn about housekeeping, but she was so enthusiastic in her interest that every one was glad to help her.

"I have some particularly fine asparagus," the marketman told her one day, and he displayed a bunch for her admiration. "Picked not three hours ago," he added.

Mrs. Bride looked at it with unaffected amazement.

"Does it grow like that?" she asked. "I always supposed the cook braided the ends of it."—Youth's Companion.

THE DISTANCE TARIFF

AFTER STIRRING DEBATE, CRANE MEASURE GOES THROUGH THE LOWER HOUSE.

WILL BE PRESSED IN THE SENATE

Spooner Waterways Bill Declared Unconstitutional—Attorney General's Office Gives Blow to Proposed Measures.

St. Paul, April 13.—Swept aboard the Cashman bandwagon by the recent Sanborn decision, which declared the reduction of Minnesota railway rates unconstitutional and confiscatory, the lower branch of the legislature passed the Crane distance tariff bill by a close vote of 62 to 56. The bill is now up to the senate, where Senator Cashman, its champion of many years' standing, will attempt to press it to a final vote. The bill which lost in the senate several weeks ago is now claimed by its advocates to have the support of a majority of the senators and is admitted by its opponents to have more than an even chance of becoming a law.

The bill which as introduced was an exact copy of the Cashman measure was amended extensively by its author. Amendments were adopted excepting passenger rates from its effect and making it become effective on Jan. 1, 1912. It was also changed so as to discriminate between the large and the small railroad companies. It allows the railroad and warehouse commission to agree upon the maximum rates which may be charged by the companies and provides that the railways should be divided into three classes, the companies netting the smaller amount of gross earnings being allowed a higher maximum rate than the larger companies.

With these exceptions, the bill is an exact copy of the Iowa distance tariff law. It simply means that there shall be no variance in railway rates in any part of the state. Railroads can charge no more for carrying a like quality and like quantity of product for a distance of one mile or one part of its line than another. In other words, if the company charges five cents to carry one ton of hay one mile out of Winona, it must charge the same rate out of Duluth or out of any other town in the state.

The speaker in a strong appeal for southern Minnesota declared that it was pretty nearly time that something was done to eliminate the unjust discrimination which exists in favor of the cities in railway rates. He pointed out that rates in which the large cities are interested are much lower than those given the country districts and that as a result the cities have shown an abnormal gain in population to the detriment of the country districts.

Mr. Dunn cited several rates which exist in the country districts of the state and compared them with the rates in Iowa, where a distance tariff bill exists, to show the unfairness of the present schedule.

City Against Country Cry.

Speaker Dunn in his speech sounded the city against the country cry which was evident during the debate which lasted for nearly three hours. When the final vote was taken the members representing Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, St. Cloud, Winona and Mankato lined up almost solidly against the bill, while the country members favored it. When the roll call was completed the vote stood 60 for the bill and 58 against, which was one short of passing. Before the vote had been announced by the chair, Andrew Anderson, of Stillwater, and Frank Kelly, of Madelia, changed their votes from nays, thereby passing the bill. Great excitement prevailed when Speaker Dunn moved that the vote be reconsidered and expressed the desire that the motion be lost. The ayes and nays were again demanded and the motion lost by a vote of 70 to 47.

The Final Vote.

The roll call was as follows:

Yeas—Aker, Anderson, Andrew, Anderson, A. V. Anderson, J. J., Bouck, Brown, G. W., Brown, L. D., Christie, Conley, Converse, Crane, Davies, Davis, Denzer, Diessner, Dunn, H. H. Farley, Frankson, Hafften, Harding, Hague, Henion, Hoffman, Hopkins, Johnson, C. E., Johnson, J. N., Johnson, J. T., Kelly, Klemer, Knutson, Lee, I. J., Lee, J. F., Lee, S. N., Lindberg, McKenzie, McMartin, Minette, Moriarity, Nelson, A. Nygren, Papke, Peters, Peterson, A. J., Peterson, O., Putman, Reed, Robertson, Robinson, Rustad, Saggau, Sampson, Schwartz, Skartum, Stone, W. T., Sulerud, Utecht, Virtue, Voxland, Warner, C. H., Warner, E., Wescott, White, Whiting.

Nays—Boothroyd, Borgen, Burnquist, Campbell, Clarke, Congdon, Davis, Dunn, R. G., Edwards, Ferguson, Fowler, Fuchs, Greene, Healy, Herzberg, Hillman, Holmberg, Holton, Hurley, Jelinek, Just, Keefe, Knapp, Kneeland, Kunze, Lennon, Liberal, Lundeen, Lydiard, McDonald, McNell, Mattson, Mettling, Morton, Nash, Nelson, H., Nolan, Nye, O'Brien, O'Neil, Orr, Palmer, Perry, Peterson, J. E. Pfaender, Ribenack, Rice, Rines, Schuler, Spooner, Stone, C. E., Sullivan, Thielen, Untiedt, Washburn, Webb, Wisniewski.

Waterways Bill Knocked Out.

The Davidson-Spooner water power bill, known as House File No. 76, received its deathblow through an opinion rendered to the senate by the office of the attorney general that it is unconstitutional. The bill provides for a public water supply commission of three members at salaries from $2,500 to $3,500 a year, with authority to employ engineers and to spend $25,000 a year in carrying out the objects of the bill. It provides for supervision of public water supplies, sewage systems, private and municipal, but these provisions are only incidental. The essence of the bill is found in the provisions in regard to water powers. The bill declares, in substance, that all water powers, developed and undeveloped, existing in Minnesota, belong to the state "for all purposes." It then provides that no water power owner can use any of the waters of a navigable stream or lake, either for water power or for wharfing out for commercial or other purposes, without obtaining a license from the commission, and accepting the same in writing, submitting to all its terms and to all the provisions of the act; and that then he must use and develop his water power under the control of the commission, and develop it as fast as the commission shall require, if it is not fully developed, and that the rates for his products may be controlled by the commission, and that for his products may be controlled by the commission, and that for the privilege of using the water power under the license which he is compelled to get, he must pay an annual rental or toll to the state for each horsepower which is "capable of being used" at his water power. The annual rental is provided to be fixed by the commission each May for the preceding calendar year, and by the terms of the bill may vary from 24 cents per horsepower to $4.80 per horsepower per year, according to the discretion of the commission, these limits being susceptible of change by any future legislation. Other restrictive provisions are also included.

The theory of the bill is, that owners of riparian land have no vested right of user in the use of flowing waters of a stream or in the shore waters of a lake, nor in the beds thereof, which is not subject to an appropriation by the state for "all purposes" including the purpose of raising revenue by charging rental and including such other restrictions as the state may see fit to make. The bill was introduced in the house by representative Spooner and was forced to passage in the house without any hearing from the riparian owners before the committee to which it was referred. When it came to the senate it was referred to the general legislation committee of that body, before which hearings were had by the opponets of the bill. The waterpower interests claimed that, by the settled law of this state, as established by the decisions of the supreme court, the riparian land carries with it, as a vested property right to the riparian owner, the privilege of the exclusive use and benefit of the waterpowers appurtenant to his riparian land and of the use of the shores of the lakes for wharfing and like purposes, subject only to the right of the state in its sovereign capacity to control the beds and waters of streams and lakes for navigation purposes, and they claimed that this bill is an attempt to take away their vested rights and is, therefore, unconstitutional. After several hearings before the senate committee the committee voted to refer the question of the constitutionality of the bill to the attorney general. Hearings were had before the attorney general's office on Monday and Tuesday, and in the opinion just rendered that office advises the senate that the bill cannot affect vested rights, and that under the law of this state the right of the riparian owner to the beneficial use of the waterpower opposite his land is such vested right, and that the senate has no power either to compel a license from the riparian owner, or to require from him a payment for using waterpower appurtenant to his land.

This settles the matter in favor of the contention of the riparian owners. The question was discussed before the attorney general's office as to whether any part of the bill could be held constitutional. It was claimed that it was, both in its title and all its essential provisions a revenue measure, and that, as the means of revenue provided were unconstitutional, and as the provision in the bill for a commission was manifestly for the only purpose of cresting a means of collecting such revenue, therefore the entire bill was unconstitutional. On this point the attorney general's office does not express an opinion, as the office was not agreed upon that point.

Ole Peterson's bill appropriating $5,000 for a monument over the grave of the late John A. Johnson passed the house by a vote of 70 to 22.

The Knuze-Hopkin-Johnson bill repealing the law making it a misdemeanor to attempt suicide passed by a vote of 69 to 9.

A Bill to make wills and last testaments void unless there was written evidence of the will, was passed by the senate. Senators Fosseen and Wilson of Minneapolis were the backers of the bill.

The house passed the Hennepin county delegation bill allowing the city of Minneapolis to issue bonds for the purpose of developing the waterpower by the city.

The blow at breweries which own or operate saloons was aimed in a joint resolution introduced by Senator Saugstad. It directs the attorney general to dissolve all brewing corporations owning saloons.

Hot Times in Tabasco.

Mexico City, Mexico. — El Heraldo publishes a dispatch from San Juan Baustiatia, the capital of the state of Tobasco, stating that the city is surrounded by rebels and that its capture is expected. It is also stated that Pichucaco is surrounded by a large force of rebels. Pichucalo is near San Juan Baustiatia.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, April 8.—After a stormy session the house friends of reapportionment failed to kill the Duxbury-Haycraft-Moonon-Weiss, senate bill providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment limiting the legislative representatives of any one county to six senators. A motion to indefinately postpone the bill lost by a vote of 55 to 56. It was then placed at the foot of general orders.

The bill had passed the senate by a vote of 36 to 24 and is considered a blow at Governor Eberhart's plan to secure the passage of a fair reapportionment bill. It is aimed at the cities and if passed would disfranchise thousands of people.

Election Bill Is Passed.

The senate passed one bill for direct election of United States senators. The bill was one providing for direct election but strictly within party lines. It simply pledged the candidates for the legislature to vote for the candidates for United States senator receiving the highest vote in the party primaries. That is, the majority party in the legislature would be pledged to vote for their party nominee.

The roll-call was as follows: Ayes—Anderson, Bedford, Benson, Boyle, Cashman, Clague, Coller, L. O. Cooke, Dale, Denegre, Dues, Dunn, Dwinnell, Elwell, Foseen, Froshaug, Gunderson, Gunn, Hackney, Hanson, Haycraft, V. L. Johnson, Johnston, Klein, Lende, Marden, Moonan, Murray, Nelson, Odell, Olson, Pauly, Peterson, Pugh, Putnam, Rockne, Saugstad, Stebbins, G. H. Sullivan, Sumberg, Swanson, Thoe, Wallace, Wilson. Total, 44.

Nays—Ahamun, Cheadle, C. F. Cook, Donaldson, Duxbury, Glotzbach, Handlan, C. D. Johnson, L'Herault, McGrath, Poehler, Sageng, Schaller, J. D. Sullivan, Van Hoven, Weis, Works.

No Direct Election in Minnesota.

St. Paul, April 12.—The lower house killed the Murray bill, providing for direct election of United Staes Senators.

St. Paul, April 12.—Superintendent Whittier of the Red Wing Training school was given a clean coat of whitewash by the lower branch of the legislature. By a vote of 53 to 30 the house cut out the heart of the majority report of the legislative investigating committee which severely censured the superintendent for his indiscriminate application of corporal punishment and recommended his removal. The report as later adopted simply contains the findings of the committee without any recommendation whatever.

This action was taken in one of the wildest scenes enacted at the present session of the Minnesota lawmaking body.

With the adoption of the report as amended the house went on record as blaming the state board of control for the conditions which exist at the Red Wing Training school and also in favor of corporal punishment. L. A. Lydiard scathingly arraigned the board of control for its lack of interest in the state school in his opening address. He spoke as follows:

Mr. Lydiard's Speech.

"This report shows that the spirit of kindness and good will at Red Wing has been replaced by the rule of the cash. It shows that instead of recognizing the reform spirit of the institution and instead of recognizing the fact that modern thought has evolved a new method of dealing with delinquent children. Armed with a whip, the present superintendent of this institution has gone about among these unfortunates as the incarnation of the spirit of fear. Fastened to a machine or appliance, hands shackled, backs bared, these boys have received 10, 20, 30 and as many as 100 lashes.

"The superintendent is recommended for removal. His assistants must go, but fixing the blame upon these men alone is a mere subterfuge.

"Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the house, the shame of Red Wing is not the asset of a mere subordinate. The members of the state board of control are responsible for that condition, and the sentiment of this state should demand the resignation of the members of that board, save one."

Motion Is Made.

R. C. Dunn moved that the entire section D be stricken from the report and that it then be adopted. This was the bone of the contention. Section D declared superintendent's admission that he could not run the training school without corporal punishment and recommended that he should be removed as well as several subordinate officers. R. C. Dunn defended the superintendent.

"We have been hearing too much of this hysterical gush from kindhearted men and women of this state,'" declared the gentleman from Mille Lacs. "The conditions at Red Wing have been grossly exaggerated. Supt. Whittier in my estimate is a worthy man and a perfect gentleman. His methods may not have been absolutely correct, but he has been the victim of circumstances.

"Many people seem to think that the boys who go to Red Wing are angels. They are bad and that is the reason why they are sent there. Supt. Whittier has been critized for administering corparal punishment. I believe in corporal punisment when it come to dealing with boys of the class at Red Wing."

W. F. Kunze of Minneapolis in the strongest speech of the evening defended the superintendent of the Red Wing school declaring him to be a capable man. He upheld corporal punishment and produced telegrams and letters from other training schools through the country to show that corporal punishment has been successfully used. He charged that there was a political scheme behind the Red Wing investigation.

Millions Appropriated by Senate.

Just to show how easy it was to do business when they had their minds made up, the Minnesota legislature passer the omnibus appropriations bill, disposing of about $16,000,000 in the senate in less than one hour.

Only one argument was precipitated in the senate and that was over an item of $1,000. It wasn't the money involved that started that argument, but a desire to deal a crushing blow to Dr. Bracken, secretary of the state health department, that caused it. Through the entire session, many senators have expressed their disapproval of Dr. Bracken's methods, and this feeling culminated in the adoption of Senator Moonan's amendment to the appropriations bill cutting Dr. Bracken's salary from $5,000 a year to $4,000.

Senator Hackney said that many members had favored giving the state fair an agricultural building and the state university more buildings, but that perfect harmony had prevailed in committee and he commented on the wonderful unanimity that was shown by the senate in passing practically without an amendment an appropriations bill that necessarily failed to give many senators what they thought they were entitled to and what their districts were interested in.

Few Salary Cuts Made.

After a slight application of the pruning knift the house passed the omnibus bill. The bill provinding for state institutions under the board of control was left practically intact. A few cuts in salaries were made on the state department bill.

W. T. Stone of Park Rapids, posing as the watchdog of the state treasury, offered nearly 20 amendments, striking out sections where salary increases were allowed for state officials. He succeeded in only two instances. The house refused a $250 increase for the deputy state auditor and an increase of $1,000 for the actuary in the state insurance department.

Dr. Stone offered several amendments which would have practically cut off the appropriation for the state board of health. In each case the amendment was defeated.

Andrew Anderson of Stillwater succeeded in amending the section governing the $325,000 appropriation for the state university. The bill provided for an annual appropriation of this amount. The Anderson amendment provided for the appropriation only for the next two years. W. F. Kunze, W. D. Washburn and L. C. Spooner favored the standing appropriation on the ground that the board of regents in planning the future of the state university should know the amount of money that it will receive from year to year. Country members declared that it would be just as well to allow the legislature to make the appropriation every two years. The amendment was passed by a vote of 57 to 32.

Senator Hanson's malt bill prohibiting the sale of malt liquor except in saloons passed the house by a vote of 98 to 13 and now awaits the governor's signature to complete its enactment into a law.

R. C. Dunn's bill prohibiting the licensing of saloons outside of an incorporated city, village or hamlet, passed by a vote of 67 to 47.

The house passed the Lende bill giving a right of action for damages to people injured as the result of the unlawful sale of liquor, and the Hoffman bill placing a license of $150 a year on district and county agents of breweries.

Equal Tax Rate Bill Passes.

After a spirited debate the bill calling for an equal tax rate in every part of the state was passed by a vote of 38 to 11. As finally amended the bill called for the basis of taxation to be 33 1-3 per cent on the actual valuation. Senator Wallace, of Minneapolis, was the author of the bill.

REPUBLIC PROCLAIMED.

Spain's King Has Another Incipent Revolution.

Madrid, Spain. — A republic has been proclaimed at Canillas de Aceltune, in the province of Malaga. The populace of the town rebelled against the royal authority and attacked the barracks of the civil guard.

Several persons were wounded in the fihting that followed. Reinforcements of troops are being hurried to the scene.

SUICIDE IS VERDICT.

In the Case of the Death of Craige Lippincott

Philadelphia, Penn. — A coroner's jury, empaneled to inquire into the death on Thursday of Craige Lippincott, president of the J. B. Lippincott Company, publishers, rendered a verdict of suicide. The inquest was brief. Members of the family were not called as witnesses, instead their sworn depositions were read and accepted by the coroner.

POINT OUT FLAWS

ATTORNEY GEORGE SPEAR FINDS NEW CONVENTION BILL MISFIT IN BIG DIVISIONS.

FEAR POLITICAL ABUSES

Itasca Lawyer of Fifteenth District Cites Supreme Court Nominations as Endangered by Legislation.

Grand Rapids.—The lawyers of the Fifteenth judicial district are not pleased with the pending bill providing for the election of the delegates to district judicial conventions, and also for the selection of delegates at the district judicial conventions to the state judicial convention.

George Spear, well known in this district and formerly prosecuting attorney for Itasca county, points out two objections from the standpoint of the people of the larger districts. The Fifteenth district, in which Grand Rapids is located, is composed of eight counties and is over 150 miles long and a hundred miles wide. While the primaries might elect delegates to a convention in that district, Mr. Spear thinks that where there was no party organization and not the ordinary inducement to influence delegates in attending a convention, it would not be reasonable to expect many from remote parts of the district to attend a convention held, for instance, at Grand Rapids.

Few Likely to Attend.

The location of the convention, it will be remembered, is according to the terms of the bill to be determined by the secretary of state. If for any reason he should select International Falls on the northern boundary, it is safe to say that very few delegates from the southern part of the district would attend and pay their own expenses. The case would not be improved very much if the convention was located anywhere along the Great Northern railroad, so far as delegates from Crow Wing and Aitkin are concerned, or from Koochiching county.

The same difficulties occur in a large degree in the Seventh district, which extends from Clay county, of which Moorhead is the principal town on the northwest to Stearns county, west of the river, and Mille Lacs county, on the east. That would open the way for political manipulation through the payment of railroad fares for delegates or proxies, and, in Mr. Spear's opinion, involve the judiciary in politics more than it has been heretofore.

Other districts present problems pretty nearly as difficult to solve in respect to the distance to be traveled by delegates.

Political Manipulation Feared.

The bill provides, also, that the district convention shall select delegates to the state convention. Here again, Mr. Spear suggests the opportunity created for political manipulation, if, for instance, the district convention was not generally attended by delegates from all parts of the district, the delegates to the state convention would be left in the hands of a few who might seize the opportunity to pack the state convention with delegates in the interests of some particular candidate.

If it were desired, Mr. Spear holds, to create conditions under which nominations to the supreme court might be improperly influenced, the provisions of this bill would seem to provide them.

He concedes that the same conditions do not apply in the smaller districts, where delegates to a judicial convention could be gotten together more easily and a more general and fair representation expected, but the provisions are state wide and, in his judgment, are going to create exceedingly unsatisfactory conditions in many of the larger districts.

He recognizes the weaknesses of the primary system and concedes the evident good intent of the framers of the bill, but believes that they have not thoroughly considered all the conditions which must be met and have not realized the opportunities they create for the introduction of policies into the selection not only of judges of the district court, but members of the supreme court as well.

FREE DELIVERY OF MAIL.

Promised by P. O. Department For Two Harbors.

Washington. — Free postal delivery for Two Harbors, Minn., is promised by the postoffice department as soon as the postoffice of the city is moved into new and larger quarters. Two Harbors is entitled to free delivery on the volume of business done by the office. Representative Miller took the matter up with the department today and was assured that it would be granted.

Wife Sees Husband Drown.

Winona.—Leo Smith, 35 year old, was drowned in the Mississippi at Dresbach, a few miles below Winona. While fishing with a companion he attempted to row across a dam. The craft became grounded and in attempting to liberate it, the small boat filled with water and capsized.

Both men were thrown into the swift current. Charles Kramer, Smith's companion, managed to reach shore. Smith's wife, on the shore, witnessed the drowning. The drowned man lived at Wabasha.

TEACHERS IN ANNUAL MEET.

Fifteenth Convention of Northern Minnesota Association at St. Cloud.

St. Cloud.—Educators from all parts of the state poured into the city, and over 400 delegates and teachers were present to attend the fifteenth annual convention of the Northern Minnesota Educational Association, which was in session here Friday and Saturday.

An excellent program had been prepared by the executive committee, which had secured many prominent speakers.

The feature of the convention was the address by Dr. George E. Vincent, president of the State University, who talked upon "The New Duty of the Schools." This is the first time that Dr. Vincent has spoken in the state outside of the Twin Cities since assuming his new duties and his address was the chief drawing card of the convention.

Reception for Vincent.

Following his address Dr. Vincent was given a reception in Lawrence hall. Other prominent speakers were: Dr. D. J. Dowling, president of Carleton College; Mrs. M. L. Starkweather, assistant labor commissioner; George B. Balton, state high school inspector, and Superintendent of Public Instruction C. G. Schulz. Superintendent A. N. Farmer, of St. Cloud, presided at the opening session.

There was an informal discussion on the topic, "Where Should We Limit the Teaching of Agriculture, Domestic Science and Manual Training?" The discussion was led by Superintendent E. E. Lockerby, of Paynesville; Superintendent E. C. Higbee, of the Morris Agricultural School, Dr. I. T. Johnsrud, of the St. Cloud Normal, and Superintendent W. P. Dyer, of Bemidji, also spoke. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that these are not taught enough in the schools as a whole at the present time, although there was a tendency to carry it to extremes in some instances.

MATTRESS PLANT WORKS STARTS

Oxford Company at Winona Will Soon Be in Operation.

Winona.—The Oxford Linen Mattress company of this city received three cars of structural steel, the consignment being received from a Chicago company. The first building will be started without delay and the plant will be ready for actual operations by the early part of the summer. Pending the completion of the other building, a complete mattress making plant with a capacity of ten per cent of the whole establishment when developed, will be installed. Ultimately, when the plans of the company have been matured, the first building will be used as the bat making house of the group. About 60,000 mattresses will be turned out annually when the plant is complete and will represent a concern able to receive the crude flax product and turn it out in the finished mattress.

FOUND HANGING TO A TREE.

Litchfield Who Escaped From Fergus Falls Asylum.

Litchfield. — Authorities here were notified that the body of John Palm, a wealthy merchant and member of the city council of this city, has been found hanging to a tree, two miles from the state insane hospital at Fergus Falls, from which institution he had been missing since April 2.

Mr. Palm was sent as a patient to the insane hospital at his own request. He was subject to periods of depression and feared that while so afflicted he might do himself injury. On Sunday, April 2, after he had been granted his parole, he did not return. Every effort was made to locate him, but without success, until his body was found by Deputy Sheriff Axel Nelson of this county.

He is survived by a widow and a large family.

BIG GRANDIN FARM SOLD.

$120,608 Involved in the Transfer of Clay County Property.

Moorhead.—One of the largest bona fide land deals ever made in this portion of the state took place here. The papers recorded are for the transfer of the entire Grandin farm, ten miles north of this city, comprising 1,855 acres, from J. L. Grandin and wife to the Brown-Daskin company of Hope, N. D., and from it to Daniel P. Wild of De Kalb, Ill., the consideration being $120,608.15, or approximately $65 an acre.

The Grandin farm is in the vicinity of Kragnes, north of this city, and is in one of the finest grain growing and potato districts in northwestern Minnesota.

Minneapolis.—One of the most successful of the Mort H. Singer output of musical comedies, "The Time, the Place and the Girl," which has to its credit the longest run ever made by any show in Chicago, 463 performances, comes to the Bijou for a week's engagement April 16th.

Gets Damages in Border Dispute.

Red Wing.—Judge Albert Johnson filed a decision in the case of Fred Koehn against Henry Kuhl in which a verdict of $35 is awarded to Koehn. The parties reside in the township of Florence. Both live on adjoining farms and the suit was the result of a dispute of the boundary line. The court found that the defendant, Henry Kuehl erected a wire fence, posts, etc., on Kuehn's property and awarded damages. The survey of the land made by J. M. Simmons, county surveyor was found to be correct.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

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OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

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$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every procaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost.

BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for [illegible]

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in [illegible] be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory [illegible] We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If [illegible] these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better [illegible] than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price [illegible] know that [illegible] pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

S[illegible] should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 15, 1911.

The annual outing of the Northern Minnesota Editorial association will be held at Itasca state park June 8-9-10-11.

We beg to ask that corrections of church notices be handed in early in the week. When handed to us as late as Friday, or on Saturday morning, as many times occurs, there is too much chance for errors in the hurry and bustle of getting ready for the press.

The house on Thursday passed Senator A. L. Hanson's malt bill. The bill went through without any amendments, the vote being 98 to 13, and is the first temperance measnre to be passed by both houses of the present legislature. It prohibits the sale of malt liqnors anywhere except in saloons or drug stores.

A great deal of farm land is changing hands, and the best feature of it is the large amount that is being bought by farmers, who have been here for years; men who a short time ago would have sold their holdings, are now increasing them, and it is certain that a period of great prosperity and development is coming. The farmer who diversifies, and this district permits that kind of farming, is working on a certainty. He cannot lose.—Thief River Falls News.

There are events occuring in every community which, if reported in a local paper, would create commotion little dreamed of. What to report and what not to report often perplexes the editor. He's often unjustly accused of cowardice and favoriteism, while all the time he is looking toward the good reputation of the town and vicinity where his lot is cast. The local editor, from necessity, almost constantly finds himself between two fires, and which ever way he turns he is sure to be unjustly treated. This is one of she pleasures of the newspaper business.—Bemidji Pioneer.

The Producers' Cooperative Market Association

PRESS BULLETIN NO. 88

The Producers' Cooperative Market association was organized to secure a market for the farmers of Northeastern Minnesota who had no home market; to enable farmers to ship their products where such products were most in demand.

This association was formed by a number of farmers' clubs, each club constituting a membership in the central organization and having a voice in its management.

The association has headquarters at Duluth where a manager is employed to look after the business.

Any local comunity of farmers in northern Minnesota can organize a club and join the association for a membership fee of ten dollars. Five or more farmers are required in each local club to secure a membership in the association.

Farmers desiring to organize and join the association should write to the secretary, Mr. John S. Pardee, Duluth, Minn.

BENEFITS OF THE ASSOCIATION

Farmers belonging to the association can ship vegetables, potatoes, veal poultry products, in fact everything raised on the farm, and secure the prevailing market price.

The purpose of the association is not to compete with merchants in the farmers' home towns, but rather to give farmers market where there is no loca market.

For a farmer to ship to the association and secure the market price, it is necessary for him to supply good products and have them put up in the way the trade wants them. Lettuce, radishes, and top onions will not sell in a gunnysack, but they will sell if put up in a certain kind of box that can be had from the association at the factory cost. In the same way, all products must be put up in the way the market calls for and a farmer will take far more satisfaction out of his work after he learns how to put up his products for the market.

The manager of the Producers' Cooperative Market association, Mr. H. A. Hopkins, has written an article of instructions on the kind of products the association wants and the way to put them up. The article is recommended as worthy of the study of every farmer who grows such products, whether he belongs to the Producers' Cooperative Market association or not.

The Producers' Cooperative Market association is an effort for cooperation among farmers. Its sucess will mean much in the develpment of agriculture in Northeastern Minnesota and every farmer should be acquainted with this association. It has been in operation just one year and during that time it has handled nearly fifty thousand dollars worth of farm products. This amount is small in comparison with what may be accomplished but considering the fact that the association started without capital, it must be considered good. The association begins its second year much better equipped and can be of much greater service to the farmers. Its motto is to grow the best and to put only the best on the market and to secure the best prices. Through quality, uniformity, and honesty, the Producers' Cooperative Market association aims to be of lasting good. Its work is educational as well as for greater profits, for it is only through knowing how that a greater market can be secured. The article by Mr. Hopkins will be found of value in that it teaches how.

A. J. McGuire Supt.
Northeast Experiment Farm,
Grand Rapids, Minn.

April 8, 1911.

Burned Much Hay

Destructive prairie fires which started near Kratka last week swept across the reservation from the south and before they were extinguished had burned up hundreds of tons of hay belonging to the settlers. The heavy snow the first of the week came as a Godsend and stopped further destruction of property. The fires started along the river, and fanned by high winds, raced madly along licking up whatever property lay in their path. Many farmers lost their hay and several local parties who had hay-baling outfits at work on the reservation suffered the loss of practically all of their product.

The lessons of last fall, when destructive fires wiped off the map so much valuable property, seemed not to have taken effect, and many farmers have started brush fires this spring without taking the proper precautions to prevent them from spreading. It is hoped that in time these farmers will learn the value of proprly constructed fire breaks, and thus prevent a repetition of the disasters for which 1910 was famous.—Thief River Falls Times.

Changes in Court Dates

The following changes have been made in the time for holding the general terms of district court in Fourteenth Judicial District, according to a recent act of legislature:

Marshall county: Fourth Monday in May and November.

Norman county: Second Monday in May and November.

Kittson county: No change. Second Monday in June and December.

Pennington county: Fourth Monday in January and June.

Mahnomen county: Fourth Monday in October.

Polk county: No change. First Tuesday in June and December.

Red Lake county: Fourth Monday in March and second Monday in November.

Roseau county. Third Monday in May and Fourth Monday in October.

Judge Grindeland, of Warren, will hold the terms of court in Marshall Kittson, Norman and Pennington counties and Judge William Watts of Crookston will preside at the terms held in Polk, Red Lake and Roseau counties. Judge Grindeland has formerly had Roseau county, but it is now taken by Judge Watts, on account of railroad connections, as Crookston is in direct communication with Roseau the trip can be made in one day, while from Warren it requires two days coming and going.

Notice

PROPOSAL FOR REMODELING COURT HOUSE.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county comissioners of Pennington county, at the office of the county auditor, in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn. until eleven o'clock a. m. April 22, 1911, for remodeling court house, as per plans and specifications on file with county auditor of said county.

Certified check to the amount of 10 percent of bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, must accompany each bid.

The county board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

m8-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Notice

Notice is hereby given that all County Revenue warrants against Pennington county, registered on or before March 28, 1911, are now payable. Interest will stop on such warrants thirty days after the date of this notice.

Thief River Falls, Minn. March 28, 1911.

a1-3t ANDREW TROVATON,
County Treasurer.

Joint Meeting of Commissioners Postponed

Next Thursday, April 20, was the date set for the joint meeting of the county commissioners of Red Lake and Pennington counties, the meeting to be held at the Red Lake county court house in this city. However, the meeting has been postponed and will probably be held May 15 instead of the date first named.

The meeting is held for the purpose of determining the amount of the debtedness of old Red Lake county excess of the old county's credits being necessary to determine the amount of indebtedness the new county of Pennington must assume. It will also be the duty of the commissioners of the two counties in joint session to appraise the property of Red Lake county. Should the commissioners be unable to "get together" on this matter that condition would necessitate the appointment of appraisers to do the work.

The county buildings now being the property of reduced Red Lake county, their value, as determined by the commissioners or appraisers, will constitute a set off against an equal amount of the indebtedness to be assumed by Pennington county.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Jurors

Following is the list of grand and petit jurors as drawn up this week:

GRAND JURORS.

C. Christianson, Norden; Goodnow Torrison, Thief River Falls; Iver Johnson, Hickory; J. A. Tofteland, Star; W. A. Svenson, Deer Park; H. P. Sponheim, Thief River Falls; R. J. McKercher, St. Hilaire; Iver Solheim, Cloverleaf; Lars Bakke, Thief River Falls; T. J. Lundblad, Hickory; I. R. Carpenter, River Falls; Salve Omlid, North; Andrew Craik, Thief River Falls; H. G. Cady, Thief River Falls; J. Hegland, River Falls; John Dahl, Thief River Falls; C. E. Sandberg, Polk Center; Frank Bourque, Thief River Falls; John L. Johnson, Mayfield; Edwin Hanson, Goodridge; Hans Fjeld, Star; P. O. Hallstrom, Polk Centre; Ole Aubol, Rocksbury.

PETIT JURORS

William Buckman, Jr., Deer Park; H. K. Jacobson, Numedal; Nels Berg, Thief River Falls; O. C. Moen, Thief River Falls; P. Lundberg, St. Hilaire; W. H. Quist, Thief River Falls; L. J. Foss, Thief River Falls; J. R. Larson, Wyandotte; C. Urdahl, Goodridge; Carl Elg, Star; N. K. Anderson, Sanders; August Krause, Sanders; P. C. Stevens, Numedal; H. M. Olson, St. Hilaire; S. Kennison, Thief River Falls; W. A. Bishop, Thief River Falls; A. Thorison, North; Albert Mosby, Norden; C. M. Evenson, Thief River Falls; Frank Lunden, Deer Park; O. W. Brink, St. Hilaire; L. O. Robertson, Thief River Falls; O. O. Reiersgaard, Mayfield; E. K. Aasen, Thief River Falls.

The next term of district court will convene the first week in June.

Will Start in May

The large mill of the Thief River Falls Lumber company, which has been undergoing repairs during the past winter, will not start on the season's cut until the latter part of May. The lateness of the season and the scarcity of logs in the river are responsible for this decison. There is no danger now that the mill will be torn down and moved away. The supply of logs is still of sufficient proportions to allow of several years cutting here yet, and arrangements are being made with the Soo railroad by which the road will haul in logs by rail and dump them in the river on the old logging spur that was torn up a number of years ago.

The work of laying the track and hauling in logs will be commenced soon, and it is expected that the first trains of logs will be hauled in early in May.—Times.

Minnesota Congressmen on Committees

The Minnesota delegation in congress are given important places on the committees of the house of representatives. The following assignments have been made:

Hammond—Ways and means.

F. C. Stevens—Ranking republican on interstate and foreign commerce committee.

F. M. Nye—Judiciary.

C. S. Miller—Indian affairs; expenditures of navy department.

Halvor Steenerson—Postoffices.

C. R. Davis—Ranking republican on expenditures of state department; insular affairs.

A. J. Volstad—Public lands; education.

C. A. Lindbergh—Ranking republican on claims committee; coinage and weights and measures.

S. Anderson—Elections; No. 2, pensions.

Clean Up Notice

Property holders are hereby notified to clear their property of all refuse, garbage, and other obnoxious substances. Time is given until the 25th day of April, when the annual inspection will be made and steps taken to enforce the order.

Given by order of board of health. DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer.

Subscribe Now

WANTED 100 NEW Subscribers

CHURCHES

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Easter Sunday, tomorrow, at 10:30 a. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. S. T. PALM, Pastor.

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m, Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m., subject of sermon, "The Resurrection;" at 7:30 p. m., Easter exercises by the Sunday school.

Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, April 23, at 7:45 o'clock
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible]—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Laselle, Secretary
Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

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FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
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APIARIST,
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AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

How is your fuel holding out?

Have you a farm to sell? List it with Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson visited friends in Wylie Saturday and Sunday.

Louis Sieff the Red Lake Falls horse dealer, paid St. Hilaire a visit Monday,

Mike McAndress is shipping a car of cattle to the cities today from Hazel.

Miss Myrtle Fellmen of Red Lake Falls visited friends here the first of the week.

Remember the sale program and lunch at Imperial hall Friday evening, April 21.

Henry Peterson went to Badger Friday where he expects to obtain a situation as tinner.

Dan Linnihan, ditch contractor and ex-sheriff of Red Lake county, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Gust Fellman and little daughter Miss Mildred, were in Thief River Falls Monday.

Mrs. L. O. Williams returned on Saturday to Thief River after a visit at the Steen home.

We drank a cup of "Blue Shield" coffee at Pitkin's store yesterday and found it a very nice flavored article.

Misses Julia Bjornquist and Ida Swanson went Monday to Grand Forks for a two week's visit with friends.

SEED BARLEY for SALE. Clean, and ready for seeding. Will sell while it lasts for $1.00 per bushel.
a12t C. H. MARTZ.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

A number of river drivers have made their appearance in town this week. They seem lost to find their usual haunts closed.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the Eastside schoolhouse Sunday morning, April 23. at 10:30 o'clock.

Ed. Hauske, who lived last summer on the Strom place, will soon change his location to the Chris. Peterson place.

Frank Grundy of Thief River Falls spent part of last week at the home of his school mate Milton Soderberg of Rocksbury.

Miss Inez Patterson returned Monday to Bemidji via the Soo to resume her duties as teacher, after spending a week's vacation at home.

Superintendent Anderson of Red Lake county came up Monday and went out to attend the funeral of Mrs. Sander Engebretson on Tuesday.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at E. E. Anderson's near the north bridge.

Judge Peters was in Thief River Falls Wednesday acting with Clerk of Court Ives and Sheriff LaBree in drawing the jury lists for the June term of court.

Ole Evenson of Thief Falls was in town yesterday and through K. O. Gigstad made a deal with P. A. Blixt for the purchase of the Atlantic hotel at that place. Consideration $1,500.

F. W. Busse has rented the Hannom residence on South Broadway and will soon remove his family there. We understand he will discontinue his pool room and the Hotel Markham will be entirely vacant.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

Miss Anna Johnson resumed her journey to her home at St. Hilaire this morning, following an over Sunday visit here at the Justus Johnson home, where she has been visiting since Saturday. Miss Johnson spent the winter in Minneapolis as the guest of her brother and is now en route to the home of her father near St. Hilaire, where she will spend the summer.—Crookston Times.

At a business meeting of members of the Synod church Wednesday evening the resignation of Rev. S. T. Palm as pastor of the St. Hilaire congregation was accepted. This action does not affect his standing with his outside congregation who granted him a three month's vacation. Mr. Palm has been in poor health for some time. In November last he submitted to the surgeon's knife at the hospital in Crookston, and has not regained his health and strength.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.87
" 2 "	.85
" 3 "	.81
Flax, 1	2.32
" 2	2.22
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.23
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, " "	6
Pork, dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

Plenty of moisture this week.

John Hanson went Thursday to Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Chas. Fellman and children are visiting Mrs. H. O. Jackson.

Prof. A. J. Barsness returned Friday from a visit to his home.

Mike Anderson and Carl Peterson left Thursday for a trip to Baudette.

Selmer Benson left last night for Crookston for a couple of days' visit.

Misses Thyra Wallin and Lydia Anderson were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday.

Mrs. Edward Teske of Monticello, Wis., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. W. Busse.

H. Tysseling went Monday to Erskine for a few days' visit with his uncle and family.

F. W. Busse, ex-landlord of the Markham, went Thursday to Baudette to look up a new location.

Richard Wallin went Tuesday to International Falls, where he expects to spend the summer at carpenter work.

Miss Duddy went yesterday to Thief River Falls to visit friends. She was accompanied by little Miss Elizabeth Johnson.

Miss Freda Ittner was in town yesterday on her way home to Red Lake Falls from Wylie, where she is teaching school.

Robert Jackson came home Friday from Grand Forks, where he is attending business college, for a few days' visit at home.

Elliott does business on the square. List your farm.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Tuesday afternoon, the 18th inst., at the home of Mrs. Erick Person.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

The Young People's sewing society of Black River meets Friday evening, April 21, at the home of Mrs. A. P. Eckstrom.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

The Young People's sewing soceity of the Scandinavian Mission church meets at the Eastside schoolhouse Friday evening, April 28.

William Lindahl has taken the position of helper at the Bridgeman-Russell Co. creamery at Crookston and left Monday for the scene of his labors.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

The Industrial club of the M. E. church will hold a sale at Imperial hall on Friday evening, April 21. A good program will be given, after which lunch will be served. Everybody welcome.

Henry Plaska's family came up from central Iowa Wednesday and drove out to their new home near Wylie in the worst storm of the season. Mr. Plaska has purchased the Bessler place and went out there himself about two weeks ago.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

The funeral service for the late Mrs. Sander Engebretson took place on Tuesday at the Lanstad church in Sanders, Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating. The pall bearers were Messrs. K. Hanson, N. K. Anderson, H. Finn, S. Thoreson, O. L. Larson, and C. A. Carlson.

----LAZAR & LAZAR----
NOW HAVE SPECIAL PRICES
On Men's and Boys' Suits, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Top Skirts, and Waists
YOUR BUSINESS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

TIME TABLE
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a.m

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

DIED

Lester, son of A. E. Doble, of Polk Centre died at the Bethesda hospital, St. Paul, Wednesday evening the 12th inst, from brain fever resulting from catarrh. About ten days ago he went to the hospital to undergo treatment for swellings in his ears, but got no relief.

The deceased was 20 years of age at the time of death. He leaves besides his father and mother four brothers and one sister to mourn his loss. He will be buried at the former home of the family at Howard Lake, Wright county, where the funeral services will be held next Sunday.

Coldly Described.

"So you don't envy any of the world's men of genius?"

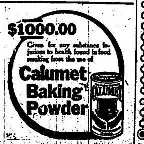
"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I admire them, but I don't envy 'em. A genius is a man who gets a monument after he's dead instead of three square meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

Snobs in high places assume great airs and are pretentious in all they do, and the higher the elevation the more conspicuous is the incongruity of their position.—Samuel Smiles.

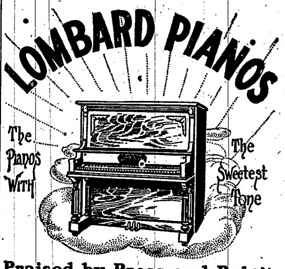
Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars.
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Growing Old Is a Habit
Avoid Acquiring It
USE
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
A Tireless Builder of New Blood and Tissue
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
A. R. JONES, Agent.


$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder
CALUMET

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop
Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life. ●

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Spring Debility

Felt by so many upon the return of warm weather is due to the impure, impoverished, devitalized condition of the blood which causes that tired feeling and loss of appetite as well as the pimples, boils and other eruptions so common at this season.

It is cured by the great constitutional remedy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla, but because it combines the utmost remedial values of more than twenty different ingredients. There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good," you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

PUT YOUTH ON HIS GUARD

Evidently Recital of Romances Long Passed Made No Appeal to His Feelings.

"Charles," said a sharp-voiced woman to her husband in a railway carriage "do you know that you and I once had a romance in a railway carriage?"

"Never heard of it," replied Charles in a subdued tone.

"I thought you hadn't; but don't you remember, it was that pair of slippers I presented to you the Christmas before we were married that led to our union? You remember how nicely they fitted, don't you? Well, Charles, one day when we were going to a picnic you had your feet upon a seat, and when you were not looking I took your measure. But for that pair of slippers I don't believe we'd have ever been married."

A young unmarried man sitting by immediately took down his feet from the seat.—Ideas Magazine.

You Can Rely on Resinol to Do Its Work Quickly and Perfectly.

Have been troubled with dry Eczema for several months, and have tried many different remedies, but I have gotten more relief and better results with two applications of Resinol Ointment than all other remedies. Will gladly recommend it whenever and wherever I can. A. E. Hatch, D. D. S., Cleveland, Ohio. Resinol Ointment is for sale at all drug stores.

Truth a Trouble Maker.

A West Philadelphia man and his wife have separated. None of their friends know why, but one, being curious, asked the husband:

"What was the trouble between you and your wife?"

"O, nothing much. She bought a new hat for $20 and asked me what I thought of it. And I told her. That's all."

Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes Prevents Infection—Murine Eye Salve in Tubes for all Eye Ills. No Morphine. Ask Druggists for New Size 25c. Valuable Eye Book in Each Package.

Reducing the waits between the acts will not lighten a heavy play.

Garfield Tea will win your approval. It is pleasant to take, mild in action and very health giving. It overcomes constipation.

The better you behave the better you'll get along. Now, try it.

Take Garfield Tea to overcome constipation, cleanse system and maintain health.

A woman who has a nose for news usually has a chin for telling it.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty. Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Avenue, near 252nd St., West, N. Y.

Pettit's Eye Salve INFALLIBLE FOR WEAK SORE EYES

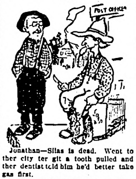
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

RHEUMATISM STOMACH KIDNEY Where Rheumatism meets its Waterloo ... Ind.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results.

NATURALLY.



Jonathan—Silas is dead. Went to ther city ter git a tooth pulled and ther dentist told him he'd better take gas first.

Postmaster—Gave him an overdose, eh?

Jonathan—No. After ther dentist told him that he went back ter his boarding house an' took ther gas himself.

How Sea Birds Drink.

Under the headline, Where Do They Get Water? a writer in the Young Folks' Catholic Weekly says: "When I was a cabin boy I often used to wonder, seeing birds thousands of miles out to sea, what they did for fresh water when they were thirsty. One day a squall answered that question for me. It was a hot and glittering day in the tropics, and in the clear sky overhead a black rain cloud appeared all of a sudden. Then out of empty space over a hundred sea birds came darting from every direction. They got under the rain cloud, and waited there for about ten minutes, circling round and round, and when the rain began to fall they drank their fill. In the tropics, where the great sea birds sail thousands of miles away from shore, they get their drinking water in that way. They smell out a storm a long way off; they travel a hundred miles maybe to get under it, and they swallow enough raindrops to keep them going."—New York Tribune.

Will Be World Representation.

When the International Congress on Tuberculosis meets at Rome next September, representatives of over thirty national and provincial associations organized to fight tuberculosis will be present. Among the associations which will be represented are the United States, Canada, Cuba, Trinidad, England, Wales, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Russia, Germany, Belgium, Holland, France, Switzerland, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Bulgaria, Hungary, Austria, New Zealand, Japan, Cape Colony, Argentina, Brazil, Chili, Newfoundland, Roumania, Uruguay and Venezuela.

"SPOHN'S."

This is the name of the greatest of all remedies for Distemper, Pink Eye, Heaves, and the like among all ages of horses. Sold by Druggists, Harness Makers, or send to the manufacturers. $.50 and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Send for free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Vagaries of Finance.

"I understand you have paid the mortgage off your place."

"Yep," replied Farmer Corntossel.

"Then why do you complain of hard times?"

"All the neighbors have done the same thing. That leaves me with money on my hands that nobody wants to borrow."

Sure.

"What is a co-worker?"

"One who helps you work somebody, of course."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Gives rest and comfort. *Refuse substitutes.* For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The man who can't see an inch around the corner is always barking his shins.

Garfield Tea assists overworked digestive organs, corrects constipation, cleanses the system and rids the blood of impurities.

The snaps of life are acquired by the men who have plenty of ginger.

Take Garfield Tea in the spring to purify the blood and cleanse the system.

The proper time to do a thing is when it should be done.

A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles.

Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice *free of charge* and in *absolute confidence* and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wider practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

The most perfect remedy ever devised for weak and delicate women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

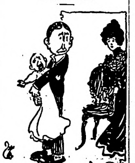
The many and varied symptoms of woman's peculiar ailments are fully set forth in Plain English in the People's Medical Adviser (1008 pages), a newly revised and up-to-date Edition, cloth-bound, will be sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of wrapping and mailing *only*. Address as above.

TRAIN LOAD AFTER TRAIN LOAD OF SETTLERS

ARE GOING TO CENTRAL CANADA.

The question of reciprocal trade relations between the United States and Canada has provoked considerable discussion and interest. Whatever else the discussion may have done, it has brought out the fact that on the Canadian side of the line the agricultural situation is one that forces attention, and it has also brought forth the fact which it is well to face, that on the American side of the border, there is a vastly increasing population to be fed with a somewhat decreasing proportion of food products. This article is intended to point out to those who may wish to become of those who can raise wheat, oats, barley, flax, cattle and hogs at the least cost that the opportunities in Central Canada are what they are seeking. During the past year the official figures show that upwards of 130,000 Americans located in Canada, and the greatest majority of these have settled on farms, and when the time comes, which it will within a few years, they will be ready to help serve their parent country with the food stuffs that its increasing population will require. The immigration for the spring has now set in in great earnest, and train load after train load of a splendid class of settlers leave weekly from Kansas City, Omaha, Chicago, Detroit, St. Paul and other points. Most of these are destined through to points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The reports that come from the different farming districts there are that the spring is opening up well, and the prospects for a splendid crop this year are very good. In some districts good homesteads are yet available. The price of all farm lands has naturally had an increase, but it is still away below its earning capacity. The immigration branch of the Dominion Government has just published its 1911 illustrated pamphlet, which may be secured on application to the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or any of the agents of the Dominion Government, whose advertisement may appear elsewhere in this paper.

A GOOD BET.



Mrs. Newpop—Mrs. Jones says that only one woman in a thousand is capable of bringing up children.

Mr. Newpop—I'll bet she thinks she is one of the ones.

An Ambassador's Nose.

An ambassador to Russia, formerly a leather merchant in this country, discovered certain secret processes regarding a special kind of leather manufactured there. He would have been looked on with suspicion had it been suspected that he could learn anything of these methods. But during his sojourn he got near enough to certain factories to register, through his sense of smell, some impressions with which he was able to work out the formulas when he returned home.—Atlantic Magazine.

Truly Wonderful Cat.

A wonderful cat is that owned by Mr. A. J. Gorringe, a tradesman of Ditching, England. Mr. Gorringe has a bantam which lays her eggs in different parts of the yard, but his cat never fails to find them. She takes the egg between her teeth, places it on the step, and rattles the door handle with her paws until her mistress arrives to take in the egg. Not one of the eggs has yet been broken.

REASONED IT OUT

And Found a Change in Food Put Him Right.

A man does not count as wasted the time he spends in thinking over his business, but he seems loth to give the same sort of careful attention to himself and to his health. And yet his business would be worth little without good health to care for it. A business man tells how he did himself good by carefully thinking over his physical condition, investigating to find out what was needed, and then changing to the right food.

"For some years I had been bothered a great deal after meals. My food seemed to lay like lead in my stomach, producing heaviness and dullness and sometimes positive pain. Of course this rendered me more or less unfit for business, and I made up my mind that something would have to be done.

"Reflection led me to the conclusion that over-eating, filling the stomach with indigestible food, was responsible for many of the ills that human flesh endures, and that I was punishing myself in that way—that was what was making me so dull, heavy and uncomfortable, and unfit for business after meals. I concluded to try Grape-Nuts food to see what it could do for me.

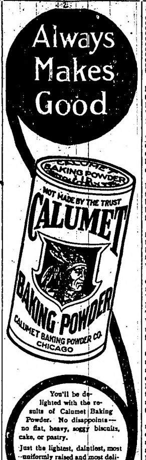
"I have been using it for some months now, and am glad to say that I do not suffer any longer after meals; my food seems to assimilate easily and perfectly, and to do the work for which it was intended.

"I have regained my normal weight, and find that business is a pleasure once more—can take more interest in it, and my mind is clearer and more alert."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

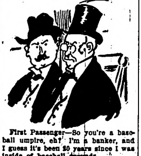


You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappointments—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received highest reward World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

ON THE RAILROAD TRAIN.



First Passenger—So you're a baseball umpire, eh? I'm a banker, and I guess it's been 20 years since I was inside of baseball grounds.

Second Passenger—Well, I guess it's been about 20 years since I was inside of a bank.

ITCHED SO COULD NOT SLEEP

"I suffered from the early part of December until nearly the beginning of March with severe skin eruptions on my face and scalp. At first I treated it as a trivial matter. But after having used castile soap, medicated washrags, cold cream, vanishing cream, etc., I found no relief whatever. After that I diagnosed my case as eczema, because of its dry, scaly appearance. The itching and burning of my scalp became so intense that I thought I should go mad, having not slept regularly for months past, only at intervals, waking up now and then because of the burning and itching of my skin. Having read different testimonials of cures by the Cuticura Remedies, I decided to purchase a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap. After using them for a few days I recognized a marked change in my condition. I bought about two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and five cakes of Cuticura Soap in all, and after a few days I was entirely free from the itching and burning. My eczema was entirely cured, all due to using Cuticura Soap and Ointment daily. Hereafter I will never be without a cake of Cuticura Soap on my washstand. I highly recommend the Cuticura Remedies to anyone suffering from similar skin eruptions and hope you will publish my letter so that others may learn of Cuticura Remedies and be cured." (Signed) David M. Shaw, care Paymaster, Pier 55, N. R., New York City, June 2, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies sold everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp troubles.

Grouch Still With Him.

When Brown died he left an old friend living, by the name of Jones, who always had a grouch. After Brown had been in heaven some time, he met Jones just coming through the gate, and as the newcomer did not look as happy and contented as he should, Brown asked him what was the matter. "Well," Jones said, "I got my feet wet coming across the river Styx and caught a nasty cold, broke my left wing and have to carry it in a sling, and my halo don't fit worth a darn."

The pleasure of love is in loving. We are happier in the passion we feel than in that we inspire.—Francis Duc de Rochefoucauld.

Sickly Smile

Wipe it off your otherwise *good looking* face—put on that *good* health smile that *CASCARETS* will give you—as a result from the *cure* of Constipation—or a torpid liver. It's *so easy*—do it—you'll see.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Winona.—At the Masonic temple here was held the annual reunion of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry of the Valley of Winona. The dates being April 10, 11, 12 and 13.

Redwood Falls.—William J. Bryan will open the Redwood Falls Chautauqua June 30. The local management expect this year to be the biggest and best Chautauqua ever held in this part of the state.

Duluth.—Joseph O'Clair and Miss Eva Arseneault, who recently eloped to a point in New York and were brought back on a warrant sworn out by the girls' father, by a deputy sheriff, were married.

St. James.—Postmaster Fuller reports that the receipts of the local postoffice have increased during the past year sufficiently to raise the office to the second class. The change will take place July 1.

Winona.—Thirty-two officials of the different departments along the Winona-Huron division of the North-Western road enjoyed a dinner at the North-Western hotel in Winona. These officials will meet hereafter in Winona every second Saturday of each month, the custom having been just inaugurated.

East Grand Forks.—The Women's Civic league of this city has instituted a pure food department and will set about an active campaign for the sale of only pure foods by East Grand Forks merchants. Miss Ethel Putnam, teacher of domestic science in the city schools, has been named chairman of that department.

Little Falls.—The school board has re-engaged all of the present teaching corps except the principal of the high school for another year. The board also purchased 25 acres of the best land in the county, situated just east of the city limits, and which will be used in connection with the agricultural department of the schools.

Fergus Falls.—The Woman's Club of this city held its annual meeting and decided to offer a number of prizes to the school children of the city who make the best clean-up showing during the summer. The club elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. R. E. Lincoln; vice-president, Mrs. H. M. Wheelock; secretary, Mrs. F. E. Hodgson; treasurer, Mrs. C. J. Wright.

Fergus Falls.—The spring term of the district court convened in this city on Monday with a civil calendar of forty-nine cases. Judge C. A. Nye, of Moorhead occupied the bench for the first time. The term promises to be one of the considerable interest, as the damage suits that have been brought against the city for losses sustained when the electric light dam washed out, a year and a half ago, are to come to trial.

Albert Lea.—Sheriff Subby is at Glenville, eight miles south of this city, investigating the work of a mob that tarred, feathered and rode on a rail J. P. Freeman, the physician at that place. Some difficulty arose between Mr. Freeman and his wife, and the people took the part of Mrs. Freeman, and severely punished her husband. Reports say there is another woman in the case, and the matter has been brewing for several months.

WANTS RIVER SHOAL REMOVED.

Representative Miller Tells Board of Engineers of Mississippi Ledge.

Washington.—Representative C. S. Miller of Duluth appeared before the board of engineers of the war department in regard to the proposed removal of the ledge or shoal on the Mississippi river at Pine Knoll. This obstruction is generally regarded as largely responsible for floods in the upper Mississippi and a preliminary survey looking for its removal has been made by Major Shunk of St. Paul.

Major Shunk, while favoring the proposition, does not recommend the removal of the ledge as a separate project, but as a part of the present project for the improvement of the river between Brainerd and Grand Rapids.

MOORHEAD BRIDE IS SAVED.

Moorhead.—Only the prompt arrival of a half dozen of the city's street department employes prevented the demolishment of the big reservoir dam in the Red river and the carrying out of the Island Park bridge just above the dam.

A telephone call from George Fuller, who resides near the dam and bridge, was quickly responded to by the city authorities, who directed men with pike poles to hasten to the scene of the ice jam. The ice was piling up at a terrific rate and the bridge already had begun to move, but hard work saved both structures. The dam recently was constructed at a cost of about $5,000.

FIRE LOSS IN DULUTH IS $75,000.

First National Bank and Mohr Hotel Razed—Narrow Escapes.

Duluth.—Seaman Martin's place, the Mohr hotel and the First National bank building were burned to the ground. Messrs. Taylor and H. Hinney and Dr. Chapman, occupying living quarters and offices above Seaman Martin's had narrow escapes from death. Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Chapman jumped from the second story window, receiving severe bruises.

FIFTY GIRLS ARE QUARANTINED.

One Case of Scarlet Fever Discovered at Barnard College.

New York, N. Y.—Fifty girls, students at Barnard college, are quarantined in Brooks Hall, one of the dormitories, because of a case of scarlet fever which has been discovered there. Miss May Bernstein of Paterson, N. J., the scarlet fever patient, has been removed to a hospital. The 50 girls will have to remain in the premises until after Easter Sunday, it is said.

Before Allowing an Operation

Please Read These Two Letters.

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before. Then after all that suffering Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored her health.

HERE IS HER OWN STATEMENT.

Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement—I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for several months without much relief, and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. To-day I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise every woman who is afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. Orville Rock, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Mich.

"There never was a worse case."

Rockport, Ind.—"There never was a worse case of woman's ills than mine, and I cannot begin to tell you what I suffered. For over two years I was not able to do anything. I was in bed for a month and the doctor said nothing but an operation would cure me. My father suggested Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; so to please him I took it, and I improved wonderfully, so I am able to travel, ride horseback, take long rides and never feel any ill effects from it. I can only ask other suffering women to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation."—Mrs. Margaret Meredith, R. F. D. No. 3, Rockport, Ind.

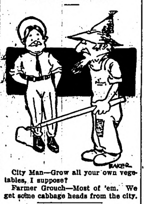
We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

WHAT DID HE MEAN?



City Man—Grow all your own vegetables, I suppose?

Farmer Grouch—Most of 'em. We get some cabbage heads from the city.

You Never Can Tell.

A certain 'cellist was once snowbound for three hours at a small railroad station. He unpacked his 'cello and played his dozen fellow sufferers a request program with the result that one of them took him to Europe for a year. You never can tell as you bear your precious fiddle-case through the streets what magic casement may not open on the foam (of steins), and what fairy hand may not beckon you within to do the one thing needful to opus fifty-nine, or draw a valiant bow in the battle of Schumann quintet.—Robert H. Schauffler, in the Atlantic.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Indication of Wisdom.

"Why do they call the owl the bird of wisdom?"

"It stays out all night and doesn't tell what it sees or does."—Judge.

You are not treating yourself or your family fairly if you don't keep Hamlins Wizard Oil in the house. It's the best substitute for family doctor and a mighty good friend in case of emergency.

An institution must be propped up by precedent when it is no more uplifted by sap.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

A man doesn't have to be a detective in order to find fault.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A pleasant smile and a sweet voice are great helps on life's journey.

Preventing a Disturbance.

Colonel Scotchem was weary. He had had a very arduous day retreating from the enemy, and he wished to recoup his strength in order that he might retreat still further on the morrow.

"MacPherson," he said to his new servant, "I'm going to snatch forty winks' sleep. Stay in my tent and see that I'm not disturbed."

Mac saluted. Five minutes later the snores of Colonel Scotchem were cut short by the loud report of a gun.

"Great Scott!" cried the colonel. "Are the enemy upon us?"

"Na, dinna fret," replied Mac, inserting his head reassuringly through the tent flap, "it was only a wee mousie. But as I thought he might wake you up I shot him."—Answers.

The Awakening.

First Tragedian—Ah! deah boy! The chance of my life came last night. Izzacstein offered me thirty shillings a week to play Hamlet. The contract was drawn up, he lent me his fountain pen to sign with, when—

Second Tragedian—You woke up!

First Tragedian—Damme. How did you know?

Second Tragedian—By the salary, my pippin. I've dreamed like that myself.—Punch.

We always like those who admire us; we do not always like those whom we admire.—Francis Duc de Rochefoucauld.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time—not a year from now when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. HOLMES

315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.

Use address nearest you. 37

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 15–1911.

FREE SAMPLE CURED OLD PERSON'S BOWEL TROUBLE

One of the most remarkable proofs of the unusual laxative merit contained in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is that it is effective not only in people in the prime of life but at the extremes of ages. As many letters are received from mothers regarding the cures of children, as from men and women of sixty, seventy and eighty years of age. It must be truly a wonderful laxative.

In the cure of constipation and bowel trouble in old people it has no equal. It corrects the constipation, dispels the headache, biliousness, gas, drowsiness after eating, etc. People advancing in years should see to it that their bowels move freely, and if they do not to take Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You can prolong your life by healthy bowel action. Clogged bowels invite disease. Women about to pass the menstrual period cannot do better than use Syrup Pepsin several times a week until the system has settled to its future condition.

Among the strongest supporters of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin are Mr. W. G. Zorn of New Decatur, Ala., and Mr. George S. Spaulding of the National Soldiers' Home, Kansas, both elderly men. The regular size bottles can be bought of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar, but a free sample bottle can be had by sending your address to the doctor.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 301 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 22, 1911. NUMBER 41.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Reciprocity with Canada, and a farmers' free list, it was decided at the democratic caucus will be the legislation taken up in the order named by the present house of representatives. The woolen and cotton schedules, according to present indications will follow.

To prevent foreign countries buying second hand armor and arms which have been discarded by the United States, Representative Moore of Pennsylvania introduced a bill and also a joint resolution requiring that such condemned arms or armor "be mutilated so as to render them harmless as instruments of warfare or violence."

President Taft granted clemency to three men convicted of federal offenses. Thaddeus I. Potter, of Portland, Ore., convicted of complicity in a conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands and who had his sentence of six months and a fine of $500 commuted a few weeks ago, to a fine of $50 and costs, was relieved by the president from payment of the costs which amounted to $2,000.

Francis W. Taylor of Chicago, a real estate operator, who recently was a member of the board of aldermen from the famous Twenty-first ward, has been appointed private secretary to Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, and will begin his duties April 20. Secretary MacVeagh, Secretary of the Interior Fisher, Secretary of War Dickinson and the late Solicitor General Bowers lived in the Twenty-first ward.

Two bills were introduced in the house by Representative Kinkaid of Nebraska. One designates that the authorization of $25,000 for additional office work in the office of the surveyor general in the sundry civil bill, passed during the third session of the sixty-first congress, be made immediately available for the necessary preparation of field notes and plats of resurveys. The other is the bill for relief of soldiers of the civil war, the war with Spain and the Philippine insurrection.

General.

Senator Lafe Young has returned to his Des Moines home.

Cholera situation is again causing some uneasiness in Honolulu.

Colonel Roosevelt says Illinois needs a disinfectant since electing Lorimer.

The New York Bible society has just finished placing 10,000 bibles in New York hotels.

Congressman Kinkaid introduced 37 bills providing for increases of pensions for Nebraskans.

If congress adjourns during the spring months President Taft will go to Texas to watch the maneuvers.

The Nebraska railway commission has announced the physical valuation of the Rock Island system in Nebraska to be $10,000,000.

A bill changing the date of presidential inauguration to the last Thursday in April has been introduced in the house by Representative Henry.

Mrs. Logan A. Swope, now in California, says she will return to Kansas City for the trial of Dr. Hyde, but will spend no more money for special prosecutors.

Miss Evelyn S. Hall, for 27 years principal of the Northfield seminary at Northfield, Mass., died at Westerly, R. I. Miss Hall was widely known in the religious education field.

Mrs. Sereno E. Payne, wife of Representative Payne, father of the present tariff bill, is in a serious condition at her home in Washington, suffering from nervous prostration.

At Washington John Hays Hammond filed a formal plea of not guilty in the suit brought against him by Daniel J. Sully for $1,500,000 damages for conspiracy to defame the latter's character and destroy his good standing.

Bonding companies which become sureties to the government will hereafter be inspected at regular intervals by national bank examiners. Considerable expense will be saved and the government will have competent assurance that the concerns which bond government employes are in condition to fulfill their obligation.

The value of Nebraska farm lands has more than doubled in the last ten years, according to the census bureau.

Canadian reciprocity and farmers' free list bills were introduced in the house on beehalf of the democratic majority.

National negro democratic executive committee has called a convention for Indianapolis, May 17, to formulate plans for the 1912 campaign.

A bill was introduced in the house by Representative Hardwick of Georgia, providing for the repeal of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution.

David Jayne Hill has tendered his resignation as ambassador to Mexico, and it has been accepted.

Chas. D. Morton, former secretary to President Taft, has been elected vice president of the First National bank, New York.

The Mexican government has issued a call for volunteers.

Congressman Norris was placed to his satisfaction on house committees.

Judge William S. Kenyon was elected United States senator by the Iowa legislature.

In a battle near Chihuahua forty or more insurrectos were killed and many wounded.

W. S. Kenyon will not qualify as a senator until the anti-trust prosecutions are finished.

H. U. Mudge, president of the Rock Island, is not adverse to public control of corporations.

House democrats have decided to revise the agricultural schedule of the present tariff law.

A tornado which devastated Oklahoma and Kansas killed twenty-three and injured a hundred.

Dr. B. Clark Hyde, convicted of murdering the Swopes at Kansas City, was granted a new trial.

Dr. Gomez, of the revolutionary junta at Washington, is moving actively for peace in Mexico.

The house, by a vote of 296 to 16, adopted the resolution for direct election of United States senators.

A bill has been introduced in congress providing a "children's bureau" for the department of commerce and labor.

Searching inquiry into the situation in Mexico is demanded in a resolution offered by Senator Stone of Missouri.

President Taft has gone as far as he cares to on his own initiative, and if there is to be intervention congress must declare it.

The Canadian parliament is practically certain to pass the reciprocity treaty and the agreement depends upon the senate's action.

George S. Terry, assistant United States treasurer at New York, died at Aiken, S. C. He had been suffering for a week from an attack of diabetes.

John Hays Hammond has filed a formal plea of not guilty in the suit brought against him by J. Sully for $1,500,000 damages for conspiracy to defame.

After a search of two years secret service men arrested Harry B. Porter in Denver and charged him with making the best counterfeit silver dollars ever circulated in this country.

At New York in the presence of many women and children whom they had rescued, twenty-four women were presented with medals for brave work in 1910-11. Mayor Gaynor in presenting the medals said the New York fire and police departments were the best in the world.

The New Hampshire senate, by a vote of 16 to 6, adopted a resolution informing Senators Gallinger and Burnham that the "sentiment of the people of New Hampshire appears to be that Senator Lorimer should not be allowed to retain his seat in the United States senate."

Representative Clark of Florida, during debate, served notice on his colleagues that there would be no more extension of remarks or leave to print undelivered speeches in the Congressional Record, a popular outlet when debate is limited during the Sixty-second congress.

Braving the chilly winds and drizzling rain and immense throng, variously estimated from 150,000 to 200,000 stood in the streets of Cleveland and paid silent tribute to the memory of Tom L. Johnson as his body was conveyed from the family apartments to the union depot, en route east for burial.

Denman Thompson, of West Swansey, N. H., the venerable actor, creator and portrayer of that homely New England character, "Uncle Joshua Whitcomb," which he endeared to theatre goers all over the country, was buried Sunday with simple ceremonies in the little cemetery across the road from his home.

Governor Hadley of Missouri signed the house bill which gives the railroad commissioners power to fix rates for express companies, to establish free delivery zones in cities of 1,000 people and to fix the amount which such companies shall pay railroads for carrying express. The bill gives the railroad company power to acquire one or more regular passenger trains to be run daily on all railroad lines.

Within the next four months four agents of the tariff board will begin gathering cost statistics of manufacturing wool and cotton textiles in Europe. The investigators will work in the European mills several months and return to the United States in time to include their reports in the recommendations on the cotton and wool schedules which the tariff board expects to show to the president in December.

Personal.

Senator Poindexter of Washington took the oath of office Monday.

Friends of Gov. Hadley of Missouri want to boom him for president.

Senator Hitchcock had an attack of vertigo, but has fully recovered.

Mme. Gadski, the singer, is suffering from sciatica and may have to cancel her spring concert tour of the west.

Senator Norris Brown has asked for a boost in committee chairmanship.

In an address at Madison, Roosevelt paid many compliments to La Follette.

Not many house republicans have changed their attitude on the reciprocity bill.

Senate has confirmed the nomination of Walter L. Fisher as secretary of the interior.

Martin C. Breen, of the wholesale liquor firm of Breen & Kennedy, was found dead in the hallway of a Chicago apartment building.

ROOSEVELT HERE

MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE ADVISED AS TO ITS DUTY ON DREADED TOPICS.

PENDING BILLS HIT HARD

Former President Addresses Joint Bodies of Assembly on Issues.—Conservative Progressive Stand Taken.

St. Paul, April .—Styling himself a progressive and mounting squarely upon a progressive platform, Theodore Roosevelt, former president of the United States, advised the Minnesota legislature as to its duty. Addressing the joint bodies of the assembly and speaking with the clear enunciation which is his custom, and talking without notes or manuscript, the former president discussed pending legislation, preached his doctrine of "duty," discussed the duty of a representative and urged cleanliness in politics.

He declared for the direct election of United States senators, but by inference, though without saying so, intimated that the arrangement of such a plan might be left to the national congress.

He approved the progressive legislation of the Minnesota legislature, but aligned himself with the more conservative progressives of the state rather than with the radical element.

Favors Initiative and Referendum.

He declared for the initiative and referendum, but decried the low percentages which would have been attachd to the bill as was urged by the more radical members of the Minnesota house. By inference, he approved the bill as it was finally passed by the house with a high percentage. He would see the percentages governing the invoking of either the initiative or referendum so high that it could not be lightly or frivolously used.

He failed to go on record as favoring the recall, although by inference he did approve it, but specifically insisted it should not apply to the judiciary. He qualified this also by saying that judges should be in touch with the needs of the times, that a judge was a public servant, and that some measure of recall or of ending a judge's service should be evolved, and recommended that a plan should be evolved which would make it possible for a majority of the legislature to remove a judge from office.

He declared himself in favor of a direct primary, but insisted it should be accompanied by a stringent corrupt practices act, because without such an accompanying act, he said, it would encourage the lavish expenditure of money.

Speaking of the duty of a representative, he insisted a representative should represent the sentiment of his constituency, but qualified this, also, by saying that he owed a higher duty to his conscience, and if he thought a measure was wrong he should oppose it, even if his constituency demanded it. He urged that a constituency owed a duty to its representative.

It was a characteristically Rooseveltian address. It abounded in sentiments of high ideals in politics, expressed at times with daring and originality and at other times clothed in the language of platitude and flattest truism.

Occasion a Notable One.

The occasion for the address was as notable as the address itself. The former president was the guest of the state of Minnesota. He had been invited to stop off on his way home from the West, to address both houses of the legislature. Arriving in St. Paul he was at once escorted to the Saint Paul hotel by the committee which had been appointed from both houses and which included Governor Eberhart and Hugh T. Halbert of the St. Paul Roosevelt club.

The address was staged in the house chamber. The speaker's desk was embowered in flowers and every seat in the chamber and in the galleries were filled, while every bit of available space was used for extra chairs.

Members All Present.

Practically all of the members of the house and senate were present, although Speaker Dunn was notably absent.

Colonel Roosevelt spoke for nearly an hour and afterwards was taken to his train, stopping first at the Saint Paul hotel for an informal reception.

Minneapolis.—A play, which is said to be distinctly different from any that has ever been presented, will be seen at the Bijou the week of April 23rd. "The White Squaw," which will be the attraction, is described as an emotional drama in which noble sentiments are spoken and heartbeats fly fast.

Four Days' Fair at Winona.

Winona.—Winona will have four days of county fair this fall instead of three, according to the decision of the ways and means committee of the Winona County Fair association. Preliminary plans were talked over and the fair was tentatively outlined in so far as generalities were concerned. The dates chosen are to be September 19, 20, 21 and 22. This will bring the Winona event the week following the St. Charles county fair and the week before the tri-state fair at La Crosse.

LAY CORNER STONE.

Federal Building at Austin, Dedicated by Masons.

Austin.—The corner stone of the new federal building was laid by the Grand Masonic Lodge of Minnesota with imposing ceremonies. Over 200 visiting Masons were present, and St. Bernard commandery acted as escort. A procession marched through the principal streets, composed of the Austin Masonic lodge, visiting Masons, St. Bernard commandery, and a number of other orders, including the Odd Fellows, the Eagles, the Woodmen, Company M, M. N. G.; McIntyre post, G. A. R., and others. The procession halted at the site of the new building, when the grand lodge laid the corner stone in due and ancient form. The following grand officers officiated: Grand Master Elmer A. Kling, Deputy Grand Master Owen Morris, Senior Grand Warden H. M. Burnham, Junior Grand Warden O. M. Henderson, Grand Treasurer Gustav Widell, Grand Secretary John Fishel, Grand Marshall W. A. Nolan, Grand Orator Prof. J. C. Bryant of St. Paul, Grand Tyler John H. Ludwig.

After the ceremonies the Masons were entertained at a banquet by the members of the Eastern Star. The new building is to cost $50,000 for the superstructure. It is 75 by 50 feet and two stories high. The building will be ready for occupation December 1.

A large number from St. Paul and Minneapolis were among the visitors and Albert Lea, Owatonna, Spring Valley and other Southern Minnesota towns sent large Masonic delegations.

FOUND HANGING TO A TREE.

Litchfield Who Escaped From Fergus Falls Asylum.

Litchfield. — Authorities here were notified that the body of John Palm, a wealthy merchant and member of the city council of this city, has been found hanging to a tree, two miles from the state insane hospital at Fergus Falls, from which institution he had been missing since April 2.

Mr. Palm was sent as a patient to the insane hospital at his own request. He was subject to periods of depression and feared that, while so afflicted he might do himself injury. On Sunday, April 2, after he had been granted his parole, he did not return. Every effort was made to locate him, but without success, until his body was found by Deputy Sheriff [illegible] Nelson of this county.

He is survived by a widow and a large family.

POPE'S DECREE NEEDLESS.

Priests in Archdiocese in St. Paul Declared to Abjure Secular Pursuits.

Minneapolis. — As there is no priest in Minneapolis engaged in purely secular business, the decree of the pope forbidding priests to act as directors of banks or business institutions has little bearing on this portion of the archdiocese of St. Paul, according to Rev. J. Harrington, pastor of the Church of the Ascension.

Bishop Davis of the diocese of Davenport, Ia., has issued orders to priests of his diocese putting the pope's decree into effect. As there is a general law of the Catholic church forbidding priests to engage in purely business pursuits, the formal application of the pope's decree will not, it is said, cause any material change in the government of the church.

HARVEST FOR ATTORNEYS.

Much Litigation Expected From Reopening of Red Lake Lands.

Crookston. — Record developments bear out the prediction that the reopening of the ceded Red Lake Indian lands will cause all kinds of litigation. The attorneys are divided over the proposition, some believing that the regulations issued by the department of the interior at Washington setting the date of settlement upon the land as April 15 and the date of entry as May 15 will be upheld, while others contend that the act as passed by congress on March 16, providing that "hereafter" all said lands are re-opened to entry, will hold in the courts regardless of the action of the land department at Washington.

NEW DUTIES FOR "SINBAD."

Returned Prisoner Put in Charge of Penitentiary Gates.

Stillwater.—Charles Price, known as "Sinbad, the Sailor," the commuted "lifer" who was on parole and voluntarily returned to the state prison, has again been placed in the trusty class and has the important position of turnkey at the main wagon gates of the prison yard.

Part of his duty is to unlock and lock the big gates when teams pass through. Another duty is to see that no one escapes by the gates, which are guarded also by a man on the wall and a man on the street, and tried guards armed with loaded rifles.

Miners to Return to Work.

Winnipeg Man. — Coal miners on strike in Alberta and British Columbia, to the number of 10,000 including allied organizations, asked the minister of labor at Ottawa for a board of conciliation under the Canadian disputes act, and Minister Mackenzie Kink wired his acceptance. The miners will return to work, while the board takes evidence in the matter under dispute. Many towns in Alberta are entirely out of fuel, while coke to run the big smelters is being imported from Illinois.

DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, April 19.—Riotous scenes marked the adjournment of the lower house of the Minnesota legislature after a three months session noted principally for its lack of accomplishment.

The scene was a fitting ending to the session of the lower branch in its disorganized state. Wild scenes had become almost daily occurrences but that which brought about adjournment rivaled them all. In the midst of the excitement, L. C. Spooner, of Morris, angered by the forced adjournment attacked an alleged representative of the brewing interests and ordered him from the floor.

Belligerent Attitude Assumed.

"You d— scoundrel," he raged. "You leopard. It is you and the breweries who have tied up legislation and disgraced the state of Minnesota." The man hurried from the assembly room while Mr. Spooner was held back by a number of house members.

As a result of the adjournment, nearly 400 proposed laws, many of them important ones, passed into oblivion. It killed the extension of the local option law to cities of the fourth class, the state-wide primary law and other reform measures which had been sent over from the senate.

During the morning session affairs in the house reached such a condition that Speaker Dunn threatened to call out the militia.

Pandemonium reigned, and semblance of order had been lost and a fist fight on the floor had been averted only by a score of members separating the combatants. The house was in an uproar. Few if any of the members were in their seats. The sound of the speaker's gavel echoed through the hall.

It was all part of the debate on the bill to limit senatorial representation to not more than seven from one county.

Representatives Dan O'Neill of Thief River Falls and Thomas Frankson of Spring Valley were the actors in an altercation and a personal encounter such as has not occurred in the Minnesota legislature for years.

Bad blood between the two men developed during the debate on the "six senator" bill, in which O'Neill came to the rescue of the cities, and was interrupted by Frankson. They had words at several times. Frankson kept telling O'Neill that he was making a mistake and would suffer at home because he refused to stand for limiting city representation.

During the pendency of W. I. Nolan's motion to recall the bill from the senate, Frankson walked over into the aisle to where O'Neill was sitting.

"I'll send you to political oblivion, old fellow" he said.

O'Neill, who is excitable and remarkably strong for his years, jumped up and made for Frankson. Seizing him by the coat collar, he began rushing him down the aisle and back toward his own side of the house.

"I've stood enough of that from you," he raged. "You can't give me any more of your talk."

Twenty members were on the spot in an instant, and several of them had hard work in releasing O'Neill's grip from Frankson's coat. The man from Spring Valley was white and O'Neill was shaking as though palsied when he was finally induced to take his seat.

All this time the speaker was hammering with his gavel, and it was several minutes after the men were separated before he got order and could speak. Then he began reading the house a lecture on preserving order. As he talked he began to get excited himself, until he came to the climax and threatened to call out the militia. There was applause from a part of the house, but not from the northern and city members, with whom the speaker is decidedly unpopular.

Thomas Frankson, who according to the blue book is 42 years old and a sturdy fellow of 180 pounds or more, strutted around after the incident and said, "I wish he had come out in the corridor a few minutes and I'd fix him." Mr. O'Neill is 58 years old.

In the senate the disorder was almost as great, although there was no personal encounter.

The deadlock which was kept up all night Friday in the Senate was finally broken. The body adjourned at 3 a. m., to meet again at nine and the "six-senator" bill went through with little opposition.

The senate passed the McKinzie bill, abolishing capital punishment, by a vote of 35 to 19. The life of Patrick O'Malley, the Le Sueur wife murderer, is thus saved. But he will go to the penitentiary for life.

The bill turning over from the state to the city of St. Paul new land created by the change of the bed of the Mississippi river was passed. St. Paul, according to its senators, hopes to sell a part of this land for about $750,000 to railroads for terminal facilities and a union depot and build a Mississippi harbor with the money gained. An amendment by Senator Moonan that the railroads should pay an annual tax of 5 per cent a year on property thus acquired was voted down.

State Tax Levy Is Increased.

The state tax levy for general revenue purpose is fixed at 1.9 mills in the tax bill introduced in the house by L. C. Spooner and passed under a suspension of the rules. This is an increase of .7 mills over two years ago. The levy will net the state about $2,200,000 a year. The entire tax levy for all state purposes for the next two years is 3½ mills, as compared with 2.53 mills fixed two years ago. The total levy will bring the state $4,200,000 annually.

The Oregon plan for direct election of United States senators was among the many bills passed by the senate, by a vote of 55 to 6.

The bill provides for the non-partisan direct election of United States senators. The legislators must sign a pledge either that they will refuse to vote for the candidate receiving the highest number of votes or that they will vote for such candidates. This is a choice in name only, according to both supporters and opponents of the bill, as the legislator who refused to promise to support the popular senatorial candidate would stand no chance of being elected, they say.

At each party primary, under the bill, a candidate of the party shall be selected. At the general election, the different candidates shall be voted on and the legislature will be compelled to elect the popular candidate. This might result here as it has in Oregon and Nevada, in a Republican legislature being compelled to elect a Democrat to the United States senate, or the other way around.

Session Cost Is $308,792.

Legislative expenses for the present session are more than $10,000 in excess of the expenses of the 1909 session. The 1911 legislature has used a total of $300,249.91, while the 1909 solons succeeded in spending but $290,752.75. The standing appropriation of the legislature at the beginning of the present session was 182,000, but the original amount was increased until it totaled $307,000, and with a few incidentals, an aggregate sum of $308,792.42 stands to the credit of the 1911 legislature.

Two anti-liquor bills were acted upon by the senate. The R. C. Dunn bill to abolish road houses lost by a vote of 29 to 24. The bill to allow cities of the fourth class to vote on the license question was passed.

Senators G. H. Sullivan and Rockne had passed a resolution that five members of the senate be appointed a committee to serve without pay to draw up a workingmen's compensation bill.

By a vote of 36 to 18, the senate passed the "hotel zone" bill, conferring upon the Radisson and Dyckman hotels of Minneapolis the privilege to serve liquor to their guests. The bill passed the house several weeks ago. Governor Eberhart said, after the passage of the bill, that he would sign it.

Doings in the House.

Speaker Dunn interrupted business to instruct the sergeant-at-arms to eject all lobbyists from the floor of the house.

George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, is practically exonerated on every charge made against him in the majority report of the house investigating committee. It is signed by C. T. Knapp, C. R. Fowler, J. J. Moriarity and Ralph E. Crane. A minority report signed by Donald Robertson of Argyle and recommending the dismissal of Mr. Ralph.

Senator Schaller was voted $1,000 for his services in the prosecution of Patrick Gibbons, who killed his wife and a priest in South St. Paul.

Ernest Lundeen introduced a resolution abolishing corporal punishment in the state training school. John Lennon gave notice of debate and this resolution went over until today.

The house passed a resolution introduced by Speaker Dunn under suspension of the rules. It asks congress to pass a law prohibiting injunction proceedings to be brought in the federal court on a state law until the case has been finally adjudicated in the state's supreme court.

CITY HALL BURNS.

Brussels, Belgium.—The city hall at Schaerbek, a suburb of the capital, together with its priceless works of art including notable paintings and Gobelins was destroyed by fire. Two firemen were killed during a desperate effort to save some of the contents of the building. It is believed the fire was of incendiary origin.

RATE ADVANCE SUSPENDED.

On Malt Shipments on the Milwaukee Road.

Washington, D. C. — Freight rate advances on shipments of malt from Duluth to Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway were suspended by the interstate commerce commission until August 15, 1911. Meantime an inquiry into the reasonableness of the proposed advances will be made.

GOING AFTER "LAME DUCKS."

Representative Clark of Florida Would Investigate Sinecures.

Washington, D. C. — An overhauling of the nests of numerous "lame ducks" was prescribed in a resolution introduced in the house of representatives by Representative Clark (Dem., Fla. It provided for a committee to investigate the "labors" of all commissions, boards and special bodies in the government service.

Rich Man, Poor Man.

You can easily tell a poor man from a rich one by examining his mail. The poor man's mail consists of requests for money that he owes; the rich man's for money that he doesn't owe.—Lippincott's.

THE ALARMING PREVALENCE OF ECZEMA

Finds Victims Among Every Race, Age and Condition.

Of all the diseases of the skin and scalp which torture and disfigure mankind, three-fourths are eczematous. Millions are born with eczema, and it is the only thing other millions have left when they die. Neglect in infancy and childhood, irritating conditions affecting the skin, ignorance of its real nature, improper remedies and many other causes that might be mentioned have created an eczema which, with varying severity, has afflicted countless numbers during their entire lives. Eczema is a skin disease. It is not regarded as hereditary, nor contagious, and is impartially distributed among the rich and poor, the high and low. The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, causing loss of sleep, is usually the most distressing symptom and is caused by the bursting of little vesicles filled with an acrid fluid, which burns as with fire the denuded skin. New vesicles form, fill and burst, scales form upon scales, and crusts upon crusts until disfigurement is added to torture.

One of the most successful treatments for eczema, whether applied to the youngest infant or the oldest person, is hot baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle anointings of Cuticura ointment. For more than a generation, these pure, sweet and gentle emollients have proved the most efficient agents in the speedy and permanent relief of all forms of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations of the skin and scalp. Although Cuticura soap and ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, in order that those who have suffered long and hopelessly and who have lost faith in everything may make trial of them without charge, a liberal sample of each will be mailed free to any address, together with a 32-page pamphlet, giving a description and treatment of the various forms of eczema, as well as other affections of the skin, scalp, hair and hands—send to "Cuticura," Dept. W, Boston.

Crippled by Tuberculosis.

According to a recent report by Dr. Conrad Biesalski of Berlin there are 75,000 cripples in the German empire out of a population of 60,500,000. Over 50,000 of the cripples are in need of proper treatment. Doctor Biesalski states that in 15 per cent. of the cripples examined, their deformity was due to tuberculosis of the bones and joints, and that there were 10,000 such children in great need of medical treatment. He advocates the establishment of seaside sanatoria for this latter class of cripples.

The One Destination.

"Is there any field for new poets?"

"Yes, potter's field."—Lippincott's Magazine.

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Whatever you lose, you should reckon of no account.—Publius Syrus.

Constipation slowly impairs the general health—Garfield Tea corrects constipation and benefits the entire system.

Ignorance of one's misfortune is clear gain.—Euripides.

MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you herewith the picture of my fifteen year old

daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. Corkran, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

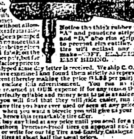
$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.



WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 22, 1911.

George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, was exonerated on every one of the charges preferred against him by the majority report of the house committee investigating him. A minority report was sent to the house by one member of the committee which demanded the removal of Mr. Ralph on the allegation of general inefficiency.

With but little debate and while deserted by all friends but its author, Senator Cashman, the distance tariff bill was put to death Monday by the railroad committee in the senate It was agreed that its enactment at present would annihilate the great rate cases decided by Judge Sanborn before they could be appealed to the supreme court of the United States.

During this session of the legislature no great reputations have been made. No big men have come to the front. Neither house nor senate have developed men of unusual ability. Both speaker of the house and lieutenant governor have been new figures in the limelight during the present session, but neither has acquired preeminnt distinctions a result. Far from it.

Patrons of country newspapers who believe that the rates charged for advertising are exorbitant should deal with the Curtis Publishing company for a while. In the new schedule for the Curtis company the rates are as follows: Ladies' Home Journal—$7 per line, $5,000 for inside page, $5,500 for inside cover page, $7,000 for outside cover page. Saturday Evening Post—$5 per line, $2,000 for inside page, $3,300 for inside cover page. Even at these rates the publications named secure all the advertising they can possibly carry.

Making a Good Start

Those democrats in the lower house of congress are not such a fool lot, after all. Instead of "playing poltics" they are doing things. They have given reciprocity the right of way, amending it only to recommend a free list that will include a great number of the things the farmer sells.

This does not affect the agreement being only a request that President Taft continue negotiations with Canada to bring about the free admission of the articles named, nearly a hundred in number, and including agricultural machinery, meat products, flour, lumber fencing, leather goods, burlap, salt, bagging, etc.

We can see no objection to this. Certainly if the farmer can stand Canadian competition, the manufacturers can. The same arguments that hold good in one case are as conclusive in the other. We are one people in our language and ideals; the labor cost is as nearly the same; the cost of production no more varied, and the living conditions are as identical as to manufactures as they are in agriculture.

What the United States should have with Canada is absolute free trade. There is no more excuse for anything else than there would be for customs duties between our own states. Both countries would profit by such a condition.

The democrats, also, intend to revise the famous schedule K, covering wools and woolens. They will have the approval of the people in this and President Taft has most wisely given them the data collected upon this subject by the tariff commission.

This measure is a logical sequence to the reciprocity bill, and should reconcile the farmers to any possible loss through free grains. Wools and woolens have a wholly unreasonable and oppressive degree of protection. It not only makes the people's clothing higher in price, but, worse than this, it makes them of poorer grade.

It has induced ways for the remanufacture of rags, for the use of shoddy, for making a good looking out side to a rotton inside, and has turned out a product sadly lacking in wearing qualities. It is, also, shown that the use of cotton has increased out of proportion with the consumption of wool. This is large because cotton has increased in its proportionate use it the manufacture of "all-wool,' goods.

The democrats begin well. If they confine themself to the program they have outlined, and do not try to do too much; if their zeal does not run away with their discretion, and general approval does not turn their heads, they will make a very un-democratic record, historically speaking.

D. P. O'Neil Puts on Prize Ring Stunt

D. P. O'Neil, representative from Theif River Falls, and Thomas Frankson, representive from Freeborn county, had an encounter in the house Tuesday morping over the county repesentation bill.

Frankson accused O'Neil of degrading himself by his vote on the bill and after further exchange of angry words the members clinched. Others interfered and the men were separated.

The feeling was bitter during the closing hours of the legislature and Speaker Dunn declares order must be maintained even if it is necessary to call on Gov. Eberhart for troops.

Clean Up Notice

Property holders are hereby notified to clear their property of all refuse, garbage, and other obnoxious substances. Time is given until the 25th day of April, when the annual inspection will be made and steps taken to enforce the order,

Given by order of board of health. DR. C. SWANSON, Health Officer.

DIED

John Garceau, aged 67 years, who resided with his son, Theodore, a banker of Red Lake Falls, died last Friday and was buried at Red Lake Falls Tuesday. He was the father of ten sons, eight of whom survive him. Ed. Garceau, of Tacoma, was present at the funeral, the other sons being unable to be present.

He had been a resident of Red Lake Falls for 15 years. His first wife died and his second wife was living apart for some time past. The sons living are Theodore, Edward, Fred, John, Anthony, Joseph Nelson and Louis.

Business Men To Visit in North

Arrangements by which business men of Minneapolis will enter the country that lies north and west of there for a week of travel on a special train and a visit to about seventy towns of the newer developing part of the state have been completed. The Northern Pacific road will furnish the necessary sleepers, dining and observation cars baggage car, a sleeper for the train crew and a business car for the railway officials in charge, all electrically lighted and heated.

This train will leave the Minneapolis Union station Sunday, May 21, at 8 p. m. and it will move over the rails of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, Minnesota & International, Big Fork & International, and Canadian Northern roads before it returns. From May 21 to May 27 the train will be out and it will be back in Minneapolis at 9 p. m. Saturday, May 27. Every part of northern Minnesota will be covered. The train will be in St. Hilaire southbound, on Thursday, May 25, from 2:00 to 2:20 p. m.

Program of Examinations for Common School Certificates May 4, 5, and 6, 1911

THURSDAY, MAY 4
(First Grade Studies.)

A. M.— 8:00. Enrollment.
8:30. Geometry.
10:15. Physics.
P. M.— 1:15. Algebra.
2:45. Physical Geography or General History.
4:15. Agriculture.

FRIDAY, MAY 5
(Second Grade Studies.)

A. M.— 8:00. Enrollment.
8:30. Professional Test.
9:20. Spelling.
10:00. Arithmetic.
P. M.— 1:15. Geography.
2:45. Composition.
3:45. Reading.
4:40. Penmanship.

SATURDAY, MAY 6
(Second Grade Studies Continued.)

A. M.— 8:00. U. S. History.
9:45. English Grammar.
11:30. Music.
P. M.— 1:15. Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45. Civics.
4:00. Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than sixty minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed thirty minutes earlier.

Teachers who have schools engaged now, but whose certificates have been extended, must take this examination. They may close their school for the time required in attendance upon examination.

Attention of teachers in our rural schools is also called to the fact that the State High School examinations will be held on May 29 to June 1 inclusive. Any rural school wanting to take this examination must report to me the number of scholars taking the same and the studies in which the examinations are to be taken.

Thief River Falls, Minn., April 20, 1911. E. A. MOSTUE,
a22-2t Supt. of Schools, Pennington Co.

City May Acquire St. Hilaire Dam

There is a move on foot, started by members of the Commercial club to have the city of Thief River Falls acquire the St. Hilaire dam, and necessary lands therewith. The executive committee of two (Barzen and Hanson) before the council last Tuesday evening and made representations to that body of the needs of the city for more, and more certain, power, and urged that body to take immediate action looking toward the acquirement of the St. Hilaire dam. A committee of three of the council was appointed to accompany Mr. Barzen and Mr. C. L. Hanson to inspect the dam on Thursday.

The same committee was instructed last night to open negotiations with the owners.—Press.

A party of up the river people were in town Thursday inspecting the dam. This deal, if consummated, puts an end to all hopes of any improvement to our town through the development of our waterpower. Mayhap they will allow us an electric light service.

The Redwood.

Redwood forests are practically unharmed by forest fires, and it is common practice for the lumbermen to fell the trees and peel the bark from them and when the dry season is on set fire to the felled timber and burn the branches and bark and other wreckage without practical injury to the saw logs, which procedure would mean disaster to any other wood. Redwood contains no resin or turpentine of any kind, and, owing to its great resistant qualities in severe climatic conditions, is free from cracking or decay, where cinders might lodge and start fires. When burning, it is easily extinguished with a small quantity of water. It has the appearance of burnt cork and is harder to ignite a second time than at first.—Scientific American.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Public Auction

200 ACRE FARM
6 MILES NORTH OF WYLIE

Saturday, May 6
2 p. m. at the Court House Door
RED LAKE FALLS

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:—Sw¼ of nw¼ of section 27, and ne ¼ of section 28, twp. 153 n., range 45 w. of 5th p. m. Rented for one-fourth delivered. A chance to buy a farm at your own price,

TERMS:—$1400 martgage can be assumed or paid. Balance cash with landlord's share of crop; or $500 cah, balance of settlement knd deeds March 1, 1912.

MRS. MAY SHAHAN, OWNER

Parties who cannot attend the sale may send sealed bids to the auctioneers at Red Lake Falls, Minn., o. to G. F. Hennings or John A. Duffy, Red Labe Falls, Minn.

W. P. MONTGOMERY & CO.
Real Estate Auctioneers, 149 E. Main, Decatur, Illinois

WANTED 100 NEW Subscribers

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 10:30 a. m., and at at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday evening, April 23, at 7:15 o'clock
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m
REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
M. FRICKER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall's very first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Morris Lavelle, Secretary
Peter Sillounson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard Belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial. 10 cts.

Subscribe Now

THE LOCAL NEWS

John Draeger went to Wylie on Wednesday.

D. Patterson was at the county seat on Wednesday.

F. W. Busse left yesterday morning for another visit to Warroad.

Miss Minnie Bjerk returned to Thief River Falls Wednesday after a few days' visit at home.

Mrs. Ole Odegaard of Hazel visited with Mrs. Sherva a few days this week.

There will be services in the Rolland school house a week from tomorrow at 3:30 p. m.

Samuel Gibeau of Red Lake Falls was attending to business matters in St. Hilaire on Monday.

The Hamar Young People's society meets next Wednesday evening, April 26, at the home of S. O. Lee.

Mrs. Grohle returned to Thief River Falls Wednesday after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Pederson.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the Eastside schoolhouse Sunday morning, April 23, at 10:30 o'clock.

H. O. Jackson left Tuesday for Fort Frances, where he expected to be employed at the big mill now nearly completed there.

Mrs. S. Benson returned Thursday from a few weeks' visit with friends at Halstad. She also spent a couple of days in Minneapolis.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

Miss Huldah Gigstad, who is attending the commercial normal school at Thief River Falls, spent the Easter vacation at home.

A Mr. Johnson of Martin county, Minn., who owns land in River Falls, came up Tuesday to acquaint himself with the land.

Some mischievous urchin set a fire on the school grounds Wednesday which threatened mischief for a time and required considerable effort to subdue.

Mrs. Hans Wilson has purchased the Charles Fellman residence property on Third street for $400.00 and got a bargain at that price. She will not occupy it until next fall.

Rev. and Mrs. A. Hanson attended the Fergus Falls district conference of the M. E. church, which was held at Thief River Falls Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of this week.

Siver Rasmussen of Echo, Minn., who owns an eighty on section 9 in River Falls, is looking over his land. He may decide to move up and improve the place in the near future.

Red Lake Falls is to have a new seventy-five barrel flour mill, a seventy-five barrel feed mill, and a saw mill, all in one. The saw mill is to have a capacity of from fifteen to twenty thousand feet of lumber a day.

We are informed on good authority that it may be considered as settled that the lumber company have at last decided on a location—on Railroad avenue and Fourth street. They will probably begin the erection of sheds at once.

Ed A. Aubol and daughter Agnes went to Crookston Saturday. Mr. Aubol visited over Sunday with his brother, Guy A. Aubol, and returned Monday. Miss Agnes remained until Wednesday to receive treatment for her eyes.

The teachers returned from their week's outing and have been pounding knowledge into the youngsters' heads this week as hard as ever. Prof. Barsness was at Duluth, Miss Olson at Warren and Oslo, Miss Webb at Hibbing, and Miss Faust at Bird Island.

At the meeting of the school board last Saturday evening Miss Carolina Hodgson, a graduate of the state normal at St. Cloud, was appointed teacher for the primary department. This completes the roster of teachers for the coming school year.

A small prairie fire out near O. A. Brink's place made quite a scare Thursday evening, but was extinguished before any damage was done. The law against setting out prairie fires is pretty severe, though perhaps none. too much so, and it would be a good thing to make an example of the first offender caught.

LOCAL MARKETS,

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

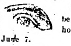
Wheat, 1 Northern	.88
" 2 "	.86
" 3 "	.82
Flax, 1	2.37
" 2	2.27
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	.75
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, " "	5½
Pork, dressed	7½
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

Dr. Owens was in Thief River last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson were in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Miss Hilda Hauge went Monday to Bemidji via the Soo to visit with her sister, Mrs. August Bergh.

John Magnussen came over from Hazel Thursday and went to Red Lake Falls on the 4:20 train on a business mission.



Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

The program at the M. E. social last evening is said to have been a fine one. We hope to give a better account af it next week.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

A meeting of the republican central committee was held at Thief River Fells Wednesday and Daniel Shaw was elected chairman.

The Young People's sewing soceity of the Scandinavian Mission church meets at the Eastside schoolhouse Friday evening, April 28.

The pool tables that have been operated by F. W. Busse at the Markham hotel were removed on Thursday to Duncan McAllister's barber shop.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Chas. Bourdon, a Red Lake Falls banker, drove into town Wednesday in his auto. He was accompanied by a real estate man and was looking at lands.

Mayor Dahl entertained his brother-in-law, J. C. Holden of Thief River, on Monday. Mr. Holden has recently returned from Swift Point, Can., where he made entry on a claim.

N. N. Larson, formerly buttermaker for the St. Hilaire creamery, moved his family to Crookston this week, having accepted a similar position at the Bridgman-Russel company's creamery at that place.

Miss Ester Peterson went down to St. Hilaire to spend Sunday. She went from there to Bemidji and other points before she goes to Fargo, where she will be employed as stenographer.—Thief River Falls News.

Robert Lord, auditor for the Crookston Lumber company, located at Bemidji, interviewed Tom Hovet on Wednesday. He was looking over the prospects for log driving and had been at Thief River Falls.

Mike Anderson has purchased a half interest in a saloon business at Baudette, and returned to that place Monday. His family will remain here for the present and his grocery business here will be in charge of Andrew Hall.

Hans Fredrikson and Chris Moe were in town Monday and traded small pieces of land. Both own land in section 36 in Rocksbury. The Soo cuts off a triangular piece from each tract, and by the trade their farms are united, each on his side of the track.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Doble arrived yesterday and went out to visit Mr. Doble's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Doble, near Wylie. He is a member of the force of the warship Louisiana, now in Hampton roads, off the coast of North Carolina, and came up to attend the funeral of his brother Lester at Howard Lake Monday; the funeral being postponed one day to enable him to be present.

---LAZAR & LAZAR---
NOW HAVE SPECIAL PRICES
On Men's and Boys' Suits, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Top Skirts, and Waists
YOUR BUSINESS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

For Every Ill There's a Cure
The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.
Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Mrs. Nettie Lang went Wednesday to Grand Forks to visit with friends.

Mrs. Thomas Woodcock and son Vincent left last Monday for their home in Minneapolis after a couple of weeks' visit at the home of Washingtod Adams.

Miss Hazel Showalter, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Showalter, formerly living at St. Hilaire, now of Coleraine, Minn., died at her home on Thursday, the 13th inst., after an illness of thirteen months. The deceased was 15 years old at the time of her death.

LOST.—Somewhere between the school building and the telephone office, a small gold locket with initial "C." Please return to telephone office.

Notice

I have left my business in the hands of Andrew Hall, who will collect all bills due me. Those indebted to me are requested to call and settle with him at their earliest convenience. MIKE ANDERSON.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie........ 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M. B. C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

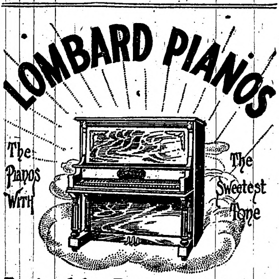
Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars.
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Growing Old Is a Habit
Avoid Acquiring It
USE
Digesto
MALT EXTRACT
A Tireless Builder of New Blood and Tissue
ITS PALATABLE TOO
15c per bottle—$1.50 per dozen at all Drug Stores
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
SAINT PAUL :: MINNESOTA

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
A. R. JONES, Agent.

$1000.00
Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of
Calumet Baking Powder

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit
No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that
LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!
Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."
Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."
J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."
J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."
R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.
Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer.. A discount allowed for all cash.
GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.
• See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with teh Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

We Give Away Free of Cost

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in French cloth binding, to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing *only*. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at regular price of $1.50. Afterwards about two and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

THE ONE REMEDY for women's peculiar ailments good enough that its makers are not afraid to print on its outside wrapper its every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs. Made from native medicinal forest roots of well established curative value.

Expert Testimony.

There was not much to be gained from the witness on the stand, who seemed to have a wonderful faculty for holding his tongue, but the lawyer tried once more.

"You say your boat picked up the accused at 9 o'clock, 'or thereabouts,'" he said. "It has been stated that he jumped overboard nearly an hour before that time. Tell me, Captain Sampson, how he appeared to you when you picked him up. If you had been required to give an opinion of him then, what would you have said?"

"Well, I'll tell ye honest," said the captain, when he had disposed of a portentious yawn, "I sh'd've said he was one o' the wettest men, I not the wettest man, that ever I see!"—Youth's Companion.

Good Reason for It.

"I see a premier danseuse is advertised to dance with five snakes twined about her."

"Should think she would. If a snake got on me I'd bet I'd dance."—Stray Stories.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some men are as easily rattled as others are hard to shake.

Simple remedies are best! Garfield Tea is simply pure, gentle in action, and always potent. Composed of Herbs, not drugs!

It is the doing, not the saying, that makes the hero.

Busted

Many a man goes broke—in Health—then wealth. Blames his mind—says it don't work right; but all the time it's *his bowels*. They don't work—liver dead and the whole system gets clogged with poison. Nothing kills good, clean-cut brain action like constipation. CASCARETS will relieve and cure. Try it now. 926

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

Coated Tongue

A coated tongue is a sign of a disordered stomach. The best cure is Kickapoo Worm Killer. Good for children and adults both. Regulates the bowels, carries new life to the blood, stimulates the liver, strengthens the digestive organs and tones up the whole system.

Contains no harmful drugs—your druggist or physician will recommend it. In tablet form, pleasant to take. Price 25 cents at druggists or by mail. Always keep a box in the house.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Indian Dream Book free on request.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal—harsh—unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

U-S EVERLASTING NON-BREAKABLE RECORDS

FIT ANY PHONOGRAPH

Possess a fullness of tone and a roundness of volume unknown to other records—give more music detail—do not wear, chip, break, or crack.

On receipt of 25c (coin or stamps) we will mail 1 two-minute record, price 35c, and 1 four-minute record, price 50c. Eighty-five Cents Value for a Quarter.

This inaugurary offer is for a limited time and only one set sold to each person.

U-S Phonograph Company
Associated with
The Bishop-Babcock-Becker Co.
CLEVELAND, OHIO

A Country School for Girls in New York City

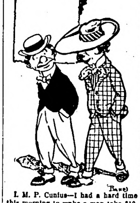
Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Summer Session. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

RHEUMATISM
STOMACH KIDNEY Where Rheumatism meets its Waterloo [illegible] Sanitarium [illegible], Ind.

NO WONDER.



I. M. P. Cunius—I had a hard time this morning to make a man take $10.

Goetz Dunn—You don't say! Who was he?

I. M. P. Cunius—My tailor, and I owe him $100.

AN ESTABLISHED FACTORY

Producing standard goods used by stores, banks, farmers and practically everybody, is sending its special representative to open a distributing office for this district and other unoccupied territory and desires a resident distributer with $600 to $3,000 in cash, carrying stock for immediately filling orders; we allow $100 to $300 monthly compensation, extra commissions, office and other expenses, per contract, according to size of district allotted and stock carried; permanent arrangements; references required. If you can fill requirements write promptly. "Liberty" Manufacturing Association, 230 West Huron St., Chicago.

A Spicy Subject.

John Lane, the well-known publisher, said at a literary dinner in New York:

"As an editor I find nobody so persistent as the amateur contributor. If the amateur were half as ingenious in writing his material as in trying to land it, he would become a Dickens in no time.

"An amateur said the other day to an editor I know:

"'Allow me to submit this bear story.'

"'My readers don't care for bear stories,' said the editor. 'They want something spicy.'

"'But this,' said the amateur, 'is a story about a cinnamon bear.'"

Symptoms Were There.

"You husband might have a little solid food directly he begins to mend," said the doctor. "But how am I to tell?" inquired the anxious wife.

"The convalescent stages of influenza," replied the doctor, "are marked by a slight irritability."

The next day he called and found the patient's wife radiant. "When I refused to order his steak and onions," she explained, "he came into the kitchen and smashed fourteen soup plates and a dinner service; so, of course, I sent out for steak at once."—Stray Stories.

A Budding Star.

"The teacher informs me that Mary Anderson Wombat has considerable dramatic talent."

"That's what. Why, that girl can't recite the multiplication table without making the most elegant gestures."

COFFEE CONGESTION
Causes a Variety of Ails.

A happy old lady in Wisconsin says:

"During the time I was a coffee drinker I was subject to sick headaches, sometimes lasting 2 or 3 days, totally unfitting me for anything.

To this affliction was added, some years ago, a trouble with my heart that was very painful, accompanied by a smothering sensation and faintness.

"Dyspepsia, also, came to make life harder to bear. I took all sorts of patent medicines but none of them helped me for any length of time.

"The doctors frequently told me that coffee was not good for me; but without coffee I felt as if I had no breakfast. I finally decided about 2 years ago to abandon the use of coffee entirely, and as I had read a great deal about Postum I concluded to try that for a breakfast beverage.

"I liked the taste of it and was particularly pleased to notice that it did not 'come up' as coffee used to. The bad spells with my heart grew less and less frequent, and finally ceased altogether, and I have not had an attack of sick headache for more than a year. My digestion is good, too, and I am thankful that I am once more a healthy woman. I know my wonderful restoration to health came from quitting coffee and using Postum." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is this. Coffee has a direct action on the liver with some people, and causes partial congestion of that organ preventing the natural outlet of the secretions. Then may follow biliousness, sallow skin, headaches, constipation and finally a change of the blood corpuscles and nervous prostration.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

REVENUE IS CUT

IS INCONSIDERABLE, COMPARED WITH SAVING TO PEOPLE, SAYS MAJORITY REPORT.

WILL BE TEN MILLIONS

Taft's Speeches Quoted to Show Administration Considers Rates Too High—Beef Trust Rapped.

Washington, D. C. — The majority report of the ways and means committee on the so-called farmers' free list bill, submitted to the house by Chairman Underwood, is a merger of Democratic political argument and an analysis of the proposed duty exemptions. The report shows that the bill would reduce the tariff revenue $10,016,495, based on the importations for the last fiscal year, an amount described as "inconsiderable in comparison with the great saving and advantages to all of our people from the additions to the free list provided for."

Protective Theory Broken Down.

Referring to the president's statement that the Republican party had modified its tariff policy so as to limit it for purposes of protection to the difference in cost of production here and abroad with a reasonable profit to the American producer, the committee report says:

"This is a confession, as was the Republican platform of 1908, that the theory of high protective duties, as put forth by the Republican party, has broken down, that combinations and trusts which prey upon the people have been fostered by the tariff and that under high tariff protection American manufactures have forced unreasonable profits from the people."

Again the report declares:

"The Canadian reciprocity agreement now before the house is a recognition on the part of the administration of the injurious effects of the extreme protective policy which has so long been imposed upon the country, and is an effort to mitigate its effects."

Canadian Agreement Not Enough.

The reciprocity agreement, the committee asserts, cannot afford the American people all the needed relief from high prices.

"Action on the agreement involves the necessity of further and immediate action in removing a number of duties on imports from other countries in order that justice may be done to the great army of agricultural producers who, in the Canadian agreement, are to have all the alleged protection removed from their products without a corresponding or reciprocal removal of the protective duties most burdensome on the commodities they must purchase as necessary to sustain their lives and industries."

The report takes up in detail the classified list of articles included in the free list bill. Regarding agricultural implements, it says their manufacture is controlled by trusts and combinations that have sold in foreign countries at lower prices than at home, building up their own foreign trade from $3,859,184 in 1890 to $28,134,033 in 1910.

Beef Trust Assailed.

The Beef Trust is assailed in discussion of the free listing of fresh meats and meat producers. "The existing duties on meats and meats products," it is asserted, "are for the advantage of this combination only," a combination that "controls the markets both in buying and selling, and the result is a substantial addition to the high cost of living from which the people suffer."

Removal of duties on these products, it is argued, will place the farmers in a free market as to foodstuffs and food products. For the reason that the public desire "that no artificial shelter shall be maintained to protect abnormally high prices on food articles in any form," the bill also seeks exemption from duty of wheat flour, semolina, rye flour, buckwheat flour, corn meal and all prepared cereal foods, biscuits, bread and similar articles not sweetened.

In discussing free lumber placed in the bill, hardware excepted, the report maintains that the ownership in this country has become practically a monopoly and has passed for the most part into the hands of great corporations and interests which are speculating on the increasing scarcity. President Taft is again referred to, the report quoting from his speech of Feb. 26, 1911, in which he said:

"By giving our own people access to Canadian forests we shall reduce the consumption of our own, which in the hands of a comparatively few owners now have a value that requires the enlargement of our available timber resources."

HOT AFTER HINES.

Indictment of Rich Lumberman Sought in Lorimer Case.

Springfield, Ill., April 20.—With the object of securing the indictment of Edward Hines, the Chicago millionaire lumber baron, for alleged perjury in connection with the Lorimer investigation, State's Attorney Burke will seek to have Shelby B. Jones and Rush Culver, both of Marquette, Mich., appear before the grand jury here in May.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, April 20.—Wheat, May, 95; July, 96¼c; No. 1 northern, 97⅝c; No. 2 northern, 95¾c; No. 1 durum, 83⅜c; No. 3 corn, 49c; No. 3 white oats, 31¼c; barley, malting, $1.06; No. 2 rye, 88c; No. 1 flax, $2.62.

Duluth, April 19.—Wheat, May, 95⅜c; July, 96¼c; No. 1 northern, 95c.

South St. Paul, April 20.—Cattle—Steers, $5.40@5.50; cows, $3.75@5.00; calves, $3.75@6.25; hogs, $5.80@6.25; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@5.00.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Faribault.—This city passed from the old ward system of city government to the commission form, recently adopted.

Sanborn.—The Chicago & North-Western roundhouse was destroyed by fire, caused by sparks from an engine that was being fired up.

Hastings.—Gilbert Fox and Edward Mattson, the two paroled inmates of the state training school at Red Wing charged with stealing G. R. Crippen's horse and buggy were held to the grand jury.

Winona.—Howard D. Anderson, for a year assistant division engineer for the North Western road in this city, has been transferred to a similar position at Boone, Iowa, and will be succeeded here by W. J. Jackson.

Duluth.—The body of a man embedded in the sand on the north shore of Lake Superior, seven miles from Duluth, was discovered. It is presumed that it has been there all winter and has thus far not been identified.

Ivanhoe.—Stella Kabot, 20, daughter of John Kabot, living four miles north of here, is dead as the result of a gunshot wound inflicted upon her accidentally by a younger brother. The entire charge of shot entered the girl's back.

Duluth.—Rev. J. Wilfred Laughbridge, pastor of the Central Baptist church, has resigned after 17 years occupancy of that pulpit. Rev. M. Fish of Pueblo succeeds him. Rev. Mr. Laughbridge will travel for a year or two.

Duluth. — The Indians of the Fond du Lac reservation have petitioned the department to have W. H. Farr, an inspector of logs, removed. He is paid $150 monthly out of the Indian fund and the Indians think it is too much.

Duluth.—Harry J. Good was sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Stillwater for forgery. He has been a traveling man, and it is said he is wanted in Des Moines and Chicago. Good is married and his wife is said to live in Des Moines.

Minneapolis. — Rev. M. Falk Gjertson, pastor of Bethany Lutheran church for the past ten years, and active in the ministry in Minneapolis for the past 43 years, tendered his resignation to the Bethany church on account of ill health.

Lake City.—Hon. Champ Clark, Speaker of the national House of Representatives, will be the star attraction at the Lake City Chautauqua in this city from July 9 to 16. The Speaker will be here on July 12 and will deliver an address on political topics.

Washington, D. C.—Representative W. S. Hammond, of Minnesota, is "in bad" with his Democratic colleagues in the committee on ways and means. Mr. Hammond was the only Democratic member of the committee to vote against favorable action on the Canadian agreement, which was Thursday ordered reported to the house.

Winona.—A change in managers becomes operative at the Hotel Winona this week. F. H. Irish leaves for Harvard Springs, Mich., where he will manage two large summer resort hotels during the summer, his place here being taken by I. L. Smith, who has been assistant manager of the College Arms at Deland, Florida. Mr. Irish will return to the Hotel Winona in the fall.

Minneapolis. — Minneapolis' birth rate showed an unusual increase for the month of March in the bulletin of the health department. There were 510 births during the month. January, however, is the banner month of 1911 with 557 births, a record breaker. There were 324 deaths, many from pneumonia. Contagious diseases were conspicuous by their infrequency. There were five deaths from typhoid, three from scarlet fever and eight from diphtheria.

Duluth.—A 17-year-old boy, giving his name as James Thomasson and his home as South St. Paul, was arrested and is locked up at the police station charged with forgery. He is alleged to have bought a revolver at a bowery store and tendered a check for $12, made out to Ray Jacobson and signed by William Fagan. He claims that he found the paper. When searched he had $11 in his pocket. Thomasson says he came to Duluth to ship on one of the lake boats.

Bemidji.—Beltrami and Clearwater counties are making an effort to effect a compromise of the suit now pending in district court in which Beltrami county seeks to recover from Clearwater county a portion of the amount of the indebtedness of Beltrami county at the time Clearwater was created. The county board of each county has appointed two of its members—Vigge Peterson and A. E. Rake for Beltrami county and T. O. Nelson and Theo. Welte for Clearwater—to endeavor to reach a mutual agreement.

Tracy.—The two-year-old daughter of E. F. Klocow was so severely scalded by falling into a tub of hot water that death resulted. The boiler of hot water had been taken from the stove and placed on the floor and while the baby's mother was attending to the wants of another sick child the accident occurred.

Duluth.—The old Duluth Bethel, which has been conducted by the Bethel society along charitable lines for twenty years, was sold with the real estate for $18,000 to H. B. Fryberger, a Duluth attorney. The Bethel society will erect a new building.

Duluth. — Despondent because his wife sought a divorce from him, Albert Gronquist committed suicide. He took poison in the corridor of an office building just outside the door of the office of his wife's attorney and died a few minutes after reaching the police station.

Belle Plaine.—William Latska, while in a field with his father, August Latska, shot him twice. One bullet hit the elder man in the arm. The other entered the breast. The victim is not expected to live. William Latska was taken to Shakopee to be examined as to his sanity.

THE PRICE OF LAND INCREASING

THE "BACK TO THE LAND" CRY IS EFFECTIVE.

Traveling through the state of Iowa the other day, and Iowa is no exception to the story about to be related, the writer was shown a farm that was offered three years ago for $250 an acre. That appeared to be a high figure for land upon which the owner depended upon the crops of corn, hogs and cattle that could be raised upon it. But it wasn't. A few weeks since the farm changed hands at $325 an acre. Over in Illinois, down in Indiana, up in Wisconsin, across the line in Minnesota, the same experience was met with. And then attention is directed to Canada, which has been the Mecca of so many hundred thousand Americans during the past few years. Not only in Eastern Canada has the price of lands increased, but in Western Canada, during the past few weeks, farm lands have increased from three to five dollars an acre, with the prospect of a similar advance during the next three months. The reason for this is very apparent, and in a few words it may be pointed out that the lands are worth a great deal more than the present prices. The Northwestern Agriculturist of Minneapolis, a paper that was one of the first of the American farm papers to discover the real merits of the lands of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, says: "The reciprocity schedule would encourage American farmers to move to Canada, where the virgin soil will produce greater crops of grain with less labor than can be produced in our own farms in the Northwest. The result will be to enhance land values in Canada." This paper is afraid land values in Canada will be enhanced at the expense of land values in the United States. In face of the fact that land values in the United States are increasing the reasoning scarcely holds. The reason for the advance in value of Canadian lands is partly accounted from the fact, admitted by this paper, that Canada's virgin soil will produce "greater crops of grain with less labor." But that is not the only reason. During the past twelve months 320,000 people have made Canada their home and these are mostly of the farming class. They want farms, and the demand as well as the wealth of the soil is regulating the price. A study of the increase in the acreage of land put under crop last year, which can be had from any Canadian government representative, will prove the point, that the demand is increasing at a greater ratio than even the most sanguine would have predicted.

Triumph of Courage.

Courage and the "power of the human eye," saved Walter Sargent, a prosperous rancher, in the Redwood district, San Jose, when he was confronted by a hungry mountain lion the other evening. Sargent was driving a herd of cows to his home in the foothills when he noticed the big cat stalking him. As it crouched for a spring Sargent turned and fixed the beast with his eye. Man and lion remained as immovable as statues for a few seconds and then the animal turned and trotted away.

Man without patience is the lamp without oil; pride in a rage is a bad counsellor.—A. de Musset.

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It may carry disease germs to any part of the body through the food you eat. When you feel sore throat coming on, use Hamlins Wizard Oil.

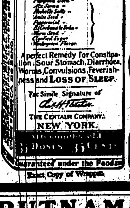
Not by years but by disposition is wisdom acquired.—Platus.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Laugh at a fool and he imagines that you are laughing with him.

Garfield Tea, Herb remedy, overcomes constipation, indigestion and sickheadache.

Man's best possession is a sympathetic wife.—Euripides.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

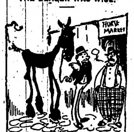
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE DEALER WAS WISE.



Purchaser—When you sold me this horse you said he was without faults. Now I find he's lame.

Horse Dealer—Well, lameness ain't a fault—it's an affliction.

Garfield Tea contains no harmful drugs. Composed of Herbs, it is an ideal laxative.

To do two things at once is to do neither.—Publius Syrus.

Loss of Appetite

Which is so common in the spring or upon the return of warm weather, is loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Don't Buy a Common Refrigerator

It will soon become a vile smelling, disease breeding thing. Our free booklet tells why. Ask for it.

Buy the Leonard Cleanable

Lined with real porcelain enamel on sheet steel, all one piece. Not a crack or crevice for germs to hide. You can't break, scratch or mar it, easily cleaned as a china dish, nine walls to save ice; odorless, sanitary and durable, cheapest in the end. We sell direct where we have no dealer. Write today for catalog, booklet and free sample of the porcelain lining.

GRAND RAPIDS REFRIGERATOR CO.
153 Clyde Park Avenue Grand Rapids, Mich.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO
SYRUP OF FIGS
ELIXIR OF SENNA
CONTAINS SIX PER CENT. OF ALCOHOL
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

MILLIONS of FAMILIES are using SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
IN THE CIRCLE
ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

W. L. DOUGLAS

ESTAB. 1876

$2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

W. L. Douglas Spring Styles include more Snappy and Up-to-Date Shapes in Oxfords and High Cuts than ever before produced. W. L. Douglas warrants every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other make, giving you better value for the money than you can obtain elsewhere.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide

100,000 people last year used

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.

To save and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.

To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless.

To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.

To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.

The best antiseptic wash known.

Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. Sample Free.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year. Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.)

Pettit's Eye Salve GRANULATED ITCHING LIDS CAN BE CURED

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

(Head law supplied)

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 29, 1911. NUMBER 42.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Although the corporation tax for this year is not due until June 1, payments are beginning to turn into the treasury. About $325,000 was paid in March. The estimated total receipts for the year are $25,000,000.

The extent to which the telephone has encroached upon the telegraph as a means of dispatching trains in 1910 is shown in a bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission. An increase of 15,373 miles of railroad on which the telephone is used was shown.

Every American woman who loves the bargain counter and with joyful anticipation reads "reduced from seventy-five cents to thirty-three and one-half cents a yard," will be interested in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Sheppard of Texas, providing for the coinage of a two and one-half cent piece.

Former Speaker Cannon, Representatives Hanna of North Dakota, Nelson of Wisconsin and Sloan of Nebraska attacked the Canadian reciprocity agreement in the debate on the reciprocity bill in the house.

Clark McCercher, formerly of Seattle, and connected with the attorney general's office in the prosecution of anti-trust and interstate commerce cases, and investigations for the enforcement of the Sherman law, has been appointed special assistant to the attorney general with "trust busting" duties.

General.

The Canadian reciprocity bill was passed in the house by a large majority.

Nebraska sold $625,000 of bonds of California and Alabama out of a total of $4,000,000 offered for sale.

Ex-Speaker Cannon attacked what he said was a plan to put a free paper bill through the house.

The steamer Charles Pearl, operating between Manila and Corregidon, foundered in a typhoon.

The allegation of Minister de la Barra that shots were fired by Americans at the Agua Prieta battle was denied.

Paris retains its position as third largest city in the world, the census taken last month showing a population of 2,846,986.

W. H. Martin, judge of the Fourteenth judicial district of Missouri, died suddenly of heart disease in the court room while holding court.

President Taft has signed a proclamation setting aside 301,360 acres of land in Humboldt county, Nevada, as the Santa Rosa national forest.

Unspeakable conditions in many of the bakeries of New York City are reported by investigators employed by the city commissioner of accounts.

Edward A. Moseley, secretary of the interstate commerce commission and the originator of much labor legislation, died in Washington after a continued illness, aged 65 years.

President Taft has refused to pardon Franklin P. Mays, former United States district attorney at Portland, Ore., who was convicted in 1907, of conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands.

A trunk filled with gold watch cases, valued at $20,000, consigned to a manufacturer in Chicago from a Cincinnati house, was stolen from an express wagon in the downtown streets of Chicago.

The extent to which the telephone has encroached upon the telegraph as a means of dispatching trains in 1910 is shown in a bulletin issued by the interstate commerce commission. An increase of 15,373 miles of railroad on which the telephone is used was shown.

At Daytona, Fla. "Bob" Burman celebrated his 27th birthday by making new automobile racing history at Daytona beach. He clipped the mile record down to 25:4 seconds and the kilometer to 15:88 seconds, and lowered Barney Oldfield's two-mile world's record of 55:87 seconds to 51:28.

The diplomatic shakeup, which was first evidenced by the resignation of David Jayne Hill as ambassador to Germany, continued when it was announced that Herbert H. B. Peirce had resigned as minister to Norway.

Thomas Johnson, negro murderer,
President Taft proposes to keep his hands out of Mexico until forced to take a stand.
was refused a rehearing by supreme court of Nebraska and the date of hanging is May 19.

The new Mexican ambassador assured President Taft that peace in the republic was assured.

Although the corporation tax for this year is not due until June 1, payments are beginning to turn into the treasury. About $325,000 was paid in March. The estimated total receipts for the year are $25,000,000.

Predictions are common that the deadlock on the Colorado U. S. senatorship, which has lasted more than three months, will continue unbroken and that the legislature will adjourn without selecting a successor to the late Senator Hughes.

Cholera situation is again causing some uneasiness in Honolulu.

A weevil has been discovered that works havoc in alfalfa fields.

The "farmers' free list" finds favor with the Nebraska delegation in the lower house of congress.

Senator Brown holds that the income tax amendment is on the verge of adoption.

Senate regulars declined to recognize the progressive republicans as a separate organization.

Congressman Kinkaid introduced 27 bills providing for increases of pensions for Nebraskans.

Wool will not go on the free list in the democratic revision of the wool schedule of the tariff, at this session of congress.

The insurrectos who defended Agua Prieta all day Monday, quietly stole away during the night.

A Nebraska man was among those killed with the Mexican insurrectos in a battle near Chihuahua.

State geologists from almost every state met in Washington with the officials of the geological survey.

The house, by a vote of 296 to 16, adopted the resolution for direct election of United States senators.

George Gould was able to dictate the selection of Benjamin F. Bush as president of the Missouri Pacific.

With the Mexican situation on his hands the president has reason to be thankful that congress is in session.

The James bill, providing for woman suffrage in Wisconsin, has been "bottled" by the assembly elections committee.

President Taft has gone as far as he cares to on his own initiative, and if there is to be intervention congress must declare it.

Investigation of alleged extravagance in the government departments was endorsed by the house committee on rules.

The Michigan senate killed the bills for a popular vote on a constitutional amendment providing for the initiative and referendum.

Kage Adams, a wealthy planter living near Holt, Fla., was assassinated from ambush. It is believed the killing is the result of an old feud.

George S. Terry, assistant United States treasurer at New York, died at Aiken, S. C. He had been suffering for a week from an attack of diabetes.

John R. Montgomery, 87 years old, and for fifty years a New York tea merchant, stepped into a summer house at his home and ended his life by shooting.

But 28 years of age and married for the fourth time is the record of Georgiana Pierce of South Omaha, who was last week united in marriage to Alfred E. Lowe, aged 24 years.

Henry Brown, aged 92, a roommate of Abraham Lincoln when the latter was practicing law, died on his farm near Bloomington, Ill. He had many letters written to him by Lincoln.

Delivery of parcels post matter from many European countries will be expedited in the middle western states by an arrangement made by the postoffice and treasury departments.

James Speyer of the banking firm of Speyer and company, and H. I. Miller, receiver of the Buffalo & Susquehanna railway, have been elected directors of the Missouri Pacific railway.

The Episcopal cathedral of St. John the Divine, the largest ecclesiastical structure in the country and the fourth largest in Christendom, was solemnly consecrated in New York city.

Telegraphic orders from Washington, received at the Mare Island navy yard, started 100 marines for San Diego and the Mexican border under the command of Captain Fred A. Ramsey.

Scullers' row on the Hudson river was swept by fire. Four boats were burned, with their contents, including nearly 200 racing shells, and two other club structures were damaged. The loss is $100,000.

A government-operated mine to be run, not for profit, but to obtain scientific data, will begin operations about May 1, when the new experimental coal mining plant at Bruceton, Pa., near Pittsburg, is opened.

Senator Norris Brown, of Nebraska, believes that before any tariff legislation shall have passed congress the income tax amendment will have been adopted. "If this proves the case," said Senator Brown, "the whole tariff situation will be completely revolutionized. The argument that duties cannot be reduced or wiped out because we need the revenue, will no longer be valid."

Personal.

House democrats have an ambitious program of tariff revision.

Dziurgot in the hospital told of the poverty which followed his long illness.

Norris Brown is the only progressive in the senate in favor of the Canadian reciprocity bill.

Senator Smoot says the Brigham Young Portrait on the Utah silver service is not a Mormon emblem.

The last of the Ballinger men in the interior department, Edward C. Finney, tendered his resignation.

The German governor, with others, was killed by natives of the Carolines.

The temper of the national senate is to keep hands off Mexico.

President Taft has appointed Sumner S. Smith of Alameda, Cal., mine inspector for Alaska.

The president may appoint Congressman Longworth ambassador to Germany.

William A. Day was selected as Paul Morton's successor as president of Equitable Assurance society.

A resolution by Senator La Follette calls upon the secretary of interior for information as to Alaska coal lands.

ROADS CONSPIRED

THIRTEEN INDICTMENTS FOUND AGAINST COMPANIES ENTERING CLEVELAND.

HANNA CO., RINGLEADER

Rebating and Violation of Elkins Law Alleged by Grand Jury—Government Can Collect Million.

Cleveland, April 27.—Thirteen indictments on a total of 110 counts, charging four iron ore carrying railroads entering Cleveland with rebating, and alleging that two of the railroads and three individuals were guilty of conspiracy to violate the Elkins law, were returned by the federal grand jury here. The railroads are the Pennsylvania company, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, the Bessemer & Lake Erie and the New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate).

Dan R. Hanna, president, and R. L. Ireland, second vice president of the M. A. Hanna company, and D. T. McCabe of Pittsburg, fourth vice president of the Pennsylvania company, each were indicted on one count, which charges that the Hanna company has an alleged contract with the Pennsylvania company whereby the Hanna company is said to have rebated to shippers profits of the Ohio & Western Pennsylvania Dock company, a subsidiary concern of the Hanna company. The dock company, which is included in the indictment, leases and operates docks owned by the Pennsylvania company at several Lake Erie ports.

The M. A. Hanna company is one of the largest iron ore, pig iron, coal and coke concerns in the country. One of the exhibits before the grand jury shows the alleged payment to "the Carnegie Steel company of $50,111.93 as a part of the earnings of the dock company. The check reads:

"To the Carnegie Steel company, debtors, for your proportion of remaining surplus earnings of ore shipped from Pennsylvania company dock, year ending March 31, 1909, as per statement below, $50,111.93."

Large Suits to Be Begun.

District Attorney W. L. Day announced immediately following the filing of the report that "large and important suits" would be begun immediately. The cases are interstate commerce commission cases brought to insure that published ore shipping rates are effective. The government will seek to show that the indicted railroads owned docking facilities in Ashtabula, Ohio, and Conneaut, Ohio; that these were operated by companies which were in effect "hired" by the railroads; that the railroads paid excessive rates to the docking companies for loading and unloading iron ore; that the docking companies paid over a portion of the money thus received to the shippers, and that the whole constitutes a conspiracy in violation of the Elkins law.

The penalty for rebating is a fine of not less than $1,000 nor more than $20,000, with imprisonment not to exceed two years. The penalty for conspiracy is not to exceed a fine of $10,000 and imprisonment not to exceed two years. In addition, under the Elkins law, the government has the right to bring civil suit for three times the amount of money rebated. It would be possible, in case of conviction, for the government to collect many millions of dollars.

The investigation leading up to yesterday's action of the grand jury was started several months ago and is the first government inquiry into ore transportation methods in the lower lake regions. The matter was brought to the federal grand jury's attention three weeks ago.

Forty Witnesses Examined.

District Attorney W. L. Day and his assistants, Attorneys Joseph Fogg and J. S. Bachman, Attorney John H. Marble for the interstate commerce commission and Attorney R. C. Marshall for the department of justice conducted the case. About 40 witnesses were examined before the grand jury, including officials representing the railroads and ore companies from the lakes to Kentucky.

Among these were representatives of the Jones & Laughlin Steel company, Pittsburg; the Carnegie Steel company, Pittsburg; the M. A. Hanna company, Cleveland; the Wheeling Steel & Iron company; the Ashland Iron & Mining company; the American Steel & Wire company, and the National Tube company.

The government's next step will be the issuance of warrants for the parties named in the secret indictments.

Beef Trust Ouster Suit Continued.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 27.—The state's ouster suit against the beef packers was continued by the supreme court until the October term to allow the taking of additional testimony.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Apr. 27.—Wheat, May, 97⅞c; July, 97⅞c; No. 1 northern, $1.00; No. 2 northern, 98½c; No. 1 durum, 85¼c; No. 3 corn, 51¼c; No. 3 white oats, 30¾c; barley, malting, $1.10; No. 2 rye, 92c; No. 1 flax, $2.58½.

Duluth, April 27.—Wheat, May, 97¾c; July, 98½c; No. 1 northern, 98¾c.

South St. Paul, April 27.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@5.50; cows, $3.75@4.00; calves, $3.00@5.75; hogs, $5.70@5.95; sheep, yearlings, $3.50@6.50.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

ARGYLE SCHOOLS BOOSTED.

Up-to-date, Practical Courses of Study Are Feature in Booklet.

Argyle.—The Argyle Commercial club has just issued a fifty-page illustrated booklet, which shows most commendable enterprise, and will serve to advertise the advantages of Northern Minnesota wherever it is being sent, and the idea is to be followed by other commercial clubs.

The publication contains a frontispiece showing Argyle's magnificent new high school building, and full-page cuts are given elsewhere showing the cooking, sewing and manual training classes at work.

The special feature, however, is a full-page illustration showing the students busy in their gardens. Each boy last year planted and cared for a garden 20 by 120 feet; each had a variety of vegetables, etc., and was instructed as to the planting and care of the various varieties. The keenest competition was the result.

DIOCESE IS INCORPORATED.

Winona Catholic Heads Form Business Corporation.

Winona.—The Catholic Diocese of Winona, a religious corporation, has filed articles of incorporation in Winona, Bishop P. R. Heffron and Rev. Edward H. Devlin, vicar general of the diocese of Austin; Rev. James Pacholski of Winona, chancellor of the diocese, Rev. Nicholas Schmits of Rolling Stone and Rev. Robert Hughes of Mankato, are represented in the incorporation. The corporaters will be at Winona. The corporation is organized "to take charge of and manage all the temporal affairs of the diocese, and to promote the spiritual, educational and other interests of the diocese."

The limit of indebtedness is $300,000 unless by the unanimous consent of all the members it is raised, at which time it may extend to any amount.

[illegible]

Roads Preparing for Lake Season, Which Begins April 23.

Duluth.—The Duluth & Iron Range railroad has begun shipping iron ore to its docks at Two Harbors.

The Issabe and the Great Northern roads are ready to wove ore, and etrly next week will see all the lines active. The roads will fill their docks at Two Harbors, Duluth and Superior, and loding to boats will begin about April 28.

Duluth.—Duluth is one of the large home ports for documented vessels on the Great Lakes. The quarterly report of the collector of customs shows 439 vessels registered as of April 1, with a gross tonnage of 902,223 tons. In point of tonnage Duluth leads all other lake ports.

TRY GASOLINE TRACTOR.

New Mechanical Device Does Work of Many Horses.

Crookston.—The first gasoline tractor seeding and cultivating outfit ever seen in Polk county started operations on one of the farms owned by W. H. Rounseville of St. Peter, located four miles southeast of the city, and operated by J. A. McMillan. It is a 30 horsepower engine and following it is a disc harrow. Hitched next are two 22-shoe drills and in the rear was dragged two timbers to smooth the surface. The outfit has a capacity of 50 acres a day, seeded and dragged. It is operated by two men and the cost is less than half that of doing it with horse flesh, and when the ground is in the condition it is now the results are ideal.

SIMPSON WINS TWO SUITS.

Minnesta Attorney General Gets Quick Action in Supreme Court.

Washington.—Attorney General Geo. T. Simpson got quick action in the supreme court in the lumber cases he argued last week and in both there is a victory for the taste.

Both involved timber trespass on school lands, one by the Rat Portage Lumber company and the other by the Le Sueur Lumber company. The court below awarded damages at $6,800 to the state in the Rat Portage case and $8,200 in the Le Sueur case.

Chief Justice White announced that both were dismissed for want of jurisdiction, which confirms the decision of the lower court. The announcement was verbal and was not accompanied by a written opinion.

Auto Leaps Against Building.

Winona, April 24.—A peculiar automobile accident occurred in the downtown section. C. E. Erickson was cranking his machine along the curbing when the engine started and the machine suddenly leaped backward. The owner ran for the fugitive car, jumped into the seat, but before he could control it, it had mounted the curbing and crashed into the front of the Fruetel cleaning establishment. The entire front of the store was wrecked and the machine badly damaged.

ATTY.-GENERAL RESTRAINED.

Minneapolis Man to Fight the "Seven-Senator" Law.

St. Paul. — In a letter addressed to Governor Eberhart relative to the validity of the seven-senator constitutional amendment, Attorney-General Simpson intimates that the governor should have received his opinion before filing the amendment to the secretary of state. Without directly saying so the attorney general holds that the absence of the governor's signature will not invalidate the submission of the amendment cutting representation to the people. In spite of this the attorney general leaves the matter open to doubt if the court action threatened should be brought.

Notice of injunction proceedings brought in the Hennepin county district court to restrain him from recognizing in manner or attempting to have placed upon the official ballot the proposed amendment was served upon Secretary of State Schmahl.

The action is being pushed by Senator W. D. Washburn, of Minneapolis, one of the few places affected by the law.

PROSPERITY AT PARK RAPIDS.

Building In and About City and Real Estate Deals Is Evidence.

Park Rapids.—Evidences of general prosperity in and around Park Rapids are noticeable at this time. Although there was a partial crop failure last year, the improvements that are being made on the farms tributary to town are a surprise to those who are not familiar with local conditions.

Nine large new barns that are being built or will be built this spring indicate the change from grain raising to dairying that is taking place and quite a number of new farm homes will be built this season. Farms are being fenced with woven wire fencing and there is a very noticeable spirit of progress and improvement in all directions. The outlook for a good movement in real estate is reported excellent by local dealers.

TEN RUNAWAY BOYS CAUGHT.

All But Two, Who Escaped From Red Wing Are Apprehended.

Red Wing. — Then of the twelve boys who escaped from the state training school Sunday evening have been captured by officers and returned to the institution.

There is little opportunity for the other two to get away, as all the trains are being watched and the farmers living within a radius of from ten to fifteen miles have been notified to be on the lookout. If the boys are captured by citizens, a reward of $10 is paid by the state.

The ten were rounded up within a mile or two of the city limits. Their escape was effected when the windows of the lavatories in the basement of the building were broken.

WOULD NOT EAT BEANS.

Northern Minnesota Woodsman Says Foreman Beat Him for Refusal.

Duluth.—Charles Kils, a woodsman who has worked for the Johnson Wentworth Lumber company this winter, has brought suit against the company and James Chisholm, one of its foremen, for $800 as balm for a beating which he alleges was given him by Chisholm.

Kils says that the foreman beat him because he ate too much bread and neglected the pork and beans. Kils did not understand when the foreman told him to devote less attention to bread and certain other articles of food, and eat more beans, and that led to the attack.

CAN BAR VETERANS.

Law Giving Preference to Army Men Held Unconstitutional.

Duluth.—Judge Dibell declared unconstitutional the state law which provides that old soldiers shall be given the preference in state appointments where they can qualify for the situation.

The decision was in the suit of Albert Woolson against Gov. Eberhart. Mr. Woolson sought the office of deputy boiler inspector.

Minneapolis—Al. W. Martin's production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" will be the offering at the Bijou the week of April 30. Martin's company numbers nearly fifty people. Horses, donkeys, Shetland ponies and six genuine Siberian bloodhounds are trained to participate in the drama.

AGED PAIR TO WEST.

Minnesota Sisters Have First Train Ride in Fifty Years.

Stanwood.—On their first train ride in 50 years and the second of the their lives Miss Annie Neilsen, 98 years old, and her sister, Mrs. Sarah Larson, 95, arrived here at the Josephine Old People's home, maintained by Northwestern Norwegians. The trip was made from Christiania, Minn., in four days, and the nonagenarians were gleeful over the many sights they had seen.

FOR AND ABOUT WOMEN

PLEASING A PATIENT

SOME GOOD DIVERSIONS FOR THE SICK ROOM.

Must Never Be Forgotten That Immediate Surroundings Exert a Great Influence—Flowers Always an Interest and Delight.

The immediate surroundings exert a great influence upon the general state of the mind and health of the patient. Take a room with the walls of a plain color; the pictures are a source of unceasing pleasure. Have about eight prints; the next week, under the pretense of cleaning, replace the pictures with others.

The patient will discover after a time an entirely different lot hung in their place. Each week the same thing can be done. The patient is sure to take an interest in them, and be glad to talk of them with friends.

A second interest and delight are the flowers. Of course, only living plants would be allowed to stay in the room all the time, but a broad shelf can be attached near the bed, and the patient will love to watch each new leaf and bud unfold day by day. An ever blooming cyclamen and a red geranium are good plants. A glass bowl, with two or three goldfish, are a good idea, as they will interest a patient wonderfully, watching the graceful movements and exhibitions of intelligence.

I heard of a patient who was too ill to read, but a friend brought in some seed catalogues. It was wonderful what a lot of pleasure the patient got out of them. It required so little mental effort to just look at the pictures and read the names, with here and there a description.

It is like greeting old friends.

And the announcement of a new variety of some favorite kind of flowers was quite exciting. As the patient's mind began to regain some of its activity he planned what he would have this year in his garden.

Then he drew diagrams, and laid it out carefully—here the formal garden, here old-fashioned and wild flowers, and beyond the vegetables. Of course, it took endless rearrangements, and he was brought all the illustrated garden catalogues procurable.

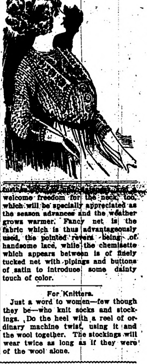
It was great fun and amusement. A friend coming in would greet him with: "I've discovered a new variety of such a flower we simply must have." and discussed the garden quite seriously. As spring approached a small box was brought, in which he put two or three seeds of several kinds of flowers. After the third day something pushed through the earth, and nearly every morning there was another seed coming up.

It was exciting to guess which would come up next, or which would get its second leaf first. When bigger a few of the seedlings were planted in pots and kept on the window shelf. When they came into bloom he was proud of them. Fond as you may be of plants that are given you those you have watched grow seem much more your own.

BLOUSE FOR SPRING WEAR

Collarless Garment That Will Be Appreciated as the Warm Season Comes On.

The new aspects of our old friend, the blouse, are so distinctly attractive that there will be special interest and pleasure in making choice of those which are to complete your spring costumes. The design shown here is one of the best, its Magyar modeling making it most comfortable, while the absence of any collar-band gives still [illegible] a welcome freedom for the neck, too, which will be specially appreciated as the season advances and the weather grows warmer. Fancy net is the fabric which is thus advantageously used, the pointed revers being of handsome lace, while the chemisette which appears between is of finely tucked net with pipings and buttons of satin to introduce some dainty touch of color.



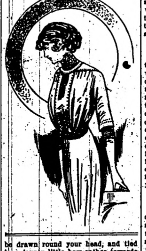
For Knitters.

Just a word to women—few though they be—who knit socks and stockings. Do the heel with a reel of ordinary machine twist, using it and the wool together. The stockings will wear twice as long as if they were of the wool alone.

HOUSE GOWN OF CASHMERE

Remarkably Pretty Little Dress With New Ideas That Make Effective Touches.

This little dress is to be made in cashmere of a soft, deep blue, and, of course, in all-in-one princess form, though the waist is sufficiently defined by an encircling band of brighter blue satin, whose shading shall be matched by the little tie, and the scarf which, when tied round the hair, gives such a pretty finish to the whole toilet, as well as the coiffure. Make this, by the way, from piece satin of the softest, cut on the cross, and just hemmed all round, and let it be sufficiently long to be drawn round your head, and tied in a jaunty little bow rather towards one side at the back. It should measure, say, seven inches at its widest part, in the center, and taper at the ends to two or three, and I am quite sure that you will be so well pleased with its effect that you will speedily provide yourself with other scarves to repeat and emphasize some special touch of color in all your different gowns.—London Madame.



STENCILING THE RAG RUG.

Properly Done, It Will Make a Really Charming and Unique Bit of Furnishing.

Have you thought that rag rugs can be made things of beauty by stenciling them? Take a rug woven all over of white rags, for instance; stencilled in some conventional designs in a queer blue or green, it becomes a fit covering for your bedroom floor, a really charming and unique bit of furnishing.

Another pretty variety is the rag rug made of all sorts of bright colors, woven without respect to design, and then finished with a stencilled border of some solid harmonizing color.

Colors should be bought in the raw tint, and then diluted to the shade desired with white lead or common white paint. The latter is better, as the linseed oil contained in it sets the color and makes the rug washable.

For the Needlewoman.

Heavy gray linen is much used for the background for embroideries which are to be employed as house decorations. Bedrooms and living rooms for country houses are furnished in gray in many instances, and the linen is used for bed hangings, cushion covers, table cloths and window hangings. Ambitious needlewomen are embroidering these articles in quite elaborate designs in several colors. For one bedroom a set of hangings for the bed and windows is being made of the gray linen embroidered with designs of wood fairies and fuchsias in tones of violet, green, pale yellow and fuchsia red.

Wool Flowers.

The very latest Paris modification of the artificial corsage bouquet is the single flower, an orchid, a chrysanthemum, or what not, worked in delicate shades of fine wool, wonderfully wrought both as to form and color, and nested within the scarf around the wearers' throat.

This does not sound very attractive, I know, but really these wool flowers are lovely, and anyone who knows how to make paper flowers should know how to make these also. They are much more durable than the silk and rice-paper creations, and can be easily cleaned.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone at any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 29, 1911.

We republish this week the call for bids for remodeling the court house. But two bids were offered at the last meeting and the commissioners rejected them both and directed the auditor to issue another call.

With this issue will be found a supplement containing the laws as passed by the last legislature. Our readers cannot now plead ignorance of the law. These supplements appear in every publication in the state.

An admitted evil in every new country is the holding of land by non-resident speculators. It places a handicap on every settler who is trying to develop his farm and make it a home. Speculation in land is based on the theory of the actual settlers improving the country—the increase in value being really at the expense of the actual settler. This condition could be discouraged some by extra taxation of the vacant and non-producing lands—same as is being started by the Canadian government in the prairie provinces.—Warroad Plaindealer.

The Four Parties

As the extra session of congress gets into the running it becomes more than ever plain that there are four big political parties in this country instead of two. They are the standpat and progressive republican parties, the conservative and liberal democratic parties.

At no period in American history have more than two national organizations had more than an ephemeral existence. Old parties die and new ones spring up, old parties absorb new ones death or coaliton brings the struggle back to the two party system.

The four parties of today cannot remain four. There must be a new alignment. Men of one view must join their fellows even if it means the abandonment of symbols, the changing of tags, the galloping to unaccustomed guidons. The growing strength of the progressive republican cause indicates that it will control the party completely before many more months. There is still a question of denomination between the conservative democrats and the progressive democrats. While that factional uncertainty continues, the line of fracture in the republican ranks becomes more clearly defined. The progressive republicans have an advantage in time. The liberal elements in the United States will group themselves naturally with this faction. When the fog lifts the democratic party will be found to consist of its own conservative wing and what will have been stadnpat republicans.—Duluth News Tribune.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
April 20, 1911.

No meeting on account of lack of quorum.

April 22, 1911.

Pursuant to call the county board of Pennington county met in extra session in the auditor's office in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, for the purpose of considering bids for remodeling court house and such further business as may legally come before the board.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen, Larson.

Members absent, none.

Minutes of the meeting of March 24 and 25 read and approved as read.

On motion duly carried the board proceeded to open bids on file for remodeling court house, which were substantially as follows:

Ed. A. Krohn, Thief River Falls 86,369
James Brady, Red Lake Falls... 6,500

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m. All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen.

Resolved, That the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the township of Smiley in the repair and improvement of highway on section line between sections 24 and 25, said town of Smiley. Resolution prevailed.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Hedeen, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold, was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the sum of $200.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the township of High Landing in the repair and improvement of highway on the section line between sections 22 and 27 in said town of High Landing.

On motion duly carried the petition of the town board of Kratka for road money for said town was laid over for further consideration.

On motion duly carried all the bids for remodeling the court house were rejected, and auditor directed to readvertise for new bids to be considered May 15, 1911.

On motion duly carried the bond of W. J. LaBree as sheriff was approved and in lieu of former bond filed.

The following resolution offered by Commissioner Hedeen, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw, was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, That the sum of $25.00, or as much as will be needed thereof, be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county revenue fund to aid the county superintendent of schools in supplying seed corn for the school children of the county for experimental purposes.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson:

Resolved, That the county treasurer be and is hereby directed to pay out of the current tax collections amounts not exceeding ⅝ thereof in payment of warrants issued against the County Revenue fund, not exceeding ¼ thereof for warrants issued against the Road and Bridge fund, and not exceeding ⅛ thereof for warrants issued against the Bond and Interest fund.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following bills were audited and allowed:

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., stationery and filing envelopes...	$ 22.50
Times Printing Co., publishing notices and stationery.....	6.25
Louis F. Dow Co., blank books	78.50
F. S. Doege, making plans and specifications for court house	40.00
Elliott-Fisher Co., ribbons for typewriter........	.75
E. A. Mostue, postage and express ..	5.15
H. E. Ives, transcribing personal judgment docket........	220.65
Elliott-Fisher Co., book typewriter and desk..........	195.00
Oliver Typewriter Co., typewriter ribbon.........	.62
Remington Typewriter Co., 2 No. 10 typewriters........	189.00
Rogers & Co., printing and mounting school district map	3.26
Glen A. Gray, services transcribing land transfer record.........	30.00
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing commissioner's proceedings and stationery....	47.48
Miller-Davis Co., stamp pad and ink..........	.83
James Farr, pumping water from cistern under court house..........	3.00
Tom Benston, labor cleaning outhouse.........	5.00
Citizens' State Bank, check register for treasurer..........	3.15
R. G. Cook, three months' services as janitor..........	15.00
Ed. A. Aubol, three days' attendance on board of education.........	9.00
O. H. Peters, one day's service and mileage drawing jurors June term..........	4.60
Andrew Trovaton, postage for treasurer's office.........	12.72
Glen A. Gray, drawing map of school districts.........	66.25
E. L. Quist, recording town treasurer's bonds and postage..........	27.50
W. J. LaBree, livery hire........	9.75
E. A. Mostue, freight and express........	2.45
Miller-Davis Co., assessors' books........	92.50
Fritz & Cross, books and blanks for county offices........	516.82
A. H. Fasel, express and postage........	10.88
W. J. LaBree, livery hire........	2.00
The Pioneer Company, loose leaf book covers for register of deeds........	220.00

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned until 8 o'clock a. m. May 15, 1911.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

The Waterpower

The transfer of the waterpower to the city of Thief River Falls is as yet in the negotiation stage. That the deal will be made now seems pretty tolerably certain, at least from the point of view of the Thief River people. Members of the committee so expressed themselves to some of our citizens last week during their visit here.

William P. Murphy of Minneapolis, who claims to be the present owner of the property, is the man through whom the waterpower trust has acquired several such properties, and that our dam will pass at once into the hands of the trust if not purchased by Thief River Falls seems a settled fact.

Delegate to Development Meeting

C. L. Hanson of the First National bank, of Thief River Falls, has been appointed as one of the Minnesota delegates to attend the meeting of the Northwestern Development association to be held on May 4 and 5 at Helena, Mont. There is no doubt that he will be one of the most energetic of the delegates from this state.

Program of Examinations for Common School Certificates

To be held in the normal room, Lincoln high school building, Thief River Falls, May 4, 5, and 6, 1911.

THURSDAY, MAY 4
(First Grade Studies.)

A. M.— 8:00. Enrollment.
8:30. Geometry.
10:15. Physics.
P. M.— 1:15. Algebra.
2:45. Physical Geography or General History.
4:15. Agriculture.

FRIDAY, MAY 5
(Second Grade Studies.)

A. M.— 8:00. Enrollment.
8:30. Professional Test.
9:20. Spelling.
10:10. Arithmetic.
P. M.— 1:15. Geography.
2:15. Composition.
3:45. Reading.
4:40. Penmanship.

SATURDAY, MAY 6
(Second Grade Studies Continued.)

A. M.— 8:00. U. S. History.
9:45. English Grammar.
11:30. Music.
P. M.— 1:15. Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45. Civics.
4:00. Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than sixty minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed thirty minutes earlier.

Teachers who have schools engaged now, but whose certificates have been extended, must take this examination. They may close their school for the time required in attendance upon examination.

Attention of teachers in our rural schools is also called to the fact that the State High School examinations will be held on May 29 to June 1 inclusive. Any rural school wanting to take this examination must report to me the number of scholars taking the same and the studies in which the examinations are to be taken.

Thief River Falls, Minn., April 20, 1911.
E. A. MOSTUE,
a22-2t Supt. of Schools, Pennington Co.

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AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Public Auction

200 ACRE FARM
6 MILES NORTH OF WYLIE

Saturday, May 6
2 p. m. at the Court House Door
RED LAKE FALLS

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:—Sw¼ of nw¼ of section 27, and ne ¼ of section 28, twp. 153 n., range 45 w. of 5th p. m. Rented for one-fourth delivered. A chance to buy a farm at your own price.

TERMS:—$1400 martgage can be assumed or paid. Balance cash with landlord's share of crop; or $500 cah, balance of settlement knd deeds March 1, 1912.

MRS. MAY SHAHAN, OWNER

Parties who cannot attend the sale may send sealed bids to the auctioneers at Red Lake Falls, Minn., o. to G. F. Hennings or John A. Duffy, Red Labe Falls, Minn.

W. P. MONTGOMERY & CO.
Real Estate Auctioneers, 142 E. Main, Decatur, Illinois

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

A GRAND BALL will be given at Imperial hall on Saturday evening May 6. A good time is assured. Everybody invited to attend.

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services at 11 a. m., subject of sermon, "The Triumphant Life;" at 7:30 p. m., subject "The Fifth Gospel."

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Rev. A. Hanson, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday evening, April 23, at 7:15 o'clock

Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.

Rev. Alex Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O.O.F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. Fricker, N. G.

O. F. Post, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP — Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. Steen, President.

N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Laselle, Secretary Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
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Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

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Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

TIME
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:30 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........... 7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........... 8:35 a.m

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ball game tomorrow.

A. S. Wilson drove to Thief River Falls Monday.

Miss Christina Wilson went to Thief River Falls yesterday.

There will be services in the Rolland school house tomorrow at 3:30 p. m.

Miss Annie Anderson visited Thief River Falls between trains on Monday.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake county was a St. Hilaire visitor yesterday.

Andy Dahl has been spending a few days at home on account of a slight illness.

Henry Tysseling attended the sewing circle last Saturday. A full paraphernalia awaited him on his return.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the Eastside school house Sunday, May 7, at 10:30 p. m.

Martin McAndrews, Jr., went to International Falls yesterday, where he will be employed this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Steen, Tom Hovet, and O. F. Post, drove to Thief River Falls and return on Tuesday.

Dr. Owens wishes his patrons to note that he will be out of town Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of next week,

J. P. Easton of Crookston, auditor for the St. Hilaire Retail Lumber company, called on O. H Olson yesterday.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the school house of Black River Sunday April 30 at 10:30 p. m.

Mrs. Erick Klemensrud came out from Crookston Monday to join her husband at their new home five miles southeast of St. Hilaire.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, May 5, at the home of Mrs. John P. Peterson in Black River.

S. J. Amble has been busy during the past week digging and shipping trees and shrubbery. He went on Friday to Thief River Falls to make deliveries.

I have taken charge of the tin shop in Holmes Bros,' hardware store, and am prepared to make water tanks, or do any kind of tin work. H. W. Peterson.

Mrs. O'Brien, who has been teaching in the Thief River Falls schools, has been elected principal of the semi-graded school at Big Fork, Koochiching county, at a salary of $80 a month.

Miss Mary Draeger came over on onday from her home at Wylie and returned to Crookston to resume her school work at the Crookston college, after spending the spring vacation with her parents.

We received this week a piece of poetry apparently intended for publication in these columns. It was not without merit and we would have been glad to have used it, but it bore no signature and we had no means of judging of the motives of the writer.

F. W. Busse, our genial ex-land- who for the past two years has successfully guided the fortunes of our chief hostelry, the Markham, has decided to remove to Baudette, where he has contracted to engage in a more thriving community and a business that will pay greater returns in a business way. People of St. Hilaire will all join in sorrowing over the empty aspect of our largest hotel and can only wish Mr. Busse well in his new enterprise.

The M. E. Industrial club of St. Hilaire is planning a rummage sale some time in the summer and would consider it a great favor if the ladies of St. Hilaire would make a collection of such articles as are of no further use to them and which some one else might make use of. A regular canvass will be made of the town later and all of these things will be collected then. We will be glad to return this favor later to the other churches if they wish. We would like if those living in the country would be so kind as to leave what they have collected with Mrs. Carl Krueger.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.87
" 2 "	.85
" 3 "	.81
Flax, 1	2.28
" 2	2.28
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, " "	5½
Pork, dressed	7½
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	23.00

Dr. Owens visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

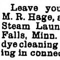
Did you observe the eclipse of the sun last evening?

Chris Bjerk was in Thief River Falls between trains yesterday.

Mrs. Ina Johnson was in Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Rev. S. T. Palm was visiting with friends in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Victor Brink went yesterday to Salol to again take up his work with the Larson Bros. Lumber Co.



Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

Elliott will have an office at St. Hilaire soon. List your farm.

Miss Eva Golla gave a marshmellon toast Monday evening in honor of her friend Frank Grundy of Thief River Falls.

Miss Bergedal, who resides at Fargo, came in Wednesday and went out to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Bergedal in Wyandotte.

County Auditor Fasel drove over to St. Hilaire Monday in his auto. He was accompanied by Mayor Hamre and Clerk Anderson of the city of Thief River Falls.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dye cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

The Thief River Falls aggregation of base ball tossers came down here last Sunday afternoon and crossed bats with the local school team, known as the Gophers and met defeat at their hands by the score of 12 to 6 The Gophers, considering that this was the first game of the season, played a good clean article of ball, the St. Hilaire battery being especially deserving of comment. The prospects are that with practice the local squad will develop into one of the strongest teams up in this section. Arrangements are under way for a game with a strong Red Lake Falls team at the local diamond next Sunday afternoon. Everybody turn out and root.

Married

On Tuesday evening, April 25, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Anderson, Mr. K. O. Gigstad and Miss Hilda Anderson were united in marriage, Rev. Alex Sands officiating.

Both the contracting parties are well known and highly respected in this community. The bride has grown from childhood in our midst, while the groom is one of our leading citizens, The Spectator joins joins with their many friends in wishing them much happiness.

Report of Creamery for Month of March, 1911

Patrons this month	158
Cream received, lbs	42,927
Test of cream, average	26.93
Butter fat from cream, lbs	11,562.7
Butter made during month, lbs,	13,231
Overrun 1,669 lbs.; overrun 14.3 per ct.	
Butter shipped, lbs	12,777
Butter sold patrons, lbs	161½
Butter sold elsewhere, lbs	293
Total butter sold	12,231½
Price paid for butter fat, average,	.23½
Market shipped to, New York and Spokane	
Receipts for butter shipped	$2,828.75
" " sold patrons	32.75
Received for butter sold elsewhere	123.61
Total	2,985.11
Paid patrons by check	$2,640.63
" salt	52.75
Running expenses	244.71
Sinking fund	41.02
Paid cream wagons at station	6.00
Total	2,985.11

NELS K. ANDERSON, Secretary.

N. N. LARSON, Buttermaker.

----LAZAR & LAZAR----
NOW HAVE SPECIAL PRICES
On Men's and Boys' Suits, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Top Skirts, and Waists
YOUR BUSINESS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

For Every Ill There's a Cure
The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.
Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant
TELEPHONE 874

Notice

I have left my business in the hands of Andrew Hall, who will collect all bills due me. Those indebted to me are requested to call and settle with him at their earliest convenience. Mike Anderson.

Seeding Time

This is the season for planting seed,
And 'tis also the printer's time of need.
Sow radish seed, and lettuce, too,
And pay the printer whatever is due.
Go build yourself an onion bed
And remember the printer must be fed.
Sow several rows of early peas
And pay for last year's paper, please.
Dig up the earth 'round each strawberry vine,
And if you want The Spectator drop us a line.
Plant some potatoes to put in the hash,
And remember the printer is short of cash.
Fix up a hill or so of beans
And with ye editor divide your means.
Pay up your subscription, then plant your corn,
And you'll raise a big crop, as sure as you're born.

Births

To Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson of Sanders township, on Monday, April 24, a son.

To Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lundberg of Polk Center township, on Thursday, April 20, a son.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

County Committee

A meeting of the republican county committee was held in this city Wednesday to perfect the organization of the committee for Pennington county and officers were elected as follows: Chairman, Dan Shaw; secretary, Dr H. S. Hieber; treasurer, C. L. Hanson. These officers, together with Emil Larson, John T. Lattimore, James Iverson, and Daniel Patterson, will compose the executive committee of the organization. The other members of the county committee are as follows: Bray, Alfred Olson; Black River, Felix Anderson; Cloverleaf, A. Svendsgaard; Deer Park, George Singer; Garnes, Olaf Tande; Goodridge, C. N. Urdahl; High Landing, Anthony Danaker; Hickory, A. D. Brown; Kratka, H. P. Wright; Mayfield, Nich. Nelson; Norden, G. J. Nordhagen; North, Andrew Trovaten; Numedal, Louis Olson; Polk Centre, Hjalmar Johnson; Reiner, Martin M. Anderson; River Falls, August Swenson; Rocksbury, F. T. Satre; Sanders, Herman Ortloff; Silverton, Frank Staska; Smiley, A. B. Newton; Star, Chris Odegaard; St Hilaire, K. O. Gigstad; Wyandotte Anton Peterson; Thief River Falls City, 1st. ward, 1st precinct, A. H. Fasel; 2nd. precint, W. J. LaBree; 2nd ward, F. J. Stebbins; 3rd ward, D. B. Bakke.—Times.

Notice

PROPOSAL FOR REMODELING COURT HOUSE.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county comissioners of Pennington county, at the office of the county auditor, in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., until eleven o'clock a. m. May 15, for remodeling court house, as per plans and specifications on file with county auditor of said county.

Certified check to the amount of 10 percent of bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, must accompany each bid.

The county board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

a29-2t A. H. Fasel,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

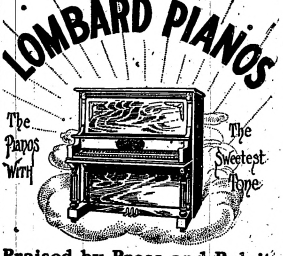
Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particu-
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WI.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A rial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit
No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴
LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!
Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."
Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."
J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."
J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."
R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.
Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.
GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.
● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with teh Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of, St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

AFTER 7 YEARS SUFFERING

I Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Waurika, Okla.—"I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I got so bad that I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. In a short time I had gained my average weight and am now strong and well."—Mrs. SALLIE STEVENS, R. F. D., No. 3, Box 31, Waurika, Okla.

Another Grateful Woman.

Huntington, Mass.—"I was in a nervous, run down condition and for three years could find no help.

"I owe my present good health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier which I believe saved my life.

"My doctor knows what helped me and does not say one word against it."—Mrs. MARI JANETTE BATES, Box 134, Huntington, Mass.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, and nervous prostration.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

OLD SORES CURED
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Good Definition.

A New York judge, it will be remembered, recently declared unconstitutional the new law that an automobilist, having run over a pedestrian, must stop and leave his name. The judge said that the automobilist had a perfect right to run away and leave the mangled victim to bleed to death alone for the reason that, in criminal cases, no man is obliged to bear witness against himself. James Halden Wilkes, president of the Defense Society of Atlanta, discussed this legal decision at the society's last meeting. "And that," he cried hotly, "is called justice. Well, indeed, was a search after justice once defined as a blind man looking into a dark room for a black hat that isn't there."

Youthful Criminals.

One of the most distressing cases he has ever had to deal with faced a Liverpool (England) magistrate recently, and one cannot wonder at his exclamation: "What can I do with these babies?" as he gazed upon five tiny prisoners in the dock. The youngest was only seven years old, and the eldest eleven, yet the quintet for two months have carried out thefts and other depredations with such skill and cunning that for two months the police and detectives have been trying in vain to find out who were the thieves. No fewer than 40 charges were brought against the children. The 7-year-old child was the ringleader, and quite an adept at thieving and planning thefts.

Makes a
Good Breakfast
Better—

To have some

Post
Toasties
with cream or milk.

For a pleasing change, sprinkle Post Toasties over fresh or stewed fruit, then add cream and you have a small feast.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

SOME QUEER TRADES

Unusual Occupations Revealed in Census Report.

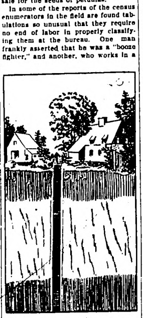
Kansas City Man Who Bottles Smoke—Unique Task Performed by Government Employees in Washington—Raise Frogs for Profit.

Washington.—As a part of the task of compiling the thirteenth census of the United States, the bureau will publish a report on the various occupations by which men and women in this country earn their daily bread. Though it will be many months before this report will be given to the public, a conservative estimate places the number of classifications of industry at between 7,000 and 8,000.

It seems a safe prediction to state that there will be found but one man in the entire country making a living from bottling the smoke of burning hickory wood. This man, who lives in Kansas City, contends that his bottled smoke, let loose in an air tight compartment in which meat has been placed, will produce the same effect upon the meat as though cured by hickory smoke in the usual manner.

Nor would the uninitiated expect to find profit in raising bullfrogs for their legs. Two New Jersey women, however, are making a good livelihood by so doing and a certain California woman obtains over $100 an ounce wholesale for the seeds of petunias.

In some of the reports of the census enumerators in the field are found tabulations so unusual that they require no end of labor in properly classifying them at the bureau. One man frankly asserted that he was a "booze fighter," and another, who works in a saloon, styled himself as a "destroyer of men."



Shows Danger in Digging Wells.

Such occupations as "pouncer," in a hat factory; "tobies," a maker of stogies; "whittler," in a straw works; "dock walloper," a longshoreman; "vibrator," in a clock factory; "tonger," in connection with oysters; "teaser," in a glass factory; "scabbler," in quarrying; "flosser," in a corset factory, and "dubber," in ship building, are all unusual occupations that must be listed.

In Washington especially are there a large number of persons who earn their living by performing unusual tasks. The majority of them are employed by the government. There is a young man in the National museum—Henry Hendley—who is known as the official portrait-bust maker of Indian features for a unique portrait gallery of the North American redskins.

I. B. Millner is an expert modeler in papier mache of things past, present and future for the National museum.

Along similar lines is the work of Edwin Howell, a maker of maps. In his workshop he evolves relief maps of certain sections of the country which not only indicate rivers and mountains and towns, but all the minerals, rocks, flowers, trees, and varying soils to be found there.

One of the most interesting of his maps was made for the marine hospital and public health service. It is intended as a warning against allowing people ignorant of geological conditions to dig wells, and as a plea for the artesian well.

There are expert tea and coffee tasters in the treasury department who tell the value and grades of these commodities by placing a few grains on the tongue. And in the department of agriculture there is a squad of young men who eat drugged foods to determine just how poisonous they are.

One in 275 Is Insane.

New York.—One out of every 275 persons in New York city is insane, according to Dr. Albert W. Ferris, president of the state lunacy commission, who is delivering a course of lectures before the New York School of Philanthropy. The state hospitals for the insane now house 32,000 patients, and private institutions care for 11,000 more. New cases admitted to the state asylums average about 150 a week. The cost of caring for an insane patient is approximately $200 a year."

Stuff Rabbits With Quail.

Topeka, Kan.—Stuffing cleaned rabbits with quail and shipping them out of the state has enabled many hunters to evade the quail-shooting law in Kansas this season. Prof. L. L. Dyche, state fish and game warden, who has just obtained proof of the violations, said warrants probably would be sworn out for the hunters.

Noted Inns to Go.

New York.—Two of New York city's famous hotels—the Hoffman house and the Gilsey house—will close their doors immediately. The Gilsey house will be converted to business purposes. Both hotels in their day have had the names of many men of national prominence upon their registers.

GIBSON'S ONE GOOD POINT

In the Old Gentleman's Eyes It Outweighed Any, Slight Error in Orthography.

The old man had given his son a very fair education, and had taken him into his shop. The young fellow was over-nice about a great many things, but the father made no comment. One day an order came in from a customer.

"I wish to goodness," exclaimed the son, "that Gibson would learn to spell."

"What's the matter with it?" inquired the father, cheerfully.

"Why, he spells coffee with a 'k.'"

"No—does he? I never noticed it."

"Of course you never did," said the son, pettishly. "You never notice anything like that."

"Perhaps not, my son," replied the old man, gently; "but there is one thing I do notice, which you will learn by and by, and that is that Gibson pays cash."

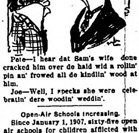
"ECZEMA ITCHED SO I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more. I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but it didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured.

"My brother got his face burned with gunpowder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrki, Forrest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of skin and hair, will be sent, postfree, on application to Potter D. & C. Corp., Dept. X, Boston.

A ROUGH WAY.



Pete—I hear dat Sam's wife done cracked him over de haid wid a rollin' pin an' frowed all de kindlin' wood at him.

Joe—Well, I specks she were celebratin' dere woodin' weddin'.

Open-Air Schools Increasing.

Since January 1, 1907, sixty-five open air schools for children afflicted with or predisposed to tuberculosis have been established in twenty-eight cities, according to an announcement made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The first open air school in the United States was established on January 1, 1907, by the board of education of Providence, R. I., at the instance of Dr. Ellen A. Stone. The next school was established in May of the same year at Pittsburg, and the third at Boston in July, 1908. According to the reports received by the National Association, the result of the open air class-work has been to restore most of the children to normal health and efficiency. One of these open air schools or classes should be established for each 25,000 population, especially in cities.

DAME NATURE HINTS
When the Food Is Not Suited.

When Nature gives her signal that something is wrong it is generally with the food; the old Dame is always faithful and one should act at once.

To put off the change is to risk that which may be irreparable. An Arizona man says:

"For years I could not safely eat any breakfast. I tried all kinds of breakfast foods, but they were all soft, starchy messes, which gave me distressing headaches. I drank strong coffee, too, which appeared to benefit me at the time, but added to the headaches afterwards. Toast and coffee were no better, for I found the toast very constipating.

"A friend persuaded me to quit coffee and the starchy breakfast foods, and use Postum and Grape-Nuts instead. I shall never regret taking his advice.

"The change they have worked in me is wonderful. I now have no more of the distressing sensations in my stomach after eating, and I never have any headaches. I have gained 12 pounds in weight and feel better in every way. Grape-Nuts make a delicious as well as a nutritious dish, and I find that Postum is easily digested and never produces dyspepsia symptoms."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

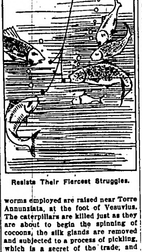
Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

IS FRIEND OF FISHERMAN

Humble Silkworm Furnishes Cat-Gut Much Used by Disciples of Isaak Walton.

Rome, Italy.—It is doubtful whether the average rod and reel fisherman who angles with flies and hooks strung with fine translucent cat-gut is aware of the invaluable friend he has in the humble silkworm. The cat-gut is the most unbreakable substance that holds the hooks against the fiercest struggles of the struck fish and comes from silkworms. The principal center of the manufacture of this kind of cat-gut is the island of Procida, in the Bay of Naples, but most of the silkworms employed are raised near Torre Annunziata, at the foot of Vesuvius. The caterpillars are killed just as they are about to begin the spinning of cocoons, the silk glands are removed and subjected to a process of pickling, which is a secret of the trade, and afterward the threads are carefully drawn out by skilled workers, mostly women. The length of the thread varies from a foot to nearly twenty inches.



Resists Their Fiercest Struggles.

HAREM SKIRT DANCE LATEST

New Terpsichorean Feature, Borrowed From Orient, Is Introduced in France—How Executed.

Paris.—Almost every important change in the fashion of gowns in Paris means the introduction of a new dance, or at least one comparatively unknown to the western world.

As is natural, the orient has been drawn upon for a terpsichorean feature in keeping with a trousers skirt. This dance, which is called "La Cherouflle," is said to have been long popular in Turkey, Syria and Arabia. A dancing master's description of how it is done follows:

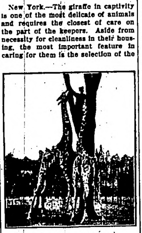
'Place the right foot behind the left. Slide the left foot to the dancer's left. Cross right foot. Raise leg sideways without bending knee, toe pointing to floor.'

This dance is said to be impossible of execution in a hobble skirt. French dancing masters in general hail with joy the advent of the trouser skirt, as it will, they say, force women and girls who heretofore have been content to be pulled around a ball room to pay proper attention to their steps. With the trouser skirt every movement of the feet is noticeable.

HOW TAME GIRAFFES ARE FED

Keeper Climbs Tree in Order That Animals May Eat in Easy Manner.

New York.—The giraffe in captivity is one of the most delicate of animals and requires the closest of care on the part of the keepers. Aside from necessity for cleanliness in their housing, the most important feature in caring for them is the selection of the proper food to insure good health. Our illustration shows a pair of giraffes in the Bronx Zoo receiving food from their keeper, who it will be seen is perched high up in the branches of a tree in order that the animals may eat in an easy manner.



Feeding the Giraffes.

DIAMONDS FOUND IN CANADA

Those Discovered Thus Far Are Quite Small, but Further Search May Reveal Larger Ones.

New York.—The first definite announcement of the finding of diamonds in places in Canada has just been made by R. W. Brock, the director of the Canadian geological survey. Mr. Brock states that diamonds have been discovered in periodotite rock on the Olivine mountain, near the Tulameen river, British Columbia.

Samples of the rock collected by Charles Camsell of the survey were sent to Ottawa for analysis and were found to contain insoluble fragments of crystals which on being subjected to series of tests were pronounced to be genuine diamonds. They were all, however, of small size, none being larger than the head of a pin.

The discovery for this reason is not regarded as of much commercial importance. It is believed possible, though not very likely, that further search will result in finding larger ones.

WILL LOOK TO CANADA FOR WHEAT

ONE REASON WHY AMERICANS GO TO CANADA.

In the Chicago Inter-Ocean of a few days since reference was made to the fact that in 1909 the United States raised 737,189,000 bushels of wheat, and last year grew only 695,443,000, a decrease of 41,746,000 bushels. The article went on to say: "True we raised last year more than enough wheat for our own needs, but it is apparent that if production continues to decrease in that ratio we will soon be obliged to look to other countries for wheat to supply our rapidly increasing population."

The purpose of the article was to show that reciprocity was to be desired. This is a question that I do not propose to deal with, preferring to leave it to others who have made a greater study of that economic question than I have. The point to be considered is, with the high price of lands in the United States, and with the much lower priced lands of Canada, and their ability to produce probably more abundantly, is it not well for the United States farmer to take advantage of the opportunity Canada affords with its lower-priced lands and take a part in supplying the needs of the United States, which it is quite apparent must come sooner or later? It is probable there are now about 300,000 American farmers in Western Canada, cultivating large farms, and becoming rich, in the growing of 25- and 30-bushel-to-the-acre-wheat, in producing large yields of oats and barley, and in raising horses and cattle cheaply on the wild prairie grasses that are there, both succulent and abundant. All these find a ready market at good prices. Amongst the Americans who have made their homes in Canada are to be found colonies of Scandinavians, and all are doing well. I have before me a letter from an American Scandinavian, now a Canadian, an extract from which is interesting. Writing from Turtle Lake, Saskatchewan, he says:

"I came up here from Fergus Falls, Minn., October 24th, 1910, and thought I would let you know how I have been getting along. We had a very mild winter up to New Year's, but since then it has been quite cold and lots of snow, but not worse than that we could be out every day working, even though we had 65 below zero a few times, but we do not feel the cold here the same as we did in Minnesota, as it is very still and the air is high and dry. This is a splendid place for cattle raising and mixed farming. There is some willow brush and small poplars on part of the land, which is rolling and covered with splendid grass in the summer. Not far from here there is timber for building material. There are only 8 Norwegians here, 6 Scotchmen, 2 Germans. The lake is 20 miles long and full of very fine fish.

"There is a lot of land yet that has not been taken and room for many settlers, and we wish you would send some settlers up here, as there are fine prospects for them, especially for those who have a little money to start with. Send them here to Turtle Lake, and we will show them the land, if they have secured plats, showing the vacant lands, at the Dominion Lands office in Battleford. Send us up some good Scandinavians this spring."

The Canadian government agents will try to meet his wishes.

The Point of View.

"I notice that you have given up the fight for a cleaner city. You used to be one of the leaders in the opposition to the smoke nuisance."

"Yes. I've come to the conclusion that smoke cannot be abolished. It's useless to keep harping on the question."

"By the way, what business are you in now?"

"Oh, I've quit working for a salary. An uncle of mine left me a valuable interest in one of our biggest machine shops."

Care of the Child.

It is announced that Los Angeles county government will in future expend as much money upon societies for the care of children as it does now upon societies that look after the welfare of animals.

This is well. Perhaps, in course of time, we may come to regard children as of equal importance with horses and dogs.

Your Druggist Will Tell You
Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain. Try it in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

Not Possible.

"Is there a good parting scene in that play?"

"No; the hero's bald."

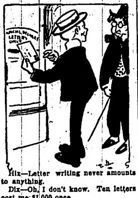
A pin scratch may cause blood poison, a rusty nail cut is very apt to do so. Hamlins Wizard Oil used at once draws out all infection and makes blood poison impossible.

Who so neglects learning in his youth, loses the past and is dead for the future.—Euripides.

To enjoy good health, take Garfield Tea; it cures constipation and regulates the liver and kidneys.

The ship in which many fond hopes go down is courtship.

BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.



Hix—Letter writing never amounts to anything.

Dix—Oh, I don't know. Ten letters cost me $1,000 once.

Avoid the Cheap and "Big Can" Baking Powders.

The cheap baking powders have but one recommendation: they certainly give the purchaser plenty of powder for his money but it's not all baking powder; the bulk is made up of cheap materials that have no leavening power. These powders are so carelessly made from inferior materials that they will not make light, wholesome food. Further, these cheap baking powders have a very small percentage of leavening gas; therefore it takes from two to three times as much of such powder to raise the cake or biscuit as it does of Calumet Baking Powder. Therefore, in the long run, the actual cost to the consumer of the cheap powders is more than Calumet would be.

Why not buy a perfectly wholesome baking powder like Calumet, that is at the same time moderate in price and one which can be relied upon? Calumet gives the cook the least trouble.

Irish Landmark Gone.

The famous Temple of Liberty, one of Ulster's best-known landmarks, was burned to the ground the other morning. Erected at Toomebridge, on the County Londonderry side of the River Bann, by the late Rev. John Carey, some 60 years ago, it had a romantic history. Its founder was a remarkable man, possessed of considerable wealth. He was a descendant of a Cromwellian family, and had been arrested and tried for murder, but was unanimously acquitted by the jury, whereupon he erected the building in question.—London Mail.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Close Guess.

Schmidt—Ve got a new baby py our house yesterday.

Schmaltz—Vas iss; poy or girl?

Schmidt—I vond dell you. You hef got to gess it.

Schmaltz—Iss id a girl?

Schmidt—You cho-o-o-st missed it.—Youngstown Telegram.

ED GEERS, "The grand old man," he is called for he is so honest handling horses in races. He says: "I have used SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE for 12 years, always with best success. It is the only remedy I know to cure all forms of distemper and prevent horses in same stable having the disease." 50c and $1 a bottle. All druggists, or manufacturers. Spohn Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind.

The Ignorance of Casey.

Casey—Phwat kind av a horse is a cob?

Mulligan—It's wan thot's been raised intoirly on corn, ye ignoramus.

Nature's laxative, Garfield Tea, overcomes constipation and is ideally suited to tone up the system in the Spring.

Most women would be very uninteresting if they couldn't talk.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some women are like some old hens—set in their ways.

To keep the blood pure and the skin clear, drink Garfield Tea before retiring.

No man becomes a jailbird just for a lark.

Household Remedy

Taken in the Spring for Years.

Ralph Rust, Willis, Mich., writes: "Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a household remedy in our home as long as I can remember. I have taken it in the spring for several years. It has no equal for cleansing the blood and expelling the humors that accumulate during the winter. Being a farmer and exposed to bad weather, my system is often affected, and I often take Hood's Sarsaparilla with good results."

Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to Itself. There is no "just as good."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

Solely to Blame.

Diner—Who is that singing so dreadfully out of tune?

Restaurant Proprietor—It is my wife.

Diner—Perhaps the accompanist plays out of tune.

R. P.—She is accompanying herself!—London Opinion.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES
Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder for Tired, aching, swollen, nervous feet. Gives rest and comfort. Makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

If you move to another flat this spring you will have to get used to a new set of noises and neighbors.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

It's a waste of the other fellow's time when you talk foolish.

Garfield Tea, invaluable in the treatment of liver and kidney diseases!

It is not necessarily true that the worst is yet to come.

Millions Say So

When millions of people use for years a medicine it proves its merit. People who know CASCARETS' value buy over a million boxes a month. It's the biggest seller because it is the best bowel and liver medicine ever made. No matter what you're using, *just try* CASCARETS *once*—you'll See.

CASCARETS 10c. a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

U-S [illegible] RECORDS

Never lose their full tone-value and are guaranteed not to injure the reproducing point of any phonograph. Will not wear, chip, break or crack.

On receipt of 25c (coin or stamps) we will mail 1 two-minute record, price 35c, and one four-minute record, price 50c.

Eighty-five Cents Value for a Quarter.

This introductory offer is for a limited time and only one set sold to each person.

Be sure and write for handsomely illustrated Phonograph Catalog No. 11 and complete List of Records.

The U-S Phonograph Company
Associated with
The Bishop-Babcock-Becker Co.
CLEVELAND, OHIO

$65 BUYS THE WORLD'S BEST TYPEWRITER

The only high-grade full-sized typewriter sold at a reasonable price. The ROYAL STANDARD TYPEWRITER is used extensively by the U. S. Govt. and by all of the most prominent business houses everywhere. Write for catalogue.

Royal Typewriter Company
414 Second Ave., So.
Minneapolis, Minn.

RHEUMATISM STOMACH KIDNEY
Where Rheumatism meets its Waterloo. Ad. Martinsville Sanitarium, Martinsville, Ind.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

EATS WHAT HE LIKES AFTER TAKING FREE SAMPLE

It will be welcome news to dyspeptics to learn of a remedy that, in the opinion of thousands, is an absolute cure for indigestion and all forms of stomach trouble, and, better still, it is guaranteed to do so. The remedy is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

We all know the value of pure pepsin in indigestion, and add to this some exceptional laxative ingredients and you have a truly wonderful remedy. Mr. T. W. Worthy of Forsythe, Ga., got to the point where he could not even eat or digest vegetables and after many years of seeking he found the cure in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Mr. Rudy Kasner of Moline, Ill., was in the same bad predicament with his stomach, took Syrup Pepsin and is now cured. Hunureds of others would gladly testify.

It is a guaranteed cure for indigestion, constipation, biliousness, headaches, gas on the stomach and similar complaints. A bottle can be had at any drug store for fifty cents or a dollar, but if you wish to make a test of it first send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will supply a free sample bottle, sent direct to your address. You will soon admit that you have found something to replace salts, cathartics, breath perfumes and other temporary reliefs. Syrup Pepsin will cure your permanently.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.
Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Avenue, near 253rd St., West, N. Y.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, [illegible]

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson St. St. Paul, Minn.
(Use address nearest you.)

Pettit's Eye Salve MAKES SORE EYES WELL

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1911. NUMBER 43.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Senator Norris Brown, of Nebraska, will not be given the chairmanship of the committee on territories. This was practically decided at a stormy meeting of the senate committee on committees.

Mrs. Charles W. Morse, wife of the New York banker, now in the Atlanta prison, has made a personal appeal to President Taft for information as to the status of the petition for her husband's pardon and has been informed that Mr. Taft will make an announcement in the case within a few days.

Claiming that the valorization of coffee is nothing more or less than a gigantic scheme, in which nations are involved, to monopolize the product, and fix the prices of coffee, Representative Norris, of Nebraska, spoke in the house for nearly two hours.

The reported declaration of Ramon Corral, vice president of Mexico, that Americans were fomenting trouble in his country in order to force intervention has encountered the disfavor of the United States government. The state department has called the matter to the attention of Mexico.

The taking of testimony in the government's civil action against the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing company has been finished and the case will come up for final argument in the United States court at Baltimore within five or six weeks. Two circuit judges and one district judge will review the testimony which has been taken before a master.

Representative Collup of Indiana, a democrat, in a speech in the house vigorously assailed Postmaster General Hitchcock and the postoffice department for "pernicious activity" in politics. "The postoffice department the greatest political machine constructed in this or any other country," said Mr. Collup, "and it is openly administered as a political organization."

General.

Rapid progress is being made in the digging of the Panama canal.

The tenure of office of Diaz will be the sticking point in peace negotiations in Mexico.

State Treasurer George reports $1,095,000 in the Nebraska treasury and $421,000 of trust funds awaiting investment.

"Reciprocity with Canada must be adopted now or never and must stand or fall by its own terms," says President Taft.

News of the passage of the reciprocity bill by the house at Washington was received with satisfaction by the Canadian government.

A bill changing the date of the inauguration of the president from March 4 to the last Thursday in April was introduced in the house.

The whole Nebraska delegation, excepting Representative Norris, voted in favor of the reapportionment bill, which was passed by the house.

Democrats of national prominence will be in St. Louis June 1 when a conference of leaders of the party in the northwest will be held there.

President Diaz has sent his commissioner to El Paso to treat with Madero for peace.

The Missouri Pacific depot at Hiawatha, Kan., was robbed of four pouches of mail, awaiting transfer. The empty bags were found in a coal bin.

At Portland, Ore., A. M. Cox, chief of police, was indicted, charged with neglect of duty in that he had failed to close the immoral resorts of the city.

Eight thousand persons have been invited to the dinner which the board of international hospitality of the New York Peace society expects to give May 17, to Baron D'Tstournelles de Constant.

Comptroller of the Treasury Murray made formal announcement that his office would never again issue a charter to a national bank when there was evidence that bank promoters were active in the project.

Mr. Berger, socialist member of congress, says: "The senate has run its course. It must some day, as will the British house of lords, yield to the popular demand for its reformation or abolition."

Postmaster General Hitchcock is confident that penny postage is a probability of the near future as the result of reductions in the $17,000,000 postal deficit which existed when he took charge of the postoffice department.

The second highest price for a book in the Hoe library sale was reached, when a book sold for $21,000.

The department of agriculture has issued a bulletin on the alfalfa weevil. This insect, which is causing great injury to the alfalfa crops, is at present found only in Utah.

In an able and exhaustive opinion Attorney General Cosson of Iowa ruled that the attorney general of the state had charge of all cases in state and federal courts involving the orders made by the state railroad commission.

The fire-devastated town of Bangor, Me., will rise from the ruins.

Government finances for April made a better showing than expected.

The reapportionment bill in the house provides for an increased membership of 40.

John A. Hinsey, for many years head of the Milwaukee railway, died in Los Angeles from injuries received by being hit by a street car.

The government suit against the Anaconda Copper Mining company has been compromised.

Committee assignments were made in the senate, but the progressives are far from satisfied.

Plans were filed for the construction in New York of the highest building in the world, 750 feet.

Mexico sent a protest to London over the landing of British marines at San Quentin, Lower California.

The Missouri ouster suit against the beef packers was continued by the supreme court until the October term.

Mrs. J. Elliott Langstaff, of Brooklyn, N. Y., will witness the coronation of King George of England by special invitation.

Public utilities commission of Kansas has called together the representatives of the railroads to discuss railroad valuation.

In the future London policemen in the outlying and suburban districts of the city are to be accompanied by dogs, if they so desire.

The New York assembly adopted the resolution of Senator Roosevelt advocating the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

Lloyd C. Griscom, formerly ambassador to Italy and a close friend of former President Roosevelt, has resigned as president of the New York county republican committee.

At Seattle, Wash., contracts were awarded to the Moran company of that city for the construction of two submarines for the United States navy at a cost of $1,000,000. The company already is building two submarines which are nearly completed.

Postmasters of the country are to be subjected to a rigid investigation by congress. The house committee on expenditures in the postoffice department has decided to act in response to a resolution to this effect.

At St. Louis Mrs. Alma James was arrested soon after she asked the police to call at her home and aid her husband, Leo James, who she said was dying. The police found that James was dead, with two bullet holes in his head.

D. W. Dinsmore, implicated with Former State Printer Mark Slater in the alleged Ohio state house supply graft case, changed his plea to guilty when it was intimated that Slater would turn state's evidence, and was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary.

At Des Moines, Ia., Dr. Harry D. Kelly of Council Bluffs pleaded not guilty to the murder of Deputy Sheriff Clarence Woolman of Council Bluffs and Edmund Sterzing before Judge Bradshaw in the criminal division of the district court.

Senator W. S. Kenyon of Iowa will introduce a bill for the modification of the Sherman anti-trust law. Senator Kenyon is now engaged in drafting it, but has not announced the terms of the measure. It is his intention to seek to make the law more specific and more stringent than at present.

"Revise the ten commandments," urged the Rev. George A. Douglas, canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, in speaking at the close of the twenty-ninth congress of the Protestant Episcopal church on "The Need for Prayer Book Revision to Meet Present Day Conditions."

Plans were filed by the Broadway Park Place company for the construction at Broadway and Park Place of the highest building in the world. It will be 55 stories.

President Taft, addressing the opening session of the Twenty-ninth congress of the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States, said: "We have no state church, because all churches that are working for the uplifting of men and the spirit are state churches within the protection but not within the guidance or control of the government."

The Wisconsin legislature wants the United States senate to investigate the election of Stephenson.

An order recently issued by the Burlington, withdrawing the sale of all liquors and cigarettes on Nebraska trains, marks the end of the test case tried on this law passed by the legislature.

Personal.

Bangor, Maine, had a six million dollar fire.

House democrats have an ambitious program of tariff revision.

Victor Berger offered a resolution in the house to abolish the senate.

President Taft pleaded the cause of Canadian reciprocity in an address at a New York dinner.

Mexican insurrectos are growing more insistent in their demands the longer peace is delayed.

Norris of Nebraska is opposed to an increased house membership.

The house passed the bill increasing its membership from 391 to 433.

Senator Aldrich is believed to know much of the Lorimer case that he won't tell.

Republican house employes are packing up to leave Washington.

President Taft will not attend the prison congress to be held in Omaha in September.

With the object of finding the intrepid Danish explorer, Captain Einar Mikkelsen, a rescue party has just left Denmark for the Arctic regions.

SWEAR JOHN DEITZ FIRED FATAL SHOT

FIVE SO TESTIFY AS TO BULLET THAT PROVED FATAL TO OSCAR HARP.

MRS. DEITZ AND LESLIE IGNORED

One Witness Says He Saw a Winchester Protruding Through Roof. —Deitz Objects to Many Rulings.

Hayward, May 4.—Slowly the net of evidence appears to be tightening around John F. Deitz. Bit by bit the attorneys for the state are patching together pieces of damaging evidence, by which they hope to send the so-called outlaw of Cameron Dam to Waupun penitentiary for life. Not one scientilla of evidence has been submitted to prove even the complicity of Mrs. Deitz and Leslie in the shooting of Deputy Oscar Harp, on Oct. 8 last year, the apparent plan of it all being to prove John Deitz the intentional and deliberate murderer of the deputy.

Five men swore on the stand that they had seen the flash of the bullet which killed Harp, when it was fired from the hayloft of the Deitz barn. One witness even testified that he had seen the barrel of the Winchester rifle when it was protruded through a porthole in the roof of the barn.

Against this, the three accused members of the family set up only the defense implied in the question as to whether the shot could not have come from the other side of the barn through the roof. In every case the answer was that it was impossible.

Five witnesses were examined by the state and cross-examined by the defense. The testimony took in the entire story of the Cameron dam battle, the shooting of Harp, the postmortem examination of the body, the surrender, the warrants and general reference to the Deitz arsenal.

Thomas Pomerlo, 21, a deputy, and son of Thomas Pomerlo, town marshal of Winter, was the first witness.

"I did not see any smoke from the barn," he said. He testified that at the time his companions were Walter Sink, Oscar Harp and [illegible] Mewheorter. He said: "I only know that we were crawling up on the lumber piles and I looked around and saw Harp fall over on his face."

Deitz Objects to Questions.

Deitz made frequent but apparently random objections to the questions of Attorney Sturdevant. Most of the objections were overruled. Mewheorter told of the finding of the set gun among the lumber piles, and described the machine for the jury.

Deitz objected to the state's questions as leading, and when overruled surprised the attorneys on the other side of the table by asking that exception be taken to the rulings. His action was unnecessary, as it was stipulated in accordance with the Wisconsin law at the beginning of the trial that the defendant be given an exception to each of the court's rulings to protect the defendant before the supreme court.

Mewheorter also testified to having heard Mrs. Deitz declare immediately after the surrender that John had done all the shooting and that she and Leslie had not fired a shot.

J. A. Duncan, testifying from his own map of the Deitz farm and clearing, which had not at the time been offered in evidence, stated in answer to Attorney's Sturdevant's questions that owing to the elevation and the obstacles surrounding the spot on which Harp was shot, it was impossible for him to have come within range of the deputies' cross-fire. Surveyor Duncan said that he had drawn the map from information supplied by the deputies.

When asked directly by Deitz if he thought it would be possible for a bullet to have been fired through the roof to have killed Harp, Mr. Duncan said that it would have been necessary for the bullet to strike some object, be deflected downward and to one side in order that it reach the spot where Harp fell. He then offered his opinion that the double deflection would have caused the bullet to lose power.

John Britton on Stand.

John Britton, who was the first one of the principal witnesses of the afternoon, testified that he had fired the first shot at Leslie when the latter refused to throw up his hands and that later he had been fired on personally and members of his party had been fired on more than a dozen times from the Deitz cabin.

As in all of his cross-examinations, Deitz questioned the witness about the use of explosive bullets and received the answer from Britton that he had never used one.

Waite Ackley, who was in charge of the deputies' ammunition, testified that he had handled every box of cartridges and could swear that there were no explosive cartridges used.

Fired Not to Hit Leslie.

Waite Ackely testified to having fired between 75 and 80 times at the house on the day o fthe surrender. Deputy Britton testified that when he fired at Leslie it was not to kill him or even hit him. Other deputies testified to having found blood, presumably from the shot wound in Deitz's hand, on the rungs of the ladder leading to the hayloft and in the hay about the portholes.

A. M. Vinje, a newspaper photographer, and S. A. Johnson, a commercial photographer, were placed on the stand and made to identify pictures of Cameron Dam fortress and the spot where Harp fell. Al though Deitz brought nothing out in the cross-examination of these two men. He stated at recess that at least one set of the photographs had been manufactured to send him "over the road."

W. H. Appleby, deputy United States marshal, who while endeavoring to serve a paper on Deitz in 1905 was forced to leave the clearing with his hands above his head and at the point of a gun, arrived in Hayward with Carl Jones, former United States marshal of Wisconsin who is said to have been beaten by Deitz while trying to serve a paper in the latter's cabin.

Sheriff Fred Clark gave in to Deitz's repeated request for more liberty and took him for a walk from the county jail down the main street where the prisoner wanted to meet his brother-in-law, Herman Voigt of Cameron.

In one of the hotel lobbies the sheriff and his prisoner encountered the governor's private secretary and the attorney general and the two United States marshals. The two parties recognized each other immediately but no words were passed. Some one called the sheriff aside and spoke to him and he immediately took his prisoner back to his cell.

RIOTING IN JERUSALEM.

Sacred Relics Stolen From Mosque of Omar.

Jerusalem, May 4.—The inhabitants have been aroused to the point of rioting by the operations of a party of English archaelogists accused of having excavated beneath the inviolable mosque of Omar and removed relics reputed to include the ark of covenant, the censer and other sacred vessels that belonged to the tribes of Israel.

Azmi Bey, the Turkish governor, was mobbed on the streets for supposed complicity in the profanation, and hooted as a "pig." The mosque has been closed and is closely guarded, pending the arrival from Constantinople of officials of the government, who will make an investigation.

The expedition worked for two years on a large scale, beginning at the village of Siloam, which lies at the southeast end of Jerusalem, on the southern slope of the Mount of Olives, overlooking the Valley of Kedron and the Pool of Siloam. The explorers are credited with having excavated a passage from the Pool of Siloam toward the place where once stood Solomon's temple, built in 1012 B. C., pillaged and restored and finally destroyed by Titus, A. D. 70. Failing to reach the relics, sought in this manner, the explorers, according to the alleged confessions of the guards of the mosque, bribed the guards, entered the mosque and after digging six nights spirited away the treasures, "the whereabouts of which," says an Arabic paper, "none knew, except God and these English."

Mystery surrounds the expedition, whose operations have been of such magnitude as to make it evident that a large sum of money was invested. It is reported that wealthy Englishmen and Americans formed a syndicate, of which the Duchess of Marlborough (who was Consuelo Vanderbilt) was a member, on the strength of the discovery of the location of the relics by Scandinavian investigators.

BOTH SIDES WAIT IN STRIKE.

Neither Carpenters Nor Contractors Make Decisive Move.

Minneapolis, May 4.—The strike of Minneapolis carpenters has settled down to a waiting game, neither side yielding from the stand taken at the start, although both carpenters and contractors asserted they were gaining.

The carpenters say that contracts for two private residences formerly held by two members of the Master Builders' association, have been turned over to the union to complete, and that other contracts are being sought by carpenters.

As an evidence that they are winning, the contractors assert that 23 non-union carpenters were put to work on the Syndicate building.

Youthful Slayers Sentenced.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 4.—Albert Helfenstein, 18 years old, and Charles Ireland, 20 years old, pleaded guilty and were sentenced to life imprisonment for the murder of John Rebel, who was shot in the hand on Feb. 25 when he resisted an attempt to hold up his butcher shop.

CAMPAIGN IS OPEN.

First Political Party to Get National Ticket in the Field.

Rock Island, Ill., May 4.—The United Christian party in conference announced its nominations as follows: President, Rev. Daniel B. Turey, Decatur, Ill.; Vice President, S. P. Cater, Howard Lake, Minn. W. R. Benkert, of Davenport, Ia., was chosen national chairman. The unseating of Senator Lorimer was demanded and H. A. Simpson of Pana, Ill., recommended as his successor.

LINCOLN QUITS WORK.

Son of Martyr President Retires From Pullman Co.

Chicago, May 4.—Robert Todd Lincoln, son of President Lincoln, has retired from the presidency of the Pullman Co. and was succeded by John S. Runnels, who was vice president. Ill health and a desire to be freed from business cares are given as the reasons for Mr. Lincoln's resignation. He is 68 years old.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

WHITTIER DEFIES STATE

RED WING SUPERINTENDENT WILL NOT RESIGN.

Protracted Conference Ends With Matter Put Up to the Board of Control.

St. Paul. — Supt. Frank A. Whittier, superintendent of the State Industrial school at Red Wing, will not resign his position and a fight is on between the governor and the board of control. After a protracted conference in the office of the governor at which the governor, Mr. Whittier and his attorney, Frank Wilson, were present, Superintendent Whittier told the governor flatly that he would not resign, saying he would rely on his right to have a hearing before the board of control.

The governor accordingly put the matter up to the board of control, intimating that he expected that body to take action. Mr. Whittier's refusal to resign it is understood to have been made upon the advice of the members of the board of control.

Governor Eberhart went over the matter carefully with the superintendent. The governor made it clear that in his opinion the superintendent's usefulness had ended.

Mr. Whittier admitted that he could run the school without corporal punishment. In his conversation he admitted he knew of no other school where more than 25 blows was administered at one time, which Mr. Whittier's method was to beat a boy into submission.

Superintendent Whittier claims that the board of control knew about the administration of corporal punishment, and also claims the legislative report files no charges against him.

This is true; under the leadership of Senator Rockne, a report was adopted, which acknowledged that cruel and inhuman forms of punishment had been used, but cut out the paragraph criticizing Superintendent Whittier. Goernor Eberhart is apparently disposed to take no notice of the report.

BANDITS ATTACK BANK.

Anoka. — Four masked and heavily armed men battered in the front doors of the Anoka National Bank building with crowbars. Once inside, they lost no time in attacking the vault and soon had its outer doors open. They were then confronted with the inner doors of the vault and fired a charge of nitroglycerin in their efforts to break them down.

The charge was ineffective and the bandits, realizing that they could not get to the bank's treasure before daylight, if at all, retreated.

Frank Wethern, a young farmer of the northern part of the county, was passing the bank on his way to a hotel when the robbers appeared. When confronted by four heavily armed men Wethern endeavored to run away and give the alarm. The robbers took after him and ran him down. They handcuffed him and tied him to a telephone pole in the vicinity of the bank.

One of the bandits held a gun on Wethern while another made a thorough search of his clothes for money and jewels. They found $17 in cash in one of his pockets, but overlooked $210 that he had concealed in his underclothing.

Day in Duluth.

Duluth. — Hon. Frank A. Day, of Missoula, Mont., the well-known transplanted Minnesotan, is here on business and to meet his daughter, Miss Constance.

The regular season at the Bijou, Minneapolis, will close with the engagement of Al. W. Martin's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and starting Sunday afternoon, May 7th, Klimt & Gazzolo, the well known producing managers of Chicago, will inaugurate a supplementary spring season with a presentation of Alexandre Dumas' masterpiece, "Monte Cristo."

ATTACK EXPRESS RATES

WELLS-FARGO COMPANY IS DEFENDANT.

Reduction to 75 Per Cent of Present Schedule Is Asked in Complaint.

St. Paul.—The state has opened its case against the Wells-Fargo & Co. Express in the office of the state railway and warehouse commission at the state capitol. Thirty-five experts, representing the state and various express companies and railroads, were present. The case promises to be one of the most important in its relation to express rates and interstate commerce ever tried in the country. Leading attorneys from all parts of the United States are representing the various companies.

The state contends that the rates charged by the Wells Fargo Company, as well as by every other company operating within the state, are unfair, unjust, discriminatory, arbitrary and unreasonable. In answer the company protests that its rates are uniformly fair and just, and that the solution asked by the state, that of charging 75 per cent of the present rates, would prove disastrous to the express companies.

The Wells Fargo Company was selected as the defendant company in the case because it operates over the greatest amount of mileage in the state. But it is generally understood that the decision in the case will apply to the other companies operating within the state, against all of whom the same charge has been made.

Ira B. Mills, chairman of the commission, is presiding. The state is represented by George T. Simpson, attorney general, and the Wells Fargo Company by C. R. Stockton, its general attorney and commercial representative.

The complaint charges that the schedule of rates, known as the "gradnate scale," now in use by the Wells Fargo Company is unfair and arbitrary, and it is demanded that an equalization of rates and classificationz be adopted, the state stipulating that 75 per cent of the present rates is fair and reasonable, and that this percentage should be obtained and enforced.

In answer the Wells-Fargo Company denies that the present schedule is unequal and unjust and maintains that the 75 per cent rate would be unfair to the company and would work a manifest injustice.

In opening for the state Attorney General Simpson said: "Possibly before this case is completed an interrogation may be advanced on the part of the other companies and they may desire to cross-examine the state witnesses. Where matters affect only the Wells-Fargo company no objection will be made by the state to such cross-examination, but where the questions would affect the other companies the state will demand that they be made a party to the complaint and that they be at least partially bound by the defendant in this case."

At this point R. E. Olds, representing the American, the Adams and the National express companies, informed the commission that his companies would not be bound by the decision in this case. He stated that they might wish to have their cases tried separately.

"It is barely possible," said Mr. Olds, "that after the testimony is in we may be ready to agree to a compromise, but we are not ready to do so now."

Companies Refuse to Be Bound.

H. E. Armstrong, representing the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies, explained that they could not be bound by any agreement made at this time.

The attorney general finally agreed to allow the cross examination of witnesses in this case, provided the question did not affect the case of the other companies.

Mr. Stockton, for the Wells Fargo Company, then asked that the computation of figures, secured by the experts employed by the state be furnished to the company's attorneys. He said the company had opened its books to the state without reservation and that he believed that this request was only fair.

The attorney general maintained that the agreement in this case was to the effect that the state might take off whatever the Wells Fargo books showed and that whether these figures were to be given to the company was optional with the state.

The commissioners finally agreed that Mr. Hillman, one of the experts employed by the state, should furnish the figures to the company as fast as they were prepared for the commission.

Among those present at the hearing, not heretofore mentioned, are T. E. McDonald, Western Express company; William Ellis, general commercial counsel for the St. Paul railways; Henry Harrison, general manager of the American and Adams companies; and Vice-President Cooper of the United States Express Company.

Red Wing Faces Contest.

Red Wing.—There are more or less well defined rumors about town that C. H. Tiedeman will contest the election of Mayor A. P. Pierce, who was re-elected to the office by the narrow margin of twenty-three votes. Mr. Tiedeman declines to make a statement, which is in itself significant. It is alleged that in one of the precincts the judges closed the polls during the supper hour and that this alleged irregularity is one of the points on which a contest might be based.

Methodist Bishops At Winona.

Winona. — At the Winona Masonic Temple, four hundred and fifty visiting clergy and citizens gathered at a banquet in honor of the bishops who are attending the meeting of Methodist Episcopal college of bishops. The address of welcome was delivered by Congressman J. A. Tawney. Dr. William McKinley welcomed the bishops on behalf of the twenty-one protestant churches and responses were made by Bishops Hughes, Anderson, Quayle and McIntyre of St. Paul.

HANDS OFF FOREIGN LANDS

TAFT SAYS U. S. DESIRES ONLY TO AID WEAKER NEIGHBOR.

Suspicion of American Motives One Drawback, Declares the President.

Baltimore, May 4.—President Taft, in his speech at the third national peace conference declared that the United States would keep hands off and not seek to extend its domain or to acquire foreign territory.

The president made no mention of Mexico, but to those who heard him it was evident that the troubled situation here and the suspicion in the South American republics as to the intention of this nation in regard to its southern neighbors had inspired him.

The president had been speaking of the recurrence of internal disturbances in countries not so well able as the United States to maintain order and peace and had said that it was incumbent upon the great nations of "this hemisphere to exercise their kindly and peaceful influence as much as possible."

"One of the difficulties that the United States finds is the natural suspicions that the countries engaged have of the motives which the United States has in tendering its good offices," the president continued.

"Asservation of good faith helps little where the suspicion is real; and yet I like to avail myself of an opportunity in such presence as this to assert that there is not in the whole length and breadth of the United States among its people any desire for territorial agrandizement and that its people as a whole will not permit its government, if it would, to take any steps in respect to foreign peoples looking to a forcible extension of our political power.

Would Avoid War.

"We have had wars and we know what they are. We know what responsibilities they entail, the burdens and losses and horrors, and we would have none of them. We have a magnificent domain of our own, in which we are attempting to work out and show to the world success in popular government, and we need no more territory in which to show this. But we have attained great prosperity and great power. We have become a powerful member of the community of nations in which we live and there is, therefore, thrust upon us necessarily a care and responsibility for the peace of the world in our neighborhood and a burden of helping those nations that cannot help themselves, if we may do that peacefully and effectively."

The president spoke to several thousand people in the Lyric theater. Cardinal Gibbons, Secretary of War Dickinson, Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Andrew Carnegie and more than a dozen men prominent in the most eminent work for peace sat on the platform with the president.

BASEBALL SCORE.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 9; Columbus, 8.
St. Paul, 3; Louisville, 1.
Milwaukee, 6; Indianapolis, 1.
Toledo, 9; Kansas City, 7.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Minneapolis	16	5	.762
Milwaukee	11	8	.579
St. Paul	9	7	.563
Columbus	8	7	.533
Kansas City	8	9	.471
Louisville	8	10	.444
Toledo	7	12	.368
Indianapolis	5	14	.263

American League.

Philadelphia, 13; New York, 4.
Detroit, 5; St. Louis, 2.
Boston, 6; Washington, 3.
Cleveland, 8; Chicago, 7.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	16	2	.889
New York	8	6	.571
Chicago	7	8	.467
Washington	7	8	.467
Philadelphia	7	8	.467
Boston	7	8	.467
Cleveland	7	11	.389
St. Louis	4	13	.235

National League.

New York, 3; Brooklyn, 0.
Pittsburg, 8; St. Louis, 4.
Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
Boston, 4; Philadelphia, 3.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Philadelphia	13	4	.765
New York	10	5	.667
Pittsburg	9	5	.643
Chicago	10	6	.625
Cincinnati	5	8	.385
Boston	6	12	.333
St. Louis	3	8	.273
Brooklyn	4	12	.250

Twin City Market.

Minneapolis, May 4.—Wheat, May, 98½c; July, 98¾; No. 1 northern, $1.00½; No. 2 northern, 99; No. 1 durum, 88½c; No. 3 corn, 50c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, $1.07; No. 2 rye, $1.04; No. 1 flax, $2.59.

Duluth, May 4.—Wheat, May, $1.00; July, $1.00½; No. 1 northern, 98¾c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 4. — Cattle—Market weak; beeves, $5.00@6.10; western steers, $4.80@5.70; stockers and feeders, $4.00@5.45; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.65; calves, $4.00@5.75.

Hogs—Market weak and 5c lower; light, $5.70@6.15; mixed, $5.70@6.05; heavy, $5.55@5.95; rough, $5.55@5.70; good to choice heavy, $5.70@5.95; pigs, $5.50@6.00.

Sheep—Market steady; native, $3.00@4.60; western, $3.25@4.60; yearlings, $4.40@5.40; lambs, native, $4.25@6.10.

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Farm Land Prices..

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

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Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. [illegible]

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FACTORY PRICES [illegible] DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue [illegible]

BICYCLE DEALERS, [illegible]

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. [illegible]

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NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES. [illegible]

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

[illegible]

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 6, 1911.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held May 1, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present except McKercher.

Minutes of the last regular and the last special meetings read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the bond given by B. E. Burkee for $4,600, with D. Patterson and C. L. Hanson as sureties, was accepted.

On motion duly made and carried the bond for $500 given by Dr. C. Swanson, with K. O. Gigstad and R. E. Anderson as sureties, was accepted.

On motion duly made and carried the bond given by G. Fellman for $500 with K. O. Gigstad as surety was accepted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

H. O. Jackson, marshal's salary	$2.50
George Bakko, street work	1.05
Gust Fellman, draying	3.90
John Forseen, marshal's salary, April	15.50

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
President.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Fog and Sound.

In a fog at sea the toll of a bell buoy is singularly grave and solemn, well matched by the weird note of a whistling buoy. Unfortunately the value of both is lessened in foggy weather from there being but little motion of the sea. Nothing, too, is more difficult than to distinguish in a fog the direction from which a sound comes. This is in part due doubtless to the interference offered to the straight course of the waves carrying the sound, but also probably to the absence of the normal, although unsuspected, co-ordination of eye and ear in locating the origin of sound. The assistance of the eye on sea and land is instinctively given to the ear in many different ways. In a fog the ear has only itself to trust to.—London Spectator.

Describing a Railroad.

The Pall Mall Gazette in 1880 asked its readers to name the worst railway in England. And one English kicker answered thus: "Sir—The Southeastern railway is the very worst railway in the world. The engines are asthmatic. Its lamps are trimmed by foolish virgins. Its fares are excessive. Its carriages let in the snow in winter and are furnaces in summer. Its motto is unpunctuality. Its principal station is approached through the neck of a bottle. It ruins the temper, destroys the digestion and enables one to realize the horrors of Dante's 'Inferno.' I am, sir, yours obediently, the Worm Who Turns."

Korea.

Korea is about 600 miles long and 135 wide. It is very mountainous, and the climate is one of the finest in the world. Nine months in the year the skies are bright, and the winter is superb, with its extreme dryness, clear skies and crisp, frosty nights. From September to June there are no extremes of heat or cold.

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mrs. Mary Carr, Olavus Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent. The petition of Albert Sevre having been filed in this court, representing that Helmer E. Sevre, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died intestate on the 13th day of October, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Olavus K. Sevre, and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of May, 1911, at ten o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of May, 1911.

m7-3t WILHELM MICHELET,
(Court Seal) Probate Judge.

Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Judicial Ditch No. 25, Marshall, Polk, Red Lake, and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) Counties, State of Minnesota. Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA,)
) ss.
County of Marshall.)
District Court
14th Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Petition of Johannes Gjerde and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall, Polk, Red Lake and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake), State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch Number Twenty-five (25).

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall County, State of Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch number 25, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before a Judge of the District Court of said county has been had thereon, and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, and that the said Judge of the said district court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall county; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and termini of the Main ditch and branches of said Judicial Ditch Number 25, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows:

MAIN DITCH: Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections eight (8), nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), in township numbered one hundred and fifty four (154) north of range forty five (45) west, being town of Numedal, Red Lake County, (now Pennington County), Minnesota, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), township one hundred and fifty-four (154), range forty five (45) west, a distance of eleven thousand (11000) feet, thence south twenty (20) degrees east a distance of twenty five hundred and twenty-seven (2527) feet, thence south forty (40) degrees and thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of twenty-eight hundred (2800) feet,—thence south twenty (20) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes, east, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence south fifty-one (51) degrees, twenty-five (25) minutes west, a distance of twelve hundred (1200) feet,—thence south twenty five (25) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, a distance of eight hundred and sixty (860) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, no minutes west, a distance of eight hundred (800) feet, to the center of section thirty two (32), township one hundred and fifty four (154), north, range forty five (45) west,—thence west on the quarter line through sections thirty two (32) and thirty one (31), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner between said section thirty one (31) township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and section thirty six (36), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south forty five (45) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through the southeast quarter of said last mentioned section thirty six (36), to a point forty (40) feet north of the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty six (36), and sections one (1), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the town line between townships one hundred fifty three (153) and one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, to a point thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the quarter section corner between section three (3), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and section thirty four (34), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south fourteen (14) degrees, three (3) minutes west, through section three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, to a point forty (40) feet north and forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections three (3), four (4), nine (9) and ten (10), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections four and nine (4 and 9), five and eight (5 and 8), six and seven (6 and 7), in township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west,—thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the sections line between sections eleven and twelve (11 and 12), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner,—thence west on the quarter section line through sections eleven, ten and nine (11, 10 and 9) to the center of section eight (8), said last mentioned township and range,—and from this point running thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of seven hundred and eighty (780) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8), a distance of thirteen hundred and fifty (1350) feet,—thence north sixty two (62) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of one thousand (1000) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees west through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of eight hundred thirty six (836) feet, thence south eighty three (83) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through section seven (7) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of forty (40) feet,—thence north thirty four (34) degrees, forty (40) minutes west through said last mentioned section seven (7), a distance of five hundred and twenty four (524) feet,—thence north six degrees (6), no (0) minutes west, through section section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of three hundred and thirty (330) feet,—thence north eighty (80) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred and thirty seven (637) feet,—thence south eighteen degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of four hundred and ninety three (493) feet,—thence north eighty seven (87) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north sixteen (16) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of three hundred and forty (340) feet,—thence north eight five (85) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north fifty five (55) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north thirty eight (38) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of sixteen hundred (1600) feet,—thence north thirty-eight (38) degrees west, through section one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, a distance of four hundred and forty (440) feet,—thence south fifty (50) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and fifteen (915) feet,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and sixty (960) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence north eighty (80) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through section two (2) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of thirty two hundred and thirty two (3232) feet,—thence west parallel with the section line between sections two (2), three (3) and four (4), said last mentioned township and range, and sections thirty three (33), thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), township one hundred and fifty four (154), range forty eight (48), to a point forty (40) feet south of the quarter section corner between section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, and section thirty three (33), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west,—thence north along the quarter section line through the section of said last mentioned section thirty three (33), to the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty three (33) and section twenty eight (28) said last mentioned township and range,—thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of one hundred and forty (140) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet,—thence north thirteen (13) degrees, fifty (50) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north sixty seven (67) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of eight hundred and forty (840) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of five hundred and seventy (570) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred and sixty (360) feet,—thence through and into section twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north eighty four (84) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and twenty (120) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred feet (400) feet,—thence north seventy eight (78) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north twenty six (26) degrees west, a distance of one hundred and ten (110) feet,—thence north twenty two (22) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and thirty (230) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and seventy (470) feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence south thirty six (36) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east; a distance of two hundred and twenty (220) degrees,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of one hundred and eighty (180) feet,—thence north seventeen (17) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and eighty (680) feet,—thence north eight (8) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and ten (210) feet,—thence north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and seventy (270) feet,—thence through and into section twenty (20) township one hundred and fifty four (154) range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen minutes (15) west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and ninety (290) feet,—thence south eighty eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and fifty (650) feet,—thence north twenty eight (28) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) feet,—thence north [illegible] degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of five hundred and sixty (560) feet,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and eighty (280) feet,—thence south eighty (80) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and sixty (1060) feet,—thence north seventy (70) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of fourteen hundred and eighty (1480) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and ninety (490) feet,—thence north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and twenty nine (329) feet,—thence north through and into section nineteen (19) township one hundred and fifty four (154), range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and twenty one (221) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and fifty six (456) feet,—and thence emptying into Judicial Ditch numbered one (1) in Polk County, as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 1. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), township one hundred and fifty four (154), north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10), four (4) and nine (9), five (5) and eight (8), six (6) and seven (7), said last mentioned township and range, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and thence north between sections one and two (1 and 2), said last mentioned township and range, and emptying into Snake River as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 2. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections nineteen, twenty, thirty and twenty nine (19, 20, 30 and 29) township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20), said last mentioned township and range to a point forty (40) feet east and forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19),—thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), township one hundred, and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and emptying into Lateral numbered one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 3. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the corner of sections ten (10), eleven (11), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), nine (9) and sixteen (16), and north between sections eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and emptying into Lateral numberd one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 4. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet north of the corner of sections one (1) and twelve (12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and sections six (6) and seven (7), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the range line between ranges forty four (44) and forty five (45) west, and between sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), thirty (30), and thirty one (31), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), twenty four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty six (36), township one hundred and fifty three (153) range forty five (45) west, to a point forty (40) east and forty (40) feet south of the standard township corner of townships one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty three (43) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet south of the township line between said last mentioned townships one hundred and fifty three (153) and one hundred and fifty four (154) north, and between sections one (1) and two (2), township one hundred [illegible] (153) north, range [illegible] west, [illegible] sections thirty five [illegible] and thirty six [illegible] township one hundred and fifty four [illegible] north, range forty five (45) west, to a point about one hundred and thirty five (135) feet east of the corner of sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), said last mentioned township and range, and sections two (2) and three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west,—thence from this point south twenty (20) degrees west, through sections three (3) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence south seventy (70) degrees west through the said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence south eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of seven hundred (700) feet,—thence south eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—thence south thirty two (32) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through section four (4), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—and thence through said last mentioned section four (4) as follows: south no (0) degrees, fifty (50) minutes east, along the quarter line a distance of fifteen hundred and twenty one (1521) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of three hundred and seventy nine (379) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through section nine (9), said last mentioned township and range a distance of eleven hundred and thirty eight (1138) feet,—thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of twelve hundred and fifty one (1251) feet,—and thence south eleven (11) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of thirty three hundred and thirty six (3336) feet, to the corner of sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), said last mentioned township and range,—and thence through said last mentioned section fifteen (15) as follows: south twenty eight (28) degrees, twenty five (25) minutes east, a distance of twenty two hundred and seventy five (2275) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of five thousand six hundred and forty four (5644) feet,—and from thence through section twenty two (22), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south eleven (11) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of fifty four hundred and thirty one (5431) feet, to the quarter section corner between sections twenty two (22) and twenty seven (27), said last mentioned township and range,—thence south along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty seven (27), a distance of twenty six hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence through said last mentioned section twenty seven (27) as follows: south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of twenty six hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of fourteen hundred and nineteen (1419) feet,—thence south twelve (12) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of thirteen hundred and sixty eight (1368) feet,—thence south through sections thirty four (34) said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south three (3) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of thirteen hundred (1300) feet,—thence south twenty three (23) degrees, three (3) minutes east, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence south two (2) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west through said section thirty four (34), a distance of eighteen hundred and seventy seven (1877) feet,—and from thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes through section four (4), township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west, a distance of three hundred and twenty three (323) feet,—and thence north eight seven (87) degrees, fifty (50) minutes through said last mentioned section four (4), a distance of eight hundred feet, (800), to a point where Black River is sufficiently large to carry all water tributary thereto, as an outlet.

LATERAL NO. 5. Commencing at the quarter section corner between sections seventeen (17) and twenty (20), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty (20) to the quarter section corner between sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet,—thence south along the sixteenth (16th) section line through the center of the west half of sections twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32), said last mentioned township and range, and thence seven hundred (700) feet into section five (5), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes, through said last mentioned section five (5), a distance of one thousand and eighty five (1085) feet,—and thence south through said last mentioned section five (5) as follows: south sixty nine (69) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty six (556) feet,—thence through and into section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north seventy seven (77) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and eight four (1084) feet,—thence south a distance of thirteen hundred and four (1304) feet,—thence south seventy one (71) degrees, fifty (50) minutes, a distance of two hundred [illegible] feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, a distance of eight hundred and thirty (830) feet,—thence north sixty three (63) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and three (603) feet,—thence south sixty six (66) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes, a distance of eight hundred and seventy (870) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes, a distance of one hundred [illegible] feet,—thence, south fifty (50) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and eighty nine (189) feet,—thence north eighty three (83) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, five (5) minutes west, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence through sections one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west, as follows: north forty four (44) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of eighteen hundred and sixty four (1864) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees west, a distance of four hundred and fifty (450) feet, and emptying into Lateral numbered four (4) at a point about six hundred (600) feet west of the corner of township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

LATERAL NO. 6. Commencing at a point on Lateral numbered five (5) near the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south twenty five (25) degrees east in section five (5) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet, and thence emptying into Lateral numbered five (5) as its outlet.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch numbered twenty five (25) is surveyed and will pass, is as follows:

Sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty nine (29), thirty (30), thirty one (31) and thirty two (32), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections five (5), six (6), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20), twenty one (21), twenty four (24), twenty five (25), twenty eight (28), twenty nine (29), thirty one (31), thirty two (32), thirty five (35), thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), nine (9), sixteen (16), fifteen (15), twenty two (22), twenty seven (27) and thirty four (34), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west.

Section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections three (3) four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), thirty four (34), thirty five (35), and thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), twelve (12), thirteen (13), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), six (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10) eleven (11) and twelve (12), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west.

Sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty eight (29), twenty nine (29), and thirty three (33), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west.

And that the said engineer's report shows the direction of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appears in the report of the viewers herein before mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: [illegible] of Minnesota, Regina Toane, A. J. Puckley, L. K. Skroggin, Central Minnesota Emigration Company, Isaac H. Elliott, L. K. Croggin, R. W. Stephenson, C. A. Haaes, G. S. Gilbertson, J. H. McCoy, Jacob Back, Selma C. England, Apolania Gergen, John Grove, D. S. B. Johnson Land Company, W. C. Mitchell, H. H. Dunn, et. al, F. A. Morse, Edward J. Holgson, Wm. Palmer, R. B. Thomas, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad Company, Henry Wedge, W. S. Ayres, Z. M. Chapman, J. C. Crobaty, Henry W. Lay, L. K. Scroggin, E. P. Lovell, W. H. Morsell, Scandia American Bank of Crookston, Minnesota, N. S. Moen, T. A. Scroggin, Fredrick Ax, Catherina Ax, P. B. Gaas, Peter Lindblom, Farmers Loan and Trust Company, Emil Larson, Henry Lindblom, J. F. Shutt, P. Lindblom, Matilda Johnson, Charles England, Johanna S. Swanson, L & A. Dahlen, Frank Breunke, P. S. Melchill, C. A. Lindquist, John Peterson, Marshall County Land Company, D. A. Kalestrand, Claus A. Amdahl, Geo. Anderson, The Peoples Threshing Company, The Peoples Trading Company, Hanna J. Kannard, Arthur J. Byrnes, Edward L. Wright, Hanna J. Kanum, John Hansen Vasdal, P. E. Dinehart, John Olson, John Brateng, Andrew E. Mossestad, Nels Burtness, Julius S. Sonyer, Olaus O. Ordal, Ira Johnson, C. H. Norbovig, Iver L. Aasehy, O. E. Mathews, trustee, W. A. Knapp, M. C. Harlow, O. J. Tweet, F. N. Mead, Peter A. Waldners, Knut Knutsetli, Anna Larson, et. al., John Johnson, Christian Redegaard, Nels Samuelson, Nels O. Nora, Ole E. Lillegaard, August Sandberg, Nels E. Rodegard, Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, Jacob Olson, Severide L. Demann, Peter A. Voldness, Andrew Johnson, Ole Peterson, Adrian N. Iverson, Bertha Gravlie, Martin Rust, A. L. Demer, Iver N. Iverson, Battoff Stabness, Ole N. Monsebraten, Ole E. Engen, Olaf A. Witt, L. Lamberson, John Brateng, Anton Nelson, Thomas Hall, Peter Reine, Karin Anderson, Van Sant Land Company, A. Rothe, Knut Nicolson, Mary Nelson, C. M. Sonnesyn, Christian Larson, A. N. Iverson, J. N. Miller, W. M. & P. Ry. Co., Sara McClure, Lander Engebretson, Rasmus J. Wasebo, Minneapolis & St. Cloud Railroad Company, Lina J. Oaness, Ore Moen, R. R. Thomas, C. F. Chase, Den Johnson, Chicago, Rock Island Railway Company, Minneota and St. Cloud Railroad Company, John Seaverson, Helmer E. Severs, Handly & Piller, Helmer E. Severs, Lucy A. Cunningham, L. F. Dawes, C. M. Warren, Abraham Wenzel, Great Northern Railway Company, Otto M. Loring, Western Land Company, A. L. Rud, F. M. Stewart, Henry Kwing, Elizabeth Martin, Great Western Elevator Company, Andrew Larson, A. B. Cummins, Ole Morud, Reinbeck State Bank, Fred F. Rugg, M. H. Evans, J. H. Mineah, Edward L. Wright, F. M. Burroughs, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, Wm. M. Gardiner, R. C. Mathwig, Anton Nelson, Christian Anderson, Orpha R. Burkhart, Howard Graves, James Enesseth, Diener Mahw, Ole Gjerde, Christ Solwik, Theodore A. Wilson, J. H. Mineah, A. Lichteif, S. H. Way, Ole T. Sonstrud, J. H. & B. H. Rolfe, L. W. Pearson, Frank Coffman, Edward Kunz, Theodore Deerfler, L. E. Garlock, I. A. Fetter, B. C. Way, Jacob Ruff, Anton Nilson, National Bank of Commerce of Mankato, Minnesota, Alfred J. Pederson, Chas. A. Newman, administrator, Benj. F. Arhaug, Jennie Berg, C. L. Halso, O. Abelson, A. Abelson, W. A. Knapper, Andrew Olson, Geo. E. Sibert, J. A. Hile, Frank A. Evans, John Snelere, Hans L. Bande, Johannes Gjerde, Albert L. Ward, J. H. Mineah, Ole Stone, L. E. Jones M. H. Ivars, C. F. Gilderlieve, S. M. Mainer, Edward W. Powell, D. S. B. Johnsen, Ole L. Olsen, John Gehrke, W. C. Crien, N. Green, W. Green, R. H. Doe, O. E. Long, et. al., Cyrus Elliott, S. R. Mather, J. F. Fenton, Anna Kunz, August Leicktug, A. P. Davis, Edward Sovnaes, August Johnson, Andrew L. Olia, Nelson Brothers, Andrew N. Wilson, E. F. Grew, Otto L. Allen, Harry H. Beck, John Brener, R. K. Doe, C. B. Thornton, A. W. Seymour, M. A. Benson, Donald J. Cameron, Fred Meier, Wm. Schultz, Anton Zink, Edward Kunz, Maria Louisa Johnson, Jacob Roffler, Mary Blackhaine, Ellsworth Loan & Trust Company, John H. Seitz, C. F. Nelson, W. C. Smith, Wynkoop Lemen, Sidney Clark, George A. Dean, Wykoop Lemen, Daniel W. Miller, W. R. Nightingale, Evan L. Wortham, John Oberg, James Burke, F. P. Strathem, Ben Sewell, John F. Hanily, Joseph Cowden, Hannah L. Olsen, H. C. Moore, D. J. Stewart, W. J. Stewart, Richard O. Day, A. M. Vail, Ida T. Vail, W. L. Barclay, H. F. Greenfield, D. W. Bank, Thomas Nelson, et. al., A. I. Kyle, Edward King, William E. Simpson, Hans T. Hangild, Inga Peterson, Eliza Ainsworth, Lewis Larson, Ira Peck, Fredrick Strobel, Julius E. Nelson, Martin Severson, John Fillenworth, Benix E. Lane, B. E. Lane, W. H. Healy, Mary Dobias, Marshal Rugg, Joseph Dobias, J. Duffy, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, A. R. Wilkinson, Chas. Steele, Peter Kein, E. D. Helgren, Thomas Hewerdina, G. W. Garlock, G. D. Helgren, Matilda Wilkinson, W. R. Carleton, Martha W. Carter, Malcolm H. Clark, Julius H. Kunz, Geo. Leaming, J. W. Wheeler, Richard O. Day, C. E. Stevens, L. C. Jones, L. W. Garlock, Rebecca S. Kalhs, Wheeler-Misner Loan Co., Charles Bailey, Ed. Dannrenther, Charles E. Bailey, Geo. E. Stubbins, Geo. E. Stebbins, Timothy J. Coyne, Hans Christofferson, Olof Larson, John L. Fisher, A. B. Wesner, Andrew E. Mossestad, George W. Heater, Andrew E. Orvick, Middlesex Banking Company, John W. Bugge, Halvor Olson, D. B. Scofield, L. D. Hogler, Chas. Stephens, Joseph Jornydahl, L. Etta Pitcher, Ole O. Sande, Thomas Hanna, Gustaf A. Rose, Hans Baardson, Alson Humes, Severt Hanson, Henry E. Barnes, Edward Severe, et. al., Erick Albue, Fred Baelke, Northern Real Estate and Mortgage Company, Peter H. Swenson, Ole E. Rouingen, Maria Bergren, John Olson, Perline Bugge, Henry G. Krantz, J. G. Mitchell, Knatvold & Dunn, Andrew E. Rolfson, Howard H. Dunn, et.al., Ellsworth & Jones, A. B. Funk, Swan Englund, A. C. Smith, Jennie Hanson, J. T. Schumacher, Tom Severson, O. W. Krueger, Geo. H. Snider, F. C. Snider, H. A. Krueger, Arnold & Gruetzmacher, E. A. Bush, Arthur E. Brush, E. S. Campion, Bomer Evans, Elizabeth Evans, Leonard Willis, J. H. Crickenburger, Frank J. Zeidlik, A. A. Youycko, Frank Brady, C. E. Stichfield, Joseph Fravnick, Chas. Stiner, Andrew Stiner, T. C. McCracken, B. J. Chaney, Albert Kovar, Abbie Flint, et. al., A. B. Airhart, Lewis Olson, Lewis Estlund. And the following named townships, to-wit: Bray, Norden, Sanders, Polk Centre, Numedal, in Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) county,—Brislet, Helgeland, Angus, Brandt, Tabor and Farley, in Polk County,—and New Solum, Viking, McCrea, Comstock, in Marshall County,—all in the State of Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewer's reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before the said district court, and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on Thursday, the 8th day of June, A. D., 1911, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of the ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any matter relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated April 20th, A. D., 1911.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal)
JULIUS J. OLSON, Esq.,
Attorney for Petitioners,
Warren, Minnesota.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m., subject of sermon, "Christ's Inaugural Address;" at 7:30 p. m., subject "A Great Opinion."

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:15 o'clock.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.

REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FRICKEN, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3894. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. SWANSON, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1101, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. SOLEN, President.

S. N. LARSON, V. P. G. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Conclave, No. 167, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lavelle, Secretary. Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN

Dray and Transfer

Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz

CIVIL ENGINEER

Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of [illegible] fruit forest and ornamental [illegible] 20 years experience in the nursery business in [illegible] and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. All [illegible] [illegible] nursery stock [illegible] and guaranteed [illegible] to give satisfaction. If you [illegible] [illegible] instructions for protection [illegible] free of charge [illegible] stock for [illegible] years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading

FARM, STOCK & HOME,

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the

FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.

Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year

ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.

Six months, 30 cents.

3 Months, on trial. 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

The creamery received a new cream vat this week.

Henry Peterson went to Thief River Falls Thursday.

Miss Mary Carpenter went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson were at Maple Lake the first of the week.

Now is time to get a John Deer breaking plow or breaker attachment.

Landman Elliott was in town the first of the week with a party of land seekers.

If you need a road scraper or a steel culvert call on N. A. Nelson.

Miss Eda Brink of Crookston arrived last Monday to spend a ten days' vacation with the home folks.

Fred Steen of Thief River Falls is visiting with his brother Carl Steen.

Miss Nellie Lindahl arrived from Bemidji Tuesday and will visit for some time at the home of her parents.

Dont wait until the season is over before you get a new John Deer buggy and take your best girl out for a ride.

Misses Myrtle Blaine, Ida Kalland and Ruth Martz went to Thief River Falls Thursday to take the teacher's examinations.

M. W. Brink arrived last Wednesday from Chicago after a two years' trip thru the west and south.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the Eastside school house Sunday, May 7, at 10:30 p. m.

M. R. Hagan came in with his family and movables the first of the week and went out to the farm purchased by him near Hazel.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

S. Rasmuson of Echo, Minn., returned last Thursday with Bernt Walseth of the same place, and sold him his 80 acres in section 9, River Falls, for $2,000.

I have taken charge of the tin shop in Holmes Bros.' hardware store, and am prepared to make water tanks, or do any kind of tin work. H. W PETERSON.

Mrs. Seland and daughter and Albert Berg, came over from Bemidji Wednesday to be present at the burial of their stepfather, Ole Sherva.

F. W. Basse with his car of household goods left Monday to the new home at Baudette. The family followed Wednesday.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church meet at the home of O. W. Brink next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce left for their future home at Georgetown, Colorado, Wednesday evening. They have been visiting here for some time, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lindahl.

Miss Eda Brink, of the local telephone office, is taking her vacation, beginning today, and will spend it at the home of her parents at St. Hilaire. Miss Brink will be away about ten days.—Crookston Times.

TAKEN UP: On the Brink farm in St. Hilaire, on the 30th of April, a sorrel gelding, about 900 lbs., white forehead, three different brands on right hip. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.

The M. E. Industrial club will hold its usual meeting at the Oddfellows building on Wednesday, May 10. Lunch will be served from 5 to 6 o'clock p. m. All you can eat for 10 cents—coffee, sandwiches, pie, and cake.

There will be a concert in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday evening, May 27, beginning at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cts. for adults, 15 cts. for children. Great pains has been taken in preparation for the program for this entertainment, and everybody may expect an evening of enjoyment.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bruce were pleasantly surprised last Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Bruce's parents. Mr. and Mrs Lindahl. They were presented with a beautiful parlor lamp. Dancing and music were enjoyed by all until the midnight hour, when dainty refreshments were served.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.87
" 2 "	.85
" 3 "	.81
Flax, 1	2.38
" 2	2.28
Barley, for 50 lbs	.77
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, " "	5½
Pork, dressed	7½
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	6½
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

Home grown reed corn for sale at N. A. Nelson's.

Alton Jackson of Red Lake Falls visited at home between trains on Thursday.

Mrs. Sigurd Myrom of Thief River Falls, came down yesterday for a week's visit

Archie Whaley and Miss Kate Whaley came home Monday to assist their parents in moving to Bemidji, on Wednesday.

C. H. Martz was in Red Lake Falls attending to ditch matters Thursday evening.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, May 14, at 10:45 a. m.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday, May 19, at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. John Norman east of St. Hilaire.

Probate Judge Michelet, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever since February 1, is improving and expects to be able to soon take charge of his office work.

The Young People's society of the Synod church will give an entertainment next Wednesday evening at the Imperial hall. A fine program will be rendered everybody invited.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing French dye cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, May 12, at the home of Mrs. A. P. Thyren, east of St. Hilaire.

Leonard Holmes and O. F. Post drove to Thief River Falls Thursday. Mr. Holmes purchased some clothes, having lost everything except what he had on his back in the fire at his residence Sunday.

The Young People's society of the United church have decided to serve a Norwegian supper on the 17th of May in the I. O. O. F. building A good program will be rendered at the Imperial hall. The principal feature of this program will be a temperance play, "Out in the streets," in three acts.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin came to the city Saturday evening from their home at St. Hilaire and were guests yesterday at the I. B. Fisher, home. where they made the acquaintance of little Miss Fisher, who is now a week old. Mr. Pitkin returned to St. Hilaire this morning, but Mrs. Pitkin will remain here until the end of the week.—Crookston Times.

N. A. Nelson and Chris Peterson were starting to drive out of town Wednesday with a cream separator in the buggy. The horse became frightened at a freight train and the buggy was overturned. Peterson had the stump of his amputated leg badly crushed, and it was feared that another amputation would be necessary; but he seems to be getting along nicely now. Nelson was uninjured. The train is said to have been moving at a much greater speed than the law allows.

Notice

I have left my business in the hands of Andrew Hall, who will collect all bills due me. Those indebted to me are requested to call and settle with him at their earliest convenience. MIKE ANDERSON.

---LAZAR & LAZAR---

NOW HAVE SPECIAL PRICES

On Men's and Boys' Suits, Men's and Ladies' Hats, Top Skirts, and Waists

YOUR BUSINESS IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians

Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

TIME TABLE

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

Miss Minnie Boehm went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mike Anderson returned Monday to Baudette after a few days' visit at home.

Ed. Peterson left Tuesday for Baudette, expecting employment as carpenter.

State Veterinary Langevin of Crookston was in town the first of the week.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee and Miss Huldah Gigstad were in Thief River Falls Thursday.

DIED

Ole Sherva died Wednesday May 3, of apoplexy. He was fishing on the river bank, when attacked, and when discovered had fallen forward on his face and was dead. This was his second attack. Mr. Sherva leaves, besides his wife, a large family of children and step children.

Funeral services will be held today at 2 p. m. at the Synod church, by Rev. S. T. Palm.

A Small Horror.

The weasel is one small horror. Astonishingly strong, apparently fearless and as persevering as an ant, when once he has settled to the track of a rabbit that particular bunny is indeed in grave peril. The rabbit seems to know it, too, and the knowledge to half paralyze him, for he seldom attempts the one saving chance—a straightaway, long sustained run at top speed. And the end of the patient, if-we-do-but-wait-the-hour sort of pursuit! 'Tis indeed bloody murder. The fiend within angel garb finally toils within deadly distance. There is a snakelike stroke, most likely aimed at the big vein near the butt of the rabbit's ear. Once there, the brute sticks leechlike to the blood sucking, while the trembling, wailing rabbit totters aimlessly about till its drained body falls limply to pay its tax to mother earth.—Edwin Sandys in Outing Magazine.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

Notice

PROPOSAL FOR REMODELING COURT HOUSE.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, at the office of the county auditor, in the auditorium building in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., until eleven o'clock a. m. May 15, for remodeling court house, as per plans and specifications on file with county auditor of said county.

Certified check to the amount of 10 percent of bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, must accompany each bid.

The county board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

a20-2t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars.

H. DAVIS

WATERTOWN : WI.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL

MEAT MARKET

Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

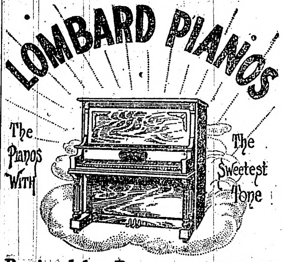
CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Will be opened next Monday
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.

ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE

BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 24 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Durvance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,

MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE

St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DEFECTIVE PAGE

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers — its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

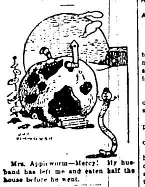
Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

THE WRETCH.



Mrs. Appleworm—Mercy! My husband has left me and eaten half the house before he went.

CURE THAT CATARRH

Our climate with its sudden changes is conducive to catarrh—which is a chronic inflammation of the mucous membrane surface of head—nose or throat.

One month's local treatment with Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic will convince the most skeptical that Paxtine is not a palliative but a specific for all catarrhal conditions.

Paxtine is a perfectly harmless antiseptic and germicide in powder form which contains all of the antiseptic qualities of liquid antiseptics, but with other valuable cleansing, germicidal, and healing ingredients added.

Just a little in a glass of water as needed—used as a spray and gargle, will not only remove the accumulated secretions, but heals the inflammation, destroys the germs of disease, and dispels the disagreeable odor caused by chronic catarrh.

For sale at all druggists, 25c and 50c a box, or postpaid upon receipt of price. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass. Send for a free sample.

You are not responsible for the disposition you were born with, but you are responsible for the one you die with.—Babcock.

ARE YOU FREE —FROM—

Headaches, Colds, Indigestion, Pains, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Dizziness? If you are not, the most effective, prompt and pleasant method of getting rid of them is to take, now and then, a desertspoonful of the ever refreshing and truly beneficial laxative remedy—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is well known throughout the world as the best of family laxative remedies, because it acts so gently and strengthens naturally without irritating the system in any way.

To get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., bearing the name of the Company, plainly printed on the front of every package.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from [illegible] acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as [illegible] bushels of wheat from [illegible] acres, or [illegible] bu. per acre. [illegible] bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. HOLMES
315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
GEO. A. HALL
125 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Baby's Bowels

Irregular bowels make a sickly child. Kickapoo Worm Killer makes their bowels act naturally; stimulates the liver; cleans out the system. Simple and natural. No nausea or griping. Weak, sickly children quickly become healthy and happy. Kickapoo Worm Killer contains no acid or harmful drugs. It is a harmless candy lozenge—children like it. A reliable cure for worms and all stomach troubles. Sold by druggists everywhere or by mail—price 25 cents. Best medicine for children.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

AS HE UNDERSTOOD THEM

Apprentice Carried Out Orders of His Employer, but the Result Was Sad.

"Now, William," the old farmer said to his new apprentice, "I want thee to mind what I do say to thee, to be sharp and attentive and to delay not in carrying out my instructions."

"Ay, ay, zur," replied William.

"First, now, I want thee to take out the old white mare and have her shod."

"Ay, ay, zur," said William, and departed.

He returned two hours later and the old farmer questioned him

"Thee hast not been quick, lad," he said, reprovingly, "but if thee hast done thy work as I ordered thee thou shalt be forgiven. Didst thee have the mare shod, as I telled thee?"

"Ay, ay, zur!" replied William, beaming. "Didst thou not hear the gun? I shot her myself and I've just buried her."—London Answers.

$3.50 RECIPE CURES WEAK KIDNEYS, FREE

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

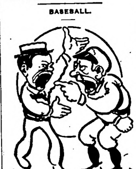
Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a QUICK RECOVERY, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-289 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

BASEBALL.

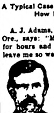


"Oout at first," so the umpire decided,
This decision the runner derided,
And these words at him were cast,
"Not at first, but at last—"
Then the runner and umpire collided!

ALL RUN DOWN.

A Typical Case of Kidney Trouble and How It Was Cured.

A. J. Adams, 242 Rose St., Roseburg, Ore., says: "My back ached fiercely for hours and then eased up only to leave me so weak I could hardly move.



Kidney secretions contained heavy sediment and burned awfully in passage. Everything seemed to be gradually giving way; my limbs ached, sight became poor and blood circulation was so impaired that I reeled and had to clutch something to keep from falling. I grew worse and for weeks was unable to work. One thing after another I tried without relief and then I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. I now feel like a different person."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Well Known.

Bloobs—Is Harduppe pretty well known in your town?

Slobbs—I should say he is. He's so well known he can't even borrow an umbrella.—Philadelphia Record.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Love never clogs a man's memory. He is scarcely off with the old until he is on with the new.

PLAN AERIAL LINE

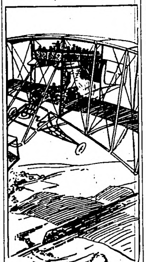
To Run Express From Boston to Washington.

Airships Which Will Make Long Runs Are to Carry at Least 20 Persons and Will Keep Regular Schedule.

Boston.—Charles J. Glidden, donor of the Glidden tour automobile trophy, is at work in the east on a new project. He is seeking landing sites for stations of the aerial passenger line that the Boston Aerial Navigation company purposes establishing throughout the east within the next two years and is examining Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore. He has already decided upon sites in Worcester, Springfield, New Haven and Bridgeport.

Mr. Glidden is president of the Boston Aerial Navigation company. He is a firm believer in the practicability of carrying passengers in great aeroplanes, and he thinks the time has come for commercial airships. He is positive that in the next ten years railroads will become back numbers as far as travelers and the mails are concerned.

"We stand ready," said Mr. Glidden, "to buy and start with anything that can carry 20 passengers, and I expect to see the first aerial fleet launched by the end of 1912. The company will begin with a route from Boston to Washington. It has already laid out the way from Boston to New York. Stops are to be made at all of the larger cities. I have looked over the ground in New York and virtually picked the site for our main station there.



The Aerial Express.

"All we are waiting for now is the reports of engineers upon various types of aeroplanes. The recent flights in France by an aviator who carried 12 passengers shows what aeroplanes can do.

"Personally I am banking on aeroplanes, for I believe heavier-than-air machines will be the mode of travel in the future. I am not impressed with the qualities of dirigibles, although I have one engineer in Germany studying with Count Zeppelin and another in France."

Mr. Glidden says the airship line will follow the railroad tracks in their inter-city flights wherever possible.

TROUSERS TAKEN ON "TICK"

St. Louis Man Gives Away Wearing Apparel and Then Wants Police to Find His Timepiece.

St. Louis.—Robert Newman, of 1414 Washington avenue, telephoned to police headquarters:

"I want you to find my trousers," he said.

"Did you look under the mattress?" asked the telephone clerk in the chief's office.

"No," said Newman. Then, talking very fast, he added something which the operator didn't catch.

"Give me the description," he said.

"All right," replied Newman. "The number on the case is 5574569 and the number on the works is 5,183,475."

"What are you talking about, anyway?"

"My watch."

"I thought it was your trousers."

"Yes, the watch was in the trousers pocket. A beggar called here and asked me to give him a pair of trousers. I did. After he was gone I discovered I gave him the one with my watch in them. Find that beggar, will you?"

"Sure," said the operator. "We'll run him down."

Wild Horses for Soap.

San Bernardino, Cal.—Within a few months 500 head of wild horses on the San Bernardino desert will have been transformed into cakes of soap and be in use in the homes of New York and Chicago.

Felipe Quieroz and George Tyler have contracted with Los Angeles agents for eastern soap factories for the sale at $5 a head of the mustangs that now roam the region between Victorville and Holcomb valley.

Most of the horses are scrubs and useless for anything but cattle driving.

Germany to Send Bacteria.

Berlin.—The scientific paper Umschau announces that a great collection of bacteria is to be sent by Germany to a scientific museum in New York. The collection is managed and maintained by Prof. Kral of Prague, and is supposed to be the most extensive in the world.

New York will be used as a distributing center for all scientific institutions in America that wish to use the bacteria.

Facts About Motherhood

The experience of Motherhood is a trying one to most women and marks distinctly an epoch in their lives. Not one woman in a hundred is prepared or understands how to properly care for herself. Of course nearly every woman nowadays has medical treatment at the time of child-birth, but many approach the experience with an organism unfitted for the trial of strength, and when the strain is over her system has received a shock from which it is hard to recover. Following right upon this comes the nervous strain of caring for the child, and a distinct change in the mother results.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

There is nothing more charming than a happy and healthy mother of children, and indeed child-birth under right conditions need be no hazard to health or beauty. The unexplainable thing is that, with all the evidence of shattered nerves and broken health resulting from an unprepared condition, women will persist in going blindly to the trial.

It isn't as though the experience came upon them unawares. They have ample time in which to prepare, but they, for the most part, trust to chance and pay the penalty.

In many homes once childless there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy, and strong.

Any woman who would like special advice in regard to this matter is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. Her letter will be held in strict confidence.

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Missionary Tree.

A missionary, during a Lenten tea, said, pointedly:

"I have established missionary trees all over the country. But perhaps you don't know what a missionary tree is? A missionary tree is one whose profit goes entirely to missions.

"A Roxborough farmer has in his apple orchard a golden pippin tree that helps to support the Chinese mission. A Florida woman has an orange tree that helps to uplift the cannibals of New Guinea. A California nut farmer devotes a walnut tree to the spread of the faith in Zanzibar.

"Missionary trees," the speaker ended, "are very good things, but the principle that underlies them need not be confined to farms and farmers."

Like Home Touch.

Tired and dusty, a party were returning by rail from a holiday trip. Simkins, a little bald man, seated himself to read, but dropped off to sleep. On the rack was a ferocious crab in a bucket, and when Simkins went to sleep the crab woke up, and finding things dull in the bucket, started exploring. By careful investigation Mr. Crab reached the edge of the rack. Down it fell, alighting on Simkin's shoulder, where it grabbed the man's ear to steady itself. The passengers held their breath and waited for developments, but Simkins only shook his head and said: "Leggo, Sarah! I tell you I've been at the office all the evening!"

A WIDOW'S LUCK

Quit the Thing That Was Slowly Injuring Her.

A woman tells how coffee kept her from insuring her life:

"I suffered for many years chiefly from trouble with my heart, with severe nervous headaches and neuralgia; but although incapacitated at times for my housework, I did not realize the gravity of my condition till I was rejected for life insurance, because, the examining physician said, my heart was so bad he could not pass me.

"This distressed me very much, as I was a widow and had a child dependent upon me. It was to protect her future that I wanted to insure my life.

"Fortunately for me, I happened to read an advertisement containing a testimonial from a man who had been affected in the same way that I was with heart trouble, and who was benefited by leaving off coffee and using Postum. I grasped at the hope this held out, and made the change at once.

"My health began to improve immediately. The headaches and neuralgia disappeared, I gained in flesh, and my appetite came back to me. Greatest of all, my heart was strengthened from the beginning, and soon all the distressing symptoms passed away. No more waking up in the night with my heart trying to fly out of my mouth!

"Then I again made application for life insurance, and had no trouble in passing the medical examination.

"It was seven years ago that I began to use Postum and I am using it still, and shall continue to do so, as I find it a guarantee of good health." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Read the big little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

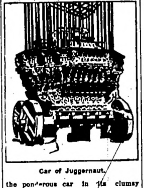
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

TO GAIN GATES OF HEAVEN

Natives of India Still Believe Death Under Wheels of Juggernaut Insures Eternal Bliss.

Orissa, India.—In the third week in June of this year, following a custom established over a thousand years ago, Hindus by tens of thousands will flock to Pouri, in Orissa, India, for the religious festival of Juggernaut. From the temple the famous car of Juggernaut will be brought forth and dragged through the streets. It will head the annual procession of devotees of the god Vishnu, or Juggernaut, Lord of the Universe, whose image, or statue, without legs and with stumps of arms, rests within the colossal car.

Hundreds of pilgrims will harness themselves to the stout cables by which the car is drawn. As they pull the ponderous car in its clumsy wheels, many will work themselves up to a degree of religious fervor little short of madness. And fanatics there will be, as of old, who will attempt to throw themselves to destruction under the murderous wheels, as a voluntary sacrifice to their idol. But this year, as for many years past, British civil officers will be on hand to prevent any act of suicide.



Car of Juggernaut.

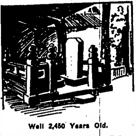
Hindus believe that to gain the favor of Juggernaut opens for them the gates of heaven. Therefore, in the days before the British occupation of India, natives occasionally cast their bodies under the car to be crushed to a pulp, the belief being that such self-immolation speedily would be rewarded by entrance into Paradise.

The car is 43 feet high. Its wheels are each more than six feet high. A wooden cage around the top, an addition of recent years, keeps fanatics from jumping upon the car in the hope of looking upon their idol within. Body and wheels are of wood beautifully sculptured and inlaid, and for the festival the car is draped with gold cloth.

OLDEST WELL IN THE WORLD.

Place Where Confucius Drew Water as Boy Now Used as Shrine.

Pekin.—Confucius, who lived from 551 to 479 B. C., was a moralist rather than a religious founder, his method of teaching being like that of Socrates. It was not till about 500 years later that he was deified. His nearest lineal descendant has the title of duke and ranks next to princes of the blood. The well from which he drew water as a boy is 2,450 years old and is now used as a shrine.



Well 2,450 Years Old.

The well is in the grounds of the Confucian temple at Kufow. Confucius, although of very ancient lineage, was brought up in poverty. At the age of 50 he became minister of crime in his native state of Lu (modern Shantung), but his uprightness made him unpopular, and he was banished. Later, he returned and spent his last days writing his famous maxims.

NEW GUNS ON CONNECTICUT

Four New Fangled Pieces of Armament Are to Be Put Aboard Flagship of Atlantic Fleet.

New York.—Four new fangled 12-inch guns are to be given a tryout on the big battle ship Connecticut, flagship of the Atlantic fleet, which has just tied up at the Brooklyn navy yard for overhauling. The work of taking out the old guns and placing the new ones will take about two weeks.

The Connecticut has an enviable record at target practice and the new guns will be handled by a crew of experts, who are regarded as nearly world's champions. Their good work is shown by the score of thirteen hits out of fourteen shots from one of her 12 inch turrets at a range of 14,000 yards, or nearly eight miles.

New Carpets Heat Rooms.

Paris.—Electric carpets for heating rooms are, according to La Liberte, shortly to come into fashion in Paris. The under side of the new carpets consists of a network of steel wires, forming a contact, and insuring that the current shall be equally distributed in all directions. It is said that the cost of the new system of heating will be less than that of any known system. It is estimated that a room fitted with one of the new electric carpets can be heated at a total cost of 1 cent an hour.

Two Cents a Week for Children.

London.—Two cents per week pocket money is to be allowed by the guardians to the children boarded out from Sheppey (Kent) union workhouse, so as to place them in the same position as other children.

That Tired Feeling

That comes to you every spring is a sign that your blood is wanting in vitality, just as pimples and other eruptions are signs that it is impure. Do not delay treatment; begin at once to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla, which effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla, but because it combines the utmost remedial values of twenty different ingredients, raised to their highest efficiency for the cure of all spring troubles, that tired feeling and loss of appetite. There is no real substitute; insist on having

Hood's Sarsaparilla

"I felt tired all the time and could not sleep nights. After taking Hood's Sarsaparilla a little while I could sleep well and the tired feeling had gone. This great medicine has also cured me of scrofula, which had troubled me from childhood." Mrs. C. M. Root, Box 35, Gilead, Conn.

COLT DISTEMPER

[illegible]

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

A Country School for Girls in New York City

Best Features of Country and City Life

Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils. Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN AND WOMEN

ESTAB. 1876

W. L. Douglas Spring Styles include more Snappy and Up-to-Date Shapes in Oxfords and High Cuts than ever before produced.

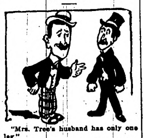
W. L. Douglas warrants every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other make, giving you better value for the money than you can obtain elsewhere.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. [illegible] W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

NATURAL.



"Mrs. Tree's husband has only one leg."

"Well, most every tree loses a limb."

SCRATCHED TILL BLOOD RAN

"When my boy was about three months old his head broke out with a rash which was very itchy and ran a watery fluid. We tried everything we could but he got worse all the time, till it spread to his arms, legs and then to his entire body. He got so bad that he came near dying. The rash would itch so that he would scratch till the blood ran, and a thin yellowish stuff would be all over his pillow in the morning. I had to put mittens on his hands to prevent him tearing his skin. He was so weak and run down that he took fainting spells as if he were dying. He was almost a skeleton and his little hands were thin like claws.

"He was bad about eight months when we tried Cuticura Remedies. I had not laid him down in his cradle in the daytime for a long while. I washed him with Cuticura Soap and put on one application of Cuticura Ointment and he was so soothed that he could sleep. You don't know how glad I was he felt better. It took one box of Cuticura Ointment and pretty near one cake of Cuticura Soap to cure him. I think our boy would have died but for the Cuticura Remedies and I shall always remain a firm friend of them. There has been no return of his trouble. I shall be glad to have you publish this true statement of his cure." (Signed) Mrs. M. C. Maitland, Jasper, Ontario, May 27, 1910.

A Delicate Compliment.

"My new gown received a very sincere compliment the other day."

"As to how?"

"The proprietor of a restaurant I went into asked me to sit near the window. Said it would lend tone to his place."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

On Occasion.

"Pop, is it X that is an unknown quantity?"

"I have always found it so, my son, whenever I tried to borrow one."

Confirmed.

Randall—Has a reputation for bravery, has he?

Rogers—Yes, with every one who has been his wife.—Life.

Taking a Chance.

Employer—So, then, Miss Willing, you're leaving us for good?

Miss Willing—No, sir! For better or for worse!

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, aching feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Sold everywhere, 25c. Refuse substitutes. For FREE trial package, address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Consistent.

He—I was born on the second of April.

She—Late—as usual.—Life.

For your own sake, don't wait until it happens. It may be a headache, toothache, earache, or some painful accident. Hamlins Wizard Oil will cure it. Get a bottle now.

It's easier for a shiftless man to make friends than to make good.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Little wits are often great talkers.—De la Roche.

Oh! That Awful Gas

Did you hear it? How embarrassing. These stomach noises make you wish you could sink through the floor. You imagine everyone hears them. Keep a box of CASCARETS in your purse or pocket and take a part of one after eating. It will relieve the stomach of gas.

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

U-S [illegible] RECORDS

Never lose their full tone-value and are guaranteed not to injure the reproducing point of any phonograph. Will not wear, chip, break or crack.

"On receipt of 25c (coin or stamps) we will mail 1 two-minute record, price 35c, and 1 four-minute record, price 50c.

Eighty-five Cents Value for a Quarter.

This introductory offer is for a limited time and only one set can be sold to one person. [illegible]

The U-S Phonograph Company

The Bishop-Babcock-Becker Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO

RHEUMATISM

[illegible]

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating, for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine of KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1911. NUMBER 44.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

Several tentative drafts of the proposed arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain were discussed between President Taft and his cabinet.

Representative Warburton of Washington, newly elected republican member, in a speech in the house announced his intention of supporting the democratic free list bill.

While many reports from Mexico are far from encouraging, President Taft and his cabinet are hoping for peace. The cabinet discussed the Mexican situation and it was determined this government shall "stand pat."

Investigation of charges of graft in connection with the contracts for shoes for the army and navy was begun by a sub-committee of the house. The inquiry is to determine whether bids and specifications are published so arranged as to throw the contracts into the hands of one firm.

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri has been selected by President Taft to represent the United States at the presentation to the German empire of a replica in miniature of the statue of Baron von Steuben, recently unveiled here. The date has not been set.

Representative Raker of California and Chief Forester Graves submitted to President Taft a proposition to preserve the big trees in California. Mr. Rakr will ask congress for an appropriation to purchase the trees as a forest reserve.

A three-cornered fight over the election of a president pro tempore of the senate to succeed Senator Frye is in prospect. Senator Gallinger is the general choice of the regular republicans, but is unsatisfactory to many progressives, who are considering one of their own men.

General.

Jos H. Preston, democrat, was elected mayor of Baltimore.

The senate will soon take up the Canadian reciprocity bill.

Jim Jeffries was a passenger from New York for Europe.

Rapid progress is being made in the digging of the Panama canal.

The business world continues to complain of a light volume of trade.

Lieutenant Governor Hopewell of Nebraska died at his home in Tekamah.

The Colorado legislature adjourned without naming a United States senator.

Baron d'Estournelles de Constant presented to President Taft a medal from the international conciliation society.

It is definitely announced that Queen Alexandra will be absent from London throughout the coronation festivities.

Exportations of manufactures in March were at the rate of more than one billion dollars a year.

Investigation of charges of graft in connection with the contracts for shoes for the army and navy was begun by a sub-committee of the military affairs committee of the house.

Fire losses in the Black Hills forests will be greatly reduced this summer because of preventive measures taken by the Burlington.

The democratic free list bill passed the house by a vote of 235 to 109.

The Nebraska republican house membership opposed the free list bill.

Charles H. Hyde, city chamberlain of New York city, resigned following his indictment by the grand jury.

Moslems at Jerusalem have been aroused to fury by the violation of sacred relics charged to Englishmen.

Ohio legislators caught in the grand jury net are scrambling about in search of immunity baths.

Sir Edward Grey was further catechised in the house of commons regarding American warships on the great lakes.

The steamer Deutschland, with the German Antarctic expedition, sailed for Buenos Ayres, where complete supplies will be taken on.

Representative Gilbert of Chicago saw his life's work thrown on the scrap heap when the Illinois house defeated his revision of the court procedure and practice act.

A diplomatic breach may be occasioned by operations of excavators at Jerusalem.

The steamer Clearmonte, which went ashore in Willapa harbor, Washington, managed to free herself without assistance.

Seven distinguished Americans, now dead, are named among the active members of the American academy of arts and letters in a bill creating that body, introduced in the house.

Democrats of national prominence will be in St. Louis June 1 when a conference of leaders of the party in the northwest will be held there.

Five of the six children of Sanford Davis, a farmer residing near Free Union, Albemarle county, Virginia, were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the Davis home.

Officials of the United States Steel corporation declared they had no knowledge of the proceedings to purchase a shipbuilding plant in Seattle.

The Muscatine (Iowa) strike is over and button makers have returned to work.

After July 1 the use of saccharin will be prohibited as an ingredient of food products.

Plans were filed for the construction in New York of the highest building in the world, 750 feet.

The Western Union Telegraph company will put the eight-hour working day into effect on June 1.

President Taft says we have all the territory we need and will not seek an extension of domain.

A house committee has begun investigation of charges of graft in awarding of shoe contracts.

Early resignation of Diaz is expected to be the first rock on which the peace parley in Mexico will split.

Congressman Longworth says that at birth a man has his choice between a bald head and brains. His own choice, he says, is apparent.

Captain J. H. Shawhan, formerly of prominence in the mercantile business of western Iowa and eastern Nebraska, was killed in a runaway in Idaho.

At Alton, Ill., Allen Soroggins was sentenced in the city court to ten years in the penitentiary on a charge of having enticed into white slavery Grace Whaley, 14 years old, of Alton.

Members of the Illinois legislature defeated the initiative and referendum amendment to the state constitution. The vote stood 93 ayes and 19 nays.

Recent law passed by Illinois legislature prohibits drinking of intoxicants on trains and interurbans, but allows drinking on dining and buffet cars.

Robert R. Moore, who ran for comptroller on the same ticket with Mayor Gaynor, was appointed city chamberlain to succeed Charles H. Hyde.

The draft of the arbitration treaty between America and Great Britain has advanced so far toward completion that it will be ready for submission to the British government within two weeks.

A bill aimed at the United States Machinery company and its alleged monopoly of the shoe manufacturing machinery business was introduced in the house by Representative Peters of Massachusetts.

Lieutenant Roser, of the German army, who recently obtained an aviation pilot's license, fell with his aeroplane from a height of 150 feet and was so seriously injured that there is no hope of his recovery.

Governor Aldrich, of Nebraska, has announced that he will not commute the death sentence imposed upon Thomas Johnson, the Omaha negro who murdered Farmer Frankland. The order of the court specifies the execution on May 19.

At White Plains, N. Y., Sydney C. Love, the millionaire banker of Chicago and Seattle, Wash., was served with a summons and complaint by publication in the suit for absolute divorce which his wife, Marjorie Burns Love, of New York city, has brought against him.

In New York only automobiles—12 limousine cars—followed the automobile hearse in which the body of Mrs. H. Carroll Brown, daughter of the late Marcus Daly, the Montana copper king, was borne to the grave.

The international opium conference which was to have met at The Hague on July 1 has been postponed for one year. Germany, Japan and Portugal are not prepared with the data which Great Britain desired should be presented at the opening of the conference.

The Japanese have robbed a consulate at Algun, a Chinese town of Manchuria on the Amur, 18 miles from the Russian frontier, and this has caused the Russian government to inquire the reason for this step and whether it was taken for strategical purposes.

The Indianapolis & Southern railway was sold at auction for $2,500,000 to the Illinois Central railroad. The sale was a mortgage foreclosure proceeding brought by Charles A. Peabody and Alex G. Hackstaff of New York.

Hetty Green's tenants in the four-story building at St. Louis, who for six months have been overlooked by the rent man, might have gone on with free rent if they had not talked. But they bragged about their "snap" and will be called upon to pay the $1,200 which has accumulated in the last half year.

Personal.

Bangor, Maine, had a six million dollar fire.

Senator Kittredge, of South Dakota, died at Hot Springs, Ark.

The two McNamaras were formally arraigned in a Los Angeles court.

Senator Gallinger was nominated for president pro tem of the senate.

President Taft told a delegation from the national grange his attitude on Canadian reciprocity was unchanged.

The name of the American ambassador who will succeed Mr. Hill has not yet been submitted to the German government.

A house committee has begun investigation of chargs of graft in awarding of shoe contracts.

Ex-Senator Burkett expresses thanks for interest of Nebraska friends in physical welfare of his wife.

In a speech at Kansas City Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey discussed the new order of politics.

As a promoter of peace, Andrew Carnegie was presented a gold medal by 21 American republics.

Halsey Cooley Ives, director of the City Art Museum of St. Louis, was stricken with apoplexy in London and his condition is very serious.

President Diaz has announced his intention of resigning as soon as peace is restored.

JUAREZ CAPTURED

NAVARRO SURRENDERS SWORD AFTER BEING DRIVEN TO LAST CORNER.

NOW THE REBEL CAPITAL

150 of Captured Soldiers Join Insurrectos—Rejoicing Is General in the New Revolutionary Citadel.

Juarez, Mexico. — This little bullet-riddled city is the provisional capital of Mexico and Francisco I. Madero, Jr., provisional president, and his staff have taken complete possession after winning the bloodiest battle of the Mexican revolution.

In a corner room of the barracks, which for two days he held out against the terrific fire of the rebels, sits General Juan J. Navarro, the federal commander, a captive, having surrendered with almost his entire garrison of several hundred men. His sallow face is sunken, his head is bowed and he does not talk, for the bitter sting of defeat has disheartened him.

In contrast, in another part of the little town, is Francisco I. Madero, Jr., the conqueror, surrounded by members of his family and his staff, joyous, exultant and flushed with victory, yet ready, he says, to make peace with the Mexican government if it is disposed to deal frankly and sincerely with the evolutionists and without such vague promises as "President Diaz' manifesto contains."

In hotel lobbies, store fronts and hallways, the improvised hospital of the battlefield, are scores of wounded, attended by a host of physicians and nurses from El Paso, who have volunteered medical relief. The floors of the Porforio Diaz hotel, where 30 wounded lay, are covered with blood and gore-soaked clothing.

All the dead are being buried. A conservative estimate by physicians as well as by insurrecto leaders who surveyed the fighting, place the federal dead at nearly 50 and the rebel loss at about fifteen, with a total of nearly 250 wounded on both sides. The actual number lost probably never will be known, as deserters were many and the dead have been buried quickly. Among the dead were Colonel Tamborel and Captain Sachudo, the former, the man who a few days ago taunted the rebels as cowards.

On the American side of the line five have been killed and about 17 wounded, many of them being innocently engaged at a distance from the river front.

The actual surrender of the town by General Navarro took place about 1 o'clock, General Navarro giving his sword to Colonel Garibaldi of the insurrecto army after the rebels had completely surrounded the barracks and threatened to annihilate the garrison within.

General Madero himself, when he arrived at the corral where the federal prisoners are quartered, made an address full of sympathy and encouragement, lauding them for their bravery and assuring them that in his heart as well as in those of his men there was no feeling of enmity, but of uniform friendliness.

With shouts of "Viva Madero," the vast throng of prisoners and insurrectos who gathered to hear him threw their hats skyward and shouted in deafening applause.

A few momens later down the main thoroughfare was heard the galloping of horses and soon the insurrecto standard, the Mexican national colors, flashed in the sunlight. Behind it rode Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and an escort of cavalry. Her face was beaming with joy, her black dress covered with dust, and she purred her horse to the scene of her husband's triumph.

The shouting increased as the pair embraced and entered the municipal building, now the Madero headquarters.

Orders were being issued all afternoon to his men to guard stores and houses to prevent looting. General Oronzeo himself shot at two of his men whom he caught trying to make away with some booty.

After the attack was renewed and the rebels had brought their machine gun within deadly range the federal retired to the barracks and insurrectos by the hundred occupied the houses within 100 yards of every side. Their fire was rapidly demolishing the building. There was no other alternative for General Navarro but to yield.

Shrapnel was being poured into the hollow square of the barracks. Many federal cavalry horses were killed. The soldiers crowded the place to its capacity. Only a few loopholes from which to shoot at the insurrectos pierced its sides. Finally at noon General Navarro hoisted a white flag. He first attempted to send a messenger to Senator Obregon, one of the go-betweens in the recent peace negotiations asking him to arrange for a cessation of hostilities or for an armistice, but the rebels would accept nothing except immediate surrender.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Wheat, May, 96⅝c; July, 98c; No. 1 northern, 91c; No. 2 northern, 98½c; No. 1 durum, 89⅝c; No. 2 corn, 51½c; No. 3 white oats, 32c; barley, malting, $1.00; No. 2 rye, $1.06; No. 1 flax, $2.54.

Duluth, May 11. — Wheat, May, 99½c; July, 99⅞c; No. 1 northern, $1.00¼; No. 1 durum 89c.

South St. Paul, May 11.—Cattle—Steers, $5.10@5.50; cows, $3.25@3.85; calves, $3.25@5.00; hogs, $5.50@6.00; sheep, yearlings, $2.00@5.50.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

BIG RUSH FOR LAND.

Notice Is Given That 13,000 More Acres Near Cass Lake Is Open.

Cass Lake.—Notice was given by William O'Neil, superintendent of logging, that 13,000 more acres of land will be opened to settlement in the near future. This makes 40,000 acres that have been opened in the last four days. The land lies mostly around Cass Lake.

As soon as the news arrived, automobiles, launches, switch engines and horses were brought into service by hundreds who were eager to get on a certain piece of land before some one else. In a number of instances there were several after the same property, and some lost out by a few seconds, others by several minutes.

Another interesting feature was the shooting of dynamite across the lake to notify people several miles away what had happened. The land opened is the best that has been opened for some time.

MUCH LAND PUT ON MARKET.

About 8,000 Acres in Beltrami to Go on Sale Wednesday.

Bemidji.—Eight thousand acres of Beltrami county state land was offered for sale when the first sale under the new state law was held here at the court house.

Under this act, new appraisals will be made every month until November in the counties of Beltrami, Cass, Koochiching, Itasca, Aitkin, St. Louis and Roseau.

Land which is to be sold in this county is located in the towns of Taylor, Frohm, Port Hope, Hagali, Turtle River, Grant Valley, Jones, Eckles and Liberty and most of the offerings are of very good quality.

Many inquiries were received by County Auditor George and many of the local land men, concerning the character of the soil on the lands that will be offered.

MORE LAND FOR HOMESTEADS.

Opening of [illegible] Acres Causes Rush at Cass Lake, Minn.

Cass Lake.—Notice is given by Superintendent of Logging, William O'Neil that 13,000 more acres of land will be opened to settlement in the near future.

This makes 40,000 acres that have been opened in the last week. The land lies mostly around Cass Lake, as soon as the news arrived there was a great rush, and automobiles, launches, switch engines and horses were brought into service by those eager to get on a certain piece of land before some one else. In a number of instances there were several after the same piece, and some lost out by only a few seconds.

Another interesting feature was the shooting of dynamite across the lake to notify people several miles away what had happened.

ST. PAUL COMPANY LOWEST.

Offers to Construct Faribault Public Building for $58,000.

Washington.—Bids were offered in the office of the supervising architect for the work of constructing a public building at Faribault, Minn. The proposal of the P. M. Hennessey Construction Company of St. Paul, which was $58,500, and that of W. D. Lovell of Minneapolis, which was $59,000, were the two lowest offers.

Other bids received were as follows: Northwestern Construction company, Wahpeton, N. D., limestone, $59,500; Harmon Brothers, Williamsport, Pa., limestone, $68,100; sandstone, $70,766; J. W. Miller, St. Paul, $61,310; Boyd Construction company, St. Paul, $60,925; William O'Neill Sons' company, Faribault, limestone, $61,800.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

Winona Man Near Watery Grave When Skiff Capsizes.

Winona.—Edward Richter, employed at the Northwestern shops, escaped being drowned in the Mississippi by a narrow margin. In company with a companion, Richter went out fishing. While in the act of shifting seats in the boat, the craft capsized. Richter was thrown clear of the overturned boat while his companions clung tightly, at the same time shouting for assistance. The cries were heard by two men in a launch near by who went to their assistance. They arrived when the drowning man was going down for the third time, and succeeded in rescuing him. He was unconscious but was resuscitated.

WORRY CAUSES SUICIDE.

Farmer, Fearing Loss of Homestead, Takes His Life.

Thief River Falls.—Ole O. Bjorge, a farmer living six miles southeast of this city, committed suicide by hanging. Bjorge came here from Moorhead seven years ago and purchased land on the newly opened Indian reservation. The time for making final proof having almost expired the government started proceedings to cancel the entry on account of non-residence.

ORE SHIPMENTS DECREASE.

Range Roads Show Falling Off in Receipts Over Last Year.

Duluth.—Figures given out from the offices of the iron ore hauling railroads operating on the Mesabi range in Northern Minnesota for April's hauling show that 777,000 less tons of ore were hauled during the past month than during April of 1910.

The largest decrease was during the latter part of the month. The decrease was especially noticeable in the cases of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and the Great Northern roads. The season of navigation was officially opened on the same date last year as this, April 15. During the past month, however, only 51,042 tons of ore was taken from the docks.

The lull in general business, a slow demand for ore and the retarded season of navigation are the reasons assigned for the small shipments, both by railroad and boat thus far this year. The May ore shipments will not come up to what they were last May, it is believed.

$20,000 SOLD FOR $2.

Bookseller Let Fortune Slip in Sale of Colonial Law Book.

St. Paul.—Charles K. Pottle, son of Earl K. Pottle, veteran bookseller of Wabasha street, let a fortune of $20,000 get out of his hands (or $2 by the sale of an ancient volume of the Colonial Laws of Massachusetts, to a stranger about two months ago.

Mr. Pottle, Sr., learned, he says, that the same volume was sold in New York City recently for $20,000, which had brought only $2 in St. Paul.

"I was not in the store at the time," said Mr. Pottle, "and my son, who was in charge, was approached one day by a man who seemed to be an authority on old books. He saw the volume of laws, which was printed in 1642 and contained the laws of that time for about eight years. The volume brought only $2.

"Saturday Major Holcomb came into the store and showed me a newspaper clipping, telling of the sale of the same volume for $20,000. It was a pretty good fortune to let go of, but we did not realize at that time it was so valuable."

ENGINE CUTS HOSE.

Grand Rapids Scene of $80,000 Fire—Switchmen Cause Loss of Control.

Grand Rapids.—Because a Great Northern switch engine ran over the fire hose laid across the tracks here after the starting of a fire in the Henry Hughes block, the new brick structure, with all of its contents, was entirely destroyed. The loss is estimated at $80,000. The firm of Hughes & Co., which occupied the lower floor and transacted a general merchandise business, owned the building.

Among the losers were Attorneys Spear & Stone, Frank F. Price, B. C. McCarthy and James Doran and Doctors Gendron and Costello, who occupied offices in the upper floors. B. F. Munson and Gilbert & Finnigan, lumber dealers, also were burned out and lost all of their records and books.

The fire, it is said, was under control when the switch engine cut off the water supply, thereby giving the flames a fresh start.

PIONEERS MEET AGAIN.

Men and Women of Territorial Days Gather At Old Capitol.

St. Paul.—The Minnesota Territorial Pioneer association held its annual meeting at the old capitol. For the first time the meeting this year was combined with a banquet. The association celebrated the fifty-third anniversary of the day on which Minnesota was admitted to the Union as a state, May 11, 1858.

In conjunction with the Territorial Pioneers, the Territorial Pioneers' Woman's club held its annual meeting. The women occupied the Senate chamber while the men held their sessions in the House chamber. At the social hours they met together.

Among the many pioneers who were present were Captain Ike Moulton, former Governor C. A. Gilman of St. Cloud, former Congressman Loren Fletcher of Minneapolis, George A. Brackett and J. B. Gilfillan.

Minneapolis.—For the second week of the spring season at the Bijou, Minneapolis, starting Sunday, May 14th, the Klimt & Gazzolo company of players will present Edwin Milton Royle's four act comedy drama, "The Squaw Man," one of the most successful plays produced in recent years.

YOUNG MAN MAY LOSE SIGHT.

W. O. Earle Injured by Delayed Blast Near Watab.

St. Cloud.—W. O. Earle was brought to the hospital here with one eye drawn from its socket and the loss of the other eye threatened. The young man was employed with a blasting crew near Watab. Two charges of dynamite were placed in a large stump. One exploded but the second failed. As Earle reached the stump the dynamite exploded.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

St. Paul. — The state treasurer's office reports a collection of $1,850 in liquor licenses for dining cars operated within the state of Minnesota.

Fergus Falls.—The oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Arnie Kreebs, of Perham, died here from lockjaw. The boy had been ill of what appeared to be stomach trouble and lockjaw developed.

Minneapolis. — State automobile licenses for 3,184 cars for Minneapolis have been issued by the secretary of state. This being by far the largest number reported by any city or county in the state.

Winona.—Ole Johnson, single, 30 years old, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart at Fremont, Winona county. He had been in poor health all winter, and worry over it is supposed to have been the cause.

Winona.—Northwestern employes from the Minnesota division met at a dinner at the Northwestern hotel. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss ways in which the efficiency of the service of the road may be bettered. Those present composed the heads of the various departments of the road.

Stillwater. — Thomas J. Yorks of Stillwater, register of deeds for Washington county from 1856 to 1861, has presented a bill for $1,265.22 to the county—$319.50 for wood which he says he furnished the county during his incumbency of office and $945.72 interest at 6 per cent for forty-nine and a half years.

Minneapolis.—Professor Svante Arrhenius of the University of Stockholm, president of the Nobel Institute and one of the greatest living authorities on chemistry, astronomy and physics, will be in Minneapolis, Wednesday and Thursday, May 10 and 11, will deliver two lectures at the university and be a guest at several social gatherings.

Winona.—Leon Thomas, the youth who was alleged to have stolen money and clothing from the residence of Roy Krause here last winter while playing the role of a "nurse," was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the St. Cloud reformatory after he had gone before Judge Snow in the district court with his plea of guilty.

Winona.—Rev. Father Gruppa, son of John Gruppa of this city, celebrated his first mass here on Sunday at St. Stanislaus church. He has been pursuing his studies abroad for the last three years, spending most of his time in Switzerland. He was ordained to the priesthood at Milan, on the first of April by the Abbot of St. Morris at the St. Bernard hospital in the Alps.

Faribault.—Rice county crop conditions are excellent. Several heavy frosts occurred here during the past few nights, but not much damage to grains or fruit buds has been reported. Wheat and other grains are coming along nicely and the outlook is very promising. Most of the grain is up. The planting of corn will be started during the coming week. A larger acreage of this product will be put.

Duluth. — The charred remains of Kitto Mikalla, a bachelor farmer residing in the Mud Hen district near Eveleth, was found in the burned buildings on his place. A forest fire swept over his place and it is presumed that he died fighting it. Mikalla was 47 years old and was well to do. The home of Mrs. Fred Bowman of Mooselake was destroyed by fire from the woods. The fires are quite general.

St. Paul. — State Auditor S. G. Iverson predicted today that the revenue to state trust funds from iron ore royalties will break all records this season and will double last year's revenue. "The Grant mine," said Mr. Iverson, "has shipped half a million tons this season. This is a state property. It shipped very little last year. That being the case, I except the shipments from state properties to double last year's, when they amounted to 1,100,000 tons. The income to the state this year, at 25 cents a ton, I estimate, will be $550,000."

Roseau.—President Burkee of the village council will get his share of the reward offered by the Banker's association for the capture of the Stephen bank robbers a year ago. The day after the robbery M. M. Mattson drove two men into Roseau, whom he suspected of being the robbers, and upon his arrival in town he told President Burkee of his suspicions. Burkee caused them to be arrested. A difference of opinion arose over the reward, Mattson claiming that Burkee in his capacity of village president was merely doing his duty. The supreme court has decreed, however, that it is not a part of the official duty of the presidents of villages to detect and apprehend criminals.

Walker.—Fire destroyed property at the Indian agency, two miles from here, to the value of over a thousand dollars, the laundry building, tool and engine house and water tank being consumed. The fire was caused by a defective chimney.

St. Paul. — Arthur Guinn and his divorced wife of North St. Paul are in the St. Paul city hospital with which are believed to be fatal bullet wounds as the result of a shooting affair in the Guinn home. The dual crime on the part of the husband is said to be the result of jealously. Mr. Guinn has two bullet wounds.

The Lesser Evil.

Gresham college in 1719 was the scene of a famous serio-comic duel between two celebrated doctors, Doctor Mead and Doctor Woodward, both of whom were lecturers at the college. While walking down Bishopsgate street one morning they quarreled over some medical question and adjourned to the square of the college to fight it out with swords. Woodward fell, wounded in several places, whereupon Mead magnanimously said, "Take thy life." "Anything but your physic," hissed back the chagrined Woodward ere he swooned away.—London Chronicle.

SCALP WAS BADLY AFFECTED

"I am more than gratified by the successful results I obtained by the use of the Cuticura Remedies. For several years my scalp was very badly affected with dandruff and scales. My scalp itched terribly at times and my hair fell out. My coat collar would be actually white with the dandruff that had fallen from my head. My profession being that of a barber, I was particular about having my hair in good condition, and was also in a position to try many lotions, etc., for the scalp. These had little or no effect. I had heard so much about the Cuticura Remedies that I resolved to try them. I shampooed my head with Cuticura Soap twice a week and after drying my head thoroughly, I anointed parts of my scalp with Cuticura Ointment. I was pleased from the outset, and continued to keep up this treatment. To think that only three cakes of Cuticura Soap and one and one-half boxes of Cuticura Ointment rid my head of this annoying trouble made me feel quite contented. I have now got a thick growth of hair and I am never troubled with any dandruff or itching of the scalp. There is no question but that the Cuticura Remedies cured me. I frequently recommend them to my customers, and they think a great deal of them." (Signed) John F. Williams, 307 Norfolk Street, Dorchester, Boston, Mass., July 28, 1910.

The Most Beautiful Thing.

A newspaper recently invited its readers to state in a few words what they considered the most beautiful thing in the world. The first prize was awarded to the sender of the answer: "The eyes of my mother." "The dream of that which we know to be impossible" suggested an imaginative person, and this brought him second prize. But the most amusing thing was that which said, "The most beautiful thing in the world is to see a man carrying his mother-in-law across a dangerous river without making an attempt to drop her in."

A Classic Note.

"Archimedes," read the pupil, "leaped from his bath, shouting, 'Eureka! Eureka!'"

"One moment, James," the teacher says. "What is the meaning of 'Eureka!'"

"'Eureka' means 'I have found it.'"

"Very well. What had Archimedes found?"

James hesitates a moment, then ventures hopefully:

"The soap, mum."—Christian Intelligencer.

Horrors!

"She is always doing something original."

"Yes, but her latest stunt, if it becomes a fad, will upset society."

"Why, what is it?"

"She has employed a nurse to look after her poodle and insists on looking after her baby herself."

FOOD IN SERMONS
Feed the Dominie Right and the Sermons Are Brilliant.

A conscientious, hard-working and successful clergyman writes: "I am glad to bear testimony to the pleasure and increased measure of efficiency and health that have come to me from adopting Grape-Nuts food as one of my articles of diet.

"For several years I was much distressed during the early part of each day by indigestion. My breakfast seemed to turn sour and failed to digest. After dinner the headache and other symptoms following the breakfast would wear away, only to return, however, next morning.

"Having heard of Grape-Nuts food, I finally concluded to give it a trial. I made my breakfasts of Grape-Nuts with cream, toast and Postum. The result was surprising in improved health and total absence of the distress that had, for so long a time, followed the morning meal.

"My digestion became once more satisfactory, the headaches ceased, and the old feeling of energy returned. Since that time I have always had Grape-Nuts food on my breakfast table.

"I was delighted to find also, that whereas before I began to use Grape-Nuts food I was quite nervous and became easily wearied in the work of preparing sermons and in study, a marked improvement in this respect resulted from the change in my diet.

"I am convinced that Grape-Nuts food produced this result and helped me to a sturdy condition of mental and physical strength.

"I have known of several persons who were formerly troubled as I was, and who have been helped as I have been, by the use of Grape-Nuts food, on my recommendation." Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
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HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

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NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. **BICYCLE DEALERS**, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, May 13, 1911.

Boost for Minnesota

The Northern Minnesota Development association will hold its fourth convention in Duluth June 1 and 2, 1911, at which time plans will be perfected for carrying on a campaign of education, to place before prospective homeseekers the advantages of our state, and also to further advertise our northern resources and requirements among our own people. Among the many matters to discusr will be:

State development, development of state lands, conservation of soil fertility, land show in St. Paul, December, 1911, commission plan of state government, national corn show, Minneapolis, 1912, and other important matters.

Among the organizations who will send delegates are thirty-four Northern Minnesota County Development associations, the Wisconsin Advancement association, Upper Michigan Development association, Western Michigan Development bureau, and others.

A determined effort is now under way to show those seeking homes from other states that our own state holds inducements superior to others, which our close proximity to market indicates; the next five years hold great possibilities to those states that are up and doing. Minnesota is the banner western state and should be in the lead of this great land movement. Duluth is making great preparations to take care of all who will come. Those who attend will enjoy not only the business of the meeting, but from the social side an especially enjoyable time is anticipated.

Rural School Notes

Speaking of contest work, here is an opportunity especially for boys and girls in our rural schools. We want to see how well you can do as farmers in raising corn. This has been a great contest among schools in other counties; yes, even in Pennington county. Why should we not be able to produce corn as good in quality and quantity as our next neighbors, or to make the baby county in our state hold its own in the production of corn and vegetables?

Our boys and girls will give the answer next fall by the next display of products; for we are going to offer prizes in this contest. The boys and girls on some of our well tilled farms did splendidly last year, and let us make an effort to do even better this year. Northern Minnesota has enough of sunshine and fresh air and—moisture. Conditions are the best for raising these products. Send to Extension Division, University Farm, St. Paul, Minn., for extension bulletin No. 3, and you will get full information about the county industrial contest.

As for this county—we will distribute to the boys and girls who will promise to plant and care for a patch—we will send them some seed corn FREE OF CHARGE for planting. Ask your parents for a good patch, a patch that will show the best qualities of that farm, and plant the corn sent you and care for it. You will be surprised to see what elegant corn you can raise. Be sure to carry home that best prize. It will be yours next fall as an apperciation of yous best efforts.

Let us have the names and addresses right now and we shall send you the seed, the best corn we can obtain for the purpose. Boys and girls in a family can club together to cultivate and care for the garden farm. Send for the seed at once, as the season is getting late. Let us have the satisfaction of giving you boys and girls many prizes next fall; and then, possibly, some of you as a result will have a chance to go to the university farm, Minneapolis, for a week's study and observation at the agricultural school, expenses paid and all free; that is, if you can win the best prizes. I cannot promise this for sure, but we will see what can be done in this regard. All depends on winning prizes now, so be sure at once to send in your request for seed corn.

E. A. MOSTUE,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Judicial Ditch No. 25, Marshall, Polk, Red Lake, and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) Counties, State of Minnesota. Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Marshall. } ss.
District Court
14th Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Petition of Johannes Gjerde and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall, Polk, Red Lake and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake), State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch Number Twenty-five (25).

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall County, State of Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch number 25, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before a Judge of the District Court of said county has been had thereon, and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereof and filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, and that the said Judge of the said district court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall county; and, that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and termini of the Main ditch and branches of said Judicial Ditch Number 25, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows:

MAIN DITCH: Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections eight (8), nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), in township numbered one hundred and fifty four (154) north of range forty five (45) west, being town of Numedal, Red Lake County, (now Pennington County), Minnesota, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), township one hundred and fifty-four (154), range forty five (45) west, a distance of eleven thousand (11000) feet, thence south twenty (20) degrees east a distance of twenty five hundred and twenty-seven (2527) feet, thence south forty (40) degrees and thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of twenty-eight hundred (2800) feet,—thence south twenty (20) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes, east, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence south fifty-one (51) degrees, twenty-five (25) minutes west, a distance of twelve hundred (1200) feet,—thence south twenty five (25) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, a distance of eight hundred and sixty (860) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, no minutes west, a distance of eight hundred (800) feet, to the center of section thirty two (32), township one hundred and fifty four (154)), north, range forty five (45) west,—thence west on the quarter line through sections thirty two (32) and thirty one (31), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner between said section thirty one (31) township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and section thirty six (36), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south forty five (45) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through the southeast quarter of said last mentioned section thirty six (36), to a point forty (40) feet north of the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty six (36), and sections one (1), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the town line between townships one hundred fifty three (153) and one hundred fifty four (154), north, range forty six (46) west, to a point thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the quarter section corner between section three (3), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and section thirty four (34), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south fourteen (14) degrees, three (3) minutes west, through section three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, to a point forty (40) feet north and forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections three (3), four (4), nine (9) and ten (10), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections four and nine (4 and 9), five and eight (5 and 8), six and seven (6 and 7), in township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west,—thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the sections line between sections eleven and twelve (11 and 12), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner,—thence west on the quarter section line through sections eleven, ten and nine (11, 10 and 9) to the center of section eight (8), said last mentioned township and range,—and from this point running thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of seven hundred and eighty (780) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8), a distance of thirteen hundred and fifty (1350) feet,—thence north sixty two (62) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of one thousand (1000) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees west through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of eight hundred thirty six (836) feet, thence south eighty three (83) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through section seven (7) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of forty (40) feet,—thence north thirty four (34) degrees, forty (40) minutes west through said last mentioned section seven (7), a distance of five hundred and twenty four (524) feet,—thence north six degrees (6), no (0) minutes west, through section section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of three hundred and thirty (330) feet,—thence north eighty (80) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred and thirty seven (637) feet,—thence south eighteen degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of four hundred and ninety three (493) feet,—thence north eighty seven (87) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north sixteen (16) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of three hundred and forty (340) feet,—thence north eight five (85) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north fifty five (55) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north thirty eight (38) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of sixteen hundred (1600) feet,—thence north thirty-eight (38) degrees west, through section one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, a distance of four hundred and forty (440) feet,—thence south fifty (50) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and fifteen (915) feet,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and sixty (960) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence, north eighty (80) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through section two (2) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of thirty two hundred and thirty two (3232) feet,—thence west parallel with the section line between sections two (2), three (3) and four (4), said last mentioned township and range, and sections thirty three (33), thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), township one hundred and fifty four (154), range forty eight (48), to a point forty (40) feet south of the quarter section corner between section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, and section thirty three (33), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west,—thence north along the quarter section line through the section of said last mentioned section thirty three (33), to the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty three (33) and section twenty eight (28) said last mentioned township and range,—thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of one hundred and forty (140) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet,—thence north thirteen (13) degrees, fifty (50) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north sixty seven (67) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28) a distance of eight hundred and forty (840) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of five hundred and seventy (570), feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred and sixty (360) feet,—thence through and into section twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north eighty four (84) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and twenty (120) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred feet (400) feet,—thence north seventy eight (78) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north twenty six (26) degrees west, a distance of one hundred and ten (110) feet,—thence north twenty two (22) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and thirty (230) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and seventy (470) feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence south thirty six (36) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and twenty (220) degrees,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of one hundred and eighty (180) feet,—thence north seventeen (17) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and eighty (680) [illegible] (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and ten (210) feet,—thence north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and seventy (270) feet,—thence through and into section twenty (20) township one hundred and fifty four (154) range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen minutes (15) west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and ninety (290) feet,—thence south eighty eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and fifty (650) feet,—thence north twenty eight (28) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) feet,—thence north five (5) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distace of five hundred and sixty (560) feet,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and eighty (280) feet,—thence south eighty (80) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and sixty (1060) feet,—thence north seventy (70) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of fourteen hundred and eighty, (1480) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and ninety (490) feet,—thence north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and twenty nine (329) feet,—thence north through and into section nineteen (19) township one hundred and fifty four (154) ,range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and twenty one (221) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and fifty six (456) feet,—and thence emptying into Judicial Ditch numbered one (1) in Polk County, as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 1. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), township one hundred and fifty four (154), north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10), four (4) and nine (9), five (5) and eight (8), six (6) and seven (7), said last mentioned township and range, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and thence north between sections one and two (1 and 2), said last mentioned township and range, and emptying into Snake River as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 2. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections nineteen, twenty, thirty and twenty nine (19, 20, 30 and 29) township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20), said last mentioned township and range to a point forty (40) feet east and forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19),—thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and emptying into Lateral numbered one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 3. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the corner of sections ten (10), eleven (11), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), nine (9) and sixteen (16), and north between sections eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and emptying into Lateral numberd one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 4. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet north of the corner of sections one (1) and twelve (12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and sections six (6) and seven (7), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the range line between ranges forty four (44) and forty five (45), west, and between sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), thirty (30), and thirty one (31), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), twenty four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty six (36), township one hundred and fifty three (153) range forty five (45) west, to a point forty (40) east and forty (40) feet south of the standard township corner of townships one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty three (43) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet south of the township line between said last mentioned townships one hundred and fifty three (153) and one hundred and fifty four (154) north, and between sections one (1) and two (2), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west, and sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, to a point about one hundred and thirty five (135) feet east of the corner of sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), said last mentioned township and range, and sections two (2) and three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west,—thence from this point south twenty (20) degrees west, through sections three (3) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence south seventy (70) degrees west through the said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence south eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of seven hundred (700) feet,—thence south eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—thence south thirty two (32) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west through section four (4), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—and thence through said last mentioned section four (4) as follows: south no (0) degrees, fifty (50) minutes east, along the quarter line a distance of fifteen hundred and twenty one (1521) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of three hundred and seventy nine (379) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through section nine (9), said last mentioned township and range a distance of eleven hundred and thirty eight (1138) feet,—thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of twelve hundred and fifty one (1251) feet,—and thence south eleven (11) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of thirty three hundred and thirty six (3336) feet, to the corner of sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), said last mentioned township and range,—and thence through said last mentioned section, fifteen (15) as follows: south twenty eight (28) degrees, twenty five (25) minutes east, a distance of twenty two hundred and seventy five (2275) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance [illegible] four (5644) feet,—and from thence through section twenty two (22), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south eleven (11) degrees forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of fifty four hundred and thirty one (5431) feet, to the quarter section corner between sections twenty two (22) and twenty seven (27), said last mentioned township and range,— thence south along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty seven (27), a distance of twenty six hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence through said last mentioned section twenty seven (27) as follows: south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of twenty six hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of fourteen hundred and nineteen (1419) feet,—thence south twelve (12) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of thirteen hundred and sixty eight (1368) feet,—thence south through sections thirty four (34) said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south three (3) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of thirteen hundred (1300) feet,— thence south twenty three (23) degrees, three (3) minutes east, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence south two (2) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west through said section thirty four (34), a distance of eighteen hundred and seventy seven (1877) feet,—and from thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes through section four (4), township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west, a distance of three hundred and twenty three (323) feet,—and thence north eight seven (87) degrees, fifty (50) minutes through said last mentioned section four (4), a distance of eight hundred feet, (800), to a point where Black River is sufficiently large to carry all water tributary thereto, as an outlet.

LATERAL NO. 5. Commencing at the quarter section corner between sections seventeen (17) and twenty (20), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty (20) to be quarter section corner, between sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet,—thence south along the sixteenth (16th) section line through the center of the west half of sections twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32), said last mentioned township and range, and thence seven hundred (700) feet into section five (5), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes, through said last mentioned section five (5), a distance of one thousand and eighty five (1085) feet,—and thence south through said last mentioned section five (5) as follows: south sixty nine (69) devrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty six (556) feet,—thence through and into section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north seventy seven (77) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and eight four (1084) feet,—thence south a distance of thirteen hundred and four (1304) feet,—thence south seventy one (71) degrees, fifty (50) minutes, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, a distance of eight hundred and thirty (830) feet,—thence north sixty three (63) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and three (603) feet,—thence south sixty six (66) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes, a distance of eight hundred and seventy (870) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes, a distance of one hundred (100) feet,—thence south fifty (55) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and eighty nine (189) feet,—thence north eighty three (83) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, five (5) minutes west, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence through sections one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west, as follows: north forty four (44) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of eighteen hundred and sixty four (1864) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees west, a distance of four hundred and fifty (450) feet, and emptying into Lateral numbered four (4) at a point about six hundred (600) feet west of the corner of township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

LATERAL NO. 6. Commencing at a point on Lateral numbered five (5) near the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south twenty five (25) degrees east in section five (5) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet, and thence emptying into Lateral numbered five (5) as its outlet.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch numbered twenty five (25) is surveyed and will pass, is as follows:

Sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty nine (29), thirty (30), thirty one (31) and thirty two (32), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections five (5), six (6), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20), twenty one (21), twenty four (24), twenty five (25), twenty eight (28), twenty nine (29), thirty one (31), thirty two (32), thirty five (35), thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), nine (9), sixteen (16), fifteen (15), twenty two (22), twenty seven (27) and thirty four (34), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west.

Section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections three (3) four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), thirty four (34), thirty five (35), and thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), twelve (12), thirteen (13), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), six (6), seven, (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10) eleven (11) and twelve (12), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west.

Sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty eight (29), twenty nine (29), and thirty three (33), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west.

And that the said engineer's erport shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same ap[illegible] mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: State of Minnesota, Regina Tonne, A. M. Buckley, L. K. Skroggin, Central Minnesota Emigration Company, Isaac H. Elliott, L. K. Croggin, R. W. Stpehenson, C. A. Isaacs, G. S. Gilbertson, J. H. McCoy, Jacob Back, Selma C. England, Apolania Gergen, John Grove, D. S. B. Johnson Land Company, W. C. Mitchell, H. H. Dunn, et. al., F. A. Morse, Edward J. Hodgson, Wm. Palmer, R. B. Thomas, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad Company, Henry Wedge, W. S. Ayres, Z. M. Chapman, J. C. Crobaty, Henry W. Lay, L. K. Scroggin, E. P. Lovell, W. H. Morsell, Scandia American Bank of Crookston, Minnesota, N. S. Moen, T. A. Scroggin, Fredrick Ax, Catherina Ax, P. B. Gaas, Peter Lindblom, Farmers Loan and Trust Company, Emil Larson, Henry Lindblom, J. F. Shutt, P. Lindblom, Matilda Johnson, Charles Englund, Johanna S. Swanson, J. & A. Dahlen, Frank Breunke, P. S. Medchill, C. A. Lindquist, John Peterson, Marshall County Land Company, D. A. Malestrand, Claus A. Amdahl, Geo. Anderson, The Peoples Threshing Company, The Peoples Trading Company, Hanna J. Kannard, Arthur J. Byrnes, Edward L. Wright, Hanna J. Kanum, John Hansen Vaadal, P. E. Dinehart, John Olson, John Brateny, Andrew E. Mossestad, Nels Burtness, Julius S. Sonyer, Olaus O. Ordal, Ira Johnson, C. H. Norbovig, Iver B. Aaseby, O. E. Mathews, trustee, W. A. Knapp, M. C. Harlow, O. J. Tweet, F. N. Mead, Peter A. Waldness, Knut Knutseth, Anna Larson, et. al., John Johnson, Christian Rodegaard, Nels Samuelson, Nels O. Nora, Ole E. Lillegaard, August Sandberg, Nels E. Rodegard, Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, Jacob Olson, Severine L. Demann, Peter A. Voldness, Andrew Johnson, Ole Peterson, Andrias N. Iversob, Bertha Gravlie, Martin Rust, A. L. Demen, Iver N. Iverson, Battoff Skibness, Ole N. Monsebraten, Ole E. Engen, Olaf A. Wig, L. Lamberson, John Brateng, Anton Nelson, Thomas Hall, Peter Reine, Karin Anderson, Van Sant Land Company, A. Rothe, Knut Nicolson, Mary Nelson, C. M. Sonnesyn, Christian Larson, A. N. Iverson, J. N. Miller, W. M. & P. Ry. Co., Sam McClure, Lander Engebretson, Rasmus J. Aasebo, Minneapolis & St. Cloud Railroad Company, Lina J. Osness, Ore Moen, R. R. Thomas, C. F. Chase, Don Johnson, Chicago, Rock Island Railway Company, Minnesota and St. Cloud Railroad Company, John Seaveson, Helmer E. Severs, Handly & Pfer, Helmer E. Severs, Lucy A. Cunningham, I. F. Dawes, C. M. Warren, Abraham Wegerif, Great Northern Railway Company, Otto M. Loring, Western Land Company, A. L. Rud, F. M. Stewart, Henry Kwing, Elizabeth Martin, Great Western Elevator Company, Andrew Larson, A. B. Cummins, Ole Morud, Reinbeck State Bank, Fred F. Rugg, M. H. Evans, J. H. Mineah, Edward L. Wright, F. M. Burroughs, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, Wm. M. Gardiner, R. C. Mathwig, Anton Nelson, Christian Anderson, Orpha R. Burkhart, Howard Graves, James Rapeseth, Diener Mahw, Ole Gjerde, Christ Solwik, Theodore A. Wilson, J. H. Mineah, A. Lichteig, S. H. Way, Ole B. Sonstrud, J. H. & B. H. Rode, L. W. Pearson, Frank Coffman, Edward Kunz, Theodore Dperfket, L. E. Garlock, I. A. Petter, B. C. Way, Jacob Ruff, Anton Nilson, National Bank of Commerce of Mankato, Minnesota, Alurd J. Pederson, Chas. A. Newman, administrator, Benj. E. Arhaug, Jeanie Sorg, C. L. Halso, O. Abelson, A. Abelson, W. A. Knapper, Andrew Olson, Geo. E. Sibert, J. A. Kile, Frank A. Lyons, John Sneiere, Hans L. Lande, Johannes Gjerde, Albert L. Ward, J. H. Nineah, Ole Stone, L. E. Jones, M. H. Ivans, C. E. Gildersleeve, S. M. Matner, Edward W. Powell, D. S. B. Johnson, Ole L. Olson, John Gehrke, W. C. Colen, N. Green, W. Green, R. H. Doe, O. E. Long, et. al., Cyrus Elliot, S. R. Mather, J. F. Fanitor, Anna Kunz, August Leicktug, A. P. Davis, Edward Sommers, August Johnson, Andrew J. Olin, Nelson Brothers, Andrew N. Wilson, E. F. Grew, Otto L. Allen, Harry H. Buck, John Brener, R. K. Doe, C. H. Thompson, A. W. Seymour, M. A. Benson, Donald J. Cameron, Fred Meier, Wm. Schultz, Anton Zink, Edward Kung, Maria Louisa Johnson, Jacob Ruffing, Mary Blackburne, Ellsworth Loan & Trust Company, John H. Seitz, C. F. Nelson, W. C. Smith, Wynkook Lemen, Sidney Clark, George A. Dean, Wykoop Lemen, Daniel W. Miller, W. R. Nightingale, Evan L. Wortham, John Oberg, James Burke, P. P. Strathem, Ben Sewell, John F. Hanily, Joseph Cowden, Hannah L. Olson, H. C. Moore, D. J. Stewart, W. J. Stewart, Richard O. Day, A. M. Vail, Ida T. Vail, W. L. Barclay, H. F. Greenfield, D. W. Bank, Thomas Nelson, et. al., A. J. Kyle, Edward King, William E. Simpson, Hans T. Hanglid, Inga Peterson, Eliza Ainsworth, Lewis Larson, Ira Peck, Fredrick Strebel, Julius H. Nelson, Martin Syverson, John Fillenworth, Renix E. Lane, B. E. Lane, W. H. Healy, Mary Dobias, Marshal Rugg, Joseph Dobias, J. Duffy, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, A. R. Wilkinson, Chas. Steebo, Peter Kein, E. D. Helgren, Thomas Hewerdine, G. W. Garlock, G. D. Helgren, Matilda Wilkinson, W. R. Carleton, Martha W. Carter, Malcolm H. Clark, Julius H. Kuns, Geo. Leaming, J. W. Wheeler, Richard O. Day, C. E. Stevens, L. E. Jones, L. W. Garlock, Rebecca S. Kalha, Wheeler-Misner Loan Co., Charles Bailey, Ed. Dangremther, Charles E. Bailey, Geo. E. Stubbins, Geo. E. Stebbins, Timothy J. Coyne, Hans Christofferson, Olof Larson, John L. Fisher, A. B. Wesner, Andrew E. Mossestad, George W. Heater, Andrew E. Orvick, Middlesex Banking Company, John W. Bugge, Halvor Olson, D. B. Scofield, L. D. Hogler, Chas. Stephens, Joseph Jornydahl, L. Etta Pitcher, Ole O. Sande, Thomas Hanna, Gustaf A. Rose, Hans Baardson, Alson Humes, Severt Hanson, Henry E. Barnes, Edward Severs, et. al., Erick Alhus, Fred Baelke, Northern Real Estate and Mortgage Company, Peter H. Swenson, Ole E. Rouingen, Maria Berggren, John Olson, Perline Bugge, Henry G. Krantz, J. G. Mitchell, Knatvold & Dunn, Andrew E. Rolfson, Howard H. Dunn, et.al., Ellsworth & Jones, A. B. Funk, Swan Englund, A. C. Smith, Jennie Hanson, J. T. Schumacher, Tom Severson, O. W. Krueger, Geo. H. Snider, F. C. Snider, H. A. Krueger, Arnold & Gruetsmacher, E. A. Bush, Arthur E. Brush, E. S. Campion, Bester Evans, Elizabeth Evans, Leonard Willis, J. H. Crickenburger, Frank J. Zeidlik, A. A. Youycko, Frank Brady, C. E. Stichfield, Joseph Fravnick, Chas. Stiner, Andrew Stiner, T. C. McCracken, B. J. Chaney, Albert Kovar, Abbie Flint, et. al., A. B. Airhart, Lewis Olson, Lewis Estlund. And the following named townships, to-wit: Bray, Norden, Sanders, Polk Centre, Numedal, in Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) county,—Bristol, Helgeland, Angus, Brandt, Taboe and Farley, in Polk County,—and New Solum, Viking, McCrea, Comstock, in Marshall County,—all in the State of Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewer's reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before the said district court, and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on Thursday, the 8th day of June, A. D., 1911, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of the ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or in any matter relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated April 20th, A. D., 1911.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal)
JULIUS J. OLSON, Esq.,
Attorney for Petitioners,
Warren, Minnesota.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m., and at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FAICHAN, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. STEEN, President.

M. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Lavelle, Secretary Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over Hall's Grocery Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mrs. Mary Carr, Olavus Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent. The petition of Albert Sevre having been filed in this court, representing that Helmer E. Sevre, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died intestate on the 12th day of October, 1910 and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Olavus E. Sevre, and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition: Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have; before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of May, 1911, at ten o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of May, 1911.

m7-3 WILHELM MICHELET,

(Court Seal) Probate Judge.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

THE LOCAL NEWS

Go to Ole Mathson for your extra machine oil and axle grease.

Ed A. Aubol went to Red Lake Falls Thursday evening.

Now is time to get a John Deer breaking plow or breaker attachment.

August Swenson and Jacob Einerson were in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Fred Steen returned Thursday to Thief River Falls after a visit with friends here.

Miss Jennie Blaine of Crookston is spending a week's vacation visiting friends in St. Hilaire.

G. L. Austin was in town on Wednesday greeting old friends and attending to business matters.

A. H. Pitkin went Wednesday evening to look after his farming interests near Kelliher, this state.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson were in Crookston Tuesday and Wednesday attending to business matters.

We hear that F. W. Busse changed his mind en route and has located at Warroad instead of at Baudette.

Dont wait until the season is over before you get a new John Deer buggy and take your best girl out for a ride.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

Get your tickets for the 17th from Miss Otta Skeie at the post-office. Adults, 25 cents; children under 15 years, 15 cents.

STRAYED—From my place 2 miles east of St. Hilaire, one red mooley cow and one red mooley bull. Finder please notify C. Bothman, route No. 2.

M. B. Hage lost five acres of fine oak and poplar timber on his farm last Sunday by fire carelessly set out by a neighbor and left to run.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

Axel Anderson, an old resident of St. Hilaire, left last Tuesday for Oland, Finland, to visit a brother, J. W. Anderson, also a former resident of this place.

I have taken charge of the tin shop in Holmes Bros,' hardware store, and am prepared to make water tanks, or do any kind of tin work. H. W. PETERSON.

Selmor Benson, Harold Holmes, and Myles Jackson, were among those from this place who took the teachers' examinations at Thief River Falls last Friday and Saturday.

A feature of the Synod church entertainment last Wednesday evening was an exceptionally fine rendering of the best of the old time songs, "Swanee River," as a duet, by Misses Olson and Gigstad.

The Epworth League will hold their regular semi-monthly devotional services Sunday May 11, at 7:15 p. m. just before the regular evening preaching service. You are cordially invited to attend this meeting.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

The Spectator is under great obligations to Dr. Owens for his assistance at the time of the illness of the editor last Saturday. Without his assistance, for which the doctor steadfastly refuses any compensation, the issue of May 6 could hardly have appeared.

WANTED:—To correspond with farmers and dairymen who are in position to ship whole milk, sweet cream, or sour cream to us DIRECT and receive highest prices for same. Each inquirer will receive a paper bill file.—Crookston Pure Food Company, Crookston, Minn. m13-2

There will be a concert in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday evening, May 27, beginning at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cts. for adults, 15 cts. for children. Great pains has been taken in preparation for the program for this entertainment, and everybody may expect an evening of enjoyment.

Bernt Walseth, who recently purchased the n½ nw¼ section 9, River Falls, returned here this week with his family. He has purchased a house from R. L. Hauge and will move it onto his place. Mrs. Walseth and little boy have just arrived from Norway, having waited four years for the summons to come.

Home grown reed corn for sale at N. A. Nelson's.

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.90
" 2 "	.88
" 3 "	.84
Flax, 1	2.32
" 2	2.22
Barley, for 50 lbs	.55
Oats	.27
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	3½@3½
Pork, " "	5
Pork, dressed	7
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	23.00

Alfred Benson was in Thief Falls Wednesday.

We have lost Mr. Busse, but the soft drink emporium still remains open.

Ole Weseth of Onstad, Minn., visited with the Kolstad brothers on Thursday.

Charles Fellman and Hoken Johnson of Red Lake Falls were in the city Tuesday.

Ole Mathson is selling Northrup King fodder corn for a dollar a bushel, guaranteed to grow.

Children! Only 15 cents to see that great play and eat a big lunch at Imperial hall on the 17th.

Peter Kolstad left Friday morning for a visit to his farm east of Germantown in Marshall county.

FOR SALE:—One good yoke of work oxen 4 years old, weigh about 2,600 pounds. Apply to HUNT HARDWARE Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn. m13-2t

Miss Eda Brink returned Tuesday to her duties in the telephone office at Crookston, after a week's visit at home.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

Hear Rev. J. B. Smith's lecture "Philosophy in a Tater Patch," Tuesday evening, May 23, in Imperial hall.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, May 14, at 10:45 a. m.

Remember the play and lunch at Imperial hall next Wednesday evening by the Young people of the United church.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Felix Anderson in Black River.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday, May 19, at 2 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. John Norman east of St. Hilaire.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Saturday evening, May 20, at the home of Mrs. A. P. Thyren, east of St. Hilaire.

There will be union temperance Memorial exercises at Imperial hall on the evening of May 30 by the different Sunday schools of the town. Everybody invited.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief Riv Falls, Minn. Dyeing French dye cleaning and steam cleaning connection.

W. L. Vannet of Crookston, agent for the Connecticut Fire Insurance company, was over last Wednesday and adjusted the fire loss sustained by Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Holmes in the burning of the clothes closet in their residence a week ago Sunday in a manner entirely satisfactory to all concerned.

If you need a road scraper or a steel culvert call on N. A. Nelson.

This next number of the lecture course will be given Tuesday evening, May 23, at 8 o'clock, in Imperial hall, by Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls. His subject is "Philosophy in a Tater Patch," and is a hummer. Don't fail hear him, for you will miss a treat if you do. Admission 15 cents to all.

Owning to the illness of the editor last Saturday a large amount of advertising matter and a number of important local news items were omitted from our columns. The advertising matter we can perhaps make good on, but the news items are gone beyond recall. We can only apologize and try not to do it again.

The Best Advertisement This Store Ever Had

Has been the gooods we have sold. We have always believed that small profits would make a big business. Our new spring merchandise exhibits in a marked degree what values can be offered when the dealer is looking to his future and considers first of all his customers' satisfaction.

LAZAR & LAZAR

For Every Ill There's a Cure

The Crookston Medical Institute Doctors will restore you back to health. They are specialists in all chronic diseases.

Staff of Physicians
Dr. J. Davidson Dr. Lewis Schneider
Dr. J. William Grant

TELEPHONE 874

A Classical Play, by Local Talent

In the evening of the 17th of May a temperance play will be given at Imperial hall by local talent. "Out in the Streets" is a play in three acts. The characters are:

Colonel Wayne	Selmer Benson
Mrs. Wayne	Myrtle Blaine
Miss Nina, their daughter	Otta Skeie
Pete, their negro servant	James Amble
Mrs. Bradford, a poor widow	Hazel Wilson
Minnie, her little daughter	Mabel Loberg
Solomon Davis, a cruel landlord	Myles Jackson
Mathew, his son	Lawrence Wilson
Dr. Medfield	Hans Follstad
Policeman	George Dulum

Lunch, including "lefse," "vafler," "fattigmand," etc., will be served after the play.

The curtain for the first scene of the first act will be lifted at 8:30 sharp.

Admission, 15 and 25 cents, including play and lunch.

Another Victory

The St. Hilaire Gophers added another victory to their base ball record last Sunday afternoon, when they defeated the Red Lake Falls aggregation by the one sided score of 18 to 8. The St. Hilaire team obtained a good start on the down river players in the first inning when they ran in six scores, and although their opponents played valiantly during the rest of the game to even up scores, it was clearly evident that they would not be able to do so. The Red Lake Falls team were a bunch of perfect gentlemen in the opinion of the St. Hilaire "Tossers."

A return game will most likely be played in the near future, when Red Lake Falls will endeavor to show a stronger line-up. Manager Wallen has made arrangements with Ed. Corwin, manager of the Thief River Falls "Tigers," for a game tomorrow afternoon which promises to be a fast one as the Tigers have the reputation of being one of the strongest squads that the up-river city can put in the field.

Suicide

Coroner Swanson was called out last Monday to six miles east of Thief River to view the remains of Ole O. Bjorge, who hung himself in his barn. It was a clear case of suicide, and no inquest was deemed necessary.

Prof. Barsness accompanied the doctor on his trip.

Births

To Rev. and Mrs. Alex Sand, on Tuesday, May 9, a boy

To Mr. and Mrs. John Maakrud on Thursday, May 11, a girl.

Commissioners Meeting

The county commissioners meet next Monday afternoon, at which time the bids for remodeling the court house will be opened. The commissioners will go down to Red Lake Falls on the afternoon train to settle affairs between the two counties.

Auditor Fasel has been in Red Lake Falls for the past two weeks preparing a statement of the county fiances for the guidance of the commissioners in their deliberations. P. J. Halan, former auditor of Marshall county, assisted Mr. Fasel in this work.

Died Suddenly

Peter Stene died suddenly sitting in his chair Thursday morning at his home near Hazel. He was 74 years of age and leaves six children. Funeral services will be held today by Rev. S. T. Palm. Interment at Thief River Falls.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A rial sack of our most :ous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Companv.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty

MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

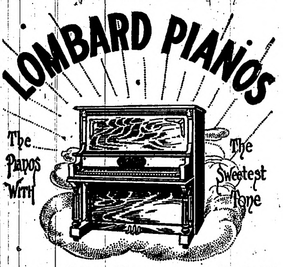
CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.

ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

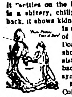
THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with teh Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

KIDNEY CHILLS AND BACKACHE.



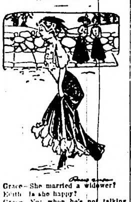
If, when you get wet or take cold, it "settles on the kidneys" and there is a shivery, chilly sensation in the back, it shows kidney weakness which is often the beginning of serious disease. Doan's Kidney Pills should be used persistently until the backache and other symptoms disappear.

Mrs. D. K. Jeffers, Colfax, Wash., says: "For two weeks I had to be propped up in bed and I lost 50 pounds in weight. I was in terrible condition, in fact, I came very near dying. As a last resort I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Since then I have gained back my lost weight and feel wonderfully improved."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

HARD LINES.



Grace—She married a widower?

Edith—Is she happy?

Grace—No; when he's not talking about himself he's talking about his first wife.

A Wall—In the Near Future.

"Drat them plutocrats! They're grinding down the poor worse every day. There I was makin' ez high ez $20 a week commission fer ketchin' automobile speeders, an' now what do they do? They take to flyin' machines an' cheat a poor man out of his livin', the hogs."—Judge.

THAT WAS THE LAST STRAW

Many Women There Are Who Will Understand Just Why Long-Suffering "Worm" Turned.

Several years ago an Atchison couple were living happily together. The community was shocked one day when the wife applied for a divorce and got it. The story of the divorce has come out. It seems that the wife went into the kitchen and "slaved" all day. She made bread, pies, cake, cookies and pork and beans. She boiled a tongue, made a potato salad, stuffed eggs, made a custard and brown bread.

When her husband came home at 6 o'clock in the evening he found her dressed up. And on the table was cold tongue, pork and beans, fresh bread, cake, cookies, pie, potato salad, stuffed eggs, brown bread and custard. The wife thought her husband would say: "You poor darling, how you have worked today!" Instead, he said in a surprised way: "COLD supper! Lord, but you have an easy time!" His wife did not answer him. She was speechless with rage, and he does not know to this day why she asked the court to be divorced from a BRUTE.—Atchison Globe.

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Hopelessly Outclassed.

"Mrs. Caswell, while you were in Venice did you see the Bridge of Sighs?"

"Oh, yes; I saw what they called that. But, my land, I've seen bridges ten times its size without ever going out of Pennsylvania!"

Better Days.

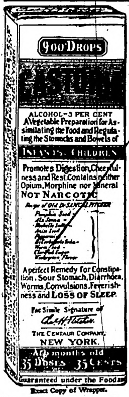
He (with a little sigh)—This is the third winter hat you have had this year.

She—Well, but dearest, summer will soon be here now.

A Distinction.

Jim may not be a successful man," said the optimist, "but he's full of possibilities."

"Perhaps," grunted the cynic, "but not of probabilities."



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL–3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Now What Did She Mean?

At a recent wedding a baby had shrieked without intermission to the great annoyance of the guests, etc. As the bridal party was leaving the church a slight delay occurred. One of the guests seized the opportunity to say to the first bridesmaid:

"What a nuisance babies are at a wedding!"

"Yes, indeed!" answered the bridesmaid, angrily. "When I send out invitations to my wedding I shall have printed in the corner, 'No babies expected.'"—Judge.

A Monopoly.

Urbanite—What did you come to the city for?

Country Boy—To earn an honest living.

Urbanite—That's all right. You'll find no competition.

Kill the Flies Now and Keep disease away. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. Ask your dealer, or send 20c to H. SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The only proof against disappointment is to expect the unexpected.

The friend who takes your part sometimes forgets to return it.

N. W. N. U., NO. 19–1911.

A READER CURES HIS CONSTIPATION—TRY IT FREE

Simple way for any family to retain the good health of all its members.

The editors of "Health Hints" and "Questions and Answers" have one question that is put to them more often than any other, and which, strangely enough, they find the most difficult to answer. That is "How can I cure my constipation?"

Dr. Caldwell, an eminent specialist in diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels has looked the whole field over, has practised the specialty for forty years and is convinced that the ingredients contained in what is called Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin has the best claim to attention from constipated people.

Its success in the cure of stubborn constipation has done much to displace the use of salts, waters, strong cathartics and such things. Syrup Pepsin, by training the stomach and bowel muscles to again do their work naturally, and with its tonic ingredients strengthening the nerves, brings about a lasting cure. Among its strongest supporters are Mr. John Gravelino of 86 Milwaukee Ave., Detroit, Mich., Mr. J. A. Vernon of Oklahoma City and thousands of others. It can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, or if you want to try it first a free sample bottle can be obtained by writing the doctor.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

The HOME DEPARTMENT

FOR FANCY SLIPPERS

EASY TO HAVE PAIR TO MATCH EVERY GOWN.

By the Use of Rosettes the Pardonable Deception Cannot Be Discovered—Plaited Ribbon Another Style of Trimming.

One of the delights of the present day girl is to have a collection of fancy slippers—a pair for almost every gown. None of these slippers are plain and many of them are very much decorated. These decorations can be changed so as to make the same slippers look like something entirely different. The girl who cannot have as many pairs as she has gowns can make for herself a large collection of rosettes, bows with buckles and various little fancy trimmings.

Black velvet slippers are used with many gowns and they can have flat white bows with rhinestone buckles or colored chiffon and satin roses. These little flowers are not hard to make. A strip of the material is folded over and gathered, then twisted in such a way that it looks like the petals of a rose. There is a certain knack in the twisting, and the girl who does not succeed in doing it might take a lesson in making the flowers at an embroidery shop.

Another style of trimming is a flat rosette made of finely plaited ribbon. This is sewed around a small circle of the same ribbon, stiffened and edged with beads. For very full dress occasions a pretty way to trim the slippers is with little rhinestone butterflies, whose wings stand up. These may be right on the slippers or have a rosette under them. The trimming is often in a different color from the slippers, so the girl who has a white pair can have chiffon rosettes or flowers in pink, in blue and in yellow to go with gowns of those colors. If the gown has touches of black in its trimming (as so many do now) a better effect is given by using black slippers, either of velvet, satin or patent leather. The same decorations can be used on those as on the white slippers, and a few strong stitches will hold them in place, so it is quite easy to change them.

FRILLS FOR THE LITTLE ONES

Small Maidens and Their Beaux Have Distinct Fashions as Have Their Elders.

Belts are the thing.

Even on the frilliest frocks they are seen.

For tiny boys and girls, as for their elders, there are distinct differences in effects to be worn in the morning or afternoon.

For the former time belts are a heavy grade of leather.

Black and tan are the smartest colors.

Buckles, leather covered, to match, are more in vogue than metal.

The former variety costs more, and therefore, is not so common.

Bright colors, red, blue and green, may appear on dresses in belts.

They should be seen before noon only, to make variety.

For afternoon, little girls who scorn sashes have their frocks finished with a delicate color by the introduction of kid, not leather belts.

These come in light blue, pink, yellow, and indeed every hue of the rainbow.

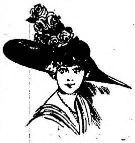
They are as wide as the leather bands, but the kid is extremely soft.

It may be "dressed" or suede finish.

With such belts silk stockings, and kid shoes of the same color must be chosen, and, of course, hair ribbons are to match.

The same rule for little girls applies to tiny boys, but after the age of five years the latter should wear belts made only of leather.

FROM PARIS



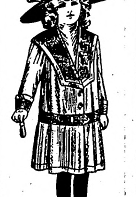
A Model by Lewis of Paris.—Black chip hat, with spray of crimson roses and black velvet bows.

SUITABLE TO MANY FABRICS

Design for Girls' Coat May Be Made Up in Almost any Desired Material.

Our model coat is made up in rich red face cloth, but the style is equally suitable to be reproduced in serge, tweed, velveteen or linen.

The collar and cuffs are faced nearly to the edge with black figured silk, the waist band being of the same.



Large hat with red straw brim and full silk crown.

Materials required for the coat: Two yards 48 inches wide, four yards silkette for lining 24 inches wide, three-fourths yard silk 22 inches wide for facing.

ROCOCO ROSES FIND FAVOR

Worth of Idea, Originating in Paris, Recognized by the Women of America.

Those tiny rococo silk roses that have been the passion of the Parisienne for the past two years have found the way to American feminine hearts as well, and have played a large part as a decorative motif on hats, blouse, girdles and neckwear during the past season. They are so piquant in coloring and so adaptable to dainty design that plain satin and gold evening shoes and slippers are decorated with them, either in little clusters or dainty wreaths, instead of the long-used buckle or bow.

Silk stockings also flaunt them gayly, and little sprays of these dainty roses in dull tints add a note of elegance and suggest a foreign touch that is very "fetching." Of course, the handbag of velvet that has been so important an accessory to the street costume has also been enlivened by this means of embellishment, done in black moire or satin ribbon, with a mere dash of gold to blend in with the long gold cords that are so fashionable.

The longer the cords attached to these bags and the handsomer the tassels, the more desirable they are, although when a bag swings at so great a length it is found to be impracticable, so that many women carry silver or gold mesh bags besides, which hold a tiny handkerchief and the necessary small coins.

The Peasant Coiffure.

The peasant coiffure, which is gaining votaries, is a very picturesque and common adaptation of the original design. After parting the tresses in the center, above the brow, the long locks at the sides are plaited and rolled round over the ears in a spiral mound. Those at the back are curled, and it is noticeable that they are piled higher upon the crown of the head than a month or more ago. Little children are wearing their hair in just the same way, but there are no curls at the back; all the locks are crispy plaited and twisted in spirals above the ears.

DAINTY BITS OF ORNAMENT

Old Gold and Some Prized Family Stone Are All the Articles Really Needed.

In any big city where there are arts and craft workers in metals old gold and some family stone or other can be made up into beautiful ornaments, these having special value through their association.

One ring of this sort seen recently had been made from an old thimble, a small yellow diamond and a deep, yellowish brown cairngorm pebble that had little value except its pretty color and the fact that it came from an old pin the mother had bought in Scotland on her honeymoon tour.

A neck chain pendant was made up in round disk shape, the filigree of the silver setting holding a central bit of turquoise matrix in irregular shape. If there is an antique store handy and there is money enough for the purchase, look for an old Mexican earring, or some quaint round earbob and have it made up into a ring. At these places rose diamonds, which are without the faceting of other stones, sometimes sell very cheaply. And when a girl has come to the age for wearing it, she loves a bit of real jewelry.

Of course all these suggestions are suitable for other gala occasions, such as birthdays, and especially the birthday when daughter is able to announce to father and mother: "Today I am sixteen."

Mourning Accessories.

A woman in mourning often misses it in her accessories. Her gowns and hats may be quite correct, but she wears jewelry or carries bags and other belongings that are not suitable.

For the deepest black it is good form to wear nothing but black jewelry. This means a new supply, as none of the old is permissible save one's engagement ring. Some women even dispense with that.

The Neighbors.

"I thought you were going to put some money into hens this spring?"

"Well, don't you see me making a garden?"

325,000 IN ONE YEAR

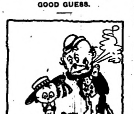
THE IMMIGRATION TO CANADA SURPASSES ALL RECORD.

The returns recently issued by the Canadian Immigration Branch shows that upwards of 325,000 persons arrived in Canada during the past twelve months, declaring their intention of becoming settlers in that country. Of this number about 130,000 were from the United States, the balance being from the British Isles and Northern Europe. It will thus be seen that the sturdy farming element that has gone forward from the United States is being splendidly supplemented by an equally sturdy settlement from across the seas. The lure of Canadian wheat, oats, barley and flax grown on the rich prairie of Western Canada is constantly attracting more and more, and year by year the tide of immigrants to the Western Canada plains increases; there is no ebb to this tide. The Canadian authorities are not surprised at the number from the United States being as large as it is but they did not look for so large an immigration from the old countries. Still, they will not be found unprepared. Reception halls are in readiness at all important points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, surveyors were at work during the past season opening up new districts on which to place those seeking free homesteads of 160 acres each, railways have been projecting laterals from their main lines, and every provision has been taken to accommodate the newcomer. A recent dispatch from Antwerp reads: "The diversion of European emigration from the United States to Canada is said to be seriously affecting the Atlantic steamship lines. The Red Star today gives up to the America-Canada line two of the best special emigrant steamers afloat, the Gothland and the Samland. These vessels heretofore in the Antwerp-New York service are now to be operated from Rotterdam to Canadian ports."

On the date of the above dispatch word came to the Immigration branch that the "Vanguard of the 1911 army of United States settlers reached Winnipeg at 1:30 o'clock this morning. There was a solid train load of effects, comprising 41 carloads and two colonist sleepers attached to the train, which contained the members of 25 families. Every man Jack in the party is a skilled farmer, and all have come north prepared to go right on the land, which was purchased last year. They are equipped with everything that experience has shown is necessary to make a start on virgin prairie. In addition to machinery and household effects there were a large number of horses and cattle. Some of the farmers had also brought along gas tractors, which will be put right to work on ground breaking."

One of the agents of the Canadian government advises that it would appear as if each month of the present year would show a large increase over the past year. The demand for the literature of the department, describing the country and its resources, is greater than it ever has been.

GOOD GUESS.



"What is it, pop?"

"Sure, 'tis the tombstone of a automobilist, giving his record and where he's gone intirely."

Between Women.

"How exasperatingly clever she is?"

"Yes, but how consolingly homely!"—Puck.

Do You Use Eye Salve?

Apply only from Aseptic Tubes to Prevent Infection. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes—New Size 25c. Murine Eye Liquid 25c-50c. Eye Books in each Pkg.

Sincerity transforms all things. The greatest fault, if it is avoided in a loyal kiss becomes a verity more beautiful than innocence.

If a dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil taken at night will prevent your having a bad cold in the morning, isn't it a good idea to have it ready to take the moment you feel the cold coming?

Let amusement fill in the chinks of your life, not the great spaces thereof.—Parker.

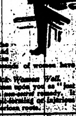
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Humor is a great solvent against snobishness and vulgarity.—Seaman.

Farms for rent or sale on crop payments. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Iowa.

All the rules that glitter are not golden rules.

Strong Healthy Women



If a woman is strong and healthy in a womanly way, motherhood means to her but little suffering. The trouble lies in the fact that the many women suffer from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism and are unfitted for motherhood. This can be remedied.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Cures the weaknesses and disorders of women. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in motherhood, making them healthy, strong, vigorous, virile and elastic.

"Favorite Prescription" banishes the indispositions of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It quickens and vitalizes the feminine organs, and insures a healthy and robust baby. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits.

It Makes Weak Women Strong. It Makes Sick Women Well.

Honest druggists do not offer substitutes, and urge them upon you as "just as good." Accept no secret nostrum in place of this non-secret remedy. It contains not a drop of alcohol and not a grain of habit-forming or injurious drugs. Is a pure glyceric extract of healing, native American roots.

The Lesser Evil.

Gresham college in 1719 was the scene of a famous serio-comic duel between two celebrated doctors, Doctor Mead and Doctor Woodward, both of whom were lecturers at the college. While walking down Bishopsgate street one morning they quarreled over some medical question and adjourned to the square of the college to fight it out with swords. Woodward fell, wounded in several places, whereupon Mead magnanimously said, "Take thy life." "Anything but your physic," hissed back the chagrined Woodward ere he swooned away.—London Chronicle.

Far From Bohemia.

Bjenks—How is that lean, unscissored bohemian getting on these days?

Tjarks—Why, they say he is desperately in love with the girl down in the laundry and is to be married soon. Something suspicious about it, though.

Bjenks—I should say so. What is a true bohemian doing around a laundry, anyway?

If you are acquainted with happiness introduce him to your neighbor.—E. Brooks.

Now He Doesn't Believe It.

A Cleveland man was reading some jokes about how the English weren't so slow as they are supposed to be to get a joke. He believed it, too. So he tried his theory on a British guest of his.

"Did you ever hear Mark Twain's joke about how the report of his death had been greatly exaggerated?" he asked.

"No," answered the Englishman, eagerly, "but I'll wager it was good. What was it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Shake Into Your Shoes

"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease."

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting, tender, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for ingrowing nails, perspiring, callous and tired, aching feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25c. Do not accept any substitute. Sent by mail for 25c. in stamps.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial Package FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

Health For Sick Women

We know of no other medicine which has been so successful in relieving the suffering of women, or secured so many genuine testimonials, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Almost every woman you meet has either been benefited by it, or knows some one who has.

In the Pinkham Laboratory at Lynn, Mass., are files containing over one million one hundred thousand letters from women seeking health, in which many openly state over their own signatures that they have regained their health by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved many women from surgical operations.

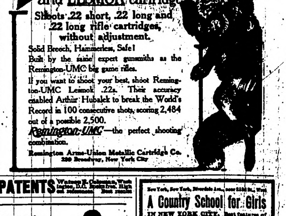
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is made exclusively from roots and herbs, and is perfectly harmless.

The reason why it is so successful is because it contains ingredients which act directly upon the female organism, restoring it to healthy and normal activity.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials such as the following prove the efficiency of this simple remedy.

Coloma, Wisconsin.—"For three years I was troubled with female weakness, irregularities, backache and bearing down pains. I saw an advertisement of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it. After taking several bottles I found it was helping me, and I must say that I am perfectly well now and can not thank you enough for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. John Wentland, R. F. D., No. 3, Box 60, Coloma, Wisconsin.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.



Repeating Rifle and "LESMOK" cartridges

Shoots .22 short, .22 long and .22 long rifle cartridges, without adjustment.

Solid Breech, Hammerless, Safe!

Built by the same expert gunsmiths as the Remington-UMC big game rifles.

If you want to shoot your best, shoot Remington-UMC Lesmok .22s. Their accuracy enabled Arthur Hubalek to break the World's Record in 100 consecutive shots, scoring 2,484 out of a possible 2,500.

Remington-UMC—the perfect shooting combination.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway, New York City

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High est references. Best results

New York, New York, Riverdale Ave., near 252d St., West

A Country School for Girls

IN NEW YORK CITY. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Music and Art. Miss BANGS and Miss WHITON.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively never fails. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

Pettits TRY THE BEST Eye FOR SYE ACHES Salve

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1911. NUMBER 45.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AGAINST STANDARD

Oil Trust Ordered Dissolved By Decision of The Supreme Court.

SUMMARY OF DECISION.

In the Standard Oil Decision, the supreme court holds:

That the Standard Oil Company is a monopoly in restraint of trade.

That this giant corporation must be dissolved within six months.

Corporations whose contracts are "not unreasonably restrictive" of competition are not affected.

Washington, D. C. — The Standard Oil company of New Jersey and its 19 subsidiary companies were declared by the supreme court of the United States to be a conspiracy and combination in restraint of trade. They also were held to be monopolizing interstate commerce in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. The dissolution of the combination was ordered to take place within six months.

Thus ended the tremendous struggle on the part of the government to put down by authority of law a combination which it asserted was a menace.

At the same time the court interpreted the Sherman anti-trust law so as to limit its application to acts of "undue" restraint of trade and not soning of the court in arriving at its this point that the only discordant note was heard in the court.

Justice Harlan's Contention.

Justice Harlan dissented, asserting that cases already decided by the court had determined once for all that the words "undue" or "unreasonable" and similar words, were not in the statute. He declared that the reasoning p fthe court in arriving at its finding was in effect legislation that belonged in every instance to congress and not to the courts.

The opinion of the court was announced by Chief Justice White. In printed form, it contained more than 20,000 words.

Distinguished Audience Present.

Before him sat a distinguished audience of the most famous men of the country. Senators and representatives left their respective chambers in the capitol to listen to the epoch-making decision of the court. Most eager to hear were Attorney General Wickersham and Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel of the government, who had conducted the great fight against the Standard Oil. None of the brilliant array of counsel for the corporation or individual defendants were present.

By far the greater portion of the opinion of the chief justice was devoted to the justification of the court in requiring that the "rule of reason" be applied to restraints of trade before they were held to be violations of the Sherman anti-trust law. The court found this justification in the common law of the forefathers and in the general law of the country at the time the Sherman anti-trust law was passed. This meaning of the words, according to the court, called for exercise of reasoning in determining what restraint on trade were prohibited.

Chief Justice Reviews Proceedings.

Chief Justice White in his opinion first reviewed the preliminary proceedings in the case in the circuit court of the United States for the Eastern district of Missouri. He restated the essential points in the bill of the government asking for the dissolution of the Standard Oil and the answer questioning the jurisdiction of the court and denying the claims of the government.

He then came to the arguments as to the law and the facts in the case, saying that out of the "jungles" of law and facts both sides were engaged only in one thing and that was that the determination of the controversy rested upon the proper construction and application of the first and second sections of the anti-trust acts. The views of the two sides, as to the law, the chief justice said, were as wide apart as the poles. The same he said, was true as to the facts.

Prosecution's View Considered.

"Thus on the one hand with relentless pertinacity and minuteness of analysis," said the chief justice, "it is insisted that the facts established that the assailed combination took its birth in a purpose to unlawfully acquire wealth by oppressing the public and destroying the just rights of others, and that its entire career exemplifies an inexorable carrying out of such wrongful intents, since, it is asserted, the pathway of the combination from the beginning of the time of the filing of the bill is marked with constant proofs of wrong inflicted upon the public and is strewn with the wrecks resulting from crushing out, without regard to law, the individual rights of others. . . . It is asserted that the existence of the principal corporate defendant, the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, with its vast accumulation of property, because of its potency for harm and the dangerous example which its continued existence affords, is an open and enduring menace to all freedom of trade and a by-word and reproach to all modern economic methods.

Lawful Competition Questioned.

"On the other hand, in a powerful analysis of the facts, it is insisted that they demonstrate that the origin and development of the vast business which the defendants control was but the result of lawful competitive methods, guided by economic genius of the highest order, sustained by courage, by a keen insight into the commercial situation resulting in the acquisition of great wealth, but at the same time serving to stimulate an increased production, to widely extend the distribution of the products of petroleum at a cost largely below that which otherwise have prevailed, thus proving to be at one and the same time a benefaction to the general public as well as an enormous advantage to individuals."

Government Fully Upheld.

Commenting upon the Standard Oil decision, Attorney General Wickersham said that the court unanimously affirmed the decree rendered by the circuit court in favor of the government in every particular, save that give the defendants six months instead of 30 days' time in which to comply with the decree.

President Mum on Decision.

President Taft and his cabinet in the regular session today will take up the solution of the "trust question" brought sharply before them by the Standard Oil decision.

The president himself had nothing to say about the decision. He wished, he told callers, to read it carefully, to discuss it with the cabinet and to dissect it with Mr. Wickersham. Until these things had been done, he had no opinion to voice.

Frank B. Kellogg Satisfied.

"It is a complete victory for the government," said Frank B. Kellogg, of St. Paul, who, as special counsel for the government, has assisted in the prosecution of the case.

Standard's Head Won't Talk.

New York, May 16.—On the steps of the Standard Oil building at No. 26 Broadway there stood a newsboy crying "Standard Oil loses!" Inside not an officer of the company would speak. William Rockefeller seldom talks and did not break his rule. John D. Archbold is ill at his home in Tarrytown. Mortimer F. Elliott, solicitor general for the company, said that he could have nothing to say until he had read the full text of the decision.

Many brokers' offices kept open late into the night for London accounts. In similar previous decisions handed down after the market closed, the financial powers had been able to get together overnight and formulate plans for action in the market the following morning.

John S. Miller, who was chief counsel for the Standard Oil company in the case in which a fine of $29,240,000 was assessed against the corporation by Judge Landis, announced that the decision was not of general application.

HISTORY OF OIL TRUST.

1862—John D. Rockefeller started in the oil business with $4,000.

1865—Rockefeller became the owner of a refinery in Cleveland.

1870—Organization of Standard Oil Company of Ohio effected by Rockefeller and others.

1871—South Improvement Company arranged for rebates from railroads.

1879—Organization of "Vilas-Keith-Chester trust."

1882—Organization of socalled "Standard Oil trust."

1890—Passage of Sherman anti-trust act.

1892—Rissolution of "Standard Oil trust."

Reorganization of Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, as a holding company.

1906—Filing of a petition for the 1892—Dissolution, of "Standard cases.

1910—Circuit court in St. Louis decrees dissolution.

1910—Appeal made to the supureme court.

1911—Supreme court orders dissolution.

ENGLISH LUTHERANISM PASSES.

Denomination Merges with German Congregations in Missouri Synod.

St. Louis, Mo. — English Lutheranism lost its identity as a distinct denomination, when the 80 congregations comprising this branch of the Missouri synod became merged with the 3,000 German congregations. Henceforth the English churches will comprise the first of 24 districts of the Lutheran church in the United States.

TWENTY-TWO ARE LOST.

French Fishing Boat Founders Near the Grand Banks.

St. Pierre.—The probable loss of the French fishing schooner Victoria with her entire crew of twenty-two men was reported by the captain of the French brigantine Robinson. The Victoria is thought to have gone down with all on board while anchored on the Grand bank in April. She hailed from Port St. Malo.

DEITZ GETS A LIFE SENTENCE

DEFENDER OF CAMERON DAM IS CONVICTED BY JURY AT HAYWARD.

WIFE AND SON ARE ACQUITTED

First Serious Rebuff to Noted Backwoodsman in Celebrated Case Which Has Been in the Courts For Nearly Ten Years.

Hayward.—John Deitz, guilty of murder in the first degree, and his wife, Mrs. Hattie Deitz and his son Leslie, not guilty. Such was the verdict of the jury in the famous case of the Wisconsin backwoodsman. For the killing of Oscar Harp, a sheriff's deputy, for which crime he has been convicted, John Deitz was sentenced to prison for life, and will be in solitary confinement one day each year, Oct. 8, the anniversary of Harp's death.

Deitz announced his intention of filing an appeal, and will employ an attorney. He acted as his own attorney in the present case.

Clerical Error Cause.

A clerical error, the omission of a mention of a reservation of rights for the Mississippi River Logging company and the Chippewa Lumber and Boom company, the original owners, to maintain Cameron dam and flow the land after it had been transferred to Mrs. Cameron, is declared by many to have started the controversy which ended with the jury's verdict today. The rights of the dam and the flowage of the land has always been the contention of John Deitz on the grounds that it is located on the property which is in his wife's name and as much has been ascertained by surveyors for the lumber company.

The company claimed that when the land was deeded over to Mrs. Cameron, who later sold it to Mrs. Deitz, they retained the perpetual rights to the dam and flowage, but this reservation was left out of the warranty deed which Mrs. Deitz now holds and it is on this omission that the Deitz family base their claims to the dam.

Since 1904, at which time the trouble began, when Deitz refused to allow the lumber companies to send the logs over the dam, there have been ten efforts to capture. In the wholesale violence which attended these attempts one man, a deputy sheriff, met his death, three were wounded, on the one side, while with the defenders of the property Myra Deitz was wounded in the back, Clarence shot in the head and John Deitz wounded through the hand. The shooting of Bert Horel is an additional outgrowth of the trouble.

Lumber Held Up.

The lumber piles which proved such points of vantage in the battle of last October are composed of lumber sawed from part of a drive of 6,500,000 feet which Deitz held up when the lumber companies refused him $8,000, which he claimed as his due for about 80,000,000 feet of logs which had passed over the dam since his wife bought the quarter section on which it is located. When an injunction was issued by Judge Parish, Sheriff Peterson, instead of personally serving it on the members of the Deitz family, mailed it, with the result that it was burned. For not doing his duty and serving the paper, Sheriff Peterson was deposed, fined and sentenced to imprisonment, but was later released from the fine and sentence.

Sheriff Fred Clark during a previous term was the next officer of the law to call upon Deitz. Without papers Clark went to the cabin and tried to get Deitz to go with him to the county seat, but no attention was paid to him.

Sheriff William Giblin, with William Elliot and armed posse, moved on Cameron Dam, May 10, 1904, but were met in the woods and after an exchange of shots without injury gave it up as a bad job. Valentine Weisenbach, who assisted Deitz in resisting this service, is now serving a ten-year sentence at Waupun for his complicity.

A warrant brought to the cabin by Thomas Grist, a G. A. R. man and the next sheriff, was promptly consigned to the flames.

Posse in Vicinity.

A posse hovered in the vicinity of the Deitz clearing for several days in 1905, but left without accomplishing anything, and later Sheriff Colon visited the occupants of the cabin and accomplished as much. He was followed by Deputy United States Marshals Jonas and Merklin, who were thrown out of the cabin bodily when they tried to serve their papers. When they were ordered from the clearing at the point of a gun Deputy Sheriff Waite Ackley and another man who were the next legal visitors did not waste time in fond good-byes.

Then Deputy United States Marshal Pugh of Superior came and deposited on a stump some more papers which were thrown into the Thornapple. Sheriff James Gylland with John Rogish and John Hein and armed posses hired in Milwaukee and disguised in the uniforms of Wisconsin National Guardsmen, crawled on the cabin.

Rogish was shot three times and Clarence was shot in the head. The posse left for Milwaukee just ahead of a fusillade of Deitz' bullets and ahead of them was Sheriff James Gylland. Last December in the municipal court in Hayward, John Deitz, Mrs. Deitz, Leslie, Myra and Clarence were bound over for trial on charges of assault with intent to kill.

Bert Horel Affair.

Then came the Bert Horel affair, September 6, 1910, which changed the sentiment of the community against Deitz and his family. During the primary election in Winter on that day, Deitz was arguing with G. G. O'Hare of the school board, when Bert Horel interfered. Blows were exchanged and Deitz was knocked in a ditch. Deitz arose and shot Horel through the neck and the shoulder. On the charge of assault with intent to kill Bert Horel, Clarence was freed last year.

With the growing determination in Sawyer county to capture John Deitz at all hazards, the armed posses under command of Sheriff Mike Madden, Fred Thorbahn and Roy Van Alstyne, the latter one of Deitz' worst enemies, surrounded the cabin and laid siege to it for three days, ending Oct. 8 on the surrender of the head of the family after he had been shot through the hand and Deputy John Harp had been killed by a bullet.

A coroner's jury at Winter attributed Harp's death to John Deitz, his wife and his son Leslie. Myra was in the hospital at Ashland and Clarence Deitz was in jail at Hayward, where they had been taken after they had been captured on the road to Winter one week before the fight, when they ran into an ambuscade of deputies.

The members of the family appeared in the municipal court of Hayward on the various charge and were bound over to the circuit court. All were later released on bond. Deitz retained but one attorney, and when his efforts to secure a change of venue had failed Deitz severed connection with him and took up his own defense before the law.

Famous Athlete Is Married.

Lenox, Massachusetts. — Percy D. Haughton, famous as the coach of Harvard's football teams of '08, '09 and '10, and Mrs. Gwendolin Whistler Howell, a popular society woman of New York, were married today at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Joseph S. Whistler, in this city. The wedding was a brilliant affair and was attended by many Havard alumni from New York and elsewhere. There will be a large reception this evening, after which the couple will leave for a honeymoon in the south.

START OF CORONATION FETES.

King George Dedicates Victoria Memorial.

London, England.—The presence of the German emperor and empress and their daughter, Victoria Louise, who, rumor says, is to be given in marriage to the prince of Wales, at King George's dedication of the great Victoria memorial, and the opening of the Festival of Empire marked the beginning of the three months' reign of merrymaking with which the British empire will celebrate the coronation of the king and queen in June—incidentally putting millions of dollars into the pockets of British tradesmen.

The dedication ceremonies took place near Buckingham palace, where the great monument to the late queen overtops the Mall and rears its stately proportions high in the air, crowned by a gigantic bronze statue of Peace. A troop of the famous Life Guards preceded the open carriage of the king and queen, then followed many more carriages bearing the prime minister, members of the parliament and many other persons of note. At the foot of the monument a great platform had been erected and it was there that the actual ceremonies attendant upon the dedication took place.

IRON SAFE BEFORE GRAND JURY.

Taken From Closed Offices of Carnegie Trust Company.

New York, N. Y. — A big steel safe was taken by force of law from the closed offices of the Carnegie Trust Company and hauled into the grand jury room at the criminal courts building, where it will be examined for evidence it may contain regarding the affairs of the defunct institution.

William J. Cummins refused to open the safe and professional safe workers were called in to open the doors. District Attorney Whitman declined to say whether papers valuable in the grand jury investigation had been found.

Provisional Officers for Cananea.

Cananea, Mexico. — The major portion of Juan Cabral's army moved away from Cananea, marching westward. It is not known whether the force is headed against Hermosillo or Nogales. Cabral himself has not left Cananea. The revolutionary leaders at a meeting presided over by Judge Cabral, selected the provisional officers of Cananea.

Berkshire Fires Out.

Millers Falls, Massachusetts. — A heavy shower extinguished the forest fires which have been burning in this region. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Will Be Sentenced to Be Hanged.

Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan. — It took a jury in Sault Ste Marie, Ont., but 40 minutes to find William Carroll, 65 years old, guilty of the murder of George Thibault. Carroll will be sentenced to be hanged by Justice Britton. Carroll, after accusing Thibault, a much younger man, of persistently annoying him and stealing his clothing, practically decapitated the younger man with an ax while the two were in the bunk house of a lumber camp, 59 miles northeast of Blind River, Ont., on Jan. 18.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

"SINBAD" TURNS SAD.

Former Prison Gardener Who Couldn't Stand Freedom Tends Main Gate.

Stillwater.—Not even at return to prison walls could restore his former gayness to "Sinbad the Sailor," whose freedom made him sad.

Charles Price—that's his registered name—now does duty as a trusty from morning till night at the main gate of the prison yard, but his blithesomeness had departed. No more of those South sea stories trickle from his South sea lips.

Price used to be in charge of the prison greenhouse. There he developed hybrid plants that rivaled Burbank's marvels, and grew the mammoth lemons that made the greenhouse famous. Last August 5 his life sentence for murder was commuted and he went to St. Paul to engage in gardening. For a while all was well, but when the family that employed him left home for months "Sinbad" grew lonesome and morose. Finally he appeared at the prison office and asked to be readmitted.

They let him in, but his old job, amid the plants and flowers, had been given to another. They made Price keeper of the main gate, but he sits there all day unsmiling, languishing for lack of the prison joys that once were his.

'Tis said he hopes a second application for parole may be made when the woman who was his benefactress returns to her St. Paul home. But he doesn't want to leave prison again unless he is permitted to return to the Malay islands, the scene of his heyday exploits.

RESTORE THE 3-CENT FARE.

Probably Every Road Will Have Permission by Saturday.

St. Paul.—By next week, it is expected, every railroad doing business in Minnesota will have been granted permission to resume the three-cent fare in this state pending the outcome of the appeal in the rate cases to the United States supreme court.

The stockholders of the five roads not affected by Judge Willard's decision allowing the Northern Pacific, Great Northern and Minneapolis & St. Louis to resume the old rate have filed a petition for a temporary injunction against the state to restrain the enforcement of the present rate pending the outcome in the higher court.

Papers in the suits were submitted to Judge Sanborn. According to the attorneys this action is simply a protective move on the part of the stockholders, and is taken in accordance with actions already filed by the Minnesota & International and Big Fork & International Falls railroads.

WORKS RAISED CHECK GAME.

Sharp Dupes Faribault Merchant, Getting Away With $30.

Faribault.—A man giving his name as James Ford succeeded in passing a railroad cashier's check for $80 on a local hardware man here Monday night.

He came into the store while the proprietor was absent and bought a bill of goods from one of the clerks amounting to $50 and took the change.

The goods were to be delivered the next day. The proprietor discovered that the check had been raised from $8 to $80. The cashier's check was drawn by Madison Wis., bank on a Milwaukee bank.

The officers have been unable to get trace of the man.

St. Paul Keeps Army Station.

St. Paul.—Three new army divisions have been decided upon by the United States government, and the war department is busy looking for three men who will be given charge of the districts and who will be given the rank of major general. At present there is but one division, that of the Philippines, where it is thought Major General Bell will be left in command. The headquarters of the Eastern division will be at Governor's island. Chicago will be made the headquarters of the Central division, with departments at several stations, including one at St. Paul. The center of the Western division will be at San Francisco. It is announced that the changes are to go into effect July 1.

Minneapolis. — Following "The Squaw Man," at the Bijou, the Klimt & Gazzolo players will present, the week of May 21st, the ever popular book play, "East Lynn." Book plays, as a rule, never fail of popularity, and the highest measure of prestige must be accorded to this time-honored story of love and intrigue.

AUTO FRIGHTENS TEAM.

Two People Are Injured in Runaway At Barnesville.

Barnesville.—While returning home Trace Baarsgard, 14 years old, son of Thomas Baarsgard, a Skree farmer, sustained a broken leg, his sister Ines sustained bruises and other members of the family were slightly injured when an automobile driven by James McDonald of Hawley frightened the Baarsgard team on a narrow highway, the rig being overturned. [illegible]

SHOWERS BENEFIT CROPS.

Large Area of Northwestern Grain Fields Deluged.

Winona.—A quarter of an inch of rain and a warm clear day was a combination of conditions that brought great rejoicing to Winona county farmers. The warm rain began falling slowly about 2 o'clock Sunday morning and continued until daybreak, giving abundant moisture to the soil and placing it in excellent condition for growth of infant crops under the influence of sunshine which brought the temperature up to 80 degrees as a maximum.

Reports from over Southern Minnesota declare the rainfall very beneficial to vegetation of all kinds. Barley and oats have made great progress in a single day here, and wheat farther west has been given a splendid impetus. Indications tonight, according to the local weather observer, are for additional rainfall before daybreak.

Mankato Is Favored.

Mankato.—This vicinity was visited by a copious rainfall which benefited the growing crops a great deal. The crop conditions are very good. All small grain is well stooled and some corn is above ground. The prospects for a heavy fruit crop are excellent. All others crops are well along.

Downpour Around Duluth.

Duluth.—A heavy shower visited Duluth and vicinity. Crop conditions are very satisfactory at present, through many farmers have been anticipating another dry season and have tilled their ground with great care. A much greater acreage is being planted in Northern and Northwestern Minnesota than ever before.

Big Rain at Sauk Center.

Sauk Center.—Farmers and citizens were delighted when the first big rain of the season fell. There was lightning and thunder for hours and intermittent rains, and then a steady rain, which has made the dry parched ground look green. Even the lakes were drying up and Sauk lake is five feet lower than usual. This rain will do much to help fill the wells and the streams and lakes. Farmers everywhere were rejoicing at the showers of rain, for which prayers had been made.

Red Wing.—Light rains fell here. Crop conditions are excellent.

VINCENT ON INSPECTION TOUR.

"U" Head Says He Has Learned Much on Trip to Upper Minnesota.

Minneapolis.—Dr. George E. Vincent, president of the Minnesota State university, and party, who have been visiting the agricultural schools at Morris and Crookston and the experimental station at Grand Rapids, are home again.

The party had intended to inspect sites for the Duluth demonstration farm, but this will be done next week.

"This visit to the agricultural schools and experimental farms has interested and instructed me much," said President Vincent.

"I cannot speak of upper Minnesota agriculturally, for I am just learning things relating to that industry, but I am much impressed with the people of this section and the fine type of school children in the several districts that we have visited."

RED LAKE INDIANS PAID.

No Ill Feeling Shown and No Intoxication Seen at Agency.

Bemidji.—The Red Lake Indians, both adults and minors, received a payment of part money due them for sale of lands on their reservation. Agent Bishop, who is in charge at Red Lake agency, says that each Indian gets $40.70. There are 1,400 members of the Red Lake band, and many of the families number five or more.

The payment was conducted in a quiet and businesslike manner, their being no disturbances of any kind, and nothing but the best of good feeling has prevailed at the agency.

There is an entire absence of anything resembling intoxication among the Indians, as the law relative to selling or giving away liquor to persons of Indian blood is being rigidly observed.

Faribault Riflemen Awarded a Medal.

Faribault. — Lieutenant Donald F. MacKenzie of Company B, M. N. G., of this city, received a medal from the Minnesota national guard. The medal is awarded for services in the guard in the expert rifle class, and is the mark of the highest distinction obtained in this department in the state.

DUTCH COMING TO MINNESOTA.

Eighty Families Arrive at New York on the Lapland.

New York.—The second cabin of the Red Star liner Lapland was filled with eighty well-to-do Dutch Catholic families bound for Minnesota. They were in charge of Right Rev. Henricus Holman and Rev. August Van Den Heuvel. They are all farmers, and the biggest family is that of Mr. and Mrs. Johan Squary, who bring ten children [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

St. Louis.—The German branch of the Lutheran synod of Missouri elected Rev. F. R. Pfotenhauer of Hamburg, Minn., president.

Red Wing.—J. E. Smith, veteran of the Civil war and commander of A. E. Welch post, G. A. R., died here. He was 75 years old.

Minneapolis. — In the heavy rain and hail storm of Tuesday night, a number of plate glass windows in down-town stores were broken.

Washington.—Representative Volstead has recommended the appointment of P. H. Holtz as postmaster at Starbuck, Minn., to succeed J. W. Kollness.

Washington.—The corporate existence of the First National Bank of Elbow Lake, Minn., has been extended until May 15, 1931, by the comptroller of the currency.

Litchfield.—James Hughes, a prosperous farmer of Dawson, hanged himself in his barn. He had suffered from spells of depression for some time. He leaves a wife and two children.

Bertha.—The Farmer's Co-Operative State Bank of Bertha was organized here by election of the following board of directors; J. G. Gebbard, Fred Ley, E. W. Smith, G. F. Freeman and L. H. Bottemiller.

St. Paul. — The members of the Law and Order League waited on Mayor Keller and requested him to have the city and county officials enforce the liquor law. They said there were 800 blind pigs in St. Paul.

Minneapolis. — By a referendum vote at a special election, all of the twelfth and two precincts of the eleventh ward, went dry by a majority of 128, after having saloons in the ward twenty-seven years.

Duluth. — Turle & Co., a grain commission firm of Duluth, obtained a judgment against the Soo line for $1,479.14 for the alleged loss of flaxseed of that value while in transit. The flaxseed disappeared in some manner unknown.

Redwood Falls.—The school board has engaged Dr. George F. James, dean of the school of education, University of Minnesota, to deliver the commencement address before the graduating class of the high school Wednesday evening, May 31.

St. Paul.—A telegram has been received from Governor Eberhart approving the pardon of George Mahan. The pardon had been approved by the other members of the board. Mahan will be released from the state prison at Stillwater and taken to his home at Little Rock, Ark.

Faribault.—The Rt. Rev. Cameron Mann, D. D., bishop of North Dakota, is expected to deliver the sermon for the Shattuck graduates in the Cathedral Sunday, June 11. Rt. Rev. J. D. Morrison, D. D., LL. D., of Duluth, will deliver the address to the graduating class at St. Mary's hall June 13.

Duluth. — A. E. Pfrimmer, formerly owner of the Hibbing Tribune, and who recently sold out and went to Miami, Florida, intending to establish himself there, has returned and bought out the Eveleth Star, at Eveleth. The paper was owned by former Representative P. E. Dowling, now of Duluth.

Ely.—A steam shovel with a large crew is now at work at Section 30 mine, stripping a large area of an overburden of from six to twelve feet, to uncover a good ore body. This is the first time stripping has been done on the Vermillion range and probably will overthrow the theory that the ore lies at a great depth.

Red Wing.—The big barn on the farm of Michael Ryan, two miles north of the Catholic church at Belle Creek, was totally destroyed by fire. The live stock was saved but considerable farm machinery and farm vehicles were destroyed with the building, as well as hay and feed. The total loss is estimated at about $3,000. There was an insurance of $1,500 on the building and contents.

Worthington.—The Marshall District Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church held a successful convention here. Anmong the speakers from outside of the city were Miss Martha Nicolaisen of China and Mrs. Mabel McKinstry Wallace of St. Paul. The society of the local church entertained the visiting delegates at a banquet in the parlors of the church.

Winona.—A man who is believed by the police to be an experienced crook was captured while at work in the Ludwig hotel. John Milne, proprietor of the hotel, says he came upon the man as the latter was about to leave the hotel with numerous articles and wearing apparel that belonged to other guests of the hotel. He gave his name at the hotel as Alex. Brown. Letters in his pocket give another alias, James

More Land for Deaf School.

Faribault.—The state board of control has purchased more land adjoining the school for the deaf here. The ground purchased consists of fourteen acres which has been used as a poultry farm in the past. This additional purchase now gives the school nearly 100 acres. The land is well equipped with farm buildings, and it will be used for gardening and the raising of poultry, bees, fruits and in this manner will give additional facilities for the teaching of practical agriculture in the school.

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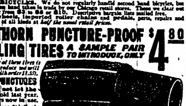

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DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C.O.D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
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Saturday, May 20, 1911.

Care of Cream

St. Hilaire, Minnesota, May 8, 1911.

ESTEEMED PATRON;—The grading of cream and paying for same according to quality is the system that is being adopted by one creamery after another thruout the state. That, no doubt, is the proper system; but you, I am sure, would not like to accept "Grade 2" price for your cream when thru a little extra care in milking, separating, and cooling your cream you could just as well bring an "A No. 1" product to the creamery.

To avoid the extra labor and consequent expense connected with the "paying for cream according to quality" system we are trying to get all our cream to the creamery in "A No. 1" condition—perfectly sweet, clean, and wholesome; and with your hearty cooperation I know it to be possible to achieve this end. You may ask, "Will it pay?" In answer to that question I must say, most emphatically: *"Yes, it will pay;* a great deal better than most people imagine.'

Just one illustration to prove that assertion: We have offers from several concerns who are willing to pay 10 cts. above New York Extra per pound of butterfat contained in perfectly sweet cream. "Does it pay?" Well, I guess.

This creamery has a "gold medal" reputation, but in order to keep it up—yes, better it, if possible—we must not allow past glory to blind us to the fact that if we are to produce the best finished product we must be forever on our guard against impure bacteria as they are found in unclean utensils, such as milk pails, strainers, cans, separators, and the like; also, from unclean udders and flanks of the animal. Udders should be wiped clean with a damp cloth before every milking. Pails and strainers should be thoroughly washed and scalded after using. The separator should be taken apart and washed clean after every skimming, and should not be put together again until all parts have dried thoroughly.

The cream should be placed in cold water immediately after skimming and should not be covered tightly until free from animal heat. Put a cheese cloth over can and stir occasionally; and *don't forget to cool batches separately,* i. e., do *not* add warm cream from a morning skimming to that skimmed the previous evening until the fresh cream has been thoroughly cooled. If you do you will find it impossible to keep your cream sweet any length of time. Another thing: Try to skim a fairly heavy cream (between 25 and 35 per cent); by doing so you'll not have so much erum to take care of, and it is easier to *keep* a heavy cream after you have once cooled it than it is to keep a 15 or 20 per cent cream.

Cream should be delivered at the creamery *at least three times per week* in the summer and twice in winter.

Let our watchword be *quality,* and let us ever boost to make our creamery a manufacturer of "GoldMedal butter" every day in the week. Thanking you for your kind attention, I am yours truly,

A. J. HED.

As to the Taxes

The 1910 real estate tax is payable this year at Red Lake Falls and at Thief River Falls before June 1, 1911.

At Red Lake Falls are payable the township or village levies, the school district levies, and the state taxes, together with all special assessments, such as ditch, sidewalk, road, and other taxes. Under the law these taxes are payable to the old county of Red Lake—for this year only.

All back taxes are also payable to the old county of Red Lake.

The Pennington county tax is for county purposes only —5 mills for county revenue, 2 mills for road and bridge, and 1 mill for bond and interest

A penalty of 10 per cent will be added to the tax on June 1. This applies to both places, and the paying of one tax will not save the penalty at the other place. If one-half of the real estate tax is paid before June 1 the remaining one-half will run to Oct. 31 without cost. The tax must be for one dollar to take advantage of the one-half payments.

Lecture

This next number of the lecture course will be given Tuesday evening, May 23, at 8 o'clock, in Imperial hall, by Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls. His subject is "Philosophy in a 'Tater Patch," and is a hummer. Don't fail to hear him, for you will miss a treat if you do. Admission 15 cents to all.

Hearing on Ditch Petition.

Judicial Ditch No. 25, Marshall, Polk, Red Lake, and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) Counties, State of Minnesota. Clerk of Court's Notice of Hearing in Ditch Proceedings.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of Marshall.
District Court
14th Judicial District.

In the Matter of the Petition of Johannes Gjerde and others for a public drainage ditch in the Counties of Marshall, Polk, Red Lake and Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake), State of Minnesota, designated and numbered as Judicial Ditch Number Twenty-five (25).

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of Marshall County, State of Minnesota, praying for the construction of a public drainage ditch, designated and numbered by the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, Minnesota, as Judicial Ditch number 25, and that the preliminary hearing provided by law before a Judge of the District Court of said county has been had thereon, and the said Judge has appointed a civil engineer to make a survey of the route of said ditch and to perform such other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said engineer has completed his work and made due report thereon ard filed the same in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall County, and that the said Judge of the said district court has duly appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits in the matter of said ditch and to perform all other duties in relation thereto as provided by law, and that the said viewers have completed their work and have filed their report in the office of the clerk of the district court of said Marshall county; and that, as appears by the report of the engineer hereinbefore mentioned, the starting point, route and terminal of the Main ditch and branches of said Judicial Ditch Number 25, including a description of the land over which the same passes, is as follows:

MAIN DITCH: Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections eight (8), nine (9), sixteen (16) and seventeen (17), in township numbered one hundred and fifty four (154) north of range forty five (45) west, being town of Numedal, Red Lake County, (now Pennington County), Minnesota, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20) and twenty-one (21), township one hundred and fifty-four (154), range forty five (45) west, a distance of eleven thousand (11000) feet, thence south twenty (20) degrees east a distance of twenty five hundred and twenty-seven (2527) feet, thence south forty (40) degrees and thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of twenty-eight hundred (2800) feet,—thence south twenty (20) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes, east, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence south fifty-one (51) degrees, twenty-five (25) minutes west, a distance of twelve hundred (1200) feet,—thence south twenty five (25) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, a distance of eight hundred and sixty (860) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, no minutes west, a distance of eight hundred (800) feet, to the center of section thirty two (32), township one hundred and fifty four (154)), north, range forty five (45) west,—thence west on the quarter line through sections thirty two (32) and thirty one (31), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner between said section thirty one (31) township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and section thirty six (36), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south forty five (45) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through the southeast quarter of said last mentioned section thirty six (36), to a point forty (40) feet north of the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty six (36), and sections one (1), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the town line between townships one hundred fifty three (153) and one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, to a point thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the quarter section corner between section three (3), township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and section thirty four (34), township one hundred fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west,—thence south fourteen (14) degrees, three (3) minutes west, through section three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, to a point forty (40) feet north and forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections three (3), four (4), nine (9), and ten (10), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections four and nine (4 and 9), five and eight (5 and 8), six and seven (6 and 7), in township one hundred fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west,—thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the sections line between sections eleven and twelve (11 and 12), said last mentioned township and range, to the quarter section corner,—thence west on the quarter section line through sections eleven, ten and nine (11, 10 and 9) to the center of section eight (8), said last mentioned township and range,—and from this point running thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of seven hundred and eighty (780) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees, forty (40) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8), a distance of thirteen hundred and fifty (1350) feet,—thence north sixty two (62) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of one thousand (1000) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees west through said last mentioned section eight (8) a distance of eight hundred thirty six (836) feet, thence south eighty three (83) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through section seven (7) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of forty (40) feet,—thence north thirty four (34) degrees, forty (40) minutes west through said last mentioned section seven (7), a distance of five hundred and twenty four (524) feet,—thence north six degrees (6), no (0) minutes west, through section section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of three hundred and thirty (330) feet,—thence north eighty (80) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred and thirty seven (637) feet,—thence south eighteen degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of four hundred and ninety three (493) feet,—thence north eighty seven (87) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north sixteen (16) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of three hundred and forty (340) feet,—thence north eight five (85) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north fifty five (55) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6) a distance of nine hundred (900) feet,—thence north eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north thirty eight (38) degrees west, through said last mentioned section six (6), a distance of sixteen hundred (1600) feet,—thence north thirty-eight (38) degrees west, through section one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, a distance of four hundred and forty (440) feet,—thence south fifty (50) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and fifteen (915) feet,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nine hundred and sixty (960) feet,—thence north forty (40) degrees west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence north eighty (80) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through said last mentioned section one (1) a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, through section two (2) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of thirty two hundred and thirty two (3232) feet,—thence west parallel with the section line between sections two (2), three (3) and four (4), said last mentioned township and range, and sections thirty three (33), thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), township one hundred and fifty four (154), range forty eight (48), to a point forty (40) feet south of the quarter section corner between section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west, and section thirty three (33), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west,—thence north along the quarter section line through the section of said last mentioned section thirty three (33), to the quarter section corner between said last mentioned section thirty three (33) and section twenty eight (28) said last mentioned township and range,—thence north along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of one hundred and forty (140) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet,—thence north thirteen (13) degrees, fifty (50) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north sixty seven (67) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of eight hundred and forty (840) feet,—thence south eighty three (83) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of five hundred and seventy (570) feet,—thence north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, through said last mentioned section twenty eight (28), a distance of three hundred and sixty (360) feet,—thence through and into section twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north fifty three (53) degrees, no (0) minutes west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north eighty four (84) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and twenty (120) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred feet (400) feet,—thence north seventy eight (78) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north twenty six (26) degrees west, a distance of one hundred and ten (110) feet,—thence north twenty two (22) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and thirty (230) feet,—thence north twelve (12) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and seventy (470) feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of three hundred (300) feet,—thence south thirty six (36) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and twenty (220) degrees,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of one hundred and eighty (180) feet,—thence north seventeen (17) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and eighty (680) feet,—thence north eight (8) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and ten (210) feet,—thence north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and seventy (270) feet,—thence through and into section twenty (20) township one hundred and fifty four (154) range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north forty three (43) degrees, fifteen minutes (15) west, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of two hundred and ninety (290) fet,—thence south eighty eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and fifty (650) feet,—thence north twenty eight (28) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty (550) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) fet,—thence north five (5) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distace of five hundred and sixty (560) feet,—thence north fifty one (51) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and seventy (370) feet,—thence north nine (9) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and eighty (280) feet,—thence south eighty (80) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and twenty (620) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and sixty (1060) feet,—thence north seventy (70) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of fourteen hundred and eighty (1480) feet,—thence north seventy five (75) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and ninety (490) feet,—thence north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of three hundred and twenty nine (329) feet,—thence north through and into section nineteen (19) township one hundred and fifty four (154) range forty eight (48) west, as follows: north twenty (20) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of two hundred and twenty one (221) feet,—thence north thirty six (36) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of four hundred and fifty six (456) feet,—and thence emptying into Judicial Ditch numbered one (1) in Polk County, as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 1. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections two (2), three (3), ten (10) and eleven (11), township one hundred and fifty four (154), north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections three (3) and ten (10), four (4) and nine (9), five (5) and eight (8), six (6) and seven (7), said last mentioned township and range, and sections one and twelve (1 and 12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and thence north between sections one and two (1 and 2), said last mentioned township and range, and emptying into Snake River as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 2. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east of the corner of sections nineteen, twenty, thirty and twenty nine (19, 20, 30 and 29) township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections nineteen (19) and twenty (20), said last mentioned township and range to a point forty (40) feet east and forty (40) feet north of the corner of sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections eighteen (18) and nineteen (19),—thence north parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), said last mentioned township and range, and sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west, and emptying into Lateral numbered one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 3. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet north and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet west of the corner of sections ten (10), eleven (11), fourteen (14) and fifteen (15), township one hundred and fifty four (154), north, range forty six (46) west, and running thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between sections ten (10) and fifteen (15), nine (9) and sixteen (16), and north between sections eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west, and emptying into Lateral numbered one (1) as its outlet.

LATERAL NO. 4. Commencing at a point forty (40) feet east and thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet north of the corner of sections one (1) and twelve (12), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, and sections six (6) and seven (7) township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south parallel with and forty (40) feet east of the range line between ranges forty four (44) and forty five (45) west, and between sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), thirty (30), and thirty one (31) township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), twenty four (24), twenty five (25) and thirty six (36), township one hundred and fifty three (153) range forty five (45) west, to a point forty (40) east and forty (40) feet south of the standard township corner of townships one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty three (43) west,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet south of the township line between said last mentioned townships one hundred and fifty three (153) and one hundred and fifty four (154) north, and between sections one (1) and two (2), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west, and sections thirty five (35) and thirty six (36), township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west, to a point about one hundred and thirty five (135) feet east of the corner of sections thirty four (34) and thirty five (35), said last mentioned township and range, and sections two (2) and three (3), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west,—thence from this point south twenty (20) degrees west, through sections three (3) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence south seventy (70) degrees west through the said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of fifteen hundred (1500) feet,—thence south eighty six (86) degrees west, through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of seven hundred (700) feet,—thence south eighty seven (87) degrees, thirty (30) minutes west through said last mentioned section three (3), a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—thence south thirty two (32) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west through section four (4), said last mentioned township and range, a distance of twenty six hundred (2600) feet,—and thence through said last mentioned section four (4) as follows: south no (0) degrees, fifty (50) minutes east, along the quarter line a distance of fifteen hundred and twenty one (1521) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of three hundred and seventy nine (379) feet,—thence south twenty one (21) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through section nine (9), said last mentioned township and range a distance of eleven hundred and thirty eight (1138) feet,—thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of twelve hundred and fifty one (1251) feet,—and thence south eleven (11) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, through said last mentioned section nine (9), a distance of thirty three hundred and thirty six (3336) feet, to the corner of sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), said last mentioned township and range,—and thence through said last mentioned section fifteen (15) as follows: south twenty eight (28) degrees, twenty five (25) minutes east, a distance of twenty two hundred and seventy five (2275) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of five thousand six hundred and forty four (5644) feet,—and from thence through section twenty two (22), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south eleven (11) degrees, forty five (45) minutes east, a distance of fifty four hundred and thirty one (5431) feet, to the quarter section corner between sections twenty two (22) and twenty seven (27), said last mentioned township and range,—thence south along the quarter section line through said last mentioned section dred and nineteen (1419) feet,—thence south hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence through said last mentioned section twenty seven (27) as follows: south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of twenty six hundred and forty (2640) feet,—thence south seventeen (17) degrees, forty (40) minutes east, a distance of fourteen hun- twelve (12) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of thirteen hundred and sixty eight (1368) feet,—thence south through sections thirty four (34) said last mentioned township and range, as follows: south three (3) degrees, thirty (30) minutes east, a distance of thirteen hundred (1300) feet,— thence south twenty three (23) degrees, three (3) minutes east, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence south two (2) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes east, a distance of nineteen hundred (1900) feet,—thence south forty two (42) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west through said section thirty four (34), a distance of eighteen hundred and seventy seven (1877) feet,—and from thence south five (5) degrees, twenty (20) minutes through section four (4), township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west, a distance of three hundreil and tewnty three (323) feet,—and thence north eight seven (87) degrees, fifty (50) minutes through said last mentioned section four (4), a distance of eight hundred feet, (800), to a point where Black River is sufficiently large to carry all water tributary thereto, as an outlet.

LATERAL NO. 5. Commencing at the quarter section corner between sections seventeen (17) and twenty (20), in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south along the quarter section line through twenty seven (27), a distance of twenty six said last mentioned section twenty (20) to be quarter section corner between sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), said last mentioned township and range,—thence west parallel with and forty (40) feet north of the section line between said last mentioned sections twenty (20) and twenty nine (29), a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet,—thence south along the sixteenth (16th) section line through the center of the west half of sections twenty nine (29) and thirty two (32), said last mentioned township and range, and thence seven hundred (700) feet into section five (5), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west,—thence south sixty three (63) degrees, thirty (30) minutes, through said last mentioned section five (5), a distance of one thousand and eighty five (1085) feet,—and thence south through said last mentioned section five (5) as follows: south sixty nine (69) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of five hundred and fifty six (556) feet,—thence through and into section six (6), said last mentioned township and range, as follows: north seventy seven (77) degrees, ten (10) minutes west, a distance of ten hundred and eight four (1084) feet,—thence south a distance of thirteen hundred and four (1304) feet,—thence south seventy one (71) degrees, fifty (50) minutes, a distance of two hundred (200) feet,—thence north forty five (45) degrees, a distance of eight hundred and thirty (830) feet,—thence north sixty three (63) degrees, forty five (45) minutes west, a distance of six hundred and three (603) feet,—thence south sixty six (66) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes, a distance of eight hundred and seventy (870) feet,—thence south eighteen (18) degrees, forty five (45) minutes, a distance of one hundred (100) feet,—thence south fifty (55) degrees, fifty five (55) minutes west, a distance of one hundred and eighty nine (189) feet,—thence north eighty three (83) degrees, fifteen (15) minutes west, a distance of six hundred (600) feet,—thence north forty six (46) degrees, a distance of four hundred (400) feet,—thence north sixty five (65) degrees, five (5) minutes west, a distance of five hundred (500) feet,—thence through sections one (1), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west, as follows: north forty four (44) degrees, twenty (20) minutes west, a distance of eighteen hundred and sixty four (1864) feet,—thence north nineteen (19) degrees west, a distance of four hundred and fifty (450) feet, and emptying into Lateral numbered four (4) at a point about six hundred (600) feet west of the corner of township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) and township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

LATERAL NO. 6. Commencing at a point on Lateral numbered five (5) near the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6), township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west, and running thence south twenty five (25) degrees east in section five (5) said last mentioned township and range, a distance of seventeen hundred (1700) feet, and thence emptying into Lateral numbered five (5) as its outlet.

A further description of the lands over which the said main ditch and laterals of said Judicial Ditch numbered twenty five (25) is surveyed and will pass, is as follows:

Sections seven (7), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty nine (29), thirty (30), thirty one (31) and thirty two (32), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections five (5), six (6), in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty four (44) west.

Sections twelve (12), thirteen (13), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), twenty (20), twenty one (21), twenty four (24), twenty five (25), twenty eight (28), twenty nine (29), thirty one (31), thirty two (32), thirty five (35), thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), nine (9), sixteen (16), fifteen (15), twenty two (22), twenty seven (27) and thirty four (34), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty five (45) west.

Section four (4), in township one hundred and fifty two (152) north, range forty five (45) west.

Sections three (3) four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), thirty four (34), thirty five (35), and thirty six (36), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8) and nine (9), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty six (46) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), twelve (12), thirteen (13), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10) eleven (11), and twelve (12), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty seven (47) west.

Sections one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), all in township one hundred and fifty three (153) north, range forty eight (48) west.

Sections nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty eight (29), twenty nine (29), and thirty three (33), all in township one hundred and fifty four (154) north, range forty eight (48) west.

And that the said engineer's erport shows the dimensions of the said ditch and the particular and exact location thereof, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal corporations and other corporations, that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as the same appears in the report of the viewers hereinbefore mentioned, are as follows, to-wit: State of Minnesota, Regina Tonne, A. M. Buckley, L. K. Skroggin, Central Minnesota Emigration Company, Isaac H. Elliott, L. K. Croggin, R. W. Stephenson, C. A. Isaacs, G. S. Gilbertson, J. H. McCoy, Jacob Back, Selma C. England, Apolania Gergen, John Grove, D. S. B. Johnson Land Company, W. C. Mitchell, H. H. Dunn, et. al., F. A. Morse, Edward J. Hodgson, Wm. Palmer, R. B. Thomas, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad Company, Henry Wedge, W. S. Ayres, Z. M. Chapman, J. C. Crobsty, Henry W. Lay, L. K. Scroggin, E. P. Lovell, W. H. Morsell, Scandia American Bank of Crookston, Minnesota, N. S. Moen, T. A. Scroggin, Fredrick Ax, Catherina Ax, P. B. Gaas, Peter Lindblom, Farmers Loan and Trust Company, Emil Larson, Henry Lindblom, J. F. Shutt, P. Lindblom, Matilda Johnson, Charles England, Johanna S. Swanson, J. & A. Dahlen, Frank Breunke, P. S. Medchill, C. A. Lindquist, John Peterson, Marshall County Land Company, D. A. Aalestrand, Claus A. Amdahl, Geo. Anderson, The Peoples Threshing Company, The Peoples Trading Company, Hanna J. Kannard, Arthur J. Byrnes, Edward L. Wright, Hanna J. Kanum, John Hansen Vaadal, P. E. Dinehart, John Olson, John Brateny, Andrew E. Mossestad, Nels Burtness, Julius S. Sonyer, Olaus O. Ordal, Ira Johnson, C. H. Norbovig, Iver L. Aaseby, O. E. Mathews, trustee, W. A. Knapp, M. C. Harlow, O. J. Tweet, F. N. Mead, Peter A. Waldness, Knut Knutseth, Anna Larson, et. al., John Johnson, Christian Rodegaard, Nels Samuelson, Nels O. Nora, Ole E. Lillegaard, August Sandberg, Nels E. Rodegard, Citizens State Bank of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, Jacob Olson, Severine L. Demann, Peter A. Voldness, Andrew Johnson, Ole Peterson, Andrias N. Iverson, Bertha Gravlie, Martin Rust, A. L. Demen, Iver N. Iverson, Battoff Skibness, Ole N. Monsebraten, Ole E. Engen, Olaf A. Wig, L. Lamberson, John Brateng, Anton Nelson, Thomas Hall, Peter Keine, Karin Anderson, Van Sant Land Company, A. Rothe, Knut Nicolson, Mary Nelson, C. M. Sonnesyn, Christian Larson, A. N. Iverson, J. N. Miller, W. M. & P. Ry. Co., Sam McClure, Lander Engebretson, Rasmus I. Aasebo, Minneapolis & St. Cloud Railroad Company, Lina J. Oaness, Ore Moen, R. R. Thomas, C. F. Chase, Don Johnson, Chicago, Rock Island Railway Company, Minnesota and St. Cloud Railroad Company, John Seaverson, Helmer E. Severs, Handly & Pffer, Helmer E. Severs, Lucy A. Cunningham, I. F. Dawes, C. M. Warren, Abraham Wegerli, Great Northern Railway Company, Otto M. Loring, Western Land Company, A. L. Rud, F. M. Stewart, Henry Kwing, Elizabeth Martin, Great Western Elevator Company, Andrew Larson, A. B. Cummins, Ole Morud, Reinbeck State Bank, Fred F. Rugg, M. H. Evans, J. H. Mineah, Edward L. Wright, F. M. Burroughs, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company, Wm. M. Gardiner, R. C. Mathwig, Anton Nelson, Christian Anderson, Orpha R. Burkhart, Howard Graves, James Espeseth, Diener Malte, Ole Gjerde, Christ Sobeck, [illegible], J. H. Mineah, A. Lichteig, S. H. Way, Ole R. Sonstrud, J. H. & B. H. Rode, L. W. Pearson, Frank Coffman, Edward Kunz, Theodore Doerfker, L. E. Garlock, I. A. Petter, B. C. Way, Jacob Ruff, Anton Nilsen, National Bank of Commerce of Mankato, Minnesota, Alurd J. Pederson, Chas. A. Newman, administrator, Benj. E. Arhaug, Jennie Sorg, C. L. Halso, O. Abelson, A. Abelson, W. A. Knapper, Andrew Olson, Geo. E. Sibert, J. A. Kile, Frank A. Lyons, John Sneiere, Hans L. Lande, Johannes Gjerde, Albert L. Ward, J. H. Nineah, Ole Stone, L. K. Jones, M. H. Ivans, C. E. Gildersleeve, S. M. Mataer, Edward W. Powell, D. S. B. Johnson, Ole L. Olson, John Gehrke, W. C. Colen, N. Green, W. Green, R. H. Doe, O. E. Long, et. al., Cyrus Elliot, S. R. Mather, J. P. Fasitor, Anna Kunz, August Leickting, A. P. Davis, Edward Sommers, August Johnson, Andrew J. Olin, Nelson Brothers, Andrew N. Wilson, E. F. Grew, Otto L. Allen, Harry H. Buck, John Brener, R. K. Doe, C. B. Thompson, A. W. Seymour, M. A. Benson, Donald J. Cameron, Fred Meier, Wm. Schultz, Anton Zink, Edward Kung, Maria Louisa Johnson, Jacob Ruffing, Mary Blackburne, Ellsworth Loan & Trust Company, John H. Seitz, C. F. Nelson, W. C. Smith, Wynkoop Lemen, Sidney Clark, George A. Dean, Wykoop Lemen, Daniel W. Miller, W. R. Nightingale, Evan L. Wortham, John Oberg, James Burke, F. P. Strathem, Ben Sewell, John F. Handly, Maria Bergren, John Olson, Perline Bugge, Joseph Cowden, Hannah L. Olson, H. C. Moore, D. J. Stewart, W. J. Stewart, Richard O. Day, A. M. Vail, Ida T. Vail, W. L. Barclay, H. F. Greenfield, D. W. Bank, Thomas Nelson, et. al., A. J. Kyle, Edward King, William E. Simpson, Hans T. Hanglid, Inga Peterson, Eliza Ainsworth, Lewis Larson, Ira Peck, Fredrick Strobel, Julius E. Nelson, Martin Syverson, John Fillenworth, Renix E. Lane, B. E. Lane, W. H. Healy, Mary Dobias, Marshal Rugg, Joseph Dobias, J. Duffy, Mason City Loan & Trust Company, A. R. Wilkinson, Chas. Steebe, Peter Kein, E. D. Helgren, Thomas Hewerdina, G. W. Garlock, G. D. Helgren, Matalda Wilkinson, W. R. Carleton, Martha W. Carter, Malcolm H. Clark, Julius H. Kunz, Geo. Leaming, J. W. Wheeler, Richard O. Day, C. E. Stevens, L. E. Jones, L. W. Garlock, Rebecca S. Kalha, Wheeler-Misner Loan Co., Charles Bailey, Ed. Dannreuther, Charles E. Bailey, Geo. E. Stubbins, Geo. E. Stebbins, Timothy J. Coyne, Hans Christofferson, Olof Larson, John L. Fisher, A. B. Wesner, Andrew E. Mossestad, George W. Heater, Andrew E. Orvick, Middlesex Banking Company, John W. Bugge, Halvor Olson, D. B. Scofield, L. D. Hosler, Chas. Stephens, Joseph Jornydahl, L. Etta Pitcher, Ole O. Sande, Thomas Hanna, Gustaf A. Rose, Hans Baardson, Alson Humes, Severt Hanson, Henry E. Barnes, Edward Severe, et. al., Erick Albue, Fred Baelke, Northern Real Estate and Mortgage Company, Peter H. Swenson, Ole E. Rouingen, Henry G. Krantz, J. G. Mitchell, Knatvold & Dunn, Andrew E. Rolfson, Howard H. Dunn, et.al., Ellsworth & Jones, A. B. Funk, Swan Englund, A. C. Smith, Jennie Hanson, J. T. Schumacher, Tom Severson, O. W. Krueger, Geo. H. Snider, F. C. Snider, H. A. Krueger, Arnold & Gruetzmacher, E. A. Bush, Arthur E. Brush, E. S. Campion, Bomer Evans, Elizabeth Evans, Leonard Willis, J. H. Crickenburges, Frank J. Zeidlik, A. A. Youreko, Frank Brady, C. E. Stichfeld, Joseph Fravnick, Chas. Stiner, Andrew Stiner, T. C. McCracken, B. J. Chaney, Albert Kovar, Abbie Flint, et. al., A. B. Airhart, Lewis Olson, Lewis Estlund. And the following named townships, to-wit: Bray, Norden, Sanders, Polk Centre, Numedal, in Pennington (formerly a part of Red Lake) county,—Bristet, Helgeland, Angus, Brandt, Tabor and Farley, in Polk County,—and New Solum, Viking, McCrea, Comstock, in Marshall County,—all in the State of Minnesota.

And notice is hereby further given that within three days after the said filing of the said report of the said viewers, the undersigned transmitted to the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge of said District Court, written notice of the filing of such report, and upon the receipt of such notice the said Judge made his order in writing fixing the time and place of hearing said petition and engineer's and viewer's reports, and that pursuant to said order said hearing will be held by and before the said district court, and the Honorable Andrew Grindeland, Judge thereof, at the court room in the court house in the city of Warren, Marshall County, Minnesota, on Thursday, the 8th day of June, A. D. 1911, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of that day, and that all persons interested in the construction of the ditch are invited to appear and be heard at the said time for or against the construction and establishment of the said proposed ditch or, in any matter relative to said ditch or laterals or assessments of damages or benefits therein.

Dated April 20th, A. D. 1911.

A. C. SWANDBY,
Clerk of the District Court,
Marshall County, Minnesota.
(District Court Seal)

JULIUS J. OLSON, Esq.
Attorney for Petitioners,
Warren, Minnesota.

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GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a. m.

Sunday school at 3 p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m., and at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH—Services tomorrow morning at 10:30.

REV. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O.O.F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 167.—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening, eight o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

M. FRICKER, N. G.

O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 5640 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. SWANSON, Clerk

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Secy

Mystic Toilers: St. Hilaire Council, No. 109, meet second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Morris Laselle, Secretary

Peter Simonson, President

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson

Physician and Surgeon

Office over Hall's Grocey Store

G. FELLMAN

Dray and Transfer

Livery in Connection.

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Estimates, plans and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges and railroads.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit forest and ornamental trees and shrubs. 20 years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River Valley of Minnesota. My Blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction if purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State Bank, Postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR ADMINISTRATION.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The State of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mrs. Mary Carr, Olavus Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent. The petition of Albert Sevre having been filed in this court, representing that Helmer E. Sevre, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died intestate on the 25th day of October, 1910, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Olavus K. Sevre, and the court having fixed the time and place for hearing said petition; Therefore, You, and Each of You, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the Probate Court Rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of May, 1911, at ten o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 2nd day of May, 1911.

m7-3t WILHELM MICHELET,

(Court Seal) Probate Judge.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

He Got Them

Sheriff Fellman had an exciting man hunt last week trying to catch Ole Gunderson near Plummer, accused of being unduly intimate with his own daughter. Gunderson was warned of his coming and successfully hid himself and after a three days' hunt the sheriff gave up the chase. Last Thursday he went out and captured his man. Meanwhile the complaining witness had disappeared, but he located her at Hazel and passed through town yesterday taking her back to Red Lake Falls.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Rev. S T. Palm went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Albert Larson visited Thief River Falls yesterday.

A. H. Pitkin returned Monday from his visit to Kelliher.

Go to Ole Mathson for your extra machine oil and axle grease.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger were in Red Lake Falls over Sunday.

Mrs. Lang returned Monday from a visit with friends at Grand Forks.

See Otto Johnson out tomorrow with his new buggy and his best girl.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin returned yesterday from a visit to Crookston.

C. H. Martz was looking after business matters in Red Lake Falls Monday.

Mrs. Gunnard Lindquist came in Monday from home and went to Crookston.

The United church lawn has undergone quite a change in appearance this week.

Mrs. Gust Fellman and Miss Annie Fellman were Thief River visitors on Tuesday.

Be sure to give in your order to N. A. Nelson for the Minnesota machinery before it is all sold.

Rev. I. T. Aastad, pastor of the Synod church at Thief River Falls, was in town Monday evening.

The Hamar Young People's society will meet next Wednesday evening at the home of O. J. Nomland.

A. J. Hed, Dr. Owens, and Andrew Hall, drove to Thief River Falls and return Thursday evening.

There is a treat in store for you next Tuesday evening at Imperial hall. Come and have a good laugh.

Quite a delegation from our city listened to the socialist speaker at Thief River Falls Thursday evening.

The Young People's society of the Synod church meets Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of O. Torkelson.

Mrs. Mentor and Miss Laura Larimore of Crookston, friends of Miss Jennie Blaine, were visiting in town this week.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, May 21, at 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

Arthur Hendrickson, who is attending the school for the blind at Owatonna, came Tuesday to spend the summer vacation at home.

STRAYED—From my place 2 miles east of St. Hilaire, one red mooley cow and one red mooley bull. Finder please notify C. Bothman, route No. 2.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Thursday evening, May 25, at the home of Mrs. Felix Anderson, Black River.

A daughter of Herman Ortloff, the town of Black River, is in the city at the home of Mr. J. Bessler seriously ill with blood poisoning. —Thief River News.

Ed A. Aubol of St. Hilaire, chairman of the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, was attending to business matters at the Red Lake county court house Saturday.—Gazette.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very cheap and will go quick. Write to Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie, Minn.

I have taken charge of the tin shop in Holmes Bros.' hardware store, and am prepared to make water tanks, or do any kind of tin work. H. W. PETERSON.

We understand the amateur dramatic troupe are thinking of presenting their play, "Out in the Streets," at the Valbal in Rocksbury township next Friday evening.

WANTED:—To correspond with farmers and dairymen who are in position to ship whole milk, sweet cream, or sour cream to us DIRECT and receive highest prices for same. Each inquirer will receive a paper bill file.—Crookston Pure Food Company, Crookston, Minn. m13-2

Mr. Sandvick walked in from his farm in Polk county 21 miles northwest of here, last Wednesday and went out to the cemetery to fix his wife's grave. He also intended to walk home the same way. Pretty good for a man of 73 years of age. Can some of you young men do the same?

LOCAL MARKETS.

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, 1 Northern	.89
" 2 "	.87
" 3 "	.83
Flax, 1	2.32
" 2	2.22
Barley, for 50 lbs	.55
Oats	.30
Eggs	.12½
Butter	.20
Butter, Creamery	.25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	5½@6½
Pork, " "	5
Pork, dressed	7
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal, "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, Patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, "	24.00

Early Rose potatoes for sale by M. R. Hage.

O. H. Olson visited friends in Crookston Sunday.

Miss Mollie Webb went to Crookston yesterday.

O. H. Peters made a business visit to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. O. F. Post has been visiting with friends in Crookston this week.

A number of young people enjoyed the first picnic of the season last Sunday.

Mrs. John Strom came down on Wednesday for a few days' visit with friends here.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. Lars Loberg.

Mrs. D. Patterson and Misses Mabel and Olive were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

Ole Mathson is selling Northrup King fodder corn for a dollar a bushel, guaranteed to grow.

There will be services, with communion, at the St. Pauli Synod church at 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. Satterberg of Thief River Falls visited her sister, Mrs. Ina Johnson, at the Central hotel over Sunday.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, May 28, at 2:30 p. m.

FOR SALE:—One good yoke of work oxen 4 years old, weigh about 2,600 pounds. Apply to HUNT HARDWARE Co., Red Lake Falls, Minn m13-2t

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

Hear Rev. J. B. Smith's lecture "Philosophy in a Tater Patch," Tuesday evening, May 23, in Imperial hall.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

There will be union temperance Memorial exercises at Imperial hall on the evening of May 30 by the different Sunday schools of the town. Everybody invited.

Owing to the inability to get logs the Thief River Falls Lumber company's big saw mill has been shut down and three hundred men are out of employment.

Elias Peterson and Misses Emma Sandberg and Laura Lerson went went yesterday to Fertile to attend the district meeting I. O. G. as delegates from the Rocksbury lodge.

Peter Westberg, one of the firm who laid the cement walk here last season, was in town Wednesday and shipped his outfit, which has been stored here this winter, to Middle River, where he has a contract.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

A party of Crookston surveyors were in town Tuesday and Wednesday, and Leonard Peterson, superintendent of the Thief River electric light plant, was here in consultation with them. The supposition is that the deal for the absorption of the waterpower by Thief River Falls is coming to a head.

The Minneapolis trade excursion will arrive in St. Hilaire Thursday, May 26, at 2 p. m. and leave at 2:20. The party will go via Brainerd to International Falls, thence return to Bemidji and Cass Lake, thence to Crookston, Winnipeg, Warroad, Red Lake Falls, Moorhead, Wadena, Walker and to Brainerd. The special will be a week on the road, leaving Minneapolis Monday morning and returning there Saturday night.

The Best Advertisement This Store Ever Had

Has been the goods we have sold. We have always believed that small profits would make a big business. Our new spring merchandise exhibits in a marked degree what values can be offered when the dealer is looking to his future and considers first of all his customers' satisfaction.

LAZAR & LAZAR

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season

House plants and cut flowers

TOMATO PLANTS a specialty

MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Joint Meeting of County Boards

After their regular meeting Monday the county commissioners went to Red Lake Falls, where they met in joint session with the board of Red Lake county that evening and concluded a settlement of affairs between the two counties.

The commissioners placed a valuation of $45,500 on the Red Lake county court house, jail, and sheriff's residence. Determining the amount of the Red Lake county debt to be assumed by Pennington county is now simply a matter of accounting. The debt is to be divided according to the assessed valuation of the counties. Pennington county having a larger assessed valuation than Red Lake, will assume a larger part of the indebtedness. Since Red Lake county retains the buildings, Pennington's indebtedness will be reduced by a like proportional amount of the valuation of the buildings as determined by the joint meeting.

The meeting was harmonious in every respect.

Out in the Streets

The entertainment given by home talent under the auspices of the United Lutheran church on the evening of May 17 was a notable one. The manner in which the play, "Out in the Streets," was presented does credit to each and every one of the actors. The preparations and rehearsals were conducted by the players themselves without any ony outside instruction. Myles Jackson acted as manager.

The orchestra, lately organized, did themselves credit by the music rendered by them. Last, but not least, was the swell lunch, to which all did ample justice.

The Imperial hall was crowded to its fullest capacity.

Concert

There will be a concert in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday evening, May 27, beginning at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cts. for adults, 15 cts. for children. Great pains has been taken in preparation for the program for this entertainment, and everybody may expect an evening of enjoyment.

Gophers Defeat Tigers

One of the most stubbornly fought ball games ever witnessed in this section was pulled off here last Sunday afternoon when the fast St. Hilaire Gophers won another laurel by defeating the husky Thief River Falls Tigers, the fastest squad that they have come in contact with this season.

The Tigers came down here with the intention of doing the locals up "brown" but when the smoke of battle cleared away they found to their sad surprise that they had been defeated to the tune of 8 to 9

Excluding the fourth inning when St. Hilaire ran in 5 scores and Thief River 6, mostly due to wild playing, both teams did first class work

Roy Wallen pitched a great game for the Gophers and Glenn Martz made good behind the bat. Dr. Owens acted as umpire and his decisions were entirely satisfactory to both sides.

The Gophers will go to Red Lake Falls tomorrow to play the strong down river team.

Married

The many friends of Mr. Franz F. Freund and Miss Talia Kreil were agreeably surprised Monday evening to learn of their marriage. The wedding was a very quiet affair. The parties to the happy event, without advising any of their friends of their matrimonial intentions, went to the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. L. T. Hughes, pastor of the Presbyterian church, Monday evening and were quietly married. However, the secret was out by the time the bridal party had returned to the bride's home and the band boys, assisted by others making more noise and less music, gave them a rousing serenade.

Mr. and Mrs. Freund are living in Mr. Freund's house in the west part of town and are receiving the congratulations of their many friends.—Gazette.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Tourists

who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer

"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

St. Paul, Minn.

CENTRAL

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Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

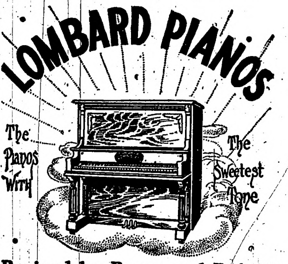
Everything new, neat, and clean

Traveling men's trade solicited

Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.

ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,

MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE

St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

No Harmful Drugs

Kickapoo Worm Killer is the best medicine for children. It contains no alcohol, opium, morphine, or other dangerous drugs. It is a harmless candy lozenge—pleasant to take. We publish the formula in our booklet which you may have for the asking. A reliable remedy for worms and all stomach troubles. Cures constipation, foul breath, restlessness at night, peevishness, etc. Tones and strengthens the entire system. At all druggists or by mail—25 cents. Every household should have

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.

Geo. A. Hall, 125 3d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

A COUNTRY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS in New York City. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Upper class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Write for catalogue and terms.

Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverdale Avenue, near 252nd St., West, N. Y.

100 YEARS OLD **Pettit's Eye Salve**

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

N. W. N. U., NO. 20-1911.

HEALTHY KIDNEYS ESSENTIAL TO PERFECT HEALTH.

When healthy, the kidneys remove about 500 grains of impure matter from the blood daily; when unhealthy, some part of the impure matter is absorbed, causing various diseases and symptoms. To attain perfect health, you must keep your filters right. You can use no better remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills.

Dr. R. F. Marshall, East Oakland, Cal., says: "I practiced medicine in Marshall County, Iowa, from 1870 to 1891 and during that time I became conversant with the splendid properties of Doan's Kidney Pills. I prescribed them in cases of kidney trouble with excellent results."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Had His Troubles.

"Michael Dolan, an' is it yourself?"

"Yes; sure it is."

"Well, ye know thot bletherin' spalpeen, Widdy Castigan's second husband?"

"That I do."

"He bet me a bob to a pint of whisky I couldn't swally an egg without breakin' the shell uv it."

"An' ye did it?"

"I did."

"Then phwats ailin' ye?"

"It's doon there," laying his hand on the lower part of his waist coat. "If I jump about I'll break it and cut me stomach wid the shell, an' if I kape quiet it'll hatch and I'll have a Shanghai rooster scratchin' me inside."

ECZEMA BROKE OUT ON BABY

"When my baby was two months old, she had eczema and rash very badly. I noticed that her face and body broke out very suddenly, thick, and red as a coal of fire. I did not know what to do. The doctor ordered castile soap and powders, but they did no good. She would scratch, as it itched, and she cried, and did not sleep for more than a week. One day I saw in the paper the advertisement of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, so I got them and tried them at once. My baby's face was as a cake of sores.

"When I first used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, I could see a difference. In color it was redder. I continued with them. My baby was in a terrible condition. I used the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) four times a day, and in two weeks she was quite well. The Cuticura Remedies healed her skin perfectly, and her skin is now pretty and fine through using them. I also use the Cuticura Soap today, and will continue to, for it makes a lovely skin. Every mother should use the Cuticura Remedies. They are good for all sores, and the Cuticura Soap is also good for shampooing the hair, for I have tried it. I tell all my friends how the Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured my baby of eczema and rash." (Signed) Mrs. Drew, 210 W. 18th St., New York city, Aug. 26, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for free booklet on the skin.

Eminence is not to be obtained without time and energy.—McCormas.

Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor appetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

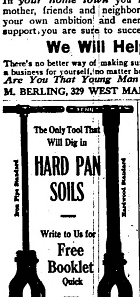
Young Man—Start in Business

There's a Good Opening for a Retail Store with unbounded possibilities for growth and profit making. In *your home town* you have the prestige of father, mother, friends and neighbors behind you—coupled with your own ambition and energy and with our *financial* support, you are sure to succeed.

We Will Help You Start

There's no better way of making sure of your future, than by starting a business for yourself, no matter how small the beginning might be—*Are You That Young Man?* For full particulars write to

M. BERLING, 329 WEST MADISON ST., CHICAGO, ILL.



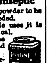
The Only Tool That Will Dig in HARD PAN SOILS

Write to Us for Free Booklet Quick

Made Only by

The F[illegible] Mfg. Co., Charlotte, Mich.

Patented [illegible]



Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide

100,000 people last year used

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.

To save and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.

To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless.

To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.

To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.

The best antiseptic wash known. Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. Sample Free. THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

RHEUMATISM [illegible]

DEFIANCE STARCH [illegible]

FRENCH IN PACT

TRIPLE CHARACTER OF ARBITRATION TREATY IS REVEALED AT WASHINGTON.

ARBITRATION IN PROSPECT

Tentative Drafts Are Handed to Ambassadors.—Settlement of All Disputes Between Nations Is Provided.

Washington, D. C. — The principle of arbitration of practically all disputes between nations, including even questions of vital interest and national honor, assumed vitality when Secretary of State Knox submitted to the British and French ambassadors at Washington the draft of a convention to serve as a basis of negotiations. The fact that this world movement would be inaugurated with France, as well as Great Britain, came as a surprise, as it was generally understood that only the United States and England were concerned in the initial steps.

When President Taft last December enunciated the doctrine of comprehensive arbitration he received a quick response from Ambassadors Bryce and Jusserand that Great Britain and France were willing to begin negotiations with this country for the peaceful settlement of practically all differences that may arise. The president instructed Secretary Knox immediately to crystalize the arbitral proposition which this government would offer to foreign nations.

The secretary has evolved a document which has received the approval of the president and the other members of his cabinet, providing that all differences which are internationally justiciable shall be submitted to arbitration. It expands the scope of the existing arbitration treaties by eliminating the exceptions referring to "questions of vital interest and national honor."

This elimination is the real accomplishment of the proposed treaty. The exceptions mentioned are found in arbitration treaties the world over and have constituted the chief obstacle to the application of the arbitration principle, for it is hard to conceive of a problem which in its essence cannot be regarded as having a controlling bearing upon "national honor" or "vital interest."

Recognizing that there may be questions of policy and other matters likely to force nations to the brink of war but which no people would be willing to arbitrate, the tentative draft of the treaty provides that differences that either party consider within this category shall be referred to a commission of inquiry empowered to make recommendations for their settlement. In this connection the treaty will take another advanced step by binding the disputants to arbitration in case the commission of inquiry declares that the controversy shall be arbitrated.

Arbitration in all cases will be a last resort. After the two countries have concluded that it is impossible to settle a dispute through diplomatic interchange the question will be submitted to a commission in inquiry charged with the office of suggesting a way to avoid arbitration if possible. Should the commission decide that the difference should be arbitrated, this decision is to be binding.

The submission of the drafts to Great Britain and France marks the actual beginning of negotiations. The foreign offices of the two countries will now make an exhaustive examination of the American proposition with a view to suggesting modifications or additions. It is the desire of the administration to complete the negotiations, if possible, in time for submission to the senate before the adjournment of the present session of congress.

Dr. G. H. Buck Found Guilty.

Greenburg, Kansas. — Dr. G. H. Buck, charged with poisoning his wife with cyanide last Nov. 2, was found guilty of murder in the first degree.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 18.—Wheat, May, 98¾c; July, 92½c; No. 1 northern, $1.01; No. 2 northern, 99½c; No. 1 durum, 90c; No. 3 corn, 53½c; No. 3 white oats, 33½c; barley, malting, 91c; No. 2 rye, $1.00; No. 1 flax, $2.55.

Duluth, May 18.—Wheat, May, $1.01½; July, 99c; No. 1 northern, $1.00⅝; No. 1 durum, 91¼c.

South St. Paul, May 18.—Cattle—Steers, $5.10@5.25; cows, $2.50@2.85; calves, $3.00@5.50; hogs, $5.65@5.15; sheep, yearlings, $3.00@5.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 18.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 1,800; market steady to shade lower; beeves, $5.00@6.45; western steers, $4.80@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.90@5.70; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.60; calves, $4.50@7.25.

Hogs—Market weak at yesterday's average; light, $5.95@6.40; mixed, $6.00@6.30; heavy, $5.80@6.20; rough, $5.80@5.90; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.20; pigs, $5.85@6.20.

Sheep—Market strong; native, $2.25@4.75; western, $3.50@4.75; yearlings, $4.60@5.60; lambs, native, $4.75@6.70.

100 MILLINERS FLEE FLAMES.

Unknown Man Carries 14 From Burning Factory.

New York, N. Y. — One hundred milliners employed in an old fashioned East Side factory poured out to the fire escape and down two flights of burning stairs when fire broke out today below them in the first floor. Several fainted and an unknown man braved the flames and carried out fourteen women from the building. There were serious injuries and the damage was slight.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS
TRADE MARK

FREE

A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

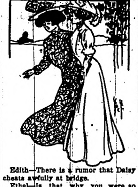
Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not gripe, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 26 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produce rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic.

Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

A FRIENDLY DIG.



Edith—There is a rumor that Daisy cheats awfully at bridge.

Ethel—Is that why you were so anxious to get her for a partner last night?

Ambiguous.

Obliging Shopman (to lady who has purchased a pound of butter)—Shall I send it for you, madam?

Lady—No, thank you. It won't be too heavy for me.

Obliging Shopman—Oh, no, madam, I'll make it as light as I possibly can.—Punch.

Too Much Like Work.

"The boss's son is kicking."

"Why?"

"Say's he's overworked. All he used to do was tear the pages off the office calendars once a month. Now he has to wind the eight-day clock, too."

A woman's idea of a brave man is one who isn't afraid to go into a dark closet in which there may be a mouse.

For over fifty years Rheumatism and Neuralgia sufferers have found great relief in Hamlins Wizard Oil. Don't wait for inflammation to set in. Get a bottle today.

Local Color.

"I understand that sixteen different women have brought suit for breach of promise against Riter. What's his defense?"

"Oh, he claims that he was simply gettings material for his annual output of summer love stories."—Puck.

A Poetic Prosecutor.

John Burns, city prosecutor of St. Paul, was trying to show Judge Finehout why some young men ought to be fined for tearing pickets off the fence of Mrs. Joe Goesik. Mr. Burns said:

"I know Mike Chicket tore off that picket, and the lady took offence."

"No lady is charged with taking a fence," replied Judge Finehout, "and, besides, this is no place for poetry."

"Kicking the Bucket."

When we speak facetiously of some one for whom we have no reverence as having "kicked the bucket" we employ a phrase that would seem to be a piece of latter-day slang, but, as a matter of fact, it dates back to old England, when, about the year 1725, one Bolsover hung himself to a beam while standing on the bottom of a bucket and then kicked the bucket away. Although at first used only in cases of suicide, it has been applied in the course of years to any death, without distinction.

Age of Oysters.

Oysters grow only during the summer and especially during the long, warm summers at that, and are scarcely big enough for the mouth before the third year. It is easy after looking over a bunch of shells to tell how old an oyster is. A summer hump and the winter sink come across the shell every year, but after the seventh or tenth year full growth comes; then, by looking at the sinks between the humps it is hard to tell anything more about Miss Oyster's age. Oysters live to be 20 years old.

IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME.

Many a time this summer you're going to be just about done out by the heat—hot, and so thirsty it just seems nothing could quench it. When such moments arrive or when you just want a delicious, palate tickling drink step into the first place you can find where they sell COCA-COLA. It's delicious, refreshing and completely thirst-quenching. At soda-fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send to the COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About COCA-COLA." Tells what COCA-COLA is and why it is so delicious, cooling and wholesome.

A Strange Situation.

"Humor is a funny thing," said Binks.

"It ought to be," said the Philosopher.

"Oh, I don't mean that way," said Binks. "I mean that it is a strange thing. Now, I can't speak French, but I can always understand a French joke, and I can speak English, but I'm blest if I can see an English joke."

"Most people are," said the Philosopher.

"Are what?" said Binks.

"Blest if they can see an English joke," said the Philosopher. "It is a sign of an unusually keen vision."—Harper's Weekly.

Socially Launched.

In his native town Jimmy had always been most popular with young and old, but when he was sent away to boarding school, he was for a time too homesick to make friends. His first letter was little more than a wail.

"I'm way behind the other boys in everything," he wrote, dolefully. "'Tisn't only studies, but it's gymnasium and banjos and everything. I don't believe they'll ever have much use for me."

But the second letter, written after a week in the new school, was quite different in tone.

"I'm all right," he wrote to his mother. "The boys say they'll teach me all they know, for they're proud to have me here. I can stretch my mouth half an inch wider than any other boy in school, and my feet are the longest by a full inch. So you needn't worry about me any more."—Youth's Companion.

The Riddle.

The Sphinx propounded a puzzle.

"Why does it always rain the day you move?" she asked.

Herewith the ancients gave it up.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A man may avoid family cares by taking care of his family.

Farms for rent or sale on crop payments. J. Mulhall, Sioux City, Iowa.

Laughter will keep the doctor off your doorstep.—Witchell.

"All Run Down"

Describes the condition of thousands of men and women who need only to purify and enrich their blood. They feel tired all the time. Every task, every responsibility, has become hard to them, because they have not strength to do nor power to endure.

If you are one of these all-run-down people or are at all debilitated take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

SYRUP OF FIGS
ELIXIR OF SENNA
CONTAINS SIX PER CENT. OF ALCOHOL
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL, SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

in the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY, AT SOME TIME, DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY.

WHEN BUYING

Note the Full Name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY, AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR GRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE; MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

W. L. DOUGLAS

ESTAB. 1876 $2.50 $3 $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN & WOMEN

W. L. Douglas shoes cost more to make than ordinary shoes, because higher grade leathers are used and selected with greater care. These are the reasons why W. L. Douglas shoes are guaranteed to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other shoes you can buy.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES CLAIMED TO BE 'JUST AS GOOD'

If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00

GREATLY ATTACHED TO IT

Husband Who Had "Married Money" Acknowledged the Truth to His Friend's Query.

Apropos of a beautiful young wife, worth $40,000,000, who had just divorced her penniless husband in order to marry again, Henry E. Dixey, the comedian, said at a dinner in New York:

"The young man who marries for money has none too easy a time of it. His rich wife is likely to tire of him and throw him out in a few years, or else she is likely to limit his allowance to 25 or 50 cents a day.

"'I married money,' a man once said to me.

"'Wasn't there a woman attached to it?' I asked.

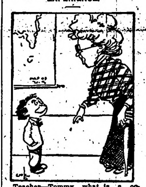
"'Yes, you bet there was,' he exploded. 'So much attached to it that she never parted with a penny.'"

A Question of Change.

A story is going the rounds of a couple of young people who attended church recently. When the collection was being taken up the young man commenced fishing in his pocket for a dime. His face expressed his embarrassmen as he hoarsely whispered: "I guess I haven't a cent, I changed my pants." The young lady, who had been examining the unknown regions of woman's dress for her purse, turned a pink color and said, "I'm in the same fix."

Some parents are a long while in finding out that money in a boy's pocket will do him little good, unless he also has brains in his head.

EXPERIENCE.



Teacher—Tommy, what is a coquette?

Tommy—It's a thing you make out of what's left of the stewed chicken.

Well Mated.

Thus the inquisitive boarder:

"What has become of the old-fashioned woman who used to call a wedding reception an infare?"

Response by the white-haired boarder:

"I think she married the old-fashioned man who used to crack his knuckles regularly twice a day."

Quite Often.

Figg—Two negatives make an affirmative, you know.

Fogg—With a woman it takes only one.

Can't Get Away From It

Is it possible to nourish, strengthen and Rebuild the Brain by Food?

Every man who thinks uses up part of the brain each day. Why don't it all disappear and leave an empty skull in say a month of brain work? Because the man rebuilds each day.

If he builds a little less than he destroys, brain fag and nervous prostration result sure. If he builds back a little more each day, the brain grows stronger and more capable. That also is sure. Where does man get the material to rebuild his brain? Is it from air, sky or the ice of the arctic sea? When you come to think about it, the rebuilding material must be in the food and drink.

That also is sure.

Are the brain rebuilding materials found in all food? In a good variety but not in suitable proportion in all.

To illustrate: we know bones are made largely of lime and magnesia taken from food; therefore to make healthy bone structure we must have food containing these things. We would hardly feed only sugar and fat to make healthy bone structure in a growing child.

Likewise if we would feed in a skillful manner to insure getting what the brain requires for strength and rebuilding, we must first know what the brain is composed of and then select some article or articles (there are more than one) that contain these elements.

Analysis of brain by an unquestionable authority, Geoghegan, shows of Mineral Salts, Phosphoric Acid and Potash combined (Phosphate of Potash) 2.91 per cent of the total, 5.33 of all mineral Salts.

This is over one-half.

Beaunis, another authority, shows "Phosphoric Acid combined" and Potash 73.44 per cent from a total of 101.07.

Considerable more than one-half of Phosphate of Potash.

Analysis of Grape-Nuts shows: Potassium and Phosphorus (which join and make Phosphate of Potash) is considerable more than one-half of all the mineral salts in the food.

Dr. Geo. W. Carey, an authority on the constituent elements of the body, says: "The gray matter of the brain is controlled entirely by the inorganic cell-salt, Potassium Phosphate (Phosphate of Potash). This salt unites with albumen and by the addition of oxygen creates nerve fluid or the gray matter of the brain. Of course, there is a trace of other salts and other organic matter in nerve fluid, but Potassium Phosphate is the chief factor and has the power within itself to attract, by its own law of affinity, all things needed to manufacture the elixir of life."

Further on he says: "The beginning and end of the matter is to supply the lacking principle, and in molecular form, exactly as nature furnishes it in vegetables, fruits and grain. To supply deficiencies—this is the only law of cure."

The natural conclusion is that if Phosphate of Potash is the needed mineral element in brain and you use food which does not contain it, you have brain fag because its daily loss is not supplied.

On the contrary, if you eat food known to be rich in this element, you place before the life forces that which nature demands for brain-building.

Mind does not work well on a brain that is broken down by lack of nourishment.

A peaceful and evenly poised mind is necessary to good digestion.

Worry, anxiety, fear, hate, etc., etc., directly interfere with or stop the flow of Ptyalin, the digestive juice of the mouth, and also interfere with the flow of the digestive juices of stomach and pancreas.

Therefore, the mental state of the individual has much to do (more than suspected) with digestion.

Brain is made of Phosphate of Potash as the principal Mineral Salt, added to albumen and water.

Grape-Nuts contain that element as more than one-half of all its mineral salts.

A healthy brain is important, if one would "do things" in this world.

A man who sneers at "Mind" sneers at the best and least understood part of himself. That part which some folks believe links us to the Infinite.

Mind asks for a healthy brain upon which to act, and Nature has defined a way to make a healthy brain and renew it day by day as it is used up from work of the previous day.

Nature's way to rebuild is by the use of food which supplies the things required. Brain rebuilding material is certainly found in

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1911. NUMBER 46.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MOBS RIOT IN MEXICO STREETS

DELAY IN DIAZ RESIGNATION DRIVES THE POPULACE TO POINT OF FRENZY.

TROOPS ARE COMPELLED TO FIRE

Outbreak in Chamber of Deputies Is Carried to Streets—Seven Killed, Many Hurt by Bullets.

Mexico City, May 25.—Enraged by the announcement that President Diaz and Vice President Corral had not resigned, spectators in the galleries of the chamber of deputies precipitated a riot that resulted in at least seven deaths and many being wounded by volleys by police and soldiers. President Diaz has had fever for five days and is taking liquid nourishment only.

Early in the evening the mob encountered practically no opposition by the authorities, and apparently little restriction was necessary. Shouting vivas for Madero, they paraded the streets of the capital, but always in an orderly fashion except for the noise, and occasional instances of vandalism were immediately condemned by the thousands of marching men, who, joined in shouts of "order, order."

The main body had been broken into smaller groups, but at that time some of these had grown more demonstrative in the big plaza in front of the palace, and the police determined that the time had come for drastic measures to be taken. The shouting, gesticulating mass of humanity was warned to move on, but a confidence born of better treatment early in the evening caused them to receive with derision the order of the police. Again they were told to disperse, and again no attention was paid to the order.

Rain of Bullets.

Quickly their shouts of ridicule were turned into cries of anguish, for the guns of the police and the soldiers were throwing into their midst a hail of bullets. The living stumbled in a mad rush over the bodies of the dead and wounded.

The narrow streets leading from the Zocalo were jammed with fleeing men and many women. For a few minutes the guns of the government troops were stilled, but a regathering in the street corners of the now thoroughly enraged as well as frightened partisans of Madero resulted in another order to fire at will. Sharper and longer now came the shooting. The mob fled, but contrary to all traditions of Mexico the troops had not yet intimidated the rioters to the point where they were willing to submit. The force of the iron hand was weakening and despite the death it had brought the rioters refused to do more than scatter into miniature mobs, each shouting for Madero and yelling for the early downfall of the present government.

Crowds Throng Palace.

The presidential palace was crowded with visitors, mostly personal friends, who had called to pay their respects and to show their loyalty in the hours of the decline of his power.

Almost at the beginning of the demonstration, the American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson, entered the palace. His visit was to pay his respects to the president. He chatted for some time with Madame Diaz, the latter expressing her regrets that the president was too sick to receive any visitors. The call lasted 20 minutes. When the ambassador emerged he found troops lined up in front of the palace and mounted police at both ends of the block.

Express Inquiry Is Asked.

Washington, May 25.—Express companies are to be investigated, if a resolution of inquiry introduced by Representative Sabath of Illinois is passed on favorably by the committee on rules.

Carnegie Off on Annual Vacation.

New York, May 25.—Andrew Carnegie is on his annual vacation. He sailed with Mrs. Carnegie and their daughter on the Oceanic to spend the summer at Skibo castle, Scotland.

MacVeagh Speaks in Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 25.—Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, tonight will address the Missouri and Kansas bankers in Convention hall on "Banking and Currency Reform."

Art Dealer Fined $15,000.

New York, May 25.—In the federal court Judge Martin imposed a fine of $15,000 on Henry J. Duveen, the importer, who pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with having undervalued imports.

Wild West Train Wrecked.

Lowell, Mass., May 25.—A section of the Buffalo Bill Wild West train was wrecked about eight miles outside of this city. Four men connected with the show were injured, but not seriously.

HORAN HURT ON SPEEDWAY

AUTO SKIDS AND TURNS OVER THREE TIMES.

Driver and Mechanician Thrown Twenty Feet—Latter Is Badly Bruised.

Indianapolis, May 25.—An Amplex racing car driven by Joe Horan of New York skidded and turned over while going at high speed on the Indianapolis speedway; Horan suffered a broken leg and a gash in his forehead. His mechanician, Emmett, was badly bruised.

It was the first serious accident since the 46 entrants in the Memorial day 500-mile race began tuning their cars at the speedway. Horan only a few hours before had succeeded Walter Jones as driver of the Amplex car and was familiar neither with it nor the track.

Horan was coming into the home stretch when the accident occurred. He was well up on the bank and threw the steering wheel over to make the turn. The car swerved sharply, Horan lost control and the car plunged across the track to the infield. When the front wheels struck the sand and mud beyond the inner curb, the car somersaulted three times. Horan and Ward were thrown clear of the car 20 feet. The car was wrecked apparently beyond repair.

Several similar accidents have occurred at the same point on the course.

Walter Jones, who had been entered to drive the Amplex in the 500-mile race, lost control of it at the speedway a few days ago and withdrew. Horan, who is one of the best known racing pilots in the country and who won the 200-mile race at Atlanta last year, was engaged by the manufacturers of the car to take Jones' place.

BASEBALL SCORES.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 13; Indianapolis, 10.
Louisville, 5; Milwaukee, 3.
Columbus, 3; Kansas City, 2.
Toledo, 6; St. Paul, 5.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Columbus	22	13	629
Kansas City	20	15	571
Minneapolis	23	18	561
Milwaukee	20	19	513
Louisville	18	20	474
St. Paul	17	20	459
Toledo	17	22	436
Indianapolis	14	24	368

National League.

New York, 2; Cincinnati, 1.
Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 0.
St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Chicago, 4; Boston, 2.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	21	12	636
Philadelphia	22	13	629
Chicago	21	13	618
Pittsburg	19	14	576
St. Louis	15	15	500
Cincinnati	13	15	464
Brooklyn	12	21	364
Boston	8	28	222

American League.

Detroit, 6; Washington, 5.
St. Louis, 1; Boston, 0.
Philadelphia, 9; Cleveland, 1.
New York, 5; Chicago, 3.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Detroit	29	8	784
Philadelphia	18	15	545
New York	17	15	531
Chicago	16	15	516
Boston	17	16	515
Cleveland	16	22	421
Washington	11	22	333
St. Louis	12	24	333

Minny League.

La Crosse, 2; Eau Claire, 1.
Winona, 1; Wausau, 0.
Duluth, 6; Red Wing, 2.
Superior, 5; Rochester, 1.

Standing of the Teams.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winona	11	2	846
Superior	6	5	545
Wausau	6	6	500
Duluth	6	6	500
Rochester	5	6	455
Eau Claire	5	7	417
La Crosse	5	7	417
Red Wing	3	8	273

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 25.—Wheat, July, 95½c; Sept., 90⅝c; No. 1 northern 98c; No. 2 northern, 96½c; No. 1 durum, 88c; No. 3 corn, 52½c; No. 3 white oats, 33c; barley, malting, 94c; No. 2 rye, 90c; No. 1 flax, $2.34.

Duluth, May 25. — Wheat, July, 98c; Sept. 91½c; No. 1 northern, 98⅝c; No. 1 durum, 88⅝c.

South St. Paul, May 25. — Cattle—Steers, $5.00@5.25; cows, $3.25@3.85; calves, $3.65@6.00; hogs, $5.40@5.75; sheep, yearlings, $3.50@4.50.

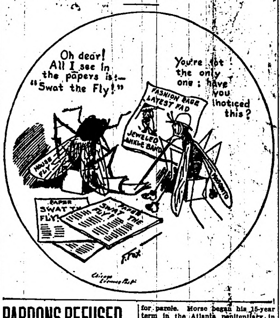
Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 25. — Cattle—Market weak to 10c lower; beeves, $5.70@6.35; western steers, $4.80@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.90@5.75; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.70; calves, $5.00@7.75.

Hogs—Market shade lower; light, $5.60@6.00; mixed, $5.60@5.82½; heavy, $5.35@5.82½; rough, $5.35@5.555; good to choice heavy, $5.55.

Sheep.—Market slow, 10c lower; native, $2.30@5.00; western, $3.75@5.60; yearlings, $4.75@5.70; lambs, native, $4.75@7.00.

A BAD SEASON IN PROSPECT



PARDONS REFUSED TO BIG BANKERS

TAFT DECLINES TO EXERCISE ANY KIND OF EXECUTIVE CLEMENCY.

TURNS DOWN WALSH AND MORSE

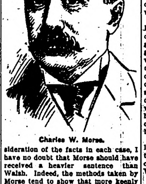
President Scores Convicted Financiers—Both Used People's Money For Their Own Gain, He Says.

Washington, May 25. — President Taft denied the applications for the pardon of Charles W. Morse of New York and John R. Walsh, of Chicago, the two most prominent bankers ever convicted and sent to federal penitentiaries under the national banking laws.

Not only did the president refuse to pardon either Morse or Walsh, but he also declined at this time to exercise any sort of executive clemency in these cases, or to shorten the sentences imposed upon the two men by the courts in which they were convicted.

In denying the pardon the president took the stand that the national banking laws must be upheld when they affect the rich man even more than when they affect the poor. The record in the Walsh case, the president said in a long opinion, "shows moral turpitude of that insidious and dangerous kind, to punish which the national banking laws were especially enacted."

In considering the case of Morse, the present said that "from a consideration of the facts in each case, I have no doubt that Morse should have received a heavier sentence than Walsh. Indeed, the methods taken by Morse tend to show that more keenly than Walsh did he realize the evil of what he was doing."



Charles W. Morse.

In his opinion in the Walsh case, the president protested against the failure to discriminate between legitimate business and improper gain.

Honest Methods Beclouded.

"The truth is," he said, "that in the mad rush for wealth in the last few decades the lines between profit from legitimate business and improper gain from undue use of trust control over other people's property and money has sometimes been dimmed and the interest of society requires that whenever opportunity offers, those charged with the enforcement of the law should emphasize the distinction between honest business and dishonest breaches of trust."

The president's denial of the pardon applications of Morse and Walsh does not mean that they must stay in prison until the end of their terms. Walsh began a sentence of five years in the Leavenworth penitentiary in January, 1910, and under the federal parole law is eligible for parole next September, the president's action having no bearing whatever upon future application for parole. Morse began his 15-year term in the Atlanta penitentiary in January, 1910, also. In denying his application the president granted leave to renew it after Jan. 1, 1913. Under the parole law Morse would be eligible for release in 1915.

The pleas of ill health and reimbursement of all depositors in the Morse and Walsh banks were made in both cases.

In denying the Walsh application, the president said in part:

"The facts are that Walsh owned a large interest in three banks—the Chicago National bank, the Equitable Trust company and the Homes Savings bank, the latter two Illinois state corporations. He absolutely controlled them, although there was a substantial minority interest in all of them held by others. He used them to furnish the money for the development of several railroads, limestone quarries, coal mines and other enterprises. Using his control of these banks, he took their funds and invested them in enterprises of the character mentioned either by direct purchase of the bonds which he had caused to be issued or by lending from the funds of the bank money on 'dummy' notes secured by such bonds as collateral. He risked nearly the whole funds of the three banks in the security of these enterprises and because of these investments the banks failed. The allied banks of Chicago, in order to prevent a panic, took over the Walsh bank holdings and Walsh's properties and paid the depositors in full, but in the liquidation the allied banks will sustain a substantial loss.

Can't be Glossed Over.

"The application for pardon must be denied. No reference to usual business methods, no suggestions of great business enterprises, no excuse of building useful industries and no subsequent attempt to make good the losses which his acts have brought upon innocent persons who trusted him can gloss over the fact that such a man is taking other people's money for his own use."

In the Morse case, Mr. Taft said in part:

"Charles W. Morse was convicted of misapplication of funds of the National Bank of North America and of making false entries in the books of the bank and in its reports to the comptroller of the currency. On appeal to the circuit court of appeals, his conviction on the false entry charge was affirmed.

"Although his conviction technically was on false entries, there is no doubt as to what the evidence showed generally, to-wit., that Morse was engaged in large private transactions in which the maintenance of the price of certain stock in the market was of capital importance to him and he procured control of this particular bank and other banks for the purpose of doing the specific thing mentioned, which was essential to the success of his speculations. The result of his operations was severe losses to the bank, which forced it into liquidation.

"Morse exhibited the same fraudulent and criminal disregard of the trust imposed upon him in the exercise of the control over the bank as Walsh did."

Bickford Case Is Transferred.

Bismarck, May 25.—The case of the State vs. G. L. Bickford, in which the defendant, who was formerly state treasurer, is charged with embezzling $60,000 while in that office, has been transferred from Bismarck and the Sixth district to McLean county in the same district. Judge Crawford of Dickinson has been called as presiding judge. When the case was called for trial here a change of venue was asked and an affidavit of prejudice was filed against Judge Winchester.

1,200 Lives Periled By Fire.

New York, May 25.—A lumber yard fire in Harlem imperiled the lives of 1,200 persons and started incipient blazes in sixteen houses. Besides enormous stacks of lumber in the yard proper, one corner of it was utilized for storage tanks for gasolene. When these exploded, the flames shot far over the roofs of houses and the elevated structure, making people miles away believe the entire upper section of New York was burning. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

BIG BANKRUPT STOCK SOLD.

Two Firms Share Assets of the Tibbs-Hutchings Store.

Minneapolis. — Lindeke, Warner & Sons, wholesale dry goods, and the Golden Rule Department Store company, of St. Paul, shared the entire assets of the Tibbs, Hutchings & Co. bankrupts, at public auction, bidding a total of $1,243,000, and their offers were confirmed by Alexander McCune, referee in bankruptcy.

The bids were separate, S. W. Dittenhofer, vice president of the Golden Rule, bidding $359,500, for the merchandise stock, and A. H. Lindeke bidding $1,243,000 for the entire assets. It was agreed at a meeting of those bidders with the trustees, officers of the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, that inasmuch as the Golden Rule would be satisfied with the merchandise, paraphenalia of the traveling salesmen, fixtures, furniture and machinery that that portion of the stock might go to that concern for $359,500. It was further agreed and concurred in by the referee that inasmuch as Lindeke, Warner & Sons were willing to take the accounts and bills receivable and all other unsold assets belonging to the estate except the cash on hand, for $883,500.

This proposition will be submitted to the creditors at a meeting May 31, at 10 a. m., before the referee in bankruptcy. The inventoried value of the merchandise was given as $575,000, the furniture and fixtures at $50,000, the real estate holdings of the company at $5,500 and the accounts at $1,164,000.

SUPREME COURT DECLINES.

Doesn't Care to Mix in Gov. Eberhart's Controversy.

St. Paul. — The justices of the Minnesota supreme court refuse to become involved in the Whittier matter; they decline absolutely to act as arbitrators in the situation that threatens the dismissal of the superintendens the dismissal of the superintendboys, at Red Wing. This leaves the whole matter up in the air again, and it will now be necessary for specific charges to be preferred against Mr. Whittier, in accordance with the opinion of the attorney general, if Governor Eberhart maintains his position.

In reply to the governor's suggestion that they act as arbitrators, the members of the supreme court, through the chief justice, Charles M. Start, sent the following letter to the governor:

"Your request of May 20 that the justices of the supreme court act as arbitrators in the matter of charges to be preferred against the superintendent of the state training school for boys, at Red Wing, has been duly considered and the conclusion reached that we cannot comply with your request. We have no jurisdiction of the matter as a court, and if we should consent to act as arbitrators, it would establish an undesirable precedent which would embarrass the court and directly tend to impair confidence in it. We are, therefore, constrained by our views of judicial duty and propriety to decline to comply with your request."

PLANS MODEL FARM.

Northern Pacific to Establish Demonstration Plots.

Brainerd.—Arrangements are under way for the establishment of one or more demonstration farms in the northern part of Minnesota, along the Minnesota & International railroad. A week ago a party of Northern Pacific officials covered the ground from International Falls to Brainerd in a special train, taking samples of the soil along the line looking for a favorable location for a farm to show the neighborhood how to get the most out of the soil.

This farm will be the first that the Northern Pacific has started in Minnesota. The road has been interested for a number of years in similar experiments in Montana and North Dakota, working with the officials of the state agricultural schools of those states. The farm in this state also will be under the joint auspices of the road and the agricultural school.

One of the farms probably will be located north of Bemidji, although the arrangements have not been completed.

Minneapolis.—Following "East Lynne" at the Bijou, the Klimt & Gazzolo company of players will present a big revival production of D'Ennery's "The Two Orphans," one of the best known of the old time plays. "The Two Orphans" has long been recognized as one of the best melodramas ever produced.

John Lind Under the Knife.

Minneapolis. — Hon. John Lind, former governor of Minnesota and prospective candidate for United States senator, is seriously ill at the Swedish hospital, where he was operated on. Dr. C. J. Ringnell, his family physician, said that he will probably recover if no complications set in. Mr. Lind, in the event of his recovery, will not be able to leave the hospital for several weeks. The operation was an abdominal one and was necessary to save the life of the former governor.

MEET AT DULUTH JUNE 1 AND 2.

Northern Minnesota Developement Association Convention.

The annual convention of the Northern Minnesota Development Association will be held in Duluth June first and second. The committee of Duluth and St. Louis county business men who have been acting in conjunction with the officers and committees of the association have prepared a program for what will probably prove the best meeting the association has yet had, including not only numerous papers on various development subjects, but also entertainment features. The advance notices carry the significant note—"Bring the Ladies."

The following is the program:

Invocation, Rev. John Walker Powell.

Address of Welcome, M. B. Cullum, Mayor of Duluth.

"State Development," Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of Minnesota; S. D. Works, Senator, Mankato, Minn.

"Settling Minnesota," Rt. Rev. James McGoldrick, Bishop of Duluth.

"Federal Lands in Minnesota," Geo. Welsh, State Immigration Com., St. Paul.

"Department of Public Domain," Thos. Kneeland, Mem. State Leg., Minneapolis.

"Conserving Soil Fertility," Prof. A. R. Whitson, University of Wis., Madison.

"Forestry," Wm. T. Cox, State Forester, St. Paul.

"Commission Plan for State Gov't," Ferman A. Wilson, Editor Bemidji Daily Pioneer.

"The Effect of Agricultural Development on the Cost of Living," G. G. Hartley, Duluth.

"The Duties of Commercial Clubs," C. L. Hansen, Thief River Falls.

"Drainage Problems," W. J. Brown, Chmn. State Reclamation Board, Warren.

"Reclaiming State Lands," A. J. McGuire, Member State Reclamation Board.

"Newspaper Boosting," Harold Knutson, Pres. Nor. Minn. Editorial Ass'n., Foley.

"The Northwest Land Show, St. Paul, Dec., 1911.

What Other States are Doing, W. H. Mylrea, Wis. Advancement Ass'n., Wausau; H. H. Reade, Upper Michigan Development Bureau, Escanaba; J. I. Gibson, Western Michigan Development Bureau, Traverse City.

May 31.—8:15 p. m. Orpheum Theatre Party.

June 1.—4 p. m. Steamer ride Around Harbor of Duluth; 7:30 p. m. Steamer ride "Around the Horn."

June 2.—2:00 p. m. Steamer ride on Lake Superior to Two Harbors and return; Automobile ride about Duluth.

The following are the present officers of the association:

H. J. Maxfield, President, Wadena,
W. R. Mackenzie, Secretary, Bemidji,
W. J. Smith, Treasurer, Eveleth.

WOULD BAR SOME BANKS.

Third District Financiers Urge Power for State Superintendent.

Hastings.—The following resolutions were unanimously adopted at the annual meeting of the Third district group of the State Bankers' association, held in this city:

"Whereas the comptroller of the currency has the power to refuse to grant a charter for a national bank in districts where, in his judgment, the conditions do not warrant the establishment of such a bank;

"Resolved, That we, the members of the Minnesota Bankers' association, Third district group, in convention assembled, favor legislation clothing the superintendent of banks with like power regarding the establishment of state banks.

"Resolved, That we commend the action of the Legislature in appropriating funds for the establishment and maintenance of agricultural schools throughout the state. That we commend the educational work done by the Minnesota Bankers' association along agricultural lines.

"Resolved, That we favor in a general way the plan for a reserve association, as recommended by the National Monetary commission.

"Resolved, That we favor the segregation of savings deposits in commercial banks, and recommend legislation providing additional safeguards for the investment of savings funds.

"Resolved, That, in view of the wonderful natural resources of the state, the promise of an abundant crop, the stability and integrity of our people, and the lack of any serious disturbing elements, there is ample ground for an optimistic view for the future."

ROYAL ARCANUM INITIATES.

Two Hundred and Fifty New Members Taken In By Lodge.

Minneapolis. — Two hundred and fifty new members were added to the Royal Arcanum when initiation ceremonies were held at the Masonic Temple. The Davenport prize ritual was used in initiating the candidates into the mysteries of the order, E. J. Davenport, Minneapolis, author of the ritual, acting as master of ceremonies.

That Tired Feeling

that is caused by impure, impoverished blood or low, run-down condition of the system, is burdensome and discouraging. Do not put up with it, but take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which removes it as nothing else does.

"I had that tired feeling, had no appetite and no ambition to do anything. A friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I did so, and soon that tired feeling was gone, I had a good appetite and felt well. I believe Hood's saved me from a long illness." Mrs. B. Johnson, Westfield, N. J.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today. In liquid form or in tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

NATURAL EVIDENCE.

Adelaide—Why, Cornelia, your hair is all mussed up.

Cornelia—Yes, dear; you—you see, George stole up and snatched a dozen kisses before I could scream.

Adelaide—But why don't you step in front of the mirror and rearrange your hair?

Cornelia—Gracious! Why, I wouldn't do it for the world. Why, none of the girls would believe he kissed me.

SUGGEST IT.

Next time you're out with friends, and you're all wondering what you can drink to quench the thirst—something that you'll all enjoy—suggest COCA-COLA.

Everyone will thank you for an introduction to the most delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching beverage that anyone could drink. It is cooling—relieves fatigue and just hits the dry spot. At soda-fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere.

As to its wholesomeness—write to the COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga., for a copy of their booklet, "The Truth About COCA-COLA"—compiled by authorities.

What Mamma Said.

When the new minister, a handsome and unmarried man, made his first pastoral call at the Fosdicks, he took little Anna up in his arms and tried to kiss her. But the child refused to be kissed; she struggled loose and ran off into the next room, where her mother was putting a few finishing touches to her adornment before going into the drawing room to greet the clergyman.

"Mamma," the little girl whispered, "the man in the drawing room wanted me to kiss him."

"Well," replied mamma, "why didn't you let him? I would if I were you."

Thereupon Anna ran back into the drawing room, and the minister asked:

"Well, little lady, won't you kiss me now?"

"No, I won't" replied Anna promptly, "but mamma says she will."—Exchange.

FEED YOU MONEY

Feed Your Brain, and It Will Feed You Money and Fame.

"Ever since boyhood I have been especially fond of meats, and I am convinced I ate too rapidly, and failed to masticate my food properly.

"The result was that I found myself, a few years ago, afflicted with ailments of the stomach, and kidneys, which interfered seriously with my business.

"At last I took the advice of friends and began to eat Grape-Nuts instead of the heavy meats, etc., that had constituted my former diet.

"I found that I was at once benefited by the change, that I was soon relieved from the heartburn and indigestion that used to follow my meals, that the pains in my back from my kidney affection had ceased.

"My nerves, which used to be unsteady, and my brain, which was slow and lethargic from a heavy diet of meats and greasy foods, had, not in a moment, but gradually, and none the less surely, been restored to normal efficiency.

"Now every nerve is steady and my brain and thinking faculties are quicker and more acute than for years past.

"After my old style breakfasts I used to suffer during the forenoon from a feeling of weakness which hindered me seriously in my work, but since I began to use Grape-Nuts food I can work till dinner time with all ease and comfort." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices and remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 27, 1911.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
May 15, 1911.

Pursuant to adjournment the county board of Pennington county met in the auditor's office in the auditorium bldg. in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 11 o'clock a. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Larson, Wold, Hedeen.

Members absent, none.

On motion duly carried the county board proceeded to open bids for remodeling the county court house, with the following results:

F. S. Doege, Thief River Falls...$6,150
Ed. A. Krohn, " " 6,160

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Larson, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen:

Resolved, That the bid of F. S. Doege in the sum of $6,150 for remodeling the court house, as per plans and specifications on file, be accepted, and the proper officers are hereby instructed to execute the necessary contracts. Resolution prevailed unanimously.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m. All members present.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the sum of $400 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county's portion of the liquor license moneys, same to be expended in improving and maintaining the roads leading into the city of Thief River Falls, said sum to be available when such license money has been turned into the county treasury, provided also that said moneys shall be spent under the supervision of Commissioners Shaw and Aubol.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned until 5 o'clock p. m., to meet with the county board of Red Lake county at the court house at Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Red Lake Falls, Minn.,
May 15, 1911.

Pursuant to agreement the county board of Pennington county and the county board of Red Lake county met in joint session in the commissioners' room in the county court house in the city of Red Lake Falls, Minn., for the purpose of ascertaining and effecting a division of the funds and indebtedness of the original Red Lake county, and the percentage of the indebtedness to be assumed by each of the existing counties of Red Lake and Pennington.

Moved by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Pigeon, that Commissioner Demann act as chairman of the joint meeting. Motion carried.

Moved by Commissioner Aubol, same being duly seconded, that Auditors Latendresse and Fasel act as secretaries of the joint boards. Motion carried.

After due deliberation, the Red Lake county board acting separately, on motion duly carried, proposed to place the value of the county building at $45,500 as of date of Nov. 23, when county was divided.

The Pennington county board acting separately, on motion moved by Commissioner Shaw, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, that the Pennington county board accept settlement of the county buildings at the sum of $45,500. Motion carried unanimously.

The boards again acting jointly, the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Aubol, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Kankel:

Whereas, The boards of county commissioners of Red Lake county and Pennington county have met in joint session for the purpose of agreeing upon the valuation of the county buildings and the amount of indebtedness of Red Lake county and the funds in its county treasury at the time of the creation of Pennington county, and full discussion and consideration has been had, therefore

Be It Resolved, That it is hereby agreed by and between the respective boards of county commissioners of Red Lake and Pennington counties and between said counties:

First—That the valuation of the county buildings of Red Lake county at the time of the creation of Pennington county is the sum of forty-five thousand five hundred dollars ($45,500.00).

Second—That at the time of such creation there was thirty-six thousand nine hundred twenty-seven and 68-100 dollars ($36,927.68) in the treasury of Red Lake county.

Third—That at the time of such creation the total outstanding debt of Red Lake county was the sum of one hundred fifty eight thousand six hundred and thirty-two and 85-100 dollars ($158,632.85), as shown by the list attached marked Exhibit A.

Fourth—That deducting the value of said buildings and the amount of said funds from the total outstanding debt of Red Lake county there remains a balance of seventy-six thousand two hundred five and 17-100 dollars ($76,205.17), of which fifty-five and one half (55½) per cent shall be and is hereby assumed to be paid by Pennington county and said county shall make due provision to pay the same as it falls due.

Adopted by each board acting jointly and severally this fifteenth day of May A. D. 1911.

WM. C. L. DEMANN, Chairman
JOSEPH PIGEON
SAM. E. HUNT
HERMAN SCHULTZ
C. O. KANKEL

County Board of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Attest:

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor of Red Lake County, Minnesota.

ED. A. AUBOL, Chairman
PETER HEDEEN
PETER C. WOLD
OLOF LARSON
DANIEL SHAW

County Board of Pennington County.

Attest:

A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington County.

EXHIBIT A.

ASSETS.

Credits to the following county funds on Nov. 23, 1910, as per trial balance:

Current School fund		$ 29.60
Poor fund		147.25
County Road and Bridge fund, includes Spec. R. and B.		3,153.07
Incidental fund		115.58
Special Bond and Interest fund		2,098.89
County Bond and Interest fund		5,729.19
Building fund		11,854.11
Contingent fund		180.01
County Fire fund		5.00
Additional Credit to County Revenue Fund.		
Taxes and penalties November settlement	$ 897.02	
Levy, November settlement	4,813.77	
Special settlement, tax collected from Nov. 1 to Nov. 23, 1910	166.61	
Forfeited tax settlement	241.77	
Interest and penalties from forfeited tax settlement	5.53	
		6,124.70
Additional credit to Road and Bridge Fund.		
November settlement	$1,914.20	
Forfeited tax settlement	61.28	
Special settlement tax collected Nov. 1 to Nov. 23, 1910	66.01	
		2,021.49
Additional Credit to Poor Fund.		
Forfeited tax settlement	$ 42.67	42.67
Additional Credit to Special County Bond and Interest Fund.		
November settlement	$ 250.52	
Forfeited tax settlement	6.81	
Special settlement tax collected from Nov. 1 to Nov. 23, 1910	8.59	
		265.92
Additional Credit to County Bond and Interest Fund.		
November settlement	$1,093.21	
Forfeited tax settlement	63.71	
Special settlement tax collected from Nov. 1 to Nov. 23, 1910	$ 37.29	
		1,194.21
Additional Credit to Building Fund.		
November settlement	$3,739.70	
Forfeited tax settlement	41.67	
Special settlement tax collection from Nov. 1 to Nov. 23, 1910	124.62	
		3,905.99
Money advanced for the repair of ditches from County Revenue fund		3,466.29
Total		40,393.97
Amount credit deducted		3,466.29
Net assets		$36,927.68

LIABILITIES.

Bond to State of Minnesota, due March 11, 1921, 4 per cent	$ 3,000.00
Bond to State of Minnesota, due June 30, 1914, 4 per cent	20,000.00
Bond to city of Minneapolis, due May 15, 1916, 4½ per cent	14,000.00
Bond to State of Minnesota, due Aug. 27, 1927, 4 per cent	10,000.00
Bond to J. A. Duffy, due March 1, 1930, 5 per cent	30,000.00
Bond due Polk county on division with Polk county, 5½ per cent	9,239.13
Total bonded debt	93,239.13
Advanced from General Ditch to County Revenue fund	20,000.00
County Revenue fund overdrawn	13,391.19
Interest on registered warrants from date of registry to Nov. 23 inclusive	206.27
Outstanding sidewalk and court house contracts	18,771.47
County Revenue warrants issued since Nov. 23, '10, for services and supplies rendered previously	4,127.53
Incidental warrants issued since Nov. 23, '10, for services rendered previously	17.71
Contingent warrants issued since Nov. 23, '10, for services rendered previously	14.87
Road and Bridge warrants issued since Nov. 18, '10, for appropriations and refundments	985.92
Liabilities on the part of both counties for abandoned ditches. See auxiliary ditch ledger	105.92
Total	$156,059.11
Interest on bonds	1,317.80
	$15,737.91
Bridges between Equality and Deer Park twps	1,521.20
Bridges between Terrebonne and Poplar River twps	600.00
Bridges between Terrebonne and Emardville twps	150.00
	$159,648.11
Less credit due County Rev. on ditches Nos. 2 and 10	1,015.26
Total Indebtedness	$158,632.85

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

On motion duly carried the joint boards of Red Lake and Pennington counties adjourned sine die.

On motion the Pennington county board reconvened and adjourned to meet in the auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock p. m. May 16, 1911.

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
May 16, 1911.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m. All members present.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen:

Resolved, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated from the county Road and Bridge fund to the following towns, to reimburse said different towns for moneys appropriated by Red Lake county and not paid, as follows towit: Rocksbury, $150; Numedal, $100; Star, $150. Resolution prevailed.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the sum of $150 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge fund to the town of Kratka for improving and repairing roads on section line between sections 21 and 28 and 20 and 29 in said town of Kratka, provided that said town appropriate a similar amount and file a proper bond. Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried Engineer C. H. Martz was authorized to proceed to purchase and place the necessary culverts on ditches now under construction, at such section lines or roads as are deemed necessary.

On motion duly carried the road petition of Henry Johnson and others of the towns of Deer Park and High Landing was laid over for further consideration.

On motion duly carried the county auditor was instructed to communicate with the towns of Black River, River Falls, and Polk Centre as to their pleasure in regard to changing the names of said townships.

On motion the board took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 8 o'clock p. m. All members present.

On motion the board adjourned from the county auditor's office to the Commercial club rooms in the auditorium building.

ORDER APPOINTING VIEWERS.

In the matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others for County Ditch No. 53 in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, county of Pennington, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1910, signed by Ole Skreland and others, praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 53, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a session held this day, do hereby appoint Gilbert Haavi and K. O. Gigstad and R. M. Johnson three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers, and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time time and place specified in the order of the county auditor aforesaid, and shall proceed to view said proposed work and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with the county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefitted or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to benefited or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefited or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such raod so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds, or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefited thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culviets, or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch, including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to chapter 230 of the general laws of 1905.

The County Board of Pennington County, Minnesota,
By ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman.

Dated this 16th day of May, A. D. 1911.

Attest;

A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.
(SEAL)

ORDER APPOINTING VIEWERS.

In the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajdarowski and others for county ditch No. 55, in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 4th day of June, A. D. 1910, signed by P. Lorence Wajdarowski and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 55, the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county; and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit: C. H. Martz, to make a survey of said ditch.

Now therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a session held this day, do hereby appoint K. O. Gigstad and Gilbert Haavi and Andrew Hanson, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers: and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and of the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the county auditor aforesaid, and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefitted thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of the owners of each tract of land to be benefitted or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land so benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts, the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefited or damaged (as the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefited or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part, any public or corporate road or railroad, or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds, or railroads, and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to identify the corporations, private or public, to be benefited thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as such part of tabulra statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch, including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason; and if so stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to chapter 230 of the general laws of 1905.

The County Board of Pennington County, Minnesota,
By ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman.

Dated this 16th day of May, A. D. 1911.

Attest;

A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.
(SEAL)

The following proposal was submitted by the Security Trust Company of St. Paul.

Thief River Falls, Minn., May 15, 1911.
Hon. County Board, Pennington County, Minn.

Gentlemen:—Assuming that the 1910 assessed valuation for the county of Pennington amounted to over $3,210,000.00 and that the present outstanding bonded debt of the county amounts to but $1,000,000.00 and that the portion of the general bond debt of Red Lake county to be assumed by Pennington county amounts to but $42,300.00 and that but $114,000.00 of drainage bonds originally issued by Red Lake county will have to be paid by Pennington county, and that the population of the latter is 10,000 or over, we will make you the following proposition:

For $150,000 of legally issued drainage bonds of Pennington county, Minn., bearing interest at 5 per cent per annum payable semi-annually, $120,000 to be issued on Judicial Ditches Nos. 13 and 18, the balance to be

Continued on Third Page.

Supplement to ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

Official Paper Pennington County, Minnesota. SATURDAY, MAY 27TH, 1911. St Hilaire, Pennington County, Minnesota

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 39.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To B. E. Hebert:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one to thirty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. seventy, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of thirty-three dollars and one cent, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of one hundred fourteen dollars and forty-eight cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of one hundred eighteen dollars and thirty-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 40.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To B. E. Hebert:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one to thirty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. seventy-two, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eighteen dollars and eighteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statuto in such case made and provided, for the sum of one hundred two dollars and eighty-eight cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of one hundred six dollars and thirty-eight cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 43.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Kenneth McRae:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, twenty-three, thirty-one and thirty-two of block seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of six dollars and fourteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twenty-five dollars and eighty-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twenty-six dollars and sixty-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 44.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Edith L. Baller:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lot No. Ten of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of no dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and eleven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

Thet the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 45.

Office of County Auditor, county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Edward Liskron:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit. Lots No. Eleven, Thirteen, and Fourteen, of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of one dollar and forty-seven cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and thirty-three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and fifty-five cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 46

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake C ounty, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Twelve, Seventeen, Eighteen, Nineteen, Twenty, Twenty-one, and Twenty-two of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceeding to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dollars and forty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of foruteen dollars and eighty-two cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned, has been presented to me at by office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifteen dollars and thirty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 47.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Algot Bloom:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No Fifteen and Sixteen, of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon said real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit the sum of One Dollar and Eleven cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Four Dollars and Twenty-two cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Four Dollars and Thirty-six cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION

No. 49.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

To John Robb:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. One of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897 for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer on amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for that sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made ond provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Fifty-three cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Sixty-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal.) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 50.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Sarah R. Evenson:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. Two of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899 in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Eleven cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said last sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Eighteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 51.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the County of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. Three and Four and lots Nos. Thirteen to Twenty-four, both inclusive, of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of Six Dollars and Twenty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Thirty Dollars and Five cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Thirty-one Dollars and Seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 52.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To L. P. VanNorman:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. six and seven of block No. ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and Ninety-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That therafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of three dollars and eighty cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of three dollars and ninety-three cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 53.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To L. P. VanNorman:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven and Twelve of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1900, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1898, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dollars and fifty-five cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of seven dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of seven dollars and ninety-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of Mav, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 56.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cunday:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. Ninety-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-nine dollars and twelve cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty dollars and seventy-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 58.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wiley Tindolph:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. One to Six, both inclusive, of Block No. One Hundred and four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dolars and three cents, the same were duy bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesoa, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and sixty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirteen dollars and twelve cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Winess my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 59.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of Block No. One Hundred and four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of eight dollars and fifty-six cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirty-six dollars and forty-six cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county;

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirty-seven dollars and seventy cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 60.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Chas. J. Knox:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of of forty-nine dollars and forty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty-one dollars and seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redmption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 65.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and ten, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and ninety-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-seven dollars and twenty-six cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-eight dollars and eighty-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 66.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one, two and three of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and fifty-one cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and twelve cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and thirty-three cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 67.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Ivan Turner:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. six of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration for time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and ten cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No 68.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wiley Tindolph.

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to wit: Lots Nos. seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fifteen, sixteen, and seventeen of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgement duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes deliquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces of parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold; to wit: The sum of four dollars and forty-five cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eighteen dollars and twenty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces and parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of eighteen dollars and ninety-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 69.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Jeff Heldreth:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. thirteen and fourteen of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of four dollars and fourteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of four dollars and twenty-eight cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

It's easy to economize if you haven't the money.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 70.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Lucetta Hildreth:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. eighteen of block No. one hundred eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder therof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and ten cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 71.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Elizabeth Wood:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of two dollars and ninety-eight cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-two cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for reedmption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twelve dollars and seventy-five cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in this office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 72.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. one hundred and twelve, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and ninety-two cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-seven dollars and thirty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-nine dollars and No cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 73.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight of block No. one hundred and fourteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of four dollars and No cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixteen dollars and nineteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixteen dollars and seventy-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 74.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen of block No. one hundred and fourteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899; at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of four dollars and No cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixteen dollars and nineteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixteen dollars and seventy-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 75.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to sixteen, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and fifteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eight dollars and No cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirty-two dollars and fifty-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirty-three dollars and sixty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 87.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wendell Hertig:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one to five, both inclusive, and lots twelve to twenty-two, both inclusive, of block numbered forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and thirty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-five dollars and ninety-three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-seven dollars and forty-six cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 88.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Albert G. Kein:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number six of block numbered forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the country treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 89.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Abner P. Kein:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formely a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number seven of Block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece, or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 90.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To Edwin S. Kein:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number eight of block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 91.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots number nine, ten and eleven of block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and ninety-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eight dollars and twenty-five cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of eight dollars and fifty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 92.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To Tindolph & Watson:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one to twenty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block number forty-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of fifty-seven dollars and nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said last sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty-eight dollars and ninety-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 93

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one to seventeen, both inclusive, and lots nineteen and twenty, all in Block number forty-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold to-wit: the sum of Eleven Dollars and Fifty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Forty-eight Dollars and Ninety-one cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time of redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Fifty Dollars and Fifty-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 94.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To Frank W. Epley:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. Eighteen of Block No. Forty-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1900, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1898, for said County of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Seventy-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Fifty-six cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Sixty-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 95.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, the same being all of Block No. Forty-Seven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899 in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of Twelve Dollars and Twenty-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Sixty-three Dollars and Seven cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Sixty-five Dollars and Seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 96.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of Block No. forty-eight, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-eight cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixty-three dollars and seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixty-five dollars and seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 97.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To Louis C. Larson:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots No. One to Eight, both inclusive, of Block Forty-nine, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D, 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceeding to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold to-wit.: the sum of five dollars and four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twenty-two dollars and eighteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twenty-two dollars and ninety-two cents and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.
No. 98.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To Robert Christensen:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots No. Nine to Twenty-four both inclusive, of Block No. Forty-nine, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of ten dollars and sixteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-nine dollars and seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned, has been presented to me at my office by the holder for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty dollars and seventy-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

ART OF JUGGLING.

A Means of Recreation For the Sedentary or Bedridden.

Speaking of conjuring, the allied art of juggling is one of the most amusing and valuable of diversions, especially to the sedentary. Many physicians become expert in juggling, but it is to their patients that it is most useful.

The bedridden, if they retain the use of their hands, may beguile many a weary hour in learning to keep three or four tennis balls in the air at once and in balancing sticks and other simple objects on the forefinger or on the chin.

For the brain worker who does not care for walking there is no better recreation. It has often occurred to us that in cases where there is any reason to fear some form of paralysis the educating of disused cerebral, cerebellar and spinal centers by the rapid and complex movements required in juggling might serve to act as an efficient preventive.

We do not wish to claim too much for manual education of this kind, but we may point out that it tends to perfect nervous poise and that no juggling trick can be properly done if the performer indulges in dissipation even so mild as beer and cigarettes.—American Medicine.

Talking to the Doctor.

While making some professional calls in a sparsely settled district I came upon a little plump, rosy cheeked girl trudging toward home with her slate and dinner pail in her hand. I asked her to ride with me. I could see that she was a very timid child, and efforts to engage her in conversation were unavailing. She would meekly answer "Yes" or "No," but not another word would she speak.

A few weeks later I was called to the little girl's home to attend another member of the family for a slight ailment. When about to leave the mother spoke up smilingly and said: "Do you remember my little girl riding with you a few weeks ago? Well, when she got home she said, 'Mamma, I rode from school with the doctor, and he kept talking with me and talking with me, and I just didn't know what to do, for you know doctors charge you when you talk with them, and I didn't have any money.'"—National Monthly.

Explained In Italian.

A woman approached a policeman on Fourth avenue the other day and said, pointing to a wizened, foreign looking Italian, "This man has asked me the way to Fourteenth street, but I can't make him understand how to get there."

"Sure, I'll explain to him in I-talian," said the policeman. "Look-a, here, Michael-a, you walk-a right on-a this street-a two block-a, till-a you come-a to a beeg-a, wide street-a, and that is eet."

"Grazie!" acknowledged the Italian gratefully. "Me find-a heem!"—New York Press.

PATTI STOOD PAT.

The Diva Wouldn't Cut Her Rates but Suggested an Alternative.

Patti once was waited upon at her hotel by a famous minstrel magnate, Colonel J. H. Haverly, whose ambition had been aroused to secure the diva for a concert tour under his direction. Madame received him most graciously, and the two began discussing the details.

"May I ask your terms for fifty nights, Mme. Patti?" Haverly asked.

"For concert or for opera?" the diva asked.

"For concert," Haverly replied.

"Four thousand a night, or $200,000 for fifty nights, one-half to be deposited on signing the contract," was Patti's deliberate response.

Haverly tried to appear composed, but it was too much of an effort.

"Two hundred thousand for fifty nights! Heavens, madame, that is just four times as much as we pay our president of the United States," he cried.

"Well," the divine one answered, "why don't you get the president to sing for you?"

Haverly fled.—Robert Grau in Musical America.

EYE OF THE CAMERA.

Washed Out Blood Stains Cannot Escape the Ultra Violet Rays.

Even before it had been adopted exclusively by means of special lens construction and combination, to the reception of the invisible ultra violet rays, the camera eye, owing to its peculiar sensitiveness to this light, has played a strikingly dramatic role on various occasions. One of these occurred a few years ago in Lausanne, Switzerland.

It appears that a handkerchief formed an exhibit at a murder trial and was regarded as a crucial bit of evidence. The closest inspection failed to reveal a stain on the immaculately white cloth even with the aid of a powerful microscope. But it occurred to a professor of Lausanne university to photograph the handkerchief, when the image obtained clearly disclosed the presence of great splotches, or, rather, of what had been such, showing ghostlike in the carefully washed fabric. The photograph proved the turning point of the trial, and the result was conviction.

Blood, as was scientifically explained at the time, happens to be one of the substances that absorb ultra violet rays, and when any of these substances have found their way to a receptive surface no amount of erasing or cleansing can hide its presence from the camera eye. When the latter is equipped to utilize only this invisible light the result is much more marked. Should the neatest erasure be made in writing done with substances specially absorbent of the rays the ultra violet photograph would show the traces of the erasure as plainly as the writing itself.—New York Tribune.

Follows Instructions.

The father of a small family tells us this one:

"My wife instructed our little boy when he was invited out to lunch the other day that when he was asked to have a second helping of cake he should refuse. 'You must say, "No, I thank you, I've had enough,"' said she. 'And don't you forget it.'

"He didn't. When asked if he'd have some more cake he said, 'No, I thank you, I've had enough, and don't you forget it!'"—Toledo Blade.

DOCTORING A DIAMOND.

Trick That Makes a Yellow Stone Appear Clear Blue White.

Let me show you a little trick that I would advise you not to put into practice, said a jewel fancier to a number of friends the other day.

The conversation had turned to diamonds during the midday luncheon, and the expert had been holding forth on his favorite subject. The little group of St. Louisans were interested still more when the speaker drew a big solitaire from his finger and beckoned a waiter across the cafe.

"Bring me a glass of water and an indelible pencil," said he when the servitor came over to the table.

"This is a trick that is essentially crooked," said the jewel fancier, "and will get by nine times out of ten even when the examiner is an expert at judging precious stones and detecting trickery. It will make a yellow 'off color' diamond look like a stone of the very first water. Pawnbrokers innumerable have been fooled by this same trick, as it is extremely difficult to detect even with a powerful glass."

The expert took the pencil and allowed the indelible lead to dissolve in the glass of water. In a couple of minutes the water was as blue as indigo water.

"Now watch," said the man who knew the lore of jewels.

He took the ring and dropped it into the glass. Its brilliancy was dimmed by the hazy, bluish water until it looked like a dead stone.

"Now, you noted," said the demonstrator, "that the diamond I placed in there was a bit yellow. It will be a clear bluish white when it comes out of its bath."

At the end of a minute the stone was taken out. The top of the gem was dried with a soft handkerchief and then the ring was waved to and fro for a few moments. It was held up for inspection. Not a gleam of yellow was to be seen. The stone was apparently a magnificent blue white gem that any one would be proud to own and loathe to pledge.

"It is the blue pigment deposited on the back of the stone that has made the difference," said the jewel expert. "The deposit is so filmy that a strong glass cannot detect it. You cannot see it from the rear of the mounting and only a bath of alcohol will remove it. It will stay on the gem for weeks if it is not removed in that way. It used to be a favorite trick of many folks who now and again had to put a diamond into the hands of a pawnbroker.

"The trick is called 'doctoring a stone,' but, as I said in the beginning, I would not advise you to try it. I don't know what the law on such matters is in Missouri, but there are states where a person convicted of such an offense would serve a long penitentiary term for his cleverness."—St. Louis Republic.

How Artificial Furs Are Made.

The raw pieces of pelt are frozen and the skin carefully shaved off, thawed and sent to the tanneries to be made into leather. The frozen fur which remains is allowed to thaw slightly at the bottom, so that a small part of the hair is freed from ice. This thawed portion is then covered with a solution of rubber, which is allowed to set.

The result is that large seamless pieces of fur are obtainable much cheaper than those which come with the natural skin. These same artificial furs are said to be more lasting than the real, because they are immune from the attacks of moths.—Paris Nature.

CORDED A CROCODILE.

Turning a Greedy Water Devil Into a Trussed Up Mummy.

It is known that a crocodile will sometimes leave a river stocked with food, explore for miles an unsuitable tributary, then wander inland until it finds a pool.

In this way three crocodiles once found their way to Taiping lake, in the Malay peninsula. So long as they confined their attention to the fish and an occasional duck no one objected to their presence, but when one of them began to take sheep off the bank as they came down to drink it was felt that the saurians ought to be exterminated, and an Englishman and his servant made the attempt.

Obtaining a dugout, they paddled into deep water. The servant was already barefoot, and the Englishman himself took off shoes and stockings, so that his bare feet might have as good a hold as possible on the smooth bottom of the canoe. A bait was attached to a heavy rattan, and soon a tug and a plunge indicated that the crocodile was fast to one end. Immediately the canoe began to move through the water. After a protracted struggle the Englishman managed to get the crocodile within a few yards of the canoe. At one moment the open jaws would surge out of the broken water and snap together in unpleasant proximity to the men's legs; the next moment the heavy tail would swing free of the water and with the weight of a falling pole would hit the side of the canoe a blow that made it shiver.

As the crocodile surged close to the canoe and the open mouth appeared above the water the servant slipped a noose of stout cord over the upper jaw and pulled it tight some six inches behind the point of its nostrils. Then, with a quick turn of his wrist, he slipped the slack of the cord round under the lower jaw. He drew the cord tight, and the teeth of each jaw pressed home into the sockets of the other. The servant now grasped the point of the long, narrow head with one hand and with the other rapidly wound the cord round the clinched mouth.

Another noose was slipped over a fore leg. It pulled the leg up to the animal's side. The servant slipped the line over the creature's back and caught up the other fore leg. Then he noosed and tied together the hind legs.

The effect he had achieved was wonderful. In a few minutes he had transformed a ravening water devil into a trussed up mummy, and his only weapon had been three pieces of box cord.

The beast was afterward dispatched, and the servant received the government reward.—Harper's Weekly.

STOPPING A NOSEBLEED.

By This Method It Is Simply a Matter of Imagination.

In many experiments carried on during the last few years it has been ascertained that the mind controls to a wonderful extent the flow of blood to any particular part of the body. The following experiment has been tried as many as ten times by me and has not failed once.

When the nose starts to bleed, immediately persuade yourself to believe that you are running with all your might up the steepest flight of steps you can think of or up a high hill—that is, just think of doing either of these things and doing it fast. Think at the same time that you are carrying a heavy piece of baggage with both hands and add thoughts of any other bodily exertion. You will be surprised at the quickness with which your trouble ends.

The explanation is that when we really start to run more blood is given to the arteries supplying the muscles of the legs than they were receiving while at rest. This has been proved. As the same thoughts in the mind produce approximately the same bodily effects, if one merely thinks to run, but does not run, the blood will go to the legs anyhow and away from the head, as desired.

There are many common experiences of secretions started by thoughts. If one looks at a lemon and thinks of sucking it his mouth immediately waters, and I have no doubt that many people who read this will have their mouths watering from the simple reading.—Lawrence Hodges in Chicago Record-Herald.

A Bridge of Ants.

A species of ants which spin silk is common in hot countries. The ants nest in trees, binding the leaves together to make their nests. The silk used for this purpose is not secreted by the adult ants, but by the larvae. In order to attach the silken threads and draw the leaves together the ants must carry the larvae about from leaf to leaf. When two distant leaves are to be drawn together a remarkable method is employed. Five or six ants form a chain bridging the gap between the leaves, each gripping the waist of another in its mandibles. A number of such chains will co-operate in bringing two leaves together.

A Legend of Lace.

According to Melchior de Vogue, the legend of lace is as follows: A Venetian sailor gave his ladylove a frond of spreading seaweed to keep him in memory while at sea. But the girl found that the seaweed was rapidly drying up and disappearing. So she caught the fine branches and leaves of the plant with thread against a piece of linen and, working on, with her thoughts following her lover, invented lace.

Naval Arithmetic.

Teacher—How many do two and three make? Schoolboy—About fortyish. Teacher—Absurd! How do you make that out? Schoolboy—Well, dad went fishing last Sunday and caught two big fish, then three little ones, and when my uncle asked him how many he had caught he said, 'About forty!'

PREPARED FOR DEFEAT.

Precautions General Taylor Took Before Meeting Santa Anna.

Santa Anna was the greatest military leader the Mexicans have ever known. Santa Anna, with 25,000 veterans, went into the battle of Buena Vista with the avowed purpose of exterminating the entire army of the United States, and there was no doubt in the mind of Santa Anna that this great feat could be accomplished with comparative ease. General Taylor, with his 5,000 men, prepared for the unequal contest, and not only defended himself successfully, but won a substantial victory from his aggressive antagonists and drove them from the battlefield of Buena Vista.

Some time after the battle was fought and the Mexican war concluded General Taylor was criticised for having made no preparations for the retreat of his army in the event of defeat. General Taylor promptly replied: "I made every preparation necessary for the battle of Buena Vista. I wrote my will, and so did nearly every man in my army. If we had not won that battle we would have needed no lines of retreat. It was, from our standpoint, victory or annihilation. The only preparation necessary for the contingency of defeat at Buena Vista was that we should write our wills."

MAN AND THE WORLD.

A Very Small Graveyard Would Hold the Whole Human Family.

How little mankind signifies in the scheme of nature is shown by a rather morose calculation of the Italian Professor Zuccarini, who has figured out, among other things, that estimating the world's population as 1,500,000,000 the whole human race at present living could stand comfortably shoulder to shoulder in an area of 500 square miles.

Taking the number of generations in the past 6,000 years as 200, the room taken up by them all on the above plan would only be half the size of Germany, or for the sake of comparison less than the area of the state of Colorado. To bury all the people on earth would need a graveyard little larger than that area.

If the dust left by each body be estimated at one-tenth cubic yard, which is a liberal estimate, it would cover only forty square miles to a depth of about three feet. This certainly seems insignificant compared with the great coral reefs and other immense deposits built up by the shells of tiny infusoria.—New York Sun.

His Security.

When Eben Foster asked Squire Lane to lend him $200 to invest in the dry goods business the squire dryly inquired what Mr. Foster had to offer him in the way of security.

"Security?" said Eben, with an air of injured dignity. "Well, squire, I'll tell you what I have to offer—three solid silver teaspoons, a handsome brass warming pan, a pair of decalcomany vases, large size, and the material for as much as three feather beds, if not four, right on the backs o' my flock o' geese, an' five Plymouth Rock hens.

"You can call 'em all yours till I pay the money back, an' I'll take care of 'em for you free of charge. I don't know what anybody could want more'n that for security."—Youth's Companion.

The American Indian.

The old question of the origin of the red man of America is still an open one, the last word by no means having been said. The most probable theory is that which links the Indian with the Mongoloids of East Africa, whose physical characteristics are strikingly similar to those of the American aborigine. Between the Indian and the Japanese there are many pronounced resemblances, and some excellent authorities are of the opinion that it was from that eastern race that the Indian originally sprung. If, as some think, the Eskimos are the best representatives of the Indian as he was upon his arrival here, the theory of the Japanese origin is immensely strengthened, since the likeness between the Eskimo and the Japanese is striking indeed.—New York American.

Logic of the Land.

A specimen of rustic reasoning which is too good to lose is recorded in Mr. R. L. Gales' "Studies In Arcady." "A barber," he says, "was telling me with great gusto how he had refuted an atheist. I inquired what arguments he had employed.

"'I asked the atheist,' said the barber, 'what portion of the Scriptures he based his ideas upon.'

"'What did he say to that?'

"'Never a word.'

"The defeat had been crushing and final."

Not Her Kind.

"Have you heard," asked Mrs. Oldcastle, "that Grace Moneylove has married an octogenarian?"

"Mercy sakes!" exclaimed Mrs. Justrich. "Is that so? Well, he may be all right, but I want to tell you I've never seen a man who wouldn't eat meat that I'd live with."—Judge.

Not to Blame.

Lady—But this fish isn't fresh! Fishmonger—And whose fault is that? I offered it to you at the beginning of the week and you wouldn't have it then.—London Telegraph.

The mind ought sometimes to be amused that it may the better return to thought and to itself.

No, Cordelia, not all methodical people are methodists.

Flattery is the praise we hear of others.

PRESENCE OF MIND

May Make Heroes of Physical Cowards In Time of Danger.

NOT A MATTER OF COURAGE.

It Is the Sudden Impulse That Moves One to Do the Right Thing In an Unexpected Emergency—A Soldier and a Shell and a Man and a Murder.

There is a distinction to be drawn between presence of mind and courage. Persons who naturally are timid and nervous will in circumstances of great danger and excitement perform acts of heroism that would be beyond their powers on ordinary occasions. We speak of these as instances of presence of mind. But if you ask them they would tell you that an involuntary impulse rather than any premeditated course of action guided their will on the occasion. Had they time for reflection when all the threatening danger to themselves had become clear to their minds their natural timidity of character would have asserted itself and deprived them of action.

It is absence of fear that prompts the soldier under a heavy fire from the enemy's guns to go to the assistance of a wounded comrade and bring him to a place of safety, and nothing in human nature can compare with such self sacrifice. But in times of sudden emergency it is not always the bravest who act with promptitude. The following story is an instance of this:

One of our transports was returning from the Philippines with invalided men, and one morning at sea a group of officers on the deck discussed the subject of firing shells. A soldier was told by the colonel to bring an empty shell with a fuse. The colonel took the shell in his hands and, striking a match, lighted the fuse. As this slowly burned and the colonel proceeded with his address to the other officers another soldier passed the group, and the moment he caught sight of the shell he rushed forward, exclaiming, "Look out, sir; the shell is a live one!"

Then he did what never seemed to have come into the minds of any in the group of officers. He seized the shell out of the hands of the colonel and threw it into the sea. For this service he was promoted. The soldier who had been told to bring an empty shell had gone to the wrong magazine. Those who talked with the man touching this incident say that he repudiated any idea of having done a brave thing. "I don't know," he said, "what made me seize the shell out of the colonel's hand, but it came suddenly into my mind, and I did it." It is this wave of unconscious thought which constitutes true presence of mind. This will come to people of nervous and even cowardly natures.

There is of authentic record the case of a man known to be utterly deficient of courage who saved himself from a very awkward situation by an exhibition of real presence of mind. He was an Englishman and lived in a town in the midlands, where he was an organist. Late one evening he was returning home through some of the back streets, which at that hour were more or less empty of people. As he went along, however, he noticed some distance ahead of him a man and a woman walking side by side, the man's arm being around the woman's neck. Just under a street lamp the couple stopped for a moment, when the organist heard a piercing scream and saw the woman slowly falling from the man's arms. Almost before she had reached the ground the man darted away down a side street and disappeared.

When the organist came up to the woman he found, to his horror, that she was lying in a pool of blood. His first impulse was to run away and get clear of the terrible scene, but his better feelings prevailed, and he knelt down beside the poor woman to see if he could do anything for her. When he raised her head he found she was quite dead, with her throat cut from ear to ear. Beside her on the pavement lay a blood stained razor.

The organist was overwhelmed with horror. Before he could collect himself a group of people had gathered, and presently he heard expressions such as "He did it." "I tell you I saw him." "There is the razor." "The fiend! Where are the police?" "Hand him over!" It was certainly a very awkward position, as the rough character of the people might tempt them to take the law into their own hands and use him very badly. The arrival of a policeman seemed to steady his nerves for a moment, and then came a wave of inspiration that might truly be called presence of mind. He seized the dead woman's wrist and, pulling out his watch, went through the form of feeling her pulse. Then he put his hand over her heart and, turning to the policeman, said as calmly as he could: "I am sorry to say that I can be of no further service here. The poor woman is quite dead. There is no action in the heart or the pulse."

In an instant the murmurs of the crowd changed, and he heard "He's the doctor" on all sides. This was his opportunity, and, slowly rising and affecting to be in no hurry, he passed through the crowd, who made way for him. But when he got clear of the street and came to the first turning he took to his heels and ran for all he was worth. The cowardly spirit got the better of him in the end. He heard the next day that the murderer had gone straight to the police station and given himself up.—New York Press.

Nobody can have such a clear conscience that he doesn't look scared when his wife begins to tell him he talked in his sleep.

A ROYAL MYSTERY

One of the Legacies of the French Revolution.

FATE OF THE YOUNG DAUPHIN

Whether the Son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette Was Murdered or Died or Was Spirited Away Is an Enigma Without a Solution.

Every healthy minded man or woman loves a mystery, and, fortunately for the world, history has provided one or two problems which have been worn threadbare without revealing their secrets. Among these is the fate of the nine-year-old son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, which Mme. Louise Latour recently dealt with in a lecture in London.

A child judicially murdered or else spirited away, another substituted for him to die and to be buried under a false name, the people who reported of these things silenced or poisoned, the period of events comparatively recent—the story sounds incredible, but it rests on a basis of established fact.

The dauphin, a delicate child of nine, was removed from his mother and friends and given to the care of Simon, the brutal savetier, and his wife. After this all remains obscure except that while the boy was in their care the Simons gave up their post—in itself rather strange, as it was a lucrative one—and on the day of the change of residence the substitution is supposed to have taken place. In the evening a child in bed was shown to the emissaries of the convention, and the next morning he was removed to a smaller room with the door nailed up, the only air coming in by the grille through which his food was passed. So he remained until he became so ill that Dr. Dessault, who had often been to Versailles in the old days, was summoned to attend him and was amazed to find a scrofulous and dying boy.

"Ce n'est pas le petit dauphin!" ("That is not the little Dauphin!") he blurted out imprudently, and a day or two later he died by poison.

Other doctors were brought who were unacquainted with the royal children, and the child died and was buried in his assumed character. He is generally supposed to have been a lad called Gombeau, and his mother was actually seen by people in America, where she admitted the wickedness of having sold her dying son when she was in a condition of extreme poverty.

La femme Simon talked, but her words were discredited by the authorities, who declared she was drunken and garrulous. Nevertheless, on her deathbed she confessed to a priest and a nurse that a substitute had been put in the dauphin's place.

Such are the historical facts as related by Mme. Latour, and to account for them two theories have been deduced, says a writer in the London Times. The first, in which Mme. Latour believes, was that the dauphin was judicially murdered by Simon in the temple and the dying Gombeau put in his place to hide the crime from the world. Of the second, that the child escaped alive from his prison, many people are strenuous supporters. Some of them describe the course of events thus: Gombeau was brought into the temple on the day of the demenagement in a large cardboard horse given ostensibly as a souvenir to the royal prisoner by the femme Simon, while the dauphin was carried out by the woman in a big basket of dirty linen. Others declare that the prince was actually kept hidden in a garret in the temple until the substitute died, more than a year later, when he was taken out in a coffin with a false bottom, the body of Gombeau being buried in the moat.

This theory has had two startling confirmations. A small coffin filled with paper and stones was actually found in the cemetery of La Madeleine, and General d'Andigne, imprisoned in the temple in 1801 and allowed to relieve the tedium of his confinement by gardening, was digging in the moat when he found the uncoffined skeleton of a child.

But, as Mme. Latour asked, if the dauphin escaped alive into the world, where did he go? No fewer than thirty pretenders, one a negro, at different times have declared themselves the son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette. The two who attracted most disciples were the Duc de Richemont and "Naundorf." With regard to the latter, it was against him that he did not come forward until he was thirty years of age and he could not speak a word of French. Mme. Latour added that he married a middle class wife and was an excellent watchmaker, consequently unlike what the heir of a royal line ought to be. Obviously the speaker had forgotten Louis Seize and his passion for making and mending locks.

Real Experience.

"Friend," began the strolling philosopher, "do you know anything about the pursuit of happiness?"

"Ought to," chuckled the rural constable as he filled his mouth with tobacco. "Calculate I have chased more eloping couples than any man in this section."—Chicago News.

First of the Season.

Seedy Visitor—Do you have many wrecks about here, boatman? Boatman—Not very many, sir. You're the first I've seen this season.—London Telegraph.

A lie which is part a truth is a hard matter to fight.—Tennyson.

A woman likes to wash her hair so that she can read the last chapter of a novel while drying it.

A public office sometimes looks like a private trust.

BLUNT ANDREW JACKSON.

"Old Hickory's" Caustic Advice to James Buchanan.

Stories of Andrew Jackson are likely to be pointed and to have a practical application, as do the stories told of Franklin. In Mr. J. W. Forney's "Anecdotes of Public Men" there is given a story as it was told by James Buchanan at his own table. Although it contained a reproof from the president to one who was to succeed him, it is said to have been a favorite story at that board.

Shortly after Mr. Buchanan's return from Russia in 1834, to the court of which country he had been sent by Jackson in 1832, and immediately following his election to the senate he called upon "Old Hickory" with a fair English lady whom he desired to present to the head of the American nation.

Leaving her in the reception room downstairs, he ascended to the president's private quarters, where he found General Jackson unshaved, unkempt, in his dressing gown, with his slippered feet on the fender, before a blazing wood fire, smoking a corncob pipe of the old southern pattern.

He stated his object, and General Jackson said that he would be very glad to meet the lady whom Mr. Buchanan desired to present.

Mr. Buchanan was always careful of his personal appearance and in some respects was a sort of masculine Miss Fribbe, addicted to spotless cravats and huge collars, rather proud of a foot small for a man of his large stature and to the last of his life what the ladies would call "a very good figure."

Having just returned from a visit to the fashionable circles of the continent after years of thorough intercourse with the etiquette of one of the stateliest courts in Europe, he was somewhat shocked at the idea of the president meeting the eminent English lady in such a guise and ventured to ask if General Jackson did not intend to change his attire. Thereupon the old warrior rose, with his long pipe in his hand, and, deliberately knocking the ashes out of the bowl, said to his friend:

"Buchanan, I want to give you a little piece of advice, which I hope you will remember. I knew a man once who made a fortune by attending to his own business. Tell the lady I will see her presently."

The man who became president in 1857 was fond of saying that this remark of Andrew Jackson humiliated him more than any other rebuke he had ever received.

He walked downstairs to meet the lady in his charge, and in a very short time President Jackson entered the room, dressed in a full suit of black, cleanly shaved, with his stubborn white hair forced back from his forehead, and, advancing to the beautiful visitor, he greeted her with almost kingly grace.

As she left the White House she said to her escort, "Your republican president is the royal model of a gentleman."

Napoleon's Tribute to Frederick.

When, after the battle of Jena, Napoleon invaded Prussia he visited Potsdam, which contains the mortal remains of the Prussian kings. The sepulcher of Frederick the Great occupied a prominent site in the mausoleum. When entering the latter Napoleon uncovered his head and went directly up to the sarcophagus of the noted warrior. For a moment the conqueror stood still, seemingly absorbed in deep thought. Then with the forefinger of his right hand he wrote the word "Napoleon" in the dust of the huge stone casket and, turning to his marshals, said:

"Gentlemen, if he were living I would not be here."

A Joke That Failed.

Once when Henrik Ibsen was engaged in writing a play he by chance dropped a scrap of paper on which were the words, "the doctor says."

Mrs. Ibsen determined to have a joke and one day casually remarked: "Who is that doctor in your new play? I suppose he'll say some interesting things?"

Ibsen at first was silent with astonishment. Then he broke out into a fit of rage, full of reproaches for her spying.

Tenuity.

The convivial boarder as he sat down explained that if anybody present noticed an odor of cloves it was due to his having been trying to relieve a toothache.

"Among the permissible synonyms for 'thin,'" observed the taciturn boarder, breaking the long silence that followed, "are 'gauzy,' 'diaphanous,' 'exiguous' and 'anguilliform.' Mrs. Irons, where are the pickles?"—Chicago Tribune.

Different Ivories.

"Let's go down and have a game of billiards."

"Excuse me, but I'm a greenhorn at billiards."

"Greenhorn? I am surprised, sir. Why, you told me you were at home with the ivories."

"So I am, sir. I am a dentist."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

One Comfort.

"Nothing is so bad that it couldn't be worse," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes," agreed the simple mug, "we can't suffer from insomnia and nightmare at the same time."—Philadelphia Record.

Life is a campaign, not a battle, and has its defeats as well as its victories.—Don Platt.

But if a man has the right kind of a wife he seldom has occasion to find fault with his mother-in-law.

AN ELUSIVE BONE.

Lux Is Said to Be Indestructible, but It Is Hard to Locate.

Much scholarship and anatomical knowledge have been employed from time to time in efforts to identify the bone lux, said by ancient Hebrew writers to be the nucleus from which the body is reconstructed at the resurrection. There are many marvelous stories of the indestructibility of lux, and the bone has been located by rival claimants to the honor of discovering it in various parts of the human skeleton.

The most careful searching of the last published and amplest treatise on osteology will not result in the discovery of the bone called lux. It will be necessary to go to the Frankfort edition of the "Theatrum Anatomicum" of Caspar Bauhinus (1621) for a description: "It is stated by Hebrew writers to be a bone which cannot be destroyed by fire, water or any other element, nor be broken or bruised by any force. Its site is in the spine from the eighteenth vertebra to the femur.

"We read that the Emperor Hadrian once asked Rabbi Joshua, the son of Chanm, how God would resurrect man in the world to come. He made answer, 'From the bone lux in the spinal column.' When Hadrian asked him how he came by this knowledge and how he could prove it the Rabbi Joshua produced the bone so that the emperor could see it. When placed in water it could not be softened; it was not destroyed by fire, nor could it be ground by any weight; when placed on an anvil and struck with a hammer the anvil was broken in sunder, but the bone remained intact." Hieronymus Magius represents that, according to the Talmudists, the real bone is near the base of the skull, whether it be in the base itself or in the spine. Vesalius writes that this ossicle is described by the Arabs as resembling a chick pea in size and shape, and Cornelius Agrippa describes it as "magnitudine ciceris mundati" (the size of a shelled pea). Different anatomists have held it variously to be the sacrum, the coccyx, the twelfth dorsal vertebra, one of the Wormian bones in the skull and one of the sesamoids of the great toe.—London Lancet.

LIFE OF THE WORLD.

Traditions That It Will Last Only Six Thousand Years.

There is a general and widespread notion, which the curious investigator will find scattered throughout both medieval and modern literature, that the world will last 6,000 years from the date of its creation. An inscription in one of Martin Luther's books reads as follows: "Elijah, the prophet, said that the world had existed 2,000 years before the law was given (from Adam to Moses), would exist 2,000 years under the Mosaic law (from Moses to Christ) and 2,000 years under the Christian dispensation, and then it would be burned."

In the Etrurian account of the creation (by Suidas) there is a similar tradition, "The Creator spent 6,000 years in creation, and 6,000 more are allotted to the earth."

In the black letter edition of Foxe's "Acts and Monuments" (1632) there is a whole sermon given with the 6,000 year limit of the earth's duration as a text.

Some writers contend that the "six days" referred to in Holy Writ really mean 6,000 years and that the "seventh day" is a type of the coming millennium, or "Sabbath of a thousand years." The psalmist says, "For a thousand years are in thy sight as yesterday" (Psalm xc, 4. See also II Peter iii, 8).

Chinese Nomads.

In the plains on the western borders of the Chinese empire, in the heart of Asia, there live roaming tribes who seldom visit towns except for trade. They dwell in tents made of felt and usually low, small and conical. The wooden door frame is no higher than half a window frame in English houses, but the tent, although not equal to the wants of a large family, is snug and comfortable in summer, but cold in winter.—London Graphic.

A Change of Venue.

"I never was so surprised in my life as when I heard that County Treasurer Bilkes had absconded with $30,000 of the county money," said Blithers. "When he was nominated it struck me it was a perfect case of the office seeking the man."

"It is yet," said Dobbleigh, "only this time it's the district attorney's office that's seeking him."—Harper's Weekly.

Flattery.

"How does that stupid fellow happen to make such a hit with the girls? Why, he looks like an ape."

"That's just it. Notice how long his arms are? Well, he makes each girl think that her waist is about three sizes smaller than it really is."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Drawing a Conclusion.

"And on what do you base your conclusions that she is not a lady?"

"Upon what I overheard her say when she heard that another lady had said she was no lady."—Houston Post.

Fought For Peace.

Doctor—Did that medicine I gave you agree with your stomach? Patient—Yes, finally, but it raised an awful row before it came to terms.

In Tune.

"What a rasping voice that lawyer has!"

"No wonder. He's filing charges."—Baltimore American.

Stiff hats cover a multitude of soft heads.

Some dogs are pointers, but a lot more are disappointers.

CORSICAN CRUELTY.

It Loomed Up Large In Napoleon's Treatment of Children.

Napoleon had a singular rage for pulling children's ears, sometimes so hard as to make the poor children cry. Caroline was very vexed when she saw her little Achille the victim of his uncle's caresses, and more than once her son's tears made her weep too.

One day the First Consul, pulling the ears of the little fellow, hurt him, and he cried out. To teach him not to cry his uncle pulled his ear again, harder. Achille, having freed himself, came back to him in a fury and, raising his little fist, shouted:

"You are a villain, a wicked, wicked villain!"

To prove the contrary Napoleon should have embraced his nephew and made him forget the pain he had gratuitously inflicted by some show of affection. But tenderness was not in his character. Corsicans scarcely know what it means, and, though Napoleon used to say, "I am less of a Corsican than one thinks," he was really more so than any one or he himself thought. Instead of quieting his nephew he became angry and gave him a violent slap on the face. The child ran weeping to his Uncle Lucien, who was present, while Mme. Murat was so upset that she was taken ill, "from the effort," says Lucien, who relates this episode, "she made to control her feelings, which such violence to her child outraged. As for the First Consul, he left the room, shrugging his shoulders and slamming the door and saying that Caroline had always been an affected creature and acted like all parents who spoiled their children." — Turquan's "Sisters of Napoleon."

Old Time Smallpox Cure.

To cure smallpox was apparently a very simple matter in the good old times. John of Gaddesden, court doctor to Edward II., has recorded that he got rid of the disease by the simple expedient of wrapping his patients in red cloth.

"Let scarlet red be taken," he says, "and let him who is suffering smallpox be entirely wrapped in it or in some other red cloth. I did this when the son of the illustrious king of England suffered from smallpox. I took care that all about his bed should be red, and that cure succeeded very well."—London Chronicle.

Would Do Just as Well.

A well known clergyman who is very stout was having unusual difficulty one morning in lacing his shoes.

"My dear, you ought to have a valet," remarked his wife sympathetically.

"A valet?" echoed the clergyman. "Well, my dear, if I had a valley where I now have a mountain it would answer."—Ladies' Home Journal.

WOMAN AND WOE.

Old Age In India Invariably Blends the Two Into One.

"I have seen women under a burning midday sun reaping in the fields," says a writer on India; "I have seen them at roadmaking in the streets of cities; I have seen them loading engines with coal at railway stations; I have seen them in long procession on the white roads of the plains carrying great burdens on their heads like a string of camels. And I have seen also in the eyes of every old woman whom I have encountered, every one of them, such misery, adversity and angry bitterness as seemed to curse the very air of heaven. I have not seen one happy old woman in the whole country.

"Women follow through the village like a dog at the husband's heel. Maternity is no excuse for the task in the field and the duties of the house. They are servants without wages and without liberty to select another master. Before them is perpetual servitude, and if they are so abandoned by the gods as to reach old age their certain destiny is misery, dejection, friendliness and black despair. I never knew all the meaning of the word woe until I looked into the face of an old woman under an Asian sky.

"The women folk of the upper classes in India, speaking generally, are more the prisoners of their husbands than the women of the helot castes. They do not labor except in cooking and serving the meals of their husbands, but they are cut off from the world as completely as a nun; they do not even know, in many cases, the male relations of their husbands. They are little more than caged animals taught to do a few household tricks."—Chicago News.

The Importance of the Beard.

The importance of the beard was fully recognized in the middle ages. Here is a passage (quoted by J. A. F. Orbaan in "Sixtine Rome") from a letter of the writer, Bartolomeo Catena: "It is well that those who have to lead and govern should have a long and fine beard. And I can assure you that the government of cities and provinces has been given to more than one prelate because he had a long and fine beard; otherwise he were not worthy that honor."

Force of Habit.

He was an old merchant who had built up a big business by advertising.

"John," said his wife, "what do you want on your tombstone?"

"Oh," he answered, "it isn't very important what the text is so long as it gets good space and is well displayed."—London Telegraph.

Keeps It Well.

Nell—Don't you think Miss Antique keeps her age remarkably well? Belle—Sure. She never gives it away.—Philadelphia Record.

Tragic.

What is more tragic than to forget on "the morning after" that convincing excuse you gave the night before?

COOKING A HEDGEHOG.

Bake It In Clay Into a Solid Mass and Carve It With an Ax.

When a Maine Indian has the choice of a hedgehog, a skunk, a woodchuck and a muskrat for dinner he will select the first named invariably and take the skunk as second choice, leaving the woodchuck, which is the only one of the lot a Maine white man will taste, to the last. Unlike the skunk and the woodchuck, which are lean and unsavory except for a few months in the fall, or the muskrat, which is never fat and which has a strong flavor in spite of parboiling, the hedgehog is always in edible condition and has meat that is as tender and white as that of a spring chicken.

The method of cooking a hedgehog is so simple that a novice can learn in one short lesson. When the epicure is permitted to make a choice he should shun the large old males, which at times weigh thirty or forty pounds. The preparation consists in removing the viscera, washing out the interior and filling the cavity with slices of fat pork, peeled raw potatoes, sprigs of spearmint and wild celery from the brook.

Then, without removing the quills or skinning, the body is plastered thickly with wet clay from the nearest bank. The muddy, bulky mass is thrust into live coals and covered with blazing fagots to be roasted for two hours.

On removal from the coals, the clay is found to have been baked into a hard and solid mass, which must be broken open with an ax or a heavy stone, whereupon the skin and quills of the animal cling to the clay wrapping and fall away, leaving the clean white meat ready to be eaten.—New York Herald.

BONES OF THE EAR.

The Little Stirrup When Displaced Causes Noises In the Head.

Vibrations of the eardrum are communicated to the inner ear by means of three exceedingly small bones, one of which is called the stirrup. When this particular little bone is displaced, however slightly, the patient hears sounds which are subjective, or, to use plainer terms, noises confined exclusively to the auditory apparatus and not heard by others. These sounds frequently seem like wind whistling through a crevice or a buzzing such as one hears when passing under a network of wires on a windy day. Other sounds of similar subjective origin are classified as musical. They take the form of ringing bells, trumpet blasts, organ notes and the piping of birds. Still another form conveys to the patient sounds such as frogs make as they sit on logs and like the shouts of a crowd at a baseball game.

Dr. Marage, a famous French aurist, recently laid before the Academy of Sciences in Paris the results of his study of a thousand cases of this general sort. He has found that the nerves of the ear in certain cases maintained the conducting position which they assumed when they transmitted the sound of a ringing bell or like sound, and, like an electric button out of position, kept the bell vibrations from being interrupted. Other sounds were produced by the persistent excitation of the auditory nerve centers. High frequency electrical currents and vibratory massage have been used by leading specialists in the treatment of ear troubles in these several conditions, and the results have been encouraging.—New York World.

Wrong End First.

An old Indiana justice of the peace, after listening for two long days to the evidence pro and con in a criminal case, wound up his decision upon the conflicting testimony by saying that he had grave doubts as to the guilt of the prisoner, but, whereas when a law student he had read in Blackstone that it was better that ninety-nine innocent men should be punished than that one guilty man should escape, therefore he would find the prisoner guilty.—Hilton's "Funny Side of Politics."

Clasp Tails as They Pass.

Among the peculiarly tailed fishes the sea horses are alone in having the tail prehensile. With it they anchor themselves to seaweed and other things in strong currents, for they are poor swimmers. As two of these interesting creatures meet they may clasp tails for a moment and then pass on, as if they had wished each other well.—London Spectator.

Dr. William Bulleyn, of the same family as the unfortunate Anne Boleyn, was a contemporary of Sydney, Raleigh, Drake, Hawkins, Granville, Spenser and the rest of that famous galaxy that illuminated the Elizabethan era. The leading physician of his day, he took great interest in vegetable remedies, and his "Book of Simples" was an honored authority for generations. He recommends the free use of sage tea and of figs, saying: "Figges be good against melancholy and the falling evil (epilepsy) to be eaten. Figges, nuts and herbe grasse do make a sufficient medicine against poison or the pestilence. Figges make a good gargarism to cleanse the throat."—Charles Winslow Hall in National Magazine.

Not Loaded.

No other language under the sun is open to so many interpretations as the English language, as witness the conversation between two Sharon Hill girls the other evening:

"Oh, May," said the first one, "Jim and Bill tried to fight a duel over me."

"How romantic! What happened?"

"It was terrible. I came into the room, and those foolish boys were pointing big pistols at each other!"

"Pistols? Heavens! Were they loaded?"

"Not a bit. That is just what made it really very serious. They both were sober."—Philadelphia Times.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 1 p. m.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. and at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 5869 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 128 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
MORRIS LABELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
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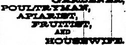


FEATHERBONE WHIPS.
FEATHERBONE is made from [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ... $1.00, $1.25 [illegible] FEATHERBONE.

Spectator 1.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Eddie Carlson was in Thief River Monday.

R. L. Hauge was in Thief River Falls Monday.

John Naplin of Wylie came over Friday and went to Thief River Falls.

Arthur Ittner of Cass Lake was calling on old friends Monday.

I have a stock of Burbank potatoes, and will sell them at cost as long as they last. OLE MATHSON.

Miss Ruth Roy has finished her term of school near Red Lake Falls and returned home Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Aase of St. Paul were in town Wednesday Mr. Aase owns a farm two miles west of town.

Mr. and Mrs Henry Olson and Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Sevre were visitors at Andrew Simonson's home last Sunday.

Misses Josephine and Huldah Gigstad gave a parcel shower party at their home Wednesday evening for Miss Mary Hoff.

George Biskey has been quite ill this week. Miss Gertrude Hooper delivers the mail on Route 1 during his illness.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Tice and son L. C. of Pella Ia. are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Irving Wallace.

Otto and Daniel Johnson went Wednesday to Crookston to visit their brother, Axel Johnson, at the Farmers Hotel.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

STRAYED—From my place 2 miles east of St. Hilaire, one red mooley cow and one red mooley bull. Finder please notify C. Bothman, route No. 2.

A large number of Oddfellows too numerous to mention attended the lodge at Red Lake Falls Friday evening and assisted at initiations and banquet.

Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls will preach here Sunday at 3 p. m. and at 8 in the evening. The services in the afternoon will be in the Norwegian language in the evening in English.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very chea and will go quick. Write t Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Freund had as guests Sunday afternoon the members of the St. Hilaire orchestra of which organization Mr. Freund is the director.—Gazette.

I have taken charge of the tin shop in Holmes Bros,' hardware store, and am prepared to make water tanks, or do any kind of tin work. H. W. PETERSON.

Charles Hooper of Madison Wis. arrived here Wednesday for a few days' visit at home. He is nearly recovered from the effects of his surgical operation at Rochester Minn., three weeks ago.

A picnic or social for the Swedish Luthern church will be given at the home of Andrew Soderberg Sunday June 4. In the afternoon. Those who desire to ride will meet at the Swedish parsonage at 2 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

There seems to be a difference of opinion as to the merits of the lecture given by Rev. J. B. Smith Tuesday evening. Some thought it fine; others did not like it at all. The attendance was not very large.

Ray Linquist, who is attending school at Fergus Falls and who was seriously ill during the winter, is now as strong as usual. A few week ago he underwent an operation for appendicitis. Since then he has been gaining rapidly and has completely recoverd.

WANTED:—To correspond with armers and dairymen who are in position to ship whole milk, sweet cream, or sour cream to us DIRECT and receive highest prices for same. Each inquirer will receive a paper bill file.—Crookston Pure Food Company, Crookston, Minn. m18-2

The young girl of Herman Ortloff, who has been suffering with blood-poisoning at the home of Mr. Bessler will very likely suffer the loss of her left arm. All has been done that could be done to save it, but the bones have been so injured by the infection that in all probability the arm will have to be taken off above he elbow.—Thief River Falls Press

Go to Ole Mathson for your extra machine oil and axle grease.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

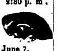
Rev. Frank Larson goes next Thursday to attend a Mission meeting at Warren.

The Memorial services that were to have been held May 30 have been indefinitely postponed.

Be sure to give in your order to N. A. Nelson for the Minnesota machinery before it is all sold.

Ole Mathson is selling Northrup King fodder corn for a dollar bushel, guaranteed to grow.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, May 28, 2:30 p. m.



Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

The clerk of the district court has received notice from the government that all who apply for citizenship papers after June 29 must be able to give the name of the vessel in which they reached America, and after September 26 they must have a certificate of landing which is furnished each immigrant admitted by the department of commerce and labor.

Gophers Win Again

As scheduled, a ball game was pulled off between the St. Hilaire Gophers and Red Lake Falls Juniors last Sunday afternoon at the latter's diamond, St. Hilaire again winning over their opponents by the score of 14 to 4. The Gophers displayed some of the fastest playing that they have ever performed and it was clearly evident thruout the whole game that they would come out easy victors. The locals also performed some exceptionally heavy work at the bat and the down river fielders were continually kept on the "jump."

The Gophers were cheered "on to victory" by a large crowd from St. Hilaire, ten packed rigs making up the St. Hilaire delegation.

The St. Hilaire people were treated nicely by the Red Lake Falls fans and they wish to express their appreciation of the courteous treatment received.

The St. Hilaire battery did excellent work, Roy Wallen pitching one of the greatest games of his career, and Fred Hall doing great work behind the bat.

Owens of St. Hilaire and Whieler of Red Lake Falls umpired the game to the entire satisfaction of both sides.

After the St. Hilaire game the Juniors and Thief River Tigers played a very interesting game of ten innings the Juniors coming out victors by the score of 7 to 8.

THE GREAT PHARAOH.

Horemheb Did More For Egypt, Perhaps, Than Any Other.

Horemheb at the time of his accession was forty-five years of age, full of energy and vigor and passionately anxious to have a free hand in the carrying out of his schemes for the reorganization of the government. It was therefore with joy that in about the year 1350 B. C. he sailed up to Thebes in order to claim the crown.

Had he lived longer he might have been famous as a conqueror as well as an administrator, though old age might retard and tired bones refuse their office. As it is, however, his name is written sufficiently large in the book of the world's great men, and when he died, about 1315 B. C., after a reign of some thirty-five years, he had done more for Egypt than had almost any other pharaoh. He found the country in the wildest disorder, and he left it the master of itself and ready to become once more the master of the empire which Akhnaton's doctrine of peace and good will had lost.

Under his direction the purged worship of the old gods, which for him meant only the maintenance of sometime proved customs, had gained the mastery over the chimerical worship of Aton. Without force or violence he substituted the practical for the visionary, and to Amun and order his grateful subjects were able to cry, "The sun of him who knew thee not has set, but he who knows thee shines; the sanctuary of him who assailed thee is overwhelmed in darkness, but the whole earth is now in light."—Arthur E. P. Weigall in Century.

A Sad Case.

"This milk is blue," said the customer angrily.

"I know it, and I'm very sorry," replied the milkman, "but the weather we've been having lately has given the cows melancholia, and it shows up in the milk."—Brooklyn Citizen.

The Best Advertisement This Store Ever Had

Has been the goods we have sold. We have always believed that small profits would make a big business. Our new spring merchandise exhibits in a marked degree what values can be offered when the dealer is looking to his future and considers first of all his customers' satisfaction.

LAZAR & LAZAR

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particular.

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

What the Cloth Got In Boston.

If you go to San Francisco and meet a friend he will ask you to stay a week with him. In Omaha he will take you home overnight, in Chicago he will take you out to dinner, in New York he will hurry you off to lunch, in New Haven he will hand you a good cigar, and in Boston he will give you an apple.—Congregationalist.

An Intelligent Servant.

The Mistress—Who hung the thermometer to the ceiling? The Servant—I, ma'am. You were complaining because it was so low!—Translated For Transatlantic Tales From Il Motto Ridere.

A Question of Class.

"They are constantly catching more grafters," said the hopeful citizen.

"Not regular grafters," answered Mr. Dustin Stax. "Those who get caught are only amateurs."—Washington Star.

One cannot be and have been.—French Proverb.

Commissioners' Proceedings

(Continued from Second Page)

issued on other ditches to be later specified (not exceeding four ditches), denominations of $1,000 each, dated June 1, 1911, maturing serially in six to twenty years at $10,000 per year, principal and interest payable in St. Paul, of Chicago, or New York, as we may later specify, bonds to be delivered in such of said cities as we may name.

We will pay you par plus interest accrued to date of delivery of said bonds and will attend to the preparation of bond blanks, we to be allowed $5.00 per bond to defray such expenses.

This tender is made subject to the approval of our attorneys, Ambrose Tighe, Esq., of St. Paul and Wood & Oakley of Chicago, as to the legality of the proceedings, you to furnish us without charge a full certified transcript of such proceedings and to make any corrective measures that may be prescribed by them.

As evidence of good faith we will send you a check for $1,000, to be used as part payment for said bonds.

Signed,
SECURITY TRUST COMPANY,
W. W. Matteson.

Above tender is hereby accepted this 15th day of May, 1911, by order of the county board of Pennington county, Minnesota. ED. A. AUBOL, Chairman.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, Auditor.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the bid of the Security Trust company of St. Paul for $150,000 ditch bonds be accepted, and the proper officers are hereby instructed to execute the necessary papers to secure the bonds. Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 240. Residence 'Phone 94.

Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"

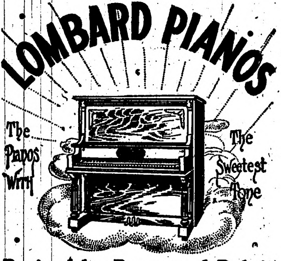
Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG

● See the editor of this paper for further information about Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost [illegible]. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with teh To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Libby's

Evaporated Milk

is the handiest thing in the pantry. It is pure and always ready to use.

There is no waste—use as much or as little as you need, and the rest keeps longer than fresh milk.

Gives fine results in all cooking

Tell your grocer to send Libby's Milk

Libby's
Evaporated Milk
Libby McNeill & Libby

Join In War Against Tuberculosis.

From statistics published in the new tuberculosis directory of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis it is ascertained that over 500 cities and towns of the United States, besides about 100 in Canada, are engaged in the war against consumption, and that on April 1st there were nearly 1,500 different agencies at work in the crusade, an increase of nearly 700 per cent. in the last seven years.

The new directory lists 421 tuberculosis sanatoria hospitals, and day camps; 511 associations and committees for the prevention of tuberculosis; 312 special dispensaries; 68 open air schools; 98 hospitals for the insane and penal institutions, making special provision for their tuberculosis inmates; besides giving an account of the anti-tuberculosis legislation in every state and in about 250 cities.

The new directory is sold by the National Association for the Study and Presention of Tuberculosis, 105 East 22d street, New York city, at cost price, 50c postpaid.

How He Did It.

At the dinner Saturday of the Military Order of Foreign Wars, Captain [illegible] L. Burridge told of a man who, returning to his domicile at [illegible], underwent an inspection by his wife, who desired to know how he came to have a large bump on his forehead.

"That? Oh, that's where I bit myself," explained he of the night key.

"Bit yourself?" the lady repeated after him. "How could you bite yourself away up there?"

"Why, I stood of a chair," he said.—Cleveland Leader.

Shouldn't He?

A very good natured broker, who is very much larger than his wife, and who likes his little joke at someone else's expense, was sitting in the theater. A man behind him, not knowing who he was, leaned forward and whispered, "Will you please ask your wife to remove her hat?"

"You'd better do it yourself. I'm afraid."

Whereupon the man behind became angry, arose, protested and left the theater.

One Cook

May make a cake "fit for the Queen," while another only succeeds in making a "pretty good cake" from the same materials.

It's a matter of skill!

People appreciate, who have once tasted.

Post Toasties

A delicious food made of White Corn—flaked and toasted to a delicate, crisp brown—to the "Queen's taste."

Post Toasties are served direct from the package with cream or milk, and sugar if desired—

A breakfast favorite!

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

The WREATH by the RIVER

A STORY FOR MEMORIAL DAY

By T. C. HARBAUGH

THE great war had been over a few years and in soft gloaming of May the fairest wreaths that the bright fields yield fell annually upon hero graves. in the valleys of Virginia the marks of that terrible strife remained, for the scars of battle are hard to obliterate, and the roses of Peace, though they grow over the cannon ruts, are now and then blown aside, showing the work of the crimson demon.

The home of the Morrows was one of simplicity, though set among hills which had reverberated to the booming of the great guns, and the near-by river sang its song of peace as it sought the sea. By lucky accident the little home and its surroundings had escaped the ravages of war.

Hester Morrow stood upon the old vine-embowered porch and looked out upon a scene of exquisite loveliness. Everywhere the last month of spring had garbed the landscape in matchless beauty. Of course she remembered the war. While she stood there she recalled how one day a regiment of Union soldiers was hard pressed and how stubbornly they held their ground around the house; how the brave went down before the missiles of battle, and how in her young girlhood she had tried to staunch the life-tide of a soldier wounded to his death.

In a little while the girl, who had turned back into the house, came forth modestly dressed and with a smile on her lips.

A few minutes later she might have been seen running hither and thither with the sprightliness of young maidenhood gathering flowers of many hues which grew in profusion where she sought them.

Hester had often despoiled the woods of their treasures. Each Memorial day she had stolen forth to gather flowers where they never failed to bloom. These she formed into a rich wreath, and when she had finished it she repaired to a certain spot on the river's bank under the spreading boughs of a stately tree and placed her offering to valor on a lone grave there.

And what was the silent sleeper to her? Nothing in a certain sense, only she knew that his comrades had buried him where he could guard the singing river forevermore.

John Dunham—that was the name carved on the wooden head-board—was a soldier of the Union. He had marched to battle with high hopes, but fate had decreed that he should never return with his messmates. Of his family, if he had one, the girl knew nothing.

Hester that day looked like an angel of light and love. Flitting everywhere, her hands full of scented blossoms, she would have charmed any painter; but no one was near enough to transform the living picture to his canvas.

She had scarcely finished her wreath when she looked up and beheld a young man coming through the grove toward the rippling river.

"Jack!" cried Hester. "No, it is not Jack. He is a trifle too tall for him. Perhaps he is one of the strangers who have come to town to keep the day."

She had already been perceived; the stranger was coming toward her and, as half a dozen flowers fluttered to the ground at her feet, she caught his eye and bowed.

"You will pardon me, miss," said the young man, as he halted before the surprised girl, and cavallerly removed his hat. "This is my first visit to this part of the country. I concluded to take a little stroll before the services begin, and—"

"It is a beautiful morning and augurs well for a pretty day," gently interrupted Hester. "I, too, have strolled out here, but I do so every year after flowers for my hero."

"You have a hero, then?"

"Yes, one who sleeps apart from his comrades."

"The Gray fought bravely, Miss—"

"But my lone hero is not of the Gray, though, as you see, I am southern and I honor the gray-clad braves. Would you like to see where my hero sleeps?"

"Only too well would I look upon the grave of your Bayard," was the reply. "I am here on what I fear is a hopeless mission. My father—"

"Was a soldier? We meet a good many people whose relatives were in the war. I had relatives who wore the Gray."

"No doubt of that, miss."

"Come with me," and Hester Morrow led the way across the grove to the historic stream.

The tall young man at her side stole glances of silent admiration at his companion as they paced along. She was as fresh and lovely as the flowers she had just gathered; her voice breathed song, and in her blue eyes was a light he had seldom seen.

At last the girl paused and turned toward her companion.

"This is my Mecca on Memorial day," she said, as she slipped the fragrant wreath from her arm. "Here sleeps the northern soldier guarding in death, as I tell my friends, the river he guarded so well in life."

At the feet of the couple so strangely met was the lone mound.

The young stranger approached the grave and stopped at its head as he once more looked at Hester,

"Something thrills me as I have not been thrilled for years," he whispered softly. "By the way, miss, you have not told me the name of the one who camps here. Or is he one of the unknown?"

"No, he is not unknown. His comrades carved his name on the head-board. You have but to part the grass to read the name and regiment of the sleeper."

The young man knelt reverently while Hester, stooping, placed her wreath on the mound.

Suddenly there came from the stranger's lips a cry that startled the young girl.

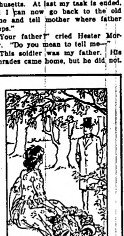
When she looked up she perceived that he had sprung erect and was pressing his hands to his forehead as if he would keep in leash his wildly throbbing temples.

"What is it?" cried Hester. "Did you know—"

"Found at last!" was the response. "For years I have sought this spot, going hither and thither throughout the south, always looking for a soldier's head-board that bore the name of John Dunham of the ——th Massachusetts. At last my task is ended, and I can now go back to the old home and tell mother where father sleeps."

"Your father?" cried Hester Morrow. "Do you mean to tell me—"

"This soldier was my father. His comrades came home, but he did not.



Beheld a Young Man Coming Through the Grove.

And you for years have placed a wreath on his grave! You have gatherod the treasures of wood and field and, loving this man, although he may have crossed swords with your people, you have crowned him beside the river that sings to the sea. Let me thank you, miss, not only for myself, but for my mother. She would more than thank you if she were here."

He held out his hands to Hester and she placed hers in them, and for a moment they stood over the wreath by the river, looking into each other's eyes and feeling in their natures a thrill they had never felt before.

At that moment there came from the village the clear notes of the chimes, mingled with the shrill, almost warlike call of the resonant bugle, and when Harold Dunham and Hester Morrow walked from that solitary grave they doubtless realized that the currents of their lives must commingle; and almost before the wreath by the river had lost its fragrance the memories of that one Memorial day had been strengthened at the altar.

ON FIELD OF SHILOH

Battleground Made Public Park for Purpose of Honoring the Armies of the Southwest.

The battlefield of Shiloh was created in a public park in order that "the armies of the southwest which served in the Civil war, like their comrades of the eastern armies at Gettysburg and those of the central west at Chickamauga, may have the history of one of their memorable battles preserved on the ground where they fought." With those words begins the act that congress passed in 1894, and the commission appointed began its work the following year.

The area covered by the battle is about four miles square, through which now thread 25 miles of road, making easily accessible the principal points of interest. Like the other parks, there are many monuments, tablets and markers to show the various positions of the troops during the progress of the fight. The states from which the troops came have contributed liberally, and there are now 115 handsome monuments, while many others are expected.

The government, too, has erected five mortuary monuments marking the spots where fell the Union Generals Wallace, Peabody and Raith and the Confederate Generals Johnston and Gladden. The various headquarters, too, have been marked by the government.

To visit the various battlefields and read the stories told upon the markers of iron and stone will be the privilege accorded to future generations, and, as they read, they will learn that the bitterness of the war has gone forever; that the north and the south stand now under one flag and yet honor those who fought for the principles they thought were right.

Not That Way.

"Don't you think the harem skirt will soon go out?"

"If it does, it'll be mobbed."

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Minneapolis. — Patrick H. Lyons, aged sixty-four, who lived here 28 years and was one of the best known residents of the city, is dead.

White Earth.—Rev. T. J. Corbett, bishop of Crookston, administered holy rites of confirmation to a class of 150 young people of both sexes in St. Benedict's Catholic mission church.

Duluth. — Andrew Gunderson and Gust Brown, who were convicted of swindling a farmer named Gustafson out of $200 by big mitt methods, were sentenced to two years each.

Seattle, Wash. — Colonel Stiles R. Nettleton, who commanded the Twelfth Ohio cavalry during the Civil war and who was a brother of Feneral D. Nettleton, of Minneapolis, is dead, aged 77.

Winona.—The Winona lodge of Elks burned the last note of indebtedness on the recently acquired property in the central part of the city upon which it is proposed to build a home within a few months.

Minneapolis. — George T. Hughes, grand secretary of the Royal Arcanam for Minnesota, is dead of arterial sclerosis. The supreme council of the order now in session here, immediately adjourned for one day.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Judge D. E. Morgan, chief justice of the supreme court of North Dakota, is under the care of five Minneapolis physicians, who are treating him for the loss of his voice. Judge Morgan's home is at Devil's Lake.

Hibbing.—The decomposed body of an unknown man was brought into Hibbing and turned over to Coroner Pengelly. The remains were found in a clump of thick brush thirty rods north of the house of Anton Newberg's farm, five miles south of Hibbing. The body was found by Fred Belander.

St. Paul.—Attorney General George Simpson has decided that the governor does not have the power to remove Superintendent Whittier from the superintendency of the state training school for boys at Red Wing, and accordingly, the state supreme court will be asked to arbitrate the matter.

Duluth.—Rinar Fritjof Person met death by drowning in the St. Louis river at Brimson. His body was brought to Duluth. Person was 28 years old, and was in the employ of the St. Louis River Dam and Improvement company as a river driver. While at work he made a misstep, slipped into the water and was drowned.

Moorhead.—In the face of the action of the Fargo city council in passing resolutions appointing a committee to interest the city administration of Moorhead in using the Fargo municipal filtration plant, comes the announcement of City Water and Light Superintendent A. J. Warner that the first of the city wells has turned out a success. It is not probable Moorhead will interest itself in the Fargo proposition.

The state board of health has received notice from Dr. Wilbur of the department of labor and commerce in Washington, that Minnesota has been made a registration state. This means that the death returns and vital statistics of the Minnesota board of health are complete and perfect enough to warrant their use by the United States government. Only a very few of the states are given this honor.

Moorhead.—Most of the potato planting in the Red River Valley is finished. Henry Schroeder, known throughout the valley as the "potato king," finished planting 440 acres. W. J. Bodkin, who owns a large farm north of this city, says 88 per cent of the wheat in the valley is in. Merchants, bankers, traveling men, implement dealers, seedmen and farmers are all predicting the greatest crop the valley has every seen.

St. Cloud. — After examining 102 men, a full jury was selected to try the case of the state vs. Henry V. Albrecht charged with first degree murder. County Attorney J. B. Himsl opened the case by saying that the state would prove that Albrecht met Charles O'Brien at a dance, insulted him, went out and get a revolver, returned with it, and after looking for O'Brien in the dance hall, met him on the landing leading to the hall and shot him on sight.

The annual convention of the Northern Minnesota Development Association will be held in Duluth June first and second. The committee of Duluth and St. Louis county business men who have been acting in conjunction with the officers and committees of the association have prepared a program for what will probably prove the best meeting the association has yet had, including not only numerous papers on various development subjects, but also entertainment features. The advance notices carry the significant note—"Bring the Ladies."

$100,000 Fire in Chicago.

Chicago, Illinois. — Fire destroyed the Northwestern Can company's building, a five-story brick structure here, causing a loss of $100,000.

RATE RAISING COMBINE ALLEGED

Sixty or More Casualty Insurance Companies in New "Trust."

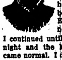
Chicago, Illinois.—Sixty or more of the casualty insurance companies of the United States and similar foreign concerns doing business in this country have combined to raise rates. As a result, employes desiring liability insurance may pay increases varying from 15 to 140 per cent. The attorney general has instituted an inquiry into this alleged trust.

Successful Midshipmen.

Washington, D. C. — The navy department made public the names of the lucky 38 out of a class of 155 midshipmen who graduated from the academy in 1909, and who have passed the examinations that will entitle them to commissions as ensigns. The list includes Levi B. Bye, Max B. DeMott and James S. Spore, Michigan; Robert R. Pennock, Robert C. Cosman, Franklin Van Valkenburgh, Hugh B. Leclair, Wisconsin; Olaf M. Hustvedt, Philip F. Hambsch, Edward C. Raguet and William C. [illegible], Iowa.

YEARS OF INTENSE SUFFERING

How a Bad Case of Kidney Trouble Was Finally Routed.

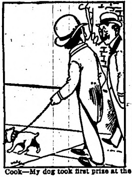


Mrs. John Light, Cresco, Iowa, says: "For years I was an intense sufferer from kidney disorders. The kidney secretions passed irregularly, my limbs were badly bloated, and feet so swollen I could not wear my shoes. I tried many remedies but became discouraged as nothing helped me. Then I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon noticed improvement. I continued until I could rest well at night and the kidney secretions became normal. I do not believe I would be alive today were it not for Doan's Kidney Pills.

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ROUNDABOUT WAY.



Cook—My dog took first prize at the cat show.

Hook—How was that?

Cook—He took the cat.

CURED ITCHING AND BURNING

"I was taken with the itch in April, 1904, and used most everything. I had a friend pay me a visit from Cumberland, and she advised me to use Cuticura Remedies which I did. The cure was certainly quick, and I use them to this day. I had it terribly under my knees. I only used one box of pills, but two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, and I use the Cuticura Soap all the time. I hope this will benefit others, as it has me, after Dr. ——— and others could do nothing for me." (Signed) Miss Lu Johnson, 1523 Ninth St., N. W., Washington, D. C., April 3, 1910.

In a later letter Miss Johnson adds: "The trouble began with an eruption under my knees, and extended upwards toward my waist, until I was not able to sit down. It kept a constant itching and burning all the time, night and day. I went to my doctor, but he could do me no good after I do not know how many medicines he gave me, and then told me I would be compelled to go to a skin specialist, which I positively refused to do. I cried all the time. Finally I made up my mind to try Cuticura Remedies, and tried Cuticura Pills, Ointment and Soap, and was entirely cured of the itching three days after I started using them. The healing took about eight days. I consider Cuticura Remedies marvelous, and would recommend them everywhere."

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, for free book on skin afflictions.

At All Hours.

"Professor, what do you consider the most wonderful thing in the world?"

"The brain of a centipede; it is infinitesimally small, yet it has perfect control over the creature's entire system of legs and feet."

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Their Time.

Foolish Fred—Do you like lobsters?

Pert Polly—Yes, both human and crustacean, in their salad days.

Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Watery Eyes and Granulated Lids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes New Size 25c. Murine Liquid 25c-50c.

People who say just what they think are more numerous than popular.

The herb laxative, Garfield Tea, promptly overcomes constipation, biliousness, sick-headache and insures better health.

Many a fellow who falls into a fortune goes right through it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Many a man succeeds because he's a good guesser.

Garfield Tea cures constipation, keeps the blood pure and tones up the system.

Many a girl has too many strings to her beau.

REPATRIATED.

HE HAD $400.00 IN CASH IN 1903; NOW WORTH $8,000.00.

My parents were originally Canadians from Essex County, Ontario. I was born in Monroe County, Michigan, from which place I moved to Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, where I farmed for 22 years. I sold my farm there in the summer of 1903 and in September of that year came to Canada with my wife and eight children. I had about $400 in cash, team of horses, a cow, a few sheep and some chickens. I took up a quarter section of land near Jack Fish Lake, Meota P. O., and later on purchased for $2,000.00 an adjoining quarter section. I have now 48 head of cattle, a number of horses, good buildings and consider my holding is worth at least $8,000.00. My children have raised from $300 to $500 worth of garden truck each year since we have been here. I have never had a poor crop and have never had one frosted. My wheat has averaged from 25 to 30 bushels per acre with one or two years considerably more. My oats have always yielded well up to 50 bushels per acre and once or twice as high as 85. My cattle have never been stabled in winter, and do not need it. I consider that this country offers better opportunities for settlers than anywhere I have ever been. I am sure that almost any person can come here and buy land at say $15.00 per acre and pay for it in one crop. My experience is that if a man farms his land in the right way he is not likely to have his crop frosted.

Most of the settlers in my district are Americans and Canadians and I know lots of them who came here with little or no capital who are now doing well, but I do not know of any who have left through disappointment, or becoming discouraged, have returned to their former homes.

EUGENE JUBINVILLE.

There are many whose experience is similar to that of Mr. Jubinville. Secure Canadian Government literature from nearest Canadian Government Agent, and see for yourself.

Her Qualifications.

Pat and his little brown mare were familiar sights to the people of the town of Garry. The mare was lean, blind and lame, but by dint of much coaxing Pat kept her to the harness. One day while leading her to water he had to pass a corner where a crowd of would-be sports had congregated. Thinking to have some amusement at Pat's expense, one called out:

"Hullo, there, Pat. I'm looking for the real goods. How much is that mare of yours able to draw?"

"Begorra," said Pat, "I can't say exactly, but she seems to be able to drawn the attenshun of ivery fool in town."—The Housekeeper.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Hired!

Employer—I want a boy who is absolutely trustworthy. Do you ever give business secrets away?

Applicant—Not much, boss! I sells 'em.—Judge.

Do your feet feel tired, achy, and sore at night? Rub them with a little Hamlins Wizard Oil. They'll be glad in the morning and so will you.

Don't yet your money burn a hole in some other fellow's pocket.

If constipation is present, the liver sluggish, take Garfield Tea; it is mild in action and never loses its potency.

Flattery is simply the nice things we say about other people.

Sure Thing!

Hubby (with newspaper)—Well, well! Another bank gone to smash and none of the directors knew anything about what was going on.

Mrs. Votington—Of course, not! It wouldn't be so, if the directors were all women.—Boston Transcript.

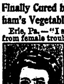
With One Exception.

Harduppe—Every man should marry. Everything I have in the world I owe to my wife.

Wigwag—Don't forget that ten spot you owe me.—Philadelphia Record.

SHE SUFFERED FIVE YEARS

Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Erie, Pa.—"I suffered for five years from female troubles and at last was almost helpless. I went to three doctors and they did me no good, so my sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I had taken only two bottles I could see a big change, so I took six bottles and I am now strong and well again. I don't know how to express my thanks for the good it has done me and I hope all suffering women will give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It was worth its weight in gold."—Mrs. J. P. ENDLICH, R. F. D. No. 7, Erie, Pa.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

[illegible] RHEUMATISM [illegible] KIDNEY [illegible] ITS WATERLOO [illegible] STOMACH [illegible] MARTINSVILLE SANITARIUM [illegible]

IF YOU HAVE A SICKLY YOUNGSTER TRY THIS FREE

The family with young children that is without sickness in the house now and then is rare, and so it is important that the head of the house should know what to do in the little emergencies that arise. A child with a serious ailment needs a doctor, it is true, but in the majority of instances, as any doctor knows, the child suffers from some intestinal trouble, usually constipation.

There is no sense in giving it a pill or a remedy containing an opiate, nor is flushing of the bowels to be always recommended. Rather give it a small dose of a mild, gentle laxative tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, by cleaning out the bowels and strengthening the little stomach muscles, will immediately correct the trouble.

This is not alone our opinion but that of Mrs. N. H. Mead of Freeport, Kans., whose granddaughter has been taking it successfully and of Mrs. J. R. Whiting of Lena, Wis., who gives it to her children and takes it herself. It is sold in fifty cent and one dollar bottles at every drug store, but if you want to test it in your family before you buy it send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will forward a supply free of charge.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 281 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

SPOHN'S
DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEF FOR WEAK SORE EYES

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., NO. 21-1911.

Backache

Is only one of many symptoms which some women endure through weakness or displacement of the womanly organs. Mrs. Lizzie White of Memphis, Tenn., wrote Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows:

"At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case. Internal organs were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact, I suffered all over. This was my condition when I wrote to you for advice. After taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for about three months can say that my health was never better."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

Splendid Crops

in Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 123 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1911. NUMBER 47.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Minnesota State Capitol

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

The joint resolution admitting Arizona and New Mexico to immediate statehood, but withholding the approval of the constitutions of both until the people have voted on the proposed amendment, passed the house by a viva voce vote. No roll call was demanded on the final vote.

Information as to what steps had been taken for the criminal prosecution of the officers of the Standard Oil company under the recent decision of the supreme court was demanded of the attorney general by the senate which adopted, without debate, a resolution of inquiry offered by Senator Pomerene.

Senator Frye, after forty-one years of continuous service in congress, left Washington for his home in Maine because of his failing health. With his usual optimism, the venerable senator said: "I am going back to the Maine air, and a good rest will put me right again in short order." Senator Frye, some time ago, resigned as president pro tempore of the senate.

Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, declined an invitation to be the guest of the Ak-Sar-Ben on Monday, June 12, the date on which the various officials of the bureau of animal industry of the department will hold their annual convention in Omaha. Dr. Melvin accepted the invitation, but the secretary said that he would be unable to visit Omaha at that time.

A board of admirals was appointed to discharge the disagreeable annual duty of selecting a number of naval officers to be retired in order to cause a proper flow for promotion. This year the board must cause fifteen vacancies in addition to the five that have occurred in the usual course during the last year. The list will be made up of five captains, four commanders, four lieutenant commanders and two lieutenants.

General.

Bids for the $50,000,000 of 3 per cent Panama bonds are coming in lively.

Foreign diplomats at Mexico City have taken steps to safeguard residents.

President Taft denied the application for pardon on behalf of Bankers Walsh and Morse.

Secretary MacVeagh is accused of reversing the order imposing a 20 per cent duty on creosote.

The threatened struggle between the republican insurgents and the regulars in the house over the appointment of a member to take the place of Representative Olmstead of Pennsylvania on the committee to investigate the steel trust, has been avoided by a compromise.

Russia is conceding the right of entry into that country of American Jews visiting the czar's domains on business missions. The Russian embassy in Washington is now issuing passports of this kind to identify American Jewish business men.

The interstate commerce commission was instructed to take jurisdiction over railroads in Alaska.

Ireland has a population of 4,381,951, according to the census returns. This is a decrease of 76,284 in ten years.

Rivalry for the governorship of different Mexican states gives signs of causing possible strife.

The brotherhood of railroad trainmen decided on San Francisco as the place for the next convention, to be held in 1913.

Louis D. Brandeis, who was invited to conduct the inquiry by a house committe into the affairs of the postoffice department, declined to serve.

Chester, Ill., lays claim to having the champion ice cream eater of the state. On a wager, Henry J. Heine ate one gallon of ice cream in 18 minutes.

The funeral of Henri Maurice Berteaux, the French minister of war, who lost his life in the aeroplane accident that marred the opening of the Paris to Madrid aviation race on Sunday, was made the occasion of an impressive national demonstration in Paris.

There was a demonstration at Mexico City because of the delay of President Diaz in tendering his resignation.

The Texas railroad commission has filed forfeiture of charter suit against the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway, alleging bankruptcy.

The house voted favorably on the resolution for admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood.

The minority of the senate committee on privileges and elections opposes any change in elections.

Rev. Dr. Grant, of Northumberland, Pa., was found guilty of heresy by the Presbyterian assembly.

Insurrectos are keeping up the fight, apparently not knowing that armistice has been declared.

The first of the postal savings bank bonds will be issued soon.

It was announced that Emperor William, while at Buckingham palace, on May 16, has appointed King George a general field marshal in the German army.

Two resolutions were offered in the senate to reinvestigate the Lorimer election.

The Christian Herald has forwarded $4,000 more for the relief of Chinese famine sufferers.

Theodore Roosevelt was criticized by John W. Foster for his recent utterances on arbitration.

La Follette declares the Lorimer case must be pushed out of the senate at all hazards.

George Rees, veteran printer and publisher and a pioneer Mason of Northwest Missouri, died at his home in St. Joseph, Mo., aged 78 years. Death was the result of paralysis.

The annual meeting of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress set for September next, will be held in Kansas City, instead of Oklahoma City.

Annie Parros, nineteen years old, was suffocated and a property loss estimated at $300,000 was sustained by fire caused by the explosion of gas in a dairy lunch room at Pittsburg.

President Taft has signed a proclamation establishing the Colorado national park in Mesa county, Colo.

Anthony Howard Hunkle, well known for his interest in musicians, died at Hot Springs, Va.

One thousand delegates attended the fourth national convention of the United Presbyterian men's movement in the First Presbyterian church at Pittsburg.

Minority Leader Mann has improved his standing with house insurgents.

William Carren, former manager of a St. Louis theater, pleaded guilty to charges of embezzling $22,000 of the theater's funds and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

According to the Carnegie endowment fund for international peace the world will be educated in international law as to how the law may be extended.

Senor Zamocona is the successor of Senor de la Barra as Mexican ambassador to the United States. He resided in Washington during the time his father was Mexican minister from 1878 to 1882.

The Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation company, a subsidiary of the Union Pacific railroad, has sold to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and Baring Brothers & Co. $25,000,000 first and refunding mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds unconditionally guaranteed by the Union Pacific company.

At Washington Miss Zelda M. Striker, an orphan, aged 18, and strikingly beautiful, was married to Sadaske Fujita, steward on the United States ship Dolphin and old enough to be her father. The romance began in 1906, when the bride was a little girl.

J. M. Parks, former financial secretary of the Los Angeles Iron Workers' union, and Bart J. Connors, a former Alaskan ironworker, were arrested at Los Angeles on a charge of placing dynamite under the hall of records, which was wrecked there last September.

The results of exhaustive inquiry into the steel trust made by the bureau of corporations will not be available to the house committee investigating the United States Steel corporation unless President Taft so directs.

Efforts were made to avert a strike of the firemen on the Southern railway at a conference at Washington between officials of the railway and representatives of the nineteen local organizations of the brotherhood of locomotive firemen.

Having survived the failure of four flags, Mobile may prosper and grow more beautiful under the present one, was President Taft's message of felicitation to Mobile upon that city's celebration of the 200th anniversary of its founding.

Miss Katherine Elkins, her mother and brother, Stephen B. Elkins, were passengers on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria en route for Europe. They were accompanied to the ship by "Billy" Hitt of Illinois. Miss Elkins laughed merrily when asked if she will be engaged to young Hitt.

The geographical survey has issued a bulletin giving derivations of names of American cities. Chicago, says the bulletin, is Ojibwa Indian "She-Kag-Ong," signifying "wild onion place," from a root form implying "a bad smell."

Editor E. E. Cook and Attorney Charles J. Pretzman, both of Columbus, O., were bound over to the grand jury charged with refusing to testify before the committee in the bribery charges made against the senators. They gave bond and were released.

In response to a resolution asking for information on the subject, Attorney General Wickersham sent word to the house that the department of justice has undertaken no criminal prosecution of the officers of the Standard Oil company as a result of the recent supreme court decision.

State Treasurer Solon A. Carter has petitioned the probate court of Merrimac county for a hearing for a hearing on the question "as to whether and to what extent any and all of the legacies contained in the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy are subject to the state of New Hampshire to legally tax and to make a decree accordingly."

Andrew Carnegie and faimly sailed for their summer vacation in Scotland.

Personal.

Madero, like Diaz, is now a private in the ranks.

There is rumor that Senator Lorimer may resign.

The Champ Clark presidential boom has been well launched.

President Diaz, immediately after resignation, sailed for Spain.

The contempt charges against Gompers, Morrison and Mitchell may be revived.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

CLAY BED FOUND AT ZUMBROTA

VETERAN SHALE EXPERT MAKES DISCOVERY ACCIDENTALLY.

Monster Tile Plant To Be Built in Minneapolis by Interested Capitalists.

Austin.—Ed. Barr, the veteran clay worker, has secured options on valuable shale land near Zumbrota, north of here and has interested Twin City capital in its development. They have purchased 10 acres of land near Midway and will erect the most modern and largest faced brick factory in the country and will ship the shale from Zumbrota to the factory at Midway, where the fine grade of brick will be made. It will require 10 carloads of clay a day to keep the plant in operation.

The cheaper clay will be used for making drain tile, blocks and cheap brick right at the beds and only the better clay shipped to Minneapolis.

The discovery of this fine deposit was made by accident. A local company at Zumbrota had very poor clay and in looking for material ran on to the richest shale deposit in the United States, less than half a mile from their plant.

This deposit is of the devonian formation and is very rare. The only other deposit in the United States is at Bradford, Pa., which is noted all over the world for its clay products and has $5,000,000 invested in machinery developing the shale deposits.

Mr. Barr has been interested in the clay business for many years and is an expert judge of clay formations. He was in Zumbrota placing better equipment in a local plant and he discovered the valuable nature of the shale with which they were working, and after a quiet investigation, which verified his first impression, obtained an option on 400 acres of land rich with these deposits.

This discovery will place Minnesota in the front rank of the clay producing states and will make Minnesota as famous as have the iron ore deposits in the north and Minneapolis is fortunate in securing this first large factory to be built in the state.

There is an aboundance of material in this deposit and it lays in hills over 200 feet above the railroad and the Zumbro river, so that it will be easily mined and loaded on the cars. Investigation has shown that the shale grows richer and finer the deeper the bed is penetrated.

This clay has been thoroughly tested for building blocks, tile and fine grade faced brick and it has proven itself to be of the finest grade working into a rich color.

The state of Minnesota uses over 100,000,000 fine grade shale brick every year most of which is used by the Twin Cities and all of which has been imported with a freight rate of $6 to $12 per thousand, so that it will be a great benefit to Minneapolis to obtain this brick of as fine a quality from the new factory now in course of construction.

A noted clay worker, who inspected and tried out this clay, writes regarding tht Minnesota shale clay: "You have found the most valuable shale clay that has ever been found in this western country. The Pennsylvania clay makes the finest brick in the country and I believe that you have a clay in the new discovery in Minnesota that is superior to our Pennsylvania clay."

The new clay burns down to perfect vitrification and can then be polished so as to take a high polish for interior work and it contains about 22 per cent of alumina and 5 or 6 per cent of oxides of iron, which give it its rich color and make it the most valuable deposit in the United States.

BAPTISTS PICK WORTHINGTON.

Minnesota Valley Association Concludes Mankato Meeting.

Mankato.—At the closing session of the annual meeting of the Minnesota Valley Baptist association Worthington was chosen as the place for holding the meeting next year. An address on evangelism was given by Rev. E. H. Rassmussen, state evangelist. Rev. L. E. Viets of Minneapolis explained the budget plan of benevolence, and a somewhat lively discussion of the subject followed. The subject "Civic Righteousness" was discussed by Rev. R. W. Hobbs of Mankato. Rev. E. V. Pierce, pastor of the Central Baptist church, Minneapolis, spoke upon "The Impact of Information."

Minnesota Boy Enters West Point.

Washington.—Benjamin J. Duckstad, of Fertile, Polk county, has successfully passed his mental and physical examination for admission to the West Point Military academy, according to notification received by Representative Steenerson.

Beams Falls, Crushing Workman.

Windom.—While unloading steel seams from a flat car here, Edgar Stedman, a laborer, slipped and the beam fell, killing him. A widow and four small children survive.

WILSON IN TWIN CITIES.

Democratic Governor Spends Two Days in Minnesota.

Minneapolis.—Hon. Woodrow Wilson, governor of New Jersey, and hailed by thousands of partisans as the Democratic hope in the next presidential campaign, will spend the next two days in Minneapolis, arriving from Seattle. He is on his way home from a tour of the Western states, but will break his journey here to deliver a few addresses and to talk with the business men of the Twin Cities. Later he will make a brief visit to Lincoln, Neb.

The Minneapolis club will be Governor Wilson's headquarters while in the city, but his two public appearances are to be under the auspices of the Publicity club. He was received at the Union depot by G. Roy Clark, president of the club, and its secretary, Alexis Caswell. A luncheon was given in his honor at the West hotel at noon, when he spoke on "Business and Politics."

In the afternoon Governor Wilson went to St. Paul, and was the guest at a banquet given by the St. Paul Association of Commerce. Before that he visited the state capitol and took part in a public levee in his honor in the governor's reception room. After the banquet in the evening he returned to Minneapolis.

The second day's program included a visit to the state univeraity and an address to the students, and a luncheon at noon at the Minneapolis club, at which Governor Wilson will be the guest of the Princeton club of the Twin Cities.

Governor Wilson is accompanied by his secretary, Frank P. Stockbridge. Mrs. Wilson and the Misses Wilson are at present living at the Princeton inn, where the governor and his family engaged a suite of rooms after leaving "Prospect," the home of the president of Princeton university. When Governor Wilson returns home they will go to "The Little White House," New Jersey's summer capitol, in Sea Girt, where they will spend most of the summer.

SUPREME COURT DECLINES.

Doesn't Care to Mix in Gov. Eberhart's Controversy.

St. Paul.—The justices of the Minnesota supreme court refuse to become involved in the Whittier matter; they decline absolutely to act as arbitrators in the situation that threatens the dismasal of the superintendens the dismisal of the superintendboys, at Red Wing. This leaves the whole matter up in the air again, and it will now be necessary for specific charges to be preferred against Mr. Whittier, in accordance with the opinion of the attorney general, if Governor Eberhart maintains his position.

In reply to the governor's suggestion that they act as arbitrators, the members of the supreme court, through the chief justice, Charles M. Start, sent the following letter to the governor:

"Your request of May 20 that the justices of the supreme court act as arbitrators in the matter of charges to be preferred against the superintendent of the state training school for boys, at Red Wing, has been duly considered and the conclusion reached that we cannot comply with your request. We have no jurisdiction of the matter as a court, and if we should consent to act as arbitrators, it would establish an undesirable precedent which would embarrass the court and directly tend to impair confidence in it. We are, therefore, constrained by our views of judicial duty and propriety to decline to comply with your request."

FOOT HACKED FROM BODY.

Sheriff Finds More Evidence That Nesbit Was Murdered.

Park Rapids.—Investigation by Sheriff Petrie, of Park Rapids, and forty other men brought to light gruesome finds on the Nesbit farm, five miles south of here, tending to confirm the theory that J. O. Nesbit, 72 years old, was murdered. Because of Nesbit's disappearance, Lloyd Carlton and his wife, the latter a daughter of Nesbit, are in custody here. A foot, apparently hacked from the ankle with an ax, and which had been burned until the clothing dropped off, was one of the clues collected by the sheriff's party.

The Carltons maintain the same nonchalance which has characterized their actions since they were first detained. They profess to know nothing of Nesbit, although they admit that there was a quarrel March 28, and that the aged man left them in anger. Nesbit owned a farm and the Carltons had charge of it.

STUDENTS TO FARM.

Bemidji Voters Approve Purchase of Land for $2,750.

Bemidji.—The voters of the independent school district of Bemidji have approved the selection of the Schuch farm, in the northern limits of the city, as best suited for a demonstration farm for the agricultural department of the Bemidji high school, and have authorized the payment of $2,750 for the farm.

BIG BOND ISSUE

BIG SUM SAID TO BE SOUGHT FOR REVISION OF WESTERN RAILROAD MAP.

G.N. ISSUES $600,000,000

Extension of C., B. & Q. and Great Northern to 'Frisco—Deal Approaches Magnitude of Northern Securities Merger.

St. Paul, Minn.—With the issue of $600,000,000 of Great Northern railroad bonds plans for a gigantic railroad deal, engineered by James J. Hill, were revealed.

It means, declare those who are in touch with the immense transaction, the assumption by the Great Northern of control over a big part of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy system, construction of a Burlington extension from Denver southeast to San Francisco, divorce of the Great Northern from the Northern Pacific in the north and a new northern coast line for the Great Northern from the Twin Cities to San Francisco. This latter addition to the Great Northern service would be brought about by the extension of the Oregon Trunk line, already a Great Northern line, from Bend, Ore., to the Golden Gate by way of Sacramento, and the taking over of the Seattle, Portland & Spokane road.

Longest Road in World.

The primary cause of the immense railroad deal, which will give the Great Northern more miles of trackage than any other railroad in the world, is said to be the failure of the Hill interests to control the Northern Pacific on which the Great Northern was forced to depend for a portion of its north line coast journey. Something like half the $600,000,000, it is understood, is to be spent in this northern country. Already 150 miles of construction work from the Columbia river on to Bend, Ore., has been completed on the Oregon short line.

This line, together with the Seattle, Portland and Spokane, would give the Great Northern its long cherished route right into 'Frisco through the northern states. To get control of the Burlington for its southern route, it is said authoritatively, that the Hill interests got many millions in Burlington refund bonds where they wanted them.

Recalls Northern Securities.

Following is the account of the bond issue as carried by the Associated Press:

"A move that is strongly suggestive here of railroad operations on the scale of the Northern Securities company was announced by J. J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern Railway company, today when in a typewritten statement he announced the execution of an $800,000,000 first and refunding mortgage to secure bonds for the Great Northern and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroads. The statement follows:

"'The Great Northern Railway company, as of date May, 1, 1911, has executed its first and refunding mortgage, securing a total authorized issue of $600,000,000 bonds.

"The size of the mortgage is explained by the fact that the outstanding obligations of the company which are to be refunded amount, approximately, to $330,000,000. Included, however, in the figures last named is the direct and contingent obligation of the company on the Burlington joint four maturing in 1921 and aggregating $222,400,000.

"Covering a future of fifty years, approximatedly $270,000,000 in bonds, therefore, will be available for general corporate purposes, double-tracking and additional mileage. Since its beginning, thirty-two years ago, the Great Northern has expended between $350,000,000 and $400,000,000 out of capital and earnings. The provision made for the future in consideration of the rapidly growing territory which Great Northern lines serve, would seem intelligently conservative. In no other part of the country has nature more generously bestowed those three great sources of all national wealth—the farm, the forest and the mine—and nowhere else is there more room for such development as follows the occupation of a new country by an intelligent population."

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, June 1.—Wheat, July, 95¾c; Sept., 91⅛c; No. 1 northern 98¾c; No. 2 northern, 96¾; No. 1 durum, 87c; No. 3 corn, 50½c; No. 3 white oats, 34c; barley, malting, 94c; No. 2 rye, 90c; No. 1 flax, $2.25.

Duluth, June 1.—Wheat, July, 97¼c; Sept., 92¼c; No. 1 northern, 98⅞c; No. 1 durum, 88⅞c.

South St. Paul, June 1.—Cattle—Steers, $5.30@5.75; cows, $3.50@5.25; calves, $3.75@6.75; hogs, $5.00@6.00; sheep, yearlings, $4.25@7.25.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, June 1.—Cattle—steady to 10c lower; beeves, $5.15@6.40; western steers, $4.80@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.90@5.75; cows and heifers, $2.50@5.80; calves, $5.25@8.

Hogs—5 to 10c lower; light, $5.75@6.10; mixed, $5.70@6.05; heavy, 5.55@6; rough, $5.55@5.75; good to choice heavy, $5.75@6; pigs, $5.50@6.05; bulk $5.90@6.

Sheep—weak, mostly 10c lower; native, $3@4.60; yearlings, $4.25@5.70; lambs, native, $4.25@6.60.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Boy Angler Drowns at Duluth.

Duluth.—Marshall Payne, son of Peter Payne, of the West End, fell off a dock while fishing and was drowned. He was 7 years of age. The body was recovered.

Grand Rapids.—Clayton Sherburne, the 6-year-old son of G. W. Sherburne, a painter, was drowned in a ravine.

Duluth.—Three miners employed in the Sellers open pit at Hibbing were literally blown to pieces by a premature explosion.

Washington, D. C.—The Minnesota passenger and commodity rate cases recently appealed from the decision of Judge Sanborn, have been advanced for argument by the United States supreme court. The cases were assigned for argument on Oct. 10 next.

Washington.—Representative Miller of Minnesota has recommended John Glava to be postmaster at Ray, Koochiching county, to succeed Thomas Watson, resigned, and Fred Slats to be postmaster at Mizpah, Koochiching county, to succeed C. W. Francis, resigned.

Utica, N. Y.—The Root fellowship of Hamilton college, founded by United States Senator Elihu Root, has been awarded to Edward C. Burdick of Fairmont, Minn. The fellowship provides for a year's residence study of science at any university of America or Europe.

Minneapolis.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. C. Corrison, former chief of police, while marching at the head of the Minneapolis companies of the Minnesota National guard in the Memorial parade, was run into by a runaway horse ridden by a member of Battery B, was thrown to the pavement, kicked in the head by the horse as it went by and rendered unconscious. He was taken to the City hospital.

RANGE DEFENDERS TO RECOVER.

Develops That Vorbanich Wounded Deputy With Pitchfork.

Duluth.—Peter Vorbanich, the would-be John Deitz of the Waterhen river, who was twice wounded by Deputy Sheriffs George King and Frank Magine, while arresting him is resting easily at Virginia and will recover.

It develops that Vorbanich struck at King with a pitchfork and the tines entered the latter's left arm. Vorbanich is known to the people of his section as Black Pete. He is an old settler. One hundred and twenty-five river drivers who had been held at bay by Vorbanich resumed work. The lumber company paid $585 for driving logs through Vorbanich's farm during the year ending May 15 and he demanded $1,000 for the new year.

Mrs. Vorbanich is under arrest, charged with resisting an officer in the performance of his duty, and Special Deputy Sheriff John Saari is in charge of the woman at her home.

PLAN TO ABOLISH ROAD IS HIT.

Likely Minn. and North Wisconsin Will Not Go Out of Existence.

Duluth.—The hearing of the petition of the Minnesota and North Wisconsin road, to abandon its line running 55 miles northeast from Scanlon, was concluded and a date for arguments set. About 100 people, half of them settlers along the road, attended. Dr. Dwight F. Brooks, of St. Paul, says that the road was an investment of $850,000 and is now worth about $100,000. There are 2,000 people tributary to the road and 6,800 acres of land cleared. N. J. Upham, of Duluth, testified that he represents a syndicate that is willing to lease the property and build a s, r direct to Duluth.

It is quite certain the road will not go out of existence. The settlers testified that the road would have had many times greater patronage if it had offered "real service."

MANY TAX CASES ARE BEGUN.

State Seeks to Recover by Suit from 35 Delinquents.

St. Paul.—During the last two weeks 35 cases to collect money due the state have been started by Attorney General Simpson. Most of these are for the collection of the tax due to the state from cities and villages on liquor licenses. The most important of these was the collection of the 2 per cent tax from the city of Minneapolis.

About 50 answers have been filed in land suits in northern Minnesota, which C. L. Hilton, assistant attorney general, has been conducting. The entire force of the attorney general's office worked during the entire Memorial day in order to finish work which Mr. Simpson wishes completed before he left for the Pacific coast to take depositions in the Brooks-Scanlon timber cases.

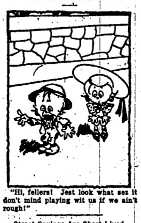
TO CLOSE FAST FREIGHT OFFICES

Lehigh Valley-Michigan Central To Abandon Agencies.

Chicago, Illinois.—It is announced here that the Lake Shore-Lehigh Valley and the Michigan Central-Lehigh Valley fast freight lines will discontinue offices in Chicago, Columbus, Detroit, Peoria, Kansas City, and Minneapolis beginning today. The two offices in Des Moines will be closed June 30. Business will be transacted by the roads directly interested.

Libby's
Sliced Dried Beef
Old Hickory Smoked
Highest Quality
Finest Flavor
In sealed glass jars at your grocers
Ask for Libby's
Libby's

NOT IN THEIR CLASS.



"Hi, fellers! Jest look what sez it don't mind playing wit us if we ain't rough!"

Street Sayings Are Short Lived.

In some London slang has a short life, the street sayings current for a time pass away even more quickly. Most of these, such as "Has your mother sold her mangle?" "Who shot the dog?" and "How are you off for soap?" survive only in the pages of contemporary novelists.

Some, however, have a long life. "Does your mother know you're out?" has been traced back to 1840 and may possibly have been current before then. Others are revived, with slight alterations. Ten years ago rude little boys would shout, "Where did you get that hat?" when their grandfathers would exclaim, "What! the same old hat!" And the expression of dissent emphasized nowadays by "Not in these trousers!" used to be conveyed thirty years ago by the tag, "Not in these boots!"—London Chronicle.

Baseball Anecdote.

"Curious episode, this. Seems a young fellow got excited at the ball game and hugged the young lady next to him, a perfect stranger. She had him arrested, but he told the judge that any man might do the same thing, and his claim was upheld by expert testimony."

"What was the sequel?"

"Well, the sequel is rather interesting. The next day there were 5,000 girls at the ball game."

MENTAL ACCURACY

Greatly Improved by Leaving Off Coffee

The manager of an extensive creamery in Wis. states that while a regular coffee drinker, he found it injurious to his health and a hindrance to the performance of his business duties.

"It impaired my digestion, gave me a distressing sense of fullness in the region of the stomach, causing a most painful and disquieting palpitation of the heart, and what is worse, it muddied my mental faculties so as to seriously injure my business efficiency.

"I finally concluded that something would have to be done. I quit the use of coffee, short off, and began to drink Postum. The cook didn't make it right at first. She didn't boil it long enough, and I did not find it palatable and quit using it and went back to coffee and to the stomach trouble again.

"Then my wife took the matter in hand, and by following the directions on the box, faithfully, she had me drinking Postum for several days before I knew it.

"When I happened to remark that I was feeling much better than I had for a long time, she told me that I had been drinking Postum, and that accounted for it. Now we have no coffee on our table.

"My digestion has been restored, and with this improvement has come relief from the unpleasant sense of fullness and palpitation of the heart that used to bother me so. I note such a gain in mental strength and acuteness that I can attend to my office work with ease and pleasure and without making the mistakes that were so annoying to me while I was using coffee.

"Postum is the greatest table drink of the times, in my humble estimation." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank
Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 3, 1911.

If Judge Sanborn's decision taking the power of regulating passenger tariffs out of the state's hands and relegating it to the federal government holds good in Minnesota it certainly will be applied in other states, and the rate question will become one of the livest of national political issues with the result that passenger rates will eventually be cut down all over the nation so that the roads as a whole will in the end lose more than they have gained by this ruling.—Middle River Pioneer.

Sangerfest Approaching

Reports coming in from the various choirs comprising the famous Red River Valley Scandinavian Singers association indicates that the "stevne" in Thief River Falls June 23, 24, and 25 is to set a new mark for the number of singers present and also a new standard for the songs rendered. With a splendid, well trained chorus of 200 voices and an orchestra of 30 pieces, a world famous tenor soloist like Rolf Hammer, this "stevne" is certainly a thing that will be remembered in the annals of Thief River Falls. As an additional vocal soloist, the executive committee have been fortunate enough to secure Ingolf Grindeland, who is already known locally as a singer, who has during the past year made a great hit in Minneapolis, where he sings in one of the large churches. Another attraction will be S. Shefstad of Crookston, who has been engaged as a violin soloist. Mr. Shefstad is a Leipsic graduate, is well known locally, and needs no further introduction. Besides these Mrs. G. Halvorson and Mrs. O. F. Melby, well known locally, will render vocal selections and will ably represent Thief River Falls at the "stevne."

What She Imagined.

"Don't imagine," he said after she had refused him, "that I am going away to blow my brains out or drink myself to death."

"No," she replied. "I have no idea that you will do anything of that kind. You are going away to do some wonderful thing which will bring you wealth and fame and make me regret all the rest of my life that I didn't believe you when you intimated that you were one of the greatest little men that had ever come over the asphalt. —Chicago Record-Herald.

Never Forgets 'Em.

"Maud is continually giggling. She seems to have an ever present sense of humor."

"Not at all. What she has is simply an ever present consciousness of dimples."—Boston Transcript.

A Sad Picture.

At Varzin once, after sitting for some time sunk in profound reflection, Bismarck lamented that he had derived but small pleasure or satisfaction from his political activity, but, on the other hand, much vexation, anxiety and trouble. He had, he said, made no one happy by it, neither himself, his family nor any one else, "but probably," he continued, "many unhappy. Had it not been for me there would have been three great wars the less, the lives of 80,000 men would not have been sacrificed and many parents, brothers, sisters and widows would not now be mourners."—"Bismarck's Table Talk."

"Yes," said the fresh young lieutenant, "the army has fallen on evil days."

The sophisticated captain merely gasped.

"Why," the F. Y. L. went on, "look at the names on this roll—Private Entrance, Corporal Punishment, Major Domo, General Housework. What kind of a"—

But just then the S. O. shied a—a—well, a ginger ale bottle at the fleeing offender.—Lippincott's.

Explained.

"You say the defendant pulled the plaintiff's hair. Now, how could the defendant, who is an unusually short man, reach the plaintiff's hair, the plaintiff being fully six feet tall?"

"Why, you see, your honor, the plaintiff was butting him at the time."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Evidently a Connoisseur.

"Biggins is a connoisseur in cigars."

"He must be. Otherwise he might make an occasional mistake and give away a good one."—Washington Star.

A bold onset is half the battle—Garibaldi.

A Paragon.

"What reason have you for thinking that he's a perfect gentleman?"

"He must be. I had dinner at his house, and neither his wife nor daughter corrected him once."—Detroit Free Press.

Willing to Compromise.

Judge—I'll have to fine ye $50 for exceeding the speed limit. Jack Scorcher—Look here, judge, this young lady and I want to get married. Remit the fine and you get the job.—Brooklyn Life.

THE JUNIOR'S CODE.

By THOMAS G. ECKLES.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

There are cases of individual stupidity and there are combinations of stupidity. It has been my fate to suffer from one of these combinations. In my case it consisted of a man in love and a small boy who hadn't any sense.

Mr. Perkins, the junior member of the firm where I was confidential clerk, was the man in love. His fiancee lived in an interior town, and he was continually neglecting the business to go and see her or in devoting himself to her when she came to town. He was obliged to go abroad on business, and before going he called me into his private office and said:

"Frank, I'm going to take you into my confidence. I am engaged to be married, as you probably know, to the loveliest girl in the universe. She is Miss Octavia Allerton and lives at B. I shall wish to cable her occasionally and have made a code, of which she has the key. Now, I don't wish these telegrams to be inspected by the whole office force, so I shall address them to you. As soon as you receive one of them take it to the telegraph office and send it to Miss Allerton. Now, be very careful and say nothing to anybody, and if you follow orders and handle the dispatches as instructed I will see that you are well paid for your trouble."

I promised to attend to the matter, and when I left him he felt assured that he could send messages to his fiancee safely and with secrecy. While he was on the ocean I received a wireless message every few days, and they continued at intervals when he got on land. I took them all to the telegraph office and forwarded them.

There was an interval of five days during which none came, and then I received one just as I was leaving the office in the evening to go to keep an engagement of importance to myself in a suburban town. Having just time to catch the train, I called Joe, an office boy, gave him the message with the proper address and told him to take it to the telegraph office. "Be very careful," I said, "to see that it goes all right. If it doesn't, my head will come off."

There's such a thing as spurring people to overdo things. I put too much caution into Joe. If I had said nothing to him he would have handed the telegram in without looking at it and nothing would have happened. As it was, while going to the telegraph office he took it out of the envelope and read it:

Notary, alternative.

Not knowing that it was a cipher telegram, he at once assumed that there was something wrong in it, since "Notary, alternative," meant nothing as it stood. He ran back to find me, but I had gone. He set out again for the telegraph office, trying on the way to make sure of the message. He had heard of blunders of operators in recording messages and concluded this was one of them. He put a number of words in place of "notary" in order to make a proper reading and finally hit on the word "another." "Another alternative" meant something. Before reaching the telegraph office he had written "another" in place of "notary."

The next day a cablegram came from Mr. Perkins that he would return immediately. He reached America within a week, but went straight to his fiancee. The next day he appeared at the office. He glared at me as he passed me, and, going into his private room, he sent for me. I saw a check laying on his desk before him. It looked ominous. He handed it to me and said:

"Here is your salary, paid to the end of the month. We shall not need your services any longer."

Of course I asked the cause of my discharge.

"I sent you a cablegram from Paris," he said. "It read, 'Notary, alternative.'" He handed me a copy of the cipher code, the word "notary" underlined. It read:

I am very lonely without you.

Then he told me to turn to the word "alternative," and I saw that it meant "love." The whole message read:

I'm very lonely without you, love.

Meanwhile he was scratching something on a piece of paper. When I had read the interpretation of his message he said, "Would you like to know how that message read when it was received by Miss Allerton?" I replied that I would, and he handed me what he had written:

I have found another love.

I explained to him how the blunder occurred, but my excuses made no impression on him. Turning to his desk, he indicated that the interview was ended.

Going out, I met the head of the firm. "I'm sorry for you, Carter," he said. "I did all I could for you, but failed. I couldn't refuse to consent to your dismissal. Indeed, it is best that you shouldn't have to meet him every day. That telegram lost him his girl. She wished to get rid of him to marry another man. She took advantage of it to break her engagement by cable, and before he could get to her she had engaged herself to his rival. You see, he couldn't endure the sight of you daily after what has happened."

That's the reason I have said that I have suffered from a combination of stupidity. I think the man was more stupid than the boy. He should have thanked me for indirectly bringing about a break between him and a girl who was fooling him. She was intending to marry him because he was making money.

Wanted His Money's Worth.

"Have you any choice as to the wedding march?" asked the church organist.

"The wedding march?" echoed the father of the bride.

"Yes; the march that is played when the bridal procession moves down the aisle. Which one would you prefer—Mendelssohn's or the march from 'Lohengrin?'"

"Any difference in the expense?"

"Oh, no!"

"Then play the one that's the longest."

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Albert Sevre,

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six (6) months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the 1st day of December, 1911 at ten (10) o,clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at the city of Thief River Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated May 29, 1911.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate
13-17

The man or woman who smiles, filling the hearts of friends from day to day with sunshine, does more for the world than all the medicines of the apothecary.

More Exciting.

Tout—Has Jones quit the race track because of reform, or what? Jockey—Reform nothing! He wanted something more uncertain to bet his money on. Tout—But what could he find more uncertain than a horse race? Jockey—He's taken to betting whether or not the weather man will correctly predict the day's condition.—Florida Times-Union.

Not Cheap.

Aged Husband—You are going to ruin me with your extravagance. You don't need that cape any more than a cat needs two tails. How often have I told you never to buy anything because it is cheap? Young Wife (with an air of one who has got the better of the argument)—But it was not cheap. It cost 10 guineas.—London Fun.

Minsheu, a dictionary maker of London, in 1617 issued a work which gave the following amusing account of the origin of the word "cockney:" "A cockney, or cockny, applied only to one born within the sound of the Bow bells—that is, within the city of London—whiche terme came first out of the following tale:

"A citizen's sonne, riding with his father out of London into the country and being a novice and merely ignorant of how corne and catel do increase, asked when he heard a horse neigh what the horse dide. His father answered, 'The horse dothe neigh.' Riding further, he heard a cock crow and said, 'Dothe the cock neigh too?' And therefore cockney, or cockneigh, by inversion thus: incoctus—i. e., raw or unripe in countrey-mens affaires."

Italian Brigandage In 1843.

One summer evening in the crowded theater an impatient house demanded the drawing of the curtain preliminary to the first act. When at last it was upraised Il Passatore and his armed band occupied the stage, with muskets aimed at the affrighted audience. The chief stated that he should levy a tax per head, which he then and there collected. The gang made off with their booty unmolested.—Lady Presturch's "Essays."

Opening Sale

Will occur on the townsite of

TRAIL

On Saturday, June 10, at 3 p. m.

Splendid business opportunities. No reservations. Equal chance for all to secure desirable locations in a live new town.

"SOO" LINE

W. H. KILLEN
LAND COMMISSIONER "SOO LINE"
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 24th day of June A. D, 1911, for the construction of about twenty steel and wood bridges and about twenty-six corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 18 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts,

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

The right to increase or decrease the amount of work, also to reject any and all bids, is reserved by the said auditors.

Dated at Warren, Minn., this 29th day of May A. D. 1911.

{AUDITOR'S SEAL} A. G. LUNDGREN,
County Auditor
Marshall County, Minn.

O. L. HAMERY, Engineer, Crookston, Minn.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 11 o'clock a. m. on the 24th day of June A. D. 1911, for the construction of about twenty-five steel and wood bridges and about thirty-seven corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 13 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts.

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

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THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire Village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Rev. Willie Englund, a missionary to China, will speak next Sunday at 7:45 p. m., appearing in the costume of a Chinese mandarin. Mrs. Englund will be dressed as a bride. A collection for the Chinese missions will be taken.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
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C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

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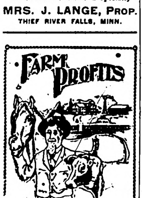
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.



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THE LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Carl Krueger went to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Miss Ida Skele has accepted the position of clerk for M. R. Hage.

Albert Larson went Friday to Warren, were he will reside this summer.

Mrs. Bahan visited with friends in Crookston and Dugdale the first of the week.

Misses Ida Kalland and Lily Boehm were in Thief River Falls visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Sevre went Wednesday to Rochester Minn., to visit with friends.

Miss Ela Dahl returned Tuesday from Bartlett, N. D. where she is a teacher in the village schools.

Henry Swanson was in town yesterday. He came from Smiley town, where he has a ditch contract.

The Hamar Young People's society will meet at the home of L. Netteland next Monday evening, June 5.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday June 18, at 3 p. m.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Tuesday evening June 6, at the home of Mrs. Alfred Dahlstrom Black River.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

Misses Esther and Olivia Nelson returned Monday from Red Lake Falls and Fargo, respectively, where they have been attending school.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening June 16, at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Aug. Erickson.

Motorcycle for sale. Slightly used. A good one, very chea and will go quick. Write t Dr. Spofford, Long Prairie Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dahl went to Thief River Falls yesterday to attend the commencement exercised of the high school. Among the graduates are Andy and Eddie Dahl.

A picnic or social for the Swedish Luthern church will be given at the home of Andrew Soderberg Sunday June 4. in the afternoon. Those who desire to ride will meet at the Swedish parsonage at 2 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

The Red River Valley Home Mission society will have a meeting at the United church begining Thurrday of next week at 11 o'clock a. m. Everybody that understands the Norwegian laugauge is cordially invited to attend. The meeting will be held at the Hamar church on Saturday begiuing at 10 o'clock a. m.

Rev. and Mrs. Fred Englund and children arrived here Wednesday for a visit to friends. When a young man Mr. Englund resided here with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Gustaf Englund, and about fifteen years ago the family removed to the state of Washington. Mr. Englund is now a resident missionary in China. Before coming here Mr. and Mrs. Englund spent a few weeks visiting friends in Norway.

School Closed

After a successful and, on the whole, pleasant school year, school closed Esiday forenoon for the summer vacation, and the teacheas will all shortly be at their respective homes—Miss Olson at Lake Park, Miss Duddy at Clearwater, Miss Faust at Long Prairie, Miss Webb at Dawson, and Prof Barness at Brandon. Miss Faust has signed a contract to teach at Roseau next year and Miss Webb is going to Warroad. Northern Minnesota seems to suit these so well that they decided to go farther in that direction.

Mr. Barsness plans on entering the industrial contest next year, and would like to find next fall that the boys had put some thought on this subject during the summerr The different departments in which the students may enter will be the same as last fall.

On account of the car being delayed on the road an extra day, the material did not get in in time for the state contest. Otherwise some state contests would srrely have been due this way.

Prof. Barsness and Miss Duddy will be with us another year,

Tin Shower

Mesdames Holmes and Post were hostesses Thursday evening at the home of the former in honor of Miss Mary Hoff, whose marriage to Dr. C. Swanson will take place on the 20th of June. The parlors were decorated for the occasion in red, bells, festoons, and beautiful carnations. The dining room was in white and red. Directly over the table, at which covers were laid for twenty-six, was suspended a large white wedding bell, with festoonings of white. The centerpiece was red roses and the place cards were done in red. Refreshments were also in white and red. The principal contest for the evening was a floral love story; in which the head prize, a beatiful vase, was won by Mrs. Pitkin and the consolation prize, red roses, by Mrs. Burkee.

Appropriate to the occasion was the song so delightfully sung by Miss Olga Olson, "Mary, Kind and Gentle is She."

During the evening the door bell was rung and a delivery boy brought an express box (done in white with red hearts), charges prepaid, directed to Miss Mary Hoff, which when opened was found to contain many useful articles, from a tin spoon to a covered breadpan, with as many amusing sentiments and toasts, which were read by the happy bride to be.

In the wee hours the guests wended their way homeward, after many happy good nights, with all good wishes to the little lady in whose honor the party was given.

K. O. Gigstad was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Go to Ole Mathson for your extra machine oil and axle grease.

Elliott has hundreds of men getting buyers. List your farm.

Mrs. N. Lazar is entertaining her sister, Mrs. J. Feinstein, of Grand Forks.

Rev. Frank Larson went to Warren Friday to held a series of mission meetings.

Be sure to give in your order to N. A. Nelson for the Minnesota machinery before it is all sold,

Dr. Spofford wil be at the Centra hotel, St. Hilaire, June 7.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

There will be a basket social at Irving Wallace's next Thursday, June 8. You are cordially invited to attend.

The Ladies Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening June 16, at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Aug. Erickson.

Miss Mary Hoff has resigned her position as bookkeeper in the bank, and Fred Hall has accepted the position, the change taking place June 1,.

The Young People's society of the United Lutheran church will meet next Wednesday, June 7, at the home of Lars Loberg. A cordial invitation to all.

Miss Esther Johnson came up from Fergus Falls Friday morning to visit friends. She has just returned from Fergus Falls, where she is attending school.

Miss Agnes Lindquist and her brother Ray, who have been in attendance at the Northwestern college at Fergus Falls, came home Friday for the summer vacation.

At their meeting Thursday evening the Oddfellows elected th, following officers for the next term:—Carl Steen, N. G.; G. W. Hooper, V. G.; O. F. Post, secretary; Dr. C. Swanson, trustee.

B. W. Lakin of Bemidji and M. Kelly of Crookston, superintendent and inspector of logging respectively for the Crookston Lumber company, were studying the log driving situation here Monday.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

On account of the missionary address in English at the Swedish Mission church next Sunday evening there will be no services at the Methodist church Sunday evening June 4. Services in the morning as usual at Methodist church.

Rev. Willie Englund, a missionary to China, will speak in the Eastside school house next Sunday at 10:30 a. m., appearing in the costume of a Chinese mandarin. Mrs. Englund will be dressed as a bride. A collection for the Chinese missions will be taken.

The Best Advertisement This Store Ever Had

Has been the goods we have sold. We have always believed that small profits would make a big business. Our new spring merchandise exhibits in a marked degree what values can be offered when the dealer is looking to his future and considers first of all his customers' satisfaction.

LAZAR & LAZAR

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	87
" " 2 "	85
" " 3 "	81
Flax, No. 1	$2.00
" " 2	1.90
Barley, for 50 lbs	50
Oats	30
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, patent	$ 2.60
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	24.00

Married

On Thursday, June 1, at 12 m., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Washinton Adams, Miss Annie Adams and Mr. Rupert Nelson were united in marriage by Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls.

After the ceremony the wedding party, numbering about thirty-five persons, was seated to a sumptuous wedding dinner. A number of valuable presents were received.

The happy couple will make their home with Mr. and Mrs. Adams. The Spectator joins with their many friends in congratulations and good wishes.

IN 1911

Contributed]

Good St. Hilaire this year
Is destitute of beer
And alcohol,
At the artesian well
All drink, but none doth sell;
Water, you know full well,
Is free for all,

Now, parents, all rejoice
That the young men and boys
Are safe from harm.
Allayed is every fear,
And dried is every tear,
There is nowhere so I hear,
Cause for alarm.

O, let us then give praise
To Him who crowns our days
With peace and joy.
We'll ask it o'er and o'er
That saloons may nevermore
Be placed beside our door
Men to destroy.—B. P.

"Big Fellers" Meet Their Waterloo

The most widely heralded and greatest ball game of the season was pulled off at the local diamond yesterday afternoon when the Gophers deafeated the St. Hilaire first team by the score of 11 to 9.

The first team had been specially organized for this occasion and con- of representatives of the following trades: Dentist, doctor, surveyor, barber, buttermaker, merchant, farmer, watermarker, etc.

The old veterans started in with the grim determination of winning the game, which they plainly showed espcoially at the bat when the dentist doctor, buttermaker, and the other trades would pull the bat backward and then forward with the motion so characteristic in pulling teeth, performing surgical operations, churning butter etc.

The defeat was certainly a sad event in the life histories of the "old timres." After the game they could but reflect with sorrowful minds on all the trouble they had taken in posting up signs and otherwise ridiculing the Gophers.

The Gophers, who see before them bright visions of laurels won on league diamonds, can but entertain feelings of sympathy for the venerable old stars(?), who met their Waterloo yesterday.

GETS $60.00 POSITION.

Nellie Lien, a graduate of Dakota Business College of Fargo, has accepted a $60.00 position as stenographer for the Soo R. R. at Enderlin. The good firms,—those that pay big salaries and demand first-class help—employ D. B. C. graduates.

Spectator 1.00

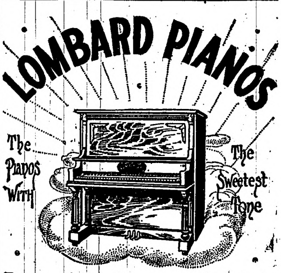
Don't Forget
To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket
Hamm's Beer
A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage
"Leads them All"
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR. that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Companv.
A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE, MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office Phone 240. Residence Phone 34

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with to and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

CALUMET
The
BAKING POWDER
That Makes the Baking Better

Failures are almost impossible with Calumet.
We know that it will give you better results.
We know that the baking will be purer—more wholesome.
We know that it will be more evenly raised.
And we know that Calumet is more economical, both in its use and cost.
We know these things because we have put the quality into it—we have seen it tried out in every way. It is used now in millions of homes and its sales are growing daily. It is the modern baking powder.
Have you tried it?
Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in price.
Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

DRAWING HIM ON.

Edith—What would you do if I attempted to run away and leave you here in the parlor alone?

Ernest—Why, I—er—would try to catch and hold you.

Edith—Well, get ready then, I'm going to attempt it.

Clean Sanitary Floors.

Varnish, which is commonly regarded only as a beautifier, is an efficient sanitary agent. Varnished surfaces can be cleaned by wiping, and the microbe-laden dust is thus kept out of the air. A varnished floor is therefore not only up to date, beautiful and easily cleaned, but is wholesome. The National Association of Varnish Manufacturers, 636 The Bourse, Philadelphia, Penn., are distributing free a booklet entitled "Modern Floors," which tells how floors may be made and kept wholesome and attractive. Send for one. Varnish is cheaper than carpet and far more satisfactory.

Preferred Carpenters.

Plumber—Why do you go on using this old well with an old-fashioned hoisting apparatus, when for a few dollars you could get city water put in your house?

Housekeeper—Because when this apparatus gets out of order I can get it fixed by a carpenter.

Certainly.

Teacher—What happened when the army fell into the ambush?

Little Willie—Why, they were all scratched up.

Garfield Tea will regulate the liver, giving freedom from sick-headache and bilious attacks. It overcomes constipation.

A man can lead any woman to talk, but he can't always make her say what he wants to hear.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The way of the transgressor is hard but smooth.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA

Cleanses the System effectually; Dispels colds and Headaches due to constipation. Best for men, women and children; young and old. To get its Beneficial effects, always note the name of the Company, CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. plainly printed on the front of every package of the Genuine

FARM AND BEES

KEEPING ANTS OUT OF HIVES

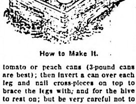
Ordinary Table Turned Upside Down With Empty Inverted Tomato Cans Will Do the Work.

To the numerous inquiries as to how to keep ants out of hives, why not take Josh Billings' advice as to bedbugs—"just kill 'em all"? The best way to kill ants is with the oft-repeated remedy, i. e., bisulphide of carbon. However, there are places which, for one reason or another, it is almost impracticable to kill off the ants; and then the apiarist needs a hive-stand that will exclude them.

The illustration shows one of my hive-stands complete and ready to have the hive placed upon it, writes J. M. Caldwell in the Gleanings in Bee Culture. It is nothing but a table turned upside down, and an empty tomato can, with the top melted off, inverted over each table-leg. The ants can crawl up the table-leg and all around on the inside of the can, but they cannot make the turn around the lower edge of the cans, and come up on the outside of cans and thus reach the hive.

The space between the table-leg and inside of cans must be at least half an inch; but the cans rest on the ends of the legs.

Just take an old super or box. Cut four pieces 2x2x12, and nail one in each corner. Round off the projecting edges, then melt the tops off from four tomato or peach cans (3-pound cans are best); then invert a can over each leg and nail cross-pieces on top to brace the legs with, and for the hive to rest on; but be very careful not to allow any holes in the sides of the cans that the ants can crawl through. This works on the same principle as the tin pans used on posts under corn-cribs to keep out mice—no patent on it either.



How to Make It.

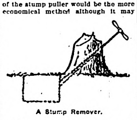
Putting the legs of the stand in basins of water or oil will drown the bees when the wind blows, and they miss the alighting-board and fall down at the corners. At one time I had fifty hives on stands with the stand-legs in water. I also tried oil.

Here is something which I have never seen in print. Ants carry out the queen, bees, and eggs from the cells.

TO REMOVE STUMPS EASILY

Where Time Is No Object Hole May Be Bored Through Center and Fire Built to Burn It.

An easy way to remove stumps, where time is not an object, is to dig a trench beside the stump and then to bore a diagonal hole through the stump so that the lower end of the hole will be near the top of the trench and the upper end some distance above the ground. Build a fire in the trench and partially cover it so that the flame will draw through the auger hole like it would through a flue. As soon as the fire is started a draft is created through the auger hole and this helps to fire the stump much more rapidly. This method requires no great equipment and will be found effective though it takes time. If one is so situated that he desires to clear a considerable area of stumps the use of the stump puller would be the more economical method although it may require considerable expenditure for the purchase or rental of the stump puller and the necessary teams and men. Of course, dynamite will do the work more quickly, but this is a very dangerous substance and should be used only by an expert.



A Stump Remover.

Fertilize All the Soil.

A common practice in European countries is to sow artificial fertilizers broadcast, for the reason that all the soil is made equally productive, so that no matter in which direction the plant roots spread the plant food is there. Our farmers in this country are practicing this method more and more. Our prediction, now that there has been perfected a machine that successfully sows in wide range of quantities such enrichers as granular lime, nitrate of soda, land plaster and all commercial fertilizers is that the farmers of America will use the broadcast method.

Great Harvest Month.

July is the greatest harvest month in central and northern sections of our country. The hay crop promises to be good this season and oats are above the average in many places. It will pay to save all of them because they will bring good prices before next summer.

Care of the Lawn.

The charming appearance of a well-kept lawn appeals to every one. Some care is required to keep it in good condition; but nothing connected with the residence, inside or out, gives so large returns for such moderate outlay. The lawn mower must be used regularly.

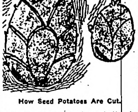
LOOKING TO SEED POTATOES

Should Be Carefully Examined and Only Those Entirely Free From Disease Used.

(By R. G. WEATHERSTONE.)

Seed potatoes should be carefully examined for traces of dry rot. Only potatoes entirely free from disease should be planted, for diseased seed will be sure to grow a diseased crop.

Dry rot shows as dark or black spots running through the potato from the stem end. Usually the stem end of the potato, when diseased, will show a sunken apearance around the stem. In any case the dark spots show in the tubers when cut across near the stem end with a knife; in cases of bad infection, the black spots may run half way through the tubers. Where the infection, is slight, it may occur only near the stem end. Of course, some of the tubers may be free from spots, and these are safe for planting on new land, but the disease lives over in the soil as well as in the tubers.



How Seed Potatoes Are Cut.

Where the disease has not penetrated more than one-third the length of the potato, the half of the potato toward the bud end may be used for seed with better promise. In such cases, the knife used for cutting should be dipped in a solution of corrosive sublimate, formaldehyde or carbolic acid after cutting diseased tubers, and before cutting others.

The usual seed treatment for scab, etc., will be very useful to kill dry-rot spores which may adhere to tubers and may be applied to the healthy portions after separation from the diseased parts of potatoes.

The means by which late blight is carried from place to place is the chief question which interests the shippers and planters of seed potatoes. This is restricted to tubers which show the dry rot. These carry the fungus in a semi-dormant state, which develops after the tuber is planted, and spreads to the leaves of the growing plants. The purchaser has the matter entirely in his own hands. If he insists on all sound tubers and plants, only such there will be no danger of introducing late blight with them.

Blight is probably never carried on the surface of the tubers.

The Dog for the Farm.

We do not think collies are dangerous with children. We have raised two from puppies, and they became firm companions for our children and we never knew them to snap at them or show a disposition to harm them. Collies are very useful on the farm. They can very easily be taught to go alone long distances if necessary into the pasture or woods for the cows, bringing them home night and morning for milking. It is far pleasanter and cheaper to send a dog for them, especially on a wet, stormy morning, than to walk a mile or so for them or to hire a man to do it.

Do Not Neglect Gardens.

The fact is notorious that the farmer's garden is not as well cared for as that of the artisan. In fact, it is in many instances entirely wanting. Usually the larger the farm the more insignificant the garden. The excuse given is that the farmer hasn't the time. The answer to this is clear. A good garden adds to the comfort and enjoyment of the farmer's family, and aids in promoting health. No farmer is justified in being so busy that he cannot furnish what is essential to the well being of his home.

Borrowing From the Land.

Never borrow from the land; always lend. Borrowing means impoverishing the land and crippling its ability to do well. Lending enlarges its capacity and that of the lender.

Pennsylvania Hay Fields.

The hay fields of Pennsylvania averaged 80 pounds more per acre than those of other states in the Union during 1910.

FARM NOTES

Better have one good animal than two poor ones.

The drains should be properly laid out and carefully graded.

Encourage the boy to fit some live stock to show at the local fair.

You give the weeds a big advantage if you let them go to seed.

The best fertilizer for asparagus is rotted manure from grain-fed horses.

The manure for peas, beets and onions should be fine, rich and well rotted.

Salt seems to add greatly to the palatability of tankage, whether fed dry or in slop.

Manure as well as fertilizers should be thoroughly mixed in the soil before drilling in the seed.

By sowing a pinch of lettuce seed every ten days there will always be tender salad for the table.

There is nothing about good tankage or meat that is in any way injurious to hogs of any ages.

The Peruvian guano substitute is the standard truck fertilizer for quick growth and heavy returns.

Rich horse manure and urine from grain-fed cattle is far superior to fertilizers and very much cheaper.

A profitable crop cannot be grown on land deficient in humus, which is the same thing as rotted sod or rotted manure with fertilizer alone.

WELCOMED BY MEN WHO SMOKE

Particular men who smoke realize how offensive to people of refinement is a strong tobacco breath, and how objectionable to themselves is that "dark brown taste" in the mouth after smoking.

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic is worth its weight in gold for this purpose alone. Just a little in a glass of water—rinse the mouth and brush the teeth. The mouth is thoroughly deodorized, the breath becomes pure and sweet and a delightful sense of mouth cleanliness replaces that dark brown tobacco taste.

Paxtine is far superior to liquid antiseptics and Peroxide for all toilet and hygienic uses and may be obtained at any drug store 25 and 50c a box or sent postpaid upon receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass. Send for a free sample.

STILL HAVING FUN WITH HIM.

Percy—Weally, Daisy, I dawnced so stwenuously in that last waltz that me head feels light, doncher know.

Daisy—Indeed! I supposed that sensation was so common with you that you had ceased to notice it.

TO QUENCH A SUMMER THIRST.

Don't pour a lot of ice water into you in order to quench the thirst for the moment—not only does it not produce the desired result, but it is bad for you.

There is just one beverage that fits all conditions of heat and thirst—COCA-COLA.

Next time you're hot, tired or thirsty drink a glass or a bottle of this one best beverage—delicious, refreshing, thirst-quenching. At soda-fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Write to the COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga., for a copy of their booklet, "The Truth About COCA-COLA"—you will find it interesting.

A Wily Judge.

At an assize court, according to the London Times, a juror claimed exemption from serving on the ground that he was deaf. The judge held a conversation with the clerk of arraigns on the subject, and then, turning to the man, at whom he looked intently, he asked in a whisper: "Are you very deaf?" "Very," was the unguarded reply. "So I perceive," was the rejoinder of the judge, "but not whisper deaf. You had better go into the box. The witness shall speak low."—Case and Comment.

A Tame Substitute.

"It begins to look as if those adventurous young men who went to Mexico in hopes of seeing some real fighting will be denied that pleasure."

"Yes. There is nothing left for them to do now but to come back home and jump on the umpire."

If your skin is marred by pimples and liver marks, take Garfield Tea. It will regulate the liver, cleanse the system and purify the blood.

Lots of people who have brains don't know how to use them.

DOCTORS FAILED TO HELP HER

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Pound, Wis.—"I am glad to announce that I have been cured of dyspepsia and female troubles by your medicine. I had been troubled with both for fourteen years and consulted different doctors, but failed to get any relief. After using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I can say I am a well woman. I can't find words to express my thanks for the good your medicine has done me. You may publish this if you wish."—Mrs. HERMAN SIETH, Pound, Wis.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

DAISY FLY KILLER [illegible]

WEST'S GREAT DAM

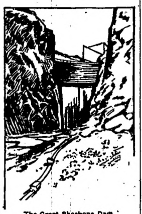
Shoshone Structure in Wyoming Is World's Highest.

Erected in an Effort to Reclaim the Arid Valleys in the Region Thereabouts—Will Water Thirsty Crops.

Sheridan, Wyo.—Once a wilderness so unpromising that it evoked derision in the halls of congress, the west has become today the land of fortune and opportunity. In this land of boundless distances the altitude is stimulating, the air is a tonic, giving health to the infirm and courage to those who have failed elsewhere. Its constant sunshine encourages optimism and cheerfulness. The glories of its opal-tinted dawns, the indescribable beauty of its sunsets and the nameless witchery of its twilight softly melting into night are the work of a divine painter.

Its canyons, sculptured during untold centuries by wind and wave, are unrivaled in their wonderful and varied coloring and in their awe-inspiring depths. Its deserts, in vastness of area, in potential wealth of soil and climate, and in rivers of constant supply, are sleeping empires awaiting exploitation and development. Here nature offers to every man his birthright—a wide sky, the sunshine, the wind and a sure reward for intelligent effort. It is our own land of mystery and enchantment, of crumbling ruins and of lost races which have utterly vanished.

The late Governor John A. Johnson of Minnesota well said the west symbolizes "homes for the homeless, food for the hungry, work for the unemployed, land for the landless, gold for the penniless, freedom for the enslaved, adventure for the restless, dangers for the brave; an unknown world to conquer and room for all."



The Great Shoshone Dam.

In the swift march of national events during the past decade, the development of the west has focused the attention of the world. It furnishes one of the most inspiring pages in the annals of our commonwealth. It is a story of progress and human achievement—a battle with nature in her sternest and most forbidding aspect.

But irrigation has wrought its miracle, and the wealth of that portion of the country which great statesmen in Webster's day were wont to declare worthless is greater now than that of the entire nation in 1860. Of especial interest is the project located in northern Wyoming.

As the springtime showers and sunshine fall upon the snowy peaks of the lofty mountains on the eastern rim of Yellowstone park, a thousand streams rush downward to fill to brimming the swift-flowing Shoshone river. An important physical change will occur at such a time. The flood that once, unchecked and uncontrolled, swept madly through the rock walled gorge, will beat itself to stillness against a massive wall of concrete with which man has blocked the canyon. A beautiful lake, 100 feet deep and covering 10 square miles, will appear.

In this wonderful gash in the mountains, with perpendicular walls a thousand feet high, the government has erected the highest dam in the world. It is a wedge of concrete 328 feet from base to top. Its height can only be appreciated when compared with that well-known structure, New York's famous Flatiron building would reach within 47 feet of the top of the dam, and the tip-top of the dome of the United States capitol would fall 21 feet short of the parapet.

In the summer, when the crops are thirsty, the big gates will be opened and the pent-up floods will be released into the river below. Another dam, a low structure of concrete, will divert the waters through a tunnel three ad a quarter miles long into a canal which for 40 miles passes along the upper edge of a broad and fertile valley containing 150,000 acres.

Two years ago it was a desolate waste. Today it contains more than 200 farm houses and three thriving towns. Last year 10,000 acres produced crops on this project. The beacon of hope shines brightly in the west. It beckons the landless man to the manless land.

House of Lords.

London.—The house of lords is composed of lords spiritual and the lords temporal. All the peers were not originally entitled to a seat as a matter of right, but only those who were expressly summoned by the king. Every peerage of the United Kingdom which is conferred now gives the right to a seat in the house of lords. The number is indefinite, and may be increased at the pleasure of the crown which, however, cannot deprive a peer of the dignity once bestowed. The upper house at present comprises about 580 members. By the act of union with Scotland, 16 representatives of the Scottish peerage are elected by the Scottish nobility for the duration of each parliament, and 28 are elected [illegible]

900 DROPS
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed—
Alx. Senna—
Rochelle Salts—
Anise Seed—
Peppermint—
Bi Carbonate Soda—
Worm Seed—
Clarified Sugar—
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HADN'T MUCH BRAIN.

He—That fellow has got more money than brains.

She—That so?

He—Yes; I lent him a ten spot this morning.

CRIMINAL NEGLECT OF SKIN AND HAIR

Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair, and cost so little that it is almost criminal not to use them. Think of the suffering entailed by neglected skin troubles—mental because of disfiguration—physical because of pain. Think of the pleasure of a clear skin, soft white hands and good hair. These blessings are often only a matter of a little thoughtful, timely care, viz.:—warm baths with Cuticura Soap, assisted when necessary by gentle anointings with Cuticura Ointment. The latest Cuticura book, an invaluable guide to skin and hair health, will be mailed free, on application to the Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass.

Looking Out for Number One.

Sydney had been given some discarded millinery with which to amuse herself. She trimmed a marvelous looking hat, and so arranged it that a long red ostrich plume hung straight down from the front of the brim, over her baby face.

"Come here, Sydney," said her mother. "Let me tack that feather back, out of your eyes."

"Oh, no, mother! I want it that way, so I can see it myself. 'Most always only other people can see the feathers on my hats."—Judge.

Like the Other Chicks.

Charles T. Rose, equally well known in Masonic work and banking circles of Cleveland, is a great chicken fancier, Rhode Island Reds being his favorite breed. Walking through his incubator house he discovered that Helen, the three-year-old daughter, had followed him.

"Come here, little chickabiddy," he called to her. And when she ran up to him to be tossed up and down, she asked: "Papa, which was my incubator?"

Very Like.

"Did Hawkins take his punishment like a man?" asked Lollerby.

"You bet he did," laughed Dubbleigh. "He hollered and yelled and used strong language to beat creation."—Harper's Weekly.

Garfield Tea overcomes constipation.

Anyway, there is nothing monotonous about the weather.

44 Bu. to the Acre
is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.
20 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
The Silver Cup
at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.
Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.
Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.
Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)
E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 123 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Don't Persecute Your Bowels
Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

Cures Children
Kickapoo Worm Killer is the reliable cure for worms in children and for all the ailments that come from weak stomach and irregular bowels. It is a gentle, safe laxative, liver stimulant, strengthening tonic, and general health-builder for children. Also a wonderful remedy for all stomach and intestinal troubles of adults.
No alcohol or dangerous drugs—just a pleasant candy tablet. Get a box today—25 cents at druggists or by mail.
KICKAPOO WORM KILLER
Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
Shake Into Your Shoes
Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting, tender, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for ingrowing nails, perspiring, callous and tired, aching feet. We have over 30,000 testimonials. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25c. Do not accept any substitute. Sent by mail for 25c. in stamps.
"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease."
FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail.
MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial Package FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

WHERE RHEUMATISM MEETS ITS WATERLOO [illegible]

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

N. W. N. U., NO. 22--1911.

A Drop of Blood

Or a little water from the human system when thoroughly tested by the chief chemist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., tells the story of impoverished blood—nervous exhaustion or some kidney trouble. Such examinations are made without cost and is only a small part of the work of the staff of physicians and surgeons under the direction of Dr. R. V. Pierce giving the best medical service possible without cost to those who wish to write and make a full statement of symptoms. An imitation of natures method of restoring waste of tissue and impoverishment of the blood and nervous force is used when you take an alterative and glyceric extract of roots, without the use of alcohol, such as

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Which makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. [illegible]

HISTORICAL SOCIETY 2

Supplement to ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

Official Paper Pennington County, Minnesota. SATURDAY, JUNE 3RD, 1911. St Hilaire, Pennington County, Minnesota

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NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 39.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To B. B. Hebert:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one to thirty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. seventy, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of thirty-three dollars and one cent, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of one hundred fourteen dollars and forty-eight cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of one hundred eighteen dollars and thirty-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 40.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To B. E. Hebert:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one to thirty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. seventy-two, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eighteen dollars and eighteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of one hundred two dollars, and eighty-eight cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of one hundred six dollars and thirty-eight cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 43.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Kenneth McRae:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, twenty-three, thirty-one and thirty-two of block seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of six dollars and fourteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twenty-five dollars and eighty-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twenty-six dollars and sixty-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 44.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Edith L. Baller:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lot No. Ten of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of no dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and eleven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax said will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 45.

Office of County Auditor, county of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Edward Liskron:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit., Lots No. Eleven, Thirteen, and Fourteen, of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of one dollar and forty-seven cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and thirty-three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and fifty-five cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 46

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Twelve, Seventeen, Eighteen, Nineteen, Twenty, Twenty-one, and Twenty-two of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceeding to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dollars and forty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of foruteen dollars and eighty-two cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned, has been presented to me at by office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifteen dollars and thirty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 47.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Algot Bloom:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No Fifteen and Sixteen, of Block No. Seventy-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon said real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit the sum of One Dollar and Eleven cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been, redeemed from said sale, and having then, become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Four Dollars and Twenty-two cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Four Dollars and Thirty-six cents, and interest as provided by law, to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 49.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota

To John Robb:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. One of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897 for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer on amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for that sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made ond provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Fifty-three cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Sixty-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal.) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 50.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Sarah R. Evenson:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the County of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. Two of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899 in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Eleven cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county..

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said last sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Eighteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days ofter service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 51.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the County of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. Three and Four and lots Nos. Thirteen to Twenty-four, both inclusive, of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year, A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of Six Dollars and Twenty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Thirty Dollars and Five cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Thirty-one Dollars and Seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 52.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To L. P. VanNorman:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. six and seven of block No. ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and Ninety-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That therafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces, or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of three dollars and eighty cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of three dollars and ninety-three cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 53.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To L. P. VanNorman:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven and Twelve of Block No. Ninety-three, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1900, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1898, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dollars and fifty-five cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of seven dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of seven dollars and ninety-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 56.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cunday:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. Ninety-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-nine dollars and twelve cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty dollars and seventy-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 58.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wiley Tindolph:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. One to Six, both inclusive, of Block No. One Hundred and four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit.: the sum of three dolars and three cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and sixty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirteen dollars and twelve cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 59.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots Nos. seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of Block No. One Hundred and four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eight dollars and fifty-six cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirty-six dollars and forty-six cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirty-seven dollars and seventy cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 60.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Chas. J. Knox:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of of forty-nine dollars and forty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty-one dollars and seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redmption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 65.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and ten, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and ninety-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-seven dollars and twenty-six cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-eight dollars and eighty-seven cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 66.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one, two and three of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and fifty-one cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and twelve cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and thirty-three cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 67.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Ivan Turner:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. six of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration for time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and ten cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No 68.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wiley Tindolph.

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to wit: Lots Nos. seven, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve, fifteen, sixteen, and seventeen of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgement duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes deliquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces of parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to wit: The sum of four dollars and forty-five cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eighteen dollars and twenty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces and parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of eighteen dollars and ninety-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 69.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Jeff Heldreth:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. thirteen and fourteen of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of four dollars and fourteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose, of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of four dollars and twenty-eight cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

It's easy to economize if you haven't the money.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 70.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Lucetta Hildreth:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. eighteen of block No. one hundred eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and forty-nine cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder therof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and ten cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 71.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Elizabeth Woods

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four of block No. one hundred and eleven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of two dollars and ninety-eight cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-two cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for reedmption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twelve dollars and seventy-five cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in this office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 72.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to wit: Lots Nos. one to twenty-four, both inclusive, the same being all of block No. one hundred and twelve, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a ale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and ninety-two cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-seven dollars and thirty-nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-nine dollars and No cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 73.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight of block No. one hundred and fourteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of four dollars and No cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixteen dollars and nineteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixteen dollars and seventy-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 74.

Office of County Auditor, County, of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen of block No. one hundred and fourteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D., 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of four dollars and No cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixteen dollars and nineteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixteen dollars and seventy-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 75.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Crocker & Cundy:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots Nos. one to sixteen, both inclusive, being all of block No. one hundred and fifteen, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, are now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake; the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eight dollars and No cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirty-two dollars and fifty-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirty-three dollars and sixty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 87.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Wendell Hertig:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one to five, both inclusive, and lots twelve to twenty-two, both inclusive, of block numbered forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of eleven dollars and thirty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-five dollars and ninety-three cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-seven dollars and forty-six cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 88.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Albert G. Kein:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number six of block numbered forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the country treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 89.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Abner P. Kein:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formely a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number seven of Block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer, an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 90.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Edwin S. Keln:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot number eight of block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No dollars and sixty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of two dollars and seventy-one cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of two dollars and eighty cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 91.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots number nine, ten and eleven of block number forty-four, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of one dollar and ninety-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eight dollars and twenty-five cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of eight dollars and fifty-two cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 92.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Tindolph & Watson:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered one to twenty-two, both inclusive, the same being all of block number forty-five, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of fifty-seven dollars and nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said last sale above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty-eight dollars and ninety-nine cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 93

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots one to seventeen, both inclusive, and lots nineteen and twenty, all in Block number forty-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold to-wit: the sum of Eleven Dollars and Fifty-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Forty-eight Dollars and Ninety-one cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time of redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs, to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Fifty Dollars and Fifty-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 94.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Frank W. Epley:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lot No. Eighteen of Block No. Forty-six, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1900, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1900, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1898, for said County of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of No Dollars and Seventy-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Two Dollars and Fifty-six cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Two Dollars and Sixty-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 95.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, the same being all of Block No. Forty-Seven, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899 in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of Twelve Dollars and Twenty-eight cents, the same was duly bid in for the State of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the State of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the County Auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the State Auditor of the State of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of Sixty-three Dollars and Seven cents, duly paid to the County Treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land, executed and delivered by said County Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of Sixty-five Dollars and Seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
(Seal) Minnesota.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 96.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To George Crocker, et al.:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake County, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. One to Twenty-four, both inclusive, being all of Block No. forty-eight, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, as a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were to be sold, to-wit: the sum of twelve dollars and twenty-eight cents, the same were duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of sixty-three dollars and seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county Auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of sixty five dollars and seventeen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 97.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Louis C. Larson:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit.: Lots No. One to Eight, both inclusive, of Block Forty-nine, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceeding to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels were subject to be sold to-wit.: the sum of five dollars and four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twenty-two dollars and eighteen cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twenty-two dollars and ninety-two cents and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota
(Seal.)

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION.

No. 98.

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.

To Robert Christensen:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Lots No. Nine to Twenty-four, both inclusive, of Block No. Forty-nine, Original Townsite, Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 4th day of May, A. D. 1899, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1899, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1897, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land were duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, to-wit: the sum of ten dollars and sixteen cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 14th day of November A. D. 1910, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, were sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of forty-nine dollars and seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned, has been presented to me at my office by the holder for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of fifty dollars and seventy-one cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this first day of May, A. D. 1911.

A. A. LATENDRESS,
Auditor, Red Lake County,
Minnesota.
(Seal.)

ART OF JUGGLING.

A Means of Recreation For the Sedentary or Bedridden.

Speaking of conjuring, the allied art of juggling is one of the most amusing and valuable of diversions, especially to the sedentary. Many physicians become expert in juggling, but it is to their patients that it is most useful.

The bedridden, if they retain the use of their hands, may beguile many a weary hour in learning to keep three or four tennis balls in the air at once and in balancing sticks and other simple objects on the forefinger or on the chin.

For the brain worker who does not care for walking there is no better recreation. It has often occurred to us that in cases where there is any reason to fear some form of paralysis the educating of disused cerebral, cerebellar and spinal centers by the rapid and complex movements required in juggling might serve to act as an efficient preventive.

We do not wish to claim too much for manual education of this kind, but we may point out that it tends to perfect nervous poise and that no juggling trick can be properly done if the performer indulges in dissipation even so mild as beer and cigarettes.—American Medicine.

Talking to the Doctor.

While making some professional calls in a sparsely settled district I came upon a little plump, rosy cheeked girl trudging toward home with her slate and dinner pail in her hand. I asked her to ride with me. I could see that she was a very timid child, and efforts to engage her in conversation were unavailing. She would meekly answer "Yes" or "No," but not another word would she speak.

A few weeks later I was called to the little girl's home to attend another member of the family for a slight ailment. When about to leave the mother spoke up smilingly and said: "Do you remember my little girl riding with you a few weeks ago? Well, when she got home she said, 'Mamma, I rode from school with the doctor, and he kept talking with me and talking with me, and I just didn't know what to do, for you know doctors charge you when you talk with them, and I didn't have any money.'"—National Monthly.

Explained In Italian.

A woman approached a policeman on Fourth avenue the other day and said, pointing to a wizened, forlorn looking Italian, "This man has asked me the way to Fourteenth street, but I can't make him understand how to get there."

"Sure, I'll explain to him in I-talian," said the policeman. "Look-a here, Michael-a, you walk-a right on-a this street-a two block-a till-a you come-a to a beeg-a, wide street-a, and that is eet."

"Grazie!" acknowledged the Italian gratefully. "Me find-a heem!"—New York Press.

PATTI STOOD PAT.

The Diva Wouldn't Cut Her Rates, but Suggested an Alternative.

Patti once was waited upon at her hotel by a famous minstrel magnate, Colonel J. H. Haverly, whose ambition had been aroused to secure the diva for a concert tour under his direction. Madame received him most graciously, and the two began discussing the details.

"May I ask your terms for fifty nights, Mme. Patti?" Haverly asked.

"For concert or for opera?" the diva asked.

"For concert," Haverly replied.

"Four thousand a night, or $200,000 for fifty nights, one-half to be deposited on signing the contract," was Patti's deliberate response.

Haverly tried to sneer, composed, but it was only a sickly sort of grin. "Two hundred thousand for fifty nights! Heavens, madame, that is just four times as much as we pay our president of the United States!"

"Well," the diva answered, "why don't you get the president to sing for you?"

Haverly fled.—Robert Grau in Musical America.

EYE OF THE CAMERA.

Washed Out Blood Stains Cannot Escape the Ultra Violet Rays.

Even before it had been adapted exclusively, by means of special lens construction and combination, to the reception of the invisible ultra violet rays, the camera eye, owing to its peculiar sensitiveness to this light, has played a strikingly dramatic role on various occasions. One of these occurred a few years ago in Lausanne, Switzerland.

It appears that a handkerchief formed an exhibit at a murder trial and was regarded as a crucial bit of evidence. The closest inspection failed to reveal a stain on the immaculately white cloth even with the aid of a powerful microscope. But it occurred to a professor of Lausanne university to photograph the handkerchief, when the image obtained clearly disclosed the presence of great splotches, or, rather, of what had been such, showing ghostlike in the carefully washed fabric. The photograph proved the turning point of the trial, and the result was conviction.

Blood, as was scientifically explained at the time, happens to be one of the substances that absorb ultra violet rays, and when any of these substances have found their way to a receptive surface no amount of erasing or cleansing can hide its presence from the camera eye. When the latter is equipped to utilize only this invisible light the result is much more marked. Should the neatest erasure be made in writing done with substances specially absorbent of the rays the ultra violet photograph would show the traces of the erasure as plainly as the writing itself.—New York Tribune.

Follows Instructions.

The father of a small family tells us this one:

"My wife instructed our little boy when he was invited out to lunch the other day that when he was asked to have a second helping of cake he should refuse. 'You must say, "No, I thank you, I've had enough,"' said she. 'And don't you forget it.'

"He didn't. When asked if he'd have some more cake he said, 'No, I thank you, I've had enough, and don't you forget it!'"—Toledo Blade.

DOCTORING A DIAMOND.

Trick That Makes a Yellow Stone Appear Clear Blue White.

Let me show you a little trick that I would advise you not to put into practice, said a jewel fancier to a number of friends the other day.

The conversation had turned to diamonds during the midday luncheon, and the expert had been holding forth on his favorite subject. The little group of St. Louisans were interested still more when the speaker drew a big solitaire from his finger and beckoned a waiter across the cafe.

"Bring me a glass of water and an indelible pencil," said he when the servitor came over to the table.

"This is a trick that is essentially crooked," said the jewel fancier, "and will get by nine times out of ten even when the examiner is an expert at judging precious stones and detecting trickery. It will make a yellow 'off color' diamond look like a stone of the very first water. Pawnbrokers innumerable have been fooled by this same trick, as it is extremely difficult to detect even with a powerful glass."

The expert took the pencil and allowed the indelible lead to dissolve in the glass of water. In a couple of minutes the water was as blue as indigo water.

"Now watch," said the man who knew the lore of jewels.

He took the ring and dropped it into the glass. Its brilliancy was dimmed by the hazy, bluish water until it looked like a dead stone.

"Now, you noted," said the demonstrator, "that the diamond I placed in there was a bit yellow. It will be a clear bluish white when it comes out of its bath."

At the end of a minute the stone was taken out. The top of the gem was dried with a soft handkerchief and then the ring was waved to and fro for a few moments. It was held up for inspection. Not a gleam of yellow was to be seen. The stone was apparently a magnificent blue white gem that any one would be proud to own and loathe to pledge.

"It is the blue pigment deposited on the back of the stone that has made the difference," said the jewel expert. "The deposit is so filmy that a strong glass cannot detect it. You cannot see it from the rear of the mounting and only a bath of alcohol will remove it. It will stay on the gem for weeks if it is not removed in that way. It used to be a favorite trick of many folks who now and again had to put a diamond into the hands of a pawnbroker.

"The trick is called 'doctoring a stone,' but, as I said in the beginning, I would not advise you to try it. I don't know what the law on such matters is in Missouri, but there are states where a person convicted of such an offense would serve a long penitentiary term for his cleverness."—St. Louis Republic.

How Artificial Furs Are Made.

The raw pieces of pelt are frozen and the skin carefully shaved off, thawed and sent to the tanneries to be made into leather. The frozen fur which remains is allowed to thaw slightly at the bottom, so that a small part of the hair is freed from ice. This thawed portion is then covered with a solution of rubber, which is allowed to set. The result is that [illegible] the natural skin. These same [illegible] furs are said to be more lasting than [illegible] real, because they [illegible]

CORDED A CROCODILE.

Turning a Greedy Water Devil Into a Trussed Up Mummy.

It is known that a crocodile will sometimes leave a river stocked with food, explore for miles an unsuitable tributary, then wander inland until it finds a pool.

In this way three crocodiles once found their way to Taiping lake, in the Malay peninsula. So long as they confined their attention to the fish and an occasional duck no one objected to their presence, but when one of them began to take sheep off the bank as they came down to drink it was felt that the saurians ought to be exterminated, and an Englishman and his servant made the attempt.

Obtaining a dugout, they paddled into deep water. The servant was already barefoot, and the Englishman himself took off shoes and stockings, so that his bare feet might have as good a hold as possible on the smooth bottom of the canoe. A bait was attached to a heavy rattan, and soon a tug and a plunge indicated that the crocodile was fast to one end. Immediately the canoe began to move through the water. After a protracted struggle the Englishman managed to get the crocodile within a few yards of the canoe. At one moment the open jaws would surge out of the broken water and snap together in unpleasant proximity to the men's legs; the next moment the heavy tail would swing free of the water and with the weight of a falling pole would hit the side of the canoe a blow that made it shiver.

As the crocodile surged close to the canoe and the open mouth appeared above the water the servant slipped a noose of stout cord over the upper jaw and pulled it tight some six inches behind the point of its nostrils. Then, with a quick turn of his wrist, he slipped the slack of the cord round under the lower jaw. He drew the cord tight, and the teeth of each jaw pressed home into the sockets of the other. The servant now grasped the point of the long, narrow head with one hand and with the other rapidly wound the cord round the clinched mouth.

Another noose was slipped over a fore leg. It pulled the leg up to the animal's side. The servant slipped the line over the creature's back and caught up the other fore leg. Then he noosed and tied together the hind legs.

The effect he had achieved was wonderful. In a few minutes he had transformed a ravening water devil into a trussed up mummy, and his only weapon had been three pieces of box cord.

The beast was afterward dispatched, and the servant received the government reward.—Harper's Weekly.

STOPPING A NOSEBLEED.

By This Method It Is Simply a Matter of Imagination.

In many experiments carried on during the last few years it has been ascertained that the mind controls to a wonderful extent the flow of blood to any particular part of the body. The following experiment has been tried as many as ten times by me and has not failed once.

When the nose starts to bleed, immediately persuade yourself to believe that you are running with all your might up the steepest flight of steps you can think of or up a high hill; that is, just think of doing either of these things and doing it fast. Think at the same time that you are carrying a heavy piece of baggage with both hands and add thoughts of any other bodily exertion. You will be surprised at the quickness with which your trouble ends.

The explanation is that when we really start to run more blood is given to the arteries supplying the muscles of the legs than they were receiving while at rest. This has been proved. As the same thoughts in the mind produce approximately the same bodily effects, if one merely thinks to run, but does not run, the blood will go to the legs anyhow and away from the head, as desired.

There are many common experiences of secretions started by thoughts. If one looks at a lemon and thinks of sucking it his mouth immediately waters, and I have no doubt that many people who read this will have their mouths watering from the simple reading.—Lawrence Hodges in Chicago Record-Herald.

A Bridge of Ants.

A species of ants which spin silk is common in hot countries. The ants nest in trees, binding the leaves together to make their nests. The silk used for this purpose is not secreted by the adult ants, but by the larvae. In order to attach the silken threads and draw the leaves together the ants must carry the larvae about from leaf to leaf. When two distant leaves are to be drawn together a remarkable method is employed. Five or six ants form a chain bridging the gap between the leaves, each gripping the waist of another in its mandibles. A number of such chains will co-operate in bringing two leaves together.

A Legend of Lace.

According to Melchior de Vogue, the legend of lace is as follows: A Venetian sailor gave his ladylove a frond of spreading seaweed to keep him in memory while at sea. But the girl found that the seaweed was rapidly drying up and disappearing. So she caught the fine branches and leaves of the plant with threads against a piece of linen and, working on with her thoughts following her lover, invented lace.

Novel Arithmetic.

Teacher—How many are two and three make? Schoolboy—About forty. Teacher—Absurd! How do you make that out? Schoolboy—Well, dad went fishing last Sunday and caught two, [illegible] when my uncle asked him how many he caught he said, "About forty."

PREPARED FOR DEFEAT.

Precautions General Taylor Took Before Meeting Santa Anna.

Santa Anna was the greatest military leader the Mexicans have ever known. Santa Anna, with 25,000 veterans, went into the battle of Buena Vista with the avowed purpose of exterminating the entire army of the United States, and there was no doubt in the mind of Santa Anna that this great feat could be accomplished with comparative ease. General Taylor, with his 5,000 men, prepared for the unequal contest, and not only defended himself successfully, but won a substantial victory from his aggressive antagonists and drove them from the battlefield of Buena Vista.

Some time after the battle was fought and the Mexican war concluded General Taylor was criticised for having made no preparations for the retreat of his army in the event of defeat. General Taylor promptly replied: "I made every preparation necessary for the battle of Buena Vista. I wrote my will, and so did nearly every man in my army. If we had not won that battle we would have needed no lines of retreat. It was, from our standpoint, victory or annihilation. The only preparation necessary for the contingency of defeat at Buena Vista was that we should write our wills."

MAN AND THE WORLD.

A Very Small Graveyard Would Hold the Whole Human Family.

How little mankind signifies in the scheme of nature is shown by a rather morose calculation of the Italian Professor Zuccarini, who has figured out, among other things, that estimating the world's population as 1,500,000,000 the whole human race at present living could stand comfortably shoulder to shoulder in an area of 500 square miles.

Taking the number of generations in the past 6,000 years as 200, the room taken up by them all on the above plan would only be half the size of Germany, or for the sake of comparison less than the area of the state of Colorado. To bury all the people on earth would need a graveyard little larger than that area.

If the dust left by each body be estimated at one-tenth cubic yard, which is a liberal estimate, it would cover only forty square miles to a depth of about three feet. This certainly seems insignificant compared with the great coral reefs and other immense deposits built up by the shells of tiny infusoria.—New York Sun.

His Security.

When Eben Foster asked Squire Lane to lend him $200 to invest in the dry goods business the squire dryly inquired what Mr. Foster had to offer him in the way of security.

"Security?" said Eben, with an air of injured dignity. "Well, squire, I'll tell you what I have to offer—three solid silver teaspoons, a handsome brass warming pan, a pair of decalcomany vases, large size, and the material for as much as three feather beds, if not four, right on the backs o' my flock o' geese, an' five Plymouth Rock hens.

"You can call 'em all yours till I pay the money back, an' I'll take care of 'em for you free of charge. I don't know what anybody could want more'n that for security."—Youth's Companion.

The American Indian.

The old question of the origin of the red man of America is still an open one, the last word by no means having been said. The most probable theory is that which links the Indian with the Mongoloids of East Africa, whose physical characteristics are strikingly similar to those of the American aborigine. Between the Indian and the Japanese there are many pronounced resemblances, and some excellent authorities are of the opinion that it was from that eastern race that the Indian originally sprung. If, as some think, the Eskimos are the best representatives of the Indian as he was upon his arrival here, the theory of the Japanese origin is immensely strengthened, since the likeness between the Eskimo and the Japanese is striking indeed.—New York American.

Logic of the Land.

A specimen of rustic reasoning which is too good to lose is recorded in Mr. R. L. Gales' "Studies In Arcady." "A barber," he says, "was telling me with great gusto how he had refuted an atheist. I inquired what arguments he had employed.

"'I asked the atheist,' said the barber, 'what portion of the Scriptures he based his ideas upon.'

"'What did he say to that?'

"'Never a word.'

"The defeat had been crushing and final."

Not Her Kind.

"Have you heard," asked Mrs. Oldcastle, "that Grace Moneylove has married an octogenarian?"

"Mercy sakes!" exclaimed Mrs. Justrich. "Is that so? Well, he may be all right, but I want to tell you I've never seen a man who wouldn't eat meat that I'd live with."—Judge.

Not to Blame.

Lady—But this fish isn't fresh! Fishmonger—And whose fault is that? I offered it to you at the beginning of the week and you wouldn't have it then.—London Telegraph.

The mind ought sometimes to be amused that it may the better return to thought and to itself.

No, Cordelia, not all methodical people are methodists.

Flattery is the praise we hear of others.

PRESENCE OF MIND

May Make Heroes of Physical Cowards In Time of Danger.

NOT A MATTER OF COURAGE.

It Is the Sudden Impulse That Moves One to Do the Right Thing In an Unexpected Emergency—A Soldier and a Shell and a Man and a Murder.

There is a distinction to be drawn between presence of mind and courage. Persons who naturally are timid and nervous will in circumstances of great danger and excitement perform acts of heroism that would be beyond their powers on ordinary occasions. We speak of these as instances of presence of mind. But if you ask them they would tell you that an involuntary impulse rather than any premeditated course of action guided their will on the occasion. Had they time for reflection when all the threatening danger to themselves had become clear to their minds their natural timidity of character would have asserted itself and deprived them of action.

It is absence of fear that prompts the soldier under a heavy fire from the enemy's guns to go to the assistance of a wounded comrade and bring him to a place of safety, and nothing in human nature can compare with such self sacrifice. But in times of sudden emergency it is not always the bravest who act with promptitude. The following story is an instance of this:

One of our transports was returning from the Philippines with invalided men, and one morning at sea a group of officers on the deck discussed the subject of firing shells. A soldier was told by the colonel to bring an empty shell with a fuse. The colonel took the shell in his hands and, striking a match, lighted the fuse. As this slowly burned and the colonel proceeded with his address to the other officers another soldier passed the group, and the moment he caught sight of the shell he rushed forward, exclaiming, "Look out, sir; the shell is a live one!"

Then he did what never seemed to have come into the minds of any in the group of officers. He seized the shell out of the hands of the colonel and threw it into the sea. For this service he was promoted. The soldier who had been told to bring an empty shell had gone to the wrong magazine. Those who talked with the man touching this incident say that he repudiated any idea of having done a brave thing. "I don't know," he said, "what made me seize the shell out of the colonel's hand, but it came suddenly into my mind, and I did it." It is this wave of unconscious thought which constitutes true presence of mind. This will come to people of nervous and even cowardly natures.

There is of authentic record the case of a man known to be utterly deficient of courage who saved himself from a very awkward situation by an exhibition of real presence of mind. He was an Englishman and lived in a town in the midlands, where he was an organist. Late one evening he was returning home through some of the back streets, which at that hour were more or less empty of people. As he went along, however, he noticed some distance ahead of him a man and a woman walking side by side, the man's arm being around the woman's neck. Just under a street lamp the couple stopped for a moment, when the organist heard a piercing scream and saw the woman slowly falling from the man's arms. Almost before she had reached the ground the man darted away down a side street and disappeared.

When the organist came up to the woman he found, to his horror, that she was lying in a pool of blood. His first impulse was to run away and get clear of the terrible scene, but his better feelings prevailed, and he knelt down beside the poor woman to see if he could do anything for her. When he raised her head he found she was quite dead, with her throat cut from ear to ear. Beside her on the pavement lay a blood stained razor.

The organist was overwhelmed with horror. Before he could collect himself a group of people had gathered, and presently he heard expressions such as "He did it," "I tell you I saw him," "There is the razor," "The fiend! Where are the police?" "Hand him over!" It was certainly a very awkward position, as the rough character of the people might tempt them to take the law into their own hands and use him very badly. The arrival of a policeman seemed to steady his nerves for a moment, and then came a wave of inspiration that might truly be called presence of mind. He seized the dead woman's wrist and, pulling out his watch, went through the form of feeling her pulse. Then he put his hand over her heart and, turning to the policeman, said as calmly as he could: "I am sorry to say that I can be of no further service here. The poor woman is quite dead. There is no action in the heart or the pulse."

In an instant the murmurs of the crowd changed, and he heard "He's the doctor" on all sides. This was his opportunity, and, slowly rising and affecting to be in no hurry, he passed through the crowd, who made way for him. But when he got clear of the street and came to the first turning he took to his heels and ran for all he was worth. The cowardly spirit got the better of him in the end. He heard the next day that the murderer had gone straight to the police station and given himself up.—New York Press.

Nobody can have such a clear conscience that he doesn't look scared when his wife begins to tell him he talked in his sleep.

A ROYAL MYSTERY

One of the Legacies of the French Revolution.

FATE OF THE YOUNG DAUPHIN

Whether the Son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette Was Murdered or Died or Was Spirited Away Is an Enigma Without a Solution.

Every healthy minded man or woman loves a mystery, and, fortunately for the world, history has provided one or two problems which have been worn threadbare without revealing their secrets. Among these is the fate of the nine-year-old son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, which Mme. Louise Latour recently dealt with in a lecture in London.

A child judicially murdered or else spirited away, another substituted for him to die and to be buried under a false name, the people who reported of these things silenced or poisoned, the period of events comparatively recent—the story sounds incredible, but it rests on a basis of established fact.

The dauphin, a delicate child of nine, was removed from his mother and friends and given to the care of Simon, the brutal savetier, and his wife. After this all remains obscure except that while the boy was in their care the Simons gave up their post—in itself rather strange, as it was a lucrative one—and on the day of the change of residence the substitution is supposed to have taken place. In the evening a child in bed was shown to the emissaries of the convention, and the next morning he was removed to a smaller room with the door nailed up, the only air coming in by the grille through which his food was passed. So he remained until he became so ill that Dr. Dessault, who had often been to Versailles in the old days, was summoned to attend him and was amazed to find a scrofulous and dying boy.

"Ce n'est pas le petit dauphin!" ("That is not the little Dauphin!") he blurted out imprudently, and a day or two later he died by poison.

Other doctors were brought who were unacquainted with the royal children, and the child died and was buried in his assumed character. He is generally supposed to have been a lad called Gombeau, and his mother was actually seen by people in America, where she admitted the wickedness of having sold her dying son when she was in a condition of extreme poverty.

La femme Simon talked, but her words were discredited by the authorities, who declared she was drunken and garrulous. Nevertheless, on her deathbed she confessed to a priest and a nurse that a substitute had been put in the dauphin's place.

Such are the historical facts as related by Mme. Latour, and to account for them two theories have been deduced, says a writer in the London Times. The first, in which Mme. Latour believes, was that the dauphin was judicially murdered by Simon in the temple and the dying Gombeau put in his place to hide the crime from the world. Of the second, that the child escaped alive from his prison, many people are strenuous supporters. Some of them describe the course of events thus: Gombeau was brought into the temple on the day of the demenagement in a large cardboard horse given ostensibly as a souvenir to the royal prisoner by the femme Simon, while the dauphin was carried out by the woman in a big basket of dirty linen. Others declare that the prince was actually kept hidden in a garret in the temple until the substitute died, more than a year later, when he was taken out in a coffin with a false bottom, the body of Gombeau being buried in the moat.

This theory has had two startling confirmations. A small coffin filled with paper and stones was actually found in the cemetery of La Madeleine, and General d'Andigne, imprisoned in the temple in 1801 and allowed to relieve the tedium of his confinement by gardening, was digging in the moat when he found the uncoffined skeleton of a child.

But, as Mme. Latour asked, if the dauphin escaped alive into the world, where did he go? No fewer than thirty pretenders, one a negro, at different times have declared themselves the son of Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette. The two who attracted most disciples were the Duc de Richemont and "Naundorc." With regard to the latter, it was against him that he did not come forward until he was thirty years of age and he could not speak a word of French. Mme. Latour added that he married a middle class wife and was an excellent watchmaker, consequently unlike what the heir of a royal line ought to be. Obviously the speaker had forgotten Louis Seize and his passion for making and mending locks.

Real Experience.

"Friend," began the strolling philosopher, "do you know anything about the pursuit of happiness?"

"Ought to," chuckled the rural constable as he filled his mouth with tobacco. "Calculate I have chased more eloping couples than any man in this section."—Chicago News.

First of the Season.

Seedy Visitor—Do you have many wrecks about here, boatman? Boatman—Not very many, sir. You're the first I've seen this season.—London Telegraph.

A lie which is part a truth is a hard matter to fight.—Tennyson.

A woman likes to wash her hair so that she can read the last chapter of a novel while drying it.

A public office sometimes looks like a private trust.

BLUNT ANDREW JACKSON.

"Old Hickory's" Caustic Advice to James Buchanan.

Stories of Andrew Jackson are likely to be pointed and to have a practical application, as do the stories told of Franklin. In Mr. J. W. Forney's "Anecdotes of Public Men" there is given a story as it was told by James Buchanan at his own table. Although it contained a reproof from the president to one who was to succeed him, it is said to have been a favorite story at that board.

Shortly after Mr. Buchanan's return from Russia in 1834, to the court of which country he had been sent by Jackson in 1832, and immediately following his election to the senate he called upon "Old Hickory," with a fair English lady whom he desired to present to the head of the American nation.

Leaving her in the reception room downstairs, he ascended to the president's private quarters, where he found General Jackson unshaved, unkempt, in his dressing gown, with his slippered feet on the fender, before a blazing wood fire, smoking a corncob pipe of the old southern pattern.

He stated his object, and General Jackson said that he would be very glad to meet the lady whom Mr. Buchanan desired to present.

Mr. Buchanan was always careful of his personal appearance and in some respects was a sort of masculine Miss Fribbe, addicted to spotless cravats and huge collars, rather proud of a foot small for a man of his large stature and to the last of his life what the ladies would call "a very good figure."

Having just returned from a visit to the fashionable circles of the continent after years of thorough intercourse with the etiquette of one of the stateliest courts in Europe, he was somewhat shocked at the idea of the president meeting the eminent English lady in such a guise and ventured to ask if General Jackson did not intend to change his attire. Thereupon the old warrior rose, with his long pipe in his hand, and, deliberately knocking the ashes out of the bowl, said to his friend:

"Buchanan, I want to give you a little piece of advice, which I hope you will remember. I knew a man once who made a fortune by attending to his own business. Tell the lady I will see her presently."

The man who became president in 1857 was fond of saying that this remark of Andrew Jackson humiliated him more than any other rebuke he had ever received.

He walked downstairs to meet the lady in his charge, and in a very short time President Jackson entered the room, dressed in a full suit of black, cleanly shaved, with his stubborn white hair forced back from his forehead, and, advancing to the beautiful visitor, he greeted her with almost kingly grace.

As she left the White House she said to her escort, "Your republican president is the royal model of a gentleman."

Napoleon's Tribute to Frederick.

When, after the battle of Jena, Napoleon invaded Prussia he visited Potsdam, which contains the mortal remains of the Prussian kings. The sepulcher of Frederick the Great occupied a prominent site in the mausoleum. When entering the latter Napoleon uncovered his head and went directly up to the sarcophagus of the noted warrior. For a moment the conqueror stood still, seemingly absorbed in deep thought. Then with the forefinger of his right hand he wrote the word "Napoleon" in the dust of the huge stone casket and, turning to his marshals, said:

"Gentlemen, if he were living I would not be here."

A Joke That Failed.

Once when Henrik Ibsen was engaged in writing a play he by chance dropped a scrap of paper on which were the words, "the doctor says."

Mrs. Ibsen determined to have a joke and one day casually remarked: "Who is that doctor in your new play? I suppose he'll say some interesting things?"

Ibsen at first was silent with astonishment. Then he broke out into a fit of rage, full of reproaches for her spying.

Tenuity.

The convivial boarder as he sat down explained that if anybody present noticed an odor of cloves it was due to his having been trying to relieve a toothache.

"Among the permissible synonyms for 'thin,'" observed the taciturn boarder, breaking the long silence that followed, "are 'gauzy,' 'diaphanous,' 'exiguous' and 'anguilliform.' Mrs. Irons, where are the pickles?"—Chicago Tribune.

Different Ivories.

"Let's go down and have a game of billiards."

"Excuse me, but I'm a greenhorn at billiards."

"Greenhorn? I am surprised, sir. Why, you told me you were at home with the ivories."

"So I am, sir. I am a dentist."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

One Comfort.

"Nothing is so bad that it couldn't be worse," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes," agreed the simple mug, "we can't suffer from insomnia and nightmare at the same time."—Philadelphia Record.

Life is a campaign, not a battle, and has its defeats as well as its victories.—Don Piatt.

But if a man has the right kind of a wife he seldom has occasion to find fault with his mother-in-law.

AN ELUSIVE BONE.

Luz Is Said to Be Indestructible, but It Is Hard to Locate.

Much scholarship and anatomical knowledge have been employed from time to time in efforts to identify the bone luz, said by ancient Hebrew writers to be the nucleus from which the body is reconstructed at the resurrection. There are many marvelous stories of the indestructibility of luz, and the bone has been located by rival claimants to the honor of discovering it in various parts of the human skeleton.

The most careful searching of the last published and amplest treatise on osteology will not result in the discovery of the bone called luz. It will be necessary to go to the Frankfort edition of the "Theatrum Anatomicum" of Caspar Bauhinus (1621), for a description: "It is stated by Hebrew writers to be a bone which cannot be destroyed by fire, water or any other element, nor be broken or bruised by any force. Its site is in the spine from the eighteenth vertebra to the femur.

"We read that the Emperor Hadrian once asked Rabbi Joshua, the son of Chanm, how God would resurrect man in the world to come. He made answer, 'From the bone luz in the spinal column.' When Hadrian asked him how he came by this knowledge and how he could prove it the Rabbi Joshua produced the bone so that the emperor could see it. When placed in water it could not be softened; it was not destroyed by fire, nor could it be ground by any weight; when placed on an anvil and struck with a hammer the anvil was broken in sunder, but the bone remained intact." Hieronymus Magius represents that, according to the Talmudists, the real bone is near the base of the skull, whether it be in the base itself or in the spine. Vesalius writes that this ossicle is described by the Arabs as resembling a chick pea in size and shape, and Cornelius Agrippa describes it as "magnitudine ciceris mundati" (the size of a shelled pea). Different anatomists have held it variously to be the sacrum, the coccyx, the twelfth dorsal vertebra, one of the Wormian bones in the skull and one of the sesamoids of the great toe.—London Lancet.

LIFE OF THE WORLD.

Traditions That It Will Last Only Six Thousand Years.

There is a general and widespread notion, which the curious investigator will find scattered throughout both medieval and modern literature, that the world will last 6,000 years from the date of its creation. An inscription in one of Martin Luther's books reads as follows: "Elijah, the prophet, said that the world had existed 2,000 years before the law was given (from Adam to Moses), would exist 2,000 years under the Mosaic law (from Moses to Christ) and 2,000 years under the Christian dispensation, and then it would be burned."

In the Etrurian account of the creation (by Suidas) there is a similar tradition, "The Creator spent 6,000 years in creation, and 6,000 more are allotted to the earth."

In the black letter edition of Foxe's "Acts and Monuments" (1632) there is a whole sermon given with the 6,000 year limit of the earth's duration as a text.

Some writers contend that the "six days" referred to in Holy Writ really mean 6,000 years and that the "seventh day" is a type of the coming millennium, or "Sabbath of a thousand years." The psalmist says, "For a thousand years are in thy sight as yesterday" (Psalm xc, 4. See also II Peter iii, 8).

Chinese Nomads.

In the plains on the western borders of the Chinese empire, in the heart of Asia, there live roaming tribes who seldom visit towns except for trade. They dwell in tents made of felt and usually low, small and conical. The wooden door frame is no higher than half a window frame in English houses, but the tent, although not equal to the wants of a large family, is snug and comfortable in summer, but cold in winter.—London Graphic.

A Change of Venue.

"I never was so surprised in my life as when I heard that County Treasurer Bilkes had absconded with $30,000 of the county money," said Blithers. "When he was nominated it struck me it was a perfect case of the office seeking the man."

"It is yet," said Dobbleigh, "only this time it's the district attorney's office that's seeking him."—Harper's Weekly.

Flattery.

"How does that stupid fellow happen to make such a hit with the girls? Why, he looks like an ape."

"That's just it. Notice how long his arms are? Well, he makes each girl think that her waist is about three sizes smaller than it really is."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Drawing a Conclusion.

"And on what do you base your conclusions that she is not a lady?"

"Upon what I overheard her say when she heard that another lady had said she was no lady."—Houston Post.

Fought For Peace.

Doctor—Did that medicine I gave you agree with your stomach? Patient—Yes, finally, but it raised an awful row before it came to terms.

In Tune.

"What a rasping voice that lawyer has!"

"No wonder. He's filing charges!"—Baltimore American.

Stiff hats cover a multitude of soft heads.

Some dogs are pointers, but a lot more are disappointers.

CORSICAN CRUELTY.

It Loomed Up Large In Napoleon's Treatment of Children.

Napoleon had a singular rage for pulling children's ears, sometimes so hard as to make the poor children cry. Caroline was very vexed when she saw her little Achille the victim of his uncle's caresses, and more than once her son's tears made her weep too.

One day the First Consul, pulling the ears of the little fellow, hurt him, and he cried out. To teach him not to cry his uncle pulled his ear again, harder. Achille, having freed himself, came back to him in a fury and, raising his little fist, shouted:

"You are a villain, a wicked, wicked villain!"

To prove the contrary Napoleon should have embraced his nephew and made him forget the pain he had gratuitously inflicted by some show of affection. But tenderness was not in his character. Corsicans scarcely know what it means, and, though Napoleon used to say, "I am less of a Corsican than one thinks," he was really more so than any one or he himself thought. Instead of quieting his nephew he became angry and gave him a violent slap on the face. The child ran weeping to his Uncle Lucien, who was present, while Mme. Murat was so upset that she was taken ill, "from the effort," says Lucien, who relates this episode, "she made to control her feelings, which such violence to her child outraged. As for the First Consul, he left the room, shrugging his shoulders and slamming the door and saying that Caroline had always been an affected creature and acted like all parents who spoiled their children." — Turquan's "Sisters of Napoleon."

Old Time Smallpox Cure.

To cure smallpox was apparently a very simple matter in the good old times. John of Gaddesden, court doctor to Edward II., has recorded that he got rid of the disease by the simple expedient of wrapping his patients in red cloth.

"Let scarlet red be taken," he says, "and let him who is suffering smallpox be entirely wrapped in it or in some other red cloth. I did this when the son of the illustrious king of England suffered from smallpox. I took care that all about his bed should be red, and that cure succeeded very well."—London Chronicle.

Would Do Just as Well.

A well known clergyman who is very stout was having unusual difficulty one morning in lacing his shoes.

"My dear, you ought to have a valet," remarked his wife sympathetically.

"A valet?" echoed the clergyman. "Well, my dear, if I had a valley where I now have a mountain it would answer."—Ladies' Home Journal.

WOMAN AND WOE.

Old Age In India Invariably Blends the Two Into One.

"I have seen women under a burning midday sun reaping in the fields," says a writer on India; "I have seen them at roadmaking in the streets of cities; I have seen them loading engines with coal at railway stations; I have seen them in long procession on the white roads of the plains carrying great burdens on their heads like a string of camels. And I have seen also in the eyes of every old woman whom I have encountered, every one of them, such misery, adversity and angry bitterness as seemed to curse the very air of heaven. I have not seen one happy old woman in the whole country.

"Women follow through the village like a dog at the husband's heel. Maternity is no excuse for the task in the field and the duties of the house. They are servants without wages and without liberty to select another master. Before them is perpetual servitude, and if they are so abandoned by the gods as to reach old age their certain destiny is misery, dejection, friendliness and black despair. I never knew all the meaning of the word woe until I looked into the face of an old woman under an Asian sky.

"The women folk of the upper classes in India, speaking generally, are more the prisoners of their husbands than the women of the helot castes. They do not labor except in cooking and serving the meals of their husbands, but they are cut off from the world as completely as a nun; they do not even know, in many cases, the male relations of their husbands. They are little more than caged animals taught to do a few household tricks."—Chicago News.

The Importance of the Beard.

The importance of the beard was fully recognized in the middle ages. Here is a passage (quoted by J. A. F. Orbaan in "Sixtine Rome") from a letter of the writer, Bartolomeo Catena: "It is well that those who have to lead and govern should have a long and fine beard. And I can assure you that the government of cities and provinces has been given to more than one prelate because he had a long and fine beard; otherwise he were not worthy that honor."

Force of Habit.

He was an old merchant who had built up a big business by advertising.

"John," said his wife, "what do you want on your tombstone?"

"Oh," he answered, "it isn't very important what the text is so long as it gets good space and is well displayed."—London Telegraph.

Keeps It Well.

Nell—Don't you think Miss Antique keeps her age remarkably well? Belle—Sure. She never gives it away.—Philadelphia Record.

Tragic.

What is more tragic than to forget on "the morning after" that convincing excuse you gave the night before?

COOKING A HEDGEHOG.

Bake It In Clay Into a Solid Mass and Carve It With an Ax.

When a Maine Indian has the choice of a hedgehog, a skunk, a woodchuck and a muskrat for dinner he will select the first named invariably and take the skunk as second choice, leaving the woodchuck, which is the only one of the lot a Maine white man will taste, to the last. Unlike the skunk and the woodchuck, which are lean and unsavory except for a few months in the fall, or the muskrat, which is never fat and which has a strong flavor in spite of parboiling, the hedgehog is always in edible condition and has meat that is as tender and white as that of a spring chicken.

The method of cooking a hedgehog is so simple that a novice can learn in one short lesson. When the epicure is permitted to make a choice he should shun the large old males, which at times weigh thirty or forty pounds. The preparation consists in removing the viscera, washing out the interior and filling the cavity with slices of fat pork, peeled raw potatoes, sprigs of spearmint and wild celery from the brook.

Then, without removing the quills or skinning, the body is plastered thickly with wet clay from the nearest bank. The muddy, bulky mass is thrust into live coals and covered with blazing fagots to be roasted for two hours.

On removal from the coals, the clay is found to have been baked into a hard and solid mass, which must be broken open with an ax or a heavy stone, whereupon the skin and quills of the animal cling to the clay wrapping and fall away, leaving the clean white meat ready to be eaten.—New York Herald.

BONES OF THE EAR.

The Little Stirrup When Displaced Causes Noises in the Head.

Vibrations of the eardrum are communicated to the inner ear by means of three exceedingly small bones, one of which is called the stirrup. When this particular little bone is displaced, however slightly, the patient hears sounds which are subjective, or, to use plainer terms, noises confined exclusively to the auditory apparatus and not heard by others. These sounds frequently seem like wind whistling through a crevice or a buzzing such as one hears when passing under a network of wires on a windy day. Other sounds of similar subjective origin are classified as musical. They take the form of ringing bells, trumpet blasts, organ notes and the piping of birds. Still another form conveys to the patient sounds such as frogs make as they sit on logs and like the shouts of a crowd at a baseball game.

Dr. Marage, a famous French aurist, recently laid before the Academy of Sciences in Paris the results of his study of a thousand cases of this general sort. He has found that the nerves of the ear in certain cases maintained the conducting position which they assumed when they transmitted the sound of a ringing bell or like sound, and, like an electric button out of position, kept the bell vibrations from being interrupted. Other sounds were produced by the persistent excitation of the auditory nerve centers. High frequency electrical currents and vibratory massage have been used by leading specialists in the treatment of ear troubles in these several conditions, and the results have been encouraging.—New York World.

Wrong End First.

An old Indiana justice of the peace, after listening for two long days to the evidence pro and con in a criminal case, wound up his decision upon the conflicting testimony by saying that he had grave doubts as to the guilt of the prisoner, but, whereas when a law student he had read in Blackstone that it was better that ninety-nine innocent men should be punished than that one guilty man should escape, therefore he would find the prisoner guilty.—Hilton's "Funny Side of Politics."

Clasp Tails as They Pass.

Among the peculiarly tailed fishes the sea horses are alone in having the tail prehensile. With it they anchor themselves to seaweed and other things in strong currents, for they are poor swimmers. As two of these interesting creatures meet they may clasp tails for a moment and then pass on, as if they had wished each other well.—London Spectator.

Dr. William Bulleyn, of the same family as the unfortunate Anne Boleyn, was a contemporary of Sydney, Raleigh, Drake, Hawkins, Granville, Spenser and the rest of that famous galaxy that illuminated the Elizabethan era. The leading physician of his day, he took great interest in vegetable remedies, and his "Book of Simples" was an honored authority for generations. He recommends the free use of sage tea and of figs, saying: "Figges be good against melancholy and the falling evil (epilepsy) to be eaten. Figges, nuts and herbe grace do make a sufficient medicine against poison or the pestilence. Figges make a good gargarism to cleanse the throat."—Charles Winslow Hall in National Magazine.

Not Loaded.

No other language under the sun is open to so many interpretations as the English language, as witness the conversation between two Sharon Hill girls the other evening:

"Oh, May," said the first one, "Jim and Bill tried to fight a duel over me."

"How romantic! What happened?"

"It was terrible. I came into the room, and those foolish boys were pointing big pistols at each other!"

"Pistols? Heavens! Were they loaded?"

"Not a bit. That is just what made it really very serious. They both were sober."—Philadelphia Times.

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EPITOM

GEN NOTES
WIRE.

IN A NUTSHELL

acing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

Justus Tyler of Grand Rapids threw down his ax in a Michigan lumber camp when President Lincoln called for volunteers and walked 300 miles over ice and snow to enlist in the Union army, and a government check for $14 in payment of his hardships was mailed to him last week.

Acknowledgment was made that the American Paper and Pulp Association at times had advised its members to curtail paper production and that its purpose was to educate the manufacturers to get all they could for their product. The admission came from Arthur C. Hastings, president of the association.

Supervising Architect Taylor, of the treasury department, told the house committee on expenditures in that department that the American institute of architects has a price agreement enforced on competitive building bids and that the federal government was affected by it.

President Taft will stick to Beverly as a hot weather play ground unless congress selects a site and appropriates the money for an official summer white house elsewhere. In a letter to Governor Eberhart, of Minnesota, declining with thanks the offer of a site for a presidential summer home at Wayzata, on Lake Minnetonka, the president explained that congress alone had the authority to designate an official summer white house.

William Jennings Bryan, during a brief stay in Washington held a conference with Representative Burton Harrison, of New York, Representative Hammill, of New Jersey, and about 20 other politicians. The participants in the conference would not discuss its purpose.

General.

Twenty-one contestants entered the Paris to Turin contest.

Senate republicans claim the democratic family is about as badly divided as itself.

Before boarding a ship which will carry him to Spain General Diaz issued a warning to Mexico.

Rev. Dr. Grant, of Northumberland, Pa., was found guilty of heresy by the Presbyterian assembly.

At the reciprocity hearing it was disclosed that many big interests furnished means to fight the bill.

By direction of the president, private papers of the state department were refused a house committee.

Price of wheat in Chicago pit went higher as result of reports of Hessian fly, grasshoppers and heat damage.

While driving a team across the South Canadian river Mrs. George Glover and her three children of Mellette, Okla., were drowned.

Mrs. Levi Z. Leiter, of Beverly, Mass., is to have a summer home built entirely of glass, which will be ball-bearing and will revolve by simply pressing a button.

In New York, Mrs. Mary Platt Parmele, authoress and historian, was run down and killed by a motorcycle within a block of her home.

J. D. Bren, cashier and accountant of the state university, was held up by three Minnesota highwaymen near the university and robbed of $13,800. He also lost his watch and his months salary.

The Rev. Thomas Grieves, Methodist, of Glens Falls, N. Y., says he will sell everything he has and give the proceeds to the family of Mary Maginn, who was killed by his auto. Grieves was held blameless.

Members of the house who are behind the movement to land Speaker Champ Clark in the white house in 1913 are becoming more and more satisfied with the manner in which the boom is "taking" throughout the country.

Attorney General Wickersham said criminal prosecution of trust magnates will be undertaken.

Senator Gamble of South Dakota puts no faith in the report that the senate may not confirm the appointment of J. D. Elliott.

Brought together by the friendly offices of the United States, the commissioners of Hayti and San Domingo met at the state department to negotiate a protocol submitting the long standing boundary dispute of the two countries to arbitration.

Military field mass for the Spanish war dead was celebrated in the shadow of the Washington monument before fully 25,000 persons. President Taft, members of the cabinet, the diplomatic corps and of congress were present.

President Taft is requested in a resolution introduced by Representative Hubbard, of Iowa, to furnish the house with all information relative to the issuance of railway stocks and bonds which was obtained by the special committee of inquiry appointed by him at the direction of the sixty-first congress.

The Right Rev. Edmund Prendergast, auxiliary bishop of Philadelphia, it was announced at the Vatican, has been appointed archbishop of Philadelphia in succession of the late Most Rev. Patrick John Ryan, who died February 11 last.

resident Diaz does not like the of leaving Mexico.

Mexican rebels of Lower California are bent on a new republic.

Robbers blew open the safe in the postoffice at Freedom, Pa., and escaped with $1,525 in money and stamps.

Five children were burned to death in a fire caused by an explosion at Utica, Kas.

Senator Borah's name is being mentioned in connection with the nomination for the vice presidency.

President Taft is coming west this fall, and Nebraska may be included in his itinerary.

Fourteen persons are dead as a result of the wreck on the Burlington near Indianola, Neb.

Theodore Roosevelt was criticized by John W. Foster for his recent utterances on arbitration.

Drinking of champaign in public by members was one of the closing features of the Ohio legislature.

President Taft is quite confident reciprocity will pass the senate if amendments can be excluded.

There was a revival at Pittsburg of the circulation of petitions asking the recall of Mayor A. C. Graves.

Mormon settlers in Mexico demand more than a million dollars for damages sustained in the revolution.

Testimony was introduced at Des Moines implicating James O'Callaghan in the treasury robbery.

One hundred members of the Chicago dental society began to inspect the teeth of public school children.

The American Tobacco company was declared by the supreme court to be an illegal combine in restraint of trade.

Ireland has a population of 4,381,951, according to the census returns. This is a decrease of 76,284 in ten years.

Minority Leader Mann has improved his standing with house insurgents.

It was announced that Emperor William, while at Buckingham palace, on May 16, has appointed King George a general field marshal in the German army.

George Rees, veteran printer and publisher and a pioneer Mason of Northwest Missouri, died at his home in St. Joseph, Mo., aged 78 years. Death was the result of paralysis.

Although several of the powers have refused to support Russia's note to Turkey with reference to the mobilization of Turkish troops on the Montenegrian frontier, the near eastern situation presents disquieting aspects.

The last $1,000 required to insure the erection in Des Moines of a monument to the late Senator Allison was received by State Treasurer from General Grenville M. Dodge.

Having survived the failure of four flags, Mobile may prosper and grow more beautiful under the present one, was President Taft's message of felicitation to Mobile upon that city's celebration of the 200th anniversary of its founding.

Senor Zamocona is the successor of Senor de la Barra as Mexican ambassador to the United States. He resided in Washington during the time his father was Mexican minister from 1878 to 1882.

Sir William Schwenk Gilbert, the British author and writer of comic opera librettos, died in London. He was born in 1836 and was knighted by King Edward in 1907. The famous collaborator of Sir Arthur Sullivan died suddenly of heart disease while in his bath.

The government has started a crusade against what Assistant District Attorney Whitney says are extensive frauds in the importation of German cutlery. Josef Landesburg, an importer of cutlery, was arrested charged with undervaluing German-made pocket knives.

James and Matthew White, father and son, were slain at their home at Sac City, Ia. Clifford Wilson, also of that city, is in jail, charged with the crime, while a posse under the direction of the sheriff, is searching for an unidentified man, alleged to have been with Wilson at the time of the tragedy.

In response to a resolution asking for information on the subject, Attorney General Wickersham sent word to the house that the department of justice has undertaken no criminal prosecution of the officers of the Standard Oil company as a result of the recent supreme court decision.

Editor E. E. Cook and Attorney Charles J. Pretzman, both of Columbus, O., were bound over to the grand jury charged with refusing to testify before the committee in the bribery charges made against the senators. They gave bond and were released.

General Diaz himself took command of the federal soldiers who repulsed a large force of rebels, while the former president of Mexico was on his way from Mexico City to Vera Cruz.

Clear Lake was offered as the summer capital of the United States when the Commercial club designated a site of twenty acres, with adequate railroad facilities, to be presented to President Taft for his home during the hot months.

Personal.

There is rumor that Senator Lorimer may resign.

The Champ Clark presidential boom has been well launched.

President Diaz, immediately after resignation, sailed for Spain.

In a Memorial day address Colonel Roosevelt said the laws are outworn and should be changed.

Rumors were spread of an attempt to assassinate Madero.

Madero will not go to Mexico City until new governors of northern Mexico have been installed.

Theodore Roosevelt would deal with trusts the same as the commerce commission deals with railroads.

BREN OUT ON BAIL

TANGLE INVOLVED IN LOSS OF "U" FUNDS DEVELOPES STRICT PROBE.

EXAMINING HIS ACCOUNTS

Woman Named in Case Tells of Acquaintance With Prisoner.—Expert Accountant at Work.

Minneapolis. — For over five hours Joseph D. Bren, the imprisoned treasurer of the University of Minnesota, whose arrest followed his story of being held up and robbed of $15,000 of students' money near the campus, was closeted with Frank N. Stacy, deputy state bank examiner, at Central police station.

Stoutly declaring his innocence of any misapplication of funds and firmly defending the name of Mrs. Maud Eddington, who possessed a key and shared his personal safety deposit box, Bren told Mr. Stacy of the manner of accounting the university's finances, of the origination and management of the several funds, of the checking systems he used and of the authority he had for the use of a deposit vault at the bank.

A Second Investigation.

A second investigation of Bren's accounts, brought on by the startling events of the last few days, was announced when Prof. James Paige said that it had been decided by the legal committee of the Athletic Board of Control, of which he is chairman, to submit the accounts of the Athletic association to examination by an expert accountant, "as a matter of business policy." Mr. Bren is treasurer of these funds under a bond of $20,000, in addition to the $50,000 under which his faithfulness and integrity is bonded to the university.

Deputy Public Examiners, Stacy and Cederberg are working on the university books, materially aided by the pointers which Mr. Bren gave out from his cell and which Mr. Stacy carefully noted. Bren also gave an account of the contents of his private deposit box at the Northwestern National bank and also the contents of the university box. He said that only one box is being used by the university at present.

The police have maintained all along that Bren admited to them that he had often kept university funds in his personal box and that some reposed there at present.

Association Funds Separate.

Prof. Paige stated that the cash of the athletic association, which is also handled by Bren, had been examined every year by accountants employed especially for that purpose by the association and who work entirely separate from the public examiner who inspects the university books. On the last examination of these books and funds, February 11 last, accountants for Marwick, Mitchell & Co. found that a balance of $42,257.67 was on hand.

Detective Broderick filed charges of grand larceny against Bren. He was released on $2,500 bond, signed by Frank Bren, his father, and Samuel A. Bren, his brother, both of Hopkins.

MORE FIRE SUITS WON.

Loss by Flames in Gopher Timber Up to Railway.

Fergus Falls.—The spring term of the United States court came to a close in this city. The last cases tried were actions brought by Elias Olson, Carl W. Peterson and Peter Smith against the Canadian Northern Railway company for damage done by the great forest fire in the northern part of the state last summer. The three suits were merged and tried as one. The jury found the railway company liable in all of them, and brought in a verdict giving Olson $1,664.16, Peterson, $487.50 and Smith, $812.50.

It was expected that Judge Amidon would appoint special examiners to take testimony in about 600 of the cases that have been brought to set aside deeds given by Indians, but as Judge Morris is the regular judge of this district the matter of making the appointments will be taken up by the latter in a short time.

Moorhead.—At a meeting of the city council an ordinance was passed which will prohibit restaurants in places where liquor is sold. This will eliminate a dozen such places in Moorhead. Senator Charles S. Marden appeared for the cafes of the city in which liquor is not sold, the proprietors of which claimed that their business was being ruined by the free lunches and other devices made use of to hold people in the saloons.

DULUTH ATTORNEY DEAD.

S. T. Harrison Was Cousin of Late Ben Harrison.

Duluth. — S. T. Harrison, of Duluth, an attorney, died at Pine City, where he had gone for the benefit of his health. He was 58 years old, a native of Missouri, and is survived by his wife and three sons and two daughters. He was a cousin of the late Benjamin Harrison, former president.

POSTAL CARRIERS CHANGED.

Seventy-Seven Minnesota Postmasters Get Raises.

Washington, D. C. — The postoffice department announced that the salaries of 77 postmasters at Minneapolis offices will be increased from $100 to $200 each on July 1. Following are the offices affected, with the amounts the salaries are increased to:

Ada, $1,700; Albany, $1,200; Balaton, $1,300; Baudette, $1,400; Beardsley, $1,200; Bemidji, $2,000; Benson, $2,000; Blue Earth, $2,100; Bricelyn, $1,400; Buhl, $1,200; Caledonia, $1,700; Canby, $1,800; Chatfield, $1,800; Chisholm, $2,300; Clarkfield, $1,300; Dassell, $1,500; Deerwood, $1,400; Duluth, $2,800; Elk River, $1,500; Fairmont, $2,200; Frazee, $1,500; Fulda, $1,500; Gilbert, $1,600; Granite Falls, $1,600; Hallock, $1,600; Harmony, $1,300; Henning, $1,200; Hibbing, $2,700; Hinckley, $1,300; Hopkins, $2,100; International Falls, $1,800; Jackson, $1,900; Kerkhoven, $1,200; La Crescent, $1,500; Lake Benton, $1,300; La Porte, $1,500; Lamberton, $1,600; Leroy, $1,500; Lindstrom, $1,200; Litchfield, $2,100; Luverne, $4,100; Madison, $1,800; Mahnomen, $1,300; Mapleton, $1,600; Marshall, $2,200; Minneota, $1,400; Morris, $2,000; Mountain Lake, $1,500; New Richland, $1,400; New Ulm, $2,600; Olivia, $1,600; Osakis, $1,700; Pipestone, $2,300; Proctor, $1,500; Rochester, $2,800; Roseau, $1,400; Royalton, $1,500; St. James, $2,000; Sauk Rapids, $1,300; Shakopee, $1,500; South St. Paul, $2,700; Starbuck, $1,300; Thief River Falls, $2,300; Tracy, $1,900; Two Harbors, $2,200; Tyler, $1,500; Ulen, $1,100; Virginia, $2,700; Walker, $1,500; Waseca, $2,400; Waterville, $1,600; Wayzata, $1,300; White Bear Lake, $1,600; Willmar, $2,400; Windom, $2,000; Winnebago, $1,900, and Winona, $3,300.

The following decreases were also announced:

Alden, $1,100; Belgrade, $1,100; Black Duck, $1,300; Bovey, $1,300; Cambridge, $1,600; Delano, $1,300; Eagle Bend, $1,200; Hastings, $2,200; Montgomery, $1,200; Mora, $1,500; Mount Iron, to fourth class; Osseo, $1,000; Plainview, $1,500; Springfield, $1,700, and Stewart, $1,000.

VIOLENT DEATHS 1,746 IN YEAR.

But State's Casualty Record Shows Decrease in Self Destruction.

St. Paul.—While there were nearly 400 more deaths by violence in Minnesota during the past year than in the previous year, the cases of self destruction decreased slightly. Seventeen hundred and forty-six deaths by violence were reported for the year ending May 1, 1911; some of the most important causes of death being drowning, of which there were 211 cases. One hundred and sixteen persons were crushed by vehicles, 27 having been run down by automobiles and 12 by street cars.

Seventy-eight were killed by reckless use of firearms and 50 died from poisonous gases. Eleven were killed by lightning and an equal number by electricity, the latter resulting from contact with live wires. Only two died from poisoning.

The total number of violent deaths during the previous year was 1,312. The number of cases of self destructoin was 247.

Sixty murders were committed in Minnesota during the fiscal year, an increase of 12.

COLLEGE YEAR ENDS.

Rev. Stanley B. Roberts Preaches Baccalaureate at Albert Lea.

Albert Lea.—The commencement exercises of Albert Lea college were begun with the baccalaureate sermon, delivered at the Presbyterian church by Rev. Stanley B. Roberts of Minneapolis. The annual reception of the Albert Lea College club was held in Science hall. At the Broadway theater the annual class play was given, all the characters being taken by the young lady students of the college. The play was Martha Morton's "A Bachelor's Romance," followed by American folk dances by the students.

Tuesday afternoon the class day program was given, which was followed by "The Masque of Lethe" on the campus. Tuesday evening will be the farewell reception to the seniors, and Wednesday morning at the Presbyterian church occurred the graduating exercises, the address to be delivered by Dr. A. W. Trettien of the University of South Dakota. Monday and Tuesday the art studio and home economic rooms were open to visitors and the work of the students was shown.

AUGUSTANA SYNOD CONFERENCE

Noted Swedish Lutheran Ministers Will Attend Convention in Duluth.

Duluth.—Noted Swedish Lutheran ministers from all parts of the country will come to Duluth next week to attend the annual meeting of the Augustana synod of the Swedish Lutheran denomination.

Wednesday the presidents of nine conferences will arrive and Thursday morning at Bethany Swedish Lutheran church the synodical council will meet and prepare the work of the convention.

The presidents of the various conferences are:

Petrus Eberg, California; Rev. Fritz Jacobson, New York; Rev. F. N. Swanberg, Nebraska; Rev. C. Albert Lund, Superior; Rev. E. P. Olson, Kansas; Rev. Joseph A. Anderson, Iowa; Rev. A. J. Krantz, Minnesota; Rev. C. M. Rauseeb, Illinois, Rev. Carl E. Frisk, Columbia conference.

C. & N. W. Terminal Opened.

Chicago, Ill. — The new Chicago and Northwestern passenger station, the second largest railroad terminal in the world, used by only one road, was formerly opened. The terminal covers 20 acres. The station yard covers 343,040 square feet, the train shed 265,300 square feet and the building section 69,760 square feet. Sixteen tracks, with a capacity of 200 cars, enter the train shed, giving the station a capacity of 250,000 passengers a day. The total cost of the station was $23,750,000.

MINN. CROP REPORT SHOWS GREAT GAIN

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT IS ISSUED BY DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

ON MINNESOTA GRAIN STATISTICS

Cereal Acreage Less Than Formerly. —Value of Wheat Crop for 1909 Over Fifty-six Millions.

Washington, June 7.—Statistics relative to the leading crops for the state of Minnesota collected at the thirteenth decennial census, April 15, 1910, are contained in an official statement issued by Acting Census Director Falkner. It is based on tabular summaries prepared under the direction of Dr. Le Grand Powers, chief statistician for agriculture, in the bureau of the census.

The figures are preliminary and subject to slight revision later, when a few other farms, whose returns are now incomplete, are included in the final tables. It is not expected that these additions will materially modify the amounts or rates given in the present statement. The leading crops in 1909, ranked in the order of valuation, were: Wheat, $56,009,000; oats, $34,020,000; corn, $30,451,000; hay and forage, $26,724,000; barley, $17,215,000; potatoes, $7,707,000; flaxseed, $4,861,000, and rye, $2,680,000.

Acreage Falls Off.

From 6,560,707 acres in 1899 the wheat acreage fell off in 1909 to 3,277,039 acres, a decrease of 50 per cent. Prior to 1909 each census showed an increase. In 1879 the wheat acreage was 3,044,570 and in 1889, 3,372,627. Hence at the present time the wheat acreage is less than it was twenty years ago, but slightly more than it was thirty years ago.

In 1899 wheat had an acreage larger than that of all other cereals combined, while in 1909 it exceeded the acreage in oats by less than 10 per cent. The yield of wheat per acre was reported as seventeen bushels, the value an acre $17.10.

From 1899 to 1909 the acreage in oats increased from 2,201,325 acres to 2,977,264, or 35.2 per cent. During the preceding decade the increase was 39.4 per cent. Since 1879 the increase in acreage has been constant. From 617,469 acres in that year it rose to 1,579,258 in 1889 and again to 2,201,325 in 1899. The aggregate yield in 1909 was 93,885,164 bushels; the average yield per acre, 32 bushels; the average value per acre, $11.40.

Corn Acreage Increases.

From 1899 to 1909 the acreage of corn increased from 1,441,580 acres to 2,004,107, or 39 per cent as compared to an increase of 59.9 per cent during the 10 years preceding. Corn average has inceased steadily, but not so rapidly as that of oats. From 438,737 acres in 1879 it advanced to 901,690 in 1889, and then to 1,441,580 in 1899. The total yield in 1909 was 67,777,912 bushels; the average yield per acre, 34 bushels; the average value per acre, $15.20.

The acreage devoted to hay and forage in 1909 was 3,944,422. It has been constantly increasing. With 1,053,378 acres in 1879 it rose to 2,709,191 in 1889 and 3,157,690 in 1899. The increase since 1899 has been 24.9 per cent. The total yield in 1909 was 6,041,883 tons; the average yield per acre, 1.5 tons; the average value per acre, $6.80.

From 1899 to 1909 the acreage in barley increased from 877,854 acres to 1,573,836, or 79.3 per cent. Since 1879, when 116,020 acres were harvested, this crop has multiplied more than thirteenfold. In 1899 there were 258,510 acres in barley and in 1899 877,845, the increase in the last 10 years being most conspicuous. During the decade preceding 1899 barley increased 144.9 per cent. The total yield in 1909 was 34,928,545 bushels; the average yield an acre, 22 bushels; the average value an acre, $10.90.

From 1899 to 1909 potatoes increased in acreage from 146,659 to 230,713 acres, or 57.3 per cent. The total yield in 1909 was 26,803,145 bushels; the average yield an acre 116 bushels; the average value an acre, $33.40.

From 1899 to 1909 the acreage of flaxseed increased from 566,801 acres to 358,565, or 36.7 per cent. The total yield in 1909 was 3,278,000 bushels; the average yield an acre, 9 bushels; the average value an acre, $13.60.

From 1899 to 1909 the acreage of rye increased from 118,869 acres to 266,604, or 124.3 per cent. The figures for 1899 had indicated an increase of 56,000 acres, or 89.1 per cent over those of 1899. The total yield in 1909 was 4,426,208 bushels; the average yield an acre, 17 bushels; the average value an acre, $10.05.

The cereals had an aggregate acreage of 10,140,389 acres in 1909, as against 11,207,026 in 1899, a decrease of 1,066,637 acres, or 9.5 per cent. There was, however, an increase in total yield of these crops of 16,167,103 bushels. The average value of cereals an acre in 1909 was $13.90, a little over twice that of hay and forage. Wheat shows the highest average value per acre of the cereals; buckwheat the lowest. Of the hay and forage crops, alfalfa is well above the rest in average value an acre. There are but a small number of miscellaneous crops, though the average values per acre of several of them are well above those of the more usual crops.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Washington, D. C. — Minneapolis, Duluth and St. Paul are to have postal savings banks, on July 1.

Washington.—Ole Hagen of Crookston, who graduated fifth in a large class at the naval academy this spring, is in Washington with his two sisters as guests of Representative and Mrs. Steenerson.

New Orleans, Louis. — The executive committee of the New Orleans Clearing House association announces that the time of the American Bankers' convention has been fixed for Nov. 21-24.

Minneapolis. — Mrs. Cora F. Wright past department president of the Women's Relief Corps of Minnesota, is dead at her home here. Mrs. Wright, through her active work in the W. R. C., was well known over the state.

Cloquet. — The Pastoret-Lawrence Company of Duluth has begun work on a $23,000 water and sewer contract for Cloquet. The extensions to be made will complete the system for the city probably for several years. The work is to be finished by September 1.

Le Sueur.—A class of twenty-four members was graduated from the Le Sueur high school and normal department. Governor Eberhart delivered the graduation address and delivered the diplomas to the members of the class. Martha Moede was salutatorian, and Polly Nuessmeier valedictorian.

Cloquet.—Word has been received here from J. E. Lynds, secretary of the Cloquet Lumber company, that he and the members of his party have left New Zealand and are on the way to Australia. Mr. Lynds and his wife and son, Edgar Lynds, have been abroad since last fall and expect to remain several months longer. Mr. Lynds has made several trips abroad and has visited every country in the world and every large city.

154 DIPLOMAS AT MOORHEAD.

Terre Haute Normal President Lauds the "Homely Virtues."

Moorhead.—Commencement week at the state normal school has closed and the 154 graduates have received their diplomas. The final functions were the commencement exercises and the alumni reception at Comstock hall, the recently finished and named building on the normal school campus. The commencement address was given by Dr. William F. Parsons, president of the Indiana state normal college, Terre Haute, Ind. Dr. Parsons spoke on "The School and the State," and in his address laid special emphasis on cultivation of the "homely virtues," promptness, concentration, respect for those in authoritw, politeness and truthfulness. The graduates, each bearing a long stemmed rose, received their diplomas from Tollef Jacobson of Alexandria.

After the commencement exercises the alumni reception to graduates and others was held.

J. D. BREN UNDER ARREST.

Treasurer of "U" Held Following Investigation of Holdup Story.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Joseph D. Bren, treasurer, accountant and cashier of the University of Minnesota, who reported he had been held up and robbed in a ravine near the campus of $13,000 belonging to students, occupies a cell in Central police station.

Mrs. Maud Eddington, 2903 Third avenue south, whom the police say has admitted she promised Mrs. Bren she would have nothing to do with the cashier, has turned over to the police a key to Bren's personal safety deposit vault in the Northwestern National bank. She said he utilized the box for the safe keeping of her personal papers and valuables.

Norton C. Cross, 525 New York Life, has been retained by Mr. Bren as his attorney. He spent the morning in consultation with the prisoner in Central station, but refused to utter one word in regard to his intentions. Chief Mealey has refused to permit anyone to see Bren excepting the prisoner's attorney.

Acting under authority vested in him by the Minnesota statues, Public Examiner Fritz assumed complete control of the financial department of the University of Minnesota. The public examiner is authorized by law to take this course when any suspicion of discrepancies arise.

Mr. Fritz came to Minneapolis personally to inspect the cashier's department. All disbursements will be made through his office.

Detective Broderick filed charges of grand larceny against Bren. He was released on $2,500 bond, signed by Frank Bren, his father, and Samuel A. Bren, his brother, both of Hopkins.

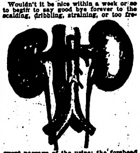
Yokohama, Japan. — The Pacific Mail steamer Korea went aground near this port. All her passengers have been landed.

St. Paul. — The sixth annual convention of the Minnesota State League of postmasters will be held here June 7 and 8. The program will open with an address of welcome by Mayor Keller of St. Paul, and the response will be made by W. S. Bartholomew, Avon. The program will consist of addresses by Senators Nelson and Clapp, a paper on "Fixed Compensation for Postmasters of the Fourth Class Offices," by F. M. Searles, New Brighton, and a paper on "Economy" by Oscar Bleedorn of Watertown.

$3.50 RECIPE FREE, FOR WEAK KIDNEYS.

RELIEVES URINARY AND KIDNEY TROUBLES, BACKACHE, STRAINING, SWELLING, ETC.

Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.



Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say good bye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of the urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, [illegible] Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

Very Select.

The landlady was trying to impress the prospective lodger with an idea of how extremely eligible the neighborhood was. Pointing over the way at a fine mansion, she said in a hushed whisper:

"Young man, over there across the street there's seven million dollars!"

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

And They Adjourned.

The Mutual Admiration society met and was called to order.

"What of all the things in this world do you like best?" asked the girl, angling for a compliment.

"Beefsteak!" cried he, taken unawares, and a moment later the society adjourned.

Hugging a "Lamb."

Parson Johnson had been caught hugging one of the finest "ewe" lambs of the congregation who happened to be a very popular young lady and it created quite a stir in the church. So "Brudder Johnson" was brought for trial.

"You have seen these great pictures, I suppose, so you know dat de great Sheperd am always pictured wid a lamb in his arms," said "Brudder" Johnson.

"Yes, sah, pahson, dat am so," admitted Deacon Jones.

"Den, Brudder Jones, what am wrong in de sheperd of this flock having a lamb in his arms?"

This was too much for Brudder Jones, so he proposed that the people have a called meeting that afternoon. After the point was discussed at the afternoon meeting the following resolution was made:

"Resolved, Dat for the future peace of this congregation, dat de next time Brudder Johnson feels called on to take a lamb ob de flock in his arms, that he pick out a ram-lamb."

BUSINESS WOMEN
A Lunch Fit for a King.

An active and successful young lady tells her food experience:

"Some years ago I suffered from nervous prostration, induced by continuous brain strain and improper food, added to a great grief.

"I was ordered to give up my work, as there was great danger of my mind failing me altogether. My stomach was in bad condition (nervous dyspepsia, I think now) and when Grape-Nuts food was recommended to me, I had no faith in it. However, I tried it, and soon there was a marked improvement in my condition.

"I had been troubled with faint spells, and had used a stimulant to revive me. I found that by eating Grape-Nuts at such times I was relieved and suffered no bad effects, which was a great gain. As to my other troubles—nervous prostration, dyspepsia, etc.—on the Grape-Nuts diet they soon disappeared.

"I wish especially to call the attention of office girls to the great benefit I derived from the use of Grape-Nuts as a noon luncheon. I was thoroughly tired of cheap restaurants and ordinary lunches, and so made the experiment of taking a package of Grape-Nuts food with me, and then slipping out at noon and getting a nickel's worth of sweet cream to add to it.

"I found that this simple dish, finished off with an apple, peach, orange, or a bunch of grapes made a lunch fit for a king, and one that agreed with me perfectly.

"I throve so on my Grape-Nuts diet that I did not have to give up my work at all, and in the two years have had only four lost days charged up against me.

"Let me add that your suggestions in the little book, 'Road to Wellville,' are, in my opinion, invaluable, especially to women." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

"There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
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Choice
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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank
Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

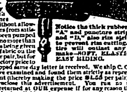
COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.



Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at [illegible] Catalogue which [illegible]

DO NOT WAIT [illegible] today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 10, 1911.

The only time fields were ever in as good shape as they are now was in 1895, when the Red River valley produced the greatest crop in its history. Present conditions are as perfect as they could be Commercial travelers covering the northwest portion of the state say farmers and business men are optimistic everywhere. — Marshall County Democrat.

When six or more persons in Canada believe that a combine exists to raise prices or restrict competition to the detriment of producers or consumers, they can make application to a judge for an order directing investigation into the alleged combine. When the combination is proved, the trust, combine, or gentlemen's agreement must go out business or cease its unlawful practices.

Teachers' Training School

The teachers' training school, which will be held at the state school of agriculture, Crookston, opens for a six weeks' session Monday, June 19. Besides the regular branches, the instructors of the school will give work in agriculture, horticulture, dairying and live stock, poultry, gardening, cooking, sewing, and manual training. A faculty, numbering twelve, will teach the various branches

The full equipment of the school will be used and teachers will receive great benefit from this opportunity. There will be only one school similar to this one in the state. The teachers of northwestern Minnesota are fortunate in being near this one.

Teachers will live in the dormitories, paying $3 a week for board, light and lodging. Prominent lecturers have been secured and a very instructive session will be held. Any one interested may secure a bulletin giving complete information by writing to the school of agriculture, Crookston, Minnesota. Tuition is free to all teachers or prospective teachers.

A Fruitful Platfrom

The resolutions of the Northern Minnesota Development association are always full of meat. They are always practical and concern themselves with live questions of vital importance to the people of its territory in their every day life.

Neither are they adopted as a matter of course. They do not come ready made in the pocket of some delegate having been written by a select circle of slate-makers. They are built up as all such platforms should be, by the delegates.

The busiest members at the meetings are those of the resolutions committee It is subdivided into sections to consider various subjects. These meet, receive suggestions and hear arguments pro and con. Some of these sessions are very live affairs, as in the final meeting of the committee as a whole.

At this session there was a distinct advance in the recommendation and appointment of a comittee to take up the formation of an immigration bureau to work in harmony with with the state department. This is a practical work that, if carried out, will be of immense benefit,

Possibly the Wisconsin plan will be adopted. There the owers or agents of 5,000,000 acres of land have been organized and have subscribed a fund made up from an assessment of one cent an acre. This makes a total of $50,000, paid as it is needed.

With this a regular corps of lecturers and agents is maintained. A subheadquarters has been opened at Chicago; lists of possible settlers are secured; correspondence is opened; literature is sent out and all those who are subscribers to the fund are kept in touch with inquiries.

The association will have the experience of Wisconsin to guide it, and close relations, a harmony of effort, if not actual amalgamation, can be effect to the advantage of both. The character of the territory in the two states is practically identical, and the inducements for settlement are much the same.

The association will have influence and permanency, just as it continues to exclude politics and to do what is recognized to be of actual benefit. It has stuck close to its original program and is growing stronger and will grow stronger as it continues to do so.—Duluth News Tribune.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held June 5, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

D Soderman, $2.50, for street work, allowed at	$ 2.19
Holmes Bros., coffin, etc., for Ole Sherva	41.00
Adolph Satterberg, work on street with team	7.87
Hans Wilson, cleaning well	.75
G Fellman, man and team on street	3.50
St. Hilaire Spectator, publication proceedings April and May	12.50
Ole Branum, $6.12 for street work, allowed at	5.07
O K Sevre, $6.12 for street work, allowed at	5.07
Charlie Benson, $4.25 for street work, allowed at	3.65
John Forseen, marshal's salary for May and street work	18.50

On motion duly made and seconded the double taxation on block 39, lot 24, belonging to Merchants State bank, also on block 50, lots 10, 11, and 12, belonging to A. S. Wilson, was ordered refunded

Rebate for double assessment Merchants State Bank	$40.71
Rebate for double assessment A S Wilson	39.02

Motion made and carried that fire chief and two delegates be sent to district tournament at Ada. Motion carried.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Consolidation of Schools

The Holmburg law, passed by the legislature of Minnesota at its last session, apparently places it within the power of every fairly well-populated township to maintain a graded school "as good as any in town." Such a school is created by consolidating a number of districts and uniting their resources for the support of one first-class school, which supersedes from one to four or more of the little one-room schools: children living at a distance being transported in special wagons to and from school. As an inducement to such consolidation, the Holmburg law provides state aid to the amount of from $750 to $1500 a year, in addition to the amount regularly apportioned from the state fund It also provides for a contribution from the State not exceeding $1500 or one-fourth of the cost toward the erection of a consolidated school building.—University Farm Press News.

The Census

The government census just out gives the population of the county by precincts, as follows:

*Black River twp	169
Bray	127
Clover Leaf	180
Deer Park	270
Goodridge	63
Hickory	197
High Landing	383
Kratka	280
*Mayfield	144
Norden	306
North	440
Numedal	154
*Polk Centre	146
Reimer	207
*River Falls	252
Rocksbury	518
St. Hilaire village	468
Sanders	293
Silverton	219
Smiley	421
Star	192
*Wyandotte	203
Thief River Falls, 1st ward	1,722
" " " 2nd "	634
" " " 3rd "	1,358
	3,714

Total for Pennington county 9,376

* Sections 1 to 24 only included

Sangerfest in Thief River Falls

Lovers of music and especially of the world renowned Scandinavian male chorus music, will have an unusual opportunity to gratify their tastes in Thief River Falls, Minn. in June next. The Red River Valley singers association will give a series of concerts in that town June 23-24-25.

A magnificent chorus of 200 trained voices will sing the famous heart stirring songs of the north. An orchestra of 30 pieces will accompany them and also render selections of their own.

The internationally famous tenor soloist, the Norwegian Caruso, Rolf Hammer will be the chief soloist of the "stevne."

Certainly this will be a wonderful chance to hear the best singers sing the best music of the world. Everybody should arrange to take in all the concerts, if possible.

NO ONE CAN AFFORD TO MISS IT.

Illustrated Lecture

By Dr. K. A. Kiland of Gustavus Adolphus college, St. Peter, at the Swedish Lutheran church Tuesday, June 13, commencing at 8 p. m.

There will be 200 stereopticon news, illustrating a travel through Sweden, and showing the wonderful scenery and peculiar customs of the "Land of the midnight sun."

Admission 25 and 15 cents.

Spectator 1.00

SNUFF

GUA URITY

Copenhagen Snu rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, such ingredients as are compon tobacco and absolutely pure flavor Process retains the good of the bitter and acid of natura

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth A

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Albert Sevre.

It Is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six (6) months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the 1st day of December, 1911 at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at the city of Thief River Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated May 29, 1911.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge of Probate

j3-17

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Opening Sale

Will occur on the townsite of

TRAIL

On Saturday, June 10, at 3 p. m.

Splendid business opportunities. No reservations. Equal chance for all to secure desirable locations in a live new town.

"SOO" LINE

W. H. KILLEN
LAND COMMISSIONER "SOO LINE"
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 24th day of June A. D. 1911, for the construction of about twenty steel and wood bridges and about twenty-six corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 18 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts,

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

The right to increase or decrease the amount of work, also to reject any and all bids, is reserved by the said auditors.

Dated at Warren, Minn., this 29th day of May A. D. 1911.

{AUDITOR'S SEAL} A. G. LUNDGREN, County Auditor Marshall County, Minn.

O. L. HAMERY, Engineer, Crookston, Minn.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 11 o'clock a. m. on the 24th day of June A. D. 1911, for the construction of about twenty-five steel and wood bridges and about thirty-seven corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 13 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts.

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

The right to increase or decrease the amount of work, also to reject any and all bids is reserved by the said auditors.

Dated at Warren, Minn., this 20th day of May A. D. 1911.

{AUDITOR'S SEAL} A. G. LUNDGREN, County Auditor Marshall County, Minn.

O. L. HAMERY, Engineer, Crookston, Minn.

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services, with communion, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Sunday school at 2 p. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Rev. A. Hanson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Rev. Alex. Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 87—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. F. Post, Sec. M. Fricker, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3680 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 179, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. Larson, V. P. O. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
Monsis Lasille, President. Peter Simonson, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota, and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References. Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.
GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m	
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40	"

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20	p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15	"

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	87
" " 2 "	85
" " 3 "	81
Flax, No. 1	$2.12
" " 2	2.08
Barley, fur 50 lbs	37
Oats	30
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.60
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Millet seed for sale by N. A. Nelson.

Mike Anderson came down from Beaudette Wednesday.

Mrs. George Bakko went Wednesday to Warren to visit friends.

Frank Grundy of Thief River Falls is visiting with friends here.

O. F. Post drove to Red Lake Falls yesterday, where he has a lawsuit.

Mrs. C. A. Skeie and Miss Ella went Tuesday to High Landing to visit friends.

Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls, held services at the Synod church Monday evening.

Miss Agnes Aastad of Thief River Falls, was the guest of Miss Ruth Gigstad, Monday night.

Mrs. Ina Johnson visited her sister, Mrs. Anton Anderson at Wylie a few days this week.

Dr. Owens made his regular professional visit to Middle River the first of the week.

Quite a number of log drivers are in town. Operations were began at Thief River yesterday.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county, came up Tuesday and went out to his home west of town.

Crops are reported in many places badly injured by standing water on the fields since the last storm.

M. R. Hage has constructed a booth in his store for the accommodation of his ice cream customers.

Roy Dalin came up Monday from Red Lake Falls, his engagement with Hoken Johnson having expired.

Misses Eva and Nora Johnson and cousin Hilda Rose, went Wednesday to Fosston to visit with relatives.

It is probable that Rev. Aastad of Thief River Falls will receive a call to the Synod church of this place.

Mrs. Oscar Seland returned to Bemidji on Wednesday after a month's visit with her mother, Mrs. Ole Sherva.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday June 18, at 3 p. m.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening June 16, at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Aug. Erickson.

Among the other guests Mr. and Mrs. K. F. Sandberg, and John Sandberg of Crookston were in attendance at the Swanson Naplin wedding.

Two "kid" teams played ball last Sunday with a score of 17 by the "Club" team to 8 by the "Outlaws." The "Club" team plays with Thief River on the home diamond tomorrow.

K. O. Gigstad left Wednesday for Warren to be present at a hearing in the matter of judicial ditch No. 25. If established and constructed, this ditch will be over seventy miles in length.

Mrs. Anderson went to St. Hilaire yesterday, where she will visit through the week with relatives and will attend the confirmation exercises next Sunday, her daughter being one of the class to be confirmed there on that day.—Crookston Times.

Anton Becker of Thief River Falls called on M. L. Hage Tuesday and went out to visit with Mr. and Mrs. E. Klemsrud. He was accompanied by Martin Lee of Long Prairie, a brother of Mrs. Klemsrud. Mr. Becker recently returned from a six months' visit to the old home in Norway.

At the Duluth meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development Association Daniel Shaw of this city was named a member of the irrigation commission of which Mr. W. A. McGonagle, president of the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern railway is chairman. The commission will have its first meeting in Bemidji June 17.—News.

A. B. Jones leaves next Tuesday to attend the grand lodge of Oddfellows as a delegate from the local lodge. He expects also to visit during his absence his mother, a brother and two sisters in Chicago whom he has not seen for thirty years. J. E. Draeger will handle the business of the Red Lake Falls Milling company during his absence.

Married

Mr. John A. Naplin and Miss Edna C. Swanson were married on the 7th of June at the home of the bride in Sec. 27 of Black River, Rev. Sand officiating. The witnesses were Gust Naplin, Lillian Swanson, C. O. Swanson and Lillie Hallstrom. After the cermony, which was performed at 1 o'clock in the grove where proper arrangements had been made for the purpose, a bounteous dinner was served to about sixty guests. The groom is a prosperous farmer in Polk Centre, where they will make their home, and the bride has served as a teacher for some time. Both are well known in this community and have a host of friends who wish them happiness and blessings.

Notice

I will be in St. Hilaire about a week for the purpose of collecting accounts due me. Those not paid at the end of that time will be given to an attorney. Mike Anderson.

Miss Mary Hoff was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

E. E. Anderson went Thursday to Warren on a business mission.

County Surveyor C. H. Martz was in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Rev. S. T. Palm left this week for a few weeks' visit with friends in St. Paul and in Wisconsin.

Dr. Spofford will be at the Central hotel, St. Hilaire, Aug. 7.

Clifford Holton, who has been a guest at J. C. Dahl's home returned Wednesday to his home at Tompson N. D.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday will Mrs. Axel Jacobson on the Park. Ridge Nursery.

I have on hand 1000 feet of Dodd and Struthers lightning rods and will be glad to get your order.

N. A. Nelson.

The Ladies Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening June 16, at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Aug. Erickson.

Mrs. H. Schermer and Mrs. H. Lyngholm went to St. Hilaire Wednesday, where they will visit for a week or more with relatives and friends.—Times

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

T G. Thompson and wife arrived here Wednesday and are visiting Ole Mathson's, having come overland by team. Mrs. Thompson is Mr. Mathson's sister.

Mrs. Fred Krueger and August Krueger, mother and brother respectively of our harnessmaker came up yesterday for a visit. August is also in the harness business and is located at Seattle

Norman Hanson, cashier of the First State bank of Fertile, Minn., was in town Tuesday and went out to look at a tract of land in Black River township. He is a brother of M. L. Hanson, a former merchant of this place.

Because, in a spirit of fun, Miss Inez Patterson, eighth grade teacher in the Bemidji schools, decided to be as frisky as the girls of her class who were giving her a picnic at Diamond Point, she nearly lost her life when she fell from floating logs into the lake. Fortunately, the water was low while Miss Patterson is high and she safely struggled to shore.—Bemidji Pioneer.

There will be confirmation at the Black River church to-morrow, when a class of fourteen will be confirmed by Rev. Sand. The members of the class are Edith Lindquist, Edith Scholin, Annie Swanson, Lydia Johnson, Lydia Adolfson, Augnes Adolfson, Alvina Erickson, Albin Adolfson, Frans Moren, Arvid Anderson, Martin Hallstrom, Casyer Crown and David Mosbeck.

DIED

Hazel Irene, an infant daughter of O. J. Lillebo of Polk Centre, died Tuesday, the 6th inst., at the age of twelve days, and was buried on Thursday at the Black River cemetery, Rev. Alex. Sand officiating.

Miss Minnie Cecilia Carina Badke died of tuberculosis at Thief River Falls on Tuesday and was buried in the Black River cemetery on Thursday, Rev. Sand officiating. She was born at Black River about twenty-five years ago.

The Best Advertisement This Store Ever Had

Has been the goods we have sold. We have always believed that small profits would make a big business. Our new spring merchandise exhibits in a marked degree what values can be offered when the dealer is looking to his future and considers first of all his customers' satisfaction.

LAZAR & LAZAR

ON THE CREST
Of the Wave of Popularity
rides
Hamm's
Beer
"Leads them All"
Get in the swim!
Reach for it!
Theo. Hamm Brew'g Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

HARNESS : SHOP

Come in and see our best line of Dusters and Fly Nets, single and double Driving Harness, and heavy Team Harness. The best line of Harness that money can buy.

Repairing of Buggy Seats and Cushions a specialty.

Carl : A. : Krueger

Another storm last night, with hail.

Halvor Skattum is down from Canada visiting his brother, Sever Skattum.

The ball team expect to go tomorrow, the weather permitting, to Red Lake Falls to play the first nine there.

Eddie and Andy Dahl returned Monday from Thief River, where they graduated from the high school.

Miss Mildred Hooper has just closed a successful term of school at Highlanding. Mr. and Mrs. Hooper and Miss Esther Johnson went out there and were present at her closing day picnic.

E. S. Peterson and family of Crookston are visiting at the home of Swan Scholin near Wylie. They leave next Monday for Portland Oregon where they will make their future home, Mr. Peterson having recently sold his business in Crookston.

The Storm

The electrical storm which prevailed here Wednesday evening was very general throughout the northwest and much damage is reported from every direction. The rain fell in torrents and streets and basements were flooded with water, the cement sidewalks blocking the natural drainage.

The barn near the creamery, owned by A. S. Wilson, was struck by lightning and completely destroyed, together with its contents, including two teams, one a fine driving team and the other a heavy draft team, one cow, two sets of harness, and a quantity of baled hay. The fire had made such headway when discovered that it was impossible to rescue the animals.

The front of the Skeie building, occupied by Henry Goergen as a warehouse, was struck but no great damage resulted.

Charles Erickson's barn, five miles northeast of town, was burned, with its contents, including some young stock and chickens.

A man and boy were killed by lightning near Warren, and the electric light plants at Grand Forks and East Grand Forks were struck.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Elevator company will be held in the village hall on Friday June 23, at 10 a. m.

j10-2t R. J. McKercher Secretary.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

Looking Backward

"Backward turn backward,
O Time, in your flight,
Make, me a che-ild again
Just for tonight.

The unsophisticated score keeper has forgotten that "discretion is the better part of valor" and has jumped into print with an assemblage of mistaken ideas porporting to be a write up of a ball game and a few wrongly interpreted historical facts so put together as to form a spattering of splattered English that is realy amusing if nothing else.

If said delirium had been written after the excitement of the game had had its demoralizing effect, some excuse could be readily provided for the score keeper author but as it was written before so comes the excuse for getting barbers and buttermakers who did not play, balled up with doctors, dentists and watermarkers. Best known however that doctors, dentists and watermarkers have no use for bats in performing surgical operations, pulling teeth, etc., but can only use them to club the mistaken ideas out of juvenile score keepers who let a minor pastime so disturb them that they get the score wrong and forget the material aid afforded the Gophers by outside forces. We will now rise in our pews and sing No. 18 on page 23 for the closing number, as a tribute to our silent scorekeeper-author.

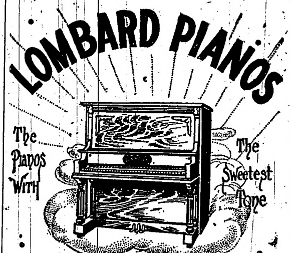
Yours for keeps "Big Fellers."

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

CENTRAL HOTEL
Mrs. Ina Johnson Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney troubles are too serious to neglect. Slight ailments are often forerunners of dangerous kidney illness and should be treated without delay.

Obadiah B. Crane, 222 First Av., Watertown, S. Dak., says: "I was taken with rheumatic pains and my left limb was almost paralyzed. I hobbled around with a cane as weak as a child. I was afflicted with a bladder weakness and was compelled to arise several times during the night. Shortly after I commenced to use Doan's Kidney Pills, I could do work, that was before impossible. I am stronger and better than in years."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

So Familiar.

"Yes," said Nagget, "a woman usually treats her husband as the average servant treats bric-a-brac."

"Go ahead," said the wise Mrs. Nagget. "What's the answer?"

"Why, the more he's worth the more she tries to break him."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Formal Garden.

Knicker—Have they got a formal garden?

Bocker—Yes; no chickens allowed.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder for Tired, aching, swollen, nervous feet. Gives rest and comfort. Makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

But few novels are written for thinking people; most of them are written for the entertainment of women.

Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes

Prevents Infection—Murine Eye Salve in Tubes for all Eye Ills. No Morphine. Ask Druggists for New Size 25c. Valuable Eye Book in Each Package.

Lots of city farmers make a specialty of sowing wild oats.

Garfield Tea corrects constipation by arousing the digestive organs to their intended activity. Composed of Herbs.

If you don't believe honesty is the best policy, try it.

Libby's

Sliced

Dried Beef

Old Hickory Smoked

Highest Quality

Finest Flavor

Try This Recipe

To the contents of one medium size jar of Libby's Sliced Dried Beef, add one tablespoonful of butter, then sprinkle with one tablespoonful of flour and add one-half cup of cream. Cook 5 minutes and serve on toast.

Ask for Libby's in the sealed glass jars.

At All Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop. Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

LIVE STOCK

KEEP FEEDING PAILS CLEAN

Farmers Do Not Pay Enough Attention to Sanitary Condition of Vessels Used for Feed.

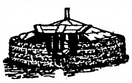
(By M. J. THOMPSON.)

One of our institute lecturers told us last winter that we ought to rinse out the pails after feeding the hogs, every time. This seemed to me rather far fetched at the moment, but the more I think of it the more I believe he is right. We do not pay enough attention to the sanitary condition of the vessels in which milk and other feed for the hogs is kept. The hog is a cleanly animal when it can be, and more than that pork is made for men, women and children to eat. It should be as sweet as possible and free from any disease producing element. It cannot be if we feed the hogs from vessels that contain left over feed that has become sour and rancid from heat and exposure to the air. We sold 14 pigs that averaged 170 pounds to the local butcher last winter and when he came out to look them over he remarked that they were the cleanest lot of pigs he had bought for months. He also complimented us on the clean feeding pens and their surroundings, and taking advantage of his evident satisfaction we had no trouble in getting a nice toppy price for the lot.

MAKE CONCRETE WATER TANK

One in Use at the Michigan Agricultural College Is Made of Ordinary Hollow Blocks.

To water the large herd of stock kept by the Michigan agricultural college a big concrete water tank was built. This is made out of ordinary hollow concrete blocks of standard size, which were cast for a silo. They are well cemented on the inside to make the tank waterproof, says the Farm and Home.



Water Tank for Stock Farm.

A novel arrangement on the tank is a device for heating the water in winter. A 12-inch tile extends to the center of the tank, while a 4-inch pipe leading up from this furnishes the necessary flue. A grate is fitted in the tile to allow for a suitable draft, and in the door which closes it is an opening which can be opened or shut at will. The braces which hold the top in place also serve to support the hinged doors, which are closed down in cold weather.

ODD FUNCTION OF HOG'S LEG

Escape Pipes for Discharge of Waste Matter Not Used in Economy of Body Placed There.

The hog's legs perform a function not known to any other animal, and that is an escape pipe or pipes for the discharge of waste matter or sweat not used in the economy of the body. These pipes are situated upon the inside of the legs, above and below the knees in the forelegs and above the gambrel joints in the hind legs, but in the latter they are very small and the functions are light. Upon the inside of the forelegs they are, in the healthy hog, always active, so that moisture is always there about and below these orifices or ducts in the healthy hog. The holes in the legs and breathing in the hog are his principal and only means of ejecting an excess of heat above normal, and when very warm the hog will open the mouth and breathe through that channel as well as the nostrils. The horse can perspire through all the pores of its body, such as a man, and cattle do the same to a limited extent, but the hog never. His escape valves are confined to the orifices upon the inside of his legs. People often wonder why it is that the hog dies so suddenly when he runs rapidly or takes quick and violent exercise by fighting. But when you consider the few escape pipes, their small capacity and remoteness from the cavity where the heat is generated, the wonder is not that he dies quickly when overheated, but that he lives as long as he does when heated up.

Well Cured Hams and Bacon.

The men who are curing hams and bacon as their grandfathers did without the use of injurious chemicals are making big money.

These men find ready sale at full retail prices for all the hams, shoulders and bacons they can supply to private customers.

It is a fact that most of the ham that is now sold in the city markets stiffens and becomes as hard and unyielding as an oak plank as soon as it becomes hot on the broiler or the skillet. This is due to improper curing.

Ration for Lambing Ewes.

For pregnant ewes there is nothing better than good oats. In making up a ration, barley, oats and corn alone will do, when bean pods can be also fed twice daily.

It is a common error among farmers to neglect the ewes after the mating period, and to allow them to become reduced in flesh. The flesh condition of the ewe has a marked effect on her offspring. Improper feeding during the winter months is often the cause of weak and sickly lambs in the spring.

[illegible]

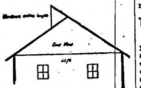
Usually Preceded by Bunch Coming on Top Where Collar Fits—Should Be Treated at Once.

A sore neck is usually preceded by a bunch coming on the top of the neck where the collar comes. If this is left and the horse worked it soon becomes a deep-seated sore, causing no end of trouble. If this bunch is noticed the first day it appears it can be entirely removed and the horse worked continually, if the lump is treated with oil of spike every night and morning. It pays to look after the welfare of the horse, as he is our main dependence during the rushing work of summer, and a horse with a sore neck cannot do his work easily nor as satisfactorily as though he were sound. It never pays to overdo a horse when the weather is excessively warm, as he is almost sure to get sore shoulders or a sore neck, no matter how well his collar fits, if his blood gets overheated. It will often pay to give a horse a pail of water between meals in very warm weather. It may mean some work; but it will pay in the long run to not neglect anything that will add to the comfort of the hard-worked animal.

PRACTICAL HOG HOUSE PLAN

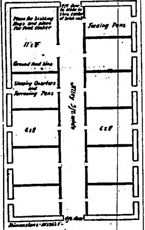
Partitions Between Pens Made Removable So That Two or More Can Be Made Into One.

The following plan for a hog house and the accompanying illustration was submitted to the Homestead by Mr. Martin N. Hansom, Iowa county, Wisconsin. The building is 22x36x7, outside walls constructed of brick (double wall), partitions made of planks fastened to 2x4s and 4x4s. Partitions between the pens to be removable so that with little work two or more pens can be made into one. The size of each pen is 6x8, all doors one row on wall, one window for each pen on south side and a continuous row of two feet high window sashes on south pitch of roof, the rafters on the north side to be sufficiently long to project far enough to allow room for windows between edge and south slope of roof; about two windows on each end of house.



End View.

It will be best for the doors to be made so as to slide in through center of wall except the doors leading to alley, which will be hung on hinges. The building should run east and west with windows on south side;



Place for Scalding Hogs and place for feed cooker
11x8
Ground feed bins
Sleeping Quarters and Farrowing Pens
Feeding Pens
Alley 3 ft. wide
6x8
6x8
Dimensions—22x36x7

Floor Plan.

Ram Should Be Well Covered.

Never buy a ram whose wool is scanty on the belly and legs. He should be well covered and the fleece should be uniform.

Sheep Need Attention.

No use to buy pure-bred sheep if they are to be allowed to starve and rustle around for themselves. A scrub will do better under such conditions.

Feed for Young Pigs.

Highly concentrated food should be avoided when the pigs are young and ruminating feed should be fed that will build for bone and muscle.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

A dairy farm of a dozen cows can maintain a flock of 15 or 20 sheep almost without expense.

The real value of a sheep cannot be determined, particularly as a breeder, until it is one year of age.

It is common sense that a mature sow will produce larger and more perfect pigs than a very young one.

Horses that are clipped dry off fast at night, which is to be preferred to standing in a heavy wet coat of hair.

Do not attempt to raise fall pigs without having first prepared a perfect system of housing for the winter.

If a ewe keeps her lamb in fine fat condition up to the time of weaning, be sure she is a good mother, and keep her.

Free range for hogs does not mean that they should be allowed to run in the highways and through the neighbors' fences.

If English farmers can afford to use pure bred draft horses that are worth $500 for ordinary farming operations why cannot our farmers afford them as well?

Spring pigs can get along very well without shelter except from rain until fall, then if you are so shiftless as to fail to provide shelter they are better able to stand cold and rain.

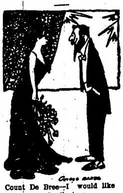
Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, nervousness, builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Wat

THE DARWINIAN THEORY.



Count De Bree—I would like to show you my family tree.

Miss Gottrox—Oh! please do; I've never seen a cocoanut tree!

THREE CURED OF ECZEMA

"When a child, I suffered eight years with eczema. I could not sleep at night, and had sores all over my chest. We had doctors and none could do any good, until my mother saw the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies in the paper. We used the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent, and they cured me of eczema. I also used them on my five children. Two of them had eczema very badly. When my children had eczema, I was not worried at all, as I knew the Cuticura Remedies would do their work. They had sores all over their heads, their hair would fall out, and they would scratch all night and day. They had it on their heads, face, and in back of the ears so that I thought their ears would drop off. I washed their heads and bodies with Cuticura Soap and they are as clean as the driven snow. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also cured my children of ringworm. I would not be without the Cuticura Remedies. They are wonderful." (Signed) Mrs. Violet Cole, 26 S. Redfield St., Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 29, 1910.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole props., Boston, for free book on skin and scalp diseases and their treatment.

Dragging Their Hosiery.

Little Arlene was familiar with the appearance of the garden hose at home, but when she observed a line of fire hose, with its great length and bulk lying serpent-like in the street, she emmediately inquired what it was. Her mother replied that was firemen's hose, and the child went on watching the fire.

In the meantime two additional fire companies dashed up, and these newly arrived fire fighters were carrying their respective lines toward the burning building, when little Arlene spied them.

"Oh, mamma," she cried, craning her neck out of the crowd, "here comes more firemen dragging their hosiery behind them!"—Lippincott's.

The Second Dimension.

It was on a little branch railway in a southern state that the New England woman ventured to refer to the high rates. "It seems to me five cents a mile is extortion," she said, with frankness, to her southern cousin.

"It's a big lot of money to pay if you think of it by the mile," said the southerner, in her soft drawl; "but you just think how cheap it is by the hour, Cousin Annie—only about thirty-five cents."—Youth's Companion.

Getting On.

"Well, little boy, did you go to the circus the other day?"

"Yes'm. Pa wanted to go, so I had to go with him."

Breakfast
A Pleasure
when you have
Post
Toasties
with cream

A food with snap and zest that wakes up the appetite.

Sprinkle crisp Post Toasties over a saucer of fresh strawberries, add some cream and a little sugar—

Appetizing
Nourishing
Convenient

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

STEPHENSON HIT

RESOLUTION PASSED ASKING U. S. SENATE TO INVESTIGATE LUMBERMAN'S ELECTION.

BRIBERY CHARGE IS MADE

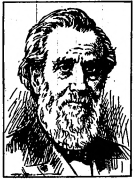
Assembly Is Expected to Concur in the Matter About Middle of the Week —His Friends Make no Fight.

Madison, Wis. — The Wisconsin senate adopted a resolution declaring Senator Isaac Stephenson bought his seat in the United States senate, and requesting that body to investigate his election. The resolution is the senate judiciary committee substitute for the Husting resolution, introduced early in the session and similar in substance. The vote on the adoption of the committee resolution was 15 to 3. Senator Whitehead, supporter of Stephenson, voted "present."

Of the senators who voted for the resolution all are Republicans excepting Husting and Randolph, who are Democrats and Gaylord, who is a Social Democrat. Of the senators who voted against it, Albers is a Democrat and Bodenstab and Thomas are Republicans. Whitehead is a Republican, as are the two members paired. Of the absentees, all are Republicans except Snover, who is a Democrat, and Zophy, who is a Social Democrat.

Failure of the Stephenson men to put up a fight against the adoption of the resolution was a surprise.

Supporters of Stephenson held a conference shortly before the matter came up in the senate and decided it would be useless to offer any amendment or try to prevent the adoption of the resolution. Accordinly, Senator Bodenstab simply voiced a mild protest against the adoption of the resolution and most of the other supporters of Stephenson absented themselves from the chamber when the roll was called on the adoption of the resolution.



ISAAC STEPHENSON.
United States Senator from Wisconsin.

Lieutenants Abandon Hope.

Lieutenants of Senator Stephenson have flocked around the legislative chambers for several weeks in the hope of framing up some plan to defeat the passage of the resolution asking for a federal senate probe. They could not think of any way in which to accomplish that and were forced to stand helplessly by and watch the resolution adopted.

The assembly is expected to act on the resolution about the middle of next week. Unless sentiment changes greatly, the assembly will concur in the resolution by a large vote.

Charges of bribery and violation of the corrupt practices law were formally made against Senator Stephenson by State Senator J. J. Blaine in the legislature two years ago. Filing of these charges resulted in the appointment of a joint investigation committee, consisting of five assemblymen and three senators. The assemblymen were pro-Stephenson and the senators anti-Stephenson. After sitting two and one-half months, this committee dissolved, the assembly end making a report favorable to Stephenson and the senate end recommending a continuance of the investigation. The senate authorized its members to continue the probe. On March 4, 1909, during the progress of the probe by the senatorial committee, Stephenson was elected. Three Democratic members of the joint assembly walked out of the chamber just before the vote was taken, and the absence of these three members enabled Stephenson to get the necessary proportion of the votes remaining to elect him. The senate investigating committee filed its report and recommendations shortly after the present session of the legislature opened. Upon this report is based the resolution adopted by the senate yesterday.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, June 8.—Wheat, July, 97c; Sept., 93½c; No. 1 northern, 99½c; No. 2 northern, 98c; No. 1 durum, 87½c; No. 3 corn, 51½c; No. 3 white oats, 35½c; barley, malting, 87c; No. 2 rye, 91c; No. 1 flax, $2.35.

Duluth, June 8.—Wheat, July, 98c; Sept., 93¾c; No. 1 northern, 98¾c; No. 1 durum, 89c.

South St. Paul, June 8.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@5.65; cows, $2.50@5.30; calves, $5.00@6.50; hogs, $5.75@5.95; sheep, yearlings, $4.00@5.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, June 8.—Cattle — Market steady to shade higher; beeves, $5.75@6.50; western steers, $4.75@5.65; stockers and feeders, $3.85@5.75; cows and heifers, $2.40@5.85; calves, $5.00@7.85.

Hogs—Light, $5.85@6.20; mixed, $5.80@6.20; heavy, $5.65@6.15; rough, $5.65@5.80; good to choice heavy, $5.80@6.15; pigs, $5.55@6.10; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.10.

Sheep—Market steady; native, $3.00@4.65; western, $3.35@4.65; yearlings, $4.35@5.40; lambs, native, $4.35@6.90.

Freight Wreck Kills Five.

Fairfield, Connecticut. — One of the most disastrous freight wrecks in the history of the New Haven road occurred near here, when four freight trains piled into each other, killing five trainmen, injuring at least seven, two fatally, and leaving two unaccounted for.

WESTERN CANADA BEYOND THE PIONEER STAGE

Liberty-Loving People Have All the Liberty the Heart Can Desire Under Canadian Laws.

The New York Commercial of April 19th contained an interesting article on conditions in Western Canada. The following extracts will prove instructive reading to those who contemplate moving to Canada. The writer speaks of land at $8 to $18 an acre. As a matter of fact, there is very little land that can be had now at less than $18 per acre, but when one considers the productive qualities of this land it is safe to say that in two years' time there will be little available land to be had at less than $30 an acre. Already the free grant lands in the open prairie districts are becoming exhausted and the homesteader has to go farther back to the partially wooded areas. This is no drawback, however. Some prefer this land to the open prairie. A recent publication, issued by the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada, and which is forwarded free to applicants by mail by any of the Canadian government agents throughout the United States, says of the newly-opened districts:

Water is always abundant, wood and fuel are plentiful and the soil that can grow the poplar and the willow as well as the rich grasses that are to be found there can be relied upon to produce all the small varieties of grain with equal success. The New York Commercial article referred to deals more particularly with conditions along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific, but what is said of one line of railway may with truth be said of the land and the conditions along both the Canadian Northern and the Canadian Pacific. The article says:

"It would be no exaggeration to say that practically all the land along the entire distance traversed by the Grand Trunk Pacific system is capable of furnishing homes to those who engage in farming. The lands are of three classes. They may be designated, first, as having special adaptation to the production of grain; second, as having such adaptation to mixed farming, of which live stock will form an important feature, and third, as being mainly adapted to the production of live stock only. On the third class of lands the area is not very large, of the second it is much larger and of the first it is by far the largest.

"As soon as mixed farming shall be generally adopted, land that may now be obtained for from $8 to $18 per acre, and even lands open now to free homesteads, will sell for $50 to $100 per acre. This is not an extravagant statement. In natural fertility these lands fully equal those of the American corn belt. In variety of production they excel them, and yet the latter sell for $100 to $200 per acre. In addition to the grain crops now grown of wheat, oats, barley and rye, much of the land will grow winter wheat when properly prepared. Eighty per cent, of the land will grow clover and alfalfa. A still larger percentage will grow field peas, and the entire tillable area will grow good crops of the cultivated grasses, timothy, brome grass and western rye grass. With these elements what can prevent this region from becoming the main source of food supply of the Empire and Imperial dominions?"

Special stress is laid upon the educational conditions. The writer says:

"The foundation of the social fabric of the agricultural country may be said to rest on the efficiency of its school system. Liberty-loving people have all the liberty the heart can desire under Canadian laws. In this regard Western Canada has a system of education based upon the best that can be obtained from the United States or Eastern Canada. Its school system and regulations are second to none. Every boy or girl has a school house brought to his or her doorway. The government is most liberal in its support of higher education. In Winnipeg, Saskatoon and Edmonton are to be found excellent colleges and universities, so that the problem of higher education is solved. The provincial agricultural schools, located at Winnipeg and Saskatoon, give practical courses in scientific farming, preparing graduates to take up the responsibilities of farm life.

"The newcomer settling in this favored section will find the social conditions far beyond a pioneer stage. He will find helps on every hand. Instead of his going to the 'jumping-off place,' as is often supposed when thinking of Western Canada, he will find himself surrounded by wonderful opportunities for social advancement in a new country fraught with promise."

The happiness of our lives depends much less on the actual value of the work done than on the spirit in which we do it.—Prince Leopold.

Garfield Tea regulates a lazy liver.

Flattery is praise we hear of others.

IN THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME.

Many a time this summer you're going to be just about done out by the heat—hot, and so thirsty it just seems nothing could quench it. When such moments arrive or when you just want a delicious, palate tickling drink step into the first place you can find where they sell COCA-COLA. It's delicious, refreshing and completely thirst-quenching. At soda-fountains or carbonated in bottles—5c everywhere. Send to the COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga., for their free booklet "The Truth About COCA-COLA." Tells what COCA-COLA is and why it is so delicious, cooling and wholesome.

Privilege.

Visitor—Why don't you get out of this town? You can never make a success in this dull hole.

Native—No, but I can always tell what I could have done elsewhere if I'd ever have gone away.—Puck.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Many a man has discovered that popularity is not worth the price.

Start afresh this Spring—cleanse and purify the system by a course of Garfield Tea, Herb laxative and blood-purifier.

Occasionally a girl doesn't try to flirt because it's involuntary.

SHE GOT WHAT SHE WANTED

This Woman Had to Insist Strongly, but it Paid

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a female weakness and stomach trouble, and I went to the store to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but the clerk did not want to let me have it—he said it was no good and wanted me to try something else, but knowing all about it I insisted and finally got it, and I am so glad I did, for it has cured me.

"I know of so many cases where women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I can say to every suffering woman if that medicine does not help her, there is nothing that will."—Mrs. JANETZKI, 2968 Arch St., Chicago, Ill.

This is the age of substitution, and women who want a cure should insist upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound just as this woman did, and not accept something else on which the druggist can make a little more profit.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

[illegible] RHEUMATISM [illegible] KIDNEYS [illegible] STOMACH [illegible] MARTINSVILLE SANITARIUM [illegible]

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

CAN INVEST for you any sum to earn 6%. Your investment may be withdrawn on demand. WESTERN SECURITY CO., Toledo, Ohio.

N. W. N. U., NO. 23—1911

Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens, and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1911. NUMBER 49.

BREN TO EXPLAIN

DEPOSED TREASURER TO BE GIVEN OPPORTUNITY TO JUSTIFY ACCOUNTS.

DECLARES HIS INNOCENCE

Examiners Probe Realty Purchases and Search For Money.—Preliminary Report Soon.

Minneapolis. — An opportunity to justify his accounts with the reported discoveries of discrepancies by the public examiner will be given to J. D. Bren, deposed treasurer of the University of Minnesota, who has been invited to be present with his attorneys, Norton Cross and M. C. Brady, while F. N. Stacy, deputy public examiner, delves deeper into the books.

Mr. Stacy asserts that he has failed to find $9,000 in certificates of deposit which he declares Bren told him had been cashed. On the other hand, he says that the money is still in the bank, and in view of the absence of the certificates, he has stopped payment on the paper, which would mean that if they had been turned over to anyone as collateral they are useless from now on.

Mr. Bren still appears satisfied with the progress of the case and voices his firm belief of vindication, not only in the eyes of the law, but before the public, whom he says has been mislead by reports given out by the police.

Realty Purchase Probed.

Sunday Mr. Stacy, together with detectives, took a long automobile trip about the city. It was reported that they were looking up several recent real estate purchases said to have been made by the deposed treasurer, and another report was to the effect that the detectives, with a search warrant, had gone to the home of Samuel Bren, the father of the deposed treasurer, near Hopkins, Minn., and searched the premises in hopes of finding papers or hidden money. The detectives did not report at police headquarters and no verification of these reports was to be had.

The deputy public examiners compared some of their notes for the benefit of the several members of the board of regents whose homes they visited. Mr. Stacy says that he is not in a position to report any increase or decrease in the shortage which the examiners claim to have found in Bren's accounts.

The examiners' preliminary report will be in readiness in a few days, at which time it will be submitted to President Vincent of the university. The filing of the report will be followed by a more detailed examination of the books and the verification of all items and totals.

It was recalled that in former examinations of the university accounts by the public examiners, there have been recommendations that changes be made in the systems employed in the various experimental farm stations and agricultural schools throughout the state where it was reported that the bookkeeping was being conducted by more than one person and in a manner which made frequent examinations most arduous tasks.

STRAWBERRY CROP IS DOOMED.

Cut Worms Working Havoc in Southern Minnesota.

Winona.—Winona county truck gardeners are not very optimistic for the outlook of the strawberry crop this year. There is a general feeling of unrest among them. The hot weather and the cut worm is the source of the pessimism.

What was expected to be one of the largest strawberry crops in years is doomed to nothing more than a farce, say many prominent growers in this vicinity. Thousands of dollars will be lost as the result of the cut worm, which is eating the berries. The worm has never before been known to eat the berries, probably because the season for strawberries does not, as a rule, begin until the cut worm has disappeared. This year, however, the season has been a full two weeks earlier than that of last year.

250 ARE CONFIRMED.

Bishop McGoldrick Has Big Service at Brainerd.

Brainerd. — Bishop McGoldrick of Duluth, confirmed a class of 250 at St. Francis Catholic church, assisted by Rev. J. A. Limmers of Duluth, Rev. Fr. Smiers of Aitkin, Fr. Lamey of St. Mathias, and Rev. Fr. O'Mahoney, Brainerd. This is the first visit of the bishop in three and one-half years, and the largest class ever confirmed in the parish.

STUDENT IS ELECTROCUTED.

Charles Caster, Sophomore, Loses Life While Pruning Tree.

Minneapolis. — Charles Caster, 21 years of age, of Minneapolis, was electrocuted at Delwood, a summer resort on White Bear lake. He was trimming trees, and his pruning hook came in contact with a live wire, killing him instantly. Young Caster was a sophomore at the University of Minnesota, specializing in chemistry. He was working at Delwood for the summer.

MILITIA AT LAKEVIEW

COLONEL REEVE PLEASED WITH BIG ATTENDANCE.

General Wood on The Ground—New Sibley Conical Tents Comfortable.

Camp Lakeview.—The First regiment, Minnesota national guard, comprising Companies C, R, E, H, and L, of St. Paul, and A, B, F, I and M, of Minneapolis, G, of Red Wing, and K, of Stillwater, was the first to arrive at the camp grounds, in command of Colonel Charles McC. Reeve of Minneapolis. The special train consisted of fifteen cars. The First Regiment band of fifty pieces accompanied the troops. The advance detail had the camp ready for the troops, and the men sat down to mess.

New Conical Tents Provided.

The camp grounds presented a decided change in appearance from former years, as the state has provided the companies with new tentage, having bought the conical "Sibley" tent, which is large enough to accommodate from ten to twelve men each, whereas the wall tent of former years would barely shelter four men.

Adjutant General Fred B. Wood opened headquarters on the grounds to enable him to observe more closely the work of the men and to facilitate the routine incident to the annual encampment.

Although the First Regiment had not been ordered into camp until June 13, the members arrived a day in advance in order to get ten full days on the grounds. They will break camp in time to arrive in St. Paul to participate in the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the departure of the old First regiment of Minnesota volunteers.

Many Changes in Staff.

There have been a number of important changes on the staff of the First regiment since the last encampment through the resignation of the following officers: Quartermaster Captain Chester R. Smith of St. Paul, the inspector of small arms practice; Captain M. C. McMillan of Stillwater, Lieutenant Henri Dewitt of Red Wing and Lieutenant W. O. Washburn of St. Paul. Captain Smith was replaced by A. J. Stobbart of St. Paul, Lieutenant Dewitt by Jed Lee of Stillwater and Lieutenant Washburn by L. J. Lamprey of St. Paul, while Captain McMillan's place has not been permanently filled, although Captain M. Baldwin of Company F of Minneapolis has been temporarily assigned as inspector of small arms practice, and will have charge of the men of the First while on the rifle range.

General E. D. Libbey, formerly adjutant general of this state, is in camp, and has been assigned to duty on the rifle range. Captain W. H. Hatcher, late military storekeeper, is now with the ordinance department, and will have charge of the pistol range this season. He is greeting all of his old friends who are glad to have him about camp, as usual.

Colonel Reeve feels elated over the fine attendance at camp this year, as it is a record breaker and a fine compliment to his own personality and that of his officers. There are 735 men in camp, and more are to follow.

LINSEED OIL IS ADULTERATED.

State Dairy and Food Department Arrests Alleged Law Violators.

St. Paul.—On account of the high prices of linseed oil, or for some other reason, the state dairy and food department is finding more adulturated oil this year than ever before.

F. W. Armour of Marshalltown Iowa, was caught at Benson last week trying to sell as pure linseed oil a product which the department analyzed and found to be 82.58 per cent mineral oil. Armour was arrested and fined $100.

A report was also received that H. C. Senffert, of Caledonia was caught selling adulterated oil. The state took all the oil he had, $48 worth, and let him go. The oil was said to have been sold by the Wright-Armstrong company, Minneapolis, but Assistant Commissioner McCabe said that they had been unable to locate this firm.

An Omaha firm has been trying for several months to get an order from the federal court restraining the department from seizing its oil and enforcing the law. The court has refused to give the injunction and the company is trying to have its complaint amended so as to get the order. No temporary injunction has been issued, however, and the department is arresting dealers and confiscating oil whenever it is found the law is violated.

Minneapolis.—For the week of June 18th, the Klimt & Gazzolo Company of players will present at the Bijou Lillian Mortimer's melodramatic success, "No Mother to Guide Her," which served her as a starring vehicle for

AGED COUPLE MARRY.

Moorhead Bride is 57 and Groom is 64.

Moorhead.—A romance of many years standing was terminated when Mrs. Selmina Schill of this city married John Leitzer of Jo-Daviss county, Illinois. The ceremony was performed by Father Gerard of St. Joseph's church. Mr. Leitzer is a farmer. He is 64 years old, while his bride is 57 years old.

SHORT $14,226.79

EXAMINER REPORTS $400 STILL UNACCEPTED FOR IN "U" BREAKAGE FUND.

INDICTMENTS PREPARED

Former Treasurer Said the Holdups Got $13,826, but $17,826 is Gone. —$4,990 Mysteriously Returned.

Minneapolis. — The State public examiners reported to Governor Eberhart that over and above the $13,826.79 of which J. D. Bren, deposed university cashier, says he was robbed, there is a shortage of $400 in the university "breakage" fund. This shortage still exists, according to the report, after deducting all money Bren has turned over and the sum of $4,990 which was mysteriously placed in a drawer in his office two days after the examiners had searched it and found no money there.

As a result of this report Assistant County Attorney Nash said that he would immediately draw two indictments against Bren. One is to charge him with embezzlement of $13,826, of which he said he was robbed and the other with the additional shortage of $400.

These indictments will be presented for grand jury consideration. Assistant Public Examiners Stacy and Cedarburg; Miss Ella Whitney, a university woman to whom Bren loaned money; Miss Ryan, employed in Bren's office; Dr. Murdock, Bren's father-in-law; Detectives DeLaittre and Broderick; Edward Nelson, said to have seen Bren just before and just after the alleged robbery, and Frank S. Lyon, Bren's agent in grain speculation, are among those already subpoenaed.

In explaining the secret report which went to the governor from the public examiners, Mr. Nash said that it applied only to the "breakage" fund and that it is based entirely on Mr. Bren's own bookkeeping. No effort has been made yet to check up to see if his accounts as to disposition of certain other moneys is correct. His own figures have been accepted in toto and still a shortage found.

That $5,700 has been handed over to the public examiner's department since the commencement of the examination of the accounts of J. D. Bren, treasurer of the university, is shown by the report.

The money Mr. Bren said he was robbed of was $13,826.79. For this sum Mr. Bren's attorneys assert he is not responsible. In anticipation of a shortage in the accounts, Mr. Bren's attorney turned over to the examiners $710. During the examination the sum of $4,990 in currencey was found in the vault of the University. It was discovered in a pigeon hole by Miss Ryan, a bookkeeper, and turned over to the examiners. Mr. Bren asserted he knew nothing about this money.

Mr. Cedarburg and Mr. Stacy echo Mr. Fritz's views on the subject. The facts in the case have leaked out from an authoritative source. The report was submitted by Mr. Fritz to Governor Eberhart and there was present a representative of the county attorney in Minneapolis and of the board of regents.

Mr. Fritz's report covers merely a preliminary examination. In making the examination it has been necessary to accept Mr. Bren's figures and balances. To do anything further would have required more time than was given the examiners. Upon the authority of Governor Eberhart the public examiner's department will proceed at once to make a thorough and complete investigation of all the financial affairs of the university. This is done with the approval of President Vincent, who is as anxious as any one to have the university completely probed. In this examination the students' funds will be checked up and an effort will be made to discover whether the entries made in the books are correct. This will be the real test of the accuracy of Mr. Bren's accounts.

Mr. Stacy will call attention to the fact that the sum of money taken out by Mr. Bren, or alleged to have been taken by him, was much larger than was necessary. He will show that most of the students already had been paid their refunds and that only a few thousand dollars would have covered the amounts claimed. He also will argue that the finger prints on Mr. Bren's collar, where as the treasurer asserts, he was grabbed by the alleged robber, are only three slight marks extending half way down the collar, the inference being that if anyone had grabbed him by the collar for the purpose of throwing him down, the imprints would have been much plainer. Attention will be called to the fact that the buttonholes of the collar were intact.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, June 15. — Wheat, July, 93¼c; Sept., 93½c; No. 1 northern, 95¼c; No. 2 northern, 93½c; No. 1 durum, 84¾c; No. 3 corn, 51¾c; No. 3 white oats, 36¾c; barley, malting, 85c; No. 2 rye, 87c; No. 1 flax, $2.32.

Duluth, June 15.—Wheat, July, 94¾c; Sept., 92½c; No. 1 northern, 93¾c; No. 1 durum, 85¼c.

South St. Paul, June 15. — Cattle— Steers, [illegible]; cows, [illegible]; calves, [illegible]; hogs, [illegible]; sheep, yearlings, [illegible].

Wheat Crop of Entire Country Promises A Record Harvest

Total Yield of Spring and Winter Wheat Indicated by June Government Report, 764,291,857 Bushels—Condition of All Crops in the Northwest Excellent—Pacific Coast Grain is Promising.

Washington, June 11.—Promise that this year's wheat crop will be the greatest ever produced is given in the June crop report, issued today by the department of agriculture. Estimates by the experts indicate that approximately 764,291,857 bushels of wheat will be harvested in this country this summer and autumn, an increase of about 68,848,857 bushels over that garnered last year. Of winter wheat the indicated yield is almost 980,000,000 bushels and of spring wheat 284,000,000 bushels.

Prof. N. C. Murray, acting chairman of the crop reporting board, commenting upon the report, said:

"The average of spring wheat shows a total larger than any previous record and nearly 9 per cent greater than last year. On June 1 the crop was above the average in promise, the condition and acreage combined being such as to give hope for a yield of nearly 23 per cent more than last year and nearly 17 per cent more than the average for the last five years.

May Unfavorable Month.

"May was unfavorable for winter wheat, but nevertheless with the increased acreage there probably will be between three and four per cent more winter wheat produced than last year and between six and seven per cent more than for the average of the last five years. Combining both spring and winter wheat, the indications point to a slightly larger yield per acre than was produced last year and about the same yield per acre as during the last five years. This would make a total production of all wheat of 9.9 per cent more than last year and 10.2 per cent more than the average for the last five years.

Oat Area Lower.

"The acreage of oats was not quite so large as it was last year, but the one-tenth of one per cent reduction is substantially immaterial. The crop prospects are not so promising as a year ago. Last year's production was the largest ever recorded. The condition of the crop indicates a yield per acre of 27.7 bushels as compared with 31.9 last year and 28 for the average of the last five years. This would make a total production of about 13.3 loss than last year, but 4.8 per cent more than the average of the last five years.

"The condition of all crops in the Pacific northwest, particularly in Washington and Oregon, is notably fine. If any one feature of the month covered by the report stands out above another, it was the drought which prevailed during May practically throughout the country. It affected materially not only the condition of winter wheat, but also the hay crop, which is one of the greatest crops of the country. That drought now, however, has been largely relieved in all parts of the country."

The Northwest's Prospects.

The northwest has one of the best general grain prospects reported. With the exception of South Dakota all crops in the other two states are well above the ten year average and in none of the three states is there an average below 90 per cent of normal.

The following table summarizes the conditions of the leading crops of the country, based on the June government report, with indicated yields compared with the final harvest last year:

Grain.	Acreage 1911	Acreage 1910	Condition June, 1911	Condition May, 1911	Condition June, 1910	Condition 10-yr. Av.	Crop. Indicated yield.	Bushels. Harvest, 1910
W. wheat..	31,367,000	29,044,000	80.4	86.1	80.0	81.6	479,915,000	464,044,000
S. wheat...	20,757,000	19,742,000	94.6	....	92.8	93.6	284,370,000	231,339,000
Totals ..	52,124,000	48,786,000	....	....	....	....	764,285,000	695,443,000
Oats	35,250,000	35,288,000	85.7	....	91.0	88.4	966,425,000	1,126,765,000
Barley	7,038,000	7,057,000	90.2	....	89.6	90.9	175,206,000	162,227,000
Rye	....	2,155,000	88.6	91.3	90.6	90.2	....	30,039,000
Pastures ..	....	....	81.8	81.3	88.5	90.7	....	....
Hay	....	....	76.8	84.7	86.1	...	....	....

The following table gives the harvest prospect in the three northwestern states as they show, figured on the usual basis:

State.	Acreage, 1911.	Acreage, 1910.	Estimated Harvest, 1911.	Final Harvest, 1910.
Minnesota	6,233,000	5,880,000	95,738,800	94,080,000
North Dakota	7,582,000	7,221,550	123,479,000	36,105,000
South Dakota	3,796,000	3,650,000	52,954,200	46,720,000
Totals	17,611,000	16,751,000	272,162,100	176,905,000

The following table gives the comparative conditions for wheat, oats and barley.

	Condition Wheat June, 1911.	Condition Wheat 10-yr. Av.	Condition Oats June, 1911.	Condition Oats 10-yr. Av.	Condition Barley June, 1911.	Condition Barley 10-yr. Av.
Minn.	96	92	96	93	95	92
N. Dak. ...	95	95	95	94	95	94
S. Dak. ...	96	95	90	94	90	94

In arriving at the prospective wheat yields in the northwest there is considerable confusion. In the first place, the government has used, evidently, the old average basis for arriving at the area sown this season, which, according to the census, was much too high for Minnesota. It is suggested, however, that the North Dakota acreage is too low and that the aggregate figures of spring wheat acreage in the three states as estimated now is not far away from the census area.

A further difficulty presents itself in estimating the probable harvest. Figured on the basis followed in other years, the high condition of the crop in the northwest suggests a total at the present time of 262,000,000 bushels, but as the government only estimates the total spring wheat yield at 284,000,000 bushels, this gives the Pacific coast, where the promise is good, only 12,000,000 bushels, which is, of course, an absurdity.

Winter Wheat States.

Of the winter wheat crop the percentage of the United States, acreage in each state, the condition on June 1, and the 10-year average on June 1, follows:

States	Acreage.	June 1.	10-Yr. Avg.
Kansas	15.3	65	74
Indiana	8.6	85	81
Nebraska	8.5	79	85
Illinois	7.1	85	82
Missouri	7.0	84	82
Ohio	6.5	80	82
Pennsylvania	4.9	83	89
Texas	4.0	70	70
Oklahoma	3.6	44	80
Michigan	3.0	88	80
California	3.0	80	80
Tennessee	[illegible]	85	82
Virginia	2.6	81	86
Maryland	2.5	79	88
Kentucky	2.4	88	82
Washington	2.3	98	93
No. Carolina	2.3	89	84
Oregon	1.7	95	92
So. Carolina	1.6	85	80
New York	1.4	82	86

Important Oats States.

Details for important oats states follow:

States.	Acreage.	June 1.	10-Yr. Av.
Iowa	4,752,000	96	92
Illinois	4,410,000	81	87
Minnesota	2,709,000	96	93
Nebraska	2,624,000	89	87
Wisconsin	2,320,000	96	94
Indiana	1,794,000	83	86
Ohio	1,694,000	73	86
No. Dakota	1,623,000	95	94
So. Dakota	1,535,000	90	94
Kansas	1,512,000	62	76
Michigan	1,490,000	85	88
New York	1,325,000	85	90
Pennsylvania ..	978,000	82	87

Barley Condition.

Details for important barley states follow:

States.	Acreage.	June 1.	10-Yr. Av.
Minnesota	1,928,000	95	92
California	1,260,000	80	86
South Dakota ..	994,000	90	94
North Dakota ..	918,000	95	94
Wisconsin	875,000	95	92
Iowa	510,000	86	93
Kansas	203,000	66	78
Washington ...	186,000	95	95
Nebraska	132,000	87	90

HULK OF MAINE IS VISIBLE.

First Stages of Work to Uncover Sunken Warship Are Completed.

Havana, Cuba. — The first stage of the actual work of uncovering the wreck of the battleship was completed when operations ceased after the water level within the coffer dam built around the wreck had been lowered precisely five feet. This leaves the portion of the wreck visible above the water practically the same as on the night of the disaster before the hull had time to become imbedded in the mud at the bottom of the harbor.

Cleveland Gets Charities.

Boston, Mass. — Cleveland was selected by the national conference of charities and correction as the meeting place of the next convention.

Bail Refused Wireless Men.

New York, N. Y. — While execution of the judgment of the court that they be imprisoned in the federal penitentiary in Atlanta is indefinitely stayed pending the filing of additional assignments of error, Colonel Christopher Columbus Wilson, president, and four other officers of the United Wireless Telegraph company must remain in the Tombs. The United States circuit court of appeals refused to permit the convicted men liberty on bail

IOWA CONGRESSMAN IS CHOSEN.

W. R. Greene of Audubon Elected to Succeed Walter I. Smith.

Council Bluffs, Iowa. — W. R. Greene, of Audubon, was elected congressman of the Ninth Iowa district to succeed Walter I. Smith, who recently was given a judicial appointment by President Taft. Practically complete returns give Greene a majority of 1,192 over W. S. Cleveland, his Democratic opponent.

Greene stands opposed to reciprocity, while Cleveland was favorable to the agreement. Although Cleveland cut down the majority given Judge Smith at the last election by 700 votes, the country vote was strong enough for Greene to give him a safe majority.

Negro Given Indian Post.

Washington, D. C. — Dr. William T. Vernon, a negro, former register of the United States treasury, was appointed assistant supervisor of schools of the five civilized Indian tribes by the secretary of the interior.

Taft Declines Oregon Invitation.

Washington, D. C. — In declining an invitation to visit Astoria, Ore., in August, President Taft indicated to Representative Lafferty that he expected to spend the entire month of

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

The Clayton resolution, calling on the attorney general for information as to proposed criminal prosecution of officers of the American Tobacco Company, was adopted by the house.

In view of the rumored threatened revolutionary disturbances in Nicaragua, the gunboat Marietta has been ordered from Guantanamo, Cuba, to Bluefields, Nicaragua. The warships will undertake a tour of observation to protect American interests if necessary.

President Taft promised Representative Hardwick, of Georgia, chairman of the special house committee investigating the sugar trust, that all information regarding the trust now in the possession of the executive department would be put at the disposal of the department. Senator Hardwick said the investigation would begin in earnest next week.

President Taft will stick to Beverly as a hot weather play ground unless congress selects a site and appropriates the money for an official summer white house elsewhere. In a letter to Governor Eberhart, of Minnesota, declining with thanks the offer of a site for a presidential summer home at Wayzata, on Lake Minnetonka, the president explained that congress alone had the authority to designate an official summer white house.

Senator Cummins of Iowa, one of the organizers of the national republican progressive league, receptive candidate for the presidential nomination and supposed enemy of the administration of President Taft, announced that he would favor President Taft delegates to the republican national convention and that he could not see his way clear to support Senator La Follette for the presidency.

General.

The Canadian reciprocity bill is ready for consideration by the senate.

Senator Cummins has announced that he will support Taft for renomination.

A count of insurgent senatorial noses shows few for La Follette for president.

Theodore Roosevelt reiterated his determination not to again be a candidate for president.

President Taft rebuked an army colonel for his admitted prejudice against the Jewish race.

Senator Smoot accused the house of trying to saddle printing bills on the senate committee.

The senate committee having the reciprocity bill declared in favor of the Root amendment.

A resolution was offered in the senate to permit the opening of the Lorimer election investigation.

Attorney General Wickersham said criminal prosecution of trust magnates will be undertaken.

China will utilize a cruiser to back up demands for indemnity from the Mexican government.

The annual convention of the American Bankers' association will occur in New Orleans, November 21 to 24 next.

An engineer was killed and twenty people injured in a collision on the Santa Fe in New Mexico.

Chairman Gary of the steel corporation pictured his company to the house committee as a model.

A storm drove George H. Hutton a clerk, to commit suicide in Addisonville, a suburb of Cincinnati.

Mrs. Carrie Nation, the temperance crusader, died at a Leavenworth, Kas., sanitarium.

There is an alarming increase of the cigarette habit among boys and girls of New York's public schools, according to Dr. John D. Quackenboss.

Fifteen persons were more or less seriously injured when the Lebanon accommodation train on the Tennessee Central railroad crashed into a switch engine on the outskirts of Nashville.

The American chamber of commerce in Paris, which transmitted the resolutions adopted by the New York chamber of commerce and the Paris chamber of commerce favoring unrestricted arbitration between the United States and France to the 45 chambers of commerce in this country, has already received six enthusiastic replies.

The senate committee on foreign relations decided to report favorably the treaty between Honduras and this country providing for a loan of $10,000,000, from banking interests of the United States to meet the Honduran debt.

Sixty-three persons were killed as the result of an earthquake in Mexico City.

A telegram from Chihuahua says the situation there is inexplicable. The federal troops refuse to surender the city and will not allow General Orosco or any of his 5,000 insurrectos to enter with their arms.

Word was received in Chicago from New York that Mrs. Isaiah Rosbaugh, wife of a farmer living near Kirkland, Ill., is one of the eight heirs to a fortune of $16,000,000 left by John Colter, a New York real estate speculator, who died recently.

Progress is being made in the work of raising the wreck of the Maine.

The field and work of the women's auxiliaries furnished the topic of discussion at the session of the society of St. Vincent de Paul at Boston.

It is expected that the senate will vote on reciprocity about July 15.

A skating rink for the blind has recently been opened in Berlin city.

The bill to revise the wool tariff was formally introduced in the house.

A Washington state congressman said millions were going to waste in tobacco taxes.

The senate sub-committee which will pass on Lorimer has been made up.

President Taft reiterated his opposition to any amendment to the reciprocity bill.

President Taft is quite confident reciprocity will pass the senate if amendments can be excluded.

In a referendum vote members of Iowa suffrage association ruled to hold the state suffrage convention in Perry.

With an air of great mystery, William J. Burns, the detective in the Los Angeles dynamite case, sailed for Europe on the American liner Philadelphia.

Mabel Mosier, an Atchison, Kan., woman, was convicted of engaging in the "white slave" traffic by a criminal court jury and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Mary Mannering, charming and beautiful, who has ended all speculation as to her matrimonial intent by wedding Frederick E. Wadsworth, a Michigan millionaire.

Announcement was made that Miss Ellen Fitz Pendleton, dean and acting president of Wellesley college, had been chosen president of the college.

Three thousand, two hundred and nineteen bodies of federal soldiers buried in cemeteries in different parts of Texas are to be movd to Pineville, La., for reburial in the national cemetery at that place.

An invitation was received by President Taft from the anti-horse thief association of Kansas and Oklahoma to visit Arkansas City, Kas., to address its convention July 19.

The Cunard line steamer Saxonia, arrived at Trieste, Austria, from New York, in the hands of the health authorities as the result of the discovery of a case of suspected cholera on board.

Under the terms of the will of Mrs. Caroline E. Thompson of Bridgeport, Conn., and New York, daughter of the late P. T. Barnum, an estate valued at over $1,000,00 is disposed of. To her husband is given an annuity of $6,000 and a life interest in the New York residence.

The action of the war department in not reporting to congress awards of contracts for materials used in the construction of the Panama canal, amounting already to many millions of dollars, was a subject of inquiry by the house committtee on expenditures in that department.

Following four hours discussion of the Canadian reciprocity bill by the senate finance committee in executive session, Chairman Penrose expressed the opinion that many amendments which might be adopted by the committee would be killed on the floor of the senate.

The suit of the Ware-Kramer Tobacco company against the American Tobacco company for $1,200,000 damages under the Sherman anti-trust act was begun at Raleigh, N. C., before Judge O'Connor in the federal court. Matters argued were concerning production of books, records and papers and exceptions to depopsitions by both parties.

The great naval review by King George at Spithead, June 24, two days from the coronation, will see gathered together in full commission the largest number of vessels of the dreadnaught class even assembled. Most of them naturally will be units of the British navy, but the United States will be represented by the most powerful up-to-date battleship in the review, the Delaware.

Drinking of champaign in public by members was one of the closing features of the Ohio legislature.

The formal making of plans to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of Kansas as a state was commenced by the Topeka Commercial club. The celebration will be held this fall during the Topeka state fair week.

Colonel Theodore Roosevlt said with reference to a published story that he would support President Taft in the next campaign: "There is no truth in the report that I have agreed to support any man for president in 1912. I have neither made any such statement nor even discussed the matter."

Because he was unfamiliar with the rule requiring applicants to register when they begin their study for law, Robert Alphonso Taft, son of President Taft, was denied the privilege of taking the Ohio state bar examination. Two months ago he wrote to the clerk of the supreme court, asking to be registered for examination. He was advised that because he had not registered when he began to prepare for the law that he could not take the examination now. He will probably take it two years hence.

The southwest tariff commission, composed of business men of the southwest, opened a weeks session at Chicago.

Personal.

All of the children of W. J. Bryan are now married.

Madero is to be well guarded on his entry to Mexico City.

Senator Root says reciprocity bill will be passed July 16.

Abdul Hamid, former Turkish Sultan, is said to be insane.

President Taft is counting on democratic senators to pass reciprocity.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.

B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 17, 1911.

Gully has a newspaper, the Gully Reporter, edited by Bennie Hanson, late of the McIntosh Times.

We once knew a farmer to refuse to sell corn to a neighbor for 23 cents at the crib and hauled several loads of it to town and got only 21 cents, and we know several alleged business men who let their supply houses send out advertising matter for them and do not carry ads. in their local newspapers.—Ex.

It appears that the hold-up men who relieved Bren of large sum of money belonging to the state university were men operating grain gambling joints. It seems to be past all understanding why people will tolerate this aristocratic form of gambling. Wheat speculation has started more men on the road to hell than has strong drink.

The Chicago Tribune has taken a poll of the editors of twenty-two states in the central, western, southwestern, northwestern and pacific divisions, and finds that a large majority of them are in favor of the Canadian reciprocity pact, 3,113 voting for and 1,127 against the agreement. North Dakota was the only state where a majority voted against the proposition.

Several automobile men went out of Warren on an investigating tour last week and after a discussion of the subject of poor roads decided to try the building of roads themselves. One large auto hitched a drag behind and moved along the highway at a good rate of speed and another dragged a King split-log drag over the harrowed road. This gave a smooth surface and at little or no cost. In places the machines ran at least ten miles an hour and in a few hours several miles of highway were placed in the best condition they have been in this season.

The government seed that was sent out this spring will not encourage gardening to any great extent, as it is not pleasant to put in a lot of time planting a garden only to find out that the seed was worthless. We suppose it was a lot of old seeds that had been laying around in some seed houses for fifty years that wasn't expected to grow, but to satisfy a political pull. That garden seed business is nothing but a damage to the people, and the sooner it is abolished the better it will be for those that it was intended to benefit.—Sunbeam.

Here is the secret of their success There is a baby born in the neighborhood. The attending physician gets $15. The editor gives the loud lunged youngster a great send off and get $0. It is christened and the minister gets $5 and the editor gets $00. It grows and marries. The editor publishes another long winded article and tells a dozen lies about "the beautifull bride," the minister gets $10 and a piece of cake. The editor gets $000 and the request to carry the groom's subcription account another year. In course of time she dies. The doctor gets from $10 to $100, the minister gets another $5, the undertaker gets from $50 to $100, the editor publishes a notice of death and an obituary two columns long, a lot of poetry and a card of thanks and gets $0,000. No wonder so many country editors get rich.

The new rural school consolidation law passed by the recent legislature has some very liberal provisions for the consolidation of schools; and it would certainly appear that the rural districts surrounding St. Hilaire could unite under this law for the mutual benefit of the rural communities and the village. District 54 of Rocksbury, district 24 of Black River, and districts 178 and 227 of River Falls could all easily be handled with a central school at St. Hilaire and the inducements offered by the state at this time (which may be withdrawn later) would be enough to equip the enlarged district with all of the new buildings and equipment necessary. Teams could be employed for each of the old districts to transport its children, and we are of the opinion that the cost to the taxpapers would be no heavier then it is at present with so great an efficency in the work that there would be little comparison with the present plan. Why not take this matter up? It certainly looks feasable and we think would prove an advantage, not only the village but to the country as well. The Spectator would de pleased to print communications in regard to this matter.

Passed the Examinations

The following persons passed the teacher's examanations held at Thief River Falls May 4, 5, and 6:

FIRST GRADE CERTIFICATES.

J. Andy Dahl, St. Hilaire.
Cora Tanberg, Thief River Falls.
Anna E. Johnson, St. Hilaire.
Roy Motz, Thief River Falls.
Anna Rust (renewal) T. R. Falls.

SECOND GRADE CERTIFICATES.

Clara O. Bakken T. R. Falls.
Olga Gustafson, T. R. Falls.
Effie F. Hanson, St. Hilaire.
Ella H. Jackson, St. Hilaire.
Ida P. Kalland, St. Hilaire.

Carrie Nation

Not since George Washington was a boy has there been anyone who has boosted the hatchet buseness quite as much as did Carrie Nation, the strong armed slayer of Kansas saloons, who has gone to join "Sockless" Jerry Simpson and other Sunflower state oddities as a member of the "choir invisible, Carrie Nation broke many bars and many laws but her heart was big and it beat in unison with her hatchet in behalf of the innocent victims of the liquor curse and while her methods were strenuous, the "joints" of Kansas running in open defiance of the law could only be coped with by some one brave enough to start things as Carrie did when she marched up to the mahogany counter and began to chop it to pieces, finding time to take a few licks at plate glass mirrors, shivering glasses and bottles filled with illegal liquor. May her bones rest in peace.

The Sangerfest

The concert progrm for the three-day Sangerfest which will commence at Thief River Falls June 23 is completed. The various chorus have rehearsed their numbers and are ready for the final production. P. A. Rudd is director-in-chief, J. Shefstad assistant H. G. Maxwell conductor of orchestra and H. O. Kjome accompanist.

This convention will be attended by the Scandinavian singing societies from Devil's Lake, Minot, Grand Forks, Fargo and a great many Minnesota and North Dakota cities. All these singing organizations will appear in some distinctive uniform and will appear in chorus and other music in the great auditorium building in this city. The orchestra which has been secured to accompany the singers will be under the direction of the best leader which it is possible to secure. Soloists from the Twin Cities and other points will also appear on the program. It is expected that several hundred singers, all male, will attend and will bring many friends in the special trains which have been provided for the visitors.

Development Meeting a Great Success

The Minnesota development meeting held in Duluth last week was in every respect a great success. Over 1000 delegated were present and many live topics were discussed and plans for the future development of the state laid. The following are the chief paragraphs of the resolutions adopted:

Censured legislature for failure to entact reapportionment law.

Censured legislature's failure to pass bill creating a department of public domain, bill providing for sale of foreign securities in state treasury bill providing for a deep waterway from Lake of the Woods to lake Superior, and for the repeal of the permanent improvement clauses in the law relating to state land sales.

Put its disapproval on the seven senator constitutional amendment and urged its rejection.

Created immigration commission to engage immigration commissioner, who will have an office in St. Paul and will have an office in St. Paul and will work independent of the state commission to attract settlers to Minnesota.

Commended Elwell bill for good roads.

Instructed executive committee to appoint a good roads commission.

Urged adoption of constitutional amendment providing for a 1 mill state road tax.

Commended extension of agricultural education in the high schools and common schools of the state.

Pledged its support to the reclamation board.

Urged that a soil survey be made to make available more definite information for the guidance of progressive settlers.

Urged extension of drainage work.

Decided to meet in St Cloud in December.

Spectator 1.00

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims, and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent:

Letters of administration this day having been granted to Albert Sevre.

It is Ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court, be, and the same hereby is, limited to six (6) months from and after the date hereof; and that Friday, the 1st day of December, 1911 at ten (10) o.clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at the city of Thief River Falls in said county, be and the same hereby is fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated May 29, 1911.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge of Probate

13-17

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

H. DAVIS

WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Opening Sale

Will occur on the townsite of

TRAIL

On Saturday, June 10, at 3 p. m.

Splendid business opportunities. No reservations. Equal chance for all to secure desirable locations in a live new town.

"SOO" LINE

W. H. KILLEN

LAND COMMISSIONER "SOO LINE"

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m. on the 24th day of June A. D. 1911, for the construction of about twenty steel and wood bridges and about twenty-six corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 18 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts.

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

The right to increase or decrease the amount of work, also to reject any and all bids, is reserved by the said auditors.

Dated at Warren, Minn., this 29th day of May A. D. 1911.

{AUDITOR'S SEAL} A. G. LUNDGREN, County Auditor Marshall County, Minn.

O. L. HAMERY, Engineer, Crookston, Minn.

Notice to Bridge and Culvert Contractors

Sealed bids will be received by the county auditors of Marshall and Pennington counties at the office of the county auditor of Marshall county at Warren, Minnesota, at 11 o'clock a. m. on the 24th day of June A. D. 1911, for the construction of about twenty-five steel and wood bridges and about thirty-seven corrugated steel culverts, same to be constructed across and about Judicial Ditch No. 13 in Marshall and Pennington counties, Minnesota, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of clerk of district court of Marshall county, Warren, Minnesota.

Bidders will state price per cubic yard for concrete bulkheads and a price per lineal foot for all culverts.

Bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond for the amount of the contract, to be approved by the said auditors.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check on state or national bank of this state of ten per cent of the bid, payable to the auditors of the said counties.

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O. L. HAMERY, Engineer, Crookston, Minn.

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 10:45 a. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
U. P. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. U. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 169 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	87
" " 2 "	85
" " 3 "	81
Flax, No. 1	$2.12
" " 2	2.08
Barley, for 50 lbs	37
Oats	30
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.80
Shorts, per ton	$24.00
Bran, "	24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Santa Claus soap for $3.50 a box at M. R. Hage's.

Salem Majeau, the ditcher, was in town Thursday.

Miss Thyra Wallen was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. Carl Peterson was a Thief River visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls.

Wednesday was Flag day, the birthday of the stars and stripes.

Roy Dahn returned Wednesday from a trip to Thief River Falls.

The grading on Fifth street is completed and work is being done on Main street this week.

Frank Grundy and Carl Kretzschmar of Thief River Falls are visiting friends here this week.

Mrs. Walbeck left Tuesday evening for a visit to friends in St. Paul.

Free delivery of mails was inaugurated in Thief River Falls Thursday.

C. G. Simonson of Grand Forks is a guest of Rev. and Mrs. Gjerde this week.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday June 18, at 3 p. m.

Mrs. O. Miller came over from Crookston Thursday to visit her parents. Mr. and Mr. L. M. Rolland.

The people of the United Lutheran church will have a 4th of July celebration in Benson's woods. All welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. K. A. Sandberg returned Wednesday to Crookston after a week's visit at the Peter Swanson home.

Carl Stauning was in town Thursday. He is a traveling salesman for a cigar firm at Ada, but still retains his residence at Crookston.

A party of a young people took tents and other camp equipage and left Wednesday for an outing. Mrs. S. J. Amble is chaperoning the party.

Mrs. Osman Sanderson returned Monday to her home at Spicer, Minn., after a two weeks' visit with her uncle, Washington Adams, and family.

Ed. Peterson returned Wednesday from Fort Frances. It seems he did not find the mill work all that he had pictured it, and board is $6.00 per week.

The Thief River Falls Lumber company's saw mill, which has been laying idle so far this spring, will commence its seasons cut next Monday morning.

The mosquito pond that has been standing on the vacant lots north of this office has been drained by a pipe under the walk south of Holmes' hardware store.

Misses Edith Hanson and Austrid Kinseth came from Red Lake Falls Thursday to visit Miss Olga Hanson and be present at the closing day exercises of her school

Representatives of the Great Northern were in town Thursday inspecting the cattle yards. They will report in favor of partly roofing the yard and installing feed racks.

A. R. Jones left Tuesday to attend the grand lodge I. O. O. F. as a delegate from St. Hilaire lodge. J. E. Draeger officiates at the Red Lake Falls Milling company elevator during his absence.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde left last Wednesday for St. Paul to attend the annual meeting of the United Norwegian Lutheran church of America, in session from the 15th until the 22nd. He expects to return next Friday.

The annual midsummer picnic of the Swedish Lutheran Black River church will be held at Oscar Lindquist's in sec. 12 of Polk Center Saturday, June 24, begining at 1 p. m. All are welcome

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present. Write him there.

In this paper we print a little communication from "The Scorekeeper," paid for by the way, at full advertising rates which will end as far as we are concerned, the foolish squabble the base ball boys have got themselves into.

A circus is billed to appear here today.

Millet seed for sale by N. A. Nelson.

Miss Cleo Amble visited Thief River Monday.

Red Lake Falls will celebrate the Fourth of July.

Buy your machine oil and axle grease at M. R. Hage's.

H. B. Borneman, Sr., of Hallock was in town Wednesday.

G. W. Eastman visited Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. O. F. Post and son Curtis were Thief River Falls visitors Tuesday.

Miss Stivers of Dugdale has been the guest of her sister, Mrs Bahan, this week.

Mrs. A. S. Wilson was in Thief River Falls between trains on Wednesday.

L. Sorsky of Minneapolis came Thursday for a visit with his cousin, N. Lazar

The Gophers go to Red Lake Falls tomorrow to cross bats with the first nine there.

K. O. Gigstad returned yesterday from Warren, where he has been in attendance at a ditch hearing.

Rev. S. T. Palm left this week for a few weeks' visit with friends in St. Paul and in Wisconsin.

Glen Martz went Tuesday out east of Thief River Falls to do some surveying for Pennington county.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday will Mrs. Axel Jacobson on the Park Ridge Nursery.

Mrs. Schermer and Mrs. Lyngholm returned yesterday to Crookston, after a ten days' visit with Mrs. Charles Lindquist.

Anton Baker returned Friday from Hendrum and will remain in this vicinity a few days, looking after his property interests.

I have on hand 1000 feet of Dodd and Struthers lightning rods and will be glad to get your order.

N. A. NELSON.

Mrs. C. H. Peterson and Miss Annie Peterson left Thursday for St. Paul to visit with Mr. Mrs. Herman Adams.

George Hughes came home the first of the week and shipped his moveables and with his family returned to Fort Frances, Can., where they will make their home.

A manufacturing company in New Jersey has had a young man arrested for flirting with its girl employes. His case will perhaps come under the head of forming a combination in restraint of trade.

M. E. and L. A. Lyman were looking over the country this week and have about decided to locate here. Their father is a well-to-do farmer of North Dakota, and the young men are tired of exclusive wheat raising.

The log drive is progressing as fast as could be expected, considering the low stage of the water. The wannegan arrived here yesterday. Much fear is expressed that the little water there is will be gone before the logs arrive at the mill at Crookston.

Married

The marriage of Fred Dahl, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J.C. Dahl of this village, and Miss Atley Seney of Eau Claire, Wis. was solemnized at Garfield, Wash., on June 7. The happy couple will make their future home at Deer Park, Wash., where Fred holds a position as a mining engineer.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' Elevator company will be held in the village hall on Friday June 23, at 10 a. m.

j10-2t R. J. McKERCHER
Secretary.

In Danger.

"He must be a good man, the way you describe him."

"He is sprouting wings right now."

"He had better be careful that he doesn't infringe on the patents of Wright brothers."

The Major Fraction.

Oh, when a fellow's better half
Appears upon the scene
It's then he's mighty lucky if
She's not the whole machine!

Deep.

"I am writing a story."

"Have you a plot?"

"Yes, a very subtle one."

"What is it?"

"To sell the thing to a magazine."

WATCH FOR OUR
REDUCTION SALE
TO BEGIN JUNE 19
LAZAR & LAZAR

HARNESS : SHOP

Come in and see our best line of Dusters and Fly Nets, single and double Driving Harness, and heavy Team Harness. The best line of Harness that money can buy.

Repairing of Buggy Seats and Cushions a specialty.

Carl : A. : Krueger

Free to the Civic Celebration

Any member of your family will be given one night, two seats free, viewing the parade; also a 25 per cent discount will given to any lady or gentlemen who orders a suit to measure from our fine imported woolens. Our guarantee is good clothes correctly tailored.—J. A. Rush Co., Importing Tailors 36 So. 5th St., Minneapolis, Minn.

Retaliating Joke

I desire to thanks the author of the "Looking Backward" essay in last week's issue of the Spectator for the numerous honary titles which he conferred upon me. I am fully aware of the fact that it was a great distinction and especially for the closing song which was very classical. Let that impressive song act as a reuniting link and a soothing tonic to the disturbed feelings of both base ball factions, individual and collective, and tend to distinue existing "hostilities." Boost the Gopher base ball squad.

THE SCOREKEEPER.

Special "Sangerfest" Program

LYCEUM WILL HAVE SPECIAL FILMS FOR SANGERFEST VISITORS

The management of the Lyceum has announced that arrangements have been made for special program for the entertainment of the visitors to this city who come to attend the big sangerfest here on June 23, 24, and 25. A number of films, showing scenes from Norway and Sweden, have been secured together with several of the latest American feature pictures. The Lyceum has a well established reputation as being the coolest, best ventilated and most comfortable place in town, and as there will be continuous performances every day from 9:00 a. m. to 12:00 m. and from 2:00 p. m. to 6:00 p. m. in addition to the regular evening performances, the theater becomes a most appropriate place for the entertainment of the many people who will be there. —Thief River Falls Time.

One trouble with anti-trust laws is they are allowed to get rusty before being put to work.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on June 7, 1911.
Date of call by Supt., June 7, 1911.
Date of report by bank, June 10, 1911.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$97,112.89
Overdrafts		1,[illegible].64
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,[illegible]
Other real estate		[illegible]
Due from banks	5,354.49	
Checks and cash items	763.85	
Cash on hand, items below	[illegible]	
Currency	2378	
Gold	635	
Silver	202.30	
Other	86.45	
Total cash assets	9,514.79	9,514.79
Total		115,978.73

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		464.16
Deposits subject to check	13,[illegible].36	
Demand certificates	[illegible]	
Total immediate liabilities	17,[illegible].21	
Time certificates	85,976.36	
Total deposits	103,514.57	103,514.57
Total		115,978.73

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington } ss.

We C. L. Hanson president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemly swear that the statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

C. L. HANSON, President.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Correct, Attest:
C. L. HANSON,
[illegible], Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of June, 1911.
(SEAL) [illegible], Notary [illegible]

Don't Forget

To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket

Hamm's Beer

A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage

"Leads them All"

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office Phone 24 Residence Phone 94.

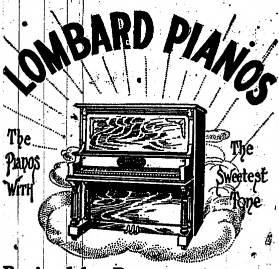
WITH SUPREME COURT.

Ben Tillotson of Fargo, has been made stenographic secretary for Judge Spalding. Mr. T. is a Dakota Business College graduate and adds one more to the long list of D. B. C. court reporters. [illegible]

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

WOMEN MAY AVOID OPERATIONS

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before.

Here is her own statement.

Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement. I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for seven months without much relief and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. Today I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise my friends who are afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. Orville Rock, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Michigan.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for women's ills, and has positively restored the health of thousands of women. Why don't you try it?

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Getting Acquainted.

When a new family moves in next door the old boy and the new boy climb up on the fence to get acquainted, and it is done as follows:

"What's your name?"

"None of your business—what's yours?"

"None of your business. You are sassy."

"So are you."

"Don't you talk back to me!"

"And don't you to me!"

"I'm an awful fighter when I'm mad!"

"And I'm awfuller than you are!"

"I've got a dog."

"And I've got a goat."

And five minutes later they are good friends.

His Disqualification.

When we saw her she stopped panting by the road to rest. It was the shell road in Bay St. Louis, and she was black. Beside her was a heavy market basket filled to overflowing. We smiled at her with sympathetic friendliness and she responded with full and free confidence.

"Yassam. I is some tiahed. An' lame. All painful wid miseries. Yassam. I coulda done sen' some one else to mahket fo' me. Mah grandson he coulda done gone. But I dasn't trus' him. He spends mah money too briefly."—Housekeeper.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Grateful.

"How does Slithers feel about that chauffeur who ran off with his car and his daughter?" asked Wilkes.

"He's mighty grateful," said Bildad. "He says the poor idiot relieved him of his two most expensive possessions."—Harper's Weekly.

Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, sick headache and bilious attacks.

Every man's hat shelters a hobby.

JAMES BRAID SAYS:

No Athlete can do himself justice if his feet hurt. Many thousands are using daily, abroad and in this country, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. All the prominent Golfers and Tennis Players at Augusta, Pinehurst and Palm Beach got much satisfaction from its use this Spring. It gives a restfulness and a springy feeling that makes you forget you have feet. Allen's Foot-Ease is the greatest comfort discovery of the age and so easy to use. It prevents soreness, blisters or puffing and gives rest from tired, tender or swollen feet. Seventeen years before the public, over 30,000 testimonials. Don't go on your vacation without a package of Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Fretful Children

are usually sickly children. Give them Kickapoo Worm Killer and see how quickly they become happy, good-natured and strong. Best and safest remedy for all children who are peevish, nervous, [illegible]

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

(Kickapoo Medicine Co., [illegible]) Write us for free "Indian Doctor Book."

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Butte. — Mr. T. L. King, of Minneapolis, has purchased the ranch of Peter Valiton in Powell county for $111,000. The property embraces 7,400 acres.

Winona.—In the recent storm, the barn of John Perry on St. Charles Ridge was struck and burned to the ground. A team of horses belonging to William Perry was in the barn and was burned. The loss was $3,000, partly insured.

Notre Dame, Ind.—Degrees and honors given by the University of Notre Dame were awarded at the beginning of the graduating exercises of the university. Charles C. Miltner, of Lake City, Minn., won the Breen gold medal for oratory.

Bemidji.—While in midlake the $600 twenty-six-foot launch Keemar, owned by Harry Masten, director of the Bemidji band, was caught in a sudden wind storm and capsized and sunk in thirty feet of water. Mr. Masten the only passenger swam and paddled to shore.

Park Rapids.—Lloyd and Gena Carlton of Ferris, who are held on the charge of murdering Peter O. Nester, Mrs. Carlton's father, were arraigned in the justice court for their preliminary hearing, but had the case postponed until June 26. The grand jury will convene in the meantime.

Cloquet.—David Moses died at St. Luke's hospital in Duluth. He was a pioneer resident of Cloquet, coming here thirty years ago from Ireland. He had been a member of the Kelly & Moses undertaking firm for twenty-seven years. He was one of the first mayors of Cloquet and was 52 years old.

Fond du Lac, Wis.—Announcement was made here by the Northern Casket company that it would establish a branch factory and distributing point at Duluth. The new company will be known as the Northern Casket Company of Minnesota, with H. R. Potter and William Mauthe of this city and H. P. Lannan, of Duluth, as incorporators. Mr. Lannan is head of the Duluth Casket company, which will be taken over.

Sauk Center.—So persistent and destroying are the insects called "the cottony maple scale," that the city council has appointed a committee to secure sprayers to endeavor to eradicate the tree destroyers. Sauk Center has many streets shaded with box elders, bass and soft maples and the trees are being ruined by the scale, which is produced by small green bugs, of which there are countless numbers on the trees.

Minneapolis' bonded indebtedness will reach $16,710,566.67 with the city council's approval of $850,000 worth of bonds to be awarded by the committee on ways and means. The committee will award $250,000 of park bonds, $225,000 for the permanent improvement revolving fund, $75,000 for the permanent improvement fund and $275,000 for main sewers, all to bear 4 per cent interest. More bonds to be issued by the city will increase the total indebtedness stated by $1,250,000. The recent legislature authorized $850,000 for bridge bonds to build the proposed bridges at Forty-second avenue north, Third avenue south and Seventeenth avenue south. In addition an issue of $400,000 has been authorized for City hospital purposes.

Anoka.—Archbishop Ireland and his sister, Mother Serathinus, the mother superior of St. Joseph's, St. Paul, drove to Anoka by auto last Sunday. The archbishop conducted first mass and met the first communion class of fifty-two and gave them an address. At 10:30 Father Dolphin said mass and the archbishop preached the sermon. Forty-six years ago he said the first mass in Anoka in a grove on the west side of Rum river, when there were only three Catholic families in the town. In the afternoon he met the confirmation class of 250 and gave them an appropriate address, at the close of which Master Arthur Coleman stepped forward and in behalf of the class presented him with $100 in gold to be applied to the new Cathedral fund.

Duluth.—The June grand jury at Two Harbors has furnished a sensation in returning an indictment against the Lake county attorney, John Kinsella, whose term of office has been a stormy one. There are seven indictments against him. Two of these are for libel, two for giving an obscene and indecent pamphlet to a minor, one for causing the publication of a libel, one for hiring a minor to distribute an obscene and indecent pamphlet, and last, for giving away obscene and indecent pamphlets for distribution. Kinsella will be arraigned before Judge Dancer to answer these charges. Judge Dancer stated to the grand jury before it took up Kinsella's case that Kinsella would be disqualified from acting as legal adviser of that body in the matter. He appoints B. F. Fowler to act in that capacity.

Red Wing. — Downey & Sexton's liquor license may be revoked. The proprietors of the saloon, who, it is alleged, have given the police department considerable trouble of late, by action of the city council last evening have been notified to appear before that body tomorrow evening to show cause why their 1911 license should not be forfeited. The council, with the same power as a judicial court, will pass upon the testimony presented by the saloon proprietors, City Attorney C. P. Hall and the police department and render a decision accordingly.

FIRES RAGE IN BLACK HILLS.

Fifty Men Battling With Forest Flames—Ranches Imperiled.

Deadwood, South Dak. — A bad forest fire is raging just west of Nahant, 20 miles west of here, and the forestry department has rushed a special train with 50 freighters to the scene. Several ranches are in danger. Associate Forester Potter, of Washington, who is here investigating grazing conditions, is assisting the local officials.

FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS
TRADE MARK

A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not gripe, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 26 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produce rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic.

Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

Publicity Law Badly Needed.

Connecticut, District of Columbia, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont, have laws which provide specifically for the reporting of tuberculosis and which make provision for the proper registration of living cases of this disease. In fourteen other states, laws or regulations of the state boards of health require that tuberculosis be reported simply as one of a list of infectious diseases. The following 28 states and territories have no provision whatever for the reporting or registration of tuberculosis cases:—Arizona, Alaska, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Philippine Islands, Porto Rico, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and Wyoming.

Musical Note.

A music teacher in a New England school was trying to make the children in the fourth grade understand the value of a triplet—to get them to know that three-quarter notes under a brace were equal to two quarter notes.

She couldn't make them understand; and finally, in despair, she asked: "What are three little babies born all at the same time called?"

"Accidentals!" shouted a small boy, with a vague remembrance of the lesson of a week before.

An Unlaureled Hero.

Here is a niche in the Hall of Fame for Seth A. Eaton, a rural mail carrier from the Middleboro post office, who, surrounded by woodland fire, his horse lying on the ground stifled with smoke, his own hair singed, his hat burned and one side of his face and hands blistered, was still mindful of duty and saved the mail he was carrying by burying it in the sand, before he fought through the line of fire to safety. Not all the heroes tread the battlefields.—Fall River Herald.

COMES A TIME

When Coffee Shows What It Has Been Doing.

"Of late years coffee has disagreed with me," writes a matron from Rome, N. Y.

"Its lightest punishment being to make me 'logy' and dizzy, and it seemed to thicken up my blood.

"The heaviest was when it upset my stomach completely, destroying my appetite and making me nervous and irritable, and sent me to my bed. After one of these attacks, in which I nearly lost my life, I concluded to quit the coffee and try Postum.

"It went right to the spot! I found it not only a most palatable and refreshing beverage, but a food as well.

"All my ailments, the 'loginess' and dizziness, the unsatisfactory condition of my blood, my nervousness and irritability disappeared in short order and my sorely afflicted stomach began quickly to recover. I began to rebuild and have steadily continued until now. Have a good appetite and am rejoicing in sound health which I owe to the use of Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

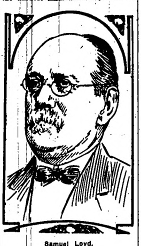
Read the little Book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason." [illegible]

THE "PIGS IN CLOVER" MAN

Sam Loyd, the Inventor of Numerous Puzzles and Chess Problems, Is Dead.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—When Samuel Loyd, the puzzle expert and inventor of chess problems, passed away at his home in Brooklyn, the world lost a man whose contributions to the public have probably entertained more people than those of any other man of the age. Young and old, rich and poor, alike, have wrestled with the fantastic creations of his fertile brain.

Born in Philadelphia in 1841 and educated in the schools of New York city, he early displayed the gifts which were to bring him fame and wealth. At the age of six he was proficient at chess and was untangling the hardest mathematical puzzles of the day. When a young man he began his contributions to the newspapers and the invention of mechanical puzzles, some of which attained an almost universal craze.



Samuel Loyd.

One of the first inventions to bring him fame was the "Fifteen Puzzle." Later came "The Tigers and the Men," "Pigs in Clover," "Parchesi" and "The Disappearing Chinaman." Mr. Loyd's most profitable idea was "The Donkey" puzzle, of which 1,000,000,000 were sold.

Mr. Loyd took the view that there was something more in his puzzles than the simple amusement of the moment. He believed that he had in his devices come across something which would sharpen the wits of the average man. He pointed out that they could interest and amuse men who regarded ordinary mathematics with disgust, and that the boy who had at school shrunk from the very idea of an algebraical square root, would devote his spare moments to the solution of a puzzle which involved the same principles as the sum, just because he was interested. Consequently, he maintained that he supplied something which the average system of education had missed.

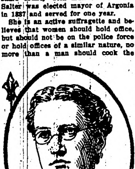
Apart from his puzzles Mr. Loyd was for a time the editor of the Sanitary Engineer, and a shrewd operator in Wall street. He also wrote for a number of magazines. He was a member of the New York Press club, the Brooklyn Chess club and the Brooklyn Whist club. He is survived by a widow, one son, Samuel Loyd, Jr., and two daughters.

THE FIRST WOMAN MAYOR

Mrs. Susanna Salter of Argonia, Kan., Holds This Distinction—Her Sugar Policy Worked.

Topeka, Kan.—The troubles of Mrs. Wilson, mayor of Hunnewell, Kan., recalls the fact that Mrs. Susanna Salter was the first woman mayor of the world. She held office for one year at Argonia, Kan., a town located in the same county with Hunnewell. Mrs. Salter was elected mayor of Argonia in 1887 and served for one year.

She is an active suffragette and believes that women should hold office, but should not be on the police force or hold offices of a similar nature, no more than a man should cook the meals and keep house in their homes. Mrs. Salter believes that sugar catches more flies than vinegar, and says that while she was in office, by applying the sugar, she had little trouble.



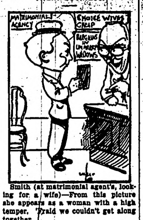
Mrs. Susanna Salter

"I just made those men of the council believe they were the nicest men in the world, and we got along admirably," she said. "When Mrs. Wilson was elected mayor of Hunnewell I wrote her a letter and advised her to adopt this policy, but she is having lots of trouble. I was very anxious for Mrs. Wilson to make a success just to demonstrate that women are capable of holding office."

Waited 60 Years for Pay.

San Francisco, Cal.—After waiting 60 years, A. G. Lafferty, a California pioneer, 83 years old, will be recompensed by the state of California for mules and supplies advanced California soldiers who fought under Captain Lincoln in the Indian outbreak in Trinity county in 1851. For 30 years he [illegible] his claim turned down by one legislature after another. [illegible]

THEIR BUSINESS.



Smith (at matrimonial agent's, looking for a wife)—From this picture she appears as a woman with a high temper. 'Fraid we couldn't get along together.

Agent—That's all right, sir. With every wife we furnish complete directions for getting along with her.

DOCTOR PRESCRIBES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I wish to let you know of a couple of recent cures which I have made by the use of the Cuticura Remedies. Last August, Mr. ——— of this city came to my office, troubled with a severe skin eruption. It was dermatitis in its worst form. It started with a slight eruption and would affect most parts of his body, thighs, elbows, chest, back and abdomen—and would terminate in little pustules. The itching and burning was dreadful and he would almost tear his skin apart, trying to get relief. I recommended all the various treatments I could think of and he spent about fifteen dollars on prescriptions, but nothing seemed to help him.

"In the meantime my wife, who was continually suffering with a slight skin trouble and who had been trying different prescriptions and methods with my assistance, told me she was going to get some of the Cuticura Remedies and give them a fair trial. But as I did not know much about Cuticura at that time I was doubtful whether it would help her. Her skin would thicken, break and bleed, especially on the fingers, wrists and arms. I could do nothing to relieve her permanently. When she first applied the warm baths of Cuticura Soap and applications of Cuticura Ointment she saw a decided improvement and in a few days she was completely cured.

"I lost no time in recommending the Cuticura Remedies to Mr. ———, and this was two months ago. I told him to wash with warm baths of the Cuticura Soap and to apply the Cuticura Ointment generously. Believe me, from the very first day's use of the Cuticura Remedies he was greatly relieved and today he is completely cured through their use. I have great faith in the Cuticura Remedies and shall always have a good word for them now that I am convinced of their wonderful merits." (Signed) B. L. Whitehead, M. D., 108 Dartmouth St., Boston, Mass., July 22, 1910.

Should Report Tuberculosis Cases.

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis says that the first requisite for a comprehensive campaign for the elimination of tuberculosis in a state or city is well-enforced law requiring that every living case of tuberculosis be reported to the health authorities. Such reporting is now required by law or health regulation in 25 states, while in 28 states and territories no provision whatever is made for keeping record of cases of this infectious disease. Several cities in non-registration states, as for instance, Chicago, Cleveland, St. Louis, and New Orleans, have local ordinances requiring that tuberculosis be reported. In all, there are about 100 cities in the United States which have ordinances of this nature.

Progress of Civilization.

Lady—And did you make your congregation give up cannibalism?

Missionary (suppressing a grin)—Not quite; but after much trouble I persuaded them to use knifes and forks.—The Throne.

Garfield Tea keeps the bodily machinery in order; it regulates the digestive organs and overcomes constipation.

It's easier to put up a bluff than it is to put up the stuff.

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure
Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—
Coca-Cola
Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—vim and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.
Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome
5c Everywhere
THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.
53
Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

BUNCHING HIS HARD LUCK

Sufferer From Toothache Summoned Philosophy to His Aid During Period of Trouble.

"Philosophers are not all dead yet," said the dentist. "I met one this morning who knocked me out of two hours' work on a day when I have nothing to do anyhow, and will make me work overtime tomorrow, when I shall be crowded with engagements. He was howling with a toothache.

"Better come around and have it attended to," I said.

"Can't do it today," he said, "I'm too busy."

"But you can't work when you are crazy with the toothache?" I argued.

"Oh, yes I can," said he. "There are half a dozen other things I want done to me that hurt pretty bad, and if I have them done when my tooth is on the rampage they won't seem so bad, because one hurt will neutralize the other. I always take advantage of a toothache to dispatch those disagreeable jobs."

"Maybe not many people could stand that kind of philosophy, but apparently that man is going to get away with it."

That Might Be Inducement.

It was during the hot spell and on the hottest night of the week that a South Side teacher took a number of her little charges for a car ride. In the Public Square they piled out and were marched to the telescope set up by a man who vends peeps at the heavenly bodies at so much per peep. The children were told that they might look at the moon, a little lecture accompanying the lesson that the moon was a cold body.

"Teacher," spoke up one little South Sider, "when you look through the glass does your face get cold?"—Cleveland Leader.

Charged.

Willis—He calls himself a human dynamo.

Gillis—No wonder; everything he has on is charged.—Judge.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It's difficult for people to generate advice that is foolproof.

When a laxative is needed, take the always potent Garfield Tea. Composed of Herbs.

Many self-made men forget to make themselves agreeable.

Libby's
Concentrated Tomato Soup

Best Soup Made

Pure Good—Convenient

Libby's Soups have the home-made flavor.

Try

Libby's Chicken Soup

Libby's Vegetable Soup

Libby's Tomato Soup

at your grocers.

Libby, McNeill & Libby

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

60 Acre
FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA
FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

N. W. N. U., NO. 24-1911.

If the blood is poor and filled with the poisons from diseased kidneys or inactive liver, the heart is not only starved but poisoned as well. There are many conditions due to impure blood—such as dropsy, fainting spells, nervous debility or the many scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever sores," white swellings, etc. All can be overcome and cured by

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

This supplies pure blood—by aiding digestion, increasing assimilation and imparting tone to the whole circulatory system. It's a heart tonic and a great deal more, having an alterative action on the liver and kidneys, it helps to eliminate the poisons from the blood.

To enrich the blood and increase the red blood corpuscles, thereby feeding the nerves on rich red blood and doing away with nervous irritability, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and do not permit a dishonest dealer to insult your intelligence with the "just as good kind." The "Discovery" has *40 years of cures* behind it and contains no alcohol or narcotics. Ingredients plainly printed on wrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of wrapping and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial,

Gentle and Effective,

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

in the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

DO NOT LET ANY DEALER DECEIVE YOU.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION FOR MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS PAST, AND ITS WONDERFUL SUCCESS HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS OF IMITATIONS TO OFFER INFERIOR PREPARATIONS UNDER SIMILAR NAMES AND [illegible] WHEN BUYING,

Note the Full Name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

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SYRUP OF FIGS

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide

100,000 people last year used

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.

To save and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.

To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless

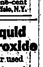
To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.

To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.

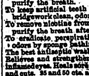
The best antiseptic wash known.

Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. Sample Free.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.



DAISY FLY KILLER [illegible]



Readers [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1911. NUMBER 50.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

GEORGE CROWNED KING OF ENGLAND

Brilliant Ceremony Performed in Westminster Abbey.

ANCIENT FORMS OBSERVED

Seven Thousand Notable Men and Women Witness the Coronation—Royal Progress From Buckingham Palace Is Fine Spectacle.

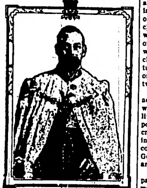
London.—In the presence of 7,000 of the chief men and women of his realm and of the representatives of nearly every civilized nation on the globe, George V. was crowned king of Great Britain Thursday. The ceremony took place in Westminster Abbey and never was that edifice the stage of a more brilliant and imposing spectacle. As the crown of St. Edward was placed on the monarch's head by the archbishop of Canterbury, the big cannon of the Tower roared out and within and without the abbey the shout of "Long live King George" resounded.

From the earliest hours of the morning the population of London and the hundreds of thousands of visitors had been moving toward the royal route from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Abbey. As soon as the seats in the numerous stands were filled, gates were closed that kept out the rabble, and then the throngs tried to crowd into the streets adjoining the route. From pole to pole throughout the entire distance gay colored bunting was strung, and the whole city was streaming with flags.

Along the Mall and all the way from the palace to the abbey troops were standing, company upon company, British troops of every shade of color, living symbols of the countries and peoples over which the new king and emperor reigns. On every side bands were playing patriotic music, and the din of cheering was continuous and overwhelming.

Procession From the Palace.

As the hour for the coronation approached the waiting thousands first saw the arrival of the gentlemen appointed to act as ushers during the ceremony. These were led by the earl marshal, the duke of Norfolk. Then the nobility entitled to seats in the Abbey began to come. Most of the peers and peeresses rode in state coaches that have been used by their families for many years. These carriages, repainted and regilded, were drawn by four horses apiece. Each was accompanied by outriders and footmen in gorgeous liveries stood on the rail behind. Each peer as he passed was greeted with cheers and often with familiar greetings that set the crowds off in roars of laughter, for even the solemnity of the occasion could not restrain the irreverent humor of the cockneys.



King George V.

Not all the nobility rode in coaches, however, for the king had permitted one violation of precedent and given permission for the use of automobiles by those who have discarded horses. This was done reluctantly, and there were not many motors cars in the long procession of vehicles.

The lord mayor and his suite, in their gorgeous robes and regalia, were the next to pass toward the Abbey.

King and Queen Appear.

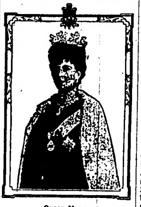
Now the bells of many churches pealed out, and the people knew the king and queen were coming. From the moment their majesties emerged from Buckingham palace there was a continuous roar of cheers that accompanied them all the way to the Abbey. Their approach was heralded by the king's bargemaster and twelve watermen, wearing quaint medieval tunics, knee breeches and stockings, all scarlet, with the crown and badges emblazoned in gold on their breasts, and wearing low buckled shoes and black velvet caps. Immediately behind them came the closed carriages of the royal party, every one drawn by splendid horses gorgeously caparisoned. Through the windows of the great lumbering state coach the people could get a glimpse of the king and queen.

Following their majesties rode the household troops and especially picked military bodies. Field Marshal Viscount Kitchener was at the head of the headquarters staff, as he was at the coronation of King Edward. In this part of the procession, too, rode many Indian princes and maharajahs and potentates of England's widely scattered dominions. Their splendid robes glittered with jewels and they added much to the magnificence of the parade. But the man who, next to the king, received the loudest and warmest applause was Lord Roberts, for the people love "Bobs" and their affectionate greetings almost made the grizzled hero of a hundred campaigns blush.

Arrival at the Abbey.

Waiting outside the west door of Westminster Abbey were the archbishops of Canterbury and York and a large number of bishops, and when the king and queen approached they first entered the church, followed immediately by the Prince of Wales and his suite. As the monarchs passed into the abbey the choir sang an anthem. Their majesties moved through the choir to the theater and after kneeling in prayer, seated themselves in the chairs of state.

The first action of the coronation service, the presentation of the king to the people for recognition, is a survival of ancient Teutonic usage. Accompanied by the great officers of state, the archbishop of Canterbury went to each side of the theater in turn, saying: "Sirs, I here present unto you King George, the undoubted king of this realm; wherefore, all you who are come this day to do your homage, are you willing to do the same?" The king meanwhile stood up by his chair and turned to each side, and the people acclaimed him with cries of "God save King George."



Queen Mary.

Then followed the litany, the communion service and a short sermon preached by the archbishop of York, after which the oath was administered to the king by the archbishop of Canterbury.

The Anointing and Coronation.

King George now was divested of his crimson robes by the lord great chamberlain and seated himself in the chair of King Edward I., which contains the ancient "stone of destiny." The dean of Westminster brought from the altar the golden ampulla and spoon, and the archbishop anointed him on the head, the breasts and the palms of both hands, and blessed him. The king was next invested with the colobium sindonis of fine linen and the supertunica of cloth of gold, his heels were touched with the golden spurs and the sword of state was girded upon him, after which the armill and robe royal of cloth of gold were put upon him. In turn, then, his majesty was given the orb, the king's ring, the glove and the two scepters.

All was ready now for the supreme act. The archbishop placed St. Edward's crown upon the altar and delivered a short prayer, and then, supported by the other clergy, placed the crown upon the king's head. At that instant the trumpets sounded, the congregation shouted "Long live King George" and the peers and kings of arms put on their coronets.

The inthronization was a handsome part of the ceremonies. The king was lifted up into his throne by the archbishops, the bishops and certain peers, and all the great officers and those who bore the swords, the scepters and other regalia grouped themselves about the steps of the throne. Next the princes and peers did their homage, led by the archbishop of Canterbury and the prince of Wales. Each of these and the premier duke, marquis, earl, viscount and baron kissed the king upon the cheek.

The anointing and crowning of Queen Mary was a short and simple ceremony. Following the example of Queen Alexandra, she was anointed on the head only. She was invested with the ring, was crowned by the archbishop of York and received the scepter and the ivory rod with the dove.

Few Americans in the Abbey.

Of all the Americans who have been attracted to London by the festivities of the coronation season, only a very few were admitted to the Abbey. These included President Taft's special ambassador, John Hays Hammond, and Mrs. Hammond; Maj. Gen. Greely and Rear Admiral Vreeland, representing the army and navy, and the latter's secretary; Ambassador Whitelaw Reid and Mrs. Reid and the attaches and secretaries of the embassy, Pierpont Morgan and less than a score of American women who married English peers.

One fact connected with the coronation was the subject of some amused comment: This was that King George, who is quite the reverse of a giant, had selected four of the shortest knights of the garter to hold the golden canopy over him during the anointing. They were the earl of Cadogan, Lord Roberts, Lord Elgin and Lord Rosebery. These four peers were the only ones arrayed in the gorgeous robes of the order of the garter.

BIG CONSPIRACY RUN TO EARTH

MAYOR OF CASS LAKE ARRESTED AS LEADER OF GANG OF DESPERATE CRIMINALS.

OFFICERS FIGHT ROBBERS

Whom They Surprise in the Act of Blowing a Safe.—Many Crimes of Arson and Robbery Charged to the Gang.

Bemidji. — A desperate gun fight between detectives, state officials and cracksmen, at midnight at Puposky, Minn., has precipitated a startling story of a campaign, in progress for a month, against a "fire gang," said to have been operating in wholesale arson and safeblowing in the northwest for three years past.

The leader of the gang, the officials assert, is Mayor D. T. Dumas of Cass Lake, one of the prominent men of northern Minnesota.

Two men are wounded, one a prisoner, the other trailed by blood from his injuries into the forest, and Dr. Dumas under arrest, as the moving genius of the cleverest crowd of safe robbers in the country, is the dramatic culmination of a clever piece of detective work staged here by J. C. Fielding, a Pinkerton man from Minneapolis.

The crisis of the episode which for thrills is scarcely outdone by the wild tales of Poe or by Stevenson's Dr. Jeckel and Mr. Hyde, came when two safe robbers, Mike, alias "Curley" Davis and "Billy" Bean, were trapped by the detectives while in the act of cracking a safe at Puposky, 18 miles north of here.

Dr. Dumas was released on $5,000 bail, signed by C. M. Johnson and Henry Mullon, merchants, and Albert Marshik, saloonkeeper, of Cass Lake.

Superintendent S. T. Fielding, of the St. Paul Pinkerton branch, Assistant State Fire Marshal Sam Fullerton and other detectives and officers, opened Dr. Dumas' safe, in his presence, at his office in Cass Lake and found six sticks of dynamite and four dynamite caps. Dr. Dumas, at liberty on bail, who hastened from the home of a patient, to give up the combination of the safe, so that an expert who had arrived from St. Paul would not have to blow it, joked at the discovery.

"The worst is yet to come," was his comment.

Pinkerton detectives have a stenographic report of what they claim to be the exact conversation taken by a Pinkerton stenographer of plans given the two robbers in the John Larson saloon here by Mayor Dumas of the Puposky robbery. While Dumas was telling his lieutenants what to do, a detective, it is claimed, was concealed within hearing distance, taking notes, other witnesses are said to have been present.

It is said that there were not less than four eye witnesses to the conference in the John Larson saloon here between Dumas and his alleged pals. It had been arranged, according to the detectives' story, that after the robbery the robbers were to take the stamps and money from the postoffice in a valise to the nearest point on the Minneapolis & International railroad, Turtle River, 18 miles north of Bemidji; that they were to proceed to Cass Lake on the Great Northern, and that they were to be met in Cass Lake by Dr. Dumas, to whom they were to give the stamps and other booty and to receive in return $300.

When discovered the robbers drew automatic revolvers, sending a volley at close quarters into the detectives and other officers, of whom there were seven, but without effect.

Detective Fielding had his men armed with shotguns loaded with duck shot and at the first bullet from the robbers gave the command to fire.

The report from half a dozen shotguns was the reply and one robber, Bean, fell in his tracks. His pal, Davis, sent twelve more bullets from his revolver toward Fielding and his men, but missed.

A charge from one of the shotguns then caught Davis in the side tearing open a great wound. With a curse, Davis broke and ran, leaving a trail of telltale blood. He dragged himself into the bushes of the forest and has not been captured at this hour, but his liberty is merely a question of time, as detectives are closing in on him. Bean, whose legs were shattered by the shot, was rushed to Bemidji on a special train and placed in jail.

Both Safecrackers.

Evidence is at hand showing that both these men are expert safecrackers and they are charged with having been the men who blew the safe at Minnetonka several months ago; also the one at St. Cloud and the one at Shevlin, in Clearwater county, twenty miles west of here, six weeks ago. Davis, the man who is still at large, has been identified as the man who shot and seriously wounded Deputy Sheriff Andrew Johnson on Thanksgiving day, 1909. Both Davis and Bean are said to face charges of murder, the former for shooting a policeman in Chicago.

The strangest and most surprising part of the story is that part which relates to Mayor Dumas. The mayor of Cass Lake, whose father lives in Minneapolis, has been highly respected as a leading physician and faithful public official. During the time that "Pussyfoot" Johnson was attempting to close all the saloons in the Indian country of the northern part of this state, in which Cass Lake is located, Mayor Dumas attained notoriety by warning the government that the property of the saloonkeepers of Cass Lake would be protected at the point of guns.

As a possible motive for a plot to discredit him with the people of his community they say that Dr. Dumas had made enemies during the three years of his administration as mayor. He was elected on a "wet" platform, but he has enforced the midnight closing and the Sunday liquor law and there have been many arrests in Cass Lake for liquor violation. His friends say he has antagonized certain elements since he went into office. They say he is the victim of a conspiracy and that they will stand by him. The ease with which he obtained bondsmen indicates that he will not be without friends in his fight to disprove the charges that have been made against him.

Many Men Wanted.

Men wanted for their alleged connection with the gang are Michael Davis, alias "Curley," who, according to the Pinkertons, has a long police record and has served more than one prison term; Martin Behan, who has been prominent in the International Bartenders' Union, with headquarters at Superior, Wis., and E. Le Claire. These men, going by descriptions, are supposed to have been identified with the various jobs that have been pulled off.

The investigation started with a fire April 29, which burned a vacant store at Blackduck, near Bemidji. The store had been owned by Clyde Bacon of Bemidji, but after the fire there was an attempt by Edwin and Edward Geralds, Bemidji saloonkeepers, to collect $2,000 insurance on the building. T. J. Miller of Bemidji, who wrote the policy, is local agent for the insurance company, of which Fenton C. Warner of St. Paul, former state oil inspector, is general agent. Warner was not satisfied with the case and asked for the investigation.

Many other cases of arson in northern Minnesota had convinced the authorities of the existence of a "gang," and Sam S. Fullerton, was appointed a deputy fire marshal May 18, for the express purpose of running down the gang.

Begins the Inquiry.

Fullerton began the investigation immediately. He found that the Blackduck building had been worth not to exceed $500. Holes had been burned in the walls, not less than twelve being found, and from some of these holes saturated lamp wicks twenty-four inches long protruded. Suspicious characters had been seen in the neighborhood during the day previous to the fire, but they disappeared that night. Satisfied that he was on the trail of the "fire gang," Fullerton called in the Pinkertons, and from that time worked with them. The detectives traced the movements of the men seen in Blackduck, finding that they had taken refuge next day in a roadhouse. From there they were traced to Cass Lake and to the office of Mayor Dumas.

Mayor Dumas' office safe was found, the detectives say, to be a storehouse for safe blowing paraphernalia. They say it was practically filled with such stuff, including nitroglycerin, soap, fuses, drills, marked maps, and revolvers of a peculiar pattern, heavy Colts with wooden handles and incriminating letters found in the safe.

Was a Star Athlete.

Dr. Dumas is the son of a prominent Minneapolis business man and was raised there.

At South high school Dr. Dumas was the star quarterback of the football team and was captain in 1897. He also was on the track and baseball teams and was an officer in his class. He graduated in 1898. The following fall he entered the school of medicine at the university, where he remained two years. In the fall of 1900 Dr. Dumas went to Chicago and entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, where he graduated in 1902. He practiced medicine in Minneapolis for a few years, and went to Cass Lake about six years ago.

Norwegian to Finance Antarctic Trip.

Christiania, Norway. — It is announced that Pedro Christophersen, a Norwegian in business in the Argentine Republic, has agreed to finance Capt. Roald Amundsen's Antactic expedition to the extent of $50,000.

Would Better Rural Life.

Ithaca, N. Y. — Prof. Liberty Hyde Bailey, dean of Cornell College of Agriculture, will make an extensive tour of the northwestern states during October and November in the interest of country life improvement. Professor Bailey will investigate the country schools and their environment, as well as the soil, condition of crops and the domestic life of farmers. Starting in Minnesota, he will make his way to the coast. Dean Bailey was a member of the Roosevelt country life commission.

LOCKED IN HIS VAULT.

Robbers Maltreat County Treasurer at Lawrence, Kan.

Lawrence, Kansas. — While Deputy County Treasurer Eddy was at work on the books in his office in the Douglas county courthouse a stranger held him at the point of a revolver, taking $2,200 in currency which lay on the desk. The robber locked Eddy in the vault, and it was an hour or more before he could attract the attention of passersby.

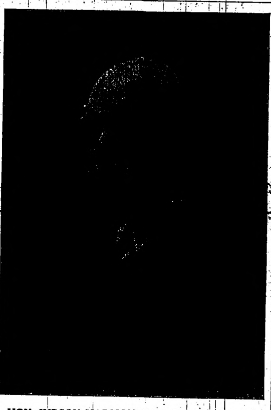
COMPARISON OF GOVERNOR HARMON'S AND GOV. WILSON'S LEGISLATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS

Columbus, O., June.—Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio, and Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, both considered Democratic presidential timber from coast to coast, have impressive programs of legislation to their credit.

Both met with opposition in their party ranks when they championed pending measures and both made fights to obtain legislation they believed the people wanted and needed. Governor Harmon won out over greater obstacles, for an investigation resulted in bribery charges being filed against several legislators, who had been opposing his bills. Most of the important legislation in Ohio came after the bribery charges were filed. By persistent pounding and hammering, Governor Wilson succeeded in pulling his reform bills through the New Jersey legislature.

Governor Wilson's legislative achievements are better known outside his native state than are Governor Harmon's, for the reason the latter has been tied down in Columbus by a long session which ended only last Wednesday. The New Jersey law-makers finished their work two months ago, and their accomplishments have been advertised throughout the United States.

Under the guidance of Governor Harmon the general assembly enacted 17 important bills that the enlightened citizens had been pleading for in vain for several decades. Governor Wilson's legislative program, as widely advertised, includes bills.



HON. JUDSON HARMON, GOVERNOR OF OHIO

The Harmon Bills.

The big bills on the Harmon program are:

The Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Placing the Ohio judiciary beyond the clutches of party bosses by electing all judges on non-partisan ballots.

An employers' liability act making provisions for all injured workmen from a fund made up by contributions by employers and employes.

A public utility commission with authority to regulate issues of stock, rates, mergers and service.

A corrupt practices act that will make vote buying in primaries and elections a dangerous undertaking.

A limited initiative and referendum for Ohio cities.

A central board of control for 19 state institutions to take the place of 19 separate boards of trustees with their corps of employes. This bill places subordinate employes in the institutions under civil service.

A shorter ballot by abolishing boards of infirmary directors of three members each, in every county of the state and turning their duties over to the county commissioners making a large saving. A reform of Ohio election laws to prevent corruption and fraud, also a strict system of registration to prevent floaters voting.

To have delegates to the 1912 Ohio constitutional convention nominated by petition only and elected on non-partisan ballots.

A back-to-the-farm movement by requiring agriculture to be taught in all Ohio village and country schools.

Ratification of the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution.

Memorializing congress to call a convention to provide for the direct election of United States senators.

Insuring the honest handling of all state money by depositing in banks under the competitive bidding plan.

A complete reformation of tax laws that will put tax dodgers out of business and will compel corporations and owners of intangible property that have been dodging taxes to place their holdings on the duplicate [illegible] included in this is a maximum one per cent tax levy limit bill.

Providing for the construction of a women's reformatory and placing all girls in the state correctional institutions under the control of women.

The Wilson Bills.

The big bills in the legislative program of Governor Wilson, as set forth by one close to that executive include:

A corrupt practices act.

Public utilities bill.

Employers' liability bill.

The commission form of government in cities desiring it by a 50 per cent majority vote, including the initiative, referendum and recall.

An election reform bill providing for personal registration and an identification system in addition to the non-partisan blanket ballot, of the Massachusetts type.

Civil service for election of officers.

A primary bill providing for direct nomination and election of all officials, including delegates to the national convention and United States senators—a more drastic measure than the Oregon plan.

A law placing New Jersey on record as ready to aid in building a ship canal that will serve as a connecting link between the two most populous districts of the American continent.

A law that will protect the New Jersey public from the abuses of the cold storage companies.

When Democratic legislators jumped the party traces and refused to stand for any of these bills, both Governor Wilson and Governor Harmon disregarded party ties and went over to the Republican side and got sufficient votes to have them enacted.

In his message to the Ohio general assembly demanding the enactment of pending measures, Governor Harmon, in addition to the bills in his legislative program enumerated above, advocated the abolition of the party emblem in purely municipal elections; smaller city councils, with a large part of whom elected at large; the nomination by state wide primary elections of all who are in any way to act for or represent the state officially or politically and the non-partisan nomination of judges. The general assembly, however, disregarded Governor Harmon's suggestion with respect to the last four bills.

A Record of Progressiveness.

Judson Harmon has been called a conservative and this is true if conservatism means one who does not suddenly rip up governmental machinery without first constructing a new and better driving power to succeed the old.

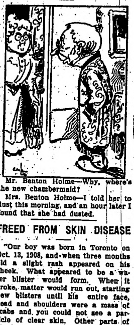
A non-partisan judiciary bill which will place all judges beyond the domain of politics, a working men's compensation act and a public utilities bill are among the big measures on the Harmon legislative program that Ohioans claim are far in advance of any such legislation in the United States.

After the Ohio general assembly adjourned Lieutenant Governor Nichols issued a statement in which he said: "It is an undeniable fact that the present general assembly has a legislative record to its credit, of a beneficent nature unequaled by any legislature that has convened since the adoption of our present constitution in 1851.

"The enactment of these several laws is the work of accomplishment of Governor Harmon, secured by persistent and tireless effort without anything of the spectacular or theatrical. Obstacles of a seemingly insurmountable nature were encountered—only to be finally overcome—and the fruits of victory cannot be withheld from Governor Harmon.

"In his work thus set forth and accomplished he was obstructed at every turn by a strong and powerful minority—whose constant efforts seemed to be to prevent the passage [illegible]

TOOK HER AT HER WORD.



Mr. Benton Holme—Why, where's the new chambermaid?

Mrs. Benton Holme—I told her to dust this morning, and an hour later I found that she had dusted.

FREED FROM SKIN DISEASE

"Our boy was born in Toronto on Oct. 13, 1908, and when three months old a slight rash appeared on his cheek. What appeared to be a water blister would form. When it broke, matter would run out, starting new blisters until his entire face, head and shoulders were a mass of scabs and you could not see a particle of clear skin. Other parts of his body were affected, but not to such an extent. We tried about every advertised remedy without avail, indeed some of them only added to his suffering and one in particular, the ——— Remedy, almost put the infant into convulsions. The family doctor prescribed for him and told us to bathe the baby in buttermilk. This did not do any good, so we took him to a hospital. He was treated as an out-patient twice a week and he got worse, if anything. We then called in another doctor and inside of a week the boy was, to all appearances, cured and the doctor said his work was done. But the very next day it broke out as bad as ever.

"We decided that it could not be cured and must run its course and so we just kept his arms bandaged to his side to prevent his tearing his flesh. We left Toronto and shortly after our arrival in Duluth, the Cuticura Remedies were recommended. We started using them in May, 1909, and soon the cure was complete. You would not think he was the same child for Cuticura made his skin perfectly clear and he is entirely free from the skin disease. There has been no return this time. We still use only Cuticura Soap for baby's bath. Robert Mann, Proctor, Minn., May 3, 1910."

The Worth of the Voice.

How wonderful is the human voice! It is indeed the organ of the soul! The intellect of man sits enthroned visibly upon his forehead and in his eye, and the heart of man is written upon his countenance. But the soul reveals itself in the voice only; as God revealed himself to the prophet of old in the still, small voice, and in the voice from the burning bush. The soul of man is audible, not visible. A sound alone betrays the flowing of the eternal fountain, invisible to man.—Longfellow: Hyperion.

When Fate Mocks.

"Too bad about Joe."

"What's the matter?"

"He sprained his arm and they are afraid he can never pitch again, so his folks are going to make a doctor or something of that sort out of him."

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN

Women suffering from any form of illness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.

E. B. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

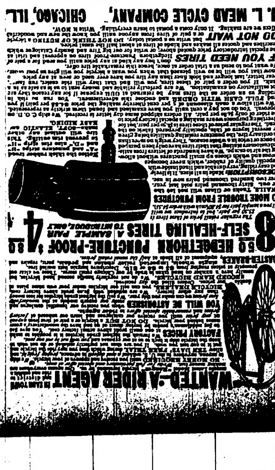
In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Fvery fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.

B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.



WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 24, 1911.

The new state olemargarine law will go into effect July 1. The law not only prohibits the sale of colored oleomargarine in any form or manner but permits the sale of uncolored oleomargarine only when the customer has full knowledge of what he is getting.

Marshall, Pennington and Roseau counties comprise the 36th district of the state for road making purposes under the Dunn road law. Asso on as an engineer is appointed he will be ready to give any advice and help direct in the building of roads anywhere within this area.—Warren Sheaf.

Doran, Wilkin county, will have the first consolidated rural school to be organized under the new Holmberg law. A report of the action has been received by State Superintendent C G. Schulz. Three districts will form the new district, which was approvd by a vote of fifty-five to thirteen, and a four-room school house will be erected at once.

For some time there has been much said and written about the seventeen year locust. If this little animal came here with the intention of doing any damage they certainly received a wet reception. The heavy rains of the past month no doubt put a damper on their activities, and no doubt got such a set back that we have nothing to fear from them this year.

The amount of dynamite required to blow out a stump varies with the size and kind of stump, the age of the stump, and the kind and condition of soil. A green stump requires nearly double the amount of dynamite to remove that would be required after the same stump had stood a few years. For this reason it is advisable to use the land for pasture for a time after the timber has been removed before attempting to remove the stumps.—Minn. Bulletin.

If the goverment pays nine cents a pound to railroads for hauling the mails, as President Taft says, then it pays them nine times as much as the express companies pay the railroads, for the express companies charge the papers and magazines from one-half to one cent a pound for hauling them on the same trains as the mail is carried. Perhaps it is by carrying express so much less than they pay the railroads is the reason the express companies declare such large dividends. When Postmaster General Hitchcock says that $9,000,000 a year can be saved to the postoffice department by readjusting the payments to railroads for carrying mail he is getting down to the real meat of the postoffice problem and is justifying all that newspapers have been saying for years.

Summer Training School at Red Lake Falls

The Red Lake county summer school for teachers will commence June 26 and will continue five weeks. There will be a session six days in the week but the classes will be finished at 1:20 each day. Since it would be impossible for both Red Lake and Pennington counties to get each a summer school Supt. Mostue desires that the teachers of Pennington county attend at Red Lake Falls. This is a happy arrangement, and it is hoped that many teachers of Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire will attend. It is anticipated that Pennington county will have a training school next year and the teachers of Red Lake county will attend.

J. A. Soderstrom, superintendent of the Sleepy Eye schools, will be the conductor of the school. He will be assisted by Supt. L. V. Koos of the Red Lake Falls school, Miss Edith B. Whitney of St. Cloud, and Miss Elizabeth Burbank of Fergus Falls.

The state teachers' examination will be held immediately at the close of the school, Aug. 1, 2, and 3.

Expensive Patriotism

Independence day is coming, the day of powder, poisoning and lockjaw; the day of hospitals, ambulances, mutilation, fire, and death.

The idea of the safe and sane celebration of July 4 is becoming more popular as the people generally fully appreciate the awful life and property loss that is entailed each year by the careless handling and sale of the deadly firecracker. When the absolute prohibition of the use and sale of this instrument of suffering and death, to say nothing of the property destroyed each year valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars, is accomplished in our state and nation, a grateful populace will have cause to give thanks, and meanwhile they can only hope and pray that the annual sacrifice can be kept down to the minimum.

In the mad scramble for the dollar the average American has gotten away from the educational significance of Independence day, and the more sensational and hazardous the amusement the louder are the plaudits of certain classes of the people. It is perhaps too much to expect a complete return to sanity in a year or two, but the business man and patriotic citizen in all the larger centers of population are taking more urgent steps each year to prevent this annual loss of life and property sacrificed in the name of a patriotic demonstration. Many of the cities and villages have taken steps looking toward the complete prohibition of the sale and use of fireworks of any kind, and the state fire marshal department of Minnesota asks the co-operation of all municipal authorities and patriotic citizens of the state to the end that the expensive nuisance may be abated.

A striking illustration of what concerted effort along this line will accomplish is shown by the experience of Washington, D C. In the year 1908 fireworks were sold in that city on July 4, and 104 people, young and old, were placed in the various hospitals. In the year 1909 the sale and use was prohibited, and not one person was taken to any hospital in the city. The experience of the capital city of the nation certainly demonstrates that satisfactory results can be obtained.

The following statistics, covering a period of eight years, will be of especial interest, demonstrating the necessity of the cooperation of the private citizen and public official to suppress this menace to life and property.

Year	Dead	Wounded	Total
1903	466	3,393	3,859
1904	183	3,986	4,169
1905	182	4,994	5,176
1906	158	5,308	5,466
1907	164	4,249	4,413
1908	183	5,460	5,623
1909	215	5,307	5,522
1910	131	2,923	3,054
	1,662	35,620	37,282

Independence day of 5911 is coming, and how many are to be slaughtered? To what city, town, mother, or father, is it the year to bring sorrow or suffering the day after?

Chapter 28, general laws of 1907, regulates the size of firecracker and prohibits the use of blank cartridge firearms as follows:

"Section 1. Every person who shall manufacture, use, sell, or keep for sale within this state any blank cartridge revolver or other blank cartridge firearms, blank cartridges, caps containing dynamite, and fire crackers exceeding three inches in length and exceeding one-half of an inch in diameter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

Village authorities and city councils will be doing the public a signal service if they will forthwith pass an ordinance absolutely prohibiting the use and sale of these goods.

C. E. KELLER,
State Fire Marshal.

Petit Jurors

Following is a list of petit jurors to serve at the term of district court which convenes in Thief River Falls next Monday. No grand jury is necessary.

Wm. Buckman, Sr., Deer Park.
H. K. Jacobson, Numedahl.
Nels Berg, Thief River Falls.
Ole C. Moen, Thief River Falls.
P. Lundberg, St. Hilaire.
W. H. Quist, Thief River Falls.
L. J. Foss, Thief River Falls.
J. R. Larson, Wyandotte.
C. Urdahl, Goodrich.
Carl Eig, Star.
N. K. Anderson, Sanders.
August Kraus, Sanders.
P. O. Stevens, Numedal.
Henry Olson, St. Hilaire.
S. Kennison, Thief River Falls.
W. A. Bishop, Thief River Falls.
A. Thorson, North.
Albert Mosby, Norden.
C. M. Evenson, Thief River Falls.
Frank Lundeen, Deer Park.
O. W. Brink, St. Hilaire.
L. O. Robertson, Thief River Falls.
O. O. Reiersgaard, Mayfield.
E. K. Aasen, Thief River Falls.

Creamery Statement for May

From the St. Hilaire Cooperative Creamery association:

Total cream received, lbs.	89,965
Total amount of butter fat, lbs.	21,383
Price paid to patrons for butter fat, per pound	23½c
RECEIPTS.	
Total amount received for butter	$5,049.20
Total amount received for cream shipped	398.26
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons by check	$4,891.78
Paid patrons by butter, salt, cement, and oil	64.70
Paid into sinking fund	75.16
expense	415.82

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

This Explains the Matter

Stillwater, Minn., June 1, 1911.
To Our Agents:

A rumor has come to us that our opposition are circulating the report that we will not be in position to supply you with needed repairs for Stillwater binders and mowers.

We wish to advise you that our entire force have been bending every effort to get out the original manufacturing order of binders and mowers, and the trade being so heavy, we have decided to increase by as many machines as we had material to build, and have increased the number of mowers by several hundred.

Today we are turning the manufacturing department into the making of repairs, and will, during this month, ship you a necessary supply.

You may promise your customers that you will be supplied in ample time with such repairs as in the judgment of our superintendent may possibly be needed.

Thanking you for the business you have given us, and assuring you that your interest is ours and that we will make good our promise to take care of you both as regards the repairs and expert assistance, we remain,

Most sincerely yours,
MINNESOTA STATE PRISON,
S. D. Porter,
Industrial Manager

GETS MINNEAPOLIS POSITION.

Carrie Olson, who just graduated from Dakota Business College of Fargo, has accepted a fine position as bookkeeper for the Pillsbury Mills, making the second pupil with the firm. "To get the best positions, you see, you must attend the D. B. C."

Beat Solomon a Mile.

She—That's Mr. Osborn over there. He married a million He—You don't say! Well that beats Solomon to a frazzle.—Boston Transcript.

Gain has oft with treacherous hopes led men to ruin.—Sophocles.

Not Conceited.

She—All men are conceited. He—Not all. I see a man every day who is not conceited. She—Where? He—In the mirror.

Equalized.

The larynx of man is twice the size on an average of the same organ in woman, although this disproportion is equalized by the fact that woman uses her larynx a little more than twice as much as man.

Go to
Holmes Bros.
For your
Deering
Harvesting
Machinery
A full line of
Extras
Always on hand

Hearing on Judicial Ditch

A hearing on proposed judicial ditch No. 25 is on before Judge Griddeladd today. Said ditch effects a large number of farmers in the counties of Polk, Marshall, Red Lake and Pennington, about 200 people being present in the court room to voice their opinions for or against the construction of the ditch. There appears to be very strong odpsition to the ditch and that being the case its establishment is doubtful.—Warren Sheaf.

Gophers at Red Lake Falls

The "Gophers" made a very pleasant trip to Red Lake Falls last Sunday, at which place they crossed bats with the Red Lake Falls first team. Although losing the game by a score of 9 to 4, they acquitted themselves creditably and have profited by the knowledge gained from being pitted against a better team and one of longer experience.

The Gophers conduct themselves gentlemanly on as off the ball field and are a credit to our town. They are determined and with more experience and a closer attention to detail and finish of play will become a formidable team and one hard for any team to tackle. They are right back at work and all vote that the Red Lake boys are princes of the first water and look forward with pleasure to the next game with the Red Lake Falls boys.

Some Prices

17 lbs. granulated sugar	$1.00
7 bars Santa Claus soap	.25
100 " " "	3.45
Arm and Hammer soda	7c
Quaker oats, box	20c
Molasses, 1 gallon	30c
Prunes, 3 lbs. for	25c

At OLE MATHISON'S.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard heat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. Dahl
Clerk	Arthur Hall
Trustees	R. J. McKircher Henry Olson A. R. Jones
Treasurer	B. E. Burkee
Marshal	Henry Jackson
Assessor	O. H. Peters
Constable	A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace	O. H. Peters K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health	Dr. O. Swanson Daniel Patterson Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. Wilson
Clerk	K. O. Gigstad
Directors	Daniel Patterson Dr. C. Swanson H. O. Jackson

Free to the Civic Celebration

Suit Free Pressed Bring Coupon No. 1 Skirt Free Pressed

Just keep our tailors busy and so that you may get acquainted with our method to please you, any lady or gentleman can have their suit pressed free.

Rush, the tailor,
30 S. 5th St.
Minneapolis, Minn.

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
Sunday school at 2 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—No services tomorrow.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible]—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 1[illegible] meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 1[illegible], Passenger, leaves 10:25 a. m
" [illegible], Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 1[illegible], Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" [illegible], Freight, " 2:15 "

No. [illegible] makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	88
" " 2 "	85
" " 3 "	80
Flax, No. 1	$1.77
" " 2	1.67
Barley, for 50 lbs	37
Oats	35
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	9
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Santa Claus soap for $3.50 a box at M. R. Hage's.

John P. Olson of Rainy River is visiting his sister, Mrs. Henry Kalland.

Misses Gertrude and Mildred Hooper visited Thief River Falls Wednesday.

H. G. Dobner of Thief River Falls was in town Wednesday for a short visit.

A. S. Wilson was attending to bussiness matters in Thief River Falls Thursday.

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder please return to this office and receive $1.00 reward.

Rev. Frank Larson went to Newfolden yesterday, where he will hold services tomorrow.

Miss Effie Hanson went Thursday to Crookston for a few days' visit with her sister, Miss Ida.

Mrs. Hans Wilson and Miss Louise returned Thursday from a visit to friends at Red Lake Falls.

Miss Worden of Fisher came over Thursday and went out to Anton A. Aubol's to be present at the wedding today.

Cornell Aubol arrived Thursday from Saco, Mont., where he has a ranche, to attend the wedding of his sister.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday July 9, at 10:45 a.m.

M. C. Burns of Thief River Falls arrived in town Tuesday and will remain here a while selling machinery to farmers.

Little Misses Elizabeth Johnson and Lulu Anderson returned Wednesday from a visit to Thief River Falls.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Thursday evening July 6, at the home of Mrs. Martin Hanson east of St. Hilaire.

E. O. Wasness and family of Aneta, N. D. have been guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. George Bakko Mrs. Wasness and Mrs. Bakko are sisters.

The Red Lake Falls "Huskeys" came over Tuesday and crossed bats with the St. Hilaire "Outlaws." The game resulted in score of 11 to 16, favor of the home boys.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

The annual midsummer picnic of the Swedish Lutheran Black River church will be held at Oscar Lindquist's in sec. 12 of Polk Center Saturday, June 24, begining at 1 p. m. All are welcome

G W. Hooper was out west Wednesday and had a love feast with the farmers out there. He took sixteen new subscribers to his telephone system. The meeting was held at C. A. Melin's place.

Elliott lives at Ogden, Iowa at present Write him there.

Between trains on Thursday Miss Esther Nelson entertained the C. O. E. of Red Lake Falls. Those present were were: Pitila Paul, Florence Cyr, Odelia Dubuque. Lea Chatel, Lucie Crompe, Mary and Diana Baril.

At a special meeting of the firemen Tuesday evening the following were elected delegates to attend the tournament at Ada July 4, 5. and 6: Morris Lasalle, Tom Hovet, Wm. Olson. Alternates, Sever Skattum and John Hooper.

Friends in this city have received invitations to attend the wedding on Tuesday, June 20, at Lillo, of Miss Maggie Short of that place to Mr. James Alrick of Plummer. After their marriage they will go to housekeeping at Plummer, where the groom represents the Bertram Wright Lbr. Co., and the Hanson & Barzen Milling company, and where he has erected a cosy little home.—Thief River Times.

County Attorney Stanton was down from Thief River Falls Thursday and advised with members of the village council in regard to punishing parties for the alleged illegal sale of intoxicants. Mr. Stanton was averse to taking any action and so advised the council. The only proposition he had to offer was to take a bottle of "malt" to St. Paul and have it analyzed, some time in July. There is talk of engaging the services of a good attorney to push the matter for the council.

The mosquito crop is good this season.

Miss Ida Kalland, was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

R. L. Hauge went last evening to Halstad to attend the annual meeting.

S. J. Amble returned yesterday from a business trip in North Dakota.

A pleasant ice cream party was held at the Washington Adams place Wednesday evening.

Mrs Burkee, Mrs. Walin and Miss Josie Gigstad visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

Miss Ada Olson, who has been with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Olson. for a few days returned Friday to Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

Herman Tysseling of Oskaloosa Iowa, came yesterday to visit his cousin Henry Tysseling over Sunday.

I have on hand 1000 feet of Dodd and Struthers lightning rods and will be glad to get your order.

N. A. NELSON.

Mr. and Mrs. K. O. Hovet left Tuesday for their home at Buxton, N. D., after a week's visit with their son Tom Hovet, and family.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the eastside school house Sunday July 9, at 7:45 p. m.

Emil Salachek, the Thief River house mover and well driller, is busy moving J. S. Roy's large barn onto a new location.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde returned yesterday from St. Paul, where he attended the annual meeting of the United Lutheran church.

Misses Myrtle Blaine, Agnes Burkee, and Grace Hall picnic-ed on the lawn near the mill office last Sunday afternoon.

Landman Elliott was in town Wednesday autoing with a party of land lookers from Iowa and took dinner at the Central hotel.

The adjuster for the Continental Fire Insurance company was in town Monday and settled the loss for Mrs. Hendrickson's barn at $150.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening July 14, at the home of Mrs. Herman Nelson north of town.

H. M. Babcock left last evening for a visit to his family in Minneapolis. Miss Olga Swanson will preside at the drug store during his absence.

There will be a Mission meeting in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday July 15, at 8 p. m. and Sunday July 16 at 10:30 p. m., 2:30 p. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Miss Ruth Hoff who has been a guest at the home of her brother, Martin Hoff. returned Wednesday to her home at Adams, N. D.

The Norwegian United Lutheran Ladies' Aid will meet with meet with Mrs. Fred Soderberg next Wednesday afternoon, June 28.

John Achenback, foreman of the log drivers, went Wednesday to his home at Bemidji. The drive is apparently hung up for the present for lack of water.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening July 7, at the home of Mrs. Marcus Miller of Black River.

Hoken Johnson of Red Lake Falls anh Jack Kiewel of Crookston autoed into town Tuesday. In alighting from the auto Mr. Johnson sustained a sad accident which resulted in the loss of much valuable (?) property.

Cornor Swanson drove yesterday to Erie, twenty-five miles east of Thief River Falls, to investigate the circumstances of a death. Whether it was an accident, a suicide, or a murder we have not learned.

The Young People (and the old ones too) of the Swedish Lutheran church meet at the home of N. A. Nelson Sunday, July 2, at 8 p. m., instead of the usual service in the church. All are cordially invited.

The Epworth League will hold their regular monthly devotional meeting June 25, at 7 p m. The following topics will be considered: "Giving a Convincing Testimony." "Local Charities, the Proof of Faith" "True Wisdom." Christian Education." special music. A cordial invitation extended to all interested.

Mike McAndress is shipping a car of hogs today.

Mr. and Mrs. Lars J. Hauge of Halstad visited his uncle, R. L. Hauge, and other friends this week.

Miss Caroline Miller of Watkins, Minn., was an over Sunday visitor at the Hooper home.

Misses Esther and Edith Johnson of Red Lake Falls were guests at the Hooper home Tuesday.

Misses Lizzie Jacobson and Nora Swanson attended the ice cream party at Washington Adams' Thursyd evening.

Today at 2 o'clock occurs the wedding of August L. Rolland and Miss Effie Aubol at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Aubol.

The M. E. Industrial club will have a picnic social July fourth on the lawn near the lumber office. Chicken dinner will be served, ice cream and cake will also be served at the same time place.

Salem Magean was accompanied this week by Mrs. Magean, Miss Rose Ashland and Mr. Emery Sampson of Crookston, who went out to see the dredge in operation. The party were entertained at dinner yesterday by Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hooper.

The stockholders of the Farmers' Elevator association held their annual meeting yesterday. All the officers were reelected, as follows: Ed Enright, pres.; J. S. Roy, vice pres.; R. J. McKercher, sec.; N. E. Beebe, treas., N. K. Anderson, J. B. Gotis, Henry Starken, directors.

Camp "Hobble Bug"

A jolly party of St. Hilaire young people pitched their tents at Horse Shoe bend for a few days of real camp life the latter part of last week and report a splendid time fishing, swimming, rafting and shooting. The camp was christened "Hobble Bug."

The party consisted of, Misses Hazel Wilson, Marie Hooper, Agnes Burkee, Grace Hall, Cleo Amble, Mable Lutvig, Mrs. Lang and daughter Vivian, and Messrs. James Amble, Harold Holmes, Lawrence Wilson, Hans Falstad, and Frank Grundy and Carl Kretschmar of Thief River Falls. The party was chaperoned by Mrs. Amble.

REMEMBER OUR
REDUCTION SALE
CLOSES JULY 5
LAZAR & LAZAR

HARNESS : SHOP

Come in and see our best line of Dusters and Fly Nets, single and double Driving Harness, and heavy Team Harness. The best line of Harness that money can buy.

Repairing of Buggy Seats and Cushions a specialty.

Carl : A. : Krueger

ON THE CREST
Of the Wave of Popularity rides
Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Get in the swim! Reach for it!
Theo. Hamm Brew'g Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

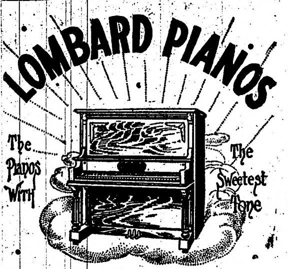
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN WIS.

Spectator [illegible]

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

- See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving, to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Eradicates scrofula and all other humors, cures all their effects, makes the blood rich and abundant, strengthens all the vital organs. Take it.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Perhaps.

"Why did Humpty Dumpty sit on the wall?"

"He probably thought he could hold it down."

A magazine poet refers to a baby in the house as a wellspring of pleasure. According to his theory triplets would be a deluge.

Garfield Tea will set the liver right, correct constipation, cleanse the system, purify the blood and clear the complexion.

A self-made man? Yes, and worships his creator.—Henry Clapp.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

Chas H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 123 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

N. W. N. U., NO. 25-1911.

First Aid.

George Ade, at a luncheon in Chicago, paid a gallant compliment to a well-known actress.

The actress wore a harem skirt of the new flame color and Mr. Ade said to her:

"It is pretty. And what an odd color it is! Tell me the name of the color."

"Flamme de Vesuve—flame of Vesuvius," the actress answered.

"Be jabers," said Mr. Ade, "ye make a vurry purty crater."

Tea Time in Chile.

Either tea or yerba mate is served in Chile at 4:00 p. m., not only in the homes but at clubs, restaurants and hotels, and many business houses. A cup of tea and a roll or small cake in the club or hotel cost from eight to twelve cents United States gold, while the business houses serve it free rather than have the clerks leave their work or go out for it.

Free to Our Readers.

Write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago for 48-page Illustrated Eye Book Free. Write all about Your Eye Trouble and they will advise as to the Proper Application of the Murine Eye Remedies in Your Special Case. Your Druggist will tell you that Murine Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and sells for 50c. Try It in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

Outdone.

Willis—I'm raising 500 chickens on a five-foot lot.

Gillis—That's nothing. You ought to see the relatives my wife is taking care of in our flat.—Puck.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, aching feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Refuse substitutes. For FREE trial package, address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

In this world one must be a little too kind to be kind enough.—Marivaux.

The Herb laxative, Garfield Tea, overcomes constipation, giving freedom from sick-headache and bilious attacks.

To apprehend contempt is to have deserved it already.—Pierre Loti.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

God pays, but not every Saturday.—Alphonse Karr.

Take Garfield Tea to regulate the liver and overcome constipation.

Friendship is one soul in two bodies.—Diogenes.

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

[illegible]

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

GIVES MANUFACTURERS' GAIN.

Mankato and Stillwater Show Healthy Growth in Census Period.

Washington.—A preliminary statement of the general results of the thirteenth United States census of manufacturers of the city of Mankato shows increases as follows: 37 per cent in the number of salaried officials and clerks; 26 per cent in the salaries and wages; 17 per cent in the number of establishments; 11 per cent in the value added by manufacture; 11 per cent in the average number of wage earners employed during the year; 9 per cent in the value of products; and 8 per cent in the cost of materials used.

The decreases were 38 per cent in the miscellaneous expenses and less than 1 per cent in the capital invested.

There were 63 establishments in 1909, as compared with 54 in 1904; an increase of 9, or 17 per cent.

The value of products in 1909 was $3,723,000, and $3,422,000 in 1904; an increase of $301,000, or 9 per cent. The average per establishment was approximately $59,000 in 1909, and about $64,000 in 1904.

The value of products represents their selling value or price at the plants as actually turned out by the factories during the census year.

A summary for Stillwater, shows increases as follows: 16 per cent in the capital invested, 11 per cent in the cost of material used, and 5 per cent in the number of establishments. There were decreases in all the other items.

There were 38 establishments in 1909, as compared with 36 in 1904, an increase of 2, or 5 per cent. The value of products in 1909 was $2,886,000 and $2,784,000 in 1904, a decrease of $98,000, or 4 per cent.

FIREMEN END BIG MEETING.

Akeley Tournament Ends With Confetti Night.

Akeley.—The seventeenth and most successful tournament of the Northern Minnesota Firemen's Association ended with confetti night. The tournament will be held at Coleraine.

The combination hook and ladder race was won by Grand Rapids in 26⅗ seconds, with Park Rapids second in :27⅗ and Akeley third in :29 flat.

In a special 100-yard dash Pierce of Park Rapids defeated Thomas of Coleraine in a closely contested race. Time—10⅗ seconds.

The wet test race was won by Akeley in 37⅗ seconds, Grand Rapids second in :40 and Coleraine third in :41.

The wet test race was one of the most technical races of the tournament.

Akeley defeated the Park Rapids baseball team by a score of 7 to 1.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: A. L. Peterson, Coleraine, president; Overt Sunsted, secretary; Walter Luff, Akeny, treasurer; George Riddle, Grand Rapids, and Byron Knapp, Park Rapids, vice-presidents.

JAMES P. KNOTT DIES.

Made Duluth Famous as "Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas."

Lebanon, Kentucky.—James Proctor Knott, former governor of Kentucky and prominent for many years in congress, died at his home in this city, aged 82 years. Mr. Knott had been enfeebled and partially blind for several years. Mr. Knott was admitted to the bar in 1851 and took up the practice of law at Memphis, Mo., where he resided until 1862.

He was elected a member of the Missouri legislature in 1858 and was attorney general for that state from 1859 until 1862. He was elected to congress from Kentucky in 1867 and served one term. In 1877 he was again elected to congress and served another term. From 1882 until 1887 he was governor of Kentucky.

During his term in congress he was regarded as one of the ablest speakers on the Democratic side and while speaking against a subsidy for a railroad to Duluth, Minn., he referred to that city as "the zenith city of the unsalted seas,"—an expression which became famous the country over.

His widow survives him.

APPENDICITIS PROVES FATAL.

New York, N. Y. — Assistant Civil Engineer Robert S. Furber, U. S. N., 28 years old, died at the naval hospital while undergoing an operation for appendicitis.

Lieutenant Furber was a graduate of the Naval academy at Annapolis, class of 1905. His home was in Minneapolis, where his mother, Mrs. Katherine Furber, now resides.

BREN INVESTIGATION.

Is Resumed by the State Public Examiners at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis. — The grand jury has resumed its investigation of the case of Joseph D. Bren, former acting treasurer at the state university, who is charged with the larceny of $12,826 of the university funds entrusted to him. The investigation was continued in order to give expert accountants, who are going over Mr. Bren's accounts, more time in which to prepare their evidence.

Findling Arrested by St. Paul Police.

Minneapolis.—Ben Findling, sought by the Minneapolis police for three weeks on the charge of murder in the third degree for having caused the death of an 8-year-old boy, was arrested in St. Paul. Findling made a sensational escape from the city jail a few hours before his victim died. The boy's name was Leo Donahue. He was lured to a barn and attacked by a man. Findling was captured and taken before the boy, who declared the prisoner was the one who attacked him.

"GOPHER DEITZ" NOT GUILTY.

Water Hen Homesteader May Be Tried on Other Charges.

Hibbing. — Peter Vorbanich, the "Minnesota John Deitz," was found not guilty by the jury in the district court. Edward Boyle, second assistant county attorney, handled the case for the state and he is unable to give any information for publication as to whether the defendant would be tried on any further charges or not.

The indictment tried and upon which he was found not guilty was that of assault in the first degree. Another like charge and that of resisting an officer is also on the criminal calendar for the defendant to answer.

The chief point of the defense was that the two sheriffs, Fred Magie and George King caught hold of Mrs. Vorbanich and threw her upon the ground in an attempt to handcuff her, and that it was only when Vorbanich heard her screams for helps, that he dropped his work in the field and rushed to her assistance with a pitchfork. He claims that the sheriff did not show their badges, although they claim they did.

FIREMEN'S TOURNEY JULY 4-6.

Northwestern Association Will Meet at Ada.

Ada.—The seventeenth annual tournament of the Northwestern Firemen's association will be held in this city July 4, 5 and 6. H. Thune, president, and E. J. Herringer, secretary of the association, both residents of Ada, have prepared the program for the tournament and are officially announcing the event. In addition to the regular races and contests for the visiting fire teams, the committee have arranged other amusements, including baseball games, logrolling, dancing, etc.

Ten running teams are entered for the races and will represent Crookston, Bemidji, Black Duck, Twin Valley, Hallock, Warren, Halstad, Thief River Falls, Red Lake Falls and East Grand Forks. A fine track has been prepared for the races. Bands from Halstad, Ada, Twin Valley and Crookston will furnish music every day of the tournament and will give open air concerts in the evening.

WILL NOT TRADE BIG TREES.

R. B. Whiteside, of Duluth, Refuses Government's Proposition.

Duluth.—Robert B. Whiteside, of Duluth, owner of the Calaveras grove of big trees in California, has declined to consider a proposition by the government to trade this timber for other timber in the national forest reserves. He owns 12,500 acres of timbered land, estimated to contain 80,000,000 feet of timber, including the giant sequoias, and the government would trade him national forest lands for his entire holdings.

Mr. Whiteside says that he will consider a reasonable offer to sell the entire tract, but does not care to consider any trading proposition. His California timber at $2.50 per thousand, a roughly estimated average of the market price for California timber is worth $2,000,000.

TO DEDICATE BRAINERD CHURCH.

Prominent Lutherans of Northwest to Attend Ceremony.

Brainerd.—The new Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church here was dedicated on Sunday, June 18. The Right Rev. K. Bjorgo, of Red Wing, president of the Minnesota district of the Norwegian Lutheran synod, delivered the dedicatory address. Among the pastors who were in attendance are Rev. J. Rorvik of Portland, N. D.; Rev. J. D. Growe of Fergus Falls; Rev. H. W. Sorenson of Shevlin, Minn., and Rev. T. L. Rosholt of Renville. Rev. C. Hougstad, pastor of the church, delivered a short address in English in the forenoon. Visitors were present from Portland, Fergus Falls, Long Lake, Deerwood and Pequot.

Firebugs Work in Eveleth.

Duluth. — An attempt was made to destroy the Empress theater at Eveleth by fire. The fire was started on the stage, where kerosene had been applied. The loss is $2,000 and covered by insurance. Two months ago the Othello theater at Eveleth was damaged by fire and while there were suspicions at the time that it was of incendiary origin, it is no longer doubted. The rear door of the Empress theater, which had been securely locked, was found open by the firemen.

Stampede to File For Land.

Duluth. — Forty-three men and women are in line at the land office in Duluth to file on land which they expect will be thrown open on the Fond du Lac reservation. They are filled with doubt, however, as there is no formal information as to when the opening will take place. The stampede was occasioned by the publication of a letter from S. V. Proudfit, a commissioner of the land office, to James Richardson, of Brookston, stating that the opening probably would occur next month.

No Revision of Catechism.

Duluth.—The revision of the catechism and Bible history and the report of the constitution and by-laws committee consumed practically all of the time of the convention of the Augustana synod of the Swedish Lutheran churches of America at the business session at the Bethany church. The question was finally dropped without any action being taken. The committee elected two years ago for the purpose of collecting and publishing the constitution and by-laws of the synod gave a very complete report.

SOLVING NEGRO PROBLEM

Under Conditions, the Matter Seemed Comparatively Easy of Arrangement.

The central police station was overcrowded one day last week. Officers were wondering what they would do should another arrest be made, when the door opened and a sleepy-looking, blue-eyed foreigner drifted in with a most dejected "Goot efning, mens."

The officers nodded their greetings to the stranger, who then asked: "Can I did some sleepings here? I yust came from Chicago and am start to work tomorrow."

"Well, the only space we have left is a bunk, which is already occupied by a colored man. You can share that if you want to," replied the officer.

The man thought for a few minutes, scratched his head and said:

"Well, I guess I no can see him in dark, and besides I am tired and want sleep."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

SUFFERED FOURTEEN YEARS.

A Terrible Case of Dropsy and How It Was Cured.

Mrs. W. R. Cody, 603 Tenth St., Lewiston, Idaho, says: "Fourteen years I suffered from kidney trouble. I was so lame and sore I could hardly move. Headaches were frequent and my whole body bloated. I had chills and hot flashes and my ankles were so swollen I could scarcely wear my shoes. The kidney secretions bothered me and my nerves were unstrung. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon the swelling diminished. The backache and other troubles quickly disappeared and I was completely cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Heartless Father.

"I need some help with my household duties," announced a woman when her husband came home the other night.

"What's the matter with our daughter?" the husband wanted to know.

"Our daughter? The idea! Why, Jim, you know she's awfully delicate, and she would die if she had to do any household work. She has her school, and——"

"And what? Her teacher's report shows that she isn't doing a bit of school work."

"But she is the star member of her basketball team, and you know she is eager to take the prize at the gymnasium contest. But that's just like a man—wanting a delicate girl to engage in rough, hard labor. Be ashamed of yourself, Jim Jenkins! You have no feeling."

The Kaiser Likes the Bible.

The kaiser is a great reader, and while he tries to keep himself abreast of current events, his favorite book is the Bible, says the London Chronicle. A well thumbed and marked copy is always by his bedside. When Mr. Roosevelt visited Berlin last year, the kaiser made him a present of a number of books. About half of them referred to theology and the others to military subjects. These two classes indicate the kaiser's own preferences.

Old Superstition.

It was prescribed by an old superstition that if those who were affected with ague would visit at dead of night the nearest crossroad five different times and then bury a new laid egg, the disease would be buried. If the experiment failed, they attributed it to some unlucky accident that may have befallen them on the way.

Pretty Quick.

He—But couldn't you learn to love me, Anna?

She—I don't think I could, Harry.

He (reaching for his hat)—It is as I feared—you are too old to learn.—Harper's Bazar.

Everywhere 5¢

For Your Enjoyment

Here's an individual among drinks—a beverage that fairly snaps with delicious goodness and refreshing wholesomeness.

Coca-Cola

has more to it than mere wetness or sweetness—it's vigorous, full of life. You'll enjoy it from the first sip to the last drop and afterwards.

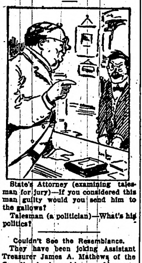
DELICIOUS — REFRESHING THIRST-QUENCHING

THE COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga.

31

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

SUCH A QUESTION.



State's Attorney (examining talesman for jury)—If you considered this man guilty would you send him to the gallows?

Talesman (a politician)—What's his politics?

Couldn't See the Resemblance.

They have been joking Assistant Treasurer James A. Mathews of the Guardian bank, on his resemblance to President Taft, and Mr. Mathews has steadily refused to be annoyed thereby. So the jokers subsided and the joke died a natural death.

Until the other night, when Mr. and Mrs. Mathews dined together with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harmon and their little daughter, when the Taft resemblance was revived. Turning to young Miss Harmon, Mr. Mathews asked whether she, too, thought he looked like the president.

Dorothy studied long and earnestly. Then she answered:

"Not in the face, Uncle Jim."—Cleveland Leader.

Historic Event Celebrated.

Australia recently commemorated the one hundred and forty-first anniversary of Captain Cook's first landing. It was in 1770 that H. M. S. Endeavor, a barque of 370 tons, entered the inlet first called Sting Rays Harbor, but afterwards Botany Bay, from the beauty and variety of the plants growing about its shore. The vessel remained eight days, and before she left the British flag was hoisted. As is the custom on each recurring anniversary, the flag was again unfurled upon the spot where it was first displayed, and was saluted by the guns of the warships in the harbor.

Use of Ants in Nature.

Prof. J. C. Branner, in the Bulletin of the Geological Society of America, describes the immense importance of ants as geologic agents, especially in tropical regions. Ant burrows have been found at a depth of 3.5 meters, and they ramify over vast areas.

Raw.

Bore—Do you believe oysters have brains?

Bored—Certainly I do, since they know when to shut up.

"DEAF" BEGGAR COULD HEAR

Incident That Struck Householder as Being Along Slightly Humorous Lines.

"Many funny things happen in a flat during the course of a few months," said a Milwaukee flat dweller, "but one of the best things I ever saw happened yesterday.

"I was suddenly roused from my slumber by three loud knocks on the door. Jumping to my feet and into a bathrobe, I hastened to see what was wanted. I opened the door in time to see a young fellow half way up the flight to the next floor.

"'Hello, there!' I yelled at him.

"He turned around, hastened back and handed out a small envelope, pointing to the inscription. I glanced at it. It was an appeal for aid because the applicant was deaf and dumb.

"Say, I was mad enough to kick him down stairs. Then the joke struck me and I slammed the door in his face and went back to bed laughing."

"The Bard of Odon."

The Rev. George F. Culmer, "the bard of Odon," celebrated his eighty-sixth birthday yesterday. The Rev. Mr. Culmer was born May 22, 1825, in Kent, England, during the reign of George Frederick (Geirge IV.), for whom he was named. At the time of his birth John Quincy Adams was president of the United States.

Dr. Culmer has been a minister for many years in the Methodist Episcopal church until his advanced age made it necessary for him to retire. He is a scholar and poet. Many of his poems have been published in magazines and newspapers.—Washington Correspondence Indianapolis News.

The Old Gag.

Miss Lillian B. Rowe, at an advertisement writers' dinner in Denver, said of the harem skirt:

"It will soon be so widely worn that the old gag, perpetrated in the '40s on men, may profitably be revived for women victims.

"Some sharper, you know, will revive the gag by advertising in the Ladies' Own—

"'Send $1 and learn how to keep your harem skirt from becoming fringed at the bottom.'

"Thousands of dollars will pour in, and to each victim the sharper will reply:

"'Wear knickers.'"

Intricate Letter.

When Bilkins was away from home on a long business trip, he got a letter from his wife that still puzzles him. It ended thus:—

"Baby is well and lots brighter than she used to be. Hoping you are the same, I remain, your loving wife."—Everybody's.

Method.

Mrs. Knicker—Will your furniture go in the new flat?

Mrs. Bocker—It will after it's smashed.

(A short human-interest story written by C. W. Post for the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.)

Some Day Ask Your Physician

To tell you the curious story of how the mind affects the digestion of food.

I refer to the condition the mind is in, just before, at the time, or just following the taking of food.

If he has been properly educated (the majority have) he will help you understand the curious machinery of digestion.

To start you thinking on this interesting subject, I will try to lay out the plan in a general way and you can then follow into more minute details.

Pawlow (pronounce Pavloff) a famous Russian Physician and Chemist, experimenting on some dogs, cut into the tube leading from the throat to the stomach.

They were first put under chloroform or some other anaesthetic and the operation was painless. They were kept for months in very good condition.

When quite hungry some un-appetizing food was placed before them and, although hunger forced them to eat, it was shown by analysis of the contents of the stomach that little if any of the digestive juices were found.

Then, in contrast, some raw meat was put where they couldn't reach it at once, and a little time allowed for the minds of the dogs to "anticipate" and create an appetite. When the food was finally given them, they devoured it ravenously and with every evidence of satisfaction. The food was passed out into a dish through the opening before it reached the stomach. It was found to be mixed with "Ptyalin" the alkaline juice of the mouth, which is important for the first step in digestion. Then an analysis was made of the contents of the stomach, into which no food had entered. It was shown that the digestive fluids of stomach were flowing freely, exactly as if the desirable food had entered.

This proved that it was not the presence of food which caused the digestive juices to flow, but the flow was caused entirely and alone as a result of the action of the mind, from "anticipation."

One dog continued to eat the food he liked for over an hour believing he was getting it into his stomach, whereas, not an ounce went there; every particle went out through the opening and yet all this time the digestive juices flowed to the stomach, prepared to quickly digest food, in response to the curious orders of the mind.

Do you pick up the lesson?

Unappetizing food, that which fails to create mental anticipation, does not cause the necessary digestive juices to flow, whereas, food that is pleasing to the sight, and hence to the mind, will cause the complicated machinery of the body to prepare in a wonderful way for its digestion.

How natural, then, to reason that one should sit down to a meal in a peaceful, happy state of mind and start off the breakfast, say with some ripe delicious fruit, then follow with a bowl of crisp, lightly browned, thin bits of corn like Post Toasties, add a sprinkle of sugar and some good yellow cream and the attractive, appetising picture cannot escape your eye and will produce the condition of mind which causes the digestive juices nature has hidden in mouth and stomach, to come forth and do their work.

These digestive juices can be driven back by a mind oppressed with worry, hate, anger or dislike of the disagreeable appearance of food placed before one.

Solid facts that are worthy the attention of anyone who esteems prime health and human happiness as a valuable asset in the game of life.

"There's a Reason" for saying "The Memory Lingers" when breakfast is started with POST TOASTIES.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1911. NUMBER 51.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

James Keeley, general manager of the Chicago Tribune, swore out a warrant for the arrest of George O. Glavis, of Chicago, charging him with stealing books, documents and papers the Tribune's property, said to concern evidence of "moral turptitude of a United States senator and other government officers."

Speaker Champ Clark issued a defi to the administration a few days ago on learning of reports that President Taft purposed to veto any general tariff legislation at the extra session of congress. The speaker in a formal statement declared that the whole tariff ought to be revised and that the democratic party would rest its case with the country.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin made protest to the senate committee on the judiciary against the confirmation of Guy D. Goff as district attorney for the eastern district of that state. Mr. La Follette complained that he had not been consulted on Mr. Goff's appointment, and that he supposed this slight had been due to his opposition to the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill.

Investigation of "chronic titleitis," described as a disease of "rich, trust-made women,' is urged in a resolution introduced in the house by Representative Sabath of Illinois, who would have the state department inquire why only two dozen American peeresses have been permitted to take part in the coronation ceremonies in London and to ascertain the amount this country is sending across the Atlantic annually to maintain the titles.

Chief Moore, of the government weather bureau, has filed with the house committee on expenditures in the department of agriculture, a number of a voluntary commendation of the weather service which were sent him by western fruit growers. The commendations were based on the statement given out through Chairman Moss of the house committee that western fruit growers had filed with the committee charges that the service was of no value to them.

General.

President Taft discussed currency reform at a meeting of New York bankers.

A tax on automobiles to make goood roads is the plan of Senator Simmons.

Bruno Oscar Klein, composer, conductor and teacher of music, is dead at his home in New York.

Old and dreary Westminster abbey was transformed into a scene of light and beauty at the coronation.

Dr Noble B. McKee, superintendent of the Missouri school for the deaf, died of heart disease, aged fifty eight.

Habeas corpus proceedings looking to the release of Charles W. Morse, the New York banker, from the federal prison at Atlanta, will be begun in the United States court.

President Taft nominated Robert W. Kemp as receiver of public moneys at Missoula, Mont.

Senator Gallinger said Canadian reciprocity was the opening wedge that would pry loose the protection system.

The Wisconsin legislature took another slap at United States Senator Isaac Stephenson when it reduced the assembly representation from his home county from two to one.

E. H. Engwersen of Chicago was elected president of the National Live Stock exchange in convention in Chicago. Portland, Ore., gets the next meeting, although Chicago also was a bidder.

Edward H. Harriman's billion-dollar merger of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads, with their allied properties, is upheld by the United States circuit court of appeals, in a decision handed down in St. Louis.

Amelia Rapp of Chicago saved her money for four years to bring her sweetheart, George Kott, from Germany, for their marriage. Now she will save mony for funeral expenses. Knott having been killed by a live wire.

It was held by the interstate commerce commission that a privilege savoring of a gratuity can not be ordered continued by the commission unless the original granting of the privilege rested on some legal obligation.

Sarah Bernhardt sailed for France after a tour of America. She said that she probably will return for another tour in 1915.

Rear Admiral Charles S. Norton, who was a member of the investigating committee of the Sampson-Schley controversy after the Spanish-American war, is dead.

Milos Mandich who was being taken from Cleveland to the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kansas, to serve twelve years for counterfeiting, leaped from a Rock Island train while it was running at full speed near Fox River and escaped.

The campaign publicity bill was cast aside in the senate.

The United States has officially recognized the republic of Portugal.

President and Mrs. Taft celebrated at Washington their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

Talking to Yale students, Attorney General Wickersham declared against the Arizona constitution.

The London public got a new glimpse of royalty in the second day parade of the streets.

Fourteen secretaries of retail lumber dealers' associations were indicted by a Chicago grand jury.

President Taft sent a message to congress urging amendment to the pure food and drugs act.

Under orders from Washington many mail cars are now being hauled behind the baggage cars.

The house refused to concur in the senate amendment on direct election of United States senators.

The senate is in such an ugly snarl that the fate of the reciprocity bill is hanging in the balance.

Anselmo Braamcamp was elected president of the republic of Portugal by the constituent assembly.

Testimony at the sugar hearing disclosed that Havemeyer was a silent partner of the Mormon church.

Insurgent republicans and democrats of the senate have formed a new combine to force tariff legislation.

The Panama bond sale shows that Uncle Sam is in good health and the business men of the country convalescent.

In an address at the Yale alumni luncheon the president spoke in praise of recent supreme court decisions.

Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus has succeeded to the command of the Atlantic fleet, taking the place of Admiral Schroeder.

Ferdinand Edmund Duez, receiver for the dissolved religious congregations of France, was convicted by a jury of embezzling $1,200,000.

Mrs. Mary L. Cox, formerly of Dayton, O., was granted a divorce from Congressman James M. Cox, newspaper publisher and financier of that city.

Governor Wilson gave out a statement expressing his pleasure over the success of the commission government movement in Trenton, N. J.

Approximately 20,000,000 gallons of liquors are shipped by express, principally from mail order houses direct to consumers in prohibition states.

Subscriptions to the British portion of the $30,000,000 Hukwang railway loan to China were opened and immediately closed, having been oversubscribed.

Four members of the H. O. Millspaugh family at Westport, S. D., are lying at the point of death from trichinae poisoning, due to eating raw ham.

The great hurricane which devasted the coast of Chile a few days ago extended from Pisagua in the north to Antofagasta on the south. Torrential rains have followed.

Rev. Dr. John Clifford of London, England, president of the Baptist world alliance took a "decided stand against any "unitey of organizations" among the christian churches.

Apparently uneasy over the growing habit of mineral water drinking by senators and their office staffs, Senator Lodge introduced and had adopted a resolution which is expected to check the practice.

George Burns, Cleveland, O., aged fifteen, fatally shot his father, Seward Burns, aged forty-five, when he came and found his father abusing his mother.

Senatorial reports of crop damage in the northwest made the Chicago market go skyward.

The battleship Florida, now nearing completion at the New York navy yard, was ordered placed in commission on September 15. Her sister ship, the Utah, is expected to be completed on August 1.

Edward Valentine Lee, under arrest at Buffalo, charged with the theft of $46,000 from the paymaster's safe while serving as a clerk on the battleship Georgia at Havana last February, married Miss Audrey F. Kelsey of Washington. After the ceremony he returned to his cell.

A wave of economy is sweeping the country according to figures of the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor which disclose the fact that Americans cut their imported champagne bill in two and adorned themselves with $7,000,000 worth of diamonds fewer during the last eleven months than in the same period last year.

Personal.

The will of Mrs. Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church, was admitted to probate.

Among lumber dealers secretaries indicted by the federal grand jury were two Nebraskans.

Woodmen of the World selected Jacksonville, Fla., for the 1913 convention.

Kainkaid was the only member of the Nebraska house delegation to vote against the wool bill.

Canadian farmers in Alberta strongly favor the reciprocity agreement.

Horace Havemeyer, son of the dead sugar king, testified at the hearing before the house committee.

Cyrus McCormick, of the International Harvester company, gave testimony in the Lorimer investigtion.

Secretary Knox has been summoned by the house committee to explain an expenditure of $5,000.

The movement to have this year's camp of the Modern Woodmen of America increase the number of yearly assessments from ten to twelve was defeated

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

BEE OWNERS WARNED.

State Apiary Inspector Explains Indications of Presence of Foul Brood.

John Holmberg, state apiary inspector, yesterday issued the following instuctions to beekeepers in an interview with the Pioneer Press:

It is important that every person who owns or controls even one hive should carefully examine the brood. If the hatching appears uneven and some of the capped cells are torn open, others sunken and of a greasy brown color, and if on opening these cells, they are found to contain dead larvae somewhat shrunken and of a brownish color varying from a light brown to a dark brown or roasted coffee color, and if on running a toothpick into the dead larvae the mass draws out "stringy" from a half inch to an inch in length—if the above symptoms are present, I should be notified at once, for that dread disease "foul brood" likely is present. By prompt action and thorough treatment early in the spring, no great loss will occur. Delay means danger to the entire apiary and to the whole neighborhood where bees are kept.

It is the duty of beekeepers in Minnesota, through their organizations and as individuals, to co-operate with myself and deputies in making our work effective and permanent. Unless the beekeepers themselves assist in the eradication of and protection against "foul brood" and other diseases, and unless they give some material assistance in building up this most pleasant and profitable business, and all work for the protection and advancement of their own interests, the money appropriated by the state for this purpose and all our efforts will not bring about the best results. Co-operation of all the beekeepers, whether owners of one or many hives, and the unselfish co-operation of the beekeepers organizations already formed are necessary to make the work count from a pecuniary and educational standpoint.

We are doing our best in this regard. Scores of diseased hives have received careful attention and will return a handsome profit to their owners.

The office of apiary inspector was created by the last Legislature, and he was appointed by Governor Eberhart. Mr. Holmberg comes from a family of expert beekeepers and has given the business a careful and lifelong study.

BIG SUMMER SCHOOL SESSIONS.

Attendance Expected to Exceed That of Any Previous Year.

Registration at the summer school session of the University of Minnesota and the training school for teachers at the State Agricultural college is still going on, in spite of the fact that classes have been in progress for a week.

At the university 473 students have enrolled, although 400 was the highest mark originally set by Conductor George F. James. At the agricultural school 837 teachers have registered in the training course, and sixty-six have enrolled in the advanced courses in agriculture and domestic science. George F. Howard predicts that the attendance in that branch of the summer school will reach 1,000, thus bringing the probable total up to 1,500, 300 in excess of past years.

A conference hour with lectures by outside speakers is held daily at the agricultural college, and yesterday a model school with fifteen children in attendance was opened in Pendergast hall.

MAY PROBE HENNEPIN.

Governor Submits Validity of Stringer Charges to Attorney General.

Governor Eberhart transmitted to the attorney general's office the petition of Alfred Stringer, Minneapolis contractor, preferring charges against the Hennepin county commissioners. The petition was accompanied by a letter requesting the attorney general to pass upon the validity of the charges.

Attorney General Simpson will take up the Stringer charges immediately. The petition was filed with Governor Eberhart last week and recites a long list of charges against the commissioners in connection with letting contracts.

Providing the attorney general gives as his opinoin that the charges demand further investigation, it will be made immediately.

POSTPONE CARLTON TRIAL.

Couple Accused of Murder Near Bemidji Not to Be Tried Until July 3.

Bemidji.—The trial of Lloyd Carlton and his wife, Gena Carlton, on the charge of murdering Peter O. Neste, father of Mrs. Carlton, which was to have commenced Wednesday at Park Rapids, has been postponed until July 3 at the request of E. E. McDonald, attorney for the Carltons.

Judge McClenahan granted the request of Mr. McDonald when the latter showed it was necessary for him to be at Bagley, where eleven farmers of Clearwater county are suing the Crookston Lumber company for damages alleged to have been caused as a result of the overflow of the Clearwater river when a jam of logs made the water of the river back up.

NEARLY FORTY SEEK PARDONS.

Long List Will Be Up to State Board Next Wednesday.

Between thirty and forty applications for pardon from the state penitentiary, one of the largest lists the state pardon board has ever considered, will be passed upon at the next meeting of the board Wednesday, July 5.

The usual number of applications for pardon runs from fifteen to twenty, not all of which, of course, are granted.

ANOTHER ARREST IN DUMAS CASE.

Bartender Who Sold Drinks To Alleged Plotters.

Bemidji. — Charged by Sam F. Fullerton, deputy state fire marshal, with being one of the members of the party alleged to have attempted to set fire and burn the building containing the United States post-office at Puposky Friday night, June 16, and which resulted in a gun fight between officers and two robbers with Martin Behan wounded and a prisoner in the Beltrami county jail, William Munhall, bartender in the Bank saloon in this city, was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Helmer and taken before H. A. Simons, court commissioner, for arraignment. Munhall's case was continued to Saturday, July 1, and bail was fixed at $5,000. Munhall declared he would not try to get any bonds and in default of bonds was committed to the county jail.

Munhall stated that nothing could be gotten out of him relative to the Dumas affair and he "stood pat." Munhall is the bartender at the saloon where it was alleged that Dr. Dumas went when he first came to Bemidji from Cass Lake the afternoon of June 14, when, it is said, the meeting was held at the Larson saloon and the Popusky affair planned and marked money and a check turned over to Dr. Dumas. Asked as to Munhall's exact connection with the Dumas case, the officers here would only say that Munhall was an accessory after the fact in practically the same manner as is charged against Dr. Dumas.

BODIES ARE FOUND IN WOODS.

Evidences of Foul Play Discovered in Woods Near Bruno, Minn.

Kerrick.—Two men were found dead in the woods about twelve miles east of Bruno, near the road to Barnard's camp on the new Soo line branch. Coroner W. A. MacMarns, from Sandstone, went out and reported that the men were evidently murdered. One man weighed about [illegible] pounds, had reddish face and sandy hair and mustache; the other man weighed about 160 pounds and was smooth shaven and had dark hair. Both men appeared to have been struck with clubs, one being crushed over the eyes and the other over the temple.

They appear to have been dead for from eight to ten days. The only papers found were two employment tickets in the vest pocket of one man; all other evidence had been burned not far from where the bodies lay.

BIG REUNION OF NORWEGIANS.

Sigdal Stevne at Fergus Falls Draws Visitors From Seven States.

Fergus Falls.—A sigdal stevne, a reunion of the people from the Sigdal district in Norway, was held in this city with an attendance of several hundred persons, visitors being present from Wisconsin, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Montana and Washington, as well as from all parts of Minnesota.

The reunion had been called on the suggestion of A. B. Pederson of Rothsay, and Mr. Pederson was chosen chairman and Gilbert T. Hagen, editor of Vesterheimen, of Crookston, acted as secretary and treasurer.

The delegates were welcomed to the city by Mayor Anderson, and listened to a number of open air addresses in the afternoon. A permanent organization was formed and reunions will be held each year hereafter.

Would Teach Usable Knowledge.

Winona. — President Lorenzo D. Harvey, of Stout institute, Menomonie, Wis., in the first of a series of lectures and recitals before the Minnesota summer schools at Winona normal, discussed the purpose of the teachers' work. He suggested only usable knowledge should be taught, that making a living must necessarily engage the attention of parents and pupils, and that upon the foundation of usable knowledge there may later be built the culture which is desired for leisure and pleasure. But in addition to usable knowledge the teacher must see that the pupil procures ability to use the knowledge he acquires. He showed how the course of study is being modified under the demands of an education that shall fit for service, and that the usefulness of knowledge is in no way detriment to its culture value.

Montevideo Boy Drowned.

Montevideo. — Glenn Hildebrand, the six-year-old son of W. P. Hildebrand, was drowned in the Minnesota river. His brother made two unsuccessful attempts to save him.

St. Cloud Elevator Contract.

Contract for the elevator in the new administration building nearing completion at the St. Cloud reformatory has been let by the State Board of Control to the Lee & Hoff Manufacturing Company of St. Paul on a bid of $2,085. The board also awarded to the William O'Neil & Son Co., Fargo, N. D. the contract for additions and alterations for the boys' dormitory at the state school for the blind at Faribault, on a bid of $4,987. Work on the changes must be completed by September 15.

S.P. TRAIN HOLDUP

SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS IN GOLD DUST TAKEN BY THE ROBBERS.

IN COW CREEK CANYON

Cars Detched and Are Believed to Have Been Forced by Dynamite. —Three Men Did the Job.

Eugene, Oregon. — The first section of the Oregon Express on the Southern Pacific railroad was held up and robbed at Westfork, in Cow Creek canyon.

Three masked men stopped the train which was northbound, ordered the express and mail cars separated from the passenger coaches and then compelled the engineer to run his engine up the track. It is believed the robbers dynamited the detached cars.

Explosions were heard in Westfork from the direction in which the cars were taken. It is reported that several thousand dollars' worth of gold dust was on the train.

The train left for San Francisco on time but lost twelve hours. This would have brought it through the canyon in daylight. It is believed that the robbers learned of the delay and laid their plans accordingly.

Many delegates and others in attendance on the International Sunday School Association convention, which closed in San Francisco Tuesday, had arranged to return East by way of north coast points, and a number of them probably were passengers on the train.

OVER MILLION FOR HARVARD.

Bay State Urged to Set Aside Sum Annually for Scholarships.

Cambridge, Massachusetts.—Gifts to the amount of $1,200,000 received by Harvard university during the last year were announced by President Lowell to the 2,000 or more Harvard men gathered for the alumni meeting.

Almost simultaneously with this announcement William C. Boyden of Chicago handed to President Lowell a check for $100,000 as the gift of the class of 1886 to the university, to be invested in the college funds and only the income to be used.

Governor Foss divulged a plan by which he hopes the state will set aside a sum annually for the "creation of a large number of scholarships, to be awarded by competitive examination to young men and women of Massachusetts, the recipient of such scholarship to choose the institution in the state which they will attend."

Secretary Meyer heads the list of five new overseers to Harvard elected to serve for six years. The others chosen are United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, '71; Jerome D. Greene, '96, of New York; William C. Boyden, '86, of Chicago, and Lawrence E. Sexton, '84, of New York.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Minneapolis, June 29.—Wheat, July, 94½; Sept., 94¾; No. 1 northern, 96¾c; No. 2 northern, 95¾c; No. 1 durum, 84½; No. 3 corn, 55½c; No. 3 white oats, 43c; barley, malting, $1.04; No. 2 rye, 84c; No. 1 flax, $2.09.

Duluth, June 29.—Wheat, July, 95½c; Sept., 95½; No. 1 northern, 95½c; No. 1 durum, 86c.

South St. Paul, June 29.—Cattle—Steers, $5.25@5.80; cows, $3.00@4.25; calves, $2.50@6.00; hogs, $6.00@6.20; sheep, yearlings, $3.00@6.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, June 29.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 20,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $4.65@6.60; Texas steers, $4.40@6.00; western steers, $4.70@5.75; stockers and feeders, $3.15@5.35; cows and heifers, $2.25@5.70; calves, $5.75@7.75.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 28,000; market 5@10c lower; light, $6.05@6.42½; mixed, $6.00@6.42½; heavy, $5.90@6.37½; rough, $5.90@6.05; good to choice heavy, $6.05@6.37½; pigs, $5.60@6.20; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.30.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 16,000; market strong to 10c higher; native, $2.50@4.25; western, $2.50@4.25; yearlings, $4.00@4.65; lambs, native, $3.75@7.00; western, $4.00@7.00.

Chicago Grain Markets.

Chicago, June 29.—Rain in southern North Dakota, and scattered showers with seasonable temperature elsewhere in the Northwest meant lower prices here for wheat. Besides the Liverpool market had made no material response to the advance on this side. Cable dispatches, too, announced that Russia was shipping freely at reduced rates and that foreign crop conditions were excellent. The opening was to ⅝c down. September started at 89¾ to 90⅛c, a drop of ⅜ to ⅝c, and steadied around 90c.

Corn weakened on account of Kansas rain and because of the outlook for wet weather in Illinois. Receipts falling off a little, however, moved local longs to fight the decline. September opened ⅜ to 1c lower at 59 to 59⅜c but later held at 59¼@⅜c.

Short sellers and profit collectors took an active hand in selling oats. On the ensuing break though leading bulls gave the market good support. September started ⅛ to ⅜c off at 44⅜@⅝c, fell to 44⅛c and rallied to 44⅝c.

The provision market sagged in consequence of the backet to grain and hogs. First sales were a shade to 12½c lower with the September delivery $15.35 for pork, $8.27½ for both lard and ribs.

"Wets" Win in Salt Lake City.

Salt Lake City, Utah. — Salt Lake City Ogden and Park City went "wet" at local option elections by heavy majorities. Provo and Logan are dry.

LAKE FIREMEN'S GRIEVANCE.

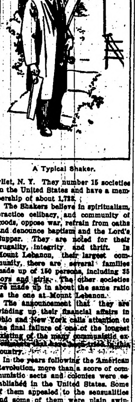
Executive Committee Discusses Affairs at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y. — An executive meeting of the grievance committee of the Lake Firemen's union and affiliated organizations was held in this city. Grand Secretary Victor S. Olander of Chicago said before the sessions opened that so far as he knew no plans had been considered for settlement of the strike against the Lake Carriers' Association, which has continued for about two years.

THEY BELIEVE IN COMMUNISM

Shakers Get Their Name From the Violent Contortions Introduced In Their Worship.

New York.—The Shakers are a body of seceders from the Society of Friends formed by Ann Lee (Mother Ann) of Manchester, England, about 1757, and so called from the wild and violent contortions introduced by them into their form of worship. Their official title is "The United Society of Believers in Christ's Second Appearing." The sect emigrated to America in 1772 and settled near Albany in 1774. Their chief seats have been at Mount Lebanon and Watervliet, N. Y. They number 15 societies in the United States and have a membership of about 1,728.



A Typical Shaker.

The Shakers believe in spiritualism, practice celibacy, and community of goods, oppose war, refrain from oaths and denounce baptism and the Lord's Supper. They are noted for their frugality, integrity and thrift. In Mount Lebanon, their largest community, there are several families made up of 150 persons, including 35 boys and girls. The other societies are made up in about the same ratio as the one at Mount Lebanon.

The announcement that they are winding up their financial affairs in Ohio and New York calls attention to the final failure of one of the longest existing of the many communistic experiments that have been tried in this country.

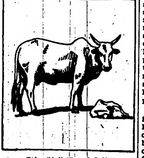
In the years following the American Revolution, more than a score of communistic sects and colonies were established in the United States. Some of them appealed to the sensualities and some of them were plain swindles. The Shakers held out no sensual or financial allurements and it is surprising that they have endured so long, except on the theory that their simplicity in living attracted recruits and made them the sole survivors of all these social experiments. With their passing will close one of the most interesting chapters of social experiments in the history of any country.

ANOTHER SACRED CALF BORN

This Makes the Fourteenth Which Has Come Into the Chicago Zoo Zebu Family.

Chicago.—Another sacred calf, the fourteenth born to Romeo and Juliet, in the 14 years of their residence at the Lincoln Park zoo, has made its appearance. Hundreds of persons thronged to the zebu's pen to look at the new arrival.

"The Lincoln park zoo is getting a reputation as a breeding ground for animals, and we are supplying almost every zoo in the country with our rare specimens," said Superintendent Cy De Vry. "Only the other day we shipped a two-year-old zebu to the Washington Park Zoological society at Milwaukee.



Zebu "Juliet" and Calf.

"Although the zebus have the record, the lioness and lion are slowly gaining upon them in raising a family. The lioness, as a rule, gives birth to three at a time, while the sacred cow has only one offspring."

The zebu is a native of India, where it is revered by the inhabitants. It is pampered and caressed, and to feed it is deemed a meritorious act. The animal is used as a beast of burden and can travel from 30 to 40 miles a day.

Horseshoe in Pine Tree.

Milton, Ind.—In the heart of a pine tree 18 inches in diameter a horseshoe was found by M. H. Hubbell when he cut the tree down. The position of the horseshoe indicates that it was placed around the tree many years ago when it was a sapling and in time had been covered by the growth of the wood.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Washington.—A counterfeit $5 bill on the Citizens National bank of Albert Lea, Minn., has been found by the secret service. It is a very poor photograph and not likely to deceive many.

Boston, Mass. — A bust of the late United States Senator Rice of Minnesota, for the capitol at Washington, was brought into port by Mrs. Luella V. Zurros, an American sculptress, on the Canopic.

Thief River Falls.—This city has entertained hundreds of visitors from Northern Minnesota and North Dakota points, the occasion being the annual Northwestern saengerfest. The singers are all men, during the three day musical program but two women having been heard. The big event was a parade, nearly a mile long.

Lake City.—Mr. and Mrs. John Wise of this city celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding, which occurred in the town of West Albany, June 23, 1861. They are pioneer residents of the country, having come here with their parents in the early fifties. Mr. Wise is 78 years old and his wife 68. Both are active and in good health.

Faribault.—The Consumers' Power company will place the new transmission between here and Cannon Falls, together with all substations, under one management. The manager will be B. W. Cowperthwait, who has had charge of the local office for some time. Most of the books and records from the Northfield office have already been transferred here.

Red Rock.—More than 500 persons, the largest attendance so far, listened to Rev. H. Morrison at the session of the Minnesota Pentecostal association at Red Rock. Despite the hot weather, the attendance has been good at all of the services, and Rev. Joseph Smith and Rev. J. H. Mathews addressed an audience in the evening which was nearly as large as that of the morning. The meeting will continue until July 5.

Fergus Falls.—The annual reunion of the Otter Tail County Old Setlers' association was held at Battle Lake. The Fergus Falls band furnished music, and addresses were delivered by a number of the old settlers and others. A picnic dinner was enjoyed on the lake shore. The following officers were elected; President, G. A. Lindquist; vice president, Chris Johnson; secretary, Oliver Olson; treasurer, Ragnor Kalling. It was decided to hold the next annual reunion in Fergus Falls.

Deerwood.—M. D. Stoner, manager of the Cuyuna Range Light and Power Company, has announced that his company is endeavoring to close contracts for furnishing light and power to the towns of Staples, Wadena, Aitkin and Perham. The present headquarters of the power company is at Deerwood. Here is situated the steam plant. Arrangements are now being made to add to the facilities of the steam plant by the water power plant to be located at or near the Crow Wing river.

Roseau.—State Auditor Iverson held the June sale of state land in Roseau county, which was attended by buyers from South Dakota, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and local people. The land offered was what was left over from previous sales for the past six years. Five thousand two hundred acres were sold, as compared with 18,000 acres sold in May, the average price being $7.60. This price is a little above the average of former sales, except one, when the average was above $8 an acre.

Bemidji.—A central creamery, owned by farmers and capable of handling all the cream that the farmers of this section will produce, is assured for Bemidji as a result of the meeting of the new Farmers' Co-operative Creamery association, held here. The officers of the new association are: N. A. E. Rako, president; W. L. Morris, vice president; Morris Pendergast, treasurer; A. P. Ritchie, secretary and manager. The association decided to accept the offer of the Fitzsimmons-Baldwin company to rent its creamery plant and building.

Taylors Falls.—The twin towns of St. Croix Falls, Wis., and Taylor's Falls, Minn., entertained two governors—McGovern of Wisconsin and Eberhart of Minnesota—when the formal opening of the new bridge over the St. Croix will take place. The governors were greeted by hosts of St. Croix valley people. Senator Victor L. Johnson of Center City was chairman of the committee and was assisted by Judge Phil H. Perkins of Superior, chairman of the Wisconsin park committees, and many others, George H. Hazzard, father of the interstate park at the dalles of St. Croix, was master of ceremonies. C. M. Loring, father of the Minneapolis park system and twice president of the American Park and Outdor Art association, and many others from the Twin Cities attended.

Two Lives Lost in Texas Fire.

Port Arthur, Texas. — Two lives were lost, half a dozen or more men were injured, some seriously, three oil barges and one tug were burned to the water's edge and about 10,000 barrels of oil, two large warehouses and over 500 feet of wharves were destroyed as a result of an explosion which was followed by a fire in the Port Arthur waterfront. The loss was estimated at about $300,000. Captain Frank Weber of the barge Humble and Samuel Alcorn, a laborer, lost their lives in an explosion.

A. H. PITKIN

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and Hardware

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

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WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

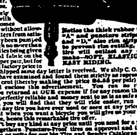
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).



NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 1, 1911.

Politicians, state officials, railroad men, and representatives of the jobbing interests of the Twin cities had a fine outing at the Northern Minnesota editorial meeting at Park Rapids last week. It is presumed that there were a few "scribes" present to give the outing the semblance of what it purported to be.—Alexandria Post News.

Crops are perhaps as good as the average in northern Minnesota, but Mr. Burkee, who is in receipt of crop reports from the whole country informs us that on account of hot and dry weather, the prospects are poor in southern Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa, and Illinois. Farmers here have far better prospects than the average throughout the country. However the corn crop in Iowa is still looking pretty good.

The paragraph in our last in regard to the prosecution of dealers in intoxicants was not intended in any way to reflect upon the integrity or ability of County Attorney Stanton, and we regret if by its awkward phrasing it seemed to give such an impression. Now that the public feeling in the matter has subdued a little it is seen perhaps it was just as well to await developments after today, when the so called "malt law" goes into effect, before proceeding to extreme measures.

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What I can do, you can do.

I earn $5.00 per day in towns of 500 population.

I am willing to give FREE INSTRUCTIONS to any lady or gentleman HOW I DO IT.

No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

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District Court

The first term of district court in Pennington county convened Monday morning with Judge Grindeland of Warren presiding. This first term of court is a short one, there being but nine civil and two criminal cases on the calendar. No grand jury was summoned for this term, and the petit jurors appeared Monday for duty. The following is a list of the cases on the calendar:

Even H. Oftelie vs. Even Sjulstad Law and fact.

Peder P. Thune. Application to vacate.

August Andrews vs. Adolph E. Jensen and Henry L. Jensen. Jury.

Albert Weight vs. Charles Newbury and George Newbury, co-partners as Newbury & Co. Law and fact.

John Somondson and Ole A. Aubel vs. Grand Forks Lumber Co. and St. Hilaire Lumber Co. Law and fact.

Rasmus Oen and D. P. O'Neil vs. Grand Forks Lumber Co. and St. Hilaire Lumber Co. Law and fact.

Warroad Mercantile Co., a corporation, and William Oveson and John J. Kelly vs. McMahon Telephone Co. and R. J. McMahon. Law and fact.

Union Investment Company, a corporation, vs. E. A. Hicks. Law and fact.

Armour & Company, a corporation, vs. Tom H. Omlid. Law and fact.

State of Minnesota vs. Frank Peterson.

State of Minnesota vs. Mike Ault. Jury.

The two cases against the Grand Forks and St. Hilaire lumber companies were combined, and the actions as against the St. Hilaire Lumber company were dropped, there being no such company. The case went to the jury Thursday, with instructions to render separate verdicts, which they did, as follows: Ole Aubol and John Somondson receive $500 and Rasmus Oen and D. P. O'Neil receive $900.

The criminal case against Mike Ault was dismissed.

The case of L. M. Rolland vs. Ole Anderson, on an order to show cause, was submitted to the court for consideration.

The criminal case against Frank Peterson will [illegible]

Rural School Notes

The following returns of the high school examinations have been received:

Examination held March 20 and 21.

Dist. No. 37, Mildred Hooper, teacher, Highlanding—Herbert W. Cousin, age 17 years, three certificates, arithmetic, geography, American history.

Dist. No. 25, Katie B. Dahl, teacher, Thief River Falls—Harris A. Smith age 17 years geography; Ruth J. Christensen, age 16 years, geography; Thea Erickson, age 15, geography.

Dist. No. 165, Miss Jones, teacher, Thief River Falls—Inga E. Becken, geography.

Second examination, held May 28, June 1.

Dist. No. 37—Herbert Cousin, spelling; Emma Dunn, age 15, two certificates, arithmetic and spelling; Laura Wold, age 14, two certificates, arithmetic and spelling.

Dist. No. 25—Harris A. Smith, two certificates, American history, arithmetic; Ruth J. Christenson, three certificates, American history, arithmetic, English grammar; Thea Erickson, arithmetic; Ester Kellberg, two credits, arithmetic and American history; Carl Johnson, arithmetic.

Dist. No. 154, Otto E. Olson, teacher, St. Hilaire; Anna S. Netteland, age 15, five certificates, American history, elementary algebra, geography, physiology, spelling; Louise R. Finstad, age 14 years, three certificates, elementary algebra, physiology, spelling; Oscar Wiberg, age 13, two certificates, arithmetic, spelling; Louise Berg age 13, two certificates, aritdmetic and spelling Emma C. Netteland age 12 years, arithmetic; Alma O. Moe, age 14 years, arithmetic; Carl E. Finstad, 12 years, arithmetic.

The work done and results achieved by these scholars should be an encouragement to the pupils of our schools to look ahead and to attain the goal, namely, graduation from the common schools with the least waste of time and energy.

The Teacher's Training school opened Monday last at Red Lake Falls by a goodly number of teachers. Evidently the school is to set a high record mark this year. The teacher's have certainly the very best of instructors and facilities conducive of a successful study in those subjects most essential for the coming school term in our county. The state is placing before the student-teacher the best of instructors and Red Lake Falls the best of accommodations in every line. Let those of our teachers who have not yet enrolled, those that have not taught or have conditionals to make up especially, enroll at once and get the full advantage of the school.

Sixteen teachers from Pennington county—a goodly number indeed—enrolled the first day and will be entitled to perfect attendance certificates, if holding out for four weeks. They are:

Peter L. Burken, Germantown.
Harold H. Holmes, St. Hilaire.
Myles Jackson, " "
Myrtle Ruth Blaine, " "
Selmor Benson, " "
Ida P. Kalland, " "
Elisa Hendrickson, " "
Emma T. Satre, " "
Eric E. Anderson, " "
Louise Netteland, " "
Minnie Linstad, Thief River Falls.
Clara Bakken, " "
Lena Lonson " "
Olga Bjorge, " "
Martha C. Tanem, " "
Ida Ove, " "

Beginning July 10 Mr. O. M. Olson will give such instruction in agriculture and beginning July 17 Miss Marie Hennegren will give such instruction in home economy as is outlined in the training school bulletin. Both come from the the University farm, St. Anthony Park.

Mr. L. D. Harvey of the Stout institute, Menominie, Wis., will visit the school July 8.

Some time during the session of the school Mr. Denfield of Duluth or E. G. Quigley of the college of education of the university of Minnesota will visit the school.

Respectfully,
E. A. MOSTUE.

Popular Distrust of Courts

The Appeal to Reason is a newspaper published in Girard, Kansas. Its list of subscribers already amounting to about half a million, according to the paper's statement of its circulation, has been increasing with greater rapidity than any other publication in the country. Yet this paper's campaign for subscriptions and popular support is based upon the federal judiciary. The sentence of the editor lately imposed by the federal district court and affirmed by the circuit court of appeals, to six months' imprisonment and the payment of a fine of $1,500.00 for violation of a postal law, was commuted on February 1 last by President Taft, to a fine of $100.00 to be collected only in a civil suit. In commenting on the sentence, President Taft, as reported in the public press at the time is stated to have said:

"The district court evidently looked beyond the record of the evidence in this case and found that Warren was the editor and publisher of a newspaper engaged in a crusade against society and government."

"Moreover, this is not a prosecution for criminal libel; it is a prosecution for what at best is the violation of a regulation as to the use of mails. To visit such an offense with a severe punishment is likely to appear to the public to be an effort to punish the defendant for something that could not be charged in the indictment."

There are no doubt some who will consider the language of the president above quoted as a more severe criticism of the court than anything ever said of it by the editor of the Appeal to Reason and its [illegible] hte fact that it obviously was not intended as a reflection bpon the court.—LaFollette's Magazine.

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GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

Died Near Erie

Tarold Halvorson, was found in a dying condition near Andrew Toftland's place a few miles from Erie, about 3 o'clock last Thursday afternoon. The deceased was around Erie a part of the day and started west, presumably for High Landing, about 3 o'clock and must have lost the road. When found he was lying on his face and breathed but once after changing his position.

Dr. Swanson was notified and went out there Friday. After examining the body he decided an inquest was not necessary. It is thought that alcholism was direct cause of death, assisted by the fearfully hot weather.

The Rock of Reciprocity

But a short time ago the good ship Insurgency was sailing bravely down the political main, sails all set and colors flying to ora the breeze; a noble spectacle indeed. The prospects for a successful voyage were good: the wind was fair, her course was true, her crew was staunch and bold.

And then, suddenly beneath her bows rose the jagged rock Reciprocity. The crew, heads turned by popular applause, were fighting among themselves for laurel wreaths that had been flung aboard. Nobody was steering, and the noble ship was impaled on that ugly Rock. The crew hasn't noticed it yet. Unconscious that no more laurels are coming aboard, they still keep up their silly quarrels over those that came yesterday. "Lost with all hands on board" will be the brief tale that ends the story.—Duluth Herald.

The Sangerfest

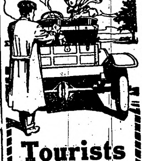
What was one of the most interesting meetings and the greatest musical event in the history of this city and possibly in any city in northern Minnesota, came to a close last Sunday, when the much talked of and widely advertised Sangerfest came to a close. Never has such a large number of accomplished musicians ever gathered in our midst at one time and only those who were fortunate in being present at the concert and in hearing the result of a long training for this event by the many choruses, soloists, and large orchestra can realize the value and beauty of the programs.—Thief River Falls News.

A Splendid Opportunity for Boys and Girls

during the summer vacation. Profits $1.00 to $8.00 per day in any locality. $1.50 required to start in on a limited scale from which you may may enlarge gradually. No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

E. MANVILLE.
500 15th. Av. SE., Minneapolis Minn.

Go to
Holmes Bros.
For your
Deering
Harvesting
Machinery
A full line of
Extras
Always on hand



Tourists

who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer

"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

WITH AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Upon graduating from Dakota Business College of Fargo, Hattie Lind was sent to position as stenographer for Prof Richards of the A. C. Her classmates, Misses Peterson and Madison, were sent to position with the N. W. Telephone Co. and Ford Motor Co.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Village Officials.

President	J. O. Dahl
Clerk	Arthur Hall
Trustees	R. J. McKercher Henry Olson A. R. Jones
Treasurer	B. E. Burkee
Marshal	Henry Jackson
Assessor	O. H. Peters
Constable	A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace	O. H. Peters K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health	Dr. C. Swanson Daniel Patterson Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. Wilson
Clerk	K. O. Gigstad
Directors	Daniel Patterson Dr. C. Swanson H. O. Jackson

Free during the Civic Celebration

Any lady or gentleman can have their suit case checked and their suit or skirt pressed Free.

BRING COUPON NUMBER 2.

Just to keep our tailors busy and to introduce our new system.

RUSH, the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.,
Minneapolis, Minn

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word ait does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—No services tomorrow,

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 2886 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON V. C.

C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 1?? meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.

MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock, for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2;15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern			85
"	" 2	"	83
"	" 3	"	81
Flax, No. 1			$1.74
"	" 2		1.64
Barley, for 50 lbs			45
Oats			37
Eggs			12½
Butter			20
" creamery			25
Potatoes			1.00
Beef, live weight			2@3
Pork, "			5
" dressed			7
Mutton "			5@6
Veal "			5@6
Chickens, alive			9
Hides			7
Flour, patent			2.70
Shorts, per ton			24.00
Bran, "			24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Oats for sale by

N. A. NELSON

Herman Tysseling visited Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Oscar Tyren was jollying up old friends here the first of the week.

Miss Louise Wilson visited friends in the country the first of the week.

C. H. Martz was a Red Lake Falls visitor Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Alma Carlson came from Eveleth Monday for a few weeks' visit at home.

Mrs. D. Lazar went Wednesday to Fargo N. D., to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. Solow.

Auditor Easton for the St. Hilaire Lumber company, called on O. H. Olson yesterday.

Misses Myrtle Fellman and Ethel Johnson came up from Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Alex Johnson of Crookston, county surveyor of Polk county, was in town Thursday.

R. L. Hauge returned Thursday from Halstad, where he attended the annual old settler's reunion.

Tom Hovet, A. J. Hed and Knut Kolstad attended the Sangerfest at Thief River Falls Saturday evening.

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder please return to this office and receive $1.00 reward.

Arthur Morin and Miss Jennie Anderson of St. Paul, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morin of Black River.

M. C. Burns, the Thief River machine man, is again in our midst after a few days' sojourn at Red Lake Falls.

Miss Ida Hanson, who has been living in Crookston, came over yesterday to celebrate the Fourth at home

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday July 9, at 10:45 a.m.

Mrs. Bahan returned Monday from a few days visit at her home at Dugdale, accompaied by Miss Mildred Fellman.

Miss Alice Thompson of New Richland, Minn., arrived Thursday to visit her uncle, Carl Johnson and family.

J. E. Draeger was exhibiting a sample of rye the first of the week raised on R. A. Avleson's place, with straw 6 feet 0 inches long.

Arthur and Edward Morin and Misses Jennie Anderson and Rena Morin of Wylie came over Wednesday and visited Thief River Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson returned Tuesday to Duluth, after a few days' visit with Mrs. Johnson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Heglund.

The ball game last Sunday between the "Big Fellers" and "Gophers" resulted in a score of 11 to 14 favor of "Gophers." In the seventh inning the score was 11 to 2 favor of the "Big Fellers."

There will be a picnic on the Fourth of July under the auspices of the Swedish Lutheran Black River church at Oscar Lindquist's in Sec. 12 of Polk Centre

LOST—in Imperial hall or between the hall and Telephone exchange, a gold bar pin set with three stones. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

Robert Jackson returned from Grand Forks, where he attended business college, and left Friday for Baudette where he will be employed as a stenographer.

There will be a Mission meeting in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday July 15, at 8 p. m. and Sunday July 16 at 10:30 p. m., 2:30 p. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Dr. Swanson wishes us to announce that he will be out of town until July 10, at which time he will be at home and ready to attend to his patients.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Henry Georgon has a Harmony graphophone, which make the finest music that ever happened to come to town, which will be given away FREE. Come in and hear it play, and get particlars.

Neil and Edwin Dahl have loaded their moveables on a car on the Soo at Thief River Falls and leave today for Gull Lake, Sask., Can., where they have claims and expect to make their home.

Hoff-Swanson Wedding

The home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hoff was the scene of a very pretty wedding at high noon Wednesday when their daughter Mary became the bride of Dr. Cephas Swanson. Rev. Alex Sand read the service in the presence of about sixty guests. The vows were spoken beneath a large white wedding bell suspended from a bower of green.

Pink and white was the color note in the appointments; principally wild flowers were used throughout the rooms, lady slippers and ferns giving an air of simplicity.

Miss Hoff was given in marriage by her brother, Martin J. Hoff. The attendants were Miss Selma Hoff, sister of the bride, and Miss Josie Gigstad, Mr. John Draeger and Mr. O. H. Olson. Miss Agnes Burkee played the bridal music.

The bride was charming in an empire gown of white crepe velour over white silk trimmed with chantilly lace and ball fringe. She wore a full length tulle veil caught with lilies of the valley and carried a shower bouquet of the same beautiful flowers. Her going away gown was of tan foulard, with long cloth coat to match and black picture hat.

Misses Hoff and Gigstad were daintily gowned in white embroidered batiste and carried pink flowers.

A sumptuous wedding dinner was served at one o'clock

The out of town guests were: Miss Olga Hoff, Middle River, Minn.; Miss Alice Hoff, Park River, N. D.; Miss Olga Olson, Lake Park, Minn.; Miss Agnes Wilson, Thief River Falls; Misses Katherine and Mabel Patterson, Maple Lake, and Mr. Martin Hoff of Black Duck.

Amid showers of rice and *heart-y* good wishes, Dr. Swanson and his bride left on the 4:20 train for the Twin cities and Grand Meadow, where the honeymoon will be spent. A cosy little home has been prepared and awaits their return, where they will be at home to their many friends after August 1.

Married

August L. Rolland and Effie Florence Aubol were united in marriage Saturday, June 24, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Aubol, by Rev. M. S. Gjerde. Miss Mildred Husby acted as bridesmaid and Mr. Carl Rolland acted as best man. The ceremony was witnessed by only intimate friends and relatives.

Mr. Rolland will give his bride a home on his farm in Sanders. Both are well known and highly respected.

Wednesday morning June 28, John Olson and Mrs. Caroline Anderson were united in marriage by Rev. Alex Sand, at the residence of Mr. Sand.

Miss Elizabeth Johnson returned yesterday from a visit to Red Lake Falls.

O. H. Olson and Miss Josie Gigstad attended the Sangerfest at Thief River Falls Saturday evening.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the eastside school house Sunday July 9, at 7:45 p. m.

Mrs. Holmes has on display a stock of millinery goods—all the latest styles—at Holmes furniture store.

C. L. Hanson motored over from Thief River and returned Tuesday evening. He was accompanied by a Mr. Peterson.

Henry Olson, O. W. Brink, and Tom Hovet were in attendance at court at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Strom came from Biwabic yesterday to spend the Fourth with Mrs Strom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Carlson.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday afternoon, July 14, at the home of Mrs. Herman Nelson north of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson went Friday to Warroad to visit with Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Busse. Mr. Wilson also expected to visit Baudette before his return.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening July 7, at the home of Mrs. Marcus Miller of Black River.

The Young People (and the old ones too) of the Swedish Lutheran church meet at the home of N. A. Nelson Sunday, July 2, at 3 p. m., instead of the usual service in the church. All are cordially invited.

A. R. Jones returned Saturday from his visit to his parents and other friends and relatives in Chicago This was the first time he had been home in over twenty years, and he no doubt took in all the sights and experienced all the excitements of the hustling city.

REMEMBER OUR
REDUCTION SALE
CLOSES JULY 5
LAZAR & LAZAR

HARNESS : SHOP

Come in and see our best line of Dusters and Fly Nets, single and double Driving Harness, and heavy Team Harness. The best line of Harness that money can buy.

Repairing of Buggy Seats and Cushions a specialty.

Carl : A. : Krueger

Business Chances. I Will Help You to Make Money.

A profitable French dry cleaning business that can be established in towns of 500 population with a capital of $25.00. Profits range from $2.00 to $5.00 per day according to the size of the town. No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamp envelope.

J. ERNST,
687 S, Summer St. NE,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Misses Esther Stebbins and Ione Higgins of Thief River Falls visited friends in the city this week.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Thursday evening July 6, at the home of Mrs. Martin Hanson east fo St. Hilaire.

The M. E. Industrial club will have a picnic social July fourth on the lawn near the lumber office. Chicken dinner will be served, ice cream and cake will also be served at the same time and place.

Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Fisher, Lucius Miller and his mother, Mrs. A. A. Miller, auto-ed over from Crookston yesterday, and were guests of Mr and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin. Mrs. Fisher will spend the Fourth here.

Some Prices

17 lbs. granulated sugar	$1.00
7 bars Santa Claus soap	.25
100 " " "	3.45
Arm and Hammer soda	7c
Quaker oats, box	20c
Molasses, 1 gallon	30c
Prunes, 3 lbs. for	25c

At OLE MATHSON'S.

At the examination at Bemidji on Wednesday of Dr. Dumas of Cass Lake, on the charge of arson, he was bound over to the grand jury in $10,000 bonds.

To Play Red Lake Falls the Fourth

Two base ball games will be big features of the celebration at Red Lake Falls next Tuesday. Terrebonne and Red Lake Falls will play the first game and the winners will play St. Hilaire Gophers. The games are played for purses aggregating $100. The first game will start promptly at 1 o'clock.

The Gophers have won every game played by them this season except one against the Red Lake Falls team; and the Red Lake Falls boys won from Terrebonne last Sunday with a score of 8 to 3, so the game is expected to be an interesting one.

A SANE FOURTH OF JULY

Will be celebrated on the beautiful picnic grounds in Benson's woods, under the auspices of the United Lutheran church. Everybody is cordially invited. Come, bring your family and enjoy the day in a shady place, where you can meet friends, listen to speaking singing, and recitations. The ladies will serve dinner at the usual price 15 and 25 cts. Lemonade, ice cream, fruit etc., will be served. Come early, invite others to go along.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Changes in Rates

Agent Bahan gives us a few figures showing the changes in rates on the Great Northern, taking effect July 1, today.

From St. Hilaire to Crookston the old rate for passengers was 85 cts., the new is 97 cts.

To Warroad the old rate was $1,86 the new $2.7?.

To Red Lake Falls, old rate 31 cts., new 31 cts.

To St. Paul the old rate was $6.34 the new $9.52

The freight rate on butter to Chicago was 89.2 cts. per hundred is now 99.5 cts.

From the cities the rate on 1st class freight was 59 cts per hundred, now 67 cts.

The second class freight rate from the cities was 49.2 cts. per hundred, is now 57 cts.

The third class was 39.4 cts. and is now 44 cts.

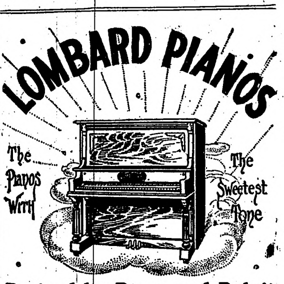
There is no change at present in car load rates on hay, grain, etc.

Spectator 1.00

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

WESTERN CANADA'S GOOD CROP PROSPECTS

YIELDS OF WHEAT WILL LIKELY BE 25 TO 30 BUSHELS PER ACRE.

In an interview with Mr. W. J. White, who has charge of the Canadian government immigration offices in the United States, and who has recently made an extended trip through the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta in Western Canada. He said that every point he visited he was met with the one report, universally good crops of wheat, oats and barley. There will this year be a much increased acreage over last year. Many farmers, who had but one hundred acres last year, have increased their cultivated and seeded acreage as much as fifty per cent. With the prospects as they are at present, this will mean from $12 to $15 additional wealth to each. He saw many large fields running from 200 to 1,000 acres in extent and it appeared to him that there was not an acre of this but would yield from 20 to 25 or 30 bushels of wheat per acre, while the oat prospects might safely be estimated at from 40 to 70 bushels per acre. In all parts of the west, whether it be Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, north and south, east and west, and in the districts where last year there was a partial failure of crops, the condition of all grain is universally good and claimed by most of the farmers to be from one to two weeks in advance of any year for the past ten or twelve years. It does not seem that there was a single foot of the ground that was properly seeded that would not produce.

There are those throughout western Canada who predict that there will be 200,000,000 bushels of wheat raised there this year, and if the present favorable conditions continue, there does not seem any reason why these prophesies should not come true. There is yet a possibility of hot winds reducing the quantity in some parts, but with the strongly rooted crops and the sufficiency of precipitation that the country has already been favored with, this probability is reduced to a minimum.

The prices of farm lands at the present time are holding steady and lands can probably still be purchased at the price set this spring, ranging from $16 to $20 per acre, but with a harvested crop, such as is expected, there is no reason why these same lands should not be worth from $20 to $25 per acre, with an almost absolute assurance that by next spring there will still be a further advance in prices.

Mr. White says that these lands are as cheap at today's figures with the country's proven worth as they were a few years ago at half the price when the general public had but a vague idea of the producing quality of western Canada lands.

The land agents at the different towns along the line of railway are very active. A large number of acres are turned over weekly to buyers from the different states in the south, where lands that produce no better are sold at from $150 to $200 per acre.

The homestead lands are becoming scarcer day by day and those who are unable to purchase, preferring to homestead, are directing their attention to the park acres lying in the northerly part of the central districts. It has been found that while these are somewhat more difficult to bring under the subjugation of the plow, the soil is fully as productive as in the districts farther south. They possess the advantage that the more open prairie areas do not possess; that there is on these lands an open acreage of from fifty to seventy per cent of the whole and the balance is made up of groves of poplar of fair size, which offer shelter for cattle while the grasses are of splendid strength and plentiful, bringing about a more active stage of mixed farming than can be carried on in the more open districts to the south.

The emigration for the past year has been the greatest in the history of Canada and it is keeping up in record shape. The larger number of those, who will go this year will be those who will buy lands nearer the line of railways, preferring to pay a little higher price for good location than to go back from the line of railways some 40 or 50 miles to homestead.

Mr. White has visited the different agencies throughout the United States and he found that the correspondence at the various offices has largely increased, the number of callers is greater than ever.

Any one desiring information regarding western Canada should apply at once to the Canadian Government Agent nearest him for a copy of the "Last Best West."

Just Then the Tea Bell Rang.

One of the best repartees ever credited to a habitual maker of happy phrases was that made by the beloved "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table" on a certain social occasion.

Going to dine with a Boston neighbor, Dr. Holmes was met by her with an apology:

"I could not get another man. We are four women, and you will have to take us all in."

"Forewarned is four-armed," he said, with a bow.—Youth's Companion.

The One Thing Needful.

"Arms and legs are not so indispensable after all," remarked the man who narrowly escaped with his life in an explosion where he lost the use of both arms.

He sipped his milk in silence through a straw, shook some change out of his pocket to the waiter, and, reaching down with his mouth for the lighted cigar, puffed vigorously. Then, bowing his head and jamming it into his hat on the table, he arose and turned to go, saying: "But this head of mine is mighty useful."

Never Forget Business.

"What would you take for a cold?" the sufferer said,

"I dunno," the man who never forgets business replied. "What'd you be willing to give?"

THE FOURTHS.

They all got up at the break of day
When the cannon commenced to bang away,
And with everything that could pop or sizz,
Or boom or splutter or bang or whizz,
Or bust or fizzle or crack or snap,
Or go off with a fuse or match or cap,
Big and little, the girls and boys
Swelled the racket and din and noise,
When grandfather kept the Fourth.

The piper tooted upon his pipe
As if he was playing to save his life,
The drummer beat till his arms were numb,
And the soldiers followed the big bass drum
In braid and buttons and blue and gold
And epaulets of a weight untold
And plumes and sashes and cords entwined,
And swords so long that they trailed behind,
When grandfather kept the Fourth.

They burned their fingers and scorched their clothes,
And blew off noses and thumbs and toes,
And scared the dog and the cat in fits,
And frightened the horses out of their wits,
And cheered and shouted and speechified
Till the bird of freedom screamed with pride,
And painted the town a carmine gay
In the same old way as we do today,
When grandfather kept the Fourth.

An Emergency Case

DOROTHY BLACKMORE

WHEN Allan Donaldson opened his eyes to behold a beautiful sunrise on the morning of the Fourth of July, his heart gave a glad bound. Bright weather on this, the gayest of all summer holidays, was to him a matter of vast importance.

He was the manager, as well as the inventor of a novel scenic railway that he operated on the large pleasure island where he spent his summers. During the winter he took charge of a concession in a southern resort. In either climate he found it unsafe to operate the cars in the rain, even though there were passengers willing to take a chance. He was too conscientious to take risks with human life, even for the sake of a great deal of money.

This was his sixth week at the island resort. He had insisted upon testing every bit of machinery as it was ready to operate. He was careful to see that not a flaw existed in any part of the tracks or plant. It was to this that he owed a clean record of not a single fatality on any of his roads. As owner and inventor, this meant much to him.

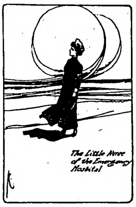
At times he found the noisy, gay life at the pleasure resort distasteful. The constant music of summer bands, the shouting of the orders for various attractions, the tinsel-bedecked performers, the too bright lights and the ever-moving throng all became monotonous. They wearied him.

Of the vast numbers of men and women with whom he came in contact there was one who interested him. And she—this little nurse in the emergency hospital—seemed as far removed from the life of the island as did the sacred recesses of a country church. It was on the occasion of her daily recreation that he chanced to see her.

He learned to watch for her and he invariably saw her turn straight from the hospital gates toward the sandy beach and the great stretch of ocean beyond. Never once did she wander through the gay white streets of the amusement village. The brilliant spectacle seemed not to attract her. On the contrary, it seemed as if it were distasteful to her. Why, Allan Donaldson wondered, had she chosen such a place?

In a quiet way he had tried to find out who she was and who were her friends, but aside from the fact that she was Miss Winifred Atwood, the most capable nurse in the institution, he could learn nothing.

Occasionally he met her face to face as she walked by the sea, and once, when she looked into his face in passing, he saw that she was more beautiful than he had suspected. The salt breeze had whipped a color into her face and the little tendrils that wandered about her forehead were girlishly pretty.


The Little Nurse of the Emergency Hospital

Over his breakfast, the young man thought of her. The very elements over which he was rejoicing—the beauty of the hot, sunny Fourth—and which meant success to him and his enterprise, meant extra work and confinement for her. The larger the crowd, the greater the percentage of accidents to be reckoned with at the hospital. Added to this, the list of fireworks accidents would be sufficent to keep indoors a few extra nurses.

The crowds began early to troop to the island by boat, train, trolley and motor, and the young proprietor of the new scenic railway watched his ticket agent busily handing out admissions to the platform. He walked about the premises with a gratified smile and saw one after another of his miniature cars disappear down the steep incline and into the mysterious cave beyond. Then he saw them emerge, breathless and laughing. The spirit of the day and the place was in them.

The white streets were fairly alive by early afternoon and all concessions were being patronized to their capacity. Children dashed torpedo fireworks to the pavements; lads shot bunches of firecrackers; girls waved flags and tooted horns and all drank lemonade, ate peanuts and had themselves weighed. The gala Fourth was being celebrated in a way to stir the blood of the forefathers who helped to make it a day renowned.

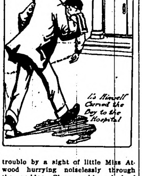
But—Allan Donaldson, inventor, owner of one of the best patronized amusements in the village, felt utterly alone—and lonely. There was no one with whom he felt at home. He could see not one familiar face in the vast throng. He almost longed for the good old Fourths back in the small Ohio town where his father had taught him how to handle fireworks.

Suddenly, he heard the clanging of a bell. He saw the crowds on the street separate. The ambulance was approaching; its rubber-tired wheels whirled over the hot pavements.

In front of the scenic railway entrance a small boy was struggling with an obstinate fire cracker from which he had lost the fuse. He had broken it open, boy-like, to see if there was powder inside. Then, with his bit of punk, he was intent upon making a "fizzer" when the ambulance, swerving as quickly as possible to one side to avoid him, passed over his hand.

Allan jumped quickly to his side and gathered the screaming lad to his shoulder, telling the surgeon on the back of the ambulance to drive on. He, himself, carried the boy to the hospital, for he knew that the rubber-tired wheels could have done little damage. The child was more frightened than hurt.

At the hospital he placed the little fellow in the hands of the proper authorities and was rewarded for his trouble by a sight of little Miss Atwood hurrying noiselessly through the corridor. She gave him a look of recognition when she saw his small charge.


He Himself Carried the Boy to the Hospital

In the course of a few hours the lad was restored to his parents with a badly smashed hand properly bandaged and cared for. They felt that it was to Allan that they owed their small boy's life and they could not do enough for him in the days to come when they journeyed from their seaside cottage nearby to the hospital to have the injured boy's hand dressed.

"There is one thing you may do for me," Allan told them the last time they came to see him on their way to the hospital with their son.

The mother looked at him in glad surprise. "What is it?"

Allan colored, self-consciously. "Miss Atwood—the nurse you spoke of—at the hospital—"

"Ah!" exclaimed the father, a smile in his eyes.

Allan nodded. "Exactly," he confessed. "I've been trying for nearly three months to find a mutual acquaintance. I—I want to know her."

"And you shall, indeed," declared the impulsive little woman. "Come, sonny, we must not be late for the doctor."

She took her son's hand and hurried off in the direction of the hospital.

After that it was as if the island were a different place to Allan Donaldson. Since the night when he had been asked to dine with the father and mother of the lad he had rescued and found himself face to face with Winifred Atwood he had left nothing undone in the way of attention to her.

"It took me three months to find a way to know you," he said to her one night when the season was nearly over and they were both about to make future plans, "and I think that was long enough to make up for the short time I've let pass before telling you—"

"What?" she asked, turning away her head.

"That I love you," he said.

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* * *

Sufficient Cause for Worry.

Bacon—And you say your wife worries at times?

Egbert—Oh, yes.

Bacon—What does she worry about?

Egbert—Oh, she has a very slight impediment in her speech and can't talk fast enough.—Yonkers Statesman.

No Lack of Industry.

Pa—I greatly disapprove of that young Smithson, and one particular reason is his lack of industry in his calling.

Daughter—His calling? Why, he calls seven evenings in the week!—Cassell's Saturday Journal.

HAVE YOU TRIED PAXTINE

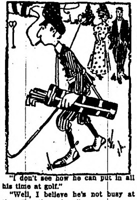
The Great Toilet Germicide?

You don't have to pay 50c or $1.00 a pint for listerian antiseptics or peroxide. You can make 16 pints of a more cleansing, germicidal, healing and deodorizing antiseptic solution with one 25c box of Paxtine,—a soluble antiseptic powder, obtainable at any drug store.

Paxtine destroys germs that cause disease, decay and odors,—that is why it is the best mouth wash and gargle, and why it purifies the breath, cleanses and preserves the teeth better than ordinary dentifrices, and in sponge bathing it completely eradicates perspiration and other disagreeable body odors. Every dainty woman appreciates this and its many other toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine is splendid for sore throat, inflamed eyes and to purify mouth and breath after smoking. You can get Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic at any drug store, price 25c and 50c, or by mail postpaid from The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass., who will send you a free sample if you would like to try it before buying.

SO BUSY.



"I don't see how he can put in all his time at golf."

"Well, I believe he's not busy at the office these days."

"Not busy at the office? Why, how's that?"

"He's too busy at golf."

HIRAM CARPENTER'S WONDERFUL CURE OF PSORIASIS.

"I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. D.'s psoriasis, and others leprosy, commencing on my scalp; and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skilful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in the form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there would be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. —— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs; feet badly swollen; toe-nails came off; finger-nails dead and hard as a bone; hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. O my God! how I did suffer.

"My sister wouldn't give up; said, 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied to one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got Cuticura Resolvent, Ointment and Soap. I commenced by taking Cuticura Resolvent three times a day after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat; used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. Result: returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper. Hiram E. Carpenter, Henderson, N. Y."

The above remarkable testimonial was written January 19, 1880, and is republished because of the permanency of the cure. Under date of April 22, 1910, Mr. Carpenter wrote from his present home, 610 Walnut St. So., Lansing, Mich.: "I have never suffered a return of the psoriasis and although many years have passed I have not forgotten the terrible suffering I endured before using the Cuticura Remedies."

True to Distant Sweetheart.

Betty has tried hard to be true to Reginald and she thinks she has done very well, considering that "Reggy" is far, far away in Idaho. She promised to be true to him and he promised to return to Media for Betty when he has made his fortune.

"Betty, dear; are your thoughts always true to Reggy?" asked her best friend the other day.

"Indeed they are. Why, whenever any one kisses me I try so hard to make believe it's Reggy and sometimes I really imagine it is," she insisted.

Well Domesticated.

Judge Parry in the course of a sketch of his judicial duties states that he has learned to sympathize with domestic frailties. "I was once rebuking a man for backing up his wife in what was not only an absurd story, but one in which I could see he had no belief. 'You should be more careful,' I said, 'and I tell you candidly I don't believe a word of your wife's story.' 'You may do as you like,' he said, mournfully, 'but I've got to.'"

The Only Way Out.

Peter (sent for the milk)—Oh, mercy, I've drunk too much of it! What shall we do?

Small Brother—Easy. We'll drop the jug.—Meggendorfer Blaetter.

Leisure is a very pleasant garment to look at, but a very bad one to wear.—Max Muller.

SOUGHT BY TOURISTS

Valley Forge Is Rich in Historic Associations.

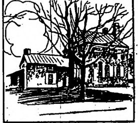
Whizzing Automobiles Now Bring Groups of Patriotic Sightseers to This Scene of the Revolution's Darkest Days.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Through the lovely wooded hills and up and down the valleys which give the name of that historic spot, Valley Forge, the scene of the darkest days of the Revolution, go rushing and whizzing nowadays the hourly automobiles bringing groups of patriotic tourists from all the country. What a change in the spot and in the people since that time when Washington and his suffering heroes camped among these picturesque hills. What a gap between those footsore, discouraged men and the pleasure-seekers whirled in luxury through this great national park.

For some eight miles the motor route circles about over the fine park roads, and on every side the natural charms of the beautiful scenery are enhanced by the hostoric associations. Many memorial tablets have been erected, marking where different divisions of the army or various commanders were stationed. Here and there are log cabins, reproductions of the olden huts, and standing on the old sites. There are lines of the old entrenchments to trace, and much else of interest to a student of military affairs, but the automobile is too swift for study of this sort. The Memorial chapel, unfortunately, does not lie on the route taken; it requires, and well deserves, a separate trip.

One does, however, pass the old school house, built by Letitia Penn in 1703, which was occupied by the Continental army as a hospital during the winter of 1777-1778. The flag floats over it, and a group of budding citizens, who ought to develop remarkable loyalty educated in such a shrine of liberty, flock out for recess as the motor car passes.

But the central point of the trip is, of course, Washington's headquarters. This plain old stone structure is a fine example of the sturdy buildings of Colonial times. In its simplicity and strength it shames the flimsy work of modern contractors. The interior is very interesting. The two main rooms on the ground flour open from the wide paneled hall with ample small-paned windows. In both reception room and office the walls are adorned with portraits, and valuable relics in cases and in the old-fashioned chimney cupboard attract the eye. "Grandfather's clock ticks in the corner, and an old gun fills the open fireplace.



Washington's Headquarters.

Across an open passage through which sun and wind have full play, is a wing containing the quaint old kitchen. While this separation of the kitchen from the main body of the house has some advantages, the modern housewife would certainly object to the unnecessary steps it occasions. And she would doubtless be at a loss to get a meal over the fireplace with its hanging hooks and pots.

From the pump room adjoining the kitchen a steep flight of steps descends to an underground passage, only lighted from an opening in the lawn above. The other end of the passage once communicated with the river and thus afforded a means of refuge and escape in case of surprise by the enemy. That end has been closed up, but the curious investigator can descend and walk along the damp, dark passage, with thoughts of the dangerous days when such a secret way was deemed necessary.

The bedrooms on the floor above are very attractive in their quaintness. They have been furnished by different chapters of the Daughters of the Revolution with suitable antique furniture so they must look very much as they did in the hours when Washington reposed in the big "four-poster," or in the straight-backed chair by the fireplace brooded over the perils of the country. On the third floor, to which one must climb with bended head if a bump is to be avoided, the bedroom is as cozily old-fashioned as anything in the house.

Much time might be profitably spent in looking over the maps, plans, etc., which hang about the walls of the hall and the main rooms, but the interest of the average tourist in such matters is soon glutted and he prefers to walk about the lawn and view the house from every side, or stroll down to the Schuylkill river in front of the headquarters and people the scene with the figures of Washington and his veterans.

Canada Ahead of Uncle Sam.

Washington.—Canada seems to handle some things better than Uncle Sam. Investigation into the railway express companies there shows that the Dominion Express company has a paid up capital of $2,000,000, issued at a cash cost of $600,000, and that the Canadian Express company has a capital of $3,000,000, issued at a cost of only $313,000. The board of railway commissioners says that in order to keep down the scale of their dividends these express companies, even on this large capitalization, paid over to the railway hundreds of thousands of dollars. The commissioners find the rates are excessive and must be reduced, and declare the railways could do all the express business without any express companies.

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure

Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—

Coca-Cola

Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—vim and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome

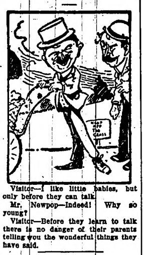
5c Everywhere

THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.
53

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

SURE.



Visitor—I like little babies, but only before they can talk.

Mr. Newpop—Indeed! Why so young?

Visitor—Before they learn to talk there is no danger of their parents telling you the wonderful things they have said.

Church and State.

"If our government is to be enduring it must rest on principles of justice, truth and righteousness, sanctioned by recognition of a supreme being whose superintending providence watches over the affairs of nations and of men. There is no official union of church and state in this country, but there is no antagonism between the civil and religious authorities. Church and state move on parallel lines. The state holds over the spiritual rulers the aegis of its protection without interfering with rights of conscience. The church helps enforce civil laws by moral and religious sanctions. It is the duty of us all, churchmen and laymen, to hold up the hands of our president, as Aaron and Hur stayed up the hands of Moses."—Cardinal Gibbons.

Rest for Tuberculosis Patients.

Dr. Joseph H. Pratt of Boston, who was the founder of the first tuberculosis class in the United States in the Emmanuel church in Boston, claims that in the treatment of tuberculosis absolute rest, often in bed, must be extended over a period of months, before the consumptive should take any exercise. He says: "Prolonged rest in bed out of doors yields better results than any other method of treating pulmonary tuberculosis. Patients will have a better appetite and take more food without discomfort and gain weight and strength faster than patients with active disease who are allowed to exercise. Complications are much less frequent. When used in the incipient stage recovery is more rapid and surer."

Wanted Too Much.

The hansom ordered by a middle-aged spinster was late, and the cabby came in for a good rating when he finally drove up to the door.

"I shall probably miss my train," the irate "fare" informed him, "and I shall hold you responsible. I want to know your name, my man. Do you understand? I—want—your—name!"

The driver clucked up his horse easily. "You'll make your train all right, madam," he assured the woman inside. "And I'll let you have me number if you like. But you can't have me name. That's promised ter another young lady."

'Lize Was "Otherwise at Present."

Sam Jones found Eliza Williams animatedly talking with Jim Lewis at a colored baptism. Now, Eliza was Sam's "best girl," or he reckoned her that way; so walking up he sought to monopolize her attention. But Eliza, considering the interruption unwarranted, wheeled upon Sam with, "Yo' will have to 'scuse me, I am otherwise at present."—Frank P. Fogg, National Magazine.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Not Guilty.

"Do you Fletcherise your food, Auntie?"

"No, ma'am! I pays for every bit I gets."—Judge.

Confidences.

She (with earnestness)—What do you consider the most subversive of comfort in domestic realities?

He (with bitterness)—Pillow shams.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Refuse substitutes. For Free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The time to make the harvest count is at the time of plowing and seeding.—Bishop Berry.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

If a man has nothing to do he is always equal to the task.

One Satisfaction.

"The cook says she is going to leave," said Mrs. Crosslots mournfully.

"Are you sure she's in earnest?" responded her husband.

"Yes."

"Nothing will change her mind?"

"Nothing."

"All right. Then I'll go down to the kitchen and discharge her."

Libby's

When you want the best there is, ask your grocer for Libby's Pickles and Olives

Libby, McNeill & Libby

44 Bu. to the Acre

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 122 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Baby's Health

Watch your baby's health carefully. If it is peevish, fretful, picks at the nose, has foul breath, or sour stomach—give it Kickapoo Worm Killer, the best remedy for children.

It is a sure cure for worms and all stomach ailments. Acts as a gentle tonic and strengthener. Cleanses the bowels. Purifies and enriches the blood. A harmless candy lozenge—all children like it. A box for 25 cents, at all druggists or by mail

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

BEACON SCISSORS SHARPENER

AGENTS WANTED

25 cents postpaid. Sharpen your own scissors. Keep scissors sharp all the time. Nothing to get out of order. Simple, durable and efficient. A child can operate it with ease. Big profits to agents. Beacon Cutlery Co., 8 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER [illegible]

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING

Mail orders given special attention. [illegible] F. M. Parker & Company, 5th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS [illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXX. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 8, 1911. NUMBER 52.

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

President Taft accepted invitations to address the Christian Endeavor convention at Atlantic City, July 7, to visit the New York state fair at Syracuse in September and to stop at St. Louis later that month.

Delegates to the convention of the world's Baptist alliance, which closed in Philadelphia, were received by President Taft at the White house. Earlier in the day the delegates visited the capitol and were greeted by Speaker Clark.

After two years' investigation of the steel trust, Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, laid before President Taft an exhaustive report of his findings. The report soon will be made public at the president's direction, so the house committee investigating the steel trust may obtain the benefit of it.

Speaker Champ Clark issued a defi to the administration a few days ago on learning of reports that President Taft purposed to veto any general tariff legislation at the extra session of congress. The speaker in a formal statement declared that the whole tariff ought to be revised and that the democratic party would rest its case with the country.

The house foreign affairs committee decided to report favorably a resolution introduced by Representative Hammill of New York asking the secretary of state what action, if any, he has taken regarding a recent speech of John L. Griffith, American consul general at London, before the Pilgrims' society "in favor of an alliance between the United States and Great Britain for war upon a nation with which this country is at peace."

General.

The election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin, may undergo investigation.

Twelve masked men held up an Erie train and fatally shot one of the mail clerks.

The house and senate are badly divided on the question of direct election of senators.

Senator Cummins spoke strongly in opposition to Canadian reciprocity as at present framed.

George H. Earle continued his attack on Colonel Roosevelt at the sugar trust investigation.

There will be no action at the special session of congress to fix the toll rates of the Panama canal.

Norris Brown says he is willing to vote for downward revision on almost any tariff schedules presented.

President Taft announced the appointment of Philander Claxton of the University of Tennessee as commissioner of education.

President Taft was told by President Shotwell, of the Nebraska progressive league, that the state is for him.

Robert Swazey, a Canadian, was burned at the stake by Mexican bandits near Fort Summer, New Mexico, on June 15.

General Porfirio Diaz, former president of Mexico, is on his way to Wiesbaden, where he will take the cure.

Two hundred persons were wounded in an election riot at Kalusz, Eastern Galicia. It was necessary to call out the troops to put an end to the fighting.

A dispatch from Warsaw states that the congress of the national democratic party decided to discontinue the boycott of government schools in Holland.

President Taft will spend one of the first week-ends of the summer at his new "country place" in Massachusetts next Saturday, arriving there from Washington with his family.

One thousand delegates from Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma and Missouri attended the first annual convention of the interstate retail dealers' association, which met in Kansas City for a three days' session.

The total reserve held by 7,277 national banks at the close of business on June 7, the last call of the comptroller of the currency, was $1,478,140,795, an average of 22.10 per cent and $121,670,815 above the amount required to be held by law.

It was held by the interstate commerce commission that a privilege savoring of a gratuity can not be ordered continued by the commission unless the original granting of the privilege rested on some legal obligation.

Sarah Bernhardt sailed for France after a tour of America. She said that she probably will return for another tour in 1915.

John McNarrey, chief of the Kansas City, Kas., fire department, was dangerously injured when he fell through the floor of a burning house in that city.

Milos Mandich who was being taken from Cleveland to the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kansas, to serve twelve years for counterfeiting, leaped from a Rock Island train while it was running at full speed near Fox River and escaped.

At Coshocton, O., Aviator Lemar was probably fatally injured when his Curtis biplane, flying low, struck the roof of a house, turning over and dashing him to the ground.

Lieutenant de Malherbe, a French military aviator, flew from Paris to Sedan.

A meeting of the republicans and socialists at Madrid passed resolutions condemning Spain's military operations in Morocco.

Norman MacLeod & Co., Philadelphia, sockbrokers, made an assignment.

The Cunningham Alaska coal land claims were disallowed by the interior department.

Pittsburg was selected as the next meeting place of the American institute of homeopathy.

Senatorial reports of crop damage in the northwest made the Chicago market go skyward.

John D. Spreckles told how his father and H. O. Havemeyer entered into a sugar producing combine.

Under orders from Washington many mail cars are now being hauled behind the baggage cars.

Old and dreary Westminster abbey was transformed into a scene of light and beauty at the coronation.

More than 2,500 engineers of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad were granted an increase in wages of about 6 per cent.

President Taft has under consideration the withdrawal of the troops now forming the maneuver division in Texas.

President Taft approved an issue of $1,500,000 Hawaiian bonds, the money to be used in public improvement in the islands.

Crazed by heat which prevailed there, Mrs. McCrary, of Lockney, Texas, killed her three children and ended her own life.

It is reported that Bakhmetieff, former Russian ambassador at Tokio, has been promised the Washington post in case Baron Rosen resigns.

President Taft left Washington on Friday for his new cottage at Beverly, Mass. Mrs. Taft, Charlie Taft, Miss Delia Torrey, the president's aunt, of Milbury, Mass., and Major A. W. Butt accompanied him.

Expeditious action in the pending treaties with Honduras and Nicaragua, providing for customs guarantees for foreign loans by those governments, where urged by President Taft in a message to the senate.

The supreme court of the United States issued an order to the attorney general ordering him to instruct the lower courts to carry out the supreme court's decision providing for the dissolution of the American Tobacco company.

Reliable advices have been received at Vienna from Albania that the situation there is growing decidedly critical. Turkey has massed fifty thousand troops within a day's march of the Montenegrin frontier.

Gifts to the amount of $1,200,000 received by Harvard university last year, were announced by President Lowell to the 2,000 for more Harvard men gathered for the alumni meeting in the quadrangle behind Seaver hall.

Rev. Timothy Sullivan, of Fort Dodge, the Catholic priest who was found dead in a bath tub in a hotel in New York last week, was well known in the Sioux City Catholic see. He was stationed in Sioux City for four years.

Philadelphia financial circles received a disagreeable shock when it became known that the liabilities of the stock brokerage firm of Norman MacLeod & Co., which suspended recently, aggregate $1,182,173, while the assets are given as $410,884.

Miss Florence R. Cushing of Boston, who arrived from Honolulu, jumped from the seventh story of a hotel and was instantly killed. A note found in her room said troubles had made her desparate and asked that her brother, C. F. Cushing, of Needham, Mass., be notified.

Festivities in connection with the coronation of King George, so far as the metropolis is concerned, ended Friday with his majesty's treat to the children.

Parramatta, the new summer white house, is in readiness for the arrival of the presidential family. For several months a small army of workmen of various trades has been engaged in fitting up the house and grounds for the use of the Taft family.

President Taft will send to congress a special report recommending the acceptance of a gift of 5,000 acres of land near Tullahoma, Tenn., and the purchase of 35,000 acres nearby at $1.50 per acre for a permanent maneuver ground, inspection camp and rifle and artillery range for the army.

Personal.

Representative Lobeck wants the International Harvester company investigated.

Dr. Abraham Jacobi, of New York, was elected president of the American Medical association.

The New York grand jury returned indictments against members of the so-called wire trust.

Jim Jeffries, of fighting fame, is back from his European trip.

President Taft is about to withdraw troops from Texas.

There are signs of a deadlock in the senate on fixing a day to vote on Canadian reciprocity.

Hines, the lumberman, figured more prominently than Lorimer in the senatorial election investigation.

Woodmen of the World selected Jacksonville, Fla., for the 1913 convention.

Senator Kenyon believes there has been perjury in the Lorimer inquiry and is in favor of prosecution.

Cardinal Gibbons has just celebrated the anniversary of fifty years of successful priesthood.

RELIEF IN SIGHT

WASHINGTON FORECASTER PREDICTS COOLER WEATHER GENERALLY TODAY.

OVER FIVE HUNDRED DEAD

Mercury Still Hovers Near 100 Mark in Several Localities—Roll of Fatalities and Prostrations.

Washington, D. C. — The hot wave is breaking, although temperatures in some localities are hovering above the 100 mark. The torridity which has levied a heavy toll of death and a greater one of suffering is about to be dissipated, according to weather bureau experts.

The Middle West, especially beyond the Mississippi valley, still is in the grip of the hot wave; but cooler weather is expected there within the next 24 hours. Weather bureau officials took an optimistic view of the general situation and held out promise for relief within the next day or so.

Reports received at the weather bureau from eastern and Atlantic coast states show a decided falling off in temperature. Boston, which sweltered at 104 Tuesday, found relief when the themometer rose only to 94. Portland, Me., was 20 degrees cooler than Tuesday.

Philadelphia and Buffalo, N. Y., with 94, New York city with 93, and Baltimore and Washington with 98, were other Eastern cities which showed drops in temperatures.
hours.

Light showers were reported in the upper lake region and brought relief to the people of that section. At other points in the West the weather was fair, with the thermometer hovering above the 100 mark. Concordia, Kan., was the hottest place, with a record of 108. Chicago and Dodge City, Kan., reported 102; Des Moines, Iowa, and Omaha, Neb., 106; Kansas City, Keokuk and Dubuque, Iowa, 104; Wichita, Kan., 100, and St. Louis, 98.

Heat Costs 500 Lives.

The loss of more than 500 lives is to be credited to the great heat wave of July 1 to 5, 1911.

The torrid period will be memorable in weather annals for its wide extent, its long duration, its record-breaking temperatures in many places, and the long list of fatalities.

The hundreds of news dispatches which cities from the North Atlantic seaboard west to the plains states have exchanged during the last day account, according to careful review last night, for the deaths of 431 persons from the heat and 80 from drowning, a total of 511.

Many Victims in Chicago.

Chicago, Illinois.—Heat killed 32 persons, including 12 babies, and prostrated dozens in Chicago, the fifth day of the present heat wave.

The temperature was recorded at 101.5 in the weather bureau tower, while at the street level the mercury climbed to 108 degrees.

Deaths resulting during the hot wave have swamped the coroner's office. There are not a sufficient number of police ambulances in Chicago to care for the prostration cases. Frequently express wagons are called to convey the victims to hospitals.

Record of Prostrations.

New York, N. Y.—The day's list of deaths from heat in the Metropolitan district was 26 up to midnight. In Manhattan and Bronxboroughs 123 cases of heat prostration were reported. Horses suffered severely from the heat in the city, more than 200 being attended by humane society agents.

Philadelphia's Toll Large.

Philadelphia, Penna. — Twenty-nine deaths from the heat were reported at the coroner's office, making a total of 51 since the present hot wave began. The maximum temperature was 94 degrees. Deaths from the heat were also reported from many parts of the state. Two cases were reported from Scranton and there were cases in Wilkes Barre, Hazelton, Lancaster, Shenandoah, Shamokin and York.

Rains Relieve Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa. — The government thermometer reached 105. At 5:30 it took a sudden drop, and cool breezes were followed by copious showers.

Two deaths and numerous prostrations have resulted from the heat in this city.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 6.—Wheat, July, 97¼c; Sept., 98¼c; No. 1 northern, 99¾c; No. 2 northern, 98¼c; No. 1 durum, 87¾c; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 3 white oats, 44½c; barley, malting, $1.00; No. 2 rye, 84c; No. 1 flax, $2.09.

Duluth, July 6.—Wheat, July, 98¾c; Sept., 98¾c; No. 1 northern, 97¼c; No. 1 durum, 86¼c.

South St. Paul, July 6.—Cattle—Steers, $5.25@5.80; cows, $2.75@4.25; calves, $2.50@6.00; hogs, $6.40@6.55; sheep, yearlings, $3.00@6.00.

Four Die in Train Wreck.

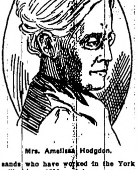
Superior, Wis. — Four men were killed and three badly injured in a collision between an extra and a gravel train on the Soo line Chicago division a few miles from this city. The dead and injured are being brought to Superior. Mixed train orders are said to have caused the collision. The trains met on a bridge over the Nemadji river, the bridge catching fire. Fire apparatus is being rushed from here to the scene of the wreck. The dead and injured are all railroad men.

AGED WOMAN CLOTH WEAVER

Mrs. Hodgdon at 75 Says She Could Not Live Without Sound of Looms.

Saco, Me.—Save one, the only American in a vast room among thousands of those who speak no word of English and where the stridor of machinery dins her ears from daylight to dark, Mrs. Melissa Hodgdon, at seventy-five, the oldest weaver of cloth in America, has just completed her fifty-fifth year of work in the cotton mill of the York Manufacturing company here.

Although Mrs. Hodgdon has outlived all but one of the many thousands who have worked in the York mills since 1856, and has even seen the original owners of the great concern pass into their graves, she is still as capable a worker as the average young French girl of nineteen, and her fingers will comb out a "pick-out" or mend a thread or throw in a new shuttle with all the deftness and precision of the loom itself.

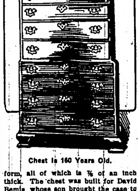

Mrs. Amelissa Hodgdon.

Mrs. Hodgdon has seen the cotton business change from a struggling little industry, hampered by poor machinery and even by a dearth of cotton caused by the Civil war, to perhaps the greatest activity of New England, and one of the greatest in the United States. When she began her work the cotton loom was little different from the hand loom which had been in use since antiquity. At that time there were many hand looms still in use. Mrs. Hodgdon says she does not remember whether she ever used a hand loom, but says she knew weavers in Canada who were then using them.

ANCIENT CHEST OF DRAWERS

School Teacher to Receive Heirloom in Form of Old-Fashioned Article of Furniture.

South Paris, Me.—Being next in line of family descendants, Frank Farrar, a native of this place, now a school teacher in Dallas, Tex., is to receive a valuable heirloom in the form of a chest of drawers, an old-fashioned, seldom-seen article of furniture. The old relic, hand-made 160 years old, is seven feet high and has eight large drawers and three small ones. Four boards which make the sides are each 36 inches long by 27 inches wide and ⅞ of an inch thick of solid mahogany. There are 38 feet of this rare wood used in the finished form, all of which is ⅞ of an inch thick. The chest was built for David Bemis, whose son brought the case to Paris with him in 1796.


Chest Is 160 Years Old.

Oklahoma Indians.

Muskogee, Okla.—There are many Indians in the West prominent in public life. Charles D. Carter of the Fourth congressional district of Oklahoma, is a Chickasaw Indian, with some Cherokee blood. Carter was born and brought up among the Indians, was educated in an Indian school and has been associated with Indians all his life. Senator Owen of Oklahoma is a quarter breed; W. A. Durand, speaker of the Oklahoma house of representatives, is a Chickasaw, and Benjamin F. Harrison, secretary of state of Oklahoma, is a Choctaw, born and educated in the Choctaw nation. In the eastern half of Oklahoma, in proportion to the population, more Indians are holding state, district, county and municipal offices than white people, and they are equally successful, which demonstrates conclusively that they are competent for self government. Governor Cruce of Oklahoma, while not an Indian, is married into the race, his wife, now dead, having been an Indian.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

DEPOSITS ARE BIGGER.

State Bank Figures Show Gain Over March Call.

Although deposits in state banks show a decrease over the corresponding period of 1910, a marked increase is shown over the deposits in state banks at the time of the March call of the bank examiner. Figures were compiled by K. Chase, bank examiner, showing the condition of state banks of discount and deposit at the close of business on June 7. They show an increase in deposits over the March call of $827,803.23. The increase in savings deposits is $3,415,362. There was a decrease, however, in the deposits subject to check of $2,510,483.51 under the call of March.

The resources of 712 banks in existence at this call show a net increase of $2,139,513.41 over the resources of 701 banks reported at the last call. Items showing an increase aggregated $5,522,756.64, and the items decreasing in the resources amounted to $3,383,243.23. Due from banks showed a decrease of $3,252,094.67, which indicates that the state banks have drawn heavily on their reserves in city banks. There was an increase of $4,071,235.45 in loans and discounts over the last call. The increase over loans and discounts of the call of June 30, 1910, was more than $10,000,000.

Total resources of the 712 state banks are $129,574,307.41, against $128,434,794 in March. The resources of the 666 banks reporting June 30, 1910, amounted to $119,472,553.58.

The overdrafts show an increase of $36,668.14 over the call of March.

The summary:

	666 banks, June 30, 1910.	701 State banks, Mar. 7, 1911.	712 State banks, June 7, 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.
Resources—					
Loans and discounts	$90,589,194.65	$96,503,137.45	$100,574,372.90	$4,071,235.45	....
Overdrafts	547,830.76	577,699.61	614,367.75	36,668.14	....
U. S. bonds	19,640.00	19,300.00	17,800.00	....	$1,500.00
Other stocks, bonds and securities	2,974,212.04	2,262,461.45	2,422,679.94	160,218.49	....
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2,533,267.06	2,879,569.15	2,962,963.30	[illegible]	....
Other real estate	1,140,[illegible].61	[illegible]	1,294,076.88	22,996.67	....
Due from banks	16,508,634.80	17,[illegible]	14,341,785.42	....	3,252,094.67
Checks and cash items	895,352.68	761,453.00	571,294.58	....	189,[illegible].54
Cash on hand	4,[illegible]	4,522,329.01	4,617,777.96	95,447.95	....
Other resources	160,196.67	171,912.24	216,906.66	44,[illegible]	....
Totals	$119,472,553.58	$128,434,794.00	$129,574,307.41	$5,[illegible],756.64	$3,382,243.23
Liabilities—					
Capital stock	$12,971,500.00	$18,576,900.00	$18,679,900.00	$103,000.00	....
Surplus	3,028,909.55	3,476,270.13	3,514,124.47	37,854.34	....
			533,[illegible]	....	$106,252.53
Undivided profits, net	963,080.90	1,045,153.22	1,177,101.18	[illegible]	....
Bills payable	486,458.85	958,071.22	67,[illegible].14	787,742.57	....
Time certificates	61,296,962.16	67,130,829.77	22,054.90	4,814.90	....
Dividends unpaid	52,904,906.77	17,240.00	54,165,664.59	....	2,510,483.51
Deposits subject to check	56,002,052.59	56,676,942.10	656,936.79	....	335,598.70
Demand certificates	764,970.20	1,044,612.49	2,415,362.48	2,415,[illegible].48	....
Certified checks	44,576.89	53,208.48	40,635.68	....	12,572.86
Cashiers' checks	1,215,956.67	1,682,951.48	1,521,615.93	....	161,335.55
Due to banks	2,614,061.64	2,663,185.42	2,391,878.41	....	272,307.01
Other liabilities	96,030.04	115,663.58	162,923.05	47,[illegible].47	....
Totals	$119,472,553.58	$128,434,794.00	$129,574,307.41	$4,590,064.56	$3,450,551.18

AUSTIN WATER PLANT OPENS.

Celebration Marks a Red Letter Day in the Minnesota City's History.

Austin.—Wednesday, the 28th of June, was a red letter day in the history of this city. The new water system, which will give the pure spring water from the city springs, was opened by a big celebration at the city park in the evening of the day. The celebration marked an epoch in this city's history.

In place of the regular band concert in the park, the F. A. Tichy park band opened the program with a selection and were followed by "Praise Ye the Father," rendered by a vocal chorus of 20 voices. Dr. J. F. Stout gave an eloquent brief address on "The Fountain and Society," Mrs. Gertrude Ellis Skinner of the Herald gave a witty address upon the theme, "Austin Women and the Well. "After the chorus had rendered "The Spacious Firmament," Judge Nathan Kingsley of the district court delivered the address of the occasion in an eloquent and fitting manner upon the reminiscent subject, "Then and Now." The most striking feature on the program was the singing of "America" by the 5,000 spectators who had gathered to celebrate the event, led by the chorus of trained voices and the band. Music by the band closed the program.

Located two miles east of this city is the city spring farm, which has been purchased at an expense of $20,000 and on which are located the city springs, placed by nature 14 feet above the level of the city pumping plant.

These magnificent springs cover an area of two acres and daily flow 2,500,000 gallons of clear, sparkling spring water, which flows by gravity to the pumps of the city through an 18-inch iron pipe line. This city only uses 600,000 gallons of water a day, so that a storage reservoir of concrete holding 4,000,000 gallons has been built around the springs enclosing them and another reservoir of 2,000,000 gallons has been built at the plant for a fire reserve.

The entire project cost this city around $50,000 and the water is pumped through the city by two high pressure pumps, which supply the necessary fire pressure for the highest buildings.

The city park on East Water street had been illuminated and prepared for the occasion by Superintendent William Todd of the Light and Water plant and he had prepared some novel effects in spouting foundations and illuminations with colored lights to commemorate the plentiful supply of water now possessed by this city.

Behan Out On Bond.

Bemidji. — The robber, Martin Behan, captured in the battle at Puposky on the morning of June 17, was released from the county jail on a bond of $5,000 signed by his wife and J. B. Meyer. Behan, who is in the last stages of consumption, was taken to Wisconsin by his sister and wife.

Magazines Employ Mr. Manahan.

St. Paul. — James Manahan, Minneapolis attorney, has been retained by 28 of the largest magazine publishers in the United States to oppose the movement for raising the postal rates on magazines in the United States.

Heavy Damages for Broken Leg.

Fergus Falls.—Mrs. Caroline Bjornaas has begun suit in the district court against the city of Fergus Falls for damages sustained in a fall on an alleged defective sidewalk.

JEWS COMING TO MINNESOTA.

Colony Has Option on 10,000 Acres in St. Louis County.

Chicago. — Fifty orthodox Jewish families will leave Chicago next fall and form the first American agricultural colony of Jews in existence. The plan was unfolded by B. A. Nelson at a meeting of Jews in the Chicago Hebrew institute.

Mr. Nelson has arranged a plan for a communal colony in the timber lands of Northern Minnesota. It will start with fifty families, each of which will buy 40 acres of land. An option on 10,000 acres in St. Louis county, Minnesota, has been obtained and, as soon as the success of the first colony is assured, it is expected that other Jews of Chicago will go to Minnesota.

Governor A. O. Eberhart of Minnesota has promised his co-operation and assistance in the plan, according to Mr. Nelson, and the first thing that the colony will do on arrival in Minnesota will be to take advantage of the fund for settlers which the state has set aside.

"The Jews have never been able to settle down," said Mr. Nelson, "unless it was in a city. They want company. But we will have a colony, and the people will be satisfied. All of the money from the timber will go to the general fund, but after that each family will take up 40 acres of land for itself.

"Where the Jew goes, commerce goes. Our people will not sit down and smoke a pipe behind the stove in the winter time, like the Gentile farmer. The Jew will plan on a bakery, a grocery store, a tailor shop. He will work all the time. Our colony is sure to be a success, and it will be a great good thing to get the people out of the city, where there is no chance for so many of them."

SKULL IS RUNESTONE CLEW.

Fergus Falls. — The report that the Minnesota Historical society is to make excavations on the point of land which juts into Pelican lake, in the hope of finding traces of the Norsemen who are supposed to have perished there in 1362, has aroused considerable interest in the neighborhood, and it has been learned that a skull and other remains of a human being who had perished in the distant past were uncovered there several years ago.

The supposition that Norsemen were killed there is based on the inscription on the famous Kensington runestone, which tells of the slaughter of ten Norsemen near where certain rocks or skerries jut into the lake.

The skull referred to was found on September third, 1897, by Theodore Walstead, George Armstrong and Hjalmar Melquist. It was imbedded under the roots of a large willow tree indicating that it was very old. The spot is not far from the skerries where the runestone says that the Norsemen were slain by the Indians.

STATE OFFICERS TURN ORATORS.

Governor Is Busy Speaker — Attends Five Celebrations.

St. Paul.—State officials acted as Fourth of July orators. Governor Eberhart was the busiest of all. He appeared in South St. Paul, Harriet Island, St. Anthony Park, Hamline and Minneapolis. State Auditor Iverson went to Luverne, to deliver the Fourth of July address.

George Welsh, commissioner of immigration, was the orator of the day at Lindstrom.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Washington, D. C. — The Commercial club of Duluth has asked President Taft to stop at that city, en route to Houghton, Mich.

Duluth.—Mary Ringhofer, 6 years old, daughter of Joseph Ringhofer, a farmer residing near Elmer, Minn., was accidentally shot and seriously but not dangerously wounded by her brother John, sixteen years old, when the lad fired at a chicken hawk. The girl was brought to a Duluth hospital.

Little Falls.—Theodore Martin, who on June 18 shot and killed his wife at their home nine miles northeast of Little Falls, was given a hearing and held to the grand jury. It is said Martin has already written a confession. Later he engaged an attorney and will stand trial. The crime resulted over a dispute as to whether Mrs. Martin would give her son his supper, the husband not wishing the boy to eat in the house.

Wheaton, Minnesota. — Charles Hunter, a prominent farmer living four miles southeast from Wheaton, was instantly killed in the saloon of Conrad Wuerman at Dumont. Hunter had been employed to act as assistant bartender during the firemen's tournament. A keg of beer had been charged with gas preparatory to being used, when it exploded, inflicting frightful injuries upon the face and head of the victim. Mr. Hunter leaves a widow and a number of children.

Winona.—Suffering a fatal stroke of apoplexy, Julius Kempe, 65 years old, a pioneer of this county, rode several blocks through the principal streets of St. Charles, his limp body leaning to one side of the carriage and his arm dangling over one of the wheels. Those on the street at the time were not aware Kempe was dead until one of the man's friends halted the horse. Mr. Kempe had gone to the postoffice about 7:30 and was returning when death overtook him. A physician pronounced death due to apoplexy.

Washington, D. C. — The proclamations providing for the opening of the Fond du Lac and Koochiching county, Minnesota, lands to entry are in the hands of the president for signing. Although two entire townships in Koochiching county will be opened probably this week practically every subdivision is occupied by a squatter [illegible] in for five years or more, and who therefore will have a prior claim for this reason, the contemplated opening will attract scarcely any new settlers.

Minneapolis. — The Minneapolis Civic Celebration was formally opened with homecoming day, and Minneapolis enjoyed the first of the seven-day fete in the open. The troops of the Minnesota National Guard mobilized at Camp Lowry, and went through military routine to the great delight of hundreds of visitors. The Nicollet avenue court of honor was illuminated in the evening, and Minneapolitans and their guests went home happy in the foretaste of the good things that are to be theirs during the week's fete.

Walker.—After eight years of operations during which time over 280,000,000 feet of logs have been cut, the Northland Pine Company sluiced its last boom through Leech river dam. The camp equipment in the seven camps of the company has been shipped to Tamarack, where logging operations will begin soon. About 35,000,000 feet of pine will be cut. The Northland company has logged eight years on Leach Lake, the last four being at its last location at Headquarters camp, near Bear Island. During the eight years an average annual cut of 35,000,000 feet has been made under the supervision of James Long, logging superintendent.

Minnesota's new malt law will deprive the United States government of thousands of dollars annually in revenue, the estimated loss in Minneapolis alone being from $8,000 to $10,000 a year. Dealers in malt beverages are required to pay a government tax of $20 a year. According to local internal revenue offices there were between 400 and 500 places in Minneapolis which dealt in malt drinks usually in connection with poolrooms and confectionery stores. Under the state law which went into effect Saturday, prohibiting the sale of malt except by licensed dealers, these places are barred from the sale of malt and the proprietors have failed to pay the government tax for the ensuing year.

MINNEAPOLIS CELEBRATION.

Governor Eberhart Leads Parade of State Militia.

Minneapolis. — The Minnesota National Guard parade and the Fourth of July celebration at Lake Harriet were the chief attractions of the Civic Celebration program July 4. Governor Eberhart as commander in chief of the guard headed the military parade, which included every company of militia in the state and the Duluth naval marines.

TWO DEAD, 17 INJURED.

Fatal Results of Railroad Wreck in Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Penn.—Two persons were killed and seventeen others injured when a train on the Pennsylvania railroad from Broad street station for Atlantic City sideswiped the Atco local northbound at Locaston, N. J. Railroad officials say the accident was due to the mistake of the brakeman of the Atco train, who threw the wrong switch.

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HOW FORTUNES GROW

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NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

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YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

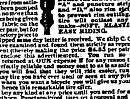
COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.



DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 8, 1911.

We have before us Vol. 1 No. 1 of the Gonvick Banner, published by T. A. Cashman, formerly of the Bagely Herald. It is well edited and neatly printed and will no doubt receive the patronage it deserves.

A n exchange published in southern part of the state says that it will be a calamity if United States Senator Nelson is retired at the end of his term. Be that it may the Herald is willing to be a party to the "crime of 1912" that will lay the senator on the shelf.—Ada Herald.

Got any nickels in your pocket? If so you better look them over. If any are dated 1910 you are short that much money for it is counterfeit as no nickels were coined last year. In other respects the nickels look all right. They are about the same weight as the good coin. They are a trifle off color but not enough to be noticed by the average person. Other towns have reported having a number of these bad coins in circulation and it is thought that perhaps they were passed by an organized gang which has gone through the state. The department of justice at Washington has sent out notice of the coins.

Consolidate the Schools

The revenues of the state of Minnesota are now available to an extent never before equaled in any state for the upbuilding of rural schools. It is the purpose of the state as manifested in the Holmberg and collateral laws, to offer to the boys and girls of the farms educational opportunities second to none that are enjoyed by the boys and girls of the towns. The country youths now growing up are to enjoy in actuality the larger benificences of the state's magnificent school fund, which those of preceding generations have enjoyed only in anticipation.

"Consolidation" is the key which is to unlock, far earlier than was dreamed of, the rich resources of the state for the betterment of rural educational facilities. It comes by a natural process of evolution from the increased density of population and the improvement of the roads, coupled with the shrewder judgment born of a comparison of the results won by the well equipped city graded schools as contrasted with those of the one room country district school. Consolidation now offers, on the one hand, a building fund equal to one-fourth the cost of a building, unless a building costing more than $6,000 is erected. Fifteen hundred dollars is the largest amount allowed toward a building. On the other hand, it offers a contribution of $1,500 annually to the support of every consolidated school of four or more rooms. All this in addition to the regular apportionment from the state school fund of about $5 per pupil annually.

The school thus aided must teach Agriculture, Manual Training and Home Economics; must observe certain requirements as to the qualifications of the teachers employed, and have the approval of the state superintendent of public instruction for their plans and equipment. None of these requirements are burdensome; rather, every one of them carries a benificence. The load of taxation left to be assumed by the people of the consolidated district—including the cost of transporting pupils to and from their homes—is so slight that in many cases the change from the district to the consolidated plan will not be noticed through any pull at the pocket.

Districts which, with such an opportunity inviting them to action, continue inert and indifferent, set themselves down as below the plane of Twentieth century activities. A progressive Americanism should forthwith set the machinery of consolidation at work in all the school districts of Minnesota.—C. R. Barns, Extension Division, University Farm.

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What I can do, you can do.

I earn $5.00 per day in towns of 500 population.

I am willing to give FREE INSTRUCTIONS to any lady or gentleman HOW I DO IT.

No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

RUSH the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.
Minneapolis, Minn.

The Ball Game

The Gophers played at Red Lake Falls July 4. There were two games there on that day.

The first game started at one o'clock and lasted for seven innings. Terrebonne and Red Lake Falls were the opposing teams, the locals winning in a well played game by a score of 0 to 2.

At the close of the first game the St. Hilaire team took up the bat. This was an interesting contest, and should have been our game by all the rules of probability. At the beginning of the fifth inning the Gophers had 1 score and the Red Lake Falls team 0. In the fifth inning, after an error which allowed the enemy to run in two scores, the Gophers "went up in the air," so to speak, and Red Lake Falls made three more scores in short, making the total 5 to 1. Following is the score by innings:

St. Hilaire......	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Red Lake Falls..	0	0	0	0	5	x	—5

Drive 1,000 Miles

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Austin returned by train from Fargo this morning, after having made a 1,000 mile automobile trip through North Dakota, a small portion of South Dakota, and portions of Minnesota.

Mr. Austin states that the crops are totally ruined practically around Aberdeen, S. D., nearly totally ruined in portions of southwestern North Dakota, near Lidgerwood and vicinity, and badly burned in the vicinity of Alexandria, though the corn near the latter place is in fine shape.

The trip was made without accident of any kind. The roads were generally very good, as there has been practically no rain in most of the territory covered. The automobile was left at Fargo, where it rained yesterday afternoon and nearly all night.

Mr. Austin says the people in this section do not know what magnificent crops they have, or how they have been favored by rain this season.—Crookston Times.

Firemen at Ada

At the annual tournament of the northern Minnesota firemen, held at Ada this week, the Crookston department won first prize for having the largest number of uniformed men in line. Twin Valley and Bemidji tied for second.

The first prize for being the best appearing company went to Twin Valley, with Crookston second.

The hook and ladder race was won by Ada, the time being twenty-five and two-fifths seconds. Bemidji took second money, making the run in twenty five and two-fifths seconds.

Boyd of Crookston took the 100 yard dash in ten and one-fifth seconds, defeating Staska of Warren by a foot.

District Court

The June term of the district court for the fourteenth judicial district came to a close last Saturday evening. Nine criminal and three civil cases came up before the court. The disposition of the most of them was noted in our last issue.

The criminal case against Frank Peterson was tried Saturday and he was found guilty as charged.

Program for School Trustees Meeting

To be held at Thief River Falls Saturday, July 8, at 10 o'clock a. m., at Lincoln building.

1. Music.
2. Some changes in school laws. Introductory remarks by E. A. Mostue, county superintendent.
3. The plan and work as regards state aid schools and consolidated rural schools; the conditions essential for such consolidation and benefits derived therefrom. G. M. Asander, assistant superintendent of public instruction.
4. Compulsory education, its faults and benefits. Supt. A. Cederstrom.
5. Agricultural state high schools under the Putnam act. Hon. D. P. O'Neil.
6. Affiliation of rural schools with agricultural high schools under the Putnam act, especially as regards Thief River Falls high school. Supt. J. H. Hay.
7. School sanitation and essentials to be considered by school boards to make a school a success. Supt. H. F. Anderson.
8. Closing remarks. E. A. Mostue.

A Splendid Opportunity for Boys and Girls

during the summer vacation. Profits $1.00 to $3.00 per day in any locality. $1.50 required to start in on a limited scale from which you may may enlarge gradually. No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

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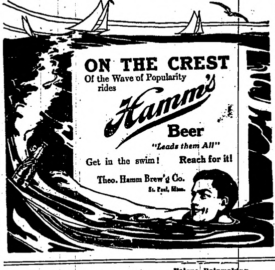

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MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

Egg and Bottle.

Take a boiled egg, remove the shell, have a bottle with a large neck, add a piece of paper to the neck and light it. When in blaze put the egg on it, point down, and the heat will pull the egg with great force inside. Now put again a blazed paper in the bottle and manage to have the egg in the neck point up, and the heat will push out the egg with an explosion.

STENOGRAPHERS' NOTES.

Perfectly Intelligible Only to the One Who Wrote Them.

"My stenographer was taken ill suddenly," said a well known business man the other day, "and as I had dictated some important letters to him which I wanted written at once I took his notebook to a stenographic institution and asked for a man to translate the notes. Judge of my surprise when I was informed that no matter how good an expert a stenographer may be he cannot read the notes of a colleague."

"This is a common complaint of men who know nothing of stenography and have never studied it," said a shorthand reporter recently. "It is true, however, that no stenographer can accurately translate another's notes. This does appear strange, but it must be remembered that stenography is by no means a perfect science. In fact, it is most imperfect, and there is great room for improvement. Therefore every intelligent person who studies stenography after he gets through the rudiments of it begins to improve it in his own way, invents word signs and characters and changes or alters those he has learned. As a result every stenographer's notes are stamped by his own individuality, a mystery to another, and therefore, with the exception of words most commonly used, it would be impossible to read another's notes accurately.—New York Herald

Unique Rainmaking.

One of the oldest rainmaking plants is the invention of a native of one of the Indian provinces. By means of a rocket he sends more than a mile into the air a reservoir of ether attached to a parachute. This, being released at the highest point, floats gently back to earth, the condensation being caused by the evaporation of the ether. It is said to be decidedly efficacious even where there is scarcely a trace of cloud.

Cut It.

"Yes," said the college student, "dad got the idea that I was cutting up too much, and so he cut in and threatened to cut down my allowance unless I took a brace. I felt all cut up at first, but I didn't want my allowance cut off or cut into just for a little funny business, and so I cut it out." And the listening foreigner remarked, "What did the young man say?"—Somerville Journal.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Proof of Will

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota County of Pennington } ss

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Fransilia Fellman, Charley Fellman, Gust Fellman, Albert Fellman, Anna Fellman, Herman Fellman, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Fransilia Fellman being duly filed in this court, representing that John P. Fellman, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 8th day of December, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Fransilia Fellman.

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, 1911, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Wilhelm Michelet, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 28th day of June, 1911.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge.

J8-25

Village Officials.

President	J. O. Dahl
Clerk	Arthur Hall
Trustees	R. J. McKircher Henry Olson A. R. Jones
Treasurer	B. E. Burkee
Marshal	Henry Jackson
Assessor	O. H. Peters
Constable	A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace	O. H. Peters K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health	Dr. C. Swanson Daniel Patterson Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. Wilson
Clerk	K. O. Gigstad
Directors	Daniel Patterson Dr. C. Swanson H. O. Jackson

Free during the Civic Celebration

Any lady or gentleman can have their suit case checked and their suit or skirt pressed Free.

BRING COUPON NUMBER 2.

Just to keep our tailors busy and to introduce our new system.

RUSH, the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.,
Minneapolis, Minn

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Mission services Sunday, July 16, at 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m., and 7:45 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3660 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	88
" " 2 "	86
" " 3 "	83
Flax, No. 1	$1.74
" " 2	1.64
Barley, for 50 lbs	46
Oats	46
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Next week you can get the Minnesota mowers at N. A. Nelson's.

C. H. Martz and Salem Mageau visited Thief River Falls yesterday.

K. O. Gigstad went to Thief River Falls on Wednesday on ditch business.

LOST—A bunch of keys. Finder please return to this office and receive $1.00 reward.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs M. S. Gjerde.

Just received by Holmes Bros. two car loads of McCormick and Deering harvesting machinery.

Gunnar Nass came down from his claim in Roseau county to spend the Fourth at home.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet at Aimer's corner Thursday afternoon, July 13.

Henry Bjerk of Strathcona, Minn came down Saturday to visit his brothers, Chris and Martin Bjerk.

Agnes Lindquist is entertaining a schoolmate this week, Miss Esther Nanthem of Evansville, Minn.

Elmer Swanson returned this week from Walla Walla, Wash, where he has been living for some time.

Mrs. Wm. Kenney of Langford N. D., has been visiting Mrs. Rev. Sand and other relatives here this week.

The feed mill at the farmers' elevator is temporaily out of commission while some repairs are being made.

Richard Wallin came down from International Falls last Saturday to spend the 4th at home, returning Tuesday.

Albert Larson of Warren and August Larson of Fort Francis Can. spent the 4th with frien ds in St. Hilaire.

Mrs. I. B. Fisher returned Thursday to Crookston, after a few days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday July 9, at 10:45 a.m.

Morris Lasalle, Wm. Olson and Sever Skattum attended the firemen's tournament at Ada this week, returning yesterday.

Mrs. Pearson returned yesterday to Fisher after a visit with her father A. Orwick and also with friends at Wylie.

Rev. John S. Handen and Stanell Larlazez were soliciting funds yesterday for the erection of a Christian hospital in some part of Turkey.

There will be a Mission meeting in the Scandinavian Mission church Saturday July 15, at 8 p. m. and Sunday July 10 at 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Alfred Anderson returned last week from a trip to Canada, but without taking any land. He reports crops fair on the average but very poor in some localities.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Leonard Holmes drove to Thief River Falls yesterday with his son Harold and his guest, Ralph Foster. The two boys have gone to Hallock for a few days visit.

Henry Tysseling and John Draeger who have been associated in the real estate business here for the past year, have sold out to C. C. Elliott who will continue the business at the same location.

Holmes' Bros. have moved their machine shed ever on the own lots across the street south from the hardware store, the former location having been leased by the St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Company.

Miss Lena Morrow Lewis one of the most eloquent orators of the socialist movement in America, will speak in Imperial hall, Friday evening, July 14, at 8 p. m. Every one whether interested in socialism or not, will do well to hear Miss Lewis. She will answer questions.

A large number of people attended the celebration at Red Lake Falls July 4. The United Lutheran church and the Methodist church held picnics on that day, and quite a contingent attended a picnic at Hazel; so that while there was no celebration here yet the day was pretty well filled for St. Hilaire people.

A. J. Hed celebrated at the county fair at Fertile.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the eastside school house Sunday July 9, at 7:45 p. m.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday afternoon, July 14, at the home of Mrs. Herman Nelson north of town

To close out her millinery stock for the summer, Mrs. Holmes is selling all her hats at cost or less. Come in and see them.

The St. Hilaire Lumber company's office has been moved this week and the erection of sheds commenced on the new location on the east side of the track between the two elevators. This will be more convenient both for the lumbermen and for purchasers than the former location on the mill site, with the sheds a number of rods from the office and both nearly a half mile from town.

Drowned

Henry Wilson, the son of C. M. Wilson of Thief River Falls, was drowned in the Red Lake River about one mile from the city Monday, July 3. Just when the accident happened is not known. He left home some time Monday presumably for the purpose of going down to the river to take a bath. A search was made on Tuesday and the clothes found lying on the river bank, and the body later recovered out of the river. The deceased was 23 years of age.

Funeral services were held from the Presbyterian church at 2 p. m. Thursday. Otto E. Olson of this place, who is an uncle of the deceased, attended the funeral.

Annual School Meeting

The annual election of officers of Dist. No. 102 will be held at village hall Saturday evening, July 15, from 7 to 8 o'clock p. m., to elect three directors, as follows:—In place of Daniel Patterson and C. H. Martz, whose terms of office expire, and H. O. Jackson removed from town.

Installation

At the meeting of St. Hilaire Lodge I. O. O F. Thursday evening the officers elect for the ensuing term were installed by A. S. Wilson D. D. G. M., as follows:

M. Fricker, P. G.
C. Steen, N. G.
G. W. Hooper, V. G.
O. F. Post, Sec.
Paul Olson, R. S. N. G.
John Hanson, L. S. N. G.
D. Patterson, R. S. V. G.
R. J. McKercher, L. S V. G.
H. W. Peterson, Warden.
C. H. Martz, Chaplain.
A. R. Jones, O. G.
O. H. Olson, I. G.

Selling by Candle Time.

"It did me good," observed a young girl who had just returned from England, "to see in real life one of the old customs my grandfather used to tell me about—the burning of the time candle at an auction. In Berkshire the old custom still prevails, and when an auction is in progress and an article is put up for bidding a short length of candle is lighted as the bidding begins. The shouting continues until the candle burns out, and the last bid before it flickers its last is the one that takes the cake. I don't know but what it has an advantage over the 'Going, going, gone!' variety, but it is fearfully slow and un-American."—Exchange.

Necessary.

"Dear me," exclaimed the lady, "that's twice you have dropped that cut glass pitcher within five minutes!"

"I know it, ma'am," replied the maid, "but it didn't break the first time."—Chicago Record-Herald

In Danger.

"He must be a good man, the way you describe him."

"He is sprouting wings right now."

"He had better be careful that he doesn't infringe on the patents of Wright brothers."

The Major Fraction.

Oh, when a fellow's better half
Appears upon the scene
It's then he's mighty lucky if
She's not the whole machine!

Deep.

"I am writing a story."
"Have you a plot?"
"Yes, a very subtle one."
"What is it?"
"To sell the thing to a magazine."

Coldly Described.

"So you don't envy any of the world's men of genius?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I admire them, but I don't envy 'em. A genius is a man who gets a monument after he's dead instead of three square meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

Inquisitive.

"Your husband is of a studious turn of mind, isn't he?"

"Yes, indeed. Whenever we have hash he isn't satisfied unless he knows everything that is in it."—Detroit Free Press.

REMEMBER OUR
REDUCTION SALE
CLOSES JULY 5
LAZAR & LAZAR

HARNESS : SHOP

Come in and see our best line of Dusters and Fly Nets, single and double Driving Harness, and heavy Team Harness. The best line of Harness that money can buy.

Repairing of Buggy Seats and Cushions a specialty.

Carl : A. : Krueger

GO TO
Holmes Bros.
FOR
McCormick
AND
Deering
HARVESTING MACHINERY
A FULL LINE OF EXTRAS ALWAYS ON HAND

lle the vessels of the world. Other countries grow coffee, to be sure, but not one in such vast quantities as does Brazil. So greatly has the Brazilian coffee grown in favor that the plant is now being taken abroad and cultivated. Now the department of agriculture is beginning to pay attention to the manner in which substitutes for good Brazilian coffee are being foisted on the American people under the false names of Mocha and Java.

American Buyer in London.

"My American accent came near to taxing me just $480 on my last trip to London," remarked a clubman. "When I tried to buy a certain bulldog pup there the kennel man priced it at $500, as he had me sized up as an American and, in his regard, an easy mark. I made a deal with a cabby at the hotel stand, who went around and bought the same pup for me at $60, a very fair price, as the dog will never be a show winner. I gave a $10 tip to the cabman, so I made $430 by employing an agent who called his hansom an 'ansom and his horse an 'orse."—New York Sun.

Jackdaw and Magpie.

In England the daw is hardly ever mentioned but as Jack, yet daw and not jackdaw is the proper name of the species. It is suggested that the pie owes the "mag" to some corruption of Margaret or Meg. To mag is to chatter, but whether the verb was derived from the name or the name from the verb is a question. It is more than probable that the Jim Crow of America (the old name for a negro boy) was brought across from England in the days when a crow was Jim, as a swallow was Dick.—London Standard.

Perpetual.

"You always appear to be worried about your housekeeping," remarked the sympathetic friend.

"But really," replied the housekeeper, "there are only two occasions when I am really worried. One is when I haven't a servant and the other is when I have."

Business Chances. I Will Help You to Make Money.

A profitable French dry cleaning business that can be established in towns of 500 population with a capital of $25.00. Profits range from $2.00 to $5.00 per day according to the size of the town. No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamp envelope.

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Spectator 1.00

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

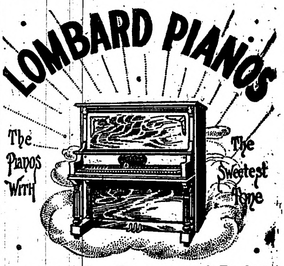
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN WIS

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

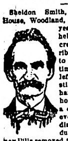
LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

FEELS LIKE A BOY.

Since Doan's Kidney Pills Cured Him of Terrible Kidney Trouble.

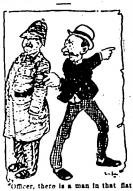


Sheldon Smith, Prop. Arlington House, Woodland, Cal., says: "Three years I was almost helpless. Kidney secretions scalded terribly and obliged me to arise ten to twelve times a night. My left limb became so stiff and sore I could hardly walk — just hobbled around with a cane. I had almost every complaint that diseased kidneys produce, and Doan's Kidney Pills removed them all. At the age of 76 I feel like a boy and enjoy health and comfort. Can anyone wonder at my gratitude?

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NO CHANCE TO COMMIT SUICIDE.



"Officer, there is a man in that flat who is trying to cut his throat."

"Don't worry about it; there isn't room for him to do it."

BABY'S HAIR ALL CAME OUT

"When my first baby was six months old he broke out on his head with little bumps. They would dry up and leave a scale. Then it would break out again and it spread all over his head. All the hair came out and his head was scaly all over. Then his face broke out all over in red bumps and it kept spreading until it was on his hands and arms. I bought several boxes of ointment, gave him blood medicine, and had two doctors to treat him, but he got worse all the time. He had it about six months when a friend told me about Cuticura. I sent and got a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. In three days after using them he began to improve. He began to take long naps and to stop scratching his head. After taking two bottles of Resolvent, two boxes of Ointment and three cakes of Soap he was sound and well, and never had any breaking out of any kind. His hair came out in little curls all over his head. I don't think anything else would have cured him except Cuticura.

"I have bought Cuticura Ointment and Soap several times since to use for cuts and sores and have never known them to fail to cure what I put them on. I think Cuticura is a great remedy and would advise any one to use it. Cuticura Soap is the best that I have ever used for toilet purposes." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Harmon, R. F. D. 2, Atoka, Tenn., Sept. 10, 1910.

Captured Her Interest.

"She is very cold and formal, but I got her interest."

"How?"

"By asking her how she ever happened to marry her dub of a husband."—Exchange.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Religion, which was once an institution of the state, is becoming more and more the faith and ideal of the individual soul.

OWES HER HEALTH

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Scottville, Mich.—"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. I live on a farm and have worked very hard. I am forty-five years old, and am the mother of thirteen children. Many people think it strange that I am not broken down with hard work and the care of my family, but I tell them of my good friend, your Vegetable Compound, and that there will be no backache and bearing down pains for them if they will take it as I have. I am scarcely ever without it in the house.

"I will say also that I think there is no better medicine to be found for young girls to build them up and make them strong and well. My eldest daughter has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for painful periods and irregularity, and it has always helped her.

"I am always ready and willing to speak a good word for the Lydia E. Pinkham's Remedies. I tell every one I meet that I owe my health and happiness to these wonderful medicines."—Mrs. J. G. Johnson, Scottville, Mich., R.F.D. 3.

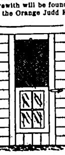
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases.

POULTRY

VENTILATION FOR HEN HOUSE

Satisfactory Method Is Shown in Illustration—Wire Screen Placed in Door Panel.

Where it seems inadvisable to change a poultry house in order to establish better ventilation, the method shown herewith will be found satisfactory, says the Orange Judd Farmer. It consists of substituting a wire panel for the usual wooden panels in the doors. Behind this wire there should be a second panel of burlap, so that in the severest weather the ventilation may continue without too much draft. It will not be necessary in operating such a scheme to provide any other outlet for foul air, although the air can be kept from getting foul by daily removal of the droppings. In summer the burlap can be readily removed to permit of very free movement of the air, a necessary thing in hot weather.

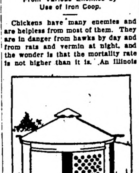


Ventilating Door.

BROODER IS ANIMAL PROOF

Chickens Protected Day and Night From Various Enemies by Use of Iron Coop.

Chickens have many enemies and are helpless from most of them. They are in danger from hawks by day and from rats and vermin at night, and the wonder is that the mortality rate is not higher than it is. An Illinois man has invented a metal brooder coop that should aid in saving many chickens, because it is proof against almost all things that fly, run or creep. The coop is circular and made of heavy galvanized steel, so slippery that insects cannot crawl up its side.



New Rat-Proof Brooder.

The top is conical and has a ventilator at the apex. The door is perforated and slides around, while inside is a solid door by which the perforations can be closed, leaving only the ventilator open, and nothing dangerous can get in there. The mother hen can be confined inside and the little chicks allowed to run in and out of a small crack, by keeping the door partly open, or the whole family can be shut up safely inside over night.

SUCCESS WITH THE TURKEYS

First Essential Is to Keep Youngsters Dry—Provide Air-Slaked Lime and Grit.

It is very essential to keep them off the grass in the morning while the dew is on. After they are allowed to range feed them a little each evening to bring them home. Always have a pile of air-slaked lime and grit where they can get at it and see how eagerly they will go after it on coming home. If any of them droop look for lice in the quill feathers of the wing and along the back. I use a good fresh insect powder to dust them when they are a week old and once a week after that until eight weeks old. If the trouble is not due to lice it is probably caused by something they have eaten and for this I give one-half teaspoonful of salts dry.

Ventilation and Cleanliness.

If poultrymen would worry less about ventilation and pay more attention to cleanliness there would be less losses. Ventilation is needed, and if the houses are built on the scratching-shed order, all will be supplied that is required. But if the filth is allowed to accumulate in a hen house, all the ventilation that a scratching-shed house can afford will not prevent the entrance of disease.

Give Fowls Free Range.

The farm poultry utilise a great deal of the grass that grows in the spring and after the hay harvest, and this is a money-making operation for the farmer. Therefore the farmer must give his fowls free range if he is to get the greatest value out of them.

Need of Poultrymen.

What most poultrymen need is more enthusiasm and fewer dreams.

ERADICATE THE CHICKENPOX

Disease Is Not Necessarily Fatal and Fowls Have Recovered Without Treatment.

Chickenpox, sometimes called sore head, is a disease which will be prevalent at this time of the year among the growing stock unless proper precautions are taken, says the Kansas Industrialist. It is a contagious disease, and spreads very rapidly among the flock when it once gets headway. It seems to affect the cockerels more than the pullets. Because of its appearance on the comb and face of the bird it should not be a difficult matter to eradicate the disease.

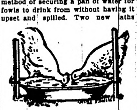
Symptoms.—The disease appears on the comb, face and wattles of the bird in the form of yellowish nodules, varying in size from a pin head to one-fourth of an inch in diameter. These nodules increase in size and turn dark red. The disease should be treated as soon as the first nodules are noticed. It is not always fatal and fowls have been known to recover without any treatment. Insanitary conditions and dampness seem to cause the disease.

Treatment.—As it is a contagious disease, the affected birds should be removed from the flock immediately. If the nodules are removed with a sharp knife, and the affected parts are treated with carbolated vaseline, the birds should recover in a few days. If the case is very far advanced the sick fowls should be given a few grains each of sulphur and cream of tartar three times a day, and oxide of zinc ointment should be applied to the affected parts twice a day. The latter treatment is recommended by Doctor Lehman, and has proved a satisfactory remedy.

STAKE DOWN DRINKING PANS

Method Illustrated for Keeping Water Vessel Upright—Wired to Two Common Lath.

The illustration shows an excellent method of securing a pan of water for fowls to drink from without having it upset and spilled. Two new laths should be driven into the ground several inches and a new pan wired to the laths as shown, by boring a hole in opposite sides of the pan through the rim.



Drinking Fountain Secured.

KEEPING A POULTY RECORD

Knowledge of Receipts and Expenditures Is of Great Assistance to Chicken Raiser.

(By R. D. SCHMIDT.)

One of the greatest needs of most poultry keepers is a definite record of expenditures and receipts. In too few cases does the owner of a poultry flock actually know whether his fowls have been an expense to him or have paid a profit. This is perhaps truer in regard to poultry than with most other branches of animal industry, because of the facts that both expenditures and receipts are spread over the entire year and are individually small, that a large part of the product is used at home, and that the poultry keeping is incidental to the other farm work.

Overfat Is Bad.

Overfat is a poor market condition. Fowls should be fed fattening food two weeks before marketing. Fat poultry, if dry picked, will cook better. Plump and neat carcasses advertise themselves. Short-legged fowls generally make the best table poultry. Never pack poultry for shipment until they have been thoroughly chilled. Never market ailing chickens. Never ship the latter part of the week, except by special order.

Wildness of Guinea Fowls.

Several articles on the guinea fowl usually call attention to their wild nature and the difficulty in domesticating them. Guinea fowls have been known to become a nuisance on account of their tameness, getting under your feet, flying on your shoulder and not content unless in company with some person. A great deal depends on the raising of all kinds of live stock.

POULTRY NOTES

Sweet or skimmed milk is good for fowls of all ages, especially the youngsters.

Do not use wooden drinking fountains for poultry. Wood is a germ breeder.

Preserving eggs in lime has been practiced for many years on a commercial scale.

The ducklings should always have access to drinking water, but swimming water can be omitted if desired.

If you allow eggs for setting to stand around for two weeks before putting them under the hen, do not blame the dealer if they do not hatch.

Arrange before all the chickens are hatched to keep different ages separate. The small ones are crowded out and crippled or killed by the older ones.

Let a brooder of chicks have their range for a few days, and the day they are not let out at the usual hour their shrill cries are enough to deafen one.

Green food is essential for ducklings—lettuce, dandelions, or onion tops should be mixed with their feed each day. Sand should also form part of each day's ration.

The poultryman who can give just the right amount of the right food at all times, is fortunate, indeed, for with individual hens, as with people, they require different quantities at different times.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all blood humors, all eruptions, clears the complexion, creates an appetite, aids digestion, relieves that tired feeling, gives vigor and vim.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J.P.ALLEN, Dept.A8,St.Paul,Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

CIGARS by the Box at Wholesale Prices 12 Pearl, 10c straight Londres 100 for $3.50. Key West Boquet Perfecto 2 for 25c. 100 for $4.50. Shipped C.O.D. express. Paid privilege of examination. W. W. SHABBOURN, 130 Chemical Bank Bldg., Chicago

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

A New Sensation.

Little Jean had visited one of the large summer amusement parks for the first time, and with the courage possessed only by those girls whose playmates are boys and girls older than themselves, she had not hesitated, when invited, to take a ride on one of the "thrillers" that abound in such places.

To her mother, on her return from the park, she confided the emotions she had experienced as she swept round the curves of the "figure eight" with her elder brothers.

"Mamma," she said, "when I went round those awful turns so fast I felt just as if I had freckles on my stomach!"—Youth's Companion.

Ben's Logic.

"Ben," said his friend, waking up from a reverie in which he had been gazing abstractedly at the shiny expanse of Ben's skatin'-rink-for-flies, "is there nothing you could do for your baldness?"

Ben, by the way, is only forty.

"No, lad!" he replied with decision. "Fifteen years ago I was courting strong, and I tried lots o' things. But about that time t' prince of Wales—Edward, you know—came to open t' new hospital, and I said to myself as soon as I saw him liftin' his hat to t' crowd, 'Ben, my lad, tha can give it up as a bad job, and save thy brass. If there was owt 'at 'ud cure a bald heead they'd ha' cured his.'"—Tit-Bits.

Heathen Nations Invent Nothing.

Bishop Thoburn, who has been a missionary in India for fifty years, and knows India better than any other living American, says: "If you visit the patent office at Washington, you will see six hundred improvements on the plow. India has not invented one improvement on the toothpick in two thousand years. The nations without God have no inventive faculty. They are almost universally the savage, unenlightened nations of the earth."

HEART RIGHT.

When He Quit Coffee.

Life Insurance Companies will not insure a man suffering from heart trouble.

The reason is obvious.

This is a serious matter to the husband or father who is solicitous for the future of his dear ones. Often the heart trouble is caused by an unexpected thing and can be corrected if taken in time and properly treated. A man in Colorado writes:

"I was a great coffee drinker for many years, and was not aware of the injurious effects of the habit till I became a practical invalid, suffering from heart trouble, indigestion and nervousness to an extent that made me wretchedly miserable myself and a nuisance to those who witnessed my sufferings.

"I continued to drink coffee, however, not suspecting that it was the cause of my ill-health, till on applying for life insurance I was rejected on account of the trouble with my heart. Then I became alarmed. I found that leaving off coffee helped me quickly, so I quit it altogether and having been attracted by the advertisements of Postum I began its use.

"The change in my condition was remarkable. All my ailments vanished. My digestion was completely restored, my nervousness disappeared, and, most important of all, my heart steadied down and became normal, and on a second examination I was accepted by the Life Insurance Co. Quitting coffee and using Postum worked the change." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

IS A FAMOUS JURIST

Personal Characteristics of John Marshall Harlan.

Venerable Kentuckian Who Recently Celebrated the 78th Anniversary of His Birth Has Had a Brilliant Career.

Washington.—The dissenting opinions which Justice Harlan, of the Supreme court, rendered in the construing of the Sherman law in the Standard Oil and Tobacco cases have brought this veteran jurist prominently before the public. The justice was 78 years old the other day and is still strong and rugged, with every mental faculty unimpaired. He has been on the Supreme court more than a third of a century. During 33 years and 6 months he has absented himself from the bench less than 20 days. He was born in Boyle county, Kentucky, June 1, 1833. President Hayes appointed him November 29, 1877.

Twenty years ago Justice Harlan purchased a half of a city block on a hill overlooking Washington, and there built a fine, old-fashioned, rambling home of brick, with wide porches. When he took possession an unobstructed view of the city below and the absence of noise and the commotion of city life made the spot ideal for the home of a justice.

Although he is in the midst of the city today, he manages to keep about the house the atmosphere of the country. The trees which he planted in the side, front and rear yards have grown to maturity. A great hedge circles the grounds, and in spite of the evidences of the city on all sides, the privacy of a country home is maintained.

JUSTICE HARLAN

A southerner by birth and education, Justice Harlan keeps about his home the hospitable southern atmosphere. A colored butler invites the visitor into a large reception hall. The walls are covered with portraits of jurists or makers of the constitution, Washington, Hamilton, Jefferson, Marshall and a score of the fathers of the republic. Here and there are scattered portraits of the Harlan family. A life-size bust of Justice Harlan is in the hall.

A winding, broad staircase leads to the study. The walls are completely covered with yellow and red-bound tomes. There are a few big, comfortable chairs and a large desk in the center. Here the Kentucky expounder of Blackstone does his real work and thinking. Here the opinions are written.

Justice Harlan is a big man physically. Over six feet in height, his figure is erect and his step is elastic. When he walks he leans a trifle forward and takes long steps. His hair, the little that remains, is white. The top of his head is bald; there is a little hair on each side. His head is unusually large, and is narrower at the front than the rear. His ears are big. When he smiles—which is often—the jurist emits a sort of chuckle and shows a few—very few—teeth. He is an inveterate tobacco chewer. He and Chief Justice White frequently exchange "plugs."

Justice Harlan rises early and breakfasts with his family. His secretary meets him in the study at about 9 o'clock and takes the day's dictation. The judge boards a 14th street electric car between 10 and 11 in the morning. When the car reaches 14th and New York avenue a colored newsboy who has served him for years, hops on the car and gives him three or four of the morning papers.

Without spectacles, Justice Harlan proceeds to read the day's news. When he reaches the Capitol—about three and a half miles from his home—he tosses the paper away. He lunches in his office and takes the home-bound car at about 4:30 in the afternoon. An hour's work in the study finishes the day's work, and if the weather is good, he spends the twilight on the porches about his house. He goes but little into society, save when his position demands it.

He attends the New York Avenue Presbyterian church. He may be found any Sunday morning in the Sunday school room explaining to his class the day's Gospel.

Couldn't Understand It.

A farmer's wife became insane, and to a friend who tried to console him, the farmer exclaimed: "I can't understand what caused her to go crazy. I hope I'll be struck dead if I ain't telling you the truth when I tell you that she ain't ben out of the kitchen a day in 20 years."

Small Boy's Idea.

Small Harold was watching a regiment of soldiers marching by, headed by a band. "Mamma," said he, "what's the use of all them soldiers that don't make music?"

Cooling as an Icicle

If you want to think of crisp winter weather and sparkling frost; if you want to forget the heat and the dust and the thirst for real, cool comfort

DRINK

Coca-Cola

As sparkling, wholesome and refreshing as a spring house icicle. So next time you're hot or tired or thirsty, if you're anywhere near a place that sells Coca-Cola, go in and give yourself a real treat.

DELICIOUS — REFRESHING

THIRST-QUENCHING

5c Everywhere

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

Atlanta, Ga.

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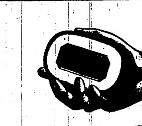
Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola



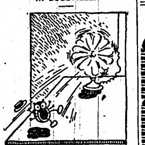
Lenox Soap will do anything that any laundry soap will do.

Use it in the laundry, or for washing dishes, pots, pans, floors —anything that can be cleaned with soap and water.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

IN BUGGVILLE.



Willie Fly—Heavens! I'm caught in a cyclone!

A Quaint Thought.

Miss Geraldine Farrar, seated in her deck chair on the George Washington, regarded a half-dozen urchins playing on the sunny deck, and then said with a pensive smile:

"I often wonder, considering what charming things children are, where all the queer old men come from!"

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

The Nature-Fake.

"Congratulations!"

"For what?"

"I hear one of your exhibits took a prize at the dog and poultry show."

"Well, keep still about it. I entered a skye terrier and he took first prize as a Mongolian hen!"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

If you make a fool of yourself don't take it too much to heart. The world is full of people who are kicking themselves.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

None are so blind as those who are visionary.

To Get Its Beneficial Effects, Always Buy the Genuine

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Sold by all leading Druggists

One Size Only, 50¢ a Bottle

N. W. N. U., NO. 27-1911.

Libby's

When you want the best there is, ask your grocer for

Libby's Pickles *and* Olives

Libby, McNeill & Libby

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.

They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use.

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EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

As soon as the reciprocity measure is out of the way congress, it is thought will hurry away from Washington by adjourning until December.

Speaker Champ Clark issued a defi to the administration a few days ago on learning of reports that President Taft purposed to veto any general tariff legislation at the extra session of congress. The speaker in a formal statement declared that the whole tariff ought to be revised and that the democratic party would rest its case with the country.

A famine of silver coins is threatened in the north Pacific state, and banks in Oregon, Washington and Montana, are appealing to the treasury department to ship dimes, quarters and half dollars to relieve the situation. Congress has made no appropriation for transporting the coin and treasury officials say they cannot come to the relief until congress takes some action.

Western South Dakota, where winter wheat has been grown in several places without uniform success, can be converted into a winter wheat growing section, announced a report of Cecil Salmon, plant physiologist of the depart of agriculture today. The report pointed out that Wyoming and Montana, where the soil and climate are very similar, produced 7,250,000 bushels last season.

Means for the prevention of fraud or corruption in the election of representatives to congress were proposed in two bills introduced by Representative Powers of Kentucky. In one bill Mr. Powers proposes a fine of from $1,000 to $3,000 or from one to three years' imprisonment for intimidation of voters at any primary or general election, for the use of money or for threats in securing votes. A second bill provides that there be created a commission of the house of representatives consisting of three civilians, to investigate all elections.

General.

The celebration of the Fourth in the big cities was along the line of sanity.

The election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin, may undergo investigation.

Twelve masked men held up an Erie train and fatally shot one of the mail clerks.

Commissioner Quezon made a plea at New York for the independence of the Philippines.

Congressman Henry of Texas delivered a philipic on Americans who bow to European royalty.

Senator Cummins spoke strongly in opposition to Canadian reciprocity as at present framed.

Senator Bristow says congress cannot adjourn until free list articles have run their length.

The plucking board" has announced the names of naval captains selected for compusory retirement.

Former Chief of Police Charles W. Wappenstein of Seattle was found guilty of accepting a bribe.

President Taft made peace the central thought in a number of speeches he delivered on the way west.

President Taft, in his speech at Indianapolis, devoted himself to the question of Canadian reciprocity.

Leslie Miller, who lived near New Hampton, Ia., murdered his wife and two of his five children and then committed suicide.

Juarez custom house officials who succeeded the former officials have been notified by telegraph from Ernesto Madero that they may hold their places.

Orders were issued by the interstate commerce commission suspending until October 28 next, the proposed tariffs of transcontinental railroads changing the regulations and practices with regard to pre-cooling and preicing citrus fruit shipped from California to Eastern destinations.

Targets for the aeroplane practice of the Atlantic fleet and the sea forts during the August maneuvers will consist of sheets of canvas shaped to simulate dirigible balloons and aeroplanes. These will be suspended from batteries of powerful box kites, just as large American flags are often carried hundreds of feet in the air.

Bob Burman, of New York, driving his 200-horse-power "Blitzen" Benz, set a new world's record for the mile. With a flying start he covered the mile track at Brighton Beach in 48.72 seconds. The previous record was 48.92 seconds.

It was reported that within a short time plans for reorganizing the Standard Oil company of New Jersey will be announced. The company, it is said, will undergo complete disintegration and all subsidiaries that are charged with having combined and conspired to monopolize the oil business will operate separately.

The date of the departure of Emperor William for his Norwegian trip has not been definitely settled.

Using a pick and crowbar to pry open a vault robbers broke into the State bank of Byars, Okla., obtained $4,000 and escaped.

There was a general observance of the Fourt at European capitals.

The 4th of July was celebrated in many sections of the old country.

Two were killed and fourteen injured in auto wrecks near Pittsburg Sunday.

The mining town of Kaylor, Pa., was practically wiped out by fire.

Pittsburg was selected as the next meeting place of the American institute of homeopathy.

Many department officers believe an examination will disclose the Maine was wrecked from without.

Congressman Norris of Nebraska charges there is a conspiracy at Washington against the progressives.

More than 2,500 engineers of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad were granted an increase in wages of about 6 per cent.

Crazed by heat which prevailed there, Mrs. McCrary, of Lockney, Texas, killed her three children and ended her own life.

John McNarrey, chief of the Kansas City, Kas., fire department, was dangerously injured when he fell through the floor of a burning house in that city.

Two hundred persons were wounded in an election riot at Kalusz, Eastern Galicia. It was necessary to call out the troops to put an end to the fighting.

Democratic members of the ways and means committee held a brief preliminary meeting and planned work on the cotton tariff schedule revision.

Governor Shafroth of Colorado ordered out a company of militia at La Junta, Colo., to prevent the possible lynching of Ben Harris, the negro accused of killing Chief of Police Craig at Rocky Ford.

President Taft left Washington on Friday for his new cottage at Beverly, Mass. Mrs. Taft, Charlie Taft, Miss Della Torrey, the president's aunt, of Milbury, Mass., and Major A. W. Butt accompanied him.

The state health department of Oklahoma has decreed that artificial battermilk must go. The sale of this kind of buttermilk is said to be a common practice in some of the cities of the state.

President Jara of Uruguay, who a few months ago seized the presidency through a bloodless revolution, has now assumed a dictatorship and declared martial law according to a telegram to the state department.

William J. Handke, north of Atchison, finished threashing wheat from an eleven-acre field and the yield promises to be the high record for Kansas this year, being 556 bushels, an average of 51½ bushels an acre.

Speaker Champ Clark is losing $1,000 a week, it is said, because congress is remaining in session at a time when he expected it to have adjourned. The speaker had a contract with a Chicago lecture bureau to take the platform on July 1.

President Taft sent to congress a special commission's report recommending the acceptance of a gift of 5,000 acres of land near Tullahoma, Tenn., and the purchase of 35,000 acres nearby at $12.50 per acre for a permanent maneuver.

The Japanese naval hero, Admiral Togo, hero of the battle of the sea of Japan, will have no difficulty in viewing every thing he cares to see in the New York navy yard or any other naval establishment. It is expected he will board the battleship Florida now nearing completion.

The house of lords, by a vote of 253 to 46, passed Lord Lansdowne's amendment to exclude home rule from the operation of the veto bill. War Secretary Haldane made it clear that the government would refuse to accept the amendment.

No less than 63,000,000 barrels of beer were sold in the United States during the 12 months ending June 30 last, or an increase over the previous 12 months of 6.21 per cent, according to the annual report of the beer and whiskey sales made public by the United States brewers' association.

President Taft will send to congress a special report recommending the acceptance of a gift of 5,000 acres of land near Tullahoma, Tenn., and the purchase of 35,000 acres nearby at $1.50 per acre for a permanent maneuver ground, inspection camp and rifle and artillery range for the army.

Fire resulting from the explosion of a large firecracker in the Matt Donovan ice house at Bernard, Ia., caused a loss of more than $50,000, the ice house, elevator, a lumber yard, general store and a number of residences were totally destroyed. It was several hours before the flames were gotten under control.

A new counterfeit $100 gold certificate, so well made in many details that the secret service regards it as highly dangerous, was found in a shipment of money from a national bank in Louisville, to its correspondent in New York. The new bill is a lithograph and although it has many defects, is printed on the government's paper, which the counterfeiter obtained by bleaching a genuine note. It bears the portrait of Benton, which is very flat. A careful examination of the back is likely to betray it.

The German cruiser Berlin will relieve the gunboat Panther at Agadin, Morocco. The Berlin is three times as large as the gunboat Panther.

Personal.

Wolgast knocked out Moran in the thirteenth round at San Francisco.

President Taft is about to withdraw troops from Texas.

A majority of the insurgent senators are willing to pass the reciprocity bill and adjourn.

Senators not on the committee are anxious to hear the testimony in the Lorimer investigation.

SURPRISE SHOWN

AT FRUITFUL CONDITION OF COUNTRY AT HEAD OF THE LAKES.

PRES. VINCENT PLEASED

Governor Eberhart, President Vincent, and Others Inspect Sites for Demonstration Fields in the Duluth Neighborhood.

St. Paul. — Governor A. O. Eberhart, President Vincent of the University of Minnesota; Dean Woods, of the State Agricultural college, and party are back from Duluth, where they visited five tracts of land recommended for the demonstration farm which is to be operated under the direction of the Agricultural college. They expressed themselves as surprised at the agricultural development in that section of the state, yet doubtful whether the sites inspected are typical in soil qualities to meet the requirements.

Before the final selection is made the last of this month Dean Woods and a committee from the board of regents will inspect other sites in the neighborhood. Several trips probably will be made before the work of selection is finally completed.

"Questions of the accessibility to railroads and the cost of clearing the tracts are to be investigated before a location is selected," Governor Eberhart said. "The farm is to instruct the farmers of the neighborhood and must offer as good connections as possible to be of service.

"We are greatly pleased with the sites we inspected, but there is no way now of telling whether anyone of them or some other not yet considered will be chosen. I had been through that part of the state before, but other members of the party who had not were greatly surprised at its agricultural development. It is growing rapidly and the people are very anxious to have the farm established."

Five Sites Inspected.

Five sites out of ten or twelve were inspected by the party. Previously agricultural and soil experts from the College of Agricultural had inspected the whole number of sites recommended and had narrowed the selection down to three of the five. At the conclusion of the trip members of party were not quite sure that the sites inspected were entirely satisfactory, and before the final selection is made the last of the month, other sites in the neighborhood will be considered.

Those visited on this trip were located along the lake shore from the northern part of the city south to Proctor, and the question was raised whether or not the farm should be located further inland, to escape any influence from the lake. To determine this the weather reports for Duluth and vicinity will be investigated.

In the party were Governor Eberhart, President Vincent, of the University of Minnesota; Dean A. F. Woods, of the College of Agriculture, Pierce Butler, of St. Paul, and B. F. Nelson, of Minneapolis, members of the board of regents; Chairman Rice, of the agricultural committee; C. G. Schultz, state superintendent of schools; Prof. Andrew Boss and Thos. P. Cooper, of the College of Agriculture, and other experts.

The legislature at the last session appropriated $65,000 for the demonstration farm, which, instead of being an experiment station, will be operated to show farmers of the adjacent communities how to maintain a successful farm.

BRIDEGROOM IN JAIL.

Edward G. Richter Accused of Perjury In Getting License.

Stillwater.—Edward Gerney Richter, aged 22 years, a Minneapolis bridegroom for a month, is in custody here accused of false answers under oath to questions in applying for a marriage license. He was arrested in Minneapolis by Sheriff I. D. Jarchow of this city.

The complaint was sworn to by Robert R. Odell, a Minneapolis attorney, who says that on applying for a marriage license here on June 9 Richter stated under oath that he desired to marry Gertrude Gramps of Montreal, Canada, aged 18 years, but that in fact he knew that Helen Gramps, the girl he married, was a resident of Minneapolis, and that the baptismal name and residence of the bride were wrong. They were married the same day the license was issued by Judge A. E. Doe of the probate court in this city. Richter was remanded to the county jail in default of $500 bail.

Red Wing.—Charles King of this city was probably fatally hurt in the Soo wreck near Superior. His skull was fractured, his hip broken and he received internal injuries.

Granddad Gets Fay Children.

Duluth.—After fighting in the probate court for two days and a half for the possession of the children of Mrs. Katherine Fay by their grandfather, Captain Marcus L. Fay, a wealthy mining man of this city, and the mother, an agreement was affected. The children, whose ages are 10 to 12 years will remain with Captain Fay during school and with the mother during vacation. It is also stipulated that when the mother has a permanent home and is able to care for them she is to have permanent possession.

EASTON ON WHITE PLAGUE.

Anti-Tuberculosis Expert Starts On Lecture Tour.

Winona.—Maintaining that health is one of the most valuable assets to a community from an economical standpoint, and that neither state nor national governments emphasize that fact enough, Christopher Easton, of St. Paul, state secretary of the Anti-Tuberculosis association, gave a very interesting address treating with causes and preventions of the dreaded white plague, before the student body of the Winona normal school.

Mr. Easton's discourse dealt with the prevention of the disease, under four heads—the value of human life, the causes of consumption indirectly, the causes directly, and schools for the prevention of the disease among children. Each one of these phases, which are exceedingly vailed to the average laymen, was explained at length.

The speaker said he believed bad social and economic conditions were the most vital indirect causes of consumption. Alcoholism, improper housing, lack of ventilation, and improper nourishment are other causes. Another which is an indirect cause, is the condition which compels men to work after being ill while in a convalescent state. Men too often go to work after suffering with typhoid or some other disease, and this very often results in consumption. Dusty trades often hasten an infection of the lungs.

Spread of Germs Direct Cause.

The direct cause of consumption, said Mr. Easton, is the spread of infection from diseased persons. He urged every effort to control the disease once it is contracted.

Means of control were also treated. The speaker said the most important step toward its control is, first, regulation; second, home supervision, hospitals for advanced cases, and schools for children who are infected with tuberculosis, where they may study in the open air. Mr. Easton said that before long it would be considered a crime for a consumptive to die at home.

"Large numbers of school children have latent tuberculosis," said Mr. Easton, "which develops in adult life, is acquired in childhood and remains dormant during the growing period. For protection against this every city and county should have open-air schools where children who are infected with tuberculosis may study. In these schools the child not only becomes strong physically, but he becomes stronger mentally. In several cities in this country where these schools are located a great decrease in the grip of the disease has been noted.

Schools for Consumptive Children.

"A city as large as Winona," said the speaker, "should have one of these schools where predisposed children should study. It is inconceivable but true that in Winona today without doubt are enough children infected with tuberculosis to fill one of these special schools. For every 25,000 persons there should be one of these schools.

"A queer coincidence is that there is about one consumptive in every rural school district. County teachers should aid in the work of preventing the spread of consumption because they invariably know which family is infected."

Mr. Easton very highly commended the admirable work started in Winona in bringing a special nurse here for the fight against the plague. He is very much in favor of state appropriations for means of carrying on this branch of the work.

The lecture delivered here was the first of a series which Mr. Easton will deliver in nearly every large city in the state during the present summer.

STATE PIONEERS PICNIC.

Outdoor Gathering at Historic Minnehaha Fals.

Minneapolis. — Over one hundred pioneers of Minnesota, several of them residents since 1849, attended the picnic of the Territorial Pioneer Women's club at Minnehaha Falls. The picnic took the place of the regular monthly meeting of the club, which is usually held at the home of one of the members. The picnic was principally a Minneapolis affair, as many of the out of town members of the club could not attend.

The program began with a picnic dinner. The buisness meeting was followed by a short program, consisting of recitations and talks by members of the society and their friends.

Among the older settlers who attended the picnic were: Mrs. F. E. Holmes, 1849; Mrs. Estell Stewart, 1849; Mrs. James Garvey, 1850; Mrs. James Hankins, Mrs. Rebecca Plummer, and Mrs. Charles Gilpatrick, 1852; and Mrs. Mary Jane Hemperely, all of Minneapolis; Mrs. Eli Southworth, of Shakopee; Mrs. Alice Russel of Lynwood, Lake Minnetonka; Mr. and Mrs. George H. Hazzard of Red Rock; Henry Crow, John Finnegan, James Walsh and Fred Bell, of Minneapolis; Mrs. George Sheire of St. Paul, president of the club; Miss Hattie Godfrey, the first white child in the village of St. Anthony, vice president; Mrs. Mary Atkinson, secretary, and Miss Carrie V. Stratton, treasurer.

DIVE BREAKS BATHER'S NECK.

Winonan Killed In Presence of His Fiancee and His Daughter.

Winona.—In the presence of his fiancee and his little daughter, Ferdinand Krause, aged thirty years, a widower a year, who was employed as a finisher in the plant of the Winona Shoe company of this city, broke his neck in the La Crosse river near Indian Hill, when he dived from a height of six feet, head first into three feet of water.

FIRE LOSS HEAVY

THREE TOWNS AND 12 MINES IN PORCUPINE DISTRICT REDUCED TO ASHES.

IN ONTARIO MINE DISTRICT

200 Suffocated In One Place.—North Central Michigan In Fire's Grasp.—Villages Razed.

WORK OF THE FLAMES.

In Ontario.

Several hundred lives believed lost in Ontario; Property loss in Ontario will reach several million dollars; train carrying 600 refugees from Cochrane reaches Toronto; twelve mines in Porcupine district, Ontario, burned out; two hundred miners suffocated in one shaft; towns of South Porcupine, Pottsville and part of Golden City, Ont., in ashes; roads in Porcupine district are strewn with charred bodies of human beings and animals.

In Michigan.

Fires burning in every county north of Mason and Orenac counties and south of the Straits of Mackinac, Michigan; villages of Au Sable and Oscoda (combined population 1,800), destroyed and inhabitants homeless; village of Waters, Otsego county, reported burning, Stephenson lumber plant, valued at $400,000, also afire. Many lumberjacks believed lost.; Revere City, Presque Isle county, saved by sudden veering of wind; people of state aroused and provision trains are being rushed to scene of devastation; state fire warden summons every available man to help fight flames; five hundred refugees from Au Sable and Oscoda reach East Tawas.

Toronto, Ont. — The loss of life in the Porcupine district from fires is known to be several hundred and the property loss will reach several millions of dollars. Only three of the 84 employes of the West Dome mine have been accounted for and 200 miners, muckers, etc., in the Dome mine have been suffocated. The mines burned include the Dome, North Dome, Preston, East Dome, Vipond, Foley, O'Brien, Philadelphia, United Porcupine, Eldorado, Porcupine, Standard is Imperial, White Dome and Success.

The Philadelphia mine's loss is about $50,000; United Porcupine mine's loss, $20,000; Elderado Porcupine, all buildings destroyed; Standard, about $40,000; Imperial, about $35,000; Success, probably destroyed; West Mines about $75,000. All reports give but a vague idea of the loss of life as well as property in Porcupine camp, which probably will total millions of dollars and hundreds of lives.

In four short hours, the fire swept from the Standard mines through to the shores of Porcupine lake, where it ate up the towns of South Porcupine, Pottsville, and part of Golden City, as well as many small buildings along the lake front. While some loss of life occurred in the vicinity of Porcupine lake, the greatest havoc was wrought around the main mines, notably West Dome and Big Dome.

Caught in Shafts.

There the entrapped miners, cut off from escape, were forced to take to the shafts for safety, and penned in by flames, perished. This was notably true at Dome and West Dome mines. At Preston and East Dome an untimbered shaft gave shelter and none perished. The streets of South Porcupine are strewn with dead persons, horses, dogs and cattle. Along the mine roads are the charred bodies of those overcome trying to escape.

Of the staff of 300 at the Dome mine, but a few were saved, and at the West Dome three out of 85 employes are known to be alive. Along the highway between West Dome and South Porcupine, over a comparatively open section, were found six charred bodies.

Michigan Sea of Forest Fires.

Detroit.—With food at their disposal and tents provided for their shelter, the thousand or more homeless survivors of the fire-swept villages of Au Sable and Oscoda breathed easier than at any time since the flames destroyed their homes. The known dead remain three in number. Late reports from other counties in the fire zone are generally encouraging.

The village of Waters, 107 miles north of Bay City, on the Michigan Central, is reported to be burning together with the Stephenson Lumber Company mills and lumber yards, valued at about $400,000. The village has about 200 permanent residents and a large floating population of "lumberjacks."

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 12.—Wheat, July, 97¾c; Sept. 93¼c; No. 1 northern, 98¾c; No. 2 northern, 95¾c; No. 1 durum, 88½c; No. 3 corn, 55¾c; No. 3 white oats, 44c; barley, malting, $1.03; No. 2 rye, 83c; No. 1 flax, $2.67.

HEAT CLAIMS THIRTY-SIX.

New York Still Suffers From Warm Wave.

New York, N. Y. — Notwithstanding a decided drop in mercury marking the recession of the heat wave, 36 deaths were attributed to the heat in the metropolitan district. The thermometer at 1 o'clock last night had dropped to 76, the lowest figure since early last Sunday, and indications pointed to a still further drop [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Fergus Falls.—Miss Lois Warwick, who was taken from a train here a few days ago because she refused to show the conductor her ticket and acted queerly, was adjudged insane in the probate court.

Red Wing.—Mods Monson, aged 25, son of Hans Monson of Kenyon, was killed by a train on the Great Northern railroad. The body was found on the track by the crew of an incoming passenger train.

Stillwater.—A resolution opposing the Canadian reciprocity pact was adopted at a recent meeting of the Washington County Union American Society of Equity and Washington-St. Croix Farmers' club in this city.

Little Falls. — Several prominent business men at an informal gathering a short time ago took up the matter of securing the commission form of government for Little Falls. It is probable the question will be voted on next spring.

Faribault.—Howard Allen, a lineman for the Consumers' Power company, while erecting a lightning arrester at the sub-station here, received 2,300 volts, which passed through his body. He was unconscious for a time, but he will recover.

Washington.—Ivan Bowen, one of the clerks in Senator Nelson's office, has passed his examination for admittance to the bar in the District of Columbia. Mr. Bowen, who comes from Mankato, is a graduate of the Georgetown university law school of this city.

Pittsburg, Penn. — Frank Johnson of Minneapolis, arrested here on suspicion of being Charles Streeter, who shot and killed Policeman Curran of Philadelphia five years ago, was released. Detective Welh of Philadelphia testified that Johnson was not the man wanted in the East.

Hastings.—A harvest hand seriously stabbed a hired man of Henry Conzemius in Nininger and then burned the latter's stock barn containing a large quantity of hay and implements. The assailant as yet has not been caught. Sheriff Michael Murnane and deputies are in pursuit.

Red Wing.—Axel Anderson, employed in the bottling department of a Red Wing brewery, met with an accident which cost him the sight of his right eye. He was operating the automatic machine, when a bottle broke under the air pressure. A piece of flying glass penetrated the eyeball.

Park Rapids. — Lloyd Carlton, of Bemidji, accused of the murder of Peter O. Neste, of Farris, his father-in-law, was acquitted by the jury, after it had been out but twenty minutes, on the grounds of self-defense. Mrs. Lloyd Carlton, jointly accused with her husband, was dismissed for lack of evidence.

Faribault.—Three persons narrowly escaped death here when an automobile left the road near the city and went over a twenty-foot embankment. The members of the party were Louis Snyder of Michigan City, Ind.; Miss Lillie Zaizer and Miss Genevieve Kelley of this city. One of the young ladies received a fractured shoulder. The victims of the accident were all pinioned beneath the machine.

P. D. MacFarland of Minneapolis and C. G. Stoody have been appointed state scale experts by F. W. Eva, head of the grain and warehouse department of the railroad and warehouse commissioner. One of the men takes the place left vacant by Charles Neale, who becomes the head of the new weights and measures department. The work, however, has increased so much that two men are now needed.

Winona.—The police department is making good its promise to proceed against motorists who exceed the speed limit in Winona. Felix Weir, chauffeur for George Hirsch, who used the macadam on Howard street below Mankato avenue for a race course, entered a plea of guilty and was fined $10 and costs.

Marshall.—John Ousman, a railroad engineer of Two Harbors, left that city June 10 for Minneota, in Lyon county, where two days later he was to marry Miss Sarah Johnson. He arrived in Duluth, since when he has been missing, although relatives and officers have made a thorough search for him. He carried a pass for himself to Minneota and another for himself and wife for the return trip and $100. It is feared he met with foul play.

Washington, D. C. — In connection with a resolution introduced by Representative Lindbergh, of Minnesota, proposing an investigation by a house committee of nine members to determine if there exists a combination of financiers in the United States operating in restraint of trade or violation of other laws, the Minnesota insurgent Republican assailed the proposed financial system, submitted by the monetary commission by former Senator Aldrich. The resolution calls for investigation of the banking, money, exchange, credit and deposit systems of the country and recommendations for remedial legislation.

St. Paul. — Mrs. Louise Miller, wife of Congressman Clarence B. Miller, of Duluth, has retained an attorney to bring suit for divorce. A young stenographer in Washington is said to be in some way concerned in the suit. When asked the cause for the action, Mrs. Miller said: "The reasons cannot be published. Besides, it might hurt Mr. Miller's political ambitions." Mrs. Miller is living in a private boarding house in St. Paul. She is unable to say whether this suit will be brought in St. Paul [illegible]

JULY 1 CROP REPORT OUT

CORN 80.1 PER CENT OF NORMAL, COMPARED WITH 85.4 PER CENT IN 1910.

WINTER WHEAT 2 PER CENT OFF

Oats 68.8 Per Cent of Normal, Which Is 85.7 Per Cent; Barley Is 72.1 Per Cent.

Washington, July 11.—The July crop report of the United States department of agriculture crop reporting board shows the condition on July 1 and the yield per acre, as indicated by the condition on that date of the principal farm crops and the acreage of those not already announced as follows:

Corn—Condition, 80.1 per cent of a normal, compared with 85.4 per cent in 1910 and 84.7 per cent, the average for the past 10 years on that date; indicated yield per acre, 25.5 bushels, compared with 27.4 bushels, the 1910 final yield, and 27.1 bushels, the average for the last five years; area planted to corn this year, 115,939,000 acres, compared with 114,002,000 acres in 1910.

Winter Wheat—Condition, 76.6 per cent of a normal, compared with 80.4 per cent on June 1, 1911, 81.5 per cent in 1910 and 81.4 per cent the 10-year average; indicated yield per acre, 14.6 bushels, compared with 15.8 bushels in 1910 and 15.5 bushels, the five-year average.

Spring Wheat Condition.

Spring Wheat—Condition, 73.8 per cent of a normal, compared with 94.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 61.6 per cent in 1910 and 87.8 per cent the 10-year average; indicated yield per acre, 11.8 bushels, compared with 11.7 bushels in 1910 and 13.5 bushels, the five-year average.

All Wheat—Conditions 75.6 per cent of normal, compared with 86.1 per cent on June 1, 1911, 73.5 per cent in 1910 and 84.4 per cent, the 10-year average; individual yield per acre, 13.5 bushels, compared with 14.1 bushels in 1910 and 14.7 bushels, the five-year average.

Oats—Condition, 68.8 per cent of a normal, compared with 85.7 per cent on July 1, 1911, 82.2 per cent in 1910, and 86.8 per cent, the 10-year average; indicated yield per acre, 23.2 bushels, compared with 31.9 bushels in 1910 and 28.4 bushels, the five-year average.

Condition of Barley.

Barley—Condition 72.1 per cent of a normal, compared with 90.2 per cent on June 1, 1911, 73.7 per cent in 1910 and 87.9 per cent, the 10-year average; indicated yield per acre, 20.9 bushels, compared with 22.4 bushels in 1910 and 24.8 bushels, the five-year average.

Rye—Condition, 85.0 per cent of a normal, compared with 88.6 per cent on June 1, 1911, 87.6 per cent in 1910 and 90.8 per cent, the 10-year average; indicated yield per acre, 15.5 bushels, compared with 16.3 bushels in 1910 and 16.4 bushels, the five-year average.

Flax Per Cent of Normal.

Flax—Condition, 80.9 per cent of a normal, compared with 65.0 per cent in 1910 and 87.8 per cent the eight-year average; indicated yield per acre, 8.6 bushels, compared with 4.8 bushels in 1910 and 8.6 bushels the five-year average; area planted, 3,018,000 acres, compared with 2,916,000 acres in 1910.

The Wheat States.

Condition of winter and spring wheat in the principal states.

Winter wheat:	July	June	Year ago.	10-yr. av.
Kansas	60	65	72	75
Indiana	85	85	78	82
Nebraska	58	79	71	87
Illinois	86	85	73	83
Missouri	85	84	76	82
Ohio	81	80	82	81
Pennsylvania	72	82	90	90
Texas	62	70	90	69
Oklahoma	41	44	90	78
Michigan	80	88	83	80
California	83	80	88	79
Tennessee	87	85	88	80
Virginia	85	81	91	83
Maryland	79	79	93	86
Kentucky	88	88	85	81
Washington	97	98	77	90
Oregon	90	95	88	90
United States	76	80.4	81.5	81.4
Spring wheat—				
North Dakota	88	95	45	87
Minnesota	74	96	72	88
South Dakota	88	93	64	90
Washington	93	97	68	87
United States	73.8	94.6	61.6	87.8

THE CORN STATES

Corn—		—Condition—	
States—	Acres.	July 1.	10-yr. av.
Illinois	10,503,000	85	87
Iowa	9,852,000	96	85
Kansas	9,167,000	67	86
Missouri	8,217,000	78	83
Nebraska	8,000,000	82	85
Indiana	5,120,000	88	86
Ohio	3,831,000	89	83
South Dakota	2,357,000	94	85
Michigan	2,100,000	91	80
Minnesota	845,000	92	81
Wisconsin	1,654,000	96	82
Pennsylvania	1,586,000	91	86

THE OATS STATES

States—	July 1.	10-yr. av.
Iowa	70	89
Illinois	69	82
Minnesota	67	90
Nebraska	40	86
Wisconsin	91	92
Ohio	71	88
North Dakota	84	87
South Dakota	35	91
Kansas	84	76
Michigan	[illegible]	[illegible]

The amount of wheat remaining on farms on July 1 is estimated at about 38,283,000 bushels, compared with 38,739,000 bushels on July 1, 1910, and 37,701,000 bushels, the average amount on farms July 1 for the past five years.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Rank
Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 15, 1911.

There is to be a Minnesota corn and grain exhibit in January. 1912, at which from $15,000 to $30,000 will be given as prizes for grain. more than the State Fair ever gave for all of its agriculture exhibts in any one year.

As usual the farmer will be hit both ways now that the freight rates have been raised by virtue of the Sanborn decision. It will cost more to have farmers supplies shipped in and grain prices will be lower on account of the increased carrying charges.

Rumor says that instead of making its subsidiaries separate corporations by a distribution of capitalization, Standard Oil will parcel the country among them, giving each a distinct territory. It will then cease to be a trust in restraint of trade; it will only be a trust in control of trade.—Duluth News Tribune.

In order to have legal standing in the state courts after July 15, each firm, co-partnership and corporation must file with the clerk of the district court of every county in which it does business the names of all "silent" and "active" partners. The attention of business men all over the state has been called to chapter 271, house file no. 365, laws of 1911, which provides for this. The act was approved April 19 and goes into effect today.

Big plans have been made by committees of the Northwestern Development league for the land show that is to be held in the Twin cities next December. Minnesota will be represented by a composite exhibit that seems sure to do her credit and be of value from an advertising standpoint to the state. It also seems probable that the apple show. formerly given at Spokane, will also be held in the Twin cities in connection with this land show,

---

The insurgents have not been having as happy a time lately as they had two years ago. In connection with the commonly assigned reasons for the lapse in their popularity, some things ought to be said. In the first place, not all the insurgents have opposed reciprocity; they divided about half and half, and the stronger men of the movement in the lower house, men like Murdock and Madison, voted in favor of it. Moreover, what the insurgent senators in the senate have done will be seen a year from now in a clearer and more favorable light. They have postponed reciprocity a few weeks, but have brought general tariff revision many months probably years, nearer.—Colliers.

Won Twice

Were it not for for the monotony of chronicling Gopher victories at base ball, it might be well to note that the "pride of the base ball world," the St. Hilaire Gophers, administered a beautiful trimming to the Thief River Falls Tigers on the Thief River grounds last Sunday afternoon. The Tigers were of about the same age as the Gophers, but a comparison of play would indicate an entirely creditable class of their own for the Gophers. Be it said that the Gophers showed the Tigers how to play the game. It took eleven innings to administer the clipping, but as the Gophers were on the long end of a 11 to 6 score, we all felt that the extra distance was not wasted.

And after a good meal at the Ogamah the Gophers strolled out to the same ball yard and walloped the Thief River Pickets. They showed the Pickets how to play the ridiculous kind of base ball, and then, after getting the comical idea firmly implanted in the minds of the Pickets the little Gophers changed their tactics. They displayed marked cleverness with the bat, on the bases, and in taking chances, and scampered home with the Picket scalp safely put away in the pack. The score, Gophers 9, Pickets 2.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council in the village of St. Hilaire held July 3, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present except R. J. McKercher and C. Swanson.

On motion A. R. Jones was appointed clerk pro tem.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

St. Hilaire Lumber Co.	$14.95
A. H. Pitkin	11.05
Fricker and Kolstad	3.00
Ole Brannum, street work	27.75
Olavus Sevre, " "	43.50
Roy Wallin " "	5.25
Adolph Satterberg, street work	10.51
Albert Nash " "	5.50
Gust Fellman " "	21.50
Oscar Kolstad " "	9.00
John Gunstad " "	17.50
Henry Gunstad " "	15.25
Dr. C. Swanson, clerk salary first quarter, 1911	18.75
K. O. Gigstad, assessor's salary	31.34
John Forseen, marshal salary etc.	30.40
K. O. Gigstad, premium policy 1904	45.25
Spectator, publishing proceedings month of June	6.25

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
A. R. JONES, Clerk protem.

Special meeting of village council of village of St. Hilaire held July 10, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

Members present, Dahl, McKercher, Olson, Jones.

On motion duly carried A. R. Jones was elected clerk pro tem.

The following resolution was duly carried by the council of the village of St. Hilaire.

We, the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, endorse the petition presented by R. J. McKercher to the board of county commisioners of Pennington Co., state of Minnesota, to establish a county road as described in the petition of R. J. McKercher and others.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C DAHL, President.
A. R. JONES, Clerk pro tem.

My Tailoring Success. Hustlers Wanted

What I can do, you can do.

I earn $5.00 per day in towns of 500 population.

I am willing to give FREE INSTRUCTIONS to any lady or gentleman HOW I DO IT.

No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

Rush, the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Rural School Notes

The following teachers from Pennington county have entered the training school at Red Lake Falls during the past week.

Syneva Syversrud, Rhoda.
Annie Fellman, St. Hilaire.
Anna Paulson, " "
Tyra E. Wallin, " "
Selma O. Hoff, " "
Anna Brokke, Thief River Falls.

A large contingent of the teachers of Red Lake county has also entered the last week making the enrollment nearly 70. This is a good showing and great good will surely result to our teachers and schools.

Prof. Olson, from the state university is how taking up special work in agriculture.

E. A. MOSTUE, Co. Supt.

Jumped the Country

Frank Peterson who was found guilty of bastardy at the recent term of court and sentenced to pay $900, left for parts unknown Saturday night and has not been heard from yet. He was given 5 days to make the payment which were up Monday. Peterson was under a bond of $500 which was given at the time he was bound over to the grand jury, although there is a question if the bondsmen can be held after the sentence has been passed. It is believed he went to Canada.—Thief River Falls News.

A Splendid Opportunity for Boys and Girls

during the summer vacation. Profits $1.00 to $3.00 per day in any locality. $1.50 required to start in on a limited scale from which you may may enlarge gradually. No reply will be answered without you enclose a stamped envelope.

E. MANVILLE.
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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COPENHAGEN SNUFF
GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Don't Forget

To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket

Hamm's Beer

A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage

"Leads them All"

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Proof of Will

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Pennington }

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Fransilia Fellman, Charley Fellman, Gust Fellman, Albert Fellman, Anna Fellman, Herman Fellman, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Fransilia Fellman being duly filed in this court, representing that John P. Fellman, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 2th day of December, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Fransilia Fellman,

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, 1911, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Wilhelm Michelet, Judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 25th day of June, 1911.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge.
J8-22

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Pennington }

In the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajnarowski and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 55:

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 55. Said ditch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), ranges thirty-nine (39 w.) and (40 forty w.), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet south of the section corner between sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), and sixteen (16), range thirty-nine (39); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16) eight (8) and seventeen (17), and sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), to a point twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eighteen (18) of aforesaid township and range; thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen (13) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40 w.), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section twelve (12); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections two (2) and eleven (11) for a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet; thence angling off in a northwesterly direction over and across the southeast quarter of section two (2) to about the center of said section two (2), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 1 OF DITCH NO. 55

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) n., range thirty-nine: commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section eight (8), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eight (8) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 2 OF DITCH NUMBER 55.

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), range thirty-nine (39 w.); commencing at the quarter corner between sections seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), thence running due north, parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections seventeen [17] and eighteen [18], to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the northwest corner of said section seventeen [17], where said branch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number 55;

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, as follows, towit: O. J. Hanson, Eugene Dempsey, Gertrude Hanum, Ole P. Osterud, Julius K. Halvorson, H. R. Berg, Ignoe Koloski, T. T. Kvale, Knud K. Solberg, Severt Sather, Ignol Kolski, A. O. Stavness, B. Henry Costello, Anton Radnecke, A. D. Stavness, Geo. Leimeas, Wm. Brueckman, C. L. and Fred Stacy, Wauzin Wajnarowski, Dan Juveland, Edward Kolski, Henry Rowald, Township of Deer Park, Township of Hickory, and the United States of America; and that the engineer appointed by the county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 2nd day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

[SEAL] A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington county, Minn.
J15-29

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Pennington. }

In the matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 53:

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 53, beginning at a point twelve hundred and twenty-three (1223) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the section corner between sections four (4), five (5), eight (8), and nine, township one hundred fifty-two (152) north, range 40; thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between said sections four (4) and five and eight (8) and nine (9) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section four (4); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the township line a distance of one-half (½) mile to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the southwest corner of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-three (153), range 40, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections thirty-two (32) and thirty three (33) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of section thirty-three (33) of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32) to a point eleven hundred thirty-eight (1138) feet west of the quarter corner between sections twenty-nine (29) and thirty-two (32), where said ditch intersects with a coulee and runs in a northwesterly direction a distance of four hundred sixty-two (462) feet to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER ONE

Commencing at a point twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between said sections twenty-eight (28) and thirty-three (33) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section thirty-three (33), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three (53). Said Branch No. 1 is wholly located in township 153, n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER TWO

Commencing at a point nine hundred (900) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the quarter corner between sections four (4) and nine (9), thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections four (4) and nine (9), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of northwest corner of said section nine (9), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three (53). Said branch is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER THREE

Commencing at a point twelve hundred and seventy (1270) feet west of the section corner between sections four (4) and five (5), eight (8) and nine (9), thence running due east parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections five (5) and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three. Said Branch No. 3 is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, towit: Ole O. Hower, John Polene, Sever L. Holm, W. G. Hunt, Frank Jeffers, Jerry O'Brien, Even J. Lund, Olof O. Snobach, Amund Knudson, Andrew M. Johnson, Julius Halvorson, R. B. Brotvold, Peter Gustafson, Tone O. Rynestad, Fred L. Farley, Torkel Lande, Swan B. Swanson, Gustaf Swanson, Knute Olson, Dwight Bangs, W. A. Swanson, Ole S. Skreland, B. P. Rustad, Martin E. Hyland, Torger T. Lundin, Miko Kolski, John L. Radniscki, Township of Highlanding, Township of Deer Park, State of Minnesota, and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the 1st day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county, at 2:00 o'clock p. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

(SEAL) A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington County, Minn.
J15-29

Bring in Your Printing

THE SPECTATOR is read by more people in the south half of Pennington county than any other paper published in the county. Its readers believe what it says. Its subscribers take it because they want to read it and they willingly pay the price. Its subscription list is bona fide. None of its subscribers were gained by offering bonuses or prizes, or by conducting voting contests, or shading the price.

THE SPECTATOR has been published at the old stand for now nearly thirty years, and while it has had its ups and downs its reliability is unquestioned. It does not print as much matter as some machine set papers but, which is better, every word it does print is of interest to its readers.

It is the official paper of Pennington county and of St. Hilaire village.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Mission services Sunday, July 16, at 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m., and 7:15 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Communion services Sunday, July 16, at 10:30 a. m.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3830—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
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CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves. 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	87
" " 2 "	85
" " 3 "	81
Flax, No. 1	$1.74
" " 2	1.64
Barley, for 50 lbs	46
Oats	40
Eggs	13½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, "	24.00

THE LOCAL NEWS

Call on N. A. Nelson for the prison twine.

Dr. Swanson and bride returned Tuesday from their bridal trip.

Mr and Mrs. S. J. Amble were in Thief River Falls Monday.

B. E. Burkee and Judge Peters were Thief River visitors Tuesday.

Miss Julia Bjornquist and Miss Erickson went Tuesday to Crookston.

Mrs. Nettie Lange went Wednesday to Crookston to attend the carnival.

Glenn Martz went Wednesday to Fulton, Minn., to do some surveying work.

M. R. Hage was in Red Lake Falls on a business mission Tuesday and eWdnesday.

Miss Tomina Wilson went Tuesday to Crookston for a few days' visit with friends.

Miss Nellie Folstad went Wednesday to Grand Forkes, where she will remain for a time.

A. J. Hed Oscar Peterson and Duncan McAllister were in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Dr. Owen made his regular professional visit to Middle River the first of the week.

R. J. McKercher was at the county seat Monday on business before the commissioners.

Miss Lily Boehm went Monday to Red Lake Falls to attend the teachers' summer school.

Miss Ruth Martz has been a guest this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wyland at Thief River Falls.

Lost—A bunch of keys. Finder please return to this office and receive $1.00 reward.

S. J. Amble went Tuesday for a trip in North Dakota canvassing for the sale of nursery stock.

Just received by Holmes Bros. two car loads of McCormick and Deering harvesting machinery.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet at Aimer's corner Thursday afternoon, July 13.

We understand Leonard Holmes made a special delivery of Sears Roebuck catalogues this week.

Martin Hoff is taking a vacation and making hay. Hans Folstad is carrying the mail during his absence.

John Draeger left Monday for his home at Wylie, the St. Hilaire Land Co., having dissolved copartnership.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Lost—A yellow cooly dog, with short hair, on the streets of St. Hilaire, about three weeks ago. Finder please return to Arthur Anderson, route 1, Wylie, Minn. j15-3t

Rev. M. S. Gjerde attended the annual mission meeting of the Crookston circuit of the United church at Greenbush, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday of this week.

J. C. McDonald and J. C. Easton officials of the St. Hilaire Lumber company, were on the southbound train Wednesday returning from a visit to Roseau.

Edward Hart of St. Paul was inspecting his land on section 3, River Falls, Tuesday. He says he has not seen as good looking crops anywhere as in this vicinity.

Miss Lily Hallstrom is entertaining her friend, Miss Mabel Bangen of Crookston, at her home in Black River with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Hallstrom.

Henry Tysseling left Wednesday for his home at Rose Hill, Iowa. He expects to operate a real estate business from Iowa, with H. M. Gaas of Red Lake Falls as correspondent here.

A. Ruckner of Grand Forks came over Tuesday and brought renters for the land recently acquired by him on section 35 in Sanders. Frank Zoldnk and wife are the parties who will occupy the place.

Mr. and Mr. G. L. Porter of McBain Mich., were in town Wednesday. Mr. Porter is the present owner of the Imperial drug store building. He is a real estate agent in Michigan. He was very favorably impressed with what he saw of this country, and stated that he would send some land buyers out here.

Salem Magcau went to Crookston last evening.

C. C Elliot was in town Thursday with a bunch of land seekers.

Miss Mary Anderson went to Thief River Falls, yesterday.

Miss Ella Jackson goes today to Red Lake Falls, to visit friends.

If you want to hear a good piece of music go over to the Farmers' store.

James Amble visited friends in Thief River Falls the first of the week

K. O. Gigstad went to Warren yesterday to be present at a judicial ditch hearing.

C. H. Martz was looking after business matters in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Mrs. Kenney, who has been visiting Mrs. Sand returned today to her home at Lansford, N. D.

Rev. I. T. Aasted of Thief River Falls will hold services in the Synod church tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Hoken Johnson and Mrs. Charles Fellman came from Red Lake Falls yesterday to visit friends.

John Steen gave a birthday party to his young friends Tuesday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet Tuesday, July 18, at the home of August Swenson.

Misses Ida and Otta Skeie went Wednesday to Crookston for a few days' visit with friends, and to attend the carnival.

Mrs. John Peterson of Thief River Falls, with her daughter Dottie was the guest of Mrs. Henry Olson over Sunday.

The best live stock, the most marvelous machinery, the finest product of the soil will all be on exhibition at the state fair this year.

he Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday, July 21, at home of Mrs. J. Hedlund, east of town.

Mrs Carl Steen returned Tuesday from a visit with friends at Theif River Falls. She was accompanied by a niece, Miss Martha Williams.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday July 28, at the home of Mrs. P. A. Eckstrom of Black River.

Owing to low water in the river, said to be due to a log jam near the Red Lakes, the Thief River Falls power plant was forced to close down Tuesday night.

Miss Lewis' lecture on socialism was not very well attended last evening, the farmers being very busy and the weather threatening. The address was a good one.

The Swedish Lutheran church will hold a picnic at Peter Swanson's about five miles southwest of St. Hilaire, in the afternoon of Sunday, July 23. Everybody is cordially welcome.

Ole Stokkestad has sold his eighty acre farm near St. Hilaire to Wm. P. Wilson of Reynolds, N. D., for $2,300. Mr. Stokkestad will give possession at once, and contemplates moving into town.

If you don't plan to visit the Minnesota State Fair and Exposition next September, you may not be able to arrange the trip. If you don't get there you will miss the biggest and best in the history of this or of any fair.

Quite a difference of opinion has arisen between the village council and the firemen in regard to the compensation of the latter. It is hoped the matter may be settled amicably at the next meeting of the council.

The M. E. club will give a basket social at Mike McAndress' home Saturday July 22. All that wish to go will meet at A. H. Pitkin's store at 8:30 p. m, where teams will be in waiting. Everybody cordially invited.

Mesdames O. F. Post, Gust Fellman, Misses Josie and Huldah Gigstad, and Misses Ruth Martz and Mary Anderson drove to Thief River Falls Monday evening and heard the comedy, "The Flower of the Ranch," at the auditorium.

Died

Ole E. Scielstad died of dropsy at the home of his brother-in-law, P. E. Smidesang at Wylie, on July 7. He was born at Guldsdalen, Norway 64 years ago. The funeral was held July 9, Rev. Sand officiating.

TO THE LADIES

We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone

LAZAR & LAZAR

GO TO
Holmes Bros.
FOR
McCormick
AND
Deering
HARVESTING MACHINERY

A FULL LINE OF **EXTRAS** ALWAYS ON HAND

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

A. R. JONES, Agent.

C. C. Elliott was in town Tuesday and took formal possession of the business purchased from Draeger and Tysseling. A. E. Ellickson of Lacqui Parle county was with him and will have charge of the St. Hilaire office. Mr. Elliott is well known as a hustler in his line and will no doubt do an extensive business in this locality. He already has an office in Thief River Falls. Mr. Elleckson went with Mr. Elliott to Thief River, but expects to return next week and make his home here

Free during the Civic Celebration

Any lady or gentleman can have their suit case checked and their suit or skirt pressed Free.

BRING COUPON NUMBER 2.

Just to keep our tailors busy and to introduce our new system.

RUSH, the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.,
Minneapolis, Minn

Dog License

Owners of dogs must take out license on same before August 1, as all dogs not licened on that date mus the killed. JOHN FORSBEN,
Marshal.

Notice for Bids

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed mill for the term of one year, commencing September 1, 1911. Bids will be received up to August 13, at 1 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address,
R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

LUCKY BOY.

Frank Butson, a University boy who went to the Dakota Business College, Fargo, to prepare for commercial life, has been sent to excellent position in advertising department of More Bros. big automobile house—"Got the position, you see, because he attended D. B. C."

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars

H. DAVIS
WATEROTWN : : WIS.

Village Officials.

President	J. O. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. McKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

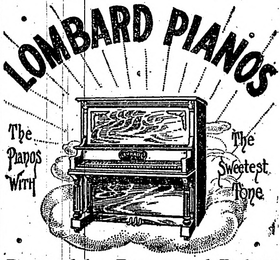
Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

Spectator 1.00

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Blaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend " It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Improved Farms and Wild Lands

Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.

T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

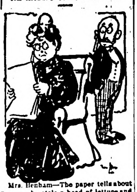
THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

HE KNOWS THEY ARE NOT.



Mrs. Benham—The paper tells about a man who stole a head of lettuce and then went back and got another, being arrested on the second trip.

Benham—I'll bet you can't make that fellow believe that two heads are better than one.

Trying to Be Witty.

They were sitting in the parlor with the lights turned low. The hour was pretty late. He and she had talked about everything, from the weather to the latest shows. He yawned and she yawned, but he made no attempt to move toward home, and she was becoming weary.

At last she said: "I heard a noise outside just now. I wonder if it could be burglars?"

Of course he tried to be funny.

"Maybe it was the night falling?" he said.

"O, I guess not," she exclaimed; "guess it was the day breaking." (Hasty exit of he.)

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
The Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Just So.

"Why do they call a bell boy in a hotel 'Buttons?'"

"Because he's always off when you need him most, I guess."

Stop the Pain.
The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Good men are scarce, and bad ones often have to make themselves so.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

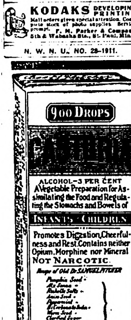
If we really wish to be, we can be wanted in the world.—Roche.

Sickly Children
If every mother would use Kickapoo Worm Killer, there would be few sickly children. It is the safest and surest cure for stomach and bowel ailments, as well as for worms. It removes acids which impoverish the blood; cleans and regulates bad bowels; tones up the entire body; makes healthy children.
No alcohol or injurious drugs. Just a pleasant candy lozenge—all children like it. Try it and see how it helps your child. Price 25 cents; sold by druggists everywhere.
KICKAPOO WORM KILLER
Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels
Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Parker & Company 5th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 28-1911.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas H Fletcher
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CHURCH LIGHTED BY WIND

Novel Method Employed to Illuminate Sacred Edifice Near Birmingham, England.

Probably one of the most novel methods of providing lighting for a church is that employed at the old Cosely church, situated a few miles out from Birmingham, England.

About 600 feet from the church is the mouth of a disused coal mine, around which are huge piles of tailings. Upon one of these a steel tower 50 feet high is erected and a windmill 18 feet in diameter installed. At the base of the tower in a small house is an electric generator which is run by the mill. The current thus generated feeds 27 lamps in the church, two in the chapel, two in the vestry; operates a motor for pumping the pipe organ, and also lights 30 lamps in the rectory. A storage battery in the rectory is a part of this unique lighting plant.

PITIFUL SIGHT WITH ECZEMA

"A few days after birth we noticed an inflamed spot on our baby's hip which soon began spreading until baby was completely covered even in his eyes, ears and scalp. For eight weeks he was bandaged from head to foot. He could not have a stitch of clothing on. Our regular physician pronounced it chronic eczema. He is a very able physician and ranks with the best in this locality, nevertheless, the disease began spreading until baby was completely covered. He was losing flesh so rapidly that we became alarmed and decided to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

"Not until I commenced using Cuticura Soap and Ointment could we tell what he looked like, as we dared not wash him, and I had been putting one application after another on him. On removing the scale from his head the hair came off, and left him entirely bald, but since we have been using Cuticura Soap and Ointment he has as much hair as ever. Four weeks after we began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment he was entirely cured. I don't believe anyone could have eczema worse than our baby.

"Before we used the Cuticura Remedies we could hardly look at him, he was such a pitiful sight. He would fuss until I would treat him, they semed to relieve him so much. Cuticura Soap and Ointment stand by themselves and the result they quickly and surely bring is their own recommendation." (Signed) Mrs. T. B. Rosser, Mill Hall, Pa., Feb. 20, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 29 K, Boston.

Easily in the Lead.

Louise Jennings, Elsie Hathaway and Florence Brintnall are three schoolmates whose indulgent parents provided a picnic for each of them, giving carte blanche as to the number of their guests and the manner of entertainment on the beach. Three parties in ten days means a lot to young ladies of the tender age of eight. But they recovered quickly enough from the fatigue. Followed comparison:

"I think," said Lou, "ours was a very nice party. And we had ice cream twice, if you remember."

"Oh, I don't know," quoth Elsie—she insists upon being called by her full name and will answer to no other—"I notice all my guests rode 'round on the carrousel as often as they wanted."

"I'm sure my party was the best of all," spoke up Flo. "Father says every d——d kid in town was there.

A Busy Place.

"Where is that spot you call the 'lovers' lane?'" diffidently asks the young man while the young lady waits on the hotel piazza.

"Right down yonder," replies the clerk. "Just keep going until you see the porter from the barber shop. Lovers' lane is so crowded now that we have him stationed there to give the guests checks, so that each may have his turn."—Judge's Library.

Feminine Reasoning.

Stella—Her gown is just like yours.

Bella—I don't care if hers is a duplicate of mine, but I don't want mine a duplicate of hers.—Puck.

DANGER IN THE CUP

Efforts to Abolish the Common Drinking Vessel.

Illinois Follows Kansas in Legislation Effecting Use of the Public Cup—A Safety Drinking Fountain.

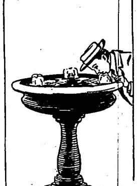
Springfield, Ill.—Illinois has followed Kansas in legislation to effect the abolition of the common drinking cup. Death lurks in it. Tuberculosis, diphtheria and other deadly diseases are distributed by it.

There is no question whatever about these facts, which may be said briefly to summarise the results of a special investigation recently made by the board of health of the state of Kansas.

Kansas led the way in a movement to do away with the common drinking glass. Such receptacles, which carry all sorts of infection from mouth to mouth, are not to be in future allowed in railroad trains, railroad stations and other public places in that state. Their use in the public schools is no longer to be permitted. And now Illinois has followed with similar regulations. It is expected that before long this movement will become nationwide.

One might say that the problem is satisfactorily solved by the paper cups for individual use which are sold by slot machines in many public places nowadays. All one has to do is to drop a cent into the slot, and out pops a beautifully-made tumbler of paraffine paper, well put together and stiff enough to hold liquid for drinking. But when one comes to think about it, one perceives that such cups as these are of small practical use for everyday folk; they are a luxury for the rich. Only the well-to-do can afford to pay a penny for a drink of water.

The problem of the drinking cup in its relation to health is much more difficult and much more important than most people imagine. Recent investigations of the subject by the Kansas state board of health and by many bacteriological experts elsewhere have shown that the common tumbler or other receptacle used for such purposes is a frequent and dangerous source of infection. To employ such a vesel on a train, at a street fountain or elsewhere is to take a serious risk.



A Safety Drinking Fountain.

A drinking cup which had been used for several months without washing in a high school was lined with a brownish deposit which when viewed under the microscope was seen to be composed largely of particles of mud, with thousands of bits of dead skin and millions of bacteria. When a small quantity of this sediment was injected under the skin of a healthy guinea pig the animal died in 48 hours, the post-mortem examination showing that death was due to blood poisoning. A second guinea pig, under similar circumstances, developed tuberculosis; and inquiry proved that several of the pupils in the high school were afflicted with the dread malady.

The rim of another drinking cup used in a school bore no fewer than 5,000,000 germs, while a vastly greater number lingered deeper in the vessel where saliva had dripped down.

The conclusions drawn from all observations are to the effect that the common drinking vessel is one of the most fruitful sources of the spread of infectious diseases. Such mouth-to-mouth infection, furthermore, is especially dangerous because of the moist state in which the germ cultures pass from person to person. Peril lingers about the edge of the familiar tin dipper—the kind that used to hang alongside the drinking place at school, and which still bangs near the kitchen pump in many a farmhouse.

The mouth of every human being is a breeding place for multitudinous microbes, and these are of many forms and species. Some of them are rod-shaped; others are spherical; yet others arrange themselves in chains, and so on through a considerable diversity of shapes. Even the biggest of them are so small as to be seen only with the aid of a high-power microscope.

THE WORLD'S FASTEST TIME

Vedrine Travels at the Rate of 155 Miles an Hour for Space of Thirty Minutes.

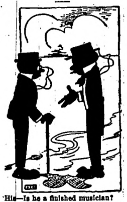
Paris.—Jules Vedrine, who won the Paris-Madrid aeroplane race, attained the prodigious speed rate of 155 miles an hour when he flew the 77½ miles between Diffon and Laurent-les-Macon in 30 minutes. One hundred and fifty-five miles an hour means a speed of 75 yards 2 feet 3 inches a second.

Vedrine says he was propelled at times by a wind so swift that, as he flew, the tail of his aeroplane was perpendicular; also he encountered wind pockets that caused his monoplane to make frightful drops, sometimes descending 900 feet in a few seconds. Vedrine suffered only by the strain of his eyes.

SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY
All Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
It is more widely and successfully used than any other remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed. Why don't you try it?

CLOSE TO FINISH.



His—Is he a finished musician?

Dix—He came near being one last night. The neighbors chased him nearly ten blocks.

Settled Them.

"I've a sight o' sons—thirteen altogether," remarked a prosperous old farmer, "and all of 'em's done me credit save the three eldest, who sowed wild oats at a pretty rapid rate, and then came home and saddled my shoulders with the harvest.

"Well, I own I was glad to see 'em back, and I feasted 'em, and petted 'em, and set 'em on their legs again, only to see 'em skedaddle off afresh when things had slowed down, with all the cash they could lay hands on.

"That thereabouts sickened me, so I called the rest of 'em together and said:

"'There's ten of you left, and if any of you 'ud like to follow t'other three I won't try to stop you. But, understand this, though there may be a few more prodigal sons, there'll be no more fatted calves. I've killed the last of 'em!'

"And," continued the old man, triumphantly, "I've had trouble wi' none of 'em since!"

To Make Fruit Jar Rubbers Last.

To have fruit jar rubbers last, keep them well covered in a jar full of flour until used, and as soon as removed from empty jars. One can then afford a good quality of rubbers, as kept thus they will safely last several seasons. When there is doubt of old rubbers, they may often be made to eke out one more season by using two of the rubbers to each jar and screwing down tight. Always stand newly filled jars upside down until cool, to test the tops and rubbers.—Designer.

In the long run it is better to tell the truth about things that must be told, even if it scares you half to death to tell it.

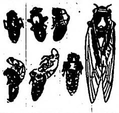
To The Last Mouthful
one enjoys a bowl of crisp, delightful
Post Toasties
with cream or stewed fruit—or both.
Some people make an entire breakfast out of this combination.
Try it!
"The Memory Lingers"
Sold by Grocers
Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich., U. S. A.

LOCUST IS A QUEER 'BIRD'

Habits of This 17-Year Pestiferous Insect Form an Interesting Subject for Study.

Lafayette, Ind.—Unquestionably the 17-year locusts form a most interesting subject for careful study. They are the longest lived of all insects and in many ways are quite remarkable. They are not locusts at all, strictly speaking, but cicadas, members of an ancient race in their line. On account of the strange contradictions of a cicada's habits and the curiosity which he has aroused in inquiring man, probably more observations of this insect have been made than concerning any other of his world. Traditions of the Indians dwell upon these insects and their ways and centuries ago the song of the cicada was noted in the forest primeval.

Much confusion attended the efforts of investigators to solve the cicada's life riddle until the discovery was made, in 1845, that there were two races, one which had a cycle of 13 years and was native in the southern part of the United States, and the other dwelling in the north which requires 17 years for its development.



Life of a Locust or Cicada.

The cicada first makes its appearance on this globe as a tiny pearly egg that his mother forced into an orifice which she dug in a twig high on a tree one fine spring day. At the left in the illustration is shown the insect while breaking from its casing, showing different stages of the interesting process, and at the right a full-grown locust after it has emerged for its brief existence in the sunlight of earth. After a few weeks he is hatched out and in a twinkling he is running about this way and that on the branch of the tree which is nearest to him. The newly-born cicada larvae loses no time in sightseeing. After rushing over the bark for a few minutes he goes to the edge of the branch and, without hesitation, throws himself into space. It is some strange instinct which prompts him to take the change, without the slightest idea of where he will fall, but he reaches the earth in safety.

His only idea is to hide. Over and over the ground he runs, and then finding a little crevice he digs down into the loam, burrows with all his might and soon at least 12 or 18 inches of earth, and often several feet, are between him and daylight. He is not happy until he gets away from all his relatives, for the larvae of the cicada are not sociable. Each one like some solitary gnome exists through 17 years of subterranean life.

How the cicada knows when he must rise from his solitude and go forth with a million of his fellows to make roundelays is one of the hidden mysteries of nature. From varying depths, some through hard, baked clay, others through stony soil and many through dark loam, they start on their upward trend. The front legs are fitted in this last stage of the subterranean life with digging tools in the form of ponderous claws. The cicada reaches up over his head, tears down the soil, rolls it into pellets, presses them down beneath him and digs for more.

When the right time comes, always at night, the hosts which for so many years have kept their haunts below the sod silently steal forth, like an army with muffled feet. They swarm up the bark of trees, the very ones on whose roots they have been feeding all the years of their underworld life, and slowly, almost awkwardly, affix themselves to twigs and branches. There in a few minutes a cicada strips itself of its casing, which splits down the middle of the thorax. Then the insect is a really, truly locust, ready to do as its forbears have done, and fated to go the same way in the same space of time. The average life of the cicada on earth is six weeks, and is very small as compared with his long under-world existence.

HANGMAN'S TREE IS FELLED

Texas Grove of Oaks, Once Used Instead of a Gallows, Is Cut Down.

Houston, Tex.—"Hangman's Grove," one of the historic spots of Houston, has passed. The last giant of a group of oaks which in the pioneer days of Houston provided a natural gallows for the hanging of offensive persons, has succumbed to the march of progress, and "Hangman's Grove" is to become residence property.

By a peculiar coincidence the last tree that recently fell under the ax constituted the gallows for the last hanging on this spot 37 years ago. Its broad hanging limbs 10 or 12 feet from the ground were marred by the great grooves in the bark into which ropes tied about them had sunk as the limbs grew and widened. The last vestige of this hemp long ago disappeared in the shape of souvenirs, but the marks remain and mutely tell of the grewsome happenings two-score years ago.

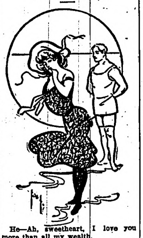
Blind Adept at Skating.

Berlin.—A skating rink for the blind has recently been opened in this city. The wonderful acuteness of the sense of feeling in those who are blind makes it possible for them to know when they approach objects, although they do not see them. They avoid each other with ease, whether skating singly or in pairs; they waltz around the hall, and the spectator watching them would never suppose they were sightless, for their movements are as sure and swift as those of people blessed with normal sight.

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure
Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—
Coca-Cola
Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—vim and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.
Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome
5c Everywhere
THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.
53
Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

Lenox is not a new soap.
The price is low. The quality is high. The shape is convenient.
Best of all, Lenox Soap does the work it is intended to do.
Lenox Soap
"Just fits the hand"

SHE WAS WISE.



He—Ah, sweetheart, I love you more than all my wealth.

She—Yes, but you only get ten a week.

Her Father's Child.

The six-year-old daughter of a well-known evangelistic preacher was playing on the sidewalk one day when a shabbily dressed and downcast man approached her father's house.

Halting at the foot of the steps, he looked at her, and in a weary voice—the voice of an unsuccessful book agent—he asked if her father might be found in his study.

"He isn't home," said the little girl, drawing close to him, and gazing up into the tired face, "but he'll be home pretty soon. You go into the house, you poor, perishing soul, and mother'll look after you till he comes."—Youth's Companion.

WRONG SORT

Perhaps Plain Old Meat, Potatoes and Bread May Be Against You for a Time.

A change to the right kind of food can lift one from a sick bed. A lady in Welden, Ill., says:

"Last spring I became bed-fast with severe stomach troubles accompanied by sick headache. I got worse and worse until I became so low I could scarcely retain any food at all, although I tried about every kind.

"I had become completely discouraged, and given up all hope, and thought I was doomed to starve to death, until one day my husband, trying to find something I could retain, brought home some Grape-Nuts.

"To my surprise the food agreed with me, digested perfectly and without distress. I began to gain strength at once. My flesh (which had been flabby), grew firmer, my health improved in every way and every day, and in a very few weeks I gained 20 pounds in weight.

"I liked Grape-Nuts so well that for four months I ate no other food, and always felt as well satisfied after eating as if I had sat down to a fine banquet.

"I had no return of the miserable sick stomach nor of the headaches, that I used to have when I ate other food. I am now a well woman, doing all my own work again, and feel that life is worth living.

"Grape-Nuts food has been a Godsend to my family; it surely saved my life; and my two little boys have thriven on it wonderfully." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Libby's
Corned Beef
Everybody likes good corned beef.
Everybody likes Libby's because it is good and is ready for serving as soon as taken out of the tin.
Buy Libby's Next Time
Libby, McNeill & Libby

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes
Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.
GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.
QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.
WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide
100,000 people last year used
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed.
For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical.
To save and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay.
To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath.
To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless
To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking.
To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing.
The best antiseptic wash known.
Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. Sample Free.
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

DAISY FLY KILLER
placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. [illegible]

A. J. Hanson c-o State Capitol

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1911. NUMBER 2.

CROOKS ARE HELD

ACCUSED OF HAVING HELPED PLAN CRIMES JERRY McCARTHY COMMITTED.

BONDS FIXED AT $10,000

Briggs Pleads Not Guilty.—Persons Responsible For Convict's Escape Are Now Sought.

Minneapolis. — It is possible that charges of aiding a prisoner to escape from the state penitentiary may be added to the accusations made by the police against the men the police say were the ring leaders of the "robbery syndicate," of which the dead outlaw, Jerry McCarthy, was the tool.

Police Chief Mealey will question Fred A. Briggs, one of the men implicated in the evidence left by Joseph J. Olinger, the policeman who lost his life in the fight in which he killed McCarthy. The chief and Warden Wolfer hope that they may be able to prove that McCarthy and Peter Juhl were enabled to escape from Stillwater through the connivance of outsiders and to punish the persons responsible.

Briggs told friends after the escape of McCarthy and Juhl that when he went out after having been awakened by tapping on his window at 3 a. m. a few hours after their flight he found the fugitives there. He said he gave them clothes and money and advised McCarthy to leave the country, suggesting Australia as the logical place to go.

Arthur H. Denson and Fred A. Briggs, both of whom admitted associating with McCarthy, were arraigned before Judge Smith in municipal court and waived examination. They were held to the grand jury.

Briggs was arraigned on two charges and Denson on one. Bail in each count was fixed at $5,000, which is cumulative in the case of Briggs, making his bail $10,000.

In answer to both charges (holding up Martin Brennan and breaking into the store of Andrew P. Sorenson) Briggs said, "Not guilty," and waived.

When Denson answered to the charge of breaking into the Central avenue store, he said: "I am guilty." He was told he could not plead on that charge in the lower court, but must ask for or waive examination in order that he might have a hearing or be bound over to the grand jury. He waived.

Detective L. D. Wilson appeared as complainant in each case, charging Briggs with highway robbery and both with burglary in the third degree.

Prisoners Transferred.

Briggs and Denson were transferred from the city hall to cells in the county jail. Denson gave out a statement of places already told by him to Police Chief Mealey as having been designated for robbery by himself and associates. He said:

"Briggs used to go out first and spot the places, go inside and buy something so as to get a look at the safe.

"If the land looked right, Briggs would take McCarthy to the place on a second visit and the yeggman would get the lay of things. Then a date was fixed for the intended robbery and we rested on our oars.

LAWYERS GATHER IN DULUTH.

Attorney-General Wickersham Addresses State Bar Association.

Duluth.—With one hundred and fifty attorneys from points all over the state of Minnesota and with practically every local lawyer in the city in attendance, the annual meeting of the Minnesota State Bar Association opened in the assembly room of the Duluth Commercial club. A large number of St. Paul and Minneapolis attorneys came up in a special car. From other points delegates continued coming in until at the opening nearly 300 members had gathered.

At the opening session President James D. Shearer, of Minneapolis delivered the annual address. He took as his subject, "The Trend of Modern Legislation." Following the reading of the president's paper, H. V. Mercer, of Minneapolis read a paper on "Workmen's Compensation."

The address of Attorney General George W. Wickersham, the feature of the State Bar Association meeting in Duluth, was given Wednesday afternoon.

There was a discussion of the recent decisions of the United States supreme court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco cases. Thursday morning there was a discussion on "The Recall of Judges" and "The Conflict Between Federal and State Control of Railway Rates." A banquet was given Mr. Wickersham and delegates.

Women Fail to Elect Candidate.

Fergus Falls.—The school election in this city was highly animated. A woman was elected to membership on the board of education last year and the Women's Club and other women's organizations, made a determined effort to elect another member this year, and nominated Miss Elsie Wright for the position. The women were active, and brought out a large vote, but Miss Wright was defeated by Dr. O. M. Haugan by a vote of 263 to 161. R. E. Lincoln was re-elected by 421.

3,500 IN SUMMER SCHOOLS.

More Than Eight Hundred are Teachers.

The teachers' summer schools that are being held in about half of the counties of the state will close a week from next Saturday, and beginning July 31 teachers' examinations will be held for three days in every county in the state. The dates for the various summer schools were arranged so that no matter when they opened they would close on the same day, just before the state examinations are held.

Reports received at the office of State Superintendent of Schools Schulz indicate a total attendance of approximately 3,500 at the various schools. This includes the summer school at the state agricultural college, where more than 800 would-be teachers are brushing up on the common branches and also getting some pointers on agriculture and domestic science. The five state normal schools also have summer sessions, which helps to swell the attendance.

Additional interest has been given to the summer schools this year by the teaching of agriculture and home economics. In some of the schools a regular course has been given through the whole session of four or six weeks and in the others special lectures from the state farm school have given a week of practical work. While those in charge of the summer courses realize that it was impossible to make an ordinary teacher into a regular domestic science teacher in so short a time, their aim has been to teach a few practical things, so that the teacher can do something definite in this line when she returns to her school in the fall. This is done especially for the teachers in the rural schools, so that they will be able to make a start towards the introduction of these practical subjects, in the ungraded schools and provide work that will interest pupils that are laggards in the common branches.

The teachers have taken up this work with great interest this summer and these courses have been a big step in the general movement for the introduction of more work in agriculture, manual training and domestic science in all the schools of the state.

RED WING VALUATION GOES UP.

Assessment Rolls Show an Increase of $1,515,143 Over 1909.

Red Wing.—The assessment rolls for the city of Red Wing were completed by W. A. Giffen and approved with slight changes by the city board of equalization.

The total valuation of personal property assessed in $1,142,971. In 1910 Red Wing property was assessed at $1,087,835, making an increase this year of $55,136. There were 235 listed for assessment on moneys and credits, and the valuation under this head reached a total of $1,435,836.

The total increase in valuation of real and personal property over 1910 figures is $1,515,143.

Schools May Consolidate.

Bemidji. — Consolidation of six schools, including and surrounding the Tenstrike district, was discussed at a public meeting in Tenstrike. W. B. Stewart, county superintendent of schools, was present. The six schools involved are districts 46, which is the Tenstrike school, 51, 70, 24, 126, 99. The total valuation of these districts is $200,000. At the present time it costs these districts $41,000 a year to run their schools. If consolidated the schools would receive the state special aid for the consolidated graded schools of $2,100. At the present time there are 165 pupils enrolled in the schools of the proposed consolidated district. There are at present but two consolidated districts in Beltrami county, No. 81 in Battle River and No. 128 in the Hines district. Several other districts are talking of consolidating.

Minnesota Population Placed.

According to a certificate filed with the secretary of state by Roland P. Faulkner, acting director of the census, the population of Minnesota is 2,075,708. The filing of the document is in compliance with the law passed by the last legislature directing the governor to secure from the director of the census a signed certificate of the population as compiled by the federal authorities. It contains a bulletin showing in great detail the population of each county, city and village.

Thinks Pearl Worth $3,000.

Bemidji.—With his $3,000 pearl, William Bates, who picked the gem from the Mississippi river near Bemidji early last week, and his father a professional pearl hunter of Pine City, will go to Chicago to confer with a jeweler relative to the sale of the black pearl, which George T. Baker & Co., of this city have pronounced one of the rarest specimens of pearl yet found in the United States. Bates does not wish to let the pearl go for less than $3,000.

LUCE IS A GOPHER COLONEL.

National Guard Selects Successor to Reeve.

Minneapolis. — Major Erle D. Luce was elected colonel of the First regiment of the Minnesota National guard to succeed C. M. Reeve. He received twenty-six votes on the first ballot, eleven being recorded for Lieutenant Colonel Frank T. Corriston, and one for Major Frank Rowley. The election was finally made unanimous on the proposal of Colonel Corriston.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

"Nothing but speeches stand in the way of the complete success, of the Canadian reciprocity bill and we are working the speeches off as fast as possible," said Chairman Penrose of the senate finance committee. "I am sticking to a prediction made long since that we shall adjourn either on July 29 or August 5."

An inquiry into Alaska's industrial development, second in importance only to the Ballinger-Pinchot investigation, will be inaugurated by the house committee on expenditures in the interior department, according to altered plans of that committee. Instead of having Miss M. F. Abbott tell the story of the famous "Dick to Dock" letter, the committee will examine government officials on general conditions in the territory.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska told the senate that the farmers have little interest in Canadian reciprocity. "In every test that I have made for the purpose of finding out the sentiment of the farmers in my state," said the senator, 'I have found that there is an indifference as to whether the bill becomes a law or is defeated. Of course there are some farmers who oppose the measure, but I think their opposition is so slight, when compared with the sentiment throughout the state, as to be almost negligible.'

President Taft reviewed the action of President Hayes in a pardon case in 1878 and extended executive clemency to Joshua Wade, a half-breed Choctaw Indian who has spent the last 30 years in jail for a crime against a woman. President Hayes in 1878 saved Wade from hanging and commuted his sentence to life imprisonment. The man is now old and feeble and still protests his innocence. President Taft ordered him released at once. The crime was alleged to have been committed near Caddo, Indian Territory.

General.

There is slight danger of a clash between Germany and France over Morocco.

Details of the great storm on the Japanese coast June 20, were brought by the steamship Kumeric. Several hundred lives were lost and many ships destroyed.

The senate will vote on the Canadian reciprocity bill July 22, on the wool tariff revision bill July 27, on the freelist bill August 1 and congressional reapportionment bill August 3.

Representative Kinkaid introduced a bill having as its purpose granting authority and money to the secretary of the interior to conserve flood waters in reserves and in Indian reservations.

To have his body cremated and his ashes thrown into the bay half way between Alcatraz Island and Sausalito, while the tide was flowing out, was the dying wish of John D. Wingate, a prominent business man, who died in San Francisco.

Perry C. McClanahan, head of the normal department of Highland Park college, was elected Iowa state high school inspector.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed Lowell and Franklin halls, men's and boys' dormitories at Highland Park college, Des Moines, causing a loss of over $60,000.

Ethel Conrad and Lillian Graham, who, on June 6, shot W. E. D. Stokes, the millionaire, of New York, in their apartment, were held in $5,000 bail for the grand jury on a charge of felonious assault.

Announcement was made by the Department of Justice that the government had recovered $75,000 from John F. Gaynor and Benjamin D. Greene, the contractors who were convicted of frauds with Captain Oberlin M. Carter in the Savannah harbor contracts several years ago.

James H. Wilkerson, special counsel for the United States government in all the important trust cases that have been heard in the Chicago district in the last few years, and expected successor to United States District Attorney Sims, declared that the only good trust was a dead one.

Seventy million acres of government land will be thrown open to entry after an investigation by fourteen government survey parties now in the field in North and South Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, Utah and Colorado.

W. B. Shattuc, aged seventy, former congressman from the first Ohio district, was found dead in the bath room of his home in Madisonville.

There will be no consideration of pension legislation at this session of congress. This notice was served on the house by Democratic Leader Underwood.

An investigation of the Brussels conference of steel men, which, it has been predicted, may bring about an international combination to control the steel trade of the world, will be undertaken by the department of justice.

A Chicago jury found Evelyn Arthur See guilty of abduction.

Dr. H. W. Wiley, pure food expert, may be given an opportunity to resign.

Testifying before the committee, Governor Deneen of Illinois denied he was for Lorimer for senator.

The Washington Star advises W. J. Bryan to continue his political agitation.

Yekkibery, editor of the newspaper Shehra at Constantinople, was assassinated.

Fires in the forest country of north Michigan have wiped out two towns and perhaps others.

Nicholas Murray Butler resigned from the board of directors of the national educational association.

The Fifteenth United States infantry left the maneuvers camp at Fort Sam Houston for Fort Douglas, Utah.

Mrs. Morgan J. Goldsmith of Clinton Place, the Bronx, New York, was killed in an automobile accident near Cape May, N. J.

J. S. Long, of Council Bluffs, Ia., was elected treasurer of the convention of the American instructors of the deaf at Delavan, Wis.

William Beecher, sentenced from Deadwood, S. D., June 8, last, for selling liquor to Indians, died in the federal prison at Leavenworth.

The body of the eighth negro woman to be murdered at Atlanta, Ga., in as many weeks by an unidentified "Jack-the-Ripper," was found on an unfrequented street.

Seven buildings, which housed places of amusement were destroyed and probably 1,000 persons thrown into panic at Columbus, O., by a fire in Olentangy park.

Sister Madeline O'Brien, for 40 years directoress of St. Joseph's academy, Emmittsburg, Md., and one of the best known educators in this country and Canada, is dead.

Attorney General Wickersham has decided that it is not unlawful for the United States to deal with the corporations recently declared by the supreme court of the United States to be illegal combinations.

President Taft's order transferring coal lands at Controller bay, Alaska, from the forest reserve to the public domain will be the subject of inquiry by the house committee on expenditure in the interior department.

Bishop Frederick Foote Johnson of the Episcopal missionary diocese of South Dakota announced that he would accept the call extended on May 18 to the office of bishop coadjutor for the state of Missouri.

The postoffice at Troy, Kan., ten miles from St. Joseph, Mo., across the Missouri river, was broken into, the safe blown open and $115 in silver taken. The robbers overlooked a roll of bills amounting to $300 which was in a small box in the safe.

Daniel W. Wilder, author, and a well known pioneer Kansas editor and politician, died at his home in Hiawatha as a result of injuries sustained when he walked out of the window of his bed room, mistaking the window for a door.

Fragments of human flesh, found within a radius of 300 yards, gives evidence that three men were killed when 5,000 pounds of nitro glycerine exploded destroying the neutralizing plant and storehouse of the Dupont Powder company near Denver.

On the eve of her departure for Newport to spend the coming six weeks, Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont was given a reception by the pupils of her Brookholt school of agriculture of Hempsted, L. I., better known as the "suffragette farm." Resolutions in honor of Mrs. Belmont's work were presented.

Nebraskans in Washington joined hands in an outing at Riverview, a suburb of Washington. The outing was in the nature of a basket picnic under the auspices of the Nebraska State association. All the members of the Nebraska delegation in congress were invited as guests of honor, as was W. N. Thompson, solicitor of the treasury.

The German cruiser Berlin will relieve the gunboat Panther at Agadin, Morocco. The Berlin is three times as large as the gunboat Panther.

Directors of national banks who fail to hold meetings frequently and who give other evidences of a lack of personal interest in the affairs of their banks will hereafter find a national examiner overhauling their institution at least four times a year.

That his wife has refused to keep house in La Crosse, saying that she did not desire to remain his wife longer because women will have the ballot in Wisconsin soon, and that she then intends to run for governor, is the husband's defense made to suit of divorce begun in La Crosse, Wis., by Mrs. Prisca W. Olson.

Dr. William T. Hornaday, director of the New York zoological park, and a member of the Campfire club, testified before the house committee on expenditures in the department of commerce and labor, that Secretary Nagel and Fish Commissioner Bower "tried to suppress" him two years ago because he sought legislation to preserve the diminishing herd of seals on the Pribiloff islands.

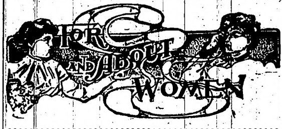
Joseph M. Terrell will not return to Washington to serve as United States senator from Georgia and a positive announcement to this effect, will be issued by Mr. Terrell in the next day or two.

Personal.

Dissolution threatens the unionist party of Great Britain.

Aviator J. C. Mars was probably fatally injured by a fall during a flight at Erie, Pa.

Governor Deneen said while Lorimer posed as a friend he was in reality false to him.



MEETS PICNIC NEEDS

ALL SORTS OF UTENSILS PROVIDED TO LIGHTEN WORK.

Tea Baskets, Luncheon Baskets and Picnic Baskets in Many Quantities Fully Equipped With Every Outing Requisite.

Now is the time for outings, picnics and vacation journeyings and it seems that the stores have anticipated the wants of the picnickers and out-of-door luncher by presenting numerous utensils and contrivances for one's use and comfort when the hour comes for the packing of the basket and hieing to the parks or the woods of the open country.

There are tea baskets, luncheon baskets and picnic baskets in great quantity, some supplied with cups and plates and others even to the knives and forks and spoons, a number even having utensils to hold liquids and little sections reserved for the salt and pepper.

They have the serviettes and the cloth, some of the real linen, but mostly of the decorated paper variety, which are the handiest for such occasions, while one especial basket carries a utensil to keep some dish hot and another for holding the salads without letting any of the juices escape, and also there are the patented bottles of two or three varieties that keep other liquids ice cold for hours, and some of the baskets have these included in their make-up.

There is a little outfit that looks like a leather collar box, which contains a nickel plated tin kettle, an alcohol burner, a sugar bowl and a creamer and an extra bottle for alcohol. It certainly supplies many of the shortcomings that the person on the outing is likely to experience.

Of course the plates that are supplied in these outfits are of the paper, or wood shell kind, that can be discarded after once used and others can be purchased for the next expedition out into the world, where nature calls us to partake of the fresh air, newly purified, salubrious to the utmost to which it is possible to attain.

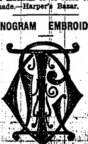
And it is always well to remember when you are out in the woods that you are principally there for the benefit of the air which comes to you purified from every fluttering leaf and blade of grass; therefore make the most of it and fill and refill your lungs with it as far as you can force them to expand.

DRESSES FOR SCHOOL GIRLS

Fashion Has Been Kind in Allowing a Choice of Many and Pleasing Designs.

The peasant bodice in some form is the prevailing style for these dresses. Some variety is gained by the introduction of tucks or pleats of various sizes. These are put in vertically on the shoulders to give the desired fullness. Sailor collars of some contrasting material and color are the rule, with belt and turn-back cuffs to match. Bands of the different material and color, varying in width from eight to fifteen inches, are occasionally set on the skirt at the foot, a few inches above the hem, or a knee-deep flounce of the contrasting shade finishes the skirt. In many instances, where the sailor collar is omitted, a shaped yoke of embroidery or lace is added to the frock of linen or percale about the low-cut neck. Silk dresses are treated in a similar manner, the yoke being of self material or of some contrasting shade.—Harper's Bazar.

MONOGRAM EMBROIDERY.



Here we show a distinct monogram in satin-stitch embroidery, that may be worked on any article of household linen or lingerie that requires distinct marking.

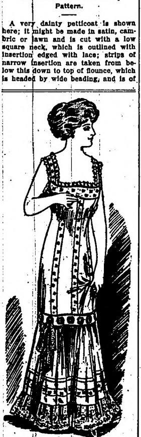
When Darning.

For darning badly torn stockings use a shoe tree instead of a darning egg. Then if it be necessary to patch instead of darn, the patch can be much more easily and properly set in.

MAKES A DAINTY PETTICOAT

Satin, Cambric or Lawn Are Suitable Materials for This Pretty Pattern.

A very dainty petticoat is shown here; it might be made in satin, cambric or lawn and is cut with a low square neck, which is outlined with insertion edged with lace; strips of narrow insertion are taken from below this down to top of flounce, which is headed by wide beading, and is of material, trimmed by one tuck, then a piece of insertion and a lace flounce at foot. Ribbon is threaded through the beading, and loopy bows and ends fall down at the right side of front.



Princess Petticoat.

Materials required: 4 yards 36 inches wide, 5 yards narrow and 1¼ yard wide insertion, 1¼ yard beading, 3¼ yards lace, 3 yards ribbon.

SIMPLE LOTIONS FOR HANDS

Glycerine Varieties Are Particularly Good and Keep the Hands Soft and White.

Pure soap is one of the secrets of well-kept hands. Drying the hands thoroughly after washing them is another important point to be observed, and if either of these are neglected no amount of lotions will bring about the desired result.

Different textured skins demand different soaps. The glycerine varieties are particularly good. The best way to determine the value of a soap is to give it a trial and if the skin is soft and smooth after the bath so that the whole hand feels pliable and refreshed it is safe to continue its use.

Be careful to push the cuticle back from the nails after every hand bath, be it dozens of times a day. If warm water is used have a bottle filled with a lotion composed of benzoin, glycerine and rosewater; tip the bottle in the palm of the hand and rub the lotion into the skin before the hands are thoroughly dry. This is a splendid suggestion for the housewife whose hands are subjected to different solutions in the course of her work. She should have a bottle always handy and use it generously. As a result her hands will be white and plump and will not bear the telltale marks of age or work. Any reputable druggist understands the proportions in which these ingredients should be used.

Striped Coat Sets.

Fine muslin, chiffon cloth and marquisette are all used to make collar and cuff sets for short jackets. These with eyelet embroidered batiste have taken the place of Irish lace, which seems at a discount these days.

The striped coat sets are in any color that one wishes, not necessarily to match the suit. The collar is quite long, deep at the back and finished with an edge of cluny lace or a hem of colored muslin or linen to match the stripe.

Novel Broches.

Broches are always interesting to the fashionable woman and this year it seems that the designers have outdone themselves in turning out a splendid assortment of quaint patterns. Among the favorites are feather designs set with stones representing the natural color of the plumage. One is of gold with pearl quill and another has a silver quill with exquisite enameling on the filmy part of the feather [illegible]

50,000 NEEDED TO HARVEST WESTERN CANADA'S CROP

Will Take 160,000 Altogether to Take Care of Yield of Prairie Provinces.

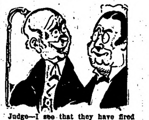
One hundred and sixty-two thousand farm hands will be required this year to harvest the grain crops of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Of this number the local help will provide about 112,000, which will leave about 50,000 extra farm hands. There is, therefore, a great demand for this class of laborers in all parts of Western Canada. In order to meet the requirements it has been arranged to grant very low railway rates from all boundary points reached by Canadian railways. In order to secure these rates it will be necessary for you to call on one of the following authorized agents of the Canadian government: M. V. McInnes, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Michigan; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Michigan; J. S. Crawford, Syracuse, N. Y.; Thos. Hetherington, Room 202, 73 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.; H. M. Williams, 413 Gardner Bldg., Toledo, Ohio; Geo. Aird, 216 Traction-Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Indiana; C. J. Broughton, Room 412 Merchants' Loan & Trust Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. A. Hall, 2nd Floor, 125 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis.; E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.; Chas. Pilling, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. D.; J. M. MacLachlan, Box 197, Watertown, S. D.; W. V. Bennett, Room 4, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.; W. H. Rogers, 125 West 9th Street, Kansas City, Mo.; Benj. Davies, Room 6, Dunn Block, Great Falls, Montana; J. B. Carbonneau, Jr., 217 Main Street, Biddeford, Me.; J. N. Grieve, Auditorium Building, Spokane, Wash.

This will give to intending harvest laborers a splendid opportunity to look over the magnificent wheat fields of Western Canada and will give them the best evidence that can be secured of the splendid character of that country from the farmer's standpoint. There will be at least 200,000,000 bushels of wheat harvested within the area of the three provinces above named this year and it is expected that the yield will run from 15 to 25 bushels per acre. Many farmers, this year, will net, as a result of their labors, as much as $8 to $10 per acre and many of them will deposit as profits as much as $8,000 to $10,000.

The wide publicity that has been given to the excellent crop that is being raised in central Alberta and southern Alberta, central Saskatchewan and southern Saskatchewan, and also in Manitoba, will increase the price of lands in these three provinces from $3 to $5 per acre and the man who was fortunate enough to secure lands at from $12 to $20 per acre will have reason for gratification that he exercised sufficient forethought to invest, while the man who was fortunate enough to secure a homestead of 160 acres free will also have a greater reason to feel pleased.

Notwithstanding the great addition to the acreage this year over last and the large crop that will be ready for harvest there is no reason to become alarmed that the harvest will not be reaped successfully. There will be a great demand for these low rates during the next couple of months; be sure to make your application to any of the agents above mentioned that may be in your territory at as early a date as possible. Harvesting will commence about the 25th of July and continue for five or six weeks, when threshing will begin and there will be plenty of work until November.

TONSORIAL ART.



Judge—I see that they have fired another bomb at the czar and he had a close shave.

Fudge—Well, a close shave wouldn't hurt any of those Russian whiskerinoes!

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands suffer from sick or weakened kidneys without knowing the cause. If you have backache, headache, urinary disorders, look to your kidneys—give the help the kidneys need: Mrs. R. E. Scott, 302 Front St., Baker City, Ore., says: "For twelve years I was a sufferer from kidney trouble. My back ached terribly, the kidney secretions were in awful condition and my bladder badly inflamed. I grew so bad I was bedfast and was so thin I looked like a skeleton. Doctors failed to help me and I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me permanently and I am now as well and strong as anyone."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land-Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8 50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4 80**

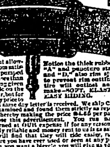
The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.



Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 22, 1911.

The first annual Pennington county fair will be held at Thief River Falls Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, Aug. 2, 3, and 4. The managers promise a big show. The leading amusement features will be two aeroplane flights each day of the fair.

It was no other than Senator Bailey of Texas, who stepped into the breach and through a three-hour speech prevented the senate from coming to a final vote on the Canadian reciprocity treaty. Is it not wonderful how uniformly and unfailingly this man appears on the wrong side of every issue which affects the common people? Sometime, somewhere, somehow, we should think he might inadvertently array himself on the side of the angels. But he never does. He is always wrong. Messrs. La Follette, Cummins, and Bristow must enjoy finding themselves in such company.

School Election

At the school election Saturday evening D. Patterson and Henry Olson were elected directors to serve three years. G. W. Hooper was elected to fill the unexpired term of H. O. Jackson and will serve two years.

A tax of $1,500 was levied for current expenses for the coming year.

As before, there will be nine months of school during the next year, beginning the first week in September.

Second Butter and Cheese Scoring Contest

The butter and cheese entered in the second list of the six month's educational contest conducted by the Minnesota dairy and food department was scored recently.

In the butter scoring contest some high scores were made by entries from this vicinity. Wm. Lauritzen of Lambert scored 9[illegible], L. Hazelrud of Plummer 92, A. J. Hed of St. Hilaire, 91½.

In the cheese contest Red Lake Falls took second prize, with a score of 93.[illegible]

Married

The marriage of Miss Caroline Baril, daughter of Mrs. Theo. Garceau, and Mr. August LaSelle of Frazee, Minn., occurred on Wednesday, July 19. The ceremony was performed at noon, at St. Joseph's church, Rev. Fr. Fayolle officiating. The wedding was a quiet affair, only relatives and a few invited guests being present. The wedding dinner was served at the Garceau home and Mr. LaSelle and his bride left on the 5 o'clock train for their new home at Frazee. Mrs. LaSelle has lived in Red Lake Falls many years and has many friends here who are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The groom is a brother of Morris LaSelle of this place.

Methodist Preachers Build a Church

Three Methodist ministers have been in Badger this week working on the new church. Rev. A. H. Hanson of St. Hilaire and Rev. W. H. Hill of Spooner came in Monday and Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls came up Tuesday. They joined Rev. F. H. Barnett the local pastor in the work of erecting the church that he has been working so doggedly at. The reverend gentlemen put their hearts into the work and the building has quite a changed appearance as the result of a week's labor. The outside work is almost completed, being sided and roofed with steel. Rev. W. H. Hill returned to Spooner yesterday and Rev. J. B. Smith and Rev. A. H. Hanson will return to their homes today. We are sure that the people of Badger appreciate their coming here and the work they have done and they in return expressed their appreciation of the hospitality of the Badger Methodists.—The Herald-Rustler, Badger, Minn.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
July 10, 1911.

Pursuant to law the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minnesota, met in regular session in the office of the county auditor, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 10 o'clock a. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Hedeen, Wold, Larson.

Members absent, none.

Minutes of the meetings of April 12, 1911, and May 15 and May 16, 1911, were read and accepted as read.

The following is a statement of the county funds submitted to the county board by the auditor.

To the county board of Pennington county, Minnesota:

The following is a correct statement of the condition of the respective funds of said county at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1911, showing the amounts levied for various purposes for the current year, together with the actual cash balance and amounts unpaid on contracts of the board:

Name of Fund	Amount Levied	Actual Cash Balance	Amount Unpaid on Contracts
Revenue Fund...	$11,154.00	$2,664.71	$3,442.37
Road and Bridge	4,400.	2,706.03	1,1[illegible]0.
Interest Fund....	2,200.	1,353.02	

Dated July 10, 1911.
Respectfully submitted,
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.

The following resolution, offered by Commissioner Shaw and seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, was adopted unanimously.

Whereas; after due consideration, this board has estimated the necessary expenses of the county for the ensuing year to be as follows:

County Purposes	$17,500.00
Road and Bridge Purposes....	4,400.00
Bond and Interest Purposes..	2,200.00

Therefore be it resolved that to meet such expenses the following sums be levied on the taxable property of Pennington county as a basis of taxation for the year 1911.

County Revenue Fund.......	$17,500.00
Road and Bridge Fund......	$4,400.00
Bond and Interest Fund.....	2,200.00

In the matter of the petition of R. J. McKercher and others for a county road; the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol;

Whereas, on the 10th of July, 1911, a petition signed by twenty-four freeholders of said county was presented to us praying for the laying out and establishing of a highway running into more than one town of said county, and not within the incorporated limits of any city, and described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section number thirteen (13) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west, and running thence east on the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in the township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west and, sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) in township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43] west, a distance of one [1] mile, to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter [N. W. ¼] of section number eighteen [18] in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-three [43] west, and to be connected with other roads as follows: The state road running north and south through said sections seven [7] and eighteen [18] in said township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43], and terminating at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter [N. W. ¼] of section number eighteen (18) in township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three (43) west.

And the board of county commissioners of said county having determined that in the judgment of a majority of its members said petition is reasonable on its face.

It is hereby ordered that a day of hearing be had on said petition at the auditor's office of said county on the 1st day of September, A. D. 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., at which time and place said board will hear all that may be said in favor of and against granting of said petition.

It is further ordered that Peter Hedeen, Peter C. Wold, and Daniel Shaw, members of this board, be and they are hereby appointed a committee to examine said proposed establishment of said road, and that said committee meet upon the route of said road at the house of R. J. McKercher on the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section twelve (12), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty four (44), in said county, on the 5th day of August, 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of examination of said proposed establishing of said road and make report thereof at said meeting of said board hereinbefore specified, and that notice thereof be posted and given as prescribed by law.

The Board of County Commissoners of Pennington County, Minnesota.
ED. A. AUBOL, Chairman.
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.

Motion made by Commissioner Shaw, seconded by Commissioner Hedeen, that the engineer on Ditch No. 32 be instructed to place a culvert on the range line between section 19, township 153, range 41, and section 24, township 153, range 42, where said ditch No. 42 crosses said range line.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson:

Resolved, That the following sums be and the same are, hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund, as follows, towit:

To the town of Clover Leaf the sum of $150, to aid in repairing and improving highway on section line between sections 30 and 31 of said town.

To the town of Bray the sum of $100 to aid in repairing and improving the highways of said town.

To the town of Silverton the sum of $150 to aid in improving and repairing road on the south side of sections No. 27, 28, and 29 of said town.

To the town of Reiner the sum of $100 to aid in repairing and improving highway between section. 25 and 35, between sections 26 and 33, and between sections 28 and 29 of said town.

To the town of Wyandotte the sum of $100 to aid in the repair and and improvement of highway between sections 10 and 15, 11 and 14, and between sections 12 and 13 of said town.

To the town of Mayfield the sum of $100 to aid in repairing and improving highway on section line between sections 22 and 23 of said town.

Resolution unanimously adopted.

On motion duly carried Mr. A. G. Hallstrom was employed to assist E. L. Quist in ascertaining the number of entries made in transcribing tract indexes from Red Lake county, Mr. Hallstrom to receive as compensation for work above mentioned the sum of $2.50 per day.

On motion duly carried the county board took a recess until 8 o'clock a. m. July 11, 1911.

July 11, 1911.

County board reconvened at 8 a. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Hedeen, Wold.

Member absent, Larson.

On motion duly carried the following bills were audited and allowed:

The Pioneer Co., civil and criminal subpoenas for clerk of court..............	$ 12.50
Free Press Printing Co., four bills, books and supplies. ...	108.25
Fritz & Cross, eleven bills, books and blanks for county,	205.32
Peter Holan, 9 days assisting in making statement preparatory to settlement between Red Lake and Pennington counties	162.00
Louis F Dow, tax levy record for auditor............	27.50
Peterson Bros., boarding petit jurors, June term...........	8.00
Eleven Towns, publishing notices	2.40
Eleanor Boyce, typewriter work drawing appointment for sheriff............	1.00
E L Quist, express on book covers..............	13.93
E A Mostue, two bills, visiting schools and expenses.........	17.25
W J Labree, livery expenses summoning jurors..........	32.50
Glen A Gray, transcribing lot transfer record....	15.00
E A Mostue, three bills, express, postage, expense visiting schools............	26.95
H L Rolland, supplies for court room	3.60
W J Labree, livery and meals case of county vs Mike Auft,	5.20
Andrew Trovaton, postage treasurer's office..........	0.75
L O Lasseson, binding book of commissioners' ditch proceedings	6.00
C H Martz, premium on engineer's bond............	25.00
E A Mostue, express, and fare and expense to Red Lake Falls	6.00
H E Ives, postage and express	5.70
Tri-State Telephone Co., telephone rent, county offices....	8.05
R G Cook, janitor's salary May, June, July	18.00
E A Mostue, postage and telegram..............	2.40
A H Fasel, transcribing auxiliary ditch ledger..........	14.66
A. H. Fasel, postage, express and telephone..........	50.34
A H Fasel, expense at Red Lake Falls preparing statement for settlement..	14.13
K O Gigstad, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No. 55	36.76
K O Gigstad, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No. 53..	37.06
R M Johnson, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No. 53..	36.00
Gilbert Haavi, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No. 53..	36.00
Gilbert Haavi, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No. 55..	36.00
Andrew Hanson, 8 days and expense viewing ditch No 55...	40.50
Thief River Falls Press, letter heads and envelopes for supt. of schools and register of deeds 2 bills....	58.00
E L Quist, recording ditch lien county ditch No. 39..........	25.00
E L Quist, recording ditch lien county ditch No. 44..........	25.00
E L Quist, recording ditch lien county ditch No. 45.........	10.00
E L Quist, recording appointment of deputy sheriff, deputy auditor and deputy clerk of courts.....	1.50
Langseth mercantile company, merchandise for jail.......	23.85
Dr C Swanson, viewing the remains of Ole Shirve and Ole Bjorge and express..........	13.20
E L Quist, recording town treasurers bonds and postage.....	7.80
Thief River Falls Times, printing and binding court calenders........................	27.00
E A Mostue, expenses at school officers' meeting..........	9.08
The Pioneer Co., blanks for auditor....................	8.00
Miller-Davis Printing Co., license blanks.........	8.45
Peter C Wold, mileage attending commissioners meetings.	12.00
Peter Hedeen, mileage attending commissioners meeting...	10.80
Ed A Aubol, mileage attending commissioners meetings......	8.60
Olof Larson, mileage attending commissioners meetings.......	10.20
Peter Hedeen, 1 day and mileage committee work joint session at Red Lake Falls........	6.60
Peter C Wold, 1 day and mileage committee work at joint session at Red Lake Falls...	6.60
Ed A Aubol, 1 day and mileage committee work at joint session at Red Lake Falls......	6.60
Olof Larson 1 day and mileage committee work at joint session at Red Lake Falls......	6.60
A H Fasel preparing copies for bond company on ditch No. 39	25.00
A H Fasel preparing copies for bond company on ditch No. 44	25.00
A H Fasel preparing copies for bond company on ditch No. 45	25.00
Northern Culvert Co., 8 culverts for county ditch No. 48	675.50
Northern Culvert Co., 7 culverts for county ditch No. 38	758.80
Northern Culvert Co., 4 culverts for county ditch No. 43.	454.00
Northern Culvert Co., 8 culverts for county ditch No. 32....	805.84
Northern Culvert Co., 6 culverts for county ditch No. 41......	455.40
A. D. Brown material and labor on bridge on ditch No. 43....................	100.00
James Walker 2 days service as rodman on state road.........	5.00
Miller Davis Printing Co., six bills, books and office supplies......	42.80
Beerbower & Johnson, placing ten culverts on Ditch No. 38	250.00
C H Martz, engineer and expenses on county ditches, fifteen bills..............	156.00
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditches, nineteen bills..	235.75
James O'Brien, placing one culvert on Ditch No. 47....	25.00
Isaac E Wilson, placing one culvert on Ditch No. 37......	25.00
Northern Culvert Co., one culvert on Ditch No. 39...	133.10
Northern Culvert Co., one culvert on Ditch No. 44.........	91.40

On motion duly carried the following bills were laid over:

M M Welsh Manufacturing Co., eighth grade diplomas $	8.76
Geo. D Barnard & Co., balance due on previous invoice.....	4.25
Remington Typewriter Co., rent on typewriters........	21.00
H E Ives, transcribing judgment dockets	1700.75
Andrew Trovaton, premium on treasurer's bond.........	123 88

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen.

Members absent, Larson.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners of Pennington County, Minn.
(SEAL) A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Proof of Will

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Pennington }

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Fransilla Fellman, Charley Fellman, Gust Fellman, Albert Fellman, Anna Fellman, Herman Fellman and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Fransilla Fellman being duly filed in this court, representing that John P. Fellman, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 28th day of December, 1910, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to Fransilla Fellman,

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of August, 1911, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be grantd.

Witness the Honorable Wilhelm Michelet, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 28th day of June, 1911.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge.
28-23

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Pennington }

In the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajnarowski and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 55;

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 55. Said ditch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), ranges thirty-nine (39 w.) and (40 forty w.), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet south of the section corner between sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), and sixteen (16), range thirty-nine (39); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16) eight (8) and seventeen (17), and sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), to a point twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eighteen (18) of aforesaid township and range; thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen (13) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40 w.), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section twelve (12); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections two (2) and eleven (11) for a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet; thence angling off in a northwesterly direction over and across the southeast quarter of section two (2) to about the center of said section two (2), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 1 OF DITCH NO. 55

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) n., range thirty-nine; commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section eight (8), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eight (8) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 2 OF DITCH, NUMBER 55

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), range thirty-nine (39 w.); commencing at the quarter corner between sections seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), thence running due north, parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections seventeen [17] and eighteen [18], to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the northwest corner of said section seventeen [17], where said branch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number 55;

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, as follows, towit: O J. Hanson, Eugene Dempsey, Gertrude Hanum, Ole P. Osterma, Julius K. Halvorson, H. R. Berg, Ignoe Koloski, T. T. Kvale, Knud K. Solberg, Severt Sather, Ignol Kolski, A. O. Stavness, B. Henry Costello, Anton Radnecke, A. O. Stavness, Geo. Leimers, Wm. Bruckman, C. L. and Fred Stacy, Wauzin Wajnarowski, Dan Juveland, Edward Kolski, Henry Rowald, Township of Deer Park, Township of Hickory, and the United States of America; and that the engineer appointed by the county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 2nd day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch

[SEAL] A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington county, Minn.
j15-29

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota, } ss
County of Pennington. }

In the matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 53;

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 53, beginning at a point twelve hundred and twenty-three [1223] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the section corner between sections four [4], five [5], eight [8], and nine, township one hundred fifty-two [152] north, range 40; thence running due north parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between said sections four [4] and five and eight [8] and nine [9] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of section four [4]; thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the township line a distance of one-half [½] mile to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the southwest corner of section thirty-three [33], township one hundred fifty-three [153], range 40, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections thirty-two [32] and thirty three [33] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of section thirty-three [33] of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections twenty-nine [29] and thirty-two [32] to a point eleven hundred thirty-eight [1138] feet west of the quarter corner between sections twenty-nine [29] and thirty-two [32], where said ditch intersects with a coulee and runs in a northwesterly direction a distance of four hundred sixty-two [462] feet to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER ONE

Commencing at a point twenty [20] feet south of the quarter corner between sections twenty-eight [28] and thirty three [33], thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between said sections twenty-eight [28] and thirty-three [33] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of said section thirty-three [33], where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three [53]. Said Branch No. 1 is wholly located in township 153, n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER TWO

Commencing at a point nine hundred [900] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the quarter corner between sections four [4] and nine [9], thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections four [4] and nine [9], to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of northwest corner of said section nine (9), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three (53). Said branch is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER THREE

Commencing at a point twelve hundred and seventy (1270) feet west of the section corner between sections four (4) and five (5), eight (8) and nine (9), thence running due east parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections five (5) and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three. Said Branch No. 3 is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, towit: Ole O. Hower, John Polene, Sever L. Holm, W. G. Hunt, Frank Jeffers, Jerry O'Brien, Even J. Lund, Olof O. Snobach, Amund Knudson, Andrew N. Johnson, Julius Halvorson, R. B. Brotvold, Peter Gustafson, Tone O. Rynestad, Fred L. Farley, Torkel Lande, Swan B. Swanson, Gustaf Swanson, Knute Olson, Dwight Bangs, W. A. Swanson, Ole S. Skreland, R. P. Rustad, Martin H. Hyland, Torger T. Landin, Mike Kolski, John L. Radniecki, Township of Highlanding, Township of Deer Park, State of Minnesota, and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the 1st day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county, at 2:00 o'clock p. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

(SEAL) A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington County.

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Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Mission services Sunday, July 16, at 10:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m., and 7:15 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.

REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 112—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3630 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
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CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty.
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Call on N. A. Nelson for the prison twine.

Edward D. Giste of Grand Forks was in town Wednesday.

Miss Annie Fellman was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Bothman was a Thief River Falls visitor on Tuesday.

Miss Bella Sandmoen of Rainy River is the guest of Miss Julia Fellman.

Misses Ida and Otta Skeie returned Thursday from their visit to Crookston.

Miss Tomina Wilson returned Monday morning from a visit with Crookston friends.

Martin Hoff went yesterday to Middle River to visit his sister, Mrs. Quinaes.

Miss Louise Wilson went yesterday to Wylie for an over Sunday visit with friends.

Misses Alice Fellman and Louise Wilson were in Thief River between trains on Wednesday.

Capt. E. McCraney of Leclaire, Iowa, is looking after his land interests in this vicinity this week.

Miss Mildred Hooper began attendance at the summer school at Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

C C. Elliott was showing this country to a party of farmers' sons from central Minnesota the first of the week.

Harold Holmes returned Tuesday from his visit to Hallock. He took in the Winnipeg exposition during his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Olson of Thief River Falls visited over Sunday with Mrs. Olson's sister, Mrs. Hendrickson.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Andrew Satterberg July 30.

Mrs. Salem Mageau and Mrs. Wm. Thompson of Crookston were guests of Mrs. G W. Hooper at dinner yesterday.

The Ladies Aid society of the United Lutheran church will meet next Friday afternoon with Mrs. Martin Simonson.

Mrs. Post and Miss Alice Hall were driven to Thief River Falls River Falls Wednesday at the invitation of Capt. McCraney.

Nils Avleson of Red Lake Falls paid this city a visit week. He was looking for a desirable piece of land, with a view to purchase.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, who have been guests at the home of Adolph Satterberg, returned Thursday to their home at Litchfield N. D.

Miss Christina Wilson went on Wednesday to Minot, N. D., to visit with a friend, Mrs. Annie Medji, formerly Miss Annie Letvig of St. Hilaire.

Mrs. E. J. Locken left this morning to visit for a few days at St. Hilaire, where she will be a guest at the Klemensrud farm home.—Crookston Times.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. Austin and Miss Myrtle McCullough drove over in the auto yesterday from Crookston and were guests for the day of Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Beebe.

The Young People's society of the Synod church of Hazel will meet at Rev. S. T. Palm's parsonage one mile east of Hazel Sunday afternoon at 2:30. All are welcome

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

LOST—A yellow cooly dog, with short hair, on the streets of St. Hilaire, about three weeks ago. Finder please return to Arthur Anderson, route 1, Wylie, Minn. j15-3t

A young son of David Rux fell Monday evening from a tree up which he had climbed to look at a bird's nest and fractured his right leg near the hip and right arm at the wrist. Dr. Swanson was called and fixed up the boy, and he is doing nicely.

The Gophers went to Thief River Falls Sunday and won another game from the Pickets, with a score of 11 to 6. They think they are going to win easily from the Terrebonne team Sunday, but they may be fooled. Come out and see the fun.

MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9

Mrs. W. H. Worstall went to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Miss Julia Loberg was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

K. O. Gigstad went to be present at a session of the probate court today.

Miss Carrie Klemsrud went to Crookston last evening to visit friends.

Miss Ruth Martz has been visiting friends in Thief River Falls this week.

Rev. S. T. Palm will hold services in St. Pauli church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Miss Mary Carpenter left last evening for Laporte, Iowa, for an extended visit to friends.

Miss Huldah Gigstad went Monday to Minneapolis to attend the teachers' summer training school at the state university.

Elmer Burkee, who is attending the normal school at Moorhead, is home for the vacation.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Peter Simonson. Everybody invited.

K. O. Gigstad has a few certificates of the state examinations which will be delivered to those interested on application at his office.

Mr. and Mrs. Lambert Rewerts and granddaughter of Red Lake spent Sunday at Andrew Mortenson's.

The new lumber shed for the St. Hilaire Lumber Co., is coming to the front rapidly. It is building right alongside the railroad side track.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday July 28, at the home of Mrs. P. A. Eckstrom of Black River.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin are guests at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin. Mr. Pitkin is connected with a real estate office in St. Paul.

C. L. Hanson autoed down from Thief River Wednesday evening. He was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ives and another lady whose name we did not learn.

Mr. Andrews of Red Lake Falls, land agent for the Rock Island railroad, was in town Thursday and went out with K. O. Gigstad to look over some railroad lands in Sanders township.

Editor and Mrs. Frank Ives of Cass Lake spent Sunday in Thief River Falls as guests at the home of their son, Harry E. Ives. The visit was to celebrate the eightieth birthday of Mr. Ives.

At a special meeting of the school board last Saturday the resignation of Miss Frances Allen, who was to have taught the Fourth and Fifth grades, was read and accepted and Miss Huldah Gigstad was appointed to the position.

The two little boys of Martin Bjerk had their fingers smashed yesterday playing with farm machinery at Holmes' yard. Dr. Swanson amputated a little finger for Elmer, the smaller boy. The other boy was not so badly hurt

Free during the Civic Celebration

Any lady or gentleman can have their suit case checked and their suit or skirt pressed Free.

BRING COUPON NUMBER 2.

Just to keep our tailors busy and to introduce our new system.

RUSH, the Tailor,
36 S. 5th St.,
Minneapolis, Minn

Dog License

Owners of dogs must take out license on same before August 1, as all dogs not licened on that date mus tbe killed. JOHN FORSEEN, Marshal.

Notice for Bids

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed mill for the term of one year, commencing September 1, 1911. Bids will be received up to August 13, at 1 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address,

R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

PATRICK CONWAY.

STATE FAIR MUSIC.

Patrick Conway, one of the best known and most popular band directors of the United States, and his great musical organization will be a strong feature of the musical program during the entire week of Sept. 3 to 9 at the Minnesota State Fair.

The Kiltie Band of Galt, Ont., is another equally famous organization, and these two great bands, together with three Minnesota bands and three orchestras, will furnish more and better music than has ever been on the program of Minnesota or other state fair. Sacred concert Sunday, Sept. 3.

STARTING PROPELLERS OF WRIGHT MACHINE
ORVILLE WRIGHT OF ... AND PASSENGER

GREAT AEROPLANE MEET—THERE WILL BE TWO FLIGHTS EVERY DAY OF FAIR WEEK SEPT. 4 TO 9.

TIME ANNIHILATING STEEL STEEDS THAT WILL RACE AT THE MINNESOTA STATE FAIR.

NINE D. B. C. GRADUATES

Are employed by the Northern Trust Co of Fargo. Nearly all of the banks of the state employ these Dakota Business College pupils on account of their thorough training. "They could not get the positions, you see, without being trained at the D. B. C."

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made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
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Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	86
" " 2 "	84
" " 3 "	80
Flax, No. 1	$1.70
" " 2	1.00
Barley, for 50 lbs	46
Oats	40
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran	[illegible]

TO THE LADIES

We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone

LAZAR & LAZAR

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MRS. INA JOHNSON PROP.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
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Improved Farms and Wild Lands
Parties having land in Red Lake County to exchange for other property would do well to see me.
T. J. Sumpter ST. HILAIRE MINNESOTA

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

OTTUMWA WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms; shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to you for my cure."—Mrs. HARRIET E. WAMPLER, 634 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.

Consider This Advice.

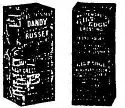
No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous medicine, made only from roots and herbs, has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, confidential, and always helpful.

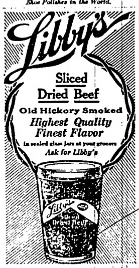
Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.
QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.



50,000 Men Wanted in Western Canada

200 Million Bushels Wheat to be Harvested

Harvest Help in Great Demand

Reports from the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Western Canada) indicate one of the best crops ever raised on the continent. To harvest this crop will require at least 50,000 harvesters.

Low Rates Will be Given on All Canadian Roads

Excursions are run daily and full particulars will be given on application to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent. The rates are made to apply to all who wish to take advantage of them for the purpose of inspecting the grain fields of Western Canada, and the wonderful opportunities there offered for those who wish to invest, and also those who wish to take up actual farm life. Apply at once to

C. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Positively no failure. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Parker & Company 5th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

FAVORS THE PACT

STONE OF MISSOURI ARRAIGNS OPPONENTS; HE SAYS "USE FARMER AS TOOL."

PROFESSIONAL LOBBYISTS

Denies He Is President's Ally, But Avers Taft Is on Right Side.—Other Congressional News.

Washington, D. C. — Vigorous support of the Canadian reciprocity agreement by Senators Brown, of Nebraska, Stone, of Missouri, and Works, of California, and a short speech against the measure by Senator Kenyon, of Iowa, made up a debate on the measure in the senate.

Senator Stone arraigned the interests which he said, had been using the farmers for the purpose of attacking reciprocity. He asserted Democrats could find no excuse for not supporting the agreement as introduced by President Taft.

"This is part of a great progressive movement toward a closer commercial alliance with Canada, that will be for the lasting benefit of both countries," he added. "The president is on the right side; the Democratic house of representatives is on the right side. It will be a pitiful spectacle if the senate should stand as a stumbling block."

Denies He's Taft's Ally.

He said he had been charged by some Democrats with being an ally of the Republican president.

"I am supporting the measure, not the president," he said. "As soon as it is disposed of I am afraid my alliance with him will cease, unless he is willing to support some of the Democratic tariff bills."

Senator Stone said the reciprocity bill had been pictured as a ghost "stalking around in a moonless night seeking farmers to devour." He asserted the opposition of the farmers had in almost every case been artificially created. The 30,000 names petition from Minnesota, presented by Senator Nelson, was the result of the activities of an agricultural paper, he said.

The National Grange had been used by the firm of New York lawyers, Allen & Graham, who were summoned before the finance committee, Senator Stone said, to oppose reciprocity for the benefit of other interests that the firm represented. Instead of being lawyers for the farmers he said, they were "professional lobbyists" and represented manufacturers.

"The idea was to arouse the farmers and have them march upon the capitol and congress," Senator Stone said. "But behind them were these great interests, footing the bills and urging them on."

House Members Off on Trip.

Members of the house rivers and harbors committee, accompanied by many other Democratic and Republican representatives, left here by special train for a ten-day trip as guests of the city of Pittsburg, which recently appropriated $15,000 for their entertainment.

The party will visit Warren, at the headwaters of the Allegheny river, and Pittsburg, and will inspect the proposed Lake Erie and Ohio river ship canal route and proceed down the Ohio river to Cairo, to be shown the need for a nine-foot stage of water from Pittsburg to Cairo the year around.

Stephenson Case Up Today.

Charges of corruption in the election of Senator Stephenson, of Wisconsin, have been taken up by the senate committee on elections and privileges.

Chairman Dillingham will lay before the committee the papers concerning the case which the Wisconsin legislature recently forwarded to the senate, with a request for a congressional investigation.

Will Push Trust Suits Bill.

Senator Pomerene, of Ohio, will ask the senate to dispose immediately of his resolution instructing the attorney general to start criminal proceedings against the officers of the Standard Oil and American Tobacco companies.

Cotton Schedule Nearly Ready.

The revised cotton tariff schedule has been practically completed by the Democratic members of the house ways and means committee, and will be submitted to the Democratic caucus early next week.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 20.—Wheat, July, 91c; Dec. 95¼c; No. 1 northern, 96⅝c; No. 2 northern, 94¼c; No. 3 durum, 88c; No. 3 corn, 65c; No. 3 white oats, 42⅞c; barley, malting, $1.07; No. 2 rye, 88c; No. 1 flax, $2.09.

Duluth, July 20.—Wheat, July, 95¼c; No. 1 northern, 96¼c; No. 1 durum, 88½c.

South St. Paul, July 20. — Cattle—Steers, $2.75@3.50; cows, $2.75@3.00; calves, $2.25@6.00; hogs, $6.15@6.55; sheep, yearlings, $2.75@6.75.

HAITIAN REBELS ACTIVE.

Party Now Marching On Port of Archahale.

Port au Prince, Haiti. — The revolutionists have occupied St. Marc and are marching on Archahale, a port eighteen miles northwest of this city. The government has assembled two divisions of troops at Archahale to oppose the enemy. The cruiser Antoine Simon has been repaired and is proceeding to the threatened fort.

BIG MONEY UP ON FOOT RACE.

Nearly $5,000 Changes Hands on 100-Yard Dash at Lead, S. D.

Lead, South Dak. — Fred Hamilton, formerly of Boulder Prep. school, Colorado, defeated Nick Ronin, of Deadwood, undisputed champion sprinter of the Black Hills, in a 100-yard race here. Nearly $5,000 changed hands on the race, which had been freely advertised, as Ronin had never been beaten. Owing to a misunderstanding in starting Ronin never left the scratch.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Acts directly and peculiarly on the blood; purifies, enriches and revitalizes it, and in this way builds up the whole system. Take it. Get it today.

In usual liquid form or in chocolate coated tablets called Sarsatabs.

RUDE AWAKENING FOR ELIZA

Too Late She Discovered That Visitor Was Not the Object of Her Adoration.

The gentle Eliza was sitting drearily in the darkened room, waiting miserably for a visitor, whom she feared would never come. To tell the truth, Eliza and William had quarreled bitterly the night before. But what is that? A ring, a step, a masculine voice. She waited not, but threw herself into the visitor's arms.

"Oh, my darling!" she sobbed, with her head upon his bosom. "I am so glad you have called. I did so long to make up and do my best to pay you for bringing light into my life. Let us settle peacefully once more with each other."

"Well, miss," said a strange voice, "I'm willin', I'm sure. But my instructions is that if you don't I'm to cut off the gas!"

And it was only then that Eliza found out she had mistaken a common gas person for her William.—London Tit-Bits.

Prudential Reasons.

"So you are going to send your cook off. But isn't her name Arabella Gunn?"

"What's that got to do with our getting rid of her?"

"But, my dear boy, isn't there an ordinance against discharging A. Gunn within the city limits?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Father Loses an Excuse.

"Don't you regret seeing your children growing up to face the responsibilities of the world?"

"Yes," Mr. Bliggins said; "it's a little disappointing to find my boy so big that he is no longer an excuse for my going to the circus."

Mamma's Angel Gets Busy.

Fond Mother—And has mamma's angel been a peacemaker today?

Mamma's Angel—Yes, ma. Tommy Tuff was a-lickin' William Whimpers, an' when I told 'im to stop he wouldn't, an' I jumped in an' licked the stuffin' out o' both of 'em.

Liked It Dull.

"How do you find things, my man?"

"Very dull, I'm glad to say."

"Glad? Why?"

"I'm a knife grinder."

It's the united effort of little things that make big troubles.

FREE

MUNYON'S
PAW-PAW
PILLS
TRADE
MARK

A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not gripe, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 26 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produce rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it.

These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic.

Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 53d & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

MAYOR BACKS UP POLICE.

East Grand Forks Executive Tells Chief to Act as Before.

East Grand Forks.—If those who made complaint against the East Grand Forks police are determined in their efforts to have all persons arrested brought into municipal court, investigation by state authorities will undoubtedly have to be made. Captain Quigley of the police force stated that Mayor O'Leary had instructed him to continue as he has been doing.

No investigation by the local authorities has been ordered, and there is no indication that one will be made.

Complainants, one of which is Judge Sullivan of the municipal court, state they have considerable evidence against the police and unless they cease the alleged practice of allowing persons arrested their liberty without trial, the charges will be pushed. Governor Eberhart has informed City Attorney Massee that if there were further charges, and they were substantiated, the matter would be put before Attorney General Simpson.

WILD FRUIT IS PLENTIFUL.

Grape Harvest in Woods Will Be Heavy This Year.

Winona.—This may be appropriately termed a wine season. Lovers of grape wine will have no difficulty in laying in large quantities of the beverage, for the hillsides and woods in this vicinity are bearing grapes as they have not borne them in years.

The tangled wild grape vines on the neighboring bluffs will yield hundreds of gallons of large luscious grapes which are accessible to any one for the picking. Wild fruits have not been plentiful for years, the vines failing to bear in large quantities, but this year there is a bright outlook.

While in some instances home grown fruit has not fared well this year on account of the hot sun and lack of rain, wild berries and other wild fruits are flourishing.

NEWS NOTES.

Lake City.—A postal savings bank will be opened in this city on Monday, July 24, according to notices received by Postmaster C. A. Von Vleck.

Elk River.—H. B. Nickerson marketed $560 worth of potatoes at the local market. The lot consisted of 400 bushels, and the price paid was $1.40.

Marshall.—Grasshoppers are destroying much grain in this section. A cloud of them was noticed high in the air and going south. Rye, barley and oats are mostly in the shock and indicate a probable half crop.

St. Cloud.—Fire and water damaged the stock of the Columbia book store, owned by Henry Schaufer here, doing damage estimated at $6,000. The insurance on the entire stock was $5.000 The origin of the fire is unknown.

St. Cloud.—Henry, the 14-year-old son of Jacob Meser, a farmer living near here, was dragged to death by a team of horses. The young man was raking in the field and had the lines fastened around his body. The horses were frightened by a passing automobile, and running away they dragged the boy to death.

Bemidji. — The work of putting the telephone wires of the city under ground in the business section of Bemidji has begun. All telephone wires will go through conduits, which are now being distributed. Men will begin digging ditches for the tile at once, in order that there may be no delay in laying the twelve blocks of new city paving.

Karlstad.—D. J. Ostlund of the local creamery scored 92½ at the second Minnesota butter scoring contest which closed July 1, and the prize for the month for this, the Fifth district, went to John Harms of Ada, who scored 93¾. There were 227 entries, nineteen more than in the previous month, which shows that the buttermakers of the state are alive. There were thirty-six entries from this district.

Faribault.—The Consumers Power company of this city will lay a gas main from here to Northfield, a distance of twelve miles, to supply that town with gas. The generating plant is located here and was recently enlarged sufficiently to supply Northfield. A high pressure line will be put in which will have a capacity of 50,000 cubic feet a day. The work of laying the line will begin as soon as a franchise is secured in Northfield, and will be pushed rapidly to completion.

Winona.—The Empire mill burner, one of the landmarks along the Mississippi in Winona and a relic of the lumber milling days, is about to disappear at the hands of wreckers. The burner has stood on the river front just below the main mill for the past twenty years. Five years ago it was partially blown away in a cyclone, but was rebuilt and kept in operation until the mill was permanently closed two years later. Since the closing of the mill it has been a structure of much wonderment for river travelers.

GOVERNOR AT CHAUTAUQUA.

Competes With Darkey Singers at Lake City.

Lake City.—The second annual Lake City Chautauqua has closed. The star attractions were Governor A. O. Eberhart, Thomas Brooks Fletcher, and the Slayton Jubilee Singers. The Governor made a strong address in favor of consolidated schools for Minnesota. Another Chautauqua will be held next year.

Signal Man Electrocuted.

St. Paul. — Mr. Stanley Manning, superintendent of the St. Paul fire alarm signal service, was electrocuted some time yesterday morning while working on the state fair fire alarm connection.

San Francisco, Calif. — Charles Johnson, alias James McCormick and alias Kelley, was arrested here on information of a private detective agency charged with having been implicated in a bank robbery in St. Paul, a year ago.

TAKEN AT A DISADVANTAGE

Awkward Question Put to Witness Led to Hasty Exit From the Stand.

A colored brother was charged with violating the prohibition laws, and one of the issues in the case was whether or not certain prohibited beverages were kept in an ice box in the defendant's place of business. Jim Jones, another colored brother, was introduced as a witness for the defendant, and swore positively that no prohibited beverages were kept in the box that day; that he was in the place all the morning. On cross examination, the city attorney asked if the ice box was open when he entered the place, or was opened in his presence. Jim promptly replied in the negative. He was then asked if he had been inside the box at any time that particular day, and replied that he had not. The city attorney then asked the all-important question of "how he knew there were no prohibited liquors in the box at that time." After considerable deliberation and a mute appeal to the defendant's attorney, which was very marked, Jim replied: "Fo' God, boss, I didn't know you was gwine ter ax me dat." Jim was hastily excused by consent of all parties.—Exchange.

IN AGONY WITH ITCHING

"About four years ago I broke out with sores on my arms like boils. After two months they were all over my body, some coming, and some going away. In about six months the boils quit, but my arms, neck and body broke out with an itching, burning rash. It would burn and itch, and come out in pimples like grains of wheat. I was in a terrible condition; I could not sleep or rest. Parts of my flesh were raw, and I could scarcely bear my clothes on. I could not lie in bed in any position and rest. In about a year the sores extended down to my feet. Then I suffered agony with the burning, itching sores. I could hardly walk and for a long time I could not put on socks.

"All this time I was trying everything I could hear of, and had the skill of three doctors. They said it was eczema. I got no benefit from all this. I was nearly worn out, and had given up in despair of ever being cured when I was advised by a friend to try Cuticura Remedies. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and used exactly as directed. I used the Cuticura Remedies constantly for four months, and nothing else, and was perfectly cured. It is now a year, and I have not had the least bit since. I am ready to praise the Cuticura Remedies at any time. (Signed) E. L. Cate, Exile, Ky., Nov. 10, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 31, K, Boston.

An Eight Years' Walk.

Hiram Davis of Newburg went for a walk with his father eight years ago. The father stopped to talk with a friend, and Hiram, then about 10 years old, walked on. He was never seen after that until he walked into his parents' home recently.

The police all over the east were on the lookout for him, the Hudson river was searched and finally he was given up for dead. When he greeted his mother it was some hours before she could be calmed.

Davis has been out west.—New York Sun.

Harold Knows the Signs.

Five-year-old Harold's older sister was in the habit of making a good many demands on him. Generally her requests for favors, usually the running of errands around the house, were prefaced by what she considered subtle flattery.

"Now, Harold," she began one day, "you're a dear, sweet little boy, and you know I love you——" but Harold cut her short.

"Well, Ethel," he said, earnestly, "if it's upstairs, I won't go."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Too Dangerous.

In the struggling days at Tuskegee, Booker T. Washington found that he would have to use an old chicken house for a schoolroom.

"Uncle," he said to an old colored man, "I want you to come down at nine o'clock tomorrow morning and help me clean a henhouse."

"Law now, Mr. Washington," the old man expostulated, "you-all don't want to begin cleanin' out no henhouse roun' yere in de day time."—Success Magazine.

A SPOON SHAKER.

Straight From Coffeedom.

Coffee can marshall a good squadron of enemies and some very hard ones to overcome. A lady in Florida writes:

"I have always been very fond of good coffee, and for years drank it at least three times a day. At last, however, I found that it was injuring me.

"I became bilious, subject to frequent and violent headaches, and so very nervous, that I could not lift a spoon to my mouth without spilling a part of its contents.

"My heart got 'rickety' and beat so fast and so hard that I could scarcely breathe, while my skin got thick and dingy, with yellow blotches on my face, caused by the condition of my liver and blood.

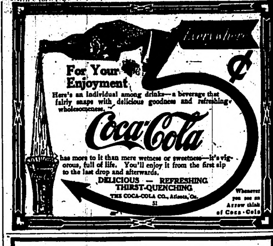
"I made up my mind that all these afflictions came from the coffee, and I determined to experiment and see.

"So I quit coffee and got a package of Postum which furnished my hot morning beverage. After a little time I was rewarded by a complete restoration of my health in every respect.

"I do not suffer from biliousness any more, my headaches have disappeared, my nerves are as steady as could be desired, my heart beats regularly and my complexion has cleared up beautifully—the blotches have been wiped out and it is such a pleasure to be well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



For Your Enjoyment

Here's an individual among drinks—a beverage that fairly snaps with delicious goodness and refreshing wholesomeness.

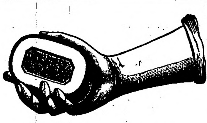
Coca-Cola

has more to it than mere wetness or sweetness—it's vigorous, full of life. You'll enjoy it from the first sip to the last drop and afterwards.

DELICIOUS — REFRESHING
THIRST-QUENCHING

THE COCA-COLA CO., Atlanta, Ga.
51

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

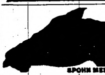


Lenox Soap is yellow; but it makes a snow-white suds—a suds that makes clothes and dishes as clean and bright as sunshine.

Try it!

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"



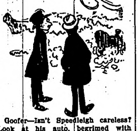
COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

N. W. N. U., NO. 29-1911.

CLEVER SCHEME.



Goofer—Isn't Speedleigh careless? Look at his auto, begrimed with grease and dirt.

Shoofer—Great idea! He lets the grease accumulate on his number plate so that after an accident no one can take his number!

Easy.

Knicker—How can you identify your umbrella?

Bocker—By the man I took it from.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A woman has about as much use for a man who doesn't admire her as a fatted calf has for a prodigal son.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Girl chums are almost as thick as a fat man.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS 150 De Kalb Ave. Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

KODAK adds enjoyment to every sport or recreation. Kodak way is easy and simple. Kodaks $5.00 to $110.00. Ask us for a copy of the Kodak catalogue. Voegeli Druggist, Minneapolis, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

MILLIONS of FAMILIES are using SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
IN THE CIRCLE
ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1911. NUMBER 3.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

As the result of an unfavorable report to the state department on conditions in Mexico close to the Arizona border, the war department order the four troops of cavalry at Nogales to remain there until the situation clears.

The expected hearing on second class mail matter before the commission appointed by President Taft was adjourned until August 1, to permit the postoffice department to prepare evidence that will then be introduced as the basis of the inquiry.

Senator Warren, chairman of the senate appropriations committee and former chairman of military affairs, predicted after a talk with President Taft at the White House that artillerymen to man the fortifications on the Panama canal zone would be sent South within a year.

A gun that will carry its projectile clear out of sight is the type that is to be placed in the turrets of the new battleships of the New York type. One of these guns has been made at the Washington factory and a dozen others are to follow as rapidly as the great lathes can turn them out.

The war department is searching the country for suitable young college graduates to join the Philippine constabulary as third lieutenants. Married men will be discriminated against. The salary is $1,200 a year. There are several vacancies and appointment is securable through a recommendation from the candidates' alma mater.

A favorable report on the resolution of Representative Dent of Aalbama, arraigning the state department emergency account methods and recommending the dismissal of Consul General W. H. Michael at Calcutta and Disbursing Officer Thomas Morrison, of the department, was adopted by the house committee on state department expenditures.

General.

Congress has much before it, but it is thought adjournment can be had by August 12th.

Councilman Franek of South Omaha, killed a man whom he caught rifling his saloon.

The story of Edward Hines' activity in the election of Lorimer was retold at the senate inquiry.

Colonel Sydney W. Taylor, Second Field artillery, the commander of the Department of the Columbia, has been placed on the retired list.

At Washington J. B. Johnson of New York, recently appointed solicitor of the navy department, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

The Portugese minister of finance asked the cortes for credits of $1,500,000 for the national defense and $500,000 for the work of foreign office.

The house bill amending the tariff law to permit the return free of duty of domestic animals temporarily exported including pet dogs, was favorably reported to the senate by the committee on finance.

Senator Smoot has proposed a substitute for the wool revision bill of the house.

"Slot machines are worse than faro bank. I would rather stand faro bank than slot machines, for in faro a man has some little chance for his money." Mayor Harrison made this statement in announcing that he would drive the slot machine out of Chicago.

The removal of Canadian reciprocity from the congressional stage has left things at the capitol in a decidedly mixed condition. The senate will launch into the wool tariff fight at once; but it is anticipated the discussion will not stick closely to wool, but will run the whole gamut of tariff revision.

To spend three hours with his mother on her birthday after he had been separated from her for more than a year, George Frelick, a 19-year-old Denver boy, risked his life and committed an offense against the United States government by deserting from the navy. After the few hours with his mother, he gave himself up to federal officers and was taken to New York a prisoner.

To aid the women of California who hope to win when the issue of suffrage for women is presented to the voters there on October 10, it has been decided that New York women suffragists shall observe a week's fast next month.

The Belgian aviator, Ollesagers, in a monoplane, made a flight of 626 kilometers (388 miles).

The investigation into the affairs of the American Smelting and Refining company, to determine whether the so-called "smelter trust" is in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, has been dropped.

Government control of corporations would be dangerous, said John E. Parsons, former sugar trust counsel.

Mrs. Morgan J. Goldsmith of Clinton Place, the Bronx, New York, was killed in an automobile accident near Cape May, N. J.

Three of four men accused of holding up a passenger train in North Dakota were captured by detectives.

Labor leaders, alleged to be in contempt, have refused to tender an apology to Justice Wright at Washington.

The reciprocity bill passed the senate by a vote of 53 to 27.

Announcement is made that there is soon to be an advance in sugar prices.

The southern section of Haiti has been drained of troops for the campaign in the north.

Union and confederate soldiers met on the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Bull Run and held a jubilee.

The census bureau says farm lands have more than doubled in value in the last ten years.

The New York state legislature, which has been in continuous session since January 1, will take a recess until September 6.

New York city was overcharged $17,830 for the fire works with which it celebrated July 4, according to a report made to Mayor Gaynor.

Representative Burke of South Dakota was elected a member of the house committee on expenditures in the interior department.

The public health is watching closely the appearance of cholera in New York and is co-operating in every way with the health authorities of that state.

Several cases of cholera have been discovered among the crew of the German steamer Hispania, which arrived at Mahan, Spain, from Italian ports.

The department of agriculture crop report showing the condition of the principal crops on August 1, will be issued at 2:15 p. m. Wednesday August 9.

By the accounting of the executors of the estate of the late Mark Twain, accepted by the probate court, the inheritance tax to be paid the state amounts to $5,167.01.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has designated the main postoffices in New York, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis as postal savings depositories. They will begin to receive deposits on August 1.

President Simon of Haiti appears doomed to follow President Diaz of Mexico, and to give way to another revolutionary government, according to advices reaching Washington.

The city council of Bontam, Tex., has passed an ordinance providing that no one may sell peanuts on the streets of Bonham until he has suffered the amputation of both legs.

A sub-committee of five members of the senate committee on privileges and elections will determine whether the charges affecting the election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin shall be investigated by the senate.

Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburg club of the National league, purchased Marty O'Toole, St. Paul's spit ball pitcher, for $22.50, the highest price ever paid for a ball player in the history of organized ball.

Three armed thieves invaded the heart of the tenderloin in New York at its gayest hour, smashed a Sixth avenue jeweler's window, shot his clerk dead, seized $5,000 worth of diamond rings and escaped in a taxicab.

More than 1,200 horses died from the heat in New York city during 11 days. One packing company suffered a loss of $70,000 in horse flesh and another corporation met with a loss of $40,000. The total loss is set at $300,000.

One of the biggest hospitals in the world, the Pitie in Paris, which has been opened, is already receiving its first patients and it is expected that before the lapse of two months all of the 988 beds will be filled.

Within ten days thousands of men probably will begin the construction of the most elaborate system of underground thoroughfares in the world. The entire new system, involving the expenditure of approximately $225,000,000 was awarded to the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

President Simon of Haiti appears doomed to follow President Diaz of Mexico, and to give way to another revolutionary government, according to advices reaching Washington. In the opinion of Captain Dismukes of the gunboat Petrel, watching the operations of the revolutionists at Gonaives, the latter already practically are victorious and all the important towns except the capital are in their possession.

F. G. Lewis, president of the Lewis Publishing company of St. Louis, testified before the house committee on expenditures in the postoffice department that whereas a few years ago he was worth $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, he was compelled to borrow money to come to Washington to appear as a witness.

Assistant State's Attorney's Marshall and Arnold, of Ilinois, were summoned to appear in Washington on Monday before the senate committee which is investigating the election of Senator WilliamLorimer. The prosecutors sought indictments against State Representative Lee O'Neil Browne in connection with the Lorimer scandal.

Louis D. Brandeis, of Boston, who participated as counsel in the Ballinger-Pinchot case and other congressional inquiries, has been chosen to act as counsel for the house committee investigating Controller Bay, Alaska, land claims.

Personal.

There is talk that James R. Garfield will be presidential candidate of republican "insurgents."

President de la Barra is charged with responsibility for the recent outbreak at Puebla, Mexico.

TAFT REPLIES TO ALASKA ATTACKS

Denies Selfish Interests Have Secured Controller Bay.

DEFENDS BROTHER AND SELF

President Denounces Letter Charging Undue Family Influence as Wicked Fabrication and Malicious Slander.

Washington.—President Taft sent to the senate Wednesday a message that recalled some of those received from his predecessor. It was in reply to a resolution of the senate requesting the president to transmit to the senate all the documents relating to the elimination from the Chugach national forest, in Alaska, of land fronting upon Controller bay. Mr. Taft seizes the occasion occasion to make a vigorous defense of his own honor and that of his brother, Charles P. Taft, against the attacks made in relation to this Controller bay "scandal."

The president sent in all the documents asked for, and more, and quotes the executive order in question, by which 12,800 acres were eliminated from the national forest. His message describes the importance of Controller bay as a railway terminal and relates the operations of the Copper River railroad, owned by the Morgan-Guggenheim interests, whose terminal is at Cordova.

Ryan's Application Investigated.

In December, 1909, Richard S. Ryan applied for the Controller bay elimination, afterward granted, stating that he represented the Controller Railroad and Navigation company. Mr. Taft tells how this application was referred to the district foresters at Portland, Ore., and in Alaska and was approved by Chief Forester Graves; how the navy department stated it did not desire to use Controller bay as a reservation; how the matter was considered fully by the forestry bureau, the secretary of agriculture, the secretary of the interior, the general land office and the cabinet. As a result, after an interview between the president and Mr. Ryan, an order was drafted eliminating 320 acres.

Meanwhile Mr. Ryan had satisfied the president and other officials that he and his associates had no connection with the Morgan-Guggenheim interests and were engaged in an independent enterprise in good faith to build an independent railroad. The question again came before the cabinet, and the president, with the approval of the secretaries of the interior and agriculture, changed the order so that it eliminated 12,800 acres, with sufficient room for a railroad town. The message says: "I was willing to do this because I found the restrictions in the law sufficient to prevent the possibility of any monopoly of either the uplands or the harbor or channel by the Controller Railroad and Navigation company or any other person or concern." These restrictions the president sets forth at length, and shows that the Ryan company has not the slightest opportunity for exclusive appropriation of the harbor facilities unless congress shall by future act deliberately and voluntarily confer it.

The "Dick to Dick" Letter.

Coming to the personal side of the matter, Mr. Taft says:

"Before closing, I desire to allude to a circumstance which the terms of this resolution make apt and relevant. It is a widely published statement attributed to a newspaper correspondent that in an examination of the files of the interior department a few weeks ago a postscript was found attached to a letter of July 13, 1910, addressed by Mr. Richard S. Ryan to Secretary Ballinger—and in the present record—urging the elimination of land enough for terminals for the Controller Railway & Navigation company. The postscript was said to read as follows:

"Dear Dick: I want to see the president the other day. He asked me who it was I represented. I told him according to our agreement, that I represented myself. But that didn't seem to satisfy him. So I sent for Charlie Taft and asked him to tell his brother, the president, who it was I really represented. The president made no further objection to my claim. Yours, DICK."

Uses Strong Language.

"The postscript is not now on the files of the department. If it were, it would be my duty to transmit it under this resolution. Who is really responsible for its wicked fabrication if it ever existed, or for the viciously false statement made as to its authenticity, is immaterial for the purposes of this communication. The purport of the alleged postscript is, and the intention of the fabricator was, to make Mr. Richard S. Ryan testify through its words to the public that although I was at first opposed in the public interest to granting the elimination which he requested, nevertheless through the undue influence of my brother, Mr. Charles P. Taft, and the disclosure of the real persons in interest, I was induced improperly and for the promotion of their private gain, to make the order.

"The statement is so far as my brother is concerned—and that is the chief feature of the postscript—is utterly unfounded. He never wrote to me or spoke to me in reference to Richard S. Ryan or on the subject of Controller Bay or the granting of any privileges or the making of any orders in respect to Alaska. He has no interest in Alaska, never had, and knows nothing of the circumstances connected with this transaction. He does not remember that he ever met Richard S. Ryan. He never heard of the Controller Bay railroad until my cablegram of inquiry reached him, which, with his answer, is in the record.

"Mr. Ballinger says in a telegram in answer to my inquiry, both of which are in the record that he never received such a postscript and that he was in Seattle on the date of July 13, when it was said to have been written.

"Mr. Richard S. Ryan in a letter which he has sent me without solicitation, and which is in the record, says that he never met my brother, Mr. Charles P. Taft, and that so far as he knows, Mr. Charles P. Taft never had the slightest interest in Controller Bay, in the Controller Railway and Navigation company, or in any Alaskan company, and he utterly denies writing or signing the alleged postscript. The utter improbability of his writing such a postscript to Mr. Ballinger at Washington, when the latter was away for his vacation for two months, must impress everyone.

Places the Blame.

"The person upon whose statement the existence of what has been properly characterized as an amazing postscript is based, is a writer for newspapers and magazines, who was given permission by Secretary Fisher, after consulting with me, to examine all the files in respect to the Controller Bay matter—and this under the supervision of Mr. Brown, then private secretary of the secretary of the interior. After the examination, at which it is alleged this postscript was received from the hand of Mr. Brown, the correspondent prepared an elaborate article on the subject of this order and Controller Bay, which was submitted to Mr. Fisher, and which was discussed with Mr. Fisher at length, but never in the conversation between them or in the article submitted did the correspondent mention the existence of the postscript. Mr. Brown states that there was no such postscript in the papers when he showed them to the correspondent and that he never saw such a postscript. Similar evidence is given by Mr. Carr and other custodians of the records in the interior department.

"Stronger evidence of the falsity and maliciously slanderous character of the alleged postscript could not be had. Its only significance is the light it throws on the bitterness and venom of some of those who take active part in every discussion of Alaskan issues.

Scandal-Mongering Denounced.

"I am in full sympathy with the concern of reasonable and patriotic men that the valuable resources of Alaska should not be turned over to be exploited for the profit of greedy, absorbing and monopolistic corporations or syndicates. Whatever the attempts which have been made, no one, as a matter of fact, has secured in Alaska any undue privilege or franchise not completely under the control of congress. I am in full agreement with the view that every care, both in administration and in legislation, must be observed to prevent the corrupt or unfair acquisition of undue privilege, franchise, or right from the government in that district.

"On the other hand, the acrimony of spirit and the intense malice that have been engendered in respect of the administration of the government in Alaska and in the consideration of measures proposed for her relief and the wanton recklessness and eagerness with which attempts have been made to besmirch the characters of high officials having to do with the Alaskan government, and even of persons not in public life, present a condition that calls for condemnation and requires that the public be warned of the demoralization that has been produced by the hysterical suspicions of good people and the unscrupulous and corrupt misrepresentations of the wicked. The helpless state to which the credulity of some and the malevolent scandal-mongering of others have brought the people of Alaska in their struggle for its development ought to give the public pause, for until a juster and fairer view be taken, investment in Alaska, which is necessary its development, will be impossible, and honest administrators and legislators will be embarrassed in the advocacy and putting into operation of those policies in regard to the territory which are necessary to its progress and prosperity. WILLIAM H. TAFT.

"The White House, July 26, 1911."

The Power of Music.

Euripides (B. C. 480-406) was one of the celebrated tragic Greek poets who discoursed on music in this wise: "No one has found out how to soothe with music and sweet symphony those bitter pangs by which death and sad misfortune destroy families; and yet to assuage such griefs by music were wisdom." The music of the Greeks evidently had the power to stir or calm emotions, although neither melodic nor harmonic as the terms are understood today.

The Useful Brush.

In good housekeeping a collection of brushes is found to be indispensable. A large brush made of fiber, for cleaning the sink; a small painter's brush for greasing pans and griddles; a small scrubbing brush for cleaning potatoes and other vegetables, and a flat brush with a narrow back and long flexible bristles for slipping behind radiators to dislodge the dust; a small camel's hair water color brush is also fine to tip in melted chocolate or colored icing for decorating [illegible]

PACT IS PASSED

LONGEST CONGRESSIONAL FIGHT FOR YEARS IS ENDED.

FINAL VOTE TWO TO ONE

La Follette, in Plea Against Bill, Says Taft Seeks Favor and Scores Democrat's 'Attitude.

Washington, D. C. — The Canadian trade agreement bill passed the senate by a vote of fully two to one.

The most bitter fight for legislation waged by an administration in many years came to a close when the Canadian reciprocity bill, an issue before two sessions of congress, was passed by the senate by a decisive vote.

The final vote on the bill was 53 to 27.

This vote included all but four or five of the Democrats and also a good many so-called "stalwart" Republicans. Opposed to the bill were most of the Republican insurgents who come from northwestern states, a few of the Republican regulars and a handful of Democrats.

The measure has not been changed in any respect by the senate and when it is signed by the speaker and the vice president it will be dispatched to the president.

Senator La Follette featured in the final speechmaking with a vigorous arraignment of President Taft and the bill. He attacked the Democrats of the senate on the ground that they were deliberately trying for political purposes and pointed out that the Democrats had consistently voted down amendments proposing general tariff reductions. Their excuse, he said, had been that the president would not sign the reciprocity bill if it was encumbered with any general tariff amendments.

Several amendments to the reciprocity bill were defeated, including those by Mr. Bristow to reduce duties on lead bullion and lead paints and similar lead products and by Mr. Townsend for an alliance with Canada to enlarge the St. Lawrence waterway.

Senator Smith, of Michigan, attacking the bill, declared Canada would not be the only menace to American industries. He said British capital in great abundance in waiting to be poured into Canada when the reciprocity agreement is ratified and that from the advantageous ground across the "golden border" British industries will flood this country with competitive goods."

There were twenty-five amendments to the measure acted upon the last day. Many of these proposed to affix general tariff changes to the agreement. President Taft insisted that any changes of this character threaten the defeat of the entire reciprocity agreement with Canada.

The pending amendments included the La Follette amendments to the cotton and woolen schedules, the Nelson amendments restoring half the duty on agricultural products, the Clapp amendments enlarging the free list and removing all restrictions on the importation of paper, amendments by Senators Crawford and Gore reducing the duty on fresh meats and several similar amendments by Senators Cummins, Bristow and others. All were killed.

Party lines disappeared during the consideration of the bill. Tariff affiliations, to outward appearance, have been completely changed. President Taft has had the general support of the Democrats and of the Republican regulars and in this union of forces he has had enough support so that the bill was not in danger of defeat or of serious amendment since the session began.

Financial Measures Next Winter.

A batle royal over a financial bill in the next session of congress was foreshadowed when, in accordance with a general agreement among those concerned, Secretary of State Knox tendered to the senate hs resignation as a member of the national monetary commission, and Senator Penrose, chairman of the committee on finance, was designated by Vice President Sherman to succeed Mr. Knox.

The change was made to enable Mr. Penrose to give especial attention to the bill which the commission will present at the regular session next December.

Senator Penrose reported from the finance committee the Cummins bill providing for the abolition of the commission at the beginning of the regular session. The report was the result of a poll of the committee taken after a consultation between Senator Penrose and Chairman Aldrich.

Mason City Physician Dies.

Mason City, Iowa. — Dr. Fred Albert, city physician and surgeon, died suddenly from typhoid fever.

Relics Found on the Maine.

Havana, Cuba. — A few more bones impossible of identification were found in the main deck of the Maine. Near the captain's cabin was found a portion of a gold watch chain on which was engraved the name "J. R. Bell." Bell, the captain's steward, was among those lost. The work of removing the semi-fluid mud in which the hulk is embedded was interrupted by an accident to a scow and the exploration of the after berth deck has been postponed.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

CAMP FOR "U" CADETS.

Second Annual Field Work Will Be Held at Fort Snelling.

Minneapolis.—Major E. L. Butts, commandment of cadets at the state university, is completing arangements for the second annual encampment of the university cadets, which will be held again this year at Fort Snelling during the week of September 18. Major Butts has been detailed range officer at Camp Perry, Ohio, and his stay at the national target range will be from August 1 till September 1. He will return in time to superintend the encampment of the cadets.

There are to be two encampments this year, owing to the fact that the agriculture college does not open until the second week in October. The battalion from the the farm school will report at the camp September 29 and will continue till October 5. "The encampment last year was a complete success in every way and the cadets all look forward with pleasure to that week at the fort," said Major Butts last night. "I am certain that the faculty will make it a fixed feature of the military department soon. The students go through the routine of regular army life and receive practical instruction in military science annd tactics that are impossible to inculcate to the cadets on the parade ground or in the armory.

The camp will be pitched on the site where the sham battle was fought last June between the St. Thomas cadets and the university students. The equipment, tents, cots, rifles, accoutrements and the culinary utensils will be furnished by the state, but the cadets will be required to report in uniform which is to be worn exclusively during the week.

The day is not to be devoted to drill alone, but the cadets will have plenty of opportunities for renewing their acquaintances of last year with their classmates. Guard mount will be held each day and each company will send its detail. The afternoons will be devoted to field work, and in the evening dress parades will be the feature. The development of marksmen who next year will be able to compete with other colleges throughout the country is also contemplated by Major Butts.

LUCKY MAN IS DEAD.

James McCahill, Worth $10,000,000, Owned Site of Shenango Mine.

Duluth. — James McCahill, Duluth mine owner and millionaire, died at his summer home at Lake City, after a long illness. He was 58 years old, and is survived by a widow and six children. Mr. McCahill has not passed much of his time in Duluth for several years, and usually spent two-thirds of the year in California.

He was a carpenter and building contractor in the early days in Duluth up to the early nineties, when he traded a piece of Duluth real estate, valued at about $1,500, for 160 acres of land on the Messaba range.

This quarter section happened to be what is now known as the Shenango iron mine. It contained more than 40,000,000 tons of iron ore, and the royalty to Mr. McCahill of 25 cents a ton easily establishes his wealth at around $10,000,000.

In addition to the Shenango, Mr. McCahill owned considerable Duluth real estate. He has received a large income from the mine for some years, and has invested much of his money in Duluth.

BETTER ROADS FOR AUTOS.

Ways to Walker and Itasca Park From Akeley Improved.

Akeley.—Last week an automobile with a driver and two men was sent from Akeley to Brainerd, by the Red River Lumber company of this city for the purpose of placing guide boards at regular intervals. The boards give the mileage to Akeley and indicate direction. Akeley is the natural automobile gateway from the Twin City to the Itasca State Park, Park Rapids, Walker, Bemidji and other beautiful "playgrounds" of the state, located in this vicinity. The road from Akeley to Walker, located on the shores of the historic Leech lake, have been placed in excellent condition and no automobile parties will have trouble in getting through, as heretofore.

SIMPSON POSTOFFICE ROBBED.

Rochester.—Robbers broke into the Simpson postoffice, eight miles south of Rochester, blew open the safe and escaped with $400 in stamps. It is believed that a band of thieves is working out of Rochester, as the Cutting store in Byron was burgarlized two days ago in much the same manner. There is no clue.

MANGLED BY A BINDER.

Polish Farmer Meets Horrible Death While Cutting Wheat.

Barnesville. — Joe Nadratoski, a farmer living seven miles west of this city, met a frightful death while harvesting in his field. Nadratoski had climbed down in front of the binder to adjust the blades, when the team became frightened and started, throwing him onto the blades and mangling him under the binder. He leaves a widow and five children.

NEW FARM COURSE.

Dean Woods Favors Teaching Agriculture at Moorhead Normal.

St. Paul.—The advisability of establishing an agricultural course at the state normal school at Moorhead is looked on with favor by Dean Woods of the agricultural college, who has been conferring with President Frank A. Weld, of the Moorhead institution and Prof. C. A. Ballard regarding the proposition.

It is probable the teachers taking the course will be allowed credits in agriculture, botany, agronomy, chemistry, physics, animal husbandry, and horticultural. "A course is already provided in domestic science, said Dean Woods last night.

"This will give the rural school teachers a working knowledge of agriculture, and if they desire additional training they can attend the college, where, I think, arrangements will be made to give them two years' credit for their normal school work in the same manner as they are now given two years' credit in the college of education."

The normal school authorities are anxious to add the course to their curriculum, as they believe in that way they will graduate teachers who will not be a disappointment, when they step into a community of scientifically educated farmers.

Dean Woods returned from Winona, where he spent Sunday looking over the country. "Everything is fine down there; the wheat, oats and other small grain have not been affected by the drouth. The corn is coming along finely.

SUES HUSBAND'S PARENTS.

Duluth Woman Wants $10,000 for Alienation of Spouse's Affections.

Fergus Falls.—Papers have been served in a sensational damage suit that is being brought by Julia Schachtschneider of Duluth, against her father-in-law and mother-in-law, Otto and Gusta Schachtschneider, for alienation of the affections of her husband. The defendants are prominent residents of this county, near Underwood.

The plaintiff alleges that she and her husband were maried in Duluth a short time ago and settled there, making that city their home, but that her husband's parents arrived shortly afterward and so turned him against her that he has since declined to live with her. She asks for damage in the sum of $10,000.

The parents, in their answer, allege that they did not know the couple were married, but this is vigorously denied by the plaintiff. The case is to coma to trial at the November term of court here.

SAYS INDIANS WERE DEFRAUDED

C. W. Burch Tells House Committee of White Earth Affairs.

Washington, D. C. — Frauds practiced upon many of the Chippewa Indians of the White Earth reservation in Minnesota by whites who have secured their lands were detailed before the house committee on interior department expenditures by W. C. Burch, of the department of justice, in answer to charges of misuse of money in connection with government investigation of those matters. Numerous suits growing out of these frauds are pending in the federal courts in Minnesota.

Burch declared that the most valuable pine land on the reservation had been allotted to the mixed bloods, who are legally competent to dispose of it. He said that "speculators and grafters" rushed in and took land conveyances indiscriminately from children and others legally incompetent.

ANDERSON WILL SPEAK.

Congressman Will Address First District Postmasters at Rochester.

Rochester. — Congressman Sidney Anderson will make the principal addres at the annual convention of First district postmasters of the third and fourth class, which will be held in Rochester on Friday, July 28, this being the second annual session of the organization, which was perfected in Rochester one year ago, when this city was elected as the permanent meeting place. Besides Congressman Anderson, John C. Crabb, the Rochester postmaster, will speak on "Then and Now," and W. S. Bartholomew of Avon, will discuss "The League and its Objects." Mayor William B. Richardson will deliver the address of welcome.

Burglars May be Train Robbers.

Fergus Falls. — Telephone messages from Elizabeth, a village eight miles north of here, state that the store of Anson Marquardt was burglarized and clothing and jewelry to the value of $500 taken. Entrance was gained by the rear door. The till was opened and rifled, but the most valuable articles stolen were jewelry. The fact that considerable clothing was taken has led to suspicion that the burglary may be the work of North Dakota train robbers coming through by automobile.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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HOW FORTUNES GROW

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Over 2500 people read this paper each week. That don't help you at all, Mr. Slow Businessman, your ad isn't in its columns. The question is, WHY NOT?

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 29, 1911.

A law passed by the last legislature make the possession of a goverment license prima facie evidence of the charge of selling liquor.

President Taft signed the bill ratifying the reciprocity agreement on Wednesday. The measure now awaits action by the Canadians, which under present plans is to be sought at a general election. There is said to be quite an opposition to the measure developing among the people of Canada.

The preliminary work in arranging farmers' institutes for the coming winter is being taken up. Business men desiring an institute in their town should make early application—addressing "Farmers' Institutes, University Farm St. Paul, Minn." Instructions and blank forms will be sent on request.

In another column will be found a call for a mass meeting of the progressive republicans of Pennington county. There was never a time in the history of our country when it was as necessary as now that our representatives in congress, and in fact in all public offices, needed so close a watching and so constant reminding of what the people want.

The printer has just as good grounds for asking the business men of a town to leave their job work at home as the business man has to ask the community to patronize him instead of the mail order houses. In fact the home paper does more for a town than any other enterprise located therein. Let the business men join hands with the home papers and both their interests will be greatly benefited.

The clerk of court has received a letter from the division of naturalization of the department of commerce and labor instructing him to not receive petitions for naturalization from aliens arriving in this country subsequently to June 29, 1906, until he shall have been furnished by them with certificates of arrival, which must be obtained from said division of naturalization. Blank applications for such certificates will be furnished by clerk of court to those asking for them. Requests for these blanks may be made in person or by mail.

The United States postal authorities have adopted a new stunt in connection with the poor roads on rural mail routes. Instead of cutting off a lot of innocent patrons, recently they caused the arrest of the township trustes of Bear Grove, Baker, Seely, and Union townships in Guthrie county for failing to drag the roads as required by law. At a hearing last Saturday the trustees agreed to take proper care of the roads in the future and their final hearing was postponed to give them an opportunity to make good.—Royalton N. D., Banner.

PROGRESSIVE REPUBLICANS

Meeting Called for Thursday, August 3, at 11 a. m., in Register's Office

We, the undersigned, believing it necessary for the welfare of the country and the success of the republican party that the progressive element therein be placed in control, hereby issue a call for a mass meeting of the progressive republicans of Pennington county to be held at the register of office in the city of Thief River Falls on Thursday, August 3, 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Be sure to come to this meeting if you are interested in the progressive policies now gaining ground in the republican party and are dissatisfied with machine rule and reactionary policies.

Signed: D. P. O'Neill, Peter Hedeen, Andrew Trovaton, Olaf Larson, Harry E. Ives, E. L. Quist, John O. Swanson, C. N. Urdahl, Lars Backe, P. P. Palmer, and Bert Norby.

Dated Thief River Falls, Minn., July 27, 1911.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION SEPT. 4 TO 9

The School Census

The blanks for taking the school census in the districts are sent out this week. The work is to be completed by Sept. 1. A great saving in time is made in this office if these matters are attended to at once.

Clerks will kindly remember to forward at once the annual reports. See that they are correct in figures and that the receipts and disbursements balance. It will save the returning of reports for correction.

Respectfully submitted,

E. A. MOSTUE,
Co. Supt. of Schools.

After Dr. Wiley's Scalp

Washington has been swept with wave after wave of political excitement during the past few months. The latest political explosion was the scandalous attack of Attorney General Wickersham on Dr. Wiley, chemist and pure food expert of the agricultural department. Dr. Wiley is an untiring foe of adulterated and poisonous foods. The big food canners of the country are anxious to have Dr Wiley removed from his position of government chemist so that they can name his successor, who of course will be satisfactory to them and lax in enforcing the pure food law. These food adulterers, the big canners, secured an investigation of Dr. Wiley's department, and all that they could find against him was a lump of excessive zeal in enforcing the pure food law. That excess consisted in his paying an assistant a trifle more than the law permitted and which did not amount to more than a few hundred dollars. Attorney General Wickersham, who made the investigation, recommended that Dr. Wiley be permitted to resign, but the president was flooded with letters and petitions from all over the country, and decided to let the doctor off with a slight reprimand.

It developed that Mr. Wickersham had been guilty of many flagrant violations of law in paying out money. For instance, Mr. Kellogg, who prosecuted the standard oil company, drew $75,000 in a lump sum as the expenses of the prosecution. The law provides that the department of justice shall only pay out money on bills that are itemized, so Mr. Wickersham is much more guilty of violating the law than Dr. Wiley. Why not fire Wickersham and hire some more Wileys?

Program of Examinations for Common School Certificates

July 31, and August 1 and 2, in the normal room, Lincoln high school building, Thief River Falls, Minn.

MONDAY, JULY 31
(Second Grade Studies)

A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Spelling.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.— 1:15 Geography.
2:15 Composition.
3:45 Reading.
4:10 Penmanship.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 1
(Second Grade Studies, continued)

A. M.— 8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.— 1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Agriculture.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2
(First Grade Studies)

A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.— 1:15 Algebra.
2:45 Physical Geography or General History.
4:15 Drawing.

If professional test consumes less than sixty minutes, spelling and arithmetic may begin not to exceed thirty minutes earlier.

E. A. MOSTUE,
Supt. of Schools, Pennington Co.

Got Cold Feet

Frank Zolendak, who recently came over from Grand Forks and rented a farm west of town but who was living with his family in the H. O. Hauge residence west of the track, hitched up his team and left in the middle of Wednesday night for parts unknown forgetting to bid his friends goodbye. He owed $12.00 at Lazar's for groceries but that will be paid by the owner of the land who went his security. He borrowed $100 at the bank, the note being signed by a prominent citizen of St. Hilaire. He had bought a mower and rake of Holmes' Bros. and used them a short time. These he left behind, and Holmes Bros. have recovered them.

Notice for Bids

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative Elevator compny will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed mill for the term of one year, commencing September 1, 1911. Bids will be received up to August 18, at 1 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address,

R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

GUARANTEE OF QUALITY AND PURITY

Copenhagen Snuff is made of the best, old, rich, high-flavored leaf tobacco, to which is added only such ingredients as are component parts of natural leaf tobacco and absolutely pure flavoring extracts. The Snuff Process retains the good of the tobacco and expels the bitter and acid of natural leaf tobacco.

AMERICAN SNUFF COMPANY, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

School Board Organized

The board of education met Wednesday evening and organized by electing A. S. Wilson president, K. O. Gigstad clerk, and D. Patterson treasurer.

Henry Olson did not qualify as a member of the board and C. H. Martz was appointed in his place. Mike Fricker was appointed janitor.

It was decided that the schools should open the first Monday in September, being the 4th inst.

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

It is a question whether waiting deserves anything or not, but it sometimes wins.

Time, tide and scorching automobiles wait for no man.

Sometimes it is merely force of habit that keeps a man from paying his debts.

While an idealist is looking for his ideal some sordid minded relative is slaving to pay for the idealist's meal ticket.

One reason why we don't like to mention our vices is because it is obviously superfluous.

When they begin to act as if you were one of the family it will be safe to look out for some other loafing place.

When a man is a guy he does not call attention to his condition. That does so itself.

There are people who would rather work than starve, and as long as they continue to multiply the world is comparatively safe.

STEALING A SIGN.

That Was the Policeman's Charge, but It Was Not Sustained.

Stealthily the policeman stole out from behind the side door of the saloon and quickly pounced on some Columbia college boys who were carrying a long board sign that had hung over some tobacconist's shop. The youths protested against the officer's interference, but he told them that they would find it a hard job to turn little old New York into a college town, and off to the lockup they went, college boys, sign and all.

"What's the charge?" asked the sergeant as he looked out at the aggregation of the coming great men of learning.

"Stealing a sign," answered the cop as some of the boys bumped it into the station house, where it reposed against the wall.

"We did not steal it," spoke up one of the youths; "we only borrowed it."

The sergeant turned to the cop and told him to call up the owner and find out what the true state of the case was. The policeman read the sign slowly and then turned to the telephone book to look up the owner.

"Hello! Did you lose a sign?" And the answer made the policeman scratch his head.

"What did he say?" asked the waiting sergeant. The reserves were beginning to grin, and the policeman looked very uncomfortable.

"It is all right," he said, scowling at the youths. "The owner says they rented the sign for the night and are to return it tomorrow morning when he is ready to do business again."

A shout went up from the youths as they were ordered out of the station, and they took up their triumphal march and sought out some other unsuspecting cop to dupe, and far down the street came back their triumphal yell:

"C-o-l-u-m-b-i-a!"

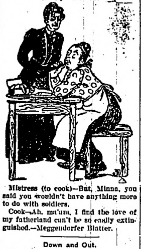
The cop laughed to himself as he started out again on his beat, and a friend at his side asked him the cause of his merriment.

"The owner of the sign was mad all the way through and wanted me to hold the sign. He had rented it all right, but he said that was the third time he had been called out of bed tonight, for the boys had been pulled in in three other precincts, but as long as I was a goat for him I thought I would let the rah-rah boys have some more fun with some other cop and sent them on their way."—New York Press.

WITH THE FIRST NATIONAL.

Martin Hagen entered Dakota Business College of Fargo to prepare for business life. Upon graduation he was sent as bookkeeper for the above bank, making ten pupils employed. Young men wishing to become bankers should take the D. B. C course, a.

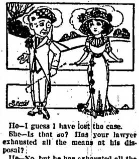
Purely Patriotic.



Mistress (to cook)—But, Minna, you said you wouldn't have anything more to do with soldiers.

Cook—Ah, ma'am, I find the love of my fatherland can't be so easily extinguished.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Down and Out.



He—I guess I have lost the case.

She—Is that so? Has your lawyer exhausted all the means at his disposal?

He—No, but he has exhausted all the means at my disposal.—Baltimore American.

The French Academy.

The French academy is one of the five academies and the most eminent constituting the Institute of France. It was founded in 1635 by Cardinal Richelieu and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of forty members, the new member elected by the remaining thirty-nine members for life after personal application and the submission of the nomination to the head of the state. It meets twice weekly and is "the highest authority on everything pertaining to the niceties of the French language—to grammar, rhetoric and poetry and the publication of the French classics." The chief officer is the secretary, who has a life tenure of his position. A chair in the academy is the highest ambition of most literary Frenchmen.

Rearranging the Basis.

"You are charging me $7 a week for board and lodging, Mrs. Irons," said the gray haired person of the name of Harris. "May I ask how you would itemize it? What part of it is for board?"

"Five dollars," replied the landlady.

"And $2 for my room?"

"Yes."

"Well, if you don't mind, Mrs. Irons," he said, proceeding to square up for another week, "we'll consider hereafter that I'm paying you $5 for lodging and $2 for board. It will seem more as if I were getting the worth of my money."—Chicago Tribune.

The Fortune Tellers.

Lady—Poor man! So you are just out of jail? Tramp—Yes, mum. I was a victim of fortune tellers ten years ago. Lady—Indeed? Tramp—Yes, mum. The district attorney told me where I'd ever been and what I'd ever done during my whole life, and the judge predicted where I would be for the next ten years.—Puck.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota
County of Pennington } ss

In the matter of the petition of P. Lorence Wajnarowski and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 55:

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 55. Said ditch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), ranges thirty-nine (39 w.) and (40 forty w.), commencing at a point twenty (20) feet south of the section corner between sections nine (9), ten (10), fifteen (15), and sixteen (16), range thirty-nine (39); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections nine (9) and sixteen (16) eight (8) and seventeen (17), and sections seven (7) and eighteen (18), to a point twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eighteen (18) of aforesaid township and range; thence extending due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections twelve and thirteen (13) to a point twenty (20) feet south and twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152), range forty (40 w.), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections eleven (11) and twelve (12) to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section twelve (12); thence running due west parallel with and twenty (20) feet south of the section line between sections two (2), and eleven (11) for a distance of thirteen hundred and twenty (132) feet; thence angling off in a northwesterly direction over and across the southeast quarter of section two (2) to about the center of said section two (2), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in the Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 1 OF DITCH NO. 55

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152) n., range thirty-nine; commencing at a point twenty (20) feet east of the southwest corner of section eight (8), thence running due north parallel with and twenty (20) feet east of the section line between sections seven (7) and eight (8) to a point twenty (20) feet east of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Red Lake river.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER 2 OF DITCH NUMBER 55

Said branch is located wholly within the township one hundred fifty-two (152), range thirty-nine (39 w.); commencing at the quarter corner between sections seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), thence running due north, parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections seventeen [17] and eighteen [18], to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the northwest corner of said section seventeen [17], where said branch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number 55;

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, as follows, to-wit: O. J. Hanson, Eugene Dempsey, Gertrude Hanum, Ole P. Osterma, Julius K. Halvorson, H. R. Berg, Ignoe Koloski, T. T. Kvale, Knud K. Solberg, Severt Sather, Ignol Kolski, A. O. Stavness, B. Henry Costello, Anton Radnecke, A. O. Stavness, Geo. Leimers, Wm. Bruckman, C. L. and Fred Stacy, Wanzin Wajnarowski, Dan Juveland, Edward Kolski, Henry Rowald, Township of Deer Park, Township of Hickory, and the United States of America; and that the engineer appointed by the county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon and filed the same in the office of said county auditor; and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Wednesday, the 2nd day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

[SEAL] A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington county, Minn.
j15-29

AUDITOR'S NOTICE OF HEARING ON PETITION IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. } ss

In the matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 53:

Notice Is Hereby Given, That a petition has been filed in the office of the county auditor of said county praying for the construction of a public ditch, designated and numbered by the county auditor of such county as County Ditch No. 53, beginning at a point twelve hundred and twenty-three [1223] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the section corner between sections four [4], five [5], eight [8], and nine, township one hundred fifty-two [152] north, range 40; thence running due north parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between said sections four [4] and five and eight [8] and nine [9] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of section four [4]; thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the township line a distance of one-half [½] mile to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the southwest corner of section thirty-three [33], township one hundred fifty-three [153], range 40, thence extending due north parallel with and twenty [20] feet east of the section line between sections thirty-two [32] and thirty three [33] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of section thirty-three [33] of aforesaid township and range, thence extending due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections twenty-nine [29] and thirty-two [32] to a point eleven hundred thirty-eight [1138] feet west of the quarter corner between sections twenty-nine [29] and thirty-two [32], where said ditch intersects with a coulee and runs in a northwesterly direction a distance of four hundred sixty-two [462] feet to the Red Lake river, where said ditch terminates and has its outlet.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER ONE

Commencing at a point twenty [20] feet south of the quarter corner between sections twenty-eight [28] and thirty three [33], thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between said sections twenty-eight [28] and thirty-three [33] to a point twenty [20] feet south and twenty [20] feet east of the northwest corner of said section thirty-three [33], where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three [53]. Said Branch No. 1 is wholly located in township 153, n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER TWO

Commencing at a point nine hundred [900] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of the quarter corner between sections four [4] and nine [9], thence running due west parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections four [4] and nine [9], to a point twenty [20] feet east and twenty [20] feet south of northwest corner of said section nine (9), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three (53). Said branch is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

DESCRIPTION OF BRANCH NUMBER THREE

Commencing at a point twelve hundred and seventy (1270) feet west of the section corner between sections four (4) and five (5), eight (8) and nine (9), thence running due east parallel with and twenty [20] feet south of the section line between sections five (5) and eight (8), to a point twenty (20) feet east and twenty (20) feet south of the northwest corner of said section eight (8), where said ditch terminates and has its outlet in Main Ditch Number Fifty-three. Said Branch No. 3 is wholly located in township 152 n. range 40 w.

As appears by the report of the engineer hereinafter mentioned, and that the names of the owners of the lands and the names of the municipal and other corporations that will be affected by the construction of said ditch, as appears in the report of the viewers hereinafter mentioned, are as follows, towit: Ole O. Hower, John Polene, Sever L. Holm, W. G. Hunt, Frank Jeffers, Jerry O'Brien, Even J. Lund, Olof O. Saubach, Amund Knudson, Andrew M. Johnson, Julius Halvorson, H. B. Brotvold, Peter Gustafson, Tone O. Rynestad, Fred L. Farley, Torkel Lande, Swan B. Swanson, Gustaf Swanson, Knute Olson, Dwight Bangs, W. A. Swanson, Ole S. Skreland, B. P. Rustad, Martin B. Hyland, Torger T. Lundin, Mike Kolski, John L. Radniscki, Township of Highlanding, Township of Deer Park, State of Minnesota, and the United States of America, and that the engineer appointed by the county board of said county to make a survey of the route of said ditch has completed his work and made due report thereon, and filed the same in the office of said county auditor, and that the viewers appointed by said county board to view the same have completed their work and filed their report thereon in the office of said county auditor.

And that, therefore, the county board of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, will hold a special meeting on Tuesday, the 1st day of August, 1911, at the county auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county, at [illegible] o'clock p. m. of said day, for hearing and consideration of said petition and of said surveyor's and viewers' report thereon; and that all persons interested in the construction of said ditch are invited to appear and be heard by and before said county board at said time for or against the construction of said ditch.

(SEAL) A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor of Pennington County, Minn.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, July 30, at 7:45 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3656 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment
Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Call on N. A. Nelson for the prison twine.

Charles Fellman was in St. Hilaire Thursday.

Bernt Walseth went Thursday to Larimore, N. D.

Irving Wallace attended the fair at Grand Forks, returning Friday.

Mike McAndress shipped a mixed car load of hogs and cattle yesterday.

Misses Tomina Wilson and Minnie Johnson went to Thief River Falls Thursday.

Misses Tyra Wallin and Annie Fellman were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.
CARL KRUGER.

Miss Ella Krueger of Red Lake Falls was the guest of Mrs, Carl Krueger last Saturday.

Leonard Holmes and A. J. Hed drove to Thief River Falls and returned Thursday afternoon.

Fred Gunstad returned Thursday from an extended visit with his brother Oscar at Salol, Minn.

Walter Berg went Thursday to Nymore, Minn., where he will visit his sister, Mrs. Seeland.

Arthur LaFontaine was up from Red Lake Falls Thursday to purchase a Minnesota prison binder.

Ole Stokkestad and family are now city residents having moved in Hoken Johnson's house in St Hilaire.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet with Mrs. Andrew Satterberg July 30.

Mrs. Stivers, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Bahan, returned Thursday to her home at Dugdale.

Martin Hoff took up the work of delivering mail on route 2 again Thursday, his vacation having expired.

George Biskey, of rural delivery route No. 1, began his vacation Monday. Mrs. Biskey is in charge of the route in his place.

Miss Annie Fellman was at Brooks the first of the week and accepted the position of teacher in the village schools there.

Misses Fern McCaffrey and Lauretta Behnke of Grand Forks are visiting for a few weeks at the home of Mrs, Axel Jacobson.

B. W. Lakin of Bemidji, superintendent for the Crookston Lumber intendent for the Crookston Lumber company, was in town Thursday.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather the M. E. social was held at M. McAndress' place Thursday evening and $25.00 was realized.

FOR SALE—My residence property on Minnesota avenue on west side of railroad, good house, with new addition barn, well, etc. Will sell cheap. MIKE ANDERSON.

Misses Ruth Roy and Effi ellanson returned Wednesday from Red Lake Falls, where they have been attending the teachers' summer school.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Krueger and Mr and Mrs. Wm. Krueger drove over from Red Lake Falls Sunday and visited with their son and brother, Carl Krueger, and wife.

LOST—A yellow cooly dog, with short hair, on the streets of St. Hilaire, about three weeks ago. Finder please return to Arthur Anderson, route 1, Wylie, Minn. j15-3t

Misses Mildred, Gertrude and Marie Hooper, Mary Anderson, Caroline Miller, Ella Jackson, and Hazel Wilson, are camping this week in the grove west of G. W. Hooper's farm home.

Last Monday while Mrs. Alfred Anderson and Mrs. M. Miller were driving out to pick berries their horse ran away. In trying to jump from the buggy Mrs. Anderson caught her foot and sustained a fracture of the leg.

Among our new advertisers in this issue is the Mankato Commercial college. We commend that school to our readers, and would suggest that those who are interested send for a catalogue. It is printed in colors, and is undoubtedly the finest catalogue ever gotten out by any school. It will be sent to you free. The fall term begins September 4.

John Dargan was over from Wylie yesterday.

Ed A. Aubol was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Miss Bella Sandmoen was a Red Lake Falls visitor yesterday.

David and Nathan Lazar are attending the state fair at Grand Forks.

Miss Charlotte Benson went yesterday to St. Paul to visit with friends.

K. O. Gigstad was in Red Lake Falls last Saturday on a business mission.

Miss Vina Anderson came from Cass Lake Friday for a few days' visit at home.

Miss Hilma Peterson returned Tuesday from a visit with friends at Red Lake Falls.

Clinton Martz went Tuesday to Grand Forks to attend the North Dakota state fair.

The first Red Lake county fair is to be held in Red Lake Falls about the middle of September.

C. H. Martz and O. H. Olson went to Red Lake Falls on Tuesday and returned Wednesday.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday Aug. 6, at 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. Lange returned from Crookston last Saturday where she visited friends and took in the carnival.

Miss Lydia Anderson went Wednesday to Grand Forks to attend the North Dakota state fair.

Miss Selma Hoft returned Friday from Red Lake Falls, where she has been attending the teachers' school.

Miss Tyra Wallin went yesterday to Thief River Falls for a week's visit with friends in the city and vicinity.

Mrs A. H. Duntley was in town yesterday. She has been visiting Mr and Mrs. J. P. Peterson, east of town.

Mrs. C. Johnson and Mrs. A. Kolstad who have been visiting with Mrs. S. J. Amble, returned this week to their home at Grand Forks.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening Aug. 18, at the home of Mrs. Richard Wallin. All are welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fellman returned Monday to Crookston after a week's visit with Mr. Fellman's, parents Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Fellman of this place.

It is possible that, owing to the low stage of the water in the Red Lake river, for a time half day service, instead of all day service, will be given by the power plant at Red Lake Falls.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

C. C. Elliott and his assistant, Mr. Ellickson, have been in town this week with a fresh bunch of landseekers from southern Minnesota. They were again yesterday with still another bunch.

Besides the two aeroplane flights each day of the Pennington county fair next week Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, the Red Lake Falls and Thief River Falls ball teams will play—probably on Friday.

Fred Richards, of Red Lake Falls, who has had charge of the Red Lake Falls milling company's elevator at Dorothy, is now located at Wylie as manager for the Wylie Farmers Elevator and Mercantile company.

Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, elocutionist, will give several readings or recitations, assisted by local talent, Saturday evening, Aug. 5. Ice cream and cake will be served after the program. All for 25c, at Imperial hall. Come out and enjoy an entertaining program.

The Terrebonne base ball players, who were booked to play the saintly Gophers last Sunday, failed to make their appearance on account of the rain. Another game has been arranged for tomorrow, and every fan in town should turn out and watch the contest which is supposed to be one of the best of the season.

Dog License

Owners of dogs must take out license on same before August 1, as all dogs not licensed on that date mus tbe killed. JOHN FORSEEN, Marshal.

Bring in Your Printing

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
WELCOME
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
IN 1911 BIGGEST AND BEST EVER
THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING THINGS TO SEE IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE & MANUFACTURING
DAN PATCH 1:55
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25,000.00 IN PURSES
GRAND MATCH RACES
WORLD'S 4 FASTEST PACERS
PIETERJE MAID ORMSBY (78051) WORLD'S CHAMPION BUTTER PRODUCER
SPLENDID LIVE STOCK AND HORSE SHOWS
MUSIC
5 BANDS 3 ORCHESTRAS
SPECTACULAR AEROPLANE MEET
WRIGHT BROS MACHINE
FOUR FLIGHTS & THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
ROMAN TANDEM RACES
CHARIOT RACES
SCOTCH SHEEP DOG TRIALS
WATER CARNIVAL
PAIN'S TREMENDOUS OUTDOOR SPECTACLE BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING TO BREAK THE WORLD'S RECORDS
HUNDREDS OF OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES ETC., ETC.
NO FAKES OR FREAKS
ONE WEEK AT THE FAIR IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

It may be of interest to the many people of St. Hilaire to know that Mrs. Napolitano, about whom the late lecturer spoke, has been pardoned for the offence (?) of killing her husband in the defense of virtue. The definition of murder, in the eyes of the law, is a peculiar one.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	88
" " 2 "	86
" " 3 "	82
Flax, No. 1	$1.70
" " 2	1.60
Barley, for 50 lbs	53
Oats	33
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.50
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran "	24.00

TO THE LADIES
We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Twine
Deering Standard 7 1-2 cents per pound at
Holmes Bros.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED; A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars
H. DAVIS
WATEROTWN : : WIS.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Mankato Commercial College
LEADS THEM ALL
ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its stundents in positions it is unsurpassed: Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.
Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address
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MANKATO, MINN.
CATALOGUE IT IS FREE

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

NOT A "FULL-LENGTH" PAPA

Child Wanted Original of Portrait That Had Been Made So Familiar to Her.

An amusing incident is related of a young service matron who had relinquished her husband for two years and who, having before his departure insisted on a good photograph, applied herself assiduously to the upbringing of her two-year-old baby with a view to the child's familiarity with her distinguished father. Each day she would call the baby girl to her and, kneeling beside her, would hold up the photograph, pointing out each feature to the child.

One day the officer came home, and the baby girl, then four years old, was summoned. "Come, dear," said the mother in glee, "papa has come home at last!" The child surveyed the officer in perplexity and finally shook her head.

"What is the matter, dear?" asked her mother. "Well," replied the child, "he looks something like my papa, but my papa hasn't any legs!"

DISFIGURED WITH CRUSTS

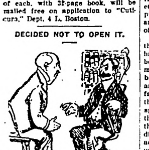
"Some time ago I was taken with eczema from the top of my head to my waist. It began with scales on my body. I suffered untold itching and burning, and could not sleep. I was greatly disfigured with scales and crusts. My ears looked as if they had been most cut off with a razor, and my neck was perfectly raw. I suffered untold agony and pain. I tried two doctors who said I had eczema in its fullest stage, and that it could not be cured. I then tried other remedies to no avail. At last, I tried a set of the genuine Cuticura Remedies, which cured me of eczema when all else had failed, therefore I cannot praise them too highly.

"I suffered with eczema about ten months, but am now entirely cured, and I believe Cuticura Remedies are the best skin cure there is." (Signed) Miss Mattie J. Shaffer, R. F. D. 1, Box 8, Dancy, Miss., Oct. 27, 1910.

"I had suffered from eczema about four years when boils began to break out on different parts of my body. It started with a fine red rash. My back was affected first, when it also spread over my face. The itching was almost unbearable at times. I tried different soaps and salves, but nothing seemed to help me until I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. One box of them cured me entirely. I recommended them to my sister for her baby who was troubled with tooth eczema, and they completely cured her baby." (Signed) Mrs. F. L. Marberger, Drehersville, Pa., Sept. 6, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 4 L, Boston.

DECIDED NOT TO OPEN IT.



Caller—I was thinking about opening a drug store in this neighborhood. Do you think one is needed around here?

Resident—Great idea. There's no place within ten blocks where a man can buy stamps or see the city directory.

Supply.

New Minister—Now just one thing more before I accept this charge. Have you got a "supply?"

Deacon—Well, yes, though we never said anything to the last preacher about it. I'll show you where it is, and get you a key, but I tell you you'll have to be just as careful about using it as the rest of us!—Puck.

Gray Matter.

"I used to think I could hire all the brains I wanted for $25 a week," Mr. Pushem said.

"Well, couldn't you?"

"Yes. But it wasn't long before I had to call in a $100,000 lawyer to straighten out the kinks they put into my affairs."

Many a man enjoys having his wife's relatives visit them so he can be detained downtown till midnight on business.

A Triumph
Of Cookery—

Post Toasties

Many delicious dishes have been made from Indian Corn by the skill and ingenuity of the expert cook.

But none of these creations excels **Post Toasties** in tempting the palate.

"Toasties" are a luxury that make a delightful hot-weather economy.

The first package tells its own story.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich., U. S. A.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Fergus Falls.—The Otter Tail county fair will be held here late in September and it has been decided to invite James J. Hill to deliver the principal address.

St. Paul, Minn. — Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburg baseball club, has bought pitcher Martin O'Toole, of the St. Paul club, for $25,000 and contracted to pay him that much salary for next year.

Fergus Falls.—The Otter Tail County Fair association has arranged for a mass meeting of citizens to discuss plans for the coming county fair in this city. The fair will be held late in September, and it was decided to invite James J. Hill to deliver the principal address.

Moorhead.—It is announced that J. E. Noble, a graduate of Concordia college in this city has been elected to fill the position of principal of the Scandinavian academy at Scandinavia, Wis. Mr. Noble will take charge of the academy at the opening of the coming session.

Fergus Falls.—Charles Bliss, a general merchant of Dent, this county, filed a bankruptcy petition in the United States court in this city, placing his assets at $8,465, of which $3,500 is in stock in trade, $2,500 in uncollected accounts and $1,765 exempt, and his liabilities at $8,423.37.

Duluth.—William Daniano, an Italian miner of Biwabik, was shot and fatally wounded by another Italian miner, Joe Barament, at Biwabik. Barament, after the shooting, ran away, but after returned and gave himself up. He declares that he shot in self-defense. Barament says that he owed Daniano $5 and that the latter came to collect it with a shotgun and Barament shot him to prevent getting shot himself.

Minnesota received during the past fiscal year $60,477.24 in interest from banks in the state where state money is on deposit. Figures are being compiled for the annual report of the treasurer's department, which will be issued some time in August, and this is one of the totals. During the last fiscal year the state paid out in interest on temporary loans $3,093.05. The net revenue from interest to the state amounted to $57,384.19.

Duluth. — The Socialists of Two Harbors won out in the recall election, retiring Alderman-at-large, H. J. Irwin, and reindorsing Alderman Charles Esse. Alfred Johnson defeated Irwin 419 to 285. Alderman Esse was re-elected by 134 to 70 over Harry Bangsund, of the Citizen's ticket. Two Harbors is in control of the public ownership party, the mayor and four of the seven aldermen being of that political faction.

Albert Lea.—Fire has broken out in the bed of Rice lake, which recently has been drained, and large holes are being burned deep in the porous soil, mostly composed of peat. These fires burn along under the sodden surface and are difficult to extinguish. Last fall fires of this kind prevailed and they were not put out until late in the spring, when the snow melted and thoroughly drenched the spongy mass that was left dry when the immense ditch was constructed. Thousands of acres of this land have been broken up and are being tilled.

St. Paul.—From nearly every state east or south of Minnesota Captain J. H. Wilson, in charge of the state employment bureau of the old capitol, has received offers of men to assist in the harvesting of Minnesota's crop. His desk is hidden in a mass of correspondence. Yesterday he received a letter from A Cleveland atorney offering to send 100 Hungarians in a body. Positions will be given to men residing in the state first, and then as many applicants from outside states as possible will have opportunity to work in the harvest fields.

BEMIDJI CHURCH FINISHED.

Methodists Have One of Handsomest Edifices in City.

Bemidji.—The brick work on the elegant new M. E. church building will be completed in another week. After the brick work is done, the contractor will at once begin the building of the basement walls and floor. When completed, the church will be one of the most handsome and imposing brick structures in the city.

AIRMAN BREAKS STATE RECORD.

Ward, Flying in Curtiss Biplane at Austin, Goes Up 2,500 Feet.

Austin. — Aviator Jimmie Ward, flying in a Curtiss biplane, broke all state records for altitude when he attained the heighth of over 2,500 feet in his last flight at the big aviation meet here.

Ward made three wonderful flights, remained in the air over half an hour and traveled about 10 miles.

$29,000 IN WOLF BOUNTIES.

State Pays Large Sum for Slaughter of Animals.

St. Paul.—Warrants were drawn by the state auditor for wolf bounties representing the June and July slaughter which aggregate $3,762. This will make the payment for the fiscal year on wolf bounty applications of $29,350.50. During the fiscal year 4,754 grown and cub wolves were killed in the state for which the state paid $7.50 and $3.00 respectfully.

OLD SENATE DESKS IN SCHOOL.

St. Louis County Pupils Will Use Them in the Future.

The pupils of a rural school near Duluth will have the honor of carving their initials in the very desks senators of Minnesota in years past rested their elbows, or in flights of flowery eloquence pounded with their fists, for the senate chamber in the old capitol has been cleared and the desks have been shipped to John Christie, Duluth, who is a trustee of one school that bought the desks.

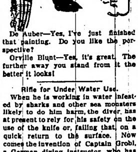
MORE EXCELLENT REPORTS FROM WESTERN CANADA

Grains Are Heading Out Rapidly and Harvest Is Now Approaching With a Great Demand for Harvest Help.

Last week it was pointed out in these columns that there would be a yield of about 200,000,000 bushels of wheat throughout Western Canada, an increase of about 100,000,000 over the previous year, and that the demand for farm help was very great. Confirmation of this news is to hand and the cry still is for more help. The Canadian authorities are hopeful that the friends of the 400,000 or 500,000 Americans who have gone to Canada during the last few years will come to the help of these people and induce as many able-bodied men as they possibly can to take advantage of the low rate which is being offered from all points on the Canadian Boundary, and particulars of which can be had from any of the following Agents of the Canadian Government: M. V. McInnes, 176 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.; C. A. Laurier, Marquette, Mich.; J. S. Crawford, Syracuse, N. Y.; Thos. Hetherington, Room 202, 73 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.; H. M. Williams, 413 Gardner Bldg., Toledo, Ohio; Geo. Aird, 216 Traction-Terminal Bldg., Indianapolis, Indiana; C. J. Broughton, Room 412, M. L. & T. Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Geo. A. Hall, 2nd Floor, 125 Second Street, Milwaukee, Wis; E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.; Chas. Pilling, Clifford Block, Grand Forks, N. D.; J. B. Carbonneau, Jr., 217 Main Street, Biddeford, Me.; J. M. MacLachlan, Box 197, Watertown, S. D.; W. V. Bennett, Room 4, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.; W. H. Rogers, 125 West 9th Street, Kansas City, Mo.; Benj. Davies, Room 6, Dunn Block, Great Falls, Montana; J. N. Grieve, Auditorium Building, Spokane, Wash.

Every facility will be afforded men of the right stamp to secure advantage of these low rates. To those who propose to go, it may be said that they will have this splendid opportunity of securing first hand information as to the excellent producing character of the lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. They will have the opportunity of seeing some of the greatest wheat fields in the world and probably the largest yield of wheat, oats and barley that has ever been grown on the Continent. And all this on land some of which cost the settler only the $10.00 necessary to enter for his homestead, or, if he purchased, in some cases, costing him from $7.00 to $10.00 per acre, but which is now worth from $15.00 to $20.00 per acre. Even at these prices the land is remarkably cheap as will be realized when the statement is made that from 20 to 25 bushels per acre and over of wheat are grown, netting the farmer from $8.00 to $10.00 per acre; and this on land that he got for nothing or paid merely a nominal price. In fact the production shows that $18.00 to $20.00 per acre would be a nominal price for land that would produce as these lands produce.

ITS STRONG POINT.



De Auber—Yes, I've just finished that painting. Do you like the perspective?

Orville Blunt—Yes, it's great. The further away you stand from it the better it looks!

Rifle for Under Water Use.

When he is working in water infested by sharks and other sea monsters likely to do him harm, the diver has at present to rely for his safety on the use of the knife or, failing that, on a quick return to the surface. Now comes the invention of Captain Grobl, a German diving instructor, who has constructed a rifle which can be fired under water, and is designed for the better arming of the diver. The most remarkable thing about this is that it fires, not bullets, but water, which is propelled with such farce that it has an extraordinary power of penetration. Indeed, the inventor himself has pierced armor plate of medium thickness with the water jet from his weapon. The rifle has a stout barrel and is loaded with a cartridge cased in India rubber.

Government Regulation.

"You've got poison in your system," said the doctor to the patient who thought he had malaria.

"Maybe I have," he admitted, "maybe I have. I don't eat anything but what is guaranteed under the pure food law."—Judge.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Lots of people who are thoroughly convinced that we shall know each other in heaven succeed admirably in forgetting each other here.

It is a severe test of a man's Christianity to have the minister call on him during business hours.

TOWN NAMED TAFT

Only Three Residents in This Indiana Burg.

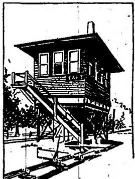
Signal Tower That Is On the Map and Has Politicians As Neighbors—Telegraph Operators Total Population.

Indianapolis, Ind.—President Taft on his recent trip to this city passed through or rather by Taft, Ind., for the first time. He, however, probably did not know it unless he was reminded of it.

There was only one inhabitant of Taft out of bed the night President Taft whizzed by the original station of Taft. That one inhabitant was C. A. Newlin, a telegraph operator, who had out a green light, which meant a clear track for the President.

The President, in all his travels, had never before been through Taft, Ind. While conducting his presidential campaign he visited Anderson one October evening, going in from the east, and was then routed by way of Rushville to Indianapolis. His recent trip was the first time the President has ever traveled over the Big Four railroad between Anderson and Indianapolis, and that is why he always missed Taft, Ind.

This Taft, Ind., is not a joke or a creation since William H. Taft became President. The place or station was named while Mr. Taft was a resident of Cincinnati and preparing to go to the Philippines as governor of the islands. Some one in the general offices of the Big Four soon after the Spanish-American war, when it became necessary to give names to new towers for interlocking signals and other devices for safety along the Big Four railroad between Anderson and Indianapolis, chose names of persons and ships then in the public eye. First one tower was named Taft. Then one between Pendelton and Ingalls was named after one of Dewey's good ships of war, Raleigh. Dickey Wainwright, who had not then become a rear admiral, but was making history while fighting the Spanish, was honored with the name of a tower at the southwest corner of Anderson. Wainwright and Taft are next door neighbors as towers. At the east end of the Big Four yards in Anderson another tower was named Gridley.



The "Town" of Taft.

It is well known that the first town west of Pendleton is Ingalls, named after M. E. Ingalls, but that was before Taft was named. J. Q. VanWinkle, formerly of Anderson, was general superintendent of the Big Four road at that time and it has always been surmised that Mr. VanWinkle named the towns Taft, Gridley and Raleigh.

Taft, Ind., is on the official railroad map as issued by the Indiana railroad commission. Taft is important to the Big Four road. It is a guard, a sentry against any danger of collision of trains or loss of time in switching and passing.

Taft is a twenty-four-hour place, that is, it is never depopulated. Three telegraph operators work eight-hour shifts. S. D. Solomon has the first "trick" from 12 m. to 4 a. m. J. W. Stephens takes the second "trick," as they call it, from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., and C. A. Newlin from 4 p. m. to 12 m. M. W. Hummel, repair man for the tower interlocking switches and semaphore signals in the vicinity of Anderson, is an occasional visitor to Taft, Ind. Mr. Stephens and Mr. Hummel were at Taft when a correspondent visited Taft, Ind., for a picture of the place.

Jerome Brown, former county commissioner, and Dory Biddle, who quit newspaper editing to turn farmer, are among the nearest residents of Taft. Brown is a Republican and Biddle is a Democrat. Sid Conger visited Taft frequently while he owned a farm that adjoins Taft. He recently sold the farm to Carl von Hake, of the Marion county board of commissioners. Former Governor W. T. Durbin owned the farm before Conger bought it, so there has been more or less of an atmosphere of politics about Taft ever since it was established.

Antiques Bring Big Prices.

Paris.—A carved wooden bed, armchair and screen, which were made for Marie Antoinette at Versailles, were offered at auction on June 2 at a reserve price of 1,000,000 francs, or $200,000. There were no bids, and the articles were put up again today. They were bought in for 180,000 francs, about $36,000. They were the property of the Marquis Cazeau, whose father found them in a concierge's room and bought them very cheap.

Solves Stonehenge Riddle.

Boston.—Prof. Richard Norton of Harvard, according to reports that have reached here from Cyrene, Grecian Libya, has made discoveries that may solve the mystery of Stonehenge, the ruins on Salisbury plain, England. Prof. Norton, it is said, soon will announce the result of the excavation by the American archaeological expedition of the Greek city Cyrene, which was founded B. C. 631.

IN THE UP-TO-DATE FASHION

Lecturer Found It No Trouble at All to Answer Question Meant to Embarrass Him.

"Will you allow me to ask you a question?" interrupted a man in the audience.

"Certainly, sir," said the lecturer.

"You have given us a lot of figures about immigration, increase of wealth, the growth of trusts and all that," said the man. "Let's see what you know about figures yourself. How do you find the greatest common divisor?"

Slowly and deliberately the orator took a glass of water.

Then he pointed his finger straight at the questioner. Lightning flashed from his eyes, and he replied, in a voice that made the gas jets quiver:

"Advertise for it, you ignoramus!"

The audience cheered and yelled and stamped, and the wretched man who had asked the question crawled out of the hall a total wreck.

CURE THAT SORE THROAT

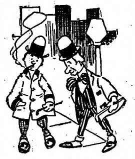
Sore throat is inflammation of the mucous membrane of the throat, and if this membrane happens to be at all sensitive a predisposition to sore throat will exist.

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic is both a preventative and a cure for sore throat because it possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities. Just a little in a glass of water, used as a gargle, will quickly relieve all soreness and strengthen the mucous membrane of the throat, and thus overcome all tendency to sore throat.

Paxtine is far superior to liquid antiseptics or Peroxide for all toilet and hygienic uses.

Paxtine may be obtained at any drug store, 25 and 50c a box, or sent postpaid upon receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass. Send for a free sample.

HOW IT HAPPENED.



Tom—Was it case of love at first sight?

Harry—No—first call. She was a telephone girl, and he was taken with her voice when he first heard it.

The Quaker Scored.

An old Quaker went into a bookseller's shop, and an impertinent shopman, wishing to have some sport at his expense, said to him:

"You are from the country, are you not?"

"Yes," replied the Quaker.

"Then here is just the thing for you," responded the man, holding out the book.

"What is it?" asked the Quaker.

"It is an 'Essay on Rearing Donkeys.'"

"Friend," said the Quaker, "thee had better present that to thy mother."

Small Boat to Sail Far.

The yawl yacht Recluta, 36 tons, has set out on a voyage of 6,000 miles, from Gosport to Buenos Ayres, the headquarters of her new owner. The little vessel carries a crew of four, and is commanded by Capt. Harry Williams, who recently took the 20-ton cutter Moyana to Odessa. All the members of the Recluta's crew are Hamshire men. She will go to Madeira, Capo Verde, Pernambuco and Monevideo. The longest sea run will be a distance of about 2,000 miles, between Cape Verde and Pernambuco.—London Standard.

FALSE HUNGER

A Symptom of Stomach Trouble Corrected by Good Food.

There is, with some forms of stomach trouble, an abnormal craving for food which is frequently mistaken for a "good appetite." A lady teacher writes from Carthage, Mo., to explain how with good food she dealt with this sort of hurtful hunger.

"I have taught school for fifteen years, and up to nine years ago had good, average health. Nine years ago, however, my health began to fail, and continued to grow worse steadily, in spite of doctor's prescriptions, and everything I could do. During all this time my appetite continued good, only the more I ate the more I wanted to eat—I was always hungry.

"The first symptoms of my breakdown were a distressing nervousness and a loss of flesh. The nervousness grew so bad that finally it amounted to actual prostration. Then came stomach troubles, which were very painful, constipation which brought on piles, dyspepsia and severe nervous headaches.

"The doctors seemed powerless to help me, said I was overworked, and at last urged me to give up teaching, if I wished to save my life.

"But this I could not do. I kept on at it as well as I could, each day growing more wretched, my will-power alone keeping me up, till at last a good angel suggested that I try a diet of Grape-Nuts food, and from that day to this I have found it delicious always appetising and satisfying.

"I owe my restoration to health to Grape-Nuts. My weight has returned and for more than two years I have been free from the nervousness, constipation, piles, headaches, and all the ailments that used to punish me so, and have been able to work freely and easily." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Here's
to Your Good Health and Pleasure

Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—

Coca-Cola

Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—vim and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome

5c Everywhere

THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.
33

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

It pays to use a good, safe, dependable soap like Lenox.

It costs a little more than cheap soaps.

It is worth a great deal more.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

Work for Extinction of Tuberculosis.

Exhibitions showing in graphic form the prevention of consumption have been shown in every state in the United States, except Nevada, Arizona, New Mexico and Wyoming, and also in most of the Canadian provinces and in Mexico, Porto Rico and Cuba, according to a statement made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. There are now 25 states and 16 cities having permanent and traveling exhibits besides the two operated by the National association itself, and the total number of similar displays is over 200, including about 150 small school exhibits. The first tuberculosis exhibit in America was shown by the Maryland Tuberculosis commission in January, 1904. In 1906 there were four such exhibits.

Another Pressing Need.

It's well enough to devote a lot of time and a good deal of prize money to the composition of a National anthem, but what's the matter with giving us a national wedding march, too?

Must we be forever indebted to the marches of an erratic Bavarian and a visionary Deutscher?

Here's an opportunity for ambitious native composers.

Think of the pride that would follow such an announcement as this: "The happy pair passed down the aisle to the pulsating strains of Bolivar P. Gibson's exquisite 'Marche Nuptiale!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Man Who Sued the Widow.

A St. Louis man is suing a widow for $100,000 for refusing to marry him. He must be one of those iron-gray whiskered men who want to sit on the front porch of a house that was built with money earned by another man.—Houston Post.

Wise.

"Bobby, didn't you hear mamma tellin' us to come in out o' the rain?"

"Yep, but I'm not goin' to do it till I'm so wet that she can't lay me across her lap 'thout spoilin' her dress."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Impossible.

"George acts like a fool."

"No. An actor could never come as close to nature as that."—Variety Life.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES
Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder for Tired, aching, swollen, nervous feet. Gives rest and comfort. Makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For FREE sample, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The difficulty of knowing what not to say is knowing when not to say it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

For a trainwrecker no punishment can be too severe.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

DANDY RUSSET
GILT EDGE

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Mother's Friend

Kickapoo Worm Killer is the mother's best friend. Give it to your child whenever it shows any symptoms of worms or other stomach troubles—foul breath, poor appetite, picking at the nose, restlessness at night, etc.

The best worm medicine known, also the finest general tonic for children. Keeps their stomach and bowels clean, sweet, and healthy. A nice-tasting, harmless candy lozenge. 25 cents at your druggist's or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

50,000 Men Wanted in Western Canada

200 Million Bushels Wheat to be Harvested

Harvest Help in Great Demand

Reports from the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Western Canada) indicate one of the best crops ever raised on the continent. To harvest this crop will require at least 50,000 harvesters.

Low Rates Will be Given on All Canadian Roads

Excursions are run daily and full particulars will be given on application to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent. The rates are made to apply to all who wish to take advantage of them for the purpose of inspecting the grain fields of Western Canada, and the wonderful opportunities there offered for those who wish to invest, and also those who wish to take up actual farm life. Apply at once to

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn. Geo. A. Hall, 125 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.

DAISY FLY KILLER [illegible]

FINEST KODAK FINISHING [illegible]

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING [illegible]

SMALL INVESTORS [illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1911. NUMBER 4.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Sharp controversy over the delay in the house investigating committee's inquiry into the Controller bay affair, including the alleged "Dick to Dick" letter, occurred in the committee room between Chairman Graham, democrat, and Representative Burke, of South Dakota, republican.

Government finances for July, the first month of the fiscal year 1912 probably will make a much better showing than a year ago. Although the federal treasury is now running on a deficit for the month this is said to be due to the extraordinary heavy expenditures, which always occur on the first month of a fiscal year. Of the recent $50,000,000 Panama bond issue less than $100,000 was unclaimed, and that was promptly awarded to other bidders, whose bids had not been in the accepted list.

Senator Newlands of Nevada called up his resolution outlining proposed legislation on physical valuation of railroads, control of interior state industrial corporations, reform of the banking laws and revision downward of the iron and steel tariff and asked the senate to agree to the recess until November 6. No action was taken.

James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, probably will attend the state fair in Lincoln next September and deliver an address on that occasion. An invitation from the state fair management was personally delivered to the veteran member of the cabinet by Senator Brown, and the secretary assured the senator that he would be very glad to accept the invitation if his engagements would permit.

Victor Berger, the socialist congressman from Wisconsin, paid his first visit to the white house. He asked the president to pardon a Texas youth, Dewey Carter of Beaumont. Carter is serving a five-year sentence for stealing $5 while employed by the postoffice department. President Taft will consider the case. Mr. Berger asked the president to take some action toward allowing letter carriers in various cities to perform their duties during the hot summer days in their shirt sleeves. The president, Mr. Berger said, promised to act.

General.

A fire at Dubuque, Iowa, destroyed $190,000 worth of property.

The situation in Morocco is bothering the wise heads of Europe.

A new parliament will be elected in Canada on the issue of reciprocity.

Congressman Norris has definitely announced his candidacy for the senate.

The department of justice is to push the anti-trust crusade to its limit.

The Morocco question is looming large, with prospects of complications.

There is a bad party split in unionists ranks of Great Britain over the veto bill.

Democratic senators held a conference in reference to taking up the wool tariff.

The opening gun in the reciprocity campaign in Canada was fired by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

A democratic house caucus voted approval of the cotton revision bill reducing duties.

The passage of the reciprocity bill leaves the congressional stage in a mixed condition.

After a lapse of two years the ratifications of the arbitration treaty between American and Brazil were exchanged.

A decree modifying the original order for the dissolution of the Sandard Oil company was filed in the United States circuit court at St. Louis. The modification extends until December

Encouraged by the success of the postal savings system in the hundreds of cities where it is alredy in operation, Postmaster General Hitchcock signed an order extending the system to ten large cities of the first class.

All grades of refined sugar were advanced 10 cents a hundred pounds.

The president has granted the application of Lieutenant Colonel Elmer W. Hubbard of the coast artillery, to be placed on the retired list under the thirty years' service law.

According to official estimates, announced at the president's office, the largest part of the Maderist army has been mustered out and the former revolutionists are at work in the factories or on the haciendas.

Grim tales of loss of life and disaster to shipping by the West Inidan hurricane which swept the New England coast continue to come in.

The senate Lorimer committee will spend perhaps the last week of taking testimony in Washington and may then recess to meet in Chicago at some time yet to be decided.

Chicago detectives arrested a man giving his name as John Barker, who is believed to be Jay Duryea, in connection with the robbery of H. T. Bied, a Los Angeles, Cal., diamond merchant, from whom diamonds valued at $10,000 were stolen June 22.

A case of cholera has appeared in Boston.

Texas has voted to remain in the wet column.

The navy department is planning reserve fleets for the Atlantic and Pacific.

Fifteen people were killed in a train collision in Maine.

Sixteen bodies have been recovered from the sunken Maine.

A fire in Constantinople destroyed five thousand houses.

Senator La Follette charged conspiracy to defeat all real tariff legislation.

Senator Bailey has refused to serve longer on the privileges and election committee.

A democratic combine in the senate forced the La Follette compromise wool bill.

The International Harvester company was described as a part of the trinity of great trusts.

Evidence of an agreement among steelmakers was introduced at the house committee hearing.

With the passage of the veto bill there will be many changes in the British ministry, it is said.

Over two millions of dollars are charged up against the people of Nebraska in back taxes.

Senator Kenyon of Iowa took steps to have his anti-trust bill brought formally before the senate.

John D. Rockefeller is not ill, as rumored in some parts of the country, but is in splendid health.

The United States is declared to be imposed upon by Germany in the contest for commercial supremacy.

Two well developed cases of pellagra were found at Oswego, Kansas, by the secretary of the state board of health.

Fire entirely destroyed a mill and several elevators of the Bay State Milling company at Winona, Minn. Loss, $300,000.

Refugees from Portugal are protesting against the decree which prevents them living near the Portuguese frontier.

A telegram from Constantinople says the condition of Sultan Mohamed V. is causing some anxiety. He is suffering from kidney disease.

The alleged discrimination of the Russian government against American Jews was considered by the senate committee on foreign relations.

The White steamer St. Paul, carrying 220 passengers from St. Louis, Quincy and intermediate points, for St. Paul, struck a snag and sunk.

Organized labor proposes to prosecute the Burns detective agency for its part in arresting the men charged with destroying with dynamite the newspaper plant of the Los Angeles Times.

Bankers connected with the New York Central railroad interests confirmed the report that plans are being considered for consolidating the financial management of the New York Central system.

Record-breaking export flour orders for September and October delivery have been booked by Seattle millers during the last two weeks. One mill has Chinese orders for 100,000 sacks and others are running full capacity.

Papers were taken out by friends of Thomas L. Hisgen for his candidacy for governor of Massachusetts on the democratic ticket against Governor Foss. Mr. Hisgen has been a candidate for governor and for president on the independence league ticket.

Investigation of the cost and work of the Remsen board, which reversed Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, of the bureau of chemistry, on the benzoate of soda pure food bill, was begun before the house committee on expenditure in the department of agriculture.

A news agency at Tokio, which is understood to be close to a member of the cabinet, says Count Katsura tendered his resignation as premier on July 27 and recommended Marquis Saionji for that post. The change will probably be announced on August 25.

Mrs. Metta Babcock Sibley, wife of Former Congressman Joseph C. Sibley, died at her home at Franklin, Pa.

The house of representatives committee of inquiry into the United States Steel corporation is now very desirous of hearing personally from J. Pierpont Morgan with regard to the absorption of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company by the steel corporation in 1907.

'Hold up your hands' daddy, or I'll shoot," called 5-year-old Ernest Spillman from behind the dining room door, as his father, Carl Spillman, a member of the Kansas City, Kas., fire department, entered his home. Before the father had time to turn, a small rifle in the boy's hands was discharged and the father fell dead. Ernest did not know the gun was loaded.

The deadlock between France and Germany continues, but France expects that a way will be found for a peaceful solution, and to this end she is prepared to go to the limits of conciliation, but cannot agree either to vacate Morocco, or hand over huge blocks of African territory.

Steps toward recreating the American Tobacco company out of the elements now composing it, in harmony with the decision of the supreme court of the United States, were taken when announcement was made of the formation of protective committees by the holders of the 6 per cent bonds, the 4 per cent bonds and the preferred stock.

Personal.

President Taft's plans for his western trip in September are indifinite as to Nebraska.

MINER IS RESCUED

JOPLIN, MO., WORKERS REACH IMPRISONED LAD WITH A DRILL SHAFT.

WAS BURIED THREE DAYS

Calls Up a Cheery "Hello!" and Is Lowered Food and Drink.—Water Creeping Into His Underground Cell.

Joplin, Missouri. — Joseph Clary has been reached by rescuers. He was alive and well. When the last spadefuls of earth were removed by workmen in the shaft and they dropped through into the drift, Clary threw himself into their arms and wept while the shouts of thousands cheering at the mouth of the mine echoed down the shaft.

Three workmen were digging in the narrow shaft when the bottom gave way, and they dropped into the drift. Clary saw the light of day and looked upon fellow beings after a period in darkness which, though reckoned by him to be something over four days, was really exactly three days and 45 minutes.

Joplin, Missouri. — Entombed for feet below the surface of the earth; facing possible death from the rapidly rising water in the mine drift, Joseph Clary, the young miner caught by a cave-in at the White Oak mine here Sunday, feasted on fried chicken and joked with friends who are waiting for his rescue.

"Hello," his brother-in-law, Maurice Grafton, called down the hole when the drill bits had been removed.

"Hello, boys, I'm hungry," came the clear, but faint reply.

Then Thomas Clary, father of the entombed miner, hastened to his home, where the young man's mother was prostrated from grief, and told her the young man was still alive. The news, the doctors say, has saved her life.

From his home, the father, one of the oldest prospectors in this district, hurried back to the mine, carrying milk and stimulants, which were lowered on a piece of rope to his son. After drinking these Clary seemed much stronger and remained near the drill hole talking with those at the top.

"I have not worried any, though it has been a long while," he said, "for I knew that you were after me. The water has been rising fast in here and it is about waist deep in some places now. I don't believe it will get much higher, for this is dry ground."

The ground where the mine is located is known as "dry ground," and it has never been necessary to use a pump to keep the water out of the drifts while work was going on. This fact lends encouragement to those who are working to sink a rescue shaft to the drift. If, however, the shaft is not down to the drift within two or three days it may be too late to bring the young man out alive.

After the entombed man had eaten his supper an electric flashlight was let down to him and also a small rope which he tied around his waist so that in case he stepped into a deep hole while exploring his prison he could be saved.

In talking to Clary, it was learned for the first time that one of the former drill holes penetrated the drift in which he is confined. He thinks it was the one that was sunk Monday, but whether this is correct is problematical. The drill hole penetrated the roof of the drift near one of the walls and Clary says that though he called up it until he was exhausted he failed to get a reply and thought that the rescuers had given up hope that they would find him alive. Then he became despondent, he says.

The work of sinking the rescue shaft is progressing rapidly. The shaft is now down about 50 feet, with every indication that it will reach the entombed man. As the work progresses, however, it is necessary to crib the sides with logs to keep the walls of the shaft from caving.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 3.—Wheat, September, $1.00⅝; Dec., $1.02; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 2 northern, $1.03¾; No. 1 durum, 94c; No. 3 corn, 63c; No. 3 white oats, 40½c; barley, malting, $1.05; No. 2 rye, 79c; No. 1 flax, $2.16.

Duluth, Aug. 3.—Wheat, September, $1.02; No. 1 northern, $1.03⅝; No. 1 durum, 95c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 2.—Cattle—Steers, $3.25@3.50; cows, $2.00@2.75; calves, $4.00@6.50; hogs, $6.50@7.00; lambs, $2.75@5.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 19,000; market steady to shade lower; beeves, $5.00@7.25; Texas steers, $4.40@6.10; western steers, $4.00@6.10; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.35; cows and heifers, $2.10@5.85; calves, $5.50@7.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 22,000; market 5 to 10c higher than yesterday's average; light, $6.85@7.70; mixed, $6.70@7.55; heavy, $6.50@7.40; rough, $6.50@6.80; good to choice heavy, $6.80@7.40; pigs, $5.50@7.20; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.30.

No Tobacco Dividend.

New York, N. Y. — An official statement issued by the American Tobacco company to its stockholders gives the information that no dividend on the comon stock will be declared at he present time, which would ordinarily be payable in September.

Four Killed in Explosion.

Bluefield, West Virginia. — Four miners were killed and nine injured by an explosion in the mine of the Standard Pocahontas Coal company, at [illegible]

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

DAMAGE IS IN SPOTS

No Great Harm Done by Grasshoppers Says Prof Washburn.

St. Paul—Although in a few places the grasshoppers have devastated entire farms, taking the state as a whole the damage has not been very great, and there is no cause for alarm, according to Prof. F. L. Washburn, state entomologist.

The damage has been the greatest, he says, in the Red river valley west of Fergus Falls, in Beltrami county and in Yellow Medicine, Redwood and other counties in the southwest section of the state. The department now has one field man working in Beltrami county and three in Southern Minnesota.

The "hoppers" have been cutting off the heads of the oats and attacking the wheat, while now that these crops have been harvested in most of the sections they are devastating the flax fields in spots, and even attack the corn in some cases.

"It is too early to estimate the damage done," said Prof. Washburn, "but as far as the state as a whole is concerned the damage has not been extraordinary, but the fact that they have settled on individual farms in most cases and destroyed from 50 to 95 per cent of the crops on these places has been a great hardship to many farmers who have not as yet recovered from last year's crop shortage."

The most successful method of combating the "hoppers" has been the spraying of the fields with a potion made of three pounds arsenite of soda (not arsenate of soda) and 165 gallons of water, to which is added one and a half gallons of molasses. It is put on with an ordinary field sprayer drawn by horses. It is best applied when the "hoppers" are young. While this will do the work in the strength used it is not poisonous to stock. If there is any mustard in the field two birds will be killed with one stone, the mustard being destroyed as well as the grasshoppers.

"We have not abandoned the hopperdozers by any means. They are about sixteen feet long and two and one-half feet wide and are fitted with canvas backs. They are drawn over the fields gathering the grasshoppers while they are in the wingless stage. But we find the poison method the best and the arsenite of soda preparation the best of the poisons. This preparation has never been used in the United States before, but it is used by the English in South Africa, where the grasshoppers are often very troublesome."

STUCCO FALLING OFF.

Even Tile Comes Out In New Grand Stand at State Fair Grounds.

St. Paul.—The stucco finish on the grand stand erected two years ago at the state fair grounds at a cost of more than $200,000 is falling off in large chunks. The sidewalk along the building is covered with the debris that has fallen in the few days last past.

In some places spots eight feet in diameter are completely bare, showing the hollow tile, and in one place the tile itself has fallen out. The stucco covering the heavy steel cornice has fallen in many places, leaving the steel superstructure bare.

The building was erected two years ago by the Grant Construction company, and owing to the inability to get some of the material work was delayed and it was hurried unduly to get it completed in time for the opening of the fair. Most of the stucco covering was put on in the fall after the fair.

It is understood the contractors will repair the building before the fair opens the first week in September.

BLACK RUST RAVAGES FIELDS.

Losses Are Reported by Many Farmers Near Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls.—As the harvest progresses it becomes more and more evident that black rust has done damage throughout this section of the state.

Samples are being brought in daily from fields which promised yields of fifteen to twenty bushels per acre, but which will not be worth cutting on account of the rust. The stems have died and look as though hot water had been poured over them, and they are liberally sprinkled with black specks which seem to have sapped their vitality. Some fields have withstood the rust better than others.

Winter rye was harvested and is a big crop. Corn promises a heavy yield and it is thought that there will be a fair crop of potatoes, now that there has been a soaking rain.

Case Puzzles the Physicians.

Minneapolis—Martin Gray, the 16-year-old boy who broke his neck about a week ago in diving from a dock at Lake Calhoun, still continues a problem to the medical men who are caring for him. No change reported in his condition, and although paralyzed from his neck down, he remains conscious and exhibits but few symptoms of having any pain. It is believed that he may live for several weeks, but the doctors do not expect that he will recover from the paralysis.

$700 ON YEGG'S HEAD

Government Adds $200 to State's $500 Reward for Capture of Mike Davis.

St. Paul.—Renewed efforts to capture Mike Davis, known as Manchester Curly, the yegg who figured in the attempted burglary of the general store and postoffice of Puposky, which precipitated the arrest of Dr. D. T. Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, and the exposure of an alleged crime ring in Northern Minnesota, will be made by the State fire marshal's department.

Employes of the department were mailing out 2,000 placards, bearing front and side view pictures of the noted yegg, and offering $500 reward for his capture. His description also was given, and captors advised to notify Sheriff A. B. Hazen, at Bemidji. The placards are signed by Charles E. Keller, state fire marshal.

In addition to this reward, which was offered by Governor Eberhart immediately after the yegg's escape, the placard says that the government will also pay $200 for the apprehension of Davis. In this the close relation between local government officials in the investigation that is still being conducted in the neighborhood of Cass Lake and Bemidji, is first shown.

INSURANCE RATE UNSETTLED.

Twin City Members of Scandinavian Relief Assn. Discuss Finances.

St. Paul.—A well attended meeting of Minneapolis and St. Paul members of the Minnesota Scandinavian Relief association was held in the First Swedish Lutheran church. The meeting was held for the purpose of discussing what action to take to restore the association to a sound financial footing.

Headquarters of the association are in Red Wing. There has been much dissatisfaction among older members because of the increase in rates to make association ends meet. This dissatisfaction has been so practical that the association treasury has been affected.

Many took part in the discussion at the meeting. E. M. Nelson, attorney for Milwaukee members, criticized the ruling of the insurance commissioner that injunction proceedings can not be started. No action was taken on any of the matters at stake.

WILL REBUILD WINONA MILL.

Directors of Bay State Milling Co Plan Largest Plant in U. S.

Winona.—H. C. Garvin, manager of the Bay State Milling Company, the plant of which was destroyed by fire Friday night, causing a loss of $600,000, arrived in Winona Sunday. He had been spending his vacation in the East and was summoned home, word reaching him at Mt. Clements, Mich. B. J. Rothwell, of Boston, president of the corporation and representative of the Boston capitalists intreested, is also here.

A conference is scheduled when the matter of rebuilding the plant will be discussed. Already plans are under consideration for building on the site of the wrecked mill a modern fireproof structure which will be the largest flour mill in the United States.

It is said the plans, still in the rough, call for an expenditure of close to a million dollars.

AFFECTED BY FIRE SUFFERING.

Victim of Flames at Spooner Gets Into Trouble at Moorhead.

Moorhead.—Carl Wallenberg, who from papers found in his pockets was found floating on a raft in the Rainy river half dead from burns and bruises sustained in the Spooner forest fires, entered the jewelry store at Quale & Martinson in this city and asked for work. When work was refused him he threatened to kill Mr. Quale, who threw him out and later Wallenberg was arrested.

It is thought the man's condition was brought on by his terrible experiences in the forest fire.

GOVERNOR TO VISIT CANADA.

To Be Guest of Canadian Club of Port Arthur This Month.

Governor Eberhart will accept the invitation of the Canadian Club of Port Arthur to be its guest some time this month, according to his secretary, Ralph W. Wheelock, though the date has not been set.

The invitation is taken as an indication that, since the passage of the reciprocity pact by Congress, closer relations between this section of Canada, at least, and its United States neighbor, Minnesota, are desired.

C. H. BIGELOW DEAD.

Prominent Business and Insurance Man Succombs to Long Illness.

St. Paul.—Charles H. Bigelow, aged 76, one of the prominent men in the St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance company and well known in St. Paul business circles, died after an illness of several weeks. For a couple of weeks or more Mr. Bigelow has been very low, and his end has been expected for some time.

TRIFLES OF THE WARDROBE

NEW NECKWEAR TIPS

HEAVY VALENCIENNES IS SEASON'S LATEST NOTE.

Ecru Irish Lace Combined With Brussels Net of Same Tone Makes Attractive Stock and Jabot—Jewelry Hint.

The simplest of the new straight Valenciennes lace collars sells for $10. Baby Irish collars and baby Irish lace in all forms of neckwear are still popular, but this heavy Valenciennes is the season's latest note. The newest thing in Irish lace and Irish insertion is made of ecru thread. One exceedingly attractive stock and jabot is made of ecru Irish lace combined with tucked Brussels net of the same tone. This sort of collar—marked six to eight dollars in the shops—could be duplicated by the clever needlewoman. The straight collar portion is made of a band of one-inch-wide Irish crocheting and below this a two-inch portion of ecru net with four quarter-inch tucks going the length of the collar. A narrow facing of black satin finishes the collar at the top. The jabot is made of an irregular shape of ecru Irish crocheting, net and tiny loops and rosettes of black satin.

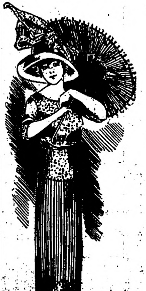
There is a charming soft collar selling for 25 cents that is sure to prove popular with the woman whose neck is irritated under a high starched collar and who yet wants to have her throat covered. It is made of fine pique, in two-inch turn-down style, in white, ecru or light blue. The front is held in place by a small pearl link which fastens under the windsor or other soft tie to be worn with it. Other styles of this collar are finished with narrow buttonholing and embroidery and are accordingly more expensive.

A new French embroidered collar is cleverly made with a butterfly wing on both sides of the front closing. In one there is a buttonholed loop and through this the other wing slips in such a way that when closed and adjusted the collar makes its own small embroidered butterfly tie. This is one of the smartest and triggest pieces of neckwear shown this year.

In all the ties, bows and frills shown this year one is struck by the play of black used with a dash of contrasting color. For instance, little ties—creations of miniature bows, rosettes and rosebuds, made of Helen pink combined with black satin—give just enough color to the shirt waist get-up. Other colors popular in neckwear are turquoise blue, coral, mauve, one of the new greens and amber. Always these colors are found in extremely small quantities, just a suggestion, and never enough to seem over-brilliant.

The girl who likes rings can get quite a collection of pretty stones to match her various shirt waist accessories at a very small sum. Dull silver rings with opaque stones can be picked up sometimes for only 50 cents. An imitation jade gives the right touch to the green get-up, a turquoise matrix to the turquoise blue accessories, while coral, amethyst and topaz all find pleasing combinations.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.



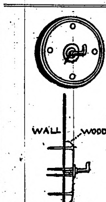
A robe of pink and white striped linen, with little cosaque of broderie Anglaise. Pink linen hat, with bow of broderie.—Madame.

HINT FOR HANGING PICTURES

How Difficulty of Making Nail Hold in Plaster Wall May Be Overcome.

Most people at some time or other, in hanging pictures, have come across a plaster wall in which it is most difficult to make a nail "hold," and it is for occasions of this kind that the hint contained in our sketch will be found useful.

A small circular or square piece of wood, leveled at the edges, should be made, with a small brass hook screwed in the center and four holes drilled near the edge for nails. This little contrivance may be firmly glued to the wall and also nails driven through the four holes to fasten it in place more securely still. The wood may be painted or stained a color to match the wall and, therefore, be scarcely visible.



The piece of wood should be about the thickness of the length of the screw attached to the hook, and hooks suitable for this purpose may be obtained from any ironmongers.

The lower diagram shows a section of the wood and illustrates very clearly how it may be fastened to the wall with nails and glue.

To Set Color in Summer Dresses.

After carefully removing the soiled spots in your summer dresses plunge them into boiling water with one tablespoonful of coarse salt which has previously been melted. Leave two minutes, remove, wring out and hang on the line in the shade. The color in the daintiest gown is set till the last thread of the fabric is worn out. This is a tried recipe which will give the [illegible]

TO PROTECT THIN STOCKINGS

Will Last Longer by Adding Two or Three Kinds of Harness to One Pair.

The popularity of thin stockings, which include lisle and silk, has caused individuals and firms to invent all kinds of guards to make these thin stockings wearable. The woman who indulges in them has added two or three kinds of harness to one pair of stockings, but she makes by it in the end, for her stockings last longer and they do not show the large darns, which are not attractive with slippers and low pumps.

The first protection is a round chamois pad, which is attached to the end of each corset elastic and goes between the top of the stocking and the steel hook. The pulling of the stocking comes against the chamois instead of the metal and therefore one does not have those unsightly Jacob's ladders which ruin the best stockings ever made.

Another safety device is a toe guard of knitted silk. This comes in white only and it can be worn under any color of stocking without showing because of its shortness. This catches the impression of the toe and the silk tassels of brilliants.

Use for Old Sleeves.

In ripping up old waists and coats that have the old-fashioned big sleeves take and cut off the arm at the elbow or below, which might be required; now place the seams together and sew up to within a few inches of the top. The part that used to form the under arm portion, as it went into the arm hole, forms the front part; leave a 3½-inch place and then the sleeves form a point where the two upper sleeves were formerly gathered. Cut this point off the size of the little boy's waist. Lay the exact seams together now and cut them the middle of each former sleeve. For the side openings and face or bind; put a pocket each side and face the tops. Make six buttonholes, and you have as many pairs of pants as you have old sleeves, nice for play and good enough for school, if the cloth is fine. The curve in the under arm brings the front and the oval of the gathered part brings the fulness for the seat just right.

Lace Revers.

Quite new are the flat revers of Irish, Duchesse or odd linen lace, with a frill of Valenciennes about two inches wide around the edge. On a sheer embroidered batiste with a hint of pale pink in the flowers was a side frill of the same material as the waist reaching well below the bust. The frill was edged with fine point de Paris lace in a wide round scallop showing a quaint design that might have been taken from some long forgotten [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN
General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

$ $

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist yoo in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank
Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres.
D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

Over 2500 people read this paper each week. That don't help you at all, Mr. Slow Businessman, your ad isn't in its columns. The question is, WHY NOT?

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 5, 1911.

The Missouri man who hitched his wire to a harrow and then whipped her because she didn't go fast enough should apply to Superintendent Whittier for a position in the state training school for homeless and friendless boys at Red Wing.

Aud now we are told warningly that if we attack the trusts we only harm ourselves. Let us be brave, and, like the parent who, when he takes the cantakerous son to the woodshed, says the strap hurts him more than it does his offspring, still with calm endurance applies the lash and suffers in silence.

We publish elsewhere an article from an Illinois paper on the difference in advertising methods between the mail order house and the country merchant which, in view of the conditions prevailing here, will no doubt be found both interesting and instructive to the local dealer.

The northwestern land products exhibit, which is to be held in the St. Paul auditorium Dec. 12 to 23, promises to be something more than a mere land show, for it will include the products of most of the northwestern states, such as Oregon, Washington, Montana, Idaho, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, and Alaska.

Speaking of the promised veto the wool schedule by the president the Duluth News Tribune says: "Americans are not good waiters; when they have made up their mind, something happens. Something happened last fall, something will follow in 1912, if reciprocity is all the tariff relief vouchsafed as an offset to the Payne-Aldrich revision 'downward.'"

The Canadian reciprocity pact, now a law in the United States, will not become operative until ratified by the Canadian parliament. It is claimed that many of the wire pullers who opposed its passage here have gone to Canada to continue the fight. Premier Laurier is in favor of its passage in parliament, but there is opposition, and Laurier has "taken the bull by the horns" and says he will refer the matter to the people for a vote if parliament refuses to act.—Cass Lake Times.

It is possible for careless help to leave a considerable portion of the grain crop in the field by neglecting to gather up scatterings, loose bundles, etc., and by hauling grain on open-bottom racks. From a few pounds to a few bushels of grain may be saved every day, during stacking, by using a tight-bottom rack, or a canvas over the rack that will catch all of the grain that is shattered out of the heads. In seasons when the grain shatters badly, a surprisingly large amount of grain can be saved in this way.—A. D. Wilson, Minn. University Farm.

The Alaskan Snarl

Mr. Roosevelt blames the troubles of Alaska upon two causes—the greedy corporate exploiters and the cowardice of lawmakers.

The exploiters have dared everything in order to further their chances at tremendous profits—public opinion, the law of the United States, reprisals, and the jail. For investments of a few thousands they count upon taking out millions. By trickery and bribery, by the subsidy of government officials, they hope to combat the clamor for fair dealing and to stay the reform of land regulations. The representatives and senators have postponed the consideration of crying needs, fearing the anger of the exploiters more than the irritation of the general public.

Local Merchant Shares Blame

There have been many foolish contentions and many absurd arguments made pro and con on the mail order question. A great deal of abuse has been printed of the mail order concerns by local papers and most of it, in our judgment, is little short of good advertising, and ineffective argument against the mail order concern. The reason that country people buy goods of mail order houses or of the dealers of some larger near by town is because they are influenced or made to belive that there exists some advantage to them in trading elsewhere than with the home dealer. And this perhaps is not stating the fact sufficiently strong. There are those doubtless who feel that they are able to save a great deal on the purchase of their goods elsewhere than of the home dealer.

One very marked oversight on the part of local business men and of the general public as well as the insignificance or unimportance of things that often produce a lasting and almost ineffaceable impression. Little things very often cause us to reach decisive conclusions that may be entirely incorrect and easily disproved, yet remain forever settled conclusions unless emphatically disproved. A 19 cent cast monkey wrench may have the same finish and appearance as a genuine forged steel wrench, worth three or four times as much. A 10 cent cast claw hammer, polished and plated, may have an equal appearance with a 75 cent forged steel hammer.

A shrewd salesman always seeks to impress his prospective patrons with the advantages to be enjoyed by trading with him, and the mail order man may very properly be classed as a shrewd salesman. He has no objection to the general public getting under a wrong impression, provided the error is in his favor. But what does the local merchant do to disprove the error? Nothing, absolutely nothing as a rule, He just sulks! That's all.

The catalogue tells the consumer over and over from start to finish of his big book that he can and does buy and sell cheaper than any other dealer. He prints plausible arguments why it is so—his big purchases, his ownership of factories, and his millions of dollars of sales annually, etc., etc., all are cited. But did you ever know one of them to tell how much the rents, taxes, and insurance cost on the big city block? How much the salaries of the thousands of employes amounted to annually? How much the million or so of big catalogues they put out every year come to? How much the hundreds of men at the heads of departments which they employ at $100 to $500 per month salary come to? How much the army of truck wagons they employ to cart the goods from cars to warehouses and warehouses to cars come to? No, they do not boast of any of these things, but we know that all these things in a big cost great sums—enough to make the goods thus handled and sold in a retail way, shipping direct to consumer, cost fully as much or more than goods of similar quality do, when sold from the retailer's stock, direct to the consumer, without any packing, billing, booking, and shipping expense like the mail order house has to stand.

But the mail order man spends great sums annually advertising and educating the public to believe in him. The country retailer in the small town holds his advertising expenditures down to a dollar or two a week, and most of them not even that much, and many of them nothing. The result is the mail order man sweeps the country over with his deceptive arguments and gathers in the trade.

A skilled writer can produce sound logical arguments and proof that knocks the whey out of every claim the mail order man makes in behalf of his system of the country retail merchant. But the retailer will not stand for the service and the mail order man finds him easy prey, and all but wipes him off the face of the earth.—Leva, Ill., Star.

"We've Met the Enemy and She is Our'n"

Reflecting back to the days of war in this country surely seems appropriate in a "write up" of the game of ball played in our town Sunday. "Verily, history do repeat itself." Were it not for the unusual number of ivory domes displayed in the game, it would hardly be necessary to expound at length on the play; the result being very satisfactory to the "Gophers," i. e., so far as scores were concerned. The Terrebonne team came to our midst with a reputation born of many victories and conquests on foreign fields; but after having seen their prowess against the Gophers we can hardly say that their record speaks very well for the teams they have defeated.

Be it known, however, that the Gophers are a gritty bunch, and never admit defeat until the last man is out and the game is over. They came from behind and so badly outplayed their rivals in the latter part of the game that their opponents seemed bewildered and unable to understand just what was going on. The main features of the game was the batting of the Gophers who walked up to the plate and hammered in runs in a fashion that would bring awe to any opposing pitcher. The score by innings:

Terrebonne.....	2	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
St. Hilaire......	2	0	3	0	2	0	1	0	–	9

Umpires, Pitkin and Fellman.
Scorekeeper, O. O. Kankel.
Casualties, none.

The St. Hilaire Gophers will journey to Terrebonne tomorrow for a game and if they do not return with a scalp dangling from their belts they'll return —well, bald headed.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION SEPT. 4 TO 9

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

The Fair

Notwithstanding the threatening and and rainy weather the Pennington county fair this week was attended by an immense crowd of people, of whom St. Hilaire and vicinity furnished not a small portion.

The exhibit which attracted most at was that of the farm produce raised on Pennington county soil. The following are some of the products: Celery, cabbage, lettuce, cauliflower, tomatoes, citron, cucumbers, squash, grapes, apples, onions, rhubarb, potatoes, roots of all kinds, corn, flax, wheat, barley, oats, rye, timothy, red top, red clover, and alsike

The display of stock was good. There were cattle, hogs, sheep, chickens, turkeys, geese, etc., in endless array.

The department of fancy sewing, decorated china, etc., had many fine exhibits. The most noticeable was the valuable silver cups and vases, by Hans Wilson of this place, trophies won by his son, James Ward, the noted aviator for Curtis Bros.

There were a number of races, in which horses were entered from St. Hilaire, Red Lake Falls, Angus, Courtany, Crookston, Warren, and Grand Forks. Mike McAndress of this place entered his mare.

The entertainment features were fakes, pure and simple. The much advertised flying machine was kept safe in a tent and exhibited at 10 cts. per. The carnival proposition was a humbug from start to finish. The one redeeming feature was the fine music discoursed by the Warren band at every opportunity.

Rural School Notes

The teachers' training school closed at Red Lake Falls on Friday, July 28. A reception was tendered the faculty Thursday evening at which it was my good luck to be present. It was a most enthusiastic gathering. It is a matter of congratulation to Mr. Anderson and the city of Red Lake Falls, which vied with one another to make the school one of the best held in the county. The faculty was a strong one and is to be commended for the efficiency of the work done. The inspiration we will carry with us in our work for another year.

A goodly number of teachers have taken the examinations this year. If certificates are returned in response to applications made, we should have teachers enough for our schools. Indications are, however, that there will be a scarcity of teachers holding first and second grade certificates. The reason for this is the change in the law permitting state aid to Class C schools or those having seven months school during the year.

It will be advisable for school trustees to have teachers engaged in time for opening schools in the fall. Let me know your wishes and I shall try to attend to them. Kindly look to the repairs to your schools in time, so as to insure a successful school year.

How are you getting along, boys and girls, with your contest work? Grains and garden vegetables should do very well this year—yes, even corn should grow well. Do not forget that we will have a contest coming in October. Let the girls plan to bring in for exhibits the best display of needle work ever shown in any county.

The following teachers took the examinations in this city July 31 and Aug. 1 and 2:

FIRST GRADE CERTIFICATES

Clara L. Backe, Thief River Falls.
Fred Sheldrew, Grygla.
Louise Netteland, St. Hilaire.
Stella Olson, Thief River Falls.

SECOND GRADE CERTIFICATES

Laura E. Johnson, Thief River Falls.
Margaret Sorenson, Lambert.
Anna Brokke, Thief River Falls.
Clarissa Lee, " " "
Stella Arndt, Kuehnel.
Emma T. Satre, St. Hilaire.
Frances M. Schmitz, Thief River Falls.
Augusta F. Swanson, Thief River Falls.
Selma Hoff, St. Hilaire.
Clara Bakken, Thief River Falls.
Mamie Finberg, " " "
Elthea M. Henry, Kratka.
Bernadotte Dery, Brooks.
Alice M. Dery, "
Edith M. Anderson, Thorhult.
Ida Ove, Thief River Falls.
Cora Stene, " " "
Sophie Utabja, " " "
Katherine Dunn, Kuehnel.
Gina O. Finstad, St. Hilaire.
Ida P. Kalland, St. Hilaire.
Clara E. Larson, Thief River Falls.

Thanking you in advance for your favor in taking this up for general information, I am yours truly,

E. A. MOSTUE.

Bring in Your Printing

SCOTCH SHEEP DOGS AT STATE FAIR

Combined Entertainment and Instruction by Champion Dogs and Sheep Farmers.

Brought Direct From Scotland for Their First Appearance in America at Minnesota Exhibition.

Real Scotch sheep dog trials, in which the competitors will be champion Scotch collies, and their owners, the United Kingdom's most famous sheep farmers, will be a big attraction of the 1911 Minnesota State Fair and Exposition. Six dogs and three shepherds will be brought direct from Scotland for the occasion.

The trials, which are an important feature at all the big agricultural shows in England and Scotland, will be seen for the first time in America at Minnesota's big fair next September. The event will be a feature of the afternoon program every day during the fair and the announcement of it has already aroused more than unusual enthusiasm.

JOHN JOHNSTONE.

Appreciating the value as an attraction of the sheep dog trials Secretary J. C. Simpson, after much correspondence and continued efforts, has succeeded in completing arrangements for bringing to the Minnesota State Fair, John Johnstone, James Scott and Mr. Robertson, three of the best known and most successful sheep farmers in the United Kingdom. These men with six dogs all of which have won many prizes for the handling of sheep, will start for this country next month and will be in Minnesota during the six days of the fair and perhaps longer. Two of the dogs are international prize winners.

The trials will be conducted every afternoon during the fair. They will be given over a course eight feet wide and about a half mile in length, to be laid out on the fair grounds. The starting point will be on the hill near the agricultural buildings and from there the course will lay across the track through gates, back and forth through

the center field and will end in pens in front of the grandstand.

Throughout its length the course will be marked only by short flags. Over this course a flock of sheep, probably three or four in number, will be driven by each dog in turn. The expired time of each trial will not be more than twelve minutes and during that time the collie will [illegible] his sheep over the entire course and pen them. During the performance of his dog the shepherd remains in one position, usually about the center of the course. A large part of the way he is out of hearing, but always in sight of his collie. He directs his course in various ways, some times by a shout or whistle, but more often merely by a motion of his hands.

The Progressive Republicans Meet

At a meeting of progressive republicans at Thief River Falls Thursday the following resolutions were adopted:

As republicans we are heartily in favor of the success of the republican party, fully realizing that in the past it has been the party of progress, and we fully agree that the many reforms that our country stands in need of today can, we think, be best realized through the party which has served us so well in the past.

The progressive ideas and deeds of our former president, Theodore Roosevelt, we heartily commend; and it is with extreme regret that cannot extend the hearty commendations to the present administration.

If the success of the party is to continue, we are fully of the opinion that the so called progressive element must prevail in the party councils and progressive men with progressive ideas must lead next year. To this end we favor the nomination for president of some man of honor and action who will favor reforms and principles such as are now advocated by Senator Robert Lafollette of Wisconsin and others.

For over forty years the farmers of the northwest, and of Minnesota in particular, have consistently been in favor of the principles of a protective tariff. They accepted as a fact that protection would build up a home market for the products of the farm and that ultimately the farmer would come to his just reward.

Such a condition is about to be realized, and we condemn as unjust and unreasonable and a direct violation of faith the Canadian reciprocity pact which the present administration has just forced by the use of patronage, the aid of the democratic party, and other unjust and unlawful means through our congress.

We are fully of the opinion that if protection is good for the eastern manufacturer it is equally as good for the western farmer and we again reassert that the Canadian reciprocity pact is an unfair, unjust discrimination against the American farmer, and in favor of the trust protected manufacturer.

The firm stand taken by our United States senators, Honorable Knute Nelson and Honorable Moses E. Clapp and by our representatives in congress Honorable Halvor Steenerson in their fight against the Canadian reciprocity pact meets with our heartiest commendation, and we respectfully ask that they continue the good fight that in the end the trust protected manufacturer receive no more protection than does the American farmer.

Respectfully submitted,

H. E IVES
E. L. QUIST
W. G. HUNT

The permanent organization elected was:

President, Andrew Trovaton,
Secretary, E. L. Quist,
Members of executive committee.
1st Dist. W. G. Hunt,
2d, Dist. Harry E. Ives.
3d, Dist. Emil Ness,
4th, Dist. D. Patterson
5th, Dist. Peter Hedeen

Protecting Wild Game.

Now, Jane will feed the chickens,
But she won't go near the cat.
She doesn't dare.
You see, her hair
Sometimes conceals rat.
—Judge.

The Only Alternative.

Mother (to her daughter)—What is your father making such a row about in the other room? Either the doctor has forbidden him to smoke or he is now asking him for your hand.—Fliegende Blatter.

Hard Grinding.

The mills of the gods grind slowly,
But they grind exceeding small.
When you think of the stuff they have to grind
It's a wonder they grind at all.
—Minneapolis Journal.

Money is good for a great deal if there is a great deal of money.

Lots of people are so proud of their ignorance that they wouldn't dispose of it for a cash consideration.

The people who can do anything at a pinch ought to be pinched for most of the things that they do.

Because you can't get the other fellow's viewpoint is no reason why you [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Aug. 6, at 7:45 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning.
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRIDKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3150. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
L. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JONAS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment
Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

THE LOCAL NEWS

C. H. Martz was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Ed. Peterson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

O. H. Peters transacted business in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Wm. Lindahl and Eddie Carlson came over Tuesday from Crookston.

N. A. Nelson has just received a car load of corn binders and gang plows.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.
CARL KRUGER.

D. Patterson and family returned Tuesday from their sojourn at Maple Lake.

A canvasser for the St. Paul Dispatch was making the rounds Wednesday.

Mrs. Anton Anderson of Wylie visited her sister, Mrs. Ina Johnson the first of the week.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church meets next Friday with Mrs. Morris Laselle.

Mrs. C. A. Skeie returned last evening from a visit to her daughter at Highlanding.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday Aug. 6, at 10:30 a. m.

Chas Fellman came up from Thief River Falls Wednesday and with Gust Fellman drove to High Landing.

Roy Dahn has rented the Mrs. Duntley building and expects soon to open a restaurant and confectionery.

A large delegation from Red Lake Falls have signified their attention to attend the dance here next Saturday.

Miss Edna Wilson, who has been a guest at the Sever Hoff home, returned Monday to Thief River Falls.

Misses Olga, Edith, and Alma Hanson came from Red Lake Falls yesterday and went out to Mrs. Mauritz Miller.

The Crookston saw mill has shut down and will remain closed until September 1. Lack of logs is the reason assigned.

Charles Julin came from Crookston Tuesday. The saw mill has closed down and he will remain at home for a while.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet next Friday evening, Aug. 11, at the home of R. L. Hauge.

A. R. Jones, the efficient manager at this place for the Red Lake Falls Milling company, spent last night in Crookston.

K. O. Gigstad has just received another lot of state examination papers, which will be delivered to the owners on demand.

William Olson and Gust Fellman drove to Red Lake Falls Sunday where Fellman purchased a fine span of driving horses.

Mrs. Ina Johnson and daughter Elizabeth went Tuesday to Thief River Falls to visit friends and take in the fair and carnival.

FOR SALE—My residence property on Minnesota avenue on west side of railroad, good house, with new addition barn, well, etc. Will sell cheap. MIKE ANDERSON.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening Aug. 18, at the home of Mrs. Richard Wallin. All are welcome.

Mrs. Waterman of Northfield, mother of Mrs. H. B. Borneman, a former agent for the Great Northern here, is the guest of Mrs. Leonard Holmes.

F. W. Busse was down from Warroad the first of the week, returning Wednesday. He is out to the hotel business and is operating a livery and feed stable.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

D. McAllister went to Minot, N. D., to visit relatives whom he has not seen for some time. He went by way of Minneapolis. Orris Demarais of Red Lake Falls is in charge of the shop during his absence.

Harry Jackson in some way while jumping yesterday. fell and gave his right arm a bad wrench at the shoulder. Under the administration of Dr. Swanson the arm was put into place and bandaged there, and will no doubt be all right in a week or ten days.

Grand Ball
Saturday, Aug. 12
At Imperial Hall
BEST OF MUSIC
Come out and have a good time

Dog License

Owners of dogs must take out license on same before August 1, as all dogs not licened on that date mus tbe killed. JOHN FORSEEN, Marshal.

Notice for Bids

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed mill for the term of one year, commencing September 1, 1911. Bids will be received up to August 14, at 1 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address,
R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

Don't Miss It

A fine program will be rendered tonight at Imperial hall, consisting of choice literary and musical numbers.

Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, who is an accomplished reader, has kindly consented to give several selections, assisted by local talent.

The comedy-farce, "Dr Cure-all," under the direction of Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, will be the concluding number on the program. This is a very laughable play, given by local talent, and you cannot afford to miss it.

Come out and enjoy this excellent evening's program, given for M. E. church benefit. Refreshments consisting of ice cream and cake, will be served after the program. Coffee will also be served. Tickets 25 cents. Don't miss it.

Rooting

"As the twig is bent so the tree is inclined." As you parents bring up your children so will they grow to manhood and be straight upright men.

The rooting at the game last Sunday is something to be lamented especially that of some of the juvenile rooters. A visiting team coming to our town for a game of ball should be treated courteously and not vilified with epethets an personal insults such as was the case at last Sunday's game. There was to be sure, some out of town rooters who indulged in this disgraceful way at the game but that should be no excuse for our own boys. They should be taught better ways. The "Gophers" can only ask that rooters in the future, refrain from using personal abuse or stay away from the games.

Up to the Collector.

Teacher—A man bought ten bushels of potatoes for 30 cents a bushel and sold them for 10 cents a peck. Did he gain or lose and how much?

Willie (whose father was in business)—Depends on who he sold them to.

He Lacks It.

Man wants a little here below.
Well, I should truly smile.
He wants a little, don't you know,
And wants it all the while.

As Usual.

"What's the matter with her?"

"You know she has always wanted the experience of being in love."

"Yes."

"Well, now she is in love, and she is mad about it."

Somewhat Backward.

"He doesn't seem to keep up with the times."

"Not quite."

"I suppose he will be learning to ride a bicycle next year."

Convincing.

"He is a truly good man."

"Is he really?"

"Yes; he admits it."

All Getting In.

"They've had a consultation of physicians over him."

"He must be a pretty sick man."

"No; he's not very sick, but he has wads of money."—Pittsburg Post.

To Fit the Occasion.

"Let me spin you a yarn while I'm shaving you, sir,"
Said the barber, baldheaded and hoary,
And the man with thin locks said, "All right, go ahead,
But make it a hair raising story."
—Los Angeles Express.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
WELCOME
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
IN 1911 BIGGEST AND BEST EVER
THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING THINGS TO SEE IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE & MANUFACTURING
DAN PATCH 1:55
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25,000.00 IN PURSES
GRAND MATCH RACES
WORLD'S 4 FASTEST PACERS
PIETERJE MAID ORMSBY (78051) WORLD'S CHAMPION BUTTER PRODUCER
SPLENDID LIVE STOCK AND HORSE SHOWS
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FOUR FLIGHTS & THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
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2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING TO BREAK THE WORLD'S RECORDS
HUNDREDS OF OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES ETC., ETC.
NO FAKES OR FREAKS
ONE WEEK AT THE FAIR IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

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Give us a trial.
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Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
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School Officers

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Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	95
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	89
Flax, No. 1	$1.79
" " 2	1.80
Barley, for 50 lbs	.52
Oats	33
Eggs	18½
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
[illegible]	[illegible]

TO THE LADIES
We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON PROP.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Twine
Deering Standard 7 1-2 cents per pound at
Holmes Bros.

Good Money
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MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars
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WATEROTWN : : WIS.

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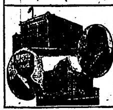

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LEADS THEM ALL
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AND
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THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies have done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctors said I had tumors, and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation, and your Sanative Wash relieved me. Your Liver Pills have no equal as a cathartic. Any one wishing proof of what your medicines have done for me can get it from any druggist or by writing to me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mound St., Peoria, Ill.

Another Operation Avoided.

New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation."—Mrs. LILY PEYROUX, 1111 Kerlerec St., New Orleans, La.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

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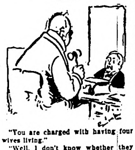
TOO HARD WORK.



"You are charged with having four wives living."

"Well, I don't know whether they are all living or not, judge; I can't keep track of them all."

A Hard-Worked Man.

Perhaps we do not realize it, but the president of the United States is one of the hardest worked men in the republic. The head of a big corporation, E. H. Gary, for instance, can slip away to Europe and the organization will run itself until he returns, but the president, surrounded as he is by a corps of capable assistants and advisers, must be on the job practically every day in the year.

Today William H. Taft is the busiest official who holds a high elective position. A governor can get away from official cares—although his pay may be docked if he stays away too long—but the president must get his vacation in driblets. His vacations consist of fifteen-minute intervals in which nobody actually is waiting to see him.

LUCKY MISTAKE.

Grocer Sent Pkg. of Postum and Opened the Eyes of the Family.

A lady writes from Brookline, Mass.:

"A package of Postum was sent me one day by mistake.

"I notified the grocer, but finding that there was no coffee for breakfast next morning I prepared some of the Postum, following the directions very carefully.

"It was an immediate success in my family, and from that day we have used it constantly, parents and children, too—for my three rosy youngsters are allowed to drink it freely at breakfast and luncheon. They think it delicious, and I would have a mutiny on my hands should I omit the beloved beverage.

"My husband used to have a very delicate stomach while we were using coffee, but to our surprise his stomach has grown strong and entirely well since we quit coffee and have been on Postum.

"Noting the good effects in my family I wrote to my sister, who was a coffee toper, and after much persuasion got her to try Postum.

"She was prejudiced against it at first, but when she presently found that all the ailments that coffee gave her left and she got well quickly she became and remains a thorough and enthusiastic Postum convert.

"Her nerves, which had become shattered by the use of coffee have grown healthy again, and today she is a new woman, thanks to Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., and the "cause why" will be found in the great little book, "The Road to Wellville," which comes in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Minneapolis.—C. A. Smith, head of the C. A. Smith Lumber company and member of the university board of regents, has purchased a residence property in Berkeley, Cal., where he and his family will make their winter home for a time.

Crookston. — The most spectacular fire in a score of years destroyed six frame buildings and the Crookston auditorium in the heart of the city last night. The fire is believed to have been of incendiary origin. The loss is about $30,000.

Little Falls.—Fire in the plant of the electric company here caused several thousand dollars damage. The fire was due to a short circuit on the switchboard, entirely destroying it and damaging two 700 horsepower dynamos. A small dynamo is now furnishing light for the city.

Duluth.—It is learned that Alderman-at-Large H. J. Irwin, of Two Harbors, will not heed the election of July 25, when his socialist brethren invoked the recall and chose Alfred Johnson for the office. He announces that he will not give up his seat in the council without a fight to a finish in the courts.

Stillwater—The St. Croix Pine and Cedar company is the name of a new lumbering corporation organized with headquarters in this city. The capital stock is $50,000 and the incorporators have been in the lumbering business for years, they being Joseph A. Irvine, Jacob R. Kolliner and James C. Sullivan, all of Stillwater.

St. Paul.—State Forester Cox returned from a trip through the north. He visited many sections and took several long tramps through the woods with the rangers. He found that the country had had considerable rain and that there is now no great danger of fires. Cook and Lake counties are the only counties that are dry.

Minneapolis. — The McCaul-Webster Elevator Company has started action in the district court against the Great Northern Railway company for freight rebates amounting to $306.73 on shipments of lumber and merchandise made from points in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa to Winnebago, Neb., nearly six years ago.

St. Paul.—Lightning struck the basement of the saloon of Wiedl Brothers, almost completely wrecking the basement. The large refrigerator and a great deal of stock stored in it were destroyed. The bolt did not set fire to the building, however, and aside from wrecking the icebox and stunning some of the patrons upstairs, no damage was done.

Winona.—A contract has been closed whereby the Brooks Elevator company of Minneapolis will take charge of the salvage work at the ruins of the Bay State mill and elevator here, and this work already has been started, under the supervision of J. R. Martin of Minneapolis. The wheat and flour saved can be made over into feed that will realize something on the loss.

Akeley.—During a severe electrical storm here a bolt of lightning struck the big livery barn of John Snider, Sr. The south half of the barn was reduced to splinters and the barn set on fire. The fire was discovered by a mill hand and the night patrol of the Red River Lumber company fire department extinguished the flames before the general alarm summoned the Akeley fire department. The horses or occupants of the barn were not injured.

St. Paul.—The Northwestern Cream Shippers' association opened its office in the Germania Life Building with C. L. Hubbell, general secretary, in charge. The association grew out of a meeting at the Saint Paul in June which leading cream buyers and shippers of this section attended. It was organized for the purpose of grading cream and paying for it according to quality, and promoting in every possible way the dairy industry of the state.

Stillwater.—The village of Lake Elmo's first bank has opened for business. It is one of a series of state banks that is backed by capitalists of Stillwater and other cities among them W. E. Dickson, John Q. Mackintosh, and the railroad contractors, Thoree and Sandee. They are interested in the Seven Corners bank, St. Paul, and in other banks in this city and elsewhere. The State Bank of Lake Elmo is the name chosen. The capital stock is $10,000.

Roseau.—A direct road between Roseau and Warroad has long been needed, and now, as a result of drainage, an almost straight road leading from Warroad will be built, running fourteen miles west and connecting with the road from Roseau, which leaves only one mile of road to be built, and that across section 18, in Spruce town. Commissioner Enstrom, in whose district it lies, is promoting the completion of this mile and also to have this road declared a state road, so as to be in a position to share in the state aid when necessary.

Duluth.—Sixty Italians employed by Butler Bros., stripping contractors at the Grant mine, at Buhl, have struck for an advance of 25 cents a day in wages. They are now getting $1.75. One of the men was arrested for using profane language and was fined $15. Otherwise the men are behaving quietly.

Red Wing. — A immense cheese weighing three tons, which will be exhibited at the Minnesota state fair, was manufactured on a flat car in the Pine Island railroad yards by the Pine Island creamery. The cheese is said to be the largest ever made.

Rochester. — Otto Driske, a young man of this county, was drowned while swimming in the Zumbrota river, between Jarret's Ford and Millville, with a company of friends.

Flags Train; Saves 150 Passengers.

Bellefontaine, Ohio. — With a shirt torn from his back Robert Cook of Degraff flagged Big Four flyer No. 11 at Quincy curve, probably saving the 150 passengers abroad from death. Cook, while walking along the tracks, discovered a broken rail. He ripped off his shirt and, running half a mile up the track, stopped the train.

THEY CHEATED AT CARDS

Experienced Shopper, Who Was Wise, Put Hubby Onto Facts of the Case.

Speaking of family poker parties, this really happened:

A young married couple attended such a session at the home of a neighbor the other night. And when this young couple got home, the female end of the sketch said:

"Jim, I hate to say anything about the Halls—they seem to be nice people. But I'm afraid they cheat at cards."

"Nonsense!"

"I knew you'd say that, and it's dear of you to be so unsuspecting. But—well, what was the price of the chips, tonight? Five cents each? That's what I thought. Jim, I examined those chips carefully, and they're the very same thing that I could have bought at Jones's store for a dollar a hundred in all three colors, too!"

BABY'S HAIR ALL CAME OUT

"When my first baby was six months old he broke out on his head with little bumps. They would dry up and leave a scale. Then it would break out again and it spread all over his head. All the hair came out and his head was scaly all over. Then his face broke out all over in red bumps and it kept spreading until it was on his hands and arms. I bought several boxes of ointment, gave him blood medicine, and had two doctors to treat him, but he got worse all the time. He had it about six months when a friend told me about Cuticura. I sent and got a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. In three days after using them he began to improve. He began to take long naps and to stop scratching his head. After taking two bottles of Resolvent, two boxes of Ointment and three cakes of Soap he was sound and well, and never had any breaking out of any kind. His hair came out in little curls all over his head. I don't think anything else would have cured him except Cuticura.

"I have bought Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap several times since to use for cuts and sores and have never known them to fail to cure what I put them on. Cuticura Soap is the best that I have ever used for toilet purposes." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Harmon, R. F. D. 2, Atoka, Tenn., Sept. 10, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 16 L, Boston.

His Thoughtful Wife.

"I hate to boast," said a Cleveland lawyer, "but my wife is one of the most economical women in the world. The other day she told me she needed a new suit. I said she ought to have it, by all means, but asked her not to spend a big bunch of money without letting me know about it. Well, the next day she said: 'The tailor said he couldn't make the suit for less than $150. I thought it was too much, but told him to go ahead.'

"'Well, I suppose it is all right,' I said, 'but why didn't you consult me first.'

"'Why, dearie, I didn't want to spend car fare for two visits.'

"I tell you, it's these little economies that count, eh?"

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 600,000 bottles sold last year $.50 and $1.00. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

The First Difficulty.

"I can marry any girl I please."

"Yes, but you can't please any."

FREEDOM FROM
COLDS & HEADACHES
INDIGESTION & SOUR STOMACH
BILIOUSNESS & CONSTIPATION

and other ills, due to an inactive condition of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, may be obtained most pleasantly and most promptly by using Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is not a new and untried remedy, but is used by millions of well-informed families throughout the world to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the system whenever a laxative remedy is needed.

When buying note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.,—printed on every package of the genuine.

Regular price 50¢ per bot. one size only. For sale by all leading druggists.

THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS AND
ELIXIR OF SENNA
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Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c. DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c. QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass. The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

MONUMENT TO PERRY

Hero of Lake Erie to Have Memorial.

Big Celebration Is Planned in Honor of American Commodore Who Defeated the British in Memorable Engagement.

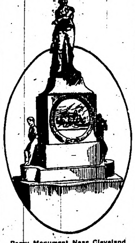
Cleveland, O.—Doubtless everybody has read in the newspapers of an act of congress, passed at the recent session, for the commemoration of the centennial anniversary of the battle of Lake Erie, which was fought by Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry against a British fleet under Captain Barclay off Put-in-Bay. An appropriation of $250,000 was made as a contribution toward a general fund to pay for a suitable monument, and the president was authorized to appoint three commissioners.

The centennial celebration had already been agitated for two years in Ohio and the legislature of the state had already appropriated $80,000. The legislature of Pennsylvania had appropriated $100,000 and the Rhode Island legislature had appropriated $25,000 by a unanimous vote, but the governor vetoed the bill after it had adjourned.

Bills have been introduced in the legislatures of New York for $75,000, in Illinois and Wisconsin for $50,000 each and it is expected that Kentucky will do equally well, because that state furnished nearly all the soldiers for General Harrison's army in the war of 1812, and a squad of the gunners in Commodore Perry's fleet. A good deal is expected from Michigan, but nothing has been done there yet except to appoint a commission to meet with those representing the national government and Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Rhode Island, Kentucky, Wisconsin and Illinois.

It is proposed to erect a lofty column, at least 450 feet high, with a lighthouse and a wireless telegraph office at the top, and at the base an auditorium that will seat at least 1,200 people. Within the shaft it is proposed to have historical, military and naval museums and rendezvous for the naval militia and the yacht clubs on the lakes. It is also proposed to bring from the harbor of Havana one of the masts of the battleship Maine to be used as a flagstaff. Several 12-inch guns from the Oregon and from the Spanish battleship Viscaya are to secured and used as ornaments at the base of the monument.

While the Perry victory will not be celebrated until 1913, arrangements are already under way in various lake ports along the lower Lake Erie preparing for the occasion which will fittingly mark the one hundredth anniversary of Perry's victory. Not only will the various state national guardsmen be sent to the lake region for the occasion, but the military and naval departments of the United States government have promised to send federal troops and middies to take part. The committee on military and naval affairs has framed a tentative program by which the famous "battle of Fallen Timbers," "siege of Fort Meigs," "battle of Fort Sandusky" and "battle of Fort Stephenson" will be reproduced in the lake near this section and Put-in-Bay, the latter place containing the cave where Commodore Perry hid for some weeks following the battle in which his ships were lost. The "battle of the Thames" will also be reproduced according to present plans. Thousands of regular troops and many brigades of the various state militia will be camped near Put-in-Bay where they will give a sham battle as one of the leading features of the celebration. They will be met near there by war vessels of the British and American navies to assist in the maneuvers. Later, "Perry's victory of Lake Erie" will be staged near Put-in-Bay.



Perry Monument Near Cleveland

The events reproduced will be events of nearly 25 years of warfare between Americans on one side and British and Indians on the other. Only the most important events will be enacted, so that the performance will not last more than 14 days.

There is no suitable monument for Commodore Perry and his four brothers, the most famous family of sea fighters in the United States. The father and five sons were officers of the navy and two of the sisters married naval men.

Completes Freak Home.

Long Beach, Cal.—D. N. Hauk of this city has completed an original residence. The front door is designed after the entrance of an Indiana barn dear to the heart of Mr. Hauk. The ceiling also is a faithful replica of the old barn ceiling and he did not overlook a stable door at the top of the stairs landing. In garish contrast to this barnyard atmosphere, a mantel of gray granite set with rubies, emeralds, turquoise and other stones, struggles for recognition in the [illegible]

MARCUSE, CALIFORNIA, LAND FOR PROFITABLE FARMING.

Marcuse Colony, located in Sutter County, which is in the heart of the Sacramento Valley, is fast coming to the front as a farming community in which nearly every agricultural product known may be successfully raised without irrigation.

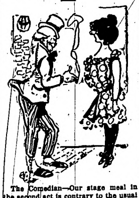
The soil is a dark, sandy loam, sedimentary in character, level and well drained. It has the advantage over other soils in that it is loose in character and superior to heavy soils.

With this wealth of soil, abundance of water, unexcelled climate and long growing season, Marcuse Colony is the ideal place for the homeseeker with limited means, the worn out professional man, or the young man looking for a small farm in a healthful climate.

The proximity of Marcuse Colony to Sacramento, furnishes a ready market for vegetables, poultry, eggs and dairy products. Fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, grains and grasses and poultry yield large returns. The rainfall is certain and drought is unknown.

Land is yet moderately priced, but crop failures in other sections of the United States will bring new settlers in rapidly. This, together with the holding of the Panama Pacific Exposition in San Francisco during 1915, is bound to raise the price, and whether for a home, or for an investment, now is the time to purchase. Land may be had in tracts suitable to the means of all and the results obtained are almost beyond belief. Further information will be gladly furnished by HOMESEEKERS' INFORMATION BUREAU, 630 Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

HE TAKES OFF THE TABLE.



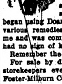
The Comedian—Our stage meal in the second act is contrary to the usual methods of serving dinner.

Soubrette—How so?

The Comedian—The supe comes after the dessert.

SUFFERED AGONY.

Backache, Headache and Dizziness Caused Untold Misery.



Henry J. White, 416 No. 3rd St., Ft. Smith, Ark., says: "I suffered everything but death from terrible kidney trouble. I did not have a moment's peace. The urine resembled blood and left a red stain when it touched the linen. When passed, fire could not have burned more. I had awful headaches and dizzy spells and my back ached constantly. I began using Doan's Kidney Pills after various remedies had failed to help me and was completely cured. I have had no sign of kidney trouble since."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Matter of Repair.

"I see," said Hicks, "that they have started a movement over in England to remodel the Ten Commandments."

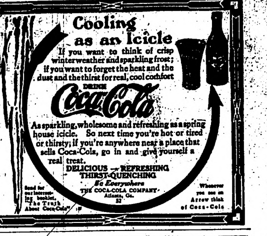
"Remodel, eh?" retorted Dorkins. "What a waste of time—all they need is restoration."—Harper's Weekly.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A man's life can be no larger than the objects to which it is given.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Dodging bad story tellers is one way of avoiding poor relations.



Cooling as an Icicle

If you want to think of crisp winterweather and sparkling frost; if you want to forget the heat and the dust and the thirst for real, cool comfort

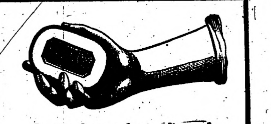
DRINK Coca-Cola

As sparkling, wholesome and refreshing as a spring house icicle. So next time you're hot or tired or thirsty; if you're anywhere near a place that sells Coca-Cola, go in and give yourself a real treat.

DELICIOUS — REFRESHING
THIRST-QUENCHING
5c Everywhere
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.
32

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola



In size, shape, color, quality and price, Lenox Soap suits the majority of women better than any other soap.

That is why most women, when their grocers ask what kind of soap they want, say, "Lenox, of course!"

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand."

Low round trip fares to

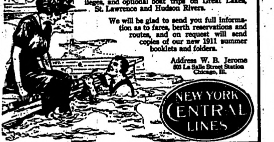
New York, Boston

New England, entire Atlantic Coast and other Eastern Summer Resorts

via

New York Central Lines

Lake Shore—Big Four—Michigan Central



Tickets at reduced fares will be on sale daily during August and September. Many free stop-over privileges, and optional boat trips on Great Lakes, St. Lawrence and Hudson Rivers.

We will be glad to send you full information as to fares, berth reservations and routes, and on request will send copies of our new 1911 summer booklets and folders.

Address W. B. Jerome
503 La Salle Street Station
Chicago, Ill.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING

Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Parker & Company 5th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N. W. N. U., NO. 31–1911.

50,000 Men Wanted in Western Canada

200 Million Bushels Wheat to be Harvested

Harvest Help In Great Demand

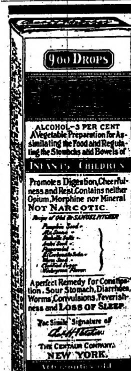
Reports from the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Western Canada) indicate one of the best crops ever raised on the continent. To harvest this crop will require at least 50,000 harvesters.

Low Rates Will be Given on All Canadian Roads

Excursions are run daily and full particulars will be given on application to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent. The rates are made to apply to all who wish to take advantage of them for the purpose of inspecting the grain fields of Western Canada, and the wonderful opportunities there offered for those who wish to invest, and also those who wish to take up actual farm life.

Apply at once to

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.


900 DROPS
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES 35 CENTS

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

DAISY FLY KILLER

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 12, 1911. NUMBER 5.

SEN. FRYE DEAD

AGED SOLON, LONG TIME A POWER IN CONGRESS, PASSES IN LEWISTON.

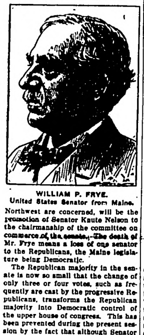
IN SENATE THIRTY YEARS

Changes in Organization Will be Necessary.—Knute Nelson to be Made Chairman of Commerce Committee.

Lewiston, Me., Aug. .—The state of Maine lost its senior United States senator and an almost lifelong faithful servant when William Pierce Frye died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Helen White, in this city. At his bedside were Mrs. White and his other daughter, Mrs. Alice Briggs, who also resides in Lewiston.

A general breakdown, due to his age and his extremely arduous career, is ascribed by Senator Frye's physicians as the cause of death. President Taft and Governor Plaisted were notified of the death of Senator Frye.

Washington, D. C. — The death of Senator Frye will create some important changes in the organization of the United States senate, chief among which, so far as the interests of the Northwest are concerned, will be the promotion of Senator Knute Nelson to the chairmanship of the committee on commerce of the senate. The death of Mr. Frye means a loss of one senator to the Republicans, the Maine legislature being Democratic.



WILLIAM P. FRYE.
United States Senator from Maine.

The Republican majority in the senate is now so small that the change of only three or four votes, such as frequently are cast by the progressive Republicans, transforms the Republican majority into Democratic control of the upper house of congress. This has been prevented during the present session by the fact that although Senator Frye has not been in his seat during the special session, the rule as to "pairs" has protected his vote, and Senator Bacon, of Georgia, who has been paired with the Maine senator, has not voted at any time when he could not furnish another Democratic senator to pair with Frye during his absence.

Senator Frye belonged to the old school of Republican statesmen, and for many years he was a power in the senate, often being chosen president of that body, pro tempore, in the absence of the vice president. He resigned that position at the beginning of the present session, and the controversy over the election of his successor, the choice of the Republicans having fallen by caucus agreement upon Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, brought about the first definite contest over the control of the senate, the insurgent Republicans uniting to defeat the election of Senator Gallinger.

The transfer of Senator Nelson to the commerce committee will necessitate relinquishment by the Minnesota senator of the public lands committee chairmanship, which may go either to Mr. Dixon, of Montana, or Mr. Heyburn, of Idaho.

Senator Frye was one of the last two of that remarkable coterie of Maine statesmen which began with Hannibal Hamlin and ended with himself and Senator Hale, who retired at the close of the last session of congress and included James G. Blaine, William Pitt Fessenden, Thomas B. Reed, and Nelson Dingley.

Both he and Hale began service in the senate in 1881, and served the nation side by side for 30 years, a much longer tie than any other two men ever sat together in the senate, whether from the same state or not.

Senator Cullom now becomes the ranking senator in point of long service.

Statehood Bill Passed.

The bill granting statehood to New Mexico and Arizona—legislation that has been for many years the dream of the people of those territories—was passed by the senate 53 to 18, after rejection of the Nelson amendment which proposed striking out of the Arizona constitution its judiciary recall provision.

JUDGES WERE OVERPAID.

Milwaukee Jurists Received $1,000 a Year Too Much.

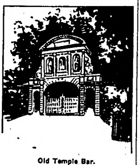
Milwaukee, Wis. — Judges of the circuit courts of Milwaukee county have been overpaid $1,000 a year for the last six years, according to an opinion handed down by District Attorney W. C. Zabel. The matter will be investigated by the county board. The members of this branch of the judiciary have been receiving $6,000 a year.

TEMPLE BAR TO BE RESTORED

One of the Original Gates of London to Be Permanently Erected in Epping Forest.

London.—Londoners are keenly interested in the proposed restoration to the city of Temple Bar, one of original gates of London, made possible by the recent death of Lady Meux, on whose estate it has stood since 1878.

In that year it was taken down from its position in Fleet street, as it impeded the increasing traffic, and the late Sir Henry Meux bought it, had all the stones carefully marked and erected again at the entrance of his estate, Theobald's park at Chestnut, a little way out of London, where it has stood ever since. It is suggested now to put it up in Epping forest, one of the nearest open spaces to London, and the property of the city, but some antiquarians are of the opinion that it should be brought nearer the heart of things than that, for old associations' sake.



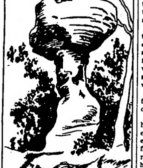
Old Temple Bar.

What a "sermon in stones" the old gate could give if it could speak! Here, in the old days, the watchman looked out on to pleasant fields and country roads, while passengers passed in under the ancient doorway after their long and sometimes adventurous journeys from Brighton or Portsmouth. Here, from time to time, breathless horsemen dashed up with tales of plunder by highwaymen on the wilds of the Hampstead Heath. During the great fire at London Temple Bar was nearly destroyed, but it was restored in 1870 by Sir Christopher Wren.

WEST VIRGINIA CURIOSITY

Lincoln County Boasts of "Maul Rock," So Called Because of Its Resemblance to a Maul.

Wheeling, W. Va.—It becomes expedient for Lincoln county, West Virginia, to tell of one of her few natural curiosities. As the accompanying picture shows, this rock is called "Maul Rock," because of its similarity to a maul. The base of the rock is about 1,000 feet above sea level and is made up of large boulders. The stem of the rock is 20 feet high and will average about seven feet in diameter. The cap, or maul part, is about six feet thick and is 38 feet in circumference. The stem is of a soft formation and is fast crumbling away, since the timber has died that was a great protection from the force of strong winds. By mounting the rock, by means of a ladder that is kept there, a magnificent view of the West Virginia hills can be obtained.



West Virginia Rock Freak.

"MUMMY" WHEAT SWINDLE

Western Farmers Who Paid $5 a Pint Find They Bought a Common Variety.

Kansas City, Mo.—Numerous farmers in Western Missouri and Eastern Kansas have been swindled by men who last spring sold them small quantities of what they called "mummy" wheat, taken from old Egyptian tombs and said to be vastly superior in quality and yield to the Turkey red wheat usually grown.

The swindlers purported that there was only a small quantity of the wheat and they sold it for as much as $5 a pint. This quantity, they said, would produce enough the second year to seed a quarter section, which would yield from 50 to 75 bushels to the acre and would grade higher than the common hard wheat.

Farmers who planted the wheat found that it was a common variety, not as good as the Turkey red, and did not yield any better. It is supposed the wheat had been stored in a dry place for several years, which gave it the "mummy" appearance.

ACTOR CREMATED

JAMESON L. FINNEY VICTIM OF BLAZE WHICH DESTROYS PART OF THE CARLTON.

PROMINENT AMERICANS

Narrow Escapes Numerous and Many Guests Lose Their Baggage.—Arizonan Rescues Three Persons.

London, Eng. — Jameson Lee Finney, the American actor, perished in a fire which destroyed a portion of the Carlton hotel, where he was a guest. He has not been seen since the fire and a roll call of the hotel staff shows that none of its members is missing.

The body was found in the bathroom adjoining Mr. Finney's room on the fifth floor of the annex. The face was so badly charred that the features were unrecognizable. Apparently Mr. Finney had gone into the bathroom to bathe before dressing and was asphyxiated. The body was taken to the morgue later in the evening. A large number of American guests escaped from the hotel, but lost their baggage.

The alarm caught them in every condition of undress. Al Pratt of New York, with his wife, occupied a room on the top floor. They saved nothing.

Mrs. C. Shippy and son and Miss Jessie Gardner of Chicago had just arrived at the hotel from Oxford. They had just time to leave their rooms in the scantiest of attire and leave their luggage which the porters had only a moment before deposited in their rooms.

Keene One of Coolest.

James R. Keene, the New York financier and horseman, was one of the coolest victims of the fire. He was sitting in his room when the alarm rang and calmly walked downstairs, lighting a cigar, and then stood on the sidewalk and watched the progress of the flames. James Purroy Mitchell, president of the board of aldermen of New York, was asleep in his room but Mrs. Mitchell, who was in an adjoining room, awakened him and they quickly made their exit from the building.

Among other Americans in the hotel when the fire broke out, who lost all or most of their baggage and some of whom only had time to don a few clothes, are F. W. and C. C. Woolworth, of New York, R. W. Baniel of Philadelphia, J. P. Scott of Chicago, George Parpany of Pittsburg, P. D. Harvey of Baltimore, H. E. Guerbin and E. W. Brother of Mexico, Barton French of Baltimore, ex-Governor Brown and son of Maryland, John Greenaway and party of Bisbee, Ariz.

One of the features of the fire was the bravery of the Americans. What little panic and excitement existed was among the employes of the hotel, chiefly the continental women in the servants' quarters, who were screaming at the top of their voices.

John Greenaway of Arizona took two women and a boy down a fire escape, while R. W. Daniels slid down a rope to the street from the third floor with an English friend who was visiting him. Thomas A. Edison was staying at the Carlton, but was out when the fire occurred.

The Carlton is one of London's most fashionable resorts and many Americans are among its guests.

The fire burned for two and a half hours but was confined mainly to that end of the hotel adjoining His Majesty's theater, and the fifth and sixth floors, which were gutted. Part of the roof also was destroyed. Only the hardest work by firemen saved the hotel and theater.

Actor Finney's Career.

New York, N. Y. — Jameson Lee Finney was a widely known character actor, who had appeared in many of the recent successful plays on the metropolitan stage and in cities throughout the country. He was born 47 years ago in St Louis and made his first stage appearance in Syracuse, N. Y., in 1881. He appeared for a time in various parts with the Booth-Barrett Company. In 1894 he joined the Empire Stock Company and appeared in conspicuous parts for four years. During 1901 he toured with Daniel Frohman's company and for the next two years appeared steadily in New York theaters.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Market generally 10c higher; beeves, $5.00@7.60; western steers, $4.10@6.40; stockers and feeders, $3.00@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.20@6.10; calves, $5.75@8.00.

Sheep—Market steady to 10c lower; native, $2.25@3.75; western, $2.50@3.75; yearlings, $3.75@4.75; lambs, native, $3.75@6.75.

Twin City Market.

Minneapolis, Aug. 10.—Wheat, September, $1.04⅛; Dec., $1.05⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.07⅛; No. 2 northern, $1.05; No. 1 durum, 98c; No. 3 corn, 65c; No. 3 white oats, 41½c; barley, malting, $1.04; No. 2 rye, 80½c; No. 1 flax, $2.25.

Duluth, Aug. 10. — Wheat, September, $1.06⅛; December, $1.06⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.06⅝; No. 1 durum, 99½c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 10.—Cattle—Steers, $4.50@5.00; cows, $2.25@4.25; calves, $3.00@6.25; hogs, $7.00@7.50; lambs, $3.25@5.00.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Charles A. White, the Illinois legislator, who claims he was bribed to vote for William Lorimer for senator, completed his three days' story on direct examination before the Senator Lorimer committee.

Standing upon chairs, waving handkerchiefs and yelling loudly, democratic representatives acclaimed Representative Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, democratic leader of the house, when he attacked William J. Bryan for criticising his position on extension of the tariff revision program.

A woman is now in actual charge of the mints of the United States. Miss Margaret Kelly, long connected with the mint bureau, was appointed examiner, in which position she will be next in authority to George E. Roberts, the director.

With stable tariff conditions the United States within the next fifteen years will be producing within its own borders all the sugar consumed in the country, in the opinion of Trueman G. Palmer, secretary of the United States beet sugar industry, who testified before the house sugar investigating committee.

Proposed increases in commutation passenger fares by the leading railways operating in and out of New York city were held by the Interstate Commerce commission to be reasonable, generally, except in the case of the Pennsylvania railroad, whose commutation rates are declared excessive and are ordered reduced. Against the Pennsylvania a specific order is made by the commission requiring it to desist from exercising its present commutation fares to and from New York city by September 1, and for not less than two years thereafter.

General.

A fire at Dubuque, Iowa, destroyed $190,000 worth of property.

Congressman Berger has introduced a bill to pension all old people.

There is now in the treasury vaults at Washington a total of $1,889,247,000.

The Very Rev. Robert Gregory, D. D., died at London. He was dean of St. Paul's.

Bryan says if he has done Congressman Underwood an injustice he will retract his criticism.

At least eight are known to be dead in the fire which burned the hospital for insane at Hamilton, Ont.

An excursion steamer capsized in the St. Lawrence river, and seven are known to have been drowned.

The Connecticut state grange has decided to administer a snub to President Taft at the coming fair.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Captain Alfred Reynolds, U. S. N., as a rear admiral.

Robbers entered the Bank of Taft, twelve miles west of Muskogee, Okl., blew the safe and escaped with $1,200.

Democratic Leader Underwood, in a speech denounced as false William J. Bryan's attack on Mr. Underwood, charging him with blocking tariff schedules.

A statute has been found under which the coffee trust and other like foreign combines can be prosecuted.

The campaign publicity bill, with the amendments attached to it in the senate, was sent to a conference committee of the two houses.

Record-breaking export flour orders for September and October delivery have been booked by Seattle millers during the last two weeks. One mill has Chinese orders for 100,000 sacks and others are running full capacity.

Encouraged by the success of the postal savings system in the hundreds of cities where it is alredy in operation, Postmaster General Hitchcock signed an order extending the system to ten large cities of the first class.

According to official estimates, announced at the president's office, the largest part of the Maderist army has been mustered out and the former revolutionists are at work in the factories or on the haciendas.

The government has taken duty off coal imported into Canada at all ports between Soo, Ontario, and the Pacific coast to relieve the coal famine in the western provinces.

Chicago detectives arrested a man giving his name as John Barker, who is believed to be Jay Duryea, in connection with the robbery of H. T. Bied, a Los Angeles, Cal., diamond merchant, from whom diamonds valued at $10,000 were stolen June 22.

Grim tales of loss of life and disaster to shipping by the West Inidan hurricane which swept the New England coast continue to come in.

The senate Lorimer committee will spend perhaps the last week of taking testimony in Washington and may then recess to meet in Chicago at some time yet to be decided.

Class freight rates between Des Moines, Ia., and Colorado common points in Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas and Nebraska were attacked in a complaint filed with the Interstate Commerce commission by the Great [illegible]

The cotton revision bill passed the house by a vote of 202 to 91.

The farmers' free list bill passed the senate in amended form.

Senator La Follette charged conspiracy to defeat all real tariff legislation.

Street car motormen and conductors of Des Moines are on a strike.

The Standard Oil company has announced its plan of reorganization.

The present mayor of Omaha favors commission form of government.

John A. Topping denied there was a price agreement among steel men.

The English parliament will adjourn August 18 till about the 1st of November.

Democratic and republican congressmen have arranged a baseball game.

Senator Bailey has refused to serve longer on the privileges and election committee.

Commissioner of Corporations Smith made his report on the tax laws of the states.

Manker, the fugitive banker, whose wife lives at Eagle, Neb., suicided in San Francisco.

Over two millions of dollars are charged up against the people of Nebraska in back taxes.

The senate passed the house reapportionment bill, providing for increased membership of the lower body.

At Paris John W. Gates continues a battle for life, but it is admitted that the chances are against the financier.

F. H. Peavey & Co. will refund all its indebtedness by issuing collateral 6 per cent notes, maturing in three years.

What is expected to be the last "stomp dance" of the Snake Indians is in progress on Hickory ground, Oklahoma.

Treaties of arbitration between the United States, Great Britain and France were signed at Washington and Paris.

The Interstate Commerce commission ordered lower rates for commuters in and around New York in a few instances.

Charles White of the Illinois legislature believes that most of the democrats voting for Lorimer got pay for so doing.

Lieutenant Charles E. Brillhart of the United States navy was found dead from a bullet wound in his room at the Hotel Astor, New York.

It is rumored in Washington that Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, owing to recent family bereavements, has decided to retire from public life.

The revenue cutters Onondaga and Seminole were ordered to sea to search for the yacht Coronet, which is believed to be in distress off Cape Hatteras.

Nebraska state banks must display in a conspicuous place certificate showing their deposits are protected by the depositors' fund of the state of Nebraska.

President Taft sent to the senate the nominations of Lawrence N. Houston as registrar of the land office and Hugh Scott as receiver of public moneys at Guthrie, Oklahoma.

John G. A. Leishman has been proposed to the German government by Washington as American ambassador to succeed Dr. David Jayne Hill, who resigned last spring.

Major General Carter was relieved of command of the maneuver division at San Antonio, Texas, and ordered to Washington to resume his duties as assistant chief of staff of the army.

An official communication from the Italian government shows that from July 21 to July 26 inclusive, 486 deaths from cholera were reported and 223 deaths in the provinces of Italy.

The war department has begun a determined campaign to procure the highest number of cadets allowable under the law for the class entering the United States military academy next June.

Captain William L. Rodgers, at present in command of the battleship Georgia, has been selected as president of the Naval War college to take the place of Admiral Raymond Rogeos, who retires next fall.

A daughter was born at the general hospital in Sault Ste. Marie to Mrs. Angelin Napolitina, the convicted slayer of her husband who was sentenced to be hanged in August, but whose sentence was cummuted to life imprisonment.

At a meeting today of the creditors' committee of Chicago bankers in charge of the affairs of the defunct Peavey Grain company, a report of the auditors was read showing that the liabilities of the concern are $1,000,057 in excess of the assets.

W. S. Shallenberger, for ten years second assistant postmaster general and for six years in congress and a member of the committee on postal affairs, appeared before the commission appointed by congress to inquire into and report on an equitable adjustment of the disputed rates on second class mail matter.

Personal.

Congress expects to get through by the 15th.

Mr. Charles M. Schwab says that it was he who evolved the ideal of the steel trust.

Admiral Togo was in Washington and dined with the president.

Republicans are having fun over the Bryan-Underwood controversy.

The reapportionment bill is so drawn that no state will lose in representation.

Former United States Senator Edward Murphy of New York, died at Troy, N. Y.

Germany has accepted John Leishman as [illegible]

HORTICULTURE

MAKING GOOD CIDER VINEGAR

Process Is Simple and Involves Very Little Work—Cleanliness Is First Important Factor.

(By S. M. MILLER.)

There are many apple orchards, especially those that have never been sprayed or cultivated, in which large quantities of apples are allowed to go to waste every year.

Such fruit makes a good grade of cider vinegar, and a handsome profit can be made in utilizing it in this way.

Even if one sprays and cultivates the orchard regularly each season and does everything possible to prevent having anything but marketable fruit there will always be a good many culls.

However, do not allow these unmerchantable apples to go to waste. Make cider vinegar from them and get a good price for the product right here at home.

Making cider vinegar is very simple. There is practically no labor attached to it other than extracting the juice from the apples.

Perfect cleanliness first, last and all the time is a matter of vital importance. Apples that are picked up from the ground are usually dirty and should be thoroughly washed before being placed in the cider mill.

The mill and all utensils used in the making must be kept well cleaned if a good product is to be made. To use unclean fruit or unclean vessels simply invites bad fermentation.

If all sorts of germs which are found on dirty and decayed fruit are put in the cider a good quality of vinegar must not be expected.

Where one has no mill the fruit can be pulped by hand with wooden mauls in a wooden trough, and where only a sufficient quantity of vinegar is wanted for home use it is not a difficult matter to secure it in this way.

The best receptacles in which to put the cider are molasses kegs or barrels, preferably those which have held vinegar previously, since fermentation commences sooner when the fermenting organism is present than when it must find its way into the liquid from outside mediums.

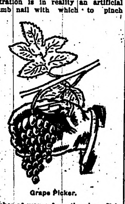
To made a good grade of vinegar two factors are essential during the process of fermentation. First, the air must have free access to the liquid to support the organism. Second, the temperature must be favorable for the growth of the fermenting agent.

The barrels or kegs should be placed in a room where the temperature will be fairly constant at 70 to 75 degrees, placed on their sides in order to give more surface to the atmosphere, and filled with the juice to within six inches to eight inches of the bunghole.

HANDY LITTLE GRAPE PICKER

Device Is Artificial Thumb Nail, Held on by Means of Plate and Makes Picking Simple.

The thimble device shown in the illustration is in reality an artificial thumb nail with which to pinch bunches of grapes from the vine. It is secured to the thumb by means of a plate and strap, and makes picking simple and quick.



Grape Picker.

KEEP THE LAWN BEAUTIFUL

Rake All Moss Out and Cut Dandelions and Plantain Well Below Crowns—Plant Borders.

Go over the lawn and if you find moss rake it out. Cut well below the crowns of dandelions and plantain. If possible top dress the lawn with leaf mold or thoroughly rotten straw or manure.

The continuous flowering border recommends itself to the busy housewife who wants a lot of flowers and who has but little time to give to them. Prepare a border two or two and one-half feet wide and spade it two feet deep, enriching it with well-rotted manure. Into this border plant all sorts of annuals, perennials and bulbs, placing the tall growing ones in the back row, and the short ones along the edge of the border. As the years pass the border will grow in beauty [illegible]

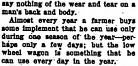
USEFUL LOW-WHEEL WAGON

Has Been Found Practically Indispensable for Various Jobs Around Farm Every Day in Year.

Every farmer knows that there are numberless small jobs about the place that require the use of a wagon where the bed will be close to the ground so as to make the lift as short as possible.

That need has been met with the low-wheel wagon and has made it practically indispensable for gathering apples, and hauling basket fruit, fodder, manure, hay and grain, clearing the fields of stones and stumps and carrying tools and timber for fixing up fences, or any odd job, say, like hauling away a fallen tree.

Then there is nothing that fills the bill better for all kinds of work in the corn fields. There is no earthly reason why a man should lift the corn as high as his shoulder when the low wagon will permit him to perform the labor in the same amount of time, to say nothing of the wear and tear on a man's back and body.



Low Broad-Tired Wagon.

Almost every year a farmer buys some implement that he can use only during one season of the year—perhaps only a few days; but the low wheel wagon is something that he can use every day in the year.

The broad tires make the draft lighter, and that means saving the team. Of course for certain kinds of road use there will always be a demand for the narrow tire wheels, but on a smooth surface and particularly where the ground is soft the pull on the team is decreased 25 per cent to 50 per cent for the simple reason that the broad tires do not sink into the ground; the wider bearing surface of the tire distributes the load in such a manner as to buoy the wagon up and keep it on top of the ground.

Especially on plowed ground or very muddy roads these wheels do not mire like the ordinary wheels, which of course makes the saving on the horses even greater.

FRUIT TURNED INTO METAL

Scientist Has Secret Process by Which Flowers and Fruit Are Converted Into Solid Mass.

By means of a secret process, Prof. L. G. Delamothe, a European scientist, is said to convert flowers, fruit and even animal tissue into metal, says Popular Mechanics. He does not deposit a thin layer of metal upon the surface, as in electroplating, but is said actually to transmute the life-grown material into dead metal.

Grapes Turned Into Metal.

The bunch of grapes shown in the illustration was so converted, the grapes and leaves having all their natural tints in the metal. The treatment is accomplished by an electrical agency.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

It is good practice to graft plums on peach stock.

A spraying of the currant and other small fruit bushes will help.

Fruit should never be offered for sale that is exposed to flies.

An orchard neglected for one year virtually puts it back three years.

If the rabbits have gnawed only the outer bark, wrap the wound with cloth.

If your orchard produces poor fruit you may be sure there is a reason and you ought to find it.

Grape vines make a beautiful arbor, and if properly taken care of will pay their way every year in fruit.

Do not be stingy of water for the plants. Soak them plenty once or twice a week, and don't dribble once a day.

It is a great mistake to pick out the poorest soil on the place on which to plant the orchard. The best is none too good.

If a man sells fruit of which he is ashamed then he should throw away his stencil and conceal all evidence of his ownership.

The flowers will require close attention now to keep them tidy. Pick off all the seed pods and dead leaves and keep after the weeds.

Lemon and orange growers have learned that it is best to wash and wipe them before packing to prevent the spread of rot fungi.

The reason fruit trees planted in [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

LAZAR & LAZAR

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR THE

Dacotah Cleaners and Dyers

GRAND FORKS, N. D.

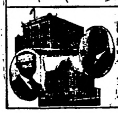
Ladies' and gents' clothes French dry cleaned, steam cleaned, or dyed, pressed, and repaired, at very reasonable prices

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

For prices and more information, see

Lazar & Lazar, Local Clothiers

Mankato Commercial College



LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its stuudents in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
MANKATO, MINN.

HOW FORTUNES GROW

In order to accumulate a fortune it is necessary to take advantage of every legitimate opportunity to save money, to be industrious and economical, and then to use every precaution to safeguard what you have made. This bank was to assist you in building a fortune. It will so care for your money that it is absolutely secure, and you can have it whenever you want it. It will assist you with good advice on business matters, and if you join its financial family it will prove your good friend in time of need. It insures you the best service and convenience. Make a deposit today. Every fortune has grown from a bank account.

Merchants State Bank

Under State Supervision ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, Pres. D. PATTERSON, Vice Pres.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier. A. D. STEPHENS, 2nd V. P.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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Remittances should be made in postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 12, 1911.

Board of Equalization

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
July 17, 1911.

Pursuant to law Ed. A. Aubol, Daniel Shaw, Peter C. Wold, Peter Hedeen, and Olaf Larson, constituting the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minn., met in the auditorium building, in the county auditor's office, at 10 o'clock a. m., and in conjunction with A. H. Fasel, county auditor, took and subscribed the statutory oath and entered upon their duties as the county board of equalization in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota.

Daniel Shaw was elected chairman.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m.

The equalization of the assessment of personal property in the county was taken up and on motion carried unanimously the following changes were made:

TOWN OF BRAY.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	10	per cent
Horses 3 years old,	raised	15	" "
All other cattle 3 years old.......	"	20	" "
Wagons, carriages and sleighs.....	"	50	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	50	" "
Melodeons and organs..........	reduced	15	" "
Pianos..........	raised	50	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	50	" "
Farm tools implements, etc......	"	40	" "
TOWN OF BLACK RIVER.			
Cattle, 3 years old and over.......	raised	25	per cent
Sheep..........	"	40	" "
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	"	60	" "
Sewing machines, etc,..........	"	10	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	60	" "
Melodeons and organs..........	raised	50	" "
Pianos..........	"	20	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	100	" "
TOWN OF CLOVER LEAF.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	10	" "
Wagons..........	raised	35	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	100	" "
Merchandise......	"	25	" "
TOWN OF DEER PARK.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	20	per cent
Hogs..........	raised	20	" "
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	"	150	" "
Sewing machines, etc,..........	reduced	10	" "
Watches and clocks..........	raised	100	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	100	" "
Farm machinery,	"	100	" "
TOWN OF GOODRIDGE.			
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	reduced	25	per cent
Sewing machines,	"	20	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	50	" "
Household goods, etc..	raised	100	" "
TOWN OF HIGH LANDING.			
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	raised	30	per cent
Household goods, etc..........	"	40	" "
Thrashing machines..........	reduced	25	" "
Goods and merchandise..........	"	30	" "
Manufacturer's tools, etc..........	"	20	" "
TOWN OF HICKORY.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	20	" "
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	reduced	20	" "
Watches and clocks..........	raised	100	" "
Thrashing machines..........	"	50	" "
TOWN OF KRATKA.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	5	per cent
Cattle 3 years old and over.......	"	40	" "
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	reduced	5	" "
Sewing machines,	raised	30	" "
Melodeons and organs..........	"	40	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	33⅓	" "
Farm machinery, etc..........	reduced	33⅓	" "
Manufacturers' tools, etc..........	raised	100	" "
TOWN OF MAYFIELD.			
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	raised	30	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	50	" "
Household goods, etc..........	"	33⅓	" "
Farm machinery,	"	30	" "
TOWN OF NUMEDAL.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	10	per cent
Cattle 3 years old and over.......	"	40	" "
Wagons, carriages, and sleighs.....	"	50	" "
Sewing machines,	"	50	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	33⅓	" "
Household goods,	"	125	" "
Farm machinery,	"	100	" "
Thrashing machines..........	"	75	" "
TOWN OF NORDEN.			
Sheep..........	raised	30	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	100	" "
Melodeons and organs..........	reduced	15	" "
Household goods,	raised	20	" "
Farm machinery,	"	15	" "
TOWN OF NORTH.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	5	per cent
All other cattle 3 years old and over..........	"	25	" "
Sheep..........	reduced	10	" "
Watches and clocks..........	raised	30	" "
Household goods,	"	10	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	reduced	20	" "
TOWN OF POLK CENTRE.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	10	per cent
Wagons, carriages, etc..........	raised	50	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	60	" "
Household goods,	"	50	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	reduced	20	" "
TOWN OF REINER.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	20	per cent
Horses 2 years old,	"	10	" "
All other cattle over 3 years old,	raised	25	" "
Sheep..........	"	40	" "
Wagons, carriages, etc..........	"	100	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	50	" "
Household goods,	"	33⅓	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	"	50	" "

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 7 o'clock p. m.

The board reconvened at 7 o clock p. m., with all members present.

The equalization of personal property was resumed and the following changes were made:

TOWN OF ROCKSBURY.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	20	per cent
Cattle 1 year old..	"	20	" "
Cattle 2 years old,	raised	10	" "
Oxen..........	reduced	5	" "
All other cattle over 3 years old,	raised	10	" "
Wagons, carriages, etc..........	"	10	" "
Sewing machines,	reduced	10	" "
Household goods,	raised	80	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	"	20	" "
TOWN OF RIVER FALLS.			
Horses 2 years old,	reduced	5	per cent
Horses 3 "	raised	15	" "
Stallions and registered horses...	"	200	" "
Cattle 2 years old,	"	33⅓	" "
Cows..........	"	10	" "
Sheep..........	"	40	" "
Hogs..........	"	50	" "
Wagons..........	"	80	" "
Sewing machines,	"	200	" "
Organs..........	"	15	" "
Household goods,	"	200	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	"	100	" "
Goods of retail merchants......	reduced	50	" "
Wheat and flour in hands of merchants......	"	to $50.00	

* Wheat assessed for bushel tax as prescribed by law.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 8 o'clock a. m., July 18, 1911.

July 18, 1911.

The board reconvened at 8 o'clock a. m. with all members present.

The equalization of personal property was resumed and the following changes were made:

TOWN OF SILVERTON.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	20	per cent
All other cattle over 3 years old,	"	20	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	reduced	15	" "
Household goods,	raised	200	" "
Farm machinery and tools......	reduced	40	" "
TOWN OF SANDERS.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	20	" "
Horses 2 years old,	"	5	" "
Sheep..........	raised	10	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	"	10	" "
Organs..........	"	100	" "
Pianos..........	"	100	" "
Household goods,	"	200	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	"	150	" "
TOWN OF SMILEY.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	5	" "
Horses 3 years old,	"	10	" "
Hogs..........	"	15	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	"	40	" "
Sewing machines,	"	75	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	100	" "
Organs..........	"	100	" "
Household goods,	"	150	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	"	150	" "
TOWN OF STAR.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	5	per cent
Horses 3 years old,	raised	10	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	"	75	" "
Sewing machines,	"	100	" "
Household goods,	"	400	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	reduced	20	" "
Thrashing machines..........	raised	40	" "
TOWN OF WYANDOTTE.			
Horses 1 year old,	reduced	20	per cent
Horses 2 years old,	"	5	" "
Horses 3 years old,	raised	15	" "
Cattle 2 years old,	"	33⅓	" "
Cows..........	"	10	" "
Sheep..........	"	10	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	"	65	" "
Sewing machines,	"	30	" "
Watches and clocks..........	"	100	" "
Household goods,	"	125	" "
Farm tools and machinery......	reduced	20	" "

On motion duly carried the board adjourned until 10 o'clock a. m. August 1, 1911.

10 O'CLOCK A. M., AUGUST 1, 1911.

The board reconvened as board of equalization with all members present.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order at 1 o'clock p. m. with all members present.

The equalization of personal property assessments was resumed and the following changes were made.

On motion made and carried the assessment of the Red Lake building association was cancelled.

VILLAGE OF ST. HILAIRE.			
Horses 1 year old,	raised	5	per cent
Horses 2 years old,	"	30	" "
Wagons and carriages..........	"	15	" "
Organs..........	"	40	" "
Pianos..........	"	15	" "
Household goods,	"	50	" "
CITY OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.			
Horses 2 years old,	raised	10	" "
Goods and merchandise in the hands of retail merchants......	"	50	" "

Having examined, compared, and equalized the returns of assessments of personal property of the county for the year 1911, on motion duly carried the board adjourned sine die.

DANIEL SHAW,
Chairman County Board of Equalization.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
August 1, A. D. 1911.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The board of county commissioners of Pennington county met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, at 2 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, August 1, A. D. 1911, for a hearing and consideration of the engineers and viewers report on the ditch petitioned for by Ole Skreland and others, and designatd as county ditch No. 53.

The matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others for county ditch No. 53 was then taken up and the argument of persons interested considered after which on motion made and duly seconded, and carried unanimously that the engineers report and the viewers report as amended for the establishment and construction of county ditch No. 53 be accepted, and that said ditch be in all things established as amended and on file in the office of the county auditor of Pennington county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing county ditch No. 53 in Pennington county made:

ORDER TO ESTABLISH DITCH

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington } ss

In the matter of the petition of Ole Skreland and others, for a public ditch in the county of Pennington state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as county ditch No. 53.

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard by and before the county board of the county of Pennington state of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the first day of August A. D. 1911 at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendancy of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pretaining thereto, find as follows towit:

First—That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

Second—That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their raport thereon according to law.

Third—That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

Fourth—That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers' are complete and correct.

Fifth—That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been duly given, published and posted and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish the said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is further ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein, in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 1st day of August A. D. 1911.

By the Board, ED. A. AUBOL,
(SEAL) Chairman of County
Board of Pennington
County Minnesota.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
August 2, A. D. 1911.

On the call of the county auditor pursuant to chapter 230 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905 and acts amendatory thereof.

The board of county commissioners of Pennington county met in special session at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls Minnesota, at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday August 2, A. D. 1911, for a hearing and consideration of the engineer's report and viewers' report on the ditch petitioned for by Lorence Wajnarowski and others and designated as County Ditch No. 55.

The matter of the petition of Lorence Wajnarowski and others for County Ditch No. 55 was then taken up and the arguments of persons interested considered, after which on motion made and duly seconded and carried unanimously, that the engineer's report and the viewers' report as amended for the establishment and construction of County Ditch No. 55 be accepted, and that said ditch be in all things established as provided by law according to the engineer's report and the viewers' report as amended and on file in the office of the county auditor of Pennington county, Minnesota, whereupon the following order establishing County Ditch No. 55, in Pennington county, was made:

ORDER TO ESTABLISH DITCH.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington } ss

In the matter of the petition of Lorence Wajnarowski and others for a public ditch in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, designated and numbered as County Ditch No. 55:

The above entitled matter came on duly to be heard before the county board of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, at a special meeting of said board duly called for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition for said ditch in the above entitled matter on the 2nd day of August, A. D. 1911, and it appearing by proper evidence that due notice had been given of the pendency of said petition and of said time of hearing thereon, and that C. H. Martz, the civil engineer appointed by this board to survey the route of said ditch, has completed his work and duly filed his report thereon in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that the viewers appointed by said board to view and report upon said work have duly completed their labors and made and filed their report in due form of law in the office of said county auditor, the said county board did, at the time above specified, proceed to hear said petition and said viewers' report thereon; and said board having duly considered said petition and heard all the parties interested for or against the construction of said ditch and all other matters pertaining thereto, find as follows, towit:

First—That the said civil engineer has completed his work and made and filed his report thereon in all respects according to law.

Second—That the viewers appointed herein have duly completed their labors and have made and filed their report thereon according to law.

Third—That the estimated benefits to be derived from the construction of said work are greater than its total cost, including damages awarded.

Fourth—That the damages and benefits arising from the construction of said ditch have been duly awarded and assessed, and that said work will be of public utility and promote the public health and that said reports of said engineer and viewers are complete and correct.

Fifth—That notice of this hearing of said petition and of said viewers' report and said engineer's report has been fully given, published, and posted, and mailed as by law required, and that proofs of said service of said notice have been duly made and filed in the office of the county auditor of said county, and that all other proceedings in the matter have been made and taken in accordance with the provisions of law.

Now therefore, As conclusions from the foregoing findings, we, the county board of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, at said special session of said board, held at the time above specified, being satisfied that the proposed ditch will be of public utility and conducive to public health and public benefit and convenience, do hereby locate and establish said ditch according to the report and the specifications of said civil engineer made and filed herein; and do hereby establish and confirm the report of the viewers made and filed herein.

It is further ordered, That the damages awarded to the persons and corporations named in the viewers' report herein in excess of benefits, be paid out of the county treasury of said county on warrants to be drawn and attested by the auditor of said county and signed by the chairman of this board, and delivered to the persons entitled thereto as provided by law.

Given under our hands this 2nd day of August, A. D. 1911.

By the Board, ED. A. AUBOL,
(SEAL) Chairman of the County
Board of Pennington
Attest: County, Minnesota.
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Thief River Falls, Minn.
August 2, A. D. 1911.

Pursuant to agreement the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minn., met in extra session in the auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen, Larson.

Members absent, none.

Moved by commissioner Shaw seconded by commissioner Hedeen that the additional bond of the First State Bank of Thief River Falls, in the sum of $25,000 be approved. Motion carried.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, that the sum of $200 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Revenue fund to the Pennington County Agricultural society.

On motion carried unanimously, the petition of Peter Lindobeja to have certain lands in Kratka township attached to, school district No. 41 was rejected.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Larson who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold,

Resolved, That the sum of $50.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the County Road and Bridge fund to the township of Star for improving highway on the section line between section 29 and 30 of said town, provided that said town of Star spend an equal amount.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following report was submitted by the board of Audit;

VERIFICATION OF CURRENT TAX COLLECTIONS BY BOARD OF AUDIT.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Pennington county Minnesota.

Gentlemen:—The board of audit of Pennington county, respectfully report to your honorable body that they have examined the books, accounts and

[illegible]

MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Aug. 27, at 7:45 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock
REV. ALEX. SAND, Pastor.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

Married

Mr. Carl Larson of Valley City N. D., and Miss Anna M. Willberg of this place were married at the home of Rev. Alex Sand Monday, Aug. 7, Rev. Sand officiating. They will make their home in Valley City, where Mr. Larson is employed in a flour mill.

Council Proceedings

Meeting held August 7, 1911.

Meeting called by to order President J. C. Dahl.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and last special meetings read and approved as read.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

Sever Skattum, attending firemen's tournament....	9.98
Wm. Olson, attending firemen's tournament......	9.98
Morris LaSelle, attending firemen's tournament..	9.98
John Forseen, salary, etc., month of July........	17.60
Oscar Kolstad, cleaning well	.75
Hans Wilson cleaning well	.75
I. D. Converse publications July....	6.25
Wm. Olson, blacksmithing	1.15
St. Hilaire Fire Department Wilson Steen fire......	36.00

On motion duly made and carried the bill of K. O. Gigstad for $2.11 was allowed at 75 cents.

On motion duly made and carried the bill of W. S. Nott Co. for acid receptacle for chemical was allowed at $15.00.

On motion duly made and carried ($50.00) fifty dollars was ordered transferred from the general fund to establish an emergency fund.

On motion duly made and carried it was ordered that the Fire department furnish a report at the next council meeting of the officers, members, meetings held, and disbursements from May, 1910 to May, 1911.

On motion duly made and carried the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved by the village council of St. Hilaire that the payment of one dollar shall be the maximum remuneration to firemen for services rendered in subduing fire. Provided, however, that where the fire department is called out and performs no service by the use of apparatus no service shall be recognized by the council.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Tie Game

The St. Hilaire Gophers journeyed to Terrebonne last Sunday and crossed bats with the team representing that place. After several hours of waiting out on the ball ground among the gopher holes and manure piles, the St. Hilaire boys sighted the collection gathered from the four corners of the earth to represent Terrebonne. They came slowly but surely, and advancing cautiously in columns of one, they finally appeared in all their glory; also, they had on their ball suits. Rain began to fall and continued to descend until four innings of the game had been finished. The ball soaked through and through, and the cellar hole (known at Terrebonne as the pitchers' box) partly filled with loose dirt and mud.

After the rain stopped and the surface of the ball dried, our guess would be that said ball weighed exactly one and one-half pounds avoirdupois.

The game progressed—progressed I say; otherwise how in the world do you suppose it could have gone eleven innings in a half day and be finished before the players were starved to death. At the end of the eleventh inning the score was 4 to 4 favor of the 4, and the "umps" called a man on the Terrebonne team "safe on home plate," whereupon the St. Hilaire players congregated back of second base, gave three lusty cheers for the umpire, and departed for their home. For further particulars call on the Terrebonne correspondent to the Red Lake Falls Gazette, who is woefully well qualified to spout on most any subject, base ball in all its phases.

GETS $60.00 POSITION.

Nellie Lien, a graduate of Dakota Business College of Fargo, has accepted a $60.00 position as stenographer for the Soo R. R. at Enderlin. The good firms,—those that pay big salaries and demand first-class help—employ D. B. C. graduates.

THE LOCAL NEWS

S. J. Amble was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Give Ole Mathson's 11 cent coffee a trial.

Born—To Mrs. and Martin Hoff on Wednesday, Aug. 9, a girl.

Just received at Mike Anderson's store a fresh line of confectionery.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Elling Ellingson on Sunday, Aug. 6, a boy.

N. A. Nelson has just received a car load of corn binders and gang plows.

Elmer Loberg, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is now up and around again.

Mrs. N. Lazar returned Wednesday from her visit to friends at Grand Forks.

Miss. Edith Johnson of Red Lake Falls is the guest of Miss Ella Jackson this week.

Mr and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin and Mr. and Mrs C. A. Pitkin went to Maple Lake to spend Sunday.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.
CARL KRUGER.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Ulmer of Willow Lakes, S. D., the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Carl Krueger.

Mike Anderson came over from Baudette Saturday and is looking after business matters here this week.

Mrs. E. Waterman, who has been the guest of Mrs. Leonard Holmes, returned Monday to her home at Hallock.

Mrs. Earl Brown of Great Falls, Montana, arrived last Saturday for a visit with her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble.

Station Agent Bahan is acting the part of grass widower this week. Mrs. Bahan is visiting the parental home at Dugdale.

There will be a Sunday school picnic at E. E. Anderson's Sunday afternoon Aug. 27. All are welcome.—Alex Sand Pastor.

Miss Emma Hoff returned Monday to her home at Adams N. D., after a visit with her brother Martin Hoff and other friends here.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening Aug. 18, at the home of Mrs. Richard Wallin. All are welcome.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

There will be a social of the Scandinavian Mission church Sunday, Aug. 20, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the home of Gust Erickson, east of town. Supper 25 cents for adults, 15 cents for children.

Richard Wallin and Gust Larson came over from International Falls Saturday, and after an over Sunday visit in St. Hilaire, went to Warren where they will have employment the rest of the season.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at the home of S. Wiberg in Rocksbury Friday, Aug. 18, and the Young People's society at the same place in the afternoon of Sunday, Aug. 20.

Miss Edith Dahl returned last week from a visit to her sister, Mrs. R. M. McDaniel, of Seattle, and her brother Fred at Deer Park, in Washington state. She returned by way of Denver and Salt Lake City.

S. M. Syverson of the Red Lake Falls Milling Co. made a trip overland from Thief River Falls to this place to investigate the black rust situation. Many fields show the rust but the crop is too far advanced for the rest to do much damage.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde attended this week the Red River Valley pastors conference of the United church, held at Concordia college, Moorhead, Thursday. Mrs. Gjerde and son accompanied as far as Hendrum, where they visited relatives and friends.

C. H. Martz was called Monday to Duluth by telegraph. When he arrived there he found he was wanted as an expert witness to testify in engineering matters before congressional committee investigating the steel trust. He returned from Duluth Tuesday and expects to go to Washington in about ten days.

Commissioners' Proceedings

(Continued from Second Page)

vouchers of the county treasurer, counted and ascertained the kind description and amount of funds in the treasury of said county, or belonging thereto, for the period from Jan. 1, to May 31, 1911, both days inclusive. We find the Treasurer charged with the Tax Levy for 1910 as follows:

Tax levy for 1910	$17,578.86	
Total debit,		$17,578.86
Taxes collected,	10,654.83	
Total credit,		10,654.83
Balance uncollected June 1, 1911....................		$6924.03

We hereby certify that we have verified the correctness of the duplicate receipts with the tax books for the period above named.

A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor,
ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board County Com'rs.
H. E. IVES,
Clerk District Court.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Pennington county, Minnesota.

Gentlemen:—The undersigned board of audit of said Pennington county, met at the office of the county treasurer of said county, on the 19th day of July A. D. 1911 for the purpose of examining and auditing the accounts, books and vouchers of Andrew Trovaton, treasurer of said county, and to count and ascertain the kind, description and amount of funds in the county treasury and belonging thereto. We respectfully make the following report thereon:

Balance in the treasury Dec. 31, 1910..........		$ 118.00
Treasurer's receipts from Jan. 1, 1911, to May 31, 1911....		
From tax collections........		10,654.83
" collections on public lands..........		1,172.58
From mortgage registry tax		582.00
" collections from interest on county funds.......		27.42
From collections of fines and licenses.......... ..		30.00
From state loan..		10,000.00
" wolf bounties........		175.50
" school apportionment and state aid........		4,385.20
Disbursements from Jan. 1, 1911 to May 31, 1911.......		
Paid orders on revenue fund..	$12,163.86	
Paid warrants on school district fund........	3,731.50	
Paid warrants on state taxes.....	8.89	
Paid warrants on county attorneys contingent	210.21	
Total disbursement	16,114.46	
Balance in treasury at close of business May 31 1911	11031.07	
Grand total.. ..	27145.53	27145.54
Bank deposits and cash on hand (to balance).........		
Cash in safe and drawer...		$1346.99
Deposited in First National bank of Thief River Falls		2322.69
Deposited in First State bank of Thief River Falls		2480.56
Deposited in Citizens State bank of Thief River Falls		2459.00
Deposited in People's State bank of Thief River Falls		2455.43
Total funds........		$11031.07

Respectfully submitted this 29th. day of July 1911.

A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor
ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board County Com'rs.
H. E. IVES,
Clerk District Court.

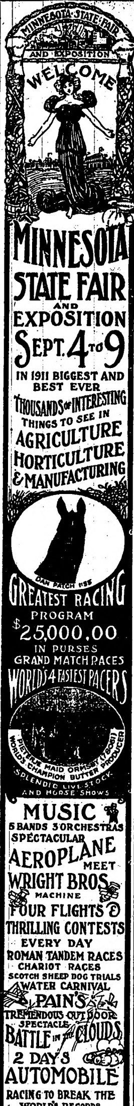
On motion duly carried the report of the board of audit was adopted as submitted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were audited and allowed:

C. H. Martz, services assistant engineer and expenses on county ditches, twenty-one bills........................	$460.30
C. H. Martz, 7½ months office rent at $5.00 per month......	37.50
Glenn H. Martz services as assistant engineer and expenses on county ditches, twelve bills	82.50
Ed. A. Aubol, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 63	4.20
Ed A. Aubol, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 55......................	4.20
Ed. A. Aubol, 2 days member of board of equalization and mileage	7.20
Ed. A. Aubol, 5 days member of board of audit..........	15.00
Peter C. Wold, 1 day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 53	7.00
Peter C. Wold I day mileage at final hearing county ditch 55	7.00
Peter C. Wold, 2 days member of board of equalization and mileage.........	10.00
Olaf Larson, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 53.................	6.40
Olaf Larson, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 55	6.40
Olaf Larson, 2 days member of equalization and mileage. ..	9.40
Peter Hedeen, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 53	6.60
Peter Hedeen, I day and mileage at final hearing county ditch 55	6.60
Peter Hedeen, 2 days member of board of equalization and mileage	9.60
Daniel Shaw, 2 days member of board of equalization	[illegible]
Daniel Shaw, I day at final hearing on county ditch 53	[illegible]
Daniel Shaw, I day at final hearing on county ditch 55	[illegible]
A. H. Fasel, 6 days as member of board of audit	15.00
H. E. Ives, 6 days as member of board of audit	18.00

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners of Pennington County, Minn.
(SEAL) A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.



MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
WELCOME
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
IN 1911 BIGGEST AND BEST EVER
THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING THINGS TO SEE IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE & MANUFACTURING
DAN PATCH 1:55
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25,000.00 IN PURSES
GRAND MATCH RACES
WORLD'S 4 FASTEST PACERS
PIETERJE MAID ORMSBY (78081) WORLD'S CHAMPION BUTTER PRODUCER
SPLENDID LIVE STOCK AND HORSE SHOWS
MUSIC
5 BANDS 3 ORCHESTRAS
SPECTACULAR AEROPLANE MEET
WRIGHT BROS MACHINE
FOUR FLIGHTS & THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
ROMAN TANDEM RACES
CHARIOT RACES
SCOTCH SHEEP DOG TRIALS
WATER CARNIVAL
PAIN'S TREMENDOUS OUTDOOR SPECTACLE
BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING TO BREAK THE WORLD'S RECORDS
HUNDREDS OF OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES ETC., ETC.
NO FAKES OR FREAKS
ONE WEEK AT THE FAIR IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

Notice for Bids

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed mill for the term of one year, commencing September 1, 1911. Bids will be received up to August 14, at 1 o'clock p. m. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Address: [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
A. R. JONES, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 21st day of September, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 55, of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 2, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows; 36,879 cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is $6,537.96.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 3, 1911.
a12-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor Pennington County, State of Minnesota.

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 20th day of September, 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. [illegible] of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 1, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest possible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required, and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows; [illegible] cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is [illegible].

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August [illegible], 1911.

TO THE LADIES

We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Twine

Deering Standard 7 1-2 cents per pound at

Holmes Bros.

ON THE CREST
Of the Wave of Popularity rides
Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Get in the swim! Reach for it!
Theo. Hamm Brew'g Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

NOTHING BUT AN [illegible]

Fair Damsel's Questions That Revealed Callow Lover in His True Light.

"Do you really and truly think I am beautiful?" she asked.

"You are simply divine," he replied.

"But there are other girls whom you think more beautiful than I."

"No, I don't think there is a more beautiful girl in the world than you."

"There are other girls you think are just as beautiful, though."

"You are more beautiful than any other girl I ever saw."

"I suppose there are plenty of girls whom you consider almost as beautiful as I am."

"I think you are far more beautiful than any other girl that ever breathed."

"Well, why didn't you say that in the first place?"

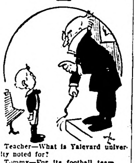
"That was what I meant, if I didn't exactly say so."

"O, well, go on. My goodness! Must I suggest everything nice that you say to me?"

"What more can I say?"

"Heavens! I'm not going to sit here giving you lessons. I thought the way you started out that you had made love before."

THERE ARE OTHERS.



Teacher—What is Yalevard university noted for?

Tommy—For its football team.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

An Intangible Legacy.

"I dun heah, Liza, dat yo' Aunt Jerusha dun meck yo' her heir by de law. What yo' dun get?"

"Des 'zactly what I dun et up an' wore out."—Success Magazine.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE
the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, aching feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. *Refuse substitutes.* For FREE trial package, address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Wanted to Know.

Ella—She has a rosebud mouth.

Stella—Does that explain her making so many flowery speeches?

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Hold fast to the highest ideals that flash upon your vision in hours of exaltation.—Frances E. Willard.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Nearly all beautiful things are expensive—including women.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies have done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctors said I had tumors, and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation, and your Sanative Wash relieved me. Your Liver Pills have no equal as a cathartic. Any one wishing proof of what your medicines have done for me can get it from any druggist or by writing to me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mound St., Peoria, Ill.

Another Operation Avoided.

New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation."—Mrs. LILY PEYROUX, 1111 Kerlerec St., New Orleans, La.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

Poor Appetite
means a run-down condition (whether in a child or an adult). Tone up the system by using Kickapoo Worm Killer. Best worm remover for children and best remedy for stomach and bowel ailments of any kind. It cures by aiding nature, not by merely stimulating. Rouses the sluggish liver, acts as a gentle laxative, purifies and enriches the blood. Contains nothing but simple, harmless ingredients. Not a "cure-all" but it naturally strengthens and tones the whole body by enabling the stomach to digest food. 25 cents at all druggists or by mail.
KICKAPOO WORM KILLER
Kickapoo Medicine Co., [illegible]

KANSAS LOSES POET

Recent Death of "Ironquill" Removes State's Laureate.

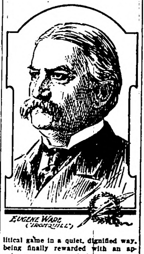
Modest Verse Writer Who Assumed Pen Name for Fear People Would Not Hire "Fool Poet" as Attorney.

Fort Scott, Kan.—Kansas lost her poet laureate when Eugene F. Ware died at his summer home in Colorado and western literature lost one of its brightest geniuses.

Ware, known as "Ironquill," was a harness maker, lawyer, politician and poet. In the minds of his friends the last should come first, but personally he always belittled his ability as a poet, and instead of being proud of his success he spoke disparagingly of his verses. In this he was alone.

He came to this city in 1867 and began to work at his trade as a harness maker. A competitor was advertising, so Ware had to do the same. He went his competitor several better by writing his advertisements in verse. This attracted attention and he went to Topeka, where he wrote poetry and studied law, keeping his identity as a poet under cover. His explanation for this was: "I was afraid people wouldn't hire a fool poet for a lawyer."

There were plenty of harness makers, but very few lawyers in Fort Scott and that was the reason Ware deserted the stitching horse of his shop and took up the study of law. In his profession he was successful. As he practiced law he played the political game in a quiet, dignified way, being finally rewarded with an appointment as commissioner of pensions.



After two years in Washington he returned to Kansas and took up his residence in Kansas City, Kan. Tiring of city life, he retired shortly before his death to Sungold Section, a fine farm he acquired when he first came to Kansas, and there he told his friends he hoped "to die in the open." His plans to die on the farm failed, for he passed away soon after reaching Colorado, where he had been in the habit of spending the summers at a place he owned on the Cascade.

He was well entitled to the appointment of pension commissioner, for during the Civil war he had a brilliant career covering four years and ending as captain of a troop in the Seventh Iowa cavalry.

For one brief period Captain Ware was in the newspaper business. This was in Burlington, Ia., where for a time, he was assistant editor of the Hawkeye and started that paper on its road to celebrity as a funny paper.

When Captain Ware retired "Bob" Burdette succeeded him and the paper became much quoted for its funny sayings.

Ware was born in 1841 in Hartford, Conn., and was married in 1874 to Miss Jeanette B. Huntington. For many years he was a familiar figure in Topeka during session of the Kansas legislature and his wit and humor made him much beloved, both by political friends and opponents. He was a member of the legislature in the early '80s.

When he left the office of pension commissioner he wanted to show his appreciation of 12 heads of departments under him. He bought 12 handsome pieces of silver, exactly alike, called the 12 men into his office where the souvenirs were lined up on a table and said: "Gentlemen. You have been good to me. Help yourselves."

The appointment of Ware to be commissioner of pensions was due to Roosevelt's admiration for his poems.

In 1900, when Roosevelt was on his way to the southwest to attend a reunion of Rough Riders, he expressed a desire to meet "Ironquill" and a message was sent to Ware asking him to meet the train and travel with the president. He did so and the friendship between the Rough Rider colonel and the frontier poet was promptly evident and sincere. Three years later Ware was appointed commissioner of pensions.

He leaves a widow, one son, Eugene F. Ware, Jr., and three daughters, Mrs. Abbie Neiss of New York, Mrs. S. R. Nelson and Miss Amelia Ware.

White Skin Put on Negro.

Holdrege, Neb.—Fifty square inches of white skin has been grafted on the face and hands of L. D. Thomas, a coal black negro, confined in a local hospital. The operation was an entire success and the negro's face is about half white. Thomas was burned in a railroad wreck. The white skin was taken from the body of Oscar Bragg, who was paid by the railroad for his cuticle.

Sun Hatches an Egg.

Junction City, Kan.—Ed Houston, a Geary county farmer, says that while walking in a his pasture he heard something chirp. He investigated and found a young chick just coming out of a shell, having been hatched out by the heat of the sun. The chick was placed with a brood and is thriv-

PREROGATIVE OF HER SEX

Bride Had But Exercised Recognized Privilege That Is Universally Granted.

A young couple had been courting for several years and the young man seemed to be in no hurry to marry. Finally, one day, he said:

"Sal, I canna marry thee."

"How's that?" asked she.

"I've changed my mind," said he.

"Well, I'll tell thee what we'll do," said she. "If folks know that it's thee as has given me up I shanna be able to get another chap; but if they think I've given thee up I can get all I want. So we'll have banns published and when the wedding day comes the parson will say to thee: 'Wilt thou have this woman to be thy wedded wife?' and thou must say: 'I will.' And when he says to me: 'Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?' I shall say: 'I winna.'"

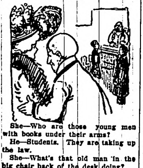
The day came, and when the minister asked the important question the man answered: "I will."

Then the parson said to the woman: "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" and she said: "I will."

"Why," said the young man furiously, "you said you would say 'I winna.'"

"I know that," said the young woman, "but I've changed my mind since."—Mack's National Monthly.

IN THE COURTROOM.



She—Who are those young men with books under their arms?

He—Students. They are taking up the law.

She—What's that old man in the big chair back of the desk doing?

He—He's laying it down.

In the Church Militant.

Henry N. Cary, the secretary of the Chicago Publishers' association, has a negro cook he took with him to Chicago from St. Louis. The cook is very religious and immediately joined a church in Chicago.

Cary saw the cook going out of the house one evening with a large carving knife in her hand.

"Where are you going, Mary?" he asked.

"I'se gwine t' church."

"Well, what are you doing with that knife?"

"They's a religious dispute goin' on down there," said Mary, "an' I wanter see my side gits de best of it."—Saturday Evening Post.

An Undefinable Definition.

A few days after school opened in the spring a teacher in a Brooklyn school was testing the members of one of her old classes on what they had remembered of the definitions she had taught them during the preceding term. Finally she asked the bright boy of the class this question:

"Now, Robert, tell me what a hypocrite is?"

"A hypocrite," replied Robert without hesitation, "is a kid w'at comes to school wit' a smile on his mug."

Tit for Tat.

A young man, who had not been married long, remarked at the dinner table the other day:

"My dear, I wish you could make bread such as mother used to make."

The bride smiled and answered in a voice that did not tremble:

"Well, dear, I wish you could make the dough that father used to make."

Truthfully Said.

"My friend, you should join the church. As the prophet says 'Come thou with us and we will do thee good.'"

"You have already, parson. I was at your church fair last night."—Smart Set Magazine.

He'd Get It.

Howell—I want to get all that's coming to me.

Powell—Well, stand right where you are; there'll be an automobile along in a minute or two.

"That's Good"
Is often said of
Post Toasties
when eaten with cream or rich milk and a sprinkle of sugar if desired.
That's the cue for housekeepers who want to please the whole family.
Post Toasties are ready to serve direct from the package—
Convenient
Economical
Delicious
"The Memory Lingers"
Sold by Grocers.
POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Browns Valley.—At a special election bonds were voted in the sum of $10,000 for an electric light plant.

J. T. McArdy, West Concord, has been named state cheese inspector by J. G. Winkjer, dairy and food commissioner.

Governor Eberhart will deliver his first address in Sherburne county at Big Lake, on Aug. 12, at a picnic celebration to be given by the Big Lake Park.

Red Wing.—Mrs. Ole Jensen, 56, was instantly killed in an auto accident in Roscoe township when the car driven by Oscar Christophersen went down a steep bank and hit a telephone pole.

Faribault.—While fishing clams in the Mississippi river at Winona, Herbert Wahl of this city found a pearl valued at $1,000. It is a perfect gem, weighs 36 grains and is a creamy white color.

Duluth. — Some Duluth business associates of Colonel W. C. Green, the well known mine owner and Wall street operator, are in receipt of a telegram announcing that Mr. Green died in Mexico.

Eveleth. — Two foreign miners lost their lives here by a cave-in in the Spruce mine. As soon as possible the men were taken out of the mine and every effort was made to save their lives, but without avail.

Roseau.—An ox team owned by M. O. Erickson of Malung ran away, and Erickson fell off the wagon. A wheel passed over the upper part of his face, inflicting serious wounds. It is expected that he will recover.

Fergus Falls.—Fred. W. Duelli of this city was sentenced to the state penitentiary by Judge Taylor for the desertion of his wife and children. Snetence is for one year and is the first ever pronounced here for this offense.

The State game and fish commission returned from a trip of the Rainy river to locate a new station for obtaining pike spawn. No more suitable place than the old station at the Soo rapids was found, and the facilities will be greatly increased.

Spokane, Washington. — John A. Humbird, millionaire lumberman of Minnesota and father of Thomas J. Humbird of this city, died at the home of his son. The end came only after a brave fight for life in the last forty-eight hours of which he had been unconscious.

Washington, D. C. — Proposed advances in class freight rates by railroads operating between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers, which were to have become effective Oct. 28, 1911, were suspended by the interstate commerce commission until Dec. 30.

Correcting 30,000 examination papers is the task before ninety-five readers at the office of the superintendent of public instruction. It will take at least three weeks. The examinations written by the teachers of the summer course at the college of agriculture were the first taken up.

Fergus Falls. — Mr. W. E. Verity, who was prominent in newspaper circles in this state six or seven years ago, has returned from Oklahoma, where he has been conducting a newspaper, and has purchased the Wadena Pioneer-Journal. Mr. Verity takes immediate editorial charge of that paper. He was formerly connected with the St. Paul Globe.

To promote tree planting contests in Minneapolis Charles M. Loring has presented the Joint Improvement association with $500 for prizes. The money will be available when there are five entries, each of which includes plans for 1,350 feet of frontage. The offer stands good for three years and will be supplemented with further donations if taken up in the proper spirit.

A water softening plant will be put in by the Board of Control at the state hospitals for the insane at Rochester and St. Peter. The hard water will be passed through a tank full of chemicals and will come out soft, and can then be used in boilers without corroding tanks. Bids on this apparatus and on tubular boilers for the school for the deaf and dumb at Faribault will be received August 17 and 21 respectively.

George H. Hayes, comptroller of the University of Minnesota, has submitted to Attorney General Simpson notice to the effect that the Babcock & Wilcox Company of New Jersey had violated the Minnesota laws by working men on state work more than eight hours a day. The charges were brought by C. S. Albright, deputy labor commissioner. As disbursing officer for the University of Minnesota, it will be necessary for Mr. Hayes, under the statutes, to deduct $400 from the amount due the contractors unless the attorney general rules otherwise. It is said eight men were employed for 10 hours each day.

Buy Illegal Insurance.

Newspaper men, laundry employes and brewers in Winona and vicinity have been doing business with an insurance agent who pretended to represent a Kansas City, Mo., company, according to information received by Insurance Commissioner Preus in a telegram from Scott Laird, manager of the Winona Republican Herald. The message asks Mr. Preus whether the Kansas City company has a license to operate in this state. Mr. Preus said it has no license. He is making efforts to locate the "agent."

Overcome in Tub by Gas.

Winona. — The unusual length of time required by James Gleason, a roomer at the home of Mrs. Young, in taking his morning bath after receiving instructions as to the operation of the instantaneous gas heater, caused an investigation to be made. He failed to respond to knocks upon the door and entrance was effected through a window. The man was found in a partially filled bathtub with only his nostrils out of the water and [illegible]

EVIDENTLY SHE WAS ANNOYED

Good Wife's Punishment, Intended for Husband, Poor Compensation to Revivalist.

A popular revivalist had been holding services at a town in Mississippi when a heavy rain came on, and he accepted an invitation to pass the night at the house of one of the townsmen. Observing the preacher's drenched clothing, the host brought out a suit of his own and sent his guest upstairs to don it.

The good man had made the change and was on his way back to the sitting room, when the woman of the house came out of another room, holding in her hands the big family Bible, out of which the minister was to be invited to read a chapter before the family went to bed.

She was not, however, in a very amiable frame of mind, for careful housewives are likely to be put out of sorts by the advent of unexpected company. Seeing the revivalist in his borrowed garments, she mistook him for her husband, and as he passed in front of her she lifted the book and brought it down sharply on his head.

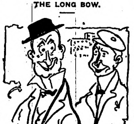
"There!" she exclaimed. "Take that for asking him to stay all night!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

PIMPLES COVERED HIS BACK

"My troubles began along in the summer in the hottest weather and took the form of small eruptions and itching and a kind of smarting pain. It took me mostly all over my back and kept getting worse until finally my back was covered with a mass of pimples which would burn and itch at night so that I could hardly stand it. This condition kept getting worse and worse until my back was a solid mass of big sores which would break open and run. My underclothing would be a clot of blood.

"I tried various remedies and salves for nearly three years and I was not getting any benefit. It seemed I was in eternal misery and could not sleep on my back or lean on a chair. I was finally given a set of the Cuticura Remedies and inside of two weeks I could see and feel a great relief. I kept on using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and also the Resolvent, and in about three or four months' time my back was nearly cured and I felt like a new being. Now I am in good health and no sign of any skin diseases and I am fully satisfied that Cuticura Remedies are the best ever made for skin diseases. I would not be without them." (Signed) W. A. Armstrong, Corbin, Kan., May 26, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 27 K, Boston.

THE LONG BOW.



Sharpe—Wilson says he stayed under water one day last summer for fifteen minutes.

Wise—Why, he must be amphibious.

Sharpe—No; he's a— well, I wouldn't like to say.

Sufficient Evidence.

Having vouched for the honesty of the woman who wished a situation as scrub-woman the good-natured man was subjected to a severe examination by the superintendent of the building.

"There are degrees of honesty," said the superintendent. "How honest is she?"

The good-natured man reflected.

"Well," said he, "I'll tell you. She is so honest that if you throw anything that looks to be worth a copper into the waste basket you have to tag it 'Destroy this,' or she will fish it out and put it back on your desk night after night, no matter how badly you want to get rid of it. I don't know that I can say anything more."

"No more is necessary," said the superintendent, and he proceeded to hire the woman.

STRONGER THAN MEAT

A Judge's Opinion of Grape-Nuts.

A gentleman who has acquired a judicial turn of mind from experience on the bench out in the Sunflower State writes a carefully considered opinion as to the value of Grape-Nuts as food. He says:

"For the past 5 years Grape-Nuts has been a prominent feature in our bill of fare.

"The crisp food with the delicious, nutty flavor has become an indispensable necessity in my family's everyday life.

"It has proved to be most healthful and beneficial, and has enabled us to practically abolish pastry and pies from our table, for the children prefer Grape-Nuts, and do not crave rich and unwholesome food.

"Grape-Nuts keeps us all in perfect physical condition—as a preventive of disease it is beyond value. I have been particularly impressed by the beneficial effects of Grape-Nuts when used by ladies who are troubled with face blemishes, skin eruptions, etc. It clears up the complexion wonderfully.

"As to its nutritive qualities, my experience is that one small dish of Grape-Nuts is superior to a pound of meat for breakfast, which is an important consideration for anyone. It satisfies the appetite and strengthens the power of resisting fatigue, while its use involves none of the disagreeable consequences that sometimes follow a meat breakfast." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason." [illegible]

Here's to Your Good Health and Pleasure
Come—follow the arrow 'til you join the merry throng of palate pleased men and women who have quit seeking for the one best beverage because they've found it—
Coca-Cola
Real satisfaction in every glass—snap and sparkle—vim and go. Quenches the thirst—cools like a breeze.
Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome
5c Everywhere
Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola"
THE COCA-COLA CO. Atlanta, Ga.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola
53

REMINGTON UMC
AUTOLOADING RIFLE
Big Enough for the Biggest Game
Quick Enough for the Most Dangerous Game
Built to handle the heaviest ammunition with greatest accuracy and safety.
Its parts are few and strong and simple. The breech is locked by a turning bolt as in the latest design of military rifles.
Five smashing, one-ton blows delivered with lightning speed or deliberate fire as need may be.
The only recoil-operated rifle locking the cartridge in the chamber until after the bullet has left the muzzle.
Remington-UMC—the perfect shooting combination.
Send for Descriptive Folder
Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway, New York City
UMC
BIG GAME CARTRIDGES
Sure-fire, Accurate, Hard-hitting

You cannot expect to have clean clothes if you do not use clean water.
Nor will you get rid of the dirt, without injuring the clothes, if you do not use good soap.
Lenox Soap is good soap.
Lenox Soap
"Just fits the hand"

N. W. N. U., NO. 32-1911.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes
Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.
GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.
QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.
WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature

KODAKS
[illegible]

50,000 Men Wanted in Western Canada
200 Million Bushels Wheat to be Harvested
Harvest Help in Great Demand
Reports from the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta (Western Canada) indicate one of the best crops ever raised on the continent. To harvest this crop will require at least 50,000 harvesters.
Low Rates Will be Given on All Canadian Roads
Excursions are run daily and full particulars will be given on application to the following authorized Canadian Government Agent. The rates are made to apply to all who wish to take advantage of them for the purpose of inspecting the grain fields of Western Canada, and the wonderful opportunities there offered for those who wish to invest, and also those who wish to take up actual farm life.
Apply at once to
E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 Second St., Milwaukee, Wis.

DAISY FLY KILLER [illegible]

CALIFORNIA
Irrigated railroad lands at a price to settlers, on railroad and close to large market centers. Fruit, alfalfa and vineyard farms. 10, 20 and 40 acre tracts. Chicken ranches. Write for full particulars.
[illegible], Sacramento, Cal.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
[illegible] F. M. Parker & Company [illegible]

STOVE REPAIRS
FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES [illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1911. NUMBER 6.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

President Taft signed the reapportionment bill, under which the house of representatives is increased from 391 to 433 members, with two more if Arizona and New Mexico are admitted to the union.

After concluding the testimony of Former State Senator Holstlaw, accused bribe-taker in the Lorimer election, the senate Lorimer committee took a month's recess. The committee will convene in Chicago October 10, instead of in Washington.

Representative Humphrey of Washington presented to the house a resolution asking to have the house committee of interior department expenditures discharged from further consideration of the Controller bay investigation and have the matter put in the hands of a select committee of five members of the house.

Admiral Count Togo, unfeignedly amazed, stood at the muzzle of a new 14-inch gun at the Washington navy yard, the first to be completed of the twenty-four most powerful rifles in the world, with which the giant American battleships Texas and New York are to be equipped. The Japanese admiral stuck his head into the breech of the gun and looked through a glistening barrel of fifty-two and one-half feet, the longest the United States navy has yet attempted.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska received a letter from the Scottsbluff Sugar company asking him to have made permanent the order of the interior department allowing the purchase of water from the Pathfinder reservoir by the old canals in the valley. Senator Hitchcock recently asked the department to permit the use of water, and as a result contracts are now being made at the rate of 30 cents per acre foot.

General.

John W. Gates died in Paris after protracted illness.

Judge Degraffe of Des Moines is accused of overstepping the mark in his strike injunction order.

The remains of John W. Gates will be brought to the United States.

Congressman Berger has introduced a bill to pension all old people.

A suit to smash an alleged railroad-coal combine was begun at Columbus, Ohio.

London faces a beef and fruit famine as a result of the dockmen's strike.

A Kansas judge sentenced a woman to don overalls and work on a rock pile.

Senator William P. Frye of Maine died at the home of his daughter at Lewiston.

The senate by a vote of 53 to 18, granted statehood to New Mexico and Arizona.

The lower house of Congress adjourned one day to witness a base ball game.

Shop men on western railroads will demand higher wages through a federation of unions.

A motion to censure the government was defeated in the house of commons.

Wilbur Wright's latest tour of Europe has increased his disgust at the dare devil tactics of the European aviators.

Mrs. Ida Nelson, mother of "Battling" Nelson, the prize fighter, was killed by a fast mail train on the Wabash railroad at Burnham, Ill.

Walter A. Sherrill, alias S. A. Walter, was arrested at Walla Walla, Wash., by detectives who said he was wanted in Utica, Ky., for defaulting to the extent of $10,000 while cashier of the Utica Deposit bank.

Secret documents taken from a Jesuit priest on board the steamer Araguaya, bound for Brazil, are said to indicate that the Royalists are seeking a loan of $5,000,000 in Brazil with which to purchase a warship, artillery and rifles.

Warnings to prospective entrymen on government irrigation projects, particularly the Rio Grande in New Mexico and Texas, against accepting statements of land agents without making inquiries of the reclamation service have been issued by the secretary of the interior.

An investigation of live stock rates in the west will be undertaken by the interstate commerce commission.

On the eighth anniversary of Pope Pius X. to the pontificate many felicitations from abroad were received at the vatican.

Hearings on proposed "trust" legislation, beginning November 15, were determined on by the senate committee on interstate commerce.

Eleven Missouri counties north of the Missouri river have been taken from the diocese of St. Louis and added to St. Joseph's by order of Pope Pius X.

Governor Marshall and former Vice President Fairbanks will welcome the members of the Independenc order of Odd Fellows, when they assemble in Indianapolis next month for the convention of the sovereign grand lodge of the order.

Henry C. Frick has retired from the directory of the Union Pacific.

The English parliament will adjourn August 18 till about the 1st of November.

Attorneys general of eight states discussed railway rate cases at St. Louis.

John W. Gates, who recently died in Paris, left a fortune of forty million.

Three railroad lines entering Chicago will build a station costing $20,000,000.

Admiral Togo took much interest in the big dreadnaughts that Uncle Sam is building.

Standpat republicans have told the president that any bill he sees fit to veto will not be repassed

Baltimore gave Admiral Togo a cordial greeting and kept him busy during the five hours of his stay.

The will of John W. Gates will be probated in Port Arthur, Tex., where the financier made his residence.

The national monetary commission was denounced in the senate as extravagant and a useless expense.

The French steamer Emir foundered today five miles east of Tariffa, Spain, in the straits of Gibraltar.

Editors of the central west have been sounded on the question of presidential approval or veto of the wool bill.

The United States government has declined the Australian proposal for a reciprocal 2 cent postage arrangement.

The Georgia senate passed a bill fixing sixty hours a week as the maximum for work in cotton and wool mills.

Arthur P. Gorman, son of the late senator Gorman, is a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor of Maryland.

Robert Ryan, formerly of Lincoln, says that the Des Moines commissioner system of city government has not stood the first severe test.

The prohibition national committee will meet December 6 to choose the time and place for holding the party's presidential convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt of New York were guests of King George and Queen Mary at dinner on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert.

Governor Hadley appointed the commission of Hannibal men which will have charge of the erection of a monument to Samuel L. Clemmons (Mark Twain) at Hannibal.

A new roof garden has been opened in Washington. It is located at 1600 Pennsylvania avenue, where President William H. Taft lives when congress keeps him in the city.

Augustine Edward, the Chilean minister to Great Britain, paid over to Ambassador Reid 184,637 pounds, the indemnity awarded the United States in the Alsop claim against Chile.

Announcement was made by the United States steel corporation that the unfilled tonnage on the books of the company on July 31 was 3,584,085, against 3,361,078 tons on the books on June 30.

Twenty-one thousand young people will compete at forty-five of the county fairs to be held in Wisconsin this fall for $16,000 offered as prize money for the best exhibit of grain grown by boys or girls under eighteen.

"I must go where I am ordered, greatly as I regret to leave Wyoming," said Bishop K. J. Keene when informed that his nomination to the archbishopric of Dubuque had been ratified by Pope Pius.

Gross extravagance of the democratic majority in conducting "useless investigations" was charged in the house by Republican Leader Mann, who also claimed the new democratic house leaders were incompetent.

Augustin Edward, Chilean minister to Great Britain, paid over to Ambassador Reid 184,637 pounds sterling, the indemnity awarded the United States in the Alsop claim against Chile under the arbitral judgment of King George.

James R. Mann, the floor leader of the Republicans in the lower house of congress, is taking an active part in the operations of the ways and means committee in collecting statistics regarding iron and steel industries for tariff revision purposes.

Miss Florence Hopwood, a Minneapolis girl, is to become the wife of Charles G. Gates, son of John W. Gates, who died Wednesday in Paris. The engagement took place early in thesummer before Charles G. Gates was called to Paris.

The famous Crocker's Iowa brigade will hold its sixteenth biennial reunion at Sigourney, Iowa, Wednesday and Thursday, September 6 and 7, 1911. All soldiers who served in the brigade composed of the Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth regiments of Iowa volunteers are entitled to membership and are earnestly urged to attend.

Personal.

Geo. W. Perkins says the steel inquiry menaces business.

The Lorimer investigating committee took a recess of a month.

General Leconte made a triumphal entry into Port au Prince.

Congressman Latta of Nebraska is at Rochester, Minn., under the care of a physician.

Roosevelt says the government must control the development of Alaska.

Mrs. Russell Sage is spending thousands of dollars to protect the robbin.

Henry Bacon, a New York architect, has been chosen by the Washington municipal art commission to design the memorial of Abraham Lincoln.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

APPRAISE LAND WELL.

Reports on 15,000 Acres of State Tracts in Beltrami County.

Bemidji.—That the state lands of Beltrami county are being thoroughly appraised by B. F. Case of Little Falls, representing the state auditor's office; J. J. Opsahl of Bemidji, acting for Governor Eberhart, and Nels Otterstad of Turtle River, representing Beltrami county commissioners, is acclaimed by persons who know of the painstaking manner in which the three appraisers have been performing their duties; and a complete record of every piece and parcel of land will be filed with the state auditor, easy of access to intending purchasers of state lands in this county.

There are, according to Mr. Case, who is in charge of the appraising in this county, approximately 30,000 acres of state land in Beltrami county, which will be appraised. Fifteen thousand acres already have been appraised and the reports thereon sent in to the state auditor's office, since the work of appraising was commenced, June 7. Mr. Case gives it as his opinion that the appraising of the balance of 15,000 acres will be completed October 1.

"All of the land is being thoroughly appraised," says Mr. Case, who was in Bemidji today. "In making reports to State Auditor Iverson, we are submitting topographical maps, which show high and low land, lakes, swamps, creeks, timber (kind and quantity), character of soil (whether sandy, black loam, etc.) In fact, the reports, which are now being sent in, cover practically everything which it would be possible to tell from an appraisement. In addition to this, there is a column on the report blanks for 'remarks,' where can be shown anything else of interest regarding the land, such as whether any of the timber has been cut, the land burned over, and whether or not improvements have been made.

"The information is complete in every detail."

BRUIN HALTS PARADE.

Climbs Tree and Defies Those Who Would Bring Him Down.

Bemidji.—Because Teddy, a tame 400-pound bear, pulled up his picket stake and climbed to the topmost branches of a pine tree, the Bobby Fountain circus parade had to be given up, while circus hands tried in vain to make Bruin come down.

Nor was their work without danger, for an eight-pound stake dangling from the bear's chain threatened to fall at any moment, and finally did fall, narrowly missing a group of girls who had gathered with several hundred other persons to watch the animal's antics.

After a time Teddy decided he would come down, but by this time his chain had become entangled in the branches, holding the brute a captive more than fifty feet from the ground.

Bobby Fountain called for volunteers to go and extricate the bear, which continually growled and snapped, and wore no muzzle. Finally a circus hand, known only as "Red," offered to undertake the dangerous task. He got a set of climbers used for climbing telephone poles and mounted the tree, avoided the bear's thrusts as he came in close proximity to Bruin and soon had won his battle with the beast in the air.

TWIN CITY "VETS" SPECIAL.

Minnesotans and North Dakotans to Travel to Rochester Together.

Final arrangements for the departure of the delegates to the national encampment of the G. A. R. at Rochester, N. Y., August 21, have been made. The delegates from Minnesota and North Dakota have decided to travel together on a special train, both going to and returning from the encampment. There has been considerable correspondence over the joint expedition of the Minnesotans and North Dakotans and after much delay it was thought best to have the two states unite.

The G. A. R. special will leave the Twin Cities next Saturday night over the St. Paul road to Chicago. From Chicago to Rochester the delegation will go over the Nickel Plate route. It is expected that the train will be a large one, as it is estimated that about 200 veterans from Minnesota and a large number from North Dakota will be aboard the special when it pulls out of the Twin City. Besides this the Ladies of the G. A. R. and the Women's Relief corps from Minnesota and the North Dakota auxiliaries will send delegates to the convention.

INHERITANCE TAXES, $600,000.

Collections from Non-Resident Property Owners Are Estimated.

St. Paul. — The attorney general announced that inheritance taxes amounting to nearly six hundred thousand dollars would be collected by his department within the next few weeks. These taxes are due from the estates of non-resident owners of Minnesota property. Most of the taxable property consist of Minnesota railroad stock.

LAND INDICTMENTS HELD.

Alleged Conspirators at White Earth to Be Tried.

Fergus Falls. — Judge Willard, at conclusion of an all-day argument in the United States court here, overruled demurrers in the White Earth land fraud cases and held that the indictments were valid. The indictments charge Gus H. Beaulieu, editor of the Tomahawk, and a number of other prominent citizens of White Earth and vicinity, with conspiracy to defraud the United States government by inducing government officers to issue patents to full-blood Indians and mixed-blood minors by securing affidavits to the effect that they were mixed-bloods. Charges of conspiracy was the only method by which the government was able to reach the accused parties criminally.

The indictments were attacked all along the line, allegation being made that they were not sufficiently definite and direct, and that if the deeds secured were secured illegally, they were void, and the title still rested with the government, which had therefore not been defrauded, and that the parties had not knowingly committed any offense. A mass of technical objections were urged, but Judge Willard overruled this and held that the indictments were, in every way valid.

Judge Willard held that any conspiracy to induce government officers to do what they should not do was a fraudulent conspiracy against the government itself, and that the charge that officials had been induced to issue patents which should not have been issued constituted an indictable offense.

No appeal from the decision will be taken and the cases will come to trial at the next term of court.

BANK CASHIER IS ACCUSED.

Employe of Sleepy Eye Institution Arrested.

Sleepy Eye. — Charging Rollin M. West, cashier of [illegible] bank, with embezzlement of the sum of $9,787.04 from the said bank, State Bank Examiner Kelsey N. Chase had him arrested. This course was due to findings of Deputy Examiners Brandvold and Snyder who made an examination of the bank's condition.

The bank was closed for business and in the hands of Deputy Brandvold. From investigation it was found that funds were systematically taken from the bank for over a year. Mr. West's downfall is due to the fact that he was a big dealer in automobiles, requiring a large amount of money to conduct his business. With a large stock on hand, together with holding equities in real and personal property obtained in trades and deals, and expecting to turn his property into cash, in the capacity of cashier he took the money from the bank.

STATE MAY RECOVER $14,000.

Sum Claimed Due Minnesota for Excess Car Fare for Guard.

According to Attorney General Simpson, who returned from Chicago, the state of Minesota, will probably recover from the several railroads in the state which have during the past two years transported state troops to the annual encampment at an excess of one cent a mile, approximately $14,00).

The attorney general went to Chicago early in the week to confer with the officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad, who promised that the matter would be taken up with President A. J. Earling and an agreement would probably be reached by which the road would return approximately $7,000, which is its share of the total amount. The other $7,000 will be returned by the Great Northern, Northern Pacific, Omaha and Minneapolis & St. Louis railroads.

RECEIVER FOR WINONA COMPANY

Milwaukee Attorney to Take Charge of Public Utilities Concern.

St. Paul.—Judge Charles A. Willard of the United States district court appointed Howard Morris, a Milwaukee attorney, as receiver for the Winona Railway, Light and Power company. Attorneys representing every possible interest involved in the receivership have attended court for the last week.

Clement C. Smith, representing the La Crosse Water Power company, which corporation holds all of the common stock of the Winona company, requested further argument on the motion for a receiver but Judge Willard declined to consider the motion. The La Crosse company also is in the hands of a receiver.

Minneapolis Shriners to Put On Show

Minneapolis.—Zurah Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will hold their biggest ceremonial session of the year, at their temple here on the evening of Friday, September 8, during state fair week. On account of a large number of out of town Shriners being present for the fair, the session will be devoted mainly to out of town candidates. Already many petitions have come in from over the state and many more are expected.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

JUDGE BROWN, WINDOM, DIES.

Deceased Served 15 Years on Cottonwood County Probate Bench.

Windom.—Thomas S. Brown, judge of probate of Cottonwood county, died after an illness of very short duration.

In his death this community has lost a very highly respected and loyal citizen, this being his fifteenth year as probate judge of Cottonwood county, Mr. Brown was 74 years old and was born in Scotland.

Mr. Brown had three children, Mary, who died a few years ago; Mrs. George Mathiesen and Mrs. Charles Purrington, beside two stepsons, William and Ira Hunter, and a stepdaughter, Mrs. Ella Hathiesen, and besides five brothers, S. W. Brown of West Salem, Wis.; M. M. Brown of Aneta, N. D.; J. S. Brown of Eugene, Ore.; Robert Brown of Plainfield, N. J., and John A. Brown of Windom, survive. Funeral services Thursday.

GOPHER LAD HONORED.

Former Wadena Boy Named Secretary of State by Montana Governor.

Livingston. — A son of Minnesota, Thomas Martin Swindlehurst, was named by Governor Edwin L. Norris to succeed the late A. N. Yoder as secretary of state.

Joseph Swindlehurst, father of Montana's new secretary of state, is a pioneer resident of Wadena, Minn. The younger Mr. Swindlehurst came to Minnesota with his father when a lad. He attended Minnesota schools and graduated from the Curtis business college in Minneapolis. After graduation he learned the blacksmith trade in St. Paul and Minneapolis. He came to Montana in 1886 and is now a resident of Livingston. Mr. Swindlehurst is at present in Seaside, Oregon. He will take up the duties of his office in a few weeks.

NEWS NOTES.

Warren.—The Marshall county Sunday school convention meets at Warren August 30 and 31.

Winona.—The Empire Lumber Co.'s old mill here, which employed many men in the old days, has been blown up with dynamite and sold as junk.

Barnesville.—After a hot fight the residents of Dilworth, at a special election by a vote of 55 to 23 decided to incorporate the town. The date for the election of officers has not been decided.

Eveleth.—President Vincent and the regents of the University of Minnesota arrived on a special train and viewed the mines here. They motored from here to Hibbing and inspected the mines at Coleraine.

Red Wing.—Another of the eight boys who escaped from the state training school was captured by officers in the woods on Prairie island. The boy was found hiding on the Indian reservation, having made his way as far as Hastings before being overtaken. Superintendent Whittier expressed the opinion that the five still at liberty can scarcely escape the net around the surrounding country.

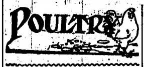
Minneapolis.—Zurah Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, will hold their biggest ceremonial session of the year, at their temple here on the evening of Friday, September 8, during state fair week. On account of a large number of out of town Shriners being present for the fair, the session will be devoted mainly to out of town candidates. Already many petitions have come in from over the state and many more are expected.

Duluth. — The men in line for the land opening, which takes place at the United States land office here, Aug. 22, have issued an ultimatum to hose who are holding chairs and places for others for pay. If the people who are going to file are not themselves in place by Thursday at 7 p. m., their places will be declared vacant and the paid holders declared out of the line. Many of the homeseekers have been in line seven weeks.

Montevideo. — The mystery of the murdered woman found in a corn field five miles east of Montevideo has been cleared. The body was recognized by an undertaker here as that of the wife of Albert O. Bourne, a farmer living with his parents eight miles east of Montevideo. The strange horse found was turned loose and was followed to Bourne's home. The sheriff was notified and brought Bourne to Montevideo on suspicion. On Sunday afternoon the couple went for a drive and were seen within a mile of the scene of the murder. At the inquest the jury's verdict was that she came to her death by having her skull crushed by some blunt instrument. Bourne when questioned would not talk of the crime. Mrs. Bourne was formerly a school teacher.

St. James.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the County Fair association and the local business men, held at the Commercial club rooms in this city, it was decided to hold a fair this fall on September 21, 22 and 23. Walter W. Brown, county superintendent of schools, was chosen secretary of the fair association for the ensuing year.

Waterville. — William Southwick, a former marshal of this town, was robbed of $1,500 by a burglar. Mr. South[illegible] 12:30 A. M. [illegible] robbed soon after. No clue has been found [illegible]



START WITH BUFF LEGHORNS

Much Easier and More Satisfactory Than Few Years Ago—Get Quality Rather Than Quantity.

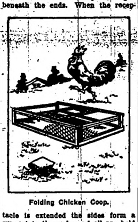
Starting with Buff Leghorns now is much easier and more satisfactory than it was a few years ago. Now prominent breeders are getting as large a proportion of exhibition specimens from their matings as are the breeders of any variety and customers who are buying eggs get good value for the money they invest. Of course, one must be careful to buy from breeders who are producing fine birds, for breeders who are not breeding the quality that is winning at our prominent shows cannot supply it to their customers. After getting the eggs and hatching the chicks be sure to mark them all according to the breeding pen in which the eggs were laid; then when the chicks mature you will know their breeding.

When you pick out those which you are going to keep for your foundation stock, if you have only one male and one female that suit you, you had better use only those for the first year's breeding. It is not quantity that the beginner wants—it is quality. Next season select your best pullet and mate back to the old male and mate the yearling hen and the choicest one of the season's cockrels. These matings are reasonably sure to produce plenty of quality, if you buy the eggs from a breeder who has line bred his stock properly.

FOLDING COOP FOR CHICKENS

Ends and Sides Turn Down When Not Being Used—Of Great Convenience in Shipping to Market.

Now comes the collapsible chicken coop, designed by a Wisconsin man, and in view of the present mania for raising chickens it will probably interest a great many people. The sides and ends of the coop are hinged beneath the ends. When the receptacle is extended the sides form a support to the ends, and all are held firmly in the extended position by clips at the four corners. When the coop is collapsed, pins lock the folding parts and keeps them down. As will be readily understood, a coop of this kind will be a great convenience to the poultry farmer who ships his chickens to market or to a poultry store. After the live fowls have been disposed of a dozen of these improved receptacles can be folded up, tied in one bundle and shipped back to the place where they came from at small expense and no trouble. They are equally handy on the chicken farm.

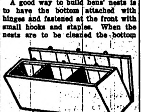


Folding Chicken Coop.

DUMPING NESTS ARE HANDY

Bottom Arranged with Hinges So That It Will Drop and Contents Fall to the Floor.

A good way to build hens' nests is to have the bottom attached with hinges and fastened at the front with small hooks and staples. When the nests are to be cleaned the bottom can be dropped and all the contents will fall out. The nests should be at least twelve inches square, and for the large-sized breeds fifteen inches will be better.



Dumping Hens' Nest.

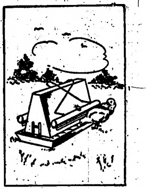
Turkey Raising.

Because of their natural roaming disposition a great many persons think that turkeys are hard to raise, but to those who understand their habits they are the easiest to raise of all domestic fowls, says a writer in an exchange. I think I say "domestic" advisedly, although I know there are some who consider it a misfit when applied to turkeys, but surely no one could call a flock of turkeys as tame as mine anything but domestic. This quality of tameness can be bred in turkeys and should be considered by all careful breeders, as well as size shape [illegible]

USEFUL INSECTICIDE APPLIER

Apparatus Arranged to Make Application Automatic as Chicken Helps Itself to Water.

One of the most ingenious of the many sanitary appliances for use on poultry farms is the insecticide applying device shown in the illustration. It was designed by an Ohio man. On a large farm it is practically impossible to apply insect-destroying preparations for every fowl. The apparatus here makes this application automatically as the chicken drinks. A central support is placed in the water pan and two tubes are suspended from the sides. A strip of flexible percolating material hangs down from each tube to a point close to the water. The tube is filled with liquid insecticide, which keeps this strip continually saturated. When a chicken wants a drink it has to push its head under the flap and both in this motion and by the action of withdrawing its head, the feathers on head and neck become soaked with the solution. As every fowl has to drink, none is missed in this treatment.



Insecticide Applier.

TO FORCE EARLY MOULTING

Fowls Should Be Confined for About Ten Days and Given About One-Quarter of Usual Ration.

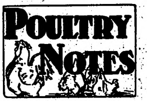
To bring about early moulting, confine the fowls in their various quarters about August 1, and for ten days only allow them one-fourth of their usual rations. During this time they lose flesh and stop laying.

Then liberate and feed them all the corn, oats, peas, sunflower seed and wheat they will eat. This causes a rapid moult and the new feathers start at once. The hens soon recover from the process and begin to lay regularly about October 1.

The ration for laying hens should not be too heavy, but should be varied at frequent intervals. With your grain ration animal food such as ground flesh meat and bones, is essential. Some green food too must be given. Experiments at the New York station showed that the product of eggs from hens fed on corn meal was from 28 to 57 per cent. greater than from hens kept on a more nitrogenous ration.

Summer Gains Are Rapid.

The gains made by chickens during the summer are rapid, and poultrymen are fast beginning to realize that if they have large healthy birds they must have abundant range during the period when they are growing and developing.



Let the chicks have plenty of free range.

The young chicks should be kept growing.

The first requisite in fattening fowls is a good coop.

To make chicks grow first give plenty of good fresh air; don't allow them to crowd.

Keep plenty of water fresh and clean for your poultry, and fight for lice and mites.

Much loss is suffered by poulterers from a failure to properly fatten their stock for market.

Fowls, to fatten well, should be confined in a small space in perfect darkness, and kept perfectly quiet.

Fine gravel is not the proper grit for poultry. They want a sharp material with which to grind their feed.

Charcoal pounded fine and kept in the drinking pans will keep the young and old birds in good condition.

Swelling of the head is frequently caused by a sharp draft on the fowl, from some small knothole or crack.

Grit must be provided for fowls, but the substance should be sharp and of size for poultry as for man or animals.

To keep a hen in good health she needs nearly seven times more fresh air in proportion to her size than does the horse.

If the hens are expected to lay heavily during the winter, they must be cared for every month of the year, and fed more heavily as the fall months come on.

If you are in the thoroughbred poultry business, do not sell your cull stock alive. Dress it and see that the culls are not worked onto the markets [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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Ladies' and gents' clothes French dry cleaned, steam cleaned, or dyed, pressed, and repaired, at very reasonable prices.

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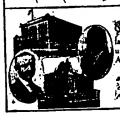
Mankato Commercial College



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Its great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN

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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to.....
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The Spectator.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 19, 1911.

President Taft has vetoed the "wool bill," as he was expected to do; and now the question is, will congress pass it over his veto, as the people expect them to do?

A bill requiring that decisions by the supreme court of the United States on questions affecting the "constitutionality of any provision of a federal or state law must de unanimous," has been introduced in the United States senate.

Henry Hendrickson of Abercrombie, N. D., in a spirit of playfulness, waylaid his friend, Arthur Boutiette, on a dark night, and stopped him with a command of "hands up!" Boutiette entered into the spirit of the lark, whipped out a gun, and shot the embryo highwayman down in his tracks. Great joke.

The federal reapportionment bill passed by congress grants Minnesota an additional congressman. Until the state is redistricted the person who aspires to fill this position will have to be a candidate at large. This will necessitate a state wide campaign for the one who will seek the office, which together with the expense such a canvass involves may deter many from seeking he honor.

Postmaster General Hitchcock proposes an annual saving to the government of $9,000,000 by paying the railroads on the basis of cost with 6 per cent profit. The plan drovides that all railways shall report annually to the postmaster general the expenses incurred in carrying the mails in order that the department may determine the cost to the railway and a fair rate of profit.

Some papers are are advocating a special session of the legislature for the purpose of increasing the gross earnings tax on the railroads. But what is the use of increasing that tax when the railways can come back with another raise in freight and passenger rates, and the people have to pay the tax after all. Besides, we have had enough of this legislature. Rather let us have a special election for a new legislature and we will consider the desirability of proroguing it at once.—Warren Sheaf.

Two eggs out of every dozen laid by Minnesota hens may be said to drop through holes in the farmer's basket before they reach a market. In other words, while the hen sees to it that every egg she lays is worth taking care of, the farmer takes proper care of only ten. The aggregate loss from this cause reaches aver a million dollars annually. Nearly all these eggs may be saved by a better arrangement of poultry houses, a better system in collecting eggs, and by cooperation in quick marketing. Several egg associations are showing us how to and some day nearly all that million dollion dollars will nestle in the farmer's pocket instead of going to waste.—University Farm Press News.

KEEP THE BOYS ON THE FARM

Exhibit at the State Fair Will Teach You How to Do This.

If you want to know how to build the best home for the farm and to make that home so attractive that it will be a pleasure to the adult members and keep the boys and girls on the farm you can learn all the details at the Minnesota State Fair.

A new and what will undoubtedly be a very popular and helpful exhibit of the 1911 fair will be a model farm home. This permanent exhibit is being prepared and will be shown under the auspices of the Minnesota State Art society. It is intended to give practical as well as artistic ideas to the prospective home builder. It will be helpful in many ways.

In all the details of construction, in every variety of practical and artistic furnishing and in the best pictures and books the home will be a model and those in charge will give valuable information on all subjects that pertain to making a home attractive.

MEN WHO MANAGE MINNESOTA STATE FAIR

How Work of Great Institution Is Divided Among Representative Business Men.

The present officers and directors of the Minnesota State Agricultural Society and the men who are working to make and will be responsible for the success of the 1911 fair, to be held Sept. 4 to 9, are as follows:

C. W. Glotfelter, president, Waterville.

E. J. Stilwell, first vice president, Minneapolis.

Reuben Warner, second vice president, St. Paul.

J. C. Simpson, secretary, Hamline.

Edgar L. Mattson, treasurer, Minneapolis.

George Atchison, director, Mankato.

W. W. Sivright, director, Hutchinson.

Robert Crickmore, director, Hutchinson.

C. P. Craig, director, Duluth.

F. W. Murphy, director, Wheaton.

Thomas H. Canfield, director, Lake Park.

Department Superintendents.

A. Horses—E. E. Miller, St. Peter, superintendent; Geo. Atchison, Mankato, supervisor.

B. Cattle—Thos. H. Canfield, Lake Park, superintendent.

C. Sheep—J. G. Smith Farmington, superintendent; Robert Crickmore, Owatonna, supervisor.

D. Swine—W. F. Hagerman, Morris, superintendent; Thos. H. Canfield, Lake Park, supervisor.

E. Poultry—Leslie E. Parlan, St. Paul, superintendent; F. W. Murphy, Wheaton, supervisor.

F. Dairy and Dairy Products—F. W. Murphy, Wheaton, superintendent.

G. Agriculture—C. P. Craig, Duluth, superintendent.

H. Horticulture—C. P. Craig, Duluth, superintendent.

I. Floriculture—C. P. Craig, Duluth, superintendent.

J. Apiary—Scott La Mont, Park Rapids, superintendent; F. W. Murphy, Wheaton, supervisor.

K. Woman's Department—E. J. Stilwell, Minneapolis, superintendent.

L. Exposition Department—E. J. Stilwell, Minneapolis, superintendent.

M. Manufacturers' Machinery, Farm Implements and Vehicles—W. W. Sivright, Hutchinson, superintendent.

O. Automobile Show and Automobile Races—Reuben Warner, St. Paul, superintendent.

P. Speed—George Atchison, Mankato, superintendent.

Gates—Lyman D. Baird, Austin, superintendent; F. W. Murphy, Wheaton, supervisor.

Police—Reuben Warner, St. Paul superintendent.

Forage—Gardner Stevens, Minneapolis, superintendent; Thos. H. Canfield, Lake Park, supervisor.

Concessions and Privileges—Robert Crickmore, Owatonna, superintendent.

Collector of Privileges—Stanley H. Bezoier, Minneapolis, collector; Robert Crickmore, Owatonna, supervisor.

Sanitation and Ice—A. C. Page, Austin, superintendent; J. C. Simpson, supervisor.

Transportation—C. E. Lamberton, Redwood Falls, superintendent; Reuben Warner, supervisor.

Grounds—J. C. Simpson, superintendent.

Standing Committees.

Executive—Stilwell, Warner, Sivright.

Reception—Craig, Crickmore, Sivright.

Amusement — Atchison, Canfield, Crickmore.

Advertising—Stilwell, Warner, Murphy.

Transportation — Warner, Craig, Murphy, Canfield.

Tickets—Murphy, Canfield, Sivright.

Privileges — Crickmore, Sivright, Warner.

MINNESOTA'S FAIR PREMIUM OFFERINGS

Directors' Literality Gives Many Opportunity of Winning Prizes.

The premium offerings at the Minnesota State Fair this year are more liberal than ever before in the fair's history. Outside of the horse race purses and the amounts paid for automobile races and many other special amusement features the premium offerings of the fair amount to $55,290, an increase of more than $7,900 over the amount offered last year.

This offering will attract a much larger number of exhibitors and a greater variety and a better quality of exhibits. The distribution of premiums in the different departments for the 1911 fair is as follows:

	1910.	1911.
Horses	$ 7,286	$11,000
Cattle	17,239	17,239
Sheep	3,746	3,746
Swine	3,443	4,095
Poultry	1,384	1,850
Agricultural products..	8,000	9,000
Honey and bees	805	1,100
Horticulture and floriculture	2,372	2,500
Dairy	1,610	1,610
Woman's Dept	1,538	2,500
Boys' Judging Contest Scholarship	....	650
Totals	$47,423	$55,290

A Sentiment Scorned.

"A dog is man's patient, faithful friend."

"Naturally," answered the harsh analyst, "he depends on a man to be his meal ticket."—Washington Star.

Sensitive.

The ladies there whose heads were bared
At once resumed their hats.
'Twas when the lecturer declared,
"We must destroy the rats."
—Los Angeles Times.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

Killed in a Runaway!

A. Welo, a prominent farmer of Pennington county living four miles south of Thief River Falls, met a tragic death late Monday afternoon when his team ran away just outside of that city, he being on his way home after a day's business in town. No one witnessed the accident, but it is thought that he had been dragged some distance before the team was stopped. Death resulted from a fracture of the skull, though his head, chest, and arms were also badly bruised.

Coroner Swanson was called and viewed the remains, and found an inquest unnecessary. Funeral services were held Thursday from the Swedish Mission church at Thief River Falls.

Mr. Welo was a well-to-do farmer and had been recognized for the last twenty years as a valuable and influential citizen. He was over 60 years of age. He leaves a wife and six children —two boys and four girls.

Commissioner Wold's Wife Dies

Mrs. Peter Wold, wife of County Commissioner Wold of Kuehnel, died at her home Tuesday of consumption. The deceased formerly lived in Kuehnel, where Mr. Wold was postmaster, and is well known and respected in the county. Mrs. Wold was about 50 years of age and is survived by her husband and seven children. The funeral will be held this afternoon at the Mission church.—Thief River Falls News.

Occupy the Court House

The remodeling of the Thief River Falls city hall to make it suitable for occupancy as the Pennington county court house has been completed and the county offices are being moved in. The changes in the building cost the county the neat little sum of $6,500.

Paid Ad

Terrebonne correspondent to Red Lake Falls Gazette please take notice: Dr. Owens of St. Hilaire says that he means every word of what he has written and has fifty ($50.00) dollars of real money to back his words. If your team is game, why did you back out on the agreement of your manager to play the final game in Red Lake Falls on Aug. 20. Show us, "old kid," we're there, All of your excuses count for naught Show the goods.

Yours truly, DR. OWENS.

Warning to Hunters

"Some hunters seem somewhat confused as to just when the prairie chicken shooting season begins this year," said Game Warden Munch of Crookston.

"The fact that the law provides that from Aug. 16 to Sept. 1 dogs may be taken out hunting, but that guns cannot be used, and that from Sept. 1 to Sept. 7 guns may be used by shooting shooting blank cartridges, seems to be stumbling block for many of the hunters.

"The chicken shooting season does not open until Sept. 7, and as both chickens and partridges are plentiful this year they will be hunted more than usual.

"Another stumbling block, as far as the huntsman is concerned, is the law which provides that the partridge hunting season does not open until Oct. 1, nearly a month later than the chicken season opens."

GREATEST FAIR CROWDS.

All Indications Point to a Half Million Attendance and Comfort Will Be Provided for All.

Every preparation is being made for the care and entertainment next September of a greater crowd than ever before attended the Minnesota State Fair and Exposition. A large number of additional park seats, new drinking fountains, comfort stations, a rest hospital and nursery have already been provided for.

The sidewalks on the main avenues have been widened and a number of the streets and street corners have been so graded as to care for greater crowds. Additional ground has been given the street car company at their central terminals and this space will greatly increase the company's facilities for handling the immense crowds that are expected.

The Agricultural society has purchased nine lots adjoining their present railroad yards and unloading platform and these will be increased in number and convenience. Fences and buildings on the fair grounds are being repaired and painted. A new building is being erected that will connect the woman's building and annex. Several new structures for machinery exhibits are being built on Machinery hill.

Agricultural School

The Crookston state agricultural school opens Oct. 3, 1910. The school is better equipped than ever with an enlarged faculty, larger and better school and farm buildings, and better facilities for doing the best work. It offers a variety of courses to young men and women of the farm that few can afford to let pass by. The school catalog explains the courses, expenses, etc. Send to C. O. Selvig, Superintendent, State Farm, Crookston, Minn.

MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9

Curious Epitaphs.

Old New England graveyards are not the only ones which contain curious epitaphs. The old time dweller of Maine who "died of a falling tree," as his headstone asserts, had a fellow in misfortune in faroff Austria, as is shown by W. A. Baillie-Grohman's "The Tyrol and the Tyrolese."

A wooden slab, painted with the representation of a prostrate tree under which lies a man in spread eagle attitude, bears testimony to the violent death of "Johann Lemberger, aged fifty-two and three-quarters years. This upright and virtuous youth was squashed by a falling tree."

The record of Michael Gerstner is even more succinct and convincing. He "climbed up, fell down and was dead."

AND now I see with eye serene
The very pulse of the machine,
A being breathing thoughtful breath,
A traveler between life and death;
The reason firm, the temperate will,
Endurance, foresight, strength and skill;
A perfect woman, nobly plann'd
To warn, to comfort and command,
And yet a spirit still and bright
With something of an angel light.
—William Wordsworth.

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

The girl who doesn't know she is pretty isn't, and the man who doesn't know he is a fool is.

There are persons so thick skinned that no arrow aimed at their self conceit ever pierces their armor.

The individual who poses as the head of the family isn't always the one who keeps the works from going to smash.

Queer Justice.

It was the custom in England many years ago that when a person was hanged through a mistake and the authorities were satisfied he was innocent to appoint a commission, which would proceed to the grave in solemn procession and with due rites wave a white flag over the remains. Thus was justice done.

The Invincible Britons.

Smith—The British, I believe, rarely make mention of our Revolution.

Jones—No, but I understand they occasionally refer to it as a conflict in which some British colonists defeated a force of Hessians.—London Tatler.

Making Good.

"Is he making good in his new line of work?"

"Yes, indeed. He is already finding fault with the way his boss carries on the business."—Detroit Free Press.

The most essential feature of a man is his improvableness.—Fiske.

Pendulum Clocks.

Pendulum clocks were invented after Galilei stood observing the lamp in a church swinging to and fro.

Making Moving Pictures.

Carbons for lights used in taking moving pictures are grooved toward the condenser, so that in burning away faster on that side the arc will not cast a shadow, as frequently is the case with ordinary carbons.

A Wonder.

"They say Flubdub's youngest boy is quite a prodigy."

"Yes; he can name all the vice presidents of the United States."—Puck.

Same Old Advice.

Already doth the doctor man
O'erhaul the medic annals.
He says it is too soon to plan
To shed your winter flannels.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Sad Dog.

Bull Terrier—Dad's dead, eh? Leave you anything?

Fat Pug—Yes; I inherited his pants —New York Life.

The report of Dwight C. Morgan, on the value of the physical properties of the railways of the state of Minnesota, has been handed to the members of the legislature in a supplementary report of the railroad and warehouse commission. In brief it shows that the aggregate cost of reproduction of all the railways of the state is computed by the state to be $360,961,547, the report covering the period up to June 30, 1907.

The cost of reproduction of all railways in the state, as claimed by the companies, for [illegible] 30, 1906, was [illegible]

FLAX STRAW

To Farmers and Whom It May Concern:

Having established at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, a Flax Tow Mill, I hereby take pleasure in communicating this fact to the public. This mill will purchase all good, sound flax straw of 1911 crop only, offered and brought to the mill grounds by the farmers themselves or shipped to the mill in bales from near by stations located on the railroad, and immediate cash will be paid for it.

The longer the straw the more valuable for making tow, and I therefore respectfully request and advise the farming community to cut the straw as low down as possible, for it is the length of the fibre in the tow which makes it of a desirable quality.

I own four more flax tow mills in Dakota, and own mills or am financially interested in several others located in the states of Minnesota and Iowa.

Mr. Louis Kumpf, my general foreman, and Mr. George Thompson, both of whom are at the present time at Red Lake Falls, will give you all further information should you call on them personally or write to them, and I am sure you will find them both absolutely honest and fair gentlemen.

My great desire is to be fair myself with all mankind and the farmers especially, and those who treat me fair in their dealing will always find me honest and square in dealing with them.

Trusting that our relations may be at all times harmonious and to the interest of both of us, I remain,

Yours faithfully,
V. R. BLEHDON,
a12-3t Owner of Mill.
Main Office: Brisbane Bldg, Buffalo N. Y.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

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Village Officials.

President	J. O. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week. [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Aug. 27, at 7:15 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 200 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LARELLA, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My hardy nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References. Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

Don't Forget
To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket
Hamm's
Beer
A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage
"Leads them All"
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Bring in Your Printing

THE LOCAL NEWS

S. J. Amble was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Give Ole Mathson's 11 cent coffee a trial.

Sever Skattum was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. Richard Wallin was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

A. H. Pitkin returned Monday from his outing at Maple Lake.

Dr. Gamble of Thief River Falls was in St. Hilaire on Wednesday.

Gladys Shirva went Friday to Red Lake Falls to visit with friends.

Mrs. H. O. Jackson left yesterday for a visit with friends in Crookston.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.
CARL KRUGER.

There will be confirmation services at the United church Sunday, Sept. 3.

Otto E. Olson left Wednesday for a short stay at his homestead near Saco, Montana.

Misses Annie and Mary Anderson visited Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Ebbinghausen came over from Crookston Wednesday and is a guest at the Wallin home.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson and Misses Kate and Mabel Patterson were in Thief River Falls Friday

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf

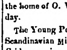
Miss Annie Swanson of Crookston visited over Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swanson.

Miss Ina Johnson returned on Tuesday from a visit to Crookston. Miss Elizabeth remained a few days' longer visit.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, Aug. 27, at 2 p. m.

Alfred Olson and O. K. Sevre left Tuesday for Minot, N. D., with the intention of registering in the Burkhold land opening.

There will be a Sunday school picnic at E. E. Anderson's Sunday afternoon Aug. 27. All are welcome.—Alex Sand Pastor.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Mrs. Elsie Adolphson, accompanied by her children, Lydia and Albin, also Edwin Olson, Clara and Otto Eckstein, of Wylie, visited at the home of O. W. Brink last Sunday.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening, Sept. 1, at the home of Mrs. Herman Peterson, Black River.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin returned Thursday from a few days' outing at Maple Bay and a visit to friends at Crookston.

The Sunday school picnic that was announced to be held at E. E. Anderson's will take place instead at the lawn aroud the parsonage Aug 27. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

Peter Johnson has purchased a John Deere gang plow with six plows, drawn by a gasoline engine. Mr. Johnson is certainly one of the progressive farmers of this section.

Peter Johnson brought in a load of new wheat yesterday threshed with the new machine. He says it is yielding about thirty-two bushels to the acre, and is of good quality.

M. L. Hanson, a merchant of Hendrum, formerly of this place, was shaking hands with old friends and looking after business matters in St. Hilaire Wednesday and Thursday.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Mrs. James W. Laing of Casselton, N. D., who has been a guest at the home of O. W. Brink for a ceouple of weeks, left for her home last Tuesday. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Eda Brink, who will visit with her for several weeks.

Mrs. Worstall made a visit to the county seat on Tuesday.

Miss Vina Anderson returned to her home at Cass Lake Tuesday, after a few weeks' visit at her home in St. Hilaire.

A. G. Ness was taken down with pneumonia last Saturday and for a few days his life was despaired of, but he is reported as recovering.

Leonard Holmes drove Peter Johnson to Thief River Thursday to inspect and accept the new thresher.

C. A. Ellickson is now a resident of our fair city. He will be the local agent for the C. C. Elliott Land company.

An itinerant medicine troupe is in town giving cheap shows, pulling teeth, selling nostrums, and doing other valuable stunts.

The Thief River Tigers came down Sunday and were beaten on the diamond with a score of 10 to 8. Their defeat is getting too old to be news.

Prof. Cozzens, a phrenologist, gave a lecture here Wednesday evening. We cannot learn that he had a great rush of people to have their bumps named.

Miss Lily Boehm gave a party to her young friends last evening at the home of R. J. McKercher. A nice luncheon was served. A very enjoyable evening is reported.

Peter Johnson has purchased an Aultman-Taylor thresher, with a gasoline traction engine to furnish the power. Mr. Johnson pays for the outfit in full, trading in a quarter section of land four miles southeast of town and putting up the cash for the balance.

At the meeting of directors of the Elevator company Monday the bids of applicants for the position of manager at the elevator were opened, many of the bids had been withdrawn. the bidders having become engaged elsewhere, and The board adjourned to next Monday

Sunday night another quite severe electric storm passed over this section. While not so severe as the storm which destroyed the Wilson & Steen barn, it nevertheless made people "sit up and take notice." The only casualty noted was to the flagpole on Pitkin's store. A few hailstones are reported, but no damage to the crops. Much damage from hail is reported in western North Dakota.

The dance given last Saturday night at Imperial hall in honor of certain young people of Red Lake Falls was a success, being attended by about thirty couples. Those who attended from Red Lake Falls were Misses Hazel Zaiser, Edith Johnson, Esther Zaiser, Messrs. Louis Cyr, Joe Lacoursiere, Homer Guilmette, and the chaperone, Miss Esther Johnson. They remained over Sunday and took in the ball game and were given a fruit spread in the evening in the Martz grove.

Estray Notice

Came to my place in section 2, town of Polk Centre, on Sunday morning, August 13, two horses—one gray about fifteen years old and one brown with a marked mane about eleven years old.
a19-2t J. P. PETERSON.

Notice

To owbers of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk.

Estray Notice

Taken up in my grain field, on the se¼ section 19, town of Black River, on July 30, seven head of young cattle—four steers and three heifers—about two years old.

Owner please call and pay damages and for this notice, and take property.
ANDREW DEEKLAN,
a19-3t Wylie, Minn.

Died

Erick Edwin Anderson, one of the old settlers in this vicinity, died at his home Wednesday Aug. 17, at the age of nearly seventy-two years. He has been in poor health all summer, but only a few days sick in bed. He was born at Foglo, Finland, in 1840; came to America in 1882, and settled in section 35 of Rocksbury in 1883, where he has lived until a few years ago when he moved to St. Hilaire. He leaves a wife, to whom he has been married since 1865, and five children.

The funeral will be held Sunday at 2 p. m. from the Swedish Lutheran church of which he has been an active member from its organization.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
WELCOME
MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
IN 1911 BIGGEST AND BEST EVER
THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING THINGS TO SEE IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE & MANUFACTURING
DAN PATCH 1:55
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25,000.00 IN PURSES
GRAND MATCH RACES
WORLD'S 4 FASTEST PACERS
PIETERTJE MAID ORMSBY (78081) WORLD'S CHAMPION BUTTER PRODUCER
SPLENDID LIVE STOCK AND HORSE SHOWS
MUSIC
5 BANDS 3 ORCHESTRAS
SPECTACULAR AEROPLANE MEET
WRIGHT BROS MACHINE
FOUR FLIGHTS & THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
ROMAN TANDEM RACES
CHARIOT RACES
SCOTCH SHEEP DOG TRIALS
WATER CARNIVAL
PAIN'S TREMENDOUS OUTDOOR SPECTACLE BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING TO BREAK THE WORLD'S RECORDS
HUNDREDS of OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES ETC., ETC.
NO FAKES OR FREAKS
ONE WEEK AT THE FAIR IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

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TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 2[illegible] years experience.
Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
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at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
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CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
ANTED: A party t a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particu- a r
H. DAVIS
WATEROTWN : : WIS.

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 21st day of September, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 55, of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 2, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accure by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: 66,079 cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is $9,557.90.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids hereby reserved.

Dated August 5, 1911.
a12-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor Pennington County, State of Minnesota.

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 20th day of September, 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 53 of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 1, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest possible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of construction in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be apporved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: 54,303 cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is $7,280.30.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

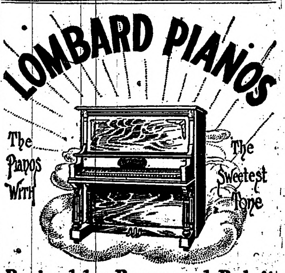
The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 5, 1911.
a12-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor Pennington County, State of Minnesota.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

TO THE LADIES
We have a lot of Ladies' Waists and Muslin Underwear, which we will close out at very low prices. Come in and see them before they are gone
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
COR ER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. G. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

• See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

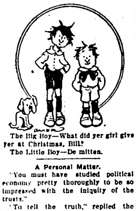
NEW STRENGTH FOR BAD BACKS.

Those who suffer with backache, headache, dizziness and that constant, dull, tired feeling will find comfort in the advice of Mrs. C. S. Tylor, Cando, N. Dak., who says: "My back became terribly sore and lame. I was tired and restless and would arise so exhausted I could scarcely dress. The kidney secretions were terribly annoying and my feet became so swollen I could not wear my shoes. Nothing helped me until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They gave me prompt relief and in a short time I was entirely cured."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

ALL OFF.



The Big Boy—What did yer girl give yer at Christmas, Bill?

The Little Boy—De mitten.

A Personal Matter.

"You must have studied political economy pretty thoroughly to be so impressed with the iniquity of the trusts."

"To tell the truth," replied the candid citizen, "I don't know much about the inside workings of trusts. But I have seen pictures of the men who run them, and I have kind of taken a dislike to them."

A New Ailment.

Mother was sick, and Janet, four years old, had heard the doctor say that she had ptomaine poisoning.

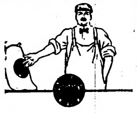
A short time later Janet was heard confiding to one of her playmates:

"Mamma's sick. She's got toe-nail poisoning."

A Specimen.

"Did you ever hear of anything so ridiculous as men of honest graft?"

"What's the matter with the gardeners?"



Cement Talk No. 1

Buyers of *Portland cement* should remember that there are various brands of *Portland cement* on the market and that all *Portland cement* is not the same. Every manufacturer prints on the sacks the name of the brand and the trade mark. If you find the trade mark printed above and the name *Universal* on the *cement* sacks, you may know it is the best *Portland cement* possible to make. *Good concrete* depends on good workmanship and good materials. Care and experience make for good workmanship. Good sand and gravel or crushed stone are obtainable quite cheaply. With these you may feel absolutely safe, if you use *Universal Portland Cement*. It is always uniform, of good color, great strength and works easily. If you need *cement*, use *Universal*. Most dealers handle *Universal*. If yours does not, write us.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 10c. "Star" size, 25c.
QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.
WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very effective. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. AS, St. Paul, Minn.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING

Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Pendleton & Company, 5th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

ARRIVES TOLEDO

LANDS AFTER THRILLING FLIGHT 2,000 FEET ABOVE CITY IN VIEW OF THOUSANDS.

ATWOOD MAKING RECORD

Aviator Forced to Stop Five Hours for Gasoline.—Has a Narrow Escape When Machine Hits Treetops.

Toledo, Ohio. — Exactly 520 miles from his starting point, Harry N. Atwood, Boston aviator, who is attempting to break the world's long distance aeroplane record by flying from St. Louis to New York, alighted in Toledo after completing the third day of his trip, with a spectacular flight 2,000 feet above the city.

He covered the 133 miles from Elkhart, Ind., to Toledo with only one stop and in actual flying time of 2 hours and 56 minutes. He started from Elkhart at 8:06 a. m., and was compelled to stop at Pettisville, Ohio, for more than five hours because he ran out of gasoline, and, continuing his journey, guided by the tracks of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad, he alighted in Toledo at 4:02 p. m.

Between some of the stations Atwood beat the scheduled time for ordinary trains. In the last lap of the day's run he whipped up such a speed as hardly to be visible for longer than a minute at any one angle. The 33 miles from Pettisville into Toledo was run in 50 minutes, including a delay for starting and time lost in circling around the city in search of a landing place.

The Boston man's arrival here was as exciting as was his trip over northern Indiana and Ohio. Steam whistles and thousands of people on top of office buildings greeted him as he came in from the west. All the way he had been gliding "uphill" to get a good view of the town, he said. Instead of alighting in the west end he shot over the city and landed near the mouth of the Maumee river in the eastern section.

Aviator's Arrival Exciting.

Intense interest marked his progress. When swooping low to read the names of the railroad stations great crowds, including farmers who had come in from miles around, frantically yelled for him to come down. Some brought bouquets and lunches for the aviator, while policemen and municipal officials abandoned their posts to join in the ovation.

Atwood is now 745 miles from New York. With 520 miles already traveled he will, on arriving in New York, have to his credit, 1,265 miles as computed by railroad mileage, including 286 miles from St. Louis to Chicago, 540 miles from Chicago to Buffalo, N. Y., and 439 miles from Buffalo to New York City. But Atwood asserts he will be entitled to considerably more than this, as he covered 50 or more miles in circling over St. Louis and Chicago and made detours en route.

He said he would not definitely decide until after his arrival in New York whether he would continue on to Boston.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 17.—Wheat, September, 99¾c; Dec., $1.00⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.03; No. 2 northern, $1.01½; No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 3 white oats, 41¼c; barley, malting, $1.10; No. 2 rye, 83½c; No. 1 flax, $2.15.

Duluth, Aug. 17.—Wheat, September, $1.01; December, $1.01⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 1 durum, 93⅞c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Steers, $4.50@6.00; cows, $3.75@4.25; calves, $2.85@6.75; hogs, $7.00@7.10; lambs, $3.25@6.50.

Chicago Grain Markets.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Wheat prices worked higher during the first hour of trading on a demand from shorts, but the trade generally was small. Liverpool was higher and there were rumors of some foreign demand which were bullish factors. September opened ⅛@¼c higher at 88⅝@89¼c and sold ¼c higher at 89⅝@89½c and sold at 89⅛c.

The corn belt was reported dry and hot and damage claims from the southern and southwestern part of the belt influenced a fair demand from commission houses. The cash demand yesterday was good and the sample market firm. September opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c up at 64⅝@64¾c. Later sales were made at 64⅝@64½c.

The oats market was quiet but steady; local traders buying on the corn strength. September opened ⅛c up at 41⅝c, but declined to 41⅛c later.

Light offerings and some commission house buying held provisions steady. January pork opened 7½c up at $16.20, September lard 5c higher at $8.97½, and September ribs unchanged at $9.05.

HEADS STEPHENSON PROBE.

Washington, D. C. — Senators Heyburn, Sutherland, Bradley, Paynter and Pomerene were appointed a sub-committee to investigate the election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin. The appointment was made by Chairman Dillingham of the Committee on elections.

THREE MILL WORKERS INJURED.

Eau Claire Sawmill Employes Hurled Through Air When Carriage Breaks.

Eau Claire, Aug. 17.—While the new Dells Lumber company's sawmill was in operation apparatus in connection with the carriage broke and the carriage was smashed to pieces. Three men were hurled from the carriage, Richard Johnson broke a leg, another man broke an arm and the third sustained injury to his head. All were rushed to Luther hospital.

Suspected Anarchists at Panama.

New Orleans, Aug. 17.—According to information received here from Panama it is believed that an organized body of anarchists has been discovered among the Spanish laborers on the Isthmian canal. The discovery was made through the confession of a laborer, believed to be Aquilino Lopez, of Barcelona, implicated in the massacre of priests and religious workers in Spain two years ago. The man said to be Lopez and several others who admitted they were anarchists have been detained.

QUEER DISEASE IS IN UNITED STATES

Many Here Afflicted With Odd Ailment, Says Prof. Munyon.

GREWSOME CREATURES VERY COMMON, FINDS EXPERT.

Many people in the United States are afflicted with a queer disease, according to a statement yesterday by Professor James M. Munyon. He made the following remarkable and rather grewsome statement:

"Many persons who come and write to my headquarters at 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., think they are suffering from a simple stomach trouble, when in reality they are the victims of an entirely different disease—that of tape worm. These tape worms are huge internal parasites, which locate in the upper bowel and consume a large percentage of the nutriment in undigested food. They sometimes grow to a length of forty to sixty feet. One may have a tape worm for years and never know the cause of his or her ill health.

"Persons who are suffering from one of these creatures become nervous, weak and irritable, and tire at the least exertion. The tape worms rob one of ambition and vitality and strength, but they are rarely fatal.

"The victim of this disease is apt to believe that he is suffering from chronic stomach trouble, and doctors for years without relief. This is not the fault of the physicians he consults, for there is no absolute diagnosis that will tell positively that one is not a victim of tape worm.

"The most common symptom of this trouble is an abnormal appetite. At times the person is ravenously hungry and cannot get enough to eat. At other times the very sight of food is loathsome. There is a gnawing, faint sensation at the pit of the stomach, and the victim has headaches, fits of dizziness and nausea. He cannot sleep at night and often thinks he is suffering from nervous prostration.

"I have a treatment which has had wonderful success in eliminating these great creatures from the system. In the course of its regular action in aiding digestion, and ridding the blood, kidneys and liver of impurities it has proven fatal to these great worms. If one has a tape worm, this treatment will, in nine cases out of ten, stupefy and pass it away, but if not, the treatment will rebuild the run-down person, who is probably suffering from stomach trouble and a general anaemic condition. My doctors report marvelous success here with this treatment. Fully a dozen persons have passed these worms, but they are naturally reticent about discussing them, and of course we cannot violate their confidence by giving their names to the public."

Letters addressed to Professor James M. Munyon, 53d and Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., will receive as careful attention as though the patient called in person. Medical advice and consultation absolutely free. Not a penny to pay.

No Use Washing It.

Mother—Charles, I see you have written me a little letter to say how sorry you are you took the jam! Well, I forgive you for your thoughtfulness.

Charlie—Yes, ma. Please don't tear the letter.

Mother—Why not?

Charles—'Cos it'll do for next time.

—Stray Stories.

Vacation Scheme.

"I have gotten a great deal of pleasure from anticipating the trip."

"More pleasure, possibly, than you'll get from the trip itself."

"That's what I think. So I've decided to stay at home and save the money."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Keep him at least three paces distant who hates bread, music and the laugh of a child.—Lavater.

THAT AWFUL BACKACHE

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have the backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing we know of will do this so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or sent prepaid for 20c. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Wholesale and Retail
AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS
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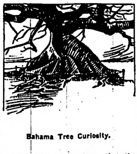
Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 12 or 12 exp. 15 cents. Any size print 3 to 5 cents. Send for catalog. YOCKELL DRUGGIST, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

MARVELOUS TREE CURIOSITY

Back of British Post Office at Nassau, Bahama Islands, a Sight for Tourists.

Nassau, B. I.—A tree which in its very conformation seems to show a struggle between two monsters—one of the land against one of the sea—is the ceiba or silk cotton tree of Nassau, a splendid example of the peculiar form which trees of this family are inclined to take. In the Nassau tree the illusion of a battle royal has brought thousands of travelers to see the strange tree but more are also interested in its great length of history. In 1802 a traveler sketched the tree while sojourning here in the Bahamas. It was a good sketch and on comparison now shows that the great ceiba tree has not changed, save in podding each year, in all that length of time. Scientists deduce that the tree is nearly one thousand years old.



Bahama Tree Curiosity.

It stands just at the back of the British post office in Nassau—its great top outspreading like a huge umbrella with branches soaring as far as 100 feet from the main stem. The trunk is of huge girth and it is this with the interwinding of branches above that gives the idea of a combat.

But the giant roots of the ceiba are its most distinctive feature. Diverging from the main stem long before they strike into the ground, they form such buttresses as to make the ceiba seem a regular citadel of almost unassailable strength.

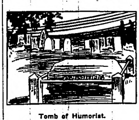
From the pods on the tree a sticky, silk-like substance is obtained once a year and used for the stuffing of cushions. Natives of the islands say the same tree had served their ancestors with clothing from its pods since the earliest legends of the island.

THE GRAVE OF JOSH BILLINGS

Remains of the Quaint Humorous Writer and Lecturer Rest Near Ganesborough, Mass.

Ganesborough, Mass.—Henry Wheeler Shaw, whose pen name was "Josh Billings," was born at Ganesborough, Mass., and died at Monterey, Cal., 1885.

Starting at the age of fifteen in search of fortune, he led an unsettled life for several years. He tried farming, running a steamboat on the Ohio, store keeping and teaching, but was unsuccessful in all of them. He drifted back east and settled in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1858, as an auctioneer. His contributions to the newspapers, under the pen name "Josh Billings," brought him liberal returns. His writings are characterized by a quaint shrewdness, and a humorous element intensified by the crude phonetic spelling which he adopted. He lectured throughout the country, and in addition to his sketches, issued in four volumes, published an annual almanac.



Tomb of Humorist.

After his death his remains were brought to Ganesborough, the town of his nativity. Close to the highway in the little old graveyard he awaits the last roll call. One of his quaint sayings was: "Riz arly, work hard an' late, sell what yu kant use, giv nothing awa, an' if yu don't die ritch an' go tu the devil, yu kan sue me for damages."

TOURIST GAVE AWAY HIS AUTO

Became Angry When His Car Ran Into a Ditch and Gave It to a Small Boy.

Hammond, Ind.—"Take the blamed machine and welcome," snapped a New York tourist as he crawled from under his automobile in front of the home of Cecil Hancock, near here. The man was on his way to Chicago, Ill., from New York city when the knuckle in the steering gear broke and sent the car up-side-down into the ditch. In addition to paying the boy who hauled him to the nearest railroad station he gave the lad the car, valued at $2,000 and in good condition save for some scratches and twisted irons as the result of the accident.

The tourist refused to give his name but the car bears the tag No. 8605, New York. When the lad's father learned of his son's good fortune he sold the car to a dealer and will apply the money toward giving his son a college education.

Canned Hymns at Funeral.

Carver, Mass.—Singing by phonograph at a funeral is the latest here. At the funeral of Ralph U. Graffam a record containing one of the old-fashioned church hymns was started on the machine. After prayers others were given, the record reproducing other favorite hymns sung at services over the dead. It was favorably commented on as a practical substitute for the usual [illegible]

HE HAD THEM IN A CORNER

Clergyman's Rebuke to Thoughtless Youths at Once Neat and Disconcerting.

A well-known clergyman was one day in a barber's shop, when four or five young men walked in whom he knew by their voices, but who did not recognize the man in the chair, with lather all over his face. They proceeded to spend the time by telling stories and using expressions which, to say the least, were rather strong. When the barber pulled away the towel the clergyman, cleanly shaved, stood before them. So nonplussed were they that no one tried to take the vacant chair, and the barber called several times: "Next gentleman!"

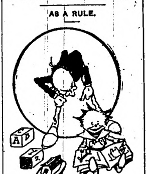
The clergyman smiled somewhat grimly as he said:

"It isn't a bit of use, John. There's not a man here who has the effrontery to answer to that name."

TO KEEP THE SKIN CLEAR

For more than a generation, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have done more for pimples, blackheads and other unsightly conditions of the complexion, red, rough, chapped hands, dandruff, itching, scaly scalps, and dry, thin and falling hair than any other method. They do even more for skin-tortured and disfigured infants and children. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page book on the care of the skin and hair will be sent post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 22 L, Boston.

AS A RULE.



"What is an income tax, pa?"

"A wife, my son."

The Wreck.

Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, the eastern golf champion, was talking at the Cape May Golf club about the benefits of sea air. "To look at the cottagers and natives of Cape May," she said, "speaks of these benefits more eloquently than I could do. How pale and wan seem city people beside these brown, supple, vigorous men and women! An excursionist from the city said to a fisherman on the beach the other morning:

"'Do you have many wrecks here?'

"The fisherman looked contemptuously at the city man, who was in bathing dress. He looked contemptuously at his hollow chest and white, thin legs and arms, and then he replied: 'You're the fust I've saw this season.'"

The Fly.

"Where on earth do those flies come from?" is a frequent and despairing question.

They may come down the chimneys, if the fireplaces have tipping dampers. These should be tightly closed in fly-time. An appreciable falling-off in their number will result.

If the chimneys have not the tipping damper, a screen such as is used for a window can be fitted into the fireplace; or, easier still, a bundle of paper may be stuffed up the chimney.

Either method is successful, and no trouble is too great to get rid of these summer pests.

Cruel Disappointment.

Jugend tells this story: "In the lower court of a small town in Saxony William had served faithfully and well as attendant to the presiding judge for many years without ever having received any reward aside from his legal stipend. On the day of adjournment for the season, when visitors had retired, the judge, who was also about to leave, asked: "William, do you smoke?" Seeing a square box under the judge's arm, he answered respectfully: 'Yes, your honor.' 'I knew it by the smell of your coat,' said the judge, as he walked out."

AT THE PARSONAGE.

Coffee Runs Riot No Longer.

"Wife and I had a serious time of it while we were coffee drinkers.

"She had gastritis, headaches, belching and would have periods of sickness, while I secured a daily headache that became chronic.

"We naturally sought relief by drugs without avail, for it is now plain enough that no drug will cure the diseases another drug (coffee) sets up, particularly, so long as the drug which causes the trouble is continued.

"Finally we thought we would try leaving off coffee and using Postum. I noticed that my headaches disappeared like magic, and my old 'trembly' nervousness left. One day wife said, 'Do you know my gastritis has gone?'

"One can hardly realize what Postum has done for us.

"Then we began to talk to others. Wife's father and mother were both coffee drinkers and sufferers. Their headaches left entirely a short time after they changed from coffee to Postum.

"I began to enquire among my parishioners and found to my astonishment that numbers of them use Postum in place of coffee. Many of the ministers who have visited our parsonage have become enthusiastic champions of Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are [illegible]

Family Enough.

Horace, five years old, has a brother nine, and a sister three, and with his father and mother, he deemed this family large enough. When, therefore, he was told by his aunt that a little baby was to be added to the family, he protested:

"I think papa and mamma might better spend their money for more strawberries and powdered sugar for me," he observed, indignantly.

On a certain day a doctor came to the house and Horace thought he knew what that meant. His spirit of revolt nearly got the better of him, however, when a second doctor came.

A few hours later, after the doctors had departed, his Aunt Ella told him he had a new little brother. Horace brightened, and tiptoed to his mother's room. "It's all right, mamma," he assured her. "There's only one."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

In Seclusion.

"Is your mistress at home?"

"Are you the manicure lady?"

"No, indeed!"

"Then she ain't at home, mum."

A sordid love of money is certainly a very senseless thing, for the mind much occupied with it is blind to everything else.—Diphilus.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The hero is he who is immovably centered.—Emerson.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

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LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY
(A Department of Lawrence College)
Enjoys the intellectual and social advantages of Lawrence College. Teachers of recognized ability, choral society, orchestra, recitals by World's Artists, May music festival, Faculty concerts, superior Public School Music Course, Piano, Voice, Violin, Harmony —Dormitories for students. Fall term begins September 14th.
William Harper, Dean, Appleton, Wis.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

PATENTS Fortunes are made in patents. Protect your ideas. Our 64 page book free. Fitzgerald & Co., Box K, Washington, D. C.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

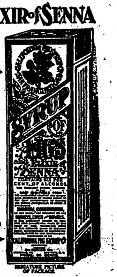
N. W. N. U., NO. 33-1911.

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL, SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
in the Circle,
on every Package of the Genuine.



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Note the Full Name of the Company
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR GRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE; MANUFACTURED BY THE

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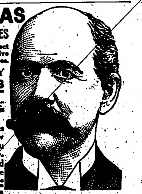
SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

FOR PINK EYE DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES



WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

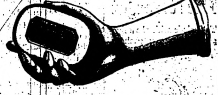
The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes



Lenox Soap is the best value, in the way of laundry soap, that money will buy.

It is the *cheapest* of good soaps; the *best* of medium-priced soaps.

Lenox Soap
"Just fits the hand"

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 26, 1911. NUMBER 7.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

President Taft, in a special message to the house of representatives vetoed the joint resolution providing for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona to statehood.

Representative Norris of Nebraska introduced in the house a joint resolution requesting the president to invite the governors of the various states to send delegates to a congress for the purpose of proposing to the state legislatures a uniform law upon the subject of marriages and divorce.

The house committee on territories appointed a sub-committee of five to confer with the senate territories committee on the New Mexico and Arizona statehood situation, with a view to writing a compromise measure, which could be adopted by both houses and signed by President Taft.

Every bit of the efficiency of the bureau of chemistry, which has the right to determine the purity or impurity of any food product, was destryed, its work nullified and the public's money squardered when the food and drug inspection board was created. So said Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief chemist of the department of agriculture.

General.

Utah is planning for a big exhibit at Omaha Land show.

Plans for President Taft's western trip have been completed.

Senator La Follette cannot come to Nebraska for the state fair.

The house adopted the conference report of the campaign publicity bill, 283 to 27.

Willard Taft Atwater, aged 52, a second cousin of President Taft, died at Minneapolis.

Robert Chasteen, city marshal of Ullin, Ill., was shot and killed by unidentified persons.

Germany may join the other foreign powers in an arbitration treaty with the United States.

Bryan, at Columbus, O., said he would announce his choice for the presidency at the proper time.

The strike at Great Britain has reached a serious stage, and conditions are becoming critical.

Major Levi Ferguson of the Twenty-second Indiana infantry during the civil war, died at Wichita.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has submitted a plan by which to effect a saving in carrying of mails.

Myrtle Reed McCullough, a Chicago author, died from a drug believed to have been taken with suicidal intent.

Visiting members of the national humorists' association, at Boston for their tenth annual convention, made a trip to historic Plymouth.

The Spokane council has indorsed the movement looking to operation by the government of the Alaskan coal mines and the selling of coal to consumers at cost.

Ex-Governor E. P. Savage of Nebraska is dangerously ill with appendicitis at his home in Tacoma, Wash., according to a message received by Lincoln friends.

O. C. Morrison, aviator, was rescued from the English channel two miles out from Sandgate. His aeroplane plunged into the sea while he was attempting an air passage to France. A boat reached him just as the machine was sinking.

After more than 200 years under the aldermanic form of city government, Mobile, Ala., officially passed under the commission form.

Paris Midi is authority for the sensational report that sixty soldiers at the Marseilles garrison have been placed in the hospital as suspected cholera patients.

Lieutenant Whittier, executive officer of the United States revenue cutter Androscoggin, died at the relief hospital in Boston of injuries sustained at the hands of thugs.

It is reported on good authority that Lord Camoys of England and Miss Mildred Sherman, daughter of William in New York will be married in New York early next winter.

The session of the fifty-ninth annual convention of the American pharmaceutical association at Boston was largely devoted to sectional meetings with papers by delegates.

Governor John F. Shafroth believes President Taft was wrong in vetoing the statehood resolution, including a provision for the recall of the judiciary. "A state has the right, in my opinion, to make its own laws, by which its people shall be governed."

The funeral of St. Croix Johnston, who, like William R. Badger, was killed by a fall from an aeroplane last Tuesday, was hed at Chicago.

While driving an automobile at twenty-five miles an hour Pearlie Owens struck a cow near Rockwell City, Ia., the collision causing the car to turn turtle with its five occupants.

The Alfaro government in Ecuador was overthrown by a revolution organized by the supporters of President-elect Estrada. Few casualties occurred and a provisional government headed by the president of the senate was formed.

Railroad traffic in Great Britain is greatly impeded by a strike of operatives.

On account of the judiciary recall provision, President Taft vetoed the Arizona-New Mexico statehood resolution.

President Taft has been invited to visit the convention of the International Association of State Labor Officials at Lincoln, Neb., on September 21.

Congressman J. P. Latta of Nebraska and his son Ed accompanied by his physician, Dr. Luken, has gone to Rochester, Minn., where he will probably undergo an operation.

The house adopted the conference report on the farmers' free list bill by 160 to 102, after eliminating the house lemons amendment and concurring with all the senate amendments.

Jose Maria, managing editor of the paper Cuba at Havana, and his nephew, Manuel Villeverde, an editorial writer on the Cuba, were seized at the residence of the former and placed on a steamer and deported to Spain.

Fire originating in the car building and repair shops of the Cudahy Packing company's plant at South Omaha caused a loss of $150,000 to the Cudahy property and less than $5,000 to the Union stock yards. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

President Taft was the guest of honor at a luncheon at the Country club in Washington. Vice President Sherman and a score of republican leaders in the senate and house of representatives were also present. Senator Root of New York was host.

Statehood for New Mexico and Arizona on a basis acceptable to President Taft was approved by the senate through the passage of the Flood-Smith resolution presented by Senator William Alden Smith, chairman of the committee on territories.

A reward of $1 per head is offered by the health authorities of Decatur county, Indiana, for mosquitoes. They dsire only the malaria-carrying variety, but in order to stimulate interest, have issued a bulletin giving a full description of the species they wish to exterminate.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has recommended to the house that railroads be paid only enough to give them a profit of 6 per cent above cost for carrying the mails. He favors having the roads themselves report annually on the actual cost of the service.

Martin W. Littleton, congressman from Nassau county, N. Y., will be chairman of the proposed congressional committee which will be authorized to investigate the industrial conditions of the United States. This committee will, it is reported, be the most important one appointed by congress in recent years.

John W. Deaton, one of the oldest employes at the Springfield, Mo., postoffice, was arrested by postoffice inspectors charged with detaining letters that contained registered matter. He furnished $2,000 bail, pending trial at the October term of the federal court.

The bishop of Padua has issued a pastoral letter addressed to all the clergy under his jurisdiction, warmly exhorting them to use their influence to the end that women and especially fashionable women, should adopt more decent and decorous modes of dressing on these hot summer days.

More than $3,000,000 worth of securities were found when the safety deposit vault of John A. Humbird, lumberman, was opened at St Paul by his son, Thomas J. Humbird of Spokane. A representative of the county treasurer's office was on hand to list the property for the inheritance tax.

Four men were killed, four were fatally injured, while nine others suffered fractured arms and legs in an explosion which wreckd the molding building of the Illinois Steel company's plant at Joliet, Ill.

Workmen of Lincoln will celebrate labor day with a picnic at which Gov. Aldrich will make and address.

Order will be re-established in the state of Morelos before the federal troops are withdrawn. They have been ordered to occupy the various towns now held by the Zapatistas. General Ambrosio Figueroa has been instructed to march his men northward from the Guerrero state line, and rurales now in the state of Vera Cruz will be brought into the disaffected region.

The president probably will leave Beverly September 17, returning east about November 1. He will go west through Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and Nevada to the coast. Most of the big cities in those states including Des Moines, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and Salt Lake City will be visited, but the plans for the trip contemplates stops at scores of smaller places as well.

Personal.

Premier Laurier opened his campaign at Simcoe, Ontario.

Dr. Wiley says he was notoriously the under dog in department rulings.

Henry Swanson of Omaha was crushed to death under a barn he was moving.

Vetoes of President Taft of the wool and free list bills were sustained.

House democrats were accused by republicans of dropping the Controller bay investigation.

President Taft, in an extended message giving his reasons, vetoed the compromise wool bill.

A nation-wide campaign against the white slave traffic has been planned by women of the national socialist party.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

OFF FOR CAMP PERRY.

Minnesota National Guard Sharpshooters to be Placed in Class A.

The Minnesota national guard rifle team has left Lake City for Camp Perry, on Lake Erie, where the national shoot will be held from August 23 to 28. Camp Perry is about thirty miles from Toledo.

Last year the Minnesota team won fourth place in Class B, which places them in Class A for this season, where it will have to compete with two regular army teams, the naval team, the marine team and all of the state militia teams which won places in Class A last year. All of the states and territories and the District of Columbia will be represented by teams.

The teams are divided into Classes A B and C. The prizes are as follows: Class A, first prize, national trophy, $450 in cash; second, $350; third, $300; fourth, $250. Class B, first, Hilton trophy and $350; second, $250; third, $225; fourth, $200. Class C, Bronze Soldier of Marathon and $300; second, $200; third, $175; fourth, $150: All members of the winning teams get bronze medals. Members of the Minnesota team are as follows:

Team captain, Brigadier General Fred B. Wood; coach, Captain Mathias Baldwin, First infantry; spotter, Major Orris E. Lee, inspector of small arms practice, First brigade; range officer, Major Nicholas Nicholson, Second infantry, adjutant and quartermaster, Captain C. A. Ehlers, military storekeeper; members, Lieutenant Colonel Frederick E. Resche, Third infantry; Captain Arthur B. Clark, Jr. ordinance department; Captain Stelle S. Smith, Company F, Second infantry; Captain James W. Inglis, Company L, Second infantry; First Lieutenant Ernest C. A. Lundeen, Company F, First infantry; Second Lieutenant Edwin H. Juni, battalion quartermaster and commissary, Second infantry; Second Lieutenant Adolph R. Schmid, Company F, Second infantry; Principal Musician Sidney C. Schoberg, First infantry; Sergeant Edward G. Simpson, band, Third infantry; Sergeant Charles Helmer, band, Third infantry; Sergeant Harry S. Cantright, Company E, Second infantry; Corporal Albert J. Lassard, Company G, Third infantry; Corporal Henry I. Church, Company F, First infantry; Private Karl E. Gustafson, Company F, First infantry; Private William Winkler Company C, Third infantry; Private Con V. Schmitt, Company F, First infantry.

MAN KICKED TO DEATH.

Murder Committed at Nashwauk as Result of Dispute Over Lost Watch.

Duluth.—As the result of a quarrel over a watch, Albert Kennedy killed James McDonald at Crooked lake, twelve miles north of Nashwauk, Itasca county. Kennedy was arrested.

The murderer and the dead man were members of a party of four, the other two being Pat McGuire and James Hayes. During a wrestling match at the camp Kennedy lost his watch and accused McDonald. Words followed and Kennedy knocked McDonald down. McGuire and Hayes interfered, only to be driven back by a rifle in the hands of Kennedy. With the field all to himself, Kennedy kicked the life out of McDonald, beating his head into a pulp.

BIG CHURCH MEET IN DULUTH.

Sixth Missionary District of Episcopal Sect Meets Next Month

Duluth.—Duluth will entertain the first week of September one of the biggest gatherings of religious workers ever held in the Northwest when the council of the sixth missionary district of the Episcopal church will meet here. This district includes Minnesota, Iowa, North and South Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, Wyoming and Colorado.

Fifteen bishops and the clergy of eleven dioceses will attend. Among those prominent in the Episcopal church who will attend are the primate of the Canadian church, Archbishop of Rupertsland, Winnipeg, the bishop of Kansas and Bishop Lloyd of New York.

RED WING FUGITIVES CAPTURED.

Seven of Eight Boys Who Fled Reformatory Now Back.

Red Wing. — Seven of the eight boys who escaped from the state training school a week ago, have been returned to the institution. Five of the seven boys were overtaken on Prairie Island early in the week, one was picked up in Rochester, and the other was found hiding in a box car in the railroad yards at St. Charles.

CROOKSTON MAN DROWNED.

Albert Thompson, Lumberman, Meets Death in Lake of the Woods.

Spooner.—Albert Thompson was accidentally drowned while returning from the Lake of the Woods, from an outing. He fell from the stern of a launch and went down immediately. The body has not yet been found. Mr. Thompson came from Crookston. He was employed by the Rainy River Lumber Company of Rainy River, Ont.

COUNTIES ARE HELPING.

Highway Engineer Says New Roads Law Has Aroused Enthusiasm.

Under the new good roads laws county commissioners are taking more interest in the construction and maintenace of roads than heretofore, and are willing to work with the state commission. So says George W. Cooley, state highway engineer, who returned from Litchfield, where he conferred with fifty-two assistant engineers.

"It was the best meeting of engineers I ever attended," Mr. Cooley said. "We held six sessions, had one stereopticon exhibit, and discussed the new road laws. Road and bridge construction, maintenance and superintendence were our chief topics. The meeting acted as a sort of school of instruction. We did not plan for any certain line of work, but discussed them all."

Frank W. Gilbert, vice president of the Spokane, Wash., Good Roads association, has written L. W. Hill, a member of the state highway commission, asking that the model roads exhibit prepared for use at the state fair be loaned to the association for its annual convention. Mr. Hill forwarded the request to Mr. Cooley, who decided he would refuse it because it is needed here. Oregon, Wyoming and Idaho also asked for the exhibit, and all have been refused. The exhibit is made chiefly of cement and sawdust, and illustrates the construction of various model roads and bridges. It was prepared by J. H. Mullen, the assistant state highway engineer.

In commenting on the exhibit, Mr. Hill said it had received more favorable attention than any other exhibit of any other state at any fair. It was loaned to Omaha last year, but probably will not be let out again.

SHERIFF HAZEN'S BILL HELD UP.

Beltrami County Sheriff Accused of Making Illegal Charges.

Bemidji.—A. B. Hazen, sheriff of Beltrami county, against whom charges were made some weeks ago by Viggo Peterson, chairman of the Beltrami Board of County Commissioners, which Attorney General Simpson refused to act upon until after the Dr. Dumas trial, is again in the limelight.

On the allegation that a bill against the county amounting to $752.70 contained illegal items, Peterson and County Auditor George refused to approve the bill. Sheriff Hazen secured a writ of mandamus to compel the county to pay him the money and arguments on this writ were heard yesterday. County Attorney Graham H. Torrance appeared for Peterson. Auditor George declared that in the Hazen bill more than $150 was an illegal charge. Mr. Torrance cited that the sheriff sought to collect $66 for bringing persons into court, despite the fact that he was paid a regular fee of $3 a day for this work.

It was also urged by the county attorney that the sheriff has charged the county for fifty miles of mileage for papers served on one day to persons living in the city of Bemidji and that he was not entitled to more than six miles of mileage for this work.

Henry Kunkley, who appeared for the sheriff, requested that the mater go over to August 28 to permit him to look up the law. This request was granted.

CREAMERY MAKING GOOD.

Farmers Lend Their Support to New State Industry.

Albert Lea.—The Albert Lea state creamery is making excellent progress since it passed into the hands of the state, the receipts of milk having largely increased since the plant was taken over. A few farmers were disgruntled at the change, but now the work is getting their support. Particular efforts are being made regarding the testing of milk and cream for butter fat, and good results are being reported, while unfit milk and cream seldom is presented at the weighing window.

The buildings will be put in first-class condition and the grounds improved. The aim of the management is to make the institution in all respects a model creamery, and at the same time carry on the work in a practical manner.

BEER GARDEN FERRY.

Moorhead. — Considerable "gum shoe" work by the local police unearthed a private ferry system across the Red River of the North at this point, which was used by colored persons as a means of conveyance from North Dakota to a private "beer garden." The beer party was broken up by the police.

CORNERSTONE IS LAID.

New Luther Academy Dormitory at Albert Lea.

Albert Lea.—The corner stone of the new dormitory at Luther academy, this city was laid Sunday, August 20. The building will be three stories and basement and is expected to cost $53,000. This is the second building the academy corp[illegible] and it will provide for a [illegible] ber of stu[illegible]

PRICELESS CORONATION BOOK

Unique Twelfth-Century Bible on Which Many British Sovereigns Took the Oath.

London.—There is in the British Museum a volume known as the Coronation Book of Henry I. All the kings from his day to Henry VIII. swore the coronation oath on this volume. It consists of extracts from the Gospels written in Latin interlined with Saxon. The whole is written on vellum and enclosed within deerskin-covered boards. The most striking feature of the cover is the metal figure of Christ finely chased. The cornerpieces are of later date. As an example of English twelfth-century binding it is almost unique, and its value from a historical and archaeological point of view is quite priceless.

Coronation Book of Henry I.

Very interesting and beautiful is the Bible and the Communion Services which were prepared for use at Westminster Abbey for the recent coronation and were bound under the direction of the Oxford and Cambridge Presses at the Oxford binding house. All three volumes are bound uniformly in red-grained morocco, ornamented with hand-tooled work in gold from designs prepared under the advice of Mr. Cyril Davenport, superintendent of bookbinding in the British Museum. On the covers appear the Royal Coat-of-Arms of England, with Garter, Collar of the Order of the Garter, the Rose of England, the Thistle of Scotland, and small Tudor roses, buds and leaves.

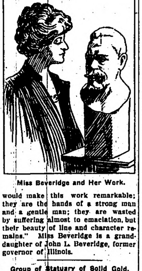
WINS REPUTATION IN MUNICH

Work of Miss Kuehne Beveridge, Talented American Sculptress, Attracting Attention Abroad.

Munich, Bavaria. — Miss Kuehne Beveridge, the talented Illinois sculptress, who created a sensation at Leipzig some time ago with some passionate groups, has completed at Munich the bust of Prince Ludwig Ferdinand of Bavaria, for which the prince has been sitting for her.

In addition she has finished a statue of Amfortas, the keeper of the Holy Grail, which Munich critics declare to be her best work. The model for the statue was Clarence Whitehill of the Metropolitan Opera, New York, who created the role of Amfortas in Wagner's "Parsifal" in America and has also sung the part in Beyreuth.

Writing of the statue, a Munich critic says: "The conception is simple and yet powerful; it is dramatic and yet elegant—the hands alone would make this work remarkable; they are the hands of a strong man and a gentle man; they are wasted by suffering almost to emaciation, but their beauty of line and character remains." Miss Beveridge is a granddaughter of John L. Beveridge, former governor of Illinois.



Miss Beveridge and Her Work.

Group of Statuary of Solid Gold.

Quebec, Can.—An eight-foot group of statuary with all the figures carved from solid gold will be erected within the next year in the famous Church of Ste. Anne de Beaupre, near here. It will be taken to Rome to be blessed by the pope. The group will include Saint Anne, the infant Christ and the Virgin Mary and will cost $300,000.

Find Two Fine Pearls.

Bedford, Ind.—While digging mussels near his camp, south of this city, Fleet Jackson, a mussel digger, found two of the finest pearls ever taken from White river in this vicinity. The larger weighs 32 grains, the other 20 grains. He was offered $900 for the [illegible] which were both taken from [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

New Ulm. — About four thousand people atended the dedication services of the new Martin Luther college dormitory and music hall here Sunday.

New Ulm. — William Struebing, about 40 years old, committed suicide at Courtland by discharging a shotgun against his chest. The entire charge entered his body above the heart and death was instantaneous.

Willmar. — The large grain elevator of the Minnesota Western Grain Company burned. Several carloads of grain were also consumed. The loss is about $30,000, partly covered by insurance.

Barnesville.—During a severe electric storm, lightning struck the barn on the Hugo Fix farm, southwest of here. Six horses, two calves and four sets of harness were destroyed. The loss is $15,000, and there is no insurance.

Glencoe.—An automobile driven by A. B. Tucker, general merchant of this city, turned turtle off a four-foot grade into the mud at Lake Mary, seven miles west of this city. Miss Fannie Cramm of Jacksonville, Ill., was suffocated in the mud.

Bemidji. — Because he searched a prisoner in the Koochiching county jail at International Falls and found $30 which he kept, Charles Ingram, 27 years old, was committed to the reformatory at St. Cloud by Judge Stanton. The young man had been employed as a turnkey at the jail and part of his duties was to search prisoners when brought in to be locked up. After having searched the man who had $30 he resigned his position, but was later rearrested in International Falls and the money taken from the prisoner was found upon him.

Duluth.—Investigation by a committee of the Common Council into alleged graft in paving contracting in Duluth was resumed and another contractor, A. G. Osman, testified that P. McDonnell had offered him $1,000 not to bid on the West Fourth street paving. Hugh Steele, another Duluth contractor, started this investigation by declaring McDonnell offered him $1,000 not to bid on the same job. Steele declined and submitted a bid, but Osman did not, when the work was offered the second time, but testified that he did not get the $1,000 from McDonnell, the latter saying he could not afford to pay it since Steele put in a bid.

SUES RANGE ROAD.

Government Alleges D. M. & N. Has Broken Sixteen-Hour Law.

Duluth.—A suit has just been instituted in the United States circuit court by order of Attorney General Wickersham against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, on a charge of breaking the federal law, which is described as "an act to promote the safety of employes and travelers on railways by limiting the service of employes to sixteen successive hours."

The government demands damages of $3,000, based upon the number of employes on the train. It is the first suit of the kind filed in the state.

The petition was filed by United States District Attorney Houpt and says the law was broken May 10, 1911, by the defendant company between the stations of Proctor and Coleraine.

MAY SOLVE RIVER MYSTERY.

Clothes Found at Little Falls to Establish Identity of Dead Man.

Little Falls.—What may prove the clearing up of a mystery came to light here when the sheriff was notified of wearing apparel on the river bank, eight miles south of Little Falls. Near the clothes was a small board on which was scratched: "This clears J. Henderson. R. K. Brown."

August 3, a body was found in the river at about this same point. The man had been seen in the neighborhood for some time, but no one had talked with him. When his body was found he had very little clothing. The articles found were a hat, pair of shoes, necktie, cooking utensils and a can of beans. No one by the name of Henderson is known here.

Beltrami State Fair Exhibit.

Bemidji.—"The effort which is being put forth to obtain a fine exhibit of Beltrami county products for the state fair is resulting in encouraging results," says A. P. Ritchie, secretary of the Beltrami County Agricultural association, chosen by the Board of County Commissioners to have charge of the local exhibit. "We are geting remarkably fine samples."

Funds with which to finance the seventh annual fair of the Beltrami County Agricultural association here September 13, 14, and 15, are being obtained in such amounts as to guarantee the success of this year's exposition. Reports received by Secretary A. P. Ritchie are indicative that there will be large exhibits in all classes.

Boost Stearns County Fair.

Sauk Center.—Representative Frank E. Minette, secretary of the Stearns County Agricultural society, has started a strenuous publicity campaign for the county fair to be held in this city August 31, September 1 and 2. Accompanied by the Sauk Center band and four automobiles loaded down with advertising matter, the party left here to visit towns and villages in the county. The automobiles flew the Sauk Center flags. The tour of Stearns county took several days [illegible]

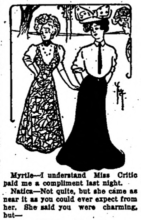
LAUGHTER PLEASING TO GOD

Nowhere in Biblical Lore Can There Be Found Intimation of Any Other Idea.

We misjudge and distort the normally human nature of the Saviour when we picture him going through life, as Dante did after he had written his "Inferno," with the shadows of perdition on his brow. We may gravely question when it was that the cross began to darken our Lord's pathway; there is no hint of such a foreboding until we reach the middle of his ministry. From that on there are occasional tokens that he saw Calvary ahead of him, and was at times pressed down with a dreadful sense of the inevitable agony which awaited him at the end. But all this is very far from affording any reasonable ground for the conclusion that he smiled sometimes, but never laughed.

If God did not intend us to laugh, on occasion, why did he endow us with the capacity to laugh, with a sense of the humorous, with the faculty to see and enjoy wit, fun and the absurd side of life; and, furthermore, why did he produce so many things and people to laugh at?—Zion's Herald.

BEST SHE COULD SAY.



Myrtle—I understand Miss Critic paid me a compliment last night.

Natica—Not quite, but she came as near it as you could ever expect from her. She said you were charming, but—

In Strict Obedience.

Master Gregory Graham, aged three, had been having an ocean bath, and breaking away from his older sister he ran all dripping wet to the door of the living room, where Mrs. Graham was entertaining a caller from the fashionable hotel.

"Why, Greg," his mother greeted him, "you mustn't come in here like that, dear. Go straight upstairs and take off your bathing suit first."

A few minutes later Mrs. Graham turned toward the door in curiosity as to what sight there had sent her visitor's eyebrows up so high, and in the same moment her son's cheerful voice rang out:

"I tooked it off, mother, like you told me to. I'm coming in now for some cake."

The Bridegroom's Portion.

Miss Elsie Gentsch, who teaches Sunday school, had been reading to her class from the gospel of Matthew, and was examining a promising boy, a newcomer, about the subject matter.

"There were ten virgins," said the young man, "five wise ones and five foolish ones, and the five wise ones filled their lamps and the five foolish ones wasn't in no hurry. And at midnight came the bridegroom. So the five foolish ones went across the street to buy oil and got locked out."

"Very good," said the teacher. "And what did the bridegroom do?"

"Why," said the good little student, "he married the five wise ones."—Cleveland Leader.

GET POWER.

The Supply Comes From Food.

If we get power from food why not strive to get all the power we can. That is only possible by use of skilfully selected food that exactly fits the requirements of the body.

Poor fuel makes a poor fire and a poor fire is not a good steam producer.

"From not knowing how to select the right food to fit my needs, I suffered grievously for a long time from stomach troubles," writes a lady from a little town in Missouri.

"It seemed as if I would never be able to find out the sort of food that was best for me hardly anything that I could eat would stay on my stomach. Every attempt gave me heartburn and filled my stomach with gas. I got thinner and thinner until I literally became a living skeleton, and in time was compelled to keep to my bed.

A few months ago I was persuaded to try Grape-Nuts food, and it had such good effect from the very beginning that I have kept up its use ever since. I was surprised at the ease with which I digested it. It proved to be just what I needed.

"All my unpleasant symptoms, the heartburn, the inflated feeling which gave me so much pain disappeared. My weight gradually increased from 98 to 116 pounds, my figure rounded out, my strength came back, and I am now able to do my housework and enjoy it. Grape-Nuts food did it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

A ten days' trial will show anyone some facts about food.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

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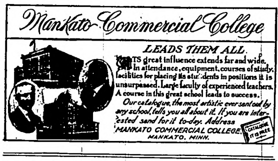

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to.....

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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 26, 1911.

The extra session of congress is ended, and while it has done well and would have done better if it had had better backing from the president, there are no regrets that it is over.

Arrangements have been perfected by the postoffice department whereby second class mail matter, consisting of magazines and periodicals, heretofore transported in railway mail cars, will be carried by fast freight, beginning Sept. 1.

The bill providing for publicity of campaign expenses before election has passed both houses of congress, and received the signature of the president. This is distinctly Bryan measure, being a plank of the democratic platform of 1908 and being strenuously advocated by Mr. Bryan in his campaign.

The Minnesota bureau of labor, industries and commerce will have a most interesting and instructive exhibit at the state fair. Its booth will be in the south wing of the "Manufactures" building. The five branches of the department, factory inspection, statistics, women and children, child labor, free employment, bureaus, will be represented by typical exhibits. The display of safety appliances and photographs which has been gathered by the bureau at considerable expense will be an especial feature of the exhibit. Every person who attends the fair will find something of interest in the bureau of labor booth.

A Contest Worth While

The Boys' Judging contest, to be held at the coming Minnesota State Fair will be of far greater value to all who participate than is indicated by the sum to be distributed in prizes, liberal as the amount is. For it will afford such training as the art of judging live stock, corn and wheat, as will count heavily in developing the boy's capacity in his future life on the farm. Earl Zeller, the 14-year-old Iowa boy, who has won $2,000 in competitions for prizes for the best single ear and best ten ears of corn in various county, state, and national contests, $1,000 of it in a single year, says that he took the two weeks' course in corn and stock judging at Ames, Iowa; and that he thinks "it is one of the finest things the state has ever done" for the boys and girls of Iowa. Preparation for and participation in the contest at our fair should be well nigh as advantageous as attendance at a "short course."

Taft's Statehood Veto

President Taft is not a statesman; he is a jurist, and views all questions through the reverse end of a telescope. President Taft vetoed the joint resolution of congress providing for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood, because of the recall judge clause in the Arizona constitution, which the president denounced as "perniciou in its effects so destructive of independence in the judiciary, so likely to the possible tyranny of a popular majority, and therefore to be injurious to the cause of free goverment."

President Taft in his denunciatory veto does not admit that there is a cause for the growing sentiment for the the recall of judges, nor does his political ear appear to be close enough to the people to learn that the decisions of the courts in many instances have provoked universal condemnation by the masses. It is better that the people "terrorize the judges than a few individuals or corporations, who secure their election or appointment, should dicate their opinions. It cannot be denied that not a few judges owe their appointment to an influence or election through machine politics controlled by great interests and that these judges stand before their masters hat in hand, ready to obey. President Taft forgets that this "government is instituted for the security and protection of the people, in whom all political power is inherent, together with the right to alter, modify or reform such government, whenever the public good require it."

The people have a right to reform the judiciary, revolutionize it, if necessary for the good of the public demand, and if it were possible, the supreme court of he United States would be Harlandized and every judge of that court, except Justice Harland, recalled by an overwhelming vote of the nation.

Who can trace the serpent path of the corrupt interested influence which has, from time to time, placed not a few men on the federal bench? This same interested influence has secured the election and appointment of judges in Minnesota as well as other states. There is a cause for the people to demand even to the recall of judges and eventually the inherent political power of the people will be heard and the government restored to the people who are the government. For nearly twenty-five years this has been a government by commission, with less than a half dozen self consituted commissioners directing all legislation in the interest of centralized wealth. Never in the history of the nation has a president promulgated a document which has belittled derided and condemned the judgment of the people of the United States as does the language used by President Taft in his veto message on the Arizona-New Mexico statehood resolution. In fact it remained for Taft alone to so damn the American people. The American people are patriotic, and love their country with as much reverence as President Taft and are as much interested in its perpetuity. They respect a just judge and will uphold righteous decisions, but they will not stand for a judiciary that deprives them of a single right guaranteed them under the constitution. President Taft has demonstrated that he is not of the people, he is a silk stocking jurist in all things and has no faith even in the majority of the people. In matters of affairs of state he is a bundle of contradictions and exceedingly short sighted. One thing he has accomplished a divided republican party.—Roseau Times.

Handling Cream

ESTEEMED PATRON:—With the incoming rush of August, September, and early October let us not forget that our dairy is a source of income the year around, and therefore, it should not be slighted because of harvest, threshing, or plowing.

It isn't enough to deliver cream twice a week during this hot season, *it should be brought three times per week* and it is absolutely necessary that we take the best possible care of it *even then* in order to insure its reaching the creamery in good condition.

Cream should be brought to the creamery early in the morning before the maximum heat of day, as being exposed to the heat of the direct rays of the noon sun for an hour or two while in a tin can is enough to turn the best kind of cream into a poor article. Cream should not be kept in old cans. By old cans we mean cans that from time and usage have gradually lost their coat of tin and have become black inside. To keep cream in such cans for even a short time will change it from a first grade article to an inferior article, highly metallic and unpleasant to the taste.

The separator bowl and all parts thereof, as well as all milk utensils, should occasionally be washed out with a mild solution of Wyandotte washing powder, for sale at the city at 25 cents per 5 lb. sack. Each sack contains full directions for using.

The demand for creamery butter in the markets of the world, over the demand for such subterfuges as oleomargarine and renovated butter is entirely dependent upon the superior quality of said creamery butter, and in order to keep up this superiority we must always remember that cleanliness and care make for quality. Quality makes demand and demand makes high prices.

Let's get together then and work and plan to produce the kind of cream that can be made into an article that will meet the most critical demands of the consumer.

Sincerely, A. J. HED.

Home Talent Play

Saturday evening, Sept. 2, at Imperial hall, some of the young people of St. Hilaire will present the very laughable comedy-farce entitled "A Perplexing Situation." The play will be preceded by a monologue by Miss Cleo Amble. Mrs. Post will have charge of the music for the occasion. This program is also under the direction of Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, elocutionist and reader.

Refreshments will be served after the program, For M. E. church benefit. Don't forget the date—Saturday, Sept. 2. Come and bring your friends and have a good time and a hearty laugh. Tickets 25 cents to all.

Any boys or girls that wish to sell tickets call at M. E. parsonage the first of next weak.

Watch the handbills next week.

Don't miss this entertainment, if you do you'll miss a treat. Following is the program and cast of characters of the play:

Music, selected	Mrs. O. F. Post
Monologue	Miss Cleo Amble
Music, selected	Mrs. O. F. Post
Two act play, "A Perplexing Situation"	

Cast of Characters

Mr. Middleton, who is is inclined to be miserly	Selmer Benson
Mrs. Middleton, his patient wife	Inez Patterson
Tom Middleton, his son	Tudy Brink
Jessie Middleton, his eldest daughter	Grace Hall
Sue Middleton, his second daughter	Agnes Burkee
Lucy Fair, a niece whom he has adopted	Annie Patterson
Maud, a friend of the family	Myrtle Blaine
Mrs. Nosie, a neighbor who likes to investigate mysteries	Marie Hooper
Alexander Wilson, Jessie's young man	Andy Dahl
Mary, the Irish servant	Lillie Johnson
Fritz, the man-of-all-work	James Amble
Uncle Epitumas, from way up country, who has come down to look about a spell	Pat Hall
Health Officer	Maurice Brink

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

Don't Carry Guns

The statement published in the last issue of the Spectator and taken from the Crookston Times that dogs might be run in the fields from Aug. 15 to to Sept. 1, and that from Sept. 1 to 7 guns might be used is incorrect.

No guns can be carried, empty or loaded, and no shells fired, blank or loaded, before the chicken season opens Sept. 7.

Dogs may be run from Aug. 15 to Sept. 7 for exercise or practice provid ing the person running the dogs carries no gun or that no one in the party has a gun that is available

Like Play.

"Going to send your son to art school?"

"What do they do there?"

"Just make pictures."

"I should say not. I want him to learn something."

An Oversight.

"Seen anything of a horse thief going by here?"

"I don't know. Several men have gone by, but I didn't think to ask any of them if they were horse thieves."

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."

"The doctor order it?"

"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

The amount of egotism that some people manage to flourish with is a matter of constant astonishment to most modest mortals.

Some misinformation has such a convincing sound that it is so hard to resist it.

Why worry since we have forgotten what we wanted last year and don't know what we may want next?

There are two sides to anything, but what of it? You can't be in two places at the same time.

In order to make a fool of himself all a man has to do is to let his conceit have a half chance and it will do the rest.

There is this about the cocksure man—he has all the benefit of knowing that he is right, even after he is proved wrong.

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Proposals.

"Has he proposed yet?"

"Not in so many words."

"That's no answer. Proposals never do come in words. They consist of sighs, hems, haws and gurgles."—Cleveland Leader.

A Discourager.

Miss Kreech—Some authorities believe that the practice of singing will keep a person from getting consumption. Mr. Knox—Yes, but most authorities believe in "the greatest good to the greatest number."—Philadelphia Press.

Hurt His Feelings.

She—I think Mr. Rymer, the minor poet, felt hurt at a remark you made the other night. He—What did I say? She—You said there was only one Shakespeare.—London Telegraph.

Guns.

The Germans were the inventors of the first gun. About 1378 Schwartz, a German machinist, manufactured numerous crude guns which were brought into use by the Venetians in 1392. It is a strange fact that cannon were made before small firearms. At Amberg there is still a piece of ordnance marked with the date 1303. Cannon were first used in war at the battle of Crecy, in 1346. It was not until 1544, however, that they were made in England.

Well Turned.

"How old are you?" asked the insurance agent of the lady.

It was thoughtless of him, and her indignant "Sir!" brought him straightway to his senses.

"Of course, you will understand," he went on, "that we have to be careful about making contracts. I merely wished to assure myself that you are legally of age."

Got Even With the Clerk.

Mr. Jawback—This gown is not becoming to you, and it is expensive. Why did you buy it? Mrs. Jawback—Because the clerk looked as if he thought I thought I couldn't afford it. —Cleveland Leader.

He that rises again quickly and continues the race is as if he had never fallen.—Molineux.

Easy.

"What can a doctor do when he gets a patient who neither drinks nor smokes?"

"Tell him to stop eating certain things. Everybody [illegible].—Louisville Courier-Journal.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	94
" " 2 "	92
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.98
" " 2	1.89
Barley, for 50 lbs	80
Oats	33
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	2.70
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, " "	24.00

The Schools

The village schools will open Monday, Sept. 4, with the following roster of teachers:

Prof. A. J. Baraness, principal.

Miss Alice Wiltse of Bagley Sixth and Seventh grades

Miss Huldah Gigstad, Fourth and Fifth grades.

Miss Amelia Duddy, Second and Third grades.

Miss Caroline Hudson, of Clearwater county, primary.

Died

C. Christenson, of Smiley township, about twelve miles east of St. Hilaire, died Thursday, Aug. 26, of cancer, with which he had long been a sufferer. He was about 75 years of age.

Notice

I have put up the money for the local retail accounts of the Red Lake Falls Milling company and would be glad if those indebted on same would settle at once.

A. R. JONES.

Estray Notice

Came to my place in section 2. town of Polk Centre, on Sunday morning, August 13, two horses—one gray about fifteen years old and one brown with a marked mane about eleven years old.

a19-3t J. P. PETERSON.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Estray Notice

Taken up in my grain field, on the se¼ section 19, town of Black River, on July 30, seven head of young cattle—four steers and three heifers—about two years old.

Owner please call and pay damages and for this notice, and take property. ANDREW DREELAN,
a19-3t Wylie, Minn.

An "Associated" School

K. O. Gigstad is in correspondence with Supt. Hay of Thief River Falls schools, in regard to "association" of our school with the latter under a law of the last legislature. This is no sense of the word a consolidation; the St. Hilaire school will not give up its organization nor independence but will be aided by the "central" school in a course of agriculture and industrial work. Our school will also receive $50.00 more from the state school fund than before.

How to Go and Forget.

I know how to hold
As the lovers of old—
How to cling to you, sing to you,
Let all the world know the song that I bring to you,
But I do not know yet
How to go and forget.

I know how to call
To the God over all—
How to sigh for you, cry for you,
Fight down the terrible dark till I die for you,
But I do not know yet
How to go and forget.
—Edwin Markham in Delineator.

FLAX STRAW

To Farmers and Whom It May Concern:

Having established at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, a Flax Tow Mill, I hereby take pleasure in communicating this fact to the public. This mill will purchase all good, sound flax straw of 1911 crop only, offered and brought to the mill grounds by the farmers themselves or shipped to the mill in bales from near by stations located on the railroad, and immediate cash will be paid for it.

The longer the straw the more valuable for making tow, and I therefore respectfully request and advise the farming community to cut the straw as low down as possible, for it is the length of the fibre in the tow which makes it of a desirable quality.

I own four more flax tow mills in Dakota, and own mills or am financially interested in several others located in the states of Minnesota and Iowa.

Mr. Louis Kümpf, my general foreman, and Mr. George Thompson, both of whom are at the present time at Red Lake Falls, will give you all further information should you call on them personally or write to them, and I am sure you will find them both absolutely honest and fair gentlemen.

My great desire is to be fair myself with all mankind and the farmers especially, and those who treat me fair in their dealing will always find me honest and square in dealing with them.

Trusting that our relations may be at all times harmonious and to the interest of both of us, I remain,

Yours faithfully,

V. R. BLEHDON,
a12-3t Owner of Mill.
Main Office: Brisbane Bldg, Buffalo N. Y.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE.
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

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Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Confirmation services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. No evening service.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Aug. 27, at 7:45 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3980 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

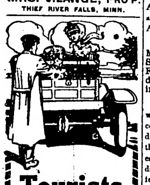
A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.



Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

Bring in Your Printing

THE LOCAL NEWS

Give Ole Mathson's 11 cent coffee a trial.

Miss Ruth Martz was in Thief River Falls on Monday.

A slight touch of frost was reported Wednesday morning.

Duncan McAllister returned Monday from his visit to western North Dakota.

Miss Eva McAndress returned Monday from a visit to Thief River Falls.

Miss Celia Lalande of Crookston has been the guest of Mrs. O. F. Post this week.

Mrs. F. Steen and children of Thief River Falls visited with Mrs. C. Steen this week.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.

CARL KRUGER.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. R. L. Hauge

The Hamar Young Peoples' society will meet Sunday afternoon, Sept. 3, at the home of Mrs. Boe.

S. M. Sivertson of Crookston, auditor for the Red Lake Falls milling company, was in town Tuesday.

T. E. Lattimer is announced to speak on socialism on the street of St. Hilaire at 8 o'clock this evening.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, Aug. 27, at 2 p. m.

J. H. Easton, auditor for the St. Hilaire lumber company, was in town Monday noting the progress of the new lumber sheds.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

A. G. Ness, who has been very low with pneumonia for two weeks, has not yet succumbed, and his friends are still hoping for the best.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION SEPT. 4 TO 9

Lillian, Lester, and Ambruce Sterns of Grand Forks are here for few a week's visit with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wilson.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.

tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening, Sept. 1, at the home of Mrs. Herman Peterson, Black River.

The Sunday school picnic that was announced to be held at E. E. Anderson's will take place instead at the lawn around the parsonage Aug 27. ALEX SAND, Pastor.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul S. Dietrick who will attend the Sunday school convention at Thief River Falls today and tomorrow are specialists in their line. They have made addresses, held institutes and studied Sunday school problems in twenty different states and many of our large cities. It will be worth your while to hear them at the county Sunday school convention.

Quite a shake up has taken place in the grain and flour business here. A. R. Jones has resigned as manager for the Red Lake Falls Milling company, and been succeeded by Oscar C. Bakken of Thief River Falls. Wednesday the directors of the farmers' elevator elected Mr. Jones as their manager to succeed A. A. Reed who goes to his farm in Manitoba after Sept. 1.

A. D. Brown of Neptune was an over night visitor here Tuesday, on his way to Thief River Falls. We got lots of information from him about the lumber company's blocking up the river with logs, and they will either get that d—d jam out of there so as to let Red lake feed Red Lake river, or the socialist party will get some mighty good campaign timber out of the deal.—Sunbeam.

Mike McAndress is shipping a car of stock.

Mrs. Elmer Kolp was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

K. O. Gigstad's wheat field yielded thiry-one bushels to the acre.

C. H. Martz made a business visit to Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. O. F. Post and Miss Lalande were Thief River Falls visitors between trains Thursday.

Daniel Shaw of Thief River Falls was in town Thursday with two autos full of landlookers.

The Gophers go to Thief River Falls tomorrow to entertain the "Traveling Men" at base ball.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet with Mrs. Tom Hovet next Thursday, Aug. 31.

Martin Hoff has purchased the Nels Hanum residence property, and expects to occupy it this fall.

Miss Mabel Ludvick was a guest the first of the week at the Hoken Johnson home at Red Lake Falls.

A. G. Ness is very low with pneumonia, and his death has been expected almost hourly for some days.

Miss Ruth Martz of St. Hilaire spent Sunday in the city as the guest of Mrs. Weiland.—Thief River Press.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Saturday, Sept. 2, at 8 p. m.

Miss Luella and Master Ira Peterson of Thief River Falls have been visiting at the Henry Olson home this week.

Misses Nellie Lindahl and Inga Swanson came over from Crookston yesterday for a few days' visit at their respective homes,

A peculiar display of northern lights was witnessed Wednesday evening. The lights seemed to streak up from all points of the compass.

K. O. Gigstad, clerk of the board, has completed the census of school children in district No. 102 and finds 114 between the ages of six and sixteen.

Martin Hoff met with an accident Tuesday, one of the wheels of his mail wagon breaking down; and he was only able to serve a part of his route on that day.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening Sept. 8, at the home of Mrs. Erick Pearson east of town. All are welcome.

C. L. Hanson auto-ed down from Thief River last evening, accompanied by W. W. Pritchard, formerly a banker of Thief River Falls, now living in the state of Washington.

T. J. Quamme and wife, who reside about twelve miles east of St. Hilaire, came in Wednesday and took the train for Grand Forks, called by the serious illness of a daughter.

A gang of men are working at the Great Northern stock yards this week. The whole enclosure will be covered, and the yard will be partitioned off into a number of separate stalls.

Miss Huldah Gigstad returned Monday from Randolph, Minn., where she has been visiting since the close of the teachers' training school at St. Paul, which she attended during the latter part of July and and first of August.

School opens again Monday, September 4. If you cannot arrange to start in on that date remember you may enter the N. B. C. any day or week afterwards as our instruction is all individual. National Business College, Crookston, Minnesota.

James Amble and Frank Grundy went to Karlstad, where they engagod to work at harvesting wire grass, but found constant work in water a foot or more deep too strenuous for them, and returned home Wednesday.

Warren and the country to the west of it were visited by a disastrous hail storm Saturday night which is said to have totally ruined the crops in a small area. Three inches of hail stones were said to have been found on the ground after the storm.

C. C. Elliott, the land man, was in town Sunday with a brother whom he was showing over the northwest country. Wednesday he was here with a prospective purchaser of lands from Illinois, with whom we learn he has closed a deal for a farm in Numedal. Mr. Elliott is a sure enough hustler in his line of business.

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
WELCOME
DAN PATCH 1:55
PIETERTJE MAID ORMSBY
WORLD'S CHAMPION BUTTER PRODUCER

MINNESOTA STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
IN 1911 BIGGEST AND BEST EVER
THOUSANDS OF INTERESTING THINGS TO SEE IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE & MANUFACTURING
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25,000.00 IN PURSES
GRAND MATCH RACES
WORLD'S 4 FASTEST PACERS
SPLENDID LIVE STOCK AND HORSE SHOWS
MUSIC
5 BANDS 3 ORCHESTRAS
SPECTACULAR AEROPLANE MEET
WRIGHT BROS MACHINE
FOUR FLIGHTS
THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
ROMAN TANDEM RACES
CHARIOT RACES
SCOTCH SHEEP DOG TRIALS
WATER CARNIVAL
PAIN'S TREMENDOUS OUT DOOR SPECTACLE
BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING TO BREAK THE WORLD'S RECORDS
HUNDREDS of OTHER SPECIAL FEATURES ETC., ETC.
NO FAKES OR FREAKS
ONE WEEK AT THE FAIR IS A LIBERAL EDUCATION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS

PATENTS

[illegible]

D. SWIFT & CO.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
OSCAR C. BAKKEN, Agent.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,

H. DAVIS
WATEROTWN : : WIS.

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 21st day of September, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 56, of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 2, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes, as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet, and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest responsible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of the construction, in any case, as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be approved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accure by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: 66,079 cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is $9,557.90.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids hereby reserved.

Dated August 8, 1911.

a12-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor Pennington County, State of Minnesota.

SALE OF DITCHING JOBS

Notice is hereby given, That on the 20th day of September, 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., within and for Pennington county, Minnesota, I will sell the jobs of digging and constructing the Ditch No. 59 of Pennington county, established by the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, state of Minnesota, by their order bearing date August 1, 1911, viz:

For the work as one job, and also for one or more sections of 100 feet each, and also for one or more of the construction jobs, each of said sections to be known and numbered by stakes as shown by the report of the engineer in said matter, commencing at the one including the outlet and from thence successively up stream to the one including the source, to the lowest possible bidder or bidders, and that bids are invited for said work; said work to be completed within the time required and in the manner specified in said engineer's report. And no bid will be entertained which exceeds more than thirty (30) per cent over and above the estimate cost of construction in any case as stated in the said order; and the successful bidder will be required to give a satisfactory bond, to be apporved by the auditor of said county, with two freehold sureties, for the faithful performance and fulfillment of his contract, and to pay all damages that may accrue by reason of his failure to complete the job within the time required in the contract. The said order and estimates and profile are on file, and may be seen at my office.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the construction of such ditch is as follows: [illegible] cubic yards of earth to excavate and remove.

The estimated total cost of the work is [illegible].

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check payable to the auditor of said county for not less than ten per cent of the amount of each bid.

The right to reject any and all bids is hereby reserved.

Dated August 8, 1911.

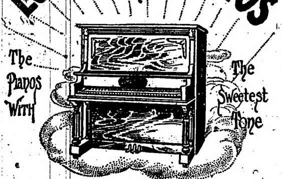
a12-3t A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor Pennington County, State of Minnesota.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county.

TO THE TRADE:
Our Fall Stock is now complete
Our Shoes are sold with a Guarantee
We have a special line of Boys' Shoes and Suits, for sale at very low prices
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON PROP.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

LOMBARD PIANOS



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange, direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY
UNIVERSAL
PORTLAND CEMENT
CHICAGO-PITTSBURG

Cement Talk No. 2

Portland Cement does not come from Portland, Maine, or Portland, Oregon, and it was not first made at either of these places. It is called *Portland* because it was given this name by the Englishman who first made it. He called it *Portland* because he thought it resembled certain natural deposits on the Isle of Portland in England. *Portland Cement* is the fine powder produced by pulverizing the clinker resulting from the burning together of various materials of proper chemical composition. In the case of *Universal Portland Cement*, these raw materials are blast furnace slag and pure limestone. There are many brands of *Portland Cement* on the market, produced by different manufacturers. *Universal* is one of the best known and highest grade *Portland Cements*. You can always tell it by the name *Universal* and the blue trade mark printed on each sack. Forty million sacks of *Universal* are made and used yearly in this country. If you have any concrete work to do, you will make no mistake by using *Universal Portland Cement*. *Universal* is for sale by representative dealers everywhere.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Children's Ills

should not be neglected. When your child has foul breath, poor appetite, flushed cheeks, restlessness at night, peevishness, etc.—it is time to give it Kickapoo Worm Killer. It cannot do harm—it is sure to do good. Removes worms and cures stomach and bowel complaints. Tones up all the functions. Makes strong, healthy children.

Try it today. Your child will like it—tastes like candy. Price 25 cents at druggists or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

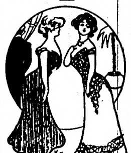
Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

KODAK FINISHING BY EXPERTS. Any size 6 exp. film developed for 10 cents; 10 or 12 exp. 20 cents. Any film pack 20 cents. Voegeli Druggist, Minneapolis, Minn.

STOVE REPAIRS
FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Wholesale and Retail
AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS
180 West Seventh Street, St. Paul, Minn.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Parker & Company
5th & Wabasha sts., St. Paul, Minn.

MISUNDERSTOOD HER.



Mrs. Reeder (making a call)—And does your husband interest himself in books?

Mrs. Neuriche—No. Hiram keeps three bookkeepers.

LAWYER CURED OF ECZEMA

"While attending school at Lebanon, Ohio, in 1882, I became afflicted with boils, which lasted for about two years, when the affliction assumed the form of an eczema on my face, the lower part of my face being inflamed most of the time. There would be water-blisters rise up and open, and wherever the water would touch it would burn, and cause another one to rise. After the blister would open, the place would scab over, and would burn and itch so as to be almost unbearable at times. In this way the sores would spread from one place to another, back and forth over the whole of my upper lip and chin, and at times the whole lower part of my face would be a solid sore. This condition continued for four or five years, without getting any better, and in fact got worse all the time, so much so that my wife became alarmed lest it prove fatal.

"During all this time of boils and eczema, I doctored with the best physicians of this part of the country, but to no avail. Finally I decided to try Cuticura Remedies, which I did, taking the Cuticura Resolvent, applying the Cuticura Ointment to the sores, and using the Cuticura Soap for washing. In a very short time I began to notice improvement, and continued to use the Cuticura Remedies until I was well again, and have not had a recurrence of the trouble since, which is over twenty years. I have recommended Cuticura Remedies to others ever since, and have great faith in them as remedies for skin diseases." (Signed) A. C. Brandon, Attorney-at-Law, Greenville, O., Jan. 17, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 3 K, Boston.

The Young Idea.

There are two kinds of joints, the hinges and the ball-bearing.

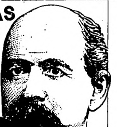
Reflex action is the inside eye and ear. Reflex action controls things that we do not have to think about, as talking.

Had we no skin, our clothes would cause us endless agony.

The stomach is the trunk of our body. The stomach contains the liver. The stomach is south of the lungs. The stomach is south of the lungs, west of the liver. It has three coats. Without the stomach we should die, therefore God chose the stomach to digest our food.—Woman's Home Companion.

After a girl has bumped up against a case of unrequited love she begins to dream of a career.

How a man does like to have people think he is wealthy when he isn't!



W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W. L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W. L. Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Do You Want one of these 3,000 Farms?

466,562 Acres

Excellent Train Service

The Direct Route

The Best of Everything

Prices range from 25c to $6.00 per acre:

President Taft has issued a proclamation throwing open to settlement the Pine Ridge and Rosebud Reservations located in Bennett and Mellette Counties, S. D.

The land subject to entry will approximate 466,562 acres.

Points of registration are Gregory, Dallas and Rapid City, South Dakota.

Time of registration, October 2nd to 21st inclusive, 1911.

Drawing begins at Gregory, S. D., October 24th, 1911.

The lands to be opened to settlement are some of the choicest in South Dakota.

For printed matter and full particulars apply to

A. C. JOHNSON, Passenger Traffic Manager
C. A. CAIRNS, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent
Chicago and North Western Railway
226 W. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

3 CORNERED FIGHT

STANDPATTERS, DEMOCRATS, INSURGENTS EACH HAVE OWN PROGRAMS.

TWO FACTIONS MAY JOIN

Much Will Depend on Board's Report and Recommendations of Taft For Changing the Schedules.

Washington, D. C. — The Democrats, the progressive Republicans and the regular Republicans will have their own programs for tariff revision legislation when congress reconvenes in December.

All three elements in the senate will be engaged in a great battle on the general subject of revision, the most important feature of the contemplated work of the regular session. Much of the trend of the fight will depend upon the report of the tariff board and the recommendations of the president in connection with that report.

The regular Republicans do not anticipate much actual tariff revision at the coming session by reason of the wide divergence of opinion in the senate. They contend that failure is likely to follow attempts to bring together either the regular and progressive Republicans or the latter and the Democrats.

Won't Predict Renewed Alliance.

Neither the Democrats nor the progressive Republicans, whose alliance swept revision legislation through the senate until the combination was broken on the cotton bill, are willing to predict a renewal of that alliance in December.

Senator Martin, of Virginia, Democratic leader of the senate, declared, however, that if the president's recommendation should be for large reductions and many of the regular standpat Republicans failed to support the recommendations, the situation would tend to line up the Democrats and Republican insurgents.

The regular Republicans have expressed the fear that the tariff board's recommendations may be too radical for their acceptance. They contend that most of the measures resulting from a progressive Republican-Democratic alliance are likely to fail in conference on the ground that the Democrats desire to fight the next national campaign on the Payne-Aldrich tariff law.

The regulars also depend on the presidential veto to put a quietus on any measure that would be satisfactory to Democrats and insurgents.

FRONTENAC HOTEL IN FLAMES.

Main Section of Thousand Islands Summer Resort Destroyed.

Clayton, New York. — The Frontenac hotel, Thousand Islands, one of the finest summer hotels in the country caught fire. The main section of the hotel was completely destroyed. The loss is heavy, but is fully covered by insurance. Other sections of the building were saved.

The fire started in the servant's quarters and spread quickly. In the hotel at the time were 160 guests from many sections of the country, but mostly from New York City. The guests had ample time to escape after the first fire alarm, and it is stated there was no loss of life.

The hotel was located on Round Island in the St. Lawrence river. The property was principally owned by C. G. Emory of New York and is valued at $500,000.

INTERNATIONAL WEDDING.

Blacque Bey and St. Paul Girl United by Bishop Lawler.

St. Paul. — St. Paul has just witnessed a wedding of international importance, when Richard Edward Blacque Bey, first secretary of the Turkish embassy in Berlin was married to Miss Josephine Kalman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Kalman. More than 1,000 invitations were issued for the ceremony, which was performed in the sacristy of the Cathedral by Bishop Lawler, of St. Paul. Blacque Bey is a Catholic.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Wheat, September, $1.02¾; Dec., $1.05⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.08⅛; No. 2 northern, $1.07⅛; No. 1 durum, 99c; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 3 white oats, 41¾c; barley, malting, $1.12; No. 2 rye, 80½c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.20.

Duluth, Aug. 24.—Wheat, September, $1.04½; December, $1.04¼; No. 1 northern, $1.06½; No. 1 durum, 99c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Steers, $4.50@5.50; cows, $3.00@4.45; calves, $2.25@6.85; hogs, $7.00@7.45.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 20,000; steady; beeves, $5.10@8.10; Texas steers, $4.50@6.45; western steers, $4.25@6.25; stockers and feeders, $3.10@5.50; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.40; calves, $6@8.75.

Hogs—Receipts, estimated at 27,000; market 10c lower; light, $7.25@7.80; mixed, $7.10@7.80; heavy, $6.95@7.70; rough, $6.95@7.20; good to choice heavy, $7.25@7.50; pigs, $5@7.50; bulk, $7.25@7.60.

Sheep—Receipts, estimated at 25,000; market steady; native, $2.25@4.40; western, $2.65@4.50; yearlings, $4@5.10; lambs, native, $4@6.65; western, $4.75@7.

GATES' ESTATE $35,000,000.

Widow and Son Chief Beneficiaries of Financier's Property.

New York, N. Y. — John W. Gates left an estate valued at $30,000,000 to $40,000,000, according to former Justice Henry A. Gildersleeve, who drew Mr. Gates' will. The bulk of the estate is left to his widow and his son, Charles G. Gates, equally, according to Mr. Gildersleeve. There is a clause which provides that none of the property can be sold within ten years.

STRIKE COSTS TOILERS $45,000.

Union Carpenters Back at Work in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis. — Axel Soderberg, a financial secretary of the local No. 7 of the Carpenters' union, says that the fifteen weeks' strike which was brought to an end last week cost the union about $45,000 in strike benefits paid to the idle men. More than $12,000 was collected from the 3,000 members of the union on extra assessments.

INFLAMMATION AND PAIN

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Creston, Iowa.—"I was troubled for a long time with inflammation, pains in my side, sick headaches and nervousness. I had taken so many medicines that I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. A friend told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to health. I have no more pain, my nerves are stronger and I can do my own work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me after everything else had failed, and I recommend it to other suffering women."—Mrs. Wm. Seals 605 W. Howard St., Creston, Iowa.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

SIXTY-FOURTH YEAR
LAWRENCE CONSERVATORY
(A Department of Lawrence College)

Enjoys the intellectual and social advantages of Lawrence College. Teachers of recognized ability, choral society, orchestra, recitals by World's Artists, May music festival, Faculty concerts, superior Public School Music Course, Piano, Voice, Violin, Harmony—Dormitories for students. Fall term begins September 14th.

William Harper, Dean, Appleton, Wis.

Good Vacation Advice.

Bishop Spalding, on a hot summer morning, gave one of the congregations of Portland, Ore., a timely piece of advice.

"Don't," he said, "when you go off on your vacation, leave all your religion behind and take all your collection away with you."

Birds of a Feather

"What's the bill for fixing my motor car?" asked the strange patron.

"It figures up to $110, sir," replied the garage man.

"Whew! I'll have to give you a check. I left all my money in my drug store."

"Why, are you a druggist?"

"Yes."

"Oh, in that case the bill will be a dollar and a quarter. We fellows ought to stand together."

Avoid Disputation.

The disputatious person never makes a good friend. In friendship, men look for peace and concord and some measure of content. There are enough battles to fight outside, enough jarring and jostling in the street, enough disputing in the market place, enough discord in the workaday world, without having to look for contention in the realm of the inner life also. There, if anywhere, we ask for an end of strife. Friendship is the sanctuary of the heart, and the peace of the sanctuary should brood over it. Its chiefest glory is that the dust and noise of contest are excluded.—Hugh Black.

Little Pitcher

Lady Visitor—I am coming to your mamma's company tomorrow, Tommy.

Tommy—Well, you won't get a good supper.

Tommy's Papa—Tommy, what do you mean, talking like that?

Tommy—Well, you know, pa, you told ma you'd have to get some chicken feed for her old hen party tomorrow.

The Real Thing.

"Say, mister, if you throw three cents up in the air I kin ketch 'em all before they come down every time."

"Humph! That is nothing but a catch-penny scheme."

A Large Package Of Enjoyment—

Post Toasties

Served with cream, milk or fruit—fresh or cooked.

Crisp, golden-brown bits of white corn—delicious and wholesome—

A flavour that appeals to young and old.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

BAIT IS A HUMBUG

Queer Freaks in Lures That Tempt Finny Tribe.

Piscatorial Brood Eagerly Jump for Hobgoblin Monstrosities That Would Be Food only for Billy Goats.

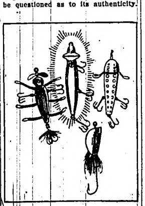
St. Paul, Minn.—Why does a fish bite? Of course there is the angler's dexterity, adroitness, luck, experience, personal magnetism and all that, and everyone can tell why a fish doesn't bite; there are as many jinx as there are fishermen. But why does a fish bite? What is the psychology of bait?

Doubtless angling originally consisted in offering something to tempt the appetite of the piscatorial brood. But that idea seems almost to have dropped out of the world-old business of fishing. For of all the hundreds of lures used by casters for fish few would satisfy hunger. If the game sought were billy goats or ostriches, the combinations of rubber, tin, glass, paint and feathers might be tempting. But why any sane fish will jump for a red and green hobgoblin that resembles nothing it ever has seen before, is a mystery to fishermen. And why it will grab it today and pass it by with cold disdain tomorrow is as deep a mystery.

They're inconsistent, too, and you've got to give them something new all the time. Now, the ibis fly is the hobble skirt of angling. Last year it was the bucktail, and the year before something else. You've got to keep up on the fashions in flies if you want to catch fish.

The ibis fly resembles nothing that the fish feed on. A vermillion feather hides a hook that may or may not have attached a "tab" of salt pork. Yet the fishermen who have caught the big bass this year say there is nothing so good as the ibis fly. The fish take it and the angler has no regret in being a nature faker.

There is a story of the buck tail's origin that, being a fish story, cannot be questioned as to its authenticity.



Some Freak Artificial Baits.

A hunter in the north, stalking deer, saw a herd in a lake and while getting range saw a large fish jump repeatedly at the tail of a buck. After bringing down the deer he fixed the tail on a hook; it proved the best bait he ever had used. The buck tail fly, a brown and white tuft of hair, is a good bait, though there is no insect listed that it could have been copied from.

But the buck tail and ibis fly are attractive morsels to human eyes, compared with the monstrosities that the fish have been invited to bite at in seasons past. Any self-respecting fish getting in early from a little crawdad supper of the night before might not be blamed for mistaking an ibis or a buck tail for something he had seen in pairs, or fours, at some other time. But the fish that strikes at a "coaxer," or a "yellow kid," two freak baits, probably has had domestic troubles.

The Paris of fish bait fashions is in the east, and it is a notable fact that none of the frivolous things have come from prohibition territory. The inventor of fish lures has a temperament that is not fostered in dry countries. Take the "coaxer." It resembles a miniature rooster in profile; a hunk of white wood is set off by a pert tail of red feathers and two cute little suggestions of wings of red felt. Natural histories show no freaks that could have been the inspiration for this. And the coaxer is some persuader, anglers will tell you.

From the impressionistic school comes the "roamer;" the motif of this is purely allegorical. In your worst nightmares you may have seen the roamer family in various colors. The roamer also is cigar-shaped; it has a round head with protruding eyes and a fan tail that is a beauty. Six wriggly red legs—guaranteed to wriggle—add to the grotesqueness and hide the hooks. The prevailing color is a mottled green with white underneath. Somehow the roamer makes a strong appeal to the fish.

And in all this catering to the whims of the haunters of deep pools, the designers have not forgotten the tender phase that has a part in the fish's existence—the season of sentiment. For this there is the moonlight minnow—they even gave it a poetic name. For night fishing this bait has succeeded, and typifies earthly love. Ungainly and of a dead white in the day time, it glows into a graceful shape as it is drawn along the surface of the water at night. Several hooks are hidden in its nebulousness, but the fish [illegible]

Hen Decides Her Case.

Sharon, Pa.—After much conflicting testimony had been given by two neighbors who claimed the ownership of a hen, Justice of the Peace Burnside, following the footsteps of Solomon, took the hen to a point midway between the houses of the contesting parties and turned her loose. Watched by many spectators, the hen crawled through a hole in the fence of Mrs. Mary Romanick, [illegible] Justice Burnside [illegible] the case on Michael [illegible]

No Wonder.

"What's your husband so angry about?"

"He's been out of work six weeks."

"I should think that would suit him first-rate."

"That's it! He's just got a job."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, the Antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Gives rest and comfort. *Refuse substitutes.* For FREE trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

An Experiment.

Nurse—What is the matter?

Johnny—The baby is a fake; I threw him on the floor, and he didn't bounce a bit.

Wifey Knew Him.

Benham—I can't remember dates.

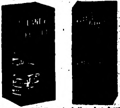
Mrs. Benham—But you have a pretty good memory for peaches.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Many a man who claims to be self-made has a wife who superintended the job.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A live goose is worth more than a dead ancestor.



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Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

CARY ACT land and water rights. Open to entry on Big Wood River Project in Southern Idaho. $40.50 an acre. 12 annual installments. Ample water supply guaranteed. IDAHO IRRIGATION CO., Richfield, Idaho.

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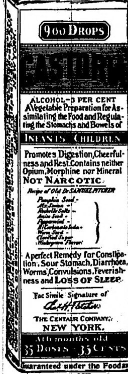

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
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Peppermint
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Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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REMINGTON UMC
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Solid-breech Hammerless .22

REPEATING RIFLE

and the new "LESMOK" .22 CARTRIDGES

Racy beauty of line, perfect balance.

Its appearance often sells it.

And—it's as keen a rifle for its size as the most highly developed military arm.

Built by expert gunsmiths on the Remington Idea—Solid Breech, Hammerless, Take-down.

Shoot *Remington-UMC* Lesmok .22s. Their accuracy enabled Arthur Hubalek to break World's Record in 100 consecutive shots, scoring 2,484 in a possible 2,500.

Remington-UMC—the perfect shooting combination.

Write for a free set of Targets.

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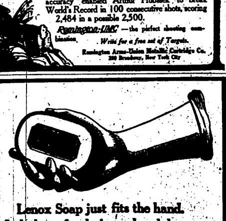

Lenox Soap just fits the hand. It lathers freely in cool or lukewarm water, and it routs the dirt. These qualities make Lenox Soap the most satisfactory laundry soap on the market today.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1911. NUMBER 8.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Nothing further doing in congress until the first Monday in December next.

A counterfeit $5 bill on the Fort Dearborn National bank of Chicago has been brought to the attention of the treasury department.

Secretary Wilson left Washington for a few weeks' rest and recreation in the west. Much of the time will be spent at his Iowa home. He probably will not return to Washington until some time in October.

More first class postoffices were designated by Postmaster General Hitchcock as postal savings banks. They were Pine Bluff, Ark.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Stamford, Conn.; Pensacola, Fla.; Macon, Ga., and Fremont, Nebr.

The Arizona-New Mexico statehood resolution was signed by Vice President Sherman and was sent to President Taft for approval. A number of citizens from New Mexico and Arizona were among those who witnessed the signing.

For the purpose of controlling the next democratic national convention, with the view to the nomination of a progressive candidate for the presidency, together with the adoption of a progressive platform, the democratic federation of precinct clubs was organized in Washington.

John R. Early, the alleged leper whose case caused the health authorities here much trouble several years ago and created a dispute over the diagnosis between various New York and Washington physicians, has applied for a renewal of his pension for services in the Spanish-American war.

President Taft will decide if the government, under the terms of the national bank act, can permit national banks to own interests in other banking institutions. Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary MacVeagh have not agreed on the question, which was raised by the attorney general's investigation of the relations of the National City bank of New York to the National City company.

General.

Next year's Grand Army reunion will be held in Los Angeles.

Reciprocity campaign in Canada is now in full swing.

Street car troubles at Des Moines have been satisfactorily adjusted.

The census bureau issued a report on the value of Nebraska farm animals.

A mob at Purcell, Okla., burned a negro at the stake on the main street of the town.

Seven men met death and three others were seriously injured in a fire at Ely, Nev.

Robert Chasteen, city marshal of Ullin, Ill., was shot and killed by unidentified persons.

Judge Trimbel of Illinois is now commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has named as a postal savings bank the Topeka, Kas., postoffice.

Professor S. I. Curtis, instructor in Greek at Yale divinity school and until recently acting dean of the school, died on the Boston boat on the way to Rockland, Maine, from Castine. Death was due to an acute attack of heart disease.

Business conditions generally over the country show improvement.

Atwood was forced to descend for repairs for his aeroplane within five miles of New York city.

The census report shows that in ten years Nebraska has lost heavily in the number of farm animals kept.

Postmaster General Hitchcock designated fifty more postoffices of the first class as postal savings depositories including: Keokuk, Ia.; Lawrence, Kas.; Winona, Minn.; Columbia, Mo.; Grand Island, Neb.; and Minot, N. D.

Elaine Golding of Bath Beach, swam from the battery in New York to Coney Island, fifteen miles. Miss Golding is fifteen years old and weighs 190 pounds. She has won many championships in short and middle distances, but she made her first effort at long distance.

President Taft will address the national conservation congress in Kansas City on September 25. This information was conveyed in a telegram received at the headquarters of the congress from Henry Wallace, president.

W. B. Price's name may go on the democratic ballot at the primary next spring for United States senator from Nebraska.

Failure to receive their pay checks at a specified time caused 187 mechanics in the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railroad shops in Wichita to walk out.

President Taft was the guest of honor at a luncheon at the Country club in Washington. Vice President Sherman and a score of republican leaders in the senate and house of representatives were also present. Senator Root of New York was host.

The industrial upheaval in Great Britain is gradually abating.

President Taft nominated William K. Chaplin registrar of the land office and William C. Edwin receiver of public moneys, both at Cheyenne, Wyo.

Opponents of reciprocity are making a lively campaign in Canada.

Further strike complications have appeared at Liverpool, England.

A favorable majority report on the arbitration treaty was made in the senate.

Senator La Follette in a speech urged federal supervision of utilities in Alaska.

The program for the governors' meeting at Spring Lake, N. J., has been outlined.

Twenty were killed and twenty-six seriously injured at the theater panic at Canonsburg, Pa.

The total of the death list of the wreck near Manchester, N. Y., now reaches twenty-eight.

A $1,500 trophy is the prize for the best peck of wheat exhibited at the Minnesota state fair.

At least thirty-seven persons were killed and many injured in a wreck near Manchester, N. Y.

The United States exported seven million dollars' worth of medicines during the past year.

Tariff revision is to bob up again when the regular session of congress convenes in December.

President Taft talked to Grand Army veterans at Rochester on the evils of concentrated wealth.

Workmen of Lincoln will celebrate labor day with a picnic at which Gov. Aldrich will make and address.

Vice President Kruttschnitt of the Harriman lines says that the matter of a strike is up to the employes.

The course in the negotiations concerning the Moroccan dispute was approved by the French cabinet council.

Secretary Wilson admitted in his testimony in the Wiley hearing that his department was somewhat upset.

Chicago's population is now 2,264,184, according to the announcement made by the publishers of the new city directory.

Friends of Mrs. Grover Cleveland announced that they were authorized to deny that her daughter, Miss Ethel Cleveland, is engaged to marry.

Congressman J. P. Latta of Nebraska and his son Ed accompanied by his physician, Dr. Luken, has gone to Rochester, Minn., where he will probably undergo an operation.

The foundation of a federation of democratic club of the country at large was laid in Washington in the adoption of a charter and by-laws. The organization is under the guidance of Senators Owen of Oklahoma and Chamberlain of Oregon and George H. Shibley of Mississippi.

A bag of American mail matter which was lost overboard while being landed from the Hamburg-American line steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria at Plymouth, August 11, was picked up in the Helford river near Falmouth. The mail bag was swept away from the steamer by a wave.

A new comet recently discovered by Dr. W. R. Brooks, director of observatory and professor of astronomy, Hobart college, and named by him the Brooks comet, has become so bright as to be seen with opera glasses or small telescope and will soon be visible to the naked eye.

Governor Eberhart of Minnesota was subpoenaed to appear before the state board of control to testify in the hearing of the charges of cruelty preferred against Superintendent Whittier of the Red Wing training school.

Eugene Labine, a Marshal county (Minn.) farmer, is harvesting 500 acres of wheat with one machine, working day and night. The binder is run with eight horses, four to a shift, and a headlight is used at night. The night shift of horses stand the work better than those used in the heat of the day, and Labine predicts night binding will become the vogue in the northwest.

Sixty persons were injured, eight of them seriously, when an express train on the valley division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad was wrecked by the spreading of rails.

Internal revenue inspectors in search of illicit distillers have discovered that a man trap is being used to discourage their investigations. Two revenue officers said they just missed stepping into a large steel trap, presumably set for them by "moonshiners" in Iredell county. The officers had destroyed an illicit still.

Martin Dewey La Follette, eighty-four years of age, died at Marietta, O., of paralysis. He was a noted criminologist and jurist and was judge of the Ohio supreme court from 1882 to 1896.

Personal.

Secretary Wilson will speak at Lincoln September 6.

Congressman Latta of Nebraska, operated upon, will pass the crisis in twelve days.

Senator Owen offered a resolution for an investigation of the panic of 1907.

Deportation of editors at Havana is stirring up much excitement.

President Taft will for about ten days deny himself to all callers.

Henry Swanson of Omaha was crushed to death under a barn he was moving.

Mrs. Grover Cleveland denies that her daughter is engaged to be married.

Kier Hardie made an angry protest in the house of commons over the terms of strike settlement.

A last session of the president's cabinet for several months to come was held at the White house.

GATES MILLIONS

RELATIVES DECLARE FINANCIER JUST BEFORE HE DIED SAID HE HAD FAITH IN SON.

WILL NOT BE HELD IN TRUST

Most of His $38,000,000 Goes to Widow and Son, Who Is to Marry Miss Hopwood of Minneapolis.

Aurora, Illinois. — Mr. John W. Gates did not leave his millions to be held in trust. He did not fear, as reported, that his son, Charles Gates, who is engaged to wed Miss Florence Hopwood of Minneapolis, might imperil others who had invested on the elder Gates' advice. This was the information made public by relatives here. On the contrary, just before he died, the noted financier declared that he had every faith in his son.

"Charley is all right," he said in Paris. "I know him better than any one else; he can handle money all right. It won't go to his head."

Mr. Gates' will is to be probated in New York, Oct. 2, according to the relatives. By its terms his wealth, estimated at 38,000,000, except a number of minor legacies to friends and distant relatives, goes to his widow and to Charles Gates.

In St. Charles, Ill., just outside of Chicago, more than a half million dollars goes to relatives of Mr. Gates' wife. Mr. Gates' affection for his wife was deep and he loved to show favors to her relatives during his life time.

Those He Remembered.

Those he remembered in his will are, besides his widow and son:

Henry Baker, 20 years old, nephew of Mr. Gates' wife, $250,000 on completing course in college.

Edward J. Baker, brother of Mr. Gates' wife, $25,000 cash and a $50,000 farm.

Mrs. E. J. Baker, $25,000.

Mrs. Laverne Baker Angell, blind sister to Mrs. Gates, $100,000.

Dolores Angell, 10 years old, daughter of Mrs. Laverne Angell, $100,000 in trust.

William Kruder, Mr. Gates' valet, New York, $10,000.

George Bennett, New York, Mr. Gates' butler, $5,000.

John Mitchell, banker, Chicago, $10,000.

Dimmitt Hutchins, lawyer, Chicago, $10,000.

W. H. Cullinane, Houston, Texas, president of the Texas Oil Company, $10,000.

Sherburn Gates, Durand, Mich., Mr. Gates' uncle, $10,000 farm.

William Gates, son of Sherburn Gates, $1,000.

The daughters of Sherburn Gates, $1,000 each.

Mrs. Harry Evans, New York, widow of Mr. Gates' stenographer, $10,000.

$150,000 to Hospital.

At Port Arthur, Texas, among important bequests is one of $150,000 to the Mary Gates Memorial hospital, named for the dead mother of the late Mr. Gates. Another bequest estimated by relatives here at about $50,000 by terms of the will is made in the name of Mary Gates to the Methodist Episcopal mission board of the nation.

ORINOCO CORPORATION IS SUED.

George N. Baxter, Former Minneapolis Lawyer, Files Claim for Fee.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31. — Seventy-five thousand dollars for attorneys fees is the claim filed with Bankruptcy Referee Wm. H. Whattaker against "The Orinoco Corporation" bankrupt. Geo. N. Baxter, a former Minneapolis lawyer, who says he was under a contract entered into in February, 1905, to run for a year at a time, filed the claim.

The company owns concessions of thousands of acres of valuable land in Venezuela and by a protocal between the United States of America and the United States of Venezuela, the stockholders in the corporation were awarded damages for about $800,000.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 31.—Wheat, September, $1.00¾; Dec. $1.02⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.04¾; No. 2 northern, $1.02⅝; No. 1 durum, 98½c; No. 3 corn, 61½c; No. 3 white oats, 42c; barley, malting, $1.15; No. 2 rye, 80½c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.31.

Duluth, Aug. 31.—Wheat, September, $1.03½; December, $1.02⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 1 durum, 99½c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 31.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@5.25; cows, $3.05@4.25; calves, $3.75@7.50; hogs, $7.10@7.35; sheep, spring lambs, $2.50@5.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 22,000; steady; beeves, $5@8.10; Texas steers, $4.45@6; Western steers, $4.25@7.10; stockers and feeders, $3@6.05; cows and heifers, $2.35@6.35; calves, $6@9.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 25,000;

WRIGHT COMPANY SUED.

Woman Claims Damage For Injuries By Aeroplane.

New York, N. Y. — Suit for twenty-five thousand dollars damages was filed by Mary Lynch of Delaven, Wis., against the Wright Company for alleged injuries sustained September 18, 1910, when she was hit, she says, by an aeroplane driven by the late Archie Hoxsey at Milwaukee. She claims to have been permanently injured.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

DISCUSS STATE ROADS.

Better Highway Committee of Development League Begins Work.

Brainerd.—Wadena, Cass, Aitkin, Becker, Clay, Todd, Otter Tail, Crow Wing and other counties were represent at the meeting of the good roads committee of the Northern Minnesota Development Association.

It was decided that the Duluth to Moorhead road should be taken up under one judicial proceeding. The route so far as outlined goes from Moorhead to Detroit thence to Frazee, Perham, Wadena, Staples, Motley, Brainerd, practically paralleling the Northern Pacific railway.

In Crow Wing county one faction wanted the road continued to Mille Lacs lake and the other wanted it run to Ironton, nearest the scene of mining operations on the Cuyuna range. The main trouble centers in having Crow Wing, Aitkin and Carleton counties mutually agree on the last leg of the route.

Chairman King of the good roads committee said the road so far as laid out joins many completed sections of roads and the expenditure for improvements will not be a great burden on the state.

The International Falls road will parallel practically the Minnesota & International railway and will have its terminus at Douglas Lodge in the Itasca State park.

Of outside delegations present Aitkin county made the best showing with the entire Board of County Commissioners, the county attorney and four members of the Commercial club present.

Of the good roads committee Charles M. King, chairman, Deer River; Chris. Burns, Cass Lake, and J. S. Pardee, secretary, Duluth, were present.

Crow Wing had the largest delegation, the county commissioners, county attorney and officials of the Commercial club and Automobile Association being present.

BID CUTS DITCH COST.

Sherwood of Alexandria Gets Biggest State Job for $167,654.

William Sherwood of Alexandria got the contract for the construction of state drainage ditch No. 96, traversing parts of Kittson and Roseau counties, and the largest work of its kind undertaken, at the opening of bids in the office of George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, on a bid of 7.97 cents a cubic yard, making an aggregate cost of $167,645.

The contract calls for seven bridges, 105 culverts, 92 miles of road and 103 miles of ditch, which will require the excavation of 1,800,000 cubic yards of dirt.

This ditch is the one for which Representative Mattson obtained a special appropriation of $12,000 from the recent legislature to pay the benefits assessed against state land. It is expected the ditch will reclaim hundreds of acres that at present produce nothing. The contract calls for the completion of the ditch by December 1, 1913.

Mr. Ralph's estimate of the cost of digging the big ditch was $200,000. The bid acepted is 35 per cent less than average bids for similar county ditch work.

The next lowest bidder was John Brogan of Green Bay, Wis., at 8.87 cents a cubic yard, $184.462 for the job. E. D. Barr of Potterville, Mich., was next at 9.5 cents a cubic yard, $194,165 for the job. The Walcott Dredging Company of Lafayette, Ind., Forrestal & Feyen of St. Paul and John Kohler of St. Paul all bid more than $200,000.

HOLDS COURT IN A DEPOT.

Gt. Northern Station at Thief River Falls Scene of Unique Proceedings.

Thief River Falls.—The very latest in the way of holding a special term of a state district court in Minnesota occurred in this city a few days ago. Judge Watts of this judicial district was on his way from Roseau county, where he had been holding the regular term of court, to Crookston, his home. At the request of attorneys, who desired quick action on a habeas corpus proceedings in connection with the relief of a prisoner named Knute Flackne, he secured a delay of the passenger train and convened district court in special session in the Great Northern depot in this city. All the ceremonies attendant upon such an occasion were duly observed, but the prisoner still remains in the county jail in this city, the proceedings not being productive of the desired result.

COMMISSIONER ELECTED.

For Kandiyohi County After a Long Deadlock.

Willmar.—After a deadlock of three hours, August O. Forsberg of Willmar was elected county commissioner of Kandiyohi county to succeed Thomas H. Olson, deceased. The selection was made by the mayor of Willmar, presidents Raymond and Pennock villages and chairman of the townships of Mamre, St. Johns, Edwards, Holland, Roseland, Whitefield and Will[illegible]

CROP PAYS FOR LAND.

Barley From 100 Acres Is Sold for $3,120, More Than the Land Cost.

Crookston. — Reliable reports of grain yields are beginning to come in as farmers complete threshing entire fields of considerable size. Barley is running from 30 to 50 bushels per acre. The oats yield is heavier, rye is averaging about 30 bushels per acre and wheat yields are running from 16 to 28 bushels to the acre.

R. A. Elzy of Marshalltown, Iowa, today finished threshing 100 acres of barley which yielded 3,250 bushels, which sold this morning for 96 cents per bushel in Crookston, amounting to $3,120 from the 100 acres or $31.50 per acre, more than the land originally cost Mr. Elzy. W. H. Reber finished a field two miles from this city this morning which yielded 16 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat.

J. M. Stephens, just east of Crookston, finished a field this afternoon which averaged 20¼ bushels per acre. N. B. Bergenson, on the Childs' farm adjoining the city on the south, threshed rye yielding 28 bushels, oats 47 bushels, barley 33 bushels and wheat 21 bushels per acre.

Around Beltrami and Ada all grains are running well, the wheat having been cut down to 15 and 17 bushels per acre, where the straw looked like a yield of 25, but oats, rye and barley are yielding bumper crops.

BOOM FOR LA FOLLETTE.

Smoker for Gifford Pinchot Will Begin Senator's Race.

St. Paul. — With a large number of prominent progressive insurgent leaders attending, the first gun in the campaign for Senator La Follette's candidacy for the presidency was fired in St. Paul. The occasion was the smoker given Gifford Pinchot at the Saint Paul hotel, where Ramsey and Hennepin county insurgents mingled with those from other parts of the state. A representative group was there, including Congressman Anderson and Lindbergh and John C. Applegate of Cannon Falls.

Among others who attended were: A. L. Ward of Fairmont, of the Second district; Dr. A. J. Tilton and A. Stark, of Harris; M. S. Mourelius, of Lindstrom; Judge J. F. Wilson and J. Q. McIntosh, of Stillwater; Alex McKnight, of Duluth, and John H. Grass, of Fergus Falls.

PREPARE FOR "BOOSTERS" MEET.

St. Cloud Business Men Named to Entertain Development League.

St. Cloud.—The general committee representing the Commercial club of this city met and appointed subcommittees to make local arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates to the annual convention of the Northern Minnesota Development league, which will be held in St. Cloud December 8 and 9.

It is expected that more than five hundred delegates from the northern counties and cities will attend the convention.

The program will be arranged by the officers of the association, President Maxwell of Wadena and Secretary McKenzie of Bemidji, who have been invited to St. Cloud in the near future to advise with the local committees as to what is expected of the convention.

ACCUSES SEVEN OF MURDER.

Mail Carrier Says Austrians Killed Halfbreed, Who Stole Whisky.

Virginia. — The mystery surrounding the murder of Billy Brown, the young halfbreed, at Pelican lake, on the Bois Fort Indian reservation, Aug. 8, is explained by a statement of Thomas Fisher, a mail carrier, to Chief of Police Walsh and Deputy Sheriff King, which has resulted in the arrest of seven Austrians, charged with the crime.

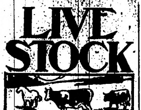
Two of the accused, who live at Gilbert, have some land in the vicinity of Pelican lake, and a few weeks ago they took five other Austrians with them to cut hay. According to Fisher's statement, they had a jug of whisky, and Brown stole it. Infuriated, they gave chase, and after three miles, killed the halfbreed.

Summer Term at Normal Closes.

Winona.—The summer term of the Winona normal school closed on Friday, and brief closing exercises were held. The feature of the exercises was an address by Superintendent G. C. Stockton of Eugene, Ore. The fall term at the normal will open September 5, and close on November 28.

Fugitive Admits $1,000 Theft.

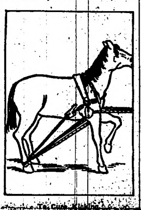
Albert Lea. — William Jackson, who has been a fugitive from justice since two years ago, when he took $1,000 from the safe of the Wells Fargo Express Company here, is now in the county jail. Sheriff Subby brought him here from New York. Jackson had joined the United States navy under the name of Burke and he was apprehended at the Brooklyn navy yard. Jackson admits his guilt and stands ready to throw himself upon the mercy of the court. He is 30 years old.



TO CURE A KICKING HORSE

Harness Arranged in Manner to Teach Animal Futility of Trying for Its Own Sweet Way.

Sooner or later domesticated animals learn that they cannot have their own way, but must bow to the law of humans. Every once in awhile, however, there is born a horse who thinks he is entitled to his own opinion, and his favorite way of asserting himself is kicking the dashboard to bits. Two Missouri men have devised a harness which is warranted to cure this habit. Straps cross the horse's back and breast and at their junctions are fastened the ends of ropes which engage the fetlocks of the animal's hind legs in running loops. The other end of the ropes are fastened to staples in the horse's stall or to some other stationary object in front of which he is tied. The result is that when a horse is trussed up in this manner, if he tries to kick he finds he cannot get his hind hoof beyond a certain point, and after making a number of ineffectual efforts he becomes discouraged. If he is a particularly bad kicker he can be goaded into making these attempts until his spirit is broken in that respect.



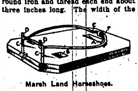
To Cure Kicking.

HORSESHOE FOR MARSH LAND

Directions Given and Illustration Shows How Device Can Be Made to Prevent Slipping.

Fit up the ordinary horseshoe with toe and heel, throwing the heels well out, says the Blacksmith and Wheelwright. Make the bottom of the marsh shoe of two thicknesses of one-half inch hard wood, crossing the grain of the boards to prevent splitting. Slots A and B are cut for the toe and heel calks to rest in. This will prevent the marsh shoe from slipping around on the horse's foot.

Make a staple of three-eighth inch round iron and thread each end about three inches long. The width of the staple will depend on the width of the shoe. The staple is fastened to the board by inserting the ends through holes bored at CC. Bend another piece of three-eighth inch round iron E in the shape shown to fit around the horse's foot about two inches below the hair. The ends DD are bent up to fasten into the staple. Forge an eye on a bolt to fit over the rod E and attach to the board at F.



Marsh Land Horseshoes.

KEEPING SHEEP AT PASTURE

Animals Should Have Free Access to Water at All Times—Pine Tar Is Excellent Fly Cure.

Sheep do not require as much water as cattle, but they should have access to water when they do want it. When the weather is dry and the nights cloudy, when no dew falls, they may suffer if not watered. If there is no stream of water in the pasture the flock should be driven to water once daily.

The fly will make its appearance in midsummer. The fly aims to deposit its eggs within or close to the nostrils of the sheep. This is accompanied by no pain to the sheep; the eggs hatch in a few weeks and the little worm ascends the nostrils making the poor animal almost wild with nervous distress.

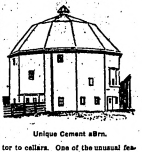
The best remedy is a little pine tar smeared on the nose. It should be frequently applied. By pouring a little tar in the feed troughs and sprinkling it over with fine salt and wheat bran the sheep will [illegible] their own [illegible]

CEMENT BARN QUITE UNIQUE

Indiana Farmer Builds Stable Polygon in Shape and Contains Not One Single Piece of Wood.

M. S. Yoder, a farmer living at Shipshewanna, Ind., is the designer and builder of a unique cement barn. Besides drawing up the plans and superintending the construction, Mr. Yoder invented a hay carrying device that conveys hay from the mow to any part of the barn by gasoline power, says the Popular Mechanics.

The barn itself is remarkable in shape; as it is a polygon with 12 equal sides and contains in its structure not a stick of wood from ventilator to cellars. One of the unusual features of its construction is that the reenforcement in the concrete is simply old Junk iron, mostly from an old bridge, but which served as well as the material made and sold for that purpose. This iron was wound with wire fencing to hold the cement to the beams and girders.



Unique Cement aBrn.

The roof in this barn is of concrete as well as the walls, and it conforms to the shape of the sides, giving the structure a pleasing appearance. The ground floor is arranged for cattle and houses 30 horses and cows. The second floor is a threshing floor and it approached by an old highway bridge used as re-enforcement with the cement.

The barn completed cost $1,700, besides the work of the farmer and his horses and hands.

STRONG TEAMS ARE NEEDED

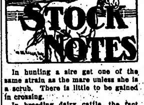
Crops Often Made or Saved by Proper Horse Power—Farmer Should Keep Brood Mares.

In these days there is much greater demand on the horse strength of a farm than there was in the premachinery days, and the possession of a sufficient number of workers to fully horse the various implements of the well-equipped farm often means the saving of a crop in the best possible condition, whereas hindrances through lack of horse power causes loss of good weather and damage forage or grain.

Of course it is possible to have too many horses, and especially those of the unsound or aged class, but of improving vigorous geldings under, say eight years old, it is hardly possible to have too many. The surplus may be reckoned as a salable asset at any time, and mares which are bringing a foal almost every year, besides helping in the collar for more than half of their time, cannot be described as useless drones.

It is the best policy, therefore, for every farmer to make his farm self-supporting in its horse supply by keeping as many good brood mares as there is need and convenience for, and use the best available sire so that each succeeding generation may be an improvement on the parent stock in value, in appearance and for work.

For tractability, together with activity, the sire of today is a long way in front of the coarse-legged, greasy-heeled specimens of by-gone days. He is flat limbed, smart, and free in his movements, and if haltered as a foal and put to light work at two years of age the breaking in is very simple process, and all kinds of work is readily taken to.



In hunting a sire get one of the same strain as the mare unless she is a scrub. There is little to be gained in crossing.

In breeding dairy cattle, the fact that they are destined for milk production must constantly be kept in mind.

The demand upon the foal's digestive system for nourishment is very great.

When ten days old dock your lambs and castrate those not kept for rams at about two weeks old.

The brood sow that is the best mother is never excessively fat.

If the dam becomes heated the milk is injurious to the colt.

If a colt is worth raising at all he is worth raising well.

In fattening hogs to the best advantage they should be graded; that is, the smaller ones should be in a pen by themselves.

In starting a lot of pigs it is easy to get in the habit of giving a certain quantity of feed and failing to increase as they grow.

It is bad policy to select the brood sows from the feed lot.

Do not forget that hogs are grazing animals and that pastures offer a mighty cheap place to keep them during the summer.

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
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Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

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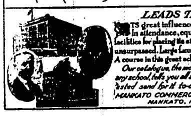
MANKATO, MINN.



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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 26, 1911.

The hunting season opens next Friday.

Senator La Follette is a living, breathing nightmare in action to the elder statesman of the Lorimer-Stevenson-Guggenheim stripe. Only the other day he rose in his seat and with more force than solemnity actually proposed a new senate rule to the effect that a senator should be barred from voting on any matter in which he was financially interested. This was a brutal attack at the very foundation of "privilege."

One great drawback to the advancement of this country is the knockers. This is not only true of the town people but the farmers as well, One principle cause is jealousy. If a farmer sees a piece of land in his vicinity being offered for sale his first thought is to discourage the prospective purchaser and break up the deal if possible. In taking this attitude he is acting against his own best interests. If he could but realize it, every sale to an actual settler and bona fide farmer of land in his neighborhood adds one dollar per acre to the value of his holdings. Lets try and look at this matter in a more liberal light and pull together for the best interests of all of us.

Did you ever meet a person who told he could not derive any benefit from the same source you could? Well we have. For instance he would advertise but fears that the people would not read his advertisements; he would belong to the commercial club but again he is seized with the fear lest the club should die out and he would be minus two months (unpaid) dues; he would give to the church but he can't give to them all: he would boost the town but you see the darn old thing never amounted to anything and it would not bring him sufficient returns. Next time you meet a person like this buy him a railroad ticket and wish him Godspeed.—Foley Tribune.

Since so many leaders have died or lost their seats in the U. S. Senate, it is a very different body from what it was a year ago. Senator La Follette of Wisconsin has now risen to the undisputed leadership of the U. S. senate and is carrying things with a high band. He has hitched the thirteen insurgent republican senators to the democratic chariot, thus uniting two minorities and forming a majority. This state of affairs recalls the first speech Senator La Follette made when he entered the senate in 1905. He was looked upon as an innovator when he entered the senate and during his first speech nearly all the senators left the senate chamber. He remarked that he could not be oblivious to the fact that the senators were absenting themselves from their seats as a direct insult to him. He remarked that those seats which were thus temporarily vacant, would in a few years be permanently vacated. That prophecy has been fulfilled and now instead of addressing empty seats Senator La Follette has a majority of the senators at his back.—Clay County Herald.

Observations

We no longer believe "what we can't see can't be." We've heard of too many men who walked straight over gold mines because they beheld only the rock and not the ore which it held.

You don't gain distinction through blind and bullying criticism, you merely distinguish yourself as a bumptious ass. Derision discloses ignorance oftener than it imposes it.

Bigotry can't live in the same atmosphere with mile-a-minute trains, river tunnels, and aeroplanes, and fifty acre stores, and Metropolitan towers, and over-sea telegraphy.

You can no more tell the ultimate product of an inspiration than you can decide the color of a rooster's tail by glancing at the egg from which he will hatch.—Herbert Kaufman in Minneapolis tribune.

Home Talent Play

Tonight some of the young people of St. Hilaire will present the very laughable comedy-farce entitled "A Perplexing Situation." The play will be preceded by a monologue by Miss Cleo Amble. Mrs. Post will render several piano selections for this program. The program is under the direction of Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, elocutionist and reader, and a fine entertainment is assured.

Come and bring your friends.

For M. E. church benefit. Refreshments, consisting of hot coffee and cake, will be served immediately after the program, and this is included in the price of admission, which is 25 cents.

Uncle Epitumas will be at Imperial hall tonight. He has come down from way up the country to look around a while, and he wants to see you there, sure. Everybody to the hall tonight!

The following is the program and cast of characters of the play:

Music, selected........Mrs. O. F. Post
Monologue.........Miss Cleo Amble
Music, selected........Mrs. O. F. Post
Two act play, "A Perplexing Situation"

Cast of Characters

Mr. Middleton, who is is inclined to be miserly............Selmer Benson
Mrs. Middleton, his patient wife..........Cleo Amble
Tom Middleton, his son, Tudy Brink
Jessie Middleton, his eldest daughter,..........Grace Hall
Sue Middleton, his second daughter,..........Agnes Burkee
Lucy Fair, a niece whom he has adopted..........Annie Patterson
Maud, a friend of the family..........Myrtle Blaine
Mrs. Nosie, a neighbor who likes to investigate mysteries, Marie Hooper
Alexander Wilson, Jessie's young man,..........Andy Dahl
Mary, the Irish servant, Lillie Johnson
Fritz, the man-of-all-work..........James Amble
Uncle Epitumas, from way up country, who has come down to look about a spell..........Pat Hall
Health Officer..........Mauritz Brink
Music, selected, between the acts of the play..........Mrs. O. F. Post

You Are Welcome

The Minnesota state fair is ready for you. Months of preparation has culminated in big results. The gigantic exposition awaits your verdict. Your duty to yourself, your community and your state demands that you be one of the jury that determines the 1911 fair's place in history. Don't shirk this duty.

If you have helped to make this fair you certainly will be on hand. If you have not helped come and see what other people have done and make suggestions for improvements. The fair belongs to the people of Minnesota. It belongs to you. You should be proud of its greatness and help to make it all it should be. There can be no reason why you should not come and learn and enjoy.

Come on Monday, the first and probably the greatest day. Stay as long as you can. You can't begin to see it all in one day. Each day has many special attractions. See as many of them as you can. If you want to give your family and friends a treat bring them with you. But whatever you do come to the fair, Sept. 4 to 9.

Many changes have been made not only in the management, but in the plan and scope of the Minnesota state fair. If the ideas of the management are successfully carried out in September, Minnesota's exposition will be not only first among the fairs of United States in attendance and gate receipts, but it will be first as an exhibition of live stock, soil products and manufactured articles. It will be a mirror of the state's resources and a short course in agriculture and stock raising, a place where every one can learn something and at the same time be royally entertained.

During the last few years there has been some adverse criticism concerning what has been claimed was a preponderance of vaudeville attractions and amusements at the fair. The present management, under the efficient direction of Secretary J. C. Simpson, and a board of directors made up of successful business men, has endeavored to develop the fair along educational lines. They have proceeded on the theory that the first object of a state fair is to furnish an opportunity for seeing and stuyding the best products of every line of industry.

They have not, however, ignored the amusement side. They realize that the majority of the people are most easily attracted to instruction by amusement and they believe that an essential, although not the most important, function is to entertain. A large number of the best amusement features on the market have been secured for this year's fair and entertainment will go hand in hand with education to make the best balanced and the greatest fair of history.

The changes that will be apparent at Hamline in September seem to have been demanded by the people. They have been made because they seemed for the institution's best interest and were necessary to its permanency. The verdict of the people will have been given when the gates are closed on Sept. 9. Don't fail to be on the jury and have a voice in deciding this all important subject.

School Next Monday

As announced in the last issue of the Spectator, school will open Monday, Sept. 4. Registration and the giving out of books will be taken care of on this date. The regular class work will begin on Tuesday, and all who expect to attend should attempt to enroll not later than then.

In the high school work, a complete course of two years will be given. The [illegible] algebra, English I, physiology, physical geography, civics, English history, plane geometry, ancient history, senior arithmetic; and senior grammar, civics, and physical geography will be taught during the last half of the year only. Students from adjoining districts are welcome and should enroll at the begining of the year. No tuition will be charged from anyone; text books are furnished to all, but students from other districts will be charged a small fee for the use of same.

The Socialist Speaker

Contributed

History teaches us, that in the earliest days, mankind had no knowledge of a supreme Deity or God, and therefore set about to establish a form of worship that should have as its head, the highest possible greatness or good, that should be a supreme ruler over the destinies of mankind and that mankind, through his mode of living in this world and as he followed the teachings of his God, should find eternal rest. The theologic processes of elimination were at work and through his method did mankind arrive at the religion that has been followed (with minor changes from time to time) to the present day. That question being settled the people busied themselves as to what method of organization was best adapted to society. As the population of the world increased and spread to every corner of the earth, many forms of government (organization of society) sprang up. The great question of the people of the earth, from time immemorial, has been "what form of organization is best." Great wars have been fought, great nations of the earth have been torn asunder, hundreds of thousands, yea, millions upon millions of lives have been lost and yet the question "what form of organization is best," for society. The great economic question has been slowly but surely, nearing its final solution. The people of the world have been gaining ground and are not so prone to war about differences of opinion. They are becoming more "civilized" but are ever determined to work out the great question of economic conditions. The lecture of T. E. Lattimer, A. M. of university of Illinois on the economic problems of the day was very instructive and those who were fortunate enough to be present were well repaid for their efforts and attention.

The lecture and discussion was held at the Imperial Hall last Saturday evening, literature being distributed at the close of the meeting. Many were kept away owing to the cold, rainy weather, and counter attractions at the show tent.

Will be Worth Seeing

An interesting contest to be pulled off at the Red Lake county fair is the ball game between the Terrebonne and St. Hilaire teams. These teams have played two close, snappy, scrappy games this season. They were fine exhibitions of the national game and each team has won a game by a close score. The "rubber" contest to be played at the fair will be worth going miles to see. It will be a ball game for nine innings and maybe longer, with plenty of strenuous rooting. The second game of the series went to eleven innings and with the teams so evenly matched the contest is lible to run over time. The game will be played the second day of the fair.—Gazette.

The fair will be held Wednesday Thursday, and Friday, Sept. 19, 20, and 21.

Local Notes

Mike Olson was in Thief River Falls between trains yesterday.

Mike McAndrees and O. W. Brink are shiping cattle to market today.

Robert Jackson came down from Baudette yesterday to visit the home people.

The rain this week has delayed the threshing somewhat, but it is hoped has not injured the crops.

B. C. Koch and a brother of Peoria Ill., were in town yesterday. Mr. Koch is the owner of a farm in this vicinity.

Ira Carpenter threshed last week 112 bushels of timoty seed, which at $7.00 per bu. will net him the neat little sum of between $7.00 and $8.00.

At Thief River Falls last Wednesday the county office bunch joined together and for about three hours constituted themselves a dray corps and removed all thier furniture, books, and general paraphernalia to [illegible]

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY.

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	9
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$2.16
" " 2	2.06
Barley, for 50 lbs	80
Oats	35
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7½
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, " "	24.00

G. N. Time Table

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

Notice

I have put up the money for the local retail accounts of the Red Lake Falls Milling company and would be glad if those indebted on same would settle at once.

A. R. JONES.

Estray Notice

Came to my place in section 2, town of Polk Centre, on Sunday morning, August 13, two horses—one gray about fifteen years old and one brown with a marked mane about eleven years old.

a19-2t J. P. PETERSON.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Estray Notice

Taken up in my grain field, on the se¼ section 19, town of Black River, on July 30, seven head of young cattle—four steers and three heifers—about two years old.

Owner please call and pay damages and for this notice, and take property.

ANDREW DEEKLAN, Wylie, Minn.
a19-3t

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR. that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

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REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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And Everywhere Else

Hamm's **Beer**

Takes the swelter out of hot days. It is liquid bread made from the best grains obtainable. Call for the beer that

Leads Them All

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Confirmation services tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. Evening service at 8 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Aug. 27, at 7:15 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3866 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794 Modern Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 160 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSEN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

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MEAT MARKET
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
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Bring in Your Printing

THE LOCAL NEWS

Roy Dalin was at the county seat Thursday.

Miss Ruth Martz went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

O. H. Olson spent Sunday with friends at Red Lake Falls.

The new lumber sheds and fences are all complete except painting.

Sept. Anderson of Red Lake county was in St. Hilaire on Monday.

Mrs. J. King visited friends at Red Lake Falls Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Lindahl returned to Crookston Tuesday after a few days' visit at home.

Joe Hauge went Wednesday to Halstad, where he will be employed in threshing.

Misses Josie Gigstad and Olga Swenson were Thief River Falls visitors Thursday.

The Great Northern gives a rate to the the state fair of one fare and a third for the round trip.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.

CARL KRUGER.

The Hamar Young Peoples' society will meet Sunday afternoon, Sept. 3, at the home of Mrs. Boe.

Pennington county will not be represented among the exhibits at the state fair. It's sad but true.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf

Peter Johnson brought in a branch Wednesday from a Siberian crab apple tree literally loaded down with the fruit.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR
AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9

A young man rode from Crystal, N. D., to Walter McAndress yesterday on a motorcyle, a distance of 120 miles, which was going some. —Sunbeam.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening Sept. 8, at the home of Mrs. Erick Pearson east of town. All are welcome.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

C. C. Elliott was in town this week with another bunch of land seekers, and we understand he sold to three of them. If Mr. Elliott keeps on at his present rate he will soon have this country filled up.

Preaching services at M. E. church Sunday evening as usual at at 8 o'clock. Services in the evening have been discontinued for some time now but will be resumed tomorrow night. You are cordially invited to come out.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

We teach the Munson system of shorthand. Our equipment is complete. Our teachers are first class. The best class of students attend the N. B. C., and high class positions are obtained by our graduates. National Business College, Crookston, Minnesota. a3-2t

Julia Larson of Marshal county was thrown from a lead horse which she was riding ahead of a binder, driven by her father when the horses became frightend by a passing automobile and fell in front of the binder the sickle nearly severing her right arm at the shoulder and her left leg just above the ankle.

There will be confirmation services tomorrow at the United church beginning at 11 o'clock a. m. An offering to home missions will be taken up. Members of the class are: Selmer Hauge, Martin Loberg, Ella Skeie, Agnes Aubol, Serina Swenson, Clara Peterson, Martha Miller, Alma Moe, Louise Stark.

Charles Nelson was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Washington Adams were at Thief River Falls yesterday.

O. H. Peters and Harold Holmes were county seat visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. Worstall was looking after business matters in Red Lake Falls on Monday.

Mrs. Charles Fellman of Red Lake Falls visited friends here the first of the week.

Anton M. Bakken of Thief River Falls was down yesterday to attend the funeral of the late A. G. Ness.

Miss Lalande, who has been the guest of Mrs. O. F. Post for a few days, returned to Crookston Thursday.

Misses Agnes and Selma Simonson returned Tuesday from a visit to Cass Lake. They were accompanied by their sister, Mrs. Potvin.

Martin Williams of Shelly, Minn., a former resident of St. Hilaire, has been visiting at the home of his brother-in-law, Ole Loberg, this week.

Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls was in town Thursday and attended the meeting of the Ladies' Aid society at the home of Tom Hovet.

Mrs. C. L. McCaffrey and children of Grand Forks came over Thursday for a week's visit with Mrs. McCaffreys, parents Mr. and Mrs. S C. Amble.

Miss Bernice Jackson, who has been visiting friends here for a few weeks, goes next week to Seattle, her parents having removed there from Roosevelt.

Adolph Avelson came over from Warren Thursday for a short visit with friends here. The young man is said to be quite a wanderer, having visited nearly every state in the union.

R. J. McKercher was at Thief River Falls yesterday in attendance at the hearing before the county commissioners on the petition for the establishment of a short county road south of St. Hilaire.

Geo L. Austin, who took the examination some time ago, has been appointed dairy inspector for the Detroit district in Minnesota, and will assume his duties September 1. Mr. Austin is thoroughly competent and will certainly make good. He has been buyer for a big western produce house for this territory for the past few years.—Crookston Times.

TO THE TRADE:
Our Fall Stock is now complete
Our Shoes are sold with a Guarantee
We have a special line of Boys' Shoes and Suits, for sale at very low prices
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger spent Sunday at Red Lake Falls

Mrs. O. Sterns and son Oscar of Grand Forks have been visiting at the A. S. Wilson home.

Ed. A. Aubol, chairman, went to Thief River Falls yesterday to be present at a meeting of the county board.

Ole G. Ness, who has been at the bedside of his brother A. G. Ness during the latter's illness, returned yesterday to his home at Badger.

On account of the bad weather the Gophers did not go to Thief River Falls to play ball last Sunday, as announced. They expect to go tomorrow.

Died

A. G. Ness died at his home in St. Hilaire Tuesday morning, Aug. 29. He had been sick with pneumonia for two weeks, which caused his death. He was born in Norway Dec. 11, 1841.

He leaves two sons, Gilbert A. and Albert, and one daughter, Mrs. Ed. Peterson, who reside here, two daughters in California, Mrs. H. M. Swenson and Miss Helen Ness, and his brother Ole G. Ness of Badger, Minn., to mourn his death.

The funeral took place Thursday afternoon from the United Lutheran church, Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating, and the remains were laid to rest in the Swedish cemetery.

Village Officials.

President .... J. O. DAHL
Clerk .... ARTHUR HALL
Trustees .... R. J. MCKIRCHER, HENRY OLSON, A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer .... B. E. BURKEE
Marshal .... HENRY JACKSON
Assessor .... O. H. PETERS
Constable .... A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace .... O. H. PETERS, K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health .... DR. C. SWANSON, DANIEL PATTERSON, ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman .... A. S. WILSON
Clerk .... K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors .... DANIEL PATTERSON, DR. C. SWANSON, H. O. JACKSON

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

FLAX STRAW

To Farmers and Whom it May Concern:

Having established at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota, a Flax Tow Mill, I hereby take pleasure in communicating this fact to the public. This mill will purchase all good, sound flax straw of 1911 crop only, offered and brought to the mill grounds by the farmers themselves, or shipped to the mill in bales from nearby stations located on the railroad; and immediate cash will be paid for it.

The longer the straw the more valuable for making tow, and I therefore respectfully request and advise the farming comunity to cut the straw as low down as possible, for it is the length of the fibre in the tow which makes it of a desirable quality.

I own four more flax tow mills in Dakota, and own mills or am financially interested in several others located in the states of Minnesota and Iowa.

Mr. Louis Kumpf my general foreman, and Mr. George Thompson, both of whom are at the present time at Red Lake Falls, will give you further information should you call on them personally or write to them, and I am sure you will find them both absolutely honest and fair gentlemen.

My great desire is to be fair myself with all mankind, and the farmers especially, and those who treat me fair in their dealings will always find me honest and square in dealing with them.

Trusting that our relations may be at alll times harmonious and the interest of both of us, I remain,

V. R. BLEHDON,
Owner of Mill.

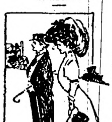
Main Office: Brisbane Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

MINNESOTA
STATE FAIR AND EXPOSITION
SEPT. 4 TO 9
350 ACRES
of EDUCATION & ENTERTAINMENT
IN ALL THE WORLD NO FAIR LIKE THIS
WONDERFUL EXHIBITS IN AGRICULTURE HORTICULTURE AND GENERAL INDUSTRY
THIS FAIR WILL TEACH YOU AS MUCH AS SIX MONTHS IN COLLEGE
YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS THIS GREATEST OF ALL FAIRS
GREATEST RACING PROGRAM
$25000.00 IN PURSES
WORLD'S FOUR FASTEST PACERS
MINOR HEIR 1:58½ GEO. GANO 2:02¼
HEDGEWOOD BOY 2:01 LADY MAUD C 2:00¾
THE BEST SPECIMENS OF LEADING BREEDS OF LIVE STOCK FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD
SPECTACULAR AEROPLANE MEET
WRIGHT BROS MACHINES
4 FLIGHTS & THRILLING CONTESTS EVERY DAY
2 DAYS AUTOMOBILE RACING
THIS FAIR WILL BE FAMOUS FOR ITS MUSIC
THE BEST - EVERYWHERE AND ALL THE TIME
5 BANDS 3 ORCHESTRAS
SOME OF THE MANY OTHER SPECIAL ATRACTIONS
MAMMOTH OUTDOOR SPECTACLE
BATTLE IN THE CLOUDS
WATER CARNIVAL
MOONEY'S ELECTRIC TANDEM
EXHIBITS OF CHAMPION SHEEP DOGS DIRECTED BY FAMOUS SHEEP FARMERS
ALL HIGH CLASS ATTRACTIONS
NO FAKES ALLOWED
YOU WILL BE ROYALLY ENTERTAINED EVERY MINUTE
COME WITH YOUR FAMILY TO THE STATE FAIR GROUNDS
MIDWAY BETWEEN MINNEAPOLIS & ST. PAUL
SEPT 4 TO 9

Do You read the Spectater? If not why not?

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

A RELIEF.



De Bore—Yes; I called upon Miss Clever the other evening and she insisted upon my singing all the time.

Miss Grace—So she told me. She said that was better than having to talk to you all evening.

Monotonous.

Madge—So the place you spent your vacation got to be awfully dull?

Marjorie—Just dreadful, dear. Toward the end I had to get engaged again to a young man I was in love with early in the summer.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Not so Much.

"Is he a captain of industry?"

"No; nothing more than a second lieutenant."

The next time you feel that swallowing sensation gargle Hamlins Wizard Oil immediately with three parts water. It will save you days and perhaps weeks of misery from sore throat.

Calling people down is not a very uplifting process.

Particularly the Ladies.

Not only pleasant and refreshing to the taste, but gently cleansing and sweetening to the system, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is particularly adapted to ladies and children, and beneficial in all cases in which a wholesome, strengthening and effective laxative should be used. It is perfectly safe at all times and dispels colds, headaches and the pains caused by indigestion and constipation so promptly and effectively that it is the one perfect family laxative which gives satisfaction to all and is recommended by millions of families who have used it and who have personal knowledge of its excellence.

Its wonderful popularity, however, has led unscrupulous dealers to offer imitations which act unsatisfactorily. Therefore, when buying, to get its beneficial effects, always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package of the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

For sale by all leading druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.
QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very successful. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
Mail orders given special attention. Complete stock of photo supplies. Service prompt. F. M. Parker & Company 8th & Wabasha Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

STOVE REPAIRS
FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Wholesale and Retail
AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS
186 West Seventh Street, St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED Postal Savings Banks offer fine chance for good paying Government positions. We can train you in short time. [illegible] Training System, Dept. F, 4007 Grand Blvd., Chicago

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

[illegible] Thompson's Eye Water

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

3,000 SUBPOENAS SERVED.

Great Number of Witnesses Called in Indian Land Cases.

St. Paul. — More than one thousand chancery case each involving from one to five subpenas have already been started in Minnesota in the big blanket equity suit in which the United States is seeking to recover the title to land in Becker, Clearwater and Mahnomen counties which was given to white people by Indians. The big equity suit is brought by the United States against the numerous people in Minnesota who acquired some title to land on the White Earth Indian reservation through people who are alleged to be full-blooded Indians.

Already some 3,000 subpœnas in the big case have been served by the United States marshal and a large number are still to be sent out. It is said that none of the owners of the property reside in St. Paul and that no subpœnas in the cases have yet been served locally.

A referee to take evidence in the case has not yet been appointed by the court and it is not thought that cases will close up for hearing at the November term of United States circuit court at Fergus Falls.

NEWS NOTES.

Red Wing.—A teacher's association is to be organized for Goodhue county in Red Wing November 10. President Vincent of the State University will give an address.

La Crosse, Wis. — Members of the Wisconsin-Minnesota boundary commission assembled here preparatory to a trip over the district in dispute and fixing the disputed boundary in Lake Pepin.

Wyoming.—Arthur Johnson, aged 22, who has been working for the Crex Grass Carpet company here, tried to steal a ride on a Northern Pacific passenger train near here. He fell and his body was cut in two. The man's relatives live at Chicago City.

Duluth.—It is announced that the Co-operative Market association which was organized more than a year ago through the instrumentality of the Commercial club to aid Northern Minnesota farmers to get a market here will be abandoned. The farmers will operate direct with Duluth commission men.

Walker.—Agent John T. Frater, superintendent of the Leech Lake, Cass Lake and Bena tribes of Chippewa Indians, has tendered his resignation to the department of Indian affairs at Washington, to take effect as soon as his successor can be appointed. He has held this office of Indian agent for four years.

Bemidji.—What is believed to have been an incendiary fire threatened the destruction of the Minnesota and International coal dock at Funkley, near here, with the destruction of a large amount of coal. The dock was blazing before the fire was discovered, but by the prompt aid of a bucket brigade the property was saved.

Bemidji.—With a big "market day" exhibition at Spooner, August 30, and a northern Beltrami county fair at Baudette September 11-12, there is being gathered for exhibition purposes a large collection of grasses, grains, and all root crops, vegetables and dairy products. These exhibits will be shown at the state fair in September.

Glenville.—The drug store of Dr. Freeman at Glenville, has been closed under an execution by the sheriff and the stock will be put on sale. Dr. Freeman was the victim of a mob last winter, when he was tarred and feathered for alleged ill-treatment of his wife. He lost business since and it is now said he has lost practically all of his property.

St. Paul.—Mrs. Russell Sage will be requested by Attorney General Simpson and Assistant Attorney General Weeks to pay an inheritance tax on all her Minnesota lands held under contracts of sale. It is believed the tax will amount to nearly $600,000. Mr. Simpson hopes to collect from other Eastern estates in the way of back inheritance taxes.

Bemidji.—The Bemidji Commercial club's new quarters will be formally opened to inspection of the general public at a day to be set by the entertainment commitee. The ladies will be given a reception in the afternoon and a smoker for the men will be held in the evening. About September 5 is the time which was most acceptable to those at the meeting.

Winona.—W. J. Kelch, appointed by Receiver Howard Morris as his manager representative for the Winona Railway & Light company, announces the street railway system here is to be given a thorough overhauling. The tracks will not be extended at present, but the bridge across Lake Winona is to receive attention.

Akeley.—The body of Mr. Numbers, 70 years old, who mysteriously disappeared from his home in Deerfield township, Cass county, last May, was discovered in a meadow three-quarters of a mile from the Hayes farm in Crow Wing township, Hubbard county, by men who were mowing. There was no indication of foul play. Mr. Numbers was partially paralyzed, and it is thought that he fell while he had wandered away from home and was unable to get up. At the time of his disappearance a large reward was offered for his recovery by his son-in-law, F. Luiten.

Alexandria, August 3.—The citizens of Alexandria will tender Senator Knute Nelson a complimentary dinner and reception on Wednesday evening, at the Letson house. This will be largely attended by professional and business men of Alexandria and other residents of the county.

Alexandria. — The citizens of Alexandria tendered Senator Knute Nelson a complimentary dinner and reception on Wednesday evening, at the Letson house. This was largely attended by professional and business men of Alexandria and other residents of the county.

MUNYON'S WORK TALK OF CITY

Big Success Shown by Numbers of Callers at Philadelphia Headquarters.

LOCAL MAN TELLS OF REMARKABLE RELIEF FROM RHEUMATISM IN YEAR'S TIME.

The apparent success with which Professor James M. Munyon, the world-famous health authority, has been meeting has started much discussion. Every street car brings dozens of callers to his Laboratories at 53d and Jefferson Streets, Philadelphia, Pa., and every mail brings thousands of letters from people inquiring about Munyon's Famous Health Cult. Professor Munyon's corps of expert physicians is kept busy seeing callers and answering the mail. Peculiar to say, these physicians prescribe no medicine at all for 50 per cent. of the callers and mail inquiries; health hints, health advice and rules for right living are given absolutely free. Medical advice and consultation absolutely free.

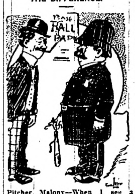
Munyon's followers seem to be enormous. Those who believe in his theories seem to think he possesses the most marvelous powers for the healing of all sorts of diseases. Munyon, himself, laughs at this. He says: "The hundreds of cures which you are hearing about every day in Philadelphia are not in any way due to my personal skill. It is my remedies, which represent the combined brains of the greatest medical specialists science has ever known, that are doing the work. I have paid thousands of dollars for a single formula and the exclusive right to manufacture it. I have paid tens of thousands of dollars for others of my various forms of treatment. This is why I get such remarkable results. I have simply bought the best products of the best brains in the world and placed this knowledge within the reach of the general public."

Among Munyon's callers yesterday were many who were enthusiastic in their praise of the man. One of these said: "For six years I suffered with rheumatism. My arms and legs were afflicted so badly that I could hardly work, and I could not raise my arms to my head. The pain was most severe in the back, however, and I was in perfect torture. I tried in many ways to get cured, or even to secure temporary relief, but nothing seemed to help me until I was persuaded by a friend to try Dr. Munyon's Uric Acid Course. It was the most marvelously acting remedy I ever saw, within a week the pain had most gone and inside of a month I considered myself entirely cured. I can now go out in the worst weather—cold, wet or anything else, and I have not felt any suspicion of a return of the disease. I think that every person who has rheumatism and does not take the Uric Acid Course is making a great mistake."

The continuous stream of callers and mail that comes to Professor James M. Munyon at his laboratories at 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., keeps Dr. Munyon and his enormous corps of expert physicians busy.

Write today to Professor James M. Munyon personally, Munyon's Laboratories, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. Give full particulars in reference to your case. Your inquiry will be held strictly confidential and answered in a plain envelope. You will be given the best medical advice, and asked more questions. Remember there is no charge of any kind for consultation, or medical advice. The only charge Munyon makes is, when his physicians prescribe his remedies you pay the retail selling price. It is immaterial whether you buy from him or from the nearest druggist.

THE DIFFERENCE.



Pitcher Malony—When I see a man trying to steal I try to throw him out.

Officer Doolan—Yez do! Whin Oi see a mon trying to steal Oi run him in.

Suitable.

Some men are honest because it is too much trouble to be otherwise.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The trouble with giving advice is not many want to take it.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY
UNIVERSAL

Cement Talk No. 3

Concrete is the hardened rock-like product made by using some brand of *Portland cement* with sand, gravel or broken stone and water. The *cement* is the material which binds the sand, gravel or broken stone together; this binding action is produced by water. The terms "*Cement*" and "*Concrete*" thus have different meanings, although they are frequently used interchangeably. While cement is only one of the materials in *concrete*, it is perhaps the most important. To insure the best results in *concrete* work, the highest grade of *Portland cement* should be used. The *concrete* worker may rest assured that he has the best *cement* if he will make certain that the word *UNIVERSAL* is printed on each sack of *cement* that he buys. Representative dealers everywhere handle *UNIVERSAL*.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT [illegible] BARRELS

BIRD MEN OF OLD

Greek Mythology Tells of First Aero Experiments.

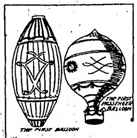
Flew With Legendary Wings of Wax to Escape Wrath of An Ancient King—Criminal Made the First Flight.

Washington, D. C.—The first aeronautical voyage history chronicles was that of the legendary Daedalus and his son. As mythology says, the father, Daedalus, had some kind of a tiff with Minos, his majesty the king of Crete. One sunny day when the kingly wrath had reached the boiling stage, Daedalus and his son, Icarus, decided a different climate would be good for them. So the wings were waxed on and they sailed away. But they rose so high that the heat from the sun melted the wax and Icarus dropped into the Icarian sea.

Archytas of Tarentum made a pigeon of wood that flew in the fourth century, B. C. Simon, the magician, in 66 A. D., endeavored to do a little air experimentation and broke his neck. In the reign of the Emperor Comnenus a Saracen met a similar fate in Constantinople, and flying was abandoned for a few centuries.

Joseph Montgolfier, a paper manufacturer of Annonay, France, discovered in 1782 that heat rarified air and made it occupy a much larger space than it did before being heated. He made a small parallelopiped of taffeta and filled it with heated air, it rose to the roof of his apartment and he was convinced. A larger balloon was made, and on June 5, 1783, the first public ascension was made. No one who rode in this Montgolfier, as it was called, but the flight lasted ten minutes. To commemorate it a yearly festival was established.

Hydrogen had been discovered by Cavendish six years before. It was found to have a specific gravity about one-sixteenth of that of air. Two months after Montgolfier's triumph Professor Charles of Paris sent up an inflated hydrogen balloon which, after traveling 15 miles, was torn to pieces by the superstitious peasantry. A month later another Montgolfier was sent up containing a sheep, a cock and a duck. Louis XVI., king of France, witnessed the flight, and he demanded that a human should make an ascension. He ordered that a criminal should be sent up. The famous Pilatre pleaded for the honor, and it was granted. On October 15, 1783, the first known ascent was made by Rozier in a hot air bag remaining up 4 minutes and 25 seconds.



Types of Early Balloons.

America caught the fever, and James Wilcox, a carpenter of Philadelphia, flew over the Schuylkill river in an aerostat made by the scientists, Rittenhouse and Hopkins. Two other flights, one of 27 miles in a Montgolfier from Paris, and a shorter one by Professor Charles in a hydrogen balloon, closed the first year of real flying known to the world.

In 1784 more than 50 ascents and voyages were made, the first trip in England being recorded in September of that year. A year later the English channel was crossed from Dover to Calais by Blanchard and Dr. Jeffries, an American. So it went. Flight after flight was made and the fad became more popular.

For almost a century the balloon scarcely altered in design, all of them were made with fantastic decorations and the willow basket was not used. However, many improvements were effected in the method of inflation, the construction of the valve, the ripping panel and the quality of the scientific instruments used. Before 1862 ballooning was looked upon much as an amusement, and in order to defray the balloonists' expenses the public had to pay to see their flights.

The sizes of the balloons increased, previous balloons of the early days had been 20,000 cubic feet capacity, but one was constructed in Paris of 215,000 cubic feet in 1853. In 1869 a captive balloon of 450,000 cubic feet was made. However, most modern balloons did not run more than 80,000 cubic feet. That is the largest balloon which is allowed to compete for the James Gordon Bennett cup race. In 1836 the record flight was 500 miles in 18 hours. In 1870 balloons made a thousand miles and last year Hawley and Post established a new world's record of about 1,200 miles, flying for the Bennett trophy from St. Louis.

Takes Pets Across Sea.

New York.—The first cabin passengers on the liner Pannonia, sailing from New York recently, included two dogs, a Persian cat, a monkey and two parrots. The little menagerie occupied a luxurious suite by itself. It is the property of Mrs. Clarke Fisher, whose husband is a wealthy steel man of Trenton, N. J. She occupied the adjoining cabin. Mrs. Fisher and her pets are on their way to Italy to spend five months at Lake Como.

Sparrow Club's Record.

Bellefontaine, Ohio.—James Hetzler has again won the sweepstakes prize of the Spring Creek Sparrow club. The annual meeting of the club has just been held. The report of Secretary George M. Sanders shows that during the year the members killed 659 sparrows, 1,159 rats, 32 moles, 181 crows, 30 owls, 32 [illegible], 26 weasels, 30 minks and 83 [illegible].

RENEWED INTEREST IN LIFE

Something Really Happened at Reception, and Old Attendant Is Encouraged.

The guests at Mrs. Arthur Mize's tea yesterday afternoon detected an odor of something burning. They looked at each other knowingly and said: "Poor Mrs. Mize, something is burning up in the kitchen." But the odor grew stronger, and at last one woman said: "It smells as though feathers are burning." Then suddenly one woman screamed: "Mrs. Challiss, look at your hat!" Sure enough, Mrs. Jim Challiss had been standing near a lighted candle, and the aigrette on her hat was on fire.

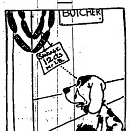
The guests had a great time putting out the fire. The aigrette was what the insurance men call a total loss. An Atchison woman who has gone to thousands of receptions says the burning of the aigrette yesterday is the first time she ever knew anything to really happen at a reception. She has given up going because nothing ever happened, but now will start in over again.—Atchison Globe.

CHILD'S HEAD A MASS OF HUMOR

"I think the Cuticura remedies are the best remedies for eczema I have ever heard of. My mother had a child who had a rash on its head when it was real young. Doctor called it baby rash. He gave us medicine, but it did no good. In a few days the head was a solid mass, a running sore. It was awful; the child cried continually. We had to hold him and watch him to keep him from scratching the sore. His suffering was dreadful. At last we remembered Cuticura Remedies. We got a dollar bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a box of Cuticura Ointment, and a bar of Cuticura Soap. We gave the Resolvent as directed, washed the head with the Cuticura Soap, and applied the Cuticura Ointment. We had not used half before the child's head was clear and free from eczema, and it has never come back again. His head was healthy and he had a beautiful head of hair. I think the Cuticura Ointment very good for the hair. It makes the hair grow and prevents falling hair." (Signed) Mrs. Francis Lund, Plain City, Utah, Sept. 19, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 12 L, Boston.

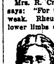
OBITUARY.



"Ah! how true it is that one must die to be appreciated! Poor Rover was never worth half that when he was alive."

A WONDERFUL CHANGE.

Mrs. R. Crouse, Manchester, Iowa, says: "For two years my back was weak. Rheumatic pains racked my lower limbs day and night. The passages of the kidney secretions were annoyingly irregular. When I started using Doan's Kidney Pills, these troubles soon lessened and the dull backache vanished. My kidneys now act normally and I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for this wonderful change."



Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Emerson's Story of Gratitude.

There is a beautiful little story in Emerson's recently published "Journals," of which his son, the editor, Dr. Edward W. Emerson, said the poet was very fond.

A certain widow was so poor that she eked out the one thin bed covering by laying an old door over herself and her little children.

"Mamma," one of the children said one bitter night, "what do those poor little children do who haven't got a door to cover them?"—Youth's Companion.

To Cheer Her Up.

An old Scotswoman, who had put herself to considerable inconvenience, and gone a long way to see a sick friend, learned on arriving that the alarming symptoms had subsided.

"An' hoo are ye the day, Mrs. Crawford?" she inquired in breathless anxiety.

"Oh, I'm quite weel noo, thank ye, Mrs. McGregor," was the cheerful answer.

"Quite weel!" exclaimed the visitor, "an' after me haein' come sae far to see ye!"

The Brute.

"Men are such rude things," said the supercilious girl.

"Has any of them dared to address you without an introduction?"

"No; but in a crowd one got his face all mixed up with my hatpin and never even said 'excuse me.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

It isn't difficult to induce the other fellow to compromise when he real-

THOUGHT MADE HIM HURRY

Recent Subject of Surgical Operation Victim of a Sudden and Horrible Thought.

"The late Dr. George W. Bailey of New York," said a Presbyterian divine, "was thoroughly modern in his methods, but he did think that some of our surgeons went too far.

"Dr. Bailey, apropos of certain reckless abusers of the knife, used to tell a story of an appendicitis club.

"At a meeting of this club a pallid member said:

"'Well, friends, I had to be reopened last week. My doctor had left a sponge inside me.'

"'I was reopened, too,' said a gaunt man. 'I was reopened just ten days ago. Prof. Cutler had forgotten to remove a pair of forceps.'

"At this a nervous-looking chap groaned, jumped up, and made for the door.

"'What's the matter?' they asked him. 'Where are you off to in such a rush?'

"'I'm off to my doctor's,' the man replied. 'I remember now that, just after I came to, he complained about mislaying his hat and stick.'"

Dangerous Bacilli in Dust.

A statement issued recently by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis speaks of the dangers from house dust, especially in rooms that are not well ventilated. The association warns against dry sweeping, and against the use of the feather duster, or other devices that scatter, but do not take up the dust. Since the ordinary dust blown about in the streets is impregnated with disease germs, the National Association urges the adoption of methods that will prevent the further dissemination of such bacilli. It also urges for the coming months of fall and winter, more open windows and more fresh air in house, shop, and schoolroom.

Lively.

"Is this the kind of cheese that you want?"

"Keep it still, so that I can look at it."

After a man has had a small ambition gratified he is never happy until he can dig up a larger one to center his hopes on.

MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you herewith the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. Corkran, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

KODAKS DEVELOPING PRINTING
Eastman films. Mail orders given prompt attention. 6 exp. roll film developed for 10 cents. VOEGELI DRUGGIST, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

100 Years Old Pettit's Eye Salve

N. W. N. U., NO. 35-1911.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

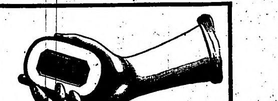
The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes



Lenox Soap removes dirt without unnecessary labor and does not injure the clothes.

Dishes; pots; pans; colored clothes and white—Lenox Soap is good for one and all.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

Do You Want one of these 3,000 Farms?

4 66,562 Acres

Excellent Train Service

The Direct Route

The Best of Everything

Prices range from 25c to $6.00 per acre:
President Taft has issued a proclamation throwing open to settlement the Pine Ridge and Rosebud Reservations located in Bennett and Mellette Counties, S. D.
The land subject to entry will approximate 466,562 acres.
Points of registration are Gregory, Dallas and Rapid City, South Dakota.
Time of registration, October 2nd to 21st inclusive, 1911.
Drawing begins at Gregory, S. D., October 24th, 1911.
The lands to be opened to settlement are some of the choicest in South Dakota.

For printed matter and full particulars apply to—
A. C. JOHNSON, Passenger Traffic Manager
C. A. CAIRNS, Gen'l Pass'r and Ticket Agent
Chicago and North Western Railway
226 W. Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1911. NUMBER 9.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

Government finances for this month will not compare favorably with Aug. 1910. A deficit of $22,000,000 on ordinary accounts already is shown in comparison with a deficit of $14,000,000 last year. Customs receipts show a decrease of $4,000,000 as compared with a year ago. The government's total expenditures for the same period are more than $2,000,000 greater.

Undaunted by unfavorable atmospheric conditions, Representative Ben Johnson of Kentucky made his first flight in an aeroplane and gained the distinction of being the first person outside of army circles to be taken up as a passenger in any of the machines flown at the army aviation school at College Park, Md. The Kentucky statesman made the trip with Lieut. Harry H. Arnold, and remained in the air twenty minutes and attained a height of 600 feet.

Speaking in behalf of the negro industrial school at Hampton, Va., of which he is trustee, President Taft voiced his indignation at the necessity that such useful institutions must beg for money and at the failure of the nation's many millionaires to come to their rescue with contributions. In the graduation of Booker Washington, the president said, Hampton has done enough to entitle it to the gratitude of the country.

An outline of the program of legislation for the postal service which Postmaster General Hitchcock will ask congress to follow during the regular session to begin in December, has been indicated by Mr. Hitchcock. Among other things he will recommend the establishment of a parcels post service on rural mail routes and the crystallization into law of proposed increases in second class mail rates.

General.

A severe storm in the south Atlantic coast caused some loss of life and heavy financial loss.

Frances Madero was nominated by the progressive party in Mexico as its candidate for the presidency.

The work of cleaning up the debris caused by the recent hurricane in the south is occupying the attention of many southern cities.

From present indications the total shipments of cattle from Belle Fourche, S. D., this year will be larger than in 1910.

The body found in the Missouri river north of Omaha is believed to be that of Charles Parslow, wanted for murder at Missouri Valley.

During the visit of John Jacob Astor and his fiancee, Miss Madeline Force, to Newport, it became known today they signed the marriage agreement which Colonel Astor is to make upon his bride.

The steamship Moreland, the largest boat ever sunk in the Great lakes, which was wrecked in Lake Superior a year ago, has beeen floatd and towed into this port. The Moreland is 600 feet in length and cost $400,000. The steamship will be put back in service.

The government's recent decision to impose the regulation duty of $4 a ton on refined sulphur from the Pacakade volcano in Japan, has resulted in the resumption of business by a sulphur refinery in Nevada which has been closed.

The body of a man believed to be Charles Parslow, the second of the alleged murders of Marshal Hutcher of Missouri Valley, Ia., was found in the Missouri river a mile from the scene of the murder.

Taft wishes to meet the people of the west and to learn how they stand upon things in general, according to Senator Norris Brown.

When President Taft visits the national conservative congress at Kansas City, September 25, it is probable that he will make clear the administration's future attitude on Alaskan affairs.

Exaggerated reports of the exploits of plainsmen who hunted buffalo and fought Indians during the early days of the western prairies were condemned by the sixty old men, who met at Independence, Mo., as delegates to the annual convention of the old plains association.

The two battleships authorized by the last naval act probably will be of 28,500 tons displacement, or the biggest vessels in the world. The largest ships so far designed of the American navy are the New York and Texas with a displacement of 27,000 tons each.

The marital difficulties of Upton Sinclair, the Utopian colonist and socialist author, and Meta Fuller Sinclair, who have been married eleven years, reached a climax when the author brought suit for absolute divorce, naming Harry Kemp, the poet, as co-respondent.

The government will throw open 90,000 acres of land to settlement in northern Minnesota, 82,000 at Cass Lake and 8,000 at Fond du Lac, August 22. It will cost $1.25 an acre to any American citizen not owning more than 160 acres.

At this writing Congressman Latta is satisfactorily improving from his operation.

Charged with impersonating a federal marshal, Dave Colome and Heine Hansen have been arrested at Winner, S. D.

Alabama republicans have endorsed the administration of President Taft.

Robert Chasteen, city marshal of Ullin, Ill., was shot and killed by unidentified persons.

Every demand of the American association was rejected by the national baseball commission.

A campaign which has for its purpose a reduction of the high prices of food has started in Paris.

It is reported that the government is about to take action against the steel trust, the biggest trade combination in the United States.

Monument makers all over the country are in Cincinnati for the sixth annual convention of the National Retail Monument Dealers.

Augustus W. Weissmann, superintendent of the Hahneman hospital, is a most polite man, and this brought the hospital an unexpected legacy of $1,146,826.

A total production of 12,918,200 bales of cotton as the final yield this year is indicated by the department of agriculture's official report on August 25.

September 1st marked the beginning of the operation of the workmen's compensation law in Wisconsin by which the state inaugurates a system of compulsory industrial insurance.

A Chicago street car conductor took an 1853 half-dollar as fare, and turned it in at the barn. The cashier replaced it with another, sold it for $500, and its present owner values it at $15,000.

The emperor of Japan presented H. W. Denison, the American adviser to the Japanese foreign office, with a silver bowl as an expression of gratitude for Mr. Denison's service in connection with the treaty revision.

Lady Cook, formerly Miss Tennessee Claflin, famous Anglo-American suffragist, has decided to abandon her campaign for "votes for women," and begin a crusade for uplift of young men and women of Chicago.

In denouncing at the session of the national independent political league, the lynching of negroes, Bishop Alexander Walters declared that President Taft was "one of the weakest presidents the country had ever had, in view of the fact that he had remained silent in the face of many lynchings about the country."

Having a distinct recollection of every president in the United States except the first five, and remembering when the first railway train was run in the United States, Alvin Austin, of Chicago, registered for a home in the Fort Berthold Indian reservation at the age of ninety-four years. Mr. Austin who was born at Sterlin, Conn., in 1817, is as spry as a man forty years younger.

Gen. Benjamin H. Crierson, aged seventy-five years, is dead at his summer home at Omena, Mich. His death leaves but two of the major generals of the civil war. In 1863, he was commissioned a brigadier general by resident Lincoln for gallant and distinguished service in Celerson raid through Missori.

At Kansas City, John Perron, twenty-seven years old, a railroad clerk, shot and killed Mrs. Margaret Gossard, aged twenty-five, wife of a railroad conductor, and then inflicted probably fatal wounds to himself. He recently left a note saying he and Mrs. Gossard alone knew the cause for the tragedy.

A sensation was caused at the joint session of the coast and mountain sawmill men of British Columbia, when it was alleged that American competitors have taken advantage of the absence of duty on rough lumber to sell thousands of dressed lumber in the prairie markets without paying duty as required by Canadian customs tariff.

Melvin Maniman's baloon, with which he and five others will attempt to fly across the Atlantic ocean October 28, has been shipped from Akron, Ohio, to Atlantic City.

Two New Jersey communities in special elections rejected the commission form of municipal government. The city of Patterson cast 4,917 votes in favor of the proposed law and 7,984 against.

William Loeb, jr., collector of the port of New York announced that an American art connoiseur now in Europe is under surveillance by the foreign agents of the United States government—co-operating with the French government in the search for the picture "Mona Lisa," Leonardo De Winci's masterpiece, which disappeared from the Louvere some time ago.

President Taft sent the following cablegram of congratulation to Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands upon the thirty-first anniversary of her birth. "On this anniversary of your majesty's birth, I extend the assurance of my high regard and best wishes and the hope that your majesty's country may continue to enjoy peace and prosperity."

The only change brought about by the death of the Standard Oil company will be in the bookkeeping—thirty sets will now be kept in place of one.

Personal.

Speaker Clark will reply to President Taft's tariff speech.

J. J. Frisble, Curtiss aviator, was killed by a fall at Norton, Kas.

The president and Mrs. Taft made a ten days' visit to Isleboro, Maine.

Veterans of the German army gathered in Omaha for national association meeting.

N. D. MAN FIRST

B. E. GLICK, OF FOXHOLM, TO HAVE PICK OF RESERVATION TRACTS.

MINNESOTAN IS SECOND

Thousands Gathered at Minot For the Ceremonies—Congressman Hanna Main Speaker, Praises Judge Witten.

No. 1—B. E. Glick, Foxholm, N. D.
No. 2—John Wolden, Dilworth, Minn.
No. 3—Edwin A. Duvall, Minot, N. D.
No. 4—Not yet received.
No. 5—Anna D. Dodge, Timber Lake, S. D.
No. 6—N. C. Jackwitz, Kenmare, N. D.
No. 7—Jacob Filler, Harvey, N. D.
No. 8—Fred W. Hedtke, Venturia, N. D.
No. 9—Karl J. Ostley, Mayville, N. D.
No. 10—E. E. Hagan, Westhope, N. D.

Minot. — Three-fourths of the population of Minot and several thousand land seekers gathered at the Auditorium to witness the drawing of the affidavits of those who had registered for a claim in the Berthold land opening. Part of the crowd stood shivering in the rain on the outside, as the capacity of the building was inadequate to accommodate the spectators.

The crowd soon filled the Auditorium and several thousand assembled on the outside where all could listen to the reading of the names of the winners.

Envelopes Are Mixed Up.

Promptly at 9 o'clock Judge Witten mounted the platform and announced the prelude. At this juncture four men began mixing the envelopes, scooping them over with large wooden shovels, and continued the work for an hour until even the most skeptical was convinced that the affidavits were thoroughly mixed. No one doubts that in the lottery in which all are in a measure participants the management is being conducted on lines of equal and exact justice. These envelopes without distinguishing mark so that no one could go in and select any particular one and identify it from the mass were stirred and mixed until what was before uncertain is now impossible in the way of identification. All this was merely the stage setting for the drama that is to follow when the curtain is raised.

At 10 o'clock according to the terms of the president's proclamation throwing open to settlement the Berthold reservation, James W. Witten blindfolded Albert Hanna and everything moved forward with the automatic action of clock work. Impassively and without any concern, the fact that his was the hand that opened the golden portals to some one in the multitude but unknown, he approached the great heap of envelopes lying upon a platform covering 40 feet of space.

Foxholm Man Is No. 1.

He picked one out and handed it to the judge, who was in the crowd waiting. He opened the envelope and announced the name of B. E. Glick, Foxholm, N. D., who had drawn the capital prize in Uncle Sam's lottery. Conservatives estimated the prize worth $25,000, and the announcement of the name broke the spell that had held the crowd in breathless silence.

At this juncture Judge Witten, in a few well chosen remarks, introduced Congressman L. B. Hanna, who made possible the scene by introducing the bill opposing the reservation, was given the center of the stage so elaborately set and graced the occasion with a speech brimful of hope for those who have hope. The absolute spotless integrity of Judge Witten, who is representing the government, was mentioned by Mr. Hanna and the multitude applauded as one man. Perhaps no trait of character of the American citizen is so distinguishing as the desire to acquire title to lands.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7. — Wheat, September, $1.03¼; Dec. $1.05⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.06½; No. 2 northern, $1.04½; No. 1 durum, $1.02; No. 3 corn, 63½c; No. 3 white oats, 43¼c; barley, malting, $1.14; No. 2 rye, 81c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.59.

Duluth, Sept. 7.—Wheat, September, $1.04⅞; December, $1.05⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 1 durum, 99¾c.

South St. Paul, Sept. 7. — Cattle—Steers, $2.25@4.50; cows, $2.60@5.85; calves, $5.00@7.75; hogs, $6.90@7.15; sheep, spring lambs, $2.50@5.60.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Sept. 7. — Cattle receipts, estimated at 17,000, market generally steady; beeves $5.00@8.10; Texas steers $4.40@6.40; Western steers $4.00@7.60; stockers and feeders $3.00@5.50; cows and heifers $2.25@6.30; calves $6.25@9.00.

BOMB THROWER JAILED.

New York Police Believe They Have Noted Criminal.

New York, N. Y.—With a dapper young Italian, believed to be one of the country's master criminals in their hands the police spread their nets for the gang of bomb-throwers, blackmailers and kidnappers that have terrorized the Italian settlement here for the last four years. Giuseppe Castabile was arrested with a dynamite bomb under his coat.

MINNEAP'LIS WINS FLIGHT

STARTING POINT OF ATTEMPT TO BREAK WORLD'S RECORD.

Aviator to Get Away on Voyage of 1,917 Miles to New Orleans, for $15,000.

Minneapolis.—Minneapolis will be the starting point of an aeroplane flight in which the aviator will strive to set a new world's distance record. This was determined when the public affairs committee of the Commercial club accepted the invitation of Spearman Lewis, special representative of the St. Louis Aero club that this city join with New Orleans and other cities of the Mississippi valley to promote a flight from this city to the Delta metropolis. This air voyage of 1,917 miles, if successful along the lines planned, would eclipse the wonderful air record of 1,255 miles recently established by Harry N. Atwood in his flight from St. Louis to New York.

The expenses of the project, including the city's contribution to the $15,000 prize fund which will be awarded to the aviator if he completes the flight, will be guaranteed by the Commercial club and the Publicity Club. The date tentatively chosen for the start of the aerial journey down the Mississippi valley is Wednesday, Sept. 20.

The day of the start will be made a holiday in Minneapolis. It is expected that thousands of persons will come from Minnesota and surrounding states to view the getaway, which will be from the Parade. The aviator will circle the downtown business section for the benefit of the multitude and will soar to a high altitude before turning southward, in order that all of Minneapolis may view the beginning of what it is hoped by the boosters will be an epoch-making aeroplane flight.

Big Ad for Minneapolis.

In accepting the invitation the Commercial club was influenced by the opportunity offered to test the value of "date line" advertising. It was reasoned because of the world-wide publicity given the voyage of Atwood that the name of Minneapolis would burst forth on the first pages of newspapers all over the globe if the flight were arranged.

H. A. Tuttle, president of the Commercial club, will head the organization that will have charge of the flight. Vice presidents will be chosen in cities along the Mississippi that have been chosen as stop-stations for the aviator. New Orleans and St. Louis also will have vice-presidents.

The aviator who will be relied upon to make the flight has not been chosen but Mr. Lewis promised that he would be a flyer of national fame.

DISPUTED BOUNDARY IS VISITED

Minnesota-Wisconsin Commissioners Discus St. Louis River Case.

Duluth. — The joint boundary commissioners of Minnesota and Wisconsin made an exhaustive examination of the St. Louis river from the gate at Rice's and Connor's points to near Fond du Lac. It is believed that the meeting of the joint commission will bring results, although the commissioners thus far are not agreed on some essential features.

The commissioners were tendered the use of the United States steamship Vidette to go over the disputed territory and they were accompanied by prominent citizens of both Wisconsin and Minnesota. The commissioners are working in harmony and the only thing to determine is whether the old government channel is the boundary or the new government channel, which in places has been shifted from the original course by dredging for harbor and channel improvement.

The presumption is that the new channel will be recognized, as the boundary, as originally established, was supposed to follow the channel wherever it might lead and the making of the improvements was of joint interest and importance of both states.

BROUGHT BACK FOR ROBBERY.

Express Driver Accused of Taking $1,000 Returned to Albert Lea.

Albert Lea.—Sheriff Subby has returned from New York with William Jackson, who, it is claimed, decamped with $1,000 of the Wells-Fargo Express Company's money when he was driver here about two years ago. Jackson had enlisted in the navy and was held at the Brooklyn navy yard. He gave the name of Burke when he enlisted.

He is 30 years of age and had been here but a month. His brother was and still is agent for the express company. Jackson says he spent the $1,000 he took from the express company in about a month and traveled extensively. He is in the county jail and may be sentenced before the next term of court, which convenes the last of September.

THREE BANKERS ARE ARRESTED.

Stephen, Henry and Herman Schwartz Taken in Custody.

Little Falls. — Stephen, Henry J. and Herman J. Schwartz, brothers, were arrested in connection with the State Bank of Royalton, which was recently closed. They gave bonds of $10,000. O. H. Havill, a former banker of St. Cloud, who is also involved in the bank's closing, telephoned the sheriff that he would go to Little Falls and surrender himself.

MANY BIRDS NEAR CROOKSTON.

Near Approach of Opening of Prairie Hen Shooting Season.

Crookston.—The Red river valley has a diversity of bumper crops this year, and the prairie chicken is one of them. This section will be a hunter's paradise this fall and no calamity to prevent the harvest is possible, barring wet powder.

While chickens were abundant a year ago, conditions for hunting were bad. The grain was short and was harvested so close to the ground that no good hunting was possible in threshed grain fields, as there was no cover for the birds, which were in plain view far beyond gun range. Thus a covey had to be raised once or twice and driven to the grass before the hunter had any chance of getting a shot.

This year conditions are the reverse. The stubble has been left long and the birds are more numerous than a year ago, as less than half of the average covey was cleaned up last year. Many coveys escaped practically unharmed, getting so wild before the season was well advanced that they could not be reached, because of the poor cover.

As usual bird dogs are at a premium, and fancy prices are being offered for the canines. Every rig in the city has been hired for September 7 and the liverymen have boosted prices for that day to $7 for a team, and some of them are getting even more.

While individual hunters have their favorite grounds, there is little real preference this year, as hunters who have had their dogs out have raised plenty of birds in every direction from the city. Most of the birds are of good size, but occasionally coveys are located which will be very small on the opening day.

MURDER THEORY HELD.

Polk County Coroner Says Man Was Hanged to Tree to Hide Crime.

Crookston.—While picking wild plums on the John Barehus farm, six miles west of Crookston, Mrs. Hardrath and Mrs. Wentzel found the body of a man hanging to a tree a few rods from the road.

After an investigation Coroner Stenshoel concluded the man had been killed and the body hanged to the tree to cover the crime and indicate suicide. An envelope was found in the pocket addressed to A. Osmundson, East Grand Forks, R. F. No. 1, mailed at International Falls, May 27, and an original and duplicate order from the Twin City labor agency, O. Syoneberg, proprietor, 13 First street north Minneapolis, with the name George Gustafson, issued July 19, for extra gang, Soo railroad, Hay River, Minn.

The man was about 34 years old, had brown hair and was medium-sized. Twenty dollars was found in his vest pocket. A strap formed a slip noose about the neck and was tied to a limb, the feet touching the ground.

BEMIDJI TO HUNT LOST WATER.

15,000,000 Gallons Unaccounted for and Committee Will Seek Leak.

Bemidji.—Lost, strayed or stolen, 15,000,000 gallons of water.

According to figures presented to the City Council, this small ocean has mysterously disappeared from the Bemidji waterworks system, and it was decided that a committee composed of the city engineer, city water clerk and the chairman of the water committee attempt to find it.

City Clerk George Stein has figures showing that meters at the pumping station registered for April 8,505,000 gallons; May, 9,855,700; June, 10,937,800, a total for these three months of 29,299,300 gallons.

It is known that the meter measures at the station overran the actual amount pumped about one-sixth, and allowing 5,000,000 for this discrepancy, then adding the amount registered in consumers' meters, there still remains 14,000,000 gallons to be accounted for.

It was the general opinion that there is a serious leak possibly through a broken water main.

MINNESOTA PIONEER DEAD.

Sylvester Statelar, Aged 94, Who Came to State in 1842.

Faribault.—Sylvester Statelar, aged 94 years, died at his farm home.

Mr. Statelar was one of the pioneers of Minnesota. He was born in Ohio, March 14, 1817. In 1842 he went to Stillwater and remained there until 1846, later removing to Lake Superior. In 1847 he was appointed government blacksmith for the Chippewa Indians, holding this position until 1862, when he came to Rice county and purchased a farm which has since been his home.

He was identified with the Territorial Association of 1849, organized in 1857. Up to the time of his death he had a vivid recollection of the early days with their privations. He is survived by one son and two daughters.

MACALESTER OPENS SEPT. 11.

New Fund Complete and Carnegie Science Hall Is Ready.

When it opens for the year September 11, Macalester college will have as additional backing a new financial fund of ample proportions. On the first of last July it certified the completion of a fund of $450,000, of which $300,000 is in the form of an endowment, and the remaining $150,000 is in the form of two new buildings—Carne-

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Mankato, The postoffice at Madison Lake, a village twelve miles from this city, was broken into and robbed of $251. No stamps were taken.

Elk River.—Just 282 carloads of potatoes have been shipped from here so far this season. Most of them brought better than $1 a bushel.

Redwood Falls.—The Board of County Commissioners appointed C. V. Everett of Redwood county to fill the vacancy caused by death of N. V. R. Hunter.

Bemidji.—A lemon tree bearing fruit has been raised by Alva B. Webster. The tree has not less than six perfectly formed lemons. The prize big lemon weighs a pound. It is of the hothouse variety.

Lake City.—H. H. Young, proprietor of the Meadow Brook farm near this city, fell a victim to the deadly corn shredder, while pitching bundles of corn into the shredder he slipped and fell into the machine.

Glenwood.—J. L. McLaury, of Glenwood, planted 15 acres of land located near the village limits to potatoes and is getting a little better than 80 bushels to the acre. He receives 80 cents a bushel for the tubers and has already shipped one carload.

Hallock.—M. Beggs, who owns a large farm north of town, has this year harvested a $30,000 crop of timothy. Mr. Beggs came here from Colorado two years ago, where he was in the mercantile business. He has made a fortune in a single season.

Alexandria. — The citizens of Alexandria tendered Senator Knute Nelson a complimentary dinner and reception on Wednesday evening, at the Letson house. This was largely attended by professional and business men of Alexandria and other residents of the county.

President Vincent of the State University received an invitation from John F. Rosenwald of Lac qui Parle county to attend and speak at the fortieth anniversary of the organization of the county, to be held at Madison September 28 to 30. Dr. Vincent accepted the invitation.

Duluth.—Charles Gonyea, an unemployed sailor, was beaten by Mitchell Phelps, in charge of a lighter. Phelps used a tack hammer with telling effect on Gonyea's head, but it is learned that the skull was not broken. Phelps ordered Gonyea off the lighter and he declined to go.

New Ulm.—Dan W. Lawler of St. Paul, arrived here yesterday in response to an invitation by a committee in charge of the Catholic harvest festival held in the Catholic park. His address, "The Romance of Early Minnesota," gave due credit to Radisson and Groseilliers, the French explorers and traders who preceded Father Hennepin to Minnesota, by about twenty-five years. He said this fact was recently established by original manucripts found in the library of the British museum in London and the Bodleau library in Oxford.

Hibbing. — An outrage of the first degree was perpetrated on George Woods and family of Alice, Minnesota, a small station near here. Mr. Woods is a prosperous farmer and his dwelling, valued at $5,000, with contents valued at $3,000, and a commodious barn, were burned by an incendiary, presumably for revenge for some real or imagined injury. The barn was first found to be on fire and Mr. Woods rushed out to get the stock out. He found the door was blocked by a dead horse, whose throat had been cut. To his dismay he then found that his dwelling was blazing. Somebody fired two shots into the house about the time it was discovered to be on fire. The police are looking for two men who live in the neighborhood. Woods recently caused some cows to be empounded.

Hutchinson.—The thirty-ninth annual fair of the McLeod County Agricultural society was held last week This year's fair eclipsed all previous records in all departments. The society had iicreased the premiums offered to a total of more than $2,000 and has made extensive improvements in the buildings and added other improvements of a substantial character, including a new Fine Arts building, and new live stock buildings. The speed program included six harness races with a total of fifty-three entries, the purses raging from $300 to $500.

Shoots His Rival in Love.

Duluth. — Frank Lunierich and Peter Wenarich, of Coleraine, have counted the same girl and the jealousy which each has felt for the other culminated in a shooting. Luneirich is in a hospital with one bullet wound in his neck and another in his back and Wenarich is in jail. The shooting occurred on the main street of Coleraine. The men met and engaged in a wordy controversy. Luneirich started to run, when Wenarich brought him down with two shots from a revolver.

Aero Flight from Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Minnesota.—Minneapolis will be the starting point of a 1,917 mile aeroplane flight, by the proposition offered by H. Spearman Lewis of the St. Louis Aero Club, who was in Minneapolis, is accepted by some commercial organization of this city. The flight was practically assured Minneapolis when H. A. Tuttle, president of the Commercial Club, was elected president of the association and the public affairs committee of the club agreed to guarantee a con-

WINDY CITY APPALLED HER

Young Western Girl Draws Up an Indictment of Chicago and Its People.

Chicago.—The restraints and conventionalities of the city and the freedom and naturalness of the country are as antipodean as the east and west of Kipling. Take the average healthy-minded person from the atmesphere of the mountains, the plains, the forests and lakes and place him in the rush and strife of a great city, with the noises of tumultous life in his ears and knowing that while there is much of virtue and goodness among the rushing thousands that go by there is also much of selfishness and duplicity and deception and hate and envy and maliciousness, and he will wish to be back again where man is more natural and living more of a joy.

SILVER DOLLAR TABOR

That is the experience that Silver Dollar Tabor recently had in Chicago. She grew up in the unconventional west and from childhood was accustomed to wearing men's clothes and handling a pistol. Much of her time was spent about the mining camps and she was known as "the queen of the miners.

When she visited Chicago she had had no personal knowledge of a big city and she now wishes to forget the knowledge she acquired. She found Chicago big and ugly. Its air compared with her own mountain air was impure. She hated the constant dodging of automobiles and street cars and believes she would be safer shooting grizzly bears than walking the streets. But she found other things disagreeable. She found, she says, that money is the god of Chicago and that manhood and womanhood and character are not appreciated at their true worth. There is too much artificiality in the men and women of the big city, and she is severe in her condemnation of the way women devote themselves to amusements. She says work in the west is fun—in Chicago it is purgatory; and it was with a light heart she returned to the west where people are natural and may be polite and courteous and complimentary without being hypocrites.

BULLET IN THE TREE'S CORE

Piece of Wood Bearing Missile From the Leaden-Swept Field of Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Pa.—This piece of wood with a bullet imbedded in it is a piece of a tree that stood on the battlefield of Gettysburg in what was called the "slaughter pen." It is a faint reminder of the musketry fire which at times swept the region between Cemetery Ridge and Seminary Ridge; for many trees, bitten and gouged by bullets—the greater destruction caused by the artillery is not here referred to—show their scars to this day.

From Gettysburg's Battlefield.

Of course, with the passage of the years the effects of small-arms wounds on trees, if not too serious, were quickly healed and covered by kindly nature with new growth.

Vast Cave Is Discovered.

Hartland, Conn.—Trout fishermen who have been following the Farmington river through the Tunxis valley here have discovered a hitherto unknown cave along the river's bank. The cave is of immense proportions, spreading in several directions for be-

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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Ladies' and gents' clothes French dry cleaned, steam cleaned, or dyed, pressed, and repaired, at very reasonable prices.

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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Saturday, September 9, 1911.

If you are offered a Devils Lake, N. D., postal money order numbered anywhere from 05850 to 06000 inclusive it will pay you to refuse it as this lot of blank orders was stolen from that office the other day.

Take Care of the Farmer

Nation and state must ever keep in view the welfare of our basic industry —agriculture.

It is peculiarly important to do so at this time when the new competition from Canada threatens our farmers under what will be practically free trade in farm products from Canada.

England has decayed because she has not only neglected her agriculture, but has actually discriminated against it. Old age pensions, government labor bureaus, even a reformed house of lords, are but so much salve to England's shoes, that will become increasingly serious until she reforms her land laws, gives her agriculture a fair chance, and provides education that will fit her youth for life's work.

Germany has rapidly become the greatest power in Europe through intelligently directed organization, natural methods of education that train each generation for efficiency, and by having always insured agricultural prosperity. There are no deserted farms in Germany, no slums in her cities, no factories idle, few places placarded "For Sale or to Let"

Our United States is a glorious country, but how much we have yet to learn. And how our American northwest will develop and prosper if nation and states will cooperate along right lines to advance rather than retard progress.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Sept. 1, A. D. 1911.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Pennington county met in special session in the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 1 o'clock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen.

Members absent, Larson.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the rooms for the county officers in the court house be and the same are hereby designated as follows;

County auditor's offices, the southeast room and the northeast room on the ground floor,

County treasurer's office, the room directly west of the auditor's office.

Clerk of court's office, the room directly west of the treasurer's office.

Register of deeds' office, the room directly west of the clerk of court's office.

Superintendent of school's office, the room directly west of the register of deeds.

Sheriff's office, the northwest room on the ground floor.

Resolution prevailed.

In the matter of the petition of R. J. McKercher and others for a county road the committee appointed to examine the same submitted the following report:

To the honorable board of county commissioners of Pennington county:

Your committee appointed to look into the matter of the petition of R. J. McKercher and others for the establishment of a certain road, being in more than one township, and described as follows:

Begining at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section number thirteen (13) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west, and running thence east on the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in township one hundred fifty two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west, and sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range number forty-three west, a distance of one (1) mile, to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section number eighteen (18) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range number forty-three (43) west, and to be connected with other roads as follows: the state road running north and south through said sections seven (7) and eighteen (18) in said township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range number forty-three (43) and terminating at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section number eighteen (18) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range number forty-three (43) west, [illegible] examined the proposed route of said road and having heard arguments for and against the proposition, recommend that said road be established as petitioned for, as we believe it will be of general public benefit.

Signed,

ED. A. AUBOL,
PETER C. WOLD,
DANIEL SHAW,
PETER HEDEEN.

After due consideration of the above report and hearing further arguments in favor of or against the granting of the petition, on a motion duly carried the following order was made:

State of Minnesota, }
Pennington County } ss

Whereas, A petition signed by twenty-four freeholders of said county, praying for the establishment of a certain highway in said county, running into more than one town, and not within the limits of any incorporated city, as hereinafter described, was presented to this board at its session on the 10th day of July, 1911, and this board having determined by the judgment of its members that said petition is reasonable on its face, and having by its order made at said session appointed Friday, the 1st day of September, 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., at Thief River Falls in said county, as the time and place for a hearing upon said petition, and having by said order appointed a committee of its members to examine said proposed establishment of said road and designated Saturday, the 5th day of August, 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the se¼ of sec. 12, twp. 152, range 44, in said county, as the time and place for said committee to meet on the route of said proposed road for the examination of the same, and having caused notices of said hearing and said meeting of said committee embodying a copy of said petition to be posted in three most public places of each town through which said proposed route of said road runs, or affected thereby, at least thirty days before the day of said hearing upon said petition, and being satisfied that said notices were posted and proof of said posting duly made, and the said committee having met at the time and place designated in said order and said notices, towit, se¼ of sec. 12, twp. 152, range 44, in said county on Saturday, the 5th day of August, 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., and duly heard all that any one had to say in favor of or against the granting of the said petition, and considered said petition and the report of said committee thereon, and a majority of said board having agreed that said petition should be granted,

It is hereby ordered, That the prayer of said petition be and the same is hereby granted, and said highway is hereby established so as to run according to said committee's report by courses as follows, towit:

Beginning at the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section number thirteen (13) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west, and running thence east on the section line between sections twelve (12) and thirteen (13) in the township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west and sections seven (7) and eighteen [18] in township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43] west, a distance of one [1] mile, to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter [nw¼] of section number eighteen [18] in township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43] west, and to be connected with other roads as follows: The state road running north and south through sections seven [7] and eighteen [18] in said township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43] and terminating at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter [nw¼] of section number eighteen [18] in township number one hundred fifty-two [152] north of range number forty-three [43] west.

It is further ordered, That the county auditor notify the town supervisors of each town through which said road is to be established of the fact of such establishment, and that they shall cause to be opened so much of said highway as lies within their respective towns.

In witness whereof the chairman of this board has hereunto set his hand and affixed our seal at Thief River Falls in said county this 1st day of September A. D. 1911.

The board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minnesota,
Attest: By ED. A. AUBOL,
A. H. FASEL, Chairman.
County Auditor.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol:

Resolved, That the court house building as remodeled by F. S. Doege according to the plans and specifications thereof is hereby accepted, and the county auditor is authorized and directed to issue warrant to the said F. S. Doege for the balance due under contract,

Resolution carried unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the sum of $100.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid the village of St. Hilaire in placing a culvert 6 feet in diameter and not less than 28 feet long on the section line between sections one (1) and twelve (12) in the township of Black River, where the Black River and Sanders ditch No. 1 intersects said section line.

Resolution prevailed.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

Resolved, That the sum of $50.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to aid in repairing on the section line on the south side of the se¼ of section 31 in the township of North.

Resolution prevailed.

On motion duly carried the road petition of H. Johnson and others was rejected on account of not being properly drawn.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 7 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 7 p. m. Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen. Member absent, Larson.

On motion carried unanimously the resignation of L. M. Hoag as court commissioner was accepted.

Applications for the position of janitor for the court house were received and considered.

On motion duly carried Paul Medderigh was appointed janitor of the court house at a salary of $40 per month.

On motion duly carried the following bills were audited and allowed:

W J Labree, livery hire, postage, meals for prisoners....	$ 23.25
W J Labree, posting notices final hearing ditch No. 53...	9.00
W J Labree, posting notices final hearing ditch No. 55...	9.40
W J Labree, long distance telephone......	2.40
W J Labree, expense posting notice for county road......	1.00
W J Labree, expense state vs. Knute Fiakne......	10.21
W J Labree, livery posting notices for county road......	3.50
E L Quist, preparing general index of names......	264.14
E L Quist, preparing mortgage index of names......	150.32
E L Quist, transcribing commissioners' proceedings ditch record......	23.58
Fritz & Cross, office stationery and supplies, five bills.....	45.60
E A Mostue, postage, express, and freight......	7.51
A H Fasel, postage, express, and freight......	7.48
A H Fasel, preparing and entering statement of ditch liens, account county ditch No. 45......	16.45
A H Fasel, preparing, entering, and extending ditch liens on account of county ditch No. 44	53.70
A H Fasel, preparing, entering, and extending ditch liens on account of county ditch No. 30......	60.95
Gust Fellman, 2 days livery on ditch No. 32......	5.00
Red Lake County, one ditch lien record for auditor......	22.75
R G Cook, janitor for month of August......	5.60
Tri-State Telephone Co., phone rent for July and August...	4.40
Carl O Elg, placing culvert on ditch No. 38......	15.25
Theodore Jacobson, placing culvert on ditch No. 43	30.00
Graham Braden Co., one half county treasurer's bond.....	61.54
H E Ives, transcribing real estate judgment dockets from Red Lake county......	1790.75
F S Doege, extras furnished for remodeling court house	171.83
H E Iverson, placing one culvert on ditch No. 43......	35.00
K O Gigstad, 1 day and expenses final hearing ditch No. 55......	4.95
K O Gigstad, 1 day and expenses final hearing ditch No. 53......	4.95
Cen. States Contract Reporter, advertising sale county ditch No. 53......	18.63
Cen. States Contract Reporter, advertising sale county ditch No. 55......	18.68
McGinn Hdwe. Co., supplies for court house......	9.85
Elliott-Fisher Co., ribbon for book typewriter......	.75
S L Lewis, transcribing ditch lien record and county bond record......	150.00
Dan Linnihan, 5 days services as rodman, ditch No. 49......	12.50
Dan Linnihan, 5 days livery on ditch No. 49......	17.50
Dr. C Swanson, service as coroner, remains of Anders Welo......	7.00
Dr. C Swanson, service as coroner, remains of Tom Halvorson......	17.00
A G Hallstrom, 2 days service counting tract index entries	5.00
The Pioneer Co., 53 loose leaf deed records......	583.00
J F Williams, 1 stand for adding machine......	15.00
Thief River Falls News, stationery for county offices...	11.85
Oen Mercantile Co., money drawer for treasurer......	2.50
R M Johnson, 1 day and expenses at final hearing ditch No. 53......	7.50
H C Rowberg, checking transcripts in register of deeds office	50.00

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Pennington County, Minnesota.

Attest: A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	90
" " 3 "	86
Flax, No. 1......	$2.39
" " 2......	2.29
Barley, for 50 lbs......	80
Oats	35
Eggs......	15
Butter	20
" creamery......	25
Potatoes	1.00
Beef, live weight......	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed......	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive......	6@8
Hides......	7
Flour, patent......	3.00
Shorts, per ton......	21.00
Bran, " "	21.00

Good Plowing

The are few occupations where good work shows as much as on the farm. Plowing is the first operation in the production of all common farm crops; and if not well done it is hardly logical to expect good results, even though the other operations are well performed. Good plowing means completely loosening, stirring and pulverizing the soil to the desired depth. Simply making the ground black by plowing a shallow furrow, and turning it over on a narrow strip that is unplowed, can hardly be called good plowing. The proper depth of plowing will depend greatly on the character of the soil, but it is a safe proposition to state that, as a rule, it would pay to plow Minnesota soils deeper than they are now plowed. In many heavier soils there is little opportunity for root growth, or the liberation of plant growth beneath the furrow slice, owing to the density of the soil. Deeper plowing would certainly increase the depth of the available soil, make the soil capable of holding more moisture, aerate it more completely, cause the liberation of more plant food, and certainly greatly increase the productive power of the farm, without the necessity of buying additional tracts. It is always pleasing to see straight, uniform, well turned furrows, with all vegetation turned completely over. It is pleasing not only to passers by, but to the man doing the work.—A. D. Wilson, Extension Division, Minn. Coll. of Agriculture.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Sept. 1, 1911.

Date of call by Supt., Sept. 1, 1911.
Date of report by bank, Sept. 7, 1911.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts......			$90,740.81
Overdrafts			617.12
Banking house, furniture and fixtures			4,694.66
Other real estate......			[illegible]
Due from banks......		20,817.26	
Checks and cash items		140.[illegible]	
Cash on hand, items below......		3,248.85	
Currency	[illegible]		
Gold......	800		
Silver......	228		
Other	55.85		
Total cash assets......		24,206.59	24,206.59
Total......			123,287

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock......		$10,000.00
Surplus fund......		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net......		741.63
Deposits subject to check	23,940.35	
Demand certificates ...	255.62	
Total immediate liabilities......	24,196.97	
Time certificates......	86,343.40	
Total deposits......	110,543.37	110,543.37
Total......		123,287

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pennington } ss.

We, Daniel Patterson, vice president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

DANIEL PATTERSON, President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Correct, Attest:
LEONARD HOLMES,
DANIEL PATTERSON, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of September, 1911.

(SEAL) K. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 26, 1915.

Notice of Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota }
County of Pennington } In Probate court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness, Inga Petterson, Albert Ness, Lovisa Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Inger Peterson being duly filed in this court, representing that A. G. Ness, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 29th day of August, 1911, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to K. O. Gigstad;

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 8th day of October, 1911, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat. Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,

OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

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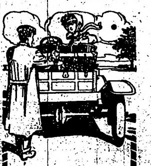

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who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer

"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services, with communion, a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. Evening service at 8 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. Hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 160 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
NORRIS LASELLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

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Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References. Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

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303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Bring in Your Printing

THE LOCAL NEWS

D. McAllister visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

Prof. A. J. Baraness was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Alton Jackson of Red Lake Falls visited at home Tuesday.

C. H. Peterson went Tuesday to the cities to attend the state fair.

O. H. Peters was transacting business at the county seat Monday.

Call and and see our full line of harness. Prices reasonable.
CARL KRUGER.

M. R. Hauge made a business visit to Red Lake Falls Monday evening.

Elmer Burkee returned Monday to Moorhead to resume his studies at the normal school.

John Draeger of Red Lake Falls drove over Sunday afternoon and visited with friends.

Dr. Spofford, the oculist, visited St. Hilaire this week for the first time in three months.

Miss Ida Hanson returned Monday evening to Crookston after a few weeks' visit at home.

Miss Mabel Patterson took up her duties this week as teacher in the Thief River Falls schools.

William Krueger and family of Red Lake Falls, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Thompson from Hendrum, Minn., visited with Rev. and Mrs. Gjerde over Sunday.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf

Selmer Benson went Monday to Halstad where he expects to embark in the noble work of school teaching.

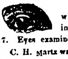
Arthur Hendrickson went Monday to Grand Forks, where he has secured employment in a broom factory.

The Great Northern depot is much improved in appearance by a new walk completely around the building.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the east side school house Sunday, Sept 17, at 10:30 a. m.

Miss Inez Patterson visited Mrs. G. L. Austin in Crookston over Sunday, going thence to her school work at Bemidji.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sunday, Sept. 10, at 10:45 a. m.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

C. H. Martz was in the cities on a business mission the last of last week and took in the opening of the state fair on Monday.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meet Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Andrew Erickson of Black River.

Leonard Erickson, who returned last week from Forest River, N. D., went Monday to Crookston where he will have employment at the sawmill.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

A brother of Rev. Hughes of Red Lake Falls, who is also a Presbyterian minister located at Hannah, N. D., died suddenly last Friday night. He was about to remove to Stockton, Cal.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

We teach the Munson system of shorthand. Our equipment is complete. Our teachers are first class. The best class of students attend the N. B. C., and high class positions are obtained by our graduates. National Business College, Crookston, Minnesota. s9-2t

Wm. Lindal left Tuesday for Crookston.

All the hunters are up and a-coming these days.

O. C. Bakken spent Sunday at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Waddell left Wednesday for Grand Forks to visit with relatives.

Miss Mary Brevig went Wednesday for a few weeks stay in North Dakota.

Dr. Crandall of Thief River Falls, was in town yesterday on a hunting trip.

We are indebted to Peter Johnson for a small pailful of his nice plums.

C. C. Elliott made more land sales this week, to farmers; which is what is needed.

A. A. Reed and family left Monday for their home in Canada, not far from Fort Frances.

Oscar Gunstad came down from Badger last evening to enjoy a few days hunting at home.

The Ladies Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Jorgenson.

Miss Charlotte Benson returned Friday from her visit to Minneapolis, and with friends at Halstad.

Mrs. Jo Gillers of Thief River Falls autoed over and was the guest of Mrs. N. Lazar last Sunday.

Mrs Peter Holte and children returned Friday to Cass Lake after a visit at the Chris Peterson home.

James Ward is scheduled to start next week on a flying trip from New York city to Los Angeles, Cal.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet at the home of K. O Gigstad next Thursday afternoon, Sept. 14.

Miss Rena Loberg went Friday to Crookston, where she will visit with an uncle and take in the county fair.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake county found his escaped prisoner, Ole Gunderson, hid in a trunk at his home in the eastern part of the county last Tuesday night.

Mike Fricker has sold his interest in the paint and paperhanging business and building occupied by Fricker and Kolstad to his partner Kunte Kolstad, who will continue the business at the same place.

The Industrial club of the M. E. church will serve a harvest home supper Friday, Sept. 15, at the I. O. O. F. building. Come round at the supper hour and get a nice warm meal for 25 cents; children 15 cents.

Many pupils came in from out of town to attend school Monday morning were disappointed and the Spectator has been censured. We made the announcement of the opening of school Monday as it was given us, and understand the change to Tuesday was made only after the arrival of the teachers, and when it was too late to announce it in these columns.

At a business meeting of the Young People's society of the United Lutheran church Wednesday evening. Miss Otta Skeie was elected president; Alfred Benson vice pres.; Miss Phenie Branum sec.; Rev. M. S. Gjerde, treas.; and Mrs. Nettie Lang, Misses Ida Skeie and Myrtle Blaine, program committee.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking same will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Council Proceedings

Meeting held Sept. 5, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

John Forseen, salary and street work	$19.40
Gust Fellman, street work	5.10
I. D. Converse, publishing proceedings, August	8.2[illegible]

Moved and seconded that we levy a tax of $1500 for the ensuing year. Motion carried.

Moved and seconded we adjourn. Motion carried.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Special meeting held Sept. 7, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

On motion duly made and carried it was decided to purchase a corrugated culvert 30x6 to replace the wooden bridge on the west road.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

HER TWO PARTNERS.

By SPENCER TROWBRIDGE.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

Several married women were discussing over their afternoon tea the matter of choosing a husband. Mrs. Brown advocated giving way to love, no matter how unpromising a match might be otherwise. Mrs. Tinker considered common sense the most desirable trait to look for in a life partner. Mrs. Evans declared that, after all that had been said against marriages for money, without it there could be no comfort and without comfort love is short lived. Mrs. Twitchell declared that no man could ever have won her who was not a fascinating conversationalist.

"Your remark, Mrs. Twitchell," said Mrs. Anderson, "reminds me of a story—a story in which I was the principal actor. When I was eighteen I went to visit a schoolmate whose father was very intimate with the superintendent of an insane asylum. During my visit a dance was given for the patients, and we were all invited. None of us relished going, but my host was much interested in the sufferers and insisted on our doing our part.

"My first partner was so queer looking and had such a restless, anxious look in his eye that I was afraid of him. Every now and again he would pause or stop short in the dance to look at some other mental wreck, and once I was dreadfully frightened for fear he was going to attack a demure little woman who of all those present looked the most tractable. My partner said very little to me, and when I addressed a remark to him he barely answered me. He seemed preoccupied. I fancied that he considered every one present his natural enemy and if I escaped being strangled by him before the dance was finished I would be fortunate. I was much relieved when the music stopped.

"My second partner was very different. He was about thirty-five years old and handsome as a picture. I shall never forget the quiet, well poised look in his eyes. The matron introduced him to me and as she did so whispered something to me which I understood to be that he was an invited guest. But if she had not so informed me I should have been sure that he was of perfectly sound mind. He made several remarks to me in the intermissions of the dance that caught my attention at once, and I longed to listen to his conversation. Such a man at such an age is just the person to impress a young girl who is naturally flattered by any notice he deigns to bestow upon her. As soon as the dance was finished I put my arm through his that I should not lose him.

"He talked delightfully. He was a graduate of an American, a German and an English university. He had traveled everywhere and had the faculty of imparting not only information on abstruse topics, but of making one seem to visit the places he had visited. His favorite topic was biology. I remember his telling me that scientists were getting every day nearer to a knowledge of the source of life, and he surprised me by telling me that the day would come when they would by chemical substances and forces produce protoplasm, the fundamental living substance.

"While we were chatting my first partner passed us and gave my companion a look which I flattered myself was due to jealousy. I had no mind to be interrupted in my tete-a-tete and showed by apparent rapt attention that I was absorbed in what was being said to me.

"My partner after this, continuing his remarks on the source of life, grew animated. He made me feel that he was a superior being sent down from heaven to demonstrate that our mortal part is nothing more than a chemical combination to hold the soul during its preparation for another existence. My enthusiasm waxed with his. But, though I was rapt in what he said, there was a dual current of thought in my mind, a feeling of how happy I could be with, how proud of, such a husband.

"Again my first partner came near us, and again I noticed that he was wrought upon by jealousy. True, he was a lunatic, but I was at an age to be pleased even at the jealousy of an unbalanced mind. His insanity need not necessarily interfere with his taste. At that moment my companion gave my arm a clutch that caused me to shriek with pain, shouting, 'I will force your soul from your body and put it back again!' And from the look in his eye I knew that were he free to do so he would murder me.

"I heard a sharp whistle. In a moment my first partner was holding my second, and in a few seconds more he was joined and assisted by several keepers. The man I admired was hustled off like a felon, and the man I did not admire superintended his removal.

"Well, to end the story, it turned out that my first partner was a brilliant young doctor who as medical director of the asylum was studying mental diseases. My second was a lunatic of no special education who had picked up a smattering of various sciences. Such was the judgment of a girl of marriageable age between two men as to which she would marry. I have two daughters, and I am determined that neither of them shall marry without my approval."

"Your husband, I believe," said one of the auditors, "is the eminent brain specialist. Was he your first partner?"

"Yes, and my partner for life."

"At your mother's suggestion?"

"No," replied the story teller. "I acted on my own judgment."

He Followed Directions.

Red tape leads one to curious lengths. A writer in the Columbus Dispatch tells of a street railway car that picked up a young heifer on its fender and carried it some distance through the street.

In making out the required report to the superintendent the employee wrote in answer to the query on the blank form, "What did the victim say?" "She was carried along on the fender and then rolled off and ran away without saying a word."

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH		
No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:25 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH		
No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p. m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie	8:20 a. m

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. E. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

St. Hilaire a Village

In answer to a question of Dr. Swanson, clerk of the village of St. Hilaire, County Attorney Stanton writes: "There can be no question as to the legality of your organization, and even if not organized, the fact that you have been exercising corporate powers and functions for more than thirty years would give a you a municipal organization by prescription. It is beyond the power of any person to question the validity of your organization, and if questioned at all, it cannot be done at the suit of a private individual but only by the attorney general of of the state."

Special Notice to Farmers

We are in receipt of a neatly printed pamphlet known as the Grain Grower's Text Book which is gotten out by the Equity Cooperative Exchange of Fargo, N. D., a corporation existing under the laws of North Dakota. This company is owned and controlled by about a thousand farmers for the purpose of handling the grain at the terminal markets.

The book may be had by writing them at Fargo, inclosing a 2 cent stamp.

LOVE BEYOND THE STARS.

WHEN that I loved a maiden
My heaven was in her eyes,
And when they bent above me
I knew no deeper skies;
But when her heart forsook me
My spirit broke its bars
For grief beyond the sunset
And love beyond the stars.

WHEN that I loved a maiden
She seemed the world to me;
Now is my soul the universe,
My dream—the sky and sea!
There bends no heaven above me,
No glory binds or bars
My grief beyond the sunset,
My love beyond the stars.

WHEN that I loved a maiden
I worshiped where she trod;
But when she clove my heart the cleft
Set free the imprisoned god.
Then was I king of the world;
My soul had burst its bars,
For grief beyond the sunset
And love beyond the stars.
—London Nation.

SONG OF THE PLAINS.

NO harp have I for the singing, nor fingers fashioned for skill,
Nor ever shall words express it, the song that is in my heart,
A saga, swept from the distance, horizons beyond the hill,
Singing of life and endurance and bidding me bear my part.

For this is song, as I sing it, the song that I love the best,
The steady tramp in the furrow, the grind of the gleaming steel,
An anthem sung to the noonday, a chant of the open west,
Echoing deep in my spirit, to gladden and help and heal.

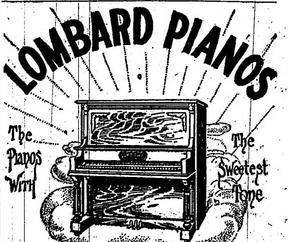
And this is life, as I read it, and life in its fairest form,
To breathe the wind on the ranges, the scent of the upturned sod,
To strive and strive and be thankful, to weather the shine and storm,
Penciling over the prairies the destiny planned by God.

And no reward do I ask for, save only to work and wait,
To praise the God of my fathers, to labor beneath His sky,
To dwell alone in his greatness, to strike and to follow straight,
Silent and strong and contented—the limitless plains and I.
—London Spectator.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

TO THE TRADE:
Our Fall Stock is now complete
Our Shoes are sold with a Guarantee
We have a special line of Boys' Shoes and Suits, for sale at very low prices
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Propr.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 254 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

WHY BE WEAK?

Why suffer backache, headache, dizziness, weariness, urinary irregularities and other troubles that arise from disordered kidneys? Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands. John O. Sedain, Modesto, Cal., says: "I was so weak I staggered like a drunken man. I ran down in weight from 176 to 137 pounds. I had practically no control over the kidney secretions and the pain in my back was terrible. I became a nervous wreck and was given up by our best physicians. Like a drowning man grasping at a straw I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and steadily improved. In a few months' time I was back at my old weight. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I give them the entire credit."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Out of the Whaleback.

Jonah joined the Vacation Liars club.

"Yes," he remarked, "I enjoyed my ocean trip immensely."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

When a man proposes to a woman his words have a double meaning.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

We live by admiration, hope, and love.—Wordsworth.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY
UNIVERSAL
PORTLAND CEMENT
CHICAGO · PITTSBURG
Concrete in the Country

Cement Talk No. 4

We will send you *free* upon request, a handsome 116 page book with illustrations, entitled "*Concrete in the Country*," describing how to build various things out of *concrete*. It tells in plain, simple language how permanent, enduring structures can be built on your place with *cement*, sand, gravel or crushed stone. It will pay you to write for this book today and it will cost you nothing except the postal card. Up-to-date people are now building fence posts, barn floors, foundations, cisterns, sidewalks, cellars, stairways, feeding floors, and so on, of *Portland cement concrete*. Things built of *concrete* are easily constructed, cheap and everlasting. They cannot be destroyed by fire and make permanent, handsome improvements on any place. Write us today for the free book. *Universal Portland cement* handled by representative dealers everywhere.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes clean and white. In liquid form so it can be quickly and easily applied. A sponge in every package, so always ready for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Your Child's Health

Is your child healthy and strong, or sickly and fretful? If the latter, the best remedy you can find is Kickapoo Worm Killer. It cleans out the impurities that cause all the trouble. Keeps their stomach and bowels clean and healthy. Removes worms if there are any present—and many more children have worms than you think.

Children like this delicious candy lozenge. Give it a trial—only 25 cents a box at any druggist or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

KODAKS AND KODAK SUPPLIES

Write for catalogues and literature. We do developing and printing. Mail orders given prompt attention. VOEGELI DRUGGIST, Minneapolis, Minn.

STOVE REPAIRS

FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Wholesale and Retail
AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS
186 West Seventh Street, St. Paul, Minn.

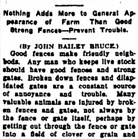
CARY ACT [illegible] annual installments. Apply [illegible] IDAHO IRRIGATION CO., [illegible], Idaho

BENEFITS OF GOOD FENCES

Nothing Adds More to General Appearance of Farm Than Good Strong Fences—Prevent Trouble.

(By JOHN BAILEY BRUCE.)

Good fences make friendly neighbors. Any man who keeps live stock should have good fences and strong gates. Broken down fences and dilapidated gates are a constant source of annoyance and trouble. Many valuable animals are injured by broken fences and gates, not always by the fence or gate itself, perhaps by getting out through the fence or gate into a field of clover or grain and eating sufficient to cause bloat or by getting into an apple orchard and choking or by strolling onto the railroad track and being hit by the cars.



An Easily Opened Gate.

Perhaps the whole herd breaks through the neighbor's fields and destroys his crops. Such things are mighty unpleasant and cause bad feelings among the best of neighbors.

Good fences and strong gates are cheaper than good stock and damage suits. Good gates and fences add to the permanent value of the farm. If a man has not sufficient pride in his farm to keep up his fences and gates the matter of economy should compel him to give these matters attention.

It is poor economy to allow a purebred cow to break through a $2 gate and get with calf to some neighbor's scrub bull. The poor gate is the weakest link in the fence. There is nothing that adds more to the general appearance of the farm than good, strong fences. Such appearances amount to hundreds of dollars if we are selling our farms.

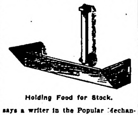
The gate shown in the illustration will be found to be of great convenience. A pin is set in the gate post and a pole at least as long as the gate is made to turn on it.

A box full of stones heavy enough to balance the gate is placed on one end of this pole, and to the other end is fastened a piece of strap iron that connects with the center of the gate. The hinges on this gate are pieces of round iron so set that a ring on the gate will slide up and down on them. This allows the gate to be raised or lowered.

HOLDING FODDER FOR STOCK

Device for Placing Cornstalks and Other Feeds That Would Be Thrown Out, Just Invented.

Fodder, such as cornstalks that are not shredded, is frequently tossed out of the manger and wasted. A device for holding this kind of feed against the wall in front of the manger is shown in the illustration, says a writer in the Popular Mechanics. It is made of 2 by 4 inch material, about 3 feet long, hinged at the lower end and clamped at the top. The stalks are placed behind the upright piece and securely clamped. Several of these devices placed at intervals along the manger will make it hard for the stock to pull the fodder out and waste it.



Holding Food for Stock.

Dairy Products.

The cow will produce about seven times as much human food per unit of feed consumed as will the steer. In fact, the cornstalks, leaves and cobs produced on one acre of corn, if fed to a steer, will provide material for about 50 per cent. edible dry matter in the form of flesh, while if fed to a dairy cow about 330 per cent. edible dry matter will be produced. National economy, then, would demand that our hill pastures and lowland meadows as well as the coarse fodders of cultivated fields be employed in the production of milk.

Souring Cream.

The development of lactic acid, or the souring of cream, does not increase the butter fat content. As a rule, when cream becomes sour it is more difficult to test than when it is sweet. The difficulty in obtaining an accurate test of sour milk or cream lies in the fact that it is not easy to obtain an accurate sample.

The Working Ration.

The working ration does not mean crowding the cow beyond her normal capacity, making her short lived and the cost of production extremely high, but rather a ration that will maintain her in good physical condition, produce a strong, well developed calf, and give us an economical milk yield.

Cheese Making Room.

A concrete floor is the only kind that will insure perfect drainage for the cheese-making room. It will also help to keep the curing room cool in hot weather and warm in cold weather.

REST FOR COW IS ESSENTIAL

Animal, Like Other Machines, Must Be Given Sufficient Time for Making Needed Repairs.

(By WALTER B. LEUTZ.)

Too many farmers milk their cows from "calf to calf." In some states the law forbids the selling of milk of cows within two weeks of calving or five days after. This rest is none too long and in fact young heifers would do better if they were given a longer rest before calving.

We once heard a farmer at county institute defend his practice of milking his cow up to the last moment on the ground that he worked every day and wanted his cows to do the same.

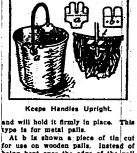
A woman asked him if he did not rest on Sundays and he rather shamefacedly replied that he worked every day in the week, particularly during the summer months. Not much use arguing with a man like that, but experience shows that it is much better for the health and usefulness of the cow, especially heifers, to give her at least a month's rest during the year.

A cow is a milk machine, it is true, and we want to get all we can out of her, but like machines made of steel and wood she must be given time for repairs or she will wear out all to quickly.

TO KEEP HANDLES UPRIGHT

Pail Arranged in This Manner Will Often Be Found of Great Convenience Around Dairy.

It often happens that one finds it convenient to have a pail on which the handle will remain upright at all times, says the Farm and Home. An ordinary pail can be fixed to produce the desired result. A piece of tin, a, is cut as shown, and attached to the side of the pail at the place where the handle comes by bending the slot over so that it engages the handle and will hold it firmly in place. This type is for metal pails.



Keeps Handles Upright.

At b is shown a piece of tin cut for use on wooden pails. Instead of being bent over the edge of the pail the piece is screwed to the wood.

CARE PREVIOUS TO CALVING

Cow Should Be Placed in Comfortable Stall, Well Littered, in Which There Is No Manger.

For ten days preceding the time for calving, the cow should be kept in a comfortable, well-littered box-stall or pen, in which there is no manger. The feed should be given in a box or basket, which should be removed after the feed is taken. The coarse feed may be put in the corner, and no more should be given than she will eat. This rule should, however, be observed, not only before calving, but at all times. Throwing large quantities of roughage before a cow leads her into the bad habit of eating only the most appetizing parts, and so wasting much feed. It is a good practice to take a lantern and go the rounds of the barn, before retiring for the night, to see that everything is as it should be.

Milk Fever.

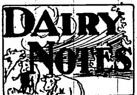
Milk fever can be prevented very easily by milking the cow regularly before she drops her calf. If she is usually a heavy milker, she should be as regularly milked for a few weeks before calving as she is after. Begin the milking at least two weeks before the time for the arrival of the calf. During the first week once each day is sufficient, but the last week she should be milked both night and morning.

Air-Tight Milk Can.

A new type of milk can has been invented which is air-tight, and is easily cleaned. Filled at the dairy and sealed with the owner's label, the can is so constructed that it delivers automatically and accurately any quantity that is desired, and runs out clean to the last drop.

Liberal Feeding Pays.

A poor cow may be made to pay her way at least by liberal feeding. It is equally true that a good cow may be made to lose by stingy treatment.



Scalding water is an essential in the dairy.

When butter prices are low there is absolutely no excuse for keeping poor cows.

An accessible supply of pure, cold water should always be available for the herd.

Tainted, musty or mouldy feeds should never be served in the dairy herd rations.

One of the best indications of a good milk cow is the large and tortuous milk veins.

Care should be taken that the cow does not have to wade through filth in the barnyard.

Pouring or dipping the milk several times from one can to another rapidly cools it.

To do good work the cream separator must be level and on a good solid foundation.

The separator means the greatest profit with the least cost in handling and marketing milk.

THING THAT PUZZLED BILLY

Was Sure Elevator Moved, but Progress Was Not Apparent to His Eyes.

Billy was a quaint old darkey who had come to the city for the first time. One day his employer sent him with a note to a man whose office was on an upper floor of a skyscraper, where every floor of the building was arranged and finished like the first one. Billy was directed by the elevator boy to enter the "lift," and he would then show him to the office he wanted. It was Billy's first experience in an elevator, and he did not rightly understand the nature or purpose of it. On his return he described some of his experiences to his employer.

"When I got ter de buildin' I axes er yaller boy wut wuz er standin' in de inside ob de front doah whar Mr. Brown's office wuz, an' he tol' me ter come wid him, an' he would show me. He tuk me inter er big cage an' shet de doah, an' den we begun ter move. An', Marse John, I'se tellin' you de gospel trufe, we got out right whar we started an' God knows we riz."—Lippincott's.

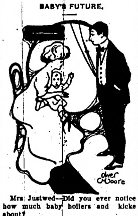
HANDS WOULD CRACK OPEN

"About two months ago my hands started to crack open and bleed, the skin would scale off, and the good flesh would burn and itch dreadfully. When my hands first started to get sore, there were small blisters like water blisters which formed. They itched dreadfully, it just seemed as though I could tear the skin all off. I would scratch them and the skin would peel off, and the flesh would be all red and crack open and bleed. It worried me very much, as I had never had anything the matter with my skin. I was so afraid I would have to give up my employment.

"My doctor said he didn't think it would amount to anything. But it kept getting worse. One day I saw a piece in one of the papers about a lady who had the same trouble with her hands. She had used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and was cured. I decided to try them, and my hands were all healed before I had used one cake of Cuticura Ointment. I am truly thankful for the good results from the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, for thanks to them I was cured, and did not have to lose a day from work. I have had no return of the skin trouble." (Signed) Mrs. Mary E. Breig, 2522 Brown Street, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 6 K, Boston.

BABY'S FUTURE.



Mrs. Justwed—Did you ever notice how much baby boilers and kicks about?

Mr. Justwed—Yes; I think he'll be a baseball player when he grows up.

Childish Wisdom.

Now and then the seemingly casual remarks of the little ones plumb impressive spiritual and psychological depths. Little Jean, for instance, listened to the conversation of two adults with silent interest, until one of the ladies, speaking of an unsatisfactory photograph, remarked that few mothers were pleased with portraits of their children, for the reason that the children did not look to others as they did to the loving maternal eye.

Said Jean eagerly:

"No, and children don't look at other people as they look at their mothers, either!"

FOUND RIGHT PATH
After a False Start.

"In 1890 I began to drink coffee.

"At that time I was healthy and enjoyed life. At first I noticed no bad effects from the indulgence but in course of time found that various troubles were coming upon me.

"Palpitation of the heart took unto itself sick and nervous headaches, kidney troubles followed and eventually my stomach became so deranged that even a light meal caused me serious distress.

"Our physician's prescriptions failed to help me and then I dosed myself with patent medicines till I was thoroughly disgusted and hopeless.

"Finally I began to suspect that coffee was the cause of my troubles. I experimented by leaving it off, except for one small cup at breakfast. This helped some but did not altogether relieve my distress. It satisfied me, however, that I was on the right track.

"So I gave up coffee altogether and began to use Postum. In ten days I found myself greatly improved, my nerves steady, my head clear, my kidneys working better and better, my heart's action rapidly improving, my appetite improved and the ability to eat a hearty meal without subsequent suffering restored to me. And this condition remains.

"Leaving off coffee and using Postum did this, with no help from drugs, as I abandoned the use of medicines when I began to use the food drink." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human [illegible]

SPEED LURE KILLS

Two Unfortunate Victims at the Chicago Aero Meet.

St. Croix Johnstone and "Billy" Badger, Young Aviators Who Lost Their Lives, Were Skilled and Very Popular.

Chicago.—The two aviators who lost their lives while taking part in the fourth day's program of the international aero meet here had careers filled with thrills and comparatively short as bird-men. A desire to attain a record for speed in travel lured both young men into the aviation game.

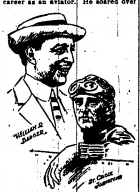
St. Croix Johnstone was a Chicago boy. He came here a few years after his birth in Toronto, Ont., and was the only son of Dr. Stuart Johnstone of this city. Having won honors in other parts of America and across the sea, the aviator, just twenty-four years old, had returned to his home city to distinguish himself further. It was his first appearance in Chicago as an air pilot since he had obtained his license.

Johnstone obtained his education in the Chicago public schools, later taking a course of instruction at Lewis Institute. While subsequently employed in the advertising business the young man became a motorcycle enthusiast and at eighteen was known as a "crack" rider.

Johnstone decided to enter aviation two years ago. He went to Pau, France, and became a student in the Bleriot school. Upon completion of this course he purchased two monoplanes from Count de Lesseps and gave several exhibitions on the continent. Last October Johnstone went to England to study aeroplanes. He became a licensed air pilot on December 30, 1910, the day before John B. Moisant lost his life at New Orleans.

The young aviator came to America last spring and before his return to Chicago had appeared at Long Island, Detroit, Havana and Toronto. He was for some time a teammate of Harry N. Atwood, the long distance flyer.

Johnstone's flight at Havana is considered the most daring feat of his career as an aviator. He soared over the narrow streets, where there was no possible landing place had an accident occurred.



Aviators Killed at Chicago.

Johnstone was married three years ago. His wife had been present at the meet here each day and was among the last ones to give up hope when word from the rescue party out in the lake was awaited.

"Billy" Badger, a native of Pittsburg, was only twenty-four years old. In his home city he was popular among his associates. He was unmarried and, following the death of both parents, became a resident at the Pittsburg Athletic club. He inherited $250,000 from the Badger estate when he became of age three years ago.

The Badger fortune is said to have been amassed by the young aviator's grandfather, Dr. Thomas Badger, as herb doctor. Badger's father conducted a cigar store in Pittsburg. He died several years ago and the aviator's mother, subsequently married to John Goettmann, a restaurant man, died last winter.

Badger was a graduate of Princeton. He had prepared for Princeton at the Lawrenceville academy, at Lawrenceville, N. Y. He seemed contented to get as much speed as possible out of automobiles, until last summer, when an aviation meet was held in Pittsburg. Then he determined to attempt flying.

The young man decided to buy an aeroplane and try for an aviator's license. He bought a machine and practiced for months. Finally he made several successful flights at Mineola, L. I., thus obtaining his license from the Aero Club of America. He had planned, upon the close of the Chicago air meet, to return to Pittsburg and make a flight in his home city.

FIRST TRACE OF LOST CHILD

Watch Found in the Stomach of an Alligator Indicates Girl Was Eaten.

Forsyth, Ga.—The finding of an initialed gold watch and chain in the stomach of a large alligator that died in a pond near here is believed to solve the mystery of the disappearance of 12-year-old Janet Thompson from the home of her parents at Island Grove, Fla., two years ago. The alligator was captured near Island Grove some weeks after the girl disappeared and was brought to this place.

The little girl has never been heard from since she disappeared. When last seen she was standing on the banks of the lake where the alligator was caught, and she was wearing at the time a gold watch with her initials engraved on the case.

It is believed that while the girl was playing on the bank of the lake the alligator devoured her. The parents have been notified, and the watch will be returned to them.

Warmed-Over Coffee Kills Two.

Brookfield, Mo.—From drinking coffee which had been brewed twelve hours before and left standing over [illegible]

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Horse Sense.

"He has plenty of horse sense."

"Why so?"

"He never bets on one."

ASK FOR ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE the Antiseptic powder to shake into your shoes. Relieves Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails, Swollen and Sweating feet, Blisters and Callous spots. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Always strive to practice what you preach, but do not stop practicing if you sometimes fail.—S. Eldon.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sore Throat will not live under the same roof with Hamlins Wizard Oil, the world's best liniment for the relief of all pain.

And a lazy man will take any kind of a job he can't get.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PETTITS [illegible] EYE [illegible] SALVE

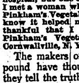
N. W. N. U., NO. 36–1911.

Woman's Danger Periods Made Safe

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The Change of Life is the most critical period of a woman's existence, and neglect of health at this time invites disease.

Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs. Here is proof:



Natick, Mass.,—"I cannot express what I went through during the Change of Life before I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was in such a nervous condition I could not keep still. My limbs were cold. I had creepy sensations and could not sleep nights. I was finally told by two physicians that I had a tumor.

"I read one day of the wonderful cures made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it, and it has made me a well woman. My neighbors and friends declare it has worked a miracle for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold for women during this period of life. If it will help others you may publish this letter."—Mrs. Nathan B. Greaton, 51 No. Main St., Natick, Mass.

ANOTHER SIMILAR CASE.

Cornwallville, N. Y.—"I have been taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for some time for Change of Life, nervousness, and a fibroid growth.

"Two doctors advised me to go to the hospital, but one day while I was away visiting, I met a woman who told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and I know it helped me wonderfully. I am very thankful that I was told to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Wm. Boughton, Cornwallville, N. Y., Greene Co.

The makers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have thousands of such letters as those above—they tell the truth, else they could not have been obtained for love or money. This medicine is no stranger—it has stood the test for years.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

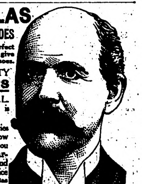
LYDIA E. PINKHAM

For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.



W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

"A woman's work and the washing of dishes, are never at an end."

But the woman who uses Lenox Soap has the satisfaction of knowing that what she does, with the aid of Lenox Soap, is WELL done.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1911. NUMBER 10.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

All the universities and colleges in the United States will be classified in the order of their merit when the investigation being conducted by the United States bureau of education is completed. Incidentally this investigation already is said to have brought to light "fake" universities and schools which award all sorts of degrees with a minimum of study.

One of the most serious attacks ever made upon the treaty making power of the United States will mark the opening of the term of supreme court of the United States next month. The Italian government, through its consul general on the Pacific coast, will argue that the United States possesses broad enough treaty making power to deal with the settlement of estates of foreigners who die in this country without leaving wills. Public officials from California will contend that the federal government has no such power.

The Hobo convention, which opened here was a dismal failure. Instead of an army of 4,000 delegates to enter protest against present industrial conditions and voice demands to congress for legislation aimed to enable men to live without working, less than fifty knights of the pike were in evidence at the headquarters, which had been provided by James Eads How, the millionaire hobo, and grandson of the builder of the Eads bridge at St. workLouis. Employes of the Western Maryland railroad went among the seventy-two hobo delegates and offered all of them work, resulting in a mad stampede, leaving but sixteen in line. The stampede was to get away from the suggestion.

General.

Katherine Cecil Thurston, an Irish authoress, died in London.

Hackenschmidt the wrestler, says he will not again return to America.

Turning Bear, an Indian, lost his life at Valentine, Nebr., when he tried to cross the track ahead of train.

Senator Bailey has confirmed the report that he will not be a candidate for re-election.

At Madison, Wis., Irene Lemberger, 7 years old, was kidnaped from her bed during the night.

A telegram received from the purser of the Chilean steamer Tucapel, which was wrecked near Quilca, says that the total number of persons drowned was thirty-two. Ninety others were saved.

Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., of Virginia, was found guilty in the first degree for the killing of his wife.

B. E. Glyck of Foxholm, N. D., drew homestead No. 1 in the Berthold Indian reservation. It is worth $10,000. An Omaha preacher has just married his 2,300th couple.

The reading of a poem containing 130 stanzas which she had typewritten was a feature of the celebration of the ninety-fifth anniversary of the birth of Mrs. Harriet S. Kidder, held in Ocean Grove, N. J.

The Chinese cruiser Hai-Chai, the biggest war ship in the Chinese navy, is due to arrive in New York early next week. She will be the first Chinese warship that ever visited this port. She comes as the guest of our nation.

The first flying postal service was inaugurated last week at London under the auspices of the British postoffice.

Rodney J. Diegle, former sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio senate, who was convicted of aiding and abetting alleged bribery, was given three years in the penitentiary.

G. Appias of Napa Junction, Cal., was stricken dumb by a hallucination. He informed his family, in writing, that he had seen a terrifying specter in his dream, standing by his bed. When he awoke he was mute.

Only three Nebraskans are numbered among the winners in the land drawing on the Fort Berthlod reservation, as follows: No. 2,810—Stephen D. McGinnis, Walnut Hill station, Omaha; No. 2,703—Oscar E. Carlson, Sixth avenue, Kearney; No. 2073—Albert McCormick, Ragan.

Preparations are being perfected by committees having charge of the Champ Clark home-coming September 11 at Louisana, Mo. Leading men from all over the state have been invited for the event, which probably will have a national bearing.

Bartlett Richards the millionaire ranchman, confined in the Hastings (Nebr.) jail as a federal prisoner, died following an operation.

W. G. Comstock, a rich Nebraska cattleman, was released from the the Hastings jail, on order issued by President Taft, to permit him to attend the funeral of Bartlett Richards.

Judge Weaver of the Iowa supreme court was fined one dollar and costs by Justice Rankin of Mason City, Ia., for violation of the law governing side lights on pleasure boats. Judge Weaver is spending the summer at Clear Lake, Ia.

Progressive democrats of Illinois are trying to get control of the party machine.

It is reported that the government is about to take action against the steel trust, the biggest trade combination in the United States.

Crop conditions improved only slightly during the month of August.

The death was announced at Brussels of Imbart de la Tour, a Belgian tenor.

A genuine La Follette boom was inaugurated by progressive republicans at Minneapolis.

The United States may hereafter be made a party to any agreement that affects Morocco.

The American mission at Wahu has received a report that 100,000 persons have been drowned by the floods.

In a speech at Des Moines, Senator Cummins, disclaiming attempts at discord, lauded Senator La Follette.

At Sydney, N. S. D., Jack Lester of Cleelum, Wash., defeated Bill Land, the Australian heavy weight, for the championship of Australia.

Colonel John Jacob Astor and Madeline Talmage Force, both of New York, were married at Breachwood, the Bridegroom's New port house.

Five thousand Spanish troops have received orders from the ministry of war to reinforce the Spanish garrison at Melilla, on the Riff coast of Morocco.

Armed with an umbrella filled with long pins, Miss Grace Bassett of Fremont, Nebr., avenged a slight on her reputation by beating M. T. Sankey of Lincoln, a city employe.

The United States Steel corporation onnounced that the unfilled tonnage on the books on August 31 was 3,695,985 tons against 3,584,058 tons on July 31.

Four men were killed and two seriously injured by a dynamite explosion in the stone quarry of the Elmhurst-Chicago company, fifteen miles west of Chicago.

The value of the railroad between Port Arthur and Tang Sur, including rolling stock, which Russia surrendered to Japan by virtue of the treaty of Portsmouth, has been fixed at approximately $40,500,000.

David Rockefeller Smith, a cousin of John D. Rockefeller, died at his home in Warrensburg, Mo. Mr. Smith was born in Sunbury, Pa., eighty-one years ago. He served during the Civil war in the Fourteenth Ohio cavalry.

The condition of all crops combined in the United States was on September 1, approximately, 15 per cent below the average condition on that date for the last ten year, according to the supplemental crop report of the agricultural department.

Census Director Durand will submit in the near future to Secretary Nagel of the department of commerce and labor the manuel of the international list of causes of death, based on the second decennial revision by the international commission which sat in Paris in 1909.

The big 16-inch gun on the coast defenses at Sandy Hook may be taken away by the war department to become a part of the defenses of the Panama Canal, according to advices received by army official tests to be the most powerful piece of ordnance in the world.

At Rambouillette, France, a cabinet council, presided over by President Fallieres, was held to consider the disorders arising from the cheaper food agitation and to adopt measures intended to ease the cost of living. The cost of everything eatable is higher throughout France today than ever.

At Rapid City, S. D. parents of school children are agitated by a ruling of the board of education compelling all scholars to submit to vaccination if they are to continue in school.

According to the orders of the Iowa commission of health, Iowa live stock will be protected from disease in the future by the most stringent set of rules in force in the United States.

Threats of a native rising come from the province of Szechhuan, China.

The appointment of George Bakhmetieff a Russian ambassador to the United States to succeed Baron Rosen, was officially announced at Petersburg. He was formerly ambassador to Japan and was at one time secretary of the Russian legation.

The Braun arbor of the gleaners in Northfield township passed a resolution to boycott the state fair at Detroit on September 18 because President Taft is to be present on that date The resolution declares that the president has shown himself in favor of ruining home markets and agriculturists by securing reciprocity for the country.

Senator La Follette will wait until after congress convenes, early in December, before announcing his candidady for the presidency. Although ledaing progressive republicans all through the country have been coming out in interviews endorsing him, he will avoid haste to answer their call, preferring to wait until after President Taft has submitted his message.

A relic of the wreck of the battleship Maine, the gold class ring of Assistant Engineer Darwin R. Merritt of Iowa, who lost his life in the explosion of that vessel in Havana harbor thirteen years ago, was received at the navy department.

Personal.

The president, on his long trip, will talk on many subjects.

David Smith, an early Omaha pioneer, died in the east.

Congressman Norris in an address at theNebraska state fair told why he opposes reciprocity.

CHILD MURDERED

"DOGSKIN" JOHNSON, FORMER CONVICT, IS SENTENCED TO PRISON FOR LIFE.

DEED DONE BY NEIGHBOR

Rushed Secretly to Waupun to Avoid Possible Lynching—Says Crime Was Result of Sudden Impulse.

Madison, Wisconsin. — John, otherwise known as "Dogskin" Johnson, confessed to the murder of little Annie Lemberger, the 7-year-old child whose body was found in Lake Monona, and was immediately sentenced by Judge Anthony Donovan to life imprisonment.

A few minutes after his confession and sentence, Johnson was taken in an automobile by Sheriff Andrew Brown and a deputy, whisked away through side streets and across the country at a rapid clip to the state prison at Waupun.

Although officers suspected Johnson of knowing something about the crime they could not fasten the guilt upon him absolutely.

On the strength of suspicion lodged against him, he was taken into court, pleaded not guilty and placed under a $10,000 bond, the preliminary hearing being set for Sept. 25.

Haunted by the terrible crime he had committed against an innocent girl, Johnson brooded in his cell at the police station all day following his arraignment in the morning. Abandoning his sham of insanity, he paced restlessly back and forth in his cell waiting anxiously for the first sounds of an angry mob. Finally the suspense became too great. Calling Turnkey John Foye to the cell, he declared that he was willing to tell all.

In the presence of Chief of Police Shaughnessy, District Attorney R. N. Nelson and Turnkey Foye, who listened, horrified, he related that the deed was the result of sudden impulse. He had watched through the bedroom window the little girl and her sister undress at bedtime on different occasions and on the fateful night about 10 o'clock, shortly after the children had closed their eyes in sleep, he raised the sash and snatched little Annie from the bed, dragged her through the window, knocked her on the head with his fist, rendering her unconscious, so there would be no outcry. He then took her to the railroad bridge and, after beating her on the head until life was extinct, threw the body into Lake Monona.

Johnson said he did not want to make a detailed confession because he wanted to be on his way to Waupun to avoid mob violence. He said he would make a written confession after he had been safely lodged in prison.

Testimony at the inquest was conflicting in that one physician was of the opinion that the child had been criminally assaulted before being thrown into the lake, while another expressed the opposite view.

Johnson had a dispute with Lemberger, father of the child, several years ago, and at that time wanted to fight, but this, it is not believed, had any connection with the committing of the crime.

Johnson has already served a term in the penitentiary and several years ago he was taken to the Mendota hospital for the insane, after he had assailed a little girl at Brownsville, Wis.

PEASANTS FLEE ETNA DISTRICT.

Torrents of Burning Lava Pouring Down Slope.

Catania, Sicily. — Heavy smoke lies over the crest of Mount Etna and the bombardment is like the firing of heavy artillery. A torrent of burning lava, estimated at 2,000 feet wide and four feet deep, is pouring down the slope. Groves of trees have been uprooted and set on fire and the lava stream is sweeping through the fields.

The peasants have left their homes carrying with them the aged, the sick and the children, and whatever belongings they were able to get. Whole regions covered with hardened lava from past eruptions have been torn by the frequent earth shocks. Many of the shocks have been of great violence and the peasants fear a repetition of the Messina disaster.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 14.—Wheat, September, $1.01⅞; Dec., $1.03½; No. 1 northern, $1.04⅛; No. 2 northern, $1.02⅛; No. 1 durum, 99c; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 3 white oats, 43⅛c; barley, malting, $1.14; No. 2 rye, 82c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.29.

Duluth, Sept. 14. — Wheat, September, $1.02⅝; December, $1.02⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.00⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.04.

South St. Paul, Sept. 14. — Cattle — Steers, $5.25@6.00; cows, $3.25@4.50; calves, $3.50@7.75; hogs, $6.50@7.20; sheep, spring lambs, $2.50@5.60.

ROSENBAUM HONORED.

Attains High Office in Scottish Rite Grand Lodge.

Washington, D. C. — Charles E. Rosenbaum of Little Rock, sovereign grand inspector general of the thirty-third degree, Scottish Rite, for the southern jurisdiction of the United States, has been appointed grand minister of state of the supreme council by Sovereign Grand Commander James Daniel Richardson to succeed the late Richard J. Nunn of Georgia.

JUDGE STANTON INSTRUCTS DUMAS GRAND JURY.

JUDGE C. W. STANTON.

Bemidji. — The Beltrami county grand jury, which is to hear the case of Dr. D. F. Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, charged with complicity in the Puposky postoffice arson and robbery case, is in session. The jury has been instructed by Judge Stanton.

Martin Behan, the wounded Puposky bandit caught by detectives on the night that his pal, Mike Davis, escaped in the timber, is on his way here to repeat again his story on the witness stand of his alleged conniving with Dr. Dumas to burn and rob the postoffice at Puposky.

Assistant State Fire Marshal Sam Fullerton declared that if at least two other men in Cass Lake besides Dr. Dumas were not arrested in connection with the Puposky case the state would be keenly disappointed.

"The state believes," he said, "that Sheriff Hazen will do his duty, and that a jury of fair-minded men will be obtained who will consider the evidence for just what it is worth. I will hazard no guess as to the outcome of the case against Dr. Dumas, and, while I hope he may be able to establish his innocence, the perpetrators of the crime must be brought to justice."

FRUIT GOING TO WASTE.

Apples Being Fed to Pigs in Southern Minnesota.

Winona. — From reports reaching Winona from the surrounding countryside in Southern Minnesota crops of fruits of all kinds are so abundant that the problem of what shall be done with them has become serious.

A Winonan, who made a trip through Winona county the past week says there are so many apples this year that branches of trees are breaking with their weight. Farmers are making every effort to dispose of the oversupply before it is too late, but it seems that they are unable to do this in all instances. Scores are making cider by the barrel. In many cases apples are fed to hogs. There is also a great plenty of crabapples throughout the district.

It is reported there are so many wild grapes that it is an impossibility to see the vines. The same thing is true of tame grapes, and it is asserted that vines which never before have been productive, to speak of, are laden with fruit. Wine is being put up in great quantities. In many places the plums are said to be as large as eggs.

As with fruits, so it is with the nuts. Hazel nuts, hickory nuts, walnuts and butternuts are everywhere in profusion. Hundreds of watermelons and cantaloupes have gone to waste in Winona county this summer, according to farmers, as they have been unable to dispose of them. Tomatoes also are very plentiful and, in addition to their large numbers, the quality of the vegetable is away above the standard.

TO CELEBRATE BIRTH.

Lac Qui Parle County Is Forty Years Old.

Madison.—The fortieth anniversary of the organization of Lac qui Parle county will be celebrated in this city September 27 to 30, with one of the biggest reunions on record of pioneers of this section of the state.

Elaborate preparations are being made by the residents of this city and of the county for the entertainment of hundreds of "old-timers," and invitations to the event have been sent broadcast over the state and nation.

Lac qui Parle was a prominent trading post long before there was any thought of organizing Minnesota into a territory. It was the most important trading post between lower Mississippi points and the Selkirk settlements of the North in the early years of 1800, and in 1835 Dr. Williamson and his family ascended the Minnesota river and established at Lac qui Parle a mission said to be one of the first religious institutions in the state.

Test Case On Paving Cost.

Faribault.—The city of Faribault is to be made defendant in a test suit to be brought at the November term of court. When the paving in the business section was done the abutting property holders were assessed for their proportionate amount and in like manner assessed for curbing which was reset. The property holders contend the city had no right to assess them for curbing which was already in place. The test is being brought by A. S. [illegible], but there are about fifty other property holders interested.

20% EXPRESS REDUCTION.

Cut in Rates by Companies Doing Business in Minnesota.

St. Paul.—The several express companies doing business in Minnesota have made an offer to the state warehouse and railroad commission to reduce the intrastate and interstate joint express rate by more than 20 per cent.

It was the most sweeping reductions offered by the companies in recent years. Members of the railroad and warehouse commission withheld official recognition of the new schedule until the tariff could be examined and the actual effects of the offer determined.

The proposal of the companies is in response to the demand of shippers all over the country, who have been agitating reductions on joint express rates for several years. Under the old schedule the joint express rate was the sum total of the local rates. In other words, when express was shipped from some point in Minnesota to Minneapolis on one line and then to some tributary point on another, the regular rate was paid to Minneapolis and the local rate to the tributary point. Under the new rules, the total rate would be reduced 20 per cent.

This reduction is considered by far of the greatest importance. It means that if express were shipped, for instance, from a point east of Chicago into Chicago on one line, then from Chicago to either of the Twin Cities on another and then to a tributary point on a third line, there would be a reduction of 20 per cent on the entire rate. Members of the railroad and warehouse commission said that this reduction would mean a saving of many thousands of dollars to the shippers.

THOUSANDS FOR STATE.

Two Eastern Estates Will Pay Between $200,000 and $300,000 Inheritance Taxes.

Minnesota will reap between $200,000 and $300,000, conservatively estimated, from two estates alone, as the result of the trip, according to Assistant Attorney General Weeks, who returned from a three-week trip throughout the east, investigating estates in which the state has a claim under the inheritance tax law.

Within a few days, after the Whittier hearing is concluded, Mr. Weeks will consult with local attorneys representing the two estates, and he anticipates no difficulty in effecting a settlement.

What procedure will be followed in respect to other estates has not been determined, he said, but suits to collect the state's claims may be necessary.

ORDERS REBELS IN CHINA SLAIN.

Government Edict Says Leaders Meant to Proclaim Independence.

Peking, China. — According to an imperial edict the ring-leaders in the disorders in Sze-Chuen province intended to proclaim independence. As a consequence, the Chinese government has ordered the viceroy to destroy the rebels to the last man. The government, however, has instructed the viceroy to distinguish between the misguided and the actual rebels.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Lake City.—The barn on the farm of George Lamont of Doak Center, was struck by lightning and burned. Four valuable horses were cremated.

Heron Lake.—A gasoline stove exploded in the house of Richard Haetzler and burned his 2-year-old child so badly it died in a few minutes. The house was not damaged.

Crookston. — Burglars broke into the saloon of Albert Jance at Fisher, fourteen miles west of here, blew the door off and got away with $300 without leaving a trace except some automobile tracks.

Hastings. — At the last week's meeting of the city council a franchise was granted the Interurban Construction Company, to operate its proposed trolley lines which will be extended from Iver Grove to Hastings.

Minnesota Lake. — The council has established the price of liquor licenses at $1,500 and limited the number of saloons to two. This raises the same revenue that six saloons brought in several years ago, when the license was $500.

Minneapolis. — "Die Frau," the $1,000 painting stolen from the ladies' parlor of the Radisson hotel, has been recovered. It was left in a drug store by an unidentified woman, who is believed to have cut it from its frame, two hours after it had been stolen.

Little Falls.—The body of John Georgon of Culdrum was found within twenty rods of the house, lying in thick underbrush. The man, who was 71 years old, disappeared some time ago, but nothing was thought of the matter because he had been in the habit of leaving for months at a time.

Red Wing.—D. M. Neill, Red Wing, president of the Minnesota Federation of Commercial clubs, will attend the third national conservations congress at Kansas City, Sept. 25-27, as the personal representative of Governor A. O. Eberhart. Fifteen delegates-at-large have been appointed from Minnesota and it is expected that the majority will attend.

Mankato. — L. A. Stacy, of Algona, Iowa, has begun suit in the United States court in this city against the city of St. James to recover $3,500 damages for injuries received as a result of an accident last winter, when he struck his crutch against a raised iron grating on the sidewalk and fell. He says the bone in his lame leg was fractured.

Winona.—A movement has been started for the construction of a new steamer to be operated between Wabasha and Lansing, Iowa, to take the place of the La Crosse, which has been in service this year. Captain Louis Muntz of the La Crosse has started a canvass among merchants in the river towns touched. Some $25,000 will be required. Owners of the La Crosse will put in the $10,000 represented in the boat and wharves.

Faribault.—By a majority of 136 to 8 the people of school district 5, 6, 7 and 81 in Steele county and district 50 in Rice county have voted to consolidate their schools into one graded school. School children of twenty sections of land will have the benefit of a large modern, sanitary school building. Instruction will be given up to the third year of high school work. The election was held at Medford, just over the Rice county line, where the school will be located. The board of education of the consolidated district will call a special bond election shortly to raise the money for the new building, which will cost about $16,000.

Warren.—Nels Malm, one of the well to do farmers of the township of Bloomer, ten miles northwest of town, has installed an electric lighting plant on his farm. The plant was installed by his son, who is an electrician, and is similar to the outfits used in small towns, but in addition to the generating machinery there is a storage battery, making it necessary to use a low voltage. The batteries, when they are fully charged, will light an ordinary farm residence for about two weeks. The generator is run by a small gasoline engine. Mr. Malm's residence also has a heating plant and hot and cold water in different parts of the house.

Red Lake Falls.—The people of Red Lake county will celebrate the harvesting of a bumper crop in an enthusiastic manner. The Red Lake County Agricultural society has recently been organized and will hold the first Red Lake county fair in this city, Sept. 19, 20 and 21. The business people and farmers of the county are enthusiastic over the fair project and the success of the first fair is assured. Fair grounds have been acquired and a good half-mile track has been made ready for the race events, and grandstands, fences and sheds are now being built. More than $3,000 will be given in premiums and purses and there will be many special features and attractions.

St. Cloud.—A. Lindenberg, a saloonkeeper, was waylaid here at midnight and may die of a gunshot wound just below the heart. Lindenberg has been in the habit of carrying home from his saloon the receipts of his evening's business. When he was about to open the screen door on the porch of his house, he was seized by two men and robbed of $8 in cash. He yelled for the police, whereupon one of the men drew a revolver and shot him at close range just below the heart. The gunman then threw his weapon away and, with his companion took to [illegible]

STATE OF MINNESOTA

Executive Department.

Proclamation.

That the fire waste is increasing year by year and becoming more and more appalling within the State of Minnesota is certain.

I.

To determine by a congress of representative men, interested in the preservation of the wealth of our state, what the loss of property has been by reason of fire, the causes therefor, and how such waste can be reduced, will contribute greatly to the advancement of this state and to the economic welfare of its people. The magnitude of loss of property by fire, as well as the cost of fire prevention, is not grasped by the average man. It is estimated that approximately one-half a billion dollars is annually expended by the people of the United States for this purpose,—a sum one-half as great as the annual budget of our federal government. Nearly two hundred fifty million dollars represents the loss by fire. A sum which would be equaled if a per capita tax of $2.71 were collected from every man, woman and child in the United States. In no European country does the per capita loss exceed 50 cents.

During the past fifteen years computations indicate that approximately two billion dollars and twenty thousand lives have been "sacrificed to fire." Minnesota has borne too great a part of this enormous loss of property. The loss of timber in our state by forest fires is almost beyond computation. Property destroyed by fire is a total and absolute loss. Every indication points to an increase of loss by fire in our state during the year 1911.

II.

The season of the year when fires are wont to increase in number is at hand. The heating stove of the householder is again to be utilized, and the smoke therefrom must penetrate the swallow's nest before escaping. It is believed that more than fifty per cent of our fire loss is due to incendiarism or negligence. Much can be done for the prevention of fires by criminals, or through carelessness. Carelessness in the use of fire and lights in housekeeping is common. Carelessness in the use of matches is universal. Inflammable rubbish in factories is too often found. Dark and dirty hallways where matches are scratched and where cigar and cigarette stubs are thrown are too frequently the cause of fires. Tenants visit dark basements by means of candles, or old-fashioned oil lamps. Unsafe oil stoves are sold and employed. Oily waste is not rarely found in packing houses, factories and lumber yards. Property is not carefully watched and those things which produce fire are improperly guarded.

III.

It is meet that our people should be instructed and caused to realize that fire waste is impoverishing our commonwealth. Taking into account these vital considerations for the welfare of our state, I hereby do proclaim the eighth day of November, 1911, to be known as Minnesota Fire Prevention Day, and urge that it be so recognized and observed in all departments of the state, in all public and private institutions of learning, and by all organizations and persons interested in the social and economic uplift of our people. It is urged that the Press, as the strongest factor in the development of public sentiment, impress the importance of this movement upon our people.

And I do further proclaim the holding of a Minnesota Fire Prevention Congress, to be held in the Palm Room, Saint Paul Hotel, in the City of St. Paul, on said eighth day of November, and earnestly invite the entire citizenship of the state to participate and co-operate in carrying out the plans of this gathering, that its purposes may be fully realized.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be hereto affixed at the Capitol, in the City of St. Paul, this 7th day of September, A. D. 1911.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
(Seal.) Governor.

Attest:
Julius A. Schmahl, Secretary of State.
A. M. Hayes, Executive Clerk.

8-Cent Sugar Predicted.

New York, N. Y. — An extraordinary jump in the price of refined sugar was announced here by the American Sugar Refining company and Arbuckle Brothers, the largest distributors in the country. The American advanced its price 10 points to $6.70 per hundred, while the Arbuckle raise is 25 points in the market to 7 cents per pound. Dealers in staples anticipate further increases in prices, and it is reported that retailers are preparing to raise their prices to 8 cents a pound.

Ohio Convicts Try To Escape.

Columbus, Ohio. — Three prisoners, among them Otis Hurley, known as the "prison demon," attempted to escape from the Ohio state penitentiary only to be stopped by a shot from the gun of a guard.

Held as a Fugitive from Justice.

New York, N. Y.—Samuel Cohen, arrested here on complaint of the Chicago police, who accuse him of having stolen a $3,000 Amati violin, was held by a magistrate in $5,000 bail for examination as a fugitive from justice.

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and Hardware

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 16, 1911.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is taking a month's vacation. The country would breathe easier if it could be assured of his permanent retirement.

After Janury 1 next a team driver after dark will have to carry a light that will show both in front and rear, under the new law. If he does not and an automobile runs into him he is barred from recovering damages. Autos are required to have two front lights and one rear light.

The weights and measures department of the state railroad and warehouse commission will soon be in operation. The work in organizing this new department has been slow for the reason that the commission has experienced great difficulty in securing the services of competent men.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota State Ben Franklin club will be held next Friday and Saturday, Sept. 22, and 23 in the rooms of the Minneapolis Ben Franklin club. The best program of the year has been prepared for thse occasion, a program teeming with money saving, money making suggestion which no printer can afford to miss.

The result of the vote on prophibition in Maine is still in doubt. Figures from the office of the secretary of state show a majority for repeal of 155, while the Associated Press returns are 347 votes against. Victory for the wets in Monday's elections does not open the state to public sale of liquor. To accomplish this will require a two-thirds vote of the state legislature, repealing the no-license statue.

Reform of the Bench

It was not for mere causeless reasons, for mere love of the bizarre and experimental, that the people of Arizona embodied the principle of the recall in their constitution. An evil existed and they prescribed what they thought was the right course of treatment for it. The evil is no less because the method of cure has been frowned upon.

That part of the bar which has found prosperity in hair splitting has no excuse for congratulating itself upon Mr. Taft's veto. The judiciary will have to be reformed just the same and if the legal profession doesn't purpose doing it, the task will have to be done for it The faith in technicalities, the long and heart breaking delays, the leaning toward political friendships, the playing for partisan favors, the reversion to hoary and outworn practices and procedures, all will have to go before the old respect for the bench is restored. And the people of the United States are determined that that respect shall be possible again. The Arizona extension of the recall was a groping toward the light. Though Arizona would more than likely make a failure of it, other communities are bound to try no less resolutely to regenerate the judiciary. It seems for a moment a question of choice of medicines. It is in reality a question of gaining a cure, whatever the medicine.—Toledo Blade.

Second Papers

Under the present requirements it is necessary for anyone desirous of taking out second papers to file their petition with the clerk of court 90 days before the term of court at which these petitions will be heard. As the next term of court will be held in January it is necessary to file petitions not later than October 14.

Petitions can be filed any time and it would therefore seem advisable for those who want to make their applications to do so now and not wait until the last daps.

From New York to Los Angeles

James Ward, the aviator, left New York City Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for a flight to the Pacific coast for a $50,000 prize. After circling the harbor he sailed up the Hudson and passed Jersey city, got lost and was forced to land at Ashbrook, twenty-two miles from New York. He had mistaken the Lehigh Valley for the Erie railroad, which latter he had purposed to follow.

He returned to Newark and took a fresh start for Middleton, having lost a number of hours of valuable time. His wife will follow him as closely as possible by rail.

Rural School Notes

The following teachers were granted certificates at the last examination or had their certificates renewed:

FIRST GRADE.

Louise Netteland, St, Hilaire.
Stella Olson, Thief River Falls.
Tyra E. Wallen, St Hilaire.

SECOND GRADE.

Stella Arndt. Kuehnel.
Dena Wold, "
Katherine Dunn, "
Elthea Henry, Kratka (limited).
Elvina Bloom, Strip.
Katie B. Dahl, Thief River Falls.
Ida A. Ove, " "
Laura E. Johnson, " "
Cora Stene, " "
Sophia Utabgaa, " "
Nora G. Johnson, St. Hilaire.
Selma Hoff, " "
Gina Finstad, " "
Mrs. Ellen B. Prestegard, Erie.
Fred Sheldrew, Grygla (limited).

There were granted in all eighteen certificates. We have only a word of commendation for those candidates who worked hard in school and in the the summer training school to make up credits. Returns show good averages.

To judge from present indications, all our schools will be supplied with teachers. School boards that have not hired teachers should take the matter up for consideration at once and let such teachers as may have put in their applications know, because some of these may have other positions offered to them. They can not afford to wait, not knowing if an application will be accepted. School boards deferring action in hiring a teacher may find themselves without one for this reason when school opens.

Delays in sending in clerks' annual reports has also delayed the sending out from this office of the necessary certificates to the clerks.

The superintendent will be glad to meet all teachers and officers in the new quarters at the court house.

Respectfully, E. A. MOSTUE.

Will Be Warm Game

An interesting county fair attraction for the second day of the fair, Wednesday, Sept. 20, will be the ball game to be played by the Terrebone and St. Hilaire teams. These teams have played two games this season, each winning a game by a close score. The Terrebonne boys say they are going into the contest with a determination to win the "rubber" game. The St. Hilaire fellows say they are going to carry away the money. To the fans who have been watching the teams work it looks like anybody's game, so there is not the least doubt it will be a game worth seeing. —Red Lake Falls Gazett.

Steenerson at the County Fair

Congressman Halvor Steenerson will deliver an address at the Red Lake County fair. The day and hour for his address have not been definitely decided upon, but it is probable that the congressman will speak on Thursday, the last day of the fair.—Gazette.

Underweight.

Brown—That coal dealer of ours got just what was coming to him. Town—How? Brown—Married a girl the other day, thinking that he was getting 140 pounds and got only 98.—St. Louis Times.

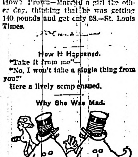
How It Happened.

"Take it from me"—

"No, I won't take a single thing from you!"

Here a lively scrap ensued.

Why She Was Mad.



"She doesn't speak to me."

"Why?"

"Because when she asked me what I thought of her complexion I told her it was very fair, but I could tell her a better brand."

For They Can.

"You can't always tell."

"Then there is one thing certain."

"What is it?"

"That you aren't a woman."

Substantial.

The joy of ready money,
The cinch of cash in hand,
Is something that the dullest
Can always understand.
There may be other pleasures
And other forms of bliss,
But there is none, I venture,
So sure enough as this.

In looking at the posies,
In going for a walk,
In taking in a lecture
To hear a fellow talk
And all such simple doings
Some pleasures may attend,
But there is no enjoyment
Like having cash to spend.

In love and its allurements
The one of youthful mind
Some feelings highfalutin
May very often find,
But when he pays the preacher
And starts to buy the hash
Things run on more serenely
If he can scatter cash.

Then here's to ready money,
The useful friend of man!
It gets him into places
No other booster can.
It gets him into places
And gets him out again
If he has ever handy
The twenty or the ten.

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HIT HIM IN TWO PLACES.

The Way Cicero Treated His Devoted Admirer Petrarch.

In the early autumn of 1358 Petrarch suffered an accident which may be narrated in his own words. "You shall hear," he writes to a friend, "what a trick Cicero, the man whom I have loved and worshiped from my boyhood, has just played me. I possess a huge volume of his letters, which I wrote out some time ago with my own hand because there was no original manuscript accessible to the copyists. Ill health hindered me, but my great love of Cicero and delight in the letters and eagerness to possess them prevailed against my bodily weakness and the laboriousness of the work. This is the book which you have seen leaning against the doorpost at the entry to my library. One day while going into the room thinking about something else, as I often do, I happened inadvertently to catch the book in the fringe of my gown. In its fall it struck me lightly on the left leg a little above the heel. 'What! My Cicero,' quoth I, bantering him, 'pray what are you hitting me for?' He said nothing, but next day as I came again the same way he hit me again, and again I laughed at him and set him up in his place. Why make a long story? Over and over again I went on suffering the same hurt, and, thinking he might be cross at having to stand on the ground, I put him up a shelf higher, but not till after the repeated blows on the same spot had broken the skin and a far from despicable sore had resulted. I despised it, though, reckoning the cause of my accident of much more weight than the accident itself. At last, when the pain was too much not only for my wit, but for sleep and rest, so that to neglect the thing any longer seemed not courage, but madness, I was forced to call in the doctors, who have now for some days been fussing over this really ridiculous wound, not without great pain and some danger to the wounded limb, as they insist, though I think you know just what reliance I place on their prognostications either of good or evil. So this is how my beloved Cicero has treated me. He long ago struck my heart, and now he has struck my leg." —From H. C. Hollway-Calthorp's "Petrarch."

THE GHOST AT THE FEAST.

What the Ensign Saw and What Happened After Dinner.

In "The Story of My Life," by Mr. Augustus Hare, is told the following creepy story:

A regiment was passing through Derbyshire on its way to fresh quarters in the north. The colonel, as they stayed for the night in one of the country towns, was invited to dine at a country house in the neighborhood and to bring any one he liked with him. Consequently he took with him a young ensign for whom he had a great fancy. They arrived, and it was a large party, but the lady of the house did not appear till just as they were going in to dinner and when she appeared was so strangely distrait and preoccupied that she scarcely attended to anything that was said to her.

At dinner the colonel observed that his young companion scarcely ever took his eyes off the lady of the house, staring at her in a way which seemed at once rude and unaccountable. It made him observe the lady herself, and he saw that she seemed scarcely to attend to anything said by her neighbors on either side of her, but rather seemed, in a manner quite unaccountable, to be listening to some one or something behind her.

As soon as dinner was over the young ensign came to the colonel and said: "Oh, do take me away! I entreat you so take me away from this place!"

The colonel said: "Indeed, your conduct is so very extraordinary and unpleasant that I quite agree with you that the best thing we can do is to go away." And he made the excuse of his young friend being ill and ordered their carriage.

When they had driven some distance the colonel asked the ensign for an explanation of his conduct. He said that he could not help it. During the whole of dinner he had seen a terrible black, shadowy figure standing behind the chair of the lady of the house, and it had seemed to whisper to her and she to listen to it. He had scarcely told this when a man on horseback rode rapidly past the carriage, and the colonel, recognizing one of the servants of the house they had just left, called out to know if anything was the matter.

"Oh, don't stop me, sir!" he shouted, "I am going for the doctor! My lady has just cut her throat!"

Interested.

He was telling his wife about a small game of poker in which he had lost 45 cents.

"It was the worst game I ever played," he exclaimed, still angry over it, "and I got so mad I couldn't see."

"What did you do then, dear," she asked sweetly—"go it blind?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Proper Thing.

Lives of some great men remind us
We new styles in thought may lead
And, departing, leave behind us
Messages no one will read.
—Judge.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	92
" " 2 "	89
" " 3 "	85
Flax, No. 1	$2.21
" " 2	2.11
Barley, for 50 lbs	80
Oats	35
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	7
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	24.00
Bran, " "	21.00

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

Courtship In the North.

The old Eskimo lit a cup of walrus oil and peered over the sealskin curtain.

"Aurora," he called, sharply, "is that young man down there yet?"

"Yes, pa," answered the Eskimo belle.

"Well, I want you to cut him out, understand?"

"Er—you'll have to do it yourself, pa. He has been here so long he is frozen to the snow settee."—Success Magazine.

Qualified.

The great magazine editor sneered.

"What right have you," he asked, "to think you'll ever make a poet?"

"Well, sir," the youth said timidly, "I've been fasting man in a sideshow for the last two seasons."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No man is wise at all times.—Pliny the Elder.

France.

The territorial division of France has for its basis the canton. A certain number of cantons form an arrondissement, and an agglomeration of these constitutes a department.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. goverment survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

OSCAR C. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

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PATENTS

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Notice of Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota
County of Pennington } In Probate court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness Inga Petterson, Albert Ness, Louise Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Inger Peterson being duly filed in this court, representing that A. G. Ness, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 29th day of August, 1911, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to K. O. Gigstad;

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, 1911, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Wilhelm Micheletl, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of September, 1911.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET, Judge.
s9-3t

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN, [illegible] WIS.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services, with communion, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 3 p. m., sermon by Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls.

Fourth annual conference immediately after preaching service, conducted by Rev. J. B. Smith.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

ALEN A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. M. FRICKER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible]—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
MORRIS LASALLE, President. PETER SIMONSON, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications, for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My hillsard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

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TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 20 years experience.
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READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
D. SWIFT & CO.,
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

Martin Loberg was at the county seat Monday.

Robert Jackson went to Crookston Thursday evening.

Selmer Hauge returned Monday from a visit to Halstad.

Washington Adams was at the county seat on Wednesday.

Mrs. Hans Wilson visited Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Harold Holmes is attending the High school at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Bahan returned Monday from her visit to the Pacific coast.

Miss Julia Fellman went Thursday to Crookston, where she will attend school.

Otto Olson returned on Thursday from his trip to Montana, where he is holding a claim.

J. A. Duffy the Red Lake Falls banker, autoed over yesterday on a business mission.

A bunch of Duluth hunters have been making havoc with the prairie chickens this week.

J. H. Wild of Grand Forks visited Carl Johnson on Wednesday. Mr. Wild is a dog trainer.

S. L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was in town the first of the week canvassing for life insurance.

Mrs. Carl Krueger and her mother, Mrs. Ulmer, were in Thief River Falls between trains on Wednesday.

Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls will hold services, with communion, at the Synod church tomorrow at 3 p. m.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a10-tf

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the east side school house Sunday, Sept 17, at 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. Gust Fellman and her mother, Mrs. Satterberg, were in Crookston Wednesday and attended the Polk county fair.

Miss Nora Swanson went to Crookston Tuesday, where she will be employed in a restaurant owned and managed by an uncle.

T. H. Jackson and son Earle are visiting friends in town, being on their way home to Roosevelt from a few weeks stay in North Dakota.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

Notwithstanding that everybody is agreed that chickens are plentiful this year our crack shooters do not seem to be having extra good luck.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Gilbertson were down from Thief River Falls Tuesday. They were looking for a house they could buy cheap to move to Thief River.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

The Young People of the Swedish Lutheran church meet at the home of S. Wiberg in Rocksbury Sunday afternoon, Sept. 17. All are welcome, both young and old.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

James Amble has on exhibition at Elliott's land office a gigantic sunflower and a large pumpkin grown in his garden. The sunflower is immense, the largest we ever saw.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger left yesterday for an over Sunday visit with friends in Crookston. They will remain at Red Lake Falls and take in the fair where Mr. Krueger will exhibit some St. Hilaire made harness.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. • Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Rev. S. T. Palm went Wednesday to St. Paul to undergo a surgical operation for appendicits. About a year ago Mr. Palm was operated upon for the same trouble and was a long time in regaining his strength. Recently he has been suffering again and another operation was decided to be necessary.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Ole Braum was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Mrs. Johnson, landlady of the Central hotel, has been quite ill this week

Gust and Charles Fellman were in Thief River Falls last Saturday on a business mission.

Miss Esther Peterson returned Monday from an over Sunday visit to Thief River Falls.

Miss Cleo Amble entertained a party of her young friends at her home Thursday evening.

C. H. Martz returned Thursday from a trip to Highlanding on business in connection with ditch work.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sept. 24 at 2 p. m.

Alton Jackson has gone to Crookston and is employed in the Great Northern dispatchers' office.—Gazette.

Leonard Holmes has purchased of George Biskey the residence property on Water street known as the Mercier place.

Those children who wish to join the confirmation class of the Synod church are requested to meet Rev. I. T. Aastad at the church on Monday, the 18th inst., at 9 a. m.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, Sept. 29, at the home of Mrs. H. J. Hansen, north of town. All are welcome.

We understand the Andrew Soderberg farm was sold this week to an Illinois party, and that Mr. Soderberg will move to California, where he has relatives, in the near future.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

The Red Lake county fair, to be held next Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, promises to be a hummer. To realize that, one has only to remember that Frank Jeffers is one of the "head push."

H. A. Allen, who has purchased the Remington forty, where Martin Hoff lives, came on from New Vancouver, Wash., with his family and household goods the first of the week, and will occupy the place as soon as Hoff's lease expires.

A confirmation class will be enrolled at the United Lutheran church Sept. 30 Those wishing to "read" this year will please meet at the church that day at 10 o'clock a. m. A cordial invitation to children of that age to attend. Remember the date, Saturday, Sept. 30.

M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

C. C. Elliott, the land man, has been giving the people of St. Hilaire an exhibition of the strenuous life that a land man has to contend with. The past week he has shown land to no less than fifteen Illinois and Iowa homeseekers, and has sold to most of them. These people are actual farmers, and will move on to their lands this fall or next spring.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk.

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

ST. HILAIRE RETAIL LBR. CO.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Law Points.

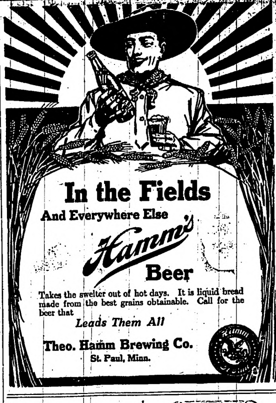
A manufacturing company is held in Victor versus Louise Cotton mills (N. C.), 61 S. E., 648; 10 L. R. A. (N. S.), 1020, to have no implied power to insure the life of its president and carry the policy after he has retired from office.

A person who refuses to obey an order which the court has no power to make is held in McHenry versus state (Miss.), 44 So., 831; 10 L. R. A. (N. S.), 1062, not to be guilty of contempt, even though the court has general jurisdiction over the proceedings in which the order is made.

UNEXPRESSED.

HE had words or smiles for them all,
His friends, his foes and—the rest;
But for one that he loved, no word,
No smile, not a cool hand pressed,
Nor a sigh, but an empty jest.

YET there at the hearth of his heart
The fire burned, warm and wide,
While the welcome upon his lips,
For the guest who did not abide,
Stammered and sobbed and died.
—Louise Morgan Sill.



In the Fields
And Everywhere Else
Hamm's Beer
Takes the swelter out of hot days. It is liquid bread made from the best grains obtainable. Call for the beer that
Leads Them All
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

SIRES AND SONS.

J. L. Orcut of North Monmouth, Me., has served for forty years in the local church choir.

Secretary of War Dickinson gave up a $35,000 job as attorney for the Illinois Central for a $12,000 cabinet place.

Frederick W. Carpenter, private secretary to President Taft, was born in Minnesota in 1872. He weighs 120 pounds.

R. J. Gleason, town clerk of Waitsfield, Vt., is said to have served longer than any other similar official in Vermont. He has served fifty-three years and is now eighty years old.

Lord Clifford of Chudleigh is one of the wealthy Roman Catholic peers of England and lately bought the old abbey of Marmountier, in Touraine, to save it from conversion into a factory.

Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice of the supreme court and son of the illustrious author, is sixty-eight years old, with prospects of living beyond the age of retirement. He was wounded three times in three battles in the civil war.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, the American aeroplanists, in recognition of their practical solution of the problem of aerial flight, have been honored by the Technical High school of Munich with the honorary degree of doctor of technical sciences.

Dr. Samuel A. Green, ex-mayor of Boston, librarian of the Massachusetts Historical society and secretary of the Peabody Education fund, has just celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday. Dr. Green is a physician, historian and author. He has written a number of historical pamphlets on Boston and surrounding territory.

THE USEFUL PIG.

A Colored Woman's Story of a Trade and Its Results.

A colored woman was being examined at a conference at Tuskegee. "Do the people in your community own homes?" came the query from Mr. Booker Washington.

"I think's they's fixing to own 'em, sah."

"But do they own them?"

"A heap of times you can't jest tell, sah. But they's holding 'em down."

"Do you own your home?"

"Yes, sah, I do," proudly. "And I can tell you jest how I got it. I swapped a puppy dog for it."

"Tell us about it."

"Well, it was this way. When I started I didn't have anything at all but jest a little yaller puppy dog.

"I took the dog over to my brother-in-law's. He had eight little bits of pigs, oh, jest so little, and I swapped the puppy with him for one of the pigs. It was sech a little pig that it didn't look like it would live, but I nursed it good, and I prayed to the Lord to make that little pig come forward to do me good, and the pig lived and grew.

"The first year I turned her out, and when she came back in the fall she brought me seven little pigs with her. That was my start. I've never had to buy any meat since. This winter I've killed three hogs, and I've got another at home now ready to kill. I've got forty acres of land now, all paid for, and a house, and it all come from that one little puppy."

"Do you hear that," exclaimed Mr. Washington, "you men? Some of you'd better go back home and swap your dogs for pigs!"—Philadelphia Ledger.

"Dave, how do you get your lesson so well now?" said the master.

"I learn every word in the lesson and get my mother to hear me at night, then I go over them in the morning before I come to school, and I go over them at my seat before the class is called up."

"Good boy, Dave!" said the master. "That's the way to have success; always work that way and you'll do."

Dave is today the manager of a big lumber company, and he attributes his start to the words:

"Go up ahead and see that you stay there. You can if you work hard."—Genesee Courier.

Bring in Your Printing

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:10 a. m.
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	R. E. BURKER
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. BATTENBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

Pen, Chisel and Brush.

Rudyard Kipling has practically ceased to write.

Charles E. Hallberg of Chicago, once janitor in a bank, but an artist by inclination, has had one of his paintings accepted by the art museum of Guttenberg, the city of his birth.

Victor D. Brenner, the sculptor whose design for the new Lincoln penny was accepted, has been at work upon his model for more than a year and for many months before that had in mind the idea of submitting this design for the coins.

Lorado Taft, who has been awarded the contract for a statue of Columbus to be erected in the plaza of the Union station in Washington and to cost, with a large fountain, $100,000, is nationally known as a sculptor and has been for several years the leading authority on that branch of the fine arts in Chicago.

FINIS.

WE watch the gathering tears o'erflow the eye
Of those we love and hear each sobbing cry
And moan.
We see the slowly waning ray of light,
And then we journey forth into the night—
Alone.
—Irene E. Benson.

THE SPENDTHRIFT.

HE left so little, did you say?
He had so brief a time to stay
'Twas hardly worth his while to gather
Dross of our little earthly day.

The things that other people prize
He gave to others, being wise;
Being so heavenly foolish, rather,
That kept his gains for paradise.

Hardly a keepsake did he leave,
And all his gold was fugitive.
He kept those things that will not perish.
For him the widow and orphan grieve.

He gave with a light laugh, indeed,
As he and gold were ill agreed.
Held it the poorest thing to cherish,
Save that it filled another's need.

He had his pilgrim's scrip of hope
And living waters in his cup.
The staff of faith that still suffices
The stumbling soul, to lift it up.

Being so soon a traveler,
Of earthly things he had no care,
But on the road that's paradise's
He went the lighter, being bare.
—Katharine Tynan.

No Doubt of It.

"He is certainly a good fellow who spends all he has."

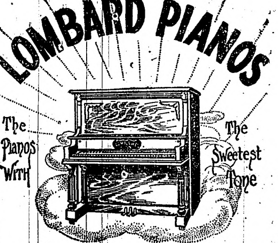
"Yes, and another thing."

"What?"

"He is a wise fellow who has all he spends."

TO THE TRADE:
Our Fall Stock is now complete
Our Shoes are sold with a Guarantee,
We have a special line of Boys' Shoes and Suits, for sale at very low prices
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

SPENT HUNDREDS OF DOLLARS

A Case of Terrible Kidney Trouble and How It Was Cured.

Charles E. Berg, 815 N. Sixth St., Walla Walla, Wash., says: "A sharp pain like the stab of a knife caught me while stooping and after that it was with me constantly. I became so bad I had to take to my bed. My face swelled and my kidneys were in terrible shape. I lost weight, and was bothered by dizzy spells. I spent hundreds of dollars without relief. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me permanently and I believe they saved my life."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S."

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Up-to-Date.

Uncle Mose, a plantation negro, was being asked about his religious affiliations.

"I's a preacher, sa," he said.

"Do you mean," asked the astonished questioner, "that you preach the Gospel?"

Mose felt himself getting into deep water.

"No, sah," he said. "Ah touches that subject very light."—Success Magazine.

Coachman Had to Earn Bequest.

A quaint paragraph appears in the will of Mrs. Julie Hall, of Brighton, England. At the reading of the will the other day it was found that she had bequeathed £100 to her coachman, provided he is in her service at her death, and "if I do not die through or from the effects of a carriage accident when he is the driver."

DISTEMPER

In all its forms among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cured and others in the same stable prevented from having the disease with SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 700,000 bottles sold last year. Best remedy for chicken cholera. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle, $5 and $10 the dozen. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers. Write for free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

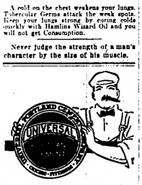
New Disappointment.

First Summer Girl—So you thought a man was coming?

Second Summer Girl—Yes; but as we got a closer view we saw it was only a bird.—Puck.

A cold on the chest weakens your lungs. Tubercular Germs attack the weak spots. Keep your lungs strong by curing colds quickly with Hamlins Wizard Oil and you will not get Consumption.

Never judge the strength of a man's character by the size of his muscle.



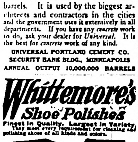
Cement Talk No. 5

The term "*barrels*" is usually used in speaking of quantities of *cement*. However, *cement* is seldom actually packed in barrels. A barrel is the unit of measure and simply means four sacks, each sack weighing 95 lbs. *Universal Portland Cement* is packed in paper or cloth sacks; in most cases cloth sacks are used. *Universal* is of the best quality of *Portland Cement* possible to manufacture. Forty million sacks are made and consumed yearly in this country. The railroads use hundreds of thousands of barrels. It is used by the biggest architects and contractors in the cities and the government uses it extensively in all departments. If you have any *concrete* work to do, ask your dealer for *Universal*. It is the best for *concrete* work of any kind.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c. [illegible]

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want send us the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
[illegible]

KODAK [illegible]

SEA ELEPHANTS REAL

Explorers Found One That Was 21 Feet Long.

Three Herds of These Animals Disprove Theory That They Were Extinct—Many Specimens Have Been Found.

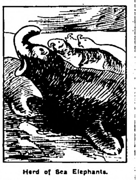
Los Angeles, Cal.—The recent American Museum of Natural History expedition to Lower California aboard the U. S. S. Albatross was the most fruitful and interesting scientific trip ever made in the southwest, and its discoveries are of inestimable value, according to P. I. Osburn of Pasadena, who acted as guide for the party. The cruise covered practically all the islands in the Gulf of California.

By far the most important find was made in a large hidden cove on Guadalupe island, where the scientists came upon three herds of sea elephants, about the present existence of which there has been serious doubt, many believing them to be extinct.

The first sea elephant seen was a gigantic bull lying prone on the sand under a towering cliff. As soon as he sighted the explorers he made for the water, but before he reached the edge he was shot by one of the naturalists in the boat, it being impossible to take him alive. This animal was the largest seen and measured about 21 feet in length. The weight was enormous.

The party managed to round up five live young sea elephants, and these were taken aboard. They did not show the well-developed elephant-like snout or trunk of the adults and resembled the California sea lion. They all showed fight and wallowed about the deck unceasingly. Their call, hard to describe, is a concert of sharp cries and barkings.

The largest herd of these water elephants comprise about fifty, of all ages and sizes, and they were lying high on the beach. They were so sluggish and inactive that the naturalists walked among them and made photographs and sketches. The fighting bulls let out hollow roars much like the terrifying ones of caged lions. At times they emitted from their mouths small clouds of white vapor and rolled their large black eyes. The eyes of the bulls were more than three inches in diameter.



Herd of Sea Elephants.

At Pichilinque island Osburn shot a black hare, found nowhere else in the world except on another island near by. These hares, coal black on top, inhabit the sea caves and the rocks of the cliffs and mesas. Hundreds of immense lizards, rare birds, fishes never before seen and an unclassified deer were taken.

BLOODHOUNDS AS TRACKERS

Conviction in a Kansas Murder Case Is Affirmed on Circumstantial Evidence.

Topeka, Kan.—Is the evidence obtained from the action of bloodhounds and the tracks of shoes sufficient to hold, where a man is convicted of murder? The Kansas supreme court has decided that it is, where the dogs have been proved to be accurate and reliable in following the trail of human footsteps.

In November, 1910, Joseph Anderson was shot and killed at his home in Graham county. Glen Adams lived six miles away, but he was known to have left his home early on the evening of the murder, returning early the next morning. Tracks about the home of Anderson gave the bloodhounds a good trail and they followed it to the Adams house. Shoe tracks at the Adams home and around Anderson's body corresponded with the shoes which Adams wore. The shoes and the bloodhounds afforded the only evidence adduced against Adams except some conflicting statements he made at the time of his arrest.

As a possible motive for the crime, it was brought out at the trial that Anderson had accused Adams and some other young men of breaking into a schoolhouse some time before.

White Girl Marries Negro.

Chicago.—Mrs. Mabel Arantz, 16 years old, white, was forcibly separated from Robert Arantz, 19 years old, a negro, to whom she was married, after they had eloped from Omaha, Neb. Arantz is under arrest and the girl, who clung to the colored youth's arm when he was being led to a cell, was sent to the police station annex.

Prefers Prison to Chicago.

Waupun, Wis.—Paroled after serving twelve years for murdering her husband, Mrs. Martin Thrush has voluntarily returned to state prison. She was released this spring and went to Chicago, but found the world so changed and so many friends dead, that she came back.

Deer Feeds With Cows.

Plymouth, N. H.—When Charles S. Milligan, a milk dealer, went for his cows he was surprised at seeing a young deer feeding with his herd near the pasture bars. The deer followed the herd to the barn, remaining there for two hours and eating hay.

DEATH BEFORE 100 YEARS IS SUICIDE

Prof. Munyon Says Ignorance of Laws of Health Explains Early End of Life.

NOTED SCIENTIST HAS ENCOURAGING WORD FOR DESPONDENT MEN AND WOMEN

"Death before 100 years of age has been reached is nothing more or less than slow suicide. A man (or woman) who dies at an earlier age is simply ignorant of the laws of health."

Such was the original and rather startling statement made by Professor James M. Munyon, the famous Philadelphia health authority, who is establishing health headquarters in all the large cities of the world for the purpose of getting in direct touch with his thousands of converts.

Professor Munyon is a living embodiment of the cheerful creed he preaches. Virile, well poised, active and energetic, he looks as though he would easily attain the century age limit which he declares is the normal one. He said:

"I want the people of the world to know my opinions on the subject of health, which are the fruit of a life-time devoted to healing the sick, people of America. There isn't a building in this city big enough to house the people in this State alone who have found health through my methods. Before I get through there won't be a building big enough to house my cured patients in this city alone.

"I want, most of all, to talk to the sick people—the invalids, the discouraged ones, the victims of nerve-wearing, body-racking diseases and ailments—for these are the ones to whom the message of hope which I bear will bring the greatest blessing.

"I want to talk to the rheumatics, the sufferers from stomach trouble, the ones afflicted with that noxious disease, catarrh. I want to tell my story to the women who have become chronic invalids as a result of nervous troubles. I want to talk to the men who are 'all run down,' whose health has been broken by overwork, improper diet, late hours and other causes, and who feel the creeping clutch of serious, chronic illness.

"To these people I bring a story of hope. I can give them a promise of better things. I want to astonish them by showing the record of cures performed through my new system of treatment.

"I have taken the best of the ideas from all schools and embodied them in a new system of treatments individually adapted to each particular case. I have no 'cure alls,' but my present method of attacking disease is the very best thought of modern science. The success which I have had with these treatments in this city and all over America proves its efficacy. Old methods must give away to new medical science moves. I know what my remedies are doing for humanity everywhere. I know what they will do for the people of this city. Let me prove my statements—that's all I ask."

The continuous stream of callers and mail that comes to Professor James M. Munyon at his laboratories, Fifty-third and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa., keeps Dr. Munyon and his enormous corps of expert physicians busy.

Professor Munyon makes no charge for consultation or medical advice; not a penny to pay. Address Prof. J. M. Munyon, Munyon's Laboratories, Fifty-third and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

When the Minister Scored.

In a contribution to the Christian Register, Thomas R. Slicer tells this: "Some men the other night, in conversation with me, knowing I was a minister—and it is the spirit of this time to put it up to a minister in terms at least of gentle satire—said: 'We have been discussing conscience,' and one of them said, I have given a definition of conscience; it is the vermicular apendix of the soul,' and they laughed. And I said, 'That is a good definition in your case; you never know you have it until it hurts you.' Then they did not laugh."

He who knows most grieves for wasted time.—Dante.

Accept your limitations. Seize your opportunities. Enjoy the good of the hour. Improve the bad and if you fail, let it drop.—J. S. Blackie.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Do not yield to misfortunes, but meet them with fortitude.—Virgil.

AFTER 7 YEARS SUFFERING

I Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Waurika, Okla.—"I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down, and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I got so bad that I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. In a short time I had gained my average weight and am now strong and well."—Mrs. SALLIE STEVENS, R. F. D., No. 8, Box 81, Waurika, Okla.

Another Grateful Woman.

Huntington, Mass.—"I was in a nervous, run down condition and for three years could find no help.

"I owe my present good health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier which I believe saved my life.

"My doctor knows what helped me and does not say one word against it."—Mrs. MARI JANETTE BATES, Box 134, Huntington, Mass.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, and nervous prostration.

Pettit's GOOD FOR Eye SORE EYES Salve

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Wash[illegible]

GREAT BELLS OF THE WORLD

Tsar Kolokel the Largest, but "Liberty Bell" Is Dearest to Hearts of Americans.

Philadelphia.—In the great drama of history bells have played a very prominent role. The bell most historical and most dear to all Americans is the "Liberty Bell" now in Philadelphia. The other nations of the world have bells as famous and dear to them in historic memory as our "Liberty Bell."

In Belfast, Ireland, there is a bell reputed to be 1,352 years old. It is said that the bell was bequeathed to a church in that city by St. Patrick. It is carefully preserved and ornamented with precious stones and filigree of gold and silver.

World's Largest Bell.

The largest bell in the world is known as the Tsar Kolokel. There is an interesting history surrounding it. When it had been cast, attempt was made to hang it so that it might be rung, but, by an unhappy chance, it broke from its supports and fell to the ground, wherein it made a great hole into which it sank and lay for many years. Finally, after more than a hundred years of oblivion, it was raised and placed in a public square in Moscow, where it now stands. This bell weighs more than 440,000 pounds, and is more than 19 feet in height and 60 feet in circumference.

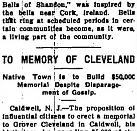
There is a bell in northern China which has been ringing without intermission for 100 years. The natives believe that at every stroke of the bell a devil is exorcised from their midst. A special tax has been levied to support those who make a business of ringing this bell. It is rung by a system of relay teams that keep replacing one another.

The history of bells is very interesting. They are usually connected with important periods in a nation's existence. They have inspired much of the world's best poetry. One of the most harmonic lyrics, "The Bells," by Edgar Allen Poe, was inspired by the ringing of church bells near his home. Father Prout's beautiful lyric, "The Bells of Shandon," was inspired by the bells near Cork, Ireland. Bells that ring at scheduled periods in certain communities become, as it were, a living part of the community.

TO MEMORY OF CLEVELAND

Native Town Is to Build $50,000 Memorial Despite Disparagement of Gossip.

Caldwell, N. J.—The proposition of influential citizens to erect a memorial to Grover Cleveland in Caldwell, his birthplace, by expending $5,000 of the municipal fund, and $45,000 to be collected elsewhere, promises to be a success, since Mrs. Cleveland has come forward with the assurance that recent gossip to the effect that the late president despised his native city is absolutely untrue.



Grover Cleveland's Birthplace.

Mrs. Cleveland wrote to the friends of the memorial project assuring them that her husband always spoke kindly of Caldwell, and her declaration is supported by a letter Mr. Cleveland wrote several years ago in which he referred to the town as a place dear to him.

Governor Woodrow Wilson has given his indorsement to the project.

BALD HEADS TRY SUN "CURE"

Thousands of Men Parade Bare Polls on Boardwalk at Atlantic City—Hair Soon Sprouts.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Somebody started a boardwalk rumor that sunshine combined with salt breezes would start hair growing on bald heads and thousands of bare polls have appeared in the daily promenades recently.

Men who formerly hid their shining scalps under the bushel of straw hats are shamelessly exhibiting their baldness to the grinning throngs in their faithful efforts to test the new cure.

According to the best authorities, the new "bald head cure" was discovered by "Tony" Biddle, a Philadelphian of pronounced baldness, who noticed that hair began to sprout after he had gone around in the sun without a hat at his Chelsea summer home for several days.

He is said to have communicated his supposed valuable discovery to friends, from whom it spread to others until a full third of the bald headed men of the resort are trying out the "cure."

WHEN THE LUCK CHANGED

Groceryman at Last Could Believe That Things Might Be Coming His Way.

George H. Earle, the Philadelphia financier, was talking in Washington about high—over high or rank—finance.

"There's a certain type of financier," said Mr. Earle, "who, in his greed for wealth, loses his humanity. He becomes, in fact, a fac simile of Peter Brown.

"Peter Brown was a Conshohocken grocer. He was delivering some groceries in his wagon one morning when he ran down and badly injured an old lady. The old lady sued him and got big damages. A few months later Brown was on his rounds again when he ran down and crippled an old man. The man also sued, and so large were the damages awarded him by a generous jury that poor Brown found himself actually on the verge of ruin.

"One morning about this time Brown's young son rushed into the shop in great excitement. 'Father!' he cried. 'Father! mother's been run over by old Gobsa Gold's 90-horse-power touring car.'

"The grocer's eyes filled with tears, and in a voice tremulous with feeling he exclaimed: 'Thank heaven, the luck's changed at last!'"

THE HAPPY MAN.

"Susie's getting married."
"Who's the happy man?"
"Her father."

"WHY SHOULD I USE CUTICURA SOAP?

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair live and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. 23 L, Boston, for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.

His Future Expenditures.

Among the most frequent requests that go to the United States senate are those asking some prominent member to give money to charity organizations, hospitals and other philanthropic undertakings. One day a charity worker asked Senator Flint of California, who is not a wealthy man, to give a large sum of money for a free ward in one of the hospitals.

"I am sorry that I cannot comply with your request," said the senator gravely; "but judging from the number of similar demands that have been made upon me in the past, I have decided that I can promote a greater charity. The vast amount of money spent on hospitals in this town convinces me that thousands of people are going to die and be buried without flowers. Hereafter, I shall devote my spare money exclusively to sending flowers to the dead."—The Sunday Magazine.

His Part in the Proceedings.

Clarence is a darky who is as proud of piloting Mr. Hillside's costly automobile as Mr. Hillside is of owning it. "Well, Clarence," said a neighbor, "I saw you in the Taft parade, but you didn't have the president in your car, I noticed." "No, sir," the chauffeur answered. "I didn't have the president, but I had a reporter, and I reckon Mr. Taft might have talked up there on the hill all night long and nobody in town would have knowed about it next day if it hadn't been for me and that reporter."—Exchange.

A LADY LECTURER

Feeds Nerves and Brains Scientifically.

A lady lecturer writes from Philadelphia concerning the use of right food and how she is enabled to withstand the strain and wear and tear of her arduous occupation. She says:

"Through improper food, imperfectly digested, my health was completely wrecked, and I attribute my recovery entirely to the regular use of Grape-Nuts food. It has, I assure you, proven an inestimable boon to me.

"Almost immediately after beginning the use of Grape-Nuts I found a gratifying change in my condition. The terrible weakness that formerly prostrated me for a few hours of work, was perceptibly lessened and is now only a memory—it never returns.

"Ten days after beginning on Grape-Nuts I experienced a wonderful increase in mental vigor and physical energy, and continued use has entirely freed me from the miserable insomnia and nervousness from which I used to suffer so much.

"I find Grape-Nuts very palatable and would not be without the crisp, delicious food for even a day on any consideration. Indeed, I always carry it with me on my lecture tours."

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are [illegible]

Twice Convicted.

Another lawyer's story arrives. We are told that a man was charged with picking a pocket the other day and that when arraigned he pleaded "guilty." The case went to the jury, however, and the verdict was "not guilty." And the court spake as follows:

"You don't leave this court without a stain on your character. By your own confession you are a thief. By the verdict of the jury, you are a liar."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A feeling of superiority is about all the satisfaction some people get out of being good.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Sincerity is the saving merit now and always.—Carlyle.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

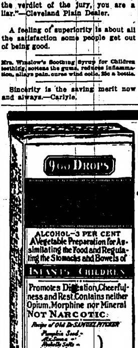
Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTERS
LITTLE
IVER
PILLS

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N. W. N. U., NO. 37-1911.


900 DROPS
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Aperfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

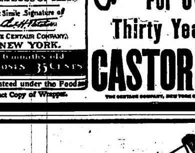
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Give Lenox Soap a trial and you will find that it is absolutely satisfactory for general household use.

The quality is high. The shape is convenient. The price is low.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W. L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W. L. Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

What Is Solvay Coke?

It is the best element of a mixture of superior coals—carefully selected for coking qualities. The patented Solvay process has removed every impurity, leaving practically pure carbon—a perfect fuel for household use.

Buy Milwaukee

Solvay Coke

"The Fuel Without a Fault"

It can be used in any furnace, range, stove or grate suitable for coal and does not burn out fire-pots or grates. It is smokeless, sootless, clean and healthful—leaves no ashes to sift. It is cheaper than hard coal and goes farther.

3,000 dealers in the Northwest sell Milwaukee Solvay Coke. Write us for folder and name of nearest dealer.

[illegible]

A L Hanson c-o State Capitol

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1911. NUMBER 11.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

Commerce of the United States with foreign countries was prosperous with a balance of trade for the month of more than $18,000,000 in favor of American business men. With exports of $144,241,515, August this year made a new record for the month surpassing August exports in all previous years and August of a year ago by almost $10,000,000.

Sergeant-at-Arms Jackson of the house of representatives appointed a delegation from that body to attend the funeral of Representative J. T. Latta in Tekamah, Neb. The delegation included all of Representative Latta's colleagues in the house from Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado, besides Representatives Pepper of Iowa, Boober of Missouri, Floyd of Arkansas, Davenport, Ferris and Carter of Oklahoma.

Interstate carriers are responsible in damages to shippers for loss to the latter through the misrouting of shipments. This principle was laid down by the Interstate Commerce commission in deciding the case of W. C. Sterling & Son company of Monroe, Mich., against the Michigan Central railroad and other carriers. The decision practically reverses a previous holding of the commission.

Arrangements for the largest timber sale ever made by the government, involving 60,000,000 board feet of merchantable timber, nine-tenths of it yellow pine, are being made by the departments of agriculture and interior. The timber must be sold to the highest bidder. This sale will bring the government from $1,500,000 to $2,000,000, as no bid of less than $2.50 per thousand will be accepted for the first five years of the contract, nor less than $3.00 per thousand for that cut later.

General.

Vienna had a serious riot, brought on by the high cost of living.

The strike of Illinois Central shopmen has been averted.

Cholera has a grip on the Ottoman empire from end to end.

Cheng Tu, China, is undergoing a siege at the hands of rebels.

Aviator Rodgers left New York for San Francisco, being the third to enter the contest.

The crater of Etna is emitting ashes and lava, and peole in the vicinity of the eruption are in panic.

Reports from Maine indicate that there is a majority in favor of retaining prohibition.

Moving pictures of the Beattie trial were stopped at Jacksonville, Fla., and several other places.

Premier Stolypin of Russia was shot and probably fatally wounded while attending an opera at Kiev.

Governors of states voted to unite in a protest to the supreme court against the Sanborn decision.

The report of the bethrothal of Paul F. Bradley of Illinois, a law clerk of the interstate commerce commission, was appointed assistant attorney general of Porto Rico.

President Charles Barrett, of the national famers' union, declared at the union cotton growers' convention that a France-German syndicate has guaranteed any amount of money up to $75,000,000 toward financing the south's cotton crop.

At Washington Representative Charles D. Carter of Oklahoma was named defendant in a $10,000 damage suit filed by Samuel Gerber, a salesman, on account of an alleged assault by Carter in a downtown store.

Fears for the health of Miss Clara Barton, founder of the American Red Cross society, who has been ill at her home at Oxford, are not well founded, according to a statement issued by her nephew, S. E. Barton.

News was brought by the Orteric that the Japanese naval authorities have decided to abolish the naval station at Port Arthur in favor of Chinhai Bay, Korea. The officials at Port Arthur have been notified.

Massafra, in the Italian province of Lecce, where, according to information, mobs burned the cholera hospital and carried the cholera stricken patients through the streets, was declared under martial law.

The first woman ever to enter the diplomatic service of any country in the world is Miss Clothilde Luise, who has been appointed by the president of Uruguay as an attache of the Uruguayan legation at Brussels, Belgium.

The convention of the national association of mutual insurance companies chose W. B. Straut of Lincoln, Nebr., as president.

According to the orders of the Iowa commission of health, Iowa live stock will be protected from disease in the future by the most stringent set of rules in force in the U. S.

The first presidency of the Mormon church at Salt Lake has exposed an alleged attempt to blackmail the church authorities by the sale and exhibition of a series of photographs of alleged interior scenes in the Mormon temple.

At this writing over 100,000 men are engaged in army maneuvering in Germany.

Five burglars looted a bank of New Westminster, B. C., of over a quarter million dollars.

J. J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway, celebrated his seventy-third birthday on the 16th.

Carl Morris, the white hope, was outfought in his ten-round battle with Jim Flynn at New York.

John D. Rockefeller's protest that the appraisal on his Forest Hill estate is too high was ignored.

In an extended review of the case, President Taft exonerates Dr. Wiley and finds no cause for his resignation.

Swindler S. A. Potter is believed to have had a plan to catch London men for half a million by a "salted" mine.

At Mounds, Ill, Agent McKnight of the Illinois Central railway was shot to death in the street by City Policeman Walbridge.

At Des Moines, Ia., Judge Smith McPherson in federal court dissolved the temporary injunction obtained recently by the express companis of Iowa against the State Railroad commission.

The anniversary of Mexico's declaration of independence was celebrated at Mexico City, the feature of the program being a parade of the military, reviewed by President De La Barra.

The will of Ole Cloven, a bachelor farmer of Iowa, just made public, leaves $50,000 for the erection of a home for aged poor in the center of his large farm. Only $1,000 is left to relatives.

The minister of education, M. Hazba, carrying out the new government's policy of interior development, announced that two new imperial universities accommodating a total of 1,000 students would be opened in Japan.

Ending unromantically a courtship of several months, Mrs. L. J. Sperry, a widow aged 65, filed suit in the district court at Lawrence, Kansas, against James D. Faxon, 69 years old, alleging breach of promise and asking $10,000 damages.

William B. Cox, aged 35, of Ocean City was killed and Harry B. Smith of Cape May and two women were seriously injured when the automobile in which they were riding struck a railroad track between this city and Wildwood. The speedometer on the wrecked machine indicated that they had been traveling at the rate of sixty-five miles an hour.

George Kimmel, convict whom it is said the New York Life Insurance company spent $10,000 to locate, and who claims to be George A. Kimmel of Niles, Mich., was released from Auburn prison, and left for Niles to establish his identity. The insurance company maintains that he is Kimmel and declines to pay $25,000 life insurance.

Joseph G. Cannon, a New York banker, who is one of the ninety-seven financiers and clergymen who are directing the "Men and Religion Forward" movement, gave a dinner to twenty trained Christian workers who are to open a new crusade to evangelize the American continent in Minneapolis on October 2. The movement, which has been taking form for some time, is called the most ambitious religious crusade since the days of the Reformation.

The captain and fifteen of the crew of the German bark Thekla which was wrecked last July on the rocks of Staten island, near Terra Del Fuego, arrived at Punta Arenas Chile, on board a transport. They had spent nearly two months on a desert island.

Congressman Latta of the Third Nebraska district, died in the hospital at Rochester, Minn., where he had undergone an operation. He was 67 years years old. His successor will be chosen at the November election. Burial took place at his home in Tekamah.

The death of Congressman Latta means that at the coming November election his successor must be chosen. Had the Tekamah man's death occurred within thirty days of the November election the place could have been filled by appointment by Governor Aldrich.

Five governors of western states that have conferred the electoral franchise upon women—Hawley of Idaho, Spry of Utah, Carey of Wyoming, Hay of Washington and Shafroth of Colorado—were participants in a largely attended meeting in the interests of woman suffrage at Cooper union, New York.

Rallo B. Jackson of Newton, Ia., filed a complaint with the Interstate Commerce commissionagainst the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company, complaining against charges exacted on a carload of poultry from Newton to Chicago.

Personal.

Ex-Senator Thomas H. Carter of Montana died at his home in Washington.

Aviator Fowler left San Francisco on his transcontinental trip.

David Smith, an early Omaha pioneer, died in the east.

Women are gradually forcing their way into the field of aviation.

The conference of governors showed strength for the rights of states.

President Taft, on his long journey, made the first stop at Syracuse, N. Y.

Twenty-nine governors attended the meeting at Spring Lake, N. J.

The tariff board is working hard to make up its report.

Ex-President Roosevelt has attended some sessions of the New York juvenile court.

President Taft will not ask for resignation of Dr. Wiley, pure food expert.

OLYMPICRAMMED

WORLD'S LARGEST LINER COLLIDES WITH CRUISER AFTER LEAVING SOUTHAMPTON.

NO PASSENGERS INJURED

Boat Is Damaged and Is Forced to Put Back to Port—Vessel Crowded With American Tourists on Way Home From Europe.

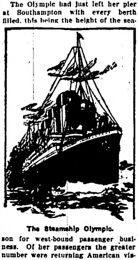
Cowes, Isle of Wight, England.—The White Star line steamer Olympic was in collision near Osbborne bay with the British cruiser Hawke. The Olympic was struck on the starboard quarter, where a large hole was smashed in. She is reported to have started back for Southampton. The Hawke has also left port for the south under her own steam. The numerous passengers are in no danger.

Following the collision the cruiser Hawke signalled to the naval authorities at Portsmouth for assistance, and tugs were sent.

Among the passengers on the Olympic are: William Waldorf Astor, George F. Baker, W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central; Chas. F. Bryan, Richard Croker, Jr., Frederick P. Duryea, George F. Ida, Justice Leaman, Clarence MacKay, Felix Warburg, Harry Payne Whitney, Harry Widener and Frank A. Munsey.

Every Berth Filled.

The Olympic had just left her pier at Southampton with every berth filled, this being the height of the season for west-bound passenger business. Of her passengers the greater number were returning American visitors to Europe. Not only were there throngs of them aboard from London and other English cities, but from all over Europe tourists had been gathering at Southhampton to take the world's largest vessel to the home country.


The Steamship Olympic.

The big steamer was rammed flush on her starboard quarter by the steel prow of the warship. Perfect discipline was maintained on board. The collision signal was given, the bulkheads automatically closed by the electrical machinery and the lifeboats and rafts were manned while the stateroom and deck stewards reassured the passengers.

Cruiser Able to Proceed.

The bow of the Hawke was badly crumpled, but her forward compartment held and she was able to proceed to Portsmouth under her own steam, but attended by a convoy of tugs.

Temporary repairs were made to the Olympic and then, with her pumps going to hold the water in check, she was dragged off by the accompanying fleet of attendant vessels and started for Southampton in tow, where a dry dock was hurriedly made ready to receive her.

HARVESTER SUIT DELAYED.

Government Ready to Permit Company to Readjust Organization.

Washington, Sept. 21. — That the government is ready to permit the International Harvester company voluntarily to readjust its organization to conform to recent interpretations of the Sherman laws has become known here. Pending the result of conferences between Attorney General Wickersham and attorneys for the company, the threatened dissolution suit is being delayed.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 21.—Wheat, September, $1.03½; Dec., $1.07⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 2 northern, $1.02½; No. 1 durum, 96½c; No. 3 corn, 66c; No. 3 white oats, 43½c; barley, malting, $1.14; No. 2 rye, 84c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.46.

Duluth, Sept. 21.—Wheat, September, $1.02¾; December, $1.06; No. 1 northern, $1.02; No. 1 durum, $1.00.

South St. Paul, Sept. 21.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@4.75; cows, $3.40@4.50; calves, $3.25@7.75; hogs, $6.60@7.00; sheep, spring lambs, $3.25@5.25.

CAR STRIKE IS SHORT.

Detroit Cars Start After Eighteen Hours' Tieup.

Detroit, Michigan. — After tying up the street car system eighteen hours, the strike of the Detroit United railway employes was settled by arbitration. The employes accepted a new wage schedule of 22 cents an hour for the first six months, 27½ cents for the next year and 29½ cents thereafter. The rate was within a half cent of that originally demanded.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

SWEDISH PASTORS APPOINTED.

Ministers Are Assigned to Churches at Close of Northern Conference.

Minneapolis.—Rev. August Bongfeldt, of Litchfield, Minn., was appointed to the pastorate of the Second Swedish M. E. church, Minneapolis, by Bishop McIntyre, at the close of the eighteenth annual session of the Northern Swedish conference. The session was held in the First Swedish M. E. church. Rev. C. H. Sundstrom was retained as pastor of the First church. Rev. Mr. Bongfeldt succeeds Rev. William Lundin.

A Swedish historical society, organized for the purpose of studying Swedish Methodism from its birth, was formed.

Rev. C. F. Edwards was reappointed superintendent of the Minneapolis district. Following are the appointments to churches in the Minneapolis district: Afton, Scandia and Siren, Rev. Andrew Nelson; Aitkin, Brainerd and Fleming Lake, Rev. T. G. Olson; Atlas, Rev. Axel J. Anderson; Atwater and Rosendale, Rev. A. G. Hultgren; Belgrade, Colfax and Melby, Rev. A. F. Peterson; Grasston circuit, Rev. A. M. Rice; Hamlin and North Dakota Mission, Rev. O. E. Schmidt; Hector and Palmars, Rev. O. F. Shallman; Lafayette and Clear Lake, Rev. O. N. Hildeton; Lindstrom, Rev. Fred Stromberg; Litchfield and Maynard Lake, Rev. Carl E. Dahl; Little Falls, Rev. G. E. Peterson; Lund circuit, Rev. C. N. Holmberg; Minneapolis, First church, Rev. C. H. Sundstrom; Second church, Rev. August Bongfeldt, and North Mission, Rev. Gustaf Nelson; Oak Park and Louriston, Rev. L. G. Edgren; Ortonville, Rev. T. Livingstone and C. E. Dahl; Red Wing, Rev. J. A. Forsbuerg; St. Paul, Arlington Hills church, Rev. E. A. Wahlquist, and First church, Rev. Andrew Anderson; Stillwater and Marine, to be supplied; Vasa and White Rock, Rev. Ludwig Pehdson; Willmar, Rev. Theodore Livingstone; Winthrop and Mankato, Rev. Carl A. Holmes.

The place of meeting for the conference next year has not been determined.

TAWNEY DUE FOR PROMOTION.

May Succeed to Chairmanship Held by Late Former Senator Carter.

Washington.— Former Representative James A. Tawney of Minnesota may become chairman of the American section of the international boundary waterways commission, as a result of the death of Thomas H. Carter of Montana. With the death of Senator Carter, Mr. Tawney becomes the ranking member of the commission. The new chairman probably will be elected as soon as the vacancy on the commission caused by Senator Carter's death is filled.

NEW RICHLAND IMPROVING.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Gives the Town a New Station.

New Richland.—This place now considers itself in advance of other stations along the line of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, the company having just completed a fine new station here. Last winter the editor of a local paper took the initiative and caused the old station to be condemned by the railroad and warehouse commission, because it had but one waiting room. Two are required, and the new structure is properly equipped.

VICTIM OF A JOKE.

Sleepy Eye Woman Has Offers of Marriage by the Score.

Sleepy Eye.—Mrs. Mary L. Conley, widow of Dan Conley, is daily receiving letters and photographs from men all over the Northwest, offering themselves on the altar of matrimony, as the result of an advertisement which recently appeared in a Duluth paper, and which was unauthorized and evidently inserted by someone as a joke. This advertisement said that "M. D. C." a widow of 45, box 104, Sleepy Eye, desired to secure a husband.

BANK CASES CONTINUED.

Royalton and Bowlus Men Will Not Have Hearing Until the 26th.

Little Falls.—The hearing of H. A., H. J. and Stephen Schwartz, officers of the Royalton State bank, charged with receiving deposits after they knew the institution was insolvent, came up, but was continued until Sept. 26. The case of O. H. Havill, a former officer of the Royalton bank and of the Bowlus bank, also was continued until the same date.

LINDBERGH LAUDS INSURGENTS

Recall Urged in Little Falls Speech.—Thrust at Sanborn Decision.

Little Falls, Minn., Sept. —An ardent plea for the initiative, referendum and recall, as the first means of the people securing privileges that are rightfully theirs, definitions of progressives and "standpatters," and a thrust at the recent Sanborn rate decision were features of a speech by [illegible] son County fair here.

$100,000 FIRE AT DULUTH.

Huge Lumber Plant Destroyed—250 Men Out of Work.

Duluth. — One of the most disastrous fires that has occurred in Duluth during the last year, raged for four hours when the Scott-Graff Lumber Company plant was almost destroyed.

The damage is estimated at $100,000 and is full covered by insurance. When the fire was discovered by a watchman, it was a small blaze on the top of an engine room. However, it spread rapidly to the planing mill and the dry kiln, and before the fire company could reach the place, the flames had spread from one end of the building to the other, and threatened to consume the whole plant, the mills on the waterfront and the lumber yards.

A general alarm was sent in and every engine in the city and one from Superior was soon on the ground The department turned its efforts to saving the main buildings and the sash and door factory. In the meantime the sparks had set fire to the lumber yard a block away, but the flames were soon checked.

The company employs about 250 men who will be turned out of work temporarily. The plant will be rebuilt.

NEW MANAGER AT WINONA.

Winona.—Howard Morris of Milwaukee, receiver for the Winona Railway & Light Company, has appointed R. M. Howard of Clinton, to succeed W. J. Kelch of Oshkosh, as manager at Winona. Mr. Howard has been connected with the Green Bay Gaslight & Street Railway Company and has had twenty years' experience in electrical work. Mr. Kelch and Mr. Howard have returned from a visit to the big power plant at Hatfield, which furnishes light and power for Winona and La Crosse. They are of the opinion it can be made into a good paying proposition when additional water storage is provided.

Boy Fixing Target Is Killed.

Moose Lake.—While Floyd Ireland, aged 15 years, son of H. Ireland of this village, was adjusting a target at which he and companions were about to shoot, Victor King, aged 14 years, who held a small rifle, accidentally discharged the gun and the Ireland boy was shot dead. The King boy ran to the village, a half mile from the scene of the shooting, and reported the accident. Medical aid was sent at once, but it was found that the bullet had entered the Ireland boy's back, causing instant death.

Two Have Knife Wounds.

Moorhead.—Frank Grover, who was stabbed by W. N. Little, is alive, but whether or not he can live is a question. Little was arraigned, but the case was continued until Wednesday to await the result of Grover's wounds. William Whalen, a thresher, is in a serious condition as a result of a knife thrust ten inches long, said to have been inflicted by Jacob Kerner near Pettibone, N. D. It is stated that Kerner was drunk when he attacked Whalen. The latter's recovery is doubtful.

Improvements at Mankato Normal.

Mankato.—Work is in progress upon the building that is to hold the detached heating plant for the state normal school. Improvements are also being made on the main building. A new office is being fitted up in the elementary school for the new director; 400 new steel lockers are being installed for girl students; several recitation rooms have been renovated, and a new laboratory prepared for Professor Trafton, the new teacher of agriculture and physiography.

Farmers Fined for Selling Poor Milk.

Mankato.—As a result of the recent activity of the State Dairy and Food commission in this section, two farmers living near the city, A. J. Spaulding and A. A. Schmitt, paid fines of $15 and costs each for selling milk that was not up to the required standard. The complaint was made by Inspector O. A. Holquist. The farmers expressed surprise that they were selling poor milk and pleaded ignorance of the law.

Boy Kills Companion.

Moose Lake.—Floyd Ireland, a boy of 16, was shot dead here by Victor King, a companion, age 14. The boys were shooting at a target and young Ireland fired upon it and went to inspect his shot. The rifle, left in King's hands, was accidentally discharged, the bullet entering Ireland's back and penetrating the heart. The parents of the boys are well-known residents of this place.

Lawler Files For Senator.

St. Paul. — Former Mayor Daniel W. Lawler of St. Paul, filed his affidavit with the secretary of state as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for United States senator next year. He filed under the new Keefe law which provides that the candidates for the legislature may sign a statement promising to vote for the candidate for senator who receives the highest popular vote. Mr. Lawler will start on a tour of the state soon and expects to visit every county by the [illegible]

The HOME DEPARTMENT

JAPANESE IDEA BEST

FLOWERS SHOULD NEVER BE CROWDED INTO BOWLS.

One Perfect Blossom More Beautiful Than a Bunch—How to Obtain Artistic Effects in House Decoration.

The most artistic effects with cut flowers are had by selecting the jar holding them with regard for the blossoms themselves and using only a few flowers at a time. The mistake made by a girl who is not in the habit of fixing flowers for the house, is to crowd the bowls and vases. The Japanese idea, which is fast gaining ground here, that one perfect flower by itself is more beautiful than a bunch of the same, may be demonstrated by any girl to her own satisfaction.

Invaluable in gaining artistic effects are those small iron rings which, dropped into a flat dish or bowl, serve as a support for the stem, so that each flower will stand without resting against the sides of the receptacle. These iron or bronze rings are to be had in all flower shops and almost wherever brass pots are sold. They are shaped in various forms, sometimes being turtles with punctured back, triangles, circles, crescents, etc. All are inexpensive.

It is a small turtle, and the tiniest copper bowl, upon which one girl relies for the finishing touch on the table in her own sitting room. The bowl is three inches high and about the same distance across the opening. It tapers slightly to the base, and is lined with transparent enamel. In this rests always a turtle about two inches long. Into his back is thrust the floral burden, beginning in the spring with jonquils. Three jonquils with a few sprays of their own foliage make a most charming effect. Later two irises are enough at a time, for they are of large size, and more would be confusing to the eye. Wild flowers of various kinds are used when they can be had, and if the stems are too small it is a simple matter to pack the hole with a little foliage crushed in. It is not unsightly and makes the stem firm. A small bunch of mignonette, thrust into one hole of the turtle, the turtle then being in a shallow green dish, suggests a little green fountain with a pool beneath.

Almost without exception garden flowers look better in china and metal receptacles than in cut glas. Nothing lovelier can be imagined than white and blue larkspur in a low copper bowl or a brass jar; in glass it does not begin to be as effective. The same is true of other out of door blooms. Brass and copper, especially the latter, when polished, add a most delicate note to the color scheme.

It is a mistake to mix flowers when arranging them. Generally speaking, they are infinitely lovelier if each kind is kept by itself. There are, however, some which are more effective in combination, as, for example, mignonette. The latter is nice with any flowers not having foliage, as it supplies the required green.

Female Labor Preferred.

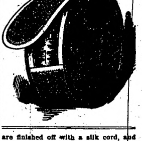
In the German textile industry the tendency is to use female in place of male labor.

CASE FOR THE HAIR BRUSHES

Any Material That Is Strong May Be Made Use Of for This Valuable Appurtenance.

This is a useful case for men's hair brushes, and it may be carried out in any fairly strong material. It must in a measure be specially made for the particular brushes it is destined to contain, as brushes of this kind vary in shape and size, and the case should fit them closely.

Two oval pieces of cardboard should be cut out just a trifle larger in size than the back of the brush, and smoothly covered with the material that has been selected. The brushes can then be placed together and in this way the width of the case determined. This portion of the case should be lined, and have an interlining of thin cardboard to stiffen it. The flap, which lifts up for the insertion of the brushes, is bound at the edge with narrow ribbon, and fastens with a button and buttonhole. The edges of the case are finished off with a silk cord, and initials or some pretty little floral design may be worked on either side. For ordinary use upon the dressing table or for traveling purposes, a case of this kind is always handy and helps to keep the brushes clean and free from dust.



Pomades and Hair Oils.

Some people have such dry hair that they are obliged to use pomades to prevent it from breaking off.

The use of liquid vaseline is highly recommended.

Inferior pomatums cause or hasten the loss of hair. Therefore, unless you can procure the very best from a well-known druggist, prepare them yourself.

The grease and the oils which are used, to be preserved from growing rancid, must go through a suitable process. Put in a brain-marie 200 grams of fat or marrow, with six grams of powdered benzoin and six grams of pulverized balm of tolu. Stir constantly with a wooden spatula. After two hours of hard boiling, strain through a bit of linen. Benzoic acid possesses the quality of preventing the fat to which it has been added from becoming rancid.

Bordered Chiffons.

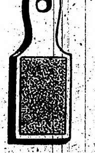
Bordered chiffons can be used for many things, but are especially good for attractive little blouses of simple line. A surplice arrangement with a short kimono sleeve is a design often chosen for such material.

Persian or flowered chiffons are made up without veiling and are trimmed with flat round collars of baby Irish or fine filet net.

TO SHARPEN THE PENCILS

Capital Little Contrivance That Will at All Times Save Much Time and Worry.

Anyone who is in the habit of using pencils frequently, knows how difficult it is to obtain a nice, fine point to the lead with a pen knife, to say nothing of the dirty state it generally leaves one's fingers in. The lead also often breaks in the process, considerably shortening the length of the life of the pencil.



We give, therefore, a sketch of a capital little contrivance on which the lead of a pencil may be sharpened to the finest possible point with the [illegible] be made in a few moments, with very little trouble, and will be found especially useful to art students and others.

It consists of a thin piece of wood three or four inches in length, cut square at one end and the other end is shaped to form a kind of handle. In this handle a circular hole is cut by which the sharpener may be hung up on a nail if desired.

On the square part a piece of fine sand paper is glued, and by rubbing the lead of the pencil on this paper the most perfect point may be obtained.

The sharpener from which our sketch was made was of bass wood of a quarter of an inch in thickness and four or five inches in length and two inches in width.

The sand paper will last a very long time, and when it has become a little worn, it will serve its purpose even better than when quite new, and it can, of course, be easily replaced when it becomes too worn.

Lace-Trimmed Hats.

One of the notes on millinery is the flat lace trimming on the largest brimmed hats of tagal or chip.

If you are fortunate enough to have laid by a handsome piece of broad lace—it only requires about half a yard—lay it flat over the round crown of your hat and fasten it down to the brim on one side with a broad buckle and on the other side by a large rosette of mixed flowers or tiny blossoms set about with a row of leaves.

Large hats have returned to their own again; the small round ones are not sufficiently becoming to the [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

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Apply to.....
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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 23, 1911.

The official canvass of the vote on the repeal of prohibition in Maine gives the "wets" a majority of 20.

The balloon could not ascend at the fair on Wednesday on account of the high wind, and on Thursday it could not be inflated, so it did not go up at all.

The latest report from the Canadian elections state that reciprocity failed to carry. After the keenest election in the history of Canada the conservatives won out.

Because his views regarding suppression of the liquor traffic among the Indians did not coincide with those of the officials of the federal bureau of Indian affairs, W. E. (Pussyfoot) Johnson, chief special liquor officer of the bureau, has resigned.

There's a bit of talk which credits Andy Stephens with a desire to become a member of the state board of control. 'Tis said that he has his eye fixed on Ringdahl's place and is hoping to see that gentleman deposed. It would be a pity to exchange a Ringdahl for a Stephens, but politics does queer turns sometimes.—Northfield News.

Don't Wait

For your own welfare more than that of the teachers I want to urge those who intend to enroll in the schools this year to enveavor to do so at the earliest date possible. This does not pertain in any sense to the compulsory education law. Most people realize that it is only designed to reach the children whose parents do not appreciate or who neglect the welfare of their children.

But others who are seeking school for the good they get out of it, and not with the purpose of complying with a law, feel that they can do better by working now and perhaps catch up with the work through the winter months. I would impress upon these the fact that the basis for work in any subject is laid at the beginning of the year; and what those who stay away from school at the beginning lose, the others can not be expected to go over a second time. So plan as nearly as possible to take up the work at the beginning of the year, and avoid the well nigh impossible task of getting the last half of a subject after having lost the first. We are anxious to have as many as possible enroll.

I may add that sickness is really about the only legitimate excuse for absence, and by special effort we may lessen that. It is difficult to see any reasonable excuse for tardiness. This year we have an enrollment of 124. Let us try to make the average attendance 120 at least. It is to our mutual interest and to the special advantage of those who do not always see their own best interests. Visitors to school are welcome; and we shall consider it a sign of your interest in our (pupils' and teachers') endeavors.

A. J. BARSNESS.

A Famous Engineer

Some of the excuses made by the government engineers at St. Paul for not compelling the lumber companies to take their log jam out of Red Lake river are very amusing. One duck by name of Joice who is of course in the pay of the government, with perhaps a little on the side from logging companies, was sent up to investigate the conditions and only got as far as Thief River Falls, where he said he got a great deal of information (probably at the mill company's office) that the trouble was that Red lake had sunk three and one-half feet below its normal summer level, a condition that has not been known before for forty-two years.

Well, would not that report make a man that knows the true situation smile? We have heard that there were some pretty big liars in Thief River Falls, but the man that told that story deserves a place at the head of the class. Stand aside all you noted liars and allow him to go to the head. However, the facts are before the proper officials to take action to get a hole through that log jam, and until they have had time to act we shall refrain from publishing any more of the facts, but if those whose duty it is to open that jam show that they will not do their duty we shall place the facts before the people as they are, and will not call an old black kettle white.—Sunbeam.

Red Lake County Fair

The Red Lake county fair, held at Red Lake Falls Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, might with perfect propriety be termed a grand success. This was the first fair in that place and an immense amount of work was required to put the grounds in shape; but it was done. Fences, sheds, and stalls were built, and the grounds got into creditable shape. The exhibits of vegetables, grains, and grasses, and the women's and educational departments were housed in a large tent.

The attendance on Wednesday was said to be larger than the attendance on the big day of the Crookston fair. The farmers and others had shown their interest and every stall was filled with animals and every corner where an exhibit might be placed was doubly occupied. A curly cress, raised by Hans Wilson of this place and entered by Charles Nelson took first prize.

The ball game between St. Hilaire was won by the Terrebonne team with a score of 7 to 2. The St. Hilaire team had two players from Thief River Falls, while the Terrebonne team had the services of Garceau the pitcher, and Kelfenheim, one of the best all round players of the Red Lake Falls team.

In the running race on Wednesday the black horse owned by Victor Brink of this place got first place and a horse entered by Louis Sihff of Red Lake Falls took second. The same horses ran again Thursday, with the same result.

Otto Johnson's team, driven by Mrs. Henry Olson of this place, took second prize in the exhibition drive for ladies.

The Boss Kicker

The giraffe is the boss kicker of the universe, and his accuracy in kicking is marvelous. The explanation is that the eye of the giraffe is so placed that he can see equally as well behind as in front. In a kicking contest the much touted mule would come off about as well as the ordinary beers would in a, contest with golden grain belt beers, so perfect in purity and digestive value, that they make friends everywhere. Don't put off a trial. Get some now, Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston or of your dealer.

THE GRACEFUL ANTELOPE.

He Seems Born of Light and Nursed In the Lap of the Wind.

For me there have been no fairer days than when the antelope skimmed the plain with legs nebulous with speed on that low, gentle canter whose deceptive motion left the best aimed bullet far behind. For the antelope is the only large animal that is wholly spirituelle. Graceful as he may seem when spurning the ground and swinging high over rocks and brush, to rebound like a ball at the next touch of earth, there is still something earthly about the deer. But the antelope seems born of light and nursed in the lap of the wind. All his movements show that he was meant for the air rather than the earth. Though Nature made a slight change in giving him legs instead of wings, she made no mistake, and her work has always been the wonder and love of the hunter. When troubles arise the deer takes to the harbor of the hills, but the antelope steers for the open sea. The farther the plain sweeps wide and free the more this gay rover loves its safety, and a run that to the deer would mean death is to him only a "breather" that warms him up to the race. Whether illumining the horizon like a shooting star in the clear morning air of the great plain or looming high, like a stilted ghost in the mirage of glowing midday, he is the most charming of all things that run, and his passing has left a great void that nothing can fill. The few that are left, protected as they are, give no idea of the effect produced on a lover of the open by one of the great bands of the days that were, strung out in a film almost like vapor with distance and speed, and vanishing as if in air over the land's outlying verge.—T. S. Van Dyke in Recreation.

The Measure of a Woman's Wit.

There are three ways by which a woman's brain
Can well be measured. One is by the fit
Of boot or shoe. A size that gives her pain
Proves her deficient in the thing called wit.

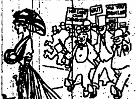
A waist so girded that its span appears
A waspike structure shows her stupid quite.
But when her head must put on sundry tiers
To wear her hat—all sense has taken flight.

—L. S. Waterhouse in New York Life.

The Real Advantage.

John Bright used to tell how a barber who was cutting his hair once said to him: "You 'ave a large 'ead, sir. It is a good thing to 'ave a large 'ead, for a large 'ead means a large brain, and a large brain is the most useful thing a man can 'ave, as it nourishes the roots of the 'air."—Sacred Heart Review.

Needs to Be Careful.



"That girl has a lot of money."
"Then she would better look out."
"Why?"
"She is likely to have a job lot of husbands if she doesn't [illegible]

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

DREAM INSPIRATION.

Intellectual Achievements Born of Visions In Sleep.

It is well known, says H. Addington Bruce in Success Magazine, that dreams have stimulated men to remarkable intellectual achievements and have even supplied the material for these achievements. Thus Coleridge composed "Kubla Khan" in a dream. Tartini got his "Devil's Sonata" from a dream in which the devil appeared and challenged him to a musical competition. It was a dream that gave Voltaire the first canto of his "Henriade," and Dante's "Divina Commedia" is likewise said to have been inspired by a dream.

Many novelists on their own admission have obtained the plots for some of their best works from materials provided in dreams. A particularly impressive instance is that of Robert Louis Stevenson, whose "Chapter on Dreams" in his book "Across the Plains" should be read by all who would learn what dreams can do for a man intellectually. The solution of baffling mathematical problems, the ideas necessary to complete some invention, have been supplied by dreams. Occasionally the dreamer has been known to rise in his sleep and jot down the information thus acquired.

In such cases he usually forgets all about the helpful dream and on awaking is greatly surprised at finding the record he has made of it, which shows that—as with the visions so potently influencing health—it is possible for dreams to aid a man in an intellectual way without his being consciously aware of them.

Bird's Milk.

"I fed him with bird's milk." This curious expression was used by the old sultan of Turkey, while a prisoner on his way to Saloniki, with reference to his brother Mohammed, his predecessor on the throne. Abdul Hamid was lamenting his own fate and telling his captors how little he deserved it and how kind he had been to his brother. "I fed him with bird's milk," he said, as if that were the greatest kindness he could show. What is bird's milk? Not the Turkish equivalent of the milk of human kindness, but a European brand of condensed milk bearing on the can a picture of a bird on a nest.

His Conundrum.

"Mistah Walkah, kin yo' tell me de diff'unce 'tween a cold in de head an' a—a chicken coop wit' a hole in de rufe?"

"No, Sam; that's a hard one. What is the difference between a cold in the head and a chicken coop with a hole in the roof?"

"De one am a case o' influenzo, an' de udlah am a case o' out flew hens, suh."

"Ladies and gentlemen, the vocal wonder, Professor Wabbles Izzeers, will now sing the popular ballad entitled 'The Lips That Caress a Stogy Shall Never Touch Mine.'"—Chicago Tribune.

What's In a Name.

Returned Traveler—By the way, Mr. Mann, your daughter, Miss Etta, is married, isn't she? Old Resident—No; she could have married a fine young fellow once, but she threw him over on account of his name. She said it was bad enough to be Etta Mann, but she drew the line at Etta Knox.—Chicago Tribune.

No Economy There.

Bronx—In Russia they never say, "What's in a name?" Lenox—Why not? Bronx—It's taken for granted that it's the whole alphabet.—Lippincott's.

LINCOLN'S HOUSE.

An Occasion When He Did Not Recognize It at First Sight.

"Mrs. Lincoln played a good joke on her husband when he was practicing law and journeyed about from court to court on horseback," says Major Bittinger. "Those trips often took several weeks at a time.

"On one of these trips Lincoln was gone for about four weeks. He returned late one night. Stopping his horse, he dismounted at the usual place. He turned to go into the house and then stopped. Although he was a man of temperance, he thought he must have been imbibing on the sly some time that day, for before him stood a building he had never seen before. He thought it over for a minute and then went across the street and knocked at a friend's door. They were in bed, and some one sang out:

"'Who is it?'

"'Abe Lincoln,' was the reply. 'I've been looking for my house. Can you tell me where it is? Guess I must have been lost. I thought it was just across the way. When I went away the building was one story high, and now it is two.'

"It was explained to him that during his absence Mrs. Lincoln had added another story. He laughed and went back to the strange house."

He used to tell the joke on himself many times, according to the major.—National Magazine.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	92
" " 2 "	89
" " 3 "	85
Flax, No. 1	$2.21
" " 2	2.11
Barley, for 50 lbs	80
Oats	35
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	28.00

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

The doctor in despair examines the little girl, but fails to discover anything wrong. "Now, look here," says he firmly, "I can't find anything the matter with your child, so you'll have to go away unless you tell me why you brought her up to the hospital."

"Well, doctor, we was all a-havin' our tea a minute ago as it might be, and 'er father was eatin' a nice bit of tripe as was over from dinner when Susy, this one I 'ave with me, says as 'ow she loved God and was goin' to 'eaving when he doied. 'What!' in tones of horror. 'Ain't yer going to give 'er no medicine?'"—Cornhill Magazine.

toward the window.

Buxton said, things again without moving his lips.

But the conductor is coming to punch the tickets. She will turn aside to hand him hers. He rises in the middle of the car to explain something to the old woman with the boy, and it seems half an hour before he makes her understand. Buxton grows restless with impatience. The ticket puncher comes on, and when he reaches the lady's chair she [illegible]

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. government survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota. [illegible]

F. A. GRADY, [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

OSCAR C. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.D.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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Notice of Hearing on Petition for Probate of Will

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota
County of Pennington } In Probate court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness, Inge Petterson, Albert Ness, Lovisa Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the allowance and probate of the will of said decedent:

The petition of Inger Peterson being duly filed in this court, representing that A. G. Ness, then a resident of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, died on the 29th day of August, 1911, leaving a last will and testament which is presented to this court with said petition, and praying that said instrument be allowed as the last will and testament of said decedent, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to K. O. Gigstad;

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, 1911, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the Honorable Wilhelm Michelet, judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 5th day of September, 1911.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
s9-31 Judge.

Good Money

IN

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED—A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars.

H. DAVIS
[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services at 11 a. m. Evening service at 8 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. A. HANSON, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 170[illegible] Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
[illegible] LUNDSAND, President. MORRIS LASHLER, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard [illegible] nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

PATENTS
[illegible]
READ PAGES [illegible]
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

Miss Louise Wilson went to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Friday.

Miss Eda Brink returned Wednesday from a visit to Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Holmes spent Thursday night in Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Fellman attended the Red Falls fair on Thursday.

C. E Walden of Crookston, the temperance speaker, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin attended the fair at Red Lake Falls on Thursday.

Lazar and Lazar will have closed their store on Saturday on account of their holiday.

Mrs. Charles Carlson and children arrived yesterday from a visit with friends at Halstad.

Mrs. N. Lazar went Thursday to Grand Forks to visit at the home of her brother.

We understand that tidings form Rev. Palm state he has not had his operation as yet.

William Niland of Kensal, N. D., was looking for land to rent in this vicinity Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. John Forseen.

The P. O. Hagglund farm was sold this week through the Elliott agency to a party from Illinois.

Mrs. Swenson of Shelly, visited with Mrs. Alfred Benson yesterday, and left last evening for Seattle.

Misses Tomina Wilson and Lizzie Jacobson attended the Red Lake county fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

D. and N. Lazar went last evening to Grand Forks, where they celebrate today the Jewish New Year.

O. A. Anderson of Wylie was in town Thursday and purchased the valuable horse "Fox" from Leonard Holmes.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Synod church will meet at the home of Dr. C. Swanson Thursday, Sept 28.

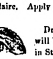
Holmes Bros. made a sale yesterday of a 25 horse power J. I. Case steam thresher engine to Tyren and Borstad.

Wm. Olson, Alfred Benson, Selmor Benson, D. McAllister and Charles Nelson were at the fair Wednesday.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet Friday evening Oct. 6, at the Imperial hall. Good program.

C. A. Skeie came down last Saturday, from Zipple, where he is holding a claim, for a few weeks visit with his family.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 7. Eyes examined, glasses fitted.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

The Elliott land agency has installed a stenographer here this week, Miss King of Minneapolis. A party from Illinois was here this week and seemed very favorably impressed with this county.

Rev. A. Hanson, pastor of the M. E. church, preaches his farewell sermon tomorrow. Next week he leaves St. Hilaire to go to whatever charge the dictum of the next conference shall direct him.

We want three carloads of chickens and turkeys this fall. It is about time you begin to bring them in, while the fowls are fat and prices high.

HENRY GORRGEN.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Bring in Your Printing

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Mrs. August Amundson of Duluth came yesterday for a visit with her mother, Mrs. From.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Black River school house Sept. 24 at 3 p. m.

Report has it that a leading citizen of this place got into a mixup with some yellow skinned people at the fair.

Herman Nelson came down last Saturday from his claim at Rapid River, after a stay of five weeks. He expects to move his family out there in November.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, Sept. 29, at the home of Mrs. H. J. Hansen, north of town. All are welcome.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Mrs. Post attended the Red Lake Falls fair Thursday, where she acted as one of the judges of ladies' fancy work. Her associates as judges of this class of exhibits were Mrs. Bryant of Thief River Falls, and Miss McClaren of Crookston.

During the severe electric storm of last Sunday night, Martin Hoff's residence was struck twice by lightning. The whole family was quite severly stunned, but no one seriously injured. As good luck would have it, the building did not take fire.

James Ward, the birdman, made a fresh start last Monday on his trip from New York to Los Angeles, but after flying forty-three miles, was obliged to alight by his engine burning out. However, he got started again and at last account was sailing gracefully along.

A confirmation class will be enrolled at the United Lutheran church Sept. 30. Those wishing to "read" this year will please meet at the church that day at 10 o'clock a. m. A cordial invitation to children of that age to attend. Remember the date, Saturday, Sept. 30.

M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

ST. HILAIRE RETAIL LBR. CO.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

AGREED WITH THE ASP.

The Frenchman Got Around the Law Against Hissing.

A gentleman who had been unceremoniously hustled out of a Paris play house because he hissed when the curtain fell on the second act brought an action for damages against the manager of the said house.

The court decided in favor of the hissing gentleman, adding that if a spectator is allowed to show his delight by indulging in applause his neighbor has also the right to show disapprobation in an audible fashion.

But the law in France was not always so tolerant. In the middle of the seventeenth century it was strictly forbidden to hiss in a playhouse, and in every theater there were a number of "gardes Francaises" with strict orders to arrest any person infringing the law.

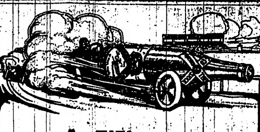
But the French are not easily put down by silly regulations, and whenever they see an opportunity they attack the authorities with that fearful weapon ridicule. In this case such an opportunity came at the Comedie Francaise during the performance of "Cleopatra," a play by Marmontel.

It was a badly written, dull work, and the people were waiting for a chance to give vent to their opinion. At last the chance came. The management had ordered a mechanical asp for the great scene in the final act, when Cleopatra puts an end to her life.

The actress raised the asp, which started hissing, whereupon a spectator rose to his feet and cried: "The asp is quite right. We all share his opinion!" Roars of laughter greeted this joke, and as it was foreseen that a similar scene would take place every night the piece was withdrawn from the repertory.

Aristhiou.

In a small village in Switzerland is a comfortable old inn much frequented by English, and the menu generally includes one dish supposed to be specially British. Though the orthography is peculiar, the meaning is generally obvious—as, for example, "rost bif roti," "rumsteck," but "aristhiou de mouton a l'Anglais" was puzzling. The first word has a distinctly classical appearance, which suggested a Greek origin. But when the dish appeared the meaning flashed into the guests' minds. "Aristhiou" was the English chef's attempt to render phonetically the words [illegible]



A Winner

Superior quality and exquisite flavor have won popular favor for

Hamm's Beer

"Leads Them All"

Try a Case.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
Saint Paul, Minn.

DAIRYMEN!

We want a few more dairymen with sanitary surroundings and at least ten cows to ship us

MILK

Aresent price per pound of butterfat, F. O. B. Crookston,

40 CENTS

Write for full particulars

CROOKSTON PURE FOOD CO., CROOKSTON, MINN.

Shopkeepers who have a running account with people who live beyond their means get a run for their money even if they don't get it.

Being able to buy everything you want, you are so liable not to want what you buy.

When a man gets his head swelled a brickbat poultice has been known to be help some.

There is no use in crying, and occasionally laughing gets you into difficulty.

Overdoing of some essentials is generally followed by the underdoing of others.

After all, it is the cheerful idiots who make it a habitable old world and one worth while.

An habitual knocker may not wear his hammer where it is visible to the naked eye, but it is always palpable to the sensitive nerve.

Every earnest promoter can always be counted on to be faithful to his own interests.

It is a curious circumstance that those people who have plenty of nerve are very seldom nervous.

There are some things that have the one drawback of being too comfortable to be really good.

It keeps most of us taxed to the full of our capacity to get an income, anyway.

MOORISH SOLDIERS.

Their Methods in Battle and Their System of Signals.

At fighting on horseback the Moors are adepts and extremely mobile. But they are incorrigibly lazy and seldom indulge in night attack. When they attack in force the horsemen usually give a lift to the foot soldiers who accompany them or allow them to run alongside and hold on to a stirrup iron. The mounted men then make a charge, wheel round and retire and make way for the footmen, who crawl along the ground, almost invisible, and who rise to the attack if they come within striking distance of the enemy. As a rule, the Riffians prefer to lure detached parties into an ambush or defile and thus inflict heavy loss upon them. The mounted men seldom dismount to fire, and their firing, being from the saddle, is very inaccurate. Should the advance of the white troops be slow or hesitating the Moors effect a bold combination between horsemen and footmen and generally succeed in inflicting heavy losses on their enemy.

The prime tactics of the Moors are to delay the advance of an enemy as much as possible by mounted rifle fire until they can discern its extent and direction and subsequently to try enveloping the advancing force. The tribes also indulge in sniping, but not to a very great extent, and they also fight individually. They do not neglect opportunities for stratagem and can effect some very clever ruses. They are also guilty of abusing the services of the white flag in action.

The Moorish intelligence system is an excellent one, and the tribes are seldom without information regarding the movements of an enemy. They have also an excellent system of signaling at night by means of small fires dotted about the hills and ravines, which are obscured and revealed in accordance with an ingenious code of signals known to themselves.—Chicago News.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President—J. C. DAHL
Clerk—ARTHUR HALL
Trustees—R. J. McKIRCHAN, HENRY OLSON, A. R. JONES
Treasurer—B. K. BURKEE
Marshal—HENRY JACKSON
Assessor—O. H. PETERS
Constable—A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace—O. H. PETERS, K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health—DR. C. SWANSON, DANIEL PATTERSON, ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman—A. S. WILSON
Clerk—K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors—DANIEL PATTERSON, DR. C. SWANSON, H. O. JACKSON

CONTINUOUS SHOWS.

They Were Started by B. F. Keith In a Boston Store.

It was in the month of January, 1883, that Mr. B. F. Keith, who had been studying the show business with far-seeing eyes for many years, presented, in a store that he had leased in Boston, the first continuous show ever seen on any stage. He paid his performers $20 a week for a single turn and $40 for double and required them to give eight or nine turns a day. His "top liner" or chief attraction was a pound and a half baby. The doors of his playhouse were thrown open at noon, and from that time until half past 10 at night the performance went on without interruption.

Patrons were allowed to spend the entire day in the theater, and at first so many availed themselves of this opportunity to get a substantial filling of amusement at a small cost that Mr. Keith realized that he must either abandon the idea of a continuous entertainment or else invent some method by which the audience could be driven out of the building and place made for those outside who were waiting for admittance. Necessity is the mother of invention, especially when it is mated with sharp Yankee wit, and it was thus that what is known as "the chaser" came into the world.—James L. Ford in McClure's Magazine.

Sui Generis.

"Got everything, pa?" asked Ham of Noah, while the old man stood on the quarter deck and scanned the passenger list.

"Not yet," replied Noah. "We'll have to wait for the man who vows to high [illegible]

Our Fall Stock

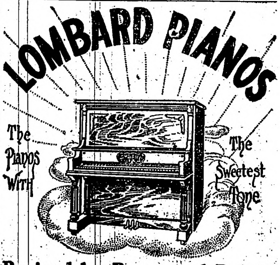
Is now complete. We have a new line of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at very low prices. We solicit your trade.

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Parson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

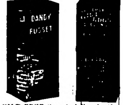
Cement Talk No. 6

Repairs are the bane of the property owner. Today it is new porch steps, tomorrow it will be a new sidewalk, soon it will be a well curb. Why not cut out bothersome patching? Why not build those things once and for all, using *concrete?* It will stand the frost, rain and sun for years, if you make it carefully. Use clean, coarse sand, well graded gravel or crushed stone and *UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT* and stop that repair nuisance. The best dealers sell *UNIVERSAL* and are proud of its record of successful work. Ask them for helpful booklets and prices or write us.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

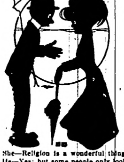


GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size 10c.
ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

CAREY ACT land and water rights. Open to entry on Big Wood River Project in Southern Idaho. $3.50 an acre in 12 annual installments. Ample water supply guaranteed. IDAHO IRRIGATION CO., Richfield, Idaho.

SURE.



She—Religion is a wonderful thing.
He—Yes; but some people only look on it in the light of fire insurance.

How to Find Fault.

Find fault when you must find fault, in private; and some time after the offense, rather than at the time. The blamed are less inclined to resist when they are blamed without witnesses; both parties are calmer and the accused party is struck with the forbearance of the accuser, who has seen the fault and watched for a private and proper time for mentioning it.

Don't Expect Kindness.

There are six sorts of people at whose hands you need not expect much kindness. The narrow minded think of nobody but themselves, the lazy are too indifferent, the busy have not time to think, the rich disregard appeals for kindness, the poor have neither spirit nor ability, and the good natured fool is not capable of serving you.—Home Notes.

The Flavour of Post Toasties

Is so distinctly pleasing that it has won the liking of both young and old who never before cared much for cereal food of any kind.

Served direct from the package--crisp and fresh, and--

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

A NATURAL KITCHEN

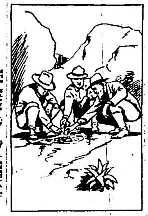
Eggs Cooked in the Hot Springs of Mexico.

Heated Waters Have Been Known for Their Medicinal and Curative Properties Since Country Was First Explored.

Candelaria, Mex.—One of the most remarkable groups of hot springs in the world is situated on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande near here. There are scores of these bubbling streams of water flowing from the rock formation and into a gulch that empties into the Rio Grande. The waters of these springs have been known for their medicinal and curative properties from the time of the first exploration and settlement of Mexico. Thousands of afflicted people have made pilgrimages to this remote region and sought the benefits of the thermal springs. Notwithstanding the fact that they are situated in an almost inaccessible locality and can only be reached by an overland journey of more than 50 miles from the nearest railroad point there is never a time that health seekers may not be found camping at the place.

There are no accommodations at the springs for visitors and many are the primitive and crude devices that are rigged up to obtain the benefit of the waters. Frequently visitors construct crude adobe rooms over one of the springs and use them for sweat boxes. The bath tubs usually consist of digging a hole in the ground and letting it fill with the hot water, the health seeker taking his outdoor bath in that water perhaps a canvass for a canopy to keep out the blazing sun. There is not such a thing as a hotel or eating house within many miles of the place. The visitors must bring their own supplies and live next to nature during their stay, whether it be brief or greatly prolonged.

The waters of these springs are said to be good for many chronic ills. That a great number of cures that are little short of marvelous have taken place as a result of drinking and bathing in them is a matter of common knowledge to the people of the border section.



Cooking in Nature's Kitchen.

One of the phenomena of the group of springs is that water having a temperature as high as 188 degrees may be flowing from a crevice in the rock at one point, and within two or three feet of it another stream of water of a temperature of less than 100 degrees. Most of the water, however, is very hot, that of the different springs ranging in temperature from 110 to 188 degrees Fahrenheit. This hot water, where it empties into small pools, is used for cooking purposes by the campers almost to the exclusion of fire. Eggs are cooked in six to eight minutes, and by placing beans in the springs over night they are thoroughly done by morning. One of the interesting and picturesque sights of the place is the cooking operations of the campers. Meat is also cooked in this manner.

In the days when the Comanche and other tribes of Indians roamed through West Texas these hot springs were used by them as nature's sanitarium for the sick members of the different tribes. The older inhabitants of this region well remember that in the earlier days there was never a time that a group of Indian tepees were not located at the springs.

HE DID NOT COMMIT MURDER

After Seventeen Years of Penal Servitude, a French Peasant Is Awarded $6,000.

Paris.—The sum of $6,000 has been awarded by the Cher assize court as compensation for 17 years' penal servitude undergone by a peasant named Charles Michaud, who received a life sentence for a murder he did not commit.

A rich old peasant farmer was murdered and Michaud, a neighbor, was convicted, chiefly on the evidence of a necktie which had belonged to the dead man and of some stains on his clothes supposed to be blood. Michaud protested his innocence throughout and declared he knew nothing about the tie and that the stains were caused by cider. He was convicted and sent to French Guiana for life.

While he was there a fellow convict confessed or rather boasted that he had committed the murder. This man later succeeded in escaping from the penal settlement, but newspapers having taken up the case and found confirmation of his story the court of cassation decided that his confession was the necessary new fact which would allow it to set aside the condemnation and order a new trial.

Michaud, who was twenty-nine when convicted, is now forty-six but looks like a broken down old man. His wife, always convinced of his innocence, was present at the second trial. His counsel asked for $2,000 damages, but the court awarded $6,000 and the placarding of the judgment throughout the district.

WOMAN ESCAPES OPERATION

Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Elwood, Ind.—"Your remedies have cured me and I have only taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was sick three months and could not walk. I suffered all the time. The doctors said I could not get well without an operation, for I could hardly stand the pains in my sides, especially my right one, and down my right leg. I began to feel better when I had taken only one bottle of Compound, but kept on as I was afraid to stop too soon."—Mrs. SADIE MULLEN, 2728 N. B. St., Elwood, Ind.

Why will women take chances with an operation or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, and nervous prostration.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be absolutely confidential, and the advice free.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

One Cure for Sarcasm.

Bunsen always was sarcastic.

One evening last week when he got home his wife had a new hat to show him. It was some hat. Anybody could have seen that it was the final phrase in female headgear.

But Bunsen started to make remarks. He said it looked as if it had been trimmed by a cross-eyed milliner on an empty stomach. And he made a lot of other disparaging remarks.

Mrs. Bunsen was almost in tears. Bunsen had to go into the other room to have a quiet laugh at her expense.

The next day he had forgotten all about the hat.

The day after that he was reminded of it. Mrs. Bunsen handed him a bill for retrimming that hat—$18.34 it came to.

Bunsen paid it without a murmur, and said the revised edition of the hat was just exactly right. He is not criticizing hats any more.

Left Him Far Behind.

Childish standards of greatness are interesting—perhaps because they are at once so like yet so unlike the standards of grown folk. Many an adult, for instance, has been proud with no more reasonable basis than that which little Johnnie displayed in attempting to "top" the boasting of a juvenile comrade.

"I've got a real railroad train, with an engine that goes, an' a real, live pony, an' a really, truly, gun, an—"

"That's nothing," interrupted the lad's disgusted listener. "Once I knew a boy who sat up until 11 o'clock twice in one week!"

A HIT

What She Gained by Trying Again.

A failure at first makes us esteem final success.

A family in Minnesota that now enjoys Postum would never have known how good it is if the mother had been discouraged by the failure of her first attempt to prepare it. Her son tells the story:

"We had never used Postum till last spring when father brought home a package one evening just to try it. We had heard from our neighbors, and in fact every one who used it, how well they liked it.

"Well, the next morning Mother brewed it about five minutes, just as she had been in the habit of doing with coffee without paying special attention to the directions printed on the package. It looked weak and didn't have a very promising color, but nevertheless father raised his cup with an air of exceptancy. It certainly did give him a great surprise, but I'm afraid it wasn't a very pleasant one, for he put down his cup with a look of disgust.

Mother wasn't discouraged though, and next morning gave it another trial, letting it stand on the stove till boiling began and then letting it boil for fifteen or twenty minutes, and this time we were all so pleased with it that we have used it ever since.

"Father was a confirmed dyspeptic and a cup of coffee was to him like poison. So he never drinks it any more, but drinks Postum regularly. He isn't troubled with dyspepsia now and is actually growing fat, and I'm sure Postum is the cause of it. All the children are allowed to drink it and they are perfect pictures of health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Red Wing. — Three boys escaped from the Red Wing Training School last week and the police of the Twin Cities have been notified to be on the lookout for them.

Minneapolis. — F. A. Stephens, former scoutmaster of St. Mark's church troop of Boy Scouts, has been sentenced by Judge Booth to an indeterminate term in the state prison for forgery.

Truman.—A horse and buggy were stolen from the C. N. Boynton farm three miles west of here. The thief abandoned the rig near Welcome and the horse ran into a fence and was severely injured. The thief escaped.

Minneapolis.—At a meeting of the local Shriners' Temple, it was decided to take no action this year toward the construction of a new Masonic Temple for Minneapolis. Committees have been appointed to select a site should a new building be agreed upon by the Masonic bodies.

Windom.—This vicinity was visited by one of the worst rain and wind storms ever experienced in this section. The wind did a good deal of damage and totally destroyed the new grandstand on the county fair grounds and did minor damage to smaller buildings. The loss to the fair association is estimated at $3,000.

St. Paul.—State Treasurer Walter J. Smith sent notices to all state banks having state funds on deposit, directing them to turn over all state money by Oct. 25. The October disbursements will be heavy, being estimated at $2,500,000, of which $1,250,000 will go out in the October school apportionment. There is now in banks to the credit of state funds $2,150,799.45.

Spooner.—Peter Dawson, an employe of the Rainy River Lumber Company at Rainy River, Ont., was killed last week. His foot was caught by a dog on a slasher chain. His body was pulled downward as far as the waist. The chain mutilated the flesh and bones in a terrible manner. He was taken to the Spooner hospital where he died fifteen minutes later. Dawson came from Duluth. He has a family there.

Minneapolis. — The young farmhand known as "Jim," who murdered Mrs. Amelia Bolton and her cousin, Edward Rhoades, at their home near Anoka, is still at large, and the police have no clues. A probable motive for the crime has been developed by letters found by the police which lead to the conclusion that the murderer had made improper advances to Mrs. Bolton and committed the murder either to aid in accomplishing his purpose or to prevent exposure.

Duluth. — The traffic commission of the Duluth Commercial club is preparing a complaint to be filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission, attacking the rate of 18 cents per 100 pounds of flour from Duluth to New York and asking that a reduction be made to 16½ cents, thus maintaining the differential of 5 cents which has heretofore existed under the Minneapolis rate. The action is the result of the recent publication of a rate of 21½ cents from Minneapolis to the East.

Rochester.—By securing B. A. West, of Minneapolis, as instructor in the commercial department of the new high school, it is expected the attendance will reach the 300 mark. At present there are 260 students enrolled, an increase of 50 since last year. The completion of the new $125,000 high school affords the scholars many advantages, including domestic science, agriculture, manual training and commercial work. The building is equipped with a large gymnasium, shower baths and large, modern recitation departments. The dedicatory exercises will be held soon. In all 1,192 students are enrolled in the Rochester schools.

Minneapolis.—In an estimate presented to the board of state fair managers, Secretary J. C. Simpson stated that there would be a deficit of between $35,000 and $40,000 as a result of the 1911 fair. Final accounting of the total expenses and receipts has not yet been made, but Mr. Simpson's figures are considered a good estimate of the situation the board will have to face. Mr. Simpson also estimates that $40,000 will be needed by the society to pay expenses, maintain its property, and make preparations for next year's fair.

Winona.—Rev. O. H. Loomis, pastor of the Christian church in this city, has been advised that the gift from the Free Will Baptist denomination of Minnesota of Parker College at Winnebago has been accepted by the Christian church. Mr. Loomis has been asked to go to Winnebago September 19, to assist in the formalities of taking over Parker college. The offer of the college from the Free Will Baptists was made when the Christian church was in session at Austin a few months ago. Parker college has fifteen acres of campus and buildings worth $25,000. It has an endowment of $70,000 already earning.

Sleepy Eye.—Rev. H. J. Hjetland has resigned as pastor of the Congregational church and will close his work here Oct. 1. On Oct. 21 he will start on a trip around the world, through the Mediterranean and Suez canal to India, Siam, China, Japan, East Indies and Hawaii and home.

Austin.—William E. Kundy, a pioneer and veteran of the First Minnesota volunteers, is paralyzed from his shoulders to his feet as a result of a fall from a ledge while he was returning from a fishing trip on the Rum river. He fell a distance of six feet and struck on his head. He cannot live.

Anoka.—The board of education has added another instructor, the second this year, to its high school faculty, which now numbers twelve. This was made necessary by the enrollment, which is by far the largest in the history of the school. Miss Laura Matson of Albert Lea will fill the new position.

Pipestone.—Officials are examining Lakes Bisseton and George, near Fairmont, to ascertain what sort of poison is in the water. Many cattle and hogs have died in pastures near the lakes, and it is believed the water poisoned them.

HAVE YOU SUSPECTED YOUR KIDNEYS?

Thousands suffer from backache, headache, dizziness and weariness without suspecting their kidneys.

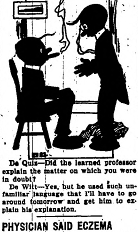
Every Picture Tells a Story

Mrs. Joseph Gross, Church St., Morrillton, Ark., says: "For weeks I was all doubled over with pain. I became so dizzy I had to grasp something to keep from falling and my ankles were swollen to nearly twice their natural size. None of the doctors understood my case and I felt myself sinking lower day by day. I improved rapidly through the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and at last was entirely cured."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S."

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE ROAD TO LEARNING.



De Quiz—Did the learned professor explain the matter on which you were in doubt?

De Witt—Yes, but he used such unfamiliar language that I'll have to go around tomorrow and get him to explain his explanation.

PHYSICIAN SAID ECZEMA CAME FROM TEETHING

"When my little girl was about eight months old, she was taken with a very irritating breaking out, which came on her face, neck and back. When she first came down with it, it came in little watery-like festers under her eyes, and on her chin, then after a few days it would dry down in scaly, white scabs. In the daytime she was quite worrysome and would dig and scratch her face nearly all the time.

"I consulted our physician and found she was suffering from eczema, which he said came from her teething. I used the ointment he gave me and without any relief at all. Then I wrote for a book on Cuticura, and purchased some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I did as I found directions in the Cuticura Booklet, and when she was one year old, she was entirely cured. Now she is three years and four months, and she has never been troubled with eczema since she was cured by the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. (Signed) Mrs. Freeman Craver, 311 Lewis St., Syracuse, N. Y., May 6, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 2 K, Boston.

Practical Illustration.

To shorten a long Sunday afternoon for Fred, aged eight, his mother told him that he might illustrate the twenty-third Psalm in any way he chose. Quiet reigned for a time, as Fred, busy with pencil and pad, drew "shepherd" and "green pasture," "rod and staff." Then a silence ensued, followed by a noisy clatter which brought his mother to the room. Fred was busily arranging a train of cars, a toy gun, marbles, etc., on the table.

"What are you doing, Fred?"

"Why," he answered, "these are the presents of my enemies."

Order of Independents.

Larry O'Neil has no love for discipline save as he administered it. When he decided to "jine the p'rade," he breathed defiance with every order issued by the military leader.

"Here, you! Look out for yer feet!" muttered the man next him. "Keep shtep, can't you?"

"Get along wid yer shteps," said Larry, turning on him. "I've a shtep o' me own, an' I'll take it or lave the p'rade to get on widout me."—Youth's Companion.

Wifely Sarcasm.

"I hear they are wearing nothing but old clothes at Plunkville-under-the Peak. That's the place for you to go, wife."

"Yes. I can take seven trunks of old clothes. If old clothes are the racket, I can make a splurge.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Proper Treatment.

"I have a terrible cold," he complained. "My head feels all stopped up."

"Have you tried a vacuum cleaner?" she queried sweetly.—Judge.

Do you ever have Headache, Toothache, or Earache? Most people do. Hamlins Wizard Oil is the best household remedy and liniment for these everyday troubles.

Too many officeholders who pretend to be working for their country are merely working it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Sooner or later most of us get what we deserve.

Diary of a Fly-Killer.

Monday—My attention was called last night to a statement that house flies are bearers of disease and should be destroyed as soon as possible. I began my crusade against them this morning. It was a little discouraging, because there was only one fly in the house and it was quite agile. It escaped me. I broke two vases and a photograph frame.

Tuesday—I nearly killed three flies this afternoon; but the lamp got in the way. It was a $7 lamp.

Wednesday—I saw a fly on the outside of the fly screen and raised the screen so I could hit it. Seventeen flies flew in. I missed it.

Thursday—There was a sluggish looking fly on the window with closed wings. I stole toward it cautiously, but it flew up just as I let the blow fall. Then I knew it wasn't a fly. It was a wasp. My nose began to swell at once.

Friday—My nose is a sight. Drat the flies.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

One of the Many.

Hewitt—What did you do when he wouldn't give you credit?

Jewett—I gave him a bad check, just to show him that I could pay cash.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

How About It?

It may also be true that the rolling moss gathers no rocks.

Convulsions

Many times convulsions and fits [illegible] are caused by worms. Give them Kickapoo Worm Killer—it will get rid of all worms. If your child hasn't worms, it will tone and clean the system, and bring robust health. So good and so harmless that we publish the formula in our free book which is sent for the asking. Show it to any physician and ask his opinion. At all druggists or by mail, 25 cents.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

Twin Auto Seat Price **$48.75**
Panel Seat Price **$44.00**
if ordered before October 1st, 1911
NEW AND LATEST STYLE
Auto seat buggy. Leather trimmings, leather quarter top, long distance, sand proof axels, 1 inch wheels (best hickory), oil tempered springs. Write for catalog of over 300 styles. A. C. THOMSON CARRIAGE CO., 3rd & Washington Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

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FOR ALL KINDS OF STOVES, RANGES, ETC.
Wholesale and Retail
AMERICAN STOVE REPAIR WORKS
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FINEST KODAK FINISHING
and supplies by mail. We develop any size 6 exp. film for 10 cents; 10 or 12 exp. 20 cents. Any film pack 20 cents. Voegeli Druggist, Minneapolis, Minn.

Pettit's Eye Salve It's Use Will Quickly End Weak, Sore Eyes

N. W. N. U., NO. 38-1911.

Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial, Gentle and Effective,

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CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
in the Circle,
on every Package of the Genuine.

DO NOT LET ANY DEALER DECEIVE YOU.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION FOR MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS PAST, AND ITS WONDERFUL SUCCESS HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS OF IMITATIONS TO OFFER INFERIOR PREPARATIONS UNDER SIMILAR NAMES AND COSTING THE DEALER LESS, THEREFORE, WHEN BUYING,

Note the Full Name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE; ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE MOST PLEASANT, WHOLESOME AND EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLES, HEADACHES AND BILIOUSNESS DUE TO CONSTIPATION, AND TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS IT IS NECESSARY TO BUY THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE, WHICH IS MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

COLT DISTEMPER
Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in food. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES
WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS
The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.
If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price
CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom
If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.
ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

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If you use Lenox Soap and would like a copy of a 68-page book—"Approved Methods for Home Laundering," send us a Lenox Soap wrapper, tell us that you want a "laundry book," and we will send it, absolutely free.
The book is exceedingly practical. It was written by a well-known authority on laundry matters, and covers the subject thoroughly.
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Cincinnati, Ohio

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

At Reason o-o State Capitol

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1911. NUMBER 12.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Almost ranking officer of his grade, Col. George Rublen, assistant quartermaster general of the army, was placed on the retired list owing to age. Colonel Rublen was born in Germany, graduated from the military academy to which he was appointed from Ohio in 1886 and made an excellent record during the Spanish-American war.

The government saved itself from a total loss by the forest fires in the northwest last year when a deal was closed for the sale of 125,000,000 feet of fire-killed timber in Idaho. With the burned outside taken off, this timber is as good for all manufacturing purposes as any other lumber. Part of the timber was sold to an Idaho lumber company, the remainder to a Washington concern.

The Nebraska state society of Washington will hold its annual meeting here on October 27. Announcement to this effect was made by F. H. Abbott, assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. The guest of honor will be Dr. M. W. Davidson, who recently resigned as superintendent of schools at Omaha to accept a similar position in Washington. Among the guests will be a number of graduates of the University of Nebraska, who are now employed as scientists in the various departments of the government.

General.

Strife among factions in Mexico is growing more serious.

The Moroccan war cloud over France and Germany is disappearing.

Bogroff, the slayer of Premier Stolypin, was sentenced to be hanged.

Herbert Knox Smith made his report to the president on the tobacco trust.

One issue in the presidential canvass is removed by the defeat of reciprocity in Canada.

While disappointed over the defeat of reciprocity in Canada, President Taft kept on smiling.

Congressman Norris of Nebraska, was surprised to hear of the defeat of reciprocity in Canada.

Robbers entered the office of the Well-Fargo Express company at Mammon, La., and took $3,750.

Reciprocity in Canada was defeated by a landslide vote. Our congress wasted much time for nothing.

A package containing $10,000 in currency is missing from the postoffice at Sioux Falls, S. D.

Bankers in session at Omaha unqualifiedly endorsed the Aldrich plan and elected officers.

Directors of the International Nickle company declared a dividend of 4 per cent for the quarter.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad shops at Sedalia, employing nearly 700 men, closed for an indefinite period.

Twenty-six persons were injured, four probably fatally, Sunday, when a street car, crowded with church-goers, overran a switch at Atlanta, Ga.

In Philadelphia, on Sunday, one hundred thousand men, women and children participated in a great religious demonstration in eleven different city parks under the auspices of the Philadelphia County Sunday school.

Twelve persons were killed when a train crashed into a hayrack party near Neenah, Wis.

Lieutenants Atwood and Sheppard, the English army officers who were arrested at Emden, Prussia, charged with espoinage, were released.

Champ Clark, speaker of the house of representatives, in a speech at Hutchison, Kansas, at the Kansas Semi-centennial club, declared his warm personal friendship for President Taft and spoke in the highest terms of the executive's administration.

United States Judge Peter S. Grosscup figuratively tied a string to his forthcoming resignation from the bench by declaring that if any interest, organization or individual is now investigating his record wants further time for investigation, he will defer his resignation.

Sensational developments are promised in connection with the assassination of Premier Stolypin of Russia.

Seven Kansas ministers will ask the president to veto Secretary Wilson's connection with the brewers' congress.

To combat the rise in sugar price, Houston, Tex., housewives have started a movement to boycott that product.

Officials of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad said that less than 1,000 out of a total number of 4,300 track employes were on strike.

News that a decree of divorce had been granted Mrs. Wellman, formerly Emma Juch, the famous prima donna, from her husband, Francis I. Wellman, the well known New York lawyer, in the Paris courts on July 26, was contained in a Paris cablegram.

Taft is willing to be retired rather than budge on the tariff question.

Canada defeated reciprocity by a landslide vote.

Henry Seymour of Lincoln, Neb., was drugged and robbed at Niagara Falls.

Champ Clark says democracy is in sight of the promised land.

Spain is facing a crisis as grave as that confronting the nation in 1909.

C. P. Rodgers, the coast-to-coast aviator, suffered a hard fall at Middleton, N. Y.

Fifty people were killed and two hundred injured in the Sunday riots at Vienna.

Six people, living in adjoining houses were murdered while they slept at Colorado Springs.

Robert L. Borden, opposition leader in Canada, made a final appeal to the voters against reciprocity.

There was a bad slump in steel stocks on rumors of a coming suit for dissolution of the company.

A change of contempt of court is made against an attorney for the defense in the McNamara cases.

Carl Morris, the white hope, was outfought in his ten-round battle with Jim Flynn at New York.

Henry Watterson says the day of free passes and free tickets in the newspaper business is passing.

Seattle was chosen as the next meeting place of the American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents in 1912.

Unless collections for the state treasury come in more rapidly the state treasurer of Nebraska will be obliged to stop buying municipal bonds.

The fire at the plant of the Hercules Oil Refining company at Vernon, Cal., which burned for twenty-four hours, was brought under control.

To become thoroughly familiar with military conditions Secretary of War Stimson contemplates visiting practically every army post in the country.

Fourteen thousand Kansas corporations lost their charters when the charter board found they had not complied with the law requiring annual reports.

At St. Joseph, Mo., William Watson, a manufacturer of piano players, was found guilty in the federal court of white slavery on six out of eight counts.

Ogden L. Mills, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills of New York and Miss Margaret Rutherford, daughter of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, sr., were married in France.

A number of Kansas democrats who are in favor of Champ Clark for president will meet the Missourian and will seek to learn from him whether he will enter the race for the democratic nomination.

Bishop Samuel Fallows of the Reformed Episcopal church, speaking before the National Good Roads association at Chicago, asserted that good roads would increase the attendance at churches.

The Streator Motor company of Streator, Ill., filed notice that it is bankrupt and asks permission to submit its assets to the court for distribution among its creditors. The company is capitalized at $500,000.

Considerable progress has been made by the army toward the completion of the fortifications of the Hawaiian islands, a comprehensive scheme which has been worked out by the war department.

Jared Flagg, former United States Treasurer Daniel Morgan, the Rev. James T. Schock and five others of Flagg's alleged associates, who were arrested on the charge of using the mails to defraud investors, spent Sunday in the Tombs on default of bail aggregating $65,000.

General Jose De La Luz Blanco, commander of rurales in northern Chihuahua, has been officially ordered to take his forces to Morales and give fight to Zapata. General Blanco has been with Madero in his campaign in Yucatan and will return at once to Casas Grandes and get his army.

"Wisconsin will not have an attorney in the investigation of the election of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, by the senate committee," said Senator W. B. Heyburn. "This is an investigation, not a trial." The inquiry will begin next Monday.

Charges that Joseph Leiter had failed to make payments on notes given for wheat in his memorable attempt to corner the market in 1897 and 1898 were made in a suit for $200,000 filed at Chicago by F. H. Peavey & Co., the holding company of the Peavey Grain company.

Personal.

De la Barra's chances for the Mexican vice presidency are growing better.

Gov. Aldrich of Nebraska will speak at the Denver public lands convention.

The appointment of V. N. Kokovsoff as premier has been gazetted at St. Petersburg.

Reports are current at Teheran that the deposed shah, Mohammed Ali Merza, has been captured or killed.

Federal Judge Grosscup of Chicago is soon to retire from the bench.

Premier Stolypin succumbed to injuries inflicted by an assassin.

President Taft took a plunge in the pool of politics in his Michigan speeches.

Champ Clark is unwilling to accept blame for helping to defeat reciprocity.

General Reyes says the Mexican election will be illegal because the country is not at peace.

Anti-reciprocity forces in Canada are making merry over the defeat of the liberal government.

PACT IS DEFEATED

BORDEN'S TRIUMPH OVER SIR WILFRID LAURIER IS COMPLETE.

BORDEN WILL BE PREMIER

Seven Members of the Liberal Cabinet Are Defeated, Laurier Will Resign at the Opening of Parliament.

Montreal.—The Laurier government and reciprocity suffered an overwhelming defeat in the Canadian elections. By a veritable landslide the Liberal majority of 43 was swept away, and the Conservative party secured one of the heaviest majorities, upwards of fifty, that any Canadian party ever has had. Seven cabinet ministers who had served with Premier Laurier were among the defeated candidates.

The Liberals lost ground practically in every province of the Dominion. Where they won, their majorities were small. Where the Conservatives won, their majorities were tremendous. Ontario, the leading province of Canada, declared almost unanimously against the administration and reciprocity.

Robert L. Borden, leader of the Conservative party, shortly will become the prime minister of Canada. He will be supported in parliament by a working majority of members far more than ample for his purposes.

Past Not to Be Introduced.

The government defeat means that the Fielding-Knox reciprocity agreement, ratified by the American congress in extra session, will not be introduced when the twelfth parliament assembles next month, and that a revised basis of trade with the United States, looking to closer commercial relations, will not be possible in the immediate future. The Conservatives are committed to a policy of trade expansion within the empire and a closed door against the United States.

Although re-elected in two constituencies in Quebec, the defeat of the Liberal party also means the retirement from public life of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who for nearly two decades has directed the destinies of the Dominion. Several times during the better campaign the venerable premier said that defeat of his party at the polls meant the end of his career; that he never would consent to lead a minority in opposition to a Conservative government.

Landslide Is Unexpected.

The landslide was not expected by either side. The Liberals were confident that they would be returned by the people with an increased majority, for they believed that reciprocity would be most acceptable to the Canadian electors. While the Conservatives claimed that they would have a majority, they did not expect that it would be so large or that the general verdict of the country would be given so decisively against the government.

Makers of Pact Defeated.

Minister of Finance Fielding and Minister of Customs Patterson, who made the reciprocity bargain with the United States, failed to win their elections. Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia; Mac Kenzie King, minister of labor; Sidney Fisher, minister of agriculture; George P. Graham, minister of railways, and William Templeman, minister of inland revenue, also went down to defeat.

The ministers who survive the landslide are William Pugsley, of New Brunswick, minister of public works; Charles Murphy of Ontario, secretary of state; Frank Oliver of Alberta, minister of the interior; Premier Laurier, Rudolphe Lemieux, minister of marine and fisheries, and Dr. H. S. Beland, postmaster general in the province of Quebec.

Laurier Expected to Resign.

Ottawa.—The result was a complete surprise to both parties in Canada's capital. The Liberals expected a victory, the Conservatives did not hope for the landslide. It is expected that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier will tender to Governor General Earl Grey his resignation within the next two weeks.

STILL JUMPING ON WILSON.

Presbyterians Denounce Him for Accepting Chairmanship.

Mason City, Iowa, Sept. :—James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, was denounced by members of the Presbyterian synod, his own pastor, Rev. J. N. Currens of Traer, supporting the resolutions condemning the cabinet member for accepting the honorary chairmanship of the National Brewers' association. For nearly an hour the business of the synod was suspended while members indulged in criticsm of the secretary.

CARUSO TO MARRY AGAIN.

Noted Tenor to Become Husband of Mme. Trentini.

New York, N. Y. — Mme. Trentini, the noted singer, occupied a stage box at the Victoria theater, with Arthur Hammerstein. The prima donna admitted that it was true she is engaged to marry Enrico Caruso, the tenor, and that the wedding would be next summer. "I have been engaged to him for a year and a half," she said.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Newfolden.—Lars Thorson has raised a squash that weighs seventy pounds.

Cloquet.—The postal savings bank installed a few weeks ago has $3,500 on deposit.

Moorhead.—Mrs. Otto Dahl, secretary of the Clay County Sunday School association, has announced that the next meeting will be held in this city on Oct. 2 and 3.

Warren.—The Marshall County Anti-Tuberculosis association received 1,000 anti-tuberculosis campaign buttons that they will sell to raise money for the work in the county.

Henning.—B. A. Butterfield, 52 years old, a farmer, committed suicide by blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun. Brooding over financial troubles is given as the cause.

Brainerd. — The First Methodist church has invited its pastor, Rev. Charles Fax Davis, to return for the sixth year. Mr. Davis formerly held pastorates in Minneapolis and Duluth.

Bemidji.—Bemidji will have a market day on Thursday, October, 12, and the Bemidji Commercial club has decided that this day shall become a permanent institution, when the farmer will be given the benefit of special bargains in merchandise and supplies in return for his good will and pleasant smile.

Northfield.—The Woman's Relief Corps is making plans for the entertainment of the district convention on Oct. 11. The convention comes to Northfield in accordance with the rules that it is to held in the city in which the district president resides. The president this year is Mrs. Luella Davison.

Faribault.—The farmers in this county are erecting an unusually large number of silos this season. The hay crop has been short the last several years, so the farmers planted more fodder, which now is being cut and put in the silos. The result from feeding it has much increased the milk output.

Bemidji.—Bemidji no longer has a militia company. Captain Charles Ehlers from the adjutant general's office has spent two days in Bemidji packing up Company K's equipment and has shipped it back to the capitol. Since Adam Otto, captain of the company, resigned as assistant postmaster and took up his work as postoffice inspector, which work carried him out of Bemidji, the company has not had a meeting.

Brainerd.—J. W. Lewis and T. W. Todd, prominent laymen of Minneapolis, occupied pulpits in Brainerd churches and spoke at a mass meeting in the afternoon explaining the new movement among the Protestant churches of the country called "the men and religion movement." As a result of the meeting delegates will be appointed to attend the big convention which will be held in Minneapolis the first week in October.

Bemidji.—Six thousand acres of fertile soil, embracing the townsite of Nebish, twenty-five miles north of Bemidji and the Red Lake railroad, have been sold by the Crookston Lumber Company of this city, to J. J. Opsahl. Mr. Opsahl announces that it is his intention to develop this tract and to make special inducements to bring settlers in. It is understood his company will make special terms. The tract is especially adapted to clover, potatoes, onions and celery.

The financial statement of the Stillwater prison for August, submitted to the board of control, shows receipts on account of hemp and twine to the amount of $25,843.43 and $12,166.18 from miscellaneous sources. In the latter sum were $3,622.50 charged to the warden for twine factory labor by convicts, $3,466 for shoe factory labor, $1,086 for farm machinery labor, and $466.50 received by the ushers from visitors. The inmate fund deposited is $2,820.92, and shows earnings of convicts for extra labor in the sum of $979.14 in the twine factories, $752 in the shoe factory, $333 in the farm machinery factory, and $519.36 in the institution support departments.

Pipestone.—An automobile party, on its way from Royal, Iowa, to Pipestone, met with a bad accident on a bridge between Lester, Iowa, and Hills, Minn. The party was composed of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chesley of Royal and Miss Mamie Heffron and Burt Frank of Pipestone. While traveling at a good rate of speed over a small bridge the machine turned a somersault, throwing out all of the occupants and making them unconscious. None was badly injured except Mr. Chesley, who received injuries about the head and body. The accident was caused by the fact that there was a drop of two feet on the approach of the bridge and the car was run across the bridge at such speed as to make it impossible to stop when it was seen by the driver that the approach was in poor repair.

Stillwater.—H. A. Fuller, a farmer near Lake Elmo, pleaded guilty in the municipal court to a charge of illegal fishing last June. The county attorney stated that he understood it was a case of spite and asked leniency. The lowest fine of $10 with costs was imposed and paid.

Faribault.—At a meeting of the city commissioners the matter of the safety of public buildings was brought up by Mayor Blodgett. The commissioners authorized the mayor to appoint an inspector whose duty it will be to make a thorough investigation and report to the city officials [illegible]

N-W STOCKS DROP

EXTREMELY ERRATIC SESSION IN WALL STREET FOLLOWS THE STEEL STATEMNT.

MARKET HAS WILD TURN

Hill Issues Fluctuate and Close at Losses of Several Points—Immense Quantities of Steel Are Thrown on 'Change.

New York, N. Y. — In one of the most wildly erratic and excited sessions on the stock exchange that Wall Street has ever seen, aside from times of panic, most of the securities of northwestern roads fluctuated widely with other active issues listed on 'change. The statement issued by the United States Steel corporation denying that the combine intended dissolving or disintegrating was the pivot around which the market moved.

The first transaction in United States Steel was 38,000 shares, the largest block within recent years with the exception of a 45,000-share block on last Friday. The price touched 62, a gain of 5⅛; the preferred rose 5¾; Lehigh Valley, 6; Union Pacific, 3¾; and other favorite speculative issues from 2 to 4 points. Never before had such quantities of Steel stock been dealt in. The total for the first 15 minutes was more than 190,000 shares and for half an hour 275,000.

Northern Pacific opened at 116½, in comparison with 114 at close on Tuesday. This proved to be the high point for that issue for the day. In the general slump that followed, this stock was covered down to 111½, a loss of 5 points a share, within a short time. The close was only half a point better, or at a net loss of two points for the day. Total transactions in Northern Pacific were 15,700 shares.

G. N. Less Erratic.

Great Northern preferred was a little less erratic, as it has been for some weeks. Opening at 123¾, it advanced to 124¼, which represented a gross gain of 2½ points over the previous night's final price. The general break carried it back to 120, while the final rally restored only ¾ of a point of the loss. Final quotations showed a net loss for the day of 1¾. Transactions were 9,800 shares.

Great Northern ore certificates were dealt in to the extent of 1,500 shares. After opening at 45¾, there was a recession to 43¾, from which there was no recovery.

St. Paul common was under heavy pressure. The initial quotation—110½—was only ¾ above the close of the day before and later the stock sold down easily to 106 and rallied only ⅛ from that low level. The total sales were 55,600 shares.

The market was in a state of complete confusion throughout the day. The range of prices in some cases exceeded six points.

A peculiar feature of the day's trading was that it resulted in the utter rout of both the bull and the bear factions. At the opening there was a stampede of bears to cover their contracts, which they were compelled to do at heavy losses. In the afternoon, the bears obtained control of the market and prices melted away. At the close of the turbulent session the bears retired victorious from the field of battle.

After the first wild rush to buy stocks it became apparent that heavy selling was again in progress. The market wavered and broke. All through the afternoon it was attacked relentlessly. The gains of 3 to 5 points of the early trading were lost and almost all of the active stocks closed with net losses.

The New York stock exchange has listed $14,601,000 first and refunding mortgage 4¼ per cent bonds, series H of 1961, of the Great Northern Railway Company, and $1,987,000 registered bonds of various numbers and denominations. The stock list committee is further empowered to add $3,952,000 additional of these bonds, on official notice of issuance in exchange for temporary registered bonds, making a total amount authorized to be listed of $20,000,000.

The stock exchange has also listed, as of Oct. 16, 1911, $2,187,400 additional preferred and $4,374,800 common stock of Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad Company on official notice of issuance and payment in full. This will make the total listed $12,603,400 preferred and $25,206,800. The total amount authorized is $42,000,000, of which $14,000,000 is preferred and $28,000,000 common.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28.—Wheat, December, $1.07⅞; May, $1.11⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.08¼; No. 2 northern, $1.05⅞; No. 1 durum, 97c; No. 3 corn, 67½c; No. 3 white oats, 45c; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 90½c; No. 1 flax, old, $2.28.

South St. Paul, Sept. 28.—Cattle—Steers, $4.00@5.50; cows, $2.50@4.25; calves, $5.25@8.00; hogs, $6.25@6.70; sheep, spring lambs, $2.85@5.35.

U. S. TAKES HAND IN STRIKE.

Illinois Central Unionists Forbidden to Interfere With Workmen.

Memphis, Tennessee.—A federal restraining order, granted on petition of the railroad, stopping strikers from interfering with workmen or traffic, is the latest feature of the strike of the shopmen and clerks of the Illinois Central here. In the petition it was alleged four men employed in local offices were beaten. Quiet prevails at the railroad yards and shops [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

GAIN IN RESOURSES.

State Banks of Minnesota Show an Increase of $11,167,296.76 in Twelve Months.

Business men studied the report of Kelsey Chase, superintendent of banks, issued last week, with much interest, pointing out that for total resources it sets a new record with $130,801,290.79, an increase of $11,167,296.76. The report shows 788 state banks, or 114 more than a year ago at this time.

Following is the table in full:

Resources—	674 State Banks Pursuant to Call 105. Sept. 1, 1910.	728 State Banks Pursuant to Call 110. Sept. 1, 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$91,117,292.09	$101,280,886.10	$10,163,094.01	....
Overdrafts	598,217.00	504,934.61	....	$93,282.39
United States bonds	23,177.50	28,800.00	5,622.50	....
Other stocks, bonds and securities	3,055,353.46	3,456,918.45	401,564.99	....
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	3,586,149.54	4,036,402.86	450,253.32	....
Other real estate	1,135,803.44	1,195,687.08	59,884.34	....
Due from banks	16,795,389.10	15,029,042.80	....	1,766,346.30
Checks and cash items	639,376.50	619,830.56	....	19,545.94
Cash on hand	4,425,581.94	4,351,619.30	....	73,962.64
Other resources	210,810.53	297,668.13	86,857.60	....
Totals	$121,587,151.30	$130,801,290.79	$11,167,276.76	$1,953,137.27
Liabilities—				
Capital stock	$13,071,500.00	$13,921,500.00	$850,000.00	....
Surplus	3,071,641.60	3,552,059.67	480,418.07	....
Undivided profits, net	910,605.16	930,977.11	20,371.95	....
Bills payable	504,448.99	1,616,140.80	1,111,691.81	....
Time certificates	62,589,231.36	68,513,282.28	5,924,050.92	....
Dividends unpaid	9,573.77	13,317.85	3,744.08	....
Deposits subject to check	86,369,864.34	82,228,487.09	....	4,141,317.25
Savings deposits	....	5,294,988.27	5,294,988.27	....
Demand certificates	828,983.01	723,126.01	....	105,857.00
Certified checks	45,157.66	29,164.32	....	15,993.34
Cashiers' checks	1,449,772.27	1,598,833.58	149,061.31	....
Due to banks	2,648,396.24	2,221,109.17	....	427,287.07
Other liabilities	88,037.50	158,304.64	70,267.14	....
Totals	$121,587,151.30	$130,801,290.79	$13,904,594.15	$4,690,454.66

LICENSE CASE UP TO COURTS.

Fergus Falls Saloons Will Not Get Refund Tomorrow.

Fergus Falls.—The troubles of the saloonkeepers of this city are not yet ended. A week ago the city council voted to return to them the unearned portion of their license money, which was due them when they were closed by the city going dry in the spring of last year. Then Mayor Anderson vetoed the ordinance in so far as it related to the claims that had been assigned to the breweries, and today five taxpayers filed a written protest with the city attorney against the payment of the balance of the claims.

Under the city charter, when a claim is protested by five taxpayers, the city attorney must appeal to the district court to test its legality. Ten days must elapse between the allowance of a bill and its payment, and the saloonkeepers had expected to secure their money tomorrow.

Last week the council had an ordinance before it to permit the saloons to remain open until 11 o'clock instead of closing at 10 as they are now required to do. The ordinance was defeated by a vote of 4 to 4. Another ordinance permitting them to restore the screens on their windows was defeated by a vote of 5 to 3. A third ordinance to punish minors who enter saloons was adopted.

AGED MEN ATTEND FAIR

Rice County Show Attracts Hundred-Year-Old Spectator.

Northfield—Officials of the Rice county fair, believe that one attendance record for the whole state was broken when Joseph Stowe, who lives on a farm near Dundas, came in to see the exhibits. Mr. Stowe was born on April 14, 1811, and is more than 100 years old. Another man 91 years' old, another 90, five men more than 81 years old and one woman whose age is 85 attended the fair.

This information was obtained by a firm of furniture dealers, who offered a cane as a prize to the oldest person attending the fair.

The following is a list of the names entered: William Jackson, 91 years old, born September 28, 1820; Lamber Watt, 90 years old, born December 2, 1820; Lot Huestis, 82 years old, born August 3, 1829; J. C. Cooper, 81 years old; born January 24, 1830; Henry Potter, 84 years old born Mar. 8, 1827; E. T. Archibald, 84 years old, born June 14, 1827; A. D. Holt, 83 years old, born August 23, 1828; Martha Wheaton, 85 years old, born August 19, 1826.

Mr. Stowe, the winner, was born in Halifax, Vt. He has lived in Minnesota more than half of his life. He is now living with a son, John Stowe on a farm near Dundas.

FAIR WEEK AT PLAINVIEW.

Wabasha County Has a Fine Exhibit —Hammond Speaks.

Plainview.— The twelfth Wabasha county fair was held last week. The livestock and agricultural exhibits are the largest known, as the premiums have been greatly added to this year. The list of free attractions and entertainments is the largest and best ever given here. The Plainview and Elgin bands furnished the music, Congressman Hammond delivered an address on Friday. The weather was ideal.

CIVIC LEAGUE AWARDS PRIZES

Faribault Children Receive Cash for Raising and Caring for Flowers.

Faribault.—The civic league of Faribault last spring offered cash prizes to children who would raise the best flowers and care for them. The seeds were furnished by the league and the children did the planting and caring for the flowers. The prize winners were Camilla Bakken, Blanche Miller, Mabel Hanson, [illegible] and Robbie Peterson.

SHOOT UP THE TOWN

Willow River Man Wounds Marshal, Mail Carrier and Father.

Willow River.—Ernest Eden, who has terrorized this village since his return from Dakota shot and probably fatally injured Marshal L. S. Mottle. He also shot Mail Carrier Vernon Pembleton through the left arm. He then went home and in a struggle for the possession of the revolver shot his father through the arm. Eden then escaped into the woods. He is still at large.

HUNTER KILLS FARMER

Newry, Minn., Man Shot by Neighbor Accidently When They Meet.

Austin.—Frank Greegan, a farmer living at Newry, west of here was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of both barrels of a shotgun belonging to a hunter who happened, to run upon Greegan and a neighbor, who with their children, were picking walnuts. The hunting party, three in number, were also neighbors.

NEW MINING COMPANY.

Iron Valley Co., at Brainerd, Capitalized at $100,000.

Brainerd.—The Iron Valley Mining company incorporated by Attorney W. W. Barron, Surveyor L. Knudsen and Dr. R. A. Beise, all of Brainerd, has been capitalized at $100,000. The company has an option on the northeast quarter of section 10, town 43, range 32, about one mile southwest of Lenox near the Northern Pacific tracks.

SHOT BOY IN MELON PATCH.

Mankato Ex-Patrolman Pleads Guilty To Assault.

Mankato.—William K. Young, former patrolman, who a week ago shot the son of Policeman George Simmonds while the latter was in his melon patch near the city, putting nearly a hundred bird shot into his body, pleaded guilty to assault in the third degree in the municipal court, but sentence was deferred until September 30.

Boys Admits Forging Checks.

Canby.—Folly Karp is accused of having passed bogus checks. It is said he passed one on the First National bank of Canby for $10 and went to Marshall to attend a circus. The check purporting to be signed by Chris Rock, the boy's stepfather, was pronounced a forgery. The boy is said to have passed similar checks at Marshall and Springfield. He was caught at Gary, S. D., where he cashed a check. The boy admitted forging Mr. Rock's name to four checks and had several made out. He will be placed in a reform school.

May Use Oil For Power.

Thief River Falls.—This city recently voted $40,000 bonds for an auxiliary steam plant to aid the city electric plant. Committees sent to investigate steam and oil plants reported in favor of steam. It is felt that possibly oil will give satisfactory results so all bids for erection of the plant have been laid aside.

Low water in Red Lake river causes erection of an auxiliary plant. Many believe the great drainage ditches are drying the north country. Water is becoming scarce in parts of Northern Minnesota.

Rich Lumberman To Marry.

Los Angeles, Cal. — A romance that had its beginning on an automobile ride from the Hotel Virginia at Long Branch, will culminate next month in a wedding in that city, when Mrs. Clara Hood Royce, a widow, becomes the bride of H. C. Akeley, a millionaire lumberman of Minneapolis. While Mrs. Royce was reticent about discussing the plans for the marriage, she admitted that the date now set is Oct. 31, and that the couple will spend their honeymoon in south[illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

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OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
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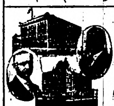
St. Hilaire, - - - Minn.



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ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success. *Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address* MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 30, 1911.

The annual convention of the Red River Valley Dairymen's association will be held in Crookston Nov. 7 and 8.

The state of California has done some very bold, progressive, and intelligent things in the last few years. In making Louis R Glavis secretary of her new conservation commission California indicates to the world where she stands, but if it doesn't look sharp it will find itself on Mr. Ballinger's black list.—Cass Lake Times.

Some time ago Chicago selected a committee of representative men and women to probe the vice of the city, with a view to curing it so far as possible. The committee made a report, which has been published, describing conditions as it found them. The postoffice department has barred that report from the mails as obscene, This, surely, is about the limit of stupid prudery.—Duluth Herald.

The bill limiting the power of the supreme court, introduced by Hon. Johathan Bourne, jr., of Oregon, is a good one and should become a law. By its provisions all federal or state laws and the state constitutions must be construed literally as the words are commonly understood in every day use unless the supreme court by unanimous decision of all its members qualified to sit in the cause, shall decide that such literal interpretation is not the true expession of the legislative intention and meaning in the language in controversy.

Judge McPherson of Iowa rendered a court decision that the railway commission of Iowa had full authority to reduce express rates fifteen per cent. How different from the recent decision of Judge Sanborn in Minnesota, who upheld the railroads in their contention for a return to the higher rates in effect before the action of the state in reducing them. This lends further force to the Duluth Herald's query why Minnesota of all the states was selected as the one state in which the mandate of the people should be overruled in the interest of the railroads.

A friend in another state asks us what we think of the chances of Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey for the presidency, in Minnesota. Our opinion may be as worthless as the idle surmises of the truckling politician, but we do not hesitate to assert that if Taft is nominated by the republican machine and Wilson is the nominee of the democrats the latter will carry Minnesota by a hundred thousand majority. Taft may have friends in our state who will support him by their votes but there is not enough of them to cast much of a shadow. The farmers and the consumers will support Wilson because they believe in him.—Cass Lake Times.

For the Public Good

One hears a good deal about the power of the press, but the fact is that newspaper has very much real power over men or events in these days unless it is known to be standing sanely and steadfastly for the welfare of the whole community and nation. The day of the party organ is past. Sensational papers appealing to popular passions can not move thoughtful men—the men who make history. The only kind of newspaper that really has tremendous power in these days is the independent, reliable, disinterested journal of wide circulation, whose columns are known to stand always for the general good—for public honesty and a square deal, whatever happens. An excellent example of this sort of journalism is The Chicago Record Herald. It has the enormous circulation that deservedly goes with the printing of all the news, but its power lies in its wise, conservative, independent editorial policy, which is shaped with one sole end in view—the public good. Its news and critical columns show the same spirit. It is an ideal paper for the home.

Rural School Notes

The fall of the year is now with us. This brings us to think of the precautions to be taken for the season coming. Let me remind school officers to consider and provide for the necessities of their respective districts, so as to insure in time a successful school year. These necessities may be few or many, small or great, but they should be considered in time so as to add to the efficiency of school when once begun.

Will the school clerks kindly report at your earliest convenience the name of teacher employed and the grade of certificate held by her. If teacher is not employed will you likewise let this office know. The superintendent wishes to have everything arranged before schools begin so as not to interfere with the work of visitation. The superintendent will be found at his office on Saturday after Oct. 1.

I would like to hear from those school children who intend to enter the county industrial contest. State your success in raising the corn and in growing garden vegetables, and number of entries to be made.

Will teachers also inform this office as to what progress is made in domestic science work in their schools. This information is needed to determine if a contest is to be held.

ABSTRACT

Of Annual School Report for Pennington Co. to Supt. of Public Instruction

No. of pupils entitled to apportionment	2385
No. not entitled to apportionment	265
Total enrollment	2650
Average number of days each pupil has attended	106
No. of pupils from 5 to 8 years	525
" " 8 to 18 "	1871
" " 18 to 21 "	254
Total number of pupils from 8 to 21 years	2650
No. of men teachers	16
No. of women teachers	87
Average monthly wages for men teachers	$44.50
Average monthly wages for women teachers	$42,10
No. of teachers graduates from high school	37
No. of teachers graduates from normal school	23
No. of teachers graduates from college (not business college)	17
No. of teachers not graduates that have attended high school	11
No. of teachers not graduates that have attended normal school	6
No. of teachers not graduates that have attended college	6
No. of teachers that have taught continuously for three years in one district	11
No. of teachers that have taught continuously for two years in one district	17
No. of teachers that have taught continuously for one year in one district	66

Text books are loaned to pupils free of charge or sold at cost. It is difficult to arrive at the average cost per pupil. However, 20 cents per pupil will be a fair average,

Thief River Falls has built the only brick school house during the year. Its cost is $45,000. Of the rural districts district No. 55 in Silverton has built a frame structure costing $800, and district No. 57 at Reiner, a structure costing $1,300. School district No. 56 at Erie has had the misfortune of having the material for a house burned. This is a hard blow for this young and progressive district. Not daunted by adverse circumstances the district is building a modern structure that will be ready for occupancy this fall.

Pennington county has sixty-seven organized school districts. Of these districts Nos. 70 and 219 are joint districts with Marshall county, and districts Nos. 58, 33, 148, 133, 227, 108, 43, 124, and 17 are joint with Red Lake county.

The unorganized school territory is spread over parts of North, Clover Leaf, Goodridge, Kratka, Reiner, Star, Hickory, Deer Park, and Mayfield. The county board of education is sustaining three schools on this sparsely settled territory—namely: In Hickory, Clover Leaf, and Kratka.

There are fifty-seven school houses within the limits of the county. The estimated value of these, with sites, is $125.311. Of this sum $105,000 falls to the lot of Thief River Falls, $2,500 to St. Hilaire, and $17,811 to the rural districts.

Twenty-two districts will qualify for state aid this year as against fourteen for last year. Fourteen of these schools will have eight months of school and eight will have seven months.

Of the 2,009 volumes in the 28 school libraries in the county, 727 volumes were bought last year. We hope to see these libraries increase in number in the future, as they form one of the strongest and most useful adjuncts to the school work. Every school, if need be, should have a library.

The number of school visits since the assumption of the active school work of the office Jan. 1, 1910, is forty.

This concludes the first report for the Pennington county schools. The hope is entertained that the schools will advance materially both in number, financial betterment, and efficiency of educational attainments in the ensuing year. We need the cooperation of school officers, the enthusiasm and energetic work of the teacher, and the good will and united action of our school patrons to effect this progress. May the good work progress to the best interests of all, but especially to our dear school public.

Respectfully submitted,
[illegible] A. MOSTUE.

Financial Statement

RECEIPTS—ALL.

Cash on hand at beginning year	$14,053.05
Received from apportionments	12,605.07
Received from special tax	25,230.90
" " 1 mill tax	1,717.72
" " special state aid	3,768.25
Received from bonds and other sources	8,172.26
Total	65,547.25

DISBURSEMENTS—ALL.

Paid for teachers' wages and board	$24,575.43
Paid for fuel and supplies	4,368.54
" repairs and improving ground	984.06
Paid for new school houses and sites	1,630.41
Paid for bonds and interest	4,803.41
" library books	169.40
" text books	850.15
" apparatus	262.85
" transportation of pupils	48.81
Paid for all other purposes	4,910.78
Cash on hand at the end of year	14,064.53
Total	$65,547.25

Automobilists' Sore Throat

Scientific physicians assert that automobilists' sore throat is a new thing, caused by the dust along the roads. It is often mistaken for a cold, but is simply irritation, caused by the germs in the dust. Therefore in riding never fail to take along something to wash the dust from the throat so it cannot irritate. There is nothing so valuable for this purpose as golden grain belt beers, germless, pure, healthful, and tonic in their effect. Try a few bottles the next trip. They make friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

Canada on the Back Track

The result of the Canadian election goes a great deal deeper than the mere defeat of a wholesome if timid attempt at freeing trade over the border line from some of the absurd tariff restrictions that now hamper it.

By rejecting the liberal government and landing the conservatives in power Canada has, apparently, turned itself bag and baggage over to the very kind of tyranny that the United States is now struggling to free itself from—the tyranny of government by and for special privilege.

Canada was, therefore, at the parting of the ways in a deeper sense than President Taft realized when he uttered the phrase that was distorted by the conservatives into a telling campaign slogan.

The day before election the Indianapolis News made this striking comment on the situation: "Canadian manufacturers and special interests have delivered their mandate to the people of Canada on the eve of election. They are commanded to vote against reciprocity under penalty of the factories and railroads being shut down for good. The act of the E. B. Eddy company at Ottawa yesterday in closing its factory and marching its men out to hear an anti-reciprocity orator recalls the feudal ages, and the notices posted that if reciprocity carries there will be no more work hark back to the dark days of American politics. Thus far the issue has been reciprocity. By marching its employes out to hear a political speech of any kind and by posting notices of suspension unless the people vote as they say these interests have given Canada another issue. The question now is whether the industrial, financial, and railroad interests are going to be dictators of Canada. The United States serves as a warning. By such methods and domination these interests wrote our tariff laws and clamped burdensome taxation on us that has crippled the nation and clipped its wings in world industrial expansion. By such domination they have controlled government, brought on us our trust evil and corrupted men and government. The revolt has come. Our whole intent now is to shake ourselves free of the domination that threatens Canada today. The irrational Kipling has warned Canada that her soul is at stake. It certainly is."

And Canada, in deadly fear of the impossible bogey of annexation, fled for refuge under the wings of the Canadian brothers of the vested interests that have plundered the American people under a tyranny as evil and oppressive as any in the history of the world. Canada now lies open to their marauding, and by the time another election rolls around they will have riveted its chains so that escape will not be easy.—Duluth Herald.

DIGNITY.

THE visible poise of self dominion.
Calm heroism of character facing the inevitable.
Serenity, strength and simplicity in a crisis.
Pride in the hour of abasement and humility in time of exaltation.
The soul's consciousness of rectitude radiated in noble bearing.
The armor of self respect.
Walking calm and courageous through the valley of humiliation.
Character rising superior to conditions or circumstances.

—William George Jordan.

English Etchings.

The title of reverend was first used in England in 1637.

Employment will be given to 18,000 men if England's plan is carried out of afforesting 150,000 acres a year.

England is getting warmer. The average temperature has risen just over a degree in the past half century.

The brewery at Burton-on-Trent, England, covers 160 acres. The yearly income is over $25,000,000. Seven hundred carloads of ale are forwarded daily.

ATTORNEY GENERAL SAYS PURE SNUFF CAN BE SOLD IN MINNESOTA LEGALLY

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

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Aid for Schools

For the first time in Minnesota's history money from the general revenue fund is being sent out to aid common schools, as provided by the Warner bill passed at the last session of the legislature. Fifty thousand dollars was appropriated to help those districts where there are great tracts of state land untaxable and where settlers have been unable to maintain adequate schools.

Complaint has been made that in the sparsely settled districts land owners contributed regularly to the state and road funds, getting no return, in many cases having no schools. Representative Warner's measure provided that the sum awarded to each school district should not exceed 5 cents for each acre of state land, that not more than $250 should be paid to any one district, and that no part of the appropriation shall be used to purchase a site or erect school buildings.

When the money was apportioned it was learned that $50,000 was not enough to pay 5 cents an acre, so the districts will receive sums computed at the rate of 3 cents an acre, but in no case more than $150.

Marshall county will receive $969.42; Pennington, $38.91; Polk, $39.85.

The congressional franking privilege and the congressional leave to print things in the Record have both been abused freely, until the patrons of the postoffice are paying for the free hauling of an amazing miscellany, and the Congressional Record is anything but a true report of what happens in congress.

THE MIRAGE.

Conditions That Make Possible This Beautiful Illusion.

About that natural phenomenon, the mirage, much mystery clung in days of old, but science explains it as readily as the rainbow.

The fata morgana of the strait of Messina and the specter of the Brocken were nothing more in sober reality than mere mirage.

A mirage may occur at any place where the denser stratum of air is placed above the lighter stratum, thus refracting the rays of light, the common surface of the two stratums acting as a mirror.

In looming mirages distant objects show an extravagant increase in vertical height without alteration in breadth. Distant hummocks of ice are thus magnified into immense towers and pinnacles, and a ship is sometimes abnormally drawn out until it appears twelve or thirteen times as high as it is long. Rocks are seen drawn up to ten or twelve times their proper height. Houses as well as human beings and animals appear in like exaggerated shape.

Another form of mirage is when a ship or some other object near the water seems greatly elongated and a second inverted image meets it from above.

Sometimes the proper image of the object is elevated far above the sea, while the second image strangely appears inverted beneath it, the whole surrounded by a sheet of sky which is mirrored and repeated within it.

In 1882 in the arctic region Captain Scoresby recognized by its inverted image in the air his father's ship, the Fame, which afterward proved to be seventeen miles beyond the visible horizon of his observation.

One August evening in 1806 Dr. Vince saw from Ramsgate, at which place only the tops of Dover castle towers are usually visible, the whole of the castle. It appeared as though lifted up and bodily placed on the near side of the intervening hill. So perfect was this illusion that the hill itself actually could not be seen through the figure.

Some forms of mirage are lateral as well as vertical, arising from unequal density of two contiguous vertical bodies of air. Thus on Lake Geneva a boat has been seen double, the two images some distance apart.

Persons have been duplicated in the same way. Any one on a hot day by placing his eye near to a heated wall may see lateral mirages of objects at a distance and nearly on a line with the wall.

Mirages are very frequent on deserts or the large sandy plains which abound in the southwestern states and territories. Many a panting wagon train has pushed on in joyous haste at the sight of a green grove or limpid lake, only to be cruelly disappointed at the fading away of the vision. Is it any wonder that the natives and Indians regard the phenomenon as the work of evil and tantalizing spirits?

Lake Ontario is famous for beautiful and wonderful mirages, during which the opposite shore of the lake is plainly visible from either side.—Pearson's [illegible]

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	97
" " 2 "	92
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$2.15
" " 2	2.05
Barley, for 50 lbs	95
Oats	39
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.15
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. goverment survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsolino and Emma Orsolino, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

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The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—No services tomorrow.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services, with communion, Sunday Oct. 8, at 10:45 a. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a. p.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 17[illegible] Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 1[illegible] meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LARSEN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

PATENTS

TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 20 years' experience.
Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.

D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliot t

Hokan Johnson was up from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday.

Eddie Carlson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

D. McAllister has purchased a second chair for his barber shop.

Mrs. Charles Fellman visited with friends in St. Hilaire over Sunday.

Miss Mary Anderson was in Thief River Falls between trains Wednesday.

Oscar Gunstad and Victor Brink returned Tuesday from a trip to the cities.

Roy Dahl is making preparations to open a restaurant in the Duntley building.

S. L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was canvassing for life insurance in town Tuesday.

Miss Henda Hauge and Mr. Irvin Isaacson went to Halstad Monday to visit friends.

Selmer Benson left yesterday for Neitsville, Polk county, where he will teach a term of school.

A representative of the Duluth News Tribune was drumming up subscriptions on Wednesday.

Miss Ida Karwan of Thief River Falls was the guest of Miss Tyra Wallen the first of the week.

K. O. Gigstad and C. H. Martz went to Red Lake Falls Thursday evening to be present at a ditch hearing.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, Oct. 1, at 10:30 a. m.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet Friday evening Oct. 6, at the Imperial hall. Good program.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire, Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday, Oct. 6, at 2 p. m., with with Mrs. Peter Lundberg.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

A. M. Stedman, the postoffice inspector, checked up the St. Hilaire office Tuesday and found everything in proper shape.

Miss Bernice Jackson, who has been visiting friends here for some time, left Monday for her new home at Seattle, Wash.

Duncan McAllister went to Bakger Tuesday to visit a brother who is ill with typhoid fever. He found his brother on the mend and returned home Tuesday.

I have some good farm horses and some western horses for sale. Come early while you have a good choice.

o1-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

Martin McAndress has sold the northeast quarter of section 31 in Rocksbury for $4,000 to Henry Blasa, who bought a farm in Bray last year but wishes to get nearer to a good school.

Rev. and Mrs. A. Hanson left Monday for Long Prairie. Minn., where they will visit with friends until Mr. Hanson is assigned to another charge by the M. E. conference, which convenes next week.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin, of St. Hilaire, were guests at the I. B. Fisher home yesterday Mrs. Pitkin left yesterday for Minneapolis, and Mr. Pitkin returned to St. Hilaire this morning. — Crookston Times, Monday.

McMillan brothers, who bought a half section of wild land on section 24 in Sanders through the Elliott agency, came on with their household goods the first of the week. They have rented the M. L. Hanson residence on Water street and will live in St. Hilaire this winter.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Myrtle Blaine was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

S. J. Amble lost a valuable horse with colic last Sunday.

Dr. Owens was in Red Lake Lake Falls on Wednesday.

Mike Anderson came down from Baudette Thursday evening.

Mrs. C. H. Martz and Miss Ruth were Thief River Falls visitors on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble and Miss Cleo visited Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mrs. Patterson, Misses Annie and Ethel were in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Misses Rena Loberg and Phenie Branum returned Tuesday from their visit to Crookston.

Ray Lindquist left Wednesday for Fergus Falls to resume his studies at the school tdere.

Miss Annie Fellman, who is teaching at Brooks, in Polk county, visited at home the first of the week.

The orchestra are planning on a big social dance two weeks from tonight. Bills will be out next week.

The Elliots land agency seems to doing a "land office" business this week, notwithstanding the bad weather.

F. W. Busse came down yesterday from Warroad and went out to his farm where the crop is being hreshed.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cork, who reside on the Worstall farm, returned Wednesday from a visit in North Dakota.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the Imperial hall next Friday evening. Everybody invited to come and have a good lunch.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

In our mention of the Red Lake Falls fair last week we omitted to notice the harness exhibited by Carl Krueger of this place. He had on display two elegant sets of harness besides specimens of other work, all of which drew first prizes.

James Ward, who was one of the three contestants in the ocean to ocean aeroplane flight which started last week, quit the race after a fall at Addison, N. Y. His friends here have had no word from him as yet, but are hoping that he was not seriously injured. He had been having bad luck ever since his start from New York.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Soll of Spokane will be pained to hear of the dire affliction that has befallen them. H. E. Ives has just received a letter from Mrs. Soll stating that Mr. Soll was attacked with creeping paralysis in April last and has grown gradually worse until now he is almost helpless. Everything possible has been tried but without relief, and Mrs. Soll has been advised that while his life is in no immediate danger yet thele is no help for him.

Will Teach School

Miss Ida Kalland will teach the Dahlstrom school near Wylie.

Miss Selma Hoff has the Miller school, where she has taught before.

Miss Hannah Miller will teach the Halstrom school.

Miss Ruth Roy will teach in the Lindquist district.

Miss Elisa Hendrickson has taken a school in the Alfred Olson district.

Miss Lillie Johnson has the Akerlund, school

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk.

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

ST. HILAIRE RETAIL LBR. CO.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

Trouble Ahead.

A north country coroner is said to be waiting the suicide of a local poet who wrote about clasping "the two tremulous hands" of his ladylove, but which the printer made to read "the two tremendous hands."—London Mail.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

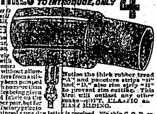
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).



NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C.O.D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

DAIRYMEN!

We want a few more dairymen with sanitary surroundings and at least ten cows to ship us

MILK

Present price per pound of butterfat, F. O. B. Crookston,

40 CENTS

Write for full particulars

CROOKSTON PURE FOOD CO., CROOKSTON, MINN.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

Coffee as Remedy For Asthma.

Coffee is a very excellent remedy for asthma. Those who do not know how to cut short their attacks and have not tried coffee should do so by all means. It often succeeds admirably when almost everything else has failed. There are one or two little points to be attended to in taking coffee for asthma. In the first place, it should be very strong, in fact, perfectly black. Weak coffee does more harm than good. If made very strong, much of it need not be taken. A large quantity is a positive disadvantage, for it is less rapidly absorbed and only distends the stomach. Then it should be given without sugar or milk, pure "cafe noir." It should be given on an empty stomach, for when taken on a full stomach it often does harm by putting a stop to the process of digestion.—Family Doctor.

The No Grog Law.

In July, 1862, congress revolutionized the American navy by passing the historic law providing:

"That from and after the 1st day of September, 1862, the spirit ration in the navy of the United States shall forever cease, and thereafter no distilled spirituous liquors shall be admitted on board of vessels of war except as medical stores and upon the order and under the control of the medical officers of such vessels and to be used only for medical purposes.

"From and after the 1st day of September next there shall be allowed and paid to each person in the navy now entitled to the spirit ration 5 cents per day in commutation and lieu thereof, which shall be in addition to the present pay."

And since that day there has been no "grog" in the United States navy.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN WIS.

Bring in Your Printing

Our Fall Stock

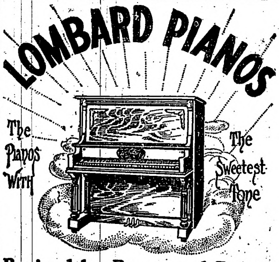
Is now complete. We have a new line of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at very low prices. We solicit your trade.

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

• **See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.**

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and [illegible] subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

SHE GOT WHAT SHE WANTED

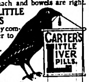
This Woman Had to Insist Strongly, but it Paid

Chicago, Ill.—"I suffered from a female weakness and stomach trouble and I went to the store to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but the clerk did not want to let me have it—he said it was no good and wanted me to try something else, but knowing all about it I insisted and finally got it, and I am so glad I did, for it has cured me.

"I know of so many cases where women have been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I can say to every suffering woman if that medicine does not help her, there is nothing that will."—Mrs. JANETZKI, 2963 Arch St., Chicago, Ill.

This is the age of substitution, and women who want a cure should insist upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound just as this woman did, and not accept something else on which the druggist can make a little more profit.

Women who are passing through this critical period or who are suffering from any of those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of the fact that for thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills. In almost every community you will find women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Bean Porridge Hot.

"Would you call soup an edible?"

"Yes, an audible edible."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

His Idea.

"An Ahkound is the best man of his kind, isn't he, pop?"

"I believe so, son."

"Then, pop, if I kill more flies than all the other fellows, I will be an Ahkound of Swat?"

Cause of the Excitement.

The sons of the rich were all enthusiastically following some one down the street.

"What's up?" someone asked.

A rather more accommodating young nabob than the others turned around.

"Do you see that tall fellow up front?" he asked.

"Yes."

"Well," he said, "he's discovered a new way to spend money."

Only a Moose.

"The modern woman isn't a bluff," asserted Mrs. Gobbolink, looking up from her newspaper. "This suffrage movement has more in it than mere ideas. The new woman is brave and fearless. Here is a story of a woman up in Canada who killed a mouse. It seems that she—"

"Impossible!" interjected Mr. Gobbolink. "There must be some mistake—read it again."

Mrs. Gobbolink searched out the paragraph and then blushed vividly. "How stupid of me," she stammered. "I did make a mistake. It wasn't a mouse she killed—nothing but a moose."

Easy Breakfast!

A bowl of crisp

Post Toasties

and cream—
the thing's done!

Appetizing
Nourishing
Convenient

Ready to serve right out of the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

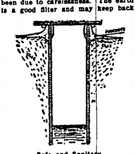
POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

FARM and GARDEN

BUILD SUITABLE FARM WELL

Should Be Far Enough Away From Sources of Pollution to Avoid All Possible Danger.

There are few safer sources of water supply than a good well tightly covered, properly situated and cared for. If wells have, in the past, proved to be the sources of infection it has been due to carelessness. The earth is a good filter and may keep back impurities for a long time, but ultimately they get in because the earth becomes thoroughly saturated. You can't be too careful.

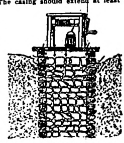


Safe and Sanitary.

A well with ground water approaching near the surface is more liable to contamination through seepage from nearby drains or closets than one where a deep ground water compels a greater filtration. A sandy soil makes the best and safest filter; a clayey or limestone region is most dangerous, because of fissures and cracks which may allow a free passage of unfiltered contaminated matter.

Under the best of circumstances, no possible source of pollution should be allowed within 25 feet of a well; with poor conditions as to soil or ground water the well should be far away from these sources of danger and possible disease.

Be careful about the covering. Have it tight. Be just as careful about the casing. It should be of bricks laid in cement mortar, pointed inside. This casing should go down as far as possible and the space around it should be filled in with a well-tamped clay. The casing should extend at least 18 inches above the surface of the ground and it should be protected for several feet around with a concrete shield. The platform should, of course, be tight, so that not a drop of water may flow back into the well. Ventilation for a well is not necessary.



Liable to Pollution.

Cost of Raising Wheat.

Including the item of rent, the cost of raising wheat in the year 1909 was estimated by the department of agriculture at 66 cents a bushel; the cost of raising corn was 38 cents a bushel, and the cost of raising oats was 31 cents a bushel. These figures are probably a reasonable statement of fact where the three grains are successfully grown. The average wheat fields were 59 acres; corn fields, 30 acres, and average oat fields, 25 acres. The wheat cost the farmer to raise it $11.15 per acre; the corn, $12.17 per acre, and the oats, $10.91 per acre. On the selling basis of 95 cents a bushel on farms, the wheat showed a profit of $5.33 per acre; on the selling basis of 62 cents a bushel on farms, the corn showed a profit of $7.82 per acre; on the basis of 40 cents a bushel at the farm, the oats showed a profit of $4.17 per acre. These are the figures of 1909. Today there is considerable decrease in price of grain and farmers are not making any such profits.

Experiment With Dandelions.

After two years of spraying, making 12 applications in all on a strip of lawn at the New York Agricultural Experiment station with iron sulphate, the dandelions sprayed were in as thriving a condition as when the spraying first began.—Conclusion, iron sulphate will not eradicate dandelions from lawns.

Seed Doesn't Germinate.

On most meadows and pastures there is usually plenty of white and red cloverseed in the soil, but owing to the lack of suitable plant food the seed has not germinated, or if it has the growth is very delicate.

Crop to Plow Under.

Crimson clover makes an excellent crop to be plowed under, though rye will answer. It is not equal to the clover, however, being without the nitrogen-fixing properties of the clover plant.

Problems of Farmers.

There are two problems that the farmers of this country have to face: (1) spend more money on drainage and (2) use more diligence in eradicating the noxious weeds on the farm.

Without Summer Silo.

The dairyman who does not have the summer silo should by all means use soiling crops.

PREPARE FOR WINTER WHEAT

Where Sown After Barley or Oats Should Be Plowed as Soon as Possible After Harvest.

Where wheat is sown after barley, oats or wheat seeded on last fall's cornstalks, the field should be plowed as early after harvest as possible. If this cannot be done at once, harrow the land to break down the stubble and destroy weeds and start weed-seeds to germinate. The rubbish will act as a mulch and keep the ground moist, and it will plow much easier than if left unprotected to bake in the hot summer's sun.

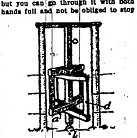
The three-horse double springtooth harrow and the double steel disk are the two best implements for cutting up stubble ground. Three heavy horses hooked to the disk harrow will cut the ground fully five inches in depth. By harrowing the field both ways before the grounds becomes too hard the land will be put in nice condition to plow later in the month.

The ground should be plowed early this month so the stubble turned under will rot and the ground settle nicely before it is time to drill. The ground should be harrowed a few days after it is plowed to prevent the escape of moisture. Fresh plowed land can be well pulverized by one cross harrowing. An occasional harrowing should be given to keep the ground mellow and to kill weeds. This method is equal to a summer fallow and without the loss of a crop. Land so prepared can be drilled to wheat and seeded to grass by the middle of September.

GOOD GATE FOR A BARNYARD

One Shown in Illustration Will Keep Stock in, but Allows Person to Go in and Out at Will.

Here is shown a good gate for the barnyard. It will keep the stock in, but you can go through it with both hands full and not be obliged to stop to open or close it, says the Farm and Home. It is built by setting a piece of 4x4 piece of hard wood, c, in a hub, b, and placing 1x4 inch strips, a, across it as shown in the cut. Spring the ends of each pair together to hold the upright piece, d, which should be 1x4 and 2 to 3 feet high. If there are no hogs in the barnyard the bottom crosspiece can be built 18 inches above the hub. The piece, d, should be about 8 feet high and stayed with wires or with a crosspiece fastened to two posts as shown. This device forms an X, which turns as a person passes through it, but is too small for stock to go through.



Gate for Barnyard.

Culture of Soil.

The one thing above all others that the Pennsylvania station desires to teach is that soil cannot be made fertile economically at a single stroke; that land can only be kept up to its highest productive capacity by a carefully and wisely ordered system of cropping, cultivation and fertilization.

Best General Fertilizer.

Barnyard manure is the best general fertilizer to use about young fruit trees; care should be taken, however, not to pile it up about the tree trunk, as it is liable to burn the bark.

Advertise Your Farm.

A stencil or rubber stamp costs less than one dollar. The name of your farm or your own name and address ought to go on every package, either for the local market or for shipment.

For Fire Purposes.

Fill up two or three water tubs and leave them handy to the barn door for quick use in case of fire. Keep them well covered or they will make good breeding places for mosquitos.

Green Bone.

Green bone is very rich in phosphate of lime.

Axle grease pays 100 per cent profit.

Cowpeas do not do so well at the north as at the south.

Corn should be a cultivated crop in every sense of the word.

Watch your cabbage and prevent the splitting of heads if possible.

The bean harvest is very dependent upon the weather for good results.

It is said that bees cannot profitably travel more than two miles for nectar.

Winter wheat must have a snow covering during the winter to survive.

Expert truckers and gardeners grow a large part of the vegetable seeds they need.

Constant and thorough tillage is a partial cure for drouth as it affects our crops.

Corn put into the silo when in the roasting ear stage will not make first-class silage.

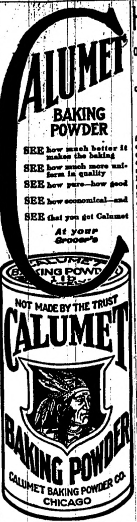
If any crop is stored in the barn too green there is danger of spontaneous combustion.

Thoroughly cultivate all crops that remain in the ground, and burn up all rubbish and trash.

Late potatoes generally do better if left in the ground as long as possible to thoroughly ripen.

Don't forget to cut all corn intended for seed purposes just as soon as the ears are well dented.

When timothy hay is worth $7 per ton for feeding, good corn ensilage is worth about $3 per ton.



CALUMET BAKING POWDER

SEE how much better it makes the baking
SEE how much more uniform in quality
SEE how pure—how good
SEE how economical—and
SEE that you get Calumet

At your Grocer's

And He's Not Alone.

Howell—What do you think of him?

Powell—He has all of the eccentricities of genius without the genius.

The Pure Food Law stopped the sale of hundreds of fraudulant medicines. They could not stand investigation. Hamlins Wizard Oil has stood the test of investigation for nearly sixty years.

Few of us can do more than one thing well. Many a man who has no difficulty in making money is a dismal failure as a spender.

TOMMY MURPHY,

The great horseman who is winning most of the big races for fast trotters with that farm horse, "R. T. C.," record 2:08¼ says: "SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE is the best remedy for all forms of Distemper and coughs I have ever known. I have used it a number of years." All druggists or send to manufacturers. 50c and $1 a bottle. Spohn Medical Co., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Plenty of Biz.

"How is your son, the young doctor, making out?"

"First rate, since he learned to adapt himself to circumstances. He started out as a lung specialist, but he's a green apple specialist now."

Unfortunate Man.

A tourist in the mountains of Tennessee once had dinner with a querulous old mountaineer who yarned about hard times for 15 minutes at a stretch. "Why, man," said the tourist, "you ought to be able to make lots of money shipping green corn to the northern market." "Yes, I orter," was the sullen reply. "You have the land, I suppose, and can get the seed." "Yes, I guess so." "They why don't you go into the speculation?" "No use, stranger," sadly replied the cracker; "the old woman is too lazy to do the plowin' and plantin'."

Secretive Family Bible.

Tommy was a venturesome lad, but nobody had ever credited him with sufficient courage to shake his head in contradiction when the Sunday school visitor, who wished to show off his knowledge of Biblical history, asserted that Sarah, Abraham's wife, was the only woman whose age was recorded in the Bible. Seeing the disapproving motion of the little head in the front row, the visitor reiterated: "Sarah was the only woman whose age is recorded in the Bible." Then Tommy spoke right up: "There are three more that I know of," said he. "Who?" asked the astonished visitor. "Mother, grandmother and Aunt Lucy," said Tommy.

FOOD AGAIN

A Mighty Important Subject to Every-One.

A Boston lady talks entertainingly of food and the changes that can be made in health by some knowledge on that line. She says:

"An injury to my spine in early womanhood left me subject to severe sick headaches which would last three or four days at a time, and a violent course of drugging brought on constipation with all the ills that follow.

"My appetite was always light and uncertain and many kinds of food distressed me.

"I began to eat Grape-Nuts food two or three years ago, because I liked the taste of it, and I kept on because I soon found it was doing me good.

"I eat it regularly at breakfast, frequently at luncheon, and again before going to bed—and have no trouble in 'sleeping on it.' It has relieved my constipation, my headaches have practically ceased, and I am in better physical condition at the age of 63 than I was at 40.

"I give Grape-Nuts credit for restoring my health, if not saving my life, and you can make no claim for it too strong for me to endorse." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new [illegible]

HOME OF A SIGNER

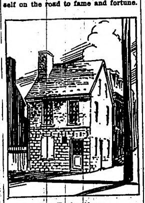
Old Taylor House Will Be Made a Museum.

One of the Two Remaining Abodes of Those Who Put Their Names to the Declaration of Independence.

Easton, Pa.—One by one the nation has permitted the homes of the signers of the Declaration of Independence to be sold into uncaring hands, or altered or torn down. Today, it is said, there remain only two of these homes as they appeared in 1776. These are the former home of George Taylor in this place, and Charles Carrollton of Baltimore. The Carrollton mansion, rich as it is in memories, has been a tenement house, inhabited principally by foreigners. The lower floor of the Taylor house was last used as a butcher shop.

It is quite probable that there is more interest attached to this Taylor house than to the home of any other signer of the famous document. It is for this reason that the Easton chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution are making such efforts to preserve this once famous building. This society has purchased the home and will convert it into a museum. As a nucleus for the proposed collection, they already have some relics of Taylor and Revolutionary days. These consist principally of suits of clothes, the sword, books and the inkstand used by the signer, as well as a number of shot cast at Taylor's furnace at Durham.

This house was built in 1757 as a home for William Parsons, the founder of the city of Easton. Shortly before Parsons died, George Taylor came to America with a man named Savage, who established a furnace at Durham, near Easton. Savage paid for Taylor's passage to America, and the latter then worked seven years for Savage, to reimburse him. Then Savage died, and Taylor married his widow, and came into possession of the furnace. Taylor now found himself on the road to fame and fortune.



The Taylor House.

The Durham furnace was kept busy making shot for the Revolutionary cannon. Taylor moved to Easton and bought the Parsons home, at the north east corner of Fourth and Ferry streets. Here General Washington visited Taylor when the former came to this city to visit the sick soldiers that had been housed in the First Reformed church, which was temporarily used as a hospital.

In 1764, Taylor was a member of the Provincial assembly, and one of the committee which thanked King George for repealing the stamp act.

The Taylor house is a two and a half story structure, built of sandstone. The mortar is so hard that it can hardly be chipped off with a chisel. The floors are of one and one-half inch oak planks, and fastened with wrought iron nails. Large oaken shelves adorn the room used by Taylor as his library, and the second floor has a spacious fireplace where hang the colonial fire tongs. The chimney is yet straight and solid, and the window sashes and panes are almost invariably the same as they were in Taylor's time. A short time ago, a small marble slab, giving the time of erection, and the date of death of the owner, George Taylor, was placed on the building by the new owners, the Easton chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

ARNOLD SEARCH COST $75,000

Detectives, Police and Reporters Still Seeking New York Girl Missing Since December.

New York.—Since the disappearance of Charley Ross no case of a missing person has had so much attention as that of Dorothy Arnold of this city. And in the history of no missing person was ever so great an effort made in all directions to discover what her fate has been; nor was money ever in any similar case so lavishly spent. The search that so far has been futile has cost $75,000 if it cost a penny. It is still going on, and money is still being lavishly expended and although as yet there is no definite prospect that the hunt will prove other than futile.

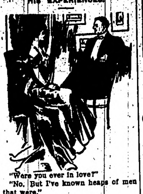
When Dorothy Arnold left her home in New York she left no word to explain her disappearance and no clew to her whereabouts. Her photographs were published broadcast and police, detectives and newspaper reporters all over the world sought the missing girl. Not one word has been heard nor any clew obtained since she left her home though thousands of dollars have been spent in the search and are still being expended.

The search is proving the most expensive on record, save perhaps those for the Greeley expedition into the far north and the Stanley expedition in quest of Livingston.

A Bath for His Pigs.

Caldwell, N. J.—Frederick Heller, a local stock raiser, has installed in the [illegible] of his home a bath tub which [illegible] used exclusively for the [illegible] comfort of two [illegible]

HIS EXPERIENCES.



"Were you ever in love?"

"No. But I've known heaps of men that were."

HANDS BURNED LIKE FIRE

"I can truthfully say Cuticura Remedies have cured me of four long years of eczema. About four years ago I noticed some little pimples coming on my little finger, and not giving it any attention, it soon became worse and spread all over my hands. If I would have them in water for a long time, they would burn like fire and large cracks would come. I could lay a pin in them. After using all the salves I could think of, I went to three different doctors, but all did me no good. The only relief I got was scratching.

"So after hearing so much about the wonderful Cuticura Remedies, I purchased one complete set, and after using them three days my hands were much better. Today my hands are entirely well, one set being all I used." (Signed) Miss Etta Narber, R. F. D. 2, Spring Lake, Mich., Sept. 26, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 2 L, Boston.

Not All Smoked.

L. White Busbey, secretary to former Speaker Cannon, was explaining that the speaker did not smoke so much as people thought he did.

"My understanding," suggested one of the party, "is that he gets away with about 20 cigars a day."

"Oh, well," said Busbey, "but he eats half of 'em."—Sunday Magazine.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Restaurants may come and restaurants may go, but the political pie counter has always plenty of patrons.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some men never reach the top because the elevator isn't running.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

KODAKS
and high grade finishing. Mail orders given special attention. All kinds of photo supplies. Send for catalogue. Voegeli Druggist, Minneapolis, Minn.

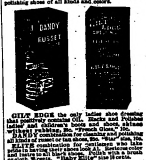
Pettit's Eye Salve SMARTING SORE LIDS ACTS AT ONCE

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Cement Talk No. 7

Newspapers print nearly every day the story of some *fire disaster* involving the complete destruction of great property values and sometimes the loss of human lives. The annual fire losses of the United States are measured by the millions; in fact, it is stated that over two hundred and fifty million dollars worth of property was wiped out by fire in the United States last year. While it is true that the precautions to prevent fire and fire fighting systems are often inadequate, the main trouble lies in *flimsy, non-fireproof building construction.* Experience has proved that fireproof construction is both practicable and economical. In some industries fireproof building is compelled by law. Reinforced *concrete* has come to the front as the most important agent in building against fire. The use of *cement* in building is becoming more and more common, due to its fireproofness, durability and economy. When building anything from the back porch steps to an office building, concrete construction may be safely adopted. The use of *Universal Portland Cement* in the *concrete* will insure *cement* of the best quality possible to manufacture. *Universal* is handled everywhere by the best dealers.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS



Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

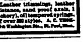
GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

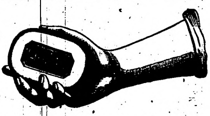
WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.,
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.



Twin Auto Seat Price **$48.75**
Panel Seat Price **$44.00**
If ordered before October 1st, 1911
NEW AND LATEST STYLE
Auto seat buggy. Leather trimmings, leather quarter top, long distance, sand proof axels, 1 inch wheels (best hickory), oil tempered springs. Write for catalog of over 200 styles. A. C. THOMSON CARRIAGE CO., 3rd & Washington Sts., St. Paul, Minn.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE
For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very successful. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 39-1911.



Lenox Soap will do anything that any laundry soap will do.

Use it in the laundry, or for washing dishes, pots, pans, floors—anything that can be cleaned with soap and water.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION [illegible]

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1911. NUMBER 13.

300 DIE IN FLOOD

DAM BURSTS, CAUSING CATASTROPHE IN PENNSYLVANIA VILLAGES.

TWO TOWNS WIPED OUT

Rescuers Labor to Save Injured, With Light From Burning Buildings.—Logs Hurled Down on Villages By Waves.

Austin, Pa.—Two towns leveled by flood and fire, an estimated death list of over 300 persons, as many more injured and the surviving inhabitants dazed to inaction, is the destruction worked in this town by a flood which broke the concrete dam at Austin, freeing a lake five miles long that engineering science had held in leash in the valley of Freemans Run. The torrent of water, carrying with it millions of feet of pulp logs, swept away the buildings in its path, and, as the structures were dashed from their foundations, fire sprung from the broken gas connections and spread to the buildings higher up in the valley.

The flood, a repetition of the Johnstown disaster, first destroyed Austin, a town of 3,000 population, swept its buildings along in the current and dashed them into the town of Costello, a short distance down the valley.

The dam was built two years ago and the water was turned into the basin but a week ago. Behind the dam was the pile of logs to be used by the Goodyear Lumber Company and the pulp mills. When the dam went out the entire pile of concrete seemed to go down at once and the water swept along in a solid crest as high as the dam had been. The logs riding the crest of the floor made a battering ram that swept all before it. The pulp mill, half a mile above Austin, was one of the first buildings to be wrecked and its timbers were added to the burden the flood already carried. At the outskirts of the town the great dam demolished the planing mill and the hotel which stood near it.

Residences suffered because of their construction, and while no accurate estimate of the real damage can be made, it is stated that there are not enough houses left in the village to cover the survivors. The railroad shops where the debris is piled high, and which resisted for a time the force of the water, probably will prove to be the death chamber of the majority of the men who were employed there. A rescuing party attempted to reach the interior of the ruins but were driven back by the smell of burning flesh.

The five or six churches in the town are all gone, the only public institutions left standing being the hospital and the schoolhouse. They were above the flood line.

Among the principal places destroyed was the plant of the Emporium Lumber Company, not a vestige of it being left. A part of the plant of the Goodyear Lumber Company whose dam gave way, also disappeared under the raging waters, and the Commercial hotel and Davis house went down before the rush. The White house, another hotel was burned and it is believed that several persons perished with the building.

Whole families have been wiped out. Among them are some of the leading people in the town, but in the darkness and confusion it is impossible to tell just who are left. The number of the dead is estimated at from 850 to 1,000, the population of the town having been 3,000 before the disaster.

A dangerous situation developed immediately after the great wall of water had passed. Austin was piped for natural gas and the great force of the flood tore the mains from the streets. One of them, the largest pipe in the town, burst in the business section. A moment afterwards the gas rushed out and in a twinkling it had taken fire. There was no explosion, but the flames leaped to a height of twenty feet or more and, blown by a strong wind were communicated to the nearest house. In ten minutes a dozen other gas pipes had burst and were pouring their deadly inflammable fluid into the air.

The dam which burst was a gigantic concrete structure which in reality was a double dam. It was located on a hill a half mile above the village and spanned practically the entire valley, which at this point is about one-third of a mile wide and banked by high hills. The dam held back a wall of water fifty feet deep and three-quarters of a mile long normally as reserve power for the great pulp and paper mill which nestled at its base.

The Johnstown flood, which is recalled by the Austin, Pa., disaster, occurred on the afternoon of May 31, 1889, and 2,142 lives were lost and property was damaged to the extent of more than $9,500,000.

Sail for Home.

Ottawa, Ontario.—Twenty-five Italians from here left today for Montreal, and will sail immediately for Italy to fight for their country. There will be many Italians from all over Canada at once who will return to Italy. Big funds will also be raised.

Wayman Would Be Governor.

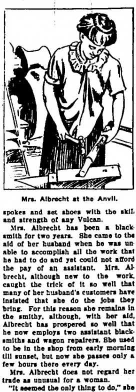
Chicago, Illinois.—John E. W. Wayman, the state's attorney of Cook county, has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for governor.

THIS WOMAN A GOOD VULCAN

Mrs. Anna M. Albrecht, a Resident of New York, Becomes an Expert Blacksmith.

New York.—Woman has crossed the last frontier of man's trades. Mrs. Anna M. Albrecht of this city is the successful invader, having won the distinction of being the only woman blacksmith in New York city and possibly the pioneer of American women in that trade.

Mrs. Albrecht is a sturdy woman of 35, the mother of three children and the chief aid and assistant of her husband in his smithy. She can heat rivets, set wheel bands, straighten spokes and set shoes with the skill and strength of any Vulcan.



Mrs. Albrecht at the Anvil.

Mrs. Albrecht has been a blacksmith for two years. She came to the aid of her husband when he was unable to accomplish all the work that he had to do and yet could not afford the pay of an assistant. Mrs. Albrecht, although new to the work, caught the trick of it so well that many of her husband's customers have insisted that she do the jobs they bring. For this reason she remains in the smithy, although, with her aid, Albrecht has prospered so well that he now employs two assistant blacksmiths and wagon repairers. She used to be in the shop from early morning till sunset, but now she passes only a few hours there every day.

Mrs. Albrecht does not regard her trade as unusual for a woman.

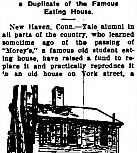
"It seemed the only thing to do," she said. "My husband needed help and so I helped him. I used to notice people stopping to watch me as they passed, but I soon forgot I was attracting attention. There's no reason in the world why women shouldn't be blacksmiths if they're strong enough to wield the tools. There's no more skill required for it than for a good many tasks in housework, and practice makes perfect, you know."

The woman blacksmith's costume is not at all indicative of her amazonic profession. At the anvil Mrs. Albrecht wears an old dark short skirt and a gingham dressing sacque with a low, frilled collar and sleeves cut off above the elbow. Her forearms are well developed through her use of the heavy tools. She says that she likes the work and that she will continue at it as long as there is a demand for her services.

MOREY'S IS TO BE REPLACED

Yale Alumni Arranging to Establish a Duplicate of the Famous Eating House.

New Haven, Conn.—Yale alumni in all parts of the country, who learned sometime ago of the passing of "Morey's," a famous old student eating house, have raised a fund to replace it and practically reproduce it in an old house on York street, a block from the college campus. The rooms in this York street house will be arranged exactly as in the original tavern, and on the walls will be hung the same old prints and the famous table tops on which Yale students for many generations have carved their initials.



Yale's Famous Eating House.

Dollar a Kiss Is Price.

Los Angeles, Cal.—One dollar was the price paid for a kiss by David Bell, a taxicab driver. Bell took the kiss from Miss Violet Templeton of San Francisco, whom he had transported to the railroad depot, where she suddenly discovered that she was without funds. Miss Templeton, upon making the discovery, said her face was her fortune and leaned forward. Bell took the hint and the kiss was the result.

Dances Seven Hours and Dies.

St. Paul, Minn.—After dancing for seven hours, A. E. Scott took his young woman partner to a refreshment stand at a dance hall and toppled over dead as he was about to drink a glass of soda. Miss Mamie Webb, the partner, stood by his side as he fell.

G. O. P. CALLED

SELECTIONS OF NATIONAL CONVENTION CITY AND CHAIRMAN TOPIC FOR DISCUSSION.

DEMOCRATS MEET SOON

Progressives Urge Presidential Primaries Before Convention to Ascertain Preference as to Nominee.

Washington, D. C. — The issuance of the call for the meeting of the Republican national committee in Washington on Dec. 12 precipitates discussion of the next presidential campaign and, first of all, the selection of the convention city. It is expected that the call for the meeting of the Democratic national committee will be issued soon and that committee also will meet in Washington in December.

The selection of the national campaign chairman and the influence of politics in different sections of the country upon the choice of the convention city will be discussed by the Republicans. Chicago, St. Louis, Buffalo and Philadelphia are in the field to entertain the national convention.

President Taft's popularity and the strength he has among the business men of St. Louis gives that city considerable prestige in the race for capturing the convention. It is believed the Democrats will hold their convention in Chicago, and that they will endeavor to gain favor among the insurgent opponents of President Taft in the states of the Northwest.

Urges Presidential Primaries.

The National Progressive Republican league has issued from its headquarters here an open letter asking the committee to put in the call for the national convention a suggestion to the Republicans of the different states that the state committees call presidential primaries thirty days before the Republican national convention to obtain expressions in each of the states as to the nominee of the convention.

It is believed the chairman of the Republican national committee for the next campaign will be selected at the December meeting. Much will depend upon the wishes of the nominee of the convention, and, while it is generally conceded that President Taft will be nominated, it often is regarded wise to await the result of the convention before organizing for the campaign.

Since the entry of Chairman Hitchcock of the last campaign into the cabinet as postmaster general, the chairmanship has been filled by John F. Hill of Maine. The two names now most frequently mentioned here in connection with chairmanship for the campaign are Secretary to the President Hilles and Collector of Customs Loeb, who was secretary to President Roosevelt. The impression is becoming general here that Hill may be selected.

DR. HARRY WEBSTER ARRAIGNED.

Pleads Not Guilty to Charge of Murdering His Wife.

Oregon, Illinois. — Doctor Harry E. Webster, accused of the murder of his wife, Bessie Kent Webster, was arraigned before Judge O. E. Heard.

Dr. Harry E. Webster.

Webster pleaded not guilty, and a motion by the defense to quash the indictment against the prisoner was denied.

The state demanded an immediate trial. Counsel for the defense were granted a further hearing on this point, however, and efforts will be made to secure a continuance.

The indictment charging murder was returned by the Ogle county grand jury late in the afternoon. As soon as the indictment had been received Webster was taken from his cell in the county jail to the court room of Judge Heard. Webster's arraignment occupied but a few minutes.

PROTEST RATE CASE ORDERS.

Transcontinental Railways Seek to Suspend Commission's Ruling.

Washington, D. C. — Transcontinental railways asked the interstate commerce commission to suspend its orders in what are known as the "Pacific coast cases," involving the heaviest railroad traffic in the United States, until the commerce court has had time to pass on their merits. The roads also asked the commerce court to enjoin the commission in the matter.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Ensign Charles E. Hozey, commanding the little gunboat Pampanga was killed by hostile natives at the Yacans islands, which form part of the Philippine archipelago. Several sailors of Ensign Hozey's party were severely wounded. The details of the affair have not yet reached the navy department.

Practically all the wood pulp and print paper produced in New Brunswick until August, 1912, will enter the United States free of duty. This is made possible by a revised ruling made by acting Secretary of the Treasurer Curtis, under a clause of the Canadian reciprocity agreement.

"The steel trust investigating committee will proceed to carry out its program notwithstanding the assurance of Judge Gary and J. P. Morgan that the law has not been violated," said Representative Stanley of Kentucky, chairman of the house committee which is probing into the steel corporation's affairs. Mr. Stanley declined to comment further upon the statement issued by the corporation officials.

The abstract of the condition of the national banks of Nebraska, exclusive of reserve cities, at the close of business on September 1, as reported to the comptroller of currency shows the reserve held at 15 5-8 per cent, as compared with 16½ per cent June 7. Loans and discounts decreased from $51,053,287 to $50,772,476; gold coin from $1,548,165 to $1,544,967; lawful money reserve from $3,724,176 to $3,708,951; individual posits increased from $52,310,423 to $53,448,006.

General.

Herbert Knox Smith made his report to the president on the tobacco trust.

Turkey has appealed to the powers to prevent Italian aggression in Tripoli

A. L. Mohler of Omaha, is selected as president of Union Pacific and Oregon Short Line.

Richard L. Ballinger, in an address at Denver declared for state control of the public domain.

Italy declared war on Turkey, Tripoli is being occupied, and a naval engagement is reported.

While disappointed over the defeat of reciprocity in Canada, President Taft kept on smiling.

Robbers entered the office of the Well-Fargo Express company at Mammon, La., and took $3,750.

Sensational charges are made in a suit begun at Denver against the alleged lumber trust.

Dr. J. Grant Lyman, accused of swindling, made his escape from an Oakland, Cal., hospital.

Colonel Roosevelt sent a breezy letter to the conservation congress, explaining why he was not there.

Thirty gold nuggets, some as large as peas, were taken from the craws of six geese raised by Mrs. Israel Altschul of Santa Barbara, Cal.

The situation confronting the laboring population and all persons living on small incomes is grave, says a Berlin dispatch, and it is feared that there will be unusual suffering among the poor during the coming winter.

Following the death of his wife in a hospital at Danville, Ia., John Hinton was charged with her murder.

The banks of Minneapolis shipped into the country $3,500,000 in eight days, which exceeds that shipped in the corresponding period last year by more than $500,000. The money is for movement of grain.

Mrs. Kate Webb West, widow of Albert Warring West, pioneer settler of Iowa, is dead at Chicago. She was a noted writer during the middle of the last century and was an authority on religious and political history.

Following a rainfall of almost six inches St. Joseph was visited by the most disastrous flood in its history. One man is missing, hundreds in the lowlands of South St. Joseph, the packing house district, are homeless and property damaged to the amount of at least $30,000 was done.

Whether Atlanta shall adopt the commission form of municipal government or continue to be governed under the existing plan will be decided by the voters at a special election, following the most spirited campaign in the history of the city.

A coroner's jury at Denver held Mrs. Gertrude Gibson Patterson for the killing of her husband, Charles A. Patterson, a former Chicago broker.

The election of Mr. A. L. Mohler to be president of the Union Pacific railroad and the Oregon Short Line is a matter of large importance to Nebraska.

United States Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin probably will take the witness stand in his own defense against charges that bribery and other corrupt use of money contributed to his election in March 4, 1909.

Deer are so plentiful in Delaware county, near Jay, Oklahoma, that they are a menace to growing crops.

Mayor J. H. Graham and Commissioner E. M. Leach were recalled by the voters of Wichita, Kansas, at a special recall election.

Government fraud cases have been advanced for early hearing in the supreme court.

The French warship Liberte was torn to pieces by an explosion at Toulon and more than 300 lost.

Henry Watterson says the day of free passes and free tickets in the newspaper business is passing.

A plan to make 100 acres a year of public park land out of Lake Michigan without cost to the city, was submitted to the city council of Chicago.

Judge Peter S. Grosscup of Chicago, is sued a statement in which he said that he will send his resignation as presiding judge of the United States court of appeals to President Taft the first week in October.

Reports from Urga, in north Mongolia, state that the Russian guard there has been increased to 200 men because of the possibility of conflicts between the Chinese and native Mongollans.

The porte has addressed a circular to the Turkish representatives abroad instructing them to invoke the good offices of the powers with a view to restraining Italy from hostile action in Tripoli.

The audit of the books of the National Jewish Hospital association of Denver, which is almost complete, has disclosed that the shortage of the late Alfred Muller, former secretary, will approximate $73,000.

Orders were sent from the general offices of the Rock Island railroad in Chicago to the general managers at the three division points ordering a cut of 10 per cent in operating expenses during the next three months.

Thomas A. Eddison, who returned home by the steamship Amerika on September 28, became the idol of Berliners during his short stay there, everyone showing an almost comical anxiety to catch a glimpse of the great inventor.

Berry Wall, the one-time famous king of dudes is about to join the great and growing army of American expatriates. He has given orders to a house agent to find him an apartment in the fashionable quarter of the Avenue de Bois de Boulogne, Paris.

The honor of filing the first registration application at Dallas, in connection with the Rosebud and Pine Ridge opening fell to Hugh G. McGaffrey, assistant superintendent of the Pinkerton agency in Chicago. He signed the slip at two minutes after midnight.

President W. A. Post of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, announced that because of the eight-hour restriction of the recent naval act, his company will not bid for either of the great battleships authorized by congress in March.

Walter Lispenard Suydan of New York was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce by Justice Clarke of the supreme court in the suit filed against Louise Lawrence Suydan. In the decree Mrs. Suydam is ordered not to remarry or use the Suydam's name. Under the decree she may resume her maiden name of White.

Fire Chief Thomas A. Clancy of Milwaukee, was adjudged guilty by the board of fire and police commissioners of the charges filed against him several weeks ago by E. F. Wiese, a discharged fireman. It was charged that Clancy maintained a system of espionage; that he was incompetent and that he indulged in "petty graft."

The fourteen men who were entombed in the Shakespeare mine on Dome creek, Alaska, were rescued, none the worse for their confinment of eighty-four hours.

The Earl of Craven, who married Cornelia, daughter of Bradley Martin, of New York, was appointed captain of the Royal Yeomen of the Guard at $6,000 a year.

President Taft was delayed by heavy rains in Missouri.

Hughey Jennings, manager of the Detroit American league team, may become manager and a stockholder in the Washington American league club. Jennings has conferred with President Noyes of the Washington club, who informed him that he would be welcome as manager and stockholder, if it could be arranged with the Detroit management.

Gen. Manderson of Omaha, died suddenly at Liverpool, Eng., on a steamer on which he was about to sail for home after three months' absence for his health. Gen. Manderson represented Nebraska two full terms in the United States Senate and held many other positions of honor and trust. He served in the war of the rebellion and was very intimate with McKinley, in whose Ohio town (Canton) he found his wife. He was 77 years old.

Personal.

Hon. W. J. Bryan has arranged for forty-three speeches in Nebraska in October.

Federal Judge Grosscup of Chicago is soon to retire from the bench.

James J. Hill has given $20,000 to ion Methodist church at Winnipeg.

Chairman Stanley says the house steel trust investigating committee will carry out its program.

President Taft at Waterloo, Iowa, made a plea for fairness in dealing with the big business interests.

President Taft arrived in Omaha eleven hours late owing to floods in Nebraska and Kansas.

Cardinal Gibbons states his opposition to some of the political propositions now before the people.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Minneapolis. — Minnesota "U" defeated Ames 5 to 0 in the first game of the season.

Farmington.—An electric light and power company has been organized in Farmington with an authorized capital of $10,000. A. H. Sprute is president.

Rochester.—Bishop Patrick Heffron of the diocese of Winona, was operated upon for appendicitis here. While his condition is serious, it is not considered necessarily critical.

Litchfield.—The new company composed of over 250 farmers of the county is in charge of the flour mills here, and will conduct it on a co-operative basis. The directors at a meeting elected Daniel Casey as manager.

Red Wing.—The government river boat David Tipton has a crew of men at work along the river banks in the vicinity of Horseshoe Bend near Diamond Island, dynamiting stumps of trees likely to interfere with navigation.

Minneapolis. — George Benjamin Findling, convicted of murder in the third degree, in connection with the death of 8-year-old Leo Donahue, was sentenced to 40 years at hard labor in the state prison. He was taken to Stillwater.

East Grand Forks. — Steps will be taken this week looking to the organization here of a young men's La Follette club, with similar action probably in Crookston, Thief River Falls and other northwestern Minnesota cities.

Cass Lake.—Chris Burns, fire ranger, has received the new steel tower which will be used as a lookout in locating fires. The tower will be 70 feet high and its location a high knoll two and a half miles northwest of Cass Lake.

St. Paul. — Inspectors C. W. Bongey and Thomas Nicholson of the state bureau of labor have set out on a tour of elevator inspection in which they will inspect every passenger and freight elevator in the state except in the cities of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth. In Duluth, however, they will examine the freight elevators. Mr. Bongey will take the southern part of the state and Mr. Nicholson the northern.

Elk River.—Joseph Ballock was struck with a rock by Barlin Horwath, after an altercation at a double wedding celebration, and may die. His skull was fractured. Horwath disappeared after hitting Ballock. The fight occured following the wedding of Herbert Judge and Margaret Toth and Stephen Toth and Ada Judge. A warrant has been issued for Horwath's arrest.

Red Wing.—Progress is being made on the construction of the high power line between Red Wing and Wabasha. The construction crew has its camp at Frontenac. It is hoped to have the line completed during the next forty-five days. The first car of steel towers will be distributed from this point within a few days. Then miles of footings of galvanized structural steel for the tower foundations have been completed.

Litchfield.—The annual report of the secretary of the Minnesota Dairymen's association held here last winter is out. In the list of creameries joining the association at that time a total of $415,403 is invested in buildings and equipment. There are 5,667 stockholders, 8,882 patrons and milk is received from 56,855 cows. During 1910, 9,416,748 pounds of butter were manufactured, for which patrons were paid $2,917,666.75.

Duluth.—County Attorney Norton, who was instrumental in the conviction of the boy bandits, Melodrowsky and Johnson, the slayers of a policeman, will not aid Algot Johnson, now serving a thirty-year sentence at Stillwater, when Johnson's case comes before the pardon board in October. Johnson is said to be afflicted with tuberculosis, and Melodrowsky died of quick consumption six months after starting his term.

St. Cloud.—The four robbers who broke into Zimmer's general merchandise store and Wenner's hardware store at Cold Springs, this county, and made away with several hundred dollar's worth of goods, have been captured and are now lodged in the county jail here. The men give their names as Clemens, Moore, Watson and Smith. Smith and Clemens made a confession to County Attorney J. B. Himel, that the gang have been robbing country stores all summer.

Moorhead.—The last installment of the $10,000 reward offered for the arrest of each of the bandits, Frank Hauser and McDonald, who held up the Great Northern flyer at Rondo, Mont., in 1902, was paid to the claimants by G. D. McCubrey, clerk of the district court. The installment was $1,000, and constituted the sum offered by the Marine Insurance Company of London. Forty-five per cent went to the Western claimants and 55 per per cent to those in the East. Detectives Murnane and Delaney of St. Paul, received $120.

Litchfield.—County Superintendent Janes has arranged the program for the Meeker county boys and girls' industrial contest which will be held in this city on market day, Oct. 14. The Commercial club has contributed $100 toward the premium fund. Much interest is being shown in the county contests, and some fine exhibits are looked for.

Bemidji. — One man is dead, another mortally wounded and a third shot through the arm as the result of a midnight fight at Kellihen north of here. All the participants were woodsmen.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

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In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by

WESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION
521-531 W. Adams St., CHICAGO

Coated Tongue

A coated tongue is a sign of a disordered stomach. The best cure is Kickapoo Worm Killer. Good for children and adults both. Regulates the bowels, carries new life to the blood, stimulates the liver, strengthens the digestive organs and tones up the whole system.

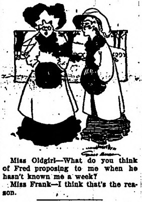
Contains no harmful drugs—your druggist or physician will recommend it. In tablet form, pleasant to take. Price 25 cents at druggists or by mail. Always keep a box in the house.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn
Indian Dream Book free on request.

REMEMBER PISO'S for COUGHS & COLDS!

IGNORANCE IS BLISS.



Miss Oldgirl—What do you think of Fred proposing to me when he hasn't known me a week?

Miss Frank—I think that's the reason.

A Student of Humanity.

Mrs. Carter and her cook, says the Brooklyn Citizen, were discussing the murder which had harrowed the dusky citizens of the countryside.

"Will dey hang him fer killin' of his wife, Miss Cyarter?"

"We can't tell yet, Aunt Jinny. The court will decide. Of course, if they prove he did it on purpose—"

"Done it a purpose! Law, Miss Cyarter, in course he kilt his wife a purpose! Honey, ain't I done been married? Don't I know men?"

Pessimism is a method of proclaiming personal failure to conform to the fundamental facts of life.

SOUND SLEEP
Can Easily Be Secured.

"Up to 2 years ago," a woman writes, "I was in the habit of using both tea and coffee regularly.

"I found that my health was beginning to fail, strange nervous attacks would come suddenly upon me, making me tremble so excessively that I could not do my work while they lasted; my sleep left me and I passed long nights in restless discomfort. I was filled with a nervous dread as to the future.

"A friend suggested that possibly tea and coffee were to blame, and I decided to give them up, and in casting about for a hot table beverage, which I felt was an absolute necessity, I was led by good fortune to try Postum.

"For more than a year I have used it three times a day and expect, so much good has it done me, to continue its use during the rest of my life.

"Soon after beginning the use of Postum, I found, to my surprise, that, instead of tossing on a sleepless bed through the long, dreary night, I dropped into a sound, dreamless sleep the moment my head touched the pillow.

"Then I suddenly realized that all my nervousness had left me, and my appetite, which had fallen off before, had all at once been restored so that I ate my food with a keen relish.

"All the nervous dread has gone. I walk a mile and a half each way to my work every day and enjoy it. I find an interest in everything that goes on about me, that makes life a pleasure. All this I owe to leaving off tea and coffee and the use of Postum, for I have taken no medicine." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IT IS FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 49 per cent.; St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, October 7, 1911.

The Plummer Pioneer changed hands last week and A. F. Lattimore of Erie assumed its management. Mr Lattimore is an experienced newspaper man and will no doubt make an improvement in the Pioneer.

Any person desiring to file his petition for citizen papers has now a little more than two weeks in which to file the same with the clerk of the court. The last date for filing, to admit of the petitions being heard at the spring term of court which will be held in January, is Oct. 24.

Observations

Champ Clark declares that the republicans are promoting their own defeat. But Mr. Clark is willing to help some.

The balloting on reciprocity looked like an early Canadian snowstorm.

Wall street life is one war and strike rumor after another, and still the rest of the country manages to survive.

There is one good thing about that new conterfeit $100 bill; the average man will never get stung by it.

The only draw back to that coast to-coast aviation contest seems to be the inability of the flyers to keep their machines in the air.

The majority that will decide which way Maine went appears to have "took" to the tall timber and to be still hiding there.

It may be that not every country has spoken, but so far as heard from Canada is the only place where the increased cost of living is popular.

Mr. Bryan says he felt perfectly at home in Canada, and then he flatters us by calling attention to the fact he came back.

Mr Taft finds the west distinctly cooler than New England.

At least it must be admitted that "T. R." is not going about the country explaining anything.

If there were funerals after every political death we would have to have a new cemetery.

Supreme Court Has Big Task

Initiative and refernedum probably will be the subject of a decision with far reaching consequences by the supreme court of the United States in the approaching term. The question of constitutionality of these expedients of government forms the basis of a suit between the state of Oregon, where they are in use, and the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company.

As the case is near the head of the docket it will be reached in time to insure decision before the end of the term.

The case originated in the company's challenge of a law enacted by the Oregon legislature under the initiative plan, by which a tax of 2 per cent was placed upon the gross earnings of telegraph and telephone companies. Taking the position that the initiative and referendum, which are coupled in the Oregon law, are inconsistent with the republican form of government guaranteed by the constitution of the United States, the company refused for four years to pay the assessments.

The Duluth Herald, in commenting on this situation, says that if the court holds that the federal constitution does not permit the initiative and the referendum, that does not mean that the initiative and the referendum are wrong. It means that the constitution is wrong—or else the court—and that it must be amended as speedily as may be to permit this great people for whom the constitution exists—the people were not made for the constitution; as many seem to think; the constitution was made for the people—to have closer control of their public affairs to the end that they may be administered for the common good and not for the dispensing of special favors to special interests.

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking shme will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Can't Get Back

It is reported that several families now living in Cass Lake and vicinity contemplate moving to northwestern Canada next spring. We are prone to ask these people if they know just what they may expect if they go there? Do they not know that since the defeat of the reciprocity pact almost every speculator who had options on Canadian lands has canceled them or has allowed them to lapse. It is no longer a secret that millions of bushels of wheat and other cereals were destroyed by severe frosts in August, and it is a conceded fact that the growing of grain in all the provinces of Canada east of the mountains is an experiment, not ever a certainty. No country that is visited with six or eight degrees of frost during August can be depended upon for wheat production, and if we may credit the yearly reports of the weather man Saskatchewan and Alberta are outside of the safe belt. Many who have gone are returning and thousands who have been induced to leave good farms and happy homes in a land land where crops are a surety would gladly return from "Sunny Alberta" if means were provided.—Cass Lake Times.

Assessments Increased

According to the report just given out by the Minnesota tax commission the valuation of Pennington county personal property shows a marked increase. The following items given out by the commission show increased for the year 1911:

Cattle 1 year old, increased 10 per cent;

Autos, etc., 20 per cent;

Melodeons and organs, 10 per cent;

Pianos, 10 per cent;

Retail merchandise, 5 per cent;

Logs, etc., in hands of manufacturers, 25 per cent;

Manufacturers' tools, etc., 20 per cent;

Elevators, etc., 10 per cent.

Special changes in bank assessments: Merchants State Bank. St. Hilaire, increased 193 per cent;

First National Bank, Thief River Falls, increased 358 per cent.

Clear the River First

A dispatch to the dailies says that the advisability of using Red Lake as a reservoir will be urged in the report which will be made soon by the St. Paul office of the United States geological survey. By constructing a dam it is thought that the water could be held in the lake during wet seasons. This would save Thief River Falls, which has depended on water power derived from the river to furnish light and electric power, from finding themselves without light, as they have many times within the last year; but what would have been more to the point and perhaps have given immediate relief would have been to compel the lumber companies to remove their log jam from the mouth of the lake.

It is also urged that such a dam would prevent the overflowing of the Red river to a great extent.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Council Proceedings

Meeting held Oct. 2, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl.

All members present.

Minutes of last regular and last special meetings read and approved as read.

On motion duly made and carried it was ordered that the $100.00 received from Pennington county for the purpose of placing corrugated culvert in county ditch west of St. Hilaire be deposited in special fund to be used for that purpose only.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

Northern Culvert Co., bill for $175.00, allowed at	$167.80
W S Nott Co., chemical hose	50.00
A H Pitkin, as per bill	6.43
Hans Wilson, cleaning well, etc.	1.25
John Forseen, salary for September and special labor	36.40
Spectator, publishing proceedings for September	6.25
Dr. C Swanson, clerk's salary and one day on board of equalization	20.75
Andy Dahl, work on county ditch	15.00
Gustaf Anderson, work on county ditch	16.10
Chris Bjerk, cleaning well	.75
C H Martz, rent of dump grounds to July, 1912	10.00
A R Jones, half year's salary as councilman	5.00
J C Dahl, half year's salary as president of village council, etc	7.75
Henry Olson, half year's salary as councilman	5.00
R J McKercher, half year's salary as councilman, day on board equalization	7.00
G I Fellman, work on county ditch, etc	30.23
Adolph Satterberg, work on county ditch, etc	17.62
Walter S Booth & Son, as per bill	4.45

On motion duly made and carried Adolph Satterberg was granted the privilege of constructing a public scale in front of lots 9 and 10, block 37, on Broadway.

On motion duly made and carried the village marshal was instructed to arrest any person found discharging fire arms within the village limits.

On motion duly made and carried the sidewalk from W. Olson's between Fourth and Fifth streets on west side of street was condemned.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, President.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

Honey Sixty Years Old

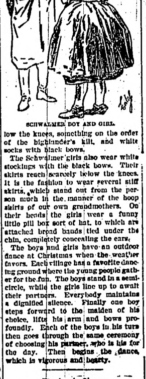
One thousand pounds of honey, some of it more than sixty years old, was obtained by workmen while tearing down an old tavern in East Lee Massachusets. It was built 150 years ago. A hundred swarms of bees were found in the garret, which no one had entered for 60 years. The keeping qualities of the honey come from its absolute purity and immunity from germs, just as the keeping qualities of golden grain belt beer, are made possible by their absolute germless purity, You owe it to yourself to try them. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

SCHWALMER BOYS AND GIRLS

Their Quaint Costumes and Their Odd Christmas Dance.

Over in Hesse-Nassau, a district in Germany, there is a section of the Hessian people who present an interesting study, particularly in regard to their quaint Christmas customs.

These people live in the valley of the river Schwalm. The Schwalmer boys wear a peculiar round hat or cap without brim or visor. It resembles in shape a small cheese box. They wear a sort of coat with skirt reaching below the knees, something on the order of the highlander's kilt, and white socks with black bows.



SCHWALMER BOY AND GIRL.

The Schwalmer girls also wear white stockings with the black bows. Their skirts reach scarcely below the knees. It is the fashion to wear several stiff skirts, which stand out from the person much in the manner of the hoop skirts of our own grandmothers. On their heads the girls wear a funny little pill box sort of hat, to which are attached broad bands tied under the chin, completely concealing the ears.

The boys and girls have an outdoor dance at Christmas when the weather favors. Each village has a favorite dancing ground where the young people gather for the fun. The boys stand in a semicircle, while the girls line up to await their partners. Everybody maintains a dignified silence. Finally one boy steps forward to the maiden of his choice, lifts his arm and bows profoundly. Each of the boys in his turn then goes through the same ceremony of choosing his partner, who is his for the day. Then begins the dance, which is vigorous and hearty.

The Lowly Singer.

The humble poet goes about
In very modest raiment.
If he could coin his tuneful words
He'd gladly make a payment
On rags that glisten as the sun
And raise an awful holler,
But now he has to be content—
He hasn't got a dollar.

For him the sun unfolds its light,
For him the stars are gleaming,
And so he cannot waste his time
On profit bearing scheming.
He must remain content to get
The robin's morning greeting
And not disturb his high flown thoughts
With vulgar things like eating.

Were he disposed to drop a peg
And lower his profession
Things might be drifting round his way
In quite a long procession.
Would he write ads. instead of songs
Extolling pills or bacon
He'd rake in coin; but, oh, his art
Would have to be forsaken!

No; he will go along his way,
Wrapped in his inspiration.
Let sordid poets sing of soap;
His theme is all creation.
So take him gently by the hand
And lead him to the table,
And then the poet's appetite
You'll find was but a fable.

His Dreadful Price.

"I have just had some swell photographs taken."

"I hope that they do you justice."

"Thanks, awfully, but that's not what's troubling me."

"What is?"

"How I am ever going to do the photographer justice?"

An Oversight.

"The constitution is a grand old document."

"Yes, but they wrote it too soon."

"Why so?"

"They should have waited until automobiles had been invented and made it unconstitutional to run a fellow down."

It would be nice to be able to do anything if it were not for the fact that in that case people would expect you to do something.

CEYLON MENUS.

The Way Natives Wrestle With the English Language.

A writer in the Epicure tells of several menus with which he was confronted when traveling in Ceylon. The menu, he says, is an indispensable adjunct to a respectable luncheon or dinner table in Ceylon. As a rule, the head servant writes it out and from his elementary knowledge of English as "she is wrote" springs a host of quaint blunders. At the same time his fertile oriental brain is ever apt to add footnotes, which are perhaps his happiest achievement.

At one lunch there figured among the dishes "roast beef," but it caused the hostess some consternation when she discovered the additional legend in very small letters, "roast beef, smelling a little," the parenthetical note being meant to intimate that the dish was accompanied by a sauce of savory odors.

On another occasion there appeared this following acknowledgment of deficiency: "Steak and kidney pie; no kidney."

It was altogether delightful, continues the writer, to find at one dinner, our old friend Welsh rabbit appearing as "Welsch rubbish." The same genius translated haricot mutton into "hurryged mutton." Our own boy, he adds, on the occasion of a hastily improvised dinner, was unable to accomplish a dessert. Consequently he put the word "plates" at the end of the menu.

A COSTLY TRIFLE.

It Brought Bankruptcy to an English Iron King.

It was a common penny postage stamp that brought Hobart, the great British "iron king," to his ruin. At the time of the Whitworth period, when there was a big crisis in the iron trade, he had agents in all parts of the world who kept him posted. Sometimes they telegraphed news to him in cipher, but those in England were nearly always instructed to write. At that period his principal agent, who was also his chief partner, was in Sheffield and wrote him from there warning him to sell out all iron interests for the time on account of the Whitworth crisis.

Hobart had frequent fits of irritability, and he had been receiving a lot of unstamped letters of no importance on which he had to pay double postage. One morning in anger he gave orders that such letters were to be returned to the postman. The very first unstamped letter received after this was from his partner. It was rejected as soon as it arrived.

Consequently, knowing nothing of the existence of the letter or the all important private news it contained, Hobart pledged himself next day for more iron deals than even his mighty credit was good for. The great drop in prices came two days later, and Hobart, once a millionaire, was involved in a hopeless bankruptcy from which he never recovered.—London Telegraph.

Pillsbury's Wonderful Memory.

Harry N. Pillsbury, the chess player, offered one day in South Bethlehem, Pa., to memorize thirty words, no matter how hard they might be, the selections to be read to him only once.

Professor Merriman of Lehigh university and Dr. Threlkeld-Edwards of Bethlehem picked out most of the following words: Antiphlogistine, periosteum, takadiastase, plasmon, ambrosia, Threlkeld, streptococcus, staphelococcus, micrococcus, plasmodium, Mississippi, Freiheit, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, athletics, no war, Eichenberg, American, Russia, philosopher, Piet-Potgieters-Rost, Salmagundi, Oomailecootsi, Bangmanvato, Schlochter's Nek, Manzinyama, theosophy, catechism, Madjesoomslopa.

Mr. Pillsbury immediately repeated these words in the order given and in the reverse order.

For What Other Purpose?

"I lost my watch and chain in a crowded street car."

"Why don't you see the chief of police?"

"You don't suspect him, do you?"

Expensive.

"Every time the doctor comes to see you you seem worse, my dear."

"Of course."

"Why of course?"

"Isn't he charging $2 a trip?"

PERT PARAGRAPHS.

Some people are such artistic bores that they are almost entertaining.

Even the most unorthodox like to believe in a little private hell of their own convenient to consign undesirables to.

It is a wise man who thoroughly understands that seeing is very often deceiving.

Most people have a certain amount of intelligence, but the skill some of them have in keeping it concealed amounts almost to genius.

The strong repugnance that some people have to money never seizes them until money is in their possession.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	97
" " 2 "	94
" " 3 "	88
Flax, No. 1	$2.18
" " 2	2.08
Barley, for 50 lbs	91
Oats	30
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	25
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@7
Hides	7
Flour, patent	3.15
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

ST. HILAIRE RETAIL LBR. CO.,
St Hilaire, Minn.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. goverment survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 3 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—No services tomorrow.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services, with communion, Sunday, Oct. 8, at 10:15 a. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERN CHURCH.—Services Sunday, Oct. 8, at 10:30 a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m. and at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. I. T. Aastad. The sermon in the evening will be in the English language.

Sunday school at 1 p. m.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 8880 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704 Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My hardy belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

PATENTS
[illegible] NEW BOOKLET, [illegible] READ PAGES [illegible] before applying [illegible]
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
[illegible] Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

O. H. Peters visited the county capital Monday.

P. O. Haglund was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

St. Hilaire has a young "Peeping Tom" who climbs trees.

Miss Mary Anderson was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Alton Jackson of Crookston visited at home on Thursday.

Mrs. N. E. Beebe was a Thief River Falls visitor last Saturday.

Oscar Carlson made a business trip to Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. McAndrews went Thursday to Crystal N. D., to visit friends.

Mrs. G. W. Hooper and Miss Mildred were in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mrs. N. Lazar returned Thursday from a week's visit with friends at Grand Forks.

Ole Stokkestad purchased the George Huges residence north of town for $150,00.

Mrs. Marius Miller left Thursday for a visit to friends in several points in South Dakota.

S. L. Lewis, the Red Lake Falls life insurance hustler, was rounding up business in St. Hilaire yesterday.

D. Patterson has sold two lots in block 37 to Adolph Satterberg, who will build and operate thereon a large livery barn.

Lazar & Lazar kept their doors closd Monday, that day being a Jewish holiday, the "Day of Atonement."

Frank Jeffers register of deeds of Red Lake county, has purchased th W. R. Fuller farm west of Thief River Falls.

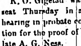
Gust Fellman is having his hay scales repaired, and is adding a cattle rack for the conuenience of the stock buyers.

M. McAndress returned Tuesday the South St. Paul yards, where he marketed two car loads of cattle and two of sheep.

Miss Ella Jackson began a term of school last Monday at Lillo, the same school which Robert Jackson taught last year.

C. C. Hunter of Ohio, who bought a farm on section ten in Black River last year, is here arranging for its operation another year.

FOR RENT—A six room house, with good barn, on Water street, St. Hilaire. Apply to K. O. Gigstad. a19-tf



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

I have some good farm horses and some western horses for sale. Come early while you have a good choice.

o1-1m G. L. FELLMAN.

Misses Wiltse and Hodson, Mr. O. H. Olson and Mrs. and Mrs. Gust Fellman drove to Thief River Falls Tuesday evening and heard "Madame Sherry."

The young people and others of the Clara church will meet in the afternoon of Sunday, Oct. 8, at Simon Ahlberg's instead of the usual services in the church.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.

tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Miss Lily Halstrom of St. Hilaire and Miss Lily Swanson of this city left yesterday for Biwabic, Minn., where they have planned to spend the winter. — Crookston Times, Thursday.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

The village council has at last gone on record as notifying the marshal that it is his duty to arrest persons discharging fire arms within the city limits. And it is time to call a halt. Valuable dogs have been killed, calves plugged with shot, and even men have been made targets for would-be smart young sharpshooters.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Ole Braunm visited the county seat Thursday.

Ira Carpenter went to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Hans Wilson returned Tuesday from a trip to the cities.

Alfred Benson was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

F. W. Busse returned Wednesday to his home at Warroad.

Charles Nelson returned Wednesday from a trip to Minneapolis.

C. H. Martz was in Thief River Falls Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. D. Lazar returned Thursday from a visit to Grand Forks.

Mrs. J. A. Bahan went Thursday to Dugdale to visit her parents.

Miss Ruth Martz visited friends in Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Robert Jackson begun a term of school last Monday in the Gustafson district.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Fri with Mrs. Ed Auhol.

R. Wallin and Albert Larson spent Sunday in St. Hilaire, returning to Warren Tuesday.

Salem Mageau, the ditcher, came in Wednesday and went to Crookston, returning Friday.

Miss Lily Boehm begins a term ef school next Monday at Malon en: the east part of the country.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Krueger of Crookston visited with Carl Krueger and wife between trains Monday.

Mrs. Fisher came over from Crookston yesterday to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin.

The state school of agriculture at Crookston opened Monday for the work of the sixth year. One hundred and fifty students were enrolled.

Miss Ida Brink returned Tuesday to her post at the Crookston telephone exchange after a few weeks' visit at home.

Fred Richards, manager of the grain elevator at Wylie, came over Wednesday and went to Duluth on a business mission.

The sewing society auction of the Clara church will be held Saturday evening, Nov. 4, at P. W. Peterson's in Wyandotte.

We handle the famous Fosston underwear, which is equal to the best and better than the rest, and sold by Henry Georgen.

Misses Huldah Gigstad, Josie Gigstad, Kate Patterson, and Mrs. B. E. Burkee heard "Madame Sherry" at Thief River Falls Tuesday evening.

K. O. Gigstad was at the county seat Thursday in attendance at a hearing in probate court on a petition for the proof of the will of the late A. G. Ness.

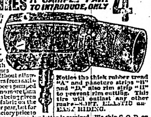
Miss Eva McAndress had quite an exciting experience the other morning when her team ran away with her from the creamery. She was not hurt, but all her cream was spilled and ten dozen of eggs smashed.

Henry Hawkenson and family, faom Browns Valley Minn, arrived yesterday with househoIk goods, stocks, and machinery to occupy a farm recently purchased about eight miles west of this place.

Fred Richards, the Wylie elevator man, shipped two cars of flax and one of wheat to Duluth this week and followed them at once. Although it had been understood that he was to take this method of disposing of the grain, after he had gone the farmers took a hunch to themselves that this was a peculiar way of doing business, and a hurried examination of his accounts showed an apparent shortage. He was notified to return at once and arrived yesterday; and his accounts are being checked up. Whether there is really a shortage or whether the farmers were more frightened than hurt has not yet yet been disclosed.

Until about little more than a century ago dwarfs were frequently kept as court toys. Records of them might be multiplied almost indefinitely.

Babe, the dwarf of Stanislaus, king of Poland, lived to be ninety years of age, dying in Paris in 1858, and is variously described as having measured thirty-five inches and twenty-three inches. Julia, niece of Augustus, had two dwarfs, each twenty-eight inches in height, and Henrietta Maria had two whose joint height was seven feet two inches. The Emperor Augustus had a dwarf named Lucius whose height was two feet and weight seventeen pounds. The last court dwarf in England was Copperdin, who belonged to the Princess of Wales, mother of George III.



WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

DAIRYMEN!

We want a few more dairymen with sanitary surroundings and at least ten cows to ship us

MILK

Aresent price per pound of butterfat, F. O. B. Crookston,

40 CENTS

Write for full particulars

CROOKSTON PURE FOOD CO., CROOKSTON, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........ 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President........J. C. DAHL
Clerk........ARTHUR HALL
Trustees........R. J. MCKIRCHER, HENRY OLSON, A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer........B. E. BURKEE
Marshal........HENRY JACKSON
Assessor........O. H. PETERS
Constable........A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace........O. H. PETERS, K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health........DR. C. SWANSON, DANIEL PATTERSON, ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman........A. S. WILSON
Clerk........K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors........DANIEL PATTERSON, DR. C. SWANSON, H. O. JACKSON

A CHILD'S LAUGHTER.

All the bells of heaven may ring,
All the birds of heaven may sing,
All the wells of earth may spring,
All the winds of earth may bring
All sweet sounds together;
Sweeter far than all things heard,
Hand of harper, tone of bird,
Sounds of woods at sundown stirred,
Welling water's winsome word,
Wind in warm, wan weather.

One thing yet there is that none,
Hearing ere its chime be done,
Knows not well the sweetest one
Heard of man beneath the sun,
Hope in heaven hereafter;
Soft and strong, and loud and light,
Very sound of very light
Heard from morning's rosiest height,
When the soul of all delight
Fills a child's clear laughter.

Golden bells of welcome rolled
Never before such notes nor told
Hours so blithe in tones so bold
As the radiant mouth of gold
Here that rings forth heaven.
If the golden crested wren
Were a nightingale, why, then,
Something seen and heard of men
Might be half as sweet as when
Laughs a child of seven.

—Algernon Charles Swinburne.

LINCOLN'S PASSING BELL.

TOLLING, tolling, tolling,
All the bells of the land!
Lo, the patriot martyr
Taketh his journey grand,
Travels into the ages,
Bearing a hope how dear;
Into life's unknown vistas,
Liberty's great pioneer.

TOLLING, tolling, tolling,
Do the budded violets know
The pain of the lingering clangor
Shaking their bloom out so?
They open into strange sorrow,
The rain of a nation's tears,
Into the saddest April,
Twined with the new world's years.

TOLLING, tolling, tolling!
See, they come as a cloud—
Hearts of a mighty people,
[illegible] his pall and shroud.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,

H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Bring in Your Printing

Our Fall Stock

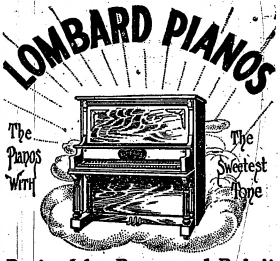
Is now complete. We have a new line of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at very low prices. We solicit your trade.

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

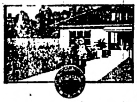
● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



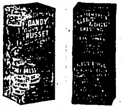
Cement Talk No. 8

The appearance of any place can be greatly improved by using *concrete* wherever possible. If you have a nice home, whether in the city or in the country, you can add greatly to its attractiveness by building not only the sidewalks, but the steps, curbs, fence-posts, cisterns, foundations, driveways, cellars and so on, of *concrete*. Build of *concrete* and use UNIVERSAL Portland Cement. *Concrete* is cheap, easy to use, clean, fire, rat and rot proof. *Concrete* is the simplest building material and the most durable. You need only UNIVERSAL cement, sand, gravel or crushed stone. But remember to use UNIVERSAL—it is the best *cement*. It is always of uniform color and great strength. Ask your dealer for it.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.
They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

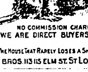
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 10 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

TRAPPING TIME IS SOON HERE
SO GET POSTED WE FURNISH FREE CORRECT QUOTATIONS ON RAW FURS



A POSTAL CARD TODAY BRINGS A LIST

TAGS FREE

NO COMMISSION CHARGED AS WE ARE DIRECT BUYERS

THE HOUSE THAT RARELY LOSES A SHIPPER
LOTZ BROS. 113 115 ELM ST. ST LOUIS

Women Who Suffer

from woman's ailments are invited to write to the names and addresses here given, for positive proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does cure female ills.

Tumor Removed.
Elmo, Mo.—Mrs. Sarah J. Stuart, R.F.D. No. 2, Box 16.
Peoria, Ill.—Mrs. Christina Reed, 105 Mound St.
Natick, Mass.—Mrs. Nathan B. Greaton, 51 North Main St.
Milwaukee, Wis.—Mrs. Emma Imse, 833 1st St.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Alvena Sperling, 1468 Clybourne Ave.
Galena, Kan.—Mrs. R. R. Huey, 713 Mineral Av.
Victoria, Miss.—Mrs. Willie Edwards.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. W. H. Housh, 7 Eastview Ave.

Change of Life.
Epping, N. H.—Mrs. Celia F. Stevens.
Streator, Ill.—Mrs. J. H. Campbell, 206 North Second St.
Brooklyn, N. Y.—Mrs. Evens, 826 Halsey St.
Noah, Ky.—Mrs. Lizzie Holland.
Cathamet, Wash.—Mrs. Elva Barber Edwards.
Circleville, Ohio.—Mrs. Alice Kirlin, 323 West Huston St.
Salem, Ind.—Mrs. Lizzie S. Hinkle, R.R. No. 2.
New Orleans, La.—Mrs. Gaston Blondeau, 1813 Terpsichore St.
Mishawaka, Ind.—Mrs. Chas. Bauer, Sr., 523 East Marion St.
Racine, Wis.—Mrs. Katie Kubik, R. 2, Box 81.
Beaver Falls, Pa.—Mrs. W. P. Boyd, 2410 9th Av.

Maternity Troubles.
Bronaugh, Mo.—Mrs. D. F. Aleshire.
Phenix, R. I.—Mrs. Wm. O. King, Box 282.
Carlstadt, N. J.—Mrs. Louis Fischer, 21 Monroe St.
South Sanford, Me.—Mrs. Charles A. Austin.
Schenectady, N. Y.—Mrs. H. Porter, 782 Albany St.
Taylorville, Ill.—Mrs. Joe Grantham, 825 W. Vandeveer St.
Cincinnati, Ohio.—Mrs. Sophia Hoff, 515 McMicken Ave.
Big Run, Pa.—Mrs. W. E. Pooler.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. M. Johnston, 210 Siegel St.

Backache.
Peoria, Ill.—Mrs. Clara L. Gauwitz, R. R. No. 4, Box 62.
Augusta, Me.—Mrs. Winfield Dana, R. F. D. 2.
St. Paul, Minn.—Mrs. B. M. Schorn, 1083 Woodbridge St.
Pittsburg, Pa.—Mrs. G. Leiser, 8219 Kinkaid St., E. E.
Kearney, Mo.—Mrs. Thomas Asberry.
Blue Island, Ill.—Mrs. Anna Schwartz, 326 Grove St.
East Earl, Pa.—Mrs. Augustus Lyon, R.F.D. 2.

Operations Avoided.
Elkaston, Mo.—Mrs. Dema Bethune.
Gardiner, Me.—Mrs. S. A. Williams, 143 Washington Ave.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Wm. Ahrens, 2239 W. 21st St.
Bellevue, Ohio.—Mrs. Edith Wieland, 206 Monroe St.
DeForest, Wis.—Mrs. Augusta Vespermann.
Dexter, Kansas.—Mrs. Lizzie Scott.

Organic Displacements.
Black Duck, Minn.—Mrs. Anna Anderson, Box 19.
Wesleyville, Pa.—Mrs. Maggie Ester, R.F.D. 1.
Trenton, Mo.—Mrs. W. T. Purnell, 307 Lincoln Avenue.
Camden, N. J.—Mrs. Ella Johnston, 289 Liberty St.
Chicago, Ill.—Mrs. Wm. Tully, 2052 Ogden Avenue.

Painful Periods.
Caledonia, Wis.—Mrs. Ph. Schattner, R.R. 14, Box 64.
Adrian, Mo.—Mrs. C. B. Mason, R.R. No. 2.
N. Oxford, Mass.—Miss Amelia Duso, Box 14.
Baltimore, Ohio.—Mrs. A. A. Balenger, R.F.D. 1.
Negaunee, Mich.—Mrs. Mary Sedlock, Box 1273.
Orrville, Ohio.—Mrs. E. F. Wagner, Box 630.
Atwater, Ohio.—Miss Minnie Moelhaupt.
Prairie du Chien, Wis.—Mrs. Julia Konichek, R. No. 1.

Irregularity.
Buffalo, N. Y.—Mrs. Clara Darbrake, 17 Marlemont St.
Winchester, Ind.—Mrs. May Deal, R.R. No. 7.
St. Regis Falls, N. Y.—Mrs. J. H. Breyere.
Grayville, Ill.—Mrs. Jessie Schaar, Box 23.
Hudson, Ohio.—Mrs. Geo. Strickler, R. No. 5, Box 32.

Ovarian Trouble.
Murrayville, Ill.—Mrs. Chas. Moore, R. R. 3.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Chas. Boell, 2219 N. Mole St.
Minneapolis, Minn.—Mrs. John G. Moldan, 2115 Second St., North.
Hudson, Ohio.—Mrs. Lena Carmocino, R.F.D. 7.
Westwood, Md.—Mrs. John F. Richards.
Benjamin, Mo.—Mrs. Julia Frantz, R.F.D. 1.

Female Weakness.
W. Terre Haute, Ind.—Mrs. Artie E. Hamilton.
Elmo, Mo.—Mrs. A. C. DaVault.
Lawrence, Iowa.—Mrs. Julia A. Snow, R. No. 3.
Utica, Ohio.—Mrs. Mary Earlwine, R. F. D. 3.
Bellevue, Ohio.—Mrs. Charley Chapman, R.F.D. No. 7.
Elgin, Ill.—Mrs. Henry Leiseberg, 743 Adams St.
Schaefferstown, Pa.—Mrs. Cyrus Hetrich.
Cresson, Pa.—Mrs. Ella E. Aikey.
Fairchance, Pa.—Mrs. Idella A. Dunham, Box 152.

Nervous Prostration.
Knoxville, Iowa.—Mrs. Clara Franks, R.F.D. 3.
Oronogo, Mo.—Mrs. Mae McKnight.
Camden, N. J.—Mrs. W. P. Valentine, 902 Lincoln Avenue.
Muddy, Ill.—Mrs. May Nolen.
Brookville, Ohio.—Mrs. R. Kinnison.
Fitchville, Ohio.—Mrs. C. Cole.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Mrs. Frank Clark, 3416 N. Allegheny Ave.

These women are only a few of thousands of living witnesses of the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. Not one of these women ever received compensation in any form for the use of their names in this advertisement—but are willing that we should refer to them because of the good they may do other suffering women to prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a reliable and honest medicine, and that the statements made in our advertisements regarding its merit are the truth and nothing but the truth.

A REMARKABLE CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA

Munyon's Stomach Treatment Performing Miracles.

MUNYON TELLS YOU HOW TO GET WELL FREE OF CHARGE

"A few days ago I received a letter from a young man, who states he is 23 years of age, and has occupied several important positions, but owing to indigestion and inability to sleep he has been unable to concentrate his mind upon his work and has consequently been discharged on the ground of neglect of duty. He goes on to say that he is a young man of steady habits, but for years he has suffered from dyspepsia, which has so affected his nerves that he is unable to sleep, and that it is not neglect upon his part, nor lack of interest in the business, but simply physical weakness. He asks my advice in this matter.

"For the benefit of a large number of those similarly situated I propose to answer this letter publicly, hoping that it may be the means of helping many who may be affected in this way.

"In the first place, the stomach must be made well before the nerves can be made strong. The nerves must be made strong before one can sleep well. No one is capable of doing his best who is in any way troubled with insomnia or any form of nervousness. The greatest generals have been men of iron nerve and indomitable will. They have had perfect digestion, being able to eat well, and digest all they ate.

"It is said that Napoleon lost the battle of Waterloo because of a fit of indigestion. Grant's enormous reserve power was due to a well stomach. Abraham Lincoln said that 'he did not know that he had a stomach.' Grover Cleveland, it is said, could work 18 hours a day, eat a hearty meal at 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning, go to bed and sleep soundly until 9 o'clock and get up refreshed, ready for a new day's work.

"Pres. Taft is another type of healthy manhood. Who thinks for one moment that he would be the President of the United States today had he been a dyspeptic or affected with some nervous ailment? I claim that two-thirds of all the failures in professional and business life are due to weak and deranged stomachs.

"No business house would care to employ a dyspeptic representative to sell goods for them on the road. One-half the men who stand behind counters today, earning from $12 to $15 a week, will never get beyond these figures, for the reason that they are physically weak. They lack the nerve power and commanding strength that come from a good, sound stomach.

"No one cares to hear a dyspeptic preacher. No matter how pious he may be, he is bound to reflect his bilious and jaundiced condition. He will unconsciously inoculate his hearers with his melancholy feelings.

"No one would think of entrusting an important legal case in the hands of a dyspeptic lawyer, any more than he would care to entrust his own life, or that of a dear one, in the hands of a physician who is nervous, irritable or a dyspeptic. Men must have good digestion, strong nerves and vital manhood in order to render a clean, clear-cut decision either in medicine, law or business.

"I believe that more than half of the divorces can be traced to ill health. I want every dyspeptic to try my stomach treatment, for it corrects nearly all forms of indigestion and nervousness. It makes old stomachs almost as good as new. Its marvelous power for digesting food and getting the best out of it makes for good rich, red blood. This, in turn, strengthens the nerves, builds up the general system, and will surely prolong life and make it a pleasure to live and do the things allotted to us."

Professor Munyon makes no charge for consultation or medical advice; not a penny to pay. Address Prof. J. M. Munyon, Munyon's Laboratories, Fifty-third and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Keeping Busy.

We are told that at New York's coming municipal budget exhibit bells will be rung and lights flashed to show a birth every four minutes, a death every eleven minutes.

Just what sort of demonstration is made every time a cafe bottle pops, or a bellboy is tipped, we are not told.

As long as there are people in the world who try to get something for nothing, a lot of other people will be able to live without work.

M'INTIRE ON METHODISM

PREACHES SERMON AT SEMI-CENTENIAL ANNIVERSARY.

Lay Association Elects Officers—Windom Picked for 1912 Conference.

Faribault. — Monday, October 2, was a great day for the Methodists here. Special interest centered on Bishop McIntyre's sermon at the theater in the forenoon and the ordination of elders and deacons in the afternoon. The semi-centenial sermon in the afternoon was delivered by Rev. W. C. Rice, Fergus Falls.

The following have entered the conference and were received on trial: Arthur B. Godge, A. C. Reinke, Earl Ferrel, E. H. Hickman, Fred Smith, John W. Atkins, Benton B. Wood and Walter Pickering. Several transfers were made to other conferences. Rev. W. C. Sage goes to the North Dakota conference and E. A. Palmer to the southern California conference.

Rev. Alfred Cesser Austin of Austin, was invited to preach the semi-centennial sermon at the next annual conference. Windom was chosen for the place of holding the conference in 1912. The Lay association elected officers as follows:

President, G. Gutterson, St. Paul; vice presidents, W. Bannon, St. Paul; G. E. Maxwell, Winona; J. W. Hilliard, Pipestone, and A. C. Tibbits, Blue Earth; secretary, Frank J. Clements, St. Paul; treasurer, Edward Hoerger, Faribault.

Resolutions were adopted urging that the present method of districts and district superintendents be retained. Another resolution recommended to the general conference that the lay members be admitted to the annual conference.

The anniversary of the Freeman's Aid Society was held and was addressed by Rev. P. J. Mavetty, D. D., of Cincinnati.

CARLETON HEAD AT MOORHEAD.

President Cowling Says $1,000,000 Fund for College Will Be Raised.

Moorhead.—President D. J. Cowling of Carleton college, Northfield, was a guest of honor in this city last week. He occupied the pulpit in the First Congregational church and spoke before a society of business men known as the Men's Siminar.

Taking as his subject "The Place of the Small College," and treating of Carleton college in particular, President Cowling addressed members of the Men's Seminar. With finue skill the speaker told of the differences in his experiences secured at Yale university and at Carleton, emphasizing the more intimate relation held in the smaller school between not only the students, but the students and instructors.

President Cowling also told of the progress made of securing the $1,000,000 endowment fund for the college, and said, "We now feel that the securing of the fund for the school at Northfield is a practical certainty."

GUARD OFFICERS' ELECTION.

Duluth Meeting Ends—Minneapolis to Get Next Session.

Duluth.—The annual meeting of the officers of the Minnesota national guard ended with the election of officers. Colonel E. D. Luce of Minneapolis was elected president, Captain George Leach, Minneapolis, vice-president, Captain K. A. Franklin, Duluth, secretary; Major H. Hart, St. Paul, treasurer. The next meeting will be held at Minneapolis.

In an address before the meeting Congressman Miller advocated the fortification of important posts of the country and declared himself in favor of the fortification of the Panama canal.

Captain Albert Pfaender of New Ulm told of the close relations existing between the militia of the state and the Legislature.

FARMER KILLED IN AUTO SPILL.

Olmstead County Man's Machine Hits Pole—Family Escapes.

Eyota.—Frank Hughes, one of the prosperous farmers of this county, residing near here, was instantly killed when his automobile, which he was driving, ran into a post and turned turtle. The machine fell on him. Hughes, with his wife, daughter and baby, were driving to a neighbor's.

The muddy condition of the roads caused the car to skid, running square into a post with such violence that it threw the machine completely over. Mrs. Hughes, who was carrying her baby, saved its life by throwing the child out of the machine, and she also escaped injury. The older daughter received a fractured arm.

Mr. Hughes was one of the well-known farmers of the county. He was about 40 years of age.

TWO ARRESTED AS BURGLARS

Loot From Stores and Kit of Tools Found in Room of Suspects.

Two Harbors.—Melles, Pirie & Co., expert accountants of Minneapolis, have been employed to audit the books of F. J. McAlpine, former city clerk, and water and light collector, who is under arrest charged with a shortage of $12,000. Mr. McAlpine says he can make good any claims against him. It will take about three weeks to audit the books.

LOGGERS START HARVEST.

One Hundred Men Begin Cutting Contract for a Walker Company.

Cass Lake.—The George Cochran logging camps are running full blast, nearly 100 men being employed. Four and one-half million feet will be cut for the Leech Lake Lumber company, of Walker. The logs are being hauled by rail, one solid train load being taken to Walker daily. The Cochrans have received a new switch engine to be used in hauling logs from the woods.

FINDS DRINK WAS DRUGGED.

Chloral Hydrate Placed in Whisky to Lure Robbery Victims.

Moorhead.—By the announcement by Professor E. F. Ladd, food commissioner of North Dakota, that the results of an analysis of whisky from this this city showed the presence of chloral hydrate, the theory of officials concerning several robberies of late has been strengthened. Chloral hydrate is the principal ingredient in "knock out drops."

The whisky was sent to Professor Ladd after it had been taken from Ed Smith and George Derman, transients, who were then sent to the county jail. It was thought by the police that these men would offer the whisky to others who had money and after they were under the influence of the drug would lead them to the river bank and rob them. Several robberies of this nature have occurred of late and the police think this was the method used.

Smith and Derman admitted having put the stuff in the whisky, but said they used it as a narcotic. As there was no evidence they had "doped" anyone with the whisky, the case was dismissed.

FARMER KILLED BY AUTO.

Family of Olmsted County Man Escape When Machine Turns Turtle.

Rochester.—Frank Hughes, one of the prosperous farmers of this county, residing five miles southwest of the village of Eyota, was instantly killed when his automobile, which he was driving, ran into a post and turned turtle, the machine crushing him. Mr. Hughes, with his wife, his daughter and baby, were driving to a neighbor's for a call and were about four miles west of Eyota village, near the Oscar curred.

The extremely muddy condition of the roads caused the car to skid, running square into a post with such violence that it threw the machine completely over. Mrs. Hughes, who was carrying her baby in her arms, saved its life by throwing the child out of the machine, and she also escaped injury.

The elder daughter received a fractured arm. Mr. Hughes was one of the well-known farmers of the country. He was about 40 years old.

PROGRESSIVES PLAN FOR FEAST.

Clapp and Anderson to Talk at Rochester Event, October 10.

Rochester. — All the plans for the progressive Republican League feast that will be held in Rochester on Tuesday night, October 10, are progressing rapidly, and the opening of the campaign of the progressive cause in the First district, the home of ex-Congressman James A. Tawney and Congressman Sydney Anderson may attract more than district-wide attention, for it is quite probable that Senator Moses E. Clapp will make his first address for the progressives in Minnesota at the Rochester banquet.

George Loftus, W. I. Nolan and former City Attorney James Peterson of Minneapolis are among the speakers who have announced they will be on hand, and there seems little question but what Senator Clapp will also be on hand to espouse the cause of the LaFollette faction. Congressman Anderson will also be one of the speakers.

MUST BUILD STOCK YARDS.

Great Northern Ordered to Give Relief to Brook Park Farmers.

The Great Northern railway must build a stock yards at its station in Brook Park, Pine County, according to an order issued by the state railroad and warehouse commission. The commission finds there are approximately 225 farmers within a radius of five miles of the town, and that shipments of stock from there are being diverted because of the lack of loading facilities.

There are only 160 residents in Brook Park, but they petitioned the commission to require the Great Northern to stop the Gopher Limited there. This petition was denied. The commission also refused to require the road to move its depot.

WON'T GIVE UP SALARIES.

Glotzbach's Amendment Rejected by Faribault Charter Commissioners.

Faribault.—The charter commission held a meeting to consider some amendments, one in particular, which reduces the sinking-fund tax from 5 mills to about 1 mill. F. I. Glotzbach offered an amendment to do away with the salaries of the four commissioners and the mayor under the new form of government, placing these officers on the old honor system. The Senator made a strong speech in support of his amendment and stated that the $3,500 paid annually in salaries would go a long ways in a few years toward paving streets. However, the amendment was lost when put to a vote.

SCHOOL READY IN A YEAR.

Cornerstone of Boys' College at Winona to Be Laid Next June.

Winona.—Bishop Heffron announces that the cornerstone of the Boys' college in Terrace Heights will be laid next June. Organization of the boys in squads and companies throughout the diocese to attend the cornerstone laying will soon be commenced. The college will be made a great diocesian institution. It is hoped to open it a year from September.

NAB SALOON AS "FENCE."

Indictment in the Box Car Robberies At Winona.

Winona.—The arrest of E. P. Krohn, prominent downtown saloonman, after he had been indicted by the grand jury on the charge of receiving stolen goods, marked the opening of the promised revelations in the systematic box car robberies in Winona. Krohn is charged specifically with receiving several sets of fly-nets and silver toilet sets taken from a car June 13.

DON'T NEED IT.

Bess—There's one pleasure denied the rich.

Tess—What's that?

Bess—They can't go bargain hunting.

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO BADLY I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again, was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more.

"I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured.

"My brother got his face burned with gun-powder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrki, Forrest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 17 L, Boston.

Red Cross Christmas Seals.

A statement denying the recent reports about the abandonment of the Red Cross Christmas seal sale has been issued by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The statement declares that not only will the sale be held this year, as in the past three years, but that it will be conducted on broader lines than ever before. The only order issued by the postoffice department which bears on the sale of Red Cross seals was sent out on July 1, and prohibits the use of the mails to letters and packages bearing non-postage stamps on the face, and also to any mail bearing seals which resemble postage stamps, if used either on the face or back. The Red Cross seal to be used this year has been submitted to the postoffice department and approved, and thus may be used, but only on the back of letters and packages. The design to be used this year depicts a pretty winter scene embossed in a heavy red circle. The corners are white, thus giving the effect when affixed to a letter or a package of a round seal.

The Simple Life.

Anna Maria Wilhelmina Pickering, in her "Memoirs," edited by her son, tells a Yorkshire incident which contains a great deal of human nature. Variety spices life; the plain is monotonous, until its extent entitles it to the name of prairie or desert, and it gains interest through vastness.

There was an old couple in the village whom I used often to go to see. One day, when I found them sitting, one on each side of the fire, the old man said to me:

"Well, t' missis and me, we've been married nigh on 50 years, and we've never had one quarrel."

The old woman looked at me, with a twinkle in her eye, and said:

"It war verie conscientious, but varie dool."—Youth's Companion.

What a Husband Replied.

Among the bargains to be found these days are women's hats, and a fashionnable young Philadelphia wife, who has all the hats she can wear without exciting suspicion, could not resist the temptation to add "just one more" to the collection. When she reached home, she produced it for hubby's admiration.

"Howard, it's a poem!" she said.

"Yes, but it doesn't rhyme well with my pocketbook at this time," he commented.

Willing to Help.

Knicker—We must reduce expenses during hard times.

Mrs. Knicker—Why not go to Europe to live like the returning emigrants?

Inflammatory Rheumatism may make you a cripple for life. Don't wait for inflammation to set in. When the first slight pains appear, drive the poison out with Hamlins Wizard Oil.

When we look back now upon some of the things we used to worry about, we wonder what the lunacy commissions were doing all that time!

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

There are cures for the dope and rum addictions, but the self-kidder never gets it out of his system!

WEAK, ILL AND MISERABLE.

How many people suffer from backache, headache and dizziness without realizing the cause? These symptoms of kidney trouble are too serious to neglect.

"Every Picture Tells A Story"

James C. Hardin, Weatherford, Texas, says: "My feet and limbs became numb and I had terrible pains through the small of my back. Kidney secretions caused untold annoyance by their frequency in passage and I began to think there was no hope for me. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I have not had the slightest trouble since."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S."

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Not a Bit.

"In getting married Mr. Sothern and Miss Marlowe showed very little consideration for the public."

"Why so?"

"There's no fun in watching a man and his wife play 'Romeo and Juliet.'"

Wasted Opportunity.

Stella—What do you consider a waste of opportunity?

Bella—A freight train going through a tunnel.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some neighbors don't like it unless you talk about them.

To Get Its Beneficial Effects, Always Buy the Genuine

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Sold by all leading Druggists

One Size Only, 50¢ a Bottle

KODAKS Films and all supplies. Mail orders given prompt attention. Developing and finishing by experts. VOEGELI DRUGGIST, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

CAREY ACT land and water rights. Open to entry on Big Wood River Project in Southern Idaho. $40.50 an acre in 10 annual installments. Ample water supply guaranteed. IDAHO IRRIGATION CO., Richfield, Idaho.

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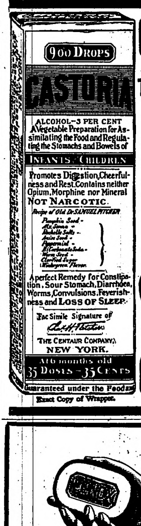
DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

N. W. N. U., NO. 40–1911.



900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL–3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Foods Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

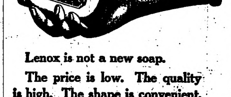
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Lenox is not a new soap.
The price is low. The quality is high. The shape is convenient.
Best of all, Lenox Soap does the work it is intended to do.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand".

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. [illegible] Dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1911. NUMBER 14.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DUMAS IS GUILTY

BELTRAMI COUNTY JURY RETURNS VERDICT AGAINST CASS LAKE MAYOR.

FOR THE PUPOSKY AFFAIR

Attorneys for Physician to Appeal Case—Heated Argumentation by Counsel Mark Closing Hours of Trial.

Bemidji. — Dr. D. F. Dumas, the mayor of Cass Lake, was found guilty of arson in the third degree. Dr. Dumas was charged specifically with having attempted, with Mike Davis and Martin Behan, to burn the postoffice building at Puposky early in the morning of June 17.

Dr. Dumas returned with his wife to Cass Lake in their automobile after the verdict was read. He took the verdict without any show of emotion and refused to comment on it.

Attorney Freeman P. Lane of Minneapolis, of counsel for the defense, announced when the verdict was read that steps would be taken to have the case appealed to the supreme court. Dr. Dumas was allowed his liberty on his original bond. Sentence was deferred pending the outcome of the appeal.

Probably never before in Bemidji, and possibly not in the state, was there so much dramatic excoriation as marked the closing arguments of both Assistant Attorney General Alexander L. Janes of St. Paul, for the state, and Attorney Lane for Dr. Dumas. This was the first criminal case of unusual importance in which Mr. Janes has made an argument to the jury since he became a member of the attorney general's staff, and the courtroom was visibly impressed with the manner in which he reviewed the evidence and the eloquence which punctuated his remarks.

Attorney Lane, for the defense, charged that the Dumas case had cost Beltrami county $90,000. He characterized the case against Dr. Dumas as a put-up job, and was unsparing in his denouncement of Assistant Fire Marshal Sam Fullerton.

Assistant Attorney Janes, for the state, not only defended Robert A. Smythe, whose maneuvers led up to the arrest of Dr. Dumas, and whom Attorney Lane repeatedly referred to as a "dirty little liar," but he also upheld the state's course in the case and all the men connected with the prosecution.

ST. CLOUD LAWYER DROPS DEAD.

George W. Stewart Stricken by Heart Disease While Hunting.

St. Cloud.—Atty. George W. Stewart, member of the firm of Stewart & Brower of this city and one of the prominent attorneys in Central Minnesota, dropped dead at Pleasant lake, near this city, where he went in company with his son Donald to hunt. Death was caused by heart trouble. Mr. Stewart was born at Bellevue, Morrison county, Minn., June 18, 1859. After preparing in the district schools, he entered the state normal school at St. Cloud and graduated from the advanced academic course. In August, 1883, he began the study of law in the office of Taylor & Taylor at St. Cloud. He was admitted to practice December 14, 1884, and has been practicing law here continuously since that time. Mr. Stewart has been mentioned a number of times for justice of the supreme court of Minnesota. He has held a number of prominent offices in this city and is a member of several lodges. He is survived by a widow and two sons, Warren H. and Donald.

RIVER PEARL BRINGS $2,000

Clam Fisher Near Stillwater Enriched By Find.

Red Wing.—A pear-shaped pearl of brilliant luster, found a distance above Stillwater by a clam fisher, was purchased by C. A. Windau, the Red Wing buyer. The gem weigher 49 grains and brought $2,000. Mr. Windau says it is the most beautiful pearl he has ever seen and he believes that he can easily double his money on the investment.

Editor Adams, of Fergus Falls, Urges State Inspection of Dams

Elmer E. Adams, editor of the Fergus Falls Journal, has addressed a letter to the St. Paul Pioneer Press urging state inspection of dams which imperil both life and property, if corporations, public or private, cannot be held responsible for damage ensuing from faulty engineering or building. Mr. Adams' letter is of unusually timely interest because of the recent disasters, consequent upon the giving away of dams at Austin, Pa., and at Black River Falls, Wis.

The letter follows:

"Many of your readers were very much interested in the editorial on 'Concrete in Dam Construction,' which appeared a few days ago, suggested by the disastrous collapse of the dam at Austin, Pa.

State Should Lessen Dangers.

"If corporations, either municipal or private, are going to impound great quantities of water, above cities and towns, imperiling the lives of the inhabitants and endangering property, without being liable for the results of their acts, the state should certainly step in and do what it is possible to do to lessen the dangers.

"If the early reports are to be believed, the dam at Austin had been previously damaged so that it was no longer safe, the owners were advised, yet nothing was done, and no one had the power to compel anything to be done, and yet there is little or no hope that any of those who have suffered will be recompensed by the corporation which entailed this great loss upon them.

Similar Experience at Fergus Falls.

"Fergus Falls had practically the same experience two years ago. A concrete dam, holding almost as much water as the Austin dam was built just above the city. Within ten months, from the day the dam was complete, without any warning, with less than the usual head of water, with less than the normal rainfall, it went out so quickly, early one morning, that the men at work in the dynamo house did not have time to put on their clothes before it was swept down the river and a wall of water 25 feet high rushed down upon the city, a mile below. Fortunately there was room for the water to spread out a little, yet it flooded stores, and washed out every dam in the city, paralyzing business and entailing great loss upon all others on the stream.

Causes Affecting the Collapse.

"The Fergus Falls' dam collapsed from two possible causes, one attributable to the ignorance and irresponsibility of city officials, the other to a desire to get the dam built for far less than it was worth to do it right. The reason assigned by the engineer in charge of the construction, for the collapse is that the officials in his absence and in face of his direct orders not to do it, ordered the orifice of a spring under the dam closed up, thus preventing any outlet and saturating the ground until it had no power of resistance. The other cause, which is accepted by nearly all engineers, and by all intelligent persons who have studied the situation, was the failure, as required by the specifications, to drive steel sheet piling on the upstream side of the dam, which all admit would prevent the water getting under the dam, thus affording an opportunity to erode.

Defects in Dam Construction.

"When the municipality selected an engineer it selected one who had just lost one concrete dam. The site of the dam had the "general reputation" of being treacherous ground, one dam having been built near it. When the bids were called for—the charter required that the work be let to the lowest bidder—the cost was found to be $72,000, while the city had and could spend but $42,000. The engineer said he would find some one who would build it for the amount the city had to expend and returned with a bidder, with whom it was soon openly charged he was in partnership. The steel sheet piling was not driven in at the base of the dam as required by specifications because there was no money to pay for it. The contractor brought by the engineer failed before the work was one-third done, and the engineer assigned his own pay for supervising the construction, before it was earned. The city council then got another contractor who completed the dam on the foundation put in by the original contractors and in ten months it collapsed, wrecking four other dams below it and doing much other damage.

Private Enterprises a Success.

"While the municipality was building its dam above the city, a private company was building one below it. The latter did those things which were needful, expending three times as much money as the city, and its dam not only stood and held its own load, but when the city dam let all the water of its great pond down upon it as well as the water in the four other ponds wrecked at the same time, it withstood that tremendous strain also.

"Concrete dams can be built so that they will do the work for which they are intended, namely to 'impound the water,' and in case our courts are not going to hold the owners of such dams as collapsed at Austin and at Fergus Falls responsible for the damages and losses which they entail upon others, then the Pioneer Press is correct in saying there should be state inspection of dams during construction that the danger of those living below them may be lessened."

PEARL HUNTING IN ROCK RIVER.

Fortunes Are Secured With Garden Rakes at Luverne.

Luverne.—Every pleasant Sunday hundreds of persons armed with garden rakes resort to the banks of Rock river and there rake its bed for pearl-bearing clams. Thousands of dollars' worth of pearls have been found. One pearl sold for $500. A farmer, whose crops were a failure, went pearl hunting and in a week found and sold $85 worth of pearls.

Two Crops in One Season.

Rushmore.—Knute Thomas, a farmer, bids fair to raise his second crop of oats in one season. During the later part of June grasshoppers worked on the grain cutting off much of it which fell to the ground. The crop was harvested in early July and immediately plowed. In a few days a heavy growth appeared and now the grain stands three feet high and is heading out. There are twenty-five acres in the field and no frost has as yet appeared.

WISCONSIN FLOOD

WRECK TERRIBLE DAMAGE TO CITY OF BLACK RIVER FALLS.

BUSINESS SECTION GONE

Side Walls of Immense Power Dam At Hatfield Give Way, and Waters Carry Destruction Down the Valley.

La Crosse.—More than half of the business section of Black River Falls is in ruins, the homes of scores of farmers have been swept away with probably loss of life and the main dam at Hatfield, Wis., momentarily is threatened with destruction which would release a flood that would carry death and destruction before it, as a result of the breaking of the west dyke of the upper Dells dam, following incessant rains which filled the immense reservoirs of the La Crosse Water company to overflowing.

Half of the business section has been utterly destroyed, together with a considerable part of the residence district, and it is admitted by the townspeople who have taken refuge on the high lands, unable to make even an effort for the protection of their stores and homes, that the city will be utterly wiped off the map.

Whether or not lives have been lost is not yet certain, as the people have been scattered.

Business Houses Destroyed.

Between 25 and 30 business houses, comprising all the stores on both sides of two streets in Black River Falls, have been destroyed, together with an equal number of residences. The waters are still rising rapidly and the destruction of the stores on the other two business streets is predicted. The Tremont hotel, a substantial three-story structure, was the first to go, and many others followed.

City Is in Darkness.

The city is in darkness, the electric light plant being one of the first agencies to be put out of commission, adding to the excitement and confusion of the hour.

The disaster was caused by the sudden rise of the Black river behind the two dams of the La Crosse Water Power Company, following rains which lasted almost a week. The dams withstood the pressure, but in each case the river washed around the side, taking out a big section of the river bank and coming down upon the country below in almost as great volume as though the dam had been swept away.

Villages in Path of Flood.

Below Black River Falls are a number of villages, including Roaring Creek, Irving, North Bend, Melrose, Holmen, Lytles, Midway and Onalaska, and the high waters are due to strike them. Forces of men have been sent out to strengthen the bridges in the three counties along the river.

Cut off by telephone, the news from Black River Falls was sent to La Crosse by the Wisconsin Telephone company, which stationed a man on the top of a telephone pole who cut in and sent in his report as well as the flooded lines permitted.

Eleven Feet of Water Over Dam.

Eleven feet of water is pouring over its crest and sweeping down on the stricken city of Black River Falls and the intermediate farms and settlements. The village of Hatfield is under water and the cottages of employes constituting a small village near the powerhouse, two miles below, were abandoned, in fear that the dynamiting of the canal would be insufficient to ward off the destructive flood which threatens to engulf the powerhouse and settlement.

The water power company has had 300 men fighting to prevent the disaster for nearly a week. Farmers had been warned in advance to expect the break at any moment and many of them had fled with their families to safety before the dyke gave way.

During the night, when the real danger was apparent, a general alarm was sent out. Residents of the valley were warned to flee for their lives. In an effort to save those who could not be reached by telephone, Caretaker True of the Dells Dam, mounted a horse and rode at breakneck speed during the remainder of the night, warning farmers to escape. Wagons were loaded with household goods and started for high ground, but as the country is flat for many miles, it is not known whether all escaped.

The present flood is the worst in the history of Black River. Torrential rains above the reservoir sent the water up repeatedly and the efforts of 300 laborers who worked to prevent the disaster, were of no avail. The workmen have been called off, as nothing more can be done, and practically all depends upon the strength of the big dam, and the elements.

ITALIAN GOVERNOR APPOINTED.

New Government Established in Tripoli—Arabs Submit.

London, Eng. — Rear Admiral Boriddolno has been made Italian governor of Tripoli following the military occupancy of the city by men and guns from the Italian fleet. The Arabs of the vicinity are offering submission to the invaders, while the Turkish defenders of the garrison have retired to the interior.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

The state department has decided to await the action of European nations more directly interested than the United States in the present war between Italy and Turkey, before issuing a neutrality proclamation. The document already has been prepared for issue, but a restraining factor is found in the peculiar attitude of the Turkish government.

A decision by the supreme court on the constitutionality of the so-called employers' liability law of 1908 is expected October 16. Several cases raising the constitutionality of the law were argued last spring and have been under consideration all summer. Another anticipated decision concerns the water supply in western streams. It is the case of Henry Schodde against the Twin Falls Land and Water company.

The task of attempting to put an end to all initiative and referendum legislation in this country was begun Wednesday in the supreme court of the United States. Counsel for the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph company filed a brief attacking a law of Oregon because it was enacted by virtue of the initiative amendment to the state constitution, which is alleged to be in violation of the federal constitution.

Attorney General Wickersham filed a brief in the supreme court of the United States and began his fight before the tribunal to have the principal coal-carrying railroads and coal-owning companies in the anthracite sections adjudged to be in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. An entirely different attack was made on the corporations from that in Pennsylvania, where the government lost in nearly every point.

General.

The flag of Italy is flying over the forts of Tripoli.

The beer and cigar bill of Senator Stephenson was $30,000.

Violence marked the arrival of strikebreakers at New Orleans.

A proposal of arbitration may be advanced to Italy by Turkey.

Mr. Roosevelt says it needed a bold man to start the Panama canal.

Mexico may have a new revolution, aimed against Madero.

Funeral services for Admiral Schley will be held in St. John's church.

The Santa Fe road wants an order on Nebraska rates set aside.

Five hundred thousand acres were disposed of in the Rosebud drawing.

Our trade movement is large despite war abroad and strikes at home.

President Taft was given a taste of wild west at Cheyenne by broncho busters.

Buffalo, N. Y., was chosen as next year's meeting place of the league of American municipalities.

In his estimates Postmaster General Hitchcock provides $50,000 for mail carrying by aeroplane.

Seventy proprietors of steel and iron foundries met at New York and discussed business matters behind closed doors.

According to witnesses for Senator Stephenson, beer and whisky are a necessary adjunct of campaigns.

J. C. Elliott of West Point was nominated as republican candidate for congress in the Third Nebraska district.

The committee of governor's—Aldich, Harmon and Hadley—made up their brief in the Minnesota rate case.

The German embassy is urging forbearance on the part of the Turkish government in the matter of the expulsion of Italians.

It will cost $129,000,000 to maintain the United States navy and provide for suitable increase in the next fiscal year, according to the estimates.

The commerce court issued an order fixing October 16 as the date for hearing of the application of the transcontinental railways for an injunction against the orders of the interstate commerce commission.

The federal government brought forfeiture suits against Nathan Allen, of Kenosha, Wis., and John R. Collins of Memphis, Tenn., to recover $185,000, the value of smuggled jewels and wearing apparel.

Provision for establishment of a parcels post and transportation of mail by aeroplane has been made by Postmaster General Hitchcock in his annual estimates of Post Office department expenditures submitted to the Treasury department.

United States Circuit Judge Joseph V. Quarles died in Milwaukee. He had been in poor health for about a year.

The resignation of Captain Frank A. Cook, recently court-martialled at San Francisco for conduct unbecoming an officer has been accepted by the president.

Both the Southern Pacific and the Houston & Texas Central railroads practically declared an open shop when they made announcement that shopmen on strike can return to work any time before Monday noon, October 9.

The New York assembly passed the Ferris-Blauvelt direct nominations bill.

Governor Wilson was in control of the New Jersey democratic state convention.

The United States is not ready to declare neutrality as between Italy and Turkey.

The Russian declaration of neutrality is being drafted. It will not be issued for a week.

John D. Rockefeller has installed a telegraph line to his home near Tarrytown, N. Y.

A count of the dead of Austin, Pa., indicates the total fatalities will be less than two hundred.

High water did great damage in Wisconsin, almost entirely destroying the town of Black River Falls.

Campaign managers for Senator Isaac Stephenson admitted the Wisconsin man was a good spender.

Republicans are prone to wander from the fold, but will return said the president in his Denver address.

Among the first class postoffices designated as postal savings banks, effective November 4, is Omaha, Neb.

Three-quarters of a million dollars' damage was done by the rainstorm which swept over northern Ohio.

Dr. B. Clark Hyde of Kansas City positively will be placed on trial a second time on October 16, on a charge of murdering Colonel Thomas H. Swope.

A movement to raise a half million dollars to build a national monument in Washington to the memory of the women of the civil war was launched at New York.

There was a "cheaper food" riot at Warsaw directed against the Jews in the suburbs. Three Jews and two Christians were wounded. The police restored order.

The will of the late Mrs. Ole Bull Vaughn, daughter of the late Norwegian violinist, Ole Bull, was filed with Judge Hobbs of the New York county probate court.

Captain John Bradie, giving exhibitions at the South Georgia fair at Tifton, was killed when he fell from his balloon and plunged 700 feet to the earth.

The body of William E. Curtis, the widely known writer of Washington, who died suddenly in Philadelphia, was taken to Washington and buried in Rock Cook cemetery.

Because she refused to respond to his importunities to marry him, Erskine Swalker shot and perhaps fatally wounded Miss Madelene Komp, and then committed suicide at Rock Island.

Despite the advent of the postal savings banks, the savings deposits in the national banks are increasing. From June 7 to September 1 these deposits grew from $634,100,000 to $654,300,000.

Edward Ellis and Walter Nowlan pleaded guilty in the United States district court at Davenport, Ia., to charges of being implicated in the operations of the Mabray gang of swindlers.

The Burnside shops of the Illinois Central railroad became open shops, a formal notice posted within the stockades informing the workers that hereafter the road will deal only with its individual employes.

According to all reports the harvest of 1911 in Denmark will surpass all records since 1868. Not in forty-three years has weather, labor and other conditions proven so auspicious to the farmer.

Plans for a $2,000,000 system of freight terminals in Minneapolis were announced by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company. Two tracts of ground have been purchased, the larger comprising thirty acres.

The Germans of the United States as represented by the German-American national alliance now in convention in Washington, signified their wish that Germany enter into negotiations with the United States for a general arbitration treaty similar to those with Great Britain and France, now pending ratification by the United States senate.

Demanding a return of the Black Hills territory and all of Rapid City, which they allege was taken from them wrongfully by the treaty of 1878, famous chiefs of the Brule and Ogallala Sioux conferred with Congressman Eben W. Martin. Congressman Martin explained that the treaty of 1878 was superseded by the 1899 treaty, and invited the chiefs to meet the great white father (President Taft), when he visits Rapid City October 21.

Six coal miners received broken legs and two others were probably fatally injured when the cage in a mine at Nokomis, Ill., fell eighty feet.

The Italian authorities at Tripoli issued a proclamation suppressing slavery. Tripoli was the only remaining port on the coast of Africa where slavery still prevailed, notwithstanding the efforts of Great Britain and France to prevent the traffic.

Personal.

The Turkish ambassador at Washington puts all the blame for war on Italy.

President Taft promised Idaho settlers assistance in their troubles.

Chief Salago, of the once powerful Chippewa nation, died aged 108.

Hon. W. J. Bryan is now making a number of political speeches in Nebraska.

The female mayor of Hunnewell, Kansas, proposes that none but women be put on guard.

Lieutenant governor of Ohio will visit Nebraska in two weeks in interests of Harmon for president.

A Kansas man who fainted during his marriage ceremony recovered to find his bride had disappeared [illegible]

"JIM" IS FOUND

JAMES P. DYGERT IS ARRESTED AT ARCTANDER, MINN., AFTER MONTH'S HUNT.

HUSBAND IDENTIFIES HIM

Neighbors and St. Paul Pawnbroker Says He Is Much Wanted "Jim." Accused Brought to Jail in Minneapolis.

Minneapolis.—James P. Dygart, arrested in Arctander, Minn., by Sheriff Bonde of Kandiyohi county, was identified as the missing "Jim" sought by the police to explain the mysterious double murder of Mrs. Amelia Bolton and Frank Edward Rhodes on the Bolton farm near Wyoming, Anoka county, Sept. 12.

S. E. Carlisle, neighbor of the Boltons, living near Wyoming, John Reloux, storekeeper at Wyoming, and Morris Effan, proprietor of a pawn shop in St. Paul where "Jim" pawned the Bolton mandolin the night of the murder, and Walter E. Bolton, husband of the murdered woman, identified him in the city jail.

Dygart was brought to Minneapolis from Willmar by Sheriff Bonde. He was met at the train by Sheriff John Casey of Anoka, Carlisle, Effan, Reloux and Bolton.

As Dygart stepped from the train, Sheriff Casey approached him, laid his hand on the man's shoulder and said "Hello, Jim, where have you been all summer?"

"I worked for that man," replied "Jim" pointing to Bolton.

Dygart admitted he had visited Effan's pawn shop and had pawned something but would not admit that it was the stolen mandolin that had belonged in the Bolton home. He told a conflicting story as to his movements after he left the Bolton farm Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 12, the day on which the crime is thought to have been committed. County authorities from Anoka did not place a formal charge of murder against Dygart and it was only through snatches of conversation overheard on the train when he was being brought to Minneapolis that Dygart knew he was wanted for murder. Cool and apparently unruffled he talked to reporters and Sheriff Casey as to his movements after he left the Bolton farm. His story conflicts in many details with the theory of his movements held by County Attorney Pratt and other Anoka authorities. They say their theories have been substantiated with evidence that will be used at his trial.

Dygart told Sheriff Bonde of Kandiyohi county, who arrested him, and Sheriff Casey that he went to work for Stene, the farmer at whose house he was arrested, Sept. 10, two days before the murder. Stene told Sheriff Bonde that he went to work Sept. 18, six days after the murder and four days after the discovery of the bodies of Mrs. Bolton and Rhodes.

His father, Andrew Dygart, he says, lives in Spencer, Wis. Dygart says he was reared there. He was born in what was then Holland, Wis., now changed to Escaton. He knew various people known in Spencer by Sheriff Casey and newspaper men, and could not be shaken in his story of the place he claims as his home.

The peculiar scar on the left side of his neck heralded over the country the day after the discovery of the bodies on the Bolton farm led to "Jim's" arrest.

The murder of Mrs. Bolton and her cousin, Frank Rhodes, was discovered Thursday, Sept. 14. Neighbors heard cattle lowing in the yard and went to see what the trouble was, as the cows acted as if they had not been fed for some time. The house was locked and neighbors broke in a door. At the bottom of the cellar stairs lay the body of Mrs. Bolton, a bullet wound in her back. Blood was on the kitchen floor. An hour later, Fisher Carlisle, son of S. E. Carlisle, discovered the body of Rhodes in a "dead" furrow in a potato patch across the road from the farm house. "Jim" was missing. He was seen last at the Bolton home, Tuesday noon, by two boys who had gone there to take a dog Mr. Bolton had sent to Wyoming. "Jim" told them Mrs. Bolton and her cousin had gone to Minneapolis that day. That was at noon. Two hours later he was seen going into Wyoming with the mandolin in his hand.

Mrs. Bolton and her cousin were killed with a high power rifle, the property of the husband of the dead woman. Four shots were fired into Rhodes and two bullets had penetrated Mrs. Bolton's body. An empty cartridge shell was found in the yard and one loaded shell in the rifle. Nothing that would give the surname of "Jim" could be found in the house. Mrs. Bolton had been assaulted after death, the coroner's investigation showed.

$5,000,000 LOSS BY FLOODS.

Part of Denver & Rio Grande Railway Swept Away.

Denver, Colorado.—With telephone and telegraph service crippled and more than 300 miles of railroad out of commission, only meager reports are being received from the flood-swept district of southwestern Colorado and northeastern New Mexico, comprising an area approximating 100 by 75 miles. There are rumors of heavy loss of life, but the verified death list so far is comparatively small.

MUNYON PREACHES HOPE PHILOSOPHY

New Association Gaining Many Members.

FAITH'S CURATIVE POWER

NOTED HEALTH EXPERT GIVES REASON FOR BIG SUCCESS IN MEDICINE

Tremendous success has attended the organization of the new Munyon "Hope Cult." Professor Munyon claims that he has secured more converts than he even anticipated, and says that his "Hope Cult" is growing in leaps and bounds. It is said that the total membership of the association throughout the United States is now well over the half million mark.

In a statement for publication Prof. Munyon said:

"I want to talk to every sick, ailing and despondent person in this city. I want to preach my new creed to them. I want to tell them about my new philosophy of health, which is the fruit of a lifetime of study and experience in dealing with sick folk.

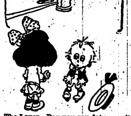
"I want to expound the Great Truth that I have learned that there is more curative power in an ounce of Hope than in pounds of Dope. That sick people should not take medicine except as a medium through which the great curative power of Hope may be made effective. Medicines are necessary in the present state of the world's progress because they give a patient physical support and strength and renewed vigor with which to brace up the will power. One knows, from the action of the proper medicines, that he or she is feeling better by this inspired hope and faith, which complete the cure.

"I think that probably a million persons at least in the United States have declared themselves cured by my medicines, and I know that these people have had the best remedies medical science had to offer. I have always contended that if there is any virtue in medicine my followers should have the best, but I verily believe that more than one-half of those who have been lifted to health from the bondage of chronic illness, through taking my medicines, have been really cured by the knowledge that they had the utmost in medical lore at their command, and the Hope this inspired.

"I am not in any sense a practicing physician. I employ at my laboratories in Philadelphia a large staff of expert physicians and chemists, and I have many other physicians in various cities of the United States detailed to give free advice to the sick and afflicted. My headquarters are at Munyon's Laboratories, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa., and I have there a staff of duly registered physicians and consulting experts, and to all who desire it I offer the best of medical advice absolutely free of charge."

Write today, addressing Prof. J. M. Munyon personally, and your letter will have a special care.

WHAT SHE SAID.



The Lover—Den you say dat my suit is in vain?

The Lass—Not exactly, but I did say if you little, bow-legged, pie-faced mut didn't quit follerin' me around I'd bounce a brick on yer forehead!

A Metaphor Resented.

"Did I understand you to say, sir," said Colonel Stillwell, "that you regarded that orator's remarks as moonshine?"

"That's what I said," replied the critical person.

"Well, sir, I do not wish to seem captious, but when it comes to comparing that line of talk with a mountain product for whose vigorous qualities I have a large degree of respect, I must say your efforts to be complimentary, sir, go entirely to far."

Saves Worry
Time
and Trouble

Post
Toasties

Can be served instantly with cream or milk.

It makes a breakfast or lunch so superior to the ordinary, that it has become a welcome pantry necessity in thousands of homes, and adds to the comfort and pleasure of life.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

[illegible] Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

Its great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever gotten out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IS FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, October 14, 1911.

The Minnesota railroad rate cases, upon which turn the question of the power of the state to regulate intrastate railroad rates when they conflict in any way with interstate rates, were assigned by the United States supreme court for argument Jan. 8.

Addressing the Booster meeting at Fargo, Hugh Chalmers, who did some high financing when connected with the National Cash Register Co., and is now building automobiles at Detroit, Mich., said in opening his address: "The two deadest things I know of, are a summer resort in winter time, and a commercial club that does nothing."

Though the official returns on their face showed a slight majority for the repeal of prohibition in Maine, it is stated now that proposed corrections in these returns, if allowed, will produce a substantial majority against repeal. The liquor interests were fighting for their lives in this campagin and relied only on the argument of money.

The Supreme Court

The supreme court of the United States convened Tuesday after a four months' recess, and will remain in session until the last of next May. It will consider as many of the 800 cases now piled up on the docket as time will permit. An estimate has it that the court will dispose of about 200 cases during the term, but that about 200 additional cases will be docketed before next June.

A long list of important cases, second only to the great Standard Oil and tobacco cases, will demand the attention of the court during the first month. The cases involve alleged violation of the Sherman anti-trust laws. These are the suits against the principal anthracite coal carrying railroads and coal owning companies; against the railroads operating the bridges over the Mississippi at St. Louis, and against James A. Patten and other prominent business men, who are charged with obtaining a corner on the cotton market.

Railroad rates in Minnesota and other states also will be considered. The so-called "elevator cases" will test the power of the interstate commerce commission. Cases involving the rights of Indians to alienate their lands and entry of the so-called "Stacy coal land claims" in Alaska will be contested hotly.

Rural School Notes

To the boys and girls participating in the corn contest:

You are waiting to hear something about the county contest. The reports received are very meager and show conclusively that the conditions have been against us as to raising corn this year. But even though a contest can not be held, the interest manifested and work done by you will have their benefits. You are amateur farmers now and a farmer must know his trade; he must sow in hope, not knowing what the harvest will be; he must learn to labor and to wait. This lesson learned we will redouble the efforts next year. Although there are good samples of garden vegetables raised, the superintendent feels that a contest without a fine display of corn would not be the thing we want. He appreciates greatly the work and interest shown by scholars and teachers.

We have the consolation that our work is along the right lines. The work will grow, we trust, to such an extent that we ultimately will have a well defined course in elementary agriculture and domestic science in our rural schools. We will do better next year. Your superintendent expects to devote the greater part of his time in visiting schools during the fall months. He will be present at the court house on Saturdays.

Next week is the time set for the inauguration of George Edgar Vincent as president of the university of Minnesota. We have an invitation to attend and will be absent from the office for the greater part of the week, returning Friday evening.

This office has not received its order for report cards, certificates of perfect attendance, etc. These supplies will be sent out as soon as received.

All school clerks have been supplied with blanks for taking census reports, and excuse attendance blanks, and blanks for the teacher on which to report non-attendance of children to this office.

Quite a number of clerks have not yet sent in their reports on the school census. This office will appreciate it very much if the law is complied with in this respect. Parents and school boards will do both their teachers and this office a great help if they will inform themselves as to the requirements of the compulsory education law as to attendance of their children in the respective schools. The schools are yours and yours are the opportunities for education afforded your children. Do your duty.

Respectfully submitted,
E. A. MOSTUE.

THE FIRST NUMBER

Congressman Berger, the First Socialist in Congress, at Thief River Falls Monday

The people of the northwest will have an opportunity next Monday to hear a speech by one of the most remarkable men now in the public eye, when Victor L. Berger of Milwaukee will appear at the large auditorium in Thief River Falls as the first number of the list of five attractions comprising the lyceum course for the season of 1911-'12. Mr. Berger holds a unique position before the American public. He is the first socialist member of that great legislative body—the U. S. congress. He is commonly referred to as the "Father of Milwaukee." Social democracy in that city is what it is, whether good or ill, chiefly because of Mr. Berger. He is its pioneer, its propogandist, its sponsor. Its history is mainly his biography as a citizen of Milwaukee. He rocked it in its cradle, reared it, and now exults to see his bantling in control of that great city. During his first term as a member of congress Mr. Berger achieved renown as being the author of the now famous "old age pension" bill, and it is in that connection that he is best known to the American public. As a lyceum speaker Mr. Berger has few equals, and his topics, "Why Milwaukee became Socialist," "The Socialistic View of the Trust Question," and "The French Revolution from a Socialist Point of View" are ranked as masterpieces.

This sterling attraction has been secured for Monday evening, Oct. 16, at the auditorium, Thief River Falls, at a great expense by the local committee. Season tickets for the course of five numbers are now on sale and can be secured by notifying H. O. Kjomme or Oscar Sponheim, Thief River Falls. The citizens of Thief River Falls extend a hearty cordial invitation to the citizens of the northwest to attend any or all of the course entertainments.

A Scheme Worth Two of That

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture says that the American public can deliver itself forever from the peril of high sugar prices by producing more beet sugar.

We think we know a scheme worth two of that; put sugar on the free list.

The tariff on sugar now costs the American people a couple of cents on every pound of it they buy. Taking the tariff off should reduce the price accordingly.

Beet sugar may be the solution; but it is very slow in coming and besides the sugar trust seems to handle that kind, too. Taking the tariff off sugar would provide immediate and tangible relief to the consumer.—Duluth Herald.

For a State Highway

County Surveyor C. H. Martz is preparing and has about completed a profile and specifications for the construction of a state rural highway, running directly east from Thief River Falls to the east line of Pennington county. These plans will be forwarded in a short time to the state highway commission and it is expected that they will be approved. Mr. Martz was named by the highway commission to do this work.

The road will be constructed under what is known as the Elwell bill, passed at the last session of the legislature, which provides that the state shall pay one-half the cost of construction, the county one-fourth, and the property benefitted one-fourth. It is also understood that a sum will be provided for its maintenance after it has been constructed.

Dr. Dumas Guilty

The case of Dr. D. F. Dumas, the Cass Lake mayor, charged with complicity in an attempted arson case, came to a close last Tuesday when the jury rendered a verdict of guilty after being out an hour and twenty minutes. A stay of sentence was granted pending a decision of the supreme court on questions of law, and he will enjoy his liberty until such decision is rendered, his bond of $10,000 having continued.

The convict mayor has been rearraigned on a new indictment from the grand jury, charging him with attempted theft.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package.

s9-8t

Notice

To owners of Threshing Machines.

Operators of threshing rigs who cross bridges and crossings within the village without planking same will be prosecuted.

By order of village council.

DR. O. SWANSON,
Clerk.

COPENHAGEN SNUFF

We guarantee that Copenhagen Snuff is now and always has been absolutely pure snuff, that it complies with the laws of every State and all federal laws.

American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

Methodist Conference

At the Northern Minnesota Methodist conference Monday at Minneapolis the appointments of ministers for the year were announced. From the list we glean the following as of interest to our readers:

St. Hilaire, P. M. Palmer,
Thief River Falls, J. B. Smith.
Crookston, W. C. Hodgson,

Rev. A. Hanson goes to Donaldson.

DIED

Ole Larson, who lived three miles east of Hazel, died Friday, Oct. 6, of cancer of the stomach, from which disease he had long been a sufferer. He was born near Christiansand, Norway, and was 55 years of age. He is survived by an older brother, Jorgen Larson.

The funeral took place Monday from St. Paul church. Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiated.

Honey Sixty Years Old

One thousand pounds of honey, some of it more than sixty years old, was obtained by workmen while tearing down an old tavern in East Lee Massachusets. It was built 150 years ago. A hundred swarms of bees were found in the garret, which no one had entered for 60 years. The keeping qualities of the honey come from its absolute purity and immunity from germs, just as the keeping qualities of golden grain belt beer, are made possible by their absolute germless purity. You owe it to yourself to try them. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

This has been a great year for the farmers.

GRIEF AND GREED.

Sorely Afflicted, Yet He Kept an Eye on the Main Point.

The following communication was recently addressed by a grief stricken German husband to the secretary of a life insurance company in Germany:

"Sir—Deeply afflicted, I take up my pen to inform you that my dear wife, Anne Maria, nee L——, insured in your company for the sum of $750, has suddenly died, leaving me a victim to the deepest despair. This grievous blow fell on me this morning at 7. Kindly endeavor to let me have my insurance money as promptly as possible. The policy bears the number ——, as you will find by reference to your books.

"I may say very seriously and in all sincerity that she was a faithful wife and an admirable mother. In order that all formalities may be settled with promptitude I inclose herewith a certificate officially recording her death.

"Her illness was but a short one. Nevertheless she suffered intensely, which naturally renders my grief all the more poignant. I have no doubt that you will afford me partial consolation by sending on the insurance money as promptly as possible.

"In return I hereby formally promise to have my second wife insured in your company for $1,500, double the sum for which my defunct darling was insured.

"My grief is immense, yet the conviction that you will afford me consolation sustains me during this terrible ordeal. In the hope that we shall soon draw our insurance money, my children join me in," etc.—Exchange.

CAME ON THE JUMP.

A Signal That Brought the Busy Waiters In a Body.

To get a waiter quickly in a big cafe is at times very difficult, but a Germantown man recently learned a method from a New York friend which is guaranteed instantly to bring not one but several waiters. This Germantown man was giving a dinner in one of Philadelphia's swellest cafes, with the New Yorker and two women as his guests. After a long delay a waiter came and took the order. Then one of the women decided that she must make a change in her order. The host signaled one waiter after another without avail. After about ten minutes of violent gesticulating on his part the New Yorker said:

"You don't know how to attract their attention. I'll bet you $5 I can bring a waiter to this table within thirty seconds."

"I'll take the bet," said the Philadelphian, drawing out his watch. The New Yorker reached over into the middle of the table, picked up a thin, delicate glass and deliberately dashed it to the floor. Instantly every waiter in the room came rushing up to see what was the trouble.

"Charge one tumbler up on the bill," said the New Yorker laconically, "and change one of those oyster orders to Blue Points."

As the waiters dispersed he added, "I guess you owe me a five spot, old man."—Philadelphia Record.

A CONTINGENT ASSET.

The Court Didn't Appoint a Receiver to Administer It.

A woman's way of getting around trouble, especially her ability to answer a question without giving any information, is well known, particularly to the members of the bar that have had occasion to cross words with her on the stand. A woman with a well developed sense of humor once foiled the persistent attempt of W. G. Chapin, late editor of the American Lawyer, to elicit information in supplementary proceedings. He tells the story of the failure himself.

"I had been admitted to the bar but a short time and was a fair specimen of the average theory stuffed, practice wanting, law school graduate. How joyously were the commands of the managing clerk obeyed! Here was the looked for opportunity to demonstrate my ability in the noble art of searchingly examining a recalcitrant witness, a woman!

"Of the two, I fancy, however, that it was the lady who was more self possessed when the proceedings opened. She was a dressmaker and had been sued for debt by a dry goods firm. The examination dragged its slow length along, revealing no assets, until finally came the omnium gatherum query asked as a finisher.

"'Have you any property of any kind or nature, real or personal, or any right or interest in property, that you have failed to mention?'

"Perhaps it was my tone she disliked. At any rate, her eyes snapped. 'Well, I've got what perhaps you wouldn't call an interest, but it's almost as good. It's an expectation. Must I answer?'

"'If you please.' I was encouraged.

"'Well, you see, it's this way. I've got two sisters, and both of 'em have married finely. Now, neither one of them begins to be as good looking as I am.'

"'Yes.' She had me puzzled.

"'Well, I really don't see why I shouldn't have the same show.'

"It is needless to say that there was no receiver appointed to administer this 'asset.'"—Chicago Record-Herald.

A CONFIDING CONSTABLE.

The Way He Helped the Housemaid Repel the Burglars.

A good story is told at the expense of a constable in rural England, says a writer in the London Telegraph.

Not long ago a young and pretty housemaid arrived at the big house of the neighborhood, and it was observed that our friend's beat often took him in that direction. At first she seemed to resent his advances, but suddenly she changed altogether, and the course of true love appeared to run smooth—for a time.

One night he called rather later than usual. It was dark, and his fair one greeted him somewhat coolly, he thought.

His doubts, however, disappeared when she suddenly declared that she would take him into her confidence. She had overheard the particulars of a plot to break into the house and steal the plate.

"Now, Jim," she said, "here's a chance for promotion. The burglars knew where the plate was kept, so we've shifted it. What I want you to do is to get into the plate cupboard and wait till they come and open the door. Then you'll have 'em."

Jim jumped at the chance and half an hour later was concealed in the cupboard. The burglars came, as expected, and promptly got to work.

The constable chuckled to himself as he heard the muffled whir of a tool on the outside of the cupboard door, and he grasped his staff and waited.

After some minutes' waiting he resolved to take a cautious peep. But the door was fast, securely screwed on the outside by the burglars.

When Jim eventually roused the house and was released from his prison the burglars and plate, together with the pretty housemaid (a confederate), had disappeared. Moreover, the constable's position took a good deal of explaining away.

Awkward, But No Chump.

Once there was a pretty woman who came upon a huge ostrich in the desert.

"Foolish bird," said the pretty woman. "You cover your head with sand and think you are out of sight."

The huge ostrich laughed.

"My dear madam," he chuckled, "there is nothing foolish about that. Don't you cover your head with a hat decorated with my feathers and think you are 'out of sight?'"

Moral.—The ostrich is an awkward bird and eats horseshoes, but he can hit back in other ways than with his big feet.—Chicago News.

Improvement.

Bacon—How is your wife?

Egbert—Improving, thank you.

"Why, I didn't know she'd been ill!"

"She hasn't, but she bought a bonnet today for $4. She used to buy the sixteen dollar kind, you know."—Yonkers Statesman.

Blunt.

"I should like to go to my mother-in-law's funeral this afternoon, sir," said the bookkeeper to the old man.

"So should I," replied the proprietor, as he turned to his [illegible]

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	97
" " 2 "	95
" " 3 "	90
Flax, No. 1	$2.19
" " 2	2.09
Barley, for 50 lbs	95
Oats	37
Eggs	20
Butter	29
" creamery	32
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@7
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.15
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

St. Hilaire Retail Lbr. Co.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. goverment survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Knute O. [illegible]

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Thursday, the [illegible] day of January, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at the city of Thief River Falls in said county, be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "St. Hilaire Spectator," a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated October [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 7:30 p.m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—No services tomorrow. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:45.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services aweek from Sunday at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. U. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP — Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. — meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDQUIST, President. MORRIS LASHLEE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My hardy bred belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

The affairs of the Wylie elevator are as yet unsettled. The process of checking the accounts and weighing up the grain on hand is not yet completed, and Richards' friends are confident that no shortage will be disclosed. We are informed that we were in error last week in stating that that it had been previously understood by the farmers that Richards was to sell flax in Duluth in his own name.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

Miss King was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin went to Crookston on Friday.

Miss Winnie Gunstad is over from Bemidji for a few days' visit at home.

S. L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was writing life insurance here yesterday.

Mrs. G. I. Fellman and Mrs. J. A. Bahan were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Leonard Holmes was looking after business matters in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

John E. Bischoff will hold an administrator's sale two miles west of Wylie on Monday, Oct 23.

Leonard Holmes drove to Thief River Falls Monday morning to take Harold back to his school.

Miss Edla Hallstrom left for Biwabic, Minn., on Thursday, and will make home there for the winter.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside schoolhouse Sunday, Oct. 15, at 10:30 a. m.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at Andrew Soderberg's Friday afternoon, Oct 20.

The Sewing society's auction of the Clara church will be held Saturday evening, Nov. 4, at P. W. Peterson's in Wyandotte.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the school house in Polk Center Sunday, Oct. 22, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The Young People of the Synod Lutheran church and others will meet at Anton E. Anderson's, sec. 5, River Falls, Sunday afternoon Oct. 15, at 3 p. m.

Rev. August Rux and wife of Chasley, N. D., arrived here last Saturday for a few days' visit with their brothers, D. D. and Fred E. Rux of Sanders township.

I have some good farm horses and some western horses for sale. Come early while you have a good choice.
ol-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store,
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

A number of the young ladies of St. Hilaire have taken up the study of basket ball and two teams are being organized. If is expected the young gentlemen will soon do likewise.

Mr. August Schnell of Rockwell City, Iowa, is spending a few days with Andrew Mortensen. Mr. Martensen and Mr. Schnell were schoolmates in childhood, and are having a delightful visit.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

Miss Helen Erickson sustained a slight injury to a foot a short time since, but instead of getting better it has seemed to grow worse, and on Thursday she was taken by her father, Andrew Erickson, to a hospital in Minneapolis.

Among the St. Hilaire people who left on the Great Northern train last Saturday for Thief River Falls were Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson, Mrs B E. Burkee, Mrs. G. W. Hooper, and Misses Agnes Burkee, Grace Hall, and Tyra Wallen.

Rev. Dr. Alf. Bergin of Lindsborg, Kansas, Rev. Chelgren and Mr. Aug. Lindgren of Warren, visited at the home of Rev. Sand on Wednesday. Dr. Bergen was formerly pastor at Warren. Further back in time he worked, together with Rev. Sand, at the brickyards at Carver.

A. R. Jones, manager of the Farmers' elevator, says that if the party who left a brace and bit and grain sack under a car of wheat last Thursday night will prove property they will be cheerfully returned to him. The car was tapped in the bottom and at least fifty bushels of wheat drawn from it.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Ed Peterson went to Crookston Friday evening.

Dance tonight by the orchestra. Be sure to attend.

Mrs. A. S. Wilson was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Just received at Ole Mathson's the first car of the season of Gold Medal flour and feed.

Misses Tomina Wilson and Lizzie Jacobson were Thief River Falls visitors on Thursday.

Late tidings from Rev. S. T. Palm are that he is getting along nicely after his operation.

Wilson & Steen received $403.00 for a crop of flax raised on nine and three-fourths acres of ground.

Charles Lindquist drove in eighteen head of cattle and shipped Friday with Mike McAndress' loads.

Four cars of cattle were shipped from this place yesterday; one by Brink, two by McAndress, and one by Tice.

Mrs. Lilleberg and daughter returned Tuesday to Cummings. N. D., afeer a few days' visit at the Gunstad home.

We handle the famous Fosston underwear, which is equal to the best and better than the rest, and sold by Henry Georgen.

Miss Olga Hanson, who has just begun another term of school in the Aubol district, northeast of town, went yesterday to her home at Red Lake Falls.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, Oct. 20, at the home of Mrs. Peter Johnson, east of town.

Mrs. Worstall has bills out announcing a big sale of cattle, horses, farm machinery, etc., at her farm in section 12 Bray township, Tuesday, the last day of October.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

Lazar & Lazar have made quite a change in the arrangement of their store, moving their shoe stock to the rear end and displaying a part of their groceries on the shelves in the front.

Frank Hunt, the Red Lake Falls hardware merchant, and Sheriff Fellman stopped in town a few moments Tuesday morning, on their way home from Thief River Falls in an auto.

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Allson of Red Lake Falls came up on last Monday's train and completed their purchase of land in section 1 in River Falls and made arrangements to move in next week.

The town boards of Black River and River Falls are to meet with the village council at their hall next Monday evening to consider the matter of putting in shape for travel the newly laid out road south of town.

Mission Meeting

The annual mission meeting of the Swedish Lutheran church will be held Tuesday and Wednesday, October 24 and 25, in St. Hilaire both evenings at 8 o'clock, in Black River Tuesday during the day, beginning 10:30 a. m., and in Clara Wednesday during the day. At least nine visiting ministers are expected to be present, namely Lundgren of Hallock, Rosenthal of Kennedy, Gronberg of Strandquist, Chelgren of Warren, Wahlund of Warren, Dalquist of Roseau, Persenius of Grand Forks, Wahlund of Warren, Anderson of Lengby, and Colberg of Alvarado.

All are cordially invited to these meetings, especially those that understand the Scandinavian languages.

Took First Premium

St Hilaire Cooperative creamery butter took first premium on eastern butter at the Interstate fair held at Spokane, Wash., last week, with a score of 94.

The score of the second prize was 92½ and on first prize on western butter was 93.

The butter was in competition with whole milk butter from the Hutchinson district, famed for its good product. It was exhibited by a retail firm of Spokane, and Mr. Hed, the manager of the St. Hilaire creamery, had not known that it was to be entered. This is a long mark to the credit of our creamery and its manager.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance, prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent.

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost.

BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY $4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES.

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

DAIRYMEN!
We want a few more dairymen with sanitary surroundings and at least ten cows to ship us
MILK
Present price per pound of butterfat, F. O. B. Crookston,
40 CENTS
Write for full particulars
CROOKSTON PURE FOOD CO., CROOKSTON, MINN.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

GOING NORTH
No 125, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 5:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 126, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie........ 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

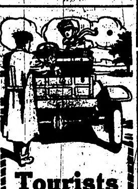
President........J. C. DAHL
Clerk........ARTHUR HALL
Trustees........J. MCKECHNIE, HENRY OLSON, A. R. JONES
Treasurer........B. E. BURKEE
Marshal........HENRY JACKSON
Assessor........O. H. PETERS
Constable........A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace........O. H. PETERS, K. O. GJOSTAD
Board of Health........DR. C. SWANSON, DANIEL PATTERSON, ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman........A. S. WILSON
Clerk........K. O. GJOSTAD
Directors........DANIEL PATTERSON, DR. C. SWANSON, H. O. JACKSON

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the "BEST FLOUR" that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
OSCAR C. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
[illegible]
MEMBER [illegible] ASSO-
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.



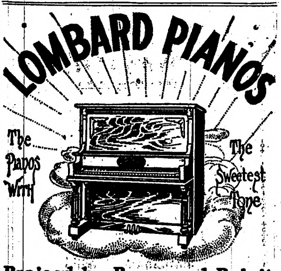
Tourists
who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment
Hamm's Beer
"Leads them All"
Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : : WIS.

Bring in Your Printing

Our Fall Stock
Is now complete. We have a new line of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at very low prices. We solicit your trade.
LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our highest expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DEFECTIVE PAGE

AT A CRITICAL PERIOD.

Of Peculiar Interest to Women.

Mrs. Mary I. Remington, Eigleberry St., Gilroy, Cal., says: "I suffered so severely from pain and soreness over the kidneys that it was a task for me to turn in bed. My kidneys acted very frequently, but the secretions were retarded and passages scalded. I was weak and run down. After taking other remedies without benefit, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was completely cured. I was going through the critical period of a woman's life at the time and after using Doan's Kidney Pills there was a miraculous change for the better in my health."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S."

For sale by druggists and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 50c. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

All of 'Em Fans.

A man little acquainted with the stage and its people went to see the "Friars' Frolic" and was surprised to find that the Cohans were Irish. He was talking to Tom Cavanaugh about it.

"Why," said he, "I understand that when in town they are regular attendants at the church in your parish, Tom."

"Sure," said Tom. "They're fans."—Chicago Post.

Be sure your sorrow is not giving you its best, unless it makes you a more thoughtful person than you have ever been before.—Phillips Brooks.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will purify your blood, clear your complexion, restore your appetite, relieve your tired feeling, build you up. It leads all other medicines in merit.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (30)

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

DANDY RUSSET

GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c. DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c. ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents. If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass. *The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.*

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S ITTLE IVER PILLS.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

WE LOAN MONEY AT 5% on city and farm property. Write for particulars. [illegible]

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PISO'S Best for COUGHS & COLDS

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

ROYALTON BANKERS PLEAD.

Cashier and President of Institution Answer to Indictments.

Little Falls—H. J. Schwartz and Henry A. Schwartz, pleaded not guilty to indictments returned by the grand jury here and were released on $2,000 bail. The former is cashier and the latter president of the State bank of Royalton, which recently was declared to be insolvent.

H. J. Schwart was arraigned on four counts, two charging him with accepting deposits after the bank was insolvent, and two accusing him of larceny in the first degree. He is charged with embezzling funds belonging to E. E. Crome while acting as his agent, and with the larceny of $12,000 from Joseph Woltman also while acting as agent.

Henry A. Schwartz was indicted on two counts charging him with accepting money when the bank was insolvent. The cases have not been set but probably will not come up until next January owing to other business of the court.

St. Paul. — The committee in charge of St. Paul's Tag day collected $13,388.36 to aid in the campaign against tuberculosis.

Campbell.—Several cases of suspected incendiarism have come to light, but all efforts to locate the firebug have proved futile.

Elk River.—Elk River is to have a box factory. A plant is being erected by W. H. Ebner, formerly of Dayton, who expects to have it in running order in a few weeks. It will employ sixteen men.

Chaska.—Ten freight cars that made up an extra freight train on the Milwaukee road, ran into a washout a mile east of Chaska. The train was derailed, causing considerable damage, but the crew escaped.

Cloquet.—Mayor C. I. McNair has declined renomination on account of the pressure of private business. The city election takes place Nov. 7 and nominations will be by petition instead of in caucus, as formerly.

Winona.—Farmers in the vicinity of Lewiston believe they have not been getting as much for their livestock as they should, and a meeting has been called for Saturday for the purpose of forming a stock shipping association.

Winona.—The experiment has been tried in Winona of having one street, Wabasha, kept in repair by the use of the King drag. The result is that the street is in the best repair of any of the dirt roads in the city, being almost entirely free of chuck holes. The experiment has worked so well that the use of the King drag may be extended to other streets next year.

Minneapolis. — Otto N. Sverdrup, who was navigator of the steamer Fram on the Nansen polar expedition and who is a member of the Royal Geographical Society of England, made declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United tSates. Capt. Sverdrup said he intended sailing for Europe shortly and said he would bring back his wife and three daughters. He will make his home in Minneapolis.

Rochester.—Rochester Lodge No. 1091, B. P. O. E., will celebrate its fourth anniversary with the dedication of its new home, costing about $75,000, which has just been completed. The local lodge of Elks was organized October 24, four years ago, and the festivities marking the culmination of a long anticipation for a first-class home will be held October 25-26. The Rochester lodge has a membership of more than two hundred.

Anoka.—The dead body of an unknown negro aged about 60 years was found in the woods on the George McCauley farm by hunters. According to the coroner the man had been dead eight weeks. The body was brought to this city and an examination of it will be made tomorrow. No person resembling the description is missing from this locality. It is believed that the man came from the Twin City. Murder has been hinted at, but the authorities are inclined to believe death resulted from natural causes.

Le Sueur Center. — After being out five hours, the jury in the case of Hall Greene, the colored boy, who was on trial for the murder of Harry Rugg, returned a verdict of not guilty. The murder was committed at Le Sueur on the night of July 29, 1911. Greene at first said that a hobo, Pat Masterson, committed the crime and afterwards accused Fred Felber, a railroad employe at Le Sueur and later confessed that he himself committed the crime. The confession was introduced in evidence. The evidence was very strong against Greene and it is thought that the jury founded their verdict on the fact that the boy was small and it was not possible for him to commit the crime as it was committed.

Winnebago.—Five skeletons have been dug up in the Van Blair sand pit near the city. Owing to the fact that Indian relics have been found in that vicinity from time to time, it is thought that the skeletons are those of Indians. One of the skeletons was very large.

Bemidji.—Dr. D. F. Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, was found guilty of arson in the third degree. Dr. Dumas was charged with having attempted, with Martin Behan, to burn the postoffice building at Puposky early in the morning of June 17. The case will be appealed.

Faribault.—Mayor Blodgett stopped the Jesse James pictures, which were to be shown at a Faribault theater. Club women of the city were first to protest. They called the attention of the mayor to the pictures and he did not hesitate to act.

Rochester.—Bishop Patrick Hefferon continues to show a gradual improvement from his operation for acute appendicitis, and while still in a serious condition, everything favors his ultimate recovery. Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul arrived in Rochester to visit the bedside of the Winona prelate.

Not in Circulation There.

An error of a new clerk in the mailing department of an eastern publisher was responsible, the other day, for the mailing of a prospectus to a world-famous statesman, who had been dead for some years. The letter was returned a few days later with the following indorsement: "In Heaven,—1911. Gentlemen: As your publications are not permitted to circulate here, I believe it would be useless for me to subscribe for them. Yours respectfully," and here followed the name of the famous statesman.

RASH ALL OVER BABY'S BODY

Itched So He Could Not Sleep

"On July 27, 1909, we left Boston for a trip to England and Ireland, taking baby with us. After being in Ireland a few days a nasty rash came out all over his body. We took him to a doctor who gave us medicine for him. The trouble started in the form of a rash and was all over baby's body, head and face, at different times. It irritated, and he would scratch it with all his might. The consequence was it developed into sores, and we were afraid it would leave nasty scars on his face.

"When we reached England we took baby to another doctor, who said his condition was due to change of food and climate, and gave more medicine. The rash got no better, and it used to itch and burn at night so bad that the child could not sleep. He was completely covered with it at different times. It was at this time that my mother advised us to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for about nine months the places disappeared. There are not any scars, or other kind of disfigurement, and baby is completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We have no further trouble with baby's skin. Nothing stopped the itching, and allowed baby to sleep but Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Gunn, 29 Burrell St., Roxbury, Mass., March 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 14 K, Boston.

Two of a Kind.

"Going abroad this summer, Mrs. Leeder?"

"Why—ah—"

"Isn't that a coincidence? I'm not, either."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Men have more temptations then women because they know where to look for them.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A woman's idea of a man's responsibility depends on how he is dressed.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Charity organizations uncover a multitude of sinners.

DOCTORS FAILED TO HELP HER

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Pound, Wis.—"I am glad to announce that I have been cured of dyspepsia and female troubles by your medicine. I had been troubled with both for fourteen years and consulted different doctors, but failed to get any relief. After using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier I can say I am a well woman. I can't find words to express my thanks for the good your medicine has done me. You may publish this if you wish."—Mrs. Herman Sieth, Pound, Wis.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

WILL YOU TRAP THIS SEASON? IF SO YOU WILL WANT OUR COMPLETE PRICE LIST ON RAW FURS ITS FREE

SEND US YOUR NAME — TAGS FREE — WE PAY WHAT WE QUOTE — WE GIVE YOU A SQUARE DEAL — WE CHARGE NO COMMISSION

DIRECT BUYERS OF FURS

LOTZ BROS 113-115 ELM ST. ST. LOUIS

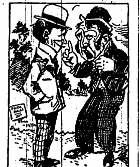
[illegible]

SPLENDID CANADIAN CROPS

Wheat, Oats and Barley Universally Good Throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The reports that come to hand from the wheat fields of the western Canadian provinces show remarkably good yields in all parts. Yields are recorded of wheat going 35 and 40 bushels in many places, and oats from 60 to 100 bushels per acre. Barley and flax are splendid. The thousands of Americans throughout the United States who have friends in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta will be pleased to learn of the great success that has followed their efforts. Many of these have not confined themselves to the growing of grain, but have also gone into the cattle industry. On the luxurious grasses that are so abundant there, in almost all districts, make this industry safe and profitable. The land sales reported by the railway companies and by the different land companies show the great increase that will likely take place during the next year in farming operations. What has been said time and time again may now be well repeated, that there is no place on the American continent where the same opportunities are afforded the man looking for a home, for the young man starting out in life, the man with a growing up family, who desires wider scope for his ambition. The Canadian government agents located at different points in the states will be glad to advise the reader of the conditions, and relate to him instances of the great success that has followed farming in Western Canada.

THEN HE GOT WORSE.



The Angry Man—I see the scoundrel in your face.

The Calm Man—That's a personal reflection.

Some Mosquitoes.

"Yes," said the traveler who had just returned from South Africa. "I was one day so annoyed by mosquitoes that I was compelled to take refuge in an old iron safe which lay discarded on the veldt.

"My first emotions of joy at my happy deliverance were barely over when the mosquitoes, scenting me, began to drive their stingers through the safe. Fortunately, I had a hammer in my pocket and as fast as their stingers came through the iron I clinched them, until at length such a host of them was fastened down in this way that, when they started to fly away, they carried me and that safe miles.

"Then, one by one, they died with the exertion, and I was able to come out with safety. Yes, wonderful things happen in foreign parts."—Ideas.

An Exacting Situation.

"Doctor," said the nervous man, "is there any way of teaching a person to talk in his sleep?"

"I never heard of any," replied the physician. "How could such an accomplishment be of benefit?"

"It's either that or insomnia for me. My wife is one of the best suffragette speakers before the public. She always rehearses her orations at home, and I've got to say 'hear! hear!' or 'that's the stuff!' at least once every ten minutes."—Washington Star.

A FINE NIGHT-CAP

The Best Thing in the World to Go to Bed and Sleep On.

"My wife and I find that 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts and a cup of hot milk, or some cream, with it, makes the finest night-cap in the world," says an Alleghany, Pa., man.

"We go to sleep as soon as we strike the bed, and slumber like babies till rising time in the morning.

"It is about 3 years now since we began to use Grape-Nuts food, and we always have it for breakfast and before retiring and sometimes for lunch. I was so sick from what the doctors called acute indigestion and brain fag before I began to use Grape-Nuts that I could neither eat, sleep nor work with any comfort.

"I was afflicted at the same time with the most intense pains, accompanied by a racking headache and backache, every time I tried to eat anything. Notwithstanding an unusual pressure from my professional duties, I was compelled for a time to give up my work altogether.

"Then I put myself on a diet of Grape-Nuts and cream alone, with an occasional cup of Postum as a runner-up, and sometimes a little dry toast. I assure you that in less than a week I felt like a new man; I had gained six pounds in weight, could sleep well and think well.

"The good work went on, and I was soon ready to return to business, and have been hard at it, and enjoying it ever since.

"Command me at any time any one enquires as to the merits of Grape-Nuts. You will find me always ready to testify." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. [illegible]

GUARDED THE TOMBS

Indian Girls Keep Watch Over Ancestors' Graves.

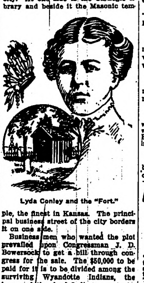
While the Garrison Made a Sortie for Legal Defense, a Marshal, by Court's Order, Demolished the "Fort."

Kansas City, Kan.—After four years of unceasing vigilance the garrison of the Indian "fort" in Huron cemetery was defeated by a trick and the building demolished. The three Conley sisters, defenders of the burial ground of their ancestors, were tempted to make a general sortie for the legal defense of their home, the first time it had been left without one of the sisters in charge. Meanwhile another branch of the law visited the fort and left it in ruins.

While the three sisters—Ida, Lyda and Lena—were in the Wyandotte county district court hearing the arguments in the last legal step taken to hold the cemetery, W. H. Mackey, United States marshal, and two deputies tore down the "fort." In accordance with an order issued by Judge Pollock in the federal court the marshal and his men removed the building, broke it to pieces with axes and threw the pieces into the alley in the rear of the cemetery. The men had finished their work and left the cemetery before the sisters knew what was happening.

Miss Lyda Conley said her mother's grave rested under the building. "The spirits of my father and mother," said Miss Lyda Conley grimly, "and the spirits of my ancestors told me to build this watch tower and protect the noble Indians who lie buried here."

The old Huron cemetery is in the heart of the business district of this city. At one side is the Carnegie library and beside it the Masonic temple, the finest in Kansas. The principal business street of the city borders it on one side.



Lyda Conley and the "Fort."

Business men who wanted the plot prevailed upon Congressman J. D. Bowersock to get a bill through congress for the sale. The $50,000 to be paid for it is to be divided among the surviving Wyandotte Indians, the bones of the dead Indians are to be removed and the place converted into a site for a business block.

The Conley sisters immediately took up the fight. They tried every resource of the law unsuccessfully. Miss Lyda appealed in person before the Supreme court of the United States, the first woman to be accorded that right, but was unsuccessful, although the court, in sympathy, told her it was "driven" to decide against her.

Then it was that the three built their watch tower and began a shotgun patrol of the cemetery. The matter was finally decided in the courts, when Judge Pollock issued the mandate setting the time for vacation.

Turn and turn about they took in the watch tower they had built in the center of the tract, the sentinel always having a loaded shotgun near her. Each one swore no United States marshal should enforce the federal court's decree, finally dispossessing them of the land.

The basis of the Conley sisters' claim was that their grandfather, "who once owned the whole state of Ohio," a chief of the Wyandottes, signed the treaty with the government in 1855 in which this cemetery was given to the Indians.

"From a legal standpoint we are entitled to this small tract of ground," Miss Lyda Conley said, "at least you would think so when the bones of our people already lie buried there. This turn the thing has taken simply means that the United States government is once more breaking its faith with the Indians."

WOMAN TURNS HOSE ON JUDGE

Appeal to Keep Street Dry on County Court Day Is Met With Shower Bath.

Frankfort, Ky.—Police Judge Herndon got a bath when he pleaded with Mrs. Jennie Cardwell to stop sprinkling the street in front of her residence. She was keeping the street wet so it could not be used comfortably by farmers assembled in town for the monthly "County Court day." Judge Herndon requested her to stop sprinkling the street. She turned the hose on Herndon and made him go home by the back streets for dry clothes.

Mrs. Cardwell is a prominent woman of the Kentucky capital and like a good many others, her old family home is near the public square. The County Court day is a picturesque sight to strangers, but residents get a little tired of having a string of horses, mules and cows tied to the front fence all day while traders haggle over terms.

Mice Eat Woman's False Teeth.

Greeley, Colo.—Mrs. George Wallace, wife of a business man, found that two husky mice had stolen her false teeth and tried to draw them into a hole in the wall. Failing in that they made a hearty meal of the rubber part and then left the molars where she stepped on them and ruined them be- [illegible]

TOO MUCH FOR HACK DRIVER

High-Sounding Name Made Old Man Think There Was Something Mysterious in the Wind.

After a long, hot, and dusty journey by train the New York commercial traveler arrived in Richmond, brushed enough dust off his face to make sure that the right man was getting off, and hailed one of the little sea-going hacks common in the Old Dominion city. It was driven by an aged negro. "Drive me to a haberdashery," said the traveling man, surveying his soiled raiment with disfavor. "Yessuh," said the negro. "Giddup." The old horse started off at a little stiff-legged jog trot. The driver seemed to be thinking deeply. By and by he pulled the horse to a stop, and leaned backward to his fare. "Scuse me, suh," said he, "but wey did you all want to go?" "Drive me to a haberdashery," said the traveling man. "Oh, yessuh," said the negro. "To be sure. Giddup." The hack rattled on for a little way, and then the negro stopped, got off the box and poked his head in over the little door. "Mebbe Ah didn't get dat name jus' right," said he. "Would you all mine repeatin' it, suh?" The traveling man said for the third time that he wanted to go to a haberdashery. The old driver shook his gray wool and looked grieved. "Ah'm an ole man," said he. "Youah kin trus' me. Wheah is it you really want to go?"

Circumstantial Evidence.

A Scotchman and his wife were visiting in a wild, beautiful part of the country. While driving one day with their host, the two men sitting together in the front seat while the lady sat behind, they crossed a high bridge which spanned a roaring torrent. An unusually loud splash caught the gentlemen's attention for a moment, but nothing was said. After several miles the gentleman turned to address a remark to his wife, but her seat was empty.

"Aye," he remarked to his host, "that will be yon splash we heard."—Housekeeper.

You can't tell how much money a man is making from the clothes he wears. You must get a look at his wife's.

Well arranged time is the surest mark of a well-arranged mind.—Pitman.

Why is it that so many people suffer with Lame Back? Hamlins Wizard Oil will cure it and for Aches, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, etc., there is nothing better.

A man never gets too old to remember some of the things that never occurred when he was a boy.

Always Makes Good

CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappointments—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very successful. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

KODAK FINISHING Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents, 10 or 12 exp. 20 cents. Any film pack 20 cents. Send for catalog. VOEGELI DRUGGIST, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

N. W. N. U., NO. 41—1911.

A Reader Cures His Constipation—Try It Free

Simple Way for Any Family to Retain the Good Health of All Its Members.

The editors of "Health Hints" and "Questions and Answers" have one question that is put to them more often than any other, and which, strangely enough, they find the most difficult to answer. That is "How can I cure my constipation?"

Dr. Caldwell, an eminent specialist in diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels has looked the whole field over, has practised the specialty for forty years and is convinced that the ingredients contained in what is called Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, has the best claim to attention from constipated people.

Its success in the cure of stubborn constipation has done much to displace the use of salts, waters, strong cathartics and such things. Syrup Pepsin, by training the stomach and bowel muscles to again do their work naturally, and with its tonic ingredients strengthening the nerves, brings about a lasting cure. Among its strongest supporters are Mr. John Graveline of 96 Milwaukee Ave., Detroit, Mich., Mr. J. A. Vernon of Oklahoma City and thousands of others. It can be obtained of any druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, or if you want to try it first a free sample bottle can be obtained by writing the doctor.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

Lenox Soap is yellow; but it makes a snow-white suds—a suds that makes clothes and dishes as clean and bright as sunshine.

Try it!

Lenox Soap

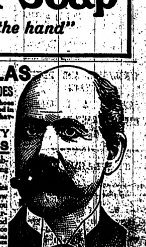
"Just fits the hand"

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

Men and Women wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the best shoes produced in this country for the price. Insist upon having them. Take no other make.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS



The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic, Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

[illegible]

Al Hasson c-o State Capitol

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1911. NUMBER 15.

CHINESE VICTORS

BATTLE AT HANKOW REGARDED AS AT LEAST FAVORABLE TO GOVERNMENT.

MORE FIGHTING IN SIGHT

Dragon Forces Hold Trenches, but are Said to Have Lost Heavily—Revolution Seems to Be Losing.

Hankow, China. — The first battle since the arrival of the imperial troops from the north was fought on the north bank of the Han river, just west of this city. It was indecisive, however, although the revolutionists temporarily drove the imperial troops back from their position. But in doing so, they exhausted their rifle ammunition and were forced to retire.

The revolutionists, with infantry and artillery, attacked the government troops which were reinforced from the Chinese warships in the river, and supported by the guns of the fleet. While the fighting was in progress the thirteen foreign vessels in the river landed a joint force under command of Vice Admiral Sir Alfred L. Winsloe, commander of the British eastern fleet, who because of his seniority, has been given the direction of the men engaged in the protection of the foreign concessions.

The Red Cross neutral camp, in charge of Dr. MacWillie of the American mission, received and cared for the rebel wounded.

Renewal of Fighting Expected.

About 2,000 revolutionists were pitted against an equal number of loyal soldiers. This evening the imperial troops are waiting reinforcements, while the revolutionists are replenishing their supplies. A renewal of hostilities may take place soon as it appears to be the plan of the rebel leaders to force the fighting before the imperial troops have been further strengthened. The latter had intended to delay an attack upon Wu-Chang until their numbers were sufficient to make a victory probable, and it had been rumored that there would be no battle before next Saturday.

The rebels who occupy Wu-Chang, Hankow and Han Yong, were alive to the government's purpose and 2,000 men crossed the Yang-Tse-Kiang river from Wu-Chang and at daybreak they fell upon the imperial camp. Fighting was severe, but it is impossible to estimate the casualties as the correspondents were not permitted near the firing line, and those who witnessed the battle from the river were fired upon.

At the first sound of firing Admiral Chen-Ping, in command of the Chinese warships, ordered men landed to support General Chang Piao, formerly commander of the troops of the Wu-Chang district, who had assumed command of the imperial troops. The rebels had anticipated this move by the fleet and directed a hot fire upon the warships and the landing parties from the Wu-Chang bank of the river.

Admiral Sah, in turn, ordered the warships to fire upon the rebel field pieces. The warship officers, however, were seriously handicapped by the danger to the foreign concessions involved in their fire.

The engagement continued for several hours, while the combined land and ship forces of the imperials were driven some distance back, and the rebels, retiring, recrossed the river to Wu-Chang.

Some of the rebels applied at the foreign concessions to learn whether they would be protected if they entered the concessions. The foreign forces are, however, concerned with the protection of foreign interests only. No trouble at present is expected.

Pekin.—The Chinese government claims to have won a great victory at Hankow and announces that the troops hold the station, where the troop trains are arriving rapidly. Although this appears to be an exaggeration, the feeling prevails here that the government has really achieved an important moral victory.

Another battle is expected hourly.

The belief has been held here that if the first encounter between the revolutionaries and loyal troops proved decisive, the supremacy would be settled there and then. Only a few unimportant towns outside of Hankow, Wu Chang and Han Yang, have taken part in the rising. Nanking, Chang-Sha, Canton and other cities of known revolutionary tendencies have not responded to the call of the insurgents, so far as can be learned.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 19.—Wheat, December, $1.10¾; May, $1.14⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.14⅝; No. 2 northern, $1.09⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.03; No. 3 corn, 74c; No. 3 white oats, 46¼c; barley, malting, $1.15; No. 2 rye, 93c; No. 1 flax, $2.43½.

Duluth, Oct. 19.—Wheat, December, $1.09⅞; May, $1.13⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.10⅛; No. 1 durum, $1.05⅝.

South St. Paul, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Steers, $3.25@6.00; cows, $2.25@3.25; calves, $3.10@7.75; hogs, $4.30@6.40; sheep, spring lambs, $1.00@5.00.

LIGHT BOAT LILY AT BOTTOM.

United States Tender Sinks in the Missouri River.

St. Louis, Mo. — A message was received at the United States army engineers' office telling of the sinking of the United States light tender Lily in the Missouri river near Camden. No details were given, but it is assumed by those in charge of the office here that no lives were lost. The boat was in command of Capt. W. C. Egan and Campbell Hunt was the pilot. It had a crew of 20 men.

SHOWS GREAT POWER

5,000 H. P. AWAITING DEVELOPMENT IN THE ZUMBRO.

Investigations Show Feasibility of Plan That Would Help Prevent Floods in Red River.

There is 8,000 horse power and possibly more awaiting development on Big Fork river in Koochiching county and on the Zumbro river in Wabasha county is the report made by Robert Follansbee, of the United States geological survey, who has completed the preliminary investigation of the rivers. The survey of Zumbro river will begin this week and that of the Big Fork soon.

5,000 Horse Power in the Zumbro.

Mr. Follansbee estimates that at low water the Big Fork will produce more than 3,000 horse power, and Zumbro river at the same stage more than 5,000. By the erection of reservoirs the water power possibilities of both these rivers could be greatly increased, as the flow of water then could be controlled.

The survey of Red lake to ascertain whether it could be used as a reservoir for storing the water which when released would maintain an even flow in Red Lake river has been completed, and it was found that the plan is feasible. The construction of the dam will tend to prevent the overflowing of Red river, into which Red Lake river runs. Nearly every year countless acres along the Red river are flooded so as to make cultivation impossible, and often the growing crop is ruined. This year at one time the power plant at Thief River Falls on Red Lake river was useless on account of lack of water and the town was dark.

Government May Help Build Dam.

As Red river is navigable and the construction of the dam at Red lake will have an effect on it, the reservoir probably will be constructed by the United States government, the state, and cities such as Thief River Falls and Crookston that will be directly benefited.

Big Fork river will carry the water from many drainage ditches soon to be built and it is important that the river's capacity be ascertained, so there will be no overflowage. The Big Fork empties into Rainy river fifteen miles below International Falls.

The survey of Zumbro river will show what must be done to prevent floods that annually destroy growing crops and prevent the use of much fine agricultural land. The Zumbro empties into the Mississippi at Wabasha.

The surveys made by the United States geological survey do not in any way determine what action is to be taken, but the data are at the disposal of the state and the federal government. The survey of the state is nearly completed, but the report will not be issued until 1913, to allow for gauging records over a longer period of years.

DR. JACKOLA'S BODY FOUND.

Duluth Doctor Missing Since June 21 Believed a Suicide.

Duluth. — The dead body of Dr. John Jackola, the Duluth physician who has been missing since June 21, was found in the woods a short distance east of this city. Dr. Jackola was a Finnish doctor who had established a large practice here. He was one of the leading physicians of this city but was known to be quite eccentric. During late years he has been a friend of woman's suffrage and this spring delivered several lectures to clubs in New York and Brooklyn.

While in the East he sprang into notoriety, because of his connection with Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. Because of his persistence in paying uninvited attention to this society leader and the sending of sentimental poetry, she caused his arrest. Upon his promise to desist he was released.

He left his quarters at the Kitchi Gammi club on the evening of June 21, and had not been heard from since. That he committed suicide is the popular theory.

KNIGHT PUSHES PROJECT.

Albert Lea Ready to Help Build Proposed Interurban.

Albert Lea.—W. H. Knight, who is promoting the proposed trolley line from this city to Sioux Falls, is here looking after matters connected with the project. The surveyors are this side of Blue Earth and right-of-way options have been secured as far as the survey has been completed. It is expected the engineers will proceed with the work as long as the weather will permit, expecting to reach this city before severe weather is experienced. The plan is to have the line parallel the public highways with a right-of-way adjoining not less than fifty feet. Mr. Knight expects to present the matter to the business men of the city in a short time.

WILL MAKE BOOK PAPER.

Watab Mill at Sauk Rapids Increasing Its Plant.

Sauk Rapids.—The Watab Pulp & Paper company has completed a three-story building 60x200 feet in size and is installing machinery for the manufacture of book paper. The capacity will be about ninety tons a day. It is also erecting a warehouse 100x2,150 feet for the storage of the raw material which enters into the manufacture of book paper.

DR. VINCENT INAUGURATED.

Many Prominent Educators Attend Exercises at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis. — The delegates to the inaugural ceremonies at the university are here in numbers, and were being assigned to the hotels or homes where they will be entertained while in Minneapolis. The ceremonies started with a torchlight parade, in which about five thousand persons participated.

Dr. James K. Patterson, president emeritus of the University of Kentucky, in point of service the oldest college president in the United States when he retired a year ago, and President F. B. Gault of the University of South Dakota are here.

Dr. Patterson began his services as president of the University of Kentucky the same year as Dr. Charles W. Eliot began his service as president of Harvard, but Dr. Patterson served one year longer. A number of other college presidents are also here.

The exercises will consume several days and include addresses by many of the guests and reunions of the alumni of various classes.

ARRESTED IN NEW MEXICO.

Former Indian Agent in Trouble With Crandall.

St. Paul. — Former Chief Special Indian Agent W. E. Johnson has been arrested in Santa Fe, N. M., according to a dispatch received by the State Central Prohibition committee. The charge, according to the dispatch, concerns accusations by Johnson against E. J. Crandall, former Indian agent for the district of New Mexico. Johnson first was released on $500 bail, according to the report, but this was later raised to $3,000. In a signed statement in the Northwestern Patriot, a prohibition publication, Johnson gave as his chief reason for resigning from the service, the trouble he had had with Crandall. He said Crandall was part owner of a drug company that sold liquor illegally to the Indians and said further that Crandall and his political friends prevented him from doing his work. Minneapolis friends of Johnson believe it was for this statement or a similar one made in New Mexico that Johnson was arrested.

WILL ENLARGE SHOE FACTORY.

Furniture Plant at Faribault Is Purchased From Mee Estate.

Faribault.—Announcement was made here of the purchase of the Hill furniture plant by the Shaft-Pierce Shoe Company from the heirs of the estate, Mrs. William Mee, George H. Mee, of Faribault, and W. A. Mee, of St. Paul, for approximately $40,000.

The plant consists of two brick factory buildings located on a half square. Immediately following the closing of the deal officials of the shoe company announced they would extend rapidly their facilities for the manufacture of men's shoes and would increase their employe rolls from 155 to 400 as soon as the new plant has been remodeled and new machinery installed.

WARREN BEGINS COLLEGE.

Cornerstone of a $40,000 Building Laid on Monday.

Warren.—The Swedish Lutheran church celebrated the thirtieth anniversary of its organization. Many ministers and laymen were present and a big program was carried out. The cornerstone laying ceremonies of the North Star college, which is closely allied with the Swedish Lutheran church, were held yesterday. More than 1,500 persons were present. Speeches, band music and a parade were features, and a general holiday was enjoyed by the entire city. The North Star college will cost $40,000. It will be three stories in height and of Swedish architecture.

SMALLPOX SCARE IN ST. PAUL.

Disease Rampant With 45 Cases in One Ward.

St. Paul.—St. Paul has a serious epidemic of smallpox. The disease has appeared in mild form and has been confined principally to the Eighth ward, where 35 cases are now in the detention hospital. Forty-five cases have developed there within three weeks. The diseases appeared in a parochial school and the health department says it is difficult to control. Nearly all of the patients are children.

DON'T WANT LAKE SEINED.

Farmers Near Lake Chetek Object to Fish Commission Plan.

Marshall.—Farmers living in the neighborhood of Lake Chetek are incensed over the report that arrangements have been made through the state game and fish commission to seine the lake this fall. Farmers say they receive a part of their living from the edible fish which are found in its waters. Those living near the shores of the lake look on the move as an infringement of their private rights.

PRIZE STOCK FOR STATE FARM.

Thoroughbred Holsteins Brought From Wisconsin for Reformatory Dairy.

St. Cloud.—Foreman T. B. McCulloch of the farm at the state reformatory returned from Wisconsin with a carload of thoroughbred Holstein cows, which will be added to the herd at the institution. The productivity of these animals has interested farmers in this vicinity and they have introduced sires of the same strain into their herds and are raising the standard.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Washington.

The Clay Center lyceum committee of Clay Center, Neb., asked Senator LaFollette to deliver a lecture at Clay Center some time during the winter. The senator wrote to the committee that he was not making lecture engagements of any kind, and that it will be impossible for him to accept the invitation.

The national association of railway commissioners, in annual convention here, refused to go on record as favoring legislation abolishing the express companies of the country by compelling the railways to take over the express business. A resolution offered by George Rice, state railway commissioner of South Dakota, was referred to the committee on express rates and service.

In honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the entrance of James, Cardinal Gibbons, into the priesthood and the twenty-fifth of his elevation to the cardinalate there was laid here the cornerstone of Gibbons memorial hall to be a part of the Catholic university of America. Cardinal Gibbons was the center of the celebration with archbishops from all over the country participating. The gorgeousness of the scene contrasted with the simplicity of the ceremonies.

A discrepancy of over $3,288,271 between the material on hand and that called for by the books of the Washington navy yard was shown by the inventory of that yard just completed, according to an announcement by Secretary of the Navy Meyer. This is the first inventory of record made at this yard in the last twenty-five years. The discrepancy is attributed to loose bookkeeping methods, which Secretary Meyer set out some time ago to correct. The Washington yard was the last to have the new accounting system established.

General.

Violence marked the arrival of strikebreakers at New Orleans.

John Arbuckle says the tariff on raw sugar is a wiced kind of tax.

Our trade movement is large despite war abroad and strikes at home.

Urging the cause of arbitration, President Taft declared war to be a curse.

The town of Orits, Sonora, was destroyed by the recent tidal wave and seventeen lives were lost.

It is now or never for Chinese reform declare members of the oriental race in San Francisco.

Express companies of the country are unlikely to be gobbled by the railroads.

The trial of James B. McNamara, first of the defendants in the dynamite cases, was begun at Los Angeles.

Buffalo, N. Y., was chosen as next year's meeting place of the league of American municipalities.

In his estimates Postmaster General Hitchcock provides $50,000 for mail carrying by aeroplane.

According to witnesses for Senator Stephenson, beer and whisky are a necessary adjunct of campaigns.

The Krupp company of Germany failed in its suit against the Midvale Steel company charging infringement.

The annual report of the Chicago & Northwestern railway shows little work done in the west during the past year.

The German embassy is urging forbearance on the part of the Turkish government in the matter of the expulsion of Italians.

Six coal miners received broken legs and two others were probably fatally injured when the cage in a mine at Nokomis, Ill., fell eighty feet.

The Wholesale Druggists association in convention at New York passed a resolution recommending legislation to regulate interstate commerce in habit-forming drugs.

The duke and duchess of Connaught, who are to preside over Rideau hall at Ottawa as representatives of King George for the next few years, arrived at Quebec.

The Indian reservation system was criticised and demands were made for the immediate regeneration or abolition by the first annual congress of the American Indian in Columbus, O.

The Italian authorities at Tripoli issued a proclamation suppressing slavery. Tripoli was the only remaining port on the coast of Africa where slavery still prevailed, notwithstanding the efforts of Great Britain and France to prevent the traffic.

At Mason City, Ia., Mrs. Aletha Rush was indicted by the Franklin county grand jury on a charge of murdering her husband.

The report of the statistician of a Texas railroad says that the money paid out for personal injury claims is about as much as the earnings on the capital invested.

An important reorganization of the Catholic church in England has been decided upon and a papal bull shortly will be issued dividing England into three ecclesiastical provinces with archepiscopal sees at Birmingham and Westminster.

Railroads of the country are considering taking over express business.

Seattle crowds were unusually cordial in their greetings to President Taft.

Dr. Hyde says a Kansas City official offered to bribe a juryman at his first trial.

Early returns indicated that the woman suffrage amendment had been defeated in California.

The funeral of General Manderson took place at Omaha in the presence of many mourners.

Counsel for Senator Stephenson contended his large expenditures was no proof the money was used corruptly.

Attorney General Bancroft of Wisconsin says the primary system is the source of Senator Stephenson's troubles.

Seventy proprietors of steel and iron foundries met at New York and discussed business matters behind closed doors.

Thomas Kallum, lawyer and editor shot and killed Henry Whitaker, a brother attorney, on the main street of Pilot Mountain, N. C.

Postal savings banks will be established in Nebraska on November 8 at Alma, Arapahoe, Callaway, Crofton, Harvard, Howell, Litchfield, Madison, Shickley and Wisner.

The aim of the Chinese revolutionists is to make the empire a republic.

There was a mutiny of between 5,000 and 6,000 Chinese troops at Hankow.

The German and French governments have decided to keep the nature of the Moroccan agreement secret until the second part also is completed and signed.

At Juneau, Alaska, Gifford Pinchot and Senator Miles Poindexter addressed a big public meeting, giving their views on the development of Alaska.

It is reported that the Japanese ambassador to Germany, Viscount Chinda, will be transferred in February to Washington to succeed Viscount Uchida, who has returned to Tokio.

Brigadier General A. H. Hoyt, U. S. A., and Miss Cora M. Harbold, daughter of Mrs. Mary Marbold of Harrisburg, Pa., were married at Philadelphia.

Jorn D. Rockefeller, through his attorneys, appealed to the state tax commission to lower the assessed valuation of his home property in East Cleveland.

When en route to their home at London, Ohio, Harry Armstrong and his wife were instantly killed at West Jefferson when their automobile was struck and wrecked by a Pennsylvania train.

Preliminary official reports to date indicate that the 1911 Europeean wheat crop will go on record as a fairly close third in magnitude to the banner ones of the two preceding years.

Henry Broadhurst, for many years a liberal labor member of the British parliament and formerly secretary of the pallamentary committee of the trades union congress, died, aged seventy-one years.

Captain John Bradie, giving exhibitions at the South Georgia fair at Tifton, was killed when he fell from his balloon and plunged 700 feet to the earth.

The resignation of Captain Frank A. Cook, recently court-martialled at San Francisco for conduct unbecoming an officer has been accepted by the president.

The Ohio Federation of Labor has gone on record as favoring woman suffrage, a minimum wage scale for women and a law providing a penalty for parents who testify wrongly as to the age of children workers.

According to all reports the harvest of 1911 in Denmark will surpass all records since 1868. Not in forty-three years has weather, labor and other conditions proven so auspicious to the farmer.

The public is warned by the secret service against a new counterfeit ten dollar bill. It is on the Crocker National bank of San Francisco, is of the series of 1902-1908, bears check letter "F" and the names of Charles W. Treat and W. T. Vernon as the secretary of the treasury of the United States and registrar of the treasury, respectively.

Announcement was made by the United States Steel corporation that the unfilled orders on its books on September 30 totalled 3,611,317 tons.

The Germans of the United States as represented by the German-American national alliance now in convention in Washington, signified their wish that Germany enter into negotiations with the United States for a general arbitration treaty similar to those with Great Britain and France, now pending ratification by the United States senate.

Cornelius N. Bliss died at New York following a long illness.

Personal.

Senator Cummins says the president's Iowa trip did him no good.

The Turkish ambassador at Washington puts all the blame for war on Italy.

Hon. W. J. Bryan is now making a number of political speeches in Nebraska.

John Henry Smith, a member of the first presidency of the Mormon church, died in Salt Lake, aged 65.

President Taft promised Idaho settlers assistance in their troubles.

Lieutenant governor of Ohio will visit Nebraska in two weeks in interests of Harmon for president.

A Kansas man who fainted during his marriage ceremony recovered to find his bride had disappeared.

John F. Thayer, who married a daughter of President Arosemena, died in Panama. He was a native of [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Kansas City, Mo. — The next annual meeting of the National Educational Association will be held in St. Paul July 6 to 12 inclusive.

Washington, D. C. — The Interstate Commerce Commission officially recognized the Flour City line and authorized the filing of freight tariffs on one day's notice.

Pipestone.—A wild boar has been imported from Africa by John De Laney, a wealthy farmer living near Ellsworth, for the purpose of improving the swine on his place.

Bemidji.—A demand that Governor Eberhart convene the legislature in extraordinary session in order to pass a reapportionment bill has been started by the Bemidji Pioneer.

Faribault.—While Leslie and Warren Young were hunting one of their guns was accidentally discharged and Young received the full charge in his foot and leg. He is badly injured, but will recover.

Springfield.—This city is to have a new park, to be known as the Martha Anderson Memorial Park, as a result of arrangements just entered into between the heirs of the late Martha Anderson and the city authorities. The property lies just east of the opera house.

Mankato.—Judge A. R. Pfau has filed an order denying the petition of residents in the vicinity of Jackson lake for the construction of a drainage ditch to drain the lake, which is about 1,200 acres in extent. For years there has been litigation over the lake, its champions recently winning in the supreme court.

Moorhead.—The Clay county potato market is tightening up. While potatoes are still coming into the warehouses at different points in great quantities at 50 cents a bushel, at other shipping points the visible supply is small and the tendency toward a rise in prices is strong. At Barnesville 60 cents a bushel is being paid.

Mankato.—Louis Hauck, a manufacturer and retailer of candy, has filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in federal court, placing his liabilities at $2,940 and his assets at $1,890. William F. Flowers, a farmer living near Cleveland, LeSueur county, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. He has liabilities of $12,760, with secured claims of $5,925, and his assets are $7,200, aside from $3,150 exempt.

Mankato.—The Blue Earth County Swine Breeders' Association was organized. John G. Gerlich, of Mankato, was elected president; Robert Haedt, of Decoria, vice-president; F. M. Washburn, of Vernon Center, secretary; W. R. Adams, of Lime, treasurer, and L. T. Silkey, of Le Ray, and A. B. Chapman, of Lime, were named as an executive committee. It is the intention of the association to erect a building on the fair grounds for the exclusive use of the swine breeders. About $600 has been raised for this purpose.

Chicago, Illinois. — Addresses by Speaker Champ Clark, Governors A. O. Eberhart, of Minnesota, and Judson Harmon, of Ohio, Representative Oscar Underwood, of Alabama, and Engineer Lyman E. Cooley occupied a session of the Lake-to-the-Gulf Deep Waterway Association. The later session was taken up by a stereopticon lecture upon the relation between the Panama canal and the Mississippi river; an address by former Governor Joseph W. Folk, of Missouri, and debates by the delegates. President Kavanaugh is endeavoring to have a criticism of President Taft for his attitude toward deep waterway legislation kept out of the resolutions which will be reported late today.

Portland, Ore. — Annulment of the marriage of Mary Burgan, formerly of Duluth, with Gilbert W. Burgan, which took place Oct. 21, 1910, at Vancouver, Wash., was allowed by Judge Gatens here on showing made that her first husband was living. The plaintiff told the judge she was married to W. E. Clemens in St. Louis county, Minn., in 1906, but was deserted by him in February, 1908. She was informed that Clemens was dead and yielded to Burgan's entreaties and became his wife. Later, however, Clemens put in an appearance and she immediately left Burgan.

Redwood Falls.—A committee consisting of three members of the Seventh Congressional District Editorial Association, Theodore Christianson of Dawson, A. C. Bennett of Granite Falls and W. C. Starr of Redwood Falls, met at Hanley Falls and drafted a constitution and by-laws and made arrangements for another meeting of the association to be held at Granite Falls on Friday, Nov. 3, at which time the following program will be carried out: Address, Congressman A. J. Volstead; "The Newspaper Man in Politics," G. B. Bjornson of the Minneota Mascot; "Building a Circulation," S. Y. Gordon; "The Business End of a County Newspaper," V. E. Lawson of the Willmar Tribune; "Foreign Advertising," W. A. Simonton of the Glenwood Gopher Press. A banquet will be served in the evening.

The Northern Pacific railroad's exhibit car, which will be sent to the eastern states this winter, is in St. Paul. The car will be equipped with samples of the agricultural resources of the northwestern states and will be ready for its tour early in November. The itinerary has not been framed, but will include a long trip through the eastern states.

Jasper.—Governor Eberhart laid the cornerstone of the new Jasper high school October 21. The governor spoke in the opera house in the evening. [illegible]

Relieves Backache Instantly

Sloan's Liniment is a great remedy for backache. It penetrates and relieves the pain instantly—no rubbing necessary—just lay it on lightly.

Here's Proof.

"I had my back hurt in the Boer War and in San Francisco two years ago I was hit by a street car in the same place. I tried all kinds of dope without success. Two weeks ago I saw your liniment in a drug store and got a bottle to try. The first application caused instant relief, and now except for a little stiffness, I am almost well."
FLETCHER NORMAN, Whittier, Calif.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Miss E. Rise of Brooklyn, N.Y., writes: "Sloan's Liniment is the best for rheumatism. I have used six bottles of it and it is grand."

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Price, 25c., 50c., and $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address
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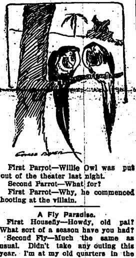

First Parrot—Willie Owl was put out of the theater last night.

Second Parrot—What for?

First Parrot—Why, he commenced hooting at the villain.

A Fly Paradise.

First Housefly—Howdy, old pal? What sort of a season have you had?

Second Fly—Much the same as usual. Didn't take any outing this year. I'm at my old quarters in the livery stable.

First Fly—Pretty dull, I should say. I've been in clover. That's right. If there ever was a fly Eden, I found it. Listen. No screens, baldheaded owner, baldheaded baby, flypaper easy to eat and three fat women who couldn't swat an elephant. I'm going back there next summer.

The Angler's Bait.

A well-known angler at Peterborough having obtained a wasps' nest containing a large number of grubs, placed the nest in the kitchen oven to kill the grubs so that he could use them for bait.

The next morning he went to get the grubs, but on opening the oven door a swarm of wasps flew out. The oven was not hot enough to kill the grubs, but was sufficiently warm to hatch them.—London Daily Mail.

FROM TEXAS

Some Coffee Facts From the Lone Star State.

From a beautiful farm down in Texas, where gushing springs unite to form babbling brooks that wind their sparkling way through flowery meads, comes a note of gratitude for delivery from the coffee habit.

"When my baby boy came to me five years ago, I began to drink Postum, having a feeling that it would be better for him and me than the old kind of drug-laden coffee. I was not disappointed in it, for it enabled me, a small, delicate woman, to nurse a bouncing, healthy baby 14 months.

"I have since continued the use of Postum for I have grown fond of it, and have discovered to my joy that it has entirely relieved me of a bilious habit which used to prostrate me two or three times a year, causing much discomfort to my family and suffering to myself.

"My brother-in-law was cured of chronic constipation by leaving off coffee and using Postum. He has become even more fond of it than he was of the old coffee.

"In fact, the entire family, from the latest arrival (a 2-year-old who always calls for his 'potie' first thing in the morning), up to the head of the house, think there is no drink so good or so wholesome as Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason." [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.....

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL.

Its great influence extends far and wide, its attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested, send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President. E. R. EVANS, Secretary,

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Saturday, October 21, 1911.

The progressives have at last committed themselves to the candidacy of Senator LaFollette for the presidency.

California has adopted the initiative, the referendum, and the recall, and it is only a question of a short time when the greater number of states of the union will have adopted the same measures.

The mere fact that the millions of fish in the Red Lake river will die winter if the jam at the source of the river is not moved ought to be sufficient reason for the proper authority to demand that the stream be opened.—Gazette.

Politicians in Washington think that President Taft's trip around the country is doing more harm than good, and there is fear among the southern republicans that the democrats will win in 1912 unless something is done. To this effect a late press dispatch. But everybody well knows that that necessary something is just the thing that Mr. Taft's backers do not want done.

Associate Justice John Harlan, senior member of the supreme court of the United States, aged 78, died at his home in Washington last Saturday, after a brief illness, of bronchitis, which developed complications. He had served on the bench thirty-four years. Thus passed the last friend of the common people on the supreme bench, It is now up to President Taft to make another appointment.

Despite the prayers of the churches and the protests of the prohibitionists, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson presided over the brewers' congress. In his address he said he ignored the storm of protests. He admitted that his critics were honest, conscientious, and well meaning people; but considered that their theories were not stable enough to run the government. He may realize later that he has made a mistake.

Observations

Now that his foes have been ousted, Dr, Wiley's job, like the products he guards, is "guaranteed pure food and drugs,"

The perfect wife, as we understand it, is the one who assures her husband that tobacco smoke improves lace curtains.

Col. Bryan, deploring the reciprocity outcome, says he spent the last ten days in Canada. That explains it; Sir Wilfred Laurier had Bryan running with reciprocity.

Italy has the navy and the Turks in their fighting gear are poor swimmers. Turkey has discoovered that when a nation wants a navy it wants one awfully bad.

J. P. Morgan, worth $50,000,000 has been assessed according to the New York tax list on only $800,000 worth of property. This is one of the mysteries of our system of taxation and one, incidentally, which tends to make a socialist of the small householder.

A Fight for Fair Play

It seems appropriate that Bemidji, cradle of the Northern Minnesota Development association and home of its secretary, should be the one place above all others to begin anew the fight for fair play in the legislature.

That it isn't fair that underrepresented northern Minnesota should suffer at the hands of overrepresented southern Minnesota, is too well known to need comment.

On the threshold of a magical transformation from a timbered to a farm dotted domain, northern Minnesota is most in need of legislation.

The only way to get it is to have servants of the north in the capitol at St Paul.

The only way to get them there is to wipe out the present unjust apportionment of representation and replace it with an equitable one.

At Brainerd in December of last year Gov. Eberhard told the Northern Minnesota Development association that unless the legislature passed a reapportionment bill he would reassemble it for that purpose.

The lawmakers met, a reapportionment bill was introduced; it passed the house but objection was raised in the senate on the ground that the cities were to be overrepresented, and the bill failed.

But as that measure sank into the waters of defeat the last gurgle heard was from a senator from the south who declared he was ready to vote for a bill that would be fair to the north.

Never at any time, in house or senate, did any one deny the fact that the north was entitled to more representation,

Following the defeat of the first reapportionment bill a second one was drawn by close friends of the north and was introduced by Senator A. L. Hanson of this district.

This was only a few days before the day set for final adjournment. The bill never was considered.

It can not be said that the legislature would not pass a bill that would be fair to the north; a bill providing, as did the one introduced by Senator Hanson, a representative for every county.

The expense of reconvening the legislature should not be urged as an argument against such a move for a fair representation to the north would mean that the cost of reassembling the lawmakers would be gained many times over.

There has been agitation for an extra session to pass railway legislation, and while the Pioneer has not thought that some of the things asked for along that line were all that might be desired, it quickly is apparent that, when common people must pay 3 cents a mile to travel and freight rates must boost the already alarmingly high cost of every day necessities, railroad legislation is in itself an important issue, and in event of an unfavorable decision on the Minnesota rate cases by the federal supreme court Jan. 8 next, the railroad question would be of enough importance to call together the lawmakers.

But any railroad legislation possible at this time, or any other legislation, is, in the opinion of the Pioneer, secondary to the great overshadowing issue of reapportionment.

This must not be taken in the light of an attack on Gov. Eberhard. It simply is an effort to show him that the north is ready to fight for her rights. It is true that the governor has said he would issue a call for an extra session, but he did not say when that call would be issued. It is reasonable to presume that if the St. Cloud convention is definite on the point that there should be an extra session, the governor would bow to the will of that powerful organization, standing as it does behind the north.

The Pioneer calls upon all citizens to force the fight, and in the interests of this part of the state and in behalf of their own interest it calls upon the newspapers to join in the crusade to make the voice of the north thunder its demands at the St. Cloud convention.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Short Course for 1911-'12

A term of five months, to be known as the "short course," will begin at the Lincoln high school building in Thief River Falls on Monday, Oct. 30.

This course will be open to all young people over 16 years of age in this and adjoining counties, who for various reasons cannot attend school but part of the school year. No qualifications but that as to age are necessary to enroll, There are no charges of any kind for this course and all books, supplies, and other school material are furnished free.

Students will be permitted to begin the daily recitations at any hour that suits their convenience, though it is suggested that they start at 9 o'clock, Those from the country having chores to perform may be dismissed at an early hour in the afternoon.

The studies will consist of lessons in ordinary English, including a study of composition and the commonest forms of the language; practical arithmetic and its application to the affairs of every day life; the keeping of accounts and a study of ordinary business forms; spelling, writing, and typewriting, if desired; cooking and sewing for girls; iron and wood work for the boys, and this includes the making of articles for service in the home and on the farm; agriculture, The last named subject will be particularly emphasized for the benefit of the students who are interested in agricultural pursuits.

All the departments in the school are well equipped with books, material, and machinery for the presentation of the proposed work. A special teacher has been hired to assist the regular teachers with the special course studies. The wood working shop is large and complete and the equal of anything in the northwestern part of the state. A new blacksmith shop has been recently built and is at the service of all students desiring to take this work. The agriculture department now occupies three rooms and is ready to do most efficient work. All other departments are prepared in a similar manner for service.

The students enrolling for the short course will receive credit on the regular school records for what they accomplish, and they will not be prohibited from entering any grammar grade or high school classes for which they have the necessary preparation. All literary, class, and athletic organizations are open to the short course students.

Many girls can secure places to work their board in good homes in the city and thus reduce the expense of attending the school to a minimum. Board and room at reduced rates for students can always be obtained.

The board of education cordially invites all young people in city or country who can not attend school all the year to enroll in the short course for the whole term or at least for a portion of the work. Everything connected with the school is absolutely free. No other town in northern Minnesota makes this generous offer.

Further information may be obtained by writing J. H. Hay, superintendent of the city schools.

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American Snuff Company, 111 Fifth Ave., New York.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

What is Your Family Worth?

If your family is worth the best you can afford in house and food and clothes, is it not worth the best reading as well? And the best reading—best for boys and girls, best for men and women—is to be found in The Youth's Companion.

Of stories alone The Companion will print nearly 300 in 1912. With all the rest of the paper thrown in, and counting the glorious long serial stories they cost the subscriber less than a cent apiece. Moreover, you will look long before you find stories so varied and interesting—stories of coolness in the face of peril, strange adventures with creatures of the forest and the sea, moving stories of life's obscure heroisms, stories breezy with good natured humor, quaint and curious character sketches.

Now is the time to subscribe, for you will receive free from the time your $1.75 is received all the issues for the remaining weeks of 1911, containing the opening chapters of Ralph D. Paine's great serial story of the Boxer rebellion, "The Cross and the Dragon," And there is the gift of The Companion calendar for 1912, "On the New England Coast," lithographed in ten colors and gold. Only $1.75 now for the fifty-two weekly issues, but on Jan. 1, 1912, the subscription price will be advanced to $2.00.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass,

New subscriptions received at this office,

Bids for Construction of Public Highway

Sealed bids will be received by the town boards of River Falls and Black River and the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the construction of a public highway running east and west a distance of one mile, between sections 12 and 13, and 7 and 18; east half of road running between River Falls and village of St. Hilaire; west half between Black River and village of St. Hilaire.

Bids for half or whole of work will be accepted. Bids to be in the hands of Dr. C. Swanson, St. Hilaire, not later than Oct. 28, when they will be opened at 8 p. m. for consideration. Specifications on file in the office of Dr. C. Swanson.

The boards reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk of Joint Meeting.

A Question For the King.

Divinity doth not always hedge a king. There have been many rulers who could take as well as give in the joking line. The most striking instance of this kind is seen in the case of Charles II., that good natured Stuart, who once asked his chaplain, Dr. Stillingfleet:

"How is it that you always read your sermons before me when, as I understand, you can preach eloquently enough elsewhere without book or notes?"

The good doctor answered that he was so overwhelmed by his majesty's presence that he could not trust himself otherwise, continuing, "And now, sire, may it please you to tell me why you read your speeches when you have no such excuse?"—St. Louis Republic.

Her Own Coin.

There was quite a scene the other night at a certain bridge party. A loser paid a lady with her own I. O. U.'s. The lady said it was most ungentlemanly. She said she wouldn't have minded being paid back in her own coin, but she disliked paper money.—

He Was with Cook

"I was with Cook," the stranger said;
Said the farmer, "Say no more,
But sit with me at my humble board
And eat my frugal store."
"I was with Cook," the stranger cried.
"Said the farmer, "Don't you care;
But rest your head in the shade, I pray,
And take of my offered fare."
"I was with Cook," the stranger said.
He could brave the farmer's jeers,
For his jeering host had provided him
With golden grain belt beers.
Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKARCHER HENRY OLSON A. B. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. B. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

IN A PYTHON'S COIL.

An Adventure That Nearly Cost a Zoo Official His Life.

The attendants in zoological gardens are exposed to dangers of various sorts, The superintendent of the Cincinnati animal park once had an adventure with a python which came near costing him his life.

It became necessary to make some changes in the snake house, and the superintendent, Mr. Stephens, was in the cage of pythons, anticipating no danger, when to his dismay he saw the largest snake coming toward him, hissing and darting its tongue angrily. Instantly he realized his danger.

The superintendent quickly grasped the huge reptile just back of the neck with his right hand and with the left clutched the creature two feet lower down, where the greatest muscular power of the python is located,

He tried to thrust the writhing mass into a waiting box, but the python coiled its twelve feet of length round the man's leg and began to constrict, carrying its tightening coils higher and higher.

Struggle as he might, Mr. Stephens seemed helpless in the serpent's grasp. His hands were so moist that the scaly body twisted in them. Perspiration streamed down his face. The python had worked its head free and was darting its horrid tongue almost in its victim's eyes.

The man threw up his hand instinctively to shield his face, and at the same moment the snake seized and began swallowing it.

By this time the attendants had rushed into the cage and they began beating the python. Not liking this treatment, the big snake relaxed its coils. Mr. Stephens jerked his hand free and broke off one of the python's fangs in his thumb in so doing.

"If I had not held on to its heaviest muscle," said the superintendent, "I have no doubt it might have strangled me. As long as I kept my grip there I felt confident, but I was pretty weak after the adventure."

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.00
" " 2 "	97
" " 3 "	92
Flax, No. 1	$2.24
" " 2	2.14
Barley, for 50 lbs	97
Oats	37
Eggs	20
Butter	25
" creamery	32
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	[illegible]
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.15
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

For Sale

Having moved to our new location we will sell the old lumber shed. If interested call at once, as it will not last long at the price we ask.

ST. HILAIRE RETAIL LBR. CO.,
St. Hilaire, Minn.

The Spectator is the official paper of Pennington county. Are you a subscriber?

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range No. forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less according to U. S. government survey thereof.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank, Crookston, Minn.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Giovanni Orsoline and Emma Orsoline, his wife, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The west half of the northwest quarter (w½ of nw¼) and west half of southwest quarter (w½ of sw¼) section No. thirteen (13), township No. one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, containing 160 acres more or less, according to the U. S. government survey thereof, situate in Pennington county, Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Over Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minn.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Knute O. Gigstad,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Thursday, the 18th day of January, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at the city of Thief River Falls in said county be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "St. Hilaire Spectator," a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated October 9, 1911.

[illegible]

[SEAL] [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—No services tomorrow.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Oct. 29, at 7:15 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services Sunday at 3 p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. P. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 5850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.

C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1784, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

John Lonsberg, President. Mennie [illegible], Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

C. A. Pitkin returned Monday from a visit to Crookston.

Charles Lindquist returned on Wednesday from a trip to the cities.

Miss Alice Dreelan of Wylie returned Wednesday from a visit to Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson.

Mrs. M. McAndress returned on Tuesday from a visit with friends at Jamestown, N. D.

Quite a crowd of young people from Red Lake Falls attended the dance here last Saturday evening.

Martin Hoff moved last Sunday into the house recently purchased by him, known as the Hanum property.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

S. J. Amble is shipping his annual crop of trees, and will go to North Dakota on Monday to look after his fall delivery.

H. R. Allen, the owner of the house recently vacated by Martin Hoff, and family moved in from Black Duck this week.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the school house in Polk Center Sunday, Oct. 22, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Mrs. D. Lazar returned Tuesday from Grand Forks, where she has been the guest of her sister-in-law for the past three weeks.

Clarence Williams returned on Wednesday to his home at Shelly, Minn., after a few weeks' visit with his aunt, Mrs. J. Branum.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now.

G. I. FELLMAN.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday, Oct. 26, at 2 a. m., at the home of Mrs. Salomon Swenson, east of town.

FOUND—Came to my place on section 6, Polk Centre, about two weeks ago, one black and white hiefer, about a year old. Owner please pay for her keeping and for this notice and take property,

o21-3t C. E. NAPLIN.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.

tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

The construction of the tow mill at Red Lake Falls is comlpeted and the operation of the mill will be commenced as soon as enough flax straw has been received to warrant the starting of the machinery.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.

Mrs. L. Holmes.

County Attorney Boughton and Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake Falls passed through here Wednesday evening in an auto, going to Esplee in Marshall county. They returned Wednesday evening, bearing a very poor opinion of the roads up north.

The special car on last Saturday's southbound train carried the state drainage commission and other state officers and several railroad notables. The commission had been on a trip of inspection of state ditches near Baudette, Spooner, Warroad, Roseau, Greenbush, and Holt.

Remember the mission meeting of the Swedish Lutheran church next Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Nine ministers to speak. Come and bring yout friends and neighbors. Come also to see how the church has been fixed up.

ALEX SAND, Pastor.

Rev. P. M. Falmer, the new Methodist pastor, came up Saturday from Callaway, near Detroit, Minn., his former location, and held services here Sunday. He returned Monday to Callaway to prepare for moving here. His family consists of one daughter, who is said to be a talented musician.

The village council met Monday evening with the town boards of Black River and River Falls and considered the question of the construction of the newly established highway on the south side of the corporate limits. Clerk Swanson was authorized to advertise for bids for the construction work.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Hokan Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Miss Lizzie King was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. K. Klemensrud left for Crookston last evening to visit friends.

Mrs. Worstall and daughter were in Thief River Falls between trains on Wednesday.

Miss Janie King, who is living at Red Lake Falls, visited at home between trains Wednesday.

Miss Esther Anderson left on Wednesday for Bemidji, where she expects to remain for some time.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. James Gilbertson.

K. O. Gigstad and C. H. Martz have been attending to ditch matters at Red Lake Falls this week.

O. C. Bakken, D. McAllister and Dr. Owens drove to Thief River Falls Monday evening and return.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, Oct. 29, at 10:30 a. m.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the Wylie Farmers' elevator last Saturday Thore Smidesang was elected manager.

R. S. Gjerde is visiting this week with his brother Rev. Gjerde. He conducted services in the United Lutheran church last Sunday.

D. Linnihan of Red Lake Falls was in town Wednesday on his way east to where he has a ditch contract.

S. M. Sivertson of Crookston was looking after the Red Lake Falls Milling company's interests at this point on Thursday.

The Sewing society's auction of the Clara church will be held Saturday evening, Nov. 4, at P. . Peterson's in Wyandotte.

Knut Kolstad and Ed Peterson have been busy this week constructing a stock yard for G. I. Fellman on lots just north of the livery barn.

Andrew Hall, Miss Alice Hall, O. K. Sevre and Andy Dahl drove to Thief River Falls Monday evening to hear Congressman Berger of Milwaukee speak on socialism.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.

o21-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Mr. Smith of Winnebago City, who recently purchased a farm in Numedal, came up Thursday. He will make his home in St. Hilaire this winter, and perhaps engage in some business, possibly shipping hay.

Friends of Miss Ida Karwan gave her a surprise Monday evening at the home of Miss Tyra Walin. Miss Karwan goes soon to Minneapolis to attend school to prepare herself for mission work, and goes next spring to China, where she will take up the work of missionary.

The Best Ever

At the international dairy show at Milwaukee last week Minnesota creameries made 82 entries and attained an average score of 93.88; Iowa, with 86 entries, scored 93.27, and Wisconsin, with 193 entries, scored 92.76. Minnesota won the prize, a $400.00 silver cup.

The St. Hilaire creamery made a score of 95.83, which was nearly 2 points better than the average in the state. This is the highest record ever reached by the St. Hilaire creamery in any contest, whether international or otherwise, and with his record at Spokane, Wash.,—noted in our last issue—naturally makes Manager Hed feel somewhat proud of his achievements in buttermaking.

Found Old Relic

Hans O. Hanson, who lives three miles west of Ulen, found an old sword in the ground while plowing one day last spring. The blade was broken off at the end, about eighteen inches of it remaining. The grip or handle on it is made of copper. No one here is able to tell how old it is nor by what people it has been used, but it is pretty old.—Norman County Index.

Our Fall Stock
Is now complete. We have a new line of Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats, at very low prices. We solicit your trade.
LAZAR & LAZAR

DAIRYMEN!
We want a few more dairymen with sanitary surroundings and at least ten cows to ship us
MILK
Present price per pound of butterfat, F. O. B. Crookston,
40 CENTS
Write for full particulars
CROOKSTON PURE FOOD CO., CROOKSTON, MINN.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
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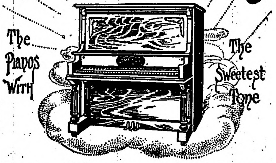
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year: four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN : WIS.

Bring in Your Printing

A Winner
Superior quality and exquisite flavor have won popular favor for
Hamm's Beer
"Leads Them All"
Try a Case.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
Saint Paul, Minn.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

LOMBARD PIANOS


Praised by Press and Pulpit
No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴
LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!
Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."
Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."
J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."
J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."
R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.
Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.
GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.
● See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 635 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement. [illegible]
Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer [illegible]
The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write [illegible]

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

There are two ways to tell if you have weak kidneys. The first is through pains in the back. The second by examining the kidney secretions. If you suspect your kidneys, begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at once.

E. R. Wilson, Emmettsburg, Iowa, says: "I was completely laid up with kidney complaint and inflammatory rheumatism. My limbs and feet were terribly swollen and so inflamed I could not walk for days. After doctors had failed to help me, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes cured me so completely that I have not had the slightest trouble since."

"When Your Back Is Lame. Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c a box at all stores. Foster-Milburn Co. Buffalo, N. Y.

A Strong One.

"I think Doctor Pullem, the dentist, must be a wonder."

"Why so?"

"He's the only man I ever heard who could kill Tom Roarer's nerve."

A man can't kick if his monument is a put-up job

CHANGE IN WOMAN'S LIFE

Made Safe by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Graniteville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. Chas. Barclay, R.F.D., Graniteville, Vt.

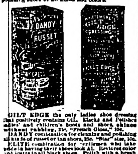
No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing woman's ills such as inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.



GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.
DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.
ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents.
If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass.
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WE SELL GUNS, TRAPS, ETC. CHEAP

Write for Free Catalog 100

N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Perfection Cutter Gear

Why not have a sleigh? Can use any style of buggy body, four bolts will do the work. Price $4.35. Price for October orders, $4.25.

[illegible] CO. 3rd & Washington, St. Paul, Minn.
Also a Full Line of Sleighs

PISO'S the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS AND COLDS

BROTHER LONG LOST

Indians Carried Away William Brown at Austin, Tex.

Recent Rumors Have Prompted a Search by Mrs. Carrie Jayne McFarland, a Sister, but So Far Without Result.

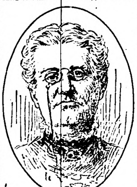
Darlington, Okla.—Nearly seventy years ago William Love Brown, then twelve years old, was carried away by a band of Comanche Indians from the home of his parents in the outskirts of Austin, Tex., and taken to the Comanche camps in what is now southwest Oklahoma. Ever since that day the kinsmen of the lost boy have been searching for him, and hoping that he might be found. Their inquiries were lately renewed by reason of a newspaper story telling of an old man, long captive among Indians in Oklahoma, who was trying to find his people.

Mrs. Carrie Jayne McFarland of Port Lavaca, Tex., sister of Brown, heard of the story and has written to United States Indian agents in Oklahoma, asking if they know of the man. The agents have no knowledge of him. Mrs. McFarland is being assisted in her search by her son-in-law, F. P. Penfield of Houston, Tex. Missionaries among the Kiowas and Comanches have been requested to question the old men of these tribes and, if possible, learn if they have any knowledge of the attack on the Brown home.

Mrs. McFarland lately told this story of the incidents that led to the loss of her brother:

"Some eight or ten Comanche Indians rode up to our gate Sunday, July 10, 1842, and asked the way to Austin. Father walked out near the gate to direct them, my mother and the children following to look at the painted faces of the Indians and the shields they carried.

"An Indian reached over the fence and picked up my brother Amos and placed him behind him and started to put a belt round his and the child's waist, in that way trying to strap the child to him. Father stepped out the gate and took Amos from the Indian, and then turned to my mother and told her to take the children and go quickly into the house.



Mrs. Carrie Jayne McFarland.

"My mother ran with the children at her side. An arrow narrowly missed her and stuck in the door facing as she entered the house. My father ran, but was shot, and fell in the yard near the door. An arrow passed half way through the arm of little Amos, just above his left elbow. Two carpenters at work on the house were present. One of them, Mr. Hoskins, was shot and killed.

"My mother called to the carpenter in the house and they carried my father inside. He asked for brother William, and was told by the negro girl that the last time she saw him the 'Injins were takin' him off. Father died in fifteen minutes after he was shot. He and Mr. Hoskins were buried across the road from the house. My mother kept hoping and looking for brother William's return for thirty years or longer."

FED BIRD ON A FIRE ESCAPE

How Mrs. McCue's Contemplated Chicken Pie in Honor of Returning Son Came to Naught.

New York.—In the Yorkville police court Magistrate Herrman was called upon to wrestle with a case that involved the mysterious disappearance of a chicken, that a devoted Irish mother was fattening on the fire escape for a feast for her sailor son on his return from the sea. The complainant was Mrs. Mary McCue, who boasted that she had been thirty-five years in this country, having come from the County Sligo, and was the mother of seven sons, three of whom were in the army and two in the navy.

The defendant, in court on a summons, was Mrs. Josephine Magnolia, who lived next door to Mrs. McCue. The latter did not accuse her neighbor of taking the chicken, but she did want the magistrate to ask if she knew where the bird had gone.

A few days ago, said Mrs. McCue, she received a letter from her son, John, on the U. S. S. Washington, and soon due here, to give the crew shore liberty. The son spoke many times of being tired of "bean scouts," and the often repeated hash which had been constantly adorning the swinging mess table on the last cruise. He even begged his mother to be sure to have one of her chicken potpies ready, with plenty of chicken and brown gravy, to celebrate his return.

This letter, Mrs. McCue said, had induced her to buy an exceedingly plump young rooster, which she had kept on the fire escape, and which she was stuffing daily with plenty of corn meal for the pie. The chicken disappeared suddenly.

Magistrate Hermann interrogated the defendant, an Italian woman, who replied that she did not know where the bird had gone.

"I don't see what I can do for you, Mrs. McCue," said the magistrate, "except to give you another chicken myself to replace the wandering rooster." [illegible]

Terrible Suffering

Eczema All Over Baby's Body.

"When my baby was four months old his face broke out with eczema and at sixteen months of age his face, hands and arms were in a dreadful state. The eczema spread all over his body. We had to put a mask or cloth over his face and tie up his hands. Finally we gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a few months he was entirely cured. Today he is a healthy boy." Mrs. Inez Lewis, Baring, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cures blood diseases and builds up the system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Maine Blueberries.

Washington county's blueberry crop has netted this year a revenue of more than $1,000,000, according to State Horticulturist Albert K. Gardner of Rockland. This industry was started but a few years ago in that county and the yield this year is the largest yet obtained there. One grower realized $75 from a few bushels which he set out in his orchard as a "side issue." A man near Cherryfield is said to have raked blueberries from the vines just as cranberries are gathered. It is stated that fabulous prices are paid for rental of blueberry lands and blueberry factories and the canning factories are still running.—Kennebec Journal.

Entitled to It.

"That young Mr. Highfly seems to have a very lofty air."

"Why not? He has broken all the altitude records."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Best.

"What do you think would be a good motto for the motorists?"

"Wrecks to the reckless!"

Whenever you have a pain think of Hamlins Wizard Oil. For Headache, Toothache, Earache, Stomach ache, and many other painful ailments there is nothing better.

Many a man's deficiency in dollars is due to his deficiency in sense.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Don't cry—unless there's some one around with a tear mop.

FREE HELP
UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY
UNIVERSAL
PORTLAND CEMENT
CHICAGO-PITTSBURG

Cement Talk No. 9

If you want to build something of *concrete* and need help and instructions, write to us. Our *Information Bureau* is one of our departments for the purpose of assisting our friends in using *cement* in *concrete* work so as to produce the best results. We will be glad to give you advice or assistance if you will write for it. There is no charge whatever—the service is absolutely free. We make this offer purely to encourage the use of *concrete*.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

Baby's Bowels

Irregular bowels make a sickly child. Kickapoo Worm Killer makes their bowels act naturally; stimulates the liver; cleans out the system. Simple and natural. No nausea or griping. Weak, sickly children quickly become healthy and happy. Kickapoo Worm Killer contains no acid or harmful drugs. It is a harmless candy lozenge—children like it. A reliable cure for worms and all stomach troubles. Sold by druggists everywhere or by mail—price 25 cents. Best medicine for children.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. [illegible]

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

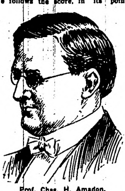
[illegible]

BLIND MAN LEADS ORCHESTRA

Prof. Amadon With Fingers Reads Music as Readily as Another Does With Eyes.

Holton, Kan.—A man who is totally blind is professor of voice and violin in Campbell college in this town. He is Prof. Charles H. Amadon. Besides himself there are, so far as he knows, only two blind men who are employed in teaching, other than in the institutions of learning for the blind alone.

Prof. Amadon leads the choir in a church here, and is the leader of the college band of 22 members, besides playing the cornet, in which he is proficient. In conducting the choir, he follows the score, in its point markings, with one hand and uses the baton with the other.



Prof. Chas. H. Amadon.

Prof. Amadon teaches Italian, German and French, as well as English, in his work. He devotes one day a week to tuning pianos, and goes out through the farming districts alone, finding his way with a cane.

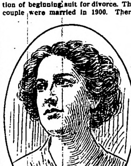
While Prof. Amadon has all the standard music in the point system for the blind, he transposes for his own use new music as it is published, for this purpose he has a small machine like a typewriter, called a Braille machine, after the man who invented it. Amadon's wife dictates the music to him and he stamps it in a sheet of paper with the machine, which leaves dots in relief upon the sheet. Rubbing the points of his fingers over these dots, he can read the music as readily as a man who can see.

Prof. Amadon is 29 years old. He was born and educated in Boston. He came to Holton three years ago. The first year he was connected with the college work he conducted "Rose Maiden," a cantata. He transposed all the parts, solos and choruses, with the words. He and his wife, working together, finished the work in a week.

SAYS SHE SEEKS REAL MATE

Mrs. Upton Sinclair, Wife of "The Jungle" Author, Not Contesting Suit for Divorce.

New York.—According to Upton Sinclair, author of the "Jungle" and other books, Socialist and founder of Utopian colonies, his wife left him to go on the stage, being incited to the step by one Harry Kemp, an alleged poet, of Kansas. In consequence of which, Sinclair declared his intention of beginning suit for divorce. The couple were married in 1900. There have been rumors of disagreements between the pair for some time.



Mrs. Meta Sinclair.

Mrs Sinclair, is not contesting her husband's suit for divorce, but refuses to admit that she intends to wed Harry Kemp. Mrs. Sinclair says that, like every other woman, she hungers for her "real mate," and that when she finds him she will marry him. She does not know whether Kemp is her "real mate." Kemp, is said to have not worn a hat for twenty years, winter or summer.

BULLET TRICK IS EXPOSED

Wound Reveals How Woman Caught Pellets With Her Teeth on the Stage.

Trinidad, Col.—Mrs. Frederick Roske, "the human target," who has been thrilling vaudeville audiences here by apparently catching in her teeth bullets fired at her from across the stage, horrified her audience by dropping to the floor with what appeared to be an ugly wound in the head. Examination showed, however, that she was not seriously injured, as the "bullet" instead of being lead, was wax, the accident revealing the secret of the "act." The wax bullets were shown to the audience and placed in the rifle, the heat of the explosion melting the wax, and the "human target" displaying in her teeth a bullet she had concealed in her mouth. The trick was revealed when one of the wax pellets failed to melt and gave the performer the fright of her life.

Trolley Car Sets Man Afire.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Edward Higgins, sixty-seven years old, was carrying a package of matches in a back pocket of his trousers when he [illegible]

MISS SUSAN GLASPELL'S DOG

Voila the Original of the Puppies in Her Story The Visioning.

Miss Susan Glaspell, the author, has a dog, which fact is of more importance than might at first appear. For in her new novel, The Visioning, are introduced two frolicsome puppies named Pourquoi and N'est-ce-pas. And there are no two more real characters in the whole book than Why and Ain't It, to use their names in English form.

It was Miss Glaspell's own dog, a Bohemian beast, that inspired the creation of The Visioning's twin puppy clowns. The real dog also has a French name, Voila. When its owner bought it, over in Paris, she wanted at first to name it Raspail, both in memory of the boulevard on which she lived and as a sympathetic cognomen for a sensitive souled Parisian dog. But her family objected. They could not see their way clear to shouting, "Come Raspail! Raspail! Raspail!" So Miss Glaspell compromised on Voila.

Voila has vagaries. It is a wanderer. It is a collie, and a collie, it evidently thinks, ought to be afield. Whenever it feels that way, away Voila goes. Fortunately it wears a collar with Miss Glaspell's name and address. She has come to think nothing of such a phone message as this:

"Hello! Is dis Miss Glaspell! Vell, dis is der bartender bei Hans Bummelransen's saloon. No, no, vait! I didn't got der wrong phone number. I choost vant to say I got here your dog. Vill you come for him?"

Then the author of The Visioning has to drop chapter plans and seek out Herr Bummelransen's place with sorrow—and a dollar. But were it not so there might never have been a N'est-ce-pas and a Pourquoi.

PIMPLES ON FACE 3 YEARS

"I was troubled with acne for three long years. My face was the only part affected, but it caused great disfigurement, also suffering and loss of sleep. At first there appeared red, hard pimples which later contained white matter. I suffered a great deal caused by the itching. I was in a state of perplexity when walking the streets or anywhere before the public.

"I used pills and other remedies but they failed completely. I thought of giving up when nothing would help, but something told me to try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for a Cuticura Booklet which I read carefully. Then I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment and by following the directions I was relieved in a few days. I used Cuticura Soap for washing my face, and applied the Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. This treatment brought marvelous results so I continued with it for a few weeks and was cured completely. I can truthfully say that the Cuticura Remedies are not only all, but more than they claim to be." (Signed) G. Baumel, 1015 W. 20th Place, Chicago, Ill., May 28, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 28 K, Boston.

Some Shakespeare Statistics.

A Shakespearean enthusiast with a turn for statistics has discovered that the plays contain 106,007 lines and 814,780 words. "Hamlet" is the longest play, with 3,930 lines, and the "Comedy of Errors" the shortest, with 1,777 lines. Altogether the plays contain 1,227 characters, of which 157 are females. The longest part is that of Hamlet. The part with the longest word in it is that of Costard in "Love's Labor Lost," who tells Moth that he is "not so long by the head as honorificabilitudinitatibus."

Leading a Dog's Life.

"Your husband says he leads a dog's life," said one woman.

"Yes, it's very similar," answered the other. "He comes in with muddy feet, makes himself comfortable by the fire and waits to be fed."—Everybody's Magazine.

He Might Be Offended.

"See that dog, Kathi? It has taken the first prize at ten shows and is valued at a thousand marks."

"I wonder if I dare offer him a bit of sausage?"—Fliegende Blaetter.

Where It Belonged.

"Where are you going?"

"To fetch some water, sorr."

"What, in those disreputable trousers?"

"No, sorr, in this 'ere pail."—London Opinion.

Delusionary.

Every man hugs the delusion that sooner or later he will invent something that will make him rich.

It's awfully hard for a girl to forgive the right young man for not kissing her.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It pays to be honest—at least it pays your employer.

MILLIONS of FAMILIES are using SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
IN THE CIRCLE
ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY.

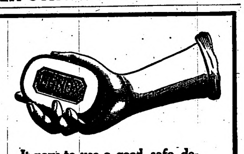
NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

SYRUP OF FIGS
ELIXIR of SENNA
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.



It pays to use a good, safe, dependable soap like Lenox.

It costs a little more than cheap soaps.

It is worth a great deal more.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

Men and Women wear W.L.Douglas shoes because they are the best shoes produced in this country for the price. Insist upon having them. Take no other make.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes
Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in feed. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

Scientifically constructed to give most light for the oil they burn.

Easy to light, clean and rewick.

In numerous finishes and styles, each the best of its kind.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo Lamps and Lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

No Man is Stronger Than His Stomach

A strong man is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from weak stomach with its consequent indigestion, or from some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs, which impairs digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is weak or diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man "doesn't feel just right," when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous, irritable and despondent, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man should use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, invigorates the liver, strengthens the kidneys, nourishes the nerves, and so GIVES HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE WHOLE BODY.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine of known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit. Ingredients printed on wrapper.

TRAPPING TIME IS SOON HERE
SO GET POSTED. WE FURNISH FREE CORRECT QUOTATIONS ON RAW FURS

A POSTAL CARD TODAY BRINGS A LIST

TAGS FREE

NO COMMISSION CHARGED AS WE ARE DIRECT BUYERS.

[illegible]

LOTZ BROS. 109 ELM ST. ST. LOUIS

WE LOAN MONEY AT 6%

[illegible]

FOR ALL EYE PAINS Pettit's Eye Salve

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1911. NUMBER 16.

CHINESE SOLONS IN OPEN REVOLT

IMPEACH MINISTER WHO MADE LOANS FOR NATIONALIZATION OF RAILROADS.

SEND ULTIMATUM TO THRONE

Mandarin's Head Demanded in Assembly, in Midst of Disorder.—Imperial Family Ready for Flight.

Pekin, Oct. 26.—Further defections to the rebels, including Nan Chang, capital of the province of Kiang-Si, and Kwei Lin, capital of Kwang Si, have served to increase the tension here of the revolution.

To add to the seriousness of the situation, the Tsu Cheng Yuan, China's first national assembly, gave to the Manchus what the legations consider an ultimatum. The assembly impeached Sheng Hsuan Huai, president of the ministry of posts and communications, and demanded his dismissal with severe punishment. A reply is required from the government at once, failing which the assembly will dissolve and the members return to their respective provinces. From the temper shown it is believed the assembly will carry out the threat. The only course open to the government is either to sacrifice a man who is considered by foreigners the strongest member of the cabinet, or, retaining him, declare war on the assembly as well as the vast majority of Chinese.

The charges against Sheng Huan were formulated by the people of Sze Chuen, Hu Peh and Nunan. Sheng negotiated the loans for the nationalization of the railroads and has been a leading advocate of the anti-provincial policy, which is regarded as largely responsible for the revolution. The inhabitants of these provinces have shown strong opposition to the proposed railway.

At the meeting of the assembly members urged that they were not against foreign loans, but against the methods employed and the results, which were tantamount to robbing Chinese, who had already begun the railways, and selling them out to foreigners.

His Head Demanded.

Sheng's secretary produced a written statement from his chief who, like the other members of the cabinet, was absent from the meeting of the assembly, but he was shouted down. Cries of "Decapitate Sheng!" sounded above the high-pitched indictments. No one attempted to defend the minister. When the assembly rose to vote, even the front-row Manchu princes, evidently intimidated by the radicals, stood up, demanding the noted mandarin's degradation.

General Yin Tchang's silence has given rise to speculation. The war minister in the field seems to consider it unnecessary to communicate anything but his needs to the presidents of the other government boards. Only the palace seems to know his intentions.

The imperialist commander has not been followed by any foreigners, even the foreign controllers of the railway having withdrawn. Therefore it is impossible to ascertain whether reports regarding the imperial army are true.

Trains go down to the south laden with soldiers and equipment, but they do not return. The troops set forth with sufficient ammunition, then quantities of ammunition follow, but no commissariat supplies. There are rumors of mutinies, retreats and desertions.

In spite of disorganization, inability and disaffection, the army evidently has moved steadily forward. A wireless report from Hankow indicated that the imperialist and revolutionary forces already are closely in touch.

Should Yin Tchang fail to fight, or lose his first serious battle, there appears no hope of checking the revolt. It is commonly reported in Pekin that the imperial family is ready for flight. The road to Jehol, 115 miles northeast of Pekin, is studded with troops. Other rumors designate the foreign settlements in Tien Tsin as the possible refuge.

London.—A special dispatch from Pekin reports that the revolutionaries have outflanked the Imperialists 180 miles north of Hankow. The rebels, according to the dispatch, captured the government's war chest containing 1,500,000 taels ($1,000,000).

Chinese Governor Assassinated.

Canton, Oct. 26.—The newly appointed Tartar general, Fung Sen, was assassinated upon his arrival to assume his duties here. The general, accompanied by his wife and a large escort of soldiers, was coming ashore when a bomb was thrown from the roof of a building and dropped among the party. The explosion which followed killed Fung Sen and a number of soldiers and caused a fire which burned several houses. The general's wife is also said to have been killed.

The town of Tchen-Chow, near the center of Honan province, was captured by rebels. The developments mark the rebellion's spread to the northward towards Peking. Tchen-Chow is also an important strategic point. Details are lacking of the circumstances of its capture. Its surrender by the imperialists, following the surrender, without a blow, of Sian-Fu, the ancient capital of China and capital of the province of Shen-Si, has completely broken the government's nerve, and from Peking comes the news that the imperial court has completed all preparations for flight at a moment's notice of Je-Hol, one of the imperial palaces, 120 miles north of the capital.

Twelve Towns Captured.

The towns which have thus far fallen wholly into the rebels' hands are Wu-Chang, Hankow, Chang-Sha, Kia-Ting, Han-Yang, Hwang-Chow, Sin-Gan-Fu, Hu-Kow, I-Chang, Kiu-Kiang, Sian-Fu, and Tchen-Chow. Canton and Nanking are momentarily expected to surrender.

A report that 10,000 Japanese troops have arrived at Mukden, Manchuria, is causing uneasiness among the supporters of the revolution, who believe that Japan is about to aid the Manchu government. The Japanese authorities here explain that if such a movement has been made in Manchuria the only purpose is to protect Japanese residents, their property and Japanese railway interests.

It is reported that the plague has broken out on the Siberian border of Manchuria, and that a quarantine has been established. The foreign office is sending two officials of high rank to Kiu Kiang, which is held by the rebels.

Rebels Again Victorious.

Shanghai.—Capture of Tchen-Chow by the revolutionists was announced. From a strategetic point of view this city should prove of great value to the rebels. It is the junction of the Kai-Fung and Peking-Hankow railroads and is located 250 miles north of Hankow. Its capture apparently cuts off from Peking all the imperial troops now gathered around Hankow and Wu Chang. Kui Kiang in the province of Kiangsi and Sian Fu, capital of Shensin province, have also fallen into the hands of the revolutionists.

News from the lower Yang Tse valley was all discouraging to the government. With Kiu Kiang in undisputed possession of the rebels the imperial fleet has retreated on down the river, some of the vessels being reported as far eastward as Wu Hu. Conditions are ominous not only in Wu Hu but also in Nanking. Most of the Manchu officials have left these two cities and are crowding into Shanghai where every hotel is already filled with refugees.

Weavers Threaten Revolt.

The taotai of Shanghai became so alarmed over the possibility of the secession of the native city to the rebels, that he removed his household to the foreign settlement. The taotai of Nanking has also put himself under the same protection.

The city of Su Chow is in panic owing to the revolutionary threats of 5,000 weavers whose wages have been unpaid for a long time.

Revolutionary agents here announce that the insurgents expect to establish their headquarters at Kiu Kiang, which will probably be the revolutionary capital.

TAFT TO CUT GIANT CHEESE.

President Will Sample Immense Exhibit at National Dairy Show.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—One of the most interesting attractions in the National Dairy show, which opened here today, is the largest cheese ever manufactured. It is big enough to make 200,000 cheese sandwiches, and on Monday President Taft will cut and sample this immense product of the dairy. Mr. Taft also will deliver an address at the show, on agriculture and conservation.

The big cheese weighs six tons and stands higher than a man, and its cost was nearly $6,000. To manufacture it 1,200 model dairies did the milking of 8,000 cows at the same time, and the 32 cheese factories which manufactured the curd had to follow the same process to make the curd uniform. Other attractions at the show are numerous and include all sorts of dairy machinery and equipment and an excellent display of dairy cattle.

GLIDDEN TOURIST KILLED.

Automobile Overturns Causing Death of S. M. Butler.

Tifton, Ga., Oct. 26.—S. M. Butler, of Brooklyn, was instantly killed near here when the automobile which he was driving in the Glidden tour was overturned. T. J. Walker and his wife, of San Francisco, were hurt. Butler was chairman of the contest board of the American Automobile association, while Walker is the referee of the Glidden tour.

The accident was caused by a break in the steering gear. The car was wrecked and Mr. Butler was instantly killed. Referee Walker fractured his collarbone and Miss Walker's arm was broken.

MISS LA FOLLETTE TO MARRY.

Will Be the Bride of George Middleton, the Playwright.

Washington, Oct. 26. — The marriage of Miss Fola La Follette, daughter of Senator and Mrs. La Follette, and George Middleton of New York, whose engagement was announced recently, will take place on Saturday, at the home of Senator and Mrs. La Follette, on Wyoming avenue. Rev. U. G. B. Pierce, chaplain of the senate, will perform the ceremony.

$300,000 Fire At Butte.

Butte, Oct. 26.—Fire in the dry room of the Butte reduction works destroyed the concentrator. The loss is estimated at from $250,000 to $300,000. The origin of the fire is not known. The property is owned by former Senator W. A. Clark.

Cotton Report Issued.

Washington, Oct. 26.—The census bureau reports that 7,740,624 bales of the growth of 1911 of cotton were ginned to Oct. 18. Round bales included were 53,605. sea island 60,624.

NAVAL MEN MAKE LONG FLIGHT

BUT BOTH SUFFER FROM BITTER COLD.

Sail Air 145 Miles South From Annapolis, Landing Near Fortress Monroe.

Fortress Monroe, Va., Oct. 26. — After a flight in a hydro-aeroplane 145 miles down the coast from Annapolis, Md., Lieut. S. S. Gordon Ellison and John G. Towers, U. S. N., landed on the broad reach of Buckroe Beach, Va., three miles from here. The officers were suffering from the bitter cold when they landed and hurried to shelter.

Lieutenant Ellison, who is in charge of the naval aeronautic school at Annapolis, and Lieutenant Towers, made their descent after the most successful flight in the history of naval aviation, having flown from Annapolis, a distance of 145 miles, in the remarkable time of 2 hours and 27 minutes.

The flight was made without stop or mishap, and the hydro-aeroplane lay on the sand in as good condition as when the start was made. The flight was the second attempt in as many weeks, the aviators being forced to return to Annapolis on their former attempt, owing to engine trouble, after covering half the distance.

STEADWELL IS RE-ELECTED.

La Crosse Man Again Heads World's Purity Union.

Columbus, Oct. 26.—Re-elected B. S. Steadwell of La Crosse, Wis., president, raising money to place the name of Carrie Nation at the head of a memorial list, were among the actions of the convention of the World's Purity Union here. Among the other officers chosen is Mrs. Minnie L. Skinner, Cedar Rapids, corresponding secretary.

Mrs. Mantell Is Dying.

Atlantic Highland, Oct. 26.—Hopes for the recovery of Marie Booth Russell, wife of Robert Mantell, the actor, have been practically given up.

Father Shoots Son For Deer.

Cadillac, Mich., Oct. 26.—V. H. Judkins, 23 years old, was mistaken for a deer and was fatally shot by his father, L. F. Judkins.

New York Wins Again.

New York, Oct. 26.—New York won the fifth game of the world's series, score, 4 to 3. The game ran ten innings.

Taft "Re-Elected" By Iowans.

Chicago, Oct. 26. — President Taft was "renominated" and "re-elected" by the Hawkeye Fellowship club, composed of Chicagoans transplanted from Iowa.

Over 400 Seek Citizenship.

New York, Oct. 26.—At the November term of the naturalization court here more than four hundred applications for citizenship will be considered.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 26.—Wheat, December, $1.09⅝; May, $1.13⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.10⅝; No. 2 northern, $1.08⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.03; No. 3 corn, 72c; No. 2 white oats, 46½; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 93½c; No. 1 flax, $2.37½.

Duluth, Oct. 26. — Wheat, December, $1.19½; May, $1.13½; No. 1 northern, $1.10½; No. 1 durum, $1.06.

South St. Paul, Oct. 26. — Cattle — Steers, $3.10@4.25; cows, $3.25@4.60; calves, $3.00@5.70; hogs, $6.10@6.15; sheep, spring lambs, $2.50@3.00.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—Cattle receipts estimated at 27,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $4.70@8.75; Texas steers, $4@6; western steers, $4.15@7; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.70; cows and heifers, $1.90@6; calves, $5@8.50. Hog receipts estimated at 28,000; market dull, 5c lower; light, $5.75@6.37½; mixed, $5.80@6.45; heavy, $5.80@6.45; rough, $5.80@6.05; good to choice heavy, $6.05@6.45; pigs, $3.50@5.75; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.35. Sheep receipts estimated at 55,000; market steady to shade lower; native, $2.25@3.70; western, $2.40@3.75; yearlings, $3.60@4.25; lambs, native, $4@6; western, $4@6.10.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Oct. 26. — Prospects of a large yield in the Argentine offsetting whatever shortage there may be in other countries, lowering the wheat market today by several pegs. The bears were especially encouraged over reports from Liverpool and free and cheaper South American offerings of the new crop continued. Predictions were current that the harvest in the Argentine would begin within a week. In consequence wheat owners here showed a decided tendency to unload, notwithstanding that buyers were few and scattered. The opening was a shade to ¼@⅜c lower. December started at $1.01½ to $1.01⅛@1.01%, a loss of a sixteenth to ⅛c, and then declined to $1.01⅛.

Promise of larger receipts Northwest occasioned a further setback. The close, however, was steady with Dec. at $1.01@1.01⅛, a net loss of ½@⅝c.

In corn, owing to the fine weather, the crowd were disposed to work on the selling side. Country offerings exhibited an increase. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜c down at 65@65⅛c to 65⅛c and fell to 64⅝c.

The fact that there was a considerable amount of new corn on the market drove prices further down. The close was weak at 64c for December, a net decline of 1⅜@1½c.

Oats suffered in price owing to the weakness of corn. The smaller longs felt themselves obliged to let go of their holdings. December started a shade to ⅛@¼c off at 47⅜@47⅝c, and sagged to 47⅛@47⅜c.

Large receipts of hogs brought about an easy tone in the market for provisions. Initial sales were 2½@5c lower to 2½c up with January options $15.57½ for pork, $8.97½ for lard and $8.10 for ribs.

Duluth Hotel Is Embarrassed.

Duluth, Oct. 26.—Following what is said to be an embarrassing situation for some time, the St. Louis Hotel Company held a meeting with its creditors to decide upon the best course to be pursued by both company and creditors. R. N. Marble, a prominent Duluth capitalist, was made trustee and the hostelry will be run under his direction. The company's liabilities are over $70,000 and the stock, furniture and other assets are valued at upward of $100,000. The cause of the trouble is not stated.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Senator LaFollette announced that no plans have been completed for a campaign speaking tour in November, although he still hopes to be able to make several progressive speeches before congress meets.

On the recommendation of Representative Kendall, Dr. E. A. Sheafer was appointed pension surgeon at Ottawa, vice Dr. D. A. Lafore, resigned. Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistants in the Agricultural department.

The American consulate at Hankow is believed to be fully protected against mob attack for half of the personnel of 320 men, aboard the three American gunboats, Helena, El Cano and Villilobes, now at that port, will be landed on any emergency.

Following the great mobilization of the Atlantic fleet in the Hudson river, opposite New York, November 30, and December 1, some of the warships will remain in New York harbor, until about January 5, when the entire fleet will reassemble on the southern drill grounds. They will then proceed to Cuba to engage in winter exercises.

The beginning of the end of the work of the national monetary commission will be marked by meetings which will open in New York Monday. These, like those in other cities, are to afford final opportunity to financial and commercial bodies to be heard on the Aldrich reserve plan before the presentation of the commission's report. Under the law extending the existance of the commission, this report must be presented to congres sby January 8, 1912.

General.

Violence marked the arrival of strikebreakers at New Orleans.

A ruthless slaughter of Manchus is charged to Chinese revolutionaries.

Contributions to aid the revolutionary cause are pouring in to San Francisco.

The late prison congress at Omaha was better attended than any of former years.

The Krupp company of Germany failed in its suit against the Midvale Steel company charging infringement.

Japanese officials see prospects of a long struggle in China. Japan will stay out of it as long as her subjects are protected.

Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistants in the agriculture department.

The trial of James B. McNamara, first of the defendants in the dynamite cases, was begun at Los Angeles.

Howard W. Gill in a biplane broke the American endurance record at Kinloch Aviation field in St. Louis by remaining in the air four hours.

The fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Falls Bluff, Va., in which Colonel E. D. Baker, personal friend of Lincoln and former senator from Oregon lost his life, was celebrated near the battlefield.

The isthmian canal commission made its annual report foreshadowing the opening of the waterway.

Thomas Kallum, lawyer and editor, shot and killed Henry Whitaker, a brother attorney, on the main street of Pilot Mountain, N. C.,

State Senator John Broderick gave interesting testimony during the Lorimer inquiry at Chicago.

Michael Sullivan, who has begged on the streets of San Francisco for thirty-five years, was found dead with deposit books showing he was worth $50,000.

J. P. Morgan objected to an assessment of $800,000 on his personal property, and, by visiting the tax department, saved $4,000 in taxes by getting a $250,000 reduction.

Tuberculosis is increasing in New York city, despite every effort against it, according to the annual report of Leopold Plant, president of the United Hebrew Charities.

After searching for nineteen years for his mother, covering 2,000 miles and a dozen states in the search, William Clark, now of Zumbrota, Minn., has finally found her in Brooklyn.

A direct plan to levy a tax on all railroads and employers of labor in interstate commerce for the purpose of raising a fund of compensation of families of workmen killed in accidents was suggested to the employers' compensation commission.

Word was received of the death in London of Herbert Squires, army officer and diplomat and former United States minister to Cuba.

The public library board of Cleveland took steps toward accepting an offer from John D. Rockefeller for a new $60,000 branch library building to be located in the east end.

Adoption of a plan of certifying teachers, whereby they may teach in any state, was the principal task outlined for the annual conference of state superintendents of public instruction, which convened in Topeka, Kansas.

An expenditure of $1,548,929.22 is called for at Yale university the coming year.

Attorney General Wickersham, in an address before prison congress in Omaha, favored an extension of parole system.

Chinese revolutionists are reported to have captured another important town.

Round abuse of President Taft was the feature of the meeting of progressives at Chicago.

Dynamite was found on bridge over which President Taft's special train was to pass.

A frenzied mob released quarantined cholera patients from a hospital in a town near Rome.

Governor Mann of Virginia said the day is near when that state will grant suffrage to women.

Representatives from twenty-six states participated in the republican progressive conference in Chicago.

Congressman G. W. Norris addressed students at Wesleyan university and at the Temple High, at Lincoln.

Senator Reyburn intimated unless there were more specific charges the case against Stephenson will fail.

Progressive republicans at Chicago formally endorsed Senator La Follette as a candidate for president.

The speech of the sultan at the reassembling of the Turkish parliament advised resistance to Italy.

Fire completely destroyed the beautiful country home at Westbury, L. I., of Robert Bacon, American ambassador to France.

Mrs. Harold R. Howell of Des Moines was elected Iowa state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

At Detroit eight hundred and fifty employes of W. H. Fink & Co., local overall manufacturers, went out on strike.

The six thousand garment-workers at Cleveland who have been on strike nineteen weeks, will vote on the question of giving up the fight.

The revolt in Tabasco, Mexico, will spread, according to General Bernardino Reyes. He asserts he has had no hand in the outbreak.

Capron Springs hotel, a summer resort near Winchester, Va., was destroyed by fire, along with the cottages and bath houses.

United States Judge Smith McPherson of Iowa will preside in the litigation pending the division of the property of F. G. Lewis & Co. at St. Louis.

Ben Benjamin, for twenty years sporting editor of San Francisco Chronicle, is dead in Oakland, after a long illness. He was 50 years of age.

Congressman Fred S. Jackson, "progressive" from the Fourth (Me.) district, has a "hunch" Champ Clark will be the Democratic nominee for president.

John Caldwell, embezzler, came to Jeffersonville, Ind., from Gary unguarded, to begin a sentence of from two to fourteen years in the Indiana penitentiary.

A call for the nineteenth annual irrigation congress was sent out. It will be held in Chicago from December 5 to 9. Delegates from each state, city and town in the United States have been invited to be present.

All railroads are forbidden by the interstate commerce commission to cancel rate contracts with other roads when such action will result in a raise of freight rates.

Marshall Ney King, a pioneer baseball player and one of the original "Haymakers," died at his home in Troy, N. Y., aged 62 years. His first professional engagement was in 1871 with the Chicago Nationals.

The Archduke Karl Franz Joseph and Princess Neita, of Parma, were married in the castle at Schwarzau, lower Ausria, in the presence of the emperor and the king of Saxony.

Resolutions asking President Taft to remove Secretary Wilson because he accepted the presidency of the brewers' congress were adopted by the state Baptist convention at Odrian, Michigan.

A prisoners' strike developed in Sing Sing prison when 156 convicts in the knitting shop refused to continue work, declaring themselves dissatisfied with existing conditions.

Ortie E. McManigal, on whose confession the prosecution in the McNamara trials expects convictions, has been sued for divorce. His wife, Emma McManigal, charges him with repeated cruelty.

James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway, made it plain that if the United States Steel corporation wants to cancel its lease of the Great Northern ore properties in Minnesota it is welcome to do so.

Reaching out into all parts of the world equal suffrage ideas have fastened their grip even upon the women of Alaska, Hawaii and Cuba, declared Mary Ware Dennett, corresponding secretary of the National Woman Suffrage association.

Mrs. Warren Fairbanks of Chicago, social leader and wife of the son of former Vice President Fairbanks, reported to the police that a bag containing jewels worth $10,000 had been taken from her from a Pullman car en route from Boston to Chicago.

Chinese revolution leaders believe it is only a question of time until a republic will be established.

Personal.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson denies that he is going to retire.

Aviator Ely was killed at Macon, Ga., while giving exhibitions.

In an address at New York Colonel Roosevelt said courts were prone to err as well as individuals.

State Senator Broderick, a democratic supporter of Lorimer, was compelled to make important admissions.

DEAL DON'T AFFECT STATE

ORE ROYALTIES MUST BE PAID JUST THE SAME IF LEASE IS TRANSFERRED.

Not a Penny of Royalty Has Been Paid—Not a Pound of Ore Has Been Shipped.

St. Paul.—The reported cancellation of the leases of the Great Northern iron ore properties, which include some state leases, by the United States Steel corporation, will have no effect on the state's interests, in the opinion of S. G. Iverson, state auditor. The leases in question, first taken by the Hill interests from the original lessees from the state in the name of the Arthur Iron Mining company, were transferred to the steel corporation, and the cancellation would simply return them to the Hill interests.

State Not Affected, Says Iverson.

"So far as the state is concerned, I cannot see how its interests will be affected in the slightest," Mr. Iverson said yesterday. "The minimum royalties of twenty-five cents a ton on 5,000 tons a year for each lease must be paid under the law, no matter who holds the leases.

"So far the state has not received a penny of royalties on shipments from these mines, and not a pound of ore has been shipped, though we received a notice the other day that the Fay mine would be opened soon," he continued.

Go to School, "U" and Swamp Funds.

The royalties from these and other mine leases are applied to the credit of the school, university and swamp funds, and not to the general revenue of the state, for the expenses of the government, as are the general taxes on the admitted tonnage. This includes both the royalties paid on shipments and the minimum royalties, which are in the nature of a penalty for non-shipment, according to Mr. Iverson, and are not advance payments.

"In other words," he explained, "when shipments are begun the minimum royalties previously paid, cannot be deducted from the 25 cents royalties a ton on shipments. They do not apply at all."

Include 1,520 Acres of State Land.

The Great Northern mine properties include 1,520 acres of lands leased from the state, according to a statement prepared by Mr. Iverson yesterday, having an admitted tonnage, reported to the state tax commission, of 36,276,033 tons. The largest tracts, totaling 960 acres, leased to William Robinson in 1900, have thirty-nine years to run; the Fay mine, a forty-acre tract, thirty-seven years, and the others from forty to forty-five. The leases are for fifty-year terms.

Five of the leases, involving an admitted tonnage of 26,976,372 tons, but authoritatively estimated to run as high as 70,000,000 belong to the permanent school fund, five to the university and three to the swamp land fund. A tabulated statement of the leases follows:

To Whom Leased.	Acres.	Admitted Tonnage.
L. W. Hill	160	
William Robinson	160	
William Robinson	160	26,976,372
William Robinson	160	
William Robinson	160	
J. K. Jones	80	721,140
J. K. Jones	80	1,482,626
Mesabi Chief Iron Co.	120	4,966,742
William Robinson	160	....
Niagara Iron Co.	80	226,987
Marcus L. Fay	40	782,652
I. McDonald et al.	40	760,818
Niagara Iron Co.	120	246,698
Totals	1,520	36,276,033

SALE OF STATE LANDS.

Seventeen Thousand Acres to be Offered at Bemidji November 8.

Bemidji.—"The sale of state lands which will be held in Bemidji and other points in Northern Minnesota in November will be one of the most important sales ever conducted by the state," says Theodore Nelson, who has charge of the state land sales as a representative of the state auditor's office. "The lands that will be offered for sale in Bemidji Wednesday, November 8, will embrace a lot of new tracts that have but recently been appraised, and in the offerings there will be much that is good."

In the printed advertisements of the November sale the amount that will be offered for sale November 8 is listed at 17,000 acres, and it is likely that about all of this amount is new offerings.

The past summer crews have been busy in the northern counties where there are state lands, appraising the lands and timber, etc., with the result that the state auditor's office now has correct data relative to the state lands in this section that have not been sold, and any intending purchaser may get all information desired by applying to the auditor's office.

Approximately 30,000 acres of state lands have been appraised in Beltrami county. There remain but a very few isolated tracts to be appraised.

Eight in Fight Over Squaws.

Duluth. — In a free-for-all fight at a Great Northern section house at Ball Club, near Grand Rapids, participated in by four Indians and four section laborers, Charles Drumbeater, a Chippewa, was so badly cut by a dirk in the hands of one of the laborers that his condition is critical and his brother, John Drumbeater, sustained serious cuts about the nose and face. The affair followed an attempt of the Indians to break up an orgy between the section hands and four squaws.

GOOD BUTTER SCORES.

Full List of Ratings of Minnesotans at Milwaukee Show Where State Won Prize.

St. Paul.—Secretary F. W. McIntosh of the State Dairy and Food commission has received the full list of scores made by the Minnesota buttermakers exhibiting at the national dairy show at Milwaukee, at which Minnesota won the $500 cup for the best average score. The cup was won by the average score of the best seven samples from each state, but the average of all of the entries from this state was also high. There were eighty-two entries from Minnesota and they averaged 93.88.

The cup has been placed on exhibition in the Governor's office, where it has been viewed by many persons.

The following are the scores of the Minnesota exhibitors:

A. G. Rodman, Buffalo	95.16
John R. Blomquist, North Branch	95.50
Oscar Carlson, Waseca	95.33
A. J. Anderson, Olivia	95.00
P. A. Jordahl, Hartland	93.00
H. P. Goernat, Frost	92.00
Ernest J. Wolff, Hector	92.00
William C. T. Boettcher, Canby	90.16
M. Sorensen, Clarissa	94.16
F. H. Bartlett, Pease	92.83
J. H. Steinke, Freeport	94.83
J. A. Peterson, Chicago City	97.00
Fred W. Dane, New Ulm	94.50
Carl A. Nelson, Wood Lake	92.50
Edwin Uiring, Webster	92.33
Cris Hanson, Hanska	95.66
E. O. Quenvold, Hutchinson	94.00
Ernest C. Kursell, Shakopee	94.33
H. H. Lenow, Mayer	94.50
A. H. Bockey, Shafer	97.00
George A. Holmes, Biscay	90.00
S. H. Hagen, Jackson	94.83
Charles A. Gramith, Waconia	94.33
Otto R. Mau, Young America	95.50
Henry Erickson, Winsted	97.50
E. G. Grunwald, Owatonna	95.33
Hans Larson, Hayfield	89.66
John Grosser, Clinton Falls	95.00
F. J. Kassube, Geneva	93.00
Theodore Peterson, Maple Plain	94.00
Alfred Camp, Owatonna	94.16
O. J. Vollrath, Henderson	93.33
J. G. Johnson, Browerville	93.16
Alfred T. Sunde, Utica	93.83
Mathew Langenfeld, Belle Plaine	93.00
Carl Schaldret, Plummer	92.50
Alfred Rasmussen, Hallock	94.33
Frank A. Pace, Newfolden	90.00
H. Wenger, Echo	91.33
Ferdinand Jacobson, Ellendale	94.83
Anton Baltes, Meire Grove	91.00
Peter J. Olson, Lancaster	91.66
H. H. Jensen, Clark's Grove	90.66
S. A. Kellgren, Rothsay	95.16
George Nelson, St. James	95.83
A. M. Hanson, Twin Lakes	95.33
L. J. Grelleng, Erhard	95.00
Otto Zierach, Lake Elmo	94.16
George W. Hagberg, Cokato, R. No. 2	96.00
A. O. Jensen, Le Sueur	90.00
Fred Hansen, Lake Crystal	97.00
E. A. Godrangen, Keister	95.00
C. E. Kendall, Augusta	95.00
A. J. Hed, St. Hilaire	96.33
A. L. Radke, Plato	97.50
A. G. Schandel, Glencoe	94.50
E. O. Blomquist, Center City, R. No. 1	96.00
L. C. Jensen, Shafer	97.00
F. A. Johnson, North Branch, R. No. 5	97.50
N. C. Hugger, Parker's Prairie	90.83
M. J. Malitor, Zion P. O.	92.50
T. F. Reese, Chatfield	91.00
J. J. Jefferson, Evan	92.16
Henry Dettmer, Ellendale, R. No. 1	90.00
A. T. Radke, Hamburg	94.33
Paul Lindholm, Litchfield, R. No. 1	91.16
Ernest Wacker, Arlington	92.16
John Nelson, Viking	89.66
J. W. Engel, Pratt	95.50
[illegible]	94.00
Charles Olson, Roseau	93.00
G. A. Hall, Eden Valley	90.16
Chris Jensen, Dassell	92.00
B. A. Finch, Webster	93.83
S. C. Boe, New York Mills	92.00
Chris Peterson, Elk River	93.00
Oscar Rase, Kenyon	91.00
A. B. McLaughlin, Elgin	94.83
Rush Point Co-operative Creamery Co., Rush Point	93.00
W. G. McLaughlin, Elgin	94.16
Oscar Rynquist, Rogers, 105	94.66
Sabin Swanson, Litchfield	95.83
Total	7,697.61

Eighty-two entries, average score, 93.88.

RIVER FLIGHT FARCE IS OVER.

Aviator Robinson Proves To Be An Expert In Hot Air Only.

Minneapolis. — The much heralded aeroplane "flight" of Hugh Robinson from Minneapolis to New Orleans, which has been a huge farce from the beginning, has ended at Rock Island, by his declaration that the flight is off, on account of lack of money.

Mr. Robinson said that of the $20,000 fund that was to have been subscribed by cities along the river for a prize to the aviator, to be awarded if he made the trip, only Minneapolis, his starting point, had paid its full subscription.

H. A. Tuttle, president of the Minneapolis Commercial club and of the Trans-Mississippi Flight Association, which had been formed to promote the air journey from Minneapolis to New Orleans, said that if the report of Robinson's quitting was true, he had greatly misjudged the aviator. If the flight were discontinued now, Mr. Tuttle said, it would be an act of bad faith on Mr. Robinson's part.

Robinson had covered 371 miles when he reached Rock Island. His refusal to go further was precipitated, he said, by the failure of the St. Louis officials of the Mississippi River Flight association, of which President A. B. Lambert of the St. Louis Aero Club is the head to guarantee the payment of the full subscription list.

CHARGE BROTHERS WITH ARSON.

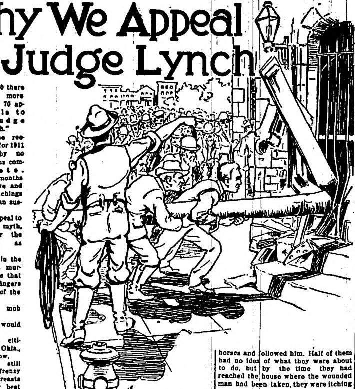
Bemidji. — Charged with arson in the third degree, Edward and Edwin Geralds, twin brothers and prominent in business circles here, were arraigned before Judge C. W. Stanton on an indictment by the Beltrami county jury. The alleged crime of which the Geralds are accused is the setting on fire of a building in Black Duck last April. Dr. D. F. Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, convicted recently by a jury of third degree arson for the attempted burning of the postoffice at Puposky, is alleged to have been a confederate in the commission of the Black Duck crime.

BISHOP HEFRON IS IMPROVING.

Winona Prelate Recovering from Operation for Appendicitis.

Rochester. — Bishop Patrick Heffron of the Winona (Minn.) diocese, who three weeks ago underwent a very serious operation for acute appendicitis, was able to sit up a short period for the first time Sunday and it is now believed that the bishop has passed the danger zone. It will still be some time before he can again resume his work.

Why We Appeal To Judge Lynch



IN 1910 there were more than 70 appeals to "Judge Lynch." The record for 1911 is by no means complete. There are two months left of the twelve and the record of lynchings is being more than sustained.

Why do we appeal to this somber myth, known all over the United States as "Judge Lynch?"

What is there in the atmosphere of a murder or an outrage that makes men's fingers long for the feel of the rope?

Why does a mob form?

Coatesville, Pa., would like to know.

The repentant citizens of Durant, Okla., would like to know.

Cairo, Ill., is still wondering what frenzy entered into the breasts of many of her best citizens but a short time since when the mob spirit was loose in that city.

Since 1885 and up to the middle of the present year there have been more than 3,500 appeals to "Judge Lynch." There have been many that were never recorded in the wilder portions of the United States in the first years of this period. Possibly 100 illegal hangings have taken place in that time that have never found their way into the statistics of lynchings. Very few of the members of these mobs have ever been brought to justice for the part they have taken in them. It is a peculiarly American appeal from the justice of the courts. In most instances the appeal is taken before the law of the land has any opportunity of punishing the criminal.

Coatesville, Pa., a quiet little town in the Quaker state, was the scene of the last lynching of note. It has many churches, good schools and fewer aliens and illiterates than most villages whose principal industry is mining.

"The average of intelligence is high," writes a minister who made an investigation there after the excitement had died down. "There are many churches here and the religious spirit has always seemed good.

"I am at a loss to account for this terrible thing that has happened."

Other investigators made the same report. It was a mystery to Coatesville as to why this thing had taken place. A few hours before had been as quiet and peaceable a town as any in the state. Somewhere out of the night and from among the people of the town a mob had formed and put to a horrible death a negro accused of a crime. The next morning the town was repentant and horror-stricken. It is still wondering how the occurrence came about.

"A man by himself, thinking for himself, is a whole man; a man in a crowd is only a fraction of himself, he thinks as the mob thinks."

That is the summing up of the vague, uncanny power that grips men when the cry of "lynch him" goes up. That is the summing up of the opinion of the alienist who has had an opportunity to watch a mob form and make up its mind.

The alienist does not believe that any man is actually responsible for any act committed while he is gripped by the mob spirit.

He is temporarily an irresponsible being.

Mind and mental habits, the good clean ways of thinking are dethroned for a time at least.

He is hypnotized by a form of hypnotism that has only recently been analyzed by the psychologist. While he is in its grip, he has no brain of his own. He has little memory of what actually took place while he was in that condition.

Something bigger than himself swept his own will power out and took its place.

Munsterberg, Le Bons, Sidis and others have analyzed and discovered the principles of the mob spirit. They point out that all men are more or less subject to the influence of other minds. It is hard for one man to oppose his will to that of a roomful of individuals who are demanding something of him. It is hard for one man or ten men to hold out against the desire of hundreds, when the hunger of the man hunt is in the veins of the hundreds. Their combined will is a powerful influence that pulls them off their feet and out of themselves.

La Bon, a Frenchman, has made the most careful study of the mob, how it forms and what impulses sway it. He calls his work on the subject, "The Crowd." It is a coldly analytical record of the things that mobs do and why they do them. He finds that under the stress of excitement the plain, sober man sheds his veneer of civilization and becomes a beast full of blood hunger. He wants to kill. When he wants to wreak vengeance it must be full of atrocities and horrors. The victim is usually battered and mutilated by the clubs, the hands or the feet of the mobs.

The good citizen who was selling calico over a counter a few hours before becomes a savage. The professional man who loves books and scientific discussion feels something stir in his nerve cells that was implanted there when his forefathers executed justice on offenders with their own hands. For an hour or a day the spell is on him. He comes out of this condition as though he were coming out of a nightmare.

A while ago an Illinois desperado was arrested by two constables in his cabin. He submitted to arrest and in spite of the fact that he was accounted a dangerous character the officers allowed him some freedom to make arrangements to accompany them. While moving around the cabin he suddenly made a leap for a rifle, shot one of the officers dead and mortally wounded the other. A bullet stuck him in the thigh during the firing.

The wounded criminal fled from the cabin and, favored by the darkness, made his way across a creek bottom and hid in the timber. Posses were formed to hunt him down. Most of the members were not particularly enraged at the crime. During the whole of the day's hunt, the beating of the timber and the searching of the hills was looked upon as a form of sport. When night came the temper of the hunters changed. They had been thinking of the same thing all day long. They began to mutter among themselves.

Word came back that the wounded desperado had been found. Instinctively the horsemen began gathering themselves in squardons that set off on a gallop toward the place where he was captured. The sound of hoofs warned the sheriff who had taken charge of the prisoner. By taking a short cut through the woods he managed to escape the now thoroughly aroused mob that had been joking and laughing an hour before.

One shout had swerved the fancy of the mob. A tall, excitable farmer straightened up in his saddle when he heard of the prisoner's capture, and shouted: "Come on, boys, let's go and get him." He swung into the road at the gallop as he called, and everybody put spurs to their tired horses and followed him. Half of them had no idea of what they were about to do, but by the time they had reached the house where the wounded man had been taken, they were itching to pull at a rope. In just such careless, trivial ways the mob spirit is born.

The mob spirit does not necessarily vent itself in murder. Here are some typical instances of mob emotion that occur in everyday life.

A baseball crowd when the home team is winning in a grand closing rally when the game seemed lost.

A football crowd, when some halfback breaks loose from a tangle of players and electrifies the stands by an eighty-yard run down the field.

The intense excitement that accompanies some of the great revival meetings where thousands are under the spell of an emotional orator.

The frenzied ovations that are sometimes given a presidential candidate after a long week of the excitement of a national political convention.

The sudden blaze of excitement that follows any war scare is the manifestation of a national mob spirit. It is electrical in its effect on the great crowds that form in such periods.

Spellbinders of the political campaigns are past masters in the art of stirring up mob emotions. They are valued according to their ability to stir the crowds into yelling, screeching enthusiasms.

"Stop thief!" is another cry that starts the mob emotion, makes every man drop whatever he is about to do and turns him into a hunter of the hunted.

What would your defense be if you were brought into court charged with being a member of a mob? Is there any defense that could be made as laws stand now? In the past the man charged with being a member of such an avenging band has always relied upon technicalities and the power of public sentiment to help him go free. Now the alienists and psychologists have found a new loophole.

They assert that mob members are under the diabolic sway of the magnetism of the mob.

That he is not responsible for any acts that he may have committed while in that strange, trance-like state of excitement that glazes men's eyes and turns the gentlest soul into a creature of vengeance is their opinion.

His actions while under this peculiar mob-hypnosis are at utter variance with everything that he has ever done in all his life before.

He has hypnotized himself and others at the same time with ideas of vengeance.

According to the men who peer into our motives and dissect our thoughts these are the real reasons why we appeal to "Judge Lynch." The low percentage of convictions in assaults, murders and the whole catalogue of outrages have had to do with our readiness to carry the case into the tribunal of that judge who works in the dark and who always convicts and never grants a rehearing. Race prejudice helps the mob to appeal from the courts of the state to this mythical court that has hanged, burned and shot nearly 4,00 victims since 1885.

Lynching is not becoming less frequent. The average holds nearly uniform one year after another. States that never knew the vengeance of a mob before have recently been shocked and horrified by outbreaks of this spirit within their boundaries. The custom of appealing to that grim "judge" is spreading, and thus far no means have ever been devised that will stamp it out. It lies too deeply in the emotions.

Beyond His Comprehension.

"There is something mysterious about the word 'psychic,'" said the student of occult things. "Yes," replied the plain person; "and the most mysterious thing about it to me is the way they spell it."—Stray Stories.

A G. Washington Hat.

"It is said that a woman's hat which turns up in front forces her to admit every year of her age." "Then a woman is liable to be turned down on account of a turnup hat."

Hose or Hosiery.

A New Rochellite whose yard needed fall attention, called at the hardware department of a New York store "I am in need of some lawn hose," he said. "Try the hosiery department, second floor," responded the young lady in charge

Offensive Officers.

"Billie Longears is awfully sore on the police—" "Yes. They've arrested him four times now, and each time they've taken him to the pound instead of to jail"—Harper's Weekly.

His Age Against Him.

That eighty-year-old New Yorker who had lived for seven years in the streets and was then sent to the poorhouse may die of the luxury of his new surroundings. He is pretty old to be changing his mode of life.

Uncle Eben.

"De man dat expects to git sumpin foh nothin'," said Uncle Eben, "generally makes a mighty risky investment of time an' trouble dat ought to be worth consid'able."

Truism Repeated.

"No man is truly great," says a philosopher, "unless he is able to convince his neighbors that he is." That may be true. Anyway, a man's neighbors are the last to discover that he is great.

Business Forms.

"You say that picture has Rembrandt's signature?" "Well," replied Mr. Cumrox, "I don't remember exactly what the picture dealer said. Perhaps Rembrandt didn't actually sign it. Maybe he only indorsed it."

It Would Come Back.

Lady—"Yes, I've an umbrella that needs mending, but how am I to know that you will bring it back?" Umbrella Mender—"Have no fear, mum. I allus charges more for mendin' than I could sell the umbrella for."

Enshrined Within the Heart.

It is significant of the spark of divinity within us, that no matter how depraved one may be, one seldom fails to recognize and hold a certain respect for truth and justice.

One of Life's Regrets.

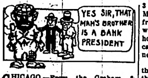
Among the lesser regrets that mingle with graver sorrow for the friends of an earlier generation we have lost are our omissions to ask them so many questions they could have answered so easily and would have been pleased to be asked.—O. W. Holmes.

In the Dog Watch.

Objection is made in New York to drowning stray dogs, for fear so many sunken barks may obstruct navigation.—Christian Advocate.

Happenings in the Cities

Chicago Has a Port of Missing Men



YES SIR, THAT MAN'S BROTHER IS A BANK PRESIDENT

CHICAGO.—From the Graham & Morton dock, at the foot of Wabash avenue, three men walked into the Chicago river the other morning. Four policemen wearily fished them out and left them to dry on the wharf.

These three men are daily associates of the following distinguished persons:

A brother of a former president's law partner. A son of a millionaire brewer. A brother of a stock exchange operator. A brother of a Chicago police officer.

Some day one of these four men may decide to take a promenade in the water and perhaps the police will get them out, and perhaps they won't. For the four distinguished persons, as well as the three undistinguished ones, only "wharf rats" and their deaths would probably trouble the city as little as their near-deaths troubled the officers who rescued the three.

There is a story called "The Port of Missing Men." O. Burke, dock superintendent for Graham & Morton, thinks he knows where the port is. Hundreds of men have dropped suddenly out of sight. Many of these, according to Mr. Burke, are laboring now along the docks of the Chicago river, unloading boats for 25 cents an hour, and, like the three who nearly drowned, occasionally dropping, or nearly dropping, out of all existence.

The casual attitude is the thing which draws the men to the docks. At 3 o'clock every morning a Graham & Morton steamer comes in loaded with fruit. The fruit must be moved into warehouses quickly. Two or three hours of working time is as much as can be spared. Two hundred men are necessary.

The two hundred men are always there. They begin drifting down to the dock at nightfall, and by midnight they are spread along its length, sleeping the untroubled sleep of the irresponsible. When the boat comes in they awake and, forming in long lines, transport the cargo, in the manner of a bucket brigade, to the warehouse. When the boat is unloaded they are paid on the spot. If they have worked two hours they have 50 cents. Fifty cents, says Mr. Burke, will last a wharf rat for two days. Then he can come back and make another fifty.

Occasionally one of the workers disappears. After a week or two his fellow-workers notice that he is gone. They make no inquiries. Perhaps he has fallen into the river, perhaps he has taken a freight train to other countries, perhaps he has quietly resumed his place in a former life. The subject is of small interest to other men.

On the dock origin and disposal are alike without significance. That a man is of good family is of importance only in so far as the family sends him remittances. Under such circumstances he has had a "fall," and may be cultivated as a prolific source of drinks.

Occasionally the "rats" become too thick and the police make a wholesale raid. In the winter, Mr. Burke says, they live on odd jobs and general labor. Every one knows their activity in ward politics at election time. It is an eventless life and an inconspicuous time.

Guest 'Jollies' Waiter to Save Tips

DO YOU KNOW— I JUST HATE TH' STUFF THEY HAND OUT OVER THESE BUM LUNCH COUNTERS—!

SALINA, KAN.—In the breach of promise suit of Miss Alice Bowes against N. W. Sly, some inside facts about how a traveling man may invariably get the best there is on the bill of fare at a hotel were made public.

Miss Bowes was a waitress in a Topeka hotel. Sly, formerly a Union Pacific conductor, and now a claim agent for that road, frequently stopped at the hotel where the plaintiff was employed. He "jollied" her freely and she thought he was trying to marry her. Sly says he was merely trying to get the best there was in the house to eat. The jury took the girl's side of the question and gave her a verdict for $10,000.

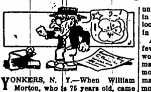
The girl says that Sly made love to her and induced her to go with him on several trips, and wrote her many effusive letters. She could not produce any of these letters. Though this statement was met by a denial from Sly that he ever wrote to her, she says the letters were so warm she destroyed them as fast as they arrived. Sly stood pat on a clear denial of every allegation and insisted the whole trouble came from Miss Bowes' inability to differentiate between hunger and heartache.

During his many years' work as a railroad man Sly took liberties with his personal locomotive and made many a flying switch on a lunch counter sandwich and cup of coffee. Trying to keep up steam on tough steak and cold apple pie finally had its effect and by the time he quit eating his meals in rag-time from the top of a stool his stomach was laid up for repairs and to get something he could eat at hotels necessitated some kindly attention from the waitresses. He says he was kind to all of them, for by that method he obtained better service. In regard to Miss Bowes, he says he didn't treat her any differently from the others.
ly from the others, but she seemed to take it seriously.

To make his denial stronger he swore that he had never been alone with Miss Bowes in his life and told the jury they could readily understand how difficult it would be, even for a man with the nerve of a claim agent, to propose to a girl in a crowded dining room.

This was the third trial of the case. Miss Bowes is the daughter of a Pottawatomie farmer, and is well connected.

Trimmed by Strangers in Poker Game



YONKERS, N. Y.—When William Morton, who is 75 years old, came out of his little trance and felt himself over he realized it was no idle dream that he had been put back $500 by his love for poker and his confidence in human nature. His belief that it was all going out and nothing coming in was strengthened when he read the following note:

"Never try to trim a wise one. It not only does not benefit a man of your years, but it has been tried by thousands before you, and the verdict of time is that it can't be done.

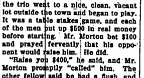
"Publicity would be very bad on your credit with your banker, and we feel therefore that we can trust you to swallow your anger and keep this afternoon's sport to yourself."

So that this information might not get lost in the shuffle, it was placed under a brick, which Mr. Morton found in a small valise when he opened it to look for $3,500 he thought he had won in a poker game.

According to Mr. Morton he met a few days ago a man from whom he won $3,000 playing poker. After the man had given an "I. O. U." for the money he told Mr. Morton of another man from whom he could win a lot of money. Mr. Morton was told the other man played a strictly cash game and that he had better provide himself with $500. Mr. Morton did so and the trio went to a nice, clean, vacant lot outside the town and began to play. It was a table stakes game, and each of the men put up $500 in real money before starting. Mr. Morton bet $100 and prayed fervently that his opponent would raise him. He did.

"Raise you $400," he said, and Mr. Morton promptly "called" him. The other fellow said he had a flush, and Mr. Morton drew down the pot, showing his hand. Then his best friend produced a valise, into which he placed all the money in the pot. Next he offered to redeem his "I O. U." and put into the valise what he said was $3,000 in cash.

Steals to Win Honors in Fraternity



YOU MAY GO —THIS TIME

NEW YORK.—Richard Pacharz, self-confessed embezzler, who had donated most of the $6,000 he stole to the lodge of which he was the chief officer, and contributed the remainder to various charitable enterprises, met clemency on every hand when he was arraigned before Judge Swann. The court suspended sentence and the young man's employers—from whom he had stolen—offered him his old place as confidential bookkeeper and cashier. It was a remarkable case of its kind.

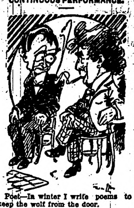
During the eight years previous to his arrest, Pacharz had been employed by Darnet Bros. When the thefts were discovered the bookkeeper pleaded guilty. In making his plea he amazed the court by proclaiming that he had spent every dollar of the stolen money in donations to the order to which he belonged and its charities. Not a dollar of the plunder had he spent on himself or his little family.

"My trouble," said the young man, "is due entirely to a mad ambition for fraternal honors. It was the one great joy of my life to attain high rank in the lodge, so I made [illegible] picnics to the old people and children who lived at the lodge's home."

Judge Swann could scarcely credit the man's story, but his probationary officers found that everything Pacharz said was true. When he was arraigned the trustees of Pacharz's lodge produced their books to show that their officer had contributed $5,000 during the period he was stealing from his employers. They also verified his other statements about minor charities.

Judge Swann replied that he was moved to clemency not by mere sentiment. From every possible source he had received the highest praise of the prisoner. His employers had urged clemency and promised to take him back to his old job. His crime was not due to avarice or greed, but to a [illegible]

CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE.



Poet—In winter I write poems to keep the wolf from the door.

Admiring Friend—Yes—

Poet—And in summer I have to keep on writing poems so the iceman will stop at the door.

ALMOST CRAZY WITH ECZEMA

"I, the undersigned, cannot give enough praise to the Cuticura Remedies. I had been doctoring for at least a year for eczema on my foot. I had tried doctor after doctor all to no avail. When a young girl I sprained my ankle three different times, paying little or no attention to it, when five years ago a small spot showed upon my left ankle. I was worried and sent for a doctor. He said it was eczema. He drew a small bone from the ankle about the size of a match and about an inch long. The small hole grew to about the size of an apple, and the eczema spread to the knee. The doctors never could heal the hole in the ankle. The whole foot ran water all the time.

"My husband and my sons were up night and day wheeling me from one room to another in the hope of giving me some relief. I would sit for hours at a time in front of the fireplace hoping for daybreak. The pain was so intense I was almost crazy, in fact, I would lose my reason for hours at a time. One day a friend of mine dropped in to see me. No more had she glanced at my foot than she exclaimed: 'Mrs. Finnegan, why in the world don't you try the Cuticura Remedies!' Being disgusted with the doctors and their medicines, and not being able to sleep at all, I decided to give the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment a trial. After using them three days that night I slept as sound as a silver dollar for eight long hours. I awoke in the morning with but very little pain, in fact, I thought I was in heaven. After using the Cuticura Remedies for three months I was perfectly restored to health, thanks to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I will be sixty-four years of age my next birthday, hale and hearty at present." (Signed) Mrs. Julia Finnegan, 2234 Hebert St., St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 7, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 12 K, Boston.

Salve to Conscience.

It was at a concert, where the removal of hats was not obligatory, still the woman with a conscience wished to be accommodating. She turned to the woman sitting beside her and said:

"Does my hat bother you?"

"Not in the least," said the other woman sweetly, so the woman with a conscience settled complacently back to listen to the music while persons on the back seats twisted their necks out of joint trying to see around her hat.

Serious Business.

Madge—Was George fooling while you were playing golf?

Marjorie—Gracious, I hope not! Why, I accepted him.—Lippincott's.

Accidents, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Bruises, Bumps, Cuts, Wounds, all are painful. Hamlins Wizard Oil draws out the inflammation and gives instant relief. Don't wait for the accident. Buy it now.

You may have noticed how different men are from hogs. The latter never want to do things that are not good to them.

Successful Economy in Baking.

Most housewives assume when they buy a big can of baking powder at a low price that they have been economical. They have to a slight extent—but when they use that cheap "big can" baking powder, and find it so uneven in quality, or so unreliable that the baking fails, there isn't so much economy in it after all, for the wasted materials far outweigh the few cents saved in the price.

SUCCESSFUL economy is in the reach of every woman that desires it. She has only to order Calumet Baking Powder, and use it according to instructions. Then, she will achieve economy. For not only does Calumet sell at a reasonable price—25c per pound—but it is so carefully made by experienced chemists that failure is impossible. Only the best materials are used and the proportions of the ingredients are so exact and so uniform that EVERY baking comes from the oven, light, sweet, and beautifully raised. Calumet guarantees you against failure, and that is what constitutes real economy in baking.

Why not use Calumet, a baking powder that you can always rely upon? You can get no better at any price, for at the World's Pure Food Exposition, Calumet received the Highest Award.

Not If He Knew It.

"That's a nice little game you played on that girl in not showing up at the church when you were to be married to her."

"Well, it wasn't a tie game."

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT

Cement Talk No. 10

Concrete work stands the weather. No rotting, shrinking, warping, no crumbling nor rusting can occur where good sand, gravel or crushed stone have been mixed properly with **UNIVERSAL** Portland Cement and cast into sidewalks, floors, steps, foundations or other *concrete* work. Our best customers are our old customers who know by experience that *concrete* made from **UNIVERSAL** cement is good for years of use. Ask your dealer for **UNIVERSAL** when you have any concrete work to do.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

WE SELL
GUNS, TRAPS, ETC.
CHEAP
Write for Free Catalog 105
N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR ALL EYE DISEASES

N. W. N. U., NO. 43-1911.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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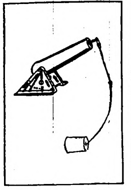
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

SCIENCE AND INVENTION

NEW LIFE SAVING APPARATUS

Attachment Prevents Burning of Rope Shot From Gun—Does Not Interfere With Flight.

Just at this season of the year the life saving apparatus is very much in the limelight and the attachment for life saving guns invented by a New York man is of especial interest. Those who have seen these guns on the beach at coast resorts will recall that they are cannon with an adjustable range that shoot out rods to one end of which is attached an end of a coil of rope contained in a receptacle at their side. The heat of the blast, however, has been known to set fire



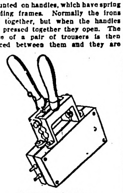
Fireproof Joint Holds Line.

to the lifeline with the result that it did not reach its destination. The attachment here shown consists of a long fireproof joint that connects the end of the missile in the gun with the free end of the rope, engaging both with a series of elastic loops that allow such perfect freedom of movement as not to interfere in the slightest with the flight of the missile.

PRESSING IRONS ARE HANDY

Crease Made in Trousers by Drawing Edge Between Them—Bother With Tailor Eliminated.

A New York genius has designed a pair of pressing irons that make a man independent of the tailor after his clothes are made. They are also handy for persons traveling who want to preserve a natty appearance. The irons are two hollow box-like affairs mounted on handles, which have spring holding frames. Normally the irons are together, but when the handles are pressed together they open. The edge of a pair of trousers is then placed between them and they are drawn the length of the trouser leg, imparting as fine a crease as any tailor can give with the old-style iron. This new implement is heated by electricity and has an attachment therefor at one end. All the traveler need to do is hitch it up to the electric fixture in his hotel room and press his trousers in a few minutes. It will also press other garments or flat goods excellently.



Handy Pressing Irons.

Low Temperature on Fish.

M. Pictet, the French scientist, has been conducting some experiments to ascertain the effect of low temperature on fish and animals. He has been at work on this subject at times for 18 years, and he finds that with all the animals with which he has experimented the common snail can withstand the greatest amount of cold. He has subjected them to a temperature of 120 degrees C. below freezing point, and then nursed them back to an active life. As a rule fish will withstand a temperature of 20 degrees; below this they are killed. At 20 degrees the body of the fish is as brittle as ice itself and may be broken as a piece of ice, but after being thawed out the are as lively as before their frigid experience.

Value of Sunburned Face.

It is believed by the Lancet that the sunburned face is of value because it implies that the individual has been exposed to a fresh, healthy and open environment. The active light rays of the sun undoubtedly give a healthy stimulus to the respiratory process, since under their influence it has been proved that the quantity of oxygen absorbed is greater, while an increasing output of cerbonic acid follows.

Photographing Fish.

In order to photograph fish in their natural surroundings, a student of the camera has built a pond with an observation chamber let in at the side and below the surface of the water. Through the window of this chamber, unnoticed by the finny tribe, he watches and photographs their movements.

Meaning of "Hangar."

The art and practice of aviation have revived the use of a word, unfamiliar to most ears. It is the designation "hangar," pronounced "hong-gor," and means a shed or shelter for a machine.

AVERAGE WEIGHT OF BRAIN

Professor Frederick W. Mott Gives Difference Between Savages and Races Long Civilized.

Professor Frederick W. Mott, lecturing before the Royal Institution of Great Britain on "The Brain," said that although in 88 per cent. of the cases in which the brains of great men had been weighed the weight was above the average, brain weight itself did not always mean brain quality.

When there was lack of the functionating tissue, the lecturer explained, the structural material might receive more than its normal share of nourishment and the extra weight be due to overgrowth of "brain scaffolding." This accounted for the very large and heavy brains sometimes found in congenital idiots. Pointing out that the brain weight of a race long civilized surpassed that of aborigines, the lecturer stated that whereas the ordinary European hospital patient had a heavier brain than a savage, the Chinese coolie laborer's brain, developed by centuries of use, weighed 1½ ounces more than that of the European hospital patient.

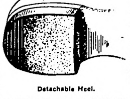
Referring to the relative brain weights of Caucasian men and women, Professor Mott said that the female brain had a good start, weighing nearly 1½ ounces more than the male brain at birth. In adult life, however, the average man's brain weighed about 5¼ ounces more than the woman's.

The average weight of the European male brain is 2 pounds 15 ounces 9 drams to 2 pounds 16 ounces 9 drams, and of the female brain 2 pounds 10 ounces 14 drams. Among savages there was not this difference, since in the struggle for existence the female had to apply her brain as fully as the male, hence it was developed at practically the same rate.

RUBBER HEEL IS DETACHABLE

Device Is Adaptable Where Desired at Different Times and Its Removal at Others.

The Scientific American illustrates and describes a rubber heel, recently invented by Andrew W. Carlson of Spokane, Wash. This invention comprehends a rubber heel of a peculiar conformation adapted for removabe engagement with the heel of a boot or shoe. The inventor provides a rubber heel together with means whereby it may be securely held in position on the heel, a rubber heel being provided with an extending engaging means whereby it may be positioned on the heel. A perspective view is given in the illustration, showing the heel in position with the fastening means. The device is adaptable for use in cases where one may desire the rubber heel at some times during the day and its removal at another time. The fastening means comprises a bent number having inwardly extending portions and it is formed of risilient metal.



Detachable Heel.

Temperature of Hats.

The inside temperature of men's hats was among the interesting illustrations at the Dresden Hygienic exposition. In the sun, with an external temperature of 96.8 degrees F., the inside of a yacht club cap showed 98.6 degrees; a Prussian helmet, 97.7 degrees; an English cap, 94.1 degrees; a black derby hat, 92.3 degrees; a high silk hat, 89.6 degrees; a soft white felt hat, 86 degrees; a light straw hat, 79.9 degrees; a Panama hat,, 77.9 degrees.

NOTES OF SCIENCE AND INVENTION

Scales for weighing diamonds are so delicate and sensitive that the weight of an eyelash will turn the balance.

The best safeguard against infectious diseases is to keep both mind and body in a healthy condition.

Tests appear to show that the wind will carry disease-breeding bacteria 200 feet, and even 60 feet during rainfall.

Ingenious tackle has been devised to make a tree that is being felled pull its own stump from the ground with it.

The handwriting of a people varies from age to age. The writing of one country may be easily distinguished from that of another.

The most famous bridge in the world, the Bridge of Sighs at Venice, so called because it led the way to a prison, was built in 1589.

A new doll that its inventor claims is indestructable is made of properly shaped block of wood, joined by spring steel swivels and hinges.

Of the Atlantic ocean, the deepest part is at a point between the West Indies and Bermuda. The depth is 4,662 fathoms, about five and one-third miles.

The intense cold of the polar regions renders the atmosphere free from microbes. Throat and lung diseases are unknown there, as well as contagious maladies.

A new vegetable digging fork is hinged and provided with a pedal so that its user can avail himself of the power of one foot instead of straining his back to lift weights.

A German chemist claims to have melted metals in a vacuum by focusing the sun's rays upon them without necessitating the use of a container of high heat resisting properties.

The American Home

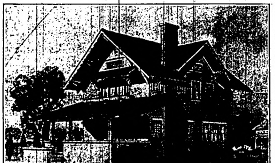
WILLIAM A. RADFORD
Editor

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

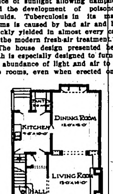
During the past two or three years the building world has been considerably stirred up over the bungalow. This style of home architecture has been enthusiastically urged by its devotees for all classes of buildings and for all locations, irrespective of the special needs of the case. While I would not decry this type of building, realizing that it has done wonders in arousing, not only the architects, but the people in general, to the possibility of art and convenience in small home building, still, I do believe that the California bungalow has at times been recommended when some other type of house would prove more appropriate and desirable.

Without questioning for a moment the attractiveness of the low, rustic bungalow cottage with its sweeping lines and open framing, for country sites, it is certain that some radical change must be made to adapt this in a practical way to the ordinary, narrow city, or village lot. The bungalow is, above all a house suited to a hilly country. A one-story house, low and broad, looks very well indeed if it can be placed on a hill or knoll well above the street and if it can have plenty of space around it for light and air and shrubbery.

With the average city lot, however, ranging in width from 25 to 40 feet the problem of securing good light and air on all four sides of a house demands careful attention. The artistic has to yield to the practical matter of sanitation. It becomes desirable to keep the house narrow and high above the ground. In this way the best air and sunlight is secured for all the rooms. This matter of good air and sunlight is more important than a great many seem to realize. We have learned during the last few years that a large proportion of the ills that human flesh is heir to is directly chargeable to bad air or poor ventilation of living and sleeping rooms, and to absence of sunlight allowing dampness and the development of poisonous moulds. Tuberculosis in its many forms is caused by bad air and has quickly yielded in almost every case to the modern fresh-air treatment.



The house design presented herewith is especially designed to furnish an abundance of light and air to all the rooms, even when erected on a narrow city lot. The extreme width of the design is 23 feet six inches, which, ordinarily, would leave quite a nice little strip of yard on each side between the walls and lot line. With the adjacent property set back an equal amount of space, about eight feet would be left free on each side, even with a thirty-foot lot.



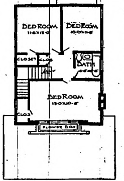
Second Floor Plan.

In addition to this feature of adaptability to city building conditions this house is designed in the true bungalow spirit; that is to say, it is unconventional in material and lines; and the wide, open rafter cornice gives it a real bungalow flavor.

A glance at the floor plans will show the thoroughly desirable arrangement of this house. It furnishes just about the maximum of roominess for a house of this size. It is really a small house, yet with the arrangement of reception hall, with its open stairway, living room and dining room separated only by two columns and cased opening, there is a clear space of 13x29 feet, which is larger than a good many really large-sized houses can boast of. The kitchen and pantry occupy the fourth corner, the arrangement being very good for convenience between kitchen and dining room. The kitchen is directly connected with the front of the house, and to the cellar stairway.

On the second floor there is one very large bedroom and two smaller ones, besides three clothes closets and a bathroom.

A distinctive feature of this entire plan is the number and the arrangement of the windows. There are five windows in the living room, six in the dining room and two each in the hall and kitchen. Upstairs each of the smaller bedrooms has three windows, while the larger bedroom has five. Two of the clothes closets have windows in them for light and ventilation. The windows in tre bedrooms are so placed that there is a cross ventilation in each of the bedrooms. This house could not fail to be cheery and healthful at all times. The windows are set rather high from the floor, so that there is no lack of privacy.



First Floor Plan.

The cost of this six-room house is estimated at $2,500, using best construction and materials, birch trim downstairs, yellow pine upstairs and oak floors throughout.

Great Plots and Great Novels.

The instinct for plot is an unappeasable one, and children keep us constantly aware of the depth and the fundamental nature of the demand that a story shall be a story. This, by the way, is the hardest thing to make it, and the student of fiction is constantly surprised to find how few are the great plots as compared with the number of the really great novels, so often does the casual chain of inevitable consequence break and fail in the dramatic type; so often does some favorite personage, growing almost too much alive, run away with the plot. Fiction, and especially English fiction, is, as we all know, far more distinguished by the creation of great characters than by the working out of great plots; and Thackeray's confession that the trend of his story often depended on the mood of the morning, he, in good humor, being inclined to make his characters do admirable deeds, in a bad humor being tempted to thrust them into villainy, may well be considered the unspoken confession of many another great novelist.—From the Atlantic.

Happy Gloomer.

At times the "Cheer-up!" idiot is absolutely cruel, for his philosophy and smiles and laughter would rob the chronic gloomer, generally a woman, of her greatest and supreme happiness in life. You all know her, the woman of both sexes who is never really happy unless she is comfortably miserable. Without her the patent medicines companies would have to go out of existence in bankruptcy and if her rheumatism leaves her for a time she is in agony of mind until it returns. Hers is the dark side of life. She has eyes only for the unpleasant and the painful. She cannot smile without cracking her lips and a surgical operation would be necessary in order to get a laugh out of her. She is always the poor lone "critter" of the Mrs. Gummidge type and the tearplant is always worked over time. She is forever expecting the worst to happen and she is keenly disappointed if it doesn't.—Grit.

Unfortunate.

Tyre Dout—I am unfortunate, mum. I had to quit my profession on account of my health.

Lady—But you look rugged. What was your profession?

Tyre Dout—Dat's just it, lady. I was too rugged. I was a ventriloquist an' a good one, lady, an' my voice got so strong I couldn't throw it.—Harper's Magazine.

PURELY FEMININE

WHEN PURSE IS LIGHT

WOMAN OF INGENUITY EASILY CAN BE WELL DRESSED.

Some Old Clothes, a Little Wit and Some Work Can Produce Wonderful Results—Stripes Are Immensely Stylish.

It goes without saying that a costume is far easier to make than a coat suit, and there is one style at present much exploited in the shops which might well appeal to home sewers. This is the dress of one-piece effect showing a little bodice with a plaited tail and puffings for trimmings. With it goes the snuggest sort of a short skirt, decked like the waist with puff bands, and sometimes holding two funny little shirred pockets on the front panel. In a dark silk, with the usual white touches on the bodice, this frock has a most practical value, for while suited to general service it can be made very smart with a dressy hat, dainty shoes and other proper accessories. It is the fad to carry huge envelope bags with these dresses, when they are worn outdoors, and when the wearer is very young and pretty she may add to the quaintness of her appearance by wearing one of the picturesque poke bonnets which are so pretty for youthful faces. A long coat or a shoulder mantle of velvet or velveteen, the long ends tying over at the front, will be worn over this little frock in the street, and when the wrap is removed the costume is at once ready for the house. About eight yards of silk or satin in the usual narrow width are required for the medium figure, and as the waist is gathered there is scarcely any fitting.

This stylish and useful little dress is shown in our illustration, the material being silk in a dim wistaria shade. The vest and undersleeves are of cream net and Val lace, treated to a little needlework in wistaria linen floss.

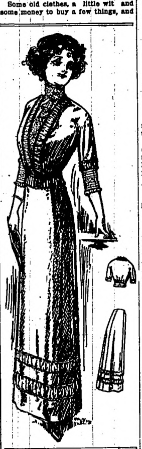
A double-faced satin or silk could be used for this style, with the puffings made up on the facing side; but it is far more usual to have all one color and one material and the effect is far better than when the trimming contrasts. Any soft wool, such as cashmere or veiling or marquisette, is adapted to the style, but although a very light and pliable cloth may also be used a thinner texture gives a better look. In fact, silk and satin are par excellence the materials for the graceful and youthful model.

The surplice bodice styles and tunic skirts also recommend themselves to domestic sewers, for draped effects are far less difficult to accomplish than plain ones, and such models are very useful for a combination of materials and for making over two old frocks into one.

Apropos of materials, stripes are to be immensely stylish, for of all patterns they give the slimmest look; moreover, a street suit in a good striped wool requires no trimming other than good buttons and straight stitching.

Some old clothes, a little wit and some money to buy a few things, and anybody can be well dressed. But the gentle art of the needle comes first, for, even if she has her frocks made, no woman can be perfectly dressed without understanding the needs of her figure and face in the most practical way. At any rate, the owner of the light pocketbook must sew.

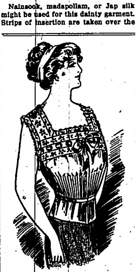
MARY DEAN.



DAINTY AND NEAT CAMISOLE

Nainsook, Madapollam or Jap Silk Can Be Used for This Attractive Garment.

Nainsook, madapollam, or Jap silk might be used for this dainty garment. Strips of insertion are taken over the shoulders, edged with valenciennes lace; other strips, with beading between, are carried across back and front; ribbon is threaded through and tied in a bow in front.



Camisole.

Fine tucks are made at the waist to prevent any superfluous fulness; a narrow band connects the basque with upper part.

Materials required: One yard 36 inches wide, three yards insertion, one yard beading, three yards lace, two yards ribbon.

Millinery Wrinkles.

When a separate loop of wire is inserted in a hat bow it often has an extremely annoying habit of asserting its presence by poking out. A stitch is not always advisable, as it may spoil the look of the bow.

Here is quite a good dodge when dealing with piece silk. The loops are made the required width from a strip cut on the straight. The selvedge is one side and the other is hemmed. Into the hem a round millinery wire is pushed before making up the loop and is gives the bow a smart upstanding appearance, keeping it exactly in the required position.

Bows wired in this way are most valuable when motor veils are worn, as they come up smiling after the crushing inevitably sustained. Though you might not think it, the bow looks smarter if the side that is hemmed (what one naturally would call "the wrong side") is used for the front. It looks like a strapping slipped on and the wire acts as a kind of piping.

Gives Note of Color.

All embroidered linen and mousseline dresses show the band of velvet, satin and mousseline. The note of color seen at the hem is frequently repeated at the waist or about the corsage.

NEW STYLE IN PETTICOATS

They Are Much Narrower Than of Old and Are Made of Soft Material.

Despite the fact that Dame Fashion says the petticoat is no longer the mode, we still see the most adorable models in the shops, and purchase and wear them, too. True, they are much narrower than the styles of old and are made of soft materials, but nevertheless they are worn by the conservative woman at any rate.

The jersey material for the top portion has scored such a success that we find it used in every grade of skirt, from those having flounces of crepe or lace to the ones of satin or perhaps mohair, and all are beautiful for the new petticoat is brilliant in color or is decorated with flowers of decided hue on a ground matching the suit.

In the medium-priced skirt, soft finished taffeta will be used extensively, this material being found satisfactory as it has not the rustle formerly so much desired, and its wearing qualities are greatly improved.

Though there is a great deal of talk of the wider skirt, women are loth to sacrifice the slender lines acquired with so great trouble, and manufacturers, realizing this, have made the new skirts no wider than two and a half yards, which width hangs gracefully under the new fall suit.

A Test for Wool.

There are some materials that are marked all wool and others are frankly marked cotton and wool mixture. There is a certain feel to cotton and wool cloth that makes one look for the cotton even when it is well hidden. The test for this is to unravel two threads, one in the cross width and one on the length. A woolen thread breaks with an irregular fringy edging, while cotton makes a clean, crisp break. In the mannish mixtures be sure that the light and not the dark threads are cotton, or in a short time you will have rusty black or dingy brown material.

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As a rule, a few doses of Munyon's Cold Remedy will break up any cold and prevent pneumonia. It relieves the head, throat and lungs almost instantly. Price 25 cents at any druggist's, or sent postpaid. If you need Medical advice write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and give you advice by mail, absolutely free.
Address Professor Munyon, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

AN EXPLANATION.

Sambo—Say, granmammy, what makes de moon shine so bright sometimes, while some nights is so dark?

Granmammy—Well, chile, I reckon dat de good Lawd made dem dark nights so dat poor colored folks kin have chicken 'ithout de formality ob payin' foh it.

TOWN IS BEING REBUILT

Flood of Waters Has Not Taken Black River Falls, Wis., From the Map.

More than a million dollars absolutely disappearing in the short time of two hours was the toll collected by the waters at Black River Falls, Wisconsin. Even the residents of the town could not realize what it meant until the lake formed by the Hatfield dam was dry, and the rush of waters had passed on to the Mississippi.

Just out of reach of the flood the business men and residents of the place watched the waters carry away the buildings that represented the homes of business enterprises which it had taken years of effort to build. Among the larger industries seemingly wiped out within a few minutes was the plant of Coles Carbolisalve. This plant, along with others that suffered a like fate, is today being rebuilt, and the business men of Black River Falls promise that a better town shall replace the one destroyed by the raging floods, and that just as rapidly as men and material can put it together. It is catastrophies like the breaking of the Hatfield dam that demonstrate the American spirit.

A Broken Bone.

Your first duty, after notifying a surgeon, is to provide support for the injured member in the form of an improvised splint. Flat pieces of board, as broad, if possible, as the limb and slightly longer than the broken bone, canes, umbrellas, in fact anything that will accomplish your end may be used. In adjusting these, pad with any soft material that is at hand; straw, leaves or cushions made of grass may be used. Avoid any pressure on the injured part, cover it with a cloth, and keep wet with clean, cold water.—Woman's Home Companion.

Too Late to Change.

"A man can no more change his reputation than he can change his face or his arms," said Senator La Follette at a banquet in Madison.

"There was once a wicked old Madison millionaire who took his pastor aside and said:

"'I am going to devote the remainder of my life to doing good.'

"Dr. Thirdly, outspoken man, retorted:

"'Do you mean John H. Good, the wealthy farmer, or young Sam Good, the Socialist millionaire?'"

Grapefruit Greenery.

Effective greenery for the dining room table may be made by planting the seeds of grapefruit. Sow them thickly, and in two weeks, if the earth is good and has been kept moist in a warm place, the little shoots appear. Two weeks more and the leaves unfold, and very soon there is a mass of rich, glossy green, which is not affected by gas of furnace heat.—Suburban Life.

SHIFT
If Your Food Fails to Sustain You, Change.

One sort of diet may make a person despondent, depressed and blue and a change to the kind of food the body demands will change the whole thing.

A young woman from Phila. says:

"For several years, I kept in a run-down, miserable sort of condition, was depressed and apprehensive of trouble. I lost flesh in a distressing way and seemed in a perpetual sort of dreamy nightmare. No one serious disease showed, but the 'all-over' sickness was enough.

"Finally, between the doctor and father, I was put on Grape-Nuts and cream, as it was decided I must have a nourishing food that the body could make use of.

"The wonderful change that came over me was not, like Jonah's gourd, the growth of a single night, yet it came with a rapidity that astonished me.

"During the first week I gained in weight, my spirits improved, and the world began to look brighter and more worth while.

"And this has continued steadily, till now, after the use of Grape-Nuts for only a few weeks, I am perfectly well, feel splendidly, take a lively interest in everything, and am a changed person in every way." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

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Saturday, October 28, 1911.

"Iowa" would be better off," President Taft is reported to have said, "if she would raise more corn and less statesmen." It don't hit us, anyway. Minnesota quit raising statesmen long since.—Wadena Pioneer Journal.

Report says that Attorney F. H. Peterson of Moorhead will become a candidate for congress in the Ninth district in opposition to Congressman Steenerson. Mr. Peterson was for a number of years a member of the state and is an ultra insurgent.

The farmer who wants good fun and extra pocket money should put out a line of traps this fall. The trapping season opens during the latter part of of October and November when farm work is light and when the farmer, or his son, are able to put out and take care of a good line of traps without interfering with other regular jobs. The one thing that has prevented many farmers from doing this has been the cost of a trapping outfit but now that good traps can be bought so cheaply at any hardware store, this objection is removed. When the total amount, both in fun and money realized from one season's work with even a few good traps is considered, trapping can be looked upon as one of the most pleasant of money-making fall occuptions on the farm.

Does Liquor Support the Government?

The president of the International Brewers' association, responding to the address of welcome extended to this association by the president emeritus, —viz., the secretary of agriculture, James Wilson, paid the following compliment to the temperance element in America, and as Secretary Wilson did not contradict it we are obliged to assume that this meets his approval:

"In this country the so called temperance movement has fallen into the hands of the most intemperate people of the nation." he said. "Men suffering from what I can only describe as chronic moral inebriation, men devoid of reasoning powers, largely lacking in the most elementary knowledge and education and, worse than all, in only too many cases prompted solely by the commercial benefit they derive from the cause they make a profession of championing."

And so the cabinet of the present administration lends its sanction to this kind of an attack upon the people who do not sympathize with the liquor traffic!

The speaker went on and said: "The saloon has its drawbacks as well as its advantages; it is subject to evil uses as well as good uses, and in consequence is fraught with certain temptations, to which the weak and foolish are liable to succumb."

If any one, including Secretary Wilson, will kindly rise and explain exactly what are meant by the "good uses" of the saloon and of intoxicating liquors, they will confer a lasting benefit, doubtless, upon the "weak and foolish people" who do not quite comprehend those "good uses" yet.

Lest it be said that Secretary Wilson was not responsible for what the president of the Brewers' association said, let us quote his own language, in an interview, when discussing the criticisms which have been directed against him because he planned to cooperate with and assist the brewers. Secretary Wilson thus expresses himself regarding the anti liquor people:

"They are honest, conscientious, well-meaning people, probably with the best of motives, but the great American government cannot be run on the theories they hold. The majority of the people who have attacked me are church people. I consider that I am a good churchman myself. Our points of view differ, that's all."

And so it is the theory of President Taft's cabinet, is it, that "this government cannot exist without the liquor traffic," that "it cannot be run upon theories that the temperance people hold."

In imagination, as we read those words, we see a great army of young men marching to the support of this government by the way of the saloon, bright, healthy, sturdy, honest American citizens when they enter the saloon at the front door, bleary eyed, broken down wreckers of homes, deserters or abusers of clinging wives and weeping, suffering children, brawlers in the streets, criminals of all kinds, made such by liquor, a little while after they have been drilled and have "smelled fire" as veterans in this army of a liquor-supported nation.

Almost ninety-five per cent of our jail pension ers come out of this army. From it are recruited the thugs and murderers—the "supporters" of Mr. Wilson's government.

What a glorious defense of the nation's dignity and prosperity and upbuilding is this great army of liquor-drinkers on whom, according to Secretary Wilson, this government must lean for support, for "it could not exist upon the theories" held by the people who decry the constant recruiting of our best young men into such an army. The saloons need our young men, for they could not continue if deprived of these recruits, and the government can not continue without the saloon.

In heathen countries mothers throw their babies into the Ganges river, or in front of the Juggernaut, but in this great civilized republic, mothers must give up their children to the sacrifice of the saloons in order that the "government at Washington may still live."

What a horrible slander upon America!

If this be true, if Secretary Wilson's view point be the correct one, if this government "cannot live" without the annual sacrifice of thousands upon thousands of our homes and the men that inhabit them, then the sooner this government goes down into everlasting perdition, the better it will be for the human race. But Secretary Wilson slanders the Stars and Stripes, and insults the Grand Army of the Republic, and the no less grand army of noble Christian workers, both men and women, who believe that the decent home, be it ever so humble, is of more worth to humanity, than the loftiest capitol, whose columns rest upon the beer bottle and the whisky flask, and whose statesmen are the saloonkeepers, the brewers, and the distillers.—Northwestern Agriculturist.

King-Skattum

On Wednesday, Oct. 25, occurred the marriage of Miss Lizzie King to Mr. Sever Skattum, both of St. Hilaire. The bride was attended by her sister Miss Janie King, and the groom by Mr. James King. The bride wore a cream messaline silk, and carried a carried a lovely bouquet of American Beauty roses.

A reception was given at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John King, in the evening. Supper was served in four courses for fifty guests, from six to nine thirty.

The bride and groom are well known and highly respected young people of this place and have a host of friends who who wish them all the happiness and prosperity imaginable, and the Spectator wishes to join in the good wishes.

Mr. and Mrs. Skattum will be at home to their friends Nov. 1.

Surprise Party

That Mr. Norman Beebe still has an occasional birthday was quite evident on Wednesday evening, when more than forty of his friends took possession of his hospitable home, giving him a complete surprise.

The party had been arranged by Mrs Beebe, and with the assistance of a few friends, plans were carried out which terminated in a very happy evening.

Much credit, however, should be given the victim of the affair, who, after donning a necktie and a pair of shoes, which were minus on the arrival of the guests, and also having been reminded of a twenty-[illegible] (?) birthday, sufficiently recovered from the shock to prove himself a very agreeable host.

The amusement for the evening was Norwegian whist, Mrs. Dr. Swanson and Mr. Post carrying off high honors, each receiving a handsome deck of cards. Mrs. Krueger and Mr. Bahan the lowest scores, seemingly quite consoled after receiving a stick of candy and a lemon respectively.

The guests' gift to Mr. Beebe was a watch fob, cuff links and scarf pin, which was presented by Mr. McKercher with a few well chosen remarks and briefly responded to by Mr. Beebe, the appropriate little speech prepared for him in the kitchen by Mrs. Beebe, having been entirely forgotten in the excitement.

Last, but not least, delicious refreshments were served, after which all returned home, voting the home of Mr. and Mrs. Beebe a royal place for a good time.

His Wife's Comment on the Result of His Hunting Trip.

The braggadocio of the common variety of husbands generally sooner or later falls before the keen insight that most women have of human nature in general and bragging husbands in particular. A witty southern woman was married to such a man, who, though invariably unsuccessful as a hunter, was continually boasting of his killings.

As he was returning home one evening after an all day hunting trip it occurred to him that the usual accompaniment of an empty game bag was not in accordance with his oft boasted skill as a hunter and that his wife would again have the joke on him, so he went to the market and purchased two brace of partridges.

As he entered the house he threw them on the table with great eclat and exclaimed, "Well, you dear old doubter, you see that I am handier with the gun than you give me credit for being, after all; now don't you?"

Milady picked up the birds and examined them very carefully. As she looked up after the examination he said:

"Fine birds, my dear—very fine birds, are they not?"

"Robert," responded the wife, turning up her nose, "you were only just in time in shooting those birds today. Tomorrow it would have been everlastingly too late."—St. Louis Republic.

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The Spectator

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Among the contributors to the 1912 volume will be General Baden-Powell, the defender of Mafeking and founder of the Boy Scouts, Walter Camp, the celebrated football coach, Hudson Maxim, the inventor of high explosives, Governor Harmon of Ohio. Percival Lowell, the astronomer, Jacob A. Riis; Marion Harland, Harriett Prescott Spofford, Rev. Francis E. Clark, founder of the Society of Christian Endeavor, etc., etc.

The serial stories alone, which will follow one another the year through, will be worth $1.50 each when published in book form. By subscribing to The Companion you get them all and 250 other complete stories for $1.75, and the Articles, Miscellany, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Household Page, etc., put in for good measure. Now is the time to subscribe, sending $1.75 for the fifty-two weekly issues of the new volume, for on Jan. 1, 1912, the subscription price will be advanced to $2.

Do not forget that the new subscriber for 1912 receives free The Companion's calendar for 1912, lithographed in ten colors and gold, and all the issues for the remaining weeks of 1911 free from the time the subscription is received.

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AN UNSOCIABLE LOT.

What Mr. Thomas Thought of the Crowd In New York.

Mr. Thomas crammed a fresh stick of birch into his little stove and closed the door, which John Arnold had left ajar on his entrance. The tiny shoe shop thus became air tight. Then the proprietor replied to John's question of what he thought of New York.

"I can tell ye in 'maxing few words," he said. "It's considerable of a place. Lots doing an' splendid big buildings an' schools an' churches an' all that. They think they're some punkins too. An' I ain't saying that there ain't plenty of real smart ones there. Spite of all that, though, I call 'em kind o' ignorant, besides being cold in their manners."

"I want to know!" commented John, visibly impressed by this recital.

"I'll tell ye," continued Mr. Thomas. "Brother Tom's boy's office is down near the big Brooklyn bridge, and I used to go down there and set a good deal while my wife visited with his wife up in Harlem.

"When it come what they call rush hour I used to go down an' stand on the bridge an' watch 'em passing by, hundreds of 'em, on their way home, an' I got to feel real friendly an' to know lots of 'em by sight. But"—

Mr. Thomas paused impressively—"but, although I didn't miss an aft'noon whilst I was there, an' that was two weeks, nary one o' them men ever give me a single glance of recognition.

"It wa'n't my place to speak first, me being a stranger an' they home, so to speak. I wa'n't going to push myself; but, I tell ye what, John, two or three times I had to hold on to myself to keep from telling of 'em just what I thought of such onfriendly ways.

"'Why,' says I to Brother Tom's boy, 'how long do you s'pose one o' them would be at Tunkett Corners before we knew him well enough to nod to an' found out his name?'"—Youth's Companion.

The Harder Part.

"It is hard to teach an old dog new tricks," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, it's hard to find the new tricks," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

Well Bred.

Gentleman—That looks a well bred dog. Owner—I should think he was well bred. Why, he won't have a bit of dinner till he's got his collar on!—Punch.

There are about 26,800 worms to an acre of cultivable land.

Bids for Construction of Public Highway

Sealed bids will be received by the town boards of River Falls and Black River and the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the construction of a public highway running east and west a distance of one mile, between sections 12 and 13, and 7 and 18; east half of road running between River Falls and village of St. Hilaire; west half between Black River and village of St. Hilaire.

Bids for half or whole of work will be accepted. Bids to be in the hands of Dr. C. Swanson, St. Hilaire, not later than Oct. 28, when they will be opened at 8 p. m. for consideration. Specifications on file in the office of Dr. C. Swanson.

The boards reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk of Joint Meeting.

Slovenly Figure Cut by Charles XII. of Sweden.

Distance lends enchantment to the imagination as well as to the actual vision. This is a fortunate circumstance, for the real truth about some of the heroes of history might to a person today bring disenchantment and even disgust. Charles XII. of Sweden may claim the world's admiration as a military genius, but from Mr. Morfill's description of the monarch, given in the "Story of Poland," that gentleman would be anything but an agreeable addition to society.

"He wears a black crape cravat, but the cape of the coat is always buttoned so closely that one cannot see it. His shirt and wristbands are always dirty. He wears no ruffles nor gloves, and his hands are commonly the same color as his wristbands, so you can hardly distinguish them. His hair is light brown, very short and never combed but with the fingers.

"He begins dinner with a big piece of bread and butter, having stuck his napkin under his chin. Between every two bits of meat he eats bread which he butters with his thumb. He is never more than a quarter of an hour at his meals, eats like a horse and never speaks a word."

A kingly picture, indeed, savoring of romance and knightly fashion!

An Independent Element.

Carbon is an elementary substance widely diffused throughout nature. It occurs uncombined in two distinct forms or allotropic conditions—viz, graphite or blacklead and the diamond, which is pure crystallized carbon. It is, however, more commonly found in combination with other elementary substances than in the free state. United with oxygen, it occurs as carbonic acid gas (CO_2) and exists in the atmosphere, in natural waters, in limestone, dolomite and ironstone. In combination with hydrogen it forms the extensive series of chemical compounds known as hydrocarbons. It is also an important constituent of wood, starch, sugar, gum, oil, bone and flesh. No other element is so characteristic of the plant and animal world as carbon. In 1783 Lavoisier showed it to be an independent element. He furthermore proved the diamond to be the purest form of carbon and by combustion converted it into carbonic acid gas.—New York American.

Not the Usual Romance.

Recently one of our most fastidious young men bought a pair of overalls and found in them the name of the sewing girl who made them.

He very promptly wrote her a letter with all the effusiveness necessary in such a case and in due time received a reply, which, however, was void of the romance usual in such cases. Here it is: "I am a working girl, it is true, but I make a good living, and I do not care to support a husband, as I would do if I married some silly doodle who gets mashed on a girl he never saw. Permit me to say that I do not know how my card got in that pair of overalls and that when I do marry, if ever, it will be some fellow who can afford something better than a forty-seven cent pair of breeches."—Muscotah Recorder.

The man or woman who smiles, filling the hearts of friends from day to day with sunshine, does more for the world than all the medicines of the apothecary [illegible]

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	96
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	88
Flax, No. 1	$2.05
" " 2	2.15
Barley, for 50 lbs	99
Oats	37
Eggs	20
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	4@6
Hides	8½
Flour, patent	3.15
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

NO

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 5:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 6:35 a.m

Wireless Telegraph Tapping

Many people believe that wireless telegraph is more subject to tapping or hearing of messages than the old kind. This is not a fact, however, for tests made with the old Morse telegraph show that the mere connecting of a wire can cause an operator to pick off messages from a wire sometimes a half mile away. Therefore telegraph, and telephone, for that matter, will always be as widespread as the popularity of golden grain belt beers, which make friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookstonor, of your dealer.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKERCHER HENRY OLSON A. B. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTENBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers.

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff,
against
Mary Torgerson, Defendant } Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 2 3 Third street E., Thief River Falls Minn.
oct 28 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Inga L. Breyette, Plaintiff,
against
William Breyette, Defendant } Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October [illegible] 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock; Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. P. M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Oct. 2?, at 7:45 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from Sunday at 10:30 a.m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. K. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3866 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 169 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire. - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

O. H. Peters was in Crookston a few days this week.

Mrs. D, Patterson was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. Leonard Holmes has moved her millinery store into rooms west of the hardware.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum will make their home in the Hoken Johnson residence on Main street.

Mrs. John Peterson left Thursday for Lansford, N. D., where she will visit with her daughter, Mrs. Kinney.

Rev. Mr. Johnson of Minneapolis came up Tuesday for a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nels Johnson.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

A new baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Steen on Saturday, Oct. 21. Mother and child doing well.

D. Patterson and K. O, Gigstad were in Badger this week appraising the value of real estate left by the late A. G. Ness.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now.
G. I. FELLMAN.

Emil Just, who recently sold his farm south of town, has moved with his family into the residence formerly occupied by Rev. Palm.

Mrs. McClelland returned Friday to her home at Thief River Falls, after a few days' visit at the home of her uncle, Washington Adams.

The second half of the real estate taxes must be paid this month in order to avoid paying the 10 per cent penalty which is to be put on Nov. 1st.

Adolph Satterberg is laying the foundation for a new hay scale in front of the lots across the street from the Central hotel, where his new livery barn is to be erected.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Elmer and Theodore Haeckert from the vicinity of Sioux Falls, S. D., bought a bunch of Pennington county dirt through the Elliott agency this week and will occupy it in the spring.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

Mr. and Mrs. Post entertained on Sunday at a one o'clock dinner and for the remainder of the day, Mr. Mr. and Mrs. Hannay of Mt. Vernon, Wash., Mr and Mrs. Burkee, Miss Alice Hall, and Mr. O. H. Olson.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

FOUND—Came to my place on section 6, Polk Centre, about two weeks ago, one black and white hiefer, about a year old. Owner please pay for her keeping and for this notice and take property,
o21-3t C. E. NAPLIN.

N. A. Nelson purchased of J. K. Hannay this week the old creamery building next to the meat market and the old store north of the bank. John Stonberg has bought the old creamery and is pulling it down. He will build a shed for his threshing rig with the lumber.

Norman Hannay, formerly of this place, now of Mt. Vernon, Wash., and married Oct. 14 to Miss Winnie Evans of Ferndale, Wash., very pleasantly surprised his many friends here when he and his charming bride arrived Saturday morning unannounced. Mr. and Mrs. Hannay remained until Monday noon when they resumed their wedding journey, driving from here to Plummer to visit Mr. and Mrs. Pleth, thence going to Duluth, Chicago, and back by way of Minneapolis, expecting to arrive at their home, Mt Vernon, about Nov. 14.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

Chris Bjerk was at Thief River Falls on Friday.

S. L. Lewis was over from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. Fricker visited friends at Thief River Falls Friday.

A. S. Wilson transacted business in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Albert Berg of Bemidji, visited at home the first of the week.

A bunch of cattle is being shipped out for the city markets today.

Archie Whaley came over from Bemidji to attend the King-Skattum wedding.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, Oct. 29, at 10:30 a. m.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet next Wednesday evening, Nov. 1, at the home of T. M. Brevig.

Mr. and Mrs. Krop, of Willow Lake, S. D., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger for a week, going to Red Lake Falls Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Burkee entertained Mr. and Mrs. Norman Hannay and Mr. and Mrs. Post at six o'clock dinner Saturday evening.

R. S. Gjerde, who has been visiting for some time at the home of his brother, left yesterday to spend the winter on his homestead in South Dakota.

The farmers' elevator was closed for a time Thursday, the engine being on a strike, and Mr. Bakken of the Milling company's elevator was nearly overwhelmed with grain.

Rev. P. M. Palmer and daughter arrived here Thursday and have taken up their abode in the Methodist parsonage. Services will be held Sunday at the usual hours.

Ed. Enright has received an appointment as deputy oil inspector, with Red Lake and Pennington counties as his territory He has already entered upon the duties of the office.

Albert E. Andree will give a lecture on China, illustrated with 150 stereopticon views, at the Scandinavian Mission church Tuesday evening, Oct. 31. Admission 15 and 10 cents.

The old lumber shed has been purchased by Gust Erickson and Adolph Satterberg. Erickson will use a half on his farm and Satterberg will use his lumber in the erection of his new livery barn.

Alfred Benson left last night for Glendive, Mont, where he will attend the funeral of his brother-in-law, J. E. Collins, of that place, who was accidently killed in a railroad wreck last Wednesday.

C. C. Elliott has purchased the Markham hotel. What his intentions are with regard to the property we have not been able to learn, but we understand it will be reopened for business in the near future.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.
o21-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

W. Hogquist, a missionary to the Chinese, will deliver a lecture in the Black River school house on Wednesday evening, Nov. 1, and in the Eastside school house Thursday evening, Nov. 2. Collections will be taken.

P. W. Sharp of Minot, N. D., was in Thief River Falls the first of the week making the necessary arrangements for opening a book and job office here in the near future. This will be the fourth job office at that place.

A newspaper not far away offered a certain prize to the best answer to the conundrum, "Why is a newspaper like a woman?" The prize was won by a St. Hilaire lady who sent in the following: "Because every man should have one of his own and not run after his neighbor's."

James I. appears to have inherited his mother's love of billiards. Among the payments from his privy purse noted in the exchequer records is one to "Henry Waller, our joyner, for a billiards boarde. Twelve foote long and fower foote broade, the frame being wallnuttree, well wrought and carved, with eight great skrewes and eighteen small skrewes." A salutary billiard rule in force in the days of the Stuarts was one to the effect that no bystander, even though he was betting on the game, should be allowed to offer advice unless asked. If he did so it was provided that "he shall for every fault instantly forfeit twopence for the good of the company or not be suffered to stay in the room."—London Chronicle.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received.

LAZAR & LAZAR

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
OSCAR O. BAKKEN, Agent.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money
IN
MOVING PICTURES
WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars,
H. DAVIS
WATERTOWN WIS.

Bring in Your Printing

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
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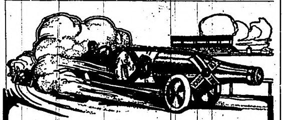
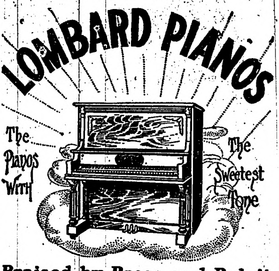
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.



A Winner
Superior quality and exquisite flavor have won popular favor for
Hamm's Beer
"Leads Them All"
Try a Case.
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
Saint Paul, Minn.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

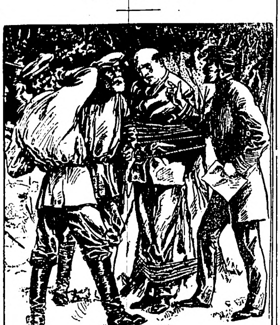
DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, [illegible] Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (26,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write [illegible]

POLITICAL MURDERS IN RUSSIA INSTIGATED BY SPIES



WHEN a political killing happens in Russia, look for the agent provocateur.

This maxim is fairly justified, yet it has exceptions. There are contradictions and sinister puzzles. Things Russian are topsyturvey from the moral as well as other standpoints. For latest example, take the slaying of Premier Stolypin. Who killed him, and for what purpose? The answer is not as obvious as an American would assume. Amazingly enough, the assassin, Bogroff, was claimed both by the government and by the revolutionists. "He was a cog in our machine who went wrong," assert the police. "He was a revolutionist who obeyed our orders," say the disciples of terrorism.

It requires thought to appreciate the niceness of the dilemma which the situation presents, especially on the side of the police. The officials find it a shade preferable to take the wrong cog view, and assert that Bogroff had a regular permit to enter the theater, and used a revolver supplied by the authorities. It is less injurious to the police to take this view than to admit that they were outwitted by the enemy, and that terrorism is in successful ascendancy.

There is an increasing roll in Russia, headed by the arch betrayer Azeff, who helped to kill a grand duke and a minister while in government employ, of ambiguous persons who may be styled the missing links or unclassified monstrosities of revolution. Agent provocateur, "secret co-worker," government spy, revolutionary spy—these seem to be simple terms whose meaning can be easily learned and understood. But the dictionary definitions do not satisfy an impartial student. There are things in the phenomena not covered by the definitions. The revolutionists are with the dictionary. Like the police, they do not believe in a twilight zone; they separate the sheep from the goats with a clear cut line. They explain most elaborately that a sheep is a sheep and a goat is a goat. Nevertheless, a survey of cold facts shows that there are woolly goats and goatish sheep. Azeff, Gapon, Petroff, Bogroff, they worked on both sides and helped and hurt both sides. A psychological zoologist would have difficulty in placing them.

The Russian agent provocateur is a government spy who encourages or commits crime for the sake of making arrests. But any spy or detective is likely to conduct a degree of crime in order to succeed in his work. Between direct provocation and condonation the difference is not always perceptible. The terrorist operating against the government must needs use to a greater or less degree the same methods. He must betray somewhat, injure his party a little in order to injure the enemy more. In a game of desperate intrigue, where the stakes are life and death, only the stanchest characters preserve their moral and mental balance. So great is the peril of losing integrity that many leaders of the revolutionary movement disapprove of any revolutionist entering the service of the police.

Some new light on the spy problem in general and the Azeff case in particular was given by Leonid Menschikoff, late senior assistant to the chief of the Third section at St. Petersburg.

Mr. Menschikoff is the original exposer of the terrific Azeff and has supplied evidence against lesser stars of the inferno of provocation.

A boy of sixteen in a technical high school at Moscow, Leonid Menschikoff was arrested for belonging to a revolutionary circle. He was betrayed by a fellow member of the circle, Zubatoff, who became an eminent provocateur and chief of police at St. Petersburg. The young student spent a few months in jail. Then he entered the police service, not as a spy, but as a kind of clerk or lower official.

He determined to learn the system and the personnel and to obtain documents for the benefit of the revolutionists.

Mr. Menschikoff saw in the secret records that there were three extremely able agents provocateur in the Third Section. One was named Raskin, another Vinogradoff, another Valuyski. These men were in the inmost confidence of the terrorists. They knew beforehand all the big plots, even the slaying of Minister Plehve and Grand Duke Sergius. This trinity of talent, strange to say, focussed gradually into one personage—a master traitor whose name has removed considerable stigma from that of Judas in the minds of several million people.

Mr. Menschikoff, regardless of danger to himself and his plans, felt compelled to write an anonymous letter to a member of the revolutionary central committee, informing him that a great terrorist leader was a police spy. The committee member was asked to tell no one except five of his fellows, but in his astonishment he showed the letter to Eugene Azeff, who was known to him by another name, and said:

"Who is Azeff?"

"I am Azeff," calmly replied the arch spy. "But there is a mistake. The guilty man is Tataroff."

Tataroff, also mentioned in the letter, was in fact a police agent. He was a candidate for the inner circle of terrorism, sent forward by his employers for the purpose of checking up the activities of Azeff, whose splendid villanies had no supervision. Tataroff tried to save himself by accusing his eminent colleague, though he had no personal knowledge of Azeff's police position. A revolutionary tribunal tried Tataroff, condemned him to death and had him shot in 1906. Before he was killed, however, Tataroff denounced Azeff to the police as being disloyal and engaged in terroristic work. Azeff was arrested by General Grassimoff, chief of police, and threatened with exposure of his double role, whereupon he made a wholesale betrayal of revolutionists whom he had perhaps not intended to betray. Several hundred were arrested, exiled, shot or hanged.

James Persitz, late an official in the Russian secret police, now in New York engaged in writing his memoirs gave an account of his adventures as a spy among terrorists.

"One society which I joined in the course of my duty provided me with an experience which I shall never forget. By the fierceness of my declarations and the energy I displayed I rose until I was selected to carry out a desperate deed involving the murder of a number of prominent officials. Needless to say, the plot was communicated by me to the officials of the secret police. Communication with them was, of course, extremely dangerous. I took the greatest possible care to cover up the traces of my handiwork, but nevertheless the anarchist police outwitted me and secured incontrovertible evidence that I was a police spy. Their method of doing this was interesting.

"The chief of the society wrote out the details of an attempt to be made on a certain high official. At a time when only the leader and I were in the room he made some excuse for leaving me alone for a few moments. In my eagerness to fulfill my duty I rapidly searched over the papers he had left, noting the place and the date when the scheme was to be put into execution. Shortly afterward the anarchist chief returned and pocketed the documents.

"On the fateful night the chief informed me that the attempt had been postponed. As I afterward found out, some members of the anarchist police sent to survey the neighborhood had detected signs of the watching officials and realized that their plans had been divulged to the police by some traitor. Since the chief of the anarchists and myself were the only two people who had any knowledge of the intendd outrag—which, of course, was simply a sham affair prepared to trap me, I was immediately known to them in my true light as a police spy."

After this, Mr. Persitz says, he was decoyed to a lonely wood near Moscow, bound hand and foot by the terrorists and ordered to confess. "At first, rendered desperate by my peril, I stoutly refused to admit my guilt, shouting frantically, 'I deny it all!' But, with many curses and blows, they told me that I was already convicted. They ordered me to divulge to them the secrets of the political police. This, however, I refused to do. My captors then held a consultation and decided to follow the methods of the inquisition and wring from me by torture the particulars they were seeking. . . . Pins were forced into all parts of my body, each tormentor apparently vying with the others to discover a place which would produce the most excruciating pain.

The lash was applied in addition to the pins. Then the captors, considering it vain to gain any information, discussed methods of killing the traitor. A handsome young Polish Jewess, says the narrator came forward and exclaimed:

"'I have an excellent idea. All the deaths you suggest are too quick. He is tied; let us lay him on the railway. The Petersburg express will shortly be due, and the cur will have the pleasure of lying helpless while he sees the train coming nearer and nearer. It will give him time to think over his treachery.'

"The suggestion was heartily approved. With many a curse and blow I was promptly carried off and laid across the rails of the Moscow-Petersburg railway, being tied face uppermost to the rails by the ropes that bound my hands behind my back. After having brutally kicked me almost into insensibility and wished me a sarcastic 'goodby,' my onetime fellow anarchists disappeared in the gathering darkness of the night.

"Slowly the minutes passed away, and, at last, to my horror, I heard the rumble of the approaching train. Never shall I forget the unspeakable terror of that moment. Nerve racking though the period of suspense had been, it was as nothing to this. Presently the rumble grew to a roar, and, turning my head, I saw the lights of the express approaching. Then I think I lost all control of myself. In a frenzy of fear I redoubled my efforts to escape, flinging myself this way and that. Larger and larger grew those glaring orbs of light, nearer and nearer came the ponderous wheels. I realized that I had but a few moments more to live. Making an effort, I managed to lie calmly for a brief second or two; then I braced feet and shoulders and heaved upward with all my remaining strength.

"The cord parted. With one wild scream of excitement I rolled between the rails. I remember a deafening, thunderous roar and the approach of a hot blast, such as comes from the opening of an enormous furnace door. Then everything went red, and I lapsed into insensibility."

Mr. Persitz says he woke up in a hospital three months later, having been delirous all that time. On account of the affair he was rewarded with $400 "gratification money," an increase of salary and a six months' vacation, which he spent mostly in Italy.

WILD GAME IN VENEZUELA

Jaguar, Many Varieties of Wildcats, Strange Birds and Snakes Are Plentiful.

"Venezuela offers a better opportunity for the seeker of wild game than any other country in the world, perhaps," said Ralph Totten, recently consul of the United States at Maracaibo, Venezuela. Mr. Totten, who is a Tennesseean, has been in the consular service for three years and has been stationed in Maracaibo and Santo Domingo. He is on his way to his new post at Trieste, Austria.

"It has always been a source of wonder to me that more Americans fond of hunting have not gone to Venezuela, where, along the Amazon and in the vicinity of Lake Maracaibo, more varieties of wild birds and small game can be found than perhaps in any other place on earth. So far as I know there have been only two Americans who have hunted in that country. One of them was Caspar Whitney, the naturalist and writer, who went there to kill a jaguar, a species of the tiger family.

"The jaguar is probably one of the most powerful members of the cat family. He has tremendous strength in his forelegs, and with a stroke of his paw can kill an ox. There are all varieties of the wildcat family in Venezuela, and they can be found almost any place in the country outside of the cities.

"Everyone knows of course that myriads of all varieties of the parrot family and monkeys can be found there. There are dozens of different kinds of parrots. Among them is the largest parrot in the world—the macaw—which measures several feet in length. These birds are black, with bright red heads and tails, and wings tipped with red. A more beautiful bird I never saw. They fly in pairs and a peculiarity of the species is that while flying they hook their bills together.

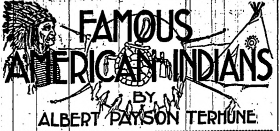
"Along the Amazon and Lake Maracaibo, which, by the way, is as large a body of water as Lake Erie, there are all varieties of large snakes. The boa constrictor is a native of that country. The anaconda is another huge reptile that is met frequently. Deer abound in Venezuela and are of all kinds."

"Stint" and "Stunt."

Stint is a good word as a noun. As a verb it means something not quite so pleasing. Do not confound it with stunt, however. A stunt is something quite useless. It is the horse-play of the mountebank, and has nothing in common with honest, productive labor. A stint is the warning to the wise that something demands to be accomplished; a goad to the laggard that time is on the wing.—Atlantic.

New Life-Preserver.

A new life-preserver, which has been successfully tried, may be introduced into the German navy, writes the American consul from Brunswick. The apparatus, which weighs 5½ pounds, consists of two swimming cushions bound together by straps. The cushions lie upon the breast and back. The apparatus is provided with a small lamp fed by a battery.



FAMOUS AMERICAN INDIANS

BY

ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

Tammany

Tammany—Indian war chief, sagamore, sachem and friend of the white man—is best remembered today by the society that bears his name. But he was famous a century before Tammany Hall was built.

Historians were few and amateur romancers were many in the Pennsylvania wilderness of olden times. So for one true story of the great Tammany there are 20 fanciful legends. And oftentimes it is hard to separate fact from fancy in telling of the old sagamore's career.

Tammny was ruler of the Delaware Indians early in the seventeenth century and was leader of the Lenni-Lenape confederation of New York and Pennsylvania tribes which in those days waged eternal warfare against the fierce "Six Nations" and the savages who lived on and around Manhattan island. He was a king, rather than a chief, and ruled his wide domain wisely. In various native dialects he is called Tamenand, Temane, Taminent and Tammany. His huge "palace-wigwam" is reported to have stood upon the site of Princeton college.

Welcomed William Penn.

When William Penn and his fellow Quakers landed in Pennsylvania, with a charter to settle that region, it was Tammany, according to most accounts, who first greeted the great Englishman and who made him and his companions welcome guests of his "nation." Tammany it was who smoothed the way for the newcomers and induced the neighboring tribes to receive them peacefully. He is said to have been a party to Penn's celebrated treaty with the natives, and to have cemented so close a friendship between Quakers and red men that, while English-Indian wars waged constantly in nearly all the other colonies, Pennsylvania was immune from bloodshed.

So mighty was Tammany and so deeply revered that his tribesmen in later years were wont to bestow his name upon any person on whom they wished to confer special honor. The Indians looked on him as a sort of god and would travel hundreds of miles to bring him their troubles for adjustment. It is probably to some of these worshipping Indians rather than to any really authentic facts that we owe the following tale of Tammany's prowess, a story that used to be told and retold at a thousand native campfires:

The "Evil Spirit" (or some powerful and malicious Indian chief who became known by that name, because of his crimes) coveted the wealth and peace and easy life of Tammany's dominions, and sought to gain foothold there. Tammany knew that if the "Evil Spirit" should once establish a home in Pennsylvania the justice and kindly feeling that had been so carefully fostered among the local Indians must give place to strife and sin. So he forbade the "Spirit" to set foot in the realm. The "Spirit" insisted, and Tammany had to use force to check his advance.

Battle With "Evil Spirit."

A long and terrible battle ensued, lasting several months and dyeing the green forests red. At last Tammany overcame his foe and drove him forth in utter defeat. The "Evil Spirit" fled to Manhattan island, where the godless natives received him enthusiastically and made him their ruler, begging him to remain among them forever.

The many reports of Tammany's wisdom, of his goodness to settlers, etc., led later admirers of him, in Revolutionary times, to refer to him as "St. Tammany," and to call him "the patron saint of America." His name was placed on some calendars and his festival celebrated on May 1. From "St. Tammany" a New York political association (founded just after the inauguration of President Washington) took its name. Its first meeting was held May 13, 1789. In memory of its namesake's Indian rank the officers were known as "sachems." A "Tammany Society" was also founded in Philadelphia and on its outings strove to reproduce the "local color" of the great chief's times and customs.

Ellskwatawa

A townful of Shawnee Indians, clad in weirdly fantastic mourning, howled the death-dirge about a great wigwam one day in 1825. In the wigwam lay a hideous, one-eyed man, whose name had long been known and hated by every white settler in the west. He was Ellskwatawa, the "Prophet," brother of the famous Tecumseh and deadly foe to the United States government.

A few days before this scene of noisy mourning the fifty-year-old prophet had been in the act of lighting his pipe when he sank to the ground, lifeless. His followers had been horror-struck. For they had deemed him immortal. His death meant the loss of their wisest, most powerful leader. They laid the body in state upon a pile of furs in the wigwam and began the death dance. When the dancing and feasting were ended the tribe marched in sad procession to the prophet's bier to carry him to his grave. As they neared the pile of furs the silent figure upon it suddenly sat up.

A Weird "Miracle."

"I have been in Paradise for three days," calmly remarked the supposedly dead prophet, as his frightened tribe-folk shrunk back in horror. "I have talked face to face with the Great Spirit and have brought you a message from him. Call the nation together that I may impart the tidings to all."

When the awed "nation" had assembled the prophet proceeded to deliver his "message," which included a command that the Shawnees cease from lying, stealing and drunkenness, and which in various points strengthened the prophet's authority over them. This was but one of many similar tricks by which the one-eyed genius held his people's allegiance and roused them to a frenzy of loyalty toward himself.

The prophet led a strange, adventurous life, many of whose incidents can scarcely be explained by natural causes. As brother of the mighty Tecumseh, he won war fame and wealth. He helped Tecumseh by overawing the Indians with "miracles." Between them the brothers swayed nearly all the western tribes. In 1808 the prophet secured a large tract of land where the Tippecanoe and Wabash rivers join, and he rallied to his standard more than a thousand braves of different neighboring tribes. To his followers he was more than a mere leader. He was also their "medicine man" and supernatural master. Yet, despite all this, he governed so badly that soon all but 300 of his men deserted. Nothing but Tecumseh's aid prevented the remainder of the band from scattering.

But even Tecumseh could not save his brother's land. For in 1809 the government, through Gen. W. H. Harrison, bought from the Indians a huge tract of territory that included all the prophet's domains. Tecumseh sought in vain to combat this purchase. Failing, the two brothers set to work combining all the western tribes into a league to destroy the white men.

The climax was reached at the battle of Tippecanoe, in November, 1811. Tecumseh had gone southward to enlist new tribes for the league. In his absence the prophet was keeping the local Indians in a fever heat of warlike fury. Harrison, with 800 soldiers (mostly militia) marched to Terre Haute and thence sent a declaration to the prophet. The messengers were insulted and driven back. Then Harrison advanced upon the prophet's town, camping for the night a short distance from it.

The Battle of Tippecanoe.

The prophet ordered his men to make a midnight attack. But Harrison was ready for them. All night the battle waged. The prophet himself did not fight. He sat in safety on a distant hilltop, weaving "magic" spells and chanting war-hymns. At daybreak the Indians fled in wild confusion. Sixty white men and forty savages were found slain upon the field. Harrison pressed on to the prophet's town, found it deserted and burned it to the ground. The prophet had fled in safety, but his defeat had forever wrecked the combination of tribes he and Tecumseh had planned against the government.

The prophet fought for the English against our country in the war of 1812, and for his services received a pension from the British government. On this he lived comfortably in Canada until 1826, surrounded by a band of his admiring tribesmen. Then he came back to the United States and settled to the west of the Mississippi. The date and manner of his death are shrouded in mystery.

Causes of Bad Spelling

Authority Is Bitter Against Present Methods in Vogue in Public Schools.

Mr. Forrest Morgan in a spirited protest against "simplified spelling," writes to the Springfield Republican to place the blame for bad spelling where in his opinion it belongs. Mr. Morgan denies emphatically "that the present spelling is responsible for most of children's slow learning and bad spelling of words. There is not one per cent. of truth in this. Much of it at present is due to the incredibly imbecile system so widely prevalent, of teaching words without the alphabet, producing millions who cannot use a dictionary or a catalog or an index to a concordance because they do not know the order of the letters—witness any library school; more to the disuse of spelling lessons and competitions; the rest is nature in all countries and times, and is just as true of foreign children with their own languages as of ours. They and we alike mishandle the normal words every bit as badly as the abnormal, whose number is dreadfully exaggerated. And any one who will teach children to spell analytically, by sounds of letter, to build up words with, will find the child swiftly learning to spell the few anomalous words and "sense" the exceptional usages with actual zest, as a mental play. I have tried it over and over."

Heavy Weights Transported.

At Swinton, near Manchester, England, many years ago, during a deluge of rain, lightning suddenly filled a brick building, in which coal was stored, full of pestilential, sulphurous vapor. Suddenly the building, the walls of which measured nearly a foot in thickness, was torn out of the ground, the foundation being nearly two feet deep, and transported in an upright position to a distance of nearly 33 feet. The weight moved was estimated at more than eleven tons.

Honored by Women

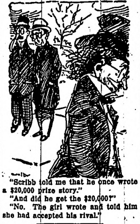
When a woman speaks of her silent secret suffering she trusts you. Millions have bestowed this mark of confidence on Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. Everywhere there are women who bear witness to the wonder-working, curing-power of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—which saves the suffering sex from pain, and successfully grapples with woman's weaknesses and stubborn ills.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG
IT MAKES SICK WOMEN WELL.

No woman's appeal was ever misdirected or her confidence misplaced when she wrote for advice, to the WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

FAILED TO WIN.



"Scribb told me that he once wrote a $20,000 prize story."

"And did he get the $20,000?"

"No. The girl wrote and told him she had accepted his rival."

BED-BOUND FOR MONTHS.

Hope Abandoned After Physicians' Consultation.

Mrs. Enos Shearer, Yew and Washington Sts., Centralia, Wash., says: "For years I was weak and run down, could not sleep, my limbs swelled and kidney secretions were troublesome. I was fast in bed four months. Three doctors said there was no cure for me and I was given up to die. Being urged, I used Doan's Kidney Pills. Soon I was better and in a few weeks was about the house, well and strong again."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c a box at all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Quick Action.

"They tell me you took a flyer in Wall street.

"Yes," replied Mr. Lambkin. "For a little while I was considerably ahead."

"How much?"

"Can't say. Before I had time to figure it up the market dropped and wiped me out."

Would Arrest Him Anyway.

Sergeant—'Alt! Take Murphy's name for talkin' in the ranks.

Corporal—W'y, sergeant, 'e weren't talkin'.

Sergeant—Wasn't he? Well, cross it out an' put 'im in the guardroom for deceivin' me.—Tatler.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to mfrs. 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Rivalry.

"Does your automobile go faster than your neighbor's?"

"No," replied Mr. Chuggins. "But my danger signal makes a much more disagreeable noise than his."

Not in Vain.

Noah sighted Mount Ararat.

"At last," he cried, "the mountain resort with an ocean view!"

Herewith he felt the voyage was not in vain.—Puck.

All suppression of selfishness makes the moment great.—Lydia Maria Child.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety. They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains OIL. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c.

ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look A1. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 25 cents. "Baby Elite" size 10 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

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160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

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by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. 38

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Perfection Cutter Gear

Why not have a sleigh? Can use any style of buggy body, four bolts will do the business.

Price $4.35

Price for October orders, $4.35 on cars.

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For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very successful. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. A8. St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

WANTED—County Representatives for Success Hand Vacuum Cleaner. Superior to any Cleaner made, either Hand or Power or Stationary Plant. We prove this in any contest. Largest hotels using Success Cleaners. Biggest kind of profits. HUTCHISON MFG. COMPANY, 325 Wood St., Wilkinsburg, Pa.

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THE BEST MEDICINE
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PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If You Have a Sickly Youngster Try This Free

The family with young children that is without sickness in the house now and then is rare, and so it is important that the head of the house should know what to do in the little emergencies that arise. A child with a serious ailment needs a doctor, it is true, but in the majority of instances, as any doctor knows, the child suffers from some intestinal trouble, usually constipation.

There is no sense in giving it a pill or a remedy containing an opiate, nor is flushing of the bowels to be always recommended. Rather give it a small dose of a mild, gentle laxative, tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, by cleaning out the bowels and strengthening the little stomach muscles, will immediately correct the trouble.

This is not alone our opinion but that of Mrs. N. H. Mead of Freeport, Kans., whose granddaughter has been taking it successfully and of Mrs. J. R. Whiting of Lena, Wis., who gives it to her children and takes it herself. It is sold in fifty cent and one dollar bottles at every drug store, but if you want to test it in your family before you buy it send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will forward a supply free of charge.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

Men and Women wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the best shoes produced in this country for the price. Insist upon having them. Take no other make.

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The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom.

[illegible]

WHAT I WENT THROUGH

Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

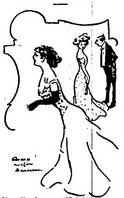
Natick, Mass.—"I cannot express what I went through during the change of life before I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was in such a nervous condition I could not keep still. My limbs were cold, I had creepy sensations, and I could not sleep nights. I was finally told by two physicians that I also had a tumor. I read one day of the wonderful cures made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and decided to try it, and it has made me a well woman. My neighbors and friends declare it had worked a miracle for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold for women during this period of life. If it will help others you may publish my letter."—Mrs. NATHAN B. GREATON, 51 N. Main Street, Natick, Mass.

The Change of Life is the most critical period of a woman's existence. Women everywhere should remember that there is no other remedy known to medicine that will so successfully carry women through this trying period as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use | **Thompson's Eye Water**

NO WONDER.



He—She is so artificial.

She—Yes, artificiality seems natural to her.

This Time for a Friend.

"'Tis a wise man," said Robert Edeson, "who knows when to ask questions. The other night I was standing inside the railroad station when an Irish cab driver came up to me and asked me how soon the next train came in. I told him and he said thank you and went away. In about five minutes he came back with the same question. 'I told you not more than five minutes ago,' I said. 'I know it,' he answered cheerfully, 'but it's not me th't wants to know this time. It's a friend of mine outside th't has to to watch his horses and can't come in an' ask yez himself!'" — Young's Magazine.

Association of Ideas.

"You have a great many flies and mosquitoes," said the rather supercilious girl.

"Yep," replied Farmer Corntossel. "I didn't like to mention it, but I've noticed every year that flies, mosquitoes and summer boarders all appears to be on hand at the same time."

Overlooked.

Knicker—We can't carry revolvers any longer.

Bocker—But they didn't take away the girls' hatpins.

A man may consider himself truly famous when he has five-cent cigars and yellow dogs named after him.

All the world's a stage and all the men and women are merely kickers

One Mother Says

"There's only one trouble with

Post Toasties

"When I get a package or two, Father and the boys at once have tremendous appetites."

Post Toasties Require No Cooking

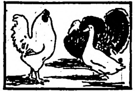
Serve with sugar and cream and the smiles go round the table.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

POULTRY



GOING AFTER WINTER EGGS

Few Simple Suggestions on Care and Feeding That Will Bring Good Results if Followed.

(By W. W. STORMS.)

The laying hen is usually searching for what she needs to make eggs. She takes what she wants in the way of food and lets the rest alone.

If you compel her to take what she doesn't want or take nothing, why of course she will take what you provide, rather than starve to death, but she won't lay as many eggs.

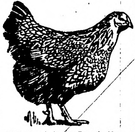
Therefore, we like the hopper method of feeding. We always provide a self-feeder hung on the wall just high enough so the hens can eat what they want without wasting it on the floor.

A better method is to provide a platform 16 inches or so above the floor, so the fowl can jump up and down for the feed and water they desire, and then go back to the litter to work for the grain that is scattered in it.

In one apartment of the self-feeder is grit; another, charcoal; another, oyster shells; another, equal parts of finely cracked corn, wheat, barley and oats; another, beef-scraps; in still another is placed dry bran.

You might think that the hens will eat too much, but they won't; they will eat only what they want.

Scatter the whole grain, such as wheat, barley and corn in the litter.



This Hen Laid 198 Eggs in Year.

Feed them whole corn at night, especially on cool nights. They need a cropful to keep up the bodily heat overnight.

Give them table-scraps and green food at noon. For green food we use cabbages, mangel-wurtzels, sugar-beets, chopped apples, etc. Onions are also relished, but they are liable to flavor the eggs.

Fowls should have plenty of fresh water, and we never warm it. They like a cool, fresh drink the same as we do.

Provide a dust-bath so they may help to rid themselves of lice. Use plenty of liquid louse-killer and keep the whole pen scrupulously clean.

If a variety of food is given there is no need of fear about plenty of eggs. Do not feed whole grain in hoppers. Only the ground food, beef-scraps and bran is fed there.

HOUSE FOR GROWING CHICKS

Good Serviceable Shelter May Be Made on the Colony Plan by Altering Big Packing Case.

Houses are needed for the chicks that are too large for the brooder. A cheap, serviceable house may be made on the colony plan by altering a good sized packing case. The top and one side are removed and a slanting roof is built; the whole box is covered with tarred paper. The front should be the size of the case, so that it can be taken out for the purpose of cleaning. It may be fastened in position by hooks or buttons.

These coops are easily handled and can be moved from place to place with slight trouble. The total cost would not be more than fifty cents. The floor should be kept sprinkled with a small quantity of well slacked lime and some broken straw for the chicks to roost on at night.

The colony house in position, see that the chicks have a good supply of grit, charcoal and fresh water. A good deal depends on one's self how the chicks turn out. If neglected and all kinds of waste food that has become sour is thrown to them and allowed to remain, poor returns must be expected.

In starting with poultry it is ever well to remember that chickens require the best of attention from shell to maturity if good results are to be obtained.

How often have we seen a beginner hatch out chicks by the hundred and at the end of the season what has he—a few miserable looking bunches of feathers hovering around, eaten up with vermin and filth through lack of energy and a love for the undertaking. If chicks are worth hatching at all they are worth caring for well. A few colony houses will last for years and will accommodate a large number of chicks. Chicks that are allowed to crowd together in small coops all summer seldom do well.

Asparagus Chickens.

In market quotations the term "Asparagus chickens" is often used, and not understood. It refers to chickens large enough to broil with early asparagus. They are usually hatched in late July or August, pushed along till November, and then killed and put in cold storage for the winter. They are taken out and eaten in the spring.

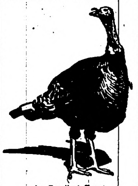
Salt Aids Hen.

A little salt on the food for the hens is an aid to digestion and keeps them well and vigorous.

RULE FOR FATTENING TURKEY

Do Not Confine in Fattening Pen, but Give Liberal Grass Range and Feed Well.

Here is an old rule for fattening the Thanksgiving turkey: Do not confine in fattening pens, but give a liberal grass range. They fatten better if not closely confined. Give them all they will eat four times a day. Keep them on the fattening ration for about three weeks, when they should be in prime market condition. Do not feed for twenty-four hours before killing, says a writer in the American Poultry Journal. First three feeds daily should be cooked potatoes made into a crumbly mash with cornmeal scalded with skim-milk and water. Fourth or last feeding for the day should be a full feed of whole corn with a little buckwheat given every few days for a change. Give at each feeding all they will clean up in twenty minutes. Do not leave food standing before them. Give first feed as soon as it is daylight in the morning and give last feed at night just before roosting time. Supply charcoal, crushed shells and gravel. Give both milk and water for drink. This ration dates back to the "early days." If you try it, please report results. Another ration, of about the same period, is practically the same, except that the nut meats of chestnuts and sweet acorns are added to the night ration of corn for the last ten days of feeding.

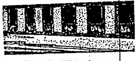


An Excellent Type.

HOUSE WITH MUSLIN FRONT

Neat, Comfortable and Thoroughly Comfortable Building Can Be Constructed Cheaply.

The illustration gives an idea of the neat, comfortable and thoroughly convenient henhouse I built. Living in a mill town I make use of the "cop yarn heads." These boxes are well made, 25x28 inches in size, and in great demand at three cents each, says a writer in the Farm and Home. This house is 60 feet long, ten feet deep and seven feet high, divided into seven compartments each capable of holding 25 hens.



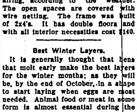
House for Winter Layers.

The front as well as all partitions are of unbleached muslin; no glass about the house. Every day the doors are opened for a long or short airing, according to the weather. The open spaces are covered with wire netting. The frame was built of 2x4's. It has double floors and with all interior necessities cost $140.

Best Winter Layers.

It is generally thought that hens that molt early make the best layers for the winter months; as they will be, by the end of October, in a shape to start laying when eggs are most needed. Animal food or meat in some form is almost essential during the molting season; many fanciers also give an occasional feed of linseed oil meal with excellent results.

POULTRY NOTES



A few undesirable eggs will lower the price of a whole crate.

The egg should be perfect in shape, with fresh, clean appearance.

Fowls that are still heavy in molt should be given a rich oil ration.

The money in the poultry business is made most often from the eggs.

Wheat, coarse cracked corn, and oats are the ideal summer feeds.

Feeding too much corn and barley is responsible for much liver trouble.

The breed and strain have something to do with the size of the eggs.

If certain fowls do not respond to good treatment, kill them or sell them at once.

Turkeys should be raised on fresh ground each year. Diseased birds should be burned.

Full fed hens, having a well balanced ration, will lay larger eggs than hens on stinted feed.

Look after the roofs of the houses that they will not leak when the fall and winter rains come.

Care is necessary to maintain the flavor in a choice egg when it is not eaten as soon as laid.

Some strains of Plymouth Rocks are particularly noticeable for the large size of their eggs.

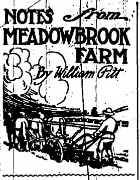
Hens with plenty of exercise and comfortable surroundings lay heavier eggs than those in restricted quarters.

Lack of grit and green food causes sluggish action of the gizzard and intestines. Therefore, give plenty of green food.

While it may not be possible to entirely free the fowls from lice, they may be kept practically free with proper care and attention.

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Pure water is essential.

The season for culling the flock is at hand.

Weeds and strawberries are incompatibles.

Starter for butter may be propagated from day to day.

Do not be stingy in the use of clean straw for bedding.

The sheep is more at home on the open prairie than among the fences.

Remove the seeds from the pumpkins before feeding them to the cattle.

Where butter has not the natural yellow color, it is well to use coloring matter.

The best time to cut the tails as well as castrate is when the lamb is a week old.

Cull out the hens carefully, and do not keep more than you have room and feed for.

Sheep return to the soil 80 per cent. of fertility of food eaten. Sheep manure is valuable.

A great deal more money is usually spent in wintering farm work horses than is necessary.

Should maggots get in the animals' wounds, kill them by a light application of chloroform.

Whole grain makes best feed for sheep. Cleanliness, pure water and salt are a necessity.

Provide the hogs a wallow. Nothing serves this purpose better than a stream of running water.

If the pig is stinted in its food at any stage of its life, it can never become a perfect pork-producer.

As new oats come in, give the cows some of them each morning and evening cut green as a soiling crop.

It pays to maintain a heavy flow of milk, even if expensive feeds must be given the cows at certain seasons.

Stock beets planted on rich soil in drills and well cultivated often yield from twenty to forty tons per acre.

Use clover and alfalfa hay, supplemented with roots or ensilage for succulence, if you want an excellent ration.

Corn that yields well in one locality will often make an entire failure in another locality where conditions are different.

Probably the poultry plant on the average farm is usually the poorest equipped and poorest planned department on it.

Remember when you plow in the orchard that the roots are very near the surface. Three inches is plenty deep enough.

Many an animal sold for a high price because of its pedigree, should go to the butcher's pen instead of at the head of a herd.

If ewe's udder is hard or show tendency to garget, use unsalted lard, give it vigorous rubbing and give animal good dose of salts.

The nature and conditions of the soil in which tomatoes are grown has much to do with the size of the crop and health of the plants.

Tankage, a by-product of the slaughter houses, is a wholesome feed for all kinds of live stock, but its greatest value is for hogs.

Patches of roots should be annually grown for the winter food of swine. It will prove a valuable aid in producing good, fat winter porkers.

As a silo will last many years it is not wise to use material in building that will soon decay or is apt to warp or shrink, and thus throw the silo out of shape.

Young colts that are put in the stall and given all the hay they will eat soon become pot-bellied, their hair grows longer and harsher and some of it stands the wrong way.

Usually it is not advisable to pasture new seeding, but often weeds can be destroyed by giving sheep the run of the fields for a few days without material injury to the seeding.

The turkey is a native of America, and, like the Indian and buffalo in their wild state, cannot stand civilization and in their domestic state will only thrive under certain conditions.

Where there is an abundance of good well-cured alfalfa hay, it is almost impossible to select a concentrate to go with it that would not make an acceptable ration to the cow.

The fall, after all of the garden plants have been killed, is the best time to clean up the trash in the garden and burn it to prevent insects from spending the winter [illegible]

Look out for draughts.

Plant legumes in rotation.

Roots should be cut or sliced before feeding.

When marketing lambs leave the culls on the farm.

Sheep more than any other stock relish a change of pasture.

There is no danger of the production of hogs being overdone.

As the sheep bites close, they will eat down weeds to the roots.

In order to have good sized sheep grow them rapidly while young.

Clover or alfalfa seem to contain just what the dainty cow needs.

The total value of farm property in the United States is $40,000,000,000.

Corn contains 86 per cent. fat and heat elements, hence is no egg food.

Ducks do not continue as profitable breeders much beyond the fourth year.

Alsike clover seed cannot be separated from timothy because of its size.

Cool the new cream to the same temperature as the old cream before mixing.

Always if possible remove the sow from the pigs and not the pigs from the sow.

For draft work the mule is valued higher than the average horse, in nearly every instance.

Farmers who are going to feed live stock through the winter should try to have the best possible.

Rutabagas are very satisfactory root crop for winter, yielding as high as 15 tons to the acre at times.

If necessary to assist the ewe in delivering, use vaseline on your hands before commencing the operation.

Woven wire is used a great deal for re-enforcing concrete and in some cases old barbed wire is also used.

Watch out for ticks on the ewes, it does not pay to raise them and you better watch out for them. It pays.

Farmers will soon be feeding new hay and new grain. Change from the old to the new should be made gradually.

Many farmers make a practice of turning lambs into the corn field in the early fall to gather up all the weeds.

The proper treatment of barb wire cuts on horses will mean fewer blemishes and less serious consequences generally.

In feeding fattened stock and dairy cows, gain and profit come in proportion to the amount of food the animals put to use.

A small quantity of linseed meal fed in the milk will balance up the ration and make it practically as good as the whole milk.

Sheep-farming has been practiced since the earliest times, and is one of the most profitable branches of the live stock industry.

It is doubtful if any other one factor contributes more to the aggregate number of bad eggs on the farm than the lack of a sufficient number of properly located, clean nests.

If a big bunch of young pigs is allowed to sleep together in cramped quarters, in cold weather, they will pile up, and the under pigs will suffer. Easy to separate them into lots of eight or ten each.

Tuberculosis in live stock is the same thing as consumption in human beings. There are many ways of spreading it, but the easiest way and the most common is through the droppings of diseased animals.

A sow pig, farrowing at one year old, will, if she and her offspring produce the average number of animals, round up a herd of 500 at the end of the fourth year—provided there are no slips, no death, no runts.

During the year 1909 there were 4,473,000 more hogs killed in this country for food purposes than all other animals combined, including beeves, calves, sheep and lambs, goats, kids, etc.

The good gardener will be as careful to keep weeds from going to seed in the garden from now on, as he was to keep them from growing earlier in the season. This means a clean garden next year.

Alfalfa is a very good feed for horses provided it is fed properly, although it is not considered as valuable for road horses as for working horses.

Corn may be the cheapest ration, so far as dollars and cents are concerned, in its market value, but it undoubtedly is a dear egg food, for it cannot produce what is wanted.

Experiments have shown that stubble burning not only decreases the amount of humus returned to the soil, but also accelerates the exhaustion of that already present in it.

In hogging down corn, fence off only a limited area at a time, as the hogs will eat more of the stalks and other herbage on the ground, and they will not waste as much of the grain.

Many farmers in the corn belt sow rape with the grain to furnish additional feed since this affords an abundance of succulent forage late in the season at [illegible]

Daniel Fahrenheit.

In view of the abnormal weather which we have had this summer we think a tribute of respect should be paid to the memory of Gabriel Daniel Fahrenheit, who was born on September 16, either in 1736 or 1740, it is hard to say which. Before his day several attempts had been made to measure the heat level, not the heat, by tubes containig oil of spirits of wine, but it lay with a bankrupt merchant of Dantzig to show how the feat could be successfully accomplished.

The first thermometers were made with spirits of wine; but the ingenious Gabriel soon adopted mercury as his medium, and so it has remained to this day. His instruments speedily became known throughout the world, and though a more rational method of graduation has since been adopted, the popular mind still clings to the Fahrenheit scale. Our own Royal society thought highly of this humble inventor and acknowledged his genius by making him one of its fellows. To the "Transactions" of the society he contributed several papers.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Modern Pharmacy.

"We have a very fine course in pharmacy," says the president of the college to the father of the student who is entering.

"I'm glad to hear that. My boy expects to become a druggist.'

Well, we give special lectures on soap, stamps, cigars, perfumery, soda water, candy, city directories, telephone books and stationery."—Life.

And So On.

"What is this domestic science?" inquired the engaged girl.

"It consists of making hash out of the left-over meat, and croquettes out of the left-over hash," explained her more experienced friend.

Is of Scotch Origin.

Ellen Key, who has written a number of books and has had much to do with molding public opinion in Sweden, is descended from a Scotch highlander, Colonel McKay, who fought under Gustavus Adolphus. In 1880 her father lost all his money, and Miss Key went to work as a teacher. She then gave lectures and has for 20 years been lecturer on the history of civilization at the Popular University of Stockholm.

His Losings.

"What did you lose on that wrestling match?"

"About nine-tenths of my respect for the human race."

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

Some of us are apt to take advice that doesn't belong to us.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The shortest words sometimes carry the most weight.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

So combines the great curative principles of Roots, Barks and Herbs as to raise them to their highest efficiency; hence its unequaled cures.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Rheumatic Pains quickly relieved

Sloan's Liniment is good for pain of any sort. It penetrates, without rubbing, through the muscular tissue right to the bone—relieves the congestion and gives permanent as well as temporary relief.

Here's Proof.

A. W. LAY of Lafayette, Ala., writes:—"I had rheumatism for five years. I tried doctors and several different remedies but they did not help me. I obtained a bottle of Sloan's Liniment which did me so much good that I would not do without it for anything."

THOMAS L. RICE of Easton, Pa., writes: "I have used Sloan's Liniment and find it first-class for rheumatic pains."

Mr. G. G. JONES of Baldwins, L.I., writes:—"I have found Sloan's Liniment per excellence. I have used it for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall, and to my great satisfaction I was able to resume my duties in less than three weeks after the accident."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is an excellent remedy for sprains, bruises, sore throat, asthma. No rubbing necessary—you can apply with a brush.

At all dealers. Price, 25c., 50c. & $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry sent free. Address

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

In every cold weather emergency you need a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater. Is your bedroom cold when you dress or undress? Do your water pipes freeze in the cellar? Is it chilly when the wind whistles around the exposed corners of your house?

A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater brings complete comfort. Can be carried anywhere. Always ready for use—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted.

Ask your dealer to show you a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater; or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

In size, shape, color, quality and price, Lenox Soap suits the majority of women better than any other soap.

That is why most women, when their grocers ask what kind of soap they want, say, "Lenox, of course!"

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

The strong, steady light.

Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil they burn. Do not flicker. Will not blow or jar out. Simple, reliable and durable—and sold at a price that will surprise you.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write to any agency of the

Standard Oil Company

VIEWS OF ITALY'S ARMY IN ACTION

WE present herewith a group of photographs showing certain activities of the army which Italy is pitting against the forces of Turkey in Tripoli. The pictures show: (1) Italian quick-firing gun in action; (2) artillery on the march; (3) wireless apparatus in the field; (4) ambulance corps on the way to the front.

LOP-SIDED CONTRACT

Husband Now Sorry He Signed Paper to Get Wife to Return.

Every Privilege Is Given to Woman, Even to Entertaining Former Gentlemen Friends, While He Becomes Slave.

Kansas City, Mo.—S. A. Dickson has repudiated the most unique marriage contract ever entered into in the history of Kansas City. The document was drawn up by his wife and gave her every privilege, even to the adoption of affinities if she cared so to do. The Dicksons quarreled a few weeks after their marriage, eighteen months ago, and, Dickson says, under duress of intense love, he signed what he now admits was a very foolish contract to get his wife to return to him.

Details of the marital troubles of the Dicksons were made public the other day in a deposition filed in the circuit court in a suit for divorce filed by Dickson. Dickson admitted he was compelled on several occasions to go on bended knees to his wife and ask her forgiveness. His reward was not forgiveness. He merely was allowed to bask once more in the light of her beauty, to give her his salary each week and subsist on the crumbs of affection she chose to give him.

Mrs. Dickson lives at No. 1120 Tracy avenue, this city. Eighteen months ago they were married. Three weeks later they separated. The husband in his deposition says the separation was due to the fact that she continued to be a friend of men with whom she went before their marriage. Mrs. Dickson says the reason was that her husband was too exacting and jealous without cause.

Last March, upon the earnest solicitation of the husband, a reconciliation was effected, but not until the wife had exacted a written statement from her husband, pledging her independence and promulgating herself as boss of the home. The woman dictated the statement and Dickson signed it. She made no promises. Here is the pledge Dickson took:

To whom it may concern:

I, S. A. Dickson, do hereby agree to all and everything herein mentioned. I agree to allow my wife, T. C. Dickson, to do just as she feels inclined to do, and to feel just as free to come and go and to visit and to go with whom she feels inclined without giving or showing any jealousy to her for such acts on her part, nor watch or condemn her for so doing.

If she will return and live with me once more I will not interfere with her in any way whatever. I wish her to feel just as free to come and go as the day she was born. I will be good and kind to her and give all my earnings unto her. She is to keep them as she sees fit and best. If we should put any of it in the bank, it will be so placed as to require the signature of both of us to draw it out. If I fail to live up to this agreement, I will allow her to have a legal separation, if she so desires. I further agree to make her the legal heir to all my life insurance, or whatever may accumulate in the way of property through our association.

A few weeks after this the Dicksons resumed marriage relations. Before this, Dickson testified, his wife had permitted him to come and visit her a day each week or two, and on each visit he turned over a part of his salary to her. Dickson donned the apron and went into the kitchen after the reconciliation. While he washed the dishes, he said, his wife would talk over the 'phone to gentlemen friends. The telephone was in the next room and the door would be open between the two rooms.

Effects of Chewing Gum.

New York.—Mrs. Lena Stevel was chewing gum in her home, 327 East Ninety-eighth street, when suddenly she shrieked, then gasped. Her family gathered about her, but she could not speak, simply pointing to a place where a false tooth was missing, and then to her throat.

An ambulance in charge of Dr. Stole raced from the Presbyterian hospital.

"Swallowed your tooth?" asked the doctor.

Mrs. Stevel made a great effort and replied:

"I certainly did, and it's gone down, chewing gum and all."

She was taken to the hospital.

Hope to Find Origin of Life.

Baltimore, Mr.—"No man dares to say that the secret of the origin of life will be discovered, yet scientists are working hopefully toward the unraveling of the mystery."

So said Dr. Albrecht Kossel, director of the Physiological Institute of Heidelberg university, who has come to the Johns Hopkins university for a series of lectures.

MOTORMAN SEES MANY BUGS

Army of Potato Beetles Halts Street Car Many Minutes at North Rehoboth, Mass.

Providence, R. I.—"What in thunder?" exclaimed a motorman on the Taunton & Pawtucket street railway as his car came to a sliding stop at the foot of a hill in North Rehoboth with the power on and the wheels spinning at top speed. Then he stared with fascinated gaze at a wide yellow streak waving across the road ahead of him and felt of his head.

"Don't turn off the power, Charley; keep the wheels turning so's they can't invade the car," shouted the conductor.

"So's what can't invade the car?" queried the motorman. "You don't have to go batty just because I'm seein' things."

"You're not seeing things, Charley. Them's potato bugs on a migration."

"Sure enough," the motorman acquiesced, gazing at the moving mass. "Gee, just look at the way they dig the grass out by the roots! That's the cause of all the dust, too, isn't it?"

As far as the curious pair and the passengers could see was one moving mass of potato bugs. They kept going by for nearly an hour, it is said, polishing pebbles on their way, scratching bark off trees, and actually running to each other's defense and clinging to the legs of birds when attacked.

Finally, the motorman managed to get his car started over the slippery insect mass by using sand. When he reached the barn he put in a requisition for a large can of paris green.

POSE WHILE ASLEEP

English Society Adopts Fad Started by Austrians.

Latest Craze Is Being Photographed While Asleep—Idea Comes From Austria, Where It Is Already Very Popular.

London.—The latest society craze is being photographed while asleep.

The idea comes from Austria, where it is already very popular, but it has spread to London, and inquiries may show that photographers have begun to follow the fashion or are prepared to do so.

One well-known woman professional photographer recently caused a small sensation by an exquisite picture of a group of sleeping children which she took, and other specialists in portrait work are endeavoring to emulate her, not only in pictures of sleeping children, but in pictures of oblivious grown-ups

Discussing the subject, Mr. George Henry, the well-known portrait painter, said he could not understand why anyone whose waking expression is pleasant should want to be photographed asleep.

"Still, there are some people whose faces look better in repose," he agreed. "There is no expression to be obtained from the eyes of a sleeping person, of course, but there may be something undesirable banished from the face.

"Many people go through life with a set expression—a 'purposeful mask'—on their faces, but when asleep they forget that set expression and you catch them as they really are.

"The chief difficulty in getting a sleeping photograph is, I imagine that no one—or few people—can go to sleep at will. They may close their eyes and pretend to be asleep, but that does not give them a natural sleeping look."

"I do not say that you will get a true likeness of a person when asleep, but you will certainly get a very interesting one," said a well-known sculptor. "The comparison between a 'waking' and sleeping portrait of the same individual should be very interesting.

"The stress of modern life and conditions generally line and mark people's faces, but sleep blots out much of this facial disfigurement, and that is one great reason why women especially should go in for sleep photography. Children, too—although not, of course, for the same reason—ought to be ready and beautiful subjects."

Takes Mail Order Wife.

Evansville, Ind.—Henry Clay Long, a farmer near Fairfield, a few weeks ago advertised for a wife. More than 500 women answered the advertisement and Long finally has selected Miss Bessie Southard of Centertown, Ky., said to be the belle in that section. She arrived at Fairfield the other day and became Mrs. Long. When Miss Southard departed from Kentucky the whole population followed her to the station and showered her with best wishes.

TO MAKE SIBERIA A COLONY

Russian Government Plans to Lessen Emigration to America by Renting Lands to Natives.

St. Petersburg.—If a bill which the Minister of Agriculture is introducing into the Douma during the approaching session becomes law, Siberia will cease to be a Crown possession, and be promoted to the rank of a colony.

Siberia's peasant population is in exactly the same position as before the abolition of serfdom; it has never received the land on which it works. Therefore, the 4,786,730 English square miles which it contains forms an enormous Crown estate, rented to colonists and natives. As the total population of this vast district is only seven millions, and the natural resources considerable, the new bill proposes to introduce a system of so-called "individuality and land ownership"—i. e., to sell land to private persons in lots of various sizes, and to allow land now being worked by colonists, natives and settlers to become the personal property of those who are working it.

Title deeds will be issued to the owners, who cannot take possession thereof till their candidature is approved by the local agricultural authorities and the Agriculture commission, appointed to consider claims. This experiment is to be tried in the four western governments and in the districts of Bajkal, Amur and Primorskaya. The remainder, or more than half the total area, will remain in the Crown's possession, to be gradually sold in small lots to colonists.

Emigrants, who fight shy of Siberia owing to the heavy taxation, bad communication and climatic drawbacks, will be given many facilities and encouragement to go there instead of America. The taxes will be reduced to a minimum and special grants of grain will be given to newcomers, and facilitate for obtaining agricultural implements on long credit terms will be made. The completion of the Amur railway and the double-tracking of the Siberian settlers from those parts of European Russia, where the land famine is most felt.

RULES HUSBAND COMES FIRST

Massachusetts Court Upholds Man's Right to Umbrella if but One in the Household.

Northampton, Mass.—In district court the other day Henry Johnson, carpenter at the State Agricultural college, was charged with assaulting his wife. Wife, son and daughter testified against him. Johnson said the incident occurred on a recent rainy day. There was but one umbrella in the house and a dispute arose whether he or his wife should have it. Johnson said his wife took possession of the umbrella and he used no more force than was necessary to wrest it from her. As there was but one umbrella it seemed to him only fitting that as the head of the family he should have first claim upon it. The court held that Johnson acted within his rights and acquitted him.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Two Harbors.—Loggers are sending many men to the woods to open camps and the outlook is for a good-sized cut.

Pipestone.—The contract for seining the rough fish from Lake Shetek has been let to A. Margulis of St. Paul on his bid of $1,900. He will use 190,000 feet of net in the work.

Duluth. — John Frank Treat, of Fargo, N. D., imperial potentate of the Order of the Mystic Shrine, was the guest of honor here at a ceremony in which 43 candidates were initiated.

Faribault.—The cornerstone of the postoffice building will be held under the auspices of the grand lodge of Masons, assisted by the local Masonic lodge and other fraternal societies.

St. Paul. — Peter Juhl, murderer of Detective Fraser of the St. Paul police, pleaded guilty before Judge Orr and was sentenced to life imprisonment in Stillwater prison.

Two Harbors. — Ore shipments through this port are gradually dropping off and the outlook is for an early close. Lumber shipments to lower lakes have been lighter than usual this season.

Owatonna.—Owatonna is making elaborate plans for the entertainment of the members of the Norwegian Sognatalet, which will soon convene in this city. Some noted Scandinavian musicians are expected to attend.

Litchfield.—Manager H. L. Halverson of the Meeker County Farmer's Shipping association reports that since its organization, three years ago, 206 cars of stock have been shipped, for which the farmers received $230,981.

Ely.—The Section 30 Mining company had begun shipping again after a suspension of several months, and 60,000 tons will be moved to the head of the lakes in the next few weeks. Section 30 has nearly doubled its output of 1911 over 1910.

Bemidji.—Bemidji is again in the limelight of superiority, through the fact that three carloads of selected white pine timber, sawed at the local sawmill of the Crookston Lumber company, has been consigned to a dealer at Manchester, England.

Northfield. — St. John's Lutheran church of this city has made plans for the erection of a new church building early next spring. A fund of $18,000 has been raised. The church will seat 800 and will contain recreation and Sunday school rooms in the basement.

Owatonna.—A. L. Ober, of Chatfield, to whom a franchise was voted some time ago, announces that he will now build another electric plant in Owatonna, supplying power from the Zumbro river to Byron, Rochester, Dodge Center, Kasson, Claremont and Owatonna.

Lindstrom.—John Johnson, a farmer, brought to market a load of potatoes which contained sixty bushels and brought $36. There were 3,600 potatoes, an average of sixty potatoes to the bushel, and each brought 1 cent. The load was raised on one-fith of an acre.

Moorhead.—Frank M. Rice, farmer, accused of having taken part in a fake hold-up near Moorhead, by which R. M. Patterson was robbed of $890, was indicted by the grand jury on a charge of grand larceny in the first degree. Howard Lindley confessed that he had held up Patterson, and incriminated Rice. Rice was Patterson's employer and had paid him the $890 the day of the alleged hold-up. The money was recovered.

Albert Lea.—The annual meeting of the Minnesota Butter and Cheesemakers' association will be held in this city Dec. 12, 13 and 14, and plans are in progress for the entertainment of the men who bring the cups in world's contests for the best butter. The indications are that the attendance will be large. The state co-operative creamery of that city, the only one in the world operated by a state, will be one of the drawing cards.

Moorhead.—The grand jury in district court preceding the holding of the regular October term of court, brought in indictments against John M. McGinley and John Drexel. McGinley is charged by the grand jury with murder in the second degree and manslaughter in the first degree. McGinley is accused by causing the death of a missionary named Quinn, by striking him over the head with a cane. Drexel is charged with forgery and grand larceny, both of which crimes, it is alleged, were committed in Barnesville, Minn.

George P. Grout, assistant professor in the dairy division of the animal husbandry department at the agricultural college of the university, has submitted his resignation, to take effect as soon as his successor can be chosen. Prof. Grout will take charge of the Jean Du Luth farm at Duluth. Mr. Grout is the sixth man to leave the department within a comparatively recent period for other more lucrative fields. D. A. Gaumnitz, W. F. Handschin and Prof. Harry Snyder are others who have gone into business or taken positions as instructors elsewhere.

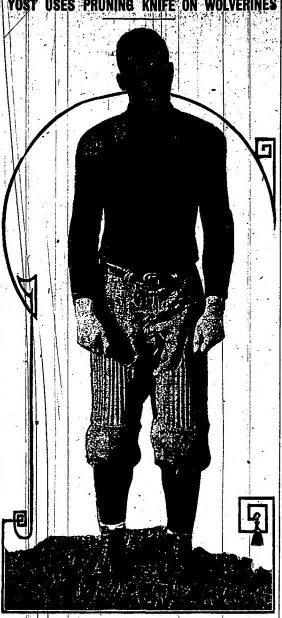
Staples.—The Central Minnesota Dairymen and Buttermakers' association will hold a meeting at Bertha Oct. 26. John M. Lindberg of North Branch, Minn., will speak on "Paying for Quality Cream," and Peter Miller of Morris on "Cheap Production of Butter Fat."

Minneapolis. — E. G. Barnaby, senior partner of E. G. Barnaby & Co., clothiers, and one of the best known of Minneapolis merchants, died after an illness of several months. He was 73 years old and had been a resident of Minneapolis for thirty-three years.

Winona.—Fred Oech, a well-known farmer of Winona county, has demonstrated what can be done in the way of raising fodder on the farm when the hay crop fails. He planted among his standing corn rutabagas, rape and turnips, and has obtained a splendid yield from the twelve acres. The heavy rains contributed largely to the yield.

East Grand Forks.—Accidental death was the verdict returned by the jury that heard the evidence bearing upon the killing of Charles Neri, the man who claimed to have been thrown from the third story window of a local hotel.

YOST USES PRUNING KNIFE ON WOLVERINES



Captain Wells of Michigan.

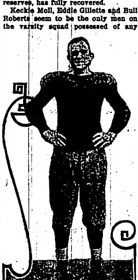
After Coach Yost got through with his pruning knife on the Wolverine squad there remains the following players: Conklin, Garrels, Pontinus, Allmendinger, Peterson, Bogle, Wells, Craig, Torbet, Thomson, Carpel, Barton, Roblee, Quinn, Gates, Picard, Hubel, Meek, Wenner and Herrington

BADGER STAR BACK IS HURT

Half-Back Gillette Thought to Have Been Badly Injured, Quickly Recovers and Returns.

Eddie Gillette, the star left halfback of the Wisconsin University football squad, who strained a ligament in one of the early scrimmages with the reserves, has fully recovered.

Keckie Moll, Eddie Gillette and Bull Roberts seem to be the only men on the varsity squad possessed of any "pep" or ginger and but for their work in carrying the ball the freshmen would have held the varsity scoreless in a recent scrimmage.



Eddie Gillette, Star Badger Back.

Lange, the sophomore, who failed to report for the freshman team last year, has been declared eligible.

Offer $7,500 for Chess Match.

So eager are the chess players of the Latin races to bring about a meeting for the world's championship between Jose R. Capablanca of Cuba, winner of the San Sebastian tournament, and Dr. Emanuel Lasker, the title holder, that Buenos Ayres has come forward with an offer of $5,000 and $2,500 for the loser if such a match is played in the Argentine Republic. However, Dr. Lasker has declined, and his reason is unique. If play takes place in a Spanish-speaking country, says the champion, "national sympathy" will lean heavily in favor of Capablanca.

Southern Dog Wins in West.

The United Northwest field trial all age stake was finished at Mount Vernon, Wash., the other day. Momoney, the Tennessee dog owned and handled by J. M. Avent of Hickory Valley, Tenn., ran in a class by himself and was awarded first place. "Uncle Dave," owned by George W. Parsons of Kennebunk, Me., and handled by Jacob Bishop of Rutherford, [illegible]

RAN UP AGAINST PILLSBURY

Baron Hengelmuller, Austrian Diplomat, Learned Afterwards Why He Lost at Chess.

Baron Hengelmuller, the Austrian diplomat, a man famous for his chess ability, one day at a house in Washington met a young man whose name he did not catch when the introductions were made. Chess was the topic of the conversation by all those in the company, and presently the young man suggested diffidently that he would be highly honored if the baron would play a game with him.

The baron consented. They sat down. After a few moves the baron looked up from the table check-mated and found the young man reading a paper. The chessmen were placed again and, after not so many moves as before, the baron looked up to find the young man reading the paper and himself checkmated.

After his dinner the baron came back. He wanted another game, being somewhat chagrined at the ease with which he had been beaten. As he came in he found the young man who had played with him that afternoon blindfolded and playing against sixteen opponents at the same time. The young man was Pillsbury.—Saturday Evening Post.

GOSSIP OF SPORTDOM

A Chinaman on the Brown team? Change the college yell.

Who is the most valuable man in the National league, anyhow?

Davey Jones is slated to join the "ones who were" next season.

Notre Dame appears to be pretty well frozen out of football now.

Perhaps it is called Indian summer on account of the football games.

Minnesota's football team is making haste more slowly this season.

Karla, the Indian wrestler, is seeking a match with Mahmout or Zbyszko.

It looks as if Harvard were to have a real nice football team this year, too.

Late season golf doesn't make much more of a hit than late season baseball.

Why not a world's series for the Boston Nationals and the St. Louis Browns?

Usually a strike for more salary by a baseball player presages a falling off in ability.

Kid McCoy is also coming back. He knocked out some dub the other night in New York.

Italian prize fighters with Turk names have been placed in the most absurd position.

A rumor now that Ad Wolgast was contemplating retirement would sour next year's peach crop.

Japan having taught Russia the bear dance, Italy will try teaching the sublime porte the turkey trot. [illegible]

Unless Maroon football players improve their kicking considerably [illegible]

FORWARD PASS STAYS

This Play Expected to Be of Great Importance.

For Those Teams Which Have no Field Goal Men the Tossing Becomes More and More Essential—Rule Changes.

Forward passing is likely to be even more important in football games this year than ever before, according to many critics, and will be the mainstay of a great many teams. Those squads which have field goal kickers of more than usual ability will be able to husband their forward pass plays against weaker opponents, relying upon the ability of their kickers to give them victories. For those which have no field goal men, however, the tossing becomes more and more important, and the coaches who have these teams will have their work cut out for them in constantly developing plays with which to mystify their opponents.

Only one important rule has been made since last season, and this was male with a view of rendering the forward pass a more practicable play. Under last year,s rules, the forward pass had to be made from a point at least five yards back of the line of scrimmage and if uncompleted was brought back to the point from which the pass was made, the uncompleted pass counting a down.

Under the revised rule instead of taking the ball back to the place from which the pass was made the oval is brought back to the place of the previous down. As the rule specifically requires at least five yards back of the line scrimmage and as the point from which the pass was made last year averaged at least ten yards back of the line, it will be seen that in framing the new rule the framers of the code removed a great ground loss penalty.

It was expected last season that the restrictions on the length of the forward pass would result in making the play a short lob instead of a long overhead throw, but this was proved to be wrong, for the one variety of pass was used with as much execution as the other.

The code declares the ball shall be considered dead when it passes a line 20 yards in advance of the line of scrimmage, but as the pass is usually made from a point at least eight yards back of the line of scrimmage the total forward progress of the ball is from 28 to 30 yards, and even with a more generous rule it is doubtful if tosses of more than this distance would be attempted.

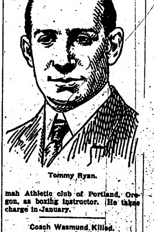
In the great majority of cases long passes are shot out toward the ends rather than directly over the line, and it is seldom a pass is caught more than ten yards beyond the line.

Both the long and short pass have their good features to recommend them to coaches, and it is difficult to decide which is the preferable. Neither would be of any use were they not run in a deceptive manner, depending for their effectiveness upon their unexpectedness. It is a poor team that could not stop a forward pass when one is expected, for where there are six men of the offensive team eligible to receive the pass there are 11 on the defense. In addition to this, the offensive man first touching the ball must recover it, while if a ball is touched by an offensive player all 11 of the defending side are thereby made eligible to scramble for it.

TOMMY RYAN ACCEPTS OFFER

Former Middleweight Champion Will Be Boxing Instructor of Portland (Oregon) Club.

"Tommy" Ryan, former middleweight champion, has announced his acceptance of an offer to go to Multnomah Athletic club of Portland, Oregon, as boxing instructor. He takes charge in January.



Tommy Ryan.

Coach Wasmund Killed.

William Wasmund, 24 years old, widely known as a football coach and quarter-back, died at Austin, Texas, the other day as a result of injuries sustained when he fell from his bedroom window. It is presumed Wasmund walked from the window while asleep, his friends asserting that he was afflicted with somnambulism.

Wasmund played on the University of Michigan team of 1907. Since then he acted as coach for several teams, and for the last two years had been head coach of the University of Texas team.

Wasmund came here from Detroit, Mich.

Army Date Nov. 25.

It is announced by the Navy Athletic association that an agreement has been reached with the athletic authorities of the army and the University of Pennsylvania by which the annual army-navy football game [illegible]

AL Hasson — State Capitol

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1911. NUMBER 17.

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

Senator LaFollette announced that no plans have been completed for a campaign speaking tour in November, although he still hopes to be able to make several progressive speeches before congress meets.

A vigorous attack on Christian Science was made at the annual conference of the Unitarian church here. Rev. George B. Boggs, of St. Louis, characterized it as a menace to the country and to the nation, and as "fanaticism."

It is not the intention of the war department to abandon Fort Des Moines, Ia., as an army post, it was announced at the war department. As soon as it can be arranged a full regiment of cavalry will be sent to maintain the garrison.

On the recommendation of Representative Kendall, Dr. E. A. Sheafer was appointed pension surgeon at Ottawa, vice Dr. D. A. Lafore, resigned. Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistantts in the Agricultural department.

The employers' liability and workmen's compensation commission practically decided to recommend the enactment of a law providing for the insurance of employes of interstate railroads against injury by accident by requiring the roads to make payments for any injury inflicted. No binding vote was taken, but it was admitted that the commissioners were unanimously favorable to the plan.

General.

Suit was begun at Trenton, N. J., to dissolve the steel trust.

A new rebellion is on in Mexico which it is hoped soon to crush.

Francisco I. Madero will be inaugurated president of Mexico Nov. 6.

Mexican insurrectos partly burned and wrecked the town of Milpa Alta.

James A. Pollard, aged ninety-four, oldest resident, is dead at Chester, Vermont.

At Washington the opinion is that the anti-trust suit means a long and bitter legal struggle.

In an address at Chicago Secretary Fisher said he favored a system of leasing Alska coal lands.

Woodrow Wilson was acclaimed the next president of the United States by democrats of Wisconsin.

Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma, who was in Los Angeles, said his choice for president was Woodrow Wilson.

Nellie S. Scott and Venus W. Pool, both of Lincoln, Neb., have been appointed scientific assistants in the agriculture department.

Imports of merchandise and dry goods at the port of New York for the week ending October 21 were valued at $16,570,977.

A contract providing for enough steel cars to equip all its main line trains was signed by the Illinois Central railroad company.

Two important towns, Kiu Kiang, in the province of Kiang-Si, and Sian, capital of Shensi province, have fallen into the hands of the revolutionists.

The fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Falls Bluff, Va., in which Colonel E. D. Baker, personal friend of Lincoln and former senator from Oregon, lost his life, was celebrated near the battlefield.

Congressman Norris objects to W. J. Bryan's attempt to bring progressive republicans into line in support of the democratic ticket.

The United States Steel corporation's first step in the legal battle with the government for its existence will be taken Monday, December 4.

A famous old silk portrait of George Washington, the gift of France to New York city, which has hung in the city hall for many years, is splitting and it is feared it cannot be restored.

The transcontinental flight of Aviator C. P. Rodgers, which was begun at New York, will end at Pasadena.

Robert Lair Borden, premier of Canada, was again elected to the house of commons as one of the members for Halifax.

"I am glad for the opportunity to have my name changed," said Miss Katherine of Terre Haute, Ind., as she was handed the papers which gave her the privilege to change the burdensome appellation. She will be married to Kalen, a farmer.

Senator-elect James K. Vardaman of Mississippi declared that democracy's choice in 1912 would be Clark or Wilson.

All custom houses in the United States will appraise and classify imports according to a standard plan devised by Assistant Secretary Curtis of the Treasury department.

Mrs. Warren Fairbanks of Chicago, social leader and wife of the son of former Vice President Fairbanks, reported to the police that a bag containing jewels worth $10,000 had been taken from her from a Pullman car en route from Boston to Chicago.

Many Nebraskans were successful in the Dallas land drawing.

Two more important towns were captured by Chinese revolutionists.

New rules of procedure have been put in effect by the supreme court at Washington.

Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World, is dead.

South Dakota regulars and insurgents declared a truce and joined in a welcome to the president.

The claim is made at Gregory that the choicest Rosebud lands have been alloted to the Indians.

The Philadelphia Americans remain world champions by defeating the New York Nationals, 13 to 2.

A liberal interpretation of Alaska coal land laws was bespoken in the supreme court for indicted men.

Congressman G. W. Norris addressed students at Wesleyan university and at the Temple High, at Lincoln.

Governor Deneen's conservation waterways bill was defeated in the lower branch of the Illinois general assembly.

President Taft signed the long expected proclamation of neutrality of the United States in the war between Turkey and Italy.

Capron Springs hotel, a summer resort near Winchester, Va., was destroyed by fire, along with the cottages and bath houses.

Postal savings banks will be established on November 23 at Craig, Niobrara, Plainview, Shelton, Tecumseh and Wausa in Nebraska.

The six thousand garment-workers at Cleveland who have been on strike nineteen weeks, will vote on the question of giving up the fight.

Two more bridges on the Inter-Oceanic railway, near Amex, Camexca, were destroyed with dynamite by a detachment of Zapata's rebels.

The Mexican embassy in Washington expects official statements early in November as to the makeup of the cabnet of Presdent-electi Madero.

Wooster, O., breaks into the map for a moment with a mother of sixteen children who married her fourth husband four hours after divorcing No. 3.

A bequest of $750,000 is made to Bryn Mawr college by Emma Carola Woerschofer, who died last month and whose will was admitted to probate.

At Rheims, France, while trying out a military aeroplane, the pilot, Jean de Sparmet, fell with the machine from a height of 600 feet, and was crushed to death.

The proclamation signed by President Taft October 24, declaring the neutrality of the United States in the war between Turkey and Italy, was issued at Washington.

All custom houses in the United States will appraise and classify imports according to a standard plan devised by Assistant Secretary Curtis of the treasury department.

The German and French governments have communicated to the powers the first part of the Moroccan agreement having to do with the position of finance in Morocco.

John R. Walsh died at Chicago nine days after his parole from prison.

Rev. Anna Howard Shaw was reelected president of the national woman's suffrage association.

All railroads are forbidden by the interstate commerce commission to cancel rate contracts with other roads when such action will result in a raise of freight rates.

The Archduke Karl Franz Joseph and Princess Neita, of Parma, were married in the castle at Schwarzau, lower Ausria, in the presence of the emperor and the king of Saxony.

A prisoners' strike developed in Sing Sing prison when 156 convicts in the knitting shop refused to continue work, declaring themselves dissatisfied with existing conditions.

No spirit of unfriendliness to the United States influenced the verdict of the Canadian people at the recent election, declared Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada, when he reacned New York.

Conditional appropriations aggregating $635,000 were granted to six colleges and universities at the board of trustees of the John D. Rockefeller fund for education—the general education board—in New York.

James J. Hill, chairman of the Great Northern railway, made it plain that if the United States Steel corporation wants to cancel its lease of the Great Northern ore properties in Minnesota it is welcome to do so.

The names of the four midshipmen of the naval academy who were recommended for dismissal because of a breach of the discipline of the school, were made public. Secretary of the Navy Meyer has forwarded the cases to President Taft for final action.

Personal.

A needy woman drew first prize in the South Dakota land lottery.

Dr. Cook was hissed down when he attempted to lecture at Copenhagen.

Senator LaFollette says he will make no extended speaking tour.

Ex-President Roosevelt celebrated his 51st birthday on Oct. 27.

President Taft says there will be no let-up in the prosecution of trusts.

Aviator Ely was killed at Macon, Ga., while giving exhibitions.

Mr. Harrison of Lincoln is looking after the La Follette boom in Nebraska.

In an address at New York Colonel Roosevelt said courts were prone to err as well as individuals.

State Senator Broderick, a democratic supporter of Lorimer, was compelled to make important admissions.

Aviator Hugh Robinson announced he had given up his attempt to fly with a hydro-aeroplane from Minneapolis to New Orleans.

SOCIALISTS FAIL

CANDIDATE'S VOTE SHORT OF MAJORITY, AS SHOWN BY COMPLETE RETURNS.

HAVE TO TRY IT AGAIN

Two Men Will Therefore Compete for Office at Polls in December—Many Women Being Registered.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Complete returns from the primary show the failure of the efforts of the Socialists to capture the mayoralty by a majority vote, and thus obviate the necessity of going before the people again on Dec. 5 at the regular election. Mayor George Alexander, "good government" nominee, and Job Harriman, Socialist, will compete in a two-man contest for the office in December.

The returns show the primary vote to have been as follows: Harriman, 20,157; Alexander, 16,700; Mushet, 8,168; Gregory, 327; Becker, 59. Harriman's plurality was 3,367. His vote fell short 4,188 of a majority over all which was necessary for election.

The Socialist candidates for the city council and all except two for the board of education will have their names on the regular ticket. The Socialist candidates for city auditor and city assessor will have to contest with the opposition at the regular polls.

Impartial leaders say the question in the coming campaign that is agitating all factions is "what will the women do?" There are now approximately 26,000 women registered in Los Angeles and by Nov. 9, when registration closes for the fair sex, it is believed that 40,000 will register.

Herculean efforts have been and are being made by the Socialists to enroll as many working women as possible. Socialist leaders claim 90 per cent of these will vote for Harriman.

Seemingly recognizing that their only hope of offsetting the "women labor vote" lies in the registration of women in the residential districts, the "good government" forces have sworn in hundreds of deputies, who will at once begin a house to house canvass.

METHODIST BISHOPS GATHER.

Twenty-Five Churchmen From Five Continents at Oklahoma Meeting.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.—Twenty-five Methodist Episcopal bishops from five continents are here for the semi-annual meeting. The first session was marked by denunciation of the famous grandfather clause in the Oklahoma constitution, which makes it almost impossible for a negro to vote, by Bishop Hartsell of Monrovia, Liberia. He also said all Christian nations should pray for the success of Italy in its war with Turkey. Bishop Hartsell told of the great progress of Liberia, the negro republic.

Foremost churchmen here include W. S. Lewis, in charge of the Methodist church work in China; Bishop J. C. Hartsell, Monrovia, Liberia; Bishop Frank Bristol, formerly President McKinley's pastor in Washington, now in Buenos Ayres; Bishop William Burt, Zurich, Switzerland; Bishop William A. McDowell, just returned from a trip around the world, giving especial attention to conditions in India; Bishop Henry W. Warren, Denver; Bishop J. F. Barry, former editor of the Epworth Herald; Bishop David H. Moore, Cincinnati; Bishop John M. Walden, retired, of Cincinnati; Bishop Earl Cranston, Washington; Bishop Luther B. Wilson, just returned from Africa; Bishop Edwin H. Hughes, San Francisco, and Bishop C. W. Smith, of Portland, Ore., for 20 years editor of the Christian Advocate at Pittsburg.

BANDITS HOLD UP TRAIN.

Six Masked Men Hold Up Rock Island Passenger in Arkansas.

Memphis, Tenn. — Six masked men held up west-bound Rock Island passenger train No. 43, known as the Arkansas-Oklahoma express, midway between Memphis and Hurlburt, Ark., ransacked mail pouches and fired seven nitroglycerin charges into the "local" safe of the express car, which not only tore away the safe doors, but wrecked the car. In the midst of their pillage, they were frightened away when a switch train, approached from Hurlburt.

Nicaragua Reports An Earthquake.

San Juan Del Sur, Nic. — A prolonged eathquake was felt here. No damage has been reported.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 2.—Wheat, December, $1.05¾; May, $1.09¾; No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 northern, $1.04¾; No. 1 durum, $1.00; No. 3 corn, 70c; No. 3 white oats, 45½c; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 91½c; No. 1 flax, $2.17¼.

Duluth, Nov. 2.—Wheat, December, $1.05¾; May, $1.09¾; No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; No. 1 durum, $1.02¾.

South St. Paul, Nov. 2.—Cattle—Steers, $2.50@$2.75; cows, $3.15@4.50; calves, $2.75@6.00; hogs, $5.75@5.85; sheep and lambs, $2.50@3.25.

Seven Die; Woman Is Arrested.

Chicago, Ill. — Mrs. Louise Vermilya was taken into custody by the police, following their discovery that the recent death of Policeman Arthur Bissonnette, a roomer at her home, was the seventh death in recent years occurring under her roof or under circumstances with which she was connected. The seven deaths include those of two husbands, a son, a stepson, a stepdaughter, a conductor who boarded with her and Bissonnette.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

TO CANCEL ORE LEASE.

Steel Corporation Also Recommends Reduction in Freight Rates.

New York, Oct. 27.—At a special meeting the directors of the United States Steel corporation decided to cancel the corporation's lease of the Great Northern ore properties. The directors also adopted resolutions recommending to the directors of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company a reduction in freight rates on iron ore from points in the Mesaba range to Duluth to a figure not exceding 60 cents a ton, and to Duluth & Iron Range Railway company a similar reduction on the iron ore rate from the Vermilion & Mesaba Iron range to Duluth and Two Harbors, Minn.

Besides recommending to the two railroad companies the reduction in rates, the resolution embodied the following clauses:

"That all points upon said range" (in the case of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad company the word 'ranges' is used) "reached by the lines of said company, be included in establishing freight rates upon iron ore from the mines to Duluth."

The basis of reduction, according to the resolution is to be the gross ton, 2,240 pounds. It was denied that the resignation of William Ellis Corey as a director in the corporation was received. J. Pierpont Morgan attended the meeting.

STATE WANTS ITS TAXES.

Itasca Logging Road Said to Owe Commonwealth $12,499.

Deer River.—The fact has been established that the Minneapolis & Rainy Lake railroad, known as the Itasca logging road, has kept no record of cars received from the Great Northern, consigned to the Deer River Lumber company and the Itasca Lumber company, and that these companies were given a rate of 50 to 66⅔ per cent of the published freight rates.

There has been withheld from the state $12,499.12 in penalties and back taxes for the period of six years.

A draft for this amount has been drawn on the company by State Auditor Iverson and turned over to the state treasurer's office. This is claimed by the state in accordance with the gross earnings tax law.

The road runs from Duluth to Big Fork and Stanley, on two branches. For some time independent loggers have alleged that freight rates were prohibitive. Deputies from the public examiner's office went over the books of the road here and at Minneapolis and disclosed the fact that no record of the majority of cars consigned to the company was kept after being turned over by the Great Northern.

WIFE AND CHILD BURNED.

Farmer Near Granite Falls Saves Youngest After Stove Explosion.

Granite Falls.—The farm house of Ole Johnson, two miles down the river, was destroyed by fire, and his wife and one child were killed by the flames. Mr. Johnson says he had been trying to start a soft coal fire in the kitchen stove, and as it would not burn readily he went out after some kindling.

While he was away he heard an explosion, and, looking up, saw the entire lower part of the house ablaze. Rushing to the house he succeeded in getting out the youngest child, but his wife and the older child had been left in the kitchen and it was impossible to enter this room on account of the heat.

After the fire had consumed the house pieces of the stove were found scattered about the room and some pieces were found in other rooms, and it is evident that after her husband left the house, the woman thought she would aid in starting the fire by pouring kerosene on the hot coals.

ON TRIAL FOR BREAKING JAIL.

Harry Burke, Wanted for Violating Parole, Pleads Not Guilty.

Fargo.—Harry Burke, wanted by the Minnesota state's prison authorities at Stillwater on a charge of breaking parole, after being released from the full service of a five-year sentence for grand larceny in Minneapolis, was placed on trial on a charge of breaking jail from Cass county. He pleaded not guilty and secured counsel.

According to the decision of Judge Hanson, unless he pleads guilty, Burke will have to remain in jail for two months in order to get the jury trial which he demanded. If convicted of jailbreaking he will be forced to serve six months more time and will then be taken to Stillwater, for the breaking of his parole.

DUMAS FILES AFFIDAVITS.

Asks Court to Take Second Trial on Arson Charge to Another County.

Bemidji.—Alleging that the general feeling in Beltrami county is prejudiced against Dr. D. F. Dumas, Judge M. A. Spooner, chief counsel for Dr. Dumas, and his assistant, A. A. Andrews, filed affidavits in support of their motion for a change of venue in the Blackduck arson case from Beltrami to some other county. Twenty-one affidavits are filed in support of the motion.

DIVORCE BILL SET ASIDE.

Former Minnesota Banker Said to Be Liable to Arrest for Bigamy.

Salem, Ore.—The report is gaining circulation that J. C. Evans, cashier of the closed First State Bank of Philomath, Ore., now under arrest on charge of false statements of the bank's condition, is a man from Felton, Minn., who, under the name of Charles Evans, has been involved in divorce litigation in Clackamas county and in the supreme court for four years, and who now stands, by reason of a decision of the supreme court, subject to arrest on the charge of bigamy.

Affidavits on file say that Evans and his first wife were married in Columbus, Ohio, in 1889. They were interested in a small bank in Felton, Minn., where his wife gave him $500 to invest.

According to the affidavits, she remained in Ohio with her mother, who was ill, until she could get away, then she went to Minnesota to find Evans living with a girl.

Evans said the girl was an orphan to whom he had decided they would give a home. To strangers he would introduce her as his daughter. Soon his wife objected to the girl and ordered her away. This led to the elopement of Evans and the young woman. Scandal was rife over the affair and people of Felton egged Evans, according to the affidavits.

Later in 1905, Mrs. Evans alleges she heard her husband was in Rainier, Ore., with the intention of starting a bank and that he had changed his name to "J. C. Evers." No trace was found of him until 1910, when Evans obtained a decree of divorce at Oregon City.

Attorneys of Portland were engaged by Mrs. Evans to break the decree, which they succeeded in doing.

"DEAD MAN" RETURNS.

James McArthur, Identified as Murder Victim, Appears on Range.

Duluth. — James McArthur, known on the Mesaba range as "Scotty," walked down the streets of Hibbing and startled his friends, who had read that he was dead and that his body had been identified. A man for whom he worked three month, positively identified a body found in a swamp as that of McArthur, as also did other persons. It is reported from Hibbing that the body of the man found in the swamp near Coleraine was that of an Italian and that he was without doubt, a victim of the blackhand. The body was nude and a rough cross was erected near it. The body will be disinterred with a view of further identification. The man had been beaten to death.

Petition Road to Retain Operator.

Pipeston.—The people of Garretson, a division town on the Great Northern road, twenty-five miles south of Pipestone, will make an effort to compel the road to reinstate H. G. Meck, an operator, who was dismissed a few days ago "for the good of the service." E. B. Beeman, the second operator at Garretson, was also dismissed for a like cause. The people of Garretson say Meck's dismissal was due to his identification with the Order of Railway Telegraphers, and a monster petition is to be sent to the officials of the road, asking for his reinstatement.

All Fire Cases Continued.

Roseau.—The district court is nearing the end of a long and heavy calendar. The suits against Otto Krause and William Story for allowing minors to play pool in their rooms were not tried, as they pleaded guilty and were fined $25 each. All fire cases against the Canadian Northern Railway company were continued. The damage suit against the Warroad Mercantile company, by the administrator of the Nels Johnson estate, for selling gasoline for coal oil, which caused an explosion which killed Johnson, his wife and one child, was dismissed.

Fairmont to Have New Charter.

Fairmont.—Judge J. H. Quinn has appointed the following commission to draft a new charter for Fairmont: E. C. Dean, J. H. Coult, E. R. Flygare, J. H. Gorman, G. B. Goetz, H. D. Gerth, Alex Grant, W. M. Hay, H. P. Johnson, George Lester, A. M. Nelson, W. L. Nicholas, H. M. Serle, D. S. Wade, O. R. Wolf.

Mann Succeeds Campbell.

Pipestone. — Frank T. Mann of Greenville, Cal., has come to Pipestone to accept the position of superintendent of the government Indian school, taking the place of W. S. Campbell, who has been promoted to a position in the Indian service in California.

Will Bank Many Logs.

Little Falls.—The Pine Tree Manufacturing company has completed arrangements for the banking of logs this winter for next season's run. The company has constructed a standard gauge track one mile and a half in length along the east bank of the Mississippi and plans on landing 25,000,000 feet of logs during the winter. A crew of 100 men will be employed on the landing. The logs are brought into Little Falls by rail from Aitkin county.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Thief River Falls.—Ice has formed clear across the Red Lake river here, and skating has been indulged in.

Litchfield. — Peterson brothers of this city have just returned from France with another consignment of Percheron horses.

Motley.—Motley can boast of a first-class market for farm produce, over twenty-five carloads of potatoes having been shipped this fall.

Karlstad.—George H. Mattson, Roseau county's representative in the legislature, will seek the nomination of secretary of state on the republican ticket.

Mankato.—The tax levy for the coming year will be 43 mills, or four mills more than the past two years. The increase is mostly due to an increased city levy.

Norseland.—Impressive ceremonies and services were held when the new Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran church, erected at a cost of $10,000, was formally dedicated.

Pipestone. — A rumor in railway circles here is to the effect that the division offices of the Southern Minnesota division of the Milwaukee road will be removed from La Crosse to Jackson, Minn.

Anoka.—An Anoka merchant has offered a prize for the largest potato raised by an Anoka county farmer. H. Boxwell, living near Ham lake, has a potato weighing two pounds and ten ounces, and a bushel which contains but thirty-six.

Little Falls. — Fire here destroyed $11,000 worth of property, covered by $5,000 insurance. Two head of cattle were burned and several horses were badly scorched. The fire started in the large implement sheds and destroyed five storage buildings.

Thief River Falls.—The council has decided to install internal combustion oil engines as motive power in the city's new light plant. The contract for equipping the plant was let Saturday to the Northwestern Electric Equipment company of St. Paul.

Little Falls.—Preparations are being made for the opening on Nov. 20 of the short course in the Little Falls schools for farm boys and girls of Morrison county. The course will continue twelve weeks with a holiday recess of two weeks at Christmas time. All instruction will be free.

Fairmont.—There is agitation in the city for a hospital, and the Commercial club has taken the matter up. The Catholic sisters have expressed a willingness to conduct a hospital if the citizens will lend assistance. The residence of George Wohlheter has been offered as the most available building.

Sauk Rapids.—A joint teachers' meeting will be held at Sauk Rapids Nov. 18, when the Benton county teachers are to meet and the instructors from eastern Stearns county will join them. An invitation to the Stearns county pedagagues has been issued by Superintendent George Selke of Benton county. Several good speakers will be present.

Brainerd.—William Barron, of this city and Charles A. Russell, formerly of Superior, are agitating the question of investigating the water and light board of Brainerd and have sent out circular letters asking citizens to contribute $10 each to carry on the investigation. The water and light board, composed of M. T. Dunn, Mons Mahlum and William Nelson invites the fullest investigation of their official conduct.

Cedar.—The Anoka County Agricultural association was organized here with the following officers: President, Harry Edmands of Cedar; vice president, F. E. Lurton, superintendent city schools, Anoka; secretary, Daniel Mecklenburg, Cedar. It is proposed to foster agriculture in all ways, and especially by holding a corn show in the winter, by making an exhibit at the next state fair and by holding a county fair next fall.

Randolph.—One man was instantly killed, several passengers were slightly injured and five freight cars were smashed to splinters when the first division of passenger train No. 1, northbound from Chicago, on the Chicago Great Western road, ran into the caboose of a freight on the main line near the station at Randolph. Joseph Pesch, 29 years old, a stockman of Waltham, was riding in the caboose and was instantly killed.

Duluth.—Hunting game in Northern Minnesota at night, with the aid of headlights, is in quite general progress and has been for several weeks, despite the fact that deer and moose cannot legally be killed until Nov. 10, and the further fact that it is illegal at any time to hunt with a headlight. A remarkable incident happened in this connection on the Vermilion range recently, when a man hunting with a headlight killed two horses, thinking he was getting moose or deer. The hunter paid $300 for his experience to the owner of the horses.

Springfield.—The five months old twins, a boy and a girl, born to Vera Schotzko, daughter of Mrs. Frappier of this city, died Sunday and Monday respectively. Their deaths occurred under such circumstances that the local physician who was requested to sign the certificates declined to do so. Coroner G. F. Reinecke decided to hold an inquest and the jury brought in a verdict that the cause of death was unknown. The coroner, however, deemed it advisable to remove the stomachs of the infants and send them to the state university for chemical analysis.

CANADA'S IMMENSE WHEAT FIELDS.

THE ATTRACTION FOR THREE TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILWAYS.

Last August there visited the Canadian west the vice-president of the largest individual hardware company in the United States. As his firm have a turnover of millions, and deals extensively with farm implements, this man took a deep interest in crop conditions in Canada, and on his return he embodied his findings in an article for the Hardware Reporter. This article should be of special interest to farmers.

The writer speaks of the importance of the spring wheat crop of Western Canada. He might also have spoken of the importance of the oat crop and also of the winter wheat crop, as well as barley. Winter wheat during the past few years has been a great success, and experiments have shown that it can be grown with success in almost any portion of the three provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. But apart from this, the spring wheat crop is the one generally grown, and all who know anything of grain, anyone who has had anything to do with markets, knows or has heard of the high character of this cereal and the splendid yields that are annually produced. Reproducing from this article:—

"In a land of such great sweep, and of such difference in soil and climate, there are many resources, but none are at present of the same overwhelming importance as the spring wheat crop. In the interminable prairie stretches of the northwest provinces it is the one absorbing topic of interest and of conversation during its growing and its harvesting, for upon its success or failure hangs the weal or woe of a large part of the Dominion. Its influence extends far down into the United States, drawing thousands of farmers northwards with the lure of cheap lands, but likewise beyond the great lakes, even to the easy going maritime provinces, calling the flower of their young men to its opportunities. Development in these prairie provinces goes on at high pressure for everything hangs on the outcome of spring wheat. Success has emboldened the raisers of this one all-important crop, and each year there is further incursion into those northern fields that only a short time ago were regarded as Arctic wastes. The Canadian Northwest seems to be one of those modern agricultural examples set forth to drive the final nail in the coffin of that ancient Malthusian delusion that population tends to outrun the means of subsistence, since the only fear now among Canadian economists is, as to the danger of overstocking the wheat market. Only about two and one-half per cent of possible arable lands in the northwest provinces is now under cultivation, and this year the crop promises to be close to 200,000,000 bushels, so that your imagination and your arithmetic can easily supply the answer as to the possible or even probable outcome."

During the months of July and August the weather was unfavourable and the production of a 200 million yield of wheat will not likely be realised, but even with this, the threshing reports coming to hand show that the crop will be a splendidly paying one.

The Bishop and the Boy.

The late Bishop Williams of Connecticut was very fond of children, and it was always a joy to us youngsters when he came for his visit to my father's parish. His anecdotes and stories enlivened the whole household. Once when he was staying with us he told the following story:

"One Sunday morning, just after breakfast, I repaired to the rector's study, where I was soon followed by his little four-year-old son, who climbed up on my knee and began to talk. Suddenly the little fellow looked up into my face and said: 'Bissop, do 'oo want to see my piggy book?'

"'Yes, indeed,' said I. So the child slid down and started to get the book. When half-way across the room a sudden idea seemed to strike him, and, running back, and putting one hand on my knee, he looked up in my face, and shook him little forefinger at me, whispering: 'Bissop, it's Sunday. We must do sis on se sly!'"—Harper's Magazine.

Nearer.

"I see where some folks are going to the ocean to get gold from water."

"The ocean? Why so far? Why not go to Wall street?"

Thousands of country people know the value of Hamlins Wizard Oil, the best family medicine in case of accident or sudden illness. For the safety of your family buy a bottle now.

He that is taught to live upon little owes more to his father's wisdom than he that has a great deal left him does to his father's care.—Penn.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

In this world one must be a little too kind to be kind enough.—Marivaux.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

We are more apt to regret the things we haven't done than those we have.

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THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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Saturday, November 4, 1911.

The Canadian elevators are full and refuse to accept any more grain. The Canadians of the west would like to use the elevators on this side of the line, but the Canadian east prefers this grain should rot. It used to be that way in the United States.

When one sees who and what are back of the opposition to the initiative, referendum, recall, state conservation, and a clean up program, he becomes convinced that such a program must possess unusual merit to awaken such unusual opposition.

Farm, Stock, and Home asks why the government, instead of fighting the consolidation of business, should not lead a hand toward consolidating business cooperatively for the benefit of the people. Such action would be in harmony with and not counter to the great industrial currents of the age.

How many poor children might be housed and fed for the period of their childhood from the funds that changed hands on the recent effort of the Athletics and the Giants? This is not to be understood as a slam on the great national game, but it would be a nice fad to devote the winnings to promoting good and humane projects. It would take a lot of the curse off gambling.—Duluth News Tribune.

President Taft, in his speech at Chicago Tuesday, admitted the possibility of republican defeat in the coming national election. This and other signs of the times are taken to mean that the "interests" are preparing to leave the republican party to its fate and try to nominate and elect a democrat whom they can control, to the presidency; Mr. Taft having satisfied himself that he cannot be reelected.

Big Business Loses Control

The trust prosecutions are epochal and vastly significant in one way, even if, as many believe, the law on which they are based is wrong and though direct benefit to the people from these prosecutions will be wholly lacking

These prosecutions show that the control of the people's government is passing out of the hands of Big Business, and, if not directly into the hands of the people, still into the hands of those who know that the people refuse to be burdened longer with the oppressions of government fostered financial conspiracies to plunder the many for the enrichment of the few.

If, as a strong independent section of the people seems coming to believe, action along the lines of the Sherman law is not going to produce the needed results of lower prices, and such relief can come only from rigid regulation of capitalization and profits, the situation will right itself as that sentiment takes more tangible form. The matter of real importance is that the government is ceasing to foster the trusts, and that the will and need of the people is being recognized.—Duluth Herald.

Delay Is Defeat

The decision of the United States Supreme court in the case involving a dispute between federal and state control of railroads as to the enforcement of safety appliance laws gives scant comfort to those who still hope that Minnesota may win in the pending rate cases, where much the same question is involved.

In both cases the issue is whether the states can regulate railroads within their borders when the regulation affects interstate traffic even indirectly; and the court held yesterday that they cannot. So far as safety appliance legislation is concerned the decision completely wipes out state control and puts the railroads of the country, beyond dispute, under the federal law. It is putting it too strongly to say that this decision precludes a favoring finding in the Minnesota rate cases, but that it does materially lessen a hope of victory for Minnesota that was none too bright before is beyond dispute.

This simply adds emphasis to the view that it is folly for this state to delay needed action as to railroad taxation while it waits for the decision in the rate cases. To wait means to delay until it will be too late to hold an extra session; and that, of course, is the object of those who are urging delay.

Railroad taxation is, beyond controversy, in the control of the state. The courts have finally and definitely so held. Railroad taxes in Minnesota are ridiculously low. The state tax rate is ridiculously high, the highest in forty years. If the railroad taxes are not increased the state is likely to be embarassed seriously, even with its proposed high tax rate. If they are not increased at an extra session they can not be increased for two years, and the increase for two years will be lost forever. If they are increased at an extra session the increase for the two years that will be gained will repay the cost of the session a hundred times over.

Governor Eberhart should call an extra session for next January. He has promised to call it anyway for reapportionment, and the situation demands that he call it for an increase in railroad taxes as well.—Duluth Herald.

Thoughts on Sleeplessness

Sleeplessness, common to the American race, is chiefly caused by the great national habit of coffee drinking. A nation soaked with caffeine could hardly be expected to be a race of good sleepers like the Germans, who drink little coffee or narcotic of any kind. A sufferer has written the Ladies' Home Journal that she has been relieved by eating a raw onion sandwich before going to bed. It was probably not the sandwitch, but the glass of golden grain belt beer with which she accompanied it that did the work for her. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston or of your dealer.

Gems In Verse

THIS IS TO LOVE.

AT last I've found a kindred one
Who understands my every mood.
My soul, my open heart are his;
My every prayer to him I give.
He loves me for my deeds undone,
My inner self, my hidden good.
This is to love—to live!

MY better nature swiftly ran
To lift my soul up high to him.
An angel I became—O God!
He is not true! I wildly grieve—
"I will, I will unlove this man!"
"Too late," cries quick conviction grim.
"This is to love—to live!"

—Jeannette Robinson Murphy.

REINCARNATION.

IN lonely ways of dim forgotten lands,
Ah, do you not recall how once we went?
Did we not gaze and hold each other's hands
In utter ecstasy of sheer content?
As for what we said—we said but nothing;
The naked truth was ours, that needs no clothing.

Strange flowers were near us—nameless to me now—
And strange old cities—were they quick or dead?
We met—we two—the when or why or how
Matters no more. That golden hour is fled,
But ineffaceable its glory lingers
As melodies survive their primal singers.

And you? The moment eyes encountered eyes
Yours were alight with memories and with dreams.
You are mine, all mine; you know it. Oh, be wise
Ere over all our past and present streams
And snaps our secret chains of joy and wonder
And whelms and whirls us, impotent, asunder.

Listen. In visions I will come tonight
And seek with you those old mysterious lands;
And we shall see in the gray, uncertain light—
Do you remember?—where the temple stands,
The desolate temple of some faith unknown,
The sunset fading on its solemn stone.

And we shall never leave those lands again,
But all that should have been for us shall be;
Reality forgone, dreams shall remain,
And sweet oblivion cover you and me.
Dare all, renounce all—come! * * * I do not doubt you—
I who have waited centuries without you.

—Pall Mall Gazette.

A London paper records a remarkable case of this kind in 1817, when Lady Mary X. married Mr. Mudford, a London attorney.

Lady Mary was a girl of peerless charms, the most beautiful of all the court ladies and the favorite toast of the world of aristocrats. She might—for her birth and fortune were almost equal to her beauty—have chosen her husband from among dukes, and even more than one royal prince sought her hand in vain.

To the consternation of society, she married Mr. Mudford, not only "a pettifogging attorney," but a man of almost unnatural ugliness of face and with a deformed hand and foot. Singular, too, as it may appear, her married life was one of unclouded happiness, and to her dying day, nearly forty years later, she never seemed to have a moment's regret for her choice of a husband.

Still more remarkable was the story told of a most beautiful heiress with an attachment for one of the freaks of a traveling show, and she persisted in marrying him in spite of all the efforts of her friends and relations. This singular object of her affections masqueraded under the title of "the man monkey, or the ugliest man in the world," and he had an excellent claim to the title.—Exchange.

Egg and Bottle.

Take a boiled egg, remove the shell, have a bottle with a large neck, add a piece of paper to the neck and light it. When in blaze put the egg on it, point down, and the heat will pull the egg with great force inside. Now put again a blazed paper in the bottle and manage to have the egg in the neck point up, and the heat will push out the egg with an explosion.

Bring in Your Printing

A Gift with a Thought in It

What other Christmas present costs so little and means so much as a subscription to The Youth's Companion—fifty-two weeks for $1.75? It is a gift which benefits not only the one who receives it, but every member of the same household.

With many Christmas presents the sense of novelty wears off by the week's end, but The Youth's Companion is as new and sought after the fifty-second week of the year as the first. It is elastic in its adaptibility, too; for it does not matter whether the present is for a boy or a girl, young married people, sedate couples, grandparents—there never was one yet who did not set store by The Youth's Companion. You cannot make a mistake if you give The Companion—and it is only $1.75 a year now. On Jan. 1, 1912, the price will be advanced to $2.

The one to whom you give the subscribtion will receive free The Companion's calendar for 1912, lithographed in ten colors and gold, and you, as giver of the subscription, will receive a copy of the calendar.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.

New subscriptions received at this office.

Zaiser-Mussey

A wedding of considerable local interest is that of Miss Lorena M. Zaiser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Zaiser of this city, and Mr. Homer F. Mussey of Thief River Falls.

They were married at 8:30 o'clock Monday evening, October 23. The wedding occurred at St. Barnard's Catholic church at Thief River Falls, Rev. Fr. Adolph officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. Mussey will reside at Thief River Falls, Mr. Mussey being the junior editor of the Thief River Falls Times. Both of the young people are well known in Red Lake Falls and their friends are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

EATING AN APPLE.

What You Take Into Your System With the Fruit.

"Do you know what you're eating?" said the doctor to the girl.

"An apple, of course."

"You are eating," said the doctor, "albumen, sugar, gum, malic acid, gallic acid, fiber, water and phosphorus."

"I hope those things are good. They sound alarming."

"Nothing could be better. You ate, I observed, rather too much meat at dinner. The malic acid of apples neutralizes the excess of chalky matter caused by too much meat and thereby helps to keep you young. Apples are good for your complexion. Their acids drive out the noxious matters which cause skin eruptions. They are good for your brain, which those same noxious matters if retained render sluggish. Moreover, the acids of the apple diminish the acidity of the stomach that comes with some forms of indigestion. The phosphorus, of which apples contain a larger percentage than any other fruit or vegetable, renews the essential nervous matter of the brain and spinal column. Oh, the ancients were not wrong when they esteemed the apple the food of the gods—the magic renewer of youth to which the gods resorted when they felt themselves growing old and feeble. I think I'll have an apple," concluded the doctor."—New York Tribune.

Strange Lapse of Memory.

Cases of forgetfulness on matters of interest are on record. While Dr. Priestly was preparing his work entitled "Harmony of the Gospels" he had taken great pains to inform himself on a subject which had been under discussion relative to the Jewish Passover. He wrote out the result of his researches and laid the paper away. His attention and time being taken with something else, some little time elapsed before the subject occurred to his mind again. Then the same time and pains were given to the subject that had been given to it before, and the results were again put on paper and laid aside. So completely had he forgotten that he had copied the same paragraphs and reflections before that it was only when he had found the papers on which he had transcribed them that it was recalled to his recollection. This same author had frequently read his own published writings and did not recognize them.

HER BODY FOUND IN TRUNK

Woman Ends Life in Remarkable Manner.

A most extraordinary suicide occurred at Rochester. Mrs. Nellie Cook Purcell, a beautiful woman of twenty-nine, whose former home was in St. Paul, killed herself at the home of her sister by covering her face with a handkerchief saturated with chloroform and then curling up in a large trunk, the lid of which she tightly closed that all air might be excluded.

Mrs. Purcell had been in the state hospital at St. Peter and Rochester about three years, but some four months ago was discharged as cured. She had been divorced from her husband at St. Paul several years ago.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE

Homesteader Sits on Box of Explosive and Sets Off Fuse.

Claus Carlson, a homesteader, twenty-eight years old, living north of Deer River, Itasca county, committed suicide by sitting on a box of dynamite and setting it off in a tent back of his house, where a lumberman's outfit was kept. Fellow workmen heard him say as he was setting the dynamite off, "Run for your lives, I am going up."

The camp was badly shattered and the men inside barely escaped. The body was blown fifty feet and badly mangled. Carlson received a letter from Sweden recently that his sister committed suicide in a similar way.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

TOWER OF BABEL.

Traditions as to the Height of the Famous Structure.

The actual height at which the last stone of that famous structure, the tower of Babel, rested cannot, on account of the remoteness of the times at which it is said to have existed, ever become more than a matter of merest conjecture. Herodotus, who lived about 1,700 years after that "great spiral way to heaven" is said to have been attempted, says that he saw at Babylon a structure consisting of eight towers raised one above another, each seventy-five feet in height, but whether this ruin was the remains of the tower of Babel it was even then impossible to ascertain. Herodotus, usually minutely exact in his writing, leaves us in ignorance as to how the upper level of each of these seventy-five foot towers was reached from the level below.

As might be expected, even in tradition, a wide difference of opinion exists as to the height of the tower. Most orientalists maintain that God did not put a stop to the work until the tower had reached a height of 10,000 fathoms, or about twelve miles. In Ceylonese tradition it is said to have been as high as 20,000 elephants, each standing one above the other. St. Jerome asserts on the authority of persons who had examined the ruins that it did not reach a height exceeding four miles. Other statements are still more extravagant.—London Saturday Review.

His Early Home Coming.

"Does your husband carry a latchkey, Mrs. Homebody?"

"No, I never knew him to."

"Oh, then he comes in early! That must be due to your training?"

"Not in the least. There is always some one up when he gets home in the morning."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,

CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent.

Subscribe for the Spectator

Don't Forget

To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket

Hamm's Beer

A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage

"Leads them All"

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	92
" " 2 "	88
" " 3 "	84
Flax, No. 1	$1.93
" " 2..........	1.83
Barley, for 50 lbs	49
Oats	36
Eggs	20
Butter	25
" creamery..................	34
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight.............	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed.	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive...............	4@6
Hides.........................	8
Flour, patent.................	3.15
Shorts, per ton...............	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20. p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:10 a. m,
arrived from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR BALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. B. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. B. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff,
against
Mary Torgerson, Defendant.
Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 2 8 Third street E., Thief River Falls Minn.
o28 6t

SUMMONS,

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Inga Le Breyette, Plaintiff,
against
William Breyette, Defendant
Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office 208 Third street, E, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington, ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), Plaintiff,
against
Emil Dreufoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co., Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-[illegible] dollars and Thirty cents [illegible] with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the [illegible] day of September, [illegible] together with the costs and disbursements of this action. [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 7:30 p.m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services tomorrow 11 a. m.; song service at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. P. M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—No services tommorrow.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services Sunday at 10:30 a.m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.

C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.

N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LAMELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson

Physician and Surgeon

Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN

Dray and Transfer

Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz

CIVIL ENGINEER

Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE

ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE

PENNINGTON COUNTY

MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season

House plants and cut flowers

TOMATO PLANTS a specialty

MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL

MEAT MARKET

Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

D. Patterson was a county seat visitor yesterday.

R. J. McKercher was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Wm. Lindahl came over from Crookston on Thursday.

Mrs. Anton Erickson went to Crookston Thursday evening.

K. O. Gigstad was in Red Lake Falls Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Ida Skeie has accepted the position of clerk at Lazar & Lazar's store.

Miss Mary Brevig returned home on Friday, after an extended visit in North Dakota.

Mauritz Brink went Wednesday morning to Salol to resume his labors with the logging company.

Mrs. Worstall's auction is reported a grand success, all the property offered being sold at good prices.

Axel Johnson came over Friday from Crookston, where he is clerk at the Farmers' hotel, for a visit at home.

Miss Mabel Patterson came down last evening from Red Lake Falls, where she is teacher in the city schools.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Lutheran Synod church meets with Mrs. Burkee next Thursday afternoon. Everybody invited.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now

G. I. FELLMAN.

Don't miss the Eleonora Olson Concert Trio, who will give an entertainment, consisting of music, singing, and reading, at the Opera house Nov. 13, 1911.

The M. E. Industrial Club will give a Ghost Social in the I. O. O. F. building Friday, Nov.17. Ghosts to be auctioned off. Lunch will be served at ten cents a plate.

Rev. Palm returned Wednesday from Rochester, Minn., when he underwent another operation for appendicitis a few weeks since. He appears to be improving nicely.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.

tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Rev. Andree delivered his lecture on China, Japan, and India at the Mission church, to a crowded house The lecture was a good and well illustrated by a series of colored stereopticon views.

Halloween was observed this year with a few pranks that reflect not a small amount of discredit on the perpetrators, but not nearly so much willful damage to property is reported as last year.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathsons.

Travelers looking for Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls on the latest edition of the Great Northern folder map will be surprised to find that both these cities are conspicuous by their absence.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Mrs. W. H. Worstall and family left Thursday for Mason City, Ill., Mrs. Worstall's childhood home, where they will reside. She desired us to express her thanks to all her friends for their kindness during her sojourn here.

FOUND—Came to my place on section 6, Polk Centre, about two weeks ago, one black and white hiefer, about a year old. Owner please pay for her keeping and for this notice and take property.

o21-3t C. E. NAPLIN.

Rev. Gjerde went Wednesday by team to Gatzke, Marshall county, where he will hold confirmation services tomorrow. From there he goes to Halma, Kittson county, to attend the "kreds" meeting of the Crookston circuit, to be held there Nov. 7-9.

Just received at Hans Wilson's a fresh stock of groceries, confectionery, tobaccos, etc. All kinds of soft drinks and hot beef tea. We pay highest market prices for eggs and butter. Please give us a call and see how our stock pleases you.

n4-4t HANS WILSON.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

H. O. Haugen was a county seat visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Hans Wilson went to Red Lake Falls last evening.

R. J. McKercher was in Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls yesterday.

A. S. Wilson purchased this week the T. J. Anse farm two miles west of town.

The county commissioneas were in session this week. Proceedings in our next issue.

Rev. F. L. Larson is in Chicago, where he is assisting at a series of meetings being held there.

Auctioneer McKercher is crying lot of sales this fall. Calls are coming to him from far and near.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. August Rolland.

The Young People's society of the Synod church meets next Friday evening in the Oddfellows building.

Mrs. Winfred Johnson came up Wednesday from Red Lake Falls to visit her sister Mrs. O. W. Brink.

After his lecture Tuesday evening Rev. Andree had the misfortune to break several of his best views of the far east.

Mrs. V. Lindholm and daughter came down from Highlanding Wednesday, for a couple of weeks' visit at home.

Call at the Farmers' elevator for prices on flour and feed.

n4-1mo A. R. JONES. Manager.

N. A. Nelson is announcing a big sale of dairy cattle and farm machinery at his farm on section 29 in River Falls on Saturday, Nov. 9. R. J. McKercher is the auctioneer.

Myron Elliott of Ogden, Iowa, brother of the landman, is here assisting in the work of settleing our county. He will remain here a month or so, and perhaps longer.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.

Mrs. L. Holmes.

Selmer Benson, who is teaching at Neilsville, this state, spent Sunday at home. He had obtained a week's leave of absence with the intention of attending his brother-in-law's funeral at Glendive, Mont., but found he could not reach there in time, the message having been received too late.

The town and village boards concerned met in joint session last Saturday evening and let the contracts for constructing the newly established mile of road on the south side of the village. The work on the road on east side of railroad was let to Alfred Olson, at 13 cents per yard of excavation, and on the west side of track to Henry Swenson at 12 cents per yard.

G. W. Eastman informs us that he threshed last week on his farm east of town oats that yielded 100 bushels per acre machine measure, of which a two bushel sack weighed 3 bu., 9 lbs. His wheat yielded 26 bu. per acre. Seven acres of flax threshed 135 bu., which sold for $2.05 per bu. It would have brought $2.24 per bu. if it could have been threshed two weeks sooner. G. W. says he is offered 45 cts. a bushel for his oats for seed, as it is so free from foul seed.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.

o21-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

Hazel

Martin Lee has just finished putting on another wire on the Farmers' telephone line from Thief River Falls to Gust Wilson in the town of Wyandotte.

Engebret Engebretson of Noble county is visiting with K. Finsted, his brother-in-law.

John Erickson finished his threshing this week.

L. Lokken is looking over the roadwork this week.

The farmers in road district No. 5 are making a ditch east of section 25, Rocksbury.

Martin Lokken, Ole Torkelson, and P. Tuns sold cattle to Chra Bothman last Saturday.

Ole Mathson lost a horse Thursday.

Fred Fredrickson was in Thief River Falls Monday with a load of barley for which he got 96 cents a bushel.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just

LAZAR & LAZAR

Miss Olga Swenson went Monday evening to Crookston.

Frank Grundy and Carl Kretzschmar of Thief River Falls visited at S. J. Amble Sunday.

Miss Mable Patterson came down last evening from Thief River Falls where she is a teacher in the city schools.

Rev. Aas was visiting here on Wednesday afternoon with friends. He was pastor of the United Lutheran church here twenty-two years ago, and is now located in North Dakota. He expects to come again next summer for a longer visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Fellman were host and hostess at a sumptuous 6 o'clock dinner at their home on Tuesday evening. The table was appropriately decorated with brownies and a cunning little witch formed a centerpiece. The Halloween spirit was also carried out in the amusements of the evening Those present were: Misses Duddy, Hodgson, Hulda and Josephine Gigstad, Wiltse, and Messrs Baraness, Hed, and Olson. After an enjoyable evening they returned home, declaring Mr. and Mrs. Fellman royal entertainers.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Good Money

MOVING PICTURES

WANTED: A party to start a Moving Picture Show in St. Hilaire. Write me for particulars.

H. DAVIS

WATERTOWN : WIS.

WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. *Write for full particulars and special offer at once.*

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. *without a cent deposit* in advance, *prepay freight*, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and *you will not be out one cent.*

FACTORY PRICES We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save $10 to $25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from *anyone* at *any price* until you receive our catalogues and learn our unheard of *factory prices* and *remarkable special offers* to rider agents.

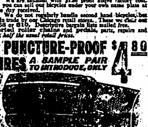
YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and study our superb models at the *wonderfully low prices* we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with $1.00 profit above factory cost. BICYCLE DEALERS, you can sell our bicycles under your own name plate at double our prices. Orders filled the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from $3 to $8 or $10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at *half the usual retail prices.*

$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES *A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY* **$4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for $4.80 (cash with order $4.55).



NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of thin, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is $8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only $4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

Notice the thick rubber tread "A" and puncture strips "B" and "D," also rim strip "H" to prevent rim cutting. This tire will outlast any other make—SOFT, ELASTIC and EASY RIDING.

We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price $4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgethorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval and trial at the special introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT but write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

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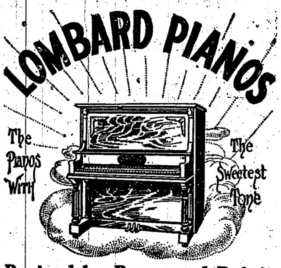
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE

BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,

MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE

St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 435 offices employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers, bookkeepers [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with 8 magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has no other school like the D. B. C. [illegible]

A SERIOUS ERROR.

Many a case of kidney disease has proven fatal because the symptoms were not recognized. If you suffer with backache or bladder irregularities, follow the advice of Mrs. H. S. Woods, 619 11th St., Aurora, Nebr. Says Mrs. Woods: "I was in a critical condition. My feet and ankles were so swollen with dropsy, I could not wear my shoes. Fourteen weeks prior to taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I was confined to bed practically helpless. They made me feel like a new woman and soon I was doing my work the same as ever."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c a box at all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Unfortunate.

Tyre Dout—I am unfortunate, mum I had to quit my profession on account of my health.

Lady—But you look rugged. What was your profession?

Tyre Dout—Dat's just it, lady. I was too rugged. I was a ventriloquist, an' a good one, lady, an' my voice got so strong I couldn't throw it.—Harper's Magazine.

Obeyed Orders.

Percy—What are you doing about your doctor's advice to take physical exercise, dear boy?

Cholly—I'm carrying a heavier walking stick, and I wear a larger buttonhole bouquet.

Up to Date.

"I notice that young Doctor Curem uses autohypnosis in his practice."

"Of course he does. Didn't you know he specializes in motor nerves?"

The one way to help a worthless man along is to administer a swift kick in the proper place.

Chest Pains and Sprains

Sloan's Liniment is an excellent remedy for chest and throat affections. It quickly relieves congestion and inflammation. A few drops in water used as a gargle is antiseptic and healing.

Here's Proof

"I have used Sloan's Liniment for years and can testify to its wonderful efficiency. I have used it for sore throat, croup, lame back and rheumatism and in every case it gave instant relief."
REBECCA JANE ISAACS,
Lacy, Kentucky.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is excellent for sprains and bruises. It stops the pain at once and reduces swelling very quickly.

Sold by all dealers.

Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent free.
Address
Dr.
Earl S. Sloan
Boston,
Mass.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.; Geo. A. Hall, 125 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

TAKE A DOSE OF
PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

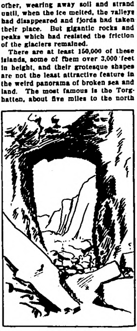
FJORDS OF NORWAY

Torghatten Is a Perpendicular Giants' Cauldron.

Natural Tunnel Bored Through Great Rock During Glacial Period—Looks as Though Chiseled by Hand of Man.

Christina, Norway.—Like huge serpents of clear sea water the fjords of Norway wriggle miles inward into the land and offer to the eye some of the most picturesque landscapes in the world. At times the channel narrows between sheer cliffs to the width of a tourist steamer and then it suddenly broadens out into an island lake bordered with meadows and deep green pine forests. Farther north glaciers and snowfields come down almost to the water's edge and nature is barren excepting where a few hardy plants struggle for a bare existence. According to geologists these intricate fjords were formed by the movement of ice in the glacial period. One mass of ice spread from Russia across the Baltic sea and Sweden to the valleys of Norway; the other pushed eastward from the Atlantic and it was in these fjords, then high-lain valleys, that the two frozen waves fought against each other, wearing away soil and strand until, when the ice melted, the valleys had disappeared and fjords had taken their place. But gigantic rocks and peaks which had resisted the friction of the glaciers remained.

There are at least 150,000 of these islands, some of them over 3,000 feet in height, and their grotesque shapes are not the least attractive feature in the weird panorama of broken sea and land. The most famous is the Torghatten, about five miles to the north of the Bindalsfjord in Nordland. Its shape, as indicated by its name, is that of a Norwegian market hat floating on the water and attaining a height of over 800 feet. What gives it its unique character, however, is a natural tunnel bored through it during the glacial period. As this tunnel is 400 feet above the level of the sea some idea can be formed of the extent to which the soil was worn away. In reality this strange hole is a perpendicular giant's cauldron in which stone, ice and water churned and swirled until they had perforated the rock in their frantic Arctic struggle and gained an outlet for the impatient masses behind. So perfectly did they carve the tunnel that in parts it almost looks as though it had been chiseled by the band of man. On the eastern side it is only 64 feet high, increasing to 250 feet on the western. Its length is over 500 feet, the walls are almost perpendicular and the floor covered with the debris of ages and with remains of the last struggle, just before wave and ice retreated. Gazing through it from the western extremity the spectator is rewarded with a peculiarly framed panorama of blue water, rugged coast and jagged islands, with perhaps a quaint Norwegian fishing smack silently pursuing its way southward.



The Torghattan.

WAS BITTEN BY 2,000 DOGS

Denver's Dog Catcher Holds a Record but Is None the Worse for His Experiences.

Denver, Colo.—Two thousand dogs have now had luncheon off Herman Carn, the official dog catcher of Denver, the last to take advantage of his generous girth being a hungry Newfoundland dog which embroidered his initials on Carn's back recently. Following his usual custom, Carn bathed the wound with carbolic acid, and then started off to provide a banquet for some other dog.

Carn has been in charge of the bowwow bureau for years and picks up on an average of 10,000 stray dogs every year. At first he tried to keep track of his bites by making an entry in a book, but they came so fast that he had to buy an adding machine. Save for a couple of serious punctures in his nose, inflicted by a peevish pup, Carn's exterior appearance does not differ from that of the ordinary dog catcher.

It is not until he disrobes, as he did one day recently at the request of the city officials, that the extent of his patriotic services become apparent. His exquisitely carved anatomy is a splendid tribute to the artistic marksmanship of the canine family. His legs look like perforated music rolls, while his back resembles a cane bottom chair.

Dog's True Heaven.

Wonderfully trained sympathetic and smart dogs are the dearest companions of almost every German student who has the money to afford one or more. These can be seen in the university towns fantastically outfitted with the student corps color, in ribbons or wearing the tiny monkey student cap on doggie's head. Often are dogs sent on all sorts of chores, carrying a basket of eggs, bread or butter, a bottle of brandy, dressed chicken, etc. Outside of too many labor stunts—often grievous drudgery—Germany is the dog's true heaven.

ARE YOU FREE —FROM—

Headaches, Colds, Indigestion, Pains, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Dizziness? If you are not, the most effective, prompt and pleasant method of getting rid of them is to take, now and then, a dessertspoonful of the ever refreshing and truly beneficial laxative remedy—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is well known throughout the world as the best of family laxative remedies, because it acts so gently and strengthens naturally without irritating the system in any way.

To get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., bearing the name of the Company, plainly printed on the front of every package.

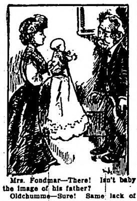
No Harmful Drugs

Kickapoo Worm Killer is the best medicine for children. It contains no alcohol, opium, morphine, or other dangerous drugs. It is a harmless candy lozenge—pleasant to take. We publish the formula in our booklet which you may have for the asking. A reliable remedy for worms and all stomach troubles. Cures constipation, foul breath, restlessness at night, peevishness, etc. Tones and strengthens the entire system. At all druggists or by mail—25 cents. Every household should have

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

A LIVING IMAGE.



Mrs. Fondmar—There! Isn't baby the image of his father?

Oldchumme—Sure! Same lack of expression, same red nose, no teeth to speak of—and, by George! prematurely bald head, too!

Involuntary.

Photographer—Say! Pardon me! But that's the third time you've covered your face with a handkerchief just as I was ready.

Subject—I know, but I can't help it. I've been indicted a good deal lately, and I got the habit trying to dodge newspaper photographers.—Puck.

Risky Business.

Mrs. Crawford—I'll be glad when this false-hair fad goes out.

Mrs. Crabshaw—So will I, dear. I'm wearing so many different kinds that when I find a strange hair on my husband's coat I really haven't the nerve to accuse him.

Musician Wanted.

In a parish in Wales where very little English was spoken a general meeting was held to consider the desirability of putting a chandelier into the schoolroom. Every one seemed in favor of the idea.

"Do you think we ought to have one, Mr. Davis?" said the schoolmaster to a venerable parishioner.

"I agree to it," was the reply; "but there is one thing I wish to know. If we have a—a—"

"Chandelier," said the schoolmaster, helping him out.

"If we have a chandelier," the old man continued, "who is going to play it?"

THE TEA PENALTY.

A Strong Man's Experience.

Writing from a busy railroad town the wife of an employe of one of the great roads says:

"My husband is a railroad man who has been so much benefited by the use of Postum that he wishes me to express his thanks to you for the good it has done him. His waking hours are taken up with his work, and he has no time to write himself.

"He has been a great tea drinker all his life and has always liked it strong.

"Tea has, of late years, acted on him like morphine does upon most people. At first it soothed him, but only for an hour or so, then it began to affect his nerves to such an extent that he could not sleep at night, and he would go to his work in the morning wretched and miserable from the loss of rest. This condition grew constantly worse, until his friends persuaded him, some four months ago, to quit tea and use Postum.

"At first he used Postum only for breakfast, but as he liked the taste of it, and it somehow seemed to do him good, he added it to his evening meal. Then, as he grew better, he began to drink it for his noon meal, and now he will drink nothing else at table.

"His condition is so wonderfully improved that he could not be hired to give up Postum and go back to tea. His nerves have become steady and reliable once more, and his sleep is easy, natural and refreshing.

He owes all this to Postum, for he has taken no medicine and made no other change in his diet.

"His brother, who was very nervous from coffee-drinking, was persuaded by us to give up the coffee and use Postum and he also has recovered his health and strength." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason." [illegible]

RECALLS INDIAN ATROCITIES

Monument Adorned With Hieroglyphics Tells Tale of Whites Carried Away Captive.

Reading, Vt.—Near the main road leading from Weathersfield to Reading, a passerby may observe two monuments adorned with Indian hieroglyphics.

The larger of the two contains the following inscription: "This is near the spot where the Indians encamped the night after they took Mr. Johnson and family, Mr. Labarree and Farnsworth, August 30, 1754." The two monuments were erected in 1799 by Mrs. Johnson and her fellow prisoner, Mr. Labarree, to commemorate the dreadful march with the Indians from Charlestown, N. H., over to the Otter creek, then to Lake Champlain and Canada. The details of that march are dramatic.

Midway between daybreak and sunrise August 30, 1754, Lieutenant Johnson, wife and four small children, with other prisoners, were captured and forced on the march. Captain Straw pursued the Indians across the Connecticut and fought with them near the General Lewis Morris place in Springfield, but did not release the captives. They were twenty days in reaching St. Francis, Canada, where they remained as captives three years.

Historic Vermont Monument.

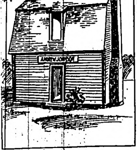
THE BIRTHPLACE OF JOHNSON

This Historic and Crude Old Building Is Still Standing In Raleigh, N. C.

Raleigh, N. C.—This old and simple building, erected sometime during the latter part of the eighteenth century, still stands in Raleigh, a historic building, attracting the interest of strangers, and held sacred in the hearts of Americans. Within its rough and crude walls, in 1808, the eyes of Andrew Johnson first saw the light of day.

Looking today upon the simplicity of this structure, we are reminded of him whom it once sheltered. Plain, even homely, yet so staunch as to withstand the shocks of storm in summer and winter through all these years, even as he withstood the jibes and sneers of his enemies during the strenuous period in which he held the helm of the ship of state.

Hampered with the illiteracy, common with those of humbler origin at that time, even unable to sign his name until after ripe manhood; yet, with the grim determination of his race, he surmounted all obstacles, till he stood upon the highest point to which the American, politically speaking, can obtain.



Historic Memorial.

GIRL ORDERS BABY SISTER

Little Tot Calls at Doctor's Office and Says It Is to Be Sent Immediately—Tells Mother.

Winsted, Conn.—Amy Bull, three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry C. Bull of Center street, called at the office of Dr. D. D. Reidy on Elm street and inquired if the doctor was home. She was informed that he was not and asked if there was any word she wanted to leave for the doctor.

"I want to leave an order," the child replied. "Tell the doctor to bring me a baby sister at once. They have got one in the next house, and I want one. You won't forget to tell the doctor, will you?"

Assured that the doctor would get her order, little Miss Bull continued on her way to High street to visit friends. Upon her return home Amy informed her mother that she had stopped at the doctor's office and added:

"I left an order for a baby sister."

The Test of a Man.

Giving evidence at an inquest at Yarmouth, a market stall carrier declared he could take ten pints of beer before breakfast and get home all right. The coroner told him he ought to be ashamed to say so and the witness replied that a man who could not take four or five pints was no man at all.—London Evening Standard.

Source of Ambitions.

Whatever we may pretend, interest and vanity are [illegible]

LITTLE RUSE DIDN'T SUCCEED

Youngster's Scheme Was All Right, But Economical Father Was a Match for Him.

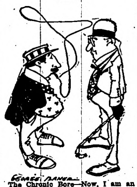
The proprietor of the most prominent hotel in the town of S——, Ky., is a man of a very economical nature, in fact he is an extremist in this feature. He has a six-year-old red-headed son that didn't inherit his fother's economical disposition. Recently the son was very much in need of a five-cent piece for soda water purposes. He went into the dining-room, where he was free from observation, and removed his shoe shrings and placed them in his hip pocket for future reference. Returning to the office he approached his father and said:

"Pa, give me a nickel to get me a pair of shoe strings."

His father glanced down at his son's shoes, then turning around approached the office safe and opened it in silence. He took out the cash box and raising the lid extracted a pair of new shoe strings, which he handed to his son without a word. The youngster took the strings with a crestfallen air and then to the amusement of the onlookers, exclaimed:

"Stung again, by granny."

FOR RENT.



The Chronic Bore—Now, I am an open-minded man. I've always made it a rule of my life—

The Acute Victim—Yes; and I've often wondered why some idea didn't move into that open mind.

BABY'S TERRIBLE SUFFERING

"When my baby was six months old, his body was completely covered with large sores that seemed to itch and burn, and cause terrible suffering. The eruption began in pimples which would open and run, making large sores. His hair came out and finger nails fell off, and the sores were over the entire body, causing little or no sleep for baby or myself. Great scabs would come off when I removed his shirt.

"We tried a great many remedies, but nothing would help him, till a friend induced me to try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment but a short time before I could see that he was improving, and in six weeks' time he was entirely cured. He had suffered about six weeks before we tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, although we had tried several other things, and doctors, too. I think the Cuticura Remedies will do all that is claimed for them, and a great deal more." (Signed) Mrs. Noble Tubman, Dodson, Mont., Jan. 28, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 18 K, Boston.

Literary Criticism.

They were discussing a certain authoress at dinner, and a well-known critic raised a laugh by remarking: "Well, her hair's red, even if her books are not."

The mild young man in the corner made a mental note fo the sally for future use, and at another party shortly afterward he carefully guided the conversation into literary channels, Tit-Bits informs its readers. Fortunately, some one mentioned the desired name, and he triumphantly cried out: "Well, she's got red hair, even if her books haven't!"

Astonished the "Cop."

Police Lieutenant "Barney" Kelsher always has a new story to tell.

"Two of our 'finest' were walking along Broadway not so long ago," began the lieutenant, unfolding his latest offering, "and their attention was attracted to the bronze figure of an ape standing upright in the window of a large jewelry store.

"'What kind of an animal is that supposed to be?' asked one of the other.

"'You surprise me with your thickness,' returned the second cop. 'That's a gorilla. Never heard of them before?'

"'Sure, and I read about them in the histories,' he answered. 'My, what a lot of damage they did during the Civil war! How did a general ever make those things mind him?'"—New York Sun.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Small Circulation.

Shopman—Here is a very nice thing in revolving bookcases, madam.

Mrs. Newrich—Oh, are those revolving bookcases? I thought they called them circulating libraries.—Christian Register.

It sometimes happens that a man who never even saw an airship flies just as high and falls just as hard.

We always respect the opinions of a man who keeps them to himself.

More English Humor.

The first night Walter Kelly, known to vaudeville as the "Virginia Judge," walked up the Strand he complained to his English companion that the famous street in London was dark at nine o'clock. "Why," said he, "at this hour Broadway is as bright as day. There is one sign alone, 'The Chariot Race,' in which there are 50,000 electric lights." "But I say, old top," said his English friend, "wouldn't that be rather conspicuous?"

Toasting the Teachers.

There was a meeting of the new teachers and the old. It was a sort of love feast, reception or whatever you call it. Anyhow, all the teachers got together and pretended they didn't have a care in the world. After the eats were et the symposiarch proposed a toast:

"Long Live Our Teachers!"

It was drank enthusiastically. One of the new teachers was called on to respond. He modestly accepted. His answer was:

"What on?"

Some men are so small that a five-cent cigar looks big to them.

Loss of Appetite

Is loss of vitality, vigor or tone, and is often a forerunner of prostrating disease.

It is serious and especially so to people that must keep up and doing or get behindhand.

The best medicine to take for it is the great constitutional remedy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

WE SELL
GUNS, TRAPS, ETC.
CHEAP
[illegible]
N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
MINNEAPOLIS MINN.

Pettit's Eye Salve TONIC FOR EYES

WANTED Men to farm our free southern land. Send [illegible] postage for prospectus. [illegible] ALLEN, 148 E. State St., Chicago, Ill.

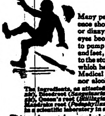
N. W. N. U., NO. 44-1911.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, their heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which contains no dangerous narcotics nor alcohol.

The ingredients, as attested under oath, are Stone root (*Collinsonia Canadensis*), Bloodroot (*Sanguinaria Canadensis*), Golden Seal root (*Hydrastis Canadensis*), Queen's root (*Stillingia Sylvatica*), Black Cherrybark (*Prunus Virginiana*), Mandrake root (*Podophyllum Peltatum*), with triple refined glycerine, prepared in a scientific laboratory in a way that no druggist could imitate.

This tonic contains no alcohol to shrink up the red blood corpuscles; but, on the other hand, it increases their number and they become round and healthy. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fevers; for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing. Stick to this safe and sane remedy, and refuse all "just as good" medicines offered by the druggist who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do you half as much good.



PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Smokeless Odorless Clean Convenient

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater warms up a room in next to no time. Always ready for use. Can be carried easily to any room where extra warmth is needed.

A special automatic device makes it impossible to turn the wick too high or too low. Safe in the hands of a child.

The Perfection burns nine hours on one filling—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted. Handsomely finished; drums of blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings.

Ask your dealer or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

You will go a long way before you find a better laundry soap than Lenox.

It is absolutely satisfactory for general household use. The quality is high. The shape is convenient. The price is low.

Lenox Soap

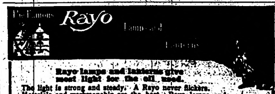
"Just fits the hand"

FOR **PINK EYE** DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle; $5.00 and $10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA



Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil used.

The light is strong and steady. A Rayo never flickers. Materials and workmanship are the best. Rayo lamps and lanterns last.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

Men and Women wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the best shoes produced in this country for the price. Insist upon having them. Take no other make.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

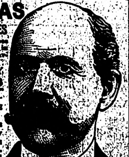
The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom.

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W. L. DOUGLAS, [illegible] Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' [illegible] SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes [illegible]



PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. | ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1911. | NUMBER 18.

NORTHROP NAMED

PRESIDENT EMERITUS IS SUGGESTED FOR REPRESENTATIVE-AT-LARGE.

APPRECIATES THE IDEA

Need for Much Work in Congress at Present Time, but Doubts Whether He Could Be of any Service.

Minneapolis.—When asked whether he would allow the alumni of the University of Minnesota to place him in nomination for representative at large, as reported in Minneapolis they intend doing, if he was willing, Dr. Cyrus Northrop, president emeritus of the university, said:

"This question does not have to be decided at once. I haven't given it any thought. It would, however, be a great deal against my inclination, and the only thing that would induce me to accept such a proposition would be the thought that I could do good. And I doubt whether this is possible.

"I realize that there is need for much work in Congress at present, and I appreciate the trust reposed in me by those who have nominated my name for the position."

Further than this, Dr. Northrop refused to discuss the matter.

Many prominent citizens of the state have been mentioned for the honor. As the next Legislature will reapportion the state into ten congressional districts, the representative at large will only serve for one term.

Dr. Northrop, while a professor at Yale, took an active part in politics and was a good campaigner for the Republican party. He maintained a non-partisan attitude while president of the University of Minnesota, and the first politcal speech he had made for twenty-seven years, it is said, was at the Minneapolis Auditorium the evening of Oct. 24, when he introduced President Taft. At a banquet of the German Pedagogical society in Minneapolis on the evening of Oct. 27, Dr. Northrop gave his views on the question of the recall, the initiative and the referendum.

DEDICATE BIG WATER PLANT.

Governor Eberhart Attends Granite Falls Exercises—Editors Organize.

Granite Falls.—The citizens of Granite Falls held exercises dedicating the new municipal electric light and power plant and county bridge just completed. The bridge was erected at a cost of $16,000 and the power plant cost more than $46,000, exclusive of the water works system.

Governor Eberhart attended and addressed an audience which taxed the capacity of the opera house. He spoke on the utilization of the state's resources and dwelt particularly on conservation and agricultural and manual training in the schools.

His address was the subject of much favorable comment. The city also entertained the editors of the Seventh district. About forty were in attendance.

An evening session was held at which addresses were made by Governor Eberhart, Congressman Volstead, Lieutenant Governor Gordon and others. A banquet followed. The editors perfected a district organization. H. E. Hoard of Motevideo was elected president; J. Brylindsen of Canby, vice president; Theo Christianson of Dawson, secretary, and C. A. Bennet of Granite Falls, treasurer.

DISMISSED, IS REARRESTED.

E. E. Geralds Now Faces Municipal Charge of Third Degree Arson.

Bemidji.—Within less than an hour after his case was dismissed in district court on a charge of arson in the third degree, alleged to have been committed at Black Duck April 19, E. E. Geralds was rearrested on a municipal court warrant charging him with the same offense. The case against his twin brother, Edwin Geralds, also was dismissed, but he was not rearrested.

E. E. Geralds at once was arraigned before Municipal Judge Simons, who continued his case until Nov. 13, despite a protest for immediate hearing. Geralds furnished a $5,000 bail bond.

Assistant Attorney General Janes and E. E. McDonald appeared for the state and George H. Spear of Grand Rapids for the defendant.

The charge of perjury against Ole Ferguson of Deer River, upon request of the state and unobjected to by Attorney A. A. Andrews for the defendant, was put over until the February term of court. The charge of misdemeanor against Dr. D. F. Dumas, growing out of the Puposky affair and on which the Cass Lake mayor is held in bonds of $1,000, also went over until February.

PLAN NEW RURAL HIGHWAYS.

Winona County Officials Preparing Now for Work Next Spring.

Winona.—The State Highway commission and county officials will make an effort to get in touch with prospective bidders for the construction of the three state rural highways to be constructed under the Elwell law in Winona county within the next few weeks, according to an announcement made by Deputy State Engineer O. B. Leland.

A. DELACEY WOOD IS DEAD.

Pioneer Editor of the Northwest Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Duluth.—A. Delacey Wood, founder of thirty-two newspapers and pioneer editor of the Northwest, died at St. Mary's hospital in this city. Weakened by age the veteran newspaper man was stricken with a severe attack of pneumonia several days ago and removed to the hospital where in spite of every effort he has been slowly sinking.

This man has had a more varied and picturesque career than falls to most editors. His life work has been mostly that of a newspaper trail blazer. He always was moving onward to new towns to found newspapers and many of the 32 publications that were started by Mr. Wood still are in existence.

Mr. Wood was born at Sauk Rapids, Minn. He organized the first editorial association in Minnesota and served several terms as its president.

His newspaper career started in 1870, since which time he has established newspapers at Prescott, Wis.; Kasson, Minn.; Bessemer, Mich.; Eyota, Minn.; Sauk Center, Minn.; Reedsburg, Wis.; Denton, Minn.; Breckenridge, Minn.; Grand Marais, Minn.; Wahpeton, N. D.; Hillsboro, N. D.; Caledonia, Minn.; Carlton, Minn.; Two Harbors, Minn.; Grand Marais, Mich.; Hermann, Minn., and nearly as many more cities and towns.

LOG RATE ARGUMENTS HEARD.

D. & N. M. Road Seeks to Boost Charges on Range to Care for Its Debts.

Duluth. — The state railway and warehouse commission heard arguments for and against the application of the Duluth and Northern Minnesota railroad to advance the rate on pine sawlogs and logs other than pine. President John Millen produced figures to show that the road, which is controlled by Alger Smith and company, earned but 31.1 per cent after 5 per cent had been paid on an indebtedness of $1,200,000.

The advance asked for a range from 45 to 55 cents to 95 cents and $1.05 per car, according to distance and the character of the logs.

Mr. Millen says the income should be from $9,000 to $11,000 more than was received in 1910 to create a sinking fund to care for the indebtedness. Logs are the principal item of freight.

The road runs north from Knife river on Lake Superior into Cook county, and Mr. Millen said yesterday it is the intention to build to the Canadian border.

RAILROAD DRAWBRIDGE BURNED.

Fire Destroys Northern Pacific's Grassy Point Structure.

Duluth.—Fire damaged the Grassy Point drawbridge of the Northern Pacific railroad to such an extent that it will have to be rebuilt. The origin of the blaze is unknown. Traffic will not be tied up, as the two daily passenger trains from Duluth to the Twin Cities via Superior, will cross the bay over the Rices Point bridge instead.

The draw, most of which is steel, was badly twisted by the heat. The flames originated in the engine house, which was in the center of the draw, and before water could be thrown on the blaze, the engine house and its contents had practically burned. The machinery dropped into the river.

The draw was closed during the fire and it will be necessary to have tugs reopen it before navigation can be carried on in the river above it.

INSANE; TRIES TO KILL FAMILY.

Virginia Man Locked Up After Assault on Wife and Children.

Duluth.—Mrs. Gus Rankola and her four small children were found by a deputy sheriff at Virginia in peril of being murdered by the husband and father who had suddenly become insane. Rankola had a large knife in his hands and was making desperate efforts to kill the members of his family when overpowered and taken to jail. He was violent after being locked up.

Minnesota Makes Less Beer.

St. Paul.—The United States Internal Revenue department figures show that a steady decrease in the quantity of beer manufactured in the state of Minnesota has caused an important falling off in the amount of internal revenue tax. During the last four months, July, August, September and October the collections of internal revenue in the state were $754,040.35 as compared with $1,001,713.25 collected during the same four months of 1910, a decrease of $247,672.90.

Winona's Sons Have Luncheon.

Twenty-five former residents of Winona, now engaged in busines in Minneapolis, met at luncheon to plan the organization of a Winona club. S. R. Van Sant was elected temporary chairman, E. W. Cameron, temporary secretary, said there were more than 150 Winonians now living in Minneapolis and that they represented most every business and profession. He said he had been assured by more than one hundred that they would join the club.

Exhibits Monster Potatoes.

Austin.—Last spring J. J. Furlong, the mayor of Concord and H. H. Dunn of Albert Lea, speakers of the house, were talking agriculture. Both were voicing their prowess as farmers when Speaker Dunn challenged Mr. Furlong to a potato contest. Mr. Dunn said he could raise a larger and better potato than Mr. Furlong could. The other day Mr. Furlong exhibited in this city, eight potatoes weighing four pounds apiece. The proud Mr. Furlong says it is now up to Mr. Dunn to "come across."

HANKOW BURNED

REPORTED THAT TWO-THIRDS OF AREA OF CHINESE CITY IS IN ASHES.

400,000 LEFT HOMELESS

Hundreds Said to Have Died in Flames —American Missions and Some Government Buildings Spared.

Hankow, China. — The city of Hankow has been destroyed by fire over two-thirds of its extent. The lowest estimate of the loss is $50,000,000. Four hundred thousand persons are destitute. Hundreds of half burned bodies lie among the ruins. Many of them are the bodies of women and children.

The customs house, the postoffice and the American missions have been spared. The city has been looted, the imperialists taking a hand in the pillage. Imperialist officers tried to check this work, and executed a number of soldiers.

Refugees were deprived of their loot on entering the British concession, cart loads of valuable furs, silks and jewelry being seized. It is suggested that the Red Cross receive the proceeds.

The consuls appealed to the imperialists to cease burning the town. A proclamation, which was issued immediately, declared that the rebels were responsible for the fires and ordered that these be checked. The following day, new fires started in various quarters.

The David Hill memorial school for the blind, connected with the Wesleyan mission, was looted, while, in contrast, all the mission property in Wu Chang, which is held by the revolutionaries, has been protected.

Reports of Brutality.

Foreigners who have not had an opportunity of witnessing the engagements, except at a distance, are hearing horrifying stories of brutality. The imperialists have hanged men, and, failing to strangle them, tortured them to death, prodded them with bayonets or crushed them to death with stones.

The outrages against women cannot be told. Red Cross bearers have been killed or wounded. Soldiers on both sides have slaughtered their wounded enemies.

Yuan Shi Kai is in this neighborhood, but he is keeping his presence hidden. It is suspected that he went aboard a British gunboat, and it rumored that he has been interviewing republican leaders secretly.

A thousand revolutionary soldiers from Hu-Nan reached Wu Chang. At I-Chang and other river ports the republicans are collecting the customs duties. Consular reports from I-Chang say refugees from Chung-King, in Sze Chuan province, are bound thither. Secret societies are gaining control in Sze Chuan. The mobs at Kiu-Kiang are violent.

Battle at Nanking.

Shanghai.—Latest advices received here say that the attempt of the insurgents to seize Nanking was only partly successful. They were repulsed at some points, but captured the armory forts behind the city. They lost more than 100 men killed. At the south gate 2,000 imperialists joined the revolutionaries on receipt of 300,000 taels ($200,000). The Manchu general, Chang Chun, is still holding out.

Foo Chow Captured.

Foo Chow.—Foo Chow has fallen into the hands of the rebels after a short resistance. The viceroy and Tartar general have escaped. The yamen has been burned, but all foreigners are safe and well protected.

No Loan For China.

Paris.—Representatives of the American, French and English bankers interested in the Chinese currency reform loan at a meeting here unanimously decided that the situation in China was critical and accordingly it was decided that no action be taken in furthering the loan at present. J. P. Morgan, Jr., attended the conference.

Who's Loony Now?

Pekin.—It is semi-officially stated that the regent, Prince Chung is incapable of connected thought and that the nobles are unable to agree upon a definite line of action.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 9.—Wheat, December, $1.03¾; May, $1.07⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.04¾; No. 2 northern, $1.02¾; No. 1 durum, 99c; No. 3 corn, 73c; No. 2 white oats, 46c; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 86c; No. 1 flax, $1.93.

Duluth, Nov. 9.—Wheat, December, $1.02¾; May, $1.07; No. 1 northern, $1.03¾; No. 1 durum, $1.00.

South St. Paul, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Steers, $4.25@5.75; cows, $3.25@4.50; calves, $2.50@7.25; hogs, $5.85@6.10; sheep and lambs, $3.00@5.20.

McNamara Jurors Chosen.

Los Angeles, Calif. — Three sworn jurors and a talesman passed for cause is the showing in the McNamara murder trial at the end of five weeks of court. Another venireman has been accepted by the defense as to cause, and counsel begin to hope for a full jury box by Christmas to try James McNamara for the murder of J. Haggerty, a machinist killed in the Los Angeles Times explosion a year ago. Another venire of 40 men has been summoned, making 284 men thus far drawn for jury service.

DEMOCRATS WIN THREE GOVERNORS

KENTUCKY RETURNS TO THE JACKSONIAN FOLD WITH AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY.

FOSS ELECTED IN MASS.

Democrats Carry Three Ohio Cities and Gain One Congressman—G. O. P. Recaptures New York Legislative Assembly.

New York.—Democratic governors in Massachusetts, Kentucky and Mississippi, a Republican governor in Rhode Island, a Republican assembly in New York, which will challenge the continuance of Governor Dix's policies; a New Jersey legislature with majorities probably not in accord with Governor Woodrow Wilson, with results of the state elections in Maryland and New Mexico in doubt. This in brief is the result of the election.

In Massachusetts, Governor Foss, Democrat, was elected by a reduced plurality of 7,734 over Louis Frothingham, Republican.

The Republican candidate for lieutenant governor was elected by 7,000 majority and other Republican state candidates were elected.

In Rhode Island Governor Pothier, Republican, is re-elected over Louis A. Waterman, Democrat, by a greatly increased plurality. The state senate is solidly and the assembly largely Republican.

New York state furnished one of the chief surprises of the election, reversing the present Democratic majority of 24 in the state assembly and electing a Republican majority of 50 or upward. The change removes the united support which both branches of the legislature heretofore had given Gov. Dix's policies. In New York city Tammany's control was shaken, but not overcome, Tammany candidates in Manhattan and the Bronx being elected, while those in Brooklyn and Queens county were defeated by fusion candidates.

New Jersey Furnishes Surprise.

New Jersey similarly furnished a surprise by the probable reversal of control of the legislature, the returns giving Republican majorities in the senate and assembly.

In Kentucky, James B. McCreary, Democrat, was elected governor by a majority estimated at 20,000 to 40,000. A Democratic legislature also was elected, which insures the choice of Congressman Ollie James as United States senator from Kentucky.

Returns from Maryland were inconclusive. Claims were made of the election of Philip Lee Goldsborough, Republican candidate for governor, by 5,000 majority over Arthur P. Gorman, Democrat, while counter claims of Democratic success were made. The constitutional amendment designed to disfranchise negro voters probably was defeated.

Ohio Cities Democratic.

The Ohio municipal elections resulted in the election of Democratic mayors in Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus. President Taft cast his vote in Cincinnati.

In New Mexico the Democratic state committee claims the election of MacDonald as governor by 4,500 in the first election which the new state has held. The election of a Republican legislature is indicated, which will mean the election of two Republican United States senators.

Marked Socialist strength has developed at various points, notably in several of the municipal contests of Ohio, where 10 cities elected Socialist mayors; also in Schenectady, N. Y., where a Socialist mayor and a Socialist member of the state assembly were elected, and in Mississippi, where the Socialist candidate for lieutenant governor polled a considerable vote.

Four congressmen were elected to fill vacancies, Joseph A. Taggart, Democrat, in the Second Kansas district; W. D. B. Ainy, Republican, in the Fourteenth district; William J. Browning, Republican, in the First New Jersey district, and Daniel V. Stephens, Democrat, of the Third Nebraska district.

Tammany's Hold Is Shaken.

New York.—Tammany Hall's hold on New York city was shaken yesterday in a battle of the ballots, in which local offices were mainly at stake. The Democrats successfully defended their ancient strongholds of Manhattan and the Bronx, but by greatly reduced pluralities. Queens county also stood by the Democrats, but the Republican fusion candidates made nearly a clean sweep of Brooklyn, and probably divided honors in the little borough of Richmond.

A year ago Manhattan and the Bronx boroughs gave Governor Dix a plurality of 68,389 and elected a Democratic supreme court justice by about 22,000. Now Robert L. Fowler, the Democratic candidate for surrogate, carried New York county with a maximum plurality of about 17,000.

The Democrats elected their candidates for sheriff by about 8,000 and the three Democratic candidates for supreme court justice in the First judicial district pulled through by a bare 5,000. Francis M. Scott, the fourth justice elected, was indorsed by both parties.

The Republicans gained eight assemblymen in New York county and will send fifteen members of that body out of the total delegation of thirty-five.

The Republicans elected a sheriff in Kings county by about 1,400. In 19 out of 23 districts in Brooklyn, the fusionists gained six assemblymen.

From a Democratic majority of 24, the New York state assembly turned overwhelmingly Republican. The Republicans in the lower chamber have a majority of 50. The present senate holds over.

In the unexpected landslide the Democrats were able to capture only three seats held by the Republicans, whereas all over the commonwealth Democratic assemblymen fell by the wayside.

In Schenectady, Herbert M. Merrill, a Socialist, won out where a Democrat had held the seat.

Kentucky Republicans Lose.

Louisville.—Kentucky, for years landslide victory.

James B. McCreary, Democratic candidate for governor, has been elected by from 20,000 to 40,000 majority. His opponent was Judge Edward C. O'Rear.

Crookston Socialists Win.

Crookston.—By a majority of 91 votes, H. L. Larson, Socialist, was elected mayor of Crookston over Mayor Allen McKinnon, candidate on the Citizens' ticket, and W. R. Low, Republican candidate, backed by the Young Men's Progressive club. George Christianson, also a Socialist, was elected alderman of the Sixth ward, and John Kolbe, Socialist, is running neck and neck with Walter Stone for alderman at large. Armory bonds lost.

Chicago Judges Picked.

Chicago.—Six Republicans and four Democrats were elected to the superior court of Cook county. John P. McGoorty, Democrat, was elected to fill the one circuit court vacancy. A "higher pay for judges" proposition was defeated. Chief Justice William H. McSurely and Judge Marcus A. Kavanaugh, Republicans, were re-elected to the superior bench, as was Judge Joseph H. Fitch, Democrat. The new Judges are Chas. M. Foell, Hugo Pam, Albert C. Barnes and Henry V. Freeman, Republicans, and M. L. McKinley, Dennis E. Sullivan and Clarence N. Goodwin, Democrats.

Kansas Elects Democrat.

Kansas City.—Joseph A. Taggart, a Democrat, was elected to congress from the Second Kansas district by a majority estimated at 1,200 votes over his Republican opponent, Ulysses S. Guyer. Mr. Taggart will fill the unexpired term of the late Republican congressman, A. C. Mitchell. Mitchell carried the district in 1910 by 3,430 votes over John Caldwell, Democrat.

Philadelphia Republicans Win.

Philadelphia.—In one of the closest political contests in the history of Philadelphia, the Republicans succeeded in electing George H. Earle, Jr., mayor over Rudolph Blankenburg, "the war horse of reform," by the meagre majority of 5,000.

Ohio Cities Go Democratic.

Columbus.—The Democrats were swept into power in the three largest cities of Ohio, Columbus, Cincinnati and Cleveland returning decisive Democratic pluralities.

A feature of the elections throughout the state was the large Socialist vote. In Columbus, Eby, the Socialist candidate for mayor, according to early returns, was running a close race with Mayor Marshall, the Republican nominee, for second place while George J. Karb, Democrat, had been elected by from 400 to 600 plurality.

In Cincinnati, Mayor Louis Schwab, running for re-election, with the Republican indorsement, was defeated by Henry T. Hunt, Democrat, by probably 6,000.

In Cleveland, Newton D. Baker, Democrat and political heir to the late Tom L. Johnson, was elected mayor by probably 20,000, while practically the entire Democratic ticket was elected with him.

In Toledo, Brand Whitlock, independent, has been elected for a fourth term by a plurality in the neighborhood of 2,000.

LIVES WITH HIS SKULL CRACKED

Sheboygan, Wisconsin.—His skull cracked from the nose to the base of the brain and from each to ear and still living, is the experience of Arthur Jahn, aged 18, son of a prominent contractor. Young Jahn's injuries resulted from being struck on the head by an iron pulley when a chain broke. At the hospital, physicians say the boy probably will recover.

CUT IN LIVING COST IS SOUGHT.

Co-operative Plan Is Discussed in Wisconsin.

Madison, Wisconsin. — A committee of the state board of public affairs met to take up the matter of co-operative marketing as an aid in solving the problem of the high cost of living. Those present included Governor McGovern and a number of Wisconsin university professors. The committee considered the selection of an expert to assist.

REV. MR. LAMBERT QUITS PULPIT

Pastor Who Officiated at Astor Wedding Resigns.

Providence, Rhode Island.—Because of the criticism arising from his marrying Col. John Jacob Astor and Miss Madeline T. Force at Newport, Sept. 9, Rev. Joseph Lambert has resigned as pastor of the Elmwood Temple (Congregational) church of this city and will leave the ministry to go into business.

His retirement will be considered by the church at a meeting Nov. 16.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

A timely report on education in China has been made to the bureau of education by Harry Edwin King, vice president of the Peking university. It reviews exhaustively the modern movement for western methods in educational matters which owes its existence largely to the awakening of the dowager empress after the boxer rebellion.

The legal host gathered in Washington to fight before the supreme court of the United States for the constitutionality of the initiative and referendum methods of legislaion in this country was augmented by counsel representing the state of Washington. They sent a brief to the court, but they are not expected to participate in the oral argument of the point which arises in a case from Oregon.

The state of Missouri took its place among a long list of other states protesting to the supreme court of the United States against the initiative and referendum method of legislation the board declared unconstitutional. The constitutional problem will come up in an Oregon case before the court this week. Mr. Major, attorney general of Missouri, explained that Missouri is particularly interested because it has adopted the amendment to the Oregon constitution authorizing the initiative and referendum legislation.

General.

The government is to be well fortified when it begins its anti-steel trust suit.

The postoffice department revenues show a surplus for the first time since 1883.

The vote of women will turn the tide in the next municipal ballot at Los Angeles.

Lady Colin Campbell, authoress and journalist, died in London after a long illness.

For the first time in ten year's Colorado is importing potatoes from Wisconsin, Minnesota and Illinois.

Secretary of War, Stimson plans to inspect the service schools at Forts Leavenworth and Riley, Kansas.

Edward F. Goltra, an anti-Folk man, was elected democratic national committeeman in Missouri.

Catholic archbishops who have been made cardinals are preparing to go to the consistory at Rome.

Charles W. Wood of Worcester, Mass., was elected president of the American dairy cattle congress at Chicago.

A. R. Armstrong, a wealthy merchant of Tucson, Arizona, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

After having been in a state of coma for 292 hours, Miss Lulu White, a nurse, of Colo, Ia., regained consciousness. Physicians say she will recover.

The American dreadnought Delaware of the Atlantic fleet, leads the other battleships in efficiency at battle practice held off the Chesapeake capes during last September, with a score of 52,551.

The Iowa state federaion of retail merchants was organized at Dubuque by 250 retail merchants.

Simeon Hallowell, an Omaha Indian convicted of introducing liquor on his reservation, was pardoned by President Taft.

The rule limiting the deposits in postal savings banks has cut down the business of these banks.

Turkey has made formal request for the United States to intervene and put an end to inhuman practices on the part of Italian soldiers in Tripoli.

A committee of three bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church will investigate at Topeka, Kas., the charges brought against Bishop David J. Moore of Cincinnati, by Mrs. Carrie E. Cops of Topeka.

John Bozeyk, a foreigner, was arrested at Vancouver, B. C. today on suspicion of being implicated in the New Westminster bank robbery. He had in his possession $4,000 in bills, some of which were, according to the numbers, included in the sum obtained September 15 when the bank of Montreal was robbed of $258,000.

The grand jury at Washington returned a white slave indictment against Robert Davidson of St. Louis.

Former admirers from all over the United States attended the unveiling of a statue in honor of Robert G. Ingersoll at Peoria, Ill.

The so-called steel trust investigating committee of the house of representatives will resume its hearing in Washington November 20.

A dispute over 6 cents between a taxicab owner and the driver was the direct cause of a walk out of 6,000 drivers and the paralysing of London's taxicab service.

Secretary of War Stimson is strongly in favor of military training in the public schools of the country.

Special Examiner Smith took testimony in coal cases and report will be made to interstate commerce commission which will make [illegible]

Advocates of the initiative and referendum say it is a question for congress, and not for the courts to decide.

The Italian rear admiral says he is master of the situation in Turkish waters.

A fifteen-story club house, costing $2,500,000, was dedicated in New York.

An estimate is made that it will require two months to secure a jury for the McNamara trial.

George E. Roberts, director of the mint, says President Taft will be renominated and re-elected.

Notices of "open shop" were posted by the Illinois Central railroad in the shops a Centralia, Ill.

No decision has been reached by the president regarding a successor to Justice Harlan.

The presence of German warships in Danish waters is causing real irritation to that country.

A negro ran amuck in Algiers, La. and shot two policemen and several citizens before he was killed.

Yuan-Shi-Kai, the masterful mind of China, is hereafter to guide the ship of state of China.

A memorial hall to commemorate the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln will be dedicated at Hodgenville, Ky.

The massacre of natives at Hankow, China, makes the problem of Premier Yuan Shi Kai more difficult.

At the end of four court weeks there is no certainty that any of the talesmen in the McNamara case will be retained.

George Wright tied himself to car trucks at Rollins, Wyo., and made trip to Grand Island. Had $175 in gold on his person.

A reward of $1,000 for the solution of the mystery surrounding the death of Dr. Helene Knabe of Indianapolis, is offered by the city.

Frank H. Nicholai, former assistant cashier of the City National bank of Auburn, Ind., will leave the federal prison at Leavenworth on parole.

The arraignment of Allison MacFarland on an indictment, charging him with murder in the first degree in causing the death of his wife by poison, was up at Newark, N. J.

The funeral of Joseph Pulitzer, owner and editor of the New York World, was held at St. Thomas' church, New York. The public were admitted.

Naval officers will have to take the prescribed walking test more often than in the past in compliance with orders made public at the navy department.

A summary of the expenses and receipts of the steam roads of the United States in August shows a decrease over the same month of the previous year.

Albert J. Engle, a young aviator, was painfully but not seriously injured and his machine was wrecked in a collision with a calf following a short flight near Willoughby, Ohio.

For the first time in the history of the county of Milwaukee in Wisconsin a woman was senenced to life imprisonment for the murder of her husband. She is Mrs. Mary Nokovic.

Among the four brightest men in Harvard, according to the annual award of the Sears prize, are Robert A. Taft, son of the president, and Charles E. Hughes, son of Justice Hughes.

The so-called "list of immortals" of the United States biological survey—a roster kept by that bureau of all hunting fatalities in this country—already this year has had added to it forty-seven names.

The spot on the parapet of old Fort Stevens where President Lincoln stood exposed to confederate fire during the attack by General Early on the city of Washington, is to be marked by a huge boulder.

At a meeting of the board of trustees of the Press Publishing company (publishers of the New York World) held in New York, the following officers were elected; Ralph Pulitzer, president; J. Angus Shaw, treasurer; Joseph Pulitzer, jr., secretary.

Prof. William Callyhan Robinson, dean of the law school of the Catholic university of America, was stricken with apoplexy at his home in Washington and died almost immediately.

Mary Whedon Gates, 33 years old, who was divorced from Charles G. Gates, son of the late John W. Gates, last August, was granted a license to marry Romeo Miglilette, 32, who resdies in Florence, Italy, and who is engaged in the oil business.

To arouse public sentiment in favor of the ratification of the arbitration treaties between the United States and Great Britain and France, now pending before the United States senate, a nation-wide campaign, with public meetings in about thirty of the leading cities of the country, has been planned.

E. B. Henderson of Omaha, for some years private secretary to Commissioner Lane of the Interstate Commerce commission, has been promoted to be examiner of the Interstate Commerce commission. Mr. Henderson's promotion will become effective December 4, and he will go upon the "circuit" almost at once.

James Marsh of Kansas Ciy and S. S. Embrey of Grainvalley, Mo., were accepted as talesmen in the Hyde case. Although he had lived in that city for seven years, Marsh said he had never heard of the Hyde case until when he was summoned as a venireman.

Personal.

The Rev. Mr. Richeson was indicted for murder at Boston.

The Illinois fish commission is to figure in the Lorimer inquiry.

The greatest crowd of his itinerary greeted President Taft at Pittsburg.

The Great Awakening of China

By Gen. A. W. Greely

EVEN the most casual observer of current affairs must have been impressed by the steadily increasing volume of matter that is appearing in periodical literature relative to China and to its evolutionary progress toward its proper and destined position as one of the great civilized nations of the earth.

In the last decade affairs oriental have been a series of surprises to the world, and in this respect the transformation of China has not been the least wonderful. In late years the Chinese government has astonished the Christian peoples of the Occident by its political audacity and persistent activity in suppressing not only foreign trade in opium but also in abolishing throughout its vast provinces the prevalent growth of the poppy plant. Today it confounds the predictions of foreign politicians by hastening, instead of delaying, the formation of a central constitutional government with a responsible cabinet. Again it has instituted a system of secondary education along modern scientific lines, and has transformed its antiquated literary examinations into more suitable tests of official fitness.

At home it is redeeming its treaty obligations to mint a standard and national coinage. It has formed its first budget, has initiated a system of imperial taxation, reorganized its postal and telegraph services, and nationalized its railways.

PUPILS OF A GIRLS' SCHOOL

SHOPPING CENTER IN CANTON

TRADING BOATS ON THE RIVER

CHINESE TEMPLE

Photos Copyright by Underwood & Underwood N.Y.

Abroad its statesmen have brought to a head the Mongolian question, maintained the status quo in Manchuria, and opened relations with Siam.

Through its strength, its conscriptive methods, and its training the new army promises to be soon such a military force as will command the respect of foreign nations. Its insignificant navy is to be largely increased, and has already given signs of efficient activity by its participation in diplomatic missions and in international reviews.

The foreign policy of China promises to be insistent, and perhaps aggressive, where the interests of its subjects are concerned. Especially significant is its late reported demand on Mexico for an adequate indemnity, amounting to tens of millions of dollars, for the massacre and destruction of the persons and property of Chinese by the Mexican revolutionists.

Perhaps the most impressive action of all is the regard for aliens within its own borders shown in recent days by the Chinese government. Confronted by a most serious (in appearance, at least— revolution in its greatest province (Sze-Chuan, with its 80,000,000 of people), the government on its own motion takes early and efficient measures ot preserve the lives of foreign missionaries and alien traders operating within the disturbed and dangerous areas.

In a period of such transitions it is well worth the while for Occidental nations to keep well informed as to the progress of affairs in China. Few people are aware as to either the extent or as to the methods by which such marvelous changes have been wrought in the governmental conditions of the Celestial Empire during the first decade of the twentieth century.

It has been universally recognized that from the conjoined standpoints of area, population and productivity China stands unequaled among the nations of the earth.

It may be noted that the population of China has been for centuries a problem of the greatest interest, which successfully defied solution.

La Revue Jaune, the new Chinese?Belgian review, for May 15 publishes the data as far as compiled, the whole empire numbering 439,214,000 souls. They are distributed as follows, by provinces:

An-Houe	30,000,000
Canton	32,000,000
Fo-Kien	30,000,000
Honan	*26,000,000
Hunan	22,000,000
Hupeh	34,000,000
Kiang-Si	24,500,000
Kiang-Su (Shandhai)	23,900,000
Kan-Su	*3,000,006
Kwang-Si	8,000,000
Kweichau	6,000,000
Sechouan	79,500,000
Shang-Si	*9,000,000
Shantung	53,000,000
Shensi	*6,000,000
Tche-Kiang	11,800,000
Tchili (Peking)	29,400,000
Yunnan	8,000,000
Manchuria	17,000,000

The approximate population of the dependencies, from other sources, is as follows: Mongolia, 2,600,000; Tibet, 6,300,000; Chinese Turkestan, etc., 1,200,000.

Enormous as is the population of the empire, there are but few very great cities, as would be expected with the limited transportation for their maintenance. Possibly Canton, Peking, and Singan have each a million of inhabitants, while Tientsin, Hankau, Shanghai, Chungking, Fuchau and Suchau probably range in population between half and three-fourths of a million.

In view of these data the belief vanishes that China is the most densely populated portion of the world. The population of Europe is 430,000,000, in an area of 10,000,000 square kilometers, while China has practically the same number over an area of 11,000,000 square kilometers.

Influenced by the spirit of the century, China is gradually changing its form of government to that of a constitutional monarchy. The burning question before the Advisory Parliament, which nearly caused its disruption, was the restriction of imperial powers. Parliament strenuously urged the establishment of a responsible government along English lines. As a compromise the Prince Regent yielded to the extent of adopting a system analogous to that of Germany, and imperial edicts instituted, in lieu of the old organization, as officials of the emperor, Suen-Tong, a prive council, a general staff and a responsible cabinet.

The privy council consists of forty-four, of whom ten are non-voting councilors, "especially well-informed men, who have received a modern education." The general staff (two princes), reports direct to the emperor. The responsible cabinet is formed by a premier, with two princely assistants, and ten portfolio ministers, as follows: Foreign affairs, interior, finance, public instruction, war, navy, justice, agriculture, public works and commerce, communications, dependencies and colonies. The premier, Prince Ching, is a wily, typical politician of the old school, to whom reforms are unacceptable save as temporary makeshifts.

The cabinet, appointed and dismissed at the pleasure of the emperor, is responsible to him and to public opinion only. Criticised by some as a system controlled too largely by princes and nobles, it is viewed by others as an important advance towards the constitutional methods of the Occident.

Viceroys, appointed and removable by the emperor, govern the provinces with practically unlimited power, which in the past has often resulted in unbridled corruption and tyrannical oppression. Under the edict of Nov. 6, 1906, for the reformation of local governments, provincial assemblies were established. Their functions were advisory, and the administrative powers remained entirely in the hands of the vice-regal officials.

It might appear that public opinion would be ineffective under such conditions, but the contrary result is usual. In an exceptional case the provincial assembly of Kuang-Si passed a resolution which the governor vetoed. When next convoked the assembly refused to sit, and its appeal to the advisory parliament at Peking was sustained.

The assemblies have taken concerted action to extent their influence in imperial affairs, and have occasionally attempted to coerce the imperial government—usually with indifferent results. Twice the assemblies have held congresses in Peking, and lately the congress urged on the government the organization of civil guards in the provinces, opposed the nationalization of railways, and asked a change of the law that the premier must be either a prince or noble. Finally, the members, in the way of compromise, agreed to favor an increase of taxes provided that their wishes were granted as to civil guards and the premier.

The first really national and representative body that ever met in China under authority of an imperial edict convened on Oct. 5, 1910. It has been variously called a senate, an advisory assembly and a provisional parliament; the last appellation seems most appropriate, as the body had no legislative powers, its functions being confined to petitions and reports to the throne on matters pertaining to the formation of institutions and enactment of laws in accord with the age.

The parliament proved to be an able, independent body, equal to the situation, broad-minded in its views, and realizing its responsibilities.

Rarely does a single act mark the upward turn of a decadent nation, but in China it was the signing by the emperor, Kouang-Su, July 26, 1898, of the edict on the liberty of the press, drawn up by the ardent reformer Yang-You-Wei.

Reciting the various needs of railways, the imperial edict of May 9, 1911, points out that for years the emperor has fostered local railway projects, but that hitherto the Chinese companies "have so maladministered affairs that they are in inextricable confusion; they have built neither main lines nor branches. In the Province of Kuantong they have issued bonds covering half the work, while the railroad has hardly been commenced. In Sze-Chuan an enormous sum, intrusted as bonds to a bank, has been lost by failure of the bank. In Hupeh and in Hounan largo sums have been spent uselessly in past years."

It should be said that Canton, which had made the greatest progress from local resources, accepted the nationalization. The importance and gravity of the action of assemblies and local organizations in Sze-Chuan and Hounan may be estimated from the fact that their combined population quite considerably exceeds that of the United States, and is about one-fourth of that of China.

The action of the imperial government has been described by a Chinese writer as "a truly unexpected and unfavorable blow to provincial autonomy." An early successful issue in Sze-Chuan will be a welcome evidence of that central, coordinated power which is vitally essential to the future utility of the Chinese Empire.

WEARING OF SILK STOCKINGS

First Pair Is Said to Have Been Worn by Henry II. of France in the Year of 1559.

It has been asserted that silk stockings were first worn by Henry II. of France on the occasion of the marriage of his sister in 1559. But before that period, Edward VI. of England had received a pair from the "merchant prince" of the time, Sir Thomas Gresham, who imported them from Spain, the country, it is thought, wherein they were first manufactured.

There is a tradition that a grandee, the happy possessor of the first pair of silk stockings made in Spain, thought he could make no more appropriate disposition of the novel utilities than to present them to his queen, and to that end he placed them in the hands of the minister of state. Greatly to the consternation of the well-meaning grandee, the minister returned him the stockings, intimating that he would do well to bear in mind that "the queen of Spain has no legs."

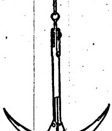
Elizabeth of England, however, not ashamed to own that she had legs, received a similar gift in a very different manner. Soon after her accession her majesty's woman, Mistress Montague, tendered as her New Year's gift a pair of knitted black silk stockings, the first of the kind made in England. Elizabeth was so pleased with the stockings, which she declared were "pleasant, fine and delicate," that she determined thenceforth to wear no more cloth stockings. She kept her royal word and no doubt would have laughed at the economy of the Margrave John of Custrin, who, seeing one of his councilors wearing silk stockings on a week day, said to him, "Barthold, I, too, have silk stockings, but I wear them only on Sundays and holidays."—Harper's Weekly.

INDUSTRY AND MECHANICS

INVENTS A FOLDING ANCHOR

Arms of Implement Close Up Along Shaft When Not in Use—Handy in Small Motor Boats.

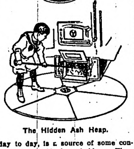
A Wisconsin man, who probably had the painful experience some other people have had with large anchors in small motor boats, has designed a folding anchor. The arms of this implement are pivoted at the bottom of the shank, which is hollow, and are operated by a rod that runs up inside the shank. When the anchor is not in use the arms can be folded up along the shank and the whole take up very little space, besides having the points out of the way, where no one is in danger of running against them. When the anchor is to be lowered the arms are pushed open and locked in that position so firmly that the apparatus is just as strong as if made in one piece. An anchor of this kind can be laid along the bottom of the boat or stowed away under a seat and no body will know it is aboard until it is needed.


Folding Anchor.

ASH HEAP UNDER THE FLOOR

Revolving System of Boxes Arranged in Front of Heater to Receive Debris—Emptied Any Time.

The modern cellar is as orderly an apartment as any of the other rooms of the house, but at the present time the unsightly ash heap has not been entirely disposed of. The day is not yet here when the coal bin and the ash pile are entirely eliminated, and the latter, growing constantly from day to day, is a source of some concern to the tidy householder. Then again the transferral of the ashes from under the heater must be looked after constantly and is a task which many a man performs only with the assistance of considerable profanity.


The Hidden Ash Heap.

The matter has been solved by burying the ashes as they fall from the heater. A revolving system of ash-boxes fits in a well in front of the heater and when the heater is raked the debris therefrom is drawn directly into one of these buried receptacles. These may be emptied at one's own convenience.

GOOD MATERIAL FOR FLOOR

French Inventor Has Devised Combination of Concrete and Carborundum for Severe Use.

There has always been difficulty in finding a material for flooring which will successfully withstand the grinding action of a constant procession of persons over it, as at the entrances of large railroad stations, but a French inventor has devised a combination of concrete and carborundum which has been experimented with in Paris, and the results have been found to be superior to anything else which has been devised for the purpose. A flight of steps built of this combination showed no perceptible wear after they had been used by an estimated army of 14,000,000 persons who passed over it. This is a very severe test, for in going up and down public stairways persons follow the shortest line, so that the great majority of those using it follow the same path, the wear and tear is very great in proscribed area.

Invents Metal Shingle.

A man in South Carolina has patented a shingle made of metal, which resembles the wooden ones in size and shape. But the metal shingles interlock by means of a series of ribs and channels. They are more durable than the old kind, and, being absolutely fireproof, are especially adapted for use on garages and similar buildings, where the fire risk is great. It is claimed that, when once properly installed, they will last as long as the walls of any structure.

Terra Cotta Saves.

By using terra cotta for the capitals of columns and other merely decorative work instead of carved [illegible]

MAKING FLOORS OF SAWDUST

Artificial Floorings Are Manufactured Extensively in Germany—Resemble Mosaic Pavements.

Artificial floorings, made of sawdust and other ingredients, are manufactured extensively in Germany. It is understood now that certain firms are to introduce a similar process in this country.

The flooring composition consists of a solution of magnesium chloride to which pulverized magnesia is added and which of itself forms a white, absolutely solid, artificial stone. If to this cement sawdust be added in considerable proportions the combination, when it becomes hard, possesses many of the qualities of both wood and stone.

Some of these floorings are mixed on the spot and laid soft on the space to be covered, while others are molded into plates and delivered ready made. According to consular and trade reports, one Hamburg firm impregnates the wood meal with oil before mixing it with the magnesia paste and thereby renders it nonabsorbent.

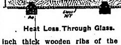
In Germany the cheaper grades of flooring are colored to resemble linoleum or mosaic pavements, and in many instances have given entire satisfaction during a considerable term of years. The emigrant halls of the Hamburg-American line in Hamburg are paved almost entirely with this composition. Floors thus made are more elastic than cement floors, are much warmer, and preserve a smoother surface. Under the fire test this flooring chars, but does not burn, and is a poor conductor of heat.

HEAT LOSS THROUGH GLASS

Condition of Snow on Greenhouse Roof Shows Relative Transmission —Wood Is Best.

The relative transmission of heat through glass and through wood is well illustrated in this drawing of the condition of snow on the top of a greenhouse roof some twelve hours after the snow began to fall.

The total snowfall is shown by the dotted line across the top. After the 12-hour fall the snow above the two-inch thick wooden ribs of the roof was six inches deep, and only about one inch deep over the greater part of the glass surface, says the Popular Mechanics. The loss of heat through the glass was five times as great as the loss of heat through the two-inch wooden ribs.



Heat Loss Through Glass.

Novel Vacuum Cleaner.

A great variety of vacuum cleaners have appeared on the market and many of them vary from others only in the most minute details, but one which is on entirely novel lines has been recently brought out and will fill a special place and may in the course of time be perfected so as to be applicable to all domestic establishments where a stream of water is available. It consists of two suction pumps, operated by a direct connected water wheel and a chamber in which the dust and dirt mix with the water discharged from the wheel. The machine, which weighs a little less than twenty-five pounds, is intended to sit over a sink or bathtub and the dirt and water pass out through the waste pipe.

INDUSTRIAL AND MECHANICAL NOTES

Germany sends 29,000 feathers a year to England for millinery purposes.

Kid gloves have nothing to do with kids. They are made of the skins of sheep.

Artificial wood for matches, made from straw, has been invented by a Frenchman.

The lumber interest of the far northwest has shown a growth of 144 per cent. in ten years.

Sealing wax does not contain a particle of wax. It consists of shellac, turpentine and cinnabar.

Whalebone is not bone at all. It has not a single one of the many distinctive properties of bone.

Projectiles fired even from the heaviest guns, when they penetrate concrete, do so without splintering it.

The Malay states supply two-thirds of the tin used in the world. Their exports of tin last year were above $40,000,000.

The wood of the willow tree is tough, elastic and light. For this reason artificial limbs are usually made of willow wood.

Recent experiments in France have shown that natural turf is an excellent material from which to form beds for filtering sewage.

Germany imported more than 3,000 tons of fruit waste in 1910, principally apple and pear pealing and cores, to be used by jelly manufacturers.

Alaska's gold output last year, according to geological survey figures, was worth $20,463,000, the largest yield since 1906, the record year.

An iron ship weighs 27 per cent less than a wooden one of the same dimensions, and will carry 15 per cent. more cargo loaded to the same depth.

Twelve parts tin, two parts zinc, one part aluminum and 1 per cent. chloride of sodium makes an alloy with which the aluminum can be soldered easily.

Nickel mining is quite active in New Caledonia. European firms are investing largely in it and other mining. Some fair gold discoveries have been made recently.

The use of bicycles is decreasing in [illegible]

CANADA'S CENSUS

A THIRTY-TWO PER CENT. INCREASE IN THE PAST TEN YEARS.

That Canada has come rapidly to the front in the past ten years is amply shown in the results of the census recently made public. The population of the Dominion is now placed at 7,081,869, which with outlying points to be heard from, may bring it up to 7¼ millions as compared with 5,371,315 in 1901. Though these figures are large, they do not present a total as large as was expected but they do show a greater increase of percentage in population for the decade than any similar increase in the United States. The highest percentage ever reached by the Republic was 24%; the percentage of increase in Canada for the decade is 32%. Thus it will be seen that the provinces west of the lakes, with the great broad fertile, acres ready for the sowing and immediate reaping of grain and the Valleys of British Columbia capable of producing fruit with which to supply its neighboring provinces east of the mountains, have attracted numbers, which has exceeded the most optimistic of the expectations of ten years ago.

Upon the prairies of the ten years ago there was but a spare scattering of people; but today, no matter in which way you go, take any direction, and you find homes and farms and good ones too, occupied by the very best class of people in good sized settlements with plenty of room for five or six times as many more. The population of Alberta is set down at 372,919, as compared with 73,022 in 1901; Saskatchewan 453,508 as compared with 91,270 in 1901; Manitoba's 454,691 compares well with its 255,211 in 1901; and so does that of British Columbia—362,768 as against 178,657 in 1901; but in a territory as large as this a population of 1,643,000 is little more than discernible in point of numbers. The work through it has been great. Look at the towns that have been built up; its cities, Winnipeg with 135,000; Vancouver with upwards of 100,000; Calgary with 43,000; Edmonton, Regina, Saskatoon; Lethbridge; Medicine Hat, Moosejaw, splendid cities—none better anywhere; well maintained and equipped. These have come with existence and been built as they have been built by reason of the splendid agricultural country by which they are surrounded. The population is scarcely discernible. A population ten or twelve times that shown by the recent census could be easily maintained in even greater wealth than that which maintains the present numbers. There is certainly a wonderful future for Western Canada and that which goes to the development of the west will enrich the last. This is the growing time in Canada and what has been done in the past ten years is but a beginning. The next decade will show a far greater advancement. In the meantime Canada is bidding welcome the progressive and industrious citizen. The invitation is a standing one. At the forthcoming land exposition in Chicago, Canada will have one of the best exhibits of farm products that has ever been made and it will be well worth while inspecting it and getting information from those who may be in charge.

THE LESSER EVIL.

First Tramp—I always get under a tree when there's a thunder storm.

Second Tramp—Ain't you afraid uv lightning?

First Tramp—Well, yes—but I'm more afraid uv water.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

If They All Knew.

A woman speaker told a New York suffrage meeting that "we women haven't concentration. Our minds just go flirting around and don't get anywhere." Considering which, is it not superfluous for mere man to muss about in women's affairs when they know themselves so well?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

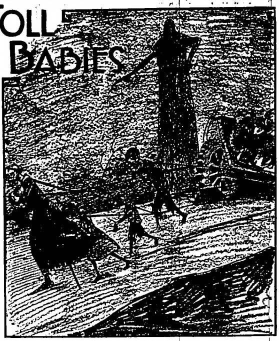
Every corrupt judge examines badly the truth.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It takes a bachelor to think that he understands women.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures all humors, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, [illegible]

TAKING TOLL of the BABIES



YES, why? Today it is one of he crying evils of the United States. Recently the National Child Labor committee has been holding a comprehensive exhibit in New York City of the horrors and evils that follow the slavery of little children in our mills and mines. The evidence of the camera, the bald facts of statistics and government reports have told the story only too truly. Few today realize that such things can be.

Hundred of thousands of children have grown old before their time; hundreds of thousands more have been crippled for life at an age when they ought to be running in the woods and fields. Thousands have died before they had even begun to live. And of all the misery and injury and vice and disease and death—it is too shocking to be more than hinted at!

The exhibit which the public saw in the rooms at Fourth avenue and Twentieth street has been doing its good work all over the country since last autumn—in fact, it has been a traveling exhibit. Miss Elizabeth McM. Dinwiddie, who is in charge of it, has been from one end of the country to the other, showing it where it could do the most good at the psychological moment. It had been intended to show it in New York first, but urgent reasons called it to other places first.

It was taken to North Carolina, where the inadequate law against child labor is more honored in the breach than in the observance, just at the time that a child labor law was pending in the state legislature. It went to Providence, R. I., in order to meet a federation of women's welfare clubs convened there. It went to the state capitals of Alabama, Tennessee and Wisconsin in the hope of influencing the legislators when influence was badly needed to protect the American child life against the rapacity of money-mad employers.

Better than words do the pictures and posters tell their story of the twentieth century crime against child life. The boys in the coal breakers, the girls in the cotton mills, the kiddies in the night shift at the glass works who ought to have been in bed dreaming of baseball and trout brooks, the anaemic, undersized, over-worried, sickly boys and girls who should have been at school instead of at the machines—they all told their own stories by their faces alone.

Go to the glass work, the mines, the cotton mills, the canneries, the tenements—there you shall see them! In some cases the rapacity of the employers is to blame; in others it is the greed of the parents. In some cases it is both.

"She just happened in," said the burly overseer in a South Carolina cotton mill when an investigator ran across a baby girl of eight tending her "sides" like a veteran. He was lying. The child was just as handy and useful as a grown-up and cost only half as much for her labor.

In a Pennsylvania coal-breaker they photographed nine-year-old Leo. He was toiling nine hours a day in grime and dirt for a pitiful wage. And there was found on a musty, dusty school file the sworn affidavit of his parents that he was too sickly to stay in school!

"Four years," answered a good-looking twelve-year-old boy in a South Carolina cotton mill, when asked how long he had been there. He couldn't tell the letter "A" from the letter "B," and didn't know how to spell his own name!

Bob, a boy who worked in the same mill, owned up to fifteen years, and said he had been working there for eight years. He showed it, too, in his overgrown, thin, anaemic frame, and looked fertile ground for the seeds of tuberculosis. His intelligence had stood stationary with the flight of years, and so he was still doing the same thing he had started on—taking off the empty spools from the spindles. Anything more complex was too much for his stunted intelligence.

In the coal mines of Pennsylvania and West Virginia they found boys of twelve masquerading as sixteen. They worked in the damp and darkness alongside of mules and took their lives in their hands every time they went down into the shafts to their daily toil, hundreds of feet down in the bowels of the earth.

"I haven't grown any in five years," said Charlie, a thin, hollow-chested, anaemic lad of fourteen, with a dull, stupid face. He has been on the night shift for seven years and makes his 60 cents a night.

At Fairmont, W. Va., at work in the "glory hole" of the glass works, where the temperature ranged as high as the human system can stand, there were more boys than men at work.

"The works is cluttered with kids," remarked a native.

One of the saddest cases was that of little Savannah, a frail eleven-year-old.

"The boss says she's a cracker-jack at spinning'," declared her gaunt father proudly. "She ain't satisfied unless she's in the mill."

Poor little Savanah owned up that she had never had a doll and never played on Sundays because she was too tired. Her tense, drawn face was that of an old woman.

The gruelling labor of the mould boys in the glass works was really awful. Here were tender youngsters down in cellars guiltless of sunlight, sitting in cramped positions and tending moulds all day long and all night. Other boys worked the molten glass at the furnace maws in heat unbearable by those unaccustomed to it. One baby boy of five was found earning his few pennies a day in the mill where his mother worked. He was too young to go to school! And he was such a golden-haired, blue-eyed, rosy-cheeked boy that it seemed a shame he was doomed there so soon in life!

Of course, fatalities among child toilers are far more numerous than among adults. Obviously youth is less cautious than experience. Not a day passes that death does not take its toll of the child workers and passes along many more to the ranks of the crippled and helpless.

In Pennsylvania the fatalities and accidents to the boys in breakers picking slate out of the coal with their little fingers is 300 per cent. higher than among adults and minors over sixteen. In Indiana the physical risk to children in factories under sixteen is 250 per cent. greater than among adults. In Michigan it is 450 per cent. against the child.

Children who go to school under the most objectionable conditions are confined 1,000 hours annually. In Massachusetts the factory child is confined 3,120 hours a year, and in New York where the eight-hour day prevails, he is still subjected to 2,496 hours of confinement.

All states with important canning industries employ children without restriction. They can do the work just as well as adults and for far less pay. In the chief cities, where clothing, artificial flowers and other articles are made in the tenements, there are no laws to protect little children. Three and four-year-old fingers find plenty to do for a few pennies a day more to the family fund.

This tenement-house work, done to save rent, carfares and to impress the children, has other dangers besides those of the child. The consumer is just as likely to become the victim. Physicians who will agree to conceal the contagion from the health authorities are the most popular with the tenement-house workers. Agents found women and children working on garments while children were in the same room suffering with contagious diseases.

In some of these city tenements where the child is put to work as soon as it can use its hands and before it goes to school—nearly always by compulsion from the authorities—two children die for every one in localities where the child is not put to work before its time!

In Defense of Beef Tea

Science After Despising Broths for Long Time Finds Out Why They Are Good.

From time immemorial beef tea, or a broth made in a similar manner from mutton or chicken, has been a feature of the sickroom, the pride of the housekeeper nurse, a source of comfort to the invalid, the invariable staple of the menu permitted by the physician.

When it was indisputably proved that the home-made broth was in no sense a food, humanity refused credence and invalids went ahead with their consumption of millions of gallons, persisting in the exhibition of sure signs of convalescence and demanding with insistence further supplies of the fragrant potion.

Dr. Thomas Darlington, in a recent issue of the New York Medical Journal, shows at last the reason of this unshakable faith. Broth is one of the few genuine stimulants in the armamentarium now that alcohol is known to be a narcotic. The experiments of Pawlow on dogs demonstrate that the savory liquid is powerfully stimulant to the gastric secretion and other digestive fluids, with the result that real food, given with or after the broth, is speedily and gratefully assimilated.

Milk, which disagrees with so many people, will cause no distress if administered after a cup of hot broth. The mere flavor of meat is thus shown to be necessary and valuable to digestion. What caused disgust among the troops in the Spanish war was that the preserved meat, while retaining all of its nutritive principles, had lost its aromatic constituents, gone to make the despised extract for the preparation of broths.

The physician may henceforth advise beef tea and meat broths generally with a clear conscience and scientific satisfaction; they have triumphed over their enemies and detractors and will resume their honored station upon the invalid's tray as unapproachable adjuvants to digestion and assimilation, adding one more example to the list of remedies founded in crass empiricism, but finding at last a true scientific basis for their raison d'etre.

Tickets Not Transferable.

The Brighton Railway company, which has just passed its seventieth anniversary, was, although not the first company to run an excursion train, the first one to run a regular service of such trains at low fares. Half a crown was the fare for a day trip to Brighton and back in the early '70s, but after a time the company found that it was losing money by the return halves being openly sold. Rather than stop the cheap trains, however, it prosecuted the touts who crowded Brighton station and importuned persons to sell or buy return halves. It was successful and settled the important question from the railway point of view that a ticket expresses a personal contract and is therefore not transferable.—London Chronicle.

A Good Risk.

"Why did you trust this struggling young man for all these goods?" demanded the senior partner.

"I thought his prospects looked pretty fair," replied the junior partner. "He's struggling to marry an heiress, with very good prospects of success."

Man Stole Love Letters

Then the Girl Had Him Arrested for Burglary—And Trouble Grows.

Charged with taking love letters from the apartment of Miss Adelaide Lander, the orchestra leader in the St. George apartments, Archibald N. Campbell was held in $1,000 bail by Magistrate Butts in Yorkville court.

Miss Lander was not in court; Campbell stood silent throughout the proceedings; Detective Taczkowski, who had the two dozen letters, kept them and their contents carefully concealed; and the only touch of color in the brief hearing was that furnished by the bright red hair of Mrs. Lottie Guyer, the janitress, whose promptitude in calling the police led to Campbell's arrest.

"They were very good friends," Mrs. Guyer told the court.

"Did the defendant live there?" asked the magistrate.

"I don't know," the witness said. "He came there often for a long time."

Magistrate Butts glanced at Campbell, who had given his address as the St. George apartment house. Campbell is a tall, slender man of thirty. He held his soft gray hat with its rim just touching his cheek and gazed earnestly at the judge; but he said nothing.—New York Evening Mail.

How Cholera is Cured

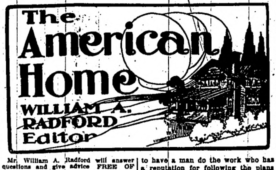
The success of the sea water treatment for infants suffering from summer cholera is indisputable. In the Quinton Polyclinic in Poland street there is an incessant waiting line of babies.

When one has become accustomed to the sight of the emaciated babies with old, gray faces, pale cheeks and big lustreless eyes, there is much to interest. In the quiet room at the back sits the doctor entering case after case in the big folios as anxious mothers bring in the children. With written directions they pass from here to the room upstairs where the cylinders of sea water hang around the room, and the nurse goes about the circle of infants, connecting each with a cylinder by means of a tube and hypodermic syringe.

The puncture is made in the back, and almost instantly a great blister rises. It is the sight of this fantastic swelling which makes the mothers at the first treatment hysterical and in some cases faint, and so one sees the stronger minded fathers there awkwardly undressing the little ones, tying up the strings after the injection, and saving their wives the nervous strain. The saving of infant life by this new treatment during the hot weather is undoubted.—European Letter to the New York Sun.

The American Home

WILLIAM A. RADFORD Editor



Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

In the winter months, when the ground is covered with snow and the fire burns in the stove, is the season when the family dreams of the new house. Nor is there any more laudable ambition than to own a home. The curse of modern life is the necessity that compels millions to live in rented apartments or houses. And every normal man who pays rent hopes some time to own a home of his own. His children, he feels, have a right to live under a roof of their own, and it is his ambition to give them what is their right.

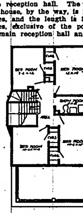
Once these was a man who decided to build himself a home. This man had a few notions about what he wanted in his house when it was finished, he also knew how much he wanted to expend in the construction of it. He had gone into all the details and had figured out all about the interior trim and the kind of glass he wanted in the house. Every detail he had figured out and he had made up his mind about everything before he consulted his architect.

Then in the natural order of events he went to see his architect and laid before him his ideas. Everything was clear and the architect proceeded to draw up his plans after the directions given. Then the next step was the asking of bids from contractors. There were six bids, and all were within a hundred dollars of one another. The architect felt sure that the figures were right in each case and advised his client to make his selection. But the client came to the conclusion that the work could be done for less money and he asked for bids from other contractors. The results was the offer of one, an unknown contractor, to do the work for a ridiculously low figure. The client wanted the contract let to this man, but the architect, who had experience, advised him to give the work to one of the first bidders because they were men who had reputations for good work. The client was insistent and the job was let to the man of his choice. The house was built, but what a difference from what had been planned. Inferior and cheap grades of materials were used in every possible form and in every item of the construction. There was careless work everywhere, and things were changed in the details to such an extent that when the house was finished it was not satisfactory from any point of view. It was then that the owner woke up to the fact that he had made a mistake. All too late he realized the fact that he had sacrificed the quality and appearance of his home to save a few dollars. The unknown contractor had built the house at the price he had agreed on, but the house was far from being the one the owner had expected.

Now, the experience of this man is typical of that of all home builders who try to get their work done by unknown contractors or at figures too low. A few hundred dollars may be saved at the time, but in the end it is an extremely expensive undertaking. The way to go about building a house is to enter upon the enterprise just as you would in buying a suit of clothes. If you go to a good tailor of reputation you are sure to get a good suit. If you go to a Cheap John place you will get a suit that will not please you.

In building a home the acme of desire is a house that will come within the reasonable limits of what has been planned and the only plan to follow is [illegible] to have a man do the work who has a reputation for following the plans of the architect and using honest materials. The house here shown is of the colonial type so popular the country over just now. It is the style of house that is peculiarly American, and which answers the requirements of modern life.

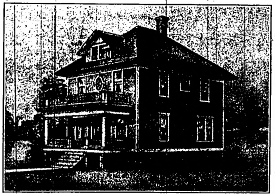
There is a wide porch surmounted by a rail, that makes the roof available for use on summer nights. Entrance to the house is had through a large reception hall. The width of this house, by the way, is 25 feet, 6 inches, and the length is 36 feet, 6 inches, exclusive of the porch. Off the main reception hall and entered through a wide doorway is the living room. This room is 13 feet 8 inches by 15 feet 4 inches in dimensions.

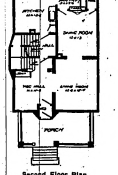


First Floor Plan.

The vital point about a house is to provide it with a dining room that will answer all requirements as to size. This plan calls for a dining room 12 feet wide and 13 feet long, of sufficient size to meet ordinary demands as to space. The kitchen and pantry are conveniently arranged and a china closet is located back of the pantry.

On the second floor are four bedrooms and a bathroom, with plenty of closet room. This is a practical, common-sense house design that makes a satisfactory home. The estimated cost of the building is $2,800.





Second Floor Plan.

He Felt It.

"Football," cried the old gentleman in the Red Lion smokeroom, "is a sin and a disgrace. Football," he continued, thumping the table with his fist, "is an abomination and a blot on civilization. The very name of football," he shouted, sweeping two glasses and a pint pot off the board in his excitement—"the very name of football is enough to make a decent, respectable man go and 'ang himself out of pure disgust!"

"The gentleman seems to feel rather deeply on the subject," said a commercial traveler, who had been listening to his remarks.

"He do," assented one of the natives.

"Has he lost something at a match?" inquired the commercial.

"He 'ave so. 'Ad a relative killed at one," replied the other, oracularly.

"What relative was it?" asked the querist.

"'Is wife's first husband!" was the response.—London Tit-Bits.

Barberous!

The laundrymen of Germany—according to a German newspaper—on receiving a courteous invitation to come over and fraternize with their British brothers of the trade, hoped to go to London and "wash the heads of the Englishmen"—a truly barberous aspiration, says the London World. Eventually they passed a resolution to go over at their own time as part of an invading force—landing, no doubt, in the Wash.

Pretty Good Proof.

"That young man I met at the beach asks me to marry him, mother, and requests a reply by the same messenger."

"Well, I don't know about this. Is he a thrifty young man?"

"Seems to be. He requests a prompt reply, stating that the messenger is hired by the hour."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Monarch's Prerogatives.

The king of England has many curious privileges which he never exercises. One is that he is entitled from his tailor to a yearly offering of a pair of white doves, a pound of cummin-seed, a pair of scarlet hose, and a silver needle.

Appropriate.

"Mrs. Jubbins certainly has a good time."

[illegible]

ON COOK'S DAY OUT

THEN THE TIME FOR SIMPLE, COSY MEAL.

Innumerable Dainty Dishes That May Be Served—Chicken Salad a Good Substitute for the Usual Hot Course.

In small households the cook's day out frequently represents all that is coziest and most enjoyable in the way of little dinner or supper. It is looked to by the house mother as a time for testing any new dainties of which she has heard without interfering with the cook's domestic sway, says the New York Times.

A quick and easy "vegetable" course for such a meal is Welsh rarebit, with spaghetti, for which the paste is boiled as usual in salted water until tender, then drained and stirred into a thin, smooth paste. To make the "rarebit," grate the cheese or cut or crumble it in small pieces into the cold milk, which heat slowly until the cheese has melted. Stir together and serve at once.

This dish can be prepared with a remnant of macaroni or spaghetti on the chafing dish.

For a quick roast, instead of a leg of lamb buy the rack with chops, and cook it under the gas broiler. A rack of from two pounds up can be broiled in an hour or less.

Hamburg steaks, a good choice for such occasions, can also be delicately broiled under the gas flame instead of cooked in the pan, and to many the flavor is greatly improved thereby. Onion juice is much better than the usual chopped onion for these steaks. It comes put up in bottles, or the onions may be minced in the meat chopper and a tablespoonful or two pressed out.

Another substantial offering for the menu is ham patties made of about two kitchen cups of cold cooked ham minced fine and stirred into four cups of bread crumbs, the latter moistened with milk. To this add a large lump of butter and any seasonings liked. Pour the butter into gem pans, filling about two-thirds only. Now break an egg over each little section, sprinkle over more of the bread crumbs, and bake until brown.

Frequently at such times the housekeeper will substitute a cold dish, which can be prepared well in advance, for the hot roast or broiled meat. A hearty course of this kind is chicken salad served in a ring of ham jelly.

Serve this on a bed of crisp watercress, having the salad heaped up in the center of the jelly ring, which is made in this way: Whip stiff a kitchen cup of thick "double" cream, and into this stir a cup of strong aspic jelly. Cool it, and before it is quite set add a small quantity of potted very finely minced cooked ham. Combine all three ingredients with the egg whip, color pink with any pure coloring extract or tomato juice and pack in the mold. It will require about two hours to set thoroughly.

A dainty bite for the entree or dessert is rice fritters prepared by this formula: Three-quarters of a pint of cold cooked rice, one tablespoonful of sugar, yolks of two eggs, cup of milk and flour enough to make the usual thick drop batter. Add a teaspoonful of baking powder, mixed with the last of the flour, and, last of all fold in the whites of the eggs, beaten very stiff. Fry like any fritters and serve with pure maple syrup.

To Help With Fireless Cooker.

Many people do not seem to realize, in using a fireless cooker, that all sorts of utensils besides the ones coming with the cooker may be used with the heat radiators. For rice or Indian pudding, or scalloped potatoes, for instance, prepare the mixture in an earthenware or fireproof china baking dish, which may go direct to the table. Heat the radiator over a strong fire or gas flame until it is thoroughly hot. Then place it in the cooker and carefully lower the baking dish down on it. If the food is of a nature to require a very hot fire, a second radiator can be placed over it on the rack. In this case it will be done in two or three hours with a good firm and slightly brown crust.—Good Housekeeping Magazine.

To Save Meat.

Chop fine any bits of meat, chicken, pork, veal or what not, add and chop into this any cold fried or boiled eggs which have been left over. When the whole is chopped fine and thoroughly mixed, add one or two beaten eggs. The eggs can be dispensed with if necessary. Add a little sweet milk for moisture and enough cracker crumbs to make the mixture easily handled. Season with salt and pepper. Roll into croquettes and fry in hot lard. If desirable the croquettes can be made into balls and friend to a crisp in half butter and half lard.

Baked Cream Toast.

Toast the required number of slices of two-day-old bread, dip quickly in hot salt water (one tablespoonful to a pint of water), butter and lay in a flat pan; then pour a little rich milk over it and place in a hot oven for about five minutes. Take up on a platter and pour two tablespoonfuls of cream on each slice, place the platter in the oven just long enough to heat through and then serve at once. Slices of crisp bacon may be placed around the toast. This is an excellent breakfast dish.

Relish.

For cold meats or fish add to one quart of vinegar, half ounce of cayenne pepper, two heads of garlic chopped fine, three anchovies mashed, two tablespoonfuls of ground cloves, three tablespoonfuls of allspice, two blades of mace, half teaspoonful each of ginger and cinnamon; let stand 24 hours, then strain, add the juice of one lemon, [illegible]

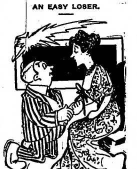
DIET FOR THE TUBERCULOUS

General Idea That Too Much Food Cannot Be Given Is Shown to Be Erroneous.

Many traditions with regard to the feeding of tuberculosis patients and with regard to food in general, are given severe blows in a series of articles published in the October number of the Journal of Outdoor Life, the official organ of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Dr. John R. Murlin of New York, assistant professor of physiology at the Cornell university medical college, holds in an article entitled "The Dynamic Principles of Nutrition," that a consumptive will gain weight and do well on three pints of whole milk, eight ounces of cream, five ounces of milk sugar, six eggs and two slices of buttered toast as a ration for 24 hours. The entire diet, with the exception of the bread and butter, could be prepared in advance and served for a cost of about fifty cents for the day. Miss Cecilia Flick of the Henry Phipps institute of Philadelphia also offers some sample diets which the ordinary family can prepare for even less than fifty cents a day.

Dr. David R. Lyman of Wallingford, Conn., and Dr. Paul B. Johnson of Washington, D. C., both agree that the ordinary person eats too much, and that the old notions about stuffing a tuberculosis patient at all times and seasons have been proven false. Dr. Lyman holds that eggs are not a necessary article of the consumptve's diet, but that a tuberculosis patient should eat anything that agrees with him that is nourishing. He thinks that a tuberculosis patient should eat only a little more than a person in ordinary good health.

AN EASY LOSER.



He—You're worth a million and I'm penniless. Will you marry me?

She—No. Why did you ask me?

He—I wanted to see how a man feels when he loses a million dollars.

ERUPTION COVERED BODY

"Three years ago this winter I had a breaking out that covered my whole body. It itched so it seemed as if I should go crazy. It first came out in little pimples on my back and spread till it covered my whole body and limbs down to my knees, also my arms down to my elbows. Where I scratched it made sores, and the terrible itching and burning kept me from sleeping. I tried several remedies all to no purpose. Then I concluded to try the Cuticura Remedies. I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, also the Resolvent, for about four months, and they completely cured me of eczema. I have had no return of the disease since. I never had a good night's rest after the skin eruption first broke out till I commenced using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I had only used them a few days before I could see they were beginning to heal, and the terrible itching was gone.

"Those that lived in the house at the time know how I suffered, and how the Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured me. I never take a bath without using the Cuticura Soap, and I do not believe there are better remedies for any skin disease than the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Miss Sarah Calkins, Waukegan, Ill., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 5 K, Boston.

Most Fickle Man.

When Col. William M. Howard, now a member of the tariff board, was electioneering for congress one autumn in bygone days he struck a backwoods county in Georgia, and got very busy talking softly to the voters. He was much concerned about a man named John, who was now for him, then against him, and always changeable.

"What's the matter with John?" the colonel asked one of his constituents.

"Aw, you can't tell nothin' about John, colonel," was the assurance. "He is the most fickle man you ever see. Why, he has had religion so many times, and been baptized in the creek down here so often that the bullfrogs know him every time he's 'mersed."

A woman may not be able to make a fool of every man she meets, but she can make something just as good.

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MANKATO, MINN.

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B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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Apply to.....
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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

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The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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J. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, November 11, 1911.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Nov. 2, A. D. 1911.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to chapter 230 of the General Laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Pennington county met in the auditor's office in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of considering the engineer's report, and the report of the committee on ditches, as to the completion and acceptance of county ditches Nos. 41, 43 and 49.

Meeting called to order by the chairman.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Hedeen, Larson.

Members absent, none.

In the matter of county ditch No. 49, the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson, and carried unanimously:

Whereas, C. H. Martz, the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners, has under date of Nov. 2, 1911, filed in the office of the county auditor his report of the completion of job in the above entitled matter, and the committee on ditches has reported;

Now therefore, We, the county board of said county do hereby approve in all respects the report of the engineer and of the ditch committee, and do hereby authorize the county auditor to issue auditors warrants in full payment of the above work to Louis Sieff according to the terms of said contract on file in the county auditor's office, provided that before final payment is made all claims for labor and supplies now filed against said ditch No. 49 shall have been paid.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 1 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

In the matter of county ditch No. 43 the committee on ditch reports that said ditch has not been completed so as to comply with the specifications of the engineer as to the leveling of the roadbed, and that it would require about the sum of $150 to complete the work, and that contractor and bonding company be notified to that effect.

In the matter of county ditch No. 41 the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Hedeen, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson, and carried unanimously:

Whereas, C. H. Martz, the engineer appointed by the board of county commissioners, has under the date of Nov. 2, 1911, filed in the office of the county auditor his report of the completion of job in the above entitled matter, and the committee on ditches has reported;

Now Therefore, We, the county board of said county do hereby approve in all respects the report of the engineer and of the ditch committee and do hereby authorize the county auditor to issue auditor's warrant in full payment of above work to E. E. Griffith (subcontractor and assignee) according to the terms of said contrrct on file in the auditor's office; provided, that before final payment is made said E. E. Griffith shall first give a certified check in the sum of $250 payable to the county auditor of Pennington county to protect said Pennington county from any loss it might sustain on account of small portion of roadbed not being completed.

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Pennington County, Minnesota.

Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Nov. 2, 1911.

Pursuant to call the board of county commissioners of Pennington county met in special session in the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 3 o'clock p. m., November 2, 1911.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Wold, Larson, Hedeen.

Members absent, none.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 3 o'clock p. m.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Wold:

Resolved, That the sum of $40.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county road and bridge fund to the township of Silverton for aid in repairing highway on the section line between sections 17 and 20 of said town.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Larson, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Aubol:

Resolved, That the sum of $25.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated from the county revenue fund in payment of annual membership fee to the Northern Minnesota Development association, and the county auditor is hereby authorized and instructed to issue auditor's warrant for the above amount to the secretary of said association.

Resolution prevailed unanimously.

In the matter of county ditches Nos. 39, 41, and 45, and on motion duly carried the following order was made: That the payment of liens on account of the aforesaid ditches shall be made to the county treasurer as follows:

One-fifteenth of said principal on or before five years from date of said filing in the office of the register of deeds, and one-fifteenth each year thereafter until the whole amount of said principal is paid, and ather is furs provided in chapter 469, general laws of 1909, amending chapter 230, general laws os 1905.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the county auditor is hereby authorized and instructed to transfer the sum of $200 from the county attorney's contingent fund to the incidental fund.

Commissioner Hedeen offered the following resolution and moved its adoption:

Whereas, The floating indebtedness of the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, at the time of the creation and organization of Pennington county on the 23rd day of November, 1910, as certified to by the county auditor of said Red Lake county, and of which 55½ per cent has been assumed by the county of Pennington as per resolution duly passed and adopted and agreed to by the joint meeting of the county boards of the said counties of Red Lake and Pennington on the 15th day of May, 1911; and

Whereas, The said floating indebtedness of said Red Lake county on said 23rd day of November, 1910, consisted of the following items, towit:

County revenue fund overdrawn..................	$38,391.19
Interest on registered warrants from date of registry to Nov. 23, 1910....... ...	305.37
Outstanding court house warrants issued since Nov. 23, 1910, for services and supplies rendered and furnished pursuant to contract prior to Nov. 23, 1910.....	4,127.53
Outstanding court house and sidewalk contracts.........	18,771.47
Incidental warrants issued since Nov. 23, 1910, for services rendered prior thereto	17.71
Contingent warrants issued since Nov. 23, 1910, for services rendered previous thereto....	14.87
Road and bridge warrants issued since Nov. 23, 1910, for prior appropriations and refundments.........	985.92
Liabilities on part of both counties for abandoned ditches..................	105.92
Bridge appropriations, bridges built, due and payable Nov. 23, 1910............	1,971.20
Total floating indebtedness of Red Lake county Nov. 23, 1910	$64,691.18

And Whereas, Of the above floating indebtedness of said Red Lake county, amounting to the aggregate sum of sixty-four thousand, six hundred and ninety-one and eighteen one-hundredths dollars ($64,691.18), Pennington county by said joint resolution and agreement has assumed and agreed to pay said Red Lake county fifty-five and one-half per cent thereof, towit; the sum of thirty-five thousand, nine hundred and three and sixty one-hundredths dollars ($35,903.60); and

Whereas, The sum of thirty-five thousand, nine hundred three and sixty one hundredths dollars ($35,903.60), was on the 20th day of April, 1911, and prior thereto, and now is outstanding and unpaid and a valid and subsisting indebtedness of and against the said county of Penninton; and

Whereas, The county of Pennington claims the right under the provisions of chapter 375, laws of 1911, to issue its bonds as hereinafrer set forth for the purpose of refunding said floating indebtedness above described;

Now Therefore, Be it Resolved, By the county board of the county of Pennington, that under and in accordance with the provisions of said chapter 375) laws of 1911, the refunding bonds of said county in the aggregate sum of thirty-five thousand nine hundred and three and sixty one-hundredths dollars ($35,903.60), to be dated on the day that the same are issued, bearing interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, of the number and face value and to mature as hereinafter set forth, to be and the same are hereby authorized, ordered issued, and issued to the state of Minnesota, namely:

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1917.

One bond in the sum or $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1918.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1919.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1920.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1921.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1922.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1923.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1924.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1925.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1926.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1927.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1928.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1929.

One bond in the sum of $2,400.00 payable July 1st, 1930.

One bond in the sum of $2,303.60 payable July 1st, 1931.

And that the county auditor of said county forthwith make application to the state board of investment to purchase the same, which motion being duly seconded by Commissioner Olaf Larson, a member thereof, was put to a vote, all members of said board voting "aye;" and thus it was carried and so declared.

The following proposal was submitted by J. A. Duffy of Red Lake Falls, Minn.

Thief River Falls,
Nov. 2, 1911.

To the Hon. County Board, Pennington county, Minn.

Gentlemen: For the $85,000 drainage bonds of your county dated Oct. 1, 1911, due serially in six to twenty years, bearing interest at the rate of five and one-half percent (5½), interest, principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York or Chicago, bonds to be in the denominations of $1,000 each, we will pay you eighty-five thousand dollars ($85,000), you paying for blank bonds and attorney's fees, upon delivery to us of the certified copies of proceedings evidencing to the satisfaction of our attorneys the full regularity of this issue.

As an evidence of our good faith we hand you herewith our check for $500, to be presented in payment only in case we fail to comply with the terms of the above bid; bonds to be delivered for payment free of expense at Minneapolis, Minn.

Respectfully submitted,
J. A. DUFFY.

The above bid is hereby accepted, and we agree to do all things within our power to speedily predare the necessary papers, and to do also all things within our power to legalize the above issue.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman of County Commissioners.

Attest:
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Shaw:

Resolved, That the bid of J. A. Duffy of Red Lake Falls, Minn., for $85,000 ditch bonds be accepted, and the proper officers are hereby instructed to execute the necessary papers to secure the bonds.

Commissioner Daniel Shaw offered the following preamble and resolutions and moved their adoption:

Whereas, In pursuance of and in full compliance with the general laws of the state of Minnesota applicable thereto, such steps have been duly and legally taken that those certain drainage ditches known as judicial ditch No 13 and county ditch No. 39 have been duly located and established within this county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota and in such relation therto as to affect lands therein within the terms of the legislative acts applicable thereto, and it has been definitely ascertained and determined in accordance with the provisions of the law applicable thereto that the expense incurred in locating, establishing, and constructing said ditches respectively within this county of Pennington exceeds the following sums and amounts, towit: In the case of county ditch No 39 the sum of sixteen thousand ($16,000) dollars; in the case of judicial ditch No. 13 sixty-nine thousand ($69,000) dollars;

And Whereas, It is necessary that the county of Pennington issue its bonds under and by virtue of the authority granted to said county by chapter 230 of the laws of 1905 and acts amendatory thereof and chapter 278 of the general laws of said state for 1911, in the aggregate sum of eighty-five thousand ($85,000) dollars, for the purpose of paying the expense aforesaid for each of said ditches respectively.

Now Therefore Be It Resolved, By the county board of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota that the sum of eighty-five thousand ($85,000) dollars is necessary to defray the expense incurred and to be incurred in locating, constructing, and establishing said drainage ditches within and for this county.

Resolved Further, That the negotiable coupon bonds of this county of Pennington be issued for said purposes in the aggregate amount of eighty-five thousand ($85,000) dollars, said bonds to be eighty-five in number and numbered from 1 to 85, both inclusive; all of the denomination of one thousand ($1,000) dollors each; all of said bonds to bear the date October 2, 1911; bonds 1 to 5 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000), dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1917; bonds numbered 6 to 10 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000(dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1929; bonds numbered 11 to 15 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1919; bonds numbered 16 to 20 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1920, bonds numbered 21 to 25, inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000 dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1921, bonds numbered 26 to 30, inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1922; bonds numbered 31 to 35 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1923; bonds numbered 36 to 40 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1921; bonds numbered 41 to 45 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1925; bonds numbered 46 to 50 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1926; bonds numbered 51 to 55 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1927; bonds numbered 56 to 60 inclusive, aggregating five thousand ($5,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1 1928, bonds numbered 61 to 65 inclusive, aggregating five thousand dollars to be due and payable October 1, 1929; bonds numbered 66 to 75 inclusive, aggregating ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1930; bonds numbered 76 to 85 inclusive, aggregating ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, to be due and payable October 1, 1931; all bearing interest at the rate of five and one-half (5½) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October of each year, both principal and interest payable at the Continental & Commercial National bank in the city of Chicago, Illinois; said bonds so to be issued to be for said drainage ditches as follows: For judicial ditch No. 13, bonds numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 28, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 39, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, aggregating sixty-nine thousand [$69,000] dollars; and for said county ditch No. 39, bonds numbered 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 75, 84, 85, aggregating sixteen thousand [$16,000] dollars.

Resolved Further, That said bonds and the coupons attached thereto shall be substantially in the following form, necessary variations as to numbers, denominations, maturities, and the character of the drainage ditch for which the same is issued, which said forms are hereby approved:

(FORM OF BOND.)

No........ $1,000

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

State of Minnesota.
County of Pennington.
Drainage Ditch Bond.

Know All Men by These Presents, That Pennington county, in the state of Minnesota, acknowledges itself indebted, and for value received, promises to pay to the bearer the sum of

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS,

lawful money of the United States of America, on the first day of October, 19........, at the office of The Continental & Commercial bank in the city of Chicago, Illinois, with interest from date until paid at the rate of five and one-half [5½] per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of April and October of each year, at the same place, upon the presentation and surrender of the annexed coupons as they severally become due.

This bond is issued by the county board of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota for the purpose of defraying, and is for an amount necessary to defray in part the expense incurred in locating, constructing, and establishing a judicial drainage ditch within said county or in such relation thereto as to affect lands therein within the provisions of the law applicable thereto, and is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of chapter 230 of the general laws of the state of Minnesota for the year 1905, as amended and modified by chapter 469 of the general laws of said state for the year 1909 and other acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, and under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 278 of the general laws of said state for the year 1911.

(In the bonds issued for said county drainage ditch No. 39, being bonds Nos. 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 65, 75, 84 and 85, the foregoing paragraph shall read as follows:)

"This bond is issued by the county board of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, for the purpose of defraying, and is for an amount necessary to defray in part the expenses incurred in locating, constructing and establishing a county drainage ditch wholly within said county, and is issued by authority of and in strict accordance with the provisions of chapter 230 of the general laws of Minnesota, for the year 1905, as amended by chapter 469 of the general laws of said state for the year 1909, and other acts amendatory and supplemental thereto and under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 278 of the general laws of said state for the year 1911."

It is Further Certified and Recited That all acts, conditions, and things required by the laws and constitution of Minnesota to be done precedent to, and in the issuance of this bond have been properly done, have happened and been performed in regular and due form and time as required by law; that the ditch on account of which this bond is issued is a public ditch duly and legally located and established for the promotion of the health, convenience, and general welfare of the public and that the total indebtedness of said county, including this bonds does not exceed any statutory or constitutional limitation.

The faith, credit, and resources of the county of Pennington are hereby irrevocably pledged for the punctual payment of the principal and interest of this bond at maturity.

In testimony whereof the county of Pennington, Minnesota, by its county board, has caused this bond to be signed, sealed, and recorded by its county auditor and countersigned by its treasurer this second day of October, 1911.

....
County Auditor, Pennington County, Minnesota.

Countersigned:

....
County Treasurer.

[Form of Coupon.]

No........ $........

Pennington County, Minnesota.

On the first day of April October, 19........ the county of Pennington, Minnesota, will pay to bearer the sum of.............. dollars at the office of the Continental & Commercial National bank, Chicago, Illinois, for the semiannual installment of interest on its drainage ditch bond dated October 2, 1911.

No.......

....
County Auditor, Pennington County, Minnesota.

Countersigned:

....
County Treasurer.

Be It Further Resolved, That each of said bonds and each of the coupons thereto attached shall be signed by the county auditor, and each of said bonds shall be sealed by the county auditor, who shall record the same, and said bonds and coupons shall be countersigned by the county treasurer; that the signatures of said officers upon the coupons may be fac simile signatures, lithographed or engraved.

Be It Further Resolved. That the full faith, credit, and resources of said county of Pennington, and of its county board as such, be and the same are hereby pledged to provide money for the payment of the principal and interest of said bonds, when and as the same become due.

Be It Further Resolved, That the bid of J. A. Duffy for said bonds, as filed with this board, being for par and accrued interest to date of delivery for said $85,000 bonds, payable on delivery of the bonds, be and the same is hereby accepted and the county auditor and the chairman of the county board be and they are hereby authorized and instructed to execute and deliver said bonds pursuant to said bid and all other county officials are hereby authorized and instructed to do all

(Concluded on Page 3)

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota.
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff,
against
Mary Torgerson, Defendant. } Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 203 Third street E., Thief River Falls Minn.

o26 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Inga L. Breyette, Plaintiff,
against
William Breyette, Defendant } Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office 203 Third street. E, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington, } ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), Plaintiff,
against
Emil Dryfoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co., Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and [illegible] dollars and Thirty cents ([illegible]) with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the [illegible] day of September, [illegible] together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated September [illegible], 1911.

[illegible] FRED [illegible]
[illegible]

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m., song service at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Rev. P. M. Palmer, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Tuesday evening, Nov. 21, at 7:30, by August Anderson, a missionary from Alaska.
Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from Sunday at 3 p. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 1?—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. C. E. Steen, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3?? Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
John Lundberg, President. Morris Labelle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott

H. B. Bourneman, Sr., was in town Tuesday.

Dr. Langevin of Crookston, state veterinarian, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Eva McAndress returned Saturday from a visit to St. Paul.

Knut Kolstad returned Saturday from a few months stay in North Dakota.

John Bischoff came over from Wylie and went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Swanson and Miss Carrie Hoff were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Miss Regna Loberg returned Monday to Crookston after a few weeks visit at home.

Mrs. Hans Wilson and Miss Tomina visited friends in Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

A. J. Hed attended the banquet of the dairymen's convention at Crookston Wednesday evening.

Miss Christina Wilson returned Saturday from an extended visit with friends at Norwich, N. D.

A big bunch of county board proceedings must be our excuse for the thinness of our local column.

Miss Edith Dahl came home yesterday from Bartlett, N. D., where she is principal of school.

Peter Simonson returned from Cass Lake last Tuesday and will spend the winter with his family.

H. O. Haugen went Thursday to Holt as delegate to the Synod district meeting held there this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

Mrs. Nettie Lang went Monday to Grand Forks, where she will visit with friends until Christmas time.

O. H. Peters was at the county seat Thurday and assisted in drawing the jury for the January term of district court.

August Anderson, a missionary in Alaska, will hold a meeting at the Eastside school house Wednesday evening, Nov. 22, at 7:30 o'clock.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now
G. I. Fellman.

Ole Helgeson of Wyandotte went Tuesday to Holt to attend the district meeting of the Syond church this week.

H. M. Babcock, the popular druggist, is visiting his family and looking after business matters in the cities this week

August and Albert Larson are tearing down and removing the one half of the lumber shed designed to be a part of the new livery barn.

Don't miss the Eleonora Olson Concert Trio, who will give an entertainment, consisting of music, singing, and reading, at the Opera house Nov. 13, 1911.

The M. E. Industrial Club will give a Ghost Social in the I. O. O. F. building Friday, Nov. 17. Ghosts to be auctioned off. Lunch will be served at ten cents a plate.

Lost—One two year old red heifer and one two year old black steer. Left my place about the middle of July. Finder please notify Paul Cyr, Red Lake Falls. n11.2t.

For Sale—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf Mrs. E. Waterman.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathsons.

Mrs. Chas Lindquist, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Larson, and her sister, Mrs. Booth of Crookston, for the past two weeks, returned to her home Saturday morning.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Found—Came to my place on section 6, Polk Centre, about two weeks ago, one black and white hiefer, about a year old. Owner please pay for her keeping and for this notice and take property.
o21-3t C. E. Naplin.

Just received at Hans Wilson's a fresh stock of groceries, confectionery, tobaccos, etc. All kinds of soft drinks and hot beef tea. We pay highest market prices for eggs and butter. Please give us a call and see how our stock pleases you.
n4.4t Hans Wilson.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Leonard and Edward Erickson came from Crookston today for a visit at home.

There are rumors that we are soon to have daily freight trains on the Great Northern.

The prairie chicken season closed Tuesday and the big game season opened yesterday.

The Elliott land office has been supplied with a new outfit of handsome and expensive furniture.

For Sale—A wood heating stove, good as new.
D. Patterson.

Mike Anderson and Herman Nelson loaded up their household goods and with their families took their departure for Baudette yesterday.

Call at the Farmers' elevator for prices on flour and feed.
n4-1mo A. R. Jones. Manager.

E. E. Ellingson returned Wednesday to Barnville, Montana, taking his family with him. He has a position of section foreman on the railroad out there.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.
Mrs. L. Holmes.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.
o21-1m G. I. Fellman.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Hazel

Peter Johnson is back from Argyle, where he has been threshing last two months.

Bennie Odegard and J. E. Kolp were in Thief River Falls last Saturday attending the wedding of Peter Everson.

John Johnson went to Warren to see a doctor Friday.

Albert Netteland left Friday for Cut Bank, Mont., to look for a claim.

Miss Carrie Paulson, mother to Peter Engelstad, died Wednesday of old age, 86 years

The Synod church will have their annual auction, at the Magnuson hall Saturday evening.

DIED

A telegram was received Thursday night by Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dahl conveying the sad news of the death of their daughter Carrie—Mrs. R. M. Daniels—at noon of that day at her home, Seattle, Wash.

She had been ailing for sometime and about a month ago was taken to a hospital where it was found she was suffering with diabetes. The disease, however, seemed to yield readily to treatment, and about a week ago she was removed to her home seemingly quite recovered, though weak.

Mrs. Daniels was born Feb. 5, 1883, at St. James, Minn., and in May of the same year came with her parents to St. Hilaire, where she grew to womanhood, loved by all. She went to Seattle in August, 1906, and was married to Robert M. Daniels in March 1907.

Besides her husband and parents, she leaves to mourn her loss a sister and four brothers, Edith, Fred, Neil, Edward, and Andy, who have the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community in this sad hour of bereavement.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent.

SPECIAL SALE
On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.
Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.
A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received
LAZAR & LAZAR

City Elections

Lars Backe was elected mayor of Thief River Falls at the election Tuesday. The socialists elected five out of six aldermen.

H. L. Larson, socialist, was elected mayor of Crookston. The socialists also elected one alderman.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Concluded from 2nd page

things usual and necessary in the matter of said issuance.

Be It Further Resolved, That any and all resolutions of this county board in relation to said bonds, or any thereof, in any way in conflict with the terms of these resolutions be and the same are hereby changed, amended, and modified in accordance with the terms hereof and any provisions thereof in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Olaf Larson, one of the members of said board, seconded the motion to adopt said preamble and resolutions, whereupon the following vote was taken and recorded:

Those voting in the affirmative: Commissioners Daniel Shaw, Peter Hedeen, Olof Larson, Peter C. Wold, Ed. A. Aubol.

Those voting in the negative: None. Whereupon said preamble and resolutions were duly declared adopted.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

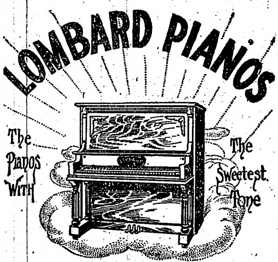
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 38	$ 37.25
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 38	48.50
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 49	11.00
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 60	11.75
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 60	11.75
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 41	17.00
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 32	31.50
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 43	11.50
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on ditch No. 47	5.50
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer surveying state highway on telephone line	133.45
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 41	145.80
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 32	246.80
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 38	285.24
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 41	329.40
Northern Culvert Co., three culverts on ditch No. 33	275.28
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 43	160.60
Northern Culvert Co., three culverts on ditch No. 38	363.90
Northern Culvert Co., one culvert on ditch No. 38	23.52
Northern Culvert Co., three culverts on ditch No. 35	315.20
Northern Culvert Co., three culverts on ditch No. 35	205.58
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 32	96.00
Northern Culvert Co., two culverts on ditch No. 32	164.34
Northern Culvert Co., three culverts on ditch No. 47	278.80
Northern Culvert Co., four culverts on ditch No. 47	384.46
Security Book & Printing Co., supplies for county offices, two bills	91.00
Louis F. Dow Co., steel vault filing cases	225.00
Miller-Davis Printing Co., supplies for superintendent of schools	4.95
Security Book & Printing Co., blanks for clerk of court	.76
Thief River Falls Mfg. Co., legal file cabinet and roller shelving for vault	107.05
Zeh & Curran, supplies for court house	6.80
Torrison Bros., furniture for court house	109.50
City Water & Light Dept., electric light for Sept. and Oct.	5.63
City Water & Light Dept., electric light fixtures for court house	228.60
A. Halseth, kalsomining walls in court house	102.50
And. Trovaten, postage and rent for safe	23.07
W. J. LaBree, livery and meals for prisoners	25.32
A. H. Fasel, cash paid on freight on wood, express, etc	60.62
A. H. Fasel, cash paid for two cars wood	57.30
A. H. Fasel, making certified copies on ditch No. 45	7.00
A. H. Fesel, making certified copies of ditch No. 44	9.00
A. H. Fazel, making certified copies of ditch No. 39	9.00
H. E. Ives, postage and express	7.90
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing commissioners' proceedings, etc	62.53
Thief River Falls Times, 1,000 envelopes for county treasurer	3.25
Louis Sieff, placing three culverts on ditch No. 49	45.00
P. Johnson, placing 3 culverts on ditch No. 49	50.00
D. Lannihan, placing two culverts on ditch No. 49	30.00
Tri-State Telephone Co., telephone rent for Sept. and Oct.	4.50
Fritz & Cross, books, blanks, and supplies, five bills	123.43
Lars Backe, premium ins. policy	30.00
D. B. Bakke, " "	30.00
H. G. Dobner, " "	120.00
O. A. Naplin, " "	30.00
Wm. H. Sponheim, " "	30.00
Perl W. Mabey, " "	30.00
Joseph Verlicky placing one culvert on ditch No. 38	15.00
Morgan Vaughan, placing four culverts on ditch No. 38	90.00
Morgan Vaughan, placing six culverts on ditch No. 41	130.00
The Pioneer Co., rubber stamps for treasurer	2.72
The Pioneer Co., blank record books for register of deeds	80.00
Milton Feeder, labor on culvert work on ditch No. 38	16.25
Remington Typewriter Co., rent of typewriters	10.00
McMillan & Lee, plumbing in county jail	164.15
E. A. Mostue, postage, express, etc	15.00
W. J. LaBree, meals for prisoner	6.00
Peter Hedeen, 1 day committee work and mileage on county road	6.60
Peter Hedeen, three days inspecting ditches and mileage	17.50
Peter Hedeen, mileage attending commissioners' meeting	3.60
Daniel Shaw, one day committee work and mileage on county road	5.20
Daniel Shaw, one day attending ditch meeting	3.00
Ed. A. Aubol, mileage attending commissioners' meeting	1.20
Ed. A. Aubol, four days inspecting ditches and mileage	21.40
Ed. A. Aubol, one day committee work and mileage on county road	4.00
Peter C. Wold one day committee work and milege on county road	7.60
Peter C. Wold 3 days inspecting ditches and milage	17.10
Peter C. Wold to mileage attending commisioners meeting	4.00
Olof Larson, four days inspecting ditches and millage	23.60
Elmer Burkee, one day chairman on ditch No. 43	2.00
Elmer Burkee, four days chairman on ditch No. 38	8.00
Elmer Burkee two days chairman on ditch No. 32	4.00
Elmer Burkee one day chairman on ditch No. 41	2.00
Elmer Burkee, seven days rodman on state road east of Thief River Falls	17.50

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Pennington County, Minn.

Attest:
A. H. FASEL,
County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 225 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $25 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, [illegible] Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has No other school like the D. B. C. [illegible]

SHE SUFFERED FIVE YEARS

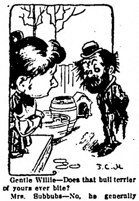
Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Erie, Pa. — "I suffered for five years from female troubles and at last was almost helpless. I went to three doctors and they did me no good, so my sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and when I had taken only two bottles I could see a big change, so I took six bottles and I am now strong and well again. I don't know how to express my thanks for the good it has done me and I hope all suffering women will give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It was worth its weight in gold."—Mrs. J. P. Endlich, R. F. D. No. 7, Erie, Pa.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

DOESN'T STOP TO CHEW.



Gentle Willie—Does that bull terrier of yours ever bite?

Mrs. Subbubs—No, he generally swallows everything whole.

Appetite Not a Necessity.

Dr. John R. Murlin of New York, assistant professor of physiology at the Cornell university medical college, in an article in the October number of the Journal of the Outdoor Life, compares the food we eat to the fuel used in furnishing steam and power for an engine. In selecting our food he says that we should eat enough to furnish energy for the day's work, but that much more than this is not needed. He holds that the appetite is not a necessity for good digestion. "There is no fallacy of nutrition," he says, "greater than that which supposes that a food cannot be digested and utilized without appetite." Most of the food we eat, fully four-fifths, goes to supply energy for our every-day tasks, while less than one-fifth goes to supply building material.

Her Infinite Variety.

A woman smoked a cigarette, and made thereby a sensation.

Such a sensation, in fact, that shortly another woman was smoking, and then another.

But as more and more women smoked the sensation they made grew less and less, until at length they made no sensation at all.

That ended it.

"Well, what next?" quoth womankind, for age could not wither her nor custom stale her infinite variety.—Puck

RED.

It's the Red Blood Corpuscles That Proper Food Makes.

An Ohio woman says Grape-Nuts food gave her good red blood and restored the roses of youth to a complexion that had been muddy and blotchy. She says:

"For 10 years I had stomach trouble which produced a breaking out on my face. The doctors gave it a long Latin name, but their medicines failed to cure it. Along with this I had frequent headaches, nervousness and usually pain in my stomach after meals.

"I got disgusted with the drugs, stopped them and coffee off short, and quit eating everything but fruit and Grape-Nuts, with Postum for my table beverage.

"The headaches, stomach trouble, and nervous weakness disappeared almost like magic, which showed that when the cause was removed and good food and drink used nature was ready to help.

"My blood was purified and my complexion became like a young girl's, while my weight was increased from 90 to 120 pounds in a few months—good, solid firm flesh, where it used to be soft and flabby.

"I recommended Grape-Nuts and Postum to one of my friends, who was afflicted as I had been. She followed my advice and in a short time was restored to complete health and in about 8 months her weight increased from 100 to 148 pounds.

"Our doctor, observing the effect of Grape-Nuts and Postum in our cases, declared, the other day, that he would hereafter prescribe these food products for gastritis." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Late in the fall is a good time to batch spring chicks in some sections.

Shorts are more economical feed for sows and growing pigs than corn.

The deepest mudhole and steepest hill measure the real distance to market.

Turkeys will soon become weak and subject to disease where inbreeding is practiced.

Drenching is a poor way to give doses of liquid medicine to any farm animal.

Where there is plenty of skimmed milk, beef scraps for hens need not be bought.

When the hogs fail to gain at least a pound a day it is time to say good-by to them.

Get your cows started right for the coming cold weather and they will do well all winter.

Build a warm, dry and otherwise comfortable room for the calves for the cold weather.

When selecting a cow for the dairy look and see if the eye of the animal is large and full.

This is the time of the year when dairy cattle require better care and more liberal feeding.

A mule is no more prone to kick than a horse unless he is taught to do so by bad treatment.

Always have a great deal of respect for the bull. His past conduct is no guarantee of future gentleness.

When fattening for the market, do it quickly; push all the feed down the hogs they will stand for.

To thoroughly clean milk utensils they first should be rinsed with cold water, to remove all particles of milk.

The successful feeding of lambs depends largely on their being offered great variety of food while in the yards.

It is now a well known fact that the average pure-bred will produce more milk than the average grade cow.

Peach trees can be planted any time between last and first frost; the earlier in the winter they are planted the better.

Keep all the rotten fruit well cleaned up around the orchard, as these constitute the winter quarters of numerous orchard pests.

If all of the garden space is to grow profitable crops, no large trees must stand closer than thirty to fifty feet from the garden fence.

The calf that is expected to develop into a strong and profitable cow should be given all the chance possible during its early period of growth.

The best results are usually obtained from the work that is systematized and most carefully planned. This is not always the hardest work on the farm.

The best way to stop a hog from eating chickens is to put it on the market as soon as possible, since it will soon lead other hogs into the bad habit.

The best milking pail is the one so constructed that it will reduce to a minimum the amount of dirt falling into the milk during the process of milking.

An old horseman says that the chief cause of colic in horses, or the cause of the largest per cent. of these cases, is brought through long abstinence from water.

Do not neglect to secure a good supply of fine dust for the fowls during the coming winter, while the ground is yet dry and there is dust in the road.

There is much difference in the individuality of cows and their powers to produce milk as there is in men and their powers to perform certain kinds of work.

The profit in a cow comes from the extra amount of milk she will yield over what she ordinarily gives on common pasture or the coarse feeds usually given her.

The poultry raiser who notes his flock carefully, taking into account what they are doing, and capable of doing, ought to know more how to feed and what to feed, than anyone advising at long range.

Poultry experts claim that the ordinary hen averages only eighty eggs per year, whereas she ought to lay at least one hundred and fifty. That is, she ought to lay twice as many eggs as she does now. The aim of the fancy poultry man has always been to increase egg production and he is succeeding to a great extent, for the two-hundred-egg a year hen is now no longer a rarity.

Winter is coming. Better [illegible]

Sour milk is caused by dirt and warmth.

What water is to a person a dust bath is to a hen.

See that your fowls are absolutely free from vermin.

If the feathers are to be sold, ducks must be dry picked.

There is profit in breeding turkeys up to the fifth year.

The value of butter increases as the quality improves.

A good horseman never trots a draft horse, even when he has no load.

Laying hens need from 15 to 25 per cent meat scraps added daily to their mash.

Don't feed hay or other forage, which will raise a dust, before or during milking.

Tainted, musty or mouldy feeds should never be served in the dairy herd rations.

If we have not access to road dust, we may take some field earth, fine and free from lumps.

The best market for skim milk on the farm is afforded by good dairy calves and quick growing pigs.

If the cream in the churn foams up and runs over, the churn is too full or the cream is improperly ripened.

Simply because a calf is given her ration of milk each day, it does not signify that she does not need water also.

Cholera and other diseases of swine attack herds which are in poor condition and consequently most susceptible.

If your horse is troubled with indigestion have the animal clipped and its teeth attended to by a veterinarian.

Until recent years the poultry business, especially on the farms, was of so little importance that not much attention was paid to it.

The egg production of the United States is given as $400,000,000 for the past year. The entire poultry production is put at $600,000,000.

Prune out old canes of raspberries and blackberries and burn them. Thin the hills to three or four shoots. Cultivate, and add some manure to the soil.

The red mites or lice do not stay on the fowls during the daytime, but hide in cracks during the day, sallying forth after dark to seek their prey.

Orchardists who have never used dynamite should be sure to get all possible information from the manufacturers of the explosive before attempting to use it.

If celery is to be brought into the cellar for winter storage cut the top root, lift it from the ground and then with a strong knife cut off the branching roots and most of the earth.

Lousy fowls are necessarily weaker than fowls that are free from lice, and strength and vitality are quite important factors while the fowls are producing their new suit of clothes.

If your fowls have the range of the fields and orchards and can pick up a number of insects and worms daily, you will not need to bother much about the meat supply in the ration.

Although flying about and apparently of mature age, birds may be distinguished as squabs by the squealing noise they make, which is always the call of the squab.

The raising of poultry on the farm or in conjunction with fruit growing, can be made very profitable with the same kind of management that is devoted to raising good stock or good grain.

Everything should be kept as clean on the little chicks' feeding floors as if it is on the floor of the kitchen. If this is done the little birds will never have gapes or many of the chicken diseases.

If you are feeding clover, remember to cut down the bulk. This is a hearty food and you can't use as much of it as you can of timothy without doing your horse harm.

In filling a silo attention must be given to the outer edges, for when the silage begins to settle there is always a draw away from the wall, leaving an air space that makes the silage spoil.

There is no better germ slayer than an ounce of carbolic acid added to a pail of whitewash. Give the walls and ceiling of the hen house a good coating, working it in rather thick in all cracks and crevices.

There is not a farm in the country where farming is seriously attempted at all where it is necessary to try to raise chickens without decent provision for the safety of the flock and for the convenience of the attendant.

Have a gunny sack soaked with crude oil hanging over the hole made for the pigs in the farrowing pen to run through, just high enough to rub their backs as they run through. This will be sufficient to keep them disinfected from lice, etc.

Power farming is as certain to come as is next Fourth of July. It means a lowered cost of production, and an increased profit. It makes possible the large farm well-tilled, and [illegible]

HAPPENINGS IN THE CITIES

Curb on Sharpers in the Alien Hotels

WE'VE GOT DE FINEST KIND O' EATS AN' WE DON'T TAKE ANY MORE'N YOU'VE GOT EITHER

NEW YORK.—Robbing immigrants and emigrants has long been a recognized industry around the docks of New York and proprietors of lodging houses have been taking money away from these people coming and going. Two laws recently became operative by which lodging house keepers will be compelled to give the arriving and departing persons of foreign birth something like the equivalent for money received.

Foreigners arrive all the year around, but those who depart for a visit to the old country generally begin coming to New York about October 1 and continue coming until the Christmas holidays. Then the steerage begins to bring them back, and by March nearly all are again in this country and ready to go to work.

Under the old system, runners for the lodging houses boarded the steamers and went through the steerage passengers looking for victims. No matter what country the arriving emigrant came from, there was some runner to talk to him in his native language.

When the boat had docked the runners led their victims to some lodging house, where they were made welcome as long as they had money. It often happened that an immigrant bound for some inland town and provided with a railway ticket would be detained in New York as long as he had money and then loaded on a train to go hungry to his destination. Those who go back to the "old country" in the fall on a visit are not so easy. Agents of the lodging houses, however, meet western trains, sometimes riding several hours out from New York, in search of customers. Persons thus obtained as patrons for a lodging house were furnished every opportunity to see New York while waiting for the steamer and a good many of them were out of money when sailing time came.

Under the new laws the runners are no longer allowed to board boats or swarm around the docks soliciting patronage and every lodging house keeper has to furnish a bond for the fair treatment of his patrons.

Picture Unites a Brother and Sister

SAY SIS - YOU HAVEN'T CHANGED A BIT ?!?!?

AURORA, ILL.—John Stanton of Aurora and his missing sister, Mrs. G. W. Waters of Philadelphia, whom he has not seen for 20 years, have been reunited through a moving picture film, and the Aurora man has gone to make his future home with his relative.

Mrs. Waters is an actress who paid her last visit to her brother almost a quarter of a century ago when she was appearing at the Park theater in Brooklyn. Correspondence finally was dropped and Mr. Stanton waited year after year for some word from the woman. Recently his attention was called to a theater poster in Aurora and the striking resemblance between the woman and his long-lost sister caused him to buy a ticket for the performance.

As the drama was cast on the screen he recognized the nurse to the young heroine in the drama as his sister. He sought out the manager, obtained the address of the film company, and ultimately located her in Philadelphia. He recently returned from a ten weeks' visit and goes back to pass the remainder of his life at her home.

Stanton, who is 73 years old, was born in New York and served in the navy during the Civil war at the Brooklyn navy yards. After the war he moved west and became a farmer. A few years ago he moved to Aurora. The Stantons have been of a dramatic tendency and most of them have been actors and actresses. Mrs. Waters has been on the stage for 46 years and expects to remain there the rest of her life. Stanton's nephew Barry O'Neal, is stage maanger for a film company, while Mrs. O'Neal writes many of their picture dramas.

This is the second time that a moving picture film has been the means of bringing together separated relatives. Two years ago a moving picture in Goshen, Ind., showed an ostrich farm. Suddenly a woman in the audience cried out and swooned.

She had recognized a boy leading an ostrich in the picture as her son, who had run away with a circus a year or more before. Communication with the company which made the film resulted in the boy being restored to his mother.

Pastor Quits Pulpit to Be Expressman

I CAN'T SEE HOW THIS WORK LOWERS MY DIGNITY

CHICAGO.—Rev. Henry M. McDowell has preached his last sermon at the Woodlawn Park Congregational church. He resigned because certain members of the church objected to his action in donning overalls and working as an express messenger at $18 a week to augment his salary of $120 a month from the church.

That manual labor lowered the dignity of the pastor, was the objection made by the members of the church, and according to friends of the pastor, while they were unable to have him ousted from the pulpit, they made things so unpleasant for him that he resigned.

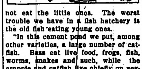
The pastor's resignation and the disclosure of the actions of the members who forced it, has caused so much indignation toward them on the part of other members of the church that they have withdrawn their memberships. The objectors were members of two families, the heads of which were trustees of the church.

"The Master I have been serving for 20 years as a pastor was a carpenter," said Rev. Mr. McDowell. "It did not lower his dignity to do manual labor, and I do not think he would object to my being an express messenger so I could pay my honest debts.

"It was impossible for me to keep my family on the $1,440 a year I received from the church. I have six children. Each of them contributes to the church, yet none of them was earning money. Each of them attended the church suppers and socials, paying at them out of my salary.

"Then came serious illness, and, last spring, I found myself $250 in debt. Casting about for means of paying this sum, and certain that I could not pay it out of my salary, I found that I could add $18 a week to my income by becoming an express messenger. I consulted with one of the trustees and he told me it would be all right for me to accept. I did accept, and my doing so raised a storm of protest. Finally it became so unpleasant that rather than continue the difficulty, I decided to stop the trouble by resigning."

Corn Fed Catfish Latest From Kansas



TOPEKA, Kan.—Ever hear of a corn-fed, pedigreed catfish? Kansas has some and is going to have more. Prof. L. L. Dyche, curator of the Natural History museum of the State university and state fish and game warden, has undertaken to improve the breed of catfish by the methods employed by expert breeders in improved hogs, cattle, sheep and chickens and the methods advised by sociologists to improve the human race—careful selection of mates.

At the state fish hatchery at Pratt they are growing corn-fed catfish that are as much of an improvement over the ordinary catfish, just by feeding alone, as the catfish is better than a buffalo as far as food value is concerned. The corn-fed Kansas steer and hog bring the highest prices in the markets.

"We have one small pond at the hatchery that is flooded and lined with cement," said Prof. Dyche. "After the spawning season is over and the little fish are old enough that they don't need the mother's care, we take the big ones out of the spawning ponds and put them into this cement pond, where we can feed them and they cannot eat the little ones. The worst trouble we have in a fish hatchery is the old fish eating young ones.

"In this cement pond we put, among other varieties, a large number of catfish. Bass eat live food, frogs, fish, worms, snakes and such, while the crapple and catfish live chiefly on vegetables. Every day we put chopped cornmeal and cornbread into that pond for the catfish. We put little goldfish and small carp into it for the bass. The crapple eat corn and other vegetables and if he gets real hungry he will eat carp or beef, liver or grasshoppers.

"We have catfish in other ponds that are not fed on corn and we have been eating both the corn-fed catfish and those that are not corn fed and there is all the difference in the world in the favor of the two."

Baby as Luggage.

The latest style of baby carriages was seen in the Union depot recently. It is a simple affair—the baby, a board and several straps. At first glance the baby might be mistaken for a bunch of clothing bound together in an old fashioned shawl strap, but on looking closer you see that on the child's back a board was placed, and three stout straps bound the youngster to it. A [illegible] added to its convenience.—[illegible]

Unkind Insinuation.

Once at a dinner Henry Ward Beecher told his sister, Mrs. Beecher-Stowe, that her "Uncle Tom's Cabin" had been translated into Italian by a monk; and that a letter full of adulation had been received from him, in which he stated that if he could kiss the woman who wrote the book he would die happy. Mr. Beecher then added: "Well, I sent him a portrait of Harriet, and nothing has been heard [illegible]

WOMAN'S ILLS

Many women suffer needlessly from girlhood to womanhood and from motherhood to old age—with backache, dizziness or headache. She becomes broken-down, sleepless, nervous, irritable and feels tired from morning to night. When pains and aches rack the womanly system at frequent intervals, *ask your neighbor about*

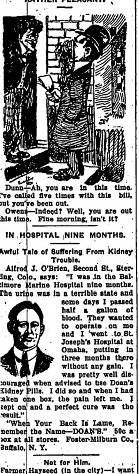
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands and this too in the privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indelicate questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult in confidence by letter *free*. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres't, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers *in Plain English* hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent *free* to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing *only*, in French cloth binding.

RATHER PLEASANT.



Dunn—Ah, you are in this time. I've called five times with this bill, but you've been out.

Owens—Indeed? Well, you are out this time. Fine morning, isn't it?

IN HOSPITAL NINE MONTHS.

Awful Tale of Suffering From Kidney Trouble.

Alfred J. O'Brien, Second St., Sterling, Colo., says: "I was in the Baltimore Marine Hospital nine months. The urine was in a terrible state and some days I passed half a gallon of blood. They wanted to operate on me and I went to St. Joseph's Hospital at Omaha, putting in three months there without any gain. I was pretty well discouraged when advised to use Doan's Kidney Pills. I did so and when I had taken one box, the pain left me. I kept on and a perfect cure was the result."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c a box at all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Not for Him.

Farmer Hayseed (in the city)—I want ter find an eatin'-house.

Accosted Pedestrian—Are you looking for any particular place?

Farmer H.—Wall, not too durned p'tickler.—Boston Transcript.

Right Place.

"Henry may be a bad student, but at least he is consistent."

"In what way?"

"I caught him swearing over his profane history."

Stops Lameness

Sloan's Liniment is a reliable remedy for any kind of horse lameness. Will kill the growth of spavin, curb or splint, absorb enlargements, and is excellent for sweeny, fistula and thrush.

Here's Proof.

"I used Sloan's Liniment on a mule for 'high lameness,' and cured her. I am never without a bottle of your liniment; have bought more of it than any other remedy for pains."
Baily Kirby,
Cassady, Ky.

"Sloan's Liniment is the best made. I have removed very large shoe boils off a horse with it. I have killed a quarter crack on a mare that was awfully bad. I have also healed raw, sore necks on three horses. I have healed grease heel on a mare that could hardly walk."
Anthony G. Hiver, Oakland, Pa.,
Route No. 1.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is good for all farm stock.

"My hogs had hog cholera three days before we got your liniment, which I was advised to try. I have used it now for three days and my hogs are almost well. One hog died before I got the liniment, but I have not lost any since."
A. J. McCarthy, Idaville, Ind.

Sold by all Dealers.
Price
50c & $1.00

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address
Dr. Earl S. Sloan
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

For the treatment of Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. Very successful. By mail 50 cents. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., Dept. A8. St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results

WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOUR BABY?

The young mother—and many an old one, too—is often puzzled to know the cause of her child's ill nature. The loudness of its crying does not necessarily indicate the seriousness of its trouble. It may have nothing more the matter with it than a headache or a feeling of general dullness. It cannot, of course, describe its feelings, but as a preliminary measure you are safe in trying a mild laxative.

Nine times out of ten, you will find it is all the child needs, for its restlessness and peevishness are perhaps due to obstruction of the bowels, and once that has been remedied the headache, the sluggishness and the many other evidences of constipation and indigestion will quickly disappear.

Don't give the little one salts, cathartic pills or nasty waters, for these will act as purgatives, and they are too strong for a child. In the families of Mrs. E. A. Thelin, Manvel, N. D., and Mrs. Henry Jensen, Granton, Wis., the only laxative given is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It has been found to answer most perfectly all the purposes of a laxative and its very mildness and freedom from griping recommend it especially for the use of children, women, and old folks generally—people who need a gentle bowel stimulant. Thousands of American families have been enthusiastic about it for more than a quarter of a century.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

You cannot expect to have clean clothes if you do not use clean water.

Nor will you get rid of the dirt, without injuring the clothes, if you do not use good soap.

Lenox Soap is good soap.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

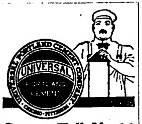
PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Always ready for use. Safest and most reliable.

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater is just like a portable fireplace.

It gives quick, glowing heat wherever, whenever, you want it.

A necessity in fall and spring, when it is not cold enough for the furnace. [illegible]



Cement Talk No. 11

There are countless uses for *UNIVERSAL Portland Cement* about the place. For the cellar, *concrete* is water-proof, rat-proof and everlasting. *Concrete* is the best material for sidewalks, steps, foundations, well curbs, posts, troughs, water tanks, barn floors and cisterns. It will pay you to build of *concrete*. It lasts forever. It is fireproof, sanitary and cheap in the long run. Use *UNIVERSAL Portland Cement*—it makes the best *concrete*.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO.
SECURITY BANK BLDG., MINNEAPOLIS
ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

No More Room.

The railway carriage was crowded, but a very fat old gentleman who sat by the window calmly ignored the ominous looks of the passengers for taking up so much room.

A boy selling buns poked his head in at the window and inquired:

"Buns, sir?"

The old gentleman was slightly deaf, and, not noticing the buns, thought the boy wanted a seat in the already packed carriage; so he remarked:

"Full up, my boy! No more room inside!"

A roar of laughter followed his reply, and the old gentleman innocently wondered as to the cause of their merriment.—London Tit-Bits.

Restored Courage.

The southern lover was impetuous, says the author of a recent book of reminiscences of eastern Virginia, entitled "Memory Days," and the maiden was timid and unused to passionate proposals of marriage. "Oh, don't!" she interrupted in a whisper. "You frighten me dreadfully."

Overcome by contrition the young man humbly apologized for his fervor, and a painful silence ensued. The girl broke it at last.

"Robert," she began, with a hopeful smile, "I don't think—I—shall—be so frightened this time."

Fever's On.

"There's no fever like the football fever," said George H. Earle, Jr., at a dinner party in Philadelphia. "Let me tell you about a broker's boy in Third street.

"A Third street broker sat at his desk the other morning when his office boy entered and said respectfully:

"'If you please, sir, my grandfather's dead and I'd like to get off early to go to the funeral match—I mean the football ceremony—that is—'

"And then, blushing scarlet, the boy withdrew."

Silly Game.

A city cousin had been staying at the farm for two weeks, resting up for the winter's round of pleasure. One evening after supper she suggested to her country cousin that they get up a bridge party some evening.

"My sakes, Arabella," was the horrified reply. "They ain't no bridge nearer than four mile, and that one's awful rickety. This time of the year you'd all have pneumonia. For crazy new-fangled idees, give me you city folks!"

Shipwreck Up to Date.

"Captain, is there much danger?"

"Not a particle. A moving-picture outfit will soon be along and rescue us after they have taken a few films."

To Be Pleasant In the Morning

Have some

Post Toasties

with cream for breakfast.

The rest of the day will take care of itself.

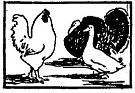
Post Toasties are thin bits of White Indian Corn—cooked and toasted until deliciously crisp and appetizing.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

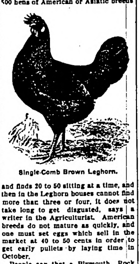
POULTRY



MAKING PROFIT IN LEGHORNS

Egg Productiveness More Than Offsets Any Advantage Other Breeds Have in Flesh.

Twenty-five years ago I began breeding the Leghorn and have kept this breed ever since, although I have tried many other kinds side by side. One of the most serious objections I find to the large brown egg breeds is the disposition to sit. When one has 400 or 500 hens of American or Asiatic breeds and finds 20 to 50 sitting at a time, and then in the Leghorn houses cannot find more than three or four, it does not take long to get disgusted, says a writer in the Agriculturist. American breeds do not mature as quickly, and one must set eggs which sell in the market at 40 to 50 cents in order to get early pullets by laying time in October.



Single-Comb Brown Leghorn.

People say that a Plymouth Rock fowl makes a good roast, but if eggs of Leghorn breeds and those of the Plymouth Rock varieties are set the same day, the Leghorn fowls will lay when the eggs are high, so that a dozen will pay for more than enough to offset an advance in what the carcass would bring.

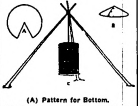
Again, the Leghorns are longer lived as a paying investment, for even at four or five years of age they will be profitable as egg producers, while a Plymouth Rock will become too fat after the second molt to be profitable as a layer. The Leghorn eggs are very even in color, large and white; in fact, the largest. I have fowls whose eggs weigh two pounds to the dozen; ordinary brown eggs will weigh from a pound and six ounces to a pound and eight ounces; not only this, but Leghorn eggs can be produced for less money. My experience is that six cents for white and ten cents or more for brown eggs is about the usual run.

HOME-MADE POULTRY FEEDER

Automatic Device Eliminates All Waste and Compels Birds to Scratch for Their Rations.

My hens wake up very early in the morning. Of course it doesn't do them any good to stand around hungry at daybreak, but getting out to feed them is a strenuous task. For a time I tried scattering the scratch feed in the litter after dark, but pretty soon I found that I was supporting about all the rats in the neighborhood. Finally, after faltering for a time betwixt duty and pleasure, I devised an automatic feeder which solves that particular problem, and at the same time several more, writes C. M. Gallup in the Successful Farming. It eliminates all waste; it compels the birds to take exercise in getting their ration; it is ready for business twenty-four hours of the day.

The bottom is cut from galvanized iron in circular form fifteen inches in diameter. Without changing the dividers I then mark the radius on the circumference, and allowing about three-eighths of an inch for the lap, I cut one-sixth of the circle in the shape of a sector. The bottom is then shaped into a cone and the lap is riveted. The side is a simple cylinder of cellar-window screen cut to fit the bottom, and wired through little holes that are punched together in pairs. To support the device fit a piece of board diametrically across the top, and staple the wire to the ends. For ordinary scratch feed for fowls I use screen with three mesh per inch, but for baby chicks six mesh. I make the feeder for chicks of the same proportion as the feeder for fowls; but it is built to hold only about a quart.



(A) Pattern for Bottom. (B) Bottom Completed. (C) Feeder Completed.

Grains for Poultry.

The value of grains as poultry food, and which they relish the best, runs about in this order: Wheat, oats, corn, barley and buckwheat. Rye is of the least valuable, and fowls very seldom eat it, and then only when very hungry.

Salt Morning Mash.

It is best to salt the morning mash, but not more than one ounce for 100 head of stock should be used. Dissolve the salt in hot water with which the mash is moistened. In this way it will be more evenly distributed.

FEW FACTS ABOUT POULTRY

Quality of the Eggs Greatly Depends on the Food Given—French Use Spices in Fattening.

Eggs may differ materially in color, and yet may not differ much in nutriment. Again, they may differ largely in nutriment, when, for instance, they are neglected or poorly fed, or when they eat filth, damaged grain or tainted meat. The crop and gizzard of a hen cannot transform impure food into pure food products. The real value of an egg for food lies inside the shell, and is not indicated by color of shell, says the American Cultivator.

In France they mix spices and herbs with the food given to fattening poultry, which are said to impart a delicious flavor to the meat.

Fowls intended to be killed should not only be confined in a coop for 24 hours without food, but should be supplied with plenty of drinking water, which adds to the cleanness of the intestines.

If a drawn carcass has any distance to go, it may mold inside; or if a fly does not "blow" in it, there is a large exposed surface hidden from sight which may become infected by some means during transit. If moldy, sour or fly blown, it is no longer salable, at least for anything like a fair price, and it is not safe as food.

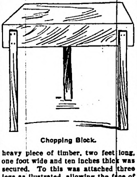
A poultry lecturer in Scotland some years ago, in an address on the rearing and general management of chickens, said on the subject of food, he would give a "wrinkle" worth its weight in gold. At three days old the chickens were qualified to eat pretty nearly anything, but he warned them against the practice of feeding the chickens on soaked bread. They should adopt the following plan: Fill the little linen bag half full of rice, put it into water and let it boil five minutes. They should then withdraw the bag and let the water drain away and they would find the rice whole and separated. A handful of oatmeal should be mixed with the rice and it would absorb all the moisture. This the chickens should be allowed to pick up for themselves, but they should not have too much.

As the duck has no crop, it does not assimilate and thrive on whole grain.

CHOPPING BLOCK IS HANDY

Implement Will Be Found of Great Convenience for Cutting Meat and Bones for Poultry.

We have been using a chopping block around the chicken yard which is very handy when pounding bones and chopping fresh meat for the flock, says a writer in the Homestead. A heavy piece of timber, two feet long, one foot wide and ten inches thick was secured. To this was attached three legs as illustrated, allowing the face of the block to stand about two and one-half inches above the ground.

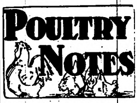


Chopping Block.

Vigor Inherited.

The natural inheritance of all fowls is constitutional vigor, provided, of course, they are not enfeebled by injudicious breeding. Constitutional vigor can be maintained and brought about by choosing the strongest, healthiest and hardiest of the stock for breeders every spring, and by killing off the weak and sickly ones in the fall. The introduction of fresh blood frequently not only keeps up the stamina, health and vigor of stock, but it also enables them to resist sickness and sudden changes of weather much better than fowls closely and continually inbred, or fowls not bred to any degree of constitutional excellence, or selected for establishing any permanent quality.

POULTRY NOTES



Don't overlook providing for a supply of green feed.

A hen without plenty of drink is a hen without many eggs to put in the basket.

Fresh eggs find ready buyers and command respect. Bad eggs cause trouble.

Store a sufficient quantity of road dust also to provide the chickens with dust baths during the winter.

Carefulness in dressing poultry pays for the extra pains taken. The pin feathers must all be removed.

Worry along without a trap nest, but keep your eyes open for the best layers and set their eggs next spring.

Over-exercise toughens the flesh of even a young fowl. A good breast is half the race for a valuable table fowl.

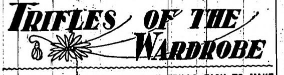
Eggs have lots of albumen in them. What is that? You get it in milk. Don't fail to feed all of it you can spare.

The carcass should be dressed immediately after killing. To allow the feathers to remain on for several hours will hasten decomposition.

Should your poultry house floor be damp and there be no possibility of moving it to dryer grounds, scatter several wheelbarrel loads of fine dry earth over the top.

The laying hen is not apt to become overfat. Nevertheless, it is a mistake to keep her on a diet of corn expecting her to manufacture eggs from that article. Corn is no egg food.

TRIFLES OF THE WARDROBE



LITTLE COATS ARRIVE

PARISIAN FAD HAS "CAUGHT ON" IN AMERICA.

Coatees, Casaquins and Caracos Are Characteristic Features of Present Fashions—Give Air of Distinction to Costume.

Frenchwomen have accepted the little coatees, casaquins and caracos, which were one of the most characteristic features of the empire day dresses.

They made their first appearance a short time ago and, since Dame Fashion has declared her preference for empire and directoire styles, they bounded at once into popularity. In fact, Paris has gone quite mad over them—a way the inhabitants of that fitful city have of doing when any new fad in dress is introduced.

That being the case, it is only a question of time when the style will become quite general here; in fact, a few of them are already seen on women who have recently returned from a trip abroad.

They are quaintly picturesque and simple in line, but possess a peculiar quality that adds just the right note of distinction to the costume.

Imagine, if you can, the attractiveness of a perfectly plain skirt of pale blue and white taffeta, cut over a six-gore model, with a panel back and front, and having a raised waist line, with the bodice taking the shape of a little coatee of pale blue voile, finished at the high waist with a small rounded basque mounted on a thick cord covered with plain blue taffeta.

The coatee finishes in the back with two long coat-tails of irregular length, cut square at the bottom and finished with a narrow ball fringe which also bordered the basque.

The front of the coatee crosses in front and is fastened at the waist with a small flat rosette of tiny pink rosebuds, the V-shaped opening being bordered with a collar of finely pleated lawn edged with blue; a little guimpe of transparent tulle fills in the V.

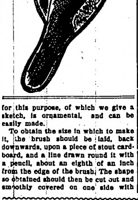
Although seemingly perishable, they really last a remarkably long time. They give a softness to the throat that is unobtainable in any other way. Many of them are made of flesh-colored tulle, which when worn with afternoon frocks gives them the appearance of being decidedly decollete. With evening gowns for semi-dress occasions they are wonderfully effective.

To return to the coatee, these little garments are made of figured silk or satin combined with plain skirts, or vice versa. Others are of cloth, velvet, marquisette, chiffon or even net lined with a delicate shade of satin. The cut can be varied to suit the wearer, but they all are made with the short empire waist and elbow sleeves.

CASE PROTECTS THE BRUSH

Article of Necessity if Silver Toilet Utensils Are to Be Kept Properly.

Unless a silver-backed brush is protected in some manner, while it is not in actual use, it will soon become scratched and tarnished, and the case for this purpose, of which we give a sketch, is ornamental, and can be easily made.



To obtain the size in which to make it, the brush should be laid, back downwards, upon a piece of stout cardboard, and a line drawn round it with a pencil, about an eighth of an inch from the edge of the brush. The shape so obtained should then be cut out and smoothly covered on one side with silk, and the other with velvet, with a little wadding underneath. For the side of the case a second piece of cardboard should be cut out in the shape shown by diagram D, and it should be of sufficient length to reach from point B to C in diagram A. This piece of cardboard is also covered on one side with velvet and the other with silk, upon which some pretty little design, such as suggested in the sketch, has been worked. When this has been done, it may be bent into shape and sewn in an upright position to the lower part, and to complete the case it is entirely edged with a fine silk cord. The small sketch E at the top shops the brush in the case, and as the silver back of the brush rests upon the velvet it will help to keep it from the effects of the air, and prevent it from being scratched.

EVENING WRAPS VERY RICH

Satin, Chiffon Velvet and Broadcloth Are Among the Costly Materials Used This Season.

Very handsome are the new evening coats, and many of them are picturesque in their lines—draped effects and big floppy collars of lace and great revers of fur or velvet being conspicuous. The material may be satin or chiffon velvet or broadcloth.

A striking model is in peach-colored satin with a shoulder drapery and scarf of chiffon to match. In back is a great sailor collar that reaches almost to the proportions of a cape and extends down over the sleeves to the cuffs, made of elaborate pompadour lace in white. Insets of the lace are placed at the foot on each side, headed by a curved ornament of the satin, shirred. A satin buckle holds the scarf in front.

A theater coat is of black panne velvet with a touch of red in the lapel and cuffs. Another model in black velvet is brightened by a lining of gold satin and gold lace in [illegible] a round collar with square revers and is bordered with pointed fox. The coat is fastened with a big double loop of dull gold.

One model is in white broadcloth, embroidered in white, with cuffs, revers and deep sections at the foot made of black velvet.

SIDE FRILLS EASY TO MAKE

Heavy White or Ecru Net Best Material for Body—Square Meshed Net Also Good.

The side frill that does so much to freshen a simple waist must be of fine material, or it gives a blouse a common look. These are costly to buy, but easy to make with net and lace.

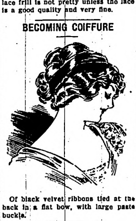
The newest frills are cut about three inches wide at the top and taper to nothing at the bottom, which sometimes reaches to the belt, more often just below the bust line.

A rather heavy white or ecru net is the best material for the body of the frill. It is generally finely plaited, but launders better if cut straight and slightly held in so as not to span. Edge with a row of heavy lace insertion with an edging to match, and if unplaited put a second row of insertion a half inch from the outer one.

A smart frill is made of heavy square meshed net worked on the edge with a shallow, irregular scallop done in white rope silk in buttonhole stitch. A simple cross stitch design in Greek key or other simple lines is worked on the inside of the frill in the rope silk. Two or three rows of this stitching may be used.

The mull frill, delicately embroidered in white mercerized cotton in a simple floral design, is dainty on a wash silk waist, but is less popular than the net and lace ones. An all lace frill is not pretty unless the lace is a good quality and very fine.

BECOMING COIFFURE



Of black velvet ribbons tied at the back in a flat bow, with large paste buckle.

Longer Skirts.

The afternoon frock shows skirts just a little longer than in the summer. The innovation is to be greeted with joy, for the foot must be attractively shod and of the daintiest proportions to withstand the shortness of the scant skirt that will ride up when the wearer is seated. So longer skirts—and just a little fuller—if you would heed the mandate of the Paris designers.

Amber Beads Again.

Once more in favor are these glistening, gleaming yellow beads which since the time of our grandmothers have been worn as necklaces.

With the collarless blouses and the lingerie frocks, with their low necks, neck ornaments are especially fashionable, and this gives added opportunity for the wearing of this pretty old-fashioned bead.

All sizes are worn, from the small pea-sized bead to the one large as a good-sized marble. And in the jewelers' shops one may purchase them by the string or by the dozen, in this latter way making it an one pleases.

Kohinoor Buttons in Favor.

Glass buttons big as the Kohinoor diamond, are the popular things now on women's tailored suits. They are cut just like the Kohinoor. They give an odd effect to dark suits. The buttons are worn of the sleeves also, and on the back of the coat. They glisten in the sun and attract attention.

Child's Dress.

If your little daughter has reached that age when her dresses, which were made early in the season, have become too short because she is "running up like a weed" you will find it necessary to let out the hems in the skirts.

Do this when the dress is ready for the tub and not after it has been freshly laundered.

A good way to do is to lower the hem half its width, stitching the hem in again where the crease of the former lower edge is marked. Then when it is washed and ironed there will be no unsightly dark mark on the hem [illegible]

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BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers—its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

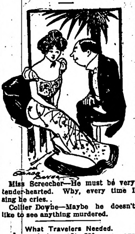
Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

POSSIBLE EXPLANATION.



Miss Screecher—He must be very tender-hearted. Why, every time I sing he cries.

Collier Downe—Maybe he doesn't like to see anything murdered.

What Travelers Needed.

A traveler's outfit 300 years ago was somewhat different from the present day. In "Touring in 1600," by E. S. Bates, the following list is given: "First among requisites is a book of prayers and hymns effective for salvation without being so pugnacious, doctrinally, as to cause suspicion. Next, a notebook; a watch, or a pocket sundial; if a watch, not a striker, for that warns the wicked you have cash; a broad-rimmed hat, gaiters, boots, breeches (as if his friends would let him start without any!), gloves, shoes, shirts, handkerchiefs, etc."

Distemper

In all its forms among all ages of horses and dogs, cured and others in the same stable prevented from having the disease with Spohn's Distemper Cure. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 750,000 bottles sold last year. $.50 and $1.00. Good druggists, or send to manufacturers. Agents wanted. Write for free book. Spohn Med. Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

A town that pays the preacher and supports the editor is mighty close to heaven.—Atlanta Constitution.

Blood Poisoning is often caused by slight cuts or wounds. Death may result. Hamlins Wizard Oil will draw out the poison, heal the wound and prevent serious trouble.

Apologies are perfectly satisfactory—to those who make them.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
IVER
PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WE SELL
GUNS, TRAPS, ETC.
CHEAP
Write for Free Catalog 105
Ship us your Hides, Furs, Pelts, Wool, Etc.
N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Pettit's Eye Salve QUICK RELIEF SORE EYES

N. W. N. U., NO. 45—1911.

Idaho Public Land

Water Right $50.00 per Acre

IN TWELVE ANNUAL INSTALMENTS

The Wood River Project began its annual run of water for irrigation on March 29th, 1911. There has been no interruption in the service since the run began. There is no shortage of crop on this project this year.

Some Things You Can Find on Wood River Project

Your choice of 20,000 Acres of new land. The best water right anywhere. Markets for everything you can raise. Good fruit land. Sheep and hogs to feed and feed for all of them every year.

Good Dairy Country

Market for one million pounds of butter. Market for all the chickens and eggs you can raise. The best potato soil on earth. Irrigation system complete and fully tested by two years use. Ample water, splendid soil.

WE NEED YOU

IDAHO IRRIGATION COMPANY, Limited
RICHFIELD, IDAHO

Write me a personal letter and ask questions.

I. W. McConnell, General Manager

Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

Scientifically constructed to give most light for the oil they burn.

Easy to light, clean and rewick.

In numerous finishes and styles, each the best of its kind.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo Lamps and Lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of the

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

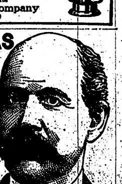
Men and Women wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the best shoes produced in this country for the price. Insist upon having them. Take no other make.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The assurance that goes with an established reputation is your assurance in buying W. L. Douglas shoes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION [illegible]



WOMEN TO VOTE IN 1912

Equal Suffrage May Be Factor in Presidential Election

Matter Which Chairmen of National Committees Will Be Called Upon to Consider—Some of the Laws for Which Women Are Responsible, Attributed Directly to Their Vote and Influence.

WASHINGTON.—Almost 1,000,000 women will be eligible to vote for their choice for president of the United States in 1912. Those women are to be found in the six western states which have already granted equal suffrage, the number of women in each state who are eligible to vote being about as follows: California, 500,000; Colorado, 160,000; Idaho, 48,000, Utah, 65,000; Washington, 120,000, and Wyoming, 35,000, or a total of 928,000.

Those figures are not exact, but constitute the best possible estimate until such time as the census bureau gets out its figures showing the analysis of the population by states. It is possible that before the election in 1912 more states may give the women a chance to vote for the presidential candidates, as the equal suffrage campaigners have such states as Nevada, Oregon, Kansas and Wisconsin marked as trembling in the balance on the suffrage question.

There are in the United States today just 19 states which have no form of suffrage for women, although some cities in them have. Those states are Nevada, Texas, Missouri, Arkansas, Mississippi, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Maine.

On October 12 last California joined the states granting equal suffrage to women, the vote on that occasion being 119,086 for and 117,408 against the measure, or a majority of 1678 for equal suffrage, with some minor towns to hear from. California had rejected the proposition in 1896, Oregon and several of the other western states have several times rejected the amendment, and Massachusetts in 1895 voted on the question and refused equal suffrage, the vote in this state at that time being: Yes, 109,204; No, 187,840, or 78,636 majority against equal suffrage. Since then the question has not been brought to the referendum in this commonwealth.

In the western states the question has come before the voters quite regularly, for, according to some of the opponents of the equal suffrage in that section of the country, "a 'yes' vote settles the matter and a 'no' vote simply means the question comes up again in a couple of years."

Kentucky Pointed the Way.

Kentucky was the first state in this country to give women the right to vote. In 1838 that state gave the school suffrage to widows with children of school age, and in 1861 Kansas gave the school suffrage to all women. Year by year from then on the movement for woman's suffrage gained strength throughout the country, but it was always granted in modified form as the right to vote on school matters, local tax questions, municipal suffrage, etc. In 1869 Wyoming gave the full suffrage to women, being the first state in the country to do so.

School suffrage was granted to the women of New Hampshire in 1878, by Massachusetts in 1879, by Connecticut in 1893 and Vermont in 1880. In addition to the six states in this country which have given the full suffrage to women, there are many countries which have given a modified form of suffrage to women and full suffrage has been granted the women by the Isle of Man, New Zealand, South Australia, West Australia, and in 1902 full suffrage was granted the women of Federated Australia and New South Wales.

In Utah the reports show that 75 per cent of the women voted in Bear River, 95 per cent voted in Garden City, 95 per cent voted in Grouse Creek, 90 per cent voted in Keysville, 90 per cent voted in Logan and 90 per cent voted in Nephi.

In Kansas the reports from these same sources show that 80 per cent voted as Eskridge and 80 per cent voted at Miltonvale.

Seem to Prize Vote.

In Wyoming the reports state that the women voted as strongly in proportion to registration as did the males, if not to a larger extent. In Denver, Colo., in the election of 1909, no less than 30,000 women voted and only about 500 of that number were classified as vicious women. In other words, in that Denver election 43 per cent of the vote was cast by women and only 40 per cent of the vote was cast by males.

Both houses of the National Parliament of Federated Australia for the session of 1909-10 passed a resolution saying that after 66 years of woman's suffrage in varying parts of the country and nine years as a commonwealth, the reform has justified the hopes of its supporters.

Relative to the percentage of women voting in the states where they have that right, the woman's suffrage organizations point out that men do not exercise their right to vote as they should, and that, therefore, the question as to women doing so is not very material.

They point out that in the presidential election of 1904, the vote cast was only 13,961,560, while 21,000,000 men were eligible to vote. Then again, they say that in the city election in Philadelphia, in 1903, the Reform party reports that 49 per cent of the men failed to vote, and that in the same year in the election in New York city 60,000 registered voters failed to cast their ballots.

Their Choice of Political Offices.

In the states where full suffrage has been granted to women for some time experience has shown that women do not to any great extent run for political office. Going through the records of those states it will appear that, for the most part, women have been candidates for educational positions and for the office of county or state treasurer. Those are the two classes of offices which they seem to have singled out as being most desirable from their standpoint, and to which they have been most generally elected.

In several of the states giving full equal suffrage women have sat on juries and have done acceptable service, but there are no statistics available to show the number who have done such duty.

Laws Women Have Helped to Make.

The male mind naturally inquires as to what laws the women in the equal suffrage states have been responsible for? For this question the women's suffrage organizations have evidently primed themselves. Here are some of the laws adopted in the equal suffrage states since women had the right to vote, which they maintain have been championed by women, and that women are practically responsible.

Colorado gave equal suffrage in 1893, and since that time the women claim responsibility for securing the passage of laws forbidding the insurance of children under ten years old; establishing a state home for dependent children, with two of the five members of its trustees to be women; statute requiring three out of the six county visitors to be women; establishing a state industrial home for girls, three of the five trustees to be women; statute making women equal guardians of their children; statute raising the age of protection for girls to 18 years; requiring one woman on the board of the State Insane asylum; establishing parental or truant schools, providing for the care of the feeble minded; providing for tree preservation; requiring public school teachers to teach humanity to animals; making the Humane society a state bureau of child and animal protection; establishment of juvenile courts; compulsory education; establishing state traveling libraries, commission of five women; against the employment of child labor in mines; providing accident and foreign life insurance companies that have to be sued be made to pay the costs; restricting hours of labor for children, and for women; free employment bureaus; making it a misdemeanor to neglect to support aged or infirm parents; abolishing system binding out girls of the industrial school; and in Denver other beneficial legislation has been secured by them.

Work of Women in Idaho.

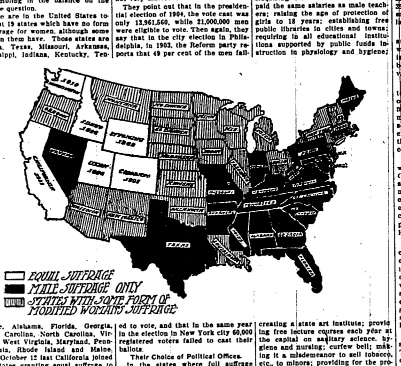
Idaho gave equal suffrage in 1896. Since then women claim to have been instrumental in securing these laws. Making gambling illegal; raising the age of protection for girls to 18 years; establishment of libraries and reading rooms; requiring 3 per cent of the school funds to be expended for school libraries, the books to be chosen by the State Board of Education; establishing the State Library commission; providing for a department of domestic science in the State university; providing for a course of domestic science in the Academy of Idaho; establishment of the industrial reform school; pure food act; statute giving married women the same right to dispose of her property as men.

Utah gave full suffrage to women in 1896. Since then the women claim these laws as a result of their efforts: Requiring that women teachers be paid the same salaries as male teachers; raising the age of protection of girls to 18 years; establishing free public libraries in cities and towns; requiring in all educational institutions supported by public funds instruction in physiology and hygiene; creating a state art institute; providing free lecture courses each year at the capital on sanitary science, hygiene and nursing; curfew bell; making it a misdemeanor to sell tobacco, etc., to minors; providing for the protection of dependent boys under 14 and girls under 16 years and the punishment of persons responsible for their care, neglect or ill-treatment; requiring the establishment of kindergartens in all school districts of a population of 2,000 or more.

Record in Wyoming.

Wyoming gave equal suffrage in 1869. These laws made since that time women claim chief responsibility for: Equal pay for men and women teachers; raising the age of protection for girls to 18 years; making child neglect, abuse, etc., punishable; forbidding the employment of boys under 14 and girls of any age in the mines; forbidding the employment of children under 14 years in any public exhibition.

In ten years of equal suffrage in Colorado only one woman has been convicted of illegal voting. Relative to the intelligence of women as voters the equal suffrage organizations point out that the 1907 report of the National Educational commission says 54,183 girls were graduated from the public high schools as compared to 33,202 boys from the same schools and there were 116,841 more girls than boys in the public high schools.



AFTER NIGHTFALL IN LONDON

The Lid Is On, but There Are Ways to Lift It—Public Balls, Popular Functions.

Some Americans who don't like the early closing law in London are fortunate enough perhaps to get taken to one of the better theatrical clubs, where they don't have theatrical clubs, early as do the restaurants and the hotels, but more perhaps make the acquaintance of a little club in a street near Piccadilly Circus, where the membership is made up of men and women who are supposed to be vaudeville artists.

There are lots of people who go there who are not vaudeville artists. For instance, a visitor who was taken there one night last summer found himself seated next to a wealthy young German, who is a steel manufacturer, and across the table was another German, who was only theatrical by association. You can enjoy a short term membership if you want, and if you enjoy drinking beer in a stuffy room that is filled with smoke you can have a good time.

Supper clubs of the old type do not exist in London nowadays, at least so far as is known to the police, who raided them out of existence during a moral wave. But there is the Grafton Galleries, where frequent balls are held, and practically every Sunday night there is a dance there. To have a public ball and remain open after the legal closing hour a hotel must pay heavily for a special license, but during the season and out there is occasionally such an event at the Savoy, where for a guinea per head you may go and have supper at the end, with wine extra.

There was one in the early part of last summer, for instance, which was called "The Variety Artists' Ball," the name, it was explained by an American, being assumed for the occasion, because few of those in attendance were on the stage. The American who paid his guinea and went downstairs to the ballroom—some things are upside down in London—found a lot of other Americans there, some of whom lived in London and others who had been fellow passengers, and as every other piece played was two-step, the occasion seemed almost homelike.

One hears more about the Covent Garden balls than of any other public function in London. These take place with considerable frequency throughout the autumn and winter and are assembling places for the gay youth of London and such similarly disposed visitors as may be there. One is supposed to go masked, and prizes are offered for handsome costumes. The "gayety" is apt to appeal to the average American visitor as funereal.

Like Homicidal Mania.

"A man who has once murdered the queen's English always feels as if he'd got the body under the sofa. It's like homicidal mania; the poor wretch may be cured, but he lives in terror of an attack returning. He knows it doesn't matter what he is or what he does; he may live like a saint or write like an arch-angel; but one stitch omitted from his conversation will wreck him at the last." [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Lakefield.—The Globe flour mills, that were recently destroyed by fire are to be rebuilt at once.

Royalton.—The Farmers' and Merchants' State bank officers are: President, A. R. Davidson; vice president, J. K. Martin, and cashier, A. A. Fitch.

Paynesville.—Paynesville presents a decidedly busy appearance. In addition to the $40,000 school building five residences are in process of erection.

Grass Valley, California. — H. R. Titus, a prominent lumberman of Duluth, died at Downieville, following an attack of pneumonia. He had been ill but two days.

Fairmont.—There is a very good prospect that Fairmont will have a first-class hospital in operation before long under the management of the Catholic Sisters.

Albert.—A fine parochial school house, costing in the neighborhood of $30,000, is just being completed here. It is a thoroughly modern building and has four large rooms.

Hastings. — Charles McDermott, grandson of A. F. Hotinger, who lost his life of asphyxiation, also died, being overcome by gas fumes of a coal stove. He was 18 years old.

Pipestone. — The business men of Pipestone have petitioned the railway and warehouse commission to compel the Milwaukee road to continue its present night passenger train through Pipestone.

Crookston.—Fire in the basement of the Emporium Dry Goods store, owned by C. C. Peterson, caused $10,000 loss. A cigar stub thrown through the basement window was the cause of the fire, it is alleged.

Minneapolis.—Charles A. Bovey, one of the wealthiest and best known lumbermen in the United States, died here aged 79. Bovey was born at Bath, Me., and came to Minneapolis fifty years ago.

Duluth. — Ore shipments for October from the head of the lakes show a decrease for the period of 157,397 tons over October, 1910. The season to date is 6,958,666 tons behind last year's figures.

Red Wing. — Counterfeit quarters and 50-cent pieces have been given wide circulation in Red Wing and it is estimated that fully $100 of the bogus money has been passed in the various business houses of the city.

St. Paul.—Sixty wild ducks, mostly teal and blue bills, have reached the office of the state game and fish commission in the capitol, creating excitement among the officials. They were seized by a game warden from a hunter at Forest Lake. He had more than the law allows and his whole bag was confiscated.

Luverne.—The annual corn contest was held here Saturday with Professor C. P. Bull, of the state agricultural school, acting as judge. There were many entries for the prizes and much enthusiasm. Nine prizes were awarded for the best corn raised in Rock county. Ray Hinds received first prize, W. J. Johnson second and J. H. Wulf third.

Duluth.—A. Delacey Wood, the veteran newspaper editor and the founder of 32 papers in the Northwest during his picturesque and checkered career, died here of pneumonia. His wife and children, five daughters and a son, were at his bedside when the end came. The late Mr. Wood organized the Minnesota Editorial Association. He was president of the Lake County Old Settlers' Association.

Duluth.—The vessel rate for grain shipments experienced another slump. Tonnage was offered at one cent, a cut of one-quarter cent of the rate which prevailed last week. One vessel was chartered today at the one cent rate. Practically all the grain moved in the last week went from the Canadian head of the lakes and is for export. Lumber carriers are in demand and coal shipments are heavy. It is the opinion that the coal shipments for the season will surpass last season's figures by several thousand tons.

Elmore.—While playing the part of an Indian last night at the Hesseldahl home northeast of this place, Clarence Hesseldahl shot and killed Harry Blair, 20 years old, with a 32 caliber revolver. Blair during the last year had written a play which he thought he could put on the stage and it is through this that the accident happened, as they were practicing the Indian part of it. It is said by those present that Blair unloaded the revolver and gave it to Hesseldahl and armed himself with a rifle. When the moment came for Hesseldahl to shoot he pulled the trigger on what he supposed was an empty revolver, but shot Blair through the chest. He walked twice across the floor and dropped, and in less than five minutes was dead.

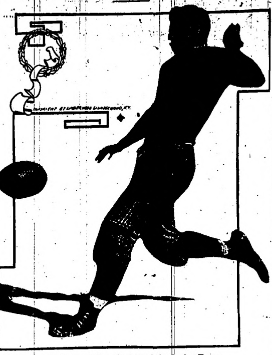
Ends Life Beside Bride.

Fergus Falls.—Coroner Vigen was called to Pelican Rapids to investigate the death of Lewis Felber, who had committed suicide. Felber was about 22 years old and was married about a month ago. He has been rather unfortunate financially of late. He had talked of suicide, but no one took the talk seriously. Monday morning he awoke his young wife and asked her to say nothing. Almost immediately afterwards he went into convulsions and died in a short time. He had taken carbolic acid.

McKenzie Seeks Terminals.

Duluth.—Sir William McKenzie, president of the Canadian Northern road, was at Virginia inspecting the company's new improvements there and planning further work. Sir William will arrive in Duluth tomorrow afternoon in his special train and will spend several hours here. He will confer with city officials concerning the development of the company's terminals at this point. It is expected he will meet several foreign capitalists [illegible]

ONE OF PENNSYLVANIA'S STAR PLAYERS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Thayer, a Shifty Member of the Quaker Team.

GOPHER PLAYER IS MISSED

Len Erdahl, Who Won His "M" on Minnesota Team Last Year, Takes Off Uniform and Quits.

Len Erdahl, who made his "M" last year, playing the position of full back in the Minnesota university football squad line-up, and who appeared in the game against Ames as quarter back, has taken off his uniform. He announced that he had "quit."

Parental objection he advanced as the cause, although it is understood

Len Erdahl.

Erdahl might have overcome whatever difficulty he has encountered from this direction if Coach Williams had lent a more willing ear to the student's request for favored position in the line-up.

FOUR ENGLISH BOXERS COME

Will Ames, London Manager, Brings Over Quartet of Fighters for American Invasion.

An invasion of the United States by four English boxers is to be made by Will Ames, a London manager, who has brought over Sid Smith, a clever bantam; Sid Burns, a flashy welter; Billy Marchant, said to be another Jem Driscoll in the featherweight ranks, and George Randall, a lightweight who is said to be not far behind Freddie Welsh and Wells in cleverness.

Smith seeks matches with Frankie Burns, Johnny Daly and Johnny Coulon. Marchant wants to meet Abe Attell.

The four Englishmen will have matches in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and New Orleans, boxing all comers.

American League's Big Year.

President B. B. Johnson says: "The close of the American league season marks the best year this organization has ever known. From a financial standpoint the year has been a success for each of the eight clubs. Not this alone contributes to the history-making year, however, for the opening of new parks and the allowing of Sunday ball in Cleveland were important factors."

Fighting a Real Job.

Prize fighting is a visible means of support, according to Police Judge Osborn in a decision the other day, when he dismissed Mickey McLaughlin, who was charged by his father with vagrancy. McLaughlin showed that he had been all over the country fighting and that at present he was [illegible]

TENNIS CHANGES IN ENGLAND

Lawns Gradually Being Replaced by Hard Surface Courts in Vogue Elsewhere—Experience Wins.

"Go it, baldhead!" was a cry frequently heard at the recent lawn tennis tournament at Wimbledon, and a spectator could not help observing that gray hairs and bald heads outnumbered the locks of youth among the players after the first day or two. Yet lawn tennis is an athletic game, perhaps the most active of all summer pastimes, demanding unusual powers of endurance, and one looks for endurance and agility in the young.

Finding that the daring and physical strength of youth are beaten by the experience of age, the conclusion to be drawn is that the new generation is not learning the essentials of the game. The group of veterans who beat the youngsters this year cannot be expected to do these wonders again. Young men from other countries will come again and they will win because there will be no opposition to prevent them from doing so. And why? Because, some critics say, the continent has learned the game from professionals and has learned it upon hard courts.

There is a freedom and power in the foreign style which is absent from the English game, in which few risks are taken. In all probability this springs from the fact that the typical courts of the continent are not grass, but have a hard, smooth surface from which every ball makes a true bound. Scarcely one grass court in ten can be relied upon for a true bound of the ball. On such inferior surfaces style becomes cramped. First-class players are not to be trained upon third rate courts.

The best promise for English lawn tennis is the fact that the clubs are losing their faith in grass. In 20 years' time the very name of lawn tennis may appear strange to our ears, the number of actual lawns devoted to the game will have become so small. Already hard courts are being constructed in every direction. In a few years they will probably give England a new school of tennis players who will meet on equal terms the best products of the continental and American clubs.

GOSSIP OF SPORTDOM

Toes are more important now in football than weight.

Ruffner, the Purdue player, "wasn't any rougher'n lots of others."

Illinois has a great deal of respect for "Chicago luck" in football.

In football nowadays the chiropodist takes the place of the trainer.

In a world's championship series heavy batting is better than good luck.

Pennsylvania's improved football team has caused Yost to sit up and take notice.

In the international football game, Tripoli bears a striking resemblance to the football.

Nothing but poor playing by the home team ever interferes with the baseball business.

Lucky Frank Schulte is married. His wife can teach him how to drive that new automobile.

Has any one noticed the golfers bringing their clubs home? Another sign of an early winter.

To hear track men talk, one would think the Olympic games were nearly as important as the city championships.

Football players have abandoned the ancient practice of wearing long hair, but musicians are not quite so sensible.

Ballooning, like baseball, depends on the whims of the weather man, but there are no double headers in the flying game.

The amateur federation bug is beginning to bob up all over the country. Atlanta, Omaha and Cincinnati are the latest athletic centers heard from.

Mel Sheppard says there are four men in the country who can run a mile in 4:10. He names Billy Paul, John Paul Jones, Abe Kiviat and Mel Sheppard.

Strange what wonderful cures are effected in our colleges! On Friday [illegible]

MAR FOOTBALL GAMES

Right to Question Decisions Belongs to Captain.

Nothing Is More Repulsive to Spectators Than Constant Squabbles Between Competitors and Officials During Contest.

In football as well as in every branch of sport, nothing is more repulsive to spectators than constant squabbles between competitors and officials.

To question the decision of judges at a horserace, or a footrace, automobile, or trotting race simple is a waste of time, and these decisions cannot be reversed unless there is a wrong interpretation of rules which govern such contests.

If coaches would enforce a rule that only captains of elevens could question or ask an interpretation of an official's decision football certainly would be placed on a higher plane and one of the most distasteful features of the game so far as the spectators are concerned would be obliterated, writes Walter Eckersall in the Chicago Tribune. Football officials are selected because of their known impartiality, their thorough knowledge of the rules, and their sense of honor.

The men, all college graduates, officiating in gridiron contests this year have been put to many severe tests, and in few instances have they erred. Spectators never should condemn an official for levying a penalty, for the arbiters of the game are in better position and understand more thoroughly the exact interpretations of the rules. Use of hands in the interference, coaching from the side lines, holding in the line, offside play, and a number of other infringements of the rules are points which the average spectator does not see, but when an official inflicts penalties for such breaches of the rules he generally meets with criticism from the stands.

Those who have played football and have been in many hard fought contests have had fouls called when they did not believe they were guilty of any infringement. In such cases, these players have been so carried away with the excitement of the contests as to be unconscious of any breaches in the rules they made, but when apprised of the conditions by officials they have admitted their guilt.

In the large universities, where it is part of the preparation of an eleven to teach the players the rules and their possibilities, the players seldom question an official's decision. The members of these teams are so well versed in the rules as to know when an arbiter's decision is right or wrong and for this reason few disputes arise.

If the colleges in the eastern, western, and Missouri valley conferences would follow the precedent established at West Point, one of the most distasteful features of football would be done away with. Discipline reigns supreme at the army institution. The captain of a football team controls his men the same as a colonel of a regiment or captain of a company. If any member of a West Point football eleven questions the orders of the captain he must report to higher officials as soon as the same is completed if the captain files charges.

CAPTAIN ROBERTS,

Shifty Half-Back on Illinois Team.

Japs Invite American Team.

The Universities of Keio and Waseda have invited the University of California to send a baseball team to Japan next year, starting about the middle of May and returning September 1. The Universities of Washington, of Seattle, Wisconsin and Chicago have all sent teams to the islands, and a team of professional players, under the leadership of Mike Fisher, the former Tacoma manager, toured the islands in 1909.

Jim Hall "All In."

Jim Hall, the one-time Australian heavyweight, is reported to be near death at a Chicago hospital. Hall, it will be remembered by veteran followers of the game, beat Bob Fitzsimmons in four rounds at Sydney, Australia, in 1890. Fitz three years later knocked Hall out in the same number of rounds at New Orleans.

First Serious Football Injury.

The first serious football injury of the season in the east has put John Thompson, of St. Joseph college, in a hospital at Philadelphia for several weeks with a fractured leg. He was playing on the scrub team against a regular team when one of the players whom he tackled fell upon him.

Jack Tighe Goes to Louisville.

It has been announced that John Tighe would succeed "Del" Howard as manager of the Louisville American association baseball team. Tighe was [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AL Hanson c-o State Capitol

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Monsignor Diomede Falconio bade farewell to the capital, where for nine years he has represented the pope. He left for New York from whence he will sail on the steamer Kron Prinzess Cecilie for Rome to be raised formally to the rank of cardinal.

Misconstruction of the appeal made by Turkey to the American government for intervention of Tripoli resulted in the issuing of a statement by Youssouf Sia Pasha, the Turkish ambassador, declaring that Turkey had no wish that the United States should act as a mediator to end the Turko-Italian war.

The state department is considering what course to pursue if the United States government shall be called on by other powers to furnish a military force to aid in maintaining communication between the Chinese capital and the seaport of Tien Tsin. There is no formal obligation on the United States in this matter.

There are fifteen American vessels now in Chinese waters looking after the welfare of foreigners and four more are on their way, according to an announcement by Secretary of the Navy Meyer. The supply ship Supply is due to arrive at Shanghai soon and the monitor Montrey, cruiser Saratoga, and gunboat Quiros are now en route for Chinese waters from the Philippines.

The employes liability and workmen's compensation commission bill was sharply criticised by A. B. Garretson, president of the order of railway conductors, at a meeting of the commission. Mr. Garetson took especial exception to the compulsory feature of the bill, saying that with a small maximum payment for injury, and a comparatively brief time of payment, the employe would desire the privilege of a choice.

General.

President Taft was the principal speaker at the dedication of the Lincoln temple at Hodgenville, Ky.

Denial was made by the German chancellor of a backdown to France in the Moroccan controversy.

Postal savings banks will be established on December 4 at Benkelman, Rush, St. Edward and Wood River, Neb.

Moses Felton, a farmer living near Callao, Mo., was shot and killed by his wife, who said she acted in self defense.

Eight are dead, two others will die and a number of persons are injured as a result of a tornado in southern Wisconsin.

Preliminary plans for the formation of a $5,000,000 corporation to merge ten of the largest flouring mills in Kansas were laid in Kansas City, Mo.

At Toledo, O., Charles S. Kline, 40 years old, shot his wife twice, then turned the revolver upon himself, sending a bullet through his brain, dying shortly afterword. His wife is fatally injured.

Regarding the report that he had been formally offered the presidency of Princton university, Dr. J. M. T. Finney of the surgical staff of Johns Hopkins hospital said that it was simply a matter of making up his mind what to do.

The British Columbia herring output this year is valued at $2,000,000. The fish are salted, and most of them sold in Japan and China.

John W. Dudley attempted to walk to the Larivee farm, seven miles west of Grand Forks and was frozen to death. His body was found on the prarie.

The sum of $885,000 was found available for the purposes of church extension and home missions of the Methodist Episcopal church by the board in session at Denver.

A clearing house for school children is the latest idea of the London county council's educational committee. The object of the proposed new institution is to have local care committees, all connected with a clearing house, look after graduating children and place them in suitable occupations.

With expressions of sorrow and regret upon their faces, a large crowd of men at Leavenworth, Kansas, witnessed the destruction by the sheriff of a thousand bottles of beer, 300 jugs and 500 bottles of whisky and a quantity of other intoxicating liquors.

Fifty thousand dollars worth of gold nuggets will be a part of the Alaskan exhibit at the northwestern land products show at St. Paul.

The statement of the copper producers' association for October shows a decrease in stocks on hand of almost 5,900,000 pounds compared with the previous month.

Governor Osborn of Michigan in an interview said he hoped the women of the United States would succeed within ten years in accomplishing woman suffrage in every state. He said sentiment in favor of it is increasing in Michigan.

Two-thirds of the city of Hankow, China, has been burned, with a loss of fifty million dollars.

The country is not committed to any party for next year. Next year's victory is yet to be earned.

The president has returned to Washington, and will now get busy in writing his annual message.

It was testified at Washington that a man over forty need not apply for a job with the railroads.

Ben Craven, released from the Missouri penitentiary, is charged with two murders in Oklahoma.

The funeral of Norman J. Coleman, first United States secretary of agriculture, was held at St. Louis.

Congressman-elect Stephens of the Third Nebraska district will leave for Washington December 20th.

Unfilled orders on the books of the United States Steel corporation on October 31 were 31,694,328 tons.

Tahan, an educated Kiowa Indian, finds much to condemn in the national administration of Indian affairs.

Directors of the American Cotton Oil company passed the semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock.

The American chamber of commerce gave a reception in honor of the American ambassador, W. W. Rockhill at Constantinople.

New York's streets have become so littered with piles of garbage as the result of the street cleaners' strike, that Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards will begin the use of disinfectants.

Minister of Labor Crothers of Canada instructed Judge Laurentian of Montreal to resume the inquiry into the charge that the American Shoe Machinery company is a combination in restraint of trade.

A pension for the 15,000 employes of Armour & Co., based on a gift of $1,000,000 from J. Ogden Armour, president of the packing company was announced. The pension system becomes operative November 1.

In the twenty-three legal business days which have elapsed since the registration of women was begun in preparation for the city election at Los Angeles, Cal., December 5, 66,527 women have qualified as voters.

At Grafton, N. D., Rev. J. E. Offstedahl, prominently identified with the northwestern bodies of the United Lutheran Church of America, committed suicide by jumping into an abandoned well. Despondency because of ill health was the cause.

Maine retains constitutional prohibition. Governor Plaisted and his council decided to accept the corrections in the vote of four towns, cast in the special election in September, thus reversing the result as indicated on the face of the first official returns.

The method of choosing directors and the preponderance of banking representation in the proposed Aldrich currency plan were criticised by Prof. E. W. Kemmerer of Cornell university in opening a session on currency and baking reform of the Western Economic society.

All records for shipments to the United States assay office at Deadwood from the mines of the Black Hills district for July, August, September and October have been broken, six and a quarter tons of gold bullion having been sent to the mint at Denver. The total valuation was a little more than $2,750,000.

Immigration through the port of New York has shown a falling off. In the annual report of Commissioner of Immigration William Mills, for the year ending June 30, 1911, it is stated that during the period 149,642 aliens came into the country as compared with 786,094 the previous year.

Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau, thinks an aviator might cross the Atlantic if he could take his airship up six miles and remain at that level at least two days. At that height there is said to be a placid ether level, free from the conflicting storms and currents which swirl below.

William Barnes, jr., chairman of the New York state republican committee, must produce the books of the Journal company of Albany, of which he is president, before the senate committee which is investigating Albany city and county affairs and answer certain questions concerning his acquisition of stock in the J. B. Lyon company, within eight days, according to a decision by Supreme Court Justice Jos. A. Kellogg, of Glenns Falls.

In order to free the postal rates of a stringent feature in regard to second class mail matter, Postmaster General Hitchcook has issued an order granting a full year as the period in which publications, entitled to the second class privilege but on which subscriptions have expired, will be accepted as second class postal rates.

Personal.

President Taft visited the battlefield of Chickamauga.

Ten Chicago packers have been placed on trial.

A new and untried man is to be Balfour's successor in commons.

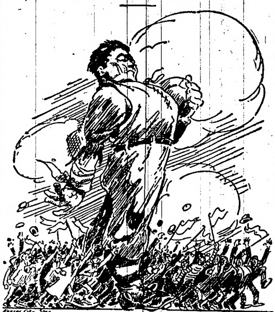
Congress will resume business at the old stand the first Monday in December.

Yuan Shi Kai has consented to go to Peking, but will not accept the Chinese premiership.

Aviator Rodgers, after crossing the continent in an aeroplane, had a bad fall at Los Angeles.

Mrs. Leona M. Wells, assistant clerk of the senate committee of appropriations, is the highest paid woman employe of the United States. Her salary is $4,500 per year.

AFTER THE VICTORY



STRIPES FOR BIG TRUST MAGNATES

BILL TO BE INTRODUCED INTO HOUSE BY REPRESENTATIVE HENRY OF TEXAS.

STRENGTHENS THE SHERMAN LAW

Solon Declares Measure Legislates Supreme Court's "Rule of Reason" Out of Existence.

Washington, Nov. 16.—"Felon's stripes" as a punishment for "trust criminals" in the United States to end "commercial piracy under benevolent 'rules of reason'" are proposed in a bill amending the Sherman anti-trust law drafted by Representative Henry of Texas to be introduced in the house upon the opening of congress next month. Its introduction probably will mean its passage in the house. The bill specifically defines just what constitutes a trust, legislates from the present statute the "rule of reason" as interpreted by the supreme court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco decisions and provides as punishment for violation of the law imprisonment from two to ten years in the penitentiary. It will be referred to the judiciary committee.

Representative Henry, who has been conferring with Representative Clayton of Alabama, chairman of the committee, and other Democratic leaders, completed the draft of the proposed changes in the much discussed statute. Representative Henry declared that actual imprisonment of great industrial offenders was essential to a cure for the trust evil, and that a law, to be rigid, must of necessity define a trust to leave no room for controversy.

"My bill," said Mr Henry, "nullifies the alterations written into the Sherman act by the unwarranted and purely legislative decision of the supreme court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco trust cases last spring. That is, the bill legislates the 'rule of reason' out of the law, and it defines specifically what a trust is. It makes the violation of this law a felony with imprisonment for not less than two years, nor more than ten years.

"Fines and dissolution seem to be child's play for the trust magnates. Felon's stripes, where the violation is knowingly or wilfully done, will prove a potential remedy for these flagrant acts of commercial outlaws."

Democratic leaders will confer on the bill as soon as the members assemble late this month, and it is their purpose to make the bill one of the foremost on the legislative program for the regular session.

Minneapolis Postoffice Contract.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—H. N. Leighton & Co. have been awarded the contract for the construction of the new postoffice in this city. The company's bid was $565,537. Mr. Leighton said that he expected to commence work as soon as he received official notice from the treasury department that his bid had been accepted. Specifications for the postoffice, said Mr. Leighton, calls for a building to be constructed of gray granite. It will require about two years to finish the structure.

County Employes Are Killed.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 16.—For two deaths resulting from an accident an hour after the supreme court handed down a decision affirming the constitutionality of the workmen's compensation act, La Crosse county is liable for $3,000 damages in each case. The two men were killed at the country farm school while making repairs, in the employ of the county. The new law makes all official bodies responsible for injuries to workmen without the optional provision made in the case of corporations.

BEATTIE MUST DIE NOV. 24

GOVERNOR MAN[illegible]FUSES TO INTERFE[illegible]

Fake Affidavit of [illegible] Beattie Fails to Influence [illegible]utive.

Richmond, Nov[illegible]—Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., will [illegible] the electric chair, on Nov. 2[illegible] the murder of his young wife, [illegible] Owen Beattie. The next to the [illegible]hapter in the sensational mur[illegible] was enacted when Governor [illegible] refused to interfere.

"I believe Be[illegible] the cruel and mal[illegible]der of his young wife," [illegible]nor Mann in his decision, [illegible] dwelt upon the fact tha[illegible]son, in the trial [illegible] Chester[illegible] the prisoner every advant[illegible]lings.

"I follow[illegible] the trial and, as it[illegible]re developed, [illegible] so cruel and malicious should have occurred within the confines of this state. In the decision of every question which was presented to the able and impartial judge who presided at the trial, he was careful to give the benefit of every reasonable doubt to the prisoner; his instructions were as favorable as the counsel for the prisoner could have expected; that he did not err in the admission or exclusion of evidence, or in his instructions given to the jury, is shown in the refusal of the supreme court of appeals to grant a writ of error.

Affidavits Not Sufficient.

"In the administration of my office, I am required to see that the criminal laws are executed unless there shall be some facts or circumstances arising since the action of the court, or some important evidence existing but not presented to the court, tending to create in the mind of a reasonable man a substantial doubt as to the guilt of the prisoner. I do not think the affidavits of Paul Beattie, printed in the papers, or any other evidence or consideration brought to my attention, sufficient for that purpose.

"Nor do I question the wisdom, I might add, of the necessity of capital punishment in cases where human life has been wickedly and deliberately taken.

PICKERING IS WITHDRAWN.

Minnesota Captain Will Not Play Against Wisconsin.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Captain Earle Pickering will not play in Saturday's game against Wisconsin. Minnesota's committee on eligibility met and after long deliberation issued a statement withdrawing Pickering from the game and making counter charges of professionalism against four of the Wisconsin players, Moll, Mackmiller, Tandberg and Hoeffel. The game may be called off.

CHRIST WON'T COME TO ZION.

If He Is Compelled to Walk On Cement Sidewalk.

Zion City, Ill., Nov. 16. — Rupert Devereux, a member of the old Dowie faction in Zion City, filed a petition with the Zion City board of aldermen objecting to the proposed construction of cement sidewalks here on the ground that Christ never walked on cement and therefore would avoid Zion City on the Savior's approaching second coming to earth."

Oil Plans Made Public.

New York, Nov. 16.—Plans for the distribution of stock of the thirty-four subsidiary companies of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey to conform with the mandate of the United States supreme court were made public.

Big Day for Iowa Doctors.

Washington, Ia., Nov. 16.—One of the biggest and best meetings ever held by the Southeastern Iowa District Medical [illegible] in the Commercial [illegible]

SANITARY DAIRY METHOD

CREAMERY MEN ATTEND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Farmers Shown Proper Handling of Milk and Care of Milch Cows.

The proper care of milk in the dairies, and the most sanitary methods of handling it in the creameries will be emphasized in the short course for dairymen and creamery men at the state agricultural college, which begins this week, acording to Professor T. L. Haecker, who has charge of the course. Most of the students in this course are the young men who are engaged in the management of creameries throughout the state.

"We aim to educate these young creamery managers so they will not only be able to take good care of the milk and cream, but so they may be in a position to instruct the farmers in the proper care of cows. The students who have taken up the work here in previous years have been very successfull in this capacity in their respective communities.

"The course which we offer only lasts about five weeks, and is too short to allow the students to master the bacteria testing process. We feel that it is more important to impress them with the value of pure milk. They are given a lecture course, dealing with bacteria, in which lantern slides are used, showing the effects of carelessness and unscientific methods in handling the dairy products. They have to leave the testing of the milk for bacteria to experts, but we can train them to test for butter fat, to determine whether any cream has been taken from the milk and to tell if it has been diluted in any way.

Instructed In Diseases.

"The veterinary department offers a course instructing the students in the more common diseases of cattle, and they are taught the scientific methods of selecting and feeding. This work is intended to make the creamery men helpful to the farmers of communities who have not had a chance to study scientific dairying.

"They are instructed in heating, plumbing and ventilating creameries by the engineering department. Most of the instruction is given by graduates of this same course who are now employed as creamery inspectors throughout the state.

"Minnesota has taken the first prize in butter making eight times out of ten in the 20 years that the biennial butter show has been going on, and one of the times they lost, the prize went to one of our graduates. In my opinion, this is because of the course in creamery management, which tends to produce better and purer dairy products all over the state."

WEDDING FOLLOWS ELOPEMENT.

Sauk Center Father Has Lover Arrested, But Repents In Court.

Sauk Center. — In municipal court Barbara Ebensteiner, daughter of Joe Ebensteiner of this city, was married. The wedding was the sequel of an elopement. The girl is 16 years old and eloped with John Tew of Sisseton, S. D., Friday, going to Morris, where Tew was arrested on a warrant sworn out by the girl's father, charging the abduction of a minor. Ebensteiner's wife some months ago went to Sisseton. She took Barbara with her. There the girl met Tew and the two fell in love. It was the mother's wish that they marry. Mrs. Ebensteiner died and Barbara returned to Sauk Center and has been here since with her father. The latter opposed the marriage. The elopement resulted. Matters were explained in court, the charge dismissed, the case withdrawn, a marriage license obtained and Judge Dean married the pair. They left for Sisseton, where they will live.

FOSSTON MAN FROZEN.

Wanders in the Cold After Taking Daughter to Train.

Crookston.—Ole Halverson, aged 66, was found frozen stiff a half mile from Fosston. He had been missing since he walked with his daughter to Fosston, but a mile distant. The daughter, Mrs. K. K. Austin, took the train for her home at Thief River Falls, and the old gentleman at first was thought to have accompanied her. Inquiry showed he had not done so, and a search revealed his body.

DISSIPATION ENDS IN SUICIDE.

Man's Body Found Hanging From Tree at Cloquet.

Cloquet.—Men traveling through the woods northeast of Cloquet, near the boom house, found the body of Victor Lund hanging from the limb of a tree. He had probably been dead for several days. He had spent the last few weeks in dissipation and had lately been subject to fits of despondency.

THINK VICTIM WAS "DOPED."

Choral Found In Stomach of Man Killed at East Grand Forks.

East Grand Forks.—Thirty grains of chloral hydrate were found in the stomach of Ole Kjornoe of Ronseby, the East Grand Forks murder victim. This gives authorities a new lead and shows that Kjornoe had been given "knockout drops" before he received the blows on the head which were [illegible] to have [illegible]

KOOCHICHING SALE.

8,575 Acres Sold to Farmers and Minneapolis and St. Paul Investors.

International Falls.—The best sale of state land in Koochiching county was held by State Auditor Iverson and Sales Manager Nelson. About three hundred persons attended. Mr. Iverson outlined the policy which has been followed by the state for fifty years in the sale of its land and timber and showed that ultimately a fund of $200,000,000 would be held in trust for the benefit of the schools because of this wise policy. He also spoke of the interest that is being taken by the state in its vast properties in the northern counties and prophesied for this and adjoining counties rapid development.

He also said that when the legislature met he believed generous appropriations would be made for drainage in this county. He read a letter from the Commercial club of International Falls asking that school section 16 in township 70, range 24, be withdrawn from the market and that the new farm experimental school that had been suggested for this county be located on this section. Mr. Iverson said it would give him pleasure to withdraw this section and he was pleased to know that the Commercial club was taking such a lively interest in this important matter,

The sale then began and was carried on with lively interest until about 8,575 acres had been sold. Much of the land was sold to settlers around Big Falls. The land drained by the state ditch dug by Elzy & Son of St. Paul, two years ago was in strong demand. Before the digging of this ditch this vast area of state land was an impassable swamp; now it is so dry and solid that teams are driven across it.

Practicaly all of the land sold yesterday went into the hands of either actual settlers or to those who are making plans to clear and cultivate a goodly portion of each tract before offering it for sale to others.

Men from Minneapolis and St. Paul, L. L. Enger, Dr. Dunsmore, Roy S. Brubaker, W. E. Kirkwood and others bought good-sized tracts. There were also some tracts sold to farmers in Michigan. General Manager W. H. Gemmell of the M. & I. railroad, also purchased land for his personal use and some for the railway to experiment with.

This is the last sale of state lands advertised for this county this year, and it is believed that before the sales begin next spring there will be such an increased development that the average sale price will be increased.

AUSTIN TO HAVE TAG DAY.

Will Raise a Fund for Maintenance of Nurse on Saturday.

Austin.—Austin women are responding enthusiastically to the support of a visiting nurse. The plan has passed the experimental stage, Miss Lowry having been employed here in that capacity several months. The fund that supported the work has been exhausted, and now to further the plan a tag day will be instituted—Saturday, Nov. 18. The joint chairmanship has been assumed by Mrs. S. D. Catherwood, Mrs. Arthur W. Wright, Mrs. Roy Holmes and Mrs. C. A. Negge. Under their direction the city will be divided into small sections and canvassed by other efficient chairman. Five thousand tags have been made ready. Three years ago a tag day was launched here, the fund gathered at that time providing a finely equipped ambulance.

FOR CLOSER UNION OF SCHOOLS

Chapman, Norsen and Others Hold Series of Meetings.

Sauk Center.—With County Superintendent W. A. Boerger presiding at the meetings, the school board has just completed a series of meetings in five districts. The object was to discuss association of schools. Consolidation is not sought, as it is not desired to close the districts schools, but merely to have the students who have completed the grade work in the rural schools made eligible for admission to the departmental work in the Sauk Center school, which has an agricultural department under the Putnam law. Professor Norsen of the Sauk Center agricultural department and Superintendent Aygarn of Sauk Center took part in the meetings.

TUCK'S HEALTH FAILS.

School for the Deaf Instructor Granted Leave of Absence.

Faribault.—Professor C. L. Tuck of the school for the deaf has been granted leave of absence owing to impaired health. He will fo to Niles, Mich., for a rest. He has just completed his thirtieth year as a teacher in the school. During this period he has never lost a day from the schoolroom on account of illness.

A change in division went into effect at the school Nov. 11. The squad of farm boys seven in number, who have been studying agriculture under Professor Sanford, have gone back to shop work and another squad has taken their place in the agricultural division.

ANOTHER DEER HUNTER KILLED.

Cloquet Man Shot to Death in Father's Presence.

Duluth. — Salen, aged twenty-one years, son of August Gustafson of Cloquet, was accidentally killed while hunting near Saginaw. He was hunting with his father at the time of the tragedy. Salen was standing on a stump overlooking a clearing and allowed his gun to hang down below his [illegible]

MOTHER MAY RECOVER HOME

BUT LEGISLATIVE ACTION WILL BE NECESSARY.

Wisconsin Woman Surrendered Dwelling as Bail for Burglar Boy Who Fled.

Milwaukee, Nov. 16.—The machinery of the state legislature must be set in motion in order that the home of Mrs. Mary Brown, a charwoman, working in the Northwestern depot, may be saved, after she surrenders it to procure liberty for her burglar son. Joseph Brown robbed the University club while working as a waiter. He was arrested and confessed. When bail was fixed at $1,000, the mother mortgaged her home and appeared ta the jail with the money. Brown was released, disappeared and after a year the bail was declared forfeited.

After being a fugitive two years, Brown heard through a friend, that the mortgage was due and his mother was to be turned out of her home. He sent word to the sheriff that he was coming back and asked him to see that the mortgage was paid. He walked into the sheriff's office a few days later and gave himself up. He went into court, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in the house of correction, which is situated a few blocks from his mother's home.

The court ordered the return of the bail money, but the county clerk had remitted it to the state a year ago. District Attorney Zabel and Brown's lawyer volunteered to get the money and sent the records in the case to Attorney Bancroft. An opinion was received from that official that the state cannot return the money and that an act of the legislature is necessary.

A bill is being prepared by the district attorney, and with the mortgage extended to cover the period of waiting, the mother will wait in her home for the release of her son. Brown is 22, and a young woman who was accused of aiding in the robbery and was later exonerated, will stand by him also.

SIENKIEWICZ IS INJURED.

Polish Author Shot While On Hunting Trip.

Vienna, Nov. 16.—Word from Lemberg says that Henry Sienkiewicz, author of "Quo Vadis," was shot while hunting pheasants. The shooting was done by a companion, who aimed at a pheasant. Some of the shot lodged in the novelist's forehead near the left eye, and his knee also was injured. He was taken to a hospital in Warsaw.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Wheat, December, $1.04; May, $1.08⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.05⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.03⅜; No. 1 durum, $1.00; No. 3 corn, 73c; No. 2 white oats, 46½c; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 87c; No. 1 flax, $2.02.

Duluth, Nov. 16.—Wheat, December, $1.03½; May, $1.07⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 1 durum, $1.01.

South St. Paul, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Steers, $3.25@3.75; cows, $3.15@4.00; calves, $3.00@6.50; hogs, $5.75@6.30; sheep and lambs, $3.00@5.25.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 31,000; market generally 10@15c lower; beeves, $4.60@9.10; steers, $4@5.80; western steers, $4.35@7.30; stockers and feeders, $3@5.70; cows and heifers, $2@5.85; calves, $5.50@8.25. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 32,000; market 5@10c higher; light, $5.85@6.50; mixed, $6@$6.60; heavy, 6@6.65; rough, 6@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.65; pigs, $4@5.50; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.55. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 42,000; market 10@15c lower; native, $2.50@3.80; western, $2.65@3.80; yearlings, $3.75@4.70; lambs, native, $3.75@6; western, $3.75@5.90.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—In view of statements showing the export surplus in the United States to be 53,000,000 bushels less than at the corresponding time a year ago, the wheat market today gave evidence of decided strength. In addition signs pointed to smaller receipts both at winter wheat centers and in the Northwest.

Light arrivals at Liverpool and predictions of rainy weather adverse to harvesting in the northern portion of Argentine helped add to bullish sentiment. The opening was ⅛ to ⅛@¼c higher. May started at $1.00⅛ to $1.00¼, a gain of ⅛@¼ to ⅜, but later reacted to 99⅞c.

The market soon rallied owing to rains in Argentine. The close, however, was easy with May at 99⅞c@$1.00, a gain of ⅛c net.

Meager stocks and small receipts made corn firm. Furthermore cables were against the bears. May opened a shade to ⅛c up at 65@65⅛ to 65¼c, and afterward slipped back to 64⅞@65⅛c.

Profit taking held prices down. The close was weak at 64⅞c, a net loss of ⅛c.

Realizing sales eased oats. The market on the whole, however, was fairly steady. December started a sixteenth to ⅛@⅛c higher at 50⅛ to 50⅜c and then receded to 49⅞@50c.

Provisions advanced all around on disappointing receipts of hogs today and a disappointing count of yesterday's arrivals. Both proved less than expected. Initial sales were 2½@5 to 10c higher with May delivery $16.67½ for pork; $9.52½ for lard and $8.00 for

Maine Blown Up From the Outside.

Havana, Nov. 16.—Exploration of the bottom of the Maine about 140 feet aft of the bow revealed a plate identified as forming a portion of the outer hull of the ship on the port side near the keel and under the magazines, as having been blown inward, the upper part being folded inward. This apparently could result only from external pressure. The engineer in charge and the other officers are maintaining reticence but the discovery [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1911. NUMBER 19.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AL Hanson c-o State Capitol

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Monsignor Diomede Falconio bade farewell to the capital, where for nine years he has represented the pope. He left for New York from where he will sail on the steamer Kron Princess Cecilie for Rome to be raised formally to the rank of cardinal.

Misconstruction of the appeal made by Turkey to the American government for intervention of Tripoli resulted in the issuing of a statement by [illegible] Sia Pasha, the Turkish ambassador, declaring that Turkey had not asked that the United States should act as a mediator to end the Turko-Italian war.

The state department is considering what course to pursue if the United States government shall be called on by other powers to furnish a military force to aid in maintaining communication between the Chinese capital and the seaport of Tien Tsin. There is no formal obligation on the United States in this matter.

There are fifteen American vessels now in Chinese waters looking after the welfare of foreigners and four more are on their way, according to an announcement by Secretary of the Navy Meyer. The supply ship Supply is due to arrive at Shanghai soon and the monitor Montrey, cruiser Saratoga, and gunboat Quiros are now en route for Chinese waters from the Philippines.

The employes liability and workmen's compensation commission bill was sharply criticised by A. B. Garretson, president of the order of railway conductors, at a meeting of the commission. Mr. Garetson took especial exception to the compulsory feature of the bill, saying that with a small maximum payment for injury, and a comparatively brief time of payment, the employe would desire the privilege of a choice.

General.

President Taft was the principal speaker at the dedication of the Lincoln temple at Hodgenville, Ky.

Denial was made by the German chancellor of a backdown to France in the Moroccan controversy.

Postal savings banks will be established on December 4 at Benkelman, Rush, St. Edward and Wood River, Neb.

Moses Felton, a farmer living near Callao, Mo., was shot and killed by his wife, who said she acted in self defense.

Eight are dead, two others will die and a number of persons are injured as a result of a tornado in southern Wisconsin.

Preliminary plans for the formation of a $5,000,000 corporation to merge ten of the largest flouring mills in Kansas were laid in Kansas City, Mo.

At Toledo, O., Charles S. Kline, 40 years old, shot his wife twice, then turned the revolver upon himself, sending a bullet through his brain, dying shortly afterword. His wife is fatally injured.

Regarding the report that he had been formally offered the presidency of Princeton university, Dr. J. M. T. Finney of the surgical staff of Johns Hopkins hospital said that it was simply a matter of making up his mind what to do.

The British Columbia herring output this year is valued at $2,000,000. The fish are salted, and most of them sold in Japan and China.

John W. Dudley attempted to walk to the Larivee farm, seven miles west of Grand Forks and was frozen to death. His body was found on the prarie.

The sum of $885,000 was found available for the purposes of church extension and home missions of the Methodist Episcopal church by the board in session at Denver.

A clearing house for school children is the latest idea of the London county council's educational committee. The object of the proposed new institution is to have local care committees, all connected with a clearing house, look after graduating children and place them in suitable occupations.

With expressions of sorrow and regret upon their faces, a large crowd of men at Leavenworth, Kansas, witnessed the destruction by the sheriff of a thousand bottles of beer, 300 jugs and 500 bottles of whisky and a quantity of other intoxicating liquors.

Fifty thousand dollars worth of gold nuggets will be a part of the Alaskan exhibit at the northwestern land products show at St. Paul.

The statement of the copper producers' association for October shows a decrease in stocks on hand of almost 5,900,000 pounds compared with the previous month.

Governor Osborn of Michigan in an interview said he hoped the women of the United States would succeed within ten years in accomplishing woman suffrage in every state. He said sentiment in favor of it is increasing in Michigan.

Two-thirds of the city of Hankow, China, has been burned, with a loss of fifty million dollars.

The country is not committed to any party for next year. Next year's victory is yet to be earned.

The president has returned to Washington, and will now get busy in writing his annual message.

It was testified at Washington that a man over forty need not apply for a job with the railroads.

Ben Craven, released from the Missouri penitentiary, is charged with two murders in Oklahoma.

The funeral of Norman J. Coleman, first United States secretary of agriculture, was held at St. Louis.

Congressman-elect Stephens of the Third Nebraska district will leave for Washington December 20th.

Unfilled orders on the books of the United States Steel corporation on October 31 were 31,694,328 tons.

Tahan, an educated Kiowa Indian, finds much to condemn in the national administration of Indian affairs.

Directors of the American Cotton Oil company passed the semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock.

The American chamber of commerce gave a reception in honor of the American ambassador, W. W. Rockhill at Constantinople.

New York's streets have become so littered with piles of garbage as the result of the street cleaners' strike, that Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards will begin the use of disinfectants.

Minister of Labor Crothers of Canada instructed Judge Laurentian of Montreal to resume the inquiry into the charge that the American Shoe Machinery company is a combination in restraint of trade.

A pension for the 15,000 employes of Armour & Co., based on a gift of $1,000,000 from J. Ogden Armour, president of the packing company was announced. The pension system becomes operative November 1.

In the twenty-three legal business days which have elapsed since the registration of women was begun in preparation for the city election at Los Angeles, Cal., December 5, 66,527 women have qualified as voters.

At Grafton, N. D., Rev. J. E. Offstedahl, prominently identified with the northwestern bodies of the United Lutheran Church of America, committed suicide by jumping into an abandoned well. Despondency because of ill health was the cause.

Maine retains constitutional prohibition. Governor Plaisted and his council decided to accept the corrections in the vote of four towns, cast in the special election in September, thus reversing the result as indicated on the face of the first official returns.

The method of choosing directors and the preponderance of banking representation in the proposed Aldrich currency plan were criticised by Prof. E. W. Kemmerer of Cornell university in opening a session on currency and baking reform of the Western Economic society.

All records for shipments to the United States assay office at Deadwood from the mines of the Black Hills district for July, August, September and October have been broken, six and a quarter tons of gold bullion having been sent to the mint at Denver. The total valuation was a little more than $2,750,000.

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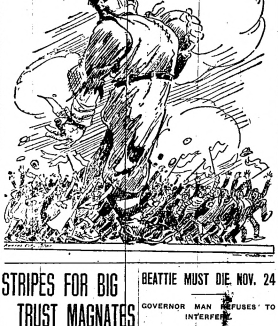
Mrs. Leona M. Wells, assistant clerk of the senate committee of appropriations, is the highest paid woman employe of the United States. Her salary is $4,500 per year.

AFTER THE VICTORY



STRIPES FOR BIG TRUST MAGNATES

BILL TO BE INTRODUCED INTO HOUSE BY REPRESENTATIVE HENRY OF TEXAS.

STRENGTHENS THE SHERMAN LAW

Solon Declares Measure Legislates Supreme Court's "Rule of Reason" Out of Existence.

Washington, Nov. 16.—"Felon's stripes" as a punishment for "trust criminals" in the United States to end "commercial piracy under benevolent 'rules of reason'" are proposed in a bill amending the Sherman anti-trust law drafted by Representative Henry of Texas to be introduced in the house upon the opening of congress next month. Its introduction probably will mean its passage in the house. The bill specifically defines just what constitutes a trust, legislates from the present statute the "rule of reason" as interpreted by the supreme court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco decisions and provides as punishment for violation of the law imprisonment from two to ten years in the penitentiary. It will be referred to the judiciary committee.

Representative Henry, who has been conferring with Representative Clayton of Alabama, chairman of the committee, and other Democratic leaders, completed the draft of the proposed changes in the much discussed statute. Representative Henry declared that actual imprisonment of great industrial offenders was essential to a cure for the trust evil, and that a law, to be rigid, must of necessity define a trust to leave no room for controversy.

"My bill," said Mr Henry, "nullifies the alterations written into the Sherman act by the unwarranted and purely legislative decision of the supreme court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco trust cases last spring. That is, the bill legislates 'the 'rule of reason' out of the law, and it defines specifically what a trust is. It makes the violation of this law a felony with imprisonment for not less than two years, nor more than ten years.

"Fines and dissolution seem to be child's play for the trust magnates. Felon's stripes, where the violation is knowingly or wilfully done, will prove a potential remedy for these flagrant acts of commercial outlaws."

Democratic leaders will confer on the bill as soon as the members assemble late this month, and it is their purpose to make the bill one of the foremost on the legislative program for the regular session.

BEATTIE MUST DIE NOV. 24

GOVERNOR MAN REFUSES TO INTERFERE.

Fake Affidavit of Paul Beattie Fails to Influence Executive.

Richmond, Nov. 16.—Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., will die in the electric chair, on Nov. 24, for the murder of his young wife, Louise Owen Beattie. The next to the last chapter in the sensational murder case was enacted when Governor Mann refused to interfere.

"I believe Beattie is guilty of the cruel and malicious murder of his young wife," said Governor Mann in his decision, in which he dwelt upon the fact that Judge Watson, in the trial at Chesterfield, gave the prisoner every advantage in all his rulings.

"I followed the testimony during the trial and, as its details were developed, regretted that a crime so cruel and malicious should have occurred within the confines of this state. In the decision of every question which was presented to the able and impartial judge who presided at the trial, he was careful to give the benefit of every reasonable doubt to the prisoner; his instructions were as favorable as the counsel for the prisoner could have expected; that he did not err in the admission or exclusion of evidence, or in his instructions given to the jury, is shown in the refusal of the supreme court of appeals to grant a writ of error.

Affidavits Not Sufficient.

"In the administration of my office, I am required to see that the criminal laws are executed unless there shall be some facts or circumstances arising since the action of the court, or some important evidence existing but not presented to the court, tending to create in the mind of a reasonable man a substantial doubt as to the guilt of the prisoner. I do not think the affidavits of Paul Beattie, printed in the papers, or any other evidence or consideration brought to my attention, sufficient for that purpose.

"Nor do I question the wisdom, I might add, of the necessity of capital punishment in cases where human life has been wickedly and deliberately taken."

PICKERING IS WITHDRAWN.

Minnesota Captain Will Not Play Against Wisconsin.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Captain Earle Pickering will not play in Saturday's game against Wisconsin. Minnesota's committee on eligibility met and after long deliberation issued a statement withdrawing Pickering from the game and making counter charges of professionalism against four of the Wisconsin players, Moll, Mackmiller, Tandberg and Hoeffel. The game may be called off.

CHRIST WON'T COME TO ZION.

If He Is Compelled to Walk On Cement Sidewalk.

Zion City, Ill., Nov. 16. — Rupert Devereux, a member of the old Dowie faction in Zion City, filed a petition with the Zion City board of aldermen objecting to the proposed construction of cement sidewalks here on the ground that Christ never walked on cement and therefore "would avoid Zion City on the Savior's approaching second coming to earth."

Oil Plans Made Public.

New York, Nov. 16.—Plans for the distribution of stock of the thirty-four subsidiary companies of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey to conform with the mandate of the United States supreme court were made public.

Big Day for Iowa Doctors.

Washington, Ia., Nov. 16.—One of the biggest and best meetings ever held by the Southeastern Iowa District Medical society opened in the Commercial club this morning.

Minneapolis Postoffice Contract.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—H. N. Leighton & Co. have been awarded the contract for the construction of the new postoffice in this city. The company's bid was $565,537. Mr. Leighton said that he expected to commence work as soon as he received official notice from the treasury department that his bid had been accepted. Specifications for the postoffice, said Mr. Leighton, calls for a building to be constructed of gray granite. It will require about two years to finish the structure.

County Employes Are Killed.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 16.—For two deaths resulting from an accident an hour after the supreme court handed down a decision affirming the constitutionality of the workmen's compensation act, La Crosse county is liable for $3,000 damages in each case. The two men were killed at the country farm school while making repairs, in the employ of the county. The new law makes all official bodies responsible for injuries to workmen without the optional provision made in the case of corporations.

SANITARY DAIRY METHOD

CREAMERY MEN ATTEND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Farmers Shown Proper Handling of Milk and Care of Milch Cows.

The proper care of milk in the dairies, and the most sanitary methods of handling it in the creameries will be emphasized in the short course for dairymen and creamery men at the state agricultural college, which begins this week, acording to Professor T. L. Haecker, who has charge of the course. Most of the students in this course are the young men who are engaged in the management of creameries throughout the state.

"We aim to educate these young creamery managers so they will not only be able to take good care of the milk and cream, but so they may be in a position to instruct the farmers in the proper care of cows. The students who have taken up the work here in previous years have been very successfull in this capacity in their respective communities.

"The course which we offer only lasts about five weeks, and is too short to allow the students to master the bacteria testing process. We feel that it is more important to impress them with the value of pure milk. They are given a lecture course, dealing with bacteria, in which lantern slides are used, showing the effects of carelessness and unscientific methods in handling the dairy products. They have to leave the testing of the milk for bacteria to experts, but we can train them to test for butter fat, to determine whether any cream has been taken from the milk and to tell if it has been diluted in any way.

Instructed In Diseases.

"The veterinary department offers a course instructing the students in the more common diseases of cattle, and they are taught the scientific methods of selecting and feeding. This work is intended to make the creamery men helpful to the farmers of communities who have not had a chance to study scientific dairying.

"They are instructed in heating, plumbing and ventilating creameries by the engineering department. Most of the instruction is given by graduates of this same course who are now employed as creamery inspectors throughout the state.

"Minnesota has taken the first prize in butter making eight times out of ten in the 20 years that the biennial butter show has been going on, and one of the times they lost, the prize went to one of our graduates. In my opinion, this is because of the course in creamery management, which tends to produce better and purer dairy products all over the state."

WEDDING FOLLOWS ELOPEMENT.

Sauk Center Father Has Lover Arrested, But Repents In Court.

Sauk Center. — In municipal court Barbara Ebensteiner, daughter of Joe Ebensteiner of this city, was married. The wedding was the sequel of an elopement. The girl is 16 years old and eloped with John Tew of Sisseton, S. D., Friday, going to Morris, where Tew was arrested on a warrant sworn out by the girl's father, charging the abduction of a minor. Ebensteiner's wife some months ago went to Sisseton. She took Barbara with her. There the girl met Tew and the two fell in love. It was the mother's wish that they marry. Mrs. Ebensteiner died and Barbara returned to Sauk Center and has been here since with her father. The latter opposed the marriage. The elopement resulted. Matters were explained in court, the charge dismissed, the case withdrawn, a marriage license obtained and Judge Dean married the pair. They left for Sisseton, where they will live.

FOSSTON MAN FROZEN.

Wanders In the Cold After Taking Daughter to Train.

Crookston.—Ole Halverson, aged 66, was found frozen stiff a half mile from Fosston. He had been missing since he walked with his daughter to Fosston, but a mile distant. The daughter, Mrs. K. K. Austin, took the train for her home at Thief River Falls, and the old gentleman at first was thought to have accompanied her. Inquiry showed he had not done so, and a search revealed his body.

DISSIPATION ENDS IN SUICIDE.

Man's Body Found Hanging From Tree at Cloquet.

Cloquet.—Men traveling through the woods northeast of Cloquet, near the boom house, found the body of Victor Lund hanging from the limb of a tree. He had probably been dead for several days. He had spent the last few weeks in dissipation and had lately been subject to fits of despondency.

THINK VICTIM WAS "DOPED."

Choral Found In Stomach of Man Killed at East Grand Forks.

East Grand Forks. — Thirty grains of chloral hydrate were found in the stomach of Ole Kjormoe of Ronneby, the East Grand Forks murder victim. This gives authorities a new lead and shows that Kjormoe had been given "knockout" drops before he received the blows on the head, which were at first supposed to have been the cause of death.

KOOCHICHING SALE.

8,575 Acres Sold to Farmers and Minneapolis and St. Paul Investors.

International Falls.—The best sale of state land in Koochiching county was held by State Auditor Iverson and Sales Manager Nelson. About three hundred persons attended. Mr. Iverson outlined the policy which has been followed by the state for fifty years in the sale of its land and timber and showed that ultimately a fund of $200,000,000 would be held in trust for the benefit of the schools because of this wise policy. He also spoke of the interest that is being taken by the state in its vast properties in the northern counties and prophesied for this and adjoining counties rapid development.

He also said that when the legislature met he believed generous appropriations would be made for drainage in this county. He read a letter from the Commercial club of International Falls asking that school section 16 in township 70, range 24, be withdrawn from the market and that the new farm experimental school that had been suggested for this county be located on this section. Mr. Iverson said it would give him pleasure to withdraw this section and he was pleased to know that the Commercial club was taking such a lively interest in this important matter.

The sale then began and was carried on with lively interest until about 8,575 acres had been sold. Much of the land was sold to settlers around Big Falls. The land drained by the state ditch dug by Elzy & Son of St. Paul, two years ago was in strong demand. Before the digging of this ditch this vast area of state land was an impassable swamp; now it is so dry and solid that teams are driven across it.

Practicaly all of the land sold yesterday went into the hands of either actual settlers or to those who are making plans to clear and cultivate a goodly portion of each tract before offering it for sale to others.

Men from Minneapolis and St. Paul, L. L. Enger, Dr. Dunsmore, Roy S. Brubaker, W. E. Kirkwood and others bought good-sized tracts. There were also some tracts sold to farmers in Michigan. General Manager W. H. Gemmell of the M. & I. railroad, also purchased land for his personal use and some for the railway to experiment with.

This is the last sale of state lands advertised for this county this year, and it is believed that before the sales begin next spring there will be such an increased development that the average sale price will be increased.

AUSTIN TO HAVE TAG DAY.

Will Raise a Fund for Maintenance of Nurse on Saturday.

Austin.—Austin women are responding enthusiastically to the support of a visiting nurse. The plan has passed the experimental stage, Miss Lowry having been employed here in that capacity several months. The fund that supported the work has been exhausted, and now to further the plan a tag day will be instituted—Saturday, Nov. 18. The joint chairmanship has been assumed by Mrs. S. D. Catherwood, Mrs. Arthur W. Wright, Mrs. Roy Holmes and Mrs. C. A. Negge. Under their direction the city will be divided into small sections and canvassed by other efficient chairman. Five thousand tags have been made ready. Three years ago a tag day was launched here, the fund gathered at that time providing a finely equipped ambulance.

FOR CLOSER UNION OF SCHOOLS

Chapman, Norsen and Others Hold Series of Meetings.

Sauk Center.—With County Superintendent W. A. Boerger presiding at the meetings, the school board has just completed a series of meetings in five districts. The object was to discuss association of schools. Consolidation is not sought, as it is not desired to close the districts schools, but merely to have the students who have completed the grade work in the rural schools made eligible for admission to the departmental work in the Sauk Center school, which has an agricultural department under the Putnam law. Professor Norsen of the Sauk Center agricultural department and Superintendent Aygarn of Sauk Center took part in the meetings.

TUCK'S HEALTH FAILS.

School for the Deaf Instructor Granted Leave of Absence.

Faribault.—Professor C. L. Tuck of the school for the deaf has been granted leave of absence owing to impaired health. He will fo to Niles, Mich., for a rest. He has just completed his thirtieth year as a teacher in the school. During this period he has never lost a day from the schoolroom on account of illness.

A change in division went into effect at the school Nov. 11. The squad of farm boys seven in number, who have been studying agriculture under Professor Sanford, have gone back to shop work and another squad has taken their place in the agricultural division.

ANOTHER DEER HUNTER KILLED.

Cloquet Man Shot to Death in Father's Presence.

Duluth. — Salen, aged twenty-one years, son of August Gustafson of Cloquet, was accidentally killed while hunting near Saginaw. He was hunting with his father at the time of the tragedy. Salen was standing on a stump overlooking a clearing and allowed his gun to hang down below his feet for a moment and in dragging it up, the hammer caught on a knot and the gun was discharged.

MOTHER MAY RECOVER HOME

BUT LEGISLATIVE ACTION WILL BE NECESSARY.

Wisconsin Woman Surrendered Dwelling as Bail for Burglar Boy Who Fled.

Milwaukee, Nov. 16.—The machinery of the state legislature must be set in motion in order that the home of Mrs. Mary Brown, a charwoman, working in the Northwestern depot, may be saved, after she surrenders it to procure liberty for her burglar son. Joseph Brown robbed the University club while working as a waiter. He was arrested and confessed. When bail was fixed at $1,000, the mother mortgaged her home and appeared to the jail with the money. Brown was released, disappeared and after a year the bail was declared forfeited.

After being a fugitive two years, Brown heard through a friend, that the mortgage was due and his mother was to be turned out of her home. He sent word to the sheriff that he was coming back and asked him to see that the mortgage was paid. He walked into the sheriff's office a few days later and gave himself up. He went into court, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three years in the house of correction, which is situated a few blocks from his mother's home.

The court ordered the return of the bail money, but the county clerk had remitted it to the state a year ago. District Attorney Zabel and Brown's lawyer volunteered to get the money and sent the records in the case to Attorney Bancroft. An opinion was received from that official that the state cannot return the money and that an act of the legislature is necessary.

A bill is being prepared by the district attorney, and with the mortgage extended to cover the period of waiting, the mother will wait in her home for the release of her son. Brown is 22, and a young woman who was accused of aiding in the robbery and was later exonerated, will stand by him also.

SIENKIEWICZ IS INJURED.

Polish Author Shot While On Hunting Trip.

Vienna, Nov. 16.—Word from Lemberg says that Henry Sienkiewicz, author of "Quo Vadis," was shot while hunting pheasants. The shooting was done by a companion, who aimed at a pheasant. Some of the shot lodged in the novelist's forehead near the left eye, and his knee also was injured. He was taken to a hospital in Warsaw.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 16.—Wheat, December, $1.04; May, $1.08⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.05⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.03⅜; No. 1 durum, $1.00; No. 3 corn, 73c; No. 2 white oats, 46½c; barley, malting, $1.18; No. 2 rye, 87c; No. 1 flax, $2.02.

Duluth, Nov. 16.—Wheat, December, $1.03½; May, $1.07⅜; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 1 durum, $1.01.

South St. Paul, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Steers, $3.25@3.75; cows, $3.15@4.00; calves, $3.00@6.50; hogs, $5.75@6.30; sheep and lambs, $3.00@5.25.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 31,000; market generally 10@15c lower; beeves, $4.60@9.10; steers, $4@5.80; western steers, $4.35@7.30; stockers and feeders, $3@5.70; cows and heifers, $2@5.85; calves, $5.50@8.25. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 32,000; market 5@10c higher; light, $5.85@6.50; mixed, $6@$6.60; heavy, 6@6.65; rough, 6@6.25; good to choice heavy, $6.25@6.65; pigs, $4@5.50; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.55. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 42,000; market 10@15c lower; native, $2.50@3.80; western, $2.65@3.80; yearlings, $3.75@4.70; lambs, native, $3.75@6; western, $3.75@5.90.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—In view of statements showing the export surplus in the United States to be 53,000,000 bushels less than at the corresponding time a year ago, the wheat market today gave evidence of decided strength. In addition signs pointed to smaller receipts both at winter wheat centers and in the Northwest.

Light arrivals at Liverpool and predictions of rainy weather adverse to harvesting in the northern portion of Argentine helped add to bullish sentiment. The opening was ⅛ to ⅛@¼c higher. May started at $1.00⅛ to $1.00¼, a gain of ⅛@¼ to ⅜, but later reacted to 99⅞c.

The market soon rallied owing to rains in Argentine. The close, however, was easy with May at 99⅞c@$1.00, a gain of ⅛c net.

Meager stocks and small receipts made corn firm. Furthermore cables were against the bears. May opened a shade to ⅛c up at 65@65⅛ to 65¼c, and afterward slipped back to 64⅞@65⅛c.

Profit taking held prices down. The close was weak at 64⅞c, a net loss of ⅛c.

Realizing sales eased oats. The market on the whole, however, was fairly steady. December started a sixteenth to ⅛@¼c higher at 50⅛ to 50⅜c and then receded to 49⅞@50c.

Provisions advanced all around on disappointing receipts of hogs today and a disappointing count of yesterday's arrivals. Both proved less than expected. Initial sales were 2½@5 to 10c higher with May delivery $16.67½ for pork; $9.52½ for lard and $8.00 for

Maine Blown Up From the Outside.

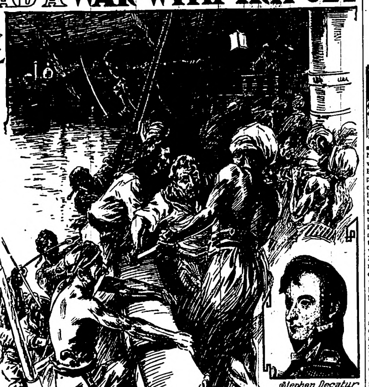
Havana, Nov. 16.—Exploration of the bottom of the Maine about 140 feet aft of the bow revealed a plate identified as forming a portion of the outer hull of the ship on the port side near the keel and under the magazines, as having been blown inward, the upper part being folded inward. This apparently could result only from external pressure. The engineer in charge and the other officers are maintaining reticence but the discovery is strongly confirmatory of the theory of an external explosion.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WHEN WE HAD A WAR WITH TRIPOLI

HOW STEPHEN DECATUR MADE HIS NAME IMMORTAL



Stephen Decatur

WHERE is Tripoli, anyway? What is it good for? Why does Italy want it? Nobody in America ever heard of Tripoli—except in a soon-to-be-forgotten geography lesson, or in the history of—where did Tripoli figure in that stupid old history we studied in the grammar school?

At about this point in the average man's series of mental gymnastics, the light begins to dawn. That scrimmage with Tripoli, he remembers, was recorded in the United States history, along between the chapters that treated of the revolution and those devoted to the war of 1812. One by one the names, Decatur, Preble, Somers, Bainbridge, Hunt, Truxtun, Sterrett, come flocking back into his memory, and a cold thrill of patriotic emotion creeps slowly up his spine. It was something great, something spectacular and heroic, the fine achievement of an infant navy. Slowly out of the mist of forgotten things comes the glorious tragedy of the fireship, "Intrepid"; the thunderous retort of Ambassador Pinckney, "Millions for defense, but not one cent for tribute," and finally the storm-center of the entire war, the American frigate, "Philadelphia."

In the centuries preceding the Christian era it was tossed from Carthage to Rome and back again, with many a lesser nation taking a whack at the oasis-dotted desert, between times. After the Arabs took possession in the seventh century it became the bone of contention among the nations of the eastern end of the Mediterranean, until its final capture by Turks, in the middle of the sixteenth century. However, this present menace is not the first to challenge the authority of Turkey in that turbulent little Barbary state. In 1714 the Turkish yoke was thrown off utterly, and it was not restored until 1835, several years after the extermination of the Barbary pirates, by the combined effort of all the Caucasian nations of the world.

"Barbary pirates," "corsairs of the Mediterranean," "Millions for defense, but not one cent for tribute." At last we have it. That was what it was all about. The bumptious little American nation objected to paying ransoms for her citizens and sailors, who had been captured and enslaved—a thing that Europe had been doing without protest for centuries. Indeed, it was tacitly understood that the pirates of Tunis, Tripoli, Morocco and Algiers were countenanced by the great powers of Europe for the sake of the injury they could do to the weaker powers. England encouraged the piratical attacks on the shipping of other nations, as a part of her system of securing and maintaining her vaunted "supremacy of the sea." The consuls she sent to the Barbary states went with instructions to make only a surface show of opposition to the merciless treatment to which the slaves were subjected. And there was a wonderful roster of those slaves, such men as Arago, the great astronomer; St. Vincent de Paul and even Cervantes, having fallen into the clutches of the pirates. The author of "Don Quixote" probably acquired something of the adventure that was to figure in his later literary works during the five years of his slavery in northern Africa. Coming closer to our own times and interests, the new station of the western hemisphere had not forgotten the indignities that had been heaped upon Dr. Daniel Mason, a Harvard graduate, who died in captivity, when the systematic capture of American brigs and schooners was undertaken by all the Barbary states, following the close of the revolution. With the connivance of England, eleven American vessels were captured within two months, the men being stripped of their clothing, attired in the filthiest of rags and set to work at hard labor. Those that attempted to escape were subjected to the most frightful torture. It was this condition of affairs, no less than the published pamphlet of Lord Sheffield, which announced, in part, "It will not be to the interest of any of the great maritime powers to protect them (the American vessels) from the Barbary states. The Americans cannot protect themselves from the latter; they cannot pretend to a navy," that spurred the ambitious young republic on until she not only pretended to a navy, but had given those same pirates such a drubbing as they had never received at the hands of any European power.

Meanwhile it seemed wisest to dig deep down in the American stocking and produce tremendous sums of money with which to appease the marauders. Under the direction of our greatest statesmen, with the notable exception of Thomas Jefferson, we had concluded treaties of "immunity from piratical capture" with all the Barbary states, the one with Tripoli being most cheaply purchased. It was when that state awoke to a realization that she had received only $56,000, while Tunis had extorted $107,000 as payment for "perpetual peace," that Tripoli forgot all about her treaty and began in earnest the capture and enslavement of Americans. There is a touch of grim humor in the demand of the "bey" of Algiers for 10,000 stands of arms, because a fire in the armory had destroyed 40,000 stands, and he considered it the duty of America to redeem one-fourth of the loss. Ambassador Eaton refused to convey the insulting and altogether preposterous demand to his home government, not only because America had nothing to do with the fire, but because she thought she had purchased immunity from such demands. The insolence of Tripoli was even more irritating to the new-born national pride of the republic, and when, in February, 1801, the pasha repudiated the treaty altogether, demanding a lump sum of a quarter of a million, with $20,000 annually, which was the sum he had extorted from Sweden, there seemed nothing left for the Americans but to fight it out. Our commerce in the Mediterranean was growing at such a pace that we could no longer take the attitude of cringing vassals to a set of unprincipled cutthroats, whose honor was bounded only by their convenience.

When the new tribute was refused the bey of Tripoli cut down the American flag staff and made formal declaration of war, having been duly informed that war was inevitable. Already a little squadron had been assembled in Hampton Roads, consisting of the President, the Essex, the Enterprise and the Philadelphia, the latter a frigate carrying thirty-six guns. These were followed by other war vessels, as fast as the youthful war department could provide them. More than two years went by, with only an occasional engagement, and absolutely no glory, when Commodore Preble was sent to take command. On the last day of October, 1803, a misfortune overtook the American forces that proved a temporarily disguised blessing. The Philadelphia, which had been doing police duty in the harbor, was caught in a heavy gale and blown upon a submerged mass of rock that had not been charted. Captain Bainbridge and all his force fell into the hands of the enemy, and two days later the frigate was floated off the reef and added to the Tripolitan navy—the largest and best fighting ship the pirates had ever possessed.

Bainbridge and his first lieutenant, David Porter, outlined and conveyed secretly to Commodore Preble a plan for snatching this prize from the enemy, and the commission was handed over to Stephen Decatur, then a young lieutenant of twenty-five, who volunteered to command the hazardous expedition. In the meantime, the Tripolitans had repaired the frigate, remounted her guns and anchored her in the harbor about a quarter of a mile from the bashaw's castle. While the daring plan was being developed a bit of luck dropped into the hand of the Americans. A Tripolitan "ketch," the mastico, bearing a load of handsome girls as a gift from the bashaw to sultan of Turkey, ran into the fleet as it lay anchored off the coast of Sicily. What became of the lovely maidens history refuses to relate. As for the "ketch," it was renamed the Intrepid and was assigned the duty of carrying the Americans who were to undertake the destruction of the Philadelphia.

The Siren, under Lieutenant Stewart, was ordered to escort the Intrepid as far as was deemed safe, and this doughty little vessel was repainted and rigged to look as much like a Maltese merchantman as possible. As for the Intrepid itself, it was a typical Tripolitan freighter, with ample cabin space, and the Turks in the harbor had not yet learned of the mastico's capture and the fate of her fair cargo. The place the ladies had occupied was filled with explosives and shells, for there was a double purpose in the minds of Preble and Decatur. There was no such thing then as a torpedo; but the fireship, or "infernal," as it was commonly called, was sometimes employed. It was Decatur's idea that if his expedition should prove a failure he could at least blow up his own ship and thereby wreck the Philadelphia. It would mean the almost certain death of every man on board; but that cost had been counted as a normal part of the desperately glorious game.

It was ten o'clock on the evening of the 16th of February, 1804, when the Intrepid, having left the Siren about three miles behind, lifted her drags and sailed boldly into the narrow channel between the rocks and shoals that protect the treacherous harbor of Tripoli. A half-grown moon hung in the clear sky and a stiff breeze against the beam set the sails in a beautiful swell of canvas. As the daring vessel advanced the breeze gradually died down until the motion was scarcely perceptible. Slowly the ketch stole along until there arose out of the mist before her the shadowy outline of a great ship.

On the open deck of the Intrepid not more than a dozen men were to be seen, the others lying in the shadows of the bulwarks or concealed by the masts and rigging. Decatur stood close to a Sicilian named Catalano, as he steered for the frigate's bow, where the ketch would be out of reach of those American guns that the Turk would have employed, only too gladly, for the destruction of American patriots. When only about 100 yards intervened between the two vessels the lookout on the Philadelphia became aware of the near approach of a ship and a challenge was issued. Catalano called back that he had come on a trading voyage from Malta, that he had encountered terrific storms and had lost his anchor. He begged the privilege of riding by the ship until morning, since he could not make his vessel fast and dared not proceed into the midst of the forest of ships in the inner harbor. A crowd had gathered on the deck of the Philadelphia and many a rude joke was hurled across the water, as the pilot was compelled to enumerate the items of his imaginary cargo. While this conversation was going on the wind changed suddenly, hurling the Intrepid in the direction of the frigate's stern. There, in full range of the guns that might have shattered her in less time than is required for the telling, she lay in a suddenly tranquil sea, absolutely becalmed.

In another moment the sailors on board the Philadelphia manned a boat and came to the rescue with a line that was passed to the ketch as a boat from the ketch rowed up to the frigate and attached another line to her fore-chain. Cautiously the men on the Intrepid drew in the line until the daring boat lay alongside her victime. In that tense moment the Turks nearest the rail caught sight of a sturdy pair of anchors, and a sharp cry, "Americanos!" was raised. Even at that the crew, lying in the shadows on the nearby deck, did not move.

A moment later, those same bewildered Turks beheld the lithe body of a man, leaping cat-like for the Philadelphia's chain-plate. The man was Decatur, and as he clambered up the side of the frigate, he gave orders that transformed the tranquil deck of the merchantman into what appeared like an ant hill, suddenly aroused. Long before the men on the Philadelphia began to understand the meaning of those forms that appeared to grow, mushroom-like, out of the shadowy deck, they were confronted by heads and bodies that emerged from the ports and swarmed over the rail. It was like the mystic spell of some weird magician, materializing human beings out of empty space, and in another moment the terrified Turks rushed, panic-stricken, to the starboard side of the ship. As the Americans dashed after them, they flung themselves overboard and began to swim for shore. From the quarterdeck, Decatur sent up a rocket to announce to Captain Stewart, on board the Siren, that the ship had been captured, and before the Siren's rocket could reply the flames were seen leaping up from every part of the ill-starred Philadelphia. As swiftly as they had boarded her, the Americans departed, dropping back to the deck of the ketch and cutting loose. The engagement had lasted but twenty-three minutes.

A shout from Decatur dispatched a dozen men, with swords, to cut the entangling ropes, and a mighty shove sent the ketch out of reach of the roaring flames. In another instant the sweeps had been manned, and a succession of long oar-strokes carried the craft well out into the channel of the treacherous harbor. Now the men could hold in no longer, and a mighty shout of triumph arose, a shout that was drowned in the roar of the batteries, for the sleepy gunners had been startled into activity by the sight of the burning Philadelphia. Two corsairs and a galley gave chase and the surface of the water was torn by a rapid succession of explosions, as the fire in the burning frigate reached her batteries. By a strange freak of the wind, the flaming hull was shifted around and poured a terrific broadside directly into the town—the American warship's almost human retaliation upon her hated captors. From their prison windows, Captain Bainbridge and the 300 men who had been captured on that once proud ship, watched with mingled joy and grief the work of the destruction. At least the Philadelphia would not serve as the enemy's slave.

In a veritable rain of shot and shell, that sent brilliant jets of illumined water all about her, the Intrepid dashed out of the harbor, joined the Siren and set sail for Syracuse. She had not lost a single man, and only one member of her crew had need for the surgeon's aid. The Tripolitans lost twenty men in addition to those unnumbered victims who had retreated to the depths of the burning ship. When the story of the adventure was told aboard, the pirate nations along the northern coast of Africa sat up in wild-eyed amazement. This was not the sort of thing they had been accustomed to. The war had dragged along for almost three years and nothing much had happened. They began to ask who this Stephen Decatur was, and a little while later they had a reply when one of their commanding officers, under pretense of surrender, boarded the ship commanded by Decatur's brother and murdered him. No sooner had the news of this dastardly act come to the newly appointed captain that he made off for his dead brother's ship, engaged the murderous Turk in a hand-to-hand fight, bore him, struggling and pleading for mercy, to the deck and ran him through with his short sword, the only weapon he happened to have at hand when the death of his brother was reported to him.

Without waiting to wash the blood from his hands, he gave orders for the occupation of the Turk's ship, and that night he joined the American fleet with two captured vessels.

It is commonly asserted that piracy was extinguished by the drubbing he gave Tripoli in 1805; but this is by no means true. We were immune from molestation, because the Barbary states had learned to fear and respect us.

Moose Hunting in Minnesota

Dr. Charles Bolsta

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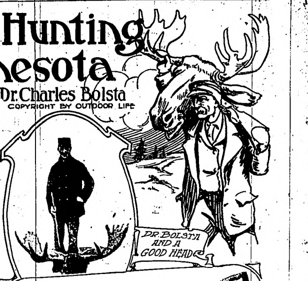

DR. BOLSTA AND A GOOD HEAD

TROPHIES OF THE HUNT

IT is a rule among medical men that, having made a new and important discovery, it is our duty to appraise the world of it and let all human kind benefit thereby; hence this report. Having had splendid luck hunting deer in Northern Minnesota for two falls we (when I say we it means Mrs. B. and myself, as she has accompanied me on all my hunting expeditions and enjoys the outdoor idea fully as well as I do, besides being a good shot), decided on a trial for moose. Now, when one is to hunt moose, the principal thing is to go where the moose are. So after a thorough investigation into the whereabouts of these animals we concluded that Cook county, Minnesota, probably had more moose to the square mile than any other place in America, and I think that our findings will be borne out by the results of that hunt.

Having decided where to go, it was next in order to secure the services of someone with a thorough knowledge of the country, for a guide. Through the kindness of my friend, Dr. F. B. Hicks of Grand Marais, Cook county, Minnesota, I was put in communication with Mr. Gilbert Gilbertson of that place, whose personal services we were fortunate enough to secure. Right here let me say that Gilbert Gilbertson is without doubt the most thoroughly qualified guide in Cook county, having a thorough knowledge of the country as well as the habits and haunts of game. Mr. Gilbertson has four men, all good guides, and he has a most unique method of charging for his services. He or his men will take charge of one, two or three men for $10 per day, or he will guarantee to get you a good, fair shot at a moose for $25, provided, however, that you agree to "hike" at least five miles per day. We are now ready to start, and leave home for Minneapolis, where we are joined by Mr. C. Herbert Allen, thence to Duluth and from Duluth to Grand Marais by a Booth Line steamer. Running into a "dead swell" on Lake Superior, Mrs. B. and Herb had all the joys of real seasickness.

We were met at the wharf at Grand Marais by our friend, Dr. Hicks, whose splendid hospitality we thoroughly enjoyed. We were all up early next morning to take a look at our surroundings, of which it is impossible to make an adequate pen picture. Imagine a little village, just back of a natural harbor of rocks, against a mountainside of beautiful evergreens and white birch, nearly a mile high, ending in a tremendous promonotory of red-hued rock at one end and miles and miles of the most gorgeous landscape at the other. Cook county is made up of thousands of just such scenes, with countless lakes and rivers interspersed, all of which abound in land-locked salmon and speckled trout, making a veritable sportsman's paradise as well as artists' dreamland. Our guide has now arrived with team and wagon to take all our camp paraphernalia, provisions, etc., and we are told that we are to drive out five miles to Mr. H. Gilbertson's, where we are to have dinner, and then on eight miles further to the 13-mile post on the Gunflint road, which place we reached at 6 o'clock, tired, hungry and in the dark. We soon unload the big trunk containing our 14x24 tent and in half an hour have our house up and a good fire going.

The next day we spent in perfecting our quarters, hauling up fire wood, etc., etc., and as the day therafter was November 10, or the opening day of the hunting season, we were all anxious to be ready for an early start. To get a moose by still hunting, it is imperative that you get near the feeding grounds by daylight. We were accordingly on the trail as soon as it was possible to travel, and our usual good fortune was with us, for we were scarcely at the edge of the old burning, now nicely grown up with young poplars, alder bushes and hazel brush, when we found a fresh moose track in the light snow that had fallen the previous day. Judging by the size of the hoof-print we at once decided that we wanted that big bull, and it was planned that Herb and Gilbert should follow the track and Mrs. B. and I should cross the ravine and go up along the hillside about a quarter of a mile away. This was followed out and we had barely gotten across the ravine when we heard Herb's .35 Remington automatic begin to crack and we hastily ran to the top of a small ridge, where we stood panting for breath, when we heard a tremendous crackling of brush and timber, and in another moment we saw, about 150 yards away and coming directly our way, a very large bull moose. Waiting until he was in a fairly open spot, I fired with my Winchester .30 cal. G. M. 1903, but shot entirely too high, as I only pulled a bunch of hair out of his neck. Quickly throwing in another shell, I took a little better aim and planted a ball right home, squarely behind the shoulder blade, tearing a hole through both lungs and cutting off the large blood vessels, the bullet lodging just under the skin on the opposite side. The moose stopped, stood still for a second and then rearing up fell over backwards, dead.

We were certainly elated. It was not yet 9 o'clock and we had a very large moose, probably weighing 1,200 pounds, but he was quite old and did not have very good horns. We soon found the boys, who said that they had sighted their moose about 400 yards away but had missed and they hardly believed us when we told them we had a big one down. We found that there had been two moose and the one we killed was not the one they had shot at. We all spent the balance of the day in dressing this moose, packing out the head and some meat. And right here I want to correct a very common notion that the meat from a bull moose is too tough to eat. We ate moose meat every day in camp and can safely testify to its fine flavor and tender quality.

Early the next morning found Herb anxious to get away to recover the reputation as a marksman lost the day before. Mrs. B. and I hunted all the morning without seeing anything and returned to camp very tired and hungry about the middle of the afternoon. The boys got in after dark and a satisfied look on Herb's face told us that they had at least seen something. We were told that they had sighted a spike bull and killed it and after dressing that, spent some time hunting, but saw only a cow and two calves, which they watched for sometime, even walking to within 200 feet of them. We all rolled in early and were up again betimes, and as Mrs. B. and Herb had each developed a "Charley-horse" from too careful walking, they decided to stay in camp, and Gilbert and I accompanied by Mr. H. Gilbertson, who had come to spend a day or two with us, started out. We tramped hard and followed a track for a couple of hours in the forenoon, but this proved to be a very large cow and we had to let her go. After eating our lunch, which, by the way, consisted each day of one large sandwich and about two ounces of home-made candy, we decided to try an old burning a couple of miles further north, and about 4 o'clock in the afternoon found a fresh track that looked good to us. Gilbert and I took the trail and Mr. Gilbertson started for the farther edge of the large ravine. We had not walked for more than twenty minutes, when rounding a little point up into the ravine, I saw, about 150 yards distant, standing in a clump of alder bushes, a splendid big bull with a magnificent head. I raised my gun and fired, and the big fellow staggered, but did not fall, so I sent in another ball, and he fell in a heap. He was dead when we reached him, with two ragged holes just back of the shoulder, either of which was sufficient to have killed him in a minute or two. About this time Mr. Gilbertson's rifle began to sing, and Gilbert and I ran forward but saw nothing. My firing had started another moose not far away from us but too far for Mr. G. to get accurate shooting, and he got away.

We went back and took stock of our moose and found that he weighed about 1,100 pounds, and had a good head with an actual spread of 57 inches. I don't think that I ever was so thoroughly satisfied in my life as at just that time. After dressing our moose and taking off the head, which Gilbert, strong as a small horse, carried without a pack-strap down to the lake, we hit the trail for camp as fast as possible as it was already nearly dark.

We decided that we should make an early start the next morning, despite the fact that the day was Sunday. We were up, and ready but were delayed in starting because of a heavy fog. As it was Herb's day, Mrs. B., Mr. Gilbertson, Sr., and I dragged on behind the boys, Mrs. B. and I having our limit. About three miles from camp and at about 8 o'clock they came upon fresh tracks and waited for us to come up. As we examined the tracks we made up our minds that two big bulls were not far away. Gilbert and Herb continued on ahead and we followed very carefully about a hundred yards back. After a half mile of the most careful going I ever saw, the boys rounded a small bunch of jackpines and just as they were out of sight we heard Herb's gun crack and Mrs. B. and Mr. G. started forward on a run. I turned the other way, expecting one of those moose to come out on my side of the jackpines. In less than half a minute there was the awfulest cracking of guns that I ever heard, and in another half minute the firing ceased; then as nothing came my way I went around to see what was doing.

Imagine my surprise as I walked around there to see in less than one hundred and fifty yards of distance, four big bull moose, dead. Herb had secured a splendid head with 48-inch spread and certainly was elated. This gave us each a moose, including one for Mr. Gilbertson, Sr.

Late Wednesday evening we struck camp and moved down to Mr. Gilbertson's. Mr. Gilbertson, Sr., Albert and I went back the next day and brought down the whole of the smallest moose we killed, which we shipped home.

Gilbert and I hunted all day Saturday but saw nothing. On Sunday morning, however, Mr. G., Sr., found some perfectly fresh tracks of a deer, not over a quarter of a mile from the house. He came back and told Gilbert and I and we at once accompanied him, getting a little way out on the burning, while Mr. G. took the trail. It was but a few minutes when a beautiful yearling buck came out directly at Gilbert. A Winchester .32 Special through the heart was all that was necessary. We hunted again in the afternoon and two deer came out near Albert Gilbertson and a Mr. Nelson, who were with us, but the shooting was hard and no one was able to connect.

No Case for Mrs. Grundy

Moonlight and Romance Mingled, But Scandal is Left Out of the Proceedings.

The dreamy stillness of the mountain air had woven a spell over the man and woman as they sat close together, gazing down the uneven slope that stretched before them. The silvery rim of the moon rose through feathery clouds, making a picture to which no artist could do justice. It was an evening in midsummer. Such an evening as makes love seem the more beautiful, and the man and woman had loved each other since childhood.

They were both young; he not over twenty-five, the woman several years his junior. She had a sad, wistful little face and clear white skin, offset by a mass of chestnut hair. The man was tall and handsome, and, like the woman, dark. The unmistakable stamp of good breeding encompassed them both.

The woman stirred with a sigh. "It is our last night here," she said. "To-morrow you must return to your work—I to my husband." A groan escaped her at the mentioning of that name. Her companion frowned. His thoughts seemed far from pleasant. Then after a moment: "Is he very—busy nowadays?" It was as though nothing else could be said at such a time. She thrust out her hands with an impatient little gesture.

"O, yes, I dare say. They tell me he is very successful—yet he gives me only the bare necessities. He will never take me anywhere; is not even civil to me at times, and yet"—her voice dropped to a whisper—"I said 'until death do us part.'"

The man patted her on the shoulder affectionately. "We'll slip away again, later on, little girl," he said, "and have another junket like this one. We've had a great time together, haven't we—just you and I?" His eyes were soft and clear.

She leaned toward him and put an arm about his neck. In her face was the love beyond words. "Phil, old pal," she said, "you're just the nicest brother that a girl ever had!"—Puck.

Loyal, If Not Learned.

While Admiral Togo was obliged on account of illness to cancel most of his social engagements in Boston he received informally a number of people who were introduced to him by one of his special representatives.

A group of delegates from a convention then being held in Boston greeted the little [illegible] with the Japanese salutation which sounds like "Banzai o hi o!"

One of the delegates who was from the Keystone state was not to be outdone in courtesy or patriotism. After the voices had subsided so that he got a good chance he exclaimed enthusiastically:

"And banzai Pennsylvania, too!"—New York Sun.

Blur in Baedecker's Record

Probably the Only Occasion When Great Compiler Trusted to Others for Accuracy of Statement.

The recent death of Karl Baedecker, son of the original Baedecker of the guide books, is made the subject of an article in Chamber's Journal. The name of Baedecker as time has gone on has become synonymous for guide book, and at the same time for accuracy. But as there have been occasions when great Jove himself would nod, so there have been times when the accurate Baedecker, lazily trusting without investigation (as dictionary and cyclopedia makers have sometimes done) to the work of others, has dropped into serious error. John Murray, a guide book maker in the middle thirties, published that pomegranates grew on the sides of a certain valley in Italy. Now it so happens that the German word "granat" means both "pomegranate" and "garnet," and Baedecker's compiler made the statement that garnets embellished the cliffs of this valley. The reputation of Baedecker has from time to time been made use of by other publishers to further the sale of their inferior productions. One German publisher went so far as to annex the celestial regions with a "Himmel's Baedecker." One story connected with a Baedecker made into English gives a choice printer's error. This is a description of a museum where "a room full of plaster casts," turned up in the proof as "a room full of blasted cats."

Futility of Protest.

"I'm going to report you," said the irate passenger.

"Who to?" asked the railway employe.

"Your superior officer, of course."

"Pshaw! He's got no time to go after me. He's afraid of losin' his own job."

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Corn is the most relished by poultry of all grains.

To make money is the chief object of breeding pedigree hogs.

Systematic work is required to rid a poultry house of mites or lice.

See that the colts do not lose flesh on short or frost-bitten pastures.

The feed and feeding is the first important point in successful dairying.

One of the most successful pigeon raisers feeds his birds nothing but whole corn.

Never feed soured or tainted food of any kind to the chicks, or to the old fowls, either.

The wise dairyman and stockman will hold back and grow to maturity all heifer calves.

It takes a good manager to make a profit of $2 per head each year from a single pair of breeders.

Geese feather more rapidly when they have an abundance of fresh water and good pasturage.

There is no best breed of chickens. They are good, bad or indifferent, according to circumstances.

The sheep industry cannot reach perfection until every mongrel dog in the land is exterminated.

There is one rule always to be remembered: Never mate birds that are hatched in the same nest.

It is best not to put sawdust in the poultry house, as it gathers too much moisture and causes dampness.

Colts require plenty of exercise in order to develop their limbs when their bodies are growing rapidly.

It is a fact that the dogs destroy more sheep in some certain states than all the diseases combined.

Keep sows and pigs away from fattening hogs, and give them feeds that produce flesh and bone rather than fat

Thoroughly clean and whitewash the inside of the hen house and it will be lighter and cleaner during the entire winter.

For the winter feeding of sheep, clover, alfalfa, hay, oats, wheat bran, linseed meal and roots will insure success.

Cabbage is one of the very best vegetables to feed to poultry, as it keeps green a long time and the chickens enjoy picking at it.

The dairy herd is a good place to invest surplus earnings. If rightly handled they can be made to pay a handsome dividend every year.

No matter how good a horse is in its early life, its usefulness is cut short if it is not properly cared for. This is a serious loss.

Poorly dressed poultry goes begging in the market, while the supply of choice (fancy) stock is not sufficient to meet the demand.

An egg, to belong to the strictly fresh egg class, should not be over three days old in summer weather, and a week old during winter.

If a man allows his chickens to roam amid the mud and slush of the yards in the fall, he is preparing the way for some sick fowls this winter.

He who makes a success in the chicken business from the start will be the man who does things, not he who waits for a favorable opporunity

Get rid of the cockerels as rapidly as they get large enough and thus cut off the feed bill and protect the others of the flock from these scrappy youngsters.

If good, clean, sound grain in abundance, and a variety, with pure water, grit oyster shell and meat in some form, will not produce eggs, nothing else will.

Only an expert is able to tell by the smell just when the cream is right for churning. It then has a clean, sour taste and smells like nuts fresh from the woods.

Impure air, as well as dampness, are a danger to any flock. Separate the flocks in bunches of 25 or 50 and feed them separately and they will make much better gains.

Always make the nest boxes easily removable so that they may be frequently taken out of the house and cleaned, disinfected and treated for the destruction of vermin.

The dairy farmer who does not build a silo usually has some reason which is satisfactory to him, but he cannot longer use the excuse that silage has a detrimental effect on milk quality.

It is a mistake to discard a breed on the supposition that it is not a hardy one. Hardiness can be instilled in any breed by proper housing, proper food, proper attention, and systematic breeding.

A lousy hen is always a poor layer.

Make the by-products of the dairy count.

Corn will make hens fat but it will not make them lay eggs.

The better bred the horse is, the more generally useful he is.

Put a boss pig by himself. Allow no robbing—it doesn't pay.

For fall feeding of dairy cattle sweet corn is exceedingly valuable.

The separator needs to be set perfectly level on a solid foundation.

The feed bill of the poultry yard can be cut in two if you know how.

Continued care in handling the dairy products is the price of success.

The calf that is reared naturally gets only a small quantity of milk at a time.

Don't neglect to commence feeding the colts some grain before they are weaned.

Waiting to teach the colt to eat grain until it is weaned is very poor economy.

The value of silage as the cheapest and best succulent for cattle and hogs is fully established.

When fattening beef cattle for the market, keep them as quiet and contented as possible.

Regularity in feeding and milking will go a long ways towards making dairy work successful.

All milk utensils should be heavily tinned and as free from seams as it is possible to get them.

Many of the irregularities in the health of the farm stock can be traced to injudicious feeding.

Wooden pails readily absorb milk particles, making it almost impossible to keep them sweet and clean.

The hatching-egg trade and the raising of stick for breeders have assumed the dignity of specialties.

It is to the poultryman's interest to keep his stock up to the best type, healthy and vigorous all the time.

A cold rain, fall or spring rain, will check the milk flow as much as a snow storm if the cows are exposed.

It will be noticed that though the prices of other farm stock are falling off, the dairy cow still holds her own.

In hot weather lice breed in pigeon houses by the million and extra care must be taken to keep down the vermin.

Rats in a pigeon house not only destroy the young but their presence frightens the birds so that they will not thrive.

If one has a large flock of sheep much time will be saved and better results obtained by the use of the machine clippers.

Sheep are extremely nervous and when being fattened for market they must be quiet and free from sudden alarm which will cause excitement.

Pigeons hatched in March are matured and ready for breeding in July and if the surroundings are congenial will continue to breed every month thereafter.

A young girl who raises about 100 White Plymouth Rocks, always brings every bird in the flock flying to her feet by a single particular cry he utters.

It is as impossible to estimate the productiveness and value of a cow as it is to guess the exact number of bushels of corn a certain field will yield.

While sheep will eat grain and any kind of grass and some kinds of weeds, they are, after all, dainty feeders and their feed must be absolutely clean.

There are several signs that indicate good health—a bright red comb, activity, readiness for food, and a glossy and smooth appearance of the feathers.

Do not let the high prices for veal, for which there is a tremendous demand at this time every year, tempt you into selling your heifer calves to the butcher.

French pigeon fanciers feed millet with a slight mixture of hemp seed, and also very small peas soaked in water. The feeding is done by hand in many cases.

The Massachusetts experiment station says that lime is an aid to good farming but cannot take the place of fertilizers, stable manure, thorough cultivation and proper crop rotation.

A small flock of sheep in addition to furnishing excellent profit and keeping down weeds, furnishes the most practical meat supply for the farmer, especially during the summer.

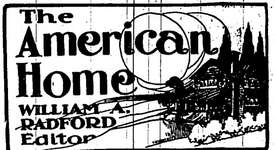
Every colt should be taught a fast walking gait. This can be done by gently pushing him while walking but he should never be urged too long at a time before changing his gait.

If we feed and care for sheep we are fattening as they should be cared for to make the most profit from this mutton, we also supply the very best conditions to produce the best wool in the combing class.

Every farmer should arrange to have at least one beef to butcher during the year to afford a variety in the meat supply and reduce the cost of living.

The American Home

WILLIAM A. RADFORD Editor

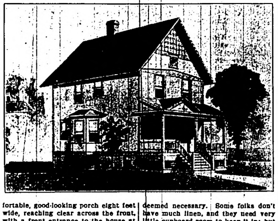


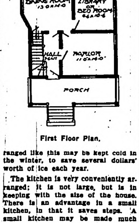
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Money may be saved in building by selecting a design that is plain and compact. American houses usually contain six, seven or eight rooms. These easily may be built all on one floor, in what is usually termed a cottage or a bungalow; but it is cheaper in building, heating and unkeep to make the house two stories high, and arrange one set of rooms below and the other on the second floor. A smaller excavation, less stone for cellar walls and supporting walls, less supporting timber, and a smaller roof, answer for a two-story house. The cost of finishing each room, providing windows, etc., is about the same; the flooring is about the same. The two-story house has a little more material in the up-and-down work, and less in the lengthwise measurement.

In selecting a house plan, a great deal depends on the size of the lot, and on the location and outlook. People not only want houses neat and comfortable, but they want them to look well, to fit the ground, and to be in keeping with other houses in the neighborhood. It requires very nice judgment to proportion a house properly to the lot, to the pocketbook, and to the needs of the family. A great deal of subsequent comfort and happiness depends on the manner in which it is done.

There are some very nice features about the house design shown in the accompanying cuts. In the first place, the design is that of a small house, 23 feet wide by 33 feet long, exclusive of porches; and it can be built for about $1,500, under favorable circumstances. Such a price for a comfortable seven-room house is attractive to commence with; then we have a comfortable, good-looking porch eight feet wide, reaching clear across the front, with a front entrance to the house at one end of the porch, leaving the other end free for chairs. We have a neat little front hall with room for a hatrack at the side of the door entering the dining room. There is a china closet off the dining room, with a little window to light it. This is a great convenience, one that any housekeeper would appreciate. Besides this, the pantry is very conveniently arranged, and the pantry is a good size and shape; it also has a small window for light and ventilation. A pantry arranged like this may be kept cold in the winter, to save several dollars' worth of ice each year.



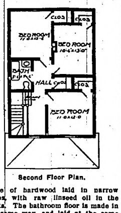


First Floor Plan.

The kitchen is very conveniently arranged; it is not large, but is in keeping with the size of the house. There is an advantage in a small kitchen, in that it saves steps. A small kitchen may be made much more convenient than a large one when there are only one or two women to work in it at the same time.

The kitchen should have suitable furniture. I thought at one time that a kitchen should be fitted with plenty of built-in cupboards, but in recent years the manufacture of special kitchen furniture has rather interfered with my cupboard preferences. A kitchen cabinet may be arranged so conveniently that it has advantages over anything of the kind a carpenter can build as part of the house. A cabinet rightly made, with good, tight bottom, back and sides, is dust-proof and it is mouse-proof—two things that are hard to secure in a built-in cupboard. A carpenter may be ever so careful with his work; but materials, unless thoroughly kiln-dried, are sure to shrink in time, and leave openings big enough to let in a whole lot of dust, and the mice are certain to find a way into such cupboards. Moreover, a portable kitchen cabinet can easily be cleaned inside, and it can be moved out from the wall at intervals, and the space thoroughly cleaned under it and behind it. A kitchen should be the cleanest place in the house. Health depends to a great extent on the kitchen.

A kitchen floor is another very important feature. In this house it is made of hardwood laid in narrow strips, with raw linseed oil in the joints. The bathroom floor is made in the same way, and laid at the same time. Floors put in like this will last for many years, and they are always satisfactory.



Second Floor Plan.

Upstairs we have three bedrooms, with a clothes closet for each one, and an extra closet in the hallway for linen. Every housekeeper needs a linen closet upstairs for bedding, and one downstairs for table linen and towels. Few small houses and not very large houses have the conveniences in this respect that should be deemed necessary. Some folks don't have much linen, and they need very little cupboard room to keep it in; but that is because they don't understand the real satisfaction that comes from the possession of nice table and house linen.

Linen is something a woman should be continually buying, not in large, expensive lots, but, when opportunity offers to get a tablecloth or two or three really good towels at a bargain, that is the time to buy, because these articles are always needed, and it costs less to have a supply on hand than to buy in emergency. Unfortunately, too many American women have fallen into the habit of providing in a sort of hand-to-mouth way. They depend on wash day to supply clean linen for the week, instead of having a variety to draw from. It costs no more in the end to have plenty than to feel that you are short all the time; in fact, it costs less, because you can buy to better advantage, and the wear and tear is less when you have a liberal supply.

Loyalty Is Rewarded.

Professor Dyche, state fish and game warden, has appointed Big Bill Brown deputy fish and game warden for Cherokee county. Big Bill will be remembered as the man who wrote a strong letter to Tom Botkin, assistant secretary of state, some months ago indorsing Professor Dyche's story about black bass quitting their native element to catch and swallow jaybirds. Big Bill went the professor one better and not only stated that black bass do catch and swallow jaybirds, but submitted some pretty strong testimony to show that they also prey upon ducks and geese. Big Bill received his reward for his loyalty to the professor, and his commission was written without any frills, naming him simply as Big Bill Brown.—Kansas City Journal.

Air Mile.

The "air mile" is a unit of measurement that has come into use with the advancement of aviation. We had the land mile and the sea mile, which is approximately one-seventh longer than the land mile of America. The nautical mile is often incorrectly called a knot, but a knot is a measure of both distance and time. It is correct to say that a vessel makes ten knots, but to say that she makes ten knots an hour is tautology. The air mile is measured differently from the land mile and the sea mile. It is a land mile minus the retardation of an adverse wind or plus the acceleration of a favoring wind. Thus an aviator could cover many air miles while hovering over a given point on the earth's surface.—Browning's Magazine.

COOKING DRIED FRUIT

FIRELESS METHOD MAKES IT AS GOOD AS PRESERVES.

Dried and Canned Vegetables May Be Treated in the Same Way With the Most Satisfactory Results.

Very few women really know how to get the best out of dried fruit and vegetables. They have become accustomed to thinking that these articles of food are at best unpalatable. No greater mistake could be made. The truth is that they are not usually cooked long enough or slow enough to bring out the flavor.

Fresh fruit just now is so expensive that most families cannot afford to have much of it. Dried and evaporated fruits may be obtained reasonably at all seasons.

The fireless method is the best way to cook them. You need not buy a fireless cooker for the purpose unless you wish to. Make one yourself. Simply get a small dry goods box, or large pail, or any receptacle that can be made airtight. Line with asbestos paper, and then stuff tightly all around the top, bottom and sides with layers of newspapers to the depth of three or four inches. What you must remember is that it must be absolutely airtight Another thing to remember is that your receptacle must be nearly full. If you cook a small quantity you must have a small receptacle, as the fruit is not as likely to cool off before thoroughly done as it would if placed in a half-filled pail.

Wash your fruit thoroughly first, and to one pound of same add one-half pound of sugar; put water enough in to cover by about one inch. Boil seven minutes over a flame, and then as quickly as possible place in your fireless cooker and allow to remain in there about eight hours. Place a cushion on top of the cooker and weigh that down with something that is heavy.

When taken out one will find the fruit will rival the best preserves in appearance and flavor, in no respect suggesting that usually served, or the insipid canned product. Each shriveled piece will swell to its original size, unbroken, distended with a juicy, aromatic liquor, and charged with the flavors which characterize fruit in its prime state. Tapioca and sago are delicious with these fruit juices, in making tempting desserts.

Dried vegetables, such as lima beans, peas, etc., should be treated in the same way and given about the same time to cook. Canned vegetables which have been bought in the stores are also much improved by this additional process.

These fireless cookers are also excellent for doing home canning of vegetables and fruits. By canning them in this way the house is kept cool, fuel is saved and the housewife is free from the fear of water boiling away. Clean and prepare the same as for any canning process. Dip the jars in boiling water, fill with vegetables or fruit, pour in cold water until it overflows the jar, dip the caps in boiling water, place them on the jars, but do not seal tightly; allow for expansion. Put a perforated rest in the bottom of your kettle, place the prepared jars on the rest, fill the kettle with cold water up to the necks of the jars. Place the cover on the kettle, put on the stove and boil 15 minutes. At the end of that time place at once into the cooker and cover tightly. Allow the jars to remain in the cooker from two to three hours, then remove and tighten the caps

Ghost Apples.

Large perfect apples are cored and baked until soft, but not long enough to burst the skins. These are cooled and served singly to each person, together with a marshmallow, three cubes of sugar and a liquor glass of brandy. The marshmallows are pushed down into the bottom of the cavities left by the removal of the cores and the remaining space filled with the cubes of sugar Upon these the brandy is poured and then lighted It burns with a ghostly blue flame until the alcohol is consumed and the sugar melted The apples are then eaten with cream.

Random Notes.

If, after washing a chamois, there seem to be harsh places rub them steadily but gently through the hands and soon they will quite disappear.

When making aprons, especially those to be used in doing housework do not forget a large pocket. It will save many a step in dusting and picking up.

Watery custard is caused by cooking in an oven that is too hot. Set the custard in a pan of hot water and see that the water does not boil during the baking.

Boiled Dressing.

Four eggs well beaten, half teaspoon dry mustard, one teaspoon salt half teaspoon pepper, one tablespoon sugar, two tablespoons melted butter one cup rich milk, half cup vinegar, cook in a double boiler and beat with an egg beater continually until thick enough. It will keep a long time if kept in a cool place. Add a little whipped cream when you wish to use it.

Nut Muffins.

Mix and sift one and a half cups of bread flour with three-fourths teaspoon salt one tablespoon sugar and three teaspoons baking powder Beat one egg until light, add three-fourths cup of milk and stir it into the flour mixture. Beat well, add a half cup broken walnuts, then stir in three tablespoons melted butter. Fill buttered muffin pans two-thirds full and bake in hot oven from 15 to 20 minutes.

Drop Cookies.

One cup of sugar, half cup of butter, three eggs, not beaten; add the eggs one at a time; one teaspoon of vanilla, one cup of walnuts, one cup of raisins, chopped together; one teaspoon of cinnamon, a pinch of cloves and allspice, one teaspoon of soda dissolved in hot water, and enough flour to make stiff batter.

Came Easy.

Representative James T. Lloyd of Missouri was discussing the president's belief that the extra session of congress would not try to revise the whole tariff law.

"He had about as much to go on," said Lloyd, "as the man who approached a banker with a request to lend him money on a note. He wanted five hundred dollars.

"'Can you get an indorser?' asked the banker.

"'Sure,' replied the prospective borrower, mentioning the indorser's name.

"'But has he got any money?'

"'Lots of it,' answered the other. 'He wins it at poker.'"—The Sunday Magazine.

Since Teacher Did Not Know.

It was in the primary class of a graded school in a western city and the day was the 22d of February.

"Now, who can tell me whose birthday this is?" asked the teacher.

A little girl arose timidly.

"Well, Margaret, you may tell us," said the teacher.

"Mine," was the unexpected reply. —Everybody's Magazine.

Could Hardly Hear

Senses of Taste and Smell Were Also Greatly Impaired.

"I was afflicted with catarrh," writes Eugene Forbes, Lebanon, Kansas. "I took several different medicines, giving each a fair trial, but grew worse until I could hardly hear, taste or smell. I was about to give up in despair, but concluded to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking three bottles of this medicine I was cured, and have not had any return of the disease."

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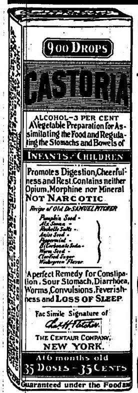
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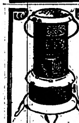

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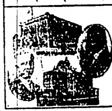

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Saturday, November 18, 1911.

The farmer in this vicinity who did not "make a stake" this year has no one but himself to blame. He cannot lay it to the trusts, nor the railroads, nor the tariff.

Lack of cars in which to ship grain is choking the elevators in western Canada, and many are closing. Winnipeg receipts would be 2,000 cars daily if cars were available. Besides, 27 per cent of the grain in the Saskatchewan territory is unthreshed, and it is estimated that fully 20 per cent will lie out in the shocks all winter

An event believed to be without precedent in the history of Freemasonry was furnished at a special communication of the Masonic order at Palmyra, Ill., recently, when the degree of Master Mason was conferred on seven brothers. The brothers are Albert, Morris, Robert, Charles, James, Edward, and William Ross, all farmers living near Palmyra.

There is one delightful thing about farming, which is not true of some other industries, and that is that each farmer is really benefited by the success of his neighbors. In a progressive neighborhood, where good stock is kept and where farming is generally profitable, roads and schools are better, the price of farm land is higher; and, owing to the fact that a great quantity of farm products are offered for sale, markets are better; so boost your neighbors, and by so doing help yourself.—University Farm News.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Nov. 6, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. Members present: Dahl, McKercher, and Swanson.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co., lumber and cement	829.05
Spectator, publishing proceedings October	6.25
John Forseen, salary, etc	19.10
Andy Dahl, ¾ day street work.	1.50
Gustaf Anderson, four days on street	7.00
O. K. Sevre, street work	8.20

Moved and seconded that council meeting be held on first floor of village hall during winter months. Motion carried.

Moved and seconded that village marshal be instructed to collect damages for destruction of street crossing near Synod church. Motion carried.

Moved and seconded we adjourn. Motion carried.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Petit Jury

The following residents of Pennington county have been drawn to serve on the petit jury at the term of district court to held at Thief River Falls next January:

O. J. Blom, Thief River Falls
Louis Hanson, " "
D. B. Bakke, " "
Ole Ihle, " "
John Naplin, Polk Center
C. A. Mobin, " "
N. O. Nora, Norden
J. T. Nordhagen, Norden
John McCrea, Black River
Alfred Hammerstein, Highlanding
P. J. Bjorkey, Hickory
M. P. Bakken, Rocksbury
Pat Moylan, North
A. E. Anderson, River Falls
O. Peterson, " "
Joseph DuChamp, Kratka
P. H. Wright, "
P. M. Johnson "
Alf Forslund, Numedal
Ed Rustan, Deer Park
Eugene Besancon, Goodridge
Morgan Vaughn, "
Nels J. Asklund, Mayfield
H. J. Jart, "

Rural School Notes

Pres. W. A. Shoemaker of the state normal school at St. Cloud wishes to say to those people who would be liable to come to said normal school at St. Cloud at the beginning of the winter term on Dec. 5, that only those will be admitted who have previously been in the institution, or whose applications have already been accepted. This precaution is taken owing to press of numbers, and because he very much dislikes to send any one home who comes to them expecting to get in.

This certainly speaks well for the for the prosperous condition of that excellent school.

While in St. Paul the other week we were informed by Mr. Oesander, of the department of public instruction, that all our rural state aid applications were granted; furthermore, that these schools would this year receive in full of aid for the last two years, and for this year also something is coming in the way of surprise for these schools this year, thanks to our last legislature.

Our schools are all at work and doing well. The schools may have a vacation for Thanksgiving. The superintendent would like one, too.

Aeroplane to South Pole

Dr. Douglas Mawson, who is headed toward the south pole, has taken with him an aeroplane capable of carrying two passengers 180 miles without making a descent. Scientists say that the aeroplane will be useless to the voyageur, because of the tremendous tempests which are prevalent in the polar regions. Far better for practical uses would be a supply of golden grain belt beers, the wonderful food tonic and fatigue reliever. Taken properly they insure rest and a good digestion. If not yet, right away try them. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

How He Found Sleep.

By SALLIE MENDEEM.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

The way I got out of the burglar line was this: I had mighty good nerve and wasn't afraid of any one. I seemed to know what kind of a crib to crack and how to do it without waking anybody up and getting away between midnight and dawn, when the cops are most drowsy. While I was doing a job I thought of nothing except my work and was both cool and watchful. I wasn't one of those blokes who scare people to death or who are ready if necessary to add murder to robbery. The truth is I never liked the prospect of facing either charge.

As I was saying, while engaged at my work, however dangerous, I was steady as a monument, but when danger had passed and I had nothing to do but think I went downhill very fast. What bothered me most was that I couldn't sleep nights—that is, when comfortably stowed away in bed. I once took a nap in a gentleman's parlor and was only wakened by the sun coming up and shining in my eyes. I just got out in time to save myself. But when lying on a soft mattress with warm covers and no chance of being disturbed, sleep wouldn't come to me. I lay awake thinking of the time when I would hear prison doors clang behind me. The thought was dreadful. I'm afraid I was too fine grained for the business.

Month after month my hours of sleep grew less till I feared insanity. One night I woke up at midnight after having slept two hours and knew there would be no more slumber for me till the next time I went to bed. I was so desperate that I got up with the intention of going into some house where I had no right and there snatch another couple of hours' sleep. I had a crib in view, a small house with not much in it. But I was looking for sleep, not plunder. I went there, took out a pane of glass, entered and went upstairs to find a place to settle down. I stood in a dark hall looking into a room where a night lamp was burning. In the room a woman was in bed with a child, both asleep. The child was sleeping on the front of the bed, very near the edge. He was a boy and, I think, about five years old.

On a narrow lower bed, close beside the other, slept another child, a girl of about three. She was sleeping in the center of her bed on her side and had her chubby fist up against her fat cheek. It was hot summer weather, and none of them except the woman had any covers whatever.

What interested me was that the boy's head was hanging over the side of his bed and so much of his body, too, that it looked to me as if he was about to fall. He was restless, and I knew he would be over very soon. Somehow I wanted to see him fall, though I kept in the dark so that he wouldn't see me if he woke up. The next kick he made sent him over. He fell a couple of feet, but didn't wake up. He landed partly on the little girl, but she didn't wake up either. I expected she would, as she moaned once or twice in her sleep and turned over, but finally she slept as peacefully as before.

It was such a delightful picture to one suffering from insomnia that I kept on watching the children. The boy continued his kicking and crowded the girl, pushing her with every move to the front edge of her bed. It must have been half an hour that he kept this up, when there was a thump, and the girl lay on the floor. But she seemed to be as comfortable there as on her bed. At any rate, she showed not the least sign of waking.

Meanwhile I heard the muttering of distant thunder, and while I was looking at them all there came one terrific crash loud enough to wake the dead. The mother turned over, but neither of the children moved. Then followed one crash after another, and I expected that at last the mother would wake up and take a look at her children. But she slept on. She must have been very tired or had lost a lot of sleep, or she couldn't have slept through those terrible bolts. Never had I heard such thunder before.

The only effect the storm had on any of them was to increase the restlessness of the boy. He rolled and tumbled in his sleep like a ship tossed by the waves, sometimes lying for a few minutes close against his mother's bed, then rolling over to the outer edge of his own. I was sure he'd in time tumble out of this bed, as he had out of the other, and I was bound to see him do it. Sure enough, before I expected it he gave a lurch and landed plumb on top of his sister.

Neither of them awoke.

I reckon women know in their sleep what's going on with their children, for, now that the storm was over and everything was still as the tomb, the mother sat up in bed, glanced at her children, got up and put them in their proper places. Then she went back to bed herself and was asleep in a moment.

"Well," I said to myself, "if that's what a clear conscience will furnish I'm going to have a clear conscience." I went back to my room resolved never to enter any man's house again but my own, at least not for plunder. I went to bed and slept like a top for twenty-four hours.

I kept my resolution, found honorable employment and prospered. But I didn't forget the family that converted me. The mother was a widow, and, having a hard time to get on, I made her acquaintance and married her.

But none of my family know that I had been a burglar or how I came to know them.

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IT'S SO

Notice of Lien Sale

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned claims and holds a lien upon the following described property for the care and keeping of the same from July 26, 1909, to and including the date of this notice, towit: One (1) Belgian stallion, named "Marquis DeFleuris," ten (10) years old, the same being the property of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, and the amount due for such care and keeping at the date of this notice is the sum of three hundred fifty-eight and 46-100 dollars ($358.46). The amount which will be due at the time of sale, exclusive of the expenses of advertising and sale, is the sum of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26). The grounds of said lien are that said stallion was kept, fed, and cared for by the undersigned at the request of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, the owners thereof, from and after July 26, 1909, up to and at the present time, and the amount due therefor became due and was demanded more than ninety days prior to the date hereof. And said amount is the reasonable value of such care.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell said property to pay said amount of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26) and the expenses of publication and sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of J. S. Roy's barn on the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section number seventeen (17) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in Pennington county, Minn.

Dated November 16, 1911.

n18-3t J. S. ROY.

Great Northern Time Table

No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 186, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:10 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	94
" " 2 "	91
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.82
" " 2	1.71
Barley, for 50 lbs	1.01
Oats	38
Eggs	25
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@7
Hides	9
Flour, patent	28.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. }
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff, against Mary Torgerson, Defendant } Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 203 Third street E., Thief River Falls Minn. o28 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. }
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Inga L. Breyette, Plaintiff, against William Breyette, Defendant } Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Office 203 Third street, E, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, } ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), } Plaintiff,
against
Emil Dryfoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co., } Defendant

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-two dollars and Thirty cents ($442.30) with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 22nd day of September, 1911, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated September 22, 1911.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. n4-6t

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL, MORTGAGE OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of A. G. Ness,

State of Minnesota County of Pennington } In Probate court,

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness, Inga Petterson, Albert Ness, Lovisa Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of K O. Gigstad, as representative of the above named estate, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same:

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 11 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 11th day of November, 1911.

SEAL
n14-3t
WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.

Bring in Your Printing

ATTENTION, HORSEMEN

I will have for sale
THIRTY HEAD of

Matched Western Mares
Broken and Unbroken

At Gt. Northern Stock Yards
St. Hilaire, Monday, Nov. 20

Now is your chance to get a young pair of mares at a right price.

LOUIS SIEFF

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Elder McKee will conduct services this (Saturday) evening at 7:30 and Sunday morning at 11; song service at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. P. M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Tuesday evening, Nov. 21, at 7:30, by August Anderson, a missionary from Alaska.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDEEN, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

G. FELLMAN
Dray and Transfer
Livery in Connection

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire. - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

Don t miss the chance to buy a matched team Monday.

Jo Hauge came over Monday from Halstad for a visit at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum were Thief River Falls visitors on Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie Jacobson visited with friends in Crookston the first of the week.

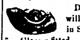
Mrs. Vincent Lindholm returned Monday to Highlanding, after a visit at the parental home.

Miss Mabel Patterson came from Thief River Falls Friday evening to spend Sunday at home.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will give a lutefisk supper Friday evening, Dec. 1.

Louis Sieff will have a carload of matched western mares for sale at the stockyards here next Monday.

Miss Duddy gave an oyster supper to a few of her friends at the hotel parlors Wednesday evening.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 7. Glasses fitted.

The Ghost social announced for last evening was postponed to next Monday evening at the same place.

The Hamar Ladies' Aid society will have an auction sale on Thanksgiving day at L. Netteland's place, beginning at 1 o'clock p. m.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now

G. I. FELLMAN.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United Lutheran church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Anton Aubol.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the I. O. O F. hall next Wednesday evening. Miss Josephine Braunm will entertain.

The M. E. Industrial club will give a Ghost social in the I. O. O. F. building Monday, Nov. 20; ghosts to be auctioned off. Lunch will be served at ten cents a plate.

The musical entertainment given by the Eleanora Olson Concert trio Monday evening was a good one and was not patronized as it should have been.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

LOST—One two year old red heifer and one two year old black steer. Left my place about the middle of July. Finder please notify Paul Cyr, Red Lake Falls. n11.2t.

C. A. Ellickson of the land office force left Monday evening for his home in the northwestern part of North Dakota, where he expected to make proof on his homestead.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathsons.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

August Anderson, a missionary in Alaska, will hold a meeting at the Eastside school house Wednesday evening, Nov. 22, at 7:30 o'clock, and at Black River school house on Thursday evening, Nov. 23, at the same hour.

Just received at Hans Wilson's a fresh stock of groceries, confectionery, tobaccos, etc. All kinds of soft drinks and hot beef tea. We pay highest market prices for eggs and butter. Please give us a call and see how our stock pleases you.

n4.4t HANS WILSON.

Frank Freund's picture show will exhibit here every Saturday evening during the winter, beginning this evening, at the Oddfellows' building, which for his purposes he will style "The Bijou." Six thousand feet of films will be shown. There will be a dance this evening after the entertainment.

C. H. Martz, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Ruth Martz, and his son Glenn, left Monday for Valparaiso, Ind, where the young folks will spend the winter, Glenn beginning a special three years' course in engineering, while Miss Ruth will take a course in music, Mr. arts proceeded to Washington, . C., on government business, and ill also visit New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and other points before returning home.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

The new livery barn is coming up slowly.

A week from next Thursday is Thanksgiving.

FOR SALE—A wood heating stove, good as new.

D. PATTERSON.

Call at the Farmers' elevator for prices on flour and feed.

n4-1mo A. R. JONES. Manager.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger of St. Hilaire were here for the dance and reception for Paul Brunelle Monday evening.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

R. L. Knebel, the new superintendent of this division of the G. N., went north in his private car yesterday on his first tour of inspection.

E. F. Smith, who bought last fall a block of Pennington county land and is now in the employ of the Elliott agency, has been doing quite a stroke of business in hay.

Have just received a full line of ladies' and children's Hats and Caps for fall and winter. Call and see them at Holmes Bros furniture store.

Mrs. L. Holmes.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.

o21-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

DOG STRAYED—Left me at N. A. Nelson's sale, Nov. 9, an English setter, black and white, wearing a collar. A suitable reward will be given for his return.

K. O. GIGSTAD.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

While crossing the track Wednesday Oscar Eastman fell and fractured an arm at the wrist. Under the ministrations of Dr. Swanson he was soon put in shape and went on his way rejoicing.

In a saloon at Red Lake Falls on Wednesday Philip Lee sustained the loss of an eye at the hands of Jo Ford. He was at once taken to the hospital at Crookston. Further particulars we have been unable to learn.

Several railroad route lookers passed through this locality lately, which indicates that they have this country spotted and that the large fertile territory between Warroad and Bemidji, lying west of Red lake, is quite certain of a railroad within the next two years.—Sunbeam.

A very large crowd enjoyed last evening at the Mike McAndress home, when forty turkeys were raffled and with music, cards, and dancing a thoroughly good time was enjoyed by all. All evening Mike was the busiest man ever—watching the turkeys, and during the raffle handing out tickets to the lucky ones. Mrs. McAndress, famed for her good things to eat, served a delicious lunch at 1 o'clock; and, turkey or no turkey, it was lucky to be there.

Hazel

Martin Lokken, Andrew Lokken, and A. Johnson left for Bemidji Wednesday to work in the lumber camps this week.

At the home of Peter Kolseth was born a girl Wednesday. Mother and child doing well.

Dr. Kolberg of Thief River Falls was at Hans Amundson's Saturday.

Miss Anna Nelson returned Tuesday from Thief River Falls, where she was snow bound for three days.

Gorgen Larson lost his best horse Tuesday.

PATENTS
TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 20 years experience.
Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Stones, Bones And Bugs.

[Copyright, 1905, by American Press Association.]

When the —— university scientific expedition was made up it was decided to unite professional work with pleasure. Some of the professors took their wives, some their daughters, and among the bachelors and young ladies there one or two incipient love affairs. For instance, Miss Nellie Marchand, whose father occupied the chair of the French language and literature, had been attracted to young Professor Stewart, curator of the university museum. Professor Stewart was so intent upon stones, bones and bugs that he had no eye for the charms of the young lady, who, by the bye, was very pretty.

Having reached a far western spot rich in geological and other specimens, the party settled for the summer in camp, making forays in parties, in couples or individually. When they left the east the Indians on a not far distant reservation were as peaceful as a litter of kittens. Before the university party had been in camp a fortnight the red men had broken their limits and were ready to tomahawk any white man, woman or child they met. One morning a cowboy rode into the camp and announced the fact to the startled intellectuals. What added to the terror occasioned by the news was that there were several small groups at the time out looking for specimens.

Among those who were out and did not come in was the curator. Miss Nellie Marchand took note of this fact before any one else. Although she was in agony at his danger, she said nothing, but started out in the direction she had seen the professor go an hour before to warn him. She walked a mile, regardless of her own danger, in her effort to warn the man she loved, when, coming to a rise in the ground, she saw a sight that paralyzed her. Barely 200 yards from her was Professor Stewart cracking a stone with a hammer, and not a hundred yards from the professor were a dozen Indians on ponies dashing toward him with blood in their eyes.

The first thing Miss Marchand did was to faint. This was blind luck, for, falling, she was concealed from view.

Meanwhile the red men swooped down on the professor, who on hearing a clatter looked up to behold immediate redhot death. However, since he was one white man against their dozen they were not in a hurry. Torture or murder might wait. What they were first absorbed in was their captive's possessions. They knew enough of civilization to appreciate the value of his watch, hammer, loose change and penknife. They plunged their hands in his other pockets and took out stones. Every receptacle was filled with them—stones, stones, nothing but stones. But in his inside vest pocket were some decayed bones. The Indians looked at one another in wonder.

A tiny box lay near. Suddenly noticing it, they made a rush for it. Here at last must be something they could exchange for fire water, for powder, lead, blankets. Opening it, their wonder was tenfold. It was full of bugs.

Suddenly an explanation came to the leader. He tapped his forehead with his finger. The others saw his meaning and assented. The professor was an imbecile.

One of the redeeming features of the North American Indian has always been kindness for the feebleminded. Any injury to such persons they consider sure to be visited upon them. They closed the bug box and handed it to their captive. They picked up the stones they had scattered about and placed them again in the professor's pockets. They restored his watch and other useful articles. Then, their march for a definite purpose having been interrupted, they mounted their ponies and rode hurriedly away. Professor Stewart turned his face straight toward the camp and began to triangulate in that direction.

Miss Marchand recovered consciousness, crawled forward and, looking over the crest, saw the Indians rifling what she supposed to be the curator's dead body. She fainted again. When the professor came that way with his stones and bones and his box of bugs he saw a sight that astonished him—the body of Miss Marchand. Perhaps it was an exuberance of feeling at his escape; perhaps it was the girl's condition. At any rate, it struck him that there was something in her dearer than stones, bones and bugs. Kneeling beside her, he pressed his warm lips against her cold ones.

Now, it happened that after Miss Marchand started out to warn Professor Stewart not only she, but the [illegible], was missed. Every one in camp started out in a different direction to hunt for them. Mrs. Marchand and Professor Mackinnon happened to meet near the very spot where Professor Stewart found Miss Nellie and at the moment he kissed her.

Under the warmth of the curator's kiss the young lady revived, gave a little shriek of delight at seeing him safe, then caught sight of her mother approaching. She rose, blushing. Professor Stewart, elated at his escape, shouted:

"Hurrah! I'm crazy."

"I should think so," said Mrs. Marchand severely.

This recalled the professor to himself, and while the four were hurrying to camp he explained what had occasioned his apparently idiotic remark.

Professor Stewart says it was Miss Marchand's brave act in going to look for him that settled matters between them.

ANNA BENTLEY.

SPECIAL ALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

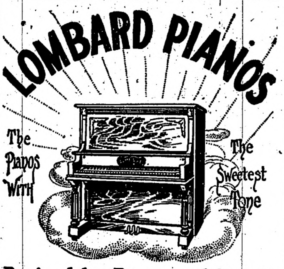
A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Travelling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Void Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

Good Sport
Is very exhilarating but somewhat tiresome.
After a day in the woods
Hamm's Beer
Refreshes, stimulates, strengthens and insures a good night's rest.
Include a case in your outfit
"Leads them All"
Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend." It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

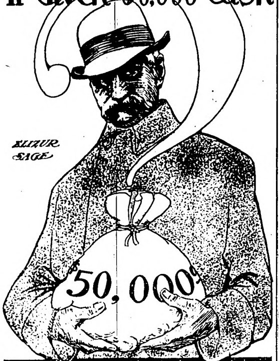
DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 635 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement. [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training? [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible] Next term begins soon. For booklet write [illegible] LELAND WATKINS, Pres. [illegible]

What Would You Do If Given $50,000 Cash



WHAT TO DO WITH $50,000.

Five years ago Russell Sage left his nephew, Elizur Sage, of Rensselaer, Ind., $50,000 in cash.

What did he do with it?

He did not squander it.

He says the schemers didn't get it.

The town says the schemers got a part of it, anyhow.

Sage put most of it into land. The land increased in value, and probably he still is worth $50,000, or perhaps a little more.

He had no desire to travel or spend.

He finds that money—even gift money—is a burden.

He was happier before he had wealth.

He is not happy, according to his own confession.

What would you do with $50,000?

WHAT would you do with $50,000?

It isn't that any one has a right to ask, presupposing the $50,000 to be your own, but supposing that some beneficent spirit, seeing your need and extreme worthiness, were to come like the good fairies of our somnolescent dreams and deposit such a sum to your credit in an accommodating bank! What would you do with it?

To tell this story one must go back. A little more than five years ago there lived on a rented farm north of the quaint little town of Rensselaer, Ind., a poor sort of soil tiller well past middle life. What he was able to glean each year, past rent and depreciation, kept him and his flock alive. That was all. He had never saved nor had anything. The horizon of his ambition lay close on his shoulders. No star glinted in the future, no regrets stalked the dun past. As he says himself:

"I was happy and careless then. Nothing worried me. When I got done with a hard day's work I slept. That was all. It was good in a way."

But the poor farm renter had an enormously rich relative—so rich, in fact, that the world drew a deeper and more envious breath at the symbolical sound of his name. A hard, cold man was this relative, sitting disconsolately by the great heaps of his heartless gold, harsh, cynical, introspective but never responsive, imbittered of success—that hardest of all drugs to drink in sanity. The poor renter had seen this Midas only once or twice, and his experiences with him had been anything but encouraging.

But one night death turned over the last shekel, put gold on the eyes and lips of the rich man, and asked him what he could buy with it of the worms. The will left $50,000 to the poor renter.

This is not a fairy tale. Everything about it is fact—hard, callous, and, for that matter, uncompromising fact. The rich man was Russell Sage and the poor renter was Elizur Sage, Rensselaer, Ind., his nephew. Russell Sage has been dead five years and Elizur Sage has been affluent ever since. Whether he expected anything of his rich relative one may judge from this little story:

Some years before, Elizur Sage was living on a little farm in Illinois. There fire wiped out his house and crippled him sorely. In his need, being too poor to have any standing with bankers and lenders of money, he appealed by letter to his multimillionaire relative for aid. The sum he asked was ridiculously small. Many a poorer man than Russell Sage has spent greater amounts for an evening's divertisement. But the hard eyed old financier didn't do business on the charitable plan.

Transaction Typical of Sage.

One may recall that he let his wife yearn for years after velvet carpets. But he did finally tell his relative he might have what money he needed under certain conditions. In the end Elizur Sage asked only $50, which was sent him, and in return he gave Russell Sage a mortgage on his place to guarantee this enormous sum.

The newspapers got hold of the story at the time, and as a result a New York museum proprietor offered Elizur Sage $200 a week to appear with his son in the museum as the man who had succeeded in borrowing $50 of Russell Sage. The nephew never appeared and the experience has made him a bit chary of newspapers and museums. That they told only what was true of his rich relative has not softened the sting.

But in the end Elizur Sage got his $50,000—all his own, to do with as he pleased—and there was no Russell Sage alive to ask a mortgage. There is more tragedy in this than may crop out of white paper and black ink. There is here the ruin of youth, the wrecking of hopes and enjoyments. In the end there is prosperity when the age for such things is past, when the ability to enjoy is dead. Elizur Sage was 58 years old when the legacy came.

"I might have acted different if I had been younger," he said, "but I wasn't no young man any more, and I guess havin' a little money didn't do much like makin' me crazy."

Neither did it make him happy. In all the things Elizur Sage says of his gift gold there is no trace of any genuine enjoyment. He is more secure than he was, but that is all. He isn't sure that his money has made him enjoy life more.

Sage did not squander his money.

A bit of native shrewdness is responsible for the fact that the sharpers haven't it all.

Sage invested at least a large part of his legacy in land.

He still has the land, incumbered or otherwise, and it has appreciated.

Wealth Fails to Bring Happiness.

He is neither happy nor satisfied.

"I went into the war at 13," he said, in beginning his story, "and I was in the service until I was 16, in the first Chicago Board of Trade regiment. Captain Sexton, my commander, was afterwards postmaster in Chicago. On leaving the service I went back to my father, who was in Will county, Illinois, in a little town. He was a carpenter and I learned this trade from him. He also owned a farm. At 29, in 1869, I went to farming on his place and stayed there till 1872 or 1873, when my father died and the estate was divided. Then I ran a little grocery and meat market for about five years and then came to Indiana and rented a farm. Then for a year I was back on a farm in Illinois again, and in 1890 I came back here to Indiana. I've been here ever since."

Sage was more than willing to say that previous to the coming of the $50,000 he had been absolutely poor.

"No. I had nothing in those days but a living. I was happy and careless then," he said. "Nothing worried me. When I got done with a hard day's work I slept. That was all there was to it. It was good in a way—no cares and nothing. I guess I was just about as well off. As long as anybody has his health I guess he's about as happy as he can be made."

"What happened when you got the money?" was asked.

"Well, the first thing, it put me into a peck o' trouble. Friends I never had before came in. They sprung up thick and fast. Them that didn't know me before the money came were anxious to be my friends then. Letters and requests for money began to come in by packs. Borrowers came to me without any security and thought I ought to lend 'em just because my money had been given me. Every kind of scheme was offered me where I could double my money in a month or a year.

"I didn't feel quite as contented as I had before, but I guess that's just natural. Before I didn't have any fear of being robbed or cheated. But when I got my money I went right to the bank with it and left it there. I didn't bite on their schemes. Whenever they hunted me I got leary of 'em. No sirree, they didn't get me on any get-rich-quick stuff."

Mr. Sage said it as if proud of the fact.

"But I knew that land was the safest place to put money," he said, "so I bought land. That's the place to put it so you can't lose it. It was a wise thing. My land has increased in value so much that I could sell out now and clean up $36,000. I invested nearly all my money in land."

"And what do you think of the general idea of giving large sums of money to people in that way?"

"Well, I think it must be a bad thing. People don't know what a dollar is much unless they earn it themselves. I guess it would have been like that with me if it had come earlier. Money ought to come kind of slow. It would 'a' been a bad thing for me if it had come 25 years earlier, but I was 58 when it did drop in. I'd had a little more experience then; I'd got all over these here wild notions and didn't have no foolish ideas like runnin' around. After 45 or 50 a man don't give much for these get-rich quick schemes."

Mr. Sage told something of his land investments. He possesses, by his own statement, two farms in Indiana and one in Ohio. Those in the Hoosier state are both near Rensselaer, one three or four miles from town and the other much further. The nearer farm contains 180 acres, the other 1?? acres, and that in Ohio 160 acres.

Farms Seem Good Investment.

Both the Indiana farms are fine rich prairie land worth not less than $150 an acre. When they were bought five years ago they probably brought about half that sum. What the Ohio property may bring cannot be said. On the nearer one of the Indiana farms the Sage heir has built a big, nice-looking country home with an unfinished appearance. It has its own gas lighting and water plants, and probably represents a cash investment of $5,000 to $6,000. There are, besides, stables, sheds, coops, sheep sheds, and other minor buildings representing perhaps another $1,500.

The second farm, further removed, is not so much improved. There is little value there aside from the actual land. The home place is, so Rensselaer knows and says, on the market at $175 an acre, with the usual reservation that a bid of less will be carefully considered.

In explaining this Rensselaer gossips do not say that Sage is hard up or that he has spent his money, but they say he has never made an impression on Rensselaer. The little town's society folk have refused to recognize the man who got rich by another's will, so the Sages are unhappy and wish to move to Ohio to begin over, as it were, and establish themselves socially as well as financially. Perhaps that is why Elizur Sage says he was happier before he got the legacy.—New York World.

Value of Good Teeth.

The principal of a school in Cleveland, Ohio, has reported marked improvement in the children who are under observation to prove that there is a relation between the teeth and the mind, and that having poor teeth not only makes for sickness of the body, but affects the mind as well. Of nearly forty children taking the test, it was found that only two showed absolutely no improvement.

SAYINGS OF THE FLUSTERED

People Will Make Most Absurd Remarks When Suddenly Hailed as Somebody Else.

The other day a pretty young matron, swathed in a veil, entered a car, already nearly full of passengers, where she expected to join her husband, and possibly to find her sister, also. The car was dim, and she had not yet put up her veil. She dropped into the seat beside a familiar looking figure, and entertained her neighbors by exclaiming, as she did so:

"Oh, here you are, dear!"

"No, ma'am, I ain't; I'm somebody else," declared her startled seatmate, turning.

"Do excuse me!" cried the lady hastily. "Of course I can see now you're just a man, but I thought for a moment you were my husband."

"Is be a lady, ma'am? Because if he ain't, that's likely to be him beckonin' across the aisle, and if he is, that's her flourishin' a handkerchief three seats down. Seems as if one of 'em must be the person you're lookin' for."

"Oh, thank you! They both are."

A familiar case of fluster occurred at a waiting station, where a tall young lady, wearing a raincoat of undistinctive cut and color and a heavy veil, and bearing as it chanced, the commonest of feminine names and surnames, and therefore the combination most likely to make trouble, was greeted by a strange young man, who suddenly laid a hand on her arm, exclaiming:

"Why, Mary Smith! You darling girl!"

Greatly startled, the girl accosted, not quite sure whether she were the victim of an error or an impertinence, endeavored by disclaiming the epithet while acknowledging the name, to put the effusive youth in his proper place; but her flurried nerves betrayed her tongue. To her horror, she heard herself announce, in tones of chilling dignity, "I am certainly a darling girl, sir, but I am not, Mary Smith."

Hastily endeavoring to correct this statement, she only succeeded in turning it round.

"I am not Mary Smith," she stated, icily, "but I am certainly a darling girl."

Before she could entangle herself further the young man remarked politely: "Both facts are quite apparent, madam, and I beg your pardon. I mistook you for my cousin, Mary Smith, who is another."

"But the facts are not apparent!" she cried, desperately. "I am Mary Smith, and I was trying to say so, only I was so flustered I kept saying something else!"

"That is what I supposed," he admitted, and he allowed himself a laugh in which she could not help joining.—Youth's Companion.

Get Your Present Ready.

"I see the young lady next door has a beau."

"She assures me that it is purely a platonic affection."

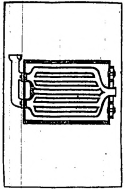
"In that case you had better look over something cheap in clocks, or something of that kind."

SCIENCE AND INVENTION

HEATER FOR AN AUTOMOBILE

Series of Pipes, Arranged Like a Griddle, Keeps Car Warm by Distributing Exhaust.

By installing the heating apparatus invented by an Ohio man a motorist may now keep his car as warm in winter as it is cool in summer. A series of pipes, like a griddle, is positioned under the body of the car, preferably horizontally. These form a radiator which reaches to every corner of the seating portion of the vehicle and distributes the heat thoroughly. This radiator is connected with the exhaust pipe of the engine and the exhaust of heated air that would otherwise pass out the back wasted is put to good use keeping the occupants of the car cozily warm in the colder days of automobiling. Any motorist knows how hot his muffler grows from the accumulation of exhaust that is held in that receptacle for a while to prevent too noisy an escape. He can easily understand, then, how nicely that same amount of heat would keep the temperature up in his car.

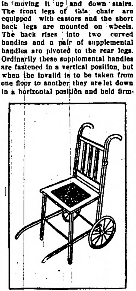


Automobile Heater.

INVALID'S CHAIR IS USEFUL

Designed by New York Man With View of Carrying It Up and Down Stairs—Lighter Than Others.

Most invalids' chairs are of a cumbersome type and when the occupant is to be transported up and down stairs he and the chair must be carried separately. A New York man has designed a chair which is not only much lighter than the average, but has appliances to assist in moving it up and down stairs. The front legs of this chair are equipped with castors and the short back legs are mounted on wheels. The back rises into two curved handles and a pair of supplemental handles are pivoted to the rear legs. Ordinarily these supplemental handles are fastened in a vertical position, but when the invalid is to be taken from one floor to another they are let down in a horizontal position and held firmly there by catches on the front legs of the chair. This provides supporting means at both back and front and greatly facilitates the transportation of the chair.



Invalid's Chair.

University Aviation.

Aviation as a science has been recognized by one of the most dignified educational bodies of Europe, the university of Paris, and an aerotechnical institute has been established and is now just beginning work under its direction. This was made possible by an endowment of $100,000 by Henry Deutsch, and an annual income of $3,000.

The new institute is on the plateau of St. Cyr, near Versailles, and on the edge of the maneuver field of the military school. It consists of a large group of buildings and laboratories, with a track for launching gliders, and all the apparatus that has so far been invented for the study of meteorology, air currents, air resistance and the many problems connected with flight which are now so imperfectly understood.

New Flying Machine.

A Scotch inventor is building a flying machine weighing about six tons, designed to carry 20 or 30 passengers. It will cost about $25,000. In shape it resembles a bird and embodies the rotary theory of flight. Each wing will be a large gyroscope, revolving horizontally, like inverted basins. It is claimed that the rotary wings will enable the machine to travel in any kind of weather and by its own power raise itself vertically from the ground. Aviators and experts, however, express considerable doubt as to the success of the machine, and question whether one weighing so much can lift itself from the ground or prove a decided success in other ways.

WHY SUN CHANGES IN SIZE

Varied Opinions Are Due to Fact That There Is Nothing With Which to Compare It.

Ask ten people how large the sun looks to them when it is in midheaven, and you will get ten different opinions of its size, which range from a silver dollar to a cart wheel. The varied opinions are due to the fact that there is nothing with which to compare it when looked at by itself. Before any accurate estimate of its size can be made, we must have some known object with which to compare it.

Thus, when the sun is on the horizon and appears to be close to houses, trees and hills, it looks large. To some people it seems as large as a house or tree. Moreover, there are more persons who will agree that it appears to be a certain fixed size under this condition that will agree when it is viewed at the zenith. The diversity of opinion in the latter case results from the inability of the eye to "size up" an isolated object.

This has been proved by Prof. E. C. Landis, by projecting a narrow beam of light on a perfectly black, nonreflecting screen so placed that the observer could see nothing but the beam of light, and had no way of judging his distance from the screen. The observations of several persons under these conditions revealed the fact that there was no certainty about the length of the beam, the apparent length being estimated all the way from a few inches to several feet.

This being the case when the sun is in midheaven, how can its size be reduced to some uniform standard?

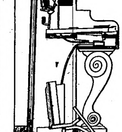
The most logical answer is found by representing it as a circle located at a fixed distance from the eye.

PIANO PLAYER IS PNEUMATIC

One Object of Invention Is to Provide Device Which Will Be Strong and Durable in Its Action.

In referring to an invention recently patented by William G. MacArthur of New York, the Scientific American says:

This invention relates to an improved piano-player, an accompanying illustration of which shows it in a vertical section through a piano with the attachment thereon. An object of the invention is to provide a device which will be inexpensive to manufacture, strong, durable and both quick and positive in its action. A further object is the provision of a piano playing attachment in which the pneumatic portion of operating mechanism is attached directly to the keys, whereby a great saving in space and more positive and sensitive movement is obtained.



Pneumatic Piano Player.

Curious Luminous Lamps.

In France, by the cultivation of luminous marine microbes in a liquid medium contained in little glass vessels, there have been produced some of the most curious lamps imaginable. If a few of these living lamps are arranged about a bust in a dark room, the bust is made plainly visible and photographs may be taken of it.

Organs of Sense in Animals.

The organs of sense in the lower animals are situated at times in very unexpected places. There are creatures which have eyes on their backs, ears in their legs, and that sing through their sides. The power of scent in the dog and of sight in the eagle is much more acute than ours.

NOTES OF SCIENCE AND INVENTION

Most of the great men of the world have had blue eyes.

The Japanese process of dwarfing a pine tree lasts about ten years.

Norway has the lowest death rate in Europe. England comes next.

The livers of one hundred codfish are needed to produce a gallon of oil.

Sound travels through the air at the rate of about thirteen miles a minute.

Disappearing landing wheels, which fold up within the chassis, feature a new aeroplane.

The coin called yen in Japan is 50 cents in our money, 100 yen being equivalent to $50.

Practically all forms of carbon can be converted into graphite by heating to high temperatures.

There was an observatory for the study of the stars at Alexandria, in Egypt, in the year 300 B. C.

The invention of magnifying glasses is ascribed to one Alhazen, an Arabian, in the year 1050 of our era.

A member of the faculty of the university at Birmingham, England, has patented a small apparatus for the direct recovery of ammonia from gas economically.

Providing a cork jacket, which keeps its wearer upright in the water, with a propeller driven by two cranks, a New Yorker has invented a device which is a variation from most styles of swimming machines.

FATE AND THE FLETCHERS

Intervention That Made It Certain Hour for Senator's Death Had Not Struck.

Senator Duncan U. Fletcher of Florida sought his berth one night on a sleeping car on the way south from Washington. Pulling back the curtains of a lower nine, he saw that his bed was already occupied.

"Hi, there!" called the senator, shaking the stranger by the shoulder.

The sleeper awoke and protested angrily.

"My name's Fletcher," explained the statesman, "and this is my berth."

"You've got nothing on me," answered the other. "My name's Fletcher, and this is my berth."

"My full name is Duncan U. Fletcher," the senator elaborated.

"So's mine," agreed the intruder.

"Ah, I see," said the senator, politely. "There must have been a mistake in reserving the same berth for two men of the same name. I'll go into the next sleeping car."

The stranger, by this time, was fully awake, and proceeded to apologize, and to offer to give up the berth. This the senator would not do, but went into the car ahead, and found a place to sleep.

An hour later the train was wrecked. The car in which the stranger occupied the lower nine fell through a trestle, and that Fletcher was killed. The senator's car was not damaged at all.—Popular Magazine.

MRS. SELBY AND PRIZE BABY

"I have always used Cuticura Soap and no other for my baby and he has never had a sore of any kind. He does not even chafe as most babies do. I feel sure that it is all owing to Cuticura Soap, for he is fine and healthy, and when five months old, won a prize in a baby contest. It makes my heart ache to go into so many homes and see a sweet-faced baby with the whole top of its head a solid mass of scurf, caused by poor soap. I always recommend Cuticura, and nine times out of ten the next time I see the mother she says: 'Oh! I am so glad you told me of Cuticura.'" (Signed) Mrs. G. A. Selby, Redondo Beach, California, Jan. 15, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 20 L, Boston.

Wasted Blessings.

Aunty (just arrived)—Bless your sweet heart!

Marie—You needn't waste any of your blessings on him, aunty.

Aunty—Him? Who?

Marie—My former sweetheart. We're mad at each other now.—Judge.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

Every time you meet a grouch hand it a lemon.

DANGER SIGNALS.

Sick kidneys give unmistakable signals of distress. Too frequent or scanty urinary passages, backache, headache and dizzy spells tell of disordered kidneys. Neglect of these warnings may prove fatal. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills. They cure sick kidneys.

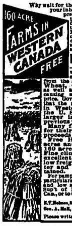
Mrs. M. A. Gamblin, Russellville, Ark., says: "I was in such bad shape from kidney disease that I gave up hope of recovery. There were decided dropsical symptoms, my heart palpitated violently and the pains in my back almost drove me frantic. After doctoring without benefit, I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and when I had used two boxes, I was as well as ever."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Explanations.

Miss Fullosoul (of a poetical turn) "Which are you of opinion one should say, professor: 'Summer flies' or 'Summer fleas?'"

Absent-Minded Professor (great on entomology)—"The two species, my dear young lady, are entirely distinct. Now, the common house fly—" Then he wondered why she suddenly opened a conversation with the young man on her right.—London Sphere.



The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

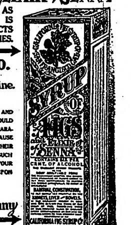
E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Pettit's Eye Salve STOPS EYE ACHES

KEYSTONA FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS
GOES ON LIKE PAINT; LOOKS LIKE WALL PAPER; YOU CAN WASH IT
A beautiful illustrated book of 24 colors and Photographs for 2 cents. Send your name and address to the KEYSTONE VARNISH CO., Brooklyn, N. Y.

N. W. N. U., NO. 46-1911.



BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL, SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
in the Circle,
on every Package of the Genuine.

ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY AT SOME TIME DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY.

WHEN BUYING

Note the Full Name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR GRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE; MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

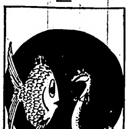
Lenox Soap is the best value, in the way of laundry soap, that money will buy.

It is the *cheapest* of good soaps; the *best* of medium-priced soaps.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand!"

EVEN IN THE DEEP.



Mr. Sunfish—I hear that Mr. Black Bass couldn't get on the police force.

Mr. Eel—No, they drew the color line on him.

Caring for Consumptives.

There are now four special methods by which consumptive workingmen in the United States are being cared for. In such cities as Albany, Elmira and Binghamton, N. Y., the unions support a separate pavilion or hospital. In cities like Hartford, New Britain and South Manchester, Conn., the workmen contribute towards the maintenance of a fund for the care of consumptives. The employers also contribute to these funds. There are also two national sanatoria for the treatment of tuberculosis owned and operated by labor unions; one by the International Typographical union, and the other by the Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union. In Massachusetts, Illinois and elsewhere large corporations and manufacturers have agreed voluntarily to care for all their consumptive employes for a limited length of time.

Silent Innuendo.

"That woman always speaks kindly of others."

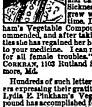
"Yes," replied Miss Cayenne; "but she always does it in such a way as to imply that she is making some terrible mental reservations."

Pain and Swelling seldom indicate internal organic trouble. They are usually the result of local cold or inflammation which can be quickly removed by Hamlins Wizard Oil.

There are still a few legitimate ways of acquiring wealth.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Marriage is a contract—and there are lots of contract jumpers.



MY DAUGHTER WAS CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"I send you herewith the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. Corkran, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.

Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

KODAKS

The three following are the most popular and convenient sizes:

1A— Picture size [illegible] Price [illegible]

No. 3— Picture size [illegible] Price [illegible]

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"Brownie" Cameras $1 to $12. Excellent workmen in our finishing department insure best pictures from your films. Catalog furnished.

Peck Company 116 S. 5th Street MINNEAPOLIS

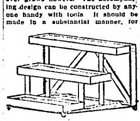
PISO'S IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

HORTICULTURE

PLANT STAND FOR A WINDOW

One That Can Be Moved Easily Is Always in Demand—Can Be Constructed by Handy Person.

A plant stand that can be moved easily is always in demand by whoever grows flowers. The accompanying design can be constructed by anyone handy with tools. It should be made in a substantial manner, for when weighted down with pots it will be subject to considerable strain when moved, and a flimsy framework would soon come apart and the stand collapse, plants and all.



A Homemade Plant Stand.

Of course, such a stand can be made of any size to fit the window, writes Sylvanus Van Aken in the Orange-Judd Farmer. When one desires to make the room more attractive for a party it may be wheeled away and placed against the wall, the shelves facing the room. It will thus provide a bank of plants and flowers. Its portability is also a great advantage on cold nights, since it saves the labor of moving pots one by one, as is necessary where stationary plants or tables without casters are used.

In summer, when plants go out of doors, it may be set against the side of the house in a sheltered place, and it will be as useful as indoors.

The design illustrated herewith is two feet high, two feet from front to back, and three feet long at the back. The shelves are each eight inches wide and three inches deep. The top one is three feet long, the middle two and one-half feet long and the bottom two feet long. These shelves should be covered with a couple of inches of sand, in which the pots are to be plunged. If this sand is kept moist it will prevent unusual drying of the soil in the pots. The whole framework should be mounted on casters, preferably of iron, and braces should be placed at the back and across the bottom, as shown in the drawing.

CAUSE OF CHESTNUT BLIGHT

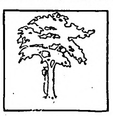
Withering of Trees Is Result of Boring by Insect Between Outer and Inner Bark.

Thomas Davy Candy of Langhorne, near Philadelphia, declares that he has discovered the cause of the blight which is withering chestnut trees in the middle and south Atlantic states. A boring beetle, one-sixteenth of an inch long, black in color, which lays its eggs between the outer and the inner barks, is the primary cause, he says. Grubs are hatched from the eggs, and these penetrate the soft inner bark, following its course around the tree trunk. Above the patch of the borer occurs the blighted appearance. Myriads of the tiny worms were found upon a single tree upon Mr. Candy's land, and the total result of their depredations was so extensive that the tree, he says, appears to have been scorched by fire. The blight has become so serious in Pennsylvania that the legislature appropriated $275,000 to a commission appointed by the governor to investigate the cause of the disease and to devise ways for exterminating it.

METHOD OF COLORING WOOD

Substantial Change in Color of Tissues Effected by Injection of Matter Into Trees.

Staining wood after it has been sawed, planed and converted into woodwork or furniture is a most ordinary procedure, but the staining of the wood while the tree it composes is alive and growing is a departure from old methods. The illustration shows a device by which coloring matter is injected into the tissues of the tree in such manner that it will be distributed by the natural circulation of the sap, thus effecting a substantial change in the color of the tissues with which it comes in contact.



Coloring Growing Wood.

Where Young Trees Thrive.

Trees bear best if every place in the orchard is occupied. Therefore, put out new trees whenever the old ones die. When thus setting out a young tree in an old orchard always spade up the ground for a distance of six or seven feet all around it. The general reason why the young tree nearly always dies in an old orchard is that it is choked out by grass and weeds.

North Hillside for Apples.

Apple trees bear better if the orchard occupies a north hillside. This is true because the winter freeze comes out of the ground later, so that the bloom does not come out until danger of frost is past. All fruits that the frost will injure do better on high ground, because the frost is less severe there.

FOR KILLING PLUM CURCULIO

Jarring Method Can Be Advantageously Practiced—All Ladybugs Should Be Liberated.

"The plum curculio winters in the adult stage, emerging in the spring just as the fruit buds begin to swell," says Prof. J. G. Sanders, head of the economic entomology department of the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin. "Immediately, it begins to feed on the young foliage and fruit buds and should be treated with a strong spray of lead arsenate, as this is the only stage at which an arsenical poison is effective in controlling the pest.

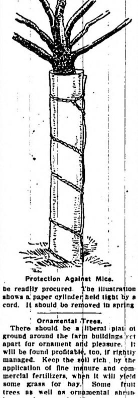
"The curculio is distinguished from the plum gouger in that it never penetrates the fruit stone. The female curculio deposits her eggs in crescent shaped cuts, which she makes on the surface of the fruit. Seven to ten days later, the larvae emerge and about two weeks after this they leave the fruit, crawl into the ground, where they spin a cocoon and pupate. In this stage of the life cycle the insect can be killed by intensive cultivation of the orchard.

"Where labor is cheap the jarring method of control is advantageously practiced," continued Prof. Sanders. "This system involves the use of a canvas, held about waist high under the tree, while the tree is jarred with a padded pole, the curculios falling off upon the canvas where they can be sorted out and destroyed. Any ladybugs which are snared by this method should be liberated, as they are beneficial parasites, which destroy injurious fruit insects."

TO PROTECT AGAINST MICE

Paper Cylinder as Shown in Illustration Will Prove Effective—Should Be Removed in Spring.

Various methods are adopted to protect young trees from being marked by rabbits or mice. Wire screens are expensive, but are also most effective. Wood veneer fastened around is a good protection if it can be readily procured. The illustration shows a paper cylinder held tight by a cord. It should be removed in spring



Protection Against Mice.

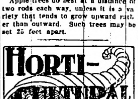
Ornamental Trees.

There should be a liberal plat of ground around the farm buildings set apart for ornament and pleasure. It will be found profitable, too, if rightly managed. Keep the soil rich by the application of fine manure and commercial fertilizers, when it will yield some grass for hay. Some fruit trees as well as ornamental shrubbery and trees should find a congenial soil here. Seats and a swing will be found to be a great pleasure here. The planting out of trees and shrubbery may be done to advantage this month.

Distance for Apples.

Apple trees do best at a distance of two rods each way, unless it is a variety that tends to grow upward rather than outward. Such trees may be set 25 feet apart.

HORTI-CULTURAL NOTES



An orchard neglected for one year virtually puts it back three years.

The size of an apple can be influenced to quite a large degree by picking.

Keep the orchard clear of all dead brush, it being a harbor for injurious insects.

The cellar used for storing fruit must be kept cooler than the vegetable cellar.

The ideal time for picking apples is a matter that must be settled to a large degree by the individual.

The coldest weather does not kill the insects. Therefore spraying is the safest method of killing them.

Pears and apples keep better if picked a little green. Some pears rot from the core outward if allowed to ripen on the tree.

The first advantage of fall planting is that it induces the grower to get his nursery stock earlier than if planting in the spring.

Any kind of fruit tree will die when planted in ground that is all the time saturated with water. The tile ditch is a necessity in such places.

Trees set out in the fall do better when the winter is moderate, as the ground is drier and the trees make a greater growth the next season.

If your trees have been affected with leaf blight during the summer, spray them with bordeaux mixture after the crop has been gathered.

SANITARY WAY OF SWEEPING

Various Methods of Keeping Down the Dust When the Vacuum Cleaner Is Unavailable.

Recently there has been developed a great improvement in housekeeping appliances—the vacuum cleaner. It is not yet perfect, but it contains great promise. This innovation practically "eats the dirt," sucking it into its great tube of a throat, and depositing it in an air-tight receptacle, which may be emptied and cleaned out of doors. If the cleaner is mechanically well constructed and susceptible of easy manipulation, it is a valuable household invention.

Whenever these more effective methods of removing dirt are, for any reason, temporarily impossible, always remember that moisture makes dust not only less harmful, but more manageable. The old-fashioned custom of sprinkling wet tea leaves over the carpet before sweeping was not done for hygienic reasons, but to brighten the colors. It was, however, unintentionally sanitary. Newspapers torn or cut into bits, and thoroughly wet, answer the same purpose and are more easily obtained in the quantity desired. In cases of illness existing in the room to be cleaned, an excellent practice is to saturate these bits of paper with a solution of Platt's chlorides, Electrozone, or a 20 per cent. carbolic solution. Dusting may be accomplished in a sanitary manner by using an oily cloth, or, for some purposes, one moistened with water is better.

Oil is becoming more and more one of the weapons of the sanitarian. By its use the roads in some towns are kept almost free from the dust nuisance, and stagnant and mosquito breeding pools are prevented from contaminating the atmosphere.—Woman's Home Companion.

TO MAKE CLARIFIED BUTTER

Method of Purifying It Which Makes It as Good as Finest Florence Oil.

The following are some of Dr. Kitchener's butter recipes

Clarified Butter.—Put the butter in a nice clean stewpan, over a very clear slow fire, watch it and when it melts carefully skim off the buttermilk, etc., which will swim on the top. Let it stand a minute or two for the impurities to sink to the bottom, then pour the clear butter through a sieve into a clean basin, leaving the sediment at the bottom of the stewpan. Butter thus purified will be as sweet as marrow—a very useful covering for potted meats, etc., and for frying fish, equal to the finest Florence oil.

Burnt Butter.—Put two ounces of fresh butter into a small frying pan. When it becomes a dark brown color add to it a tablespoonful and a half of good vinegar and a little pepper and salt.

Oiled Butter.—Put two ounces of fresh butter into a saucepan, set it at a distance from a fire so that it may melt gradually till it comes to an oil and pour it quietly from the dregs. This will supply the place of olive oil and by some it is preferred either for salads or frying.

Cold Catsup.

Ingredients required: One peck of good tomatoes, firm and ripe. Peel them cold without scalding. Chop fine in chopping bowl and strain off all the juice. This is imperative, for if juice is not all strained off the chopped tomatoes the catsup will not keep. Add to the tomatoes one teacupful of chopped onions, one teacupful chopped celery, one teacupful sugar, one-quarter of a teacupful salt, one teacupful mustard seed, one teaspoonful ground cloves, one teaspoonful black pepper, one teaspoonful cinnamon, four red peppers chopped fine. Mix all ingredients together in large stone jar, then take three pints of pure cider vinegar and mix thoroughly, then bottle. This catsup will keep for three years if care is taken to have the tomatoes free from juice, and pure cider vinegar.

Stuffed Onions.

Take large white, silver skinned onions, or medium sized Spanish onions, and boil gently for an hour in slightly salted water. Then remove the hearts, making room for a large tablespoonful of the stuffing. Make the stuffing of minced cooked calf's liver, a little minced ham or bacon to flavor. To a pound of the liver allow one-third of a cup of gravy or cream; half-cup fine dry bread crumbs; one egg; pepper and salt and some of the onion taken from the center. Mix well and place in the onion cases. Brush over with softened butter and sprinkle lightly, all over, with bread crumbs moistened with butter. Bake a nice brown in a moderately hot oven.

Ingenious Laundry Bag.

Nothing is more annoying than the usual drawstring laundry bag, which always gapes at the wrong moment and refuses to open when it is full. One clever woman has solved the difficulty in a new way. She procured a plain wooden coat hanger, such as can be bought anywhere for five cents, and sewed a chintz bag over it, sewing the bag tight to one side of the hanger and leaving the other side loose, with a slit down the middle about half the way. The top of the bag and the slit are bound with tape, which fastens the loose side around the metal hook of the hanger. Thus the bag is easily opened when needed and keeps properly closed when inconspicuousness is desired.

Pickled Figs.

For every pound of pulled figs allow three-fourths pound sugar and one cupful of water to each pound of sugar; boil five minutes and skim. Drop in figs and let simmer until fork will penetrate them, being careful that they are not too soft. Put in jars with a few cloves, bits of cinnamon, and very little mace. Cover well with sirup. Do not close jars for three mornings. Each day pour off sirup without removing figs; reheat to boiling point and pour over figs. On the third morning measure sirup and allow one cupful of vinegar to three cupfuls of sirup. Boil and pour over figs; seal while hot.

Longevity Personified.

Senator Benjamin F. Tillman relates an amusing anecdote about a colored man named Jeff, who has been with a neighboring South Carolina family since before the war.

"One day," said Mr. Tillman, "his mistress was rather surprised when old Jeff asked to have a few days off to go, as he put it, 'up to de old state of Bosting,' to see his aunt.

"'Why, Jeff,' said the lady, 'your aunt must be pretty old, isn't she?'

"'Yes'm,' he replied, 'yes'm; mah aunt must be pretty ole now—she's 'bout ah hundred an' five years ole now.'

"'One hundred and five years!' exclaimed his mistress, 'what on earth is she doing up there in Boston?'

"'Deed, I's dunno what's she's doin', ma'am,' rejoined old Jeff, in all seriousness, 'she's up dere livin' wid her gran'mother.'"

Faint?

Have you weak heart, dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals? Or do you experience pain over the heart, shortness of breath on going up-stairs and the many distressing symptoms which indicate poor circulation and bad blood? A heart tonic, blood and body-builder that has stood the test of over 40 years of cures is

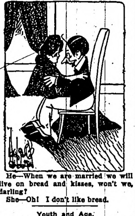
Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

The heart becomes regular as clock-work. The red blood corpuscles are increased in number—and the nerves in turn are well fed. The arteries are filled with good rich blood. That is why nervous debility, irritability, fainting spells, disappear and are overcome by this alterative extract of medicinal roots put up by Dr. Pierce without the use of alcohol. Ask your neighbor. Many have been cured of scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever-sores," white swellings, etc., by taking Dr. Pierce's Discovery. Just the refreshing and vitalizing tonic needed for excessive tissue waste, in convalescence from fevers or for run-down, anæmic, thin-blooded people. Stick to this safe and sane remedy and refuse all "just as good" kinds offered by the dealer who is looking for a larger profit. Nothing will do you half as much good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

OTHER PART ALL RIGHT.



He—When we are married we will live on bread and kisses, won't we, darling?

She—Oh! I don't like bread.

Youth and Age.

"The difference between youth and age was never so well put," said Rev. C. W. Penlow, in an address at an Ocean Grove beach meeting, "as by a playwright who wrote:

"'Youth, which is forgiven everything, forgives itself nothing. Age, which forgives itself everything, is forgiven nothing.'"

How Fido Lost Out.

"My girl used to think a lot of her pug dog, but I've managed to get the edge on him since we married."

"How did you work it?"

"Fido wouldn't eat her cooking, and I did."

It is much easier for us to forgive some one for being an enemy to our friend, than for being a friend to our enemy.

JUST BEFORE THE TROUBLE

How Could the Listener Know What His Friend Was Trying to Say?

If any man ever admired his wife, that man was Howler. And when the Fitzboodles asked Mrs. Howler to get up and sing, "There Is a Garden in My Face," the husband glowed with pride.

No matter that she had a face like a hippopotamus and a voice like an elephant, he sat beaming as she sang, and could not refrain from bending over to his neighbor and whispering: "Don't you think my wife's got a fine voice?"

"What?" said his neighbor, who was a little deaf.

"Don't you think my wife has got a fine voice?" repeated Howler.

"What?"

"Don't you think my wife's got a fine voice?" roared Howler.

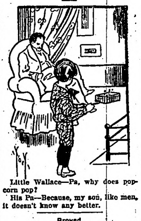
"Sorry!" returned the neighbor, shaking his head. "Can't hear a word you say. That awful woman over there is making such a frightful row singing."

Death Bed Jest.

Among what may be called deathbed jests, that of the Rev. James Guthrie of Stirling, one of the Covenanter martyrs, deserves a high place. Lord Guthries recalls the story in "From a Northern Window." Mr. Guthries was executed at the Cross in the High street, Edinburgh. The night before he asked for cheese for supper. His friends wondered, for the physicians had forbidden him to eat cheese. But he said, with a smile, "I am now beyond the hazard of all earthly diseases."—Uncle Remus' Magazine.

In the hands of a woman the powder rag is mightier than the sword.

THE REASON.



Little Wallace—Pa, why does popcorn pop?

His Pa—Because, my son, like men, it doesn't know any better.

Proved.

"There's no question about it," said Scribbleigh. "England is the place for an author to live in who wishes to write perfect English. We become merely the expression of our environment, after all, and I wish to do my work in an atmosphere in which the language I use for the expression of my ideas is spoken in all its prestine purity. Do you not agree with me, Lord Miggleton?"

"By Jowve, you're bally right, old top!" replied his lordship.—Harper's Weekly.

Rubbed Hard.

The Venus of Milo explained her missing arms.

"I tried to get the tan off," she said.

Herewith she rejoiced she hadn't used the same method on her neck.—Harper's Bazar.

POSTUM
Brazilian Coffee Grower

We Get a Slap

The big coffee trust, made up of Brazilian growers and American importers, has been trying various tactics to boost the price of coffee and get more money from the people.

Always the man who is trying to dig extra money out of the public pocket, on a combination, hates the man who blocks the game.

Now comes a plaintive bleat from the "exasperated" ones.

The *Journal of Commerce* lately said: "A stirring circular has just been issued to the coffee trade." The article further says:

"The coffee world is discussing what is to be the future of coffee as a result of the campaign of miseducation carried on by the cereal coffee people. We have before us a letter from one of the largest roasters in the South asking what can be done to counteract the work of the enemies of coffee.

"The matter should have been taken up by the Brazilian Gov't when they were completing their beautiful valorization scheme."

Then the article proceeds to denounce Postum and works into a fine frenzy, because we have published facts regarding the effect of coffee on some people.

The harrowing tale goes on.

"Where few years ago everybody drank coffee, several cups a day, now we find in every walk in life people who imagine they cannot drink it. (The underscoring is ours.) Burly blacksmiths, carpenters, laborers and athletes have discontinued or cut down the use of coffee; as there is not a person who reads this and will not be able to find the same conditions existing among his own circle of acquaintances, is it not well for the Brazilians to sit up and take notice?"

Isn't it curious these "burly" strong men should pick out coffee to "imagine" about? Why not "imagine" that regular doses of whiskey are harmful, or daily slugs of morphine?

If "imagination" makes the caffeine in coffee clog the liver, depress the heart, and steadily tear down the nervous system, bringing on one or more of the dozens of types of diseases which follow broken-down nervous systems, many people don't know it.

But it remained for the man who has coffee, morphine or whiskey to sell, to have the supreme nerve to say: "You only imagine your disorders. Keep on buying from me."

Let us continue to quote from his article.

"Notwithstanding the enormous increase in population during the past three years, coffee shows an appalling decrease in consumption."

* * * * *

Then follows a tiresome lot of statistics which wind up by showing a decrease of consumption in two years of, in round figures, two hundred million pounds.

Here we see the cause for the attacks on us and the Brazilian sneers at Americans who prefer to use a healthful, home-made breakfast drink and incidentally keep the money in America, rather than send the millions to Brazil and pay for an article that chemists class among the drugs and not among the foods.

Will the reader please remember, we never announce that coffee "hurts all people."

Some persons seem to have excess vitality enough to use coffee, tobacco and whiskey for years and apparently be none the worse, but the number is small, and when a sensible man or woman finds an article acts harmfully they exercise some degree of intelligence by dropping it.

We quote again from the article:

"These figures are paralyzing but correct, being taken from Leech's statistics, recognized as the most reliable."

* * * * * * *

This is one of the highest compliments ever paid to the level-headed, common sense of Americans who cut off about two hundred million pounds of coffee when they found by actual experiment (in the majority of cases) that the subtle drug caffeine, in coffee, worked discomfort and varying forms of disease.

Some people haven't the character to stop a habit when they know it is killing them, but it is easy to shift from coffee to Postum, for, when made according to directions, it comes to table a cup of beverage, seal brown color, which turns to rich golden brown when cream is added, and the taste is very like the milder grades of Old Gov't Java.

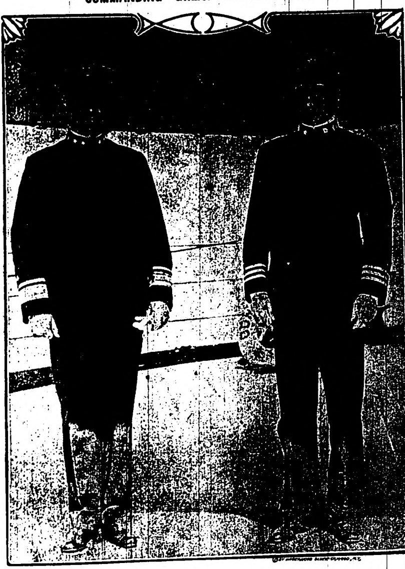
Postum is a veritable food-drink and highly nourishing, containing all the parts of wheat carefully prepared to which is added about ten per cent of New Orleans molasses, and that is absolutely all that Postum is made of.

Thousands of visitors to the pure food factories see the ingredients and how prepared. Every nook and corner is open for every visitor to carefully inspect. Crowds come daily and seem to enjoy it.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Michigan.

COMMANDING GREAT ATLANTIC FLEET



OUR photograph shows Rear Admiral Hugh Osterhaus (left), and Capt. William R. Shoemaker, chief of staff, on the flagship Connecticut in New York harbor just previous to the review, by Secretary of the Navy Meyer, of the Atlantic squadron. Over nine miles of the Hudson river stretched the vast Armada, in which were 102 war vessels with a total tonnage of 577,285.

GRAND CANYON GOLD LURES

Men Seek Riches Washed Into Bed of Colorado River for Centuries—Dredges Being Installed.

Denver, Colo.—Endeavors at last are being made to compel the Grand canyon of the Colorado to give up the gold which has been washed into its bed for centuries. Several concerns are preparing to conduct operations on a large scale to overcome obstacles to get these riches.

It has long been known that there was much gold in the bed of the Colorado canyon. Explorers who have been in various parts of the great abyss have reported deposits of gravel and black sand that apparently ran to a great depth and that promised values, although well distributed in the sand and gravel. Attempts have been made to interest capital in plans to get out this wealth, but heretofore there has been no success, because propositions easier to get at and involving smaller expenditures of money and risk have attracted most of the capital available.

In recent years, however, several syndicates have been formed to get out the gold. One, backed by eastern capital, has been at work for some time at Lee's ferry. This is a desolate place, far from any railway, but it has offered the best opportunity for such work, being at the point where the river runs out of the sand hills after cutting through them for hundreds of miles and running for a few miles about at a level before dipping into the marble canyon. Dredges have been installed here after being hauled far over the desert. Black sand impregnated with gold and platinum and gravel having small nuggets of gold in it have been found here, and the enterprise promises to be highly profitable. This sand and gravel runs to a depth of from thirty to sixty feet before bedrock is touched, and the dredges can take it out in great quantities.

Above this point, in Utah, where the cliffs are not high, similar operations have been put under way. Here it is said that the conditions are similar to those found at Lee's ferry, except that there are evidences of even richer values. Parties have gone out into the wild regions between these two points to explore for places where the river can be reached. Reports have been received that wherever the prospects can be made conditions are found favorable. Nature, however, has provided huge battlements to defend these riches, and there is doubt whether many of the deposits can be exploited profitably.

"Bell Hop" for 52 Years.

San Diego, Cal.—Lester Ladd, 52 years a bellboy, celebrated his 68th birthday anniversary here. His last job in a hotel was at the U. S. Grant, which he left but a few weeks ago. He is now running the elevator in the Union building. He was born in Hudson street, New York, when that thoroughfare was one of the fashionable residence streets of the metropolis. He became a bellboy at 16 and since then has worked at the Buckingham, St. Louis; the Palmer house, Chicago; the Morton house, New York; the Piedmont, Atlanta; the De Soto, Savannah, and the Tampa Bay hotel at Tampa.

Horse Bus Is Gone.

London.—When Andrew Gibson, for 37 years the driver of an omnibus in London, throws down his reins some night near the end of the present month, the last horse-drawn bus will have finished its final trip through the streets of the world's metropolis.

Gibson shakes his gray head sadly over the prospect and declares that the London of the motorbus and taxicab is not as happy as the London of the days when people were content to move slower. At the hey-day of Gibson's career the two omnibus companies of London owned 31,000 horses.

MORE CURIOUS THAN WOMEN

Observations Tend to Prove Assertion That Inquisitiveness Is Really Masculine Trait.

London.—Once more man is being convicted of what is supposed to be almost exclusively a feminine failing.

Men, it is now suggested, are much more inquisitive and anxious to poke their fingers into other people's pies than are women.

A well-known lady novelist, whose experience of social conditions is exceptionally large, made this interesting statement:

"One has only to go to the theater or a garden party to notice the insatiable curosity of the modern man," she said.

"In theaters it is the men who discuss the appearance of other people, asking innumerable questions and standing up, glasses in hand, between the acts to glean more information

"It seems to me that a man's curiosity grows with his age. The elderly gossip, who is always fishing for scandals, is to be found everywhere nowadays.

"Women, on the other hand, especially elderly women, are not really curious concerning their surroundings. Girls, of course, are prying and inquisitive; but they do not count.

"It is high time that the fallacy about women being more curious than men were exploded."

Recently a newspaper man visited the west end and made several "observation tests."

Crowds of men and women passing Charing Cross on their way to the theaters were first observed. The number of people who "looked around"—who turned their heads to watch passersby—within a space of five minutes was roughly, as follows:

Out of 100 people 20 men looked around and ten women looked around.

A visit to a teashop on the Strand revealed groups of young men gossiping together and discussing other customers.

A station official on the Southeast & Chatham railway said that a test of the curiosity of the sexes could be obtained by watching those people who read the labels of other people's luggage.

There were piles of luggage destined for the continent in Victoria station, and the numbers of men who sauntered by, turning their heads at all angles to catch a glimpse of the hotel labels and the names of the owners, was remarkable.

HOBO WITH DESIRE TO WORK

Chicago Judge Sees $700 Cash, Cashier's Check for $350 and Book Showing $500 Deposit.

Chicago.—Chicago police the other day rounded up a curiosity—a hobo with a bank roll and an alleged desire for work.

Judge Maxwell in the Desplaines street court saw the roll, but had to take the bo's word for it that he was fond of work.

Joseph N. Norman, who declares his original home was at Piedmont, W. Va., and says his moniker while he is traveling is "West Virginia Slim," was arrested while seated in his "side door Pullman" enjoying a smoke and studying the terminal facilities of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad as his train pulled in from the south.

The first thing discovered on his person when taken to the Des Plaines street station was a roll of bills amounting to $700, a cashier's check for $350 and a passbook showing a deposit of $500 in a West Virginia bank. In addition "Slim" was well supplied with small change.

"Great Scott! Is this Rockefeller or Morgan you've brought in?" asked Judge Maxwell, as he watched "Slim" nonchalently hand over his funds.

"Quit yer kiddin', jedge," replied "Slim." "I ain't no millionaire. I'm just a ordinary bo. But you see there's one difference; I like to work and—"

"What's that?" gasped the judge.

"Sure. I go to work every winter and chop wood and save my money by 'hittin' a rattler' instead of paying fare. I'm on my way to Wisconsin. I kin pay my fine, all right."

"No, I won't fine you," declared the judge approvingly. "You're too thrifty. Be on your way, but don't steal any more rides."

"That's some jedge," declared "Slim" as he pocketed his wealth and strolled out of court.

If you wish me to weep, you yourself must feel grief.

LAUGHS AT FAT "COP;" FINED

German's Mirth Soon Changed in Court on "Scandal" Charge—Sentenced to Prison for Week.

Berlin.—Berlin law certainly seems far-reaching. Because he laughed, an iron worked the other day was sent to prison for a week. Going along the street, he saw a merrymaker being chased by a particularly stout policeman and the sight tickled him. He was promptly haled before the court for scandal. Another man attempted to get into a moving train and fractured his leg. After six months in the hospital he was discharged cured, when the state railway department at once prosecuted him for breaking their regulations. The law and leg breaker was fined 5s. Stepping into an omnibus, a man trod on the foot of a lady, who was so annoyed that she said he walked like a hen. She was fined $5 for using this term of speech.

How to Be Rich.

Put all your eggs in one basket, and then place the basket in cold storage. —Life.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Winona.—The Heffron Literary society at the Cotter boys' high school has completed plans for the preparation of a paper to appear fortnightly and be called the Biograph.

Duluth.—David Carlson was caught in a 13,000-volt switch. The accident put the machinery out of commission and plunged the city in darkness. Carlson died on the way to a hospital.

Duluth.—Dr. M. B. Cullom, mayor of Duluth, is a candidate for re-election. Dr. Cullom is a Democrat. Alderman Shartel also is expected to be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Mayor.

Duluth. — Donald A. McLeod, aged 71, died after an illness of six weeks. Mr. McLeod was retired from active business and was well known in Duluth, having resided here for the last 18 years.

Duluth, — Rev. Alexander Milne, pastor of Pilgrim Congregational church for 14 years tendered his resignation to take effect Jan. 1. He gives as his reason for resigning, the condition of his health.

Pipestone.—Ole Gunderson, a farmer residing across the line in Rock county, was thrown from his wagon while driving home and his neck was broken. His dead body was found alongside of the country road.

Little Falls—Mrs. Mary Starkweather, of the woman's department of the state labor bureau, made two addresses in Little Falls. She spoke on "Schools as Social Centers," and was listened to by large audiences.

Pipestone. — Plans are being made for the formation of a branch of the Men and Religion Forward Movement in Pipestone county. Dr. Harsaw of Minneapolis will be here to meet the pastors of the county in December.

Duluth. — Many range Italians are proving their loyalty to their country by departing in large numbers to fight the Turks. John Manell and Peter Nord of the Eveleth police force are securing volunteers for the Italian army.

Pipestone.—Fire at the farm of Joe Nafziger, a mile north of Pipestone, destroyed his large dwelling house; together with all its contents. The members of the family barely escaped with their lives, the fire occurring at night.

Fergus Falls.—Edith Lemke, who has been conducting a store at Sauk Center, filed a bankruptcy petition in the United States court in this city today, placing her assets at $1,050, all in stock in trade, and her liabilities at $1,108.57.

Elk River.—Borlin Harvoth who was arrested last Septemer on the charge of striking Joseph Pologh on the head with a rock, causing his death, was indicted by the grand jury for murder in the second degree. He pleaded not guilty.

Faribault.—Rice county real estate continues to bring good prices. Several sales are reported of farms where the price was well up to $100 an acre. Farmers who have sold their land are selling their stock and machinery and will move into the city.

Little Falls.—Through the efforts of F. O. Johnson, an inspector of the state dairy and food department, C. E. Sanford, a cream buyer of Swanville, was fined $15 and costs in justice court here on a charge of giving a higher test than he should in purchasing butterfat. H. Bain, a meat dealer of the same village, was fined for keeping his shop in an unsanitary condition. Bain pleaded guilty. Sanford fought his case and will appeal.

Roseau.—N. G. Bierd, general manager, and R. G. Kemley, chief engineer, of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, have been in Roseau looking over a proposed route for a railroad to connect with the Canadian Northern. They came in an automobile, having made the trip from Minneapolis north through Princeton, Brainerd, Bagley, Thief River Falls and through Roseau county by way of Benwood and Wanaska.

Duluth.—Two Finlanders had a lively adventure with two bears near Kinney on the Mesabi range. They were deer hunting and ran across two bears. The hunters each selected a bear and fired again, but in the excitement neither man stopped his bear. They then clubed the animals with their rifles. The animals were finally killed. Ninvich was severely scratched and bruised by the bears, Hataala was unscratched.

Duluth.—Two Finlanders had a lively adventure with two bears near Kinney. They were deer hunting when they ran acros the animals. Each hunter selected a bear and fired simultaneously. Both animals were hit and maddened with pain, charging the hunters. Both men fired more shots, but in their excitement, neither man stopped his bear. They then clubbed the animals to death, but not until Ninivich was severely scratched and bruised. Hataala, who is a man of extraordinary strength, was unscratched.

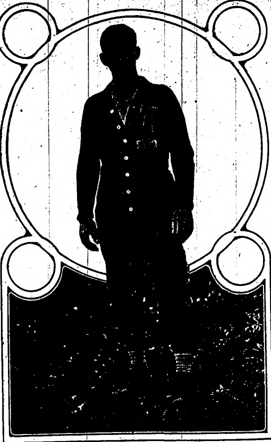
Duluth. — Whelock Whitney, a Superior contractor, and two other men were marooned twenty-four hours in the ice on the St. Louis river and suffered everything but death from exposure and the deadly cold which prevailed. The men were in a motor boat.

Duluth.—John Gasper, a fugitive from the Red Wing training school, was retaken at Beaver Bay, on the north shore of Lake Superior. He was working for a homesteader. Gasper is one of six boys that escaped last summer and he was the last to be captured. His home is in Duluth.

Fairmont.—The Fairmont tile factory has had hauled two more carloads of the clay from the banks in the east part of this city. It is not yet satisfied that the clay here will be entirely suitable for its purposes, although it is far better than the clay at Fairmont.

Duluth.—Victor Molin, 10 years old, while assisting his father in loading hay from a loft, sixteen miles west of Duluth, fell from the loft, striking a pitchfork handle, which penetrated his body nearly four inches. He was brought here and operated on at a local hospital. It is believed he will live.

ONE OF INDIANA'S BRILLIANT PLAYERS



Andy Gill, Captain of the Hoosier Squad.

CAPTAIN PICKERING

Hustling Leader of Minnesota Eleven.

CORNELL CREW STARTS WORK

Practice Started by 1915 Team for Next Season's Events—Candidates Number Over 100.

The 1915 crew practice has started at Cornell, under the supervision of Coach John J. Hoyle, assisted by Coxswains H. J. Kimball, '11, and C. F. Merz, '12, and other former crew men who will spend their spare afternoons at the crew room for the next few weeks.

Charles E. Courtney has not been seen much at the crew room, preferring to spend his time at the boat house supervising the work of several varsity candidates who are working out on the water this fall. It is probable that he will not take charge of the freshmen until Coach Hoyle makes up several combinations to send down to the inlet within a few weeks. About twenty additional freshmen have entered, bringing the total number of 1915 candidates above the 100 mark.

Women Crews Will Race.

A varsity intercollegiate boat race between women crews from the University of California and Stanford in the latest innovation in college athletic activities, and if the present plans of the California women do not miscarry the Pacific coast college public will witness the spectacle of two women's crews struggling for victory over a regulation racing course equipped with a regulation shell.

Griffith After Lincoln Team.

Clark Griffith, manager of the Cincinnati National league team, is said here to be a possible purchaser of the Lincoln franchise in the Western league.

Donald C. Despain, manager of the franchise, said he had fixed a price, and while there were several prospective purchasers, no deal had been concluded.

Picking Winners a Novelty.

The "expert" who finally did pick a winner is rubbing it in. One can sympathize with him for gloating. He's picked so many losers a winner is a novelty.

Brooklyn Signs Dahlen Again.

President Ebbetts of the Brooklyn baseball club announced the other day that William F. Dahlen has signed a contract to manage the Brooklyn team next year.

TO TRY FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

American Athletes Expected to Sweep Board at Stockholm—Small Army to Make Trip.

That America will send abroad an athletic team that will sweep the boards at the Olympic games at Stockholm next summer is the prediction of all followers of sport. According to the plans of the American Olympic committee the athletes who will carry the stars and stripes in the battles for world honors will be the greatest aggregation of champions ever gathered together.

That a small army will make the trip is evident from the enthusiasm displayed in all parts of the country since the call for $50,000 was made by the Olympic committee. In this city several thousand dollars have been subscribed already and in Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Boston, San Francisco, Los Angeles and Portland, Ore., plans are under way to add thousands to help defray the expenses of the team.

It is the intention of the American committee to have every section of the country represented—north, south, east and west.

AMHERST TO GET NEW FIELD

Memorial to "Old Doc Hitchcock" Planned at Cost of $10,000—To Have Concrete Pergola.

Amherst's memorial to "Old Doc Hitchcock," of the class of 1849, who was a pioneer in physical education among colleges, is to be a $50,000 athletic field, contributed by undergraduates and alumni. No intercollegiate contests will be held on the field, but there will be forty acres divided into soccer, baseball, la crosse and football practice grounds, tennis and handball courts, a quarter-mile cinder path and pits for trap shooting and perhaps a baseball cage.

A large tract between the Central Vermont and Boston & Maine railroad tracks has been selected and will be graded in three terraces. Surmounting the whole is to be a concrete pergola, from which a view of the entire field can be had. In winter the second terrace is to be flooded, making an artificial skating pond and toboggan slide.

New Golf Champion.

Harold H. Hilton, now the holder of the amateur golf championships of Great Britain and the United States, began playing the game as soon as he could toddle. He was six years old when he held his first driver and took twenty shots on one hole. Even then he felt himself held by the game. Walking one shot hole was almost enough for him. Now he plays thirty-six a day without being worried or fatigued. By the time Hilton was ten he played a fair game, good enough to beat that of President Taft now. Before Hilton was sixteen he began winning tournaments. He knew then that each shot counts, studied the lie of the ball and the club to use.

He now is forty-two years old, and recently in England was only one stroke behind Harry Varden in the contest for the championship of the world, which also is open to amateurs.

Brilliant Quarter Returns.

Jerry Warner, quarter-back of the Missouri valley championship Nebraska football eleven, and unanimous choice for valley quarter last fall, has come back to the fold and Cornhusker prospects for this season have gone up.

Yale Freshmen Crippled.

The athletic prospects of the freshman class at Yale practically were wrecked by the action of Director Chittenden of the scientific school in probationing all members of the class because of misconduct.

Its Need.

"This is a drama of the Nutmeg state."

"Ah, my boy, then it should have a [illegible] cast."

CHANGES IN FOOTBALL

New System of Coaching Gives Many Players Chance.

Old Machine Gives Place to Squad Capable of Experimental Shifts in Course of Game—Eleven Is Made More Plastic.

Football coaching has undergone as radical a change in the last few years as has the game itself, and nothing exemplifies this so much as the methods in vogue in the middle west. There is less change in the east, for eastern elevens are so hedged about with their traditions and "coaching systems" that reform is hard to accomplish with the big teams of the district, and as the smaller schools, as a general rule, follow the example of the larger the change is less apparent than in the district known to western followers of the game as the conference district.

The conference district does not mean the conference itself, but the territory influenced by that body, which may be summed up as the states of Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska. Schools of the Missouri valley conference follow the example set by the older and more powerful "big eight," while most of the minor schools in that territory follow the larger.

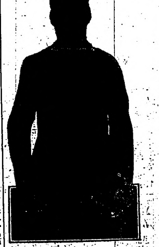
In no school is the change in coaching more apparent than in an institution no longer membered among the conference. The change in Michigan's coaching has been thorough and the work of Yost there in the last few years has been about as different from that used previous to 1905 as night is from day.

That the change is for the better is shown by the increase in strength of the Wolverine teams toward the close of the season and the bringing out of stars. Even in the palmiest days of Michigan's "steam roller" Yost never was able to get more than one man on an All-American football eleven in any one year. Last season Yost had two men, Benbrook and Wells, neither of whom would have had much better than an outside chance of making the all star team under the old system of coaching.

In the years when beef and brawn constituted the greatest qualifications for a player the Michigan eleven often was formed after the first or second game of the season and there was little chance for a man who had not secured a place up to that time, to get into any of the later games unless one of the "regulars" was benched by injury. Everything was concentrated upon eleven men and the whole work was bringing these men to working as a unit. Little account was taken of substitutes and, as a consequence, the team obliged to put in fresh men at any stage of the game labored under a disadvantage rather than an advantage.

From the start of the season the cry was "score, score" and Yost earned the appellation of "Hurry Up" in those days by his ability to keep his men running up and down the field against opponents, often piling up scores of a hundred or more points against his early season opponents. Indeed, the cry for big scores was such that a Michigan team which failed to score more than fifty points against its early season opponents was counted a failure. This was not confined to Michigan by any means, for all schools in the conference at that time were score mad, but Yost seemed to possess the faculty of getting higher scores against his opponents than did any of his rival mentors in the big nine.

CAPTAIN BUSER



Leader of Wisconsin Football Team.

Trick Plays the Thing.

Up-to-date tricks on the gridiron, instead of the old-style tactics, will win games in the opinion of A. A. Stagg, coach of the University of Chicago.

After he had analyzed the scores the other day he made the prediction that old-style tactics would not be likely to land any team on top. He attributed the good scores of some of the eastern teams to the presence of first-class stars and the caliber of the beaten teams, but declared that old-fashioned football would be relegated to the discard later in the season when the championship contenders get together.

Youngest Athlete.

The youngest registered athlete in the United States is Richard Baxter, son of Hugh H. Baxter, the ex-champion pole vaulter and millionaire. Richard was born a few days ago and an A. A. U. registration card was issued for him before he was twenty-four hours old. His proposer was Captain Matthew Halpin of the New York A. C., and his name was seconded by Secretary Robert G. Kanehall of the same club.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Settlers on the government irrigation projects, who find they have taken more land than they are able to meet the various charges on, may relinquish part of it and have the payments already made credited against the charges of the retained part, according to a decision by Secretary of the Interior Fisher.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher is of the opinion that much of the $100,000,000 which it is estimated is lost annually in American mining and metallurgical industries can be saved, wherefore in his estimates for the next fiscal year, submitted to the treasury department, he asks for $100,000 for mineral waste investigations, to be expended under the direction of the bureau of mines.

The government will not appeal from the decision of the United States circuit court at New York, which approved the plan of dissolution proposed by the American Tobacco company. While the government may ask the supreme court to review the decision at any time within a year, it was learned that Attorney General Wickersham was not planning to do so at this time and probably will not.

The next move looking to the voluntary disintegration of the International Harvester company rests with that corporation. The negotiations between the department of justice and the compaany have been temporarely suspended, pending action by officials of the so-called harvester trust upon the department's objections to the plan of dissolutions submitted by the representatives of the company.

General.

Many substantial gifts are provided in the will of the late Joseph Pulitzer.

The court of commerce sustained the legality of the long and short haul clause.

The supreme court of Missouri fined and ousted the International Harvester company.

The United States supreme court made a ruling in the railroad grain elevating cases.

Chairman Stanley says there are many hidden facts to come out concerning the steel trust.

The government is dissatisfied with the low price paid for postal savings bank bonds at New York.

President Vanhise of Wisconsin university suggested a national commission to regulate prices.

The president has returned to Washington, and will now get busy in writing his annual message.

The postoffice at Horick, Ia., was raided by cracksmen and $300 in money and stamps secured.

Absinthe is an enemy, Dr. H. W. Wiley of the federal chemistry bureau declared, which the pure food board is going to fight.

On account of his advancing years, George A. Harris, D. D., LL. D., has resigned as president of Amherst college.

Attorney Hanecy, counsel for Lorimer, said there was a conspiracy to drive the senator out of politics.

President of the Fourth National Bank of New York, is at the head of an extraordinary evangelical crusade, which is being started in this country.

The official count of voters eligible to cast ballots in the city election at Los Angeles on December 5, totals 192,197.

The contract for the new building of the bureau of engraving and printing was awarded to J. Henry Miller, incorporated, of Baltimore, whose bid of $1,197,420 was the lowest.

Brand Whitlock, who was elected mayor of Toledo for the fourth time November 7, filed with the board of elections a certified statement that he did not spend a cent for expenses during the campaign just ended.

Wilfred Stuart Sheldon-Dickason, alleged scion of a noble English family, was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of stealing jewels valued at $2,950 from Mrs. Olga von W. Haskell, a society leader of Minneapolis. In default of $4,000 bail he was returned to his cell.

After holding the officers of Grand county, Utah, at bay for twenty-four hours, John E. Brown, who shot his daughter to death, and inflicted wounds upon her husband from which he died later, surrendered to the sheriff.

With a note of bitterness, General Allen confesses Europe has outdistanced the United States in army aeronautics.

A dispatch from Mazatlan, in the state of Sinaloa, Mexico, says that thirty former insurrecto soldiers mutinied because they had been paid no wages since September.

The army ordnance bureau has been obliged to go abroad to place a contract for 100 armor-piercing shells for the big fourteen-inch guns now being turned out. The contract has gone to the Hadfield Steel Foundry company of England.

Statisticians have figured that another decline in business will soon be here.

Representative Henry of Texas says that Roosevelt in his recent article on the trust question is feeling around for a third term.

James Freeman, 75 years old, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life at Murphysboro, Ill., for the murder of his wife.

Speaker Champ Clark gloried in the country of his birth and praised Congressman Bartholdt in testimonial banquet at St. Louis.

Eight million persons are in need of immediate relief owing to the failure of the crops in twenty Russian provinces.

United States Senator-elect Hoke Smith, governor of Georgia, stated he would offer his resignation as chief executive of the state.

The Rev. C. V. T. Richeson of Boston, will be placed on trial on the carge of murdering Miss Avis Linnell on January 15, 1912.

Beet sugar refiners have formed a temporary organizantion to carry on their fight to maintain the tariff on sugar.

The seedless lemon, to produce which botanical experts have unsuccessfully labored for years, has been discovered at San Bernandino, Cal.

The Nebraska reports of the Rock Island show passenger earnings bringing in larger revenue, but freight returns decreasing with increase of operating cost.

The Mexican cabinet decided to send a large force of fighters into Morelos and adjoining states where Emiliano Zapata has been waging war with more or less success for several months.

New York's streets have become so littered with piles of garbage as the result of the street cleaners' strike, that Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards will begin the use of disinfectants.

The famous old warship Nipsic, which survived the Samoan hurricane and which for many years has been the prison ship of the Bremerton navy yard, has been condemned as unsanitary.

The Japanese Antarctic expedition aboard the Kainan Maru, which was forced to return to Sidney last spring after reaching 74 degrees south, has started on its second attempt to reach the south pole.

Formal notice of the purpose of the Japanese government to appoint Baron Chinda ambassador to Washington to succeed Viscount Uchida, who was made minister of foreign affairs, has recalled Washington.

Spokane shippers joined with the Department of Justice and the Interstate Commerce commission in an appeal to the supreme court of the United States from the recent advance decision of the commerce court in the Spokane rate case.

Sheriff Stephens of Luna county, New Mexico, arrived at Engle with the bodies of Tom Hall and Al Smithers, members of his posse, who were killed at the V-X-T ranch near Engle while attempting to arrest three outlaws who escaped from the Deming (Texas) jail November 7.

Mrs. Elizabeth Atchison of Sydney, N. S. W., in a letter lays claim to the land upon which Atchison, Kansas, a city of nearly twenty thousand, is built. The land, she claims, was given before the "Louisiana purchase" to David T. Atchison, of whom she says she is a descendant.

The arrest of General Bernardo Reyes by United States authorities at San Antonio for violation of the neutrality laws is eactly in line with the policy of this government to stamp out revolutionary activity against Mexico in United States territory, according to Secretary of State Knox.

Mme. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, widow of a grandson of Jerome Bonaparte, brother of the first Napoleon, and a granddaughter of Daniel Webster, died in Washington after a long illness. She was seventy-two years old and was born in Boston, Massachussetts.

In order to maintain the parity of the postal savings bonds, the trustees of the postal savings banks announced that they would purchase these securities at par from persons compelled to relinquish their investment. This action resulted from the recent report that the market value of these bonds is only 92. Postmaster General Hitchcock declared that no depositor would endanger his principal by exchanging his postal savings deposit for postal savings bonds.

The democratic house will attempt to amend the Sherman anti-trust law.

Attorney General Wilkinson says he can find no evidence to support a prosecution of cotton bears.

Announcement was made that the supreme court of the United States would take a recess after announcing opinions next Monday, November 20, until Monday, December 4.

Personal.

Colonel Roosevelt denies he was misled in the Tennessee merger.

Secretary Wilson is ready to resign as soon as his successor is named.

Suffragettes of London threaten to renew their struggle.

President Taft will not appoint a new justice until the first of January.

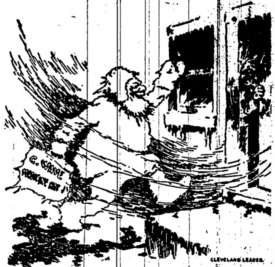
Norman E. Mack says that Roosevelt is an avowed candidate for the presidency.

Princeton has won the championship of the big four football teams of the east.

More demands for the abdication of the throne are pouring in on the Chinese premier.

In a statement the district attorney of Chicago justified his prosecution of the Lorimer case.

"THOUGHT I'D DROP IN FOR A DAY OR SO"



CLEVELAND LEADER.

W. J. BRYAN ON DISABLED VESSEL

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINER GOES ON ROCKS NEAR SAN SALVADOR.

BOAT IN NO IMMEDIATE DANGER

Nebraskan With Wife and Grandchild on Way to Visit Daughter Mrs. Ruth Owen.

New York, Nov. 23.—According to wireless messages received here, the Hamburg-American liner Prinz Joachim, on which William J. Bryan is one of the passengers, went ashore on the rocks of Samana island, near Santo Domingo. Mrs. Bryan and their 6-year-old grandson, John Bryan, are with Mr. Bryan.

Bryan was on his way to visit his daughter, Mrs. Ruth Leavitt Owen, in Kingston. He expected to spend the winter in Panama, after visiting in Kingston.

Samana island is one of the small outlaying islands of the Bahamas, located just southeast of San Salvador, where Columbus landed. It is also known as Atwood's key, and is an uninhabitable rock about a mile wide and eight miles long. The vessel went ashore at 3 a. m.

According to marine men, the Prinz Joachim must have been twenty-five miles or more off her course. The vicinity always is avoided by sailors as being particularly dangerous.

Wireless at first reported the passengers in no immediate danger. Later reports received here by wireless however, declare that the vessel is in a sinking condition and that immediate aid is needed. It is believed, however, all the passengers can be landed in the lifeboats in safety, unless aid arrives before the vessel breaks up. Numerous vessels attracted by the wireless calls of the Prinz Joachim are hurrying to her aid. Among the vessels that have reported themselves on the way are the Colon of the Panama Railroad & Steamship line.

The Prinz Joachim left New York with seventy-five cabin passengers for Fortune island, Kingston and Colon. The place where she went ashore is thirty miles from Fortune island.

The vessel is a modern boat of 4,750 tons, belonging to the so-called Prinzen class, used by the Atlas line of the Hamburg-American in its South American and West Indian service. It develops a speed of fourteen knots and generally carries a large number of tourists.

A wireless declared the passengers were calm and that all preparations had been completed by the crew to take them off the steamer as soon as one of the rescuing steamers arrived.

SEVERAL HURT DURING FIRE.

Marshal's Buggy Runs Down Children in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Nov. 23.—Two children were fatally injured and a number of men seriously hurt when a fire, which for spectacular rescues, eclipsed any occurring in this city, destroyed the plant of the J. Baum Safe and Lock company. The loss will be in the neighborhood of $150,000. The cause of the fire is not positively known, but it is believed a lighted cigaret had been thrown into shavings.

Probe Alleged Rebating.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—The United States grand jury began an investigation to determine whether railroads operating between New York and Chicago have been giving rebates to theatrical companies. Agents of the New York Central and Michigan Central lines were among those who entered the grand jury room.

Revolution in Paraguay.

Buenos Ayres, Nov. 23.—It is reported here that a revolution has broken out in Paraguay.

PREPARING TO SHELL NANKING

CHINESE INSURGENTS AWAIT ARRIVAL OF WARSHIPS.

Attempt Made to Assassinate Yuan Shi Kai, China's "Strong Man."

Nanking, Nov. 23.—The revolutionary forces are making rapid preparations for the bombardment of Nanking. These will be completed with the arrival of ten warships on the way to this place and an attack will be made on the city by land and sea.

The rebels are holding their own on the banks of the Han river; sharp fighting and bombarding are daily occurrences. The revolutionary forces are now awaiting the fall of Nanking, which will permit the fleet to come to their assistance. In such event, the imperialist forces certainly will not be able to hold "Station Kilometer Ten," which can be covered easily from the river.

A small body of General Chang's imperial scouts tore [illegible] the railway four miles to the south of Nanking. Prior to this the railway had been considered neutral territory. Within the city walls, 11,000 men hold a strongly fortified position. They are supplied with arms, but they are poorly provisioned.

The former Chinese minister to Japan, Tsao, a warm personal friend of Chang's, has been endeavoring to induce him to surrender, but Chang is obdurate. Tsao who is the guest of President Bowen of Nanking university has not yet given up hope of winning over the Manchu general. The latter has stopped killing those who have cut off their queues and has issued a decree assuring the Chinese and others within the city that they are safe. He also has guaranteed protection to the Red Cross.

Plot to Kill Yuan Shi Kai.

Pekin.—An attempt was made to assassinate the premier, Yuan Shi Kai. There have been various rumors that the premier's life was threatened. He has been going about escorted by a guard.

Yuan, however, is now practically dictator. The indications are that he has decided to embark on a vigorous campaign against the rebels in Pekin and Tien Tsin, renewing the censorship and ferreting out the agitators. It is evident that he is acting without regard to the national assembly. The sessions of the assembly hereafter will probably be few.

The government's greatest problem is that of finances. How long the officers will remain loyal without their salaries cannot be foretold, but the troops will follow the officers. Up to the present the salaries have been paid, but for further payments the government will have to depend on foreign loans.

GOMPERS TO BE RE-ELECTED.

Socialists Not Believed Strong Enough to Effect Change in A. F. of L.

Atlanta, Nov. 23.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor meets with the expectation of passing on the reports of two of its important committees. The adjustment of industrial disputes and the president's report will be heard.

All the recommendations made by President Gompers in his annual report have been considered by the committee.

President Gompers and the other officials probably will be re-elected as the socialists have not developed sufficient strength. It is practically certain that the 1912 convention will be held at Rochester.

Taft to Dine Republicans.

Washington, Nov. 23.—At one dinner President Taft plans to give in the White House this winter he will be host to the Republican national committee, most of the well known leaders of the party and to many of his cabinet, all at once.

Des Moines Experiments.

Des Moines, Nov. 23.—The city council made an appropriation of [illegible]500 for establishing a municipal lodging house and employment bureau.

DULUTH MAN LOST HIS RANGE STOCKS

STEEL INQUIRY COMMITTEE HEARS MERRITT'S STORY OF $1,000,000 DEAL.

JOHN D. PLAYS CONFIDENCE GAME

Blames Preacher Emissary for His Downfall—Declares He Was Not Schooled in Ways of "Money Trust."

Washington, Nov. 22.—Alfred Merritt of Duluth, first president of the Duluth, Misabe & Northern Railroad, who styled himself a "lumber jack" unacquainted with the methods of the "money trust," told the house steel trust investigating committee that through loans of less than $1,000,000 from John D. Rockefeller he had lost his holdings in the Mesaba iron mines and the railroad properties now owned by the United States Steel corporation and estimated to be worth today as high as $700,000,000.

Merritt and his brother, Leonidas Merritt, who will testify, were among the original mine owners in the Lake Superior region, and part owners and builders of the Duluth, Misabe & Northern railroad. The elder Merritt declared that he was induced through F. D. Gates, Mr. Rockefeller's secretary, "in charge of his charitable work," to put up all his holdings as collateral for loans from Mr. Rockefeller in 1892 and 1893. One loan was for $142,000. Others were for various sums.

Gates, he said, was a Baptist preacher, in whom he had confidence, and who assured him that by placing a call loan he would not be pressed and that he would be taken care of.

Rockefeller Forecloses.

The witness related how, two months after he had put up his collateral with Mr. Rockefeller, during the panic of 1893, Rockefeller called the loan, giving him 24 hours to raise $420,000; that being unable to raise the money, he and his brother lost their property.

He admitted that Mr. Rockefeller offered him an opportunity to buy his property back within a year, but declared that the oil king told financiers "to keep hands off" and that he was unable to raise money anywhere.

Dispute as to the nature of the transaction arose when D. A. Reid, counsel for the United States Steel corporation, stated that the Merritts had made actual sales of their stock holdings to Rockefeller in order to raise money, and that they never had taken advantage of the opportunity to repurchase within a year.

Another brother, Mr. Reid declared, had redeemed his stock and secured his pro-rata share at $208 per share when it was taken over at the time of the organization of the United States Steel corporation.

The Merritts were first parties to a transaction with Mr. Rockefeller and others in determination of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines. In this the mines of the region and the Duluth, Mesaba & Northern were consolidated. Out of this, a suit by the Merritts against Mr. Rockefeller developed on the ground that misrepresentations of mining properties were turned in by the Rockefeller interests. Subsequently, Rockefeller paid the Merritts $525,000 in settlement for this.

C. H. Martz, engineer of the railroad, testified that he was forced by Mr. Rockefeller to sell his stock in the road because he was an employee and that he had been ordered to pad the cost of the road in a report to the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission in order to justify ore rates charged.

BANKERS CHEER ALDRICH.

Father of Monetary Reform Plan Invites Criticism of Measure.

New Orleans, Nov. 22.—Any wise amendments that may be suggested to the national monetary commission's plan for the reform of the country's system will be accepted by the commission. So former United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, chairman of the committee, told delegates to the convention of the American Bankers' association here.

Mr. Aldrich was cheered for five minutes when he arose to speak. The bankers gave him a rising vote of thanks for his active interest in the plan when he finished. His address was the chief feature of the day's proceedings.

He expressed confidence in the early passage of the remedial legislation.

TOBACCO INTERESTS TO APPEAL

Want Circuit Court's Decree of Dissolution Reviewed.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Independent tobacco interests will appeal to congress if necessary to have the circuit court's decree of dissolution of the tobacco trust reviewed by the supreme court. This was asserted by Felix H. Levy, their attorney, who appeared before the interstate commerce committee of the senate to give his views on the trust question.

PACKERS GET ANOTHER DELAY

APPEAL FROM DECISION AND GET POSTPONEMENT TO MONDAY.

Meanwhile, Stay Order Will Be Sought from United States Supreme Court.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—Further delay in the criminal trial of the indicted Chicago packers—this time until next Monday—was granted defendants' counsel by Judge George A. Carpenter by the United States district court. As a result the fight to save the packers from facing a jury probably will shift from Chicago to Washington, where efforts will be made to obtain a stay order from a justice of the United States supreme court.

Counsel for the packers effected the delay granted by Judge Carpenter by first appearing before Judge C. C. Kohlsaat in the United States circuit court, where the entering of an order quashing the packers' habeas corpus writ had been marking time since Saturday. When delay was granted Saturday by Judge Kohlsaat it was agreed that formal entering of this order should take place today. The defendants' lawyers, however, caused some surprise by appearing in Judge Kohlsaat's court at noon with counsel for the government and asking for immediate entry in the order. At the same time the order granting an appeal from Judge Kohlsaat's decision, handed down Saturday, was entered.

Levy Meyer of counsel for the defendants after delay had been granted by Judge Carpenter, said that the application for a stay order from the supreme court would be made before Chief Justice White at Washington at once.

SUFFRAGETTES ARE WORSTED.

Two Hundred and Twenty of Them in Jail in London.

London, Nov. 22.—The suffragettes fared badly at the hands of the police. They had threatened to force their way into the house of commons and make a protest on the floor against Prime Minister Asquith's refusal to pledge the government to a bill giving equal suffrage to both sexes. They failed to reach the entrance to parliament.

Repulsed by the police, who made upwards of 220 arrests, the suffragettes resorted to a campaign of window smashing. Driven from Parliament square by the police, 1,800 of whom are on duty, the women, accompanied by sympathizers and gangs of rowdies, proceeded through Whitehall armed with bags of stones concealed under their coats. They broke windows in public offices, Liberal headquarters and the National Liberal club. They even extended their operations to the Strand, where windows of the postoffice bank and other private concerns suffered from the onslaught.

BEEF PRICES LIKELY TO SOAR

Montana Range Cattle Attain Record High Mark in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—An unprecedented high price paid here for range cattle has called attention to a condition which stockmen say has been growing more and more disturbing for some time. They say it threatens to make a low price of meat an impossibility for the future unless met by activity among corn belt stockmen.

F. M. Heinrich, of Lodge Grass, Mont., was paid $7.90 per hundred pounds for 20 head of cattle that had never eaten other than the grass of the open range, a price never before stained on the Chicago cattle market for range stock. The previous high price was $7.60, paid in October, 1908, to another Montana stock raiser.

TO MOVE COTTON CROP.

Fifty Millions of New York Money Is Available.

New York, Nov. 22.—New York bankers who have been conferring here for the last few days with representatives of the governors' conference and the Southern Cotton congress announced that they had raised a fund of $50,000,000 to be placed immediately in the cotton belt states for the purpose of handling the cotton crop of 1911 and enabling growers to participate in any rise in the market.

SUITS ECHO OF HOXSEY'S FALL

Persons Injured in Milwaukee Start $50,000 Action Against Wrights.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22.—Two suits for $25,000 each were started against the Wright brothers as a result of the aeroplane accident at the Milwaukee state fair September 16, 1910, when Archey Hoxsey fell into the crowd in his Wright biplane, injuring eight persons. One action was brought by Mrs. John Lynch of Delavan, Wis., and the other by Mrs. John Bowers of Cornell, Wis.

HYDE EVIDENCE IS OUTLINED

Relations to Death of C. E. Swope Admitted as State's Evidence.

Kansas City, Nov. 22.—Evidence relating to the death of Christman E. Swope will be admitted as a part of the testimony of the state in the case against Dr. B. C. Hyde, charged with the murder of Colonel Thomas H. Swope. This was the ruling of Judge [illegible] after a [illegible] objection made by Attorney Frank P. Walsh [illegible]

DULUTH SEES DISCRIMINATION

EVIDENCE SHOWS TWIN CITIES ARE FAVORED.

Charges Compared and a Mass of Testomony Put Before Commission.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—Duluth, as far as the grain and flour trade is concerned, is almost shut out of South Dakota and southern Minnesota by a rate structure that is obviously discriminately against Duluth and preferential to the Twin Cities, Chicago, Milwaukee and even Winona, and La Crosse, was the claim made by the introduction of testimony on the part of the Duluth board of trade in the hearing of the action brought by that body for a readjustment of the rates on grain in southern North Dakota, South Dakota and southen Minnesota.

The hearing was taken up before Commissioner E. E. Clark of the interstate commerce commission. Summed up, the claims of the board of trade are:

That in general, grain rates to primary centers are equal or nearly so for equal distances.

That rates on grain from the territory under consideration are higher to Duluth than the rates to other primary centers from points of equal distance.

That the Great Northern, which is the short line, does not make rates in South Dakota, but that the rates to Duluth are based on combinations, which are higher than they would be based on the short line mileage.

That in nearly every case the differential in favor of Minneapolis over Duluth is much greater than the differential in favor of Duluth over Chicago, though the difference is much greater, Chicago over Duluth, than Duluth over Minneapolis.

That in many cases the rates to Duluth are higher than to Chicago for a much longer haul.

About 50 attorneys, rate experts, railroad and steamship line officials and interested individuals were gathered in the courtroom during the hearing. G. Rohyall, traffic commissioner for the Duluth Commercial club, was called to the stand. The mass of detail work done in preparation of the case was disclosed by his testimony which consisted largely of the presentation and explanation of exhibits. Nineteen tables and about ten maps, setting forth in minute detail the rates complained of with comparisons between rates to Minneapolis, Chicago and Milwaukee from identical or equidistant points with the rates to Duluth, were introduced.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 23.—Wheat, December, $1.04¾; May, $1.08⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.06⅛; No. 2 northern, $1.04⅛; No. 1 durum, $1.00; No. 3 corn, 75c; No. 3 white oats, 46½c; barley, malting, $1.19; No. 2 rye, 92½c; No. 1 flax, $2.00.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—Wheat, December, $1.03¼; May, $1.07⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.04¾; No. 1 durum, $1.02.

South St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Cattle—Steers, $3.00@3.60; cows, $2.75@3.00; calves, $2.60@7.00; hogs, $5.85@6.10; sheep and lambs, $3.50@4.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, estimated at 20,000; market steady to shade lower; beeves, $4.80@9; Texas steers, $4@5.70; western steers, $4.40@7.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.65; cows and heifers, $1.80@5.80; calves, $5.50@8.25.

Hogs—Receipts, estimated at 35,000; market strong for heavy grades, others easier; light, $5.70@6.35; mixed, $6@6.50; heavy, $6@6.50; rough, $6@6.20; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.50; pigs, $4.25@5.40; bulk $6.20@6.45.

Sheep—Receipts, estimated at 33,000; slow, native, $2.25@3.70; western, $2.40@3.70; yearlings, $3.50@4.50; lambs, native, $3.50@5.50; western, $3.50@5.50.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—An unexpectedly low estimate on the total wheat crop of the world turned the market today in an upward direction. The figures had the backing of the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome and fixed the aggregate at 3,037,733,000 bushels.

Earlier in the session prices were inclined to be easy on account of favorable harvest conditions in the Argentine. The outlook in Australia, however, was less auspicious and there was talk about farmers' holdings in the United States being comparatively light. The opening was ⅛c lower to ⅛c up. May started at $1.00¼@1.00⅜, the same change from last night as the market taken altogether. A rise to $1.00¾ followed.

There was a reaction later, especially in December. It developed that the figures from Rome meant the principal producing countries, not that of the entire world. The close, however, was firm with May ⅜@½c net higher at $1.00⅝@1.01.

The fact that country offerings were not especially heavy tended to make corn firm. Poor grading of arrivals here had a similar effect. May opened unchanged to a shade higher at 64⅝@64¾c to 64⅞c and rose to 65c.

Shorts covered as a result of predicted rain or snow. The close was firm at 65⅛@65¼c for May, a net gain of ⅜c.

Because cash houses were buying oats the market for that cereal exhibited a little strength. Trade, though, was not large. May started the same as last night to ⅛c up at 49⅞@50c, and ascended to 50@50⅛c.

Hog products showed firmness, owing to the run at Western cities being less than a week ago. On the other hand packers were sellers. First transactions were unchanged to 5c higher with May delivery $16.65@16.65 for pork, $9.40 for lard and $8.67½ for ribs.

Hear Hyde Evidence.

Kansas City, Nov. 23.—Frank P. Walsh, attorney for the defense, finished his opening statement to the jury in the case of Dr. B. C. Hyde, charged with the murder of Col. Thomas H. Swope. Almost his last words to the jury were that they were to be asked to take the life of a man upon the finding of an infinitesimal amount of cyanide in the stomach of Col. Swope [illegible]

The Pan-American Thanksgiving Mass

DON P. EZEQUIEL ROJAS MINISTER OF VENEZUELA
SENOR DON JOAQUIN BERNARDO CALVO OF COSTA RICA
THE APOSTOLIC DELEGATE LEAVING ST. PATRICK'S AT WASHINGTON AFTER THANKSGIVING MASS
DR BELISARIO PORRAS MINISTER OF PANAMA

THE past few years has witnessed an important addition to the fixed annual ceremonial functions at the capital of the nation. This new event on Uncle Sam's calendar of spectacles is known as the Pan-American Thanksgiving Mass and it bids fair to ere long take rank in significance and popular interest with the president's annual New Year's reception at the White House and other similar fixtures. Even at the outset this event vies with any of the other gatherings as a spectacle. The presence of high church dignitaries in their most gorgeous robes of state and the participation of the diplomats from all the Latin-American countries in their court dress, with uniforms adorned in many instances with jeweled decorations, contributes to a panorama of pomp and glitter.

It is rather difficult to trace the exact origin and development of the idea for this unique new international Thanksgiving service, but Mgr. William T. Russell pastor of St. Patrick's church at Washington, is generally given credit for the evolution of the plan in its present form. St. Patrick's has always been one of the "court churches" at the American seat of government and is well known by reputation to almost all newspaper readers as the scene of many memorial and commemorative services in honor of deceased foreign rulers whose American representatives have been affiliated with this church.

However, many influences long at work have combined to make this service what it is. It has been more readily practicable, of course, from the circumstance that practically all of the diplomats stationed in the United States in the service of the various republics of Central and South America are of one religious faith—the Roman Catholic. Moreover, the highest dignitaries of the Catholic church in this country, while respecting the American sentiment for a strict separation of church and state, are, naturally, disposed to encourage close social and religious relations with the aliens temporarily resident in the United States as the accredited agents of governments which by official action or in effect recognize the Catholic as the state church.

This new Thanksgiving service has yet another significance as one of several distinctly important factors which have lately made their appearance, all looking to the cementing of closer social, trade and political relations between the various independent nations of this continent. In this respect it may be said to be making common cause with the periodical Pan-American congresses, the extension of the activities of the Pan-American bureau at Washington, our own government's specialization on the subject as expressed in the new division of Latin-American affairs at the state department, and finally, the latest project of all—that for the organization of a Pan-American society of the United States with headquarters in New York and branches in all the large cities, the projected new organization being one which will hold relationship to Latin America similar to that which the Pilgrims' society has with Great Britain and the Japan society has with reference to the Flowery Kingdom.

The Pan-American Thanksgiving service depends, it is needless to say, for significance, upon the occasion and the personnel of the cosmopolitan congregation that occupies the reserved seats in the church rather than on the service itself as of course there are no innovations in the latter. The routine is that of the solemn high mass and save for the fact that the church is decorated with flags and festoons of bunting showing the intertwined colors of the Pan-American nations, and that there is a special sermon of thanks for the continuation of amicable relations among the republics of the New World, there is little in the program or appointments to bear witness of the meaning of the gathering. That the church, however, desired to invest this special service with all the solemnity that may be infused is indicated by the fact that the conduct of the service is largely in the hands of Cardinal Gibbons, the head of the Roman Catholic church in America, and Archbishop Falconio, the apostolic delegate to the United States—that is the pope's personal representative in this country.

While the Thanksgiving mass is intended specially for Uncle Sam's official guests from south of the Rio Grande, attendance is by no means restricted to the Latin-American envoys, their secretaries and attaches and the ladies of the households. As on all such occasions, the president of the United States and his wife are invited to be present as are likewise the secretary and assistant secretaries of state, the officials of the Pan-American union and others having to do with official intercourse between the nations of the three Americas. Other diplomats would always be made welcome, too, and in this connection it may be noted that just now there is not a little speculation on the part of people who watch such things as to what will be the future attitude of those in charge of the Thanksgiving mass with reference to the representatives of two European countries.

Spain and Portugal might be said to have an almost paternal interest in the Central and South American countries—the relationship is closer and more cordial in many respects than that between the United States and England. Upward of a score of the republics, though they have long since thrown off the yoke of Spain politically, still speak her language and are essentially Spanish in sentiment and sympathies. Similarly Brazil with her Portuguese-speaking people is yet closely allied to Portugal in ideas and ideals. Under the circumstances therefore, it would appear natural to always invite the Spanish and Portugese envoys and the members of their staffs to be present at any Pan-American festival of good feeling. But in view of the recent attitude of Spain toward the Catholic church and the policy of Portugal in the same line since the establishment of the new republic, it is something of a question to just what extent the Catholic powers that be on this side of the Atlantic will go in giving formal and official recognition to the officials of these two powers.

Two ambassadors—the envoys from Mexico and Brazil—with their respective staffs, head the procession of invited foreign guests at the Thanksgiving service, for, be it known, the ambassadors being the personal representatives of rulers are of higher rank and take precedence over ministers who are merely the representatives of governments. The present envoys from Mexico and Brazil are both newcomers at our capital, although Mr. de Gama of Brazil was years attached in a subordinate capacity to the embassy of which he is now the head. His right-hand man, Mr. R. Lima e Silva, counselor of the embassy, is, moreover, a particularly well-known figure in Washington diplomatic circles, having seen a long interval of continuous service at the city on the Potomac.

A personage of invariable interest to spectators at the annual Thanksgiving mass is Senor Calvo, the minister of Costa Rica, who ranks all of the other ministers at Washington in seniority of service, having been continually on duty at his country's "branch office" here since early in the year 1899. Senor Calvo has a large family, most of the members of which accompany him on such occasions, and not the least interesting circumstance in connection with this household from Central America is that all the members are musicians and in cooperation they present a full orchestra, even to a harpist, one of the daughters being an accomplished performer on this fascinating instrument.

Another Pan-American envoy who has been a resident of this country long enough to have formed an extensive circle of acquaintances is Senor Ignacio Calderon, who has been stationed at Washington for upward of eight years. He recently married for the second time, taking as his bride an American woman. Senor Herrarte, the minister of Guatemala, and Senor Mejia, the minister of Salvador, have each been acting as accredited agents at Uncle Sam's seat of government for upward of half a decade, and other prominent Pan-Americans who are conspicuous at the Thanksgiving mass include Senor Rojas of Venezuela and Senor Joubert of the Dominican republic.

A comparative newcomer who has aroused much interest by his own personality, as well as because of the country he represents, is Senor Belisario Porras, the minister of Panama—a republic for which Uncle Sam is supposed to, in a way, stand sponsor just as he does for Cuba. Senor Porras is a great admirer of the American people and of American institutions. Before coming to Washington he had proven himself a capable statesman by his participation in the Hague conference of 1907 and his part in the last Pan-American congress, held at Buenos Aires. Yet another distinguished participant in the mass who has been a member of Uncle Sam's "official foreign colony" for little more than a year is Senor Arizaga of Ecuador.

Sample of Animal Instinct.

"When I was a barefoot lad," said Mr. Dustin Stax, "I had to spend a good deal of time minding the stock on father's farm. I'll never forget the day when father told me to take a rope and hold a couple of bull calves."

"What did they do?"

"They scorched my hands with the rope and turned around and stepped on me."

"Unruly disposition?"

"No. Wonderful instinct. They recognized me at a glance as a small stockholder."—Washington Star.

Forced Himself to Smile

Professor Took Exercises for Face and in Consequence Thereof Became an Optimist.

A professor in one of the eastern colleges once told of a nervous breakdown that he had experienced some time before.

"How did you get over it?" I asked, according to a writer in the San Francisco Bulletin.

He smiled. "I went to several of the nerve specialists," he said, "and I didn't succeed in getting any help. Then by chance I heard of a woman, not a physician, who had studied nervous diseases for years and had been very successful in treating them. Some friends persuaded me to go and see her.

"She began by making me learn to smile. You see I had got down to such depths that I couldn't smile. It seemed as if I had lost all power over the muscles of my face. They had become set. They not only expressed the depression that I felt but they actually added to it.

"I obeyed instructions. I went home and for half an hour I stood before the mirror and I practiced smiling. At first I had a hard time twisting my mouth into a smile. In spite of myself, the muscles would sag. Then I saw that the muscles were actually fighting against me. I kept on trying, and at the end of half an hour I succeeded in making a pretty good imitation of a smile. That exercise I continued several days till I had overcome the rigidity of those facial muscles and learned to control them. After a time I found I could smile almost at will. When I began to be depressed I would smile. At the same time I would resist the depressing thoughts. The combination of the resisting and the smiling would save me from falling into depression."

Some Nerve!

Not very many people in New York know Ransford D. Bucknam, the Michigan boy rear admiral of the Turkish navy, but those who do say he is without fear.

Lewis Nixon was telling a number of Bucknam's early exploits, which had translated the runaway kid who sought the berth of cabin boy on a schooner on Lake Erie into the head of the Turkish navy. "The last time Bucknam was in New York," said Nixon, "he was out a bit late. Perhaps it was three o'clock in the morning when he marched down Twenty-eighth street to his hotel. No police were in sight. A large highway person, gun in hand, stepped out of a dark corner. 'Hands up!' he roared.

"Bucknam came to a dead stop, and asked the robber to repeat his request. The ruffian bawled a bullying command at him. 'Stick them hands up or I'll blow your head off!' he howled. 'Nonsense,' said Bucknam. 'You don't know who I am. Here is my card.' And he walked on, whistling."

HAPPENINGS IN THE CITIES

Plan 100-Story Building for Gotham

NEW YORK.—At the recent meeting of the National association of Building Owners and Managers in Cleveland, O., the statement was made that skyscrapers over 30 stories in height are monuments of uselessness. To show the absurdity of the statement George T. Mortimer, vice-president of the United States Realty and Improvement company, of New York, stated that there are now in his office plans for a 100-story building. He claims that from an engineering standpoint the plans are practical and there is no reason why the building could not be constructed.

A few years ago, when it was believed the building code would be amended to prevent the erection of buildings highed than 20 stories, the Equitable Life Insurance company filed plans for a 60-story building, but that was little more than a dream of the late Paul Morton, then president of the company.

When the Metropolitan tower was built two years ago it was thought the limit in height had been reached. That structure of 49 stories, towers 700 feet above the ground. But at the present time a 55-story building is in course of construction which, when completetd, will be 750 feet high. So it will be seen that the 100-story building, like the 100-foot boat, is really not a dream but actually in sight as a practical realization.

According to Mr. Mortimer, the erection of a 100-story building will not offer any more serious engineering problems than are to be found in putting up one of 45 or 50 stories. The foundations will not have to be any deeper, for the solid rock below the surface of Manhattan would support a 500-story building if it were possible to build one.

The building, of course, will be of steel construction, more than 40,000 tons being required, not to mention 22,500,000 common brick, 2,700,000 face brick, 60,000 cubic feet of Indiana limestone, 6,000 cubic feet of granite and 9,000 tons of ornamental terra cotta. The outer materials are in equally stupendous quantities. For instance, 1,350,000 square feet of partition tile will be needed, 2,400,000 feet of pine boards for floor covering, 6,900 windows, 18,000 square feet of glass and 840,000 pounds of window weights. Ninety elevators will be housed in it.

Aged Churchman Charged With Arson

NEWARK, N. J.—Ellis Appleby, of Old Bridge, N. J., 60 years old, deacon in the Baptist church, wealthy and well known, was recently arrested on a charge of arson. Action comes after an inquiry of six years, in which the whole county of Middlesex has been terrorized by incendiary fires. During the reign of terror murder followed arson. The specific accusation is made by an insurance company in the case of the burning of the home of Mrs. Jessie Brown on August 31. In six years the residents of Old Bridge have been strangely murdered and more than a dozen fires occurred.

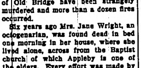
Six years ago Mrs. Jane Wright, an octogenarian, was found dead in bed one morning in her house, where she lived alone, across from the Baptist church of which Appleby is one of the elders. Every effort was made by the authorities to find the murderer, but the case baffled the cleverest detectives. One of those who threatened to bring the murderer to justice was George Whiteman Jr., son of the keeper of the Rooster Inn, two miles from Old Bridge. A few days later young Whiteman and his father were murdered in the inn, both being shot.

A few weeks later a laborer who was thought to have some knowledge of the crime was found murdered in the road on the outskirts of Old Bridge. The murder of the laborer was followed by the finding of the body, in a deserted part of the town, of Thomas Collins, a prominent citizen of Old Bridge, who had made the statement that he would spend every cent he possessed to bring the murderer to justice.

In the meantime the insurance companies, the county board of freeholders and the townspeople had detectives working. So baffling was the series of crimes that two well-known detective agencies gave up the work. It was a private detective, employed by an insurance company, that finally placed the blame at the door of the Baptist church elder. The Appleby family is one of the best known in New Jersey.

Then several attempts were made to burn the home of W. R. Rivers. Another resident of Old Bridge, who was finally forced to leave town because of the number of times his place of business was destroyed by fire, was Charles Hodopp, a butcher. After his third store had been destroyed by fire he moved to Newark.

Cowboy Shopper Is One Real Spender


THESE 'ERE EASTERN GUYS DON'T KNOW WHAT A REAL LIVE DANDY LOOKS LIKE

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—When the fop of the Bar-Circle-X and the Bar Y ranches comes up to the city to buy his winter wardrobe, about the same time his more effete brother, the fop of the towns, goes to St. Louis, Chicago or New York to lay in his winter wardrobe, so there is little chance of them meeting and comparing notes. With his supercilious air, the effete one might look in scorn upon his sun-tanned confrere, while the bronco-bustin' dude of the southwest undoubtedly would break into a guffaw if he saw the other in a Prince Albert coat and top hat. So perhaps it is well that each makes his annual eastern migration about the same time of the year. For the difference between them, at bottom, is very small, after all.

When the one comes back with his new fall suit and his fuzzy hat and his spats and gloves and all the rest of it he probably will think he has been something of a spender. He probably would be surprised to know that the other would look upon him as a cheap sport, a piker, a T-wad, who didn't know how to turn good money loose when he had it. For your cowboy dude is the original turner-loose of money when it comes to buying adornments. He will spend $40 for a pair of boots, $10 for a pair of gloves, $20 for a hat and $75 for a saddle without turning a hair.

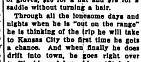
Through all the lonesome days and nights when he is "out on the range" he is thinking of the trip he will take to Kansas City the first time he gets a chance. And when finally he does drift into town, he goes right over to Blank's and buys his outfit before he starts to take in the town, sample the brands of wet goods or hunt up a poker game.

And when he gets back on his native heath in full regalia, his lusty voice, as he drives his calico pony at a "short lope," roaring out with some such rollicking refrain as:

O, bury me not on the lone pe-rairie.
Where the wild coyote howls o'er me—
But lay me to sleep in the little churchyard,
In a grave that's six by three.

Who can say that he is less a fop than the city chap in full dress who stares haughtily out of his clubroom window and whistles "Alexander's Ragtime Band?"

Pretty Girl Thief Gets $600 by Ruse


YES - I'M THE NEW INSPECTOR AND YOU ARE TO GIVE ME THE CASH FROM NOW ON —

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—What the police declare to be one of the boldest and most carefully planned robberies perpetrated here in recent years was committed by a beautiful 21-year-old girl, who, impersonating an inspector in the John Wanamaker store, collected $600 in cash from five cashiers. That the girl did not succeed in getting away with several thousand dollars was due to the young woman cashier in the suit and cloak department, who refused to turn over the day's proceeds to the "inspector." The only clew to the girl's identity that the store detectives have found is the signature she used in signing receipts for the money she collected. On each of the five receipts turned over to the cashiers she signed in a bold, firm hand the initials "M. R. C."

That the robbery was carefully planned is evidenced by the fact that the girl preceded the regular inspector, who daily collects the cash, by but a few minutes. So close was her calculation that while she was getting cash from one cashier the regular inspector was collecting from a cash register only a few feet away. She told the cashier that the regular inspector had been discharged and she would in future make daily collections.

Without a word the cashier turned over about $50 in bills of small denominations, which the collector put in a small tin box—a duplicate of the one carried by the regular inspector. The same performance was repeated at one of the counters on the main floor.

Emboldened by her success, the girl made her way to the suit and cloak department, but the cashier there became suspicious and refused to turn over the day's cash, which amounted to more than $4,000. The girl did not remonstrate, but saying she would take along the schedule of the day's business went to another counter on the same floor and was successful in making collections.

Why Daily?

"Let's drop in this restaurant."

"Oh, I don't believe I care to eat anything."

"Well, come in and get a new hat for your old one, anyway."—St. Paul Pioneer-Press.

CARE IN MEASURING

SUCCESS OF MANY COOKS DUE TO ACCURACY.

Very Difficult to Measure Foods With the Eyes, and It Can Only Be Done After Long Experience.

Much of the success attained by good cooks can readily be traced to their accurate measuring. Many housekeepers will say without thinking: "I never measure anything." You may not actually have a measuring cup and measure materials as girls are taught to do in the cooking schools. You have become so accustomed to cooking and making certain dishes that you always know the amount to use; in other words, you measure with your eyes. This is very difficult to do and can only be done after long experience. Try and keep a couple of measuring cups, either glass or tin, in your home. They do not cost very much and will save you a great deal of trouble in teaching your girls to cook.

Directions for Measuring.

Sift or shake up lightly with a spoon all dry material (flour, baking powder, etc.) before measuring. All measures are to be taken at a level unless otherwise stated. To measure a cupful of dry material fill the cup with spoon or scoop and level off with a case knife. To measure a teaspoon or tablespoon fill full and then level off by holding a caseknife erect and passing over the top. To measure one-half spoonful divide a spoon lengthwise with a knife, crosswise for quarters. A cupful of liquid is all the cup will hold.

Handy Equivalents.

Three teaspoonfuls make one tablespoonful.

Sixteen tablespoonfuls of any dry material make one cupful.

Twelve tablespoonfuls of liquid make one cupful.

Four cupfuls make one quart.

A half pint cup is the standard.

Table of comparison between weights and measures:

Two cups of butter (packed solidly) is equal to one pound.

Two cups finely chopped meat (packed solidly) is equal to one pound.

Two cupfuls of granulated sugar, one pound.

Two and two-thirds cupfuls powdered sugar is equal to one pound.

Two and two-thirds cupfuls brown sugar is equal to one pound.

Two and two-thirds cupfuls oatmeal is equal to one pound.

Four and three-fourths cupfuls of rolled oats is equal to one pound.

Four cupfuls of flour is equal to one pound.

Nine or ten eggs is equal to one pound.

Two tablespoonfuls of butter is equal to one ounce.

Four tablespoonfuls flour is equal to one ounce.

Juice of one lemon is equal to three tablespoonfuls.—Mrs. Hazel L. Dunford, Utah Agricultural College.

Boiled Rice Custard.

To about two cupfuls of boiling salted water add three tablespoonfuls of well washed rice and let boil for about twenty-five minutes; when it is done remove from fire, add cold water and drain off.

Put a large cup of milk in double boiler, beat the yolks of two eggs, add three teaspoons of sugar, then stir these into the warm milk and add rice and stir until it thickens; remove from the fire and let stand while you beat your two whites of eggs, then one teaspoon of either lemon or vanilla to custard and just mix the whites through lightly right in your serving dish.

Apple and Chestnut Tarts.

These are served in pumpkin cases and made as follows: Blanch chestnuts, then boil them, then mash in a warm bowl. Sift together a quarter of a cupful of granulated sugar and two tablespoons of flour, add the chestnut meal and half a cupful of sweet milk; cook for five minutes in a double boiler. Beat stiff whites of two eggs and fold into the custard after removing from the fire. Half fill tart forms of puff paste with well sweetened apple sauce, flavored with nutmeg; put a dab of whipped cream on each.

Food Value of Fruit.

Here are a few facts worth considering. Baked apples are more nutritious than baked potatoes, and will produce more work. Dates, prunes, figs, apricots and raisins are dried fruits always available. Instead of looking upon them as merely supplemental food—like confectionery—we should remember that they are really among the most healthful, palatable and concentrated of vegetable foods.

Among fresh fruits, bananas, apples, figs, grapes, blackberries, strawberries and oranges have decided food value and may be used as economical sources of nourishment.

Minced Liver on Toast.

Chop fine cold liver, to make one cupful. Cook one tablespoon of chopped onions in three tablespoons butter until a pale brown, add three-fourths cup of milk, into which are stirred two tablespoons flour; add liver, season with salt and pepper, and when piping hot pour over slices of nicely browned toast. Very appetizing. Fine for breakfast or lunch, and very easy to make.

Butterscotch Pie.

Melt thoroughly together two cupfuls of light brown sugar and one large tablespoonful of butter, to this add one cupful hot water or milk and yolks of two or three eggs, four tablespoonfuls of flour and a pinch of salt. Beat the whites of the eggs with a little powdered sugar and spread over the tops.

To Whip Thin Cream.

If the cream is too thin to whip, place the dish containing it in another dish of cold water, leaving it there until it is well chilled. Then put into a pan of hot water. It will whip without difficulty.—The Housekeeper.

Canada at the Chicago Land Show

WILL MAKE A MAGNIFICENT EXHIBIT OF GRAINS AND GRASSES, VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.

A carload of grain in straw, grasses and other of the products of Western Canada arrived at Chicago the other day, and is now installed in the Coliseum, where the United States land and irrigation exposition is under way. Those who are interested in the "Back to the land movement" will find in the Canadian exhibit one of the best displays of the agricultural products of Western Canada that has ever been made. There are representative men there, who will be pleased to give the fullest information regarding the country.

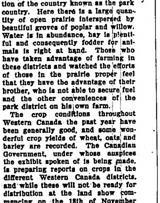
The exhibit shows what can be done on the free grant lands of that country and most of the grain was produced on the farms of former residents of the United States who have taken advantage of the homestead lands of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The vegetable exhibit will attract a great deal of attention, and some marvelous potatoes, carrots, turnips, cabbage and cauliflower are shown.

It is true that the homestead area is being rapidly taken up and the bulk of that now to be had lies north of the Saskatchewan river in a portion of the country known as the park country. Here there is a large quantity of open prairie interspersed by beautiful groves of poplar and willow. Water is in abundance, hay is plentiful and consequently fodder for animals is right at hand. Those who have taken advantage of farming in these districts and watched the efforts of those in the prairie proper feel that they have the advantage of their brother, who is not able to secure fuel and the other conveniences of the park district on his own farm.

The crop conditions throughout Western Canada the past year have been generally good, and some wonderful crop yields of wheat, oats and barley are recorded. The Canadian Government, under whose auspices the exhibit spoken of is being made, is preparing reports on crops in the different Western Canada districts, and while these will not be ready for distribution at the land show commencing on the 18th of November and closing on Dec. 8th, application made to the Canadian Government agent nearest you will bring them to you as soon as they are published.

COLLECT ON DELIVERY.



Jack Harduppe—Ah! Brought that suit, have you? Well, I can't pay you now. I'll write your employer a letter.

Errand Boy—N. G., boss. I bought three letters with that suit and they is C. O. D.

His Honor Unimpaired.

"No," said the old shoemaker, sternly, "I will not do it. Never have I sold anything by false representations, and I will not begin now."

For a moment he was silent, and the shopman who stood before him could see that the better nature of his employer was fighting strongly for the right.

"No," said the old man again, "I will not do it. It is an inferior grade of shoe, and I will never pass it off as anything better. So just mark it 'A shoe fit for a queen,' and put it in the window. A queen, you know, does not have to do much walking."

A BRAIN WORKER.

Must Have the Kind of Food That Nourishes Brain.

"I am a literary man whose nervous energy is a great part of my stock in trade, and ordinarily I have little patience with breakfast foods and the extravagant claims made of them. But I cannot withhold my acknowledgment of the debt that I owe to Grape-Nuts food.

"I discovered long ago that the very bulkiness of the ordinary diet was not calculated to give one a clear head, the power of sustained, accurate thinking. I always felt heavy and sluggish in mind as well as body after eating the ordinary meal, which diverted the blood from the brain to the digestive apparatus.

"I tried foods easy of digestion, but found them usually deficient in nutriment. I experimented with many breakfast foods and they, too, proved unsatisfactory, till I reached Grape-Nuts. And then the problem was solved.

"Grape-Nuts agreed with me perfectly from the beginning, satisfying my hunger and supplying the nutriment that so many other prepared foods lack.

"I had not been using it very long before I found that I was turning out an unusual quantity and quality of work. Continued use has demonstrated to my entire satisfaction that Grape-Nuts food contains the elements needed by the brain and nervous system of the hard working public writer." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They [illegible]

How Our Presidents Have Given Thanks

WHERE THANKSGIVING DINNER IS SERVED AT WHITE HOUSE

THE two dozen and more men who have in the course of a century and a decade served as presidents of the United States have manifested quite a variety of tastes and preferences in their observance of our great national holidays—or, rather, all the holidays save one. The one exception in the category of holidays has been Thanksgiving. One and all, our presidents have, save under the most unusual circumstances, observed the November day of prayer and thankfulness in pretty much the same way. Indeed, it is something of a marvel that men of widely differing temperaments living at different periods of our history have found it possible to conform so closely to what has now almost become a set of unwritten rules at the White House.

None of the veteran employes of the presidential mansion has even been able to advance a wholly satisfactory theory as to why our chief magistrates have followed so closely in one another's footsteps in the observance of Thanksgiving when they have allowed themselves considerable latitude with regard to other holidays, such as Fourth of July. One supposition is to the effect that the religious significance of Thanksgiving prescribes a certain form of observance. Another theory is that it is the fact that Thanksgiving is so pre-eminently a family holiday—a day for family reunions. And finally, and perhaps it is the most plausible, is the premise that precedent once firmly established at the White House is pretty likely to be rigidly adheared to.

Whereas the program of a president of the United States on the last Thursday in November does not differ much from that of many an ordinary citizen, the Thanksgiving event requires attention from him earlier than from the average individual, who, perhaps, does not give it a thought until the good wife reminds him that he had better engage a turkey, or the son and heir begins to discuss the prospects of the Thanksgiving day football contest. The forethought of the president in the matter arises from the responsibility which rests upon him for the issuance of the official Thanksgiving day proclamation which fixes the date and formally calls upon all the people of the country to assemble in the churches and give thanks for the blessings of the year.

WHERE PRESIDENT ATTENDS THANKSGIVING SERVICE

PRESIDENT TAFT — DURING HIS AFTERNOON HORSEBACK RIDE

PRESIDENT TAFT LEAVING CHURCH

As it is, there is no surety and little likelihood that a busy president will, on his own initiative, assume the role of herald of the Thanksgiving. Accordingly one of the clerks at the White House, whose duty it is to keep tab of the president's engagement and act as a human memorandum pad, reminds his chief along about the first week in November that it is time to issue the customary Thanksgiving proclamation. Or perhaps the proclamation, beautifully engrossed, comes over to the White House from the state department all ready for the president's signature. And this lets a secret out of the bag—namely, that not all of our presidents have written their own Thanksgiving proclamations. Roosevelt, who rather prides himself on his literary abilities, insisted on doing so, but most of the occupants of the White Hause have been only too glad to fall back on precedent and allow this call to be properly phrased by a man named Smith, who holds a confidential position in the state department and has been for, lo, these many years, acting as the chief executive's proxy in writing holiday proclamations and composing those ceremonial letters of congratulation or condolence which our ruler is called upon to send every now and then to sovereigns overseas.

With the proclamation out of the way the president does not need to bother any further about the preliminaries for Thanksgiving—not even as to the turkey for the feast—since kind-hearted admirers of the chief magistrate can always be depended upon to send him especially choice gobblers as gifts. Why, one prosperous farmer in Rhode Island has not missed a Thanksgiving for considerably more than a third of a century in the donation of a White House Thanksgiving bird. Apparently he does not let his own politics influence the size of the birds he sends either, for Grant and Cleveland and Roosevelt all received from this source turkeys that tipped the scales at close to 36 pounds apiece.

Thanksgiving day, when it arrives, is a morning when the president does not have to tumble out of bed at any particular hour, because the president has no office hours on Thanksgiving. To some of our presidents, such as Roosevelt, who were never tempted to oversleep, this is no special boon, but it is something of a blessing to the present occupant of the White House, who is by preference a late riser. The White House offices are open on Thanksgiving, as they are on every other day day and night in the year, and the president may stroll over to dispose of the most urgent mail and telegrams, but there is nothing obligatory about this, and there have been Thanksgivings on which the chief magistrate has not set foot in his workshop.

The one pre-eminent and invariable duty of Thanksgiving morning for the president is attendance at divine worship. Having advised other people to repair to the churches on this occasion to give thanks it would be accounted odd if he did not do likewise, no matter what the weather conditions. Very often the president has walked to church on Thanksgiving, and he is almost certain to find his route lined with spectators who avail themselves of a certainty that does not characterize a president's church-going at other times. Almost all our presidents, from Washington to Lincoln, attended Thanksgiving services in quaint little St. John's church—nicknamed the "Church of the Presidents"—which stands just across the park from the White House, but later presidents have worshipped in different edifices. President Taft goes to a Unitarian church about one-third of a mile from the presidential mansion, but Mrs. Taft and Miss Helen go to St. John's, to occupy the pew that for nearly a century has been reserved for our president's families.

Of late years the president has on some Thanksgivings attended two church services in succession, and this brings him home late for luncheon. Just here should be mentioned one of the few changes that have ever taken place in the White House program for Thanksgiving day. Years ago it was the invariable custom to serve the Thanksgiving dinner at noon, but latterly most presidents have preferred to have dinner served at 7 or 730 o'clock in the evening.

An American president is allowed some latitude as to the manner in which he spends the afternoon of Thanksgiving day. He may spend it visiting with his family or reading, but almost invariably the later afternoon is devoted to a constitutional. A long walk is an excellent appetizer for the turkey and cranberry sauce, although some of our later presidents, including both Taft and Roosevelt, have ridden horseback in the twilight of the autumn holiday.

It is pretty safe for the president of the United States to count on a house full of people on Thanksgiving. The holiday is recognized as the occasion for family reunions, and when, as in the case of Roosevelt and Taft, there are a number of children, the young people have all come home for the occasion—like as not accompanied by school friends, who account it a real treat to be entertained at the White House over a holiday. In the case of presidents who, like McKinley, have had no living children, there have usually been nieces and nephews and other relatives to make up a merry circle, and one mistress of the White House—the beloved Mrs. Hayes—made it a custom to entertain at dinner on such occasions all the employes of the presidential offices and their families. However, in justice to latter day First Ladies of the Land, it should be explained that such hospitality would be no slight chore when there are dozens of employes, to say nothing of the couple of dozen policemen who are detailed to guard the White House.

In some administrations it has been the custom to spend the evening of Thanksgiving day very quietly at the White House, but latterly, with the principal meal of the day postponed until nightfall, it has been the rule for the dinner party to adjourn to the spacious and historic East room for social festivities of one kind or another. There is always music on such occasions, the $15,000 "gold piano" being ready to hand in one corner of the big room, and when young people have been in evidence, as at every Thanksgiving celebration in the White House during the past decade, there has usually been some dancing—the old-fashioned dances, such as the Virginia reel, being the favorites on such accasions. President Taft, it may be [illegible] however, does not need the charitable consideration of "square dances." He is adept at waltzes and other "round dances," and trips the "light fantastic" with the enthusiasm of a man of half his weight.

Good Reasons For Thankfulness

There is no one so old nor so young that he cannot scare up cause for thankfulness, if merely for the pharisaical reason of not being as some one else.

When you do not see the necessity of being grateful for what you are and have, go probing for what you have escaped. From this point of view the national holiday will not seem a hollow mockery of your hard luck.

The woman who thinks herself too trouble pursued to give thanks may "take another think" and say fervently: "It is to be grateful that for me:

"The stealing of my morning paper will not ruin my temper and a belated breakfast will not put me in a grouch for the day.

"There is no waiting my time for a barber to make me a daily sight with lather while he converses at length.

"There is open enjoyment in a bit of gossip without feeling bound to pretend my sex never indulged in such a pernicious habit.

"A mirror need not mean surreptitious glances lest I be thought vain, and if I happen to be loud in my tastes I need not subdue them to somber hues or else go clad in ties, socks, and vests that are the joke of the club.

"There is no need for inventiveness to explain nights out and I can take my pleasure less wearingly than in 'whooping it up.'

"The first of the month means merely my own bills, or some one to pay them, not settling accounts for a whole family.

"A cotillion is an accustomed sensation of waiting to be asked, not a nerve racking fear of being a masculine wall flower.

"There may be a dozen strings to my bow without achieving the reputation of being a gay deceiver and running risks of getting my hand called if I pay marked attention to two fair ones at once."

A GRIM REMINDER.

"Doctor," said the desperate heavyweight, "give me something to make me weigh less."

"That sort of thing merely makes you dangerously ill."

"I don't care if it does."

"Very well. But I can't see why you should go to all that trouble merely to make labor a little lighter for your pallbearers."

New Auto Motive Power.

Automobilists in England—they call them motorists over there—are much interested in the success of an invention known as "solid petrol," or gasoline in little bricks. Its exact composition is, of course, a secret. It contains 80 per cent. of ordinary gasoline, a percentage of soapy matter, and one per cent. of a foreign substance which gives it solidity. A small block of it is said to be equal to a gallon of liquid motive power, and its inventors say that enough to propel a car 1,200 miles can be carried in a little box on the running board of the machine.

With Tact.

"How did they break the news of her sudden bereavement to his wife?"

"It was done with considerable tact and with every precaution to lighten the blow. Her lady friend selected for the task, said to her, 'I have some bad news for you, Hilda, about James, but it might have been a great deal worse. It certainly is a blessing you put off getting your summer outfit, for you will look simply stunning in widow's weeds.'"

A Puzzler.

Mrs. Gaddy—There are some distinctions in life which are very puzzling to me.

Professor Pundit—Like what, for instance?

Mrs. Gaddy—When you write everything bad and mean in a man's life in a book for everybody to read, it is biography, but when you just tell the same things to a few people on a front porch, it's gosip.

Cannot Cast the Future.

A man may presume to know much of what is passing, but he dare not predict what part of the passing show shall disappear, as a fashion does, in time. It must follow, as no man can pretend to place his finger unerringly on just that particular part, then no man can begin to tell just what man or woman living today will be revered in time to come.

THE AMERICAN HOME

Wm A. RADFORD EDITOR

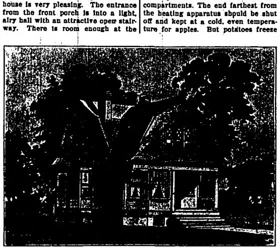
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Gambrel roofs in house construction are comparatively new. The old style was to make the top part of the roof steep. If any change in pitch was required, the lower part was built in the form of a lean-to. This manner of construction gave very little headroom, and it was faulty in other respects. Gambrel roofs were first used in barns. The idea was to make all the overhead mow room possible, but later architects discovered that very good rooms could be laid out in such ample space. It really makes the roof answer two purposes—namely, for siding as well as for roof. The gambrel roof supersedes the old mansard style—a manner of construction that is now very seldom seen.

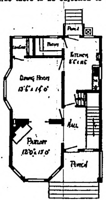
In designing houses of the smaller sizes, the question of chimneys always requires careful consideration. It is not safe to run a stovepipe very far to reach the chimney. When fires occur because of long stove pipes, it is always difficult to collect insurance, the supposition being that such pipes are unsafe, and that the person using them is to a certain extent responsible for the damage. Insurance does not always insure, and this is a case in point.

The house shown herewith in perspective and plan is not a little house. The size is 23 feet 6 inches by 34 feet; and it may be built, when conditions are favorable, for from $1,200 to $1,500, without gas, mantel, or plumbing. But these luxuries would not cost a great deal in a house of this kind.

The interior of this gambrel roof house is very pleasing. The entrance from the front porch is into a light, airy hall with an attractive open stairway. There is room enough at the back end of the hall for a hatrack; and doors open into the parlor, dining room, and kitchen, which is one of the best possible arrangements to have.



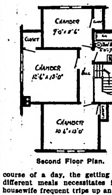
This plan gives us a large dining room with a pleasant bay window. Just the place for a couple of comfortable chairs near the stove, as the chimney is calculated for a stove in the dining room and a grate in the parlor. Because of the open doors into the hall and parlor, a good heating stove in the dining room makes the whole house comfortable. Of course there is no objection to heating this style of a house with a furnace. In fact, it can be done very easily, and with very little expense, if the pipes are put in when the building is being constructed. Generally speaking, furnaces are not used in the smaller houses as much as they should be; but this is no reason why new houses should be built without furnace flues. The furnace is economical when the amount of heat is considered. Stoves burn less coal, but you have less comfort. A furnace properly set makes a warm house all over, which is appreciated by every member of the family.



First Floor Plan.

A bathroom is of very little use in winter without some means of heating it, and a furnace flue is the best heater in a small house. Of course a kerosene stove may be used for this purpose, but nothing gives the satisfaction of a good hot pipe from the furnace. I should like to see a furnace, bathroom, and grate in every house. Certainly these modern improvements are necessities, according to our present ideas. Ten years ago they all were luxuries, but they have since become so common that houses in cities will not rent without them. They are just as desirable in towns and villages and on the farms. But for some reason they have not been adopted to the same extent. Many of the newer farm houses are equipped with just as many conveniences as city homes, but the farming communities generally have not adopted these innovations, and the inhabitants are losing by it. The best of everything is good enough for royal American citizens until they can find something better.

The cellar-way in this plan is very convenient to the kitchen. In the course of a day, the getting of the different meals necessitates for the housewife frequent trips up and down the cellar stairs. There are shelves in the cellar for holding canned fruit and many other things that the housewife requires, and the kitchen or upper rooms are too warm to keep such things in. For this reason a convenient cellar-way, with good easy steps is not only a convenience but a necessity.



Second Floor Plan.

Every cellar should be divided into compartments. The end farthest from the heating apparatus should be shut off and kept at a cold, even temperature for apples. But potatoes freeze easier than apples, and it is hardly safe to keep them in the same room. Then the good wife likes a compartment for bottles of fruit, jars of jam, jellies, pickles and such things where she can keep them clean. She likes to have this room plastered, and to have a good, hard, smooth cement floor, and a god door with a lock for it so she can shut it up and turn the key. There are things to be kept in such a room that have cost her a good deal of work to prepare, and she likes to know that the neighbor's boys are not likely to help themselves. She means to be liberal enough with the kids, but she would rather deal out doses of expensixe jams and jellies in quantities that would be good for them. These different compartments in the cellar cost but little extra at the time of building, and they are there for use for a long time to come.

Of course, there are sometimes reasons for not putting everything into a house at the time of building; and most of these conveniences may be added later, if arrangements are made when the plans are prepared. A great deal of pleasure is derived from following up these arrangements, adding a convenience here and there as time and money will allow. Getting a home in this way impresses its importance, especially upon young persons, as nothing else can. It often is a great misfortune for young folks to be given a home complete. They never appreciate its value the same as when they get it by their own efforts through economy, waiting, and hard work.

It is difficult to know just when to start in and how elaborate to prepare for the future, but it is a very good plan to go slowly. There is a great deal more comfort in a little house that is paid for, than there is in a big showy house with a big debt on it. I do not mean to discourage people from building because they cannot at once pay for their home. If everyone waited until he had money enough to pay the entire cost of a home, few homes would be attempted. Probably in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, young folks give a mortgage for half or two-thirds of the cost; then pay this off little by little, as they prosper. Persons who manage this way have a home at middle life, whereas, if they waited to pay cash down, they probably would die in a rented house.

A New Industry.

"Signed up as yet?" inquired Actor Yorick Hamm.

"Not yet," responded Actor Hamlett Fatt.

"Then how do you eat?"

"I'm a professional bohemian at a bohemian restaurant."

Prejudice Is a Serious Menace

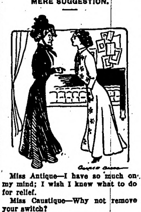
Prejudice is a hard thing to overcome, but where health is at stake and the opinion of thousands of reliable people differs from yours, prejudice then becomes your menace and you ought to lay it aside. This is said in the interest of people suffering from chronic constipation, and it is worthy of their attention.

In the opinion of legions of reliable American people the most stubborn constipation imaginable can be cured by a brief use of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. You may not have heard of it before, but do not doubt its merits on that account, or because it has not been blatantly advertised. It has sold very successfully on word of mouth recommendation. Parents are giving it to their children today who were given it by their parents, and it has been truthfully said that more druggists use it personally in their families than any other laxative.

Letters recently received from Mr. E. M. Connelly, Genoa Jct., Wis., and Mrs. E. Bolch, Hatfield, Wis., are but a few of thousands showing the esteem in which Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is held. It is mild, gentle, non-griping—not violent, like salts or cathartics. It cures gradually and pleasantly so that in time nature again does its own work without outside aid. Constipated people owe it to themselves to use this grand bowel specific.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

MERE SUGGESTION.



Miss Antique—I have so much on my mind; I wish I knew what to do for relief.

Miss Caustique—Why not remove your switch?

PHYSICIAN ADVISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"Four years ago I had places break out on my wrist and on my shin which would itch and burn by spells, and scratching them would not seem to give any relief. When the trouble first began, my wrist and shin itched like poison. I would scratch those places until they would bleed before I could get any relief. Afterwards the places would scale over, and the flesh underneath would look red and feverish. Sometimes it would begin to itch until it would waken me from my sleep, and I would have to go through the scratching ordeal again.

Our physician pronounced it "dry eczema." I used an ointment which the doctor gave me, but it did no good. Then he advised me to try the Cuticura Remedies. As this trouble has been in our family for years, and is considered hereditary, I felt anxious to try to head it off. I got the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and they seemed to be just what I needed.

"The disease was making great headway on my system until I got the Cuticura Remedies which have cleared my skin of the great pest. From the time the eczema healed four years ago, until now, I have never felt any of its pest, and I am thankful to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment which certainly cured me. I always use the Cuticura Soap for toilet, and I hope other sufferers from skin diseases will use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Irven Hutchison, Three Rivers, Mich., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 17 K, Boston.

Explained.

An old lady, the customer of an Irish farmer, was rather dissatisfied with the watery appearance of her morning's cream and finally she complained very bitterly to him.

"Be aisy, mum," said Pat. "You see, the weather of late has been so terrific hot that it has scorched all the grass off the pasture land, and Oi have been compelled to feed the pore bastes on water lilies!"—Ideas.

UNDEFEATED CHAMPION OF THE NORTHWEST.

T. A. Ireland, Rifle Shot of Colfax, Wash., Tells a Story.

Mr. Ireland is the holder of four world records and has yet to lose his first match—says he: "Kidney trouble so affected my vision as to interfere with my shooting. I became so nervous I could hardly hold a gun. There was severe pain in my back and head and my kidneys were terribly disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after I had doctored and taken nearly every remedy imaginable without relief. I will give further details of my case to anyone enclosing stamp."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

When one is sad or out of sorts for any cause whatever there is no remedy so infallible as trying to make somebody elese happy.—J. W. Carney.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

No man will have any trouble about understanding as much of the Bible as he is willing to live.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice-President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made by postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, November 25, 1911.

In a Wisconsin circuit court the state naturalization examiner made a strenuous protest over the issue that a number of applicants for citizenship papers had saloonkeepers to testify as to competency, residence. etc., and announced that hereafter he will not recommend the granting of citizen papers on saloonkeepers' testimony.

The board of control has submitted a unanimous report exonerating Superintendent Whittier from the charges made against him. Simultaneously with the announcement of the report the superintendent tendered his resignation. While technically he is found guiltless, the finding of the board will in no wise absolve Whittier from guilt in the minds of the people of the state.

Our Washington correspondent says that Ohio has gone to the bad and voted to have the constitution changed, establishing the initiative, referendum, and the recall, and that the old "Buckeye state" is forever lost to the republicans. Not unexpected, public opinion has changed wonderfully since the last presidential election; those who were partisans then are republicans now and are determined to have a "fresh deck and a new deal."—Cass Lake Times.

Discussing the testimony of C. H. Martz before the congressional investigating committee the St. Paul dispatch observes that financiers protest to wonder why it is that there is hostility toward capital. They decry the tendency they say exists to hamper and harass big industries, particularly railroads. They preach the let alone policy and argue for a square deal. And when they have talked long enough and earnestly enough so that they seem in a fair way to make a favorable impression, something happens. This time it was the testimony of Mr. Martz. In the face of testimony such as his, it is pretty uphill work to convince the people that the big interests are downtrodden.

Ex-President Roosevelt says in the Outlook that the present policy of the government toward the big trusts is chaotic, and that while aimed at real evils, no real good can come out of it, and that until the government controls the trusts the same as it does the railroads in the interests of the people no progress will be attained. He draws attention to the examples of the standard oil and tobacco trusts, averring that their dissolution and reorganization under another form was merely a change of clothes that furnished no relief whatever to the people. Roosevelt is right in this matter. Until the government changes its tactics and instead of attempting to wipe out the trusts bodily, places check valves on them in some the same manner it has the railroads, and follows Bryan's idea of prosecuting criminally the high officials who disobey the law, there will be no cessation of overcapitalization and exorbitant prices.—Middle River Pioneer.

C. H. Martz's Testimony

C. H. Martz was called to Washington last week to testify before the Stanley steel trust investigating committee. Mr. Martz was the engineer who built the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, of which the capture by John D. Rockefeller is being inquired into, and his testimony has attracted the attention of the whole country.

He told how he was required to make a report showing that the road cost $5,000,000, instead of $1,700,000, so that the dividends would not look too big. The admission that the Duluth, Missabe & Northern had given the Minnesota commission a highly padded valuation, caused a mild sensation in the committee room. He said Joseph B. Cotton, attorney for the railroad, had supervised the report, informing him that the original cost of the road must be padded to $3,000,000. Inflated valuation of subsequent construction had brought the total up to nearly $8,000,000. A copy of that report was submitted to the committee.

He testified, also, that he had owned forty nine shares of the company's stock; that nineteen of them were borrowed many years ago on the theory that they were wanted for purposes of hypothecation; he related how he was forced to sell his remaining stock at $30 a share on the statement that "Mr. Rockefeller did not want any employes holding stock in the road." The stock pays $200 a share each year in dividends. He says he never got his nineteen shares back nor got any money for them, but was told that he could keep his job so long as he said nothing. He needed the job and kept still.

Smallest Known Engraving

Among the relics of Sir Moses Montefore is a grain of wheat on which by the aid of a microscope can be found engraved the 386 Hebrew characters of a prayer, inscribed thereon by Bauch Mordecal of Jerusalem, together with the date of the year, Hebrew reckon-reckoning, 5,645. If all the virtues of golden grain belt beers were to be inscribed on a grain of barley, the feat would be a much greater one in minute engraving than this one from Jerusalem. If you have never tried them, you have never had that exquisite beer tang which makes friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

Canada Overplayed

The report of the grain inspector at Winnipeg shows a great loss in the yield of exportable grain in western Canada over last year. The movement of grain by water from Port Arthur and Fort Williams between September 1 and October 14 is about 2,000,000 bushels short of that shipped in 1910. Four million bushels less of Canadian grain went to Buffalo than went to that port in the same period of last year.

Though Canadians can say the United States also suffered a bad crop year, that cannot explain why, with all the booming, the census returns showed a population far below the estimates. Conditions must have been discouraging to hundreds and thousands who took advantage of the liberal land laws of western Canada. Though the Dominion boasts that farming is conducted 909 miles north of Winnipeg, there is no promise of the general extension of of agriculture more than a hundred miles beyond the Saskatchewan, a recent survey having shown the country bald and infertile. Pioneers will go anywhere. They do not always stay.

In spite of the swift growth of the cities and the breaking of new land, the glowing promises begin to dim. The whole grain growing northwest will be a long time overtaking the wealth and development of lower Ontario and may never be as rich as states in this country, one-tenth as large in area, but having infinite diversity of industry.

PLENTY OF ROOM.

No Trouble to Find a Place For Him to Rest In Sleep.

His blanket the soldier takes along on the march, but usually not his tent. Usage soon makes the ground as soft a bed as he wants. The case is pretty nearly the same with the prospector and the frontiersman. In writing of the "Highways and Byways of the Pacific Coast" Mr. Clifton Johnson tells of the practice on the ranches of the west. He was the guest of an early settler.

While we were chatting a laborer passed, shouldering a roll of blankets. The butcher had come to the door, and he pointed to the passer and said: "You see that fellow, don't you? Well, when I first reached here from the east I thought a man with a bed on his back was the funniest thing I'd ever come across.

"A rancher in this country won't take his hired man into his house. They've got to furnish their own blankets and usually sleep on the hay in the barn.

"I know a fellow who, when he'd just arrived and didn't understand the way they manage, got a job harvesting on a big wheat ranch. The help usually sleep in the straw stacks then, and it's precious little time they get to sleep anywhere. But he didn't know anything about that, and he was sitting around in the evening and finally said to the rancher, 'Where am I to sleep tonight?'

"'Why, I don't care where you sleep,' said the rancher. 'I've got 900 acres of land around here, and if you can't find a place to sleep on that I'll get my next neighbor to lend me a piece of his.'"

Answering Little Eddie.

Little Eddie—Say, pa, do political enemies belong to different parties? Pa—No, my son; they belong to different factions in the same party.—Exchange.

Blowing Up the Locks.

Would it be easy to blow up and destroy a lock canal by the malicious use of dynamite or other high explosive? The question has been debated much in connection with the Panama canal. The Engineering News calls attention to the fact that an attempt made in 1900 to wreck the Welland canal in this way produced surprisingly small results. After two weeks' examination the two men concerned selected lock 24, and each lowered a satchel containing dynamite and a fuse to the water behind the gate at each end of the lock. Both charges were exploded, but the dynamite failed to carry away the gates. Although the explosives blew a hole about a foot in diameter through each gate and loosened the hinges, the gates remained in position, holding back the water.

The Name Bismarck.

Few people know how Bismarck and his ancestors got their name. Bismarck is the name of one of those ancient castles a short distance from Stendal, on the road from Cologne to Berlin, in the center of the old marquisate of Brandenburg. The castle had this name because it defended the "marca," or the line where the river Biese formed a boundary in former times or mark of defense against intruders; hence the name of Bismarck.

A GAME OF BLUFF.

By P. B. ANDERSON

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

While sitting at a table before a cafe on the Champs d'Elysees, Paris, sipping a glass of absinth, I heard voices at a table near by. Several Frenchmen were talking, one of whom was decrying American women. I was young at the time and especially hot headed even for a young man. I had been long enough in France—I was studying medicine there—to know the result to be expected from a quarrel. Nevertheless I threw caution to the winds and, turning to the speaker, said:

"You contemptible French puppy! If I hear another word from you derogatory of my countrywomen I'll break my cane over your head!"

The man looked at me in astonishment, then said in the most polite manner:

"It will not be necessary for m'sieu to do that. It would make a scene and call the attention of the police."

Taking a card from his pocket, he laid it on my table and waited evidently for me to give him mine. Since there was nothing else for me to do I made the exchange, giving him a card on which was my address. Then the party of Frenchmen rose and went away, leaving me to recover my senses.

Unfortunately for us Americans, we have advanced far beyond other races in true chivalry, while the chivalry of barbarism remains with them. The proper thing for the Frenchman to do was to apologize at once for attacking women. Yet his code compelled him to enforce his slanderous talk by trying to kill me. I have never since been able to decide whether I was called upon to resent his remarks. It certainly was not very prudent to do so.

Within an hour one of the party I had seen at the cafe called upon me with a challenge. I was not prepared to "crawfish," so I put on a bold front. But in order to gain time I told my visitor that, having medical examinations on hand, it would be two days before I could grant his principal a meeting; he would hear from me in due time. He was a dapper little fellow with a waxed mustache and goatee. In making his exit from the room, backing out with an excess of politeness, he brought up against the door, which stood open. Unruffled, however, by the incident, he recovered his stability and took his departure. Notwithstanding the critical position I was in I could not refrain from laughing.

The examinations I had referred to were in fencing and shooting in order to discover at which I would have the best chance for my life. I repaired immediately to a shooting gallery and on account of defective vision, having to use my left hand, in fifty shots missed the target thirty times and hit the center once (by accident). Not seeing any chance with powder and ball, I repaired to the fencing academy of M. Fournier, told my story to its celebrated principal and asked him if he could put me in any condition to fight within the limit of time. He gave me a foil and fenced with me for half an hour, at the end of which time he told me there must be something the matter with my sight since my thrusts invariably fell far short of the mark. I told him that an accident had deprived me of the use of one eye, with the accompanying loss of power to adjust a focus.

In that case, he said, it would be better for me to use a pistol, since the distance of my enemy would then make no difference. When I told him that it was my right eye that was affected and unfortunately I was not left handed, he looked very grave.

On a table was a pile of circulars of the fencing academy, each bearing a half tone picture of its principal. I picked up one of them, remarking that I would keep it for the likeness, whereupon M. Fournier opened a drawer in which were a number of cabinet size photographs of himself and, selecting one, handed it to me. I asked him to put his signature on it, and he wrote:

To Dr. Alexander Germain, whose skill with the foil far exceeds mine.
GUSTAVE FOURNIER.

An idea had struck him, and the moment I read what he had written it struck me. With a grateful pressure of the hand I left him and, going to my rooms, placed his photograph in a conspicuous place on my mantel. Then I sent a message to my adversary's second that I would be happy to see him with a view to settling the preliminaries of a meeting.

All Paris knew the face of Gustave Fournier, and my visitor had not entered my room before he noticed the picture and, going to it, read the presentation inscription. He then took the seat I offered him with a different expression on his face.

"To begin," I said, looking at him savagely, "having the choice of weapons, I choose rapiers. I prefer extra size, extra length, if they can be obtained, and desire that the point and both sides of the blades be as sharp as they can be ground."

He listened to all I had to say without a remark and left me to report the terms. He returned after awhile with the statement that his principal had been misunderstood; that he had the highest regard and admiration for American women and could not consent to meet me on such an issue.

I looked much disappointed, though I felt inexpressible relieved. However, I told the gentleman that I must of course accept an apology, but warned his principal in future to be more careful of his utterances.

I took ten lessons of Fournier at $30 a lesson.

IF YOU SEE IT IN The Spectator IT'S SO

Notice of Lien Sale

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned claims and holds a lien upon the following described property for the care and keeping of the same from July 26, 1909, to and including the date of this notice, towit: One (1) Belgian stallion, named "Marquis DeFleuris," ten (10) years old, the same being the property of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, and the amount due for such care and keeping at the date of this notice is the sum of three hundred fifty-eight and 46-100 dollars ($358.46). The amount which will be due at the time of sale, exclusive of the expenses of advertising and sale, is the sum of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26). The grounds of said lien are that said stallion was kept, fed, and cared for by the undersigned at the request of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, the owners thereof, from and after July 26, 1909, up to and at the present time, and the amount due therefor became due and was demanded more than ninety days prior to the date hereof. And said amount is the reasonable value of such care.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell said property to pay said amount of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26) and the expenses of publication and sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of J. S. Roy's barn on the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section number seventeen (17) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in Pennington county, Minn.

Dated November 16, 1911.

n18-3t J. S. ROY.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 5:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	90
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.85
" " 2	1.78
Barley, for 50 lbs	97
Oats	39
Eggs	25
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@8
Chickens, alive	10?
Hides	8
Flour, patent	8.00
Shorts, per ton	20.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. }
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff, against Mary Torgerson, Defendant } Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 203 Third street E., Thief River Falls Minn.
o28 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. }
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Inga L. Breyette, Plaintiff, against William Breyette, Defendant } Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office 203 Third street, E, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. } ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), } Plaintiff, against
Emil Dryfoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co., } Defendant

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-two dollars and Thirty cents ($442.30) with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 22nd day of September, 1911, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated September 22, 1911.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. n4-6t

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL, MORTGAGE, OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota
County of Pennington } In Probate court,

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness, Inga Petterson, Albert Ness, Lovisa Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of K. O. Gigstad, as representative of the above named estate, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same:

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of December, 1911, at 11 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 11th day of November, 1911.

SEAL
WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.
n14-3t

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. BATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

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Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a. m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—Services Sunday morning at 11; song service at 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
REV. P. M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening 7:15 o'clock.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 160 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, secretary.

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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

O. H. Peters is quite ill this week.

George Bakko was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Come one, come all to the firemen's dance Dec. 1.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake county came over Wednesday.

The new livery barn is expected to be ready for business about Dec, 1.

O. H. Haugen returned Thursday from Holt, where he has property interests.

Miss Olga Swenson returned Friday from a few weeks stay at Crookston.

R. J. McKercher went to Crookston, Thursday, called by the illness of his sister.

C. C. Elliott is looking after business matters this week at his home at Ogden, Iowa.

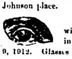
The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will give a lutefisk supper Friday evening, Dec. 1.

FOR SALE—A wood heating stove, good as new.
D. PATTERSON.

The manager for the Thief River Falls News was here making collections for his paper on Wednesday.

G. C. Holden of Thompson, N. D., was the guest at the home of his brother-in-law, J. C. Dahl, over Sunday.

Henry Peterson has sold his residence property to Carl From and has himself purchased the Hoken Johnson place.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Miss Tomina Wilson went Wednesday to Wylie, where she participated in the festivities of the Eckstein-Draeger wedding.

The United church congregation will hold their annual business meeting at the church Wednesday, Nov. 29, at 1 o'clock p. m.

The Hamar Ladies' Aid society will have an auction sale on Thanksgiving day at L. Netteland's place, beginning at 1 o'clock p. m.

Don't wait to order your coal and wood until the thermometer gets 40 below zero. Order now
G. I. FELLMAN.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Rev. Frank Larson returned last Monday from a visit to Chicago, where he assisted in conducting a series of Scandinavian Mission meetings.

Say, Morris, have you heard the news? Well I guess, those firemen are a bunch of jolly fellows, we have always have a good time at these dances.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, Dec. 8, at the home of Mrs. Gust Erickson. All are welcome.

LOST—One two year old red heifer and one two year old black steer. Left my place about the middle of July. Finder please notify Paul Cyr, Red Lake Falls. n11.2t.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store,
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the home of Olaus Lorentson Sunday, Dec. 3, at 10:45 a. m., and in the East side school house in the evening at 7:30.

Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Sevre left Wednesday for Colorado Springs, Mrs. Sevre has been in poor health for some years and goes there hoping that a change of climate may prove beneficial to her health.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathson's.

Just received at Hans Wilson's a fresh stock of groceries, confectionery, tobaccos, etc. All kinds of soft drinks and hot beef tea. We pay highest market prices for eggs and butter. Please give us a call and see how our stock pleases you.
n4.4t HANS WILSON.

There is something doing in St. Hilaire Dec. 1, 1911. What is it Pat? The St. Hilaire fire department are going to give a Thanksgiving dance.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t.

Carl Krueger went to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Call on A. Satterberg for hard coal and get right prices.

Don't forget the day and date of the fireman's dance Dec. 1.

Arthur Jacobson was a Crookston visitor the first of the week.

Miss Christina Wilson is visiting with friends at Badger this week.

Andy Dahl left Monday for Gull Lake, Sask., where he is holding a claim.

C. C. Elliott and A. C. Ellickson returned this morning from a trip to southern Iowa.

John King came down last night from Highlanding where he has been at work at ditching.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,
CARL KRUEGER.

Call at the Farmers' elevator for prices on flour and feed.
n4-1mo A. R. JONES. Manager.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will give a lutefisk supper Friday, Dec. 1, at the I O. O. F building, beginning at 5:30 p. m.

Say, Bill, did you read the Spectator this week? Yes, I did, I see the fire department are going to give one of their big dances again Dec. 1.

Have just got in a bunch of young farm horses, so you don't have to go to Thief River Falls or Minneapolis when you can get them right here in your own town.
o21-1m G. I. FELLMAN.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Tidings have been received here of the death, on Nov. 17. of Louis A. Rouse, at his home in Densmore, Cal., Mr. Rouse, was a resident of this place about twelve years ago and operated a barber shop here.

Frank Freund gave his moving picture show to a crowded house Saturday evening. Sunday evening in spite of warnings that he would not be allowed to show, he attempted to go on with his performance and persisted after repeated notification by the village marshal, and not until he was finally threatened with incarceration in the coop did he desist.

Potatoes Wanted

In large or small lots. Sacks furnished. Ask for prices.
LAZAR & LAZAR.

Rural Route Patrons Must Break Roads

Rural route patrons are required to keep open the roads that are traveled by the mail carriers if they expect proper service. The carrier has not the time nor is it his business to break roads while delivering mail during the winter. Patrons should see that the roads are broken after each blizzard, thereby complying with the rules of the postoffice department in regard to rural routes.
O. F. POST,
Postmaster.

Resolutions of Condolence

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in His infinite wisdom and omnipotence to remove from our lodge a friend and brother in the death of L. A. Rouse;

Be it hereby resolved, That we, the members of St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147, I. O. O. F., fully realize the loss this lodge has sustained;

Be it further resolved, That we express our sympathy to the relatives and friends of the deceased; and lastly,

Be it resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the lodge, that they be published in the St. Hilaire Spectator, and that copies be sent to Dunsmore lodge and to Miss Maud Rouse, daughter of the deceased.

A. S. WILSON,
DANIEL PATTERSON,
O. H. OLSON,
Deceased.

Marriage

The marriage of two well known Wylie young people occurred yesterday. The parties to the happy event were Miss Caroline Eckstein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nick Eckstein, and Mr. Joseph Draeger, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. Draeger. The wedding ceremony was performed at St. Mary's church in this city, Rev. Fr. Ambrose officiating. The wedding was a quiet affair, only a few relatives being in attendance. Mr. Draeger and his bride have gone to Warroad, where Mr. Draeger has lived for some time and in which city they will reside. Their many friends in Red Lake county are glad of the opportunity to offer congratulations and best wishes.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR

Fog and Sound.

In a fog at sea the toll of a bell buoy is singularly grave and solemn, well matched by the weird note of a whistling buoy. Unfortunately the value of both is lessened in foggy weather from there being but little motion of the sea. Nothing, too, is more difficult than to distinguish in a fog the direction from which a sound comes. This is in part due doubtless to the interference offered to the straight course of the waves carrying the sound, but also probably to the absence of the normal, although unsuspected, co-ordination of eye and ear in locating the origin of sound. The assistance of the eye on sea and land is instinctively given to the ear in many different ways. In a fog the ear has only itself to trust to.—London Spectator.

Describing a Railroad.

The Pall Mall Gazette in 1890 asked its readers to name the worst railway in England. And one English kicker answered thus: "Sir—The Southeastern railway is the very worst railway in the world. The engines are asthmatic. Its lamps are trimmed by foolish virgins. Its fares are excessive. Its carriages let in the snow in winter and are furnaces in summer. Its motto is unpunctuality. Its principal station is approached through the neck of a bottle. It ruins the temper, destroys the digestion and enables one to realize the horrors of Dante's 'Inferno.' I am, sir, yours obediently, the Worm Who Turns."

English Etchings.

The title of reverend was first used in England in 1657.

Employment will be given to 18,000 men if England's plan is carried out of afforesting 150,000 acres a year.

England is getting warmer. The average temperature has risen just over a degree in the past half century.

The brewery at Burton-on-Trent, England, covers 160 acres. The yearly income is over $25,000,000. Seven hundred carloads of ale are forwarded daily.

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Proposals.

"Has he proposed yet?"
"Not in so many words."
"That's no answer. Proposals never do come in words. They consist of sighs, hems, haws and gurgles."—Cleveland Leader.

Sui Generis.

"Got everything, pa?" asked Ham of Noah while the old man stood on the quarter deck and scanned the passenger list.

"Not yet," replied Noah. "We'll have to wait for the man who vows to high heaven that he will never be caught alive in a full dress suit and the woman who won't talk while she plays whist."—Chicago Post.

Underweight.

Brown—That coal dealer of ours got just what was coming to him. Town—How? Brown—Married a girl the other day, thinking that he was getting 140 pounds and got only 98.—St. Louis Times.

Like Play.

"Going to send your son to art school?"
"What do they do there?"
"Just make pictures."
"I should say not. I want him to learn something."

An Oversight.

"Seen anything of a horse thief going by here?"
"I don't know. Several men have gone by, but I didn't think to ask any of them if they were horse thieves."

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."
"The doctor order it?"
"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

Good Sport

Is very exhilarating but somewhat tiresome.

After a day in the woods

Hamm's Beer

Refreshes, stimulates, strengthens and insures a good night's rest.

Include a case in your outfit

"Leads them All"

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

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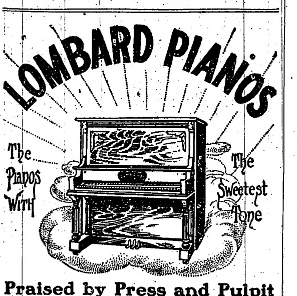
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

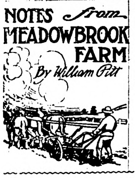
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over [illegible] will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 635 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 80 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write,
[illegible] LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
[illegible] Fargo, N. D.



NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Inbreeding too much will cause pigeons to "go light."

—

Early maturity is the keynote in successful pig handling.

—

Persistency is one of the valuable qualities of a good dairy cow.

—

Do not allow the pullets to roost in the coops where they were raised.

—

The horse that slobbers when eating should have his teeth examined.

—

The experienced poultryman will breed only from his best winter layers.

—

Onions, unlike potatoes and other root crops, will not keep in a moist cellar.

—

Tile drainage by making the soil firm enables earlier cultivation in the spring.

—

Low ground drained can be cultivated earlier than high ground not drained.

—

Prune the currants and gooseberries as soon as the leaves fall, or early next spring.

—

Hard work is not so apt to injure a horse as the failure to receive proper attention afterwards.

—

At this season of the year with the coming of the fall rains, a dry shelter should be provided for the sheep.

—

"Almost every wrong act of the horse is caused by fear, excitement or mismanagement," said a great horseman.

—

When you build or remodel your dairy barn provide plenty of windows to admit direct sunlight during the winter.

—

Begin a systematic culling of the flock this month, and get rid of all unpromising birds before cold weather sets in.

—

A dairy barn can be kept practically free from unpleasant odors, but we never saw more than half a dozen such barns.

—

Pigs on growing clover or alfalfa with skim milk and shorts slop will grow about as fast as it is possible for pigs to grow.

—

It is just as important that every horse should have his own collar all the time as that a man should wear his own shoes.

—

Save the small potatoes and imperfect heads of cabbage and other waste vegetables. They will all be relished by the hens in the winter.

—

Work horses, that have been pushed in the fields all summer should now have the advantage of every hour possible in the fall pastures.

—

Corn is a good grain diet for work horses, but colts and young horses should have feed containing more protein and mineral matter.

—

Where a number of horses are kept in the same barn the sides of the stall should be low enough to allow them to see each other as all horses love company.

—

Let the same person milk the same cows every day when possible, because a strange milker always makes the animal nervous and affects the milk flow.

—

The first test to be given a new workman on the farm is to send him out with a team. If he handles them kindly and skillfully he is pretty sure to be a good all-round man.

—

If you find a workman kicking or beating a horse back him up into a corner and give him a sound lecture. Then watch him carefully and if he repeats the act send him adrift.

—

When a man sends his horse pell-mell down hill with a loose rein he not only jars the shoulders, springs the knees, weakens the nerves, but runs the risk of breaking his horses's knees.

—

Put new sand on the floor of the hen house immediately, otherwise it will not dry out thoroughly before cold weather comes but will remain damp and make the house uncomfortable throughout the winter.

—

There is no economy in feeding musty grain of any kind to the chickens, even if it can be had for a quarter of the price of good grain. The fowls will eat it, if other food is withheld, but it is not good for them.

—

In many of the big sheep states the farmers find it profitable to engage the professional shearers with a machine. They go about from farm to farm shearing the flocks singly or have several flocks brought to a central point.

—

Hog feeders are coming to understand that skim milk from the separator is worth much more than that obtained by deep setting, open setting or the common skim milk of the creamery. You will get better results from feeding skim milk when it is warm and fresh than if it is allowed to stand over night.

—

The early hatched pullets will soon be beginning to lay.

—

There is no advantage in having the colt make too rapid a growth.

—

More horses are spoiled by poor drivers than any other way.

—

Horses like shredded fodder, but one must learn to feed it right.

—

The well-sheltered paddock helps out the winter feed bin.

—

It is bad policy to let the milk and cream get a kitchen flavor.

—

Surplus young ducks will soon be in demand in the city markets.

—

Let the hogs turn all the "windfall apples" into high-priced pork.

—

Washing a separator is not a very difficult job if done soon after separating.

—

Grapes are apt to overbear and it is never safe to let them set all the fruit they will.

—

Skim milk is good for growing pigs but it is better with shorts mixed with it.

—

Don't put up with a "robber" cow any more than you would with a robber of any kind.

—

There is no variety of fowls that can be so quickly gotten upon the market as young ducks.

—

As the weather continues to get cooler at this time of the year, fresh bones may be had at the butcher's.

—

Feed just enough—have the pig's bed clean and comfortable so he will lie down and sleep, and put on fat.

—

Guard the fowls against exposure to dampness and draughts and they will be kept free from colds and roup.

—

One of the greatest secrets in the successful keeping of horses is the furnishing of plenty of pure air and light.

—

Cows that are expected to return a profit must have liberal rations of the kinds of foods adapted to their needs.

—

An important item in feeding dairy cows is to have good, tight mangers where the feed will not be soiled or wasted.

—

It is claimed that early sown fall wheat is benefited when pastured with sheep to keep down the rank growth.

—

Pedigreed scrubs are the bane of the stock breeding business, and need the attention of honest breeders of all classes of stock.

—

See that the chickens are not overcrowded at night, for they sometimes get hot and sweaty and when let out in the morning catch cold, which develops into roup.

—

If you are a beginner with sheep go slow until you have mastered the industry. As in poultrying or any other like business, experience is the safe, sure teacher.

—

If taken at a very early age chickens can be taught to come and go at certain times, fed in a certain way and do other things that will save time and annoyance.

—

The chicken does not refuse to lay eggs or get fat through perverseness of character. It is simply because the owner does not know how to bring about desired results.

—

A well-filled crib of well-matured corn, which generally means a good yield per acre, is much more satisfactory and to be desired than many first prizes at the fair.

—

The truth is the farmers of the middle west are raising better mutton than ever before and people are learning that it is about the best and cheapest meat they can buy.

—

This cry is never heard by the birds by her or anybody else except at the times when they were actually wanted and the way they came running was a striking lesson in training.

—

In counting the profits from your flock do not fail to count the value of the fat lambs killed during the twelve months for the family use and the high value of all the manure.

—

Shut the hens out of the nest boxes at night. They will creep in there if they can to roost. It is warmer there and they like it; but what a mess they make of the nest.

—

If the colts are to come out sound, lively and ready for work or market next spring they must have good feed, plenty of exercise in open air every fine day and warm quarters at night all winter.

—

Cattle and other live stock will derive much good early fall an winter pasture on wheat and they will not damage the crop if the pasturing is done in dry weather or when the ground is frozen.

—

If you would really know how an unblanketed horse feels after violent exercise in cold weather take a brisk run of a mile or so and then stand where the cold wind will strike you for half an hour.

—

Never buy a horse for family use where the women folk are to drive him without at least one week's trial. If he is put through all his paces and sent up against steam engines and other scarey things he will develop his good or bad faith in that time.

—

A pair of full grown Bull snakes will keep two or three acres of alfalfa free from the encroachments of the pocket gopher and the mole, and they are harmless with the exception of the fact that they may catch small chickens if they are given a chance.

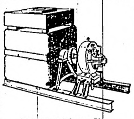
THE ELECTRICAL WORLD

ORGAN BLOWER IS NOISELESS

One of Interesting Applications of Electric Motors Is Fan for Use in Church and House.

One of the interesting applications of electric motors is the use of this power, for church, concert and house organ blowing. It has long been recognized by organists and builders that for organ blowing a centrifugal fan is far superior to feeders operated by any other method, because of the absolutely steady pressure developed, which greatly enhances the quality and purity of tone of old and modern organs.

Until recent years this type of machine could not be used because of the excessive noise of the ordinary trade fan blower, which formerly was the only machine of this character on the market.



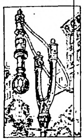
An Improved Organ Blower.

The Kinetic blower has been designed expressly for organ blowing, and has effectually overcome this difficulty, says the Popular Electricity. The machine consists of several fans mounted on one shaft, by the rotation of which the required air pressure is generated, each fan adding the pressure developed by itself to that of the preceding fan. These fans are enclosed in a case and the whole mounted on the I-beam base and direct connected or belted to an electric motor; motors in all cases being unenclosed. It can be run equally well by either direct or alternating current motors. No care is required by either blower or motor other than filling the oil cups every few weeks.

STREET LAMP-POST CARRIER

Novel Feature of Arc-Lamp Device Shown in Illustration Is Central Harp Hung Over Standard.

The novel feature of the arc-lamp carrier shown in the sketch is the central harp which permits the lamp to be hung vertically over the standard and to be swung to one side so that it may be lowered to the ground for trimming and cleaning, says the Popular Mechanics. A weather hood protects the lamp to some extent from rain and snow.



Arc-Lamp Carrier.

Silica Glass.

Such extensive use has been made during the last few years of silica glass for chemical apparatus that it was found necessary to devise a method whereby this glass might be produced in the electric furnace instead of with oxy-hydrogen blowpipe. To produce perfectly transparent silica glass from melted quartz an artifice is required, because on reaching the temperature of 600 degrees Centigrade, the quartz splits, and minute bubles of air fill the mass. This can be prevented by first raising the temperature of the quartz to a point little under 600 degrees and then surrounding it with liquid silica at a temperature of 2,000 degrees Centigrade. The liquid silica acts as a shield to prevent the entrance of air when the quartz splits up, and thus the formation of bubbles is avoided.—London Globe.

Prevent Short-Circuiting.

Short circuits, caused by hawks and other large birds settling on the towers of the Roosevelt hydroelectric transmission lines, have been stopped by means of birch-rod guards, which prevent the birds from settling on the towers near the wires.

Aid for Ushers.

In order to reduce the number of ushers in the countless moving picture theaters of New York, the managers have installed tiny incandescent lamps on the backs of the seats. These lamps burn only when the seat is vacant.

Sew Coffee Bags.

An electric machine has been made to sew up the mouths of coffee bags. As fast as the bags are filled the electric stitcher sews up the end and fastens the thread with a knot.

Camphor in Florida.

Camphor production in Florida is practical and can be made profitable. Successful experiments by the United States department of agriculture warrant this conclusion.

Polishing Metal Work.

For polishing places on metal work not easily reached an emery cord has been devised, a strong thread being coated with finely powdered emery.

USE OF THE REVOLVING FAN

Investigation Shows These Appliances Enormously Increase Bacterial Content of Air.

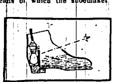
That the use of revolving fans enormously increases the number of bacteria in the air (though by what means we are not told) is shown by recent tests in France, according to the Hospital (London). Says this paper:

"The use of ventilators with revolving fans has become very common in large public buildings, especially restaurants and shops. In most cases these ventilators communicate with the outside, and they are installed, of course, with the idea of ventilating and purifying the air within by increasing the rate of exchange with the external atmosphere. But revolving fans are also frequently used, especially in hot weather, simply to produce a cooling effect by setting up a current of air inside. Drs. A. Sartory and A. Filassier have examined the bacteriological effect of these fans and ventilators upon the atmosphere within, and have communicated their results to a recent meeting of the Societe de Biologie. They find that these appliances enormously increase the bacterial content of the air. Their experiments were numerous and varied, but it will suffice to refer to one or two. Thus in a restaurant of 400 cubic meters analysis of the air before the fan was working showed 12,500 bacteria per cubic meter; after working the fan for one hour, 23,000 bacteria, and after two hours, 45,000 bacteria. In another cafe of 600 cubic meters the number of bacteria rose from 12,000 to 39,000 after the fan was working for one hour. In every instance in fact, the number of bacteria per cubic meter was doubled, or even quadrupled. As the authors point out, with these facts such appliances cannot but be regarded as dangerous and detrimental to the public health."

SEE INTERIOR OF HIS SHOE

Electric Light and Mirror Arranged So That Man Can See Into Interior Without Trouble.

The illustration shows an electric light and mirror arrangement by means of which the shoemaker can illuminate the interior of the shoe he is working upon. It comprises a casing containing an electric light bulb, adapted to be inserted in the heel of a boot or shoe, and a mirror carried by the casing in front of the light. The parts are so arranged that the light rays pass below the mirror into the toe, and the shoemaker can examine this portion of the shoe by looking into the mirror.



Shoemaker's Electric Light.

Viennese Electric Fountain.

The city of Vienna possesses what is perhaps the most remarkable electric, or electrically lighted, fountain in existence. It is situated in the Schwartzenbergplatz. Underneath the fountain, in a huge cemented chamber, are placed twenty-seven reflecting lamps, capable of producing seventy different luminous and colored effects. The light is transmitted through the waters of the fountain. The light power of the plant is estimated as equal to 900,000,000 candles.

Duluth Is Electrical.

Out of 14,000 houses in Duluth, Minn., no less than 12,000, or about 86 per cent of the total, are wired for electricity, a still more remarkable fact being that the number of houses using electricity exceeds by 2,000 the houses connected to the water supply, and by 5,000 those using gas.

Mexican Project.

Mexico has a new 53,000 horse power hydro-electric project. A great dam is being built across the Conchos river, 22 miles from Santa Rosalia, for storing water. After the water has been run through the turbines it will be used for irrigating purposes.

ELECTRICAL NOTES

There are at present 18 recognized systems of wireless telegraphy.

The telephone rate in Denmark outside of the larger cities is about $11 a year.

A new electrical office device will seal, stamp and keep a record of 150 letters a minute.

During the last year 1,200,000 miles of telegraph wire were added to that already standing.

As early as 400 B. C. the ancients had observed that iron rods had the power to avert lightning.

A machine has been invented with which the magnetic effect of the iron and steel parts of a ship upon a compass needle can be measured.

It requires 2,000,000 horse power to operate the textile mills of the United States, of which 500,000 horse power is produced by electricity.

The Madrid telephone company, though the principal one in Spain, with stations in nineteen leading cities, has only 3,795 subscribers.

Engineers declare that the waterfalls of the Alps are capable of generating enough electrical power to run all the railroads of Switzerland.

An electric motor with a number of flexible rods mounted at right angles to its shaft has been invented in Germany for beating and renovating furs.

Few steam locomotives can haul trains over more than a two per cent grade, while many electric railroads negotiate grades of nearly seven per cent with ease.

Good Jokes

HIS BIT OF EMPIRE.

It is a well known fact that some Englishmen are more inclined to talk about the Empire's fringe, of which they are ignorant, rather than about its heart, which they possibly know something of. A housewife whose husband was addicted this way turned his thoughts into more homely channels by her ready wit.

One Saturday evening he came home late smelling strongly of tobacco, and very red in the face.

"Oh," he said. "I've had a fine time. I've been to an Empire meeting. It was grand."

Then he frowned and said, impatiently:—

"What's the matter with supper? Ain't it ready yet?"

His wife, who was peeling potatoes and holding a squalling boy, rose and extended the baby to him.

"Here," she said; "take hold of your bit of the Empire while I fry these chips."

How It Is Done.

"Rollo," said the eminent statesman, speaking rather severely to his private secretary. "Rollo, it has been rather more than a week now since I have said something really brilliant. Are you aware of that?"

"Y-y-yessir," stammered the hireling.

"I'll give you three days more," continued the statesman, assuming his well-known attitude in which the right hand is thrust into the front of the shirt, as though to bring forth an important document or to scratch a hidden chigger bite—" and if I haven't uttered something exceedingly intellectual or startlingly new by that time, I shall have to employ a new press agent."

GOOD IMAGINATION.

"Vain Dauber claims to be highly imaginative and also a thinker."

"Er—yes—he imagines he thinks and thinks he imagines."

Even Then.

The wise men never speak till they
Have something well worth while to say,
And, being wise and thoughtful men,
They say but little even then.

The Puff Personal.

"You are evidently very fond of books, sir," said an old gentleman to a young man in a train car. "May I ask you whom you consider the best novelist of the day?"

"Jenkins, undoubtedly," said the young man. "There's nobody can write like Jenkins. Why, sir, the circulating libraries can't supply his novels fast enough."

At this moment another man entered the train car and addressed the young man.

"Hello, Jenkins," he said. "How are you today?"—Tit-Bits.

Unworthy of His Love.

"George Tillson and Mamie Sprague are engaged."

"For goodness sake! I always thought he had good taste."

"Well, Mamie isn't a bad looking girl."

"But look at the style of her. She doesn't hide her ears by combing her hair over them."

Try It.

"Mary," said a mother to her quick-tempered little girl, "you must not get mad and say naughty things. You should always give a soft answer."

When her little brother provoked her an hour afterward Mary clinched her little fist and said: "Mush!"—The Watchword.

He Knew the Game.

"Now, Archie," asked the schoolmistress, dilating on the virtue of politeness, "if you were seated in a tram car, every seat of which was occupied, and a lady entered, what would you do?"

"Pretend I was asleep," was the prompt reply.—Tit-Bits.

A Sure Sign.

"That woman pretends to move in the most aristocratic social circles, but I have found out one fact which strongly intimates she does nothing of the sort."

"What is it?"

"She pays all her bills."

Unreasonable.

"Did your friend have a good time on his hunting trip?"

"No; didn't enjoy himself at all. The guides got peevish about his shooting so many of them for game."

Not to His Liking.

"How did you enjoy your visit to your grandfather in the country, Rob?"

"Oh, it was fine, 'cept I had to wash my face and hands in raw water at the pump. I like it cooked best, like we have it at home."—Judge.

Explained.

"What color is that very stylish suit of Anna's?"

"Electric blue."

"That accounts for its being so stunning."

Not Consoling.

One of the boys had broken one of the school rules and no one would own up.

The teacher announced that he would thrash the whole class if some one did not tell him who had committed the offense.

All were silent, and he began with the first boy, and thrashed every one in the class until finally he reached the last one. Then he said: "Now, if you will tell me who did this I won't thrash you."

"All right, sir. I did it," was the reply.—Ideas.

WHY A BACHELOR.

Hinten—I've a mind to get married.

Henpeck—If you had a mind you wouldn't think of such a thing.

Sweet Melody.

'Tis sweet, indeed, to hear the hen
Lift up her voice a peg;
For now when cost of living's high
It means another egg.

His Economy.

The children in the Blank family were taught habits of neatness at the table by being compelled to pay a fine of one cent for every spot they put on the tablecloth. One day Harold, a boy of seven years, was discovered rubbing the overhanging part of the cloth between his fingers, and, when taken to task for it, he said:

"Why, I wust just trying to rub two spots into one."—Woman's Home Companion.

Not So Very Romantic.

"Gloriana," faltered the ardent youth, "is this the end?"

"Reginald," she answered, with a world of compassion in her soft brown eyes, "it is!"

Weary of the strain of holding the skein of flossy yarn which the maiden had been winding into a ball, Reginald dropped his exhausted arms to his sides and drew a long breath of relief.

The Reason.

"Though actors are superstitious as a rule, they are not afraid of being in haunted houses."

"They are not?"

"No; you can't scare an actor by putting him any place where the ghost walks."

Took Precautions.

Mrs. Brown—I'm thinking of giving up using fresh milk. I read an article in the paper saying all kinds of infection can be got from it."

Milkman—Don't worry, madam; our water is always well boiled first.—London Sketch.

Classifying Himself.

Eve (on seeing him for the first time)—Who are you, sir?

Adam—I'm Exhibit A, madam.

THREE OR FOUR.

"I notice that you call your wife 'Sugar.'"

"I've always called my wives 'Sugar.'"

"Umph! How many lumps have you had?"

Looking Forward.

"There'll be no prunes in heaven,"
A boarder softly sighs,
Who dreams of sins forgiven
And a mansion in the skies.

A Good Suggestion.

The horse editor was substituting for the "Answers to Correspondents" editor.

"How'll I answer this?" he demanded. "Girl wants to know how she can improve her complexion."

"Tell her to send you a sample of it," suggested the snake editor.

The Secret.

"Why do you have those glass cases with the ax, hammer, crowbar and so forth on these cars?" asked a traveler.

"Oh, those are put there in case any one wants a window open," replied the facetious man.—Red Hen.

Surprising.

"Our silly servant lit the kitchen fire with coal oil the other morning and ruined the stove."

"Did you discharge her?"

"No. We haven't found her yet."

Keep Your Eye on that Can

When Buying Baking Powder

For this is the baking powder that "makes the baking better."

It leavens the food evenly throughout; puffs it up to airy lightness, makes it delightfully appetizing and wholesome.

Remember, Calumet is moderate in price —highest in quality.

Ask your grocer for Calumet. Don't take a substitute.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO.
CHICAGO

Stops Neuralgia Pains

Sloan's Liniment has a soothing effect on the nerves. It stops neuralgia and sciatica pains instantly.

Here's Proof

Mrs. C. M. Dowker of Johannesburg, Mich., writes:—"Sloan's Liniment is the best medicine in the world. It has relieved me of Neuralgia. Those pains have all gone and I can truly say your Liniment did stop them."

Mr. Andrew F. Lear of 80 Gay Street, Cumberland, Md., writes:—"I have used Sloan's Liniment for Neuralgia and I certainly do praise it very much."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, backache, sore throat and sprains.

At all dealers.

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00

Sloan's book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free.

Address
Dr.
Earl S. Sloan
Boston, Mass.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

IF IT'S YOUR EYES
PETTIT'S EYE SALVE is what you need

REMEMBER
PISO'S
for COUGHS & COLDS

COLDS
Cured in One Day

As a rule, a few doses of Munyon's Cold Remedy will break up any cold and prevent pneumonia. It relieves the head, throat and lungs almost instantly. Price 25 cents at any druggist's, or sent postpaid.

If you need Medical advice write to Munyon's Doctors. They will carefully diagnose your case and give you advice by mail, absolutely free.

Address Professor Munyon, 53d and Jefferson streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you 35

RUPTURE CURED in a few days without a surgical operation. No pay until cured. Write to Dr. F. H. Rowe, 330 Century Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

N. W. N. U., NO. 47-1911.

Consequences.

"The men came to clean the furnace out."

"Yes."

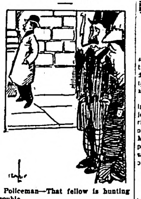
"Then they cleaned me out."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

THE PESSIMIST.



Policeman—That fellow is hunting trouble.

Mr. Want-to-Know—Why?

Policeman—He's looking for the marriage license bureau.

Ready for More Sacrifice.

Frank McIntyre, after a recent performance of "Snobs," fell into a story-telling mood and recalled the vaccination of the six-year-old son of one of his friends. The boy was given 50 cents for undergoing the ordeal. The following day he said to his father:

"Daddy, isn't there anything else you can have done to me? I need the money."

The Gist of It.

Two and two make four. This is a platitude.

Two and two make three. This is demogogism.

Two and two make one hundred and fifty. This is high finance.—Lippincott's Magazine.

A "Teaser" For Jaded Appetites—

Post Toasties

with cream or preserved fruit.

Ready to serve instantly—just open the box and enjoy an extra good dish—

Convenient, crisp, delicious, wholesome.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

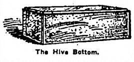
Made at the
POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd.,
Pure Food Factories
Battle Creek : : Mich.

FARM AND BEES

CHAFF HIVES FOR WINTERING

No Better Place for Caring for the Bees Than Out of Doors During Severe Cold Weather.

I know of no better method of wintering bees than to winter them out of doors providing you have the right kind of hive, and pack them properly and in season, says a writer in the Orange Judd and Farmer. I have five different styles of chaff or double-walled hives, the result of several years' experimenting, and the hive illustrated here is the one I like best of any, as it not only winters well, but it admits of all kinds of manipulation and tying up, as well as single-walled hives.



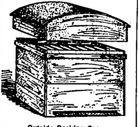
The Hive Bottom.

These hives are made as follows: Bottom board at least four inches larger each way than the hive designed to be packed in it. It would be better six or even eight inches if you can stand the extra lifting on the covers, which must be larger in proportion.

Nail the four sides to lap over the bottom, coming down flush with the under side and thus keeping any water from soaking in onto the bottom. Make them high enough so that when your inside hive is placed therein, the outside rim will be three or four inches above the inside hive.

Cover should be six inches deep at outside and deep enough in center to make slant enough to shed water. One of the secrets of successful outdoor wintering is an abundance of packing. Make cover just large enough to telescope over top of outside rim, which should have pieces nailed on one inch below top to build it up.

If you tier up much in the summer, don't hinge cover, but leave it so you can remove it and put on extra rims to raise or tier up to any desired hight. Cover the bottom with tar paper, which will retain heat and also keep out ants.



Outside Packing Case.

Make an inside bottom to fit the inside hive, and long enough to project through the entrance in outside rim and leave an alighting board two or three inches wide across the front. Make a bridge the width of your packing space to put over the passage to outside entrance, and keep out chaff, etc.

Winter Keeping of Vegetables.

The matter of keeping Irish potatoes, cabbage, onions, beets, etc., all winter for family use depends on climatic conditions. Irish potatoes, as also beets, should be guarded against freezing. Beets and carrots can stand a little of it, but are better off when kept from it.

Cabbage stored in the cellar should be wrapped separately in double thicknesses of newspaper, folding and tying it around the stem. Hang each head upside down on the side of the wall or from the beams overhead. Cabbages can stand some freezing and thawing. Onions to keep well must be put in a cool, dry, airy place.

Storing Cabbages.

Many farmers are under the impression that cabbages will keep better if stored with the root attached. F. H. Gibbs, the market-gardening expert, in a talk at the Minnesota state fair, declared this to be a mistake; the roots simply make additional weight to handle, and taking up a great deal of room unnecessarily. The proper method when storing is to cut off the roots smoothly, as when preparing the cabbage for the table, and pack in regular cabbage crates or lay on shelves, not more than two heads deep.

Gathering Fuel.

If one can possibly get the time he will do well to pick up a lot of fuel in the wood lot that cannot be had after snowfall. It pays to gather up this wood in more ways than one. It saves the wood, makes the forest look more tidy and pleasing to the owner's eye.

Pasturing Winter Wheat.

Wheat which was planted early and is now up and making a good growth may be pastured when the ground is dry or frozen, without materially affecting next season's crop yield. Keep the stock off when the ground is muddy.

Breaking and Turning Land.

Don't put off breaking and turning your land till spring, and then jump in and try to do in a week work which, if properly done, would require several months' steady grind.

Fall Plowing Benefits.

Fall plowing will make a much more compact seed-bed than will spring plowing, and crops grown thereon will be less subject to injury from drouth.

DEVICE FOR SHOCKING CORN

Three Pieces of Common Timber and an Iron Rod Can Be Converted Into Useful Implement.

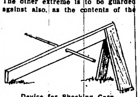
When corn is to be shocked in the field, it should be thoroughly ripe before being cut, as too early cutting affects both the yield and the quality of the grain.

The shuck on the ears should be turning yellow, if not already dry; the latter is preferable, even if the lower blades are overripe.

A frame should be provided for shocking the corn, which may be constructed as follows: Nail two pieces of one-by-six-inch material five feet long to one end of a two-by-three-inch scantling ten feet long. Bore an inch hole three or four feet from the end of the scantling to which the legs have been nailed, and insert an iron rod or something similar. Let the free end of the scantling rest on the ground; the other end is, of course, supported by the one-by-six piece. With the iron rod thrust through the hole, the device is ready for use.

The corn is placed in the four right angles formed by the scantlings and the iron rod, four or five or six bundles being placed in each of these corners with the butts set well out at the bottom. Care should be taken to avoid setting the bundles too straight and to see that the corn is evenly distributed throughout the shock.

A little negligence right here will keep one busy resetting the shock. The other extreme is to be guarded against also, as the contents of the shock will damage more or less unless the work is done so as to turn off the water.



Device for Shocking Corn.

Too much care cannot be exercised in shocking the corn; a little slovenly work in this operation will ruin the product, even if all the other conditions for a good article are met.

Failure at this point more than anything else, is responsible for the prejudice against this method of handling the corn crop. If the stalks are wet and moldy, the resulting product will be disappointing, regardless of the care which has been exercised in the previous and subsequent handling of the crop.

Much Fruit on Little Ground.

The area required for the production of fruit for the use of the average family need not be large, if good care is given. One acre devoted to the orchard and vine fruits in approximately the following number will give ample variety and quantity: Twelve apples, six each of pear, plum, peach, sour cherry, sweet cherry, quince and grape. Three hundred strawberry plants, 25 each of blackberries and red raspberries, 12 currants and 12 gooseberries.

Protecting Trees From Animals.

Trees may be protected from injury by rabbits and mice, says the North Dakota experiment station, by keeping litter away from them and painting the trunk with whitewash to which paris green has been added. They may also be protected by wire screens.

A Goal for the Farmer.

Every farmer should work out and adopt a permanent system of agriculture under which he can increase and maintain the fertility of his land, enjoy a good living, rise in social value, and wield a good influence in his community.

Telephone Wire.

The telephone wire is one of the strongest ties that binds people to the farm. It is the nerve which keeps farm folk in touch with their friends and neighbors and in touch with the outside world.

Lesson of Better Garden.

Better gardening is one of the first steps toward better farming. Make your plans to have a better garden next year. Much will be accomplished if you begin the preparation of the soil now.

Storing Celery.

If celery is to be brought into the cellar for winter storage, cut the tap root, lift it from the ground and then with a strong knife cut off the branching roots and most of the earth.

Maturity of Alfalfa.

Alfalfa does not attain maturity until the third or fourth year; therefore, do not sow it expecting to get the best results in less time.

Is the seed corn safe?

Let the wind or gasoline pump the water.

With no cellar available, roots may be stored in pits.

City people, not re-enforced from the farms, would soon run out.

When alfalfa is used properly in the rotation it is beneficial to the soil.

According to those who have used them, the machine husker is a success.

Alfalfa from northern grown seed is hardy, yet it needs winter protection.

See that the winter grain is not pastured too close. Winter killing is the result.

Alfalfa will produce more digestible nutrients per acre than any other agricultural crop.

It is cheaper to keep three or four cats around the premises than 300 or 400 rats and mice.

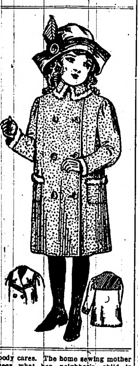
The best method of storing roots for winter use is in a cellar to which daily access may be had.

PRETTY LITTLE CLOAK

FOR CHILD OF ANY AGE BETWEEN FOUR AND SEVEN.

Distinctive Touches Call for Little Expenditure and No Great Amount of Thought in the Devising of the Garment.

What a comfort it must be to mothers who must fume and fret over the making of their own clothes to turn to the simpler needs of the children's wardrobes! There are no complications here, no tight skirts that must be cut and fitted just so, no sleepless nights spent over what one should and should not buy. The way is made clear by the clever inventors of children's complicated effects, for everyday wear, and upon materials that have stood the test of years. The makers repeat the models and nobody cares. The home sewing mother sees what her neighbor's child is wearing and copies it, and there is no bad feeling between the homes.



Our illustration displays the sort of coat that suits a child from four to seven, for when the youngest ages are considered in a style there is always a babyish touch to the article, whatever it is. The straight sacque shape of this double-breasted cloak, simple as it is, however, will suit the richest as well as the plainest materials, and also pretty touches with fur. An economical scheme is suggested in the present instance, the coat being of quite a cheap fancy coating and the bit of trimming, looking like fur or astrakan cloth.

Smarter coats may be made in either of these styles of corduroy, velveteen or plain cloth, but where money is not plentiful a reversible or mixed wool would be the best choice for a coat that must do for all occasions.

In the departments of costly things, the imported coats, hats and frocks that appeal to fat purses and that follow many of the vagaries of adult styles, there is a decided tendency toward the use of tarnished gold and silver trimmings. As many of these beautiful garments as are left over at holiday time will be much reduced then, and if none can be purchased, there is always a hint to be got from them. But it is the child around the baby age—under five—that is most often allowed the tinsel trimmings; the bigger ones cannot ape their elders in such extravagances. Yet what a fairy touch the tarnished laces and braids give dress, although, of course, everything else must accord.

Mary Dean

Irish Centerpieces.

Of all the different styles of embroidery on centerpieces, dollies and lunch cloths, Irish embroidery is the most serviceable. It will stand twice the wear and tear that any other kind will endure, and after years of use will look as fresh and well as when it was new. The work is slightly padded and stands out from the linen, the padding often being done with tiny bits of raw cotton or else filled in with darning thread. Over this the embroidery is worked in the satin stitch, sometimes having the edge of the pattern done in the outline stitch, which gives a little more firmness to the work. Edges are either hemstitched or finished with a scallop that is button-holed over a slight padding. Fringed edges are not serviceable and are no longer fashionable.

Cross-Stitch Variation.

A stitch that takes but about half the time of ordinary cross-stitch and is a rapid filler is useful when a coarse cotton or silk is used on a rather fine canvas.

Carry the thread back from right to left along the line the stitches are to occupy and make the half-stitches across it from left to right.

Two colors can be used in this way—a darker for the under straight lines and a lighter tone or contrasting shade for the half-stitches.

REMNANTS WORTH PICKING UP

Embroidery Flouncing Useful on Future Occasions Should Not Be Overlooked.

Now's the time to pick up remnants of embroidery flouncing that can be used for various things. The embroidery ruffle on the underskirt is always attractive. In either blind or eyelet work it looks well and outlasts lace.

Fine batiste can be combined with lace and the body of the goods matched and tucked bands incorporated with the embroidery to form exquisite blouses.

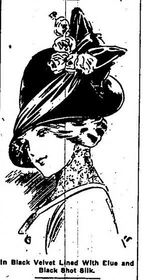
Lingerie hats for young girls, for little tots and for older women are easily fashioned of short lengths of fine embroidered flouncing. Edge the scallops with lace or face the entire brim with ruffles of net. Although we are thinking of the last rose of summer, there will be many occasions that will demand a pretty dressy hat, especially in the evenings.

Yokes can be made of flouncing, the remainder of a bodice made of tucked material. This same idea can be reversed and plain tucked yokes combined with embroidered lower portions.

For finishing combinations a narrow flouncing of fine lawn or batiste is not to be improved upon. Corset covers also can be made entirely of flouncing with straps of embroidery or lace.

As for edging bureau scarfs, making pincushions, etc., the opportunities are without number; the clever woman should be not hampered by a paucity of ideas for the use of odd pieces.

NEW WINTER MODEL



In Black Velvet Lined With Blue and Black Shot Silk.

Lace Jabots.

Lace jabots, which are very wide at the top and narrow at the bottom, are made of Irish lace, of maline lace and of immitation Venetian point. These are sold separately so they may be pinned to the plain blouse and taken off when it goes to the laundry.

CLING TO SEPARATE BLOUSE

Garment Has Many Points to Recommend It, and Will Not Easily Be Discarded.

It has been a long time since the separate white blouse was as popular as now. Paris was making them by the hundreds in September, and the American houses have followed suit. Women are possibly tired of the chiffon and satin blouse, which must be worn so many times without being freshened up. Such blouses don't wash, and few women can afford to have them cleaned after every few wearings, even if the materials would stand it—which they won't.

True, there are some suits worn at certain times that demand a blouse of the same color, and there is no diminution of this fashion; the influx of white lingerie blouses merely swells the tide of separate waists. The ornate ones upon which so much handwork is put have not been returned to favor. The woman who strives for a surface covered with lace, embroidery and various other kinds of handwork will find that she has wasted time and spoiled her blouse.

The acceptable ones are of batiste, marquisette and fine muslin of any kind, made with narrow tucks, seam beading and a band of baby Irish crochet lace down the front, which supports a graded frill of muslin and lace. The sleeves are rather large, are put in an elongated shoulder that droops a little over the arm and is tightened below the elbow to fit the arm to the wrist, where it is finished with a two-inch knife plaited frill.

Many of the blouses have buttonholed scallops as a finish to the frill, and others have an Irish picot edge, which has come into fashion for all kinds of lingerie and is acceptable because it washes well and is so little trouble to apply.

His Need.

A Hiawatha, Kan., man told a young woman that he would marry if he could find a helpmate who would be willing to do all the washing and all the other hard work around the house. "What you want is a woman with a weak mind," [illegible]

In the deepest night of trouble and sorrow, we have so much to be thankful for that we need never cease our singing.—Coleridge.

For over fifty years Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and other painful ailments have been cured by Hamlins Wizard Oil. It is a good honest remedy and you will not regret having a bottle ready for use.

Don't go with the crowd just because it is a crowd.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Love never fails, because it never stops trying.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Eradicates scrofula and all other humors, cures all their effects, makes the blood rich and abundant, strengthens all the vital organs. Take it.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps.

Lenox Soap just fits the hand. It lathers freely in cool or lukewarm water, and it routs the dirt. These qualities make Lenox Soap the most satisfactory laundry soap on the market today.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

The Famous Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil used.

The light is strong and steady. A Rayo never flickers. Materials and workmanship are the best. Rayo lamps and lanterns last.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W. L. Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W. L. Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

W. L. Douglas shoes are warranted to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. *I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.*

Illustrated Catalog Free.
W. L. DOUGLAS,
145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes
Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Smokeless Odorless Clean Convenient

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater warms up a room in next to no time. Always ready for use. Can be carried easily to any room where extra warmth is needed.

A special automatic device makes it impossible to turn the wick too high or too low. Safe in the hands of a child.

The Perfection burns nine hours on one filling—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted. Handsomely finished; drums of blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings.

Ask your dealer or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Does Not Burn Out Grates

Unlike ordinary gas-house coke and hard coal, Solvay Coke does not burn out fire-pots or grates. It can be used in any furnace, range, stove or grate suitable for coal, and with better results.

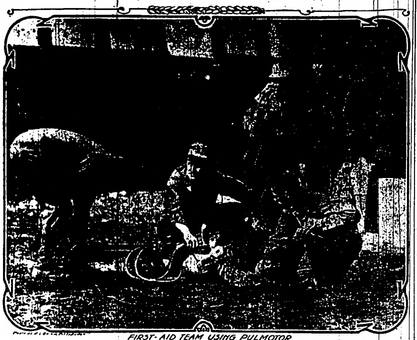
Buy Milwaukee
Solvay Coke
"The Fuel Without a Fault"

It is smokeless, sootless and clinkerless—saves time, work and worry. Being practically pure carbon—the heat element—you obtain complete combustion—no ashes to sift. Cheaper than hard coal. A clean, healthful, effective and dependable fuel for household use. Have you tried it?

2,000 dealers in the Northwest sell Milwaukee Solvay Coke. Write us for folder and name of nearest dealer.

PICKANDS, BROWN & COMPANY
[illegible] Milwaukee, Wis.

FIRST AID FOR MINE DISASTER VICTIMS



FIRST-AID TEAM USING PULMOTOR

PRESIDENT TAFT and the other prominent men who attended the mine congress at Pittsburgh were especially interested in the demonstration of developments in first aid to those injured in mine disasters. Among the new devices exhibited was the pulmotor, used to resuscitate those who are asphyxiated by noxious gases.

WOMEN AS FARMERS

Outdoor Life Is Luring to Dwellers on Prairies.

Daughters of Two Men, Who Were Disabled, Prove Expert Agriculturists—Perform All Kinds of Manual Labor.

Topeka, Kan.—Many Kansas women are turning to agriculture and to a life out of doors. Within the last two years a score or more of young women have chosen the farming vocation in preference to teaching and to clerkships in stores and stenographic positions. Some of them declare that much of the work may be done by women now that modern machinery has lightened the burdens of the farmer. But the greatest benefits come, they say, from the needed exercise and the life in the open air.

Prominent among the young women of Kansas who are making a success at farming are the Misses Ruby and Olive Herd of Hodgeman county. These two sisters own a farm seven miles west of Jetmore. Preferring a life of independence, they bought the land and built a modest cottage and turned their attention to small farming, poultry raising and fruit growing. There are no Saturday half-holidays with the two Herd sisters, for they are not seen at the county seat or the local trading place on that afternoon talking politics.

These two young women were formerly school teachers. Their little home is comfortable, and it shows every evidence of refinement.

Miss Tillie Rheinschimdt, eighteen years old, has demonstrated this year that she knows how to run a farm. Her father is a well-known citizen of Sumner township, Reno county, but in the summer he was disabled by a serious accident and the burden fell upon his daughter to manage the work. Bossing a hired man and a boy, and doing a lot of the work herself, this bright Kansas girl has put in nearly 100 acres of wheat, and personally helped in the work of gathering the corn from a field of 80 acres. She proudly boasted that hers was the first field of corn gathered in Sumner township.

Probably the best record made by young women on Kansas farms this year is that of the three daughters of Rennie Griem, a Kingman county farmer. One of them was teaching school near Zenda, and the other two were attending Kingman high school. When their father was taken ill the three girls came home from their schools and sailed in to run that farm. The elder sister, the school-ma'am, prepared the ground and planted several acres of corn with her own hands, besides putting out other crops. The two high school girls rolled up their sleeves and made full hands on the farm.

The three of them plowed corn, milked cows, delivered cream, harvested wheat and oats, cut 30 acres of alfalfa three cuttings, put up a lot of prairie hay, raised corn that made 50 bushels to the acre and performed every bit of the farm work unassisted. Not a man was seen on the Griem place all summer. When their father was able to be put they pointed to granaries full of corn and wheat, the barns housing fat cattle and sleek horses, and the bank account intact. They were proud of the fact that they did not pay out a dollar to men to achieve this record.

Generally the women of Kansas who have turned from the cities to the simple life out in the country are not concerned about marriage. They are women of mature years and judgment, to whom marriage relation does not appeal unless it carries with it energy and the ability to make a living.

Says Our Music is Trashy

Dr. Brunner of Berlin Declares Ragtime Will Drive Us All Crazy—It Jars Nerve Centers.

Los Angeles, Cal.—That Ragtime music will eventually drive the American public crazy because of its effect upon the nerve centers and brain cells of the human system, and that it is mainly responsible for many business failures and cases of hopeless insanity, is the belief of Dr. Ludwig Brunner, late instructor in the Imperial academy of medical research at Berlin, who arrived here recently.

"Your ragtime air jars the nerve centers and causes an irritation of the brain cells," says the doctor. "While the roll and thump of ragtime is exhilarating to the senses and acts as a stimulant, it has the after effects of an injurious drug that will eventually stagnate the brain cells and wreck the nervous system.

"I have been in this country several months and everywhere I have visited, New York, Chicago, New Orleans and San Francisco, the little minds are crazy with ragtime.

"If something be not done the classics of the long ago will be a thing of the past entirely, and they will be singing national hymns in ragtime."

Good Eye Removed, Sees.

Carlisle, Pa.—By removing his active eye, Jacob Shields, who has been blind in the other for 17 years, has been enabled to see perfectly out of the one formerly defective.

Recently Shields suffered a sudden attack of total blindness from the strain imposed on the good eye by the blind. He was removed to a Philadelphia hospital, and there the physicians determined that his good eye, which had been affected, would have to be done away with. They discovered, however, that the blind eye was made so by a cataract. That removed the blind eye regained its sight.

Dog Has Costly Gold Teeth

Little "Mexy" Had Bad Toothache and His Owner Gave Him Brand New Set of Incisors.

Chicago.—In the future, when Mexy's playmates laugh at him for having no hair, he will open his mouth in a yawn, carelessly displaying a mouth full of gold teeth that would fill the soul of some people with envy. The set of bridgework cost $112.

At least, those were Mexy's plans when he was interviewed. Not that he was so ill-bred as to say anything about his teeth. In fact, he said nothing intelligible to the average man, for he is a Mexican dog.

He belongs to Dr. Henri Grosser, a student at the Western Dental college, and lives with Grosser and his wife at 934 La Salle avenue.

Dr. Grosser took Mexy from the refuge of the Anti-Cruelty society several weeks ago and soon afterward discovered that the dog was suffering from toothache.

An examination disclosed the presence of two abscessed incisors and several other teeth that needed attention.

The basement of the Grosser home was turned into an operating room, with Mexy as the patient and Dr. Grosser the dentist.

"Mexy seemed to know that I was doing what was best for him," Dr. Grosser said, "and, although he objected a good deal at first, he gave me no trouble after the teeth were out. It was a great relief to him, you see, for as soon as I had removed the teeth the pain stopped.

"He used to lie perfectly still when I was taking the impressions and made no trouble, even when I was fitting the new teeth in place. They are good and sound, too, and not a dog in Chicago is better able to chew bones and meat than he."

By reason of his teeth, Mexy has become one of the celebrities of the neighborhood.

KISSES RETARD A WEDDING

Osculation Nettled Kansas Justice Who Was Performing Ceremony—Bride Was 40 Years Old.

Kansas City, Kan.—William W. Shannon will be known about the courthouse in future as the kissing bridegroom. While he and Minnie I. Stockey, both of Ottawa, Kan., were being married by Justice Cass Welch in the county recorder's office, he kissed his bride five times. After every question the justice asked Mr. Shannon insisted on kissing the bride before the question was answered.

"If you don't cut out the kissing I won't go any further with this ceremony," Justice Welch told the bridegroom. "You not only violate the anti-kissing rules of this office, but interrupt a most solemn ceremony."

"Guess I can wait 32 seconds if you finish up in that time," Mr. Shannon told the justice. He kept his promise. Mr. Shannon is 39 years old and until the ceremony was a bachelor. The bride is 40 years old.

Gyroscopic Car Completed.

Minneapolis, Minn.—A gyroscope car that can run on a single track and maintain its equilibrium through the centrifugal force of a heavy revolving wheel has been completed by Professor W. E. Brooke of the college of engineering of the University of Minnesota. A small electric motor is used in starting the wheel spinning and this will not run down for several minutes. Professor Brooke will stretch a wire across the Mississippi river and run the car on it.

600 Songs Entered.

Columbia, Mo.—More than 600 entries for the Missouri state song contest have been received by W. H. Pommer, professor of music at the University of Missouri. The winner will receive $500. The committee selected to judge the songs are W. H. Pommer, William Schuyler, Carl Busch, F. W. Mueller, Charles Galloway and D. P. Gebhart. After Dr. Pommer has selected those of merit the judges will pick the winner.

New Terror for Americans

Montmartre Police Discover Counterfeits of Unusual Quality Are Spread by Anarchists.

Paris.—A new terror has been added to the many in store for the unwary American tourist who patronizes the establishments of Montmartre. The police have just discovered that a band of anarchist coiners has put in circulation over 30,000 francs' worth of bad five-franc pieces.

The leader of the syndicate is an anarchist, Maria Llopis, who was condemned to death for her complicity in the revolt in Barcelona which preceded the execution of Ferrer. The proceeds are probably for the anarchist cause.

The coins are of unusually subtle manufacture, composed of practically the same alloy as the genuine ones and such slight defects that only an expert could have detected them; hence the facility with which they were put into circulation.

They were made in Barcelona, two of the company going there every Friday, returning to Paris on Tuesday with a fresh supply, which they delivered to the other four, who hastened to change them by making small purchases.

These four are now safely under lock and key, but the two who brought the goods from Spain either received warning or stopped behind to participate in the recent outbreak, they holding anarchistic opinion like their chief.

Steals Only Teeth.

St. Louis.—Police are puzzled to know whether a thief they are anxious to find is a faddist, in need of teeth, or of a religious turn, or all of these. Patrick Fitzgerald, 110 North Twelfth street, last night reported the theft of a set of false teeth and a string of prayer beads. These articles were taken from a room in which was a sum of money and a watch. Neither of the latter was taken.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Winona.—The city council has engaged W. F. A. Brachlow to install an improved and modern system of municipal bookkeeping.

Brainerd.—Charles Carlson, living in Bay Lake township, took off from one and one-half acres of corn 163 bushels, or a yield of over 108½ bushels to the acre.

Clinton.—A pair of white swans, the male bird of which measured seven feet from tip to tip, and the female six and a half, were shot on Big Stone lake.

Rochester.—Rev. E. V. Du Bois, pastor of the First Methodist church of this city, has been selected to be the president of Parker college of Winnebago.

Spooner.—Four wolves attacked a pedestrian within the city limits. A club had to be used to drive them off. Wolves have been reported very numerous in this locality.

Windom. — Local chicken fanciers are making arrangements to hold a poultry show Dec. 5, 6, 7 and 8. George D. Holden of Owatonna has been engaged to judge the birds.

Elk River.—Martin Johnson, an old settler of Sherburne county, died at his home at Becker at the age of 79. He had been sick ever since last winter, when he nearly froze to death.

Two Harbors.—Owing to the freezing weather it is expected the ore shipments will be finished within another week. Logging is expected to be about 60 per cent of last winter's cut.

Brown Valley.—Brown Valley's new municipal electrical lighting plant is rapidly nearing completion. It is expected the light can be turned on early in December. The plant cost $10,000.

Luverne.—L. C. and V. C. Hodgson held their sale of full-blooded Percheron horses here. Thirty horses sold for the aggregate sum of $10,815. The highest price paid for a single horse was $900.

Mora.—The Great Northern railway, pursuant to orders from the railroad and warehouse commission, is putting in additional industrial trackage at this place. Several new warehouses will be erected.

Hastings.—In the case of Mrs. Rose Sheridan of Savage against the Dan Patch road, an action to recover damages for personal injury, the jury yesterday returned a verdict of $700 for the plaintiff.

Barnesville.—Frank Murray, C. E. Nelson and A. M. Baker of this city have bought the Davis ranch, six miles east of Donaldson in Kittson county, comprising 2,680 acres. The consideration was $40 an acre, or $107,000. A. M. Baker will take immediate charge of the place.

Bemidji.—Joel G. Winkjer, commissioner of the state food and dairy department, will be one of the speakers at a farmers' institute to be held here December 9. Institutes will be held in Beltrami county, beginning December 6. In January and March similar meetings are to be held and outside speakers brought in.

Brown Valley. — The past twelve months have seen the completion of a $20,000 new high school building, the erection of a $30,000 Catholic church, the installation of a $10,000 municipal electric light plant, the laying of over a mile of cement walks, and over $2,000 expended for industrial work in the public schools. What town of 1,100 population can beat it?

Little Falls. — Through statistics compiled by the state dairy and food department, it is learned that the production of butter in Morrison county in 1910 amounted to 1,315,364 pounds. The amount paid patrons by the creameries was $326,946.53. An average price of 30.14 cents was paid a pound for butter fat by the creameries. Morrison county has eleven creameries and 16,681 dairy cows.

St. Paul.—Supt. Whittier of the Red Wing training school was fully exonerated of any blame for conditions alleged to exist there by the report of the state board of control, all members concurring. The board found, that while it did not entirely approve of the system of punishment used, that the superintendent exhibited no malice and that the boys whipped were incorrigible and needed it. Following the publication of the report, Supt. Whittier immediately resigned, effective July 31, 1912.

Springfield.—J. J. Ray, who was appointed by the Minnesota tax commission to reassess the moneys and credits of this village, has finished his work and reports $65,000 subject to assessment, whereas the regular assessor turned in but $8,000. No difficulty was experienced, although there appears to be sentiment in favor of showing a deduction of debts from credits. The county auditor has fixed the tax rate for Springfield at 6 per cent, which is the highest it has ever been, the increase being due to a larger levy for school purposes.

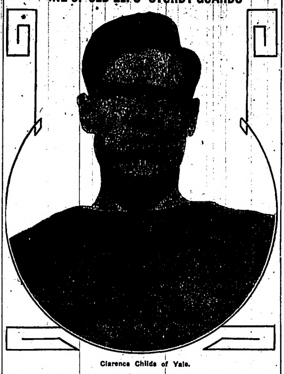
Faribault.—The packing plant in this city, which has been closed two years, will resume operations about Dec. 1. The Chase interests own the property and it will be put in operation by K. D. Chase & Co. Improvements are being made at the plant and it will have a capacity of two hundred hogs daily.

Winona.—Public services of thanksgiving were held at the pro-Cathedral in this city for the recovery of Right Reverend Patrick R. Heffron, bishop of Winona, who last month at Rochester underwent an operation for a severe case of appendicitis.

Faribault.—The first big catch of rough fish here was taken out of Shields lake. Over two tons, consisting mostly of carp and buffalo, were taken. Last season Randall Bros. of Winona, took out about $20,000 worth of rough fish which were shipped to eastern markets.

Brown Valley.—The special winter short courses of the Brown Valley high school will open December 4 and continue until March 15. Agriculture, manual training, domestic science, English, farm arithmetic and accounting, and animal husbandry will be offered in daily courses.

ONE OF OLD ELI'S STURDY GUARDS



Clarence Childs of Yale.

ANSON DISCUSSES ONE PLAY

New York Captain's Move in World's Championship Ball Series Is Analyzed by Veteran.

Capt. Adrian C. Anson, writing for the Chicago Daily News, comments on the one play, if any one could be chosen, which was the deciding one in a baseball game. Capt. Larry Doyle's failure to attempt the easy double play he had in sight in the fourth inning of the final world's series ball game and his late throw home that let Baker score and kept Murphy and Davis on the bags was the real turning point of that struggle.

In this inning Baker led off with a single. On the hit and run Murphy pasted a long liner to the left field fence, Baker taking third, but Devore's fast fielding held Murphy at first. Davis hit an easy grounder into Doyle's hands and the latter, with an easy double play in sight, hesitated a moment and then threw home, but too late to catch Baker. Murphy took second on the throw to the plate, while Davis was safe at first. If Doyle had tried for a double play he could have wiped both Murphy and Davis off the bags. Then Barry would would have had no occasion to bunt, and more than likely would have been an easy out. This would have kept Ames in the game, and, though the Athletics most probably would have won out, the final score would hardly have been the crushing total of 13 to 2.

At that stage of the game, so early in the action, it would have been good policy, in Anson's opinion, to have let that one run in and make sure of getting both the other base runners.

All Doyle had to do was to throw the ball to first and get Davis, then run down Murphy between the bags.

CARLISLE HAS STAR ATHLETE

James Thorpe, Who Hails From Oklahoma, Shines on Track, Baseball and Football Teams.

The 1911 football season has brought into the limelight at Carlisle a young Indian student who promises to become one of the greatest athletes his race ever has known. He is James Thorpe, who came here from Oklahoma, in 1908, with no knowledge of athletics.

Thorpe is a baseball pitcher of great talent and also covers any of the sacks or outfield well. He can put the sixteen pound shot 43 feet, and broad jumps 22 feet 10 inches. He can run 100 yards in 10 seconds, high jump 6 feet and do the high hurdles in 15 4-5 seconds. Moreover, he is a star basket ball player, a good rifle shot, and an expert at lacrosse, tennis, handball and hockey. As football half-back, he is probably seen at his best.

Thorne, who is only twenty-two years old, is six feet tall and weighs about 178 pounds. He gave little promise of his wonderful talents until his second year, when in a dual meet against Syracuse university he won the high jump, the shot put, the high and low hurdles and took second place in the hammer throw.

SPORTING GOSSIP

Is winter here? Have a basketball score!

Echoes of the world's series are growing fainter.

Is the thumb lame from the first season bowling?

Matt Wells doesn't find American climate salubrious.

Apparently autumn automobile runs are good for the cars.

Which is harder, for a fighter to bring out a manager or a manager to bring out a fight?

Women golfers as usual beat the men to their election of officers by about two months.

Clark Griffith's return to the American league seems to be welcomed by the powers that be.

Take Ty Cobb and Hughie Jennings out of Detroit and it would be a pleasant summer resort.

One football player broke an ankle while catching punts in practice before the game started. What a brutal game football [illegible]

CAPTAIN CONKLIN.

Leader of the Michigan Football Team.

HARVESTER BE SOLD ABROAD

Champion Trotting Stallion May Be Disposed of by Estate of Late August Uihlein.

The death of August Uihlein of Milwaukee in Germany recently may change the current of events in the career of The Harvester (2:01), the world's champion trotting stallion. Uihlein was the owner of The Harvester.

When alive the Wisconsin breeder refused many big offers for the stallion, saying he would not sell him for any price, but since Uihlein's death many rich men in Europe have been trying to purchase The Harvester, and it is possible that the Uihlein estate will accept an offer.

Uihlein had for many years been breeding trotting horses on a large scale, but while he owned many stallions and mares of rich lineage he never owned a great performer or great sire until he bought The Harvester and turned him over to Ed Geers to develop.

For several years it had been the custom of Uihlein to send a lot of undeveloped young horses to the sales ring, and from the various consignments to those events one came that by taking a record of 2:05½ this year gave his breeder the first and only 2:10 trotter he ever bred. This was the gelding Don Labor, by Labor Day, that raced so well this season.

Uihlein, after The Harvester showed championship form, decided to sell a large part of his other horses, reserving a small band. He regarded the champion stallion as a horse beyond price, and when asked last fall if he would take $50,000 for him replied that he would not accept an offer of $1,000,000 for him.

"Pop" Geers has The Harvester in the string that he will race at Dallas, Texas, and at Phoenix, Ariz., this winter. At Phoenix, if the stallion is in good shape, and provided the horse is not sold, Geers will send him to smash his record.

New 24-Pound Shot Record.

One world's record was smashed at the fall athletic handicap games of the Irish-American Club of New York, which were held at Celtic Park recently. Pat McDonald of the Celtic Park organization, who is the national 16 pound hammer champion, tossed the 24 pound shot 38 feet 10 11-16 inches, which is 3 11-16 inches further than the old mark, held by Ralph Rose, the giant weight thrower of the Olympic A. C. of San Francisco.

Old Chicago Player Dies.

Marshall Ney King, one of the first stars of the National league in the days of its infancy, died at Troy, N. Y., recently, aged [illegible]. King was famous as a hitter and center fielder. His first engagement was with the Chicago Nationals in [illegible]

INSIDE GAME COUNTS

Football Player Seldom Gets Credit for Play.

Chances for Real Scientific Work Nearly as Great on Gridiron as on Diamond, but Spectators Do Not See It.

There is an "inside" football just as well as "inside" baseball. The great difference is that there is so much more inside football that not only does the average spectator miss it, but the players and coaches themselves see little of it. At present it seems that the possibilities of "inside" football are unlimited.

Every player on a team has chances to pull off inside work, but the position which most needs the ability to grasp a situation and grapple with it in a new way is that of quarter back. Around the little men who call the signals for the big elevens open a thousand possibilities for inside play, and many are the quarter backs who do not take advantage of their opportunities. That is why the "heady" quarter backs, that is, those who can run a team on the field as well as the coach on the side line could direct it, may be counted on the fingers of one hand.

The quarter back must keep in mind the number of downs, the distance to be gained, the position on the field, the length of time that remains to be played, the individual and collective strength of his own men, and the individual and collective strength and weakness of his opponents, the peculiarities of the officials, and the number and kind of plays at his disposal. All of these things must be considered in a single instant and decision given sometimes in a fraction of a second, frequently while rising from the ground or struggling to be disengaged from the mass, and frequently when suffering from painful injuries. And yet they say it requires no brains to play football.

A football player seldom gets credit for "inside" work for the reason that the grandstand does not recognize it.

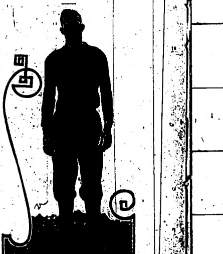
Just a few instances: Under the new rules it is sometimes more advisable for a member of a team on the defense to drop a forward pass which he has caught than to hold it. This is on the occasion of a forward pass on a third down. A defensive halfback has a chance to catch the ball, but sees that he would be downed without carrying the ball back to the line where it started. In this case, the right play is to touch the ball and let it drop to the ground, so that the ball will then be brought back to the place where it started and given to his side. To the grandstand this play properly executed would be hissed by the unthinking.

Again, a quarter back in the safety position is standing almost on his own goal line. The ball is kicked to him. He can't make an easy catch, but the heady man in this case will usually allow the ball to fly or bounce across the goal line. The defending side is then allowed to take the ball out to the twenty-five-yard line and put it in play. If he elects to catch it he will probably be downed before reaching that line. Yet quarterbacks have been called dubs and poor catches by the grandstand for this play. The same procedure should be used where a high kick-off is kicked so as to pass or bounce over the goal line immediately, especially where the ends coming down under the kick are fast.

The heady backfielder of these days runs outside and continues parallel to the goal line for a few paces, in order to tempt some unwary man on the other team to tackle him and secure a penalty against the tackler.

A thousand possibilities are open to the student of the game for inside work. Running with the ball, catching, passing, kicking—each has a dozen little tricks which spell defeat or victory if taken advantage of or neglected at the psychological moment.

"CY" DAVIS.



Right-End Player of Indiana University Football Team.

Famous Yacht Is Moved.

The famous old yacht America, winner of the royal yacht squadron cup at Cowes, August 22, 1851, now called the America's cup, is to be moved soon from her moorings at Chelsea bridge, Boston. She probably will be placed in commission again by her owner, Representative Butler Ames, grandson of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, who bought her after the civil war and raced her.

Giants to Train at Marlin.

The New York Nationals will train at Marlin Springs, Texas, next year, reporting there late in February. The New York Americans will do their spring training at Atlanta, Ga., beginning [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1911. NUMBER 21.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

Determined to avoid giving any pretext for foreign intervention for financial reasons, the Chinese government has ordered all receipts from maritime customs, including the 1901 boxer indemnities, to be deposited with the foreign banks to the credit of China's foreign debtors.

Another move looking to the release of Charles E. Morse, the former New York banker, from the Atlanta Penitentiary was forecasted here by a conference between Attorney Genral Wickersham and Morse's counsel, H. S. Dougherty and T. B. Felder. The nature of the proposition was not disclosed.

The government will not appeal from the decision of the United States circuit court at New York, which approved the plan of dissolution proposed by the American Tobacco company. While the government may ask the supreme court to review the decision at any time within a year, it was learned that Attorney General Wickersham was not planning to do so at this time and probably will not.

The danger zone in the use of steel rails, as at present manufactured, has been reached, declared President H. S. Bellknap, of the interstate commerce commission in a report to that body. If heavy, high speed trains are to be run in safety, Mr. Bellknap declared, a more scientific investigation into rail defects must be undertaken with a view to remedying the trouble.

General.

Hunters in Wisconsin have killed 2,500 deer since November 11.

Statisticians have figured that another decline in business will soon be here.

A Wisconsin football authority says the game is honeycombed with corruption.

Okmulgee, Okl., adopted the commission form of government by a large majority.

The Lorimer committee will not take up the perjury charges until the main inquiry is concluded.

There is a bitter row in the ranks of democratic members of the house steel investigation committee.

Anthony R. Faust, manager of the St. Louis restaurant, founded by his father, was declared insane.

In the first installment of his autobiography Senator LaFollette describes characteristics of Reed and McKinley.

President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern railroad denied a report that he intended to quit the railroad business.

The official count of voters eligible to cast ballots in the city election at Los Angeles on December 5, totals 192,197.

Absinthe is an enemy, Dr. H. W. Wiley of the federal chemistry bureau declared, which the pure food board is going to fight.

The Good Roads congress came to an end with what many delegates still declared to be a division of opinion as to asking the government for federal aid.

At Hillsdale, Mich., United States Senator Coe I. Crawford, of South Dakota, delivered his address in the interests of the republican progressive movement and of Senator La Follette for the presidency.

Mrs. Esther E. Abbott was elected postmistress of Leroy, Kas., by an overwhelming majority over her male opponent, O. C. Kersey, and thus, it is believed, attained the distinction of being the first person to enter that office by popular vote.

Branding socialism as the greatest menace of the age, Bird S. Coler, democratic candidate for governor of New York against Odell in 1902, said at St. Paul that if the republic of the United States "is to remain great and decent, socialism must be fought unceasingly."

Wilfred Stuart Sheldon-Dickason, alleged scion of a noble English family, was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of stealing jewels valued at $2,950 from Mrs. Olga von W. Haskell, a society leader of Minneapolis. In default of $4,000 bail he was returned to his cell.

After holding the officers of Grand county, Utah, at bay for twenty-four hours, John E. Brown, who shot his daughter to death, and inflicted wounds upon her husband from which he died later, surrendered to the sheriff.

Speaker Champ Clark gloried in the country of his birth and praised Congressman Bartholdt in testimonial banquet at St. Louis.

The Nebraska reports of the Rock Island show passenger earnings bringing in larger revenue, but freight returns decreasing with increase of operating cost.

The army ordnance bureau has been obliged to go abroad to place a contract for 100 armor-piercing shells for the big fourteen-inch guns now being turned out. The contract has gone to the Hadfield Steel Foundry company of England.

President Taft is now engaged in writing his annual message.

The government will not appeal from the ruling in the tobacco case.

President Taft may urge a change in treaties with Russia in his message.

Beet sugar-raisers protest against taking the duty off their product.

Bankers at New Orleans gave approval of the Aldrich currency plan.

The prosecution will be held to narrower limits in the second Hyde trial.

Persia has appealed to the powers to stay the greedy hand of Russia.

The River and harbor appropriations this year will be held to a low limit.

President Caceres, of the Dominican republic, was killed by two enemies.

A massacre of foreigners and Manchus is reported at Sian Fu, China.

A. A. Hayes, general freight auditor of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, died at Topeka.

The International Harvester company has asked for a rehearing in the Missouri order of ouster.

Wu Ting Fang has warned foreigners that the bombardment of Nanking may begin very shortly.

Postal savings banks will be established on December 20 at Hebron, Pierce and Silver Creek, Nebraska.

The United States Steel corporation contends there is no ground for continuing the house committee inquiry.

Crown Prince Gustave Adolph of Sweden was operated on for appendicitis. His condition is quite satisfactory.

Eight million persons are in need of immediate relief owing to the failure of the crops in twenty Russian provinces.

James Freeman, 75 years old, has been sentenced to imprisonment for life at Murphysboro, Ill., for the murder of his wife.

A new counterfeit $5 silver certificate, crude imitation, has appeared in circulation and the secret service sounded an alarm.

In less than two minutes after the fire alarm had sounded at St. Hedges' school in Milwaukee, the building had been emptied of 500 pupils.

The serious attention of the public has again been called to the depopulation question in France by the publication of official statistics.

President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern railroad denies a report from Chicago that he intended to quit the railroad business.

The Japanese crisis, threatened by the finance minister's demand for wholesale cuts in the budget, probably will be averted.

According to the report of the Italian government there were 113 cases of cholera and fifty-five deaths in Italy from November 5 to November 11 inclusive.

Urging laws in the interest of farmers and the lightening of their burden of taxation, Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio addressed the national grang at Columbus, O.

Frank Allen, arrested as a suspect in Pekin, Ill., acknowledged to Sheriff Fleugal that he is one of the men wanted in North Dakota for holding up a Northern Pacific train last July.

Forty-seven carloads of cigarettes, valued at $1,000,000, have arrived at Superior, Wis., from the east by way of the Great lakes and will be shipped to Vancouver, B. C., for export to China and Japan.

Susie E. Pressler, aged sixty-four, a pension agent of Toledo, O., was arrested by United States officers on an indictment returned in Aberdeen, S. D., charging her with fraud in connection with a land drawing in 1910.

The Japanese Antarctic expedition aboard the Kainan Maru, which was forced to return to Sidney last spring after reaching 74 degrees south, has started on its second attempt to reach the south pole.

A quarterly dividend of $6 per share was declared by the directors of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company.

A new counterfeit $6 per share was declared by he directors of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company.

Spokane shippers joined with the Department of Justice and the Interstate Commerce commission in an appeal to the supreme court of the United States from the recent advance decision of the commerce court in the Spokane rate case.

Mme. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, widow of a grandson of Jerome Bonaparte, brother of the first Napoleon, and a granddaughter of Daniel Webster, died in Washington after a long illness. She was seventy-two years old and was born in Boston, Massachussetts.

Personal.

Norman E. Mack says that Roosevelt is an avowed candidate for the presidency.

Suffragettes of London suffered defeat in a battle with police.

Bird S. Coler says the spread of the socialist doctrine is a real menace.

Mary Chamberlain, the victim of the Kansas tarring episode, told her story to a crowded court room.

Col. Roosevelt is urged to make the race for president.

Colonel Roosevelt denies he was misled in the Tennessee merger.

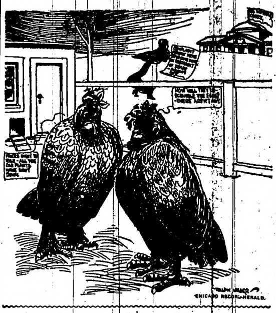
Suffragettes of London threaten to renew their struggle.

Princeton has won the championship of the big four football teams of the east.

More demands for the abdication of the throne are pouring in on the Chinese premier.

Chicago packers were granted further days of grace to carry an appeal to the supreme court at Washington.

A CASE OF EGGS


CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD.

19 CARDINALS ARE CREATED

RUMOR PERSISTS, ALTHOUGH OFFCIALLY DENIED, THAT IRELAND IS HONORED.

NINETEENTH IS AN UNKNOWN

Semi-Official Announcement That It Will be Manager Felippo Giustini —Pope Pius Shows Loss of Strength.

Rome, Nov. 28.—Obedient to a summons from Pope Pius X, the cardinals in Rome assembled in a secret consistory and confirmed the papal nomination of nineteen new members in the college of cardinals, the supreme governing body of the Roman Catholic church. Of those thus honored three are citizens of the United States—Monsigneur John M. Farley, archbishop of New York; Monsigneur William O'Connell, archbishop of Boston, and Monsigneur Diomede Falconio, apostolic delegate at Washington.

The nineteenth cardinal was created secretly at the private consistory and his name was not disclosed. Although officially the intimation is given that the new cardinal is Mgr. Felippo Giustini, secretary of the congregation of sacraments, nevertheless there is a general rumor that Archbishop Ireland has been chosen. However, an official denial of this or that any other American prelate would be elevated was issued.

Thus with Cardinal Gibbons, America will have for the first time a representation of four in the cardinalate which, probably, much as now constituted, will elect a successor to the reigning pontiff. That this duty could not be delayed many years was an unwelcome thought that came on the present occasion to those who had participated in the last previous consistory four years ago.

The public consistory will be held on Thursday in the Hall of Beatification instead of in the Sala Regia, as at first planned. The former hall is much the larger and was decided upon today because of the great number of applications for admittance.

TURKS LOSE 572 IN BATTLE

Italians Also Take 300 Prisoners as Result of Fight in Oasis.

Rome, Nov. 28.—The Italians found 500 dead and wounded in houses in the oasis after the battle at Henni, according to special news telegrams received here. There were also 72 dead found at other places scattered about the oasis. The Italians also captured 300 Turkish and Arab prisoners, including several Turkish officers.

The battle was very severe, especially in the vicinity of Henni, where a series of bayonet encounters occurred. The Italian loss was relatively light. Gen. Caneva's plan of battle was carried out to the letter and the Italian troops are now in possession of Henni and Fort Mesri.

Harvester Trust Fine Reduced.

Jefferson City, Nov. 28.—The supreme court of Missouri reduced the fine against the International Harvester company from $50,000 to $25,000. Judges Graves and Woodson dissented.

Boat Company Pays Damages.

Winona, Nov. 28.—Capt. John Streckfus has settled with all claimants in their suits growing out of the burning of the steamer "J. S.," while on an excursion a year ago last June at Badaxe, Wis. Shortly after the fire ten persons filed claims against the company, one being for the loss of the life of John Plein, several for personal injuries and one for loss of personal property. The total claims aggregated $14,000. Ten days has been allowed for the payment of the settlements.

CLARK SEES A UNITED PARTY

BRYAN'S CRITICISMS OF SPEAKERSHIP ANSWERED.

Missourian Avers Trend of Public Feeling is Toward His Party.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Speaker Champ Clark declared he had devoted the last three years chiefly to getting the house Democrats together and holding them together and that after 17 years of factional fighting, the Democrats "are united and by the blessing of God will remain so."

"I did not do it all, by a long shot," he added. "I had lots of help and every Democrat who participated in that troublesome, laudable work deserves his full share of the honor. Where there was once despair in Democratic hearts there is high hope now."

In this way the titular head of the Democratic lower house of congress made indirect reply to criticism of William J. Bryan as to the speakership no longer carrying the leadership of the house. Mr. Clark referred to the great importance of unity and wisdom among the Democrats to draw out voters not belonging to the Democratic party.

"The most important feature of the extraordinary session of congress from a political standpoint," he said, "was the fact that we pulled together, worked together, fought together and won together.

Victory New Habit.

"We replaced the old habit of defeat with the new habit of victory. The bad fashion of quarreling among ourselves with the better fashion of taking counsel together and then presenting a solid front to the astonished enemy.

"The trend of public opinion is toward the Democrats. President Taft's long trip seems to have left things in status quo."

The speaker said the recent elections prove that wherever the tariff was the sole or principal issue, the Democrats won, and that when President Taft vetoed the tariff bills, it was inevitable that the tariff would be the leading issue next year.

"One of the most preposterous canards put into public print since Gutenberg invented movable type," added the speaker, "is the charge that I am in favor of the forcible annexation of Canada. There is not a fact in the universe on which to base such a slander. I never at any time or place stated or even hinted such a wicked and quixotic scheme to any human being. I have never dreamed of such a thing and would oppose it to the utmost.

"I have frequently, for years, expressed the hope that there might be a union of the two countries by mutual consent, and for the good of both."

ALLEGED TRAIN BANDIT HELD.

Jim Hassey, Suspected of Buffalo, N. D., Holdup, Captured.

Bismarck, Nov. 27.—Capt. Chris Martinson returned from Tower City, Minn., with Jim Hassey, who is wanted for complicity in the holdup of the North Coast Limited near Buffalo last July. Hassey had gone to Tower City, after being under arrest at Bismarck a week ago for wife beating.

Dr. B. L. Whitman Stricken.

Seattle, Nov. 28.—Dr. B. L. Whitman, one of the most noted Baptist ministers in America, died at a hospital here. His physicians believe that death was caused by a blood clot which had formed in his leg, bursting and going to his heart. Dr. Whitman was pastor of the First Baptist church of Seattle, formerly was pastor of a church in Philadelphia and for four years was president of George Washington university. He was stricken while delivering an address at a Masonic gathering.

PATTERSON WAS AGGRESSOR

EYEWITNESS SAW MAN KNOCK WOMAN DOWN.

Failed to Inform Authorities Because He Wished to Keep Out of Case.

Denver, Nov. 28.—The defense in the Patterson murder case placed on the stand the mysterious eyewitness to the shooting of Charles A. Patterson by his wife, Gertrude Gibson Patterson, announcement of whose existence by Attorney Hilton in his opening statement created something of a sensation. He was Francis J. Easton, 52 years old, who testified that he had come from Minneapolis in Mrs. Patterson's behalf.

Easton corroborated the story told by Mrs. Patterson that she had shot her huband after he had struck her twice and knocked her down and was standing over her with his arm upraised to strike again.

On the morning of the shooting, he said, he had gone to the sanitarium at which Patterson was a patient and after an inspection of the ground had set out for a walk in the neighborhood. Some distance from the sanitarium he observed a man and woman, apparently quarreling. They turned at a street corner, he said, and proceeded straight along. When he was 300 feet or so away from the couple he looked back, he told the jury, and saw the woman apparently reading a newspaper clipping. She handed the clipping to the man and as she did so he struck her in the face, following with a second blow that felled her. She struggled to one knee, he said, and fired twice, following with two more shots after a short pause.

In rebuttal W. C. Douglas, former town marshal of Sandoval, testified that in 1905 he had gone to Breeze, Ill., a neighboring town, and brought back to Sandoval Mrs. Patterson and her older sister, Myrtle, who, he said, had been arrested in company with two men. He had made the trip at the request of James Gibson, the girl's father.

The defense today will ask that the jury be taken to the scene of the shooting to investigate the contention of Attorney Hilton that the state's eyewitness, Shugart, could not have witnessed the affair from where he said he was. After this there remains instructions of the court and the closing arguments of counsel.

Passing of Bad Checks Charged.

Butte, Nov. 28.—Julian Baudett, who gave his home as St. Paul, was arrested here upon the charge of having passed a number of worthless checks. Baudett had been arrested in Deerlodge upon a similar charge, but secured his liberty by making the checks good.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—Wheat, December, $1.02¾; May, $1.07¼; No. 1 northern, $1.03⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.01⅜; No. 1 durum, 99c; No. 3 corn, 59c; No. 2 white oats, 46c; barley malting, $1.19; No. 2 rye, 87c; No. 1 flax, $1.97.

Duluth, Nov. 28.—Wheat, December, $1.01⅝; May, $1.06⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.02⅝; No. 1 durum, 99¾c.

South St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Cattle Steers, $3.25@4.40; cows, $2.10@3.75; calves, $2.50@7.00; hogs, $5.65@6.15; sheep and lambs, $3.50@4.75.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Cattle receipts estimated at 28,000; market steady, 10c lower; beeves, $4.50@9; Texas steers, $4@5.70; western steers, $4.40@7.30; stockers and feeders, $2.90@5.60; cows and heifers, $1.80@5.80; calves, $5.50@6.25.

Hog—Receipts estimated at 48,000; market 5c lower; light, $5.55@6.25; mixed, $5.90@6.45; heavy, $6@6.50; rough, $5.95@6.15; good to choice heavy, $6.15@6.50; pigs, $4.25@5.50; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.30.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 32,000; market steady; native, $2.40@3.66; western, $2.40@3.70; yearlings, $3.65@4.50; lambs, native, $3.50@5.65; western, $3.50@5.60.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Wheat became weak today owing to a return of fine crop conditions in the Argentine. The harvest there was reported to be making rapid progress and it was stated that steamers were arriving in large numbers for the purpose of moving the newly gathered grain. Moreover, world shipments had proved considerably larger than expected, the forwardings from Russia and the Danube being especially in excess of what had been looked for. Weather in the American Northwest was a little more unsettled, but not enough to check the movement of teams or trains. Opening prices were ¼@½c lower. May started $1.00⅜@1.00½, the same change from Saturday night as the market taken altogether, and steadied around $1.00¼.

Subsequently the market further declined as result of a big increase in the United States visible supply. The close was heavy with May at $1.00@⅛, a net decline of ⅜@½c.

Pot traders made corn firm. In addition smallness of world's shipments counted against the bears. May opened a shade lower to a like amount up at 64⅛@64⅜c and rose to 64⅝@64½c.

Prices afterward hardened still more. Offerings were scarce. The close, nevertheless, was easy, influenced by the wheat, May, ⅛@¼c down at 64c.

The selling out of a line of oats supposed to be owned by a local long eased that cereal at first, but the market rallied in sympathy with corn. May started ⅛@¼c down at 49⅜c and recovered to 49⅝c.

A decline at the yards tended to carry provisions lower. Furthermore, demand was extremely slow. Initial sales were the same as Saturday to 2½c down, with May delivery at $16.52½ for pork, $9.50 for lard and $8.70 for ribs.

Maine Destroyed by Outside Explosion.

Havana, Nov. 28.—The Maine inspection board will start for the United States this week. It has already been demonstrated to the members that the Maine was destroyed by an outside explosion, which occurred under the ship a little to the port of the keel between frames twenty-eight and thirty, where the ouside skin was blown up and doubled over toward the starboard by the first explosion. After this the transverse armor bulkhead was blown a foot from frame twenty four by a second explosion.

DULUTH DISCRIMINATION

EVIDENCE SHOWS TWIN CITIES ARE FAVORED.

Charges Compared and a Mass of Testomony Put Before Commission.

Duluth. — Duluth, as far as the grain and flour trade is concerned, is almost shut out of the South Dakota and southern Minnesota by a rate structure that is obviously discriminately against Duluth and preferential to the Twin Cities, Chicago, Milwaukee and even Winona, and La Crosse, was the claim made by the introduction of testimony on the part of the Duluth board of trade in the hearing of the action brought by that body for a readjustment of the rates on grain in southern North Dakota, South Dakota and southen Minnesota.

The hearing was taken up before Commissioner E. E. Clark of the interstate commerce commission. Summed up, the claims of the board of trade are:

That in general, grain rates to primary centers are equal or nearly so for equal distances.

That rates on grain from the territory under consideration are higher to Duluth than the rates to other primary centers from points of equal distance.

That the Great Northern, which is the short line, does not make rates in South Dakota, but that the rates to Duluth are based on combinations, which are higher than they would be based on the short line mileage.

That in nearly every case the differential in favor of Minneapolis over Duluth is much greater than the differential in favor of Duluth over Chicago, though the differenec is much greater, Chicago over Duluth, than Duluth over Minneapolis.

That in many cases the rates to Duluth are higher than to Chicago for a much longer haul.

About 50 attorneys, rate experts, railroad and steamship line officials and interested individuals were gathered in the courtroom during the hearing. G. Rohyall, traffic commissioner for the Duluth Commercial club, was called to the stand. The mass of detail work done in preparation of the case was disclosed by his testimony which consisted largely of the presentation and explanation of exhibits. Nineteen tables and about ten maps, setting forth in minute detail the rates complained of with comparisons between rates to Minneapolis, Chicago and Milwaukee from identical or equidistant points with the rates to Duluth, were introduced.

OWNERS OF THE J. S. SUED.

Actions for Damages of Over $14,000 to be Tried at Winona.

Winona.—Litigation growing out of the burning of the steamer J. S. at Bad Ax, on the Mississippi river, in June 25, 1910, is likely to come to trial at this term of the United States court. Most of the litigants and the defendants are here.

As a result of the burning of the J. S., damage suits for some $14,000 were instituted against the Acme Packet company. The company has invoked an old admiralty law to escape payment of the claims outside of the value of what was left of the steamer and its supplies after the fire, which articles are now in the custody of Sheriff W. E. Parr of this city. The principal claims are as follows:

Anthony Plein, administrator of the estate of John Plein, who lost his life in the burning of the steamer, $50,000; Elizabeth G. Joseph of De Soto, Wis., personal injuries, $5,000; Bertha E. Kaeppler, La Crosse, personal injuries, $1,124; Anna Peterson, Lansing, Iowa, personal injuries, $1,000; Minerva F. Myers, Lansing, Iowa, personal injuries, $1,000; Mae Caldwell, De Soto, Wis., personal injuries, $1,000; L. L. Witberker, Lansing, Iowa, loss of band supplies, $388.90. Other claims are all for amounts less than $100.

NEW HOTEL AT ST. CLOUD.

Brewing Company Planning $50,000 Building.

A brewing concern has a Minneapolis architect preparing plans for a $50,000 hotel for St. Cloud. The proposed site is in the heart of the business section. Negotiations have been commenced with the owners of the property but as the title cannot be cleared until an estate has been probated, the deal has not been closed.

IMPROVEMENTS AT VIRGINIA.

Canadian Northern Completes its New Buildings.

Virginia.—The Canadian Northern has completed nearly a quarter of a mile of trestle work across Virginia lake in a curve extending around the north and east sides, where large quantities of filling material will be dumped and allowed to settle. The repair shops, storehouse, roundhouse and coal dock are well along towards completion.

BEAULIEU INDICTMENTS STAND.

Judge Morris Sustains Ruling on Validity of Charges.

Fergus Falls.—The validity of the indictments against Gus H. Beaulieu, Robert G. Beaulieu, Benjamin L. Fairbanks and John Leechy was sustained in the federal court here and the trial will proceed.

The defendants are charged with conspiring to defraud by inducing large numbers of full-blooded Indians to part with their lands.

NO JOB FOR WHITTIER.

P. M. Ringdahl Says No Plans Made to Place Resigning Superintendent.

St. Paul.—If the State Board of Control has a new job for Frank A. Whittier, who has tendered his resignation as superintendent of the state training school for boys at Red Wing, P. M. Ringdahl, chairman of the board, would not admit it.

Mr. Ringdahl, when asked to discuss the report that plans were being made to place Whittier in some other position just as soon as his successor should be appointed, declared that there had been nothing done along that line.

"Is it true that the board is endeavoring to secure another position for Mr. Whittier?" Mr. Ringdahl was asked.

"There has been nothing of that nature done so far as I know," replied the chairman of the board.

Mr. Ringdahl was asked whether a successor to Mr. Whittier had been located yet. He replied that there had been nothing done along that line either. The board will, it is understood, take no definite action looking for a successor for Mr. Whittier until it returns from a contemplated visit to some of the other states to investigate correctional institutions with a view of learning what is being done.

"We have considerable business to be cleaned up before the trip is made," said Mr. Ringdahl, "and when we will start is not known."

It was not denied that the members who are to investigate methods in other states are also to keep a lookout for an available man to take the position of superintendent of the Red Wing training school.

Whittier Makes Denial.

Red Wing.—Superintendent F. A. Whittier of the state training school, when asked about the published rumor that he was slated for a fat position by the Board of Control, said that it was not so and that he knew absolutely nothing about it. It first came to his attention through a newspaper.

WITNESS TALKS IN CHIPPEWA.

Even Though He is Able to Speak Good English.

Fergus Falls.—The dull routine of Indian witnesses who answer all questions with a grunt, was broken in the Beaulieu trial in the United States court here when the government placed Kah-Gon-Dausch, also known as George Walters, on the stand.

Walters has been traveling with a medicine show. He wears a gaudily embroidered coat and his hair hangs down his back in two long braids. He gives testimony in Chippewa through an interpreter, but the defendant laughs and says he can talk as good English as any one in the court room.

He became somewhat incensed when asked about his "circus" experiences, and finally informed counsel, that he would give them the whole story if they would call around in the evening. He is said to have obtained $14,000 for his timber tract. He became confused under cross-examination and denied signing deeds which he had previously admitted signing.

Fourteen or fifteen witnesses were examined during the day and five or six of these claimed to be full bloods. Some of them were among those who had transferred their lands.

The defense cross-questioned them closely and is evidently preparing to bring in witnesses to testify that they have white blood in their veins.

The question whether they are Indians or mixed bloods is a vital point in the case, and a point that is going to be difficult to determine as there is likely to be an abundance of testimony on both sides.

ALBERT LEA HOTEL BURNS.

Report That Lodger Was Incinerated Cannot Be Confirmed.

Albert Lea.—The Albert Lea house an old hotel near the union station burned, and a man was reported cremated, but a search of the ashes disclosed no remains. One occupant was badly cut in making his escape through a window and, as he fell on the fire escape, his skull was fractured. The building was of wood and the loss is not great. There was some insurance.

State Land Sale in Clay.

Moorhead.—Deputy State Auditor Theodore Nelson disposed of 319.94 acres of state land in Clay county the greater part of which is in Tansem and Humboldt townships. The average price an acre was $10.90.

Mrs. Laura B. Davis of Duluth bid up a forty to $15.25 an acre.

Father Riordan to Visit Rome.

Rochester.—Father William Riordan, for twenty-seven years pastor of St. John's church, and lately honored by the pope, who conferred upon him the title of monsignor, will take a European trip the first of next year. He will visit Rome and Ireland and will be absent three months.

Schulz Dedicates School.

Watertown. — C. G. Schulz, state superintendent of public instruction, assisted in the dedication of the new schoolhouse here. The building cost $40,000. Before the railroad era began in Minnesota, Watertown was one of the most thriving places west of Minneapolis, being a main point on the road. But it was overlooked by the railroad engineers and surpassed by other towns. It always has been the center of a prosperous community, and has managed to retain its identity without the aid of a railroad.

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
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St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 2, 1911.

Unless the delegates to the St. Cloud meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association are on their guard there is grave danger that the meeting may become very much politics.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

It is not easy to comprehend that Kansas business men prominent in their community were identified with the tarring of a school teacher, but it is gratifying to know that the court soaked the prom. cits. the limit.—Gazette.

The business that the postoffices department would be doing if it had a parcels post system is being done by the express companies. There is no institution in other countries similar to the express company, because it is not needed there. The parcels post does the work instead, and does it better and cheaper.

Attorney Cotton and Rev. Mr. Gates are extremely shocked and virtuously indignant that their acts as representatives of the great and unapproachable Rockefeller should be criticized. Mr. Martz is to them nothing but a common employe who was discharged for incompetency because he declined to be made a tool of. As to the Merritts, theirs appears to be but a case of the biter bit.

Lessons from a Misspent Life

A lobbyist died in Washington the other day: It would do no good to give his name. His life is over and his deeds are before the highest tribunal for judgment.

Lessons may be drawn from his career, however. He came to Washington as the representative of a number of railroads. His duties were to cultivate the acquaintance and friendship of congressmen and to use the influence thus gained to secure favorable railroad legislation.

He spent money lavishly and did not hesitate to use his private fortune to achieve his ends. He was supposed to be worth $350,000 when he came to the national capital. The railroads employed him as long as he was useful and when his usefulness was over, cast him aside like an old shoe. He died penniless and the recipient of charity.

He served Mammon and found out too late that his life was illy spent. He gave little thought to the rights of the people and opposed all legislation in their interest.

Doubtless he justified his acts by saying that his duty was to his employers.

But was this true? Does any man have the right to work persistently against reform because he is employed to do so? Does he have a right to accept such employment?

We know he does not. Yet you may be doing this very thing. The temptations are many. Railroads and other corporations are powerful. They offer attractive inducements. They tell you the people will not appreciate your services.

In another way you may be at fault. Do you appreciate the man who does his duty? We lose many valuable public servants because they become discouraged by your apathy. They fall victims to the wiles of the interests because the people fail to back them up.

The predatory corporations are always on the alert. They cast this man aside when he could no longer serve their purpose, but others took his place. They never relax vigilance.

Are you merely living a comfortable life trusting to others to reform conditions? Or are you watching your congressman—encouraging him when he does right, expostulating when he does wrong?

Public servants are subject to great pressure and to influences of which you do not dream. It is your duty to watch them and help them to follow the right course.—People's Popular Monthly.

Mr. Martz' Veracity in Question

Joseph B. Cotton, a prominent Duluth attorney, is very much incensed over the testimony of C. H. Martz before the congressional committee investigating the steel trust. Mr. Martz stated that it was Joseph B. Cotton who suggested that he make a statement placing the cost of construction of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway at $5,000,000 when it in fact cost less than $2,000,000.

Mr. Cotton sent a lengthy telegram to Chairman Stanley in which he accuses Martz of falsehood. He accuses Martz of being a seeker after cheap notoriety.

Chairman Stanley sent the following telegram in reply to Mr. Cotton:

"I exceedingly regret that I am not permitted to place your telegram upon the records of this committee, which contains only the sworn testimony of witnesses. The chairman desired to ascertain the simple truth and regrets that during his sojourn in Minnesota he was not cognizant of the existence of Mr. Cotton nor was he advised that he desired to tell the truth, about the matter.

"Mr. Martz was an unwilling witness before this committee and came only when advised he had no discretion as to whether or not he would obey its process. His testimony will not be stricken from the record, nor will it be revised or expurgated in any way without his full consent."

Delegates to St. Cloud Meeting

A meeting of the Thief River Falls commercial club was held Tuesday. The meeting was called for the purpose of discussing the advisability of attempting to secure the next meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association, which will be held some time next summer. A delegation of twenty was selected to attend the big meeting to be held in St. Cloud on Dec. 8 and 9.

Among the number are D. Patterson and H. E. Ives. The county board delegates are, Commissioners Shaw, Larson, and Hedeen.

Potatoes Wanted

In large or small lots. Sacks furnished. Ask for prices.

LAZAR & LAZAR.

Miniature World's Fair

Hundreds of people who have heard of the "land show" which is to be held in St. Paul Dec. 12 to 23, are writing the management and their newspaper editors, asking: "What is a land show?"

The managers of the exposition have replied, "A miniature world's fair." The show to be given in St. Paul is to the northwest what the world's fairs have been to continents, to the world in fact. A land show is an exhibit of the products of the soil, mines, forests, lakes, rivers and factories.

No one at the show in St. Paul will have land to sell; there are no real estate agents represented. The exhibits of products are all placed in the show by commissions appointed by the governors of the states, just as state legislatures appoint commissions and make appropriations to have their states represented at the world's fair. The exhibits are official and the literature which will be distributed will be published by the states themselves. In addition to the state exhibits all the famous fertile valleys and communities of the northwest have separate exhibits. There are eighty exhibits in all and from their descriptions they are the most beautiful ever brought under one roof.

Married

On Monday evening, Nov. 27, 1911, Mr. Axel Westerlund of Warren and Miss Ellen Forsberg of Viking were united in marriage by Rev. Frank L. Larson of this place in the Park hotel at Thief River Falls. The wedding was a quiet affair, only a few relatives being in attendance.

The happy couple left at once on a wedding trip to Bemidji, where they have friends. They returned Thursday to St. Hilaire and will make their home here. The groom is a relative of Rev. Frank L. Larson.

Resolutions of Condolence

Whereas, It has pleased the Almighty in His infinite wisdom and omnipotence to remove from our lodge a friend and brother in the death of L. A. Rouse;

Be it hereby resolved, That we, the members of St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147, I. O. O. F., fully realize the loss this lodge has sustained;

Be it further resolved, That we express our sympathy to the relatives and friends of the deceased; and lastly,

Be it resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the lodge, that they be published in the St. Hilaire Spectator, and that copies be sent to Dunsmore lodge and to Miss Maud Rouse, daughter of the deceased.

A. S. WILSON,
DANIEL PATTERSON,
O. H. OLSON,
Committee.

PATENTS

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303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Sensitive.

The ladies there whose heads were bared
At once resumed their hats.
'Twas when the lecturer declared,
"We must destroy the rats."
—Los Angeles Times.

His Early Home Coming.

"Does your husband carry a latchkey, Mrs. Homebody?"

"No, I never knew him to."

"Oh, then he comes in early! That must be due to your training?"

"Not in the least. There is always some one up when he gets home in the morning."—Chicago Record-Herald.

An Army In One.

By J. LUDLUM LEE.

Copyrighted, 1908, by C. H. Sutcliffe.

The snow had been falling for hours. The air was heavy with dampness, and the streets were crowded with children, glad of the storm, as it offered them an opportunity to use their sleds. And at last here was the snow they had prayed for.

In the middle of High street a snowball fight was in progress. A motley crowd of youngsters had made hundreds of snowballs, and they were ranged on both sides of the street in "gangs." The recruits were lined up ready for action when a sleigh turned the corner.

"Cheese it, fellers!" came from the leader of one side. "Here comes the Salvation Army!"

"Beat it! Beat it!" screamed the leader of the opposite forces. And in rank disorder both sections disappeared around the corner and in doorways.

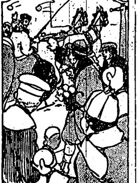
A passerby might have looked in vain for the sight of the Salvation Army. The sleigh drove up in front of a little cottage in the row, and a young girl, muffled in furs, got out, gave some directions to her driver and went into the tumbledown home.

Members of the "gang" began to reappear, and one particularly brave boy stepped up and patted the horse.

"We wus just gettin' ready for a fight, but guess we'll have to wait for the army to go home," he said to the driver. "Couldn't say how long that'll be, could you?" he continued.

"I didn't see any army," said the driver, smiling at the lad.

"Ah, go on," said the youngster. "That's what we calls her—Miss Murtha. We calls her the Salvation Army, 'cause she's saved more sick and dyin' around these alleys than a reg'lar army, so that's our name for her. I's and ma, they calls her Miss Murtha, but the "gang" calls her Salvation Army."



"SOCK IT TO HIM! RIGHT ON THE COCOA!" THEY YELLED.

Inside the cottage Miss Murtha had laid aside her coat and was ministering to a sick child. Her furs were thrown carelessly over a kitchen chair, and she drew up another by the side of the bed.

"Now, Mrs. Quinn, go and take a little rest. I'll sit with Jimmy until the doctor comes. I stopped on my way and told him to come around. I'll heat some broth for Jimmy and do everything that is necessary."

The weary mother went to an adjoining room without any protest. Miss Murtha heated the broth and stared anxiously at the little fellow. She walked to and fro watching the window in hopes of seeing the doctor, but he failed to appear. Going to the door, she called to her driver, who was still in deep conversation with the boy.

"Elston, you'd better drive around to the doctor's and bring him back with you. Tell him he must hurry. Take Michael along with you to hold the horse while you go into the office," she added as she saw the rosy cheeked lad gaping at her.

The sleigh and its two occupants started to turn around. The recruits had all returned by this time and, seeing one of their leaders about to desert them, joined forces against him. With one accord they rushed to the piles of hard snowballs.

"Sock it to him! Right on the cocoa!" they yelled.

The orders were carried out to a T. Of course some of the balls hit the dignified Elston, but he tickled the horse with his whip, and they spun around the corner before much damage was done. They were gone only a few minutes, as Dr. Cosgrove lived within a few blocks of High street. The time was spent in renewing ammunition, however, by the boys who were left in the street.

Elston returned with the doctor, and Michael snugly tucked between them. Suddenly a well aimed shot struck the little fellow in the left eye. With a scream he turned, but too late. The blood poured down his cheek as the doctor picked him up in his arms and carried him into the house, where Miss Murtha was waiting for him. She met them at the door in time to have seen the accident. Stepping out in the yard, she called the boys to her.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

Notice of Lien Sale

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned claims and holds a lien upon the following described property for the care and keeping of the same from July 26, 1909, to and including the date of this notice, towit: One (1) Belgian stallion, named "Marquis DeFleuris," ten (10) years old, the same being the property of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, and the amount due for such care and keeping at the date of this notice is the sum of three hundred fifty-eight and 46-100 dollars ($358.46). The amount which will be due at the time of sale, exclusive of the expenses of advertising and sale, is the sum of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26). The grounds of said lien are that said stallion was kept, fed, and cared for by the undersigned at the request of E. H. Stephens, J. Konickson, C. A. Hull, C. H. Martz, Ed Enright, J. Boutain, N. A. Nelson, Fred Soderberg, N. E. Beebe, and J. S. Roy, copartners doing business under the firm name and style of St. Hilaire Horse company, the owners thereof, from and after July 26, 1909, up to and at the present time, and the amount due therefor became due and was demanded more than ninety days prior to the date hereof. And said amount is the reasonable value of such care.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell said property to pay said amount of three hundred seventy-one and 26-100 dollars ($371.26) and the expenses of publication and sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, on the 18th day of December, 1911, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of J. S. Roy's barn on the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section number seventeen (17) in township number one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-three (43) west of the 5th principal meridian, in Pennington county, Minn.

Dated November 16, 1911.

n18-3t J. S. ROY.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the county auditors of Red Lake and Pennington counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No, 2 of Red Lake and Pennington counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report all as established by order of the judge of the district court of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent the estimate cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a state or national bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, and A. A. Latendresse, auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law. The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications, and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the clerk of district court of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county,

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows: Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch extension to main ditch and branches is 86,128.0 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $12,098.00.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Dated this 28th day of November A. D, 1911.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County, Minn.
d2-3t

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:25	a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40	"

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20	p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15	"

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Alfred Torgerson, Plaintiff, against Mary Torgerson, Defendant. } Summons.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District court at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for the Plaintiff,
Office 203 Third street E., Thief River Falls, Minn.
o28 6t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Inga L. Breyette, Plaintiff, against William Breyette, Defendant } Summons.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls in the said county of Pennington within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 25, 1911.

IRA C. RICHARDSON,
Attorney for Plaintiff
Office 203 Third street, E, Thief River Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington, } ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), } Plaintiff,
against
Emil Dryfoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co. } Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-two dollars and Thirty cents ($442.30) with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 22nd day of September, 1911, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated September 22, 1911.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. n4-6t

CITATION FOR HEARING ON PETITION TO SELL, MORTGAGE OR LEASE LAND.

Estate of A. G. Ness.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington } In Probate court.

In the matter of the estate of A. G. Ness.

The state of Minnesota to Gunder A. Ness, Inga Petterson, Albert Ness, Lovisa Swenson, Hellen Ness, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of K. O. Gigstad, as representative of the above named estate, being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of December, 1911, at 11 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court, and the seal of said court, this 11th day of November, 1911.

SEAL WILHELM MICHELET,
n14-3t Judge of Probate Court.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE.
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office Phone 24 Residence Phone 94.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.—Services Sunday morning at 11; song service at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Rev. P. M. Palmer, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday, Dec. 10, at 7:30 p. m.

Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. C. E. Steen, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
John Lundberg, President. Morris Laselle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

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Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

N. E. Beebe was a Thief River Falls visitor last Saturday.

Ed Enright came in and took the train for Thief River Falls Monday.

H. C. Haugen went Tuesday to Hillsboro, N. D., to look after his farm there.

Halvor Hanson went Wednesday to Brainerd to testify in a case in district court.

John Draeger of Red Lake Falls celebrated Thanksgiving at the H. O. Jackson home.

O. A. Naplin came in from Wylie yesterday and returned to Thief River Falls.

Kolstad and Peterson have been busy this week repairing the G. I. Fellman livery barn.

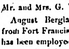
Mrs. John King and Mrs. Pat Ford went Monday evening to Red Wing to visit friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin and C. A. Pitkin ate Thanksgiving with Mrs. Fisbe at Crookston.

G. L. Austin of Crookston was looking after business matters here yesterday and shaking hands with old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Reichel of Red Lake Falls were guests at Thanksgiving dinner of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger.

T. G. Back, a missionary from South America, will speak at the Mission church Tuesday evening, Dec. 5, at 8 o'clock.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

K. O. Gigstad was in Thief River Falls yesterday in attendance at a probate court hearing in the settlement of the Sevre estate.

During the winter months the village council will hold its deliberations in the rear room of the first floor of the village building.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Miller and family of Crookston were entertained at Thanksgiving dinner by Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Hooper.

August Bergland came down from Fort Francis, Can., where he has been employed at the mill, and ate Thanksgiving turkey at home.

The Young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday evening, Dec. 8, at the home of Mrs. Gust Erickson. All are welcome.

The Landstad Ladies Aid society will have an auction sale at Sven Thoreson's place, Tuesday, Dec. 5. Lunch served at noon and auction sale immediately after.

Miss Helen Erickson, daughter of Andrew Erickson, who sustained the amputation of a limb at a St. Paul hospital about six weeks ago, returned home Monday.

For Sale—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf ... rs. E. Waterman.

Many of the school teachers, too numerous to mention, who are engaged in the good work all over the northwest, came home to St. Hilaire to celebrate Thanksgiving.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathson's.

Mr. O. M. ... nderson from Minneapolis will hold services at the United Church next week, beginning next Monday, Dec. 4, at 1:30 p. m. All who understand the Scandinavian languages are heartily invited to attend these meetings.

G. I. Fellman made a business trip to Red Lake Falls Wednesday. He sold a carload of hay to Louis Steff and bought about half of the Steffens livery stock, which he will move up and add to his stable here.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

A sumptuous five o'clock Thanksgiving dinner was served at the K. O. Gigstad home to to the following guests: Dr. and Mrs. Swanson, the Misses Hodgson, Wiltse, Duddy, Mabel Gigstad, Katherine and Mabel Patterson, Messrs. Hed, Hall, Olson, and Barsness. They gathered around a real log cabin instead of, as the Pilgrim fathers did, in one, and the numerous good things to eat told of a bountiful harvest. The evening was spent at cards, contests, and music.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

The firemen's dance last evening was a grand success.

Go to P. O. Hagglund for fine frozen herring and fish.

C. A Skele came down from his claim Wednesday evening.

The hunting season in Minnesota for the year 1911 closed Thursday.

Frank Freund's moving picture show will be exhibited again this evening.

Misses Alice and Myrtle Fellman are over from Red Lake Falls visiting friends.

O. A. Ellickson left last evening for Minneapolis on a business mission for the land office.

Rasmus Thompson of North Dakota, is visiting at the home of his uncle, John Folstad.

In another column Miss Esther J. Palmer gives notice of her desire to take pupils in instrumental music.

A. R. Jones, manager of the farmers' elevation, spent his Thanksgiving at Thief River Falls.

C. C. Bakken, manager of the Red Lake Falls Milling Co's elevator, spent Thanksgiving at Thief River Falls.

Miss Mabel Gigstad of Berwick, N. D., is the guest of her cousins, Misses Huldah and Josephine Gigstad.

Miss Mary Drager came over from Wylie yesterday and went to Crookston, where she will attend business college.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

Carl Krueger.

P. A. Eckstrom returned Monday from Hillsboro, N. D., where he has been engaged for the past three months in selling the Watkins remedies.

Edward Hermanson, who has been managing editor of the Thief River Falls News for the past year, has purchased the Plummer Pioneer from E. L. Quist.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Married

Saturday Nov. 25, occurred the marriage of Mr. John Severson and Miss. Clara Sevre The wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. Gjerde at the home of the bridegroom in town of Sanders. The wedding was a private affair, none but relatives of the parties being present.

Married

At the bride's home with her mother in the town of Sanders, on Thursday, Nov. 30, Rev. Mr. Pope officiating, was solemnized the marriage of Miss Elsie Ortloff and Mr. Joseph Severson.

Smallest Known Engraving

Among the relics of Sir Moses Montefore is a grain of wheat on which by the aid of a microscope can be found engraved the 386 Hebrew characters of a prayer, inscribed thereon by Bauch Mordecai of Jerusalem, together with the date of the year, Hebrew reckon-reckoning, 5,645. If all the virtues of golden grain belt beers were to be inscribed on a grain of barley, the feat would be a much greater one in minute engraving than this one from Jerusalem. If you have never tried them, you have never had that exquisite beer tang which makes friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

TRAPPING A GORILLA

Story of a Vicious Struggle In the African Jungle.

A NET THAT FAILED TO HOLD.

The Snared Monster Broke Through Its Meshes and Was the Cause of One Death Before He Was Himself Killed by the Attacking Party.

Captain Frits Duquesne, the Boer ivory hunter, was commissioned by a German naturalist society to capture one of each species of African quadrumana. He was entirely successful in the work, except that he could obtain no gorilla. Finally a pygmy pointed out a portion of the dank jungle in which a gorilla had been seen.

The captain immediately arranged his camp and laid his plans and made preparations to trap the monster and get him alive if possible, though he fully realized the danger of the undertaking.

"For four days," said the captain, "we camped in this hotbed of disease. Beaters went out in all directions searching for the gorilla. At last some deep, wide scratches were found on a cluster of vines. On close examination the unmistakable hair of the gorilla was found on a broken twig.

"After some hours we found the tree where the gorilla lived. We could tell it by the greasy appearance of the bark, made so by the repeated rubbing of the gorilla's body. We could tell by the fresh marks, with sap still wet, that the animal had recently ascended the tree. The scratches were short and deep, showing that it had lifted itself up and had not slid down, which would have made a long, shallow scratch.

"We spread a strong net around the tree in a circle sloping upward on the outer side. Around the top of the net there were drawn ropes from four directions, held by half a dozen natives hidden in the bush. These were to bring the top of the net together and thus bag our game.

"After waiting some hours the leaves above rustled and then opened as a six foot male gorilla descended unsuspectingly and entered the trap. I signaled, the four ropes were pulled at once, and we had our animal—for a moment. He roared in fury, twisting, jumping and biting the rope into pieces. The natives were pulled about like dolls as he tried to reach first one and then another. The professor jumped about in excitement, trying to focus a camera on the infuriated animal.

"At last the mighty arms of the gorilla broke a hole through the net, and he tore the rest from him as though it were a rotten rag. Most of the natives fled in dismay. The professor dropped his camera and tried to escape. In a moment the gorilla grasped him in its terrible hands.

"I seized my rifle and fired in the air to frighten the animal. In my position I could not shoot at him without hitting my friend. For a moment the gorilla stood still, holding the now unconscious man as though he were a baby, the brute's lips drawn back from his glistening teeth.

"I thrust another cartridge in my rifle. As I did so there was a buzz in the air, and an arrow, shot by a native, pierced the gorilla's side. A roar burst from his red throat, and he dropped his victim. Like a flash, before I could shoot, a native sprung from the leaves and, half throwing, half thrusting, drove an assagai into the gorilla's heart. With a groan the brute fell dead.

"Examining the professor, I found that his right arm was broken and that some of his ribs were crushed into his lungs. We gave up the effort to get a live gorilla and, placing the injured man in a hammock, carried him back toward the east coast.

"He died on the road. Out on the veldt beside a native village a lonely little slab marked 'Carl Bloch' sticks up above the grass. It is the professor's grave. Hunting is not all exciting adventure and laughing victory. It has its tears, like other things."—Hampton's Magazine.

Chances In Gambling.

Henri Poincare, the leading mathematician of France, declares that there is no infallible martingale or method of doubling one's stakes after every loss. "All one can do," says M. Poincare, "is to combine one's play so as to have a great chance of winning a little and a little chance of losing much or a few chances of gaining much and many chances of losing little. One can arrange his play so as to have one chance of winning a million francs and a million chances of losing a franc or a million chances of winning a franc and one chance of losing a million francs—and that's all."

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	90
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.85
" " 2	1.78
Barley, for 50 lbs	97
Oats	39
Eggs	25
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	4@7
Hides	3
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

SPECIAL SALE

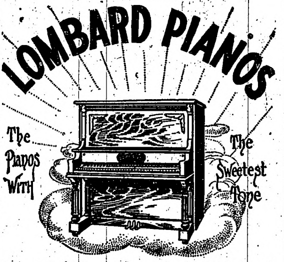
On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Travelling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to
C.A.SNOW & Co.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

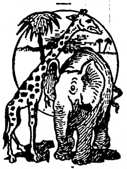
DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 835 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $25 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Courts are D. B. C. pupils. [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 50 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has no other school like the D. B. C. [illegible]

SUMMER COMPLIMENTS.



The Elephant—What an elegant throat you have for a cool drink!

The Giraffe—Yes, it is grand. But, say, I wish I had a skin with a nice breezy fit like yours.

TIRED, SICK AND DISCOURAGED.

Doan's Kidney Pills Brought Health and Cheerfulness.

Mrs. J. P. Pemberton, 554 Lafayette St., Marshall, Mo., says: "For years I suffered with Bright's disease which doctors said was incurable. I grew so weak, I had to take to my bed. Kidney secretions were suppressed, I became terribly bloated, and finally reached the point where I took no interest in life. It was then I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon improved. Before long I was without a sign of the trouble that seemed to be carrying me to my grave."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bucolic Music.

Little Willie, being a city boy, had never seen a cow. While on a visit to his grandmother he walked out across the fields with his cousin John. A cow was grazing there, and Willie's curiosity was greatly excited.

"Oh, Cousin John, what is that?" he asked.

"Why, that is only a cow," John replied.

"And what are those things on her head?"

"Horns," answered John.

Before they had gone far the cow mooed long and loud.

Willie was astonished. Looking back, he demanded in a very fever of interest:

"Which horn did she blow?"—Everybody's Magazine.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Felt Safe.

"I always enjoy going to the first performance of a new play."

"Why the first?"

"Because I'm always sure then that the man who sits behind me hasn't seen it before."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

Some girls would lose out, even if every year was a leap year.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres

FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.; Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

KODAKS

The three following are the most popular and convenient sizes:

1A—Picture size 2½x4¼ Price $12.00 to $15.00

No. 3—Picture size 3¼x4¼ Price $11.50 to $22.50

3A—Picture size 3¼x5½ Price $20.00 to $24.00

"Brownie" Cameras $1 to $12. Excellent workmen in our finishing department insure best pictures from your films. Catalog furnished.

Peck Company 116 S. 5th Street MINNEAPOLIS

Fretful Children

are usually sickly children. Give them Kickapoo Worm Killer and see how quickly they become happy, good-natured and strong. Best and safest remedy for all children who are peevish, nervous, restless at night, or who have foul breath, sour stomach, irregular bowels, etc.

Tastes like candy—children like it. No alcohol or harmful drugs. Enriches the blood, regulates the bowels, stimulates the liver. 25 cents at druggists or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn. Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

FOR ALL EYE DISEASES Pettits Eye Salve

PISO'S

Best for COUGHS & COLDS

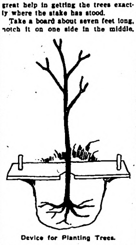
HORTICULTURE

DEVICE FOR PLANTING TREES

Piece of Board About Seven Feet Long With Notch in Middle Will Be Found Convenient.

After the ground has been laid out for the planting of trees, by means of stakes straight in all directions, the device as shown in the cut will be a great help in getting the trees exactly where the stake has stood.

Take a board about seven feet long, notch it on one side in the middle, having an inch hole bored through the center near each end. Lay down the board with notch to the stake. Insert pegs through the end holes into the soil. Lift one end of the board and swing around. Now the hole should be dug. When ready to receive the tree, swing back the board in place. In planting, place the tree in the notch so that it will bring it exactly where the stake stood.



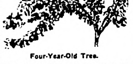
Device for Planting Trees.

JAPANESE PLUM QUITE HARDY

Particularly Popular With Eastern Growers on Account of Early Maturity and Plumpness.

Plums of the Japanese variety are popular with most growers, particularly in the east, because they are hardy and come on early. Many of these varieties are the earliest in the market, and as they are always of good color, either cherry reds or light yellows, they sell readily and bring good prices.

They will grow well on almost any kind of decent soil, and do not need to be particularly coddled, although they should have all the care that any good fruit tree deserves.



Four-Year-Old Tree.

Mr. and Mrs. Fullerton of the Long Island railroad experiment farm, Medford, N. Y., have a number of these plum trees.

These trees were planted four years ago in soil from which pine scrub had been grubbed only a few weeks before. The trees are bearing well and show fine color and great vigor.

The Japanese plum differs from the domestic varieties in that its leaves are longer, thinner and smoother, and it has a greater tendency to produce lateral fruit buds on the annual growth. Its fruit is mostly short, round and plump.

The Japanese plum is less liable to injury from curculio and black-knot than the domestic variety. Mr. Fullerton says that up to this time his trees have shown no signs of disease or attack from insects of any kind.

GRAPES FRESH ALL WINTER

French Growers Cut Bunches in Such Way That Part of Vine Can Be Placed in Water.

A clever French process by which vine growers in France are able to market fresh outdoor grapes all through the winter is thus described. Bunches of the finest grapes when ripe in autumn are cut in such a way that to each bunch a piece of the vine five or six inches long remains attached. From this piece the stems of the bunch hang, an arrangement vitally necessary to the success of the operation.

A large number of the wide-mouth bottles, filled with water, is ranged in a cellar and in the open end of each is inserted the pieces of vine stem, the bunches of grapes hanging outside. The grapes do not touch the water, but are thus supplied with moisture through the vine stem, which is immersed in water. By this process choice varieties of table grapes are kept in perfect condition for the whole winter.

The temperature of the cellar is uniform and moderately low, and care is taken daily to supply the bottles with the water lost by evaporation. Fruit thus carefully tended is somewhat costly, but there are many patrons who willingly pay $2 a bunch for the delicacy of fresh grapes in midwinter.

Beauty of Shade Tree.

Farmers should be very careful in setting shade trees, for a beautiful shade tree is a joy forever, and not only increases the value of a place by giving shade, but greatly beautifies the surrounding landscape.

MULCH SMALL FRUIT [illegible]

Among Many Advantages It Prevents Growth of Weeds and Adds Needed Humus to Soil.

A successful West Virginia raspberry grower gives the following reasons for mulching:

It prevents the growth of weeds.

It retains moisture in the soil.

It adds humus, one of the necessary elements.

It keeps the fruit clean and prevents mud at picking time.

It saves labor, the cost of mulching an acre with forest leaves or straw not exceeding $15.

It prevents deep freezing.

It makes the fruit more solid for cultivation and better for shipping purposes.

It prevents the baking of the soil caused by tramping at picking time.

It has the disadvantage of encouraging mice and establishing a surface root system. However, we have not noticed any serious damage from either of these effects.

The cost of growing raspberries by nature's method, as I like to call it, is not very great. Picking is a nice job where there is no mud, no weeds and where the canes have been properly pruned.

Don't leave any old canes standing in the field.

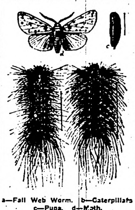
DESTRUCTIVE WEB WORM

Insect Will Quickly Destroy Tree and Should Be Burned as Soon as They Appear.

In the fall the unsightly webs of this insect are seen all over the land. The adult, a little white moth, lays its eggs on the leaves of fruit and other trees and plants early in summer.

The young caterpillars spin the protective web. They are of a pale yellow, with long hairs, two black rows down the body, and a black head.

These worms will quickly destroy a tree and should be burned as soon as they appear, because after they have eaten the leaves they drop to the ground and spin a little cocoon within which they hide themselves and then change back to the chrysalis state.



a—Fall Web Worm. b—Caterpillars. c—Pupa. d—Moth.

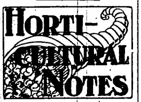
There are two broods of this insect in the south every year and one in the north.

Spraying with Paris green when the worms are very young will destroy them. London purple is also used with success. When they are discovered in large numbers the limbs containing the worms should be cut off and carried out of the orchard and burned.

The caterpillars will first eat all the leaves within the web, then those nearest by, often defoliating the entire tree. The worm is noticeably set with tufts of bristle-like projections.

This insect is sometimes confused with the tent caterpillar which appears in the spring and builds its web in the forks of the limbs.

HORTI-CULTURAL NOTES



Plum trees at ten years should produce one bushel.

Cherry trees at eight years should produce one bushel.

Pear trees at twelve years should produce three bushels.

Apple trees at fifteen years should produce three bushels.

Ringing or girdling the vine may sometimes be used to advantage.

Promptly gather up and burn all brush and rubbish in the orchard.

Don't permit the strawberries to go into winter quarters filled with weeds or grass.

An orchard will live longer, bear better and be more profitable by being well cultivated and enriched.

Straw is recommended by almost every farm publication as a winter covering for strawberry plants.

It is said that cherries cannot be grown profitably at any great distance from large bodies of water.

The city dealer profits by the laziness of the grower, by grading and repacking his badly assorted fruit.

When spraying do not work with bare hands. They'll be sore if you do. Put on a pair of rubber gloves.

Very few pears are at their best if allowed to ripen on the tree. A good rule is to pick when the seeds have turned brown.

A covey of quail in the orchard will prove a good friend to the grower, because they eat a tremendous number of insects.

An orchard soil rich in organic matter is the kind of soil we want; hence grow a clover crop this fall and plow under next spring.

The apple thrives well on a great variety of soils, varying from sandy loam to heavy soils, provided it is well drained and otherwise well cared for.

It will pay the strawberry grower to go to large expense to get some covering for his strawberry plants which does not contain seeds of weeds or grass.

OFFICIAL INVITATION TO AMERICANS

HOW ROBERT ROGERS, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR, IN WINNIPEG ADDRESS, ISSUES WELCOME OF AMERICANS TO WESTERN CANADA.

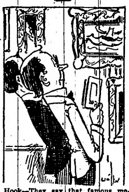
During the course of a reply to an address presented to Hon. Robert Rogers, the newly appointed Minister of the Interior of Canada at a banquet given at Winnipeg in his honor that gentleman spoke on immigration. The tone of his remarks was that he intended to pursue an aggressive and forward policy in the matter of immigration. In part, he said:

"The most important branch perhaps of that department (interior) is that of immigration.

"If there is anything more than another we want here it is a greater population, and it shall be my duty to present to the people in all parts of the world where desirable emigrants are to be found the advantages and the great possibilities of this country. We have received in the past a reasonably large immigration from south of the international boundary, and in this connection let me say just a word for our American cousins who have found happy homes amongst us, and those whom we hope to welcome in greater numbers in the years to come. There are hundreds of thousands of them in our prairie provinces, happy in the enjoyment of a freedom as great as they ever knew, and all contributing in a material way towards the development of Canada. We are not blind to their value as settlers. They come better equipped with scientific farming knowledge than most of our emigrants, and constitute without doubt the wealthiest class of emigrants any new country has ever known. As head of the immigration department it will be my privilege to offer them a welcome hearty and sincere, and to so contribute to their welfare that under the protecting folds of the Union Jack they will enjoy as great a degree of liberty and happiness as under the Stars and Stripes. The Borden government cherishes nothing but the kindliest feelings for the people of the great republic to the south, and will do all in its power to increase the bonds of kinship and neighborly good feeling that has so long existed. (Hear, hear.)

"While we adopt a vigorous emigration policy in that country, we will also adopt the same vigorous policy in other parts of the world. We will go to England, Ireland and Scotland, and every other country irrespective of race, creed or nationality, where we can find suitable and desirable emigrants for this great country. I think much good work can be done in those countries, and especially perhaps at the present time in England, Ireland and Scotland. Now, then, it will be my duty to stir up that policy in the most vigorous manner possible."

WELL, WELL.



Hook—They say that famous marine artist was once a plain farmer's boy. I wonder where he developed his talent.

Cook—Probably drawing water down on the farm.

BABY'S ECZEMA AND BOILS

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged. I dropped the doctor's treatment, and commenced the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruption on his cheeks was almost healed, and his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old, all trace of the eczema was gone.

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies." (Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 24, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 5 L, Boston.

Crafty Vegetarian.

Nebuchadnezzar went on all fours. "Men are mistaken for deer even when they walk upright," he consoled himself.—New York Sun.

If it is safe to trust God in anything it is safe to trust him in everything.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Faribault.—A movement is on foot among the Elks to establish a temporary home.

Virginia.—Over 400 boys in various grades of the public schools are taking work in the manual training department.

Barnum.—From 3,000 to 5,000 bushels of potatoes have been frozen in pits here, and many acres were never dug at all.

Rochester. — Messrs. Sountag and Decker of Chicago have arrived to negotiate for the purchase of the city's electric light plant.

Winona.—The board of park commissioners has decided to open bids for the privilege of fishing with seines in Lake Winona the coming winter.

St. Cloud.—C. F. Budtz, of Minneapolis, is in the city to negotiate with local men in regard to the erection of a cement and crushed granite brick plant.

Pelican Rapids.—Rev. A. C. Woodcock has resigned the pastorate of the Congregational church. Rev. Mr. Hawks of Brownton has accepted a call to the vacancy.

Lanesboro.—Work on the new addition to the Lanesboro high school is to be begun at once. The village council has also awarded the contract for reconstructing the Lanesboro village jail.

Little Falls.—Work has been started on a $5,000 gymnasium which is being built here by public subscription. The structure will be 40x60 feet, two stories high, besides the basement.

Virginia.—Many citizens are joining the Virginia Garden club, which has for its object the encouraging of gardening by every householder. Scores already have gardens and others have agreed to start the work next spring.

Nicollet.—The large barn of Clarence Peterson, in Bernadotte township, was destroyed by fire. Thirteen horses, ten cows and a large amount of produce were consumed. The loss was over $4,000, with $1,500 insurance.

Mankato.—At a meeting of the North Mankato Commercial club, after addresses by Judge Cray and Senator S. D. Works, a movement was started looking toward the building of a $150,000 reinforced concrete bridge between this city and North Mankato.

Winona. — Deputy Game Warden Harry P. Felgate has secured the arrest and conviction of Walter Sieffert at Utica on the charge of having a mink hide in his possession previous to the opening of the open season. A fine of $10 and costs was imposed.

Bemidji.—The Bemidji creamery not only will be kept open the entire winter, but those having charge of the affairs of the Bemidji Co-operative association, owners of the creamery, also will put forth especial effort to add more patrons to furnish cream and will try to make larger sales of the output of the creamery.

Pine River.—An address by Dr. Arthur Bremken before a meeting of the Cass County Educational association has spurred medical inspection in the public schools. He strongly advocated medical inspection and cited the success of the plan in the larger cities. School district No. 1, in which Pine River is located, comprises 110 schools. Domestic science has recently been introduced and manual training will follow shortly.

Taylor Falls.—The program for the farmers' institute to be held here Dec. 8 and 9, will soon be ready. The management is in charge of the department of agriculture of the university, of which A. D. Wilson is superintendent and C. H. Welch secretary. One of the features will be an address by Commissioner Winkjer. A first-class institute corps is promised with F. B. McLean of Wrenshall in charge.

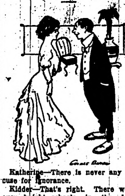
Detroit. — A police court warrant was issued against Fred Postal, former president of the state fair, charging that his bar in the Griswood hotel violated the saloon laws. ExSheriff James Burns was arraigned yesterday in public court on a similar warrant, involving his bar in the Burns hotel. The warrants came as the climax of a crusade directed by Prosecuting Attorney Hugh Shepherd against slot machines, saloons open after hours and cheap hotels conducted as rooming houses.

St. Paul.—The banner won by the buttermakers of Minnesota at the national butter show in Chicago two weeks ago is displayed in the rooms of the state dairy and food commission in the capitol and is attracting much attention. Of the ten annual banners awarded by the National Creamery Buttermakers' association, Minnesota has won eight. The 1911 banner is adorned with a portrait of Professor T. L. Haecker of the agricultural college, the father of modern dairying in Minnesota. The banner will be conspicuously posted in the Minnesota car of the governors' special.

St. Cloud.—The subject of penmanship is receiving added attention in the public schools of St. Cloud. Superintendent Farmer says that teachers as a rule are prepared to teach writing. Those who come from the normals are generally teachers of the vertical. In order that work in penmanship may be uniform and efficient, Mr. Farmer has organized a class among teachers. All teachers of the city assemble for an hour each week and are given lessons in penmanship by the superintendent, and their work for the students outlined. Good results are being manifested.

Albert Lea.—The assessed valuation of Freeborn county is constantly increasing and the total now is $11,486,282, the money and credits alone footing up $880,321. The valuation of this city totals $2,728,696, of which amount $481,435 is given as "money and credits." There is probably not an agricultural county in the state with but twenty townships that has as large an assessment as has Freeborn, and each year adds to the amount of taxes paid. Land values have increased in price the past two years from $10 to $30 an

HE WAS NEXT.



Katherine—There is never any excuse for ignorance.

Kidder—That's right. There were even knight schools in the dark ages.

Diphtheria, Quinsy and Tonsilitis begin with sore throat. How much better to cure a sore throat in a day or two than to be in bed for weeks with Diphtheria. Just keep Hamlins Wizard Oil in the house.

Whenever the devil has a minute to spare he sets another trap for the boy.

The man who succeeds must work hard, but not so hard as the one who fails.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A sunny spirit will do more to improve the looks than a powder rag.

Catarrh

One of the most common of blood diseases, is much aggravated by the sudden changes of weather at this time of year. Begin treatment at once with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which effects radical and permanent cures. This great medicine has received

40,366 Testimonials

in two years, which prove its wonderful efficacy in purifying and enriching the blood. Best for all blood diseases.

In usual liquid form or chocolated tablets known as Sarsatabs. 100 doses $1.

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That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts —Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

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DRUG STORES (snaps) for sale and trade in all states. F. V. KNIEST, Omaha, Neb.

N. W. N. U., NO. 48-1911.

Aids Nature

The great success of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in curing weak stomachs, wasted bodies, weak lungs, and obstinate and lingering coughs, is based on the recognition of the fundamental truth that "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies Nature with body-building, tissue-repairing, muscle-making materials, in condensed and concentrated form. With this help Nature supplies the necessary strength to the stomach to digest food, build up the body and thereby throw off lingering obstinate coughs. The "Discovery" re-establishes the digestive and nutritive organs in sound health, purifies and enriches the blood, and nourishes the nerves—in short establishes sound vigorous health.

If your dealer offers something "just as good," it is probably better FOR HIM—it pays better. But you are thinking of the cure not the profit, so there's nothing "just as good" for you. Say so.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, In Plain English; or, Medicine Simplified, 1008 pages, over 700 illustrations, newly revised up-to-date Edition, paper-bound, sent for 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing only. Cloth-bound, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

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The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then realize why I warrant them to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

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How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light soles. I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.

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PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Always ready for use. Safest and most reliable. The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater is just like a portable fireplace.

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1911. NUMBER 22.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TRUST PROBLEM IS TAFT'S TOPIC

Message to Congress Devoted to This One Matter.

DECISIONS ARE DEFENDED

Dissolution Plans of Standard Oil and Tobacco Explained—Federal Incorporation and Commission Recommended.

Washington.—President Taft's annual message, which was read in both houses of congress Tuesday, deals exclusively with the anti-trust statute. The message in part is as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: This message is the first of several which I shall send to congress during the interval between the opening of its regular session and its adjournment for the Christmas holidays. The amount of information to be communicated as to the operations of the government, the number of important subjects calling for comment by the executive, and the transmission to congress of exhaustive reports by special commissions, make it impossible to include in one message of a reasonable length a discussion of the topics that ought to be brought to the attention of the national legislature at its first regular session.

Decisions of Supreme Court.

In May last the Supreme court handed down decisions in the suits in equity brought by the United States to enjoin the further maintenance of the Standard Oil trust and of the American Tobacco trust, and to secure their dissolution. The decisions are epoch-making and serve to advise the business world authoritatively of the scope and operation of the anti-trust law of 1890. The decisions do not depart in any substantial way from the previous decisions of the court in construing and applying this important statute, but they clarify those important decisions by further defining the already admitted exceptions to the literal construction of the act. By the decrees, they furnish a useful precedent as to the proper method of dealing with the capital and property of illegal trusts. These decisions suggest the need and wisdom of additional or supplemental legislation to make it easier for the entire business community to square with the rule of action and legality thus finally established and to preserve the benefit, freedom and spur of reasonable competition without loss of real efficiency or progress.

It has been said that the court, by introducing into the construction of the statute common law distinctions, has emasculated it. This is obviously untrue. By its judgment every contract and combination in restraint of interstate trade made with the purpose, or necessary effect of controlling prices by stifling competition, or of establishing in whole or in part a monopoly of such trade, is condemned by the statute. The most extreme critics cannot instance a case that ought to be condemned under the statute which is not brought within its terms as thus construed.

The sugestion is also made that the Supreme court by its decisions in the last two cases has committed to the court the undefined and unlimited discretion to determine whether a case of restraint of trade is within the terms of the statute. This is wholly untrue. A reasonable restraint of trade at common law is well understood and is clearly defined. It does not rest in the discretion of the court. It must be limited to acomplish the purpose of a lawful main contract to which, in order that it shall be enforceable at all, it must be incidental. If it exceeds the needs of that contract it is void.

Methods of Dissolution.

In the Standard Oil case the Supreme and circuit courts found the combination to be a monopoly of the interstate business of refining, transporting, and marketing petroleum and its products, effected and maintained through thirty-seven different corporations, the stock of which was held by a New Jersey company. It in effect commanded the dissolution of this combination, directed the transfer and pro-rata distribution by the New Jersey company of the stock held by it in the thirty-seven corporations to and among its stockholders, and the corporations and individual defendants were enjoined from conspiring or combining to restore such monopoly; and all agreements between the subsidiary corporations tending to produce or bring about further violations of the act were enjoined.

In the Tobacco case, the court found that the individual defendants, twenty-nine in number, had been engaged in a successful effort to acquire complete dominion over the manufacture, sale, and distribution of tobacco in this country and abroad, and that this had been done by combinations made with a purpose and effect to stifle competition, control prices, and establish a monopoly, not only in the manufacture of tobacco, but also of tin-foil and licorice, used in its manufacture and of its products of cigars, cigarettes and snuffs. The tobacco suit presented a far more complicated and difficult case than the Standard Oil suit for a decree which would effectuate the will of the court and end the violation of the statute. There was here no single holding company as in the case of the Standard Oil trust. The main company was the American Tobacco company, a manufacturing, selling and holding company. The plan adopted to destroy the combination and restore competition involved the redivision of the capital and plants of the whole trust between some of the companies constituting the trust and new companies organized for the purposes of the decree and made parties to it, and numbering, new and old, fourteen.

Purpose Not Confiscation.

It is not the purpose of the statute to confiscate the property and capital of the offending trusts. Methods of punishment by fine or imprisonment of the individual offenders, by fine of the corporation, or by forfeiture of its goods in transportation, are provided, but the proceeding in equity is a specific remedy to stop the operation of the trust by injunction and [illegible] capital in violation of the statute.

I venture to say that not in the history of American law has a decree more effective for such a purpose been entered by a court than that against the Tobacco trust.

It has been assumed that the present pro-rata and common ownership in all these companies by former stockholders of the trust would insure a continuance of the same old single control of all the companies into which the trust has by decree been disintegrated. This is erroneous and is based upon the assumed inefficacy and innocuousness of judicial injunctions. The companies are enjoined from co-operation or combination; they have different managers, directors, purchasing and sales agents. If all or any of the numerous stockholders, reaching into the thousands, attempt to secure concerted action of the companies with a view to the control of the market, their number is so large that such an attempt could not well be concealed and its prime movers and all its participants would be at once subject to contempt proceedings and imprisonment of a summary character. The immediate result of the present situation will necessarily be activity by all the companies under different managers and then competition must follow, or there will be activity by one company and stagnation by another.

Cry for Repeal of Law.

But now that the anti-trust act is seen to be effective for the accomplishment of the purpose of its enactment, we are met by a cry from many different quarters for its repeal. It is said to be obstructive of business progress, to be an attempt to restore old-fashioned methods of destructive competition between small units, and to make impossible those useful combinations of capital and the reduction of the cost of production that are essential to continued prosperity and normal growth.

In the recent decisions the Supreme court makes clear that there is nothing in the statute which condemns combinations of capital or mere bigness of plant organized to secure economy in production and a reduction of its cost. It is only when the purpose or necessary effect of the organization and maintenance of the combination or the aggregation of immense size are the stifling of competition, actual and potential, and the enhancing of prices and establishing a monopoly, that the statute is violated.

For Federal Incorporation.

In a special message to congress on January 7, 1910, I ventured to point out the disturbance to business that would probably attend the dissolution of these offending trusts. I said:

"But such an investigation and possible prosecution of corporations whose prosperity or destruction affects the comfort not only of stockholders but of millions of wage earners, employes, and associated tradesmen must necessarily tend to disturb the confidence of the business community, to dry up the now flowing sources of capital from its places of hoarding, and produce a halt in our present prosperity that will cause suffering and strained circumstances among the innocent many for the fault of the guilty few. The question which I wish in this message to bring clearly to the consideration and discussion of congress is whether, in order to avoid such a possible business danger, something cannot be done by which these business combinations may be offered a means, without great financial disturbance, of changing the character, organization and extent of their business into one within the lines of the law under federal control and supervision, securing compliance with the anti-trust statute.

"Generally, in the industrial combinations called 'Trusts,' the principal business is the sale of goods in many states and in foreign markets; in other words, the interstate and foreign business far exceeds the business done in any one state. This fact will justify the federal government in granting a federal charter to such a combination to make and sell in interstate and foreign commerce the products of useful manufacture under such limitations as will secure a compliance with the anti-trust law. It is possible so to frame a statute that while it offers protection to a federal company against harmful, vexatious and unnecessary invasion by the states, it shall subject it to reasonable taxation and control by the states with respect to its purely local business.

"Corporations organized under this act should be prohibited from acquiring and holding stock in other corporations (except for special reasons, upon approval by the proper federal authority), thus avoiding the creation under national auspices of the holding company with subordinate corporations in different states, which has been such an effective agency in the creation of the great trusts and monopolies.

"If the prohibition of the anti-trust act against combinations in restraint of trade is to be effectively enforced, it is essential that the national government shall provide for the creation of national corporations to carry on a legitimate business throughout the United States. The conflicting laws of the different states of the Union with respect to foreign corporations makes it difficult, if not impossible, for one corporation to comply with their requirements so as to carry on business in a number of different states."

Federal Commission Proposed.

I do not set forth in detail the terms and sections of a statute which might supply the constructive legislation permitting and aiding the formation of combinations of capital into federal corporations. They should be subject to rigid rules as to their organization and procedure, including effective publicity, and to the closest supervision as to the issue of stock and bonds by an executive bureau or commission in the department of commerce and labor, to which in times of doubt they might well submit their proposed plans for future business. It must be distinctly understood that incorporation under a federal law could not exempt the company thus formed and its incorporators and managers from prosecution under the anti-trust law for subsequent illegal conduct, but the publicity of its procedure and the opportunity for frequent consultation as to the legitimate purpose of its transactions would offer it as great security against successful prosecutions for violations of the law as would be practical or wise.

I recommend that the federal charters thus to be granted shall be voluntary, at least until experience justifies mandatory provisions. The benefit to be derived from the operation of great businesses under the protection of such a charter would attract all who are anxious to keep within the lines of the law. Other large combinations that fail to take advantage of the federal incorporation will not have a right to complain if their failure is ascribed to unwillingness to submit their transactions to the careful scrutiny, competent supervision and publicity attendant upon the enjoyment of such a charter.

NATION AT PEACE

PRESIDENT INFORMS CONGRESS ABOUT RELATIONS WITH OTHER COUNTRIES.

NEW ARBITRATION TREATIES

United States Helps In Amicable Settlement of Disputes—Events Connected With the Mexican Revolution—Need for Merchant Marine.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Foreign affairs are the sole subject of President Taft's special message, which was submitted to Congress today. In part the document says:

The relations of the United States with other countries have continued during the past twelve months upon a basis of the usual good will and friendly intercourse.

Arbitration.

The year just passed marks an important general movement on the part of the powers for broader arbitration. In the recognition of the manifold benefits to mankind in the extension of the policy of the settlement of international disputes by arbitration rather than by war, and in response to a widespread demand for an advance in that direction on the part of the people of the United States and of Great Britain and of France, new arbitration treaties were negotiated last spring with Great Britain and France, the terms of which were designed, as expressed in the preamble of these treaties, to extend the scope and obligations of the policy of arbitration adopted in our present treaties with those governments. To pave the way for this treaty with the United States, Great Britain negotiated an important modification in its alliance with Japan and the French government also expedited the negotiations with signal good will. The new treaties have been submitted to the senate and are awaiting its advice and consent to their ratification. All the essentials of these important treaties have long been known, and it is my earnest hope that they will receive prompt and favorable action.

Arbitrations.

In further illustration of the practical and beneficent application of the principle of arbitration and the underlying broad spirit of conciliation, I am happy to advert to the part of the United States in facilitating amicable settlement of disputes which menaced the peace between Panama and Costa Rica and between Haiti and the Dominican republic.

Since the date of their independence, Colombia and Costa Rica had been seeking a solution of a boundary dispute, which came as a heritage from Colombia to the new republic of Panama, upon its beginning life as an independent nation. In January, 1910, at the request of both governments the agents representing them met in conference at the department of state and subsequently concluded a protocol submitting this long-pending controversy to the arbitral judgment of the chief justice of the United States, who consented to act in this capacity. A boundary commission, according to the international agreement, has now been appointed, and it is expected that the arguments will shortly proceed and that this long-standing dispute will be honorably and satisfactorily terminated.

Again, a few months ago it appeared that the Dominican republic and Haiti were about to enter upon hostilities because of complications growing out of an acrimonious boundary dispute which the efforts of many years had failed to solve. The government of the United States, by a friendly interposition of good offices, succeeded in prevailing upon the parties to place their reliance upon some form of pacific settlement.

Mexico.

The recent political events in Mexico received attention from this government because of the exceedingly delicate and difficult situation created along our southern border and the necessity for taking measures properly to safeguard American interests. The government of the United States, in its desire to secure a proper observance and enforcement of the so-called neutrality statutes of the federal government, issued directions to the appropriate officers to exercise a diligent and vigilant regard for the requirements of such rules and laws. Although a condition of actual armed conflict existed, there was no official recognition of belligerency involving the technical neutrality obligations of international law.

After a conference with the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy, I thought it wise to assemble an army division of full strength at San Antonio, Tex., a brigade of three regiments at Galveston, a brigade of infantry in the Los Angeles district of southern California, together with a squadron of battleships and cruisers and transports at Galveston, and a small squadron of ships at San Diego. At the same time, through our representative at the City of Mexico I expressed to President Diaz the hope that no apprehensions might result from unfounded conjectures as to these military maneuvers, and assured him that they had no significance which should cause concern to his government.

I am more than happy to here record the fact that all apprehensions as to the effect of the presence of so large a military force in Texas proved groundless; no disturbances occurred.

The insurrection continued and resulted in engagements between the regular Mexican troops and the insurgents, and this along the border, so that in several instances bullets from the contending forces struck American citizens engaged in their lawful occupations on American soil.

Proper protests were made against these invasions of American rights to the Mexican authorities.

The presence of a large military and naval force available for prompt action, near the Mexican border, proved to be the most fortunate under the somewhat trying conditions presented by this invasion of American rights.

The policy and action of this government were based upon an earnest friendliness for the Mexican people as a whole, and it is a matter of gratification to note that this attitude of strict impartiality as to all factions in Mexico and of sincere friendship for the neighboring nation, without regard for party allegiance, has been generally recognized and has resulted in an even closer and more sympathetic understanding between the two republics and a warmer regard one for the other. Action to suppress violence and restore tranquility throughout the Mexican republic was of peculiar interest to this government, in that it concerned the safeguarding of American life and property in that country. On May 25, 1911, President Diaz resigned, Senor de la Barra was chosen provisional president. Elections for president and vice-president were thereafter held throughout the republic, and Senor Francisco I. Madero was formally declared elected on October 15, to the chief magistracy. On November 6 President Madero entered upon the duties of his office.

Honduras and Nicaragua Treaties Proposed.

As to the situation in Central America, I have taken occasion in the past to emphasize most strongly the importance that should be attributed to the consummation of the conventions between the republics of Nicaragua and of Honduras and this country, and I again earnestly recommend that the necessary advice and consent of the senate be accorded to these treaties, which will make it possible for these Central American republics to enter upon an era of genuine economic national development.

Our relations with the Republic of Panama, peculiarly important, due to mutual obligations and the vast interests created by the canal, have continued in the usual friendly manner, and we have been glad to make appropriate expression of our attitude of sympathetic interest in the endeavors of our neighbor in undertaking the development of the rich resources of the country.

New Japanese Treaty.

The treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States and Japan, signed in 1894, would by a strict interpretation of its provisions have terminated on July 17, 1912. Japan's general treaties with the other powers, however, terminated in 1911, and the Japanese government expressed an earnest desire to conduct the negotiations for a new treaty with the United States simultaneously with its negotiations with the other powers. There were a number of important questions involved in the treaty, including the immigration of laborers, revision of the customs tariff and the right of Americans to hold real estate in Japan. The United States consented to waive all technicalities and to enter at once upon negotiations for a new treaty on the understanding that there should be a continuance throughout the life of the treaty of the same effective measures for the restriction of immigration of laborers to American territory which had been in operation with entire satisfaction to both governments since 1908. The Japanese government accepted this basis of negotiation, and a new treaty was quickly concluded, resulting in a highly satisfactory settlement of the other questions referred to.

Europe and the Near East.

In Europe and the near east, during the past twelve-month, there has been at times considerable political unrest. The Moroccan question, which for some months was the cause of great anxiety, happily appears to have reached a stage at which it need no longer be regarded with concern. The Ottoman empire was occupied for a period by strife in Albania and is now at war with Italy. In Greece and the Balkan countries the disquieting potentialities of this situation have been more or less felt. Persia has been the scene of a long internal struggle. These conditions have been the cause of uneasiness in European diplomacy, but thus far without direct political concern to the United States.

In the war which unhappily exists between Italy and Turkey this government has no direct political interest, and I took occasion at the suitable time to issue a proclamation of neutrality in that conflict. At the same time all necessary steps have been taken to safeguard the personal interests of American citizens and organizations in so far as affected by the war.

Fur-Seal Treaty.

The fur-seal controversy, which for nearly twenty-five years has been the source of serious friction between the United States and the powers bordering upon the north Pacific ocean, whose subjects have been permitted to engage in pelagic sealing against the fur-seal herds having their breeding grounds within the jurisdiction of the United States, has at last been satisfactorily adjusted by the conclusion of the North Pacific sealing convention entered into between the United States, Great Britain, Japan and Russia on the seventh of July last.

The attention of congress is especially called to the necessity for legislation on the part of the United States for the purpose of fulfilling the obligations assumed under this convention, to which the senate gave its advice and consent on the twenty-fourth day of July last.

International Opium Commission.

In a special message transmitted to the congress on the seventh of January, 1911, in which I concurred in the recommendations made by the secretary of state in regard to certain needful legislation for the control of our interstate and foreign traffic in opium and other menacing drugs, I quoted from my annual message of December 7, 1909, in which I announced that the results of the International Opium commission held at Shanghai in February, 1909, at the invitation of the United States, had been laid before this government; that the report of that commission showed that China was making remarkable progress and admirable efforts toward the eradication of the opium evil; that the interested governments had not permitted their commercial interests to prevent their co-operation in this reform; and, as a result of collateral investigations of the opium question in this country, I recommended that the manufacture, sale and use of opium in the United States should be more rigorously controlled by legislation.

Prior to that time and in continuation of the policy of this government to secure the co-operation of the interested nations, the United States proposed an international opium conference with full powers for the purpose of clothing with the force of international law the resolutions adopted by the above-mentioned commission, together with their essential corollories. The other powers concerned cordially responded to the proposal of this government, and, I am glad to be able to announce, representatives of all the powers assembled in conference at The Hague on the first of this month.

Foreign Trade Relations of the United States.

In my last annual message I referred to the tariff negotiations of the department of state with foreign countries in connection with the application, by a series of proclamations, of the minimum tariff of the United States to importations from the several countries, and I stated that, in its general operation, section 2 of the new tariff law had proved a guaranty of continued commercial peace, although there were, unfortunately, instances where foreign governments dealt arbitrarily with American interests within their jurisdiction in a manner injurious and inequitable. During the past year some instances of discriminatory treatment have been removed, but I regret to say that there remain a few cases of differential treatment adverse to the commerce of the United States. While none of these instances now appears to amount to undue discrimination in the sense of section 2 of the tariff law of August 5, 1909, they are all exceptions to that complete degree of equality of tariff treatment that the department of state has consistently sought to obtain for American commerce abroad.

While the double tariff feature of the tariff law of 1909 has been amply justified by the results achieved in removing former and preventing new, undue discriminations against American commerce, it is believed that the time has come for the amendment of this feature of the law in such way as to provide a graduated means of meeting varying degrees of discriminatory treatment of American commerce in foreign countries as well as to protect the financial interests abroad of American citizens against arbitrary and injurious treatment on the part of foreign governments through either legislative or administrative measures.

It would seem desirable that the maximum tariff of the United States should embrace within its purview the free list, which is not the case at the present time, in order that it might have reasonable significance to the governments of those countries from which the importations into the United States are confined virtually to articles on the free list.

The fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, shows great progress in the development of American trade. It was noteworthy as marking the highest record of exports of American products to foreign countries, the valuation being in excess of $2,000,000,000. These exports showed a gain over the preceding year of more than $300,000,000.

Crying Need for American Merchant Marine.

I need hardly reiterate the conviction that there should speedily be built up an American merchant marine. This is necessary to assure favorable transportation facilities to our great ocean-borne commerce as well as to supplement the navy with an adequate reserve of ships and men. It would have the economic advantage of keeping at home part of the vast sums now paid foreign shipping for carrying American goods. All the great commercial nations pay heavy subsidies to their merchant marine, so that it is obvious that without some wise aid from [illegible] merchant marine.

Improvement of the Foreign Service.

The entire foreign service organization is being improved and developed with especial regard to the requirements of the commercial interests of the country. The rapid growth of our foreign trade makes it of the utmost importance that governmental agencies through which that trade is to be aided and protected should possess a high degree of efficiency. Not only should the foreign representatives be maintained upon a generous scale in so far as salaries and establishments are concerned, but the selection and advancement of officers should be definitely and permanently regulated by law so that the service shall not fail to attract men of the highest character and ability. The experience of the past few years with the partial application of civil service rules to the diplomatic and consular service leaves no doubt in my mind of the wisdom of a wider and more permanent extension of those principles to both branches of the foreign service.

THE M'NAMARAS PLEAD GUILTY

JAMES B. McNAMARA ADMITS CAUSING THE TIMES EXPLOSION.

TRIAL HAS A SUDDEN END

John J. Confesses Implication in the Blowing Up of the Llewellyn Iron Works, Also in Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Calif.—James B. McNamara pleaded guilty to murder in the first degree in Judge Walter Bordwell's court. His brother, John J. McNamara, secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, entered a plea of guilty to having dynamited the Llewellyn Iron Works in Los Angeles on Christmas day, 1910.

James B. McNamara's confession clears up absolutely the tragedy of the explosion and fire which at 1 o'clock on the morning of Oct. 1, 1910, wrecked the plant of the Los Angeles Times at First and Broadway and caused the death of 21 persons. For nineteen of these deaths the McNamara brothers were indicted.

J. B. McNamara was on trial specifically for the murder of Charles J. Haggerty, a machinist whose body was found nearer than that of any other to the spot where the dynamite was supposed to have been placed.

It is expected District Attorney John D. Fredericks will ask for life imprisonment for James B. McNamara, the confessed murderer, and probably fourteen years for his brother. The men's lives are considered saved. The great contention that the Los Angeles Times was not dynamited is dead beyond resurrection or argument.

"He was counselled to confess because that was the best thing he could do, in the opinion of counsel," said Attorney Clarence S. Darrow, chief counsel. "I will say now that there was no other reason of motive in it. I've studied this case for months. It presented a stone wall."

Darrow's statement was made as looking squarely in the faces of the charges that the recent arrest of Burt H. Franklin, an investigator employed by the defense, and two others with him, might have precipitated a situation untenable save by confession of the prisoner.

Darrow also denied that external pressure was exerted from union labor socialist sources as General Harrison Gray Otis charged in a formal statement, or that the municipal election to be held next Tuesday in which Job Harriman, one of the defense's counsel, is candidate for mayor, carried any weight. It was learned that Harriman was not consulted at all in the deliberations.

The chief crime charged against the McNamaras and the one which finally led to their undoing was the destruction of the Los Angeles Times building. Organized labor opposed this paper because of its successful fight against the unions. There was much talk of a "gas explosion" at the time, and Socialist and labor union papers discussed the theory seriously, but men on the inside invariably smiled when they attributed the destruction of the Times to gas.

Shortly after the big presses in the basement had commenced rumbling on the morning of October 1, 1910, the Los Angeles Times building, which was one of the landmarks of the southern California metropolis, was destroyed by an explosion which startled the city. Twenty-one lives were lost. The property loss was estimated at $500,000.

Comparison of an infernal machine found at Peoria with those picked up at Los Angeles convinced the detectives the dynamitings had been planned by the same person and carried out by his agent or agents. William J. Burns, head of the Burns Agency, and the man who exposed the San Francisco graft ring, chanced to be in Los Angeles at the time of the explosion and was called into conference with Mayor Alexander, the chief of police, other city officials and representatives of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association.

A connection was soon established between McManigal and the McNamaras, and their connection with a number of additional dynamite cases established. Events came rapidly to a head. James B. McNamara and McManigal being arrested at Detroit on April 12, 1911, and his brother ten days later at Indianapolis. The latter was taken from an executive meeting of the Iron Workers' union, of which he was international secretary, and a search of the union headquarters revealed a mine of dynamite, bombs, etc., ready for use. The men were taken to Los Angeles, where they have since been in jail.

JOHN MITCHELL IS SHOCKED

Vice President of A. F. of L. Had Believed in McNamara's Innocence.

Roanoke, West Virginia. — John Mitchell, vice president of the American Federation of Labor, when told of the confession of the McNamara brothers, said he was utterly shocked. "I confidently expected the McNamaras would be cleared," he declared, "and that it would be shown by experts that the Times building [illegible]

DECLINE IN VALUE

LESS FOR 1911 THAN FOR PRECEDING YEAR, SAYS SECRETARY WILSON.

CROPS ARE WORTH MORE

Loss Chargeable to Animals and Their Products—Pertinent Paragraphs From the Annual Report.

Washington, D. C. — According to the annual report of James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, just made public, for the first time in many years the total value of farm products has declined from that of the preceding year. The estimate for 1911 is based on the census items, and is $8,417,000,000, or $277,000,000 under the total for 1910. The loss is chargeable to the general classes of animal products and animals sold and slaughtered. Dairy cows are the only farm animals for which increase of price is indicated. Eggs, wool, butter and poultry have suffered in farm price during the year. In consequence of the decline of prices of farm animals and their products, this group is estimated as having produced a value of $2,913,000,000 in 1911, of $321,000,000 below the amount for 1910.

On the other hand, the crops are worth more than those for 1910, the estimate of their farm value being $5,504,000,000, a gain of $44,000,000 over 1910. Farm prices of all crops are higher than for 1910 except for cotton, cotton seed and flax seed, and this general fact, notwithstanding the other general fact that production was low, makes about ten crops of 1911 the most valuable ones of the same kind that the farms of this country have ever produced.

Corn the Leading Crop.

With a value of more than twice that of the cotton crop this year and but little less than the combined values of the cotton, wheat, and oats crops, corn is by far the leading crop as a wealth producer. The estimate of 2,776,000,000 bushels indicates a production that has been exceeded in only two years. The farm price of corn is now higher than it has been since the records of the department began in 1866, except in 1883, and this establishes a total value for the crop that reaches $1,700,000,000 and breaks the record.

So pre-eminently is corn the leading crop of this country that about three-fourths of the world's crop is grown here. But the exports of corn constitute one-third of the world's export of corn.

The year 1911 was a poor one for record-breaking crops, since the list includes only cotton and sugar beets. Apart from these two crops, not a crop reaches a place that is next to the highest production of former years; corn and rice win third place, and buckwheat third place since the sixties; the total of all cereals occupies fifth place, and the other crops are farther down the scale.

The tale is reversed when the value of the crops are considered. The crops that have won first place make a formidable list in spite of the fact that they have previous very high values to exceed. The list is corn, barley, rye, buckwheat (since the sixties), potatoes, hops, flaxseed, sugar beets (or beet sugar), and cane sugar.

Some Pithy Paragraphs.

Mr. Wilson's report begins with a series of short, pithy paragraphs, some of which are as follows:

The hog-cholera serum developed in this department is successful where it is properly made and applied.

After years of experimentation we find we can grow Egyptian cotton in southern California and bulbs in the state of Washington.

The finest dates from the Sahara Desert succeed in our southwest.

Seven hundred and fifty million dollars is the best estimate for poultry products this year.

We are sending explorers to the ends of the earth for new plants—and getting them.

The phosphates are abundant in our country for all possible uses. Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Idaho may be mentioned as depositories.

If good roads from the producer to the consumer were general, the benefits to both would be considerable.

The experiment stations of the several states are doing better work each succeeding year, the scientists are maturing and the people are appreciating.

The object lesson in agriculture is the best teacher; we had 60,000 of them at work last year.

Six hundred thousand short tons of beet sugar were made last year in 67 factories. There is an estimated world's shortage of 1,600,000 long tons of sugar this year.

The consumer pays a dollar for food; the farmer gets less than fifty cents for it. Who gets the rest?

All government agencies that conserve public health should be grouped together in one bureau.

Irrigation will bring maximum crops while the land is new and full of plant food; but where the crops are sold year by year irrigation will not of itself assure good results.

The corn crop is moving northward by seed selection.

Our foresters are learning by experiments how to reforest 30,000 acres in a year; 10 times as much must be planted annually to cover all the bare acres in a generation. It will be done.

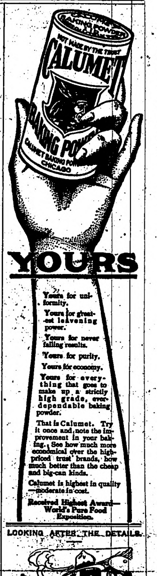
Prohibitionists Choose Atlantic City.

Chicago, Ill. — Atlantic City was chosen as the place for the national convention of the Prohibition party. The date was not named.

DRAINAGE OF SWAMPS URGED

Irrigation Congress Delegates Would Have Government Take Hand.

Chicago, Ill. — Another conservation movement was created when at the National Irrigation congress the delegates interested in drainage of swamp lands, decided to form a separate organization to urge the federal government to care for the marsh [illegible]



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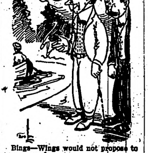
LOOKING AFTER THE DETAILS.



Bings—Wings would not propose to his girl until he got out in a boat.

Dings—Why?

Bings—He stutters and didn't want her to have a chance to get away.

No Soap There.

It was a modern version of that ancient saw that shoemakers' children go barefoot. A ten-year-old boy had presented himself at the settlement playground coated with many layers or city soil. The teacher lost no time in administering a reproof.

"Gee, how can I help it," sniffed the boy, "when me mother's a washwoman and takes all the soap away wid 'er?"

WORKS WITHOUT FAITH

Faith Came After the Works Had Laid the Foundation.

A Bay State belle talks thus about coffee:

"While a coffee drinker I was a sufferer from indigestion and intensely painful nervous headaches, from childhood.

"Seven years ago my health gave out entirely. I grew so weak that the exertion of walking, if only a few feet, made it necessary for me to lie down. My friends thought I was marked for consumption—weak, thin and pale.

"I realised the danger I was in and tried faithfully to get relief from medicines, till, at last, after having employed all kinds of drugs, the doctor acknowledged that he did not believe it was in his power to cure me.

"While in this condition a friend induced me to quit coffee and try Postum, and I did so without the least hope that it would do me any good. I did not like it at first, but when it was properly made I found it was a most delicious and refreshing beverage. I [illegible] ice-cold, with cream.

"In a month's time I began to improve, and in a few weeks my indigestion ceased to trouble me, and my headache stopped entirely. I am so perfectly well now that I do not like to feel the same person, and I have gained in flesh that I am 15 pounds heavier than ever before.

"This is what Postum has done for me. I still use it and shall always do so." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. [illegible]

Did as He Was Told.

A young Irishman from a remote part of Ireland recently secured a berth as barman at a hotel in Manchester. The first morning at 6 o'clock young Murphy was instructed to light the lamps outside. This he proceeded to do very businesslike, but half an hour later could not be found. Inquiries were made, and eventually Murphy was seen about 7:30 lighting a lamp near Middleton, having lit all the lamps on the Rochdale road for about four miles.—Ideas.

Fame of Li Hung Chang.

There are far too many famous men nowadays, and it is not easy to remember exactly who is who. They were discussing the Chinese situation in the bar and the man who had visited China began to give his views. "Do you remember Li Hung Chang?" he began. "I knew him well." To which the sporting-looking gentleman in the corner answered, "What? Remember him? I saw him last night. Best music hall juggler I've seen for a long time."—London Chronicle.

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Saturday, December 9, 1911.

The Northern Minnesota Development association is in session—yesterday and today—at St. Cloud. All indications pointed to an interesting meeting.

President Taft says that he does not now feel that his famous Winona speech was just what it should have been. Jim Tawney, as usual, agrees with him.

The Sixty-second congress convened at Washington Monday. Here is hoping that out of the squabbling there is scheduled to occur, some good to the people may be evolved. But it's a doubtful proposition.

And now it's the Grand Forks people that are kicking on the shortage of water caused by the log jams in the Red Lake river. Strange that people will persist in talking about things the lumber company don't want to hear.

The state prison authorities have fixed the prices for binder twine for the season of 1912. The prices will be the same as last year. They are guaranteed to be as low or lower than those of other dealers for the same grades and the grades and qualities are also guaranteed.

A special invitation has been sent by Chairman Stanley to John D. Rockefeller and Rev. F. T. Gates to appear before the steel investigating committee and tell of the deal in Minnesota iron lands by which the Merritts lost $20,000,000. Wonder if, if they will have time to attend.

It begins to look as if the millionaire meat packers would have to face trial just like any common criminal, the government having been nearly eight years in getting them before the bar of justice and the United States supreme court having just denied an appeal which would have meant another long delay.

Anybody could have killed Henry Beattie; society's business was to make a good man of him.—Hibbing Tribune. Rats! Beattie was wiped off the earth for the same reason we kill a rattlesnake or a rabid dog. If the snake had a big bank account there would doubtless be people who would want to reform him.

After thousands of dollars of workingmen's money and weeks of valuable time have been spent in the vain effort to secure—or buy—a jury that would not convict them, the McNamaras have confessed to save their necks from the gallows—and incidentally try to save some of their associates who are prominent citizens from exposure.

Jewish citizens throughout the county are aroused over the failure of the Russian government to observe the treaty of 1832, which requires the honoring of passports of American citizen of any nationality or faith, and favor the abrogation of the treaty on account of the refusal on the part of Russia to honor passports held by Jewish citizens of this country.

A wisely conducted newspaper is like a banquet, says an exchange. Everything is served up with a view to variety. Help yourself to what you want and don't condemn the entire spread because the pickle and onions may be included. If you do not relish them somebody else may find them palatable. Be generous and broad enough to select gracefully such reading matter from newspapers as will be agreeable to your mental taste. You as an individual, are not compelled to swallow everything. We do not all think alike on every subject, and it is a good thing, as it makes more variety and variety is the spice of existence. —Ex.

The most notable map publication of the year is the large geologic map of North America just issued by the United States Geological survey. It represents an exceptional type of engraving and lithography in color work and is printed in four sheets which fitted together and mounted make a map 6 feet 5 inches high by 5 feet wide, the largest piece of work ever issued by the survey. The scale is 1 to 5,000,000, or 80 miles to the inch.

Labor and the McNamara Case

Probably there are few people—certainly there will be no unprejudiced people—who will attempt to hold organized labor responsible for the dreadful deeds which the McNamaras have admitted doing.

Labor's spontaneous, prompt, and obviously sincere repudiation of such methods, taking the form of vigorous interviews and resolutions that come from all parts of the country, is pretty fair evidence that the rank and file of organized labor, as well as its officialdom, have no sympathy with the methods these men used.

Labor's present attitude will tend to strengthen its standing in public opinion. It is far more creditable, to say the least, than that of those Los Angeles business men who, for the sake of business, arranged a compromise that practically condoned some of the worst crimes of the age and prated of the Golden Rule while so engaged.—Duluth Herald.

Turkish Doctor's Oath

In Turkey, the young doctor taking his pledge is obliged to obligate himself to attendance upon the poor in place of the rich. He swears that if called at the same time by one rich and one poor he will attend the poor, even if without a fee, in preference to the rich. There is no difference of persons with golden grain belt beers, which help the poor as well as the rich in aiding digestion and giving strength. That's why they make friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

Important Postal Ruling

All newspapers must be paid for strictly in advance. The above ruling has been made by the postoffice department at Washington and will have to be obeyed by every newspaper in the country. To do "regular" subscribers has been interpreted to mean paid in advance subscribers.

After March 10 next we shall have to pay 1 cent per week, or 52 cents per year, extra on all papers mailed by us not paid for in advance.

Mr. Martz' Trip to Washington

Mr. Martz says of his trip to Washington, D. C., where he was called on a subpoena by the United States government, to appear before the Stanley investigating committee, of which Hon. A. O. Stanley is chairman, to give testimony as to whether or not the government would be justified in bringing an action against the United States steel trust for the dissolution of the same:

"The trip as a whole was very pleasant and instructive. On my way to Washington I passed through Chicago, Ft. Wayne, Cincinnati, along the valley of the Ohio river to Charleston, West Va., thence along the Alleghany and Blue Ridge mountains to Washington. With its wide and well paved and well kept streets it is a beautiful city.

"After putting in several days' time looking at some of the interesting features of the capital, on Tuesday, Nov. 21, I was summoned to appear before the Stanley investigating committee for the purpose of testifying and answering questions propounded to me by the different members of the committee. This committee is composed of eight members. They are all good and able men, and I believe they are out to give justice to the people notwithstanding that there seems to be a division of opinion among the members. The testimony given by me before the committee has been quite generally published in the associated press news and I will not make any comments on the same, the reports as published being quite correct.

"Nov. 24 I left Washington on the Chesapeake & Ohio railway for Louisville, Ky., where I read in the Louisville Times a copy of the telegram sent out by Joseph B. Cotton making a vicious attack on me personally and on the testimony I gave before the committee. I assume that Mr. Cotton sent the scurrilous message to Mr. O. A. Stanley for the purpose of intimidating me. My conscience is absolutely clear on the testimony I gave. I would give the same testimony again if required, and if Mr. Cotton wishes to intimidate me it will be necessary for him to adopt some new method. I have no doubt that if Mr. Cotton is as anxious as he pretends to be to prove that my testimony before the committee was false, the committee will give him every opportunity to appear and put in his evidence.

"But I have no desire to get into any newspaper controversy. My testimony is on record and speaks for itself. Will close this article by saying to the young people now growing up that the testimony given before the Stanley committee should be a lesson to them that will put them on their guard, and prepare them in the future to cope with the gumshoe methods of some of the hungry corporations of the United States.

"I very much appreciate the fair way that my home paper have treated me in my absence, showing that they are loyal to their home people. —C. H. MARTZ."

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Proposals.

"Has he proposed yet?"

"Not in so many words."

"That's no answer. Proposals never do come in words. They consist of sighs, hems, haws and gurgles."—Cleveland Leader.

A Diplomatic Bent.

By EDWARD S. SPINNEY.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

I was tutoring a youth of nineteen. I had a fancy to go abroad in the diplomatic corps, but as I had no influence to secure an appointment I kept my ambition to myself. My pupil, Alec Kirk, should have been ready for college, but he was not, and it was my part to get him ready as soon as possible. His father, after turning him over to me, went to Europe. Before leaving he gave me a single instruction—viz:

"Don't let any woman snare him while I am away."

I made a companion of Alec, and he seemed to enjoy my society in preference to that of young fellows of his own age. He gave me his confidence in everything but one. A woman laid siege for him, and he did not tell me. His father had lectured him before going away on his susceptibility and told him that I was empowered to forbid his attentions to any woman. Alec not only failed to trust the matter to me, but told the woman who was trying to snare him of my charge. She was smart enough to keep aloof from me, and I did not discover her or her object till I was informed of both by the housekeeper. I warned the housekeeper not to divulge the fact that I knew of what was going on. If I could save the boy I would put his father under obligations. Mr. Kirk had great political influence.

Alec wished the lady to win my good opinion. She, supposing that I knew nothing of their affair, consented, though reluctantly. I was introduced to Miss Martha Collingwood, aged twenty-eight, impecunious, passably good looking and of a common family. I called on her with Alec and during the call manifested a friendliness that disarmed both. But while extending the olive branch I was sharpening the sword. I suggested that Miss Collingwood and Alec use the tennis court at his home and even offered if we could find another girl to make up a set with them myself. I had in mind Miss Gladys Hoyle, a young lady who had the faculty of making the most rasping remarks with the most kindly pretended intentions. Knowing that there is nothing which will turn a man from a woman quicker than a feminine fight, I hoped to use Miss Hoyle for the purpose of drawing out whatever of temper Miss Collingwood might possess and intended that Alec should witness the scrimmage.

We secured Miss Hoyle, and I chose her for my partner. Miss Collingwood opened the game, serving to me. I sent the ball back, and she returned it. It dropped just within the line, but I pronounced it foul.

"That wasn't foul," said Miss Collingwood.

I looked at my partner for support. "Certainly it was," she said.

"My eyes must have deceived me," said Miss Collingwood.

"Some people can't play tennis at all," returned Miss Hoyle, "on account of their eyes. I thought I saw something amiss with yours. It's quite noticeable."

There was an ominous flash from Miss Collingwood. She made no reply, and the game went on. My own game had opened auspiciously, and fortune continued to favor me. Miss Hoyle in volleying close to the net sent the ball against Miss Collingwood's nose. The latter dropped her racket and caught a trickling stream of blood in her handkerchief.

"You did that on purpose," she cried, casting a flashing glance at Miss Hoyle.

"You flatter me. If I could hit a mark like that I'd enter for a championship," replied Miss Hoyle.

Miss Collingwood was getting ready for a rejoinder when I added to her ruffling by asking if she would proceed with the game.

"I don't think she'd better," Miss Hoyle put in, "with that nose. It'll be all the colors of the rainbow tomorrow. My advice is raw beef."

"Some people are offensive with their advice," snapped the sufferer.

Pleasure had gone out of the game for Alec. He proposed to stop playing. Miss Collingwood started for the house to put cold water on her nose. Alec, instead of accompanying her, found occupation in gathering the balls and rackets. I whispered to him to take Miss Hoyle home. She smilingly accepted his invitation. As the two walked away Miss Collingwood turned and darted a fiery spark. I saw her home, adding fuel to the flame by telling her that I thought Miss Hoyle had sent the ball against her nose on purpose and was trying to catch Alec.

I supposed that I had only made a beginning, but I was mistaken. When Alec and I met again he confessed to me that there had been an affair between him and Miss Collingwood (at which I expressed great surprise), but that it was ended. I kindly offered to give him my advice as to the best method of dropping it. The illusion had passed out of him, and nothing could bring it back.

When Mr. Kirk returned from Europe I made no mention of his son's escape, but he learned of it and asked me about it. I told him the story, at the end of which he said:

"You should be in the diplomatic corps. The first requisite of a diplomat is absence of conscience. Judging from your acts in this case, you don't know the meaning of the word."

I confessed that I had a hankering in the diplomatic line, and he promised to see the secretary of state in my interest. The result was an appointment [illegible]

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

Come In

Friday, Dec. 15, we will open our new rest and waiting room. We want you to come in on that day and see what we have provided for the comfort of the trading public of this community:—A warm, comfortable place for the ladies and children to rest while their husbands are waiting, a place where you can wait for trains, a place where you can make yourself at home whenever you have time to kill. You will find a warm stove, comfortable chairs, the latest newspapers and periodicals, and its use is free to every one, whether you trade with us or not. Come in next Friday and get acquainted with it. Every lady visiting our store on that day will be given a useful souvenir. It will pay you to visit our store on that day—Friday, Dec. 15.

A. H. PITKIN AND CLERKS.

Oddfellows Elect

At their meeting Thursday evening St. Hilaire Lodge I. O. O. F. elected the following officers:

G. W. Hooper, N. G.
D. Patterson, V G.
O. F. Post, Secretary.
Leonard Holmes, Treasurer.
M. Fricker, Trustee.

Subscribe for the Spectator

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	87
" " 2 "	84
" " 3 "	80
Flax, No. 1	$1.84
" " 2	1.78
Barley, for 50 lbs	57
Oats	33
Eggs	28
Butter	28
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@8
Chickens, alive	4@7
Hides	3
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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The Best Known Newspaper in the United States

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The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address,

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:25 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 5:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 186, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:25 a.m

PATENTS

[illegible]

D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the county auditors of Red Lake and Pennington counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 3 of Red Lake and Pennington counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report all as established by order of the judge of the district court of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent the estimate cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a state or national bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, and A. A. Latendresse, auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law. The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications, and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the clerk of district court of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows: Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch extension to main ditch and branches is 88,128.0 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $12,098.00.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Dated this 28th day of November A. D. 1911.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County, Minn. d2-3t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, } ss
District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
The Western Supply Co. (a corporation), } Plaintiff,
against
Emil Dryfoos, sole trader, doing business under the name and style of Thief River Falls Plumbing and Heating Co. } Defendant

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed with the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Red Lake Falls in the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Four Hundred and Forty-two dollars and Thirty cents ($442.30) with interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the 22nd day of September, 1911, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated September 22, 1911.

FRED L. FARLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney
Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. n1-6t

Village Officials.

President	J. O. Dahl
Clerk	Arthur Hall
Trustees	R. J. McKircher Henry Olson A. E. Jones
Treasurer	B. E. Burkee
Marshal	Henry Jackson
Assessor	O. H. Peters
Constable	A. Sattereng
Justices of the Peace	O. H. Peters K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health	Dr. C. Swanson Daniel Patterson Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. Wilson
Clerk	K. O. Gigstad
Directors	Daniel Patterson Dr. C. Swanson H. O. Jackson

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

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Office Phone 24
Residence Phone 104

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a.m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH. — Services Sunday morning at 11; song service at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

REV. P. M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Dec. 10, at 7:30 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m. An offering will be taken for the pension fund of the Synod.

Sunday school at 1 p. m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3000 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend

C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 160 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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PENNINGTON COUNTY
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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

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MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
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Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on Trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

P. O. Hagglund was at the county seat Tuesday.

Hoker Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

C. H. Martz returned Monday from his trip to Washington D. C.

Miss Minnie Carlson went Monday to Minneapolis to visit friends.

Miss Pearl King attended the concert at Thief River Falls Tuesday evening.

Misses Hilda and Cora Helgoe of Halstad are guests of their cousin, Miss Hilda Hauge.

Rev. P. W. Palmer and daughter Miss Esther Palmer, were Thief River Falls visitors Monday.

Misses Katie Patterson, Josie Gigstad and Mabel Gigstad were Thief River Falls visitors Monday.

Lazar & Lazar shipped a carload of potatoes to market yesterday and expect to ship another the first of next week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mrs. R. L. Hauge, who has been visiting several weeeks with friends at Bemidji, is expected to return home next Wednesday.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

CARL KRUEGER.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf M. E. WATERMAN.

A fancy line of rich China novelties and Japanese ware, every piece suggestive of a merry Christmas, will be on display at Pitkin's store next week. Prices from 10 cents up.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson and Misses Tomina and Louise were at Badger Wednesday in attendance at the marriage of their daughter and sister.

Miss Stivers returned Monday to her home at Dugdale after a few days' visit with her sister, Mrs. Bahan. She was accompanied by Mrs. Bahan.

Miss Mabel Gigstad returned yesterday to her home at Berwick, N. D. She was accompanied as far as Crookston by Misses Huldah and Josie Gigstad.

The Great Northern train was delayed nearly an hour last evening by a breakdown in the engine, when the train was about the two miles north of town.

Mrs. O. F. Post returned Thursday from a few days' visit at Crookston, where she was the guest of Mrs. Nap. Bray and witnessed the production of "Madame Sherry" Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Nelson returned Wednesday evening from Langdon and other points in North Dakota, where they have been visiting with relatives for the past two weeks.

Salem Mageau came up from Crookston yesterday. He has finished work on ditch No. 32 and is preparing to move his outfit to ditch No. 42 so as to be ready to begin work early in the spring.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathson's.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Neil Dahl returned last Saturday from Sask., Canada, where he has been on his homestead. He is located at Gull Lake Sask., and has been shoeing horses in a Swift Current shop for some time. He will remain here until spring.

The rumor gains ground that another effort will be made at the next village election to vote back the saloons. We presume it is true; there is no being on earth so persistent and so hard to down as the man who wants to make a stake peddling out booze.

Do you know that an editor or a reporter for a newspaper can in his rounds stop and ask a hundred persons "what's the news?" and 90 out of a hundred will reply "nothing special" and 50 out of that number know something that if not found in the next paper will astonish them greatly and disappoint them more, and perhaps make them madder than hornets. Don't be afraid to let the newspaper man know.

MUSIC
MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin returned from Crookston Wednesday.

C. A. Skeie is quite ill with an acute attack of bronchitis.

H. O. Haugen returned Thursday from a visit to Hillsboro, N. D.

C. C. Elliott went Thursday to Minneapolis on a business mission.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Soderberg were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

Theodore Holmes is doing a rushing business with his wood sawing outfit.

Misses Hoiland, Miss Nygaard and Miss Westlund of Shelly, Minn. are guests of Miss Mary Hanson.

S. L. Lewis, the Red Lake Falls life insurance man, was here looking after business in his line Tuesday.

Now that the teachers have all returned to their respective schools we are reminded that Thanksgiving is past.

During the first year of the existence of Pennington county the clerk of court issued eighty-three marriage licenses.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

C. E. Oberg of Ogden, Iowa, visited with his brother-in-law, C. C. Elliott, a couple of days this week. He was on his way home from a visit to the Saskatchewan, Can., country.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

We want to be ready to load our second car of potatoes on Wednesday. Parties bringing potatoes will please not bring them later than Wednesday morning.

LAZAR & LAZAR.

LOST.—A dog, an English setter, white, black, and tan, with brown on head; answers to name of Dick. Owners name on collar. Last seen Sunday, Nov. 26. Suitable reward for his return. I. DALIN.

A suggestion for suitable gifts for father, brother, or sweetheart: A beautiful necktie in the latest eastern patterns and colors: fancy silk suspenders in a pretty holiday box; a combination holiday box of silk hose, necktie and handkerchief to match, may be obtained at a small cost at A. H. Pitkin's.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church will hold a sale on Dec. 20. Before buying your Christmas gifts wait for the sale and look over the list of fine presents—aprons, sofa pillows, table covers, and many other little articles too numerous to mention. One of the attractions will be a fish pond, which will be the surprise of the evening. Ice cream and cake for sale at one of the booths.

A subscription was circulated the other day and money enough raised to purchase and place a pump at the village well. The pump does not interfere with the natural flow of the well, but it now possible to get a pail of water inside of a half hour. We have been requested to print the names of those who subscribed to the fund, as follows:—Hans Wilson, Wilson & Steen, D. McAllister, G. W. Hooper, P. O. Hagglund, John Forseen, G. I. Fellman, William Olson, Carl Krueger, Henry Goergen, D. Patterson, Lazar & Lazar, Ole Branum, A. H. Pitkin, B. E. Burkee, Ed. Peterson, N. A. Nelson.

An Improvement

Carpenters have been busy this week at A. H. Pitkin's store erecting a staircase and constructing an entrance from the interior of the store to a pleasant room up stairs, which will be fitted up in neat style as a rest and waiting room. The room will be furnished with comfortable chairs, a writing desk with materials, and a table upon which will be kept periodicals and reading matter. A ladies' retiring room will also be installed.

Heretofore the village has offered no free accommodations of a comfortable nature to those coming in from the country who have long waits to endure and this added improvement of Mr. Pitkin's should prove of great convenience to such people, especially the women and children, for whose use the room is primarily designed. Mr. Pitkin announces that the use of the room is free to every one, whether they are customers or not.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
Best Grades of Hard and Soft
COAL
Always on Hand
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Married

Wednesday, Dec. 6, at 6:30 in the evening, at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McAllister at Badger, occurred the marriage of Miss Christine Wilson and Mr. Duncan McAllister, both of this place. Only relatives and immediate friends of the contracting parties were present. After the ceremony all sat down to a wedding supper. A number of valuable presents were received.

The newly married couple returned to St. Hilaire Thursday and have taken up their abode in the Wilson residence on Third street, which was all ready for the reception of the bride. A free supper was served at Wilson's restaurant in honor of the occasion and the traveling men present gave Mr. and Mrs. McAllister a handsome present.

The Spectator joins with all the friends in wishing them much joy.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Norwegian Lutheran congregation of the Norwegian Synod was held Monday, Dec. 4. Reports from the different officers of the congregation were received and read. From these it was seen that the congregation has had a prosperous year—all obligations paid and a small balance in the treasury.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

K. O. Gigstad, trustee for three years.

B. E. Burkee, secretary and treasurer.

Tom Hovet, K. Kolstad, and K. O. Gigstad, school committee.

P. Simonson was elected to receive donations for the support of the Synod.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Dec. 4, 1911.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present except A. R. Jones.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved as read.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

G. I. Fellman, coal and draying	$21.38
John Forseen, salary, etc	16.00
Merchants State Bank, road survey Glenn Martz	10.00
St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co., lumber	.90
Spectator, publishing proceedings	6.25
Henry Swanson, road construction	50.00

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS MINN.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribes with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible] with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 450 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 655 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $65 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training? [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space), is seated with [illegible] desks, has 60 typewriters, [illegible] machines, billers, money [illegible] etc. Our pupils deal with each other, and with [illegible] equipped offices, using [illegible] money. [illegible] No other school [illegible] B. C. [illegible] Next term [illegible] Write [illegible] WATKINS, Pres. [illegible]

C. [illegible] HE COULDN'T DISOBEY

What Was Poor Darky to Do When "Ole St. Luke Hisself" Gave Directions.

The venerable rector of St. Luke's has a saintly and apostolic appearance. He also has decided opinions of his own on most matters and is not averse to expressing them. Recently, unknown to him, the vestry decided to have the next supply of coal for the church put in a different cellar from the one commonly used. When the coal was delivered the rector, seeing the drayman making what he thought was a mistake in its disposal, interposed and in no uncertain terms bade the darky place the coal in the cellar always used for that purpose.

The senior warden several days later was much annoyed to discover that his orders had been disregarded and that the coal was in the same old cellar. With wrath in his eye he complained to the coal dealer. The latter declared that he had carefully explained to the drayman where to put the coal, so to settle the matter the darky was called up.

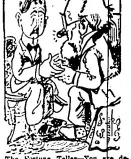
"Sam, you black rascal," thundered the coal man, "didn't I tell you to put that coal for St. Luke's in the cellar opening on Fourth street?"

"Yassah."

"Mr. Smith tells me you didn't do it. Why can't you carry out my orders?"

The darky grinned sheepishly, hesitated, scratched his head. "Well, boss, you see, I done started to put dat coal when you tole me—yassah, I done started—an' ole St. Luke hisself he come out and gimme fits about it."—Harper's Magazine.

HARD LUCK.



The Fortune Teller—You are destined to marry great wealth.

I. M. P. Cunious—Fine.

The Fortune Teller—Unfortunately, death will claim you two days after the event.

A USEFUL XMAS GIFT for man, woman or child is a good fountain pen. Waterman's Ideal is the best pen made and the one that is most imitated, therefore insist on the genuine. Sold by all good dealers.

In Hard Luck.

Hewitt—You are always broke.

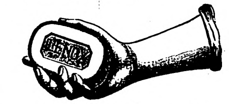
Jewitt—I know it; I couldn't raise the wind with an electric fan.

A woman may not be able to reform the man she marries, but she is reasonably sure to inform him.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA

Cleanses the System effectually; Dispels colds and Headaches due to constipation. Best for men, women and children; young and old. To get its Beneficial effects, always note the name of the Company CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. plainly printed on the front of every package of the Genuine

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS



"A woman's work and the washing of dishes, are never at an end."

But the woman who uses Lenox Soap has the satisfaction of knowing that what she does, with the aid of Lenox Soap, is WELL done.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand"

W. L. DOUGLAS' TRUST PLAN

Manufacturer Thinks Government Should Obtain Publicity by a License System.

Large business organizations have come to stay. We cannot go back to old conditions. We must meet world competition. Large concerns can produce goods at lower cost than small ones. Germany favors large corporations. The method of the present national administration is to dissolve the great organizations and make them smaller, which is a backward step. There should be no limit to a corporation doing a large and legitimate business, such as would be possible under the licensing plan which I favor, writes W. L. Douglas, former governor of Massachusetts, in the Boston Herald.

Prejudices against corporations merely because they are big, perhaps, must be done away with. They give labor better returns. They cheapen product and thus benefit the consumer. They give opportunities to small investors who get returns otherwise unattainable. They employ able young men who have no capital at all, but who receive handsome salaries for their ability and service.

In place of the Sherman law it is my opinion there should be a department at Washington to grant licenses to all manufacturers and corporations in this country who do an interstate commerce business.

The law should be made so clear, plain and definite that it could not be misunderstood. It should require all capital to be paid in full. Semi-yearly statements should be given to the public and certified by a public accountant. There should be a board of examiners in each state to look after these corporations just as our national banks are watched by the national government. They should have the right to enter the offices and examine the records of all the directorates of these companies.

Naive Optimists.

"Six months ago there was another outburst of optimism as naive as though the world were still living in the sentimental era of glass exhibitions. Since then there has opened another era of political earthquakes and conflagrations, and the era of disturbance continues to extend. Before the Tripoli problem has been safely liquidated or the peace of the Balkans is assured, we have the outburst in China of an insurrection which may change the face of the far east and give an incalculable increase of force to all the impulses set moving by the triumph of Japan. All we can be certain of in the region of world politics is that nothing is certain. Do we need further lessons to convince us that the peace of civilization is founded upon the crust of a volcano?" asks the London Observer.

Didn't Go to Finish.

"I found 50 cents this morning," confided Jimmy.

"Found a whole half dollar!" cried his mother. "How fine! What did you do with it?"

"Pete Jones was along, so I gave him half."

"You dear, generous boy! Did you do that of your own accord?"

"Yessum—well, we decided that would be right."

"Jimmy! He didn't whip you and make you give up half?"

"No, mamma. If he'd licked me, he'd 'a' had it all. The scrap was a draw."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Sleuth-Guarded Jewels.

Pity the poor duchess of Marlborough, who has been driven to insomnia through worry over her jewels. She has hired six former Scotland Yard detectives to camp at Sunderland house, Mayfair, three by day and three by night, and guard her gems. The outlay for this is something more than $6,000 annually. She has spent many thousands in equipping her mansion with all the latest wrinkles in burglar alarm and safety devices, but she considers the money that buys her peace of mind is an investment well made.

Corrected His Veracity.

James—Papa, I ain't got no sirup.

Father—John, correct your brother.

John (leaning over and peering into James' plate)—Yes you is.—Harper's Weekly.

A little candle went out walking one dark night, and bugs and flies, moths and men gave it an ovation; the next noonday it went out again, but no one noticed it.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

Many a man could lose his reputation and never miss it.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

AGAIN AFTER PARDON.

Father of Lifer Says Dutch Henry Was Seen Alive in Montana.

Echoes of the Marshall county murder case for which Alex McKenzie was sentenced to life imprisonment March 14, 1906, for killing John Stewart were heard again when his father, Daniel McKenzie, St. Paul, appeared in the Governor's office with the statement he had information that Dutch Henry, as Stewart was known, has been seen recently in Montana.

The convict's father wanted copies of affidavits submitted to the State Board of Pardons on different occasions, seeking the boy's release, and said he was going to Warren, Marshall county, near where the crime was committed, to obtain further evidence supporting his son's assertions of innocence. He also said the members of the jury that convicted him are now willing to sign a petition asking for his release.

Reports that Dutch Henry is still alive, and that the man identified as Stewart in the McKenzie trial was some one else, have been current at different times since McKenzie's imprisonment. The pardon board has always refused to act on McKenzie's application.

The crime of which he was convicted occurred on a lonely road outside of Warren. McKenzie and Stewart were shown to have left the village together, and the next morning the dead body of a man identified as Stewart was found along the road. Later, horses and other property known to have belonged to Stewart were found in McKenzie's possession. This the latter explained by saying Dutch Henry, wanted for some crime, had had to make a quick "getaway," and had left the property with him.

McKenzie is 29 years old.

VIRGINIA SHOWS PROSPERITY.

Population Estimated at 17,000; $1,000,000 Spent for Improvements.

Virginia.—According to estimates based upon the increase in the enrollment of the public schools, the present population of Virginia is about 13,000. Those just outside the corporate limits and really within the city are fully 4,000 more. During the year fully $1,000,000 was expended in Virginia for improvements and already several hundred thousand dollars in public and private improvements have been planned for next year. These include $150,000 for streets and parks, $10,000 for a public market, $100,000 by the Canadian Northern for a passenger station and terminal facilities, $50,000 for a public library building, $70,000 for a new school building, $25,000 for an Elks building, beside a new street railway and headquarters for the company.

PREDICTS ORE RATE CUT.

Convinced Interstate Commerce Commission Will Order Reductions.

Duluth.—P. H. Nelson, independent iron ore operator who has just returned from Washington, where he was a witness before the Stanley committee, said:

"I am of the opinion that the interstate commerce commission will further reduce the iron ore rates in Minnesota and am convinced that the reduction will be to about 40 cents a ton. The cost of operation on the Missabe road is about 35 per cent of the gross earnings. If the independent iron mining men of Minnesota are to be put in position to meet Michigan competition at Lake Erie receiving ports there should be a further reduction of the Minnesota ore rates to about 40 cents a ton."

ELYSIAN GETS INTO LINE.

Organizes a Club and Will Help State Road Project.

Elysian.—Elysian will co-operate with Mankato and Madison Lake on the west and the towns on the east in the movement to get the new state road from Mankato to the twin cities. It is proposed to have this road graveled the entire distance, and it will no doubt be designated as the official automobile road from the twin cities to Mankato. The commercial clubs in the towns all along the way are co-operating in the movement, and a club has been organized at Elysian with good roads as its slogan, with the following officers: C. O. Galagan, president; W. K. Wilcox, vice president; B. T. Olson, secretary; Dr. F. A. Allen, treasurer; Joseph Warner, J. W. Root and E. D. Chase, executive committee.

PROTEST AGAINST LICENSE.

Moorhead Saloon Man Finds Himself Too Near School.

Moorhead.—The Civic Improvement league will immediately request the board of education of Moorhead to file a protest with the city council against granting a liquor license to the proprietor of "Mat's Place," formerly known as the Rex hotel. According to the claims of the league the place is within 300 feet of the first ward schoolhouse, and therefore a license would be contrary to law.

MINNESOTA DEATH RATES.

Washington.—A preliminary statement giving the general death rates for all cities with a population of less than 100,000 in the census bureau's death registration area in 1910, as drawn from the advance Mortality Bulletin 112, now in press, was issued by Director Durand, of the bureau of the census, department of commerce and labor.

In Minnesota, Virginia showed a rate of 16.5; Mankato, 16.4; Winona, 13.7; Duluth, 12.2; St. Cloud, 12.2; and Stillwater, 11.2.

WORKS BUYS MORE LAND.

State Senator Interested in $100,000 Deal in Polk County.

Fosston.—The largest single real estate transfer of record for eastern Polk county has been closed. Senator S. D. Works of Mankato, who was already extensively interested in other portions of northern Minnesota, acquired the tract of rich farming lands in the township of Sletten, southwest of Fosston, amounting to about 4,000 acres and formerly owned by George M. Forman & Co., of Chicago.

Under the management of K. O. Balstad, this land has been improved by systematic drainage, making it especially adapted to stock raising or dairy farming, and the senator intimates that still further improvements will be made and the land then be placed upon the market. He expects to put stock upon the land the coming summer. The deal involves approximately $100,000.

ST. PAUL PASTOR IS SPEAKER.

Spring Valley, Minn., Manual Training School Dedicated.

Spring Valley.—The alumni of the Spring Valley Minnesota high school held its reunion and banquet at the Methodist church, at which a large number of graduates of former years were present. Afterward, at the assembly room of the Putnam industrial manual training and domestic science school building, the ceremony of dedication was observed. Thomas Frankson gave the interesting historical sketch of the Spring Valley schools, and Rev. Everett Lesher of Merriam Park, St. Paul, delivered an eloquent dedicatory address. The building is a fine structure, well arranged and fully equipped for the particular kind of instruction therein to be given.

FAIR ASSOCIATION ELECTS.

Cass County Can Boast of Two District Organizations.

Pillager.—The Cass County Agricultural association held its thirteenth annual meeting and elected the following officers: President, William Coe; vice president, W. E. Bennett; secretary, Phillip Zorg; assistant, Raymond Peterson; trustees, W. B. Jones, Edward Parks and Gus Zulsdorf. The treasurer's report showed $860 paid for improvements and premiums the past year. There are two county fairs in Cass county, one at Pillager and the other at Pine River, and the state appropriation is divided between them. The Pillager fair is the older organization, but the Pine River association is the larger.

ASKS FOR AN EXTRA SESSION.

Development Association of Marshall County Elects its Delegates.

Stephen.—The second annual meeting of the Marshall County Development association was held here. A resolution asking the governor to call an extra session of the legislature for the purpose of passing the reapportionment bill was passed, as were resolutions approving the consolidation of rural schools, good roads, the appointment of a reclamation board and a more liberal appropriation by the state for drainage work.

WILL HELP GOOD ROADS.

Winona Automobile Association Calls a County Convention.

Winona.—The Winona Automobile association has arranged for a big good roads convention to be held here Jan. 4 to which all county supervisors and clerks and other officials are to be invited. The meeting will be addressed by G. W. Cooley and Jesse Taylor, secretary of the federation of good roads of Ohio and editor of Better Roads. It is expected 200 will be present.

HORSE THREW HIM.

Barnesville Lad Near Death From Poor Horsemanship.

Barnesville.—John, the 10-year-old son of Mrs. Peter Mundson, of this city, lies in a precarious condition at his home suffering from concussion of the brain. A horse fell upon him while the lad was riding. The boy attempted to rise three times, but was overcome by his injuries and was carried into a home unconscious. The attending physician believes he will recover.

MORE BUTTER PRODUCED

Minnesota Becoming a Great Dairying State.

St. Paul. — According to figures compiled by the state dairy and food department, the counties of Roseau, Steele, Stearns, St. Louis, Scott and Sibley produced in 1910 9,970,624 pounds of butter. For the butter fat the producers received $2,740,018.81. The average price for butter fat in the counties named was 30 cents a pound. In every instance there was a marked increase in production.

STATE BOARD DESIGNATED.

Pipestone County Will Ask for $5,000 as State Aid.

Pipestone.—After a conference with District Road Engineer W. F. Rosenwald, the Pipestone county board has designated a strip of road running east and west through Fountain Prairie township as a state road. The road will be six miles in length. This county will ask for $5,000 from the state on March 1 for road work.

IT WEARS YOU OUT.

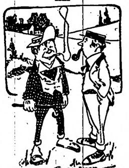
Kidney Troubles Lower the Vitality of the Whole Body.

Don't wait for serious illness; begin using Doan's Kidney Pills when you first feel backache or notice urinary disorders. John L. Perry, Columbus, Texas, says: "I was taken sick about a year ago. My limbs and feet began to swell and my doctor said I had Bright's disease. I then consulted a doctor who said I had dropsy and could not live. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me promptly and I owe my life to them."

Every Picture Tells a Story

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WISE PLAN.



Tom—Do you believe in keeping the friendship of a dog?

Dick—Sure. Especially if he is cross and happens to belong to the girl you often call on.

CUTICURA OINTMENT HEALED BAD SORE ON LIMB

"Some time ago I was coming up some steps when the board crushed under me like an egg shell, and my right limb went through to the knee, and scraped he flesh off the bone just inside and below the knee. I neglected it for a day or two, then it began to hurt me pretty badly. I put balsam fir on to draw out the poison, but when I had used it a week, it hurt so badly that I changed to ——— ointment. That made it smart and burn so badly that I couldn't use it any more, and that was the fourth week after I was hurt.

"Then I began to use Cuticura Ointment for the sore. It stopped hurting immediately and began healing right away. It was a bad-looking sore before Cuticura Ointment healed it, and I suffered so I couldn't sleep from two days after I fell until I began using Cuticura Ointment.

"Cuticura Soap is the best soap I ever saw. I have used all kinds of soap for washing my face, and always it would leave my face smarting. I had to keep a lotion to stop the smart, no matter how expensive a soap I used. I find at last in Cuticura Soap a soap that will clean my face and leave no smarting, and I do not have to use any lotion or anything else to ease it. I believe Cuticura Soap is the best soap made." (Signed) Mrs. M. E. Fairchild, 805 Lafayette St., Wichita, Kan., May 8, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 22 K, Boston.

The Weak Ones.

Police Chief Sebastian of Los Angeles was talking about a married man who had fallen before the charms of the beautiful "flirt catcher."

"George was always weak," said Chief Sebastian. "Once, when he was a boy at school, his mother was apologizing for him to his school teacher.

"'George is so easily led,' the mother said.

"'Yes,' the teacher agreed—'except in the right direction.'"

Jonah Snickered.

"A fine fleet," he cried, "but the president would have something to talk about if he reviewed me."

Herewith he entered the first submarine.

Natural.

Lady Visitor—Doctor, the hurt in my little dog's paw looks so angry.

Veterinarian—Naturally, my dear lady, when you consider it in a pet.

Stiff neck! Doesn't amount to much, but mighty disagreeable. You will be surprised to see how quickly Hamlins Wizard Oil will drive that stiffness out. One night, that's all.

Even a man who is good for nothing is apt to look good to some women.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Better the man who raises a laugh than one who leaves a sigh.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

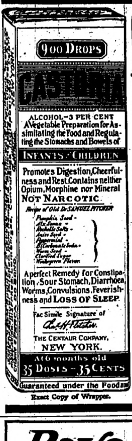
Is the best of all medicines for the cure of diseases, disorders and weaknesses peculiar to women. It is the only preparation of its kind devised by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in the diseases of women.

It is a safe medicine in any condition of the system.

THE ONE REMEDY which contains no alcohol and no injurious habit-forming drugs and which creates no craving for such stimulants.

THE ONE REMEDY so good that its makers are not afraid to print its every ingredient on each outside bottle-wrapper and attest to the truthfulness of the same under oath.

It is sold by medicine dealers everywhere, and any dealer who hasn't it can get it. Don't take a substitute of unknown composition for this medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. No counterfeit is as good as the genuine and the druggist who says something else is "just as good as Dr. Pierce's" is either mistaken or is trying to deceive you for his own selfish benefit. Such a man is not to be trusted. He is trifling with your most priceless possession—your health—may be your life itself. See that you get what you ask for.



ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed

Rochelle Salts

Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda

Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

The strong, steady light.

Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil they burn.

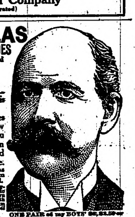
Do not flicker. Will not blow or jar out.

Simple, reliable and durable—and sold at a price that will surprise you.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write to any agency of

Standard Oil Company

(Incorporated)



W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men and Women

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then realize why I warrant them to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

Shoes Sent Everywhere — All Charges Prepaid.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.

Illustrated Catalog Free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

In every cold weather emergency you need a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater. Is your bedroom cold when you dress or undress? Do your water pipes freeze in the cellar? Is it chilly when the wind whistles around the exposed corners of your house?

A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater brings complete comfort. Can be carried anywhere. Always ready for use—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted.

Ask your dealer to show you a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater, or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company

(Incorporated)

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES TIRED EYES

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature Brent Good

DEFIANCE STARCH

16 OUNCES TO THE PACKAGE—OTHER STARCHES ONLY 12 OUNCES—SAME PRICE AND "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in [illegible]. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,[illegible] bushels of wheat from [illegible] acres, or [illegible] bu. per acre. [illegible] bushel yields were numerous. As high as [illegible] bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in [illegible].

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for [illegible] come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (38)

[illegible]

Please write to the agent nearest you

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

RUPTURE CURED in a few days without a surgical operation. No pay until cured. Write to Dr. F. H. Rowe, 300 Century Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

DEFIANCE STARCH

16 OUNCES TO THE PACKAGE—OTHER STARCHES ONLY 12 OUNCES—SAME PRICE AND "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

N. W. N. U., NO. 49-1911.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16. 1911. NUMBER 23.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

128 FT. IS A CORD

ATTORNEY GENERAL RULES LAW PERMITS WOOD DEALERS NO OTHER MEASURE.

CASE TO GO INTO COURTS

St. Paul City Sealer Peterson Wrathy Over Attack—May Revise City Ordinance.

St. Paul.—Wood dealers of St. Paul and the state must comply with the Minnesota law that each cord of wood sold must contain 128 cubic feet, according to the State Railroad and Warehouse commission, whose ruling is based on an opinion from the attorney general's department.

Commenting on the order to that effect recently made, the commissioners said they are bound to enforce the law, adding that it was the dealer and not the purchaser that fixed the price per cord. Dealers, they said, must readjust themselves to the new rule.

Will Sell by Load.

A committee of wood dealers called at the attorney general's office to protest against the ruling, but when informed no other could be made under the law, departed with the remark they would sell wood by the load and not the cord in the future. They did not complain to the Railroad and Warehouse commission, however, according to the commissioners.

After calling attention to the provision of the statute, "a cord of wood shall mean 128 cubic feet," the attorney general's opinion says:

> Neither the history of this legislation nor any custom of trade, nor the definition of the terms, used, can allow any exception to be made, or any different rule to be applied where the timber is either of shorter or longer lengths than 4 feet. While it is doubtless true that wood can be piled into smaller space when it is cut in 12-inch or 16-inch lengths than when it is piled in 4-foot lengths, the statute does not recognize any distinction in lengths, or difference in superficial contents of a cord composed of different lengths of wood.
>
> **Length No Criterion.**
>
> The word "cord," as construed by the courts, does not signify that such measure, if of wood, is 4-foot wood. The wood may be longer or shorter, but the contents of the cord must always be the same, and the dealer can regulate his price accordingly.

William M. Peterson, St. Paul inspector of weights and measures, asserted that he would enforce the law requiring all wood dealers to give 128 cubic feet to a cord of wood and would also inspect all coal deliveries as to whether they were full weight or not.

Peterson Is Mad.

"I think that I am perfectly capable to measure a load of wood, and I will not answer in the newspapers the charges made by the wood dealers Tuesday night at a meeting in the Commercial club, that I was inefficient," Mr. Peterson said, "but in the courts.

"I have not dropped the case of Sylvester Brand, whom I charged with giving less than a cord of wood to R. Nelson, 712 Broadway street, but merely have it under consideration. I believe that the people should have full measure, and I mean to see that they get it, and I do not care what the wood dealers say."

Mr. Peterson said that he was now considering the revision of the city ordinance in regard to the sale of wood.

DR. D. F. DUMAS ACQUITTED.

Cass Lake Mayor Freed on Blackduck Arson Charge.

Brainerd. — The jury in the trial of Dr. Delbert Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, charged with having committed arson at Blackduck, returned a verdict of not guilty. The jury had been out three and a half hours.

Judge McClenahan in his charge stated there was no evidence that the defendant had been at Blackduck nor was there any evidence that he had set the fire. The theory of the state was that while the defendant had not personally set fire to the buildings, his alleged acts and conduct were within the scope which made him equally guilty with the persons who had set the fire.

On Dec. 15 the state will finish taking testimony in the Edward E. Geralds case. Geralds was a co-defendant with Dr. Dumas in the Blackduck arson charge. This preliminary hearing will be held in the municipal court of Bemidji.

ORGANIZE AGAINST LEAP YEAR.

Young Men of Lake Wilson To Be Rendered Girl-Proof.

Pipestone.—A "Men's Protective association" has been formed at Lake Wilson, a few miles east of here. The object of the society will be to protect men from marriage the coming leap year. Indignation meetings have been held by young ladies of Lake Wilson and efforts will be made to have the association disband.

Winona Pastor Goes to Rapid City, S. D.

Winona. — Rev. B. T. Russell, for three years pastor of the Olive Branch M. E. church and, formerly of the Methodist church of Mapleton, announced from the pulpit of his church, his appointment to the pastorate of the First Methodist church of Rapid Citq, S. D. The change will become effective at once. The appointment was made by Bishop McIntyre and Dr. A. C. Stevens, formerly of the First M. E. Church of St. Paul, and now superintendent of the mission of the Black Hills.

LEGACY OF $100,000.

Widow and Daughter Say the Money Won't "Bother."

St. Paul.—Placed in a moment in a position of wealth, Mrs. Rose McKenna, showed no excitement and no great concern when the good fairy called and left $100,000. The fairy came in the form of a message from William Dudley, of St. Paul, informing Mrs. McKenna that she is to receive one-fifth of the estate of her mother, Anne Dudley, who died six years ago in England and left $500,000.

"What I never had will not bother me," Mrs. McKenna said, "and what I get will not change me."

Mrs. McKenna lives with her daughter, Miss May E. McKenna, clerk in a department store. Into the flat today came the news that a firm of London solicitors is about to divide the Dudley property.

"We can use the money," said Miss McKenna, speaking for her mother. "It will be of great advantage to us, although we could still have gotten along without it."

Mrs. Rose McKenna is the widow of J. P. McKenna, has been a widow for more than five years and has lived in Minneapolis four years. The family is English but Mrs. McKenna has lived away from England for a number of years.

"We were surprised," Miss McKenna said. "While we knew that we were entitled to a share in the estate, we were surprised just the same."

Besides Mrs. McKenna there are four other heirs, William Dudley of St. Paul; John Dudley, Shieldsville, Minn.; Mrs. John Casey, Danvers, Minn., and Mrs. William Geiger, Faribault, Minn.

WARS ON SALOONS.

East Grand Forks Council Proposes to Double the License.

East Grand Forks.—In the council a fight that will involve the saloons of the city will be started by the introduction of ordinances which will increase the licenses from $500 to $1,000, and which will cut down the saloon district and eliminate seven or eight saloons nearest to the dry city of Grand Forks.

The saloons on De Mers avenue are built to within less than one hundred feet of the river's edge, and the buildings rise to a height of three and four stories before reaching the level of the bridge approach. Under the provision of the new saloon districting ordinance these saloons will be put out of business.

Another move that is proposed provides for the licensing of breweries operating in the city. The license proposed is $1,000. Out of the fight it is also expected there will be refusals to grant licenses to several local saloon men.

In the district that it is proposed to eliminate from the saloon area is the property which the Minneapolis Brewing company succeeded in wresting from the city through a legal action. The brewing company has announced that it will erect a $30,000 building on the site, but this plan will be dropped in the event that higher licenses and a smaller saloon district are adopted.

WHITE EARTH PROBE ASSURED

Steenerson's Request for Inquiry of Alleged Frauds Will Be Rushed.

Washington.—Chairman Graham of the house committee on expenditures in the interior department assured Representative Steenerson that the resolution providing that a sub-committee of the Graham committee shall visit the White Earth reservation and hold a hearing there in connection with the investigation begun last summer, will be reported favorably at an early date and brought before the house for adoption. Mr. Steenerson does not agree with those who allege that huge fraud has been perpetrated against practically the entire Indian population of the reservation, although admitting that such is the case in a number of instances, and believes that something should be done toward settling the question of title to the various areas acquired by individuals and corporations. He is in favor of some form of remuneration to those Indians upon whom fraud was perpetrated.

SPECIAL SESSION TURNED DOWN

Northern Minnesota Development Congress Doesn't Want It.

St. Cloud. — The Minnesota Northern Development association will not allow itself to be drawn into the dragnet of politics. There will be a row on the floor of the gathering over the attempt to force the adoption of a resolution asking Governor Eberhart to call an extra session of the legislature. This will be turned down, but the men urging the resolution believe its object will be accomplished through a discussion of the subject. The committee on resolutions adopted a strong resolution in favor of reapportionment, but without reference to the proposed extra session.

MINNESOTA'S REQUEST GRANTED

Supreme Court Sets Early Date For Hearing Gross Earnings Cases.

Washington, D. C. — The repeated requests of Oklahoma and Minnesota for the supreme court of the United States to consider at an early date cases involving the constitutionality of the gross revenue taxes in these states on public service corporations other than railroads, were granted by that tribunal. Jan. 8 was set for hearing oral arguments.

DURBAR AT DELHI MAGNIFICENT

With Gorgeous Ceremony George and Mary Are Recognized as Emperor and Empress of India.

Delhi, India, Dec. 12.—In a durbar which surpassed in splendor every former ceremony ever before held in this ancient seat of the kings of India, the proud native rulers of the land today did homage to King George and Queen Mary of England and formally recognized them as emperor and empress of India.

The durbar, for which elaborate preparations had been under way for months, took place in a great camp to the north of the city, some five miles square. The temporary population of this camp is about a quarter of a million, and it is furnished with all the conveniences of modern life, including 21 postoffices, 10 telegraph offices and even electric light, railways, motor cars and taxicabs. There the people gathered for the durbar have been amusing themselves for several days with polo, hockey and military tournaments and other festivities.

Displays of Jewels Wonderful.

The durbar proper took place in an immense semi-circular amphitheater on the historical ridge where a few Englishmen once made a heroic stand against the revolting natives. In the center of the semi-circle was a throne of gold and silver surmounted by a copper dome. Taking his seat on this, George received the homage of the rulers of the "dim millions" of his subjects, about 150 ruling princes of Hindustan. These dusky potentates were resplendent in the magnificent jewels for which they have long been famous. Indeed, such a display of precious stones never before was seen in modern times. The rajahs, after making their obeisances, grouped themselves about the throne, where also stood the governors of the Asiatic colonies of the crown, other distinguished government officials and invited guests.

The king was crowned king-emperor at Westminster, so he took his throne already wearing a crown that had been made especially for this occasion, garbed in the royal robes of state, wearing the state jewels and carrying the scepter. By his side sat Queen Mary, on her brow the crown that was made for her coronation and in the front of which blazed the great Kohinoor, the Indian diamond supposed to bring good fortune if worn by a woman. Her jewels were even more magnificent than those she wore at the coronation at Westminster, among her new ornaments being a beautiful lotus flower of diamonds. She was garbed in the white and gold embroidered robe worn at the coronation.

Most spectacular was the grand review of troops, about 90,000 in number. Most of these were native troops, and they were garbed in the most gorgeous uniforms in the world.

The rajahs and other native princes present brought their own elephants, the size of the animal depending on the rank of its owner, and the huge brutes, with their magnificent howdahs and other trappings, added much to the oriental splendor of the scene.

Presents for Indian Subjects.

The king and queen brought from England a vast number of presents for their Indian subjects, including a thousand plum puddings made in the Buckingham palace kitchens, and a great number of rich cakes, York hams and Stilton cheeses. Then there are rolls of English linen, piles of Buckinghamshire, honiton and point laces, illustrated books, fancy leather goods, silverware of all kinds, British silks and velvets, pictures and photographs and a great variety of other articles, while there is quite a menagerie of puppies, kittens and canaries.

Army Officers in the Parade.

Camel Carriage at Durbar.

WRECK ROYALTY

DELHI HITS REEF AND PEOPLE ABOARD SEEK SAFETY IN SMALL BOATS.

PRINCESS IN THE WATER

And Sister Follows Her—Both Are Rescued by Sailors, Younger One in Nick of Time.

Gibraltar, Gib. — Shipwrecked off a desolate coast, lowered into a small boat by sailors and then capsized among the breakers and rescued from drowning by the efforts of the boat's crew while one of her daughters, Alexandra, was swept away and rescued by a British tar just as she was disappearing, was the experience of Princess Louise Victoria, sister of King George V.

The Peninsular & Oriental steamship Delhi, on which they were voyaging to Egypt, struck the reefs off Cape Spartel, the northwest extremity of Africa. While being taken ashore by the longboat of the British armored cruiser, Duke of Edinburgh, they were thrown into the water by the capsizing of the boat, one of the daughters having a narrow escape from drowning. She was rescued by a sailor and carried to land with the others, all suffering severely from the bitter cold.

The Delhi struck at 1 o'clock in the morning in a thick fog. Immediately all the passengers hurried from their staterooms half dressed, and put on life preservers. Water poured steadily into the cabins, while enormous seas, sometimes mast high, broke over the vessel. Signals of distress were sent out by wireless, and the first warship to arrive was the French cruiser Friant.

It was long past daylight before the Friant's steam launch was able to come alongside the Delhi. In the meantime preparations were made aboard the stranded steamer to send the women and children ashore. One of the boats of the Delhi was lowered and filled with passengers. The launch finally succeeded in getting this in tow and then steamed to the British cruiser, Duke of Edinburgh, where the frightened women and children were safely taken aboard.

The Delhi is reported to be in a critical position. She is broadside on the rocks. The salvage vessel, Gibelmusa, has sailed from here with lighters and will make an attempt to save the specie, mails and luggage. The weather has moderated some, but heavy seas are still breaking over the stranded vessel.

DEMOCRATS CARRY ARIZONA.

Recall Is Eliminated Although Officers Are Pledged to Restore It.

Phoenix, Ariz. — With the count Phoenix, Dec. 14.—With the count of votes proceeding slowly, the indications are that the democrats swept Arizona in the first state elections, held yesterday.

The constitutional clause providing for the recall of judges, which was offensive to President Taft and the administration, has been eliminated from the constitution by an overwhelming vote, although all the democratic candidates on the state and legislative tickets are pledged to restore it as soon as the territory becomes a state.

George W. P. Hunt, democratic candidate for governor, is running ahead of Edward W. Wells, republican, while Carl Hayden, democrat, for congress, has a big lead over John Williams, republican.

The returns, although meager, indicate that the democrats have elected a majority of both houses of the legislature, which would mean the election of Mark Smith and Henry Ashurst, democrats, to the United States senate.

Shuster Reported Ousted.

Ottawa, Ontario. — The Montreal Star publishes the following St. Petersburg dispatch: "Thanks to the mediation of the British minister, the cabinet has terminated the contract of W. Morgan Shuster, the American treasurer-general to Persia."

Unknown Burning Ship Sinks.

Nassau, in the Bahama Islands.—An unknown French bark was seen afire near Long Island. She sank in eight fathoms of water. It is not known whether the crew were saved.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 14.—Wheat, December, $1.00½; May, $1.05⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.01⅛; No. 2 northern 99⅛c; No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 56c; No. 3 white oats, 45½c; barley, malting, $1.13; No. 2 rye, 86c; No. 1 flax, $2.04½.

Duluth, Dec. 14.—Wheat, December, $1.01⅝; May, $1.04⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.01⅛; No. 1 durum, 98c.

South St. Paul, Dec. 14.—Cattle—Steers, $3.25@4.60; cows, $2.50@4.26; calves, $2.65@7.00; hogs, $5.65@6.00; sheep and lambs, $3.25@5.50.

ONE MORE AVIATOR KILLED.

Lieut. Lantheaume Was Flying to Dine With Sisters.

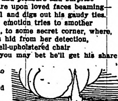
Paris, France.—Lieutenant Charles Lantheaume, a noted aviator, was instantly killed near Etamps when his monoplane fell 1,500 feet. Lieut. Lantheaume had wired his sisters at Etamps that he would fly over from Melun and take dinner with them. When almost in sight of Etamps, his monoplane fell, turning over several times in the descent.

The Joys of Christmas Time

By Kennett Harris

Hark! the merry chimes are warning us that this is Christmas morning,
And it's time that we were rising, though the hour isn't late.
Still, the kidlets will be flocking, each to overhaul his stocking,
And there's scads of things we've got to do that really cannot wait.
Yet, before we kick the clothes off (quite determined not to doze off),
Let's indulge in dreamy musing on this joyous Christmastide;
Let us, while the bells are pealing, get up some real Christmas feeling,
Fill ourselves with sweet emotions that are not quite cut and dried.
True, the minutes fast are gliding, but, consarn 'em, let 'em glide.

Think of these long weeks of waiting, all the glad anticipating
Of the gay and festive season that at last, at last is here;
Never resting, never stopping in our mad career of shopping,
Searching over the ideal, not too cheap and not too dear;
Crushed and elbowed in the reeling crowds, that like ourselves are seeking
Just the very thing of all things that their loved ones most desired.
Limp and draggled then emerging from the pushing, struggling, surging
Mob, with parcels overladen, reaching home at last, dog tired.
Those experiences may be best described as "most all-fired."

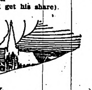


Yet no antiquated stoic showed endurance more heroic
Than we've manifested through the weary ordeal of that time;
We have stood the stress of barter with the courage of a martyr;
Now we find sweet compensation list'ning to the Christmas chime,
Whose clear cadence, soft and mellow, seems to whisper to a fellow
That the worst is nearly over, that we soon may breathe again,
Soon may find surcease of sorrow, and, that maybe by tomorrow
Or the next day, may be lifted something of this mental strain,
That a blessed sense of rest may soothe the tissues of our brain.

We have done with haste and flurry, no occasion now to worry,
Lest some sensitive relation may have been quite overlooked.
All the lists of names are checked and all the walls with green are decked,
Now within a few short hours the Christmas dinner will be cooked.
Hail to Christmas happy season! There is some substantial reason
To be gleeful at the advent—the beginning of the end.
As thou comest wreathed with holly, we can certainly be jolly,
Welcome thee with feast and wassail, and in general unbend,
For we know that we have spent for thee the last cent we can spend!

Now the door bell will cease ringing to the people who were bringing
An endless string of packages from morn to dewy eve;
We no longer will be running to conceal those things with cunning,
And we'll lose our wonted air of having something up our sleeve.
There will be a deuced litter, when the gewgaws gleam and glitter,
Of waste paper, string and cotton, from the kitchen to the hall;
But, with consciences elastic, we will grow enthusiastic
And "wonder how they guessed," as on the donors' necks we fall,
Looking blissful over dewdads that we didn't want at all.

Ah, this blessed thing of giving! It is half the joy of living
To watch the looks of gratitude and pleasure and surprise
That, at least to outward seeming, are upon loved faces beaming
As the loved one opens his parcel and digs out his gaudy ties.
And the gentle wife and mother her emotion tries to smother
When conducted by her husband, to some secret corner, where,
As a proof of fond affection, he has hid for her detection,
His gift to her, a cozy, costly, well-upholstered chair
(Of whose comforts, in the future, you may bet he'll get his share).



Now this Christmas spirit moves us to sense that it behooves us
To keep Poverty's bare platter and fill Destitution's cup.
Bring turk and pie and gladness to the homes of empty sadness!
To help out sweet Christmas charity who would not loosen up?
But it's highly aggravating not to say exasperating,
When we've given most nobly and without thought of stint,
To find out, as we expected, that the modest are neglected
And our princely benefaction hasn't found its way to print.
(Certainly we didn't ask it, but a man might take a hint.)

But away with sad reflection! This is no time for dejection.
Merry Christmas, happy Christmas, as we said, has come at last!
All the many tribulations, all the trials and vexations
That have crowded thick upon us for the last six weeks, are past.
Not a protest shall be uttered, though the house with toys is cluttered
And the kids are all parading to the sound of horn and drum.
Lusty lung and larynx voicing the extent of their rejoicing.
We will have to stand the racket now that Christmas day is come.
(Later tone our nervous system at some sanitarium).

Thank the Giver if we're able to sit 'round a well-spread table,
Where the plump white-bosomed turkey sheds its savor through the room,
And pudding comes on smoking, and there's no end to the joking,
And no heart that harbors malice and no mind o'ercast with gloom,
Let us be profoundly grateful that we have at least a plateful,
Grateful for the pepsin tablets that correct our Christmas cheer;
Hold it as among our mercies if there's coin left in our purses,
Be thankful for those dear to us and those who hold us dear.
(And most supremely thankful Christmas comes but once a year).

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Yuletide Philosophy

However, the man who grumbles 'cause he can't keep Christmas and all his money, too, ought to at least keep mum.

With many people Christmas presents will only come through the imagination, which will enable them to exhibit great presents of mind.

The best Christmas gift isn't bought at any counter, though you may have encounters getting it. It's delivered, but not by messenger. You don't care which is the giver and which the receiver. You don't go bankrupt giving it—though you may fall into the hands (and arms) of the receiver.

None is so blind as to [illegible] a pretty girl under the mistletoe.

A. H. PITKIN

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

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Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.
Remittances should be made on postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 16, 1911.

St. Cloud has adopted the commission form government. At a special election held last week the proposition carried by 942 votes for, to 316 against.

Lieut. Gov. Gordon was almost persuaded to act in the absence of Governor Eberhart and call the extra session of the legislature himself, but decided to keep hands off and let Mr. Eberhart manage the governship to suit himself.

"The consumer pays a dollar for food: the farmer gets less than 50 cents of it. Who gets the rest?" That is a question which Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture asked in his annual report. The secretary does not attempt to answer it.

By a unanimous vote the house committee on foreign affairs voted to report favorably on a resolution recommending the abrogation of the treaty of 1832 with Russia, because of the latter's refusal to recognize passports in the hands of American Jews.

Perhaps the most interesting thing shown by the meeting of the republican national committee is that the "Old Guard" is still in full control and that it proposes to nominate President Taft, win or lose. Mr. Taft is determined to be renominated and believes he can be reelected.

Minnesota was awarded the first prize on apples at the national apple show at Spokane, Wash., in the middle west special, with a score of 90 points out of a possible 100. That is a great honor when it is remembered that such good states as Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Michigan, and Missouri competed for the the prize.

As was expected Mr. Rockefeller and Rev. Mr. Gates declined the kind invitation to appear before the Stanley investigating committee. Now why not let them be subpoenaed and compelled to tell what they know or claim exemption from testifying against themselves under our criminal laws the same as any ordinary man would have to do.

There were two political lobbyists to every delegate at the St. Cloud convention and thep used all the influence they could exert to prevent the association reaffirming the demand of the Brainerd convention for an extra session. The Northern Minnesota Development association did not increase its strength of influence by this abandonment of the courageous stand it took at Brainerd.

A Wadena grocer, being short of strictly fresh eggs, sent to Minneapolis for a few cases of the cold storage variety. In unpacking the cases he came upon an egg marked with his own name and address and dated July 2, 1901. It was a case he had sold to the cold storage people ten years ago. Verily there is much truth in the saying that chickens come home to roost.—Fergus Falls Journal.

The Presidential Primary

Presidents are elected by the people not by electoral colleges. Indeed, the presidency has become the "people's office" par excellence. It is only natural and logical that the people, not "captured" delegates or "controlled" conventions, should nominate presidential candidates.

A year ago the advisory presidential primary was a radical proposal. Today the republican state committees of Massachusetts and Ohio are among the open supporters of the presidential primary. A bill for such a primary has been prepared by the Massachusetts committee and it is to have the solid support of the "regulars." Not even Senator Lodge opposes it. As for the democrats of Massachusetts, they had hoped to monopolize the thunder and get credit for it. They are strongly for the idea. In Ohio the republican chairman is demanding an "open" presidential primary.

There is a bill in congress providing for a presidential primary all over the country. Uniformity would be highly desirable, of course. The proposal is advancing. Let the people nominate. Conventions should prepare platforms and define issues.

Two Pullets in One Bird

Henry B. Lautz, a well known farmer, residing on the old Palmer place at Angus, has a most remarkable freak in the fowl line. It is a pullet nine months old, hale and hearty in every respect, which is really about a pullet and three-fourths. It has but one head, but has two tails, two bodies, one extra foot, and three wings, and is equipped to lay two eggs a day. Whether she will or not is a question that will be decided later. She kept in the house in a box and when she starts laying, if she does lay two eggs a day she will sure be a world beater. Mr. Lantz has already had several offers for this hen and will probably sell her as she will be worth more for exhibition purposes than for the eggs she lays, unless she can be taught to lay in the winter at the present prices. Laying two eggs a day at the present time, three hens would keep an ordinarily sized family in luxury, including an automobile in the summer, and the two cold months in Florida.—Crookston Times.

Magazine Poetry

When the summer moon is mooning in
the sky,
And the gentle wind is winding o'er
the lea;
When the ocean waves are waving
going by,
And the deep sea bass are basking out
at sea
Then we know there are things far
more worse,
And the earth is mute with muting
mutineers;
When you're tired of this magazine
style verse,
Just take a brace on golden grain belt
beers.
Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston,
or of your dealer.

Farmers' Short Course

There will be held at the Crookston agricultural school from Jan. 2 to 12, the second annual farmers' short course. Topics of greatest interest to the farmers of northwestern Minnesota, will be taken up and discussed during the ten days of the course. Noted speakers will be present from a number of states. They include Presidents Vincent of the Minnesota university and McVey of North Dakota university; Dean Woods and Professors Boss, Bull, Freeman, Washburn, Oswald and Williams, of the Minnesota agricultural college; Prof. Bolley of the North Dakota agricultural college will be present. It is safe to assume, that the ten days' course will be one of great profit to all who attend.

Arrangements will be made to use the north bound train in the morning to get out to the school and to return by an evening train to Crookston. A program giving the work in detail will be mailed to any one upon application to superintendent of the agricultural school, Crookston, Minn.

Rural School Notes

Permit me to call the attention of the school boards to the following extract from circular No. 11 of the department of public instruction: "You are advised that the appropriation of $22,500.00 for public school libraries for the current year has been expended. You will therefore not certify any more orders on the state auditor for library aid for remainder of this school year. Semigraded schools that desire to secure special state aid for the current school year, will nevertheless be required to expend $7.50, and rural schools of classes A, B, and C will be required to expend $5.00 in making additions to libraries. The application of each of these schools for state aid next summer must be accompanied by a receipt for purchase of library books unless the books were bought from the state library contractor, the St. Paul Book & Stationery company."

So there can be no more certificates as to library aid at this office. Get the required amounts for purchase of books any way and take a receipt therefor.

Quoting from circular No. 12, the department says:

"STATE AID.

"Owing to the increase in work at this office (department of public instruction) and to the delay in having the aid distributed at the time required by law, due to correspondence for additional information relative to some of the applications for state aid, the applications will hereafter be acted upon from the information given in them. That is, an application for aid for a semigraded or rural school will be either accepted or rejected upon the information given in the application without further correspondence.

"County superintendents should, therefore, examine carefully every application before sending to the department so as to be satisfied that the information given is correct and that every item pertaining to the school seeking aid has been answered. The payments of state aid for the past year to semigraded and first and second class rural have been made by the state treasurer to the treasurer of each county. The deficiency for the past two years also has been made up." * * "Of first and second class schools of classes A, B, and C, second class schools received $100.00 and first class schools $142.00, within $8.00 of the full amount."

In connection with this matter of state aid let me state the requirements for the same:

1. School term must be for classes A and B, that is first and second class, eight months; class C, third class, seven months.

2. The teacher for first class must hold a first grade certificate; for second class a second grade certificate; the teacher for the third class must hold at least a second grade certificate.

3. School buildings must be suitable for school purposes, clean and well kept. Each school must be provided with foot scrapers and cocoa mats.

4. Equipments. Each school must must be provided with:

a. Blackboards. At least 100 square feet. Slate preferred.

b. Unabridged dictionary, must be Webster's International, the Century, or the Standard.

c. Abridged dictionaries, several copies, not less than five, of an abridged dictionary like the Webster's academic.

d. Supplementary readers, at least two sets of readers for each class or grade in addition to the regular basic readers.

e. Maps. A complete set of eight maps, and a state map, mounted on rollers in a suitable case.

f. Globe. A good 12 inch suspension globe preferred.

g. Desks. Each school must be supplied with suitable seats and desks, properly arranged for the accommodation of all pupils.

5. Library. Each school must have a well selected library, to which there must be added yearly books to the amount of at least $10.00, purchased under the library law.

6. Heating and ventilating. Each building must be adequately heated and ventilated in one of the following ways:

a. Basement furnace promptly installed as prescribed by department.

b. Patented system of room heating and ventilating, constructed and installed in accordance with the requirements of the department.

c. Home made system, similarly constructed and installed. (See bulletins issued May, 1909, and later.)

7. Outhouses. Each building must have two properly built and well kept outhouses, some distance apart.

8. School grounds must be well kept. (See bulletin on care and equipment of school grounds.)

9. Progress. Each school must show that it has maintained a high standard of efficiency and has made some improvement during the year.

Having in view the above stated ruling of the department as to state aid, I quote these rules fully in order to acquaint schools with the same. Kindly consider these instructions and if your district aims to obtain state aid see that the requirements are fulfilled so as to enable the teacher, clerk, and county superintendent to certify to the applications readily without difficulties in any respect. Only this can insure the state aid sought. Application blanks will in due time be sent to each such district. Study it and make yourselves acquainted with its provisions.

Let me conclude this by stating for the information of our teachers that the examinations for first and second common school certificates will be held Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Feb. 8, 9, 10, and Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, July 29, 30, 31.

Those for professional certificates will be offered at the state university and the normal schools July 29, 30, 31.

High school board examinations in high and graded schools only, Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 29 and 30: Senior history, senior geography, higher algebra, solid geometry, history of England, physical geography.

In high, graded, and rural schools Friday, Monday, and Tuesday, March 15, 18, 19: Arithmetic, English grammar, United States history, and geography.

In high, graded, and rural schools Friday, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, May 24, 27, 28, and 29. All subjects.

Respectfully submitted,
E. A. MOSTUE.

Minsheu, a dictionary maker of London, in 1617 issued a work which gave the following amusing account of the origin of the word "cockney:" "A cockney, or cockny, applied only to one born within the sound of the Bow bells—that is, within the city of London—whiche terme came first out of the following tale:

"A citizen's sonne, riding with his father out of London into the country and being a novice and merely ignorant of how corne and cattel do increase, asked when he heard a horse neigh what the horse dide. His father answered, 'The horse dothe neigh.' Riding further, he heard a cock crow and said, 'Dothe the cock neigh too?' And therefore cockney, or cockneigh, by inversion thus: incoctus—i. e., raw or unripe in countrey-mens affaires."

Italian Brigandage In 1848.

One summer evening in the crowded theater an impatient house demanded the drawing of the curtain preliminary to the first act. When at last it was upraised Il Passatore and his armed band occupied the stage, with muskets aimed at the affrighted audience. The chief stated that he should levy a tax per head, which he then and there collected. The gang made off with their booty unmolested.—Lady Presturch' "Essays."

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book How to Secure TRADE-MARKS write to

C.A.SNOW & Co.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on Dec. 5, 1911.
Date of call by Supt., Dec. 5, 1911.
Date of report by bank, Dec. 9, 1911.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$103,676.62
Overdrafts		189.00
Other bonds, stocks and securities		2,506.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,694.66
Other real estate		[illegible]
Due from banks	38,109.38	
Checks and cash items	732.76	
Cash on hand, items below	4,477.96	
Currency	3,320	
Gold	429	
Silver	686.00	
Other	46.05	
Total cash assets	43,619.72	43,619.72
Total		157,657.76

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		2,962.96
Deposits subject to check	36,447.61	
Demand certificates	893.37	
Total immediate liabilities	36,380.98	
Time certificates	105,373.82	
Total deposits	142,754.80	142,754.80
Total		157,657.76

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington } ss.

We, Daniel Patterson, vice president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

DANIEL PATTERSON, President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Correct, Attest:
LEONARD HOLMES,
DANIEL PATTERSON, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of December, 1911.
SEAL H. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 20, 1918.

A Pure Aluminum 35c Sauce Pan for...12c

A SPECIAL BARGAIN

Try one and see how you can cook without scorching or burning food. It is light in weight and looks like silver. It doesn't tarnish. No enamel to chip off into the food. Cooks in one-fourth of the time ordinarily required.

The genuine "1892" Pure Aluminum can always be told by the Maltese Cross. Every piece guaranteed or your money back.

Be sure and buy one from your dealer today. *For Sale by*

A. H. PITKIN

America's Greatest Weekly

THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States

Circulation 240,000

Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising.

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address,

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie 7:40 a. m.
Arrived from Wylie 5:55 p. m.

Subscribe for the Spectator

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	91
" " 2 "	88
" " 3 "	84
Flax, No. 1	$1.94
" " 2	1.85
Barley, for 50 lbs	55
Oats	38
Eggs	30
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@8
Chickens, alive	4@7
Hides	10
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Notice of Sale in Ditch Proceedings

SALE OF DITCH JOB.

Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of December, A. D. 1911, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the office of the county auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the court house in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county, the county auditors of Red Lake and Pennington counties will meet for that purpose and sell the job of digging and constructing Judicial Ditch No. 3 of Red Lake and Pennington counties, together with branches thereof, shown in the engineer's report all as established by order of the judge of the district court of Red Lake county, Minnesota.

Sealed bids will be received at the said time for the work as one job, or for one or more linear sections of one hundred feet thereof, as shown by the engineer's stakes, or for any portion of the said main ditch or branches, said work to be completed within the time required therefor, and in the manner specified in the said engineer's report. No bid will be entertained which exceeds by thirty (30) per cent the estimate cost of the construction of the part of said work covered by said bid, and no bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a certified check on a state or national bank for not less than ten (10) per cent of the amount of such bid, payable to A. H. Fasel, auditor of Pennington county, and A. A. Latendresse, auditor of Red Lake county, Minnesota, and certified check of successful bidder to be forfeited to the said counties in case successful bidder fails to enter into contract and execute a bond as provided by law. The estimates, profile, blue-prints and specifications, and plats or maps of the said ditch are on file in the office of the clerk of district court of said Red Lake county, Minnesota, in the city of Red Lake Falls in said county.

The approximate amount of work to be done in the matter of the construction of such ditch is as follows: Estimated number of cubic yards of excavation of main ditch extension to main ditch and branches is 86,128.0 cubic yards of earth.

Estimated total cost of the work is the sum of $12,098.00.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Dated this 28th day of November A. D. 1911.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor Red Lake County, Minn.
d2-31

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. B. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue
Office Phone 24 [illegible]

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 p. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

Church.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Morning service at 11 a. m.

League at 3 p. m.

Epworth " at 6:15 p. m.

Evening service at 8 p. m.

Paul M. Palmer, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30

Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.

Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11:30 m.

Sunday school at 1 p. m.

Rev. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. Post, Sec. C. H. Steen, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3666 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

Carl Johnson, V. C.

C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. Steen, President.

C. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 182 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

Lofbeen, President. Morris Laselle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson

Physician and Surgeon

Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz

CIVIL ENGINEER

Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

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PENNINGTON COUNTY

MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

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Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the

FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.

Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year

ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.

Six months, 30 cents.

3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

Call on A Satterberg for hard coal and get right prices.

Have you seen the nobby line of neckties at A. H. Pitkin's.

The new livery barn is now ready for business in the feed line.

Nathan Lazar went Tuesday to Minneapolis on a business mission.

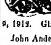
Miss Nellie and Inga Folstad were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

A complete line of jewelery and watches for the holiday trade at A. H. Pitkin's.

Emil Just has purchased the August Elmquist residence on the west side of the railroad.

The creamery will not be open on Christmas or New Years, but will receive cream on the following Tuesdays.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Tuesday, Dec. 15, at the home of Mrs. J. D. Johnson.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

John Anderson of Gadske, Marshall county, a former St. Hilaire resident, is shaking hands with old friends.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house, Sunday Dec. 24, at 10:30 a. m.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

Carl Krueger.

Kolstad and Peterson have just completed a common woodshed for the United church. The Young People's society is footing the bills.

Friends of Miss Gertrude Hooper gave her a pleasant surprise last evening, the occasion being her birthday. About twenty-five guests were present.

I have some of the best and biggest bargains in granite ware that have ever been offered. Morris Laselle at A. H. Pitkin's hardware department.

Mrs. John Sondahl of Langford, N. D., is here for a holiday visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lars Netteland. Mr. Sondahl is expected to arrive here today.

For Sale—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf Mrs. E. Waterman.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathson's.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

"Santa Claus and the Christmas Candles" will be presented at the Imperial hall Monday, Christmas night, by the M. E. Sunday school scholars. There will be Christmas tree.

Lost.—A dog, an English setter, white, black, and tan, with brown on head; answers to name of Dick. Owners name on collar. Last seen Sunday, Nov. 26. Suitable reward for his return. I. Dalin.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

It seems that in moving the Axel Anderson building out to his farm last week, Charles Ford broke or pulled down about twenty telephone wires in town including two farm lines. He also broke the Northwestern line at the railroad held the southbound passenger train over an hour. Altogether he must have had quite an exiting time. G. W. Hooper has begun action against him for damages.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church will hold a sale on Dec. 20. Before buying your Christmas presents wait for the sale and look over the lot of fine presents—aprons, sofa pillows, table covers, and many other little articles too numerous to mention. One of the attractions will be a fishpond which will be the surprise of the evening. Ice cream and cake for sale at one of the booths. Come and see who gets the spread. Remember the date and in the mean time save your spare change.

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER

Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either

ORGAN OR PIANO

In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Charlotte Benson was at the county seat Friday.

Buy you Christmas candy, nuts and fruit at A. H. Pitkin's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Olson, who have been guests at the S. Benson home, returned Monday to Halstad.

Mrs N. R. Karwan returned to Thief River Falls Thursday after a visit with Mrs. Cliftgaard.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister and Miss Tomina Wilson were in Thief River Falls Thursday.

A nice wool blanket would make a fine Christmas present. A. H. Pitkin has a large assortment.

Miss Martha Brakke of Thief River Falls came down last evening as the guest of Miss Mabel Patterson.

C. C. Elliott and C. A. Ellickson returned Wednesday from an extended business visit to Iowa points.

The last weeks series of meetings at the United church was well attended and is considered a success by all interested.

Oscar Peterson returned Saturday from St. Anthony Park, where he took a four weeks' course in the dairy branch of the state agricultural college.

Keep Christmas night open, and go hear the Cantata which is full of Christmas cheer and good will. At Imperial Hall, Christmas night at eight o'clock.

Go to G I. Fellman if you want to take your best girl out for a sleigh ride, or if you want to take you want to take your mother-in-law out I can fix you out

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Scandinavian Mission church services by Rev. John Olson in the Eastside school house Thursday Dec. 21, at 7:30 p. m. and at the home of Olaus Lorentson in Black River Friday Dec. 22, at 7:30 p. m.

BIG SALE ON HATS

Beginning on Saturday, Dec. 16, and continuing one week only. For every 50 ct. purchase you will receive a chance on winning a beautiful doll.

All kinds of Christmas tree decorations and ornaments.

AT HOLMES' MILLINERY STORE

A movement is on foot for the establishment of a reading room and organization of some kind of a literary society. All interested in the undertaking are requested to meet next Tuesday evening at the village hall, at 8 o'clock. The building formerly occupied by H. O. Jackson as a barber shop can be procured for a very reasonable rental and fixing up would make a good place for the reading room.

Bids for Ice

The board of directors of the creamery association will meet next Wednesday and receive and consider bids for putting up ice.

Notice

All those knowing themselves to be indebted to Mike Anderson are requested to call on the undersigned and settle their accounts before Jan. 1, next. K. O. Gigstad.

An Open Letter

To the Public:

I sincerely appreciate the cordial reception which you tendered the opening of my new rest and waiting room Friday. It is yours to use and to use freely, and if you realize this fact and take advantage of it, I shall feel repaid for the expense of installing it.

Next week, on both Wednesday and Friday, a demonstration of Blue Shield coffee and Manchester biscuit will be given. Use the rest room every day, and remember the free demonstration next Wednesday and Friday. A. H. Pitkin.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN

Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE

BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Elected Officers

At their meeting Tuesday evening the Woodmen elected officers as follows:

Carl Johnson, V. C.; A. R. Jones, W. A.; Leonard Holmes, E. B. Dr. C. Swanson, clerk.

The M. B. A. elected officers on Monday evening as follows:

Carl Steen, president; H. Wallin, vice president.; A. S. Wilson, treasurer; Dr. C. Swanson, secretary

The Epworth League have elected officers as follows:

President, Miss Esther Palmer. 1st Vice, Miss Anna Boehm; 2nd Vice, Miss Alice Hall; 3rd Vice, Edwin Roy; 4th Vice, Mrs. O. E. Post; Secretary, Neil Dahl; Treasurer, Miss Katherine Patterson; Organist, Grace Hall.

CENTRAL

MEAT MARKET

Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

Tourists

who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer

"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.

St. Paul, Minn.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season

House plants and cut flowers

TOMATO PLANTS a specialty

MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.

THIEF RIVER FALLS MI.

CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

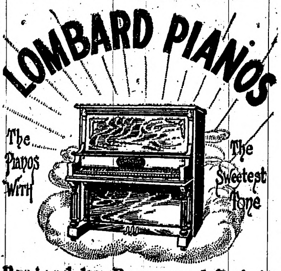
Everything new, neat, and clean

Traveling men's trade solicited

Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.

ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE

BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairdy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proved to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Parson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,

MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE

St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the T and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 635 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $25 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils [illegible] this proof of superior [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other "adds" with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible] Next term begins soon. For booklet write [illegible] LELAND WATKINS [illegible]

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures all blood humors, all eruptions, clears the complexion, creates an appetite, aids digestion, relieves that tired feeling, gives vigor and vim.

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Baby's Health

Watch your baby's health carefully. If it is peevish, fretful, picks at the nose, has foul breath, or sour stomach—give it Kickapoo Worm Killer, the best remedy for children.

It is a sure cure for worms and all stomach ailments. Acts as a gentle tonic and strengthener. Cleanses the bowels. Purifies and enriches the blood. A harmless candy lozenge—all children like it. A box for 25 cents, at all druggists or by mail.

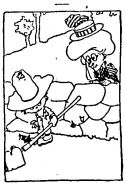
KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR ALL SORE EYES

PISO'S
THE BEST MEDICINE
for COUGHS & COLDS

HIS VOCATION.



"I suppose you'll be an agriculturist when you grow up?"

"No'm. I'm jest goin' to work on this farm, that's all."

Somewhat Inconsistent.

The young woman had spent a busy day. She had browbeaten fourteen sales-people, bullyragged a shopwalker, argued victoriously with a milliner, laid down the law to a modiste, nipped in the bud a taxi chauffeur's attempt to overcharge her, made a street-car conductor stop the car in the middle of a non-stop run for her, discharged her maid and engaged another, and otherwise refused to allow herself to be imposed upon. Yet she did not smile that evening when a young man begged:

"Let me be your protector through life!"

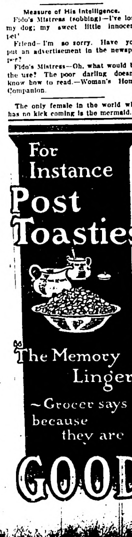
Measure of His Intelligence.

Fido's Mistress (sobbing)—I've lost my dog; my sweet little innocent pet!

Friend—I'm so sorry. Have you put an advertisement in the newspaper?

Fido's Mistress—Oh, what would be the use? The poor darling doesn't know how to read.—Woman's Home Companion.

The only female in the world who has no kick coming is the mermaid.



In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Wells.—A large barn on the Tom Zimney farm burned and five horses and other personal property were destroyed.

Winona.—Rev. B. T. Russell, pastor of Olive Branch M. E. church, has been appointed to the pastorate of the First Methodist church of Rapid City, S. D.

Minneapolis. — The St. Andrews Hospital association of the German Lutheran church will build a $100,000 hospital in Southeast Minneapolis.

Albert Lea.—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bellveau, of Jessenland township, is dead as the result of eating the heads of four or five matches.

Winona.—Invitations have been sent out for the winter reunion of the bodies of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite in the valley of Winona on Jan. 22, 23, 24 and 25.

Bemidji.—A new bridge will be erected across the Mississippi river within the city limits of Bemidji, and work on the structure will begin as soon as practicable next spring.

Duluth—The National Guard companies, A., E. and C., of Duluth, will enter the competition at St. Paul, Dec. 14, for the gold medal offered for the best drilled company in the state.

Pipestone.—The call for a report of the banks of Pipestone found the institutions in good shape. The total resources of the three banks here amounted to $1,156,206.14, and the total deposits to $946,133.69.

Waterville.—The city council has granted a twenty-five-year franchise to the Consumers' Power company to construct a plant to distribute electricity for lighting, heating and other purposes. The plant will be in full operation within six months.

Austin. — The Austin Commercial club has elected the following officers: O. J. Simmons, president; E. M. Doane, vice president; H. W. Hurlburt, treasurer; W. L. Van Camp, secretary; directors for three years, J. D. Sheady, J. L. Nutchell. Membership committee, N. Nicholsen, W. H. Albertson, Charles E. Greene, W. H. Nangle, George Purham.

Pipestone.—To drop dead from heart failure in his granary while getting feed for his stock was the fate of William Scott, a farmer residing east of here. Not seeing Scott about his place for several days, John Heines, a neighbor, made an investigation and found the lifeless body of the man in the granary. The body was frozen and it is believed that death occurred two or three days before.

Pipestone.—The annual meeting of the Pipestone County Agricultural association has just been held. Substantial buildings will be built on the grounds of the Pipestone Driving Park association. J. H. Crawford of Airlie was elected president of the society for the coming year; C. S. Howard of Edgerton, vice president; Miss Jessie Walkup of Pipestone, secretay; E. J. Feldman of Trosky, treasurer.

Minneapolis — At the last meeting of the athletic board of control of the University of Minnesota, it was voted to offer Dr. H. L. Williams a three-year contract at a salary of $3,500, the same as the contract he is now under calls for. This practically insures the remaining of the coach at the Gopher school for the next three years.

Barnesville.—At the preliminary debate Maurice Masterson and the Misses Erlice Nelson and Beatrice Gunness were chosen to represent Barnesville high in the state debating league on the question of parcels post. The judges were Professor E. B. Collins, Moorhead, Miss Agnes Hatch, Fergus Falls, and Rev. Mr. Boyd, of this city. The debate between Barnesville and Moorhead is set for Jan. 1.

Elysian.—Elysian has organized a Commercial Club and its first undertaking has proved eminently successful, and was a boost for the Mankato-to-the-Twin-Cities state road. A delegation went before the county board of LeSueur county and asked that the road from the Blue Earth county line east through Elysian to Waterville be declared a state road, and the board took action complying with the request.

Crookston.—Judge Watts has granted a divorce to Mrs. Asjes Underdahl of Lillo. The plaintiff is 70 and she was given a divorce from Gjerman O. Underhahl, age 56. She alleged that on an average of once a week her husband had kicked her out of the house and at times she had been forced to wander about on the road all night, and on one or two occasions had slept in hay and straw stacks. On Sept. 8 he locked her upstairs in their home, and then removed the ladder by which they climbed to the second floor.

Luverne.—Sunday was the sixtieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. La Due, and the occasion was quietly observed by a reunion of members of the family. Mr. La Due is over 84 years of age, having been born in Chautauqua county, New York, on April 27, 1827. His wife is nearly 80. They were married at Mayville, N. Y., on Dec. 10, 1851.

Duluth.—The Polish population celebrated the eightieth anniversary of the war for Polish independence. Daniel Lawler, of St. Paul, Mayor Cullom, of Duluth, and John Osadink, of Cloquet, delivered addresses.

St. Peter.—The annual meeting of the Nicollet County Agricultural Society resulted in the election of the following officers: J. M. Turner, of Oshawa, president; J. H. Nutter, of Traverse, first vice president; James Randolph, of Kasota, second vice president; J. C. Hulett, of St. Peter, secretary; Charles H. Jackson, of St. Peter, treasurer; Wendell Hodapp, of North Mankato, directors.

Brainerd. — Mrs. William Barnum and Mrs. Richards lost their lives in a fire that destroyed their residence at Cass Lake. Other inmates barely escaped with their lives

WESTERN CANADA FARMER SECURES WORLD'S PRIZE FOR WHEAT

A ROSTHERN, SASK., FARMER THE LUCKY WINNER.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy of the Canadian Pacific Railway offered $1,000 in gold as a prize for the best 100 lbs. of wheat, grown on the American continent, to be competed for at the recent Land Show in New York. In making the competition open, the donor of this handsome prize showed his belief in the superiority of Canadian wheat lands, by throwing the contest open to farmers of all America, both United States and Canada. The United States railways were by no means anxious to have the Canadian railways represented at the show and a New York paper commenting on the results of the competitions says that they were not to be blamed, as the Canadians captured the most important prize of the show.

The winner of this big wheat prize was Mr. Seager Wheeler of Rosthern, Saskatchewan, and its winning has brought a great deal of credit on the district. The winning wheat was the Marquis variety, and received no more attention from Mr. Wheeler than his other grain, but he is a very particular farmer. His farm is one of the cleanest and best kept in the Rosthern district, and this year he won first prize in a good farm competition which included every feature of farming and every part of the farm. Last winter Wheeler was a prize winner at the provincial seed fair in Regina.

Wheeler is a firm believer in sowing clean seed of the best quality procurable, consequently his grain is much sought after by the best farmers for seed purposes.

Wheeler is an Englishman. He is a pioneer of Rosthern, coming here fifteen years ago. In the last six years he has done much experimenting, particularly in wheat varieties. His farm resembles an experimental farm. A long driveway, lined on both sides with trees, leads to a modest house, the home of Wheeler, a modest, unassuming man with the appearance of a student rather than a man engaged in commercial pursuits.

There are now no free homesteads to be had in this district, and farm lands are worth from $20 to $40 per acre, which a few years ago were secured by their present owners, either as a free gift or purchased at from $5 to $8 per acre.

It is not many miles from Rosthern, where the farmer lives, who secured the first prize for wheat last year at the National Corn Exposition at Columbus and West of Rosthern, about 150 miles, lives Messrs. Hill and Son, who won the Colorado Silver Trophy, valued at $1,500, for the best peck of oats, also awarded at the National Corn Show at Columbus in 1910.

Not contented with the high honors obtained in its wheat, Canada again stepped forward into the show ring, and carried off the Stillwell trophy and $1,000 for the best potatoes on the continent. This time the winner was a British Columbia man, Mr. Asabel Smith, the "Potato King," of that province. The exhibit consisted of one hundred and one varieties drawn from all parts of the province aggregating in weight one and a half tons.

At the recent Dry Farming Congress, held at Colorado Springs, and at which time it was decided to hold the next Congress at Lethbridge, in 1912, the Province of Alberta made a wonderful showing of grains, grasses and vegetables.

"At the Congress, Alberta got more prizes and trophies, ten to one, than any state of the Union," said Mr. Hotchkiss to the Edmonton Bulletin. "We brought back all but the building with us, and they offered us that, saying we might as well take all that was going. We would have brought it along, too, if we had had a flat car to put it on. Alberta captured nearly 50 first prizes, 20 seconds, 3 thirds, 9 cups, 40 medals, 50 ribbons and 2 sweepstakes. The grand sweepstake prize, for the best exhibit by state or province, a magnificent silver cup, was presented to us with much ceremony at a reception to the Canadians in the Empress hotel. The presentation was made by Prof. Olin, chairman of the judging committee, and the cup was received on behalf of the province by the Hon. Duncan Marshall.

The Difference.

"John M. Harlan," said a Chicago lawyer, in a eulogy of the late Supreme court justice, "had a way of pointing an observation with a story. Once he wanted to rebuke a man for exaggeration, so he said he was as bad as a Pittsburg millionaire who was being interviewed by a New York reporter.

"'Where, sir, were you born?' the reporter, as he sharpened his pencil, asked.

"'I was born in Pittsburg,' said the millionaire.

"'And when did you first—er—see the light of day?'

"'When I was nine,' the millionaire replied. 'My people then moved to Philadelphia.'"

Many people have receding gums. Rub Hamlins Wizard Oil on gums and stop the decay; chase the disease germs with a mouth wash of a few drops to a spoonful of water.

The Paradox.

"My doctor is a paradoxical one."

"How so?"

"The more he reduced the swelling the higher the bills grew."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Only a good man can believe that a woman is better than he is.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Too many "eye openers" will close a man's eyes.

And a kiss in the dark is one kind of an electric spark.

It Means Health For the Child

The careful mother, who watches closely the physical peculiarities of her children, will soon discover that the most important thing in connection with a child's constant good health is to keep the bowels regularly open. Sluggish bowels will be followed by loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder.

At the first sign of such disorder give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at night on retiring and repeat the dose the following night if necessary—more than that will scarcely be needed. You will find that the child will recover its accustomed good spirits at once and will eat and sleep normally.

This remedy is a vast improvement over salts, cathartics, laxative waters and similar things, which are altogether too powerful for a child. The homes of Mrs. Evelyn Matson, 516 Milwaukee St., Milwaukee, Wis., and Mrs. Kate Hawley, Waukesha, Wis., are always supplied with Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and with them, as with thousands of others, there is no substitute for this grand laxative. It is really more than a laxative, for it contains superior tonic properties which help to tone and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels so that after a brief use of it all laxatives can be dispensed with and nature will do its own work.

Anyone wishing to make a trial of this remedy before buying it in the regular way of a druggist at fifty cents or one dollar a large bottle (family size) can have a sample bottle sent to the home free of charge by simply addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. Your name and address on a postal card will do.

Wanted—A Handhold.

Meandering Mike heaved such a deep sigh that his companion was moved to ask him what the matter was.

"I was just thinking about bad roads and the wonders of science," was the answer. "This earth is spinning round faster'n a railway train behind time."

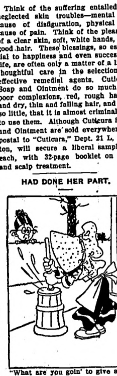
"Well, we ain't fell off yet."

"No. But think of what a convenience it would be if we could have some place to grab on to while de territory slid under our feet until de place we wanted to go to come along."
—Youth's Companion.

IT IS CRIMINAL TO NEGLECT THE SKIN AND HAIR

Think of the suffering entailed by neglected skin troubles—mental because of disfiguration, physical because of pain. Think of the pleasure of a clear skin, soft, white hands, and good hair. These blessings, so essential to happiness and even success in life, are often only a matter of a little thoughtful care in the selection of effective remedial agents. Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair, and cost so little, that it is almost criminal not to use them. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a postal to "Cuticura," Dept. 21 L, Boston, will secure a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on skin and scalp treatment.

HAD DONE HER PART.



"What are you goin' to give at the preacher's donation party, Mandy?"

"Lands sake! Nuthin'. Why, I give the preacher a real store necktie that cost 10 cents at his donation party only three years ago!"

Resigned.

The sick man had called his lawyer. "I wish to explain again to you," said he weakly, "about willing my property."

The attorney held up his hand reassuringly. "There, there," said he, "leave that all to me."

The sick man sighed resignedly. "I suppose I might as well," said he, turning upon his pillow. "You'll get it, anyway."

THE LITTLE WIDOW

A Mighty Good Sort of Neighbor to Have.

"A little widow, a neighbor of mine, persuaded me to try Grape-Nuts when my stomach was so weak that it would not retain food of any other kind," writes a grateful woman, from San Bernardino Co., Cal.

"I had been ill and confined to my bed with fever and nervous prostration for three long months after the birth of my second boy. We were in despair until the little widow's advice brought relief.

"I liked Grape-Nuts food from the beginning, and in an incredibly short time it gave me such strength that I was able to leave my bed and enjoy my three good meals a day. In 2 months my weight increased from 95 to 113 pounds, my nerves had steadied down and I felt ready for anything. My neighbors were amazed to see me gain so rapidly, and still more so when they heard that Grape-Nuts alone had brought the change.

"My 4-year-old boy had eczema very bad last spring and lost his appetite entirely, which made him cross and peevish. I put him on a diet of Grape-Nuts which he relished at once. He improved from the beginning, the eczema disappeared and now he is fat and rosy, with a delightfully soft, clear skin. The Grape-Nuts diet did it. I will willingly answer all inquiries. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A LUTHERAN PIONEER

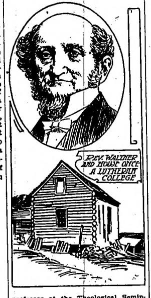
Centenary of Rev. Walther's Birth Is Observed.

Conspicuous Figure in the Church's History Who Came to America to Enjoy Full Liberty of Conscience.

St. Louis, Mo.—There is a large church body known as The Lutheran Synod of Missouri, Ohio and other states, the main founder, leader and advocate of which was Carl Ferdinand Wilhelm Walther, D. D., whose 100th birthday has recently observed for days by special services in thousands of churches of the Lutheran faith in the United States and Canada and all parts of the world.

Prof. Walther, the most conspicuous figure in the history of American Lutheranism, was born October 25, 1811, in Saxony, Germany. In the gymnasium of Schneeberg he received a thorough classical education and then pursued the studies of theology of Leipzig. After graduating from that institution with high honors he ministered for a brief period to a state church in his native land. However, his strict adherence to "God's word and Luther's doctrine pure" and his outspoken frankness soon brought him in conflict with the powers that were and he resolved to seek in free America that full liberty of conscience which was denied him in the land of his birth. He landed on our shores in the year 1838, in company with several brother ministers and a small band of emigrants who, like the Pilgrim Fathers, sought a haven of refuge and liberty on America's free soil.

After a short stay in Perry county, Mo., where the first college, a small log cabin, was erected, he removed to St. Louis, where he passed his long and useful life. As first pastor of four large and influential congregations in St. Louis, as president and


REV. WALTHER AND HOUSE ONCE A LUTHERAN COLLEGE

professor at the Theological Seminary here, as editor of several church papers, as author of several church of valuable theological works, as president of the Lutheran Missouri Synod, he labored unceasingly and his name and fame became world wide.

And he lived to see in part the fruits of his labors. In place of the first little college in Perry county there was erected and dedicated 44 years later in St. Louis the handsome seminary in which today over 300 young men are being prepared for the Lutheran ministry. To this we must add another theological seminary at Springfield, Ill., one teachers' seminary at Chicago, Ill., and one at Seward, Neb., and a dozen of colleges (preparatory institutions for the ministry) in this country and foreign lands.

The Lutheran Synod of Missouri, founded, mainly through the influence of Dr. Walther, in 1847 in Chicago by 12 ministers and 12 congregations, today numbers over 2,200 ministers, 3,000 congregations, 600,000 communicant members and 2,100 parish schools in which 2,400 teachers instruct 94,000 pupils. The synod also has a large publishing house at St. Louis, which nets annually at least $100,000. And her missionaries are sent out into all parts of the world to preach the Gospel in 20 or 30 different languages. Thus the little mustard seed planted by Dr. Walther has grown and today stands as a large tree whose branches are spreading out over land and sea. But for all this Dr. Walther to his end remained an humble servant of the Lord, holding to his chosen motto: "Soli Deo Gloria—All glory and honor to God alone." He died at St. Louis May 7, 1887.

Pistol Toters to Rock Pile.

Macon, Ga.—Persons convicted of carrying concealed weapons in this city need not expect leniency. Judge Hodges has declared that the recent prevalency of pistol cases makes it necessary for him to stringently enforce the law, and offenders in his court will receive straight chain-gang sentences, this being, it is believed, the most effective means of breaking up the practice.

Finds $500 Ring in a Cow.

Charleroi, Pa.—When Otto Bohemi, a German meat man, started to butcher a cow he did not realize that he was prospecting under his lucky star until he pulled a costly diamond-set ring from its paunch. A hasty inspection revealed his fortunate find, and he forgot to work, and hustled to a jeweler's for an appraisement. A careful examination showed the diamond to be worth $500. It is supposed the cow swallowed the diamond while eating alfalfa.

Husband Was Willing.

The Scot has no monopoly of domestic felicity, as many a piquant paragraph bears witness. The other day an old farmer and his wife were "doing" the sights of a provincial town, and, among other places, they visited a panorama of South Africa.

The views were extremely interesting, and the couple were enjoying themselves to the full. As scene after scene passed, the woman's enthusiasm increased, and at length, turning to her husband, she exclaimed:

"Oh, Sandy, this is really splendid. I could jist sit here all my days."

"Ah, weel, Jennie, woman," replied Sandy, to the mirth of those sitting near, "just sit you still there; I'll not grudge the saxpence."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Decidely Novel.

Ella—It was a novel proposal.

Stella—What did he say?

Ella—That he begged the proud privilege of getting up mornings to build the fire for me.

Give and Take.

Howell—Does he take things philosophically?

Powell—Yes, but he doesn't part with them philosophically.—Woman's Home Companion.

You have a corking good memory if you don't tell the same story to the same crowd twice.—Atchison Globe.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

DEFIANCE STARCH

16 OUNCES TO THE PACKAGE—OTHER STARCHES ONLY 12 OUNCES—SAME PRICE AND "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY

N. W. N. U., NO. 50–1911.

The Human Heart

The heart is a wonderful double pump, through the action of which the blood stream is kept sweeping 'round and round through the body at the rate of seven miles an hour. "Remember this, that our bodies will not stand the strain of over-work without good, pure blood any more than the engine can run smoothly without oil." After many years of study in the active practice of medicine, Dr. R. V. Pierce found that when the stomach was out of order, the blood impure and there were symptoms of general breakdown, a tonic made of the glyceric extract of certain roots was the best corrective. This he called

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

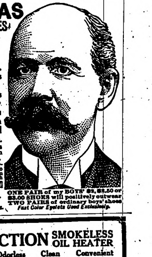
Being made without alcohol, this "Medical Discovery" helps the stomach to assimilate the food, thereby curing dyspepsia. It is especially adapted to diseases attended with excessive tissue waste, notably in convalescence from various fevers, for thin-blooded people and those who are always "catching cold."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book of 1008 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men and Women

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS



The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then realize why I warrant them to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

Shoes Sent Everywhere.—All Charges Prepaid.

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.

Illustrated Catalog Free.
W. L. DOUGLAS,
145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Smokeless Odorless Clean Convenient

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater warms up a room in next to no time. Always ready for use. Can be carried easily to any room where extra warmth is needed.

A special automatic device makes it impossible to turn the wick too high or too low. Safe in the hands of a child.

The Perfection burns nine hours on one filling—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted. Handsomely finished; drums of blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings.

Ask your dealer or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Give Lenox Soap a trial and you will find that it is absolutely satisfactory for general household use.

The quality is high. The shape is convenient. The price is low.

Lenox Soap

"Just fits the hand."

The Famous **Rayo** Lamps and Lanterns

Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil used.

The light is strong and steady. A Rayo never flickers. Materials and workmanship are the best. Rayo lamps and lanterns last.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1911. NUMBER 24.

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Washington.

Democratic Leader Underwood predicted that the caucus of the house democrats would not authorize an omnibus public building bill at this session of congress, notwithstanding the public building committee's recommendation for one.

The Sherwood service pension bill, which would add upwards of $40,000,000 to the government's annual expenditures by granting increased pensions to civil and Mexican war veterans on the basis of length of service, was passed by the house despite the determined opposition of many democratic leaders.

A plea for the creation of a special committee of five to investigate the so-called "money trust" was made before the house rules committee by Representative Lindebergh of Minnesota. Mr. Lindebergh's contention is that a syndicate of bankers and allied capital controlling the reserve funds in American banks dominates the financial world.

Former Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, chairman of the national monetary commission, had a conference with President Taft at the white house. The president expects to make suggestions for what he considers necessary financial reforms in a message to congress after the holidays, and it was understood that Senator Aldrich talked with him over such legislation.

Indictment and prosecution of railroads which fail to refund promptly manifest overcharges on the transportation of freight, hereafter will be requested by the interstate commerce commission. The commission called official attention to the fact that "it is as unlawful for a carrier to overcharge a shipper as it is to give him a rebate." It also says that the refund of overcharges should be made without an order from the commission.

General.

The McNamara brothers have been put to work in the prison jute mill.

Soil products of Iowa for the year of 1911 are valued at $388,991,154.

The resolution terminating the treaty with Russia was passed in the house.

The Indianapolis grand jury is going deeply into the dynamite outrages.

President Taft gives out no hint as to what he will do with the pension bill.

A bill in congress provides for a distribution of the relics of the Maine.

Thomas Knorrer, publisher of the Munich Neueste Nachrichten, died at at Munich.

The Page bill enlarging federal aid for agricultural instruction was in conference.

Senator Works charged negligence in the care of veterans at the national soldiers' home at Los Angeles.

The bill requiring two wireless operators on steamers was introduced by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska.

Lieut. Charl Lantheaume, the well known French military aviator, was killed by a fall.

President Taft has accepted an invitation to open the twelfth International Association of Navigation congress at Philadelphia, May 23.

Officials of the Turkish was office are circulating complaint that the Italian troops in Tripoli are using dum bullets.

An adjournment of congress Thursday, December 21, until Wednesday, January 3, was agreed upon in the house. Tariff legislation will be deferred until after the Christmas recess.

The advance guard of the LaFollette presidential candidacy will invade Ohio between December 26 and December 30, when a campaign of oratory will be started in various parts of the state.

Six carloads or 37,500 gallons of a tomato paste used in the manufacture of catsup were seized in Chicago by order of United States district Attorney James H. Wilkerson on a charge that the substance contained decayed vegetable matter and was "filthy."

Senator Cummins insists the supreme court should review the decree in the tobacco dissolution case.

The infant daughter of Queen Victoria of Spain, who was born recently, probably will receive the name of Christine.

A license to wed was issued to Edith Pulitzer, daughter of the late Joseph Pulitzer, and William Scoville Moore, son of Clement Clark Moore.

Two young officers from the president's yacht Mayflower, Lieutenants J. S. Dowell, Jr., and A. L. Bristol, Jr., have been ordered to Berlin to study German shipbuilding methods.

A suit was filed at Boston for the dissolution of the United Shoe Machinery company.

At a meeting of the board of trustees of the Carnegie institution of Washington $1,200,000 was appropriated for the work for 1912.

The urgent deficiency bill, carrying appropriation of $2,270,000, was passed in the House.

Democratic Leader Underwood said it was unlikely the house would pass an omnibus building bill.

Lillian Graham and Ethel Conrad were acquitted of the shooting of Millionaire W. E. D. Stokes.

Veterans of Cuba feel themselves able to dictate to the president, and seemingly have succeeded.

The report of the investigating board on the wreck of the Maine was sent by the president to congress.

Legislation for direct election of United States senators apparently is hopelessly hung up in conference.

The foreign affairs committee agreed to favorably report the Sulzer resolution for abrogation of Russian treaty.

More than 50,000,000 animals were inspeced during the last fiscal year by the United States bureau of animal industry.

A report crrent in London is that Prince Arthur of Connaught will succeed General Baron Hardinge as viceroy of India.

An eighty-million dollar highway improvement appropriation bill has been introduced by Representative Prouty of Iowa.

State Representative Hull of Illinois testified before the Lorimer election inquiry that a "whisky" lobby had existd at Springfield.

The flour output of Minneapolis is approximated at 16,000,000 barrels and will turn the high water mark, according to the millers.

Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, discussing trust regulation before the interstate commerce committee, urged the competitive system.

The 50,000 women suit makers and 3,000 tailors who have been on strike in Berlin since November 23 have abandoned the struggle.

The Canadian Pacific liner Empress of China, which went ashore on July 27, forty miles from Yokohama during a fog, was refloated.

Reports have been received in London that the health of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is again causing great uneasiness.

Governor Marion E. Hay of Washington has declined to call a special session of the legislature for the enactment of a presidential preference primary bill.

The committee of the German Aero club has decided that the international baloon race for the James Gordon Bennett trophy is to be held at Stuttgart next year.

The general tariff situation, and particularly President Taft's forthcoming message to congress on the wool tariff schedules, were discussed at length by the cabinet.

An investigation to determine why the price of sugar was increased several cents a pound last summer was begun by the house committee appointed to investigate sugar conditions.

Mrs. Agnes Taylor Schwartz, sister to the late President John Taylor of the Mormon church, and mother-in-law of President Joseph F. Smith, died at Salt Lake City. She was ninety years old.

On or before July 1, 1912 is the time fixed for the payment to China of the 3,100,000 pesos, as indemnity for subjects of that country massacred in Torreon by Mexicans during the recent revolution.

A personal campaign to secure senatorial support for the British and French arbitration treaties was begun by President Taft.

Enough ammunition to supply the United States army, navy and state militia for three and a half years will be in the arsenals and strong boxes of the United States at the end of the present year.

Chairman Fitzgerald of the appropriations committee charged that the government estimates had been cut below actual needs; that a treasury deficit is in prospect and that investigating committees are costing heavily.

The application of Charles W. Morse, the convicted New York banker, for a commutation of his fifteen-year sentence on account of the serious condition of his health, probably will be disposed of by President Taft before Christmas.

With one national political convention coming to Chicago in 1912, citizens there have pledged themselves to pay all expenses of the econd if it should be voted there at the meeting of its national committee in Washington on January 8.

The Omaha railway announced the installation of a 19½ per cent milling in transit rate per houndred pounds on wheat from Kansas City to Chicago via Minneapolis.

Personal.

The Lorimer investigation seems destined to drag until spring.

Attorney General Wickersham favors the creation of a bureau to supervise corporations.

Senator Works of California has asked investigation of soldiers' homes and urges federal care of confederate veterans.

Gen. P. H. Barry of Nebraska has the refusal of the place of governor of the soldiers' home at Dayton, O.

Walter Cook of New York was elected president of the American Institute of Architects.

Congressman Stephens has introduced a bill in the interest of the Ponca and Santee Indian tribes.

Senator Lorimer will probably be the last witness in the senatorial bribery scandal.

Senator Cummins introduced a bill to give the tobacco organization the right to appeal from the American Tobacco company reorganization.

TAFT ON FINANCES

CONDITION OF FEDERAL TREASURY IS REPORTED TO BE EXCELLENT.

CURRENCY REFORM IS URGED

Prompt Action on Report of Monetary Board is Recommended—For First Time in 27 Years Postal Department Shows Surplus—Cut in Expenses Shown.

Washington.—A special message on the subject of finances was read to congress. A synopsis follows:

The financial condition of the government, as shown at the close of the last fiscal year, June 30, 1911, was very satisfactory. The ordinary receipts into the general fund, excluding postal revenues, amounted to $701,372,374.99, and the disbursements from the general fund for current expenses and capital outlays, excluding postal and Panama Canal disbursements, including the interest on the public debt, amounted to $654,137,997.89, leaving a surplus of $47,234,377.10.

The postal revenue receipts amounted to $237,879,823.60, while the payments made for the postal service from the postal revenues amounted to $237,660,705.48, which left a surplus of postal receipts over disbursements of $219,118.12, the first time in 27 years in which a surplus occurred.

The interest-bearing debt of the United States June 30, 1911, amounted to $915,353,190. Teh debt on which interest had ceased amounted to $1,879,830.26, and the debt bearing no interest, including greenbacks, national bank notes to be redeemed, and fractional currency, amounted to $386,751,917.43, or a total of interest and non-interest bearing debt amounting to $1,303,984,937.69.

The actual disbursements, exclusive of those for the Panama Canal and for the postal service for the year ending June 30, 1911, were $654,137,997.89. The actual disbursements for the year ending June 30, 1910, exclusive of the Panama Canal and the postal service disbursements, were $659,705,391.08, making a decrease of $5,567,393.19 in yearly expenditures in the year 1911 under that of 1910. For the year ending June 30, 1912, the estimated receipts, exclusive of the postal revenues, are $666,000,000, while the total estimates, exclusive of those for the Panama payable from the postal revenues, amounted to $654,542,790.34. This is a decrease in the 1912 estimates of $1,534,207.22.

For the year ending June 30, 1913, the estimated receipts, exclusive of the postal revenues, are $667,000,000, while the total estimated appropriations, exclusive of the Panama Canal and postal disbursements payable from postal revenues, will amount to $637,920,903.35. This is a decrease in the 1913 estimates from that of the 1912 estimates of $7,921,996.99.

As to the postal revenues, the expansion of the business in that department, the normal increase in the post office and the extension of the service, will increase the outlay to the sum of $260,938,463; but as the department was self-sustaining this year the postmaster general is assured that next year the receipts will at least equal the expenditures, and probably exceed them by more than the surplus of this year. It is fair and equitable, therefore, in determining the economy with which the government has been run, to exclude the transactions of a department like the post office department, which relies for its support upon its receipts. In calculations heretofore made for comparison of economy in each year, it has been the proper custom only to include in the statement the deficit in the post office department which was paid out of the treasury.

In the treasury department the efficiency and economy work has been kept steadily up. Provision is made for the elimination of 134 positions during the coming year. Two hundred and sixty-seven statutory positions were eliminated during the last year in the office of the treasury in Washington, and 141 positions in the year 1910, making an elimination of 541 statutory positions since March 4, 1909; and this has been done without the discharge of anybody, because the normal resignations and deaths have been equal to the elimination of the places, a system of transfers having taken care of the persons whose positions were dropped out. In the field service of the department, too, 1,250 positions have been eliminated down to the present time, making a total net reduction of all treasury positions to the number of 1,801. Meantime the efficiency of the work of the department has increased.

Monetary Reform.

A matter of first importance that will come before congress for action at this session is monetary reform. The congress has itself arranged an early introduction of this great question through the report of its monetary commission. This commission was appointed to recommend a solution of the banking and currency problems so long confronting the nation and to furnish the facts and data necessary to enable the congress to take action.

In order to do its work with thoroughness and precision this commission has taken some time to make its report. The country is undoubtedly hoping for as prompt action on the report as the conveniences of the congress can permit. The recognition of the gross imperfections and marked inadequacy of our banking and currency system even in our most quiet financial periods is of long standing; and later there has matured a recognition of the fact that our system is responsible for the extraordinary devastation, waste and business paralysis of our recurring periods of panic. Though the methods of the monetary commission have for a considerable time been working in the open, and while large numbers of the people have been openly working with them, and while the press has largely noted and discussed this work as it has proceeded, so that the report of the commission promises to represent a national movement, the details of the report are still being considered. I can not, therefore, do much more at this time than commend the immense importance of monetary reform, urge prompt consideration and action when the commission's report is received, and express my satisfaction that the plan to be proposed promises to embrace main features that, having met the approval of a great preponderance of the practical and professional opinion of the country, are likely to meet equal approval in congress.

There is now before congress a bill, the purpose of which is to increase the efficiency and decrease the expense of the army. It contains four principal features: First, a consolidation of the general staff with the adjutant general's and the inspector general's department; second, a consolidation of the quartermaster's department with the subsistence and pay department; third, the creation of an army service corps, and fourth, an extension of the enlistment period from three to five years.

With the establishment of an army service corps, as proposed in the bill, I am thoroughly in accord and am convinced that the establishment of such a corps will result in a material economy and a very great increase of efficiency in the army. It has repeatedly been recommended by me and my predecessors. I also believe that a consolidation of the staff corps can be made with a resulting increase in efficiency and economy, but not along the lines provided in the bill under consideration.

The army of the United States is in good condition.

The Panama Canal.

The very satisfactory progress made on the Panama canal last year has continued, and there is every reason to believe that the canal will be completed as early as the 1st of July, 1913, unless something unforeseen occurs. This is about 18 months before the time promised by the engineers.

Waterway From Lakes to the Gulf.

The project for a navigable waterway from Lake Michigan to the mouth of the Illinois river, and thence via the Mississippi to the Gulf of Mexico, is one of national importance. In view of the work already accomplished by the sanitary district of Chicago, an agency of the state of Illinois, which has constructed the most difficult and costly stretch of this waterway and made it an asset of the nation, and in view of the fact that the people of Illinois have authorized the expenditure of $20,000,000 to carry this waterway 62 miles farther to Utica, I feel that it is fitting that this work should be supplemented by the government, and that the expenditures recommended by the special board of engineers on the waterway from Utica to the mouth of the Illinois river be made upon lines which while providing a waterway for the nation, should otherwise benefit that state to the fullest extent.

The limitation of the liability of the master to his servant for personal injuries to such as are occasioned by his fault has been abandoned in most civilized countries and provision made whereby the employe injured in the course of his employment is compensated for his loss of working ability irrespective of negligence. The principle upon which such provision proceeds is that accidental injuries to workmen in modern industry, with its vast complexity and inherent dangers arising from complicated machinery and the use of the great forces of steam and electricity should be regarded as risks of the industry and the loss borne in some equitable proportion by those who for their own profit engage therein. In recognition of this the last congress authorized the appointment of a commission to investigate the subject of employers' liability and workmen's compensation and to report the result of their investigations, through the president, to congress. This commission was appointed and has been at work, holding hearings, gathering data and considering the subject, and it is expected will be able to report by the first of the year, in accordance with the provisions of the law.

Parcel Post.

Steps should be taken immediately for the establishment of a rural parcel post. In the estimates of appropriations needed for the maintenance of the postal service for the ensuing fiscal year an item of $150,000 has been inserted to cover the preliminary expense of establishing a parcel post on rural mail routes, as well as to cover an investigation having for its object the final establishment of a general parcel post on all railway and steamboat transportation routes.

The suggestion that we have a general parcel post has awakened great opposition on the part of some who think that it will have the effect to destroy the business of the country store keeper. Instead of doing this, I think the change will greatly increase business for the benefit of all. The reduction in the cost of living it will bring about ought to make its coming certain.

The Navy Department.

On the 2d of November last I reviewed the fighting fleet of battleships and other vessels assembled in New York harbor, consisting of 24 battleships, 2 armored cruisers, 2 cruisers, 22 destroyers, 12 torpedo boats, 8 submarines, and other attendant vessels, making 98 vessels of all classes, of a tonnage of 576,634 tons.

The fleet was deficient in the number of torpedo destroyers, in cruisers, and in colliers, as well as in large battleship cruisers, which are now becoming a very important feature of foreign navies, notably the British, German and Japanese.

The building plan for this year contemplates two battleships and two colliers. This is because the other and smaller vessels can be built much more rapidly in case of emergency than the battleships, and we certainly ought to continue the policy of two battleships a year until after the Panama Canal is finished and until in our first line and in our reserve line we can number 40 available vessels of proper armament and size.

Like the Treasury Department and the War Department, the Navy Department has given much attention to economy in administration, and has cut down a number of unnecessary expenses and reduced its estimates except for construction and the increase that that involves.

I wish to renew again my recommendation that all the local offices throughout the country, including collectors of internal revenue, collectors of customs, postmasters of all four classes, immigration commissioners and marshals, should be by law covered into the classified service, the necessity for confirmation by the senate be removed, and the president and the others, whose time is now taken up in distributing this patronage under the custom that has prevailed since the beginning of the government in accordance with the recommendation of the senators and congressmen of the majority party should be relieved from this burden. I am confident that such a change would greatly reduce the cost of administering the government, and that it would add greatly to its efficiency.

No Doubt About One Thing.

"It does not always take brains to make money," observed the father of the college boy as he looked over that young man's expense bill, "but it sure does take money to make brains."

Too Busy for Serious Things.

The growing indifference of the age is appalling; men are too busy with their pleasures, their money-making, their politics, and a thousand things.—Exchange.

Luxury in Cigars.

The Rothschilds smoke the most costly cigars that are made—the Henry Clay Sobranos—which cost $1.50 each. These are wrapped in gold leaf and packed in little inlaid cedar wood cabinets.

Lost for Good.

Redd—"Did you hear about my neighbor losing control of his motor car?" Greene—"No, I didn't." Redd—"Well, he did; the sheriff's got it now!"

ANOTHER TRUST

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FILES SUIT AGAINST THE KEYSTONE COMPANY.

WATCHCASE MONOPOLY

Individual Defendants Are Also Named in Bill Urging Stop to Alleged Selling Monopoly.

Philadelphia, Penn. — The federal government filed suit in the United States circuit court against the Keystone Watch Case company, declaring it an unlawful combination in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act and asking that it be restrained from carrying on an alleged monopoly in the manufacture and sale of watch cases. The government declares that the company now "manufactures and sells 80 per cent of all watch cases manufactured and sold in the United States," "and that it is the intent and purpose of the defendant that the company shall monopolize the remainder of the trade and commerce."

In addition to the Keystone Watch Case company, the Pennsylvania corporation, individual defendants named in the bill are: Theophilus Zurbrugg of Riverside, N. J., until recently president of the company; Caleb F. Fox, Philadelphia, acting president; Edward T. Stotesbury, Philadelphia, vice president; John J. Mueller, Philadelphia, secretary; Chas. M. Fogg, Philadelphia, treasurer; F. H. Kain, Philadelphia, assistant treasurer, and Irving Smith, New York, a director.

The bill recites that Zurbrugg consolidated two firms of watch case makers which were absorbed later by the Riverside Watch Case company.

Monopoly is Alleged.

Zurbrugg and others, the bill says, secured control of a corporation named the Keystone Watch Case company and under the name of the Keystone Watch Case company, took over the old Keystone and Riverside companies in 1899. Later, control was obtained of the New York Standard Watch company, the United States Watch company and the E. Howard Clock company.

In 1906, the Keystone company, the government charges, acquired control of the Crescent Watch Case company, which had previously purchased the entire watch case business of the American-Waltham Watch company and the Bay State Watch Case company of Boston. It is also alleged that the Keystone company acquired 851 of the 2,000 shares of the American Watch Case company of Toronto, Ltd.

The remainder of the stock is owned by the Waltham Watch company and the Elgin National Watch company. A Canadian corporation known as the Keystone-Crescent Watch Case company of Canada, Limited, was then organized to act as a sales agent of the American Watch Case company of Toronto. The capital stock of this corporation is owned by the Keystone company.

New Contract Alleged.

In 1904, it is charged, the Keystone company entered into a contract with the Elgin National Watch company whereby the Keystone company was put in exclusive charge of the entire export trade of the Elgin company, except the trade with Canada; and in 1905, the Keystone company, through a contract with the Waltham Watch company, was made sales agent for the latter in all leading foreign countries except Great Britain, France and Spain.

By virtue of these consolidations and contracts, the government bill asserts; the Keystone company directly and indirectly controlled the trade and commerce in watch cases so as to enable it to practically exclude all competitors and monopolize the trade itself. It also charges that the defendants induced jobbers to cease handling any other lines of goods than those made by the Keystone company and its subsidiaries, kept a blacklist of all dealers who sold said movements at less than the established price "and refused to sell said movements as well as any of their watch cases to jobbers who continued to sell to retailers whose names appeared on said list."

"Urged to Sell.

"Defendants have also urged competitors to sell their plant and business to the Keystone," the bill adds, "threatening them with destruction should they refuse to do so and have declared their intention of acquiring the remainder of the trade and commerce in watch cases and have asserted that they would spend $1,000,000 if necessary to drive some of the larger of its competitors out of business, and that defendants would hang crepe on the doors of such competitors' factories."

WICKERSHAM TO PANAMA.

Attorney General to Show Party of Diplomats the Camp.

Washington, D. C. — Attorney General Wickersham and Ambassador Jusserand of France, accompanied by their wives, left Washington on a trip to Panama and Cuba. The party will be joined at New Orleans Friday by the Netherland's minister and Madame Louden. The party will return to the United States via Key West, about [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Mapleton.—The local Congregational church has extended a call to Rev. Arthur G. Young of Campbell.

Big Lake.—Ole Jacobson, a wealthy Sherburne county farmer, aged 60, was burned to death at his home here. Two sons and two daughters survive.

Shakopee. — Fire destroyed the building occupied by Adam Ince as a saloon, and owned by Mrs. Elizabeth Thole, entailing a loss of $3,000, partly covered by insurance. The building will be rebuilt.

Portland, Dec. 21.—Several thousand dollars' worth of jewels were stolen from the home of Edwin C. Shevlin, brother of Thomas H. Shevlin, while Mr. and Mrs. Shevlin were seated in their libray.

Litchfield.—Ryan Heaton, about 50 years old, who has been employed in the Litchfield woolen mills, disappeared a week ago and nothing has been heard of him. He had a month's salary coming to him, and was to have been married soon.

Duluth, Minn.—With the idea of ultimately establishing a big winter carnival here, the Duluth Ski club is planning to make a bid for the national ski meet for 1913 and to also have Duluth chosen as the permanent site for the national meet.

Duluth.—Major F. R. Shunk in his annual report makes the statement that the Duluth-Superior harbor stands next to New York. The total freight received and shipped for the fiscal years was 36,684,578 tons, valued at $284,049,072, an increase of 12.17 per cent over the previous year.

Albert Lea. — While working on ditch No. 18, nine miles southwest of here, a vein of lignite coal was discovered on the Henry Menerich farm. The vein lies through a ridge 300 to 400 feet long and is eleven feet beneath the surface. A shaft is being sunk to ascertain the depth of the vein.

Owatonna. — Rev. Albert Twichell was installed as rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church. Outside attendants were: Bishop Samuel Cook Edsall, Dr. William Ten Broeck of Seabury Divinity school, Rev. A. G. Pinkham of St. Paul and Judge Arthur Childress of Faribault. Addresses were delivered by all.

St. Cloud.—A petition will be submitted by creditors in federal court for the appointment of a receiver for the Preiss & Wimmer Brewing company of this city. It is said the company has been in financial difficulties some time. The liabilities are reported to be about $200,000, with assets of $80,000.

Brainerd. — The pulpits of seven churches will be occupied on Sunday, Jan. 7, by speakers setting forth the temperance movement in Minnesota. The evening will be devoted to a mass meeting in the opera house, and P. J. Youngdahl of Minneapolis, state superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, will deliver the address.

Moorhead. — Mrs. A. Knutson of Highland Grove township went to her attorney at Hawley, made out a will leaving her fortune to her son, John, and returned home to find him dead. She instantly fell into a state of coma and died a few moments later. Coroner C. G. Vincent was notified of both deaths, but decided an inquest was unnecessary.

St. Paul. — The state railroad and warehouse commission is ready to bring action against several thousand commission merchants who are said to be doing produce commission business without licenses. Of this number about 300 are doing business in Minneapolis and nearly the same number in St. Paul. This action follows a secret investigation that has been going on for nearly a month.

Duluth.—On the silver anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Lorntson of Beaver Bay, old residents of Lake county, their friends from a distance went to their home to give them a surprise party, only to learn that Mr. Lorntson had been drowned that day in Lake Superior. Lorntson and a man named Jacob Jacobson went out to lift their nets, and on their way back to the boat were swamped by a huge wave. Jacobson was saved, but Lorntson was drowned, though his body was recovered.

Winona.—Arrangements have been completed for the third annual farmers' institute to be held at the consolidated school at Lewiston, December 27, 28 and 29, conducted by this school in co-operation with the extension division of the college of agriculture. The special lectures will be Dr. H. M. Reynolds on "Diseases of Farm Animals," and Frank E. Balmer on "The Production and Care of Dairy Products." The regular instructors will be C. E. Brown of Elk River, H. D. Griswold of West Salem and W. H. Tombave. A woman's department with practical demonstrations by Miss Bull with the assistance of Miss Edna Kiester, will be a feature of the institute.

Mankato.—The farmers living in the vicinity of the Sperlich school house, in Rapidan, held a meeting to talk over the matter of graveling the roads in that vicinity, and agreed to haul 1,000 loads this winter.

A "hauling bee" is in progress on the Mankato-Good Thunder road, and farmers are also hauling gravel on other roads leading into Mankato. All previous efforts toward road improvements appear likely to be excelled this winter, for there was never before such a general desire on the part of the farmers to have the roads im[illegible]

A FEDERAL HEALTH BOARD.

It is gratifying to note that the bill for the creation of a federal health board will not be allowed to pass without a protest. Reports of organized resistance come from all parts of the country, and it may be that the opposition will soon be sufficiently solidified to defeat a project that promises infinite mischief for the community, and suffering and injustice for the individual.

The proposal is based upon those specious claims that are notoriously hard to controvert. If a federal health board were to confine its activities to the promulgation of salutary advice upon hygienic matters, to the abatement of quackery, and to the purity of drugs, it might be possible to say much in its favor, although it would still be difficult to say that such an organization is needed. But we know that it will attempt to do far more than this, seeing that its adherents have loudly proclaimed their intentions. Indeed, there is no secrecy about them. It is confidently expected that the board will consist of advocates of one school of medicine only, and that the methods of that school will be not only recommended, but enforced upon the nation. Indeed a board that was in any way representative of the medical profession as a whole would be stultified by its own disagreements. Outside the domain of simple hygiene, for which we need no federal board at all, there is no single point of medical practice upon which allopaths, homeopaths, eclectics and osteopaths could be in unison. Any board that could be devised by the wit of man must be composed of representatives of one school only, and this means that all other schools are branded as of an inferior caste, even though nothing worse happened to them. And something worse would happen to them. If we are to establish a school of medicine, if we are to assert that the government of the United States favors one variety of practice more than others, why not establish also a sect of religion and bestow special authorities upon Baptists, Methodists and Episcopalians? An established school of religious conjecture seems somewhat less objectionable than an established sect of pseudo-scientific conjecture.

Those who suppose that a federal board of health would have no concern with individual rights are likely to find themselves undeceived. It is for the purpose of interfering with individual rights that the proposal has been made. We need no special knowledge of conditions to be aware that what may be called unorthodox methods of healing have made sad inroads into the orthodox. Homeopathy claims a vast number of adherents who are just as well educated and just as intelligent as those who adhere to the older school. Osteopathy, eclecticism, and half a dozen other methods of practice are certainly not losing ground. Beyond them is the vast and increasing army of those who may be classed under the general and vague name of mental healers. Those who are addicted to any of these forms of unorthodoxy need have no doubt as to the purposes of the federal health board. Those purposes are to make it difficult for them to follow their particular fads and fancies, to lead them, and if necessary to drive them, from medical unorthodoxy to medical orthodoxy.

Now the Argonaut holds no brief for any of the excesses and the superstitions connected with the care of the body in which this age is so rife. But it does feel concerned for the preservation of human liberty and for the rights of the individual to doctor himself in any way he pleases so long as he does not indubitably threaten the health of the community. He may take large doses or small ones, or no doses at all; he may be massaged, anointed with oil, or prayed over, just as the whim of the moment may dictate, and probably it makes no particle of difference which he does. But he has the right to choose, just as he chooses the color of his necktie or the character of his underclothing. It is not a matter in which any wise government will seek to interefere. This is precisely the liberty that the health board intends to take from him. Orthodox medicine, conscious of its losses, is trying to buttress itself by federal statute, to exalt allopathy to the status of a privileged caste, and to create an established school of medicine just as some other countries have allowed themselves to create an established school of religion. It is for the common sense of the community to rebuke that effort and to repel an unwarranted invasion upon elementary human rights.—*San Francisco Argonaut.*

Waiting.

"Have you named your baby yet?"

"No."

"He's getting pretty old to be without a name, isn't he?"

"Yes; but my wife wishes to call him Percival, and we're waiting to find out whether he's going to have a lisp."

Stung.

"You call this cake angel food," said the harsh husband.

"Yes, dear," said the timid wife, "but if the diet doesn't seem exactly what you want, here are some deviled crabs."—Washington Star.

Sounds Plausible.

"Why do people speak of a 'cool million?'" [illegible]

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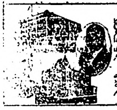

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THE DULUTH HERALD

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[illegible] and get The Herald habit.

TH[illegible] $1.99 Mailed Daily.

[illegible]

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF PENNINGTON COUNTY

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Saturday, December 23, 1911.

After eight years of effort the government has got a jury and will proceed to try the meat packers—perhaps.

Mayor Shank lost $25.00 on the first car of potatoes he sold at cost in Indianapolis, but he gained the good will of the people in breaking up a food trust. It was one of the best investments a man ever made.

The state railroad and warehouse commission has begun a crusade against unlicensed commission merchants. An operater was fined $25 recently, and there are in the state 500 who will be proceeded against, 300 in the Twin Cities.

According to the dispatches, the republican party lost Arizona in the last elections. The dispatches are wrong. The republican party lost Arizona two months ago when President Taft presented the state to the democrats on a silver plate labeled "veto."

President Taft in a special message to congress recommended a reduction in the wool tariffs in conformity with the unanimous recommendation of the tariff board Mr. Taft is beginning to see light, but his enlightenment is coming too late.

A bartender in an East Grand Forks saloon seized a Salvation army girl who was in his place and tried to kiss her, and when she struck him with her tambourine threw her out into the street. The authorities have closed the place and it will not be allowed to reopen.

The western governors, on their return to St. Paul from a four thousand mile tour of the east, formed a permanent organization to be known as the Western Governors' association, Gov. Norris of Montana was elected president and Gov. West of Oregon, secretary. The next year's meeting is to be held at Boise, Idaho.

Mr. Cotton appeared voluntarily before the Stanley investigating committee Monday. He was not sworn. His statement was mostly a denial of Mr. Martz testamony. Another attorny, Mr. Murray, who insisted on interfering with Mr. Cotton's testimony, was ordered by the chairman to sit down,—and he sat down.

Soon there may be two nations, the United States of America and the United States of China. Chinese scholars have long dreamed of a republican form of government with institutions similar to our republic. They are about to realize this dream. So soon as the revolutionists have captured Pekin, the capital, the title of the United States of China will be adopted.

Standpatters Draw the Issue

Evidently acting upon the orders of the standpat machine the republican national committee has rejected the presidential preference primary as offered by the progressive republicans, and demanded by the people of the country. Instead of rising squarely and honestly to meet the plain issue which the progressive republicans put before the national committee, the committee chose a middle-of-the-road policy which dodges the question.

The committee provided that, in states where there is now a presidential primary, where the people, in other words, are able to chose their candidates for the highest office of the land, that in those states the state committees may—if they wish—act in accord with the law; but that, if they do not care to abide by the direct mandate of the people, they may override the law and provide for the election of delegates to the national convention by the old, discredited caucus and convention system which would reestablish all the objectionable manipulation, trading, [illegible] that is so repulsive [illegible] The state central [illegible] of this action, are made more powerful than the people, or than any expression of their will which they may utter.

So today the situation is simple and clear. It is the people against the machine. It is the progressive republicans, relying upon the people to nominate whom they desire, against the reactionary republicans, who rely not upon the people, but upon the unrepresentative and undemocratic methods of personal machines. By this acion the standpat manipulators have finally committeed themselves to a continuation of the gag and gumshoe policy which has brought disasier to the party in state elections. The is now sharply defined—the machine on the one side and La Follette on the other.

The Literary Society

As per call of last week a meeting was held Tuesday evening for the purpose of organizing a literary society. was a good attendance and considerable interest was shown. It is agreed by all that a place for our young people to spend their evenings is most desirable G. W. Hooper was elected chairman and Dr. Owens secretary.

After a free discussion of plans for the organization of the society and consideration of the financial side, a committee, consisting of A. S. Wilson, Dr. Owens, and Charles Pitkin, was appointed to draft constitution and by-laws.

Meetings were held Thursday and Friday evenings. The permanent organization will be effected and by-laws adopted at an adjourned meeting next Wednesday evening.

Hunters Find Red Lake Very High

Every few days the Gazette has a report from some reliable source confirming the published report of the investigation of conditions at Red lake and the source of the Red Lake river.

During the hunting season Herbert Findeisen and Fred Westphal went to Bemidji and from there into the Red lake country after big game. Mr. Westphal states that when he arrived at the lake, he was surprised to find the water at such a high stage. People living about the lake informed him that the lake is higher than it has been for years at this season of the year.

But there is no water in the Red Lake river because a log jam has produced a condition that prevents the flow of water from the lake into the river—and the war department has not yet decided that the owners of the logs shall clear the outlet.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Timely Warnings

The following timely suggestions are sent out by the national fire protection association:

Do not decorate your Christmas tree with paper, cotton, or any other inflammable material. Use metalic tinsel and other non-inflammable decorations only, and set the tree securely so that the children in reaching for things can not tip it over.

Do not use cotton to represent snow. If you must have snow use asbestos fibre.

Do not permit children to light or relight the candles while parents are not present. They frequently set fire to their clothing instead. The tree itself will burn when needles have become dry.

Do not leave matches within reach of children at holiday time. Candles are meant to be lighted, and if the children can get matches they will experiment with them. They imitate their elders.

Practically Alone

Attorney C. R. Middleton and Mayor J. C. Williams returned Monday from the big convention at St. Cloud, in a very disgusted frame of mind. The triumph of the politicians in the extra session fight was a bitter pill to swallow. However, both gentlemen covered themselves with glory. Mr. Middleton was on the committee dealing with reapportionment, and found himself practically alone in the plea for justice for northern Minnesota. He made a rousing fight, however, and forced the issue into the convention hall and got it before the delegates. While he did not win, he made a name for himself as one of the big men of Minnesota. He showed that he was not at the call of the politicians and the interests, and he made many friends among those who have the real interests of northern Minnesota at heart. Mayor Williams gave him able assistance. Baudette has every reason to be proud of its delegates.—Baudette Region.

A Musical Canary

A canary owned by a family in London demonstrates its fondness for musical instruments by flying on the keyboard of the piano every time the instrument is played, where it dodges the fingers of the performer. When the violin is being played it perches and rides upon the bow. The love of music is not confined to birds, as people can testify who have listened to the gurgle from the bottle of golden grain belt beer at the family table. Try it for an aid to digestion at meals, a cool tonic in hot weather. Order of Alex Thompson, [illegible] dealer.

Appointed Depository

The Merchants State bank of Red Lake Falls has been appointed the depository for postal savings [illegible] postal savings banks established [illegible] north of here [illegible] This includes the [illegible] established at [illegible] and Warroad [illegible]

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held in the hall in the village of St. Hilaire on the 8th day of January, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year and to transact other business that may come before the meeting.

JOHN O. SWANSON,
Secretary.

THE MAGIC OF MUSIC

Power of the Melody of the Voice Over Man and Beast.

SINGERS WHO SAVED LIVES.

The Way Lablache, the Basso, Conquered a Bear and a Burglar—Grisi's Control of a Madman With a Razor—A Musical Wife's Presence of Mind.

That music really has charms to soothe the savage beast is proved by the many times that the power of song has been the means of saving life. On one occasion when Luigi Lablache, the great opera basso, was aimlessly strolling through a French fair he was surprised by a sudden stampede of the sightseers, who rushed by him in a great panic, crying that one of the great bears had escaped from the menagerie. So surprised that he scarcely realized his danger, the singer stood his ground and almost immediately found himself face to face with the maddened beast, which halted for a moment before making its final rush. In that moment Lablache began to sing one of his favorite airs in a voice so deep and terrifying that the bear slunk away, thoroughly cowed.

It was this same singer who, when confined to his bed by a broken leg, was surprised by his landlady, who burst into his room, crying that a robber was in the house and was about to kill her husband unless he revealed the hiding place of their money and plate. Lablache, unable because of his injury to give other assistance, began to sing an aria in such thunderous tones as to terrify the robber, who fled.

Mme. Giulia Grisi was once traveling from the south of France to Paris in company with several companions of her own sex, when their privacy was intruded upon by a man who entered their apartment at a wayside station. Before long he began to act so oddly as to make the women apprehensive and at last terrified them by drawing a razor, which he began to flourish, at the same time demanding that he be permitted to sever their heads. The women realized that they had a madman in the carriage with them and also that they were without protection until the next stop of the train. In consequence they became hysterical—all save Grisi, who with great coolness suddenly began to sing in a soft voice that gradually assumed volume as she gained the attention of the man, whose threatening attitude gave way to rapt attention as the song advanced. Song after song did Grisi sing, and not another movement did the man make until the next station was reached, when the alarm was given and he was taken into custody. It transpired afterward that he had escaped from a lunatic asylum.

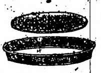
Jennie Lind once saved not only her own, but hundreds of other lives by her gift of song. A fire broke out back of the stage in a small theater in her native land where she was singing. The audience became alarmed, and there might have been a panic had not Jennie Lind stepped coolly out upon the stage and begun singing a favorite folk song. Reassured and entranced, the audience reseated themselves, and the fire was soon extinguished.

Another well known opera star while traveling with some friends in Mexico was surprised by a company of half breed bandits, at whose approach the escort fled, leaving their charges to the mercy of the robbers. The attitude of the latter on finding that their captives had little money and valuables was menacing in the extreme, and the travelers all expected to be murdered that night. When the robbers were eating their supper the star began to sing, and his captors were so delighted that they demanded more. For a time he gratified them, but at last suggested that he should sing for the freedom of himself and his friends. To this the bandits, cheered by wine and song, agreed, and after having sung for an hour he and his companion were free.

Kneissel, the notorious Bavarian brigand, once planned to rob a house in the neighborhood of Munich and, if necessary to secure the money and plate he knew was in the house, murder the inmates, a young married woman and her two female servants. His approach was heard by the wife, who, instead of losing her head, sat down to her piano and began to sing. The brigand listened for awhile and was on the point of forcing an entrance into the room when the song ceased and a man's voice struck up a rollicking air, to be followed in a few moments by a third man's voice singing a familiar chorus. Kneissel paused. The husband evidently had returned unexpectedly and had brought with him a friend. He was not prepared to attack the house against two men, so he beat a hasty retreat, little thinking that the voice he had heard proceeded from the lips of the young wife, a fine singer, who was an adept at mimicry.

Some years ago a released convict went to the house of the Indiana judge who had sentenced him to prison with the intention of shooting him. As he crept nearer to the window beside which the judge was [illegible] his revolver to fire the sweet voice of the judge's wife floated out on the summer air from the bedroom, where she was singing her baby to sleep, all unconscious of her husband's peril. The lullaby she sang was one that the convict's mother used to croon to him, and, throwing aside his revolver, he walked boldly into the house and confessed to the judge his intention. The judge befriended him, and he is today one of the most influential [illegible] citizens of a town [illegible] Andy [illegible] in Chicago [illegible]

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO



Guard the Family Health

Health is often endangered by unsanitary cooking utensils. Physicians have found that cancer is caused by enamel ware chipping off and irritating the stomach.

If you have children or invalids in the family beware of cheap cooking utensils that crack, scale, peel off, tarnish or rust. Disease germs lurk in the worn places and there is further danger of tainting the food. Health is too precious to take risks with it.

Be safe. Use

"1892"
Pure Spun Aluminum
Cooking Utensils

which are guaranteed for 15 years constant service and will never spoil food nor endanger health.

This new ware is featherweight, beautiful, easy to clean—does not tarnish nor rust. The slight extra cost is more then made up by long service and absolute safety.

Look for Trade mark on Every Piece

The Maltese cross with the words Pure Illinois "1892" Aluminum—the original, insures that you get the genuine. There are imitations, so be sure this trade mark is on every piece.

For Sale By
A. H. PITKIN, - ST. HILAIRE

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	90
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.93
" " 2	1.83
Barley, for 50 lbs	88
Oats	38
Eggs	30
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	4@7
Hides	10
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	H. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M. B. C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue

[illegible]

Notice of Application to Vacate Plat and Adjudge and Determine Title

State of Minnesota } ss
County of Pennington }

District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Notice is Hereby Given, That at the district court room in the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota on the first day of the January, 1912, general term of said court, the same being Monday, the 22nd day of January, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, the undersigned, Math Barzen and Louis Hanson, who are the owners of the lands to be affected, will make application to said court for an order of said court adjudging the title to all the blocks, streets, alleys, and grounds hereinafter described to be in the said Math Barzen and Louis Hanson in fee simple; and vacating and decreeing the vacation of all of blocks Forty-four (44), Forty-five (45), Forty-six (46), Forty-seven (47), Forty-eight (48), and Forty-nine (49) of the Original Townsite of Thief River Falls, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake, state of Minnesota, and entitled to filing and record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of Pennington, together with all streets, alleys, and grounds included within the area or tract of land described as follows, towit: Commencing for a place of beginning at the northeast corner of said block Forty-four; running thence westerly to the northwest corner of said block Forty-six; thence southerly to the southwest corner of said block Forty-seven; thence easterly to the southeast corner of said block Forty-nine; thence northerly to the place of beginning; the said premises lying and being within the city of Thief River Falls in said county of Pennington and being a part of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section numbered Thirty-three (33) in township numbered One Hundred Fifty-four (154) north of range numbered Forty-three (43) west, in said county of Pennington.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minn., December 20, 1911.

MATH BARZEN,
LOUIS HANSON,
Petitioners.

IRA C. RICHARDSON, Attorney for Petitioners, Thief River Falls, Minnesota. d23-3t

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:36 a. m
" 558, Freight, " 8:40

GOING SOUTH

No. 186, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p. m
" 554, Freight, " [illegible]

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie [illegible] 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie [illegible] 8:35 a. m.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services Christmas day at 11 o'clock a.m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p.m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a.m.
Morning service at 11 a.m.
Junior League at 3 p.m.

PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock,

Monday morning at 6:15, Christmas service.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Monday, Dec. 25, 7:30 p.m., Christmas tree.
Tuesday, Dec. 26, 10:30 a.m., services.
Sunday, Dec. 31, 10:30 a.m., services.
Tuesday, Jan. 2, 7:30 p.m., social, with program and auction.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11:30 a.m. Christmas tree in the evening.
Sunday school at 1 p.m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP — Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 10 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

November at the Creamery

Statement of the business done at the St. Hilaire co-operative creamery for the month of November, 1911:

Total am't of cream received	30,965
Average test, 25.77	
Total amount of butterfat....	7,850.7
" " butter made, including cream sold	9,718
an overrun of 23.02 per cent.	
Total am't of money received	$3,215.19
Price paid patrons per lb. of butterfat, 36 cts	
Paid patrons by check........	$2,711.55
" " salt, oil, and freight......................	85.66
Paid into the sinking fund...	31.17
Running expenses...........	386.81

Included in above account is the business from Thief River Falls creamery from Nov. 10 to 30, as follows:

Cream received, lbs...........	8,815
Average test, 26¼	
Butterfat....	2,335.9
Price paid per lb., 36	
Total amount............ ...	$840.92
Paid Thief River Falls creamery by check	808.85
Paid into our sinking fund, $11.67, freight and draying, $10.40..	22.07

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

THE LOCAL NEWS

A merry Christmas to all.

Ole Mathson wants turkeys.

Call on A Satterberg for hard coal and get right prices.

Have you seen the nobby line of neckties at A. H. Pitkin's.

Miss Esther Palmer was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum were Thief River Falls visitors on Monday.

A complete line of jewelery and watches for the holiday trade at A. H. Pitkin's.

Monday is Christmas. If you haven't bought your presents you need to hurry.

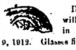
Mrs. Ina Johnson, the landlady of the Central hotel, was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

C. C. Elliott and Miss Pearl King were attending to business matters at the county seat Monday.

Mrs John McAllister of Badger came down Wednesday to spend Christmas with her son Duncan and wife.

Miss Hannah Miller and Andrew Miller left Thursday for South Dakota, where they will visit with friends.

R. J. McKercher returned Thursday from a visit to his sister, Mrs. W. McBride, at Crookston, who is very ill.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Our teachers—for St. Hilaire is the home of a lot of them and is proud of them—are getting home for the holiday vacation.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

CARL KRUEGER.

I have some of the best and biggest bargains in granite ware that have ever been offered. Morris Laselle at A. H. Pitkin's hardware department.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Charlotte Benson to Mr. Mike Highland of Hendrum, next Thursday, Dec. 28, at the bride's home.

K. O. Gigstad was in attendance at a hearing in probate court in the matter of the Ness estate at the county seat Monday.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf. MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Prepared lutefisk 6 cents a pound at Ole Mathson's.

At the sale Monday at J. S. Roy's place the horse "Marquis de Fleuris" was sold to Ed Enright for $160.00. The sale was conducted by Sheriff LaBree.

Miss Nora Anderson, who is a nurse in a hospital at Grand Forks, came home yesterday to spend the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Anderson.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

"Santa Claus and the Christmas Candles" will be presented at the Imperial hall Monday, Christmas night, by the M. E. Sunday school scholars. There will be Christmas tree.

LOST.—A dog, an English setter, white, black, and tan, with brown on head; answers to name of Dick. Owners name on collar. Last seen Sunday, Nov. 26. Suitable reward for his return. I. DALIN.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-6t

Alfred Benson returned on Thursday from Glendive, Montana, where he has been since the death of his brother-in-law, J. E. Collins, in a railroad accident there the last week in October. Mrs. Collins accompanied him to St. Hilaire.

The parents in the village should warn their children against catching on bob sleighs. It is a very dangerous thing to do, and every winter we read of some little boy or girl being crippled by this sort or practice. Furthermore, it is very annoying to the farmers who drive into town with their teams heavily loaded.

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Buy you Christmas candy, nuts and fruit at A. H. Pitkin's.

Miss Mary Bothman was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

D. Patterson was at the county seat between trains on Thursday.

Mrs. Krueger and her mother went to Red Lake Falls Thursday.

Rufus Miller of Crookston is a holiday guest at the Hooper home.

O. H. Peters made a business visit to the county seat on Thursday.

C. A. Skeie, who has been very ill with bronchitis, is reported as on the gain.

N. Lazar went Monday to "the cities" to look after a car of potatoes shipped by him.

C. A. Ellickson left Monday on another trip to Illinois on business connected with land sales.

The teachers left for their respective home last night—except Miss Duddy, who remains here.

At the M. E. church sale Wednesday evening the prize quilt was awarded to Mrs. J. W. Kolp.

A nice wool blanket would make a fine Christmas present. A. H. Pitkin has a large assortment.

The yearly meeting of the Scandinavian Mission church will be held Friday Dec. 19, at 2 p.m.

Mrs. S. M. Hoff and Misses and Selma went yesterday to Little Fork to spend Christmas with Mr. Hoff.

The Sunday school of the United church will have their Christmas tree and program tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock.

Misses Julia Bjornquist and Ida Swanson came yesterday from Grand Forks, to end the two holiday weeks at their homes.

The Young People's society of the United church will have a pound social at the home of August Rolland Wednesday evening, Jan. 3.

Keep Christmas night open, and go hear the Cantata which is full of Christmas cheer and good will. At Imperial Hall, Christmas night at eight o'clock.

C. C. Elliott and brother have gone to Ogden, Iowa, Miss King to Minneapolis, and Messrs. Hall and Smith to Winnebago, to partake of X-mas cheer.

Go to G. I. Fellman if you want to take your best girl out for a sleigh ride; or if you want to take you want to take your mother-in-law out I can fix you out

Rev. I. T. Aastad returned Thursday from St. Paul, where he and Mrs. Aastad attended the funeral of Miss Julia Jensen, a sister of Mrs. Aastad, who died on the 15th inst.

There will be a social in the Scandinavian Mission church Monday evening Jan. 1. A program of music and speaking will be given to begin at 7:30. Admission 25 and 15 cents.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.

A. Satterberg.

H. O. Jackson came down from Fort Francis Wednesday night to spend Christmas with his family. Mr. Jackson says that the feeling in Canada against Americans engendered by the reciprocity fight is slow in abating; that the people over there were made to believe that reciprocity was the entering wedge in a scheme of the trusts of the United States to capture Canada bodily.

This was the last week of school for the year 1911. Yesterday afternoon the village schools closed for the annual two weeks' vacation, to reconvene Monday, Jan. 8, 1912. In announcing the opening of the fall term there was a mistake made which was not the Spectator's fault. There is no similar misunderstanding at this time, and it is hoped all students will be back for work Monday morning. A. J. BARNES.

SPECIAL SALE

On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.

Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.

A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received

LAZAR & LAZAR.

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

A Pure Aluminum 35c Sauce Pan for...12c

A SPECIAL BARGAIN

Try one and see how you can cook without scorching or burning food. It is light in weight and looks like silver. It doesn't tarnish. No enamel to chip off into the food. Cooks in one-fourth of the time ordinarily required.

The genuine "1892" Pure Aluminum can always be told by the Maltese Cross. Every piece guaranteed or your money back.

Be sure and buy one from your dealer today. *For Sale by*

A. H. PITKIN

TRADE MARK

America's Greatest Weekly

THE TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States

Circulation 240,000

Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address,

THE BLADE,

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House

I have the best stock of Bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty.

MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS MI.

CENTRAL HOTEL

MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

LOMBARD PIANOS

The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

• See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribes with the Tel and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all, who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and [illegible] others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, [illegible]

Our [illegible] course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new [illegible] course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks and bookkeepers and credit men for the [illegible] The shorthand course [illegible] trains court [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built new building ([illegible] space) is seated [illegible]

COSTS LESS THAN 55 CENTS A BUSHEL TO RAISE WHEAT IN CANADA.

A FREQUENT QUESTION ANSWERED.

Western Canada probably suffered less from weather conditions during the year of 1911 than did almost any other portion of the country. Seeding was most successful and the growing conditions up to July were never better. Crops of all kinds showed wonderful growth at that time and were universally good, but there was not the usually excellent ripening weather in August and the effects of this were felt. Many fields that late in July promised 40 and 50 bushels yield of wheat were reduced to 25 and 30 bushels, while some of course gave the full expectancy and others somewhat less. The quality was also lowered. In face of these conditions, it is found that during the months of September and October, the total amount of contract wheat marketed and inspected was about 20 million bushels, which realized a total of 18½ million dollars, the average price for this wheat being 97¼ cents; that below contract for the two months was a little over 12 million bushels, which at an average price of 89¾ cents per bushel realized a little over eleven million dollars, or a grand total for all wheat of [illegible] million bushels, which realized a total of a little over thirty-one million dollars.

On the first of November, there were in the hands of the farmers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta [illegible] seed about 120 million bushels of wheat, from which fact some idea may be had of the value of the wheat crop of 1911.

A careful canvass made by the Winnipeg Free Press made of a number of men farming in a large way indicate that even with the extreme expense of harvesting the crop, which has been caused by the bad weather and difficulty in threshing, wheat has been produced and put on the market for less than 55 cts. a bushel. The average freight rate is not over 13 cents per bushel. This would make the cost of production and freight 68 cts. and would leave the farmer an actual margin on his low-grade wheat of [illegible] and for his high-grade wheat of [illegible]; and though this is not the [illegible] profit as the farmer has every right to expect, it is a profit not to be despised, and which should leave a very fair amount of money to his credit when all the expenses of the year have been paid, unless the value of low-grade wheat sinks very much below its present level.

Men Who Live Long.

The longevity of artists is almost proverbial, and the case of Mr. Thomas Robert Macquoid, who at the age of ninety-one is still painting, is remarkable but not unparalleled. T. S. Cooper, R. A., exhibited at the Royal academy for several years after passing his ninetieth birthday; John Massey Wright, a water color artist, born in 1777, was fully occupied and in active work up to the time of his death at the age of ninety-three. Most notable, however, was Titian, who, born in 1477, lived just one year short of a century, and continued to paint pictures, until the very last.—London Chronicle.

Read It Differently.

A man was charged with stealing a sheep belonging to Sir Garnett Fitz-Maurice.

"I found the poor creature strayin' on the road, me lord, an' was just drivin' it home," pleaded the accused.

"Can you read?" asked his lordship.

"A little, me lord."

"You could not have been ignorant, then, that the sheep belonged to your [illegible], Sir Garnett Fitz-Maurice, as his brand, 'G. F. M.' was on the animal."

"True for ye, me lord, but, sure I thought the letters meant 'Good Fat Mutton.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

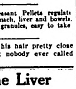
Where They Lay.

A physician, finding a lady reading "Twelfth Night," said: "When Shakespeare wrote about patience on a monument, did he mean doctors' patients?"

"No," replied the lady, "you don't find them on monuments, but under them."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take. Do not gripe.

Pericles wore his hair pretty close to his eyes—but nobody ever called him a low-brow!



Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

RUPTURE CURED in a few days without a surgical operation. [illegible] pay until cured. Write [illegible]

A DOSE OF [illegible]

BEAUTY OF TRIPOLI

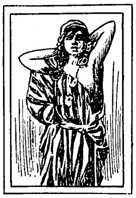
Snapshot Taken of Belle in Fete Dress.

The Picture Portrays a Charming Native Tripolitan Girl, Who Is One of the Country's Dusky Beauties.

Tripoli.—In the picture is portrayed a charming native Tripolitan girl wearing a special fete dress. She is one of the dusky beauties of the country now being fought for by Italy and Turkey, and the natural pose and grace of the subject lured the snapshotter to the creation of a work of art.

In Tripoli, peopled by almost every race under the sun, the women and children are possessed of a high degree of beauty, and the place has been called a city of romance. Pirates and corsairs, doomed by gunboats and modern progress to refrain from their nefarious exploits, thronged the cafes until the recent inroad of Italian troops. In blue zouaves and loose, baggy trousers, faced with brilliant touches of gold and red embroidery, they remain at heart untamed. The streets of the city are described as a riotous fantasy of architecture, with high whitewashed buildings, quaint projections and perforated windows, whence the harem ladies, themselves unseen, viewed the passing throng. The shops and bazaars were numerous, and sometimes had overhead a latticed roof, densely overgrown with vines. In the moving mass in the streets were Jews, Armenians, Sudanese, Arabs, Turks and Bedouins. Donkeys nosed their way through the clattering crowd, and beggars in picturesque attire appealed silently for alms.

But the most remarkable scene was to be witnessed every Tuesday in what was known as the Halfa market. There caravans used to arrive from the south and east, and camels bearing various products were formed into miniature camps. The bargaining and the bartering during the early hours of the morning were wonderful to see, for from 5,000 to 10,000 persons usually attended the sales. Venders could be seen squatted behind strips of matting, on which were little piles of oranges, lemons, figs, vegetables, grain, nuts, fish, dried locusts and other edibles, while cooks fried fritters in oil over basins of glowing charcoal. But all this is now changed. Bullet, saber and shell have scattered the peaceful inhabitants, and war's horrors reign where but a few weeks ago an Oriental and langourous people pursued the even tenor of a way to which they had been accustomed to for centuries.



Tripolitan Belle in Fete Dress.

In the very center of Tripoli one was reminded that Rome, the universal, had been there. Here stands a solid and ornate triumphal arch, built of marble, once white, now darkened and defaced by time, and recently scarred by the gaping marks of war missiles. An inscription, still legible, records that the arch was erected by a quaestor under the joint reign of Lucius Aelius Verus and Marcus Aurelius. It stands low, for it is half buried in the accumulated soil, and one of its portals is debased to the purposes of a native cooper's shop. But its carvings still preserve something of their ancient beauty, and the structure, standing there in the heart of an alien city and civilization during all these centuries, speaks of the power and prestige of the days of the Caesars.

Clothes Her Hens.

Colorado Springs, Colo.—Mrs. E. Stocker of Colorado City, rather than see her chickens, which had moulted late in the season, suffer from the cold, has made neatly fitting coats which button under the wings and has provided the chickens with soft flannel caps, fastened with dainty colored ribbons that tie under the beaks of the fowls. The chickens strut about apparently comfortable, and from all indications are proud of their clothes. Mrs. Stocker said that the hens, just to show their gratitude, are laying eggs to their full capacity every day.

This Fellow Some Eater.

Lakeview, Ore.—Friends of Charles Winkelman are anxious to back him against any man in the United States in a heavyweight eating contest, following Winkelman's performance when he consumed nine pounds of solid food, one glass of beer and three of water in 58 minutes. The meal consisted of 32 large beef and ham sandwiches, 16 large pickles and 16 huge pieces of fruit cake. Winkelman is sixty years old. He says he has eaten 16 pounds of food at one sitting.

Bites Wife's Leg; Fined $100.

Chicago.—A fine of $100 and costs was imposed by Municipal Judge Caverly upon Antonio Narako, who was accused of having bitten his wife, Mary, on the left leg during a quarrel in their home. "He attacked me and while we were struggling he stooped down and bit me in the leg," Mrs. Naraki told the court.

STATE FAIR LOST $17,801

SIMPSON'S FIRST YEAR NOT A SUCCESS.

Secretary's Report Shows Decrease of $120,693 From 1910 Receipts.

The Minnesota State fair for 1911 lost $17,801.38, according to the annual report filed by Secretary John C. Simpson with Governor Eberhart. The loss is attributed by the fair management to the continued rain and cold weather. There was a decrease of $120,693.67 from the 1910 receipts. The receipts this year were $168,167.33, and the expenses $185,968.71.

The Minnesota Agricultural society, which conduts the fair, paid out $32,882.58 for permanent improvements, and $25,253.65 for the maintenance of the fair grounds. For other expenses $19,454.90 was paid. Of that amount $8,622.30 was paid on claims incurred in former years, and $7,500 for money borrowed.

The buildings belonging to the society were valued by the appraisement committee at $736,140, and the land at $928,000. In making the report the committee said: "The general fine condition of repair in which we found the buildings has materially assisted us in arriving at our conclusions as to the value of the structures."

The members of the committee were Chester R. Smith, John M. Carlson and John J. Watson. The report is dated Nov. 30, 1911, and covers all receipts and disbursements since Dec. 11, 1910. Lat year's report showed that the fair had made a profit of $86,000, but there were outstanding accounts that had not been taken into consideration.

It has been conceded by authorities that the exhibits at the fair this year were finer and larger than ever and the poor showing made in the matter of attendance is attributed to the poor weather during the entire week.

SELECTIONS MADE FOR DEBATES

Moorhead High School Contestants to Compete for Journal Cup.

Moorhead.—Miss Inez Lied, Arthur Kalsrud and Carl Booth will represent the Moorhead high school in the state debating league, to compete for the silver cup for efficiency in debating the subject of the adoption or rejection of the parcels post. The opening debate for the ninth congressional district will be held at Barnesville Jan. 12, between the high schools of Barnesville and Moorhead. On the same date the schools of Crookston and Ada will compete for honors. In the Fargo-Casselton-Moorhead debating league the high school of Moorhead will be represented by three of the following students selected by Superintendent Edwards: Marlow Flaten, Alvin Pliot, Louis Wheeler and Egmond Keenemann. The parcels post subject will also be debated by this league. The league was organized to allow operators of the Fargo and Casselton high schools an opportunity to debate the subject.

WALLACE NYE RESIGNS.

Publicity Man of Minneapolis Commercial Club Quits.

Minneapolis.—Wallace G. Nye, public affairs commissioner of the Commercial Club, has resigned to become a director and treasurer of the new Republic and Dominion Fire and Marine Insurance Co. Mr. Nye has been with the club several years and has become well known throughout the Northwest. His work will be taken over by the new Civic and Commerce Association of Minneapolis.

Wallace G. is a brother of Congressman Frank Nye of Minneapolis, C. A. Nye of Moorhead and the late Edgar Wilson ("Bill") Nye, the humorist.

$12,000 COWS YIELD $500,000.

Rice County Creameries Market 1,614,430 Pounds of Butter.

Faribault.—The farmers in Rice county the past year have received nearly $50,000 for milk and cream paid to them by the thirteen creameries in the county. The number of patrons of the creameries is 1,271, and the number of cows furnishing milk was about 12,000. The number of pounds of butter made was 1,614,439; and the average price paid for butter-fat 32.01 cents a pound.

HONEY IN CHURCH CUPOLA.

Blue Earth County Workmen Rob the Bees' Storehouse.

Lake Crystal.—During the last few years, while the good people have been worshipping in Carmel church, bees have made their home in the cupola and stored away quantities of honey as a result of their activity. In the last few days men who have been repairing the church came unexpectedly upon the store of honey. They have succeeded in saving a quantity, the bees being too drowsy to resist.

Shoots Wife on the Street.

Mankato. — An exciting shooting affair took place in this city. While shoppers filled the streets Joseph Latourelle, a carpenter, who came to Mankato from Fairmont, met his wife on the street, with her daughter, drew a revolver and began firing at her. Her daughter struck her father's arm and the first shot went wild but the second bullet passed through his wife's left shoulder and then a bystander knocked him down and the crowd held him until a policeman arrived.

Beaulieu Goes Free.

Fergus Falls.—The Beaulieu conspiracy case came to a sudden end here. The government rested in the forenoon, and the defense at once moved for a directed verdict in favor of the defendants. George H. Edgerton and C. D. O'Brien argued for the motion and Judge W. A. Norton against it. At the conclusion of arguments, Judge Page Moris granted the motion and Gus Beaulieu, Robert G. Beaulieu, Benjamin L. Fairbanks and John Leechy walked out of the court room acquitted of the charge.

MINNESOTA IS FIFTH.

Acreage in Potatoes Increases 52.5 Per Cent in Ten Years.

Washington, D. C. — Statistics regarding the potato crop of the United States collected at the thirteenth decennial census April 15, 1910, are contained in an official statement.

In Minnesota the land in potatoes increased from 146,659 acres in 1899 to 223,692 acres in 1909, an increase of 77,033 acres, or 52.5 per cent. The percentage of increase in production was much higher, the actual production in 1909 amounting to 26,802,948 bushels, as compared with 14,643,327 in 1899, an increase of 12,159,621 bushels, or 83 per cent. In 1909 the value of the Minnesota potato crop was $7,685,259, as compared with $3,408,997 in 1899, an increase of $4,276,262, or 125.4 per cent.

In acreage Minnesota ranks fifth in the ten states showing the highest acreage for 1909. In production Minnesota also ranks fifth in the ten states showing the highest production.

The land in potatoes in the United States increased from 2,939,000 acres in 1899 to 3,669,000 acres in 1909, an increase of 730,000 acres, or 24.8 per cent. The percentage of increase in production was much higher, the actual production in 1909 amounting to 389,195,000 bushels, as compared with 273,318,000 bushels in 1899, an increase of 115,877,000 bushels, or 42.4 per cent. The average production an acre, perhaps in part by reason of temporary weather conditions, increased from 93 bushels to 106.1 bushels. Along with the increase in acreage and production went an even larger relative increase in the value of the potato crop, which increased from $98,380,000 to $166,424,000, an increase of over $68,000,000, or 69.2 per cent. The average value of potatoes per bushel thus increased from 36 center to 43 cents, or about 19 per cent.

CHANGES MADE IN DIOCESE.

Bishop Heffron of Winona Makes Announcements.

Winona.—Official announcement of the changes of priests in the Catholic diocese of Winona, over which there has been speculation of a wide range and varying rumors, is made by Bishop P. R. Heffron, in the Christmas number of the Catholic Courier, the official organ of the diocese.

The Changes.

Rev. Peter J. Gallagher who has been pastor of the cathedral for nearly 22 years, has been appointed pastor of St. Mary's church, Lake City, and Rev. William E. F. Griffin, up to the present time pastor of St. Mary's church at Ellsworth, is transferred to the Cathedral, Winona.

Rev. J. J. McAuliffe, formerly pastor of St. Mary's, Lake City, has taken up his duties as pastor at Ellsworth.

Rev. J. E. Madden, who has been pastor of St. Paul's, Fairmont, for several years, takes charge of the church of St. John the Baptist at Caledonia, and Rev. E. J. O'Connell, formerly pastor at Caledonia, goes to St. Paul's, Fairmont.

Rev. M. Jostock, up to the present pastor of St. Peter's, Rose Creek, has been appointed pastor of St. Nicholas' church, Freeburg.

Rev. A. Heckenberger, who was pastor at Freeberg, has been transferred to Rose Creek.

Rev. M. Borresch has been appointed pastor of St. Peter's church, Caledonia.

Rev. M. Brazill, assistant pastor at St. John's church, Mankato, has gone to St. Mary's hospital, Rochester, to act as chaplain for the present.

PLAN NEW RAILWAY.

M[illegible] County Promote Project for [illegible], St. Cloud and Duluth Line.

Mankato.—The matter of a north and south railway to connect Mankato, St. Cloud and Duluth, which has been agitated more or less for the last thirty or forty years, has been revived by people living along the line, and they have hopes that their dreams may at last become realizations.

People of the eastern part of Morrison county have taken the initiative this time, and have received from the American Engineering and Construction company of Cleveland, Ohio, a proposition to start work as soon as the preliminaries can be arranged. The Morrison boosters have taken the project to the commercial clubs of Mankato, St. Cloud and Duluth, and other intermediate points, with the view of getting co-operation.

Such a line would tap a rich country that now has no north and south road, and where the farmers are obliged often to drive fifteen or twenty miles to reach a market.

The "Alphabet" road was supposed to run from Austin to Mankato, St. Cloud and Duluth, but the construction work began near Albert Lea and concluded at St. Clair, twelve miles east of Mankato, and then the St. Paul road bought the line and has operated it since as a feeder. Before that, various companies were organized but were not able to get any part of the line actually built. Mankato commercial interests have always been very desirous of having the line built, as it would open a new field for activity.

TO PROBE EAST GRAND FORKS

Saloon Regulation Problem Before the Polk County Grand Jury.

Crookston.—Methods of administering law at East Grand Forks, with particular reference to maintenance of saloons on long hour schedules and similar features, are being investigated by the Polk county grand jury, and conditions that existed immediately prior to the recent election are to receive a thorough airing and several indictments may be forthcoming, it is reported.

MEMORIAL FOR DR. W. W. MAYO.

Rochester Citizens Will Honor Father of Famous Surgeons.

Rochester.—In response to growing sentiment in this city and county, Rochester citizens have laid plans for the starting of a popular subscription campaign to erect a suitable memorial in Rochester in honor of the late Dr. W. W. Mayo, the father of Doctors William J. and C. H. Mayo. No personal canvass will be [illegible]

JUDGED BY THEIR CLOTHES

Smart Cigar Store Clerk Ready With Apology That by No Means Mended Situation.

Herman Fellner tells this story on himself, according to the New York correspondent of the Cincinnati Times Star. He was in Washington on business recently and met three or four friends on the street. After a moment's chat he beckoned them to come with him. "I'm off the stuff," said he, "but I want to buy you each a cigar."

They happened to be in front of a combination cigar and news stand at the moment. Led by Mr. Fellner, they all trooped in. The clerk hurried to the cigar case to wait upon them. Before Mr. Fellner could indicate his wishes the clerk had slapped a box on the glass case. "Here y' are," said he. "Best dime smoker in town."

Mr. Fellner is sort of fussy about his smokes. He looked at the cigar then shoved the box away. "Have you no other price?" he asked.

The clerk shoved the box in the case. "Sure thing," said he. "My mistake and your treat."

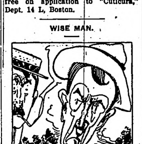
Having pulled off this time-worn witticism, he addressed Mr. Fellner confidentially. "Your clothes sort of fooled me," said he. "You fellers are a pretty well-dressed lot, you know." Then he put another box on the counter. "Here," said he, "is the best nickel smoker in the village."

ECZEMA DISFIGURED BABY

"Our little boy Gilbert was troubled with eczema when but a few weeks old. His little face was covered with sores even to back of his ears. The poor little fellow suffered very much. The sores began as pimples, his little face was disfigured very much. We hardly knew what he looked like. The face looked like raw meat. We tied little bags of cloth over his hands to prevent him from scratching. He was very restless at night, his little face itched.

"We consulted two doctors at Chicago, where we resided at that time. After trying all the medicine of the two doctors without any result, we read of the Cuticura Remedies, and at once bought Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Following the directions carefully and promptly we saw the result, and after four weeks, the dear child's face was as fine and clean as any little baby's face. Every one who saw Gilbert after using the Cuticura Remedies was surprised. He has a head of hair which is a pride for any boy of his age, three years. We can only recommend the Cuticura Remedies to everybody." (Signed) Mrs. H. Albrecht, Box 883, West Point, Neb., Oct. 26, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 14 L, Boston.

WISE MAN.



Wilson—I understand you've broken up housekeeping and gone to boarding. Why did you change?

Bilson—My wife started to attend a cooking-school.

Modern Methods.

Moliere had written many plays to ridicule doctors and medicine. Louis XIV. heard that the author had, however, a doctor at his service since he became famous and well to do, so the king one day called upon Moliere and said to him:

"I have heard, Moliere, that you have a physician. What is he doing to you?"

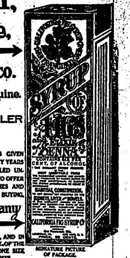
"Sire," answered the author of the Malade Imaginaire, "we chat together, he writes prescriptions for me, I don't take them, and I am cured!"—Life.

Tightness across the chest means a cold on the lungs. That's the danger signal. Cure that cold with Hamlins Wizard Oil before it runs into Consumption or Pneumonia.

A girl can get more by pouting during courtship than she can by shouting after marriage.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A cheerful liar is more entertaining than a gloomy truth teller.



Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial, Gentle and Effective,

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. in the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

DO NOT LET ANY DEALER DECEIVE YOU.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION FOR MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS PAST, AND ITS WONDERFUL SUCCESS HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS OF IMITATIONS TO OFFER INFERIOR PREPARATIONS UNDER SIMILAR NAMES AND COSTING THE DEALER LESS; THEREFORE, WHEN BUYING,

Note the Full Name of the Company

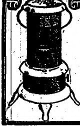
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE; ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE MOST PLEASANT, WHOLESOME AND EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLES, HEADACHES AND BILIOUSNESS DUE TO CONSTIPATION, AND TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS IT IS NECESSARY TO BUY THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE, WHICH IS MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.



PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Always ready for use. Safest and most reliable.

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater is just like a portable fireplace.

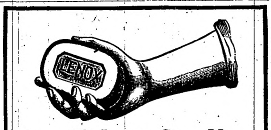
It gives quick, glowing heat wherever, whenever, you want it.

A necessity in fall and spring, when it is not cold enough for the furnace. Invaluable as an auxiliary heater in midwinter.

Drums of blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings.

Ask your dealer to show you a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater, or write to any agency of

Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)



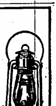
Free—To Lenox Soap Users

If you use Lenox Soap and would like a copy of a 68-page book—"Approved Methods for Home Laundering," send us a Lenox Soap wrapper, tell us that you want a "laundry book," and we will send it, absolutely free.

The book is exceedingly practical. It was written by a well-known authority on laundry matters, and covers the subject thoroughly.

The Procter & Gamble Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio



Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

Scientifically constructed to give most light for the oil they burn.

Easy to light, clean and rewick.

In numerous finishes and styles, each the best of its kind.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo Lamps and Lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of the

Standard Oil Company (Incorporated)

He Knew Her Well.

"Now, old man, make yourself comfortable, and let's talk over the good old times. We haven't seen each other since we were boys together. I told you I was married, didn't I? By the way, did you ever live in Painesville?"

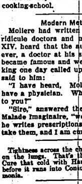
"Yes, I lived there three years."

"Ever meet Miss Katish?"

"Ha! ha! Why, I was engaged to her! But that's nothing—all the fellows in my crowd were engaged to her at one time or another. I see you've lived in Painesville. Why did you ask about her, in particular? Come—confess?"

"Why, I—er—I married her."

One pugilist never offers to fight another just for fun.



Housework Drudgery

Housework is drudgery for the weak woman. She brushes, dusts and scrubs, or is on her feet all day attending to the many details of the household, her back aching, her temples throbbing, nerves quivering under the stress of pain, possibly dizzy feelings. Sometimes rest in bed is not refreshing, because the poor tired nerves do not permit of refreshing sleep. The real need of weak, nervous women is satisfied by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It Makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

This "Prescription" removes the cause of women's weaknesses, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures those weaknesses so peculiar to women. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and induces restful sleep.

Dr. Pierce is perfectly willing to let every one know what his "Favorite Prescription" contains, a complete list of ingredients on the bottle-wrapper. Do not let any unscrupulous druggist persuade you that his substitute of unknown composition is "just as good" in order that he may make a bigger profit. Just smile and shake your head! Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cures liver ills.

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., NO. 51-1911.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1911. NUMBER 25.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events in Which Readers Generally Are More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

The senate by a unanimous vote formally ratified President Taft's notification to Russia of the termination of the treaty of 1832.

Senator Penrose presented a bill to provide for a six day week and eight hour day and extra pay for overtime for mail carriers in city delivery service and clerks in first and second class postoffices.

Confusion over the location of the boundary lines in the public lands in Congressman Kinkaid's Nebraska district led that member to introduce a bill in the house to appropriate $100,000 for a resurvey of such lands.

Discovery by the congressional joint committee on printing that "adulterated" paper had been used for years in the government printing office led to the announcement of a complete new set of government paper standards.

The Cummins bill to give right of appeal from the decree in the American Tobacco company reorganization case to the supreme court of the United States was discussed in the senate committee on the judiciary and referred to a committee.

The supreme court of the United States adjourned on Friday until Monday, January 8. Much of the time of the justices during the recess will be devoted to preparing opinions in cases.

Subsequent to a call at the White house by Vice President Sherman wide credence was given to a report that Mr Sherman does not desire to be the republican candidate for governor of New York. It further was reported apparently on the highest authority that unless his party desired him to run again for the vice-presidency, he would retire from politics March 4, 1913.

General.

J. C. Mabray told the story of his life at Council Bluffs.

The senate by a unanimous vote decided for the abrogation of the treaty with Russia.

Veterans of Cuba feel themselves able to dictate to the president, and seemingly have succeeded.

Ten were killed and nearly a score injured in a collision on the Milwaukee road in Minnesota.

Trade relations between the United States and Russia are not affected by the abrogation of the treaty.

Three were killed and eight injured in a trolley collision on the Kansas City-Leavenworth Electric line.

Twenty-three sticks of dynamite were found in the home of a department store owner at Los Angeles.

A turkey from Rhode Island, intended for the president's Christmas dinner, arrived at the White house. It weighed forty pounds.

Rev Charles V. T. Richeson, accused of murder, injured himself badly in his cell of a Boston prison.

In a message to congress the president said wool duties were too high, and revision should begin immediately.

The government, alleging an illegal combine, has brought suit against the Keystone Watch Case company.

President Taft has accepted an invitation to open the twelfth International Association of Navigation congress at Philadelphia, May 23.

The California senate passed the presidential preference primary bill without a dissenting vote. The bill now requires only the governor's signature to become a law.

Control of the Elgin Board of Trade passed into the hands of Chicago and Wisconsin creamery men, elected on a producers' ticket. Charles Potter was elected president.

Bert H. Franklin, formerly an investigator employed by the defense in the McNamara dynamite cases, was brought before court for preliminary hearing on the second bribery charge against him.

At Indianapolis, books and papers seized from the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers after the arrest of the McNamaras were minutely examined following the appearance before the federal grand jury of Robert J. Foster, a detective.

Oysters floated in brackish water for fattening purposes hereafter will be considered as adulterated under the pure food act, according to a decision by the pure food board. The decision will not be final until signed by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson.

A Johannesburg dispatch to the London Express reports a diamond rush at Bloemhof, a farming district on the banks of the Vaal river.

Amendments to the articles of incorporation of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad company have been filed, increasing the capital stock from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000.

The senate made record time in adopting a house resolution. The measure provided for the payment of the salaries of the members of the house at once instead of January 1. The entire proceeding covered sixty seconds.

Col. W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill) is going to put in another season at the show business.

A resurvey of public lands in the Sixth Nebraska district is urged by Congressman Kinkaid.

Congressman C. O. Lobeck of Nebraska will file as a candidate for renomination as congressman from the Second Nebraska district.

Twenty-five damage suits, aggregating $82,400, were filed against the Bayless Pulp and Paper company of Austin, Pa., and against President George C. Bayless.

Edward Sawyer, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Great Northern and one of the pioneer railroad officials of the northwest, will retire January 1.

Diamonds valued at between $6,000 and $7,000, enclosed in a jeweler's wallet, were stolen from the diamond room of a jewelry firm in Minneapolis. The thief escaped.

Suits in bankruptcy of the Western Steel corporation, showing liabilities of $1,493,400 and assets of $7,339,965, were filed in the United States district court at Seattle.

E. G. Lewis of St. Louis, publisher and promoter of realty and banking enterprises, was reindicted by the federal grand jury on the charge of using the mails to defraud.

Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, aged 67, editor of the official paper of the Daughters of the American Revolution and prominent in club and educational work, died in Cleveland, Ohio.

The will of John R. Walsh, the former Chicago banker who died early in November following his release from the Leavenworth penitentiary, was admitted to probate.

The Jewish Chronicle says that the leading Jewish institutions in London have decided to urge the abrogation of the Anglo-Russian treaty, which differentiates against the English Jews.

Edward H. Shuster, cousin of Morgan Shuster, treasurer general of Persia, is in New York, en route to Teheran from the Panama canal zone. He is going to help the treasurer general in his trouble with Russia.

Twenty-three sticks of high-power dynamite were found by a gardener buried in shrubbery at the residence of Arthur Letts, owner of two of the largest department stores in Los Angeles.

Rose Eytinge, at one time one of the most popular leading women on the American stage, died on the 21st at Amityville, L. I., from a paralytic stroke. The body will be taken to Washington for interment.

Captain Samuel H. Harper, 68 years old, mayor of Ottumwa, former state commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, and twice state senator, died of heart trouble. He was captain of the Forty-sixth regiment United States colored infantry during the Civil war.

Twenty-five damage suits, aggregating $82,400, were filed against the Bayless Pulp and Paper company of Austin, Pa., and against President George C. Bayless, individually, to recover for losses caused by the going out of the mill company's dam at Austin on September 30 last.

At New Rochelle, N. Y., characterizing the age as one of the greatest unrest and discontent which the country ever knew, Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university, discussed conditions and proposed remedies in an address before the People's Forum.

From an authoritative source it was learned that the likelihood of any further advance in prices by the United States steel corporation is rather remote.

State department advices continue to indicate feeling of unrest in Cuba as a result of the retention in office of officials who signally opposed Cuban independence.

The exports of the United States during the eleven months of the current year ending with November exceeded the imports by somewhat more than $475,000,000. The value of the exports was $1,867,614,510, while the imports were worth $1,392,550,228, according to statistics issued today by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Wright Lorimer, the well known actor, committed suicide by inhaling gas at his home in New York. Lorimer was 38 years old and began his stage career in Chicago several years ago. He was best known in the production of "The Shepherd King," which he wrote with Arnold Reeves. Financial troubles are believed to have been the cause of suicide, as he had been out of work for some time.

At Portland, Ore., "Mysterious Billy" (Amos) Smith, at one time a well known welterweight prize fighter, was shot and probably fatally wounded by A. B. Loomis, captain of a river steamer. The shooting was said to be the outcome of a series of quarrels in which the two men had engaged.

Personal.

President Delano hopes to put the Wabash road on its feet soon.

Postoffice employes over the country had to work Sunday on account of the holiday rush.

President Taft is given credit at St. Petersburg for tactfulness.

Attorneys for Chicago packers tried to have their cases dismissed.

Senator Borah discussed "big business" in an address at New York.

Chinese rebels are in high feathers over the virtual recognition of their cause by the powers.

Secretary Knox says the United States is in a position to meet discrimination of other countries.

Senator Norris Brown of Nebraska addressed the senate in support of the Sherwood pension bill, which recently passed the house.

DEMS. TURN DOWN MEYERS

AUTHORIZATION OF NEW BATTLESHIPS NOT PROBABLE DURING THIS CONGRESS.

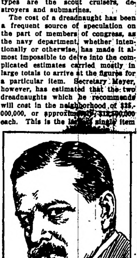
MONEY FOR AUXILIARIES

Two Dreadnaughts Asked by Official Would Cost $25,000,000—Republicans Join in Protest.

Washington, Dec. 26.—The President's plans for governmental economy and a desire to improve the navy along the line of auxiliary and secondary vessels, will result in the refusal of congress at this session to make appropriation for the construction of more than one battleship. It is even possible that battleships may be eliminated entirely this year from the authorized naval building program, particularly in view of the fact that the house has passed the Sherwood "dollar-a-day" pension bill, which will increase the annual expenses of the government from $28,000,000 to $35,000,000.

The secretary of the navy in his annual report has recommended the construction of two huge and costly battleships. At the same time he has shown the necessity of having many additional auxiliaries and accessories, which constitute what is known as the secondary and defensive navy. These auxiliaries consist of colliers, repair ships, ammunition ships, hospital ships and so forth, while the defensive types are the scout cruisers, destroyers and submarines.

The cost of a dreadnaught has been a frequent source of speculation on the part of members of congress, as the navy department, whether intentionally or otherwise, has made it almost impossible to delve into the complicated estimates carried mostly in large totals to arrive at the figures for a particular item. Secretary Meyer, however, has estimated that the two dreadnaughts which he recommends will cost in the neighborhood of $25,000,000, or approximately $12,500,000 each. This is the largest single item for which the government appropriates and it has staggered the Democratic economists.



GEORGE VON L. MEYER
Secretary of the Navy.

In consequence the plan is for the construction of smaller craft, particularly as their need is pointed out by the secretary of the navy, and also in view of the shortage of men necessary to man new ships. In his report the secretary of the navy publishes an interesting table showing the manner in which the navy has grown top-heavy by the building of big battleships to the neglect of the auxiliaries such as scouts, colliers, destroyers, submarines, repair, ammunition and hospital ships. There are now in commission 33 battleships which, in order to be effective, require a certain number of secondary vessels. On the basis of 33 battleships, Secretary Meyer shows that the deficiency in other ships is 13 colliers, 82 destroyers, 22 submarines, three hospital ships and in like proportion various other supply, repair, ammunition and miscellaneous vessels.

The house members have found that the up-keep of a battleship annually with its scores of officers and 1,000 to 1,200 enlisted men is $1,000,000 a year. The destroyer which costs originally only $750,000 is manned by four officers and 80 men, costs for maintenance only about $85,000 a year, and the submarine which costs originally only $500,000 is manned by one officer and about 12 men, costs about $25,000 for maintenance.

Notwithstanding the recommendation of the secretary of the navy for two dreadnaughts, there never was a time since the Democrats came into power that they were willing to authorize more than one of these big ships a year, and many Republicans have joined with them and taken the same position. In view of the fact that the navy is always popular with the people, it has been thought that one battleship might be provided for, but now in view of the heavy drain upon the treasury incident to the pension bill, it is said that there may be no provision for battleships at all. Instead those of charge of the matter are talking of making the navy more effective and providing what they believe to be better defense by building smaller boats which effect economy in construction and also in maintenance.

Washington, D. C. — Every indication is that congress will be thrown into the vortex of tariff agitation, especially with reference to the revision of the wool schedule, immediately after the holiday recess.

The Republican members of the ways and means committee are soon to begin the work of preparing a tariff revision bill along the lines of the board report and the president's message thereon.

The indications now are that there will be hearings on the wool and woolen goods question before the committees of both houses.

The Democrats appear to be considerably dazed by the completeness of the board report and the unanimity of the board in declaring against ad valorem duties, contrary to the expressed policy of the Democrats in congress.

The Republicans are considerably elated over the board findings but they see opportunities for duties being too low in some instances if all the suggestions made by the board with respect to new duties shall be accepted.

The wool men are pretty well pleased and the manufacturers are now planning to watch the situation to see how they will come out if raw wool gets as favorable rates as is proposed in the board report.

It will be a struggle on both sides to prevent any agreement upon a schedule of rates below the protective line.

Up to this time the raw wool men say they have a little the best of it, depending, of course, upon what provisions are made in the law for carrying out the president's recommendations for full tests of imported goods.

Most of the progressive leaders will be away from Washington during the Christmas holidays. Senator La Follette and Senator Clapp are to speak in Ohio and so will others.

The house progressives also will campaign in Ohio, Representatives Myrdock, Lenroot and Norris being among those who are intending to speak.

Washington, D. C. — The senate by a unanimous vote formally ratified President Taft's notification to Russia of the joint termination of the treaty of 1832. The Lodge joint resolution reported by the foreign relations committee as a substitute for the Sulzer resolution that passed the house 300 to 1, was adopted after an all day debate over Russian discrimination against the Jews of America.

Every senator who spoke voiced his advocacy of congressional action to meet Russian discrimination. They were unanimous for termination of the treaty, but showed a wide divergence of views as to the manner in which that end should be accomplished.

Among those who held conflicting opinions were Senator Shively of Indiana, Poindexter of Washington, O'Gorman of New York, Stone of Missouri and Williams of Mississippi.

The roll was called, but there was no division. Seventy-two votes were cast, and all of them were favorable to the measure. It was therefore declared adopted and was started on its way to the house.

With the senate action, the Russian situation has assumed a quieter phase so far as the executive branch of the government is concerned. The officials are looking forward to the receipt from Curtis Guild, the American ambassador to St. Petersburg, of the acceptance of the notice given by President Taft of the desire of this government to terminate the treaty of 1832.

Lodge Defends Taft.

Mr. Lodge in the senate defended the action of President Taft in abrogating the Russian treaty without congressional action. Six treaties, he pointed out, had been terminated by notice, the first by Polk in 1847, the treaty with Great Britain. President Pierce in 1855 terminated by notice a provision of a treaty with Denmark after the senate had given its authority in 1855. President McKinley terminated clauses in the Swiss treaty of 1855 without any congressional action whatever, he declared.

The great tariff fight of the present congress and leading up to the real issue of the coming presidential campaign was opened when President Taft sent to congress his message on the wool and woolen goods question.

The tariff board report on wool and woolens will furnish campaign ammunition enough for both sides. Bulky documents containing vast arrays of facts and figures are now in the hands of congress.

The nomination of William B. Grimshaw to succeed himself as United States marshal for Minnesota was sent to the senate by the president. Senators Nelson and Clapp united in recommending the appointment.

ARTHUR GRIFFITH DEAD.

Mathematical Wonder Succumbs to Apoplexy.

Springfield, Massachusetts — Arthur F. Griffith, of Milford, Ind., a lightning calculator, who has appeared in vaudeville for a number of years, was found dead of apoplexy in his bed at a local hotel. Griffith was 31 years old. His peculiar powers have been studied by professors of mathematics and psychology at Harvard, Yale, Chicago, Indiana and Northwestern universities.

Moros on Jolo Island Surrender.

Manila, P. I. — The Moros who several days ago retired to the top of Buddajo, in the island of Jolo, which they had fortified, capitulated to the American troops. The Moros numbered 600 and defied an ultimatum issued by Brigadier General Pershing ordering disarmament. Finally they were forced to yield through hunger. Prior to the surrender a desperate band of 30 tried to force an outpost, but were repulsed. Several Moros were killed, but there were no American casualties.

MILLER IS HONEST

F. A. BEAN, WHO WENT BROKE 20 YEARS AGO, PAYS EVERY CENT WITH INTEREST.

CELEBRATES HIS XMAS

Surprises Holders of His Outlawed Paper and Accounts By Settling in Full With Six Per Cent Interest.

Minneapolis. — Penniless and $100,000 in debt twenty-one years ago, a northwestern miller is observing the 1911 Christmas season by distributing $200,000 among men who have absolutely no legal claim against him, but to whom he owed money when the crash came which left him stranded at middle age. The miller is now 71 years old.

The story of F. A. Beau of New Prague, Minn., reads like a business romance with a Dickens Christmas tale ending. It is a story of a man who lost his fortune when he was 50 years old, who started at the bottom and built up another fortune, only to give $200,000 away because of a sense of business honor. Not a cent of the $200,000 which Mr. Beau has distributed among his former creditors could have been collected and for every cent of the $100,000 which he originally owed he has paid 6 per cent interest for the entire twenty-one years. And the best part of the story is that Mr. Bean has enjoined secrecy on every man to whom he has paid money, has said that he didn't want the news to get out that he was paying back the money, that he just wanted to think about it himself, that he owed the money no matter what the law was and that no thanks are due him from the people who are sharing in the $200,000 distribution.

Fails, But Not Discouraged.

Mr. Bean was president of Polar Star Milling company in Faribault in 1890. The company had business reverses. Mr. Bean was unable to meet his obligations. He lost his business, his property and his credit and found himself in debt to the extent of approximately $100,000. The indebtedness was distributed throughout the northwest.

He was 50 years old, but he was not discouraged. He was an experienced miller and he heard that the "Zimmer" mill, well known to pioneers in the northwestern milling business, was closed down and could be leased. He went to his brother-in-law, J. H. Mallory, a Rice county farmer, and Mallory placed a second mortgage on his farm and let Mr. Bean have $1,000. With this sum Mr. Bean went to New Prague and leased the Zimmer mill. For years he did business under the name of J. H. Mallory. Finally the New Prague Milling company was organized with F. A. Bean as president. The company gradually acquired property in the United States and Canada until it had five big mills. Recently the company became the International Mills company with headquarters at New Prague. One of its mills, at Moose Jaw, Canada, was recently destroyed by fire.

POULTRY SHOW A SUCCESS.

Over 600 Fowls on Exhibition at Crookston.

Crookston.—The fourth annual show of the Northern Minnesota Poultry association, just closed, was the most successful since organization. Over 600 birds were exhibited, and the next show will require the new armory.

Judge Benjamin of Hutchinson, who scored the birds, was amazed at the growth of the show. The officers elected were as follows: President, Senator John Saugstad, Climax; first vice president, C. E. Brown, second August Aas; third, W. P. Murphy; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. F. C. Mitchell, Crookston; superintendent, F. C. Mitchell, Crookston.

In addition to nearly $500 in cash prizes, the association gave away eighteen silver cups and local merchants gave merchandise prizes for attendance.

SIMPSON QUITS SUPREME COURT

Judge Andrew Holt of Minneapolis Becomes His Successor.

St. Paul. — Judge David F. Simpson of the Minnesota supreme court resigned and Judge Andrew Holt of the Hennepin county district bench was appointed to succeed him by Governor A. O. Eberhart. The governor also announced the appointment of Charles S. Jelley as district judge to succeed Judge Holt.

Judge Andrew Holt has been on the district bench since 1905, and was reelected last year for six years beginning next January. Before becoming district judge he was judge of the Minneapolis municipal court. His successor, C. S. Jelley, formerly served as special assistant attorney general, and was about to return to that position Jan. 1.

ALLEGED COUNTERFEITER HELD

Two Accused Men Had Started for Minneapolis.

Duluth. — Edward Paul, twenty-four years old, and Sam Polinski, 18, were arrested as counterfeiters here after they had boarded a train for Minneapolis. The police took 45 counterfeit $5 gold pieces from the pockets of Paul and have, they say, evidence showing that Paul had passed at least two of the bad gold pieces in Superior. Officers say that at least one was [illegible]

CORN SCHOOL AT OWATONNA.

Second Annual Show of State Association Opens With New Year.

Owatonna.—The final arrangements for the second annual corn show and school of the Minnesota State Corn Growers' association, to be held in Owatonna Jan. 1-6, have been completed. The premium lists are being mailed to all parts of the state.

Comparatively little lecture work will be done, but most of the time will be spent in classroom work, actually preforming or demonstrating the methods advocated. The livestock work will be handled by Professor R. K. Bliss of Iowa. Professor Sexauer of Albert Lea will have charge of the corn and small grain department, Miss M. H. Olson of Albert Lea college will conduct the domestic science department.

Premiums will be offered to the amount of $1,000 for corn, small grains and baked goods. The state will be divided into three sections—the southern, central and northern, each section exhibiting separately. Special premiums will be offered for single ears and bushel lots. There will be a special junior class for exhibitors under 20. A stock and corn judging contest will be held on Wednesday which will be open to teams of three from any high school in the state.

Afternoon and Evening Lectures.

In addition to the regular instruction and classroom work, which will last from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. each day, there will be given each afternoon from 4 to 5, lectures by men along special lines as follows: Professor R. K. Bliss, "Care and Management of Swine;" Professor Andrew Boss, "Crop Rotation as a Factor in Farm Management;" Mr. Crane, Minneapolis "Deep Tillage and the Killing of Quack Grass;" Dr. M. H. Reynolds, "Hog Cholera and Hog Cholera Vaccination"; C. S. Cathcart, Albert Lea, "Problems in Farm Engineering."

The evening lectures will be an interesting feature of the week, as follows:

Monday evening, Jan. 1, "Industrial Education," by L. D. Harvey of Menomonie, Wis.; Tuesday evening, Jan. 2, "Value of Domestic Science Training in the Home," by Mrs. Kedzie Jones; Wednesday evening, Jan. 3, Dr. George Vincent, president of the state university, "Social Conditions on the Farm."

Old Fashioned Spelling Bee

On Thursday evening, Jan. 4, Professor Arthur McMurry, a noted lecturer and humorist, will deliver an address on "The Philosophy and Poetry of Farm Life."

On Friday evening there will be an old-fashioned spelling match by Steele county contestants, under the direction of County Superintendent C. L. Davis.

Balance of $1,000 Reported.

St. Paul.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Minnesota Educational association, the affairs of the last meeting of the association were settled up. F. J. Sperry of Mankato, treasurer of the association, reported a balance of $1,000 was left from the meeting. Five hundred dollars was set aside for the meeting of the National association to take place in St. Paul next July. A committee will be appointed to investigate means of standardizing courses of the high schools of the state. Three hundred dollars was appropriated for use by that committee. Albert Gullette, chairman of the committee of twenty, of the Minneapolis schools, met with the executive committee to confer on the work to be done by the standardizing committee. Dean George F. James, F. J. Sperry and John L. Silvernale, superintendent of schools in Red Wing, were present.

Winona to Banquet Y. M. C. A.

Winona.—Arrangements have been commenced for a banquet to be given here in connection with the state convention of the Y. M. C. A., early in February. It will be held at the Masonic Temple on the evening of Feb. 9, and it is expected between 300 and 400 men will sit down. It has now been decided to combine the workers' conference in the Men and Religion Forward movement with the Y. M. C. A. state convention. Committees on boys' work, Bible study, evangelism, missions and social service are to be appointed and hold preliminary meetings.

Immigration Commissioner Selected.

St. Paul. — H. J. Maxfield, of Wadena, was elected state immigration commissioner at a meeting of the state immigration board. Mr. Maxfield was not a candidate, his name had not been mentioned in connection with the position, and his election was a genuine surprise. He is county attorney of Wadena county, is about 40 years of age, was one of the organizers of and the first president of the Northern Minnesota Development association, and held that office until his retirement after the recent annual meeting of the association at St. Cloud.

Club Booms Wheat Market.

Warren.—Not since the threshing season closed has as much grain been marketed here as in the last week. The Commercial club offered a bonus of 5 cents a bushel for all grain marketed in the city. The streets leading to the elevators have been blockaded with teams awaiting their turns to unload.—The Warren Building & Loan association has appointed a committee to forward the proposition of building a first-class hotel in Warren. The estimated cost of the structure is placed at about $25,000.

RUSSIA IS STERN

ASSUMES NOT TO HAVE BEEN AGGRESSOR IN OUTRAGES AT TABRIZ AND RESHT.

ATROCITIES TO CONTINUE

Another American Mentioned for Treasurer General at Teheran, But Post Likely to Go to a Belgian.

London, Eng. — The Russian government has decided upon stern measures to suppress disorders at Tabriz and other disturbed Persian towns. As reports of Russian progress in Persia and stories of the indiscriminate killing of natives in Tabriz and Resht, and of the destruction of Persia's constitutional government under Russian menaces continue to reach England the people are becoming increasingly disquieted at the British government's complicity, which the foreign secretary, Sir Edward Grey, thinks is a matter of policy and compelled by the Anglo-Russian agreement.

Doubts also have been increased as to whether Persian independence ever will be restored to even the feeble status it had before this last assault by Russia. If parliament were sitting there would undoubtedly be severe questioning of the government on this subject and an arraignment of the foreign office.

The Times is the only paper which strongly supports the government and it expresses considerable uneasiness over Russia's intentions as hinted in St. Petersburg reports. The Manchester Guardian, the ablest and most influential provincial Liberal paper, deplores British responsibility and questions whether the government could not have taken some stand earlier, but fears that it is now too late. In short, the whole affair is repugnant to Liberal sentiment.

Savage Attacks Reported.

The Persian committee, composed of prominent Englishmen interested in Persian affairs, has received the following telegram from the provincial assembly at Tabriz, sent through the Persia society of Constantinople:

"On Dec. 21 Russian troops attacked and seized the administration buildings. They trampled school children under foot and killed and despoiled innocent men and women. They also looted the shops.

"The inhabitants, after extraordinary forbearance, began to defend themselves and forced the Russians to evacuate the government offices.

"On Dec. 22 the Russians bombarded the city until sunset, consternation increasing hourly. On Dec. 23, in consequence of orders from the central government to cease fighting, the inhabitants took no steps to defend themselves, but the Russians renewed the bombardment, firing from the environs of their consulate at women and other innocent Persians. They wounded or made captive the wives and children of many respectable citizens and set fire to numerous buildings and mosques.

"The inhabitants still remained quiet on Dec. 25, but the ferocity of the Russians greatly increased. They killed many women and children and a large number of buildings were burned by them. We beg you to communicate this telegram to the principal newspapers and influential centers of Europe."

Russia Claims Innocence.

St. Petersburg. — A semi-official statement says that the Russian government in view of "acts of foolhardy aggression committed against the Russian forces and institutions in Tabriz, Resht and Enzeli, sometimes followed by brutal torture of the wounded and base outrages against the dead," has decided that the severest punishment to the guilty is merited, and Russian commanders, in conjunction with Russian consuls, are instructed to adopt the most stringent measures.

Want Another American.

Teheran.—It is understood that the regent and cabinet desire the appointment of the American, F. E. Cairns, the principal associate of Mr. Shuster, as the new treasurer general of Persia.

It is more likely, however, that M. Mornard, the Belgian former director of customs of Persia, who some months ago made himself prominent by his hostility to Mr. Shuster, will receive the position.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 28.—Wheat, May, $1.06⅜; July, $1.07½; No. 1 northern, $1.06⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.04⅜; No. 1 durum, 97½c; No. 3 corn, 59½c; No. 3 white oats, 45c; barley, malting, $1.20; No. 2 rye, 88½c; No. 1 flax, $2.11.

Duluth, Dec. 28. — Wheat, May, $1.05⅝; July, $1.06⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.03⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.00½.

South St. Paul, Dec. 28. — Cattle — Steers, $3.85@5.00; cows, $2.25@4.00; calves, $2.75@6.00; hogs, $6.00@6.15; sheep and lambs, $2.75@5.75.

HEIRESS HELD FOR MONEY.

Mother of Missing Chicago Girl Receives Letter Asking for $150.

Chicago, Illinois.—A letter, declaring that Violet Buehler, the missing Chicago girl, was being purposely kept from her mother and that she would be returned on the payment of $150, was received by Mrs. Buehler. The letter was turned over to the police, who regard it as an attempt to extort money from the woman. Efforts to discover the writer of the missive have been unsuccessful.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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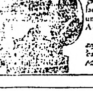

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Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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Saturday, December 30, 1911.

A happy New Year to all.

Mrs. Adolph O. Eberhart, wife of the governor, who was operated on in Minneapolis Wednesday for appendicitis, is doing finely.

Standard Oil seems to have no end of touble. After its long struggle for supremacy in Mexico, its treatment at home fond an echo in hoots and hisses that greeted its application to the Mexican congress for a pipe line concession.

Fifty thousand bushels of potatoes imported to New York city from Scotland paid a duty of $750. We do not know what these imported potatoes cost in Scotland nor the ocean freight. But whoever imported them made a mistake in not first coming to northern Minnesota. He could have picked up 50,000 bushels of real potatoes, prize winners, at very low prices.

A. C. Wiess, publisher of the Duluth Herald, is declared to be a candidate for United States Senator from Minnesota on the democrat ticket, and this will mean a hot contest between Mr. Weiss and Daniel W. Lawler, of St. Paul, who announced his candidacy some time ago. Mr. Weiss has not got into the game formally as yet, but it is intimated that he will declare himself in the spring.

Do not fail to attend the Crookston agricultural school short course Jan. 2-12, 1912. Meals may be secured at the school for 20 cents each and rooms in Crookston at a low rate. The trains going north on the Great Northern will take passengers to the school in the morning and the southbound train will return them in the evening. A very valuable program has been arranged. Send for a catalog giving full information.

The northwestern land products show which has been in St. Paul for the past ten days, closing today, has demonstrated the glory of the entire northwest, but no state has shown products surpassing those of Minnesota. Our apples, our potatoes, our grains, are of the very finest quality and the competition of other states in any of these lines, only brings out the superiority of our own. We have no apologies to make for Minnesota.

A bill has again been introduced into Congress which would prohibit interstate railroad or other carriers from taking liquors into any territory where its use, possession or sale is a violation of law. This should become a law and allow the United States to get out of the criminal class. As it is now a state may pass a prohibitory law and at once the federal government gets busy issuing permits for the sale of the forbidden goods and aids and abets the criminal element in violating the laws which a great nation is supposed to assist in enforcing.—Breckenridge Telegram.

In the approaching year may we keep our reverence unimpaired for the humble-minded and those who have suffered much; our humor alert for our own mistakes and our self-sufficiency, and not at any time wreak it upon the aged, the crippled, the obscure. May we guard childhood and honor age, however infirm and petulant, because it has gone a long way on the same road that bruises our feet; and ever seek to prolong the brief moment of joy as it visits children and lovers. May we have the grace to rejoice in the flow of life as it moves through men from generation to generation, and to be purified by the mystery in which we dwell—the night silences and the wonder of our inner life. May we know that humanity [illegible] than any creed of its devising, any church of its building, [illegible] of its shaping. May we look upon the widespread spectacle of human suffering and, having saddened, to look upon it, learn to know our single life—seemingly so unique—as a drop of that infinite sea. When it comes our time to realize that in this earthly progress we shall not long dwell with happiness or with success, may we clear our spirit of bitterness and in calm strength continue at the work.—Collier's Weekly.

The Creamery War

Investigation growing out of the contest between the country creameries and the big city creameries brings out some interesting facts. It has been deteminded that the country creamery makes better butter in spite of the magnificent equipmens of the city creamery. It has also been determined that this better grade of butter is made at less cost than the inferior grade manufactured in the city creamery.

It has been a known fact that the prizes for high quality of butter, but it may not have been generally known how they accomplished that result. It takes fresh cream to make good butter. If the country buttermaker exercises equal care and skill with the city buttermaker, he is sure to have a better product, for the man in the city plant must work with stale cream.

There are several causes that make the operation of the city plant more expensive. It is probable that the principal cause is freight charges. It costs much more to ship raw cream than it does to ship butter, the product of the raw cream. This proposition is so simple as to require no further explaination.

Then why, with all the advantages in favor of the country creamery is the big creamery in this game? There is just one explanation. Everything is staked on the usually successful methods of "high finance"—it is hoped that e-v-e-n-t-u-a-l-l-y the big creamery people will be the only men on the job and that they will be soaking the public at both ends of the profit making scheme.

Will it come to that? If it does, the control of the dairy business in the hands of the few men will be just as comfortable a soft snap as is standard oil to those who pocket the winnings in that game.

The situation is one that demands the loyalty of every farmer and dairyman. It demands his loyalty because it is his game. The big creameries are trying to put the little creameries out of business. The country creamery is the only weapon with which the fermers and dairymen can successfully fight the monopoly of the dairy business that a few men are trying to create.

The approved methods of "big business" in getting rid of little competition are employed in this undertaking. Usually a man who ships cream doesn't get any more money. He may get a higher "price," but in that case there is usually something wrong with the test or he is being "baited." Where a weak creamery is found some tempting prices are offered. That is so simple when you think about it, "they are going to get it back" when the little creamery goes out of business. The farmer who falls for the temptation of a cent or two more per pound, or even much more than that, when the local creamery needs his support, is playing a sure losing game no matter what may appear to be his temporary profit on the transaction.

So you see, it is not sa much a question of loyalty to the creamery as a local insitution. The former cannot be loyal to his own good business judgment unless he encourages the local creamery, the only protection he has against the attempted monopoly which if it succeeds will not only be able to sell butter at any price it may determine but will determine without any question what shall be paid for cream.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

Mourning the Dead

In Hoboken, in a shop frequented by germans, hangs a sign which reads thus: "We regret to inform our honored customers that our good and generous friend, Mr. Credit, expired today. He was a noble soul, always willing and helpful, but had been failing for some time. May he rest in peace. PAY CASH." Promises are poor things, actual deeds are the only coin current. Golden grain belt beer speak for better digestion, stronger health and their superb tang makes friends everywhere. Order of Alex. Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

The Literary Society

The literary society held a meeting Wednesday evening and adopted rules and by-laws. The building formerly occupied by T. H. Jackson as a barber shop has been fitted up for a gymnasium and public meeting room and the reaf as a reading room

A constitution and by-laws were adopted and officers elected as follows:

A. S. Wilson, president.
G. W. Hooper, secretary.
Mrs. O. F. Post, treasurer.
Rev. P. M. Palmer, director of rules and conduct.
Dr. J. E. Owens, director of athletics.
O. A. Pitkin, literary director.

The meeting adjourned to meet again Jan. 5.

For health and energy eat
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package [illegible]

Looking Backward

Another year will soon be history, and its fortunes and misfortune a matter of the past. However, it seems well that, while its results are still fresh in our memory, they should be canvassed throughly and with serious thought.

Successful farming demands business management, and no business is well managed that is not throughly canvassed at least once each year. If you have no detailed account of the past season's operations, you at least have some mental notation of the things that have in the past seasons gone right or wrong. Now is a good time to call these to mind, study them from every side, and with the close of the year determine to do better in the future.

No one is infallible; all make mistakes and an occasional mistake is worth while if we study the cause and profit thereby. Every failure should be made a guide-post to future success.—O. M. Olson.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held in the hall in the village of St. Hilaire on the 8th day of January, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year and to transact other business that may come before the meeting. JOHN O. SWANSON,
Secretary.

Considerate.

Muggins is not handsome, and he knows it. When his first baby was born he asked, "Does it look like me?"

Of course they replied in the affirmative.

"Well," said he, with a sigh, "break it to my wife gently."—London Tit-Bits.

BURNED PAPER MONEY.

Source of Great Profit to the Government and Banks.

At the redemption windows of the treasury and of the subtreasuries of the country any silver coin that has not been mutilated willfully and which still is recognizable as from the mints of the United States will be redeemed at face value, this in spite of the fact that the silver in the worn coin may not be worth half its face value. As to gold coin, the government stands only a small portion of the loss from abrasion; but, according to weight, these worn gold coins always are redeemable.

In the case of the paper currency two-fifths of a note must be presented if it shall be redeemed or a new note issued, and, no matter what the evidence may be as to total destruction of this paper currency, the government regards it as the holder's individual loss with which it is no further concerned. Fire may melt $1,000 worth of silver coins and it is worth its metal value. It may melt $1,000 in gold coins and the mint will pay $1,000 in new twenty dollar gold pieces for the mass. But the ashes of $1,000 in paper currency is without value.

In the thousands of fires over the country every year involving office buildings, factories, business houses and family residences an untold total of legal tender notes of all kinds are destroyed. Every piece of such paper lost is loss to the holder and gain to the government or to a national bank. It is a promissory note hopelessly lost to the holder. It is even more, for in many cases an individual man might redeem his debt obligation if he were assured by the holder of it that the piece of paper to which he had signed his name had been destroyed by accident and by no chance could turn up again against him.—Chicago Tribune.

Pope as a Witness.

Pope, like Garrick, made but a poor figure in the witness box. He was cited to appear in defense of Bishop Atterbury when that prelate was tried for high treason in the house of lords in 1723. "I never could speak in public," he told Spence afterward, "and I don't believe that if it was a set thing I could give an account of any story to twelve friends together, though I could tell it to any three of them with a great deal of pleasure. When I was to appear for the bishop of Rochester in his trial, though I had but ten words to say and that on a plain point (how the bishop spent his time when I was with him at Bromley), I made two or three blunders in it and that notwithstanding the first row of lords (which was all I could see) were mostly of my acquaintance."—London Standard.

A VERY SIMPLE DETECTIVE CASE.

By BERTHA DALSOP.

[Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.]

"Walter, call a cab."

So spoke Walter De Forest while sitting in the cafe of his club. In a few minutes the waiter announced that the cab was at the door. De Forest went out, gave a street and number to the cabman and got into the cab. There, before him on the seat, lay a package.

"Ah," exclaimed De Forest, "some one has lost something."

Taking up the package, he opened it and saw on the top a bank bill for $1,000. He opened his eyes very wide. Lifting the bill, he came upon another for the same amount. He opened his eyes wider. Fifty bills, each for $1,000, were in the parcel.

He looked at the wrapper. There was neither name nor mark on it to give the slightest clew to its ownership. He tied up the package and put it in his pocket. On reaching his destination he said to the driver: "[illegible] the last person in this cab before me?"

"A young lady, sir."

"What name?"

"I don't know, sir."

"Where did she engage you?"

"She called me from the sidewalk."

"Where did she tell you to drive?"

"To 84 Union street."

Mr. De Forest started. "Did you take her there?"

"No, sir. A pair of horses were plunging in the crowd of vehicles beside us. I drove on, but when I got down to open the door there was no one inside. I think the lady got scared and slipped out."

"Did you go to the location she gave you to collect your fare?"

"Not yet, sir."

"How much does she owe you?"

"A dollar."

"Here it is. I know the lady. I'll tell her."

"Thank you, sir."

The coincidence was a strange one. Julia Drayton, aged twenty-one, that day had been paid in bills a legacy of $50,000. She had stepped from a bank to the sidewalk, got into a cab, suffered from a fright, jumped out and left her fortune inside. Walter De Forest was an admirer of hers and had at the time made up his mind that he would marry her if he could. Money was no special object to him.

The next morning he saw an advertisement in the papers of a large reward for the lost money. In the evening he called on Miss Drayton. The servant who received him said that her mistress was indisposed.

"Tell her that I have called to speak to her about her loss," said De Forest, and in a few moments Miss Drayton came down. She was much agitated.

"I saw an advertisement this morning," he said, "which from its reading I think must be yours."

"I have lost my inheritance."

De Forest asked her to tell him the story, which she did.

"I am very sorry for you," he said when she had finished, "indeed so sorry that I am going to exercise my ingenuity to find who has the bills. I have a plan that I will put into operation, and if it succeeds I shall recover your fortune."

"All of it?" she gasped.

"All or none."

"But there is the reward."

"That we may talk of after getting the bills."

Mr. De Forest called often to report progress. Miss Drayton begged him to tell her of his methods, but he assured her it was not best. Though at times he spoke encouragingly and at times the reverse, he continually kept her up by a steadfast hope.

One evening De Forest left the young lady conscious of the fact that he might as well bring his detective investigations to a close. A few days later he showed Miss Drayton a piece of paper on which was scrawled by some illiterate person an agreement to return fifty $1,000 bank bills provided that immunity were guaranteed. Miss Drayton caught her breath. But De Forest reminded her of the many frauds in such matters and warned her not to feel too sure. Nevertheless she wrung his hand.

A week passed, during which Miss Drayton suffered alternate chills and fever—chills of despondency and fever of hope. And all the while she was thinking of that good, kind man who was devoting his time, his energies, his genius, for investigation to the return of her lost fortune.

One day she received a note from De Forest notifying her that if her doorbell rang between 7 and 8 that evening she would do well to answer it herself. At a quarter to 8 the bell rang. Miss Drayton opened the door. A man in working clothes handed her a package and without a word hurried away. Turning to the light, she opened the package and saw her lost bills. Counting them, she found all she had lost.

She was still in a delirium of joy when the bell rang again. She flew to the door and admitted Mr. De Forest. She could not control herself. Throwing her arms around his neck, she wept for joy.

There was one and only one matter to be settled between them. That was Mr. De Forest's reward for his patient labors. Miss Drayton asked him to name it and it should be his.

Then he told her that the reward he had been working for was herself. She kept her word.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

The Ware That Wears

Guaranteed 15 Years

It doesn't pay to buy cheap ware that soon peels, cracks, leaks, tarnishes, rusts or wears out. Even at a lower cost such ware is the most expensive because it is dangerous to health and unreliable in service—doesn't last.

"1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Ware

is guaranteed for 15 years. There is practically no wear out to it and scientific investigation proves it the most sanitary cooking ware made. Particles can't chip off and cause chronic troubles nor spoil the food. Germs do not breed on its smooth surface and odors can not be absorbed by it.

You'll have better food and save trouble, time and fuel by using only "1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Ware. Look for trade mark on every piece.

FOR SALE BY

A. H. Pitkin, St. Hilaire

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	9
" " 2 "	9
" " 3 "	8
Flax, No. 1	$1
" " 2	1.8
Barley, for 50 lbs	9
Oats	3
Eggs	3
Butter	
" creamery	
Potatoes	
Beef live weight	2
Pork, "	
" dressed	
Mutton "	6
Veal "	7
Chickens, alive	3
Hides	
Flour, patent	2
Shorts, per ton	26
Bran, " "	25

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m.
" 553, Freight, " 6:00 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p. m.
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:25 a. m.

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Bodrd of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Morning service at 11 a. m.

Evening services at 8 p. m.

PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services Sunday, Jan. 7, at 7:30 p. m.

Monday morning at 5:15, Christmas service.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Sunday, Dec. 31, 10:30 a. m., services.

Tuesday, Jan. 2, 7:30 p. m., social, with program and auction.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services New Years day at 3 p. m.

Sunday school at 1 p. m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. B. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LEHMANN, President. MORRIS LASSLE, Secretary.

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Physician and Surgeon
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
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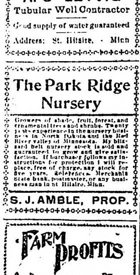

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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

The year 1912 will be a leap year.

A. H. Pitkin returned Tuesday from Crookston.

Miss Eva McAndress visited friends in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

K. O Gigstad was in Thief River Falls Wednesday and Thursday.

R. J. McKercher transacted business at the county seat Wednesday.

Miss Jennie Blaine of Crookston spent Christmas with friends here.

Miss Alice Hall entertained some of her friends at supper Thursday.

Misses Lily and Annie Boehm visited Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee and Miss Alice Hoff were in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Nickolas Skeie came down Monday from Spooner to spend the holiday time at home.

Miss Eda Brink returned to Grand Forks Tuesday, after spending Christmas at home.

The orchestra is preparing to give a New Year's ball at Imperial hall next Friday evening.

M. A. Converse's children of Red Lake Falls spent a few days this week with "grandpa."

Misses Mabel Foss and Mabel Thompson from Grand Forks are guests of Miss Cleo Amble.

O. C. Bakken, the Red Lake Falls Milling company's agent, was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Maurice Brink went to Salol Wednesday to resume his duties as bookkeeper at a logging camp.

The young friends of Miss Alice Hoff gave her a surprise party at the Imperial hall Thursday evening.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday Jan. 7, 10:30 a. m.

Mrs. L. O. Williams and her son Henry of Thief River Falls are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. C. Steen.

Chairman Aubol and County Surveyor Martz went to the county seat Wednesday to attend a ditch hearing.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Rev. and Mrs. Gjerde entertained the young people of the St. Hilaire and Hamar congregations Wednesday evening at their home.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the home of A. P. Ekstrom in Black River Tuesday Jan. 9, at 2:30 p. m.

Miss Louise Wilson visited friends in Red Lake Falls this week. On her return she was accompanied by Miss Alice Fellman.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

CARL KRUEGER.

Miss Amelia Duddy gave an oyster supper to her friends at the Central hotel Wednesday evening. Plates were laid for twenty guests.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

Albert Hall of Stillwater is spending the holiday vacation at home. Mr. Hall is doing well in his chosen vacation, and is now assistant pharmacist in a large drug store at Stillwater.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Edstrom of Randolph, Minn., are guests of the K. O. Gigstad home, and this office acknowledge a pleasant call from Mr. Edstrom. Mrs. Edstrom is Mr. Gigstad's daughter and they are old time residents of St. Hilaire.

Miss Alice Hoff returned last Saturday from St. Paul, where she underwent two operations on her eyes for strabismus. The second operation is expected to prove successful, over which outcome she and her friends have reason to be profoundly thankful.

The Young People's society of the United church will have a pound social next Wednesday evening, Jan. 3, at the home of August Rolland. Prizes will be given to the two that have to pay the most and to the one that has to pay the least. Mr. Rolland can make room for at least eleven teams.

MUSIC
MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Selmer Hauge went Friday to Halstad to visit friends.

Elmer Burkee is spending the holiday vacation at home.

Call on A. Satterberg for hard coal and get right prices.

Ole Brannm went Friday to Duluth on a business mission.

Misses Nora and Lily Johnson were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Misses Kate and Inez Patterson were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Oscar Gunstad came down from Salol yesterday for a visit with friends here.

Misses Huldah and Josephine Gigstad were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday.

C. J. Simonson of Grand Forks visited with friends and relatives here over Christmas.

Misses Mabel Letvig and Echo Olson spent a few days visiting friends in Red Lake Falls this week.

Thief River Falls people are taking pattern from St. Hilaire and will organize an athletic association.

Born, to Mr and Mrs. Irvin Wallace on Wednesday Dec. 27, a son.

Misses Hilda and Cora Helgo returned yesterday to Halstad after a few weeks' visit at the R. L Hauge home.

Misses Amanda Kalland of Winnipeg and Helga Kalland of Rainy River are spending the holidays at home.

Peter Anderson the buttermaker at the Holt creamery, spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. K. Anderson.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Miss Alice Hall and O. H. Olson attended the play, "The Deep Waters," at Crookston last evening.

The Young People's society of the United church will have a pound social at the home of August Rolland Wednesday evening, Jan. 3.

Rev. Palmer and Miss Esther and Mr. and Mrs. Hooper entertained C. W. Lyman and family and C. A. Ellickson at dinner last Sunday.

Red Lake Falls is to have a three days' farmers' institute, the dates selected being Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, Jan. 11, 12, and 13, 1912.

Go to G. I. Fellman if you want to take your best girl out for a sleigh ride; or if you want to take you want to take your mother-in-law out I can fix you out

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold an auction sale and supper at the church on Tuesday evening Jan. 2, at 7 p. m. Everybody invited

Last week the Karwand farm in the town of Sanders was sold to W. J. Mayer, of Tumam, Minn. Mr. Mayer expects to locate on his new farm in the spring.—News.

Misses Gertrude, Milbred, and Marie Hooper, Mary Anderson, and Hannah Miller want to Crookston yesterday and attended the play, "The Deep Waters."

There will be a social in the Scandinavian Mission church Monday evening Jan. 1. A program of music and speaking will be given to begin at 7:30. Admission 25 and 15 cents.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.

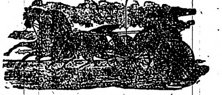
A. Satterberg.

Happy Events.

A teacher in one of the public schools of Vienna in order to test the ability of her junior class—girls eight to nine years old—in composition writing gave each little miss a subject to be discussed "at once without consultation and without help of any kind." The articles were found to be so interesting and amusing that they have been collected for publication. One article on "My Three Happiest Days" is notable in the unique collection. In well chosen words and clearly rounded sentences the little girl says that, being lost in the woods, having to run away from a fire which broke out in their house and watching a little boat as the wind tossed it on the waves and finally smashed it, were the most "happy events" that she could think of. Another in describing "fairyland" said that it must be a place where "everything is as it is here except that the lakes should be frozen half across at all times of the year so that we could take a swim and jump out and skate."

SPECIAL SALE
On Mens' and Boys' Suits and Overcoats we invite Comparison.
Before you buy your Fall Clothes come in and get our prices.
A big line of Shoes and Rubbers just received
LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Benson-Highland Nuptials

A quiet, but very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Benson last Thursday, Dec. 28, at 3 o'clock, when their daughter, Charlotte, was united in marriage to Mr. Michael Highland of Halstad, Minn., Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating.

The rooms were handsomely decorated and the ceremony was performed beneath a beautiful white and green arch decorated with ferns and roses. The bride wore a light tan messaline and carried bridal roses, while the groom was dressed in appropriate dark.

The bride was attended by Miss Amanda Highland as maid of honor. The bridesmaids were Misses Milla Highland and Tyra Wallen, while the best men were Selmor Benson and Albert Larson.

A sumptuous five o'clock dinner was served in six courses, plates being laid for about fifty. The guests were mostly from out of town, many having come from the bride's former home at Halstad. Mr. and Mrs. Highland were the recipients of many valuable presents.

The bride, although not generally known here, having spent most of the later years in the west, has by her charming personality won numerous friends. The groom, who is a promising young man, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Highland, prominent residents of Halstad, is not much known here.

Their numerous friends join in wishing them a long, prosperous life's journey.

America's Greatest Weekly
THE TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising
The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.
The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.
Sample copies mailed free. Address,
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Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
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Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
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I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
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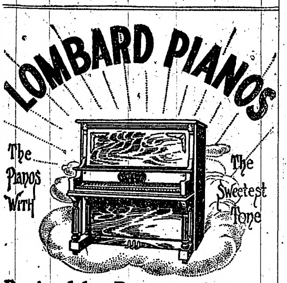
THIEF RIVER FALLS MI.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit
No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that
LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!
Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."
Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."
J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."
J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."
R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.
Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.
GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.
See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribes with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to g ure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE
Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 625 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. [illegible]
Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. [illegible]
The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible]

NEVER COUNTED THE GIRLS

Prince's Answer to Question Typical of Life in the Countries of the Orient.

The big punkah flopped and flagged between the columns, as we sat and talked. Mem-Sahib, who was born in the Caucasus amid Georgian and Circassian dignitaries, and so had a happy way with Oriental princes, took us all aback by suddenly asking the good gray prince how many brothers he had. His highness looked at her with a queer little smile, half tolerant, half amused, and began, with great show of seriousness, to count them on his fingers, first of the right hand, then of the left; after going once or twice round, he halted, started again, then stopped and said:

"I am afraid I must ask my secretary!"

The secretary replied, with dignity: "Your highness had a hundred and nineteen brothers!"

Mem-Sahib, not a whit abashed, then asked this good Oriental nobleman concerning his sisters.

He smiled very charmingly, saying: "I am afraid I do not know; we never counted them!"—Charles Johnston in the Atlantic Monthly.

BURNING ITCH WAS CURED

"I deem it my duty to tell about a cure that the Cuticura Soap and Ointment have made on myself. My trouble began in splotches breaking out right in the edge of my hair on the forehead, and spread over the front part of the top of my head from ear to ear, and over my ears which caused a most fearful burning itch, or eczema.

"For three years I had this terrible breaking out on my forehead and scalp. I tried our family doctor and he failed to cure it. Then I tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment and used them fo. two months with the result of a complete cure. Cuticura Soap and Ointment should have the credit due, and I have advised a lot of people to use them." (Signed) C. D. Tharrington, Creek, N. C., Jan. 26, 1911.

Itching Scalp—Hair Felt Out.

"I will say that I have been suffering with an itching on my scalp for the past few years. My hair fell out in spots all over my head. My scalp started to trouble me with sores, then the sores healed up, and crusts formed on the top. Then the hair fell out and left me three bald spots the shape of a half dollar. I went to more than one doctor, but could not get any relief, so I started to use the Cuticura Remedies. I tried one bar of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment, and felt relieved right away. Now the bald spots have disappeared, and my hair has grown, thanks to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I highly recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all that are suffering with scalp trouble." (Signed) Samuel Stern, 236 Floyd St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 9 K, Boston.

Justly Punished.

"Why have you discharged Richards? Do you think because he has reached the age of forty-five that he is no longer useful?"

"No, that isn't it. When I was coming into the city on my car the other morning he got in front of it at a crossing and was so slow that in order to avoid running him down I had to lose nearly half a minute.

The Chicago Fire could have been prevented with one pail of water, but the water was not handy. Keep a bottle of Hamlins Wizard Oil handy and prevent the fiery pains of inflammation.

The wise manicure never hits the nail on the head.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Most women like the villain better than the hero.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

[illegible]

Please write to the agent nearest you

PISO'S will immediately relieve COUGHS & COLDS

Happy New Year of Many Nations

NEW YEAR'S day has for for generations been the occasion of revels. It has come down to us from the old German custom of dividing the year at the close of those months when it was no longer possible to keep cattle out doors

This was made quite a fete and in the sixth century was merged into the feast of St. Martin, November 11, on which day the opening of the New Year was celebrated.

While in Germany Martinmas and the New Year were identical, with the introduction of the Roman calendar the celebration was gradually transferred to the first of January, and with it went many of the jolly Martinmas customs.

Traces of these old New Year observances and superstitions can still be traced in the way the season is kept in different lands.

Our decorations of greens, for instance, are a relic of the old Roman superstition of presenting branches of trees for good luck in the coming year.

The giving of presents has also come to us from the Romans. They outdid even the generous Americans, for they used to ask for gifts, if not received, until one of the emperors forbade his subjects demanding gifts save on the New Year.

One of the favorite New Year's gifts after pins were invented in England, in the sixteenth century, were the rough hand-made pieces of metal that took the place of bone and wood skewers Later pin money was substituted.

A gift that must never be omitted was an orange stuck with cloves to grace the wassail bowl. Apples, nuts and fat fowl were popular offerings of the season.

Gloves and glove money is a very old New Year custom which is still kept up in the increasing use of gloves as holiday gifts.

Even more curious are the old New Year customs. Many of these are still observed by old-fashioned people who cling to the old traditions.

The old-fashioned Englishman will formally open the outer door of his house on New Year's eve just at the approach of midnight. This is to let out the old year and usher in the new.

The Scotch make much of New Year. It is generally ushered in with a "hot pint," brewed at home and drunk by the family standing around the bowl just as midnight strikes.

After hearty greetings to the New Year, the "hot pint," with bread, cheese and cakes, is taken to the houses of the neighbors. The first to enter another's home on the first of January bestows good luck on the family for the year.

In many of the Scottish regiments even yet the ushering in of New Year is most picturesque. At five minutes before twelve the soldiers, headed by the oldest man in the regiment dressed as Father Time, march out of barracks headed by the band playing "Auld Lang Syne."

Just at the stroke of twelve there comes a knock at the gate.

"Who goes there?" calls the sentry.

"The New Year," is the answer.

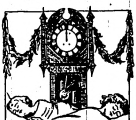
"Advance, New Year," is called back.

The gates are thrown open and the smallest drummer lad in the regiment, dressed in Highland costume, is carried in on the shoulders of the men, and marched around the barracks to the pipers' tunes. The rest of the night is spent in carousing.

A Prayer for the New Year

ETERNAL God, in whom is the hope of all our years, remember us in Thy mercy also in this new year of our Lord. Reveal Thy glory in the experience of its joys and sorrows. Forestall its tears with the abiding comfort of Thy presence. Make us strong rightly to measure all our gains and to endure with patience every loss Thy love allows. Show us Thy meaning in the gifts and opportunities of each new day. Assure us of Thy help in labor, Thy delight in our joys. Quicken our minds to clear vision and our hearts to cheerful content. Provide for our bodies such vigor as shall be needful for our allotted work. We leave to Thee the mystery of the year's events, assured that Thou wilt guide our way. Withhold from us all gifts which would prevent Thy purpose for our growth in wisdom and in service. Only deny us not Thyself—Thy Spirit to instruct our hearts, Thy work to share, Thy peace to still our restlessness, Thy presence to resolve our doubts. In the sifting of temptation grant that our faith fail not, and when our years are ended bring us to Thyself, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Happy New Year



Just at the turn of midnight,
When the children are fast asleep,
The tired Old Year slips out by himself,
Glad of a chance to be laid on the shelf,
And the New Year takes a peep.

Best Gift of Time

The passing of years is like the coming of dawn—slow, silent, inevitable. The most eager cannot hasten the quiet, irresistible movement, and the most reluctant cannot forbid. Some gifts the years bring which we would fain decline—age, sorrow, disappointment. Some treasures they take which we would keep forever—youth, beauty, innocence. But there are more precious treasures which time cannot supply and the years cannot remove—friendship, patience, faith and love.—Herbert L. Willett.

The New Year

The wind blew there and the wind blew here,
And brought from Somewhere the small New Year.
It tapped for him at each door and pane
And never once was a knock in vain!
All good folks waited the coming child,
Their doors they opened and on him smiled.
Inside he stepped, with a happy face,
And softly slipped in the Old Year's place
Said he: "I bring you a Box of Days,
Tied round with tissue of rainbow rays;
I give it joyfully, for I know,
Though all days may not with gladness glow,
Each gift holds some precious bit of cheer
To win your thanks," said the sweet Child Year!

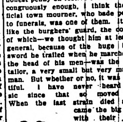
Origin of New Year Gifts

Like the customs of Christmas, which, in their origin, are a curious mixture of poetry and symbolism and of superstition, those that belong to the observance of New Year's day are also relics of ideas that date from early heathen ages. The French derive their term for New Year presents from the Latin word, Strenia, the name of a goddess whom the Romans venerated as the patroness of gifts. There was a grove in Rome dedicated to this goddess, where it was customary to get fresh twigs, to give as presents to friends and relatives on New Year's day. During the sway of the emperors, Roman subjects made New Year's gifts to their sovereign. Augustus received such quantities of these that he had gold and silver statues made of them. Tiberius did away with the usage, because he considered it too troublesome to express thanks for the gifts. Caligula, on the contrary, reintroduced the custom, and even made up for his predecessor's refusal to receive presents by requiring those that had been offered to him to be given to himself as arrearages. The custom of making New Year's gifts, notwithstanding attempts to suppress it, was continued after Europe had become Christian. For a time present making was transferred to Easter, but later it was again associated with the first day of January

"Blowing in the Yule."

Blowing in the yule from the grim old tower that had stood 800 years against the blasts of the North sea was one of the customs of the old town that abide, however it fares with the Nisse; that I know. At sunup, while yet the people were at breakfast, the town band climbed the many steep ladders to the top of the tower, and up there, in fair weather or foul—and sometimes it blew great guns from the wintry sea—they played four old hymns, one to each corner of the compass, so that no one was forgotten. They always began with Luther's sturdy challenge, "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God," while down below we listened devoutly.

There was something both weird and beautiful about those far-away strains in the early morning light of the northern winter, something that was not of earth and that suggested to my child's imagination the angels songs on far Judean hills. Even now after all these years, the memory of it does that. It could not have been because the music was so rare, for the band was made up of small storekeepers and artisans who thus turned an honest penny on festive occasions. Incongruously enough, I think the official town mourner, who bade people to funerals, was one of them. It was like the burghers' guard, the colonel of which—we thought him at least a general, because of the huge brass sword he trailed when he marched at the head of his men—was the town tailor, a very small but very martial man. But whether or no, it was beautiful. I have never heard music since that so moved me. When the last strain died away, came the big bells with their deep voices that sang far out over field and heath, and our yule was fairly under way.—Century Mag



LETHBRIDGE, ALBERTA, SECURES DRY FARMING CONGRESS FOR 1912.

The term "dry farming" does not indicate all that might be implied. It does not mean a system of irrigation, but one where all the rain fall and precipitation is stored up and conserved in the soil, to be drawn upon by scientific and sane processes when it may be required to forward and increase the growth of grain.

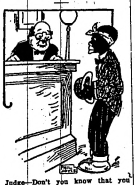
In certain sections of the Canadian West as well as in the American West, there is a portion of the country in which the soil is the very best for the growing of cereals, but the geographical locations and relative position to the rain avenues, do not give the advantage that other parts possess in the matter of precipitation.

Agricultural science, however, has been making rapid progress during the past few years, and it is now ascertained that it is not altogether the number of inches of rain that is essential to the growing of crops, but its conservation, and that is the meaning of "Dry farming." "Dry Farming" may well be applied to districts where there is a heavy rain fall and better results will follow. The education of the public into these new methods, not new exactly, but such as have had satisfactory demonstration, is not alone the purpose of these dry-farming Congresses. One idea is to bring into life and into operation the great areas of splendid land lying within what might be termed semi-arid, without placing them under the restrictive and expansive process of irrigation.

The Congresses are attended by thousands and they bring representatives from all parts of the world. The Province of Alberta, and also of Saskatchewan, has taken a vital interest in the Congresses which have been held in the past two or three years. The Province of Alberta has made provincial exhibits districts have shown their products, and last year, several hundred dollars were taken in prizes; this year the Province of Alberta took prizes ten to one in excess of any state in the Union. Alberta has won eight out of twenty special cups, that province taking one, Lethbridge one, Arthur Perry six, and John Baxter, Edmonton, carrying off one sweepstakes. When it came to a matter of location for the Congress for 1912, the City of Lethbridge, which had put up a splendid fight for it, secured the Congress by a unanimous vote. It is expected that the Lethbridge Congress will be the largest yet held and will be the biggest convention in the history of Western Canada. In emphasizing his invitation to Lethbridge, one of the speakers said he had just received a telegram from Magrath (near Lethbridge) stating that of one thousand acres of wheat just thrashed Hethershaw and Bradshaw had thrashed 47,000 bushels.

Literature sent out recently by the Canadian Government Agents, which will be sent postage free on application, tells of hundreds of splendid yields in all parts of Western Canada.

THE RUB.



Judge—Don't you know that you should try and make your married life pleasant, like our first parents? Adam never quarreled with Eve.

Prisoner—Dat's berry true, jedge, but yo' see Adam didn't have no mother-in-law.

Her Credit Was Strained.

A young country merchant who had something of a reputation for close figuring was especially attentive to the village schoolma-am. The young woman had a sweet tooth and was not at all retiring about making the fact known. Accordingly, she hinted to her admirer that a box of chocolates would be greatly appreciated on the occasion of his next visit. Later the suggestion was repeated and again duly heeded. The third time the subject was broached, however, the dispenser of sweets turned a deaf ear to the entreaty.

"I don't know about taking that girl any more candy," he confided to a companion next day. "She's owin' me sixty cents for chocolates already."—Lippincott's Magazine.

His Idea of Heaven.

The Sunday school teacher had been telling her infant class of the delights of heaven. One youngster paid close attention and after Sunday school was over, walked up to the teacher.

"Teacher," he said, "do they have billy goats with long whiskers up there? I want one awful bad, but grandpa says I can't have one. If they don't have billy goats up in heaven I don't believe I want to go."

Storm Note.

Little Harold Hillside looked out of the window at the snowstorm last Monday morning and exclaimed, "Oh, look at the blister!"—Newark News.

In after years a woman may be sorry she married the man in the case, but she's always glad that "that other woman didn't get him.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

It takes a wily widow to call a bachelor's bluff.

CHINA'S STRONG MAN

Both Factions Offer Leadership to Yuan Shi Kai.

Crafty Oriental Turned Tide in Boxer Revolt by Shooting Man Protected by "Bullet Proof Oath"—Friend of the People.

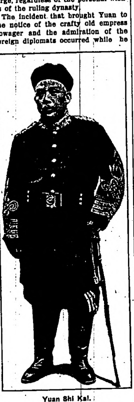
Shanghai.—Yuan Shi Kai, called "the strong man of China," towards whom the eyes of all the world today are turned, has been offered the premiership by the throne and the presidency by the Republicans. It is pointed out that at the time of the Boxer war, Yuan was the one man in China who could command the respect of foreigners and at the same time unite the warring Chinese.

Yuan accepted the premiership, considering it the best opportunity to bring about peace. A few days after he had assumed these duties he told his friends that he had thought the situation over carefully and concluded that there is no hope of saving the Manchu dynasty and that a change of government is inevitable.

Yuan is said to be of lowly birth, meager education and superficial knowledge. He has never traveled beyond the borders of his own country and he speaks no language but his own. His countrymen say that the strength of his appeal to them lies in the fact that he is quite generally and firmly believed, throughout the empire, to be patriotic.

His deposition from power for three years, 1908 to 1911, was due to his having repeatedly compelled the Manchu princes to relinquish certain revenues which they were using for private purposes, that he might have money to build up the army and to institute reforms in the schools. Yuan always seemed to have in mind some ultimate benefit to the people at large, regardless of the personal wishes of the ruling dynasty.

The incident that brought Yuan to the notice of the crafty old empress dowager and the admiration of the foreign diplomats occurred while he was mayor of a small town in the Province of Shantung. The Boxer movement was strong and many of the most reputable Chinese were on the verge of joining it, when Yuan decided that he must take an impressive stand against the fanatical ascendency of this secret order.



Yuan Shi Kai.

One of the tenets of the Boxer faith was that participation in the rites of the order rendered a person immune to the effects of bullets. They believed the "foreign devils" could not hurt them with their guns.

When Yuan was invited to join the Boxers he did not dare refuse, and he did not wish to accept, because he saw defeat ahead for them.

"I will join with you," he said, "upon one condition—that you prove to me you cannot be harmed by foreign bullets."

The Boxer committee agreed to the test, and one enthusiastic Boxer stood against the wall of the mayor's garden to be shot at by Yuan himself with a new model Martini-Henry rifle. Yuan smiling explained that this test would settle for all time in the minds of the citizens how unimportant was this boasted power of the foreign devils.

The Boxer leader was reverentially entombed at Yuan's expense and prayers were said over his grave for 100 days.

This is the man of nerve, cunning and diplomacy who is being called upon in China today.

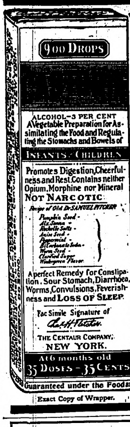
SHIP IS A FLOATING CITY

Gigantic, With 12 Decks, Will Carry 5,000 Souls and Cost Nearly $10,000,000.

London.—The Gigantic, sister ship of the Olympic, now building here, will be the largest trans-Atlantic steamer afloat when she is completed, three years hence. She will have a beam of 111 feet, the first ship to exceed 100 feet, and a displacement of 70,000 tons, with a gross tonnage of 50,000. She will have 12 decks, with the highest 75 feet above the water line.

The Gigantic is to carry more than 1,000 saloon passengers and to be a floating city of nearly 5,000 souls.

She will have a cricket field, or baseball pitcher's and catcher's positions, tennis court, golf links, reception and ball room, restaurants and veranda cafes.



900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

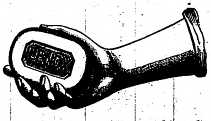
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

The strong, steady light.
Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil they burn.
Do not flicker. Will not blow or jar out.
Simple, reliable and durable—and sold at a price that will surprise you.
Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write to any agency of
Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)



Lenox Soap will do anything that any laundry soap will do.

Use it in the laundry, or for washing dishes, pots, pans, floors—anything that can be cleaned with soap and water.

Lenox Soap
"Just fits the hand"

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

In every cold weather emergency you need a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater. Is your bedroom cold when you dress or undress? Do your water pipes freeze in the cellar? Is it chilly when the wind whistles around the exposed corners of your house?

A Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater brings complete comfort. Can be carried anywhere. Always ready for use—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted.

Ask your dealer to show you a Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater; or write for descriptive circular to any agency of
Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

Beware Cheap Bills.

An examination of paper currency by Warren H. Hilditch of Yale showed an average of one hundred and forty-two thousand bacteria to the bill. Twenty-one bills were examined, and while some were relatively clean, carrying only a trifle of fourteen thousand living things, others swarmed to the figure of five hundred and eighty-six thousand. And, strange to say, the bacteria did not seem to swarm to the $1,000 bills in preference to the $1 bills.

This shows that it is far healthier to carry $1,000 bills about than it is to have $1 bills. Here is a valuable financial hint.

Irrigation projects are receiving the serious attention of the government of Brazil.

Sickly Children

If every mother would use Kickapoo Worm Killer, there would be few sickly children. It is the safest and surest cure for stomach and bowel ailments as well as for worms. It removes acids which impoverish the blood; cleans and regulates bad bowels; tones up the entire body; makes healthy children.

No alcohol or injurious drugs. Just a pleasant candy lozenge—all children like it. Try it and see how it helps your child. Price 25 cents; sold by druggists everywhere.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER
Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

N. W. N. U., NO. 52-1911

Remedies are Needed

Were we perfect, which we are not, medicines would not often be needed. But since our systems have become weakened, impaired and broken down through indiscretions which have gone on from the early ages, through countless generations, remedies *are* needed to aid Nature in correcting our inherited and otherwise acquired weaknesses. To reach the seat of stomach weakness and consequent digestive troubles, there is nothing so good as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a glyceric compound, extracted from native medicinal roots—sold for over forty years with great satisfaction to all users. For Weak Stomach, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Stomach after eating, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Belching of food, Chronic Diarrhea and other Intestinal Derangements, the "Discovery" is a time-proven and most efficient remedy.

The genuine has on its outside wrapper the Signature

R.V. Pierce, M.D.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. | ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 6. 1912. | NUMBER 26.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Senator Works of California will attempt to attach to the Sherwood pension bill a provision absolutely prohibiting any special pension bills and making ineligible for pension any person who attempts to get special legislation.

Discovery by the congressional joint committee on printing that "adulterated" paper had been used for years in the government printing office led to the announcement of a complete new set of government paper standards.

Evard Jansen has been promoted to be keeper of the Lime Rock light station, Rhode Island, in place of Ida Wilson Lewis, popularly called "the Grace Darling of America," whose death October 24 last, closed more than thirty years' continuous service filled with heroic deeds and crowned with universal fame.

The controversy over the regulations forbidding the importation into the United States of colored teas is still a live issue before the treasury department. Lloyd C. Griscom, representing eastern tea importers, has protested to Assistant Secretary Curtis that considerable colored tea was getting through at San Francisco.

Miss Clara Barton, founder and first president of the American National Red Cross society, was showered with greetings and good wishes on the ninetieth anniversary of her birth. Although feeble from her illness this year, Miss Barton was able to celebrate her birthday with relatives and friends who are spending Christmas with her at her home.

Subsequent to a call at the White house by Vice President Sherman wide credence was given to a report that Mr Sherman does not desire to be the republican candidate for governor of New York. It further was reported apparently on the highest authority that unless his party desired him to run again for the vice-presidency, he would retire from politics March 4, 1913.

General.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen is proving the man of the hour in the Chinese crisis.

The senate by a unanimous vote decided for the abrogation of the treaty with Russia.

An appeal has been made for a million dollars to swell the George Peabody education fund.

Stripped of power, General Reyes has surrendered and is a prisoner of the Mexican government.

The government, alleging an illegal combine, has brought suit against the Keystone Watch Case company.

A turkey from Rhode Island, intended for the president's Christmas dinner, arrived at the White house. It weighed forty pounds.

Norman E. Mack, chairman of the democratic national committee, denied that he was in any way committed as to where the next democratic convention should be held.

The California senate passed the presidential preference primary bill without a dissenting vote. The bill now requires only the governor's signature to become a law.

Amendments to the articles of incorporation of the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad company have been filed, increasing the capital stock from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000.

At Indianapolis, books and papers seized from the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers after the arrest of the McNamaras were minutely examined following the appearance before the federal grand jury of Robert J. Foster, a detective.

Thirteen out of a detachment of twenty rurales were killed in a fight with Zapatistas near San Maria, Mex., Sunday, according to details which have just been received. In addition, two women and a child were killed and their bodies mutilated.

That General Morales is likely to forfeit his life because of his last attempt at rebellion in Santo Domingo is the tenor of advice received at Washington from the island republic. He appears to have landed on the east coast of the island with fewer than a half dozen followers.

Oysters floated in brackish water for fattening purposes hereafter will be considered as adulterated under the pure food act, according to a decision by the pure food board. The decision will not be final until signed by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson.

Camillo Gioldini, owner of a number of fruit stores in San Francisco, was held up and robbed of $700 by confidence men in Chicago.

Governor Marion E. Hay of Washington has declined to call a special session of the legislature for the enactment of a presidential preference primary bill.

The senate made record time in adopting a house resolution. The measure provided for the payment of the salaries of the members of the house at once instead of January 1. The entire proceeding covered sixty seconds.

Congress, on reassembling after holidays, will get to work on the wool measure.

More than a million gallons of molasses were destroyed in a fire among the wharves and buildings of the Boston Molasses company.

Colonel Roosevelt has declined a second time to attend the New York peace dinner.

The Hamburg-American line has ordered a third 50,000 ton liner for the trans-Atlantic service.

Congress will have a surfeit of bills providing for a downward revision of the woolen tariff.

Dr. Sen, Chinese republic promoter, has arrived at Shanghai and is in conference with Wu Ting Fang.

Republican members of the ways and means committee have begun work on the republican wool bill.

The visible supply of wheat in Canada December 23 was 11,860,000 bushels, an increase of 238,000 bushels.

Kansas City religious workers have undertaken to find respectable homes for women of the red light district.

Henry N. Van Dyke, formerly registrar at Princeton university, died of heart disease on a Broadway car in New York.

Henry J. Horn, former assistant general manager of the Burlington lines west was made vice-president of the New Haven road.

Robbers blew the postoffice safe at Spaulding, Ohio. Two men, with $100 worth of stamps and some registered mail were arrested at Hickville.

Edward Sawyer, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Great Northern and one of the pioneer railroad officials of the northwest, will retire January 1.

Diamonds valued at between $6,000 and $7,000, enclosed in a jeweler's wallet, were stolen from the diamond room of a jewelry firm in Minneapolis. The thief escaped.

The California estate of the late Michael Cudahy, the Chicago meat packer, who died at Los Angeles, has yielded $14,000 to the state in the form of inheritance taxes.

The funeral of Wright Lorimer, the actor, who committed suicide in New York last week was held in the Dana, Mass., town hall, the building where he first attended school.

E. G. Lewis of St. Louis, publisher and promoter of realty and banking enterprises, was reindicted by the federal grand jury on the charge of using the mails to defraud.

Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, aged 67, editor of the official paper of the Daughters of the American Revolution and prominent in club and educational work, died in Cleveland, Ohio.

The will of John R. Walsh, the former Chicago banker who died early in November following his release from the Leavenworth penitentiary, was admitted to probate.

The Jewish Chronicle says that the leading Jewish institutions in London have decided to urge the abrogation of the Anglo-Russian treaty, which differentiates against the English Jews.

William Rockefeller gave to his employes as a Christmas present $5 for every year each had worked on his estate at Tarrytown. Several men have been in his employ for upwards of twenty years.

Edward H. Shuster, cousin of Morgan Shuster, treasurer general of Persia, is in New York, en route to Teheran from the Panama canal zone. He is going to help the treasurer general in his trouble with Russia.

The Chicago grand jury returned indictments charging Frederick G. Boneham and William R. Channell with the murder of Mrs. Hattie Kaufman, who was killed by four automobile bandits December 2.

The exports of the United States during the eleven months of the current year ending with November exceeded the imports by somewhat more than $475,000,000. The value of the exports was $1,867,614,510, while the imports were worth $1,392,550,228, according to statistics issued today by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

A dispatch to the London Mail from Sydney, N. S. W., says that Great Britain and France have entered into negotiations for the division of the New Hebrides, the joint government having been a failure. The New Hebrids group in the Pacific ocean is administered by a mixed commission of French and British naval officers.

President Taft has settled the vexed question of allowing the practice of Christian Science or other nomedical methods of healing the sick on the Panama canal zone. The executive order, made several months ago, which members of the Christian Science church feared would prohibit their method of healing, was modified, so that there can be no doubt as to the lawfulness of such practices.

Personal.

Frank Gotch, the champion wrestler, has retired for good.

Madero will not insist on the death penalty for Reyes and his followers.

Byron Clark will succeed J. E. Kelby as general solicitor of the Burlington lines west of the Missouri river.

The invasion of Ohio by LaFollette lieutenants has begun.

Jim Flynn, the fighter, is anxious to take on Jack Johnson.

Senator LaFollette preached the doctrine of progression at Cleveland and Youngstown, O.

Chicago Christian endeavorers propose to test the sincerity of Mayor Harrison.

Postoffice employes over the country had to work Sunday on account of the holiday rush.

President Taft is preparing a message on efficiency and economy in the government departments.

"FIGHTING BOB'S" LAST FIGHT O'ER

VETERAN SEA FIGHTER AND NAVAL AUTHORITY PASSES AWAY IN WASHINGTON.

ADMIRAL EVANS IS DEAD.

Was Retired From Active Service After Taking the Fleet Around World.—Spent All His Life in Navy.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, known as "Fighting Bob" died suddenly at his home in this city. Acute indigestion ended the career of one of the most popular officers in the navy. He was ill only two hours. Admiral Evans was born 65 years ago in Floyd county, Virginia.

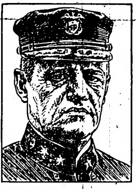
At his bedside at the time of his death were his wife, his daughter, Mrs. H. I. Sewall and his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Frank T. Evans, wife of the admiral's only son, a lieutenant-commander in the navy. The only other member of his immediate family who was not present was his daughter, Mrs. Marsh, wife of Captain Charles C. Marsh, commanding the armored cruiser North Carolina.

President Taft was one of the first to express his grief and condolence. He said:

"Admiral Evans was one of the most successful squadron commanders we have had in the navy for a long time. He was a rigid disciplinarian, of quick decision and admirably advised in the intricacy of the machinery of cruisers and battleships and skilled in drilling them. I am deeply affected to hear of his death."

Entered Navy When Boy.

Evans was a mere boy when he was sent to the naval academy at Annapolis. Before he had got far with his studies the Civil war broke out and he went to sea and was assigned to blockade duty. It was in one of the attacks made by the Northern navy upon the powerful defenses at Fort Fisher, North Carolina, that young Evans received the wound through the thigh that made him a cripple for life. He suffered three other wounds, but as soon as he was discharged from the hospital he again plunged into the fighting and served until the end of the Civil war with great credit.



REAR ADMIRAL R. D. EVANS.

It was Evans who took the little dispatch boat Dolphin on a cruise around the world to test the structural strength of this first product of the infant steel ship building art of the United States. He always got the best ships and the newest because his superior officers knew he could be trusted to handle them safely and develop their strong and weak points.

He wanted a battleship and he got one of the best—the Iowa—which represented the latest product of the American ship yards.

Rewarded for Heroism.

When Cervera's fleet made its final dash through the blockading ships off Santiago on July 3, 1898, Captain Evans' ship took a notable part in the 50-mile running fight that followed. For his gallantry in this action he received the thanks of congress and was promoted.

As a full rear admiral, Evans was called upon to take the Atlantic fleet around the world. That brilliant achievement was the first world cruise of an armored fleet of that size and power. Sixteen battleships made the 25,000 miles cruise. By the time the fleet reached San Francisco the strain had become so severe that Admiral Evans was unable to leave his bed and it was necessary to relieve him from the command at that place.

Admiral Evans will be buried in the national cemetery at Arlington with full naval honors.

HELD FOR $140,000 THEFT.

Treasurer of New York Wholesale House to Get Hearing Friday.

New York, Jan. 4.—Percy G. Vanderoef surrendered at the criminal court's building in the charge of embezzlement of approximately $140,000 from the large wholesale dry goods house of Van Keuren and Thornton company of which he was treasurer. He entered a formal plea of not guilty and was locked up in the Tombs for further examination.

FIGHTS POSTAGE INCREASE

American Newspaper Publishers' Association Committee Attacks Plan to Double Rates.

Washington.—A warm attack on Hitchcock's plan to increase the second-class postage rates is contained in a bulletin just issued by the postal committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' association. Don C. Seitz of the New York World is chairman of the committee. The bulletin says:

"The extent to which the post office department does not carry second-class matter is well revealed in the following abstract of inquiry of publishers conducted by house committee on expenditures in the post office department (William A. Ashbrook, chairman) concerning the volume, weight and handling of the output of publications entered as mail matter of the second-class for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911:

"'Inquiry was made of all publishers, approximating thirty thousand, of which nearly seventeen thousand are weekly publications.

"'More than ten thousand returns were received, embracing sixty-six plus per cent. of all tonnage of publications.

"'The publications reporting represent an annual output of more than six and one-half billion copies, the weight of which was one and three-quarter billion pounds.

"'These publications delivered by mail in such period weighed 633,012,902 pounds.

"'They delivered by their own carriers, newsboys, and news companies 840,466,574 pounds, of which an unascertained percentage was carried to destination by express and other rail shipments outside the mail. They delivered by express, 202,729,510 pounds, and by other rail shipments 121,491,748 pounds. The rate by express and rail varies from ¼ to 1 cent per pound, but the bulk of these shipments went at a rate of ¼ to ½ cent per pound.

"'The post office for the year ending June 30, 1911, handled 951,001,669, and excluding one-half million pounds free in county matter, it received one cent per pound.'

"All this goes to add to the absurdity of the proposed Hitchcock legislation doubling the second-class rate from one to two cents per pound, and limiting the 'privilege' to publications that carry as much reading matter as they do advertising.

"The proposition was stupid enough when the postal deficit reached $17,000,000 two years ago. It becomes preposterous in face of a surplus.

"What business has a transportation corporation, which is all the post office is, to prescribe how a business shall be conducted?

"Newspapers cannot afford to expand their columns beyond the call of the day's news, nor can they be expected to control the requirements of their advertisers who have a right to reach the public as copiously as they care to.

"It cannot be assumed that such legislation will ever get by congress. But publishers are requested to fight the theory that the right to send their output by mail is a "privilege." The figures show it is not.

"The post office is a badly managed business. That is all. We should fight its dictation, its censorship and its inefficiency."

Impracticable Suggestion.

Robert Henri, the artist, was talking at a tea at Sherry's, in New York, about the Latin quarter.

"In the Latin Quarter," he said, "in little streets off the Boule Mich, it is possible to get a good dinner for 15 cents—and even at that there's many a Latin Quarterite goes dinnerless."

Mr. Henri smiled and sighed.

"One spring afternoon," he resumed, "as I was sketching the horses of the green bronze fountain in the Luxembourg Gardens, a youth stopped and talked awhile.

"The spring sunshine on the youth's coat brought out all its shabbiness mercilessly, and I ventured to hint:

"'Look here, old chap, why don't you have that coat turned?'

"He smoothed the shabby sleeves ruefully.

"'I would,' he said, 'if it had three sides.'"

The Connoisseur.

Joseph E. Widener, being congratulated at the Ritz-Carlton in New York on the excellence of his father's pictures, smiled and said:

"Yes, my father has been a discreet collector. He is not like the New York millionaire whom Sargent visited.

"Sargent was taken by this millionaire through a huge gallery of dubious Rembrandts, Titians, Raphaels and Murillos.

"'Mr. Sargent,' the millionaire said, gazing pompously at the long lines of vast, dingy canvases, 'I have decided to leave my pictures to some public institution. What institution would you suggest?'

"'I suggest,' said Mr. Sargent, 'an institution for the blind.'"

Turn to Wooden Flooring.

The use of wooden flooring is on the increase in Italy, taking the place of the former extensive demand for marble, tiling and cement. Oak, larch and pitch pine are mostly adopted, and but little, if any maple, birch or beech has been brought to the market.

What Was in Her Heart.

"Tell me," he sighed, "tell me, beautiful maiden, what is in your heart?" [illegible]

STATE BANKS MAKE A GAIN OF $10,000,000 IN A YEAR

The state banks of Minnesota have the great total of $136,626,558.55 in resources, according to the report of the superintendent of state banks, just issued, which summarizes the statements issued on call Dec. 5. There are 737 banks included. The fact that only 686 banks were included in the summary covering the statements on call of Nov. 10, 1910, which is the nearest comparison that can be made between this year and last, that many new banks were organized, and that total state banking capitalization rose from $13,288,500 to $14,084,000, accounts for a portion of the increase in resource figures, but the greater part is due to increased business of the state banks, greater deposits, and greater loans and discounts. The total resources are more than $10,000,000 in excess of the like total a year ago.

Time Deposits Increased.

Against this great sum the banks have $71,394,065.41 on time certificates, by far the most important single item in the report, and they have $34,624,069.84 on deposit subject to check. Conspicuous in the report of Kelsey S. Chase, the state superintendent, is an increase of $7,692,374.15 in the first item, a decrease of $4,215,144.70 in the second. The figures, in so far as their significance can be determined, reflect the putting into the banks by farmers of considerable sums of money received from the sale of crops, which money they do not expect to want for some time, and which they are therefore willing to leave on time certificates of deposit. The decrease in the sum total of deposits subject to check reflects the checking out by country merchants having such accounts, in payment of bills for merchandise purchased in advance of the harvest season or in some instances for holiday purchases.

More Cash Available.

The report is a good one in every way. It shows that in actual cash, small coin and bills of the various denominations, ready for immediate use, these banks have $5,302,178.16 in their tills. It is a satisfactory proportion of readily available cash, and compares with an amount of $4,958,151.44 last year.

The following table shows the condition of the state banks of Minnesota near the close of this year, and in 1910:

RESOURCES.

	686 Banks. Nov. 10, 1910.	737 Banks. Dec 5, 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.
Loans and discounts	$94,901,027.24	$103,107,871.36	$8,206,844.12	....
Overdrafts	721,221.50	496,245.76	....	$224,975.74
Bonds and securities	3,232,496.61	3,993,347.44	760,850.83	....
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	3,707,133.48	4,171,813.97	464,680.49	....
Other real estate	1,143,950.73	1,156,663.85	12,713.12	....
Due from banks	16,654,598.23	17,511,173.69	856,575.46	....
Checks and cash items	765,122.11	748,057.96	....	17,064.15
Cash on hand	4,958,151.44	5,302,178.16	344,026.72	....
Other resources	160,770.82	139,206.36	....	21,564.46
Totals	$126,244,472.16	$136,626,558.55	....	....

LIABILITIES.

	686 Banks. Nov. 10, 1910.	737 Banks. Dec 5, 1911.	Increase.	Decrease.
Capital stock	$13,228,500.00	$14,084,000.00	$855,500.00	
Surplus	2,076,169.29	2,296,902.21	220,732.92	
Undivided profits, net	1,466,194.64	1,920,654.04	454,459.40	
Bills payable and notes rediscounted	603,314.00	775,328.17	172,014.17	....
rediscounted	15,427.02	7,280.61	....	8,146.41
Deposits subject to check	38,839,214.54	34,624,069.84	....	4,215,144.70
Demand certificates	900,182.45	672,307.58	....	227,874.87
Certified checks	49,929.49	30,850.30	....	19,079.19
Cashier's checks	1,650,012.01	1,731,978.39	81,966.38	
Due to banks	2,554,661.61	2,956,303.16	401,641.55	
Time certificates	63,701,691.26	71,394,065.41	7,692,374.15	
Savings deposits		4,670,198.03	4,670,198.02	
Other liabilities	159,175.85	152,620.71	....	6,555.14
Totals	136,244,472.16	$136,626,558.55	....	....

AWAIT DITCH RULING

On Supreme Opinion Rests Progress in Northern Minnesota.

Thief River Falls.—The decision expected each week from the state Supreme Court on an appealed ditch case from Roseau county is being awaited here with interest. This case is to determine the constitutionality of the ditch law which makes the county wherein the ditch is located responsible for the ditch bonds, instead of making the benefited property alone the security.

A taxpayer in Roseau county claims that as a citizen of the county he cannot be held for ditch benefits which are only applicable locally and which do him no good. If the decision holds that the county cannot back the ditch bonds then the same will be hard to dispose of and will have to be sold at a discount. At the present time no trouble exists in disposing of ditch bonds, as the whole county is responsible for the debt.

A similar principle is involved in the Elwell road law, which seeks to tax only a certain property within a distance of three miles of the proposed highway to be constructed.

Greater drainage projects than any heretofore proposed or undertaken are being now considered in the northern part of the state. They will reclaim all the waste land in Northwestern Minnesota if carried to a successful issue and will assure the opening of at least 1,000,000 acres of rich wood and partly prairie land which at the present time is valueless for agricultural purposes. Any radical change in the present ditch law will prohibit this movement. It is admitted that the law as it now stands is somewhat expensive, but it digs the ditches and reclaims the land.

St. Paul.—F. S. Bell of Winona, was appointed by Governor Eberhart as a member of the State Highway commission, to succeed Louis W. Hill, who declined a reappointment because he could not give the necessary time to the work.

CHURCH TO GIVE DANCES.

Pelican Rapids Experiment to Combine Prayer and Festive Step.

Fergus Falls.—It is reported from Pelican Rapids that a new plan has been adopted there which will combine religious services with dancing and card playing. The plan is to hold dancing and card parties under the auspices of one of the churches, open the festivities with prayer, and, after a session of dancing, religious services will be held and the evening close with the Christian Endeavor benediction. A series of these parties is to be held during the winter as an experiment, church leaders having come to the conclusion that it is better to hold them under religious auspices than to have the young people attending secular parties.

PROMINENT DULUTH MAN DEAD.

Joe Morrow, Stricken at Party, Expires Two Hours Later.

Duluth.—Joe Morrow, 21 years old, son of the late John P. Morrow, a prominent mining man, who was killed in an automobile accident in Superior in July, 1905, was taken sick at the home of Henry Turrish, a wealthy lumberman, 403 East Second street, where he was spending Christmas, [illegible]

NEW LAKE LINE INCORPORATED.

Flour City Steamship Company Backed by Minneapolis Capital.

Minneapolis. — The Flour City City Steamship company has been incorporated under the laws of Minnesota to carry Minneapolis flour from Duluth and Superior to Buffalo, N. Y. The organization, before it was incorporated, was known as the Flour City line. It is the result of a battle carried on for a long time by the Minneapolis Traffic association for cheaper lake rates for Minneapolis flour.

The company is incorporated with $300,000 capital. The officers are: President, F. E. Kenaston, president of the Minneapolis Threshing Machine company and president of the South Side State bank; first vice president, C. C. Webber, president of Deere & Webber company and president of the Minneapolis Traffic association; second vice president, James C. Andrews, manager of the Pillsbury Flour Mills company; secretary, Hugh E. White, second vice president of the Minneapolis Paper company and secretary of the Minneapolis Traffic association; treasurer, H. H. King, Sheffield-King Milling company. The officers also compose the board of directors.

The Flour City Steamship company is strictly a Minneapolis concern, owned and operated by Minneapolis men. The articles of incorporation announce that $153,000 of the stock shall be preferred and $147,000 common.

TO UPLIFT FARIBAULT SCHOOLS.

Board of Education Disapproves Students Attending Public Amusements.

Faribault.—The Faribault school board at a recent meeting passed the following resolution with the view to bettering the conditions of the students:

"Resolved, That the Faribault school board cannot countenance and does not approve of any organization or club, or attendance at entertainments and places of amusements, or patronage of billiard halls and pool rooms, and other public resorts, which can possibly interfere with the efficiency or proficiency of pupils of the public schools in their school work."

FUEL COMPANY'S FIRM PACT.

Pittsburg and Duluth Concerns Make New Shipping Agreement.

Duluth, Minn.—The Shenango furnace interests and the Carnegie Coal company, in Pittsburgh, and the Carnegie Fuel company, in Duluth, have formed a traffic agreement which involves the transportation of the coal company's coal to Duluth. The furnace interest owns a modern fleet and ships 2,000,000 tons of ore per year down the lakes and the Carnegie upbound coal tonnage is rapidly approaching that volume.

DINNER TO HILL IN DULUTH.

Duluth.—President L. W. Hill of the Great Northern will be in Duluth early next week, and some of the Duluth business men are arranging a banquet in his honor.

He resided at the Kitchi Gami club in Duluth for a couple of years, when in charge of the old Eastern Minnesota road, and has many warm friends here. The banquet will be held at the Spalding on the evening [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Fergus Falls.—Mrs. O. A. Olson, who shot and killed her husband at Erdahl Christmas day, was adjudged insane.

Minneapolis. — Mrs. Adolph O. Eberhart, wife of Governor Eberhart, was operated upon for acute appendicitis at the Swedish Hospital. Her condition is satisfactory.

Campbell.—Rev. Arthur G. Young of this place has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Congregational church at Mapleton, and will leave shortly for his new post.

Duluth.—Andrew Carnegie has declined to increase his donation of money for a library at Eveleth. He donated $15,000, and the library board requested him to increase it to $25,000.

St. Paul. — Governor Adolph O. Eberhart and Mayor Hubert Keller of St. Paul were members of a large class taken into the Odd Fellows lodge at a big meeting of the Twin City members here.

New York, N. Y.—Physicians at the Presbyterian hospital declare Dr. Charles H. Mayo, noted Rochester, Minn., surgeon, is resting easily. Unless complications set in, they believe he will recover.

St. Paul. — Mr. Louis W. Hill, who is a member of the state highway commission, has declined reappointment because he had not sufficient time to give proper attention to the demands of the office.

Virginia. — The Charles Johnson business block, occupied by Lusk & Sigel, billiard hall and bowling alleys, and the Johnson barber shop, was destroyed by fire. The blaze started in the basement, and the origin is unknown. The loss is $30,000, nearly covered by insurance.

Fergus Falls.—The postoffice department has designated the First National bank of Battle Lake as depository for the postal savings of Fergus Falls. A Barnesville bank has been designated as the depository for the postal savings of Moorhead, Ada and Hawley, and an East Grand Forks bank has been made the depository.

Little Falls.—J. E. Lindberg, state dairy and food inspector, and H. L. Bugbee of the university extension department were speakers at a celebration held in Pierz in honor of the opening of the co-operative creamery at that place. Three hundred farmers with their wives and children crowded the opera house to hear the speakers. Pierz is one of the richest sections of Morrison county, made so in years past through wheat raising. Only of late have the farmers turned to dairying.

St. Paul. — After having defied the Minnesota authorities for months, Mike Davis, the mysterious and missing figure in the Puposky postoffice robbery, has been discovered serving a 15-year sentence for robbery at Flint, Mich. Davis, known as "Manchester Curly," was the man who disappeared in the brush on the night of the Puposky affair—an affair which resulted in the arrest and conviction of Dr. D. F. Dumas, mayor of Cass Lake, on the charge of being the ringleader. Davis went to prison Dec. 13 for robbery.

Minneapolis.—Co-ed suffragists at the University of Minnesota have been successful in their campaign for representation in the students council of the university. They have secured an amendment to the constitution for the council by which they are given equal rights with the college men. As originally drafted, the constitution provided that "all the men in any school or college of the university are entitled to vote for candidates." As a result of the women's protestations, "men" has been changed to "students."

Washington.—Upon his own application Major John R. Howard, superintendent of the White Earth Indian reservation, has been authorized to visit Washington to confer with the officials of the Indian bureau. Indian Commissioner Valentine said that Major Howard expressed a wish to take up a number of questions. Among the matters to be discussed will be that involved in the recent order suspending until further inquiry the names of eighty-six persons enrolled as members of the White Earth tribe.

Karlstad.—Much interest is centered upon the case before the supreme court to decide whether the entire country or only the property directly affected is liable for the construction of a drainage ditch as security for drainage bonds. This action was commenced when the Roseau county board proceeded to sell the bonds for county ditch No. 8. W. E. Pelt of Marshall county enjoined the board from selling the bonds until the question had been settled. Should the supreme court hold that only property benefited is security for bonds, drainage operations in certain localities would be given a setback as it would cause a raise in interest on bonds for drainage purposes.

Breckenridge.—A new charter commission was appointed for Breckenridge by Judge Flaherty, consisting of Henry Wyvell, H. L. Shirley, Louis Gewalt, J. C. Kain, A. G. Noris, W. M. James, Joseph Gunn, Mathias Wenner, L. W. Armstrong, Henry Bodson, L. E. Jones, R. F. Glover, C. L. Benesh, F. L. Pierce and B. W. Cole.

Winona.—The Merchants' bank of this city has acquired the northeast corner of Third and Lafayette street, where a modern banking building, 60x80 in size, will be erected in 1912. The bank's present building [illegible]

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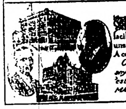

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THE DULUTH HERALD

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Saturday, January 6, 1911.

A railway surveying crew is running a north and south line through eastern Polk county, Red Lake and Pennington counties. The survey is supposed to be for an extension of the newly formed merger of the Minneapolis and St. Louis and Iowa Central from the Twin cities to Winnipeg.

Frank A. Day, chairman of the state democratic committee of Minnesota, who has been living at Missola, Mont., has announced his intention of returning to Minnesota to live. The supposition is that he wants to get back into the Minnesota political game.

The county board let the contract for the publication of the delinquent tax list to the Eleven Towns and all other publications for the coming year to the Thief River Falls News. Ed. A. Aubol was re-elected chairman. The board made application for $9,000 from the state under the Elwell law, to be used on the roads.

Log Jam May Be Removed

Washington, Dec. 21.—Assurance was received by Representative Steenerson today that those interested will be heard by government engineers at Thief River Falls, Minn., at a date to be named later, in the matter of the request of citizens of Thief River Falls, Crookston, Fisher, East Grand Forks and other cities of Minnesota and Grand Forks, N. D., that steps be taken by the government to remove the log jam in the Red Lake River at or near the outlet of Red Lake, Minnesota.

The determination of the war department to order a hearing in this case followed the presentation of a petition signed by Senators Nelson, Clapp and McComb and Representatives Steenerson and Hanna. They pointed out, in substance, that the contention of the department that it could take no action looking to the removal of the jam in Red Lake river because it has no jurisdiction is not tenable and they insisted that an investigation would demonstrate that navigation as well as the water supplies of various towns is affected and that the situation is one to which the government may properly give its attention.

The indications are that an engineer will be sent to the scene of the trouble following a hearing of the case at Thief River Falls.—Pioneer Press.

Commissioners' Proceedings

Thief River Falls, Minn.,
Dec. 27, 1911.

On the call of the county auditor, pursuant to chapter 230 of the laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, Minn., met in special session in the office of the county auditor in the city of Thief River Falls, Minn., at 3 o'clock p. m., December 27, A. D. 1911, for the purpose of hearing and considering the petition of L. C. Fevig and others for a public drainage ditch located wholly within the county of Pennington, State of Minnesota and for the purpose of transacting such further business as may legally come before said board.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 1 o'clock p. m.

Members present, Aubol, Shaw, Larson, Hedeen, Wold.

Members absent, none.

The petition of L. C. Fevig and others for a county ditch in said county was presented to the board and read, and the board being satisfied that all the conditions of chapter 230 of the laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, had been complied with, on motion duly made and carried unanimously, the following resolution appointing an engineer to survey the route of said proposed ditch was adopted.

RESOLUTION APPOINTING ENGINEER IN DITCH PROCEEDINGS.

In the matter of the petition of L. C. Fevig and others for locating and constructing county ditch No. 57 in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, county of Pennington, ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 10th day of July, 1911, signed by L. C. Fevig, H. Tiedemann, Ole P. Borstad, Nels N. Graue, Gunder C. Hanson, Carl P. Anderson, Gilbert Hanson Rasmus Ed. Martinson, Demsey, Ben Rendal, Ole G. Hanson, praying for the establishment of a certain drainage ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 57, the route of which is [illegible] described in said petition, [illegible] bond accompanying the same, have been filed with the county auditor of said county, as by law required:

And Whereas, It appears by satisfactory proof to the board of county commissioners of Pennington county, that due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the time and place at which the same would be heard, has been given as required by law:

Now, Therefore, We, the board of county commissioners of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint C. H. Martz as a competent and experienced engineer to make an accurate survey of the line of the line of said proposed ditch from source to its outlet, as provided and specified in and by chapter 230 of the general laws of 1905, and acts amendatory thereof, and after completing his duties as such engineer to make and file his report with the county auditor of said county, on or before the 20th day fo January, 1912.

Dated December 27, 1911.
By the Board, ED. A. AUBOL.
Chairman Board County Commissioners of Pennington county.
Attest:
A. H. FASEL, (SEAL)
County Auditor.

On motion duly made and carried unanimously, the following order appointing viewers on county ditch No. 57 was made.

ORDER APPOINTING VIEWERS.

In the matter of the petition of L. C. Fevig and others for county ditch No. 57 in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota:

State of Minnesota, county of Pennington ss.

Whereas, A petition bearing date the 10th day of July A. D. 1911, signed by L. C. Fevig and others praying for the establishment of a ditch in said county, designated and numbered by the county auditor as county ditch No. 57 the route of which is fully described in said petition, together with a proper bond accompanying the same, has been filed with the county auditor of said county, and said county auditor has given due notice of the pendency of said petition, and the said notice has been published and served as by law required; and hearing had on said petition pursuant to said notice; and the said county board of said county have heretofore duly appointed a competent engineer, towit, C. H. Martz, to make a survey of said ditch

Now Therefore, We, the county board of said county, at a special session held this day, do hereby appoint Alfred Hammerstenn and G. K. Haavi and R. M. Johnson, three resident freeholders of said county, who are not interested in the construction of said proposed work, and not of kin to any of the parties known to be interested therein, to be viewers of said proposed work and of the route thereof. The said viewers shall first take an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such viewers, and thereafter, having received a certified copy of the petition for said ditch and of the order appointing them such viewers and the order of the county auditor of said county designating the time and place of the first meeting of said viewers, shall meet at the time and place specified in the order of the county auditor aforesaid and shall proceed to view said proposed work, and the land damaged or benefited thereby; and, having completed said view and examination of said work, shall make and file their report thereof with said county auditor of said county within thirty days from the date of their first meeting. In said report they shall in tabular form give the names of of the owners of each tract of land to be benefited or damaged by said proposed work, the description of each tract of land to be benefited or damaged (said names of owners to be the same as appear on the county tax duplicates of said county, and the description to be given in legal form), and the total number of acres in each of said tracts the estimated number of acres in each tract of land to be benefited or damaged (as the the case may be), the number of acres added to any tract by the total or partial drainage of any meandered lake, or the change of any water course and the location and value of such added land; the damage, if any, to riparian rights pertaining to any tract, and the amount that each tract of land will be benefited or damaged by the construction of said work. In case said ditch drains, either in whole or in part any public or corporate road or railroad or benefits any such road so that the roadbed or traveled track of any such road will be made better by the construction of said ditch, said viewers shall estimate the benefits arising therefrom to said road, roadbeds or railroads and report said benefits, together with the names of roads and other particulars necessary to indentify the corporations, private or public, to be benefited thereby, and amounts of benefits to each; they shall report as part of such tabular statement the damages awarded to each municipal or other corporation for injury to any road or roadbed, and from the necessary construction and maintenance of any bridge, culverts or other works rendered necessary by the establishment of such ditch, stating the same separately. They shall also report the total estimated benefits in respect to said ditch entire, and branches thereof, if any, and also whether or not, in their opinion, the estimated expense of the construction of said ditch, including the damages assessed therefor, is greater than the utility of said proposed ditch; and whether or not said proposed ditch is impracticable for any reason, and if so, stating the reason why it should not be constructed. In making said view and survey of said proposed work and their report thereon, the said viewers shall proceed according to [illegible] of 1905. [illegible]

County, Minnesota, by
ED. A. AUBOL, Chairman.
Dated this 27th day of December, A. D. 1911.
Attest: (SEAL)
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor.

In the matter of the repair of Rocksbury and North ditch No. 1, also designated as county ditch No. 6, the following resolution was offered by Commissioner Wold, duly seconded by Commissioner Larson:

Whereas, The engineer in charge having examined the work and has filed his acceptance of job on the above said ditch with the county auditor:

Now Therefore, Be it resolved that the sum of one hundred fifty dollars ($150.00) be allowed to G. K. Haavi (contractor) as a partial estimate; the balance due to be paid to contractor when said ditch has been inspected and accepted by the county board.

Resolution prevailed.

The following resolution was offeaed by Commissioner Shaw, who moved its adoption, duly seconded by Commissioner Hedeen:

Whereas, At a public sale of digging and constructing a public ditch, deisgnated and numbered as Judicial ditch No. 18, between Marshall and Pennington counties, held on the 30th day of August A. D. 1910, the contract for constructing said ditch and leveling of said roads thereon were duly sold to the Northwestern Drainage Co., which company has made a contract with said counties of Marshall and Pennington, state of Minnesota, bearing date of the 30th day of August A. D. 1910, to construct the same, and

Whereas, All of the said contract relating to the excavation of said ditch is substantially completed, and

Whereas, The leveling of the highway along said ditch is complete with the exception of thirty per cent and the sum of approximately $12,000.00 is due the contractor on the excavation, exclusive of all road leveling.

Now Therefore Be It Resolved, That a payment in the sum of $11,952.70 on said ditch contract be made the Northwestern Drainage Co., the contractor, and that the county auditor's warrant for the Pennington county's apportionment of said $11,952.70 be issued, and delivered to said contractor upon the delivery to said auditor of a bond in the sum of $12,000.00, conditioned according to law as in the case of an original contractor's bond, and further conditioned for the full completion of said contract on or before September first, 1912: said bond and sureties thereon to be approved by the county auditor of Pennington county.

Resolution declared carried.

On motion duly carried the board took a recess until 7 o'clock p. m.

Meeting called to order by the chairman at 7 o'clock p. m.

All members present.

On motion duly carried the following bills were allowed:

City Water & Light Dept., fixtures for jail	$ 3.40
O A Naplin, additional premium on insurance policy	7.50
H C Rowberg, premium on insurance policy on furniture	37.50
Miller-Davis Printing Co, tax receipts, statements, tax certificates	74.40
Times Printing Co., stationery and supplies for county officers	12.50
Perl W Mabey, additional premium on insurance policy	7.50
Louis F Dow & Co., office supplies	18.45
Fritz & Cross, blanks for probate court	5.02
Fritz & Cross, blanks for probate court	1.05
Fritz & Cross, blanks for probate court	23.05
Fritz & Cross, blanks for probate court	20.05
Fritz & Cross, blanks for auditor	2.35
Fritz & Cross, supplies for clerk of court	26.95
Fred R Childs Co., typewriter supplies	3.00
E A Mostue, livery and expenses visiting schools	31.25
Tri-State Telephone, rent for November and December, 1911	5.05
W J LaBree, livery and expense summoning grand and petit jurors	60.00
A H Ostrom, inspecting court house boiler	3.00
W J LaBree, long distance telephone calls	2.00
Wm H Sponheim, additional premium on insurance policy	7.50
Jenson & Sons, livery and expenses for superintendent of schools	8.00
Bakke Bros., additional premium on insurance policy	15.10
E L Quist, postage and recording official bonds	27.10
W O Braggans, stationery for court reporter	2.20
T L Melgaard, additional premium on insurance policy	7.50
E A Mostue, livery and expense visiting schools	23.90
S O Quammen, coal for court house	7.76
Northwestern School Supply Co., book cases for superintendent	13.85
First National Bank, premium for insurance on furniture	37.50
W M Welsh Mfg. Co., supplies for superintendent of schools	47.10
Daniel Shaw, one day attending commissioner's meeting county ditch No. 57	8.00
Olof Larson one day attending commissioners' meeting and expenses county ditch No. 57	6.40
Ed. A Aubol, one day attending commissioners meeting and expenses county ditch No. 57	4.20
Peter C Wold, one day and expenses attending commissioners' meeting county ditch No. 37	7.00
Peter Hedeen, one day attending commissioners meeting and expenses county ditch No. 57	6.00
A H Fasel, cash paid to insurance commissioner for services on bond company [illegible] of default of contract on county ditches Nos. 32, 42, 43	6.00
Magnus Lysbakken, placing 4 culverts on county ditch No. 38	100.00
Frank Zavoral, placing 1 culvert on county ditch No. 38	20.00
Frank Zavoral, placing 2 culverts on county ditch No. 41	40.00
W J LaBree, posting notices county ditch No. 57	14.60
Thief River Press, publishing notices account county ditch No. 57	5.50
Thief River Press, stationery for auditor's office	.50
C H Newbery, livery hire for engineer on county ditch No. 38	2.00
C H Newbery, livery hire for engineer on county ditch No. 49	3.00
C H Newbery, livery hire for engineer account state rural highway	6.00
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 49	57.46
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 43	73.61
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 55	25.00
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 32	61.26
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 45	1.50
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 41	31.70
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 44	3.00
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. [illegible]	3.00
A H Fasel, auditor's fees on account of county ditch No. 53	25.00
Northern Culvert Co., one culvert for county ditch No. 38	19.68
A D Brown, placing one culvert and grading bridge approach	35.00
Mauritz Brink, 7 days' service as rodman on Ditch No. 38	17.50
Mauritz Brink, 11 days' service as rodman on state highway	27.50
Mauritz Brink, 1 day's service as rodman on ditch No. 53	2.50
Mauritz Brink, 1 day's service as rodman on ditch No. 55	2.50
C H Martz, 3 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 32	19.50
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 43	17.50
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 38	18.00
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 32	13.00
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 43	18.00
C H Martz, 8 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 38	59.00
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 38	13.00
C H Martz, 3 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 47	20.15
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 53	13.00
C H Martz, 3 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 55	20.15
C H Martz, 4 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 41	20.00
C H Martz, 4 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 41	23.00
C H Martz, 1 day services and expenses on county ditch No. 55	6.50
C H Martz, 2 days services and expenses on County ditch No. 49	23.00
C H Martz, 4 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 49	30.50
C H Martz, 1 day service and expenses on county ditch No. 6	8.50
C H Martz, 3 days services and expenses on county state highway	19.50
C H Martz 7 days services and expenses on county state highway	45.50
C H Martz 4 days services and expenses on county ditch No. 49	26.00
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer expenses on county ditch No. 38	93.35
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on state rural highway	10.00
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on state rural highway	120.75
Glenn H. Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 43	5.50
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 55	11.00
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 6	10.50
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 32	11.00
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 38	11.00
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 38	11.00
Glenn H Martz, assistant engineer and expenses on county ditch No. 38	3.00
O H Peters, 1 day mileage assisting in drawing jurors	4.60

On motion duly carried the county board adjourned sine die.

ED. A. AUBOL,
Chairman Board of County Commissioners, Pennington County, Minnesota.
Attest: (SEAL)
A. H. FASEL, County Auditor and Ex-Officio Clerk of Board.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

Everything For the Kitchen

You'll find every kind and description of kitchen utensils in our large stock—all carefully selected for good value.

We make a specialty of household wares, buy in large lots and can afford to sell close.

You will be interested in our new line of

"1892" Pure Spun Aluminum Cooking Utensils

A new and better ware which insures healthful food, as it cannot chip off, crack, tarnish, nor spoil food flavors.

The lighest, brightest, longest-lasting ware on the market—guaranteed for 15 years.

Our line of paints and varnishes is the largest in town. Before you do any painting, talk it over with us. We can save you money.

A. H. PITKIN

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	[illegible]
" " 2 "	[illegible]
" " 3 "	[illegible]
Flax, No. 1	[illegible]
" " 2	[illegible]
Barley, for 50 lbs	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
" creamery	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]
Beef live weight	[illegible]
Pork, "	[illegible]
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton "	[illegible]
Veal "	[illegible]
Chickens, alive	[illegible]
Hides	[illegible]
Flour, patent	[illegible]
Shorts, per ton	[illegible]
Bran, " "	[illegible]

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15

No. 554 makes Wylie and return [illegible] Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Leave for Wylie	[illegible]
arrived from Wylie	[illegible]

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAH
Clerk	ARTHUR DA
Trustees	R. J. MCKERCHE HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKE
Marshal	HENRY JACKS
Assessor	O. H. PETE
Constable	A. SATTER
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAI
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24. Residence 'Phone 94.

PATENTS

[illegible]

D. SWIFT & CO.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening services at 8 p. m.

PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Jan. 7, at 7:30 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Sunday, Jan. 14, 3 p. m., services.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3886—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.

JOHN LUNDGREN, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

OTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading

FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

C. A. Ellickson left this week on a business trip to Illinois.

Peter Johnson has purchased a portable sawmill and will begin sawing lumber in the spring.

Miss Hilda Hauge went to Bemidji Thursday to resume her work at the millinery store.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. M. S. Gjerde.

Miss Olga Lunde came from Crookston Monday to visit at the home of her uncle, Lars Loberg.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday Jan. 7, 10:30 a. m.

Lyman Fossum and Clarence Johnson of Thief River Falls were guests of Harold Holmes over night Friday night.

The furniture and apparatus for the gymnasium have been ordered and are expected to arrive some time next week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the home of A. P. Ekstrom in Black River Tuesday Jan. 9, at 2:30 p. m.

Ed. Hauske went Thursday to Bemidji to bring home his little daughter, who has been staying with friends there for a while.

Come in and see our line of sleigh bells, footwarmers, blankets, and robes. Prices reasonable,

CARL KRUEGER.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Friday, Jan. 26, at the home of Mrs. H. J. Hausen, north of town. All are welcome.

The schools begin Monday, after the holiday vacation. The teachers are expected today. Our out of town teachers have left for their respective charges.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.

tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Call on G. I. Fellman for best grade of chestnut hard coal and the Pocahontas smokeless soft coal. Let me sell you a bushel and you will come back and buy a ton.

At the last regular meeting of the village council the marshal was instructed to see that teams are not left tied on the streets an unreasonable time during the cold weather.

A clothes pin social will be held in the schoolhouse of Dist. 69, one mile west of C. A. Lindquist's, Friday evening, Jan. 12, 1912. Lunch will be served. Everybody come and have a good time.

Dr. Swanson recently took a straw vote on the preferences of the republicans of this vicinity for president of the United States. The canvass gave: LaFollette 23 votes, Taft 5, Roosevelt 2.

Remember the heavy Fosston woolen underwear, which will be sold very cheap. You don't have to suffer with the cold where you can buy of HENRY GORGEN.

Andrew Soderberg has bills out for an auction sale of farm machinery, stock, household goods, etc., at his farm, on Tuesday, Jan. 9. Everything will be sold to the highest bidder, regardless of price.

Misses Josephine Branum and Clara Loberg entertained a few of their friends at a New Year party and luncheon Sunday evening. Plates were laid for twenty-five guests. A very pleasant time is reported.

For health and energy eat,

CREAM OF RYE

for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

At the yearly meeting of the Scandinavian Mission church Friday, Dec. 29, Rev. F. L Larson handed in his resignation, to take effect about March 1. He has accepted a call from the Zion church at Warren. This was his sixth call within the last few months. During the nearly two years that Mr. Larson has been in charge of this congregation its affairs have been highly prosperous. He is also well liked personally and will be greatly missed. However, we must congratulate him on his promotion.

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Extremely cold weather this week.

Nicolas Skeie left Monday for his home at Spooner.

Miss Ethel Johnson of Red Lake Falls was the guest of Miss Echo Olson this week.

Miss Olga Peterson of Crookston was a guest at the Burkee home the first of the week.

The term of district court which was to have been held Jan. 22, has been postponed to Feb. 26.

C. L. Hanson, president of the Merchants State bank of St. Hilaire, was down from Thief River Falls Wednesday on a business mission.

C. C. Elliott returned Tuesday from his home at Ogden, Iowa. His stenographer, Miss Pearl King, accompanied him from her home in Minneapolis.

A basket ball team has been organized at the Thief River commercial school and Dr. Owens is in receipt of a proposition for a game with the St. Hilaire young men's team.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 10 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.

A. Satterberg.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company will be held in the hall in the village of St. Hilaire on the 8th day of January, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year and to transact other business that may come before the meeting. JOHN O. SWANSON, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. Installation

The Oddfellows installed officers Thursday evening as follows:

A. S. Wilson, D D. G. M.
G. W. Hooper, N. G.
D. Patterson, V. G.
O. F. Post, Sec.
L. Holmes, Treas.
H. W. Peterson, Warden.
M. Fricker, Con.
Carl Krueger, I. G.
Paul Olson, O. G.
A. S. Wilson, Chaplain.
A. J. Hed, R. S. N. G.
O. H. Olson, L. S. N. G.
A. J. Barsness, R. S. V. G.
A. R. Jones, L. S. V. G.

Entertained at Dinner

A delightful dinner party was enjoyed at the K. O. Gigstad home Wednesday at 6 o'clock, when Mr. and Mrs. Burkee, Mr. and Mrs. Holmes, Dr. and Mrs. Swanson, Mr. and Mrs. Post and Master Curtis, and Mr. Harold Holmes were entertained in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Edstrom of Cannon Falls, Minn. The amusement for the evening was Norwegian whist, and "svarte per." Miss Huldah Gigstad and Mrs. Post carrying off "marked" honors in the latter.

For Sale or Trade

One 8-in. International feed mill $25.

Two 3 14-in. breaker bottom P. and O. engine gang plows, $125. Will trade this set of plows for breaking 40 acres two and a half miles from St. Hilaire.

One 6 14-in. breaker bottom Emerson spring trip engine plow, $325.

Will set up and start these plows, and guarantee them to do as good work as any other plow made. Cash or bankable paper. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property. C. W. LYMAN.

Mourning the Dead

In Hoboken, in a shop frequented by germans, hangs a sign which reads thus: "We regret to inform our honored customers that our good and generous friend, Mr. Credit, expired today. He was a noble soul, always willing and helpful, but had been failing for some time. May he rest in peace. PAY CASH." Promises are poor things actual deeds are the only coin current. Golden grain belt beers speak for better digestion, stronger health and their superb tang makes friends everywhere. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

YOUR LAST CHANCE
TO BUY WINTER GOODS

To make room for our spring stock coming in every day, we will close out our winter goods, such as

Sheep Lined and Fur Lined Coats, woolen Underwear, Sweaters Felt Shoes, at 1-2 Price.

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT
COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

New Years Eve Dinner Party

One of the most happy gatherings was that given by Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Holmes on New Years' eve, when they entertained at a beautifully appointed 6 o'clock dinner and to watch the old year out and the new year in. After the delicious dinner had been served the evening was delightfully spent in conversation and cards, and at 12 o'clock dainty refreshments were served. Needless to say, no one was found hungry when 1912 was ushered in. The guest list numbered twenty-one and included Mr. and Mrs. Edstrom and children Kenneth and Marie of Cannon Falls, Minn., Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dahl, Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Burkee, Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Post and Master Curtis, Dr. and Mrs. Swanson, Mr. and Mrs. K. O. Gigstad, Misses Edith Dahl, Josephine and Huldah Gigstad, and Messrs. Neil Dahl, A. J. Hed, and Oscar Gigstad.

For Sale or Trade

Improved quarter section, thirty miles northeast of Bismark, N. D., six miles from new Northern Pacific branch line built last year, house, barn, granary, well, etc., all fenced. Terms, $20 per acre, $1000 first mortgage at 6 percent balance cash. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

Can include one or two adjoining quarters on easy terms.

C. W. LYMAN.

Americas Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-seventh year of its [illegible] finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America. The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family [illegible]. The one object of its publishers [illegible] been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. [illegible] it is kept clean [illegible] wholesome. The news of the world is [illegible] died in a comprehensive manner [illegible] various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight for the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID
FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

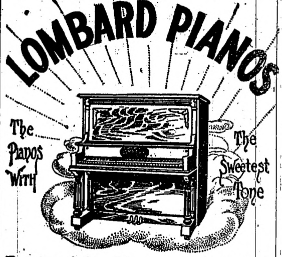
Void
Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MAS OT
FOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company,
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS MI

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribes with the [illegible] and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 356 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $55 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the [illegible]. The shorthand course [illegible] trains court [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with [illegible] equipped offices, using [illegible] money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible]

A HEALTHY, HAPPY OLD AGE

May be promoted by those who gently cleanse the system, now and then, when in need of a laxative remedy, by taking a desertspoonful of the ever refreshing, wholesome and truly beneficial Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, which is the only family laxative generally approved by the most eminent physicians, because it acts in a natural, strengthening way and warms and tones up the internal organs without weakening them. It is equally beneficial for the very young and the middle aged, as it is always efficient and free from all harmful ingredients. To get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine, bearing the name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package.

It seems that to make both ends meet requires no end of money.

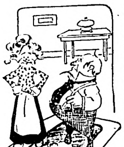
PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

You'll generally always find that the person who is most suspicious of others, himself needs watching.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

Reproaches are certainly an effective cure for indifference; but they change it to anger rather than love.

MAKING THE BEST OF IT.



She—I am sorry I ever married you!
He—Oh, don't worry about me. I'm pretty tough and can stand it!

Her Resignation.

"Papa," she said, "I am very angry with Geraldine."

"What's Geraldine done?" asked her father.

"Why, I told her a secret last summer," said the little girl, indignantly, "and she has just told me she's going to tell it."

"That's very wrong of Geraldine. Has she any excuse?"

"Why, I told her it was wicked to tell a secret, and what do you think she said? She said: 'Oh, I know, but I've resigned from that secret!'"

"Papa," she concluded, earnestly, "you can't resign from a secret, can you?"

The mental processes of children are past finding out.

How He Found Out.

"Mr. Chairman," shouted one of the delegates to the convention. "I move that the nominating speeches be limited to one minute!"

"Second the motion!" yelled a dozen others.

A storm of protest arose, but the chairman put the motion.

It was lost by a vote of 47 to 45.

"I merely wished to find out, Mr. Chairman," explained the delegate who had made the motion, "how many ambitious orators there are in this convention. There are forty-seven."

TIED DOWN.

20 Years' Slavery—How She Got Freedom.

A dyspepsia veteran who writes from one of England's charming rural homes to tell how she won victory in her 20 years' fight, naturally exults in her triumph over the tea and coffee habit:

"I feel it a duty to tell you," she says, "how much good Postum has done me. I am grateful, but also desire to let others who may be suffering as I did, know of the delightful method by which I was relieved.

"I had suffered for 20 years from dyspepsia, and the giddiness that usually accompanies that painful ailment, and which frequently prostrated me. I never drank much coffee, and cocoa and even milk did not agree with my impaired digestion, so I used tea exclusively, till about a year ago, when I found in a package of Grape-Nuts the little book, 'The Road to Wellville.'

"After a careful reading of the booklet I was curious to try Postum and sent for a package. I enjoyed it from the first, and at once gave up tea in its favor.

"I began to feel better very soon. My giddiness left me after the first few days' use of Postum, and my stomach became stronger so rapidly that it was not long till I was able (as I still am) to take milk and many other articles of food of which I was formerly compelled to deny myself. I have proved the truth of your statement that Postum 'makes good, red blood.'

"I have become very enthusiastic over the merits of my new table beverage, and during the past few months, have conducted a Postum propaganda among my neighbors which has brought benefit to many, and I shall continue to tell my friends of the 'better way' in which I rejoice." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

FARM AND GARDEN

EXCELLENT TRAP FOR MINK

Illustration Shows One Also Found Efficacious for Raccoons, Opossums, Skunks and Muskrats.

(By J. W. GRIFFIN.)

A limb of sound wood, with a hollow two to three inches in diameter, with horseshoe nails driven as shown in the sketch, makes a good trap for minks, raccoons, opossums, skunks and muskrats.

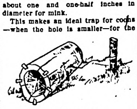
The bait should be about six inches beyond the point of the nails, therefore, if the hollow runs the full length of the piece, it should be plugged up at one end.

Drive a staple in the limb and wire it to a stake or small tree.

You may carry it with the animal alive to hole of water and drown it; to release the animal, draw the nails.

The nails should be very sharp and should form a circle with their points about one and one-half inches in diameter for mink.

This makes an ideal trap for coons—when the hole is smaller—for the coon thrusts its claws into small holes, and under chunks and rocks, in search of food.



Good Mink Trap.

Baits for fur animals: birds, mice, raw beef, pieces of rabbit or muskrat.

Leave everything around the trap in as natural position as possible.

Do not go near the trap when once set, any more than you can help, as the animal's sense of smell is very keen.

NEW SILO GAINS POPULARITY

Material From Which These Huge Tanks Are Built Is Hard Burned, Hollow Clay Building Blocks.

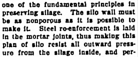
(By A. G. KITTEL.)

A new type of silo that is gaining favorable mention in many parts of the country where it has been tried out is the tile built style, of which the "Iowa" silo is a good representative. The material from which these silos are built is a hard burned, hollow clay building block, an the building as well as users are claiming a list of advantages for them over other types. One of the chief advantages, they say, is that it retains moisture better than most of the other kinds, and this is one of the fundamental principles in preserving silage. The silo wall must be as nonporous as it is possible to make it. Steel re-enforcement is laid in the mortar joints, thus making this plan of silo resist all outward pressure from the silage inside, and performing the same service that hoops do on stave silos. Being built of hollow blocks such a silo is particularly frost resistant, and this feature is one that is quite important where there is much freezing weather in winter. Doors are made of wood, and about all the care and repair a tile silo needs after being put up right is to replace the doors when these have rotted, and to give the inside wall a cement wash about once in four or five years.

THIS GATE WILL NOT SAG

Clevis and Swivel Bolt, Which Any Blacksmith Can Make, Will Be Sufficient to Take Up Slack.

The clevis and swivel bolt, any blacksmith can make. The wire is found on nearly all farms; No. 9 or 11 wire, galvanized, two double, is sufficient to hold up any gate found on the farm.



This Gate Won't Sag.

The swivel bolt which screws into the post should be placed far enough from the top hinge of the gate so as to be turned conveniently to take up the slack in the wire.

Winter Killing of Ants.

There is nothing quite as effective as the winter killing which consists in digging out the heart of the mounds in the winter and then pouring water into the excavations thus made so it soaks into the ground and freezes those that may still be living.

This method usually proves very satisfactory. Out of a large field where they were killed in this way during the last winter only a very few of the many ant hills had any ants remaining in them by spring and it is quite evident that if the work had been done more carefully every one of them would have been killed.

Manure Spreader.

Where there is much manure to be put on grass land, it will pay to have a spreader that will do the work so much more satisfactory. Two adjoining farmers can own one together and thus lessen the cost.

Time for Mulching.

The time to mulch anything for winter protection is after the ground has become chilled to a considerable depth. If it is frozen, so much the better.

Mind of Man Needed.

There is no breed of animals that will go on improving without the constant assistance and directing mind of man.

PROBLEM OF TOO MUCH WORK

It Must Be Solved, Especially When New Methods Are Advocated—Sow Part of Land to Some Grass.

(By W. C. PALMER, North Dakota.)

"Too much work" is a remark that meets one on nearly every farm. The writer has often heard the same remark at Farmers' Institutes. And especially when new methods are advocated. It is a real serious problem. However, it must be faced and solved, too. As long as the land was new, spreading over a large number of acres was in many cases profitable.

That time has now passed as the results in half farming now too often result in crop failure or so many wild oats and weeds in the grain that it makes a man ashamed to take them to market. Half farming with such results simply wastes work. Some better method must be worked out.

What is the man to do who has more land than he can work thoroughly? One solution is to sell a part of it. That, however, is not what most land holders want to do. Another solution is to sow a part of the land to alfalfa, clover, or some grass as timothy, bromus or slender wheat grass. The returns from the land in hay will be fully as good as from that in grain. And the work will be much less. At the same time the land will be cleared from weeds and plant diseases and the humus content will be increased.

The starting of the clover and alfalfa may need some special preparation, as manuring and sowing without a nurse crop, and introducing some of the germs that live on the nodules. Get a small piece started and that will help you get the whole farm in condition.

Leave it in grass three to five years. Every year sow more grass and also plow up some sod. This new land will be in fine condition to grow large crops.

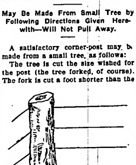
By this procedure the work on the farm will be reduced and the returns increased, and the land put in much better shape than is possible in continuous grain growing.

CORNER POST MADE STRONG

May Be Made From Small Tree by Following Directions Given Herewith—Will Not Pull Away.

A satisfactory corner-post may be made from a small tree, as follows:

The tree is cut the size wished for the post (the tree forked, of course). The fork is cut a foot shorter than the body. The post is put in the ground and the fork turned on the inside corner with a rock placed under the prong.



A Substantial Post.

It is impossible for a post made in this way to pull away.

Single Mud Hole Mars.

The real efficiency of any road is measured by its worst mud hole. One may have the best kind of survice and the best kind of road bed but no matter how good it may be the majority of the distance, a single mud hole will mar all of the good work on both sides of it.

Many Kinds of Lime.

There are ten or more kinds of lime that can be used for agricultural purposes. Out of these there are really but three or four that can be called original materials, the others being simpler forms of lime under a different method of treatment.

Fresh Air Is Necessary.

Storm windows and storm doors are matters of economy and will save fuel, but do not shut out all fresh air. If you do doctor's bills make storm windows pretty expensive. Good ventilation is as necessary for man as is is for animals.

Soil-Mulch Best.

Making a soil-mulch would have been better than praying for rain.

GARDEN and FARM NOTES

There is no food value lost by ensiloing corn.

A little paint goes a long ways toward making a home out of a group of buildings.

If your cabbages do not seem to be keeping well, sprinkle over them a supply of water.

The corn shock with its butts frozen into the ground sharpens one's language wonderfully.

Next spring select high-grade seed if you did not have large, solid heads of cabbage this year.

Work that is systematized whether it is on the farm or in the office always proves the most profitable.

Lime, ashes, old manures, leaves, wastes from the kitchen, all go to make an excellent compost heap.

The man who is opening his first silo this year is going to experience a lot of satisfaction in using that feed.

If you have any vegetables that you will not use for family supply, now is the time to get in touch with buyers.

Celery is sturdy. It can winter some heavy frosts, but it should always be protected enough to keep it from freezing.

Are you fond of rhubarb pie? If so why not see to it next year that you have fresh rhubarb during the winter instead of the canned vegetables [illegible]

HORN DINNER CALL

London's Oldest Custom Relic of Crusaders.

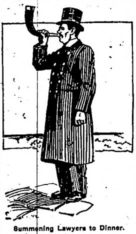
Benchers, Barristers and Students Summoned by Ancient Method—Recalls Days When Clocks and Watches Were Unknown.

London.—Nowhere do old customs cling more firmly than in the ancient seat of legal learning, the Middle Temple, London, which still jealously guards the traditions it has inherited.

To the present-day benchers, barristers and students are summoned to dinner each evening during term time by the blowing of a horn—a custom which has survived on this spot since the romantic days of the crusaders. Every evening at 5:30 during the three weeks of the legal terms, a warder, in gold-braided uniform, procures the ox horn from the strong room of the Middle Temple, and proceeding to the famous fountain in Fountain court, summons the members to dinner by blowing a blast on this primitive instrument.

He then visits each court in turn, according to ancient custom, and many a bencher throws up his window to listen to the sound of the winding horn, which has been heard continuously in these precincts since the time when the Knights Templar established themselves there in 1184.

Its use recalls the days when clocks and watches were unknown, and the voice of the watchman, calling out the time, was a familiar sound through the night watches. Sun dials were then the only guides the people possessed as to the flight of time, and of these more than one still survives, with its quaint motto, on the walls of the Temple buildings. It is to the sworn enemies of the Knights Templar, the Saracens, oddly enough, that as we do, indeed, the greater part of our mathematical knowledge as well.



Summoning Lawyers to Dinner.

When the Templars founded their new monastery between Whitefriars and Essex house in the Strand, the latter was, as its name implies, merely a beach beside the silver Thames, and all around was open country, the site of the present law courts being a large field which was used as a tilting ground by the knights. In later days, when the men of law had taken over the settlement of the Knights Templar, the students, who were resident in the Temple, were dependent on its kitchen for their daily meals. After a hurried breakfast in the buttery at eight o'clock they would take their law books, and wander off along the Strand, where, in summer time, they lay under the trees and bushes studying law.

Half an hour before dinner the panyer man, who drew the daily supply of bread every morning from Westminster, used to take a large ox horn and walk along the river's side, blowing the horn as a signal to the student's to return to the temple for dinner.

The panyer man, who was formerly charged with the duty of winding the horn, had also to provide the hall with mustard, pepper and vinegar, his annual wages in 1638 amounting to $26. Other useful members of the staff were the chief wash pot and the under wash pot, the chief turn broach, the steward's servant and under turn spit; the last named receiving $6 a year.

The horn now in use in the Middle Temple possesses no antiquarian interest in itself, dating back only some ten years. It was brought over from the Argentine by one of the members shortly before it was found necessary to discontinue the use of the old one. "Ye horn of ye Middle Temple" had become so decrepit, through age and constant use, that the weird and funny sounds it emitted were calculated to bring it into ridicule. It had become a mass of silver bands, which had been added from time to time to keep it together, and close up the cracks in its sides. But in spite of these bands the air still escaped so freely that the warder who blew it had to place a wet handkerchief over the horn every time he used it.

So the ancient horn, which had sounded the welcome summons to dinner in term for generations, was placed on the retired list and now it only sees the light on grand nights in hall, when it is placed on the table with the rest of the Middle Temple's proud display of silver plate.

Honesty Not a Chattel.

Chicago.—"A person who finds a valuable that belongs to another has no right to accept pay for his honesty. Honesty is not a chattel." So spoke H. F. Bradley, station passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, when he declined to accept a $50 reward from R. Hall McCormick when he returned a valuable diamond pin which dropped from Mrs. McCormick's corsage when entering a taxicab at the Union station a few days ago. After Mrs. McCormick advertised her loss Mr. Bradley telephoned her he had found the valuable piece of jewel-

BEST TRICK NOT IN THE AIR

Aviator Was Clever at His Work, but Shone Best in Another Line of Endeavor.

Henry M. Neely, the aviator poet of Philadelphia, said at a recent banquet at the Bellevue-Stratford:

"Yes, it is true that it takes a lot of money to become an airman. You can't get an aeroplane and you can't learn to fly without plenty of cash."

Mr. Neely smiled.

"I was watching a brother airman making a volplane the other day when I heard a young lady say:

"'He can do a lot of tricks, can't he?'

"'Yes, you bet he can,' her companion agreed.

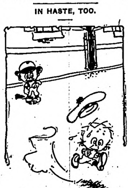
"'What is his best trick?' she continued.

"'His best trick, far and away,' was the reply, 'is buying a biplane on credit. He's done it twice now, and I shouldn't be surprised to see him pull it off a third time before he breaks his neck.'"

ALMOST FRANTIC WITH ITCHING ECZEMA

"Eight years ago I got eczema all over my hands. My fingers fairly bled and it itched until it almost drove me frantic. The eruption began with itching under the skin. It spread fast from between the fingers around the nails and all over the whole hands. I got a pair of rubber gloves in order to wash dishes. Then it spread all over the left side of my chest. A fine doctor treated the trouble two weeks, but did me no good. I cried night and day. Then I decided to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment but without much hope as I had gone so long. There was a marked change the second day, and so on until I was entirely cured. The Cuticura Soap we have always kept in our home, and we decided after that lesson that it is a cheap soap in price and the very best in quality. My husband will use no other soap in his shaving mug." (Signed) Mrs. G. A. Selby, Redonda Beach, Cal., Jan. 15, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 24 K, Boston.

IN HASTE, TOO.



"I t'ought yous said yous kin lick me wid yer hands tied behind yer back?"

"I—I—can! I'm j—just goin' now to get a string to tie 'em!"

The Backteriologist.

A Richmond darky chanced to meet on the street a friend who complained of much "mis'ry." Indeed, the afflicted one was in despair, so "tuckered out" was he.

"Wot seems to be de matter?" asked the first negro.

"Jim," said the other with a moan and a gesture indicating the portion of his anatomy that was giving him so much trouble, "I'se got sech awful pains in mah back heah!"

Jim assumed an air of great solemnity and wisdom. "In dat case," said he, "dere's only one thing fo' you to do. Jes' yo' put yo'self in de hands o' dat Doctah Blank. I hears dat he's de finest backteriologist in de whole souf."

A Little Off.

Senator Penrose was talking in Washington about the dreadful hunting accidents of last month. "When buck fever seizes a man," he said, "he goes as far off his aim as the old lady went in her definition of the word 'bellicose.' She was talking with a friend about a bishop.

"'He's a fine man,' said the friend, a fine, handsome man. His only trouble is that he's a little bellicose.'

"'Bellicose?' said the old lady with a surprised frown, 'He must have changed, then. The last time I saw him he was tall and rather slender.'"

Gentle Correction Needed.

Mr. Littlerest—Doctor, what did you tell me was your special treatment for sleeplessness?

Medico—We strike at the cause or the origin of the trouble.

Mr. Littlerest—You don't say so! Well, you will find the baby in the other room. Only, don't strike at him too hard.

Stamp Needed in That Case.

"She stamped her foot."

"That was all right, if her foot was going by mail."

Many a man's handshake is less sincere than the wag of his dog's tail.

Knees Became Stiff

Five Years of Severe Rheumatism

The cure of Henry J. Goldstein, 14 Barton Street, Boston, Mass., is another victory for Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great medicine has succeeded in many cases where others have utterly failed. Mr. Goldstein says: "I suffered from rheumatism five years, it kept me from business and caused excruciating pain. My knees would become as stiff as steel. I tried many medicines without relief, then took Hood's Sarsaparilla, soon felt much better, and now consider myself entirely cured. I recommend Hood's."

Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolated tablets called Sarsatabs.

Discouraged

The expression occurs so many times in letters from sick women, "I was completely discouraged." And there is always good reason for the discouragement. Years of pain and suffering. Doctor after doctor tried in vain. Medicines doing no lasting good. It is no wonder that the woman feels discouraged.

Thousands of these weak and sick women have found health and courage regained as the result of the use of

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It establishes regularity, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures weakness.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG AND SICK WOMEN WELL.

Refuse substitutes offered by unscrupulous druggists for this reliable remedy.

Sick women are invited to consult by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Pres't, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

The Famous Rayo Lamps and Lanterns

Rayo lamps and lanterns give most light for the oil used.

The light is strong and steady. A Rayo never flickers. Materials and workmanship are the best. Rayo lamps and lanterns last.

Ask your dealer to show you his line of Rayo lamps and lanterns, or write for illustrated booklets direct to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

THE WEAK POINT.

Squilbob—Don't know how to court the girl? Well, my boy, you just tell her that you know she despises "jollying" and is the one woman in the world who can't be flattered.

Squilligan—Well?

"That sort of guff will flatter her!"

Expensive Possession.

A small applicant for Christmas cheer was being interviewed by the charity worker.

"What is your father?" asked the latter.

"'E's me father."

"Yes, but what is he?"

"Oh! 'E's me stepfather."

"Yes, yes, but what does he do? Does he sweep chimneys or drive 'busses, or what?"

"O-o-w!" exclaims the small applicant, with dawning light of comprehension. "No, 'e ain't done nothin' since we've 'ad 'im."—London Answers.

Mary's Little Postscript.

Mistress—Mary, wasn't that gentleman asking for me?

The New Maid—No, mum, he described the lady he wanted to see as being about 40, and I told him it couldn't be you.

Mistress—Quite right, my dear. And you shall have an extra afternoon off tomorrow.

The New Maid—Yes, mum! Thankee, mum! Yes, mum! I told him it couldn't be you, as you was about 50.

Mistress—And while you're taking your afternoon off you'd better look out for a new place!

Those Dear Girls.

Maud—I am told I got my good looks from my mother.

Ethel—I wouldn't repeat that if I were you.

Maud—Why not?

Ethel—People will think your mother was stingy.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Work, but don't worry; work is a tonic; worry a poison; a day of worry will bring more gray hairs than a week of work.—Speed.

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It will sometimes carry infection to the entire system through the food you eat. Hamlins Wizard Oil cures Sore Throat.

What has become of the old-fashioned man whose word was as good as his bond?

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

And the love of money is also the root of much matrimony and all alimony.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It doesn't take a fisherman to cast slurs.

Jones Admitted It.

Jones and Brown argued as they always did when they had time enough. They had dined together, and as Jones lived at a distance and it was very late Brown offered to put him up for the night.

On the way home they fell to discussing the strategy of the Civil war as indicated by the campaigns of Lee and Grant. The topic was elastic enough to keep them going for half an hour, and reached its height as they neared the Brown house.

Then Brown lost his temper. "Jones," said he, "if you don't admit that Grant was a greater general than Lee, you can't sleep here."

It was then two o'clock in the morning, and Jones was eight miles from home.—Chicago Post.

Profitable goods are good friends that we dearly love to part with.

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

WHO IS TO BLAME.

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy promptly relieves. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

PISO'S IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

RUPTURE CURED in a few days without a surgical operation. No pay until cured. Write to Dr. F. H. Rowe, 320 Century Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-est references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., No. 1—1912.

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Smokeless Odorless Clean Convenient

The Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater warms up a room in next to no time. Always ready for use. Can be carried easily to any room where extra warmth is needed.

A special automatic device makes it impossible to turn the wick too high or too low. Safe in the hands of a child.

The Perfection burns nine hours on one filling—glowing heat from the minute it is lighted. Handsomely finished drums of blue enamel or plain steel, with nickel trimmings.

Ask your dealer or write for descriptive circular to any agency of

Standard Oil Company
(Incorporated)

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13. 1912. NUMBER 27.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Washington.

President Taft may ask the assistance of congress in solving the question of the high cost of living through legislative authorization for the United States to participate in a world wide conference on the subject.

It was held by the interstate commerce commission that where two or more carriers are competing for business at equal rates between two points they should be allowed to continue the competition, despite the long and short haul provision of the law.

One of the most important and significant peace functions is to take place in Washington early in February, when the committee on foreign affairs of the house of representatives will be the host at dinner to Secretary of State Knox and the members of the diplomatic corps.

Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh, whose advice has been sought by the national monetary commission in framing a statute prohibiting the stocks of banks from falling under the control of other banks or corporations, believes this end can be accomplished by a broad provision of a law designed to maintain the dependence of each individual bank.

Enlarged application of the leading principle applied to the public domain, especially a liberal leasing law for the development of the mineral resources of Alaska, particularly its coal lands, and immediate consideration by congress of the whole subject of water power development and control, are the most important recommendations contained in the annual report of Secretary of the Interior Fisher.

General.

An effort is being made to oust the Goulds from the Wabash railroad.

The steel schedule is to come first before the house revision committee.

Ohio progressives at their meeting declined to endorse anyone for president.

The United States has been asked to join an international council in an exploration of the sea.

The Standard Oil company has announced an advance of fifteen points in all grades of refined oil.

Although troops have been ordered home, the United States will keep a close watch on the Mexican border.

Capt. John Cussons is dead at his home, Glen Allen, in Henrico county, Virginia, where he had a house of 100 rooms.

James W. McDaniel, who was the first literary adviser of Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain), was found dead in bed at his home in Hannibal, Mo.

Fire in Count Ludwig Batthany's palace in Budapest destroyed the costly furniture and a collection of pictures. The damage amounted to $600,000.

When Charles Richards was sentenced to life imprisonment at Belvidere, Ill., for the murder of his wife he implored the court to make the sentence death instead.

Congress will soon get busy on a law for the regulation of the Panama canal.

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri introduced a bill to appropriate $50,000 for erecting a monument overlooking the Panama canal, to commemorate the 400th anniversary of the discovery of the Isthmus of Panama by Balboa, the Spanish explorer.

The tariff board's investigation of the leather schedule will actually begin January 16, when tanners throughout the country will be given a hearing as to the method of conducting the inquiry.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt has been quite ill for several days, but is recovering. Two months ago she was injured by a fall from her horse while riding with the colonel. Her present illness is said, however, not to be a result of the accident.

The Persian cabinet has notified W. Morgan Shuster, the ex-treasurer general, of the appointment of a commission composed of Persians, M. Mornard and the Belgian ex-director of customs in Persia to take over Mr. Shuster's duties, M. Mornard to act as provisional treasurer.

At Hot Springs, Ark., one thousand persons escaped with difficulty from the First Presbyterian church of that city when the church was burned. The congregation had assembled to hold special watch services, when the flames burst forth.

Advices from Guaymas, Mex., say the home of Senor Jesus V. Fourcade was entered and family jewels to the value of $10,000 taken.

The Havemeyer refineries of the American Sugar Refining company in Williamsburg, N. J., have shut down and five thousand men have been thrown out of employment.

More than sixty persons took a New Year's bath in the surf at Coney Island Jan. 1. The water was only 37 degrees above zero and a cold, northwest wind was blowing, but a number of the hardy ones ventured to swim far out.

Senator LaFollette said if another than the republican party afforded a better agency for reform he would desert his present affiliation

Admiral Bob Evans died at Washington in two hours after being taken ill.

Gladys Madden, 22 years of age, an actress, was shot and killed in Chicago.

According to a witness the profits of packers on dressed beef products is very modest.

The supreme court will shortly hand down a series of opinions on important cases.

Postmaster General Hitchcock is planning a reorganization of the railway mail service.

Lawrence W. Abbott, editor of the Outlook, says Roosevelt is not a presidential candidate.

Seven hundred imperial troops are reported to have been killed in a battle near Hankow, China.

Senator Bristow of Kansas introduced a bill for a government Panama canal steamship line.

Radical reductions in livestock rate have been ordered by the interstate commerce commission.

The warden of the Atlanta federal prison asserts Banker Morse attempted to bribe him.

Bryan was tentatively launched as a presidential candidate by progressive democrats of Ohio.

The Nebraska protest against the appointment of Judge Hook has arrived at Washington.

France will back up Preesident Taft in any movement he makes looking to international arbitration.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska denounced the arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France.

The house passed the senate bill providing that the circuit judges sit on circuit court of appeal.

The equal suffrage association of Colorado is preparing to wage a vigorous campaign in other states.

In a magazine article Theodore Roosevelt says courts are prone to err and are not above criticism.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher discusses land and water-power development in his annual message.

Pay for actual transportation service is the recommendation of the second assistant postmaster general.

The government tightened its case against the packers insofar as the existence of a beef pool is concerned.

The first dinner of the season to President Taft by cabinet members was given by Secretary of State Knox.

Salt Lake City passed under the commission form of government Jan. 1, when Mayor Samuel C. Park and four commissioners were inducted into office.

Miss Anna Thornton was found dead from starvation in her luxurious home in Bay Side, Long Island. Coroner Amber gave his verdict as death by starvation.

Mystery surrounds the deaths of four persons whose bodies, fully clothed, were found in a room of the boarding house of Mrs. Bridget Flanagan of Philadelphia.

At St. Joseph, Mo., Charles Huffman, sought by the police of Omaha on a charge of forgery, according to telegrams dived out of a second story window and falling forty-five feet to the frozen ground in the alley below, escaped uninjured.

Thirty thousand sheep in Santa Cruse islands are doomed, according to a launch captain who has just returned. Grazing is extremely low owing to the lack of rain, and it is said that the owners have little hope of saving more than two-thirds of the sheep ranging the hills of the island, about 100,000 in all.

Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary Nagel and Samuel Untermeyer of New York have been asked to appear before the house rules committee January 15 and give their views upon the proposed investigations by congress.

The report of the monetary commission on the reorganization of the currency system is completed and ready for congress.

Future causes of the democrats of the house of representatives will be conducted under new rules, which, while they do not answer the demand of William Jennings Bryan for an open caucus, satisfy the democratic leaders in the house.

The Portland Oregonian says that a combination of paint and oil establishments on the Pacific coast is in the course of construction, involving an outlay of approximately $20,000,000.

Henry L. Stimson, secretary of war, said after luncheon with Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay, according to the New York Tribune, said in his opinion Mr. Roosevelt would never be a candidate for the presidential nomination against President Taft.

Secretaory of the Interior Fisher authorized the reclamation service to negotiate for the purchase of the privately owned Franklin canal, for which $120,000 is asked, to provide for irrigating lands in the vicinity of El Paso under the Rio Grande project.

At Pittsfield, Ill., John C. Gingery and Henry Hatfield lost their lives when they overturned a stove and burned to death in the house at Gingery's farm in a fight.

Personal.

Fire in Louisville, Ky., caused a loss of $400,000.

Colonel Stimson says Roosevelt is not in the presidential race.

The death of Rear Admiral Evans was a shock to official Washington.

Colonel Bryan and Senator LaFollette held a short conference in Washington.

Provisional President Sun Yat Sen admits the present situation in China is delicate.

LORIMER DENIES

SAYS HE NEVER PAID A CENT TO ANYONE FOR HIS ELECTION.

HINES ON STAND AGAIN

Chairman Stanley of Steel Committee Tired of Evasions of the Trust Officials.—Other Congressional News.

Washington, D. C.—Senator William Lorimer began testifying in his own defense. It was the Illinois senator's first appearance in the witness chair since the senate ordered an investigation of his election and the event attracted to the committee room a large audience composed chiefly of women, which waited through an uninteresting day for a sensation that failed to develop.

Senator Lorimer was not called until Edward Hines, the Chicago lumberman, and H. A. J. Upham, a Milwaukee lawyer and partner of Senator Stephenson in several lumber companies, had occupied the better part of the day. Upham was examined at length by William J. Hynes, who appeared as counsel for Hines. Edgar H. Farrar of New Orleans, counsel for the Weyerhaeuser lumber interests, also sat at the lawyers' table. Judge Elbridge Hanecy, Lorimer's counsel, remained in the background until the examination of Upham ended.

The first question Judge Hanecy put to Senator Lorimer after the witness had taken the stand, was a blunt and leading one.

"Did you ever pay anything of value to anybody for your election?" he demanded.

"I never did," replied Senator Lorimer.

And in a long review of political conditions in Illinois he repeatedly denied all impromtu acts in connection with his own election.

Stanley Is Impatient.

Washington, Jan. 10.—Threats of Chairman Stanley of the steel trust investigation committee to issue subpoenas at once for everything he wanted from the United States Steel corporation and personalities in debate for his fight for $9,000 additional appropriation for the inquiry, gave the house an exciting half hour. The house finally voted the appropriation to supplement the original $25,000.

Mr. Stanley declared he had reached the end of courteous treatment of the steel trust officers. Representative Levy of New York, a Democrat, who said he opposed the inquiry as an interference with business stability, was assured by Mr. Stanley that "he need not lose any sleep even though Mr. Levy had J. P. Morgan as one of his constituents."

Scores Democratic Party.

In an attack upon the Democratic party for its record in the extra session of congress last summer, Representative Hill of Connecticut, a Republican member of the ways and means committee, declared in the house that the extra session had demonstrated the inability of the Democrats to do constructive legislative work.

Mr. Hill especially attacked the Democratic tariff record. He insisted that the free wool advocates, though greater in the majority when the tariff session began, had surrendered to those who favored a duty on wool, because the wool duty force was strong enough to combine with the Republicans and secure a majority of the house.

The final report of the national monetary commission formally was presented in both houses of congress and referred to committees. Senator Penrose, chairman of the finance committee, to which the senate referred it, stated later that there might be hearings on the monetary bill and that the measure may be reported to the senate at this session of congress.

Washington, D. C.—Legislative machinery to provide for operation of the Panama canal and control of the canal zone will be started when the house committee on interstate commerce will hold its first meeting to frame a program for hearings and preliminary work as a basis of the bill which will be reported out to the house later in the session.

Chairman Adamson and his committee have returned from a trip to Panama where they conferred with Chief Engineer Goethals and other officials who are working to put the great isthmian ditch into active operation by Jan. 1, 1915, and perhaps, as they say, a year earlier. Mr. Adamson has voiced the opinion that the progress and quality of the work done there is entirely satisfactory.

Appropriation Bills Ready.

Two appropriation bills are about ready to emerge from the committee of the house. The District of Columbia bill, which last year carried $12,000,000, will be completed and reported to the house early this week, and it will be followed quickly by the pension appropriation bill which runs usually close to $150,000,000.

The arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France probably will be called up in open session of the senate within a fortnight.

Lorimer Testifies.

Senator Lorimer will testify under oath for the first time since the senate ordered an investigation of his election. If necessary, his counsel intends to let the senator tell his story in his own way. He may take two days to do so. Then the cross-examination will begin. Following his testimony, the committee is expected to begin work on its report to the senate where the final fight will come.

Bryan Is Turned Down.

Future caucuses of the Democrats of the house of representatives will be conducted under new rules which, while they do not answer the demand of William Jennings Bryan for an open caucus, satisfy the Democratic leaders in the house. The Democrats met in secret session for three hours. After protracted debate, a resolution proposed by Representative S. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, a compromise on the Bryan plan was adopted by a vote of 103 to 27. The 27 who voted against it favored opening the caucus to the press.

The new rules provide that a record vote be taken on demand of one-fifth of those present and that a journal be kept for publication. Debates and other incidents to the meetings will not be made public.

The rules were proposed by a committee appointed several months ago. Speaker Clark, one of the committee, owing to his illness was not present at the caucus. Mr. Underwood, floor leader, answering to call and engineered the movement by which the Bryan faction were defeated. The feud between Mr. Bryan and Mr. Underwood has lasted for many months and the defeat of the Bryan open caucus movement at this time is taken as another victory for the Alabama leader.

Washington, D. C. — There are indications that the senate hopper will be full of pension bills of various kinds. The house and senate are divided as to the sweeping general increase bills that have been considered in both houses.

Senator Nelson has presented a bill intended to deal more liberally with soldiers who were maimed in war.

All hope of agreement between conferees of the two houses of congress on the resolution providing for election of United States senators by direct vote of the people has vanished.

The difference between the house and the senate conferees is based on a question of congressional supervision. As passed by the house the resolution placed the control of senatorial elections in the hands of the state legislatures. The senate amended the resolution, leaving the control in the hands of congress. This question has been debated by the conferees since the extra session and after many meetings representatives on each side have been unable to offer concessions which would be acceptable.

Senator Newlands of Nevada precipitated a lively debate when he attempted to force upon the senate his resolution providing for a legislative program. He sought ineffectually to have his resolution made the unfinished business with the result that the ensuing discussion took a wide range; entering the complicated field of the tariff. The report of the tariff board and the board itself also figured.

FRANK B. KELLOGG

Frank B. Kellogg, who won fame as a "trust-buster" for the government, is one of the men considered as a possible justice of the Supreme court to succeed the late Justice Harlan.

HONOR MRS. CLEVELAND

Former President's Widow Made Life Member of Forestry Association.

Washington, D. C.—Mrs. Grover Cleveland, whose husband, the late President Cleveland, signed the original bill providing for the creation of national forests, was elected a life member of the American Forestry association at the thirtieth annual convention of the organization held here. Robert P. Bass of New Hampshire was re-elected president of the body.

U. S. TROOPS TO CHINA

Washington, D. C.—After a lapse of more than ten years, American troops are again to invade China. They are to aid in keeping open the railroad from Pekin to the sea. Five hundred infantry will be disembarked at Chinwangtao. The move was ordered, after consideration of the policy involved in landing American troops in a foreign country under the peculiar conditions now existing in China.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

INTERSTATE FARMERS.

Club Organized and Speakers Heard at Taylor's Falls.

Taylor's Falls.—Notwithstanding the severe weather, an interesting and enthusiastic meeting was held by the Interstate Park Farmers' club here.

Besides perfecting the organization of the club, several instructive talks were made on agricultural subjects.

Among the speakers were Mr. Williams of the extension division of the state agricultural school, who spoke on co-operative efforts among farmers in the marketing of their crops, and Mr. H. Riley of the Northwestern Agriculturalist, who spoke on the co-operative breeding of live stock.

The next regular meeting of the association is to be held February 3, when it is expected to take up the subjects of corn, the growing and marketing of potatoes and agricultural education.

Plans were also made for an evening meeting in the public school on February 2, at which a representative of the agricultual extension division, George F. Howard, is to speak on "Agricultural Education in the Public Schools."

TRAIN WRECKED.

Broken Rail Topples Northern Pacific Sleeper Into Ditch.

Little Falls.—A broken rail caused Northern Pacific passenger train No. 7, westbound, to leave the track eleven miles north of this city, the rear sleeper toppling over into a ditch. Although several cars left the rails, and one turned completely over, not a person was injured. The sleeper carried fifteen passengers.

A train of cabooses was immediately made up, but later a notice was received that doctors were not needed, and a section crew went to the scene of the accident to repair the track. The accident resulted from the intense cold. The cars that left the track tore three rails from the roadbed.

The track was cleared for traffic by noon, and the wrecked train pulled into Staples under its own steam, running about five miles an hour. The sleeper was left in the ditch.

BANKER IS ACQUITTED

Hans Mo, Cleared of One Charge, Is Tried on Another.

New Ulm. — Mr. Hans Mo of Sleepy Eye, president of the State Bank of Cobden, and cashier of the State Bank of Sleepy Eye, was acquitted in the Brown county district court, having been indicted by the grand jury charged with harboring R. M. West, former cashier of the State Bank of Cobden, who plead guilty of embezzling over $12,000 in suppressing evidence desired by the state.

CHAS. J. OWEN IS DEAD

First Manager of Hotel Radisson Succumbs in New York City.

New York, N. Y. — Charles J. Owen of Gainesville, Ga., known from coast to coast among hotel men, was found dead in the bathroom of his apartment in the Hotel Cadillac in this city. Mr. Owen was 45 years old and was formerly manager of the Knickerbocker and Astor hotels in this city. He promoted the Hotel Radisson in Minneapolis and was manager for some time.

DULUTH GRAIN RECEIPTS

Total Amount for 1911, 50,425,000 Bushels—Loss From 1910.

Duluth.—The total amount of domestic grain and flaxseed moved through Duluth in the year 1911 was 50,425,000 bushels. During the year 1910 the total was 53,725,000. The largest amount in any one of the last twenty-seven years was in 1907, when total receipts were 84,409,000 bushels. The total receipts of domestic grain at Duluth in all these years were 1,443,573,000 bushels.

STILLWATER FIRE.

Loss of $10,000 From Heating Plant Fire—Built in 1871.

Stillwater.—Fire which started in the heating plant almost totally destroyed the St. Paul Lutheran church. The pipe organ was ruined. The loss is estimated at $10,000, with $3,500 insurance. The St. Paul church was one of the oldest in the city, being built in 1871. Rev. A. C. Ernst is the pastor.

HIGHWAY IS APPROVED

New Road to be Built Through Beltrami County.

Bemidji.—The board of county commissioners, in session here, has adopted a resolution approving the proposed state highway passing through the southern part of Beltrami county, including the village of Nymore and the city of Bemidji. This proposed road would form the connecting link through this county of the new Duluth-St. Vincent trunk highway.

WEST DOOMED TO PRISON.

Cashier Who Robbed State Bank of Cobden Sentenced.

New Ulm.—When the local district court was called after the holiday recess, the first matter to demand the attention of Judge Olson was the sentencing of Rollin M. West, cashier of the State bank of Cobden, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the first degree, on one of the three indictments returned against the three indictments returned against him by the grand jury charging him with embezzling $12,271.04.

FIRE LOSS $175,000

Minneapolis Has a Fire Lasting Thirty-six Hours.

Minneapolis.—In a fierce fire which raged for thirty-six hours, in a temperature ranging from 10 to 25 degrees below zero, two buildings in the jobbing district were destroyed. The damage aggregated $175,000, with $118,000 insurance. The principal losers were the Waterman-Waterbury Co., Janney, Semple, Hill & Co., Schlitz Brewing Co., the Continental hotel and the Great Northern railroad.

SALARIES ARE FIXED

Commissioners Appropriate $6,000 for State Road Work.

Faribault. — Salaries of county officers have been fixed as follows: Attorney, $1,380; superintendent of schools, $1,666 with $252 allowed for a deputy; clerk of probate court, $70 a month. The Faribault Journal was chosen as the official paper. The commissioners appropriated $6,000 to be used in the improvement of state roads. The state will appropriate a similar amount.

COAL AND GAS FOUND

Mansfield Township Farm in Freeborn County Now in Public Eye.

Austin.—That coal has been discovered on the Henry Menerich farm in Mansfield township, is the report. Natural gas is flowing in sufficient quantities to warrant belief that there are large coal deposits in that locality. Dr. Emmons of the state geological survey says if favorable reports of preliminary operations are received the discovery will be investigated by the state.

ARREST BOXER'S SECOND

Baudette Jury Finds Participant in Bout Died of Fractured Skull.

Duluth. — A coroner's jury at Baudette found that the death of Andrew L. Anderson of West Duluth, who took part in a boxing contest at Spooner New Year's night, was caused by a fracture of the skull. A blood clot had formed as a result of the fracture. Bert Caldwell, who seconded Anderson, has been arrested and will be taken to Bemidji.

IS SHOT FROM AMBUSH

Former Mankato Man Wounded at Salem, Ore.

Salem, Oregon.—Fired at from ambush, A. E. Clark, who came here from Mankato, Minn., five years ago and now special prosecutor in the bank wrecking case of Louis J. Wilde, was wounded in the forearm. He declared that emissaries of Wilde were responsible for the shooting. Clark's parents reside at Redwood Falls, Minn.

Nelson Is Made Chairman.

Washington.—The change in committee assignments made necessary by the death of Senator Frye were made by the senate. Senator Nelson was made chairman of the committee on commerce; Senator Smoot of the committee on public lands; Senator Richardson of the committee on printing; Senator Lorimer of the committee on Pacific islands and Porto Rica, and Senator Poindexter on the committee of mines and mining. Senator Crane was assigned to the vacancy on the committee on commerce and Senator Dillingham to the vacancy on foreign relations.

Chisholm Landmark Burned.

Duluth.—One of the oldest landmarks of Chisholm, one of the few buildings that escaped the great fire of 1908, the Central school, was destroyed by fire. Loss, $7,000, and insurance, $4,600.

BOY BURNS TO DEATH

Roseau County Settlers Driven From House to Barn by Flames.

Karlstad.—The farm home of John Gilbertson, of Pohlitz, Roseau county, burned and his 12-year-old son Norman was burned to death. The fire was caused by the explosion of a hanging lamp. The family fled with bare feet through the snow and bitter cold to the barn, where they remained until dawn. Mrs. Gilbertson was badly burned about her face, hands and back.

$3.50 Recipe Free, For Weak Kidneys.

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

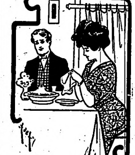
Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say good-bye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-2074 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

A HOT ONE.



Mrs. Justwed—I made this pudding myself. Shall I put the sauce on it for you?

Mr. Justwed—Yes; and then telephone for the doctor.

PITIFUL SIGHT WITH ECZEMA

"A few days after birth we noticed an inflamed spot on our baby's hip which soon began spreading until baby was completely covered even in his eyes, ears and scalp. For eight weeks he was bandaged from head to foot. He could not have a stitch of clothing on. Our regular physician pronounced it chronic eczema. He is a very able physician and ranks with the best in this locality, nevertheless, the disease began spreading until baby was completely covered. He was losing flesh so rapidly that we became alarmed and decided to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

"Not until I commenced using Cuticura Soap and Ointment could we tell what he looked like, as we dared not wash him, and I had been putting one application after another on him. On removing the scale from his head the hair came off, and left him entirely bald, but since we have been using Cuticura Soap and Ointment he has as much hair as ever. Four weeks after we began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment he was entirely cured. I don't believe anyone could have eczema worse than our baby.

"Before we used the Cuticura Remedies we could hardly look at him, he was such a pitiful sight. He would fuss until I would treat him, they semed to relieve him so much. Cuticura Soap and Ointment stand by themselves and the result they quickly and surely bring is their own recommendation." (Signed) Mrs. T. B. Rosser, Mill Hall, Pa., Feb. 20, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 29 K, Boston.

New to It.

They walked up to the desk of the Getty House in Yonkers, both in suspiciously new clothes. He took a pen from the hand of Clerk Maling with a careless, indifferent air and signed with a flourish. It was just his name. Maling looked at him in surprise and waited. Finally he said:

"Aren't you going to register her, too?"

The man answered, "Of course," and with another flourish he added, "and wife."

The bride looked at him reproachfully, murmuring, "What did you suppose I hit you in the ribs for?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Woman's Way.

"A woman's convention, eh? What do women know about enthusiasm? Now, at the last national convention we men cheered our candidates for an hour."

"That's all right," said his wife. "We threw kisses at ours for sixty-seven minutes by the clock."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

When a man buys a new hat he wants one somewhat like the one he had before—but it's different with a woman.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

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Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you still not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 13, 1911.

Wall street is said to be alarmed at the prospect of the Lindergh probe of the "money trust." No doubt the investigation may disturb business conditions—as they exist in Wall street.

Notices are posted stating Francis R. Shunk, United States engineer will hold public hearings in regard to the obstruction at Red Lake river by big jams, as follows: At Thief River Falls Jan. 15, at Crookston Jan. 17; at Grand Forks Jan. 18. The season is now so far advanced that probably by the time sufficient red tape has been unwound for the government officials to take action, spring will be ready to move the logs for their own purposes. However, if anything to the point should come of these hearings it will be quite a "feather in the cap" of W. G. Hunt of the Sunbeam, who has been the most persistent agitator in the matter.

Tallest Woman in the World

The tallest woman in the world lives in Chicago. Her height is nine feet one and one-half inches and she weighs 385 pounds. Ella Ewing denies that she intends marrying the European giant. "What; get married," she said. "Not me, I don't relish trying to get by a conductor on a street car with a couple of little tots both bigger than the conductor himself. She is satisfied with single life, and enjoys her golden grain belt beers, which keep her in good health. Try them yourself. Order of Alex Thompson, Cookston or of your dealer.

Program for Examinations

For common school certificates, to be held February 8, 9, and 10, 1912.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8
(First Grade Studies)

A. M.—	8:00	Enrollment
	8:30	Geometry
	10:15	Physisics
P. M.—	1:15	Algebra
	2:15	Physical Geography or General History
	4:15	Agriculture

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9
(Second Grade Studies)

A. M.—	8.00	Enrollment
	8:20	Professional Test
	9:30	Spelling
	10:00	Arithmetic
P. M.—	1:15	Geography
	2:45	Composition
	3:30	Reading
	4:30	Penmanship

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10
(Second Grade Studies Continued)

A. M.—	8:00	U. S. History
	9:45	English Grammar
	11:10	Music
P. M.—	1:15	Physiology-Hygiene
	2:45	Civics
	4:00	Drawing

If professional Test consumes less than 60 minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed 30 minutes earlier.

If Composition, Reading, Physiology-Hygiene, or Civics do not require the full time, the remaining time may be used for the subjects that follow.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance company was held in St. Hilaire Monday.

The following officers were elected:

Nels K. Anderson, president.
John O. Swanson, secretary.
N. A Nelson, treasuer,
Ed. A. Aubol, A. August Erickson, Ferdinand Gother, directors.

Following is a list of agents in the different towns.

Emil Larson, Bray.
P. A. Hallstrom, Polk Centre.
Alfred Dahlstrom, Sanders and Black River.
Olaf Larson, Numedal,
C. E. Aas, Norden,
J. S. Smith, North.
P. O. Sorlum, Silverton.
P. Englstad, Rocksbury.
A. S. Anderson, River Falls and Gervais.
Matt Skala, Louisville and Red Lake Falls.
A. J. Hemstad, Emardville,
Thomas Johnson, Garnes,
A. A. Rolandson, Equality and Deer Park.
Anton Peterson, Wyandottee, Smiley and Mayfield.
Peter C. Wold, Star, High Landing, Clover Leaf Goodridge and Renter.

In another column will be found the annual report of the president and secretary.

THE MAGIC OF MUSIC

Power of the Melody of the Voice Over Man and Beast.

SINGERS WHO SAVED LIVES.

The Way Lablache, the Basso, Conquered a Bear and a Burglar—Grisi's Control of a Madman With a Razor. A Musical Wife's Presence of Mind.

That music really has charms to soothe the savage beast is proved by the many times that the power of song has been the means of saving life. On one occasion when Luigi Lablache, the great opera basso, was aimlessly strolling through a French fair he was surprised by a sudden stampede of the sightseers, who rushed by him in a great panic, crying that one of the great bears had escaped from the menagerie. So surprised that he scarcely realized his danger, the singer stood his ground and almost immediately found himself face to face with the maddened beast, which halted for a moment before making its final rush. In that moment Lablache began to sing one of his favorite airs in a voice so deep and terrifying that the bear slunk away, thoroughly cowed.

It was this same singer who, when confined to his bed by a broken leg, was surprised by his landlady, who burst into his room, crying that a robber was in the house and was about to kill her husband unless he revealed the hiding place of their money and plate. Lablache, unable because of his injury to give other assistance, began to sing an aria in such thunderous tones as to terrify the robber, who fled.

Mme. Giulia Grisi was once traveling from the south of France to Paris in company with several companions of her own sex, when their privacy was intruded upon by a man who entered their apartment at a wayside station. Before long he began to act so oddly as to make the women apprehensive and at last terrified them by drawing a razor, which he began to flourish, at the same time demanding that he be permitted to sever their heads. The women realized that they had a madman in the carriage with them and also that they were without protection until the next stop of the train. In consequence they became hysterical—all save Grisi, who with great coolness suddenly began to sing in a soft voice that gradually assumed volume as she gained the attention of the man, whose threatening attitude gave way to rapt attention as the song advanced. Song after song did Grisi sing, and not another movement did the man make until the next station was reached, when the alarm was given and he was taken into custody. It transpired afterward that he had escaped from a lunatic asylum.

Jennie Lind once saved not only her own, but hundreds of other lives by her gift of song. A fire broke out back of the stage in a small theater in her native land where she was singing. The audience became alarmed, and there might have been a panic had not Jennie Lind stepped coolly out upon the stage and begun singing a favorite folk song. Reassured and entranced, the audience reseated themselves, and the fire was soon extinguished.

Another well known opera star while traveling with some friends in Mexico was surprised by a company of half breed bandits, at whose approach the escort fled, leaving their charges to the mercy of the robbers. The attitude of the latter on finding that their captives had little money and valuables was menacing in the extreme, and the travelers all expected to be murdered that night. When the robbers were eating their supper the star began to sing, and his captors were so delighted that they demanded more. For a time he gratified them, but at last suggested that he should sing for the freedom of himself and his friends. To this the bandits, cheered by wine and song, agreed, and after having sung for an hour he and his companion were free.

Kneissel, the notorious Bavarian brigand, once planned to rob a house in the neighborhood of Munich and, if necessary to secure the money and plate he knew was in the house, murder the inmates, a young married woman and her two female servants. His approach was heard by the wife, who, instead of losing her head, sat down to her piano and began to sing. The brigand listened for awhile and was on the point of forcing an entrance into the room when the song ceased and a man's voice struck up a rollicking air, to be followed in a few moments by a third man's voice singing a familiar chorus. Kneissel paused. The husband evidently had returned unexpectedly and had brought with him a friend. He was not prepared to attack the house against two men, so he beat a hasty retreat, little thinking that the voice he had heard proceeded from the lips of the young wife, a fine singer, who was an adept at mimicry.

Some years ago a released convict went to the house of the Indiana judge who had sentenced him to prison with the intention of shooting him. As he crept nearer to the window beside which the judge was sitting and raised

Trouble Ahead.

A north country coroner is said to be waiting the suicide of a local poet who wrote about clasping "the two tremulous hands" of his ladylove, but which the printer made to read "the two tremendous hands."—London Mail.

Equalized.

The larynx of man is twice the size on an average of the same organ in woman, although this disproportion is equalized by the fact that woman uses her larynx a little more than twice as much as man.

Considerate.

Muggins is not handsome, and he knows it. When his first baby was born he asked, "Does it look like me?"

Of course they replied in the affirmative.

"Well," said he, with a sigh, "break it to my wife gently."—London Tit-Bits.

GREATEST CLOSING OUT SALE OF WINTER GOODS

Ever held in Pennington County, at the

E. & E. CLOTHING STORE

THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

The greatest and most sensational sale that the buying public has ever known

The mammoth stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Shoes, etc., for Men and Boys will be closed out regardless of cost. Our reason for this sale is, we never carry merchandise over from one season to another. We have therefore turned our entire stock over to Kelley Sales People, known all over the country as the greatest bargain givers. We can truthfully say it will pay you to come for miles and miles to atted this great closing out sale.

Commences Saturday, Jan. 13, at 9 a. m.
AND CONTINUES FOR 13 DAYS ONLY
Ending Jan. 27, at 10 p. m.

THE KELLEY SALES SYSTEM CO.

Minneapolis Winnipeg Chicago

Representing **I. L. Erickson & Son,** Thief River Falls

Annual Statement of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Actual cash balance on hand and in bank December 31 of previous year		$1,321.80
INCOME DURING YEAR 1911		
Cash received as first payments of policies issued during year	$711.34	
Cash received from assessments levied during previous y'rs	27.71	
Cash received from interest on deposits..	40.00	
Total amount of cash received during the year		779 05
Total cash including balance on hand from previous year		2,100.85
DISBURSEMENTS DURING YEAR 1911.		
Paid losses incurred during the year	$768.00	
Paid commissions to agents	159.00	
Paid directors	20.00	
Paid salaries of officers, president $27.84, secretary $73.70, treasurer $18.01	119.55	
Paid postage	10.37	
Paid for printing $4.50, advertising $2.00, blanks $42.68	49.18	
Paid insurance department fees $2.00, livery hire $4.50	6.50	
Returned, collected as assessment	3.45	
Total amount of disbursements during the year		1,136.55
Actual cash balance on hand at end of year		964.30
Pennington county, insurance in force at end of year		$672,625
Losses during year		768

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."

"The doctor order it?"

"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

Perpetual.

"You always appear to be worried about your housekeeping," remarked the sympathetic friend.

"But really," replied the housekeeper, "there are only two occasions when I am really worried. One is when I haven't a servant and the other is when I have."

Rearranging the Basis.

"You are charging me $7 a week for board and lodging, Mrs. Irons," said the gray haired person of the name of Harris. "May I ask how you would itemize it? What part of it is for board?"

"Five dollars," replied the landlady.

"And $2 for my room?"

"Yes."

"Well, if you don't mind, Mrs. Irons," he said, proceeding to square up for another week, "we'll consider hereafter that I'm paying you $5 for lodging and $2 for board. It will seem more as if I were getting the worth of my money."—Chicago Tribune.

The Fortune Tellers.

Lady—Poor man! So you are just out of jail? Tramp—Yes, mum. I was a victim of fortune tellers ten years ago. Lady—Indeed? Tramp—Yes, mum. The district attorney told me where I'd ever been and what I'd ever done during my whole life, and the judge predicted where I would be for the next ten years.—Puck.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Jan. 2, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present except R. J. McKercher.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

Dr. C. Swanson, clerk's salary..	$18.75
John Forseen, salary, etc	16.20
O. A. Nash, work on well	2.20
Albert Nash, " "	3.00
I. D. Converse, publishing proceedings	6.25

On motion duly made and carried the village marshal was ordered to purchase three lanterns for fire department.

On motion duly made and carried the village marshal was ordered to see that no team be left tied on street for an unreasonable length of time during cold weather.

Motion made and seconded that the president appoint a committee of two to purchase stove for village hall. Motion carried.

President appointed A. R. Jones and Dr. C. Swanson.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	95
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	89
Flax, No. 1	$1.95
" " 2	1.85
Barley, for 50 lbs	1.00
Oats	39
Eggs	30
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@7
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	5:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15, "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:10 a. m.
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 16, 1908, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, towit: the sum of one hundred ten and 20-100 ($110.20), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, bearing date the 10th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the 2th day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m., in book 25 of mortgages on page 19, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book 12 of mortgages on page 419;

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to E. L. Mattson, by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m., in book 32 of mortgages on page 501, and in Pennington county in book 12 of mortgages on page 91; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: Southeast quarter (se¼) of Section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 20-100 ($110.20) and taxes if any and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

E. L. MATTSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24. Residence 'Phone 94.

Spectator $1.00

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'k p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Extra song service and Epworth league meeting at 8 p. m. in place of regular evening services

PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services tomorrow at 7:30 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services Sunday, Jan. 11, 3 p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
[illegible], Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 170, Modern Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. HARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. All members cordially invited.
[illegible] LUNDBERG, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

The Park Ridge Nursery
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
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Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

A. H. Pitkin went Wednesday to to Crookston.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Martin Hoff was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

D. McAllister was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Fred Stark was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Dr. Spofford, the optician, made his regular visit to St. Hilaire this week.

Miss Clara Johnson went Tuesday to Red Lake Falls to visit with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Soderberg expect to leave for California next Monday.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a masquerade ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

County Surveyor Martz was attending to official matters at the county seat Monday.

G. Halvorson of Thief River Falls was attorney for Mr. Hooper in his suit against Charles Ford.

Miss Katherine Patterson attended the concert at the auditorium at Thief River Falls Monday evening.

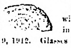
Miss Carrie Simonson went Monday to Cass Lake, where she will stay with her sister Mrs. Ittner, and attend high sheool.

Miss Mabel Patterson returned to Thief River Falls last Saturday after spending the holiday season at home.

Work is progressing on fitting up of the gymnasium and reading room. The paraphernalia has not yet arrived.

C. E. Boughton was up from Red Lake Falls Wednesday acting as attorney in the Hooper vs. Ford damage suit.

There will be Mission church services at the home of Olaus Lorentson in Black River Sunday Jan. 21, at 1:30 p. m.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services at the home of A. P. Ekstrom in Black River Tuesday Jan. 9, at 2:30 p. m.

The Oddfellows gave their first social of the season at their hall last Saturday evening. Progressive whist was the principal amusement.

John Bundy of Thief River Falls, the lively agent and collector for the International Harvester company, was in town a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Sorum of Calgary, N. D, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Olson this week, Mr. Sorum is brother to Mrs. Olson.

D. Patterson was in Thief River Falls Tuesday in attendance at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants State bank of St. Hilaire.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Remember the heavy Fosston woolen underwear, which will be sold very cheap. You don't have to suffer with the cold where you can buy of HENRY GORGEN.

The thermometer, which has been fluctuating between 35 and 50 degees below zero all the week, took a sudden turn upwardslast night and now stands at about zero Quick change that.

Notwithstanding the bad weather Andrew Soderberg's auction had a good attendance. The bidding was spirited and everything sold at a fair price. Everything was sold to the last piece.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

G. W. Hooper won out in his suit against Charles Ford for breaking the telephone wires a few weeks ago, as it was it was inevitable that he should do, but the damage was assesed at the rideulously low figure of $10.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. 39-8t

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

C. A. Ellickson returned Wednesday from a business visit to the cities.

Miss Esther Nelson went to Red Lake Falls Monday for a visit with friends.

Miss Ines Patterson, of St. Hilaire, was the guest of Mrs. G. L. Austin last evening between trains on her way to Bemidji, where she teaches in the public schools.—Crookston Times.

The Birmingham Stock company produced their drama at Opera hall Tuesday evening and most of their audience left the hall before the play was half finished. The dance after the show was all right.

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.

A. Satterberg.

A Request

I am closing my books for the year and wish all those who know themselves to be indebted to me would kindly calland make settlement.

A. H PITKIN.

For Sale or Trade

Improved quarter section, thirty miles northeast of Bismark, N. D., six miles from new Northern Pacific branch line built last year, house, barn, granary, well, etc., all fenced. Terms, $20 per acre, $1000 first mortgage at 6 percent balance cash. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

Can include one or two adjoining quarters on easy terms.

C. W. LYMAN.

For Sale or Trade

One 8 in. International feed mill $25.

Two 3 14-in. breaker bottom P. and O. engine gang plows, $125. Will trade this set of plows for breaking 40 acres two and a half miles from St. Hilaire.

One 6 14-in. breaker bottom Emerson spring trip engine plow, $325.

Will set up and start these plows, and guarantee them to do as good work as any other plow made Cash or bankable paper. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

C. W. LYMAN.

A Farewell Social Gathering

About thirty-five friends of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Soderberg gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Fellman Thursday evening for a pleasant surprise, the occasionbeing the coming departure of Mr. and Mrs. Soderberg for the west. The evening was spent in numerous contests in which Mrs. Swenson received the head prize, and Mr. Anton Aubol the "booby" prize. Miss Josie Gigstad favored the company with several musical selections. A delicious lunch was served after which the company broke up, all declaring it a most enjoyable evening.

American Buyer In London.

"My American accent came near to taxing me just $430 on my last trip to London," remarked a clubman. "When I tried to buy a certain bulldog pup there the kennel man priced it at $500, as he had me sized up as an American and, in his regard, an easy mark. I made a deal with a cabby at the hotel stand, who went around and bought the same pup for me at $60, a very fair price, as the dog will never be a show winner. I gave a $10 tip to the cabman, so I made $430 by employing an agent who called his hansom an 'ansom and his horse an 'orse."—New York Sun.

Jackdaw and Magpie.

In England the daw is hardly ever mentioned but as Jack, yet daw and not jackdaw is the proper name of the species. It is suggested that the pie owes the "mag" to some corruption of Margaret or Meg. To mag is to chatter, but whether the verb was derived from the name or the name from the verb is a question. It is more than probable that the Jim Crow of America (the old name for a negro boy) was brought across from England in the days when a crow was Jim, as a swallow was Dick.—London Standard.

All Getting In.

"They've had a consultation of physicians over him."
"He must be a pretty sick man."
"No; he's not very sick, but he has wads of money."—Pittsburg Post.

To Fit the Occasion.

"Let me spin you a yarn while I'm shaving you, sir,"
Said the barber, baldheaded and hoary,
And the man with thin locks said, "All right, go ahead.
But make it a hair raising story."
—Los Angeles Express.

YOUR LAST CHANCE
TO BUY WINTER GOODS

To make room for our Spring stock coming in every day, we will close out our winter goods, such as

Sheep Lined and Fur Lined Coats' woolen Underwear, Sweaters Felt Shoes,

At ONE-HALF Price

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

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GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

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Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURRES
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

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Send 2 cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
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THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Void Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR, that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

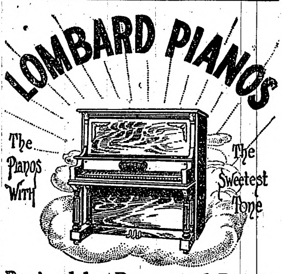
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP
THIEF RIVER FALLS MI

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now confirm after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscrib[illegible]th and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible]gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training? [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write [illegible] LELAND WATKINS, Pres., Watkins Blk., [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

BLADDER TROUBLE CAUSES TERRIBLE PAINS.

After taking a trial bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which you forwarded to me, I purchased some from a local drug store and after using three dollar bottles I can truthfully say that I was cured of all the terrible pains I had in my back, side and head, caused by bladder trouble. I had the worst kind of kidney trouble and suffered so that I could not even stay in bed with the pain. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root made me feel just like a new person and I am glad to recommend it to anyone suffering as I did.

Very truly yours,
MISS MARY ARDNER,
507 Washington St. Defiance, Ohio

Sworn to before me and in my presence subscribed by the said Miss Mary Ardner, this 16th day of July, 1909.

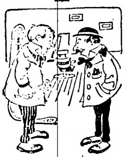
F. L. RAY, Notary Public

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

WANTED HER TO SUFFER.



Mr. Henpeck—Do you pull teeth without pain?

Dentist—Oh! yes, sir.

Mr. Henpeck—Then you won't do. My mother-in-law wants to get seven extracted, so I'll have to take her elsewhere.

The Better Part.

A certain woman went down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and it chanced that her gown was not fully buttoned up in the back. Now, a priest and a Levite, meeting the woman and perceiving her plight, passed by on the other side, without saying a word. But a certain Samaritan, journeyed that way, was touched with compassion.

"Madam," quoth he, "your ha—hub—"

"Sir?" the woman thereupon exclaimed and gave him a look which froze him on the spot.

When it appears that discretion is the better part of valor.—Puck.

No Claim for Reciprocation.

Jack Reeves tells this on Felix McCarthy, who used to drive a night hack before he retired to the presidency of a refectory, where the goods are sold from the wood:

"I didn't see you at Murphy's funeral," said an acquaintance to McCarthy. "What's the reason you didn't go?"

"Why should I?" returned McCarthy, somewhat touchily. "Sure, Murphy niver attended my funeral."—New York Telegraph.

Reconnoitered.

Mamma was dressing when seven-year-old Freddy burst into the room with a loud "Boo!"

"Why, Freddy, dear," expostulated she, "you mustn't open my door without knocking. I mightn't have been dressed at all."

"Oh, this was all right," said Freddy, "I looked through the keyhole first."—Judge.

Guarding the Money.

"Why was he guarded by the police?"

"They were afraid somebody else would get his money."

"Lost—A golden hour, set to 60 diamond minutes. There is no reward, for it is gone forever."—Beecher.

Nothing pleases some people more than the opportunity to spread bad news about their neighbors.

The
Promise
Of a Good
Breakfast
is fulfilled if you start the meal with

Post
Toasties

Sweet, crisp, fluffy bits of toasted corn—ready to serve direct from the package with cream and sugar

Please
Particular
People

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited,
Battle Creek, Mich.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Minneapolis.—Hon. Louis B. Brandeis, the Boston attorney, made two addresses here for Senator La Follette.

Duluth.—Judge Henry H. Hoyt, a well known Duluth attorney, is critically ill at San Diego, Cal. He has gangrene of the leg, and a very critical operation is necessary.

Pine River.—The county commissioners have appropriated $500 for a Cass county exhibit at the state fair. George J. Silk will be in charge.

Virginia.—Arrangements have been made by Superintendent Lafayette Bliss for a concert in Roosevelt auditorium by the Glee club of Carleton college the evening of April 2.

Foley.—John C. Kensrue, aged 67, is dead from inflammation of the stomach caused by a fall from a tree, while cutting wood. He fell upon a stump. He is survived by two brothers.

Campbell.—The local lodge of the Brotherhood of American Yeomen expects to receive a class of twenty-five candidates on Jan. 18. Lodge officials from Minneapolis will be here to assist.

Virginia.—The jury in the Kramer murder case brought in a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree and Judge Hughes sentenced the defendant to an indeterminate term at Stillwater.

Albert Lea.—Rev. James H. Pierce of Aurora, Ill., has accepted the call to the pastorate of the First Baptist church of this city. He is about 35 and has been in the ministry fourteen years.

Red Wing. — Twenty passengers were injured when three coaches of the Great Western passenger train No. 12, Minneapolis to Rochester, left the track as the result of a broken rail, near Welch, Minn.

Motley.—The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Irving Carlisle burned and five of their children were burned to death. They were Nettie, aged 14; Millie, aged 11; Pansy, aged 9; Ida Bell, aged 5, and Bessie, aged 2.

Foley.—Beekeepers of the state will hold a mass meeting at Foley on Jan. 30 for the purpose of starting an organization to further the interests of Minnesota bee raisers. Several speakers have been secured and experts will be in attendance.

Mankato. — Petitions for a recall election are being circulated by several men at the instigation of a discharged city employee, in which it is sought to recall Mayor Taylor and Commissioners Lamm, Humiston, Henline and Bangerter.

Bemidji.—The county commissioners took a decided stand in the matter of granting liquor licenses. They passed a resolution that hereafter no license will be granted in Beltrami county unless the applicant conducts a hotel in connection with his proposed saloon.

Mankato.—New officers were elected at the annual meeting of the Mankato Fair and Blue Earth County Agricultural association this week as follows: Charles T. Taylor, president; Fred Kron, vice president, and C. H. Saulpaugh, C. E. Wise, M. D. Fritz, John H. Hohmann and John G. Gerlich, managers. The association is in good financial circumstances.

Washington.—Major Strunk of the army engineer corps and in charge of the Minnesota district, is in the city. He will confer with members of the congressional delegation regarding internal improvement projects in the state and especially with Senator Nelson and Representative Steenerson, regarding the plan for removing the dam in Red Lake.

Minneapolis.—A very notable banquet was given here in honor of Wm. H. Dunwoody, president, and Martin B. Koon, vice president of the Northwestern National bank, by its directors. A number of eastern bankers came here for the banquet and among the speakers were David R. Forgan, president of the National City bank, and James B. Forgan, president of the First National bank of Chicago, and James J. Hill.

Blue Earth.—The board of education has voted unanimously to introduce a course in agriculture under the Lee-Benson act, to begin next fall. An appropriate outfit of material will be secured and a competent instructor employed. The public schools now have domestic science, manual training, a normal department, special teachers in drawing, music and kindergarten, and laboratories fully equipped for science teaching.

Duluth.—The steamer Easton will again leave for a trip as son as she can load, the trip to end at Grand Portage. The settlers and residents of that community are depending on the boat to bring them supplies to last until spring. Provisions there are almost exhausted. The Easton arrived at the Duluth docks after traveling 210 miles between Port Arthur and this city in weather ranging from 20 to 30 degrees below zero. In getting into Grand Portage the vessel had to break six-inch ice for ten miles.

Austin. — The annual meeting of Mower county publishers was held here and officers elected as follows: President, C. D. Belden; vice president, Paul Keith; secretary, B. A. Johnson; treasurer, C. D. Belden; committeemen, J. H. Skinner, Ralph Prescott, William Nordland and Miss Keith.

New Ulm.—The second case against Hans Mo, president of the State bank of Cobden, charged with suppressing evidence in connection with the embezzling of over $12,000 by former Cashier R. M. West, was dismissed in district court by Judge R. A. Pfau.

Brainerd.—Professor C. E. Brown of Elk River, an expert at the state experimental farm, has been invited to come to Brainerd on Jan. 19 to talk on potato raising. The meeting is to be held for the purpose of gaining information as to the establishment of a potato market in this city.

Winona.—A 100-pound pouch of ordinary letter mail, made up at the Winona postoffice, disappeared from a truck on the platform of the Milwaukee station while waiting to be placed on passenger train No. 5, northbound. Most of the mail was consigned to the twin cities.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

FREE

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts. Philadelphia, Pa.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PISO'S REMEDY 25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS 25 CTS.

N. W. N. U., NO. 2-1912.

One way to discount a woman's argument is to agree with her

A Friend?

"I saw a friend of yours the other day."

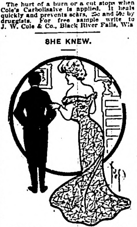
"Did you? Who was he?"

"Puffington. He was telling us how he picked you out of the gutter and set you on your feet."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

SHE KNEW.



Visitor (examining picture in dining room)—Is that picture one of the old masters?

Hostess—Yes; that's a picture of our cook.

Hopeless Case.

"De trouble wid me and muh wife," admitted old Brother Gaumpers, "am dat whilst we 'gree most o' de time, we don't 'gree at de same time. I kin 'gree 'bout anything, and she kin 'gree 'bout anything, but we kain't 'gree wid each udder 'bout it. When I'm willing' to 'gree wid her she won't 'gree wid me, and when she is ready to 'gree wid me I've changed muh mind and kain't 'gree wid her. We kin bofe 'gree separate, but we kain't 'gree togedder on de same thing at de same time, and de mo' we tries de wuss we git."—Puck.

Was Testing the Baby.

Little Phil Warriner, of Addison road, was detected in the act of pulling out the baby's hair despite her frantic protest.

"I just wanted to see," he said in explanation, "whether she was cold storage baby. Teacher told us that's the way you can tell a chicken. If the feathers come out easily the chicken has been in cold storage."

Needless to say, Phil is doing penance.—New York Times.

IN MATCHTOWN.

Fortunately no Faith Was Required, For She Had None.

"I had no faith whatever, but on the advice of a hale, hearty old gentleman who spoke from experience, I began to use Grape-Nuts about 2 years ago," writes an Ohio woman, who says she is 40, is known to be fair, and admits that she is growing plump on the new diet.

"I shall not try to tell you how I suffered for years from a deranged stomach that rejected almost all sorts of food, and digested what little was forced upon it only at the cost of great distress and pain.

"I was treated by many different doctors and they gave me many different medicines, and I even spent several years in exile from my home, thinking change of scene might do me good. You may judge of the gravity of my condition when I tell you I was sometimes compelled to use morphine for weeks at a time.

"For two years I have eaten Grape-Nuts food at least twice a day and I can now say that I have perfect health. I have taken no medicine in that time—Grape-Nuts has done it all. I can eat absolutely anything I wish, without stomach distress.

"I am a business woman and can walk my 2 or 3 miles a day and feel better for doing so. I have to use brains in my work, and it is remarkable how quick, alert and tireless my mental powers have become." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

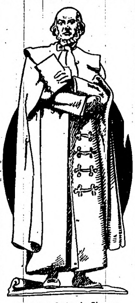
"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

HONOR GLADSTONE BIRTHDAY

Natal Day of England's "Grand Old Man" Always Appropriately Observed in Great Britain.

Glasgow.—The anniversary of the birth of William Ewart Gladstone, England's "Grand Old Man," is the occasion of celebrations throughout Great Britain to the memory of the statesman who was five times prime minister. He was born on December 29, 1809, and died in 1898, with mental powers still unimpaired, and fighting to the last for the cause of liberty. In the last few years of his life his speeches and letters drew serious and forceful attention to the horrors in Armenia and did much to increase English opposition to the bloodthirsty rule of the sultan.



Gladstone Statue in Glasgow.

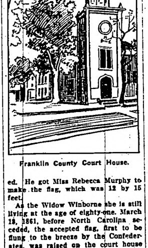
The funeral progress from Hawarden castle, his home in Cheshire, to London was most impressive, every mile of the route being lined by sorrowing crowds. Many statues and memorials scattered throughout the land bear eloquent testimony to the place he held in the affections of the people. One of the finest monuments to his memory is the wonderful statue by Thorneycroft which stands in George square, Glasgow.

AN HISTORIC SOUTHERN SPOT

Louisburg, in the State of North Carolina, Is Also a Center of Sentimental Interest.

Louisburg, N. C.—Considerable sentiment and historic interest are connected with this town, which is the county seat of Franklin county. It is the birthplace of the Stars and Bars and it is there the Methodists held their first conference in America, a century and a quarter ago.

A picture of the court house at Louisburg is presented herewith. It was upon this court house green that the first Confederate flag was unfurled. A request had been sent out from Montgomery, Ala., by some one in authority, urging that models of the flag be sent in. O. R. Smith of Louisburg, now living, though eighty-five, sent the model which was adopted. He got Miss Rebecca Murphy to make the flag, which was 12 by 15 feet.



Franklin County Court House.

As the Widow Winborne she is still living at the age of eighty-one. March 18, 1861, before North Carolina seceded, the accepted flag, first to be flung to the breeze by the Confederates, was raised on the court house green as stated.

ARE LEARNING HOW TO COOK

Kansas Brides-to-Be Preparing to Fight the Divorce Evil With the Frying Pan.

Topeka, Kan.—One thousand young women in Kansas, who will become brides during the coming spring and summer, are preparing to make better wives and mothers, better housekeepers, more helpful helpmeets than their mothers were when they were led to the altar. They are spending the winter months in state colleges where they will be taught how to be good home makers as well as good cooks, good seamstresses and good housewives.

Governor Stubbs is the prime mover in the installation of these home courses. In a speech at the state school for manual training teachers he asserted that the majority of divorces in Kansas were caused by poor home surroundings. He urged the girls to become better cooks and better home-makers, as he felt sure that home improvement would reduce the divorce evil.

The university and agricultural college boards saw the wisdom of the remarks and last winter made the plans for the establishment of the schools especially for brides-to-be.

HAVE YOU SUSPECTED YOUR KIDNEYS?

There are two ways to tell whether you have weak kidneys.

The first is through the pains in the back and other outward signs. The second is by examination of the kidney secretions.

That is why physicians make such a careful examination when you apply for insurance, and if there is any sign of kidney trouble you are surely rejected.

Kidney disease is so dangerous that it is a bad mistake to overlook or neglect it, and if pain in the back, recurring headaches, or a fretful, nervous, tired condition makes you suspect some kidney trouble, take the trouble to watch the kidney secretions. Look for any of the following signs:

More or less than three and one half pints passed daily.

Too dark or too pale a color.

Passages too frequent, profuse, or much reduced, or scalding and painful.

Sandy, gritty or cloudy settlings.

Fat or oily-looking layer which gathers on the surface when allowed to stand, or a jelly-like thickening.

Staining of the linen or bad odor.

Temporary changes may occur for a time from things eaten, but if the changed appearance continues, your kidneys are out of order and need help. Neglect may prove serious.

Doan's Kidney Pills correct and regulate the kidney secretions, stimulate, and heal sick kidneys, and thereby drive away backache, rheumatic pain, nervousness, dizziness, bloating and other results of kidney disease.

There are Two Ways to Find Out Whether the Kidneys are Sick or Weak

Every Picture Tells A Story

"Oh, what a pain!"

The following case is typical of the cures effected by Doan's Kidney Pills. Grateful testimony is the best evidence.

SAVED AT THE CRISIS.

Cured After Doctors Gave Up Hope.

H. R. Hatch, 2576 Cedar Street, Everett, Washington, says: "I doubt if anyone ever suffered more than I did from kidney trouble. I endured the greatest agony anyone can imagine. My back so bad I could hardly walk. The least jar was or sudden misstep caused sharp twinges through my loins that fairly made me groan. I dreaded to stoop for I knew what I had to suffer when I straightened. At times the kidney secretions passed much too freely, while again there was a marked retention. The secretions were almost like blood, offensive in odor and terribly painful in passage. I treated with several physicians and consulted two specialists in Seattle and one in Tacoma. They all told me I had Bright's disease and could expect to live only a short time. Finally I began using Doan's Kidney Pills on a friend's advice, and to my surprise, I received prompt relief. I continued and was completely cured. Though 75 years of age, I am as supple and active as any man in the country."

"When Your Back Is Lame—Remember the Name"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors.

He Knew the Worm.

A country girl was home from college for the Christmas holidays and the old folks were having a reception in her honor. During the event she brought out some of her new gowns to show the guests. Picking up a beautiful silk creation, she held it up before the admiring crowd.

"Isn't it perfectly gorgeous!" she exclaimed. "Just think, it came from a poor little insignificant worm!"

Her hard-working father looked a moment, then turned and said: "Yes, darn it, an' I'm that worm!"—Ladies' Home Journal.

THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR ELDERLY PEOPLE

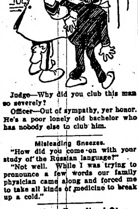
Most elderly people are more or less troubled with a chronic, persistent constipation, due largely to lack of sufficient exercise. They experience difficulty in digesting even light food, with a consequent belching of stomach gases, drowsiness after eating, headache and a feeling of lassitude and general discomfort.

Doctors advise against cathartics and violent purgatives of every kind, recommending a mild, gentle laxative tonic, like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, to effect relief without disturbing the entire system.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the perfect laxative, easy in action, certain in effect and, withal, pleasant to the taste. It possesses tonic properties that strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels and is a remedy that has been for years the great standby in thousands of families, and should be in every family medicine chest. It is equally as valuable for children as for older people.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried it send your name and address to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and he will be very glad to send a sample bottle for trial.

AT THE STATION HOUSE.



Judge—Why did you club this man so severely?

Officer—Out of sympathy, yer honor. He's a poor lonely old bachelor who has nobody else to club him.

Misleading Sneezes.

"How did you come on with your study of the Russian language?"

"Not well. While I was trying to pronounce a few words our family physician came along and forced me to take all kinds of medicine to break up a cold."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Speaking Airily.

First Aviator—How far is it to the next gasoline reservior?

Second Aviator—Two graveyards and a spiral glide to your left, old man.—Life.

You will sneeze; perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it. Take a dose of Hamlins Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

Contrary Human Nature.

People seem to find it easier to be kind than to be genuinely appreciative of a kindness done them.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

If a woman still has faith in her husband after reading what the opposition says of him when running for office, her loyalty is the real thing.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

When truth gets busy, fiction is apt to feel ashamed of itself.

Uncle Sam's Representative.

Senator John Sharp Williams tells of a negro lad in a southern town who was not the least zealous of Uncle Sam's servants. One day when the mail bag for that town was thrown from the train the pouch was caught up by this diminutive courier, who started off, as was his wont, on a brisk trot to the postoffice.

As he was rounding a corner of the station he encountered a larger boy, with the result that the little courier was upset. When the latter got up and readjusted himself he turned upon the other exclaiming:

"Look heah! Yo' wants to be keerful 'bout dis chile! When yo' jars me yo' jars de gov'ment of de United States. I carries de mail!"

Simply Blushing.

A Gillman man, it is related, has a very red nose, and recently a very inquisitive person said to him: "Please don't take offense, but I'm curious to know why your nose is always red?" And this is the reply the inquisitive got: "My nose is merely blushing with pride over the fact that it has never butted into any one's business."—Fort Smith Times-Record.

A LEAKAGE THAT CAN BE EASILY STOPPED.

How many people who read this article, realize the weighty influence of one little necessity of life—baking powder—on the cost of living.

Yet it is a leakage that can easily be stopped if the housewife will only pay a little more attention to the choice of her baking powder. Some think there is economy in buying the cheap "Big Can" Baking Powders. These Baking Powders are not always uniform, and sometimes produce failures in the baking, and the result is that more is lost in one or two spoiled bakings than you spend on baking powder in the whole year. The cheap "Big Can" Baking Powders should be avoided.

On the other hand, many housewives feel that a baking powder is of no value unless they pay 50 cents a pound for it—the price charged for the high priced "Trust" brands. This is a mistake, as the best baking powder that can be made can be sold for 25c. per pound if the manufacturer is satisfied with a reasonable profit. There is one brand on the market that meets these requirements. It is CALUMET BAKING POWDER, recommended by leading physicians and chemists; used in millions of homes; and given the Highest Award at the World's Pure Food Exposition.

If you can't marry the one you love, try to love the one you marry.

A man knows more at twenty-one than he may be able to forget at fifty.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

If you would be a leader you must set the pace.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

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The best worm medicine known, also the finest general tonic for children. Keeps their stomach and bowels clean, sweet, and healthy. A nice-tasting, harmless candy lozenge. 25 cents at your druggist's or by mail.

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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1912. NUMBER 28.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CAN CUT EXPENSES

Taft Tells Congress Results of Economy Inquiry.

SUBMITS SPECIAL MESSAGE

How Increased Efficiency in Government Service at Lower Cost May Be Obtained, According to Special Commission.

Washington.—President Taft has submitted to congress a special message on economy and efficiency in the government service. The message in part is as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I submit for the information of the congress this report of progress made in the inquiry into the efficiency and economy of the methods of transacting public business.

Efficiency and economy in the government service have been demanded with increasing insistence for a generation. Real economy is the result of efficient organization. By perfecting the organization the same benefits may be obtained at less expense. A reduction in the total of the annual appropriations is not in itself a proof of economy, since it is often accompanied by a decrease in efficiency. The needs of the nation may demand a large increase of expenditure, yet to keep the total appropriation within the expected revenue is necessary to the maintenance of public credit.

Upon the president must rest a large share of the responsibility for the demands made upon the treasury for the current administration of the executive branch of the government. Upon the congress must rest responsibility for those grants of public funds which are made for other purposes.

Plan of the Work.

In accordance with my instructions, the commission on economy and efficiency, which I organized to aid me in the inquiry, has directed its efforts primarily to the formulation of concrete recommendations looking to the betterment of the fundamental conditions under which governmental operations must be carried on. With a basis thus laid, it has proceeded to the prosecution of detailed studies of individual services and classes of work, and of particular practices and methods, pushing these studies as far and covering as many points and services, as the resources and time at its disposal have permitted.

In approaching its task it has divided the work into five fields of inquiry having to do respectively with organization, personnel, business methods, accounting and reporting, and the budget.

Comprehensive Plan of Organization.

On organization the commission has entered upon the preparation of three series of reports. The first series deals with the manner in which the services of the government should be grouped in departments. This is a matter of fundamental importance. It is only after a satisfactory solution of this problem that many important measures of reform become possible.

The second and third series of reports deal, respectively, with the organization and activities of particular services, and the form of organization for the performance of particular business operations.

One of the reports of the second series is upon the revenue cutter service, which costs the government over two and a half million dollars each year. In the opinion of the commission its varied activities can be performed with equal, or greater, advantage by other services. The commission, therefore, recommends that it be abolished. It is estimated that by so doing a saving of not less than $1,000,000 a year can be made.

Another report illustrating the second series recommends that the lighthouse and life saving services be administered by a single bureau, instead of as at present by two bureaus located in different departments. These services have much in common. Geographically, the are similarly located; administratively, they have many of the same problems. It is estimated that consolidation would result in a saving of not less than $100,000 annually.

Abolition of Local Offices.

Perhaps the part of the organization in which the greatest economy in public expenditure is possible is to be found in the numerous local offices of the government. In some instances the establishment and the discontinuance of these local offices are matters of administrative discretion. In other instances they are established by permanent law in such a manner that their discontinuance is beyond the power of the president or that of any executive officer.

The responsibility for the maintenance of these conditions must naturally be divided between the congress and the executive. But that the executive has performed his duty when he has called the attention of the congress to the matter must also be admitted. Realizing my responsibility in the premises, I have directed the commission to prepare a report setting forth the positions in the local services of the government which may be discontinued with advantage, the saving which would result from such action and the changes in law which are necessary to carry into effect changes in organization found to be desirable. On the coming in of the report, such offices as may be found useless and can be abolished will be so treated by executive order.

Classification of Local Officers.

In my recent message to the congress I urged consideration of the necessity of placing in the classified service all of the local officers under the departments of the treasury, the interior, postoffice and commerce and labor.

The next step which must be taken is to require of heads of bureaus in the departments at Washington, and of most of the local officers under the departments, qualifications of capacity similar to those now required of certain heads of bureaus and of local officers. The extension of the merit system to these officers and a needed readjustment of salaries will have important effects in securing greater economy and efficiency.

In the first place, the possession by the incumbents of these positions of requisite qualifications must in itself promote efficiency.

In the second place, the removal of local officers from the realm of political patronage in many cases would reduce the pay roll of the field services. At the present time the incumbents of many of these positions leave the actual performance of many of their duties to deputies and assistants. The government often pays two persons for doing work that could easily be done by one. What is the loss to the government cannot be stated, but that it is very large cannot be denied.

In the third place, so long as local officers are within the sphere of political patronage it is difficult to consider the question of the establishment or discontinuance of local offices apart from the effect upon local political situations.

Finally, the view that these various offices are to be filed as a result of political considerations has for its consequence the necessity that the president and members of congress devote to matters of patronage time which they should devote to questions of policy and administration.

Business Methods.

In every case where technical processes have been studied it has been demonstrated beyond question that large economies may be effected. The subjects first approached were those which lie close to each administrator, viz., office practices. An illustration of the possibilities within this field may be found in the results of the inquiry into the methods of handling and filing correspondence. Every office in the government has reported its methods to the commission. These reports brought to light the fact that present methods were quite in the reverse of uniform. Some offices follow the practice of briefing all correspondence; some do not. Some have flat files; others fold all papers before filing. Some use press copies; others retain only carbon copies.

Need for Lavor-Saving Office Devices.

The use of labor-saving office devices in the service has been made the subject of special inquiry. An impression prevails that the government is not making use of mechanical devices for economizing labor to the same extent as are efficiently managed private enterprises. A study has been made of the extent to which devices of this character are now being employed in the several branches of the government and the opportunities that exist for their more general use.

The efforts of the commission resulted also in the adoption by several bureaus or departments of improved methods of doing copying. The amount of copy work heretofore done by hand each year in the many offices is estimated to aggregate several hundred thousand dollars. The commission exhibited, at its offices, appliances that were thought to be especially adapted to this kind of government work. Following these demonstrations methods of copying were introduced which have brought about a saving of over 75 per cent. in offices where used for six months. This change in one small cross-section of office practice will more than offset the whole cost of by inquiry.

Waste in the Distribution of Public Documents.

Going outside the office, one of the business processes which have been investigated is the distribution of department documents. This is a subject with which both the congress and administration heads are familiar. The prevailing practice in handling departmental publications is to have them manufactured at the government printing office; each job when completed is delivered to the department; here the books or pamphlets are wrapped and addressed; then are then sent to the postoffice; there they are assorted and prepared for shipment through the mails; from the postoffice they are sent to the railroad station, which is only a few steps from the government printing office, when they started. The results of this laborious and circuitous method is to make the use of the best mechanical equipment impracticable and to waste each year not less than a quarter of a million dollars of government funds in useless handling, to say nothing of the indirect loss due to lack of proper co-ordination.

The use of equipment is a matter which also has been investigated. Up to the present time this investigation has been in the main confined to the subject of electric lighting.

Lack of Specifications.

The importance of establishing and maintaining standard specifications is found not only in the possibility of very materially reducing the direct cost of government trading, but also in insuring to the service materials, supplies and equipment which are better adapted to its purposes. One of the results of indefiniteness of specifications is to impose contract conditions which make it extra hazardous for persons to enter into contractual relations. This not only deprives the government of the advantage of broad competition, but causes it to pay an added margin in price to vendors who must carry the risk.

The Budget.

The United States is the only great nation whose government is operated without a budget. This fact seems to be more striking when it is considered that budgets and budget procedures are the outgrowth of democratic doctrines and have had an important part in the development of modern constitutional rights. The American commonwealth has suffered much from irresponsibility on the part of its governing agencies. The constitutional purpose of a budget is to make government responsive to public opinion and responsible for its acts.

The Budget as an Annual Program.

A budget should be the means for getting before the legislative branch, before the press, and before the people a definite annual program of business to be financed; it should be in the nature of a prospectus both of revenues and expenditures; it should comprehend every relation of the government to the people, whether with reference to the raising of revenues or the rendering of service.

The principal government objects in which the people of the United States are interested include:

The national defense; the protection of persons and property; the promotion of friendly relations and the protection of American interests abroad; the regulation of commerce and industry; the promotion of agriculture, fisheries, forestry and mining; the promotion of manufacturing, commerce, and banking; the promotion of transportation and communication; the postal service, including postal savings and parcels post; the care for and utilization of the public domain; the promotion of education, art, science and recreation; the promotion of the public health; the care and education of the Indians and other wards of the nation.

These are public-welfare questions in which I assume every citizen has a vital interest. I believe that every member of congress, as an official representative of the people, each editor, as a non-official representative of public opinion, each citizen, as a beneficiary of the trust imposed on officers of the government, should be able readily to ascertain how much has been spent for each of these purposes; how much has been appropriated for the current year; how much the administration is asking for each of these purposes for the next fiscal year.

Furthermore, each person interested should have laid before him a clear, well-digested statement showing in detail whether moneys appropriated have been economically spent and whether each division or office has been efficiently run. This is the information which should be available each year in the form of a budget and in detail accounts and reports supporting the budget.

I ask the continuance of this commission on economy and efficiency because of the excellent beginning which has been made toward the reorganization of the machinery of this government on business principles. I ask it because its work is entirely non-partisan in character and ought to apply to every citizen who wishes to give effectiveness to popular government in which we feel a just pride. The work further commends itself for the reason that the cost of organization and work has been carefully considered at every point. Three months were taken in consideration of plans before the inquiry was begun; six months were then spent in preliminary investigations before the commission was organized; before March 3, 1911, when I asked for a continuation of the original appropriation for the current year, only $12,000 had been spent.

WM. H. TAFT.

TWO FIRES IN N.Y.

CAUSE DAMAGE OF NEARLY ONE AND ONE-HALF MILLION DOLLARS.

BIG WAREHOUSE BURNED

Building Was Considered a Model of Fireproof Construction—Knickerbocker Trust Co. Has $100,000 Loss.

New York, Jan. 18.—The seven-story warehouse of the Terminal Storage company, occupying a full city block near the North river water front, between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth streets, and containing merchandise valued at more than $10,000,000 was swept by fire.

The fire was discovered a few minutes after midnight. It was not under control until 6:45 o'clock, when the loss was estimated at $1,250,000. Five alarms sounded in quick succession summoned to the scene practically every available piece of fire fighting apparatus from all Manhattan and this was reinforced by five fireboats.

The Terminal Storage company's warehouse was of brick and concrete and was regarded as one of the most modern buildings in that part of the city. Seven stories in height it was the largest structure of its kind in New York and one of the largest in the world. While the building itself was fireproof and protected by fire walls, sprinklers and all the modern fire prevention and fire fighting apparatus, its contents, consisting mostly of goods awaiting delivery to the big New York department stores, were naturally of the most inflammable nature.

The building was divided into four sections by fire walls two feet thick. One of the sections was controlled by John Wanamaker and contained merchandise consigned to him. Another section was rented by Gimble Brothers, while the two remaining sections had as tenants nearly 50 smaller firms.

The fire started in the Wanamaker compartment and worked its way through the fire walls to the Gimbel section. Both these sections were destroyed, but the fire walls between them and the other compartments held the fire and the loss is, therefore, confined to the two firms named. There was no loss of life, but two firemen were seriously injured.

A stubborn fire on the ground floor of the 22-story office building owned by the Knickerbocker Trust company, Broadway and Exchange place, gave the financial district some moments of trepidation.

The blaze was within a few hundred feet of the stock exchange, but was got under control before it could spread beyond the building where it started. The loss will not exceed $100,000.

SOCIALISTS ACTIVE

In United Mine Workers Convention at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Indiana. — After the convention of the United Mine Workers of America had gone on record as favoring government ownership of industries, the Socialists among the 1,300 delegates launched a resolution indorsing their party as "the political party of the working class," but it met resistance.

Action was also deferred on a resolution providing that mine workers should withdraw from the American Federation of Labor, condemning the National Civic Federation as a combination of capitalists and sharply criticizing Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and other leaders of the Federation of Labor for co-operation with the Civic Federation.

Samuel Gompers was characterized as a "reactionary" by Thomas L. Lewis, former national president of the miners. "As long as Gompers is at the head of the federation it will oppose the general industrial organization as contrasted with the separate crafts union idea," he said.

CUBANS FORMULATING REPLY.

Gomez Decides to Annul Civil Service Law.

Havana, Cuba. — President Gomez conferred at the palace with prominent leaders regarding the action to be taken in connection with the notification from the American secretary of state that the United States government might be compelled to intervene in Cuban affairs.

The conference decided upon the terms of the reply to the Knox note, and agreed on the revocation or annulment of the civil service law, which will give a quietus to the aspirations of the veterans in affirming equal rights for all Cubans to hold office regardless of their pro-Spanish antecedents.

TRAMP SAVES A TRAIN.

Wanderer Discovers a Snowslide and Flags Oncoming Freight.

Portland, Oregon. — A lone tramp saved the lives of trainmen on the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railroad, when he prevented a freight wreck by flagging a train fifteen miles east of Pasco and warning the men of a slide across the track ahead of him. He was wending his way across the ties when, almost in front of him, a slide covered the tracks.

THOS. H. SHEVLIN DEAD

MILLIONAIRE LUMBERMAN PASSES AWAY IN CALIFORNIA.

Was One of the Largest Owners of Timber Lands in the United States.

Pasadena, California. — Thomas H. Shevlin, millionaire lumberman and one of the foremost men of Minneapolis, died at Pasadena, Cal., where he had gone about two weeks ago to spend the winter in the hope of improving his health. News of his death came as a great shock to business associates and to the Minneapolis public, as Mr. Shevlin's activities have been important factors in the welfaro of the city for more than a quarter of a century.

Members of his family declined to make any statement as to the cause of death. The millionaire's daughter, Mrs. G. C. Beckwith, was with him at the time of his death. Mr. Shevlin has been in poor health for two years.

Mr. Shevlin was a little past 60 years of age, but had seemed much younger until his recent illness. He was one of the largest timber owners in the country, his interests being heavy in Minnesota, in Ontario north of the Minnesota boundary, in Oregon and in British Columbia. His companies operate several large producing saw mills. The value of his virgin holdings is variously estimated, but the estate will appraise several millions of dollars, possibly $10,000,000. Practically all of it is left to the son, Thomas L. Shevlin, who assumed active charge of the father's business some months ago, and to the two daughters, Mrs. David D. Tenney and Mrs. George C. Beckwith.

Thomas Henry Shevlin was born Jan. 8, 1852, at Albany, N. Y., the son of John and Matilda Shevlin. He entered the employ of John McGraw & Co., a lumber firm of Albany, and with them began his training for the business in which he became so successful.

Mr. Shevlin later went to Chicago and thence to Muskegon, Mich., where he took charge of the lumber interests of R. W. Harvey. In 1884 he started a branch company in Minneapolis under the name of the North Star Lumber company. Mr. Shevlin moved to Minneapolis shortly afterwards and organized the Hall & Shevlin Lumber company and so continued till the death of Mr. Hall in 1888. Three years later Eldert L. Carpenter bought an interest in the business.

Interests Are Extended.

The firm became the Shevlin-Carpenter company, with Mr. Shevlin as president. Mr. Shevlin extended his operations until his interests included timber, lumber and mills in the northwest and in Canada. With J. Neils he established the J. Neils Lumber company in 1895 with a mill at Sauk Rapids, and in 1900 this farm installed a mill at Cass Lake, Minn., with an annual capacity of 50,000,000 feet of lumber. He joined Frank P. Hixon in 1896 in buying a large tract of timber on the Red Lake Indian reservation, forming the St. Hilaire Lumber company, and building a mill. This company bought out the mill, logs and timber holdings of the Red River Lumber company at Crookston and reorganized as the Crookston Lumber company, with Mr. Shevlin as president. A mill was built in 1902 at Bemidji with a capacity of 70,000,000 feet a year, running a logging spur east of Red Lake and connecting with the Minnesota & International railway at Hovey Junction, thus opening up a vast tract of timber formerly unavailable.

Retail Yards Founded.

Mr. Shevlin was active in founding a line of retail yards operated as the St. Hilaire Lumber company; with the Shevlin-Clarke Lumber company of Ontario and with the Rainy River Lumber company, which operates a plant at Rainy River, Ont., with a capacity of 70,000,000 feet annually, one of the most complete saw mills in the world. Mr. Shevlin was also largely interested in virgin timber holdings in Oregon, in British Columbia and on Vancouver Island.

In politics Mr. Shevlin was a republican and was a member of the national committee from 1900 to 1904. He served in 1900 as vice president of the Minnesota state fair, representing Minneapolis on the board of managers. His interest in public affairs and the institutions of his state and city are evidenced in his gift to the university of Alice Shevlin hall at a cost of $60,000, and named for Mrs. Shevlin. In 1909 he made an additional gift to the university of $50,000 to endow five scholarships. He was a member of the Minneapolis club, the Union League clubs of New York and Chicago, the Minnesota club, the Manitoba club and many other organizations.

Coal Shortage At Nome.

Nome, Alaska. — There is a coal shortage here and a meat shortage is threatened.

Collision In Boston Harbor.

Boston, Mass. — The steamer Belfast, Boston to Bangor, Me., of the Eastern Steamship company, was in collision with a coal barge in Boston harbor. One man of the barge crew was drowned.

Walsh's Body Found.

New York, N. Y. — The body of Battalion Chief William A. Walsh, who lost his life in the fire that destroyed the Equitable Life Assurance society's building, was found on the fourth floor of the ruined structure.

STATE FAIR ELECT

TRUMAN MAN CHOSEN HEAD OF ASSOCIATION OF FARMERS' AGENTS AT MANKATO.

GIVE MANAGER LEEWAY.

Farmers' Elevator Owners Should Only Define Policy, Chicago Man Says in His Address.

Mankato.—The sessions of the Farmers' Grain Dealers' Association of Minnesota had a larger attendance than any previous meeting held by the association. Following are the directors elected for the coming year: A. O. Luder of Slayton, C. A. Lauer, of Lamberton; M. Johnson of Rushford; I. L. Demarary, of Pipestone, H. R. Melsch, of Argyle, H. J. Loriner of Argyle, L. A. Smith of Truman, A. Hector of Worthington, A. A. Carl of Hardwick, T. Distad of Hayfield, P. D. Gilbertson of Glenwood, Theodore Fredericks of Murdock and A. Brinn of Stewartville.

L. A. Smith is President.

The directors met and elected L. A. Smith, president; H. J. Former, first vice president; P. D. Gilbertson, second vice president; I. L. Demorary, secretary; Adams Brinn, treasurer. Mr. Former was a candidate for president and a warm fight was waged.

Way to Success.

W. E. Justice of Chicago led the discussion on "What Contributes Most to the Success of the Farmers' Elevator?" Capable management and conservatism was the answer. Capable management means the securing of a manager who knew what was expected of him and how to accomplish it. Conservatism meant that officers and directors continue their efforts to careful supervision and conservative dictation of a general policy to the manager, who, if competent can carry it out if left alone. If he is bothered and pestered by individual officers or directors the result will be disastrous. Educate every stockholder in rules of business and the farmers' elevators will succeed, he said.

Civil Service for Inspection.

M. Johnson of Rushford said the association should work to get the inspection department out of the hands of politicians. Civil service ought to be introduced into the department, he said.

President Smith appointed T. O. Ditsad, of Hayfield, A. A. Ludde of Slayton and William Bennett of Lowry a committee on resolutions. Adjournment was taken this afternoon after the managers' meeting.

CUYUNA GAINS FAVOR

Forecast of Probable Output of Chipping Mines for the Year.

Brainerd.—H. J. Kruse, superintendent of the Rogers-Brown Ore company, gave the following estimate of the tonnage to be produced by the Cuyuna range this year. He said: "The Kennedy mine will ship 200,000 tons of iron ore; the Armour No. 2 mine will ship 75,000 tons; the Armour No. 1 will ship 40,000 tons. All this ore is contracted for. The latter part of this season the Meacham mine may commence shipping and will then probably produce a tonnage of 15,000 to 20,000 tons. The Thompson mine of the Inland Steel company may also ship, and if it does the mine will produce about 50,000 tons. The Armour No. 2 mine was in ore a week ago. They passed through a seam seven feet thick assaying 57 to 58 per cent, a rich red hematite.

"The payroll of the Kennedy mine at Cuyuna is $15,000 a month and approximately 300 men are at work. Two levels have been opened at the Armour No. 1 mine, one at 200 feet and one at 300 feet. At the Armour No. 2 mine a 2,000-gallon compound Prescott pump has been installed at the 168-foot level. At the Armour No. 1 mine a 2,000-gallon Prescott pump has been installed at the 300-foot level. The Kennedy mine has shipped in 1911 147,500 tons. In its stock pile at the present time are 42,000 tons, an average much better than the corresponding period last year."

Coupled with Superintendent Kruse's announcement of the tonnage of producers on the north range is the statement from authoritative sources that the Adams mine in section 30, south of Deerwood, and the Barrowers mine, operated by M. A. Hanna & Co., four miles south of Brainerd, are also expected to enter the shipping lists of 1912.

The Iron Trade Review, published at Chicago, had an article on the Cuyuna range written by Chester D. Tripp, the general manager of the Rogers-Brown Ore company. The tone of optimism displayed is a happy indication of increased confidence in the range.

BILL OF LADING LAW

Proposed Measure Re-introduced by Representative Stevens.

Washington, D. C. — Representative Stevens of Minnesota reintroduced his bill relating to bills of lading. The changes made in the measure by Mr. Stevens since it was presented a year ago mainly cover details which interest only the railroads and shippers. In fact, the changes were in part suggested by representatives of the shippers in the West.

EASTMAN ANNOUNCES.

ALVAH EASTMAN

St. Cloud.—Alvah Eastman editor of the Journal-Press gave out his first statement regarding his candidacy for the republican nomination for congressman-at-large. It was addressed to the editors of the Brainerd Dispatch and stated definitely that he would make the race.

OTTERTAIL FOR GOOD ROADS.

County Board Decides to Seek Benefits of State Aid.

Fergus Falls.—The good roads movement is going to receive a substantial impetus in Otter Tail county in the coming summer by the expenditure of $15,000 on certain roads recently designated as state roads by the county commissioners.

Otter Tail county has never taken any of the money that is distributed among the different counties of the state under the state highway commission law, as the commissioners were unwilling to appropriate the amount required from the county funds and to build roads according to approved plans. The board has now changed its policy, and at its November sessions it designated a number of roads as state roads, and called for Otter Tail county's share of the money. The fund has accumulated so that the county is now entitled to $7,500, and the board has just held a meeting and appropriated the same amount from the county funds.

A competent engineer will be placed in charge, and the work will be done by contract instead of by the "working out" system that has heretofore prevailed, and it is expected that the roads designated will be vastly improved.

EXHIBIT CAR STARTS

Minnesota's Fertility to Be Shown in Iowa and Missouri.

St. Paul.—One hundred and twenty-three varieties of grasses, wild and tame, from alfalfa to wire grass and swamp hay; several hundred cars of corn, fully rounded and matured; at least a hundred samples of different sheaf grains, dairy products, canned goods, fruits and vegetables, are some of the many exhibits on the Minnesota Exhibition car which left over the Burlington road for its trip of nearly two months and a half in Iowa and northern Missouri.

Frank M. Eddy of Sauk Center is the superintendent in charge of the car. H. J. Maxfield, the new state immigration commissioner, will not be able to go the first week, but will be with the car from Jan. 21 until it gets back about March 31. James A. Larson, assistant secretary of state, will be a member of the party for the first week of the trip; Charles S. Benson of Minneapolis will join it after Jan. 20, and Harold Knutson of St. Cloud will make the entire trip.

One day will be spent in each of the 66 cities that will be visited. Last year an average of 1,100 people visited the car each day, and this year, in addition to handling these crowds, a special effort will be made to talk to the people in auditoriums and public halls.

BOOSTERS AT BEMIDJI

Strong Program Arranged for January 25.

Bemidji.—What is expected will prove to be one of the most interesting meetings of boosters and business men ever held in Northern Minnesota has been called for Bemidji January 25. H. J. Maxfield, the new state immigration commissioner: Prof. D. E. Williard, the soil expert for the Northern Pacific railway company: Dan Wallace, editor of the Farmer; George Authier of Minneapolis, possibly L. W. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway company, and a representative for Edward Pennington, president of the Soo Railway company, will deliver addresses. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Bemidji Commercial club and the addresses will be "on subjects of the greatest interest to the commercial clubs of Northern Minnesota."

NO INDORSEMENTS.

Progressive League to Withhold Approval for Some Time.

The Minnesota Progressive Republican league will make no indorsements of candidates for state offices for some time. Thus far the indorsement of Robert M. La Follette is the only one made by the league. The stand was taken at a meeting of the executive committee at headquarters in Minneapolis. The opinions of other members throughout the state were procured by long-distance telephone.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

La Crescent.—Fire destroyed the farm home of Earl Kathen, the loss being $2,000.

Windom.—The city will make extensive additions to its fire fighting apparatus. A chemical engine will be purchased.

Minneapolis, Minn. — Stanislaus Zbyszko, the Polish wrestling champion, defeated Henry Ordeman of Minneapolis in straight falls.

Pipestone.—Word has been received here of the death of R. V. Smith, at Portland Ore. Mr. Smith was an old-time resident of Mankato and Pipestone.

New Ulm.—H. A. Morey and James J. Donelan of Waverly, Iowa, are here for the purpose of organizing a stock company to construct and operate a gas plant.

St. Cloud. — Dominik Waltzin, aged 78, a retired farmer, was found dead in a rooming house. Death was due to heart failure. Waltzen was wealthy.

Duluth, Jan. 18.—Mae Harris, who was arrested and later indicted for inducing girls to enter a house of ill repute, changed her plea from "not guilty" to "guilty."

Pipestone. — While playing with a loaded shot gun a young son of James Jensen, a farmer living near White, shot his baby brother through the head, killing him instantly.

Kasota.—In default of any competition in the district, the Kasota high school debating team will represent the third congressional district in the high school debates in February.

Minneapolis.—The socialists, as usual, will be first in the field with their state ticket in Minnesota. Their state convention will take place in Minneapolis Feb. 19, to nominate state candidates.

Ada.—A troop of boy scouts has been organized here by L. S. Marshall of Crookston. Paul Snyder was elected captain and Leonard Olson corporal. The club has a membership of twenty-five.

St. Paul. — Mrs. Samuel G. Iverson, wife of the state auditor, died after an illness of less than two weeks. She contracted a severe cold New Year's day, and this later developed into pleuro-pneumonia.

Plummer.—Henry Enderle has returned from the twin cities, where he has been having plans drawn for the new bank building of the First State bank of Plummer. The plans call for a 24x40 two-story brick building.

Ada.—The Ada Creamery association held its annual election of officers and A. D. Laughlin was elected president, W. B. Bosworth, vice president, H. F. Sprung, treasurer, and Ben Ashback, secretary. The books show over $20,000 to have been paid to the patrons during the past year for butter fat.

Duluth.—Noah Lewis Waelchli, who was arrested in Duluth several weeks ago charged with impersonating a United States army officer, was indicted by the federal grand jury. He represented himself as Lieutenant W. L. Nathan and at the time of his arrest was giving an army and navy show.

Mankato.—Edward A. Dackins, who was born in Wales in 1833, and who located in this county in 1856, is dead as a result of injuries received a year ago while visiting in California, when he fell and broke his hip. He was one of those who went to the relief of New Ulm at the time of the Indian massacre in 1862, and distinguished himself for bravery. His wife, four sons and two daughters survive him.

Ada. — The following officers were elected by the Wild Rice Lumber Company at their annual meet: President, F. L. Hampson, Ada; vice president, J. G. Ballord, Minneapolis; secretary and treasurer, J. R. S. Devereaux. Mr. Hampson, who has been general manager for the company since its organization, tendered his resignation and was succeeded by Vernon Howe of Minneapolis.

Mr. Miller also will introduce at an early date, a bill providing for the allotment of a large area of public land on the Bois Fort reservation among the 300 Indian children of the reservation. The elder members of the tribe have urged this course rather than giving the children the money to be derived from the sale of the lands.

Duluth.—After serving in the ministry for twenty years without saving a cent, Rupert Swinnerton gave up the profession just eighteen months ago at Hibbing and entered the real estate business in which he has already cleared $18,000. Mr. Swinnerton served several years at the Methodist church at Hibbing. He later announced he had decided to resign from the ministry as he could see no hope of ever getting enough money ahead to educate his children or to provide for his own future.

TRAINS CRASH: 4 DEAD

Practically Every Passenger in Southern Road Injured.

Louisville, Ky. — Four trainmen are dead and two fatally injured as the result of a head-on collision at Long Run, 18 miles east of here, between an inbound Louisville & Nashville passenger train and a Chesapeake & Ohio train of empty cars. Practically all the passengers on the Louisville & Nashville were more or less injured. Two Chesapeake & Ohio brakemen suffered severe injuries.

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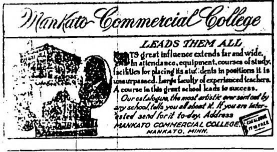

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THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 20, 1912.

The employers' liability law for 1908 has been declared constitutional by the supreme court of the United States.

Next thing is that northern Minnesota editorial meeting at Long Prairie Jan. 19 and 20. And there will be some politics there but not in the official proceedings. The newspaper boys have to talk politics and tell one another what the "people over our way think about things."—Crookston Times.

Proofs on all land filed upon previous to March 26, 1906, will have to be presented to the United States land office before March 26, 1 Proofs on land filed upon after March 6, 1906, must be made within six years from the date of filing. These orders apply to lands on the Eleven Towns only, and are issued by order of the interior department.

The district court will convene at the county seat next Monday. The petit jury, however, will not meet until Monday, Feb. 26. as at that time all civil cases requiring the action of the jury and all criminal cases will be heard. At the session commencing Monday, court cases, motions, arguments, and demurrers only will be heard, and the applications for citizenship of eight Pennington county residents will be considered by a special agent sent here for that purpose.

On Monday of this week two well known Minnesota men announced themselves as candidates for the republican nomination for goverernor on what are termed progressive principles. These men were Sam Y. Gordon, at present lieutenant governor, and W. E. Lee of Long Prairie, who has taken a prominent part in Minnesota politics. This may not close the entries for the progressives. N. J. Holmberg of Renville may announce his candidacy. Gordon and Lee are to make their fight on a campaign condemning the breweries for their activity in politics and a denunciation of railroad and corporation influences in politics. It is generally understood that Gov. Eberhart will be a candidate to succeed himself, and now that these two announcements have been made the governor is expected to make his formal announcement at an early date.

Tallest Woman in the World

The tallest woman in the world lives in Chicago. Her height is nine feet one and one-half inches and she weighs 385 pounds. Ella Ewing denies that she intends marrying the European giant. "What, get married." she said "Not me, I don't relish trying to get by a conductor on a street car with a couple of little tots both bigger than the conductor himself. She is satisfied with single life, and enjoys her golden grain belt beers, which keep her in good health. Try them yourself. Order of Alex Thompson, Cookston or of your dealer.

Thomas H. Shevlin Dead

Thomas H. Shevlin, millionaire lumberman, died Monday at his winter home at Pasadena, Cal. Mr. Shevlin had been seriously ill for many months and his death was not unexpected. He had been a conspicuous figure in Minnesota business and political circles for twenty-five years.

The body has been brought back to Minneapolis and the funeral will be held there today. From Minneapolis and Chicago to the coast, in Canada and the United States, every activity of the various Shevlin companies will cease for the day. This applies to the office of the St. Hilaire Lumber company, which will be closed today.

For Sale or Trade

Improved quarter section, thirty miles northeast of Bismark, N. D., six miles from new Northern Pacific branch line built last year, house, barn, granary, well, etc., all fenced. Terms, $20 per acre, $1000 first mortgage at 6 percent bala nce cash. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

Can include one or two adjoining quarters on easy terms.

C. W. LYMAN.

Not Much Expected from Investigations

The attitude of Colonel Shunk, in charge of the investigations being conducted ostensibly to determine the cause of the low stage of water in the Red Lake river, indicates that there is little possibility of anything being accomplished to relieve the present distressing situation. Those attending the hearings gain the conviction that the colonel is not open to conviction.

At the hearing at Thief River Falls Tuesday much evidence showing that the obstructions in the river are responsible for the present low stage of water in the river and that Red Lake is high at this season was produced. There was much more information of the same nature at the Crookston meeting yesterday.

A mass of evidence has been prepared for presentation at the meeting at Grand Forks today. There has been enough evidence to convince any reasonable man that the situation is one so serious as to demand immediate action. Yet from Colonel Shunk's attitude at the previous hearings it is anticipated that he may not give any consideration whatever to much of the evidence which the Grand Forks people desire to offer.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

There is a prize for you as well as others, too, at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

MOORISH SOLDIERS.

Their Methods in Battle and Their System of Signals.

At fighting on horseback the Moors are adepts and extremely mobile. But they are incorrigibly lazy and seldom indulge in night attack. When they attack in force the horsemen usually give a lift to the foot soldiers who accompany them or allow them to run alongside and hold on to a stirrup iron. The mounted men then make a charge, wheel round and retire and make way for the footmen, who crawl along the ground, almost invisible, and who rise to the attack if they come within striking distance of the enemy. As a rule, the Itimans prefer to lure detached parties into an ambush or defile and thus inflict heavy loss upon them. The mounted men seldom dismount to fire and their firing, being from the saddle, is very inaccurate. Should the advance of the white troops be slow or hesitating the Moors effect a bold combination between horsemen and footmen and generally succeed in inflicting heavy losses on their enemy.

The prime tactics of the Moors are to delay the advance of an enemy as much as possible by mounted rifle fire until they can discern its extent and direction and subsequently to try enveloping the advancing force. The tribes also indulge in sniping, but not to a very great extent, and they also fight individually. They do not neglect opportunities for stratagem and can effect some very clever ruses. They are also guilty of abusing the services of the white flag in action.

The Moorish intelligence system is an excellent one, and the tribes are seldom without information regarding the movements of an enemy. They have also an excellent system of signaling at night by means of small fires dotted about the hills and ravines, which are obscured and revealed in accordance with an ingenious code of signals known to themselves.—Chicago News.

CONTINUOUS SHOWS.

They Were Started by B. F. Keith in a Boston Store.

It was in the month of January, 1883, that Mr. B. F. Keith, who had been studying the show business with far seeing eyes for many years, presented, in a store that he had leased in Boston, the first continuous show ever seen on any stage. He paid his performers $20 a week for a single turn and $40 for double and required them to give eight or nine turns a day. His "top liner" or chief attraction was a pound and a half baby. The doors of his playhouse were thrown open at noon, and from that time until half past 10 at night the performance went on without interruption.

Patrons were allowed to spend the entire day in the theater, and at first so many availed themselves of this opportunity to get a substantial filling of amusement at a small cost that Mr. Keith realized that he must either abandon the idea of a continuous entertainment or else invent some method by which the audience could be driven out of the building and place made for those outside who were waiting for admittance. Necessity is the mother of invention, especially when it is mated with sharp Yankee wit, and it was thus that what is known as "the chaser" came into the world.—James L. Ford in McClure's Magazine.

Improvement.

Bacon—How is your wife?

Egbert—Improving, thank you.

"Why, I didn't know she'd been ill!"

"She hasn't, but she bought a bonnet today for $4. She used to buy the sixteen dollar kind, you know."—Yonkers Statesman.

Blunt.

"I should like to go to my mother-in-law's funeral this afternoon, sir," said the bookkeeper to the "old man."

"So should I," replied the proprietor as he turned to his desk again.—London Tit-Bits.

Perpetual.

"You always appear to be worried about your housekeeping," remarked the sympathetic friend.

"But really," replied the housekeeper, "there are only two occasions when I am really worried. One is when I haven't a servant and the other is when I have."

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."

"The doctor ordered it?"

"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

Costumes for ladies as well as men. Leave orders with M. Lasell at Pitkin's hardware store not later than Feb. 3.

WHAT A LAWSUIT BROUGHT ABOUT.

By M. QUAD.

[Copyright, 1909, by T. C. McClure.]

Farmer Jepson, widower, lived four miles from Akron on the country road, and Jane Schofield, widow and farmer, lived three miles west of him on the Red Bridge road. They had lived thus for five years and only knew each other by name. The five years might have become twenty had not an old lop horned cow stepped in to give the parties an introduction.

The cow was owned by the widow. Besides being lop horned she was bobtailed, wild eyed and had various bad habits, one of which was jumping six rail fences and wandering about nights. These promenades sometimes led her miles away and into strange pastures. The first time Farmer Jepson saw her she was in the midst of his cornfield and had cleared about half an acre of the juicy stalks. He was a good man, but he swore at her and called her names. He also tried his best to kill her on the spot. A week later the cow called again to see how the corn was coming on, and after half killing her the farmer sent word that if she was not kept at home he would sue her owner for damages.

"And who is Farmer Jepson that talks so big, I'd like to know!" exclaimed the widow as she got the message by a hired man. "If he thinks he's the biggest toad in the puddle let him go right ahead and sue. Two can play at that game. I'm not allowing my live stock to bother my neighbors, but I'm not going to sit up every night in the week to see that that old cow don't get out. You go back and tell him that I'm not afraid of any ten men like him."

"Oh, she ain't, hey?" exclaimed the farmer when the hired man had returned with the word. "Waal, we'll see about that. I'm no hand to complain of my neighbors, but I'm not going to have their cows in my corn and then take sass to boot. If that old critter of a cow steps hoof on my land again there'll be a lawsuit to make things rumble."

The cow didn't hurry matters any. She waited until Mr. Jepson had transplanted his cabbage plants and they had got fairly growing, and then she called one night and helped herself to 250 of them, and two days later the widow learned that suit had been commenced by Farmer Jepson to recover $250 damages.

"So he's sued me, has he?" observed the widow, as she doubled up her fists and fire came to her eyes. "Well, we'll see who comes out ahead!"

Plaintiff and defendant each secured a lawyer, and of course each attorney assured his client that he had the best kind of a case and was sure to win. After two or three adjournments the case came to trial, and it was in the courtroom that plaintiff and defendant first saw each other. Both were surprised, and both said something to themselves. What the farmer said was:

"Waal, by thunder! I expected to see a fat and homely old two fisted widder, and I find her a good looking little bit of a female who ought to be sitting on a husband's knee. Wish I'd seen her before I begun this suit."

"Lands o' massy, but he hain't no mean looking man!" exclaimed the widow after a look at the farmer. "Why, they said he was a big boss and bluffer and wanted to bulldoze me 'cause I'm all alone in the world. Say, now, but they are all wrong. He hain't the kind to bluff and pitch in. Wish he'd have come to see me about the old cow. If he had I'd have chained her up. Wonder how hard he'll swear agin me!"

She was soon to know. The plaintiff's lawyer in opening the case said it was an aggravated case of trespass and damage and that the sum mentioned wasn't really half what they should have sued for. Then he went on to tell of what a defiant woman the defendant was and wound up by stating his hopes that the jury would render a verdict without leaving the box. Then the plaintiff was called to the witness chair, and, to the surprise of the widow and the disgust of his lawyer, he said he had forgotten the message the woman returned to him. He followed that up by declaring that his feelings had simply been shocked and that he had fully recovered from the shock in a minute and a half. As to the corn and cabbage, perhaps $10 would pay the bill.

"You jackass, but you have lost your case!" hissed his lawyer as the witness stepped down with a smile in the direction of the widow, whose lawyer was whispering to her:

"Now, you get up there and give us some hot talk and your case is won."

There was no hot talk from the widow. On the contrary, she cooed like a dove. She admitted to the ownership of the jumping, predatory cow, but was quite willing to pay reasonable damages. She didn't doubt the plaintiff's shocked feelings and was sorry for them and wished he had hit the old cow with the ax. One of the results of the suit was a verdict for 6 cents' damages, and another was that Farmer Jepson said he would call at her home for the money. He kept his word. A week later he drove up to the door and after an hour's interview was asked to call again. Three months later his disgusted lawyer was heard to exclaim:

"Prettiest case I ever had and dead sure of a verdict, and Jepson knocks it all in the head by falling in love with the defendant. Yes, they were married yesterday."

Don't wait until the last day to order your costume. See M. Lasell at Pitkin's hardware not later than Feb. 8, in order to get a costume in time for the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

Trim up, spruce up, get a costume for the masquerade ball. M. Lasell has a catalog of all kinds of costumes.

Considerate.

Muggins is not handsome, and he knows it. When his first baby was born he asked, "Does it look like me?" Of course they replied in the affirmative.

"Well," said he, with a sigh, "break it to my wife gently."—London Tit-Bits.

BURNED PAPER MONEY.

Source of Great Profit to the Government and Banks.

At the redemption windows of the treasury and of the subtreasuries of the country any silver coin that has not been mutilated willfully and which still is recognizable as from the mints of the United States will be redeemed at face value, this in spite of the fact that the silver in the worn coin may not be worth half its face value. As to gold coin, the government stands only a small portion of the loss from abrasion; but, according to weight, these worn gold coins always are redeemable.

In the case of the paper currency two-fifths of a note must be presented if it shall be redeemed or a new note issued, and, no matter what the evidence may be as to total destruction of this paper currency, the government regards it as the holder's individual loss with which it is no further concerned. Fire may melt $1,000 worth of silver coins and it is worth its metal value. It may melt $1,000 in gold coins and the mint will pay $1,000 in new twenty dollar gold pieces for the mass. But the ashes of $1,000 in paper currency is without value.

In the thousands of fires over the country every year involving office buildings, factories, business houses and family residences an untold total of legal tender notes of all kinds are destroyed. Every piece of such paper lost is loss to the holder and gain to the government or to a national bank. It is a promissory note hopelessly lost to the holder. It is even more, for in many cases an individual man might redeem his debt obligation if he were assured by the holder of it that the piece of paper to which he had signed his name had been destroyed by accident and by no chance could turn up again against him.—Chicago Tribune.

Pope as a Witness.

Pope, like Garrick, made but a poor figure in the witness box. He was cited to appear in defense of Bishop Atterbury when that prelate was tried for high treason in the house of lords in 1723. "I never could speak in public," he told Spence afterward, "and I don't believe that if it was a set thing I could give an account of any story to twelve friends together, though I could tell it to any three of them with a great deal of pleasure. When I was to appear for the bishop of Rochester in his trial, though I had but ten words to say and that on a plain point (how the bishop spent his time when I was with him at Bromley), I made two or three blunders in it and that notwithstanding the first row of lords (which was all I could see) were mostly of my acquaintance."—London Standard.

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Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	91
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.96
" " 2	1.86
Barley, for 50 lbs	99
Oats	40
Eggs	20
Butter	20
" creamery	84
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork,	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	[illegible]
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday; Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie .... 7:10 a. m
arrived from Wylie .... 5:25 a.m

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Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 18, 1908, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, to-wit the sum of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon certain mortgage, bearing date the 18th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m. in book 35 of mortgages on page 90, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book 22 of mortgages on page 418;

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to E. L. Mattson, by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m. in book 52 of mortgages on page 501, and in Pennington county in book 43 of mortgages on page 94; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: Southeast quarter (se¼) of Section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30) and taxes if any and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

E. L. MATTSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 7:30 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH. — Services Sunday, Jan. 28, at 11 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. P. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STERN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
JOHN LUNDBERG, President. MONAIS LASELLE, Secretary.

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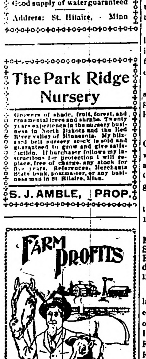
Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References, Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.



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FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
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GARDENER,
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APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

C. H. Martz was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Mrs. Odegaard of Hazel was a St. Hilaire visitor Monday.

Miss Olga Swenson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Misses Ida and Effie Hanson were in Thief River Falls Monday.

C. A. Ellickson left this week on another business trip to Illinois.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a masquerade ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

Miss Elizabeth Johnson is giving a birthday party today to about twenty of her young friends,

Rev. P. M. Palmer and daughter, Miss Esther Palmer, visited Thief River Falls yesterday.

There will be Mission church services at the home of Olaus Lorentson in Black River Sunday Jan. 21, at 1:30 p. m.

Come and see who has the largest feet at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

Rev. Wahlgren of Chicago held services at the Scandinavian Mission church here Tuesday evening.

Mrs. P. A. Eckstrom and Miss Josie Eckstrom returned Tuesday from a visit with friends at Mentor.

Selmer Hauge returned Monday from Halstad, where he had been visiting with friends since New Years.

Miss Ida Skeie returned home on Monday after a few days' visit at at the home of her uncle, Lars Netteland.

The St. Hilaire creamery received this week 41 cents per pound net for a consignment of butter to the Pacific coast.

R. L. Hauge has sold his farm one mile south of town to H. L. Hanson for $50 per acre. It contains seventy-eight acres.

The Ladies Aid society of the United church which was to meet next Friday with Mrs. A. S. Wilson has been postponed one week.

The Young Peoples' society of the United church will meet next Wednesday evening at the I. O. O. F. building. Mrs. M. S. Gjerde entertains.

Get your costume made of calico, gingham, or percale, for we are going to have a costume that will beat them out at ......

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 9, 1912. Glasses fitted.

K. O. Gigstad and Rev. I. T. Aastad left the first of the week for West Baden, Ind., to take treatment and baths at the springs there.

In the hurry of getting to press last week several important news items and notices were omitted, for for which we beg the pardon of all concerned.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Miss Ragna Loberg returned to Crookston last Monday after a few weeks' visit at home. She was also accompanied by her cousin, Miss Olga Lunde, who has been their guest of late.

Others do, why not you, come to the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9, 1912.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

A slip of the pencil made us say last week that D. Patterson attended a meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire. We should have said the First National Bank of Thief River Falls.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-6t

Mr. and Mrs. James Ward arrived here Wednesday for a visit at home. Mr. Ward, who is a son of Hans Wilson of this place, left his home twelve years when but a lad, and none of his family have seen him since. He has in that time become a noted aviator. He left on Monday for Chicago to supervise the erection of two new airships, now in process of construction. Mrs. Ward will remain here for a time.

MUSIC
MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage. St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

A. Anderson went to Crookston Tuesday.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Hoken Johnson was up from Red Lake Falls on Tuesday.

Miss Gertrude Hooper was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Johnson was a Thief River Falls visitor on Monday.

C. H. Martz transacted business at the county seat on Tuesday.

Rev. S. T. Palm was in town Tuesday on his way to Red Lake Falls.

If you have a big nose, be sure and come; there is a prize for you at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

Carl Krueger spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls, returning Tuesday.

Come one, come all, to the firemen's mask ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

Mr and Mrs. R. L. Hauge left Wednesday for Halstad to visit friends.

Dr. Owens was in Red Lake Falls the first of the week and completed negotiations for a gynasium outfit.

S. L. Lewis was over from Red Lake Falls Tuesday rounding up a few more candidates for life insurance.

Alton Jackson left last evening to go to Bemidji where he will be employed as operator at the Great Northern station.—Gazette.

Parties not wearing a full costume at the masquerade must keep off the floor until after 12 o'clock Feb. 9.

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.
A. Satterberg.

Mrs. Lindahl, who recently underwent a surgical operation at the Crookston hospital, is so far recovered as to be able to sit up a little, and her friends are hoping for her speedy recovery and return home.

At a meeting yesterday of the Mission church people a call was extended to Rev. Henning Nordquist of California to take charge of this congregation, in place of Rev. Larson, who goes to Warren about the first of March.

Last Sunday afternoon at three o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Mussey on the east side, occurred the marriage of their only daughter, Lillian, to Ed V. Moran, formerly of this city but now located at Bemidji. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. E. Boyden of the Presbyterian church, the only guest present being Miss Florence Prichard, who has been an intimate friend of the bride for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Homer Mussey attended the bridal couple.—Thief River Falls Times.

A Request

I am closing my books for the year and wish all those who know themselves to be indebted to me would kindly calland make settlement.
A. H PITKIN.

For Sale or Trade

One 8-in. International feed mill $25.

Two 3 14-in. breaker bottom P. and O. engine gang plows, $125. Will trade this set of plows for breaking 40 acres two and a half miles from St. Hilaire.

Will set up and start these plows, and guarantee them to do as good work as any other plow made. Cash or bankable paper. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.
C. W. LYMAN.

This coming with your Sunday-go-to-meeting suit and a mask on won't do at the masquerade. Put on another suit and face and come Feb. 9.

Notice

Annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Co-Operative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire Monday, the 5th day of February next, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may come before the meeting. Dated January 20, 1912. j19-21 NELS K. ANDERSON.

YOUR LAST CHANCE
TO BUY WINTER GOODS

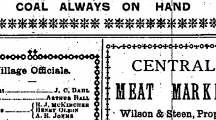
To make room for our Spring stock coming in every day, we will close out our winter goods, such as

Sheep Lined and Fur Lined Coats
woolen Underwear, Sweaters
Felt Shoes,

At ONE-HALF Price

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT
COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Village Officials.

President	J. O. DAHL
Clerk	ARTHUR HALL
Trustees	R. J. MCKINCHER HENRY OLSON A. R. JOHNS
Treasurer	B. E. BURKER
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers.

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

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TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 25 years experience. Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune. READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
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Ameraic's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.
The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

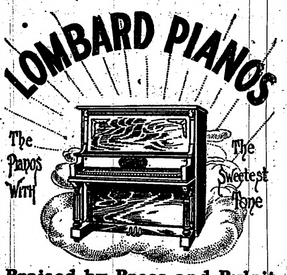
CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

Avoid
Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT
FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company.
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

East Side Green House
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS MI

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchane

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribes with th and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 625 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training? [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible] Next term begins soon. [illegible] let write. [illegible]

REACHED LIMIT OF TORTURE

Real Reason Why Burglar Gave Evening Papers Chance to Use Effective Headline.

A burglar broke into a New York mansion early the other morning and found himself after wandering about the place in the music room. Hearing footsteps approaching, he took refuge behind a screen. From eight to nine the eldest daughter had a singing lesson. From nine to ten the second daughter took a piano lesson. From 10 to 11 the eldest son got his instruction on the violin. From 11 to 12 the younger boy got a lesson on the flute and piccolo. Then, at 12:15, the family got together and practiced music on all their instruments. They were fixing up for a concert. At 12:45 the porchclimber staggered from behind the screen. "For heavens' sake, send for the police!" he shrieked. "Torture me no longer!" And in the evening paper there was the headline: "Nervy Children Capture Desperate Burglar."

Where the Fruit Grows.

Michael Casey, a politician in San Francisco, who has been in office and on the city payroll for many years, was addressing a meeting of his fellow-citizens. It was a labor meeting.

"You men must know," spouted Casey, "that you are the great body politic in this city. You are the roots and trunks of our great municipal tree, while we who represent you in office are merely the branches on that magnificent tree."

"True for you, Mike," piped a man in the back of the hall, "but did ye ever notice all the fruit grows on the branches?"—Saturday Evening Post.

High Aim.

Let us endeavor so to live that when we come to die even the undertaker will be sorry."—Mark Twain.

Why He Couldn't Sit Down.

Harry, aged six, is an orphan; but an indulgent grandmother and kind maiden aunt have taken care of him. The first pair of knickerbockers were secured recently, and it was a proud moment for the boy when his aunt put them on him on Sunday morning and he was permitted to go to church with his grandmother. Naturally maiden aunts know very little about the arrangement of knickerbockers, and there was a suspicious fullness in front and an equally mystifying tightness in the back to be observed, as the little chap trudged happily along. In church Harry sat down, but did not appear comfortable and stood up. "Harry, sit down," whispered his grandmother. He obediently climbed back on the seat, but soon slipped off again. "Harry, you must sit down." "Grandma, I can't. My pants is choking me." She looked more closely than her dim sight had before permitted, and discovered the new little knickerbockers were on hind side before. Harry stood up during the remainder of the service.

A Golf Story.

There's another story of a man who rang the bell at the gates of Paradise and asked Peter if he might go through.

"What were you on earth?" asked the saint.

"Well," was the response, "during the latter part of my life I didn't do much but play golf."

"Got a golf ball on you?"

"Yes; here's a 'Chancellor.'"

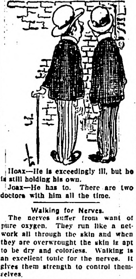
St. Peter took it and threw it over his shoulder, where it rolled away.

For a minute or more he looked critically at the applicant, then shut the gate in his face and locked it.

"What's the game?" said the man.

"You are no real golfer," said St. Peter. "You don't even know the first rule of golf—to keep your eye on the ball and follow through."

TAKING CHANCES OTHERWISE.



Hoax—He is exceedingly ill, but he is still holding his own.

Joax—He has to. There are two doctors with him all the time.

Walking for Nerves.

The nerves suffer from want of pure oxygen. They run like a network all through the skin and when they are overwrought the skin is apt to be dry and colorless. Walking is an excellent tonic for the nerves. It gives them strength to control themselves.

If one has means or leisure, there are plenty of other more enjoyable exercises. But few forms are so beneficial as the regular daily jaunt of four or five miles for obtaining a good complexion.

Treacherous Memory.

Parson Johnson—Yo must nevah cherish an enmity against your neighbor, Mis Jackson. If youh neighbor does you an injury you must forget it.

Mrs. Jackson—An' so I does forget it, pahson—but I'se got a powerful bad memory, and I keeps forgetting dat I'se forgotten it.

A Hold-Up

An Oppressive Trust.

Before the Coffee Roasters' Association, in session at Chicago on Thursday, Thomas J. Webb, of Chicago, charged that there is in existence a coffee combine which is "the most monstrous imposition in the history of human commerce."

He did

There is very slight exaggeration about this statement. It comes very close to being literally true. There is a coffee combine in Brazil, from which country comes the bulk of the coffee used in the United States, which is backed by the government of Brazil and financed by it, which compels American consumers, as Mr. Webb said, "to pay famine prices for coffee when no famine exists."

"Compels"

The worst thing about this is that the consumers of the United States have been compelled to put up the money through which this combine, to further cinch them, has been made effective. There were formerly revenue duties imposed upon all coffee entering the United States. Those taxes were denounced as an imposition upon the people; as taxing the poor man's breakfast table, and the like. The taxes were removed. Immediately thereafter Brazil imposed an export duty upon coffee up to the full amount of the former customs taxes in this country. The revenue which formerly went into the treasury of the United States was diverted to the treasury of Brazil. The poor man's breakfast coffee continued to cost him the same old price.

tax americans

Get this clear

But this was only the commencement. The "valorization" plan was evolved in Brazil. Through this plan the government, using the revenues derived from the export duties for the purposes, takes all of the surplus crop in a season of large yields and holds it off the market, thus keeping the supply down to the demands of the market and permitting the planters to receive a much higher price than they would otherwise have done.

The United States consumes more Brazilian coffee than does the rest of the world. We are the best customers of Brazil, and Brazil buys little from us. Now Brazil is promoting, financing and maintaining a trust designed, and working effectively for the purpose, to compel American consumers to pay an exorbitant price for the coffee they use. What is the remedy?—*Seattle Post-Intelligencer—Nov. 19, 1911.*

Then this

Standard statistics of the coffee trade show a falling off in sales during the last two years of over two hundred million pounds. Authenticated reports from the Postum factories in this city show a tremendous increase in the sale of Postum in a like period of time.

While the sales of Postum invariably show marked increase year over year, the extraordinary demand for that well-known breakfast beverage during 1911 is very likely due to a public awakening to the oppression of the coffee trust.

Such an awakening naturally disposes the multitude who suffer from the ill effects of coffee drinking to be more receptive to knowledge of harm which so often comes as a result of the use of the drug-beverage, coffee.—*Battle Creek Evening News—Dec. 19, 1911.*

POSTUM

is a pure food-drink made of the field grains, with a pleasing flavour not unlike high grade Java.

A Big Package
About 1¼ lbs. Costs 25 cts.
At Grocers

Economy to one's purse is not the main reason for using Postum.

It is absolutely free from **any** harmful substance, such as "caffeine" (the drug in coffee), to which so much of the nervousness, biliousness and indigestion of today are due. Thousands of former coffee drinkers now use Postum because they know from experience the harm that coffee drinking causes.

Boil it according to directions (that's easy) and it will become clear to you why—

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan.

GETS STARVED ROCK

State of Illinois Buys Historic Tract for $46,000.

People Gain Possession of the Picturesque Site on Illinois River Where the Indians Made Their Last Stand.

Ottawa, Ill.—Starved Rock passed into the hands of the state of Illinois recently, when negotiations were concluded between the Illinois park commission and Ferdinand Walther of Chicago, who has owned the property for the past 22 years. The papers signed and exchanged show that the state paid the sum of $46,000 for the 290-acre tract, which it is expected will prove to be the nucleus of one of the finest state parks in the country.

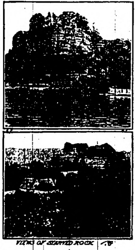
The new state park preserve lies ten miles west of Ottawa on the south side of the Illinois river, and in addition to Starved Rock proper consists of precipitous cliffs, canyons and glens which rival many of America's most famous scenic wonders.

No spot in Illinois is richer in history or legend than Starved Rock, which was visited by the early French missionary explorers and was also the scene of numerous bloody conflicts between Indian tribes. Upon its lofty summit the Illinois warriors made their last stand and after being starved were finally exterminated by their enemies.

The fight for the acquirement of Starved Rock by the state for park purposes may be said to date back to the forty-sixth general assembly, although there was considerable previous agitation in favor of the movement.

At that session of the legislature an act was passed authorizing the appointment of a commission to investigate and report on the preservation of certain lands for public parks, and an appropriation of $1,000 made to pay the expenses of the commission.

The members of the commission which closed the deal are Prof. J. A. James of Evanston, A. Richards of Ottawa and the Rev. D. L. Crowe of Kewanee.



VIEWS OF STARVED ROCK

The boundaries of the park district, including 1,155 acres, were laid out by Mr. Richards, secretary of the commission. This tract has a frontage of five miles along the river, extending from the Utica bridge to the South Ottawa township line, including Fishburn's cave and Salt Well. The balance of this property is owned by about twenty people and options have been secured on practically all of it.

No provision or appropriation has been made for the employment of help at Starved Rock or for the maintenance or improvement of the property.

HAVE COURSE IN MATRIMONY

High School Girls Taught Courtship, Mothercraft, and Domestic Science in Los Angeles, Cal.

Los Angeles, Cal.—A course of matrimony has been included in the curriculum of the Gardens Agricultural High school here. Five classes of girls are daily taking advantage of instruction in courtship, matrimony, the care of babies, mothercraft and domestic science.

It is planned that boys in Los Angeles shall be permitted to take the course next year, but some doubt is expressed about the need of this. It is argued that "the female of the species" will be so adept in the matter of courtship and marriage by the end of the year that she will have little difficulty in imparting her knowledge to the less deadly male.

The girls are taught how to deport themselves during courtship, and instructed in household management, home dietetics, housekeeping accounts, dressmaking, millinery, and even in such practical matters as how plumbers are supposed to do their work and how much they should be paid.

PRIEST BANS "BRIDAL RICE"

Connecticut Divine Calls Showers on Newlyweds "Filthy Habit" and Forbids Repetition.

New London, Conn.—There will be no more rice showers on bridal couples leaving St. Mary's Roman Catholic church in this city, of which the Rev. Timothy M. Crowley is pastor.

Recently as a popular bride and bridegroom stepped out of the edifice fully ten pounds of rice were hurled at the newlyweds, and this incident was evidently the last straw that led to the Rev. Crowley's spirited remarks later.

"I do not know where this filthy habit originated," said the priest, "but I am fully convinced rice throwing in the church vestibule and entrances must be abolished. I will see that there is no more of it about this church."

LAW'S INJUSTICE MADE PLAIN

Farmer's Grievance Was That Story Once Accepted Should Not Remain Good.

A story is being told at the expense of an old English farmer who was recently called upon to explain why he had failed to take out a license for a favorite fox terrier dog. "'E's nobbut a puppy," the defendant remarked, in response to a question as to the animal's age. "Yes, yes! So you say. But how old is he?" "Oh, weel, I couldn' tell to a bit," was the reply. "I never was much good at remembering dates, but 'e's nobbut a puppy." On the other hand, it was maintained that the animal in question was a very, very old-fashioned puppy, and the magistrate inflicted the usual fine. Shortly afterward the farmer was met by a friend who wanted to know how he had fared at the police court. "Nobbut middlin'," was the reply. "Did they fine you?" "Yes," responded the victim; "an' 'ang me if I can understand it! Last year an' the year afore that I told the same tale about the same dog, an' it wor allus good enough afore! Who's been tamperin' wi' the law sin' last year?"

IN AGONY WITH ITCHING

"About four years ago I broke out with sores on my arms like boils. After two months they were all over my body, some coming, and some going away. In about six months the boils quit, but my arms, neck and body broke out with an itching, burning rash. It would burn and itch, and come out in pimples like grains of wheat. I was in a terrible condition; I could not sleep or rest. Parts of my flesh were raw, and I could scarcely bear my clothes on. I could not lie in bed in any position and rest. In about a year the sores extended down to my feet. Then I suffered agony with the burning, itching sores. I could hardly walk and for a long time I could not put on socks.

"All this time I was trying everything I could hear of, and had the skill of three doctors. They said it was eczema. I got no benefit from all this. I was nearly worn out, and had given up in despair of ever being cured when I was advised by a friend to try Cuticura Remedies. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Resolvent, and used exactly as directed. I used the Cuticura Remedies constantly for four months, and nothing else, and was perfectly cured. It is now a year, and I have not had the least bit since. I am ready to praise the Cuticura Remedies at any time. (Signed) E. L. Cate, Exile, Ky., Nov. 10, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

His Exact Sort.

"What kind of a glass of fashion did Ophelia consider Hamlet?" "As long as she called him Lord Hamlet, I suppose she considered him a peer glass."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Pessimism.

A pessimist is one who receives a pair of gloves as a present and worries because they will soon wear out.

Thousands of Consumptives die every year. Consumption results from a neglected cold on the lungs. Hamlins Wizard Oil will cure these colds. Just rub it into the chest and draw out the inflammation.

Museum freaks are complaining about hard times; but as for that, the ossified man says things always have been hard with him.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It is the common lot of man not to get an uncommon lot.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Even the high flyer has to come down to earth sooner or later.

The man who hides his light under a bushel is sometimes surprised to find that the sun still shines.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

The fellow who shoots off his mouth doesn't always hit the mark.

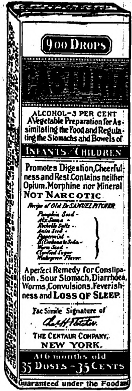
PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Most of life's so-called tragedies are merely comedies.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Acts directly and peculiarly on the blood; purifies, enriches and revitalizes it, and in this way builds up the whole system. Take it. Get it today.

In usual liquid form or chocolate coated tablets called **Sarsatabs.**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CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food a

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SEEDS

Largest growers of pedigree farm and garden seeds in the world—Clovers, Grasses, Oats, Rye, Barley, Potatoes, Seed Corn, etc. We breed only pedigree heavy yielding stocks. CATALOGUE FREE.

OATS Sworn yield 259 bushels per acre. You can beat that. Why not try in 1912

JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, Box 500, La Crosse, Wis.

Mistaken There.

The phrenologist was examining the bumps on Sambo's head.

"Curiosity and acquitiveness abnormally large."

Sambo rolled his eyeballs and showed two rows of white ivory.

"Imitativeness, casuality and conscientiousness small; which with your weak mouth indicates—"

"Don' yu be so shu 'bout me habbin' a weak mouf. I kin crack nuts in my teef."

Before the Scrap.

"Why are you rushing around so today?" "I'm trying to get something for my wife." "Had any offers?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

HILES GUARANTEED CORDWOOD SAW

Inch	
18	$2.25
20	2.80
22	3.30
24	3.90
26	4.50
28	5.10
30	5.70
32	6.40
34	7.10
36	7.80

We Manufacture Circular Metal Cutting Saws, Wood Saws, Band Saws, Machine and Planer Knives, Shear Blades, Spiral Shredder Knives, Shredder Saws, etc.

POLAR KING ICE PLOWS
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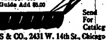
With Guide Add $5.00



Tongs, Saws, Bars.

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Women's Secrets

There is one man in the United States who has perhaps heard more women's secrets than any other man or woman in the country. These secrets are not secrets of guilt or shame, but the secrets of suffering, and they have been confided to Dr. R. V. Pierce in the hope and expectation of advice and help. That few of these women have been disappointed in their expectations is proved by the fact that ninety-eight per cent. of all women treated by Dr. Pierce have been absolutely and altogether cured. Such a record would be remarkable if the cases treated were numbered by hundreds only. But when that record applies to the treatment of more than half-a-million women, in a practice of over 40 years, it is phenomenal, and entitles Dr. Pierce to the gratitude accorded him by women, as the first of specialists in the treatment of women's diseases.

Every sick woman may consult Dr. Pierce by letter, absolutely without charge. All replies are mailed, sealed in perfectly plain envelopes, without any printing or advertising whatever, upon them. Write without fear as without fee, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Prest., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION
Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.

MILLIONS *of* FAMILIES are using SYRUP *of* FIGS and ELIXIR *of* SENNA

FOR COLDS AND HEADACHES, INDIGESTION AND SOUR STOMACH, GAS AND FERMENTATION, CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS, WITH MOST SATISFACTORY RESULTS.

NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
IN THE CIRCLE
ON EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY OF THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS TO OFFER IMITATIONS, IN ORDER TO MAKE A LARGER PROFIT AT THE EXPENSE OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. IF A DEALER ASKS WHICH SIZE YOU WISH, OR WHAT MAKE YOU WISH, WHEN YOU ASK FOR SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA, HE IS PREPARING TO DECEIVE YOU. TELL HIM THAT YOU WISH THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS KNOW THAT THERE IS BUT ONE GENUINE AND THAT IT IS MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. ONLY

NOTE THE NAME
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PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA
CONTAINS SIX PER CENT. OF ALCOHOL

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF LADIES AND CHILDREN, AS IT IS MILD AND PLEASANT, GENTLE AND EFFECTIVE, AND ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE INGREDIENTS. IT IS EQUALLY BENEFICIAL FOR WOMEN AND FOR MEN, YOUNG AND OLD. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.; Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

RUPTURE CURED in a few days without a surgical operation. No pay until cured. Write to Dr. F. M. Rowe, 230 Century Bldg., Minneapolis, Minn.

Brown's Bronchial Troches Effective for Coughs and Sore Throat. No opiates. Sample free. JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

DEFIANCE STARCH 16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

N. W. N. U., NO. 5-1912.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1912. NUMBER 29.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

PLAN LARGE MEETING.

Program Announced for State Y. M. C. A. Convention At Winona.

Winona.—The complete program for the thirty-eighth annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations of Minnesota, to be held at Winona February 8 to 11, has been issued by State Secretary Edward W. Peck. Most of the associations will send delegates to the meeting.

The state officers are planning to make the convention the largest of its kind ever held in the state. The theme of the meeting is announced as follows: "Men and Religion. Its Present Significance." The speakers will take up the various phases of the association's work, which includes Bible study, social service, boys' work, missions, the church and evangelism.

The executive committee has announced the following speakers for the convention: Henry Churchill King, D. D., president of Oberlin college; Clyde R. Joy of Keokuk, chairman of the national finance committee and the Men and Religion Forward movement; Dr. George J. Fisher of New York, international secretary of the physical department of the Y. M. C. A., James E. Freeman, D. D., rector of St. Mark's church at Minneapolis; William J. Robinson of Chicago, president of a large Illinois corporation and a great helper of the Y. M. C. A. in his state; David R. Poster of the preparatory school department; Ozora S. Davis, D. D., of Chicago, president of the Chicago Theological seminary; Clarence B. Willis of Milwaukee, general secretary of the Milwaukee association, and A. G. Hebel of St. Louis, international secretary of the railroad department.

The Federation of Churches of Winona will hold a Men and Religion Forward rally in connection and the joint banquet will be a feature.

The executive committee which is in charge of the convention this year is made up of the following members: B. A. Kirk, St. Paul; W. B. Mitchell, St. Cloud; Arthur E. Haynes, Minneapolis; D. C. Hill, Red Wing; Walter N. Carroll, Minneapolis; G. P. Lyman, St. Paul; William M. Gold, Redwood Falls; Albert J. Nason, St. Paul; F. E. House, Duluth; J. M. Anderson, Minneapolis; W. D. Willard, Mankato; Thomas Owens, Two Harbors; Donald J. Cowling, Northfield; W. J. Wheeler, Crookston; Charles J. Winton, Minneapolis; Earnest E. Jewett, St. Paul; Joseph M. Hackney, St. Paul; Milo B. Price, Owatonna; Henry F. Nachtreb, University of Minnesota; David B. Bell, Minneapolis, Edward W. Peck, Minneapolis.

MAY STOP SHOE MAKING

Legislator Intimates That Manufacture at Stillwater May Be Stopped.

Minneapolis.—Manufacture of shoes by prison labor at the Stillwater penitentiary will end Sept. 1, 1914, "if no way is found to put an end thereto at an earlier date," according to Representative L. C. Spooner, of Morris. Mr. Spooner was reported to have said to the implement dealers in convention at the West Hotel, Jan. 12, that the state would some day be manufacturing shoes. He says that he is opposed to the state engaging in such manufacture. At present some of the prison labor is sold to the Western Shoe Company, under a contract which expires Sept. 1, 1914, but claims are made that the contract is illegal, and Mr. Spooner's statement intimates that an effort may be made to cancel it.

Automobiles at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis.—Plans are complete for the fifth annual automobile show to be held in Minneapolis February 17-24. Hundreds of models will be shown in the armory building and in every way this exhibition will go down in the motor history of the northwest as the most representative display ever staged. Manufacturers are realizing the importance of Minneapolis as a motor car distributing center and have arranged to send their complete show exhibits direct from the Chicago show of the week before. So popular is the Minneapolis Automobile Show Association that every inch of space was sold within half an hour's time. A score of firms since that time have been refused space because of lack of room. There will be an elaborate scheme of decoration carried out throughout the large building; there will be singing by well known vocalists and band concerts afternoon and evening throughout the week. In all there will be sixty-one complete lines of cars shown besides all the attractive exhibits of the oil and accessory firms.

CARIBOU NOT EXTINCT

Duluth Man Fined for Having Heads of Pair Shot in State.

St. Paul.—Statements that the caribou is extinct in Minnesota have been disproved by agents of the state game and fish commission. Word was received in the office of the commission in St. Paul that O. F. Albine of Duluth has been fined $100 for having two caribou heads in his possession. The caribou were shot near the Canadian line in eastern Minnesota.

TO SOLVE BOY PROBLEM

Mankato Claims Largest Organization of Youths in State.

Mankato.—The Boys' Gospel Regiment of the Y. M. C. A. has reached a membership of over 150, believed to be the largest boy organization in the state. An effort is being made to bring the membership up to 200. The organization is made up of boy members of the Y. M. C. A., who carry on their own meetings and it has all of the officers of a military regiment. Company A consists of boys 12 to 20 years old, and Company B of boys from 8 to 12 years old. The entire routine and formalities of the regular army, salute, codes and military tactics, are in use by the boys. There is only one other organization like it in the United States, and that is at Hamilton, Ohio.

FIRE AT BELLE PLAINE

Loss on Landmark in Minnesota Town Estimated at $13,000.

Belle, Plaine.—The old Belle Plaine hotel was almost entirely destroyed by fire. Loss was about $13,000. How the fire originated is unknown. Hampered by the cold weather, the fire department had trouble in checking it, but confined the flames to the upper stories. Damage to the lower story was mostly by water.

"TOOZE" ROGERS DEAD.

Well Known Minneapolis Hotel Man Succumbs to Operation.

Minneapolis. — J. E. Rogers, 42 years of age, known to the traveling public all over the Northwest as "Tooze," proprietor of the Rogers hotel and the Unique theater, interested in many other business ventures and one of the most widely known men in Minneapolis, died at St. Barnabas hospital, following an operation for abdominal trouble.

SEEK INSANE CONVICT'S PARDON

St. Paul.—Andrew Tratico's father and mother in sunny Italy want to care for the boy who ran away years ago, came to America, was arrested and sent to state prison for five years and went insane in the prison. They have asked the state board of control to grant a conditional pardon to their son so he may be deported to Italy and cared for by them. Under the name of John Mussolino, Tratico was convicted of extortion at Grand Rapids in 1909. The pardon will be considered at the next meeting of the board.

Slayer Changes His Mind.

Jackson.—Martin Johnson, the self-confessed slayer of Ole Sandager at Lakefield last fall, who has all along announced an intention to plead guilty, has changed his mind. The grand jury has returned an indictment, charging him with murder in the first degree, but when arraigned, he entered a plea of not guilty and asked for a trial. Judge Quinn appointed E. H. Nichols to defend him, and it is thought the defense will be based upon alleged insanity. No date for the trial has yet been fixed.

New Town Named Oreland.

Brainerd.—Oscar J. Carlsen and associates of Deerwood have platted a new town named Oreland on the south range of the Cuyuna about three miles south of Deerwood and half a mile from the new Adams mine on the Cuyuna Northern railway. The county commissioners have approved the plat. Large ore bodies lie in the immediate vicinity of Oreland.

School Will be Finished.

Albert Lea.—At a special meeting of the electors of the school district, composed of this city and some outlying country, it was unanimously decided to authorize the board of education to issue additional bonds to the amount of $30,000 to complete and equip the schoolhouse in course of construction.

Feed Too Coarse for Young Stock.

Rushmore. — Farmers are having trouble in feeding corn to young stock, especially calves and yearlings. Where no hay is fed the food seems too coarse. One man lost nine yearlings in a week, and many have lost from one to three.

Scarlet Fever in Three Homes.

Litchfield.—Three homes in this city are quarantined for scarlet fever. The authorities are making every effort to stamp out the disease.

Blast Hurts Little Falls Man.

Little Falls. — Verne Carpenter, an auto repairman, was fatally injured when an automobile gasoline tank exploded. The building was destroyed by the fire which followed, together with six automobiles and repair tools. The loss is estimated at $12,000.

Pine Island. — The agricultural department of the Pine Island schools is holding a corn show for the counties of Dodge, Olmsted, Goodhue and Wabasha.

SALE DISCUSSED

DAVID N. WINTON SAYS WHITE EARTH BUYERS, "DIDN'T CUT HEADS OFF."

GIVES POSITIVE OPINION

Testifies That He Was Told Agreement Had Been Reached by Some. Other Witnesses at Hearing.

Minneapolis, Minn.—David N. Winter, a wealthy lumberman of Minneapolis, gave it as his opinion at the White Earth reservation hearing that a few buyers of timber at the Crookston sale in November, 1900, "got together and didn't cut each other's heads off."

This opinion was the most startling development of the day's session and marked an advance in the quality of the evidence which is being presented to prove a combination at the sale for the purpose of exclusive bidding opportunities. Mr. Winton was the first witness to express a positive opinion in favor of the theory of the representatives of the department of justice that there was such a combination. He testified also that another had told him that there was an agreement on the part of some of the buyers not to "cut each other's throats." He could, however, neither recall the name of his informant nor suggest the names of those who entered into the understanding.

Another witness, Luther Davies, merchant of Oshkosh, Wis., testified that while the sale was on he bid in some land and entered into an agreement with Hovey C. Clarke to sell it to him at an advance of $5,000, without investing a cent himself. He asserted that he and Clarke had no understanding as to bidding.

A second Minneapolis lumberman of prominence, Richard H. Chute, admitted in an open manner that the company of which he was the head had evaded a state law in its purchase of some land at the sale by bidding for it, through him, in his name. He denied knowledge of any combination among bidders.

A spirited show of feeling marked the hearing and created considerable diversion. The persons responsible were John J. Lynch, a witness, and Gus Beaulieu. The latter's attempt to interrogate Lynch met with a flat refusal which required the diplomacy of Representative Graham to overcome. A declaration of bad feeling between the witness and the man from the reservation was one incident, and the passage of insinuations another, of the quarrel.

Names Puzzle Graham.

Some of the names which designate natural features of the state have proved a source of amusement to Representative Graham of the investigating committee.

Thief River Falls and Rum river have both been named in the investigation. In the case of each the committee chairman has raised his brows.

"Is that the place where all these pillagers come from?" he asked Mr. Burch, when Thief River Falls was mentioned, and when the words Rum river broke from the lips of Richard H. Chute, a witness, Mr. Graham remarked that it was a wonder everybody around here didn't move up there. "Down south, where they are going in for irrigation, that river wouldn't have much show," he said.

FIGHTING SOON IN PEKIN.

Americans in Outskirts of City Called in by Ambassador.

London, Jan. 25. — The American minister at Pekin has called in all Americans living in outlying parts of the city, according to a news agency dispatch from Tien Tsin.

The friction between the Manchu troops of the imperial army and Yuan Shi Kai's force of Chinese troops constantly is increasing and a serious conflict may be precipitated at any moment.

THE MARKETS

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 25.—Wheat, May, $1.05¾; July $1.07½; No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 northern, $1.04¼; No. 1 durum, $1.01; No. 3 corn, 62½c; No. 3 white oats, 48c; barley, malting, $1.25; No. 2 rye, 89c; No. 1 flax, $2.10¼.

Duluth, Jan. 25.—Wheat, May, $1.05½; July, $1.06; No. 1 northern, $1.05½; No. 1 durum, $1.03.

South St. Paul, Jan. 25.—Cattle—steers, $4.75@8; cows, $3.50@6.25; calves, $3.25@7.50; hogs, $5.05@6.10; sheep and lambs, $2.50@5.75.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; market steady to 10c higher; beeves, $4.75@8.35; Texas steers, $4.40@5.75; western steers, $4.75@7.10; stockers and feeders, $3.60@5.90; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.50; calves, $5.50@8.75. Hog receipts, 27,000; market slow, 5c to 10c higher; light, $5.65@6.15; mixed, $5.85@6.35; heavy, $5.90@6.37½; rough, $5.90@6.10; pigs, $4.25@5.60; bulk of sales, $6.05@6.30. Sheep receipts, 15,000; market slow; native, $3.15@4.60; western, $3.50@4.65; yearlings, $4.75@6.70; lambs, native, $4.25@6.65; western, $4.75@6.60.

Forest Authority Dies.

Eau Claire, Wisconsin. — H. C. Putnam, regarded as the best practical authority on reforestration in the United States, died here aged 79 years. He began his work on reforestration in 1883. He was director in many banks and lumber companies.

Fire in Insane Asylum.

Danvers, Mass., Jan. 25. — Fire, which for a time threatened to destroy a large part of the state hospital for the insane here, caused a loss that will reach $15,000.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Delano.—Fire destroyed the farmhouse of Michael Fautsch, three miles southeast of here. Loss, $2,500; insurance, $400.

Le Sueur Center.—Sheriff Patrick Keogh arrested Ben Brandis, who is wanted at Elysian on a charge of horse stealing.

Winona.—Martin Lehane, wanted in connection with the theft of a mail pouch, was arrested. He denies all knowledge of the theft.

Winona.—Arrangements have been completed by Rev. Father Griffin for holding a two weeks' mission at the procathedral, commencing on Feb. 25.

St. Cloud.—Officer Joseph Dimler, for interfering with Patrolman Emil Lepinski in the act of arresting Dimler's brother, has been suspended for thirty days.

Fergus Falls.—Thomas Glanders, a merchant of Frazee, filed a bankruptcy petition in the United States court here, placing his assets at $677 and his liabilities at $1,883.

Minneapolis.—A night fire in commission row did $75,000 damage. Streams of almost priceless butter poured from the building with oranges and apples floating on the surface.

Winona. — A large portion of the mail stolen in the pouch taken from the Milwaukee depot here the night of Jan. 4 has been returned, having been tied up in a paper parcel and dropped

Rochester.—Beginning Monday, the agricultural department of the Pine Island schools had a corn show, in which the counties of Dodge, Olmsted, Goodhue and Wabasha complete for prizes.

Washington, D. C. — A subpoena will be immediately issued, requiring the presence of W. A. McGonagle, president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, before the steel committee.

Duluth.—The frozen body of Frank Blato was found in the woods near Brookston. The man was overcome by the cold while trying to reach a cedar camp several miles from the place, where he was found.

Litchfield.—The notion dealing firm of Selhaver & Shute, with stores at St. Cloud and Willmar, has gone into bankruptcy with liabilities of perhaps $8,000 and assets of half that amount. Fred. P. Bolles, Minneapolis, was selected trustee.

Duluth. — Fire in the Commercial club building caused a loss of $6,000. The damage to the building is estimated at $1,500 and the loss on the contents of the club $4,500. The fire started in a cigar store. Few people were in the club at the time. The loss is covered by insurance.

Duluth.—Labor agents of Duluth report that they are unable to get men enough to supply the demand. Eight agencies report a total of 1,800 men wanted for woods and other work. The wages offered for woods work have advanced somewhat over last November. The agents complain that many unemployed men do not want work.

Belle Plaine.—The old Belle Plaine hotel was almost totally destroyed by fire. The loss was about $13,000. How the fire originated is unknown, but when discovered it had gained considerable headway. Hampered by the cold weather, the fire department had trouble in checking it, but confined the flames to the upper stories. Damage to the lower story was mostly by water. The building is one of the oldest in the town. It has been on fire fourteen times, but never before did the fire get beyond control.

Minneapolis.—The Minneapolis automobile show to be held in the National Guard Armory Feb. 17-24, is the fifth annual show of the Minneapolis Automobile Show Association, and advance information is to the effect that there will be more of interest than ever before. Every inch of available space was taken within half an hour's time when the drawing for space was held and since that time the management has been obliged to refuse admittance to nearly a score of firms who were late with their applications. Hundreds of automobiles, gasoline and electric, pleasure and commercial, and accessories will be on display. There will be elaborate decorations, singing and band concerts.

St. Paul.—Owen Morris, of St. Paul, was elected grand master of the Masonic grand lodge of Minnesota. The following officers were chosen: John Fishel, St. Paul, grand secretary; W. Hayes Laird, Winona, deputy grand master; Robert E. Denfeld, Duluth, senior grand warden; David W. Knowlton, Minneapolis, grand treasurer; Bishop Samuel C. Edsall, Minneapolis, grand orator; Rev. Henry Nobbs, Monticello, grand chaplain; Rev. A. G. Pinkham, St. Paul, senior grand deacon; Albert Borg, Spooner, junior grand deacon; Hayden French, grand marshall; J. L. Cross, Staples, grand sword bearer; Dr. W. N. Kendrick, Spring Valley, senior grand steward; John S. Way, Northfield, grand pursuivant.

Barnesville. — Sunday newspapers were condemned in a sermon delivered by Rev. Fenscke, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of this city, who said the majority of Sunday newspapers were non-Christianizing. The pastor asserted they should not be read on Sunday, but laid aside until Monday.

Duluth. — Sam Polinsky, indicted for counterfeiting gold coin, was found not guilty by the federal jury. Edward Paul pleaded not guilty to the same charge against him, but the officers found 45 spurious five dollar gold pieces in his clothes.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

Washington.

The name of J. C. Wharton will be sent to the president for postmaster at Omaha.

Representative Sherley (Ky.) before interstate commerce committee urged his bill against patent medicines claiming fraudulent curative properties.

The resolution introduced by Senator Hitchcock (Nebraska) directing the foreign relations committee to report what authority existed for sending American troops into China was agreed to.

There are serious defects in the general mining laws of the United States as applied to Alaska and these defects are becoming more apparent is the opinion of Governor Clark, expressed in his annual report to Secretary of the Interior Fisher.

The Interstate Commerce commission dismissed the complaint of the Fairmont (Neb.) Creamery company against the Burlington. The creamery company complained of a rate of 32 cents per ten gallon can of cream from Concordia, Kas., to Crete, Neb.

The resentment of Colorado citizens' organizations and beet sugar growers at the testimony of three Colorado witnesses before the house sugar investigation committee was shown today when five representative citizens of the state appeared to refute the former testimony.

Andrew Carnegie is having trouble collecting from the government $28.70 in witness fees for his recent testimony before the house steel trust committee. The notary in New York who witnessed the voucher for Mr. Carnegie failed to affix his seal. Not until this defect is remedied will Uncle Sam give up the money.

General.

Congress this week is giving some attention to the matter of tolls for the Panama canal.

Senator Cummins of Iowa declined to discuss reports that he would be a presidential candidate.

William J. Bryan was honor guest at a banquet given by the Woodrow Wilson club at Tampa, Fla.

Mr. Sulzer of New York is drafting bills for the American embassy buildings at Mexico City, Berne Tokio and Hankow.

The special commission of the Turkish senate has accepted a petition for the dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies.

At St. Joseph, Thomas Marshall, 7 years old, coasted down a steep hill into the side of a street car and was killed.

James Speyer, the banker, has received from the German emperor the decoration of th Red Eagle of the second class.

Tuskegee's annual negro conference adopted the slogan, "Remain on the soil." Booker Washington presided over the conference.

The senate committee favorably reported Gamble bills to open 2,340,880 acres of unallotted Cheyenne River Standing Rock Indian lands in the Dakotas.

Secretary MacVeagh urged an appropriation for printing more currency paper to meet the shortage of small bills and provide "clean money."

John T. Bartenstein, manager of the wholesale department of a local coal company, Memphis, Tenn., was shot and instantly killed by W. T. Avery, formerly a real estate dealer.

In the senate the industrial expositions committee postponed until next Monday the hearing of California on measures for government participation in San Diego and San Francisco exposition in 1915.

Resolutions urging Nebraska's representatives in congress to support any measure to enable the United States bureau of immigration to more practically distribute alien immigrants, were passed by the Commercial club executive committee of Omaha.

Congressman Kinkaid (Neb.) introduced a bill providing for the issuance of land patents, subject to the government lien, to entrymen before the whole required period of residence has been completed. The object of the bill is to afford homesteaders a chance to employ their equity as collateral.

The Rev. R. C. McIlwain, rector emeritus of St. John's Episcopal church at Keokuk, Iowa, and for forty years a pastor, was sued for $50,000 in a breach of promise action by Mrs. Rosa Haga, 60 years old, now of Tulsa, Okla., but formerly of Keokuk.

The house labor committee approved the bill to create a children's bureau in the Commerce and Labor department.

Alvin W. Krech, president of the Equitable Trust company, New York, has submitted an offer to purchase all the stock of the Trust company of America at $275 a share.

In a letter to President Mendes of the Orthodox Jewish congregation of the United States and Canada, President Taft declared that compulsory arbitration in industrial disputes was a question for the states rather than the federal government to deal with.

The democratic iron and steel tariff schedule to amend the Payne-Aldrich law will be placed before the house full ways and means committee.

Shortages aggregating $9,000 have been found in the accounts of Ward Spelliman, teller of the Merchants National bank of Topeka, Kas., who was arrested.

Ambassadors and ministers of the foreign countries represented in Washington were entertained at a dinner at the White House by President and Mrs. Taft.

Congressman Norris (Neb.) proposes to amend his bill for placing the postal department under civil service by adding the postmaster general to those affected.

The republican city committee of St. Louis adopted a highly laudatory resolution indorsing Colonel Theodore Roosevelt for candidacy for the president in 1912.

The Equitable Life Assurance company has purchased the $2,518 mortgage on the home of the late battalion Chief William J. Walsh and presented it to his widow.

The will of Mme. Caroline Leroy Bonaparte, widow of Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, grand nephew of Emperor Napoleon, disposes of an estate valued at $600,000.

The Henry bill for changing the date of inauguration and assembling of congress was favorably reported by the house judiciary committee, with prospect of early debate.

Fire destroyed the four-story building occupied by the St. Louis Bag and Burlap company, St. Louis, causing a loss of $50,000. Adjoining buildings were damaged by water.

Armour and company's annual statement gives the net earnings for the year ending November 4, 1911, as $2,510,053, or about 2% per cent on the net capital investment which is listed as $94,493,366.

Secretary Meyer before the Interstate Commerce commission advocated government construction of twenty-two supply vessels for the Panama canal, through which the fleet will be sent regularly as a part of the drill exercises.

Contracts for the construction of two 27,000 ton superdreadnaughts, authorized at the last session of congress, will be awarded to the New York Ship Building company of Camden, N. J., and the Fore River Ship Building company of Quincy, Mass.

The movement for a fitting celebration in 1913 of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg took definite form when the Pennsylvania commission having the matter in charge appeared before the joint congressional committee and made public its plans.

The kaiser's third son, Prince Adelbert, is to visit the United States some time this year. He was born July 14, 1884, and is unmarried. The prince probably will follow in the footsteps of his uncle, Prince Henry of Prussia, as commander-in-chief of the imperial fleet.

Whether Senator Albert J. Cummins of Iowa will be a candidate for the republican nomination for the presidency will be discussed and probably determined at a meeting of the Iowa delegation in congress which will be called immediately upon the return of Senator Kenyon from Chicago.

An order was issued by the secretary of war detaching Brigadier General William W. Witherspoon from duty in Washington as president of the war college and assigning him to duty as commander in chief of the department of the gulf at Atlanta.

The late Associate Justice John Marshall Harlan of the supreme court of the United States left an estate of $18,000, of which $7,200 was in life insurance. Letters of administration were granted to his son, Interstate Commerce Commissioner James Harlan.

An issue of $20,000,000 5 per cent gold debenture bonds has been sold to a New York banking house, it was announced by the Chicago Rock Island Railroad company. The proceeds will be used for terminal additions and betterments to the system and for refunding purposes.

Cheridah Simpson, the musical comedy singer, filed suit in the superior court at Seattle, Wash., against Frank M. Stetson, a wealthy machinery dealer of Seattle, asking $35,000 damages for breach of promise. The complaint alleges that Stetson, in 1909, promised to wed the plaintiff, but in July, 1911, married Miss Bessie Franklin.

Personal.

Bishop Rowe of Alaska before the territories committee recommended a public health commission in Alaska.

Mrs. Roosevelt is in poor health and may take a sea voyage.

Cuban veterans have promised they will stay out of politics.

The Armour Packing company earned $2,510,000 in 1911.

Rt. Rev. P. A. McGovern has been appointed bishop of Cheyenne.

President Taft's name has been signed for the Nebraska primaries.

Samuel Gompers discussed injunction legislation before the house judiciary committee.

Andrew Carnegie earned $28.70 witness fees by appearing before the house steel trust committee.

Taft and La Follette forces in Nebraska are active for their respective candidates.

Senator Hitchcock (Nebraska) desires information as to why troops were sent to China.

Bills granting pensions to the widows of Admirals Schley and Evans were introduced in the senate.

Representative Berger (Wis.), socialist) proposed a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage.

Mrs. William Rapp, known to the musical world as Mme. Schumann-Helnck, says she will file suit for divorce.

RAILROAD MAN WRITES REMARKABLE LETTER.

In 1903 and 1904, I was a terrible sufferer for about five months with kidney and bladder trouble. I could not sleep nights. One doctor said I was going into consumption and gave me up to die. Had two other doctors but received no help from either of them and am sure I would have been in my grave had I not seen your advertisement in the "Marinette Daily Eagle Star." After taking several bottles of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root I was entirely cured.

In the last two years I have been a railroad fireman and have passed two examinations for my kidneys successfully so that I know that my kidneys are in excellent condition now as a result of your great preparation.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE KENSLER,
109½ 13th Ave. So., Minneapolis, Minn.

Personally appeared before me this 25th of September, 1909, George Kensler, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

HENRY GRAASS,
Notary Public,
Door County, Wis.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

"Those Youthful Prodigies."

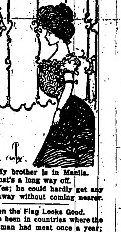
"Will wonders never cease?" said Jones to his wife. "Here is an account of a six-year-old boy who can work the most difficult problems in algebra."

"Remarkable!" admitted Mrs. Jones, "but I know a four-year-old girl that knows Greek. Where does your little wonder live?"

"In Boston. Where does your linguistic marvel live?"

Mrs. Jones gazed out of the window with a far-away look in her eyes as she answered: "In Greece."—National Food Magazine.

FAR AS HE COULD GO.



She—My brother is in Manila.
He—That's a long way off.
She—Yes; he could hardly get any further away without coming nearer.

When the Flag Looks Good.

"I have been in countries where the laboring man had meat once a year; sometimes twice—Christmas and Easter. And I have seen women carrying upon their heads a burden that no man would like to carry, and at the same time knitting busily with both hands. And those women lived without meat; and when I thought of the American laborer I said to myself: 'After all, my country is the best in the world.' And when I came back to the sea and saw the old flag flying in the air, it seemed to me as though the air from pure joy had burst into blossom."—Robert G. Ingersoll.

SURPRISED DOCTOR.

Illustrating the Effect of Food.

The remarkable adaptability of Grape-Nuts food to stomachs so disordered that they will reject everything else, is illustrated by the case of a woman in Racine, Wis.

"Two years ago," she says, "I was attacked by a stomach trouble so serious that for a long time I could not take much of any sort of food. Even the various kinds prescribed by the doctor produced most acute pain.

"We then got some Grape-Nuts food, and you can imagine my surprise and delight when I found that I could eat it with a relish and without the slightest distress.

"When the doctor heard of it he told me to take several small portions each day, because he feared I would grow tired of it as I had of all other food.

"But to his surprise, (and that of everybody else), I did not tire of Grape-Nuts, and became better day by day, till, after some weeks, my stomach entirely recovered and I was able to eat anything my appetite craved.

"My nerves, which had become so weakened that I feared I would become insane, were also restored by the Grape-Nuts food in connection with Postum which has become our table beverage. I appreciate most gratefully and thankfully the good that your food preparations have done me, and shall be glad to answer any letters inquiring as to my experience." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

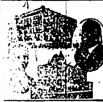
A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College



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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to....,
H. E. IVES, President,
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, January 27, 1912.

Alvah Eastman, editor of the St. Cloud Journal-Press, has announced his candidacy for the republican nomination for congressman at large.

The prohibitionists suffered a severe deafeat in the decision of the supreme court declaring that liquor may be shipped from one state into dry counties of another state though prohibited by laws of the dry states.

Though the announced purpose of the investigation to inquire into the cause for the present low stage of water in the Red Lake river was defeated, much good may indirectly come from them. The advantages of the construction of dams to control the flow of water in the river were clearly set forth in the statement of the committee of the Grand Forks commercial club. "The Red Lake river could be brought, by a series of dams, to a nearly uniform level or unvarying stage through most of the year."

Progress of Socialism

In the last issue of Hampton's Columbian magazine, Charles Edward Russell, candidate for governor of New York on the socialist ticket in 1910, is accorded eleven full pages for an article on "Socialism, Where it Stands Today," which is profusely illustrated. The article is perhaps of special interest to Crookston because Crookston is mentioned in it twice as being among the growing list of American cities that has a socialist mayor.

The growth of socialism has been so remarkable that no man with brains can ignore it. For years the press of the country, Russell claims and with good reason, tried to ignore socialism and would scarcely give the briefest mention of anything that required the use of the word "socialist," unless it was in connection with a murder or outrage of some kind.

With a state like Ohio having twenty-nine socialist mayors, New York twenty-eight, and many others a substantial number, and with the socialists organized upon the most substantial basis of any political party ever known in the world's history, the powers that be might just as well sit up and take notice, and make a little memorandum in their book that here is something to be reckoned with.

The Times stated two years ago that some of the slogans of socialism would be adopted by the dominant parties soon or they would cease to be the dominant parties. Few who are keeping tag on the political wig-wagging on the horizon have failed to see the significance of the thousands enrolling under the banner of socialism.

Many who have helped elect a socialist candidate, however, are not socialists. They never joined the socialist party and never will, but they took that means of administering a slap to the party they have affiliated with, as a warning that certain abuses must cease, and that domination by any corrupt gang or other influence that was spreading outside its own bailiwick must cease, and fair treatment must be accorded to every individual.

People have voted the socialist ticket, not because they believed in socialism, or even pretended to know what it would mean or bring about, but because they wanted to defeat the other party. They voted on the theory that any change must be a change for the better. When the rank and file of voters get in that frame of mind then it is time that the old parties got their cue.

The rank and file cannot be humbugged on the same things all the time. Meaningless "planks" and hollow promises can no longer turn the tide of votes. The people will never be satisfied till the goods are delivered. The old flim-flam game has been going on so long that only when the dominant party really accomplishes something that is for the benefit of the laboring classes will there be any response in the vote line.

At intervals some political makes an announcement favoring something advocated by the socialists. "Government ownership of telegraph systems, to be operated in connection with the postoffice department, is advocated by Secretary Hitchcock. President Taft has O. K'd the plan.

This is significant only as it means a granting of a demand of the people, because the telegraph companies and the express companies of the country have been in the class of legalized brigands, openly robbing the people legally.

We analyze the situation briefly as follows: If the people cannot get justice any other way, they will vote with the socialists, with utter disregard of what the result would be. Rather than submit to unreasonable domination or be dictated to by any power, they will revolt and socialism will score still greater victories.

Wise is that political leader who does not shut his eyes to the handwriting on the wall, and who will fight for those principles which the people are demanding of their public servants, and if the demands of the people are not granted, then it will serve the stiff necked reprobates exactly right if socialism does sweep the land.

No man was created to wear a yoke, and if this "land of the free and home of the brave" would be made a joke of and disgraced by political hypocrites and domineering money grabbers, then put it down in your little red note book the ranks of the socialists will continue to swell. Shutting our eyes to a danger does not avoid the fatal clash. As well stick your head in a sandpile.—Crookston Times.

There is a prize for you as well as others, too, at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

Give the Boy a Chance

This year the state is offering $800 in prizes for the boys who can grow the most corn on one acre of land. In addition to the cash prizes, the Minneapolis Tribune has offered a scholarship for one year at the school of agriculture at St. Anthony Park, as a sweepstakes prize for the champion corn grower of the state.

This contest will mean a great deal to the boys and to agriculture in the state. It will stimulate an interest in corn growing and in better crops, which can be aroused in no other way. Every boy who follows the rules of the contest and carries it through to completion will be stronger for having done so. The boy who establishes a yield record for his county adds to the value of land in his locality, shows what the soil can be made to produce by the practice of good methods.

Every farmer who has a boy between the ages of 10 and 18 years can afford to give him an acre of ground for this contest. Every father should not only give his boy the use of the land, but he should encourage him to enter the contest, furnish him with seed, advise him in his selection, and in the method of preparing the land and cultivating the crop. Give the boy a chance to see what he can do. If he wins a prize for production, or gets his name on the state honor roll for crop production, he has accomplished something worth while, and deserves great credit.

The rules for this contest will be issued soon. The extension division is anxious to reach as many boys as possible by means of this contest. Everyone interested in the development of the boy should cooperate with the extension division by boosting for this contest.—O. M. Olson, Extension Div. Minn. College of Agriculture.

Boys in Pool Halls

A mother recently addressed the Open Court on the danger of allowing young boys to frequent pool halls at all hours. The Herald's attention is called to the fact that this subject is fully covered by a law adopted at the last session of the legislature.

Chapter 183 of the general laws for 1911 prohibits "all persons under the age of 18 years, or who are minor pupils in any school," from playing pool or billiards in or frequenting any public pool or billiard room. It also provides that boys who violate this law may be fined. Better still, it provides that proprietors of pool or billiard halls who allow boys under 18 to frequent their places of business may be fined or sent to jail. An amendment excepts from these provisions boys who have the written consent of parents or guardians.

This seems to be law enough to cover the subject; but of course no law is useful unless it is enforced. Interested parents will have no trouble in seeing that this law is enforced.—Duluth Herald.

Program for Examinations

For common school certificates, to be held February 8, 9, and 10, 1912.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8
(First Grade Studies)

A. M.—	8:00	Enrollment
	8:30	Geometry
	10:15	Physics
P. M.—	1:15	Algebra
	2:45	Physical Geography or General History
	4:15	Agriculture

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9
(Second Grade Studies)

A. M.—	8:00	Enrollment
	8:20	Professional Test
	8:30	Spelling
	10:00	Arithmetic
P. M.—	1:15	Geography
	2:45	Composition
	3:30	Reading
	4:30	Penmanship

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10
(Second Grade Studies, Continued)

A. M.—	8:00	United States History
	9:35	English Grammar
	10:10	Music
P. M.—	1:15	Physiology-Hygiene
	2:45	Civics
	4:00	Drawing

If Professional Test consumes less than sixty minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed thirty minutes earlier.

If Composition, Reading, Physiology-Hygiene, or Civics, do not require the full time the remaining time may be used for the subjects [illegible]

Costumes for ladies as well as men. Leave orders with M. Lasel at Pitkin's hardware store not later than Feb. 3.

Treasures in Mexico

According to Consul Magill of Mexico that country is rich in rare curios, especially in copper and gold luster ware, which can be bought for bullion price. Carvings in ivory, fans, and ornaments done in the highest art can be picked up for a song. Old jewels in settings of centuries past are quite plenty. But he advises care in the selection, just as one should be careful to select golden grain belt beers for their summer beverage or table assistant to digestion. Once tried, never forgotten. Order of Alex Thompson, Crookston, or of your dealer.

He Wants to Show His Old Friends

On his way home to Chicago last week James Ward made the statement at Crookston that he would like to make a flight from Crookston to his home in St. Hilaire with a side trip to Thief River Falls. He has made an offer that will no doubt be accepted. He wants to give his parents and old-time friends an opportunity to see him in action as a birdman and he is willing to make the flights for the bare expense of shipping his machine and bringing his men here.

He begins his 1912 season's work in June and suggests some time in that month as the date for the proposed flights here.

District Court

The first term of district court for Pennington county convened Monday, was in session Monday and Tuesday, and adjourned to Feb. 26.

The grand jury found five indictments. They also made the following report and recommendations in regard to noxious weeds:

"The grand jury of the county of Pennington, regularly assembled at the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, for the January, 1912, general term of the district court, beg leave to submit the following report and recommendation, towit:

"That the attention of the proper officials of each town or municipality in this county is hereby called to the provisions of chapter 37, R. S. 1905, and chapter 70, G. L. 1911, relative to the suppression of noxious weeds, and are hereby urged to enforce the provisions thereof, particularly along the roadsides in said county. To this end we recommend that at the next annual town meeting to be held in each of the organized towns, each town be divided into three weed districts, one of which shall be assigned to each member of the town board, and over which he shall have general supervision for the purpose of aiding in the enforcement of said chapters above referred to."

"We further recommend that a copy of this report be published in each of the newspapers of said county."

Respectfully submitted,
W. O. LONG,
Foreman of the Grand Jury.

If you have a big nose, be sure and come; there is a prize for you at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

For Sale or Trade

Improved quarter section, thirty miles northeast of Bismark, N. D., six miles from new Northern Pacific branch line built last year, house, barn, granary, well, etc., all fenced. Terms, $20 per acre, $1000 first mortgage at 6 percent balance cash. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

Can include one or two adjoining quarters on easy terms.

C. W. LYMAN.

Notice

Annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Co-Operative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire Monday, the 5th day of Febrauary next, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may come before the meeting. Dated January 20, 1912. j19-21 NELS K. ANDERSON.

Don't wait until the last day to order your costume. See M. Lasell at Pitkin's hardware not later than Feb. 3, in order to get a costume in time for the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office Phone 24 Residence Phone 94.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

Trim up, spruce up, get a costume for the masquerade ball. M. Lasell has a catalog of all kinds of costumes.

HIT HIM IN TWO PLACES.

The Way Cicero Treated His Devoted Admirer Patrarch.

In the early autumn of 1358 Petrarch suffered an accident which may be narrated in his own words. "You shall hear," he writes to a friend, "what a trick Cicero, the man whom I have loved and worshiped from my boyhood, has just played me. I possess a huge volume of his letters, which I wrote out some time ago with my own hand because there was no original manuscript accessible to the copyists. Ill health hindered me, but my great love of Cicero and delight in the letters and eagerness to possess them prevailed against my bodily weakness and the laboriousness of the work. This is the book which you have seen leaning against the doorpost at the entry to my library. One day while going into the room thinking about something else, as I often do, I happened inadvertently to catch the book in the fringe of my gown. In its fall it struck me lightly on the left leg a little above the heel. 'What! My Cicero,' quoth I, bantering him, 'pray what are you hitting me for?' He said nothing, but next day as I came again the same way he hit me again, and again I laughed at him and set him up in his place. Why make a long story? Over and over again I went on suffering the same hurt, and, thinking he might be cross at having to stand on the ground, I put him up a shelf higher, but not till after the repeated blows on the same spot had broken the skin and a far from despicable sore had resulted. I despised it, though, reckoning the cause of my accident of much more weight than the accident itself. At last, when the pain was too much not only for my wit, but for sleep and rest, so that to neglect the thing any longer seemed not courage, but madness, I was forced to call in the doctors, who have now for some days been fussing over this really ridiculous wound, not without great pain and some danger to the wounded limb, as they insist, though I think you know just what reliance I place on their prognostications either of good or evil. So this is how my beloved Cicero has treated me. He long ago struck my heart, and now he has struck my leg." —From H. C. Hollway-Calthorp's "Petrarch."

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."

"The doctor order it?"

"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

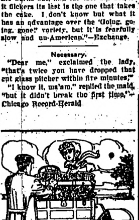
Sailing by Candle Time.

"It did me good," observed a young girl who had just returned from England, "to see in real life one of the old customs my grandfather used to tell me about—the burning of the time candle at an auction. In Berkshire the old custom still prevails, and when an auction is in progress and an article is put up for bidding a short length of candle is lighted as the bidding begins. The shouting continues until the candle burns out, and the last bid before it flickers its last is the one that takes the cake. I don't know but what it has an advantage over the 'Going, going, gone!' variety, but it is fearfully slow and un-American."—Exchange.

Necessary.

"Dear me," exclaimed the lady, "that's twice you have dropped that cut glass pitcher within five minutes!"

"I know it, ma'am," replied the maid, "but it didn't break the first time."—Chicago Record-Herald



Tourists

who know the triumphs and troubles, pleasures and punctures on the road, include in their equipment

Hamm's Beer

"Leads them All"

Its wholesome deliciousness adds to the joy of touring.

Theo. Hamm Brewing Co.
St. Paul, Minn.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	95
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	89
Flax, No. 1	$1.96
" " 2	1.85
Barley, for 50 lbs	99
Oats	39
Eggs	25
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@7
Hides	10
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:35	a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40	"

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20	p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15	"

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m.

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PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

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WASHINGTON D. C.

Mortgage Forclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 16, 1908, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, towit: the sum of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, bearing date the 16th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m., in book 35 of mortgages on page 90, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book [illegible] of mortgages on page 41[illegible];

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to B. L. Mattson, by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages on page 501, and in Pennington county in book 42 of mortgages on page 94; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: Southeast quarter (se¼) of Section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 29th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30) and taxes if any and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

B. L. MATTSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, }
Pennington County } ss.

In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Robert McGinn, doing business as McGinn Hardware Co., } Plaintiff

vs

Lucy Grundy, Defendant

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of district court in and for said county, and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred twenty dollars and eighteen cents ($420.18), with interest on the sum of two hundred eighty-five dollars and eighteen cents ($285.18) at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 15th day of January, 1912, together with his costs and disbursements in this action.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. j27-m9

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PATENTS

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. [illegible]

MUNN & Co. [illegible] New York

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 7:30 p. m.

Sunday school every Sunday at 2 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. B. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.

PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Feb. 4, at 7:30 p. m.

FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services Sunday, Jan. 28, at 11 a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

O. F. POST, Sec. C. K. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3800 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.

CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791 Modern Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 186 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.

H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

O. H. Peters was a county seat visitor Tuesday.

Miss Olga Hanson went to Red Lake Falls Monday.

Knute Kelstad was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

C. C. Elliott left yesterday on a business trip to Iowa and Illinois.

R. L. and Oscar Hauge were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

Miss Lydia Kolstad went to Crookston Saturday to visit with friends.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a masquerade ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

Miss Kate Patterson returned on Tuesday evening from a visit to Thief River Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Hauge returned Tuesday from a visit to friends at Halstad.

Oscar Gunstad returned Monday to his work at Badger, after a few weeks visit with home friends

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. A. S. Wilson.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, Feb. 4, at 10:30 a. m.

H. Goergen and N. and D. Lazar were examined for citizenship paper Monday and were awarded the same.

The confirmation class of the United church will meet at the parsonage next Saturday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Get your costume made of calico, gingham, or percale, for we are going to have a costume that will beat them out at ......

The young friends of Miss Mildred Fellman gave her a surprise party Thursday evening, the occasion being her birthday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

County Surveyor C. H Martz transacted official business at the county seats of Pennington and Red Lake counties this week.

A. R. Jones has been quite a sufferer from rheumatism in the arm for several weeks but has stuck to his post at the farmers elvator notwithstanding.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store, tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Others do, why not you, come to the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9, 1912.

Mrs. James Ward returned on Wednesday to Chicago, after a few weeks' visit at the Hans Wilson home. She was accompanied as far as Crookston by Miss Tomina Wilson,

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

H. O. Jackson has received word that his job as watchman at the saw mill at Fort Francis is still open and he will return there in the near future. The expected change of ownership of the property did not take place,

Come and see who has the largest feet at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9,

M. A. Brattland of Ada, Minn., will speak on the question, "Socialism or Industrial Depression, Which," at Imperial hall, Tuesday evening, Feb. 6. He will speak either in the English or Norwegian language, as requested.

Mr and Mrs. Hans Wilson entertained at cards Tuesday evening in honor of their daughter-in-law, Mrs. James Ward of Chicago. The guests were Mr, and Mrs, A. S. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Steen, Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Post, Mr. and Mrs. G. Fellman, Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister, Miss Alice Hall, and Mrs. Medjie of Norwich, N. D. Refreshments were served at twelve o'clock.

Spectator $1.00

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Cold weather again after a few days fine.

C. A. Pitkin went Friday to Crookston.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

O. H. Olson went Thursday to Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Highland came down from Halstad Thursday.

S. J. Amble returned yesterday from a visit to Thief River Falls.

Come one, come all, to the firemen's mask ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

Miss Echo Olson went Friday to Red Lake Falls to consult an oculist and visit friends.

H. Solow of Grand Forks has been visiting his sister, Mrs. D. Lazar, this week.

Andrew Letvig returned last evening from Plummer where he has been digging a well.

Ole Mattson, who has been visiting at John Walbeck's, returned yesterday to his home at Fargo.

Parties not wearing a full costume at the masquerade must keep off the floor until after 12 o'clock Feb. 9.

Miss Ella Krueger returned yesterday to Red Lake Falls, after a visit with her brother, Carl Krueger.

William Medjie came last evening from his home at Norwich, N. D., to join his wife in a visit at the Letvig home,

Dr. Owens, A. A. Bakken, and A. Satterberg saw the wrestling match at Thief River Falls Wednesday evening.

Rudolph Myer of Star City, Sask., came down Tuesday to visit his sister, Mrs. M. Fricker, and other friends here and at Thief River Falls.

Lazar and Lazar will dissolve partnership. They have been busy this week dividing their stock of merchandise. D. Lazar will continue the business here and N. Lazar will seek another location.

The gymnasium outfit is being put in place as rapidly as possible and the books for the library have been received from the state. The rooms will soon be ready to be opened to public,

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 10 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting,

A. Satterberg.

Little Leone, J. F. Baban's little girl, has been very ill this week, but is reported better. The grandmother, Mrs. Stivers, came from Dugdale Wednesday to be with the little one.

Patrick McAndress and Miss Eva Singles of Minneapolis were married Wednesday the 24th inst., at Grand Forks, by the Catholic priest. They at once left for their home at Minneapolis,

Mrs. A. M, Edstrom returned yesterday to her home at Randolph, Minn., after a few weeks' visit with her father, K. O. Gigstad. She was accompanied to Crookston by her sister, Josie Gigstad,

A Request

I am closing my books for the year and wish all those who know themselves to be indebted to me would kindly calland make settlement,

A. H PITKIN.

Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. August Swenson take this method of thanking all those who in their generosity contributed toward the chair for their lame boy, Ferdinand.

For Sale or Trade

Two 3 14-in. breaker bottom P. and O. engine gang plows, $195. Will trade this set of plows for breaking 40 acres two and a half miles from St. Hilaire,

Will set up and start these plows, and guarantee them to do as good work as any other plow made. Cash or bankable paper. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.

C. W. LYMAN.

This coming with your Sunday-go-to-meeting suit and a mask on won't do at the masquerade. Put on another suit and face and come Feb. 9,

YOUR LAST CHANCE
TO BUY WINTER GOODS

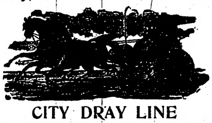
To make room for our spring stock coming in every day, we will close out our winter goods, such as

Sheep Lined and Fur Lined Coats
woolen Underwear, Sweaters
Felt Shoes,

At ONE-HALF Price

LAZAR & LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



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The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
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The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice: the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

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made from No. 1 hard wheat Give us a trial.

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I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
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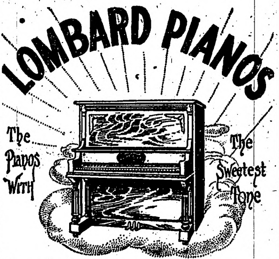
LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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St. Hilaire Telephone Exchane

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have not telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under model office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District, and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (15,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 40 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with [illegible] magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has no other school like the D. B. C. [illegible] Next term begins [illegible]

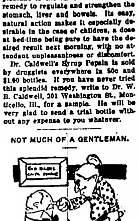
THE PEEVISH CHILD NEEDS TREATMENT

When a child sulks drowsily, or is fretful, it is usually due to some slight disorder of the digestive organs, and a mild laxative is very often all that is necessary to restore cheerfulness and buoyancy of spirits.

In cases where the use of a gentle, effective laxative stimulant is indicated, many of the best physicians are now prescribing Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is admittedly the perfect laxative, being mild, yet positive in its action on the bowels, and far preferable to violent cathartics and purgative waters. It is very pleasant to the taste and is an ideal remedy to regulate and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels. Its easy, natural action makes it especially desirable in the case of children, a dose at bed-time being sure to have the desired result next morning, with no attendant unpleasantness or discomfort.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this splendid remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., for a sample. He will be very glad to send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

NOT MUCH OF A GENTLEMAN.



Jones—If you keep on abusing me I may forget that I'm a gentleman.

Mrs. Jones—You wouldn't have much to forget.

Not a Lively Fish, at Best.

One of the porters on the train out of Salt Lake City was an impassive-looking negro, who had a ready, if inaccurate, answer to almost any question put him by the passengers. It was hard to tell whether he believed all that he said or whether he was having fun with his questioners.

One man, on first catching sight of the lake, asked if there were any fish in it.

"No, sah," said the porters, "dere ain't no fishes in dat lake, sah. Dey done tried ter see ef dey couldn't have fishes in dare, but dey wouldn't stay alive. De fishes dat stayed alive de longest was salt mack'r'l, but dey wa'n't very prosp'rous, sah."—Youth's Companion.

"Those Youthful Prodigies."

"Will wonders never cease?" said Jones to his wife; "Here is an account of a six-year-old boy who can work the most difficult problems in algebra."

"Remarkable!" admitted Mrs. Jones, "but I know a four-year-old girl that knows Greek. Where does your little wonder live?"

"In Boston. Where does your linguistic marvel live?"

Mrs. Jones gazed out of the window with a far-away look in her eyes as she answered: "In Greece."—National Food Magazine.

The Curse.

"May you hab t'ree sons, and may dey all marry for love!"—London Opinion.

FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

FITS

If you suffer from Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Spasms, or have children that do so, my New Treatment will relieve them, and all you are asked to do is to send for a FREE $2.00 Bottle of Dr. May's Formula. It has relieved permanently the very worst cases when everything else has failed. Please write and give age and complete address.

DR. W. H. MAY, 548 Pearl St., New York

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES TIRED EYES

PISO'S Best for COUGHS & COLDS

RED CROSS FOUNDER

Clara Barton Celebrates Ninetieth Birthday Anniversary.

Failing Health of Woman Who Conceived Idea of Aiding Wounded Soldiers During Civil War Prevents Celebration.

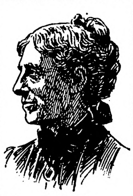
Washington.—Miss Clara Barton, famous the world over as a Red Cross worker, reached her ninetieth birthday anniversary Christmas day. Congratulatory messages from friends and admirers in many parts of the world were received at the home of the famous nurse at Glen Echo, Md., a few miles from this city.

Friends and neighbors of Miss Barton contemplated having a celebration of her anniversary, but all plans in this direction were abandoned because of the precarious condition of her health.

Miss Barton has been failing ever since her serious illness last winter. Of the friends who called at Glen Echo only the most intimate were permitted to see her.

Few women of America have had a more active or more interesting career than Clara Barton. She was born in Oxford, Mass., December 25, 1821, the daughter of Capt. Stephen Barton, who fought under Gen. Anthony Wayne. In her early career she was a school-teacher. She founded a free school at Bordentown, N. J., which, beginning with six pupils, quickly grew until it numbered nearly 600. This work she gave up to accept a place in the patent office at Washington, which she held until the outbreak of the Civil war.

After giving up her government position Miss Barton advertised in a newspaper in Worcester, Mass., that she would receive stores and money for wounded soldiers at the front, which she personally would distribute. Her appeal was liberally answered, and she began her great relief work.



Clara Barton.

She continued with the soldiers in Virginia during nearly the entire period of the war, being head nurse of the hospitals among the armies on the James.

Miss Barton went to Europe in 1869, and was abroad when the Franco-Prussian war broke out. She lost no time in going to Strassburg and beginning the work of nursing the wounded soldiers. She proceeded later to Paris and rendered assistance in relieving distress at the time of the commune.

The American Association of Red Cross was formed in 1881, and Miss Barton was chosen its first president, which position she continued to fill until the reorganization of the society several years ago, when, realizing that she was no longer young enough to direct the affairs of the society, she yielded the management to other hands.

During the more than twenty years that Miss Barton sustained the movement in America, she visited numerous scenes of disaster, such as Johnstown after the flood, Galveston after the tidal wave, sections where forest fires had denuded the country and impoverished its people, or where the abundant waters of the Mississippi had overflowed, carrying death and desolation to thousands.

It is to be earnestly hoped that Miss Barton will live to witness many more Christmas days. She is comforted and sustained in her declining days by the prayers and blessings of many who have benefited by her gentle ministrations, and by the knowledge of good work accomplished.

CAN'T TELL HIS SONS APART

Marvelous Texas Twins Who Exchange Sweethearts and the Latter Don't Know It.

Fort Worth, Texas.—John Cobb Harris, a wealthy Mansfield farmer, came to Fort Worth to make a new will, because he was unable to tell his twin sons apart. The will he destroyed gave John Harris certain property and Cobb, the other twin, other realty, but Harris had divided his property just opposite to his own desires.

Harris' sons are 22 years of age and among the most remarkable twins in the country. Both are six feet six inches tall and muscular. With their hats on their father cannot tell one from the other, but John is a little more bald than his brother.

The twins keep a common bank account and always speak of "our money," "our horse" and even "our girl," as they frequently play a joke on their sweethearts by exchanging them.

Once Wealthy, Dies in Road.

Newburg, N. Y.—Drivers of an ash wagon recently found the frozen body of Brayton W. Bennet, fifty-five years old, in the road running through the city dump. Bennet, who was once one of the city's most prosperous furniture merchants, lived in the city and town home. He had received a short leave of absence and was returning to the institution when the extreme cold overtook him.

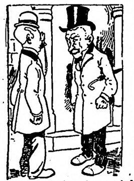
SUFFERED FOURTEEN YEARS.

A Terrible Case of Dropsy and How It Was Cured.

Mrs. W. R. Cody, 403 Tenth St., Lewiston, Idaho, says: "I was so lame and sore I could hardly move. Headaches were frequent and my whole body bloated. I had chills and hot flashes and my ankles swelled so I could scarcely wear my shoes. Kidney secretions bothered me and my nerves were unstrung. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and soon the swelling diminished. The backache and other troubles quickly disappeared, and I was completely cured."

"When Your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c, all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE WAY NOWADAYS.



Hoax—My daughter has reached the age when a girl begins to think of marriage.

Joax—Just seven years old, eh?

The Thin Girl's Temper.

No thin woman can afford to lose her temper. "Nothing," says a good authority, "will make you so angular or give your face such an undesirable look as the free indulgence of your own will." A girl who was thin to a really painful degree gained 30 pounds in 60 days on the following regime: Twelve hours' sleep a day; a well-ventilated and cold room to sleep in, with plenty of fresh air all night; light down coverlets for warmth and hot-water bags at the feet if they are cold; loose, light clothing at all times, with plenty of space about the chest, shoulders and waist; a diet of cereals, cocoa, fresh fruits or starchy vegetables, potatoes, beans, etc., milk and cream—everything of a warming, fat-producing nature in the way of food; warm baths, though not too frequently.

An Every-Day Creed.

I desire to radiate health, cheerfulness, sincerity, calm courage and good will. I wish to live without hate, whim, jealousy, envy or fear. I wish to be simple, honest, natural, frank, clean in mind and clean in body, unaffected, ready to say "I do not know" if so it be, to meet all men on an absolute equality, to face any obstacle and meet every difficulty unafraid and unabashed. I wish others to live their lives, too, up to their highest, fullest and best. To that end I pray that I may never meddle, dictate, interfere, give advice that is not wanted, nor assist when my services are not needed. If I can help people I'll do it by giving them a chance to help themselves; and if I can uplift or inspire let it be by example. That is to say, I desire to be radiant—to radiate life.—Elbert Hubbard.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Celebrated Basso.

"When Herr Growler began to sing did you not observe how our hostess glanced apprehensively at the windows?"

"Yes. I dare say she was afraid the window-panes would be shattered."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

One of the Perils of Divorce.

"How do you like your new papa, little girl?" asked the neighbor.

"Not very well," was the reply. "I told ma yesterday that I could have picked out a better one myself."—Detroit Free Press.

Slow.

"Myra, how long has Joe Nevius been going with you?"

"About 18 years."

"That seems an awful long time."

"Yes; I sometimes wonder if Joe's ever going to ask me to marry him."

Hamlins Wizard Oil is recommended by many physicians. It is used in many public and private hospitals. Why not keep a bottle on hand in your own home?

Any man ought to get three square meals a day if he is able to work and able to keep from being worked.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

Even if a woman can't afford a new hat she can criticise her neighbor's.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

One thing rarer than a day in June is a woman who has nothing to say.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

No man ever abuses an enemy as much as he does his stomach.

THE HOME LIFE OF THE SETTLER

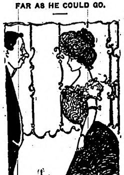
WESTERN CANADA AFFORDS ALL THE COMFORTS AND MANY OF THE LUXURIES.

A young lady of Wisconsin secured a certificate at the Milwaukee office of the Canadian Government, and on presenting this to the ticket agent of the railway at the Canadian boundary line she secured a ticket at a reduced rate which carried her to Edmonton, Alberta, from which point, about forty miles, she had friends. This was a couple of years ago, and the young lady is now married to one of the promising young farmers of the district.

In writing of her trip to the Milwaukee representatives of the Canadian Government she says: "I enjoyed my trip up here very much, and expect to go out to our homestead in the Pembina district next spring." To the housewife the information that she has "put up twelve quarts of raspberries" is important, as they "picked them themselves," and they might have picked ten times the quantity if they had required them, for there is no country where wild fruit grows in such abundance. The letter goes on to say, and this is interesting from a woman's standpoint, "the country is very beautiful." Speaking of the friends with whom she went up to live, she says: "They certainly have a beautiful farm and house"—they had been there about four years, also going from Wisconsin—"they have about twenty acres of oats and barley, five acres alfalfa, three acres potatoes and I don't know how many of vegetables. I think they have about forty acres under cultivation altogether. They are now draining a slough which they will afterwards plow and put into fall wheat. They also have a large herd of cattle, and Mrs. C. has about 100 chickens. They make on an average of 30 pounds of butter every week. I never saw such grand cream."

Now these people are enjoying life in Alberta; they have a splendid climate, excellent prospects, and are happy that they are part and parcel in the working out of the upbuilding of a new country, that will take its place amongst the progressive countries of the century. Numbers of letters that express satisfaction as extreme as the one quoted appear in literature sent out by the Canadian Government and which may be had on application to any of its agents.

FAR AS HE COULD GO.



She—My brother is in Manila.

He—That's a long way off.

She—Yes; he could hardly get any further away without coming nearer.

See Value in Open-Air Schools.

During the year 1911 the greatest percentage of increase among the different forms of anti-tuberculosis work was among the open-air schools for anemic and tuberculous children. On January 1, 1911, there were only 29 open-air schools in operation or provided for in the entire country. On January 1, 1912, there were 91, an increase of 214 per cent. Sixty-two new schools have been established or provided for this past year. This entire number of open-air schools have been established since January 1, 1907.

Her Logic.

It was the week before Christmas. Emery and his younger sister, Mildred, were debating very seriously the reality of Santa Claus.

"There isn't any Santa Claus," said Emery, with finality.

"Why, there must be," insisted his sister. "How could they make pictures that look just like him?"

Post Toasties

A Treat
So Sweet;
Add Cream
Then Eat.

Post Toasties

"The Memory Lingers"

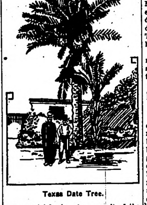
Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

DATE GROWING IN TEXAS

Federal Government Aiding Development of Fruit in Southern Part of Lone Star State.

Fort Brown, Tex.—The federal government is lending valuable assistance to the development of the date growing industry in South Texas. In the government plant testing gardens at Fort Brown are a number of varieties of date palms which are said to be doing as well as in the countries where these fruit bearing trees are native.

There are already many producing date palms in the lower border region of Texas, but it was not until the last few years that steps began to be taken to place the industry on a commercial basis. As a result of the success that has been attained at the Fort Brown reservation in growing the palms many people of this section have planted large groves of the trees and some of them have already come into bearing. A co-operative date farm, conducted by the United States department of agriculture, was also established near Laredo, Tex., a few years ago. Four acres of the palms have been planted and a large part of them are in bearing. The yield of some of the trees is enormous, often amounting to as much as 500 pounds of the delicious fruit.



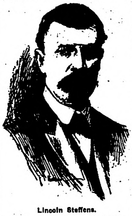
Texas Date Tree.

One of the requirements of successful date growing is an abundance of water and plenty of sunshine. There must also be a minimum of cold weather. Rich soil is, of course, necessary. All of these elements are found in the region. Some of the seeding date palms on the ranches and farms of this section have been producing abundant crops of fruit for many years, but it was not until the government took hold of the matter and began to demonstrate the possibilities of the industry from a commercial standpoint that it was taken hold of on a scale commensurate with the profitable returns that it promises to bring the growers.

MAN WHO SUGGESTED PEACE

Was Long Time Finding Out What He Was Good For, But Finally Landed High.

New York.—It took Lincoln Steffens a long time to find out what he was good for. He spent his youth in California hunting and having a good time generally. He was graduated from the University of California and then he went to Europe, where he studied in the Universities of Heidelberg, Leipzig, Berlin and the Sorbonne. He topped that study off by marrying a fellow student at Sorbonne and going to London, where he spent much time in research work in the British museum. Then he considered himself ready to enter the field of letters. He was made editor of McClure's after several years of newspaper work.



Lincoln Steffens.

One day Mr. McClure, just back from abroad, entered Steffens' office and said without preamble: "Steffens, you're getting out a rotten magazine. You don't know anything about the country. Don't you realize you are living in the United States? Go out and see something."

Steffens did. He had imagination and enthusiasm and had at last become limbered up mentally after his long years of academic study. He had energy and an unlimited supply of questions. The result of that trip was "The Shame of the Cities," a series of exposures of municipal graft that made him famous.

Fell 425-Year-Old Tree.

Palouse, Wash.—Another immense tree in the white pine belt of northern Idaho was cut by the Potlatch Lumber company in the woods eight miles east of Bovill. The tree was 207 feet high and measured eight feet in diameter at the base. It is said to have been 425 years old.

There were no limbs on the first 70 feet of the tree, which was pulled down with a donkey engine, and the log scale of measurement showed 28,900 feet.

It was shipped to the big lumber mill at Potlatch, three logs making one car load.

TOO EXCITING FOR CROKER

Ex-Tammany Chief, Like So Many Others, Succumbed to the Fascination of Stevenson.

The ideas of Richard Croker do not run on bookish lines. Regretting this circumstance and considering that a taste for literature, once inculcated, might be a source of pleasure in his advanced years, a journalistic friend who crossed the Atlantic with the one-time chieftain of Tammany hall not long ago cornered him in the steamship's library one evening and obtained a reluctant permission to read "Treasure Island" to him.

Much to his friend's encouragement, Mr. Croker listened with unfeigned interest until the lights went out and apparently enjoyed the narration of the exciting events of John Morgan, Billy Bones, Black Dog, John Silver and the others. Wherefore, finding Mr. Croker in the library the next evening, the journalist again produced his volume of Stevenson and drew up a chair. But the one-time Tammany chieftain lifted a protesting hand.

"Don't read that book to me any more," he said. "I couldn't get to sleep last night for thinking about those fellows."

DISFIGURED WITH CRUSTS

"Some time ago I was taken with eczema from the top of my head to my waist. It began with scales on my body. I suffered untold itching and burning, and could not sleep. I was greatly disfigured with scales and crusts. My ears looked as if they had been most cut off with a razor, and my neck was perfectly raw. I suffered untold agony and pain. I tried two doctors who said I had eczema in its fullest stage, and that it could not be cured. I then tried other remedies to no avail. At last, I tried a set of the genuine Cuticura Remedies, which cured me of eczema when all else had failed, therefore I cannot praise them too highly.

"I suffered with eczema about ten months, but am now entirely cured, and I believe Cuticura Remedies are the best skin cure there is." (Signed) Miss Mattie J. Shaffer, R. F. D. 1, Box 8, Dancy, Miss., Oct. 27, 1910.

"I had suffered from eczema about four years when boils began to break out on different parts of my body. It started with a fine red rash. My back was affected first, when it also spread over my face. The itching was almost unbearable at times. I tried different soaps and salves, but nothing seemed to help me until I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. One box of them cured me entirely. I recommended them to my sister for her baby who was troubled with tooth eczema, and they completely cured her baby." (Signed) Mrs. F. L. Marberger, Drehersville, Pa., Sept. 6, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Coming Financier.

In a certain country village, where co-operation has a firm hold on the inhabitants, and where the "trading check" habit also flourishes, one little girl proudly called to another:

"We've got a new baby at our house!"

"Where did you get it?" was the reply.

"Oh, the doctor brought it."

"Now why," queried the thrifty little sympathizer gravely, "didn't you buy it at the store and get either a dividend or a trading stamp? The doctor doesn't give either, does he?"

Escaped.

Gillet—So you've just come from Henpecked's funeral. How did the old boy look? Natural?

Perry—No—relieved.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Pax Mundi.

Adam bit into the apple.

"The first peace dinner," he cried.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

The man who is compelled to toe the mark may develop into a chronic kicker.

IOWA WOMAN WELL AGAIN

Freed From Shooting Pains, Spinal Weakness, Dizziness, by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms; shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for my health."—Mrs. Harriet E. Wampler, 524 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.

Consider Well This Advice.

No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for nearly forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

16 CENT SEED SALE

10,000 KERNELS OF Selected FERTILE SEEDS for 16c

1750 Lettuce, 1000 Celery, 750 Onion, 100 Parsley, 1000 Radish, 200 Cabbage, 100 Tomato, 1000 Carrot, 1750 Turnip, 100 Melon, 1750 Brilliant Flower Seeds, 50 sorts.

Any one of these packages is worth the price we ask for the whole 10,000 kernels. It is merely our way of letting you test our seeds—proving to you how mighty good they are.

Send 16 cents in stamps to-day and we will send you this great collection of seeds by return mail. We'll also mail you free our great 1912 catalog—if you ask for it—all postpaid.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.

500 South Eighth Street La Crosse, Wis.

Poor Appetite

means a run-down condition, whether in a child or an adult. Tone up the system by using Kickapoo Worm Killer. Best worm remover for children and best remedy for stomach and bowel ailments of any kind. It cures by aiding nature, not by merely stimulating.

Rouses the sluggish liver, acts as a gentle laxative, purifies and enriches the blood. Contains nothing but simple, harmless ingredients. Not a "cure-all" but it naturally strengthens and tones the whole body by enabling the stomach to digest food. 25 cents at all druggists or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

For Hoarseness and Throat Troubles. No opiates. Sample free. John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

Virginia Farms and Homes

FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of KNOWN COMPOSITION. ASK YOUR NEIGHBORS. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 & $5 SHOES

All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere, All Charges Prepaid.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1912. NUMBER 30.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

Washington.

The senate has passed the Gamble bill opening to agricultural entry 1,200,000 acres of the Cheyenne - Indian reservation in South Dakota.

It was reliably reported here that President Taft, before considering any other conditions had offered to Secretary Knox an appointment to the supreme court bench.

American ships would use the Panama canal free of cost, while foreign vessels would pay a charge not exceeding $1.25 a ton under the terms of a bill introduced by Senator Bradley of Kentucky.

According to cablegrams received at the state department, Chinese princes in Peking decided not to abdicate, but to leave the question of the form of government to a national convention properly called.

Much satisfaction was expressed at the bureau of immigration over the incorporation of Senator Brown's amendment in the general immigration bill providing for more liberal distributing of immigraton literature.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has authorized the preparation of designs and plates for suitable commemorative postage stamps for the Panama-Pacific International exposition in 1913. The opening of the Panama canal and some important event in the history of California will be represented in the designs.

One of the most notable achievements of American foreign commerce in recent years, according to a statement by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor, was in the automobile business in 1911. More than $20,000,000 worth of automobiles were exported from the United States during the year, twenty times as much as a decade ago.

General.

The tariff revision debate opened in a lively way in the house.

Charges of fraud in Indian land sales is being investigated at Minneapolis.

An enraged buffalo killed the keeper of the Riverside park zoo at Omaha.

Pittsburgh was selected for next year's convention of the institute of dental pedagogics.

Italy insists on her right to search steamers of friendly powers suspected of carrying contraband.

Republican Leader Mann proposes an increase of all district judges' salaries from $6,000 to $7,000.

Rutherford Page, making his first flight since receiving his license, was killed at the Los Angeles meet.

So-called strikebreakers numbering 150 employed in the Harriman line shops at Houston, Tex., walked out.

Mrs. Richard Hurst, tried for the killing of her divorced husband, was convicted of manslaughter in Coldwater, Mich.

Hearings on the Hughes eight hour labor law were begun before the senate committee of education and labor.

Rev. Richeson, of Boston, under sentence of death for murder, has been expelled from the Baptist church.

Seven of the crew of the British steamer Argo were drowned when the vessel was wrecked off the coast of Palestine.

Hundeds of men are rushing into the new gold fields at Minitonas, Manitoba, 250 miles northwest of Winnipeg.

A committee of naval officers reported adversely on the question of the government's tarring over the Brooklyn navy yard.

Walter J. Johnson, one of the pioneers and best known specialists in X-ray work in the world, died in a sanitarium at Rochester, N. Y.

The California horticultural commissioner declared a quarantine against Mexico, prohibiting the importation of guavas and mangoes from that country.

Miss Helen Taft was the guest of honor of the residence of Captain John H. Gibbons of the Naval academy, where a large dinner-dance was given by the superintendent and his wife.

The Fourth Oklahoma district republican convention declared in favor of Taft as against Roosevelt.

By the terms of a bill passed by the house the president must name endorsers of candidates for the judiciary.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma will advocate a federal appropriation of $10,000.000 to $12,000,000 for the next ten years to be expended on roads.

General Pedro Montero, who recently was the popular hero of Guayaquil, was shot by the angry populace, dragged into the streets and beheaded and burned.

The sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations agreed to recommend ratification of the general treaty negotiated by the United States with other nations for the protection of trademark and other property rights of American citizens.

President Taft announced his belief in the loyalty of Postmaster General Hitchcock.

The supreme court declared railroads must carry beer when tendered for shipment regardless of "dry" territory.

Minnesota beat Nebraska at basket ball by a score of 40 to 15.

France is badly stirred over recent seizures of ships by Italy.

Three million votes in 1912 is the shibboleth of the prohibition party.

Cyrus E. Woods of Greensburg, Pa., was nominated by President Taft as minister to Portugal.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen says a republic in China is the only logical relief from present intolerable conditions.

Parliament for the conservation of the moral resources of the United States opened at Los Angeles.

Herbert Knox Smith, in a report to the president, says the profits of the steel corporation are excessive.

William R. Hearst has accepted an invitation to address the general assembly of Kentucky on February 14.

President Farrell, of the steel corporation, says it has nothing in common with the harvester company.

S. S. Semmes, eldest son of the late Admiral Raphael Semmes, of the confederate navy, died at Osceola, Ark.

The Standard Oil company of New York announced an advance of twenty-five points in the price of refined petroleum.

President and Mrs. Taft gave the second reception of the winter at the White house. The judiciary were their special guests.

The Indiana Republican Editorial association at its business session indorsed. President Taft and his administration.

Mrs. W. E. Bailey of Chicago, wife of the general auditor of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, died at Castle Hot Springs, Ariz.

The World's Christian Endeavor union has been proposed by Congressman W. L. McCall of Massachusetts for the Nobel peace prize.

Governor Foss sent a special message to the legislature urging an immediate investigation of the strike in the textile mills in Lawrence, Mass.

Rev. Alphonsus S. Donlon has been appointed president of Georgetown university to succeed Rev. Joseph J. Hummel, who retires on account of ill health.

Previous good character of George Wilson, a San Francisco counterfeiter, was responsible for his receiving a sentence of only one day in jail and a fine of $250.

The Ogden division of the Union Pacific railroad has been abolished, and the 500 miles of railroad from Cheyenne to Ogden is to be known as the Wyoming division.

Senator Gore of Oklahoma introduced a joint resolution for a joint congressional investigation of the presidential campaign funds of 1904 and 1908.

Fourteen cars of a Minneapolis & St. Louis railway northbound freight plunged through a bridge one mile north of Ackley, Ia., 250 feet to the bottom of a ravine.

Six American built biplanes are carried by the revolutionary army advancing on Peking, according to a cablegram received by the Chinese press at San Francisco.

State Forester Cox of Minnesota has called a meeting of railroad officials and forest rangers to be held at Brainerd, February 10, to outline a plan for prevention and protection against forest fires.

Colonel Charles Norton, member of the staff of General Sherman throughout the civil war, a former member of the Minnesota state senate and a pioneer of North Dakota, died at Fargo.

President Dearborn of the American-Hawaiian Steamship company, before the interstate commerce commission, opposed government ownership of the proposed steamship line through the Panama canal.

The partly devoured remains of an unknown hunter and his two dogs were found near Eagle Grove, Mich. There were evidences of a terrific struggle, as nearby were the bodies of four wolves.

Governor Woodrow Wilson said he would send to the New Jersey legislature a special message recommending the ratification of the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution.

Congressman Kinkaid introduced a bill prohibiting the use of telephone, telegraph and cable lines for the tansmission of orders involving "futures" in cotton and grain where actual delivery is not contemplated.

No basis for negotiations for peace between Italy and Turkey which are likely to have any probability of success has been found, although the work of the European diplomatic chancelleries has been carried on actively both at Constantinople and Rome.

The will of William Morgan, a capitalist of Chicago and Pasadena, Cal., has been filed for probate at Los Angeles. The instrument, which disposed of an estate said to be worth $1,000,000, was such that only those of his relatives and friends who actually needed assistance were provided for.

The minority members of the senate elections committee may oppose exoneration of Senator Stephenson.

Personal.

Yuan Shi Kai is still hopeful of securing abdication of the throne.

The 200th anniversary of Frederick the Great was celebrated at Berlin.

Brigadier General David S. Gordon, U. S. A., retired, 80 years old, has just taken to himself a wife.

Champ Clark's campaign manager refuses to consider the plan of W. J. Bryan for a peace pact between Folk and Clark.

NEW LAWS NEEDED

PRESIDENT ASKS IMMEDIATE ATTENTION TO WANTS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN.

MOST IMPORTANT OF ALL

Legislation in Interest of Alaska is Imperative — Homestead Laws Need Revising—Leasing Law Recommended—Would Probe Cost of Living.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The president's special message on the work of the interior department was read to congress today.

There is no branch of the Federal jurisdiction which calls more imperatively for immediate legislation than that which concerns the public domain, and especially the part of that domain which is in Alaska.

The progress under the reclamation act has made clear the defects of its limitations, which should be remedied. The rules governing the acquisition of homesteads, of land that is not arid or semi-arid, are not well adapted to the perfecting of title to land made arable by government reclamation work.

I concur with the secretary of the interior in his recommendation that, after entry is made upon land being reclaimed, actual occupation as a homestead of the same be not required until two years after entry, but that cultivation of the same shall be required, and that the present provision under which the land is to be paid for in ten annual installments shall be so modified as to allow a patent issue for the land at the end of five years' cultivation and three years' occupation, with a reservation of a government lien for the amount of the unpaid purchase money. This leniency to the reclamation homesteader will relieve him from occupation at a time when the condition of the land makes it most burdensome and difficult, and at the end of five years will furnish him with a title upon which he can borrow money and continue the improvement of his holdings.

I also concur in the recommendation of the secretary of the interior that all of our public domain should be classified and that each class should be disposed of or administered in the manner most appropriate to that particular class.

The chief change, however, which ought to be made, and which I have already recommended in previous messages and communications to congress, is that by which government coal land and phosphate and other mineral lands containing non-metalliferous minerals, shall be leased by the government, with restrictions as to size and time, resembling those which now obtain throughout the country between the owners in fee and the lessees who work the mines, and in leases like those which have been most successful in Australia, New Zealand and Nova Scotia. The showing made by investigations into the successful working of the leasing system leaves no doubt as to its wisdom and practical utility. Requirements as to the working of the mine during the term may be so framed as to prevent any holding of large mining properties merely for speculation, while the royalties may be made sufficiently low, not unduly to increase the cost of the coal mined, and at the same time sufficient to furnish a reasonable income for the use of the public in the community where the mining goes on. In Alaska, there is no reason why a substantial income should not thus be raised for such public works as may be deemed necessary or useful.

There is no difference between the reasons which call for the application of the leasing system to the coal lands still retained by the government in the United States proper and those which exist in Alaska.

I am not in favor of government ownership where the same certainty and efficiency of service can be had by private enterprise, but I think the conditions presented in Alaska are of such a character as to warrant the government, for the purpose of encouraging the development of that vast and remarkable territory, to build and own a trunk line railroad, which it can lease on terms which may be varied and changed to meet the growing prosperity and development of the territory.

For some years past the high and steadily increasing cost of living has been a matter of such grave public concern that I deem it of great public interest that an international conference be proposed at this time for the purpose of preparing plans, to be submitted to the various governments, for an international inquiry into the high cost of living, its extent, cause, effects, and possible remedies. I therefore recommend that, to enable the president to invite foreign governments to such a conference, to be held at Washington or elsewhere, the congress provide an appropriation, not to exceed $20,000, to defray the expenses of preparation and of participation by the United States.

The magnitude and complexity of modern industrial disputes have put upon some of our statutes and our present mechanism for adjusting such differences —where we can be said to have any mechanism at all—a strain they were never intended to bear and for which they are unsuited. What is urgently needed today is a re-examination of our laws bearing upon the relations of employer and employe and a careful and discriminating scrutiny of the various plans which are being tried in several of our own states and in other countries. This would seem to be the first natural step in bringing about an adjustment of these relations better suited to the newer conditions of industry.

My attention has been called to the injustice which is done in this country by the sale of articles in the trade purporting to be made in Ireland, when they are not so made, and it is suggested that the justice of the enactment of a law which, so far as the jurisdiction of the federal government can go, would prevent a continuance of this misrepresentation to the public and fraud upon those who are entitled to use the statement in the sale of their goods. I think it to be greatly in the interest of fair dealing, which ought always to be encouraged by law, for congress to enact a law making it a misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment, to use the mails or to put into, interstate commerce any articles of merchandise which bear upon their face a statement that they have been manufactured in some particular country when the fact is otherwise.

Detained.

"A Chinaman is quoted in a newspaper as saying that his countrymen took a step forward when they cut off their queues."

"No doubt they did. In fact, I once saw a Chinaman whose queue prevented him from taking a step forward."

"How was that?"

"It was tied to a picket fence."

On the Market Now.

"What is your idea of nothing to buy?"

"An imitation dried codfish."

DULUTH IS CALLED LOSER

SAYS TWIN CITIES BENEFITS BY LAKE AND GRAIN RATES.

Minneapolis, Not Being Ready to Testify, Secures Adjournment to Washington.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 27.—At the resumption of testimony in the lake-and-rail case before Commissioner James Harlan before the interstate commerce commission, G. Roy Hall, traffic expert for the traffic commission of the Duluth Commercial club, submitted data intended to prove that the natural head of the lakes commercially had been moved 150 miles inland to Minneapolis and St. Paul. Duluth, he alleged, had been discriminated against by a 15c differential "since the building of the first railroad into this territory" —the old Lake Superior & Mississippi railroad which was organized, he inferred, by Minneapolis capital, and defaulted in 1875. This line made the 15c differential and it has come down that way to the present time, he stated.

Because of this 15c differential Minneapolis and St. Paul have had an enormous commercial advantage over Duluth, he continued. Because this condition has existed for many years, Mr. Hall went on, there seemed no reason why it should continue.

He attacked the "free storage of freight in railroad warehouses which has become an institution" and asked that the custom be abolished.

"The city of Duluth asks the commission to ignore the cry of the railroads, the boat lines, and the Twin City jobbers of 'Let Us Alone,'" he said.

"The whole scheme of lake-and-rail rates is fictitious," he averred.

Duluth's case was brought to an end yesterday. Summed up it is that the whole structure of lake-and-rail rates is discriminating against Duluth and preferential to the Twin Cities.

Subpoenas are out for rate men of western railroads, but they have not been found.

The hearing was adjourned until Feb. 16, at Washington.

Duluth had submitted its testimony and had presented its exhibits when Minneapolis, claiming they were not ready, asked for an adjournment.

Commissioner Harlan then stated that if the case were not of such vital importance he would demand that the Minneapolis testimony be put in here and now, but that he believed the commerce commission would not want him to force such an issue. Therefore he adjourned the hearing until Feb. 16 at Washington, when Minneapolis will give its testimony.

DOUBTS VALUE OF BONDS

Royalton Banker's Attorneys Contend Securities are Sound.

Little Falls—The bone of contention in the trial of H. J. Schwartz, the Royalton banker, charged with accepting deposits after the bank was insolvent, is whether or not, $9,000 worth of Western Granite company bonds are of any value as assets. The State bank of Royalton held these bonds and listed them as assets of the bank. State Bank Examiner Chase holds that bonds have no market value and cannot be counted as assets. In order to show that Western Granite company paper has a par value, Clarke Eldred of St. Cloud, took the stand for the defense. Eldred has worked the quarries of the company and claimed that the property was very valuable. On cross-examination by Assistant Attorney General Edgerton, Eldred admitted that practically no monumental stone had been taken from the quarries of the company in the past two years. Crushing rock had been quarried, however.

J. E. Casner, deputy auditor Benton county, testified that the assessed valuation of the property was $3,000. Officials of the company state that the value of quarries is $100,000 and that its bonded indebtedness is $50,000.

CLAIM BANK SOLVENT

Attorneys of H. J. Schwartz of Royalton Say They Have Evidence.

Little Falls. — Five full court days have been consumed in taking state's testimony in the case of H. J. Schwartz, charged with taking deposits after the state bank of Royalton became insolvent. Evidence shows that the bank's assets, according to the bank examiner's report, to have totaled $144,000. The bank officers claim assets of $170,000. The deficiency according to evidence was due to worthless paper carried by the institution.

The defense says it will bring evidence to show that paper considered worthless by the state department is perfectly good and that the bank was solvent when closed. Deputy Examiner Brenwahl on the stand admitted on cross examination, that the bank was solvent, so far as he knew on Aug. 2. The institution closed its doors two days later.

AWARD CORN SHOW PRIZE

Pine Island Exhibition and Short Course a Success.

Pine Island.—The corn show at Pine Island, Minn., which has been on for a week, ended with an award of prizes, valued at $600. Dan Dirby, residing nine miles from Pine Island won the sweepstake prize with an exhibit of 10 ears of corn. This was a silo, valued at $350. Two hundred exhibits of corn constituted the exhibition.

TEDDY SENTIMENT

SUPPORT PLEDGED TO COLONEL IF HE IS CHOSEN AT THE G. O. P. PRIMARIES.

HANNA IS A PROGRESSIVE

Progressive Resolutions Pay Compliment to Him as Party Leader.—Much Depends on Gathering at Fargo.

Fargo. — With representative men from both the stalwart and progressive wings of the Republican party in North Dakota present in the city, all intent on profiting by the probable advent of Theodore Roosevelt, the latest presidential possibility, into the race, the political pot boiled merrily in Fargo.

At a meeting of the candidates for delegates to the Republican national convention, indorsed by the State Progressive Republican league, resolutions were adopted pledging support to Roosevelt in the national convention in the event that he becomes the primary choice of North Dakota Republicans. The resolutions read:

"Efforts are now being made by interested parties to place us in a position of hostility to Theodore Roosevelt and his possible candidacy. In this connection we wish to say to the voters of North Dakota that we have at all times recognized Theodore Roosevelt as the head and front of the progressive movement in the United States, and should he become a candidate for the presidency and his candidacy be indorsed by the voters of the state at the primary we will support him in the Republican national convention.

"We will support him not only by virtue of the mandate of the people, but loyally and enthusiastically as a splendid representation of the principles of progressive Republicanism."

Stalwarts in Conference.

Congressman L. B. Hanna came on a flying trip from Washington. The fact that National Committeeman James Kennedy has been called from an important business undertaking at Spokane, and noting the prominence of the stalwart Republicans here induces to the belief in outside circles that the whole plan of battle relating to both state and national campaigns will be definitely decided upon at this gathering, the nucleus of the whole situation being the election of Hanna as governor.

It is freely stated in the hotel lobbies that two important political results of this stalwart meeting will be the formal launching of a Roosevelt boom under the supervision of Congressman Hanna, and that Hanna will take a flying leap into the progressive Republican waters, and come up a full-fledged insurgent, and attempt as such to assume the leadership of that wing of the party, setting up his votes for wool, farmers' free list, and cotton bills in the extra session as prima facie evidence of the sincerity of his conversion.

ARREST STRIKE LEADER

J. J. Ettor Charged With Being Accessory to Murder.

Lawrence, Mass. — Charged with being an accessory to murder, Joseph J. Ettor of New York, leader of the great textile strike, was arrested by officers of the state police. He was not allowed to give bonds and was locked up in a cell at the police station.

The charge against the strike leader is in connection with the death of Anna Lopizo, a striker, who was shot during an outbreak. The bullet which caused her death was fired by some one in the crowd of strike sympathizers and was aimed at the ground, but rebounded and struck the woman.

With the exception of an outbreak, when a Syrian striker, John Remi, was so seriously injured that he died at the hospital, the textile workers' situation was quiet. All but three of the mills are in operation.

THE MARKETS

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Jan. 31.—Wheat, May, $1.07⅝; July, $1.08; No. 1 northern, $1.07⅝; No. 2 northern, $1.05⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.01; No. 3 corn, 64c; No. 3 white oats, 48½c; barley, malting, $1.28; No. 2 rye, 89c; No. 1 flax, $2.12½.

Duluth, Jan. 31. — Wheat, May, $1.06½; July, $1.07; No. 1 northern, $1.07; No. 1 durum, $1.04.

South St. Paul, Jan. 31.—Cattle—Steers, $2.75@5.00; cows, $2.25@4.50; hogs, $5.70@6.10; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.00.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—Cattle, receipts, 6,000; market steady; beeves, $4.70@8.40; Texas steers, $4.40@5.10; western steers, $4.60@7; stockers and feeders, $2.60@5.90; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.60; calves, $5.50@8.25. Hogs, receipts, 34,000; market strong to shade higher than yesterday's average; light, $5.60@6.15; mixed, $5.85@6.30; heavy, $5.95@6.35; rough, $5.75@6.10; pigs, $4@4.35; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.25. Sheep, receipts, 1,800; market generally steady; native, $3.10@4.75; western, $3.50@4.75; yearlings, $4.75@5.55; lambs, native, $4.40@6.75; western, $4.60@6.75.

BOMBS AT TIEN TSIN.

Attempt Made to Destroy Home of Manchu Officials.

London, England. — Bombs were thrown at the residences of the viceroy and the commanding general at Tientsin, but the attempts to destroy the houses with their occupants, among whom were several important officials, were not successful. Several arrests were made and it is believed the would-be assassins are among the prisoners.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

MINISTER HANGS HIMSELF

Rev. Mr. Guernsey, Accused by Parents, Found Dead at Long Prairie.

Long Prairie.—Rev. R. T. Guernsey, pastor of the Baptist church of Long Prairie, committed suicide by hanging himself in a cell in the Todd county jail.

Rev. Mr. Guernsey was dismissed from his pulpit by the trustees of the church a week ago and was arrested and sentenced to imprisonment for ninety days on complaints filed with the county authorities by several parents. He had hanged himself by making a rope and noose of his bedclothing and tying one end to the bars of his cell door.

His wife and son went to Houston, Texas, a month ago for the benefit of the boy's health. Pending word from them the body will be held here. The dead man was about 55 years of age and came here a year ago from Lidgerwood, N. D. He was highly educated and a good platform speaker.

PLAN CITY LABOR BUREAU

Crookston's Socialist Mayor Makes Chief of Police the Manager.

Crookston.—A free labor bureau, one of the first departures from the beaten path to be inaugurated by Crookston's new Socialist mayor, H. I. Larson, was decided upon at a Socialist conference. Mayor Larson has added the duties of this bureau to the police department, and Chief Aaron Eck will hereafter be the head of the labor bureau. All orders for help will be sent in to him, and any person out of work will be provided with jobs either in this city or at outside points. No loafers will be allowed to hang about. If they want work a job will be furnished them. If they don't want work they will be "hot-footed" out of the city.

Mayor Larson's next endeavor will be to provide some municipal work for the vagrants who are "vags" from choice.

Minneapolis.—The next ceremonial session of Zuhrah Temple, Shriners, will be Feb. 12.

Hastings.—Charles West, who fell down a stairway, died. He was well known in G. A. R. circles. He was 78 years old.

Washington.—The nomination of C. E. Williams as postmaster at Mora, Kanabec county, has been confirmed. Mr. Williams will succeed Raleigh M. Pope, resigned.

Minneapolis. — Louis E. Janda, of Mankato, a sophomore in the electrical engineering course at the University of Minnesota, took his own life in his room.

Winona. — Captain Peter J. Schneider, 82 years old, perhaps the most widely known of early day pilots of steamers on the Mississippi, died here.

Mapleton.—The board of education has voted unanimously to have an agricultural course added to the high school curriculum, under the terms of the Lee-Benson act.

Rochester.—Rev. Victor L. Greenwood has resigned as pastor of the Congregational church to accept the pastorate of the Congregational church at Great Bend, Kan.

Rochester.—Rochester is to make an experiment in oiling roads. Dr. A. F. Kilbourne will oil all roads on the state hospital grounds and the long stretch of roadway leading from the city to the state institution.

St. Paul. — Julius Schmahl, secretary of state, has received word that his home town, Redwood Falls, has gone dry. There was a tie vote on mayor with license and no license the issues. The candidates drew lots and the no-license mayor, John B. Cooper, won.

Minneapolis. — The value of the estate of J. E. Rogers, who died Monday, is estimated by his brother, Herbert V. Rogers, to be approximately $50,000. Mr. Rogers filed a petition in the probate court in which he gave that value. He asked that Walter W. Rogers and Herman L. Benz be appointed special administrators. They were appointed.

Winona.—The announcement of the marriage of David Fakler, former mayor and veteran manufacturer of Winona, came as a complete surprise to relatives and friends in Winona. The marriage took place at Rush Center, Kan., ten days ago. The bride is Mrs. M. Kirch, a wealthy widow. The couple will winter in California.

Fergus Falls.—A few cases of smallpox have developed here, and the board of health has issued a warning to everyone to be vaccinated. The board of education has also ruled that pupils must be vaccinated, and will maintain a rigid quarantine in the case of the few families where the disease has appeared.

Rochester. — The Olmsted County Fair association is $740 richer than it knew and to celebrate the discovery officers paid off an indebtedness which arose after the fair last fall. The officers had calculated that the state aid would amount to only $800, but announcement is made that Olmsted county is entitled to $1,540 because of the large amount of premiums paid.

Albert Lea.—Owing to the good results obtained by the farmers who tested their seed corn last year, most of them are preparing to test all corn the coming spring before planting.

FREEDOM FROM COLDS & HEADACHES INDIGESTION & SOUR STOMACH BILIOUSNESS & CONSTIPATION

and other ills, due to an inactive condition of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, may be obtained most pleasantly and most promptly by using Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. It is not a new and untried remedy, but is used by millions of well-informed families throughout the world to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the system whenever a laxative remedy is needed.

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Regular price 50¢ per bot. one size only. For sale by all leading druggists.

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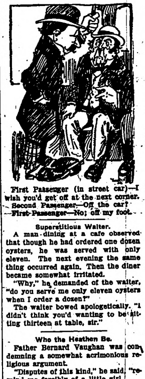
BIG DIFFERENCE.



First Passenger (in street car)—I wish you'd get off at the next corner.

Second Passenger—Off the car?

First Passenger—No; off my foot.

Superstitious Waiter.

A man dining at a cafe observed that though he had ordered one dozen oysters, he was served with only eleven. The next evening the same thing occurred again. Then the diner became somewhat irritated.

"Why," he demanded of the waiter, "do you serve me only eleven oysters when I order a dozen?"

The waiter bowed apologetically. "I didn't think you'd wanting to be sitting thirteen at table, sir."

Who the Heathen Be.

Father Bernard Vaughan was condemning a somewhat acrimonious religious argument.

"Disputes of this kind," he said, "remind me forcibly of a little girl.

"'What are the heathen, Jenny?' her Sunday school teacher asked this little girl.

"'The heathen,' the child replied, 'are people who don't quarrel over religion.'"

Man of the Present.

"A man has to be up-to-date to do anything nowadays."

"Yes," replied Mr. Dustin Stax. "When I talk to an investigating committee I find it desirable not to dwell needlessly on the past."

GRAND TO LIVE

And the Last Laugh is Always the Best

"Six months ago I would have laughed at the idea that there could be anything better for a table beverage than coffee," writes an Ohio woman, "now I laugh to know there is.

"Since childhood I drank coffee freely as did the other members of the family. The result was a puny, sickly girl; and as I grew into womanhood I did not gain in health, but was afflicted with heart trouble, a weak and disordered stomach, wrecked nerves and a general breaking down till last winter, at the age of 38, I seemed to be on the verge of consumption.

"My friends greeted me with 'How bad you look! What a terrible color!' and this was not very comforting.

"The doctors and patent medicines did me absolutely no good. I was thoroughly discouraged.

"Then I gave up coffee and commenced Postum. At first I didn't like it, but after a few trials and following the directions exactly, it was grand. It was refreshing and satisfying. In a couple of weeks I noticed a great change.

"I became stronger, my brain grew clearer, I was not troubled with forgetfulness as in coffee times, my power of endurance was more than doubled.

"The heart trouble and indigestion disappeared and my nerves became steady and strong.

"I began to take an interest in things about me. Housework and home-making became a pleasure. My friends have marveled at the change and when they enquire what brought it about I answer 'Postum, and nothing else in the world.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little Book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

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St, Hilaire Townsite o mpany.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contests or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, February 3, 1912.

And now they have drawn the name of Congressman Steenerson into the disreputable mix up over Indian matters at the White Earth agency. Mr. Steenerson should square himself at once with his constituents. If he did or did not receive an allotment of Indian land on the strength of his adoption into the tribe, he should state. The people want to know.

That county ditch bonds are county obligations for the payment of which the county credit is pledged has been established by a decision handed down by the supreme court last week in a case that went up from Roseau county. The decision makes the law clear on a point which, had the decision been the other way, would have brought to a stand-still immense ditching operations.—Gazette.

After less than six months of congressional life, Representative Martin Littleton of New York announces his purpose of retiring at the end of his present term. Mr. Littleton is disappointed in congress and congress is, too, dissappointed in Littleton. He is disgusted with congress for passing a resolution having for its purpose the forcing of the president to make public the names of all those who urge the appointment of individuals to the United States bench. He thinks such a rule is obviously unconstitutional as it no doubt should be declared from the viewpoint of the interests.

Speaking of presidential candidates Collier's says:—The republicans have a number of strong possible candidates. Mr. Hughes has made a statement so definite that it probably will stop all consideration of his name, in spite of the fact that he would make a tremendously strong run and a sound and powerful President. Colonel Roosevelt and Senator La Follette have behind them long records of tested courage, wisdom, and usefulness. Senator Cummins is an able man, and there are other republicans who might be successful dark horses. In the democratic party the situation is altogether different. There the whole fight is centered on Governor Wilson. He is the one candidate of whom the special interests are afraid, because they think he may be both nominated and elected. What they may later do among the other candiates is uncertain. Their first business is to kill Wilson.

A Good Measure

The house of representatives passed an act requiring the president to make public all the recommendations on which appointments to federal judgeships, from the supreme court down, are made. The democrats mostly voted "aye," the republicans mostly voted "no."

This is a very good measure, and the senate ought to pass it. Certainly no harm can come from it. Certainly the a right to know all about know all about who has a part in picking the judges who pass on their litigation.

It's a good thing, from our viewpoint, that this measure is not made retroactive. A good many federal judgeships go back to the days when railroads were the greatest power in politics, and when, therefore, they had a good deal to say about the selection of federal judges. If this measure had been made retroactive, therefore, it might go far to account for the bias shown by some federal judges.—Duluth Herald.

What They're After

It is no famished longing for news which keeps the New York newspapers at their frantic task of attempting to smoke out Mr. Roosevelt. They would much prefer to print the story of a prominent light of the Great White Way who has adorned her poodle with earrings, or to conduct a crusade against the "Grizzly" dance in Hoboken as being competitive to Manhattan.

Their interest in Mr. Roosevelt's position toward the presidential nomination is far more fervent than any eagerness to supply the country with exact information. The interest is personal. They don't want Mr. Roosevelt to run.

A deep and abiding hate exists in the offices of New York newspapers against Mr. Roosevelt. They have never truly liked him, even when they have supported him. He is too American for them. He smacks too much of the flavor of the country that is west of Buffalo, a small and detestable section in the opinion of New York. From time to time, Mr. Roosevelt has stepped upon the toes of New York editors either by worrying them by his attitude toward Wall street or by his frankness in pointing out their indecency, their yellow streaks, and their sniveling hypocrisy.

The game of badgering Mr. Roosevelt is to force him, if it can be done, into saying that "under no circumstances will I accept." But even should the New York newspapers succeed in irritating the ex-president into crossing that bridge before he came to it, they wouldn't be happy. They'd still pull the blankets up over their heads o' nights until after the party convention.

The Kipp Concert

The Kipp string quartet gave four performances Wednesday during the day to the schools and in the evening gave their public concert at Imperial hall. The proceeds, after expenses were paid, were divided with the school. The music played was fine, every number being witten by one of the great composers. It is not often that St. Hilaire has the opportunity to receive a treat like this. Violin solos, played by Miss Hazel Kipp, and the piano playing by Miss Winifred, were feature. The latter acted as accompanist in all of the pieces, except those in which she played the violincello. Her violincell solo was fine.

Mr. Kipp in a short talk told of the origin and purpose of the Kipp quartet. For two years the Kipps have have been traveling over the state of Minnesota, trying to create a taste among school children for standard music, and pioneering a bill which will be brought up at the coming session of the legislature, which will provide for the organization and support by the state of high school quartets or concert companies, which will travel over the state giving free concerts in the different schools. The object of this is to inculcate a taste for good music in the minds of the children. The schools organizing these companies will send their players to a committee of three people in the state who will examine them and determine whether or not they are capable of doing this work As soon as a quartette has been organized it will be sent on the road and its expenses paid by the state.

Trim up, spruce up, get costume for the masquerade ball. M. Lasell has a catalog of all kinds of costumes.

Program for Examinations

For common school certificates, to be held February 8, 9, and 10, 1912.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 8
(First Grade Studies)

A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment
8:30 Geometry
10:15 Physics
P. M.— 1:15 Algebra
2:45 Physical Geography or General History
4:15 Agriculture

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9
(Second Grade Studies)

A. M.— 8:00 Enrollment
8:20 Professional Test
8:30 Spelling
10:00 Arithmetic
P. M.— 1:15 Geography
2:45 Composition
3:30 Reading
4:30 Penmanship

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10
(Second Grade Studies, Continued)

A. M.— 8:00 United States History
6:35 English Grammar
11:10 Music
P. M.— 1:15 Physiology-Hygiene
2:45 Civics
4:00 Drawing

If Professional Test consumes less than sixty minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed thirty minutes earlier.

If Composition, Reading, Physiology-Hygiene, or Civics, do not require the full time, the remaining time may be used for the subjects that follow.

There is a prize for you as well as others, too, at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

Costumes for ladies as well as men. Leave orders with M. Lasel at Pitkin's hardware store not later than Feb. 8.

Treasures in Mexico

According to Consul Magill of Mexico that country is rich in rare curios, especially in copper and gold luster ware, which can be bought for bullion price. Carvings in ivory, fans, and ornaments done in the highest art can be picked up for a song. Old jewels in settings of centuries past are quite plenty. But he advises care in the selection, just as one should be careful to select golden grain belt beers for their summer beverage or table assistant to digestion. Once tried, never forgotten. Order of Alex Thompson, Cookston, or of your dealer.

For Sale or Trade

Improved quarter section, thirty miles northeast of Bismark, N. D., six miles from new Northern Pacific branch line built last year, house, barn, granary, well, etc., all fenced. Terms, $20 per acre, $1900 first mortgage at 6 percent balance cash. Will trade for stock or St Hilaire town property.

Can include one or two adjoining quarters on easy terms.

C. W. [illegible]MAN.

Sale Starts Saturday, February 3, at 9 a. m.

THE UNEXPECTED HAS HAPPFNED!

The entire $50,000.00 stock of Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings, Ladies' Ready-to-wear Apparel, Boys' and Children's Outfits, Glassware and Crockery, in fact the entire stock of

Thief River Co-Operative Store Co.

Will be placed on sale, commencing

Saturday, February 3, and Continuing for 13 Days, and 13 Days ONLY

THE KELLY SALES SYSTEM CO., "The World's Greatest Bargain Givers," Are now in charge of this Great Store, marking down every Article at prices so Low that there will be no Competition. The Greatest Value Giving Corporation in the World. That is the reputation the Kelly Sales System Co. has gained and earned throughout the country. There is not a Man, Woman, or Child within fifty miles who can afford to miss this Golden Opportunity. Bear in mind, Ladies and Gentlemen, that This Sale will be the Greatest Bargain event ever held by any Department Store in Thief River Falls or Pennington County. You will see it without its being pointed out to you, when you come in and look at the Bargains. You are the Judge, as well as the Jury, and we are sure it will not take you long to decide the case in our favor, that you've never seen good Merchandise before at such low prices.

NOTICE: This store will be closed Thursday and Friday, Feb. 1 and 2, to rearrange and mark down every article, and remember the doors for this Great Sale open at 9 a. m. Saturday, Feb. 3.

OUR GUARANTEE: We assure each and every purchaser absolute satisfaction or your money back.

50 EXTRA SALESPEOPLE WANTED

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Representing the Thief River Co-operative Store Co., Thief River Falls, Minn.

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Great Northern Railway.

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

Notice

Annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Hilaire Co-Operative Creamery association will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire Monday, the 5th day of Febraruary next, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may come before the meeting. Dated January 20, 1912. j19-21 NELS K. ANDERSON,

Don't wait until the last day to order your costume. See M. Lasell at Pitkin's hardware store not later than Feb. 8, in order to get a costume in time for the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

IF YOU SEE IT IN

The Spectator

IT'S SO

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	95
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	89
Flax, No. 1	$1.95
" " 2	1.85
Barley, for 50 lbs	90
Oats	39
Eggs	25
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 6th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, towit: The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice Is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January 26, 1912.

W. J. LABREE,
f3-m16 Sheriff of Pennington County.

Mortgage Forclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 16, 1908, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, towit, the sum of one hundred ten and 20-100 ($110.20), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, bearing date the 16th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m., in book 26 of mortgages on page 90, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book 22 of mortgages on page 419;

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to E. L. Mattson, by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m., in book 12 of mortgages on page 301, and in Pennington county in book 42 of mortgages on page 94; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit; Southeast quarter (se¼) of section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 20-100 ($110.20) and taxes if any and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

E. L. MATTSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. E. HOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services Sunday, Feb. 4, at 7:30 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. C. E. STEEN, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3000 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

Misses Manda and Helga halland left Monday for Winnipeg, Can.

Miss Hilda Hauge returned Wednesday from a visit to Bemidji.

Miss Victoria Peterson went on Monday to Red Lake Falls to visit friends.

George Jarman, of the Soo cafe at Thief River, was in the city Thursday.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a masquerade ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

Peter Hansel, the Wylie blacksmith, returned Saturday from a visit to Crookston.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house Sunday, Feb. 4, at 10:30 a. m.

In his remarks at the concert Wednesday evening, Mr. Kipp paid his respects to the average moving picture show.

Stuart Richards left Monday evening for Winnipeg, after a few days' visit at the home of Martin Hanson.

H. O. Jackson left Wednesday for Fort Francis, Canada, to resume his duties as watchman at the sawmill there.

K. O. Gigstad returned Saturday from two weeks spent at West Baden for his health, and returns much improved.

Get your costume made of calico, gingham, or percale, for we are going to have a costume that will beat them out at ......

The young friends of Miss Mildred Fellman gave her a surprise party Thursday evening, the occasion being her birthday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Others do, why not you, come to the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9, 1912.

Charley Pitkin spent the morning at Grand Forks on business and, returning on the N. P. this afternoon, will spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. I. B. Fisher.—Crookston Times.

County Surveyor Martz returned Wednesday from Highlanding near where he has been engaged for a few days surveying a ditch. He thinks it is pretty cold weather for that kind of work.

The socialist meeting which was to have been held here next Friday evening has been called off on account of the serious illness of M. T. Brattland of Ada, who was to have been the speaker.

We had an accident last evening. A column of local notes was pied just as we were making ready for the press, and we fear some of them are omitted—for which we beg the pardon of all concerned.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

A meeting of the members of the St. Hilaire Literary and Gymnasium society will be held Tuesday evening to discuss proposed literary features to be taken up by the society. Non-members who may be interested in joining are invited to be present.

Come and see who has the largest feet at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

The gymnasium and reading rooms will be open to ladies and girl members on Tuesday and Friday evenings of each week. Monday, Wednesday, and Thursday evening will be given over to men and boy members. Visitors and parents are cordially invited on suitable evenings.

After traveling without money from Thief River Falls, Minn., in a course which in miles amounted practically to a trip across the continent, Albert Erickson, aged 19, and Charles Miller, aged 17, are in the Pasadena, Cal., city jail on charges of petty larceny. The boys got tired of walking and stole two bicycles.

MUSIC
MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Peter Kolstad was a Thief River Falls Thursday.

Miss Mabel Patterson returned Friday evening from a visit to Thief River Falls.

A. S. Wilson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Peterson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Miss Eva Galla is down from Thief River visiting old friends here.

Come one, come all, to the firemen's mask ball Friday, Feb. 9, 1912.

N. Lazar went Thursday to Warren to look over the field with a view to locating there.

Parties not wearing a full costume at the masquerade must keep off the floor until after 12 o'clock Feb. 9.

William Cronin, of Hensel, N. D., is a guest at the home of Mike McAndress.

Ole Olson of St. Hilaire passed through the city this morning enroute to his home at St. Hilaire after attending the meeting of Shriners at Grand Forks.—Crookston Times.

I have left after putting up my barn, timbers as follows, which I will sell at a reasonable price: 6x8, from 16 to 22 ft long; 6x6, 16 to 18 ft., also steel sheeting.
A. Satterberg.

Ribbon tickets for the firemen's mask ball will be on sale at the following business places until 8 p. m., Feb. 9, 1912: A. H. Pitkin, D. Lazar, Martin Bjerk, Hans Wilson, Holmes Bros., H. M. Babcock, D. McAllister.

The head camp, M. W. A., at their meeting in Chicago last week, adopted a plan for the increase of life insurance rates, to be in force after Jan. 1, 1913. It increases the rates of members under 54 years old from 50 to 100 per cent. The members over 54 may not be assessed over $3 each assessment for each $1,000, and not over twelve assessments and one special assessment may be made each year. If $3 is more than the member can pay, he may pay $2 and the other dollar will be deducted from the face of his policy.

If you have a big nose, be sure and come; there is a prize for you at the firemen's mask ball Feb. 9.

Mr. McAndress Seriously Ill

The many friends of Martin McAndress, Sr., will regret to hear that he is seriously ill at his home. He was taken ill Tuesday night. Drs. Swanson of this place and Gamble of Thief River Falls were hastily summoned and every aid possible given to relieve his suffering. On account of his advanced age his physicians hold out very little hope of his recovery.

All his children living at a distance have been summoned. The following have arrived:—Mr. and Mrs. Walter McAndress of Sunbeam; Mrs. J. C. McAndress of St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. P. H. McAndress of Minneapolis; Mrs. Tim O'Toole and Mrs. Dan Sullivan of Crystal, N. D. It is expected that the others will arrive Monday.

For Sale or Trade

Two 3 14-in. breaker bottom P. and O. engine gang plows, $125. Will trade this set of plows for breaking 40 acres two and a half miles from St. Hilaire.

Will set up and start these plows, and guarantee them to do as good work as any other plow made. Cash or bankable paper. Will trade for stock or St. Hilaire town property.
C. W. LYMAN.

This coming with your Sunday-go-to-meeting suit and a mask on won't do at the masquerade Put on another suit and face and come Feb. 9.

Johnie Has a Swell Job

Deputy Sheriff Ed. Kelley returned yesterday from International Falls, where on Saturday he arrested W. A. Trible, who was out with some kind of a show, which he put on at St. Hilaire and other towns, working his way north. He had been absent for about three weeks, and his wife and two children, who reside here, were left without means of support and were thrown on the city.

Tribe's hearing will be held a week from today before Judge Gossman, and in the meantime he is in the county jail.—Crookston Times.

This is the show with which Johnie Peterson departed to officiate as star actor.

YOUR LAST CHANCE
TO BUY WINTER GOODS

To make room for our spring stock coming in every day, we will close out our winter goods, such as

Sheep Lined and Fur Lined Coats woolen Underwear, Sweaters Felt Shoes,

At ONE-HALF Price

DAVID LAZAR

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Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	HENRY JACKSON
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice: the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information: the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

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at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

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I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
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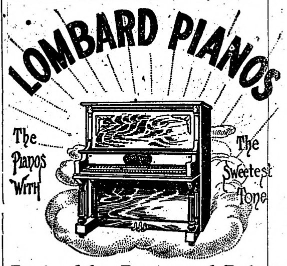

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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no teleph one!

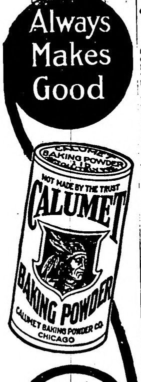
G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small, questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement. [illegible]

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training? [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (36,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." [illegible] Next term begins soon. For book[illegible] [illegible]


CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

Always Makes Good

You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappoints—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received highest award World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

WHY WAIT?

Grace—I just refused to marry Jack. He said he would not be in a position to marry for a year.

Maud—Well, what of that?

Grace—Why, I know a man who is in a position to marry any time.

No Credit Even for That.

"I am glad to say," remarked Mr. Beekton, "that I never spoke a hasty word to you."

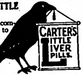
"No, Leonidas," answered his wife, rather gently. "I'm willing to give you credit for not hurrying about anything."—Stray Stories.

Some Difference.

"Gettem is interested in settlement work."

"Ah! Philanthropist, I suppose."

"No; he is employed by a collecting agency."


CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Twenty odd years ago, Salzer's White Bonanza Oats won the world's prize of $500.00 offered by the American Agriculturist for the heaviest yielding oats.

Our new Rejuvenated White Bonanza Oats gave during 1910 and 1911 [illegible] yields ranging from [illegible] to [illegible] bushels per acre. Does well everywhere, not so particular as to soils and climes.

For 10c Stamps We Mail

A package of our Famous Oats, together with a lot of other rare farm seed samples, as also our Mammoth Catalogue, if you ask for same.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., [illegible] St., La Crosse, Wis.

BURN BUILDING TO KILL GERM

Only Way to Get Rid of Them, and Occasion Was Made a Good Object Lesson.

A ramshackle building in Winston Salem was recently burned at the request of the local Anti-Tuberculosis league, because it was said to be alive with tuberculosis germs and could not be properely fumigataed.

For days before the building was burned huge placards announcing the hour of destruction were hung about in prominent places. Among other things the placards said: "Within the past 15 months two men who sold fruit, etc., here have died of tuberculosis, but unconsciously left millions of tuberculosis germs by careless spitting. The building is so open that it cannot be effectively fumigated. The only practical means of disinfecting is by fire."

At the appointed hour, while mullions of tuberculosis germs were being burned, 5,000 pamphlets telling how to prevent consumption, were distributed to the crowd looking on.

A DIFFERENCE.

The Romancer—When you have money, people will shake you by the hand—

The Philosopher—When it's gone they'll shake you altogether.

"Evil Eye" Based on Fact.

Most people have heard of the "Evi Eye," and now we are informed by Charles L. Smith, a noted New York refractionist, that the superstition arose because everyone, without knowing it, has one eye that is different in power and activity from the other. He designates it the "dominant eye," and according to whether it is the left or the right children will grow up left-handed or right-handed. It is sheer cruelty, and may entail life-long misery, to force a child to become ambidextrous. Such a course may result in wrecking the nervous system, and can only be cured by a reversal of the process so that the "dominant eye" may regain natural and undisputed sway. Men who are ambidextrous had better keep a strict guard over their actions lest they should be credited with the "evil eye."

Cremation Among the Franks.

An interesting archaeological discovery was made lately near Brecht (Belgium), where the remains of what was evidently a Frankish cemetery have been found. The main interest in the discovery lies in the fact that clear traces are to be seen in the cemetery of cremated remains, as well as of bodies buried in the ordinary way, whereas hitherto it has always been believed that cremation was not practiced amongst the Franks.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Trifle Wobbly.

"I am going to blow out my brains," said he.

"Well," she said after a moment's reflection, "perhaps they'll stand a little inflation, Horace. They've always struck me as being a trifle wobbly."—Harper's Weekly.

Cutlery.

"That politician used to have a knife up his sleeve for you."

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "But I have observed him at luncheon and his knife is not going to do me any harm. He's too busy eating with it."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

His Test of Religion.

The ordinary man cares only for what religion does, and not a jot for what religion is.

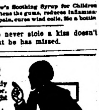
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Work is better for most people than most people are for work.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

He who never stole a kiss doesn't know what he has missed.



A Poor Weak Woman

As she is termed, will endure bravely and patiently agonies which a strong man would give way under. The fact is women are more patient than they ought to be under such troubles.

Every woman ought to know that she may obtain the most experienced medical advice *free of charge* and in *absolute confidence* and privacy by writing to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., for many years and has had a wider practical experience in the treatment of women's diseases than any other physician in this country. His medicines are world-famous for their astonishing efficacy.

The most perfect remedy ever devised for weak and delicate women is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG,
SICK WOMEN WELL.

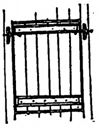
The many and varied symptoms of woman's peculiar ailments are fully set forth in Plain English in the People's Medical Adviser (1008 pages), a newly revised and up-to-date Edition of which, cloth-bound, will be mailed *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*. Address as above.

LIVE STOCK

STORM DOOR FOR HOG HOUSE

Animals Will Soon Learn Way to Get Out or In—Slatted Affair Used in Summer.

Here is a storm door for a hog house that has given me fine results, says a writer in the Missouri Valley Farmer. Make your door fit the opening and staple loosely an old endgate rod under the top cross piece. Then put up a bracket on each side for the ends of the rod. For summer, a slatted door may be made on the same plan. To teach the hogs how to operate the door, prop it up and drive them in, then let drop in place. They will soon find their way out and a few more trials will teach them to open it coming or going.



A Double Action Hog Door.

JUDGE SHEEP FOR ITS WOOL

Portion Just Over Animal's Heart Bears Finest Fleece, While Coarsest Is Over Thigh.

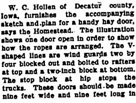
To judge sheep for wool production one should remember that the long wool breeds show coarser fiber than those of the short wools, says an Oregon bulletin. This coarseness should not be allowed to become extreme. The fleece should be thick and clean; the fiber strong, bright and free from dark or greased spots. In the medium wools a thicker fleece is desirable—thickness sufficient to turn rain. The fibers, as in the long wools, should be relatively long, clean, lustrous and contain an abundance of grease.

To examine a fleece, the portion just over the heart is noted to discover the finest wool and that on the thigh the coarsest. There should be as little difference in the fleece on these parts as possible. To open the fleece, place hands palm down on the fleece, and, pushing down slightly, pull the hands apart. This breaks the fleece without tearing. If the fleece is heavy it breaks on a smoother line than if light, when the fibers are quite likely to be intertangled.

HAY DOOR IN BARN IS HANDY

When Put in Right They Are Sure to Give Entire Satisfaction and Cannot Go Wrong.

W. C. Hollen of Decatur county, Iowa, furnishes the accompanying sketch and plan for a handy hay door, says the Homestead. The illustration shows one door open in order to show how the ropes are arranged. The V-shaped lines are wind guards two by four blocked out and bolted to rafters at top and a two-inch block at bottom. The stop block at hip stops the trucks. These doors should be made nine feet wide and nine feet long in two pieces, each piece four and one-half feet wide. If these doors are put up right they should give absolute satisfaction and can't go wrong. They can easily be handled by one man.



End Hay Door.

Protect Sheep From Dogs.

A Minnesota farmer says that he keeps dogs away from his flock by putting up in his pasture the dummy of a man holding a stick for a gun. This dummy is taken down every morning and put up again in the evening at different places from night to night. He says a sheep-killing dog will not go near enough to the dummy to discover that it is a bogus man.

Sheep should be protected from dogs at night by putting them into the sheep barn or inclosing them in fine weather by a high barb wire fence.

Every sheep owner who discovers a stray dog on his place should not hesitate to fill him full of buckshot. He is a trespasser and the law will not touch a man who kills him.

Corn for Growing Pigs.

A successful grower of swine says that he finds corn for growing pigs, in connection with milk and shorts, better than corn at any other age. After his hogs have passed the "pig" age he reduces the corn allowance until finishing time. He considers skim milk the best of all feeds for all hogs of all ages and conditions. Milk gives swine appetite for more feed, as well as furnishing valuable nutrients.

Good Feed for Cattle.

Chaffing fodder and straw add nothing to their nutritive value, but with proper arrangements it is more convenient to feed cut fodder, and when mixed with corn chop and wheat bran, horses, cows and sheep will eat cut straw and corn fodder as greedily as good mixed hay.

DRAFT HORSE IS PROFITABLE

Breeding of Animal Has Come to Be Money-Making Adjunct to Diversified Farming.

The breeding of the draft horse has come to be a very profitable adjunct to diversified farming, and at no time during the last fifteen or twenty years has the price been higher for good draft and heavy farm horses.

While the automobile may, to a certain extent, have replaced the horses for city delivery, writes George P. Grout of the Minnesota station, still the bulk of the farm work is done with horses; and the prices for good stock are as high or higher than ever. There is not the demand for medium quality and light weight horses that there used to be, but good, smooth draft and heavy farm horses are bringing good prices.

There is litle reason why the farmer should not continue to raise horses of this kind, since brood mares and stallions, too, for that matter—will produce stronger and better colts for having been kept steadily at work on the farm.

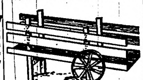
On the home farm we have raised some of the cleanest, best colts and worked the mares right along. There are certain conditions under which it does not seem to be practical to put the breeding stock into harness, but on many farms these conditions are not met. Where a farmer must rely almost wholly on hired help to drive his teams, it may not be practicable to put pure-bred stock into harness. If the farm boy shows an interest in horses, raise some good drafters.

Put a good harness on them, and tell the boy this is his team to work, and there will be no question about the care they will get. You will find the boy after a day's work out currying off the horses, making sure they are comfortable. I speak from experience, and know that when these horses are offered for sale they will bring a good price.

CHUTE FOR HOGS ON WHEELS

Device Is Easily Handled and May Be Placed Wherever It May Be Wanted for Use.

The sketch shows a handy hog-chute on wheels which I have used for several years, writes John D. Walter in the Farm and Fireside. The uprights are of two-by-fours, five feet high for upper end and four feet high for lower end. The five-foot ones are placed one and one-half feet from end of chute, and the four-foot ones are placed three feet from end. The floor is one-inch oak lumber two and one-half feet wide inside, and is nailed on two-by-fours, which are spiked to the uprights two feet six inches from bottom of uprights to floor at upper end, and at lower end fourteen inches from bottom of uprights to floor. One-inch boards are nailed underneath the two by-four where the floor is on. Cleats are nailed on floor to keep hogs from slipping. The wheels are from an old corn-planter, and the axle is from an old cultivator arch. The arch is fastened under the floor with wire. This hog chute can be handled easily by taking hold of upper end. You can shove it wherever you want it, and if it is any distance, just hook it behind a wagon, and it will come along.



Hog-Chute on Wheels.

Sheep on the Farm.

A great deal has been said, and said rightly, on the subject of the advantages of keeping sheep on every farm. The sheep has several good points in which it excels all other domestic animals, and consequently it is to the benefit of every farmer to keep them. It is a refined animl, nd not a gross feeder, so that there is not the great amount of labor that attends the growing and fattening of the hog for example. Then too he is a close grazer, and will find a good living where other animals would starve. He will get fat on weeds which would otherwise tax the land heavily.

Skimmed Milk.

I find that the skimmed milk just from the separator still fresh and warm is worth twice as much as milk from pans or returned from the factory, says a writer in an exchange. It agrees better with the stock and keeps them in health and growing rapidly.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Corn fodder is hardly as good for horses as kaffir corn.

Young pigs are peculiarly subject to various kinds of intestinal worms.

Colts and calves often develop small warts in large numbers about the face.

Sore mouth will sometimes attack sheep in pens and run through the entire flock.

There is a possibility of underfeeding an animal as well as overfeeding for best results.

If your heart is in the right place you will see that your animals are made comfortable for the winter.

Horses cannot now be grown as cheap as they were when land was half the price and grain half the price.

A blockish-built mare with a large barrel on short legs is likely to produce a better foal than the tall, leggy kind.

Lambs that are four weeks old may be pushed rapidly for market by feeding oats and bran with some ground corn.

The best ration for the steers depends largely on the weight of the steers, the feeds available and the prices of the same.

Idle horses which are getting all the oat straw and corn stover they wish to eat should receive enough of this mixture to keep them up in good flesh.

ENDED THE SPELLING LESSON

Bobby's Education, Under Aunt's Tutelage, Afterward Proceeded Under Different Lines.

Miss Thompson, whose form nature has endowed with all-too-ample curves, was giving her little nephew a lesson in spelling the other day. He had spelt b-e, be, and h-e, he, and now she was trying to get him to tell her what m-e, spelt.

"Listen, Bobby," she said earnestly. Then closing her lips she pronounced the sound of a long m, and opening them, the sound of a long e. "What does that spell?"

Bobby looked at her and shook his head. Again she tried, and this time, while pronouncing the sounds, she vigorously tapped her own rotund chest with her plump forefinger.

"Mmum, ee. What letters am I saying and what do they spell?" she asked, still vigorously tapping her chest.

"I don't know what the letters are," replied Bobby, watching the plump forefinger, "but I guess they spell Fat."

AS TO HEROISM.

Bronson—A man is never a hero to his valet.

Woodson—No, but considering the chances I have learned to take without flinching, I ought to be one to my chauffeur.

BABY'S HAIR ALL CAME OUT

"When my first baby was six months old he broke out on his head with little bumps. They would dry up and leave a scale. Then it would break out again and it spread all over his head. All the hair came out and his head was scaly all over. Then his face broke out all over in red bumps and it kept spreading until it was on his hands and arms. I bought several boxes of ointment, gave him blood medicine, and had two doctors to treat him, but he got worse all the time. He had it about six months when a friend told me about Cuticura. I sent and got a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, a cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment. In three days after using them he began to improve. He began to take long naps and to stop scratching his head. After taking two bottles of Resolvent, two boxes of Ointment and three cakes of Soap he was sound and well, and never had any breaking out of any kind. His hair came out in little curls all over his head. I don't think anything else would have cured him except Cuticura.

"I have bought Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap several times since to use for cuts and sores and have never known them to fail to cure what I put them on. Cuticura Soap is the best that I have ever used for toilet purposes." (Signed) Mrs. F. E. Harmon, R. F. D. 2, Atoka, Tenn., Sept. 10, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept L, Boston.

Fishes Survived Drought.

A curious drought survival by fishes is reported from France. The ditch or moat of Monaco, completely dried up last summer, although usually a canal three miles long and fifty feet wide, with five feet of water. All carp, tench, perch and pike disappeared, leaving dry mud. A recent sudden rainfall, however, supplied a little water, and the fishes were actually seen rising—as lively as ever—from the mud in which they had buried themselves.

Every smallest stroke of virtue or of vice leaves its never so little scar. —Professor James.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

Marriage separates a bachelor from a lot of illusions.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

No, Alonzo, it isn't difficult for a woman to keep a secret—going.

Money To Burn

The burning of money in the form of fuel is necessary. Fuel extravagance is an old and costly habit.

You cannot afford, however, to keep on burning coal just because it has been your habit for years.

Use Milwaukee Solvay Coke

"The Fuel Without a Fault"

and save 20% of your fuel cost.

You are certainly not so fond of dust, smoke, soot and ashes—of expensive, unclean conditions—as to be unwilling to give Solvay Coke a trial. That's all we ask—the coke will do the rest.

2,000 dealers in the Northwest sell Milwaukee Solvay Coke. Write us for folder and name of nearest dealer.

PICKANDS, BROWN & COMPANY
Colby-Abbot Building Milwaukee, Wis.
Responsible dealers wanted in every town.

THESE SIX LETTERS From New England Women

Prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Does Restore the Health of Ailing Women.

Boston, Mass.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from hemorrhages (sometimes lasting for weeks), and could get nothing to check them. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound (tablet form) on Tuesday, and the following Saturday morning the hemorrhages stopped. I have taken them regularly ever since and am steadily gaining.

"I certainly think that every one who is troubled as I was should give your Compound Tablets a faithful trial, and they will find relief."—Mrs. George Juby, 303 Fifth Street, South Boston, Mass.

Letter from Mrs. Julia King, Phœnix, R.I.

Phœnix, R.I.—"I worked steady in the mill from the time I was 12 years old until I had been married a year, and I think that caused my bad feelings. I had soreness in my side near my left hip that went around to my back, and sometimes I would have to lie in bed for two or three days. I was not able to do my housework.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me wonderfully in every way. You may use my letter for the good of others. I am only too glad to do anything within my power to recommend your medicine."—Mrs. Julia King, Box 283, Phœnix, R.I.

Letter from Mrs. Etta Donovan, Willimantic, Conn.

Willimantic, Conn.—"For five years I suffered untold agony from female troubles causing backache, irregularities, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It was impossible for me to walk up stairs without stopping on the way. I was all run down in every way.

"I tried three doctors and each told me something different. I received no benefit from any of them but seemed to suffer more. The last doctor said it was no use for me to take anything as nothing would restore me to health again. So I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see what it would do, and by taking seven bottles of the Compound and other treatment you advised, I am restored to my natural health."—Mrs. Etta Donovan, 763 Main Street, Willimantic, Conn.

Letter from Mrs. Winfield Dana, Augusta, Me.

Augusta, Me.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured the backache, headache, and the bad pain I had in my right side, and I am perfectly well."—Mrs. Winfield Dana, R.F.D. No. 2, Augusta, Me.

Letter from Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Newport, Vt.

Newport, Vt.—"I thank you for the great benefit Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I took eight bottles and it did wonders for me, as I was a nervous wreck when I began taking it. I shall always speak a good word for it to my friends."—Mrs. John A. Thompson, Box 3, Newport Center, Vermont.

Letter from Miss Grace Dodds, Bethlehem, N.H.

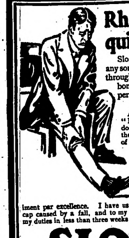
Bethlehem, N.H.—"By working very hard, sweeping carpets, washing, ironing, lifting heavy baskets of clothes, etc., I got all run down. I was sick in bed every month.

"This last Spring my mother got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and already I feel like another girl. I am regular and do not have the pains that I did, and do not have to go to bed. I will tell all my friends what the Compound is doing for me."—Miss Gracie B. Dodds, Box 133, Bethlehem, N.H.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

☞ Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM



Rheumatic Pains quickly relieved

Sloan's Liniment is good for pain of any sort. It penetrates, without rubbing, through the muscular tissue right to the bone—relieves the congestion and gives permanent as well as temporary relief.

Here's Proof.

A. W. Lay of Lafayette, Ala., writes:—"I had rheumatism for five years. I tried doctors and several different remedies but they did not help me. I obtained a bottle of Sloan's Liniment which did me so much good that I would not do without it for anything."

Thomas L. Rice of Easton, Pa., writes: "I have used Sloan's Liniment and find it first-class for rheumatic pains."

Mr. G. G. Jones of Baldwins, L.I., writes:—"I have found Sloan's Liniment par excellence. I have used it for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall, and to my great satisfaction I was able to resume my duties in less than three weeks after the accident."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is an excellent remedy for sprains, bruises, sore throat, asthma. No rubbing necessary—you can apply with a brush.

At all dealers. Price, 25c., 50c. & $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry sent free. Address

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

PISO'S is the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Relieve Throat Troubles and Coughs. No opiates. Sample free. John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

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DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN CANADA
FREE

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (36)

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves sore, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1912. NUMBER 31.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

It was reliably reported here that President Taft, before considering any other conditions had offered to Secretary Knox an appointment to the supreme court bench.

Five men of national and international prominence were given an oportunity to ride their hobbies in the annual hobby night celebration of the National Press club of Washington.

The proposal for a children's bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor to investigate and report in all matters affecting the welfare of children was debated in the senate on the 30th without action.

Much satisfaction was expressed at the bureau of immigration over the incorporation of Senator Brown's amendment in the general immigration bill providing for more liberal distributing of immigraton literature.

One of the most notable achievements of American foreign commerce in recent years, according to a statement by the bureau of statistics of the department of commerce and labor, was in the automobile business in 1911. More than $20,000,000 worth of automobiles were exported from the United States during the year, twenty times as much as a decade ago.

International money order business in New York City since the first establishment there of postal savings banks shows decreases of $6,524,479, as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Postmaster General Hitchcock takes these figures to indicate that foreign born residents now are depositing their surplus money in postal banks instead of sending it abroad.

General.

The tariff revision debate opened in a lively way in the house.

An enraged buffalo killed the keeper of the Riverside park zoo at Omaha.

Pittsburgh was selected for next year's convention of the institute of dental pedagogics.

Republican Leader Mann proposes an increase of all district judges' salaries from $6,000 to $7,000.

Steel tariff revision bill passed the house 210 to 109. Twenty insurgent republicans voted with the democrats.

Thirteen people were killed and thirty-four were injured during the Oklahoma hunting season just closed.

Rev. Richeson, of Boston, under sentence of death for murder, has been expelled from the Baptist church.

A committee of naval officers reported adversely on the question of the government's tarring over the Brooklyn navy yard.

Elliott W. Major, attorney general of Missouri, announced definitely that he would be a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor.

Because George Davis does not dread hanging, but regards it as a desirable distinction, Governor Marshall of Indiana may commute his death sentence to imprisonment for life.

The international sugar conference met in Brussels, Belgium. The delegates, except the Germans, expressed themselves in favor of acceding to Russia's request to increase the export of sugar to 200,000 tons.

The Woman's Christian Temperance union leaders urged favorable action on the liquor shipment bill and opened "white ribbon" campaign in congress.

A reduction of approximately 20 per cent in the express rates of the country is the real desire of the shippers pressing the inquiry of the express business before the Interstate Commerce commission.

Civil war claims amounting to $1,631,583 are recommended for payment in a general bill reported to the house from the committee on war claims.

An Omaha woman has brought suit involving the constitutionality of the Nebraska inheritance law.

The house democrats may change their procedure of formulating new tariff bills when consideration of the woolen schedule is reached. Chairman Underwood of the ways and means committee said it was possible that public hearings would be held.

A proposal to adopt the commission form of government was defeated at a special election in Madison, Wis.

Seven of the crew of the British steamer Argo were drowned when the vessel was wrecked off the coast of Palestine.

Mrs. Richard Hurst, tried for the killing of her divorced husband, was convicted of manslaughter in Coldwater, Mich.

The illness of Representative George R. Maltby of New York, who now is convalescent, has delayed the final report of the house committee which investigated the sugar trust.

Charles Burnsides, 43 years old, who has spent more years in the Kansas penitentiary than any other convict, received a governor's parole. He left at once for Ellsworth, Kan., where he will live on a farm with his mother.

Minnesota beat Nebraska at basket ball by a score of 40 to 15.

Clarence Darrow, union labor attorney, was indicted on bribery charges.

Rutherford Page, making his first flight since receiving his license, was killed at the Los Angeles meet.

The fate of the steel bill in the senate is problematical.

Henry Watterson is disgusted with both Harvey and Wilson.

There will be no boost in binder twine rates by western railroads.

Men behind the Roosevelt movement are going right ahead at Chicago.

The deficit of the federal treasury for the current fiscal year has risen to $22,358,000.

With assurances of pensions and retention of titles, the Chinese throne is preparing to abdicate.

The steel corporation and individual defendants filed answer to the government's dissolution suit.

The pope ratified the decision of the consistorial congregation creating a new diocese of Des Moines.

The Rockefellers, father and son, joined in a disclaimer of government charges in the steel suit.

Testimony of witnesses went to show that the minds of packers on prices were remarkably alike.

The senate passed the Borah bill to create a children's bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor.

William R. Hearst has accepted an invitation to address the general assembly of Kentucky on February 14.

The Indiana Republican Editorial association at its business session indorsed. President Taft and his administration.

President Taft has written Governor Aldrich of Nebraska in behalf of the Red Cross making an appeal for the Chinese sufferers.

The English admiralty has ordered from Vickers Sons & Maxim three submarines bigger than any existing type and capable of long voyages.

Walter J. Johnson, one of the pioneers and best known specialists in X-ray work in the world, died in a sanitarium at Rochester, N. Y.

The pension appropriation bill, carrying $152,579,000 for the coming year, was reported to the house and debate on the measure began at once.

The state of Minnesota will experiment with oleomargarine to determine whether it can be given the color of butter without adding coloring matter.

The annual convention of the international association of factory inspectors, which is to be held this year in Washington, will be on June 4 and continue until June 8.

Fourteen cars of a Minneapolis & St. Louis railway northbound frieght plunged through a bridge one mile north of Ackley, Ia., 250 feet to the bottom of a ravine.

Six American built biplanes are carried by the revolutionary army advancing on Peking, according to a cablegram received by the Chinese press at San Francisco.

Colonel Charles Norton, member of the staff of General Sherman throughout the civil war, a former member of the Minnesota state senate and a pioneer of North Dakota, died at Fargo.

The senate refused by a vote of 17 to 30 to pass a bill authorizing the sale of 1,100,000 acres of fertile unallotted land in the standing Rock reservation in North and South Dakota.

Primary election bills, both including the nomination of United States senator and excluding the selection of presidential electors were passed in both houses of the Kentucky legislature.

The Steel tariff revision bill was referred to the finance committee of the senate without discussion. Senator Reed withdrawing his demand that the committee report within twenty days.

Senator LaFollette reintroduced his anti-trust bill of last session extending its provisions to prohibit the government from buying from trusts and forfeiting patents on articles manufactured by trusts.

Inquiry into the rates, classifications, regulations and practices of express companies, begun by the Interstate Commerce commission several weeks ago in New York, will be resumed in Washington at once.

Operation of the pure food decision prohibiting the use of saccharine in food stuffs which was to have become ecective February 1, after two postponements, again has been extended to March 1.

Men in all walks of life and of varying religious beliefs tendered a dinner in New York to Cardinal Farley as a token of esteem in which the new member of the sacred college is held by the non-Catholic population.

Federal Judge Angell in Detroit denied a motion of the attorneys for the bath tub trust to compel the government to elect which of the two counts of the pending indictment it would proceed to trial under.

Personal.

Robert Ewing, Tennessee Woodrow Wilson manager, has resigned.

President Taft believes his trip to Ohio helped his political interests.

Senator Beveridge will be in Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 12 attending a republican banquet.

The credentials of Ollie M. James, senator-elect from Kentucky, was presented to the senate.

Secretary Meyer deplores the action of the house in abandoning the naval battleship program.

Congressman Norris says he will not accept place as Roosevelt candidate for delegate to convention.

Champ Clark's campaign manager refuses to consider the plan of W. J. Bryan for a peace pact between Folk and Clark.

WILSON IS INVOLVED

SUPPRESSION OF REPORTS ON EVERGLADES LAID TO AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

THE FACTS SUPPRESSED

House Expenditure Committee Will Investigate Conditions in Florida. —Gigantic Land Fraud, Involving Millions of Acres.

Washington, D. C.—Another investigation of the department of agriculture involving orders of Secretary Wilson and Solicitor McCabe, similar in many respects to the recently concluded McCabe-Wiley controversy, but which embraces charges of suppressed reports and influence of land speculators over government officials, is to be instituted by the house committee on expenditures in the agricultural department.

Circumstances, smoldering for months, relating to exploitation of Florida Everglade lands, millions of acres of which have been sold throughout the country by syndicates in the past few years, burst into a flame before the committee following the summary dismissal from the government service by Secretary Wilson of C. G. Elliott, chief engineer of the drainage division of the department, and Assistant Engineer A. D. Morehouse, and the suspension of F. E. Singleton, an accountant, on a technical charge of transference of public funds.

Representatives Frank Clark of Florida and E. R. Bathrick of Ohio, who have instigated the investigation, charging the congressional committee that officials of the department of agriculture had been influenced by Florida Everglade land promoters in the suppression of a report on the condition of the lands made by the drainage department; that Chief Engineer Elliott was threatened by agents of the land promoters unless he would revise a circular letter to the public which did not contain laudatory references to the lands they were selling, and that upon his refusal, the circular and a subsequent fuller report were suppressed by the order of Secretary Wilson and that later, Engineers Elliott and Morehouse were removed from office.

McCabe Before Committee.

Solicitor McCabe, who was called before the house committee, of which Representative Moss of Indiana is the chairman, denied that the dismissal of the department officials was in any way caused by the Florida land case and declared that the action was taken following charges that the dismissed men had misapplied funds. All the papers relating to this feature of the case he turned over to the department of justice for possible prosecution.

The charges involving the dismissed men were reported to have been made to Solicitor McCabe recently by J. O. Wright, a former subordinate of Elliott, but at present chief engineer of the board of trustees of the internal improvement fund of the state of Florida. Wright made a favorable report upon the Everglade lands and soon afterward resigned from office to enter the employ of the state of Florida.

Representative Clark said that Secretary Wilson would be summoned as a witness and that he would be asked concerning an interview he had with the Florida representative some time ago, in which the secretary is said to have admitted that he had suppressed the report on the Everglade lands. Mr. Clark charges this was done at the request of the land companies. He said that together with four Florida citizens he called on Secretary Wilson to ask why the report was suppressed.

One of these men was W. R. Hardess of Jensen, Fla., who recently made a statement that Secretary Wilson said:

"I am not running this office for the protection of fools who do not know any better than to buy something that they never saw and do not know anything about."

Before the house committee Representative Clark outlined the charges, stating that in 1907 the department of agriculture was flooded with requests from people throughout the country regarding the condition of the Florida Everglade lands which syndicates were exploiting.

J. O. Wright and a corps of engineers of the drainage department were sent to Florida by Chief Engineer Elliott to make a survey and to compile a complete report. Here, according to Representative Clark, began the trouble that has led up to the present controversy.

The circular sai dto have been suppressed by Secretary Wilson, also will be in evidence before the committee.

Purposes of Circular.

This circular was made up on account of a public demand for information, while the printed report from Engineer Wright, which was bulky, was being awaited. Engineer Elliott outlined portions of the circular, unfavorably to the exploitation schemes of the land syndicate, which he declared Howe and Will demanded that he retract. The circular in the main recited the government reclamation and drainage plans for the Everglades and included many favorable references to the prospects.

The charge against the discharged officials is that several years ago they ran short in the appropriation for the drainage division because funds had been irregularly loaned to the irrigation division of the department. Drainage work was in progress in North Carolina and a private contractor was engaged who finished the work and was compensated in the next year's appropriation, being carried on the pay roll as an employe.

Singleton, who is suspended, is declared to have suggested this means of carrying on the uncompleted work. The total was about $800, but no financial gain accrued to any of the officials in the transaction.

Washington.—Reduction in the cost of food supplies was urged before the house committee on interstate commerce as a reason for the passage of the Webb bill to establish a bureau of markets in the department of commerce and labor.

The house authorized its committee on expenditures in the war department to go outside of Washington to seek evidence in the monopoly of army shoe contracts by a Massachusetts manufacturing concern.

Representative Gardner, Republican of Massachusetts, objected unavailingly to the conduct of the investigation by the committee.

A bill to make it illegal for employers of labor, during presidential elections to threaten employes with a shut down of factories or reduction of wages should certain candidates or parties be successful, was introduced by Representative Pepper, Democrat, of Iowa. A fine of $1,000 or imprisonment for not less than one year are provided as penalties in the bill.

Washington, D. C.—Republicans in congress caucused and named the committee which will conduct the coming congressional campaign. Insurgent and regular Republicans fraternized in a manner not seen since the party revolt that sheared Speaker Cannon of his power in the preceding season. As a result the leaders were enthusiastic over the outlook for victory in the coming struggle to wrest from the Democrats the control of the house.

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, a regular, presided over the deliberations. Representative Frank P. Woods of Iowa, a leading insurgent, was among the first to hold out the olive branch of peace. He introduced a resolution extolling the work of Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois as chairman of the committee, and urging that he be re-elected to that position.

This was followed by general applause. Mr. McKinley has been recognized as one of the staunchest of the old guard, and is a close personal friend and admirer of Cannon. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A meeting of the committee will be called within a few days, at which officers and an executive sub-committee will be named.

Members of Committee.

Following is the personnel of the new congressional committee:

James C. Needham, California; Simon Guggenheim, Colorado; Ebenezer J. Hill, Connecticut; Burton L. French, Idaho; William B. McKinley, Illinois; Edgar D. Crumpacker, Indiana; Frank P. Woods, Iowa; Victor Murdock, Kansas; Caleb Powers, Kentucky; Frank E. Guernsey, Maine; John W. Weeks, Massachusetts; Thomas Parran, Maryland; E. L. Hamilton, Michigan; Richard Bartholdt, Missouri; C. N. Pray, Montana; M. P. Kinkaid, Nebraska; Edwin E. Roberts, Nevada; George W. Fairchild, New York; John J. Gardner, New Jersey; Jacob H. Gallinger, New Hampshire; H. T. Helgson, North Dakota; E. L. Taylor, Ohio; D. T. Morgan, Oklahoma; A. W. Lafferty, Oregon; J. Hampton Moore, Pennsylvania; George H. Utter, Rhode Island; Charles S. Burke, South Dakota; Joseph Howell, Utah; D. J. Foster, Vermont; C. B. Slemp, Virginia; William La Follette, Washington; James H. Hughes, West Virginia; F. W. Mondell, Wyoming; J. H. Davidson, Wisconsin; James Wickersham, Alaska; Ralph H. Cagron, Arizona; George Curry, New Mexico; Jonah S. Kalanianaole, Hawaii.

Members of the committee from Minnesota, Delaware and Tennessee were not announced.

TO TAKE OATH FEB. 12

Globe, Arizona. — Governor-elect George P. Hunt announced that he would take the oath of office as Arizona's first governor on Feb. 12, at noon in Phoenix. Mr. Hunt said he had been informed that President Taft would sign the proclamation admitting Arizona to statehood Monday and that the signing would be announced in Pheonix shortly after 10 o'clock.

PEACE IS RESTORED

Hondurans Greet With Enthusiasm Elevation of General Bonilla.

Tegucigalpa, Hond. — The assumption of office as chief executive by General Bonilla is greeted throughout the country with great enthusiasm. After his inauguration it was announced that the office of vice president would remain vacant for the present. An election will be held later to fill the post. Absolute tranquility is reported.

Steamer Sinks; Crew Is Saved.

Norfolk, Virginia. — The British steamer Consols, cotton laden from Galveston for Hamburg, flame-swept in a long, futile race for port; sank 40 miles south of Cape Henry. Her crew of 34 men, refugees on the British steamer Castle Eden, were landed at Newport News.

Aviator Dies of His Injuries.

Versailles, France.—Captain Le Haguet, a military aviator, who fell while attempting a flight, died in the hospital here from his injuries.

WIFE DESERTS HIM

WOMAN IN TEXAS HOMICIDE CASE WILL NOT TESTIFY IN FAVOR OF HUSBAND.

WILL GO BACK TO BOYCE

Rev. Snead, Father of Prisoner, Says He Urged Son to Leave His Wife. —Her Father With the Defense.

Fort Worth, Texas. — Mrs. Lena Snead refused to testify to save her husband, J. B. Snead, the Amarillo banker, who is being tried here for the murder of Captain A. G. Boyce. Her decision winds up a battle which has been waged for three days. Woman's love for an affinity triumphed. At the conclusion, Mrs. Snead said that she fully expected to obtain a divorce, rejoin Albert Boyce, with whom she eloped, and settle in Western Canada on a big ranch.

Attorney McLean for the defense announced in court that Mrs. Snead would not testify because she is insane and her testimony would be useless, a remark which brought smiles from the prosecuting attorneys and frowns from the three Boyce brothers. Snead himself regarded it as the merest incident. He was reading a newspaper when the announcement was made.

The defense introduced 50 telegrams exchanged between Captain Boyce and his sons in Texas, and Albert Boyce during his flight across the continent and back to Winnipeg. One of the messages by Henry Boyce, a Dalhart banker, authorized a Kansas City bank to wire Albert $15,000 while he was in Winnipeg, although he left Fort Worth with $100,000. The defense offered these messages to prove all the Boyces were united in the plot to keep Boyce with Mrs. Snead.

Two men, both in their seventies, took the stand to save the life of the millionaire prisoner. They were Rev. J. T. Snead of Georgetown, a Baptist preacher, father of the defendant, and Captain Thomas Snyder, father-in-law of Snead. They faced the ordeal with fortitude, but the storm of questions fired by the prosecution's attorneys left both men near a state of collapse. Captain Snyder went tottering to his chair after he had finished.

Mrs. Snead's father testified he met his daughter in Minneapolis, following the elopement and that she begged him to take her to his Clayton, N. M., home as she feared Snead would force her again into a sanitarium. Snyder refused his daughter's request, he said, because he thought it best for her.

Rev. J. T. Snead then took the stand. "If Beal (his son) had taken my advice, he would have saved $75,000 and kept his good name," declared Rev. Mr. Snead. "I told Beal he had better give Lena a divorce without alimony, but he insisted he loved her. Once he contemplated divorce, but wanted to allow Lena big alimony. Later he refused to separate from her. Murder, hate and waste of money is the result."

RELICS OF THE MAINE

Municipalities, Societies and Relatives of Survivors to Get Souvenirs.

Washington, D. C. — The collier Leonidas has arrived at Annapolis loaded with a great assortment of relics of the wrecked battleship Maine, which are to be distributed among municipalities, societies and relatives of survivors of the Maine. About 50 tons of coal which the Leonidas loaded from the wrecked battleship is being discharged at Annapolis, where it will be tested at the engineering laboratory to determine the effect upon the coal of 13 years submersion in salt water.

The Leonidas will bring to the navy yard here the main mast of the battleship, which is to be placed in the National cementery at Arlington, over the graves of the victims of the catastrophe.

THE MARKETS

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—Wheat, May, $1.07¾; July, $1.08; No. 1 northern, $1.07¾; No. 2 northern, $1.05¾; No. 1 durum, $1.03; No. 3 corn, 67c; No. 3 white oats, 50c; barley, malting, $1.27; No. 2 rye, 89c; No. 1 flax, $2.09¾.

Duluth, Feb. 8.—Wheat, May, $1.08½; July, $1.06¼; No. 1 northern, $1.06⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.03½.

South St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Steers, $4.60@5.25; cows, $3.25@4.50; calves, $4.75@6.75; hogs, $5.80@6.10; sheep and lambs, $3.60@4.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; market slow, 10@25c lower; beeves, $4.70@8.50; Texas steers, $4.60@5.80; western steers, $4.85@7; stockers and feeders, $3.80@6; cows and heifers, $2.10@6.65; calves, $5.75@8.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 47,000; market weak to 5c lower than yesterday average; light, $5.85@6.25; mixed, $5.90@6.32½; heavy, $5.95@6.37½; rough, $5.95@6.10; pigs, $4.25@5.85; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.30.

Sheep—Receipts, 30,000; market weak, 10@25c lower; native, $3.15@4.65; western, $3.40@4.75; yearlings, $4.70@5.80; lambs, native, $4.25@6.60; western, $4.60@6.65.

JAS. J. HILL TO TESTIFY

Subpoena Issued for Rail Magnate's Appearance.

Washington, D. C.—James J. Hill, chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern railroad, was sought by a deputy sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives with a subpoena from the Stanley steel trust investigation committee, returnable next Monday. Deputy Sergeant-at-arms White was dispatched with it to Jekyll Island, Georgia, where Mr. Hill is staying.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Amboy.—At an enthusiastic meeting of citizens a good road club was organized.

Le Sueur.—Frank Pourier trapped the largest otter ever captured in this section. The pelt brought him $30.

Fergus Falls.—The boy scout movement has finally been taken up here and a movement is under way to organize several patrols.

Wyoming.—Fire was discovered in A. A. Richner's general store and postoffice. Nothing was saved. The loss is about $10,000, party covered by insurance.

Winona.—The county commissioners by a four to one vote exonerated Frank Lockwood, overseer of the poor farm, whose management has been under investigation.

Little Falls.—H. J. Schwartz of the State bank of Royalton was found guilty by a jury of accepting deposits after he had cause to know that the bank was insolvent.

Windom.—Lakes in the vicinity of Windom are yielding abundantly of rough fish. Several hauls are being made each week and generally result in 8,000 to 10,000 pounds at each dip of the net.

Sauk Center.—A passenger train on the Little Falls and Duluth Line was frozen to the tracks here while taking water and delayed three hours until another engine could be secured to pull it loose.

St. Paul.—Wojcieck Potoniec must spend the rest of his natural life in Minnesota state prison for strangling his wife to death in Minneapolis, Oct. 7, 1907. This is the decree of the state supreme court.

Virginia.—The registration for the city election surpassed all estimates. The total for the six wards is 1,562, compared with less than 1,300 two years ago, when the total vote for mayor was 1,208.

Little Falls.—H. J. Schwartz, the Royalton banker who was convicted of accepting deposits after the institution was insolvent, was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the St. Cloud reformatory.

Virginia.—The registration of 1,562 voters for the municipal election, which is fully 300 larger than expected, has resulted in greater zest among the candidates, particularly for the office of municipal judge.

Fergus Falls.—A new company, known as the Friberg Telephone company, has been organized by farmers living north of this city. The company incorporated with a capitalization of $3,500 divided into 100 shares.

Little Falls.—The carpenters of Little Falls have organized, and will make a demand for 35 cents an hour after March 1. No organization has been in existence prior to this time, and wages paid have been varied.

Winona.—A conference of German Lutheran clergymen of the upper Mississippi river district was held in Winona, sermons being preached by Rev. A. Vollbrecht of Fountain City and Rev. J. Bergholz of North La Crosse.

More positions were filled by the state free employment bureau in January, 1912, than in the same month last year. During the month 381 men and 345 women were given jobs as compared with 178 men and 209 women last year, an increase of 339.

Cloquet. — William Parise's home burned down. The family were spending the evening at the home of a neighbor. Three weeks ago the house across the street had burned, and Mrs. Parise had then insisted that an insurance be placed on their home. Nothing in the Parise dwelling was saved.

Granite Falls.—In the high school league debate here Granite Falls high school succeeded in retaining the championship of the seventh district by defeating Montevideo, which supported the negative of the parcels post question. The winning team is composed of Edwin Winter, Samuel Overson and Louis Kelehan.

Mankato.—At a meeting of the Blue Earth County Medical society, an amendment to the by-laws was adopted, barring from membership in the society any physician who practices "fee-splitting," or giving or receiving a commission for patients. It is said this practice has existed in the state to a limited extent for years, but it has been frowned upon by many local physicians. The matter has been a bone of contention in the society for some time.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Announcement has been made that the Soo road intends to spend over $1,000,000 this year in passenger coaches and box cars of different patterns. Orders already have been given for considerable equipment of this kind, and before the end of 1912 the company expects to have more than 1,000 new cars. They will be of the latest designs. It also has been announced that the Soo intends to construct 230 miles of road, from Drake to Fordville, N. D., during the present year.

Albert Lea.—The Southern Minnesota Poultry and Pet Stock association has been reorganized and the following officers elected: President, Clint L. Luce; first vice president, E. O. Jorgensen; second vice president, George Peterson; secretary, Emil Nelson; assistant secretary, W. R. Sweet; treasurer, H. Z. Nelson; superintendent, Bennett Porter; assistant superintendent, Earl Henry. December 9 to 13, inclusive, were chosen as the dates for the 1912 show, and the indications point to more than the usual interest in the poultry business.

AFTER THE GRIP PURIFY THE BLOOD

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Best Blood Builder and Will Cure You as They Cured This Woman.

It is of the utmost importance to your health, if you have suffered from the grip, that you cleanse the blood of the lingering germs and put it in condition to resist disease.

After the acute attack the sufferer is left with a debilitated system, is short of breath upon the slightest exertion and is affected by every change of weather. The system is in such a weakened condition that it is powerless to resist the attack of such diseases as pneumonia and bronchitis.

This is a condition which emphatically calls for a tonic for the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose for they act directly on the blood which they cleanse of all impurities. They tone up the nerves and give health and strength to the debilitated system.

The debility which follows an attack of the grip can only be cured by making the blood rich and red. This Dr. Williams' Pink Pills never fail to do promptly and it explains how they cured Mrs. F. R. Boyd, of No. 607 South Ninth street, Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

"I was never well after an attack of the grip a few years ago until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before this I had found nothing that helped me. I was all run down, pale and thin. My appetite was poor and my head ached continually. I didn't feel like myself at all.

"Someone finally recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me and I found them just the medicine for my case. They gave me a hearty appetite and a good, clear color. I got back my vitality and was soon a well woman. I can safely say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do all that is claimed for them. I heartily recommend them."

If you are suffering from after-effects of the grip or other wasting disease, try the remedy that has cured so many stubborn cases, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, upon receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A copy of our booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," is free on request.

HER PLANS MADE.

Harry—Where do you propose to go next summer?

Helen—I intend to propose to a man who is in a position to take me wherever I want to go.

Felt Rather Fat.

"Mamma, I had the nicest dream," said little Mary, aged six, just after waking in the morning.

"What was it?" mamma asked.

"Why, I dreamt I was a young lady," the child explained.

"That felt pretty good, didn't it?" the mother remarked.

"Yes," was the reply. "But I felt rather fat."

When people begin to say to a woman, "How young you are looking," it's a sign she is getting old.

Like a
Pleasant
Thought
of an old friend—

Post Toasties

with cream.

Sweet, crisp bits of white Indian corn, toasted to an appetizing, golden brown.

A delightful food for breakfast, lunch or supper—always ready to serve instantly from the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

For a pleasing variation sprinkle some Grape-Nuts over a saucer of Post Toasties, then add cream. The combined flavour is something to remember.

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Michigan

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

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D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

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H. E. IVES, President,
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

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INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers, but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, February 10, 1912.

Considering the experience of "Poor Lo," perhaps those Esquimos reported by Stofanson as never having seen a white man are not so unfortunate, after all.

Among the congressmen who voted for the metal tariff revision were Representatives Davis and Lindbergh. Among those who voted against its passage were Representatives Anderson, Miller, Volstad, and Steenerson.

A strong effort is being made to induce Senator La Follette to withdraw from the race for the presidency and at this writing it looks as though it might succeed. Mr. La Follette's failing health and physical inability to stand the strain of the strenuous campaign is being urged as the reason for his withdrawal. The effort is in the interest of Roosevelt.

Already it appears probable that Kansas, Missouri, New Jersey, Michigan, West Virginia, Illinois and South Dakota will send Roosevelt delegations to this year's convention. That is a very nice nucleus to start with; and if that probability later develops into an apparent certainty, Minnesota, New York, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Nebraska, Oklahoma and other states beyond the Rockies are pretty sure to fall into line and join the chorus of "Teddy! Teddy! Four more years of Teddy!"

La Follette's Wild Words

It is charitable to believe that Senator La Follette's vicious and wholesale attack upon the newspaper press of the nation in his talk to the magazine publishers was the first manifestation of the nervous breakdown from which he is now unhappily suffering. A well man could scarcely have made an outbreak so unjust. There are newspapers that are servile lackeys of Special Privilege; but there are such magazines, too. To assail all the newspapers for the sins of some, and to acquit all magazines of sinning though some of them offend gravely, is no fairer than it would be to condemn a church organization because it has bad sheep in its flock.—Duluth Herald.

Reliable Sporting News

It is a curious and significant fact that men who can be satisfied with sensational and inaccurate news in other departments will instantly resent the falsifying of sporting news. Those interested in the sporting events of the usually regard the Chicago Record-Herald as a model of reliability in this field, as in all others. Whether it be baseball, football, boxing, racing, or any other line of athletic or outdoor sports, you can always find a good, breezy, unbiased and accurate report of it in the Record-Herald.

It is a pleasure, therefore, to see that this old reliable paper has permanently expanded its sporting department to fill four full pages every day in the week. We refer to the "green sheet," which has become a daily as well as a Sunday feature. The recent enormous increase in the circulation of the Record-Herald is believed to be partly due to this new and popular supplement, which is practically a complete daily newspaper of the world's sporting events, local and telegraphic, professional and amateur, with its own outfit of cartoons and illustrations. It has a large staff of experienced editors and reporters, each a specialist in his own line, each trained to see straight and write the truth without bias.

One of the best things about the "green sheet" is the fact that, without encroaching upon its regular sporting news, it is able to give more space to such subjects as angling, hunting, automobiling, yachting, golf, etc. The Record-Herald has legitimately earned its place as the favorite paper among lovers of sport.

Annual Report

Of the business done in the St. Hilaire creamery for the year 1911.

Total cream received, lbs.	683,602
Average test of cream	26.63
Total butter fat, lbs.	182,041.80
Total butter made from same, lbs	218,165.50
Butter sold in cream, lbs.	2,542
Total butter made, lbs.	220,707.50
Overrun, lbs or 21.24 per cent	38,666
RECEIPTS.	
Receipts from butter, including butter sold to patrons	$54,281.67
Receipts from other sources	738.54
Total receipts	$55020.21
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid patrons, including salt, oil, cement, and butter	$49,349.39
Paid buttermaker's salary	1,165.00
" helper's "	459.29
" secretary's "	205.50
" other officers' "	326.50
" fuel	422.18
" for tubs and other packages	839.73
Paid for salt	457.38
" color	12.00
" oil	35.20
" ice	76.00
" incidentals not included in above	632.00
Paid into sinking fund	1,032.13
Balance on hand	11.91
Total paid out	$55,020.21
SINKING FUND.	
Cash on hand from 1910	$ 853.97
Received from general fund	1,032.13
Total	$1,896.10
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Paid out of sinking fund	$ 154.40
" for insurance	21.00
" " taxes	56.29
" " repairs	100.35
" " new machinery	649.00
" " dividend on shares	521.10
Cash on hand	379.25
	$1,886.10

NELS K. ANDERSON,
Secretary.

Treasures in Mexico

According to Consul Magill of Mexico that country is rich in rare curios, especially in copper and gold luster ware, which can be bought for bullion price. Carvings in ivory, fans, and ornaments done in the highest art can be picked up for a song. Old jewels in settings of centuries past are quite plenty. But he advises care in the selection, just as one should be careful to select golden grain belt beers for their summer beverage or table assistant to digestion. Once tried, never forgotten. Order of Alex Thompson, Cookston, or of your dealer.

One Form of Heroism

A small boy once wrote that pins had saved thousands of lives by people not swallowing them.

Down in North Carolina a native wounded his neighbor in the breast and the neighbor, in due time, gave up the ghost. The murderer was indicted, sent to jail, and brought to trial. But he was soon free again because his attorney showed the court that the word breast was spelt "brest" in the indictment, and that inasmuch as there is no such thing as a "brest" in even the most remote darts of the human anatomy, his client ought immediately to be discharged. The court agreed with him.

The letter "a" has saved the life of a citizen of North Carolina by the clerk not using it.—Toledo Blade.

Krueger-Hurley

An event which is of interest to many friends in Red Lake Falls is the marriage of Miss Ella Krueger of this city and Mr. Henry M. Hurley of East Grand Forks, which occurred at Crookston on Wednesday, Jan. 31. The bride, who is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Krueger, pioneer residents of the city, is a charming and estimable young woman whose many friends in Red Lake Falls are pleased to offer to her and to the fortunate Mr. Hurley sincere congratulations and best wishes on this happy occasion. Mr. and Mrs. Hurley will reside at East Grand Forks and will be at home to their friends after February fifteenth.—Red Lake Gazette.

The bride is a sister of Carl Krueger of this place.

Fog and Sound.

In a fog at sea the toll of a bell buoy is singularly grave and solemn, well matched by the weird note of a whistling buoy. Unfortunately the value of both is lessened in foggy weather from there being but little motion of the sea. Nothing, too, is more difficult than to distinguish in a fog the direction from which a sound comes. This is in part due doubtless to the interference offered to the straight course of the waves carrying the sound, but also probably to the absence of the normal, although unsuspected, co-ordination of eye and ear in locating the origin of sound. The assistance of the eye on sea and land is instinctively given to the ear in many different ways. In a fog the ear has only itself to trust to.—London Spectator.

Describing a Railroad.

The Pall Mall Gazette in 1890 asked its readers to name the worst railway in England. And one English kicker answered thus: "Sir—The Southeastern railway is the very worst railway in the world. The engines are asthmatic. Its lamps are trimmed by foolish virgins. Its fares are excessive. Its carriages let in the snow in winter and are furnaces in summer. Its motto is unpunctuality. Its principal station is approached through the neck of a bottle. It ruins the temper, destroys the digestion and enables one to realize the horrors of Dante's 'Inferno.' I am, sir, yours obediently, the Worm Who Turns."

Shopkeepers who have a running account with people who live beyond their means get a run for their money even if they don't get it.

Being able to buy everything you want, you are so liable not to want what you buy.

When a man gets his head swelled a brickbat poultice has been known to be help some.

WHAT A LAWSUIT BROUGHT ABOUT.

By M. QUAD.

[Copyright, 1909, by T. C. McClure.]

Farmer Jepson, widower, lived four miles from Akron on the country road, and Jane Schofield, widow and farmer, lived three miles west of him on the Red Bridge road. They had lived thus for five years and only knew each other by name. The five years might have become twenty had not an old lop horned cow stepped in to give the parties an introduction.

The cow was owned by the widow. Besides being lop horned she was bobtailed, wild eyed and had various bad habits, one of which was jumping six rail fences and wandering about nights. These promenades sometimes led her miles away and into strange pastures. The first time Farmer Jepson saw her she was in the midst of his cornfield and had cleared about half an acre of the juicy stalks. He was a good man, but he swore at her and called her names. He also tried his best to kill her on the spot. A week later the cow called again to see how the corn was coming on, and after half killing her the farmer sent word that if she was not kept at home he would sue her owner for damages.

"And who is Farmer Jepson that talks so big, I'd like to know!" exclaimed the widow as she got the message by a hired man. "If he thinks he's the biggest toad in the puddle let him go right ahead and sue. Two can play at that game. I'm not allowing my live stock to bother my neighbors, but I'm not going to sit up every night in the week to see that that old cow don't get out. You go back and tell him that I'm not afraid of any ten men like him."

"Oh, she ain't, hey!" exclaimed the farmer when the hired man had returned with the word. "Waal, we'll see about that. I'm no hand to complain of my neighbors, but I'm not going to have their cows in my corn and then take sass to boot. If that old critter of a cow steps hoof on my land again there'll be a lawsuit to make things rumble."

The cow didn't hurry matters any. She waited until Mr. Jepson had transplanted his cabbage plants and they had got fairly growing, and then she called one night and helped herself to 250 of them, and two days later the widow learned that suit had been commenced by Farmer Jepson to recover $250 damages.

"So he's sued me, has he?" observed the widow, as she doubled up her fists and fire came to her eyes. "Well, we'll see who comes out ahead!"

Plaintiff and defendant each secured a lawyer, and of course each attorney assured his client that he had the best kind of a case and was sure to win. After two or three adjournments the case came to trial, and it was in the courtroom that plaintiff and defendant first saw each other. Both were surprised, and both said something to themselves. What the farmer said was:

"Waal, by thunder! I expected to see a fat and homely old two fisted widder, and I find her a good looking little bit of a female who ought to be sitting on a husband's knee. Wish I'd seen her before I begun this suit."

"Lands o' massy, but he hain't no mean looking man!" exclaimed the widow after a look at the farmer. "Why, they said he was a big boss and bluffer and wanted to bulldoze me 'cause I'm all alone in the world. Say, now, but they are all wrong. He hain't the kind to bluff and pitch in. Wish he'd have come to see me about the old cow. If he had I'd have chained her up. Wonder how hard he'll swear agin me!"

She was soon to know. The plaintiff's lawyer in opening the case said it was an aggravated case of trespass and damage and that the sum mentioned wasn't really half what they should have sued for. Then he went on to tell of what a defiant woman the defendant was and wound up by stating his hopes that the jury would render a verdict without leaving the box. Then the plaintiff was called to the witness chair, and, to the surprise of the widow and the disgust of his lawyer, he said he had forgotten the message the woman returned to him. He followed that up by declaring that his feelings had simply been shocked and that he had fully recovered from the shock in a minute and a half. As to the corn and cabbage, perhaps $10 would pay the bill.

"You jackass, but you have lost your case!" hissed his lawyer as the witness stepped down with a smile in the direction of the widow, whose lawyer was whispering to her:

"Now, you get up there and give us some hot talk and your case is won."

There was no hot talk from the widow. On the contrary, she cooed like a dove. She admitted to the ownership of the jumping, predatory cow, but was quite willing to pay reasonable damages. She didn't doubt the plaintiff's shocked feelings and was sorry for them and wished he had hit the old cow with the ax. One of the results of the suit was a verdict for 6 cents' damages, and another was that Farmer Jepson said he would call at her home for the money. He kept his word. A week later he drove up to the door and after an hour's interview was asked to call again. Three months later his disgusted lawyer was heard to exclaim:

"Prettiest case I ever had and dead sure of a verdict, and Jepson knocks it all in the head by falling in love with the defendant. Yes, they were married yesterday."

All Getting In.

"They've had a consultation of physicians over him."

"He must be a pretty sick man."

"No; he's not very sick, but he has wads of money."—Pittsburg Post.

To Fit the Occasion.

"Let me spin you a yarn while I'm shaving you, sir,"
Said the barber, baldheaded and hoary,
And the man with thin locks said, "All right, go ahead,
But make it a hair raising story."
—Los Angeles Express.

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Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "
GOING SOUTH		
No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:10 a. m
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

Don't Forget

To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket

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tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

Deception of Wild Birds.

Falcons—hawks, the largest species—can compress their features and look very thin if they think it necessary to do so. As to the owls, they can hump into any position they think most suitable. It is useless to look for these self preserving traits in any of the family kept in zoological collections, for the birds are so accustomed to see large numbers of people passing and repassing or standing in front of them that they treat the whole matter with perfect indifference. They know that at a certain time their food will be brought to them and that they are otherwise perfectly safe. The raptores in a wild state have a bloom on their plumage, like the bloom on a bunch of grapes, which is not so often seen when in captivity.

Every earnest promoter can always be counted on to be faithful to his own interests.

It is a curious circumstance that those people who have plenty of nerve are very seldom nervous.

There are some things that have the one drawback of being too comfortable to be really good.

It keeps most of us taxed to the full of our capacity to get an income, anyway.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 26th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, towit: The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff as afore-said, will sell the above described real property, to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January 26, 1912.

W. J. LABREE,
Sheriff of Pennington County.

f2-m16

Mortgage Forclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 16, 1906, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, towit. the sum of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, bearing date the 16th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m., in book 35 of mortgages on page 90, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book 22 of mortgages on page 419;

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to E. L. Mattson, by written assignment deted the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m., in book 22 of mortgages on page 501, and in Pennington county in book 42 of mortgages on page 94; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p.m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30) and taxes if any and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

E. L. MATTSON.
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. 1l3-f24

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CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	96
" " 2 "	94
" " 3 "	90
Flax, No. 1	$1.90
" " 2	1.80
Barley, for 50 lbs	35
Oats	41
Eggs	25
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2@3
Pork, "	5
" " dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal " "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m., sermon by Rev. A. G. Anderson of Crookston.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
Paul M. Palmer, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday, Feb. 11, at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. A. G. Anderson of Crookston. All are welcome.
Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
Rev. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. G. W. Hooper, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 8650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
O. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Morris Lasell, Secretary.

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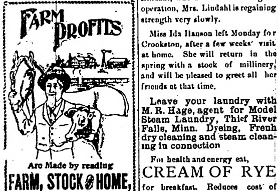
S. J. AMBLE, PROP.



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THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Martha Satterberg went to Crookston Monday.

A. C. Ellickson went to Middle River Wednesday.

Mrs. Carl Kreuger visited Red Lake Falls Monday.

Mr. Martin McAddress is still seriously ill at his home.

Miss Nellie Folstad is the new clerk at D. Lazar's store

Miss Mary Bosthman was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Emil Just's daughter, Miss Cora, is quite ill with pneumonia.

N. Lazar went on a business mission to Crookston Monday.

Emil Just was a Red Lake Falls visitor Wednesday and Thursday.

D. McAllister and Sever Skattum were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Adolph Brevik was a Thief River Falls visitor between trains Saturday.

Misses Olga Swenson and Inga Folstad were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

There will be no school Monday, it being the anniversary of Lincoln's birthday.

A. Satterberg was in Red Lake Falls Thursday and purchased two driving teams.

Miss Vina Anderson, who is employed at Cass Lake, is visiting at the parental home.

The ice house at the Markham hotel is now nearly filled, ready for the summer's business.

Miss Marie Hanson went to Crookston Wednesday for a few days' visit with friends.

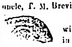
C. C. Elliott and Miss Pearl King were attending to land business in Thief River Falls Thursday.

There will be a dance at Hazel next Saturday evening. Good music will be furnished and a good time guaranteed.

Mrs. J. E. Collins, who has been a guest at the S. Benson home, went Wednesday to St. Paul to visit with friends.

Good quarter of land for sale 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Write to the owner, H. A. Helgeson, Osnabrook, S. D.

Miss Julia Nash returned on Wednesday to her home at Buxton, N. D., after a week's visit with her uncle, F. M. Brevik.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Oscar Fellman, section foreman on the Great Northern, returned Wednesday from Crookston, where he took a railroad examination.

C. C. Elliott returned the first of the week from his home at Ogden, Iowa, and is busily engaged preparing for next summer's campaign of land selling.

For Sale—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. Helgeson.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Services will be held in St. Paul church, one mile north of Hazel, Sunday morning Feb. 11, 10:45. The confirmation class meets every week at the parsonage. All children are welcome.

Mrs. Andrew Hanson returned Tuesday from Crookston where she has been caring for her mother Mrs. Lindahl, who underwent a surgical operation. Mrs. Lindahl is regaining strength very slowly.

Miss Ida Hanson left Monday for Crookston, after a few weeks' visit at home. She will return in the spring with a stock of millinery, and will be pleased to greet all her friends at that time.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

The annual report of the secretary of the St. Hilaire creamery will be found in another column. From that we gather that the average price received per pound of butter during the year was 24.6 cents and the net price paid patrons per pound of butterfat was 27.1 cents—a truly good showing for all concerned.

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

John Sherva of Gonvick has been visiting Mrs. Ole Sherva this week.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet Friday with Mrs. John Follstad.

Miss Ida Southmayd and her brother Winthrop of McIntosh are guests at the Hooper home.

A number of young people from Thief River Falls were in attendance at the masked ball last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hurley of East Grand Forks were guests of Mr and Mrs Carl Kreuger Thursday.

Miss Carrie Klemensrud returned Monday to St. Hilaire after a month's vacation at her home in Crookston.

Miss Lydia Kolstad returned Thursday from a two weeks' visit at the home of Henry Vigen at Crookston.

Miss Pearl King, the stenographer at the land office, returned Tuesday from a visit to her home in Minneapolis.

The Young People's society of the United church will give a program at the Imperial hall on Washington's birthday.

D. Patterson is quite ill. He was suddenly seized with a chill last evening while doing his evening chores about home.

Mrs. John Sundahl left Tuesday for her home at Lansford, N. D., after a two months' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Netteland.

Real estate men of Thief River Falls got together last week and made arrangements to have 1,000 books printed advertising the country surrounding that city. The booklet is to consist of 16 pages and cover, with a large number of illustrations showing various farms near the city.

At the annual meeting of the St. Hilaire Co-operative Creamery association held Tuesday the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, G. L. Larson; vice president, Anton Peterson; secretary, Nels K. Anderson; treasurer, August Swanson; director, C. A. Lindquist. The engagement of A. J. Hed as manager for the coming year was made some time ago.

A party of great (moving picture) renown has seen fit to become peeved because of his failure to annex some of the long-green from the Firemen's mask ball, and has gone on a rant as to how the people of St. Hilaire should patronize local talent, meaning of course himself. Practicing what you preach is a virtue, but we cannot see the connection between the sermon delivered at the last show and the act of tieing a horse by one foot on the streets of St. Hilaire all night to save 15 cents livery accommodation.

Mask Ball

There was a big attendance at the masked ball last evening. The music by the Red Lake Falls orchestra was first class, and notwithstanding the crowd, the dancing went along nicely until about four this morning. The prizes were awarded as fallows:

By the department.—Lady representing her character the best, Cleo Amble; gentleman representing his character the best, Henry Olson; most comical lady, Miss Lizzie Jacobson; most comical gentleman, Pat Hall.

By business men.—Lady's ring to most comical lady, by David Lazar, Mrs. Goergen; sugar to value of $1.00, best dressed lady, by Hans Wilson, to Mrs. Henry Olson; pipe by M. R. Hage to most comical man, Albert Kolp; box chocolates by M. E. Bjerk to best dressed lady, Miss Hazel Wilson; box stationery to second best dressed lady by H. M. Babcock, Mrs. M. Lasell; eight bars soap to homeliest man, mask off, by D. McAllister to Charles Nelson; pair Swedish sleigh bells by C. A Krueger to man with largest feet, shoes off, Albert Kolp; sack coal by Gust Fellman to man with largest nose, mask off, H. Goergen; dollar safety razor, by Holmes Bros. for best looking gent, mask off, to M. Lasell; worth of meat to oldest lady, fifty cents mask off by Wilson & Steen, Mrs. Goergen; best costumed couple, stick pin to gentleman, brooch to lady, by A. H. Pitkin, to Dr. Owens and Tomina Wilson.

The judges were, R. J. McKercher N. E. Beebe, and Wm. Medjie.

DAVID LAZAR

I have just received a new lot of
Dress Goods, Men's Furnishings, and Shoes
Which I am selling at
10 PER CENT BELOW FORMER PRICES

16 lbs.	During next week I will sell 16 lbs. of SUGAR for $1.00	$ 1.00

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Village Officials.

President............J. C. Dahl
Clerk............Henry Olson
Trustees............R. J. McKircher, Henry Olson, A. R. Jonns
Treasurer............B. E. Burkee
Marshal............John Forssen
Assessor............O. H. Peters
Constable............A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace............O. H. Peters, K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health............Dr. C. Swanson, Daniel Patterson, Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman............A. S. Wilson
Clerk............K. O. Gigstad
Directors............Daniel Patterson, Dr. C. Swanson, H. O. Jackson

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CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Bring in Your Printing

PATENTS

TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 26 years experience.
Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.

D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

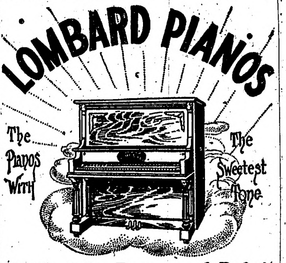
East Side Green House

I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, PROP.
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the T and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 2d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has no other school like the D. B. C. Next term begins soon. For booklet write,
F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
Watkins Blk., Fargo, N. D.

Esther Was Alarmed.

Esther, a five-year-old daughter of North side parents, heard much about the dangers of diphtheria, and was eager to observe every precaution to keep from coming into contact with it, that she and her two brothers might not "catch it."

One day she insisted on going to the grocery on the corner to spend her penny, and was warned by her mother not to stop and play with any children she might meet on the way. After having been gone only a few minutes, she rushed into the house much excited, exclaiming as she entered:

"Mamma, you must keep 'ose boys away from Mr. A.'s house, 'cause they have diphtheria and have a sign up."

Her mother said: "Is that so? What does the sign say?"

"It says f-o-r s-a-l-e," said Esther.—Indianapolis News.

SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

How Mrs. Bethune was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sikeston, Mo. — "For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I had cramps, backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband's told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do all my own housework, work in the garden and entertain company and enjoy them, and can walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the week. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl, and tell them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it?

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PISO'S THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations

Brown's Bronchial Troches

An old and reliable Cough Remedy. No opiates. Sample free JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

Pettit's Eye Salve 100 YEARS OLD QUICK RELIEF EYE TROUBLES

A COMPLETE CURE OF BLADDER TROUBLE.

I am pleased to testify to the merits of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which I had occasion to use for bladder trouble, which my physician was unable to relieve.

Four fifty-cent bottles of your remedy effected a complete cure.

Yours truly,
PETER VAN DEINSE,
Greenville, Mich.

County of Montcalm }
State of Michigan } ss.

The foregoing has this 12th day of July, 1909, been subscribed and sworn to before me a Notary Public in and for Montcalm County, Michigan.

FRED A. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Both Wrong.

A ludicrous story is told of an Edinburgh baillie, whose studies in natural history seems to have been limited. The following case came before him one day:

A man who kept a ferret having to go into the country, left the cage with the ferret in charge of a neighbor till he should return. The neighbor incautiously opened the cage door, and the ferret escaped. The owner was very angry, and brought a claim against him for damages.

The following was the decision of the learned baillie: "Nae doot," he said to the neighbor; "nae doot ye was wrang to open the cage door; but," he added, turning to the owner, "ye was wrang, too. What for did ye no clip the brute's wings?"

PIMPLES COVERED HIS BACK

"My troubles began along in the summer in the hottest weather and took the form of small eruptions and itching and a kind of smarting pain. It took me mostly all over my back and kept getting worse until finally my back was covered with a mass of pimples which would burn and itch at night so that I could hardly stand it. This condition kept getting worse and worse until my back was a solid mass of big sores which would break open and run. My underclothing would be a clot of blood.

"I tried various remedies and salves for nearly three years and I was not getting any benefit. It seemed I was in eternal misery and could not sleep on my back or lean on a chair. I was finally given a set of the Cuticura Remedies and inside of two weeks I could see and feel a great relief. I kept on using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and also the Resolvent, and in about three or four months' time my back was nearly cured and I felt like a new being. Now I am in good health and no sign of any skin diseases and I am fully satisfied that Cuticura Remedies are the best ever made for skin diseases. I would not be without them." (Signed) W. A. Armstrong, Corbin, Kan., May 26, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Deep-Sea Version.

Tommy Cod—What is it they call a pessimist, pa?

Pa Cod—A pessimist, my son, is a fish who thinks there is a hook in every worm!—Puck.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

We are told that it is the unexpected that always happens. If this is true, we should learn to expect it.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

All women love a rover—but most married men feel sorry for him.

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS · CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Found a Friend in Lincoln

When coming from the reunion banquet of the One Hundred and Thirty-seventh Ohio volunteer infantry, which took place at the Grant hotel, Louis P. Bentley of Ludlow, Ky., after hearing eulogies of the war heroes, and especially of Abraham Lincoln, remarked to Alexander Hill, Sr.: "You did not know that for some months I was once a member of Abraham Lincoln's family, did you?"

"No, how did that happen?" asked Mr. Hill eagerly.

Then in a burst of patriotic pride and confidence, Mr. Bentley told the story which he has always kept to himself and family from an undue sense of modesty, which explains why Miss Ida Tarbell did not find him in writing her book, "He Knew Lincoln."

"It was in 1858," said Mr. Bentley, the other day, repeating his story, "and I was a boy of 18 who had learned the printing business and was staying in Decatur, Ill., then a town of about 3,000 inhabitants, and could not find work. I was boarding at the Ogelsby house, the only hotel in town, and had paid my last $5 for board and was feeling about as blue as any one can feel under those circumstances. Stephen A. Douglas, then the Democratic senator from Illinois, was a candidate for re-election and his opponent, a young lawyer named Lincoln from Springfield, and he were having a series of five addresses, which have since become so famous. Both parties were in the hotel at that time to hold a debate that night, and Douglas, the man of the hour, was upstairs in the hotel parlor with a bottle of whisky, a box of cigars and surrounded by admiring friends who came to call upon him.

"There was great excitement in the town, and it centered in the hotel, but I was feeling too blue to care about it and sat in the office downstairs, not caring to speak to any one. A tall raw-boned man sat near me as much unnoticed as myself, all hunched up in his chair, whittling a little piece of wood.

"Presently he began to ask me questions and I replied in the briefest of monosyllables.

"'Do you belong here?' he asked.

"'No,' I replied.

"'How long have you been here?'

"'About a year.'

"'What are you doing?'

"'Nothing.'

"'That is not a good thing for a young man of your age to do. Can you find work?'

"'No,' I replied, feeling very rebellious against fate.

"'What do you do when you are working? Have you a trade?'

"'Yes; I am a printer,' I answered, wishing this man would stop his questions.

"'Well, young man,' he said kindly, 'I have an interest in a newspaper in Springfield, and if you come back with me tomorrow I will see if the foreman of the printing room cannot give you a job. Will you come?'

"'I do not know, I will see,' I answered feeling more kindly toward this curious gentleman.

"'Don't you want a job?' he asked quickly.

"'Yes, I do,' I answered, but I did not tell him the reason for my not accepting his offer. I had no means to go to Springfield, sixty miles away. It was the first time that I was broke and I hated to own it.

"He said nothing more, and that night after the debate, where there were as many as a half million people present in proportion to the size of the town, I came face to face with him again in the hotel office.

"'Well, young man,' he said, 'are you going with me?'

"Then I confessed the reason why I could not.

"I knew then that my friend was Abraham Lincoln, the young Republican candidate for senator, who had debated with Stephen A. Douglas.

"It was near midnight and the steamboat was due to leave in a short time.

"'You come with me, anyhow,' said Mr. Lincoln, 'and I will take care of you.'

"I did not require much urging, and went to my room to collect my small belongings and joined his party.

"We arrived in Springfield the next morning and Mr. Lincoln took me to his home, giving me the only vacant room in his house, and I ate breakfast with the family. After that he took me to his law office and had a talk with his partner, Mr. Herndon; then we went to the printing office of the Illinois State Register,—the paper in which he had an interest, and we had a talk with the foreman. The latter, after asking me to write something, said he was sorry, he saw I knew the work, but there was no position that he could give me at present, promising me, however, the first chance of work. At that my spirits, which had risen, dropped down again to a still lower ebb, until my benefactor said:

"'Now, I am going to be away a great deal on this campaign and Mr. Herndon will be very busy, so how would you like to stay in the office and answer the questions of visitors for $4 a week?' That was before the day of stenographers.

"I did not think there was so much money in the world, so I accepted the offer gladly and remained a resident of the Lincoln household for nine weeks. Mrs. Lincoln's aunt was going to make them a visit and as I had the only vacant room in the house he would make arrangements for me to stay with a lady across the street, who had two young men boarding with her, if I did not care. I suppose Mr. Lincoln paid my board all the time I was there as well as my salary, for I know I did not pay any. Then one day the foreman sent for me to work on a brief, and when it was finished, to my great delight, paid me full journeyman's wages. Altogether I remained in Springfield four months, going from there to St. Louis, where I went into a printing office; but I soon returned to Cincinnati and to Ludlow, where I have lived for nearly sixty years."

Mr. Bentley never had an opportunity to renew his acquaintance with Abraham Lincoln, but never forgot the helping hand which he extended to the lonely, despondent boy that night in Decatur, which played such an important part in the history of the great president himself.

WAS READY WITH AN ANSWER

How Lincoln's Ingenious Mind Framed Effective Reply to Objections Against Emancipation.

Perhaps no story of Lincoln's was told under graver conditions and with more emphatic application than that which closed the famous interview on the steamer River Queen, at Hampton Roads, between Mr. Lincoln, Secretary Seward and the peace commission of the Confederacy. The discussion had reached its kernel, slavery.

The southern argument, in all its impressive force, was brought forward. If the south were to consent to a peace on the basis of emancipation of the slaves, the entire structure of southern society would be plunged into irremediable ruin. No work would be done, nothing would be cultivated; whites and blacks alike must starve, for the freed slaves, accustomed to overseers, would undoubtedly abstain wholly from labor.

The president waited for Seward to make some effective rejoiner. But the experienced statesman could find no cogent reply. At length, Lincoln framed the answer, in a story culminating in a phrase that gave common currency to a colloquialism, coined among the log cabins of negroes and poor whites.

"Gentlemen," addressing the commissioners, "your statement of the conditions reminds me of a man out in Illinois, by the name of Case, who undertook to raise a very large herd of hogs. But, as they grew, it became too big a job to feed them. Finally he planted an immense field in potatoes; and, as soon as the potatoes were fairly grown, turned the whole herd into the field. The hogs did their own digging, and he leaned over the fence, proud of his idea. A neighbor came along.

"'Well, well, Mr. Case,' he remarked, 'this is a grand idea. But butchering time is 'way off in December, and the frost comes easily. Before you are ready to kill those hogs, the ground will be frozen a foot deep.'

"Case scratched his head, and thought it over; but there was only one answer, and he gave it.

"'I suppose it'll go pretty hard with their snouts; but all I can see for it is, root, hog, or die.'"

SAW WITH PROPHETIC EYE

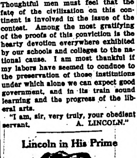
In a Letter President Lincoln Said Good Government Must Come From Schools.

Prof. Theodore W. Hunt, Princeton, '65, in recalling some stirring events through which his class went during the civil war, makes public a letter which Abraham Lincoln wrote in acceptance of the honorary degree of doctor of laws which the trustees conferred on him in 1864, the New York Press says. The letter follows:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Dec. 27, 1864.—To Dr. John Maclean—My Dear Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the reception of your note of the 20th of September, conveying the announcement that the trustees of the College of New Jersey have conferred upon me the degree of doctor of laws. The assurance conveyed by this high compliment that the course of the government which I represent has received the approval of a body of gentlemen of such character and intelligence in this time of public trial is most gratifying to me. Thoughtful men must feel that the fate of the civilization on this continent is involved in the issue of the contest. Among the most gratifying of the proofs of this conviction is the hearty devotion everywhere exhibited by our schools and colleges to the national cause. I am most thankful if my labors have seemed to conduce to the preservation of those institutions under which alone we can expect good government, and in its train sound learning and the progress of the liberal arts.

"I am, sir, very truly, your obedient servant,
A. LINCOLN."

Lincoln in His Prime



Sketched from a photograph of Lincoln at about 40. Note the keen, shrewd, though kindly expression of his eyes and mouth, and his fearless directness.

HOUSEWORK IS A HEAVY BURDEN

The woman who "keeps house" has enough to do when she is in good, sound health, but if she is weak, tired all the time, and suffering from morn to night with an aching back, house-work becomes a heavy burden.

Many women who were afflicted in this way say that Doan's Kidney Pills have made life easier for them.

Women are subject to kidney disease. The clothing they wear, the work they do, the worry and strain of bearing and rearing children, the lack of proper exercise; all tend to it.

Backache, bearing-down pains, headache, dizzy spells, faintness, fits of "blues," and other troubles often thought to be peculiar to the sex, are found frequently in kidney disease. When any one of these ills appears, together with a discolored condition of the kidney secretions, with passages too frequent, scanty or burning, just make up your mind that your kidneys are weak, and be quick to help them.

Doan's Kidney Pills have helped a great many weak women through the trying times when kidney disease means so much added misery. They do not disturb the stomach or bowels, and contain no poisonous, dangerous nor habit-forming drugs. Doan's are harmless for children too.

When Kidney Troubles Keep You in Misery Day and Night

Every Picture Tells A Story

"I just can't get up!"

The following case is typical of the cures effected by Doan's Kidney Pills. Grateful testimony is the best evidence.

DRIVEN ALMOST CRAZY.

A Terrible Tale of Kidney Suffering.

Mrs. H. W. Heagy, 1515 L St., Bakersfield, Cal., says: "My kidney trouble began in the fall of 1907. I used remedy after remedy prescribed by physicians but no relief came and I was in despair. On account of the numbness and grating sensation I could not lie down comfortably and some nights I was not in bed half an hour. I became so nervous and restless I hardly knew what to do. Hot waves came over me like a flash and I became so dizzy that I staggered. I had a feeling as if there was gravel in my bladder, the kidney secretions acting too freely at times, while again they were very scant and accompanied by terrible pain. I cannot describe the suffering I endured for over two years. Finally I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and while I did not notice much relief for a week or so, I continued persistently and when I had taken eight boxes I was feeling fine. The numbness and smarting finally left, the kidney secretions became clear and natural and my health improved one hundred percent. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me at a time when it seemed that I would go crazy and I never can express my gratitude."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., Proprietors

All the world's a stage, and all the men and women are merely kickers.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

What we think upon, what we love, we become. As we think great or noble thoughts we become great or noble.—Bradley.

WHAT EVERY FARMER SHOULD KNOW
FORMULAS How to kill and cure pork and beef. How to tan fur and leather at home. How to make all kinds of sausages. How to prepare and take off hides and fur for market. Book with 180 views with plans, how to cure and build anything out of cement on the farm. By men of life long experience. PRICE LIST FREE. W. L. KELLER, KEARNEY, NEBRASKA. Last appearance; save address.

Right in Her Line.

Gillet—The people in the flat above us are constantly fighting.

Perry—Doesn't your wife object?

Gillet—No. She likes to have a fuss made over her.

When Your Eyes Need Care

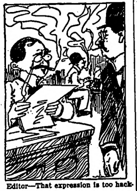
Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Useless.

"Why don't you make up your mind to cease permitting your wife to henpeck you?"

"I have made it up half a dozen times, but it doesn't seem to do any good at all. She refuses to concede that I have a mind."

SURE NOT.



Editor—That expression is too hackneyed.

Reporter—What expression?

Editor (reading copy)—"The jury acted as a body."

Reporter—Gee whiz! You surely don't expect a jury to act as a brain.

THE CARELESS GROCER

Blundered, and Great Good Came of It.

A careless grocer left the wrong package at a Michigan home one day and thereby brought a great blessing to the household.

"Two years ago I was a sufferer from stomach troubles, so acute that the effort to digest ordinary food gave me great pain, and brought on a condition of such extreme nervousness that I could not be left alone. I thought I should certainly become insane. I was so reduced in flesh that I was little better than a living skeleton. The doctors failed to give me relief and I despaired of recovery.

"One day our groceryman left a package of Grape-Nuts food by mistake, so I tried some for dinner. I was surprised to find that it satisfied my appetite and gave me no distress whatever. The next meal I ate of it again, and to be brief, I have lived for the past year almost exclusively on Grape-Nuts. It has proved to be a most healthful and appetizing food, perfectly adapted to the requirements of my system.

"Grape-Nuts is not only easily digested and assimilated, but I find that since I have been using it I am able to eat anything else my appetite fancies, without trouble from indigestion. The stomach trouble and nervousness have left me, I have regained my plumpness and my views of life are no longer despondent and gloomy.

"Other members of my family, especially my husband, (whose old enemy, the 'heart-burn,' has been vanquished) have also derived great benefit from the use of Grape-Nuts food and we think no morning meal complete without it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Numerical Logic.

"What makes you think Jones is on his feet again in the factory?"

"I noticed he had so many hands."

WOMEN AND HEALTH.

Women are beginning to realise more fully that good health is not to be found in the use of cosmetics and face powders. The appearance of health may follow facial treatment, but health itself lies much deeper than the surface.

Most important to the health of every woman is regularity of the bowels and digestive organs. The weary eyes, bad breath, frequent headaches, pimples and general air of lassitude, is in most every case due to constipation or indigestion, or both. There are various remedies prescribed for this condition, but the easiest, most pleasant and certainly effective, is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known to druggists as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This simple remedy is far preferable to harsh salts and cathartics and violent purgative waters that disturb the whole system without affording more than temporary relief.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a tonic laxative, mild in its action, pleasant to the taste and positive in its effect, strengthening the muscles of stomach and bowels so that after a short time these organs regain the power to perform their natural functions without assistance.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried it, write for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.; he will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

Riches do not make a man happy; it is what he gets out of them.

He Ought to Get It.

"On what grounds do you seek a divorce from your wife?" asked the lawyer.

"Simply because of a pun," replied the long suffering husband. "You see, she's a sculptress, and it gets on my nerves to hear her remark twenty times a day, 'Will you love me when I mold?'"

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

In the matrimonial game there are lots of kisses and many scratches.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It is the easiest thing in the world for a man to believe as he hopes.

FREE

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

IF YOU ARE A TRIFLE SENSITIVE
About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Gives instant relief to Corns and Bunions. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Virginia Farms and Homes
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS.
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

We Give Away Absolutely Free of Cost

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in strong paper covers, to any one sending 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, or, in French Cloth binding for 31 stamps. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at regular price of $1.50. Afterwards, one and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

THE ONE REMEDY for woman's peculiar ailments good enough that its makers are not afraid to print on its outside wrapper its every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs. Made from native medicinal forest roots of well established curative value.

Children's Ills

should not be neglected. When your child has foul breath, poor appetite, flushed cheeks, restlessness at night, peevishness, etc.—it is time to give it Kickapoo Worm Killer. It cannot do harm—it is sure to do good. Removes worms and cures stomach and bowel complaints. Tones up all the functions. Makes strong, healthy children.

Try it today. Your child will like it—tastes like candy. Price 25 cents at druggists or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

Onions

3 MARKET SORTS, 15c.

FOR 16c.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

Please write to the agent nearest you

N. W. N. U., NO. 6-1912.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 & $5 SHOES
All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys.
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1912. NUMBER 32.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Congress.

The senate foreign relations committee shelved the Honduras loan treaty.

Representative Henry introduced compromise resolution for money trust investigation.

In the senate agreement was reached to vote on the pending arbitration treaties March 5.

An appropriation for the Savannah emancipation celebration will be favorably reported in the senate.

The senate finance committee gave notice only oral evidence would be considered in steel traffic hearings.

A bill passed the house requiring governments' estimate of cotton acreage be taken July 1, instead of June 1.

The bill to give midshipmen upon graduation commissions as ensigns was favorably reported in the senate.

The treaty with foreign nations to restrict circulation of obscene literature was favorably reported in the senate.

President Taft transmitted a letter of Secretary Knox giving sugar prices abroad for use of the sugar trust investigating committee.

Steel products manufacturers told the senate finance committee the proposed new steel tariff would seriously affect their business.

The house foreign affairs committee members will introduce legislation to give the president added power to protect Americans along the Mexican border.

Investigation of the Department of Agriculture's drainage bureau was decided upon as the result of a hearing on Florida Everglades drainage proposition charges.

Representative Martin of South Dakota introduced a bill for a federal corporation commission of five members to regulate the affairs of interstate corporations.

Expositions committee of the senate ordered an adverse report on the resolution asking Latin-American nations to participate in the San Diego exposition.

In army appropriation bill debate in the house Representative Mann advocated increased appropriations for aeroplanes. An effort to increase the aeroplane appropriation from $75,000 to $125,000 was defeated.

General.

Major W. M. Logan, custodian of the Glacier National park in Montana, is seriously ill.

Bruno Tzschuk, a pioneer resident of Nebraska and one time secretary of state, died at Omaha.

The national oratorical contest of the Intercollegiate prohibition association will be held in Atlantic City July 9.

Governor Aldrich of Nebraska issued a statement favoring Theodore Roosevelt for the republican presidential nomination.

Five hundred acres of the Cienegara ranch, a part of the holdings of the "Lucky" Baldwin estate, has been sold for $1,250,000.

Louis D. Brandeis, in an address before the city club of St. Louis branded as a farce the recent dissolution of the Standard oil and tobacco trusts.

The Asiatic population of Hawaii is increasing at an alarming rate.

Governor Clark of Alaska was before the territories committee and opposed the Alaska elective legislature and urged development of railroads and fuel resources.

Little Goldie Williams, the missing Grand Island (Neb.) girl, was found brutally murdered in an empty house.

The total number of convicts in the Missouri penitentiary is 2,378, an increase of fifteen over last week when the record was broken.

Charles Powell, a negro, who assaulted and robbed a young white woman at Macon, Ga., was taken from officers and lynched by a mob.

State Senator Thomas F. Grady, long identified with Tammany Hall and known as the silver-tongued orator of that organization, is dying at his home in New York.

The illness of Representative George R. Malby of New York, who now is convalescent, has delayed the final report of the house committee which investigated the sugar trust.

For the time being, at least, Mexican troops will not be allowed on American territory.

Viscount Stemim Chinda, the newly appointed ambassador from Japan to the United States, arrived in Honolulu.

Work on the great fortress on Flamenco island which will guard the Pacific entrance to the Panama canal is to begin at once.

Bair & Crawford, one of the oldest retail jewelry firms in Philadelphia, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, placing their liabilities at $134,990 and assets at $47,419.

A house bill extending to the employes of the bureau of mines the right to receive compensation from the government for injuries received while on duty was passed by the senate. The bill now goes to the president.

Senator LaFollette has no intention of withdrawing from the presidential race.

Ex-senator Allen of Nebraska thinks Taft is sure of republican nomination and that Harmon is the only man with a show of defeating him.

Great Britain and Russia are about to revise their joint agreement concerning Persia.

The house army bill provides for a material reduction in cavalry strength.

President Madero has been weighed in the balance, and it is feared he is found wanting.

W. J. Bryan is to be the first witness called in the money trust investigation at Washington.

Thirty-two indictments against alleged dynamiters were returned by the grand jury at Indianapolis.

Samuel Gompers reiterated his denial that he willfully defied an injunction of the court.

Lieutenant General Sir Robert Baden-Powell arrived in Chicago with a message of peace.

The United States is again called upon to keep a watchful eye on the malcontents of Mexico.

A system of wireless telegraphy in the Philippine islands was recommended by President Taft.

Testimony was given to show the Swift group of packers had knowledge of the system of margins.

A reputed holy man is wielding, according to the duma, too great influence with the Russian court.

Testimony of witnesses went to show that the minds of packers on prices were remarkably alike.

Field Marshal Wilhelm von Hahnke, one of the best known and most popular soldiers in Germany, is dead.

A bill reducing from five to three years the requirement for settlement on homesteads passed the senate.

The health of Morse, the paroled banker, is improving, and he will soon go abroad for recuperation.

At a New York dinner Judge Grosscup and George W. Perkins took turns in flaying anti-trust enactments.

The senate finance committee debated the Hepburne bill to repeal Canadian reciprocity, but took no action.

The house resolution declaring against a third term for presidents was withdrawn without vote being taken.

President Taft and Rear Admiral Wainwright will speak at a peace meeting of the navy league on Friday, February 23.

The 1912 convention of the American bankers' association will be held in Detroit in the week beginning September 9.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Hal J. Cleve of Washington to be registrar of the land office at Spokane.

Brigadier General Charles A. Whipple, paymaster general of the army, applied to be placed on the retired list under the thirty-year service law.

There are 270 Indians entitled to allotments in the White Earth reservation for whom there is no land, according to testimony given by Agent Howard.

The government brought three actions in the federal district court against the Erie railroad for violation of the sixteen-hour law in relation to employes.

Two army officers made an aeroplane flight in a war department machine from Doeberitz, near Berlin, to Hamburg in two hours and fifteen minutes.

Fire at Kansas City almost completely destroyed the stock of the Margolis Jewelry company at 1007 Main street, causing a total loss of nearly $100,000.

Inaugural day in Arizona has been changed from Monday, February 12, to Wednesday, February 14, according to a statement made by Governor-Elect W. P. Hunt.

The nomination of Former Governor Myron T. Herick of Ohio to be ambassador to France was sent by President Taft to the senate. He will succeed Robert Bacon.

Secretary McVeagh announced that he would appoint, before February 15, an entirely new board to prepare standards for testing purity of tea importations next year.

One fireman was seriously injured and a loss of $300,000 was caused when fire destroyed a three-story brick warehouse of the Chicago Railways company at 3907-11 West End avenue.

The Turkish cabinet decided to put into force the order for closing all Italian institutions in Turkey, including private banks, insurance companies and the orphanage of Scutteri.

Major Frank White, twice governor of North Dakota and who served with distinction in the Philippines during the war with Spain, has announced his candidacy for congress from the Second district.

Charles H. Walters, former vice president of the Mansfield Rubber company and interested in concerns in three state, was arrested in Galion, O., on charges of larceny and embezzlement aggregating $16,654.83.

Personal.

President Taft feels certain of his renomination and reelection.

President Madero will use the iron hand in suppressing insurrection in Mexico.

Hon. J. B. Weaver, who recently died in Iowa, was 79 years old.

General Canea, the Italian commander, has left Tripoli for Italy.

Dr. Edward Wilmot Blyden, the famous negro author and lecturer, is dead.

Jas. J. Hill was summoned to testify before the steel trust investigating committee.

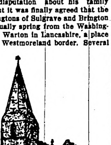
Representative Pujo has given assurance that the money trust investigation will be undertaken.

Representative McKinley (Ill.) has been re-elected chairman of the republican congressional campaign committee.

Washington Statue in Boston Public Gardens

More About the English Home of the Washingtons

A PROPOSITION seriously engaging the attention of the English people and press is that Sulgrave manor, in Northamptonshire, the home of George Washington's ancestors, shall be purchased by public subscription in both countries as a visible monument to the cordial relations existing between the two great branches of the English-speaking race. Sulgrave is the place in England most closely associated with the name of Washington. It is true that George himself attached little importance to this fact. In the early days of the American republic, ancestry was despised much more than is now the case. In 1788 he refused to accept the dedication of a book on heraldry because a portion of the community were "clamorously endeavoring to propagate an idea that those whom they wished invidiously to designate by the name of 'well-born' were meditating in the first instance to distinguish themselves from their compatriots and to wrest the dearest privileges from the bulk of the people." Ancestry today is much more regarded in America than it was a hundred years ago. Washington knew very little about his own forefathers. When he was asked about them by the garter king-at-arms, he said the first of his family in Virginia had come from one of the northern counties in England, Yorkshire or Lancashire, or even one still further north. Later there was much disputation about his family tree, but it was finally agreed that the Washingtons of Sulgrave and Brington did actually spring from the Washingtons of Warton in Lancashire, a place on the Westmoreland border. Several generations of Washingtons of Warton are recorded, and one of these was the father of Laurence Washington, mayor of Northampton in 1532 and 1545. This Laurence Washington had for mother the daughter of Robert Kytson of Warton, and a sister of Sir Thomas Kytson of Hengrave in Suffolk. This proved a matter of very considerable importance in their history, because it brought them into connection with the Spencers of Althorp and Wormleighton, through the marriage of Sir Thomas Kytson's daughter, Catherine, to Sir John Spencer of Wormleighton, whose grandson, Sir Robert Spencer, was created Baron Spencer of Wormleighton in 1603. In process of time the Washingtons of Sulgrave appear to have got into financial difficulties. Laurence Washington entered the wool trade, perhaps induced to do so by the fact that Lord Spencer was one of the great flock-masters of his day. This Laurence acquired great riches in the wool trade. In 1539 he became possessed of the manor of Sulgrave for the sum of £321 14s. 10d., and subsequently he purchased additional property. He had many sons, of whom the oldest was Robert, the ancestor of George Washington. He succeeded his father in 1585, when he was of the age of forty. He does not seem to have been so prosperous as his father, and yet seems to have been able to send both his sons, Christopher and William, to Oriel college, Oxford, where they were in 1588, the year of the Great Armada. Robert's eldest son was named Laurence, probably after the mayor of Northampton, and in 1610 he, in agreement with his son, agreed to sell Sulgrave to their cousin, Laurence Makepeace. The second Laurence Washington then removed to Brington, near Northampton, his father, perhaps, going with him, though the latter was buried in the family vault at Sulgrave. Laurence Washington had seventeen children, two of whom rose to high positions and were knighted—Sir William Washington of Packington in 1622, and Sir John Washington of Thrapston in 1623. But the younger members of the family were becoming impecunious. This, then, was the connection of the family of Washington with Sulgrave manor. It is a very interesting one. The manor could not be properly described as one of the stately homes of England. It was built at a good time, but it is not a very fine example of the period. Nevertheless, a single glance at the pictures of the really grand old place will show how essentially English are the architecture and its surroundings. It would have been a very befitting action had it fallen to the lot of the celebrants in Great Brittain to think first of Sulgrave and to have offered it as a free gift to the United States. The inhabitants of the latter could have made good use of it. It has long been the object of many a pilgrimage on the part of Americans in Europe, and it might have been a rallying ground and a center where objects of interest to them could be collected. Something of the kind may yet be done; but perhaps it is better that all of those who are interested in keeping the centenary of the signature of peace should take a share in the acquisition of this memorial of Washington.



Graves of Washington's Ancestors, Sulgrave, England.

Volunteer Fireman

True Public Spirit of the First President Is Shown in Significant Action Recorded

One of the facts in the history of George Washington which most historians fail to mention is that he was a volunteer fireman. About 1750 he enrolled himself in the volunteer fire company at Alexandria, Va.

It is related that on more than one occasion when Washington learned that there was a fire in the vicinity of Alexandia which had called out the firemen he mounted his horse and rode thither from Mount Vernon. The records of the place show that when the volunteer fire department was organized each member agreed "out of mutual friendship" to carry to every fire "two leathern buckets and one great bag of oxnaburg or wider linen," which was the primitive means of extinguishing a fire.

The Friendship Fire company of Alexandria was organized in 1774, at which time Washington was a delegate to the Continental congress in Philadelphia. The members of the company, remembering Washington's former services as a fireman, elected him an honorary member at their first meeting, and forwarded him a copy of the minutes.

To show his appreciation of the compliment, he at once made a thorough inspection of the different kinds of fire engines in use in Philadelphia, and upon his second return there in 1775, he bought from one Gibbs a small fourth-class engine for 80 pounds and ten shillings, and just before he set out for Boston to become commander-in-chief of the Continental army sent this little engine as a present to the Friendship company.

Washington did not lose his interest in fire matters through his elevation to position and power. Upon his retirement to Mount Vernon, after his second term as president, and when his fame spread around the world, he continued to take active interest in the volunteer fire department, and aided it in many ways.

Gets a Relic of Washington.

The notes from which Washington delivered his farewell address are bequeathed to Miss Lizzie C. Faxon of Dedham, Mass., by the will of her grandmother. Miss Faxon is a descendant of Thomas Jefferson and has a valuable collection of Jefferson letters and papers.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

PROFIT IN SUGAR BEETS.

Winona County Tiller Shows Minnesota Soil Suitable for Growing.

Winona.—That the growing of sugar beets in Winona county is profitable is indicated by the success of A. F. Miller.

Mr. Miller operates the old Fifield farm, four miles west of the city. From his fifty-five and one-half acres of land last year the yield averaged eighteen and one-half tons an acre. The total value of the crop was $5,190.26 and the net amount received after seed and hand labor charges had been deducted was $3,916.26, or $70.50 an acre.

The cost of growing an acre of beets is about as follows:

Plowing, $1.50; preparing and seeding, $2.25; cultivating, $3; lifting, $1.50; hauling eighteen and one-half tons at 60 cents, $10.95, bringing the total cost to $19.20. The amount is earned by the farmer and his team. Deducting this amount from Mr. Miller's check for $70.56 an acre leaves $51.36 an acre for use of land and profit, or on his fifty-five and one-half acres a net sum of $2,850.48.

The sugar industry is increasing rapidly in this section, where conditions have proven advantageous for their growth. When the industry was first started Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska were considered best suited to the production of the beets. But at present Mr. Miller is one of those Winona county farmers who has shown that beets can be successfully grown here.

AIM FOR MORE SETTLERS.

West Central Minnesota Counties Will Organize for Local Development.

Morris.—Through the efforts of the West Central School of Agriculture, Stevens county has organized a committee of fifty, which proposes to work for the development of west central Minnesota. The committee will meet the afternoon and evening of Feb. 22. The afternoon session will be devoted to a discussion of the work before the organization and to an address by President Vincent of the University of Minnesota.

At the evening banquet, H. J. Maxfield, commissioner of immigration, and F. W. Murphy of Wheaton will speak.

It is hoped to make this movement, which was begun in this county, general for west central Minnesota. All organizations interested are invited to send delegates and it is expected every county will be represented.

FIRE AT INDIAN DANCE

Roof of Nett Lake Hall Catches Fire. —Chief Prevents Panic.

Duluth. — Word has just been received from Nett Lake that the long anticipated dance between the White Earth, Fond du Lac and Nett Lake bands of Indians at Nett Lake was interrupted by the roof of the dance hall taking fire and the dancers, bedecked in all their finery of beads and head-feathers, got out and formed a bucket brigade and extinguished the flames.

The dance was just getting good when the Chief Mahjiskung discovered the fire. His manner of notifying the party of the fact was to tell them that the dance was at an end and everybody should immediately go outside. Then he uttered a warwhoop and it was the signal to fight the fire.

ROADS FILE REPORTS

M. & St. L. Gross Earnings Last Year Were $2,925,333.73.

St. Paul. — The M. & St. L. road filed with the state its gross earnings report for 1911. The gross figure last year was $2,925,333.73. The total the year previous was $3,066,303.92. It will pay a tax to the state of $117,013.35. The gross earnings of the Minnesota and International for 1911 amounted to $843,020.06 against $820,673.99 for the year previous. The tax is $33,720.80.

New Ulm Will Celebrate.

New Ulm.—The fiftieth anniversary of the Sioux Indian uprising and massacre and the attack on and defense of New Ulm is to be celebrated the latter part of August, and may continue for several days. It will commemorate one of the most stirring events in the history of Minnesota.

Quirk, Slayer of Dowell, Paroled.

Stillwater. — John P. Quirk, of Minneapolis, who shot and killed William Dowell, better known as Billy Dowell, a Minneapolis newspaper man, several years ago, was granted a parole by the state board.

Minnesota Heirs to Get $5,000 Each.

Council Bluffs, Iowa.—Shares in the estate of the late Peter Kadel, are to be given to the son and daughter in Minnesota—William Kadel of Wrenshall and Mrs. Cora Boone of Elbow Lake. Another son, George Kadel, was named administrator. Peter Kadel was worth about $80,000. The Minnesota heirs will receive at least $5,000 each. Steps were taken to prevent the divorced wife, Mrs. Harriet Kadel of Minden, Iowa, from claiming the wife's portion of the property.

EDITORS IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Annual Gathering of the Minnesota Association.

Minneapolis. — Minneapolis entertained the forty-sixth annual convention of the Minnesota Editorial association Thursday and Friday of last week. More than 200 editors attended. A feature of the meeting was a dinner given at the Commercial Club dining room Thursday night, this being the first function given an outside gathering by the newly organized Minneapolis Civic and Commerce association. Thursday night the visiting newspaper men and their wives were given an opportunity to see "The Balkan Princess" at the Shubert as guests of printers' supplies dealers of the city.

The convention opened with an address of welcome by Mayor Haynes and a response by S. Y. Gordon, president of the association. Thursday afternoon James Tawney delivered an address on "World's International Peace." Theodore Christianson, of the Dawson Sentinel, read a paper on "The Editorial Page," and E. E. McCrea, of the Alexander Post-News, read a paper on "The Front Page." E. H. Dent, of the Bemidji Pioneer, delivered an address on "Advertising in a Country Paper."

Friday, H. V. Jones, of the Minneapolis Journal, spoke on "Second Class Postage," and J. C. Morrison, of the Morris Tribune, read a paper on "Cost System of Printing." Discussions, resolutions, reports of committees and election of officers followed.

LAKE MOTORIST RETURNS

Abandons Trip From Port Arthur to Duluth, Fearing Ice Cracks.

Port Arthur, Ontario. — D. Boureau of this city, who started across Lake Superior for Duluth in an automobile, returned, having temporarily abandoned the attempt. He proposes to make another effort, but will organize a party of a dozen men. The greatest difficulty encountered by Boureau, he says, were the great cracks in the ice and the snow banks.

Winona Threshermen Organize.

Winona.—At a meeting of threshermen held at Lewiston the Winona County Threshermen's association was organized with the following officers: President, William Sackreiter; vice president, Joseph Schwager; secretary, Ed Weimer; treasurer, Frank Roberton; executive committeemen, August Helden, Jac Henzie, Edwin Boyum, Gus Ellingheuser, Albert Schoolcraft. The aim is to secure a uniform schedule of prices. The membership fee was placed at $2. It was decided to send representatives to the convention of the State Threshermen's association to be held in Minneapolis, Feb. 20 and 21.

Co-Operators to Meet March 6-7-8.

St. Paul.—A. A. Travoten of Fargo, of the committee of five that was appointed at the recent meeting of the Tri-State Grain Growers' convention in Fargo, to arrange for a farmers' co-operative marketing convention in St. Paul, has announced that March 6, 7 and 8 are the dates fixed upon. The committee now in St. Paul making arrangements consists of Ira M. J. Chryst, Hudson, Wis.; Magnus Johnson, Kimball, Minn.; C. R. Whittaker, Hastings, Minn.; W. I. Lowthian, Milbank, S. D., and A. A. Travoten, Fargo, N. D.

Beet Contracts Being Signed.

Faribault.—Many farmers of Rice county are going into sugar beet raising on a much larger scale than in past years. Some of them have made as high as $125 an acre and many $100 an acre. The company has stationed an agent here who makes contracts with the farmers for the number of acres they will put in; the agent will have charge of raising the beets. Where farmers desire, Russian families will be brought in to take care of the beets. Contracts are being made from two to twenty-five acres.

Woman Cremates Herself.

St. Cloud. — Mrs. Sam Valley, aged thirty-five years, residing on a farm five miles southeast of here, chose a tragic means of ending her life by setting fire to her home and perishing in the ruins. Her cremated body was discovered in the ashes by neighbors. Mrs. Valley has been living at the home of Ernest Neeser, a neighbor, one-quarter mile distant from the Valley home, since the mysterious disappearance of her husband last November. Despondency caused her rash act.

Cass Lake Dam Proposed.

Washington, D. C. — A bill directing the secretary of war to construct a dam at the foot of Cass lake, at a cost of $15,000, was introduced by Representative Lindbergh. It is intended to have this new dam form a part of the reservoir system at the headwaters of the Mississippi river, and to take up part of the water now flowing into the Winnibigoshish reservoir. The Cass lake dam has already been approved by the army engineers and flowage rights have been acquired by the government.

38 LABOR LEADERS NABBED

ON THE INDIANAPOLIS DYNAMITE INDICTMENTS.

List Includes Two International Officers and Many Walking Delegates.

Chicago, Ill., — Thirty-eight men, either at present or formerly connected with labor unions, most of them connected with the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, were arrested in 13 different cities by United States marshals on indictments returned by the federal grand jury at Indianapolis recently, in connection with the alleged existence of a nation-wide dynamite conspiracy.

Most of the warrants charge the illegal transportation of dynamite from state to state.

Among those arrested is Frank M. Ryan, president of the Iron Workers' union and Richard H. Houlihan, financial secretary of the Bridge Workers' union.

Warrants were served in the following cities: New York, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, Chicago, Indianapolis, Detroit, Buffalo, Kansas City, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Syracuse, N. Y., and Cleveland, Ohio.

The list is as follows:

Frank C. Webb, former member of executive board, International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and Patrick F. Farrell, whose connection with the case is not made known, New York City.

Daniel Brophy, Brooklyn.

Michael J. Cuname, business agent, Iron Workers' union Philadelphia.

W. E. Reddin, business agent, Iron Workers' union, and Herman Sieffert, business not mentioned, Milwaukee.

Richard H. Houlihan, financial secretary, Bridge Workers' union; William Schoupe, former business agent, Bridge Workers' local, No. 1; James Cooney, present business agent of union, and James Coughlin, member of same organization, Chicago.

S. P. Meadows, business agent Carpenters' union; Frank M. Ryan, president of Bridge Workers' International union, Indianapolis.

Charles Washmeistein and Frank J. Murphy, both ironworkers; Herbert Hockin, vice president and secretary treasurer of the Iron Workers' union, and Fred Sherman, business agent of a local bridge workers' union, Detroit.

John T. Butler, first vice president Iron Workers' union, Buffalo.

W. Bert Brown, labor leader, Kansas City.

Edward Clark, former walking delegate, and Earnest G. W. Basey, former business agent, Iron Workers' union, Cincinnati.

John Barry, former walking delegate Iron Workers' union, and Paul Morrin, active in raising McNamara defense fund, St. Louis.

E. W. Phillips, former secretary Bridge Workers' union, Syracuse.

Peter J. Smith, former business agent, Iron Workers' union; George (Nipper) Anderson, former walking delegate, Iron Workers' union, Cleveland.

Charles N. Beum, former member executive board International Association Brdige and Structural Ironworkers, Minneapolis.

Herbert S. Hockin, who succeeded John J. McNamara as secretary-treasurer of the Ironworkers' association, Fred Sherman, business agent local union, Indianapolis.

W. J. McCain, present business agent Ironworkers, Kansas City.

Daniel Buckley, business agent Ironworkers, Davenport, Ia.

Fred Mooney, member of Ironworkers' union, Duluth, Minn.

Michael J. Young, member executive board, Ironworkers, Boston.

Clarence E. Dowd, business agent of Machinists' union, local No. 98, Rochester, N. Y.

Andrew J. Kavanaugh, member Ironworkers' association; M. L. Pennell, member Ironworkers' association, Springfield, Ill.

M. B. Hannon, former business agent of Ironworkers' local association, Scranton, Pa.

Ed Smythe, business agent Ironworkers; J. E. Ray, prominent in labor circles, Peoria, Ill.

Henry W. Legleitner, former member of executive board International Association Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, Denver.

Phillip A. Cooley, New Orleans, member of executive board of Bridge and Iron Workers, Savannah, Ga.

Frank J. Higgins, a member but not an officer of the Boston local of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers' union, Boston.

William Bernhardt of Cincinnati, financial secretary of local union, arrested at Dayton, Ohio, Cincinnati.

Hiram Kline, Muncie, Ind., organizer International Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, Muncie, Ind.

Tafts Honor Clarks.

Washington, D. C.—President and Mrs. Taft gave the last state dinner of the winter season in honor of the Speaker and Mrs. Clark.

Shoots His Wife and Her Caller.

Iowa City, Iowa.—Fred Borts, a laborer, shot his wife and his cousin Lorenso Borts, when he found them together in his house here and then attempted suicide.

Chinese Troops Mutiny.

London, England.—A regiment of imperial troops mutinied at Tien-Tsin. The soldiers have been disarmed and the officials are arranging to send the mutineers to Pekin.

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

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IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

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During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent, St. Paul 32 per cent, and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

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This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, February 17, 1912.

A man who has made a happy home for his wife and children, no matter what he has not done in the way of achieving wealth and honor, if he has done that, he is a grand success. If he has not done that, and it is his own fault, though he be the highest in the land, he is a most pitiable failure. We wonder how many men, in a mad pursuit of gold, which characterizes the age, realize that there is no fortune which can be left to their families as great as the memory of a happy home.—Waubun Forum.

There are any number in Minnesota who do not believe the Roosevelt movement in this state is on the square and there is grounds for their suspicion. They have a hunch that the movement for the "Big Stick" is a blind for a Taft delegation, uninstructed of course and so made up that it will be easily handled by those in charge of the convention. Half a dozen papers over the state have aired their suspicions as to the movement, and one influential weekly has gone so far as to condemn the action of several local politicians who have been circulating a petition for the organization of a progressive league with Mr. Roosevelt as its patron saint. Those active in the movement, it was pointed out, were out and out Taft men, and the voters were warned to beware of their smooth talk.

Abraham Lincoln

When the inspired oration which heads this column on this one hundred and third birthday of Abraham Lincoln came to its close, not a sound came from the immense throng gathered to dedicate a soldiers' burying ground, though it had but latdly applauded to the echo the polished phrases of one of the greatest orators of his time.

So Lincoln, who like all truly great men was humble, left the place overwhelmed by the conviction that he had failed to rise to the occasion. Yet the words of the orator are forgotten, while the words of the great commoner, whose rugged beauty of mind and soul and splendid strength of character had their roots in the life of the common people whom he loved so well, are immortal.

In honor, on this anniversary of his birth, the greatest man this land has given to the world, it is well to remember that this re-born nation is itself his greatest monument, and that the splendor of his word and deed "consecrated him far above our power to add or detract."

To celebrate this anniversary, it is enough if "we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom; and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth."—Duluth Herald.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Feb. 5, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

The following bills were allowed as read:

John Forseen, salary January..	$15.00
St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co...	2.55
St. Hilaire Fire Department, work on chemical..........	4.00
Spectator, publishing proceedings January	6.25
A. H. Pitkin, supplies..........	18.65
P. O. Hagglund, supplies to Mrs. Gust Nelson..............	5.00
Walter S. Booth & Son, blanks	5.10

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

The County Board

The county commissioners were in session Feb. 9 and 10. The chief business of importance which received the consideration of the officials was the sale of ditching bonds. Ditching bonds to the amount of $145,000 were sold to C. L. Dobner, president of the First State Bank of Thief River Falls.

In the matter of the petition of Nels Burtness and others for the annexation of territory in sections 35 and 36 Rockbury township, to school district No. 26, Friday, March 29, was set as the day of hearing.

Treasures in Mexico

According to Consul Magill of Mexico that country is rich in rare curios, especially in copper and gold luster ware, which can be bought for bullion price. Carvings in ivory, fans, and ornaments done in the highest art can be picked up for a song. Old jewels in settings of centuries past are quite plenty. But he advises care in the selection, just as one should be careful to select golden grain belt beers for their summer beverage or table assistant to digestion. Once tried, never forgotten. Order of Alex. Thompson, Cookston, or of your dealer.

CONTINUOUS SHOWS.

They Were Started by B. F. Keith in a Boston Store.

It was in the month of January, 1883, that Mr. B. F. Keith, who had been studying the show business with farseeing eyes for many years, presented, in a store that he had leased in Boston, the first continuous show ever seen on any stage. He paid his performers $20 a week for a single turn and $40 for double and required them to give eight or nine turns a day. His "top liner" or chief attraction was a pound and a half baby. The doors of his playhouse were thrown open at noon, and from that time until half past 10 at night the performance went on without interruption.

Patrons were allowed to spend the entire day in the theater, and at first so many availed themselves of this opportunity to get a substantial filling of amusement at a small cost that Mr. Keith realized that he must either abandon the idea of a continuous entertainment or else invent some method by which the audience could be driven out of the building and place made for those outside who were waiting for admittance. Necessity is the mother of invention, especially when it is mated with sharp Yankee wit, and it was thus that what is known as "the chaser" came into the world.—James L. Ford in McClure's Magazine.

The Lowly Singer.

The humble poet goes about
In very modest raiment.
If he could coin his tuneful words
He'd gladly make a payment
On rags that glisten as the sun
And raise an awful holler,
But now he has to be content—
He hasn't got a dollar.

For him the sun unfolds its light,
For him the stars are gleaming,
And so he cannot waste his time
On profit bearing scheming.
He must remain content to get
The robin's morning greeting
And not disturb his high flown thoughts
With vulgar things like eating.

Were he disposed to drop a peg
And lower his profession
Things might be drifting round his way
In quite a long procession.
Would he write ads. instead of songs
Extolling pills or bacon
He'd rake in coin; but, oh, his art
Would have to be forsaken!

No; he will go along his way,
Wrapped in his inspiration.
Let sordid poets sing of soap;
His theme is all creation.
So take him gently by the hand
And lead him to the table,
And then the poet's appetite
You'll find was but a fable.

His Dreadful Price.

"I have just had some swell photographs taken."

"I hope that they do you justice."

"Thanks, awfully, but that's not what's troubling me."

"What is?"

"How I am ever going to do the photographer justice?"

An Oversight.

"The constitution is a grand old document."

"Yes, but they wrote it too soon."

"Why so?"

"They should have waited until automobiles had been invented and made it unconstitutional to run a fellow down."

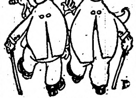
How It Happened.

"Take it from me"—

"No, I won't take a single thing from you!"

Here a lively scrap ensued.

Why She Was Mad.



"She doesn't speak to me."

"Why?"

"Because when she asked me what I thought of her complexion I told her it was very fair, but I could tell her a better brand."

For They Can.

"You can't always tell."

"Then there is one thing certain."

"What is it?"

"That you aren't a woman."

Substantial.

The joy of ready money,
The clinch of cash in hand,
Is something that the dullest
Can always understand.
There may be other pleasures
And other forms of bliss,
But there is none, I venture,
So sure enough as this.

In looking at the posies,
In going for a walk,
In taking in a lecture
To hear a fellow talk
And all such simple doings
Some pleasures may attend,
But there is no enjoyment
Like having cash to spend.

In love and its allurements
The one of youthful mind
Some feelings highfalutin
May very often find,
But when he pays the preacher
And starts to buy the hash
Things run on more serenely
If he can scatter cash.

Then here's to ready money,
The useful friend of man!
It gets him into places
No other booster can.
It gets him into places
And gets him out again
If he has ever handy
The twenty of the ten.

LAZY JOY FOR LITTLE WORK.

Six Months' Labor Enables Them to Loll in Indolence For a Year and a Half—Combing the Islands For Men For the Sugar Plantations.

A happy-go-lucky, stand up and fall down, genial, inconsequential spirit animates the West Indian negroes in their labors and in their begging. From the sweating toilers on the dock at Macoris loading sugar into the steamers, with their warning cry, "Bee-low!" to the men in the hold, to the grinning boys hauling their fishing boats up on the beach at Dominica, they live from day to day and take no thought of the morrow. A West Indian negro with $50 will live for a year and never do a stroke of work.

And why not? His living costs him only 9 cents a day. He has his little cabin for the occupancy. A mango tree grows in his yard, and he can pick plantains by the road at will. If he is too lazy to bake 5 cents will buy bread for the family for the day, and a few cents more will buy a dozen small fish and one large one. A single garment does for the women, and $5 will clothe the man for a year, while the pickaninnies run as God made them.

The West Indies are the paradise of the happy loafer. Every year the islands are combed from end to end for hands to work the great sugar plantations in Santo Domingo, and at that the negroes must often be practically kidnaped to get them on the boats.

In November of each year the sugar boats, little sloops and schooners that spend the remainder of the year trading among the islands get into the Santo Domingo negro trade. Their captains and supercargoes, when they have them, and the owners go up and down the islands telling the negroes that on a certain day the vessel will sail for Santo Domingo and take all who want to go to work on the sugar plantations.

Take the little island of St. Martin's for illustration. For a week the island is combed, and on the appointed day a dozen sloops and schooners are crowded into Marigot bay. The night before the negroes have begun to stream into the little town that sleeps through the year, waiting for this one day to bring it to life. Boards are laid across boxes, and rum and whisky are set out to arouse the negroes to the pitch that will carry them out to the vessels bound for the plantations.

All day the men stream into the town, traveling barefooted along the sandy roads, swept in by the sailors, singing their song of riches to be had for the asking. Ahead of the men walk their women, toting heavy boxes on their heads, while the men are dressed in their best, with a cocky straw hat perched on one ear, swinging a dandy cane and carrying their shoes in their hands. At the outskirts of the town they put on their shoes and swing gayly up to the open air bars on the beach.

The women lug the big boxes down to the beach and wail at being left alone until they, too, become filled with the excitement of the scene and urge their men folks on. The men hang back and laugh and drink and deny that they are going.

"Is you goin', Big Tawm?"

"Naw, Ah ain' goin'. Ah jus' come tuh see."

"Yas, yo' is goin', Big Tawm. Git in dat boat."

"Come on heah, boy. Ya, ha!"

And all the time the rowboats, loaded to the gunwales, are plying back and forth between the shore and the sloops. By sundown the beach is swept clean and six little sloops and a schooner make sail and drift out of the harbor on a dying breeze, loaded down with a thousand black men and women, who will wake in the morning with a raging thirst. Then woe be to the captain who has not filled his water casks, for there is sure to be at least one body to be given to the sharks after the fight around the butts!

When the vessels drop anchor off Macoris the plantation foremen come off and look over the cargoes and pay the shipmasters $2.50 each for passage money, for the negroes. Then the blacks are herded ashore and are credited with 30 cents a day for a month for working from sunrise to sunset in the cane fields. By that time the $2.50 passage money is paid back. Then they receive their 30 cents a day in cash for the next six months until the cutting and grinding season is over, when the sloops show up again and take them to their homes for $2.50 each, paid in advance.

The foremen collect from the plantation owners 63 cents a day each for pay for the black hands, but with their share of the money the negroes can live for a year and a half before they have to think of doing another day's work. And they do it. Year after year the trade is plied, and the islands are combed for men for the plantations, and year after year the negroes return home to eighteen months of lazy joy.—New York Tribune.

Groundhog.

Teacher was telling her class little stories in natural history, and she asked if any one could tell her what a groundhog was. Up went a little hand, waving frantically.

"Well, Carl, you may tell us what a groundhog is."

"Please, ma'am, it's sausage."—Everybody's Magazine.

English Etchings.

The title of reverend was first used in England in 1057.

Employment will be given to 18,000 men if England's plan is carried out of afforesting 150,000 acres a year.

England is getting warmer. The average temperature has risen just over a degree in the past half century.

The brewery at Burton-on-Trent, England, covers 100 acres. The yearly income is over $25,000,000. Seven hundred carloads of ale are forwarded daily.

No Satisfaction.

"I am afraid I will have to give up smoking."

"The doctor order it?"

"No; my wife is beginning to like the odor of a good cigar."

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	94
" " 2 "	92
" " 3 "	88
Flax, No. 1..........................	$1.86
" " 2..........................	1.76
Barley, for 50 lbs.....................	92
Oats	41
Eggs..	25
Butter	25
" creamery..........................	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight........................	2½@3½
Pork, "	5
" dressed............................	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive..........................	7
Hides..	8
Flour, patent.............................	3.00
Shorts, per ton...........................	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie........... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

MUSIC

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Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property.

FORFEITED TAX SALE.

Office of County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota. } No. 226

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Daniel Patterson. To John Fosberg.

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, described as follows, towit: Lots nineteen (19) and twenty (20), block three (3), in Ives' addition to the village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1903 for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of three dollars and twenty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of five dollars and no cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of five dollars and thirteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day said redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) day after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 8th day of February, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
f17-24

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, O. K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of Albert Sevre as representative of the above named estate being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of March, 1912, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 14th day of February, 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM [illegible],
Judge of Probate Court.
[illegible]

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 26th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, towit; The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January 26, 1912.

W. J. LABREE,
f3-m16 Sheriff of Pennington County.

Mortgage Forclosure Sale

Default having been made in the payment of an installment of sixteen ($16.00) dollars which became due and payable April 16, 1908, whereby under the terms of this mortgage, the whole principal sum and interest became and was declared due, towit, the sum of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30), dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, bearing date the 16th day of April, 1906, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Red Lake county and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1906 at five o'clock p. m., in book 35 of mortgages on page 90, and which is recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county in said state, in book 22 of mortgages on page 419;

Which said mortgage was duly executed and delivered by Hans S. Quam and Christine Quam, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Merchants State Bank of Red Lake Falls, mortgagee, to E. L. Mattson, by written assignment dated the 29th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 29th day of April, 1907, at 6 o'clock p. m., in book 52 of mortgages on page 501, and in Pennington county in book 42 of mortgages on page 91; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section seven (7), in township one hundred fifty-two (152), north of range forty (40), west of the principal meridian, formerly in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now being in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred ten and 30-100 ($110.30) and taxes if any and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, the same being here stated and claimed to be a reasonable fee, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

E. L. MATTSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. 113-f24

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of August 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 37 of mortgages on page 216, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 22 of mortgages on page 520; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS,
Mortgagee.

L. O. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-6w

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 24 of mortgages on page 196; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS,
[illegible]

L. O. SIMONS, Attorney [illegible]
Paul, Minn. [illegible]

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services Sunday, Feb. 25, at 2 p. m.
FRANK L. LARSON, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services Sunday, Feb. 25, at 11 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 2836 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection, I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References. Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.
S. J AMBLE, PROP.

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3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

Concert March 2

THE LOCAL NEWS

. McAndress is convalescing very slowly.

A. S. Wilson was at the county seat Thursday.

C. H. Martz was in Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Alfred Anderson was at Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Hoken Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs J. C. Dahl were in Thief River Falls Friday.

Miss Tyra Wallin was at Thief Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson were in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

John Johnson left for Grand Forks Monday on a business mission.

Show your patriotism by coming to the Imperial hall next Thursday evening.

Miss Marie Hanson returned on Monday from a visit to friends at Crookston.

A. C. Ellickson left last evening for a visit to the cities on real estate business.

A good program and plenty to eat at the Imperial hall Washington's birthday.

D. Patterson was quite ill last Saturday night with a threatened attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Wm. Kruegger and children of Red Lake Falls are guests of Mrs. Carl Krueger since yesterday

Robert and Myles Jackson and Harold Holmes took the teachers' examinations at Thief River Falls week.

Misses Myrtle Blaine, Ida Kalland and Marie Hooper took the teachers' examinations at Thief River Falls last week returning home Saturday.

O. H. Peters was seized with a kind of fainting fit Tuesday evening which floored him for a few seconds. He has been in poor health for some time.

The Ladies' Aid society of the mission church meets Friday Feb. 23, at 2 p. m. at the home of Mrs. A. L. Anderson east of town. All are welcome.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Miss Skogstad returned Friday to Roseau after a week in town having dental work done. Miss Skogstad is a sister-in-law of A. A. Reed, formerly grain buyer here.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

An alarm of fire on Wednesday called the firemen to Wm. Lindahl's place. The fire, which had started from the chimney in the kitchen, was extinguished before much damage was done.

Misses Alma Lyman, Lily Boehm, Anna Mbengen, Anna Netteland, and Blanche Lind were among the number who took the teachers' examinations at Thief River Falls last week.

Elmer Burkee graduates this year from the state normal school at Moorhead. He will be the leading actor in the class play, "The House of Rimmon," to be presented there two evenings, Feb. 17 and 19.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

Miss Mabel Patterson of St Hilaire, who has been the guest of her sister, Miss Inez Patterson for the past few days, left this afternoon for Thief River Falls where she teaches school.—Bemidji Pioneer.

The Young People's society of the United church will give a program at the Imperial hall on Washington's birthday. Program begins at 8:15 p. m. The young ladies will serve lunch after the program. Admission 15 and 25 cents.

N. Lazar has been in town since Thursday getting his stock of merchandise ready for shipment to Long Prairie, Minn., where he has decided to locate. He will go with his family Monday. The Spectator wishes him prosperity his is new location.

A Treat

Is promised to St. Hilaire. M. L. Roy, the business manager of the Hallowell Concert company, was in town Wednesday, and arrangements were made for the company to give a concert here on the evening of Saturday, March 2.

This company is composed of ten musicians of the highest class. It is unusual that such a company should stop in such a small town, and in order to secure them the Oddfellows have guaranteed the attendance. It is a rare opportunity for the people of this community to enjoy a great musical treat.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Axel Johnson went to Crookston Monday.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

O. H. Olson went to Crookstan last evening.

Joe Hauge was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

S. L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was talking life insurance here yesterday.

Wilford Lyman, a younger brother of C. W. Lyman, arrived in town Tuesday.

The pupils in Miss Duddy's room will give a program of exercises on Wednesday, the 21.

A baby boy was born to Mr and Mrs. Nick Rohr of River Falls on Tuesday, the 13th inst.

Mrs. O. W. Brink went Tuesday to Crookston, where her sister-in-law, Mrs. Adolfson, is very sick.

FOR SALE—A square piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time with good security. Parties wishing to purchase call at Holmes Bros. store.
tf MRS. E. WATERMAN.

At the next meeting of the literary society, Monday evening, Feb. 26, a patriotic program will be given. All members are requested to answer roll call with anecdotes, maxims, or quotations from George Washington.

C. C. Elliott has repainted his land office, and with the fine rugs and fine furniture it has an air of cosiness and comfort truly metropolitan, which ought to charm the money out of the pockets of the hundreds of homeseekers who are expected to make this their headquarters next season.

Selmer Benson returned Saturday from Neilsville, where he has been teaching school. An epidemic of small pox broke out among his pupils, and the attendance fell off to a minimum. The board took no steps towards disinfecting the school building and he resigned. He has another school near Halstad, where he expects to begin teaching in the near future.

Card of Thanks

We wish to extend thanks to the business men of St. Hilaire who assisted us in selling tickets, so liberally donated the prizes, and helped us to make our dance a success.
ST. HILAIRE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Don't Forget
To include with the other good things you pack in your picnic basket
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A most delicious, wholesome and thirst satisfying beverage
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Marshal .... JOHN FORSEEN
Assessor .... O. H. PETERS
Constable .... A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace .... O. H. PETERS / K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health .... DR. C. SWANSON / DANIEL PATTERSON / ARTHUR HALL

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Clerk .... K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors .... DANIEL PATTERSON / DR. C. SWANSON / H. O. JACKSON

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

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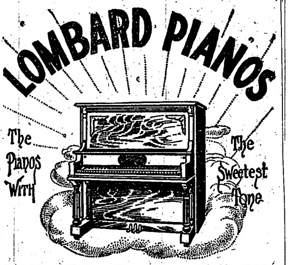
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LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!
Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."
Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."
J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."
J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."
R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.
Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.
We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.
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See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no teleph one.
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The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll-top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write F. LELAND WATKINS [illegible]

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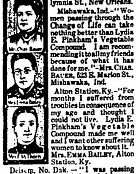
New Orleans, La.—"When passing through the Change of Life I was troubled with hot flashes, weak and dizzy spells and backache. I was not fit for anything until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which proved worth its weight in gold to me."—Mrs. GASTON BLONDEAU, 1541 Polymnia St., New Orleans.

Mishawaka, Ind.—"Women passing through the Change of Life can take nothing better than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am recommending it to all my friends because of what it has done for me."—Mrs. CHAS. BAUER, 523 E. Marion St., Mishawaka, Ind.

Alton Station, Ky.—"For months I suffered from troubles in consequence of my age and thought I could not live. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and I want other suffering women to know about it."—Mrs. EMMA BAILEY, Alton Station, Ky.

Deisem, No. Dak.—"I was passing through Change of Life and felt very bad. I could not sleep and was very nervous. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to perfect health and I would not be without it."—Mrs. F. M. THORN, Deisem, No. Dak.

AGED.



Helen—No; I shall never marry. I have borne too long with the sorrows and trials of life alone to add to my burden by—

Ethel—Beg pardon; you mean you've been born too long, don't you?

What the Copy Boy Wrote.

Representative Dan Anthony of Kansas, publisher of the Leavenworth Times, once had an office boy who yearned to know how to use a typewriter—which accomplishment, the boy figured, would make him a regular reporter.

Anthony turned an old broken-down machine over to him, says the Washington Herald, and bade him learn to run it.

"What'll I write?" the boy asked.

"Oh, just take some sentence, any sentence at all," Anthony told him, "and see how long it will take you to fill a page with it."

The boy set to work. An hour or two later Anthony chanced to notice the page on which the lad had been working. From top to bottom of the sheet, and from margin to margin, the boy had written one sentence over and over again until there was scarcely a white spot visible on the paper. The sentence the boy had selected to practice with was: "Who the —— invented school?"

Referred to the Lexicographer.

To Renege—Not to follow suit.

To Reno—To begin suit.—Life.

A TROUBLE MAKER

Coffee Poison Breeds Variety of Ills.

A California woman who didn't know for twenty years what kept her ill, writes to tell how she won back her health by quitting coffee:

"I am 54 years old," she says, "have used coffee all my life, and for 20 years suffered from indigestion and insomnia. Life was a burden and a drag to me all the time, and about once a year my ailments got such hold upon me that I was regularly 'sick in bed' for several weeks each time.

"I was reluctant to conclude that coffee was the cause of my trouble, but I am thankful that I found out the truth.

"Then I determined to use Postum exclusively—for a week at first—for I doubted my ability to do without coffee for any length of time. I made the Postum carefully, as directed, and before the week expired had my reward in a perceptible increase in strength and spirits.

"Seeing the good that my short experiment had accomplished, I resolved to continue the use of Postum, cutting out the coffee entirely. This I did for nine months, finding, daily, increased cause for gratification at my steadily improving health. My indigestion gradually left me, my sleep returned, I gained 26 pounds in weight, my color changed from sallow to a fresh, rosy hue and life became a blessing.

"Then I thought I would try coffee again, and did so for a few weeks. The punishment for deserting my good friend, Postum, was a return of my old troubles.

"That taught me wisdom, and I am now and shall be all my life hereafter using Postum exclusively and enjoying the benefits it brings me." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

FIGHT ON TYPHOID

Efforts Being Made to Check Spread of Disease.

Soldiers in the Regular Army, Officers and Enlisted Men in the Navy, and Hundreds of Militiamen Are Being Vaccinated.

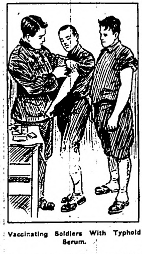
Washington.—The government has demonstrated that typhoid fever prevalent all over the United States, and a tremendous tax upon the life as well as the finances of the nation, may be prevented by vaccination. It has already made thousands of men immune to the disease and thousands more should be vaccinated against the ravages of the life-sapping disease, according to eminent scientists in the employ of the government.

At present, soldiers in the regular army, officers and some enlisted men in the navy, and hundreds of militiamen are submitting to vaccination against typhoid. When one realizes, that, out of 1,500 soldiers inoculated with typhoid vaccine in Texas last year in a district in which many unvaccinated persons died of the disease, not one contracted the malady, one is impressed with the remarkable success of the life-saving serum.

Typhoid fever is the bane of all large cities. Small towns are often decimated by an epidemic of the disease. Travelers fall prey to the noxious typhoid germs in all sections of the country. Under present conditions of sanitation, save in few places, no one is proof against an attack of the often fatal typhoid germs.

Cities have spent millions upon millions of dollars in trying to fight typhoid fever by creating pure water supplies. In some cases, such as in Washington, for instance, millions were spent in purifying the water supply so as to reduce the mortality from typhoid fever without, however, succeeding in lowering the death rate from the disease.

In small towns, where typhoid epidemics have taken away a large percentage of the inhabitants, steps have been taken by sanitary engineers to prevent future epidemics. In many cases, however, these preventive methods have been useless, for the fever has broken out anew at times when the people felt most secure against its ravages.



Vaccinating Soldiers With Typhoid Serum.

Typhoid vaccine, therefore, has been hailed as a blessing by dwellers in these small towns, although it has not been used by them to any great extent.

According to eminent government officials, the annual toll of typhoid fever in the United States, which runs well up into the thousands, is an absolute waste of life. Were 10,000 lives claimed annually by football, by boxing, by war, by fire-fighting, or by persons being caught by fire in moving picture theaters, the people of the country would rise up in wrath and demand that such fatalities cease without any delay. Take delirous typhoid fever, which, when not fatal, often leaves its victims handicapped for life, and the people are more tolerant, although the disease may be prevented, as may the fires in moving picture shows or the fatal accidents on football fields.

While anti-typhoid vaccination is absolutely infallible under certain limitations in the protection of the individual, the government and many of the public health officers in the larger cities of the country are of the opinion that anti-typhoid vaccination should not, at this time at least, become general in the big cities. They fear, that, should the citizens of a large city become vaccinated as a whole against typhoid fever, the city as a whole would become careless in sanitary matters.

The government wants it distinctly understood that typhoid vaccination should not lessen the sanitary precautions at the bedside in cases of the fever, the disinfections of the typhoid excreta in the household, the keeping of water supplies, both private and public, free from contamination, the purification of public water supplies where impurities are indicated, and the supervision of the production and sale of milk, and other foodstuffs.

Health officers are well aware that, the moment there is the least let-up in the enforcement of sanitary regulations, epidemics follow.

Mouse Bites Woman.

Lawrence, Ind.—Miss Nora M. Frenzelmeier, aged thirty-one, a trained nurse, is in a serious condition, suffering with blood poisoning.

Miss Frenzelheier attempted to kill a mouse with a stick of stove wood. She crippled the little animal and when she picked it up the mouse bit her on the right hand.

Her hand will probably have to be amputated to check the spread of the infection.

FINAL RESULT OF IMPURE BLOOD

The System Is Left Weak, Run Down and Helpless Against the Attacks of Disease.

If you need strength, if your blood is thin, your digestion disordered, it will pay you to investigate the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy that has transformed so many weak, anemic, dyspeptic, ambitionless people into strong, healthy, hungry men and women.

Mrs. Lena May Roberts, whose address is R. F. D. No. 3, Aberdeen, So. Dakota after several months of suffering finally found the right tonic in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says:

"For months after the birth of my baby, I suffered terribly from a general breakdown in health. I was in bed for three months and after that was able to be up only part of the time. I was sick all over, being pale, weak and thin. My appetite was gone and my head ached most of the time. Oftentimes there seemed to be a rush of blood to my head and I would faint away. I was very nervous and was not strong enough to do any work.

"As the treatment I was taking did not help me, I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which a friend said had helped her. After taking a few boxes, I began to get well rapidly. I continued using them for a time and am now as well and strong as ever in my life."

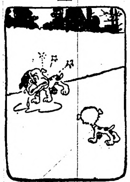
The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in general debility lies in their direct response to the needs of the blood. Their work is to make new blood. That they do this well is shown by the gradual disappearance of the symptoms and the return of color and health. They lay the foundation for permanent health in the future.

For the same reason these pills have cured anemia, after-effects of the grip and fevers, rheumatism, indigestion, and nervousness, dizziness, neuralgia and St. Vitus' dance, and are recommended wherever a tonic for the blood and nerves is needed.

A valuable booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," containing fuller information about rheumatism and other diseases of the blood will be sent free upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

CRY OF THE INJURED.



The Bulldog—I tell you, Mutt, dere ought to be a law passed prohibitin' tramps from wearin' pants over dere wooden legs!

TO KEEP THE SKIN CLEAR

For more than a generation, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment have done more for pimples, blackheads and other unsightly conditions of the complexion, red, rough, chapped hands, dandruff, itching, scaly scalps, and dry, thin and falling hair than any other method. They do even more for skin-tortured and disfigured infants and children. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page book on the care of the skin and hair will be sent post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Let us then be what we are, and thus keep ourselves loyal to truth.—H. W. Longfellow.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

Chair warmers never hear any good of themselves.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Most people look at trouble through a microscope.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Potatoes

Salzer's Potatoes are known the world over for extreme earliness.

Salzer's Earliest Potato Collection.

For 16 Cents.

John A. Salzer Seed Co., 540 So. 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

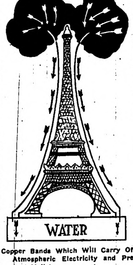
TAKE A DOSE OF PISO'S THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

EIFFEL TOWER STOPS STORMS

Famous Structure Has Been Turned Into a Huge Instrument for Protecting the Country.

Paris.—The famous Eiffel tower, long celebrated as the highest structure in the world, has been turned into a huge instrument for protecting the country from hailstorms.

French scientists hold the theory that hailstorms are due to electrical disturbances in the atmosphere, and they have fitted the great tower with an apparatus which will carry off the atmospheric electricity. This apparatus consists of two great bands of copper 28 inches wide. The ends are furnished with projecting points and reach from the summit of the tower without shores and fastenings along two columns which go into the ground, in contact with the enormous conduit of water that works the elevators. By this means communication is established between the gigantic structure and the earth.



Copper Bands Which Will Carry Off Atmospheric Electricity and Prevent Hailstorms.

The tower thus finds itself transformed into an electric Niagara, the bands of copper serving to make a connection between the earth and the clouds charged with electricity.

A hailstorm is usually characterized by the formation of very high cumulus clouds, strong surface winds, considerable lightning and thunder and heavy rains. It appears probable that it is formed either in the front of an advancing cool wave or in connection with a local thunderstorm or tornado.

OLDEST CIVIL WAR VETERAN

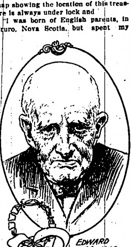
Edward Munroe, 103 Years Old, Living in London, Tells of His Service Under Farragut.

London.—In a little basement room, down an alleyway, off Holloway road, Islington, lives Mr. Edward Munroe, centenarian sailor, who, born in Nova Scotia on September 3, 1809, believes he is the oldest veteran of the American Civil war.

Mr. Munroe is wonderfully well preserved, and although riches have passed him by he lives now on the little pension granted by the United States government, he is as cheerful as a carefree boy. He delights to talk of the battles of the Civil war and speaks proudly of the admirals under whom he served, but he cherishes above all the memory of Admiral Farragut, and a faded photograph of the great sailor is his dearest possession.

Mr. Munroe, who spent 70 years on the sea, in the navy and in the merchant marine, like all sailors who hark back to the day of the clipper, has fought pirates, and when he lay in the hospital in Rio Janeiro, he says, an old pirate entrusted him with the secret of golden loot hidden by a master pirate. That secret is still locked in old Mr. Munroe's breast and the map showing the location of this treasure is always under lock and key.

"I was born of English parents, in Truro, Nova Scotia, but spent my early days in Philadelphia," said the veteran. "I made my first sea voyage at the age of fourteen, and for 70 years have been a sailor, first in the merchant service and then in the American navy, changing again and again from one service to the other.



"My first ship in the American navy was the wooden sloop John Adams. After four years in the navy I went back to the merchant service and then again into the navy. I spent a long time, too, chasing pirates.

"Once, when I was in hospital in Rio Janeiro," said Mr. Munroe impressively, "I lay next to an old pirate, one of Lafitte's Gulf of Mexico band. He was dying and he gave me the map of the spot where Lafitte buried a large part of his loot about 75 miles from New Orleans, on the Louisiana coast. I made an agreement last year with an English captain to hand the plans over to him, but he did not fulfil his contract, so I have broken off the negotiations."

COST OF GRAIN GROWING IN CENTRAL CANADA

A careful canvass made of a number of men farming in a large way indicates that even with the extreme expense of harvesting the crop, which has been caused by the bad weather and difficulty in threshing, wheat has been produced and put on the market for less than 55 cents a bushel. The average freight rate is not over 13 cents per bushel. This would make the cost of production and freight 68 cents and would leave the farmer an actual margin on his low-grade wheat of 17½ cents and for his high-grade wheat of 19½ cents; and though this is not as large a profit as the farmer has every right to expect, it is a profit not to be despised and which should leave a very fair amount of money to his credit when all the expenses of the year have been paid, unless the value of low-grade wheat sinks very much below its present level. A matter of importance to the prospective settler is that of the cost of production. The following table has been prepared after careful investigation:

Interest on 320 acres, value $30 per acre, 3 years at 6 per cent interest	$1,720.00
Interest on horses, machinery, wagons, ploughs, harrows, etc., to operate 320 acres—say $2,500 for 3 years	450.00
Getting 320 acres ready for crop first year, doing one's own work, with hired help, about $3.50 per acre	1,120.00
Getting 320 acres ready for crop, second and third year, about $1.25 per acre per year, or $2.50 per acre 2 years one's own work and hired help	800.00
Seed per year, wheat, per acre $1.25, 3 years	1,200.00
Seeding, 320 acres, 25 cents per acre, 3 years	240.00
Twine, 320 acres, 30 cents per acre, 3 years	288.00
Harvesting, 320 acres, 30 cents per acre, 3 years	288.00
Marketing, 320 acres, estimate 20 bushels per acre per year for 3 years, 3 cents per bushel, or 9 cents per bushel for 3 years	576.00
Threshing 320 acres, estimate 20 bushels per acre per year for 3 years, 6 cents per bushel per year or 18 cents for 3 years	1,152.00
Total	$7,834.00
Cr.	
By wheat crop farm 320 acres for 3 years, average 20 bushels per acre per year for 3 years, or a total of 60 bushels, = 19,200 bushels at 80 cents per bushel	$15,360.00
Balance to credit of farm after 3 years operation, $2,563.00 per year	7,526.00

"To operate 480 acres would cost less in proportion, as the plant required for 320 acres would do for the larger farm, and the interest on plant for the extra 160 acres would be saved."

The figures given may be open to criticism, but they will be found to be reasonably accurate, with a fairness given to the expense columns. There are those who profess to do the work at a much less cost than those given.

Effete Briton.

Booth Tarkington, the American playwright and novelist, is a very early riser, and, when the English playwright and novelist, Arnold Bennett, visited him at his charming residence in Indianapolis, Mr. Tarkington said, the first evening at dinner:

"I believe in the simple life. I get up with the sun. Will you take a ten-mile walk with me at six o'clock tomorrow morning?"

"Thank you, Mr. Tarkington," the Englishman answered, "but I don't walk in my sleep."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Anyway, a spinster can pretend that she would rather be her own boss.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers—its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

Unjustifiable Suspicion.

The colonel had caught Rastus redhanded, coming out of the hen coop with three fat pullets under his coat.

"So," he said, "I've caught you at last stealing my hens, have I?"

"Whut, me, suh?" replied Rastus, in pained surprise. "Why, Marse Colonel, suh, I hain't a-stealin' no hens, suh."

"Then what are you doing with them under your coat?" demanded the colonel.

"Why, Marse Colonel, hit look to me so like it war gwine to snow, suh, dat ah went out to de coop to bring dem hens in by de kitchen fiah, suh, to keep 'em from gittin' froze, suh," said the old man, with a deep sigh, to think that his honor had been suspected.—Harper's Weekly.

Self-Sacrificing Essential.

"You don't claim to be a party leader?"

"No," replied the quiet citizen. "Everybody wants to be the leader of the party. It strikes me that somebody ought to be willing to be the party."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Quite the Contrary.

Solicitor—Then you don't think it would be the wisest plan to try and meet your creditors?

Client—Good heavens, man—they're just the people I want to avoid!

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The true man is one who will neither seek an indirect advantage by a specious word, nor take an evil path to secure a good purpose.—Scott.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

A bitter, cruel speech, may cost a friend; but gentle, loving words may win a foe.—Earle William Gage.

Relieves Backache Instantly

Sloan's Liniment is a great remedy for backache. It penetrates and relieves the pain instantly—no rubbing necessary—just lay it on lightly.

Here's Proof.

"I had my back hurt in the Boer War and in San Francisco two years ago I was hit by a street car in the same place. I tried all kinds of dope without success. Two weeks ago I saw your liniment in a drug store and got a bottle to try. The first application caused instant relief, and now except for a little stiffness, I am all right."
FLETCHER NORMAN, Whittier, Calif.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Miss E. Rim of Brooklyn, N.Y., writes: "Sloan's Liniment is the best for rheumatism. I have used six bottles of it and it is grand."

Sold by all Dealers. Price, 25c., 50c., and $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

KEYSTONA FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS
DOES ON LIKE PAINT; LOOKS LIKE WALL PAPER; YOU CAN WASH IT
A beautiful illustrated book of 24 colors and Photographs sent free. Send your name and address to the KEYSTONE VARNISH CO., Brooklyn, N.Y.

DEFIANCE STARCH easiest to work with and starches clothes nicest.

WELCOME WORDS TO WOMEN

Women who suffer with disorders peculiar to their sex should write to Dr. Pierce and receive free the advice of a physician of over 40 years' experience—a skilled and successful specialist in the diseases of women. Every letter of this sort has the most careful consideration and is regarded as sacredly confidential. Many sensitively modest women write fully to Dr. Pierce what they would shrink from telling to their local physician. The local physician is pretty sure to say that he cannot do anything without "an examination." Dr. Pierce holds that these distasteful examinations are generally needless, and that no woman, except in rare cases, should submit to them.

Dr. Pierce's treatment will cure you right in the privacy of your own home. His "Favorite Prescription" has cured hundreds of thousands, some of them the worst of cases.

It is the only medicine of its kind that is the product of a regularly graduated physician. The only one good enough that its makers dare to print its every ingredient on its outside wrapper. There's no secrecy. It will bear examination. No alcohol and no habit-forming drugs are found in it. Some unscrupulous medicine dealers may offer you a substitute. Don't take it. Don't trifle with your health. Write to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, President, Buffalo, N. Y.,—take the advice received and be well.

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL,
SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP of FIGS and ELIXIR of SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
in the Circle,
on every Package of the Genuine.

ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY AT SOME TIME DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY.

WHEN BUYING
Note the Full Name of the Company
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE, OF THE GENUINE. ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE ONLY PERFECT FAMILY LAXATIVE, BECAUSE IT IS THE ONE REMEDY WHICH ACTS IN A NATURAL, STRENGTHENING WAY AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM, WITHOUT UNPLEASANT AFTER-EFFECTS AND WITHOUT IRRITATING, DEBILITATING OR GRIPING, AND THEREFORE DOES NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH BUSINESS OR PLEASURE. IT IS RECOMMENDED BY MILLIONS OF WELL-INFORMED FAMILIES, WHO KNOW OF ITS VALUE FROM PERSONAL USE. TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS ALWAYS BUY THE GENUINE, MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

Please write to the agent nearest you

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-est references. Best results.

Pettit's Eye Salve INFALLIBLE FOR WEAK SORE EYES

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24. 1912. NUMBER 33.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Congress.

Survey and estimate of a ship canal around Niagara Falls was asked for in a bill introduced by Representative Mott.

The committee on priviliges and elections adopted a report exonerating Senator Stephenson from charges of corruption.

In the senate the Sherwood pension bill was rejected by the pensions' committee and a substitute of Senator Smoot adopted.

James J. Hill testified regarding the Hill lease of the Lake Superior ore fields before the house Stanley steel committee.

The five-year army enlistment amendment to the army appropriation bill was adopted in the house by a vote of 101 to 73.

A delegation from the American Bankers' association urged the enactment of legislation for better regulation of bills of lading.

A service pension bill similar to the Sherwood bill and prohibiting special pension legislation was introduced in the senate by Senator Works.

Senator Williams of Mississippi advocated before the senate interstate commerce committee his bill for the regulation of interstate corporations.

The Lewis fraud order case developed controversy between George B. Cortelyou and E. C. Madden before the house postoffice expenditures committee.

The bill to make effective the convention between the United States, Great Britain, Japan and Russia to stop pelagic sealing was passed by the house.

Representative Lamb of Virginia has introduced a bill to license all locomotive engineers and place them under the indirect supervision of the interstate commerce commission.

It was charged before the committee on expenditures in the War department that President Taft shielded Major Ray, a paymaster, from court-martial because of Ray's political services in 1908.

General.

China has become a republic by the abdication of the imperial house.

A New York sewing machine man says there is no need of a protective duty.

For the time being, at least, Mexican troops will not be allowed on American territory.

Senator Reed of Missouri introduced his anti-third term amendment to the constitution.

Every ward in St. Louis elected Champ Clark delegates to the democratic state convention.

The Western Retail Lumbermen's association at Seattle went on record as opposed to the parcels post.

The old story of improper acquisition of the Panama canal zone was retold to a house committee.

This is not the year for Roosevelt to make the race for president, according to Secretary MacVeagh.

The Oklahoma republican state committee at its meeting endorsed President Taft for renomination.

Headquarters for Speaker Champ Clark's campaign for the democratic presidential nomination were opened at Washington.

State Senator A. V. Proudfoot of Indianola, Ia., authorized the statement that he will seek the republican nomination for governor.

The state department has concluded to decline the request of the Madero government for permission for Mexican troops to cross Texas.

Lawrence Y. Sherman of Springfield, Ill., made formal announcement of his candidacy for the republican nomination for United States senator.

George G. Thompson of Detroit, Mich., superintendent of rural mails, was appointed chief clerk of the postoffice department at a salary of $4,000 a year.

The tariff board's money is running so low that it may not this year be able to investigate the iron and steel schedule, which is under investigation by congress.

The twenty-five army posts which experts of the war department advocate abolishing will not be provided for in the army appropriation bill now before the house.

At the Department of Justice it was said that no evidence implicating officials of the American Federation of Labor had been adduced in the grand jury investigation at Indianapolis. No official statement was forthcoming.

Albert Prince pleaded not guilty to the charge of murdering Deputy Warden E. D. Davis at the Nebraska penitentiary.

The illness of Representative George R. Malby of New York, who now is convalescent, has delayed the final report of the house committee which investigated the sugar trust.

Miss Margaret Cameron, the protege of the late Edwin Hawley, the railroad millionaire, indicated to friends that she has found a document or will under which she becomes entitled to a share in his estate.

Colonel Roosevelt declined to disclose the contents of the letter he received from state governors.

The house passed the anti-loan shark bill fixing 12 per cent as the maximum interest rate in the District of Columbia.

Kansas City, Mo., will be the scene of the next intercollegiate balloon race.

An appeal for votes for women was made to the senate woman suffrage committee.

Former Governor Myron T. Herrick of Ohio was confirmed as ambassador to France.

Brigadier General Charles H. Whipple, paymaster general of the army, was retired.

James J. Hill says competition, in steel, as in everything else, is destined to continue.

American soldiers by getting into Juarez, Mexico, by mistake caused a great commotion.

The United States has given assurance to Mexico that there is no thought of intervention.

A steel magnate said labor unions should be under government control the same as corporations.

Congressman William Kent, of the Second California district announced his retirement from congress.

A forest lands executive order by Theodore Roosevelt will probably be rescinded by President Taft.

Several hundred billiard hall proprietors from all parts of Iowa met and formed a state association.

Arthur W. Brewster of Kansas City filed his declaration as candidate on the democratic ticket for governor.

The New York democratic state convention to select delegates to the national convention at Baltimore will be held April 12.

B. H. Meyer at a hearing urged wider powers for the commission, including physical valuation of railroads and supervision of bonds.

W. Morgan Shuster, ex-treasurer general of Persia, was a passenger on the steamship George Washington, which sailed from Southampton for New York.

The docks and ware houses of the Campagnie de l'nOcean burned at Amsterdam. The loss on goods stored in the ware houses is estimated at over $400,000.

The British steamer Cuban, which arrived in London from New Orleans, brought into port nine of the crew of the British ship Erne, which was wrecked in a heavy storm.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Lane told the Interstate Commerce committee investigation showed numerous deviations by express companies from published rates.

Charles Hazen Hyde, former New York city chamberlain, lost his appeal to the appellate division of the supreme court for a change of venue, and therefore must stand trial.

Mrs. S. H. Schermerhorn, wife of a Chicago broker, was seriously burned when an alcohol stove overturned in a compartment of a car on the Santa Fe California limited train near Emporia, Kan.

William McVey, arrested in New Orleans for larceny, is the former Nevada convict for whom a reward was offered after the murder of William A. Sanderson at Garfielud, Utah, November 11.

President Taft's urgent appeal for development in Alaska bore fruit in a bill introduced by Chairman Flood, of the territories committee, to create an Alaska railroad commission of three members.

Comptroller of the Currency Murray announced that he would strictly enforce the law which holds directors of natural banks liable for losses sustained through loans in excess of legal amounts.

Postmasters of postal saving depositories may accept deposits from anybody, the regulation restricting depositors to the patrons of a particular office being rescinded in an order issued by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Representative Mott of New York introduced in the house a bill appropriating $250,000 for the survey and estimate of cost of a ship canal to connect the navigable waters of the Niagara river, making a continuous water route between the five great lakes.

Senator Rayner asked the senate to adopt a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to report if the anti-trust law could be so strengthened as to define clearly the acts constituting a violation of the law and to insure the protection of fair competition in interstate trade.

Personal.

LaFollette says he is not out of the presidential race.

The national commission of China has elected Yuan Shi Kai president.

Former Gov. Folk of Missouri has dropped out of the presidential race.

Norman E. Mack has resigned as democratic state chairman of New York.

Adjutant General Ainsworth was placed on the retired list at his own reuqest.

Attorney General Wickersham says it will take Roosevelt's word to satisfy him he is a candidate.

The trial of the alleged dynamiters has been tentatively fixed for May.

Adjutant General Ainsworth has been relieved of duty and is to face a court martial.

Leo Mulgrew of Dubuque was reelected president of the Iowa state bakers' association.

Governor Aldrich of Nebraska said that talk of himself as a vice presidential candidate was premature.

Common sense and honest methods is the panacea recommended by ex-Senator Beveridge for government ills.

PEOPLE SUPREME SAYS ROOSEVELT

EX-PRESIDENT DECLARES HUMAN RIGHTS SHOULD COME BEFORE ALL OTHERS.

MAKES SPEECH AT COLUMBUS

Addresses Members of Ohio Constitutional Convention—Favor Big Business Under Proper Control—Advocates Direct Nominations.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 21.—That human rights are supreme over all othe rights and that wealth should be the servant, not the master, of the people, was the keynote of an address delivered today by ex-President Roosevelt before the members of the Ohio constitutional convention in session in this city. He declared that unless government was truly representative it was not representative at all. Referring to trusts he said that big business corporations should not be discouraged but that laws should be enacted by the government for their strict supervision.

After acknowledging the honor accorded him in inviting him to address the delegates, Mr. Roosevelt said:

Country Belongs to People.

"I believe in pure democracy. With Lincoln, I hold that 'this country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing government, they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it.' We progressives believe that the people have the right, the power, and the duty to protect themselves and their own welfare; that human rights are supreme over all other rights; that wealth should be the servant, not the master, of the people. We believe that unless representative government does absolutely represent the people it is not representative government at all. We test the worth of all men and all measures by asking how they contribute to the welfare of the men, women and children of whom this nation is composed. We are engaged in one of the great battles of the age-long contest waged against privilege on behalf of the common welfare. We hold it a prime duty of the people to free our government from the control of money in politics. For this purpose we advocate, not as ends in themselves, but as weapons in the hands of the people, all governmental devices which will make the representatives of the people more easily and certainly responsible to the people's will. . . .

"I am emphatically a believer in constitutionalism, and because of this fact I no less emphatically protest against any theory that would make of the Constitution a means of thwarting instead of securing the absolute right of the people to rule themselves and to provide for their own social and industrial well-being. All constitutions, those of the states no less than that of the nation, are designed, and must be interpreted and administered, so as to fit human rights.

Supreme Power in People.

"I hold it to be the duty of every public servant, and of every man who in public or private life holds a position of leadership in thought or action, to endeavor honestly and fearlessly to guide his fellow-countrymen to right decisions; but I emphatically dissent from the view that it is either wise or necessary to try to devise methods which under the Constitution will automatically prevent the people from deciding for themselves what governmental action they deem just and proper. . . . Constitution-makers should make it clear beyond shadow of doubt that the people in their legislative capacity have the power to enact into law any measure they deem necessary for the betterment of social and industrial conditions.

Mr. Roosevelt declared that in the past too much attention had been paid to the accumulation of prosperity but that the future more attention should be given to its proper distribution.

"The only prosperity worth having," he declared, "is that which affects the mass of the people. I hold it to be our duty to see that the wage-worker, the small producer, the ordinary consumer, shall get their fair share of the benefit of business prosperity. But it either is or ought to be evident to every one that business has to prosper before anybody can get any benefit from it. Therefore I hold that he is the real progressive, that he is the genuine champion of the people, who endeavors to shape the policy alike of the nation and of the several states so as to encourage legitimate and

While the anti-trust law was good as far as it went, Mr. Roosevelt declared that by itself it could accomplish but a trifling part of the government regulation that was necessary. In his opinion the nation and states must co-operate, and he referred to the leading part that Wisconsin, under the direction of Senator LaFollette, had taken. Continuing he said:

"All business into which the element of monopoly in any way or degree enters, and where it proves in practice impossible totally to eliminate this element of monopoly, should be carefully supervised, regulated and controlled by governmental authority; and such control should be exercised by administrative, rather than by judicial, officers. No effort should be made to destroy a big corporation merely because it is big, merely because it has shown itself a peculiarly efficient business instrument. But we should not fear, if necessary, to bring the regulation of big corporations to the point of controlling conditions so that the wage-worker shall have a wage more than sufficient to cover the bare cost of living, and hour of labor not so excessive as to wreck his strength by the strain of unending toil and leave him unfit to do his duty as a good citizen of the community.

Favors Direct Nominations.

Speaking of direct nominations and the initiative and referendum, he said:

"I believe in providing for direct nominations by the people, including therein direct preferential primaries for the election of delegates to the national nominating conventions.

"I believe in the election of United States senators by direct vote. Just as actual experience convinced our people that presidents should be elected (as they now are in practice, although not in theory) by direct vote of the people instead of by direct vote through an untrammeled electoral college, so actual experience has convinced us that senators should be elected by direct vote of the people instead of indirectly through the various legislatures.

"I believe in the initiative and the referendum, which should be used not to destroy representative government, but to correct it whenever it becomes misrepresentative. If in any state the people are themselves satisfied with their present representative system, then it is of course their right to keep that system unchanged; and it is nobody's business but theirs. But in actual practice it has been found in very many states that legislative bodies have not been responsive to the popular will. Therefore I believe that the state should provide for the possibility of direct popular action in order to make good such legislative failure."

Referring to the recall, the speaker said he did not believe that there was any great necessity for it as regards short-term elective officers, but believed it should be generally provided, but with such restrictions as would make it available only when there was a widespread and genuine public feeling among a majority of the voters.

One recall, however, Mr. Roosevelt declared himself heartily in favor of, the recall of decisions on constitutional questions which the people thought were wrong.

People Fit to Rule.

Mr. Roosevelt took issue with many eminent lawyers who do not believe in our American system of government, and in this connection said: "I take absolute issue with all those who hold such a position. I regard it as a complete negation of our whole system of government; and if it became the dominant position in this country, it would mean the absolute upsetting of both the rights and the rule of the people.

"I do not say that the people are infallible. But I do say that our whole history shows that the American people are more often sound in their decisions than is the case with any of the governmental bodies to whom, for their convenience, they have delegated portions of their power. If this is not so, then there is no justification for the existence of our government; and if it is so, then there is no justification for refusing to give the people the real, not merely the nominal, ultimate decision on questions of constitutional law."

In conclusion the speaker said: "Keep clearly in view what are the fundamental ends of government. I hope that not only you and I but all our people may ever remember that while good laws are necessary, while it is necessary to have the right kind of governmental machinery, yet that the all-important matter is to have the right kind of man behind the law. A good Constitution, and good laws under the Constitution, and fearless and upright officials to administer the laws—all these are necessary; but the prime requisite in our national life is, and must always be, the possession by the average citizen of the right kind of character. Our aim must be the moralization of the individual, of the government, of the people as a whole. We desire the moralization, not only of political conditions but of industrial conditions, so that every force in the community, individual and collective, may be directed toward securing for the average man, and average woman, a higher and better and fuller life, in the things of the body no less than those of the mind and the soul."

On Both Sides.

That fine artist, Legros, had always declined to learn English, but he took an inconsistent step, he had himself naturalized. The incident gave occasion to one of his best replies—and, though an austere painter, he was a jovial wit. "Well, Legros, how do you feel?" asked a friend on the morrow of the naturalization. "Why, particularly happy," Legros answered: "Yesterday I had lost the Battle of Waterloo, and today I have won it."—London Chronicle.

Leap Year.

Leap year, it has been complained by some one, seems to have been named on the same principle as the "Meeting of the Waters" at Killarney—which is a place where two streams do not meet, but part. A leap year ought to be a year in which we jump over a day—a 364 day year. One explanation is that all the days after February 29 jump forward one day in the week more than usual. The Romans used to call it a "bissextile year," and the French still do so.

ROBBED OF $25,000

HEART OF NEW YORK'S FINANCIAL DISTRICT IS SCENE OF DARING HOLDUP.

VICTIMS BADLY BEATEN

Three Highwaymen Leap Into Machine—Secure Loot and Then Make Their Escape in a Waiting Automobile.

New York, N. Y. — Twenty-five thousand dollars in currency was stolen from a taxicab in the heart of the financial district by three highwaymen, who sprang into the vehicle and overpowered W. F. Smith and Frank Wardell, messengers of the East River National bank. Both messengers were badly injured and the robbers escaped with the money, $15,000 in $5 bills and $10,000 in $100 bills. The currency was being transported from the Produce Exchange bank in the lower part of the city.

The taxicab had proceeded up Broadway without mishap when, for some unexplained reason, the chauffeur turned west on Rector street into Church street, skirting the side and rear of Trinity churchyard.

About midway of the old cemetery three men sprang from the curb. One jumped on the chauffeur's seat; the other two got into the vehicle. The man on the seat pressed a revolver in his overcoat pocket against the side of the chauffeur, Gino Martini, and commanded him to drive swiftly on without making an outcry.

Inside the vehicle the two robbers were belaboring the bank messengers over the head. Smith, one of the messengers, is 61 years old, and he was bleeding, and almost unconscious when the taxicab reached Park place, a few blocks north. Wardell was badly beaten about the head, but was not so seriously hurt.

At Park place the highwaymen jumped from the taxicab, bearing a tin box which they had wrested from the messengers, and which contained the currency. In a flash they had sprung into a big black automobile which appeared to be awaiting their coming and were quickly lost in the maze of traffic.

Martini, the taxicab chauffeur, continued to run his machine until he found a policeman. Here he gave the alarm and the two injured messengers were taken to a police station. Smith's condition was so serious that he was removed to a hospital. Wardell's scalp was badly laverated, but because of his youth he stood the fight well.

The taxi was owned and driven by Gino Martini and had been used many times by the officials of the East River bank to transfer cash and securities. Martini told the police that he did not suspect any danger, even when the men leaped into the cab, as he thought they might simply want to ride.

"The man who got by me," he said, "jabbed the gun into my side. 'Keep on a-going,' he hissed at me, 'and if you make a sound or turn, I'll fill you full of lead.' When I felt the gun against my ribs, I gave the car the power. Then I heard the door slam, and I could feel the struggle going on inside the cab, but I did not dare look around.

"We whizzed past two policemen, but I was so scared that I was afraid to make a sound. As I neared Park place the man beside me said: 'Slow down and stop at the corner.' I did as I was told and he jumped off and streaked for the black automobile that was standing there. I felt the door of the taxi open and I saw the other two men jump out and run over to the car, the engine of which had been started. They disappeared before I could tell anybody what had happened."

After questioning Martini at length, the police took him and his taxicab to headquarters. There the fingerprint experts of the department went over the machine in an effort to find fingerprints which might give them a clue.

MECCA FOR THE BLIND AND DEAF.

A Hospital for Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Established At White Bear Lake.

Prominent St. Paul specialists have taken over the White Bear Hospital and are the first to give Minnesota and the N. W. an institution exclusively devoted to the care of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat diseases. The Hospital has an accommodation for forty-five patients, is steam heated, electric lighted and has a modernly equipped operating room. It is beautifully located on the shores of White Bear Lake, free from the din and roar of the city and easily reached by steam and electric cars. The reputation and large practice of the physicians in charge are too well known in the Northwest to need any recommendation. That the Minnesota Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital will be welcomed by the people of the Northwest is evident by the number of patients that are already coming from long distances to secure the services of these specialists as well as the conveniences of this up-to-date hospital.—"White Bear Life."

Quarrel Costs Actor's Life.

Cincinnati, Ohio. — Max Abbott, 27, member of a burlesque company, died in a hospital here of a bullet wound. George Stone, leading man of the company, is held for the killing. Stone pleads self defense. He is a brother of Fred Stone of Montgomery and Stone.

Lord Chamberlain Appointed.

London, England.—Baron Sandhurst has been appointed lord chamberlain as successor of Earl Spencer who resigned Feb. 9.

RAISE POSTAL RATES

PRESIDENT CONCURS IN RECOMMENDATION REGARDING SECOND-CLASS MAIL.

SENDS MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Transmits Postmaster General's Report Which Shows Profit in Postal Department for First Time in History—Parcel Post Is Urged.

Washington, Feb. 22.—A raise in the rate on second-class mail matter is recommended in the annual report of the postmaster general which was transmitted to congress today, accompanied by a special message from the president. For the first time in the history of the department a profit is shown for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911.

Accompanying the document was the report of the commission on second-class mail matter appointed by joint resolution of congress on March 4 of last year and a brief message of the president, in which he called attention to the principal features of the two reports.

The report of the commission on second-class mail matter makes the following recommendations:

1. The rate of 2 cents a pound on copies mailed by publishers to subscribers, to news agents, and as sample copies, and by news agents to their subscribers or to other news agents.

2. The rate of 1 cent for each 4 ounces for copies mailed by other than publishers and news agents; that is, the present transient rate.

3. The present free-in-county privilege retained, but not extended.

The commission also recommended that the cent-a-copy rate for newspapers other than weeklies and for periodicals not exceeding 2 ounces in weight, and the 2-cent-a-copy rate for periodicals exceeding 2 ounces in weight, when mailed at a city letter-carrier office for local delivery, be abolished.

As to the effect and adequacy of the proposed increase of 1 cent a pound in postage the commission says:

"Such an increase will not, in the opinion of the commission, bring distress upon the publishers of newspapers and periodicals, or seriously interfere with the dissemination of useful news or information. A reasonable time should be allowed, after the rate is fixed, before it is put into effect. While the new rate will be very far from compensating the government for the carriage and handling of second-class matter, it will to some extent relieve the existing burden and result in a more equitable adjustment of rates."

Both the president and the postmaster general concur in the recommendations.

President Taft again concurs in the recommendation of the Postmaster General for the adoption of a parcel post system, suggesting the inauguration of such a service on rural routes and in the city delivery service first.

Hitchcock's recommendation for government ownership of the telegraph lines under the supervision of the postal service is not approved of by the president. Regarding this he says:

"There is only one recommendation in which I can not agree—that is one which recommends that the telegraph lines in the United States should be made a part of the postal system and operated in conjunction with the mail system. This presents a question of government ownership of public utilities which are now being conducted by private enterprise under franchises from the government. I believe that the true principle is that private enterprise should be permitted to carry on such public utilities under due regulation as to rates by proper authority rather than that the government should itself conduct them. This principle I favor because I do not think it in accordance with the best public policy thus greatly to increase the body of public servants."

The report of the Postmaster General is full of statements of changes in the organization and methods of the postal service made since the last annual report, and of tentative drafts of legislation embodying certain recommendations of the department which need legislation to carry them out. It also calls attention to the fact that the revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, amounted to $237,879,823.60 and that the expenditures amounted to $237,660,705.48, making a surplus of $219,118.12.

The report shows that the postal savings system was begun experimentally in January, 1911, and that it has now been extendod so as to include 7,500 presidential post offices, which includes practically all of the post offices of that class. Preparations are also being made to establish the system at about 40,000 fourth-class offices. The deposits in 11 months have reached a total of $11,000,000, distributed among 2,710 national and state banks.

Wonderful Experiences.

"When I was out in the country last summer," said the beautiful chorus girl, "I milked a cow."

"Oh, you haven't anything on me," replied the artist's model. "I visited an aunt of mine in the country last fall, and one evening I helped her wash the dishes."

An Empty Tradition.

"Pop, why are you called the head of the family?"

"It is merely a courtesy title, my son."

RHEUMATISM A DISEASE OF THE BLOOD

The Treatment Which Is Most Successful Is Directed Toward Building Up and Purifying the Vital Fluid.

That rheumatism is a disease of the blood is shown by the fact that it is hereditary in certain families, and that there is a marked thinning of the blood immediately following its attack.

In the following brief statement are described symptoms which every patient will recognize and the means by which a cure was effected in this case is described with equal fidelity.

If you are suffering from any form of rheumatism with loss of flesh and strength, and thinning of the blood, the remedy that was so effective here deserves a thorough trial.

"About fifteen years ago," says Mrs. Rhoda Pettit, of Louisville, Neb., "after exposure to dampness and wet and being in a run-down condition from overwork, I began to suffer from inflammatory rheumatism. Both my father and mother were sufferers from the same disease. My right side was afflicted and had I no use of my right limb. The cords of the limb seemed to be drawn up. Often the pains would shift from one part of the body to another and, while they were worse in my right limb, they were very severe through the small of my back. There was a sensation as though I was being cut with a knife. My limbs and feet were swollen so that I could not put on my shoes. I suffered intense agony all of the time and when the attacks were severe I was confined to bed for weeks. My stomach was in bad shape. I was troubled with heartburn and gas. I lost weight and my strength was all gone.

"I took medicine from a doctor and tried several other remedies and liniments but nothing helped me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had taken them only a short time before I could feel the new blood and after a fair trial I was able to walk. The pills made me a strong, healthy woman and I am entirely cured of the rheumatism. I know I would not be living today if I had not tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. The genuine are sold only in packages bearing the full trade-mark.

Mean People.

Henry Russell, the head of the Boston opera, was describing his foreign tour in search of talent.

"They were mean people," he said of the singers of a certain city. "I could do no business with them. They thought only of money."

Mr. Russell smiled.

"They were as bad as the man who discovered the Blank theater fire.

"The first intimation the box office had of this fire came, at the end of the third act, from a fat man who bounded down the gallery stairs, stuck his face at the ticket window and shouted breathlessly:

"'Theater's afire! Gimme me money back!'"

Among the Ancients.

Democritus had just announced the theory that the visible universe is merely the result of the fortuitous concourse of atoms.

"Subject, of course," he said, "to the approval of Mr. Gompers."

For he did not wish to be drawn into a magazine controversy over it.

Sharp-Eared Maid.

Wife—Our new maid has sharp ears.

Hubby—Yes. I noticed that the doors are all scratched up around the keyholes.

Only to find our duty certainly, and somewhere, somehow, to do it faithfully, makes us good, strong, happy, and useful men.—Phillips Brooks.

Too often the man with the hoe gets the worst of an encounter with the man with the gold brick.

From Our Ovens To Your Table Untouched by human hands—

Post Toasties

—the aristocrat of Ready-to-Serve foods.

A table dainty, made of white Indian corn—presenting delicious flavour and wholesome nourishment in new and appetizing form.

The steadily increasing sale of this food speaks volumes in behalf of its excellence.

An order for a package of Post Toasties from your grocer will provide a treat for the whole family.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Michigan.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

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ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

In the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the [illegible] territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is highly independent and its news columns cover every [illegible] of the world's daily history. Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, February 24, 1912.

Read Mr. Roosevelt's speech, on the first page of this paper.

The followers of Senator LaFollette still insist that he is not out of the presidential fight.

Bemidji elected a socialist mayor and one socialist alderman. The socialists are slowly but steadily gaining in this state, as they are throughout the nation. There is no use in trying to blind our eyes to this fact.

A decision of much importance to the dairy interests of the state was handed down by the supreme court last week. The law prohibiting discrimination in the purchase of butterfat and cream by offering higher prices at one point than at another is held to be constitutional.

Only congress, and not the supreme court of the United States, may object to the initiative and referendum method of legislation, so the court decides. The tribunal held that the question of whether a state still maintained a republican form of government, guaranteed by the federal constitution, after it adopted the initiative and referendum method, was a political problem for congress and not a judicial one for the courts.

The inference from all this cannot be escaped: Wherever the Republican party is prosperous, it is progressive. It is prosperous because it is progressive. Wherever the republican party is successful, the republican voters demand Roosevelt. If Taft gets the nomination, he will get it from democratic states. If the republicans want a candidate who will cause states to go republican, they will name Roosevelt; if they want a candidate who will cause and has already caused states to go democratic they will name Taft.—Collier's.

Senator Kenyon of Iowa has introduced a bill whose effect would forbid railroads and express companies to carry liquor into prohibition states. The antiliquor laws in many states are rendered futile by the ability of the distillers to set up local agents who can take orders and have cases and bottles of liquor sent direct to the consumer by express from outside the state. A similar bill was introduced in congress some years ago and would have passed if it had ever reached a vote. Speaker Cannon, however, disposed of it by packing the committee in charge of it with men from whom he exacted a promise not to report this particular bill.—Collier's.

Big Business would be all right if it did not arrogate to itself corrupting privilege, and no business is legitimate that allows a single one of its directors to accumulate $100,000,000. Andrew Carnegie made out of steel several times that sum, and he boasted that he made an additional forty-seven millionaires, some of them worth more than $100,000,000 each. Those gigantic profits were the fruits of extortion. Capital got too much, labor too little, and the consumers were spoliated to create an odious plutocracy whose magnates dwell on Fifth avenue within a pistol shot of want and squalor and misery and pain, disease and death, and then prate of equility and "Triumphant Democracy," and all of it is nothing but amass of canting, lying rot.—Collier's.

La Follette's Nature

You cannot make him more lonely than always he has been. Men will ask him to cease being true to type for a little while, to give them a rest from his intensity, his fierce handling of the sore spots in human consciousness. But he gives them no rest. He has no gentler speeches, no playful interludes. He has driven himself hard at the flinty opposition till he has become stern and solitary. One thing he sees, one thing he does, sometimes with overemphasis, sometimes with heat and rage, sometimes wearily and unwisely, but still driving on as if himself driven by overmastering command. Many men grow tired of him, for the novelty of his onslaught stales, and they turn to blither champions. To carry through to the end an unflinching, sturdy attack on privilege, on established power in any of its worldly manifestations, means that the fighter is scarred and broken before he has half finished his fight. The forces he has challenged will surely reach some personal weakness of his. He, like all mankind, is human and falls of perfection. His enemies are eager to proclaim him a warrior with a rusty blade. He invites bitter reprisal in making the fight at all. It may be that the world shall read "his victory in his children's eyes," but sometimes he must wonder if all the anxious striving is worth the cost. He pays for what his country gains.—Collier's

Lose in Legal and County Printing

In a talk before the members of the Northern Minnesota Editorial association at Long Prairie, Charles T. Kelley, editor of the Menagha Journal, told how the publishers of this state were each year losing money through accepting legal and county printing at less price than they were entitled to. Among other things he said:

"In the thirty-one counties embracing the territory covered by this organization, I think it is safe to say that through unbusinesslike methods of the publishers, the fraternity loses, absolutely throws away, in legal printing alone, fully $30,000 annually. This money is not given under the guise of charity and the printers have no one to blame but themselves for this enormous leak in their legitimate income. The word "Charity" in this paragraph reminds me of an incident that happened about the time I made up my mind to enter the profession that led to fame and fortune (?).

"A well-to-do farmer came into the court-house one day, his mission being the sale of tickets on a steer he was raffling. One of the county officials, tossing out the required amount, exclaimed sarcastically: 'This is for charity, I suppose.' 'Oh, no,' said the vendor; 'it is for a steer.'

"Now, we printers do not even get a chance on a steer when we cut prices on legal printing, or on any other work for that matter. Take the county printing, for instance; there are not one-third of the counties where the legal rate is paid, and of our thirty-one counties there are only about five where a just distribution is made among the publishers. In some counties probate notices are run at a flat rate of $4.00 or $4.50 when the legal rate will average $6.35—just a dead loss to the publisher of from five to seven dollars on an estate.

"I have pointed out a few of the numerous radical defects in our system, or rather lack of system, regarding an important item in the newspaper business. Now the uppermost question is: 'How can we best overcome these defects and put our work on a business basis?'"

The Butter Question

John McCabe, assistant state dairy and food commissioner, gave an interesting talk recently on butter prices. He said, among other things:

"Fifteen million pounds of butter produced in Minnesota was bought up a year ago at an average of 20 cents per pound and put in storage in order to bring about deficiency in the open market and so enlarge the sales of oleomargarine, the makers of which control the great bulk of the cold storage plants of the country."

It was McCabe's opinion that it will continue to be held in storage, thus helping to maintain the surface scarcity of butter. He stated very frankly that his department could do nothing toward putting a stop to creating such a condition. He made it plain that the situation developed only because the makers of oleo had cornered butter—locked it up, in fact—and so forced large sales of their product at prices that have shown an increasing scale.

"I want to say for the dairymen of this state that they actually made more butter last year than the year before, and that butter would not have been so high this winter but for this deliberate storing of 15,000,000 pounds and so creating a great deficiency where in fact none would have otherwise existed. Therefore, let us hear no more about the retailer or the middleman being responsible for this 'increased cost of living.' It is this combination of oleomargarine interests and cold storage plants."

In this connection we quote as follows from a communication recently received from an agent of a New York commission house by A. J. Hed, manager of the local creamery:

"I arrived in New York Tuesday, the 13th, and have been watching the market tumble from day to day since that time. It was then quoted at 35 cents, but at present is down to 29 cents with indications of going still lower. Butter has been piling up in every commission house in the market. The jobbers and retailers are bitterly complaining of no trade, caused by the misrepresentations in the daily papers about the butter trust, etc.

"A large retailer told me that before this agitation when the retail price of butter was 43 to 44 cents, consumers bought the butter without a word, but when these uncalled for misrepresentations came out in the daily papers they began to sit up and take notice and decided that they were paying too much and dropped out entirely, and the Lord only knows at what price they will commence buying again—there aren't any butter dealers who know how."

AUCTION SALE!

I will sell at public auction the property named below at my farm in town of Rocksbury, located on the north west quarter of Sec. 7, three miles southwest of Thief River Falls.

SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1912

COMMENCING AT 10:00 A. M.

1 team brown Geldings, 8 and 9 yrs. old; 1 bay Gelding, coming 9 yrs. old; 1 gray Gelding, coming, 6 yrs. old; 1 black Mare, 12 yrs. old; 1 brown Mare, coming 5 yrs. old; 1 roan Mare, coming 4 yrs. old, 1 bay Mare, 12 yrs, old; 1 bay Mare, coming 4 yrs. old, 1 Mare Colt, coming 1 yr. old, 6 Milch Cows, from 3 to 8 yrs. old, 1 Durham Bull, 2 yrs. old, 4 Heifer Calves, 14 head of Shoats and Sows, 40 Chickens, 3 Farm Wagons, 2 Buggies, 2 pair of Bob Sleighs, 1 20-Shoe Single, Disc. Drill, 1 Grain Binder, 1 Deering Reaper, 1 Gang Plow, 14 inch, 2 16-inch walking Plow 1 14-inch breaking Plow, Disc Pulverizer, Corn Planter, 80 rods wire, Fuller & Johnson Corn Plow, new, Field Roller, new, three section Harrow, Mower, 6 ft. cut, Mower, 4 1-2 ft. cut, Hay Rake, side delivery Hay Rake, Hay Loader, cable Stacking Outfit, pair light driving Bobs, Hocking Valley Food Cutter, Feed Cooker, 4 sets of work Harnesses, 2 light driving Harnesses, Cream Separator, Hero fanning Mill, Formaldehyde Mixing Machine, Potato Cultivator, Corn Sheller, Fence Posts, Lumber, Small Farm Tools and many other things too numerous to mention.

HOT LUNCH AT NOON

TERMS:—All sums under $10, cash; all sums over that amount, bankable paper due Nov. 1, 1912.

MATH BARZEN, Owner
C. M. EVENSON, Auctioneer
OLAF RAMSTAD, Clerk

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre,

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, O. K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of Albert Sevre as representative of the above named estate being duly filed, in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, 1912, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 14th day of February 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.
f17-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 26th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, towit: The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice Is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff, as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January [illegible], 1912.
W. J. LABREE,
[illegible] Sheriff of Pennington County.

Citation for Hearing on Petition for Administration.

Estate of Carl Fredrick Anderson.

State of Minnesota
County of Pennington } In Probate Court,

In the matter of the estate of Carl Fredrick Anderson, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Caroline Olson, Teckla Likes, Mathilda Adler, Albert Anderson, Arthur Anderson, Fridolph Anderson, Arvid Anderson, Edna Anderson, Sigrid Anderson, Lily Anderson, Lydia Anderson, Violet Anderson, and all persons interested in the granting of administration of the estate of said decedent:

The petition of Teckla Likes having been filed in this court, representing that Carl Fredrick Anderson, then a resident of the county of Red Lake, now Pennington county, state of Minnesota, died intestate on the 13th day of October, 1905, and praying that letters of administration of his estate be granted to Fridolph Anderson, of Wylie, Minn., and the court having fixed the time and place for the hearing of said petition;

Therefore you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March, 1912, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court and the seal of said court, this 16th day of February, 1912.

(SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Probate Judge.
f24-3t

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property.

FORFEITED TAX SALE.

Office of County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota. } No. 228
Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Daniel Patterson. To John Fosberg.

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, described as follows, towit: Lots nineteen (19) and twenty (20), block three (3), in Ives' addition to the village of St. Hilaire Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year A. D. 1903 for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of three dollars and twenty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That Thereafter, and on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of five dollars and no cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of five dollars and thirteen cents, and interest as provided by law to the day said redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) day after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 5th day of February, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
f17-3t

Pay your subscription

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of August, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 87 of mortgages on page 216, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 22 of mortgages on page 370; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS,
Mortgagee.
L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn.
f17-6w

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington, whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 24 of mortgages on page 196; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by siad mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS,
[illegible]
L. C. SIMONS, [illegible]

CHURCHES

nited Lutheran Church.—Ser a week from tomorrow at 11 ck a.m. An offering to foreign ssion will be taken up.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

Church.
nday school at 10 a.m.
ning service at 11 a.m.
ning service at 8 p.m.
worth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.

Paul M. Palmer, Pastor.

andinavian Mission Church—rewell sermon Sunday, Feb. 25, m. The Lord's supper will be .

Frank L. Larson, Pastor.

Lutheran Church.—Ser Feb. 25, at 11 a.m.

Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Synod Church.—Ser from tomorrow at 3 p.m. ool at 1 p.m.

I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
Sec. G. W. Hooper, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

Hilaire Lodge Number 1704, Brotherhood of America, meets O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mon each month. Visiting members are invited to attend.
C. Stern, President.
V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

tic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets fourth Fridays at their hall. members cordially invited.
President. Morris Lassell, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

r. C. Swanson
hysician and Surgeon
e over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIV EN NEER
timates, plans, and specifications ditching, construction of high s, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
ENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

O LETVIG
ubular Well Contractor
d supply of water guaranteed
dress: St. Hilaire, - Minn

he Park Ridge Nursery

rowers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants state bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Oscar Gunstad came down from Salol last Saturday.

A clairvoyant was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Axel Johnson returned Wednesday from Crookston.

Rev. Frank L. Larson is offering his fine driving team for saale.

William Lindahl returned yesterday from a visit to Crookston.

D. Lazar and family went to their new location at Long Prairie Monday.

C. W. Lyman went to Grand Forks Monday, returning Wednesday.

K. O. Gigstad went to Red Lake Falls last evening on a business mission.

Don't forget the mission services a week from tomorrow at the United church.

Axel and Arthur Jacobson went to Grand Forks Tuesday, and returned Thursday.

John Draeger of Red Lake Falls spent Washington's birthday with friends in St. Hilaire.

John T. Anderson of Gatzke, Minn., was in town the first of the week closing up a land deal.

Miss Lizzie Eck left for her home at Crookston Tuesday, after a visit of several weeks with Miss Tomina Wilson

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

A large attendance of parents and friends listened to the fine Washington's birthday program rendered by Miss Duddy's pupils.

August Theel of Ada and a cousin from Nebraska were in town the first of the week. Mr. Theel was looking after his land interests here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble and Miss Vivian left Tuesday evening for Grand Forks for a couple of weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

For Sale—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-41, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. Helgeson.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Martin Hoff was kicked by a horse Thursday and received an ugly looking cut across the kneepan, but made the rounds of his mail route Wednesday just as though nothing had happened.

The time limit for the filing of a petition for a vote on the license question having expired and no petion in sight, all concerned are congratulating themselves that that squabble has been ayorted.

Miss Olga Hoff, who is clerk in a came down from Middle River Tuesday, where she has been visiting for two weeks with her sister, Mrs. Kvennes. She left Wednesday for her home at Park River, N. D.

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

George L. Austin spent yesterday at East Grand Forks, where as food inspector he prosecuted two people for selling milk and hamburger steak, respectively, which did not come up to the requirements of the law.—Crookston Times.

Peter Stromme, the noted lecturer and humorist, will deliver a lecture here on Thursday evening, Feb. 29. His subject will be his trip around the world. He will speak in the English language. Admission 25c.

A debate is on the program for the meeting of the literary society Monday evening; subject: "Resolved, that the church has contributed more to the advancement of civilization than the press". Dr. Owens will lead the affirmative and C. A. Pitkin the negative.

Emil Just had a difference of opinion with some parties at his former home south of town, and received a blow in the face. His assailants followed him home and into the house, and in the altercation that followed Mrs. Just received a bad blow on the arm from an ax handle.

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago, is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage. St. Hilaire

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	91
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.85
" " 2	1.75
Barley, for 50 lbs	58
Oats	41
Eggs	25
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	7
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

George Brink went last evening to Red Lake Falls.

Born, Tuesday, Feb. 20, to Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Freund a son.—Gazette.

L. N. Peck and daughter Lois of McIntosh arrived Friday to visit at the Hooper home.

Herman Ortloff, Hans B. Peterson, Herman Peterson and M Swanson are having new telephones set today.

Invitations are out for the marriage of Rev. F. L. Larson and Miss Marie Hanson on Wednesday, Feb. 28.

Alfred Rolland, who is in St. Luke's hospital at Crookston ill with appendicitis, will undergo an operation next Monday.

At the Oddfellows' social last Saturday evening Miss Josephine Gigstad and A. J. Hed won the first prizes at whist and Miss Alice Wiltse and O. H. Olson took the consolation prizes.

The Washington's birthday entertainment given by the young people of the United church was a grand success. The program was a good one and well rendered, and speaks well for all who took part. Last but not least was a good supper.

Claire Jones arrived Wednesday for a visit at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Jones. He has been for several years in the employ of the Oliver Mining company as bookkeeper, but has been ill in the hospital at Stevens Point, Wis., since November.

DIED

Miss Julia Seeland died Thursday, Feb. 15, aged 25 years, and her father, Mikkel Seeland, died on Tuesday, the 20th inst., at the age of 67, at the home four miles north of town, of tuberculosis. They are survived by the aged mother, three sons—Henry, who resides in Canada, Oscar at Bemidji, and Albert—and two sdaughter—Eda and Gunild.

Funeral services were held on Thursday and they were buried in St. Paul cemetery.

How It is Done

A station agent, living a short distance from Fergus Falls, was discussing freight matters with a representative of the Journal the other day and made some remarks that are worth consideration.

"The mail order houses," said he, "make the railway men more trouble than all the other business men combined. They send out their catalogues, offering things at prices that look cheap, and obtain numerous orders for goods but you would be surprised at the number of articles that are refused when they arrive. Almost every day articles come in, and the purchasers, on coming to secure them, find they are of inferior quality and order them back. This is where the railway man's trouble begins. The mail order houses, particularly one of the well known Chicago concerns, make it a practice to claim that they never received the goods in return and to try to make the purchaser pay for them. The purchaser comes to us and tells us that he has a letter from the mail order concern saying that the goods were not received and that he is liable for them, and then we have to get busy and begin tracing them. Tracing a piece of freight is a slow process, and while it goes on the purchaser calls on us every little while and wants to know if we have found it. It generally requires several weeks and perhaps a month or two for us to prove delivery of the returned goods."

The man who buys his goods at home can see what he is getting, and in nine cases out of ten he gets better value than he does by patronizing the outside concerns.—Ex.

Do you buy corsets for style?

KABO
STYLE
3018

Copyright Kabo Corset Co.

Style 3018. Is made in batiste, low in the bust, long over hips, shortening back and front, lace trimmed, 11-inch front clasp with hook and eye at bottom, three pairs of hose supporters. Metal eyelets. Sizes 18 to 30. $1.50

Do you buy corsets for comfort?

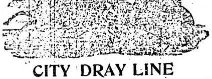
Do you buy corsets for long wear?

Kabo corsets are the best corsets in the world for these things and for many others.

If you don't know Kabo corsets you don't know perfect corset satisfaction.

For Sale by DAVID LAZAR.

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT
COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Village Officials.

President .... J. C. Dahl
Clerk .... Henry Olson
Trustees .... R. J. McKircher, Henry Olson, A. R. Jones
Treasurer .... B. E. Burker
Marshal .... John Forseen
Assessor .... O. H. Peters
Constable .... A. Satterberg
Justices of the Peace .... O. H. Peters, K. O. Gigstad
Board of Health .... Dr. C. Swanson, Daniel Patterson, Arthur Hall

School Officers

Chairman .... A. S. Wilson
Clerk .... K. O. Gigstad
Directors .... Daniel Patterson, Dr. C. Swanson, H. O. Jackson

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,000

The seventy-seventh year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is now read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest national weekly newspaper in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Spectator $1.00

Void Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

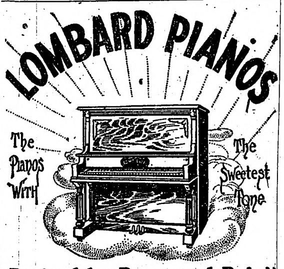
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL O. BAKKEN. Agent

Bring in Your Printing

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Local and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to cure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Courts are D. B. C. pupils. [illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has no other school like the D. B. C. [illegible]

FOR EVERY FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST

To the head of every family the health of its different members is most important, and the value of an agreeable laxative that is certain in its effect is appreciated. One of the most popular remedies in the family medicine chest is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that is known to druggists and physicians as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is mild and gentle in its action on the bowels, yet positive in its effect. A dose of Syrup Pepsin at night means relief next morning, while its tonic properties tone up and strengthen the muscles of stomach, liver and bowels so that these organs are able in a short time to again perform their natural functions without help.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this simple, inexpensive, yet effective remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and ask for a sample bottle. Dr. Caldwell will be glad to send it without any expense to you whatever.

But Mamma Didn't.

Little Mabel was always tumbling down and getting hurt, but as soon as her mother kissed the bumped forehead Mabel would believe it cured and cease crying. One day she accompanied her mother to the Union depot, and while they were seated in the crowded waiting room an intoxicated man entered the door, tripped over a suitcase, and fell sprawling on the floor. The attention of every one was attracted to the incident, and in the sudden silence following the fall Mabel called out:

"Don't cry, man. Mamma 'll kiss oo, and 'en oo 'll be all right."—Lippincott's Magazine.

No Sale.

"Hill work?" replied the demonstrator, after Stiggins had inspected the new car carefully. "Hill work? Why that's our strong point, Mr. Stiggins. This car can climb a tree."

"Ha! hum!" demurred Stiggins. "Then I guess I'll look elsewhere. I never saw a car yet that climbed trees that was any good afterward."—Harper's Weekly.

For Instance.

"Pa, what does abnormal mean?"

"Something that is out of the ordinary—something that is different from what it might be expected to be—an actress who has never applied for a divorce, for instance."

At the Bank.

"Your husband has stopped payment on your alimony check."

"I know it; he no longer loves me."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Love may not make the world go round, but it seems to make a lot of people giddy.

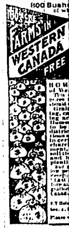
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Wealth may not bring a man happiness, but it surrounds him with a multitude of would-be friends.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

FREE

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.


FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.; Geo. A. Hall, 125 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Pettit's Eye Salve It's Use Will Quickly End Weak, Sore Eyes

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

25 CTS

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

The Proportion.

Knicker—Did he speak at a dinner

Bocker—No; he ate at a talk.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Many a girl fails to select the right husband because she is afraid of being left.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Feline.

Lou—I would rather a man would call me a fool than a knave.

Sue—Of course. It's truh that hurts.—Toledo Blade.

LAWYER CURED OF ECZEMA

"While attending school at Lebanon, Ohio, in 1882, I became afflicted with boils, which lasted for about two years, when the affliction assumed the form of an eczema on my face, the lower part of my face being inflamed most of the time. There would be water-blisters rise up and open, and wherever the water would touch it would burn, and cause another one to rise. After the blister would open, the place would scab over, and would burn and itch so as to be almost unbearable at times. In this way the sores would spread from one place to another, back and forth over the whole of my upper lip and chin, and at times the whole lower part of my face would be a solid sore. This condition continued for four or five years, without getting any better, and in fact got worse all the time, so much so that my wife became alarmed lest it prove fatal.

"During all this time of boils and eczema, I doctored with the best physicians of this part of the country, but to no avail. Finally I decided to try Cuticura Remedies, which I did, taking the Cuticura Resolvent, applying the Cuticura Ointment to the sores, and using the Cuticura Soap for washing. In a very short time I began to notice improvement, and continued to use the Cuticura Remedies until I was well again, and have not had a recurrence of the trouble since, which is over twenty years. I have recommended Cuticura Remedies to others ever since, and have great faith in them as remedies for skin diseases." (Signed) A. C. Brandon, Attorney-at-Law, Greenville, O., Jan. 17, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Subject for the Minister.

According to reports gathered by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, practically 10 per cent. of all deaths in church congregations are caused by tuberculosis. In a study of 312,000 communicants of 725 chuches in which there were 7,000 deaths in 1910, the death rate among these church members was found to be 2.24 for every thousand communicants. This is higher than the rate for the registration area of the United States, which was 1.60 in 1910.

"While these statistics,' says the national association, "are not comparable from the point of view of accuracy with those of the bureau of census, sufficient credence may be given to them to indicate that one of the most serious problems the ordinary church has to consider is that of the devastation of its membership by tuberculosis. Every minister in the United States should give this subject some attention during the week preceding or that following April 28 Tuberculosis day."

Newspaper Is the Medium.

"The importance of this whole question of publicity to the consumer is growing on the manufacturer. He sees his competitor or some man in another line turning the trick of publicity and he sit up and thinks. He is gradually realizing that localized, crystalized publicity in the home is what pays best and that he can only get that through the newspaper."—The Daily Club.

Man and His Happiness.

"Man is the creator of his own happiness; it is the aroma of a life lived in harmony with high ideals. For what a man has, he may be dependent on others; what he is, rests with him alone. What he obtains in life is but acquisition; what he attains, is growth. Happiness is the soul's joy in the possession of the intangible."—From Self-Control by William George Jordan.

Some of us are born foolish and never outgrow it.

THE DOCTOR HABIT

And How She Overcame It.

When well selected food has helped the honest physician place his patient in sturdy health and free from the "doctor habit," it is a source of satisfaction to all parties. A Chicago woman says:

"We have not had a doctor in the house during all the 5 years that we have been using Grape-Nuts food. Before we began, however, we had 'the doctor habit,' and scarcely a week went by without a call on our physician.

"When our youngest boy arrived, 5 years ago, I was very much run down and nervous, suffering from indigestion and almost continuous headaches. I was not able to attend to my ordinary domestic duties and was so nervous that I could scarcely control myself. Under advice I took to Grape-Nuts.

"I am now, and have been ever since we began to use Grape-Nuts food, able to do all my own work. The dyspepsia, headaches, nervousness and rheumatism which used to drive me fairly wild, have entirely disappeared.

"My husband finds that in the night work in which he is engaged, Grape-Nuts food supplies him the most wholesome, strengthening and satisfying lunch he ever took with him." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

BIG K. OF C. CEREMONY.

Joint Initiation of La Crosse and Winona Councils Attract 400 Knights.

Winona.—Four hundred Knights of Columbus from many cities in this section were attracted to Winona by the joint initiation ceremonies of the La Crosse and Winona councils. The visitors came from St. Paul, La Crosse, Plainview, Wabasha, Kellogg, Arcadia, Red Wing, Rochester, Minneapolis and other cities.

The ceremonies opened in the morning, when the entire delegation of Knights gathered at the local clubrooms and marched in a body to the Procathedral, where they attended mass and listened to the sermon delivered by the Right Rev. Bishop P. R. Heffron. In the afternoon a class of fifty-two were initiated into the second and third degrees at the St. Joseph's hall.

The feature of the day was the banquet at the Philharmonic hall. Six hundred Knights were present. Rev. Father Griffin of Winona acted as toastmaster. Toasts were responded to by Joseph Boshert, La Crosse; J. J. Fitzpatrick, Winona; John F. Dogherty, La Crosse; John E. Barry, St. Paul; James Keating, Wabasha; Edward Eabut, La Crosse; Richard A. Randall, Winona, and Martin J. Ryan of St. Paul. The feature address of the evening was that of Mr. Barry of La Crosse, who spoke on "A Knight of Columbus," in which he extolled the principles which underlie the order.

BEAULIEU CLOSES CASE.

Testimony in Indian Land Inquiry Deals With the Timber Sales.

Detroit.—Gus Beaulieu closed his testimony which is being before the congressional committee which is investigating timber matters of the White Earth agency, by submitting corroborating witnesses. It was shown that former estimates of timber in the Red lake territory were inaccurate, because, it was said, the estimators were incompetent. In one case a section had been returned as agricultural land when it had 385,000 feet of timber. The first report was by the Douglas corps under Secretary Hoke Smith.

The witnesses Mr. Beaulieu called were William O'Neil, superintendent of logging of the ceded Chippewa lands; Edward Warren, a timber expert; Joseph Roy; Jack Radbit, a mixed blood; B. L. Fairbanks, a White Earth merchant and former timber buyer; Shay Day, a nearly full-blood Indian, a Civil war veteran and a self-supporting retired farmer; John W. Carl, farmer and land man of Mahnomen; and Chi Mah Qua, a mixed blood.

The testimony related to logging operations and to the suspected collusion among bidders for the Indian timber.

TO BRING SETTLERS

Special Rates Announced to Minnesota During March and April.

Minneapolis. — Announcement was made by the Northern Pacific of special homeseekers' rates to Minnesota points the first and third Tuesdays from March to November, inclusive, on the basis of a fare and a half for the round trip. The minimum rate will be $8.

This is the first time the Northern lines have announced a low rate for such an extended period since the 3-cent rate was previously in effect: They were in only a short period last fall.

Indications point to a heavy movement to Minnesota this summer. From 1,000 to 2,000 people are reported daily as visiting the Northern Pacific exhibit car, now touring in Missouri. Much interest is shown in Minnesota products.

FAST TIME TO DULUTH.

Soo Is to Run From Twin City in Three Hours.

Duluth.—It is learned here that it is the intention of the Soo Line to reduce the time between Duluth and the Twin City by about an hour. The present fastest time is four hours and fifteen minutes, and the time contemplated by the Soo is "about three hours." It is expected, however, that the Soo line will not be the first to inaugurate the fast service, as the Northern Pacific and Great Northern will have plenty of time to anticipate it. The Omaha cannot think of competing because of its greater mileage. The Soo line's Duluth-Twin City passenger service will be inaugurated in the spring, and its fast service as soon as the new roadbed is right.

IOWA DAIRY TRAIN.

Experts Take Stock, Model Barn and Stalls to Albert Lea.

Albert Lea.—The Rock Island dairy special was brought here. There are lecturers of acknowledged ability with the train, and their outfit consists of three head of cattle, sample stalls and stanchions and a model dairy barn. The train remained here all night, leaving for Rake, Iowa. The train is being run for the Iowa Dairy association.

Train Service Suspended.

Pipestone.—The night passenger train service from Jackson, Minn., through Pipestone to Madison, S. D., on the Milwaukee road, has been suspended owing to a shortage of coal. Officials say they will probably be able to restore the service on March 1.

Pipestone.—The city council has passed an ordinance prohibiting boys under 18 from playing pool or billiards in any poolroom in the city. All school students not of age are prohibited from playing pool or billiards.

ROAD TO TWIN CITIES

Interstate Project Presented by South Dakota Warmly Seconded.

Redwood Falls.—At recent conventions at Deadwood and Huron in South Dakota, an organization was formed to construct an interstate highway from the Yellowstone park to the Twin Cities by way of Deadwood, Huron, Brookings, S. D., and Lake Benton, Marshall, Redwood Falls, Morton, Fairfax, Winthrop, Gaylord, Arlington, Green Isle, Norwood, Waconia, Excelsior, into the Twin Cities and to Chicago. It is also expected that the highway will be constructed westward to the Pacific coast.

The Minnesota portion of the highway is already under construction Several months ago, the Commercial club of Redwood Falls appointed a road committee consisting of A. R. A. Laudon, A. C. Dolliff and Joseph Tyson, to undertake the task of agitating the construction of such a highway. The efforts of the committee met such enthusiastic support that the line has been mapped and the various boards of commissioners of the counties through which the road will pass have adopted resolutions laying such a state road under the state road law. At the Huron convention A. R. A. Laudon of Redwood Falls was made a member of the interstate committee.

The South Dakota people will begin the construction of their portion as soon as spring opens. The highway will be so constructed as to avoid sharp turns, with easy grades forty feet wide, the graveled part to be twenty feet wide.

EDITORS IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Annual Gathering of the Minnesota Association.

Minneapolis. — Minneapolis entertained the forty-sixth annual convention of the Minnesota Editorial association Thursday and Friday of last week. More than 200 editors attended. A feature of the meeting was a dinner given at the Commercial Club dining room Thursday night, this being the first function given an outside gathering by the newly organized Minneapolis Civic and Commerce association. Thursday night the visiting newspaper men and their wives were given an opportunity to see "The Balkan Princess" at the Shubert as guests of printers' supplies dealers of the city.

The convention opened with an address of welcome by Mayor Haynes and a response by S. Y. Gordon, president of the association. Thursday afternoon James Tawney delivered an address on "World's International Peace." Theodore Christianson, of the Dawson Sentinel, read a paper on "The Editorial Page," and E. E. McCrea, of the Alexander Post-News, read a paper on "The Front Page." E. H. Denu, of the Bemidji Pioneer, delivered an address on "Advertising in a Country Paper."

Friday, H. V. Jones, of the Minneapolis Journal, spoke on "Second Class Postage," and J. C. Morrison, of the Morris Tribune, read a paper on "Cost System of Printing." Discussions, resolutions, reports of committees and election of officers followed.

GRAIN CASE IS SETTLED.

The Commerce Commission Decides Against Minneapolis Firm.

Washington, D. C. — The interstate commerce commission in deciding a case laid down the principle that an award for reparation should be made only to the person actually damaged.

A grain commission concern of Minneapolis, was overcharged by the Chicago & North Western railway on a shipment of wheat and flax seed. The charges exacted by the road were paid by the commission concern, which charged the full amount to a customer. Later, the commission house demanded a refund of the overcharge from the railroad through a proceeding before the interstate commerce commission.

The commission condemned the excessive rate exacted, but refused to grant reparation to the shipper because he had not been damaged.

Another Iron Range Road.

St. Paul. — Amendments to articles of incorporation filed at Brainerd show ambitious plans of the Cuyuna Northern road in Crow Wing county, tapping the Cuyuna range. A line is to be built from near Deerwood to the Northern Pacific between Fort Ripley and Brainerd. One is to be extended from Deerwood northwesterly to the Mississippi, thence along the river to Brainerd, and another from the latter point northeasterly to the Northern Pacific between Deerwood and Aitkin.

DAY ELECTRIC CURRENT WANTED

Commercial Club of Jackson Also After Free Mail Delivery.

Jackson.—The Commercial Club has recommended to the village council the purchasing of equipment for establishing a day electric current. The club is also circulating a petition for the free delivery of mail matter within the corporate limits. The directors of the Jackson County Fair Association will build an amphitheater on the grounds this year and remodel other buildings.

Attacked by Insane Patient.

Redwood Falls.—George Jeplin, a laborer who was discharged from the insane asylum at St. Peter, a few years ago, attacked Earl Whitman in the postoffice here today. Whitman was made unconscious by blows in the face. Joplin may be returned to the asylum.

New Cuban Treaty Asked.

Washington, D. C. — President Taft it was reported, has begun the negotiation of a new reciprocity treaty with Cuba.

FLAX GROWING IS PROFITABLE

WESTERN CANADA FARMERS BECOMING RICH IN ITS PRODUCTION.

So much has been written regarding the great amount of money made out of growing wheat in the prairie provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, Western Canada, that many other products of the farms are overlooked. These provinces will always grow large areas of wheat—both spring and winter—and the yields will continue to be large, and the general average greater than in any other portion of the continent. Twenty, thirty, forty, and as high as fifty bushels per acre of wheat to the acre—yields unusual in other parts of the wheat growing portions of the continent—have attracted world-wide attention, but what of oats, which yield forty, fifty and as high as one hundred and ten bushels per acre and carry off the world's prize, which, by the way, was also done by wheat raised in Saskatchewan during last November at the New York Land Show. And then, there is the barley, with its big yields, and its excellent samples. Another money-maker, and a big one is flax. The growing of flax is extensively carried on in Western Canada. The writer has before him a circular issued by a prominent farmer at Saskatoon. The circular deals with the treatment of seed flax, the seeding and harvesting, and attributes yields of less than 20 bushels per acre, to later seeding, imperfect and illy-prepared seed. He sowed twenty-five pounds of seed per acre and had a yield of twenty-nine bushels per acre. This will probably dispose of at $2.50 per acre. Speaking of proper preparation of seed and cultivation of soil and opportune sowing, in the circular spoken of there is cited the case of a Mr. White, living fourteen miles south of Rosetown, "who had fifteen acres of summer fallow a year ago last summer, upon which he produced thirty-three bushels to the acre, when many in the district harvested for want of crop. Now, there can be no proper reason advanced why such a crop should not have been produced on all the lands of the same quality in the adjacent district, provided they had been worked and cared for in the same manner. This year (1911) the same man had one hundred acres of summer fallow, had something over 3,800 bushels of wheat. He also had 1,800 bushels of oats and 300 bushels of flax."

There are the cattle, the horses, the roots and the vegetable products of Western Canada farms, all of which individually and collectively deserve special mention, and they are treated of in the literature sent out on application by the Government agents.

Creature of Habit.

"Man," didactically began Professor Twiggs, during a recent session of the Soc Et Tu Um club, "is a creature of habit."

"Eh-yah!" grunted Old Codger. "Tennyrate, my nephew, Canute J. Babson, seems to be. He has been run over by the same automobile twice. But then Canute always comes home down the same lane about the same hour in the evening, after he has partaken of about the same amount of hard cider."—Puck.

RESTORED TO HEALTH.

After Suffering with Kidney Disorders for Many Years.

Mrs. John S. Way, 209 S. 8th St., Independence, Kans., says: "For a number of years I was a victim of disordered kidneys. My back ached constantly, the passage of the kidney secretions was irregular and my feet and ankles badly swollen. Spots appeared before my eyes and I was very nervous. After using numerous remedies without relief, I was completely cured by Doan's Kidney Pills. In view of my advanced age, my cure seems remarkable."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name-DOAN'S. 50c. all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Domestic Difficulties.

Husband—What's the mater, dear? Why do you look so worried?

Wife—Oh, I've just got everything all ready for Mrs. Neatleigh's visit. I've done up all the curtains and pillow shams and bureau covers and centerpieces, and they're all spick and span.

Husband—Well, if everything is in such apple pie order why look so disconsolate about it?

Wife (bursting into tears)—Oh, I just know, as soon as she sees them, she'll know I cleaned everything all up because she was coming!—Judge.

Irascibility Explained.

"Isn't your husband getting a fearfully bad disposition?" asked Mrs. Shortsoot.

"No," replied Mrs. Leedout. "He has read somewhere that brainy men are always cranks and he's trying to get a reputation."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Styles in Ailments.

"Well, here I am," announced the fashionable physician in his breezy way. "And now what do you think is the matter with you?"

"Doctor, I hardly know," replied the fashionable patient. "What is new?"

A QUARTER CENTURY

Before the Public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Lose Either Way.

Reason—Remember, my boy, wealth does not bring happiness.

Rhyme—Maybe not, but fighting the wolf is no round of pleasure.

Girls

Read About These Three Girls. How Sick They Were and How Their Health Was Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Appleton, Wis.—"I take pleasure in writing you an account of my sickness. I told a friend of mine how I felt and she said I had female trouble and advised me to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as she had taken it herself for the same trouble with wonderful results. I had been sickly for two years and overworked myself, and had such bad feelings every month that I could hardly walk for pain. I was very nervous and easily tired out and could not sleep nights. I had dizzy spells, and pimples came on my face. But I have taken your Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it has restored my health. I think it is the best medicine in existence."—Miss Cecilia M. Bauer, 1161 Lawrence St., Appleton, Wis.

A SCHOOL TEACHER'S GRATITUDE:

Geneva, Iowa.—"I have been teaching school for some years and I have neglected my health because I was too busy with my work to attend to myself properly. I suffered greatly every month and was on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"I wrote to you about my condition and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and the Blood Purifier as you recommended. These remedies have done wonders for me and I can highly and widely recommend them to every suffering woman."—Miss Minnie Shaver, R. F. D. No. 1, Geneva, Iowa, c/o Sam Erickson.

A COLORADO GIRL'S CASE:

Montrose, Col.—"I was troubled very much with irregular periods. Sometimes two months would elapse. I suffered severe headache, was weak and nervous, could eat scarcely anything.

"I took both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier and the result was wonderful. I feel like another person.

"I think your remedies are the best on earth and cannot express my thankfulness to you for what they have done to me. I help my neighbors when they are sick, and I shall always recommend your medicines."—Miss Ella McCandless, Montrose, Col.

Is it not reasonable to suppose that a medicine that did so much for these girls will benefit any other girl who is suffering with the same troubles?

Does it not seem the only sensible thing to give such a medicine at least a trial? You may be sure that it can do you no harm, and there are lots of proof that it will do you much good.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4 & $5 SHOES

All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid. If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world. Illus. Catalog Free. W. L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

Waste Paper in Paris.

Paris police give strict attention to the act against throwing waste papers and refuse upon the streets. An absent-minded old gentleman carelessly dropped a hundred-franc note from his waistcoat pocket, whereupon a sharp-eyed policeman requested the old gentleman to give him his name and address or submit to arrest. But when the offender reached into the gutter and picked up the wastepaper and opened it before the policeman's eyes he was let off with an apology and a profound bow.

The Man and the Place.

Andrew Carnegie was giving advice on a recent Sunday to one of the younger members of the Rockefeller Bible class.

"I am an advocate of early marriages," he said. "The right man, in the right place, at the right time, is a very good saying, and, to my mind, the right man in the right place at the right time is unquestionably a husband reading to his wife on a winter's night beside the radiator."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

All Fresco.

"Why does that old maid use so much paint on her face?"

"She's making up for lost time."—Brooklyn Life.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Many people suffer intensely over imaginary injuries.

A milkman may be as rich as his cream and still not be wealthy.

16 CENT SEED SALE

10,000 KERNELS OF Selected FERTILE SEEDS for 16c

1750 Lettuce 1000 Celery

750 Onion 100 Parsley

1000 Radish 800 Cabbage

100 Tomato 1000 Carrot

1750 Turnip 100 Melon

1700 Brilliant Flower Seeds, 25 sorts

Any one of these packages is worth the price we ask for the whole 10,000 kernels. It is merely our way of letting you test our seed—proving to you how mighty good they are.

Send 16 cents in stamps to-day and we will send you this great collection of seeds by return mail. We'll also mail you free our great 1912 catalog—if you ask for it—all postpaid.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.

300 South Eighth Street La Crosse, Wis.

Your Child's Health

Is your child healthy and strong, or sickly and fretful? If the latter, the best remedy you can find is Kickapoo Worm Killer. It cleans out the impurities that cause all the trouble. Keeps their stomach and bowels clean and healthy. Removes worms if there are any present—and many more children have worms than you think.

Children like this delicious candy lozenge. Give it a trial—only 25 cents a box at any druggist or by mail.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn. Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES PILES, KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

Virginia Farms and Homes

FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY

Dime brings you Formula to make best Fire Extinguisher. Cost 5c, sells $1. J. M. Goodrich, Montague, Mich.

N. W. N. U., NO. 8-1912.

Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach.

A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery —the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets [illegible]

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Mar 2 1912

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1912. NUMBER, 35.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What Is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

Congress.

Senator Newlands introduced a revised interstate trade commission bill.

Senator McLean introduced a bill exempting "factory smokers" cigars from internal revenue tax.

Watchdogs of the treasury refused to permit of an appropriation for coast defense of Cape Henry.

The House Immigration commission decided to report favorably a bill barring illiterate immigrants.

Senator Dupont denied election corruption charkes made by Senator Reed's investigation resolution.

In a special message President Taft urged congress to grant permission for an American officer to serve as an instructor in Chilean army.

Senator Culberson presented a letter from San Antonio, Tex., claiming that city was being used as a plotting base of Mexican revolutionists.

Senator Stone introduced resolution directing foreign relations committee to make prompt inquiry into conditions on Mexican border.

Senator Cummins spoke favoring general pension legislation, saying the government could tax wealth if necessary to provide revenue.

In the house the amendment to the fortifications appropriations bill providing for the government to manufacture its own powder was defeated.

British Ambassador Bryce explained the British legislative system to the house judiciary committee in connection with the legislative bureau bill.

Senator Hitchcock, speaking on his resolution regarding Colombia, said the cession of Panama from Colombia was a conspiracy approved by the United States.

Senator Bristow spoke against the majority report of the senate committee exonerating Senator Stephenson of the charges of corruption in his election.

Representative Hughes introduced a bill incorporating President Taft's recommendations for an industrial relation commission to investigate industrial problems.

Labor Leader John Williams of Pittsburgh told finance committee of the senate any reduction in steel plate tariff would result in conflict between capital and labor.

Senator Hitchcock pressed forward the movement for a senate investigation of the dispute between the United States and Colombia growing out of the establishment of Panama as a republic. He introduced a resolution asking that the president send to the senate all correspondence and communications between United States and Colombia.

General.

Supporters of President Taft are willing to pit him against Roosevelt.

Colonel Roosevelt is casting about for a man to manage his campaign.

Rev. W. B. Loomis, a personal friend of Abraham Lincoln, is dead at Lone Rock, Wis.

Great Britain has acknowledged the right of the United States to fortify the Isthmian canal.

The ways and means committee of the house still is deadlocked on the sugar tariff schedule.

Charles Louis Loos, professor of Greek and former president of Transylvania university, is dead.

The house went on record as favoring the adoption of the eight hour work day on all government work.

The president nominated Charles A. Overlock of Arizona to be United States marshal for the district of Arizona.

Five of the seven railroad and steamship men indicted in Juneau, Alaska, February 15, for alleged violation of the Sherman law gave bonds for their appearance in court at Juneau March 15.

Representative Adamson introduced a resolution for inquiry by interstate commerce commission into charges that railways and shipping combinations intend to use the Panama canal to settle competition in freight rates.

The appearance of a French dancer, daringly clad, at a Sunday café chatant, given by Mr. and Mrs. William Littauer of New York is interesting Washington society.

John H. Marble, formerly of San Francisco, chief of the division of prosecutions of the Interstate Commerce commission, has been appointed secretary of the commission to succeed Edward A. Mosley, who died last April.

Chairman Underwood said the ways and means committee had failed to find a substitute for sugar as a revenue producer, thereby indicating free sugar was unlikely.

President Taft declares the time has not come for this country to be economical at the expense of an adequate naval establishment.

State Senator A. V. Proudfoot of Indianola, Ia., authorized the statement that he will seek the republican nomination for governor.

An outline of the Panama canal zone government bill, which has been made by the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, will be reported within ten days.

The plant of the Mon[illegible] company was destroyed by fire at Butte. The estimated loss is $50,000.

The senate is making ready to take up house tariff bills.

Juarez, Mexico, is still an open port despite order of Madero.

Eight hundred thousand British coal miners have ceased work.

President Taft is preparing for an extended speechmaking tour.

President Madero of Mexico says he has no thought of resigning.

Both houses of congress interested themselves in the Lawrence strike situation.

There was a mutiny of soldiers at Peking, and the city was given over to pillage and burning.

The trust platform of Senator Cummins was embodied in a bill he introduced in the senate.

Senator Cummins offered a bill designed to strengthen the anti-trust arm of the government.

Colonel Roosevelt announces that he will accept the republican nomination for the presidency.

Arizona occupies the distinction of having no federal official since her admission to statehood.

The United States steel corporatio is described by an expert examiner as one of the bad trusts.

The Third Missouri district republican convention split and elected both Taft and Roosevelt delegates.

The department of justice is investigating the moving picture business to ascertain is there is a "trust."

Reduction of wages would result from house steel tariff bill, labor representatives told finance committee.

Secretary Meyer says the United States will soon sink to fourth place as a naval power if congress is not more liberal.

The day of the arrival of Secretary of State Knox in Nicaragua is to be declared a public holiday throughout the country.

Secretary Meyer was before the house committee on naval affairs and urged that the coal fields of Alaska be used by the government.

Senator Dupont of Delaware voiced a flat denial of the charges against him in the resolution introduced by Senator Reed of Missouri.

Representatives of shoe manufacturers urged the department of justice to stand by its civil criminal suits against the United Shoe Machinery company.

Senator Poindexter advocated before the interstate commerce committee his bill for abolition of the United States commerce court.

Government ownership of express properties and operation by Postoffice department is provided in a bill Senator Gardner will introduce.

gathered largely in the Philippines and Central America, and valued at $10,000, has left a local nursery in San Mateo, Cal., for England.

Twenty years in the penitentiary was the sentence imposed on Richard Palmer, in criminal court at Des Moines, for the theft of two chickens. He confessed.

Governor Hiram Johnson of California addressed Ohio's fourth constitutional convention in advocacy of the initiative, referendum and recall. He made no political references.

One hundred and seven government officials will lose free telephones when the appropriation committee of the house reports the supply bill.

An appropriation of $55,000 for the protection of Valdez, Alaska, and the adjacent region from glacial floods was recommended to the senate by the commerce commission.

Samuel Untermeyer told the Interstate Commerce commission there was open violation of the anti-trust laws in the acquisition of smaller railroads by certain large eastern systems.

The house began hearings on the bill providing for increased federal appropriations for the aid of the state agricultural colleges. The bill contemplates an initial appropriation of $500,000.

Fifteen children of strikers at Lawrence, Mass., arrived in Washington and were met by Victor Berger of Wisconsin, the socialist representative. They came to testify before the house rules committee of the house.

A request from citizens of Ogden, Utah, presented to President Taft by Representative Howell, urging the government to investigate the strike of the machinists on the Harriman lines was referred to the department of justice.

Winfred T. Denison an assistant attorney general, during an address before the third annual conference of the Western Economic society in Chicago, declared that free play, so long as it is fair play, should be given competition and combination alike.

Eleven women were rescued by firemen during a mid-night fire which destroyed an apartment building at 3449 Idiana avenue, Chicago. Eight of the women, all of whom were in bed when the fire was discovered, were carried down extension ladders from the fourth story of the building.

Personal.

Senator Dupont of Delaware may soon undergo investigation.

An investigation of the election of Senator Dupont may be undertaken.

President Taft again outlined his views on sane tariff legislation.

Senator Lodge, while he cannot support Roosevelt, will not fight him.

South Dakota La Follette men have opened a campaign for their favorite.

Bryan said he was able to see the humorous side of the Roosevelt candidacy.

Governor Dix says Folke E. Brandt has proven himself unworthy of a pardon.

Federal officeholders with a leaning to either Taft or Roosevelt are advised to keep out of the political game.

OLEO TAX MUST GO

REPRESENTATIVE HAUGHEN BELIEVES MAJORITY IN HOUSE WILL PASS THE MEASURE.

PREVENT SUBSTITUTION.

Iowan's Bill Already Introduced Represents Wishes of the Dairy Men.—Other Congressional News.

Washington, D. C. — The dairymen of the country are awakening to a realization that the Democratic majority in the house is so friendly to liberal legislation in the interests of oleomargarine that a bill is pretty certain to be favorably reported by the agricultural committee and pass the house, removing the tax from oleomargarine and attempting to prevent fraudulent substitution of oleomargarine for butter by labels on packages. The committee probably will vote on the bill in ten days.

Representative Haughen of Iowa, who has introduced a bill which represents the wishes of the dairymen, said that in his opinion, the Democratic bill giving oleomargarine a better chance in the trade will pass the house. Mr. Haughen has presented what will come to be known as the "dairy bill."

The Haughen bill contains two or three drastic provisions intended to protect the butter business, chief among which is the retention of the proposition that oleomargarine, when it enters interstate commerce, shall be subject to the laws of each state or territory in which it enters, and shall be liable to seizure if sold in violation of the laws of such states. The other proposition is the prohibition of the use of any milk, cream, butter, or butter fat in the production of oleomargarine, and another provision is added to the special taxes which are imposed upon manufacturers and wholesale dealers, a clause creating a hotel or restaurant which serves oleomargarine as a retail dealer, subject to a tax of $6 a year. This proposition is that every person, including keepers of these various eating houses, hotels, restaurants, etc., where food is sold, who serves oleomargarine, shall not only pay the special tax as a retail dealer, but shall continually display in the room where oleo is served as a substitute for butter a sign in letters a foot high the words, "Oleo Is Served Here."

Other work of the day in the two houses included:

Senate.

Contingent expenses committee reported Culberson resolution for investigation of 1904 and 1908 federal elections with an amendment confining it to collections and expenditures of national and congressional committees.

Senator Kenyon denounced methods used in election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin.

Senator Bristow introduced resolution calling for an investigation to determine whether postmasters were being coerced in the interest of any presidential candidate.

House.

A parcels post system provision in postoffice appropriation bill introduced by Representative Moon of Tennessee.

A request from the navy for a $1,000,000 appropriation for wireless stations was transmitted by secretary of the treasury.

Bill authorizing use of Red Cross in other than war times unanimously passed.

Money trust investigation soon will be made by two divisions of banking committees, one to investigate the charges of the existence of a money trust, the other the Aldrich currency plan.

Ways and means committee agreed to report favorably free sugar bill with excise bill for income tax.

Bill imposing heavy fines and taxes on and prohibiting the import and export of white phosphorus matches favorably reported by ways and means committee.

Bill passed granting American citizenship to Porto Ricans.

To provide for carrying out an agreement under which South Dakota school lands will be exchanged for national forest land of equal area and value, President Taft has signed a proclamation which makes it possible for the state to select immediately 60,143 acres of land from the Harney and Sioux national forests.

This will permit of indemnity selection by the state in place of school lands lying along and within the boundaries of the Black Hills' national forest, which will become part of the forest.

Washington, D. C. — A bill to put sugar on the free list, eliminating $53,000,000 in all customs revenue, and another to extend the present corporation tax to include individuals and co-partnerships having an income of $5,000 a year or over, were ratified by the Democratic caucus of the house.

The excise tax, so-called by the ways and means committee, is in effect an income tax. The bill is so drawn that it is expected to comply with the supreme court's decision against the constitutionality of an income tax. Its effect would be to tax every person who earns more than $5,000 a year, on the excess of $5,000 at the rate of 1 per cent.

The estimate of Chairman Underwood and members of the ways and means committee is that the proposed excise tax would bring in a revenue of between $50,000,000 and $60,000,000 a year. Placing sugar on the free list, the Democratic leaders estimate will reduce the price of sugar to the consumer about a cent and a half a pound.

The secret that members of the ways and means committee had been so closely guarding for several days was the provision to extend the corporation tax. In the caucus that bill was not seriously opposed.

The free sugar bill, however, was bitterly assailed by representatives from Louisiana, the sugar cane state, and representatives from sugar beet growing states who were absolved from the bond of the caucus. No roll call on the ratification of the bills was demanded. Majority Leader Underwood announced that the bills would be reported to the house in a few days.

"We simply took the corporation tax law and rewrote it to include individuals and co-partnerships," Mr. Underwood said. "The bill, to illustrate, simply means that I, whose business is that of a member of congress, will pay to the government 1 per cent of my salary income over $5,000. The salary of a congressman is $7,500. I would therefore pay an excise tax of $25 a year."

The president of the United States, should the proposed bill become a law, would pay 1 per cent on $70,000 or $700, his salary being $75,000.

Railroads will be subjected to heavy fines for intimidating employes who seek to join labor unions or for "blacklisting" discharged employes, by the terms of a bill introduced by Representative Stevens of Minnesota. The bill would amend the railroad rate law and provide penalties of from $100 to $1,000 for violations of the new section. It was referred to the interstate and foreign commerce committee.

The senate adopted a resolution calling on President Taft to submit to it all the correspondence with Colombia dealing with the acquisition of the Panama canal zone by the United States.

The resolution was offered by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska who urged its adoption in a speech in which he charged former President Roosevelt with participation in a conspiracy to foment the resolution by which Panama was lost to Colombia and the canal zone became the property of this country. There was no division on the vote of adoption.

Washington, D. C. — Patent medicines and other patented articles may be sold without reference to the prices fixed by the patentee. This was the opinion handed down by Justice Wright in the equity court when he refused the application of a drug manufacturing concern for an injunction to prevent a local druggist from cutting prices without the manufacturers' permission. The court declared that the patentee of an article could control the price by which it should be sold by a "licensee," but that once the article has found its way to the open market by outright purchase all right to fix the price passed from the patentee.

What vinegar is in the United States is determined by a decision of the government pure food board, signed by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson. The decision holds that when natural vinegars are diluted with water to reduce their acidity, the label must indicate this fact and that no vinegars may be diluted to an acidity of less than 4 grams of acetic acid per 100 cubic centimeters or approximately 4 per cent.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has approved a decision of the pure food board which holds that no cherries may be labeled "Maraschino" unless they are Marasca cherries preserved in Maraschino, a liquor prepared by distillation of the Marasco cherry.

Washington, D. C.—An investigation to determine whether there is a "money trust" in the United States operating through or in connection with the national banks, was ordered by the house by a vote of 270 to 8. While Republican regulars and insurgents protested that the inquiry as proposed was a "sham" and a "delusion," the Democratic forces united in support of a compromise "money trust" resolution, and succeeded in securing all but eight Republican votes in its support.

Usage of Panama to Stifle Rates.

In an effort to preserve and promote the interests of the government by the protection and development of full, fair, open and profitable use of the Panama canal by the ships of commerce and war of all people and all nations the house interstate and foreign commerce committee embarked on a general investigation of charges of ship trusts, subsidies and other rumors of impropriety in the usage of the canal after it is opened.

Government To Consult Trade Boards.

Washington, D. C. — President Taft has taken the initiative in a movement to bring business men of the country into touch with the government for advice and counsel in the administration of laws, the enactment of new statutes and the development of commerce. Secretary Nagel of the department of commerce and labor, has called a convention of delegates from commercial organizations in Washington April 15. Invitations have been sent to 1,000 local chambers of commerce.

ATTACKS THE PRIMARY

Heyburn Cites Stephenson's Case as Example of Its Inefficiency.

Washington, D. C. — The primary election system, adopted by many states, was attacked in the senate during consideration of the election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin. Senator Heyburn declared the primary opened the way for "graft," while it was condemned as "unsatisfactory" by Senators McCumber and Overman. Senators Borah and Bristow defended the law.

JAIL SUFFRAGETTES

SCORE SENTENCED IN LONDON WITH 150 OTHERS TO BE ARRAIGNED.

PRISON MAY COME NEXT

London Is Like City in State of Siege—Grave Danger That Bloodshed May Result From Tactics of Women.

London, England.—Hard labor was the portion meted out to a score of suffragette leaders, arrested for participating in a demonstration when they were arraigned in the several police courts. The sentences varied from one to six months, according to the nature of the offense charged. Among the prisoners sentenced was Miss Alice Wright, an American residing in Paris.

Most of the magistrates served notice on the women that hereafter all sentences will include hard labor, a new departure. This will mean riotous scenes within the prisons, as the women say they simply will not work.

One million women have brought about a situation that threatens to overshadow the great labor troubles. The demonstrations of the women advocates of equal suffrage have reached a point where the police can no longer prevent or control them. Violence of a type peculiarly aggravating has been ordered by the leaders, and wholesale arrests, instead of checking it, have merely enhanced the determination of the women.

Outcome May Be Bloodshed.

There is grave danger that the outcome will be bloodshed. It is known that Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and others of the leaders of ultra-militant body hope that this will come. As she was led away to her cell last week, Mrs. Pankhurst declared the cause would have been advanced ten years had she been killed.

City Looks Like Siege.

The city looks as if it were in a state of siege. Nearly every big store window is boarded up. The banks maintain special guards outside to keep the women away. The entire metropolitan police is on continual duty. Everyone is kept moving and women suspected of planning violence are rushed to the police station to be searched.

The Times demands that all of the leaders of the suffragettes be prosecuted on charges of conspiracy to break the law. This is a felony punishable by sentences up to seven years. The government hesitates to act thus severely, although the demand is joined in by the shopkeepers, whose property has been destroyed. The women hope this action will be taken. If it is, they say, they are sure to win, as they insist Englishmen will never consent to their wives and daughters being made felons.

The Bow street magistrte has 150 cases against suffragettes still to deal with, 87 of them arising from the serious riots of last Friday, when the accused caused damage of $25,000 and the others in connection with last night's disturbance.

REFUGEES AT EL PASO

American Women and Children Safe, After Peril in Mexico.

El Paso, Texas. — One hundred and fifty Americans, mostly women and children from the American lumbering town of Madera, were brought into El Paso by the Mexican Northwestern railroad from Pearson, their first stopping place after leaving Madera.

With the exception of a small hospital staff at Pearson, every American woman and child in the towns of Madera and Pearson, Mex., is on United States soil.

These assert that for weeks they practically have been isolated and living in a state of terror, with neither wire nor train communication, with mails demoralized and almost constantly menaced by marauding bands. Business at Madera they declare is nil.

Torreon.—A construction train on the line of the abandoned Mexican International railroad, which was sent out under escort of a body of volunteers, was attacked by rebels near Matamoras, state of Coahuila, a few kilometers east of here. Twenty-five of the escort were killed.

THE MARKETS

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, March 6.—Wheat, May, $1.07¼; July, $1.08¼; No. 1 northern, $1.08¼; No. 2 northern, $1.06¼; No. 1 durum, $1.04; No. 3 corn, 66c; No. 3 white oats, 49c; barley, malting, $1.25; No. 2 rye, 88c; No. 1 flax, $2.01¾.

Duluth, March 6.—Wheat, May, $1.06¼; July, $1.07¼; No. 1 northern, $1.07; No. 1 durum, $1.05¼.

South St. Paul, March 6.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@6.75; cows, $3.25@4.75; calves, $3.50@7.25; hogs, $6.00@6.40; sheep and lambs, $4.50@6.35.

Great Northern Gains Big.

St. Paul. — The gross earnings of the Great Northern Railway company for the first seven months of the present fiscal year exceeded those of any similar period in the history of the system. Even the high mark of 1910 was eclipsed. The operating revenue of the Great Northern for the period named was $40,424,468.86, a gain of $2,315,052.93. Total operating expenses were $20,202,174.84, a decrease of nearly $1,000,000, leaving a net revenue of over $19,000,000, or an actual increase of $3,270,633.85.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Minneapolis. — The Democratic state committee will meet to reorganise, March 19, in St. Paul.

Two Harbors.—Robert Waads, a woodsman, was run over at Tower by a passenger train and fatally injured.

Duluth.—Helen, the three-year-old daughter of C. H. Appleby, accidentally set fire to her clothing and may die.

Brown Valley.—It is planned to erect three brick buildings here to replace structures recently destroyed by fire.

Minneapolis. — The main tank house of the local plant of the Standard Oil Co. burned, entailing a loss of $30,000.

Mankato.—Rev. Father Reardon, of St. Thomas college, St. Paul, gave the first of a series of lectures to the Knights of Columbus lodge.

Winona.—Minnesota day was observed in nearly all of the schools of Winona by special programs and the presentation of historical data.

Hastings.—George Wisch was fined 1 and costs by Justice Kennedy for taking two chikens belonging to Mrs. Joseph Burns of South St. Paul.

St. Louis, Missouri. — Dean George F. James of Minnesota university was elected president of the Society of College Teachers of Education.

Cass Lake.—The first National bank reports the sale of seventeen immigrant tickets to Germans who are coming from Antwerp, Belgium, to Cass Lake.

Hastings.—Clyde Wolcott, an employee of the power company at South St. Paul, was robbed of $27.50 by two highwaymen while returning in a buggy from Inver Grove.

Fergus Falls.—Elenora Kohler of Bluffton, this county, is dead from the effects of burns. She was standing beside a stove and her dress caught fire. She was 11 years old.

Faribault.—Mrs. and Mrs. W. S. McKellip have left for Boulder, Mont., where Mr. McKellip will have charge of the state farm of the Montana school for the feeble minded.

Plainview.—Miss Lucy Lamprey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lamprey, of Plainview, was found dead in bed by her mother. She had been an invalid over twelve years.

Winnipeg, Manitoba. —Wilbur Redd (colored) of St. Paul, under sentence to be hanged for the murder of a negro over a game of cards, received a commutation to imprisonment for life.

Duluth. — Helen, the three-year-old daughter of C. H. Appleby, was terribly burned and her recovery is despaired of. The child got hold of matches and accidentally set fire to her clothing.

Duluth. — Clinton Markell, eighty years old, and the second mayor of Duluth, died in Pasadena, Cal. Mr. Markell had lived in Duluth since 1869. Previous to that he lived in Superior, going there in 1853.

Sauk Center.—The Lee & Gingerty Lumber and Elevator company has increased its capital to $100,000. The following officers were elected: Mr. W. Lee of Duluth, president; W. O. P. Hillsdale, vice president; L. W. Gingerty, secretary and treasure; C. M. Sprague, cashier.

Rochester.—Miss Augusta Karau, who fell into a sleep three days ago and baffled the efforts of medical men to awaken her, as mysteriously came out of the coma and in apparently as good health as before. The cause of her long sleep is attributed to hysteria the result of a nervous breakdown.

Virginia.—The cases involving Nick Marcovich, Nick Salkovich and Mrs. Salkovich are awaiting the arrival of the immigration agent from Duluth, who is expected to have all three deported. Further developments indicate that the woman deserted her husband in Austria about seven years ago and ran away with Marcovich.

Bemidji.—A metting was held in the Commercial clubrooms Saturday for the purpose of reorganizing the Bemidji creamery. Bemidji business men have taken stock in the association to the amount of $1,000, and have collected, so that the new organization will have a working capital of approximately $1,500.

Virginia.—Seventeen new business apartments were added to local improvements this winter and all of them have been leased and most of them are now occupied or they will be occupied by the middle of next month, with the result that the demand for store rooms is almost as heavy as last year. It is expected that the Elks will this year erect a $25,000 business block and headquarters, and there are several other building projects, which will relieve the situation. Last year was the biggest in the history of the city in the building of business blocks, and it is anticipated that this will be the biggest year in the construction of residences, though, a large number were completed in 1911.

Minneapolis.—G. W. Seevers, general counsel of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, received the $75,000,000 mortgage covering all lines of the consolidated Minneapolis & St. Louis, Iowa Central & Minnesota, Dakota & Pacific lines. It was filed with Secretary of State Schmahl and A. W. Skog, register of deeds for Hennepin county.

St. Paul.—The Duluth & Iron Range railroad will run a potato special for two weeks in the early part of April over Northern Minnesota. It is planned to run the special equipped with baggage car, day coach, demonstration car.

NERVOUS HEADACHE

And Numbness in the Hands and Arms.

This Iowa Woman Was in a Serious Condition and Her Cure Will Interest Many.

A cure of unusual interest and importance is related by Mrs. J. H. Morgan, of Correctionville, Iowa. After being a hopeless sufferer from sick headaches, she is now entirely free from attacks. She tells of her cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as follows:

"Some years ago I was in a terribly nervous and run-down condition and suffered greatly from nervous headaches. I was treated for three months by a specialist in Chicago, who advised me to wear glasses, but he did not help me. My head seemed as though it would burst, and I had frequent dizzy spells, I was in despair of getting well until I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and began taking them. A few boxes cured me and since then I have used them as a family medicine.

"Before the birth of my last child I suffered untold agony with pain and numbness in my hands and arms up to the shoulders. My hands were so swollen and the muscles so sore that I could hardly dress myself. For a time I could not close my left hand. During the day if I kept moving the pain did not seem to be so bad, but my hands were always numb. I again used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and found them good for this trouble also, as they entirely relieved me."

Unless properly treated sick headache is a disease of many years duration, as it occurs before the twentieth year in two-thirds of the cases and recurs with more or less regularity until the fiftieth year or later. It is usually hereditary and is probably directly caused by a defect in the process which changes the food we eat into blood. Most sufferers are troubled with obstinate constipation which makes it necessary to use a laxative.

An ideal combination treatment is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the new laxative pills, Pinklets. This treatment is fully described in a little booklet, "The Treatment of Sick Headache," which is free on request, together with a sample of Pinklets, the little laxative pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Well Described.

A little Newton girl who had been to the dentist to have a tooth extracted, thus described her experience: "The man grabbed hold with a pair of tongs, and just before it killed me the tooth comed out."—Boston Transcript.

A Little Suspicious.

Percy Noodles says that although he never tells tales out of school, his experience is that when a girl lets him shake hands with her in her muff she will let him keep on shaking.—Dallas News.

Their Probable Life Tenure.

"According to insurance figures, when the wife dies first the husband will survive nine years; but when the husband is first to go the wife survives 11 years."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Hard to Find.

"Here are some verses entitled, 'The Road to Arcady.'"

"Pshaw! Almost any poet can tell the way to Arcady, but none of them ever gets there."

The Remedy that revolutionizes and regenerates the victim of constipation is Garfield Tea, a herb combination.

Occasionally we meet a man whose train of thought reminds us of a row of flat cars.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Two heads are better than one—in a cabbage patch.

Particularly the Ladies.

Not only pleasant and refreshing to the taste, but gently cleansing and sweetening to the system, Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is particularly adapted to ladies and children, and beneficial in all cases in which a wholesome, strengthening and effective laxative should be used. It is perfectly safe at all times and dispels colds, headaches and the pains caused by indigestion and constipation so promptly and effectively that it is the one perfect family laxative which gives satisfaction to all and is recommended by millions of families who have used it and who have personal knowledge of its excellence.

Its wonderful popularity, however, has led unscrupulous dealers to offer imitations which act unsatisfactorily. Therefore, when buying, to get its beneficial effects, always note the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package of the genuine Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

For sale by all leading druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

25 CTS FOR COUGHS AND COLDS 25 CTS

6

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. . . .

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address
MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
MANKATO, MINN.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Treasurer's Annual Statement

Annual statement of B. E. Burkee, treasurer of the village of St. Hilaire, county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, of the moneys received by him as such treasurer, and the sources from which the same were received, and their respective amounts; and also of all moneys paid out by him, and the purpose for which they were paid, for the year ending March 1, 1912.

GENERAL FUND, RECEIPTS.

	Balance cash on hand March 1, 1911	$ 334.61
1911, March 15,	County treasurer Red Lake Co., revenue fund	539.67
" July 20,	" " Pennington Co., town revenue and sidewalk	751.09
" " 21,	State of Minnesota, 2 per cent tax fire insurance premium	32.20
" May 10,	J. S. Roy, account of River Falls township	2.35
" Aug. 7,	John Forseen, dog and poll tax	14.50
" " "	Dr. C. Swanson, net proceeds for show licenses	4.85
" Sept. 23,	A. H. Fasel, county auditor, aid in placing culverts	100.00
" Oct. 2,	John Forseen, dog and poll tax	5.00
" Dec. 5,	County treasurer, town revenue and sidewalk	156.58
1912, March 1,	Merchants State Bank, interest on daily balances from March 1, 1911	21.17
		$1,963.72

DISBURSEMENTS.

1911, May 10,	George Bakko, street work, No. 1973	1.00
" June 1,	First National Bank, interest coupons on bond	87.50
1910, Dec. 5,	Acorn Brass Mfg. Co., lamp supplies, No. 1456	16.91
1911, May 10,	H. O. Jackson, marshal's salary for April, No. 1495	2.50
" April 13,	Hans Wilson, cleaning well, No. 1485	.75
" " "	John Draeger, clerk of election, No. 1486	2.00
" " "	Ed Peterson, cleaning well, No. 1487	.75
1910, Oct. 4,	Frank Jeffers, list of property owners, No. 1430	1.50
1911, Aug. 16,	Wm. Olson, attending firemen's meeting, No. 1533	9.98
" " "	Morris Lasell " " " 1534	9.98
" " "	Oscar Kolstad, cleaning well, No. 1530	.75
1910, Sept. 7,	George O. Bakko, work on street, No. 1414	38.85
" " "	Pete Westberg, partial payment cement sidewalk, No. 1411	1,050.00
1911, June 14,	Hans Wilson, cleaning well, No. 1501	.75
" Aug. 16,	Emergency Fund from General Fund, No. 1535	50.00
" " "	K. O. Gigstad, notice board equalization, No. 1526	.75
" Oct. 3,	Northern Culvert Co., special bridge fund, for corrugated culvert, No. 1540	100.00
" Dec. 1,	First National Bank, interest for bond	87.50
	Balance cash on hand	502.25
		$1,963.72
1912, March 1,	Balance cash on hand, general fund	$ 502.25

POOR FUND.

1911, March 1,	Balance cash on hand	$116.24
		116.24

DISBURSEMENTS.

1911, June 14,	Holmes Bros., burial expenses for O. Sherva, No. 935	$ 41.00
	Balance on hand	75.24
		$116.24
1912, March 1,	Balance cash on hand, poor fund	$ 75.24

EMERGENCY FUND.

1912, March 1,	Balance on hand, emergency fund	$50.00

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

The Spectator.

HARRY B. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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Saturday, March 9, 1912.

The 1912 road fund has been apportioned to the counties entitled to share. Pennington gets $2,000.

The report by Major Shunk on the situation at the head of Red Lake river says that no log jam exists that calls for action by the government.

Do you have an opinion as to whether Taft or Roosevelt ought to be the nominee? (The question is merely rhetorical; not since the civil war has there been a public question on which so many people have held deep and aggressive convictions.) Do you believe you ought to have a right to express your opinion at the polls? With presidential primaries you will have the chance: without them, the choice between Taft and Roosevelt will be made by the bosses.

Speaker Champ Clark has surrendered absolutely to Underwood. He is speaker only in the empty forms which go with office. He is co-operating with Underwood in maintaining the reactionary control of the house and in carrying out a legislative and political program outlined by business. Clark may receive the democratic presidential nomination, yet he has dodged questions on his attitude toward the initiative, referendum, and recall. He has parted company with his old friend, William J. Bryan.

President Taft has sent another message to congress, and in this newspapers come in for his attention. He would have the postage on newspapers and magazines doubled. The president wants more revenue for the postoffice department. If he could put a stop to the sending of campaign literature and seeds under the frankling privilege and secure a decent rate from railroads for the transportation of mails there would be no necessity for raising the rate on newspapers. This move on his part will not make him more popular with the fraternity.—Rochester Post and Record.

The Minnesota state socialists platform demands unrestricted equal suffrage for men and women, the initiative and referendum recall for all elective and appointive officers, reapportionment of legislative and congressional districts of the state, according to population, and the abolition of the state senate; also the free use of school houses and other public buildings for the discussion of public questions and for social purposes, the establishment in the University of Minnesota of an extension course by means of lectures and pamphlets to instruct the workers of the state in the co-operative method of obtaining the necessities of life with a view to relieve the high cost of living, a maximum eight-hour working day for workers in factories, miners and government employes, municipal and state, and for state insurance.

Why Didn't Taft Say It

Why could not Mr. Taft just as well have said those things? Why would it have not been more fitting for that trumpet repetition of true American principles to have come from the White House, from the official head of the nation, rather than from a business office than from a private citizen? That is the present puzzle of the political situation. Colonel Roosevelt reasserts the basic principles of free government, and the entire country rises as if it had heard them for the first time, a vast refreshment sweeps the nation, and men feel stronger faith in the people's right and ability to rule than they have felt for months. So simple is the situation that it requires only the sturdy reassertion of elemental principles to inspire the whole country.

It is almost absurd to ask if there lives an American who does not believe that American government means precisely the things declared by Roosevelt. He has stated no more than the political conviction of the fathers, as these were humanized and applied by Lincoln, and as they appear today in the natural course of progress. For government is not a thing carved in stone, but the outgrowth of the ever progressing popular mind and conscience; it is progressive because it is alive; it changes because it grows—and its normal process of growth is from the good to the better and from the better to the best. It does not depart, to be sure, from the basic principles on which our idea of free government rests, but it frees those principles from their time limitations, it fits the institutional clothing to the principles' growth in stature.

Progressiveness, as we know that term in politics, does not signify departure, but growth, maturity, enlarged scope and increased ability. The old-time principles of our government are capable of almost endless expansion; they are so instinct with life that it is impossible to conceive the people ever outgrowing them, for they keep pace with the enlarging vision of the age. The symbol of free government is a seed that grows into a great liberty tree which adapts itself to changing seasons without ever changing its nature, that gives shade and fruit in its time. But there is in America a backward party which regards government as a carven statue, a fixed and limited and lifeless institution, incapable of growth, of adaptability, of increase.

The reason Mr. Taft does not say the thoughts which have just stirred the nation is that to him the government is bound between the leather covers of law books; it is not the great throbbing pulse of a living, growing sentiment, a sentiment of varied and constantly increasing human aspects, but always true to its magnetic pole of fundamental principle. The government to him is encased in great marble buildings in Washington; but to Theodore Roosevelt the government is erected in the hearts and consciences and minds of the people.

Had Mr. Taft confessed his faith in the people, had he assured us of his belief in the homely truths on which our government is founded, had he not hesitated to say that the combined thought and conviction and desire of the American people as a whole is the greatest and wisest direction any government could have, it would not have remained for a private citizen to enunciate the principles which the very office of the presidency exists to uphold.

Platitude! Platitude! The critics of Roosevelt sneer. "We heard it all in the history classes at school," they will say. Yes, yes, but it is such platitudes that spell the faith of the people, that hold the nation intact, and the determination of the people is to take them out of the "history classes at school" and enthrone them in the high places of power. These are the platitudes which established government by the people, of the people, and for the people on the earth. These are the platitudes that maintained the union. These are the platitudes which a decade ago whipped entrenched wealth towards its proper place as a subordinate servant, and not the authoritative ruler of human life. These are the platitudes which win men to new daily dedications of themselves to the stern duties of citizenship, and which will transform the world. How hungry the people are for their live and enlivening repetition! How they leap with joy when one man is simple enough and strong enough to translate these platitudes into daily action! How they respond to the recital of this creed of our national faith! But what a pity is that the president, who of all men ought to lead in this noblest of recitals, is silent, is hesitant, seems even doubtful as to the truth of it all.—Detroit News.

His Opinion of the Critics

We copy the following from the St. Paul Daily News. It is self explanatory:

"In your issue of The Daily News, Feb. 27, appears the article signed by 'P. P. M. C,' to which I refer.

"The article is a bad jumble of words that says nothing whatever, and so permits of no reply. He calls or refers to socialists as 'red pests—human abominations, bringing evil wherever they appear; greater curse than trusts,' etc., and then states that he has closely observed these 'false brethren' for the last fifteen years—also, that 'he knows what he is talking about.' There are such people, I'm sorry to say, whose method of argument lies solely in abuse and villification; whose perverted mentality permits of no other recourse, and whose imitation of what his mother thought would develop a mind is quite vacant.

"I would suggest to the brother that socialism ('red pests') plans to take such cases as his, when quite young, and train them to put their minds and hands to work at something useful.

"St. Hilaire, Minn.

"DR. J. E. OWENS."

Purim as a Shekel Day

On Sunday, March 3, the Jewish people the world over celebrated their holiday called "Purim." On that day the Jewish people of the olden times through the great sacrifice of "Esther" regained their independence.

Now this holiday is not given the prominence it formerly was, but the Zionists everywhere are working towards the restoration of a Jewish nation in Palestine, and are again trying to make this holiday one of a national importance, and to do this they have set it apart as "Shekel" or money day.

Purim was impressively observed in Grand Forks and Fargo, as well as most other towns in the northwest.

Auction Sale

I will sell the property described below at my residence in St. Hilaire, on

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1912

COMMENCING AT 12:00 M.

One 8-ft. 16 disc single disc Imperial drill, 1 8-ft. Deering binder with tongue trucks, 1 8-ft. disc harrow with tongue truck, 4-section steel harrow, Western King corn planter, 6-shovel Monmouth Plow Co. cultivator, harrow cart, 16-in. Defiance sulky plow with breaker bottom, 14-in. breaker plow, 3 1-4 x 10 narrow tire wagon, 8-in. I. H. C. feed mill, No. 2 De Laval cream separator, 2 sets work harness, 1 single harness, 1,000 lbs. galvanized barb wire used, in rolls, 400 lbs. galvanized barb wire in 80-rod spools, 75 lb. staples, Myers tank pump, 2-in. suction hose 20 ft, 1-in. discharge hose 10 ft., 1 barrel 55-gal. perfection steam cylinder oil, 9-bbl. galvanized steel water tank, 1 1-4 steam hose 14 ft., blacksmith's post drill, forge hearth 23 x 35, set electric bolt dies No. 5, anvil 90-lb., vise 65-lb., 1 set pipe dies ½ in. to 2 in., 1 set pipe dies 1-8 in. to 1-2 in.

TERMS CASH OR BANKABLE PAPER

R. J. McKERCHER,
Auctioneer

L. A. LYMAN,
Owner

K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk

Caucus

Notice is hereby given that the annual village caucus of the village of St. Hilaire will be held March 9, 1912, at 9 p. m., for the purpose of nominating village officers.

By order of village council.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota,
1n2-a6

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff.
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles C. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Dated at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1912.

Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

J. K. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants,

To the above named defendants:

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota.

Spectator $1.00

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington, whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 34 of mortgages on page 106; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Mortgagee.

L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn.
117-6w

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, O. K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of Albert Sevre as representative of the above named estate being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of March, 1912, at one (1) o'clock p. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 14th day of February, 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.
117-3t

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 26th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, towit: The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice Is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January 26, 1912.

W. J. LABREE,
Sheriff of Pennington County
f3-m16

Pay your subscription

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors to First National Bank of Thief River Falls mortgagee, bearing date the 18th day of August, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 37 of mortgages on page 216, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 22 of mortgages on page 170; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Mortgagee.

L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn.
117-6w

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 22;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 11 of mortgages on page 384; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty ($150.00) dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 73-100 ($340.73) dollars, and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 73-100 ($340.73) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time, within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.

F. HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. N. EKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee
Warren, Minn.
1n2-a6

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m. Sermon by Rev. Carl A. Johnson of Chicago.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LABELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

MUSIC

MISS ESTHER J. PALMER
Pupil of American Conservatory of Music of Chicago is now ready to give instructions on either
ORGAN OR PIANO
In the M. E. parsonage, St. Hilaire

The Park Ridge Nursery

Growers of shade, fruit, forest, and ornamental trees and shrubs. Twenty years experience in the nursery business in North Dakota and the Red River valley of Minnesota. My blizzard belt nursery stock is sold and guaranteed to grow and give satisfaction. If purchaser follows my instructions for protection I will replace, free of charge, any stock for five years. References: Merchants State bank, postmaster, or any business man in St. Hilaire, Minn.

S. J. AMBLE, PROP.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

East Side Green Hous
I have the best stock of bedding plants for this season
House plants and cut flowers
TOMATO PLANTS a specialty
MRS. J. LANGE, P
THIEF RIVER FALLS, MINN.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Ida Skeie went Thursday to Crookston.

Call on A Satterberg for hard and softcoal.

Dr. Swanson was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Knut Kolstad was a county seat visitor Thursday.

Charles Nelson was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

C H. Martz went to Thief River Falls Tuesday morning.

Mauritz Brink visited Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

C. C. Elliott is in the cities looking after his land business.

C. A. Ellickson was at the county seat Wednesday evening,

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Tuesday.

Miss Mary Bothman went to Thief River Falls Monday.

Rev. P. M. Palmer was a Thief River Falls visitor on Monday.

Miss Lydia Bjerk of Holt is a guest at the Martin Bjerk home.

G. W. Eastman returned Friday from a two weeks' visit to Waterloo, Iowa, on a business mission.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin went to Crookston Monday for a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Fisher.

Elmer Burkee took a couple of days from his studies at the Moorhead normal and visited at home this week.

E. A. Mostue, county superintendent, visited the village schools yesterday. This office acknowledges a pleasant call.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mrs. Fred Krueger returned Wednesday to her home at Red Lake Falls, after a short visit with her son Carl Krueger, and wife.

Dr. Owens and C. C. Bakken were in Red Lake Falls the first of of the week They witnessed the wrestling match there Monday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Saturday March 23, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the home of Mr. Andrew Bjornquist. All are welcome.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-153-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Gwin Beuscoter of Mason City, Ill., unloaded his stock and farm implements yesterday, and will move onto the Worstall farm, which he has rented for five years.

Miss Esther Palmer went Monday to Ogema, Becker county, to consult an optician there and have her spectacles refitted. She expected also to visit friends at Calloway, her former home.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Pennington county receives $4770 from the semi-annual payment of the state school fund distributed by C. G. Schulz, state superintendent of public instruction. The entire amount distributed is $798,242, at the rate of $2 each for 399,121 pupils.

The Halloway Concert company gave their entertainment Saturday evening to what was said to be as large a house as ever came out to an entertainment here; and they were worthy of a full house. However, both Sunday afternoon and evening performances were made to empty seats at the auditorium at Thief River Falls.

Misses Emma and Ada Brink and Miss Emma Lundahl of this city, L. P. Thyren of St. Hilaire, and two cousins of the Misses Brink from Minneapolis will leave aboutMay first for a visit to Europe. Their first stop will be in Stockholm, and from there many other places will be visited.—Crookston Times.

Sam Hofto of Thief River was in town Thursday on telephone business.

Carl Peterson went yesterday to Fort Francis, Can., to work in the sawmill there.

Miss Alma Lyman left Wednesday for Aetna, N. D., to again take up the work of teacher in the schools there,

C. L. Hanson, president of the First National Bank of Thief River Falls, was looking after business matters here this week.

Chris Larson, a former resident of St. Hilaire, came up from St. Paul this week with a car load of horses for Louis Sieff.—Gazette.

C. L. Hanson of Thief River Falls and Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Burkee of this place were guests at the Hanson-Johnson wedding Wednesday.

On Thursday, Feb. 29, at the M. E. church at Duluth, occurred the marriage of Miss Agnes Engebretson to James Evenson of Hazel. On their return from their wedding trip Wednesday evening they gave a reception and dance at Hazel.

A reception was given last evening at the United church for Rev. and Mrs. Frank L. Larson, who leave next week for their new home at Warren. The evening was passed with social conversation and music. Lunch was served to about eighty-five guests.

Edward Hurst, who purchased the P. O. Hagglund farm, and C. A. Moore, who bought the Andrew Setterberg place, have just arrived from Good Hope, Ill., with their families, household goods, their stock, and farm machinery. Mr. Moore is moving at once onto his farm. Mr, Hurst will live for the present in town, in the house formerly occupied by A. A. Reed, the grain buyer.

Hanson-Johnson

The marriage of Miss Clara Johnson and Mr. H. L. Hanson was solemnized Wednesday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Johnson, Rev. Frank L. Larson speaking the words that made them man and wife.

Promptly at 3 o'clock the wedding march was played by Mrs F. L. Larson, and the bridal party entered. The bridesmaid, Miss Hilda Hauge, was dressed in white and carried pink carnations. Daniel Johnson acted as best man.

The bride was handsomely gowned in white messaline silk and carried bridal roses.

After the ceremony a delicious four course lunch was seaved. Many beautiful presents were received. The bride and groom have lived here for a number of years, and their many friends wish them much happiness in their new home, which will be in this vicinity.

Steele-Just

On Wednesday, the 6th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Just in St. Hilaire, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Mary, to Mr. R. C. Steele of Red Lake Falls, the ceremony being performed by Rev. P. M. Palmer. The bride was dressed in white, wore a white veil, and carried a bunch of lilies of the valley. Miss Leonie Just acted as bridesmaid and Mr. Otto Giske as best man. A fine lunch was served after the wedding

The happy couple left Thursday for an extendedwedding trip. After visiting with relatives at Sanborn and Winthrop, Minn., they will go to Texas and spend a few weeks with relatives in the south. On their return from the wedding trip they will go to housekeeping on the Steele farm west of Red Lake Falls.

Obituary

Last Thursday morning, March 5, at the hospital in Bemidji, occurred the death of Peter McAndress, son of Mr and Mrs. Martin McAndress of St. Hilaire. He had been sick but a few days before his death, the cause being an attack of pneumonia.

He was 34 years, 3 months, and 14 days of age, and had lived in this country for a number of years. He was widely known as a respected citizen and had a large circle of friends, who extend their sympathy to the bereaved parents.

The remains were shipped to this city from Bemidji Tuesday night and were placed in the Hicks undertaking rooms over night. At 10 o'clock they were removed to the Catholic church, where the funeral services were held by Father Adolph Dingman. The remains were laid to rest in the Catholic cemetery.

He leaves to mourn his loss a mother and father and several brothers and sisters.—Thief River Falls News.

All Getting In.

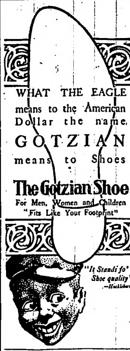
"They've had a consultation of physicians over him."

"He must be a pretty sick man."

"No; he's not very sick, but he has wads of money."—Pittsburg Post.

To Fit the Occasion.

"Let me spin you a yarn while I'm shaving you, sir."
Said the barber, baldheaded and hoary,
And the man with thin locks said, "All right, go ahead,
But make it a hair raising story."
—Los Angeles Express.


WHAT THE EAGLE means to the American Dollar the name GOTZIAN means to Shoes
The Gotzian Shoe
For Men, Women and Children
"Fits Like Your Footprint"
"It Standi fo' Shoe quality"
—Hucklebury

Come in and see our new stock of
DRESS GOODS
Just received, which will be sold at the lowest prices.
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
BEST GRADES OF HARD AND SOFT COAL ALWAYS ON HAND

Village Officials.

President	J. C. DAHL
Clerk	HENRY OLSON
Trustees	R. J. MCKIRCHER HENRY OLSON A. B. JONES
Treasurer	B. E. BURKEE
Marshal	JOHN FORSSEN
Assessor	O. H. PETERS
Constable	A. SATTERBERG
Justices of the Peace	O. H. PETERS K. O. GIGSTAD
Board of Health	DR. C. SWANSON DANIEL PATTERSON ARTHUR HALL

School Officers

Chairman	A. S. WILSON
Clerk	K. O. GIGSTAD
Directors	DANIEL PATTERSON DR. C. SWANSON H. O. JACKSON

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

DIED

Word was received here Wednesday of the death of Harold Mosback at the hospital at Spooner on Tuesday, the 6th, inst., of pneumonia. He was ill but a short time and the first tidings the family had of his illness was when word was received of his death. His father, John Mosback, who lives near Wylie, left Thursday to take charge of the remains and is expected to return today.

The young man was about 20 years of age. He was well known and had many friends among the young people of St. Hilaire, having spent much time in this vicinity. Besides the father and mother, a large family of brothers and sisters and half brothers and sisters survive him.

Program

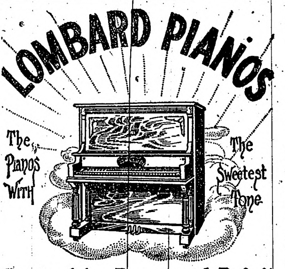
Literary society Monday evening, March 11, 1912.

1 Roll call—Quotations from American authors.
2 Music, Grafonola selection.
3 Current events, Mildred Hooper.
4 Cinderella—Shadow play.
5 Song, Dolly's Mamma, Gladys Gigstad.
6 Reading, Mrs. Pitkin.
7 Music. Grafonola selections.
8 Play in two acts, In Want of a Servant.
9 Debate—Question; Resolved, that the church has done more for the advancement of civilation than the press. Affirmative, Dr. Owens, Miss Ida Lyman, Ferdinand Hall; Negative, C. A. Pitkin, G. W. Hooper, L. Lyman.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL C. BAKKEN, Agent

Bring in Your Printing

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slakes, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm line subscribers with the and Long Distance lines, of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet write F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres. Watkins Blk., Fargo, N. D.

$3.50 Recipe Free, For Weak Kidneys.

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

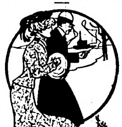
Stops Pain in the Bladder, Kidneys and Back.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say good-bye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels, swollen eyelids or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you $3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K-2074 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I will send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

COMMON FORM OF CRUELTY.



Bessie—Yes, he claimed his wife pinched him severely whenever she asked him for money.

Bert—Well, he needn't flatter himself that he is the only man who has been pinched for money.

Conclusive Proof.

"That expression, a 'human dynamo,' fascinates me."

"It is very apt and vivid when applied to a man of boundless energy."

"Tackbittors must be a 'human dynamo.'"

"Why do you think so?"

"No matter how cold the morning is, he leaps out of bed without ever stopping to think the matter over."

A Hint From Shakespeare.

"Why do you call your dog Hamlet?"

"Can't you see why? He's a Great Dane."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Brags Considerably.

"Has Biffels any favorite fiction?"

"Yes. And it's mostly about himself."

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Among Epicures.

"Paris is a swift town."

"That's true, but snails are very popular there."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe.

Many a girl repents at leisure because she didn't marry in haste.

FARMS FOR RENT OR SALE ON CROP payments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Ia.

When a man does things he hasn't much time to talk about them.

Garfield Tea will keep the whole system in perfect condition.

An oculist can do nothing for a man who is blind to his own interests.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS

FREE

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Convulsions

Many times convulsion and fits among children are caused by worms. Give them Kickapoo Worm Killer—it will get rid of all worms. If your child hasn't worms, it will tone and clean the system, and bring robust health.

So good and so harmless that we publish the formula in our free book which is sent for the asking. Show it to any physician and ask his opinion. At all druggists or by mail, 25 cents.

KICKAPOO WORM KILLER

Kickapoo Medicine Co., Clintonville, Conn.
Write us for free "Indian Dream Book."

16 CENT SEED SALE

10,000 KERNELS OF Selected FERTILE SEEDS for 16c

1750 Lettuce 1000 Celery
750 Onion 100 Parsley
1000 Radish 600 Cabbage
100 Tomato 1000 Carrot
1750 Turnip 100 Melon
1700 Brilliant Flower Seeds, 10 sorts

Any one of these packages is worth the price we ask for the whole 10,000 kernels. It is merely our way of letting you test our seeds—proving to you how mighty good they are.

Send 16 cents in stamps to-day and we will send you this great collection of seeds by return mail. We'll also mail you free our [illegible]

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
521 South Eighth Street La Crosse, Wis.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

INCREASE BY GREAT NORTHERN REDUCES RAIL TAX DECREASE

Revenue of State From Gross Earnings Impost Is Only $226,331.49 Lower Instead of the More Than $300,000 Expected by Officials.

With the Great Northern, the last of the railroads to report, reporting an increase in gross earnings of $1,111,274, the state faces a decrease in the 1911 revenue from railroads of $226,331.49. This loss is less than had been anticipated. Earlier reports showed a decrease of more than $300,000.

Most of the larger roads showed a decrease in returns this year, the Rock Island, Omaha, Soo and Great Northern being the only ones of the larger lines to report any considerable increase. The Soo was the largest gainer, due largely to the inlcerase in its lines. It reported an increase in gross earnings of more than $1,500,000. The Great Northern is next in increase. The Omaba increased its business $323,071.05 and the Rock Island gained $33,767.82.

Steel Roads Fall Off.

The principal losses were on the two steel corporation roads on the iron range. These two companies reported a decrease of nearly $7,000,000 in their 1911 business from that of 1910. The Northern Pacific reported a loss of more than $200,000 in its 1911 business, and the St. Paul, Minneapolis & St. Louis and North-Western lines all report losses.

A large part of the gain made by the Great Northern is in the business formerly handled by the iron range roads. The shipments in ore are said to have fallen off but a little less than half in the last year. The Great Northern will pay into the state treasury today $982,788.91, or an increase of $44,450 over last year's tax.

1910 an Unusual Year.

That the conditions this year are about normai and the decrease is due to unusual shipments in 1910 are shown by comparing the figures for the last four years. In 1908 the state received from its gross earnings tax $3,115,027.19. In 1909 the tax amounted to $3,640,568.93. In 1910 it was $3,896,091.74 and in 1911, $3,670,760.25. This shows 1911 $30,000 ahead of 1909, when conditions were normal.

The following table shows the earnings and taxes of the roads in 1910 and 1911:

Company.	Gross. Earnings 1910.	Taxes 1910.	Gross. Earnings 1911.	Taxes 1911.
Big Forks & Int. Falls	$82,504.15	$3,300.17	$114,324.71	$4,572.90
Canadian Northern	562,986.18	22,516.25	653,096.51	26,123.94
Chicago, Burl. & Quincy	495,722.65	19,812.10	[illegible]	[illegible]
Chicago Great Western	2,275,874.75	91,034.90	2,411,256.46	[illegible]
C., M. & St. P.	12,367,421.24	494,696.97	11,107,085.58	444,283.42
Chicago & North-Western	3,681,683.35	147,267.34	3,158,640.80	126,345.64
C., R. I. & P.	1,334,010.46	53,360.42	1,267,778.28	51,711.13
C., St. P., M. & O.	5,030,060.73	201,203.97	5,353,161.78	214,126.47
Dubuque & Sioux City	99,796.10	3,991.86	103,543.48	4,141.74
Duluth Belt Line	8,720.65	348.82	7,363.80	294.55
Duluth & Iron Range	8,152,105.75	326,084.23	6,718,978.25	268,759.13
Duluth, M. & Northern	12,588,066.71	503,522.47	7,353,833.40	294,153.34
Duluth & Northeastern	253,408.98	10,136.36	222,965.17	8,918.61
Duluth & Northern Minn.	374,390.79	14,975.47	379,690.58	15,187.62
Duluth, Rainy Lake & W.	523,405.80	20,936.23	677,433.87	27,097.50
Duluth, South Shore & A.	4,501.43	180.06	3,596.36	143.85
Great Northern	23,454,448.41	938,237.94	24,569,722.78	982,788.91
Green Bay & Western	3,087.36	150.59	3,352.28	134.09
Iowa Central	65,288.35	2,615.31	69,590.12	2,783.60
Minneapolis Eastern	61,708.40	2,468.26	61,357.13	2,454.29
Minneapolis & Rainy River	220,396.18	8,815.85	155,126.78	6,205.07
Minneapolis, Red Lake & M.	49,140.79	1,965.63	65,811.75	2,632.47
Minneapolis & St. Louis	3,037,275.35	121,491.00	2,925,333.73	117,013.35
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	6,112,483.80	244,499.35	7,613,745.35	304,549.81
Mpls. & St. Paul Suburban	468,017.58	18,721.50	364,240.04	14,569.60
M., St. P., R. & D.	9,024.27	357.93	49,114.00	1,964.56
Minneapolis Western	40,855.02	1,634.20	41,429.29	1,657.18
Minnesota & International	820,573.10	32,822.96	843,020.06	33,720.80
Minnesota & North Wisconsin	60,077.02	2,094.29	19,082.45	763.30
Minnesota Transfer	37,438.62	1,497.54	51,690.12	2,067.20
Miss., Hill City & West.	24,801.84	990.07	35,304.60	1,412.18
Northern Pacific	14,443,330.89	577,333.24	14,208,833.60	568,353.35
Ry. Transfer, Minneapolis	196,030.00	7,841.22	190,917.40	7,506.70
St. Paul Bridge & Terminal	136,061.75	5,442.47	138,319.00	5,532.76
Wisconsin Central	325,601.83	13,024.07	251,646.95	10,065.88
Totals	$97,402,294.04	$3,896,091.74	$91,769,006.18	$3,670,760.25

MILLARD HALL BURNED

Dental Building at University of Minnesota.

Minneapolis. — Millard hall, the dental building at the University of Minnesota, was destroyed by fire at an early hour. It was one of the smaller buildings on the campus, and probably worth about $150,000. The insurance is about half that.

Dean Owre, head of the dentistry department, said that the instruments and appliances in the building, owned by the university, were worth $25,000. There were 240 dental students. The senior and junior classes, about half the total number, owned their own instruments, valued at about $250 each. The 120 freshmen owned instruments valued at about $50 each. The losses of the students will be total, it is believed, as there was no insurance on their property. Mr. Owre, Dr. Brown and other teachers and professors had much personal property, including instruments and books, all burned.

Millard Hall had a fire record unbeaten on the campus and by few buildings in the city. Twice before it was a prey of the flames, and a third time it was endangered when the adjoining anatomy building burned.

INSPECTOR IS "STUNG"

Can Only Get Inspection Fee by Civil Action, Says Weeks.

St. Paul.—Complaint reached the office of Governor Eberhart from A. H. De Long, boiler inspector at Litchfield, that he had inspected a threshing machine boiler belonging to F. H. Porter, found it safe, placed his seal on it, and that now Porter refuses to pay the $3 inspection fee. The communication was referred to Assitant Attorney General Weeks, who replied that the only way for the deputy boiler inspector to get his fee is through civil action.

Second Indian Probe Soon.

Washington, D. C. — It seems practically assured that a second investigation of the White Earth Indian reservation situations will be begun at an early date, the new inquiry to be under the direction of the house committee on Indian affairs.

Recall Petitions Filed.

Mankato.—Petitions were filed here asking for a recall election on mayor and four commissioners, who comprise the city council under the commission form of government. Those sought to be ousted are Mayor Charles T. Taylor and Commissioners Bangerter, Humiston, Lamm and Henline. The petitions were filed by E. V. Watters, former street commissioner, who was removed last fall, and contains in all 456 names, or nearly 180 more than the necessary 15 per cent of the votes cast in the last election.

Two Graduated From Normal.

Mankato.—The winter term at the state normal school closed, and two young ladies were graduated from the elementary course for high school graduates, Irma Schade of St. Peter and Anna Erickson of Canby. The presentation of diplomas was made by Resident Director John C. Wise, in the absence of President C. H. Cooper, who had not returned from the annual meeting of the superintendents' section of the National Educational association at St. Louis.

Dual Power Proposals Perplex.

Rochester.—The city council is considering the electric light and power proposals of the Zumbro Power company of this city, and the Consumers' Power company of Chicago. Each has made a proposition. Should the Zumbro company receive the contract, it would mean the building of a lake seven miles south of this city, which would provide a summer resort.

Library Popular At Bemidji.

Bemidji.—Fifteen thousand books were issued from the Bemidji public library the past year. Nearly one-half were taken by children. This is the second year of the operation of the free public library, which is housed in a $15,000 solid brick building, constructed with funds donated by Andrew Carnegie.

Albert Lea Honor New President.

Albert Lea. — Governor Eberhart, State Superintendent of School Schulz, and R. W. Wheelock were guests of honor at the dinner given at Albert Lea college Tuesday evening, when John Talmage Bergen, A.M., D.D., the new president of the college, was formally presented to the members of the Business Men's league of this city.

Le Sueur Man Kills Big Wolf.

Cass Lake.—John Brown who came here from Le Sueur county, to take a homestead, walked across Leech lake for the opening the land office, and while on the way shot a large wolf on the lake, receiving enough bounty on the hide to pay his filing fee.

Woman for Weather Agent.

Morrhead.—Mrs. Gasse will be appointed observer at the local weather bureau to succeed H. W. Grasse, her husband, who recently died. The commercial club has sought her appointment as she has frequently been acting observer in past years.

Goodhue County Pioneer Dead.

Zumbrota.—Fred Kalass, 75 years old, died at his home here after an illness of about two months. Mr. Kalass was one of the pioneers of Goodhue county. He is survived by a widow, two daughters and two sons.

VISITS SPRING VALLEY

Bracken Won't Call Health Board to Consider Trachoma Cases.

St. Paul.—Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, was at Spring Valley, where he delivered an address. When the board of health met January 9, it set March 19 as its next meeting date. Because of the proximity of that meeting, no special session will be called to take up the trachoma cases, reported among Indians on the White Earth reservation.

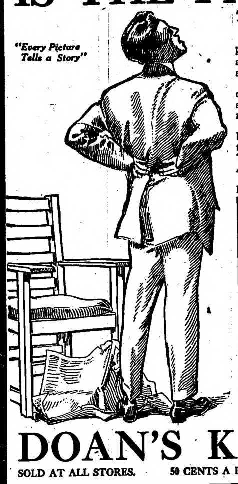
'PREXIES' MEET

Will Discuss Problems of Interest to Various Colleges in the State.

Minneapolis. — Presidents of the principal colleges of Minnesota attended a conference at the home of President Vincent of the University of Minnesota, Saturday afternoon.

The meeting was attended by the presidents of St. Thomas, Hamline, Macalester, Carlton, St. Olaf's, St. John's, Gustavus Adolphus colleges and Augsburg seminary.

IS THE PAIN THERE?



"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Then Your Kidneys May Be Weak and in Need of Quick Attention

Backache is enough cause to suspect the kidneys. The kidneys are in the small of the back. Congested kidneys swell and throb. The back naturally aches. It hurts to bend or stoop or to sit down.

Kidney trouble may come on all unnoticed. A cold, a chill, a fever, a strain or irregular habits may start it While sick kidneys can be cured in the beginning, it is a serious matter when dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in.

Doan's Kidney Pills have made a reputation in the cure of backache, and kidney and bladder ills. The best proof is the testimony of the users. Here are two typical testimonials. Thirty thousand others are being published in the newspapers. A postage stamp will bring you reports of cases nearer home.

If you suspect your kidneys, get the best-recommended kidney remedy

MRS. MARY I. REMINGTON.

A Resident of Gilroy, Cal.

Cured of Serious Case at a Critical Period.

"I suffered so severely from pain and soreness over my kidneys," says Mrs. Remington, "that it was a task for me to turn in bed. My kidneys acted very freely but secretions were retarded and scalded in passage. I was weak and much run down.

"After taking other remedies without benefit, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was completely cured. I was going through the critical period of a woman's life at the time, and after using Doan's Kidney Pills there was a miraculous change for the better in my health."

SHELDON SMITH.

Prop. Arlington House, Woodland, Cal.

Cured of Serious Case and Feels Like a Boy, Despite His 76 Years.

"Three years ago I was almost helpless," said Mr. Smith, "Kidney secretions scalded terribly and obliged me to arise ten to twelve times a night. My left limb became so stiff and sore I could hardly walk—just hobbled around with a cane.

"I had almost every complaint that diseased kidneys produce and Doan's Kidney Pills cured them all. At the age of 76 I feel like a boy, and enjoy health and comfort. Can anyone wonder at my gratitude?"

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

SOLD AT ALL STORES. 50 CENTS A BOX. FOSTER-MILBURN COMPANY, BUFFALO, N. Y.

COLD COMFORT FOR MOTHER

Comment of Boston Belle on Young Man's Conduct Was Icy in the Extreme.

General F. D. Grant, at a Washington's birthday dinner in New York some years ago, told a story about a young Boston Tory.

"This Tory," he said, "fought during the Revolution neither on one side nor on the other. He took a pleasure trip on the Continent, and he didn't come back home again until the war was over.

"He was treated very coldly by society on his return, and this grieved his good old mother to the heart.

"The dear old lady tried to explain the matter one afternoon to a Boston belle.

"'Naturally, as the head of the family,' she said, 'my son could not take part in the war. To him fell the duty, perhaps the more arduous duty, of protecting his mother and sisters and looking after the interests of the estate.'

"'O, madam,' said the belle, with an icy smile, 'you need not explain. I assure you, I'd have done exactly as your son did—I'm such a coward!'"

HANDS WOULD CRACK OPEN

"About two months ago my hands started to crack open and bleed, the skin would scale off, and the good flesh would burn and itch dreadfully. When my hands first started to get sore, there were small blisters like water blisters which formed. They itched dreadfully, it just seemed as though I could tear the skin all off. I would scratch them and the skin would peel off, and the flesh would be all red and crack open and bleed. It worried me very much, as I had never had anything the matter with my skin. I was so afraid I would have to give up my employment.

"My doctor said he didn't think it would amount to anything. But it kept getting worse. One day I saw a piece in one of the papers about a lady who had the same trouble with her hands. She had used Cuticura Soap and Ointment and was cured. I decided to try them, and my hands were all healed before I had used one cake of Cuticura Ointment. I am truly thankful for the good results from the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, for thanks to them I was cured, and did not have to lose a day from work. I have had no return of the skin trouble." (Signed) Mrs. Mary E. Breig, 2522 Brown Street, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura." Dept. L, Boston.

Out of Date.

"Every time he opens his mouth he puts his foot in it."

"That's a great pity. Contortionists are no longer in demand as vaudeville attractions."

The longing of the moment always seems the great essential. We are apt to forget the long eternity of regret.—Corelli.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

If love is really blind how is it that love can always find a way?

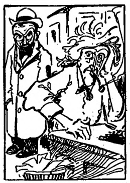
PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Many a man has bumped into trouble while trying to dodge his duty.

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders.

Some men don't know very much, but they don't know it.

THEN ALL WILL PRAISE.



Scribbler—What's the best way to become a great poet?

Ruyter—Write a bunch of junk that no one can understand.

Blissful Ignorance.

"Have you seen Joe lately?"

"Why, yes; I saw the old chap yesterday. And, what do you think?—he's going to be married?"

"Can it be possible? To whom?"

"He's going to marry Mary Merrie."

"What! Why, I didn't know they knew each other."

"They don't. That's why they're going to be married."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

His View.

"Tell me about Spain, romantic Spain."

"Well," said the motorist, "there are a few bad places as you come down the mountains, but in the main the roads are pretty good."

Use Allen's Foot-Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, aching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a Delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Always hold fast to love; we win by tenderness and conquer by forgiveness.—F. W. Robertson.

For liver and kidney troubles, nothing is quite so mild, pleasant and effective as Garfield Tea.

Perhaps a rolling stone gathers no moss because it isn't on the level.

DON'T PUT YOUR MONEY INTO ROOF COATING

Why buy cheaply made, inferior roofings that must be frequently painted and repaired when your local dealer sells

GAL-VA-NITE ROOFING
"TRIPLE ASPHALT COATED, MICA PLATED"
NEEDS NO PAINT—NO AFTER ATTENTION
FIRST COST—LAST COST

Gal-va-nite Roofing is the cheapest in the long run because it is made to stand the wear and tear of the elements without after trouble or expense.

It is 15 pounds heavier than the standard weight and is constructed only of the best of materials. Its unusual weight makes it proof against heavy winds and hail storms.

Gal-va-nite Roofing has been approved by the National Board of Fire Underwriters and takes a low rate of insurance. It is a non-conductor of heat and electricity or lightning.

Attractive in appearance, easy to lay, suitable for either steep or flat roofs, Gal-va-nite is the ideal roofing for any kind of a building in any kind of a climate. It has stood the "Test of Time."

Gal-va-nite is put up in rolls of 108 square feet complete with zinc coated, galvanized nails, cement and illustrated direction sheet. Made in 3 weights.

Ask your dealer for Gal-va-nite or write us for samples and booklets, "Galvanite Qualities" and "The Inside of an Outside Proposition."

FORD MANUFACTURING CO.
ST. PAUL OMAHA CHICAGO KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$2.25 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 & $5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Fast Color Eyelets used.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES PILES, KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX Send address envelope for FREE booklet to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations

N. W. N. U., NO. 10-1912.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

[illegible]
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor appetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Brown's Bronchial Troches

Unexcelled for relieving Throat Troubles. No opiates Sample free. JOHN I. BROWN & SON Boston Mass.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1912. NUMBER, 36.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HAIL AMUNDSON AS DISCOVERER

NORWEGIAN EXPLORER CABLES THAT HE FOUND POLE ON DEC. 14.

SCOTT STORY A MISTAKE

Remained Three Days To Secure Proofs—Will Return Home Through the Northwest Passage.

Christiania, Norway. — Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, has cabled two local newspapers from Hobart, Tasmania, that he reached the south pole on Dec. 14, 1911.

The dispatch is as follows:

"Pole reached fourteenth-seventeenth December."

Captain Amundsen sent a second cable denying having telegraphed that Captain Scott of the British expedition had reached the south pole or that he had telegraphed anything at all about Scott.

Honor Goes to Amundsen.

The honor for the achievement of reaching the south pole must now be given to the Norwegian explorer until Lieutenant Scott announces the results of his expedition.

Captain Amundsen has, for many years, been considered one of the most daring and competent of explorers. A sailor from youth he started polar research at the age of 25, when he participated in the Belgian antarctic expedition under command of Gerlache. He was first officer of the vessel, and the voyage lasted from 1897 to 1899. On his return he made up his mind to continue polar research, but this time, he decided to go to the north in an endeavor to discover the northwest passage.

He prepared himself for the task by undergoing a course of two years' study in magnetism and meteorology, after which he sailed for the north from Christiania on board the Gjoa, with a crew of only eight men, June 16, 1903.

Proceeding to Lancaster sound he sailed past Cape Adelaide and King William land and Ross strait. The vessel wintered in that part. For many months Amundsen drifted along, and finally, on August 26, met an American whaler to the east of Cape Bathurst. He ultimately brought his little vessel through the Behring strait and thus, for the first time, accomplished the northwest passage.

During the voyage he determined exactly the position of the magnetic pole. Altogether he was three years away from Norway.

The Fram, which Captain Amundsen selected for his latest expedition, has been used for many years in arctic explorations. From 1893 to 1896, during the expedition of Dr. Fridjof Nansen, she covered a journey of about 7,000 miles in the Arctic ocean, 3,000 miles of this being accomplished while she was frozen solid in the ice. She was not damaged at all during this voyage.

Telegrams of congratulations in the name of King Haakon of the Norwegian government and of the Geographical society here were forwarded to Captain Amundsen at Hobart. His majesty has consented to the use of his name and that of Queen Maud on the maps of the newly discovered territory in the Antarctic. This city is gayly decorated with flags and bunting in honor of Captain Amundsen's accomplishment.

Amundsen Makes Denial.

Hobart.—Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, denies having telegraphed anything regarding Captain Robert Scott or the British expedition.

Captain Amundsen, up to the present, is the only member of the antartic expedition who has landed from the Fram. Nobody is allowed to go on board the vessel under any pretext whatever. The explorer says he is pleased with the results of his expedition but otherwise maintains absolute silence on the subject.

Captain Amundsen intends to stay at Hobart for a few days. He will then go to Australia and give a few lectures there, afterward departing for Europe by the circuitous route of Buenos Aires, then around Cape Horn up to Bering Straits, and through the Northwest passage and the Arctic ocean.

Dr. Cook's Comment.

New York:—Dr. Frederick A. Cook heard the news of the discovery of the south pole at his uptown hotel, where he had just returned from a lecture tour. "It is not only possible that Scott and Amundsen crossed each other, but it is likely that both men met at the pole," said Dr. Cook, with a smile. "Captain Scott, at the very latest, ought to be heard from in ten days."

FOREIGN SWIMMERS IN CHICAGO

Two Hawaiian Water Performers Here to Compete in Meets.

Chicago, Illinois.—Duke P. Kahanwaiian swimmers, are in Chicago to participate in the championship events scheduled for the Chicago Athletic association, March 13. Kahanamoku will practice for the 50 and 100 yard swims of the National Amateur Athletic union with the intention of winning a place for the Olympic games at Stockholm. Genoves is a distance swimmer.

SCIENTIST TALKS ON INDIANS

SAYS HIS REQUEST FOR BETTER CONDITIONS WAS REFUSED.

Declares Lumber Companies Sought to Prevent Delivery of His Affidavits.

Washington, D. C. — Warren King Moorehead, an ethnologist and scientist of Andover, Mass., and a member of the Indian commission, appeared before the Graham investigating committee and explained at length his experiences among the White Earth Indians, where he went to give relief and to gather statistics to present to the Indian office in Washington so that they might aid in helping this Northwestern tribe.

Mr. Moorehead said that in 1908 he went to the Indian authorities in Washington and told them of the bad state of affairs among the Chippewas in the vicinity of Leech Lake, Cass Lake and Red Lake, Minn. He asked to be sent there as a special agent to ameliorate their condition, and was greatly disappointed when refused. Subsequently, said Mr. Moorehead, the bureau sent three agents to the White Earth to make a report on the situation, but none had yet been made.

"Finally, with the aid of funds from the Indian commission, of which I am a member, and other funds donated by philanthropists, I went to White Earth in 1909," said the witness, "and conducted an investigation. I found that the Indians were sick and diseased and that they had been swindled out of their lands. No full report of this condition, it seems, has ever been made to the government, and I was opposed on many sides. I gathered 100 affidavits concerning the land situation to take to Washington. I was informed that the lumber interests would attempt to intercept me and prevent delivery of the affidavits, but by leaving over a round-about route I got out safely.

"In April, 1909, I called on Commissioner Leupp and begged him to establish a hospital for the White Earth Indians, and I called attention to the unsanitary condition of the Pine Point boarding school, and the prevalence there of trachoma. I urged that the paupers be fed by the government, but my appeals were not approved of by Assistant Commissioner Valentine."

Mr. Moorehead next told of the "Darwin Hall case." Darwin Hall, he explained, was a state senator in Minnesota desirous of being appointed Chippewa commissioner.

"Mr. Hall had nothing in his favor," said Mr. Moorehead, "but he was recommended by Senator Moses Clapp. He opposed my investigations on the White Earth reserve and was plainly in sympathy with the interests. He was appointed and instructed to move the Mille Lac Indians to a better locality. He had them assemble in camp, preparatory to being moved, and then deserted them, leaving them congregated in camp for several weeks without sufficient food or shelter. He was removed after an exposure of his conduct was made before the Indians' Rights association at Boston."

Mr. Moorehead said that the minors in the White Earth schools had been given scarcely any protection, and as a consequence had been swindled. He said the neglect of the superintendents had been such that forgery and even perjury had been practiced in swindling the minors. He made a plea for immediate medical aid, and for legislation which will tie up the Indians' property so it cannot be conveyed out of their possession.

WILL FIGHT TYPHOID

State Board of Health Takes Vigorous Measures to Protect Two Harbors.

St. Paul.—An epidemic of typhoid fever in Two Harbors, where already 100 persons have become infected with the disease, has moved the State Board of Health to adopt stringent measures to curb the spread of the disease. Dr. A. J. Chesley of the department of epidemiology of the board left for that city after a hurry up call in which more than twenty-five new cases since March 1 were reand Senator Cashman explained the state laws affording state aid in road building. He pointed out that country taxpayers need not fear the 1-mill tax ported by telephone. Dr. Chesley, J. A. Childs, engineer to the board, and H. A. Whittaker, board chemist, spent last week in Two Harbors, where a hypochlorite plant for disinfecting of the water supply was installed.

The larger number of the cases originated in February, but more than twenty-five new cases devoloping has brought the total beyond the hundred mark. The board of health has stationed a trained visiting nurse in the city to advise the citizens as to precautionary measures. Dr. Chesley will distribute throughout the city a circular letter pointing out the best means of curbing the spread of the epidemic.

INDIANS KILL BEAVERS

Northern Itasca Settlers Are Indignant Over Slaughter.

Duluth.—There is much indignation among settlers of Popple river district in Northern Itasca county over the destruction of a colony of beavers which located on the river about two years ago and by an agreement among the settlers was left unmolested until two weeks ago.

C. R. Pringle, of Popple, who is in Duluth, says the beavers were killed by Indians.

WEEK FOR FARMERS

Caledonia Three Months' Short Course Has Noteworthy Climax.

Caledonia.—As a climax for a three months' short course for farmers' boys and girls which has just been completed at the Caledonia high school, the first ever held in Houston county, all of this week, beginning Monday morning, was devoted to "farmers' week."

The week will be spent in lectures and demonstrations of scientific farming by experts from the extension department and college of agriculture of the University of Minnesota. There is also a corn and grain show and a competitive exhibit of farm products, cooking, sewing and written work from the country schools. A substantial prize list has been offered by the business men of the town.

Special attention is given to seed corn and free tests of seed corn for farmers will be made. Premiums have been offered for the best white and yellow corn, best thirty ears of corn for seed, best wheat, oats, barley and timothy seed and for the best potatoes. There are special classes for grains grown by boys under 18 years of age.

The program is as follows:

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—Prof. H. H. Tomhave, beef animals and cutting meats; C. J. White, poultry; R. S. MacIntosh, corn and horticulture.

Thursday, "Dairy Day"—Prof. R. M. Washburn, dairy subjects; Prof. L. B. Bassett, grain subjects.

Friday "Field Crop Day"—Prof. A. C. Arny, corn and quack grass; Prof. L. B. Bassett, soil tillage.

Saturday—Corn judging by boys under 18 years and rural school teachers. Spelling contest.

SHRINKAGE IS SMALL

State Butter Tests Do Not Support the Contention of Wholesalers.

St. Paul. — The butter shrinkage tests just completed by the state department of weights and measures at the old Capitol did not bear out the contention of the wholesalers that a pound of butter would shrink one-half ounce in twenty-four hours. On the contrary the tests showed that the shrinkage in thirteen days was only seven thirty-seconds of an ounce per pound.

The butter tested was packed in pound cartons and was purchased by the department immediately after it was packed. It was kept at a constant temperature of 40 degrees Fahrenheit.

The tests will be continued by the department in connection with moisture tests until a positive basis for shrinkage has been arrived at. It is the belief of the chemists that the reason for the high shrinkage rate shown by some butter is that it contains a very high percentage of water in the first place. The creamery men, in many instances, do not work their butter now like they formerly did and therefore little of the water is worked out of it, they contend.

City Sealer W. M. Peterson has made arrangements for conducting a thorough shrinkage test, which will be entirely distinct from the tests now being conducted by the state department.

BALLOT ANNOUNCED.

No Election For Grand Master of Odd Fellows.

Red Wing.—Peter A. Nelson today announced the official vote for the election of officers of the Grand lodge of the I. O. O. F. as follows:

For Grand Master—T. J. Catton, Minneapolis, 357 votes; M. H. McDivitt, Minneapolis, 328; H. W. Parker, Winnebago, 612; Herman W. Phillips, St. Paul, 637; Total vote cast 1,934, votes necesary for choice one-third of all cast, which would be 645 votes. The three highest will be voted on at the Grand Lodge session in June.

For Deputy Grand Master—A. W. Annes, Windom, 957; F. E. Franklin, Alexandria, 945.

For Grand Warden—Frank Bose, St. Paul, 270; Eugene Boss, Wadena, 1,152; Leroy Brown, St. Paul, 486, Total vote cast, 1,908; necesary for choice, 636.

Grand Secretary—A. L. Bolton, St. Paul, 1,591; Horace E. Johnson, Minneapolis, 350.

Grand Treasurer — Cassius M. Sprague, Sauk Center, 1,833.

Grand Representative, two year term—W. W. Brown, Long Prairie, 530; F. H. Castner, Minneapolis, 744; Frank L. Powers, St. Paul, 648. Total votes cast, 1,922. Necesary for choice, 640.

Grand Representative, one year—Peter A. Nelson, Red Wing, 1,813.

Seed Corn Question Troubles.

Luverne. — The farmers' institute held a successful session here. There were instructive lectures by some of the best authorities in the state on horticulture, dairying, swine raising, poultry and kindred subjects. The question of proper seed corn, which is worrying farmers of this section, received particular attention.

Will Not Ask State Aid.

Eveleth.—The council has authorized the city clerk to advertise for bids for the erection of an armory-auditorium to cost approximately $22,000. Plans and specifications are being prepared by an architect of Duluth and will be completed this week. The plans call for a building 70x120, with a drill floor of approximately 5,000 square feet, with a stage, company quarters, and all modern conveniences for military purposes and public conventions. The city will build without state aid.

46 ARE ARRAIGNED

DEFENDANTS CHARGED WITH UNLAWFUL TRANSPORTATION OF DYNAMITE.

LONG CONTEST BEGUN

Motion to Quash the Indictments Denied—Only Eight of Fifty-four Men, Accused of Conspiracy, Are Absent.

Indianapolis, Indiana. — Forty-six labor union leaders, charged with unlawful interstate transportation of dynamite and nitroglycerin, alleged to have been used in a five-year campaign of terrorism against the "open shop" in the structural industry throughout the country, were arraigned in the federal court.

Demurrers to indictments against the defendants were filed before Judge A. B. Anderson by counsel for the indicted men. Elijah Zoline of Chicago, one of the attorneys for the defense, began the argument in support of a motion to quash the indictments on the ground that many of them charged the same offense of conspiracy to illegally transport explosives.

Judge Anderson interrupted Mr. Zoline with a statement that the motion to quash the indictments on the ground of confusing multiplicity was absurd.

Indictments Are Attacked.

Attorney Alfred Hovey then attacked the indictments, denying there was a showing that the defendants had unlawfully conveyed explosives on passenger trains. He declared there was no violation of federal statute unless explosives were transported on common carriers concealed in marked packages and maintained the indictments did not so state.

Never before in the history of the federal courts had so many men been indicted in a single proceeding, and because of the wide interest in the case the courtroom was crowded before Judge A. B. Anderson came to the bench.

Eight Defendants Absent.

The absent defendants were John J. McNamara, James B. McNamara, Ortie E. McManigal, Eugene A. Clancy of San Francisco, former member of the executive board of the Iron Workers, and Olaf A. Tveitmoe, secretary of the building trades council of California, under indictment and bond in that state; John J. McCrary, former member of the executive board of the Iron Workers' association; whereabouts unknown, and John R. Carroll and Edward E. Phillips of the Iron Workers' union of Syracuse, N. Y., resisting removal to Indianapolis.

5 CONFESS SWINDLING

Four of Associates of Maybray to Be Sentenced

Council Bluffs, Iowa. — Four more of the swindlers associated with John C. Maybray, who recently completed a sentence in the federal penitentiary for his part in swindles on fake sporting events, aggregating a million dollars, were brought before United States District Judge Smith McPherson and pleaded guilty. They are W. H. Bryson, Joe E. Wright, Frank O. Scott, W. S. Gibson and H. B. Howard.

Bryson was fined $300. Scott, it is charged, acted as secretary to the "Millionaires' club." Gibson was charged with acting as steerer in the swindling of Dr. C. C. Vanderbeck of St. Louis out of $2,500.

TOWN IS FIRE SWEPT

Many Acme, Alberta, Business Houses Destroyed.

Acme, Alberta. — In a fire of incendiary origin, Acme was almost swept off the map. The loss is estimated at about $125,000, with insurance about $30,000.

A fire call was sent to Calgary when the outbreak occurred, but the flames had burned everything they could reach before the fire fighting contingent in a special train reach town.

Bryan to Speak in Des Moines.

Des Moines, March 13.—W. J. Bryan has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the annual Jefferson club banquet on the night of April 3. Invitations have been sent to Champ Clark, Woodrow Wilson, Judson Harmon and Senator Kern and Congressman Oscar Underwood.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, March 13.—Wheat, May, $1.07; July, $1.08½; No. 1 northern, $1.08; No. 2 northern, $1.06; No. 1 durum, $1.07; No. 3 corn, 67c; No. 3 white oats, 51¼c; barley, malting, $1.25; No. 2 rye, 90c; No. 1 flax, $2.03¼.

Duluth, March 13.—Wheat, May, $1.06¾; July, $1.07½.

South St. Paul, March 13.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@6.25; cows, $2.25@4.50; calves, $2.25@7.00; hogs, $6.40@6.55; sheep and lambs, $3.00@6.50.

Spanish Cabinet Reorganized.

Madrid, Spain. — The Spanish cabinet which resigned has been reconstituted. Premier Canalejas retains the leadership. The portfolios are distributed as follows: Premier, Senor Canalejas; foreign affairs, Garcia Prieto; minister of justice, Arias Miranda; minister of finance, Navarro Reverter; minister of interior, Senor Barroso; minister of war, General de Luque; minister of marine, Senor Pidal; minister of public works, Senor Villanueva; minister of public instruction, Duke of Alba.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Congress.

The arbitration treaties failed in the senate as originally drafted.

The bill passed the house granting American citizenship to Porto Ricans.

Secretary Nagel urged enactment of seal protection bill before foreign relations committee.

Senate democratic members of finance committee decided to stand by house steel tariff revision bill.

Senator Kenyon denounced methods alleged to have been used in election of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin.

Senator Percy announced that he would make a statement to senate in response to Mississippi legislature's demand that he resign.

The house unanimously passed the resolution for investigation of the alleged shipping trust by the merchant marine committee.

The $226,000 garden seed appropriation in the agricultural bill was depicted in debate in the house as "graft" by opponents of the item.

Representative Burnett declared that if battleship appropriations were restored to the democratic program the public building bill must also be.

The Southern Pacific and Pacific Mail representatives urged the placing of Panama canal rates in the hands of the Interstate Commerce commission.

The house passed a bill granting to the president power to set aside the loss of citizenship now imposed on deserters from the military service in time of peace.

Governor Gilchrist of Florida at everglades investigation in the house told committee he desired Representative Clark's position in controversy be brought out.

Senator Bristow introduced a resolution calling for an investigation to determine whether postmasters were being coerced in the interest of any presidential candidate.

Representative Sulzer urged before the territories committee that the government build and operate railroads throughout southwest Alaska and engage in the coal business.

The bill imposing heavy fines and taxes on and prohibiting the import and export of white phosphorus matches was favorably reported by ways and means committee of the house.

General.

Captain Robert F. Scott is reported to have reached the south pole.

A receivership is asked for the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railroad.

A republican preferential primary in the Fifth Missouri district resulted in a Roosevelt victory.

At least four were killed and two score injured in the wreck of a Wabash limited train in Indiana.

In a long letter to Frank A. Munsey, Colonel Roosevelt resents the insinuation that he is an artful dodger.

George W. Perkins visited Mr. Roosevelt at Sagamore, carrying a message from Manager Dixon.

Earl Lindsay, convicted of having attacked a small girl, was sentenced to life imprisonment at Newton, Ia.

The senate passed the arbitration treaties, but incorporated an amendment which requires further action.

Senator Bristow's bill for presidential preference primaries in the District of Columbia was adversely reported from the senate committee on the district.

Woman's suffrage will be submitted to Ohio voters at a separate measure when the revised draft of the constitution is voted upon.

Four employees of the P. H. Gilpin Wooden Handle factory at Greentown, Pa., were killed and one injured when the boiler exploded and wrecked the plant.

The new German navy and military bills, which are to be discussed by the reichstag this session, have been completely drafted and submitted to the federal council.

Secretary Wilson issued a formal order that no more shipments of grain or hay in the natural state shall be seized until the department can investigate the recent pure food orders relating to those products.

Grain dealers from Duluth to New Orleans and from Kansas City to New York, are in Washington to confer with officials of the department of agriculture on the recent rulings relating to sulphuring of oats and shipment of hot corn.

Major General Arthur Murray, U. S. A. commanding the western division, has been ordered from Washington to his station at San Francisco.

The house unanimously passed a resolution calling for an investigation of the alleged "shipping trust" by the committee on merchant marine and fisheries.

The Oklahoma traffic association filed complaints with the interstate commerce commission alleging the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and several other roads operating east of the Missouri river exacted excessive and discriminatory rates.

L. C. Ohsenreiter, the Dubuque, Ia., business man who is on a twenty-day fast, passed the fifteenth day.

The president sent to the senate the nomination of Ricard Sloan to be United States district judge for Arizona.

California is to be a battle ground between Taft and Roosevelt.

There is a prospect that Omaha may become an arch Catholic diocese.

In an address at Chicago Secretary Stimson declared himself for Taft.

William Haskins, a well known horseman, is dead at Oskaloosa, Ia.

The Massachusetts house defeated the bill to abolish capital punishment.

Both houses of congress interested themselves in the Lawrence strike situation.

A hot fight is expected in congress over the sugar tariff and income tax bill.

The home rule bill is not to be introduced into the house of commons before Easter.

Senator Norris Brown led off in advocacy of the ratification of the arbitration treaties.

Hugh Webster of Ames won the annual contest of the Iowa state oratorical association.

There was a mutiny of soldiers at Peking, and the city was given over to pillage and burning.

The belief at Tokio is that international interference is necessary to restore order in China.

Old letters of Colonel Roosevelt are resurrected in an attempt to show the inconsistency of his position.

President Madero will attempt to placate Mexican insurrectos by making changes in the cabinet.

Theodore Roosevelt contends his Columbus speech was simply a plea for more power for the people.

Directors of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad company declared an extra dividend of 6 per cent.

A draft of a uniform drainage and levee law was completed by a committee of the National Drainage congress in session at St. Louis.

Thirty-one cities in Prussia, including Berlin and other large centers, have been affected by the strike of 30,000 men's tailors.

California wine producers protested to the judiciary committee against the bill to prohibit liquor shipments from wet into dry states.

Congress passed the bill authorizing that a commission of ensign be given to midshipmen upon graduation from the naval academy.

Rattlesnake venom has been used successfully as a cure for tuberculosis, according to a report to the Maryland state board of health.

No decision of the question of Panama Canal tolls was reached at the meeting of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce.

A meeting of labor leaders, which, according to reports from Chicago early in February was to have been held at Kansas City, has been postponed indefinitely.

Chairman Adamson of the house commerce committee introduced a bill providing for a physical valuation of all of the common carriers of the United States by the Interstate Commerce commission.

The department of justice has ordered the United States marshal in eastern Oklahoma to enforce the federal prohibition law in the old Indian territory the same as prior to statehood.

Where a father has lost control of his children through a divorce suit, he may not claim the right to attend the funeral of one of them, according to a decision handed down in the supreme court of Iowa.

Cairman Sulzer of the foreign affairs committee, after a talk with President Taft and officials of the state department said that he was opposed to any intervention whatever in Mexico by United States troops.

Public buildings committee will give hearings before subcommittee on ohe public building bill for each congressman, but an appropriation bill for buildings probably will not be brought forward this season.

Orders have been issued requiring all flags of the United States, all unions of the national ensign and all union jacks to contain forty-eight stars because of the admission on February 14 of Arizona as a state.

The national Roosevelt headquarters made public a statement disputing the claim of the national Taft bureau that President Taft, in his candidacy for the renomination, has the support of Governor Hooper of Tennessee, Governor Oddie of Nevada and Governor Deneen of Illinois.

Personal.

Roosevelt headquarters have been opened in Washington.

Five men who refused to reveal their identity made a call on Roosevelt.

Governor Aldrich of Nebraska, says officials who falter in duty performance must retire.

Speaker Champ Clark was the recipient of tributes and congratulations on his sixty-second birthday.

Senator Hitchcock discussed what he said was the unlawful acquirement of the Panama canal zone.

Woodrow Wilson is in favor of a presidential preference primary.

Santiago Iglesias, president of the American Federation of Labor in Porto Rico, sailed for New York.

Students of London have started a counter demonstration to suffragettes.

Chairman McKinley, of the Taft headquarters, issued an optimistic statement.

Colonel Roosevelt justifies his present stand when letters written in the past are brought before him.

A favorable report was made by the senate judiciary committee on the nomination of Chancellor Pitney.

HEALTH FOR THE CHILD.

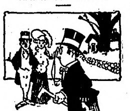
The careful mother, watching closely the physical peculiarities of her children, soon learns that health is in a great measure dependent upon normal, healthy, regular bowel action. When the bowels are inactive, loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder are soon apparent.

Keep the bowels free and clear and good health is assured. At the first sign of constipation give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at bed-time and repeat the dose the following night, if necessary. You will find the child will quickly recover its accustomed good spirits, and eat and sleep normally.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable to salts, cathartics and purgative waters which are harsh in their action. Syrup Pepsin acts on the bowels easily and naturally, yet positively, and causes no griping or discomfort. Its tonic properties build up the stomach, liver and bowels, restoring their normal condition.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this remedy, send for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. He will gladly send a trial bottle, without any expense to you whatever.

AFRAID TO LOOK UP.



"Why doesn't he look up his family tree?"

"Afraid he might see some monkeys hanging from the branches."

Shot With a Knife.

Years ago in a stock performance of a famous old melodrama, the villain, Charles Wolcott, suddenly discovered that he had left his revolver in the dressing room. In much confusion, he fumbled in his pocket and found a penknife which, he figured, would do just as well for the bloody deed. Imagine his consternation when, after plunging the blade into the hero's breast, that player failed to change his lines and screamed at the top of his voice: "Heaven forgive you! I'm shot."

Romance of the Rail.

It was on a Pullman car. The man who traveled for gents' furnishings had succeeded in working up a conversation with the lonesome-looking young woman. He leaned over her and breathed in her ear:

"Peaches, I'm taking a little trip to New York. Don't you want to go along?"

"Sir," she said, angrily, "you are going too far!"

But she didn't object to accompanying him as far as Schenectady.

FROM THE NORTH COUNTRY

Where the Winters Are Cold and the Snows Deep.

Writing from the vicinity David Harum made famous, a man says that he was an habitual coffee drinker, and, although he knew it was doing him harm, was too obstinate to give it up, till all at once he went to pieces with nervousness and insomnia, loss of appetite, weakness, and a generally used-up feeling, which practically unfitted him for his arduous occupation, and kept him on a couch at home when his duty did not call him out.

"While in this condition Grape-Nuts food was suggested to me, and I began to use it. Although it was in the middle of winter, and the thermometer was often below zero, almost my entire living for about six weeks of severe exposure was on Grape-Nuts food with a little bread and butter and a cup of hot water, till I was wise enough to make Postum my table beverage.

"After the first two weeks I began to feel better and during the whole winter I never lost a trip on my mail route, frequently being on the road 7 or 8 hours at a time.

"The constant marvel to me was how a person could do the amount of work and endure the fatigue and hardship as I did, on so small an amount of food. But I found my new rations so perfectly satisfactory that I have continued them—using both Postum and Grape-Nuts at every meal, and often they comprise my entire meal.

"All my nervousness, irritability and insomnia have disappeared and healthy, natural sleep has come back to me. But what has been perhaps the greatest surprise to me is, the fact that with the benefit to my general health has come a remarkable improvement in my eye-sight.

"If a good appetite, good digestion, good eye-sight, strong nerves and an active brain are to be desired; I can say from my own experience, use Grape-Nuts and Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

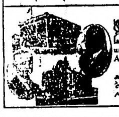
Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN
General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. . . .

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.



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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Saturday, March 16, 1912.

Captain Amundsen has nailed the Norwegian flag on the south pole. The United States sends congratulations; having been itself discovered by Norwegians, there is much satisfaction here that the last of the undiscovered of the earth's surface also falls to the glory of Norway.

The parcels post will shortly come up in congress for discussion and will soon become a law. What its advocates need to be vigilant about now is to see that it shall be a real parcels post, fathered by its friends, not a denatured near-parcels post, put forward by its enemies to allay the public demand, and designed rather to help than to hurt the express companies.—Colliers.

Mr. Roosevelt says that if an official cannot carry out the will of the people in the way they wish to see it done there is no reason under the sun as to why the recall should not be applied. If the judges show marked tendencies towards rendering the majority of their decisions in favor of "big business" there is no reason on earth why the people, who are supposed to rule, should not sidetrack them. There is no issue that will attract the votes the people as such a stand on such a question.

What! Success Ruinous for Mankind?

Life is perpetual motion. When action of the body ceases, that is death. Life is achieved. It is not given by one to another. Neither mortal nor eternal life is a gift. You work to live. Lie down and never stir again of yourselves, and the end is here, no matter how many servants come and go to serve you.

We work for success. And yet success has ruined almost all who have succeeded, says Mrs. Elbert Hubbard in McCall's for March. Individuals, nations have risen from poverty and want to affluence, to position where they could control circumstances connected with their welfare. When ease and luxury were within their reach, few have resisted their lure. Hard necessity has been man's best friend. He has grown through exercise. Yet when man has had the opportunity to choose, he has rarely been wise enough to see that the methods used to develop him thus far, are the methods to follow if he wishes to be well.

We have been told that Heaven is an ideal. Also that Heaven is a goal where everything is provided and much of it. Eternal rest, ease, luxury, angels for servants, and nothing to do are requisites for happiness and immortality, according to some interpreters of the Bible. Places where there is little work, much to spend in ease and luxury, have seemed to be the suburbs to Paradise. And this teaching and the natural pull of inertia have led people and nations to death. The few who have acquired the work habit, and the very wise few who have foreseen and have understood the sure penalty for inaction, have escaped. Not to succeed, but forever be in the struggle, has saved and kept virile the people who have preserved the race.

Officeholders and Politics

Congressman McKinley, who four years ago was using methods as nearly similar as he could make them to get delegates for Joe Cannon and against Judge Taft, is writing federal officeholders requesting them to do what they can for Mr. Taft, "consistent with their duties."

We are curious to know just what federal officeholders have duties which can possibly be consistent with dropping the office work and going out to herd delegates for anybody.

The postmaster, presumably, is supposed to look after the local branch of the postoffice department. Herding delegates is no part of the official duties of postmaster. Participating in partisan—and factional partisan—politics has been called "pernicious activity," and most people applauded the president who used the phrase. In point of fact a man holding any public position should attend to the duties of that position. He has no more right to use his office for political purposes than an employe of a private business has to use his position for purposes having no bearing on the success of the business to which he owes all his loyalty.

But this, of course, is counsel of perfection. We haven't reached the stage yet where anybody will heed it. Federal officeholders have felt free to drop the public's business at any time when political exigency called, and undoubtedly they will feel free to do the same thing this year. Indeed, there are evidences that they are not only feeling free to do this, but that they are doing it.—Duluth Herald.

Much Sought as a Star

Marcus Kellerman, baritone soloist with the St. Paul Symphony orchestra, which will start on its 2,000 mile spring trip on a special Great Northern train March 24, will be one of the principals with the Metropolitan Opera company next season. Gatti-Casazza, general manager of the big New York company, has tried to get Kellerman as one of his stars for a number of years, but the artist chose to remain in concert work, traveling with the Damrosch orchestra.

Kellerman, in spite of his German name, is decidedly an American. He has great confidence in the American's future in the music world and thinks that the great singers and composers of the next ten years will be Americans.

"The idea that grand operas cannot be sung in English is absolute rot," said Mr. Kellerman. "They can be sung in English as well as in German, French, or Italian. Victor Herbert has proven this with his 'Natoma.' The American composer has not been given a chance. His work is just beginning to be recognized. The New York and Chicago opera companies have more Americans on their lists of singers than any other nationality and the list is constantly growing."

Kellerman is a protege of Charles P. Taft, brother of the president. It was Mr. Taft who heard Kellerman sing when he was a youngster in Cincinnati and immediately furnished the money to send him abroad for study.

He will appear with the St. Paul Symphony orchestra at Thief River Falls on March 29.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held March 4, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the the following bills were allowed:

John Forseen, salary February..	$15.00
G. J. Fellman, coal and draying	16.75
I. D. Converse, publishing proceedings February.............	6.25

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held March 7, 1912, for the purpose of auditing accounts of treasurer and transacting any other business that might come before the council.

On motion duly made and carried the accounts of treasurer were accepted as correct.

On motion duly made and carried the fifty dollars ($50.00) now in emergency fund were ordered transferred to general fund.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Town Officers

Following are the officers chosen at the elections last Tuesday in the precincts named:

ROCKSBURY.

Supervisor—John Johnson.
Clerk—Lars Netteland.
Treasurer—Ed. A. Aubol.
Assessor—Henry Rondorf.
Constable—Ole Aubol.

SANDERS.

Supervisors—Herman Ortloff, chairman; August Krause, Sander Engebretson.
Clerk—Nels K. Anderson.
Treasurer—O. L. Larson.
Assessor—A. W. Lind.
Justice—Nels K. Anderson.

RIVER FALLS.

Supervisor—S. A. Wilson.
Clerk—A. S. Anderson.
Treasurer—A. Aug. Erickson.
Assessor—Chris Bothman.

BRAY.

Supervisor—C. A. Nelson.
Clerk—Knut Larson.

WYLIE TWP.

Supervisors—Bert Gotler, E. Boutain, O. Zutz.
Clerk—T. P. Smidesang.
Treasurer—P. Smidesang.
Assessor—Richard Gotjer.
Justice—Anton Anderson.

WYANDOTTE.

Supervisors—Andrew Nelson, Isaac Wilson, John Albin.
Clerk—J. R. Larson.
Treasurer—J. E. Peterson.
Assessor—J. A. Rolstad.
Justice—D. D. Hougen.
Constable—Anton Peterson.

Getting Drier

Crookston, Minn., March 13.—Early returns on yesterday's election in this section indicate that the "drys" made a pretty clean sweep in the Red river valley.

On the St. Vincent line there is but one wet town, Argyle, just this side of the Canadian boundary, which went wet by one vote.

On the Warroad line only two towns north of Thief River were wet, Middle River and Warroad, and on the east line the first wet town east of Crookston is Bagley.

The only wet towns that stay wet are Argyle by one vote; Warroad 90 votes; Bronson 17 votes. The dry towns which voted and stayed dry are Hallock by 51; Stephen by 34; Mentor by 10; Roseau by 47; Twin Valley by 60; McIntosh by 47; Felton by 8; Climax by 13; Halstad by 26.

Rag Doll Social

Mrs. August Swenson and Mrs. Erick Anderson will entertain the Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church Friday evening, March 22, at Imperial hall. Instead of the usual program there will be a rag doll social. All are cordially invited.

Presidential Preferences

	Taft	LaFollette	Roosevelt	Debs
St. Hilaire village	5	11	10	16
Sanders	2	7	15	2
River Falls......		5	11	
Bray............		10	3	2
Black River.....		6	9	
North..........		23	18	
Kratka		25	10	
Rocksbury........	1	8	8	
Reiner		4	14	
Highlanding		25	3	
Clover Leaf......	1	16	15	
Silverton........		50	5	
Deer Park		10	8	
Norden..........	1	12	13	
Smiley.........	1	21	26	
Wyandotte......		22	0	
Numedahl		10	5	

American Buyer in London.

"My American accent came near to taxing me just $430 on my last trip to London," remarked a clubman. "When I tried to buy a certain bulldog pup there the kennel man priced it at $500, as he had me sized up as an American and, in his regard, an easy mark. I made a deal with a cabby at the hotel stand, who went around and bought the same pup for me at $60, a very fair price, as the dog will never be a show winner. I gave a $10 tip to the cabman, so I made $430 by employing an agent who called his hansom an 'ansom and his horse an 'orse."—New York Sun.

Jackdaw and Magpie.

In England the daw is hardly ever mentioned but as Jack, yet daw and not jackdaw is the proper name of the species. It is suggested that the pie owes the "mag" to some corruption of Margaret or Meg. To mag is to chatter, but whether the verb was derived from the name or the name from the verb is a question. It is more than probable that the Jim Crow of America (the old name for a negro boy) was brought across from England in the days when a crow was Jim, as a swallow was Dick.—London Standard.

Selling by Candle Time.

"It did me good," observed a young girl who had just returned from England, "to see in real life one of the old customs my grandfather used to tell me about—the burning of the time candle at an auction. In Berkshire the old custom still prevails, and when an auction is in progress and an article is put up for bidding a short length of candle is lighted as the bidding begins. The shouting continues until the candle burns out, and the last bid before it flickers its last is the one that takes the cake. I don't know but what it has an advantage over the 'Going, going, gone' variety, but it is fearfully slow and un-American."—Exchange.

Necessary.

"Dear me," exclaimed the lady, "that's twice you have dropped that cut glass pitcher within five minutes!"

"I know it, ma'am," replied the maid, "but it didn't break the first time."—Chicago Record-Herald

Trouble Ahead.

A north country coroner is said to be waiting the suicide of a local poet who wrote about clasping "the two tremulous hands" of his ladylove, but which the printer made to read "the two tremendous hands."—London Mail.

A Small Horror.

The weasel is one small horror. Astonishingly strong, apparently fearless and as persevering as an ant, when once he has settled to the track of a rabbit that particular bunny is indeed in grave peril. The rabbit seems to know it, too, and the knowledge to half paralyze him, for he seldom attempts the one saving chance—a straightaway, long sustained run at top speed. And the end of the patient, if-we-do-but-wait-the-hour sort of pursuit! 'Tis indeed bloody murder. The fiend within angel garb finally toils within deadly distance. There is a snakelike stroke, most likely aimed at the big vein near the butt of the rabbit's ear. Once there, the brute sticks leechlike to the blood sucking, while the trembling, wailing rabbit totters aimlessly about till its drained body falls limply to pay its tax to mother earth.—Edwin Sandys in Outing Magazine.

All Getting In.

"They've had a consultation of physicians over him."

"He must be a pretty sick man."

"No; he's not very sick, but he has wads of money."—Pittsburg Post.

To Fit the Occasion.

"Let me spin you a yarn while I'm shaving you, sir,"
Said the barber, baldheaded and hoary,
And the man with thin locks said, "All right, go ahead,
But make it a hair raising story."
—Los Angeles Express.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY

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HARROWS, wood and steel frame
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf

HOLMES BROS.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington, whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 34 of mortgages on page 106; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, Mortgagee.

L. C. SIMSON, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-6w

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota.
m2-a6

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles C. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Dated at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1912.
Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington.
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J K. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota

Spectator $1.00

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in the said court on the 24th day of January A. D. 1912, in an action wherein Mary Ulvild, formerly Mary Knutson Brevik, is plaintiff and Jens Bartelson is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff and against the said defendant, for the sum of five hundred twenty-seven and 16-100 dollars, which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for the said county of Pennington, I have this 6th day of January A. D. 1912 levied upon all the right, title, and interest of the said defendant, Jens Bartelson, in and to the following described real property situated in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota; towit: The southwest quarter of southwest quarter (sw¼ of sw¼) of section twenty-one (21), township one hundred fifty-four (154), north of range forty-three (43).

Notice Is Hereby Given, That I, the undersigned, as sheriff as aforesaid, will sell the above described real property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota on Saturday, the 16th day of March A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, to satisfy the said execution, together with the interest and costs thereon.

Dated January 26, 1912.

W. J. LABREE,
f3-m16 Sheriff of Pennington County

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of August, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 37 of mortgages on page 216 and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 22 of mortgages on page 30; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, Mortgagee.

L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-6w

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 32;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 28th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 11 of mortgages on page 254; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty ($150.00) dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.

F. HALL, Assignee of Mortgagee.

A. N. EKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee, Warren, Minn.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
Paul M. Palmer, Pastor.

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a.m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m. Rev. Fosmark will lecture in the evening in the Norwegian language. Subject: "The Glorious Benefits of the Lutheran Church."
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
Rev. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. G. W. Hooper, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
S. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Morris Laselle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Carolyn Hoff went Monday to Grand Forks.

L. A. Lyman was a Thief River Falls visitor on Tuesday.

Hasken Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Satterberg was in Thief River Falls Monday.

L. Carlson and C. H. Peters went to Crookston Wednesday.

Mrs. Hendrickson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Martin and Mike McAndress were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

C. A. Pitkin made a business visit to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

C. H. Martz and K. O. Gigstad drove to Red Lake Falls Monday to attend to business matters.

Miss Selma Hoff visited Thief River Falls between trains Saturday.

Elmer Burkee returned Monday to his studies at the Moorhead normal school, after a week's visit at home.

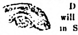
Miss Esther Palmer returned Thursday from a visit with friends at Calloway, Minn., her former home.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin returned on Wednesday from a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Fisher, at Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble returned Saturday from a couple of weeks' visit at Grand Forks and Crookston.

C. C. Elliott's season's work of receiving and entertaining land seekers and showing them his bargains has begun.

Mike McAndress has purchased the Charles Nelson farm, 100 acres, adjoining him on the north, at the price of $55.00 per acre.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Lost.—Between my home and Pitkin's store, a pair of spectacles. Finder please return to
John Forseen.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Scandinavian Mission church meets Saturday March 23, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the home of Mr. Andrew Bjornquist. All are welcome.

Call on N. A. Nelson for seed corn, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, clover, and other grass seeds. You better get what you need now, or you will pay much higher prices.

For Sale—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. Helgeson.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

For health and energy eat,
CREAM OF RYE
for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package. s9-8t

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

People in Thief River Falls should not allow the St. Paul Symphony orchestra to get away, as a performance by such an organization is not only a great treat but an advertisement for the city, and the Spectator predicts a large attendance from nearby towns.

Little Miss Peggy Ives invited a number of her little friends Wednesday afternoon to help her celebrate the fifth anniversary of her birthday. The little ones were treated by their hostess to a very delicious lunch and they all enjoyed themselves to the utmost.—Thief River Falls News.

Another treat will probably be offered the people of Thief River Falls and vicinity in the way of a concert by the St. Paul Symphony orchestra at the auditorium in that city some time this spring. Such bookings are a credit to a city many many times the size of Thief River Falls and deserve a liberal patronage.

Mike Fricker had the misfortune receive to quite a bad hurt at the school building Monday. An old board in the porch broke and let him down. He struck with his ribs across the edge of the board, and while no broken bones or internal injuries are discoverable, he is confined to his bed with every chance of so continuing for a while.

Miss Ada Olson went Friday to Crookston.

A. Anderson went to Crookston Wednesday.

Alton Jackson visited at home between trains on Thursday.

I have a four year old mare for sale. Swen Benson.

Oscar and Miss Nina Peterson were in Thief River Falls Friday.

Mrs. M. Miller went Thursday to Grand Forks to visit with friends.

Miss Lora Larson went to Red Lake Falls yesterday where she will visit with friends.

David Lazar is displaying some handsome banners advertising the Collegian clothing.

L. A. Lyman's auction yesterday was well attended. Everything was sold and at good prices.

John Gunstad returned Tuesday from the vicinity of Baudette, where he has spent a part of the winter.

Rev. and Mrs. Frank Larson left Monday for Warren where Mr. Larson will preach his first sermon tomorrow.

R. L. Rolland is tearing down his building south of the Central hotel and hauling the lumber out to his farm.

Little Miss Gladys Gigstad made the hit of the evening with her song, "Dolly's Mamma," at Literary society's program Monday evening.

Rev. Smith of Thief River Falls conducted the M. E. quarterly meeting here Tuesday evening in place of the superintendent, who was unable to be present.

Rev. Carl A. Johnson, who was to have preached in the Mission church here last Sunday, was taken ill on the way here from Chicago. The pulpit was filled by Rev. Frank Larson.

Roisland brothers came the first of the week with their car of moveables from Kloten, N. D., and moved onto their land sixteen miles east in Mayfied township, thus leaving what is considered the wheat country of Dakota for Pennington county soil.

The remains of Harold Mosbeck, who died at Spooner on the 6th inst., were brought to his home near Wylie last Saturday and funeral services were held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. Alex Sand in the Swedish Lutheran church in Black River.

Flax Straw: 1911 crop dry flax straw, baled or open, wanted at my Red Lake Falls, Minn., mill, and cash price paid for. Please correspond with my general foreman, Mr. Louis Kumpf, Aneta, N. D., or with Mr. George H. Thompson, foreman at my mill at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. Yours truly, V. R. Bleppon,
2t Buffalo, N. Y., Owner of Mills.

Last Saturday morning the Boy Scouts of Thief River Falls, with their leader, Rev. Boyden, took a hike down the St. Hilaire road on the east side about three or four miles, built a fire in the woods and cooked coffee and had their lunch. They then crossed the river and returned home on the west side. This was the first hike for the boys and it is needless to say that they hope it won't be the last.—News.

We are informed that during the debate Monday evening The Spectator was criticized for an alleged "intentional" error in the announcement of the entertainment. We will say that we have carefully compared the printed notice with the copy handed us and find an exact agreement, word for word. We might state that the notice was not handed in until Saturday after we had begun to print, and the press was stopped to get the announcement into our columns. We are at a loss to understand why anyone would go out of his way to give utterance to such a sneaking little slur.

The Village Elections

The caucus Saturday evening was organized with the election of Dr. J. E. Owens as chairman and Dr. C. Swanson, clerk.

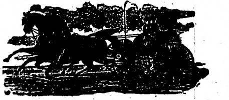
The following ticket was nominated:

President—J. C. Dahl.
Trustees—Henry Olson, Tom Hovet, R. J. McKercher.
Treasurer—B. E. Burkee.
Clerk—Dr. C. Swanson.
Justice—K. O. Gigstad.
Constable—John Forseen.

At the election Tuesday there were 53 votes cast. The complete caucus ticket was elected, there being no opposition.

The vote for preferences for president of the United States gave: Taft 5, Roosevelt 10, LaFollette 11, Wilson 7, Debs 16.

DAVID LAZAR
Just received a good line of
COLLEGIAN
CLOTHING
TAILOR MADE
Guaranteed to give good satisfaction
DAVID LAZAR



G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

SPRING
Millinery Opening
March 22, 1912

You are cordially invited to come in and look over our large stock of latest style Hats.

MRS. HOLMES'
Millinery Store

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 558, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	91
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	87
Flax, No. 1	$1.85
" " 2	1.75
Barley, for 50 lbs	88
Oats	41
Eggs	17
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	50
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran "	25.00

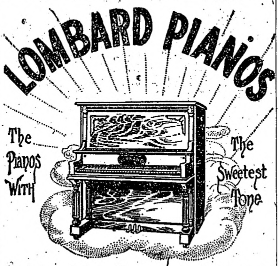
Pay your subscription

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS.
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Avoid
Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT
FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN. Agent

Bring in Your Printing

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 635 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (25,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C."
Next term begins soon. For booklet write.
F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.,
Watkins [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

HIS MODESTY OF HIGH ORDER

Tinker, of Course, Loved His Neighbor as Himself, but That Wasn't Too Much.

Lord Tankerville, who is sending his son to an American school, said the other day in New York:

"There are too many Englishmen—and English boys as well—who develop, in the presence of a lord, a painful and unnatural modesty. Their modesty reminds me of a village tinker.

"This tinker had a rather crusty disposition, and his pastor said to him one day:

"'My man, you should love your neighbor as yourself.'

"'Yes, sir,' said the tinker.

"But the pastor had in mind a nasty black eye that the tinker had given the bricklayer next door, and so he went on:

"'Do you, though, do you, honestly, love your neighbor as yourself?'

"'Yes, sir; oh, yes, sir,' said the tinker; and he added, 'but I'm a modest man, yo see, and, to tell the truth, I ain't a bit stuck on myself, sir.'"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

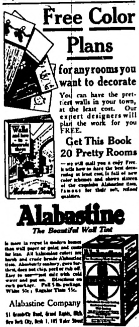
It boosts a young man wonderfully in the estimation of a girl if his front name is the same as that of the hero in a romantic novel or play.

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c a box.

No one but a gossip can attend to everybody's business at the same time.

The simple life is best. Let your only medicine be Garfield Tea, the pure and proven remedy. All druggists.

Offering to bet that you are right is a poor kind of argument.


Walls and how to decorate them
The Alabastine Book

Free Color Plans

for any rooms you want to decorate

You can have the prettiest walls in your town, at the least cost. Our expert designers will plan the work for you FREE.

Get This Book 20 Pretty Rooms

—we will mail you a copy Free. It tells how to have the best decorating at least cost. Is full of new color schemes and shows dozens of the exquisite Alabastine tints, famous for their soft, refined qualities.

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

is more in vogue in modern homes than wall paper or paint and costs far less. All kalsomine colors are harsh and crude beside Alabastine tints. Absolutely sanitary, goes further, does not chip, peel or rub off. Easy to use—just mix with cold water and put on. Directions on each package. Full 5-lb. package, White 50c; Regular Tints 55c.

Alabastine Company

51 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York City, Desk 1, 105 Water Street

A Boon to Housewives

Everyone can enjoy the luxuries of a hardwood floor at small expense by the use of this wonderful new product. *Does away with unsanitary carpets—permits the use of large or small rugs.* Makes old homes new—makes new homes more comfortable, attractive and sanitary.

GAL-VA-NITE FLOORING

A Perfect Imitation of Oak

Beautifully Grained—Highly Polished.

For Floors and Wainscoting

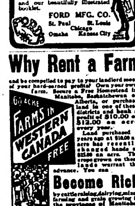
Durable, Attractive, Inexpensive, Vermin-Proof, Odorless and Sanitary. *Put up in rolls 36 inches wide—sold by the yard.*

If your dealer doesn't sell Gal-va-nite Flooring send for samples and our beautifully illustrated booklet.

FORD MFG. CO.

St. Paul St. Louis
Chicago
Omaha Kansas City

Why Rent a Farm



and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. 38

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

DREADED ATAXIA

What Active Treatment With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Accomplished in a Recent Case.

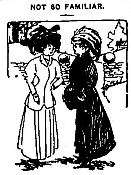
Mr. Francis M. Poole, a harness maker, of Garvin, Lyon Co., Minn., says: "My illness started in 1902, with sharp pains all through my limbs. At first I thought it was rheumatism but the pains kept getting more and more severe and I grew steadily worse. Later a numbness came over my feet. It gradually extended up my legs to my spine and waist. By this time I had lost all control of my legs. Next my bladder and bowels were affected and I lost all control of them. At this stage of the disease I was perfectly helpless and from November, 1905, to April, 1906, I was confined to the bed. My memory was so affected that I thought I would lose my mind. I looked just like a dead person. My lips and finger nails were blue. I suffered with terrible sharp, shooting pains and could get relief only from the use of morphine.

"I was treated by five St. Paul doctors. All of them pronounced my case locomotor ataxia. One said I could not live a year and another told my wife all he could do for me was to give medicine to relieve the pain. I was discouraged and, when my brother-in-law urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I did so willingly for he had read of their curing a case similar to mine. I started to take the pills in March, 1906, while I was still confined to bed. I took several boxes when I felt a slight change for the better and had a healthier look. I was finally able to go to the country but kept on with the treatment. The bluish color left my lips and my eyes became brighter. I took the pills a long time and the next spring in May I could walk around. In June I went to work although still weak. I kept on gaining and am now working without the return of a symptom of my former trouble and without losing a days' work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People absolutely cured me and I want all fellow sufferers to know of my wonderful recovery."

Those who are interested in the treatment which cured this case should have our booklet, "Diseases of the Nervous System," which will be sent to every nervous sufferer upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

NOT SO FAMILIAR.



Carrye—Do you love art for art's sake?

Daisy—I beg your pardon, but his name is Arthur.

"WHY SHOULD I USE CUTICURA SOAP?"

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair live and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation.

While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials, that it wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston, for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.

Of Course.

"What would you do if you had a million dollars?"

"Nothing."

To Dyspeptics: Others have found a steady course of Garfield Tea a pleasant means of regaining health. Why not you?

A man never forgives his enemies until he wishes them prosperity.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

A woman's mind is like a bed—it must be made up occasionally.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The easier it is to reform a man the oftener you'll have to do it.

Most human maladies arise from wrong dieting. Garfield Tea gives immediate relief.

Many reputations blow up when a political campaign is in full blast.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.

THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES PILES, KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX Send address envelope for FREE booklet to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

FIND WHITE TRIBE

Arctic Natives Evidently of European Origin.

Stefansson-Anderson Expedition Discovered New People, Very Few of Which Ever Had Seen a White Man.

New York.—From the far north, in the neighborhood of Coronation Gulf and Victoria Island, have come messages from Stefansson and Anderson, leaders of the Arctic expedition now making a tour of exploration for the American Museum of Natural History and the Geological Survey of the Canadian government.

In May, Stefansson crossed over to Victoria Land, where he discovered a Scandinavian like people called the Ha-Ne-Rag-Mi-Ut. They are described as a North European people. One of the Alaskian Eskimo guides said in commenting upon their appearance:

"They are not Eskimo; they are 'fo'c'sle' men. Two of them had chin beards described as light and turning to red, and all had light eyebrows."

Most interesting perhaps of their experiences are the discoveries of several races of "new people" and ruined villages formerly occupied by Eskimos and apparently abandoned from twenty-five to fifty years ago.

The inhabitants of these villages engaged in whaling, judging from the bones of whales scattered about. At Cape Boxley, last May, the explorers came upon a village of about forty snow houses, which apparently had recently been abandoned. Sled trails led north toward Victoria Land, which is visible across the strait everywhere east of Point Mise.

"As the explorers of the last century never found people near here, I suppose the village and trail are evidence of visits of Victoria Land people, who had come across the strait to get driftwood," says one member of the expedition in an account of the trip. Later, the expedition discovered another village in the snowy region of the north and saw people out sealing in the middle of Dolphin and Union Strait. One of the members of the expedition then approached the newly discovered people and after a narrow escape of being knifed by one of the party, friendly negotiations were undertaken.

Home of the Fo'c'sle.

There were thirty-nine members of the group, a small part of the A-Ku-Li-A-Kat-Tag-Mi-Ut. According to the explorers neither they nor their forefathers had ever seen a white man. The winter home of these people is in the middle of the strait north of Cape Bexley, but in the summer they hunt inland south of the cape.

It was discovered by members of the expedition that of the one thousand Eskimos on the two sides of Coronation Gulf and Dolphin and Union straits, not more than twenty men had ever seen a white man, thus representing less contact with the white race than the people of any part of the explored Arctic.

The Cape Parry region, full of game sixty years ago, is now gameless and deserted and the Copper Mine region has not 10 per cent. of the number of caribou of Richardson's time. It is estimated that in ten years it will be practically impossible to live on the country while taveling in these remote wilds.

WAR TEST FOR AEROPLANES

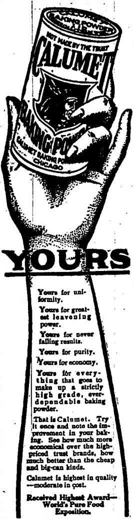
Italian Army Authorities Plan to Use Many in Their Conflict With the Turks.

There are thirty-two aeroplanes and as many army aviators attached to the Italian army in Tripoli and Cyrenaica, and several aeroplanes will accompany the Italian expedition into the interior. For their use portable sheds have been constructed and they will be carried on camels.

The military authorities have discovered that aerial service in time of war is so severe on the nerves that if it is continued for three months steadily the aviator suffers from nervous breakdown. In order to rest the aviators orders have now been given for them to take turns and make flights on alternate weeks.

Bomb throwing from aeroplanes in flight has not proved altogether a success and the risks incurred by the aviator, who, besides piloting his machine, has to handle the bombs, are so great that the military authorities have discontinued bomb throwing for the present. As all the Italian army aeroplanes are built to carry only the pilot, it is impossible for the aviators to take along an artillery officer as passenger to handle the bombs.

Two army dirigibles have been sent to Tripoli to replace those damaged during a storm and early next month both may be able to make a flight over the desert. Experiments at bomb throwing from airships will then be started and if they prove successful the aeroplane service will be limited to reconnaissances while the dirigibles will be used exclusively for bomb throwing.



YOURS

Yours for uniformity.

Yours for greatest leavening power.

Yours for never failing results.

Yours for purity.

Yours for economy.

Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.

That is Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in cost.

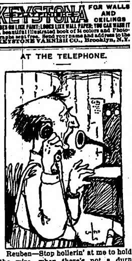
Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

KEYSTONA FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

GOES ON LIKE PAINT; LOOKS LIKE WALL PAPER; YOU CAN WASH IT

A beautiful illustrated book of 24 colors and Photographs sent free. Send your name and address to the KEYSTONE VARNISH CO., Brooklyn, N.Y.

AT THE TELEPHONE.



Reuben—Stop hollerin' at me to hold the wire, when there's not a durn piece o' wire in the room to hold!

Making Good.

"Sire," expostulated Nero's confidential adviser, "what do you propose to do to rehabilitate this burning city of Rome so that its inhabitants will not hold the devastating conflagration against you?"

"Oh, fiddle!" retorted Nero.

Which he did.

Her Opportunity.

Edith—Isn't Alice the lucky girl? Just as she had decided to throw Jack over he broke the engagement.

Tom—Well?

Edith—Well, now she's going to sue him for breach of promise.

Stingy Thing.

She—Oh, I have no doubt you love me; but your love lacks the supreme touch—unselfishness.

He—What makes you say that?

She—You admit it. You want me for yourself alone, you say.

A Match.

"The big prizes in life are few."

"So are the big winners."—Baltimore American.

Convincing Argument—

A single dish of

Post Toasties

with Cream.

Delicious Wholesome Convenient

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Truman.—Mrs. Blanche Bursell of this place died suddenly after a dental operation in which ether was used.

Montevideo.—At a meeting of the school board Superintendent J. J. Bohlander was re-elected for the fourth term.

Canby.—Canby is sending eight to twelve cars of stock a week to the Chicago, South St. Paul and Sioux City markets.

Pipestone.—The report of vital statistics for Pipestone county for the year 1911 shows there were 236 births and 83 deaths.

Mankato.—The editorial association of the second congressional district will hold its second annual convention in Mankato Friday, March 22.

Minneapolis.—About an hour after he had been locked up on a charge of intoxication, S. M. Regan, was found dead in his cell at Central station.

Mankato.—Mrs. W. B. Walker, wife of a former merchant here, died of anemia, brought on by the shock of falling downstairs early in January.

Winona.—Martin Leehane, who confessed to the theft of a United States mail pouch, has been held to appear before the grand jury. Bail was fixed at $1,500.

Saratoga.—A farmers' club has been organized here. The officers are: President, A. C. Farnsworth; vice president, H. G. Cox; secretary, Harry Peterson; treasurer, F. A. Root.

North Mankato.—The J. B. Nelson company has secured the contract for the construction of the eight-story hotel that is to be erected at Sioux Falls, at a cost of about $100,000.

Madison.—The Corn Growers' association met here for the purpose of discussing problems such as seed corn; preparation of the seed bed; planting; cultivation, and kindred topics.

Bemidji.—Chief Songo-go-shig of the Chippewas at Cass Lake, held in jail here on the charge of having murdered his squaw, has been released, the grand jury having failed to return an indictment.

Canby.—Canby lodge, A. F. & A. M., gave a banquet in honor of John Magill, the oldest member of the lodge, he having been made a Mason at Portage, Wis., in 1858. He will be 75 years old in April.

Faribault.—The reports of the ten banks in Rice county show deposits of $3,596,549.92. The deposits of Faribault amount to $1,778,574.89. The loans and discounts in the county amount to $2,021,190.11.

Rushford.—Wolves and wildcats are numerous and bold near here. It is no unusual sight to see a half dozen or more wolves sitting around a barn or chickenhouse and making night hideous with their howls.

Duluth.—James E. Walsh, a former city detective in Duluth and previous to that a guard at the Stillwater penitentiary, was given ten days in municipal court for having been drunk and disorderly.

Winona.—Extensive improvement of roadbeds on the Northwestern line on the Minnesota and the Madison divisions are planned for this year and a vast army of men will be employed in general construction work.

St. Paul.—There was paid into the state treasury during February a total of $4,408,367.53. Of this amount, $3,670,465.70 came from the railroads as gross earning taxes, and $278,299.62 from insurance companies.

Canby.—Two thousand persons attended a market day sale here. Horses, cattle, swine, wagons, farm implements, household goods and machinery were sold for an aggregate sum of $4,068. The next sale will be held the first Saturday in April.

Pine River.—Harvey, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kinkele of Longville, lost his life while hunting rabbits with an older brother. In some way a gun was accidentally discharged, the shot passing through his heart and causing death instantly.

Little Falls.—The county treasurer, in closing his books for the March settlement finds that 327 persons failed to pay their personal property tax in Morrison county this year. Of this number fifty-four are from the city of Little Falls. The total amount of the city's assessment was $34,500 and that delinquent amounts to only $320.

Owatonna.—The Steele County Cow Testing association has elected the following officers: President, Ralph Hayes; secretary and treasurer, T. J. Henderson; directors, John Hartle, Frank Adams, George McFlinn.—The Steele County Buttermakers' and Dairymen's association elected: President, Robert Crickmore; secretary and treasurer, James Adair.

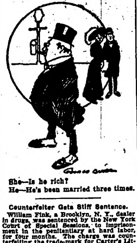
Faribault.—A road plow has been used this winter by the city street department to pull the snow away from the curbs to the center of the street in the paved district. As soon as the snow falls the plow is put in use before the snow packs. This method prevents heavy ice forming in the gutters, which would have to be dug out by hand when the thaw starts.

Washington.—Brigade General Bixby, chief of the army engineers, submitted to Senator McCumber his report on the Red River situation in which he says that in the opinion both of himself and Major Shunk no log jam exists in that river, or in Red River lake, which calls for action by the government. The real cause of the trouble there, the report says, is the unusual dearth of water, and that the logs complained of are merely stranded through this cause. The report finds no ground for instituting proceedings against the lumber company owning the logs.

Kenyon.—While Sever Sunde was experimenting with an old unused shotgun, it accidently exploded, severely lacerating both hands. Several pieces of bone were removed. The gun was one that had not been used for many years and was an heirloom. It was blown into fragments.

Beaudette.—Word has been received here by H. C. Curry, who owns a fishery at the mouth of the Rainy river on the Lake of the Woods, that the United States government is to send black bass spawn there so that in a few years Lake of the Woods will have black bass fishing.

WHAT'S THE ANSWER?



She—Is he rich?

He—He's been married three times.

Counterfeiter Gets Stiff Sentence.

William Fink, a Brooklyn, N. Y., dealer in drugs, was sentenced by the New York Court of Special Sessions, to imprisonment in the penitentiary at hard labor, for four months. The charge was counterfeiting the trade-mark for Carter's Little Liver Pills, in violation of the penal law.

The Carter Medicine Company detected the counterfeit before any quantity of the spurious goods had been placed upon the market. In sentencing Fink, Judge Deuel laid special stress upon the injury done to the public when a remedy so well known as Carter's Little Liver Pills is counterfeited and put on the market. He imposed the sentence not only as the proper punishment of Fink himself, but in order to deter others from the commission of like frauds in the future.

A Cruel Thrust.

He—Old age has no terrors for me.

She—It needn't have if it's true that brainy men live long.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Qualifications.

Mrs. Knicker—Why did you engage that cross-eyed cook?

Mrs. Bocker—Because I don't think she can see through a keyhole.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

When a woman says she believes every word her husband tells her, it's dollars to doughnuts that the honeymoon is still in its infancy.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A woman's idea of heaven is a place where every day is a bargain day.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Lapland is a great country for small children.

FARMS FOR RENT OR SALE ON CROP payments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Ia.

A married woman's description of an ideal man seldom fits her husband.

Why suffer under the curse of Dyspepsia when Garfield Tea can remove it?

Some men make matters worse if they try to explain.

MOTHER OF LARGE FAMILY

Tells How She Keeps Her Health—Happiness For Those Who Take Her Advice.

Scottville, Mich.—"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. I live on a farm and have worked very hard. I am forty-five years old, and am the mother of thirteen children. Many people think it strange that I am not broken down with hard work and the care of my family, but I tell them of my good friend, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and that there will be no backache and bearing down pains for them if they will take it as I have. I am scarcely ever without it in the house.

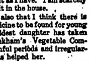
"I will say also that I think there is no better medicine to be found for young girls. My eldest daughter has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for painful periods and irregularity, and it has helped her.

"I am always ready and willing to speak a good word for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tell every one I meet that I owe my health and happiness to your wonderful medicine."—Mrs. J. G. JOHNSON, Scottville, Mich., R.F.D. 3.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy for woman's ills known.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Brown's Bronchial Troches

Give relief in Bronchitis and Asthma. No opiates. Sample free. John I. Brown & Son, Boston, Mass.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

N. W. N. U., NO. 11-1912.

Backache

Is only one of many symptoms which some women endure through weakness or displacement of the womanly organs. Mrs. Lizzie White of Memphis, Tenn., wrote Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows:

"At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case. Internal organs were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact, I suffered all over. This was my condition when I wrote to you for advice. After taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for about three months can say that my health was never better."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

Relief from Rheumatism

Try Sloan's Liniment for your rheumatism—don't rub—just lay it on lightly. It goes straight to the sore spot, quickens the blood, limbers up the muscles and joints and stops the pain.

Here's Proof

Mrs. Julia Thomas of Jackson, Cal., writes: "I have used your Liniment for rheumatism with much success."

Martin J. Tunis, 169 16th Ave., Paterson, N. J., writes:—"I was a cripple with rheumatism for two years and I could not move at all; had to be carried from place to place. I tried remedies and could not get better, until I tried Sloan's Liniment. One bottle fixed me up in good shape and now I always have a bottle in the house for my wife and children."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

kills any kind of pain. Good for Neuralgia, Toothache, Lumbago and Chest Pains. Sold by all dealers. *Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00.*

Sloan's book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address

DR. EARL S. SLOAN - - - Boston, Mass.

SEEDS Largest growers of pedigree farm and garden seeds in the world—Clovers, Grasses, Oats, Rye, Barley, Potatoes, Seed Corn, etc. We breed only pedigree heavy yielding stocks. CATALOG FREE.

OATS Sworn yield 259 bushels per acre. You can beat that. Why not try in 1912

JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, Box [illegible], La Crosse, Wis.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1912. NUMBER, 37.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

The house adopted a resolution calling on the Department of Justice to make known whether it was investigating the "smelter trust."

Secretary Stimson urged the house committee on military affairs to recommend legislation to increase the efficiency of the national guard.

Representative Littleton announced he would introduce a bill to meet the "legalized monopoly" patent decision handed down by the supreme court.

Representative Stedman declared commerce and labor report criticising cotton mills of south was absolutely untrue.

Chairman Adamson of the Interstate Commerce commission favorably reported the Panama canal government bill.

Chairman Moss of Agricultural department expenditures committee announced investigation into affairs of the department would be continued.

In the house an amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill increasing from $125,000 to $300,000 the amount for protection of the national forests was adopted.

Representative Aiken apologized for language used in speech printed in Congressional Record, but not delivered in house, in which he assailed President Taft and others.

The senate appropriations' committee ordered favorable report on fortifications appropriation bill carrying $4,186,235, including $150,000 for site for protection of entrance to Chesapeake Bay.

Congressman Stephens introduced a bill to give the court of claims jurisdiction over the claim of the Santee Sioux Nebraska Indians for their annuities. The bill is similar to one introduced in the senate recently by Senator Clapp of the senate Indian Affairs committee.

President Taft, in a special message to congress, suggests that consumers of the United States adopt the English system of co-operative buying of the necessities of life, as a means of checking the increasing cost of living, which, he says, is world-wide, and has even vexed the co-operative societies of England.

Concluding a two days' speech in support of the reorganization of the government printing office, Senator Smoot, chairman of the joint printing committee of the two houses, told the senate that under the present system of distribution many expensive public documents find their way into the hands of junk dealers.

General.

The solid Virginia delegation to Chicago is pledged to Taft.

Kansas democrats in state convention instructed for Champ Clark.

A resolution charging a baseball trust was introduced in congress.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to assassinate King Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

The parcels post was discussed by the laundrymen of Iowa at their fourth annual convention.

The government renewed its fight against the merger of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads.

The interior department expenditures committee practically decided to investigate the Indian bureau during Roosevelt and Taft administrations.

Leaders of the campaign for votes for women invaded the capitol in force and presented their arguments to the nation's legislators in advocacy of an amendment to the constitution to enfranchise women.

The embargo on cattle from Great Britain whose importation into the United States has been prohibited for almost a year past, because of the foot and mouth disease, was lifted by Secretary of Agriculture Wilson.

The Odin club of Minneapolis, one of the largest Scandinavian organizations in the United States, invited Captain Raoul Amundsen, who recently discovered the south pole, to be a guest of the club on his return trip.

Positions as singers in motion picture shows are attracting so many choir boys that churches in Chicago are considering installing choir girls. One church, the Trinity Episcopal, already has substituted girls for the choir of boys.

Three were killed and five are missing in a wreck on the Santa Fe in New Mexico.

Strikes at six of the textile mills in Lawrence, Mass., are ended. Others remain in effect at seven mills there and one in North Andover.

The coal miners' strike in the great German coal fields of Westphalia continues to spread. There are now more than 240,000 men out.

The motion of Mrs. Mary A. Lavender to have her suit against Rev. E. B. Crawford of Omaha, former pastor of her church in Chicago, dismissed was denied by the appellate court.

A judge, prosecutor and sherif were shot by Virginia mountain outlaws in the town of Hillsvale.

Alleged dynamiters appeared in court at Indianapolis, pleaded not guilty and their trials were set for October.

L. C. Ohsenreiter, the Dubuque, Ia., business man who is on a twenty-day fast, passed the fifteenth day.

Vice President Wood of the Pennsylvania railroad says the steel corporation should quit carrier business.

President Taft wants it understood there will be no intervention in Mexico.

Mr. Roosevelt's pre-convention campaign will be limited to six or eight speeches.

W. J. Bryan defended the judicial recall before the Ohio constitutional convention.

The home rule bill is not to be introduced into the house of commons before Easter.

Congress is expected to act promptly in an effort to offset the supreme court ruling on patents.

Henry Harig of St. Louis accidentally shot and killed his 11-year-old son while shooting at a target.

The plan of the war department to make Ft. Snelling a brigade post has begun to assume definite form.

The house committee on judiciary has completed its anti-injunction bill and will report it to the house.

An express messenger in Texas killed two bandits who attempted to hold up a Southern Pacific train.

By a unanimous vote the Michigan house passed a workingman's compensation and employers' liability bill.

Two delegations will probably be sent to the national republican convention in Chicago from Louisiana.

The eighteenth annual meeting of the northeast Iowa teachers' convention will be held at Waterloo, March 28, 29 and 30.

Speaker Clark has been compelled by the pressure of his official duties to decline all invitations to make speeches in various parts of the country.

Chairman Morrison announced that the patents committee would await probable rehearing of the supreme court's patent monopoly decision before framing the new law.

Secretary MacVeagh affirmed the sale for customs duties at San Francisco of the Russian art collection, exhibited at the St. Louis fair, to Frank C. Havene of Oakland, Cal, at his bid of $39,000.

Proposed advances in the transportation rates on hay, varying from $2 to $7 a car by northwestern railroads were suspended by the interstate commerce commission from March 15 until July 13.

An increase in insurance rates in the Modern Woodmen of America, recently adopted at Chicago, has been approved by seventy-five deputies of the order representing Missouri, Kansas and Oklahoma.

W. A. Peffer, former United States senator from Kansas, is critically ill at a hospital in Topeka. His right leg was amputated above the knee to check the progress of gangrene which affected his foot.

A new map of the United States, prepared by the general land office, done in seven colors to show national forests and parks, Indian, military, naval and other reservations, has just been finished. It is a wall map, about five feet by seven, and is corrected to July 1, 1911. They are to be sold for $1 each.

The official functions in Guatemala City in connection with the visit of Secretary of State Know were concluded with the president's dinner at the government palace. President Cabrera gave a toast to President Taft.

Mrs. Kathleen Leslie Doyle Lorillard, wife of Beckman Lorillard of Asheville, N. C., committed suicide in New York by hanging herself in the bathroom of the apartments she and her husband had occupied at the Holland house.

Stephen Grover Cleveland's memory was honored at a public meeting in the city college, New York, commemorating his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary. Tributes from President Taft, Governor Dix of New York and Governor Harmon of Ohio were read and eulogistic addresses delivered by men with whom Mr. Cleveland was associated.

Mrs. Elizabeth A. Webster of Emerson, Neb., testifying in the trial of E. G. Lewis in the United States district court in St. Louis on charges of using the mails to defraud, said she invested $1,210 in the Lewis Publishing company's 7 per cent notes. Of these $900 were of the unsecured issue. She also bought $120 of the preferred stock. All he ever received in return, she said was $3.

Warden James Delahunty, Deputy Warden Henry Wagner and Guide Emil G. Hellman of the Nebraska penitentiary were killed by three prisoners who blew locks with nitroglycerin and then used fire arms with which they had been provided. Thos. Goody, a guard, was seriously wounded. The three prisoners committing the murders made their escape and at this writing have not been captured.

Personal.

Chancellor Pitney was confirmed as a justice of the supreme court.

Republican members of the house are not favorable to free sugar.

The Spanish cabinet, which was reorganized in April, 1911, resigned.

Woodrow Wilson is in favor of a presidential preference primary.

A. P. Wilder, consul general of the United States at Shanghai, arrived at San Francisco.

The women's Roosevelt league of California was organized temporarily at San Francisco.

Senator Kern spoke in favor of Sherwood "dollar-a-day" pension bill and denounced Smoot substitute.

President Taft insists that there be no more personalities in the campaign so far as his side is concerned.

DR. WILEY HAS QUIT

GOVERNMENT FOOD EXPERT QUITS HIS POST AS GOVERNMENT CHEMIST.

PUBLIC HEALTH BUREAU

Capital Surprised By Report of Resignation—Doctor to Devote Rest of Life Working for New Department.

Washington, D. C.—Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief of the United States bureau of chemistry, handed his resignation to Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, and announced that he would devote the rest of his life to urging the creation of a national health department, entirely separate from any other branch of the government service.

Dr. Wiley said he had several offers under consideration. One is from a lecture bureau, and others are of an editorial and commercial nature. He declared positively that he would not enter business. Already he has agreed to deliver a series of lectures in Kansas and Colorado and at various points in the east.

Asked whether he would be a candidate for head of the proposed federal health department for which he announced he was going to work, he declared that he would not be, that he had held all the government positions he cared to fill.

President Taft sent telegrams broadcast to the heads of universities and colleges throughout the country, asking them to recommend a successor to Dr. Wiley. The president said he hoped in this way to get a consensus of opinion as to the best and most available chemist.

Despite the fact that rumors had been current for several weeks that the government's pure food expert was about to leave the service, the actual news of Dr. Wiley's resignation came as a big surprise to official Washington.

It is known that Wiley for a long time had been unhappy in his connection with the department of agriculture. It is rumored that his action was taken because Secretary of Agriculture Wilson refused to dismiss Dr. F. L. Dunlap, associate chemist, Wiley's antagonist on the pure food question. It is asserted that only a week ago Wiley submitted an ultimatum to Wilson that either Dunlap must be dismissed or he would resign. Wilson refused to dismiss Dunlap, Dunlap refused to resign, and therefore Wiley made good his threat. He has been hampered in the administration of his office and harassed by the other officials. The recent Wiley-Wilson-McCabe controversy was but an outcropping of the friction that long has existed. A house committee that recently investigated affairs of the department complimented Dr. Wiley in the highest terms and scored his enemies in the department. He entered the service of the government as chief chemist in 1883, serving in that capacity continuously until now.

Washington, D. C.—The Democratic free sugar bill passed the house, 198 to 103. Its passage was helped by 24 Republican votes, although this was offset by the defection of seven Democratic votes against the bill by members from Louisiana and Colorado.

At the last moment, Representative Martin, one of the Colorado members, blocked an attempt to fix plans for consideration of the excise tax bill, which througha taxtion of incomes is expected to make up the revenue lost by free sugar measure.

Leader Underwood was at no time embarrassed by the tactics of the opposition. The bill went through as originally framed. A score of amendments were voted down as fast as they were put up.

Representative Mondell of Wyoming, Republican, sought to amend the measure by making it become effective only after receipt of a report on the sugar industry by the tariff board; Representative Broussard of Louisiana, submitted an amendment leaving the duty as it is fixed at present, but abrogating the Cuban preferential, Representatives Good and Poudy, Iowa; Lenroot, Wisconsin, and Morris, Nebraska, strove to have incorporated a clause providing for a bounty on sugar, especially that produced from beets.

All amendments met the same fate.

The debate was marked by occasional flashes of extreme bitterness on both sides. Democratic members from sugar producing states accused their colleagues of working ruin to the sugar industry, while Republican progressives seized the opportunity to give their tariff views.

The Republicans who supported the bill were:

Representatives Anderson, Davis, Lindberg, Miller, Nye, Steenerson and Volstead of Minnesota; Good, Kendall and Woods of Iowa; Murdock and Young of Kansas; Hanna and Helgeson of North Dakota; La Follette and Warburton of Washington; McKenzie and Prince of Illinois; Cary of Wisconsin; Dyer of Missouri; Howland of Ohio; Kent of California; Lafferty of Oregon; Norris of Nebraska, and Sells of Tennessee.

The Louisiana and Colorado members, all Democrats, voted against the measure.

Agricultural Bill Is Passed.

The second filibuster within four days preceded the passage of the agricultural appropriation bill in the house. The measure, which carried approximately $15,800,000, was delayed in its final legislative stage in the house by Minority Leader Mann. He led a bitter fight against it in an effort to obtain added appropriations for the national forests and to eliminate those voted for drainage purposes. In both his contentions the Republican leader lost. The bill now goes to the senate.

Washington, D. C. — The Democratic excise bill to virtually tax everybody's income when it is $5,000 or more a year passed the house 250 to 40. The Democrats voted solidly for it and carried 80 Republican votes with them. Forty regular Republicans were the opposition.

The bill now goes to the senate where its fate is problematic. Many senators declared that if upon analysis they found the house measure would tax all classes of people alike, they would support it. Democratic senators with a few exceptions are expected to vote for it. Democratic Leader Martin expressed the hope that the Democratic senators and the progressive Republicans might put the bill through. Republican leaders are depending upon the president's veto to check revenue revision bills from the house.

The excise bill though primarily intended to produce anywhere from $20,000,000 to $60,000,000 a year to make up for the losses on free sugar is also expected to be one of the offsets to general pension legislation which seems sure to be enacted.

Democratic Leader Underwood held his majority intact through the passage of the bill. Not one Democratic vote was cast against it, and the measure was passed exactly as framed.

With the free sugar bill and excise tax bills out of the way Democratic members of the ways and means committee are free to tackle again the wool schedule which is considered the knottiest problem they have to deal with at this session of congress. The committee will begin work with the free raw wool sentiment strong.

The house passed the rivers and harbors appropriation bill carrying upwards of $26,250,000. The vote for it was unanimous.

The senate agreed to adjourn on Saturday in time to participate in the Maine memorial exercises.

Washington, D. C. — Prospects of a coal strike stirred members of both houses of congress to action. Senator Townsend introduced a bill to provide a federal investigation of any controversy affecting interstate commerce, and Representative Esch proposed a similar measure in the house. Senator Townsend's bill is similar to one he introduced when a member of the house several years ago.

HOLDUP MEN MASKED

Four Robbers Blow Safe of Mobile and Ohio Passenger.

Corinth, Mississippi. — Mobile & Ohio passenger train No. 4, northbound, was held up and the express safe blown open and robbed seven miles south of Corinth by four heavily armed masked men. After accomplishing the robbery, the quartet took to the dense underbrush of the Tuscumbia river bottoms. Bloodhounds have been telegraphed for and a posse has been organized to take up the pursuit.

It is reported the safe contained considerable money and valuables. One report is that $60,000 in currency was obtained.

MAINE DEMOCRATS MEET

Local Option for Cities and Towns Indorsed.

Augusta, Maine. — Local option for cities and towns; a $2,000,000 bond issue for good country roads; a public utilities commission and adequate employers' liability legislation were the principal policies outlined in the platform adopted by the Democrats of Maine at the biennial state convention.

The local option plan advocates the adoption of an amendment to the constitution as an addition to the prohibitory amendment. It provides that the prohibitory amendment shall not apply to cities in which places the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors may be permitted under such regulations as the legislature may provide.

Date for Pension Vote.

Washington, March 20.—The senate has agreed to vote on the general service pension bill on the legislative day of Thursday, March 28.

PRIMARY IN OHIO

Ohio Presidential Preference Election, May 21.

Columbus, Ohio. — With Harmon men in complete control, the Democratic state central committee provided for a presidential preference primary in Ohio on May 21.

A state convention for the nomination of the state ticket was called to be held at Toledo on June 4 and 5.

Outlaws Kill Another.

Birmingham, Ala., March 20.—Another assassination was added to the bloody record of the Lewisburg district, near here. Felix J. Ellard, one of the best known men of the district, was shot from ambush and instantly killed.

Passenger Station Burns.

Parsons, Kan., March 20.—Fire destroyed the passenger depot and general offices in Kansas of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad. The loss is more than $300,000.

LAFOLETTE MAKES A CLEAN SWEEP

PLURALITY IN NORTH DAKOTA IS ESTIMATED AT FIFTEEN THOUSAND.

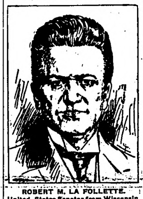
GET BILLING COUNTY

Where Roosevelt Was Once a Rancher—Charge That the Democrats Defeated Ex-President Is Denied.

Fargo, March 20.—The returns indicate a victory for La Follette over Theodore Roosevelt in the first presidential primary of the year by a vote of about two to one. United States Senator Gronna, acquainted with the returns, estimates the result at a majority of about 15,000 for La Follette who has carried about two-thirds of the counties.

Election day was not marked by any sensational incidents. The weather was of the zero character and in the northwestern part a snow storm was raging. A heavy vote was polled. In spite of that, the normal Republican vote was not brought out.

Supporters of Colonel Roosevelt are declaring that the Democrats carried the election for La Follette. Before this can be successfully advanced the vote cast must be compared with the normal vote cast. It appears that it will fall below the normal. City elections were being held throughout the state and these indicate that the Democrats were kept busy among themselves. In spite of that many Democrats undoubtedly voted for La Follette, but not enough to materially affect the result.



ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE.
United States Senator from Wisconsin.

The strength of the Lo Follete vote is a surprise to the LoF ollette supporters themselves. They had expected strength in the eastern part of the state but were prepared for a heavy loss on the slope district where Roosevelt formerly lived.

La Follette had carried Billings county, the former home of Colonel Roosevelt and lost Medora, Roosevelt's home town, by only 7 votes. The early returns indicate that La Follette has won in the second district in which George M. Young of Valley City is a candidate for congress. This district was the one invaded first by Senator La Follette in his speaking tour. When Theodore Roosevelt's name was first suggested, the second seemed to be in line for Roosevelt. Geo. M. Young was said to be the only man in Valley City for La Follette. Mr. Young stated that the second district would give La Follette a majority of 8,000.

A telegram of congratulation was sent to Senator La Follette from Fargo upon his success in carrying the state. Another telegram was sent to L. B. Hanna, stalwart candidate for governor, which contained the grim word "Next." The result of presidential contest is likely to have a serious result on the state fight that is still to come. Congressman Hanna, who is the stalwart candidate for governor, took up the Roosevelt boom as a probable winner.

MAINE DEMOCRATS MEET

Local Option for Cities and Towns Indorsed.

Augusta, March 20.—Local option for cities and towns; a $2,000,000 bond issue for good country roads; a public utilities commission and adequate employers' liability legislation were the principal policies outlined in the platform adopted by the Democrats of Maine at the biennial state convention.

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Coal Rate Reduced.

Washington, March 20.—The interstate commerce commission ordered a reduction of the rate on bituminous coal from the Pittsburg district to Great Lake ports from 88 cents to 78 cents a ton.

Date for Pension Vote.

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105 MINERS KILLED

ONLY ELEVEN MINERS RESCUED FROM TOMBS IN DEPTH OF THE EARTH.

ACCIDENT IN OKLAHOMA.

Accumulation of Dust and Gas Cause Terrific Explosions in Mine of Bois Coal Co. Near Town of McCurtain.

McCurtain, Oklahoma.—One hundred and five lives is now accepted as an approximately accurate count of the human toll taken when mine No. 2 of the San Bois Coal company here was wrecked by an explosion. Of 116 men of the day shift only 11 are known to be alive. The others are entombed behind the debris.

Among the unaccounted for are members of a surveying party, headed by W. D. Roper of Clio, S. C. Forty-three Americans were employed in the mine.

The explosion occurred shortly after 9 o'clock. Those on the surface heard a faint rumble and an earth tremor. When those nearest to the mouth reached the opening a cloud of smoke and dust belched forth. Then came tense moments of waiting for those in the mine to emerge. Frank Fields, a miner, was the first to stagger out. He was walking in an entry and heard the explosion, he said. Nine other miners escaped through a "man way." A "rope rider" who was coming to the surface when the explosion occurred, was the eleventh man to escape.

The systematic work of penetrating the mine was begun. Half a hundred rescuers worked in relays. They brought four bodies from the mine. It was reported that a rescuing party had found 16 more bodies.

The explosion was caused, according to mine experts, from either accumulated gas or coal dust.

NINE KILLED IN BLAST.

Gas Explosion, Caused by Mine Settlings, Shakes Dunmore, Penn.

Scranton, Pennsylvania. — In a gas explosion caused, it is thought, by mine settlings, nine persons were killed and two injured in Dunmore, near here. Two families comprising two women and seven children were either blown to pieces in the explosion or burned in the fire that followed and destroyed three houses.

The dead are:

Mrs. John Calvella and her five children, Rose, aged 3; Dominick, 8; Lucy, 11; Lizzie, 14; William, 20.

Mrs. Vito Summa, Mrs. Cavella's daughter and her two children, Mary aged 7 and Frank, 4.

The body of Mary Summa was found in the limbs of a tree fifty feet from the scene of the explosion a half hour after the accident.

More than twenty dwellings near the scene of the explosion were badly damaged by the concussion and the flying timbers and scores of persons were thrown out of their beds and bruised.

During the past week mine settlings in the neighborhood of the Cavella home have caused alarm. Only a few days ago the cellar dropped out of a house on the opposite side of the street and several miners climbed to the surface on ladders let down by women of the house. Dunmore police say that the gas from a broken main caused by the settlings came into the cellar of the Cavella home where it gathered in a dense volume and exploded when it came in contact with an oil lamp that was burning in the house.

PLOT TO KILL KNOX.

Several Prominent "Liberals" in Nicaragua Will Be Executed.

New Orleans, Louisiana.—As the result of the alleged discovery by the government of Nicaragua of a plot to assassinate Secretary of State Knox on the occasion of his recent visit to the capital of that country it is not improbable that several prominent "liberals" will be put to death, according to advices received here from Bluefields.

Thirteen dynamite bombs placed beneath the roadbed over which Secretary Knox's special train traveled from Corinto to Managua, and connected with an electric battery were discovered by government agents and will be used as evidence against the conspirators.

Two-score Zelayists or "liberals" are confined in the penitentiary at Managua and are held incommunicado pending the termination of the present investigation by the government.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, March 21.—Wheat, May, $1.08¾; July, $1.08¼; No. 1 northern, $1.07¾; No. 2 northern, $1.05¾; No. 1 durum, $1.08; No. 3 corn, 67½c; No. 3 white oats, 52c; barley, malting, $1.26; No. 2 rye, 88½c; No. 1 flax, $2.07.

Duluth, March 21.—Wheat, May, $1.06¾; July, $1.07¾; No. 1 northern, $1.07; No. 1 durum, $1.08.

MAN & HORSES BURNED.

Heavy Loss Results When Lantern Causes Fire in Loaded Stock Car.

Duluth, Minn.—Alex Pastent, a Stillwater woodsman, and a carload of horses were cremated in a car that was destroyed by fire at Willow River. The horses were valued at $4,000 and were the property of H. G. Farmer of Stillwater. Pastent is said to have been intoxicated and went into the car, where he had no business, with a lighted lantern.

REGULATING THE STOMACH

That Important Organ Works According to the Quality of the Blood That Is Furnished to It.

There is the most intimate relation between the condition of the blood and the activity of the stomach. The blood depends upon the stomach for a large part of its nourishment; while every act of digestion, from the time the food enters the stomach until it is digested and assimilated by the blood, needs plenty of pure, well-oxidized blood. The stomach works only according to the quality of the blood.

The most common cause of indigestion is anaemia, or lack of blood. Indeed there is not a single disturbance of the health of the body nor any form of exhaustion or lowered vitality, that may not lead to stomach trouble. Disordered blood is the one common cause of indigestion. Thin, impure blood weakens the muscles of the stomach and lessens the product of the glands which furnish the digestive fluids.

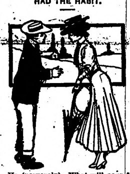
Nothing will more promptly cure indigestion than plenty of pure, well-oxidized blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People increase the red corpuscles, the oxygen-carriers of the blood, until the blood is rich and red. A thorough trial of these pills gives a hearty appetite, perfect digestion, strength and health.

Mrs. Emma M. Mayne, of No. 635 Second avenue, Clinton, Iowa, says: "I had just worked myself out bringing up a family of five children and, while in this run-down condition, I took sick with some kind of stomach trouble. I doctored with several physicians and saw a specialist in Chicago but received little help. I could not eat anything with relish and could not sleep. I would have deathly sick spells and would vomit. I had terrible headaches and dizzy spells. I got very thin and my friends thought I was going into consumption. I doctored for a year or so without help. While visiting a niece she told me that she took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, so I tried them. They soon helped me and a few boxes entirely cured me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Send for free booklet, "What to Eat and How to Eat."

HAD THE HABIT.



He (nervously)—What will your father say when I tell him we're engaged?

She—He'll be delighted, dear. He always is.

THEY BROKE WILL STOP

COLDS AND CHILLS BRING KIDNEY ILLS

Colds, chills and grip strain the kidneys and start backache, urinary disorders and uric acid troubles. Doan's Kidney Pills are very useful in the raw spring months. They stop backache and urinary disorders, keep the kidneys well and prevent colds from settling on the kidneys. Mrs. E. A. Bennett, Johnson Ave., Los Gatos, Cal., says: "If I took cold or overworked, I had such severe pains through my back, I could hardly move. My limbs ached until I scarcely knew what I was about, and headaches and dizziness distressed me. I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was entirely relieved. It is over two years since I have had any kidney trouble to speak of."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S," 50c., all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

They Should.

"My parents used to threaten to beat some sense into my head."

"Those idle threats that parents never carry out should be discouraged in every way possible."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

Parlez-Vous Francais?

He—Does she speak French at all?

She—Well, yes; but only enough to make herself unintelligible.—Judge.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A woman seldom eats if there is anything else for her to do.

FARMS FOR RENT OR SALE ON CROP payments. J. MULHALL, Sioux City, Ia.

Love laughs at locksmiths, but it sometimes cries over spilled milk.

When the Millennium comes Garfield Tea and Holy Church will not be longer needed.

Usually a man is a poor judge of his own importance.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address
MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
MANKATO, MINN.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President,
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, March 23, 1912

There is nothing unexpected in Manager McKinley's announcement that Mr. Taft will be renominated. What else could he say and hold his job?

If the people want a progressive governor this year they will have to attend the caucuses. It is in the caucuses that the cause of progressive politics will rise or fall. If the people do not attend the caucuses and, there see that the right men are sent to the county conventions, the bosses will name the delegates, and all the people can do next fall will be to choose between the candidates selected by the bosses. Attend the caucuses, and see that your neighbor does too.

Roosevelt and the Tariff

Though the people are about to vote in one state on his presidential candidacy, and will soon vote on it in other states, Col. Roosevelt still is silent on the tariff.

If his candidacy fails, the cause of its failure may be found about equally divided between this significant neglect of a vitally important subject and the fact that almost everywhere the ring organization which controls republican conventions is for Taft and against Roosevelt.

The tariff is the biggest concrete issue before the people, and the most vital.

The failure of the Taft administration to produce tariff revision downward is its greatest and least excusable failure.

Yet Col. Roosevelt refuses to take advantage of this splendid opportunity to strengthen his own position and to accent the weakness of the Taft position by taking a firm stand on the tariff and pointing out the conspicuous failure of the Taft administration to provide the relief it promised.

Roosevelt's manager, Senator Dixon, voted 126 times with Senator Aldrich in the framing of the shameful Payne-Aldrich-Taft tariff law, which ranked him with Smoot and Lodge and Gallinger as one of the most consistent supporters of a rule or ruin tariff policy.

Small wonder, then, that the Roosevelt campaign isn't sweeping the country as it was expected to do.—Duluth Herald.

Booklet about Products Exposition

Illustrated with twenty-two halftone views of state and sectional exhibits at the land show of the Northwest Development league, a booklet has just been issued telling about the northwestern products exposition to be held in Minneapolis Nov. 12 to 23. Forrest Crissey, the well known writer and contributing editor of the Saturday Evening Post, has written a part of this booklet for the management, telling what a "land products exposition" is and why it is the best form of advertising and the most interesting of all shows.

This booklet says the northwestern products exposition has been organized "to give information about the American northwest; to create a knowledge of the possibilities, opportunities, and fascinations of the wonderland of America" and "to exploit in the most truthful and authentic way the resources and potentialities of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, and Oregon."

Will A. Campbell, secretary of the Northwest Development league, who managed the "land products show" in St. Paul last year, will be general manager of the northwestern products exposition and has opened an office in the Security Bank building, Minneapolis, where the business of organizing the enterprise will be conducted.

Odd Fellows Party

The series of Odd Fellows parties given this winter by the Odd fellows was concluded last Saturday evening when Mr. and Mrs. Henry Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Lyman, and Mr. Smith entertained.

The head prizes were won by Mrs. Carl Steen and Dr. Swanson. Mrs. G. W. Hooper and Mr. O. F. Post carrying away consolation prizes.

The pleasant evening passed all too quickly at the close of which a delicious lunch was served, and on departing for home the ladies generously expressed their appreciation of the good times these parties have afforded them this year as well as former seasons.

Shoes Shoes Shoes

We are receiving our spring and summer lines of shoes and can show you something nobby in oxfords or pumps. Call in and see them.

A. H. PITKIN AND CLARKE.

CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY

DRILLS, Shoe and Single Disc
DISC HARROWS, all sizes
HARROWS, wood and steel frame
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf

HOLMES BROS.

St. Paul Symphony Orchestra March 29

Definite arrangements have been made at Thief River Falls for the appearance of the St. Paul Symphony orchestra of fifty-five finished musicians in two concerts on March 29.

The orchestra, under the personal direction of L. W. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway company, with Walter H. Rothwell as conductor, is making a tour of the northwest and thus affording all musicians and lovers of music a great treat which should be taken advantage of, as it is not often that organizations of this class and size come within reaching distance.

Arrangements are being made to run a special train from Crookston on the Great Northern as well as on the Winnipeg line of the Soo, and under such conditions it is safe to say that the house will be filled the same as it was last spring when the Minneapolis Symphony orchestra visited that city.

Marcus Kellerman is one of the principal soloists from whose press notices we quote the following:

BARITONE HAS VOICE AND ART.

No singer has impressed the public or corps of music critics to a great extent in so short a time as Marcus Kellerman, the bass-baritone soloist with the St. Paul Symphony orchestra, which will tour the northwest, leaving St. Paul March 21 aboard a special Great Northern train. This young man, whose career is already one carrying the musical hallmark of distinction, has conquered exacting America through his superb voice, an art matching the organ and an intelligence such as might be expected from one having so noble a head and physique.

Barely thirty years of age, Kellerman is a native American, having been born in Cincinnati. Some of his most pronounced successes occurred in Germany, where he sang leading baritone roles for three years at the Berlin royal opera. Although his contract called for a five years' engagement, Kellerman abandoned his brilliant, promising operatic career to engage in lieder and oratorio singing. The superlative successes he has already won in this country indicate that concert patrons here are fortunate, even though opera has lost an artist of the first rank.

Kellerman's musical training has been unusually thorough and complete, beginning with his study of the organ. It was during his work as an organist that he discovered his remarkable voice and appreciating that increased opportunities offered in the field of song he prepared himself for the task, finishing his preparation abroad in a manner that brought the approval of the composer, Richard Straus, through whose efforts he was secured for the opera at Berlin.

Making Them Settle

G. A. Aubol, deputy revenue collector, finished covering his territory in northwestern Minnesota last week. He has collected about $3,000 in fines and penalties from saloon keepers who have been in the habit of selling liquor by the keg to farmers and others—which in lots of five gallons or over puts them in the wholesaling class. Many persisted after being warned and the result was the $50 wholesale tax and $25 penalty, netting $75 in each case. Mr. Aubol is now covering nearly his whole territory to secure the corporation tax report, which has not been sent in by a great number of corporations and which must be sent in by the last of the month.

Hay

I will pay cash from now until April 15:—$12 f. o. b. your station for good bright No. 1 timothy; $10.50 f. o. b. for good bright No. 2 timothy, and $11 f. o. b. for good bright No. 1 timothy mixed with clover—about one-third clover.

Any one taking advantage of these prices must guarantee grade and load car to minimum weight. The above prices will be paid at stations where the freight rate to the Twin cities is not to exceed 12 cents per hundred. Either call on or write me at Red Lake Falls, Minn. THEO. HUOT.

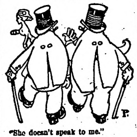
How It Happened.

"Take it from me"—

"No, I won't take a single thing from you!"

Here a lively scrap ensued.

Why She Was Mad.



"She doesn't speak to me."

"Why?"

"Because when she asked me what I thought of her complexion I told her it was very fair, but I could tell her a better brand."

For They Can.

"You can't always tell."

"Then there is one thing certain."

"What is it?"

"That you aren't a woman."

Substantial.

The joy of ready money,
The cinch of cash in hand,
Is something that the dullest
Can always understand.
There may be other pleasures
And other forms of bliss,
But there is none, I venture,
So sure enough as this.

In looking at the posies,
In going for a walk,
In taking in a lecture
To hear a fellow talk
And all such simple doings
Some pleasures may attend,
But there is no enjoyment
Like having cash to spend.

In love and its allurements
The one of youthful mind
Some feelings highfalutic
May very often find,
But when he pays the preacher
And starts to buy the hash
Things run on more serenely
If he can scatter cash.

Then here's to ready money,
The useful friend of man!
It gets him into places
No other booster can.
It gets him into places
And gets him out again
If he has ever handy
The twenty or the ten.

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Proposals.

"Has he proposed yet?"

"Not in so many words."

"That's no answer. Proposals never do come in words. They consist of sighs, hems, haws and gurgles."—Cleveland Leader.

Guns.

The Germans were the inventors of the first gun. About 1378 Schwartz, a German machinist, manufactured numerous crude guns which were brought into use by the Venetians in 1392. It is a strange fact that cannon were made before small firearms. At Amberg there is still a piece of ordnance marked with the date 1303. Cannon were first used in war at the battle of Crecy, in 1346. It was not until 1544, however, that they were made in England.

Well Turned.

"How old are you?" asked the insurance agent of the lady.

It was thoughtless of him, and her indignant "Sir!" brought him straightway to his senses.

"Of course, you will understand," he went on, "that we have to be careful about making contracts. I merely wished to assure myself that you are legally of age."

Easy.

"What can a doctor do when he gets a patient who neither drinks nor smokes?"

"Tell him to stop eating certain things. Everybody eats."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota, to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon; Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
m23-a27
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pennington }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota. m2-a6

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles C. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Dated at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 12, 1912.
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44), west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, [illegible]

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington, whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 34 of mortgages on page 196; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 98-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 5, A. D. 1912.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, Mortgagee.
L. C. SIMSON, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-6w

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of August, 1910, with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 37 of mortgages on page 216, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota, in book 22 of mortgages on page [illegible]; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF THIEF RIVER FALLS, Mortgagee.
L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-6w

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 22;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 15th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m. in book 11 of mortgages on page 354; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty ($150.00) dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars; and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.
F. HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. N. ECKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee, Warren, Minn. m2-a6

OREGON
Orchards and Fruit Lands
WE HAVE A FINE SELECTION OF CHOICE TRACTS IN THE
ROGUE RIVER VALLEY
NEAR MEDFORD, OREGON. A TEN ACRE ORCHARD WILL MAKE YOU INDEPENDENT FOR THE REST OF YOUR LIFE, WHICH YOU CAN ENJOY IN COMFORT IN THE MOST DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE ON THIS CONTINENT. HUNDREDS OF MINNESOTA PEOPLE LIVE THERE NOW.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WRITE TO
CHADBOURN BROS. & CO.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m
Rev. Fosmark will lecture in the evening in the Norwegian language. Subject: "The Glorious Benefits of the Lutheran Church."
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O P. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3854 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents. [illegible] Months on trial, [illegible] cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

C. A. Pitkin visited the county seat Friday.

Miss Effie Fredrickson went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Miss Esther Palmer was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Tudy Brink was a Thief River River Falls visitor Wednesday.

Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls was in town Thursday night.

Mrs. Avelson returned Tuesday to Hazel, after a visit to Red Lake Falls.

Just received a supply af Norway herring and other fish at M. R. Hage's.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister were in Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum were in Thief River Falls between trains Wednesday.

Mrs. Marius Miller returned yesterday from a visit to friends at Grand Forks.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee and Miss Josie Gigstad visited Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Theo. Huot, the Wylie hay man, has shipped eight cars from this station this week.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Highland returned Monday from a visit with relatives and friends at Halstad.

Peter Peterson returned from Cass Lake Saturday evening, where he spent the winter with friends.

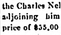
H. O. Anderson of Wylie was in town yesterday and went to Plummer by way of Thief River Falls.

Auction sale at P. O. Hagglund's old farm in Rocksbury Monday, March 25, commencing at 12 o'clock noon.

Mrs. O. W. Brink and Felix Anderson were in Crookston and attended the funeral of Mrs. Adolphson on Wednesday.

Mike McAndress has purchased the Charles Nelson farm, 100 acres, adjoining him on the north, at the price of $35.00 per acre.

J. E. Bahan, the popular G. N. agent, took a few hours' vacation last Saturday and, with Mrs. Bahan, visited the county capital.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

LOST.—Between my home and Pitkin's store, a pair of spectacles. Finder please return to
JOHN FORSEEN.

Chris Hall, who visited with his brother, Andrew Hall, and family, for a few days, went Tuesday to Crookston to visit with friends at that place.

Call on N. A. Nelson for seed corn, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, clover, and other grass seeds. You better get what you need now, or you will pay much higher prices.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire. Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.
m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet next Wednesday evening, March 27, at the I. O. O. F. building. Misses Nellie and Inga Follstad will entertain.

There will be services every evening, except Saturday, during the "quiet week" at the United church. Texts for consideration will be Christ's "seven words" on the cross.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, Frenh dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Martin Hoff, the mail carrier, had a "joy ride" of about a mile Thursday driving his prancing steeds with one line broken. Except some broken bolts in the whiffletrees no great damage was done.

Elmer Hackett, who last fall purchased land about two miles east of town, came in with his family and moveables this week from Wakonda, S. D. They will be followed soon by two other settlers and their families from the same locality.

C. C. Elliott is out in the world this week hustling land buyers.

C. H. Marty was looking after business matters at the county seat Friday.

The Young People's society of the Hamar congregation will meet next Tuesday evening at the home of K. Finstad.

Carl Steen has purchased of K. O. Gigstad the residence property east of the railroad now occupied by Louis Cathelineau.

Have you seen the Twentieth Century oats and barley separator at N. A. Nelson's implement store? It will take wild oats out of oats.

Iver A. Johnson of Wylie has sold his residence property on Water street, now occupied by Dr. Swanson, to Mrs. Andrew Ortloff.

Miss Edith Brink has resigned her position at the Crookston telephone exchange. She came home Thursday and will visit with her parents until about May 1, when she expects to join a Crookston party who will go to Sweden for the summer.

Potatoes Wanted

Bring in your potatoes to me and get the top prices.
A. H. PITKIN,

FLAX STRAW: 1911 crop dry flax straw, baled or open, wanted at my Red Lake Falls, Minn., mill, and cash price paid for. Please correspond with my general foreman, Mr, Louis Kumpf, Aneta, N. D., or with Mr. George H. Thompson, foreman at my mill at Red Lake Falls, Minnesota. Yours truly, V. R. BLEPDON,
2t Buffalo, N. Y., Owner of Mills.

Died

Mrs. Elsie Adolphson died Sunday, March 17, at her home in Crookston. Before going to Crookston last fall she had operated a small store near Wylie for a number of years, following the death of her husband. Mrs. Adolphson was 37 years old and is survived by two brothers, John and Edwin Olson, and two children—a son, Albin, 17, years old, and a daughter, Lydia, 15 years old.

Funeral services were held on Wednesday at the Swedish Lutheran church in Crookston, Rev. Alex Sand of this place officiating.

At Grasslawn, her father's ranch at Redmond, Wash., Mrs. M. L. Delamater Died on Monday, March 11, 1912.

Emma Kortgard was born at Downsville, Wis., April 23, 1884. She lived in St. Hilaire with her parents for several years, and Nov. 12, 1901, was married here to M. L. Delamater.

Besides her husband she leaves her parents and two sisters, Miss Helen Kortgard and Mrs. D. C. King of Seattle. Wash.

A. C. Hoppe died at his home in Grand Forks Friday March 15, at the age of 72 years, of cancer of the stomach. Mr. Hoppe was one of the early pioneers of Sanders towship. He later sold his farm and moved to Thief River Falls, where he resided for a time, then moved to Grand Forks. He leaves a wife, four sons and four daughters.

The remains were brought here Monday and taken out to Sanders, where funeral services were held in the German Methodist church on Tuesday by Rev. Popp.

Potatoes Wanted

I will take all the potatoes I can get and pay the top price for them.
A. H. PITKIN.

Program for Literary Society

Monday evening, March 25.

1 Solo, Selected........Mr. Ellickson
2 Declamation, A Lot of Don'ts..................George Wilson
3 Current Events........C. A. Pitkin
4 Recitation, Selected..................Miss Cleo Amble
5 Vocal Duet, The Quarrel..................Two Little Girls
6 Reading, Selected........Dr. Owens
7 Recitation, A Fellow's Mother....................Fred Gunstad
8 Vocal Duet, Selected..................Miss Hall and Mr. Ellickson
9 Contest, Twenty-five Questions, to be answered in limited time. A prize will be given. Everybody bring a pencil and get in the game.

A cordial welcome to all. To those who are not members admission will be ten cents.

Teachers for 1912-'13

At their meeting Tuesday evening the school board elected the following corps of teachers for the year beginning Sept. 1, 1912:

Richard Boehm of St. Cloud, principal.

Miss Ines Patterson, 6th and 7th grades.

Mrs. Harriet O'Brien, Big Falls, 4th and 5th grades.

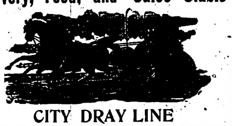
Miss Amelia Duddy, 2nd and 3rd grades.

Miss Caroline Hodgson, primary.

Prof. Barness did not apply for reelection, as he has decided to fit himself for the practice of dentistry.

DAVID LAZAR
Just received a good line of
COLLEGIAN CLOTHING
TAILOR MADE
Guaranteed to give good satisfaction
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

SPRING
Millinery Opening
March 22, 1912
You are cordially invited to come in and look over our large stock of latest style Hats.
MRS. HOLMES'
Millinery Store

Pay your subscription

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie,........ 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

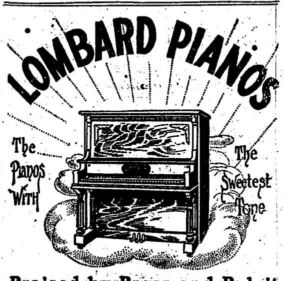
CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	91
" " 2 "	94
" " 3 "	88
Flax, No. 1..................	$1.91
" " 2..................	1.81
Barley, for 50 lbs..............	88
Oats	43
Eggs.........................	15
Butter	25
" creamery..............	34
Potatoes	75
Beef live weight..............	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed.	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive..............	8
Hides..........................	8
Flour, patent..................	3.00
Shorts, per ton..............	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL O. BAKKEN. Agent

Bring in Your Printing

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business education and it costs no more to get it at this great Business and Shorthand Training School, under exact office conditions, than at one of the small questionable ones. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—over 400 will do so next year. All Fargo banks and 655 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers or bookkeepers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $50 course prepares for business life, or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association) supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under an expert reporter) trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, 3d Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. pupils. Can other schools offer this proof of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (35,000 square feet of space) is seated with roll top desks, has 60 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with magnificently equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. Free booklet. [illegible] F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres. [illegible]

Sick Women

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured many cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are five letters from southern women which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

Elliston, Va.—"I feel it my duty to express my thanks to you and your great medicine. I was a sufferer from female troubles and had been confined in bed over one third of my time for ten months. I could not do my housework and had fainting spells so that my husband could not leave me alone for five minutes at a time.

"Now I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. Whenever I see a suffering woman I want to tell her what these medicines have done for me and I will always speak a good word for them."—Mrs. Robert Blankenship, Elliston, Montgomery Co., Va.

LETTER FROM LOUISIANA

New Orleans, La.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was troubled with hot flashes, weak and dizzy feelings, backache and irregularities. I would get up in the morning feeling tired out and not fit to do anything.

"Since I have been taking your Compound and Blood Purifier I feel all right. Your medicines are worth their weight in gold."—Mrs. Gaston Blondeau, 1541 Polymnia St., New Orleans, La.

LETTER FROM FLORIDA.

Wauchula, Fla.—"Some time ago I wrote to you giving you my symptoms, headache, backache, bearing-down, and discomfort in walking, caused by female troubles.

"I got two bottles of Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a package of Sanative Wash and that was all I used to make me a well woman.

"I am satisfied that if I had done like a good many women, and had not taken your remedies, I would have been a great sufferer. But I started in time with the right medicine and got well. It did not cost very much either. I feel that you are a friend to all women and I would rather use your remedies than have a doctor."—Mrs. Mattie Hodnot, Box 406, Wauchula, Florida.

LETTER FROM WEST VIRGINIA.

Martinsburg, W. Va.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done wonders for my mother, daughter and myself.

"I have told dozens of people about it and my daughter says that when she hears a girl complaining with cramps, she tells her to take your Compound."—Mrs. Mary A. Hockenberry, 712 N. 3rd St., Martinsburg, W. Va.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

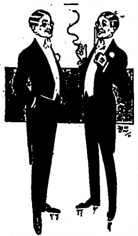
Newport News, Va.—"About five years ago I was troubled with such pains and bloating every month that I would have to go to bed.

"A friend told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I soon found relief. The medicine strengthened me in every way and my doctor approved of my taking it.

"I will be glad if my testimony will help some one who is suffering from female weakness."—Mrs. W. J. Blatton, 1020 Hampton Ave., Newport News, Va.

Why don't you try this reliable remedy?

SUBTLE HUMOR.



Cholly—What's the time, old chap? I've an invitation to dinner at seven, and my watch isn't going.

Gussie—Why, wasn't your watch invited, too, deah boy?

Naturally.

Robert, at the age of twelve, was much puzzled over one question in his examination paper on civics. It ran, "If the president, vice president, and all the members of the cabinet should die, who would officiate?" Racking his brain in vain to remember the order of succession, a happy thought came to him, and he wrote:

"The undertaker."—Woman's Home Companion.

Summing It Up.

"Was the charity ball a success?"

"Oh, yes, indeed. They say the gowns must have cost a half million at least."

"And how much was raised for charity?"

"Why, nearly $700. Wasn't that fine?"

A Quarter Century

Before the public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen Tender feet. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Up to the Minute.

"Well, she has succeeded in doing the latest thing, anyhow."

"What's that?"

"Eloped with her father's aviator."

Poor Henry.

"Peck claims that when he married he was mislead."

"Yes, and now he is Mrs.-led."

His Only Complaint.

Senator Beveridge, at a luncheon in New York, was talking about the child labor problem.

"Children are so plucky and so cheerful," he said, "we don't realize how horribly overworked they are till it's too late—till their bodies and minds are stunted irretrievably.

"I was once talking to a tiny errand boy at the height of the Christmas shopping season. He was working, I knew, 17 hours a day. As he walked sturdily along with a mountain of parcels piled on his thin, narrow shoulders, I said to him:

"'Do you like your job?'

"'Yes, sir,' he said; 'I like it fine. Only—'

"Here he grinned up at me gayly from beneath his load.

"'Only I'm afraid I'm doing an automobile truck out of a job.'"

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

In Danger.

Griggs—So Bacheller is sick at the hospital? Is there any cause for anxiety?

Briggs—Yes, he has a deucedly pretty nurse.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Some men try to avoid paying as they go because they don't expect to come back.

MUNYON'S
PAW-PAW
PILLS

FREE

I want every person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a vial. For free package address, Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

25 CTS. **PISO'S REMEDY** 25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations

A Drop of Blood

Or a little water from the human system when thoroughly tested by the chief chemist at Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., tells the story of impoverished blood—nervous exhaustion or some kidney trouble. Such examinations are made without cost and is only a small part of the work of the staff of physicians and surgeons under the direction of Dr. R. V. Pierce giving the best medical advice possible without cost to those who wish to write and make a full statement of symptoms. An imitation of natures method of restoring waste of tissue and impoverishment of the blood and nervous force is used when you take an alterative and glyceric extract of roots, without the use of alcohol, such as

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Which makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes man strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgment. Get what you ask for!

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

COEDS TO GET VOTES

Will Represent States That Have Woman Suffrage at Mock Convention.

Minneapolis. — Militant suffragists among the coeds at the University of Minnesota swept down on the Good Government club and demanded that they be allotted delegates to the mock national political convention at the university on March 20 to nominate a candidate for President of the United States. The suffragists, twelve in number, stampeded the club while it was in executive session, and fiery speeches were delivered by three of their cohorts, Miss Tillie Will, Miss Dorothy Loyhed and Miss Mary L. Burns. "Give us places in the delegations from the states that have advanced for enough to have women suffrage, if we cannot try and do something for poor, old, mossy Minnesota," said Miss Burns. The feminine voices were heard and their wishes deferred to. The club, after hearing the addresses of the three girl students, decided that they were entitled to sit in the convention and accordingly voted that the girls could serve as delegates from those six states that now enjoy equal suffrage.

BAILEY MAKES INQUIRIES

Investigates the Burning of Bachelor's Home Near Cass Lake.

Cass Lake.—Thayer C. Bailey, who is connected with the state fire marshal's office was in Cass Lake and started an investigation into the burning of the home of Michael Henry, a bachelor. The fire occurred in Mr. Henry's absence. It is reported certain persons have said they know who was responsible for the fire, but were afraid to tell.

During the recent campaign here various rumors were circulated regarding the disposition of a certain $50 bill which had been marked and passed in connection with the Puposky attempt at arson. Mr. Bailey is checking up these rumors, as well as others concerning the purported stay of Mike Davis for a time in the office of a Cass Lake citizen who supplied him with the necessaries of life.

MEETING FOR FARMERS

Virginia Commercial Club Will Hold Conference In April.

Virginia.—President F. E. Lister of the Commercial club is planning to call a convention of Farmers' clubs and farmers, as well as various Commercial clubs of the range to be held in this city about the middle of April for the purpose of discussing road construction into the various farming communities over the range. Chairman R. L. Griggs of the road committee of the Commercial club has been assured by the county commissioners that the road through to Cook and Angora as well as other northern points, will be completed this year and made in passable condition, and that it is probable a road will be completed to the Wolf farming region next summer.

CREAMERY FOR CLOQUET

Farmers and Business Men Each Subscribe Half of Funds Required.

Cloquet.—A mass meting of farmers called by the Commercial club to hear A. J. McGuire talk on co-operative creameries and dairying was well attended. He talked for an hour, urging dairying as the most profitable branch of farming for this section of the state. After the address, Postmaster Fred D. Vilbert called for subscriptions to shares and over sixty at $25 each were disposed of. The creamery is to be opened by May 15, and it is expected the farmers will put up half the funds, and the business men the other half. The First National bank agreed to stand the expense of purchasing two pure bred Guernsey sires for dairy purposes.

CYCLISTS ORGANIZE

St. Cloud Boys Plan Runs This Summer.

St. Cloud. — Twenty-five motorcycle enthusiasts met here and organized the St. Cloud Motorcycle club and have applied for membership to the Federation of American Motorcyclists. The club plans on several endurance runs and will enter the contest for the prizes offered by the F. A. M. A. fund has been established with which to fight laws that are believed to be discriminating.

150 CASES; THREE DEATHS

Railway Brakeman Latest Victim of Typhoid At Two Harbors.

Two Harbors. — One more death from typhoid, the result of the prevailing epidemic, has occurred here. Roy Busby, a brakeman on the Duluth & Iron Range railway, is the latest victim, making a total of three deaths. There are now over 150 cases. Many families have two and three members ill with the disease.

THE COLONEL IS COMING

Roosevelt Will Make Six Speeches in Minnesota.

Washington, D. C. — Minnesota will be included in the itinerary of Colonel Roosevelt, who will soon start on a stumping tour of the West. While details of the prospective trip are not available it is announced by the Colonel's managers that he will make at least six speeches in Minnesota. He will appear in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, and other towns yet to be designated.

BULLETIN FOR SEED MEN

Farmers to be Notified Where Grain Can be Procured.

Minneapolis.—To offset the threatened shortage of seed grain in Minnesota and the Northwest, Prof. C. P. Bull, secretary of the Minnesota Field Crop Breeders' association, is issuing bulletins containing the names of farmers growing pedigreed grains from whom seed can be obtained. In this way it is expected that thousands of farmers without seed grain will avail themselves of the opportunity of buying the very best grain at reasonable rates.

It is estimated in this bulletin that Minnesota, figuring on the basis of the 1910 census, must have the following amounts of seed for her staple crops: Corn, 2,004,068 acres, 300,581 bushels; wheat, 3,276,911 acres, 4,096,139 bushels; oats, 2,977,258 acres, 6,000,000 bushels; barley, 1,573,761 acres, 3,147,522 bushels; flax, 358,426 acres, 205,055 bushels; rye, 266,567 acres, 399,850 bushels; potatoes, 223,692 acres, 2,684,304 bushels; timothy, 780,375 acres, 200,000 bushels; alfalfa—the demand for seed, with the acreage uncomputed, is greater than the supply.

The bulletin adds, when the figures have been given, that it is believed fully twice the amount of wheat will be necessary to plant the 1912 crop, since it is not believed by experts that the acreage has decreased 50 per cent, as the census figures would attempt to establish. It is stated that the acreage will be far greater than it was in 1910 or 1911, and that it is probable that far more seed will be needed to plant nearly every crop.

DAMAGE SUIT NOW ON TRIAL.

Former Mankato Teacher Asks $10,000 From School Superintendent.

Mankato.—The trial of the $10,000 damage suit of Harold K. Chance against Professor F. J. Sperry, superintendent of the city schools, for alleged libel in making a report to the school board of the former's alleged incompetency as a teacher and disloyalty, upon which report he was removed from his position, has begun in the district court and is attracting much attention. Mr. Chance was engaged as an instructor in the high school last September, and his removal occurred in December. Since then he has been employed in newspaper work in Minneapolis. He alleges that the superintendent and high school principal, Professor J. G. Norby, became unfriendly to him because he aspired to the latter's position when he heard a vacancy was likely to occur, and claims the derogatory report was made maliciously. This is denied strenuously by Professors Sperry and Norby. Mr. Chance has subpoenaed fifteen high school students as witnesses. The defense does not expect to use any student testimony, but will have other teachers and school board members as witnesses.

St. Croix Improvement Likely.

Washington.—Improvement of the St. Croix river, both in the matter of navigation and power is contemplated in an agreement made by Representatives Stevens of Minnesota and Lenroot of Wisconsin. This agreement is the outcome of a bill by Mr. Lenroot authorizing the construction of what is known as the Nevers dam in the St. Croix near Sunrise, Minn.

Mr. Stevens has a bill pending, providing for the construction of a dam in the same vicinity by the Markham-Kelsey interests. These two measures were introduced at the last session of congress. The interstate commerce committee reported the Stevens bill.

At a conference Messrs. Lenroot and Stevens decided to submit the question to the war department for arbitration. The war department will be asked to decide whether the Nevers dam or the Markham-Kelsey dam shall be constructed.

The war department will also be requested to make a survey of the St. Croix from Taylor's Falls to the head water of the river, both as to navigation and power. A survey of the river from Prescot to Taylor's Falls is authorized in the river and harbor bill now pending before the house. The war department will also be asked to make a recommendation looking to the construction of works that will prevent the recurrence of floods in the St. Croix.

Cloquet Station Robbed.

Cloquet.—The ticket office in the Northern Pacific and Great Northern station was robbed of $30 and a bunch of tickets at a time when the office and waiting rooms were locked. The locks were picked, and the loss discovered when the agent appeared.

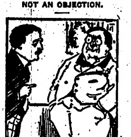
Crookston Debaters Win.

Crookston. — The Crookston high school debating team, consisting of Messrs. Bumgartem, Sylvester and Lee, won a unanimous decision in the debate with the Brainerd high school team, having the negative of the question: "Resolved, that the government should establish a parcels post." The judges were Professors S. Squires and Jacob Stein of the University of North Dakota and Prof. Jacobson of the Moorhead normal. Crookston now debates in the semi-finals for the state championship.

Timber Sale Bill Passed.

Washington, D. C. — The senate passed a bill which has already passed the house, providing for the sale of timber on northern Minnesota land which was burned over in the forest fires of 1910. The sale is to be under the supervision of the secretary of the interior and where the timber is on a homestead to which the settler has not received a title, he is to receive a portion of the proceeds immediately, and the remainder when he gets a patent. The bill now goes to the president for signature.

NOT AN OBJECTION.



Mr. Hardhead—I have called, sir, to ask for the hand of your daughter.

Old Gentleman (with emotion)—She is the only child I have, and her mother is gone.

Mr. Hardhead (hastily)—Oh, that's no objection, I assure you.

PHYSICIAN SAID ECZEMA CAME FROM TEETHING

"When my little girl was about eight months old, she was taken with a very irritating breaking out, which came on her face, neck and back. When she first came down with it, it came in little watery-like festers under her eyes, and on her chin, then after a few days it would dry down in scaly, white scabs. In the daytime she was quite worrysome and would dig and scratch her face nearly all the time.

"I consulted our physician and found she was suffering from eczema, which he said came from her teething. I used the ointment he gave me and without any relief at all. Then I wrote for a book on Cuticura, and purchased some Cuticura Soap and Ointment at the drug store. I did as I found directions in the Cuticura Booklet, and when she was one year old, she was entirely cured. Now she is three years and four months, and she has never been troubled with eczema since she was cured by the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. (Signed) Mrs. Freeman Craver, 311 Lewis St., Syracuse, N. Y., May 6, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

What Is In a Name?

A Chicago man who hardly knew one tune from another made the mistake of taking a knowing woman to a concert at Orchestra Hall. The selections were apparently unfamiliar to him, but when the "Wedding March" of Mendelssohn was being played he began to evince some interest.

"That sounds familiar," he said. "I am not strong on those classical things, but that's a good one. What is it?"

"That," gravely replied the woman, "is the 'Maiden's Prayer.'"

The Reason for It.

"That candidate certainly has a skillful way of working on people's feelings."

"But, then, you know, he's a dentist."

A very successful remedy for pelvic catarrh is hot douches of Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet, Co., Boston, Mass.

If you intend to do a mean thing, wait till tomorrow; but if you are going to do a noble thing, do it now.

Quite So.

"Pa, what is a 'tidy fortune?'"

"A clean, crisp, ten-dollar bill, my son."

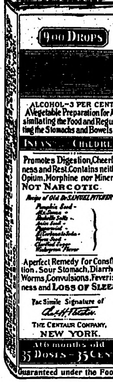
But it takes a woman to keep a secret she doesn't know.

As a corrective for indigestion and a regulator of the system, no remedy can excel in purity and efficiency Garfield Tea.

If you are poorer than your relations it is easy for you to dodge them.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some people love to tell the truth—when they think it will hurt.


900 DROPS
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$2.25 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 & $5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Fast Color Eyelets used.

"For Every Little Family Ailment" **Vaseline**

"Vaseline" is the purest, simplest, safest home remedy known. Physicians everywhere recommend it for its softening and healing qualities.

Nothing so good as "Vaseline" for all affections of the skin, scratches, sores, etc. Taken internally, relieves colds and coughs. For sale everywhere in attractive glass bottles.

Accept no substitute for "Vaseline"

Our free "Vaseline" Booklet tells you many ways in which "Vaseline" may be useful to you. Write for your copy today.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
17 State Street (Consolidated) New York

Same Thing.

"I hear that firm's going under."

"Yes, they're going up."

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Virtue may be its own reward, but the reward isn't always legal tender at the corner grocery.

A long life and a merry one may be expected by those who use Garfield Tea, the natural herb regulator. For sale at all drug stores.

No, Alonzo, a girl isn't necessarily an angel because she is a high flyer.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

Bad luck is often but another name for poor management.

Every one is liable to a bilious attack. Be forearmed with a package of Garfield Tea.

Many a man can't afford to dress well because his wife does.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to Canadian Government Agent.

R. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 123 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package —other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Sow Salzer's, La Crosse, Wis, Seeds

Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial, Gentle and Effective,

NOTE THE NAME

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. in the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

DO NOT LET ANY DEALER DECEIVE YOU.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION FOR MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS PAST, AND ITS WONDERFUL SUCCESS HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS OF IMITATIONS TO OFFER INFERIOR PREPARATIONS UNDER SIMILAR NAMES AND COSTING THE DEALER LESS; THEREFORE, WHEN BUYING,

Note the Full Name of the Company

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE; ONE SIZE ONLY. FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

SYRUP OF FIGS
ELIXIR OF SENNA
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

MINIATURE PICTURE OF PACKAGE.

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA IS THE MOST PLEASANT, WHOLESOME AND EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR STOMACH TROUBLES, HEADACHES AND BILIOUSNESS DUE TO CONSTIPATION, AND TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS IT IS NECESSARY TO BUY THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE, WHICH IS MANUFACTURED BY THE

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1912. NUMBER, 38

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

The excise tax bill passed the house unamended, 249 to 41.

The house passed a bill giving the president power to remove federal court clerks.

The house passed the rivers and harbors appropriation bill, carrying upwards of $26,250,000.

Senator Hoke Smith balked at speedy disposition of private pension bills, but was voted down.

A bill protecting women in rights acquired to public lands before marriage passed the senate.

Representative Hanna introduced two bills to meet "legalized monopoly" decisions of the supreme court.

Representative Stedman declared commerce and labor report criticising cotton mills of south was absolutely untrue.

Chairman Adamson of the Interstate Commerce commission favorably reported the Panama canal government bill.

Senator Cummins introduced a bill for a national primary law, providing for the first national primary July 8.

The house accepted a resolution authorizing government participation in the exposition at Columbus, S. C., 1913.

Representative Jones introduced a bill proposing "probationary independence" for Filipinos from 1913 to 1921.

Chairman McCumber, of the pension committee, announced he would try to clear the calendar of all pension legislation this week.

Chairman Emery told finance committee it would take two years for tariff board to investigate all schedules of present tariff law.

President Taft asked congress to adjourn Saturday, March 23, and in body attend memorial services for battleship Maine victims.

The interstate commerce committee decided to appoint a sub-committee to consider the bill to extend the Erdman act to coal mine-owners.

Chairman Moss of Agricultural department expenditures committee announced investigation into affairs of the department would be continued.

Civil service and consular reform representatives advocated before the foreign affairs committee the Sulzer bill, providing against political affiliations in consular service.

A minority of the Interstate Commerce committee filed a report against the Panama government bill, contending the assessment of tolls against American ships would aid railroads.

General.

Supporters of Taft will dominate the Indiana state convention.

The wool bill is the next knotty problem for house democrats to tackle.

Practically all the victims of the mine disaster in Oklahoma have been accounted for.

University of Chicago faculty members and their widows are to be the beneficiaries of a pension system with an endowment of $2,000,000.

At Philadelphia a homeopathic professor advertised for a few persons to try out a new cure for warts. Two thousand answered the advertisement.

Business men of Nelson, B. C., are on the verge of a panic because of the supposed operations of incendiaries. Three buildings are believed to have bene set afire recently.

A suspension of proposed advances of freight rates on cement by western railroads, was made by the Interstate Commerce commission from March 30 until September 30.

At Chicago Rev. John M. McGain has ordered big electric signs for his church and parish home. "To show people where we are at night and what we are doing."

At Spokane, Wash., Oliver S. Griffin, said to be a professional wrestler, is under arrest charged with being a fugitive from justice. He is wanted at Osceola, Neb., for arson.

President Taft promised four senators, Martin of Virginia, Bacon of Georgia, Fletcher of Florida and Du-Pont of Delaware to look into the cases of five cadets recently dismissed from West Point for drunkenness.

Positions as singers in motion picture shows are attracting so many choir boys that churches in Chicago are considering installing choir girls. One church, the Trinity Episcopal, already has substituted girls for the choir of boys.

The interstate commerce commission ruled that wood pulp should take ordinarily a lower freight rate than lumber.

What is to be the world's largest egg has been layed by an Elgin, Ill., hen. The egg measures eight and a half by six and a half inches in circumference and weighs fifteen ounces.

Mrs. Kathleen Leslie Doyle Lorillard, wife of Beckman Lorillard of Asheville, N. C., committed suicide in New York by hanging herself in the bathroom of the apartments she and her husband had occupied at the Holland house.

There were more than a hundred men killed in a mine explosion in Oklahoma.

Vice President Wood of the Pennsylvania railroad says the steel corporation should quit carrier business.

Ben Lewis, aged 35, business manager of the Quincy, Ill., Journal, committed suicide.

Investigation of an alleged coal trust has been undertaken by the government.

General John W. Noble, secretary of the interior under President Harrison, died in St. Louis.

Miners at Cleveland rejected a proposal of operators to continue at the present scale of wages.

The result in North Dakota is cold comfort for political managers of Taft and Roosevelt.

The home rule bill is not to be introduced into the house of commons before Easter.

A wholesale dynamite plot was thwarted, according to the police, by the arrest of six men.

A presidential primary may be held in Illinois by the ruling of Judge Windes at Chicago.

The right of the people to rule was the theme of an address by Theodore Roosevelt at New York.

Senator LaFollette is the beneficiary of the first presidential primary to be held in any state.

Progressive democrats gathered in Lincoln at a birthday banquet to do honor to Bryan.

John P. White, head of the united mine workers, can see no other outcome than a strike April 1.

Senator La Follette has a substantial lead in the North Dakota presidential preference primary.

There is to be no resumption of mining in Great Britain until the minimum bill has passed the commons.

If an amendment to the government canal bill is adopted, railroad-owned ships cannot enter the waterway.

The Interstate Commerce commission ruled that wood pulp should take ordinarily a lower freight rate than lumber.

The statewide prohibition bill prepared by the anti-saloon league of Maryland was passed by the house of delegates.

Senator Smoot introduced a bill for consolidation of all federal health agencies into the United States public health service.

A resolution of regret at the resignation of Dr. Wiley offered by Senator Martine, was objected to by Senator Gallinger.

The remains of the heroes recovered from the wrecked battleship Maine, in Havana harbor, were laid to rest at Arlington.

Woman suffrage and the election of United States senators by direct vote were defeated in the Massachusetts senate by a close vote.

Senator Simmons advocated a reading and writing test for immigrants as an amendment to the Dillingham general immigration bill.

James J. Hill, railroad builder, paid $100 for a city directory of St. Paul, Minn., of 1857 in which his name appears as a clerk in a brokerage office.

Two bills amending the patent laws and intended to meet the "legalized monopoly" decision of the supreme court were introduced by Representative Hanna of North Dakota.

Representative Kahn of California, introduced a bill to appropriate $100,000 to establish a small arms target range for the navy on the Pacific coast.

Representative Jones of Virginia, chairman of the house committee on insular affairs, proposed "probationary independence" for the Philippine islands from July 4, 1913, to July 4, 1921.

At least thirty-two men were killed and parts of their bodies strewn for blocks around when a big passenger engine in the Southern Pacific shops blew up at San Antonio, Texas.

Charges that railroads of the central west have discriminated in the distribution of coal cars in favor of their own mines are to be investigated by state officials from Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois.

Senator Cummins of Iowa introduced in the senate a nation-wide presidential primary bill, the effect of which would be to do away with local state and national conventions of the various political parties.

Personal.

Senator LaFollette is to follow up his North Dakota victory.

Rear-Admiral George W. Melville succumbed to heart disease.

Grover Cleveland's birthday anniversary was observed in New York city.

Return of Former President De La Bana to Mexico is feared by Maderists.

Secretary of State Knox is receiving a warm welcome in southern countries.

A. P. Wilder, consul general of the United States at Shanghai, arrived at San Francisco.

Colonel Roosevelt was accused of being too hasty in championing the New York employers' liability law.

The women's Roosevelt league of California was organized temporarily at San Francisco.

Senator Kern spoke in favor of Sherwood "dollar-a-day" pension bill and denounced Smoot substitute.

President Taft insists that there be no more personalities in the campaign so far as his side is concerned.

Governor Marshall of Indiana was formally launched as a democratic presidential candidate.

Clark and Harmon men are displeased at the action taken by progressive Nebraska democrats at Lincoln.

CHICAGO PACKERS ARE ACQUITTED

GOVERNMENT LOSES SUIT TO PROVE THAT DEFENDANTS FORMED MONOPOLY.

TRIAL COST OVER $600,000

Verdict in Case Against Ten Chicago Packers Comes as Surprise—Jury Is Out Nineteen Hours.

Chicago, March 27.—Not guilty was the verdict which the jury returned in the trial of the ten Chicago packers, accused by the government of violation of the criminal sections of the Sherman anti-trust act. The verdict was returned before United States District Judge Carpenter after the jury had deliberated more than nineteen hours.

The ten defendants acquitted are:

Swift Group.

Louis F. Swift, president of Swift & Co.

Edward F. Swift, vice president of Swift & Co.

Charles H. Swift, director of Swift & Co.

Francis A. Fowler, manager dressed beef department, Swift & Co.

Armour Group.

J. Ogden Armour, president Armour & Co.

Arthur Meeker, director and general manager, Armour & Co.

Thomas J. Connors, director and general superintendent, Armour & Co.

Morris Group.

Edward Morris, president Morris & Co.

Louis H. Heyman, manager beef department, Morris & Co.

Edward Tilden, president of the National Packing company.

All Defendants in Court.

All the defendants were in court when the verdict was reported. The verdict came as a surprise to many who had been watching the case.

In the trial the government contended:

That prior to 1902 prices were fixed, shipments regulated and territory divided by the old beef pool which met every Tuesday.

That after the old beef pool dissolved in 1902 the packers held secret meetings at each others' homes.

That the National Packing company, sence its organization in 1903, has been used as the "clearing house" for the alleged combination.

That the packers adopted a test cost and margin system which was used in the purchase of cattle and the sale of fresh meat.

That the allowances made for by-products in figuring the test cost were inadequate and the "cost" used by the packers was fictitious and higher than the actual cost.

That the representatives of the different companies in New York, Boston and other eastern cities exchanged information in regard to prices and shipments and telegraphed the figures to their superiors in Chicago.

That the violation of the Sherman law by the packers has been continuous and practically uninterrupted since 1898.

The trial was one of the longest criminal trials in the history of the federal courts. It began Dec. 6, 1911, and the jury was sworn in Dec. 19. The first witness was called by the government Dec. 26. The government put forty-nine witnesses on the stand and introduced 1,488 documents in evidence. The record of the case contains 5,000,000 words.

It is estimated that the trial cost the packers $500,000, and the government about $100,000.

SOO TRAIN WRECKED.

Six Coaches of Passenger No. 106 Derailed Near Belgrade, Minn.

Belgrade, Minn., March 27.—Passenger train No. 106, eastbound, on the Soo Line, due in Minneapolis about 7 a. m., was wrecked three miles east of Belgrade. Six cars left the track on a twenty-foot embankment, and some of them rolled into the ditch below. Two sleeping coaches, the diner, a day coach, smoker and baggage car were derailed.

A dozen persons were injured, but only one seriously—A. Linderholm, a stock buyer of this place. He was badly cut and bruised about the head, and will probably lose the sight of one eye. Conductor Anger of Minneapolis was slightly hurt. The baggageman happened to be out of his car or otherwise he would probably have been killed.

The accident is supposed to have been caused by a defective rail. The track was torn up a distance of a quarter of a mile.

Vancouver Policeman Is Killed.

Vancouver, B. C., March 27.—Police Constable Byers, was shot and almost instantly killed by Oscar Amil Larson in Larson's shack. Later, when two other officers came to arrest Larson, he turned the weapon upon himself and, although he fired four shots, all of which took effect, he is still alive in the hospital. Only one of the shots is dangerous and physicians say Larson may survive. The shooting followed a row between Larson and his brother.

MORE JEWELRY IS SEIZED

SPECIAL AGENTS OF GOVERNMENT TIGHTEN NET.

Diamonds, Watches, Laces and Other Articles Seized in North Dakota.

Cando, N. D., March 27.—Operations of Special Agent George Foulkes in connection with the Minneapolis jewelry smuggling case reached Cando, when he made a seizure of $3,200 worth of diamonds, watches, rings, rugs and laces in the home of a prominent citizen, whose name has been withheld. Mr. Foulkes spent two days here, and the seizure is believed to have important bearing on one of the branches of work carried on by the alleged smuggling syndicate.

Checks also are said to have been issued covering the valuables seized, and the jewelry in question has been placed under the department labels.

One Suspect At Minot.

Minot. — Special treasury officers captured one of the purchasing and carrying agents of the twin city jewelry smuggling ring. David Elves, a special customs officer, and David McClennan, in the same service, were in the city, with a third man accompanying them. The trio left here for Devils Lake to meet Special Agent Foulkes. Special Agent McClennan, according to a report from Portal, boarded the train in that place and the supposed smuggler was approached by the two officers near Bowbells. The agent had some jewelry in his possession, but the federal officers refuse to discuss the affair.

Foulkes After Warrants.

Grand Forks. — Connecting links which will compete the government's chain of evidence against jewelry smugglers who have been operating extensively across the Canadian border, are being welded by special officers of the treasury department operating along the frontier.

Special Agent Foulkes, under whose direction the work is being handled, was in Grand Forks, bound for Fargo, where he will lay information before the United State district attorney and ask for warrants.

The head of the smuggling concern, who is hurrying on to Minneapolis from some eastern point, will be met there by Mr. Foulkes. Just who he is cannot be learned. Mr. Foulkes refuses to give any information about the case.

Officer on Minnesota Boundary.

International Falls, Minn.—Special Officer Charles S. Horn has been here the last two days, but his operations have been closely guarded. So far as known, no steps toward arrests have been made.

Seventy-nine Men Trapped In Mine.

Welsh, W. Va., March 27.—An explosion in the mine of the Jed Coal and Coke company at Jed, six miles south of here, imprisoned seventy-nine men, of whom ten have been taken out alive and one dead. Rescuing parties are making frantic efforts to reach the other miners and there are high hopes that the remaining sixty-eight may be recovered alive. The cause of the explosion is not yet known. Two mine rescue cars have been ordered to Jed. The state mine inspector already is on the scene.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, March 27.—Wheat. May, $1.07¾; July, $1.08¾; No. 1 northern, $1.08¾; No. 2 northern, $1.06¾; No. 1 durum, $1.09; No. 3 corn, 72½c; No. 3 white oats, 52½c; barley, malting, $1.26; No. 2 rye, 88c; No. 1 flax, $2.10.

Duluth, March 27.—Wheat, May, $1.07¾; July, $1.08¾; No. 1 northern, $1.08¾; No. 1 durum, $1.09¾.

South St. Paul, March 27.—Cattle—Steers, $5.00@7.25; cows, $2.50@5.00; calves, $4.00@6.75; hogs, $6.75@7.25; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; market steady; beeves, $5.35@8.65; Texas steers, $4.60@5.90; western steers, $5.20@6.90; stockers and feeders, $4.35@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.50@6.75; calves, $5.50@8.15.

Hogs—Receipts 14,000; market quiet, 5c to 10c higher than yesterday's average; light, $7.30@7.65; mixed, $7.30@7.65; heavy, $7.30@7.70; rough, $7.35@7.45; pigs, $5.20@7.15; bulk of sales, $7.50@7.65.

Sheep — Receipts, 17,000; market steady; native, $3.90@5.85; western $4.40@6.25; yearlings, $5.40@6.85; lambs, native, $575@7.75; western, $6.15@8.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, March 27.—A broadening demand reported at Liverpool brought about renewed firmness here today in the market for wheat. Cables told of a steady decrease in stocks at the British port and referred significantly to purchases on the part of millers. Unfavorable weather in Argentina, making the movement of the crop difficult, acted also in favor of the bull side. There was fear, too, that ocean freight rates would be dearer unless the coal miners' strike in England were ended soon. The opening was ⅛c off to ⅛c higher. May started at $1.02⅛@1.03, the same as last night to ⅛c up, touched $1.02¾ and rallied to $1.02⅞.

Longs were unloading corn, prices had poor support. Liberal receipts and lack of shipping call furnished the reason. May opened ⅛@¼c down at 71¾@72c, sagged to 71⅝@71¾c and rallied to 72c.

The oats market took color from corn. Trade was slow and easy in tone. May started unchanged to ⅛c higher at 53⅛@53¼c, and descended to 53⅛c.

Provisions advanced with hogs. Offerings were only fair. Initial sales ranged from 2½@7½c higher with July delivery $16.92½ for pork, $9.82½ for lard and $9.52½@9.55 for ribs.

Orozco's Forces Defeated.

Mexico City, March 27. — The advance of General Orozco toward Torreon and Mexico City has been checked according to advices received by the war department here today. It is stated that late advices from Jimines declared that, after being routed, and with Commander General Jose Gonzales Salaz, a suicide, the federal troops re-formed the broken ranks, threw themselves upon the rebels with redoubled fury and administered a crushing defeat to the Orozco command.

TAFT WINS THE N. Y. PRIMARIES

PRESIDENT'S SUPPORTERS CLAIM 83 OUT OF 90 DELEGATES TO CONVENTION.

ROOSEVELT GETS ONLY 7

Organization Candidates in Practically Every District Are Elected—Colonel Men Dissatisfied.

New York, March 27. — State-wide Republican primaries for delegates to the Republican national convention at Chicago resulted in the election of organization candidates in practically every district where there was a contest. Claims that at least 83 of the 90 delegates will be for Taft and not more than 7 for Roosevelt were made by State Chairman William Barnes, Jr., and John W. Hutchinson, director of the eastern branch of the National Taft bureau.

Chairman Charles H. Duell of the Roosevelt city committee declared that the primaries characterized by "a complete breakdown of the election machinery had been a farce." He asserted that an effort would be made by the Roosevelt committee to secure "a real primary in this city with a full expression of Republican opinion."

As to the result of the balloting, Chairman Koenig said:

"With 132 election districts missing, President Taft in the primary contest in New York county received 29,402 and Colonel Roosevelt 14,011.

"This indicates that the president has beaten Colonel Roosevelt in this city by more than 2 to 1. It was the most remarkable victory ever achieved by the organization when we consider that Colonel Roosevelt is a resident of New York. We hope now that the primary contest is over and that all Republicans will unite in support of the president."

County Chairman Koenig claimed victory in his own district, by a vote of 980 to 70 and declared the returns from about 10 per cent of the election districts indicated a ratio of voting of about 8 to 1 against the opposition. He claimed the election of organization delegates in every district.

The primaries opened at 3 p. m. amidst great confusion, owing to the delay in delivering the ballots in many voting districts.

In one case on the West side, the police officially reported that the ballots designed for use at 18 polling places did not arrive until about 6 p. m., and in the three-hour wait, some early-comers left the polls. The polls closed at 9 p. m. There was further embarrassment because the green ballots for the Democratic primaries were delivered to many places instead of the Republican pink ones. It was well into the evening before the mix-ups were straightened out.

President Britt of the board of elections declared that the delay was due largely to the eleventh hour litigation which the Roosevelt committee began over the position of delegates on the ballots, resulting in court orders which handicapped the printer.

It was the first trial of the new primary law and the working of it had been looked to with special interest on this occasion. Ballots ranged from 10 to 14 feet long and so great had been the haste to get them out that in some cases they were in sections, there having been lack of time to paste them together.

Eighth Term For Bold Forger.

Appleton, Wis., March 27.—William Langley, alias Charles Dean, and a dozen other aliases, pleaded guilty before Judge Ryan in municipal court to the charge of forgery and was sentenced to five years in Waupun. Langley passed checks for small amounts on local storekeepers several weeks ago. This will make the eighth term that Langley has served in the penitentiary for forgery. He served three terms at Waupun, two at Joliet, Ill., one at Chester and one at Michigan City, Ind.

Lumbermen Inquiry Starts.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 27.—A governmental investigation into every phase of the lumber business in all parts of the country was begun here by United States Commissioner Samuel Hitchcock. The specific case under consideration is that of the United States against the Eastern States' Retail Lumber Dealers' association, in which the government alleges that members of the association have established a blacklist against wholesale dealers who sell lumber at retail.

Mrs. Johnson Laid to Rest.

Cincinnati, March 27. — The funeral of Mrs. A. B. Johnson, mother of B. B. Johnson, president of the American baseball league, was held here.

Duke to Visit Newport.

Newport, R. I., March 27. — The Duke of Connaught, governor general of Canada, and his family, will spend the month of August in this city as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.

Mistrial in Crawford.

New Orleans, March 27.—The presiding judge at the trial of Anna Crawford, accused of having murdered her sister Elsie through administration of morphine, announced a mistrial.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

FIEND AT MINNEAPOLIS.

Girl Strangled on the Street, in Defense of Her Honor.

Minneapolis. — Minneapolis was shocked Sunday morning by the discovery of the mute evidences of the most horrible crime in her history. The mutilated, bloody and defiled body of Alice Matthews, a twenty-one year old mill girl was found on the sidewalk, two doors from her home and the police are absolutely at sea for a clue.

Miss Matthews who has borne an unblemished reputation, spent the evening with two girl chums up town and left the street car four blocks from her home at 11:30. Several neighbors heard her struggles and cries and one or two even saw her and a man, but thought it was either a lovers' quarrel or two drunken men and did not interfere. One woman summoned a policeman, but he misunderstood the order over the phone and searched the wrong street. A younger sister of the dead girl, returning from a party at 2 a. m. stumbled over the body, but also took it to be a drunk man and hurried on. In the morning the woman who had called the police, saw the body still there and was horrified on making an examination to discover it was a neighbor girl.

The autopsy showed that death was due to strangulation, and was accompanied by a criminal assault.

The girl was noticed by another passenger on the street car talking to a man wearing a long dark overcoat and soft felt hat, and the two alighted together at the end of the line.

NORMAN PERKINS DEAD.

Veteran of Railway Mail Service Dies in Washington.

Washington, D. C. — Norman Perkins, superintendent of the third division of railway mail service with headquarters at Washington, is dead. For several days he had suffered with bronchitis and his condition becoming alarming his daughters were summoned from St. Paul. They reached his bedside just before he passed away.

Mr. Perkins was originally appointed to the railway mail service on Aug. 24, 1871, from Houston, Minn., and progressed through the various grades until he reached the high position he occupied at the time of his death.

In 1897 he was promoted to divisional superintendent with headquarters at St. Paul, and since April, 1911, he was in charge of the Washington division. Mr. Perkins served through the civil war and was a member of the Loyal Legion, department of Minnesota, and of the G. A. R. A wife and four children survive him. His body will be taken to St. Paul for burial.

BORDEWICH IS DEAD.

Diplomat From Minnesota, Stricken in Christiania.

Christiania.—Consul General Henry Bordewich, formerly of Granite Falls, Minn., died here today at 10:30 a. m.

Consul General Henry Bordewich was born at Vaagan, Norway, January 19, 1844. He was educated at the high school and at a commercial college in Bergen, coming to the United States in 1864. He served in the Mississippi squadron, U. S. N., during the latter part of the civil war, after which he came to Minnesota. He was county auditor of Yellow Medicine county from 1874 to 1878, after which he became postmaster at Granite Falls, Minn., serving until 1893. He was a candidate for state treasurer on the republican ticket in 1884.

In 1897 Mr. Bordewich was named American consul at Christiania and in 1900 he was made consul general.

ST. PAUL PRIMARIES

Bremer, Democrat, and Keller, Republican, Head the Tickets.

St. Paul. — Two very strong tickets were nominated in St. Paul yesterday, in the opinion of party managers. The primary election called out a comparatively heavy vote, the electors turning out by thousands to express preference for general city and ward candidates. The candidates are:

Mayor, H. P. Keller, Republican.
Otto Bremer, Democrat.
W. E. McCue, Socialist, Labor.
Juls J. Anderson, Public Ownership.
Comptroller, W. C. Handy, Republican.
D. J. Sullivan, Democrat.
Treasurer, S. A. Farnsworth, Republican.
Otto W. Rohland, Democrat.

MAN & HORSES BURNED.

Heavy Loss Results When Lantern Causes Fire in Loaded Stock Car.

Duluth, Minn.—Alex Pastent, a Stillwater woodsman, and a carload of horses were cremated in a car that was destroyed by fire at Willow River. The horses were valued at $4,000 and were the property of H. G. Farmer of Stillwater. Pastent is said to have been intoxicated and went into the car, where he had no business, with a lighted lantern.

HILL FOR TEST FARMS

Will Rent Land, Furnish Seed, Pay for Work and Give Crop.

Litchfield. — Fifteen or twenty demonstration farms of from three to five acres each will be conducted in the vicinity of Litchfield, under the auspices of James J. Hill and the Great Northern railroad. Each farmer will be furnished free seed, will be paid for the work he does on the demonstration plots, will be paid a rental of $8 for the use of the land and will be allowed the crops. In return, however, the farmer must co-operate with Mr. Hill and the experts to be sent out by him. The crops grown well be decided in conference with the farmers interested and will answer to the needs of the community.

Mr. Hill will establish between 300 and 500 of such demonstration farms. The work will be carried on near ten or fifteen towns in the state, but mostly in the Red River Valley. This is one of the most comprehensive farming plans yet attempted.

Mr. Hill is giving the matter of these demonstration farms his personal attention. Professor F. R. Crane of the University of Wisconsin will be in immediate charge of the work and he will be assisted by the students from the agricultural colleges of Wisconsin and of this state. He will be here soon to meet all farmers interested in the matter. It is aimed to have the plats so close together that they may be easily visited during the course of a day's travel.

In his address here last week, Mr. Hill stated that "every time something was sold off the farm a part of the farm was sold with it." It was his opinion that with good care and right treatment land should yield 10 per cent on a valuation of $125 an acre, or $12 an acre net.

MURDERER CAUGHT.

Sixteen Year Old Minneapolis Boy Killed Settler At Mora.

Mora. — Eugene Thomas, a sixteen year old Minneapolis boy is in jail at Grantsburg, awaiting grand jury action for the confessed murder of R. N. Winters, a settler in this county, last week.

Winter's body was found last Tuesday in his cabin door, with two bullet holes. A boy's mitten was found inside. Inquiry traced the mitten to the Thomas boy who had been visiting in the neighborhood and the lad was arrested at Minneapolis and brought here. He made a full confession, saying he had long held an ambition to become a bandit, acquired through novel reading. When he quarreled with his uncle here, he decided it was a good time to begin and was engaged in rifling Winters' cabin when he returned home and the boy shot him without warning, and departed. He apppears wholly unconcerned over his situation.

TEN TONS OF FISH

Catch From Minnesota Lakes Sells at 15 to 18 Cents a Pound.

Lakefield.—The Booth Packing company that has had a crew fishing in Heron Lake, north of this village, has discontinued fishing and shipped all its tackle. The last catch netted over 10,000 pounds. In all more than ten tons of fish have been taken. Buffalo, carp, redhorse and sheepshead were the only varieties they were allowed to take. These are shipped to eastern markets where they command a good price. The idea common among many that they go to the canneries and come back in the guise of salmon, is said by the manager of the nets not to be true as these fish command too high a price to permit of this being done. The catch is sold at from 15 to 18 cents a pound.

WOLVES & FOXES FEAST

Fish Seeking Air Provide Good Eating For Wild Animals.

Duluth.—C. G. Hartley, a capitalist and mining man, just returned from the northern part of the state, says the wolves and foxes are feeding on the fish in the inland lakes, killing vast quantities of them.

The lakes have been frozen over so tight that all air was excluded until the recent thaws and the fish were smothering for want of oxygen. Breaks began to show recently and to these the fish crowded for breath. The wild animals became aware of the conditions and repaired to the holes to feast. Illegal fishers, also, are cutting holes and taking out great numbers of bass and pike.

KENYON SAFE BLOWN

Effect Entrance to Postoffice With Blacksmith Tools and Take $75.

Kenyon. — Kenyon woke up Sunday morning to find that the postoffice had been visited by robbers, the safe blown with nitro-glycerine and $75.00 taken. The deed appeared to be the work of amateurs as they had forced entrance at the side door of the building with tools secured in an adjacent blacksmith shop. There is no clue.

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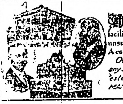

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THE DULUTH HERALD

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Saturday, March 30, 1912

How does President Taft think the New York soapbox compares with that of North Dakota?

The result of the ten years of litigation against the packers accused of forming a food trust was not very encouraging to those who, whatever the result in in court, are morally convinced that there are men exercising a power over the food supplies of the country and their prices that ought not to be tolerated for a minute.

ROOSEVELT HITS TAFT SOPHISTRIES

Arguments of the President Torn to Tatters.

TO RULE IS PEOPLE'S RIGHT

Colonel Declares His Confidence in Plain People—Should Have Power to Redress Own Wrongs—Shows Up Inconsistencies of His Opponents.

New York, March 21.—Former President Roosevelt delivered an address last night in Carnegie hall before an enthusiastic and demonstrative audience. He refuted with characteristic vigor and logic the arguments made against his Columbus speech by President Taft and others. He said:

"The great fundamental issue is now before the Republican party and before our people can be stated briefly. It is, Are the American people fit to govern themselves, to rule themselves, to control themselves? I believe they are. My opponents do not. I believe in the right of the people to rule. I believe that the majority of the plain people of the United States will, day in and day out, make fewer mistakes in governing themselves than any smaller class or body of men, no matter what their training, will make in trying to govern them. I believe again that the American people are as a whole capable of self-control and of learning by their mistakes. Our opponents pay lip loyalty to this doctrine, but they show their real beliefs by the way in which they champion every device to make the nominal rule of the people ashamed. I have scant patience with this talk of the tyranny of the majority. Whenever there is the tyranny of the majority, I shall protest against it with all my heart and soul. But we are today suffering from the tyranny of the minorities. It is a small minority that is grabbing our coal deposits, our water powers and our harbor fronts. A small minority is fattening on the sale of adulterated foods and drugs. It is a small minority that lies behind monopolies and trusts. It is a small minority that stands behind the present law of master and servant, the sweatshops and the whole calendar of serial and industrial injustice. It is a small minority that is today using our convention system to fit the will of the majority of the people in the choice of delegates to the Chicago convention.

Is the People's Right.

"My opponents charge that two things in my program are wrong because they intrude into the sanctuary of the judiciary. The first is the recall of judges and the second the review by the people of judicial decisions on certain constitutional questions. I have said again and again that I do not advocate the recall of judges in all states and in all communities. The integrity of our judges, from Marshall to White and Holmes—and to Cullen and many others in our own state—is a fine page of American history. But—I say it soberly—democracy has a right to approach the sanctuary of the courts when a special interest has corruptly found sanctuary there, and this is exactly what has happened in some of the states where the recall of judges is a living issue. Is it not equally plain that the question whether a given social policy is for the public good is not of a judicial nature, but should be settled by the legislature, or in the final instance by the people themselves?

"The president of the United States, Mr. Taft, devoted most of a recent speech to criticism of this proposition. He says that it is 'utterly without merit or utility, and instead of being in the interest of all the people and of the stability of popular government, is sowing the seeds of confusion and tyranny.' (By this he, of course, means the tyranny of the majority, that is, the tyranny of the American people as a whole.) He also says that my proposal (which, as he rightly sees, is merely a proposal to give the people a real instead of only a nominal chance to construe and amend a state constitution with reasonable rapidity) would make such amendment and interpretation 'depend on the feverish, uncertain and unstable determination of successive votes on different laws by temporary and changing majorities,' and that 'it lays the ax at the foot of the tree of well ordered freedom and subjects the guarantees of life, liberty and property without remedy to the fitful impulse of a temporary majority of an electorate.'

Is Wholly Unfounded.

"This criticism is really less a criticism of my proposal than a criticism of all popular government. It is wholly unfounded, unless it is founded on the belief that the people are fundamentally untrustworthy. This is the question that I propose to submit to the people. How can the prevailing morality or a preponderance of opinion be better and more exactly ascertained than by a vote of the people? The people must know better than the court what their own morality and their own opinion is. I ask that you, here, you and others like you, you, the people, be given the chance to state your own views of justice and public morality and not sit meekly and have your views announced for you by well-meaning adherents of outworn philosophies, who exalt the pendantry of formulas above the real needs of human life.

"Mr. Taft's position is the position that has been held from the beginning of our government, although not always so openly held by a large number of reputable and honorable men, who, down at bottom, distrust popular government, and when they must accept it, accept it with reluctance and hedge around it with every species of restriction and check and balance so as to make the power of the people as limited and as ineffective as possible. Mr. Taft fairly defines the issue when he says that our government is and should be a government of all the people by a representative part of the people. This is an excellent and moderate description of an oligarchy. It defines our government as a government of all of the people by a few of the people.

"I am not speaking jokingly nor do I mean to be unjust, for I repeat that many honorable and well-meaning men of high character take this view and have taken it from the time of the formation of the nation. Essentially this view is that the constitution is a straight-jacket to be used for the control of an unruly patient—the people. Now, I hold that this view is not only false, but mischievous, that our constitutions are instruments designed to secure justice by securing the deliberate but effective expression of the popular will, that the checks and balances are valuable as far and only so far as they accomplish that deliberation, and that it is a warped and unworthy and improper construction of our form of government to see in it only a means of thwarting the popular will and of preventing justice.

The Real Trouble.

"Mr. Taft says that 'every class should have a 'voice' in the government. That seems to me a very serious misconception of the American political situation. The real trouble with us is that some classes have had too much voice. One of the most important of all the lessons to be taught and to be learned is that a man should vote not as a representative of a class, but merely as a good citizen.

"Mr. Taft again and again, in quotations I have given and elsewhere through his speech, expresses his disbelief in the people when they vote at the polls. In one sentence he says that the proposition gives 'powerful effect to the momentary impulse of a majority of an electorate and prepares the way for the possible exercise of the grossest tyranny.' Elsewhere he speaks of the 'feverish uncertainty' and 'unstable determination' of the laws by 'temporary and changing majorities,' and again he says that the system I propose 'would result in suspension or application of constitutional guarantees according to popular whim,' which would destroy, 'all possible consistency' in constitutional interpretation. I should much like to know the exact distinction that is to be made between what Mr. Taft calls 'the fitful impulse of a temporary majority,' when applied to a question such as that I raise and any other question. Remember that under my proposal to review a rule of decision by popular vote, amending or construing to that extent the constitution, would certainly take at least two years from the time of the election of the legislature which passed the act.

Then Becomes a "Whim."

"In one of Mr. Taft's speeches he speaks of 'the voice of the people as coming next to the voice of God.' Apparently, then, the decision of the people about the presidency after four months' deliberation, is to be treated as 'next to the voice of God,' but if after two years of sober thought they decide that women and children shall be protected in industry, or men protected from excessive hours of labor under unhygienic conditions, or workers compensated when they lose life or limb in the service of others, then their decision forthwith becomes 'whim' and 'feverish' and 'unstable' and an exercise of 'the grossest tyranny' and the 'laying of the ax to the foot of the tree of freedom.'

"That is the old, old, doctrine which has been acted upon for thousands of years abroad and which here in America has been acted upon, sometimes openly, sometimes secretly, for forty years by many men in public and private life, and I am sorry to say by many judges; a doctrine which has in fact tended to create a bulwark for privilege, a bulwark unjustly protecting special interests against the rights of the people as a whole. This doctrine to me is a dreadful doctrine for its effect is, and can only be, to make the courts the shield of privilege against popular rights. Naturally, every upholder and beneficiary of crooked privilege loudly applauds the doctrine. It is behind the shield of that doctrine that crooked clauses creep into laws, that men of wealth and power control legislation.

"Remember I am not discussing the recall of judges—although I wish it distinctly understood that the recall is a mere piece of machinery to take the place of unworkable impeachment which Mr. Taft in effect defends, and that if the days of Maynard ever came back again in the state of New York I should favor it. I have no wish to come to it, but our opponents when they object to all efforts to secure real justice from the courts, are strengthening the hands of those who demand the recall. In a great many states there has been for many years a real recall of judges as regards appointments, promotions, reappointments and re-elections, and this recall was through the turn of a thumbscrew at the end of a long-distance rod in the hands of great interests. I believe that a just judge would feel far safer in the hands of the people than in the hands of the interests.

"My remedy is not the result of a library study of constitutional law, but of actual and long-continued experience in the use of governmental power to redress social and industrial evils. Again and again earnest workers for social justice have said to me that the most serious obstacles that they have encountered during the many years that they have been trying to save American women and children from destruction in American industry have been the courts. That is the judgment of almost all the social workers I know and of dozens of parish priests and clergymen and of every executive and legislator who has been seriously attempting to use government as an agency for social and industrial betterment. What is the result of this system of judicial nullification? It was accurately stated by the court of appeals of New York in the employees' liability case, where it was calmly and judicially declared that the people under our republican government are less free to correct the evils that oppress them than are the people of the monarchies of Europe. To any man with vision, to any man with broad and real social sympathies, to any man who believes with all his heart in this great democratic republic of ours, such a condition is intolerable. It is not government by the people, but mere sham government, in which the will of the people is constantly defeated. It is out of this experience that my remedy has come, and let it be tried in this field. When as the result of his education and debate a majority of the people have decided upon a remedy for an evil from which they suffer and have chosen a legislature and executive pledged to embody that remedy in law and the law has been finally passed and approved, I regard it as monstrous that a bench of judges shall then say to the people: 'You must begin all over again. First, amend your constitution (which will take four years); second, secure the passage of a new law (which will take two years more); third, carry that new law over the weary course of litigation (which will take no human being knows how long); fourth, submit the whole matter over again to the very same judges who have rendered the decision to which you object. Then, if your patience holds out and you finally prevail, the will of the majority of the people may have its way.' Such a system is not popular government, but a mere mockery of popular government. It is a system framed to maintain and perpetuate social injustice, and it can be defended only by those who disbelieve in the people.

Now Have Different Meanings.

"The decisions of which we complain are, as a rule, based upon the constitutional provision that no person shall be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law. The terms 'life, liberty and property' have been used in the constitutions of the English speaking peoples since Magna Charta.

"Until within the last sixty years they were treated as having specific meanings: 'property' meant tangible property; 'liberty' meant freedom from personal restraint, or, in other words, from imprisonment in its largest definition. About 1870 our court began to attach to these terms new meanings; now 'property' has come to mean every right of value which a person could enjoy, and 'liberty' has been made to include the rest to make contracts. As result, when a state limits the hours for which women may labor, it is told by the courts that this law deprives them of their 'liberty' and when it restricts the manufacture of tobacco in a tenement, it is told that the law deprives the landlord of his 'property.' Now, I do not believe that any people and especially our free American people, will long consent that the term liberty shall be defined for them by a bench of judges. Every people has defined that term for itself in the course of its development. Friends, our task as Americans, is to strive for social and industrial justice, achieved through the genuine rule of the people. This is our end, our purpose. The methods for achieving the end are merely expedients to be finally accepted or rejected according as actual experience shows that they work well or ill.

Is But an Instrument.

"The leader for the time being, whoever he may be, is but an instrument to be used until broken and then to be cast aside, and if he is worth his salt he will care no more when he is broken than a soldier cares when he is sent where his life is forfeit in order that the victory may be won. In the long fight for righteousness the watchword for all of us is spend and be spent. It is of little matter whether any one man fails or succeeds, but the cause shall not fail, for it is the cause of mankind. We, here in America, hold in our hands the hope of the world, the fate of the coming years, and shame and disgrace will be ours if in our eyes the light of high resolve is dimmed, if we trail in the dust the golden hopes of men. If on this new continent we merely build another country of great but unjustly divided material prosperity we shall have done nothing, and we shall do as little if we merely set the greed of envy against the greed of arrogance and thereby destroy the material well-being of all of us. To turn this government either into government by plutocracy or government by a mob, would be to repeat on a larger scale the lamentable failures of the world that is dead. We stand against all tyranny, by the few or by the many. We stand for the rule of the many in the interest of all of us, for the rule of the many in a spirit of courage, of common sense, of high purpose, above all in a spirit of kindly justice toward every man and every woman."

IF YOU SEE IT IN
The Spectator
IT'S SO

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District,
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County. } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Havlorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F Murphy, Nancy Geerlings Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and aslo all other persons of parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m22-a27

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County. } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon; Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
m22-a27 Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota,
m2-a6

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Dated at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 13, 1912. Attorney for Plaintiff.
Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota,
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY,
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of June, 1910 and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 18th day of June, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m., in book 4 of mortgages on page 510, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington, whereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 34 of mortgages on page 196; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county and state of Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state on the first day of April, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of eleven hundred sixty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Mortgagee.
L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-9w

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Carrie P. Hornseth and Thomas P. Hornseth, mortgagors, to First National Bank of Thief River Falls, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of August 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 1st day of September, 1910, at 11:15 o'clock a. m. in book 37 of mortgages on page 218, and subsequently upon the division of said Red Lake county and the creation of the county of Pennington thereto the records above described have been transcribed and now appear in the records of the register of deeds within and for Pennington county and state of Minnesota in book 22 of mortgages on page 350; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots one and two in block eleven, Oakland addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the first day of April 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred twenty-nine and 18-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises; and twenty five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Feb. 5, A. D. 1912.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF THIEF RIVER FALLS.
Mortgagee.
L. C. SIMONS, Attorney for Mortgagee, St. Paul, Minn. f17-9w

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 22;

Which, said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 11 of mortgages on page 261; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty ($150.00) dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.

F. HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. N. ECKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee, Warren, Minn. m2-a6

OREGON
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WE HAVE A FINE SELECTION OF CHOICE TRACTS IN THE ROGUE RIVER VALLEY NEAR MEDFORD, OREGON. A TEN ACRE ORCHARD WILL MAKE YOU INDEPENDENT FOR THE REST OF YOUR LIFE, WHICH YOU CAN ENJOY IN COMFORT IN THE MOST DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE ON THIS CONTINENT. HUNDREDS OF MINNESOTA PEOPLE LIVE THERE NOW.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WRITE TO

CHADBOURN BROS. & CO.,
17 SO. 4TH ST. MINNEAPOLIS.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services every evening, except Saturday, next week, beginning tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday April 14, at 3 o'clock p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.

REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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THE LOCAL NEWS

April 7 is Easter Sunday.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

A. C. Ellickson was at the county seat on Wednesday.

Martin McAndress was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

S. J. Amble was in Thief River Falls Wednesday and Thursday.

P. O. Hagglund transacted business at the county seat Thursday.

Miss Mabel Patterson was down from Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Miss Gertrude Hooper was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Just received a supply af Norway herring and other fish at M. R. Hage's.

Spring is here. M. C. Burns, the Thief River machine man, has arrived.

Iver A. Johnson of Bray came in Thursday and went to Crookston to spend a week visiting friends.

Miss Alice Wiltse went last evening to her home at Bagley where she will spent the week's vacation.

The Great Northern has unloaded a carload of cinders and is grading up the walk and grounds around the station.

Oscar and John Gunstad and Knut and Albert Nash returned Monday from a cruising trip in Roseau county.

D. Patterson, K. O. Gigstad, C. H. Martz, and Mike McAndress were Thief at River Falls between trains Thursday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Mar. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

All the newly elected village officers have filed their acceptance of office except K. O. Figstad, who was elected justice of the peace.

Misses Louise and Alma Carlson and their sister, Mrs. Ed Strom of Biwabic came Wednesday for a visit with their parents and other relatives.

The Ladies' Aid of the M. E. church will have an Easter supper, served at 6 o'clock April 6, at the I. O. O. F. building. The public is invited to attend.

Call on N. A. Nelson for seed corn, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, clover, and other grass seeds. You better get what you need now, or you will pay much higher prices.

Lyman Peck of McIntosh arrived here Wednesday with his household goods and will move onto the Hooper farm. Mrs. Peck is visiting friends in Crookston and will arrive some time next week.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.

m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.

Osnabrook, N. D.

Leave your laundry with M. R. Hage, agent for Model Steam Laundry, Thief River Falls, Minn. Dyeing, French dry cleaning and steam cleaning in connection

Shoes Shoes Shoes

We are receiving our spring and summer lines of shoes and can show you something nobby in oxfords or pumps. Call in and see them.

A. H. PITKIN AND CLERKS.

Arthur Hall arrived Monday for a week's visit at home. He is located at Kewatin, on the iron range, where he has the position of clerk and bookkeeper in a general store.

C. A. Pitkin will begin the practice of law in Thief River Falls next week. He will be associated with H. O. Kjomme. Mr. Pitkin graduated from the law department of the state university in 1901, and practiced several years in Minneapolis.

Next Monday is April Fool day.

K. J. and G. J. Nomland of Grand Forks visited with Tom Hovet Thursday and Friday. They were on their way home after attending the funeral of their brother O. J. Nomland, east of Thief River Falls.

Last week just as we were closing up our forms for the press a little article was "pied" which we were sorry to lose, but there was no help for it, it was impossible to take the time to reset it. It was a nice write-up of the St. Patrick's day leap year party.

C. C. Elliott was in Thief River Falls between trains Wednesday.

G. W. Eastman made a business visit to Crookston Tuesday night.

H. O. Haugen made a business visit to the county seat Thursday.

Lawrence Wilson went to Grand Forks yesterday for a visit with relatives.

Albin and Miss Lydia Adolphson of Crookston are guests at the O. W. Brink home.

Andrew Anderson went Wednesday to the town of Mayfield, where he will engage in trapping.

The schools will be closed next week for the Easter vacation, and will reopen on Monday, March 8.

O. F. Post and D. Patterson drove to Red Lake Falls Wednesday to act as witnesses in a suit before the district court now in session there.

D. P. O'Neill of Thief River Falls has been appointed by H. J. Maxfield, state commissioner of immigration, to compile monthly reports of crop conditions and other data of interest to outsiders, for the use of the immigration department. Like officers were appointed in each county in the state.

St. Hilaire was represented by a goodly delegation to the St. Paul symphony orchestra's entertainment yesterday. Owing to the failure of the Great Northern to furnish the special as had been announced, the party had to attend the matinee, and were much disappointed in not hearing the noted baritone, Mr. Kellerman. A few remained for the evening concert and were much pleased therewith.

In district court at Red Lake Falls this week he case of P. W. Lee vs. R. J. McKercher was tried. It was a case that grew out of a horse deal. Mr. Lee complained that during his absence his son sold a horse to Mr. McKercher for $65 and that the value of the horse was $200. He claimed to have demanded the return of the horse which was refused. He started the action to recover the amount the horse is claimed to be worth. The jury brought a verdict of $1.00 for the plaintiff.

Died

O. J. Nomland died at his home four miles east of Thief River Falls Saturday March 23, of tuberculosis aged 58 years. Mr. Nomland leaves a wife and four children, three girls and one boy, to mourn his loss.

The funeral was held Wednesday at the farm home at 3 o'clock, Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating. The remains were placed in Greenwood cemetery.

Rural School Notes

The following named teachers received certificates as a result of the last examination:

FIRST GRADE.

Melvin O. Skarsten, Grit, Minn.

SECOND GRADE.

Robert Jackson, St. Hilaire.
Ida P. Kalland, " "
Anna Moran, Thief River Falls.
Gunhild Sollum, " "
Marget Sorenson, Lambert.
Selma Strand, Greibrok.

LIMITED.

Lilly M. Boehm, St. Hilaire.
Harold L. Holmes, " "
Myles H. Jackson, " "

A large number of credits was obtained by other applicants. A harder application to study and renewed efforts at the summer training school, to begin June 24 in this city, will probably land the coveted prize, the certificate at next examination.

The state high school board examinations were held Monday and Tuesday in the following rural districts:

District No. 37, High Landing, Herbert Swift, conductor.

District No. 219, Thief River Falls, Miss Clara L. Backe, conductor.

District No. 25, Thief River Falls, Miss Katie B. Dahl, conductor.

Districts Nos. 154 and 35, Hazel, Miss Anna Paulson, conductor.

"Several of these schools did splendidly in last year's examinations. We hope for equally good results this year, although perhaps not as many graduates.

The agricultural department of the local high school, in conjunction with the extension division of the university farm, St. Paul, is making a laudable effort to diffuse useful knowledge regarding agriculture among our rural schools.

This week Mr. Walter Haskin, teacher of agriculture at the Lincoln building, and Mr. Bugbee, working under the auspices of the extension division aforesaid, have made the rounds of some of our schools. It is the kind of work and knowledge we need.

I had the good luck to attend one of these meetings at Highlanding on Thursday afternoon. I must say it was an inspiration to all present. The school house, presided over by Mr. Swift, was filled to overflowing by the pupils, parents, and farmers of the three adjoining schools. It is lectures like these that make us feel encouraged and interested in the farms.

E. A. MOSTUE.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a dance April 12, 1912.

Tom Hovet was looking after business matters in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Rubert Nelson on Friday March 29, a boy. Mother and child doing nicely.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Synod church will meet at the K. O. Gigstad home next Thursday afternoon.

Next Friday, April 5, at 1 o'clock p. m., there will be a meeting in the town hall for the purpose of discussing consolidation of schools. Efforts have been made to secure speakers familiar with the subject; and it is hoped all from this and adjoining districts will be present.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

State of Minnesota, County of Red Lake, } ss. Office of County Auditor.

To Oscar W. Simple. To C. L. Hanson.

You are hereby notified that the following Described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 17, block 39, in the Original Townsite of St Hilaire, Minnesota, is now assessed in your names.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1906, at the sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A.D. 1906, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1904, for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota for the sum of fifteen dollars and seventy-seven cents; that upon the 27th day of March, 1912, said land still remaining unredeemed, and the amount for which the same was so bid in for the state, together with all the subsequent delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and costs, amounting in all to seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents, having been paid into the treasury of said county by Daniel Patterson, said land was assigned and conveyed to him by the auditor of said county, pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided; that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents, and interest on seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the 27th day of March, 1912, to the day such redemption is made, and that the said tax certificate has been presented to me by the holder thereof, and the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this 27th day of March A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
m30-3t

DAVID LAZAR
Just received a full line of
Men's and Young Men's Fine
TAILOR MADE SUITS
Which we will sell at
LOWEST PRICES.
Come in and look them over and note our prices
Also just received a line of
Nice Ladies' Coats
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

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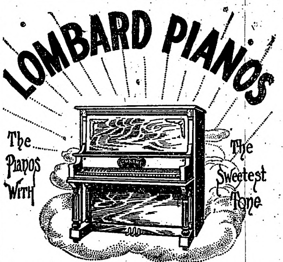
TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 25 years experience.
Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune.
READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEAT.
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN.

Bring in Your Printing

CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY
DRILLS, Shoe and Single Disc
DISC HARROWS, all sizes
HARROWS, wood and steel frame
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf
HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise int he SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR ELDERLY PEOPLE

Most elderly people are more or less troubled with a chronic, persistent constipation, due largely to lack of sufficient exercise. They experience difficulty in digesting even light food, with a consequent belching of stomach gases, drowsiness after eating, headache and a feeling of lassitude and general discomfort.

Doctors advise against cathartics and violent purgatives of every kind, recommending a mild, gentle laxative tonic like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, to effect relief without disturbing the entire system.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the perfect laxative, easy in action, certain in effect and, withal, pleasant to the taste. It possesses tonic properties that strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels and is a remedy that has been for years the great standby in thousands of families, and should be in every family medicine chest. It is equally as valuable for children as for older people.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried it send your name and address to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and he will be very glad to send a sample bottle for trial.

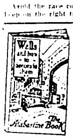
All of That.

"Who is Nat Goodwin?"

"He's the center of the All-America marriage team."

For constipation use a natural remedy. Garfield Tea is composed of carefully selected herbs only. At all drugstores.

Avoid the race course if you would keep on the right track.


Walls and how to decorate them
The Alabastine Book

20 Pretty Rooms in this FREE BOOK

—don't you want to see them?

Peep into other people's new homes and get the latest ideas for your own decorating. Our book tells about the FREE Color Plans our expert designers will send you for any rooms you want to decorate. You will be glad to know more about

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

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With our Color Plans you can easily have the most artistic home in your neighborhood.

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FORD'S

A Pointed Argument

Gal-va-nite Roofing is the cheapest in the long run for it never needs painting or repairs. First Cost—Last Cost.

It is waterproofed with a "triple asphalt coating" and weatherproofed both sides with an "armor plating of mica." Gives protection against fire and lightning.

GAL-VA-NITE

The Ideal Roofing for any kind of a building in any kind of a climate. Has stood the "Test of Time."

It is put up in rolls of 108 sq. ft. with zinc-coated, galvanized nails, cement and illustrated direction sheet.

Ask your dealer for Galvanite Roofing or send for samples and booklets, "Galvanite Qualities" & "The Inside of an Outside Proposition."

Ford Mfg. Co.
Chicago
St. Paul
St. Louis
Omaha
Kansas City

FORD'S

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success. [illegible]

[illegible]

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION
[illegible]

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Minneapolis. — Colonel Theodore Roosevelt will speak in Minneapolis and St. Paul March 28 or 29.

Winona.—March 29 has been definitely fixed as the time John L. Sundean will come to Winona and represent the insurgency in the ranks of Modern Woodmen rate. It is expected all ten camps in Winona county will be represented.

Winona.—In the current number of the Winona Courier, the official organ of the Catholic diocese of Winona, Bishop Heffron devotes an article to the consideration of the state training school at Red Wing, in which he urges segregation of the worst boys from the ordinary run of inmates there.

Mora.—Eugene Thomas, a sixteen year old degenerate of Minneapolis is being held to the grand jury for the murder of R. N. Winters, a homesteader. The lad, who admits having desired to become a bandit, was robbing the man's cabin when discovered, and shot him on the spot. He has made a full confession.

Minneapolis. — The most horrible crime in the city's history came to light Sunday morning when the body of Alice Matthews, a young girl, was found two doors from her home. She had been assaulted and strangled. Several neighbors had heard her cries without heeding, thinking it was drunk men trying to get home. The police are without a clue.

Elbow Lake—A. H. Foss of this place has invented and secured a patent on a rotary engine that may be operated by either steam or gasoline. The engine has no crank shaft, no cranks of any kind, no cam rods and no cam shaft. It has a revolving gas intake and exhaust valves. Each cylinder has three pistons; explosions occur in each cylinder at the same time, and there are nine explosions for each revolution. The engine is a radical departure from types of gasoline engines now used for automobiles. For using steam all that is necessary is to take out the spark plugs and insert ordinary plugs.

Cass Lake.—Robert Jarvis has erected three cottages on Little Wolf Lake, two and one-half miles west of Cass Lake, which he has already rented for the summer season to tourists. He will erect as many cottages on his lake frontages as he can get tenants for. The chief drawback heretofore to getting a larger number of tourists to come here for the summer has been a dearth of cottages. Many cottages will be erected as soon as the snow is off the ground on Neshota beach, near the Indian mission. The colony at the beach will consist of Thief River Falls families and people who live in North Dakota on the Soo line.

Fergus Falls.—An interesting lawsuit has just been tried in Wadena. Gus. E. Johnson of Aldrich township, has been trapping wolves near his home. One trap was not securely anchored, and a wolf got away with it. A short time afterwards, H. E. Baker, one of his neighbors, found the wolf and the trap attached and shot it. Johnson learned of this, and at once went to Baker, and demanded the return of the trap, the pelt of the wolf, and the bounty. Baker cheerfully returned the trap and offered to divide the bounty, but Johnson was not satisfied and went into court. The case was tried before a jury and Johnson won, securing everything he demanded.

Winona. — St. Joseph's church of Winona, one of the oldest Catholic parishes in the diocese of Winona, is making elaborate preparations for the celebration of their golden jubilee. The church in Winona was organized on August 15, 1862, as a mission, under Rev. Father J. Venn, then the pastor at Caledonia. It was organized as a parish a few years later. Today its owns a solid block of buildings, including the finest parochial school building in the diocese. The general committee in charge of the celebration which is to be held in the late summer, organized and decided to send personal invitations to all of the clergy of the diocese and to all of the former members of the congregation who are scattered throughout the nation.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Hon. William Jennings Bryan was in a national, nonpartisan mock political convention nominated as the "people's" candidate for president of the United States, when delegates of University of Minnesota students, representing 5,000 students and "every state in the Union," assembled in the armory hall and conducted the most notable political convention in the history of the university. About 1,600 persons, including delegates, attended.

The convention was literally a "wild" one, with an almost continuous uproar from 7:30 until after midnight. It demonstrated the sudden changes of political fortune, when North Dakota presented a solid delegation of four in the convention which stood staunchly by Roosevelt and voted for him to the end.

Washington.—An amendment to the river and harbor bill providing for a preliminary survey of the Baudette river between Baudette and Spooner, was added to that measure of the floor of the house just before the measure was passed. The survey was recently petitioned for by commercial bodies of the two cities with a view to se- between them.

Winona.—A. C. Loomis, who has been at the head of the Lewiston schools eight years, has resigned. H. R. Leonard, director of agriculture there the past year, has been chosen as his successor.

International Falls. — Much excitement has been caused by the alleged discovery of gold and copper in paying quantities near Northome, on the property of an iron company, which was being drilled for iron ore. The gold-bearing quartz was struck at a depth of 100 feet below the surface. The drill has bored sixty feet in the quartz. Assay reports hold the quartz to be worth $150 a ton.

Hastings.—John Dempsey of Inver Grove had both legs cut off just above the ankle by a freight train on the Rock Island track. He is expected to recover.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

SEE how much better it makes the baking

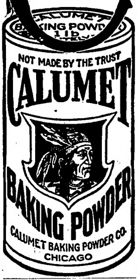
SEE how much more uniform in quality

SEE how pure—how good

SEE how economical—and

SEE that you get Calumet

At your Grocer's



F.P. 20TH CENTURY Corset STYLE 870

Made of good quality steam shrunk coutil that will not stretch. Automatic Boning, warranted not to break for a year. Bones constructed with a patented automatic system that gives a sliding movement in bending, distributing the strain, and making them impossible to break.

AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50

BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.
233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Ought to Be All Right.

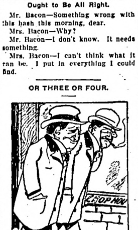
Mr. Bacon—Something wrong with this hash this morning, dear.

Mrs. Bacon—Why?

Mr. Bacon—I don't know. It needs something.

Mrs. Bacon—I can't think what it can be. I put in everything I could find.

OR THREE OR FOUR.



Green—I wouldn't marry a widow. They are always looking after number one.

Wise—I differ with you. I think they are usually looking after number two.

Something Extra Good For Breakfast, Lunch or Supper—

Post Toasties

Served direct from package with cream.

Surprises Pleases Satisfies

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Michigan

MERE GIRL IS RULER

Grand Duchess Marie Succeeds Father on Throne.

Although Luxembourg's New Sovereign Has Not as Yet Reached Her Eighteenth Birthday She Is to Head Smallest Nation.

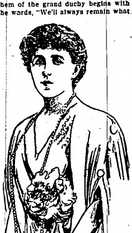
Berlin.—By the death of William Alexander, Grand Duke of Luxembourg, the crown of the little principality passes to his eldest daughter, the Grand Duchess Marie, a girl who has not yet reached the eighteenth anniversary of her birth.

This young girl may in the near future have to wrestle with some very complicated international problems of the greatest importance. The years of her childhood have been gloomy, and it cannot be said that the outlook is very bright for Luxembourg as a nation.

For the last ten years the grand duchess's father, Wilhelm Alexander, had been an invalid. A few weeks after his accession to the throne he was stricken with apoplexy. For five years he had seldom been removed from his bed and his wife, the Princess Maria Anna, Infanta of Portugal, and his daughters hardly ever left the castle of Hohenberg in upper Bavaria, where in the peace of the mountains and forests physicians were trying to save him from his fate. In the city of Luxembourg as well as in Berlin, Munich and Vienna the grand duchess and her children were strangers. They could not with propriety attend any social functions. The grand duke, too weak to be brought back to his own country, found himself to all purposes an exile in Bavaria. This is why, except the fact that she is a rather gifted musician, very little is known concerning the personality of the young duchess.

For the first time in its history Luxembourg will have a ruler born on its own soil. Grand Duchess Marie was born in the capital on June 14, 1894. One of the smallest independent nations in the world, Monaco alone having a smaller area, Luxembourg had always been ruled by foreign princes.

Strangely enough the national anthem of the grand duchy begins with the words, "We'll always remain what we are" "Mir welle bleiwe wat mir sin." Every day at the hour of noon the chimes of the Luxembourg Cathedral repeat this refrain.



Grand Duchess Marie.

Nevertheless, history tells us that Luxembourg was successively Spanish, Austrian, French, German, Dutch, Belgian and what not? Since the tenth century, when Charlemagne's dominions were dismembered and when some robber baron intrenched on the rocky hills of Brock called himself Sire of Luxembourg, the little country has been a pawn on the European chessboard, being included in the victor's plunder after every big battle.

TRIBE HAS ADOPTION DANCE

Writer Tells of Curious Ceremonial of Taking a Child Into Shawnee Family.

New York.—The adoption dance is one of the ceremonial dances of the Shawnees. This is quite different from any one of the festive dances. They come many miles around and camp; their faces are painted and their persons are decorated with beads.

They dance all day and night without eating. A bonfire is built in the center of the camp and they dance around this. The fire is kept burning about the same all the time. This serves also as their light.

The adoption dance is rather quiet, more so than the other dances. The women do most of the singing, says a writer in the Red Man, and sing very low. They dance around in a circle in twos. The men dance together in front, and the women together in the rear.

The two leaders in front are usually the ones who are adopting the child. They carry tin pails; in these are rubber balls, which bounce and keep time with the drummers. This is all the music they have to dance by. If a large crowd is assembled they may have two or three drums.

At these dances good order is kept. No drunkenness is allowed. The dance is in a grove, and if one does not behave decently they tie him to a tree for the rest of the dance. After the dance they have a great feast which lasts all day, and visitors, and all others who attend the dance, are invited to partake of the feast.

Left Money to Pay for Gas.

New York.—Before Peter Youson, an engineer, asphyxiated himself in a rooming house, he left a dollar for the landlady to pay for the gas.

Operate Twice on Girl.

Baltimore, Md.—Elizabeth Quinn, aged 18 months, has undergone two operations for appendicitis during the last six days.

FOR SCIATIC RHEUMATISM

Try the Treatment That Cured This Pronounced Case in Minneapolis After Other Treatments Failed.

Sciatica is neuralgia of the sciatic nerve. Its origin is generally rheumatic and is the direct result of taking cold. For this reason the disease is commonly known as "sciatic rheumatism." That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure this disease is shown by numerous cases like that of Mrs. J. B. Hansen, of No. 221 Twentieth Ave., So., Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

"A few years ago following an attack of the grip I was taken with sciatica. For six years I suffered untold agony and thought it would be a blessing to me if I could only die. There were sharp, shooting pains in both of my limbs and my shoulders and arms were affected also but not so severely. If I moved about quickly, the pain would catch me so that I had to scream. My limbs would swell until I could hardly walk. I also had a terrible dull pain in my back which was often unbearable. I was confined to bed for a week or two at a time. While suffering from the sciatica I was further run-down by weakness common to women of my age.

"I received so little relief from the doctor's medicine that I became discouraged and quit it. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as he had read how they had cured cases like mine. I felt better after I had taken the pills a short time but took several boxes until I was certain I was cured. I give this statement of my cure thinking that other sufferers may be helped as I was through using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills succeeds where other treatments fail because it is based on the sound medical principle that the health of the nerves depends on pure, red-blood.

Every person who is interested in the home treatment of nervous disorders should send for a new edition of our booklet entitled, "Diseases of the Nervous System, Their Nature, Symptoms and Treatment." Address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y

Exposing Children to Disease.

In an article on the treatment of sick children in the Woman's Home Companion the author, Dr. Roger H. Dennett, a famous New York specialist on the diseases of children, says: "Never, never, never expose the child to any contagious disease in order that he may have it once and be done with it. Even the so-called simple children's diseases, such as measles or whooping cough, have a death rate that is appalling.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Modern Journalism.

Arthur Brisbane, the editor, praised at a dinner in New York, the educative value of moving pictures.

"But of course," he said afterwards, "the moving picture will never equal the newspaper as an educative force.

"The newspaper not only reports news—in dull seasons it makes news as well. A famous editor put this news-making feature very neatly before a cub reporter when he said:

"'If a dog bites a man it isn't news. But, if a man bites a dog, it is. Whenever you can't find a man biting a dog, go and bite one yourself.'"

Financial Cripples.

They were taking the visitor from up-state around Manhattan, showing him the sights. The big automobile rolled past many wonderful buildings, all of which the host pointed out with some feelings of civic pride. At last they chanced to pass by the Municipal Lodging house.

"What's that place?" asked the rural visitor.

"Oh, that's one of New York's home for cripples," was the reply.

"What kind of cripples?" was asked.

"Financial," was the reply, as the car sped on.—New York Herald.

His Coming Out.

A fond Chicago mother is to give a coming-out party for her son. Of course, we have no means of knowing the youth, but we fancy he must be exactly that kind of son—and we await with bated anxiety a full description of his coming-out costume.

What will be done with the gentle youth after this severe social ordeal isn't stated, but it can be believed that he is to be rushed around to all sorts of society functions—and, of course, carefully guarded against the matrimonial designs of fortune-hunting females.

NO WORDS WASTED

A Swift Transformation Briefly Described.

About food, the following brief but emphatic letter from a Georgia woman goes straight to the point and is convincing.

"My frequent attacks of indigestion and palpitation of the heart culminated in a sudden and desperate illness, from which I arose enfeebled in mind and body. The doctor advised me to live on cereals, but none of them agreed with me until I tried Grape-Nuts food and Postum.

"The more I used of them the more I felt convinced that they were just what I needed, and in a short time they made a different woman of me. My stomach and heart troubles disappeared as if by magic, and my mind was restored and is as clear as it ever was.

"I gained flesh and strength so rapidly that my friends were astonished. Postum and Grape-Nuts have benefited me so greatly that I am glad to bear this testimony." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in Pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Some men haven't sense enough to stop borrowing before they strike oil.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

Poverty does not destroy virtue, nor does wealth bestow it.—Yriarte.

A remedy that has stood the test of time is worth trying. Garfield Tea relieves liver, kidney and stomach troubles.

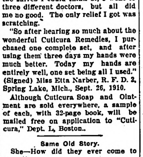
The way to get a reputation for goodness is to be good.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Even a wise man never gets over being a fool to a certain extent.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy.

THE ETERNAL FEMININE.



Mr. Hound—I think I'll have to get a license—

Miss Kyoodle—Oh! this is so sudden!

HANDS BURNED LIKE FIRE

"I can truthfully say Cuticura Remedies have cured me of four long years of eczema. About four years ago I noticed some little pimples coming on my little finger, and not giving it any attention, it soon became worse and spread all over my hands. If I would have them in water for a long time, they would burn like fire and large cracks would come. I could lay a pin in them. After using all the salves I could think of, I went to three different doctors, but all did me no good. The only relief I got was scratching.

"So after hearing so much about the wonderful Cuticura Remedies, I purchased one complete set, and after using them three days my hands were much better. Today my hands are entirely well, one set being all I used." (Signed) Miss Etta Narber, R. F. D. 2, Spring Lake, Mich., Sept. 26, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Same Old Story.

She—How did they ever come to marry?

He—Oh, it's the same old story. Started out to be good friends, you know, and later on changed their minds.—Puck.

Instead of liquid antiseptics, tablets and peroxide, for toilet and medicinal uses, many people prefer Paxtine, which is cheaper and better. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Gossip.

Polly—Miss Yellowleaf says she always tries to get her beauty sleep.

Dolly—Well, all I can say is she must suffer frightfully from insomnia. —Woman's Home Companion.

Use Allen's Foot Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, aching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a Delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Backing Up.

"The rain was coming down in sheets."

"I noticed it was in the bed of the streets."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

There's room at the top because somebody is always coming down.

There is no excuse for the dyspeptic, with Garfield Tea accessible at every drugstore.

Friendship and confidence are plants of slow growth.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Keep your troubles to yourself and they will not expand.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

You are only what you are when no one is looking.

Constipation can be cured without drugs. Nature's own remedy is Garfield Tea.

It's difficult to discourage a girl who can't sing.

CRITICAL TIME OF WOMAN'S LIFE

From 40 to 50 Years of Age. How It May Be Passed in Safety.

Odd, Va.:—"I am enjoying better health than I have for 20 years, and I believe I can safely say now that I am a well woman. I was reared on a farm and had all kinds of heavy work to do which caused the troubles that came on me later. For five years during the Change of Life I was not able to lift a pail of water. I had hemorrhages which would last for weeks and I was not able to sit up in bed. I suffered a great deal with my back and was so nervous I could scarcely sleep at night, and I did not do any housework for three years.

"Now I can do as much work as any woman of my age in the county, thanks to the benefit I have received from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I recommend your remedies to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARTHA L. HOLLOWAY, Odd, Va.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. We know of no other medicine which has such a record of success as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been the standard remedy for woman's ills.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Relieves Backache Instantly

Sloan's Liniment is a great remedy for backache. It penetrates and relieves the pain instantly—no rubbing necessary—just lay it on lightly.

Here's Proof.

"I had my back hurt in the Boer War and in San Francisco two years ago I was hit by a street car in the same place. I tried all kinds of dope without success. Two weeks ago I saw your liniment in a drug store and got a bottle to try. The first application caused instant relief, and now except for a little stiffness, I am almost well."
FLETCHER NORMAN, Whittier, Calif.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is the best remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat and sprains.

Miss E. Rim of Brooklyn, N.Y., writes: "Sloan's Liniment is the best for rheumatism. I have used six bottles of it and it is grand."

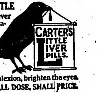
Sold by all Dealers.
Price, 25c., 50c., and $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan Boston, Mass.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion,

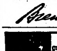

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Brown's Bronchial Troches
Nothing excels this Cough Remedy. No opiates. Sample free. JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., NO. 13–1912.

Woman's Power Over Man

Woman's most glorious endowment is the power to awaken and hold the pure and honest love of a worthy man. When she loses it and still loves on, no one in the wide world can know the heart-agony she endures. The woman who suffers from weakness and derangement of her special womanly organism soon loses the power to sway the heart of a man. Her general health suffers and she loses her good looks, her attractiveness, her amiability and her power and prestige as a woman. Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N.Y., with the assistance of his staff of able physicians, has prescribed for and cured many thousands of women. He has devised a successful remedy for woman's ailments. It is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a positive specific for the weaknesses and disorders peculiar to women. It purifies, regulates, strengthens and heals. Medicine dealers sell it. No honest dealer will advise you to accept a substitute in order to make a little larger profit.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and strengthen Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1912. NUMBER, 39.

MISSISSIPPI ON A RAMPAGE

GREATEST VOLUME IN HISTORY SWELLS BANKS OF FATHER OF WATERS.

ALL SOUTH IS ALARMED.

Thousands Homeless, Vast Areas Under Water—Armies of Men and Teams Fight to Strengthen Levees.

St. Louis, April 3.—The greatest volume of water to the history of the Mississippi river is held between two hundred miles of levees. They have broken in several places and flooded large areas. Breaks at Hickman, Ky., opposite on the Missouri side and at Memphis have made thousands homeless and done untold damage. Warnings have been given, however, and to date only two lives have been reported lost. Two thousand persons, marooned at Hickman are suffering privation while trains with food supplies cannot be run into the city.

From Cairo, Ill., to Helena, Ark., persons living near the river are abandoning their homes and moving their effects and live stock to higher ground. Further breaks in the Kentucky and Tennessee levees are expected and it is feared the water will force its way through those of Arkansas and Mississippi.

Big Rise Is Looked For.

In the district between Hickman, Ky., and Helena, Ark., an average further rise of two feet is expected. Heavy rains fell on the watersheds of the Ohio, Tennessee and Cumberland rivers and predictions made so far may fall short of the mark.

As far south as New Orleans precautionary work is being done. Governor Sanders of Louisiana has issued special instructions to all state levee board members to press every available workman into immediate service in strengthening the levees of that state. Thousands of men and teams are working all along the flooded stream and special trains, wherever available, are carrying supplies.

Traffic on the Mississippi is practically paralyzed. Government steamers and ferry boats are the only craft in operation. Hundreds of thousands of dollars damage has been done in the towns along the streams which are pouring their flood into the Mississippi. As far away as Middlesboro, Ky., the effect is felt. There a large part of the city is under from one to three feet of water and flooded mines in the district will keep hundreds of miners idle for several days.

Thousands of Acres Flooded.

Memphis.—In the Memphis district the river front is giving the greatest concern. This levee is below the standard size and in many places new. The water is near the crest of the embankment and before the highest stage is reached it is probable the levee will be topped. Modoc, Ark., 30 miles south of Helena sent in an alarming report of sloughing banks and aid is being hurried to that point. In Tennessee the levy in Obion county, which protects Rolfoot lake from flood water, is already being topped and sand bags are being stacked on the levee in an effort to hold back the flood.

Memphis proper is facing a serious situation. In North Memphis backwater from Wolf river, a tributary of the Mississippi, has overflowed Bayou Gayoso. Several hundred families have been driven from their homes and a score or more of industrial plants have been forced to suspend. Along Wolf river only two of the numerous saw mills are in operation. The city's gas plant is surrounded by water. Train service is demoralized.

Wisconsin Streams Swollen.

Durand, Wis.—Turned from the channel by the largest ice jam ever experienced in the lower Chippewa valley, the rushing, flood-swollen waters swept all obstacles from their path in a disastrous race across the river flats and the right of way of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad. Six miles south of the city several hundred feet of track and roadbed have been destroyed.

Nebraska Situation Better.

Omaha.—The flood situation in eastern Nebraska was greatly relieved when 2,000 passengers who had remained in Omaha for 40 hours were able to continue their journey westward.

The Union Pacific railroad was able to start 15 overland trains westward, and 23 trains held up in Fremont east during the night. The Burlington, Missouri Pacific and Rock Island roads also were in better condition and were able to establish limited service.

Floods Inundate Kentucky Mines.

Middlesboro, Ky. — Yellow creek overflowed and inundated part of the city to a depth of from one to three feet. All business was suspended. The mines in Mingo and Stony Fork hollows were flooded. The water receded after a few hours.

Ordeman Downs Romanoff.

Fargo, April 3.—Ordeman threw Romanoff, the Cossack giant, here in twenty-three and nine minutes, respectively. The first fall was gained by a straight toe hold, and the second by a combination toe and arm hold.

TOBACCO REPORTS ARE MADE

MAJORITY AND MINORITY TAKE ACTION ON FINDINGS.

House Passes Bill Creating Children's Bureau in Commerce and Labor Department.

Washington, April 3.—Majority and minority reports on the adverse action taken by the senate judiciary committee upon the Cummins bill to give independent tobacco companies the right of intervention and appeal to the supreme court of the United States from the federal decree, approving the reorganization of the American Tobacco company were made public.

The majority contends that congress has no right to intervene from the decree of approval by the circuit court for the Southern district of New York, which approved the reorganization plan, as it would reverse the court's action; would direct the court to enter an order allowing an intervention already denied, and would reverse previous decisions of the supreme court of the United States and that state attorneys generals and private persons could not be parties to an anti-trust suit.

The minority report in which Senators Borah, Culberson, Nelson and Brown join with Senator Cummins declared that "the whole business formerly under the control technically of the American Tobacco company is now under the control of same persons who then controlled that corporation and in the same proportion."

It charges that some of the corporations found to be violating the law have been left without any change and the court which approved the dissolution plan is criticized.

The minority added that if the circuit court's decree were to be accepted finally congress must amend the anti-trust law so that it would accomplish its purpose more effectively.

The house passed 173 to 17 a bill creating a children's bureau in the department of commerce and labor. The measure already had been passed by the senate and it will now go to the president for his action.

TORNADO HITS CAMDEN.

Big Buildings Demolished and Hundreds of Houses Are Unroofed.

Philadelphia, April 3.—Two women were fatally injured, scores of houses were unroofed and more than twenty-five buildings were demolished by a windstorm of cyclone velocity which passed over that portion of Camden known as Coopers' point, and swept down the Delaware river to the center of this city doing heavy damage.

Camden was in darkness, all the electric lights having been turned off, while streets in the northern section of the city were filled with debris from ruined buildings and telephone poles. Mrs. Anna Cleary, of Camden, and Miss Annie Behrend, of Philadelphia, who were riding in a street car in Camden, were caught beneath a building which was demolished and so badly crushed that physicians say neither can recover.

In the section of Camden where the storm was most severe, entire blocks of dwellings were unroofed and the occupants driven to the streets in terror.

TROUBLE AT CALGARY.

Rioting Expected When Railroad Strike-Breakers Arrive.

Calgary, April 3.—Rioting is expected when 5,000 men sent out from Winnipeg reach here to go to construction camps on the Canadian Northern railway to break the strike that has tied up work. Ten thousand strikers are pouring into Calgary as a result of the agitation of the Industrial Workers of the World, a militant labor organization.

Vancouver.—Six hundred strikers, many of them armed with shotguns, rifles and clubs, drove station men off the Canadian Northern grade at Yale. No arrests were made. The station men hitherto have refused to listen to the appeals of the Industrial Workers' leaders and yielded under threats of violence. Work along the line is at a standstill.

MAROON PLAYER BARRED

Pitcher Prindiville Played With Semi-Pro Team and Is Ineligible.

Urbana, Ill., April 3.—Pitcher Francis Prindiville, of the University of Illinois, has been declared ineligible to compete in conference meets. The conference eligibility committee refused to reinstate him after the Illinois board of athletic control had petitioned it to declare him eligible. He played a few innings with the Chicago Red Sox last year, although he received no remuneration for his work.

C. N. TO ENTER SUPERIOR.

Working Agreement Said to Have Been Affected With N. P.

Superior, April 3.—The Canadian Northern soon will start running trains into Superior over the Northern Pacific tracks. When this is accomplished Superior will have through trains to the East, West, South and North. It will greatly help the business interests of this city as well as bringing the American head of the lakes into closer contact with Canada.

Where is He Risen?

By Wilbur D. Nesbit

"And go quickly and tell His disciples that He is risen from the dead."—Matthew xxviii, 7.

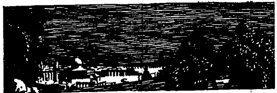
I like to think that bud and bloom
And grass and leaf
Are symbols of the empty tomb,
Of ended grief.
I like to think of Him that He
Is risen here,
And that His presence we may see
Each waking year.

For Heaven is so very far,
We cannot reach
The nearest little guarding star
By sight or speech—
But when the day is gladdened by
This clearer blue,
Then Heaven is not far and high
From me and you.

I fain would think He breathes above
The grass and trees;
His heart that throbs with human love
Awakens these;
And lilies pure as acolytes
Their censers swing,
While all the meadowlands and heights
Are worshipping.

So in this thought of mine I find
In stone and clod
And hedge and lattice blossom-twined,
The breath of God.
And yonder in the growing wheat
And fallow lands
I see the path that knew His feet—
Work of His hands.

And so from every bird that sings
I hear the voice
That one supernal message brings:
"Arise! Rejoice!"
I like to think of Him that He
Is risen here,
And that His presence we may see
Each waking year.



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The Delinquent Rabbit

By Wilbur D. Nesbit

THEY said last year when Easter was, an' me an' brother John
Got lots o' eggs with names an' lots o' little pictures on,
That rabbits laid the Easter eggs, an' pa he showed me where
Th' paper had a picture of th' rabbit nest, an' there
Was colored eggs all roundabout, an' rabbits hoppin' round

"An' Pa, He Showed Me Where th' Paper Had a Picture of th' Rabbit Nest."

As if they's glad, their Easter eggs by little boys was found.

An' so I got a bunny now; I had it for a week,
An' it ain't cackled none at all, although I go an' peek
Inside its little house an' look if I can find some eggs—

"I've Showed It Pictures Like I Want Put on My Easter Eggs.

But it just sits up when I come, an' begs an' begs an' begs
For lettuce leaf an' cabbage leaf, an' shivers with its nose—
I wonder if a rabbit flaps its wings some when it crows!

I'm tryin' to encur-ridge it; I've give it lots o' straw—
But it don't build a nest at all, it wants to sit an' gnaw
Th' cabbage leaves, an' hop around an' scare at dogs an' cats,
An' turn an' jump a foot or two when I look through th' slats,
An' when it's night th' rabbit won't get up there on th' roost,
An' doesn't like it when I try to help it with a boost.

I've showed it pictures like I want put on my Easter eggs—
I guess it understands me, 'cause it took them with its legs

"Just Sits—an' Begs an' Begs."

In front, an' held them up, an' tried to eat them, too;
Then let them drop an' looked at me as if to say it knew
Just what I meant—but still it's mighty queer;
It hasn't laid an egg at all, an' Easter's nearly here.

It just sets 'round an' spends its time a wriggel-in' its ears
An' jumpin' sidewise, 'fraidlike, at each little sound it hears.
I got some corn an' stuff like chickens eat, an' throwed it in,
An' told my rabbit that it's time egg-layin' should begin;
I got a nice big nest egg an' I've put it in th' nest
An' told my rabbit to sail in an' do its level best.

Make Your Own Easter Bonnet.

How few women realize the possibilities of things that are ready to hand for making an Easter bonnet that shall be beautiful, unique and individual! The ordinary clothes line lends itself readily to a most artistic creation. Take one that is about worn out and coil it into a brim. Soak this overnight in glue to fix it flatly. Then for the body of the hat shred about ten feet of the rope and arrange this upon graceful loops of the remainder, dyeing it all in different tints to suit your complexion or your taste.

Fasten it on with clothes pins.

A PASSING THOUGHT.

Life is like an Easter egg,
We shatter many a lively dream,
And when we've reached the useful part,
We've spoiled the decorative scheme.

ALBERT LEA FLOOD

ALL LOW PARTS OF CITY ARE SUBMERGED AND $100,000 DAMAGE SUSTAINED.

DAM BREAKING IS CAUSE

Residents Flee Homes After Asking Help—Passengers Are Carried From Incoming Trains in Boats.

Albert Lea, April .—With one-third of the city covered with from a few inches to several feet of water, damage conservatively estimated at $100,000 has already been done in Albert Lea as the result of the breaking of about 100 feet of the dam between Fountain and Albert Lea lakes.

The water is rising at the rate of two inches an hour and it is expected that half of the city will be covered before it reaches its level.

The Rock Island railroad yards are submerged and passengers are carried from the trains of that line into the city in boats.

The bridges of the Rock Island and Milwaukee railroads over the channel between the two lakes are also submerged and if the ice in Albert Lea lake gives way both bridges will be washed out. These bridges are valued at $25,000 each.

Residents in the low parts of the city are fleeing their homes. This morning they addressed an appeal to the mayor asking assistance in the moving of their belongings. The whole north end of the city and the country beyond that is cut off.

Residents of the city are greatly excited. The water has crept up slowly until it has reached the paved streets in the center of the city. It may take two days for the water to reach a level if the ice in the upper lake holds.

FARMING AT ITS BEST

Badger Agriculturist Advises Southern Minnesota Tillers and Sons to Remain on Hand.

Mankato.—F. H. Scribner of Rosendale, Wis., special agent of the department of agriculture, in addressing the Better Farming convention held under the auspices of the commercial clubs of Mankato, St. Peter and North Mankato, said:

"The present time is the best ever known for farming. Never before has there been such a period of advance in farming methods, and this is just the time for farmers and their sons to stick to the farms. There is no better place to live and rear families than on Southern Minnesota farms. We are just beginning to learn how to farm. Farmers are not satisfied in these days unless they know the whys and wherefores of things. It is up to us to raise twice what we have done in the past on the same land, and we can do it."

The speaker said farmers no longer are looking upon the soil of their farms merely as dirt, but by soil study, crop rotation and diversified farming, land is again becoming so rich that commercial fertilizers fail to add to its productivity. He strongly advocated raising live stock on farms so as to give back to the soil what is taken from it in crops. He said that seed selection and a careful preparation of soil are necessary to procure best returns and that farmers must use their heads more.

GOOD POULTRY SHOW

Shaw and Flint Talk About Good Farming and Success.

St. John.—The second annual poultry show and farmers' institute at St. John was a success from every standpoint. The display of poultry was the finest ever seen in this section, and exceeded last year's exhibit by fifty per cent. The grains and vegetables displayed were of the best and Professor Shaw, one of the speakers, made favorable comments on their quality, which helps to prove the contention that the soil fertility of the Turtle mountains is second to none in the state.

Professor Shaw spoke on better farming and censured the farmers who are robbing the land of its fertility by the one-crop system of farming. R. F. Flint, state dairy commissioner, made an eloquent plea for the dairy interests.

MASONS CONFER WORK

Scottish Rite Bodies Will Open Four-Day Spring Reunion Monday.

Minneapolis.—The Minneapolis bodies of Scottish Rite Masons held their spring reunion at the Masonic temple beginning Monday morning and continuing four days in which degrees from the fourth to the thirty-second were conferred. Reunions of the Scottish Rite bodies at Duluth and Winona took place at the same time.

$3,000 FOR SON'S DEATH

Woman at Luverne Recovers From Brick Company.

Luverne.—In district court the jury awarded Mrs. Maud Carver, administratrix, against Luverne Brick and Tile company, $3,000 damages for accidental killing of her son, Kenneth Carver, in an elevator shaft at the company's plant last June. The boy's head was caught between the elevator floor and wall, and the body drawn to the upper floor in this manner.

RIVER FLEET IS READY

Government Boats Repaired and Many New Barges Built.

Wabasha.—The government fleet, which has been in winter quarters at Fountain City and South Stillwater, has been repaired, and many barges built. At South Stillwater ten barges have been built and eight others commenced. At Fountain City four barges have been completed and good progress made in the construction of one building, and one inspection boat. Extensive repairs are under way on the dredge Vesuvius, and towboats, Alert, Fury and Elsie. By the time the river opens everything will be in readiness.

The government dam across the river used as a road to the ferry, will be extended 260 feet. This will cut the channel down to about 600 feet, and will make ferrying much easier. Work will be completed early in May.

Miss Clara Hess of Wabasha and Walter Gorke of Chicago were married by Rev. Thomas Billing.

OLD ELEVATOR SOLD

Rochester One First of a Long Chain in the Northwest.

Rochester.—The Van Dusen elevator of this city has been sold to Thomas Boler and Michael Scanlon of Olmstead county the sale marking the passing from the Van Dusen interests of the first elevator started by G. W. Van Dusen, and which led to the formation of the chain of Van Dusen elevators in the Northwest.

It was in the seventies that G. W. Van Dusen commenced the buying of grain in Rochester on a small scale, opening a small elevator here. Gradually he extended his operation until elevators were established along the main line of the North-Western road. The increasing business necessitated the removal of the company offices from Rochester to Minneapolis.

Later the Van Dusen elevators were sold to a British syndicate, G. W. Van Dusen remaining as manager for ten years. This was followed by the acquirement of the interests by the Van Dusen-Harrington company.

METALS AT NORTHOME

Northern Minnesota Men Said to Have Pierced Vein Worth $150 a Ton.

International Falls.—Much excitement has been caused by the discovery of gold and copper in paying quantities in Section 21, township 151, range 28, near Northome, on the property of the Koochiching Vermillion Iron company, which was being drilled for iron ore.

The gold-bearing quartz was struck at a depth of 100 feet below the surface. The drill has bored 60 feet in the quartz and assays show the quartz to be worth $150 a ton.

Practically all the stock in the company is owned by J. E. Cowan of International Falls, Ed. Feeney of Maple Lake and business men of Northome.

The gold-bearing rock is believed to be a part of the rock ledge which runs diagonally through this county from International Falls to Northome, from which many nuggets have been picked up at various points the past ten years.

SOO TRAIN WRECKE

Six Coaches of Passenger No. 106 Derailed Near Belgrade, Minn.

Belgrade.—Passenger train No. 106, eastbound, on the Soo Line, due in Minneapolis about 7 a. m., was wrecked three miles east of Belgrade. Six cars left the track on a twenty-foot embankment, and some of them rolled into the ditch below. Two sleeping coaches, the diner, a day coach, smoker and baggage car were derailed.

A dozen persons were injured, but only one seriously—A. Linderholm, a stock buyer of this place. He was badly cut and bruised about the head, and will probably lose the sight of one eye. Conductor Anger of Minneapolis was slightly hurt. The baggageman happened to be out of his car or otherwise he would probably have been killed.

The accident is supposed to have been caused by a defective rail. The track was torn up a distance of a quarter of a mile.

SUES SALOON MAN

Case Involves Killing of Man While He Was Drunk, Near Wadena.

Redwood Falls.—The administrators of the estate of the late John Choudek have brought suit against saloonkeepers at Wanda for $10,000. The case will be tried here at the spring term of court next month. John Choudek was killed about a month ago near Wanda, by an automobile while he lay in the road stupid with drink.

The case will be tried under the 1911 laws, which give action to certain persons or their heirs and at least will establish a precedent for this locality. If the case is won by the plaintiff it will be a hard blow to saloonkeepers.

Cupid As Booster.

Virginia.—The thing that is retarding the devolpment of the fine agricultural country known as the Little Fork region, north of Virginia, is not pine stumps nor a rigorous climate, according to H. B. Ellsworth of Cook. Mr. Ellsworth is a homesteader, a mill owner and a progressive pioneer. He says the most crying need of the country is to get the hundreds of bachelors who live alone on homesteads, mated with good women, and the problem of the development of the country is solved.

WHAT INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS SAY

Insurance Commissioner Wm. H. Hotchkiss of New York, chairman of the executive committee of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners, prior to the last Head Camp of the Modern Woodmen of America, gave the following official notice to that society:

"Pursuant to action of the national convention of state insurance commissioners, at its adjourned session in December last, I write you this expression of views as to the necessity of your order—as well as all other fraternal benefit societies—placing itself on a firm foundation as to rates. An insurance society which in these days does not recognize that the cost of insurance is fixed by laws other than man's laws—namely, the laws of nature—or prescribes for its members either a flat rate, irrespective of the age of its members, or any other rate that is not scientifically safe, is deceiving both itself and its members and approaching the time—perhaps slowly, but not the less surely—when it must fail and its contracts be repudiated. The fraternal spirit is a good thing; but the rates and management of fraternal societies must also be such that the beneficiaries of the last member to die will receive every dollar that such member's certificate calls for."

State Insurance Commissioner Ekern of Wisconsin has issued an official interview in which he says: "Fraternal societies generally have come to recognize that their business must be conducted on a sound basis. This means a re-rating for nearly every society, and members who do not fully understand the situation are often inclined to complain of increases in their rates. They should understand that with a re-rating on a sound basis they have a much more valuable insurance than before. All are benefited by getting a permanent insurance for what was uncertain before. The Modern Woodmen of America, by reason of its long experience with a large membership, is permitted to make a rate upon its own experience, which is even lower than that based on the National Fraternal Congress table, which new societies must adopt. The cost of this insurance is not a matter of mortality tables or rates charged, but depends upon the actual deaths in the society. A re-rating merely means that each member shall pay his real share of that cost. Members who think of dropping their insurance will do well to take enough time to study the question before doing anything which may bring regret to both themselves and their families."

The Chicago Inter Ocean says:

"It is unpleasant for the members of the Modern Woodmen Society to have to pay more for their insurance, but let them think how much more unpleasant it would be for those 5,000,000 women and children, or any of them, to be deprived of that protection because their husbands or fathers got angry. That is what all Woodmen should think about."

Facetious Operator.

"I say, mister," said the cadaverous man, entering the telegraph office, "could you trust me for a telegram I want to send my wife? I pay you tomorrow."

"Sorry, sir," said the operator, "but we are terribly rushed these days and there isn't a tick in the office that isn't working overtime as it is."—Harper's Weekly.

Means to Enjoy Closing Years.

Having made a million dollars by the practice of law since he quit politics, former Congressman and Governor Frank S. Black, aged fifty-eight, has confirmed the reports that he has retired. "After a certain point is reached it isn't money a man should work for, but time. You can't defy human nature," he says.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Idle Fund.

"That man has a vast fund of information."

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum; "but he can't put a dollar mark in front of it and use it for a campaign fund."

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Knew His Weakness.

Benham—I like to linger over a bath.

Mrs. Benham—Yes, an internal one.

When a young widow makes up her mind to marry a bachelor he may possibly escape by dying.

To restore a normal action to Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, take Garfield Tea, the mild herb laxative. All druggists.

When a man is completely wrapped up in himself the package is apt to be small.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

What ought not to be done, do not even think of doing.—Epictetus.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Some of the charity that begins at home isn't up to the standard.

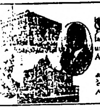
A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College



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MANKATO, MINN.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 6, 1912

The Willmar Tribune conducted a straw vote of Kandiyohi county. Roosevelt received 932 votes, La Follette 624, Bryan ran ahead of Wilson. Eberhart received 565 votes, Gordon 344, Lee 283, and Lobek, prohibitionist, 274.

A convention of ninth district socialists was held at Crookston last Wednesday evening for the purpose of picking a candidate for congress. The choice is between M. A. Brattland of Ada and Dr. Cowles of Detroit the choice to be decided by a referendum vote of the members of the party thruout the district.

The presidential preferential primary plan was turned down at a meeting of the state republican central committee Tuesday. On a motion to table a resolution providing for the plan, the vote stood: Ayes, 28; nays, 7; not voting 2. The state convention will be held in Minneapolis May 16.

Every candidate for governor this year should guard carefully against paralysis. Impudence and arrogance sometimes frighten the timid and drive them into positions where it is difficult to extricate themselves. All of us have the same right to the highest office in the realm, but all are not brave enough to fight for our inalienable rights.—Cass Lake Times.

New York state held a primary election last Tuesday to determine the choice of the "mob" for president of the United States. The results where overwhelming for Taft, and Teddy was turned down hard in his own state. It may be as regular as political parties usually do things, but Teddy is already howling fraud and "steam roller." La Follette was not interested in that election, he is a western man, not well known in the Empire State. There's fun ahead, plenty of it, not far away. —Cass Lake Times.

The real estate men are all very optimistic about the present outlook for the year 1912 and we shall see many new settlers come to Pennington county. Already a great many have come and have settled upon farms which they have already purchased. All the newspapers of the Red River valley tell every week of new settlers arriving. The prosperous years of the past have stimulated the demand for real estate and there will be no better opportunity than the present to become the owner of a good farm home—the safest investment on earth.

Senator La Follette carried the North Dakota primaries and this is giving his candidacy a fresh start and courage, but no matter how he may exert himself, and his friends for him, he can only carry a very limited number of northwestern states. This is the reason why thoughtful progressive republicans are attempting to draft Colonel Roosevelt again into service. There is no one who is fair but what will acknowledge that Senator La Follette is a mighty good man, but as a matter of expedience, the progressive republicans of today are looking for a man who can carry the election.

The other day a merchant in a nearby town saw a farmer receiving goods at the station from a Chicago mail order house, says an exchange. The goods were in his line and the same had been carried in his store for years. He approached the farmer and said: "I could have sold you every article you have there for less money than you paid the Chicago house and saved you the freight besides." "Then why on earth didn't you say so?" answered the farmer, "I have taken the local paper for years and have never seen a line about you selling these goods. The Chicago house sent advertising matter to me, asking for my trade and they got it."—Bemidji Pioneer.

CATCHING UP WITH COL. ROOSEVELT

Taft Trying to Have Supreme Court Decision Recalled.

CHIEF JUSTICE WITH HIM

Mimeograph Case, Gives Special Point to Columbus Speech—Administration Wants Congress to Overthrow Court's Action.

On February 21 Colonel Roosevelt delivered before the constitutional convention of Ohio an oration on "A Charter of Democracy," in which he denounced the doctrine of the infallibility of the courts as a grave danger menacing American institutions, and advocated a simplified method for the recall of court decisions by the people. At once he was assailed by the representatives of Big Business and of Monopoly as an advocate of virtual anarchy and a living threat against the safety of property.

Of course, at the time he was speaking more particularly of state courts, but in less than three weeks—on March 11, to be exact—the Supreme Court of the United States handed down a decision, coupled with the dissent of three members, including that of the chief justice, vindicating Colonel Roosevelt's attitude in every particular. The Supreme Court caught up with Roosevelt. And the severe comments drawn upon himself from the advocates of special privilege ought now, in all justice, to be passed on to the Supreme Court and especially to Chief Justice White. For if ever a human being voiced a demand for the recall of a decision of the courts, Chief Justice White did so in his dissenting opinion.

The Case in Point.

The case was that of Sidney Henry et al vs. the A. B. Dick company. The Dick company owned the patent on a rotary mimeograph. It sold one of the machines to Miss Christina B. Skou, of New York, under a stipulation that the ink, stencil paper and other supplies used with the invention must be bought from the Dick company. The Henry company sold Miss Skou ink for the mimeograph that was not Dick ink, and the Dick company sued the Henry company and Miss Skou for infringement of the patent on the mimeograph. On March 11, with only seven members of the United States Supreme Court sitting, four of them, constituting a majority, decided the case and held that when the Henry company sold the non-Dick ink to Miss Skou and she used it, this constituted an infringement of the patent.

In a dissenting opinion, in which he was joined by Justices Hughes and Lamar, Chief Justice White denounced this extraordinary opinion in the most biting language. Stating that the patent did not cover the ink in any way, he demanded that the legislative department of the government amend the law so as to make it impossible for the precedent established by the decision to be maintained; and then he cited some of the weird and ridiculous lengths to which this decision, if it were maintained, would reasonably lead.

Views of Chief Justice.

"Under this decision it is now the law," declared the chief justice, "that when a patentee sells an engine, "that has a right to bring under the patent laws all coal or electrical energy used to work the machine, or even the lubricants employed in its operation. Take a patented carpenter's plane, The power now exists to confine the carpenter buying it to the use of lumber sawed from trees grown on the land of a particular person or sawed in a particular mill. The owner of a patented cooking device can now hold the buyer to use it in connection with no other food supply than that sold by the holder of the patent. The purchaser of a patented window frame may now be compelled to use no material in his house not bought from the holder of the patent on the frame. It is now established that by putting on a sewing machine, in addition to the notice of patent required by law, a notice called a license restriction, the right is acquired as against the whole world to control the sale of all the materials used in the operation of the machine by the person who has bought it. These illustrations are not imaginary.

"The ruling now made is in effect that the patentee has the power by contract to extend his patent rights so as to bring within the claims of his patent things which are not embraced therein, thus virtually legislating by causing the patent laws to cover subjects to which they could not reach, the result being to multiply monopolies at the will of an interested party."

The decision caused a laugh of derision throughout the national capital. The advocates of the doctrine of the infallibility of the courts were overcome with chagrin, while the supporters of Colonel Roosevelt inquired with sarcastic emphasis whether the people at the polls, so frequently denounced as a "mob" by the advocates of special privilege, could ever do anything worse.

Applying the Recall.

In the meantime, the attorney general and other administration opponents of Colonel Roosevelt fluttered about in flabbergasted haste to find some speedy way to recall the opinion: for if sustained this opinion will take the life out of some of the most spectacular trust busting suits the administration has in its incubator. The attorney general notified the defeated litigants that if they were game to try to secure a rehearing of the case before a full bench of the Supreme Court, the administration would be glad to lend all the assistance of which the Department of Justice was capable. At the same time the attorney general commenced the preparation of a bill for the amendment of the patent law, with the intention of setting congress loose at the Supreme Court. Other steps for the recall of the decision were inaugurated by the commissioner of patents, who also began to work on a bill to be handed to congress.

While this was going on in the executive end of the government, the scene on Capitol Hill was equally lively. Apparently every legislator in congress wanted a copy of the decision, some for the purpose of enjoying themselves and others to study it in the search for a way to recall it. The supply of copies was only normal and was soon exhausted, but the demand was so insistent that the court officials bowed to popular clamor, at the risk of being charged with having been swayed by the mob, and had an additional supply printed.

This is the second piece of sensational legislation perpetrated by the United States Supreme Court within a few months, but this later instance could not better serve as an endorsement of Colonel Roosevelt's plea for the recall of court decisions if it had beed made to order for that purpose.

The Supreme Court has indeed caught up with Colonel Roosevelt.

SPOILS SYSTEM USED FOR TAFT

Machine Hard at Work to Override Will of Republican Voters.

DEBAUCHERY IS THE RULE

Disgraceful Tactics Observed in Indiana, Kansas and Other States to Prevent Real Popular Expression.

Washington.—Outrages more flagrant than any that ever disgraced Republican politics have characterized the fight in behalf of the renomination of William Howard Taft to date.

The brutal force of organization, backed by the tremendous influence of the spoils system and the debauching and intimidating effects of corporation activities in politics, have produced, in a number of recent instances, results which cannot fail to arouse the general indignation of the voters everywhere.

By the sheer force of organization methods, the Taft men are seeking to override the will of the people, obviously believing that the people will submit supinely and fail to resent an open denial of their rights in their own system of government. Some of these instances make plain why the Taft supporters have so persistently and so stubbornly resisted the election of delegates by a direct vote of the people.

Kansas as Example.

This is what happened recently in Kansas. Twenty-seven members of the state committee, which is composed of one hundred and five members in all, met and refused to permit a presidential preference primary in that state—notwithstanding almost unanimous Republican sentiment for the primary—and declared in favor of the renomination of Taft. This action was effected in this way: Fifty-one members of the state committee, less than a quorum, met and without any right to transact business of any kind, held this meeting. The state committee is made up of the chairmen of the different counties who are regularly elected in primaries. Under the law, no member can give his proxy to another member. He must represent his county in person. In the meeting of the committee held, twenty-four of the members present were Roosevelt men. They raised the point of no quorum, and to meet this the Taft men presented several federal office holders, not members of the committee, who presented what they claimed were proxies from absent committee members.

Playing the "Game."

These proxies were without value. Notwithstanding this, the proxy holders were seated by the Taft organization men, until a bare numerical quorum but not a legal quorum was established. Then they proceeded to take the action set forth. There was not a semblance of legality in the proceedings, yet under the circumstances the public was powerless to prevent the outrage. Its effect is to deprive the voters of Kansas of the right to choose their national delegates, and leaves the selection to the discredited bosses of a machine which was supposed to have been wrecked long ago.

Debauching Oklahoma.

Another illustration is furnished by the third district of Oklahoma. In this district when the convention assembled the Roosevelt delegates numbered 646 and the Taft delegates 170. The Taft men controlled the chairman and other officers of the district committee. When the latter found they were outnumbered they withdrew with the other 170 Taft delegates and held a convention of their own. The Roosevelt men, outnumbering the Taft supporters nearly four to one, proceeded to elect delegates pledged to support Theodore Roosevelt. The bolting minority elected two delegates pledged to Taft. Under no principle of right or justice could the Taft delegates establish the slightest claim to seats in the convention. But under the organization system, merely because the district committee was controlled through federal office holders by the Taft administration, the Taft delegates are heralded to the country as the regularly elected delegates and the men chosen by the overwhelming majority of regularly chosen district delegates and directed to support Theodore Roosevelt must appear before the national committee at Chicago as contestants.

If the national committee pursues organization methods, they will be refused admittance to the convention.

Cantata at M. E. Church

A cantata, entitled, "The Easter Light," will be givin at the Imperial hall Sunday evening, April 7, at 8 o'clock, by the Sunday school of the M. E. church.

All are cordially invited.

Consolidation of Schools

A meeting was held yesterday to consider the question of consolidation of districts 54, 178, 237, and 24 with the St. Hilaire district, under the new law. Prof. Hay of the Thief River Falls schools and Supt. Selvig of the state experiment station at Crookston addressed the meeting. C. H. Martz acted as chairman.

Much surprise was expressed at the small attendance and apparent lack of interest. The reason was not far to seek. A change in school methods of so radical and sweeping a nature should have been discussed pro and con in these columns for weeks before any attempt was made to take any action. But the Spectator was not even informed that such action was contemplated until a ten line local was brought in last week at the last moment. When the churches want to give a program they give it more notice than that.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, } ss.
Pennington County. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Havlorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons of parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m22-a27

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County, }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
m22-a27 Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

SUMMONS

State of Minnesota, }
County of Pennington }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court and to serve a copy of your answer thereto upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Crookston, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of such service.

If you fail to answer the complaint within such time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

F. A. GRADY.
Attorney for Plaintiff. Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota, m2-a6

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota. }
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. O. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles C. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants, the object of which is to obtain a judgment that said plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described property, and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: The southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26), in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY.
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Dated at Crookston, Minn., Feb. 12, 1912.
Merchants National Bank Crookston, Minnesota.

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota. }
County of Pennington. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
J. K. Sherwood, Plaintiff,
vs
Thomas T. Sanwick, Charles D. Rogers, F. T. Day, also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take notice that no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and that the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Southeast quarter (se¼) of section twenty-six (26) in township one hundred fifty-three (153) north of range forty-four (44), west of the fifth principal meridian in Minnesota, in the county of Pennington and state aforesaid.

F. A. GRADY.
Attorney for Plaintiff, Merchants National Bank Building, Crookston, Minnesota.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 22;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 11 of mortgages on page 264; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty ($150.00) dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five (75.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.

F. HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. N. ECKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee,
Warren, Minn. m1-a5

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty six ($36.00) dollars interest, which became due October 1st 1911, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David W. Clayton and Mary E. Clayton, mortgagors, to Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1907, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of April, 1907, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages on page 441, and now on record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in said state, in book 21 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 19th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m. in book 52 of mortgages on page 476, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 12.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee, thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalia Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final decree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed said mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalie Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m. in book A of Miscellaneous on page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 160.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest, the whole principal sum of said mortgage due on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalie Rosenberg, assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIE ROSENBERG,
Assignee of mortgagee.
CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. a6-m11

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

State of Minnesota, } ss Office of County
County of Red Lake, } Auditor,

To Oscar W. Simple. To O. L. Hanson.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 17, block 28, in the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, is now assessed in your names.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1908, at the sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A.D. 1908, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1906, for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota for the sum of fifteen dollars and seventy-seven cents; that upon the 27th day of March 1911, said land still remaining unredeemed, and the amount for which the same was bid in for the state, together with all the subsequent delinquent taxes, penalties, interest and costs, amounting in all to seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents, having been paid into the treasury of said county by Daniel Patterson, said land was assigned and conveyed to him by the auditor of said county, pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided: that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents and interest on seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the 27th day of March, 1911, to the day such redemption is made; and that the said tax certificate has been presented to me by the holder thereof, and the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this [illegible] day of March A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) [illegible]
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday April 14, at 3o'clock p. m
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3680 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASSLAR, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.
m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

John Deere Light Draft Sulky and Gang Plows

Represent the bigest point reached in the production of a perfect Riding Plow. They mean to the farmer everything that quality of work, ease of management, strength and durability mean to him, and what lightness of draft means to his horses.

Get to know what scores of your neighbors are doing with it and you will have no other.

The next time you are in town, come in and let me show you the John Deere Plow—the world's standard.

N. A. NELSON.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Yesterday was Good Friday, a legal holiday.

Mrs D. McAllister was at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Olson went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Strom and Eddie Carlson were in Thief River Falls Monday.

S. L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was in St. Hilaire Wednesday.

Dr. Owens and Oscar Gunstad drove to Thief River Falls Thursday

Miss Duddy and Miss Faust went Wednesday to Thief River Falls.

Miss Effie Hanson completed a term of school last Friday near Hazel.

Mr. Monson of Shelly is visiting with his uncle, S. Bensen, and family.

Misses Huldah Gigstad and Carrie Hodgson were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Lyman Peck, who has been visiting at Crookston arrived here Wednesday.

Mrs. Ravis returned yesterday to Red Lake Falls after a visit with friends here.

Miss Regna Loberg returned yesterday from Crookston for a visit at home.

We have on good authority that the clerk of court was actually seen at work one day this week.

Andrew Loberg, who is digging wells in the vicinity of Little Oak in Deer Park township, was in town Thursday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet with Mrs. S. Benson next Friday.

A representative of the Minneapolis Journal was "doing" the town on Wednesday.

Miss Alma Miller, who is teaching near Wylie, is spending the Easter vacation with friends here.

A bright baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Bjerk on Monday, April 1.

Getting one's name into print is easy; keeping out of the papers is the sign of real success.

Miss Florence Stivers returned Monday to Dugdale after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Bahan.

Myles Jackson and John Peterson went Wednesday to Fort Francis, where they will be employed in the mill.

Several Red Lake Falls young ladies have taken the advantage of Easter vacation to visit friends here.

A. Satterberg is drilling for a well west of his livery barn. Hans Wilson's machine is doing the work.

If you want to be good to yourself, to your wife, and to your family, you want to buy your shoes and your summer goods from Henry Goergen.

Elmer Hackatt has rented the H. O. Haugen house next south of Andrew Hall's residence and will live there until he can build on his farm east of town.

Misses Inez Patterson and Dora Barrette will go to International Falls tomorrow morning to be the guests of Miss Barrette's sister for a few days.—Bemidji Pioneer.

Call on N. A. Nelson for seed corn, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, clover, and other grass seeds. You better get what you need now, or you will pay much higher prices.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Miss Agnes Faust is the guest of Miss Amelia Duddy during the Easter vacation. Miss Faust, who was formerly a teacher in the St. Hilaire schools, now teaches at Roseau.

Miss Ida Kalland completed last week a very successful term of school—her first attempt by the way—in district 106 in Sanders township. A fine program was rendered at the school house on the evening of the last day.

Through the kindness of C. C. Elliott the Methodist church of Ogden, Iowa, have presented to the St. Hilaire Methodist church, a pulpit and three chairs, very nice, of which they are very proud. They arrived and were installed in the church last week and were used for the first time last Sunday.

Tommorrow is Easter.

Mrs. J. A. Richardson went to Fargo Friday.

Don't miss the cantata at Imperial hall Sunday evening.

Miss Effie Hanson went Thursday evening to Crookston.

George Bakko paid a visit to Thief River Falls yesterday.

John Gustafson came down from Thief River Falls yesterday.

Farmers have been at work on their lands since Wednesday.

The St. Hilaire fire department will give a dance April 12, 1912.

Come and hear the children Easter night, at the Imperial hall.

T. D. Tice was in town Wednesday and took the train for Crookston.

C. C. Elliott has been in Iowa since Tuesday on land business intent.

K. O. Gigstad was in Thief River Falls Thursday looking after business matters.

Miss Agnes Aastad of Thief River Falls is the guest of Miss Ruth Gigstad.

Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum were in Thief River Falls between trains yesterday.

L. Goldich, a merchant of Grand Forks, is the guest of his brother-in-law, David Lazar.

Miss Olga Hanson returned to her home in Red Lake Falls Friday for the Easter holiday.

Mrs. K. O. Gigstad and her sister, Miss Lydia Anderson, were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday.

J. H. Easton, traveling auditor for the St. Hilaire lumber company visited O. H. Olson yesterday.

On her return to Red Lake Falls Thursday Miss Eva Johnson was accompanied by Miss Mabel Letvig.

Misses Katherine and Mabel Pattersau went to Crookston Wednesday evening to visit friends.

Miss Nora Johnson just finished a term of school near Huot in Polk county. She returned home yesterday.

H. B. Newell, the Thief River Falls veterinary, was in town Wednesday and went to Red Lake Falls.

Commissioner Aubol returned yesterday from Thief River Falls.

P. Simonson went yesterday to Bemidji, where he will be employed in the sawmill.

Oliver Johnson came down Wednesday from Thief River Falls for a couple of days' visit with his mother, Mrs. Bjerk.

Adolph Brandvold loaded a car of emigrant moveables and shipped yesterday to Rudyard, Montana, where he is the owner of a farm.

Theodore Roy, who is in attendance at the state university of North Dakota at Grand Forks, came Thursday for a short visit at home.

Ed Hackett, of Wakonda S. D. with his family have arrived in town. Mr. Hackett is a brother to Elmer Hackett who arrived here a week ago.

Olaf Opperud of Marion N. D., arrived yesterday for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. Satterberg. Mr. Opperud is a brother to Mrs. Satterberg.

Everett Smith and Ralph Hall returned yesterday from Winnebago, and will at once take up the work of entertaining land seekers in connection with the Elliott agency.

Superintendent Anderson of Red Lake county was in town yesterday and went to Red Lake Falls. He came in from six miles in the country on foot and found walking rather warm work.

Henry Clinker of Minneapolis is in town with a view to buying land. Mr. Clicker formerly owned a farm in Rocksbury which he sold last season, and has now concluded that he wants to be the owner Pennington county dirt.

Cornelius Howland, a farmer living south of town, was taken to Thief River Falls the first of the week and adjudged insane. He was taken to Fergus Falls Tuesday by Sheriff LaBree, assisted by Sam Thompson, a neighbor. Mr. Howalnd came here a year ago from Iowa. He is a single man. He is said to have gone insane over religion.

Clean Up Notice

Notice hereby given to all property owners in St. Hilaire, to remove all garbage and refuse from their property at the earliest possible date. By order of board of health.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer

Spring Dress Goods

New Goods for Spring arriving daily. Dress Goods, Shoes, and Oxfords, Hats and Caps, etc. Do your trading where you share in the profits.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held April 1, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present except McKercher.

Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

John Forseen, salary March and extra labor	$18.60
St. Hilaire Spectator, publishing proceedings March	6.25
Dr. C. Swanson, salary last quarter, board health, clerk of election	24.75
Dan Patterson, year on board of health	4.00
B. E. Burkee, 2 per cent receipts and disbursements	40.10
A. R. Jones, half year salary as councilman, clerk of election	7.00
J. C. Dahl, half year salary as president of village council, judge of election	7.00
H. A. Olson, half year's salary as councilman, judge of election, board of health	11.00
G. I. Fellman, freight and express on chemical	10.40
Henry Kalland, six hours labor	1.25

On motion duly made and carried the firemens' report was accepted.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held April 2, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bill was allowed:

R. J. McKercher, half year's salary as councilman, judge of election	7.00

On motion duly made and carried Tom Hovet was appointed a member of the board of health.

On motion duly made and carried H. A. Olson and R. J. McKercher were appointed on the road and bridge committee.

On motion duly made and carried Tom Hovet and Dr. C. Swanson were appointed on the finance committee.

On motion duly made and carried R. J. McKercher and Dr. C. Swanson were appointed on the poor committee.

On motion duly made and carried the recorder's salary was fixed at $75.00 per year.

On motion duly made and carried the bonds of recorder and treasurer were fixed at $500. and $3000 respectively.

On motion duly made and carried the bond of B. E. Burkee with Dan. Patterson and K. O. Gigstad as sureties and that of Dr. C. Swanson with K. O. Gigstad and A. S. Wilson as sureties were accepted.

On motion duly made and carried John Forseen was elected marshal, his salary to be the $15.00 per month, his duties to be the same as during the previous year, and he to be allowed 10 per cent in dog and poll tax collected and he to be pound master, marshal, dog and poll tax collector, fire warden, and it be his duty to repair any small deficiency in sidewalks that be necessary.

On motion duly made and carried the dog tax was fixed at one dollar for males and three dollars for females.

On motion duly made and carried the poll tax was fixed at one dollar or a day's work.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

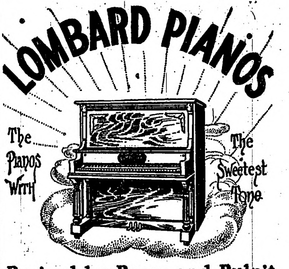
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN, Agent

CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY

DRILLS, Shoe and Single Disc
DISC HARROWS, all sizes
HARROWS, wood and steel frame
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf

HOLMES BROS.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

PRESS OF COUNTRY PRAISED

Officers of Anti-Tuberculosis Association Acknowledge Debt in Fight Against Dread Disease.

Publicity in newspapers and magazine to the amount of 1,500,000 inches a year on tuberculosis and its prevention is being given by the press of the United States, according to an estimate issued recently by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. If all the publicity on tuberculosis given by the press of this country gathered in one paper, the National Association estimates it would make a paper of over 6,250 pages. In the last four years, during which time an active publicity campaign has been carried on, the National Association estimates that over 5,000,000 inches, or over 90 miles, of press notices on tuberculosis have been published.

"Publicity is the very heart of the educational campaign against tuberculosis," says Dr. Livingston Farrand, the executive secretary of the national association. "Largely because of the intelligent co-operation of the press has the anti-tuberculosis movement in this country been able to become, as it is, the greatest organized movement of its kind in the world. When tuberculosis shall have become a rare disease the American press may justly claim a large share in this gigantic achievement."

Sad Case.

"I hear your husband has lost his public job."

"Yes."

"What does he expect to do now?"

"Well, he told me this morning that unless he could get reinstated pretty soon he would have to go to work somewhere."—Chicago Record-Herald.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Candid Admission.

"What are your ideas about reform?"

"About the same as everybody's," replied Senator Sorghum. "I have a general impression that myself and my personal and political friends are the only people who do not need it."

His Business to Know.

Wife—Look, I bought this fur coat today. They tell me we are going to have very cold weather soon.

Husband—Who told you so?

Wife—The furrier.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

An Objection.

"He gave you some sound advice."

"That's what he did. I would have liked it better without so much sound."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A woman thinks a man is extravagant because he would as soon pay $1 for anything he wants as 98 cents.

An optimist is a man who knows that his troubles might be worse.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

There are a few things that even a young man doesn't know.

Garfield Tea, the natural remedy for Constipation, can always be relied on.

Many a brave man has lost his nerve in a dentist's chair.

NERVOUS
DESPONDENT
WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound —Their Own Statements So Testify.

Platea, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Platea, Pa., Box 98.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if any one even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1, No.2, No.3. THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX [illegible] DR. LE CLERC MED. CO. HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER [illegible] JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Faribault.—Judge John C. Turner, a pioneer resident of this city is dead.

Hibbing.—Unless some better means can be found to combat trachoma at the mining locations, foreigners afflicted with the disease in advanced stages may be deported.

St. Paul. — Governor A. O. Eberhart will not call a special session of the legislature, as requested by the state managers of the Roosevelt and La Follette presidential moves.

Crookston. — "Dude" Holberg was arrested here by Deputy Sheriff Kelly and Chief Eck, charged with blowing the safe in Albert Jance's saloon on December 9 last, when $200 was obtained.

Cannon Falls.—The badly decomposed body of an unknown man was found near Stanton. The body lay face downward in a clump of underbrush and was partly inbedded in snow and ice.

Moorhead.—A. J. Rustad, known as the "Norwegian Prince," took his life. He had been in bad health for two years and especially despondent recently. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter.

Mankato. — On complaint of E. B. Helberg, state dairy and food inspector, Henry Hanson, a Lake Crystal meat dealer, pleaded guilty to adulterating bologna sausage with coal tar dye, and paid a fine of $25.

St. Paul. — Miss Ada M. Cox, aged 25, stenographer of Chicago, recovered a verdict of $15,208 in her suit for $25,000 damages against William R. Edwards, millionaire, head of the Edwards Lumber company, for breach of promise.

Duluth. — E. J. Fillatrault, president of the Duluth Rotary club, has received word that the national convention of Rotary clubs of America will be held in Duluth the latter part of July or the first week of August.

Mora.—Eugene Thomas, the sixteen-year-old Minneapolis boy who confessed to shooting and killing R. N. Winters in a lonely cabin near here ten days or more ago, pleaded guilty before Judge Stolberg to murder in the second degree and was immediately condemned to a sentence without limit as to time, and also at hard labor in the state reformatory at St. Cloud.

Winona.—Spring and the approach of the seeding season is being heralded with optimistic expressions by the farmers of Southern Minnesota. The winter's heavy snow has been of inestimable value in preparing the soil for the 1912 crops. Everywhere the belief prevails that this season is to establish a record. Fortified with this feeling, farmers are planning their work, which is to be actively begun within the next two or three weeks. Plowing will begin within a few days, it is believed.

Duluth.—Mayor John A. McCuen said that he will approve the resolution passed by the city council opening negotiations with the Duluth Edison Electric company for the purchase of its plant. The resolution states that the council is unalterably opposed to entering into any contract with the Edison company, and asks the company to submit to the council the lowest price which it will accept for the property. It appears that several of the aldermen in the council did not fully appreciate the significance of the resolution at the time it was read by the city clerk. Some of them since have said they are not desirous of going on record as being unalterably opposed to entering into any contract with the local light company.

Duluth.—To make Duluth a "city of homes" and to procure a population of 100,000 by January 1, 1914, is the purpose of the Greater Duluth club, organized at a gathering of business and professional men. The new club will work for the interests of Duluth and its surrounding territory, and its slogan will be, "I am for Duluth." To this end those at the head of the Greater Duluth club already have procured the signatures of 400 business and professional men as members of the club, and it is planned to have a membership of 500 at the banquet April 23 in honor of Edmund Pennington, president of the Soo railroad, to celebrate the opening of the Frederic extension, which will give a new line from Duluth to the Twin City.

Washington.—Representative Steenerson introduced a bill which seeks to prevent the federal courts from taking jurisdiction in cases where the sum involved is less than $10,000 instead of $3,000, as at present, and which will deny defendant corporations the right to remove suits brought against them from the county in which process is served or where the cause of the action arose. Mr. Steenerson's measure is aimed principally at railroads, lumber and other corporations composed principally or entirely of Minnesota men, but incorporated under the laws of Wisconsin or other states, which permits them to force damage suits against them into federal courts hundreds of miles away from the cause of the action.

Arson Laid to Realty Man.

Duluth. — Vernon G. Bell, a real estate man, is in custody charged with attempting to burn a house he owned. He hired a man to do the job, the police say, and the man happening to be a detective connected with the city force, let Mr. Bell go as far as he liked with the details. When Bell had finished the plot, it is alleged, and had turned over part of the insurance policy to the sleuth, he was arrested. An ex-convict, whom he is said to have first approached, is alleged to have notified the police.

Sheriff Stops Prize Fight.

Duluth. — The scheduled prize fight between Art Godfrey, of Minneapolis, and George Perkins, of Milwaukee, at a local hall was stopped by Sheriff Meining. The authorities arrested the principals. The men were about to shake hands and begin the fight when the sheriff and several deputies entered the ring and made the arrests. After his arrest, by a ruse at the jail, Perkins made his escape and hurried across the bay to Superior. He is outside the jurisdiction of the sheriff now.

BACKACHE A SIGNAL OF DISTRESS

Pain in the back is the kidneys' signal of distress. If this timely warning is ignored, there is grave danger of dropsy, gravel, uric poisoning, or Bright's disease.

When you have reason to suspect your kidneys, use a special kidney medicine.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve weak, congested kidneys—cure backache—regulate the urine. Good proof in the following statement.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

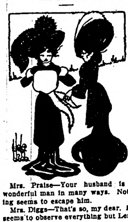
A DOCTOR'S TESTIMONY

Dr. H. Green, 216 N. 9th Street, North Yakima, Wash. says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills in my practice for years and they have given satisfaction. I have taken Doan's Kidney Pills personally and pronounce them the best remedy I have prescribed in my long career as a physician and surgeon."

AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

HIS LIMITATION.



Mrs. Praise—Your husband is a wonderful man in many ways. Nothing seems to escape him.

Mrs. Diggs—That's so, my dear. He seems to observe everything but Lent.

Such Is Life.

Dugan—Oh my, oh my! isn't Casey put'n on g-rand airs wid his new autymobile? An' over in the ould counthry I dare say he went barefutted.

Ryan—Faith, not be his own accounts. He says he had a turnout over there thot atthracted great attintion.

Dugan—Av coorse; an eviction always does.

Dark.

Hewett—It is pretty cloudy.

Jewett—Yes, a sort of brunette day.

Bathetic.

General Marion Maus has a keen and delicate taste in literature, and at a recent dinner at Vancouver Barracks, discussing a popular novel of little worth, General Maus said:

"The pathos of the book is really bathos. It reminds me of a private's widow. The good woman was about to sell her household furniture, her rugs, plated ware and what not. As she was going over these articles her eyes filled with tears, a host of memories rose to her mind, and, laying aside a half-dozen knives, she said:

"'Oh, dear! I can't let these go! They've been in poor George's mouth too often!'"

When to Call the Doctor.

When to summon the doctor is a point which has probably puzzled most people at one time or another, but in the case of throat and intestinal troubles there should be no uncertainty, says a medical authority. The doctor should be summoned at once, for the sore throat may be diphtheria, and the intestinal symptoms may mean peritonitis, appendicitis or any one of a dozen complications of serious character. Valuable time and the golden opportunity may be wasted by waiting for symptoms that are severe enough to justify calling the doctor.

SHE QUIT COFFEE
And Much Good Came From It.

It is hard to believe that coffee will put a person in such a condition as it did a woman of Apple Creek, O. She tells her own story:

"I did not believe coffee caused my trouble, and frequently said I liked it so well I would not quit drinking it, even if it took my life, but I was a miserable sufferer from heart trouble and nervous prostration for four years.

"I was scarcely able to go around at all. Had no energy, and did not care for anything. Was emaciated and had a constant pain around my heart until I thought I could not endure it. I felt as though I was liable to die any time.

"Frequently I had nervous chills and the least excitement would drive sleep away, and any little noise would upset me terribly. I was gradually getting worse until finally one day, it came over me, and I asked myself what is the use of being sick all the time and buying medicine so that I can indulge myself in coffee?

"So I thought I would see if I could quit drinking coffee, and got some Postum to help me quit. I made it strictly according to directions, and I want to tell you that change was the greatest step in my life. It was easy to quit coffee because I had the Postum which I like better than I liked the old coffee. One by one the old troubles left, until now I am in splendid health, nerves steady, heart all right, and the pain all gone. Never have any more nervous chills, don't take any medicine, can do all my housework, and have done a great deal besides.

"My sister-in-law, who visited me this summer had been an invalid for some time, much as I was. I got her to quit coffee and drink Postum. She gained five pounds in three weeks, and I never saw such a change in anyone's health."

"There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Preparing the Eggs for Easter

HOME-MADE Easter eggs frequently fall in effect because they are not properly prepared.

Look over each egg carefully to see that it is not cracked or all work is wasted, then wash off with warm water to remove soil. Put aside such eggs as are to be boiled hard and colored and in a separate mound put those with most perfect surface for painting or other decorations. Make very sure there is no mixing, as a broken raw egg is not pleasing.

Colored eggs can be made any tint with special dyes, or if these are unobtainable cheap ribbon can be boiled in a little water and the boiled egg submerged in it until the right tone is acquired.

The old-fashioned calico egg will be pleasing to this generation of youngsters. Tie each egg in a piece of cheap figured chintz of high color and it will leave its design on the egg when put in boiling water.

If you have nothing else for coloring boil the egg after tying up in the red skins of onions.

Quaint designs can be boiled into the egg by tracing figures on the shell of the raw egg with a hard tallow candle to make a white surface, then color the rest of the egg in dyed water.

When eggs are to be painted for place cards or caricatures, they need more careful treatment. Wipe the washed egg in powdered pumice to remove gloss of shell and make painting take better.

The blowing must be carefully done or the shell will crack. Prick both ends with a coarse needle. The hole should be just large enough to permit the contents being expelled. Too large an opening is disfiguring, besides making a crack more probable.

Put the egg to the mouth and blow gently at first, then hard and steadily until nothing more comes. Rinse with warm water and blow out several times again. Dry carefully so all water will run out.

To paint the egg trace the outlines with a hard pencil, then color with good water colors, as they dry most quickly. If the egg is to be filled with candy one hole may be made big enough to hold tiny candied drops. When the shell is filled paste the hole with thin paper.

Any one can paint some sort of face on an egg shell, and if further decorations in the way of hat, hair, or stock are added great delight will be given.

A girl with artistic ability can make fascinating place cards from egg shells in the forms of rabbits, owls, pigs, cupid heads, old ladies, or gay belles. These are pasted to flat cards on which a name or Easter greeting is written in gilt letters.

When the egg represents an entire figure the feet are painted on the card; when only the head, it can be set on a short tube to represent a neck, and this can be draped with stock or collar.

Use a good glue in pasting the eggs to the card, as paste or mucilage will not hold well.

Great fun for an Easter party is to supply the blank cards, blown egg shells, scissors, paints, and colored papers and set the guests to evolving their own egg ornaments. Prizes can be offered for the most successful.

EASTER STYLES ON THE RESERVATION.

Madam Bucket-of-Water, wife of Big Chief Standon-His-Head, has imported from Paris her spring costume, consisting of a hand-made coffee sack and a tube of ultra-marine blue from one of the leading studios.

Miss Sun-in-Her-Eyes, the bewitching daughter of Hog Bristle Pete, appeared in a new riding habit Tuesday. It is made of a blanket from a Pullman car, tied at the waist with barbwire.

Miss Moonlight-on-the-Mountain is wearing a fetching headdress composed of the tail feathers of the chicken that was mysteriously lost by one of the palefaces last week.

The modistes are getting in their spring stocks of paint. Economical women are buying it by the gallon, but those who wish variety of costume are taking several pint cans of different colors.

Among our young men much interest is manifested in the new dancing coat, consisting of a priming color of yellow ocher, over which is applied two coats of oxide of iron, with trimmings of Nile green.

MOTHER'S EASTER HAT.

LOOK AFTER YOUR HEALTH

If Your System Is Kept Toned Up You Will Escape Many Diseases That Find Easy Victims Among Pale People.

Enough disease germs enter the average human body every day to cause death if the healthful organism did not combat these germs and render them harmless.

Let the human system become run down, or debilitated, and this power of resistance to disease is weakened. Soon the disease germs get the upper hand, an acute sickness follows or the patient becomes a chronic invalid.

It is in the blood that the battle to maintain the health is fought. Keep the blood toned up, the bowels open and observe ordinary care as regards food and rest and you will avoid much sickness.

Debility is not a recognized disease but is a condition in which the sufferer cannot get a good night's sleep, wakes up all tired out, has no strength or ambition, is nervous, has a poor appetite, has trouble with the stomach, and is subject to headaches and backaches. It is most commonly met with in people who have to work hard, are confined indoors, eat improper food or have worries and grief.

The case of Mrs. M. V. McCaslin, of No. 202 South 27th Street, Lincoln, Neb., shows the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a tonic for all run-down conditions of health. She says:

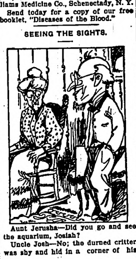
"I gave Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a trial for general debility from which I had been suffering about three years. I was thoroughly tired and worn out and had no ambition for anything. I became very weak and kept losing strength. My appetite was poor and I was nervous and had severe headaches.

"I needed a tonic treatment and tried several tonic remedies but none seemed to help me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I was soon much improved in health and able to get around and do my work. I took the pills until cured and am pleased to recommend them to anyone who is run down in health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Send today for a copy of our free booklet, "Diseases of the Blood."

SEEING THE SIGHTS.



Aunt Jerusha—Did you go and see the aquarium, Josiah?

Uncle Josh—No; the durned critter was shy and hid in a corner of his cage.

"ECZEMA ITCHED SO BADLY I COULDN'T STAND IT."

"I suffered with eczema on my neck for about six months, beginning by little pimples breaking out. I kept scratching till the blood came. It kept getting worse, I couldn't sleep nights any more. It kept itching for about a month, then I went to a doctor and got some liquid to take. It seemed as if I was going to get better. The itching stopped for about three days, but when it started again, was even worse than before. The eczema itched so badly I couldn't stand it any more.

"I went to a doctor and he gave me some medicine, but didn't do any good. We have been having Cuticura Remedies in the house, so I decided to try them. I had been using Cuticura Soap, so I got me a box of Cuticura Ointment, and washed off the affected part with Cuticura Soap three times a day, and then put the Cuticura Ointment on. The first day I put it on, it relieved me of itching so I could sleep all that night. It took about a week, then I could see the scab come off. I kept the treatment up for three weeks, and my eczema was cured.

"My brother got his face burned with gun-powder, and he used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The people all thought he would have scars, but you can't see that he ever had his face burned. It was simply awful to look at before the Cuticura Remedies (Soap and Ointment) cured it." (Signed) Miss Elizabeth Gehrki, Forrest City, Ark., Oct. 16, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Women to Wear Mantillas in Church.

Women of St. Francis De Sales Cathedral will introduce into this country the custom of wearing in church the graceful lace headdress of the Spanish women in place of hats. The innovation was suggested by Rev. Dr. O'Connor to the members of the Altar society and at the general communion of the society the scarfs will be worn.

"The hats of today have become a monstrosity," says Rev. Dr. O'Connor, addressing the society.—Toledo correspondence Cleveland Leader.

Sure Does.

"The pen is mightier than the sword."

"But the typewriter put it all over the pen."

For Constipation, Biliousness, Liver and Kidney Troubles, take Garfield Tea.

There are two things calculated to make a man's head swim—a merry-go-round and a merry widow.

Baking Economy.

By the use of perfect baking powder the housewife can derive as much economy as from any other article used in baking and cooking. In selecting a baking powder, therefore, care should be exercised to purchase one that retains its original strength and always remains the same, thus making the food sweet and wholesome and producing sufficient leavening gas to make the baking light.

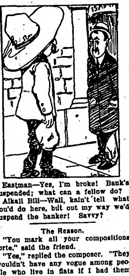
Very little of this leavening gas is produced by the cheap baking powders, making it necessary to use double the quantity ordinarily required to secure good results.

You cannot experiment every time you make a cake or biscuits, or test the strength of your baking powder to find out how much of it you should use; yet with most baking powders you should do this, for they are put together so carelessly they are never uniform, the quality and strength varying with each can purchased.

Calumet Baking Powder is made of chemically pure ingredients of tested strength. Experienced chemists put it up. The proportions of the different materials remain always the same. Sealed in airtight cans Calumet Baking Powder does not alter in strength and is not affected by atmospheric changes.

In using Calumet you are bound to have uniform bread, cake or biscuits, as Calumet does not contain any cheap, useless or adulterating ingredients so commonly used to increase the weight. Further, it produces pure, wholesome food and is a baking powder of rare merit; therefore is recommended by leading physicians and chemists. It complies with all the pure food laws, both STATE and NATIONAL. The goods are moderate in price, and any lady purchasing Calumet from her grocer, if not satisfied with it can return it and have her money refunded.

LYNCH LAW.



Eastman—Yes, I'm broke! Bank's suspended; what can a fellow do?

Alkali Bill—Wall, kain't tell what you'd do here, but out my way we'd suspend the banker! Savvy?

The Reason.

"You mark all your compositions forte," said the friend.

"Yes," replied the composer. "They wouldn't have any vogue among people who live in flats if I had them played softly."

There is nothing heavenly about war,—or Dyspepsia. The world is outgrowing the first, and Garfield Tea will conquer Dyspepsia.

It might be well to remember that every man you deal with is looking for the best of it.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

Talk to yourself if you want an appreciative audience.

TWO WEEKS' TREATMENT AND MEDICINE FREE

no matter what your disease. If you suffer from Rheumatism, write. If you suffer from Kidney Trouble, write. No matter what you suffer from. write to

MUNYON'S DOCTORS
53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

Offer Is Good for the Next Thirty Days

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts —Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Now's the Time —not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2nd St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

N. W. N. U., NO. 14–1912.

THE HEART

If the blood is poor and filled with the poisons from diseased kidneys or inactive liver, the heart is not only starved but poisoned as well. There are many conditions due to impure blood—such as dropsy, fainting spells, nervous debility or the many scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever sores," white swellings, etc. All can be overcome and cured by

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

This supplies pure blood—by aiding digestion, increasing assimilation and imparting tone to the whole circulatory system. It's a heart tonic and a great deal more, having an alterative action on the liver and kidneys, it helps to eliminate the poisons from the blood.

To enrich the blood and increase the red blood corpuscles, thereby feeding the nerves on rich red blood and doing away with nervous irritability, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and do not permit a dishonest dealer to insult your intelligence with the "just as good kind." The "Discovery" has *40 years of cures* behind it and contains no alcohol or narcotics. Ingredients plainly printed on wrapper.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of wrapping and mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

AREN'T YOU LOOKING FOR THIS

GALVANITE FLOORING

A Perfect Imitation of Oak for Floors and Interior Finish

Made of materials as durable as iron and put up in rolls at a moderate price.

GAL-VA-NITE FLOORING

Takes the place of unsanitary carpets—makes housework a pleasure. May be used around the edge of large rugs and for wainscoting.

Durable, Sanitary, Inexpensive

Put up in rolls 38 inches wide—sold by the yard. Ask your dealer for Gal-va-nite Flooring or send for samples and Illustrated Booklet.

FORD MANUFACTURING CO.
St. Paul Omaha Chicago Kansas City St. Louis

FORD'S

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$2.25 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 & $5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Fast Color Eyelets used.

Carbolated Vaseline

The best dressing you can find for wounds, bites of insects, abrasions, etc.

The Carbolic Acid helps to prevent infection; the "Vaseline" cleanses and soothes.

Especially valuable where there are children.

For sale everywhere in handy glass bottles. Be sure you get "Vaseline."

Our various "Vaseline" preparations make up a complete medicine chest that should be in every home. Write for free booklet telling all about them. Address Dept. B.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
17 State Street (Consolidated) New York

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

[illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1912. NUMBER 40.

AINSWORTH REPORT SCORES STIMSON

SECRETARY IS CHARGED WITH HAVING COMMITTED AN "IRREPARABLE WRONG."

PRESIDENT IS CRITICISED

Prejudice Toward Army Man Charged.—General Is Exonerated.—Alleged the Truth Has Been Suppressed.

Washington, April 10.—President Taft and Secretary Stimson are severely arraigned in a sensational report on the Ainsworth case presented to the house by the military affairs committee.

Secretary Stimson is charged with having committed a "great and irreparable wrong" and a "flagrant misuse of official authority" when last February he suspended General Ainsworth from his duties as adjutant general of the army and charged him with insubordination. That the president and Secretary Stimson prejudiced the case, that the accusations against the general were based upon prejudice and that the secretary of war has an "erroneous idea" of his relation to congress, are some of the conclusions reached by a majority of the committee, of which Representative Hayes of Virginia is chairman.

Following General Ainsworth's relief from duty and when a courtmartial seemed probable, the president permitted him to retire from the army because of his long service. The report follows an investigation of General Ainsworth's relief from duty, set afoot by a resolution by Representative Watkins of Louisiana.

Criticising the relief of General Ainsworth the report declares the "worst feature of it was that this officer of long and distinguished service had no tribunal to which he could appeal with any hope of justice or fair treatment."

The majority of the committee conclude that General Ainsworth had been guilty of no act which justified the letter of suspension from Secretary Stimson and "that the charges had origin in a determination to drive General Ainsworth from active service and have nothing to support them but bare assertion, coupled with misrepresentation and suppression of the truth."

Indian Appropriation Bill Passed.

The Indian bill, carrying approximately $7,500,000, was passed by the house. It now goes to the senate where five other general appropriation bills are pending.

Grain Man Has Remedy.

Washington, April 10.—Government supervision of grain and cotton exchanges as the relief from violent fluctuation in prices of commodities and the safeguard against universal speculation and gambling, was proposed by W. B. Thompson, former president of the New Orleans stock exchange who appeared before the house committee on agriculture in opposition to the anti-option bills.

Chas. B. Pierce of the Chicago Board of Trade declared that speculation in the grain exchange was no more than the speculation a man dealt in when he bought a grocery store.

In concluding the testimony, W. J. McCabe, a Duluth broker, assailed the bucket shop, which he said did not come into competition with brokers' offices, and which, in his opinion, carried on business illegally.

A charge that Wall street and the big corporations are controlling the house "money trust" inquiry was made by Representative Lindbergh of Minnesota, Republican, in a resolution which would compel every member to disclose his business and corporation affiliations.

Each member of the house would have to file his own bank holdings and those of his family. Names of members who failed to do so would be published in a congressional record "blacklist."

In a statement explaining the purpose of his resolution Mr. Lindbergh declared some committee members are controlled by persons whose personal work is hostile to the public interest. He said most of the "money trust" committee were interested in banks and that Wall street had the power to intimidate bankers.

Titanic on Her Maiden Voyage.

London, April 10.—Carrying many prominent persons, the liner Titanic of the White Star Line, than which there is no larger vessel afloat, sailed from Southampton today on her maiden voyage bound for New York. The Titantic, which is of 45,000 tons displacement, is sister ship to the Olympic.

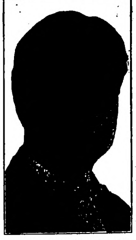
Taft Condemns Lynching.

Washington, April 10. — President Taft condemned lynching in vigorous terms in an address before the alumni of Howard university, the largest negro institution of higher learning in this country.

Milwaukee After Auto Race.

Milwaukee, April 10.—At a meeting of the Milwaukee Automobile association, it was announced that the Vanderbilt cup race has been finally awarded to Milwaukee, and that the grand prix is probably to come here.

SENATOR W. E. BORAH.



Senator Borah is the author of the bill, just passed by congress, creating a federal bureau to look after the welfare of the nation's children.

WEATHER FINE, SEEDING IS ON

FARMERS AWARE THAT EVERY MOMENT IS PRECIOUS.

Operations Prevalent Throughout State—Red River Prospects Good.

Fargo, April 10.—During the last two days North Dakota farmers have seeded thousands of acres. The weather has been ideal, the government thermometer registering 80 degrees throughout the day. Farmers, aware that every moment is precious, have put every available team in the field and are rushing work in order to get all their seeding done before the rain, which prophets say is almost due, owing to the extremely warm weather.

The weather bureau predicts a continuation of the warm weather.

Reports from over the state indicate that every effort is being made to get in as much grain as possible each day in anticipation of a rain.

Crop conditions were never better in any section of the state, say reports. Through the Red River valley crop prospects are said to be the best in history. Similar conditions prevail in the Golden valley on the Montana state line in the western part of the state.

The slope country, just west of the Golden valley, is busy putting in the crop. Gas tractor plows broke many hundreds of acres in that section last fall and the state's grain acreage will be materially increased this year as a result.

Seventy-five gas tractor outfits have worked in the southwestern part of the state, breaking land for two years. Much of this was planted to flax a year ago and this land will be put into diversified crops this season.

PARADE AT BELFAST

150,000 Pass in Review Before A. Bonar Law, Unionist Leader.

Belfast, April 9.—That the opposition of the province of Ulster, on which the Irish Unionists mainly base their hopes of ultimately defeating the forthcoming home rule bill, remains as virile as in 1886 and 1893, the years in which William E. Gladstone introduced his two home rule bills for Ireland, seems to have been fairly demonstrated by the vast throngs of Orangemen and Unionists, who today again registered their "unaltered and unalterable opposition to a separate parliament for Ireland in any form."

A demonstration of 150,000 enthusiasts passed in procession before Andrew Bonar Law and other prominent Unionist leaders at the Royal Ulster Agricultural society's grounds.

REHEAR REBATE SUIT

Action of Iowa Company Involves Thousands of Dollars.

Des Moines, April 10.—The famous rebate suit brought against the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad company by the Agar Packing Co., involving many thousands of dollars, must be heard again in the Polk county district court, according to a decision of the Iowa supreme court.

Because of alleged discriminations in favor of agents for eastern packers at Valley Junction, Iowa, the Agar company claims to have been driven into bankruptcy.

The court held that the railroad company did not make a proper plea to claim the benefits of the statute of limitations and ordered a rehearing.

Man Weighing 850 Pounds Dies.

Boston, April 10.—The abnormal weight of 850 pounds attained by Abraham Sodekson caused his death from fatty degeneration of the heart. He was 26 years old. Four weeks ago, when taken ill, Sodekson weighed 434 pounds. During his sickness he gained 20 pounds a day.

Child Bureau Bill Signed.

Washington, April 10.—The act of congress creating a children's bureau in the department of commerce was signed by President Taft.

OCEAN STEAMER BURNS ON REEF

THE ONTARIO CATCHES FIRE OFF MONTAUK POINT, LONG ISLAND.

PASSENGERS TAKEN OFF

Wireless Sends Warning All Along North Atlantic and Life Saving Crew Use the Breeches Buoy Apparatus.

Montauk Point, L. I., Apr. 9.—Twenty-nine women and children were taken from the burning steamer Ontario of the Merchants & Miners' line off Montauk Point by the tug Tasco from London, Conn. A 8:30 a. m. Captain Reed sent word ashore that the fire was under control. The vessel was then hard aground and apparently in no danger of breaking. The tug landed the passengers at New London, Conn.

A breeches buoy was shot to the vessel from the shore when she first went on the rocks at 3 a. m., but the captain, after transferring the passengers to a tug, sent word by life savers that his crew would remain aboard. Long before daylight they had chopped a dozen holes through the pilot house and water was pumped by the vessel's engines into the hold.

The fire broke out during the night and became so threatening that shortly before 2 a. m. Captain Reed ordered the wireless operator to send "S. O. S." distress signals. An hour later he turned back upon his course and drove the vessel full speed ahead for the reefs off Montauk Point.

Through the early hours the wireless sputtered along the entire north Atlantic coast with news of the vessel's danger. Ten minutes later the men at this station saw the ship on the rocks, hurried off with a breeches buoy apparatus and, later, dragged their surf boat on its truck three miles over the beach to the burning steamer.

The live savers, reinforced by a crew from the Hither Plain station, two miles away, transferred the passengers in small boats to a tug and stood off at readiness to take the crew ashore if need be. Although the flames could not be seen, a great cloud of steam and smoke arose from the burning ship and spread a haze along the waterfront for miles. Captain Reed told the life savers that the fire was confined entirely to the hold.

The Ontario is a vessel of 1,987 tons net. She is 290 feet long, of steel, and was built in 1904. She left Baltimore Saturday.

WILL BE REARGUED.

Supreme Court Orders Rehearing of the Intermountain Cases.

Washington, April 9.—Reargument of the so-called "intermountain rate cases" was ordered by the supreme court of the United States. Chief Justice White gave no reason for the reargument, merely stating that they would be "restored for argument before a full bench."

The reargument will permit Justice Pitney to participate in the decision of the cases. All the other justices heard the cases when they were argued in February.

The cases involve the constitutionality of the "long and short haul" provisions of the interstate commerce law and the power of the interstate commerce commission to make "blanket" rates over a large zone of territory instead of acting merely on rates from specific points.

DR. MAYO TO EUROPE.

Rochester Party Will Sail From New York on Thursday.

Rochester, Minn., April 7.—Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Mayo, Miss Phoebe Mayo, Dr. and Mrs. Donald Balfour, Dr. and Mrs. Christopher Graham, Miss Elizabeth Graham and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kahler of this city, and Mrs. George Parmelee of Minneapolis constitute a party bound for Europe, Germany being the main point of interest. They will sail on the Amerika of the Hamburg-American line, returning about June 1.

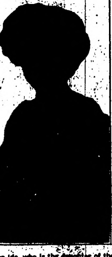
Ore Loading to Begin.

Superior, Wis., April 9.—Iron ore mines on the western Mesaba range served by the Great Northern railway will be brought to the docks at Superior immediately to be in readiness for shipment down the lakes when navigation opens. The Great Northern has contracted to move 12,000 tons of iron ore this season.

General Bragg's Pension Raised.

Washington, April 9. — The tendency toward liberality by congress in pension matters was illustrated by an order passed in the committee on pensions of the United States senate to pay a pension of $100 a month to General Edward S. Bragg of Fond du Lac, Wis. General Bragg was one of the commanders of the Iron Brigade during the Civil war, and when he served in congress 25 years ago was one of the most vigorous opponents of liberal pension legislation that ever served in congress.

MISS MARJORIE IDE



Miss Ide, who is the daughter of the American minister to Spain, is to marry Mr. Shane Leslie of Glaslough, Ireland, in June.

SOUTHERN DIKES HOLD FIRM

LEVEES GUARD RICHEST COTTON COUNTRY IN WORLD.

Hundreds of Men Fighting Flood Above and Below Vicksburg.

Vicksburg, April 10.—Long leads of reinforced dikes guarding the delta country's rich shores and numerous villages from the stress of the Mississippi flood hold strong. The day's hardest strife came at Miller's Bend, a few miles above Greenville, where the yellow tide topped the crown of the levee several times.

Hundreds of men were fighting the flood in the reaches above Greenville last night. The battle has been under way for the last three days. A breach in the levee at this point means the inundation of the central and southern portions of the world's most fertile cotton country.

Apparently the break near Golden Lake, Ark., north of Memphis, has exerted no effect on the flood of the lower river reaches. This break will tend to hold back the crest in the delta and Yazoo districts, but eventually all this water must come down the valley.

The situation along the river stretches south of Vicksburg last night practically is unchanged. Armed patrols march up and down the levees at intervals, prepared to head off any attempt to cut the dikes. The possibility being that persons living in the threatened reaches might cut the embankments miles above their territory, thus relieving the pressure on the lower levee.

New Orleans Flood Stage Reached.

New Orleans.—The Mississippi river reached the flood stage of 18 feet at New Orleans, showing two-tenths of a foot rise in one day. The crest was not scheduled to reach this city until May 1, when the weather bureau predicts the gauge here will register 21.5 feet, nearly one foot above the previous high record. State and federal engineers in charge of the work said the chances were more than even that the levees would hold at points apparently weak. There is no feeling of uneasiness in New Orleans.

Steamer Sinks; 200 are Drowned.

Cairo, April 10.—Over 200 passengers are believed to have been drowned by the sinking of a Nile excursion steamer after a collision with another steamer in the vicinity of the great dam on the river about fifteen miles to the northwest of Cairo and a few miles from Kalyub.

Ice Derails Passenger Train.

Bay City, Mich., April 10.—Ice, driven by a high wind from Saginaw bay on the tracks of the Detroit and Mackinaw railroad about 10 miles north of this city, caused the derailment of a passenger train and the serious injury of the engineer and fireman.

Hibbing Mining Season Opens.

Duluth, April 10.—The first mining operations in the Minnesota iron district for this season were begun when the Shenango pit at Chisholm and the Whiteside mine at Hibbing, started to take out ore.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, April 10.—Wheat, May, $1.06¾; July, $1.07⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.07¾; No. 2 northern, $1.05⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.09; No. 3 corn, 71½c; No. 3 white oats, 53c; barley, malting, $1.30; No. 2 rye, 86½c; No. 1 flax, $2.15.

Duluth, April 10.—Wheat, May, $1.07¾; July, $1.08; No. 1 northern, $1.08¾; No. 1 durum, $1.09.

South St. Paul, April 10.—Cattle—Steers, $5.50@7.15; cows, $3.75@5.50; calves, $4@7; hogs, $7.35@7.75; sheep and lambs, $5.50@7.25.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,000; market steady; beeves, $5.40@8.70; Texas steers, $4.50@5.90; western steers, $5.40@6.85; stockers and feeders, $4.25@6.60; cows and heifers, $2.60@6.70; calves, $5.75@8.50. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; market dull, 5c under yesterday's average; light, $7.45@7.87½; mixed, $7.50@7.95; heavy, $7.60@7.95; rough, $7.60@7.70; pigs, $5.30@7.40; bulk of sales, $7.75@7.90. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000; market steady to strong; native, $4.50@6.50; western, $4.60@7; yearlings, $5.75@7.20; lambs, native, $5.65@7.85; western, $6.25@8.30.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, April 10.—Exchange closed; legal holiday.

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What Is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

Congress.

The senate adjourned for a day on account of the death of Senator Taylor of Tennessee.

The Senate Finance committee heard protest from Porto Ricans against free sugar bill.

A bill authorizing the appointment of dental surgeons in the navy was passed by the senate.

The senate foreign relations committee approved Crawford bill for inquiry into high cost of living.

The tariff wool bill passed the lower house. Many progressive republicans voting with the democrats.

The House Ways and Means committee will take no immediate action on cotton tariff schedule revision.

The beet and cane sugar growers protested against house free sugar bill before the senate finance committee.

The house passed, 173 to 17, a bill creating a children's bureau in the Department of Commerce and Labor.

President Taft in message urged passage of legislation to promote economy and efficiency in government service.

Representative Humphrey introduced a bill, approved by the Department of Justice, designed to break up shipping pools and combines.

Representative Gardner of Massachusetts defended the judiciary in a speech and took issue with the doctrine of the recall of judges.

The "wireless treaty" which has been pigeonholed in the senate for some time, was ratified without the formality of a roll call.

Interstate commerce committee favorably reported a bill to amend interstate commerce law and provide rate zones for express companies.

Majority Leader Underwood announced the legislative program of the house from now on would be confined to appropriation and supply bills.

President Taft in message urged immediate appropriation of $500,000 to strengthen levees on Mississippi and Missouri rivers to prevent further flood damage.

An appropriation of $250,000 for the aid of a negro exposition in 1913 to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of Lincoln's emancipation proclamation was passed by the senate.

The foreign affairs committee of the house decided to report favorably resolution directing State department to insist upon immediate settlement by Mexico of claims of Americans.

Rivers and harbors committee decided to report favorably Representative Ransdell's bill appropriating $350,000 for strengthening levees in Mississippi, Missouri and Ihio rivers.

The senate judiciary committee ordered favorably reported the employers' liability and workmen's compensation bill as recommended by the Employers' Liability commission.

Representative Henry of Texas, who has a bill to change inauguration day from March 4 to the last Thursday in April, introduced a resolution to provide for early action in the house.

General.

The republican territorial convention endorsed President Taft for another term.

Four hundred union carpenters of Des Moines went on a strike for 55 cents an hour.

Gov. R. S. Vessey selected the site for South Dakota's building for the Panama-Pacific exposition.

Words of bitter invective were used by attorneys in summing up their case in the sugar trial.

The miners federation, after a long conference, decided to advise all the miners in Great Britain to resume work.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Edward P. Stackable to be collector of customs for Hawaii.

Former Governor Charles B. Aycock of North Carolina dropped dead at the Jefferson theater, Birmingham, Ala., while addressing the Alabama educational association.

What is termed a "fireside campaign" has been undertaken by the committee of eastern railroad managers, who are in controversy with the brotherhood of locomotive engineers on the subject of wages.

A bill to provide direct appeal to the supreme court of the United States from the highest tribunal of a state when questions affecting the federal constitution are concerned, was favorably reported by the senate judiciary committee.

The remains of the heroes recovered from the wrecked battleship Maine, in Havana harbor, were laid to rest at Arlington.

Dispatches from Gyangze, Tibet, say the Chinese have established a representative council at Lhasa, the capital of Tibet, and proclaimed a republic.

Democratic members of the house judiciary committee agreed to report a bill relating to restraining orders and injunctions in accordance with the direction of the democratic platform adopted at the Denver convention in 1908.

The democratic tariff wool bill passed the house Monday.

Japan has secured no base on Magdalena bay, Mexico.

Brigadier General A. B. Carey, U. S. A. retired died at his winter home in Florida.

Industrial workers of the world are not wanted in Pacific coast cities.

President Madero says peace will be speedily restored in Mexico.

Porto Ricans protest to Secretary Knox against free sugar tariff.

A bill designed to break up the shipping pools was offered in the house.

There is no previous record of such a flood as now prevails in the lower Mississippi valley.

A bill authorizing the appointment of dental surgeons in the navy was passed by the senate.

Senator Bailey blamed woman and labor agitators for the war declared on phosphorus matches.

According to a forecast at Washington the lower Mississippi floods will be the worst on record.

Secretary Wilson defended the agricultural department's actions in the Florida everglades case.

Secretary Hilles says a majority of the republican national committeemen are favorable to Taft.

Senator Dixon promises "big speeches" by Colonel Roosevelt in his coming tour of the south.

Captain Scott's ship returns from south polar region with news that he is still far from the pole.

Cases involving the power of the states over railroad rates are before the federal supreme court.

Miners in both anthracite and bituminous field cease work, pending settlement of wage dispute.

Twenty-one thousand settlers for the Canadian northwest arrived in Winnipeg from the old country.

Socialists were defeated in Milwaukee and LaFollette ran well ahead in the Wisconsin statewide primary.

Miss Katie Mandell, en route from Russia to Omaha, but detained at Ellis Island, has been ordered released.

The house passed, 172 to 17, a bill creating a children's bureau in the department of commerce and labor.

The fourteenth annual convention of the National Association of Retail Druggists will be held in Milwaukee, August 26-31.

Rear Admiral Nicholson assumed command of the newly organized "China squadron," and raised his flag on the Rainbow.

National and state banks to the number of 3,000 or more will be interrogated by the house money trust investigating committee.

The Eastern Star Masonic home, an institution for old members of Masonic and Eastern Star orders of Iowa, burned to the ground at Boone.

Funeral services for Calbraith P. Rodgers, the aviator, were held in Passadena, Cal., and the body was sent to Pittsburgh, Pa., for burial.

James Wilson, secretary of the Department of Agriculture, delivered his first speech in Illinois in favor of the re-election of President Taft of Champaign.

Senator Crawford's bill, looking to an international inquiry into the high cost of living, was ordered favorably reported by the senate committee on foreign relations.

Commander Spencer S. Wood of the navy, Admiral Dewey's aide from 1904 to 1908, will get no additional pay for those services, according to a supreme court decision.

It is against the law for a lodge or club to sell intoxicants in a county in Missouri which has voted out saloons according to a decision of the Kansas City court of appeals.

Beatrice Anna Baldwin Turnbull, alleged daughter of Elias L. (Lucky) Baldwin, has lost her long fight in the courts to get a share of the $30,000,000 estate left by the famous turfman.

This is what Madero of Mexico says: "Whatever happens I shall be found at my post. I shall not resign. Reports that have been published that I intend to leave the presidency are untrue."

As a result of the alleged insubordination of Privates Frank Carroll and Frank Cunningham, Sergeant Clarence Britten, who is in charge of the Yellowstone National Park, asserts he was compelled to shoot both men.

Senator Ashburst, one of Arizona's first members in the upper house of congress, said he would soon introduce a bill for the recall of judges, but would not include the supreme court of the United States in its provisions.

Secretary of State Knox visited the country which gave birth to L'Ouverture, Dessalines and Christophe, the three great negro revolutionists of Hayti, and at the presidential dinner gave some advice to the present-day negro republicans as to how to obtain prosperity through internal peace and international good behavior.

Personal.

Aviator Cal. P. Rodgers was killed by a fall at Long Beach, Cal.

General Grant, not in good health, has gone south to recuperate.

W. J. Bryan critised both Taft and Harmon in his Des Moines speech.

In the Vermont primaries Taft got 421 and Roosevelt 245.

Last words from Capt. Scott put him 150 miles from the south pole.

The senate has just been enlarged by four new senators from New Mexico and Arizona.

Webster Snyder, one of the builders of the Union Pacific, died at Dallas, Texas.

The daughter of Senator La Follette is making some addresses in Nebraska.

United States Senator Taylor, of Tennessee died in Washington Sunday.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Cannon Falls.—This city voted 179 against license and 153 for license.

Ely.—M. Winzerl was elected mayor over M. Knutson by a majority of 101.

Windom. — A fraternal meeting of railway agents and telegraphers of the Omaha road was held here.

Moorhead.—At a meeting of automobile owners the Moorhead Automobile club was formed with J. Pierce Wolf as president.

East Grand Forks.—The ordinance cutting off absolutely all connection between saloons and restaurants and booths was passed by the council.

East Grand Forks.—Arthur Keethley of Peoria, Ill., who recently purchased a big farm near this city, will engage in the breeding of fancy horses.

Anoka.—P. J. Abbett, elected mayor; Thomas Mayson, assessor; C. H. Smith, treasurer; R. P. Chase, judge, and B. J. Witte and Arthur L. Reed, aldermen.

Duluth. — The trial jury in the case of Mrs. Eleanor Terrance, accused of having appropriated many articles belonging to her roomers reported a failure to agree.

Waterville.—Rev. H. E. Chapman, pastor of the Congregational church, was re-elected mayor over S. H. Farrington by a majority of 12 votes. He was opposed by all the local politicians.

Rochester.—The Kahler Hotel company has purchased of the Baptist church society the site on which the church stood for forty years or until it burned several weeks ago. The site adjoins that of The Kahler.

Moorhead Minn.—State Senator F. H. Peterson of Clay county, announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for congress in the Ninth district in opposition to Congressman Halvor Steenerson.

Rochester.—The twenty-fifth anniversary of Custer Women's Relief corps of this city was celebrated with exercises. The new Elk's home was decorated for the occasion and addresses were made by Rochester old soldiers.

Brainerd, Minn.—Joseph Brandt, aged twenty-eight, is under arrest as the result of fatally injuring the 3-year-old son of Rev. A. Zable, pastor of a church here. Brandt drove his touring car over the child, crushing its skull.

St. Peter.—The contract for the erection of an armory for Company K, Second regiment, M. N. G., has been awarded to Ole Frederickson of this city, at $13,580. The state appropriates $10,000 and the balance is raised by citizens.

Minneapolis, Minn.—The grand jury returned a "no bill" in the case of Frank J. Quartemont charged with the murder of Alice Matthews. As soon as the jury had reported, the charge of murder in muncipal court was withdrawn. Quartemont was released from his cell later.

St. Paul, Minn.—The estate left by John A. Humbird, St. Paul lumberman, will pay an inheritance tax of $97,684, the largest tax assessed against a Ramsey county estate. The report of the appraisers place the value of the estate at $2,954,896.58, of which less than $100,000 consists of real seate.

Washington. — The International Joint Boundary commission for Canada and the United States held its first session. The application of Minnesota power interests for permission to build a dam at Kettle Falls at the head of Rainy lake to conserve the flow of water for the big power at International Falls was heard.

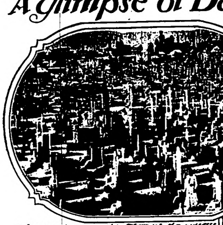
Rochester. — The twenty-second annual report of St. Mary's hospital has been issued, showing a record of the work done by the Drs. W. J. and C. H. Mayo and their assistants. The number of patients admitted the past year was 5,592, the total number of patients being treated being 5,756. The total number of surgical operations was 3,745.

Little Falls.—H. E. White, superintendent of local school for the last nine years and re-elected for another term, has handed in his resignation to the board of education and will take the position of superintendent of the Ely schools. The new position carries with it a salary of $2,500, as against $1,900 in Little Falls. As yet no one has been selected to fill the vacancy in the local schools.

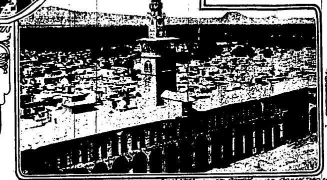
Rochester.—The missions that have been in progress at St. John's church in this city for two weeks have been attended by thousands of persons living in Olmsted county. The first week was devoted to women and last week to men. Some 1,100 women approached the sacraments while over 800 men did the same. Pontical high mass was said at St. John's church Easter Sunday by Rt. Rev. Bishop P. R. Heffron, of Winona. The missions have been conducted by Father Hiteber and Father Malloy.

Winona.—Four of the purple martin houses to be placed here this summer by the Civic league have arrived and have been placed in public squares, and the other three will come next week. The houses are elaborate affairs, one of them having fifty different rooms, they are erected on iron poles, insuring safety to the birds from their enemies, the cats. It is hoped and expected that the placing of these houses will induce a number of the purple martins to make their homes in Winona the coming summer.

The Mother City of the World
A glimpse of Damascus


THE CEMETERY OF THE MAIDAN AT DAMASCUS

ONE OF THE BUSIEST BAZARS


DAMASCUS AND THE COURT OF THE GREAT MOSQUE

COURT AND GUEST CHAMBER OF A JEWISH HOME IN DAMASCUS

"GO BACK," wrote the late Mark Twain, "as far as you will into the vague past, there is always a Damascus. To her years are only moments, decades only flitting trifles of time; she measures time not by days, months, and years, but by the empires she has seen rise and prosper and then crumble into ruin. She is a type of immortality."

Indeed Damascus is the oldest of cities and for that reason is often referred to as the mother city of the world. When Abraham crossed the desert from Haran, four thousand years ago, Damascus was already standing on the banks of the Abana, in Syria, and no one knows how long it stood there before that time, for its origin is lost in mists of antiquity. "Babylon is a heap in the desert and Tyre a ruin on the shore," but Damascus still remains. Rome has been called the Eternal City, but Damascus is twice as old as Rome. Its history runs back to the beginning of the world and bids fair to go on to its end.

It has lived through all these long centuries and no historian has yet had the opportunity to write its decline and fall. This is remarkable when it is remembered that not less than twelve times it has been pillaged and burned, yet it has always arisen with new beauty from its ashes. It has been ruled by Syrians, Persians, Greeks, Romans and Turks and it has lived and flourished under them all.

Damascus is now and has always been a rich and prosperous city. It was so in Bible times. Isaiah writes of the "riches of Damascus" and the traveler today may see long trains of camels laden with all kinds of merchandise, leaving Damascus going down to Egypt or out to Beirout, where they are shipped to other shores. Its bazars are the most famous in the world. These bazars are a series of shops for the sale of articles and in some cases for the manufacture of them. Each bazar is devoted to a particular class of goods. They are famous for their treasures of silk, carpets, saddles, silver and gold ornaments, slippers, sword blades, rare woods and almost everything required in the general life of the east. People of many races, men and women in all picturesque costumes, strings of camels, donkeys, with cradle saddles, Arabian horses, dig through the streets. Then Damuscus is destined to play an important part in the history of the east. It is the center of a network of railroads. It already boasts of three railroad stations and when the Bagdad line has advanced to the Euphrates, as it is expected to do early this year, Damascus will be in railroad communication with Constantinople and Europe, as well as with Palestine, Arabia and eventually Persia. Then Damascus was the first city in the Bible lands to have electric trams and electric light.

It is certainly one of the most beautiful cities in its situation. Imagine a magnificent plain, well watered, and fertile in the midst of a desert, covering an area of more than 30 miles in circumference, surrounded on nearly all sides by high hills—imagine this vast plain in a high state of cultivation, one vast garden, of fruit trees of almost every species, fields of grain, nearly every variety of flowers and the ever present murmur of running waters. Situated about the middle of this plain and buried in this forest of grass, grain and trees and sparkling streams, a city of 150,000 people, with its hundreds of white minarets, gilded domes and crowned bazaars, that is Damascus, beautiful indeed for situation.

It undoubtedly owes its beauty, vitality and wealth to the River Abana, which rises in the Lebanons some twenty miles away. Before it reaches Damascus it is divided into six artificial channels, through the heart of the city. Pipes are led from it to every part, so that every mosque and house and court has its fountain and everywhere you go amid groves or gardens or public resorts or retired nooks, you may see and hear the murmur of the swiftly flowing and sparkling streams and this abundance of clear, cold water is one of the charms of the city. This is the river of which Naaman spoke with such pride, when he said: "Are not the Abana and Pharpar rivers of Damascus better than all the waters of Israel?" and he was right so far as beauty and usefulness are concerned.

Damascus is mentioned many times in the Bible, both in the Old and the New Testament. In the latter it comes before us in connection with the conversion of St. Paul. Tradition has localized every event connected with the apostle. Outside, on the Damascus road, five miles from the city, is pointed out the place where St. Paul had the vision which so changed the course of his life. There is the gate still standing where he entered the Roman road into the city. This street is today the most principal, being about a mile long, beginning at one end of the city and running right across it from east to west. Damascus is a city of mosques, baths and fountains. Climb on to the roof of any dwelling and you are in a sea of tall minarets, while all around you are rows of what looks like saucers turned upside down. These are the Arab baths. There are 250 mosques in the city, the most important being the great Mosque, great in size and great reputation. The ground upon which it stands has a great history. On this spot stood the church which was erected by Constantine, dedicated to John the Baptist. Then, when the city fell into the hands of the Turks, they converted it into a mosque, obliterating everything that had a trace of Christianity. They closed the door by which the Christians entered and closed up other buildings in front of it.

Some few years ago, however, the Great Mosque, to the whole regret of the civilized world, was burned down in a single day. Strange to say, the old door escaped the fire and no one was more surprised than the moslems to read over its portal these words from the Psalms: "Thy kingdom O Christ is a kingdom of all ages and thy dominion endureth throughout all generations."

The mosque was rebuilt, but the moslems, being superstitious, feared to tamper with the old door and its sacred inscription and so left it and it can be seen to this day, a reminder that Mohammedan rule has not always been supreme in the Mother City of the World.

Midshipmen Now and Then

Something more than a hundred years ago the midshipman was, indeed, the "midshipmite" that he was popularly called, for he was but a mite of a lad, usually receiving his appointment before he reached his teens. Admirals Farragut and Porter were midshipmen, afloat and in pitched battles, at twelve years of age, and Goldborough was appointed when only seven years old. Nowadays, however, the midshipman is quite a different person. He cannot enter the naval academy under fifteen, and is therefore, when on a regular cruising ship, after completing his four years' academic course, usually a well-developed man, physically mature and athletic, and with a trained mind. He is far better equipped mentally than the lieutenants and many of the captains of even seventy years ago.

The old-time middies were mere school boys. All the warships of any size carried in their regular complements a schoolmaster, whose duty it was to give the lads as liberal an education as possible in the odd periods between strictly professional duties. This rating of schoolmaster was abolished, in fact, only about twenty years ago; but after the establishment of the naval academy, in 1841, these officials devoted their energies to the sailor apprentices only, the enlisted boys of the forecastle. Even these now obtain their education on shore.

There is a tradition that the three brass buttons the midshipman wears on the sleeve of his full dress coat during his four years at Annapolis originated a century or more ago, when their presence was needed to discourage the youngsters from brushing their noses with their sleeves. This is probably a base slander, modern research indicating that the buttons are relics of the days when there was a cuff-flap on the sleeve.

At all events, the extreme youth of the midshipmite used to be his most conspicuous characteristic. Instead of the full-sized regulation officer's sword that he now carries, he wore a little straight-bladed dirk about a foot long. He was to a large extent a messenger for carrying orders about the ship, but he also took charge of boats and commanded men, despite his youth. He was frequently placed in charge of a prize captured in war, taking her into port, and not infrequently suppressing mutinies among the prisoners on board. Farragut was a prize-master at the age of twelve, and got his prize safely in.

The title "midshipman" is an ancient one. He is above the seamen and the petty officers forward, and below the commissioned officers in the wardroom aft—hence "midship-man." There was formerly a higher grade called passed midshipman, but this was abolished before the Civil war. Then, about forty years ago, the grade was restored, but called midshipman, the former midshipman being designated as a cadet-midshipman. In 1882 the title of the latter was changed to naval cadet, which it still remains, and the midshipmen were merged with the ensigns. Accordingly, the time-honored title of midshipman no longer exists officially in the United States navy.

While officially a naval cadet, that young officer is still regarded, and often referred to verbally, as a midshipman, for he is the same creature as of old, as far as his duties go. But by the side of his earlier prototype the twentieth century "middy" is a savant. Trigonometry was about as high up in mathematics as the old-timer ever went. The twentieth century lad goes far beyond. He goes through analytical geometry of three dimensions, differential and integral calculus, applied mechanics.

Gunnery a hundred years ago was little more than loading, aiming and firing at short ranges. It now involves metallurgy, theory of the combustion of powder gases, stress and strain, mechanical engineering, manufacture and preservation of complex explosives, and other abstruse subjects, in all of which the midshipman of the present day must be proficient.

Midshipmen were conspicuous in all our early wars, notably those with the Barbary States, with the West Indian pirates and with the British in 1812. They were equally conspicuous during our conflicts with the Spanish and Filipinos. Midshipmen, naval cadets, had charge of the extremely hazardous picket duty in the Santiago blockade, close under the Spanish batteries, and often under musketry fire from shore. Cadet Powell ran his open launch right into the harbor of Santiago, after the Merrimac, remained all night under the menacing guns of the inner batteries, and steamed out again under their fire in the morning.

In One Ton of Coal.

From one ton of ordinary gas coal may be produced 1,500 pounds of coke, 20 gallons of ammonia water and 140 pounds of coal tar. By distillation the coal tar will yield 69.6 pounds of pitch, 17 pounds of creosote, 14 pounds of heavy oils, 9.5 pounds of naphtha yellow, 6.3 pounds of naphthaline, 4.75 pounds naphthol, 2.25 pounds alazarin, 2.4 pounds solvent naphtha, 1.5 pounds phenol, 1.2 pounds aurine, 1.1 pounds benzine, 1.1 pounds analine, 0.77 of a pound toluidine, 0.46 of a pound anthracite and 0.9 of a pound toluene. From the latter is obtained the substance known as saccharin, which is 230 times as sweet as the best cane sugar, one part of it giving a very sweet taste to 1,000 parts of water.

If a ton of coal be used in this way there is a bigger profit in it than if it be sold for burning in a range.

In the Haunts of the Osprey

The most wonderful colony of ospreys in North America, and probably in the world, is on Gardiner's island, New York, where there are not less than 200 nests. The birds apparently mate for life and certainly have a deep attachment for their home. Undoubtedly the same pair returns year after year to the same abode, and each spring the hawks repair the nest or increase the size of it by adding more sticks and debris, until, when it is eight or a dozen years old, it is tremendously bulky and weighs upward of half a ton. As the nest ages, the branches on which it rests seem gradually to die, perhaps from lack of ventilation due to the decaying materials next the bark, and occasionally a limb or a whole treetop gives way and the entire mass of sticks, representing the labor of seasons, crashes to the ground. It would be hard to imagine a more pathetic spectacle in birddom than a pair of faithful ospreys, after hundreds of miles of travel, arriving at the home tree, only to discover that, during their absence of five months, the elements had dislodged the cherished dwelling and hurled it and its support to earth.

Picture Fiends.

According to the Motion Picture Story Magazine, 15,000,000 persons attend the moving picture theaters every day. There are 13,000 theaters in this country in which motion pictures are displayed, exclusive of halls, churches and clubs, where they are displayed occasionally. More than $100,000,000 is invested in the motion picture industry in the United States. There are about 3,500,000 motion picture enthusiasts known as "fans," who are just as interested in the personalities of the photo players as the patrons of the regular drama are of the legitimate actors.

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM
By William Pitt

Keep nothing but pure breds.

Peat soils need potassium (potash).

Be careful of caked udders in the ewes.

The natural color of butter is that found in June.

A deep bed will often cause the loss of a number of pigs.

A collar that fits is the best preventive for sore shoulders.

Never whip a horse when he shies. It will increase his fear.

Give the sows plenty of clean water to drink. Take the chill off.

If the fodder is getting scarce, better buy than stint the cows.

A good agitator on the spray pump is as important as a good pump.

Save all the hog manure. You have none on the farm that is richer.

In choosing eggs for hatching, try to get those from the best hens you have.

With three cows you need a cream separator; with ten, you must have a silo.

File the crosscut saw yourself; you will thus soon save enough to buy a new saw.

The churn should be thoroughly scalded and then cooled before cream is put in.

It is a losing proposition to try to raise 200 chicks where there is room for only 50.

A little oil meal or a few potatoes will help the horses get rid of their winter hair.

Before you start your incubator, get out the manufacturers' directions and re-read carefully.

Do not use any ill-formed eggs for hatching, nor any that are unnaturally long, or nearly round.

Keep your fowls on the same footing that you keep your cattle, and you will surely be rewarded.

Most anyone can have a small flock and keep from eight to a dozen hens and feed on table scraps.

Be sure the fenders are in position in the farrowing pens to prevent the sows laying on the young pigs.

Cold, raw winds make chapped teats all the worse. Have a small jar of vaseline handy at milking time and use it.

It costs a good deal of money to buy a satisfactory team. In most cases this can be avoided by the farmer raising his own.

"It is hard for an empty sack to stand straight, but it is still harder for a lazy man to succeed in the dairy business."

Every four years 1,000 pounds of rock phosphate is needed to keep up the phosphorous content of average corn belt soil.

An occasional colt or young horse to sell, even when one is not making a business of raising horses, is a help to any farmer.

Get after the San Jose scale. What a melliferous name this little beast sails under! But cover him with Bordeaux all the same.

The time to plant grape cuttings is in early spring, as soon as the ground can be worked. Slant the cuttings a little and leave only one bud above ground.

If you are a beginner with sheep go slow until you have mastered the industry. As in poultrying or any other like business, experience is the safe, sure teacher.

Sheep that are well kept and fed during the fall season so that they enter the winter quarters in thrifty and vigorous condition will keep easily over winter.

Early peas may be followed by celery or cabbage or potatoes, followed by late beans or corn, thereby getting several crops from the same ground each year.

Young currant canes may be bent over in spring, and the middle covered with earth. Roots will start at these points and in a short time you will have currant plants.

Horticultural inspectors in Washington, Oregon and Idaho report that there are 16,000,000 growing fruit trees in those states—5,744,257 of them bore fruit last year.

If you allow the young stock to rough it with the older and stronger stock, they'll be rough looking creatures when they come through in the spring, and they may be lost entirely.

In preparing land for a new orchard take time to plow it all very deeply before a tree is set, and if there is a hard "plow sole," or a tight sub-soil, loosen it up with dynamite.

Don't forget the water.

Clean out feed troughs daily.

Pekins lay from 120 to 170 eggs per year.

Alsike clover helps out the stand of red clover.

A purplish red comb indicates bad health in a fowl.

Test out infertile eggs on tenth and seventeenth days.

A quart of mixed feed is about right for twelve hens.

If you wish to succeed, know that your hens are comfortable.

Do not make too violent crosses. Select a type and stick to it.

It is not so much the make of incubator as the man who runs it.

Air-slaked lime is a valuable disinfectant in the poultry house.

Variety is always good, but sudden and abrupt changes are dangerous.

It pays in more ways than one to be on friendly terms with the heifers.

The sort of seed corn to select is the kind that produces bushels per acre.

Correct sour or acid soil with one to five tons per acre of crushed limestone.

To maintain normal soil fertility the supply of humus must be conserved.

The business hen is the hen that puts her daily credits in the egg basket.

The only proper way to replenish the flock is to save the best lambs each year.

A common cause of slow churning is an overfilled churn. Half full is about right.

Dirty collars are probably as responsible for sore shoulders as ill-fitting ones.

Keep the horses well cleaned, but remember that you can be cruel with the curry comb.

The hopper system of feeding is a good one, but put only one kind of feed in one hopper.

The fault of too many dairy farmers is failure to make the cows produce up to their limit.

Too much corn has caused the loss of many a fine litter of pigs, and often the loss of the sow as well.

In raising horses for one's own use it should be done as intelligently as if it were to be a regular business.

Spraying is one of the unavoidable tasks of the farmer who would keep his orchard in desirable condition.

Place the bee hives on string supports about eight inches from the ground to prevent dampness and cold.

The man who is producing milk for the city trade should have a clear mind, clean hands and a pure heart.

Arsenate of lead which is held over from the year before will be good if it has not dried out and become a hard lump.

When turkeys are penned up to fatten for market, good results are not obtained if they are cramped for room.

Now and then put a little brine on the straw. It acts as an appetizer, and the sheep clean up the straw better.

A heifer may give as much milk in proportion to the food eaten as a mature cow, and make some growth in addition.

A paint brush that has become hardened with paint can be made soft and pliable by immersing it in boiling vinegar.

It is just as easy to multiply defects in breeding as it is to strengthen good points, and many people are doing the former.

The colt crop on the general farm may be made a by-product that will cost very little, but swell the bank account considerably.

Seed corn? Of course you have it all in good shape and ready for the germination test. Do not plant a grain unless you know it comes from sound stock.

The best medicine in the world for poultry are dry, clean quarters and lots of sunshine. Better lose every other poultry recipe known than to forget this.

The great need of the day is educated dairymen, men who understand the care and feeding of the cow as well as the successful marketing of her products.

Now is the time to set a shallow box of earth in the window and start some cabbage and tomato seeds for early planting, first in the hotbed and then in open ground.

If the dairymen could come into direct contact with the people who eat their butter there would be less need of discussing the subject of making a better grade of butter.

Government reports state that during the last year more up-to-date and modern machinery has been purchased and installed on the farms than during any previous ten years.

Thousands of acres of pasture land in Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and Iowa are devoted to feeding cows to supply Chicago consumers with milk and cream and other dairy products.

BEST DEFENCE AGAINST DISEASE

Is a Supply of Rich, Red Blood and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Tonic to Use When the Blood Is Thin and Weak.

Thin, impure blood is an invitation to sickness. The blood is at work, day and night, to maintain the health and any lack of strength or purity in the blood is a weakness in the defense against disease. Anaemia is the doctor's name for lack of blood. There may be an actual loss in the quantity of the blood or one or more of its constituents may be lacking. Its surest symptom is pallor. Anaemia is particularly common in young girls from 14 to 17 years of age. It is not confined to them for it is this same lack of blood that prevents full recovery after the grip, fevers, malaria and operations and is present in old age and in persons who have been under an unusual physical or mental strain.

Mrs. Morgan Bowen, of No. 2631 Fillmore street, N. E. Minneapolis, Minn., says:

"When I was 15 years old I went into a decline and my parents feared I was going into consumption. I was sick for a year and was not able to do much of anything. The sickness came on me gradually. I was pale and seemed to lose my strength. I was attending school at Winona at the time and became so nervous that I had to give up my studies. My parents were alarmed about my condition as there had been consumption in the family.

"A friend advised my mother to give me Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and before I used them long I was much improved. I gave the pills a thorough trial and was fully restored to health. My health has been good since, but I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the house and take them when I feel I need a tonic."

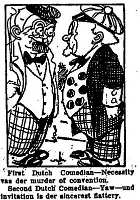
The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood so that it can nourish and strengthen the weakened system has made hundreds of cures in the most severe disorders.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People should be used in anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, sick headache, nervousness and for a general run-down condition of the health.

Send for free booklet, "Diseases of the Blood."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

DUTCH VIEW.



First Dutch Comedian—Necessity vas der murder of convention.

Second Dutch Comedian—Yaw—und invitation is der sincerest flattery.

RASH ALL OVER BABY'S BODY

Itched So He Could Not Sleep

"On July 27, 1909, we left Boston for a trip to England and Ireland, taking baby with us. After being in Ireland a few days a nasty rash came out all over his body. We took him to a doctor who gave us medicine for him. The trouble started in the form of a rash and was all over baby's body, head and face, at different times. It irritated, and he would scratch it with all his might. The consequence was it developed into sores, and we were afraid it would leave nasty scars on his face.

"When we reached England we took baby to another doctor, who said his condition was due to change of food and climate, and gave more medicine. The rash got no better, and it used to itch and burn at night so bad that the child could not sleep. He was completely covered with it at different times. It was at this time that my mother advised us to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for about nine months the places disappeared. There are not any scars, or other kind of disfigurement, and baby is completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We have no further trouble with baby's skin. Nothing stopped the itching, and allowed baby to sleep but Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Gunn, 29 Burrell St., Roxbury, Mass., March 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

His Number.

He gazed tenderly into her eyes as she spoke.

"Life," she murmured dreamily, "is after all, nothing but a romance in which we are characters, moving hither and yon as the supreme author of our being directs."

"And in the novel of your life," said he, tenderly, "where do I come in?"

"You?" she answered with a smile. "Oh, you are—let me see—one, two, three—you are Chap Seventeen."—Harper's Weekly.

Very Improper.

Howell—Why is it that Harvard doesn't want to play Carlisle again?

Powell—I believe the Cambridge boys caught the Indians doing something redhanded.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

There are men who see that dignity may be disgraced, and who feel that disgrace may be [illegible]—Bolingbroke.

ISLAND THAT IS DREADED ALIKE BY THE SAILOR AND KEEPER

MONTREAL, QUEBEC.—That was a thrilling story which came from Halifax concerning the heroism of Mrs. Peter Borque, widow of the keeper of the lighthouse on Bird Rock in the Magdalen islands in the Gulf of St. Lawrence; but it is only one of the many tales of death and disaster that can be told of this barren and isolated bit of land.

After her husband had been washed overboard and drowned during a storm that threatened the demolition of the lighthouse Mrs. Borque kept the beacon burning for ten days, and thus probably saved several vessels from piling up on the rocks. Both she and her young baby suffered severely from exposure and hunger and she was so weak when rescued by the government steamship Seal that it was necessary to carry her on board. The authorities say that the courage of this woman is unsurpassed in the history of the Canadian lighthouse service.

"For a time I thought I would go mad," said Mrs. Borque after her rescue, "but I knew I had to do my duty. My baby suffered terribly from the cold, but I held it as tight as I could. It was a terrible task to crawl with her into the light chamber to keep the lamps trimmed, filled and burning. There was food, but you couldn't cook, and the baby cried constantly. Many times I heard the whistles, but they went away when they heard the bell ringing and saw the light."

The Magdalens are a group of 13 or 14 islands that lie almost in the center of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Their position makes them dangerous to vessels and so many are the wrecks thereabout that they have been styled by sailormen the graveyard of the gulf.

Inaccessible Bird Rock.

Bird Rock is the most northerly island of the group and is little more than a huge rock rising abruptly out of the sea to a height of 140 feet, on which the Canadian government maintains one of the most inaccessible lighthouse stations of the Atlantic coast. Thousands of gannets, murres, kittiwakes and other sea fowl hover over it at all times, while beneath on its rocky ledges they have built myriads of nests in a series of tiers. The sides of the rock are very precipitous, and until a few years ago, when a roadway was blasted out of the solid rock leading to the top, all visitors and supplies were taken ashore by a cage lowered to the water and hoisted up by means of a windlass. The waves that generally break upon it are so tremendous that it is only possible to effect a landing in calm weather.

But it is such a wild and desolate spot that the man in charge of the lighthouse must make it his home during the entire year. Jean Quette, the first keeper, remained one summer with two assistants. Then the solitude preyed so upon his mind that he went insane. He recovered his reason only when he returned to civilization.

Keeper Perished With Son.

Pierre Wealen, the next keeper, managed to hold out for nine years. He came to a tragic end in 1880. In the spring of that year he, his son and an assistant ventured out on the ice surrounding the Bird Rock during a blinding snowstorm and lost their way. The assistant succeeded in returning to the lighthouse in safety. Wealen and his son perished.

Charles Chaisson, the third keeper of the lighthouse, was killed on August 12, 1881, by the premature discharge of a signal gun he was preparing to fire. His son and an assistant were badly injured in the same accident.

Telesphore Turbide, the next keeper, remained in charge of the lighthouse for over 16 years, but even he did not escape the dangers of his calling. On June 24, 1891, he was putting home a charge in a signal gun when it exploded and blew off part of his right hand.

Another tragedy of Bird Rock occurred in March, 1897. In the spring of the year the hooded and harp seals come down on the ice from Labrador and Anticosti, and hundreds of men and boys from the Magdalens go out to hunt them for their pelts and oil. These seal hunts are attended by many dangers. A storm is liable to come up and drive the hunters out to sea on the moving ice. Snow covered fissures may mean death in case of a misstep. The danger of drowning is ever present.

Fatal Seal Hunt.

In March, 1897, Damien Cormier, an assistant keeper of the lighthouse, started out on a seal hunt accompanied by Charles Turbide, a lad of 17, and Arsene Turbide, cousin of the latter. Cormier's wife was left in charge of the lighthouse during his absence. They had noticed a large number of hair seals lying on the ice to the eastward, and proceeded in that direction, dragging behind them a small boat for use on the open glades of water.

The hunters reached the seals and made many killings. Finding night approaching they stowed their spoils in the boat and headed homeward. But they had not noticed the threatening look of the sky nor the increasing wind while engaged in the hunt, and a furious snowstorm from the northwest struck down upon them suddenly.

Bending their heads lower the men plunged onward aimlessly. But there was no use in attempting to force their way through that endless drift. So Cormier and his companions determined to fight the blizzard just where they were. They halted and overturned the boat and made a sort of shelter.

Two Die in Storm.

The storm raged more violently. The cold became intense. An icy numbness seized the feet of Cormier and his two companions. In agony the men jumped up and down on the ice, beating their arms across their chests and pounding together their frozen hands. At length Cormier tumbled over in a heap. Charles Turbide fell unconscious at his side. Before daybreak both were dead.

Then Arsene Turbide went out into the snowy waste and looked about him. The storm had abated by this time. The snow had ceased to fall. He could see clearly now and quickly realized that it was impossible to return by the route he had come, as the north wind had forced his ice floe far out in the gulf.

In the hazy direction of his home a rough sea tossed, piled up with ragged fragments of ice. No boat could live in such waters. His only chance for salvation lay in the hard, frozen gulf toward the shore of Cape Breton, even though that shore was 70 miles away.

Arsene buried the bodies of his comrades underneath the upturned boat. Grasping the bludgeon he had used in the slaughter of seals, he turned his face in the direction of Cape Breton and started on his long journey.

Made Brave Fight for Life.

All that cold day Arsene trudged over the rough ice with neither food nor drink. Sometimes he plunged through deep drifts, sometimes he glided more easily over windswept surfaces. As the day wore on he was assailed by frequent spells of drowsiness. But he was determined to fight and struggled to the end. When night fell he dozed as best he could, but always standing, for he knew that once he stretched himself upon the ice it would mean his last sleep.

The next morning he crept up on a seal and clubbed it to death, drank the warm blood. He did not know that his garments, his face and his hands were smeared with blood, but he did realize that he had secured renewed strength and courage to continue his journey. Late that afternoon he reached Meat Cove at Cape Breton, and scarcely able to drag himself along, staggered to the first house in sight. Opening the door, he entered, not knowing the appearance he presented to the inmates. They questioned him, but he could not speak. So thinking him either insane or a murderer, they thrust him out and slammed the door behind him.

Found Refuge Too Late.

Arsene struggled on again. When the door was opened to him at the next house, he rushed in headlong, flung himself down before a fire and at once fell into a sound slumber. When he awoke he narrated his story, and then word was telegraphed to Grindstone island, one of the Magdalen group, to send speedy relief to the woman who had been left alone at the lighthouse on Bird Rock.

Arsene did not recover from his experience and within a fortnight died from its effects.

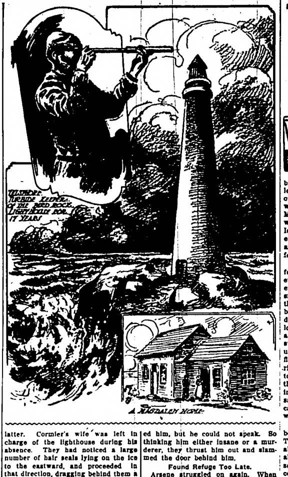
Many stories might be told of the other Magdalen islands. For many years they have been inhabited by a few thousand natives who are descended from the Acadians who settled in New France under the leadership of Champlain and De Mont. Since the first settlement in 1763 generations of the same families have raised meager crops in the valleys and fed sheep and cattle on the high cone-shaped hills which form a prominent feature of an insular landscape. Year after year fathers and sons have gone out upon the white capped waters of the gulf for the cod, mackerel and lobster on which their livelihood depends. Ancient language and customs prevail among these people, and the spinning wheel and hand loom still provide homespun for both men and women.

Hard and Precarious Existence.

In seasons when the fishing is good the average Magdalener makes sufficient money to supply his wants. In poor years they sometimes suffer dire distress. During the "Great Misery" in the winter of 1883, and again in 1897, food became so scarce that the Canadian government was obliged to send supplies to the islands to prevent a famine.

The inhabitants of the Magdalens are completely isolated from the world for six months in the year. In the summer a small steamer subsidized by the government plies semi-weekly between the islands and the mainland of Nova Scotia. During the long winters this service must be abandoned, and persons on the island remain there until the boat resumes its trips in the spring.

The telegraph gives them the news that is going on in the world during their isolation, but of course there can be no exchange of letters. Sometimes this mode of communication fails, as in 1910, when the cable to the mainland broke and could not be repaired for weeks. The natives in this instance resorted to very ancient methods. A heavy barrel containing 30 or 40 letters sealed in cans was dropped overboard in the waters of the gulf and trusted to fate. Ten days afterward the tide carried it to the mainland 60 miles away and the letters were sent to their addresses. Unfortunately the southern drift of the gulf prevented any answers from being sent in reply.


TELESPHORE TURBIDE KEEPER OF THE BIRD ROCK LIGHTHOUSE FOR 17 YEARS

A MAGDALEN HOME

British Consumption of Fish.

It is a question whether John Bull is not more deserving of the name of fish eater than he is of beef eater, for during the past year fish valued at $35,000,000 was landed on his shores for food.

FISH MAKES SWEET SOUNDS

Scientists Know There Is Such a Specimen of the Finny Tribe, but Cannot Name It.

In no class of the animal kingdom are there so many curious examples as that which comprehends the finny tribes of sea, lake and river. Of these there is none more remarkable than the so-called musical fish.

If there is one common characteristic of all marine animals more noteworthy than another it is their absolute silence, or voicelessness. The only exception to this is the fish that sings. Its music is only heard at night, or in the evening after the sun has set, and particular places appear to be frequented by the fish, for on sailing away from them the sound becomes inaudible, and on returning it is heard again. In long notes, low and clear and perfectly distinct, the sounds always seem to come up from the surface of the water.

At one locality, Chilka lake, an inlet of the sea on the east coast of Ceylon, the musical fish gives forth sounds like the gentle thrills of a musical chord, or the faint vibrations of a wineglass when its rim is rubbed by a wet fingertip—a multitude of tiny sounds, each clear and distinct in itself, the sweetest treble mingling with the lowest bass. The fish appear to abound off the Cingalese coast, and they have been met with out at sea in deep soundings, at least 100 miles from Ceylon.

Their strange music has also been heard in the muddy creeks near Bombay and Salsette, and at Vizagapatam and along the Coromandel coast. It is audible on a calm night among the islands of the Mergui Archipelago, off the coast of Burma, and, too, in the fresh water of the Sarumoth river to Borneo; and the notes have been compared to the rising and falling of an Aeolian harp, or to music borne on the wind from a distant shore.

What manner of fish it is that produces the sounds has, as yet, not been definitely ascertained. American naturalists generally postulate that the musical fish of their coasts and of the West Indies, in especial of the Bacos islands, near Trinidad, where it abounds, is a large fish known to zoologists as the Pagonias chromis, growing to five feet in length, and swimming about in shoals. In the gullet of the fish are three movable plates, covered with large teeth, and it is supposed that it is the action of these that produces the sounds. As, of course, sound travels a great way under water, the slightest note is distinctly heard by any one on the surface.

The fishermen of the Bay of Pallon say that it is a white fish with bluish spots on the back, and about ten inches long, which they catch on the spot while it is singing. But as regards their statement the great difficulty is that the mere hooking of such a fish near the surface is no proof that it is the fish which is a melodist, for the first might have been swimming near the surface, while the second, the real performer, is feeling quietly at the bottom. Anyhow, it has been conclusively ascertained that there is a fish which sings.

The Ways of the Beaver

By S. N. LEEK

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WHILE on a camping trip at the headwaters of Atlantic and Thoroughfare Creeks, northeast of the Jackson's Hole country in Wyoming, during the summer of 1911, I had some great opportunities of studying the habits of beaver. I have always been an interested student of this clever little animal's ways, but while in the hills I had never before had the leisure to stay among them that I enjoyed on this outing. At that time the following gentlemen were with me: F. L. Cuthbert and son of Lima, Ohio; J. M. Hill of Fond du Lac, Wis., and Fred Lovejoy. We were on a fishing and general pleasure trip over Idaho and Wyoming, camping wherever the feed and fishing were good, and resting when, how and where we felt like it.

In the country above mentioned we found many beaver; in fact, wherever there was sufficient water, beaver had taken possession of it. All small streams were dammed up by them, and in one place we saw a beaver industriously fixing up the dam, while five ducks were near him looking on. In another place we saw a beaver, probably the old daddy, swimming in a pond, who, on seeing us, slapped the water with its broad, flat tail, making a sound much like a rifle shot. The other beaver, curious to be doing something, were out on the bank cutting willows, but on hearing the danger signal, which probably said, "Hey, you kids, out of there!" came tumbling into the water till six were swimming before us.

Beaver live in families, the two old beavers, two yearlings and two kits. The young, two in number, are born about April and stay at home until about two years of age, when they set up housekeeping on their own account. They move to some other locality. If a small stream, they proceed to build a dam to get greater depth of water. If the banks are rocks or not suitable for holes, they build a house. The water must be of sufficient depth so it will not freeze solid in winter, as the entrance to the house or hole in bank is under water. The floor of their living room is about three inches above water, and is carpeted with white sticks slit up a little coarser than excelsior. There is always an opening above the living room for fresh air. This is partly closed or concealed by sticks laid across it.

As the pond freezes over in the winter, the beaver must provide themselves with sustenance to last them through the long winter. This is called their cache and is always situated near where they live and consists of willows, quaking aspen or cottonwood anchored under water. They cut these late in the fall and place them in this cache, so when the pond freezes over they can get to them. Cutting off a small piece, they take it to their living room and peel it, eating the bark only. This is their winter's food. The sticks after being peeled are taken away where they lie on the bottom of the pond. In putting up the cache they all work. If small willows are used the old ones cut and place them in little piles (armfuls), the young beaver carrying them to the water and then running with them to the cache. And if cottonwood or trees, they first cut them down by cutting all around them, if of large size, letting them fall where they may. They then cut off all limbs and cut the trunks up into suitable lengths to handle, and drag all to the water and then float them to their cache. From my observation the limit in size that a beaver can cut is about 24 inches. They can cut out a chip about four inches long, cutting it off at bottom and top and splitting it out very much as a man does with an ax. In this way they can cut a scarf about 12 inches in height and back into the trunk of the tree about 12 inches, all the way around. Then if the tree leans considerably, it will of course break some, or when the wind comes up it will blow down, but I have seen trees with so much center left that they remained standing, though cut into to the beavers' limit.

A WELL-BUILT BEAVERHOUSE

CUTTINGS MADE BEFORE AND AFTER THE SNOW

In building a dam they first place coarse brush in the stream, allowing the water to run through till a good lot of brush is in place clear across the stream. They then begin working in finer brush, and lastly mud, till the structure is water-tight. And another peculiar fact about the work of these animals: If a beaver places the branch of a tree or willow in the water it sinks, if he so wishes, while if you should place it there, it floats. This is a secret apparently known only to the beaver.

I believe the beaver live more like humans in their domestic life than any other animal, and though there may be no marriage ceremony, their domestic life is just as sacred. And yet, with all their wisdom, they are easily trapped, for by taking advantage of their weakness or customs, by placing a handful of soft mud from the bottom of the pond upon the bank and placing a few drops of a certain kind of scent upon it, every beaver that passes near will go to it, and if the trap is well placed, they are sure to get caught.

For some years there has been a closed season on beaver in the state of Wyoming.

They are multiplying very fast and reappearing in all their old haunts, and I am glad to see it; but I deplore the fact that the law is not more strictly enforced. I hate to see a law to conserve the game abused—a law that the honest man will recognize and obey, but so poorly enforced that the poacher and unlawful party get all the benefit.

HUMOR FROM HAPPYLAND

Not Many.

Poets now will
Have to delve,
Seeking rhymes for
1912.

Art and Its Rivalries.

"I don't believe that story about Nero fiddling while Rome burned."

"Why?"

"Any true musician would have known better than to try to hold an audience while the fire department was turning out."

One.

"He is one of the most conceited men I have ever met."

"I don't doubt it. There is a certain conceited man that it will never be possible for you to meet."

Liquidated.

Tatterdon Torn—Wot would you do if you had a million dollars?

Thirsty Theodore—De foist t'ing I'd do would be to invest all but $999,999.95 in a glass o' beer.—Puck.

Frown on Originality.

In the eyes of certain persons original sin is the sin of originality.—Exchange.

In and Out.

"So Brown has it in for me, has he. What would you advise me to do?"

"Have it out with him."

The Same Is True Today.

Diogenes upon his quest
An honest man could never find;
Although still hoping for the best,
Great was the scarc'ty of that kind.

Saying Nothing.

"There is a rumor afloat that Old Goldrox is dead," said the editor.

"Yes," replied the reporter; "I was just down to the house."

"Is it so?"

"Well, his wife said that her husband would neither confirm nor deny the rumor."

Meaning Mrs. Lot.

I know this joke is rather old
And you'll think me a dubber,
Before she turned to salt, we're told,
She first had turned to rubber.

Changed Circumstances.

"I can remember when you had to work eight hours a day," said the old-time friend.

"Yes," replied Dustin Stax; "things are different. Now I have to worry sixteen hours a day."

Hard to Excite.

"Jibble must have nerves like iron."

"Why do you think so?"

"He had the rare privilege yesterday of looking at a dozen yard eggs and he did so without so much as a quiver of his eyelid."

It Does.

It takes a guy
Whose purse is fat
To occupy
A city flat.

Consistent Enough.

"But," protested the stage manager, "don't you think it looks odd for you to wear your diamonds in the character of the deserted wife?"

"Oh, no," replied the actress, "you must have observed that I had selected for that purpose the very smallest and plainest diamonds I own."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Where the Power Lies.

"My dear, sir," said the visiting Englishman, "you people in this country don't know what a real republic is. Your president has vastly more power than we permit our king to exercise."

"Oh, we all realize that, but you seem to forget the power your queen is permitted to exercise."

Entertaining a Customer.

"I notice you always patronize the same barber. Is he a good workman?"

"Not especially so."

"He seems to talk a great deal, besides."

"Yes, but I don't mind that. You see, my barber is a well read man, and every day he tells me a story from Boccaccio."

A Dreary Fate.

How sad is life
For one who sees
His carping wife
He cannot please.

He Knew Him When.

"Why do you hate him so? Has he ever done anything or said anything to injure you?"

"No, but, confound him, I can remember when he had nowhere near as much as I had—when, as a matter of fact, I didn't always care to recognize him."

The Optimist.

Cheer up; if no one saw you act
You're lucky, just the same;
Teh people who do well, in fact,
So oft get only blame.

Progress.

"Women are now making great strides," remarked Mrs. Baring-Banners.

"Yes," replied the husband; "only you can't notice it when you see one of 'em in a hobble skirt going after a street car."

Proof Positive.

"She was the most beautifully gowned woman at the ball!"

"You seem very positive about it."

"I am. Even the woman who was gowned second best admitted it."

Their Growth.

Those hailstones bigger get with each
Tale which to tell, aspires:
From stones they grow as big as eggs,
Then stretch to rubber tires.

Squelched.

"Say, can't you read the sign?" asked the elevator boy.

"I beg your pardon," replied the man with the cigar, "were you speaking to me?"

"It says: 'No Smokin' in the Car.'"

"Does it? Where does it say that?"

"There. Can't you see?"

"But it doesn't say: 'No Smokin' in the Car' there."

"G'wan, you highbrow."

Mental Discretion.

The Nice Boy—H-have you forgotten that cent you borrowed of me?

The Hard Case—Yes! Haven't you?

The Nice Boy—Y-yes! Now that you r-remind me of it!—Puck.

Not Flattering.

"Does death end all?" asked the solemn boarder.

"Not for a week or so in case of a turkey," answered the cheerful boarder.

Just in Time.

"George says he loves that little curl over your right ear."

"I'm glad to know that. I was just about to hang it on the other side."

A Fine Day.

So fair is all the world without
So brightly shines the sun,
'Twould seem all cares are put to rout
And Trouble's on the run.

Bows and Beaux.

Bella—Is she musical?

Beulah—Not a bit.

Bella—But I heard somebody say she had had experience in handling a bow?

Beulah—Oh, they meant she had been engaged to be married several times.

A Mean Trick.

There was a man in our town
And he was wondrous wise.
He gave each tramp that came around
One of his wifey's pies.

Obliging.

"I think," said Mrs. Crumrox, who was arranging a musical program, "that we will have a mezzo-soprano."

"All right," replied her husband. "Don't bother me about it. Go ahead and see an architect."

One Satisfaction.

"He married his stenographer."

"And I suppose she's doing the dictating now?"

"Yes, but he says he doesn't mind that much; he doesn't have to take it down."

YOUNG WIFE SAVED FROM HOSPITAL

Tells How Sick She Was And What Saved Her From An Operation.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio.—"Three years ago I was married and went to housekeeping. I was not feeling well and could hardly drag myself along. I had such tired feelings, my back ached, my sides ached, I had bladder trouble awfully bad, and I could not eat or sleep. I had headaches, too, and became almost a nervous wreck. My doctor told me to go to a hospital. I did not like that idea very well, so, when I saw your advertizement in a paper, I wrote to you for advice, and have done as you told me. I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and now I have my health.

"If sick and ailing women would only know enough to take your medicine, they would get relief."—Mrs. BENJ. H. STANSBERY, Route 6, Box 18, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

If you have mysterious pains, irregularity, backache, extreme nervousness, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait too long, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound now.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and such unquestionable testimony as the above proves the value of this famous remedy and should give every one confidence.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

Something the Matter, Anyhow.

Little Harold lives in Broad Ripple. His mother got him ready for bed one cold night, and to be sure he would be warm enough during the night she took extra precautions, relates the Indianapolis News. After she had put on his little fuzzy pajamas she tucked him carefully in between the wool blankets. Then, to make doubly sure, she got a hot water bottle for him—and the youngster was apparently as snug as could be, with only his little nose sticking out from beneath the covers.

When his mother had finished the tucking-in job she turned down the light. Soon the entire family was in bed. But Harold is like most youngsters. He loves his mother, and wishes lots of attention. So in his child mind he figured out a way to get her to his bed.

"Mamma," he wailed, "I'm cold!"

"Nonsense, son!" replied his mother, and she never made a move to go to his rescue.

The little boy tried the opposite.

"Well, I'm too hot, then!" he yelled.

Convenient Code.

Frank I. Cobb used to be a reporter in Detroit, and knew intimately a former governor of the state of Michigan, who was renowned, among other things, for his ability as a free-hand swearer.

One night Cobb was dining with the ex-governor and his family. A messenger came in to tell the host that one of his pet political schemes had just been defeated through the bungling of a lieutenant. The old man ripped out a string of dark blue ones.

"Now, pa," said his wife, "you promised me you would quit cursing."

"Marie," said the ex-governor, "I'm not cussing—this is just the way I talk!"—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

Method With Disadvantages.

"Will you make any rear platform speeches next summer?"

"I don't know," replied the candidate. "It's kind of embarrassing to have an engineer blow the whistle, ring the bell and pull out just as you get to the grand climax on which you relied for applause."

Saving His Money.

Owens—Say, lend me a fiver, old man.

Bowens—If you'd save your own money you wouldn't have to borrow from your friends.

Owens—But it's because I want to save my own money that I borrow from my friends.

A Tempting Treat—

Post Toasties with cream

Crisp, fluffy bits of white Indian Corn; cooked, rolled into flakes and toasted to a golden brown.

Ready to serve direct from the package.

Delightful flavour!

Thoroughly wholesome!

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

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General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

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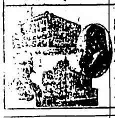

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

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C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS, THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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Saturday, April 13, 1912

The increase in number of "dry" towns is due, in part at least, to disgust with brewery manipulation of politics. Many citizens who like a glass of beer occasionally object strenuously to a brewery owning and controlling a legislature or a governor.

The republican national convention will be held in Chicago June 18; the Ninth district convention will be held in Thief River Falls May 15, and the county convention May 13. The official call is published in another column. There will be no presidential primaries in this state.

Third ticket talk is becoming more frequent in both parties. If either of the great parties nominates a candidate who stands for executive efficiency, freedom from special interests, and courageous progress toward the destruction of economic and industrial despotism, no third ticket can figure largely in the campaign. If, however, both parties nominate candidates of Tory proclivities, a third ticket might poll a heavy vote. If Wilson leads the democrats, a third ticket will have no sufficient purpose; nor will it if the republicans are led by Roosevelt, Hughes, or any one of several less likely to be nominated, such as LaFollette, Borah, and Cummins.—Collier's.

Press Bulletin 87

Northeast Experiment Farm, Grand Rapids, Minnesota, April 1, 1912.

The three most important crops in northeastern Minnesota are clover, fodder corn, and potatoes. The seed for each of these crops this spring is scarce and high priced, but no farmer should change his plan for seeding them on account of the high price of seed. One dollar invested in seed for any of these crops may be made to return $10 and more in the crop.

Clover seeded on the experiment farm in 1911 cost $1.60 per acre for seed. In October this clover seeded in the spring (with a grain crop) was pastured with dairy cows. It provided pasture at the rate of one acre for thirty cows for one day without injury to the next year's hay crop. It produced twenty-two pounds of butter for each acre pastured, worth $5.50. This alone was more than three times the value of the clover seed, not counting the 1912 hay crop.

Fodder corn on the experiment farm in 1911 yielded from ten to fifteen tons of green fodder per acre. One bushel of seed was used for seed for three acres. This spring Minnesota grown seed corn is very high priced, but varieties grown farther south may be used for fodder corn, and this seed may be purchased from the large seed houses at from $1.50 to $2.50 per bushel.

The dairy herd on the experiment farm, consisting of 31 cows, averaged in 1911 6,356 pounds of milk per cow and 253 pounds of butter per cow. These cows are only representatives of such cows as the average farmer may have. They were fed largely on clover and fodder corn, most of the fodder corn in the form of ensilage. The value of the butter at the local market price was $77.90 per cow. The cost of feed was $31.24 per cow, leaving a profit above the cost of feed of $26.65. Dairying can be made a very profitable business for the farmers of northeastern Minnesota who will regularly grow the two above mentioned crops—clover and fodder corn.

Potatoes on the experiment farm in 1911 yielded 250 bushels per acre—Carmen variety. 500 bushels have been sold on the local market at 75 cts. per bushel. 1,000 bushels are still on hand which will probably bring one dollar per bushel. The cost of growing the potato crop, including seed, labor, and rent of land, was about $25 per acre. Potatoes are the cash crop for the farmers of northwestern Minnesota. Farmers should not rush in this spring, because they are high priced, but should start out to annually grow as many acres as can be given proper attention and care. The potato market is moving north, and the farmer who will grow potatoes regularly, will profit thereby.

A. J. McGUIRE,
Superintendent Northeast Experiment Farm.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire. Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.

m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

Republican District Convention

The republican district convention for the Ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota will be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held at Chicago on June 18, 1912, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for president and vice president, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

The county conventions to elect delegates thereto will be held in the respective counties on Monday, May 13, A. D. 1912, at places to be designated by the several county committees.

Representation in this convention will be made upon the following basis: Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each two hundred and fifty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for state officers in the year 1910 in such county, and each county shall be allowed in addition thereto five delegates at large. The several counties in the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

Becker	12
Beltrami	11
Clearwater	8
Clay	13
Kittson	8
Marshall	12
Mahnomen	6
Norman	10
Otter Tail	18
Polk	20
Pennington	10
Red Lake	8
Roseau	9
Wilkin	9
Total	154

By order of the Ninth district republican committee.

JOHN PETTERSON, Chairman.
FRED DENNIS, Secretary.

Dated April 8, 1912.

The Easter Program

Seldom are the people of St. Hilaire afforded the opportunity of enjoying so impressively interesting an Easter program as that rendered by the Sunday school of the M. E. church at the Imperial hall last Sunday evening. To say that any one number was good would be to exclude all the other equally good numbers. The work of the Sunday school children in rendering the program reflects great credit upon themselves as well as those having the entertainment in charge and will be of lasting benefit to those who filled the hall. The following program was rendered:

1. Opening address......Sverre Steen
2. Opening song, Thrown in Light on High..........School
3. Responsive reading.............. ......Superintendent and school
4. Prayer............Two little girls
5. Easter Greetings.......Wand girls
6. Easter Letters.......Six little tots
7. Recitation..........Mamie LaSalle
8. Universal Easter.... ....Six boys and song
9. Recitation..........Hazel Fricker
10. Solo, Eastertide is Here ....Margaret Patterson
11. Song, Little Children's Song........ ....Primary
12. Appeal for Benificence.............. ....Harvey Olson
13. Easter Light, March and song.....
14. Song, We Can If We Try............ ....Five children
15. Love Banners.........Four children
16. Recitation.....Margaret Patterson
17. Message of Gladness.............. ....Six girls with lilies
18. Solo...................Olga Fricker
19. Love Notes, Hallelujah Song, Chorus
20. Closing Address........Curtis Post
21. Hallelujah Song..............School
22. Doxology.........................By all

The program was prepared by Miss Alice Hall, superintendent of the Sunday school, who was ably assisted by Mrs. O. F. Post.

Russian Engineer visits Minnesota

A representative of the Russian government traveled half way around the earth to inspect the plant of the Northwestern Drainage company of Thief River Falls. He is Chief Engineer Peter Stakle of Blogovestchensk, Siberia, who is in charge of a vast drainage works in Eastern Siberia, some 500 miles from the coast and on the Amur river. He is endeavoring to reclaim about 16,000,000 acres of level rich prairie land which at times is too wet for agricultural purposes.

Mr. Stackle had heard of the great ditching proposition in this state and came directly from Siberia to Thief River Falls to learn of the methods and machinery used at first hand. A. M. Arpin, president of the Northwestern Drainage company, spent two days with the foreigner, and he left Saturday loaded with profiles, estimates, plans and photos of the work. He also had an opportunity of viewing some machines of various forms at work for his especial benefit and was amazed at the rapidity and ease with which the ponderous machines were operated. He immediately offered to close a bargain for the purchase of several of the machines, which was out of the question, and insisted that the local concern promise to take up work with his government in the far away land. He will sail from New York on the 13th for St. Petersburg with a vast fund of information of Minnesota drainage.

Clean Up Notice

Notice hereby given to all property owners in St. Hilaire, to remove all garbage and refuse from their property at the earliest possible date. By order of board of health.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer

The University School for Nurses

Three years ago the University of Minnesota organized the first school for nurses under direct University control in this country or, indeed, in any other country. The first class has just completed the three years' course of instruction; and a reception was given to the graduates at Shevlin Hall early in March. Members of the faculty of the College of Medicine and Surgery were present and friends of the graduating class were invited. The class pins, which serve as the symbol of graduation from the university school for nurses, were conferred upon them by Dean Westbrook.

Although the period of graduation does not correspond with the university commencement, it has been arranged that diplomas will be conferred upon graduates of the school when other degrees are given at the commencement occasion in June.

SPOILS SYSTEM USED FOR TAFT

Tactics in Indiana.

In the first Indiana district, where former Senator Hemenway directed the Taft forces, the Roosevelt men had fifty-two out of ninety-seven members of the convention. But here again the organization controlled the district chairman and the district committee proceeded to organize the convention in behalf of Taft, seating arbitrarily and without permitting a vote by the convention, a number of contesting Taft delegates. The Roosevelt men could not obtain recognition and could not make themselves effective except by resorting to physical force. Under these conditions they withdrew from the convention and organized one of their own and elected their delegates. Although holding a clear majority of the convention, they were forced to assume the attitude of bolters in order to escape the Taft steam roller, and the delegates they have chosen are also classed as contestants. The same methods have been pursued in other districts.

Elected by Corruption.

The plain and obvious result of these outrageous proceedings is that of the total number of delegates claimed for Taft in states where the Republican party has a fighting chance in the election, nearly all of them, if not quite all, have been illegally elected by the exercise of the worst form of corruption, that which deprives the voters themselves of any voice in the selection of men who will assume to represent them in naming a candidate for the presidency of the United States. The continuance of these methods will in a short time disclose general political conditions in the United States more startling and more abhorrent than was ever known before. It cannot fail to become evident that conscienceless men controlled by patronage, by their own greed for power and by the particular special interests they represent are engaged in a great conspiracy to steal from the American people their right of self-government. They are pursuing a rule or ruin policy, the effect of which cannot be limited to the disaster it will certainly bring to the Republican party, but will extend to the nation itself, destroying, as nothing else has done, confidence in public men, in the great business institutions of the country, and in the government itself. Nothing can stop this but the aroused conscience of the voters themselves and their determination to prevent mere political manipulators, backed by money and government influence, from setting aside and overriding the real sentiment of the public.

Taft Approves Methods.

Showing how thoroughly in sympathy with these methods are the Taft managers and the president himself, the former recently made public a dispatch from E. L. Morse, one of the Taft managers in Missouri, respecting the situation in one congressional district of that state. The dispatch says: "Congressional committee which makes roll of convention is evenly divided, we controlling chairman and secretary, which will enable us to elect two Taft delegates."

Here the proposition is so plainly put that it illuminates the whole situation. The control of the chairman and secretary of the district committee, two men out of several hundred, is relied upon by the Taft forces to give them the two delegates from that district of Missouri. The Taft managers attempt no concealment of the purpose in view. They are simply determined that representative government in the United States so far as the naming of a candidate for president is concerned shall be destroyed.

To a Poet.

To learn poetry "for recreation" is doubtless a means of cultivating a knowledge of literature; but schoolboys sometimes regard the authors of poems learned as task-masters and personal enemies. This view is amusingly expressed in a letter found among the papers of the venerable German poet Geibel. It was written to him by some schoolboys of Lubeck, and signed, "Karl Beckmann, II. Klasse."

After stating that two boys had been flogged because they could not learn Herr Geibel's "Hope of Spring," the letter reads:

"We suppose that you did not think of such things when you wrote the poem. The Herr Lehrer says it is a very beautiful poem; but there are so many beautiful poems, and we are obliged to learn them. Therefore we beg and entreat you, esteemed Herr Geibel, make no more beautiful poems. And to make it worse we have to learn the biography of every poet, what year he was born in, and what year he died in. We write to you because you are the only poet still living, and we wish you a very long life."—The Sunday Magazine.

GRAND
Millinery Opening!
The ladies are invited to attend my opening next
MONDAY, APRIL 15
and inspect my line of Hats and other Millinery
IN THE BRANUM BUILDING
SOUTH OF WILSON'S RESTAURANT
IDA HANSON

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

State of Minnesota, } ss Office of County Auditor,
County of Red Lake, }

To Oscar W. Simple. To C. L. Hanson.

You are hereby notified that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 17, block 39, in the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, is now assessed in your names.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1908, at the sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A.D. 1908, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year 1906, for the said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was bid in for the state of Minnesota for the sum of fifteen dollars and seventy-seven cents; that upon the 27th day of March 1911, said land still remaining unredeemed, and the amount for which the same was so bid in for the state, together with all the subsequent delinquent taxes, penalties, interest, and costs, amounting in all to seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents, having been paid into the treasury of said county, by Daniel Patterson, said land was assigned and conveyed to him by the auditor of said county, pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided; that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents, and interest on seventy-eight dollars and forty-seven cents at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the 27th day of March, 1912, to the day such redemption is made, and that the said tax certificate has been presented to me by the holder thereof, and the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this 27th day of March A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. A. LATENDRESSE,
County Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota. m30-3t

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County }

In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District,

Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Plano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons, or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m22-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }

In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Lulu D. Havlorson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Plano Mfg.Co., a corporation, and also all other persons of parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein, } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota,

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m22-a27

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }

In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.

Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,

vs.

Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Plano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon; Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
m22-a27
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

PATENTS

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PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Bring in Your Printing

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles P. Quist and Sophia J. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 14th day of December, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of December, A. D. 1910, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 22;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by the said Johnson Van Sant Co., mortgagee, to F. Hall, by written assignment dated the 16th day of February, 1912, and recorded in the said office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 26th day of February A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 11 of mortgages on page 521; and

Whereas, under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained, the said assignee or holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare and does hereby declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice; and

Whereas, there is actually due and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice the sum of one hundred eighty-nine and 29-100 ($189.29) dollars, together with the further sum of one hundred fifty [illegible] dollars, interest due on a prior mortgage, which was paid by the assignee on the first day of January, 1912, pursuant to the terms and stipulations in said mortgage contained which said payment bears interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the first day of January, 1912, making the total amount due on said mortgage at the date hereof the sum of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and the power of sale having become operative and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, namely: The east half of section thirty-three (33), township one hundred fifty-four (154), of range forty (40), containing three hundred twenty (320) acres more or less according to the government survey thereof, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in said county and state, on the 22nd day of April, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash; to pay said debt of three hundred forty and 72-100 ($340.72) dollars, and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorney's fees allowed by statute in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 28, 1912.

F. HALL,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
A. N. ECKSTROM, Attorney for Assignee,
Warren, Minn. m2-a6

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty six ($36.00) dollars interest, which became due October 1st 1911, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David W. Clayton and Mary E. Clayton, mortgagors, to Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1907, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of April, 1907, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages on page 441, and now on record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in said state, in book 24 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 10th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgages on page 406 and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 22.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalia Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final degree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed the said mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalia Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m., in book A of Miscellaneous on Page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 169.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest, the whole principal sum of said mortgage did on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalia Rosenberg, assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes (if any), on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIA ROSENBERG,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services, with communion, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday April 14, at 3 o'clock p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
[illegible] POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Oddfellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
S. LARSON, V. P. O. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
[illegible] OLSON, President. MONNIE LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
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Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Haaken Johnson was in St. Hilaire Friday.

John Anderson went Wednesday to Minneapolis.

Victor Brink was at Salol between trains Thursday.

A maple floor has been laid in the Oddefellows' hall.

Mike McAndress will ship two cars of cattle today.

Oliver Anderson left Wednesday for Thompson Falls, Montana.

R. E. Aubolson drove to Thief River Falls and return Tuesday.

G. Fellman went Friday to Crookston, on a business mission.

W. E. Kelsey, a Crookston collection agent, was in town Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister were at Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Mrs. J. A. Bahan went Tuesday evening to Dugdale for a few days' visit at home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Domstrand were Thief River Falls visitors between trains Thursday.

The schools took up their work again Monday after a welcome rest for both teachers and pupils.

The St. Hilaire base ball team has a game scheduled with Red Lake Falls in the near future.

Mrs. I. W. Fisher came over from Crookston Monday for a few days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pitkin.

A praire fire west of town this week burned 140 bales of hay and about ten tons in a stack for Peter Lundberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Monson returned Tuesday to their home at Shelly after a few days' visit at the Sven Benson home.

Miss Ida Hanson arrived here yesterday from Crookston. She will open a millinery store next Monday in the Branum building.

Anton Anderson, the Wylie saloon man, waf in town Monday receiving treatment for a damaged rib got in a friendly scuffle.

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church meets at the home of O. W. Brink, Friday afternoon, April 26. Everybody invited to come.

Friday evening, April 5, Joseph Schlehoter, a farmer of Highlanding, committed suicide by shooting himself just above the heart with a shotgun.

If you want to be good to yourself, to your wife, and to your family, you want to buy your shoes and your summer goods from Henry Goergen.

Call on N. A. Nelson for seed corn, oats, barley, alfalfa, timothy, clover, and other grass seeds. You better get what you need now, or you will pay much higher prices.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

William Brosner of Crookston was here Monday looking for a farm. We understand he found one to his liking and will return in the near future to complete the purchase.

Sam Thompson has received word that Cornelius Howland, who was committed to the Fergus Falls insane asylum, has been taken by his brothers to his former home in Iowa.

B. A. Wilman of Grand Rapids, Minn., was looking his real estate interests here the first of the week. He is so well pleased with the outlook that he has decided to purchase another quarter section of land.

Franz F. Freund of Red Lake Falls, Minn., is stopping over in Missoula today to visit the northern Minnesota contingent. Mr. Freund is on his way to Raymond, Wash., where he will be the director and manager of a band and orchestra.—Missoula Sentinel.

The meeting of the Forum Literary society will be held at the rooms of the society on Monday evening, April 15, at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present, and all those who are not members are cordially invited to attend and interest themselves in the work of the society, and share in its benefits.

Mrs. Fred Rux went to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Miss Effie Hanson returned Friday from a visit to Crookston.

Ernest and Andy Noraader left Monday for North Dakota.

C. C. Bakken spent Sunday at his home at Thief River Falls.

Harold Holmes returned Monday to his school work at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Jo Draeger of Badger was a guest of Mrs. Hans Wilson the first week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson returned yesterday from a visit to Crookston.

H. O. Haugen was looking after business matters in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Miss Vina Anderson returned on Monday to Cass Lake after a few weeks' visit at home.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Naplin of Polk Centre, on Thursday, March 11, a girl baby.

Lawrence Wilson returned Monday from a visit to relatives and friends at Grand Forks.

Mrs. Axel Nestelund went yesterday to Holt, where her husband is employed, for a few days' visit.

Oscar Carlson left Tuesday morning for the Alberta county, Canada, where he thinks of taking a homestead.

The neat little sum of $36 85 was realized at the social Saturday evening for the benefit of Mrs. Einnerson.

Oliver Johnson retvrned Monday to Thief River Falls, after a few days' visit with his mother, Mrs. Martin Bjerk.

Miss Kate Patterson returned Tuesday from Crookston, where she was the guest of Mrs. George Austin for a few days.

The Ladies Aid society of the United church, which should have met yesterday, will meet next Friday with Mrs. S. Benson.

Neil Dahl left Thursday morning for his home at Gull Lake Canada. He expects to be gone about a year before he sees St. Hilaire again.

A special term of district court for Pennington countty, with Judge Grindeland presiding, convened at the court house Friday morning.

Miss Carrie Klemeusrud returned Monday from Crookston, where she spent the Easter vacation, and went out in River Falls township, where she is teaching.

We were favored with a little ride in Mr. Elliott's new Case auto the other day. Mr. Elliott is proud of his reputation as driver, and with him at the helm the big machine runs as smooth as clockwork.

Our mailman was not to be seen Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. O my! Mr. Biskey.—Bray Correspondence, Thief River Press. We don't know where the reporter was, but all of the patrons on route 1 got their mail on Friday and a part of the route was served on Wednesday. Keep on knocking.

Died

At the hospital at Crookston Saturday April 7, Tilly, wife of Nick Rohr, aged 28 years. Her home was about six miles southeast of St. Hilaire. She is survived by her husband and two small children, besides her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gustaf Johnson, and four brothers and five sisters.

The body was taken to Thief River Falls and funeral services were held in the Catholic church there, and she was laid to rest in the Catholic cemetery north of Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Annie Einnerson, wife of Jacob Einnerson, died Wednesday morning the 10th inst., at 9 o'clock a. m., at her home near St. Hilaire of consumption after a long illness. She was 48 years and 8 months old at the time of death, and has been a resident of St. Hilaire and vicinity for over 30 years. She leaves three sons and two daughters—one daughter being dead. Her mother two brothers and two sisters, also survive her.

Funeral services were held in the United Luthern church yesterday by Rev. M. S. Gjerde, and interment was made in the Riverside cemetery.

Card of Thanks

The friends of Mrs. J. Einnerson wish to extend their thanks to the Ladies' Aid of the United Lutheran church for the social Saturday evening and to all those who by their aid and patronage assisted Mrs. Einnerson in the hour of trouble.

Spring Dress Goods

New Goods for Spring arriving daily. Dress Goods, Shoes, and Oxfords, Hats Caps, etc.

Ladies' Hats

A nice line, which will be sold at half price. Do your trading where you can share in the profits.

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GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
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Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

The firemen's ball last evening was not as well attended as usual. Perhaps it was not so well advertised as usual.

The nasty weather has not delayed the seeding. With another week the wheat will be practically all in the ground.

E. W. Taylor & Son real estate men of Crookston were in town the first of the week with a party of South Dakota homeseekers to show them their large land holdings in his vicinity.

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 31, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

John Deere Light Draft Sulky and Gang Plows

Represent the higest point reached in the production of a perfect Riding Plow. They mean to the farmer everything that quality of work, ease of management, strength and durability mean to him, and what lightness of draft means to his horses.

Get to know what scores of your neighbors are doing with it and you will have no other.

The next time you are in town, come in and let me show you the John Deere Plow—the world's standard.

N. A. NELSON.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE:

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

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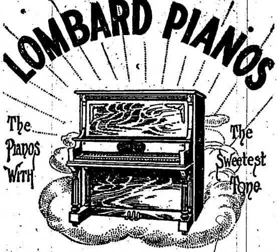

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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

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Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible] with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

The HOME DEPARTMENT

HAND-PAINTED SLIPPER

DAINTY FASHION WORTHY OF ITS POPULARITY.

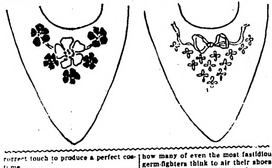
Not at All Hard to Decorate, and Makes a Most Welcome Gift at Any Time—Two Designs That May be Copied.

One of the daintiest fashions introduced this season was the hand-painted slippers for evening wear.

Can you imagine a more attractive gift for the graduate or bride than a pair of these?

The slippers are satin, white or any delicate tint, and the design may be of any favorite flower.

With filmy gowns of chiffon, lace or net, these lovely slippers add just the correct touch to produce a perfect costume.



Any woman with the slightest artistic ability can paint these slippers and find it a delightful pastime.

Two cleverly arranged designs are given here, which you may transfer to the slipper in this manner:

Over the slipper place a small piece of carbon paper and on top of this the design. Carefully trace each flower with a sharply pointed pencil. You will find an exact duplicate of the design on the slipper.

Use watercolors to tint the flowers.

Wild roses are used for one design. These are always effective on account of their delicate shading. The coloring should range from the faintest pink to a deep rose.

A daisy design is especially lovely. Daisies, in their simple beauty, make an appropriate decoration for the white slipper of the bride or the "sweet girl graduate."

Violets in an effective arrangement are good. Shades and tints of violet should be used to color these lovely blossoms.

A design of forget-me-nots is exceedingly pretty. They should be tinted palest blue, with yelow centers. The bowknot may be any color desired; however, pale pink with the blue always makes an effective combination.

If you desire to purchase the hand-painted slippers, you will find them rather expensive. When decorated at home they cost comparatively little.

They are the most acceptable of gifts, delighting any one fortunate enough to receive them.

SHOES NEED THE FRESH AIR

Care In This Respect Will Add to Life and Assure Comfort to the Wearer.

Fresh air is good for most things, including shoes. But in this instance as in many others the value of fresh air is not rightly estimated. At night the least-thoughtful shake out their clothes, brush off the day's dust and slip each garment over a hanger; and many garments are thrown over a chair before an open window. But how many of even the most fastidious germ-fighters think to air their shoes? Clickety-click, into a close closet, or closed shoe box, they go, instead of being brushed, pulled into shape and placed where the air can play freely about and through them.

A windowsill is an excellent shoe-airing rack and is convenient for all. Shoes placed there for an hour or so after wearing each day, will not only prove refreshing to the feet, but will harbor no foot odors, and the dampness from feet warmth and weather conditions will evaporate, leaving leather and lining renewed to resist the day's dear.

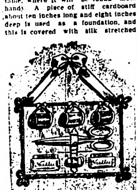
RATINE LINING.

White ratine, as a lining for black or colored faille or satin coats, is one of the smart things in handsome suits. The white cloth comes out in collar and cuffs, with big buttons covered with silk or satin. Black gowns of the kind are used in half mourning.

USEFUL LITTLE WORK BOARD

Takes Up Only a Small Amount of Space and Is Extremely Handy When Wanted.

This useful little board is intended to hang on the wall near a dressing table, where it will be found most handy. A piece of stiff cardboard about ten inches long and eight inches deep is used as a foundation, and this is covered with silk stretched smoothly across and sewn together at the edges.



Down the center a strap of broad elastic is sewn so that it forms a series of loops under which scissors, bodkin and thimble may be slipped and held in their places. On either side of this, small pockets are arranged capable of holding packets of needles.

Along the upper edge and suspended with little loops of narrow ribbon are three reels of cotton, from which the thread may be drawn off without removing them from the board.

The board is edged all round with a silk cord, carried into three little loops at each corner, and a loop of ribbon with a smart bow at the top is attached to the back by which the workboard may be suspended from a nail in the wall.

New Parasols.

A handsome new parasol of green silk has a four-inch border of a heavy plush or long piled velvet of a gray and white mixture. At a distance the border quite resembles fur. Another style parasol is of changeable taffeta with a pinked ruffle of the same outlining the edge. The shirring of the ruffle is defined with a cord.

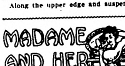
Gathers in Skirts.

Gathered backs are appearing in many of the new skirts of soft materials. This is contrary to the present fashion of the panel and plain habit, but the gathers are so cleverly held in place that the lines are just as slender.

HIGH COLLARS.

Collars of ear-tickling height and daytime decolletage effects are two extremes of the present styles. The stock has returned with all its altitude, and the low transparent yokes are again revived.

MADAME AND HER TOILET



Dampen the hair with cologne water before winding it on the curlers, and it will help to keep the curl in. Hair should be left on the curlers until dry. Anything containing gum arabic leaves an ugly white powder on the hair which is anything but pretty.

With the chilly winds of early spring come many aches and pains. One of the worst of these is earache. This may be effectively relieved by applying sponges, wrung out of hot water, over and behind the ear. Drop a few drops of heated oil mixed with laudanum into the ear. This should bring instant relief.

Physical culture exercises must be taken regularly if good results are expected. Ten minutes devoted to exercise should be taken every morning. Exercise combined with deep breathing and plenty of water drinking is nature's own materia medica, but it costs so little that it is not regarded as "worth while."

When the sedentary worker eats her luncheon she generally reads something or sits or lies down, because she is "so tired." The thing to do is to take a brisk walk, putting in all the time she can spare, and if she would be free from headache she should eschew pickles and pastry at lunch time. Plain, wholesome food is what she requires.

Economical Device.

Experience has shown that metal embroideries have a fatal effect on bodice linings. However little gold or platinum thread may be used on a gown, the doublure is certain to require renewal before the freshness of the work is in the least impaired or the rest of the lining worn out.

A careful dressmaker, however, places a firm linen background on work of this description, this being interposed between the metal threads and the rich lining which is de rigueur nowadays

WHY PEOPLE GO TO CANADA

Those who are wondering why the number of Americans going to Canada year by year increases in the rates that it does, would not be so surprised were they to accompany one of the numerous excursions that are being run under the auspices of the Government from several of the states, and remain with the settler until he gets onto the free homesteads, which, as stated by Speaker Champ Clark, in the U. S. senate the other day, comprises 160 acres of the most fertile soil and with remarkably easy settlement conditions. Then watch the results, whether it be on this free homestead of 160 acres or on land which he may purchase at from $15. to $20. per acre, fully as good as the $100. and $150. per acre land of his native state, and which his means will not permit his purchasing. On the part of the members of the U. S. Senate and Congress there is nothing but praise for Canada. Canadian laws and Canadian lands although the reasonable desire is shown in their remarks, that they pass legislation, (which is very praiseworthy) that will make the land laws of the United States much easier.

It is the success of the American settler in Canada that attracts others, and when experiences such as the following are related to the friend "back home" is it any wonder that increased interest is aroused and a determination arrived at, to participate in the new-found way up in Canada that means wealth and health and all that accompanies it.

William Johnston, who formerly lived at Alexandria, Minn., settled in the Alberg District near Battle River and in writing to one of the Canadian Government agents, located in the United States says: "We have had no failures of crops during our nine years in Canada. I threshed 1208 bushels of wheat and 1083 bushels of oats in 1911, off my 160 acres. This is a beautiful country. I keep six good work horses and milk seven cows, getting good prices for butter and eggs. We get our coal for $2.00 per ton at the mine, about one mile from the farm. Am about one and a half miles from a fine school. As for the cold weather it is much milder here than in Minnesota, where I lived for 21 years. Our well is 35 feet deep and we have fine water. Wild land is selling for $18. to $25. per acre. Improved farms are much higher. I am well satisfied with the country, and would not sell unless I got a big price, as we have all done well here."

Good reasons to account for the number going to Canada.

Two Smiles.

Ezra Pound, the poet, was talking at the Authors' club, in New York, about Shelley's cremation.

"Cremation, although beautiful," he said, "lends itself to ribald jest in a way that sepulture doesn't.

"Who can forbear a smile at the thought of that devoted young matron, who, her front steps being covered with sleet, sprinkled her first husband's ashes over them in order that her second husband might descend in safety?"

Smiling himself, Mr. Pound resumed:

"And who could forbear another smile at the thought of the young widow on the blustery March morning who entered her drawing room to find that the wind had overturned the vase which contained her husband's remains?

"'Pshaw,' she said, 'now isn't it just like George to throw his ashes all over my new Kirmanshah rug!'"

Nothing Lost.

"Mr. Chairman," said the orator, who had already occupied the platform for twenty minutes, amid many interjections from the audience. "Mr. Chairman! May I appeal on a point of order? There is really so much desultory conversation going on in parts of the hall that it is impossible for me to hear a word I am saying."

Voice from the Back of the Hall—Don't be downhearted; you're not missing much!

Some Are So by Nature.

A certain young man, who prided himself on a brusqueness that he mistook for wit, met an eminent, but touchy, sculptor at a studio supper.

"So you're the chap," he said, on being introduced, "that makes mud heads?"

"Not all of them," the sculptor replied, quietly.—Youth's Companion.

A Quarter Century

Before the public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen Tender feet. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Sailor's Chest.

Bobby—This sailor must have been a bit of an acrobat.

Mamma—Why, dear?

Bobby—Because the book says, "Having lit his pipe, he sat down on his chest."—Sacred Heart Review.

A splendid and highly recommended remedy for tired, weak, inflamed eyes, and granulated eyelids, is Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

The more a trust magnate wants the less the other fellow gets.

As we grow more sensible we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea.

Beginning a proper name with a small letter is a capital offense.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

It takes a man of originality to pose as a successful liar.

To overcome constipation and resultant ills, take Garfield Tea, a pure herb laxative.

It's difficult for a man who is broke to break into society.

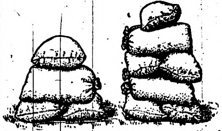
"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

There are times when we should be thankful for what we fail to get.

Greater Farm Efficiency

Better Crops by Better Fertilizing

By PROF. A. R. WHITSON, Wisconsin College of Agriculture



Manure vs. Manure With Rock Phosphate on potatoes. The Use of Rock Phosphate in Addition to the Manure increased the yield 47 per Cent.

The development of the use of fertilizers in the United States has increased at a very rapid rate within the last two or thre decades. Their use in the eastern and southern states is extensive. Within this period, however, Wisconsin agriculture has gone largely in the direction of dairying and in this system of farming the fertility of the soil, as is well known, is more generally conserved than in systems where a large part of the product of the farm is sold in the form of vegetables or grain. For this reason, in part, the use of commercial fertilizers in this state has been very limited. Moreover, the agricultural press of the state and the teaching of the Agricultural college has been opposed to the use of commercial fertilizers largely because the emphasis was placed on the advantages of dairying in the conservation of soil fertility. The time has come, however, when it is not profitable for farmers of the state to longer overlook the advantages which may come from the proper use of commercial fertilizers. There is much land in the state not adapted to dairying, such as large areas of sandy and marsh soil, and some sections of clay loam where the topography is so rough that the necessary amount of corn for silage cannot be grown to advantage. On lands of this class, other products must be grown for the market and it is in the growing of such crops as cabbage, potatoes, sugar beets, peas and corn for canning purposes, and other special crops that the use of commercial fertilizers is needed.

The large yields of practically all farm crops produced in such European countries as England, Germany and France, are frequently mentioned in agricultural papers as an evidence of the possibilities of intensive cultivation. By far the most important factor making possible such increases is the use of commercial fertilizers. It would be a difficult matter to find a farm of any importance in any of these countries on which a considerable amount of commercial fertilizers is not used. Nearly one-half of the immense output of our own phosphate mines is shipped abroad and in addition to that, enormous quantities of phosphate are mined in Europe and produced in the form of Thomas slag in the reduction of British iron ore which runs high in that element. Germany possesses practically the world's supply of potash fertilizer and this is drawn on heavily by that and adjacent countries. In addition to this, the growth of green manuring crops, practically always of the legume family, adds to the nitrogen supply, although enormous quantities of special nitrogen fertilizers are also used.

Without desiring in the least to underestimate the importance of dairy or other stock farming in its effect on the fertility of the soil, we feel that we can no longer afford to neglect the use of commercial fertilizers where they are called for.

Contrary to a rather common opinion, the kind of commercial fertilizers called for depends more on the character of the soil to be treated than on the crops to be grown. The amount to be used will depend to some extent on the kind of crop grown since some crops remove much larger quantities of the mineral elements from the soil than do others, but the particular kind of fertilizer needed is determined almost exclusively by the character of the soil. Much can be learned regarding the feeding of crops from experience gained in the feeding of animals. Just as it is well known that a certain balance among the ingredients of feed for stock should be maintained, so should there be a balance in the different elements of fertility available to growing crops. When crops are to be grown on marsh land which is extremely high in nitrogen but just as extremely low in phosphorus, and often in potash, these deficiencies must be made good in some way. Sandy soils, on account of their coarse texture and generally low content of all the essential elements, must frequently be supplied with practically all the essential elements for plant growth. The nitrogen may be added either directly in artificial fertilizers or indirectly through the growth of leguminous plants which have the power of fixing that element from the atmosphere. The nitrogen can be gathered in this way much more cheaply than it can be purchased and moreover, when added in the form of vegetable matter it decomposes and becomes available to growing crops slowly so that there is little danger of its loss by leaching from the soil, while nitrate of soda or sulphate of ammonia are extremely soluble and apt to be largely lost in the case of heavy rains falling on the sandy soils. However, there are frequently cases where the use of a light dressing even of nitrogen salts is profitable. This would ordinarily be in the growing of certain special crops that have a high gross return per acre. It is along this line that there is considerable possibility in the development of the various forms of nitrogen containing fertilizers. The new form of cokeing oven makes possible the saving of practically all of the nitrogen in coal undergoing the cokeing process and this by-product is being put on the market in increasingly large amounts. The manufacture of nitrogen-containing salts by electrolytic methods is also increasing. A number of plants for this purpose have been installed recently in European countries and one or two in this country.

Clay soils are ordinarily abundantly supplied with potassium and on account of their good water-holding capacity, grasses and other plants which will add organic matter can be grown for supplying this substance and consequently nitrogen, and the only direct fertilizing element usually needed is phosphorus, but probably more than half of the clay loam soils of this country under crop could be fertilized with phosphate fertilizers profitably under present conditions. Heavy clay soils in the northern part of Wisconsin which have been under crop but a few years have shown increases in yield running from 15 per cent. to 50 per cent. as a result of supplementing barnyard manure with rock phosphate.

But even on farms where practically all of the crops grown are fed, there is a possibility of considerable loss in fertility. Only where large amounts of concentrated feed stuffs are fed is the supply of phosphorus maintained. Probably the greatest loss on such farms takes place in the leaching of barnyard manure and there is certainly a great possibility in the direction of conserving fertility by protecting barnyard manures from leaching and also from too rapid heating in the process of composting. It is just as important that a thoroughly good practicable system of housing and hauling the manure on the farm be worked out as that the stock be properly housed and cared for. The use of peat for bedding, by which its nitrogen is added to that of the manure, is another method which may add greatly to the nitrogen in use on the farm. This material contains in the condition in which it would be used for bedding from two to three per cent. of nitrogen or more than clover or alfalfa hay would contain, and twice as much as barnyard manure. It occurs in enormous quantities in this state and it only needs a little encouragement in its use to develop the industry to the extent to which it exists in European countries.

Another matter which ought to be recognized at once in the development of agriculture is that it is very much easier to maintain the fertility of soil than it is to reproduce it after it has once been lost by an exhaustive system of farming. This applies particularly to the sandy soils, but is also true in the case of the clay loam soils. Sandy soils frequently show good producing power for the first two or three years and no special care is given to maintain the fertility until the farmer suddenly finds that his crops have become very much less and it is then very much more difficult to reproduce the fertility than it would have been to adopt proper methods at the start. This will also be found true in the case of the clay loam soils of the north-central part of the state, especially with reference to the supply of organic matter which is ordinarily low. The small amount which they do contain is largely in the form of leaf mold near the surface and disappears quickly with a few years cropping. These are matters connected with the maintenance of fertility, though not with the use of commercial fertilizers directly.

Those who are planning to use commercial fertilizers should make it a point to become thoroughly familiar with the different forms of fertilizers containing the elements which they desire to add to their soil and with the basis on which the price for the same is figured. It is customary for the fertilizer manufacturers to prepare mixed fertilizers containing all the essential elements in varying proportions. These are recommended to the farmer under trade names such as Tobacco Special, Potato Special, Corn Special, etc., thus implying that they have some particular advantage for those particular crops. As previously stated, this is not the case and the farmer is usually obliged to buy in such mixed fertilizers elements which he does not need and is often obliged to pay higher prices for those he does want than if he were to buy them in a pure form. Buying a fertilizer containing a single element is to be recommended. It will occasionally be desirable to mix phosphate and potash fertilizers, but this can be done on the farm to good advantage.

A very general interest in the use of some form of lime for correcting acidity is developing throughout the state and this matter is frequently discussed in the agricultural press. No full discussion will be attempted here, but we do wish to point out the fact that ground limestone is being put on the market in very different condition. In some cases it is ground almost as fine as flour, while in others a considerable portion is as coarse as coarse sand. This difference in degree of fineness is a large part of the difference in price asked. The coarser material should be used in larger quantities, but will last longer than the fine material.

The More Sensible Plan.

Men do not die for women in real life; they prefer to live for them.

THE PEEVISH CHILD NEEDS TREATMENT

When a child sulks drowsily, or is fretful, it is usually due to some slight disorder of the digestive organs, and a mild laxative is very often all that is necessary to restore cheerfulness and buoyancy of spirits.

In cases where the use of a gentle, effective laxative stimulant is indicated, many of the best physicians are now prescribing Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is admittedly the perfect laxative, being mild, yet positive in its action on the bowels, and far preferable to violent cathartics and purgative waters. It is very pleasant to the taste and is an ideal remedy to regulate and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels. Its easy, natural action makes it especially desirable in the case of children, a dose at bed-time being sure to have the desired result next morning, with no attendant unpleasantness or discomfort.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this splendid remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., for a sample. He will be very glad to send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

Extra Inducement.

Cohen, the clothier, followed a customer out to his buggy.

"Dot's a pretty fine horse you are driving," he commented approvingly.

"Yes, he's a good one."

"How much would you sell him for?"

"Seventy-five dollars."

"Mein Gott! is he silk lined?"—Everybody's.

The Ideal

Mother—When he went to kiss you, why didn't you call me?

Daughter—Why, ma, I never imagined that you wanted him to kiss you.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Better a strong prejudice than a weak conviction.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It must be some satisfaction to sailors to know that buoys will be buoys.

Pure blood is essential to Good Health, Garfield Tea dispels impurities, cleanses the system, and eradicates disease.

A man isn't necessarily worthless because his neighbor is worth more.

BACKACHE IS DISCOURAGING

Until You Get After The Cause

Nothing more discouraging than a constant backache. Lame when you awake. Pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to work, or to rest.

You sleep poorly and next day is the same old story.

That backache indicates bad kidneys and calls for some good kidney remedy.

None so well recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills. Grateful testimony is convincing proof.

Here's Another Typical Case— "Every Picture Tells a Story"

Mrs. D. K. Jeffers, Colfax, Wash., says: "For two weeks I had to be propped up in bed and I lost 50 pounds in weight. I was in a terrible condition, in fact, I came very near dying. As a last resort I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, Since then I have gained back my lost weight and feel wonderfully improved."

AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

Pettit's Eye Salve QUICK RELIEF EYE TROUBLES

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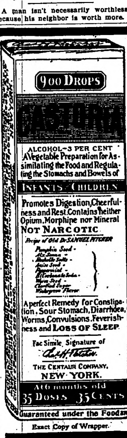
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ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Rheumatic Pains quickly relieved

Sloan's Liniment is good for pain of any sort. It penetrates, without rubbing, through the muscular tissue right to the bone—relieves the congestion and gives permanent as well as temporary relief.

Here's Proof.

A. W. LAY of Lafayette, Ala., writes:—"I had rheumatism for five years. I tried doctors and several different remedies but they did not help me. I obtained a bottle of Sloan's Liniment which did me so much good that I would not do without it for anything."

THOMAS L. RICE of Easton, Pa., writes: "I have used Sloan's Liniment and find it first-class for rheumatic pains."

Mr. G. G. JONES of Baldwins, L. I., writes:—"I have found Sloan's Liniment par excellence. I have used it for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall, and to my great satisfaction I was able to resume my duties in less than three weeks after the accident."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is an excellent remedy for sprains, bruises, sore throat, asthma. No rubbing necessary—you can apply with a brush.

At all dealers. Price, 25c., 50c. & $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry sent free. Address

Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

Always Makes Good

CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
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CHICAGO

You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappointments—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cake, or pastry.

Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Received highest reward World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, 1907.

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It shows 20 pretty rooms in modern homes and how to get the very latest designs for *your* home. We will send you FREE color plans made by expert designers for any rooms you want to decorate.

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The Beautiful Wall Tint

is more fashionable than wall paper or paint and costs far less. It is too refined and exquisite in color to compare with any kind of kalsomine. Goes farther on th. walls, does not chip, peel or rub off, lasts far longer. 16 Beautiful Tints. Comes all ready to mix with cold water and put on. Easiest to use—full directions on every package. Full 5-lb. pkg., White, 50c; Regular Tints, 55c.

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and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. 38

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways. For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

F.P. 20TH CENTURY Corset
STYLE 270

Made of good quality steam shrunk coutil that will not stretch. Automatic Boning warranted not to break for a year. Bones constructed with a patented automatic system that gives a sliding movement in bending, distributing the strain, and making them impossible to break.

AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50

BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.
233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

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W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

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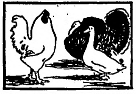
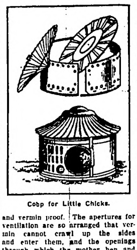


COOP FOR YOUNG CHICKENS

Illinois Man Arranges Device of Galvanized Iron, Which Is Rain, Rat and Vermin Proof.

A coop that provides a safe and sanitary home for young chickens has been invented by an Illinois man. It is made of galvanized iron, with a circular body and a peaked roof, with over-hanging eaves. It is rain, rat and vermin proof. The apertures for ventilation are so arranged that vermin cannot crawl up the sides and enter them, and the openings through which the mother hen and the little chicks pass in and out are in a slidable section, so that the egress of both, or of the hen only, can be cut off at will. Even when closed, however, the ventilation is such that the air is always pure. Another advantage of this coop is that the top, bottom and sides are detachable, and the whole affair can be knocked down in an instant.



Coop for Little Chicks.

GOOD FOOD FOR POULTRY

There Should be a Variety and While Some Grains Are Favored Others Are Not—Grit Needed.

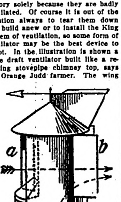
Poultry food should be palatable. Some grains are the favorite food of chickens, while others are not. Rye may be fed, but it is not generally liked by poultry, and should never be made the principal feed. It may be used in a mixture with other grains, and will be eaten by the flock. Relish is one of the factors of proper feeding.

Food should be varied. The best commercial poultry-foods on the market are combinations of the common farm grains. There are varying amounts of each, according to nutritive value and cheapness—wheat, oats, corn, barley, rye, millet-seed, caneseed, field peas, buckwheat, sunflowerseeds, and grass-seeds. With these are combined grit, shells and charcoal. These foods produce good results, mainly because of the variety. With a little instruction, one could make such a combination, for the flock, of grains on the farm.

VENTILATOR FOR HEN HOUSE

Many Buildings Prove Quite Unsatisfactory Because They Are Not Properly Ventilated.

Poultry houses are often unsatisfactory solely because they are badly ventilated. Of course it is out of the question always to tear them down and build anew or to install the King system of ventilation, so some form of ventilator may be the best device to adopt. In the illustration is shown a force draft ventilator built like a revolving stovepipe chimney top, says the Orange Judd farmer. The wing with the arrow on top turns the top so the opening, a, always faces the wind. Some of the wind passes through this opening and out of the top at b. It thus creates a draft up the flue, c, and thus ventilates the poultry house below. The principle is the same as that used in the atomizer.



Novel Ventilator

Good Egg Food.

Dry bran is good egg food and should be kept before the hens practically all the time. Keep it in a dry place and give it to the hens in a narrow trough slatted over the top so they can pick it out, but not tramp in and spoilt it.

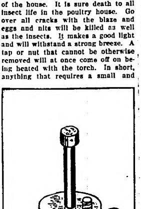
Feed for Hens.

Clover leaves and heads break off in handling clover hay. These should be saved and fed to the hens. They may be fed dry or placed in a pail and steamed by pouring on boiling water and covering tightly.

SURE DEATH TO ALL INSECTS

Home-Made Torch Shown in Illustration Should Find Place on Every Farm—Used for Many Things.

The home-made torch herewith illustrated, or one similar in construction, should find a place on every farm, says the Homestead. Such torches are for sale in hardware stores, but the prices asked for them seem rather high, and then they are mostly used by painters and the average farmer seldom if ever gets sight of one of them. To make the torch shown in the cut, secure any stout can that will hold a pint or more, preferably an old oil can with a handle, drill a hole in the center and place a short piece of one-fourth-inch iron pipe in the hole as shown. It should extend to within half an inch of the bottom of the can and project above the top about three or four inches. Place a cap on the top and drill several very small holes in same. There should be about five holes, with one in the top of the can. Make the holes one-thirty-second or one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter. Fill the pipe with candle wicking and fasten tightly in place. It should be soldered. Fill can about four-fifths full of gasoline and light same by heating the top of can and pipe with a small blaze. If the weather is not too cold this can be done with matches. The heat forms a gas in the can which forces itself up through the wicking, and when lighted makes a strong light and a very hot blaze. This can be used for many things on the farm. For instance, no better device has been invented for cleaning old paint from any surface, such as buggies, wagons, or the walls of the house. It is sure death to all insect life in the poultry house. Go over all cracks with the blaze and eggs and nits will be killed as well as the insects. It makes a good light and will withstand a strong breeze. A tap or nut that cannot be otherwise removed will at once come off on being heated with the torch. In short, anything that requires a small and safe heat can be heated or burned with this torch. Any tinner will make the torch for 25 cents if you cannot make one yourself. It is perfectly safe and cannot explode.



A Handy Torch.

RATION WILL PRODUCE FLESH

Feed Suggested by Prof. Graham of Ontario, Is Objectionable Account Color Resulting.

Prof. W. R. Graham of the Ontario Agricultural college, says he finds that the following ration will produce flesh economically, but is objectionable because it makes the flesh yellow. This ration is cornmeal, five parts; shorts, four parts; pearloat dust, one part; animal meal, one part; cost $1.10 per cwt.

He finds that a ration made up of two parts cornmeal, ground buckwheat, two parts, and pearl-oat dust, one part; at a cost of $1.23 cwt., is one that makes nice, white flesh at a very moderate cost.

Birds should be fed lightly at the beginning—a very important point—and the amount gradually increased until the birds refuse to eat all that is given them. No food should be left in front of the birds longer than ten minutes after it is placed in the trough.

Sweet skim-milk does not have a feeding value for grown chickens equal to sour milk, but whey is a better food than is generally considered, as it aids digestion.

Pork-scrap and beef-scrap at not more than two cents per pound, give good value, but will make the flesh yellow.

Chickens can be fattened more economically when fed in crates than when allowed to run at large, even in a good-sized yard.

All fowls should be fasted from 24 to 36 hours before killing. When the is not done the food decomposes in the crops and intestines, the result being that the flesh becomes tainted and does not keep well.

POULTRY NOTES

Mongrel fowls should not be kept for egg production because the eggs will be uniform neither in color nor size.

Where there is no other chance for early green picking a patch of oats sown now will answer the purpose well.

It is better to go slow and heat up the eggs in an incubator in 24 hours than to get in a hurry and do it in two hours.

February hatched chickens are apt to molt in the fall, and will not be worth anything for egg production in winter.

Any sharp stones will answer for grit, if they are smaller than a grain of corn, and larger than a grain of wheat.

A good, well-balanced, laying ration: Two parts bran, one part corn meal, one part alfalfa meal, and one part beef scrap.

Ducks that are hatched in an incubator can be cared for the same as those hatched by hens or ducks in the natural way.

FIFE COAL MINERS

Are Religious, Devoted to Their Homes and Families.

Husbands Take Pride in Seeing Their Wives Well Dressed—Accident Will Cause Entire Town to Mourn.

Broughty Ferry, Scotland.—Having a relative engaged in one of the pits at Bowhill, a busy mining district, the writer has been privileged to learn by living among them much of the daily life of the Fife miner. Taking the first shift, the miner leaves home in time to reach his work at six o'clock. He does not return till he knocks off at two.

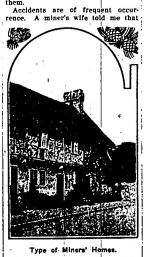
The wife of the miner has a long day to get her household duties attended to. She is not an early riser, and getting the children off to school occupies her morning to the full. They pop into each other's houses at any time and are dependent on each other in cases of sickness. A washerwoman is difficult to obtain. Wages are good and the miner does not care to see his wife going out to work. The husbands take great pride in seeing their wives stylishly dressed, and it is a sight to see them out for church on a Sunday. The women will send far to get their millinery up to date. Their taste is good on the whole, though it is largely initiative.

The houses are built in rows, and in the end house perhaps a clerk or overseer has his abode; his wife is usually from the city and has smart tastes. She is closely watched, and whatever she gets new to wear is generally what is worn by the whole row in a few weeks.

Miners' families are adepts at banking up a fire to last all night, so that "father" has only to give it a poke in the morning, and mother gets up to a warm fire and a big kettle of boiling water to make the first cup of tea.

They are deeply religious, nearly all churchgoers, at least once a day. Kind-hearted and fond of their families, no better class of men exists among working people anywhere. If they demand good wages they surely earn them.

Accidents are of frequent occurrence. A miner's wife told me that her mind was never at rest. "You never know when your man will be carried to the door crushed in some way," she said.



Type of Miners' Homes.

One Sunday I went to church at Auchterderran. There had been an accident shortly before, when two men lost their lives. I was an utter stranger but I shook with sobs at the feeling way the minister prayed for sorrowing families of the victims. An unusual chord was struck as he also prayed for divine blessing on the "kindly hands that had washed the faces of the dead before the relatives looked on them."

CATCHES LION IN HIS COAT

Unarmed Colorado Trapper and Beast Fall From Tree, but He Holds Game.

Meeker, Colo.—To deliberately climb a tree, unarmed, in pursuit of a mountain lion, follow the beast out to the farthermost limb, and, as it sprang at him, catch it headforemost in the folds of a coat, is a feat of daring performed by Richard Tovey, a trapper. When the beast sprang Tovey barely had time to straighten up and open his coat, fanlike. The lion struck head foremost, a gnashing, scratching mass, squarely within its folds. The impact caused the trapper to lose his balance and the two fell to the ground, but Tovey did not loosen his hold. Neither Tovey nor the lion was hurt.

SLY NEEDLE IN HER ARM

Entered Woman's Body Without Her Knowing It—X-Ray Photo Revealed It.

Altoona, Pa.—After being treated for various ailments for eight months, during which time she suffered intense pain, an X-ray photograph of Mrs. Margaret Myers's right forearm was taken, disclosing a sewing needle.

Its presence in her arm she cannot account for, as she has no recollection of ever experiencing any pain until last June, when the arm began to swell, apparently without cause. The needle was cut out.

Clock Rescues Family.

Springfield, O.—Because an alarm clock was set at the wrong hour, the family of Harry Barrett was saved from being asphyxiated the other night. The little daughter of Mr. Barrett turned the key of the gas stove. At midnight the alarm clock aroused Mr. Barrett, who was partly suffocated, but was able to stagger to the stove and close the valve.

Drowned in Washtub.

Mansfield, O.—Mrs. William McClintock, twenty-one, fainted while she was washing, fell head foremost into the washtub and was drowned.

WHEREIN DADDY WAS WRONG

Tommy Resented Injustice Done to Saw, After He Had Proved Its Temper.

Mr. A—, who was planning to build an outdoor sleeping porch at the back of his house, had an expensive new saw sent home from a hardware store. He left his office early the next afternoon, with the intention of getting the porch well under way before dinner; and, as he was very much interested in doing the work himself, he donned a pair of overalls and went at it in good spirits. An hour or so later he came tramping into the house, his face dark with exasperation, and flung himself down in disgust.

"That new saw I bought isn't worth five cents," he stormed. "Why, the thing won't cut butter!"

His small son Tommy looked up in wide-eyed surprise.

"Oh, yes, it would, daddy," he said, earnestly; "why, Ted and I sawed a whole brick in two with it just this morning!"—Harper's Magazine.

AS TO REALISM.

Reggy—How is this in the second chapter of my great story: "The beautiful girl dropped her eyes?"

Peggy—How pathetic! Were they glass eyes?

Misunderstood 'Gator.

The winter afternoon was like June, and, taking tea under a palm on the lawn of the Royal Poinciana at Palm Beach, a sportsman said:

"This morning I photographed an alligator. My boy, to get him, stripped and waded into the water up to his chin. The boy felt about with his feet in the mud till he found a big 'gator. Then he ducked down, grabbed the 'gator by the nose and dragged him slowly ashore to the waiting lens."

"But," said a girl in white, "wasn't it dangerous?"

"Not a bit."

"But I thought alligators ate you!"

"No, no," said the sportsman. "You are confusing the alligator with the crocodile. The Indian crocodile eats men and women, but the Florida alligator is as harmless, literally as harmless, as a cow."

Remarkable Bible Verses.

The eighth verse of the third chapter of Zephaniah contains every letter, including the finals, of the Hebrew language, while one will find in the twenty-first verse of the seventh chapter of Ezra every letter of the English alphabet except j. The verse reads as follows: "And I, even I, Axtaxerxes the King, do make a decree to all the treasurers which are beyond the river, that whatsoever Ezra the priest, the scribe of the law of the God of heaven, shall require of you, it be done speedily."—Youth's World.

Demand for New Alloy.

Although the early expectations of the wholesale substitution of aluminum for steel and iron have not materialized, the demand for the new alloy has grown enormously. From a production in the United States of less than 100,000 pounds in 1883, in 1903 the output had grown to 350,000 pounds, 1903, to 7,500,000 pounds and today it is in excess of 50,000,000 pounds.

Outwardly most people are cheerful givers, but how about the feeling inside?

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
It Makes Weak Women Strong, Sick Women Well.

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*; or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

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GAL-VA-NITE ROOFING

You will get full value for every penny you spend on Gal-va-nite Roofing. Although it is 15 pounds heavier than the ordinary roofing, every ounce of its weight serves to make it more durable and serviceable.

It Needs No Painting or Repairing
First Cost—Last Cost

Gal-va-nite is attractive in appearance, easy to lay, suitable for steep or flat roofs, adapted to any kind of a climate. It is excellent for lining silos. *Put up in rolls of 108 sq. ft. with galvanized nails, cement and directions.*

Buy Gal-va-nite from your local dealer or send for booklets, "Gal-va-nite Qualities" and "The Inside of an Outside Proposition."

FORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY
St. Paul Omaha Chicago Kansas City St. Louis

THEIR TROUBLES.

Smith—My wife can cook, but she insists on playing the piano.

Jones—Well, my wife can play the piano, but she insists on cooking.

Up and Down.

Senator Davis, in an interview at Ozark, derided good humoredly the aristocratic pretentions that too many Americans, as soon as they get rich, assume.

"It's hard to be aristocratic in a democracy like this," said Senator Davis. "We've got no criterion, no measure, and hence, as aristocrats, we never can tell where we stand.

"'Mrs. Dash is no longer in our set,' a woman once said at a tea.

"'Yes, so I understand,' said another woman.

"'Yes,' went on the first woman, with a haughty sneer; 'yes, she dropped out some time ago.'

"'Is that so?' said the other. 'I was under the impression that she climbed out.'"

Extreme Measures.

"I hand my husband the bills."

"Well?"

"Then he foots them."

FOR HUBBY TO PONDER OVER

Innocent Answer of Quiet Little Wife Got Him Started on Train of Thought.

The husband and wife were on their way to the theater, when the husband began kicking because his wife took such a long time dressing.

"What delayed you this time?" he growled.

"Seeing the children to bed," she responded, quietly.

"What's the nurse for?" snapped the man.

"The nurse is for our convenience—yours and mine, especially mine," she answered. "But the boy certainly takes after you. He asked the same kind of a fool question just as I was kissing him good night."

"Fool question, eh? Well, what was it?"

"I asked him if he had said his prayers. And he said no. And I asked him if he didn't want God to take care of him during the night. He answered: 'What's the nurse for?'"

For the remainder of the way the man pondered on this answer.

Filipinos Dislike Autos.

The reckless and insolent automobilist is hated the world over. In the Philippines, where most of the automobilists are foreigners, and where the natives have been used to loiter comfortably in the roads after the fashion of easy going southern countries, the automobiles have long been a grievance, and, failing to secure effective regulation, the Filipinos have adopted the practice of rolling big boulders into the roadway as a hint not to turn corners at a breakneck speed.

Quiet, As a Rule.

"What sort of town is Squidgeville?"

"The sort of town where a funeral is a social event."

Why Should a Chicken Lay a Soft-Shelled Egg?

Because, Willie, the chicken don't know how to create a hard-shelled egg unless it has some food with lime in it.

So chicken-raisers often provide limestone gravel, broken oyster shells or some other form of lime.

Let the chicken wander free and it finds its own food and behaves sensibly.

Shut it up and feed stuff lacking lime and the eggs are soft-shelled.

Let's step from chickens to human beings.

Why is a child "backward" and why does a man or woman have nervous prostration or brain-fag? There may be a variety of reasons but one thing is **certain.**

If the food is deficient in Phosphate of Potash the gray matter in the nerve centres and brain cannot be rebuilt each day to make good the cells broken down by the activities of yesterday.

Phosphate of Potash is the most important element Nature demands to unite albumin and water to make gray matter.

Grape-Nuts food is heavy in Phosphate of Potash in a digestible form.

A chicken can't always select its own food, but a thoughtful man can select suitable food for his children, wife and himself.

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

$157,429 FOR WOLVES.

Minnesota Has Paid Bounties on Over 25,000 in Last Five Years.

St. Paul.—The pays to hunt wolves in Minnesota. This is proved by records in the office of S. G. Iverson, state auditor, where orders for small fortunes are paid out annually for the pelts. Within the last five years more than 25,000 wolves have been killed in the state and bounties of $7.50 paid on each. This does not include 2,473 killed since Aug. 1 of last year.

While, apparently the number is decreasing, there still remain big packs of them in the north woods, preying upon deer, and when pressed with hunger, upon domestic animals.

On each full grown wolf the state pays a bounty of $7.50 and on each cub $3. For the years ending July 31 last, the fiscal end of the year in Minnesota, the following sums were paid in bounties:

	Wolves.	Bounties.
1907	5,930	$30,014.50
1908	6,175	35,525.00
1909	3,629	27,183.00
1910	4,710	35,356.00
1911	4,764	29,350.50
Total	25,208	$157,429.00

In addition to these sums, counties in many instances offer additional rewards for wolf killing, thus adding to the profit of the sport. Cook county pays $17.50 bounty for each full grown wolf within its confines. This, with the bounty paid by the state, makes a wolf valued more than a pig. The hunter gets $25 for it.

St. Louis county pays $7.50 bounty on full grown wolves; Pine county pays $5, Aitkin $3.50, Chicago $2.50, Fillmore $2.50, Hubbard $2.50 and Itasca $2.50. Other counties offer similar bounties.

The year from July 31, 1907, to July 31, 1908, saw more wolves killed than any other recent year. More than 6,000 were killed and bounty on them claimed. The year previous was next highest, and the year following was the lowest. Since the last day of July, 1911, bounty has been claimed on only 2,473 and it is likely this will be a low year.

SMALLER FIRE LOSSES.

Reduction in State in March $1,606,735 From Same Month Last Year.

Fire losses in Minnesota during March, 1912, were $1,606,735 less than they were in March 1911, according to figures compiled in the office of State Fire Marshall Keller. There were only eight less fires in the state than in the same month last year, but the burning of the Syndicate block in Minneapolis in March, 1911, made the difference in loss. The total loss in March, 1911, was $1,949,434, and in March, 1912, it was $342,699.

St. Paul fires were reduced from 56 in March, 1911, to 36 last month, and the damage estimated was lowered from $78,650 to $17,000. Minneapolis had nine less fires, but Duluth and the other cities in the state show an increase.

During the last month the fire marshal's office has started eighteen investigations and has inspected forty-eight buildings which it was necessary to take action against. Of these buildings thirty-two were in St. Paul. They were either condemned, ordered to be overhauled or to have rubbish cleared away.

MOORHEAD HAS AUTO CLUB.

Moorhead.—At a meeting of automobile owners last night, the Moorhead Automobile club was formed with J. Pierce Wolf as president. Seth Richardson of the Fargo Automobile club addressed the meeting.

The new organization will look to the improvement of the road from Moorhead to the string of lakes south of Detroit, Minn. Many Moorhead and Fargo people have summer homes at these lakes and there is a large amount of automobile traffic back and forth. Sign posts will be erected along the way. A plan will be started later for boosting the proposed meridian road and procuring the Glidden tour through Moorhead and Fargo.

BIG PARTY OFF TO EUROPE.

Rochester. — Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Mayo, Miss Phoebe Mayo, Dr. and Mrs. Donald Balfour, Dr. and Mrs. Christopher Graham, Miss Elizabeth Graham and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kahler of this city, and Mrs. George Parmele of Minneapolis constitute a party bound for a trip in Europe, Germany being the main point of interest. They will sail Thursday on the Amerika of the Hamberg-American line, returning about June 1.

Not Enough Seed Corn.

Albert Lea.—Farmers are busy preparing for spring work and the hardest task they have is securing and testing seed corn. Much of that saved is proving bad when put through the ear test, the plan now adopted by all progressive farmers. N. J. Whitney, who captured the premiums at the show of the State Corn Growers' association at Owatonna says he has had many inquiries for seed and has been unable to supply the demand. Other grains that have been tested have not proved any too good.

Lister Leaves $3,308,330.

London, England—The will of the late Lord Lister, discoverer of the antiseptic system of treatment in surgery, which has been filed, disposes of an estate valued at $3,308,330. It gives $50,000 each to the Royal society, the King Edward hospital, and the North London university college hospital on condition that the donor's name should not be associated with the bequests. There is also a bequest of $100,000 to the Lister institute for preventive medicine.

ARBOR DAY APRIL 26.

Governor Issues Proclamation Calling on Citizens to Plant Trees.

Arbor day is to be celebrated throughout Minnesota on Friday, April 26. Governor Eberhart issued the Arbor and Bird day proclamation, calling on all citizens of the state to help in the work by planting trees and beautifying lawns and public grounds.

The proclamation is as follows:

At no previous period in the growth and upbuilding of Minnesota has there been manifest a more general sentiment to improve civic conditions in relation to the home, both rural and urban. This is apparent through the efforts for bringing the home, the school and the community into closer, more intelligent and practical relations. It is shown in state-wide movements for a genuine reawakening and uplift, to make agricultural more profitable and more inviting.

We have come to take account of the state's natural resources and to epress a genuine concern in caring for and preserving what nature has bestowed in bountiful form. Our development has reached that stage when it becomes not only a duty but a matter of civic pride to beautify the settings of the home, the school and the public centers by planting tree, shrubs and flowers, in order that nature may be aided to serve us in our day, and those for whom we are striving to leave some legacy.

The home is not complete until it is set in the restful and secure environment of companion trees. The school and other centers must reflect the same settings. Thus, aided by the charm and variety of our changing seasons, the youth may join with their elders in making of Minnesota the open gateway to prosperity and the land of flowers, and the home of those who seek peace, prosperity and a restful abiding place.

Now, therefore, I, Adolph O. Eberhart, Governor of the State of Minnesota, do hereby designate and proclaim Friday, April 26, 1912, to be observed as Arbor and Bird day throughout the state by the planting of trees for the beautification of public grounds and highways.

VISITS DITCHES.

Siberian Engineer Inspects Work at Thief River Falls.

Thief River Falls.—To be visited by a representative of the Russian government, who traveled half way around the earth on his errand, was an honor conferred on the Northwestern Drainage company by Chief Engineer Peter Stakle of Blogovestchensk, Siberia. He is in charge of vast drainage works in eastern Siberia, some 500 miles from the coast, and is endeavoring to reclaim about sixteen million acres of level rich prairie land, which at times is too wet for agricultural purposes. The Russian government desires to make this tract produce supplies for its army in eastern Siberia and will give forty acres free to any person who will settle on it.

All the work done on the ditch in Russia is being done by hand and costs about 50 cents a cubic yard, while the local company is moving dirt at about 10 cents a cubic yard. Hearing of the great ditching propositions in this state Mr. Stakle came directly from Siberia to Thief River Falls to learn of methods and machinery at first hand.

A. M. Arpin, president of the Northwestern Drainage company, spent two days with the visitor and he left today loaded with profiles, estimates, plans and photographs of the work.

TAR CASE DISMISSED.

Albert Lea, Minn.—At an adjourned term of the district court, presided over by Judge Kinsley, the Glenville riot cases remaining on the calendar were dismissed, on motion of the county attorney.

Nearly a year ago Dr. J. P. Freeman of Glenville, while leaving his store in the evening to go to his home, was seized by several men, thrown to the ground and tarred and feathered. F. Flusek, Fred Holm, William Swenson, Walter Knutson, Norman Hull, Frank Vonick, O. C. Hanson, S. T. Kirkpatrick, Roy Eckert, Harry Kirkpatrick and Jay Nelson, all residents of Glenville or the immediate vicinity, were indicted for assault and at the February term of court Flusek was tried. A verdict of not guilty was returned by the jury.

As this was one of the best cases the state had, it was decided there would be little use in trying the others.

BELGRADE SOIL FINE

Farmers, Who Are Optimistic, May Seed This Week.

Belgrade.—The farmers of his vicinity are in an optimistic spirit, as they believe the agricultural season of 1912 will be profitable for them. Some plan to start the seeding of small grain this week, and they declare they cannot remember when the soil was better. Only a small quantity of wheat will be sown as the farmers are discouraged over the failure of the last crop.

Fight With a Wolf.

Redwood Falls.—Halvar Kvendru of Swedes Forest brought in the hides of two wolves which he killed about a week ago, and received his bounty from the county treasurer. One of the pelts measures over six feet in length. While he was in the act of removing the pelt of the smaller wolf, the larger wolf appeared from a thicket and attacked him. The beast sprang for his throat and tore his coat and shirt. The fight was in progress for nearly five minutes before a lucky blow in the neck killed the animal.

IDEAS FOR HOME BUILDERS

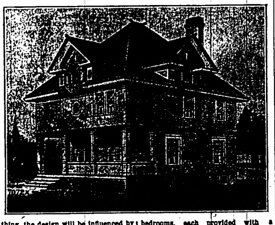
BY WM. A. RADFORD

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Some general observations on home building will not be out of place for the benefit of the intending builder, before describing the plan shown in this connection. The long-felt want for an artistically expressed and conveniently arranged small house is being filled. The man with $2,500 to $5,000 which he wants to put into a house can now have a cottage which will, in design and plan, express his individuality. And it is true that the house should reflect the taste of its owner or occupant.

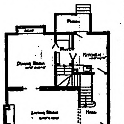
Home builders have come to realize that a house should possess individuality without being freakish. The hammer and saw square box of a house, or the frightful creation with eaves extending out barely six inches never sells, let alone being a place for habitation. Architects as a rule are putting forth their best efforts in the line of designing houses that will be artistic and beautiful to look upon. The architect realizes that first of all the plan must be arranged to meet the needs of the family.

The court of last resort in the planning of a house should not be the architect, should not be the man of the house. The final dictum must be given and is given in most cases by the wife and mother. And provided what she wants is within the bounds of achitectural limits let her have it, for she is there the whole livelong day and ought to have the last say, as she will have anyway. Another thing, the design will be influenced by the site the building is to occupy.



These points decided, the restrictions lie only in the materials to be used and the amount of money to be spent. It is safe to use the materials found in the immediate vicinity. They will harmonize with the landscape better. A brick house is as much out of place in the woods as a log bungalow would be on a city boulevard. Most houses are the result of years of thought and study, and one of the chief factors to be considered is the site itself.

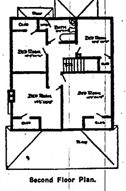
There should be a generous living room placed so that it will have the benefit of the afternoon sun if possible. A dining-room is well placed if it has a good eastern exposure. The placing of windows in groups of two or three or more gives a pleasing appearance to the side walls which form centers of interest that attract the eye. Casement windows are cheaper than the double hung sash, give twice the ventilating area, and are very attractive with their small square or diamond panes, which suggest protection to the inmates from the inclement weather without. Casement windows should be made to open out. Windows should always be placed in two sides of a room to furnish ventilation, if possible.



First Floor Plan.

The kitchen and pantry windows should be higher from the floor than the other windows. In placing windows and doors in a room see that sufficient wall space is left for the furniture. Many a room has been built in which space could not be found for a bed. Have all the floors and stair treads of hardwood if possible. They cost less than soft wood and carpets, and from every standpoint of health, beauty, service and economy in time of labor and housekeeping are far superior. Oak and maple make the best floors, but hard comb-grain pine floors are quite presentable if the better ones are not obtainable.

Now, as to the design of the house shown here. In size it is thirty feet, six inches wide and thirty-four feet six inches long, exclusive of porches. This house is planned for finish in cement stucco. A wide porch with massive pillars extends across the front. This itself is a feature and affords a relief from the familiar porch columns one sees on every hand. Massiveness is the impression the porch gives. And the outside chimney gives a hint of the great fireplace within and tells its own story of the cheery rooms of the house. Entrance is had into a good-sized hall from which a stairway leads to a second floor. The living room is twenty-one feet long and fifteen feet six inches wide. The dining-room back of the living-room is fourteen feet wide and fifteen feet long. This room has a window seat. The kitchen is accessible to the dining-room through a pantry of ample size. On the second floor are four bedrooms, each provided with a clothes closet and a bathroom.



Second Floor Plan.

The estimated cost of this fine house is $3,500.

Value of Electrifying Tobacco.

An interesting experiment has been made by a German scientist in connection with the discovery of the value of electrifying tobacco as a means of insuring its flavor and keeping qualities. The flavor of tobacco is said to be largely due to the peculiar fungus or "bacterial flora" with which each variety is associated, and electricity kills the fungus, but preserves the flavor. This German scientist has taken the peculiar mold, or fungus, of the best Havana tobacco and transferred it to the more coarsely flavored Bavarian tobacco, and it is claimed that good judges could not distinguish the Havana from the Bavarian. Whether the effect is quite so thorough may be doubted, but much is being learned of the mysterious properties of molds.

Tells the Time Automatically.

The Home Telephone company of Spokane has closed a contract for a phonograph which will, when installed, automatically give the time of day to all patrons of the company. Manager Byron E. Cooney of that company said: "Chicago is the only city in the country that now has one of the machines, and it serves the purpose of 40,000 users of the automatic telephones in that city. I am told that it gave the time of day to 16,000 people in 24 hours by actual count. The phonograph will tell the time twenty times a minute at intervals of three seconds. Any subscriber calling the number designated will be told the time four times before the connection is cut off."

Wild Oats.

It is unfortunate that an opinion prevails in the public mind that every man must sow his wild oats. It is equally unfortunate that many men who fail to sow the seeds of folly in their youth insist on going bad at an age that should be filled with honor. The whole proposition is absurd. A man may sow wild oats in his youth and become a comparatively good man when he finally settles down to the business of living; but the bird with the broken wing can never make the flight of the bird that has never fallen.—Los Angeles Times.

Native City Honors Melba.

Mme. Melba is to have her portrait hung in the national gallery of her native Melbourne. Another native of Melbourne remembers that Mme. Melba, when a pupil at the Ladies' Presbyterian college, was already famous among her fellow-pupils as a whistler. She could stick two fingers into one corner of her mouth and whistle as long and as loudly as the most accomplished larrikin.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Keepers Put Ban on Dances in Zoo

WASHINGTON.—Keepers at the National Zoological park are horror-stricken. Monkeys there are doing the "turkey trost" and the "grizzly bear." The little animals do the dances in the most unapproved style.

Where the monkeys discovered the dance is the mystery that is puzzling the keepers. Some believe that it must have been danced in the house by some enthusiast. Others contend that it is the result of the monkeys' "artistic temperament."

A discussion of the way and manner they were enabled to become familiar with the famous pastime is not so important as the fact that they were actually caught in the act. Steps were at once taken by the keepers to immediately put an end to the performance, as the antics of the younger monkeys met with violent disapproval on the part of the older animals, thereby causing a noisy demonstration.

That the monkeys were indulging in the disfavored dance was discovered yesterday when a passing keeper happened to see Julius Caesar, the dean of the monkey house, and Cleopatra, the fascinating, heart-breaking first lady of monkeyland going through the intricate steps of the dance.

He stopped, he looked, and he listened. The face of Julius, according to the keeper, was lighted up with a grin which seemed to denote a happiness and a self-satisfaction that has been strangely missing from the guests of the rustic mansion overlooking beautiful Rock creek ever since the keepers found it advisable to give them cold-storage eggs in lieu of the fresh-laid kind.

The keeper who discovered the monkey's dancing said that in a few minutes the entire population of the monkeys' cage was swaying to the steps of the dance. He said that it seemed so lifelike that he was almost convinced that he heard Julius say to Cleo, "Everybody's Doing It" and "Roll Your Eyes, My Honey."

The two monkeys that have set the fashion, according to the keeper, do not seem to approve of the younger monkeys indulging in it, and stopped dancing in a vain endeavor to have them desist. This the youngsters refused to do, and the whole affair ended like a "Bowery ball."

Chief Justice Fuller Was Courteous

JUSTICE HARLAN and Chief Justice Fuller were riding home one evening on the back platform of a car, preferring that to a seat in order to smoke. The door of the car was open, and at intervals smoke from their cigars drifted in. Noticing this, the conductor informed them that smoking was prohibited.

"But," objected Justice Harlan, "the wind carries the smoke to the south and we are traveling north."

"That's all right, mister; but them's my orders," insisted the knight of the bell rope.

During the conversation Justice Fuller had stepped down on the car step and hidden himself behind the mammoth physique of his argumentative friend. He was enjoying his cigar to the fullest extent.

"Orders are orders, I know," continued Justice Harlan, determined to convince the conductor by logic of the folly of blind obedience; "but there are cases where a law coercive at one time may at another be void. Allow me to cite a certain case in our common law statute book—"

"I take my orders from the supe, and I don't care about no law!" persisted the conductor stubbornly.

The car had turned into Fifteenth street by this time.

The little chief justice was just lighting his second cigar, entirely disinterested in the plea of his learned colleague.

"Now just listen to the logic of what I am saying," continued Justice Harlan, thoroughly warmed up to the subject, the more so because his cigar was out and he saw no chance of relighting it. "A wind moving in a southerly direction cannot possibly carry smoke north, can it?"

To all of which the harassed and puzzled conductor tried to turn a deaf ear. He sought refuge in a superior sort of silence, since the justice was too large a man to make a personal encounter entirely safe.

As the car reached their destination, just above U street on Fourteenth, both men alighted. Chief Justice Fuller stepped down from the car and gravely offered Justice Harlan the stump of his cigar as a lighter. It was his third! To his credit, though, he did not smile nor make any reference to that fact. Nor did he pass any opinion on the case that had just been tried before him. Which goes to show what a truly courteous gentleman the late chief justice of the United States really was.

Roughness in Reviving Is Not Assault

A CHARGE of assault, which had been pending against William Hart, a foreman in the employ of the Washington Gasoline company, was dismissed by Judge Pugh in police court the other day. The charge against Hart had a peculiar origin. He was foreman of a gang of men who were working in the gas mains in Takoma Park this winter. December 7 12 of the men were overcome by gas and several of them had narrow escapes from death. Hart, with the assistance of Dr. Archibald L. Miller and several citizens of Takoma, got the men out of the trench and revived all of them but one.

The man was in such a serious condition from the effects of the gas that he failed to respond to the methods used, and Hart adopted strenuous means of bringing him around. He rolled the man on the ground, kicked the soles of his feet, thumped him roughly on the back and chest and otherwise mistreated him, it is said, with the result of restoring consciousness and saving life.

Bystanders, including Dr. Miller, who is a dentist at Takoma Park, objected to Hart's manner of resuscitating men overcome by gas, and the assault charge was filed. Hart entered a plea of not guilty and demanded a jury trial.

After considerable delay the case was called up, when Hart withdrew his plea and demand for a jury trial, and asked Judge Pugh to dispose of the case at once. Hart explained that the method he used was one he had used successfully in many other cases, and that it has always been successful. The court held that if men who help resuscitate persons overcome by gas or almost drowned are to be prosecuted for the necessarily rough treatment that must be administered a feeling of timidity will obtain, which may result in the death of many who otherwise might be revived.

Scorns to Work on Cobbler's Bench

THERE is a limited diet in store for Marcellus Wilson, an inmate of the Home for the Aged and Infirm, and possibly expulsion from the institution, if Wilson and Superintendent William J. Fay do not adjust their difficulties shortly.

Exasperated by alleged repeated refusals by Wilson to work, Superintendent Fay has brought the matter to the attention of the commissioners of the district, suggesting a limited diet and confinement in a room as a means of enforcing obedience. The commissioners have decided to inform Mr. Fay of their support in the infliction of proper discipline, and if Wilson does not conform to the rules and regulations he will be ordered to leave the institution.

The case is such an unusual one that Superintendent Fay was in doubt as to his authority to inflict discipline. In his letter to the district heads he states that Wilson is in rugged health, although both legs are off at the knee. He is 51 years old and is said to be an expert cobbler, but, according to the head of the institution in which he is given a home by the district, the suggestion that he give his time and attention to the mending of shoes is received only with scorn. The decision of the commissioners to enforce obedience on the part of Wilson with the rules of the house was reached following a report by George S. Wilson, secretary of the board of charities, who says that his "namesake has been a disturbing element in the institution for some time."

Toasts Worth Recording.

A rustic English saying runs: "Here's to the poor man. May his beef and beer keep on increasing year by year. May his dear little wife be the joy of his life and never kick up a racket. May she do all she can to please her old man and mend up his old ragged jacket." Better still is this version: "Here's to the loaf that never crumbles; here's to the wife that never grumbles; here's to the horse that never stumbles." To which one might be tempted to add: "Here's to hope."

Preached While He Slept.

Very curious was the case of Simeon Watson, a hard-working, industrious Englishman, aged about 39, of athletic habits and active temperament, who, about 1826, began preaching in his sleep. His trance or sleeping fit invariably lasted as long as the ordinary nonconformist service, which he was in the habit of attending. The attacks became more frequent as time went on, and he would go through the whole of the ordinary chapel service, praying, reading the bible and preaching.

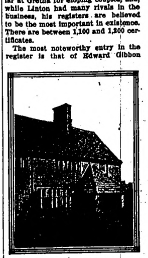
MARRIAGES AT GRETNA GREEN

Original Certificates of Contracting Parties Between 1825 and 1854 and Signed by John Linton to Be Sold.

The original certificates of marriages celebrated at Gretna Green between 1825 and 1854, signed by the contracting parties, and the Gretna Hall Marriage Register, will be sold at Sotheby's. They are in the autograph of John Linton, by whom almost all the marriages were celebrated, and who, after being confidential servant to Sir James Graham at Netherby hall, invested his savings in the purchase of Gretna hall, which he turned into an inn.

His house became the most popular at Gretna for eloping couples, and, while Linton had many rivals in the business, his registers are believed to be the most important in existence. There are between 1,100 and 1,200 certificates.

The most noteworthy entry in the register is that of Edward Gibbon Wakefield to Ellen Turner on March 8, 1826, of which the certificate has been lost. Miss Turner was an heiress, only sixteen years of age, and Wakefield decoyed her from school by means of a forged letter, and induced her to marry him by pretending that her compliance was necessary to save her father from ruin. He was subsequently tried for abduction and sentenced to three years imprisonment, the marriage being annulled by a special act of parliament.



Old Gretna Green Hall.

On May 7, 1836, Prince Carlo Ferdinando Borbone, younger brother of the notorious King Ferdinand II., of the Two Sicilies, was married at Gretna hall to Penelope Caroline Smyth of Waterford, Ireland. Among the most interesting of the other marriages, the certificates of which are present, is that of Capt. Charles Parke Ibbetson to Lady Adela Corisande Maud Villiers, daughter of the earl of Jersey, on November 6, 1845.

In making a runaway match Lady Adela was following the example of her grandmother, Miss Sarah Child, daughter of the founder of Child's bank, who was married at Gretna Green to Lord Westmoreland. The story of their pursuit by the angry banker, who gave up the chase only after one of the horses in his coach had been shot by his prospective son-in-law, is one of the most famous in the famous annals of Gretna Green.

POPULAR MISS AT CAPITAL

Picture Shows Beautiful Little Daughter of Charge d'Affaires of Swedish Legation.

Washington, D. C.—This dainty maiden that smiles out at you from under the fur bonnet is the beautiful little daughter of Mr. N. A. F. Ekengren, counselor and charge d'affaires of the Swedish Legation, and Mme. Ekengren. She is one year and ten months old and has the name of Elsie Helen Augusta. She crossed the ocean when she was only a year old, and enjoyed the balmy air of the Riviera, but she has never been to her father's country, for it is too cold there for such a little miss, who is not accustomed to the climate. She has golden hair, blue eyes, pink and white complexion, and, as you can see, a most adorable smile of her very own.

Elsie Helen Augusta.

RICHES EMBARRASS CHURCH

Jersey Organization With Only Forty Members Inherits $106,000 From Parishioners.

Metuchen, N. J.—Officers of St. James' Episcopal church of Piscatawaytown are puzzled to know what to do with a fund of $106,000 which has just come into their hands through two bequests from old parishioners. The church has only 40 members. There is no need for a larger church, the hamlet is prosperous and the vestry probably will invest the money in stocks and bonds. Even then, the disposal of the income of $5,000 a year may prove embarrassing.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1912. NUMBER, 41.

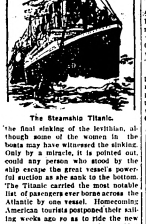
TITANIC SINKS; 1,400 DROWNED

GREATEST MARINE DISASTER IN HISTORY.

Giant Liner Strikes an Iceberg And Plunges to the Bottom in Less Than an Hour After.

New York.—The White Star liner Titanic, the world's greatest steamship has gone down some 500 miles off Cape Race, with 630 of her 1,300 passengers and her full crew of 860 men on board. That the greatest catastrophe in marine history has occurred to a vessel of their line is admitted by the officials of the White Star Steamship company in New York. The liner Carpathia, the first vessel to come within sight of the Titanic, rescued all the Titanic's life boats in which were 670 persons most of them women and children. Many women and children, however, have perished.

When the Carpathia reached the ill-fated vessel no sign of life was to be seen anywhere, the mountainous ocean swells giving much evidence to the stupendous disaster. Early reports stated that all the passengers and the crew of the Titanic had been taken off by the Allen liner's Virginian and the Parisian, and the Carpathia, but wireless message received here discredit these reports in every detail. No hope is held out at the offices of the White Star line that any man on board has survived to tell the story of the final sinking of the levithian, although some of the women in the boats may have witnessed the sinking. Only by a miracle, it is pointed out, could any person who stood by the ship escape the great vessel's powerful suction as she sank to the bottom.



The Steamship Titanic.

The Titanic carried the most notable list of pasengers ever borne across the Atlantic by one vessel. Homecoming American tourists postponed their sailing weeks ago so as to ride the new wonder of the season on her maiden voyage.

Dispatches state that the Titanic went down at 2:20 o'clock Monday morning. The delay in the transmission of the news is attributed to the fact that all dispatches have been subject to difficult relays.

The collision of the Titanic with an iceberg is now known to have been a headon crash that occurred while the liner was proceeding little less than her best speed. She was a day ahead of her schedule and it is considered probable that an attempt to make a record-breaking voyage was the hope of her crew when she entered the ice field.

Her forward plates were completely wrecked. A gaping wound opening below her water line and letting the water into her forward compartments.

In the meantime the lifeboats were manned and into them were placed as many of the women and children as they could hold. The boats were put off while there was yet some hope of saving the Titanic afloat until wireless could summon help. Later and more conservative estimates tell of great bravery on the part of the men passengers. There was a minimum of disorder. John Jacob Astor, who, with his bride, was returning from their long honeymoon aboard, saw his bride placed in a life boat safely away. Col. Astor was drowned. The work of getting the lifeboats away, the work of allaying the fears of the great crowd of passengers as much as possible, the work of keeping the pumps in operation an the engines throbbing—these tasks and countless others were directed by Captain Smith, the venerable commander of the Titanic, and before her advent the commander of the Olympic who displayed almost superhuman power of mind and body at the world's most horrible sea disaster, crowned his long and honorable service on the high seas.

A wireless message from the Virginia states that the occupants of the small boats which she picked up have been transferred to the Carpathia which is proceeding to New York.

The Titanic struck the iceberg at 1:25 Sunday night and foundered at 2:20 Monday morning.

At daybreak the Carpathia arrived on the scene and her passengers and crew brought the small boats with their precious human cargo into New York.

The boats which rushed to the Titanic's aid found only the scattered lifeboats and a dismal scene of wreckage.

"Sinking by the head and women are being rushed into the lifeboats," were the last words that sputtered into the wireless room of the Virginian from the Titanic. All through the night and until her wireless station was silenced over hundreds of miles of seas from the antennace of the giant liner flashed the mystic and magic "S. O. S.," the world wide cry of distress on the ocean.

Every wireless operator within range of the doomed vessel dropped other messages to locate and many relayed the fatal message to the world.

The collision occurred in latitude 41.16 North and longitude 50.14 West, 1,150 miles east of New York and 450 miles south of Cape Race, the most westerly point of Newfoundland. Contrary to earlier dispatches there was no storm when the vessel struck. The weather was clear and calm.

Almost as soon as the Virginian picked up the distress signal it was recorded by the operator on the Olympic, the Titanic's sister ship, and next to her the largest vessel afloat. This was at midnight. At that hour the Olympic was 200 miles from New York enroute to Southampton.

MRS. JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

The Olympic forged ahead under full steam, but wireless dispatches indicate that she reached the scene too late to be of any assistance.

The Baltic, famous for her rescue of passengers of the steamer Republic and for her Jack Binns, who sat aloft and braved death to summon help—was the next ship to pick up the brief story of the Titanic's plight.

She was on her way from New York to Livepool but turned about and put on full speed toward the Titanic's position. The Parisian, according to her messages reached the flotilla of rescue ships shortly after the Baltic.

A wireless message from Captain Haddock confirmed the fears of the White Star Line officials that all but the 670 women and children who escaped in the small boat from the $10,000,000 steamship had perished. A part of this message was witheld, but enough was divulged to make certain an appalling account of the catastrophe. Not until Captain Haddock flashed "Horrible disaster — all but 670 lost," would the White Star officials believe the largest ship ever launched had gone down on her maiden voyage. The scene in the White Star Line offices was pitiful. Brought to a realization of the stupenduous wreck—the complete destruction of the fruit of their dreams—gray haired men—many of them veteran seamen, wept.

MAJOR ARCHIBALD BUTT.

First Clae3 Passenger List.

London.—The first class passenger list of the steamship Titanic includes 318 names, among whom are the following:

Miss E. W. Allen, H. J. Allison, wife, daughter and son; Harry Anderson, Miss Cornelia I. Andrews, Mrs. E. D. Appleton, Miss E. Adams, Raymond Artaga-Veita, Colonel John Jacob Astor and wife, Mrs. N. Aubert.

O. H. Brakworth, J. Bauman, Mrs. James Baxter, Quigg Baxter, T. Beattie, R. T. Beckwith and wife, K. H. Behr, D. H. Bishop and wife, H. Bjornstrom, Stephen Wear Blackwell, Henry Blank, Miss Caroline Bonnell, J. J. Borebank, Miss Bowen, Elsie Bowerman, John B. Bracy, E. B. Brandeis, George Brayton, Dr. Arthur Jackson Brew, Mrs. J. J. Brown, Mrs. J. M. Brown, Mrs. S. W. Bucknell, Major Archibald Butt.

E. P. Calderhead, Mrs. Churchill Cardell, Mrs. J. W. M. Cardeza, T. D. M. Cardeza, Frank Carlson, F. M. Carran, J. P. Carran, William E. Carter and wife, Lucille Carter, Master Carter, Howard B. Case, T. W. Cavendish and wife, Herbert F. Cahhee and wife, N. C. Chambers and wife, Miss Gladys Cherry, Paul Chevre, Mrs. E. M. Chibnall, Robert Chisholm, Walter M. Clark and wife, George Quincy Clifford, E. P. Colley, Mrs. A. T. Compton, Mrs. S. W. Compton, A. T. Compton, Jr., Mrs. R. C. Cornell, John B. Grafton, Edward G. Crosby, wife and daughter, John Bradley Cummings and wife.

P. D. Daly, Robert W. Daniel, Thornton Davidson and wife, Mrs. R. Devilliers, A. A. Dick and wife, Washington Dodge, wife and son, Mrs. F. Douglas, W. Douglas and wife, William O. Dulles, Mrs. Boulton Earnshew.

Miss Caroline Endres, Miss E. M. Eustis, Mrs. A. F. L. Eganheim.

J. J. Flynn, B. L. Foreman, Mark Fortune, wife, three daughters and son; T. P. Franklin, T. G. Frauenthal, Dr. Henry Frauenthal and wife, Miss Marguerite Frolicher, J. Futrelle and wife.

Arthur Gee, Mrs. L. Gibson, Mrs. D. Gibson, E. L. Goldenberg and wife, George B. Goldenschmidt, Colonel Archibald Gracie, Mr. Graham, Mrs. William Graham, Miss Margaret E. Graham, Mrs. L. D. Greenfield, W. R. Greenfield, Victor Giglio, Benjamin Guggenheim.

George A. Harder and wife, Henry Sleeper Harper and wife, Henry B. Harris and wife, W. H. Harrison, H. Haven, W. J. Hawksford, Charles M. Hayes, wife and daughter, Christopher Head, W. F. Heat, Herbert Henry Hilliard, W. E. Hopkins, Mrs. Ida S. Hippach, Miss Jean Hippach, Mrs. John C. Hoogenboom, A. O. Holverson and wife, Frederick M. Hoyt and wife.

Miss A. E. Icham, Mrs. Ismay.

Jakob Birnbaum, C. C. Jones, H. J. Julian.

Edward A. Kent, F. R. Kenyon and wife, E. N. Kimball and wife, Herman Klaber, William S. Lambert.

Mrs. A. Leader, E. G. Lewis, Mrs. Ernest H. Lines, Miss Mary C. Lines, Mrs. J. Lindstroom, Milton C. Long, J. H. Loring, Miss Gretchen F. Longley.

Miss Georgette Alexandra Madill, J. E. Maguire, Pierre Marochal, D. W. Marvin and wife, T. McCaffry, Timothy J. McCarthy.

J. R. McGough, A. Melody, Edgar J. Meyer and wife, Frank D. Millet, Dr. W. E. Minahan, wife and daughter; H. Markland Molsom, Clarence Moore, Mr. Morgan and wife.

Charles Natsch, A. W. Newell, Miss Alice Newell, Miss Madeline Newell, Miss Helen Newsom, A. S. Nicholson.

E. O. Ostby, Miss Helen R. Ostby, S. Ovies.

M. H. W. Parr, Austin Partner, V. Payne, Thomas Pears and wife, Victor Penasco and wife, Major Arthur Peuchen, Walter Chamberlain Porter, Mrs. Thomas Potter, Jr.

Jonkheer Reuchlinjg, George Rheims, Mrs. Edward S. Robert, W. A. Roebling H., C. Rolmana, Hugh Rood, Miss Rosenbaum, J. Hugo Ross, Countess Rothes, M. Rothschild and wife, Alfred Rowe, Arthur Ryerson, wife, two daughters and son.

Adolph Saalfeld, A. L. Saloman, Mr. Schabert, Frederick Seward, Miss E. W. Schutes, Mr. Silverthorne, William B. Silvey and wife, Colonel Alfonso Simonins, William T. Sloper, John M. Smart, C. Clinch Smith, R. W. Smith, John Snyder and wife, Frederick O. Speeden, wife and son, W. A. Spenser and wife, Dr. Max Frohlicher Stahelin and wife, C. E. H. E. Stengel and wife, Mrs. W. B. Stephenson, A. A. Stewart, Mrs. George M. Stone, Isador Straus and wife, Frederick Sutton, Mrs. Frederick Joel Swift.

Emil Taussig and wife, Ruth Taussig, J. B. Thayer and wife, J. B. Thayer, Jr., J. Thorne and wife, E. S. Taylor and wife, G. M. Tucker, Jr.

Mr. Uruchurtu.

Wyckoff Vanderhoef, W. Anderson Walker, F. M. Warren and wife, J. Wier, M. J. White, Percival W. White, Richard F. White and wife, George D. Wick and wife, Miss Mary Wick, Geo. D. Widener and wife, Harry Widener, Constance Willard, Duane Williams, N. M. Williams, Jr., Hugh Woolner, Geo. Wright.

Miss Marie Young.

DISASTER TO BRING MARINE LEGISLATION

FEDERAL INVESTIGATION LIKELY TO BE DIRECTED INTO THE STEAMSHIP HORROR.

TO REGULATE WIRELESS.

Official Washington Is Grief-Stricken —House Passes Resolution Expressive of Condolence to Relatives.

Washington, April 17.—Stirred by the horror of the Titanic disaster, all official Washington is preparing for steps to minimize the possibilities of another such tragedy.

Congress began framing legislation to govern life-saving appliances and wireless, and President Taft, doubly touched by the probable loss of his friend and military aide, Major Archibald W. Butt, held conferences with cabinet officers to consider government control over the operation of the wireless.

In the house what may result in a federal investigation into the causes of the wreck and the enactment of protective measures, was begun with resolutions offered by Representative Mott and Representative Hardwick. The Mott resolution provides for a searching inquiry by the Merchant Marine committee.

Covers Life Saving Apparatus.

The Hardwick resolution would touch upon regulations of life saving apparatus. Under the Mott resolution the merchant marine committee would sit as a court and compel the attendance of witnesses.

Chairman Alexander of the committee declared that the catastrophe would stop the building of such enormous vessels. He favors limitation by law upon the size of vessels which visit American ports. The committee also expects to report a bill to regulate the wireless.

President Taft was in conference at the White House for nearly two hours with some of his cabinet officers whose functions cover the operations of this new system of telegraphy. These were Secretaries Stimson, Meyer and Nagel.

Wickersham Called In.

Attorney General Wickersham was called in to give legal advice as to the necessities in a legislative way of additional laws.

In recognition of the extensive interests of private corporations which have spent much in the equipment of ships and shore station with wireless outfits, former Attorney General Griggs and Mr. Sheffield, representing the Marconi company, also were consulted. The technical side of the question was developed by Admiral Cone, the engineer in chief of the navy, which bureau is charged with the management of the naval wireless system.

Discuss Details of New Bill.

The discussion was general in character and touched particularly on the details of a new bill which has been prepared in the navy department to give effect to the requirements of the general wireless telegraphy convention to which America recently has adhered.

The house resolution adopted expressing condolence to the relatives of those who lost their lives on the Titanic, by Representative Austin, of Tennessee, republican, was as follows:

"Resolved, That this house has heard with profound regret and sorrow of the appalling loss of life on the steamship Titanic and expresses its deep sympathy for the relatives of those who perished in that great disaster."

Colony of Fins May Have Perished.

Duluth, April 17.—A colony of Finlanders coming to settle on land in the vicinity of Duluth probably perished on board the Titanic when she took her fatal plunge. The colony consisted of twenty-five families, in all 110 people. They were being brought here by a Finnish Colonization association.

All Mail Probably Lost.

New York, April 17.—Postmaster Edward M. Morgan stated that the White Star liner Titanic had on board 3,500 sacks of mail. It is not likely, he said, that the mails were saved. As the standard ocean mail bag holds about 2,000 letters, it is estimated that in all about 7,000,000 pieces of mail matter have been lost.

Delaware Favors Taft.

Dover, April 17.—The republican state convention elected six delegates to the republican national convention. The delegation was not pledged but favors President Taft.

Andrews Is Passenger.

Belfast, April 17. — Thomas Andrews, Jr., a director of the shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff, was on the Titanic. He was accompanied by mechanics, who were watching the working of the latest product of the company's yards.

Cutters to Meet Carpathia.

Washington, April 17.—President Taft has decided to dispatch two revenue cutters from New York to Sandy Hook to meet the Carpathia and act as an escort into the harbor.

RISK LOSS WILL BE ENORMOUS

INSURANCE ON PROPERTY AND LIVES REACHES MILLIONS.

London Lloyds Organization Is Heaviest Single Loser Through the Disaster.

Chicago, April 17.—Enormous insurance losses will result from the sinking of the White Star liner Titanic. If many of the men among the first-cabin passengers are lost the total may approach $50,000,000. The vessel itself is understood to have cost $10,000,000, with insurance of approximately $7,500,000, the bulk of which is placed in London Lloyds.

In addition, it is estimated that $10,000,000 of insurance has been placed chiefly in Lloyds on specie, bullion and securities in transit. This is the heaviest single loss London Lloyds has ever suffered, and follows a series of unusually large losses at sea during recent years. Business at Lloyds is practically suspended, offers from this country receiving no attention.

Heavy losses are also involved on the property of passengers, insurance on the high grade cargo carried, and the liability and damage claims which may be laid against the steamship company. These will fall on the International Mercantile Marine corporation, which maintains an insurance which was much more than wiped out by this single disaster.

The liability of the steamship company for the property of passengers is limited to $100 for each passenger, but special insurance can be arranged with the company, the filing of a special statement of value and the payment of premium. In addition, the company is liable for over a million dollars under the British compensation act for the death of the crew, assuming that all of the 800 are gone.

Life and accident companies will also be heavily involved if the supposed loss of life is not greatly reduced by the picking up of scattered survivors.

From the wealth and prominence of many of the first cabin passengers, some large lines of insurance undoubtedly will be involved. It is probable that the total life insurance of the passengers exceeded $100,000,000, since it is known that a number of them carried more than $100,000 each. In addition, the accident and disability policies of $100,000 or over will involve the accident companies in enormous losses.

This will increase the double indemnity feature for accidents of travel, so that the result will probably be disastrous to many companies.

ASTOR PROBABLY DEAD.

Multimillionaire's Name Is Not In the List of Those Rescued.

New York, April 17.—Colonel John Jacob Astor is believed to have gone down with the ill-fated Titanic. Mrs. Astor is saved. She was the beautiful Madeline Tallmage Force, of Brooklyn, where her marriage to Colonel Astor on September 9, 1911, was one of the most talked of events of the fall. It has been reported that an heir is expected. Mr. and Mrs. Astor were returning from their honeymoon journey to Europe.

Colonel Astor inherited a fortune estimated at between $150,000,000 and $200,000,000, making him one of the richest men in the world. The second Mrs. Astor contracted to give up all claim to his fortune, unless an heir was born, in consideration of a marriage settlement of $5,000,000.

To the city in which the name of Astor is a household word, the death of Colonel Astor and the shifting of the bulk of his estate to the shoulders of 21-year-old Vincent, means the beginning of a new regime in both the world of society and the world of finance.

BASEBALL SCORES.

American Association.

Minneapolis, 2; Indianapolis, 1 (10 innings).
Columbus, 5; Milwaukee, 4 (10 innings).
Louisville, 4; St. Paul, 2.
Toledo, 4; Kansas City, 2.

American League.

Boston, 9; Philadelphia, 2.
Detroit, 10; Chicago, 1.
Washington, 10; New York, 3.
Cleveland, 9; St. Louis, 8.

Drops Dead on News of Wreck.

Boissevain, Man., April 17.—J. P. Alexander, a former member of the provincial parliament, dropped dead when told of the Titanic disaster. He was troubled with heart disease.

Will Try for the North Pole.

Christiana, April 17.—The storthing has unanimously granted 136,365 kroner (approximately $35,000) for Amundsen's north pole expedition.

President Signs Flood Bill.

Washington, April 17.—President Taft signed the bill appropriating an additional $300,000 for the maintenance and protection of levees on the Mississippi river against the impending flood.

Ship Will Try to Reach Settlers.

Duluth, April 17.—The steamer Easton broke out through heavy ice at the canal entrance and went east along the north shore. She will endeavor to reach Grand Marais with food.

BILLION TONS OF IRON IN UTAH

JOSEPH SELLWOOD SAYS RESOURCES OF FAR WEST MAY BE NECESSARY IN FUTURE.

GENERAL SUPPLY IS LOW.

Thinks Time Will Come When Steel Plants Will Be Built on Pacific Coast—Army Appropriations Passed.

Washington, D. C. — An estimate that the ores held by the United States Steel corporation would be exhausted within 25 or 30 years and that the natural resources of the Far West would be raised, was made before the house steel trust investigation committee by Joseph Sellwood, an ore expert, who says he has scoured the North American continent in search of merchantable ore.

Mr. Sellwood told the committee that in Utah there were known to be 1,000,000,000 tons of merchantable ore. This ore can be used to make steel just as well as any other ore, but it is not near coke or coal or fluxing material, he said.

Several years ago Mr. Sellwood explored the Utah ores for James J. Hill the late John W. Gates and the late E. H. Harriman.

Mr. Sellwood thought the time would come when it would be practical to build steel plants on the Pacific coast and told of when Gates and others had considered erecting a steel plant at Los Angeles. With the completion of the Panama canal the availability of the Western ore it was said would increase.

Mr. Sellwood said there were deposits of 55 per cent metallic iron ore at Moose mountain, Ontario, aggregating 100,000,000 tons and at Antikocan, Ontario, 10,000,000 tons. In Newfoundland and Nova Scotia, he said, there were similar deposits with which he was not familiar. Ore deposits in Alaska, he said, should be discounted.

From hearsay, he declared, he would estimate the merchantable ores in Alabama at 1,000,000,000 tons.

Senator Bailey Ill.

Senator Bailey is ill and threatened with walking typhoid fever. He sent word to his colleagues that his condition was so much worse as to prevent his participation in the senate's consideration of tariff measures and asked that they proceed without him. The Democratic minority, in courtesy to Mr. Bailey, the ranking Democrat on the finance committee, has been delaying its action.

Army Appropriation Bill Passed.

The senate passed the army appropriation bill carrying $95,314,710 or $1,537,453 more than when it passed the house and $2,726,925 more than last year's bill. Senator Warren said the increase had been made necessary by the economy wave which swept over congress last year and caused unwarranted reductions.

Washington, D. C. — Frank C. Lowery, of the Federal Sugar Refining company of New York, testifying before the senate finance committee on the house free sugar bill, admitted that the company he represented was paying for the free sugar propaganda and was a leading advocate of the measure. He agreed with Republican members, who assert that enactment of the bill would wipe out the entire domestic production of sugar.

W. H. Baird of Detroit and W. K. Winterhalter of San Francisco, for the beet sugar industry, opposed the bill.

Senator Smoot of the senate finance committee is preparing a substitute for the house bill which probably among other provisions will abolish the Dutch standard. It is understood generally that Senator Smoot is responding to a request from the sugar men, for a reduction, fixing a rate which may not soon be disturbed.

In an amendment proposed to the river and harbor bill pending before the senate commerce committee Senator McCumber of North Dakota asks $75,000 for the Missouri river from Kansas City to Lebeau, S. D., and $150,000 for snagging and bank improvement from Lebeau, S. D., to Fort Benton, Mont.

Protest Steenerson Bill.

Washington.—Asst. Atty. Gen. Knaebel and Assistant Secretary of the Interior Thompson have forwarded communications to the house Indian committee protesting against the passage of the Steenerson bill, which directs the secretary of the interior to issue patents in fee to allotments in the White Earth reservation that have been contested by the government. The Steenerson bill was introduced in the interests of persons who purchased land from Indians, purchases that have not been questioned, and against which no charge of fraud has been made. The department officials object to the enactment at this time of legislation such as is reported by Mr. Steenerson. They suggest that legislation of the kind should be deferred pending further inquiry at White Earth.

THOMAS B. CATRON.

After being sworn in as United States senator from New Mexico, Mr. Catron drew a card which determined that his term shall end in 1917.

Washington, D. C. — President Taft and Secretary Stimson are severely arraigned in a sensational report on the Ainsworth case presented to the house by the military affairs committee.

Secretary Stimson is charged with having committed a "great and irreparable wrong" and a "flagrant misuse of official authority" when last February he suspended General Ainsworth from his duties as adjutant general of the army and charged him with insubordination. That the president and Secretary Stimson prejudiced the case, that the accusations against the general were based upon prejudice and that the secretary of war has an "erroneous idea" of his relation to congress, are some of the conclusions reached by a majority of the committee, of which Representative Hayes of Virginia is chairman.

Following General Ainsworth's relief from duty and when a courtmartial seemed probable, the president permitted him to retire from the army because of his long service. The report follows an investigation of General Ainsworth's relief from duty, set afoot by a resolution by Representative Watkins of Louisiana.

Criticising the relief of General Ainsworth the report declares the "worst feature of it was that this officer of long and distinguished service had no tribunal to which he could appeal with any hope of justice or fair treatment."

The majority of the committee conclude that General Ainsworth had been guilty of no act which justified the letter of suspension from Secretary Stimson and "that the charges had origin in a determination to drive General Ainsworth from active service and have nothing to support them but bare assertion, coupled with misrepresentation and suppression of the truth."

Indian Appropriation Bill Passed.

The Indian bill, carrying approximately $7,500,000, was passed by the house. It now goes to the senate where five other general appropriation bills are pending.

Washington, D. C. Government supervision of grain and cotton exchanges as the relief from violent fluctuation in prices of commodities and the safeguard against universal speculation and gambling, was proposed by W. B. Thompson, former president of the New Orleans stock exchange who appeared before the house committee on agriculture in opposition to the anti-option bills.

Chas. B. Pierce of the Chicago Board of Trade declared that speculation in the grain exchange was no more than the speculation a man dealt in when he bought a grocery store.

In concluding the testimony, W. J. McCabe, a Duluth broker, assailed the bucket shop, which he said did not come into competition with brokers' offices, and which, in his opinion, carried on business illegally.

A charge that Wall street and the big corporations are controlling the house "money trust" inquiry was made by Representative Lindbergh of Minnesota, Republican, in a resolution which would compel every member to disclose his business and corporation affiliations.

Each member of the house would have to file his own bank holdings and those of his family. Names of members who failed to do so would be published in a congressional record "blacklist."

In a statement explaining the purpose of his resolution Mr. Lindbergh declared some committee members are controlled by persons whose personal work is hostile to the public interest.

Faithful Messenger Rewarded.

San Antonio, Texas. — David Trousdale, the Wells-Fargo express messenger who killed two bandits who held up a Southern Pacific train near Eldridge, Tex., on March 13, and attempted to rob the express car, will be made supervising messenger between here and Houston at a salary of $2,000.

Burlington, Wisconsin, — The plant and two warehouses of the Burlington Blanket company were destroyed by fire, caused by lightning.

PALACE FOR ALFONSO.

Authorities of Alicante Start Project by Subscribing $5,000.

Alicante, Spain. — The provincial authorities have headed a subscription with $5,000, the purpose of which is to present King Alfonso with a palace here. The edifice is to be of Arabic architecture. It will also have magnificent gardens. The palace is to be presented to Alfonso with the hope that he will spend the winters here and thus popularize the resort.

Nebraska Storm Claims Life.

Hemingford, Nebraska. — The storm which raged in northwestern Nebraska claimed at least one victim and probably two. Mrs. Richard Path, who with her litle son started out at the beginning of the storm to bring the stock to shelter, was lost in the blinding snow and her dead body was found not far from her home. The child had not been found, but it is feared he perished. Richard Path, the husband, was at Alliance proving up on a homestead. The Paths lived 10 miles from here.

FARMERS PLOW AT NIGHT

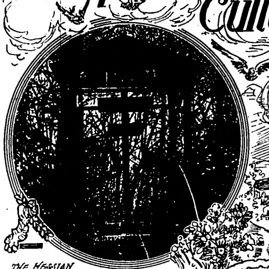
Albertans Use Headlights on Tractors Preparing Soil.

Ottawa, Ontario. — Reports here indicate unusual Northwest preparations for seeding at Lethbridge and vicinity. With headlights placed on their tractors, farmers of southern Alberta are working day and night preparing for seeding. The early spring means a large increase in acreage and the farmers are taking every possible [illegible]

Advocates Cut in Wool Rates.

Washington, D. C. — Radical reductions in freight rates on wool from western points to eastern destinations were prescribed by the interstate commerce commission. The commission held existing rates on wool were unreasonably high; that the blanket system of making those rates should be broken up and graded rates established; that the rates on wool in bales should be lower by about 15 per cent than those on wool in sacks and that there should be a readjustment [illegible]

An Experiment Station for Bird Culture


THE HESSIAN FOOD HOUSE

OLD CASTLE USED AS AN EXPERIMENT STATION

SIX NESTING BOXES IN A MAPLE

TREE TRIMMED TO MAKE ROOM FOR NESTS

THE first bird census, taken in this country a few years ago showed the fact that the number of birds decreased in the past 15 years 46 per cent. This is not only the case in the United States, but also in European countries. But with this difference that over there the government took steps to prevent the total extermination of our faithful and unpaid guardians of crops. Farming is growing very fast and the land covered with hollow trees, hedges and bushes is cleared without giving attention to the fact, that by destroying these natural dwellings of our feathered singers, they are forced to leave the spot and settle in some other place not yet touched by culture. The modern farmer can not permit a great part of the soil to remain uncultivated on account of being covered with all kinds of undergrowth. The evolution of farming is obvious and the farmer is not to be blamed for the decrease of birds.

A great many birds have been slaughtered for the single reason that their feathers would prove attractive as trimming for the hats of the ladies, but the government and aroused public sentiment has checked this gradually. In Germany, for instance, there are severe fines for those who violate the game law which provides that no singer or any other bird shall be killed, except those especially mentioned.

The most remarkable step toward the prevention of the extermination of birds has been taken by the Baron von Berlepsch who has devoted 500 acres of his estate for the erection of the first experiment station for the study and preservation of bird life. Here the interested parties are shown how to restore to the feathered citizens of the forests the comforts and conveniences of which modern civilization is gradually robbing them. The federal states of Germany are not only protecting 152 species of birds by law, but are growing nesting-hedges for them, cultivating, pruning and grafting nesting bushes; hollowing out natural nesting holes, building nesting boxes in the trees, fashioning natural and convenient winter feeding houses and protecting the birds from their carnivorous enemies.

On this unique bird farm the convenience and comfort of the feathered tenants have everywhere been considered in developing the grounds. Nineteen acres in the neighborhood of the castle of the count are laid out as a park; sixty acres are planted with thickets of shrubbery, chiefly of poplar and willow, for nesting places for the birds. The bushes are specially pruned or tied in clusters to accommodate the nesting habits of the birds. The rest of the estate is a forest. A lake near the castle furnishes an attractive residence for water-birds and a little brook bordered with nest-filled shelter thickets winds through the grounds.

The most essential parts of the work of bird protection is to provide nesting places, and over two thousand nesting boxes are maintained and fitted out in the style preferred by the various bird families. Baron von Berlepsch is the inventor of a most successful type of bird box that he developed after a detailed study of several hundred woodpecker holes. He discovered that all of the woodpecker houses were built on the same plan and conceived the idea of imitating their construction by the hand of the man. He copied with infinite care the circular opening, always wisely inclining upward to keep out the rain and always running down into the wood into a deep bottle-shaped cavity and ending in the same pointed bowl. At first he fashioned the boxes by hand but the demand grew so strong that a manufacturer was interested, and elaborate machinery devised to manufacture the boxes in commercial quantities. There are now four factories making them and it was found necessary to trademark them to prevent spurious imitations from getting on the market and cheating the birds. For the feathered tenants are more particular than the city apartment hunter and if the box is not furnished exactly as the bird wants it, with just the right quantity at the bottom, it will not be inhabited. It must not be too high or too low from the surface of the ground, and inclined a little toward the opening, away from the wind. The grand duchy of Hesse after investigating the baron's work, has ordered 9,300 nesting boxes and the Hungarian government has sent a commission to study and purchase a lot of those nesting boxes.

Winter feeding is second only to housing in making life endurable to the birds in severe weather. After eleven years of study the baron developed three practical feed devices—the food tree, the food house and the food "bell." The food tree is made by simply sprinkling a carefully prepared mixture over the branches of one of the coniferous trees. This is a man's imitation of a tree covered with a natural meal of insects' eggs and larvae. The Hessian food house consists essentially of two small tables placed beneath a roof mounted on four small posts. The food bell is an ingenious mechanical device that serves automatically. An inverted glass jar or bottle holds the supply of seed which is fed through a tube to a bowl or bell below. The lower edge of the tube must extend exactly below the upper edge of the food dish.

LIVING OVER A VOLCANO

Dishonest Promotor Is Always In Deadly Fear of Apprehension or Exposure.

But as soon as the promoter swings off into excess and begins to leave a trail of empty bottles and enthusiastic waiters and chorus girls, his troubles begin, Arthur H. Gleason writes in Collier's. For here enter the honest prosecutors, detectives, inspectors and scribes. And with them come the blackmailing crew of shyster detectives, dubious agencies and obscure journalists—a dark cloud of witnesses. From this time he is harassed by his shadowers, the men who hunt him down. We are told that every Jack has his Jill. Well, every promoter has his trailer.

Like a shadow to each of the promoters moves the detective. Some one man is always on his trail, butting in on him with a knowing smile during office hours, winking at him from the other end of an uptown bar. Often there will be several men trudging along in his wake. But some one of them will pull away from the toiling crew and grow closer as he catches the promoter's ideas, sizes up the scheme and fits together its pieces with a sudden click, like a bolt slipping into its socket.

The blackmail sheets send out an agent demanding advertisements, and, failing to get trade, pound the promoter for his crooked ways. One lone promoter has been approached by one hundred separate blackmail publications within the space of a half dozen years.

Another tax comes from the gentler intruders, who give you a friendly writeup, if you buy 500 or 1,000 copies.

Poor old, ignorant, illiterate Colonel Wilson was always the easy mark for these.

If the promoter is harassed by sinners who graft on him for hush money, he is hounded yet more keenly by the honest papers, who pry into his affairs, rip his balance sheet to tatters, reveal the nakedness of his claims, and let up when he lies gasping and prostrate with his great work finished, his race run. Such men as Larry Hill of the Sun are as welcome as an unchained bulldog to unctuous tricksters like Middlebrook and Shumaker; to thieves like the Burrs; to oleo-clerical promoters like the Rev. Claude Severance.

It is easy money and big money for the promoter, but the nerve pressure is high, and always there is the dread of exposure. Promoters live in acute expectancy of the deluge.

GRETNA GREEN MARRIAGES.

Famous Register to Be Offered for Sale in British Capital.

The original certificates of marriages celebrated at Gretna Green between 1825 and 1854, signed by the contracting parties, and the Gretna Hall Marriage Register, will be sold at Sotheby's, says the London Times. They are in the autograph of John Linton, by whom almost all the marriages were celebrated, and who, after being confidential servant to Sir James Graham at Netherby hall, invested his savings in the purchase of Gretna hall, which he turned into an inn.

His house became the most popular at Gretna for eloping couples, and, while Linton had many rivals in the business, his registers are believed to be the most important in existence. There are between 1,100 and 1,200 certificates.

The most noteworthy entry in the register is that of Edward Gibbon Wakefield to Ellen Turner on March 8, 1826, of which the certificate has been lost. Miss Turner was an heiress, only sixteen years of age, and Wakefield decoyed her from school by means of a forged letter, and induced her to marry him by pretending that her compliance was necessary to save her father from ruin. He was subsequently tried for abduction and sentenced to three years' imprisonment, the marriage being annulled by a special act of parliament.

On May 7, 1836, Prince Carlo Ferdinando Borbone, younger brother of the notorious King Ferdinand II., of the Two Sicilies, was married at Gretna hall to Penelope Caroline Smyth of Waterford, Ireland. Among the most interesting of the other marriages, the certificates of which are present, is that of Capt. Charles Parke Ibberton to Lady Adela Corisande Maud Villiers, daughter of the earl of Jersey, on November 6, 1845.

In making a runaway match Lady Adela was following the example of her grandmother, Miss Sarah Child, daughter of the founder of Child's bank, who was married at Gretna Green to Lord Westmoreland. The story of their pursuit by the angry banker, who gave up the chase only after one of the horses in his coach had been shot by his prospective son-in-law, is one of the most famous in the annals of Gretna Green.

Dialogue of Odd Moments

Probably Somebody, Somewhere, Is Uttering One of These Endearing Remarks Right Now.

"Gee, Mary, haven't you got supper ready yet? I do wish you'd learn to have your meals on time."

"Why on earth will you persist on coming into the house with your feet all mud beats me. I never saw such a man."

"I don't see why you can't just as well beat these rugs as to pay a man $2.50 a day to do it, as long as you are hanging around doing nothing."

"You know as well as I do that I can't run this house without money to run it on. Now you leave me a little money before you go down town this morning."

"I don't want to see you winking at the hired girl again or I'll pack up and go right home to mother, so there."

"But I gave you a dollar for shopping purposes just last Tuesday. Do you mean to tell me that you've gone and spent a whole dollar so soon?"

"You never sew up a rip in my coat unless I just keep right at your heels until it is done."

"It seems to me you might at least sweep off the porch and hose the lawn once in a while. You are the laziest mortal I ever saw."

"Land sakes, do you suppose if I'd have known you couldn't cook better than this that I'd have married you? Well, I should say not."

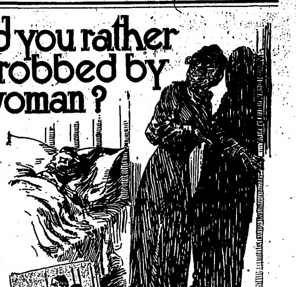
"Gee, that's a peach of a swell looker they have working for 'em next door. Some class there."

"John, take your feet down off that chair. These chairs were made to sit in, not to put your great feet in."—Los Angeles Express.

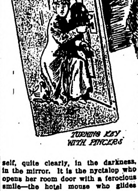
The average man is willing to admit that he has more brains than money.

Would you rather be robbed by a woman?

by STERLING HEILIG



NOW SHE HAS HIM INHALING FROM THE WET TOWEL


TURNING KEY WITH PINCERS

THOSE who recognize her bolt their bedroom doors.

Then they examine the bolts.

It is needless; tampering with bolts is "rats'" work; and Countess Manola has abjured all made co-operation.

"Men are poor creatures," she said, on quitting the Abbey of Clairvaux in the Illustrous Valley. "Men are clumsy, noisy, big-mouthed, violent, impulsive, without patience, without self-control. If you want trouble, take a man."

None will recognize her in Cairo, Naples, Rome, Vienna, Botzen, St. Moritz, Como, Lugano, Madrid, Tangiers. The severe elegant, intellectual great lady, well on toward middle age, will promenade her melancholy hauteur to only sympathetic and admiring glances.

American tourists, beware; death stalks invisible beside her, mystery, suspicion, loss of jewels, travelers' checks, bank notes and letters of credit.

She can strike at a distance. After she has left a fashionable resort, rich tourists who admired her may wake of a morning, safe in their rooms, and find they are robbed, stripped, destitute.

Let them be happy that they wake.

The gouine is out and loose again upon the world. The jirmouichs are jailed and scattered; but the shadowy filocheuse de colis, the "glider in the hallway," has her choir of wicked virgin nymphs to stay behind and do her will, while she moves on, with the new perfume in their hands.

By day, they may be English old maids, French blue stockings, plain dressed yet with an air of ease, cold, aloof, yet capable of impulsive kindnesses when touched by friendship for the rich and inexperienced. They may be pathetic young widows, Russian or Italian, seeking forgetfulness round Casino gambling tables, at concerts, teas, subscription balls and hotel dances, where the most modest tourists flash their diamonds. If an observer, you might be struck by their eyes, the eyes of nyctalops, of great or little animals that see by night, the eyes of mice, mice, mice!

The great old mother gouine loved to frequent the Villa des Fleurs at Nice or the public rooms at Monte Carlo, where fortunes are won in an evening, too late to be banked. She moved from table to table, noting the great winners, smiling as the roulette ball whirled.

Then the Countess Manola nods an aristocratic good night, pulls her sables about her, steps into the auto-limousine and speeds home to the rich hotel. So the haughty English old maids, severe French blue-stockings, feverish Italian widows, with their eyes of nyctalops.

They lock their bedroom doors and wait. The noises cease, the lights go out. They doff their frou-frou dinner gowns, however sober, crackling paillettes, tinkling jet, rustling batiste and silk. They dress again, you would say for deep mourning; black stockings, black slippers, black gloves, black skirt and coat of softest wool, and round their heads, covering their faces, covering their mouths and noses, a veil of black mousseline descending below the neck and carefully tied round the shoulders.

Is it the Countess Manola? Is it the Honorable Helena? Certainly no; it is the gouine who turns out the electric light of her bedroom. A feeble light struggles through the transom to the ceiling like a phosphorescence. Gliding past the long mirror of the wardrobe, she glances at it and does not see herself.

Satisfied, she turns up the light. Naught jars in the costume. From her trunk she takes what seems a curling iron of dull bronzed steel, only both pincers are convex; and then another with the pincers longer, similar; and a little instrument with steel teeth, like a comb, that push back on slight pressure and spring out again, marvel of mobility and changing forms; and then three slim steel picks, as if for dentists. Each slips into its compartment of a velvet bag, not to tinkle or rattle. Finally, she takes a phial of liquid.

She turns out the light again and stands before the mirror. All is dark and silent. Five minutes pass. Ten minutes. Is it Countess Manola? Is it the soft, sorrowing Marchesa? No, certainly; for she begins to see herself, quite clearly, in the darkness, in the mirror. It is the nyctalop who opens her room door with a ferocious smile—the hotel mouse who glides down the corridor.

She knows the plan of the hotel. She has picked out three rooms to try—rooms of big winners, rooms of ostentatious tourists sporting diamonds, rooms of heavy spenders, cashing large notes; rooms of modest, solid tourists who have shown travelers' checks.

She is before the victim's room. Most travelers imagine it a safeguard against pick locks to leave the key sticking in. In truth, it permits the use of the oustiti pincers. Feeling her way delicately with them, the gouine catches the key barrel in a grip of steel—and tranquilly, silently, gently unlocks the door.

Footsteps in the corridor? Upright, immobile, she presses into the corner, where fall the black shadows. Weary guest or sleepy chambermaid pass and see nothing.

Noiselessly she opens the victim's door, slips in and shuts it. Is there a dim night light? She glides to a flickering shadow, listens to the sleeper's breathing.

The gouine has but her phial of liquid, and her ear for rhythmic breathing. Should the victim vaguely wake she will wait in the shadow or the darkness for the sleeping rhythm. Now she is close to him. She has wet one of his towels with liquid from her phial. She holds her head away from it in fear. Even that filtering veil of mousseline might not protect her from the fumes of the new perfume.

Now she has him inhaling from the wet towel. Bending over the victim with the vulgar chloroform was the clumsy jirmouich, the male, the hotel rat, always covered his mouth with a rubber band, not as self-protection against fumes, but not to wake the sleeper at the critical moment by breathing on his face or neck. Most sleepers are peculiarly sensitive to such a sudden local change of temperature. The mouse, of lighter breath, had her veil instead of mouth band, and it remained as a pure air breathing sack and partial filter against fumes when she got the new perfume into her wicked hands.

How did the old mother gouine get hold of it? Mystery, some say, of old friendship; other pretend that a criminal figure called "the mage," a scientist perverted by a Sadic streak, is cynically making the bad perfume for its adepts, who must be all women in black, who have abjured men, as husbands, brothers, lovers.

Its effects are more rapid than chloroform; two indrawn breaths put the sleeper in a sort of coma. The dampened towel is spread under his chin; and the terrible woman tranquilly collects the valuables. On quitting the room she throws the window open and replaces the towel on the rack. She does not wish the victim to succumb. She dreads the scandal of a death, which very seldom happens. The pure air of the open window revives the stricken one and chases the faint, fragrant fumes away. He awakes in the morning, sunlight beating on his eyes, and asks himself, astonished, "Now, how did I leave that window wide open?"

Is it not better than stiletto or black-jack if you happen to turn in your sleep? Such were the resources of the male hotel rats who were scattered or rounded up with Countess Manola and Baron Frandin at Nice in 1908. Previously they had made a trip to Algiers, where a well-known American millionaire went to bed, locked and bolted his door, heard nothing in the night, and awoke bereaved of rings, studs, buttons and chains worth $90,000 and $6,000 cash.

In any case, one night at Nice inspectors Henic, Benoit and their men smashed in two bedroom doors, flashed lights and discovered Monsieur Bawer in black tights, a rubber band over his mouth, stiletto and eelskin at his belt, filling a black silk sack with jewels and money. The man they belonged to snored on peacefully. His face looked queerly pink and white. Quickly Benoit pulled the face off—it was a chloroform mask, most reckless and brutal death risk. In a nearby bedroom Frandin put up a terrific fight, laid out a plain-clothes man with his eelskin (sand bag), jiu-jitsued Henic to a broken arm and almost got away by stabbing, when a hotel porter knocked him down. In his room were found the gang's utensils.

Today the brutal males are still in jail or frightened out of the business. The "King of the Hotel Rats" operating at this moment in Paris seems not to have done a single job in the 18 fashionable hotels of the American quarter where he made such rich hauls. But as his sublime sneaking utilizes certain mechanical effects of the true jirmouichs, it is important to be posted. Besides, the stalwarts will get back to work one of these days.

The male rat laughs at bolts. He tries to get a room next to his victim's. European hotels are built with communicating doors, that any number of rooms may be thrown into a suite. These doors are kept locked and bolted on both sides. Of course, of course.

The rat's first work is to gimlet tiny peep holes into a door or partition. If decided to go on the job from what he sees, he unlocks the communicating door when the victim is out, jimmies the inside bolt, injuring it as little as possible, enters, removes the screws, replaces short screw tops, putties, paints the dummy bolt as "shut," and slips out the room door on the corridor, where a confederate is on guard to keep the coast clear.

In the old days, if the rat could not get an adjoining room he picked the corridor lock in the daytime, when the victim was out, and "fixed" the corridor bolt in the same way, warned by confederates. An accordion was the outside signal. Striking up a certain air meant that the victim was returning. Finally, if interrupted, there was the stiletto—and the jirmouich knew where to strike.

Would you not prefer the modern work of ladies? The old gouine and her choir of virgins in black veils seem almost sympathetic, scattering perfume. Yet as you slept the door swung open as the nail heads quit their holes. In slipped the stalwart, garbed in black tights, sandbag and stiletto at his belt.

To rise in bed meant death.

To lie still meant the brutal chloroform mask held tight as you woke struggling to the sound of deep bells ringing in your ears; and then forgetfulness—perhaps forever.

Bolt your room door today, the hotel mouse will pass you by. The mouse is all for gentleness and confidence. A bolted door already means suspicion.

Tells Why France is Great

Business Man Says It is Because Merchants Count Not Only Pennies, but the Fifths of Pennies.

"Forty years ago, monsieur, an alien army occupied this city," said a Paris merchant recently to a correspondent of Business. "I saw them camped where the tall Vendome column now lifts itself. The price of their evacuation was something enormous. We accepted it; we had no choice, and we have paid the price.

"More than that, our banks hold so much of our ancient enemy's commercial paper that in case of international complications we will not have to send a single soldier to the frontier, but simply force collections through our banks.

"And we have been able to do this because we have merchants, merchants of art, of literature, of science, of music, of fashion, of everything. We put the trade-mark Paris on all these commodities, and you from America and he from China pays our price. Is not that merchandising?

"And how have we done this—this of making ourselves world merchants? By watching the details, by figuring our costs and selling price on the centime basis, one-fifth of your cent. A small denominator, you say. Yes, and therefore overlooked by other nations. Also by turning to our advantage, cashing in, as you say, the foibles, the vanities, the prodigalities, and the superstitions, not only of other nationalities, but of our own people.

"I read in your papers about your new business schemes. Bah! They are old with us; your co-operative scheme, that has been worked out at the Bon Marche for 40 years; your newly inaugurated special sales; we had them under the second empire. Monsieur, I admire America; she is wonderful and enterprising; she is [illegible]

What's the Hurry?

On one of the most prominent street corners of Victoria, B. C., two Englishmen were deeply engrossed in conversation. This part of Canada contains a great many Englishmen who are apparently from wealthy families, and have been sent over here in the hope of the country developing them—making them work, so to speak. A trolley car had turned the corner, stopped for some passengers to alight, and started off again, when a man turned the corner on the run and boarded the moving car.

The Englishmen looked at each other in amazement.

"My word! Did you see him run?" one remarked.

"The blooming ass!" replied his companion. "I wonder if he did not know there was another car in twenty minutes?"—Lippincott's.

Boys may be governed a great deal by kindness and gentle methods, and by appealing to their better feelings, but [illegible]

The Home Department

LIGHT SUMMER GOWNS

MOSQUITO NETTING AND ROSES, ACCORDING TO ONE WRITER.

Manufacturers Evidently Are Looking Forward to a Hot Season—Gaudy Colors Will Be the Invariable Rule.

I hope it is not going to be as bad this summer as the new lingerie gowns indicate. Nothing but mosquito netting with bunches of roses, as far as one sees now, writes Emma Jacquelin, in the Kansas City Star.

Maybe it's a hopeful sign, for nature plays a well known trick on the manufacturers each year by turning the climate the opposite way from what was expected.

Now, these nettings, would have served admirably last year from June 1 to September 15, for that especial sun that rules us certainly had spots on it, if that is the real reason of heat. Any fabric was the white man's burden on those days.

For that season the manufacturers announced velvet with touches of fur! Well, the only living things that wore a touch of fur last summer were the animals who were not able to shave.

Working, therefore, by the doctrine of opposites, the coming season may be cool because of the abundant mosquito netting prepared. I think we would all be malicious enough to be happy if the manufacturers lost money on this venture.

What is this new netting like? Quite coarse, and quite attractive, and heavily loaded with bulbous, full-grown roses put on by machine in a coarse white thread.

No colors have so far been used unless on some exclusive fabric kept away from the ordinary eye.

These roses are arranged so that they come on the lower part of the skirt; their placement on the bodice is left to inclination. Scrim is another thin and cool fabric that has been borrowed from the curtain counter. Often it has deep borders of open roses, usually pink, with green leaves; if there is a knot of light blue ribbon, so much the better. Much of this scrim sells for twenty-five cents a yard and has a border at each edge; it can be built into admirable draperies for voile or taffeta slips.

Blouses of it are already attracting attention. When the machine border is not used there is a cross stitch sampler pattern of embroidery done in dull pinks, blues and lavender.

The gaudy Montenegrin colors that have reigned so long are relegated toward the rear, where handwork is concerned, although there is no diminution in the clash of brilliant blue and scarlet, of purple and brown, of green and yellow.

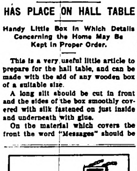
HAS PLACE ON HALL TABLE

Handy Little Box in Which Details Concerning the Home May Be Kept in Proper Order.

This is a very useful little article to prepare for the hall table, and can be made with the aid of any wooden box of a suitable size.

A long slit should be cut in front and the sides of the box smoothly covered with silk fastened on just inside and underneath with glue.

On the material which covers the front the word "Messages" should be worked just above the slit, and "Not at Home" may be worked in larger letters underneath it.



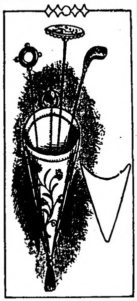
A number of sheets of notepaper cut exactly the same size as the top of the box are placed upon the lid, and these pieces of paper may be fastened together by making holes near the edge and passing a piece of prettily colored ribbon through them, and tying it in a bow on the reverse side.

The diagram at the top of the sketch explains how this may be done. On

DESIGNED TO HOLD HATPINS

Tidy That May Hang on Wall by the Side of Mirror, or in Other Convenient Place.

This is a very simple little tidy for hatpins, and it is intended for hanging upon a nail in the wall by the side of the looking-glass.



It is carried out in pale blue art linen, lined and stiffened with pale pink sateen and bound at the edge with narrow white silk ribbon and ornamented with a spray of tiny white daisies. It can be cut out entirely in one piece of the form shown in the diagram on the right-hand side, and then bent into shape and sewn together at the back. To determine the size it is a good plan to cut out a rough paper pattern first, and bend it into the required shape, and this may easily be done with the aid of our diagram.

At the top an ordinary small key ring is sewn on, by which the tidy may be suspended from a nail in the wall, and the base is ornamented with a silk tassel. Inside, at the extreme point of the tidy, there is a small ball of cotton wool to receive the points of the pins. This tidy may be easily washed when occasion requires, and might, of course, be carried out in many other pretty combinations than those suggested.

New Lace Veils.

Chantilly and malines laces are among the newest ideas for spring veils, particularly the cream white ones, which are becoming against the skin. Some of these are long, draped gracefully round the hats and hanging at the back.

The return of the waistline has given opportunity for the display of neat belts. These are in suede and patent leather, quite narrow, and the more decorative are adorned with jewels. Jeweled shoes also are a fashionable fad of the moment. Diamonds and other precious stones adorn shoes of gold and silver brocade and duchesse lace.

Neckwear from Flowers and Foliage.

The floral bow consists of a small satin or velvet nosegay with streamers of long soft green stems, finished off at the end with tiny buds. Bunches of green velvet foliage are sometimes used as substitutes for the usual flowers and look well beneath the chin, falling upon lace.

The colored detachable neckband, which requires a silk fringe of the same shade sewn to the lower edge of the collar, is a smart and pretty resource. Such neckbands fasten in front with a pair of fancy links instead of being invisibly closed at the side or back, or they are secured by cords ending in tassels.

Jacob's Ladders.

In stocking tops.
Are a fearful bane.
All women know how they annoy.
Fold a piece of quarter-inch satin ribbon
In the middle and sew to end of garter elastics.
Sew two or three loops of silk braid to stocking tops.
Run the ribbon through these and tie in a bow.
This obviates the "Madeira work" and ornaments the suspenders.

CURTAINS FOR WARM MONTHS

Scrim or Linen in Coarse Wave May Be Effectively Decorated at Small Expense.

Nothing is more suitable for the warm weather curtains than scrim or even linen in a coarse weave, and if this is bought in a plain color lovely sets for doors and windows can be made with the addition of a little stenciling, says the Pittsburgh Sun.

It is not a difficult matter to stencil any material if care is used, and this is infinitely quicker and easier to do.

Any design may be traced or drawn on the stencil board, which can be bought at any art store for 10 or 15 cents, and this should be carefully cut out with a sharp knife.

To make a clear, distinct stencil, a large piece of blotting paper should be placed beneath the material to be decorated and this will absorb the superfluous moisture.

This is an easy and pretty method of preserving a harmonious color scheme in a room, for the paints may be mixed to make any color or tint, while the bought drapery might be slightly off in color and just enough to clash with the rest of the room.

With Dancing Frocks.

With the dainty dancing frocks worn by debutantes these days, go high-heeled boots of satin, with paper-thin soles and high buttoned tops. These boots make the foot and ankle look slender. There are also black satin boots for wear with smart afternoon gowns.

Line the Yokes.

The young woman who has a taste for active sports should see that all her shirtwaists have lined yokes at the back. If this precaution is omitted this part will become soaked with perspiration, which will mean ruin, to the colored waists, at least.

Greater Farm Efficiency

Choosing a Useful Draft Horse

By PROF. A. S. ALEXANDER, Wisconsin College of Agriculture

Stallion of Good Form.

A horse's height is measured in "hands" (4 inches) from the summit of the withers to the ground. A typical, ideal draft horse stands over 16 hands (5 feet 4 inches) and under 18 hands high. Tall, leggy horses, if deficient in weight, width and quality, are undesirable. Such horses often are found affected with St. Vitus' dance. Exceptionally tall horses (over 17.2 hands) are difficult to match in pairs and therefore may not meet with ready sale on the market. Such horses are chiefly used for single work or as the middle horses of three horse teams.

A draft horse should weigh 1,600 pounds, or more, in ordinary flesh. Weight in a draft horse is absolutely necessary for the hauling of heavy loads. It enables the horse to derive full benefit from the strength of his muscles, adds to the effect of his motions and gives him a firm grip upon the ground. Heavy weight is a useless burden when not associated with adequately developed frame and muscle. It should be accompanied by vigor and energy.

The form of the draft horse should be broad, deep, massive, evenly proportioned and symmetrical, the entire makeup suggesting great strength and weight. The body should be blocky, and compact, with short, broad, clean, well set legs showing fine skin, large joints and prominent tendons.

The entire appearance of the draft horse should be indicative of strength for heavy hauling. A massive body, set squarely on sturdy legs is required.

Good quality is shown by fine, bright, silky hair; soft, pliable skin; clean, well defined tendons; smooth well developed muscles; strong, smooth bones. It usually is associated with style, spirit and intelligence indicative of "breeding."

A draft horse does most of his hard work at the walking gait. It is therefore important that he should be able to walk fast without tiring. He should be able to walk four miles an hour with a load. To do this the action must be perfectly regular, straight and level. Joints must be quickly and fully flexed; feet must be advanced and set down without deviation from a straight line. Soles of the feet should turn up and show the shoes plainly as the horse moves away from the observer, at both walk and trot. The feet should be lifted quickly, evenly and be set down squarely and firmly.

There should be no "paddling," "dishing," or "winging" in or out, cutting or interfering, nor should the fore legs swing out or "roll," or the hind legs be carried too close together or too far apart. In judging of the action the observer must note the movements of each leg and foot, the handling of each joint and the carriage of the entire body, as the horse walks and trots. Watch closely for lameness. The hocks should be carried well together when in motion. Rolling, or waddling in front is due to too great width of chest. Knee and hock action should both be free and comparatively high. Perfection of action at the walk is of highest importance in the draft horse.

The draft horse should show a vigorous, lively, energetic disposition, yet be docile, tractable and intelligent. He should be neither sluggish, nor irritable, nor excessively nervous.

Noticeable vices, as cribbing, wind sucking, weaving, tail switching, shying, biting, kicking, head shaking, etc., are undesirable. Sluggishness associated with fat should be avoided, as it induces disease. Stupidity, clumsiness, meanness or excessive nervousness are objectionable and should discount the animal.

The head should be large, proportionate in size to the body and well formed, clean, free from coarseness and irregularities.

Strength may be shown in the head as well as the rest of the body. It should be carried well up and balanced properly upon the neck.

The shoulder of a draft horse should be moderately sloping, smooth and extending well back. A majority of poorly formed draft horses have shoulders which are too steep. Occasionally the shoulders are too sloping. Either extreme in a draft horse is objectionable. Trouble with collars comes from these causes when the horse is doing heavy pulling. The correctly laid shoulder should form a smooth, comfortable bed for the collar. Straight or upright shoulders detract from easy, free action of the forelegs and generally are found associated with upright pasterns. The shoulders should be smoothly and deeply covered with muscles and be free from coarseness, roughness, sores and tumors. The withers should be well covered and moderately high.

The arm of the horse extends from the point of the shoulder to the elbow and should be short, heavily muscled and well thrown back.

This part is formed of the arm bone (humerus) and must be so laid as to bring the leg in proper position to support the weight of the forequarter. The elbows should be prominent, clean and not held too far out or too close in to the body. Score off for straight, poorly placed or inadequately muscled arms.

The forearm, extending from the elbow to the knee, should be long, wide, heavily muscled and free from coarseness. This portion of the body of the draft horse, together with the lower thigh (gaskin) of the hind leg, cannot be fattened, but is composed chiefly of lean muscle and bone. The muscles should be prominent in front and above and the entire part clean and free from puffiness and coarseness.

The knees should be straight, wide, deep, strongly formed and smooth.

So long as these and other joints are free from puffs, bony growths and meatiness, [illegible] well be too large or too strongly developed. Knees should be straight and so set as to perfectly carry the weight of the body. Sprung knees, or "buck knees," bent in the forward direction are as objectionable as those of the reverse type which are known as "calf knees." Examine the knees for blemishes and the cannons for splints close up to the knees. Splints will be likely to cause lameness. Blemishes may indicate tendency to falling.

Crooked or "Sickle" Hock.

The hoofs should be ample in size, sound, smooth and symmetrical in shape.

The chest encloses the heart and lungs; it should be roomy in every respect. A narrow, shallow chest denotes poor constitution, lack of endurance and deficient breathing organs. If too wide the action tends to waddling or rolling. A narrow chest and high knee action often go together. An ample, wide, deep chest denotes vigor, power, strong constitution and easy keeping qualities.

Poor hocks are a common fault in draft horses. It is important to improve this deficiency. To that end breeding animals should have good hocks and for work horses this also is imperative. The hock (not "hind knee") is commonly the seat of some one of such diseases as bone and bog (not "blood") spavin, thoroughpin and curb. These should be avoided. The joint should look and feel firm, hard and with each bone well defined, free from meatiness and of great size. The point of the hock should be prominent, clean and sharp and the tendons under it straight, distinct, but free from bulging.

Almanac Started in 1686.

The oldest almanac in existence is the "Almanach National," which has been issued by the French government since 1686. Its name has been changed a good many times during its career of 225 years. Originally the "Almanach Royal," it became "National" in 1792, "Imperial" in 1805, and reverted to its original name nine years later.

Since then the title has been altered four times. Like most publications of this sort the "Almanach National" has grown bulky with advancing years. The first issue contained 48 pages, as compared with 1,580 pages in the current issue.

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Mark layers with leg bands.

Incubators are always on the job.

Be sure there are no lice on the hogs.

All farmers should keep pure-bred poultry.

Duck feathers may also be made a source of profit.

Normal churning temperature is around 62 degrees.

A special inspection should be made of the stables.

The hen which lays an egg and does not cackle is a—turkey.

It costs no more to take good care of a good fowl than a poor one.

Growing pigs should receive, where it is possible, some buttermilk.

The long-headed farmer is the one who has hay to sell in the spring.

Whether for eggs or meat, skimmilk is one of the best and cheapest foods.

In fitting horses for hard work increase the grain ration, but not the hay.

Chickens hatched in an incubator can be reared either with hens or with a brooder.

Open pails of water and swill have caught more chicks than any rat that ever lived.

Two parts oats and one of bran make a well-balanced ration for pregnant ewes.

On the average, eleven pounds of cheese can be made from 200 pounds of skimmilk.

Look out for drafts under and through the floors. They are about the worst kind.

A news item says that 12,000 dairies are used to supply London and its suburbs with milk.

Feed the ewes carefully at first, and increase the ration as the lamb requires more milk.

There are usually some ewes that have served their days of usefulness and better be discarded.

Breeding for a special purpose tends to develop an animal that will be in harmony with her function.

See if the entrance to the hives is choked with dead bees. Rake them out but do not disturb the live ones.

Much of the illness and loss in the first and second weeks of the chicken life is due to carelessness the first 48 hours.

Cows that are well cared for and well protected are not seriously affected in their yield by the cold weather.

Dairying is rapidly becoming a science. It is being studied more extensively than almost any other line of farming.

Dust young turkeys and their mother once every two weeks with insect powder until they are at least six weeks old.

Filth, disease and death are associated together, at all times and places. Keep things bright and clean and they will keep you so.

Corn stalks are plowed under with no harm to succeeding crops—provided the stalks are first thoroughly cut by double disking.

Pure bred poultry consumes less feed, produces more eggs and is worth at least one-fourth more to the farmer than mongrel stock.

In the summer when the farmer is busy cultivating and harvesting sheep require the least attention of any stock kept on the farm.

Turkey hens are sometimes inclined to sit too closely. See that they are off the nest fifteen minutes each day, until the eggs begin to pip.

The cows should be kept clean and the long hair clipped so as to prevent dirt hanging and falling into the pails while the cows are being milked.

Supply clear water. It is essential to health and to the hen for the production of the egg, the contents of which are nearly three parts water.

In growing a heifer for the dairy muscular vitality is wanted rather than fat, and this is obtained very largely from the skim-milk portion of its diet.

Among the essentials of the successful care and management of a farm flock of mutton sheep are that we treat them in a manner adapted to their nature.

If you have decided upon the breed of chickens you are going to raise, send off for circulars to specialists of that breed rather than to one that raises a dozen different breeds of poultry.

It pays to spray intelligently.

Look well now to the brood sows.

Buckwheat is an egg producing feed.

Half starve your hens, if you want no eggs.

Examine the collars of your work horses often.

Few horses can digest perfectly clear timothy hay.

Hang a cabbage where the hens have to exercise to get it.

Warm milk tastes fine to the calf these chilly mornings.

Charcoal in the feed is good for correcting digestive troubles.

Any incubator will do its work, and some brooders will undo it.

The true dairy cow is easily affected by unfavorable conditions.

A good horseman never trots a draft horse even when he has no load.

The damand on the foal's digestive system for nourishment is very great.

Don't let your hens mope. Give them plenty of dry earth, ashes, chaff, etc.

Sunshine is the only disinfectant absolutely free. Then let us use plenty of it.

The real dairy cow turns her food into milk and butter-fat instead of meat.

When you mark the date on an egg, have a good honest man handle the stamp.

Save eggs from hens two or three years old, rather than from pullets, for hatching.

The live, ambitious, energetic poultryman makes it a point to hatch early chicks.

If cream is too warm, butter is very likely to come in soft lumps, with a greasy texture.

Go over the nozzles of the sprayer and see that everything is ready for the spring work.

With proper care and protection, clipping is an aid to the health and condition of a horse.

In a case of twins one is often weaker than the other, and would die if not assisted to nourishment.

Ducks do not need water for swimming, but they must have plenty of absolutely clean drinking water.

There is more fat lost in the skim milk through slow turning of the separator than through fast turning.

Have patience with the lambs. A lamb saved now will be a five-dollar bill in your pocket later in the year.

Lambs should have milk within a few minutes of birth, and if not able should have quiet and quick assistance.

Don't think that a calf which is fed regularly on milk does not need water. Milk is a food and does not quench thirst.

Two parts corn and 1 part each of wheat and oats fed in a litter make a well balanced morning feed for the layers.

Move the chicken yards around once in awhile. Even the earth gets unhealthy if you keep hens on it all the while.

The open range is best for young turkeys, but they must not be allowed out during a shower or before the grass is dry.

Feeds rich in oil have a tendency to keep a cow's system in good, healthy condition and keep the coat smooth and bright.

There is this to say for the fruit tree peddler: If it were not for him many a farm would have little or no fruit on the place.

New York's butter bill for one year at retail prices amounts to $53,000,000. The cheese bill for the same time is $12,000,000.

In building new quarters for swine the foundations should be made permanent and the floors double, and wind and water proof.

Mark your layers with leg bands, especially if you are using trap nests, so that you can keep a perfect record of what they are doing.

In spring and early summer milk has a greater proportion of soft fats than in winter. This necessitates a low churning temperature.

Take the cellar bees out the first warm day that is windless and sunshiny, or keep plenty of water slightly warmer, near the hives.

In setting out peach trees no side branches need be left. They may be cut back to a "whip." With apples and pears only year-old wood should be cut back.

Can you handle the ax well? Then have one of those roosters for dinner next Sunday. Get them out of the flock. They are a nuisance to the laying hens.

Although the dairy business is not all profit, still there is enough to be made from it to offer the very best of encouragement to any one who will handle it right.

Milk prices have been investigated by the Department of Agriculture, and it is found that "throughout the United States the dairyman receives a scant 50 per cent of the price paid by the consumer."

REMEDIES FOR RHEUMATISM

Are Many but the Important Thing Is to Enrich the Blood and Cleanse the System of Rheumatic Poison.

There are many remedies for rheumatism. Most of them are considered successful if they relieve the pain and stiffness. That means a temporary suppression of the symptoms while the disease remains in the blood to appear again on the next rainy day.

Mrs. J. W. Rapp, of R. F. D. No. 1, South Omaha, Neb., says: "Several years ago I was a sufferer from rheumatism which followed a general run-down condition and exposure to wet and dampness. The pains started in my hands, which had a sort of pricking sensation like needles were being thrust into them. As the disease grew worse the joints of my fingers became affected. They were swollen and were so painful that I could hardly bear it. Gradually the disease began to affect my limbs in the same manner. They became terribly swollen and I had to give up my work. The pains then spread all over my body and were sharp and shooting. They would suddenly shift from one part of the body to another but fortunately did not seem to affect my heart. For three months I was propped up in a chair and had to be waited on. I could not get any sleep and was losing flesh all of the time. The doctor treated me a long time but did not give much relief as the pains were as severe as ever when I quit taking his medicine. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were brought to my notice while reading a booklet and I made up my mind to give them a trial. A wonderful change came over me as soon as I commenced using the pills. They absolutely cured me from the terrible rheumatic pains and I have never had them since. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to many persons and always explain that they cannot help giving benefit as they are a blood medicine."

A new edition of our booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent free on request to anyone interested. Write for it today.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

VERY TRUE.

The Man—Society is a funny thing.
The Maid—How so?
The Man—A girl is not "in it" until she has "come out."

PIMPLES ON FACE 3 YEARS

"I was troubled with acne for three long years. My face was the only part affected, but it caused great disfigurement, also suffering and loss of sleep. At first there appeared red, hard pimples which later contained white matter. I suffered a great deal caused by the itching, I was in a state of perplexity when walking the streets or anywhere before the public.

"I used pills and other remedies but they failed completely. I thought of giving up when nothing would help, but something told me to try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for a Cuticura Booklet which I read carefully. Then I bought some Cuticura Soap and Ointment and by following the directions I was relieved in a few days. I used Cuticura Soap for washing my face, and applied the Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. This treatment brought marvelous results so I continued with it for a few weeks and was cured completely. I can truthfully say that the Cuticura Remedies are not only all, but more than they claim to be." (Signed) G. Baumel, 1015 W. 20th Place, Chicago, Ill., May 28, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

What She Wanted.

Before the fire on Christmas eve, two old maids were planning for the holiday.

"Sister Mallie," said the younger, "would a long stocking hold all you want for a Christmas gift?"

"No, Elvira," said the older, "but a pair of socks would."

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework antiseptically clean and free from odors and disease germs, Paxtine Antiseptic is unequaled. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Comparative Values.

"My wife can make a tart reply."

"My wife can do better than that. She can make a pie speak for itself."

Garfield Tea, for the ills resulting from impure blood, is a remedy of tried efficacy. Drink before retiring.

The average man's way of forgiving an enemy is meaner than his refusal to do so.

TWO WEEKS' TREATMENT AND MEDICINE FREE

no matter what your disease. If you suffer from Rheumatism, write. If you suffer from Kidney Trouble, write. No matter what you suffer from, write to

MUNYON'S DOCTORS

[illegible]

NOT A PENNY TO PAY

[illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

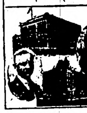
General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL



Its great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success. Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IT'S FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, April 20, 1912

The log jam that has obstructed the flow of water from Red lake into Red Lake river is now being broken. The lumber companies are preparing to drive their logs down stream and that job cannot be accomplished until the jam is broken.

ROOSEVELT GIVES POLITICAL CREED

Plain Answers to Questions as to His Principles.

JUST WHERE HE STANDS

In an Editorial in the March 30 Issue of The Outlook, Theodore Roosevelt Sets Forth "A Short Political Creed" in the Form of Questions and Answers, as Follows:

A good friend of mine who has been asked many questions about the political philosophy which I endeavored to interpret and formulate in my Columbus speech has put those questions in the form of a short catechism; and in answering them I have endeavored to outline the philosophy.

What is the aim for which political Progressives are striving?

The promotion of genuine popular government in America, the defense of human rights, and the establishment of social and industrial justice, so that every force in the community may be directed towards securing for the average man and average woman a higher and better and fuller life in the things of the body no less than those of the mind and soul.

Do you believe that the pursuit of this aim requires the adoption of new and radical principles?

No. I believe it requires a new and radical application of the old principles of justice and common honesty, which are as eternal as life itself. New methods and new machinery are needed for carrying these principles into our national existence; and also a broader sympathy, so that our justice may be generous and human, and not merely legalistic.

Do you believe in a short ballot?

I do. I consider it one of the most important methods to be adopted. By the "short ballot" I mean the principle of electing few men to important offices and making more administrative offices appointive. This is the method that is pursued in our Federal government. The people have nothing whatever to fear from giving any public servant power so long as they retain their own power to hold him accountable to them. You will get best service where you elect only a few men, each of whom has his definite duties and responsibilities, and is obliged to work in the open so that the people know who he is and what he does.

Do you believe in direct primaries?

I do. In the state the primary should be of the simplest form (consistent with preventing fraud) that will enable each individual voter to act directly on the nomination of elective officers; in the nation presidential primaries should be so framed that the voters may chose their delegates to the national conventions, and at the same time express their preference for nominees for the presidency. At the present moment our political machines are using their power to defraud the people out of their right to make nominations.

Do you believe in the election of United States senators by the people?

I do. I think the people are just as competent to elect United States senators directly as they are to elect governors or representatives in congress or state legislatures.

Do you believe in the initiative or referendum?

Yes, under certain definite limitations. Action by the initiative or referendum ought not to be the normal way of legislation; I think the legislature should be given an entirely free hand. But I believe the people should have the power to reverse or supplement the work of the legislature, whenever it becomes necessary.

Do you believe in the recall?

I believe the people should be provided with the means of recalling or un-electing important elective administrative officers, to be used only when there is a widespread and genuine public feeling for such a recall among a majority of the voters. I believe that there is scant necessity for using it in connection with short-term elective officers.

Do you believe in the recall of judges?

I believe that the evils which have led to the very widespread proposal to apply the recall to judges are very real. I see no reason why the people, if they are competent to elect judges, are not also competent to un-elect them. I think the judiciary should be made clearly to understand that they represent justice for the whole people. Personally, and having in view the success of the Massachusetts system, I am at present inclined to believe that judges should be appointive. Then we can apply the principle of the recall to the appointive power. In addition I would have the appointive judges removable; and in seeking the way to the proper solution, I would try having this done by a majority vote of the two houses of the legislature, as may now be done under the Massachusetts law, whenever the people through their representatives feel that the needs of the people require such removal. But this is merely my preference; and, moreover, my prime concern is with the end, not the means. I wish to see good judges put on the bench and bad ones taken off it. Any system which in its actual workings accomplishes these two ends is a good system. I do not wish to use the recall if it is possible to avoid doing so; but I would far rather have recourse to the recall than continue the present system, which provides an impeachment remedy that in practice never works, and provides no efficient way whatever for overriding judicial misconstruction of the constitution.

Do you believe in the "review of judicial decisions" by state courts, and what do you mean by it?

I do. What I mean may be fully expressed by the phrase, "The right of the people to review certain judicial decisions which nullify laws demanded by the people in the exercise of the police or general welfare power on the ground that these laws are unconstitutional." This would amount to a simpler method of construing or amending the judicial interpretation of the constitution wherever such interpretation becomes clearly adverse to human rights. I believe, as I have said over and over again, that when the highest court of a state differs from the legislature of that state on the question of the constitutionality of a law vitally affecting the conditions of life and labor among wage-earners, the people should have the right to determine in an election whether the constitution which they have framed was meant by them to permit such a law. This method cannot apply to questions as to the federal constitution; I have made this distinction clear in my Columbus speech. The jurisdiction of the United States Supreme court concerning the federal constitution must remain supreme over the whole people. The constitutions of the separate states are in daily process of making by the people of those states, and I would therefore vest in the people of each state the final authority as to what their state constitution should be. I would not make the people the final judge in legal questions between individuals, but I would make the people the final umpire in such a conflict as that above outlined between the legislature and the judiciary in any given state.

The personal differences between some of my opponents and myself are only incidents of a fundamental difference of view. My opponents believe, as many of the founders of our government believed, that the people as a whole have neither the capacity nor the training to decide questions of broad governmental policy. Many of our fathers thought that the people could not be trusted to elect presidents or senators and therefore devised the Electoral College, which we have abandoned, and the legislative method of electing senators, which we are abandoning. My opponents think that a special class, the legal class, is the proper one finally to determine questions of basic political philosophy; I believe that the ultimate authority rests in the people and must be exercised by the people. This of course does not mean that the people should not employ experts to do their work for them. For instance, having selected the president, the voters should give him full executive power; but if the voters decide that they want a parcels post, they should expect him to make, with loyalty to their decision, the best parcels post that can be made; and they will not expect him to decide for them as to whether they are to have a parcels post or not. In law, having framed the constitution and the statutes, they should choose the best judge that they can to carry out the provisions of the constitution and the statutes; but if they decide that they want a workmen's compensation act, they ought to expect the judge to administer such an act, and not to determine whether a workmen's compensation act is good for them or not. It is none of the judge's business to say whether the people ought to wish and to have such an act; it is the people's business, and only theirs. If the people decide (as the Canadians have decided) that it is a true function of government to formulate and regulate the relations of organized capital and organized labor, including wages, hours, and conditions of work, they will not expect the judges—and the judges must not expect—to decide that this is not a true function of government; and if the judges endeavor to assert their view as opposed to the people's view, the people ought in legal fashion to tell them they are mistaken, and, if the judges persist, remove them and get judges who will administer the law based upon the theory of government which the people in the exercise of their sober and deliberate judgment have decided to be good.

MONEY TRUST BACKING TAFT

Two Billion Dollar Committee Asks for Subscription.

SECRET CIRCULAR FOUND

Washington, April 6.—The financial end of the Taft campaign was revealed somewhat the other day by the capture in New York by Amos Pinchot of a copy of a nifty little circular letter which was being sent around to men in Big Business in a very confidential way. The capture of the letter was made with some difficulty, but it was made. The letter read like this:

"Col. Roosevelt is endeavoring to secure a nomination for a third term, contrary to a widely established precedent, on a platform favoring the recall of judges and the recall of judicial decisions, which, in the opinion of thinking men would nullify the constitution and menace the fundamental principles of Republican government.

"We believe that President Taft, by reason of his wise, conservative and efficient administration, is entitled to renomination by the Republican party.

"To bring these facts properly before the electorate and to insure the renomination of President Taft a vigorous campaign is essential. We earnestly solicit your support and ask you to contribute to the necessary expenses of carrying on the work. Checks should be made payable to Robert F. Huse, acting treasurer, care Redmond & Co., 33 Pine street."

Wall Street Sponsors.

At the head of the letter was the list of sponsors in the form of the committee seeking to raise the spondulix for Taft. It included some of the men down in the Wall street country who do nothing all day long but attend meetings of boards of directors and pocket gold coins for so doing. Amos Pinchot, who is a good deal of a lawyer, with offices at 60 Broadway, says the letter in reality constitutes a violation of the criminal code of the state of New York, because it is a device to gain money by false pretenses. He bases this opinion upon the fact that the writers of the letter are plainly trying to scare moneyed men into contributing by setting up the charge that Col. Roosevelt is trying to secure the recall of the justices of the United States Supreme court and their decisions, to break down the constitution of the United States and to destroy the government.

As Col. Roosevelt's treatment of the recall question, as far as the courts are concerned, has been confined distinctly to state courts and then only to certain well defined cases, Mr. Pinchot believes this makes the letter a direct violation of the New York penal code as expressed in Section 1290, covering the offense of securing money by false pretenses. However, as it is likely that the recipients of the letter were perfectly willing to be scared about Col. Roosevelt, it is not probable that any of them will seek to prosecute the members of the money raising committee.

Committee "A Peach."

As far as that committee is concerned it is a peach. There are 19 members, as stated on the letter head, and these 19 men represent among a multitude of other things the following institutions, all notorious as constituent parts of the money trust:

New York Trust Co., New York Central Railroad, Mercantile Trust Co., Michigan Central Railroad Co., Corporation Trust Co., Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Astor Trust Co., Guaranty Trust Co., National City Bank, Brooklyn Mutual Life Insurance Co., Delaware & Hudson Railroad, West Shore Railroad, Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, Metropolitan Trust Co., Trust Company of America, Bankers Trust Co., Title Guarantee & Trust Co., Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

It is too bad that no manual in the library of congress gives the capital of all of these trust companies and their allied concerns. The total would certainly be more than all the money in the world. But by the aid of such manuals as are to be found here a glance at the concerns represented by about half of the committee of 19 will go some distance toward establishing that Big Business is for Taft and no other need apply. As a spectacle of billions begging the letter speaks for itself. Following is what is learned about a few of these 19 anti-Roosevelt alarmists:

OTTO T. BANNARD—Pres. New York Trust Co., director Mahoning & Shenango R. R. & Light Co.	$ 10,000,000
	10,000,000
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW—Officer or Director in fifty-one corporations of capitalization ranging from $300,000,000 to $20,000	$935,896,000
BENJ. F. TRACY—Director Manhattan Life Ins. Co.	100,000
Director Mutual Life Ins. Co. (assets)	494,000,000
Total	$494,100,000
GEO. R. SHELDON—Officer and Director in twenty-five corporations of capitalization ranging from $50,000,000 to $500,000	200,500,000
EDGAR L. MARSTON—Officer or Director in nineteen corporations of capitalization ranging from $130,000,000 to $3,000,000	450,000,000
JULIEN T. DAVIES—Director Bond & Mortgage Co.	$ 3,000,000
Director Mutual Life Ins. Co. (assets)	494,000,000
Director Title Guarantee & Trust Co.	4,000,000
Total	$501,000,000
WILLIAM BERRI—Director in five corporations of capitalization ranging from $10,000,000 to $150,000	10,150,000
HENDRICK S. HOLDEN—Director Syracuse Trust Co. and 1st National Bank	....
Director Com. Nat. Bank, Syracuse	....
R. ROSS APPLETON—Pres. 14th Street Bank, New York	....
Director Industrial Savings & Loan Co.	....
Director Metropolitan Safe Deposit Co.	....
Director New York Mortgage Co.	....
Director Northern New Jersey Trust Co.	....
JOHN HENRY HAMMOND—Director Eastern Steel Co.	$ 9,000,000
Director Standard Roller Bearing Co.	5,000,000
Total	$14,000,000
GRAND TOTAL	$2,682,546,000

Full List of "19."

The full list of the 19 reads like this:

Benjamin F. Tracy, Chairman, Otto T. Bannard, Nicholas Murray Butler, George Blagden, Charles N. Bernheimer, Julien T. Davies, Marcus M. Marks, William N. Cohen, Carlton A. Chase, William Berri, Andrew B. Baird, Almet R. Latson, Marcus M. Marks, Chauncey M. Depew, George R. Sheldon, Edgar L. Marston, Hendrick S. Holden, R. Ross Appleton, James R. Sheffield, Richard Young.

It is supposed that the necessity for the letter lies in the change from the good old times when there were no corrupt practices acts and no laws compelling publicity of campaign contributions. It is personal checks the boys must have now, no matter where the money really comes from.

Republican District Convention

The republican district convention for the Ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota will be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held at Chicago on June 18, 1912, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for president and vice president, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

The county conventions to elect delegates thereto will be held in the respective counties on Monday, May 13, A. D. 1912, at places to be designated by the several county committees.

Representation in this convention will be made upon the following basis: Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each two hundred and fifty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for state officers in the year 1910 in such county, and each county shall be allowed in addition thereto five delegates at large. The several counties in the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

Becker	13
Beltrami	11
Clearwater	8
Clay	13
Kittson	8
Marshall	12
Mahnomen	6
Norman	10
Otter Tail	18
Polk	20
Pennington	10
Red Lake	8
Roseau	9
Wilkin	9
Total	154

By order of the Ninth district republican committee.

JOHN PETTERSON, Chairman.
FRED DENNIS, Secretary.
Dated April 8, 1912.

Official Call

For the republican county convention in and for Pennington county, Minnesota, to be held at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, May 13, 1912.

Pursuant to the call of the republican state central committee duly communicated to the republican county committee of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, a republican county delegate convention is hereby called to be held on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1912, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house in Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican state convention to be held on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1912, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, at the armory in Minneapolis, Hennepin county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing six delegates at large and six alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912, and to nominate twelve republican electors for the state of Minnesota; and for the further purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican district convention for the ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota, to be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates and two (2) alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912.

The primaries for the election of delegates to said republican county convention shall be held at the usual voting place in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 11th day of May, 1912, from seven to eight o'clock p. m.

The republican voters of Pennington county, Minnesota, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

The representation to said republican county convention shall be based upon the average republican vote for the following state officers at the election of 1910: Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general. Each voting precinct being entitled to one delegate for each twenty-five or major fraction thereof, and one delegate at at large.

In accordance with above apportionment the several voting precincts in Pennington county, Minnesota, will be entitled to the following number of delegates to the said republican county convention in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

	Total delegates
Bray	2
Black River	2
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	3
Goodridge	2
Highlanding	3
Hickory	2
Kratka	3
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
Numedal	2
North	4
Polk Center	1
Reiner	2
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	4
Sanders	3
Silverton	3
Smiley	4
Star	2
Village of St. Hilaire	3
Wyandotte	2
City of Thief River Falls	
First Ward	6
Second "	7
Third "	4
Fourth "	7
Total number of delegates	79

By order of the county central committee of Pennington county, Minnesota.

DANIEL SHAW, Chairman.
H. G. HIEBER, Secretary.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County, } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County, } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Havlorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons of parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m23-a27

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, Pennington County, } ss
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlinks, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein or lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVORSON,
m23 a27 Plaintiff's Attorney.
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty six ($36.00) dollars interest, which became due October 1st 1911, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David W. Clayton and Mary E. Clayton, mortgagors, to Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1907, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 5th day of April, 1907, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages on page 191, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in said state, in book 24 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage Loan And Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 10th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m. in book 22 of mortgages on page 466, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 92.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee, thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalie Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final decree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed the said mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalie Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m., in book A of Miscellaneous on Page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 169.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest, the whole principal sum of said mortgage did on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalie Rosenberg, assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIE ROSENBERG,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. a6-m11

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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday May 5, at 10:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 157—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP — Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STERN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

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Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

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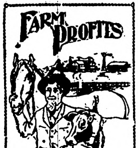

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THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Roy Wallin was in Thief River Falls Monday.

S. L. Lewis was over from Red Lake Falls Monday.

Miss Mary Bothman was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Carl Krueger was in Red Lake Falls Monday evening.

N. A. Nelson's new Ford automobile arrived yesterday.

C. A. Pitkin of Thief River Falls spent Sunday in St. Hilaire.

O. H. Olson took in the sights at Thief River Falls yesterday.

Charles Julin came over from Crookston Thursday morning.

Miss Gertrude Hooper was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Ralph Roy returned Monday to his studies at North Dakota normal school at Fargo.

County Surveyor Martz was looking after official matters at the county seat Thursday.

I. B. Fisher came over from Crookston Thursday to visit at the A. H. Pitkin home.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Wilson of River Falls on Monday, April 15, a baby girl.

Mrs. Jo Draeger returned Thursday to her home at Badger, after a visit at Hans Wilson's.

Miss Ida Hanson's millinery store will be open Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays of each week.

Ed. Peterson purchased the A. G. Ness residence in the south part of town paying therefor $200.00.

Gunner Ness has bought the farm east of town left by his father recently deceased for $25.00 per acre.

Attorney Boughton and sheriff Fellman of Red Lake Falls were in town a few minutes Thursday afternoon.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 10, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Miss Jennie Blaine returned to Crookston last Saturday. She was accompanied by Miss Myrtle who will be her guest for a few days.

Rev. A. G. Anderson of Crookston, a missionary for the Sunday school union, will hold services in the Mission church next Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

A. Satterberg struck a fine vein of water at a depth of seventy-five feet in his well at the rear of the livery barn. The water rises to within five feet of the surface.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash, northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.

Osnabrook, N. D.

A medical journal says that coffee is the cause of many divorces. Still the boarding house variety has driven many into matrimony, so the account seems to balance pretty well.—Ex.

An alarm of fire made quite an exitement for a few minutes Wednesday. A barrrel full of excelsior standing at the rear end of the Oddfellows building in some way became lighted and made a fierce looking fire.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller of Petrolia, Kansas, were in town yesterday. Mr. Miller is a prominent real estate man of Kansas and an old time Minnesota newspaper man. He has large holdings of Pennington county real estate, which he has listed with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Ella Jackson returned Monday from Hickory township where she just closed a very successful term of school. While on her way home she and another young lady and the young man who was driving had the discouraging experience of being dumped into the cold waters of the Clearwater river.

A gang of six men, three teams with tools and camping outfit, sent out by the Thief River Falls Lumber Co., passed through Erie Saturday on the way to upper Red Lake river to break the log jam. Of course they are out on the spring log drive and will employ a number of men on the river to assist, but they will find that the jam must be broken before the logs can be driven.—Eleven Towns.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire. Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.

m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

St. Hilaire Creamery

Report of business for the month of March, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs.	47,258
Total butterfat from same	11,859
Total butter made	14,464
Total money received from butter	$4,321.70
Price paid to patrons per lb. 34 cts.	
Paid patrons by check	3,877.93
" salt, oil, butter	70.10
" into sinking fund	81.46
" running expenses	292.21

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

Card of Thanks

The relatives of Mrs. J. Einnerson give their heartfelt thanks to the friends who gave so freely of aid and sympathy in the last days of their mother and sister.

Socialists in the Field

While out on a "wild goose" chase last week, we happened to get a clew which, after we followed it for some time, resulted in us getting a line on the socialist candidates for county offices, which will be, so far as we could learn, the ticket from top to bottom, towit:

Peter Becken, auditor.

Mr. Dahl of St. Hilaire, judge of probate.

Oscar Naplin, county attorney.

Lars Netteland of Rocksbury, superintendent of schools.

Hans Rolland, county commissioner.

W. O. Long, sheriff.

Treasurer is undecided.

Commissioners P. Wold and Olaf Larson will be endorsed by the socialists.

Dr. Vistannet, coroner.

Lewis Lonson is a candidate for register of deeds on the republican ticket and we are informed that he will be endorsed by the local organization.—News.

Rural School Notes

The county superintendent desires at this time to call attention to the industrial contest, mention of which was made some time ago in these columns. Whether there will be a contest or not next fall will primarily depend (1) upon whether there will be a sufficient number of boys and girls entering the same and (2) on whether or not we can secure the necessary funds for payment of prizes.

These conditions satisfied, we will have a contest in the month of November and prizes will be offered according to the announcements made in bulletin No. 3 of the extension division agricultural farm, St. Paul, Minn.

DIVISION A—GRAINS.

Corn—Ten ear exhibit of Minnesota No. 13 and 23, or any other variety.

Wheat—The best sample of wheat.

Oats—The best sample.

Barley—The same.

DIVISION B—POTATOES.

One peck of early and one peck of late varieties; also

One grand prize for the best display of garden vegetables.

DIVISION C—SEWING.

Classes will be the same as those outlined in the industrial contest bulletin No. 3 for 1912.

DIVISION D—COOKING.

Classes will be the same as those outlined in above mentioned bulletin.

DIVISION G—MANUAL TRAINING.

For rural schools only, not including associated. Best milkstool; bird house; hay trough; mail box; model gate, not to exceed two feet.

There will be special prizes in corn and potatoes, and first, second, and third prizes for the other classes or samples listed in the contest.

Bulletin No. 3 is sent out to the schools this week in a limited supply. Will the teachers kindly give a copy to each family represented in their respective schools. We anticipate much help in this movement from our teachers, and the success or failure of the contest will depend in no small degree on their cooperation. This subject should call forth much enthusiasm in our schools. The clerks for schools closed will kindly spread the bulletins to children in their respective schools.

Will the teachers kindly report the work done as to this contest and the list of scholars entering the contest for their respective schools. Any scholar not in a school in session may report to me individually his or her name and the work each contemplates doing.

Any one in need of a bulletin write to this office or better still write to the University Extension Division, University Farm, St. Paul, and get your name listed for the monthly farmers' bulletin, sent free for the asking.

Gov. Eberhart has by proclamation designated Tuesday, April 26, as Arbor and Bird day in our schools. I hope the Arbor day manual will come to hand in time so as to be distributed to the schools. I would respectaully ask the school boards, with the assistance of the respective teachers, to do all things possible to beautify the school grounds. Let us have neat and model school grounds; make them the civic civic centers in which all take pride, the places for the social meals and celebrations for the summer. The department of public instruction, C. G. Schultz, superintendent, will send each school officer, for the asking, a neat pamphlet on the beautification of the school grounds, plans, etc. Send for

I am pleased to make the announcement of our training school. We have a most excellent faculty, and the school is an assured success. Let our teachers plan to attend and reap the full benefit thereof by attending from the first commencement. The summer school will be organized at ten o'clock Monday, June 24, in the Lincoln high school building, Thief River Falls, and will be in session six days in the week for five weeks. The program will be so arranged that all recitation work will be done in the forenoon, beginning at 7:30 and closing at 1:30 p. m.

E. A. MOSTUE.

Spring Dress Goods

Just received a fine line of Dress Goods. Also a full line of all kinds of Ribbons

Don't forget Collegian Clothing

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GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
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Tubular Well Contractor
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Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 31, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "
GOING SOUTH		
No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

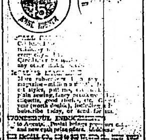
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

Clean Up Notice

Notice hereby given to all property owners in St. Hilaire, to remove all garbage and refuse from their property at the earliest possible date. By order of board of health.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer



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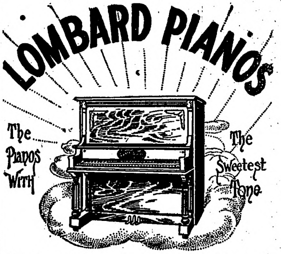
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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴

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BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

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See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

SOUNDS MORE LIKE FICTION, THIS REAL LIFE STORY

PLOT MARRED BY CUPID

How Highly Placed Business Man Was Caught in a Marriage Trap—Horace Field Parshall, the "Shrewdest American in London," Was Victimized and Unwittingly Wed Another Man's Wife.

LONDON.—A romance inspired on one side—the woman's—by a trickster's criminal cunning, in which sentimental mockery at the start takes the place of love and by degrees becomes a worthy emotion; in which an unlawful marriage, planned with calculating sordidness, once entered into becomes a real affairs of the heart; in which a wife acting the leading role in her husband's dastardly plot becomes a bigamist and then, the true woman within her asserting itself, becomes crushed by the irreconcilable falsity of her position and confesses. A real situation? Yes.

In this strange way are the incidents worked out in the trapping at the altar of Horace Field Parshall, chairman of the Central London railway and known as the shrewdest American in London, relates the New York World. Sent forth under threats of death to do the criminal bidding of a man to whom she had linked herself in girlhood, the impulse of love for him who becomes her victim at the end makes the woman's part in the plot little short of a soul tragedy.

As for the man—for Parshall—it is the story of an honorable dupe who, when the truth is made known to him, is compassionate instead of relentless, and pleads for mercy while others call for punishment.

Parshall High in Business World.

With an income of considerably more than a hundred thousand dollars a year, and dukes and lords and other British money men as his business associates, Horace Field Parshall is well known in London. He is forty-six years old and a widower with two children, a boy and a girl. His wife was a Miss Rutty. He came from Milford, N. Y., and entered railroading in London during the days of Charles T. Yerkes, being an engineer who commands money by his genius.

The woman—the real victim if one measures consequences—is Mrs. Deborah Jeffreys, wife of one Herbert Harrington Jeffreys, whose name suggests respectability but whose record does not. She is thirty-three years old, comely, of gentle manners, and her life well ordered except in so far as it has been warped by her husband.

The first setting of this strange story is at an English summer resort; the last, with final curtain, in a London police court.

In January a year ago Mr. Parshall was introduced to a young woman known then by the name of Miss Bertha Johnson. She seemed a person of refinement. She was well gowned and of charming manner. Mr. Parshall met her not infrequently thereafter, and one day asked her to marry him.

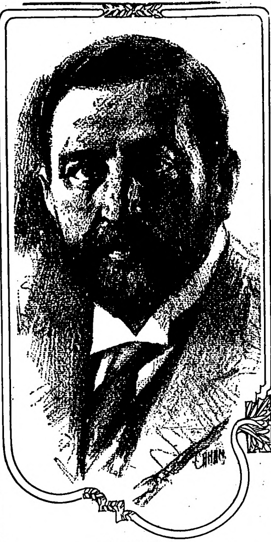
Seemingly Happy Marriage.

On August 5 they were married. Parshall, unsuspecting and happy, formed a little party at The Piers, and with his bride at his side, motored to the sleepy little hamlet of Elham, lying midway between Folkestone and the famous cathedral town of Canterbury, where, at the registry office, the ceremony was performed. Mrs. Martha Judd of Folkestone was one of those present at the marriage.

Many a plan of the mind has before now been upset by the heart of a woman. It was so in this case. The false wife found herself the center of conflicting emotions. At the instigation of a man who would willingly sacrifice her for his own financial benefit she had married a man whose tenderness and kindness had made her truly happy. But the relation was impossible.

At the Parshall country place in the suburbs of London she met the children. They, too, became fond of her, loved her, and so with each passing day the struggle went on within her until, unable longer to bear the strain of her own duplicity, she planned to escape it by the one means which women who halt at suicide adopt—she confessed.

Mr. Parshall's business had taken him away from home. Conscience-stricken, she wrote to him, telling of the wrong she had done him and, while admitting his own weakness and the part she had played, placed the larger blame on the man who had forced her into it.



Horace Parshall

Blight on Parshall's Life.

The only course open to Parshall, having an honorable position to maintain, was to seek a prompt annulment of the marriage. This the high court granted on the statement of the facts.

It left Parshall free, but with a cynical view of life. It left the woman a heart-torn wreck. By her own admission she could not sleep and was so convinced of the necessity of accepting punishment for her wrongdoing that she made her way to Bow street police station and told her story in detail, knowing full well what it meant to her.

First she told of her marriage to Herbert Harrington Jeffreys, a coster type, ranging always on the fringe of the underworld, with a constitutional objection to work and a fixed desire for tawdry finery. Then she told of her meeting with Parshall, the great railroad man, "the shrewdest American in all London" in matters of business, but otherwise like mankind in general.

The calculating Jeffreys, knowing well the position occupied by Parshall in the London transit world and of his very considerable income thereupon, according to the wife's frankly told confession, urged her at first and afterward by threat made her pose as a widow in the hope and belief that by this means she might secure money from Parshall.

Husband Threatens to Kill.

But Parshall, with honorable intent, fell in love with her, thus making the situation complicated. This unlooked for turn in affairs did not make Jeffreys halt. As the story was told to Divisional Detective Inspector Gough, the husband, reaching out for a fixed and permanent income as a result of his wife's debauchery, sent her forth to lure Parshall into marriage, holding over her a threat that if she failed in the undertaking he would kill her.

Parshall had proposed. She accepted him. The marriage followed.

Venerable Sir Albert De Rutzen, chief magistrate of the metropolitan police court for more than ten years, heard the case when it passed for court jurisdiction. Sir Albert is keen and kindly but not an emotionalist. It is fifty-odd years since he was graduated from Cambridge. He knows the world. He knows its people, he heard as much of the story here told as falls within the questioning and answers of a self-accused woman. He stroked his wig now and then and more than once peered over his spectacles at the woman in the dock.

No Plea for Mercy.

"And what have you to say for yourself?" he asked, with kindness in his tone.

With no tearful byplay, but looking the dignified chief magistrate straight in the eye, in all seriousness she answered:

"I am deeply, deeply sorry for what I have done, and I would not have done it if my husband had not made me."

London magistrates do not overlook wrongdoing, but now and then a man like Sir Albert De Rutzen interprets the law with the end in view of real justice. He permitted the woman to depart upon payment of $25, to appear for trial before the central criminal court at a later date.

The concluding scene in this case was in historic Old Bailey, where sits the London court of sessions. A bond of $25 does not hold a person desiring to avoid trial here any more than it would in the United States. Still Mrs. Jeffreys appeared.

The confession which she had voluntarily made to the police authorities was read to her and she said it was correct, adding only one thing, that Jeffreys had at his direction been introduced by her to Parshall as her brother-in-law. Jeffreys' plan was to get Parshall's money—only that.

Still loving Mrs. Jeffreys perhaps, certainly pitying her, Mr. Parshall, through his counsel, pleaded that she be treated with mercy, even as the record of her duplicity was being writ into a court document.

Her Punishment Nominal.

The recorder expressed the court's admiration of Mr. Parshall's magnanimity and accepted the spirit as well as the letter of the woman's frank confession that she had been forced by her real husband, from whom she was separated, to marry the rich American.

But punishment was necessary to complete the record. This was imposed—one day's imprisonment, a sentence which was purely nominal. The effect was that she walked forth free.

Hand clapping and other manifestations of approval are rigidly forbidden within the walls of a London court room, but once outside, this woman who had been made to suffer through the sordidness of another, who had borne the brunt of the wrongdoing, and, moved by an impulse which women alone know, had confessed, there being no other way by which she could bare her heart, was followed by pitying glances as with bowed head she was lost in the throng.

MAY HAVE MEANT MICROBES

Ingenious Explanation of Passage in the Talmud That Has Baffled Scholars.

How many angels can dance upon the point of a needle? This was a serious matter of debate among the learned philosophers of the middle ages. It seems a puerile object to discuss, and the modern man will ask what did it matter.

It is possible, however, that those old school men knew more than we today give them credit for. Microbes are supposed to be a discovery of the late nineteenth century, but it may be that their existence and their baneful effects were known many hundreds of years ago.

"I was calling upon a rabbi friend of mine recently," said the Rev. Jacob Goldstein, Jewish chaplain of the Tombs prison, New York, the other day, "and while waiting for him I picked up a copy of the Talmud and turned the leaves over. A passage marked with a pencil caught my eye, and I read a sentence that may be paraphrased about as follows:

"'The whole world is full of mazzikin.' The Hebrew word 'mazzikin' is translated in the English Bible 'devils.' But 'devil' is a word unknown to the ancient Jews. The real meaning of the word is 'evil thing,' or 'evil working things' or 'baneful things.' The passage continued: 'There are so many mazzikin in the air about us that a man would go mad if he could see them. They are so infinite in number that a myriad of them could stand upon one square inch of the hem of a man's garment.'

"The thought flashed through my mind that if a myriad of mazzikin could perch upon a square inch of cloth, a myriad of angels might dance upon the point of a needle. For the Hebrew word that is translated 'angels' really means 'beneficent things,' beings that work good to man.

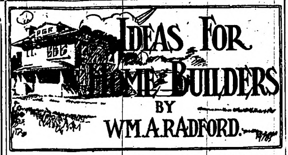
"These words were written more than 2,000 years ago. Might not 'mazzikin' be properly translated 'microbes' or 'bacteria,' that is, disease-bearing microbes, and the Hebrew word that is translated 'angels' might be translated 'beneficent microbes,' for there are good as well as bad.

"Other passages in the ancient Hebrew law occurred to me as bearing on this point. For example, we are forbidden to drink still water, because this is a 'favorite gathering place for mazzakin.' And we are enjoined to wash our hands in the morning three times in running water, because 'the mazzikin' are prone to gather upon the tips of our fingers and especially under the nails, and if a man touches his eyes, his nose or his mouth, he may introduce mazzikin into his body.'

"Do not passages such as these suggest forcibly that those rabbis of two or three thousand years ago knew something about the microbes of disease?"

Impressive "I."

"A public man should endeavor to impress his meaning in as simple and direct a fashion as possible. He should make a practice of using words of one syllable." "I go further than that," replied the energetic statesman. "I depend almost entirely on the brief and beautiful word of one letter."



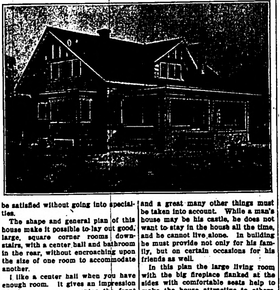
IDEAS FOR HOME BUILDERS

BY WM. A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 178 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Wide houses are becoming very popular, but you must have considerable lot room sideways. The deep, narrow lots so often found in eastern cities are not well calculated to furnish a proper setting for a house the width of this one. The house is not such a great big affair, either, for, while the width is 47½ feet, the depth is only 29 feet. But you get the size at the sides, where you must need it. This plan is well suited to a suburban lot where you are supposed to have plenty of elbow room, where you can mow the grass on your lawn without walking over on your neighbor's lot to turn around.

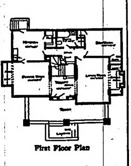
It is not an expensive house to build, because the main frame work is rectangular in form with square corners. There are projections enough to relieve the monotony of the straight-sided house, but they are also square cornered and easily constructed. And the roof is all plain, straight work that any carpenter can work on to advantage. These are all points that save in expense when building. You know that the main cost of a house is the labor, and I am going to give you another pointer. You can build a house that is just as good, with a great deal less money, if you select a design with trimmings that may be furnished from stock carried regularly by lumber men, because you are saving hand labor. Stock patterns of moldings, doors, and what are termed cabinet parts of houses, that are carried in regular stock, are just as neat and attractive as special designs worked out to fit some particular style. There are so many stock patterns and sizes to choose from that almost any one can be satisfied without going into specialties.



The shape and general plan of this house make it possible to lay out good, large, square corner rooms downstairs, with a center hall and bathroom in the rear, without encroaching upon the size of one room to accommodate another.

I like a center hall when you have enough room. It gives an impression of elegance as you enter the front door. First impressions are often lasting. True hospitality commences as you enter the house. If you receive the right kind of greeting you feel at home at once. It assists a hostess immensely to have an entrance to her home that impresses guests favorably at first glance.

Besides the general appearance, this hallway is a great convenience. It connects the front and back halls in an easy manner and offers a convenient way of going upstairs or down cellar. In fact, the two halls and stairway deserve special consideration. It would be difficult to design anything more appropriate for a house of this size and shape.

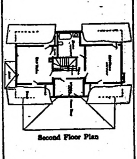


First Floor Plan

There is one bedroom and bathroom on the first floor. This makes a very convenient arrangement where there are only two in the family and guest rooms are wanted for occasional visitors. Advantage is taken of the big roof to build two splendid bedrooms on the second floor with fine large windows in the gable ends. Besides these we have a second bathroom, which is a great convenience when there are more than two or three persons in the house.

The plan works well in another way. If a maid is kept you have conveniences downstairs that will appeal to a first-class girl. Times are such that you cannot keep good help unless you provide them with comfortable sleeping quarters and proper bathing facilities.

There is a little room 7 feet by 11 feet 6 inches over the front hall, that may be used as a bedroom for children, for storage or for a sewing room. Most women will probably prefer to make this little room into a work room. The window looks out onto the street, where there is something going on, and where a woman can see callers as they approach. Every woman likes to have a little warning a few minutes before answering the door bell if possible. You know life is made up of a great many little things, and this is one of them. If we can get all the little details arranged to our liking, the big things will take care of themselves.



Second Floor Plan

In studying a house plan, the size of the family, distance from town, railroad, or other transportation facilities, the size of the lot, the neighborhood, and a great many other things must be taken into account. While a man's house may be his castle, he does not want to stay in the house all the time, and he cannot live alone. In building he must provide not only for his family, but on certain occasions for his friends as well.

In this plan the large living room with the big fireplace flanked at the sides with comfortable seats help to make the house attractive to others, as well as ourselves. Such rooms usually are furnished with large, heavy furniture that is comfortable as well as attractive to look at. The fireplace itself is a splendid ornament and of course it is always embellished with interesting bric-a-brac and there is always a fire when the temperature requires one. Any woman can be popular in the neighborhood if she has a room like this and understands how to entertain in proportion to her advantages.

While the front of the house is given special consideration, the kitchen is by no means neglected. It has a corner of the house all by itself with a good pantry and plenty of windows and convenience to save steps. It is not necessary nor desirable to have a large kitchen. We have discarded the igb wood cooking stove with its wood box; we have quit using the old-fashioned heavy cast iron pots and kettles, and we are slowly learning that the large half acre kitchen is no longer needed. We are saving the extra cleaning and the many miles of extra steps that large kitchens entail.

The cost of this house complete is estimated at $4,000.

Giant Oysters.

The petrified oyster weighing three pounds dredged at Faversham, shows that at one time some of our natives must have rivaled American oysters in size. In the seventeenth century gigantic British oysters were occasionally seen. In Moufet's "Health's Improvement," published 1655, we read: "Alexander, with his friends and physicians, wondered to find oysters in the Indian seas a foot long; and in Pliny's time they marveled at an oyster which might be divided into three. But I dare, and do truly, affirm that at my eldest brother's wedding at Aldham hall, Essex, I did see a Peldon oyster divided into eight good morsels, whose shell was nothing less than that of Alexander's."—London Chronicle.

Tax on Bachelors Over Twenty-Four.

At the last sitting of the town council of Nagyperkata, Hungary, it was decided almost unanimously to introduce a special tax on bachelors over twenty-four. The amount is to vary between 20 pence and £4 according to the pecuniary circumstances of each unmarried man. The proceeds will be entirely devoted to the foundation and maintenance of an asylum for poor homeless children.

125,000 AMERICANS GO TO CANADA IN 1911.

THE YEAR 1912 WILL SHOW A GREAT INCREASE.

In a report of the House Committee (Washington) appears the following: "Canada offers a three-year homestead upon good land, easily reclaimed and cultivated, with six months' leave of absence each year and most lenient regulations."

All of which is true and it is now the part of the careful reader to consider the opportunities that exist in Western Canada which, in addition to the above, are attractive features. The evidence of these is found in the letters contributed by some of the settlers. For instance: A former Minnesotan, writing from Warner, Southern Alberta, speaks of that district, but what he says, applies generally to all of Southern Alberta. He says:

"I have seen six crops, four of them were first class, one of them a very good crop, and the other a poor crop. Government statistics for the last fifteen years show that this country has averaged about fifteen or sixteen inches of moisture. In 1910 there was only seven inches, and in 1911 twenty-two inches. The 1909 crop was about as good as I have seen in this country and we had about twelve inches of moisture, so that I am thoroughly convinced that with normal conditions, that is, from twelve to fifteen inches of moisture, and with the natural increase of population and immigration, that Southern Alberta will be one of the very best mixed farming districts in the world. We have good soil, good water, and a good climate, and altogether just as desirable a country to live in as Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, or Wisconsin."

Hundreds of letters are on file from former American settlers, which give good reasons why the Western Canada lands are being settled so rapidly. Full particulars can be had of any Canadian Government Agent, who will furnish literature and give low rate certificates. Excursions are being run daily.

Supreme Faith.

"I gave my wife a check for $1,000 yesterday."

"What was the cause of your liberality?"

"I knew she'd never have the nerve to try to cash it."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

I O U are vowels that have caused many a man's downfall.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief

If a girl really wants a man's love she returns it.

Since it is worth while to be well, take Garfield Tea, Nature's Medicine.

The deserving poor do not always deserve to be.

Write For This Free Book—Shows 20 Beautiful Modern Rooms—

tells how you can get the very latest effects on *your* walls.

Contains a sample of the *Color Plans* our artists will furnish you, FREE, for any rooms you wish to decorate.

Alabastine
The Beautiful Wall Tint

comes in 16 exquisite tints. More artistic than wall paper or paint at a fraction of the cost. Kalsomine colors are harsh and common beside the soft-hued water color tints of Alabastine. Absolutely sanitary—easiest and quickest to use, goes furthest and will not chip, peel, or rub off.

Doesn't need an expert to put on. Easy directions in every package. Full 5 lb. Pkg., white, 50c; regular tints, 55c.

Alabastine Company
14 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York City, Desk 4, 105 Water Street

DON'T FAIL to WRITE FOR THE *FREE BOOK*

The Easiest Answer.

Teacher—Thirty eggs at 55 cents a dozen is what?

Pupil—It's—it's outrageous, sir.—Boston Evening Transcript.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, aching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a Delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Unless a man is chicken hearted he's seldom henpecked.

Garfield Tea, by purifying the blood, eradicates Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and many chronic ailments.

Ambition is a good thing, but don't fly higher than you can roost.

The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Women

From Forty-Five to Fifty Are Much Benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The "change of life" is a most critical period in a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

When her system is in a deranged condition, she may be predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of some organ. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared to meet the needs of women's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried many women safely through this crisis.

Mrs. Estella Gillispie

ONE CASE OUT OF MANY TO PROVE OUR CLAIMS.

St. Anne, Ill.—"I was passing through the change of life and I was a perfect wreck from female troubles. I had a displacement and bearing down pains, weak fainting spells, dizziness, then numb and cold feelings. Sometimes my feet and limbs were swollen. I was irregular and had so much backache and headache, was nervous, irritable and was despondent. Sometimes my appetite was good but more often it was not. My kidneys troubled me at times and I could walk only a short distance.

"I saw your advertisement in a paper and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I was helped from the first. At the end of two months the swelling had gone down, I was relieved of pain, and could walk with ease. I continued with the medicine and now I do almost all my housework. I know your medicine has saved me from the grave and I am willing for you to publish anything I write to you, for the good of others."—Mrs. Estella Gillispie, R.F.D. No. 4, Box 34, St. Anne, Illinois.

Pomade Vaseline

A choice dressing and preservative for the hair. Highly refined; delicately perfumed.

Checks dandruff and keeps scalp in healthy condition.

Pomade Vaseline is put up in attractive bottles and in collapsible tubes. Insist on Pomade VASELINE.

If your dealer does not carry it, write us.

We will also be glad to send you free illustrated booklet, describing other choice "Vaseline" preparations for toilet and family use. Address Dept. 2.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
17 State Street [illegible] (Consolidated) [illegible] New York

WHAT WILL CURE MY BACK?

Common sense will do more to cure backache than anything else. 'Twill tell you whether the kidneys are sore, swollen and aching. It will tell you in that case that there is no use trying to cure it with a plaster. If the passages are scant or too frequent, proof that there is kidney trouble is complete. Then common sense will tell you to use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended special kidney remedy.

A TYPICAL CASE—

James C. Hardin, Weatherford, Tex., says: "My feet and limbs became numb and I had terrible pains through my back. Kidney secretions caused untold annoyance and I began to think there was no hope for me. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and I have not had the slightest trouble since."

"Every Picture Tells a Story."

AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

H. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Nothing jolts an egotist like the refusal of people to pay any attention to him.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Cooking as an Art.

Frost—What kind of a cook is Dawber's wife?

Snow—Impressionistic.

Fooling the Lord.

"Mother," teased a little boy of five, "does God know everything that I'm going to do before I do it?"

"Yes, dear, everything," she said.

"Well, does he know that I'm going upstairs in a minute and put on my pajamas and say my prayers and get into bed?"

"Yes, dear, he knows everything."

"Well, tonight he's going to get fooled, for I'm not going to say my prayers."—St. Louis Republic.

Flattery.

Edward D. Easton, one of the biggest manufacturers of talking machines in the world, has an idea that everybody is as much interested in grand opera as he is. He gives weekly concerts at his home and makes all his servants, who represent various nationalities, listen to them. Once a Swedish housemaid gave signs of intense satisfaction at the hearing a particularly loud and shrill record by the great soprano, Lina Cavalieri.

"So, you like that?" asked Mr. Easton, all puffed up because his grand opera had made such a hit.

"Ay t'ink it bane grand," replied Alma. "It sound to me just lak de way de Iteesh cook she cry las, when hossban' die."—Popular Magazine.

COFFEE HURTS
One in Three.

It is difficult to make people believe that coffee is a poison to at least one person out of every three, but people are slowly finding it out, although thousands of them suffer terribly before they discover the fact.

A New York hotel man says: "Each time after drinking coffee I became restless, nervous and excited, so that I was unable to sit five minutes in one place, was also inclined to vomit and suffer from loss of sleep, which got worse and worse.

"A lady said that perhaps coffee was the cause of my trouble, and suggested that I try Postum. I laughed at the thought that coffee hurt me, but she insisted so hard that I finally had some Postum made. I have been using it in place of coffee ever since, for I noticed that all my former nervousness and irritation disappeared. I began to sleep perfectly, and the Postum tasted as good or better than the old coffee, so what was the use of sticking to a beverage that was injuring me?

"One day on an excursion up the country I remarked to a young lady friend on her greatly improved appearance. She explained that some time before she had quit using coffee and taken to Postum. She had gained a number of pounds and her former palpitation of the heart, humming in the ears, trembling of the hands and legs and other disagreeable feelings had disappeared. She recommended me to quit coffee and take Postum and was very much surprised to find that I had already made the change.

"She said her brother had also received great benefits from leaving off coffee and taking on Postum." "There's a reason."

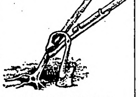
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Horticulture

GRUBBING TOOL FOUND HANDY

Implement Made From Metal Taken From Claw of an Old Double Shovel Cultivator.

Herewith is a sketch of a handy grub puller that I made, says a writer in the Farm and Home. It will pull up bushes about 1¼ inches in diameter. The implement was made from a piece of metal that was taken from the claw of an old double shovel cultivator. The blacksmith bent this a little more and attached a foot to it, where it was to rest upon the ground. The foot was made of a piece of 2x4. At the curved end the iron was bent and shaped so as to grip the tree or bush. Another piece of iron with the same sort of groove in it was hinged to the curved piece as shown, and a wooden handle made for this. I have used this tool every spring for three years and have never seen a better one.



A Handy Grubbing Tool.

FOR THE LOVER OF FLOWERS

Sweet Peas, to Secure Best Results, Should Be Planted Early in Trenches Six Inches Deep.

(By JOSEPHINE DE MAR.)

Plant the sweet peas early in trenches fully six inches deep, covering but lightly at first, drawing the soil around the plants as they reach up.

This will give better roots by which to withstand the dry heat bye and bye. Plant as soon as possible.

Root room in fair soil is all the beautiful white day lily asks. It is perfectly hardy, likes moist situations, but will do with little water. A plant for the busy housewife.

Chrysanthemums may be raised from seeds, or from cuttings and sprouts from old roots. If the seeds are sown early in boxes and transplanted the plants will bloom the first year. There may be many poor ones from seed.

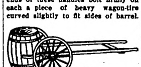
Do not forget the hardy everblooming roses when ordering. Include some hardy flowering vines for screens for the porches, back fences, and summer arbors. Prairie roses, evergreen honeysuckles, woodbines, clematis in variety, wisterias, bittersweet, trumpet vine, and the harmless wood ivies are all fine.

BARREL CART QUITE USEFUL

One Shown in the Illustration May Be Arranged to Fit Receptacles of Different Sizes.

(By J. G. ALLSHOUSE, in the Farm and Fireside.)

Commonly arranged, a hand-cart for transporting a single barrel requires barrel to be ironed or otherwise fitted up, and the cart cannot be used with any other barrel. The cart illustrated may be used with any barrel. Procure a stout piece of 3x3 inch wood, a little longer than greatest diameter of an ordinary barrel; round down the ends and put on iron ferrules to fit in wheels of an old hand-cart as an axle. Or, instead of rounding ends, leave square, and attach the old iron axle of a cart by staples or clips. Procure two long pieces of wood as light as consistent with strength and rigidity, taper them down at one end to be convenient for hands, and at large ends of these handles bolt firmly on each a piece of heavy wagon-tire curved slightly to fit sides of barrel.



Handy Barrel Cart.

About one foot from handle ends bolt a 2x1 inch crosspiece on under side to serve as a brace; bolt solid at one end, and at other end make several holes an inch or so apart, so that the bolt can be put in whichever hole will hold handles the right distance apart to conform to size of barrel.

The Elberta Peach.

There is no mistake about Elberta being a good seller. It is a good, firm peach, coarse and sour, and cans very nicely. But when it comes to quality, try some of the Stump the World, or Oldmixon Free or Fox Seedling, and you will see that the Elberta does not compare with them. It is a good selling peach, and I am planting it heavily, and also of the Ben Davis apple, because it sells well, says a writer in an exchange. It has good, firm flesh, but is coarse.

Best Insecticide.

Arsenate of lead is the best insecticide for those insects which eat the foliage and fruit. It is useless for controlling such insects as those which suck the juices of the plants. It may be added to Bordeaux or lime-sulphur, using it at the rate of 1 to 5 pounds per 50 gallons. It comes in paste form and should not be allowed to dry out. Mix it to a consistency of a thin paint, so as to avoid lumps, before putting in the spray tank.

GOOD THINGS TO REMEMBER.

When Planting Trees Select Best Suited for Purpose Wanted—Frequent Pruning Needed.

(By R. G. WEATHERSTONE.)

Too large a tree should be avoided

Select the tree best suited for your purpose, be that shade, ornamental, fruit, production of lumber, wind break or fence post.

Bear in mind that the tree you plant, if of proper species, may be a shelter and pride of future generations, or if wrongly selected it may last but a decade.

The one advantage, that of rapid growth, should not decide what tree to plant. Innumerable insects, fungoid diseases and the necessity for frequent pruning, besides a brief period of existence, may characterize the tree of your choice, and it should be discarded.

Where there is slight opportunity for frequent watering, tree species demanding large quantities of water should be discarded. They will be disappointing.

Elms, cottonwood and swamp maples are among the class requiring much water.

The oak, ash, sugar maple, Norway maple, walnut, catalpa, etc., succeed with a moderate quantity of moisture.

Good roots in ample quantity are of vital importance to the tree's successful growth. In digging spare not the labor, but secure all the roots possible without mutilation.

The top of a tree should not be mutilated. Cutting off the leading shoots is extremely bad practice, only to be tolerated with cottonwood and soft (swamp) maples.

Keep the roots fresh and moist by wrapping in wet burlap while conveying them to planting grounds.

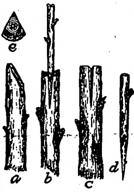
Evergreens, especially, should be kept moist. When the resinous sap hardens from a few moments' exposure to the sun and wind the tree is dead.

TOP-WORKING THE SEEDLINGS

Worthless Fruit Trees May Be Changed to Those of Value by Operation —System Illustrated.

(By J. W. GRIFFIN.)

Trees bearing worthless fruit may be changed to those of value by top-working to such varieties that are preferred. Secure scions before growth starts, from thrifty trees of the variety wanted and keep them moist in a cool place until ready to set. The first year remove but a part of the top, say one-third or a half, and set the scions evenly over this 25 or 30 in the half of a tree seven or eight years old. The following year repeat the performance with the remaining half of the tree.



How to Graft a Tree.

The system illustrated has given good results. a is the stock; b, stock with scion set; c, stock ready for scion; d, scion ready to set, and e, shape of scion at the wedge end. The stubs should be four to six inches long. Do not set scion out near the end of the limbs but always near the body of the tree.

The cut is made in the stock with a sharp saw, then shaped with a knife. The scion should be driven lightly in place and then waxed. Grafting wax may be secured from dealers in garden seed or may be prepared at home of one pound tallow, two pounds beeswax and four pounds rosin. Melt all together, pour in a kettle of cold water and work with greased hands until stiff and easy to handle.

Catalpa Cuttings.

If no fall made catalpa cuttings are available, make them in April or May when the buds begin to swell and set them in rows for cultivation.

Replace Peach Trees.

There isn't much profit in keeping peach trees that are old. It will pay to replace them with young trees as soon as they show signs of decay.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

Potash makes firm tuber, bulb and fiber.

Prune the rose bushes. You want blossoms, not wood or leaves.

Prune off all dead or weak branches. Thin out the tops to let the sun in.

Keep the orchard land in good tilth. The trees can be set as soon as the leaves fall.

Frequent applications of manure water during the summer will keep the plants blooming.

In planting young trees they should be set about an inch deeper than they were in the nursery.

Tobacco stems strewn on the ground at the base of rose plants will help to keep away insects.

Nasturtiums and morning glories should be planted wherever there is anything to train them on.

Just as soon as frost is out and the ground dry enough it will be time to set out the strawberry plants.

The ground for strawberries must be dug over very deeply and as early in the spring as it can be worked.

Remember that the wood ashes that come from the cook stove, fireplace, or furnace are the best kind of fertilizers for the orchard, lawn or garden.

TRIBE IS ISOLATED

India Forbids Entrance of White Men to Abor Country.

Natives Occupy Slopes of Himalayan Range and Have Strange Mode of Living—Villages Are Well Fortified.

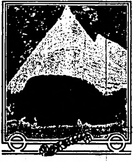
London.—The various sects comprising the Abor tribe may be said to occupy the slopes of the Himalayan range in the vicinity of the Dibong and Dihang rivers, tributaries of the great Brahmaputra as it debouches from the watershed which divides our territory in Assam from the regions of Tibet, says the Westminster Gazette. Although Abors may at times be seen in the bazars of Sadiya our advanced frontier post, no white man has as yet penetrated into the Abor country, the policy of the government of India being the rigid exclusion of one and all from this "no man's land" except the lawful owners. There are kindred tribes, viz., the Mishmi Abors to the east and the Daphla Abors to the west, which are more or less of a peaceful character; but the Bor Abors are of a very different nature.

The Daphla Abors are of somewhat small stature, but are very lithe and active, with very symmetrically shaped limbs. They are very scantily clad.

The Abor villages are built entirely of bamboo, and this most useful plant is also brought into use as a means of protection. Pieces of solid (male) bamboo are hardened to almost the density of steel by being placed in hot ashes; they are then sharpened at one end and stuck into the ground at an angle so as to wound the foot of an enemy daring to approach. These are called panjees, and are placed by thousands all round the village and are generally concealed under leaves. These panjees are so strong and sharp that they will easily penetrate a soft boot or gaiter.

The narrow defiles or gorges leading to the villages are also guarded by huge bowlders of stone, which are so placed that they can be dropped on the enemy at any moment as he advances.

The Abors are chiefly armed with bows and poisoned arrows (but nowadays it is said that many even have rifles or guns). Each man is also armed with a dhao, or long sharp knife, and carries on his back a flat basket for provisions.



An Abor Hut.

Owing to the dense nature of the forest the climate is very damp and unhealthy, especially during the rainy season, when the streams and mountain torrents are very swollen and quite impassable. For this reason no expedition could be sent earlier than the cold season to punish the Abors for their cruel and treacherous massacre of Noel Williamson and Dr. Gregorson, with their party of 35 natives, which took place in the summer. A force of some 2,500 men under the command of Major General Bower, commanding the Assam brigade, is, however, to advance into the country about the middle of October, and it is said that the Abors are preparing to make stout resistance and have entered into coalition with the upper hill Abors for this purpose.

ROYAL COUPLE OF RUSSIA

American Woman Writes of Czar and Czarina—Witnessed the Crowning.

St. Petersburg, Russia.—The widow of an American diplomat, who has published her memoirs of foreign courts in "Intimacies of Court and Society," describes the royal pair of Russia as they looked at their coronation.

"The czarina was easily the most beautiful woman to be seen, and many spoke of her as the artist's ideal of the queenly queen. But her loveliness had nothing of the vanity which seeks a public homage; it had rather the appealing gentleness which made her mother, under the happy freedom of English skies, the most beloved princess of her day, and to me she was more the type of the sheltered woman to be mated to a Brutus of lofty soul. . . . Her face upon her coronation day was charged with profound emotion—it has haunted me ever since. It was like the face of a martyr walking with measured steps to her funeral pyre.

"And the man who was the center of the gorgeous pictures, whose autocratic aloofness and sanctity of person were proclaimed by every possible accessory of pomp and sacred ceremonial, produced in himself no illusion of royalty such as may impress and thrill even the most democratic when face to face with a king who is really kingly. His narrow forehead and receding chin, visible even, behind the beard, spoke little of intelligence and nothing of power, while the insignificance of his small form was emphasized beside the tall men of his family, splendid looking fellows, all over six feet."

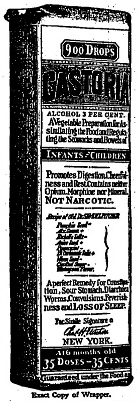
City Is Old Name.

Kansas City.—The city of Kansas City, Kan., was once the town of Wyandotte. The natives had a clever way of saving time by writing "Y&."

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food a

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. Albert W. Kahl, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have used Castoria in my practice for the past 26 years. I regard it as an excellent medicine for children."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Markswomanship.

"I am afraid those militant suffragettes are going to give us serious trouble," said one London policeman. "They mean business."

"Why do you think so?" inquired the other.

"A lot of them have quit giving parades and making speeches and are practicing with quoits and baseballs."

Wins Again.

The International Pure Food Show held in Paris March 1912, has just awarded Calumet Baking Powder the highest honors, giving them the Grand Prize and Gold Medal.

This, in addition to the Highest Award that Calumet won at the World's Pure Food Exposition in Chicago, gives Calumet the highest honors issued by two of the largest Pure Food Shows ever held and proves conclusively the superior wholesomeness, purity and uniformity of Calumet Baking Powder.

How Aggravating.

Brown—I saw a man drop twenty stories the other day, and it was a caution the way he swore.

Greene—Swore after dropping twenty stories?

Brown—Yes. They were in a magazine he had just bought, and he dropped it in the mud.—Judge.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Chance for Him.

Gerald—People can get used to anything.

Geraldine—Then why not cheer up?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

He who lends money without security borrows trouble.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

All things are for the best—and every one imagines he's the best.

Garfield Tea insures a normal action of the liver.

Many a married man has a chaperon in his wife.

TIME AND MONEY
SAVE THEM

GAL-VA-NITE

Why waste valuable time and money on unreliable roofings and building papers when your local dealer sells GAL-VA-NITE PRODUCTS whose quality is guaranteed by reputable manufacturers, the oldest and largest in the line.

Gal-va-nite Roofing

"Triple Asphalt Coated—Mica Plated." Needs no paint—No after-attention. First Cost—Last Cost. Ready to lay—Ready to wear. No skilled labor required. Suitable for any kind of building. Put up in rolls of 108 sq. ft. with galvanized nails, cement and directions.

Gal-va-nite Flooring

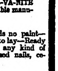
A perfect imitation of oak used over old soft wood floors, giving the appearance of the finest quartered oak. Takes the place of unsanitary Carpets—lightens housework. Used around edge of large rugs and for interior finish. Durable, sanitary and inexpensive. Put up in rolls 38 inches wide—sold by the yard.

Gal-va-nite Plaster Board

An economical substitute for lath and plaster. It is weather-proof, moisture-proof, odorless and sanitary. Can be applied by any one. May be painted, calcimined or papered over. Put up in rolls 36 and 48 inches wide.

Gal-va-nite Black Enamel Sheathing

Superior to tarred felts, red rosins, etc., for general sheathing purposes. Especially adapted for damp-proofing floors in concrete buildings and concrete foundation walls, storm-proofing screen doors and insulating refrigerators. Water-proof, damp-proof, odorless and sanitary. Put up in rolls of 500 sq. ft.



Ask your dealer for Gal-va-nite Products or send for Samples and Booklets

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W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$2.25 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 & $5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

WEAR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

You can save money because they are more economical and satisfactory in style, fit and wear than any other makes. W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take No Substitute.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. Fast Color Eyelets used.

A BLOOD MEDICINE WITHOUT ALCOHOL.

Recently it has been definitly proven by experiments on animals that alcohol lowers the germicidal power of the body and that alcohol paralyzes the white corpuscles of the blood and renders them unable to take up and destroy disease germs. Disease germs cause the death of over one-half of the human race.

A blood medicine, made entirely without alcohol, which is a pure glyceric extract of roots, such as Bloodroot, Queen's root, Golden Seal root, Mandrake and Stone root, has been extensively sold by druggists for the past forty years as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The refreshing influence of this extract is like Nature's influence—the blood is bathed in the tonic which gives life to the blood—the vital fires of the body burn brighter and their increased activity consumes the tissue rubbish which has accumulated during the winter.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, the founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, and a physician of large experience and practice, was the first to make up an ALTERATIVE EXTRACT of roots, without a particle of alcohol or narcotic.

Mrs. Heyes.

"It is with the greatest of pleasure, that I write to let you know of the great benefit I received from the use of your medicines and self-treatment at home," writes Mrs. Wm. Heyes, of Ladysmith, B.C. "I suffered for three years from a running sore. Consulted four doctors but they failed to mend or give relief. Finally I was told I was in consumption and would have to consult a specialist concerning my ear, that the dead bone must be cut out before the wound would heal. A kind friend advised me to write to Dr. Pierce, which I did, and after seven months' use of the treatment the sore is healed, and I enjoy better health than I ever did. I dressed the wound with Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve and took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets' for my troubles. I shall always recommend your medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate liver and bowels.

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations

Pettit's Eye Salve TONIC FOR EYES

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, [illegible]

CORN IN THE NORTH

FARMERS HAVE ENOUGH FOR THEIR OWN PLANTING, BUT CANNOT SUPPLY SOUTH.

SEED WELL ACCLIMATED.

Producers All Over State are Eagerly Following Advice of Telephone Bulletins.—Prompt Action Necessary.

Minneapolis.—Farmers of northern Minnesota have seed corn sufficient for their own use, that is acclimated, and tests high, according to information obtained at the land show of the Northern Minnesota Development Association here. The report of the high test is based on the investigation carried on at the land show by C. E. Brown, chief of demonstration farms in the state, who took specimens of the corn exhibited by each county. Since the seed was selected merely from its appearance for show purpose, Mr. Brown believes it stands to reason that northern Minnesota's corn is of high quality relative to germination and acclimation.

W. R. McKenzie, manager of the show, declares that condition of corn in northern Minnesota is due to the one cause that the farmers do not plant as much as is planted in the corn sections of the southern half and are therefore much more careful in selecting seed.

Frank B. Logan, assistant superintendent of agriculture at the State Fair, who is a resident of northern Minnesota, was at the land show. Relative to the seed corn supply in the north, he said:

"Northern Minnesota farmers have just enough seed corn for their own use. Seed merchants of the Twin City have searched the entire northern part for seed but have found comparatively none. As a general proposition the corn in the northern part of the state was good. That which was harvested early makes fine seed, but, of course, we have some corn that would not germinate. No one realized until too late that southern Minnesota would run short of seed corn and if they had, let me assure you, that our part of the state would have been to the rescue with seed that germinates 90 per cent or over. The seed corn from the northern part is a rapidly maturing and hardy seed. It is an excellent seed to produce corn in any part of Minnesota and Iowa also has been clamoring for it in years gone by."

No further reports have been received by M. L. Lane, commercial superintendent of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company, that would indicate new developments. The work of telephoning farmers is by no means complete, said Mr. Lane. In telephonic communications each day with various managers in the corn belt, Mr. Lane says he has learned that the farmers are taking to testing seed corn like "ducks to water."

A. D. Wilson, superintendent of the extension division of the farm school, said that he was preparing a series of letters on seed corn and how to plant it. This series will be for the purpose of instructing farmers whose seed corn does not test 90 per cent on how to plant it. The preliminary advice was to plant thicker and hold off planting for more favorable weather and condition of the soil. Of course, this advice is not for the farmers whose seed tests the required 90 per cent, these producers being advised to go ahead just as in other years.

NELSON BACKS SURVEY

Pledges His Support to Proposition to Improve Red River Valley.

East Grand Forks.—In a letter to Judge T. A. Sullivan of this city, United States Senator Knute Nelson pledges his support to the provision of the rivers and harbors bill, calling for a survey of the Red river valley from Wahpeton, N. D., and Breckenridge, Minn., to the international boundary.

The rivers and harbors bill, as passed by the House, instructs the secretary of war to make the survey in question. In addition the bill also carries $17,500 for general maintenance of the river navigation.

Twenty-four Pay Legacy Tax.

St. Paul.—Inheritance tax on two estates, determined by Judge George R. Smith of the probate court, amounting to $13,095.26, was paid by twenty-four heirs. The estate of Charles A. Bovey, estimated at $560,000 by Appraisers William A. Durst and Lincoln A. Bodge, paid the state $7,859.28, the property being divided so that twenty-one persons paid taxes. Three heirs to the Katherine S. Winston estate, valued at $257,375, paid a tax of $5,235.98. According to the order determining the tax, the cost of administration on the Bovey estate was $7,500 and on the Winston estate $12,582.

Great Lakes Breaking Up.

Duluth.—The winter's ice in the lake is breaking up rapidly. The field now extends only about 15 miles from the ship canal. A few days ago it seemed to be solid to Two Harbors. The steady breeze from the northeast while not strong did effective work. Fifteen miles from the ship canal there is open water half way across the lake. At Twenty-fourth avenue East the ice seems to be giving away in the middle making a channel of water through the ice to the ship canal.

Hit for Boosting Texas.

Fergus Falls.—W. P. Bayley secured a judgment for $300 in the district court in this city in a case against Gunder Bartelson for assault. Mr. Bartelson had been in Texas and did not like that state at all. Mr. Bayley recently returned from there, and was much pleased with the outlook. The two men, who are among the most prominent citizens of this city, got into an argument over the merits of the land there, and Mr. Bartelson struck Mr. Bayley. The latter sued him and obtained damages.

SHOPS AT ST. CLOUD.

Great Northern May Remove Plant From Crookston, Is Rumor.

St. Cloud.—That St. Cloud may get the Crookston car shops of the Great Northern Railway is a rumor which, though unconfirmed, is in general circulation in railroad circles. It is apparent that St. Cloud is in line for some big improvement, shown in the frequency of the visits of the high officials, the increased activity at the shops here and the recent intimation of proposed changes. The officials now are contemplating the piping of water from Sauk river into a huge reservoir to be erected at the shops. It is believed that this can be done by a gravity system if the well is made deep enough, furnishing the shops with a splendid supply of good water. Plans have already been prepared for this improvement.

The shops at Crookston have recently been involved in labor troubles, several of the officials having been placed under arrest on charge preferred by members of the union who were "fired," claiming that the reason given for their discharge was the fact that they did belong to the union. It is understood that agitators were at work among the local men, who refused to consider their propositions, claiming that they were being fairly treated.

The officials have had but little trouble with the men at the shops here and are evidently delighted with the showing that has been made.

IRON TO BREAK RECORD.

Minnesota's Mineral Land Man Predicts Production Equal to That of 1910.

Duluth.—Minnesota's iron ore production this year will equal or exceed the high record of 30,404,937 tons made in 1910, is the prediction of J. P. Funk, head of the mineral lands department of the state auditor's office. A big favorable commercial situation, contrary to what has been generally thought to be the condition, is expected to be a factor. The steel corporation is operating its plants at a higher rate than last year, larger ore orders are being placed by operators and spring activity will be pronounced. It is expected that this spring movement will hold up proportionately throughout the year.

F. A. Wildes, field inspector for the state auditor's office, reported yesterday that operators are planning upon heavy shipments. The state, which collects a 25-cent royalty, has twenty producing mines on its list and may add to the number this year. It is possible that one of the state's mines on the Cuyuna range may ship this year.

In the record movement of 1910 the Mesaba range shipped 29,201,760 tons of iron ore and the Vermillion range 1,203,177.

KING LAUDS ELWELL LAW

North State Boosters' Chief Confident It Is Constitutional.

Bemidji.—"I am unreservedly for the Elwell law because it is our only statute which provides adequate means for building good wagon roads needed," declared Cyrus M. King of Grand Rapids, president of the Northern Minnesota Development association, at a meeting of business men and farmers here. "This law makes it possible to build roads without delay and the cost is equally distributed.

"The law makes it possible to build ten times as many miles of road with the use of the state aid as can be built by the use of any and all other laws in a given year and at the same time," he continued. "It would not increase the state tax rate and would actually decrease the county road and bridge tax by one-half."

Mr. King said he believed the Elwell law would safely withstand all legal attacks, and that its constitutionality would be declared by the supreme court.

DEPUTY IS ATTACKED

Farmer Swung Ax, Daughter Wielded Whip, It Is Charged.

St. Cloud.—Deputy Sheriff Joseph Eich, of this county, was assaulted and slightly injured by John Paliga, a farmer living nine miles west of here, and his daughter, Mrs. Paulina Kolodjeski, while the official was attempting to gain possession of cattle under an execution issued by the court.

The daughter, armed with a wooden whip, struck Eich over the head, cutting an ugly gash in his forehead. The farmer swung an ax. Eich retreated before the ax, and, on the second swing, says he slipped and fell, the weapon breaking the ground six inches from him.

A warrant was sworn out and Paliga arrested. At a hearing he was bound over to the grand jury. The daughter was fined $50 and costs before Justice W. H. Alden.

DUMAS TRIAL IN MAY.

Fergus Falls.—United States District Attorney C. C. Houpt says it is the intention of the department of justice to bring the case against Dr. Dumas to trial in this city at the term of the federal court which opens here next month. Dumas was indicted last fall for conspiring to rob the Puposky postoffice. Mr. Houpt also states that it is not probable any of the Indian land cases will come to trial at this term.

Mexico, Mo.—H. R. Smith, professor of animal husbandry at the University of Minnesota, bought a pair of the finest combined saddle and harness mares sold at Mexico's annual horse sale. The horses are for use by university judging classes. W. P. Taylor of Minneapolis was also a big buyer. Professor Smith was commissioned by the agricultural college authorities to purchase two teams of the finest Percheron mares obtainable on his trip and was empowered to buy other particularly good horses that he observed.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Le Sueur.—Abel Biddle, a Le Sueur pioneer, is dead at the age of 77 years.

International Falls.—The next meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held here June 20-21.

Albert Lea.—A large petition has been presented to the city council requesting that a municipal electric plant be installed here.

Cloquet.—Malcolm Duncan, 80 years old, father of Mrs. James Marshall of this city, dropped dead of heart failure at his daughter's home. A widow and seven children survive.

Aitkin. — Mrs. Christina Peterson of Nordland, near here, died from burns received while endeavoring to put out a grass fire. Her son Emil also was severely burned while pulling the burning clothing from his mother. Mrs. Peterson was 57 years old.

Mankato.—The Southern Minnesota Dental Society, before closing its twenty-seventh annual meeting, elected Dr. C. L. Burrill of Heron Lake, president, Dr. F. E. Heidel of Mankato, vice-president, Dr. C. A. Hintz of New Ulm, secretary, and Dr. C. P. Peterson of Mankato, treasurer.

Winona. — Mrs. Jacob Kascianski, recently paroled from the insane hospital at Rochester, arose from her bed, heated a kettle of water to the boiling point and returned to the chamber, pouring the water over her sleeping husband. He was badly burnt although not seriously scalded. The woman was returned to Rochester.

Barnesville.—When C. P. Saveg, a farmer living east of here, drove up to the Smith rolling mills to unload some sacked wheat, he as well as the miller was astounded to find one of Mr. Saveg's hens comfortably squatted between two sacks, enjoying the balmy spring atmosphere. A fresh laid egg show the fowl had not neglected her task.

Winona. — The canning factory which had planned to open a plant in Winona this year has been forced to abandon the establishment of a plant in Winona. It was found that the company could not secure sufficient acreage of sweet corn in this immediate vicinity, as many of the farmers refused to contract for the coming season. It is the company's plan to attempt the opening of a factory in Winona next spring.

Winona.—The question of overhead wires was discussed at some length at a meeting of the city council, and representatives of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company, the Western Union and the North American Telegraph Companies and the Tri-State Telephone Company. After a lengthy discussion it was decided that all wires in the business section of the city would be taken down and placed under ground.

Winona.—A project is under way in Winona looking to the organization of a corporation, financed by Winona men, for the purpose of placing an independent telephone company in the field in competition to Northwestern Telephone Exchange Company. Otto Troose, former manager of the Winona Telephone Company and until recently connected with the Northwestern Company as local manager, is at the head of the projected company.

St. Paul.—F. A. Day and John E. King, former Warwicks in Minnesota Democratic circles, have disposed of their interests in Missoula, Mont. They are considering returning to Minnesota. Mr. Day has intimated that he might come back and take a hand in politics as a private. It is understood that Mr. King is to stay, for a time at least, with the new corporation. Mr. Day disposed of his interest several months ago, when he took up active work on the Pacific coast in the interests of Woodrow Wilson's candidacy.

Minneapolis. — Hon. Frank A. Day, former head of the Minnesota democracy, is returning to Minnesota from Missoula, Mont., where he has been for more than a year, and will locate again at Fairmont, where he is part owner of the Fairmont Daily Sentinel. Mr. Day went to Missoula with John E. King, former state librarian, and founded the Missoula Sentinel, but they have disposed of the property. Minnesota friends have information that Mr. Day will return to Fairmont, while Mr. King probably will remain in Montana.

Mankato.—The Southern Minnesota Better Development league, which was organized in this city last week, is preparing to enter upon an active existence. President T. G. Bonnallie of Tracy, has appointed a committee to work with H. J. Maxfield, state immigration commissioner, in an endeavor to obtain from the railroads landseekers' rates direct to southern Minnesota points, and also stopover privileges. The committee consists of George Atchison, of this city, R. B. Daniels, of Marshall, C. N. Sonnesyn, of St. James, D. H. Evans, of Tracy, and J. E. Haycraft, of Madelia. It will meet in Mankato shortly to prepare a plan of action.

Chatfield.—In the heaviest vote in the history of this city, 314 out of 320 legal voters casting ballots, anti-license again carried by 48 majority. The officers elected: Mayor, Joseph Underleak; recorder, S. W. Shimer; treasurer, Knute Olson; councilmen, S. E. Dibbins, S. Burnard and Charles Anderson.

St. Mathias. — The large barn of George Hellen was burned to the ground, entailing a loss of $3,000. With the barn went 1,500 bushels of grain, twenty tons of hay, eight calves and some machinery. The barn and contents were insured for $1,000.

Boat Upsets—Four Boys Drown.

East Liverpool, Ohio. — Four boys were drowned when a boat in which they were crossing the Ohio river from the West Virginia side capsized, 12 miles south of here. A fifth boy was saved.

24-Hour System Adopted.

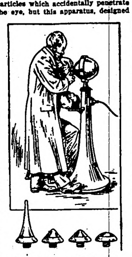
New York, N. Y. — Beginning June 1, the hours of the day will be numbered from 1 to 24, from midnight, on all French railways and in the French postal and telegraph service.

THE ELECTRICAL WORLD

NEW APPARATUS FOR OCULIST

Swiss Scientist Perfects Electromagnets for Extracting Metal Particles From Eye.

Electromagnets of special construction have been made use of for some time by oculists in extracting metal particles which accidentally penetrate the eye, but this apparatus, designed by a Swiss oculist, is of a new and advanced type, says the Popular Mechanics. An important feature is the form given the active pole, for the less the pole projects out of its windings the stronger is its power of attraction. The field of operation, however, must not be obstructed, so the new electromagnet is made bell-shaped. The windings near the pole are of the same general shape so as to leave the field of vision equally free on all surrounding sides of the operating point.


Electromagnets for Oculists.

USE FOR ELECTRIC TRUCKS

Boston Terminal Railroad Company Employs Electricity for Handling Baggage and Freight.

Small electric trucks are used for the South station, Boston, for handling both freight and baggage.

The adoption of the electric truck has been brought about by the huge volume of material handled at this railway terminal. When the freight was handled by hand, it was almost impossible to properly take care of it.

These trucks are built low to the ground, and have a wheel base of 52 inches. A platform is provided on which the operator may stand when the truck is in service. The battery box is located directly under the platform, but in such a position as will not interfere with the wheels in making the sharp turns to which the truck is subjected.

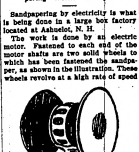
For this class of work the electric vehicle has been found ideal in every respect. The simple and easy control, the reliability, the safety and lack of any disagreeable odors or noise, are the reasons why it has been adopted in Boston.

ELECTRIC MOTOR SAVES TIME

New Hampshire Box Factory Has Novel Method of Doing Sandpapering—Works Quickly.

Sandpapering by electricity is what is being done in a large box factory located at Ashuelot, N. H.

The work is done by an electric motor. Fastened to each end of the motor shafts are two solid wheels to which has been fastened the sandpaper, as shown in the illustration. These wheels revolve at a high rate of speed and do the work in about one-quarter of the time required to do it by hand.


Sandpapering Machine.

This sandpapering device is only one of the many applications of electricity in the plant. In all, 30 motors of varying sizes are used to operate the plant.

Electricity Cheap as Oil.

To popularize lighting and heating by electricity, various plans are being tried by foreign electric stations. In Bremen a limited current is offered to small users, making it practicable for a workman's family to use a specified number of lamps—say, three of sixteen candle power—and no more; the cost to be about the same as that for oil lighting. The house may be wired for any number of lamps, the current limiter preventing the use of more than the contract number at one time. In Vienna, the municipal plant is seeking to encourage electric baking, and provides free ovens for local bakeries, guaranteeing that the electric current shall not cost more than sources of heat hitherto employed.

Motor for Sewing Machine.

Even if a house is not wired for electricity a woman may use a motor to drive her sewing machine, for a storage battery driven motor for the purpose has been invented.

BARLEY THRESHED BY MOTOR

Ohio Farmer Breaks Record for Time When He Adopts Electrical Method for Quick Work.

William Stroop, who has a farm in the Miami valley, near Dayton, O., had a crop of barley that he wanted threshed last fall, so he sent for the owner of the local threshing outfit to do the work. He came with his 32-inch separator and his big steam traction engine and proceeded to set up for business.

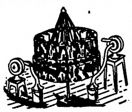
Mr. Stroop had been using a 15-horsepower electric motor about his farm buildings for cutting and grinding feed, sawing wood, etc., shifting it to various positions, as desired, and making connections with little trouble. He suggested to the owner of the thresher that the motor be used in place of his engine, to which the latter agreed, though his engineer doubted the ability of the small motor to run the separator at full capacity.

The machine was set, however, and the belt adjusted, and when the power was turned on its strength was speedily demonstrated by the rapidity with which the sheaves disappeared and the grain poured out. Hour after hour the work proceeded without stopping, and when the job was finished it was found that in less than 12 hours more than 1,700 bushels of grain had been threshed, an average of 150 bushels an hour.

WAY OF DISINFECTING BOOKS

Problem of Preventing Spread of Contagious Diseases Is Solved by Mississippi Man.

Every public library faces the problem of disinfecting its books so as to prevent the spreading of contagious diseases and in some localities this has become quite a serious problem. A Mississippi man has a novel solution for it, says the Popular Electricity. He places the books on a revolving rack against which small electric blowers are forcing jets of air. The breeze not only rotates the whole rack, but also spreads out and flutters the leaves so that the air can readily pervade them. By dropping some disinfectant into the chamber from which the blowers get their supply of air, this is finely distributed through the books.


Apparatus for Disinfecting Books.

Improve Efficiency of Telephone.

The efficiency of the present telephone apparatus has been greatly increased by a Danish banker. Knowing that sound is more readily transmitted through rarefied air he has constructed an apparatus to warm the transmitter, whereby the air in it becomes thinner and the sound is intensified. Conversations between Copenhagen and Nykjobing, a distance of some 75 miles, could be clearly followed some distance away from the instrument.

Infant Industry.

It is difficult to believe that a business which yearly manufactures more than $250,000,000 worth of machinery and apparatus is but an infant. It is hard to imagine what a child of this size would develop to when fully matured, and yet every year shows that it is growing with leaps and bounds. In ten years the value of the electrical products increased by 150 per cent. and it is still growing year after year.

Large Electric Gold Dredge.

The largest gold dredge in the world, which has been recently put into operation on the Pacific coast, is electrically operated. It is at work at Hammonton, Cal. The dredger is 135 feet long and requires a motive power of 720-horsepower, of which 300 is necessary to handle the buckets. The current is transmitted from the shore, being carried by means of insulated cables supported above the water.

Use of Electricity.

The great industries of the country have been electrified. The woodworking plants, cotton mills, steel plants, machine shops and factories of all kinds have adopted the electric motor for power and electric lights for illumination.

ELECTRICAL NOTES

Massachusetts is believed to lead all of the states in its percentage of motor-propelled vehicles.

Electric lights are to be installed in one of the oldest and most famous Hindu temples in India.

Electric taxicabs are being extensively used in the larger cities of Europe, notably Paris and London.

A motor plow for throwing up trenches on a battlefield to afford protection to soldiers is a recent invention.

One of the newest musical instruments, operated by electricity, reproduces the notes of 45 orchestra performers.

In 1909 there were only four electric furnaces used in Europe in preparing steel for castings. There are now over 400.

New Zealand now has over 2,780 miles of railway. Electrification of certain sections is now under contemplation.

A new submarine cable between England and France has resulted in telephonic communication between England and Switzerland.

Street lighting has been developed until many cities boast a "Great White Way," and night is practically turned into day in the business sections.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

Radium Quest Interesting the Scientists

RADIUM
$1,000,000
AN OUNCE

WASHINGTON.—Austria has not, according to the United States geological survey, a world monopoly in the production of radium, as was stated in a consular report from W. L. Loownie of Carlsbad. This report recorded the purchase of the only two mines under private ownership producing the ores from which radium is made. The purchase price was stated to be $600,000, and to complete the world monopoly in radium by the Austrian government.

The geological survey announces that this monopoly is a myth. It is true that the Austrian mines and the Austrian government heretofore have furnished the bulk of the radium salts existing in the world, but at present radium is being manufactured in three other countries, including the United States.

Sweden is producing radium from kolm, the English are producing it from mines in Wales, and it is extracted also from ores brought from the United States. There is a large deposit of radium producing ore in western Colorado, and it is reported that some is being produced in Australia.

The Colorado deposits produce uranium and vanadium, the latter an essential in making some of the new high-grade steel alloys. It is mined for the vanadium, but the ore carries two or three per cent. of uranium. Some idea can be had of the microscopic trace of radium in the original ore from the fact that ten tons of the uranium has to be handled to get between 20 or 30 milligrams of radium.

There are no very exact statistics of radium available, but the whole quantity in the world, according to the geological survey, is probably not over two or three ounces. As to the value, it is largely nominal like that of the biggest diamonds. It is worth whatever the holders can get for it. Sir William Ramsey, the head of the English corporation producing radium, said about a year ago that it was worth £30,000,000 sterling a pound. In his last report on the subject he had knocked off £10,000,000 sterling on this estimate, but a little variation like that was not thought to matter when there was no appreciable fraction of a pound of the stuff in existence.

What is more to the purpose in fixing the value is the fact that there are now several radium banks in the world where tubes containing a microscopic speck of radium are stored and rented out to physicians at $40 a day. Even then there is little known about the medical value of radium. It is known to be of value in treating lupus, which is a form of tuberculosis attacking the tissues, usually of the face.

Seeing Much Gold Makes Employes Ill

FEAR of the spread of the white plague and tyhoid fever were relegated to the dusty past the other day, when it became known that a new ailment had seized upon the woman clerks of the treasury. So swift has been the disease in its progress that it has been necessary to establish an emergency room in the basement of the treasury, and an average of five cases a day are treated.

Currencitis is the name of the new enemy that has spread terror among the fair clerks. Its symptoms are an acute attack of dizziness, sharp pains in the neck, followed by a severe headache. So far, the medical profession of the District has been unable to determine whether the ailment is conveyed by germs.

Miss Iva Eichelberger, who is in charge of the new emergency room, has made a study of the cases brought under her observation. Miss Eichelberger was surprised to see the great number of young woman clerks who would stumble into her room, gasp for a bottle of smelling salts and then fling themselves upon a couch, complaining of racking headaches, necks stiff as boards, and a dizzy sensation.

After a brief treatment, they would recover and go back to their desks. It was then that Miss Eichelberger suggested to Chief Clerk Wilmeth the installation of an emergency room, patterned after wards in hospitals, with white enameled cots, nurses' costumes for the matrons, and a full equipment of medicines.

No sooner had the idea been conceived than it was put into effect. The matron's room was converted from a dismal cheerless place into a bright, wholesome appearing ward that any hospital would be proud to claim as its own. Two white enameled cots were placed along the wall. Waterproof paint turned somber walls into attractive ones, and the matrons shone even more splendidly in spotless garbs, topped off with lace bonnets.

Then the attention of Miss Eichelberger was turned toward the disease itself. Test tubes were purchased, with her own funds; a microscope was procured, and the midnight oil consumed. And this is what was revealed—that currencitis was caused by the glare of the piles of shimmering gold pieces and dazzling silver present in the treasury.

Green eyeshades now are being affected my many, and a falling off in the disease is noticeable. However, the emergency room will be retained.

Ancient Mummy for National Museum

ANIMALS KILLED BY ROOSEVELT

QUARTERS for the famous African collection of Theodore Roosevelt are to be provided in the National museum at Washington, and work is proceeding at a lively rate. The National museum, together with the Smithsonian institution, will, in a few years, contain the most interesting collection in the world, not excepting that of the famous British museum in London.

Side by side with the regular progress in this field comes the report of an ancient mummy found in a newly opened tomb at Abydos in Egypt; and no sooner had the telegraph news reached Washington than a syndicate was formed to bring it on for exhibition in this country, reminding us of the day when Barnum alone was ready to expend money and effort to secure such curiosities, and discovered "the petrified giant man." Now there is an association of scientists and experts organized to secure these valuable ancient relics for the museum at Washington and those of other large American cities.

The latest mummy is from a tomb of the Twelfth Dynasty, which reaches back to the time of Shishak, who sacked Jerusalem in the time of Rehoboam. The skeleton of a woman is revealed with a necklace of beads about her throat and three scarabs, one of them a superb amethyst, on her left hand. The most remarkable thing is that the head retained its long, black hair, under which were ornaments of every description, including a nose-ring such as is still worn by the princess in British India.

In the land of the Pharaohs the tombs and funereal pomp of mummies give the story of a past civilization such as even the pyramids, the Sphinx and the tablets of countless pylons and statues have failed to preserve.

There is a wizardry and mystery about these "dealings with the dead." This teaching of the living at the hands of the ancient mummies always attracts and rivets the attention of the curious and learned, who love the mysterious lore and infinite variety of the "wisdom of the Egyptians."—News Letter.

Something "Dropped"; It Was a Hammer

AN ironworker, swinging between earth and sky from a steel beam on the top of the Munsey building, near Fourteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, dropped a heavy riveting hammer shortly after noon the other day, and then had almost an attack of heart failure when he realized what that hammer would do if it hit some one on the street below.

Just as the ironworker dropped the implement, Judge J. A. C. Groner of Norfolk, president of the Benning Sand and Gravel company, was walking in front of the building, talking to his old friend, Judge R. A. Wade of San Francisco. They were stepping briskly along, about a foot and a half apart. Mr. Groner was saying:

"And let me tell you, judge, that when that Chicago convention gets going you're going to hear something drop."

B-i-f-f!

The heavy riveting hammer shot downward so suddenly it appeared to be a solid shaft of black, so rapid was its flight. Just as the last word was out of Mr. Groner's mouth the hammer smacked against the sidewalk. It sounded like a rifle shot, and the two men didn't have a chance to dodge an inch.

The hammer, however, bounded high in the air and leaped into the street, where it broke in two.

A few minutes later a scared ironworker appeared at the front door of the Munsey building.

"You didn't see anything of a hammer, did you?" he asked.

Best Kind.

On a country road two ladies met a farmer with a load of wood. The ladies were sociably inclined, and one of them called out chirpingly to the man on the wagon: "What kind of wood have you on there?" [illegible] wooden wood [illegible]

What the Backward Child Needs.

The backward child can hardly ever be helped in a private school, however excellent it may be, because what the backward child needs is not coaching but expert observation and [illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1912. NUMBER, 42.

STORY OF TITANIC DISASTER AS TOLD BY A SURVIVOR.

AS SHIP SINKS BAND PLAYS "NEARER MY GOD TO THEE"

Captain Smith Was Seen Standing on the Bridge as the Titanic Was Going Down.

HEROIC CREW GIVE UP THEIR LIVES

Colonel Astor, Henry B. Harris, Jacques Futrelle and Other Notables Go to Their Death With Equal Heroism.

New York, April 18.—Seventeen hundred and twenty-six lives were lost on the Titanic which struck an iceberg at 11:45 P. M. Sunday and were at the ocean's bottom two hours and thirty-five minutes after. Of the Titanic's 341 first cabin passengers 212 were saved; 154 of them were women and children, and of the 262 second cabin passengers 115 were saved, 102 of them were women and children.

Of the third-class, 800 in number, 138 were saved, 83 of whom were women and children. Of 985 officers and crew, 190, including 22 women, were rescued.

No survivors can question the courage of the crew, hundreds of whom gave their lives with a heroism which equaled, but could not exceed, that of John Jacob Astor, Henry B. Harris, Jacques Futrelle and others in the long list of first cabin passengers.

The bulk head system, though probably working, prevailed only to delay the ship's sinking.

EXPLOSIONS BREAK SHIP IN TWO

The position of the ship's wound on the starboard quarter admitted icy water which caused the boilers to explode and those explosions broke the ship in two.

The crash against the iceberg, which had been sighted at only a quarter of a mile, came almost simultaneously with the click of the levers operated from the bridge which stopped the engines and closed the air-tight doors.

CAPTAIN ORDERS LIFE BOATS LOWERED.

Captain Smith was on the bridge a moment later. He summoned all on board to put on life preservers and ordered the lifeboats lowered. The first boat had more male passengers as they were the first to reach the deck.

ENFORCE "WOMEN FIRST" RULE WITH DRAWN REVOLVERS.

When the rush of frightened men and women and crying children to the decks began the "women first" rule was rigidly enforced. Officers drew revolvers, but in most cases there was no use for them.

Revolver shots were heard shortly before the Titanic went down, caused many rumors, one that Captain Smith had shot himself, another that First Officer Murdock had ended his life, but members of the crew discredit these reports.

CAPTAIN SMITH ON THE BRIDGE AS BOAT GOES DOWN.

Captain Smith was last seen on the bridge just before the ship sank, leaping only after the decks had washed away.

What became of the men with life preservers was the question asked by many since the disaster. Many of those with life preservers were seen to go down, despite the preservers, and dead bodies floated on the surface as the last boats moved away.

It is stated positively the ship's string band gathered in the saloon near the end and played "Nearer My God to Thee."

Mrs. Isador Straus refused to leave her husband's side and both perished together.

Harold Cotton, the marine operator of the Carpathia, did not go to bed at his usual time Sunday night, and as a result caught the first message of the Titanic's plight. He had been relaying messages to the Titanic on Sunday night, and shortly after 11 o'clock bade the Titanic good night.

Just as he was about to take the receiver off his head the C. Q. D. call sounded. This was followed by the words "We've hit something; come at once."

Cotton at once communicated with the Carpathia's officers and her course was at once changed in the direction of the Titanic at full speed of eighteen knots for the full distance of sixty miles intervening between the two ships.

"I'M AFRAID WE ARE GONE."

Before Cotton could make reply to the C. Q. D. the Titanic's "I'm afraid we are gone." Cotton sent word of the coming of the Carpathia. No further communication was had with the doomed ship.

The Titanic's speed of twenty-three knots an hour was never slackened, and she was going at that speed when she struck.

S. V. Silverthorne of St. Louis was one of the three or four saloon passengers on the Titanic who saw the deadly iceberg just after the collision.

NONE WAS ALARMED AT FIRST.

"I was in the smoking room reading near a bridge whist game at one of the tables. When the crash came I said, "We've hit something," and went on the starboard side to look. None of us was alarmed. It occurred to me that we might have bumped some small craft.

"I went back in the smoking room with the others. One of the bridge players had not left the smoking room at all and was waiting impatiently for the others to come back and resume the game. They returned and took up their hands and we were all about to settle down when an officer ordered us on deck and told us to get into the boats."

NOT ENOUGH WOMEN TO FILL THE FIRST BOAT.

"There not being enough women on deck to fill the first ones, we did not like the idea of leaving the ship then, but did as we were told. Had we been in our rooms we would have had to stand aside as other men did then."

MR. HURD'S STORY.

New York, April 18.—The Morning World tomorrow will publish Mr. Hurd's story in detail. In addition to the foregoing Mr. Hurd says in part:

"Facts which I have established by inquiries on the Carpathia, as positively as they could be established, in view of the silence of the few surviving officers, are:

OFFICERS KNEW ICEBERGS WERE NEAR.

"That the Titanic's officers knew, several hours before the crash, of the possible nearness of the icebergs.

"That the Titanic's speed, nearly 23 knots an hour, was not slackened.

"That the number of the life boats on the Titanic was insufficient to accomodate more than a third of the passengers to say nothing of the crew. Most members of the crew say there were sixteen life boats and two collapsibles; none say there were more than twenty boats in all.

The 700 who escaped filled most of the sixteen lifeboats and the one collapsible, which got away, to the limit of their capacity.

"Had the ship struck the iceberg headon at whatever speed and with whatever resulting shock, the bulkhead system of watertight compartments would probably have saved the vessel. As one man expressed it, it was the impossible that happened when, with a shock unbelievably light, the ship's side was torn for a length which made the bulkhead system ineffective.

WAS SPEEDING FOR RECORD.

"The Titanic was 1,799 miles from Queenstown and 1,191 miles from New York, speeding for a maiden voyage record. The night was starlight, the sea glassy. Light were out in most of the state rooms, and only two or three congenial groups remained in the public rooms.

"In the crows' nest, or lookout, and on the bridge, officers and members of the crew were at their places, awaiting relief at midnight from their two hours' watch.

"At 11:46 o'clock came the sudden sound of two guns, a warning of immediate danger.

"The crash against the iceberg, which had been sighted at only a quarter of a mile came almost simultaneously with the click of the levers operated by those on the bridge, which stopped the engines and closed the water tight doors.

"Captain Smith was on the bridge a moment later, giving orders for the summoning of all on board and for the putting on of life preservers and the lowering of the life boats.

"The first boats lowered contained more than passengers than the later ones, as the men were on deck first, and not enough women were there to fill them.

CREW DIDN'T HAVE TO USE REVOLVERS.

"When a moment later, the rush of frightened women and crying children to the deck began, enforcement of the women first rule became rigid. Officers loading the boats drew revolvers but in most of the cases the men, both passengers and crew, behaved in a way that called for no such restraint.

RUMORED THAT CAPTAIN SHOT HIMSELF.

"Revolver shots, heard by many persons shortly before the end of the Titanic, caused many rumors. One was that Captain Smith shot himself, another was that First Officer Murdock had ended his life. Smith, Murdock and Sixth Officer Moody are known to have been lost. The surviving officers, Lightoller, Pittman, Bothall and Lowe, have made no statement.

CAPTAIN JERKED AWAY FROM WOULD-BE RESCUERS.

"Members of the crew discredit all reports of suicide and say Captain Smith remained on the bridge until just before the ship sank, leaping only after those on the deck had been washed away. It is also related that when a cook later sought to pull him aboard a lifeboat he exclaimed: 'Let me go,' and, jerking away, went down.

DEAD BODIES ON SURFACE.

"What became of the men with life preservers is a question asked since the disaster by many persons. Dead bodies floated on the surface as the last boats moved away.

"To relate that the ship's string band gathered into the saloon, near the end, and played 'Nearer My God to Thee' sounds like an attempt to give an added solemn color to a scene which was in itself the climax of solemnity. But various passengers and survivors of the crew agree in the declaration that they heard the music:

"'So by my woes I'll be
Nearer my God to thee,
Nearer to thee.'

"WOMEN FIRST" WAS ORDER.

"In the loading of the first boat restrictions of sex were not made, and it seemed to the men who filled in beside the women that there would be boats enough for all. But the ship's officers knew better than this, and as the spreading fear caused an advance towards the suspended craft the order 'Women first' was heard and the men were pushed aside.

COURAGE OF MEN ASSERTED.

To the scene of the next two hours on those decks and in the waters below, such adjectives as "dramatic" and "tragic" do but poor justice. With the knowledge of deadly peril gaining greater power each moment over those men and women, the courage of the greater part of the men, both among cabin passengers, officers, crew and steerage, asserted itself.

MRS. STRAUS REFUSED TO LEAVE HUSBAND.

Isidor Straus, supporting his wife on her way to a life boat, was held back by an inexorable guard. Another officer strove to help her to a seat of safety, but she brushed away his arm and clung to her husband, crying, "I will not go without you."

Another woman took her place and Mrs. Straus, clinging to her husband, became part of a picture now drawn indelibly in many minds.

ASTOR AND HARRIS SIDE BY SIDE.

Colonel Astor, holding his young wife's arm, stood decorously aside as the officers spoke to him and Mrs. Astor and her maid were ushered to seats. Mrs. Henry B. Harris, parted in like manner from her husband, saw him last at the rail, beside Colonel Astor.

Walter M. Clark of Los Angeles, nephew of the Montana senator, joined the line of men as his young wife, sobbing, was placed in one of the craft.

"Let him come. There is room," cried Mrs. Emil Taussig, as the men of the White Star motioned to her husband to leave her. It was with great difficulty that he released her hold to permit her to be led to her place.

George D. Widener, who had been in Captain Smith's company a few moments after the crash, was another whose wife was parted from him and lowered, a moment later to the surface of the calm sea.

SAW NOTHING OF BUTT OR STEAD.

Of Major Archie Butt, a favorite with his fellow tourists; of Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk; of Benjamin Guggenheim or of William T. Stead no one seems to know whether they tarried too long in their state rooms or whether they forebore to approach the fast filling boats; none of them was in the throng which, weary hours afterward, reached the Carpathia.

CHECK RUSH OF STEERAGE MEN.

As they reached the water, those in the boats saw what those on the decks could not see—that the Titanic was listing rapidly to starboard and that her stern was rising at a portentous angle. A rush of men steerage passengers toward the boats was checked by officers with revolvers in hand.

NO PROVISIONS IN BOAT.

Some of the boats, crowded too full, drifted for a time. None had provisions or water, there was lack of clothing, and the only lights were the still undimmed arcs and incandescents of the settling ship.

STEWARD'S GREEN LIGHT KEPT THEM TOGETHER.

On one of the boats a steward, who explained to the passengers that he had been shipwrecked twice before, appeared carrying three oranges and a green light. That green light, many of the survivors say, was to the shipwrecked hundreds as the pillar of fire by night. Long after the ship had disappeared, and while confusing false lights danced about the boats, the green lantern kept them together on the course which led them to the Carpathia.

PASSENGERS AND SAILORS LEAP OVERBOARD.

As the end of the Titanic became manifestly but a matter of moments, the oarsmen pulled their boats away and the chilling waters began to echo splash after splash as passengers and sailors in life preservers leaped overboard and started swimming away to escape the expected suction.

Only the hardiest constitution could endure for more than a few moments such a numbing bath. The first vigorous strokes gave way to heartbreaking cries of "Help, help," and stiffened forms were seen floating, relaxed in death.

Revolver shots were heard in the ship's last moments. The report spread among the boats was that Captain Smith had ended his life with a bullet.

SAY CAPTAIN JUMPED AT LAST MOMENT.

Then it was said that a mate had shot a steward who had tried to push his way into a boat against orders. None of these tales has been verified, and many of the crew say the captain without a preserver leaped in at the last and went down, refusing a cook's offered aid.

The last of the boats, a collapsible, was launched too late to get away and was overturned by the ship sinking. Some of those in it—all, say some witnesses—found safety on a raft or were picked up by a lifeboat. In the Marconi tower, almost to the last, the click of the sending instrument was heard over the waters.

MUSIC OF ORCHESTRA GROWS FAINTER.

As the screams in the water multiplied, another sound was heard, strong and clear at first, then fainter in the distance. It was the melody of the hymn, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," played by the string orchestra in the dining saloon. Some of those on the water started to sing the words but grew silent as they realized that, for the men who played the music was a sacrament soon to be consummated by death. The strains of the hymn and the frantic cries of the dying blended in a symphony of sorrow.

TITANIC DISAPPEARS.

Led by the green light, the boats drew away, and the bow, then the quarter, then the stacks and last the stern of the marvel ship of a few days before passed beneath the waters. The great force of the ship sinking was unaided by any violence of the elements, and the suction, not so great as had been feared, rocked but mildly the group of boats now a quarter of a mile distant from it.

WOMEN WEEP; MEN CHOKE BACK TEARS.

Sixteen boats were in the procession which entered on the terrible hours of rowing, drifting and suspense. Women wept for lost husbands and sons and the men choked back tears and sought to comfort the widowed. They strove, though none too sure themselves, to convince the women of the certainty that a rescue ship would appear.

CARPATHIA'S SMOKESTACK APPEARS.

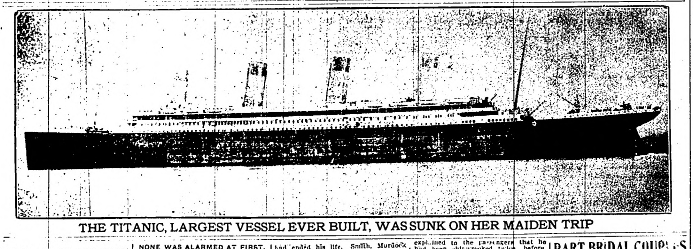
Early dawn brought no ship, but not long after 5 o'clock the Carpathia, far out of her path and making eighteen knots instead of her usual fifteen, showed her single red and black smoke stack upon the horizon. In the joy of that sight griefs were forgotten for the moment.

Soon afterward, Captain Rostron and Chief Steward Hughes were welcoming chilled and bedraggled arrivals over the Carpathia's side.

The silence of the Carpathia's engines, the piercing cold, the clamor of many voices in the companion ways had caused me to dress hurriedly and awaken my wife at 5:40 A. M. Monday. Our steward, meeting me outside, pointed to a wailing host in the rear dining room and said, "From the Titanic. She's at the bottom of the ocean."

WOMEN FALTER AS THEY ARE HELPED ABOARD.

At the ship's side a moment later I saw the last of the line of boats discharge their loads and saw women, some with cheap shawls about their heads, some with the costliest of fur coats, ascending the ship's side. And such joy as the first sight of our ship may have given them had disappeared from their faces and there were tears and signs of faltering as the women were helped up the ladders or hoisted aboard in swings. For lack of room to stow them, several of the Titanic's boats were set adrift.



THE TITANIC, LARGEST VESSEL EVER BUILT, WAS SUNK ON HER MAIDEN TRIP

PART BRIDAL COUPLES

Only One of Ten Was Not Separated Before Titanic Went Down.

New York, April 18.—There were ten bridal couples aboard the Titanic, and only one of them was not separated. This fortunate young couple, in an interview given on the pier, said they were the only ones who did not become separated, all of which, they maintained, was due to the fact that there was no panic at first. The bridegroom, therefore, was allowed to enter the boat with his bride. The lucky couple got away from the pier shortly after their experiences had been told to the reporter by a man on the pier. He said he believed they were Mr. and Mrs. George Harder.

"The groom," said the reporter's informant, "related an incident to me of a man less fortunate than himself. This man, the groom told me, just before the panic set in was standing at the gangway where the women were being loaded into a boat and made a move as though to enter the boat. An officer approached and ordered the man away. Not moving quickly enough to satisfy the officer, the latter walked to the man and knocked him down. The man, instead of falling to the deck, fell head first into the boat, and, though stunned by the fall, he soon revived and found himself still in the boat, which by that time was being lowered. The man was saved as a result.

His Creed a Selfish One.

The philosophy of the man in the street is to get through life with a minimum of self-sacrifice and a maximum of self-indulgence.

TITANIC OFFICER DID HEROIC WORK

TOOK CHARGE OF FLOTILLA OF SMALL CRAFT FILLED WITH PEOPLE.

SAVED MANY IN WATER.

Depositions of Men on Canadian Steamer Sought.—Said to Have Been Near Great Liner When She Sank.

Washington, April 25.—Harold G. Lowe, fifth officer of the sunken Titanic, told the senate investigating committee his part in the struggle of the survivors for life following the catastrophe. His testimony developed that with a volunteer crew he rescued four men from the water, saved a sinking collapsible life boat by towing it astern of his boat and took off 20 men and one woman from the bottom of an overturned boat. Every one of those under his charge he landed safely on the Carpathia.

From first to last Lowe's story showed that he played the man. Ordered away in charge of life boat No. 14 he packed it to its capacity on the top deck and fearing that some one might attempt to jump into it while it was descending kept up a fusillade from his revolver. Once afloat he took charge of a flotilla of small craft which eventually were picked up by the rescue ship without the loss of a life.

Competing in interest with the day's testimony was the interchange of telegrams between Senator William Alden Smith, chairman, and the acting premier of Canada, George F. Foster.

The latter told of the docking of the steamer Mount Temple at St. John, N. B., with passengers aboard who claimed to have seen the Titanic sink. It was believed that the Mount Temple was the ship that was only five miles from the White Star liner when she took her final plunge.

Depositions Sought.

Senator Smith has requested that the depositions of the officers and crew of the Mount Temple be sent to him. In addition he accepted the offer of Dr. E. C. Quitzman of Toronto to appear before the committee.

Dr. Quitzman was one of the passengers who said they saw the Titanic sink.

Acting Premier Foster's telegram follows:

"Captain Mount Temple reports received 'C. Q. D.' message from Titanic 12:30 a. m. ship's time Monday. Was then 50 miles west and south of position sent out by Titanic. Immediately altered course to reach Titanic but did not arrive at her position until 4:30 a. m., when could not see Titanic's light. Saw no sign of ship or boats. Cruised around position until received message from Carpathia at 8:44 a. m. that she had picked up 20 boatloads and that the Titanic had sunk. Received another message at 8:50 from Carpathia. No need to stand by as nothing more could be done. Under these circumstances it does not seem necessary to detain boat due to sail Friday evening. If considered necessary commission could be appointed to take captain's evidence. Will no doubt be examined later by British commission."

The committee also received a telegram signed by J. H. Moore, master of the Mount Temple; A. H. Sargent, chief officer; H. Heald, second officer, and J. Durrant, the Marconi operator, dated at West St. John, N. B., yesterday, practically repeating the informatron contained in the premier's message and adding that the Mount Temple did not see the Titanic's lights. At 6:30 a. m. the Mount Temple sighted the Carpathia and later the Californian. At 8 o'clock she sighted the Russian steamer Birma coming from the south and west. The names of the passengers who claimed they saw lights of the Titanic, the message said were not known.

Ismay Was Excited.

Washington, April 25. — J. Bruce Ismay, the chief official of the steamship line which owned the ill-fated Titanic, was ordered away from one of the ship's lifeboats while it was being lowered because in his excitement he was interfering with the ship's officers.

Language too objectionable to be repeated aloud in the senate inquiry into the Titanic disaster was used by Harold G. Lowe, the fifth officer of the ship.

Lowe dramatically recited to the senate investigating committee how he, not knowing he was talking to the head of the company which employed him, had told Ismay to "get to hell out of here so that I can work," while Lowe and other sailors were trying to lower the first lifeboat on the starboard side of the Titanic.

BOOMING GREAT FALLS.

Amalgamated Copper Company Will Give City 350,000 Horsepower.

Great Falls, Mont., April 25.—John D. Ryan, president of the Amalgamated Copper company, announces that his company will finance a large flouring mill to be built here and will also develop the waterpower in the Missouri river adjacent to the city. The development will be completed within three years. It will give the power company 350,000 horsepower in place of the 20,000 already developed.

SUFFERED EVERYTHING

For Fourteen Years. Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Elgin, Ill.—"After fourteen years of suffering everything from female complaints, I am at last restored to health.

"I employed the best doctors and even went to the hospital for treatment and was told there was no help for me. But while taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I began to improve and I continued its use until I was made well."—Mrs. HENRY LEISEBERG, 743 Adams St.

Kearneysville, W. Va.—"I feel it my duty to write and say what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered from female weakness and at times felt so miserable I could hardly endure being on my feet.

"After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and following your special directions, my trouble is gone. Words fail to express my thankfulness. I recommend your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. G. B. WHITTINGTON.

The above are only two of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which show clearly what great things Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does for those who suffer from woman's ills.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Beauty specialists encounter many hard lines.

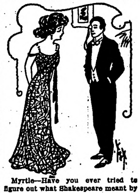
For torpid, inactive or disordered liver, take Garfield Tea. All druggists.

Not Resentful.

"Those people say they don't believe you ever reached the pole."

"That's all right," replied the explorer, as he looked up from his manuscript. "The more doubts there are as to whether I landed or not, the longer this rather remunerative discussion is going to last."

THEN HE WENT.



Myrtle—Have you ever tried to figure out what Shakespeare meant by the words, "Stand not upon the order of your going?"

George—No. Have you?

Myrtle—Yes. The definition is "Don't wait for a house to fall on you."

THANKSGIVING PSALM
A Rhythmical and Grateful Chant.

A teacher in a Terre Haute public school joins in the chorus:

"Teaching is a business which requires a great deal of brain and nerve force. Unless this force is renewed as fast as expended the teacher is exhausted before the close of the year. Many resort to stimulating tonics for relief.

"For 3 years I struggled against almost complete exhaustion, getting what relief I could from doctors' tonics. Then in the spring of 1903 I had an attack of la grippe and malaria which left me too weak to continue my work. Medicine failed to give me any relief, a change of climate failed. I thought I should never be able to go back in school again.

"I ate enough food (the ordinary meats—white bread, vegetables, etc.), but was hungry after meals.

"I happened at this time to read an article giving the experience of another teacher who had been helped by Grape-Nuts food. I decided to try Grape-Nuts and cream, as an experiment. It was a delightful experience, and continues so after a year and a half of constant use.

"First, I noticed that I was not hungry after meals.

"In a few days that tired feeling left me, and I felt fresh and bright, instead of dull and sleepy.

"In three months, more than my usual strength returned, and I had gained 15 pounds in weight.

"I finished the year's work without any kind of tonics—was not absent from duty even half a day.

"Am still in best of health, with all who know me wondering at the improvement.

"I tell them all 'Try Grape-Nuts!'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

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MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IT IS FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

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The Spectator.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, April 27, 1912

Yea verily, politics creates strange situations. The spectacle of the president of the United States and an ex-president taking the stump and passing the lie back and forth must be an edifying one to the outside world.

Governor Eberhart has an order with a press clipping bureau and charges the bill to the state, so that every time a newspaper refers to the governor, a tax is imposed on the people. This little paragraph will cost the people of Minnesota 5 cents.—Long Prairie Leader

Last week we published a list of socialist candidates for county office. Among the number was the name of J. C. Dahl as candidate for judge of probate. Mr. Dahl informs us that he had been several times urged to allow his name to run but has each time refused the honor.

One farm boy from each county in the state is to go to the Minnesota state fair next fall and will have all of his expenses paid by the fair management. All of the boys will camp together in what will be known as the Farm Boys' State Fair encampment. E. C. Higbie, superintendent of the Morris agricultural school, will be in charge of the camp.

Getting Mad

Congressman McKinley, President Taft's manager, is letting his temper show. He shouldn't. It's a bad sign, and belies his pretenses of confidence and security. A man who is confident that he is winning his fight doesn't get angry, no matter what the opposition says or does.

Mr. McKinley swears that Col. Roosevelt is engaged in a "deliberate, reckless and mendacious" campaign to wreck the republican party, and he trusts the people won't let him carry out his fell designs.

Probably Mr. Roosevelt isn't either deliberately, recklessly or mendaciously trying to do anything of the kind. If he were he couldn't begin to accomplish so much toward that end as the bosses and prebendiaries of special privilege, from Mark Hanna to Penrose, Smoot and Tawney, have already done.

One year of Ballinger did more toward wrecking the party than all Roosevelt's utmost vehemence could do in a decade. Three years of Taft bring as their fruits a widespreading popular decision of the republican party and its organization, and a revolt against its leadership. If the republican party is wrecked it will not be those who oppose Taft that will do it. It will be those who opposed Taft four years ago, and who support him now.—Cass Lake Times.

Township Officers in Error

Many township officers throughout the state seem to be under a misapprehension as to Forest Law now in effect. A number evidently still believe themselves to be authorized fire wardens, as under the old Forest Law. Accordingly they have this spring signed claims for fire fighting and sent them to the state forester. Under the new law this is no longer a part of a township officer's duty. For the benefit of any who are still misinformed, the following explanation is made of the true situation.

The new forest law, made effective in 1911, repealed the former law under which township supervisors had been fire wardens. Soon after the new law went into effect all township supervisors who formerly had been fire wardens were notified by mail that they were no longer authorized to expend state money in fire protection work. Under the new law, that area of the state where dangerous fires are most apt to occur has been divided into several large districts. A district forest ranger has been placed in charge of each district. Under each district ranger, during the fire season, are several patrolmen. District rangers and patrolmen, paid through the state forest service, are the only men with direct authority to expend state funds in fire protection work.

However, under the new law it is the duty of all township and city officers to co-operate with the officers of the state forest service. The former are required to look to it that the conditions under their jurisdiction are such as to reduce the fire danger. They will be assisted by the forest officers in securing safer conditions. Local town and city officials should inform them of any condition which constitutes a serious fire danger, when they will take the necessary steps to remove the danger. Local officials should notify some forest officer of any fire which may be too dangerous for any neighborhood to handle without additional aid. It is only on such a dangerous fire, where timber and other property and life are at stake, that a forest officer calls out men. In such case the fire fighters will be paid, except that no man is paid for fighting fire within one mile of his own residence. The latter is true in any case. In no case will a man be paid by the state for fighting fire unless called out by or under the authority of a commissioned forest service officer. This is because the law expects a man to protect his own property and that of his close neighbors without remuneration from the state. Also the law, section 24, requires that township and city organizations assume the responsibility for such fires as may be easily extinguished or are not a menace to life, or to property in considerable extent. This statement applies to any township situated within the established ranger districts, where the fire danger is greatest. It is equally true for such towns as are not included in the established ranger districts and where the fire danger to life and property is not considered to be great. However, should a serious fire occur in any such township, information should be sent at once by the local officials to the state forester. A forest officer can then be sent to the place to investigate and take what steps are necessary.

Township officers are no longer authorized to incur expense for the state in fire protection. But they are required to cooperate with the forest service, as indicated in sections 19 and 24 of the forest law in preventing and controlling fires. They may be held responsible for not doing so.

First Tour to Thief River

Dr. Morely, chairman of the touring committee of the Crookston Automobile club, announces that the club has decided to make the first run of the season to Thief River Falls about May 1, the exact date not having been set.

Stops will be made at St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls and the return trip may be made via a portion of the old Pembina trail but the exact route will not be announced until the return of a scout automobile which will report on the condition of the various roads and which is the most advisable route to take.

The Crookston Automobile club will make several tours this year, and every one of them will attract a big following. There will be no objections this year on the speed question, as all speeding will be eliminated and a pace set at no time that be dangerous or that will bother any one to hold their place in the line.—Crookston Times.

FUN FUN FUN FUN

The High School Seniors will please you.

They are thoroughly drilled and you will enjoy

"THE PRIVATE SECRETARY"

at Imperial Hall, St. Hilaire

Friday evening, May 3

FUN FUN FUN FUN

EXPLAINS POSITION OF PROGRESSIVES

St. Paul, Minn., March 29.—Colonel Roosevelt addressed a large audience here today, taking for his subject "The Welfare of the Farmer." He spoke as follows:

"The purpose of the progressives in this campaign is to restore and secure to the plain people that position of control in the government of their own country which in the working of our institutions is being insidiously wrested from them. We make our appeal alike to business man and professional man, to wage-worker and farmer. In this speech I propose to deal chiefly with the needs of the farmer; for there is nobody of whose economic liberties and opportunities we progressives more earnestly desire to conserve and enlarge. Speaking to the farmers, and to all others who have insight to grasp the essential dependence of the nation on the producers of its food, I shall briefly discuss two great public questions of vital and far-reaching importance; the conservation of natural resources and the betterment of country life.

"It is one of the chief duties—and it is the highest privilege—of a President of the United States to be the active leader and exponent of policies which will help the people to obtain such legislative and administrative reforms as are required to meet any reasonable popular demand which makes for the common good. While I was president I had found that in the first matter—the conservation of the nation's resources—the national conscience had been moved, and that in the second—the condition and outlook of rural population—there was a widespread feeling that things were wrong. Consequently I took definite action in the hope and belief that adequate remedies would be provided, and I now stand for the revival and development of the policies thus initiated.

"Upon conservation I can be brief, for, in its broad outlines at least, the subject is generally understood. What first called attention to the gravity of the question was the destruction of the national forests. It happened fortunately that this important asset of the national wealth came, during my administration, under the charge of Gifford Pinchot, to whom, more than to any other man, is due the credit for having this national peril brought prominently to public notice. He was the first man to realize that the waste of the nation's supply of timber (with the incidental injury alike to irrigation, water power and navigation in our big rivers) was only typical of a wrong attitude of mind in the nation at large towards our heritage and our duty to the generations which are to come after us.

Policy of Conservation.

"The conservation idea caught the popular imagination and the conservation policy rapidly took shape. In the spring of 1908 I called the governors of all the states and territories to meet at a conference in the national capitol. There it was unanimously resolved "that the great prosperity of our country rests upon the abundant resources of the land chosen by our forefathers for their homes," that these resources are "a heritage to be made use of in establishing and promoting the comfort, prosperity and happiness of the American people, but not to be wasted, deteriorated, or needlessly destroyed, and that this material basis is threatened with exhaustion;" that "conservation of our natural resources is a subject of transcendent importance, which should engage unremittingly the attention of the nation, the states and the people in earnest co-operation; and that this co-operation should find expression in suitable action by congress and by the legislatures of the several states."

"I followed this up by the appointment of the National Conservation commission which made the first inventory of natural resources ever prepared for any country. It had begun investigations as the necessary first steps to enable congress and the legislatures of the several states to make intelligent and effective application of the unanimous pronouncement by the chief executives of the states and territories. With this unanimous pronouncement by the chief executives of the states and territories in support of the conservation idea, it was clearly a case where the President of the United States should formulate and lead a conservation policy. This was done. Unfortunately the policy thus begun was completely reversed, by the appointment of Mr. Ballinger and the dismissal of Gifford Pinchot.

Object of Forest Protection.

"The long fight to protect the forests of the United States has not been to keep them out of use, but on the contrary to encourage the utilization of them to the fullest extent consistent with preserving their power of service to the people for all time. Conservation is not keeping out of use, but is putting things to the best use without waste and where possible preserving their perennial usefulness unimpaired. Where public rights exist, conservation is to insure to the public the full enjoyment and benefit of these rights and at the same time to protect and encourage private enterprise engaged in development work.

"The same principle applies to all natural resources. The fertility of the lands must be protected while the annual toll of crops is taken off. No citizen has a right to despoil the land and leave it so impoverished as to imperil the future prosperity and stability of the nation. This nation must not allow its future to be endangered by the reckless exhaustion of the natural resources which are essential means to its existence and greatness and also the sources out of which labor can obtain legitimate satisfaction. The way to defend private property is to obey what is now the settled national resolve as to the proper use and conservation of public property. We progressives declare that this generation shall not pass away without having wiped out of its record the charge of unconcern for the country's future, the failure to follow the instinct which is implanted even in the lower animals—that of the preservation of the race. It behooves us to preserve the means essential to the perpetual welfare of the nation. To accomplish the task effectively two things are of prime importance. In the first place there must be a sound, moral standard on public matters; our public men must represent and respond to the aroused conscience of the people. In the next place all the great natural resources which are vital to the welfare of the whole people should either be kept in the hands of or under the full control of the whole people. This applies to coal, oil, timber, water power, natural gas. Either natural resources of the land should be kept in the hands of the people and their development and use allowed under leasing arrangements (or otherwise); or where this is not possible there should be strict governmental control over their use. All the remaining water power in our country—and probably there are in streams that the government owns or controls 400 millions of man power—should be retained in full by the people, and should be developed and used so as to pay a good fair profit to the developers, but with the prime aim of keeping the ultimate ownership in the people and making its beneficial use by the people the first consideration.

Medical Fees In Old Times.

The remuneration of physicians originally consisted in presents, but at the time of Hippocrates payment in money was already customary. Physicians received also public praise, the "crown of honor," the freedom of the city, the privilege of eating at the king's table. Physicians employed by the state received a yearly salary, as high as $2,000 in some instances. Rich people would pay enormous sums for a successful treatment, and a case is recorded in which $200,000 was paid.—New York Medical Journal.

Republican District Convention

The republican district convention for the Ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota will be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held at Chicago on June 18, 1912, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for president [illegible] may properly come before the convention.

The county conventions to elect delegates thereto will be held in the respective counties on Monday, May 13, A. D. 1912, at places to be designated by the several county committees.

Representation in this convention will be made upon the following basis: Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each two hundred and fifty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for state officers in the year 1910 in such county, and each county shall be allowed in addition thereto five delegates at large. The several counties in the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

Becker	12
Beltrami	11
Clearwater	8
Clay	13
Kittson	8
Marshall	12
Mahnomen	6
Norman	10
Otter Tail	18
Polk	20
Pennington	10
Red Lake	8
Roseau	9
Wilkin	9
Total	154

By order of the Ninth district republican committee.

JOHN PETTERSON, Chairman.
FRED DENNIS, Secretary.
Dated April 8, 1912.

Official Call

For the republican county convention in and for Pennington county, Minnesota, to be held at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, May 13, 1912.

Pursuant to the call of the republican state central committee duly communicated to the republican county committee of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, a republican county delegate convention is hereby called to be held on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1912, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house in Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican state convention to be held on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1912, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, at the armory in Minneapolis, Hennepin county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing six delegates at large and six alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912, and to nominate twelve republican electors for the state of Minnesota; and for the further purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican district convention for the ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota, to be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates and two (2) alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912.

The primaries for the election of delegates to said republican county convention shall be held at the usual voting place in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on Saturday the 11th day of May, 1912, from seven to eight o'clock p. m.

The republican voters of Pennington county, Minnesota, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

The representation to said republican county convention shall be based upon the average republican vote for the following state officers at the election of 1910: Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general. Each voting precinct being entitled to one delegate for each twenty-five or major fraction thereof, and one delegate at at large.

In accordance with above apportionment the several voting precincts in Pennington county, Minnesota, will be entitled to the following number of delegates to the said republican county convention in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

	Total delegates
Bray	2
Black River	2
Clover Leaf	3
Deer Park	2
Goodridge	2
Highlanding	3
Hickory	2
Kratka	3
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
Numedal	2
North	4
Polk Center	1
Reiner	2
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	4
Sanders	3
Silverton	3
Smiley	4
Star	2
Village of St. Hilaire	3
Wyandotte	2
City of Thief River Falls	
First Ward	6
Second "	7
Third "	4
Fourth "	7
Total number of delegates	79

By order of the county central committee of Pennington county, Minnesota.

DANIEL SHAW, Chairman.
H. G. HIEBER, Secretary.

SUMMONS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein } Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You, and each of you, are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which has been filed in the office of the clerk of said court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint upon the subscriber at his office in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

G. HALVORSON,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. m22-a27

NOTICE OF NO PERSONAL CLAIM.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }
In District Court, Fourteenth Judicial District.
Lulu D. Havlorson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons of parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

To the above named defendants:

Take Notice, That no personal claim is made against you or any of you in this action and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that you and each of you have no estate nor interest therein nor lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls, in the county of Pennington [illegible] of Minnesota.

G. HALV[illegible]
Plaintiff [illegible]
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. [illegible]

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

State of Minnesota, } ss
Pennington County. }
In District Court, Fou[illegible] District.
Lulu D. Halvorson, Plain[illegible]
vs.
Michael F. Murphy, Nancy Geerlings, Henry Gorkey, The Piano Mfg. Co., a corporation, and also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, interest, or lien in and to the real property described in the complaint herein. } Defendants.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That an action has been commenced in this court by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants the object of which is to obtain a judgment that the plaintiff is the owner in fee of the following described real property and that said defendants and each of them have no estate or interest therein [illegible] lien thereon: Lots numbered four (4), [illegible] (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine [illegible] (10), eleven (11), twelve (12) in block twenty-six (26) of Porter's Addition to the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

G. HALVO[illegible]
m22-a27 Plaintiff's Atto[illegible]
Thief River Falls, Minnesota.
Dated this 14th day of March, 1912.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE [illegible]

Default having been made in the [illegible] of the sum of thirty six (36[illegible]) [illegible] interest, which became due October [illegible] upon a certain mortgage duly exe[illegible] delivered by David W. Clayt[illegible] Clayton, mortgag[illegible] to Iowa Mortgage and Investment Co., a corporation, [illegible] gee, bearing date the first day of April [illegible] and with a power of sale therein cont[illegible] duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of April, 1907, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., in book [illegible] mortgages on page 441, and now on [illegible] in the office of the register of deeds of [illegible] county of Pennington in said state, book 21 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the [illegible] secured thereby was duly assigned by [illegible] Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 10th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgages on page 406, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 92.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee, thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalie Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final decree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed the said mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalie Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m., in book A of Miscellaneous on Page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 169.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest the whole principal sum of said mortgage did on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalie Rosenberg assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIE ROSENBERG,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn., a6-m11

PATENTS

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READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.

D. SWIFT & CO.

PATENT LAWYERS, [illegible] D. C.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday May 5, at 10:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3350 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
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GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Eddie Carlson went Monday to Crookston.

A. H. Pitkin was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Miss Regna Loberg returned on Tuesday to Crookston.

Victor Brink was in Salol a few days the first of the week.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Tuesday.

P. O. Hagglund transacted business at the county seat Tuesday.

Miss Myrtle Blaine returned from a visit with friends at Crookston on Thursday.

C. A. Pitkin, the Thief River Falls attorney, was in the city on Thursday.

K. O. Gigstad was transacting business at the county seat on Thursday.

Helmer Swanson went Tuesday to Great Falls, Montana, to secure employment.

Auton Aubol purchased a team of mules this week from T. D. Tice, paying therefor the sum of $450.00.

Supt. Mostue was a caller at this office Tuesday. He was on his way to visit schools in the south of the county.

F. B. Roberts of milbank, S. D., was in town last Saturday. He is the owner of the farm occupied by Ed. Hoske.

The St. Hilaire base ball team will play the first game of the season at Red Lake Falls on Sunday, May 5, with the Red Lake Falls team as opponents.

Dr. Spofford, will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Dr. Swanson, D. Paterson, A. S. Wilson, and O. H. Olson attended a meeting of the Masonic lodge at Thief River Falls Monday evening.

Mr. and Mr. Ed. Strom returned Monday to their home at Waubun after an extended visit at the home of their parents Mr. and Mrs. Carlson.

Edwin Anderson came down Wednesday from his home in Canada and went out to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Anderson.

Last week in mentioning the purchase of the Ness residence by Ed. Peterson, we stated the purchase price at $200.00. It should have been $300.00

Mrs. Harry Rishel and children of Avon, S. D., arrived here yesterday for a visit with Mrs. Rishel's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kalland. Miss Ida met them at Moorhead.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire. Will sell cheap if taken at once. House 18 x 30, containing seven rooms.
m23-4t P. A. BLIXT.

Mrs. L. Goldich of Grand Forks was the guest Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar. Mrs. Goldich is sister to Mr. Lazar. She drove down in an auto from Thief River Falls in company with Morris and Miss Annie Gillers.

Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Sevre returned Tuesday from Goldfield, Col., where they went last fall with the hope of deriving benefit for Mrs. Sevre's health. Mr. Sevre has purchased the original Sevre homestead in Sanders township.

Carl Person, who works for John Naplin, was hurt in a run away yesterday. The team he was driving became frightened and he was thrown to the ground. A wheel of the loaded wagon passed over him in such a way as to break his collar bone. The boy has only been in this country about two weeks. He crossed the ocean on the steamship Olympic, just a few days ahead of the ill-fated Titanic.

A statement showing the territory involved in the proposed consolidation of school districts Nos. 102, 178, 24, 237, and 54, and other information in the matter, has been sent to the state superintendent of public instruction for his approval. If he approves of the proposition and twenty-five per cent of the freeholders in the five districts sign a petition for it, the county superintendent will order an election.

Alton Jackson left last evening for St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger went yesterday to Fargo N. D.

B. E. Burkee was in Thief River Falls between trains Monday.

C. C. Elliott is looking after land business in Illinois this week.

The front of the barber shop looks very neat with its fresh coat of paint.

Mrs. G. W. Hooper and Miss Gertrude were at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sjur Hanson of Thief River Falls were over Sunday visitors at the Skeie home.

St. Hilaire school district is credited with $588.75 at the county treasurer's office, taxes received as shown by the March settlement.

The assessors held their regular annual meeting Thursday afternoon and will soon proceed to make their regular appraisements thruout the country.

Sever Skattum moved yesterday into his recently purchased residence on Water street. He has been busy for some time making repairs and improvements on the property.

The senior class of the Thief River Falls high school has decided to give their play, "The Private Secretary," in St. Hilaire Friday evening, May 3. This play was given last Friday evening at home and made a great hit. It is a farce-comedy in three acts—fun from beginning to end.

Pursuant to a call published in the Sunbeam last week, the farmers of northeastren Pennington county are holding a mass meeting today for the purpose of raising funds to employ two or more engineers to go up to the outlet, take the levels of the lake and river, and make a report of the condition as they really are. These reports will be sent to representatives at Washington who will take action to compel the lumber companies to open the river.

Died

Reda Peterson died at her home Sunday, the 21st. inst., of tuberculosis, aged 12 years. Her father, John Peterson, has been dead about 8 years and her mother 3 years. She is survived by five brothers and two sisters.

Funeral services were held from the Clara church, River Falls, last Wednesday. Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Clean Up Notice

Notice hereby given to all property owners in St. Hilaire, to remove all garbage and refuse from their property at the earliest possible date. By order of board of health.
DR. C. SWANSON,
Health Officer

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.
C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie........ 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	103
" " 2 "	101
" " 3 "	97
Flax, No. 1	$1.97
" " 2	1.87
Barley, for 50 lbs	95
Oats	47
Eggs	15
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	75
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@8
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Bring in your Printing

Spring Dress Goods

Just received a fine line of Dress Goods. Also a full line of all kinds of Ribbons

Don't forget Collegian Clothing

DAVID LAZAR

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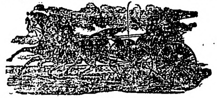

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Rearranging the Case.

"You are charging me $7 a week for board and lodging, Mrs. Irons," said the gray haired person of the name of Harris. "May I ask how you would itemize it? What part of it is for board?"

"Five dollars," replied the landlady.

"And $2 for my room?"

"Yes."

"Well, if you don't mind, Mrs. Irons," he said, proceeding to square up for another week, "we'll consider here after that I'm paying you $5 for lodging and $2 for board. It will seem more as if I were getting the worth of my money."—Chicago Tribune.

The Fortune Tellers.

Lady—Poor man! So you are just out of jail? Tramp—Yes, mum. I was a victim of fortune tellers ten years ago. Lady—Indeed? Tramp—Yes, mum. The district attorney told me where I'd ever been and what I'd ever done during my whole life, and the judge predicted where I would be for the next ten years.—Puck.

Courtship In the North.

The old Eskimo lit a cup of walrus oil and peered over the sealskin curtain.

"Aurora," he called, sharply, "is that young man down there yet?"

"Yes, pa," answered the Eskimo belle.

"Well, I want you to cut him out, understand?"

"Er—you'll have to do it yourself, pa. He has been here so long he is frozen to the snow settee."—Success Magazine.

Qualified.

The great magazine editor sneered. "What right have you," he asked, "to think you'll ever make a poet?"

"Well, sir," the youth said timidly, "I've been fasting man in a sideshow for the last two seasons."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No man is wise at all times.—Pliny the Elder.

There are about 26,800 worms to an acre of cultivable land.

A Sentiment Scorned.

"A dog is man's patient, faithful friend."

"Naturally," answered the harsh analyst, "he depends on a man to be his meal ticket."—Washington Star.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
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GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
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CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY

DRILLS, Shoe and Single Disc
DISC HARROWS, all sizes
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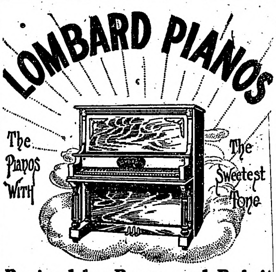
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf

HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Free Color Plans

for any rooms you want to decorate

You can have the prettiest walls in your town, at the least cost. Our expert designers will plan the work for you FREE.

Get This Book 20 Pretty Rooms

—we will mail you a copy Free. It tells how to have the best decorating at least cost, is full of new color schemes and shows dozens of the exquisite Alabastine tints, famous for their soft, refined qualities.

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

is more in vogue in modern homes than wall paper or paint and costs far less. All kalsomine colors are harsh and crude beside Alabastine tints. Absolutely sanitary, germ-proof, does not chip, peel or rub off. Easy to use—just mix with cold water and put on. Directions on each package. Full 5-lb. package, White 50c; Regular Tints 55c.

Alabastine Company

55 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich. New York City, Desk 5, 105 Water Street

F. P. 20TH CENTURY Corset

STYLE 270

The Automatic Boning gives what the 20th Century woman *demands*;—it yields to every movement of the body.

In bending there is a sliding movement distributing the strain.

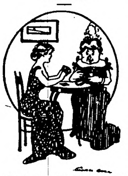
The Automatic Steels are *warranted not to break for one year*; and no other corset possesses this advantage.

AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50

BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.

233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

HER IDEA.



Mrs. S. Ciete (teaching her whist)—Have you any diamonds?

Mrs. Newriche—Well, I guess. I've got nearly $40,000 worth of 'em upstairs.

Useful Agent for Show.

Al. G. Field, the minstrel man, has another story which he is telling. He says that not long ago an attache of his show was sent out in an Iowa town to give some handbills, or heralds, to boys for distribution. The man found only one boy willing to work. He didn't deem it necessary to explain to the boy that the bills were to be distributed about town. He took it for granted that the boy knew. The youngster took the printed slips of paper and the man gave him a quarter and left. Half an hour later the showman chanced to pass along the street and saw the boy standing on the sidewalk, crying.

"What's the matter?" asked the man.

The boy gave a couple of final sobs and, wiping his eyes on his sleeve, said:

"A man jist come along an' took one of my bills."

As the Streets Are Cleaned.

Mother—Well?

Tommy—Don't you think I might let the rain wash my face instead of removing the dirt myself?

Every Crisp, Little Flake *Of*

Post Toasties

has a flavour all its own.

"Toasties" are made of selected white Indian corn; first cooked, then rolled into wafer-like bits and toasted to an appetizing golden brown.

A favorite food for breakfast, lunch or supper in thousands upon thousands of homes where people are particular.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Mich.

MINNESOTA BRIEFS

Week's History in Gopher State Told in Paragraphs.

Preston.—In the hottest fight in the history of the town Preston defeated license by one vote.

Duluth, April 16.—Thomas Healy, a business man at Proctor, a suburb, was held up by two men and robbed of $1,300.

Duluth. — Thomas Healy, a business man at Proctor, a suburb, was held up by two men and robbed of $1,300. The robbery took place in the main section of the village.

Minneapolis.—A bleached skull of a man, which apparently had lain there for at least twenty years, was found by laborers in the cellar of a razed building on the new postoffice site.

Duluth.—Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Silvey, prominent residents of Duluth, were on board the Titanic. Mrs. Silvey is reported safe. No word concerning Mr. Silvey has been received.

St. Paul.—Eight thousand and five hundred acres of land were sold by Theodore Nelson, in charge of the land sales department of the state auditor's office at Duluth. The prices ranged from $5 to $36. The average price was $8.

Hastings.—Henry Zusan, an old resident of Hastings, aged seventy years, while presumably in an unbalanced state of mind, created a sensation by making a high dive from the spiral bridge over the Mississippi river, a distance of about 75 feet. He was unhurt.

Red Wing. — Governor Eberhart was the guest of honor at a banquet in the Lutheran ladies' seminary here. Following the banquet the Governor spoke in the seminary chapel to the students and invited friends. The Governor addressed the high school pupils during the afternoon.

St. Paul.—Theodore Solberg of Oakland, Neb., told H. J. Maxfield, immigration commissioner, that if the Minnesota soil is right he will plant a colony of Swedes in the northern part of the state. He inquired about the soil near Bruno, Pine county. Mr. Maxfield said he would tell Mr. Solberg to send his colony as the soil had been tested and that Swedes grow abundantly in Pine county as in other parts of the state.

Winona.—At the annual meeting of the board of education it was decided to procure Prof. Gray of the University of Minnesota to give an address at the commencement exercises in June, in preference to the former oratorical contest in which the students took part. The action was taken on the suggestion made by the senior class some time ago, and the change has been met by the approval of the entire high school faculty.

Duluth.—More than 3,000 acres of state and school lands were sold at the state sale here. The sale was the first of the year in St. Louis county and was conducted by Theodore Nelson, manager of the land sales department of the state auditor's office. While a majority of the tracts disposed of were sold at about $5 an acre, some of the parcels were bid up to $8.25. The average price was $5.25. About 150 bidders were present.

Minneapolis.—Students at the University of Minnesota are either growing less studious or their work is being graded more rigidly, according to comparative figures on the number "below" in their work, compiled by Registrar E. B. Pierce and made public. With 105 less students registered than last year, an increase of "low marks" amounting to seventy-three was shown. The increase came entirely from the law college, where "flunks," "cons" and "incompletes" aggregated considerably more than an average of one to each student. The total was 376, with a total enrollment of only 306. Last year there were but 151 low-grade marks distributed, with an enrollment of 367. The figures compiled by Registrar Pierce include the academic, mines, engineering, chemistry and law colleges. In the five the total registration for the present school year was 2,460, compared to 2,065 last year. Every college showed a decrease in attendance except the chemistry college, which reported an increase of 17.

St. Paul.—Official call for the republican state nominating convention was issued by chairman E. E. Smith and Secretary J. A. O. Preus of the republican state committee. As decided by the committee at its meeting April 2, the convention will be held July 2, at 12 o'clock noon, in the St. Paul auditorium. County conventions are to be held June 28, and caucuses according to call by the county committees. The call provides for nomination of the ticket in the following order: Chief justice, two associate justices of the supreme court, congressman at large, governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general, and two railroad and warehouse commissioners. The apportionment of delegates is the same as for the delegate convention May 16. There will be 1,106 in all, Hennepin county having 84.

Appleton.—Frank Kanult, an elderly farmer living near here, died from the effects of a kick from one of his horses. He had just fed his team preparatory to going to work and was passing behind them when one of the horses kicked him in the stomach, causing his death in a few hours.

Duluth.—Manager Currie of the Duluth branch of the Lake Carriers' association announced that he has engaged and sent 200 men abroad the ships in Duluth-Superior harbor and that by the time interlake navigation opens there will be more than 500 aboard the fleet that wintered here.

Minneapolis.—Zuhrah temple, Mystic Shrine, will have a ceremonial session Friday evening, April 26, in honor of Imperial Potentate John F. Treat of Fargo, and it is expected that prominent Shriners from many parts of the state will come to Minneapolis for the occasion. It will be the last ceremonial session of Zuhrah temple until fall.

Duluth.—The steamer Easton today broke out through heavy ice at the canal entrance and went east along the north shore. She will make Two Harbors and then will endeavor to reach Grand Marais with food.

MISS HARRIET QUIMBY

Miss Quimby, the first woman to win a pilot's license in America, has added to her laurels by flying alone across the English channel, being the first woman to perform that feat.

TROUBLE ON THE OLYMPIC

300 FIREMEN ON BIG LINER STRIKE.

Walk Out Five Minutes Before Sailing Time, Declaring Lifeboats Unsafe.

Southampton, April 25.—Three hundred of the firemen and greasers belonging to the crew of the Olympic struck five minutes before the White Star liner was due to sail for New York. The men deserted the ship in a body. They gave as their reason for striking that the collapsible lifeboats installed on the vessel were unseaworthy.

A deputation of men employed in the engine room of the Olympic waited on the officers of the ship and on Commander Clarke, the chief of the emigration office in Southampton, to whom they declared that the collapsible craft on the Olympic were flimsy.

They refused to sail unless wooden lifeboats were substituted for the collapsible ones and also demanded that two additional seamen be signed, one for each boat.

Commander Clarke argued with the men, explaining that it was impossible to secure wooden lifeboats in time. He assured them he previously had officially examined the collapsible boats and was satisfied with them.

Commander Clarke offered to take the Olympic to the Cowes Roads and allow any of the crew to select boat or boats on board, and he would prove by demonstration they were absolutely safe. The men refused to be convinced and left the ship in a body. They attempted to get all the seamen also to leave the liner, but this move was checkmated by the White Star officials, who removed all the gangways.

By pressing into service all the available engine room hands on the White Star and American liners in port the Olympic was able to leave dock just before 2 p. m. and proceed down Southampton water, where she awaits a fresh aggregation of firemen and greasers.

One of the strikers alleged he put his thumb through the canvas of one of the new collapsible boats. The White Star officials declared the requisite complement of firemen, greasers and crew is abroad the Olympic and that the vessel will shortly proceed on her voyage.

The Olympic has 1,400 passengers on board.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR ELECT

George H. Stone, Wadena, Is Chosen Grand Commander.

St. Paul, April 25.—The Grand Commandery, Knights Templar of Minnesota, held its forty-seventh annual conclave in Masonic Temple, St. Paul, and concluded the session with the election and installation of the following officers:

Grand commander, George H. Stone, Wadena; deputy grand commander, Nelson C. Pike, Lake City; grand generalissimo, John M. Rowley, Rochester; grand captain general, Eugene C. Bonniwell, Minneapolis; grand senior warden, Jesse Norton, Duluth; grand junior warden, Eugene W. McCord, St. Paul; grand prelate, Rev. Alfred C. Pinkham, St. Paul; grand treasurer, Charles E. Ovenshire, Minneapolis; grand recorder, John Fishel, St. Paul; grand standard bearer, Alfred C. Page, Austin; grand sword bearer, Thomas Morris, Crookston; grand warden, Charles S. Schurman, St. Paul.

The only other business was the granting of a charter to a new commandery at St. Peter. The conclave concluded with a banquet.

TRACTOR CO. BORROWS.

Minneapolis Concern Borrows Half Million Dollars in New York.

New York, April 25.—The Gas Traction company of Minneapolis has sold to Potter, Choate & Prentice $500,000, part of an authorized issue of $1,000,000 6 per cent gold notes, dated April 1, 1912, maturing April 1, 1914, to provide additional working capital owing to unusual growth of the company's business. The notes are a first lien on all the assets of the company.

Winona Anglers to Entertain.

Winona.—The state fish commission is to visit Winona in May, and members of the Winona County Fishermen's Association are planning to take them by auto to the different trout streams and the benefits that have resulted from the systematic stocking practiced for some years past. The commissioners will also visit the government fish station at Homer. Those in the party coming here will be George J. Bradley, O. J. Johnson, J. A. Wessel, H. L. Ogilvie, d. A. Rider and E. W. Cobb.

GREATEST LESSON OF LIFE

The One Thing Above All That a Woman Should Be Quick to Learn and Remember.

The woman who makes good must be blessed with strength and health, and an ambition to learn and take advantage of every opportunity that comes her way. She must work with all her heart and play with all her heart; above all things avoiding indifference.

Hers is the temperament that recognizes that encouragement is all nice and pretty, but if one is going to do the thing that counts one doesn't need it; that refuses to be dismayed by repeated failures and that has a certain faith that what has been done by many may be done by another; that nobody goes through life without disappointments, heartaches and the breaking of pet illusions; that there is nothing more common than trouble, but that it is the wise ones of earth that keep it in the background. That's the great lesson of life.—Exchange.

ALMOST CRAZY WITH ECZEMA

"I, the undersigned, cannot give enough praise to the Cuticura Remedies. I had been doctoring for at least a year for eczema on my foot. I had tried doctor after doctor all to no avail. When a young girl I sprained my ankle three different times, paying little or no attention to it, when five years ago a small spot showed upon my left ankle. I was worried and sent for a doctor. He said it was eczema. He drew a small bone from the ankle about the size of a match and about an inch long. The small hole grew to about the size of an apple, and the eczema spread to the knee. The doctors never could heal the hole in the ankle. The whole foot ran water all the time.

"My husband and my sons were up night and day wheeling me from one room to another in the hope of giving me some relief. I would sit for hours at a time in front of the fireplace hoping for daybreak. The pain was so intense I was almost crazy, in fact, I would lose my reason for hours at a time. One day a friend of mine dropped in to see me. No more had she glanced at my foot than she exclaimed: 'Mrs. Finnegan, why in the world don't you try the Cuticura Remedies!' Being disgusted with the doctors and their medicines, and not being able to sleep at all, I decided to give the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment a trial. After using them three days that night I slept as sound as a silver dollar for eight long hours. I awoke in the morning with but very little pain, in fact, I thought I was in heaven. After using the Cuticura Remedies for three months I was perfectly restored to health, thanks to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I will be sixty-four years of age my next birthday, hale and hearty at present." (Signed) Mrs. Julia Finnegan, 2234 Hebert St., St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 7, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Not Needed There.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley was asked the other day if he had heard anything about the recent invention which gives to new wine all the properties of old wine.

"No, I haven't," Doctor Wiley replied. Then, with a smile, he added: "But, by Jove, I attended a musical comedy performance the other night which certainly must have been treated with that invention."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The man with money speaks the truth.

No harmful drugs in Garfield Tea. It is composed wholly of simple health-giving herbs.

Dream of marriage signifies madness.

WOMEN AND HEALTH.

Women are beginning to realize more fully that good health is not to be found in the use of cosmetics and face powders. The appearance of health may follow facial treatment, but health itself lies much deeper than the surface.

Most important to the health of every woman is regularity of the bowels and digestive organs. The weary eyes, bad breath, frequent headaches, pimples and general air of lassitude, is in most every case due to constipation or indigestion, or both. There are various remedies prescribed for this condition, but the easiest, most pleasant and certainly effective, is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin known to druggists as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This simple remedy is far preferable to harsh salts and cathartics and violent purgative waters that disturb the whole system without affording more than temporary relief.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a tonic laxative, mild in its action, pleasant to the taste and positive in its effect, strengthening the muscles of stomach and bowels so that after a short time these organs regain the power to perform their natural functions without assistance.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried it, write for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.; he will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

Story of a Bible.

A case that had to do with the theft of a Bible was before the grand jury some time ago and after it had been disposed of, George W. Seibert, foreman of the jury, related a story in which a Bible figured prominently. Mr. Seibert said that his mother had given him an old-fashioned family Bible when he married. About two years after his marriage Mr. Seibert needed money, he said, and had almost decided to dispose of the Bible. When such thoughts were occupying his mind, Mr. Seibert picked up the Bible one day and began turning over the leaves of the book. He had passed over several pages when his eyes fell on two $50 bills. His mother had placed them in the Bible when she had presented the book to him. Mr. Seibert still has the Bible.—Indianapolis News.

Needn't Kiss Husband.

Supreme Court Justice Mareau in Brooklyn, dismissed the suit of Samuel Markowitz, a New York real estate broker, for the annulment of his marriage to Mildred Markowitz.

"It is absurd to frame such issues," Justice Mareau said. "Practically the plaintiff asks an annulment of his marriage to the girl because she refused to kiss him."

The young woman was eighteen years old when she married Markowitz, who, as alleged, had already had four wives, of whom two had died and two were divorced.

Right in His Line.

"Who was that man I had for a partner at bridge last evening?"

"He's a writer of farces."

"I might have known it."

"Why?"

"He made some mighty funny plays."

A better thing than tooth powder to cleanse and whiten the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay is a preparation called Paxtine Antiseptic. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Shrewdness.

"And why are you writing 'Personal' on that envelope?"

"I want the man's wife to read the letter."

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Nothing pleases a woman more than her inability to show her age.

OF SMALL CONCERN TO HIM

Why Uncle Eph Refused Information He Felt to Be Altogether Superfluous.

When Robert H. Davis was young and loose in the feet he once wandered into a little Mississippi town. It was a bright day in the early spring and he walked down one street. By and by he came to the county jail—a two-storied affair, standing flush with the sidewalk. "There was a negro pressing his face against the barred window on the second floor," said Mr. Davis, "holding on to the bars and yawning. By and by an old negro came limping along the street toting a whitewash bucket.

"'Hello, Uncle Eph'm,' says the one in the window.

"'Howdy,' says Ephraim, limping on.

"'Wait a minute, uncle,' says this lonesome negro in the window. 'What time is it, uncle?'

"Uncle Ephraim limped right on. He hardly looked up.

"'What diffunce does it make to you, niggeh?' he asked. 'You ain't goin' nowhere.'"—New York Letter to the Cincinnati Times-Star.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Women's College for Buddhists.

A university is to be founded by the Buddhists for the high education of women. A meeting is reported to have taken place at the Nishi-Honganji temple, Kyoto, in which it was unanimously decided to carry on the undertaking as a work of the Women's Association of this Buddhist sect. The cost for the institute is estimated at 280,000 yen.

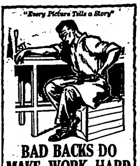
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The more birthdays a woman has the less she has to say about them.

Health is the fashion. Take Garfield Tea, the herb laxative which purifies the blood and brings good health.

Some men never brag about themselves—and don't blame them.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"



BAD BACKS DO MAKE WORK HARD

Backache makes the daily toil, for thousands, an agony hard to endure.

Many of these poor sufferers have kidney trouble and don't know it.

Swollen, aching kidneys usually go hand in hand with irregular kidney action, headache, dizziness, nervousness and despondency.

Just try a box of Doan's Kidney Pills, the best-recommended special kidney remedy. This good medicine has cured thousands.

HERE'S A TYPICAL CASE—

Henry J. White, 416 N. 3rd St., Ft. Smith, Ark., says: "I suffered everything but death from terrible kidney trouble. I had awful headaches and dizzy spells, urine scalded and my back ached constantly. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely and I have had no sign of kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

DOAN'S Kidney Pills

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

OVER 100 YEARS OLD **Pettit's Eye Salve**

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

HAPPY THO' MARRIED?

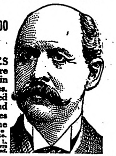
There are unhappy married lives, but a large percentage of these unhappy homes are due to the illness of the wife, mother or daughter. The feelings of nervousness, the befogged mind, the ill-temper, the pale and wrinkled face, hollow and circled eyes, result most often from those disorders peculiar to women. For the woman to be happy and good-looking she must naturally have good health. Dragging-down feelings, hysteria, hot-flashes or constantly returning pains and aches—are too great a drain upon a woman's vitality and strength. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores weak and sick women to sound health by regulating and correcting the local disorders which are generally responsible for the above distressing symptoms.

MRS. DICKOVER.

"I suffered greatly for a number of years and for the past three years was so bad that life was a misery to me," writes MRS. B. F. DICKOVER, of Utica, Ohio, Route 4. "The doctors told me I would have to go to a hospital before I would ever be better. A year ago this winter and spring I was worse than ever before. At each period I suffered like one in torment. I am the mother of six children. I was so bad for five months that I knew something must be done, so I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce, telling him as nearly as I could how I suffered. He outlined a course of treatment which I followed to the letter. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and one of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and a fifty-cent bottle of 'Smart-Weed,' and have never suffered much since. I wish I could tell every suffering woman the world over what a boon Dr. Pierce's medicines are. There is no use wasting time and money doctoring with anything else or any one else."

The Medical Adviser by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y., answers hosts of delicate questions about which every woman, single or married ought to know. Sent *free* on receipt of 31 stamps to pay for wrapping and mailing only.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES



$2.25 $2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 & $5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

WEAR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

You can save money because they are more economical and satisfactory in style, fit and wear than any other makes. W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take No Substitute.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. *Fast Color Eyelets used.*

NEVADA *has* "Come Back" Strong

"The Mother Lode"

The State that gave us the *"Mother Lode"* some fifty years ago is going to be one of the garden spots of America. The hundreds of millions of dollars they took from *inside* the earth in that Mother Lode will look like a *penny-bank* when they spread the *irrigation waters* on Nevada's sagebrush plains. Get in on the *ground floor*, and get in *now*. Don't wait; don't hesitate.

Union-Southern Pacific

STANDARD ROUTE OF THE WEST

Protected by Automatic Electric Block Safety Signals

will take you there. A Low Round-Trip Homeseekers' Excursion Fare will be in effect on the first and third Tuesdays of each month during 1912.

Land that has been *begging* at 25 cents an acre will, under irrigation, be worth *thousands of dollars* to you in a few short years.

There is no argument; there's no question about it! Idaho, and Utah, and Colorado, and a *dozen* other states have done it—and Nevada *will*. You have asked for *your* opportunity? *Here* it is. You wanted *your* chance? *You've* got it. This is the start—the beginning. It is the very *bull's-eye* of opportunity in a state that is comparatively new. It's the chance of *little capital* and *shrewd brains*. One dollar now will do the work of a *thousand* later on.

The lands listed below are owned by the Southern Pacific Company. They offer them to Homeseekers at from $2 to $6 per acre, on ten years' time; one-tenth cash, 6 per cent interest on deferred payments.

50,000 Acres of dry farming lands in Humboldt County, near Winnemucca.
23,600 Acres in Elko County, near Deeth—90 per cent. dry farming lands and the balance grazing lands.
5,000 Acres in Lyon County, near Churchill, which are subject to cultivation under dry-farming methods.

Come down to the Union-Southern Pacific *today* and learn about them and the wonderful irrigation projects under way.

Form a party. Tell your friends. Do it *now!* Or, don't ever say again that all the *chances* for fortune lie in the *past*. (102)

GERRIT FORT
Passenger Traffic Mgr., Union Pacific R. R.
No. 2 Dodge Street, Omaha, Neb.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912. NUMBER, 43.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Congress.

On Sunday eulogies were pronounced on the late Representative Madison of Kansas.

The house agreed to the conference report on the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill.

The senate passed the Cummins bill to permit appeal from the tobacco trust dissolution decree.

The senate adopted resolutions calling for comprehensive investigation of Titanic disaster.

The naval affairs committee agreed to authorize $1,000,000 for a worldwide wireless system for the navy.

President Taft's managers charge unfair intimidation of federal officeholders by Colonel Roosevelt's supporters.

Chairman Pujo of the money trust investigating committee introduced a resolution asking for more power for the committee.

The house considered Chairman Pujo's resolution to extend power of the so-called "money trust" investigating committee.

The senate adopted a joint appropriation of $1,500,000 for immediate use in repairing levees on the lower Mississippi river.

The senate called again upon the attorney general for all correspondence on reorganization of the International Harvester company.

Representative Campbell attacked Colonel Roosevelt as one who "assailed every man who ventured to disagree with him on any question."

Representative Malby submitted a minority report on the sugar investigation, declaring beet sugar factories were not controlled by the sugar trust.

The merchant marine committee favorably reported the Alexander resolution calling upon the president to invite nations to international conference to establish steamship lines on the north Atlantic.

The resolution of Representative Norris of Nebraska, calling on the department of justice for all papers and information in its possession concerning the charges against Judge Archbald, of the United States commerce court, passed the house without debate.

General.

Three were killed in a tornado at Ponca City, Okl.

LaFollette predicts a deadlock at Chicago and his own nomination.

The house passed a resolution providing for a thorough investigation of the money trust.

Politicians at Washington cling to the belief that Bryan may yet enter the presidential race.

A state of anarchy is declared to exist on the west coast of Mexico and Americans are in danger.

Declaring the lifeboats unsafe, 300 members of the crew of the Olympic refused to go aboard at New York.

Correspondence bearing on the failure to prosecute the International Harvester company was made public.

Senator Martine introduced a resolution to send revenue cutters to the scene of the Titanic disaster to remain a month in hope of finding bodies

Chung Mun Yew, the old Yale coxswain, has been appointed minister of the Chinese republic to the United States, according to a Shanghai dispatch.

The senate judiciary sub-committee unanimously favored the nomination of Richard Sloan for Arizona district judge after investigating charges against him.

Memorial services were held in the American Presbyterian church at Montreal for M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk railway, who was drowned in the Titanic disaster.

Partial home rule for Alaska, with authority vested in the legislature to grant to women the right to vote, was approved by the house when it passed the bill for a local Alaskan government.

Because the Western Union Telegraph company refused to pay its tax assessment in the state of Idaho, the assistant attorney general, O. M. Van duyn, has authorized the seizure of the company's property.

Woman suffrage scored its first victory in the house, when, by a vote of 81 to 35, an amendment was adopted assuring to the Alaskan legislature the right to "modify the qualification of electors by extending the elective franchise to women."

The Missouri supreme court continued the ouster case of the state against three lumber companies to the October term.

Representative Norris of Nebraska introduced a resolution directing the president to transmit to the house a copy of any charges against Judge Archbald of the commerce court.

Because of a fancied grievance, Richard Stahl, aged 35, a farmer living near Piedmont, S. D., shot and killed Mayor Elmer Ladd of Sturgis. He surrendered and a little while later cut his throat from ear to ear in his cell and died in a few minutes.

Bishop Bashford of Peking believes that the Chinese republic is firmly established.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley advocated before the Interstate Commerce committee a bill to require net weight of food packages to be stamped thereon.

The list of dead in the Illinois tornado is placed at seventy-two.

President Taft, in a spirited address at Boston, replied to criticisms of Colonel Roosevelt.

The development of Alaska coal fields was the subject of a conference at the White house.

A bitter indictment of . Bruce Ismay was made in the senate by Rayner of Maryland.

Mr. Roosevelt made an extended explanation of his position in the harvester trust report.

Speaker Clark, while in his office suffered an attack of lumbago and later went to his home.

A body thought to be that of George W. Widener was found near the scene of the Titanic sinking.

In North Carolina Roosevelt said if he got the nomination he proposed to break into the solid south.

The senate will insist on its amendment to the house resolution for election of senators by direct vote.

An unknown steamer, it was testified, saw the plight of the Titanic, but failed to stop and proffer aid.

The German government will make no official protest against the closing of the Dardenelles by Turkey.

Officers, crew and passengers of the Titanic who perished are described as acting the part of heroes.

A new tower replacing the one which fell ten years ago, was dedicated with imposing ceremony at Venice.

British Ambassador Bryce and Mrs. Bryce left Washington for San Francisco, from whence they will sail for New Zealand.

William J. Bryan conferred with senators and representatives regarding popular election of senators and other legislation.

John Redell, former chief of the First battalion of the Chicago fire department and later chief at Omaha, died in Chicago.

Herbert S. Hadley, the governor, was the leader of the Roosevelt forces which triumphed in the Missouri republican state convention.

Governor Herbert S. Hadley and his friends swung the Missouri state republican convention for Colonel Roosevelt after a twenty-four hour deadlock.

Edmee Chandon, a French girl, has been made assistant astronomer at the Paris observatory. She has been connected with the observatory for four years.

The bodies of Colonel John Jacob Astor and Isador Straus, the millionaire merchant of New York, who lost their lives in the Titanic disaster, have been recovered.

Interest in republican national politics already at a high pitch in California, was intensified by the arrival of Senator La Follette to begin a four days' personal campaign.

The body of Major General Frederick Dent Grant, U. S. A., in its final resting place in the military cemetery at West Point. The last rites of burial were very impressive.

Sidney Phoenix, aged eighty-three, the oldest Yale graduate in the west in the age of his class, and a prominent Presbyterian minister and missionary, died at Minneapolis.

Chairman Norman E. Mack of the democratic national committee issued a call for the committee on arrangements for the national convention to meet at Baltimore Saturday, April 27.

Two Americans have been imprisoned at Chihuahua, Mexico, since March 16, according to a message received at the state department from Marion Letcher, the American consul.

Representatives of soft coal miner of Ohio, eastern Pennsylvania, Illinois and Pennsylvania and of the united mine workers of those states, have signed the wage agreement by the referendum vote of the miners.

Representative Stanley attacked the Roosevelt administration for alleged favoritism toward the harvester trust.

The house insular affairs committee favorably reported the bill providing for Filipino independence in 1912.

American men and women eat too much and enjoy life too little, says Paul Saundray, a wholesale dealer in fancy groceries, whose home is in Paris and who is in California to promote trade relations with the United States.

William Jennings Bryan was best man at the marriage in Philadelphia of Mrs. Catharine Carlson of that city to W. J. Dwyer, a newspaper man of Washington, D. C. The latter and Mr. Bryan have been friends for many years.

Herman Hirschfield of Bay City, Mich., who is held at Centerville, Ia., as a leprosy subject by order of Michigan state board of health, said he would spend $100,000 in efforts to prevent the authorities sending him to a leper colony.

Personal.

Robert Bacon, who recently resigned the post of American ambassador to France, is on his way home.

The Oregon delegation is instructed for Roosevelt.

A large fund is being raised in England for Titanic sufferers.

Roosevelt and Taft are giving and taking lusty political body blows.

Champ Clark's victory in Nebraska gave much encouragement to his friends.

W. J. Bryan thinks a dark horse will be nominated by the republican national convention.

Dr. D. K. Pearson, 92 years of age, died in Chicago. Dr. Pearson had given away more than $5,000,000 during the last years of his life.

TAFT AND T. R. TIED

STRUGGLE TO GAIN CONTROL OF MASSACHUSETTS DELEGATION IS CLOSE.

CLARK LEADING WILSON.

District Delegates Equally Divided—Half of State Heard From—Taft Carries Boston by 600 Majority.

Boston, Mass.—The struggle for the control of the Massachusetts delegation to the republican convention in Chicago between President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt was so close yesterday that at midnight, with half of the state tabulated, the two aspirants for nomination were running neck and neck for presidential preference, while incomplete returns showed that they had also an equal division of the district delegates.

Returns from 711 out of 1,080 election precincts: La Follette, 1,130 Roosevelt, 43,836; Taft, 45,239. Delegates at large: Baxter (heading Roosevelt group), 45,441; Crane (heading Taft group), 40,030.

Democrats Overshadowed.

The closeness of the fight in the republican ranks overshadowed the contest in the democratic party. Returns from half the state gave Speaker Clark 19,706, Governor Wilson 8,597. Of the delegates at large, Coughlin, who was pledged to Governor Foss, polled 18,419, while George Fred Williams received 6,426 votes in the same precincts.

The La Follette vote failed to reach four figures.

The Taft leaders seemed sure of carrying the First district and actually won the Eleventh, consisting of a number of the wards in the back bay section.

Returns up to 2:00 a. m.

Returns from the several districts at 2 a. m. were:

First district, 66 out of 109 precincts: Taft delegates, 362; Roosevelt delegates, 859.

Second district, 40 out of 78 precincts: Taft, 3,835; Roosevelt, 2,541.

Third, 33 out of 67; Taft, 2,568; Roosevelt, 1,665.

Fourth, 31 out of 72: Roosevelt, 3,038; Taft, 2,200.

Fifth, 46 out of 89: Roosevelt, 3,554; Taft, 3,077.

Sixth, 41 out of 65: Roosevelt, 3,689; Taft, 3,329.

Seventh, 28 out of 72: Roosevelt, 3,934; Taft, 3,331.

Eighth, 11 out of 71: Taft, 971; Roosevelt, 798.

Ninth, 82 out of 86: Roosevelt, 1,400; Taft, 1,357.

Tenth, 68 out of 80: Taft, 3,958; Roosevelt, 3,592.

Eleventh, 2 Taft delegates elected.

Twelfth, 15 out of 61: Roosevelt, 1,044; Taft, 958.

Thirteenth, 27 out of 64: Taft, 1,256; Roosevelt, 1,007.

Fourteenth, 48 out of 94: Roosevelt, 2,877; Taft, 1,937.

President Taft carried Boston, exclusive of Hyde Park, by 600, but ran behind in the small towns.

At the Roosevelt headquarters there was far more jubilation than among those who assembled to look over returns compiled by the Taft leaders.

About one-third of the state closed its polls at 4 o'clock or earlier and by 9 or 10 o'clock these returns were well in hand. As the remainder of the state did not cease voting until from 8 to 8:30 o'clock, there was a four-hour lull in tabulation of returns.

Roosevelt Claims Majority of 7,000.

Washington.—Massachusetts was claimed for Roosevelt by 7,000 majority at the Roosevelt headquarters here at midnight. Senator Dixon, Colonel Roosevelt's manager, issued the following statement:

"The result in Massachusetts settled the Taft candidacy to the exclusion of every reasonable doubt. The revolt of the rank and file of the republican party against Taft's leadership is overwhelming and complete. Roosevelt will be nominated at Chicago on the first ballot and will be elected in November by the biggest majority ever given a presidential candidate."

Porto Rico for Taft.

San Juan, Porto Rico.—The local territorial republican convention has elected Mateo Fajardo and S. Behn delegates to the Chicago convention. They have been instructed for President Taft.

Two More Delegates for Taft.

Concord, New Hampshire.—The Second New Hampshire district delegates to the republican national convention are S. C. Shedd and Orton B. Brown, instructed for Taft.

Two Instructed for Taft.

Tellulah, Louisiana. — The fifth Louisiana district delegates to the republican national convention are F. W. Green of Lake Providence and W. P. Insley of Delhi, instructed for Taft.

Two in Kansas for Roosevelt.

Newton, Kansas. — Eight district delegates to the republican national convention: C. H. Davison, Wichita; Harry Woods, Wellington, instructed for Roosevelt. William Allen White of Emporia was indorsed for national committeeman.

Crusade on Comic Supplement.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Steps to abolish the comic supplement in newspapers and the substitution of art pictures will be taken by the international kindergarten union.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

RED RIVER WHEAT GOOD.

Germination Is Good and Crop and Seeding Condition are Fine.

Crookston.—The first planting of spring wheat is up in the Red River valley, and on Sunday last scores of automobiles were run from the city in all directions for an inspection of the fields. Special interest was taken because of the stress that had been laid upon the necessity of testing all grain sown this spring. The wheat is coming up even and the germination of the grain sown is as high as it ever was in all the fields examined. Scores of wheat fields are showing shoots nicely above the ground and a few oat fields are up, but most of the farmers are just beginning to sow oats. Many finished their wheat seeding last week.

The number of gasoline plows at work this year is trebled over any previous year. All of the big companies have been rushed with orders. Many of the people who purchased land last fall or during the winter had gasoline tractors and plows placed on them as soon as the ground was fit this spring. Henry I. Baldwin purchased a full section of land in Fanny township, 640 acres, put a gasoline tractor pulling six 16-inch plows, attached a shoe drill behind the plows and is plowing and seeding twenty-four acres a day to oats. He will seed the entire section to oats, barley and flax.

The Crookston State bank reports that men to whom they sold land are doing the same thing, and at least fifty of such rigs are working within a radius of fifteen miles from Crookston.

The weather for seeding continues ideal. Many farmers are entirely through seeding wheat and 75 per cent of the wheat is seeded. With continued good weather this week the bulk of the oat crop will be in, though quite a number of farmers will plow for oats and seed all their plowed land to wheat. There is a general feeling of optimism prevailing. The merchants are buying freely because of the outlook, and traveling men are all bringing in good reports.

CARLTON IS WINNER.

Defeats Ripon and Coe Colleges in Debate on Closed Shop.

Northfield.—Carleton college affirmative debating team in the Tri-State Debating league, the members of which are Carleton, Ripon and Coe colleges, won a unanimous decision here over the negative team, representing Ripon college. The question for the debate was, "Resolved, that the closed shop is justifiable. The members of the Carleton team are C. Whit Pfieffer of Winona, leader; George W. Schmitz of Albert Lea, and Glen S. Hunt of Winona. Word has been received from Cedar Rapids that the negative team won a unanimous decision over Coe college. The members of this Carleton team are W. Park Dougherty, Leslie More and Lawrence Rossman. The students celebrated the double victory with a big bonfire on the campus.

TO ELECT POSTMASTER.

Congressman Anderson Promises to Recommend Man Chosen by People.

Winona.—It is probable the choice of a postmaster at Alden, Freeborn county, may be made by means of an election. This plan is said to have received the sanction of Congressman Sydney Anderson, who promises to recommend for the appointment whoever is the choice of the people. F. L. Walker, the present assistant postmaster, and T. J. Burton, are both in the field for the place.

Alexandria.—Six farmers of Todd county have been caught by Deputy Game Warden Moore fishing illegally in Lake Osakis. The game warden found them spearing crappies, bass and sunfish. Their hearing was before a justice in Long Prairie and the fishing expedition cost each the sum of $12.50.

TWO MORE DOCK OPTIONS

More Than $6,000,000 Improvements in Sight in West Duluth.

Duluth.—Options have been taken on two more dock sites in West Duluth by coal companies, the names of which are withheld. Two docks are now under construction in West Duluth, and three, possibly four, additional coal docks will be built there within the next eighteen months. Improvements under way and prospective in coal docks construction foots up $6,250,000.

WIND RAZES HOME.

Dock Machinery Wrecked and Several Are Injured at Duluth.

Duluth.—A heavy wind swept the city doing much damage to homes in the suburbs and demolishing the residence of G. W. Palmer, an eight-room building. The dock machinery of the Great Lakes Coal and Dock company on the bay was wrecked, entailing a loss of $50,000. Several persons were slightly injured. Ships in the harbor were buffeted, but none injured.

SHRINERS ON A TOUR.

Delegates From Northwest Assemble for Pilgrimage to Los Angeles.

Minneapolis.—Shriners from all over the Northwest were in Minneapolis Monday evening where they were joined by Osman temple of St. Paul and Zuhrah temple of Minneapolis. From here the start was made at 10:30 p. m. for the annual pilgrimage to the thirty-eighth annual session of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine for North America at Los Angeles, May 7 and 8.

Two special trains will carry the nobles from Minneapolis over the North-Western line as far as Omaha where the Rock Island and the Burlington railroads will take charge of the transportation.

Several hundred Shriners were aboard the train when it pulled out of Minneapolis. Among some of the patrols and bands will be those from Minneapolis, Winnipeg, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks and Aberdeen. The temples represented will be El Zagal of Fargo, which will accompany Imperial Potentate J. F. Treat of that city; Aad temple, Duluth; Kem temple, Grand Forks; Kahrtum temple, Winnipeg; Yeldez, Aberdeen; Zuhrah, Minneapolis, which will accompany Imperial First Ceremonial Master C. E. Overshine of Minneapolis, and Osman temple of St. Paul.

UNITED AFTER YEARS.

Widow and Widower Resume Courtship Interrupted in 1879.

Fergus Falls.—A wedding that has more than a tinge of romance has just taken place in the northern part of the county. A. H. Trowbridge came to the county thirty-three years ago, and as a young man of 18, settled in the town of Candor, where he has ever since resided. A few months after his arrival, he formed the acquaintance of Miss Bertha Groner, and the two kept company for a year and a half. They then parted, and two years later, Miss Groner became the bride of C. G. Hortosh. In 1883 Mr. Trowbridge was married also, his bride being Miss Emma Whiting, of Clitherall. Mr. Hortosh died in 1900 and Mrs. Trowbridge passed away ten years later, in 1910. A few months ago, Mr. Trowbridge met his former sweetheart by accident at Vergas. She had been living in Bemidji for ten years, and had came back to this county on a visit. The friendship of thirty-three years ago was renewed, and their marriage occurred April 18.

CONTRACTS ARE LET.

Mankato Company Reports More Railway Work Than Usual This Year.

Mankato.—The Widell company, of which Governor Eberhart is a member, expects to see more railway construction work in the northwest this year than any season during the last five years. It has secured a number of contracts recently for bridge and culvert work. One contract covers the entire Great Western system, another is in connection with the completing of the double tracking of the North-Western road from Truax, Wis., to St. Paul, a distance of sixty-two miles, and another is for concrete bridge work on the Omaha and North-Western railways in Minnesota, South Dakota and Wyoming.

CHOIR TO GO ABROAD.

St. Olaf Organization Plans Tour of Norwegian Cities Next Year.

Northfield.—Plans are being completed for a European trip in 1913 by the choir of St. Olaf college, under the direction of F. Melius Christianson. This choir, of about forty mixed voices, recently returned from a successful tour through several states of the Middle West. The trip abroad will include the larger cities of Norway, and the choir will start from here early in the summer.

TO EXPRESS CHOICE.

Presidential Preference in Blue Earth County.

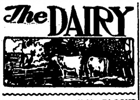
Mankato.—Peter Lloyd, chairman of the Republican county committee, has issued a call for the county convention Monday, May 13, and the primaries the previous Saturday evening. He has incorporated in the call a request that all voters indicate upon their ballots their preference as to presidential candidates, and instructions to the caucus secretaries to report the results to the convention.

FIRE AT CASS LAKE.

Loss of $4,500 Sustained, as Only $500 Insurance Was Carried.

Cass Lake. — The Cottage hotel located on Star island, burned, causing a loss estimated at $5,000, with an insurance of only $500. Sulter & Seelye, the owners, were at work on the new addition, when fire destroyed the structure and contents. A crew of carpenters was working outside when the cook gave the alarm.

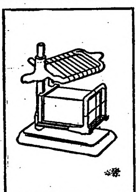
The DAIRY



CUTS BUTTER INTO BLOCKS

Steel Wires Press Through Cake Two Ways, Making Neat Division Into Square Pieces.

For the speedy and neat division of a cake of butter into a number of small square pieces for individual use, the butter cutter designed by an Ohio man seems to fill the bill admirably. A standard has a cutter frame rotable upon it. A platform holds the butter cake, and at the end of the platform is another frame, like the footboard of a bed, with two fine wires bisecting it both ways. The rotable frame has a series of fine wires running across it parallel to each other. The butter is placed on the platform, and this upper frame is pressed down through it, the wires separating it into so many square slabs, about an inch thick. The cake is then forced out through the other frame and divided into four times as many smaller squares.



For Cutting Butter.

EXPERIMENT IN COW FEEDING

Result of Number of Tests Made by the North Carolina Station on Rations for Milk.

The North Carolina agricultural experiment station recently concluded a number of experiments to determine the relative efficiency of narrow and medium wide rations, for milk production, a report of which has reached the department of agriculture.

Eight cows from three to six weeks in lactation were fed three periods of twenty-eight days each. In the first and third periods the feed consisted five parts of cottonseed meal, four quarts wheat bran, three parts of cornmeal and fifty pounds of corn silage. The nutritive ratio of this ration was about 1.4.

During the second period the ration was the same as the above except that 2.5 pounds of cottonseed meal was replaced by 2.5 pounds of cornmeal, giving this ration a nutritive ration of about 1.57. The result of this test indicates that the narrow ration produced 7.5 per cent. more milk fat, and increased the fat test 0.24 per cent. and the live weight 30 pounds. The milk yield was practically the same.

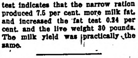
FLOOR PLAN OF FARM BARN

Cows Are Little Bit Crowded Into Their Stalls of Three Feet Four Inches Wide.

(By J. C. SHAWYER.)

The illustration presents the floor plan of a barn suitable for about 160-acre farms. It accommodates four horses in roomy stalls and six cows—possibly a little crowded, stalls being three feet four inches wide.

The lofts above the stables and also the decks are extended over the driveway. The hay bay is 32x40 feet, but unobstructed from floor to roof. The buggy room and workshop is a cheaply constructed shed or lean-to ten feet high, and the roof may be either gable or curb, with little difference in cost—just extra sheeting and roofing, as no extra timbers are required.



Floor Plan of Barn.

Highest Milk Records.

What cows make the highest milk and butter records? What cows produce milk and butter at lowest cost? What cows pay the dairyman best? Those which are bred to produce these things. Then why not get some of this blood?

Handling Milk.

Warm milk should never be poured into cold milk nor should the night's milk be mixed with the morning's milk.

COWS SHOULD CALVE IN FALL

Dairy Department of the University of Missouri Recommends This as the Best Practice.

A number of reasons are given for the practice of most dairymen of having cows calve in the fall instead of in the spring. The Dairy Department of the University of Missouri recommends this as the best practice in most cases, for some of the following reasons:

"Prices for milk and butter fat are highest in the winter, and it is desirable that the cow be fresh to give the maximum flow. When she begins to decline in the spring, the fresh grass of pastures will stimulate her to hold up to good production.

"Calves in the first few months of their growth are fed mostly by hand. In winter there is more time to care for them properly. The grass of spring will come along just when they are getting started on a rapid growth.

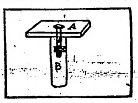
"The dry period of the cow will come at the time of year when pastures are usually poor in Missouri, and when flies are bad. This will give relief to the cows when they need it, and will be easier for the milkers.

"In cases where a regular milk trade is to be supplied, it is necessary to have the cows calve at intervals so that there will be almost a uniform flow, but where the farmer is selling cream it seems best to have the calves come in the fall."

MILK STOOL STAYS TOGETHER

Troubles and Worries of Milkers Will Disappear After Making Device Shown in Illustration.

Ninety-nine out of every hundred milkers use a one-legged milk stool and every one of them has trouble with the seat board coming loose, says a writer in the Farm, Mail and Breeze. Make your stools like the one shown in the sketch and your stool troubles will forever disappear. D is a ⅜-inch machine bolt, 4 inches long and has a square head. Bore a 7-16-inch hole through A into B, 4 inches deep. Three inches from the top of the leg bore a 1-inch hole into the leg at right angles until past the middle. Place a tap on C into this hole and screw down your bolt.



Stool Stays Together.

CLEANING THE MILK VESSELS

Practical Dairyman Always Rinses Utensils With Cold Water, Then Scalds and Hangs in Sun.

(By M. R. JONES.)

There is one subject that I have never seen much written about, and one that I think is very important—the care of milk vessels. I have seen so many people empty a vessel and take it to the kettle and pour boiling water in it. I always rinse my vessels out with cold water, and then wash with good warm water with borax or soda in it; then scald them well and dry, and it is best to have a place where you can hang them in the sun.

DAIRY NOTES

How easy it is to forget to wash the calf pails.

You can save time by teaching your cows to go in their proper stalls.

Plan to raise your own protein feeds this year and cut out the high-priced mill stuffs.

Breeding for a special purpose tends to develop an animal that will be in harmony with her function.

The man who is producing milk for the city trade should have a clear mind, clean hands and a pure heart.

Few dairymen now make butter to sell. The price paid for butter fat by creameries takes all the cream from the farm.

With corn fodder, corn silage, and clover, alfalfa or cowpea hay on hand, the dairyman may consider himself ready for business.

Undissolved salt in butter is the result of too little moisture in the butter, too coarse salt, or the butter being too firm when salted.

Don't overstock the pastures the coming season. Better pay a pretty good price to get the young stock pastured before doing that.

A drouthy summer followed by a severe winter are the conditions that will boost the silo next summer as it has never been boosted before.

The hired man who is attached to the farm by his own family, his home and regular work is seldom one who is discontented with his position.

The dairyman has no right to complain of the labor problem unless he is willing to give a good faithful man steady work all the year around.

It is easier to keep specks out of the butter than to get them out. Straining all water that goes into the churn, through a cheesecloth, helps.

The most common cause of trouble with a separator is the vibrating of the bowl, due to the machine not being level, or not securely fastened down.

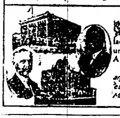
A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

Mankato Commercial College



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THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, May 4, 1912.

The democratic state convention is called to meet in Duluth Thursday, June 6. The county conventions are called for Wednesday, May 29.

Thus far two candiates have filed for county office. They are, N. J. Anderson for register of deeds, and J. M. Bishop for county attorney, both republicans.

Mrs. Eastman has sold the Thief River Falls News to Marcus C. Cutter of St. Paul. Mr. Cutter resigned from membership of the state board of control to take up the newspaper work again, after ten years in other lines of business.

It is officially stated by the secretary of the state sanitary board that tuberculosis is entirely cleaned out of all pure-bred herds in Minnesota. The state is remarkably free from animal diseases of all kinds. Only fifteen cases of glanders have been found in the last quarter.

The Indian lid has been lifted in this state, and by virtue of a decision of Judge C. A. Willard there is no dry territory in Minnesota. The learned judge has recently issued a permanent injunction against Pussyfoot Johnson confirming the temporary injunction issued by him last January.

A teacher's summer training school will be held at the state agricultural school, Crookston, June 17 to July 28, 1912. Teachers may earn regular certificate credits at this school, the same as at the state normal schools. Board and room are furnished at the school at $18.00 for the six weeks.

I do not think that Mr. Taft means ill; I think he means well. But he means well feebly, and during his administration he has been under the influence of men who are neither well meaning nor feeble. It is this quality of feebleness in a normally amiable man which preeminently fits such a man for use in high office by the powers of evil.—Col. Roosevelt.

Democrats Nominate

A large number of democrats held a meeting Monday evening and named candidates for the county offices. The following is a list of the probable candidates at the primaries:

Auditor—B. E. Burkee, St. Hilaire.
Treasurer—Martin Moylan, town of North.
Clerk of court—E. A. Larson, Bray.
County attorney—E. M. Stanton.
Sheriff—J. W. McGinty.
Judge of probate—N. W. Tarrant.
County commissioner from Thief River Falls—S. Kennison.
Register of deeds—Martin Hoff, St. Hilaire.
Coroner—John Morgan.—Thief River Falls News.

Does Anyone Know Charles Pender?

Charles Pender was in Crookston in 1900. His mother died in Chicago in 1901, leaving a large estate of which he is entitled to a portion. His sisters are anxious to locate him, if possible, that he may get a portion of his mother's estate. If there is anyone in town who remembers Mr. Pender or knows anything of his present whereabouts, they would confer a favor upon his sisters by advising F. A. Grady, their attorney, at Crookston, Minnesota.—Crookston Times.

Child Burns to Death

The six year old child of Gaspard La Jambe of Lambert was burned to death last week. She was sent to throw some rubbish from the yard into a pile of burning straw, and the flames caught her dress. The mother was badly burned about the face and arms and succeeded in extinguishing the flames in the child's clothing, but death mercifully ended the little one's suffering about 6:30 the same evening.

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

ROOSEVELT HOLDS A NATION'S HEART

His Compelling Strength Among Those for "All the People."

HUMAN INTEREST IS DOMINANT

As Private Citizen and Public Official He Always Has Worn Upon His Sleeve the Colors of "the Public"—Why He Is Comparable to Lincoln, Who, Too, Emphasized the Human Note.

Washington, April 20.—After all is said and done, the human note is dominant in politics; the human interest is the determining interest. Right here is brought home the compelling strength of Theodore Roosevelt with those who believe, as the editor of the Detroit News says, that: "Politics in the large sense is the endeavor to provide for opportunity, justice, comfort and the means of development among all the people."

The same writer, in an appreciation of the man who is battling for social justice for all the people as against control by big interests, special privileges and political bosses, says:

"The human element has never been lacking from Theodore Roosevelt's public endeavors. He has always believed that man was not made for the government, but the government for man. And 'the public' to him is not an abstract noun; it is something he has lived with, knows, and loves. As a boy in precarious health he played about the farmers turning up the new soil, whose aroma he breathed for its vitalizing qualities. As a young man he herded cattle with the men of the plains. As a police commissioner he walked the night beats with policemen and helped them in their dangerous work. As a soldier he slept in open fields with his Rough Riders. As a hunter he has taken his turn at the fires to keep them blazing the long night through. As a president he has met the people of every state, and a man with a family or a woman with a baby never escaped his eye. It was no mere campaign cleverness, but the deep conviction of his heart, when he said that the American was a mighty good fellow, but his wife was a better fellow. And now as private citizen he has played and tumbled with the tenement children of New York, has lunched with the workingmen of many factories, has gone out to examine for himself the problem of abandoned farms, and has gone home with the newsboy to see how things were at the house. With one of the greater ancients he could well say, 'I am a man; therefore, nothing human is alien to me.'

"And his official acts—what were they? The conservation of the people's mines and forests, the purity of the people's foods; the inspection of the people's meat; stopping the slaughter of Russian mujiks and Japanese soldiers; prosecution of various robbers of the housewife's pocketbook or rifler of the people's savings banks; sending 16 battleships around the world to warn off disturbers of the world's peace. Everywhere and always working for that which affected most closely every citizen of the republic, great or humble.

"Theodore Roosevelt was born with a silver spoon in his mouth, but he never used it. He was born with another quality far more precious, which was a wide range of human sympathy. He knows the long hours of the working girl, and her many trials—and he knows the cause of it, too. He knows the risk of the man in hazardous employment and the accidents which so tragically cut short his usefulness—and all of us remember how he blazed forth in wrath when the supreme court of his state said that those maimed workers or their orphaned families had no claim against society on account of such loss. In the last campaign he went to another state and campaigned against a judge who had ruled that the maimed workingman was not entitled to automatic compensation. Theodore Roosevelt is so intensely patriotic that he will bare his head to an empty sleeve of blue; but he is so intensely and practically human that he will go out and do battle for the man who lost a limb or a life on the field of industry, and for his family. And he will throw the whole weight of his influence and reputation and ability against the system which wears women down to wan, white ghosts in the struggle for subsistence. Theodore Roosevelt is a lover of his kind; a man stirred from the heart and reinforced by the head; a man with courage of tongue and courage of fist to attack the common enemy—the enemy of a happy humanity.

"Many have tried to draw comparisons between Roosevelt and other great men. It is significant that no small man will serve to compare with him. It is more significant that no great man with a dominating streak of badness running through him will serve to compare with him. You remember how they tried it with Napoleon—'The Man on Horseback'—but the comparison was a caricature and the people laughed. He is, however, comparable to Lincoln, who more than any president before or since, until Roosevelt came, emphasized the human note. Lincoln lived in and loved the people. He loved the black man in darkness and in chains. Back of all he did was this human note. Though he was statesman enough to see that he could not immediately put into operation the humane impulse which stirred him, there came a day when the doors of opportunity opened wide just for a moment—a moment during which a hesitant or less humane man would have debated while they closed again. But Lincoln, reinforced by all his vital relation to the people, thrust in his hand and drew forth a new liberty for his country. His humanity, deep, sincere and vital, was the mainspring of emancipation.

"Likewise Mr. Roosevelt is well he will fight for will be for men. The honors he has had all his country and the world can give him, and now he seeks to repay them fourfold by a service which shall be unto the whole people, for the girl in the factory and the man at the forge and the little children playing about the streets. He comes into the arena wearing upon his sleeve the people's colors."

GAVE THE VOTERS A CHANCE.

Presidential Preference Primaries Show How Roosevelt Stands With the Country.

Men who have watched campaigns for many years can recall no such reversal of conditions and prospects as that which took place practically within a few days in the contest between Roosevelt and Taft. Never before did a candidate for a presidential nomination gain such a lead as the president had and see it go to pieces in a few days as Taft's lead has crumbled and withered.

Always, heretofore, when a national pre-convention campaign has piled up an increasing majority for any aspirant for the leadership of his party, and week after week has gone by without a serious backset to his plans, the momentum gained has sufficed to maintain the advantage and make it greater. By all the logic of political history the Taft candidacy had victory within reach. There was no precedent for what has actually happened.

The explanation is the new force brought into action. The popular vote primary did the work. It carried Roosevelt forward with a rush which changed the whole complexion of the campaign in less than a week. And the only reason why the same force did not cause the same results sooner was that it is as yet given scope and effect in only a few states.—Cleveland Leader.

TAFT'S ADVISERS DRIVEN TO WALL

They Resort to Absurd Charges Against Col. Roosevelt.

Vituperative "Statements" Without a Scintilla of Truth, Issued by Reactionary Campaign Bureau—Vain Effort That Reacts Like Boomerang—Taft's Stand on Tobacco Trust Decree.

Washington, April 20.—Wildly vituperative "statements" sent out from the Taft national headquarters, and greedily swallowed by the despairing Tory organs, show that, with the evident approval of the president, the limit is to be taken off in the campaign of personal abuse of Colonel Roosevelt.

So desperate have the managers of the Taft collapsed campaign become—especially since the landslide in Illinois, followed by what a reactionary newspaper terms the "earthquake" in Pennsylvania, and facing similar crushing defeats wherever the voters (to quote President Taft) "are allowed" a voice, that a deliberate plan of misrepresentation and falsehood has been formulated in the vain hope of somehow checking the Roosevelt groundswell.

One of the absurd charges to be made against Roosevelt is that special privilege prefers him to Taft, and this charge is to be made by Lorimer's man, McKinley, acting as the head of the Taft forces, and by Penrose, Gallinger, Crane, Cannon and the others who are really directing the Taft campaign.

Unfortunately for the purposes of Mr. Taft, the greatest aid given special privilege and the greatest blow struck at the public interest is the recent court "dissolution" of the tobacco trust, which, preserving absolutely the monopoly which the law forbids, has so enriched the monopolists that all other special privilege beneficiaries are clamorous to be subjected to the same form of prosecution by the Taft administration. They fear that the administration will not last long enough to enable them to obtain the immunity from punishment for robbery of the American people in direct violation of the law as the tobacco trust has received.

Taft managers contend that the reorganization of the tobacco trust is entirely a matter for which the courts are responsible, and that Mr. Taft cannot be blamed. This is untrue. The decree which the court issued was framed by the lawyers of the trust and the attorney general. The court, finding both parties to the suit in agreement, acted as requested.

Nor is it possible to blame the attorney general for this, because President Taft is on record in a message to congress as heartily approving the decree, declaring it to be the most perfect enforcement of the anti-trust law, and making plain his determination to oppose any interference with the settlement of the case. Following this, with the consent and approval of Taft, the attorney general, possessing under the law the sole right to appeal to the Supreme court from the decree which he and Taft had agreed to, refused to make such an appeal and, under instructions from Taft, cut the public off from the privilege of having the farcical enforcement of the law, which he, Taft, had urged in behalf of the tobacco trust, reviewed by the Supreme court.

It needs nothing more than this to convince any sane man that Taft himself, controlling the activities of the attorney general, has been more useful to special privilege, and to the tobacco trust and the Standard Oil monopoly particularly, than all other forces that have worked against the public.

In view of these circumstances, an attack upon Theodore Roosevelt, planned by men whose service to special privilege is revealed in every action, becomes more than a deliberate policy of falsehood.

From the Taft managers such a policy might be expected. From Taft himself such a policy demonstrates a lack of regard for the place he holds and the duty he owes the American people as a whole so startling as to be absolutely deplorable. The futility of it all will increase its offensiveness to the public.

Champions of Privilege.

The chief opponents of Mr. Roosevelt at this time—aside from the postmasters—are Lorimer, Guggenheim, Cannon, Penrose, Barnes of New York, Gallinger, McKinley, et al.

In every political fight in the last ten years these men have been lined up on the side of special interests. They are fighting Roosevelt today because they know that he is the most effective national leader on behalf of the people against these interests that the country has produced.—Kansas City Times.

If your lips are not cracked it is all right for you to know that Henry W. Taft, brother of the president, is very indignant because T. R. is spending a lot of money in his campaign. Let's see, hasn't the president got another brother, C. P., who helped out a little in 1908?—Boston Globe.

In looking for a good condensation of his policies you are not likely to find anything better than his own words, "A Square Deal."—Detroit News.

The "Putative Leader."

Reduced to an also-ran in the biggest and solidest Republican state, Mr. Taft, whatever may be said for his record as president, cuts a sorry figure as the "putative leader" of his party.—Providence Journal.

Republican District Convention

The republican district convention for the Ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota will be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held at Chicago on June 18, 1912, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for president and vice president, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

The county conventions to elect delegates thereto will be held in the respective counties on Monday, May 13, A. D. 1912, at places to be designated by the several county committees.

Representation in this convention will be made upon the following basis: Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each two hundred and fifty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for state officers in the year 1910 in such county, and each county shall be allowed in addition thereto five delegates at large. The several counties in the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

Becker	12
Beltrami	11
Clearwater	8
Clay	13
Kittson	8
Marshall	12
Mahnomen	6
Norman	10
Otter Tail	18
Polk	20
Pennington	10
Red Lake	8
Roseau	9
Wilkin	9
Total	154

By order of the Ninth district republican committee.

JOHN PETTERSON, Chairman.
FRED DENNIS, Secretary.
Dated April 8, 1912.

Official Call

For the republican county convention in and for Pennington county, Minnesota, to be held at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, May 13, 1912.

Pursuant to the call of the republican state central committee duly communicated to the republican county committee of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, a republican county delegate convention is hereby called to be held on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1912, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house in Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican state convention to be held on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1912, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, at the armory in Minneapolis, Hennepin county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing six delegates at large and six alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912, and to nominate twelve republican electors for the state of Minnesota; and for the further purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican district convention for the ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota, to be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates and two (2) alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912.

The primaries for the election of delegates to said republican county convention shall be held at the usual voting place in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 11th day of May, 1912, from seven to eight o'clock p. m.

The republican voters of Pennington county, Minnesota, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

The representation to said republican county convention shall be based upon the average republican vote for the following state officers at the election of 1910: Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general. Each voting precinct being entitled to one delegate for each twenty-five or major fraction thereof, and one delegate at at large.

In accordance with above apportionment the several voting precincts in Pennington county, Minnesota, will be entitled to the following number of delegates to the said republican county convention in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

	Total delegates
Bray	2
Black River	2
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	2
Goodridge	2
Highlanding	3
Hickory	2
Kratka	3
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
Numedal	2
North	4
Polk Center	1
Reiner	2
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	4
Sanders	3
Silverton	3
Smiley	4
Star	2
Village of St. Hilaire	3
Wyandotte	2
City of Thief River Falls	
First Ward	6
Second "	7
Third "	4
Fourth "	7
Total number of delegates	79

By order of the county central committee of Pennington county, Minnesota.

DANIEL SHAW, Chairman
H. G. HIEBER, Secretary.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Lewis B. Geerlings.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Lewis B. Geerlings:

The state of Minnesota to Nancy Geerlings, Gertie Conn, Jennie Baker, Annie South, L. E. Geerlings, Nancy Strick, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of J. M. Bishop as representative of the above named estate being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 29th day of April, 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.
m4-3t

G. HALVORSON, ESQ., Attorney for petitioner.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty six ($36.00) dollars interest, which became due October 1st, 1911, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David W. Clayton and Mary E. Clayton, mortgagors, to Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1907, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of April, 1907, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages on page 441, and now on record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in said state, in book 24 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 10th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgages on page 406, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 92.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee, thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalie Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final decree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed the said mortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalie Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m., in book A of Miscellaneous on Page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 169.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest, the whole principal sum of said mortgage did on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalie Rosenberg, assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIE ROSENBERG,
Assignee of mortgagee.

CHAS. E. BOUGHTON, Attorney for Assignee, Red Lake Falls, Minn. a6-m11

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Special song service at 8 p. m. Mr. Jones will render some violin selections.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Confirmation services next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Services Sunday, May 12, at 3 p. m., with administration of the Lord's supper.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

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CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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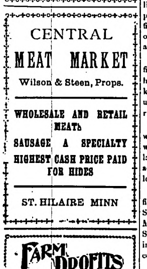

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THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Tom Hovet made the county seat a visit yesterday.

Mrs. D. McAllister was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Miss Selma Hoff visited friends at Red Lake Falls Thursday night.

Mrs. C. A. Skeie was a Thief River Falls visitor on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister were in Thief River Falls between trains Monday.

K. O. Gigstad was attending to business matters at the county seat Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Solow of Fargo came over Monday and is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. D. Lazar.

Tudy Brink, who is at Plummer, came home last Monday to visit a few days with his parents.

The St. Hilaire base ball experts play the first game of the season tomorrow afternoon at Red Lake Falls.

Misses Inga and Nellie Folstad and Josephine Branum were in Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Henry McNulty and Miss Janie King of Red Lake Falls were visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Sever Skattum Sunday.

Miss Lydia Adolfson, who has been visiting with her aunt, Mrs. O. W. Brink, left last Thursday evening for Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Carlson left Thursday for St. Paul. Mr. Carlson will enter the Beckman hosiptal and receive treatment for his eyes.

Dr. Spofford, will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 10, 1912. Glasses fitted.

The Young People' society of the Hamar congregation will meet at the home of Christ Moe a week from tomorrow at 2 o'clock p. m.

Everett Smith returned Tuesday from a visit to his home at Winnebago City, Minn. He was accompanied by a horse dealer of that section.

Notices are posted for caucuses to be held Saturday, May 11, from 7 to 8 p. m. to elect delegates to the county convention at Thief River Falls, Monday, May 13.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire, Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

The state superintendent of public instruction has approved the proposition for the consolidation of five school districts. The next in order is to circulate the petition for an election.

It is now lawful to catch game fish with hook and line, the season having opened May 1. We don't know what people will catch here, unless it is dead fish along the river banks.

Miss Wilma Ristow of Crookston, who has spent a part of her vacation with Miss Eda Brink, and left here last Tuesday evening. She was accompanied by Miss Brink, who leaves Friday for her trip abroad.

The following class will be confirmed at the Synod church next Sunday: Oscar A. Gigstad, Blanche Mildred Hoff, Selma Olena Larson, Selma Temetta Simonson. An offering for the home mission will be received.

A. Aug. Erickson and A. S. Anderson left Wednesday for a trip to their boyhood home in Sweden. They expect to be gone about three months. Mr. Erickson promised to write The Spectator a letter for publication after his arrival in Sweden.

Axel Anderson returned yesterday from a few months' visit to his old home and friends in Sweden. He left last summer with the intention of spending the remainder of his life in Sweden, but changed his mind. He had arrived in Minneapolis when the Titanic went to the bottom of the ocean.

Swan Swanson of Luna, near Warren, Minn., who will succeed C. C. Bakken as agent for the Red Lake Falls Milling company here, and Mrs. Swanson were in town Tuesday and rented the rooms over Holmes Bros.' store, and will move here about May 15. Mr. Swanson was at one time a grain buyer at Wylie, which position he held for several years.

Have you seen a mosquito?

Alfred Anderson went Friday to Crookston.

C. H. Martz was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Lindahl went to Bemidji the first of the week.

Miss Olga Swenson was a Thief River Falls visitor on Tuesday.

D. Patterson transacted business at the county seat Wednesday.

Miss Lily Boehm returned from Thief River Falls last evening.

A. Satterberg went Friday to Crookston on a business mission.

Mrs. J. A. Richardson returned Monday from a visit with friends at Fargo.

C. C. Elliott is on a trip in Iowa and Illinois this week closing some big land deals.

Albert Netteland went Tuesday to Cutbank, Montana, where he expects to secure a claim.

Mrs. P. Hansel and Mrs. M. Dargan of Wylie were guests of Mrs. Hans Wilson on Tuesday.

Commissioner Aubol went Thursday to Thief River Falls to attend a meeting of the county board. The business transacted was mostly pertaining to ditches.

F. Freibus of Hazel came over yesterday and went to the hospital at Crookston, accompanied by Ed. Nelson. Mr. Freibus purchased land near Hazel last year and has been ill almost since his arrival.

The Thief River Falls High School seniors gave their class play at Imperial hall last evening to a crowded house, and they deserved it. After the performance the hall was cleared and the Thief River Falls orchestra gave a dance.

The Crookston automobile club has ordered fifty new guide post signs for country roads, and as soon as they are completed they will be placed along the roads between Crookston and Thief River Falls and Crookston and Maple Lake. The distances will be accurately measured in the meantime.—Crookston Times.

L. P. Thyren left Wednesday for Crookston, and in company with Misses Emma Lundahl, Edith and Emma Brink started on a trip to Europe. They have planned a most delightful trip, making several stops in England, France, and Germany, and will reach Sweden some time in midsummer. They expect to be away about a year.

Special Sale of Fine Tailoring

Harry Mitchell's Minneapolis representative tailor will be at our store with a full line of woolens in large pieces next Wednesday.

Imported and domestic goods of the latest patterns and styles for spring and summer of 1912.

This is a grand opportunity for you to select a suit, overcoat, or trousers and have it made to order from the swellest materials of the season.

Harry Mitchell's cutter will take your measure.

Remember the date, Wednesday, May 8.

HENRY GOERGEN.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.02
" " 2 "	1.00
" " 3 "	96
Flax, No. 1..................	$1.97
" " 2..................	1.87
Barley, for 50 lbs............	.90
Oats	46
Eggs..........................	15
Butter	25
" creamery............	34
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight.............	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed.	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive..............	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent.................	3.00
Shorts, per ton...............	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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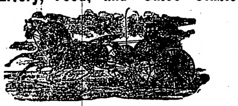
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Proposals.

"Has he proposed yet?"

"Not in so many words."

"That's no answer. Proposals never do come in words. They consist of sighs, hems, haws and gurgles."—Cleveland Leader.

FINIS.

WE watch the gathering tears o'erflow
the eye
Of those we love and hear each sobbing
cry
And moan.
We see the slowly waning ray of light,
And then we journey forth into the night—
Alone.
—Irene E. Benson.

THE SPENDTHRIFT.

HE left so little, did you say?
He had so brief a time to stay
'Twas hardly worth his while to
gather
Dross of our little earthly day.

The things that other people prize
He gave to others, being wise;
Being so heavenly foolish, rather
That kept his gains for paradise.

Hardly a keepsake did he leave,
And all his gold was fugitive.
He kept those things that will not perish
For him the widow and orphan grieve.

He gave with a light heart, indeed,
As he and gold were ill agreed,
Held it the poorest thing to cherish,
Save that it filled another's need.

He had his pilgrim's scrip of hope
And living waters in his cup.
The staff of faith that still suffices
The stumbling soul to lift it up.

Being so soon a traveler,
Of earthly things he had no care,
But on the road that's paradise's
He went the lighter, being bare.
—Katharine Tynan.

A Boom In Fiction.

"Is Scribbler writing any fiction these days?"

"Oh, yes; more than he can attend to. He has orders for six summer resort booklets."—Puck.

Underweight.

Brown—That coal dealer of ours got just what was coming to him. Town—How? Brown—Married a girl the other day, thinking that he was getting 140 pounds and got only 98.—St. Louis Times.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
CARL O. BAKKEN. Agent

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
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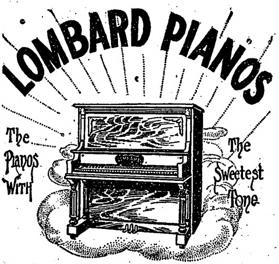
CLOSING OUT FARM MACHINERY

DRILLS, Shoe and Single Disc
DISC HARROWS, all sizes
HARROWS, wood and steel frame
PLOWS, walking, sulky, and gang
WAGONS
MANURE SPREADERS, 4 leaf

HOLMES BROS.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

The higher criticisms of the drama usually come from the gallery gods.

The system takes kindly to nature's laxative, Garfield Tea, which is mild in action and always effective.

There are two kinds of ambition: one soars and the other crawls

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Fish Story.

Knicker—A month ago I told a lie on the water.

Bocker—Well?

Knicker—I cut open the fish I caught today and found he had swallowed it.

BABY'S TERRIBLE SUFFERING

"When my baby was six months old, his body was completely covered with large sores that seemed to itch and burn, and cause terrible suffering. The eruption began in pimples which would open and run, making large sores. His hair came out and finger nails fell off, and the sores were over the entire body, causing little or no sleep for baby or myself. Great scabs would come off when I removed his shirt.

"We tried a great many remedies, but nothing would help him, till a friend induced me to try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment but a short time before I could see that he was improving, and in six weeks' time he was entirely cured. He had suffered about six weeks before we tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, although we had tried several other things, and doctors, too I think the Cuticura Remedies will do all that is claimed for them, and a great deal more." (Signed) Mrs. Noble Tubman, Dodson, Mont., Jan. 28, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Even a woman never learns to sneeze gracefully

Garfield Tea keeps the liver normal. Drink it before retiring.

Sweethearts are always dear, but wives are far more expensive.

FREE ADVICE TO SICK WOMEN

Thousands Have Been Helped By Common Sense Suggestions.

Women suffering from any form of female ills are invited to communicate promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

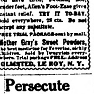
A QUARTER CENTURY BEFORE THE PUBLIC
Over Five Million Free Samples Given Away Each Year.
The Constant and Increasing Sales From Samples Proves the Genuine Merit of
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Are you a trifle sensitive about the size of your shoes? Many people wear shoes a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease into them. If you have tired, swollen, hot, tender feet, Allen's Foot-Ease gives instant relief. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25 cts. Do not accept any substitute.
FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address
ALLEN S. OLMSTED, LE ROY, N. Y.

"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease."

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good



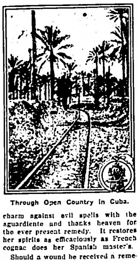
Pettit's FOR SORE Eye RED EYES Salve

BEVERAGES IN CUBA

Hundred Different Kinds of "Refrescos" Are Used.

Infirmities of Man Are Supposed to Be Helped, If Not Cured, by Various Concoctions, Either Hot, Cold or Tepid, but Never Iced.

Havana, Cuba.—The old colored cook in Cuba when she goes to market can pick out the pork obtained from pigs which have been fed on sugar cane alone, and she refuses to purchase any other. No one can cheat her into buying alcohol made from any other source, either. Some foreigners may not know real aguardiente, pure and undefiled sugar cane made, but she does. She bathes her face in it, sips it, rubs the baby with it, puts a drop of it in the baby's hot soup, makes a cross on the forehead as a charm against evil spells with the aguardiente and thanks heaven for the ever present remedy. It restores her spirits as efficaciously as French cognac does her Spanish master's.


Through Open Country in Cuba.

Should a wound be received a remedy is at hand; the sore is bathed in aguardiente, a little is taken for the stomach's sake, and all is well. Aguaradiente is as close, even much closer at hand often than is water, and it is the remedy of all remedies for every ill flesh is heir to among the majority of natives. Sometimes it is used to spice a hot cup of tea made from the leaf of the orange tree or a distilled hot tea called tila. All the infirmities of man are supposed in Cuba to be helped, if not cured, by a drink of some kind, hot or cold or tepid, but iced, never. What a flying in the face of Providence to a Cuban it is to drink iced anything! Tea as known in other countries is slightly esteemed and seldom used.

As to water, yes, it is used as a drink in every house. But it is natural water. A "tineja" for water stands in every home, enclosed by slats of mahogany or carved teakwood and ivory, according to the owner's wealth, and in the large porous earthen jar within is water, but iced, never.

In the poorer houses swings the "porron" somewhere in the circulating air. It is a porous earthenware bottle. You drink from it directly by throwing back your head and poising it, deftly aiming the stream from the right spout—for there are two, one to drink from, the other to fill it by—straight down the throat. No water ever tastes better, even from a coconut gourd, but practice alone can make perfect in dexterity with the "porron."

Tamarind is cooling to the foreign blood. It is served as a crushed pulp mixed with sugar and water. Perhaps you prefer a refreshing drink of crushed pineapple—but pineapple in its native juicy, normal state and superiority. There are a hundred "refrescos" of juicy fruits ever at hand, from the anon, the custard apple planted in the Garden of Eden by Mother Nature, to the chirimoza, the papaya and scores of others. Their names may be unpronounceable to the stranger, but are glibly rolled off by the residents of the Garden of Eden, as every native calls his beloved island.

BATH AT A HOLLAND HOTEL

Tourist Writes of His Experience at Old Hostelry—Charge 40 Cents for Water.

Amsterdam, Holland.—"There are some things about a trip through Holland that you recall when stopping at one of our modern hotels," said Albert Sampter at the Hotel Pontchartrain. "In many places the hotels are run as they have been for ages and candles still are the vogue.

"Rooms with bath are unknown. Instead they charge you about 40 cents in American money for a bath. You ask for the privilege of using the tub and they send up a maid who brings with her towels and soap if you have none, for you are supposed to carry both with you. She fills the tub, has it about the right degree of heat, and the faucets are locked, so that if you want any more water you don't get it; also there is no chance for your traveling pal sneaking in and enjoying a bath without coming through with another 40 cents.

"You are provided with one candle a day and charged for it. The lights go out early in the night, and if you happen to get up or want to read you have to use a candle. This does not apply to Amsterdam, which is a metropolitan city."

Strikes a Blacksnake Mine.

East Killingly, Conn.—H. F. Chase was digging in a gravel mound at the north end of Breakneck hill the other day, when he unearthed a nest of blacksnakes. Evidently they were angry at being so early aroused from hibernation, and since then they have continued to appear in decidedly bad temper. Seventy-six have already been killed, big fellows, varying in length from three and a half to five and a half feet. Mr. Chase is a strict teetotaler!

LOOK FOR THE CAUSE

Follow the Advice of Other Women Who Have Had Experiences Similar to Yours.

Have you ever stopped to consider what is the meaning of the various symptoms from which you are suffering? Certainly the paleness, pain in the back, headaches, loss of appetite, nervousness, shortness of breath must have some one cause. They are not diseases in themselves but are complaints and warnings from the different organs of the body that these organs are not being supplied with pure blood and cannot do their daily work well.

To be in good health a person must always have good rich blood. Every tissue of the body depends upon it for nourishment and strength. Knowledge of this fact makes possible a direct treatment for the various disorders from which women suffer. They can cure their troubles by making the blood pure with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Mrs. F. N. Kenning, of No. 411 Fifteenth avenue, North Minneapolis, Minn., who was completely cured by this remedy, says:

"For over a year I was in very poor health. I was very weak and thin and had terrible pains through my back. I would be in bed for a week at a time. I was subject to dizzy spells. My limbs would seem to give out and I would have no control of them during these spells. I was reduced in weight to 98 pounds and could not do my work.

"The doctor did not seem to help me and I quit his treatment. It was then a cousin recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to me and I gave them a trial. I soon felt much better and I now weigh 115 pounds. For years I had terrible headaches but since taking the pills these have disappeared. My health is better than it has been in years and I give the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I would advise all suffering women to take the pills for I know they will relieve them of much misery."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People should be used in anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, sick headache, and for nervousness and a general run-down condition of the health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Our new booklet, "Plain Talks to Women," will be sent free on request.

In the Dark.

"Has that boy of yours who graduated from college last year found a job that suits him yet?"

"Nope. He's still looking for one."

"Where's he looking?"

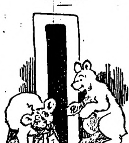
"Well, I don't just know. He seems to do most of his looking nights."

Her Cigarette.

"I never smoke except in my own room."

"I often smoke when I'm out, but it's always for the first time!"

JEALOUS.



"My wife is awfully jealous."

"Is that so?"

"Yes; she wouldn't speak to me for three days after I hugged that hunter."

THE OLD PLEA

He "Didn't Know It Was Loaded."

The coffee drinker seldom realizes that coffee contains the drug, caffeine, a severe poison to the heart and nerves, causing many forms of disease, noticeably dyspepsia.

"I was a lover of coffee and used it for many years, and did not realize the bad effects I was suffering from its use. (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it, too, contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.)

"At first I was troubled with indigestion. I did not attribute the trouble to the use of coffee, but thought it arose from other causes. With these attacks I had sick headache, nausea and vomiting. Finally my stomach was in such a condition I could scarcely retain any food.

"I consulted a physician; was told all my troubles came from indigestion, but was not informed what caused the indgestion. I kept on with the coffee, and kept on with the troubles, too, and my case continued to grow worse from year to year until it developed into chronic diarrhea, nausea and severe attacks of vomiting. I could keep nothing on my stomach and became a mere shadow, reduced from 159 to 128 pounds.

"A specialist informed me I had a very severe case of catarrh of the stomach, which had got so bad he could do nothing for me, and I became convinced my days were numbered.

"Then I chanced to see an article setting forth the good qualities of Postum and explaining how coffee injured people so I concluded to give Postum a trial. I soon saw the good effects—my headaches were less frequent, nausea and vomiting only came on at long intervals and I was soon a changed man, feeling much better.

"Then I thought I could stand coffee again, but as soon as I tried it my old troubles returned and I again turned to Postum. Would you believe it, I did this three times before I had sense enough to quit coffee for good and keep on with the Postum. I am now a well man with no more headaches, sick stomach or vomiting, and have already gained back to 147 pounds." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in pkgs. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

DOLLS THE CHIEF INDUSTRY

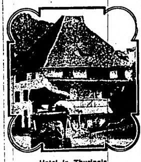
Consul-General Tells of Quaint German Villages Where Everybody Is Working on Toy Babes.

Berlin, Germany.—The old home of the doll is Thuringia, especially the town of Sonneberg, 12 miles from Coburg. Most of the poorer families in and around Sonneburg, writes Consul-General Frank Dillingham at Coburg, are engaged in this industry, which is the chief source of revenue of the population, giving employment for the whole year. The work demands a great deal of practice and skill, as well as time and trouble. The inhabitants start making dolls while very young and by constant practice are finally able to work with astonishing accuracy and speed. In the doll industry only some special part of the dolls is made by each person. Some make the bodies, others the heads and still others the arms, hands, etc. By this division the work is done much quicker and better.

The heads are first molded, and when sufficiently dry the eyes are cut out by a skilled worker with a very thin, sharp knife. This is extremely delicate work, because all of the sockets have to be of uniform size or the eyes do not fit. After being burned the heads are painted, waxed or glazed, depending on the material from which the heads are made. The arms, legs and hands are produced in a similar but simpler manner, as the painting consists only in giving the necessary flesh color, while the heads must have rosy cheeks, red lips and dark or light eyebrows, depending on the color of the eyes. The setting of the eyes and the making and attaching of the wigs involve a number of other processes.

The doll industry is now commencing to make the "character doll" in restricted numbers. The model is made by an artist and the molds are then copied from this model. The painting of these dolls is done with especial care, and, consequently, their price is considerably higher than that of the commoner type of doll.

The assembling of the different parts of the dolls is often very complicated. The best jointed dolls have stout elastic cord on the inside, to which the movable parts are attached. A special branch of the industry is devoted to the making of dresses and hats. The latest Parisian styles are copied in dressing the larger sized dolls, and the creations turned out compare very favorably, in miniature, with the original.


Hotel in Thuringia.

FEATURES OF CHINESE HOME

One Story Dwellings of the Orientals, the Exteriors of Which Are Unpromising.

Pekin, China.—It is difficult for the Occidental mind to picture the wall within wall life of a Chinese home, says a writer in the Century. Down a narrow lane one passes between two walls, behind which may be hovels or palaces, there is no telling which, since the one story roofs beyond are invisible.

One pulls a string at a gateway, the address of some family of high degree. A servant appears, leads through another gateway, a flowery courtyard, a passageway, perhaps another courtyard, a little room or two, and finally into a reception room, with its carved wood wainscoting and furniture, its porcelains and jades and brasses, its blue and green and gold ceiling.

Here the hostess appear, offers her Occidental guest tea or champagne, or both, with cakes and candied fruit or lotus buds. Then she may lead one through other courtyards, all with the usual one story rooms around them, and into her secluded garden of rocks and pools, of pretty paths and bridges of clustering trees and flowers.

In such a palace as this each courtyard with its surrounding rooms may be the special home of one of the sons and his wife and children; but somewhere in the maze of walls, under one of the low, tiled roofs, is the common dining-room, with the kitchen beyond. Here the men of the family eat together twice a day and afterward the women and children. And somewhere also there is a central family hall, with their tribute of incense at proper seasons. These are held in such reverence that no foot may pass above them, and therefore two story dwellings are unknown in regions uncontaminated by foreign influence.

Canadian Parliament to Meet.

Ottawa, Ont.—Plans for ratification of the trade agreement signed between Canada and the British West Indies will cause parliament to assemble earlier than expected. There is speculation as to the effect of the opposition United States milling interests may offer and as to whether proposed retaliatory action by the American government will impede ratification of the treaty. The agreement gives Canadian flour a preference rate in the West Indies.

City Takes Circus Menagerie.

New York.—New York city is officially in possession of the entire menagerie of Barnum & Bailey's circus. An attachment upon all the animals, from monkeys to elephants, was served by Sheriff Harburger in a suit for $25,000 damages brought by a woman bareback rider, who claims to have sustained a broken arm in Cleveland through carelessness of the circus management.

HIS SERMON IN A NUTSHELL

Comprehensive and Succinct Report of What Was Said in the Funeral Oration.

A popular Irishman, beloved for many a mile around his home town, died suddenly. He belonged to several organizations, and the A. O. H. of Bloomville decided to send a representative to his funeral.

The church was packed and the clergyman most sympathetic. In expressing his certainty of immortality he went in for simile.

"We will say," he observed in illustration, "that here is a beautiful watch. The case is good and is studded with diamonds. It looks like the valuable part of the watch, but you can remove the works and they will keep on ticking."

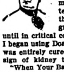
The delegate returned to his home town and was sounded on the topic of the funeral sermon.

"Well," he reported, "the father said that Pat was no Waterbury."

IN CRITICAL CONDITION.

Spokane, Wash., Woman Endures Terrible Suffering.

Mrs. J. A. Schoonmaker, 127 S. Pine St., Spokane, Wash., says: "I grew so weak I could scarcely do my housework and was often confined to bed. There was a bearing-down pain through my hips and my head ached as if it would split. I knew by the kidney secretions that my kidneys were in a terrible condition but though I doctored, I gradually grew worse, until in critical condition. It was then I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was entirely cured. I have not had a sign of kidney trouble since."



"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Missing the Point.

Representative Rucker of Colorado, apropos of a tariff argument about sugar, said to a Washington correspondent: "Oh, well, those men don't see my point. They miss it as badly as the old lady missed her son's.

"'Mother,' a young man said, looking up from the Bulletin, 'would you believe that it takes 5,000 elephants a year to make our piano keys and billiard balls?'

"'Make our piano keys and billiard balls!' cried the old lady. 'Well, I always understood elephants where intelligent creatures, but I never knew before that they'd been trained to make piano keys and billiard balls.'"

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Very Different.

"Is it true that your daughter intends to study for the stage?"

"No, she hasn't any such ideas. What she intends to do is to become an actress."

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A man is no sooner elected to office than he begins to kick because it isn't more remunerative.

And many a married woman thinks it's up to her to assert her independence by abusing her husband.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It's wonderful what large catalogues from small garden seeds will grow.

Coated tongue, vertigo, constipation are all relieved by Garfield Tea.

A kitten is almost as frisky and senseless as a flirt.

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

The wonder of baking powders—Calumet. Wonderful in its raising powers—its uniformity, its never failing results, its purity.

Wonderful in its economy. It costs less than the high-price trust brands, but it is worth as much. It costs a trifle more than the cheap and big can kinds—it is worth more. But proves its real economy in the baking.

Use CALUMET—the Modern Baking Powder.

At all Grocers.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

Explained.

"The count has a painfully snobbish air. What does he base it on?"

"Why, his father, the marquis, was the victim of a duel."

"A French duel?"

"Yes."

"Impossible."

"Not at all. The marquis climbed a tree to get out of the way, and fell and broke his neck."

Garfield Tea, the incomparable laxative. Pleasant to take, pure, mild in action and wonderfully health-giving.

The more promises a man makes the more he doesn't keep.

Ask for this Box

It's the goodness of this root-beer as well as its tonic properties that make it so great a favorite.

One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

Write for Premium Puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
258 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ONE BOX MAKES 5 GALLONS
HIRES' HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT
FOR MAKING OLD FASHIONED HOME-MADE ROOTBEER

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE.

Do not sap the springs of life by neglect of the human mechanism, by allowing the accumulation of poisons in the system. An imitation of Nature's method of restoring waste of tissue and impoverishment of the blood and nervous strength is to take an alterative glyceric extract (without alcohol) of Golden Seal and Oregon grape root, Bloodroot, Stone and Mandrake root with Cherrybark. Over 40 years ago Dr. Pierce gave to the public this remedy, which he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. He found it would help the blood in taking up the proper elements from food, help the liver into activity, thereby throwing out the poisons from the blood and vitalizing the whole system as well as allaying and soothing a cough.

No one ever takes cold unless constipated, or exhausted, and having what we call mal-nutrition, which is attended with impoverished blood and exhaustion of nerve force. The "Discovery" is an all-round tonic which restores tone to the blood, nerves and heart by imitating Nature's methods of restoring waste of tissue, and feeding the nerves, heart and lungs on rich red blood.

"I suffered from pain under my right shoulder blade also a very severe cough," writes Mrs. W. Dorn, of New Brookland, S. C., to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. "Had four different doctors and none did me any good. Some said I had consumption, others said I would have to have an operation. I was bedridden, unable to sit up for six months—and was nothing but a live skeleton. You advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. When I had taken one bottle of the 'Discovery' I could sit up for an hour at a time, and when I had taken three bottles I could do my cooking and tend to the children. I took fourteen bottles in all and was then in good health. My weight is now 167 pounds.

Mrs. Dorn.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 & $4.00
For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS
W. L. DOUGLAS $4.50 & $5.00
SHOES EQUAL CUSTOM BENCH WORK COSTING $7.00 TO $8.00

Wear W. L. Douglas Shoes. You can save money because they are more economical and satisfactory in style, fit and wear than any other makes. W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on the bottom guarantees full value and protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take No Substitute.

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"Vaseline" is the purest, simplest, safest home remedy known. Physicians everywhere recommend it for its softening and healing qualities.

Nothing so good as "Vaseline" for all affections of the skin, scratches, sores, etc. Taken internally, relieves colds and coughs. For sale everywhere in attractive glass bottles.

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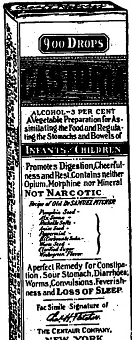
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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.
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Pumpkin Seed
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.
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35 DOSES 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
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In Use For Over Thirty Years
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If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write to us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. [illegible] dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. [illegible]

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1912. NUMBER 44.

T. R. LANDS KANSAS

TAFT MEN BEATEN AT EVERY TURN BY OPPOSITION'S BIG MAJORITY.

PREPARE FOR CONTESTS.

Unusual Number of Disputes as to Delegations to Be Adjusted—Rearrangement of Southern Representation.

Independence, Kansas. — Adopting strong resolutions favoring the entire progressive movement and leaving out the time-honored custom of laudatory planks in praise of state and government officials, the Republican state convention named four delegates-at-large to the national convention with ironclad instructions for Roosevelt for president.

William Allen White of Emporia was indorsed for national committeeman.

From the moment the convention opened the 104 delegates bearing instructions for President Taft were working to get through some of the things they desired, but the Roosevelt majority of 190 was too great.

The first attempt the Taft men made was when the resolutions committee brought in a report indorsing the record of Senator La Follette, the candidacy of William Allen White for national committeeman to succeed David W. Mulvane and instructing the four delegates-at-large to vote for Roosevelt.

Stephen Walker of Columbus, a Taft delegate, after the resolutions had been read, moved that that portion of the resolution indorsing Senator La Follette be cancelled, that Mr. Mulvane be indorsed for national committeeman and that the convention instruct the delegates for President Taft. He proceeded to speak upon his motion.

Walker's motion was lost, only getting 104 votes. The report of the resolutions committee was then adopted as read.

Committee to Decide All Contests.

New York.—The Republican national committee will meet in Chicago Thursday afternoon, June 6, to decide contests among delegates to the national convention. The call for the meeting was issued also by William Hayward, secretary of the committee. This will be the earliest meeting held for many years by the committee and will give it 12 days to consider contests before the convention opens on June 18.

Indications that there will be an unusual number of contests this year, Mr. Hayward said, had been considered by Victor Rosewater, the committee's acting chairman, and himself in sending out the call for the early meeting of the committee. A few contests already have been brought officially before the committee's officers and many more are expected, he said, before the expiration of the time limit for filing contests on May 29, 20 days before the convention.

Mr. Hayward also announced that he would place before the committee a plan upon which he has been working for some time that will affect the representation of the South in Republican national conventions. The principal objection to plans previously suggested, he said, was the elimination of the congressional district as the unit representation. The plan he would submit to the committee would change the basis of representation, he said, and still retain the congressional district as the unit.

NEW SHRINE OFFICERS.

Minneapolitan Made Imperial Oriental Guide—Dallas 1913 Mecca.

Los Angeles, May 9.—The 38th annual conclave of the Imperial Council of the Mystic Shrine came to a close with the selection of Dallas, Texas, as the 1913 mecca, the election of Ernest C. Cutts of Savannah, Ga., as imperial outer guard and the advancement of the other imperial officials, which placed William J. Cunningham of Baltimore, Md., at the head of the Shriners, as imperial potentate.

Following are the new officers: Wm. J. Cunningham, Baltimore, Md., imperial potentate; William I. Irwin, Wheeling, W. Va., deputy imperial potentate; Frederick R. Smith, Rochester, N. Y., imperial chief rabban; J. Putnam Stevens, Portland, Me., imperial assistant rabban; Henry F. Neidringhaus, Jr., St. Louis, imperial high priest and prophet; Charles E. Ovenshire, Minneapolis, imperial oriental guide; Wm. S. Brown, Pittsburg, imperial treasurer; Benjamin W. Rowell, Boston, imperial recorder; Elias J. Jacoby, Indianapolis, imperial first ceremonial master; W. Freeland Kendrick, Philadelphia, imperial second ceremonial; Ellis Garrison, Tacoma, Wash., imperial marshal; Wm. J. Matthews, New York City, imperial captain of the guard; Ernest A. Cutts, Savannah, Ga., imperial outer guard.

Four Children of Family Die.

Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan.—A family named Cudmore, residing at West View, 18 miles west of here, have just lost four of its children within a few days of each other, all from cerebral meningitis. Their ages ranged from 5 to 18 years, two boys and two girls. The illness only lasted some 12 hours and only one of them regained consciousness after the symptoms developed. The provincial medical officer has had the case under consideration and sent a serum to be injected which, unfortunately, was of no avail.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Congress.

The house passed the postoffice appropriation bill.

Seven republican members of insular committee filed minority report opposing Filipino independence bill.

President Taft's managers charge unfair intimidation of federal officeholders by Colonel Roosevelt's supporters.

The house judiciary committee reported favorably a bill to make the important changes in power of courts to punish for contemt.

Senator Cummins introduced a compromise amendment to the metal schedule making sharp reductions from the house measure.

The house passed senate joint resolution for the immediate appropriation of $1,500,000 for rebuilding and repairing levees on the Mississippi and tributaries.

The house merchant marine committee formally reported Alexander bill to equip all American vessels with lifeboats sufficient to care for all human life aboard.

Excursion and short distance coastwise steamship companies protest against being confused with ocean liners in relation to legislation to require life-saving apparatus.

On motion of Senator Reed President Taft's Boston speech of April 25, Colonel Roosevelt's reply and President Taft's rejoinder were ordered printed as public documents.

The rivers and harbor appropriation bill, increased by $8,061,010 over the house figures, was agreed to by commerce committee and will be reported in a few days to the senate.

The house aided the national good roads movement by proposing a provision in the postoffice bill which would grant a subsidy to all highways used in the rural free delivery mail service.

Because of criticism of his recitation to the senate, a political parody on the apostle's creed, last week, Senator Williams of Mississippi ordered that the parody be struck out of his speech in permanent copies of the Congressional Record.

Representative Kinkaid introduced an amended form of his bill to regulate the sale of adulterated butter. This was done in order to combine Mr. Kinkaid's bill with that of Representative Lever, who is a member of the committee on agriculture, to whom the bill has been referred, and is the result of a conference at which this action was agreed upon.

The postoffice appropriation bill, carrying approximately $275,000,000, was passed by the house Friday, 227 to 5. The measure carried, in addition to the appropriations necessary for the conduct of the department, a number of radical additions. Among these were federal aid for good roads, the compulsory publication by newspapers, magazines and periodicals of the names of their owners, and the establishment of a parcels post in connection with the rural free delivery service.

General.

sage telling of the Titanic sinking.

Small crop prospects in Nebraska are excellent.

The Wisconsin legislature was called in extraordinary session.

The London inquiry into the Titanic sinking is to be thorough.

Colorado democrats in state convention declared for Champ Clark.

Senator Smith was unable to get any trace of the alleged early mes-

Congressman Underwood won over Woodrow Wilson in the Georgia primary.

A list of fifty-seven identified dead on the Mackey-Bennett cable ship was buried at sea.

Taft won the preferential vote in Massachusetts, but Roosevelt delegates-at-large were chosen.

The Boston Red Sox started the season at home some $35,000 in gate receipts to the bad. Opening day and morning and afternoon games on Patriots' day had to be postponed on account of rain.

Republican members of the senate financial committee took up the question of formulating a substitute for the house free sugar bill. They soon found themselves in disagreement over the rates of duty.

Senator Flois has been shorn of power in Pennsylvania, and William Finn becomes republican boss.

Representatives of independent interests before interoceanic canals committee vigorously opposed railroad-owned ships using Panama canal.

Albert Prince has been condemned to die for the murder of Deputy Warden Davis of the Nebraska penitentiary.

News was received of the death of James Osborne, general superintendent of the Pacific division of the Canadian Pacific railway, with headquarters at Vancouver.

Senator Works of California asserted in the senate that if Jesus Christ were practicing his healing in New York today as He did in biblical times He would be subject to fine and imprisonment under the laws of that state

Firemen and hostlers of eastern roads demand an increase.

John Samuel, said to be the inventor of the Mason jar, is dead.

Paris police and soldiers killed two desperate criminals after a fierce battle.

Reforms on ocean liners will follow the Titanic disaster.

Congressman Sloan protested in the house against free cereals and meats.

The main building at Morningside (Iowa) college was totally destroyed by fire.

Methodist bishops favor a reutrn to the old rule of placing a time limit on pastorates.

An agreement has been reached between house and senate conferees on the pension bill.

The possibilities of agriculture in Alaska are dealt with in a bulletin issued at Washington.

There are so many candidates for office in Wisconsin the elimination plan may be decided upon.

Senators declared their opposition to any foreign nation securing a foothold in Magdalena bay.

New Hampshire republican delegates were instructed to stick to Taft until given their release.

A house resolution was introduced providing a constitutional amendment limiting a president to one term.

Little hope is entertained for the recovery of more than a few additional bodies of the Titanic dead.

Representative Stanley attacked the Roosevelt administration for alleged favoritism toward the harvester trust.

The house insular affairs committee favorably reported the bill providing for Filipino independence in 1912.

President Taft denies that he ever approved at a cabinet meeting the proposed delay in the prosecution of the Harvester trust.

The Wyoming republican and democratic state conventions to select delegates to the national conventions will be held in Cheyenne May 13.

One side of the main business street of Terrebern, Man., was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at $100,000, principally in rail stores.

A broad anti-injunction bill, such a measure as has long been advocated by labor conditions throughout the country, was favorably reported to the house.

Five hundred employes of the Murray, Utah, plant of the American Smelting and Refining company struck for higher wages. The plant closed.

Mrs. Julia A. Polk, widow of the late Jefferson S. Polk, for many years owner of the Des Moines City Railway company, died at her home, aged seventy-eight.

The directors of the United States steel corporation declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1-4 per cent on the common stock and 1 3-4 per cent on the preferred stock.

Announcement was made by the Rock Island lines of the resumption of through service by way of the Memphis gateway to points south and west. The flood waters have receded.

Secretary Knox sent to congress a letter from the Chinese minister expressing the thanks of th people of China for this government's recent message of congratulations and confidence.

Conferees representing the coal miners and operators of the southwest renewed their agreement that there shall be no suspension of operations at the mines while negotiations for a new contract are pending.

Urging a bill to create a Porto Rican department of agriculture and labor, Santiago Iglesias told the insular affairs committee that Porto Rico's welfare had advanced more since American acquisition than in previous years.

Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, expressed the belief that the house banking and currency committee investigating the money trust would find an evolution in financial affairs tending towards a concentration of larger power in the hands of a few institutions or even of a few men.

Protestant and Roman Catholic memorial services for the Titanic victims were held at Halifax. Burial services followed at both Protestant and Catholic burial grounds Of the fifty-nine unidentified dead seven were women. Forty-six were placed in one common grave in Fairview cemetery.

Bishop Austin Dowling, as his first official act, today announced the appointment of Monsignor Michael Flavin, pastor of Stambrose church, Des Moines, as vicar general of the new Catholic diocese of Des Moines. The new vicar general had been pastor of the local church for twenty-seven years.

The agricultural appropriation bill, carrying $17,656,976, which is $1,723,610 more than the house provided and $756,960 more than the current year's appropriation, finished by the senate committee would raise the appropriation for fighting forest fires from $200,000 to $1,000,000 and appropriates $5,459,045 for the forestry service generally.

Personal.

A minority report in the Lorimer case is soon to be submitted.

Former Attorney General Bonaparte says Roosevelt is correct on the Harvester trust dispute.

President Taft apologized for his appearance on the stump, but insisted that it was justified.

Emilio Vasquez Gomez has been proclaimed provisional president of Mexico.

No republican candidate for the presidency yet has delegates enough to nominate.

Representative Hull introduced a bill to prevent government employes from participating in presidential campaigns.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

END OF RAFTING.

Present Season Will Bring Close on Winona Section of River.

Winona.—Captain W. L. Hunter, who came up the river on Tuesday in command of the Ottumwa Belle, the first rafting boat from below this season, says this year will close rafting operations in this section of the upper Mississippi. Outside of the Ottumwa Belle he says there is only one other raftboat in commission, and with the decline of the lumber industry there will very likely not be anything for these two boats to do after the present year.

Announcement is made by Captain Fugina of the steamer Ideal that his boat will come to Winona on its first trip of the season in a few days, and will at that time start the service it has provided for years past. The boat will run daily between Winona and Fountain City.

The usual Saturday and Sunday afternoon excursions will be run from the time the service is started here, and by the middle of June the Wednesday afternoon excursions will be added.

So far there is nothing to indicate anything to take the place of the service heretofore furnished by the La Crosse in running as a packet between Wabasha and La Crosse. The La Crosse is an old boat and was withdrawn from service at the close of last season. The Red Wing, is undergoing repairs at Fountain City bay and soon will be put on the run between St. Paul and Wabasha.

The excursion steamer Purchase is also being overhauled at Fountain City bay and will before long be taken to St. Paul to enter the excursion trade again.

NEW ROAD TO DULUTH.

C., M. & St. P. Contemplating Route to Big Stone County.

Duluth.—The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad company, it is said on good authority, is behind the Lake Superior and South Dakota railroad recently incorporated to build a line from Duluth to the western boundary of Big Stone county, Minnesota.

The Milwaukee road has just completed its new road to the coast and the line from the head of the lakes would connect with the western branch at Ortonville making a direct route.

At the present time, the Milwaukee road has an agreement with the Northern Pacific, by which, by the payment of one-half of the expense of the short line from St. Paul to Duluth the Milwaukee may run its freight and passenger trains over it. For a long time the Milwaukee is known to have coveted a direct entrance to Duluth.

TO MEET AT HIBBING.

Swedish-Finnish Benevolence Association to Hold Convention in Range Town.

Hibbing.—The annual national convention of the Swedish-Finnish Benevolence association will be held in this city on June 27, 28, 29 and 30. The local committee on arrangements is making preparations for the entertainment of the guests. This convention is the first of its kind to be held here, and the citizens in general will spare no pains to make it a success.

On the last day of the convention the national picnic will be held at the St. Louis County Fair association grounds in this city, and it is expected that over 1,500 persons will be present. Special trains will be run on all railroads. Delegates are expected from every city in the union and from Canada.

ROADS IN BAD SHAPE

Mankato Automobile Club Prepares to Remedy Conditions.

Mankato.—Governor Eberhart was one of the speakers at the annual banquet of the Mankato Automobile club. The affair was the most elaborate yet held by the club, and 150 were served. Other speakers were E. F. Searing, secretary of the Mankato Commercial club, August Schulte, S. B. Wilson and George M. Palmer. At the business session committees were appointed to carry on the work of the club, and a pennant was adopted. It was decided to work with the Commercial club in the matter of good roads, and a great deal of enthusiasm was shown on this subject. The wet fall, depth of the frost and wet spring have left the country roads in an unusually bad condition.

BOY TRAPPERS MAKE MONEY.

Gopher and Wolf Bounties Line Pockets of Wadena Lads.

Wadena. — Hunting and trapping wolves and pocket gophers for the bounty is bringing in much cash to farmers and their boys. One farmer's son has already caught eighty gophers this spring. John M. Zentz of Orton township caught eight wolf cubs and received thirty-two dollars bounty. The cubs were captured in the absence of the mother wolf.

ELK RIVER DAM OUT.

Flood Waters Spread Over the Adjacent Country—Loss $15,000.

Elk, River, Minn. — The dam of the Elk River Milling company at this point went out and one corner of the foundation of the mill was undermined and the big building is settling slowly. The loss up to this time is estimated at $15,000. A bridge above the dam has been so weakened that traffic is prohibited and the mill flume has been washed down river.

The mill property is valued at more than $50,000 and is owned by Massachusetts capitalists. The main building is frame. A force of men are working frantically to stay the flood with sandbags and rock and earth and should no more rain fall for several days there is good prospect the building can be saved.

The mill and dam are on Elk river and the flats between them and the Mississippi are partly flooded. No particular damage has been done except to the mill property. The east end of the dam was the first to yield under the pressure of the flood waters. The tributaries of the Mississippi are spreading out over the country and the main river is booming bank-full.

R. R. WILL MINE IRON.

President Hill of the Great Northern Optimistic as to Ore Situation.

Hibbing.—President Louis W. Hill of the Great Northern, D. M. Philbin, superintendent of the Great Northern ore properties, and A. M. Chisholm of Duluth are on a tour of the range to look over the Great Northern ore properties.

"We expect to be in the mining business on the range ourselves before long," Mr. Hill said. This is interpreted as meaning that with the cancellation of the lease on Hill mines with the steel corporation next year, the great Northern will go into the ore handling and ore market business. Mr. Hill said he would not say the Great Northern would acquire a fleet of boats to carry its ore down the lakes.

Mr. Hill takes an optimistic view of the iron mining situation, and says the Great Northern will handle in excess of 12,000,000 tons from the Mesabi range this year.

MISSION WORK PLANNED.

Lake Superior District of Northwestern Association Meets at Virginia.

Virginia. — The Lake Superior district of the Northwestern Mission Association held its annual meeting here last week. Among other things decided upon was that Rev. Mr. Thomberg will carry on the missionary work on the range, and especially in rural districts. It was decided to call a student of North Park college to do mission work on the ranges, with headquarters at Hibbing.

The following officers were elected: Rev. J. J. Daniels of Duluth, re-elected president; Rev. C. V. S. Engstrom of West Duluth, secretary; D. Johnson of Duluth, treasurer; Rev. P. B. Wellander of Superior, elected member of the district.

SANITARIUM SITE.

Work on Otter Tail County Tuberculosis Hospital Soon to Begin.

Fergus Falls.—The Otter Tail county sanatorium commission has selected a site for the proposed Otter Tail county tuberculosis hospital on the north shore of Lake Blanche, about three miles from the village of Battle Lake, and very nearly in the center of the county. Work on the building is to be begun as soon as the site is approved by the state board of health.

HIBBING IS IMPROVING.

Hibbing.—An addition which is estimated to cost about $200,000 will be built to the Lincoln high school building in this city. Each department will be fitted with the best apparatus obtainable, and the gymnasium and swimming pool will be open in summer months for the use of pupils. The firm of Tomlinson & Egan of Ashland were awarded the general contract at $140,197.

Lightning Kills 3 Horses.

Faribault. — Three horses were killed by lightning at the Harry Peasley farm near here. Peasley was driving the team attached to a seeder when the bolt struck. The driver was badly burned.

Cutworms Again Menace.

Winona. — Farmers say the cutworms will be a greater menace this year to gardners and agriculturists than last year. The ground is said to be full of the worms. Various methods have been advanced for eradicating scourge. William Nesbit, residing near Fremont, declares that common dry sulphur was used effectively on his farm and in his garden last year. A cornfield was alive with the worms, he asserted, but after he sprinkled the sulphur about the stalks every trace of them was lost.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Duluth.—Gus Palma, a miner at the Utica iron property, fell down a shaft and was instantly killed.

Chisholm.—The Ladies society of the Hebrew church in this city and in Hibbing are securing funds for the erection of synagogues.

Virginia.—Fully 450 students of the high school and the seventh and eighth grades will take the state high school examinations in this city in May.

Waseca. — The high school will graduate a class of seventeen on May 31. Clara Lawin has been awarded first and Harry Kennedy second honors for scholarship.

Glyndon.—The consolidated school district election held here carried almost unanimously in favor of the organization. The contemplated district contains 200 children of school age.

Rochester.—Rev. Reed Taft Bayne has accepted an invitation to the pastorate of the Congregational church of this city. He is a second cousin of President Taft, his mother being Julia Taft Bayne.

Hibbing.—Ed. Graft, a lumberjack, raided a wolf den and caught eight timber wolf cubs. He brought them to this city and the commercial clubs of range towns are bidding for them in order that they may be put in their respective parks.

Winona.—Organization of the United Brethren church has been completed here after a series of three weeks' meetings conducted by Rev. C. B. Fletcher, D.D., of Fostoria, Ohio. Rev. Mr. Stone is the pastor and the church starts with thirty-two communicants.

St. Paul. — Secretary of State Schmahl reports that $16,101 was taken into his office during April for automobile licenses, compared with $5,032 in April last year. Fifty-one dealers, 7,600 individual owners, 1,398 motor cyclists, and 698 chauffeurs took out licenses last month.

Hibbing.—About 1,000 cars of iron ore are being handled each day out of Kelly lake by the Great Northern. This makes about nine trains. The Great Northern has added several extra train crews at Superior and is preparing to handle the largest shipments ever made from the Hibbing district.

Warren. — After fifteen years of faithful service on the railroad bus line, Dexter, a horse raised by Coates Bros., was killed on account of old age. A statistician at the livery stable has it figured out that during this fifteen years Dexter has traveled a distance equal to six times around the world.

Winona.—Rev. Edward Borncamp, rector of St. Paul's church, has been granted a leave of absence for the summer by his vestry and will tour France, Holland, Belgium and England. Horace Seaton, organist and choirmaster of the same church, will also go to Europe. The two will meet in England and return to this country together.

Hibbing. — Upon information furnished by the Sturgeon Lake Rod and Gun club, that wholesale netting of fish was being carried on at Sturgeon lake, sixteen miles north, Game Warden Wood made another raid and arrested two. He seized about 1,500 feet of netting, two headlights, one speeder used to carry the fish to market and about 200 pounds of fish.

Winona.—The big packet Morning Star, which was last season operated between St. Paul, Stillwater and Davenport, was this week taken out of its winter quarters in the harbor at Davenport and will make a trip to Burlington and Keokuk. The boat has been thoroughly overhauled. Walter A. Blair will again be the head officer this year with C. H. erris and J. D. Mefford as pilots.

Sauk Rapids.—An interesting meeting was held at Sauk Rapids when E. M. Phillips, state rural school commissioner, addressed the assembly on the benefits of consolidation. According to the proposed plan, districts 4, 29 and 23 will consolidate with the Sauk Rapids independent district. Petitions are being circulated and when 25 per cent of the freeholders have signed an election will be called.

Faribault. — Since announcement has been made that the Dan Patch line will enter Faribault on the Chicago Great Western, there are rumors that it will also lease the road from Faribault to Mankato and run into the latter city. It is the opinion of many business men that within six months the Dan Patch will be running into Mankato from this city. The building of a trolley line from Sioux Falls, S. D., through southern Minnesota by way of Faribault seems to be assured. George E. Doyle has been in Faribault in the interest of the company. He has been working through the southwestern part of the county, and looking up the possibilities of connecting with the Dan Patch in this city and then running into the Twin Cities.

St. Paul.—Minnesota had $2,077,310.87 on hand at the close of business yesterday, according to the report of Walter J. Smith, state treasurer, and is poorer by about $775,000 than a year ago. This depletion of the state treasury largely is due to the generosity of the state legislature in making appropriations.

Washington, D. C.—Republican Miller has recommended the appointment of Eric Lind to be postmaster at Nemadji, Carlton county, and E. F. Anderson to be postmaster at Lindford, Koochiching county, Minnesota.

A CHECK TO RHEUMATISM

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Build Up the Blood and Overcome the Rheumatic Poisons.

Rheumatism defies any treatment that does not build up and purify the blood. The poisons of rheumatism are in the blood and it is only through the blood that the disease can be fought successfully.

Unless the blood is weak and impure, rheumatism cannot get a foothold. When it does the thin and impure blood is not strong enough to overcome the poisons alone. It must be strengthened and purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best blood-building medicine you can take. They make new blood with every dose and promptly check further progress of the disease. They make the blood so pure and strong that not the least trace of rheumatism remains.

Mr. A. Hamann, a farmer on R. F. D. No. 2, Eldridge, Iowa, says: "I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for indigestion and rheumatism from which I suffered for over six years. As these attacks came on every spring, I think they were caused by impure blood. The rheumatism was always more severe in my ankles and knees and especially in my arms, when I had been shopping or working hard. The pains were so severe that I could hardly sleep at night. I used liniments of many kinds, but they didn't do more than drive the pain to some other part of the body and I did not get any relief from the doctor's medicine.

"When I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in our weekly paper I made up my mind to try a medicine that had actually cured some one else. A few boxes cured me and I think so much of the pills that I keep them in the house to use as a tonic. My wife finds them strengthening and we think the pills are the best medicine for the blood."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the blood's greatest aid in overcoming rheumatism, headaches, anaemia, chlorosis, and after-effects of the grip and fevers.

A valuable booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

LOTS COMING.

"Has Tom made the last payment on his automobile yet?"

"Lord, no! It has just commenced to break!"

ERUPTION COVERED BODY

"Three years ago this winter I had a breaking out that covered my whole body. It itched so it seemed as if I should go crazy. It first came out in little pimples on my back and spread till it covered my whole body and limbs down to my knees, also my arms down to my elbows. Where I scratched it made sores, and the terrible itching and burning kept me from sleeping. I tried several remedies all to no purpose. Then I concluded to try the Cuticura Remedies. I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, also the Resolvent, for about four months, and they completely cured me of eczema. I have had no return of the disease since. I never had a good night's rest after the skin eruption first broke out till I commenced using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I had only used them a few days before I could see they were beginning to heal, and the terrible itching was gone.

"Those that lived in the house at the time know how I suffered, and how the Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured me. I never take a bath without using the Cuticura Soap, and I do not believe there are better remedies for any skin disease than the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Miss Sarah Calkins, Waukegan, Ill., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Saving Steps.

Gibson—But the house is over a mile from the station, you admit.

Agent—Yes, but the rooms are so small you will only have to walk the baby eight feet from her little crib.—Harper's Bazar.

The energy some men waste in making fools of themselves would make a fortune in any other line of endeavor.

Before retiring, a cup of Garfield Tea. For good digestion and continued good health.

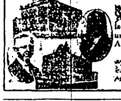
On the road to success it isn't every man who knows when to change cars.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. ...

St. Hilaire, Minn.



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Its great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
J. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, May 11, 1912.

Eberhatt is now trying to ride two horses by trying to climb on the rear of the Roosevelt band wagon, observes W. G Hunt in his Sunbeam. "Anything to get that coon," is the principle of the governor.

Pennington county officials this week paid into the Red Lake county treasury $24,800. This sum represents a part of the share of the old Red Lake county indebtedness assumed by Pennington upon the separation of the two counties.

The whole political situation can be summarized in a line. The republicans in 1908 promised to revise the tariff downward and they haven't done it—Winona Independent.

Neither will the democrats revise the tariff downward if the interests say nay.—Cass Lake Times.

The Thief River Falls Times says that Thief River Falls business men object to giving over the streets of the city to carnival shows during the county fair week. It has been suggested that the "shows" be allowed space on the fair grounds instead. It would be better to do as the Red Lake county fair officials have done—turn down the "fakes."—Gazette.

Report of the Forestry Commissioner

The sixteenth report of the forestry commissioner of Minnesota—Gen. C. Andrews—being for the year 1910, has just been printed. The legislatnre of Minnesota, by the act of April 12, 1911, having abolished the office of forestry commissioner, the present is the last report he will make.

With reference to the unprecedented dry season of 1910, culminating in the tornado swept fatal Baudette forest fire of October 7, in which twenty-nine people perished and a million dollars worth of property was destroyed, he thinks that if the legislature of 1909 had appropriated the $39,000 he asked, instead of only $21,000, he could have continued ranger service after September 1 and that probably the calamity would not have occurred.

He shows that on account of expense it is not practicable for railroads in Minnesota to use fuel oil in their locomotives; that it would be more economical for them to maintain efficient patrols.

He recommends that from April 15 to November 15 no one shall set fire to brush, stumps or meadows in the forest regions without first making a firebreak of bare earth a rod wide between the place of fire and the property of another.

For pay and expense of patrols and rangers and necessary fire lines, lookouts and telephones and for suppressing fires, he recomends an annual appropriation of $200,000, and $30,000 in addition for prosecutions. "The forest fire laws" he says, "will not be respected unless enforced. The state cannot keep a watchman over every heedless person in the forest regions. Examples must be made of those who violate the law, so that others will be restrained from negligence in the use of fire."

The report contains the new forestry law, which appropriates $75,000 annually for each of the next two fiscal years of the forest service and which authorizes the appointment of a state forester by the forestry board, he to appoint an assistant forester, and which abolishes the town fire warden system.

The report also contains sketches of forestry in twenty European countries, and a number of illustrations.

It appears that the proposed amendment to the constitution for a tax of one-fifteenth of a mill for reforestation received 100,168 votes, but lacked 55,C10 votes of being adopted.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held May 6, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved as read.

The following bills were on motion duly made and carried allowed:

W. S. Nott, barrel of soda, carboy sulphuric acid	$20.75
Wm. Olson, fixing of pump and hook and ladder	2.50
Walter S. Booth & Son, blanks for clerk	.75
Henry Peterson, carpenter work on village bell	1.00
Gust Anderson, labor	4.75
David Soderman, labor	2.50
John Forseen, salary and special labor	24.60
St. Hilaire Retail Lbr. Co., lumber	5.35
J. D. Converse, publishing proceedings, election tickets	7.25
Henry Swanson, road construction	30.07
O. I. Fellman, draying and express	9.53
A. H. Pitkin, supplies	5.75

On motion duly made and carried the bill of W. S. Nott & Co. for repairs of chemical was laid on table until next meeting, and the clerk was instructed to obtain itemized bill.

On motion duly made and carried the road and bridge committee was authorised to purchase filling material for street from O. H. Olson at twenty cents per load.

Motion made and seconded that village furnish material for fixing well on South Broadway provided citizens furnish labor. Motion carried.

Councilman McKercher, seconded by Councilman Hovet, introduced the following resolution:

Be it resolved by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, that the following sidewalks as described below be condemned as unsafe and unfit for public use: All the walks fronting the east of block 64, fronting west of block 3, Ives addition; fronting east of block 47, fronting west of block 42 excepting school cement walk, fronting east of block 35, fronting west of block 38, fronting north of block 38. Resolution carried unanimously.

On motion duly made and carried the meeting was adjourned to be convened Saturday, May 11, at 8 p. m.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Eleventh Biennial Sangerfest

That the eleventh biennial sangerfest is to be the greatest of all the conventions of the Norwegian Singers' association is now an assured fact. Every society having a membership in the grand organization has responded to the invitations sent out by Secretary Hagen and has promised to send delegations ranging from six to sixty voices; this means that the chorus of Fargo will comprise not less than one thousand voices.

Beyond a doubt, this chorus will be the largest gathering of male voices ever directed by one man, and those fortunate enough to hear them will receive a treat that will last forever. Fifty or sixty voices accustomed to singing together and ably directed render music that no instrument ever conceived can compare with in point of harmony, perfect blending of tones and expression, and a chorus of a full thousand will make music for which there is no adequate comparison. A symphony orchestra, perhaps, has greater scope of expression than any other combination of instruments; still even that cannot be compared to a male chorus. The richness and purity of tone, the flexibility, the contrast of gentleness and power, the great volume possible to attain with such an immense chorus as will be heard in Fargo this summer cannot be described and must be heard to be realizen.

The men comprising the membership of the Norwegian Singers' Association of America are all experienced singers, the majority of whom have sung together for years and who through long years of constant work have attained perfection of harmony. Every society has had the music which will be sung in Fargo for not less than six months, and has put in one or more evenings a week in rehearsals. It is, therefore, a certainty that every singer will know his part and do justice to it.

The chorus will be under the sole direction of Emil Bjorn of Chicago, one of the best known of present day conductors and composers, and will be accompanied by a full orchestra of not less than fifty pieces, all selected musicians. Four of the really great soloists in their respective lines will assist, one of whom will be Gustaf Holmquist of Chicago, perhaps the greatest basso of the present day.

All in all, the committees in charge are leaving nothing undone to make this the greatest musical event ever placed before the public and are going to make July 1s, 13, and 14 dates long to be remembered.

Skeleton Found at Thief River Falls

Coronor Swanson was called to Thief River Falls Wednesday to view the skeleton of a man found on the Hanson & Barzen farm west of the city.

The skeleton was that of a man about 5 feet 10 inches tall, and probably weighing in the neighborhood of 165 pounds. Decomposition was complete, there being no flesh on the bones and only bits of clothing remained. The man was lying on his stomach with right arm under him and head resting on the left side. The hair on the right side of the head was in a good state of preservation, although somewhat faded. The hair was light reddish.

A 35 calibre bullet had pierced the brain, entering at the right temple and coming out just over the left ear. A pair of lumberman's rubbers, size 8, encased the feet, and parts of a sheep lined, corduroy coat were about the remains. A 32 calibre revolver of the American bull dog type being held in the man's hand, as it was immediately underneath the right one. This might be suicide, or the [illegible] might have been placed there by design. No money found except a dime and two nickels.

Other than described above there was nothing by which to identify the man and the body had probably lain where it was found for something over two years. The coroner decided that as no indentification could be had, no inquest was necessary, and ordered the bones taken up and prepared for burial by the undertaker.

ROOSEVELT TALKS STRAIGHT AT YOU

Tells His Hearers Plainly Just Where He Stands.

Some of His Recent Utterances in Reply to the Attack by Mr. Taft on the Man Who Made Him President —Political, Social and Industrial Conditions as "T. R." Sees Them.

"Mr. Taft has announced that I am trying to stir up class hatred and excite discontent. I ask you to look for yourselves.

"I ask you to see if you can find anywhere in that speech any appeal to class hatred, except hatred of the class of crooks—political and financial alike. See if you can find any stirring up of discontent in it excepting of discontent with trickery, with political chicanery, with cheating, with oppression."

"I have preached abhorrence of Mr. Lorimer and of all that for which Mr. Lorimer stands, and of the kind of crooked politics and crooked finance which, in combination, are responsible for the production of Mr. Lorimer. But as regards most, even of the bosses whom I oppose, I have not preached hatred of them. I do not hate them; I merely wish them to retire to private life and quit misgoverning us.

"Mr. Taft says that I preach class hatred and excite discontent. Does Mr. Taft regard me as stirring up class hatred because I ask for a law in New York to prevent women from being worked for excessive hours in factories?

"Does Mr. Taft regard me as stirring up class hatred because I stand for a workmen's compensation act? Does he regard me as stirring up class hatred because I demand that the state and the nation co-operate to make the conditions of life and labor better for wageworkers; because I demand that state and nation co-operate to help the farmer?"

"I am advocating action which will be the most effective kind of antidote to class hatred; whereas, if Mr. Taft's policy of flabby indecision and helpless acquiescence in the wrongdoing of the crooked boss and the crooked financier is permitted to continue, there will really grow up class hatred in this country. There will grow up a very uncomfortable and very ugly feeling of discontent with political, social and industrial conditions."

"If it is any comfort to Mr. Taft to call Messrs. Lorimer, Cox, Penrose, Guggenheim, Calhoun, Gallinger and the rest patriotic leaders, instead of bosses, let him do so; but I earnestly hope that the plain people will vote against that particular type of patriotic leader."

"If you don't rule yourselves, be sure someone else will rule you. The boss will do it."

"I believe in a protective tariff, but I want to see the benefits get past the office into the pay envelopes. It is all right to have a reasonable share stop in the office, but not too much. I would like to see a national bureau whose business it would be to see that where protection is given to any industry, the wage-earners get a reasonable share."

"Law and order is but a means to justice, and unless it tends toward justice, law and order must come first, justice second."

"Every standpatter loves a progressive who is dead."

"We want to apply Lincoln's principles to labor problems."

"I am against any attempt to revive the reciprocity treaty, and I will be against any similar treaty that improperly sacrifices the interests of our farmers and fishermen."

"This is a line-up between the plain people and the great moneyed interests. We have against us the solid Republican machine, the money power and every newspaper that could be subsidized. There is no one with us but the plain people."

"Everything on the level and treat everyone on the square!"

"The man who incites the laboring man to overstep the law is the laboring man's enemy. Every other question must be held in abeyance until law and order are restored; then justice must be obtained. The country cannot permanently succeed unless more than a mere living wage is granted."

"The permanent prosperity of our country can only be assured by orderly liberty under the law. A man is an enemy who incites the workers to disorder. But we cannot succeed in this country unless the wage-earners are paid more than a living wage."

"If I could give advice to employers, I would tell them to grant increases before a strike rather than afterward. Social and industrial leaders should make it evident they do justice because it is right and not because of injustice."

"Mr. Taft said the next time that a demagogue mounts the platform—I am the demagogue, he thought I was the demagogue—and tells you that he puts the man above the dollar, ask him what he means. Mr. Taft did not know that I was quoting Abraham Lincoln. It was a letter which Lincoln wrote in 1859 to a committee of Boston people here, and Lincoln was the demagogue on the platform."

"The other day Mr. Taft said that he mistrusted the impulsive judgment of the people. Well, if I have to choose I'll choose the impulsive judgment of the people every time rather than the deliberate judgment of the professional politicians."

"Now, it is just the same way with the people, as a whole. I don't say for a moment that we won't sometimes make mistakes. Sometimes we will. But in the long run and on the whole the American people will make fewer mistakes in governing themselves. And that is why I wish to see us give the people a real and not merely nominal control of their political fortunes."

A CAUSE WORTH WHILE.

By Theodore Roosevelt.

We fight to make this country a better place to live in for those who have been harshly treated by fate; and if we succeed, it will also be a better place to live in for those who have much. None of us can really prosper permanently if masses of our fellows are debased and degraded, if masses of men and women are ground down and forced to lead starved and sordid lives, so that their souls are crippled like their bodies and the fine edge of their every feeling blunted.

When I plead the cause of the crippled brakeman on a railroad, of the overworked girl in a factory, of the stunted child toiling at inhuman labor, of all who work excessively or in unhealthy surroundings, of the family dwelling in the squalor of a noisome tenement, of the wornout farmer in regions where the farms are worn out also; when I protest against the unfair profits of unscrupulous and conscienceless men or against the greedy exploitation of the helpless by the beneficiaries of privilege, I am not only fighting for the weak, I am fighting also for the strong.

Republican District Convention

The republican district convention for the Ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota will be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m, for the purpose of electing two delegates and two alternates to the republican national convention to be held at Chicago on June 18, 1912, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for president and vice president, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before the convention.

The county conventions to elect delegates thereto will be held in the respective counties on Monday, May 13, A. D. 1912, at places to be designated by the several county committees.

Representation in this convention will be made upon the following basis: Each county shall be entitled to one delegate for each two hundred and fifty votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for state officers in the year 1910 in such county, and each county shall be allowed in addition thereto five delegates at large. The several counties in the district will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

Becker	12
Beltfami	11
Clearwater	8
Clay	13
Kittson	8
Marshall	12
Mahnomen	6
Norman	10
Otter Tail	18
Polk	20
Pennington	10
Red Lake	8
Roseau	9
Wilkin	9
Total	154

By order of the Ninth district republican committee.

JOHN PETTERSON, Chairman.
FRED DENNIS, Secretary.
Dated April 8, 1912.

Official Call

For the republican county convention in and for Pennington county, Minnesota, to be held at Thief River Falls, Minnesota, May 13, 1912.

Pursuant to the call of the republican state central committee duly communicated to the republican county committee of the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, a republican county delegate convention is hereby called to be held on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1912, at eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court house in Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican state convention to be held on the 16th day of May, A. D. 1912, at twelve o'clock noon of said day, at the armory in Minneapolis, Hennepin county, Minnesota, for the purpose of electing six delegates at large and six alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912, and to nominate twelve republican electors for the state of Minnesota; and for the further purpose of electing ten (10) delegates to the republican district convention for the ninth congressional district of the state of Minnesota, to be held at the armory in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1912, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of electing two (2) delegates and two (2) alternates to the national republican convention to nominate a president and vice president of the United States, to be held in Chicago, Illinois, on June 18, 1912.

The primaries for the election of delegates to said republican county convention shall be held at the usual voting places in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on Saturday, the 11th day of May, 1912, from seven to eight o'clock p. m.

The republican voters of Pennington county, Minnesota, without regard to past political affiliations, who believe in the principles advocated by the republican party and endorse its policies are cordially invited to participate in the selection of delegates to this convention.

The representation to said republican county convention shall be based upon the average republican vote for the following state officers at the election of 1910: Governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general. Each voting precinct being entitled to one delegate for each twenty-five or major fraction thereof, and one delegate at at large.

In accordance with above apportionment the several voting precincts in Pennington county, Minnesota, will be entitled to the following number of delegates to the said republican county convention in and for the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota.

	Total delegates
Bray	2
Black River	2
Clover Leaf	2
Deer Park	3
Goodridge	2
Highlanding	3
Hickory	2
Kratka	3
Mayfield	2
Norden	2
Numedal	2
North	4
Polk Center	1
Reiner	2
River Falls	2
Rocksbury	4
Sanders	3
Silverton	3
Smiley	4
Star	2
Village of St. Hilaire	3
Wyandotte	2
City of Thief River Falls	
First Ward	[illegible]
Second "	7
Third "	4
Fourth "	[illegible]
Total number of delegates	[illegible]

By order of the county central committee of Pennington county, Minnesota.

DANIEL [illegible], Chairman.
H. G. HIEBER, Secretary.

Citation for Hearing on Petition [illegible] Mortgage, or Lease [illegible]

Estate of Lewis B. Geerlings [illegible]
State of Minnesota, County of [illegible]
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate [illegible] Geerlings:

The state of Minnesota to [illegible] lings, Gertie Coan, Jennie [illegible] South, L. E. Geerlings, Nancy [illegible] all persons interested in the [illegible] lands belonging to said estate. The [illegible] of J. M. Bishop as representative [illegible] above named estate being duly [illegible] court, representing that it is necessary for the best interests of said estate [illegible] all interested therein that certain [illegible] said decedent described therein [illegible] and praying that a license be to him [illegible] to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you are hereby cited and required to show cause if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, State of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June, 1912, at [illegible] o.clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 29th day of April, 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
m1-3t. Judge of Probate Court.
G. HALVORSON, ESQ., Attorney for petitioner.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty six ($36.00) dollars interest, which became due October 1st 1911, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by David W. Clayton and [illegible] Clayton, mortgagors, to Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1907, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of April, 1907, at 1:20 o'clock p. m., in book 34 of mortgages on page 441, and now on record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in said state, in book 24 of mortgages on page 117;

Which mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said Iowa Mortgage Loan and Investment Co., mortgagee, to David Rosenberg by written assignment, dated the 10th day of April, 1907, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of April, 1907, at 11:30 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of mortgages on page 406, and now of record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 42 of mortgages, page 12.

And whereas, the said David Rosenberg, assignee, thereafter died testate, and by the provisions of his will, which has been duly admitted to probate, assigned and conveyed said mortgage by his said written will to Amalia Rosenberg, and the said will having been duly admitted to probate in the probate court of the county of Swift, in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of May, 1910, the said probate court did thereafter make and enter its final degree, in writing, in the estate of David Rosenberg, deceased, dated on the 27th day of February, 1911, and thereby assigned and conveyed the saidm ortgage and the debt secured thereby to Amalie Rosenberg, which said final decree assigning said mortgage, pursuant to to the provisions of the will aforesaid, was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 a. m., in book A of Miscellaneous on Page 170, and the letters testamentary issued in said estate to Myron Rosenberg, executor of the will of said David Rosenberg, deceased, was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, at 8:00 o'clock in book A of Miscellaneous on page 169.

And Whereas, The premises described in said mortgage are now included in the county of Pennington in the state of Minnesota, which county was created and organized on the 23rd day of November, 1910, out of a part of the former Red Lake county.

And Whereas, pursuant to the terms and conditions of said mortgage, by reason of the default in the payment of said interest, the whole principal sum of said mortgage did on the second day of October, 1911, become immediately due and payable and was so declared by the said Amalie Rosenberg, assignee of said mortgage, and there is now due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon said mortgage the sum of twelve hundred seventy-three and 8-100 ($1273.08) dollars; and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The east half (e½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) and lots number six (6) and seven (7) in section six (6) of township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-five (45) west of the fifth principal meridian for Minnesota, now in Pennington county, Minnesota, the same formerly being in Red Lake county Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of twelve hundred seventy-three and 08-100 ($1273.08) dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 30, A. D. 1912.

AMALIE ROSENBERG, [illegible]

[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Special song service at 8 p. m. Mr. Jones will render some violin selections.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 a.m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services Sunday, May 12, at 8 p. m., with administration of the Lord's supper.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 1—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
U. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP —Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. S. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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AND
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Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Caucus this evening from 7 to 8 o'clock.

Thief River Falls will have a city hospital.

C. H. Martz was in Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. O. F. Post visited with friends in Crookston this week.

Ed Hoske made a business visit to Thief Rvier Falls on Monday.

Dr. Smith of Crookston was in town a few moments on Wednesday.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was a St. Hilaire visitor on Tuesday.

Chas. N. Bourdon, the Red Lake Falls banker and real estate man, will move to Winnipeg.

Olaf Opperud of Crookston was an over Sunday visitor with Mr. and Mrs. A. Satterberg.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. E. O. Haggluud.

Misses Amelia Duddy, Ella Jackson, and Mildred Hooper were in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Isaac Baker returned Wednesday from Greenbush, where he has been inspecting some real estate holdings.

Martin McAndress was in Thief River Falls the first of the week looking after his building operations.

Base ball on the local grounds tomorrow afternoon, Red Lake Falls vs. St. Hilaire. Don't forget to come out.

Arthur Jacobson, who has been ill for several months, left Thursday for St. Paul to consult with Dr. Bockman.

Frank Towne of Larimore, N. D., has been here this week looking after his real estate holdings northwest of St. Hilaire.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

The Young People's society of the Hamar congregation will meet at the home of Christ Moe tomorrow at 2 o'clock p. m.

Fred Harris, the Crookston cigar man, and his father, A. E. Harris, autoed through here to Thief River Falls and return Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson returned Wednesday from Maple Bay where they have been getting their cottage in shape for occupancy.

Salem Majean, the ditch contractor, came over from Crookston Monday and went out to the scene of his prospective summer labors.

Mrs. J. Solow, who has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. D. Lazar, during the past two weeks, returned Thursday to her home at Fargo.

James Amble received a cut on the head with a hoe in the hands of another boy Monday, but no serious results are apprehended. The hit was entirely accidential.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Tom Hovet left Thursday for Grand Forks, called by the serious illness of his mother. Mrs. Hovet has been ill for about three weeks and her condition is not encouraging.

G. Fellman went to Thief River and drove his auto down Tuesday. He made his first business trip with it Tuesday evening taking a traveling man to Wylie and Red Lake Falls.

St. Hilaire boasts four new automobiles this week. D. Patterson and G. Fellman have each an Overland, N. A. Nelson has a Ford, and A. Satterberg a Buick. These with C. C. Elliott's two make six autos in town and two more are expected soon.

On Monday evening a large gathering of friends successfully surprised Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger, the occasion being their second wedding anniversary. A very pleasant evening was spent in games and general sociability followed by a very fine lunch. At the conclusion of the evening's festivities Rev. Palmer, in behalf of the friends, presented Mr. and Mrs. Krueger with a half dozen Haviland china cups and saucers as a token of the high esteem in which they are held and wished them Godspeed in their wedded life.

Peter Johnson's new Ford motor arrived yesterday.

Charles Nelson made the county seat a visit yesterday.

Miss Olga Hanson returned yesterday to her home at Red Lake Falls.

Dr. Owens was looking after business in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Henry Peterson has been quite ill with pneumonia this week, but is reported better.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble and Miss Cleo were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thor Smilesang drove over from Wylie last evening in their Brush touring car.

D. Patterson and Miss Katherine went to Thief River Falls Thursday and returned in the new auto.

Attorney Pitkin came down from the county seat Friday for an over Sunday visit with his parents.

Miss Caroline Hoff returned on Wednesday to her home at Reynolds, N. D., after a visit with friends here.

Christ Kruse, who has been living on a rented farm east of town, has purchased Mrs. Ortloff's farm in Polk Center, paying therefor $28.00 per acre.

Mrs. Al Potvin and children of Cass Lake, who have been visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Simonson, went yesterday to Crookston to visit friends.

Mr. Aurin, cashier of the Winger, Polk county, bank, was in town Wednesday and looked over the country with a view to making some land investments.

Albert Odegaard has been engaged to teach Norwegian school here this summer for the United and Synod churches. Mr. Odegaard is at present attending school at Sioux Falls S. D.

K. O. Gigstad received word yesterday of the death of a sister, Mrs. Mary Knutson, at her home at Rice Lake, Wis., on Thursday, the 9th inst. She will be remembered as having visited here with her husband about two years ago.

Jos. Helm came up from Red Lake Falls Saturday in the new Flanders car recently purchased from him by J. P. Curtis. Mr. Helm was accompanied by Miss Agnes Hirsch of Red Lake Falls and Miss Hooper and Gust Fellman of St. Hilaire.—Thief River Falls Times.

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $35.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Base Ball

The St. Hilaire Gophers played at Red Lake Falls on May 5, as per scheduled game, with the Red Lake Falls team.

The game was very interesting for the first game of the year. Neither team had had much practice and the game itself showed the weaknesses of each team very plainly. There are three cardinal features of any ball game, team fielding, batting, and base running.

This game, as played, showed that Red Lake Falls excelled in fielding and base running while St. Hilaire's clean and consistent hitting gave them the advantage in batting. The day was not a good one for base ball but helped a good deal for a starter. Both teams have promised to get down to regular practice work and remedy their defects, so that later games between these teams may develop into closely fought low score games.

Whether the score was 11 to 11 or 11 to 12 in favor of Red Lake is not quite certain but on the merits of the game, we think that Red Lake deserved to win and that the score of 11 to 12 in favor of Red Lake should stand. We all had a good time and were treated royally by the Red Lake team and management and will try to return the compliment any time a favorable date can be arranged for a record game between these teams.

"ST. HILAIRE GOPHERS."

DIED

At her home in the town of Sanders, on Thursday, May 9, Mrs. Rasmus Aaseby, aged 72 years. Besides her aged husband she leaves one son, Iver Aaseby, who resides in Thief River Falls, and one daughter, Mrs. Rev. Lochren.

Funeral services will be held next Monday at the Lanstad church by Rev. M. S. Gjerde.

Just received a Full Line of

LADIES' WHITE GOODS AND CURTAINS

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

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MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.07
" " 2 "	1.05
" " 3 "	1.02
Flax, No. 1	$1.90
" " 2	1.89
Barley, for 50 lbs	90
Oats	46
Eggs	15
Butter	.25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork,	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

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TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 20 years experience. Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune. READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
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DISC HARROWS, all sizes
HARROWS, wood and steel frame
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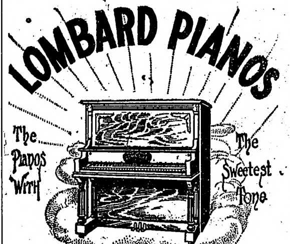
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The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Staker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Parsons, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

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LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

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20 Pretty Rooms in this FREE BOOK

—don't you want to see them?

Peep into other people's new homes and get the latest ideas for your own decorating. Our book tells about the FREE Color Plans our expert designers will send you for any rooms you wish to decorate. You will be glad to know more about

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The Beautiful Wall Tint

an exquisite in color and quality it is used in the most expensive modern homes though it costs far less than wall paper or paint. Kalsomine colors appear harsh and crude beside the soft-hued Alabastine tints. Goes farthest on the walls and is easiest to use. Full directions on every package—simply mix with cold water and put on. Does not chip, peel or rub off. 16 Beautiful Colors and—

With our Color Plans you can easily have the most artistic home in your neighborhood.

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Full 5 lb. pkg. White 50c. Regular Tints 55c.

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As a stimulant an ounce of censure is often worth a pound of praise.

A pure, mild and potent laxative, Garfield Tea! All druggists.

A fellow can make a hit with a girl by telling how much he misses her.

Perhaps the surest thing in this life is the friend you can't depend on when you really need him.

Fell.

Mrs. Murphy—So you son Dinnis fell from his airyoplane? Sure, Oi thought he was learnin' to fly in a corrispondence school.

Mrs. Casey—He was, but he shtopped short in the middle of a lesson.—Lippincott's.

Paradise Lost.

"Blingley, why does Oldboy refuse to speak to you? You used to be great friends?"

"Yes, when we were bachelors; but he's married now."

"And what difference does that make?"

"Well, the fact is, I made him a handsome wedding present of a book, and he hasn't spoken to me since."

"What was the book?"

"'Paradise Lost.'"

What Every Woman Knows.

A Cleveland school teacher writes that she asked her class what was the difference between the expressions, "a while" and "a time." Nobody seemed to have any idea on the subject. Finally the light of intelligence was seen to shine in the eyes of one little boy, and the teacher called upon him to save the intellectual honor of the class.

"I know, teacher!" he cried eagerly. "When papa says he's going out for a while, mamma says she knows he's going out for a time!"

That's one way of looking at it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Knew Something About It.

The small boy of the household was not notably proficient in sacred lore, but when his sister asked him, "Where was Solomon's temple?" he indignantly resented the supposed impeachment of his stock of information, and retorted:

"Don't you think I know anything?"

She assured him that she did not doubt that he knew, but urged him to state for her benefit.

Though not crediting her sincerity, he finally exclaimed, curtly:

"On the side of his head, of course, where other folk's are! D'you s'pose I'm a fool?"

Fully Assimilated.

Ray S. Baker, the author, in an argument on immigration at Lawrence, cited the marvelous speed wherewith the immigrant family, be it German or French or what not, becomes assimilated into the national life.

"An instance of this assimilation occurs to me," he said. "I know a worthy Neapolitan, one Paoli Cenci, who came to this country three years ago. Paoli's little son, Francesco, an American citizen of seven, looked up from his school books, the other evening to ask:

"Say, pa, what year was it you Italians discovered us in?"

What's the Use of Cooking When you don't have to?

Post Toasties

are skillfully and fully cooked at the factory—ready to serve direct from package with cream and sugar if you like.

These thin bits of toasted corn (sold by grocers) are crisp, delicious, satisfying, and convenient.

"The Memory Lingers"

Made by
Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Pure Food Factories
Battle Creek, Mich.

ODD CHINA SCENE

Celestial Fishermen and Their Crude Homes.

Most of the Houses Are One Room Shanties Built Without Windows —Men Start for Fishing Grounds at 2 A. M.

Canton, China.—Did you ever visit a Chinese fishing village? Next to rice, you know, the Chinaman delights in fish, and so, on the big rivers running into the interior, these villages abound. You find these Celestials friendly, even to the stranger. Do not interfere with them and they'll not bother you, is a safe motto. You will find the fisherman standing in the doorway of their one-room shanties, curious-looking structures these, absolutely without visible window. Houses of the sort are all about, all of them unpainted, but black for the weathering of the frame. Some few will have a second room to them—but this also without window except in the very top of the roof. The door is extremely narrow and as it stands open, permits a peep inside. Some of these houses have aspired to cheap wall paper. Almost all have a low cot or bunk, with blankets unfolded, against one wall, and a few chairs stand about. General disorder characterizes the interior.

Soft-pedaled men go about, in loose black trousers, of seersucker, and sometimes coats of the same goods, but light blue. They wear a rather ministerial-looking vest, and the hair is set into a queue, which is often curled about the head.

Women, too, hobble by, barefooted, but the sole of the foot resting upon clogs. Among these very poorest women one doesn't find the tiny foot one so often reads about. Some few of them have earrings in their ears, circles of gold from which queer green stones hang pendant. Yonder you remark an old man, washing dishes, out on the tumbly veranda to his house.

Chinese Family Fishing Party.

Then, too, you note how several of the homes have on their exterior, just next the door, a little shelf, with some old tin cans. In these they burn the joss sticks, even as you pass a fat old woman is fixing such. It is the heart of Cathay here and she pays no heed to you.

Cross the rocks of the beach as you come to this now. Their skiffs are drawn up. Those punts are squareset at each end. From the middle a low mast rises up, across which then there is an iron bar, at an angle. From the upper end of that there hangs what appears to be an iron net. As a matter of fact this device is arranged for holding pieces of wood which are light, to attract the fish at night.

You pause, just a moment, to drink in the typical Chinese life here, to survey houses, boats and all.

The fishermen, you learn, are wont to go out as early as two in the morning for the fish, and return perhaps at two in the afternoon. Usually two men go out to a boat and these take no lunch along. For the work they employ either hook and line, or net, and the fishing ground will lie some 60 fathoms from shore.

INJURED CHILD WALKS A MILE

With Her Hand Nearly Severed, Girl Makes Tourniquet and Seeks Aid.

Ellendale, Del.—With her hand nearly cut off as the result of an accident, Mary Corkhill, a seven-year-old child, displayed remarkable fortitude when she walked over a mile from a woods where the accident took place and then calmly held her hand while a physician amputated four of the fingers.

The little girl and a younger brother were playing in the woods, when the boy picked up an ax and accidentally cut the girl so that two fingers were severed at the wrist.

The child bound a string around the arm to keep it from bleeding, walked to her home with her brother and then submitted to the amputation.

SHOES FOR LEGLESS MEN

John Burke, Arrested in Minneapolis, Tells Strange Story to Judge; Fails to Make an Impression.

Minneapolis.—John Burke's strange story of one-legged men, and how he had taken it upon himself to provide such men with shoes, failed to get him his freedom today, when he was charged in the Municipal court with stealing eight right shoes from a store. Instead Burke got thirty days in the workhouse.

"The reason I got those shoes, all for the right foot, is that I buy them from the city hospital from men who have had their legs amputated," he told the court.

"The last eight men at the hospital had their right legs cut off."

FOR EVERY FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST

To the head of every family the health of its different members is most important, and the value of an agreeable laxative that is certain in its effect is appreciated. One of the most popular remedies in the family medicine chest is a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that is known to druggists and physicians as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is mild and gentle in its action on the bowels, yet positive in its effect. A dose of Syrup Pepsin at night means relief next morning, while its tonic properties tone up and strengthen the muscles of stomach, liver and bowels so that these organs are able in a short time to again perform their natural functions without help.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this simple, inexpensive, yet effective remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and ask for a sample bottle. Dr. Caldwell will be glad to send it without any expense to you whatever.

SO THOUGHTFUL OF HER.

Elsie—Grace has had her picture done and given one to each member of her family.

Ernest—Why, where is she going

Elsie—Going to play bridge for a season.

If money talks it must be in silvery tones, for we are told that silence is golden.

When the nervous man reaches the top, he is apt to look around for the fire escapes.

Dyspeptics, despair not! While there's Garfield Tea, there's hope.

No, Cordelia, the grass widow is anything but green.

BACKACHE NOT A DISEASE

But a Symptom, a Danger Signal Which Every Woman Should Heed.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Read about Mrs. Woodall's experience.

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. Ollie Woodall, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1, No.2, No.3. **THERAPION** Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

A BARGAIN An $800 stock of dry goods, consisting of laces, embroideries, ladies' underwear, blankets, quilts, corsets, chiffons and veilings, notions, etc. Will sell for cash or will take property in exchange. Good reasons for selling stock. 280 E. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn.

Pettit's Eye Salve GRANULATED ITCHING LIDS

CHIEF OF THE PAPAL GUARD

Col. Repond, Retired Officer of the Swiss Army, Their Commander— Pontiff Lauds Soldiers.

London.—Col. Repond, the retired staff officer of the Swiss army, who has been called by Pius X. to succeed the late Baron Meyer von Schauensee as commander of the Pontifical Swiss Guard, is decidedly a martinet.

The Swiss Guard was formed in 1505, and now consists of 102 men, rank and file, who still continue their traditional duties of mounting guard at the bronze door and in the papal ante-chambers. As soon as he assumed command the colonel set about thoroughly reorganizing the corps.

He realized at once that the artistic uniform designed by Michael Angelo was not adapted for drilling and he provided his men with a serviceable plain uniform to be worn for fatigue duty. The colonel likewise discarded the old Remington rifles used by the Swiss Guards and had them replaced with modern Mausers. He relegated the traditional halberds, cross hilted long swords and steel breastplates and helmets to use exclusively on great ceremonial functions.

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Members of Guard in Uniform.

The men are now drilled for several hours daily, they have target practice once a month and every week they are marched for many hours around the Vatican gardens, where they also have physical drill.

Evidently the men complained of too much work. The Liberal papers took the case up and ridiculed the colonel's warlike spirit, which they said was useless, since the Pope was in no danger and the Swiss Guards would never be called to protect him or defend the Vatican since the Italian army was always available.

The Pope reads all the Roman papers, and when Col. Repond was received in audience recently to congratulate the Pope on his name day on the Feast of St. Joseph he said to him:

"Dear Colonel, I must congratulate you on making my Swiss Guards earn their pay and at the same time I thank you for training them, as I rely more on them for the defense of my person than on the Italian army."

ETHICS IN JAPANESE SUICIDE

Hara-Kiri Out of Date—Modern Method to Jump Into an Active Volcano.

Tokio, Japan.—The Japanese are now busily debating the ethics of suicide. The case out of which the controversy has arisen is that of the station master at Moji, who because of a mishap to the imperial train which made it necessary for the emperor to adjourn for half an hour to a waiting room showed his repentance by throwing himself under the wheels of the express.

The station master's devotion having evoked a wave of popular admiration which took shape in a proposal to erect a monument to his memory, the nation has been rebuked by the president of the Kyushu university for thus glorifying the act of self-destruction; and the latter, finding himself out of tune with public opinion, has resigned his position.

It is a singular thing that among a people so cheerful as the Japanese suicide should be so common. Ten thousand destroy themselves every year in Japan, and the figures cannot be said to be diminishing. But hara-kiri as such is out of date.

The modern victims of the suicidal mania, when they do not throw themselves in front of a train, jump into the crater of an active volcano. Asama, in central Japan, and Aso-san, in Kyushu, have both acquired a sinister reputation in this respect.

It is, however, a disquieting sign of the times to find the student class resorting so largely to suicide—especially of the spectacular sort, and this, no doubt is Dr. Yamakawa's motive in protesting against the exaltation of an act which the Christian world regards as a grievous sin.

Carries Mail In Aeroplane.

Baton Rouge, La.—Making the trip in one hour and thirty minutes, through clouds, rain and adverse winds, Aviator Mestach, in the Borel monoplane, made the first serial mail delivery between two cities in the United States. He carried a thirty-two-pound pouch of mail, leaving New Orleans at 4:13, and arriving in Baton Rouge at 5:44, the fastest time ever made between the two cities by one hour. In landing the aviator smashed his machine and cut himself badly in the face and legs.

White Man's Friend Dies.

Cheyenne, Wyo.—Chief Scarface, the oldest of the Arapahoe Indians, is dead. He was 103. Chief Scarface was noted for his desire for peace with the white men, and his readiness to adopt the white men's customs. He prevented his tribe from participating in the massacre of General Custer's soldiers.

To Prosecute 80.

Seoul.—Eighty conspirators, most of whom it is alleged are native Presbyterians, are to be prosecuted for an attempt made in December, 1910, on the life of Count Terauchi, governor general of Korea.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS - CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

UP TO HIM.

Mr. Shyboy—Have you—have you ever been kissed?

Miss Wise—Gracious! Do I look as homely as that?

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Aches and Twinges Point to Hidden Kidney Trouble.

Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel a sharp pain after bending over? When the kidneys seem sore and the action irregular, use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

L. Bonney, Eugene, Ore., says: "I contracted severe kidney trouble through heavy lifting. There was a dull ache across my hips and pains like knife-thrusts shot through me. Doan's Kidney Pills cured after doctors had failed and my back is stronger than before in years."

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

"When your Back is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

John's Logic.

John returned home at a very questionable hour, and among other souvenirs of a special evening he carried a considerable gash on his forehead. His wife demanded an explanation of the wound.

"Nothin' be 'larmed 'bout, m' dear. Jes' bit m'self."

"John Brown! How could you bite yourself on the forehead?" exclaimed his irritated helpmate.

This had presented no difficulties to the versatile John, if it had taxed the credulity of his spouse.

"I stood on chair, y'knaw," he exclaimed glibly.

Horrible!

"I think the worst pun I ever heard" (De Wolf Hopper is talking) "was perpetrated in my presence the other day. A bachelor friend of mine has a curious custom of never carrying or even possessing a watch. I was talking to him about this, and said:

"'How do you know what time it is in the morning, when you want to get up?'

"'That's easy,' replied he. 'My neighbors keep chickens. The rooster is my crownometer.'"—The Sunday Magazine.

To remove nicotine from the teeth, disinfect the mouth and purify the breath after smoking, Paxtine is a boon to all. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

The man who says he would be willing to die for a girl during the courtship stunt may after marriage wish he had.

Don't make shipwreck of your health when a course of Garfield Tea can cure you of indigestion.

As soon as a woman discovers that she is unable to reform her husband she begins on her neighbors.

Most men have yearned to fly or to be a little fly from the first.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

But the foundation of the average man's self-conceit is past finding out.

How His Brother Identified Him.

Uncle Harris, an old negro, who has been a servant in the family of Colonel Slemmens of Monticello, Ark., for the last forty years, recently made a trip to Memphis. Upon his return he was telling the colonel's daughter of his trip and the discovery of a brother whom he had not seen for thirty years.

Miss Slemmens asked him how he knew his brother after so long a time, and Uncle Harris replied:

"I was walking along the street when a spare built looking man came up to me and says: 'Say, ain't you my brother?' and I said, 'Sure I is. Who is you?'"

An Exception to the Rule.

"Jinks is a man who has his hammer out on all occasions."

"I bet there is one occasion where he hasn't."

"What's that?"

"When it's time to put down the carpet."

A Quarter Century

Before the public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen Tender feet. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

An Ananias.

"G. W. Smith says he loves to live in the suburbs in winter."

"Humph! And the rascal was born on Washington's birthday and named after him, too."—Judge.

Sure Thing.

"Do you believe she will love me long?"

"Well, I know she won't love you short."

Kill the Flies Now and Prevent disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. 15 cents each at dealers or six sent prepaid for $1.00. H. SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Didn't Want Him to Laugh.

Hewitt—You would make a donkey laugh.

Jewett—Cut out your hilarity.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Many a man is kept busy during his spare time in explaining things to his wife.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write EIDSVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

Don't kick till you know just where the shoe pinches.

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and preemption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions. 38

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

F.P. 20th CENTURY Corset STYLE 370

The Automatic Boning gives what the 20th Century woman *demands;*—it yields to every movement of the body.

In bending there is a sliding movement distributing the strain.

The Automatic Steels are *warranted not to break for one year;* and no other corset possesses this advantage.

AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50

BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.
233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

IF YOU WANT TO BEGIN OR EXPAND business write the Board of Trade, Weyburn, Saskatchewan. We want industries, retailers and wholesalers. Electric power, water, fuel cheap. Builders with capital needed. Population doubled this year.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

N. W. N. U., NO. 19–1912.

FOR THE WOMAN WHO THINKS AND FEELS.

Some women complain that they periodically suffer from dull and heavy feelings, or dizziness in the head, nervousness, pain and bearing-down feelings which should not occur to the normal healthy woman. But most every woman is subject to these pains at some time in her life, due to abnormal conditions in life, such as corsets, over-taxed strength, bad air, poor or improper food, wet feet, sluggish liver, etc. A regulator and female tonic made from native medicinal roots with pure glycerin, and without the use of alcohol, called

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION,

has proven its value in thousands of cases, like the following:

Mrs. Dona M. Martin, of Auburn, Nebr., Route 1, Box 34, says: "I thought I would write you in regard to what your medicines have done for me. I have used them for thirty years for female trouble and general weakness with the very best result, and they have saved me hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills. I buy the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and take them together. I never was disappointed in your remedies and take pleasure in recommending them to any suffering lady. I am now almost fifty years old; at forty-five I took your medicines, both kinds, and I passed that period very easily and left me fat and healthy. I feel like a young girl.

"If any lady cares to write me, I will gladly tell her more about the good work of your medicines."

Mrs. Martin.

Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—of 1008 pages, answers hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know. Sent *free* in cloth binding to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of wrapping and mailing only.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00

One pair of W. L. Douglas $2.00 or $2.50 Boys' shoes will positively outwear two pairs of other makes.

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more fine shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high priced and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

[illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912. NUMBER, 45.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

HOUSE APPROVES DIRECT ELECTIONS

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION IS ADOPTED BY THE REPRESENTATIVES, 237 TO 39.

BRISTOW AUTHOR OF BILL

Not a Republican Vote in Negative—Now Awaits Ratification By Three-Fourths of the States.

Washington, D. C. — The house adopted, by a vote of 237 to 39, a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution to permit the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. It already had passed the senate and now goes to the states for ratification.

All that remains to be done is the formal signing of the instrument and the issuance of a proclamation to the states to signify their wishes on the proposed change.

There was not a single Republican vote cast against the resolution, which was adopted to the accompaniment of thunderous applause.

The direct election of senators was first taken up by congress in 1826. From time to time recurring attempts have been made to make the senate a Popular body, and have its members elected as are the members of the house. Numbers of these resolutions have died in committee, while others were passed at the last moments of a congress never to receive the president's signature.

Senator Bristow of Kansas, introduced in 1911 the present one.

Bryan Approves Plan.

Lincoln.—Mr. Bryan when informed of the action of the house in passing the joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution to elect United States senators by direct vote said:

"It is the best thing congress has done and is an epoch making reform."

Mr. Bryan added that for 21 years he had been working for the action taken by the house.

An amendment by Senator Crawford of South Dakota to appropriate $15,000 for a buffalo preserve at Wind Cave was adopted and consideration of the bill will be continued.

Administration Backs Knox.

Chicago.—A dispatch from Washington says:

The administration purposes to use all its influence to induce the senate to refuse to accept the provision in the legislative bill passed by the house abolishing the scheme of reorganization of the state department inaugurated by Secretary of State Knox.

In a statement issued by Acting Secretary of State Wilson it is asserted that the resignation of Secretary Knox and his own would be the logical and probable consequences of the legislation.

The house bill purposes to abolish the bureau of trade relations, the office of director of consular service, and the chiefs of all the divisions of foreign service created under the reorganization of the department in 1910.

Senate Favors 6-Year Term.

Washington, D. C.—The senate judiciary committee decided to report favorably the Works' resolution restricting the presidential tenure of office to a single term of six years. A minority report, favoring a single term of four years, also will be made from the committee. The reports are expected in a day or two.

The committee is practically unanimous to make a president ineligible for a second term, but four members of the committee favor making the single term four years instead of six.

The house committee on judiciary has pending a joint resolution of the same purport introduced by Representative Clayton of Alabama, chairman of that committee.

Washington, D. C. — Revolutionary proposals, such as have not been grouped in any bill passed by the present session of congress, were adopted by the house in the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. The bill now proposes:

Abolition of the United States commerce court and the restoration to the interstate commerce commission of all railroad regulatory power, subject to appeal only to United States district courts. Creation of a bureau of foreign and domestic commerce with all the present powers of the so-called tariff board, to be under the jurisdiction of the secretary of commerce and labor.

The new bureau would absorb the bureau of trade relations of the state department and the bureaus of manufacturers and statistics of the department of commerce and labor.

Concentration of the distribution of public documents, of which millions annually are sent from Washington, in the government printing offices.

After a bitter fight the house defeated a proposal to abolish the mints at San Francisco, New Orleans and Carson City and the assay offices at Boise, Idaho; Charlotte, N. C.; Deadwood, S. D.; Helena, Mont.; Seattle, Wash, and Salt Lake City, Utah.

The fight for the abolition of the commerce court was led by Representative Sims of Tennessee (Dem.), who framed the legislation abolishing that tribunal. He was opposed by Representative Driscoll of New York and Stevens of Minnesota (Republicans), but when the provision was adopted, 120 to 49, many Republicans voted with the Democrats.

River and Harbor Bill Passed.

The river and harbor appropriation bill was passed by the senate, amended to carry $8,000,000 more than as passed by the house and making a total of about $34,000,000. The principal increase was $2,500,000 to the house provision of $2,500,000 for improving the Mississippi.

The balance of the increase made by the senate was composed mainly of smaller amounts, principal among them being Nantucket sound, $250,000; Jamaica bay, $500,000; Allegheny river, $500,000; Delaware river, $500,000; Cape Lookout, $300,000; St. Mary's river, $200,000; Chicago harbor, $350,000; Ohio river, New Cairo, $250,000; Los Angeles harbor, $327,250.

Senator Burton took positive ground against resumption of plans for the improvement of the Missouri. If the movement were to lower railroad rates, he thought the interstate commerce commission might accomplish that result.

Inquiry into charge of misconduct against Judge Archbald of the commerce court will be resumed by the house judiciary committee.

The committee will resume questioning Edward J. Williams of Scranton, Pa., who told of his alleged relations with Judge Archbald in a Culm bank option transaction with the Erie railroad while the railroad's "lighterage" case was before the commerce court and of another transaction in which the judge was alleged to have given a note for $500 in payment for an interest in an option of Venezuela timber lands.

The committee also will investigate a transaction in which Judge Archbald and a man named Dainty negotiated with the Lehigh Valley road for Culm banks to be sold at a large profit, as was the plan with the Culm dumps solicited from the Erie railroad.

A strong defense of Secretary Stimson on an attack on the majority of the house military affairs committee for its report on the circumstances which led to the retirement of Adjutant General Ainsworth after a threatened court martial, were contained in a report submitted to the house by the minority members of the committee.

Washington, D. C. — Senator Nelson and his colleagues of the subcommittee of the senate judiciary committee are having a lively contest over the question as to federal restrictions upon the sale and shipment of liquor into prohibition states. Mr. Nelson's sub-committee, composed of the Minnesota senator as chairman, and Senators Dillingham of Vermont; Borah of Idaho; Bacon of Georgia, and Rayner of Maryland, have divided, but not on political lines, and three of the committee, including Chairman Nelson, have reported to the full committee in favor of some plan, along the lines of the bill introduced by Senator Kenyon of Iowa, to check interstate traffic in liquor in defiance of state laws.

The aim of the Kenyon bill is not only to make the state laws attach to liquor shipments immediately upon their arrival within a state, but also to declare null and void, contracts made for shipments of liquor into prohibition states.

The indications are that the committee will modify the Kenyon bill in the matter of destroying contracts made for liquor shipments. It is claimed to be impossible that the seller of liquor in one state shall know that his sales of liquor to a customer in another state is to be utilized in violation of the laws of such state.

What may be accomplished, if the judiciary committee of the two houses can agree, is that state laws shall attach to the shipments of liquor promptly upon their being delivered to a consignee in a prohibition state, which would give the state the right to follow such liquor and see that it is not sold in violation of the laws of the state.

Hearings on Indian Bill.

The Indian affairs committee of the house will hold a hearing on the Steenerson bill providing for the granting of patents to the settlers and others residing on the Chippewa lands in Minnesota within three months, unless the department of justice attacks their right to title within that time. J. T. Van Meter, of White Earth, represents the people of Mahnomen county and will urge the passage of the bill.

Representative Miller of Minnesota is a member of the committee, and has obtained assurances that the bill will be reported favorably to the house, regardless of the threat of the department of justice to thwart its purpose and to bring suits against the claimant of every allotment which is not now involved in the courts.

Bolt Causes $460,000 Fire.

Savanah, Georgia. — Ignited by lightning bolt, 20 acres of storage sheds at the Atlantic Coast line railway wharves here were swept by fire, causing a loss of $460,000.

Four More Titanic Bodies Found.

Halifax, Novascotia. — Wireless messages from the steamer Montmagny, which was dispatched from Halifax to search the sea for victims of the Titanic, report the recovery of four bodies.

Icebergs Farther South.

New York, N. Y.—Icebergs in the Atlantic, further south than they have ever been seen before, were reported by two incoming steamers. The Cunard liner Carmania sighted eight monster ice mountains in latitude 39.09 north, longitude 47.24 west, while the log of the French liner La Savoie recorded bergs in latitude 39.15 north, longitude 47.40 west. The lookout on the La Savoie sighted the bergs when they were about three-quarters of a mile away, and the course of the vessel was changed directly to the south.

DEITZ DOOMED TO LIFE TERM

SUPREME COURT OF WISCONSIN REFUSES TO OVERRULE JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION.

FINDS AMPLE EVIDENCE

That He was Responsible for the Death of Oscar Harp in the Battle of Cameron Dam Last Year.

Madison, Wis., May 15.—John F. Deitz of Cameron Dam fame, who last fall was sentenced to life imprisonment on the charge of murdering Oscar Harp, deputy sheriff, during the siege on the Deitz homestead, must remain in prison, according to a ruling of the supreme court of Wisconsin today, which refused to reverse the judgment of conviction. Deitz was sentenced to life imprisonment.

In closing the decision upon the Deitz case, the supreme court says: "As a result of the defendant's defiance of law, Oscar Harp, who was innocent of wrong, went to his death. After a patient and fair trial the defendant has been found guilty of that death upon ample evidence.

"Pity the defendant as we may, we have no choice, of course on this record. It i sas true now as it was in the days of Hebrew prophets, that 'he who sows the wind must needs be content if he be compelled to reap the inevitable whirlwind.'"

In their arguments to the supreme court, Deitz' present attorneys emphasized the point that three able and experienced attorneys were assigned to prosecute him, and that the judge should have appointed counsel for the defendant. They declared that the trial judge himself aftewards had stated that the case should be reviewed by the supreme court.

The state contented itself with the argument that the whole evidence upon the trial was of such overwhelming weight as to leave no room for speculation as to his guilt and no room for doubt that justice had been done.

KISCUSSING ARBITRATION

Eighteenth Annual Meeting of the Lake Mohonk Conference Opens.

Lake Mohonk, N. Y., May 15.—The eighteenth annual meeting of the Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitration opened here today with a record attendance. Greeting the delegates as his personal guests, Albert K. Smiley, founder and host of the conference, delivered the opening address, in which he reviewed the past year's events pertaining to treaties.

The approaching Third Hague Conference, the proposed international court of arbitral justice, and arbitration treaties, general and particular, are on the program for consideration. Prominent among the speakers from abroad are: Dr. Christian L. Lange, secretary of the Interparliamentary Union; Dr. Albert Gobat, director of the International Peace Bureau at Berne; Dr. Otfried Nippold of Germany, professor of International Law in Berne University; Abdul Baha Abbas of Persia, leader of the Bahai movement, and J. P. Santamarina of Buenos Aires. Gen. Stewart L. Woodford of New York, Justice William R. Biddle of the Ontario high court of justice, William C. Dennis of Washington, and others are among the American speakers. The presiding officer of the conference is President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university.

MINERS ARE RESCUED

Six Removed Alive From Ironwood Shaft—Seven Perish.

Duluth, May 15.—Six men were taken alive from the Oliver Iron Mining company's mine at Ironwood. Two bodies of dead miners have been recovered. Thirteen men were intombed in the mine when the roof fell in at the 2,000 foot level. Seven of the men were killed and the others were huddled into a narrow passage. A pipe was driven through the earth and food and air let down.

IMMENSE COAL DOCKS

Will Be 3,500 Feet Long and 450 Feet Wide.

Duluth, May 15.—The Pittsburg coal company has awarded a contract to the Barnett & Record company to extend its number five coal dock at Alois bay, 1,200 feet which will give it a total length of 3,500 feet by 450 feet wide. It will then have a storage capacity of one million tons and be the biggest coal dock in the Duluth-Superior harbor.

FLOOD BREAKS OUT NEW

Expected 10,000 Square Miles Will Be Inundated.

New Orleans, May 15. — Approximately 60,000 persons and 10,000 square miles of territory will be affected by a break in the Mississippi levee on the west bank, 25 miles north of here; the crevasse is 200 feet wide. This, the Hymelia levee, was the scene of the worst break of the flood of 1903. A boat with laborers has gone to try to make repairs.

RICHARD LINDABURY.

Mr. Lindabury is chief counsel for the United States Steel corporation whose dissolution the government is seeking to bring about.

FREDERICK OF DENMARK DEAD

MONARCH WAS HONORED AND LOVED BY PEOPLE.

Younger Brother Occupies the Throne of Greece and Son Rules Norway.

Hamburg, May 15.—King Frederick VIII of Denmark arrived at the Hamburger hotel and died during the night.

Christian Frederick was proclaimed king of Denmark as Frederick VIII on Jan. 30, 1906, after the death of Christian IX, the aged king, who was dean of the crowned heads of Europe, father of King George of Greece, of the Queen Mother Alexandra of Great Britain, the empress dowager of Russia and grandfather of King Haakon VIII of Norway.

King Frederick VIII was born at Copenhagen June 3, 1843. He was as popular with the people of Denmark as was his father. By the wishes of his parents he was brought up with great simplicity. Frederick saw his younger brother and his own son become reigning monarchs of Greece and Norway respectively while he himself was still an heir apparent.

King Frederick was noted for his culture and possessed many foreign distinctions. While seldom openly identifying himself with political questions, he took an active part in all public movements. He was at one time chancellor of Copenhagen university and head of the Freemasons of Denmark. He was well known as a promoter of philanthropic objects.

Several months ago King Frederick suffered a serious illness. While taking his customary walk, he had a sudden seizure and was compelled to return to the palace. Later it was announced that he had suffered a chill, but the real nature of his malady was not disclosed.

While he showed rapid recovery, he suffered a relapse two weeks later, and considerable anxiety was expressed by members of the court as to his condition.

RAINY RIVER PROJECT

International Commission to Discuss Dam Proposition at Kettle Falls.

Washington, May 15.—The international joint commission, to which has been referred for settlement the application of the Watrous Boom company to construct a dam across the Rainy river at Kettle Falls, Minn., expects to be able to hold a public hearing on the question as soon as it hears from the Canadian commission whether there is any opposition to the plan from the Canadian side.

It was said at the office of the commission that no opposition had developed in Minnesota. Representative Miller has been notified that he will be given notice of the date of the proposed hearing sufficiently in advance to permit him to notify all those in Minnesota who are interested.

Two Arrested for Theft of $58,000.

Stamford, Conn., May 15.—George S. Wilson and De Forest Moores, manager and teller, respectively, in the savings department of the Stamford Trust company, were arrested at their homes, charged with embezzlement of $58,000, funds of the trust company.

Crops Near La Crosse Ruined.

La Crosse, May 15.—The Mississippi river at this point reached the stage of 9.9 feet, the highest in eight years, according to the government gauge. Crops on many thousands of acres along the river bottoms have been ruined.

Taft Needs 42 Delegates.

Washington, May 15.—The Taft bureau gave out the following line-up of delegates chosen to date:

Total delegates to national convention, 1,078.

Necessary to nominate, 540.
Total Taft delegates to date, 498.
President Taft needs, 42.
Total Roosevelt delegates, 248.
Roosevelt needs, 292.
La Follette delegates, 36.
Cummins delegates, 10.
Number of delegates to be selected, [illegible]

MINNESOTA FOR T. R.

STATE WILL SEND DELEGATION TO REPUBLICAN CONVENTION FOR EX-PRESIDENT.

LOOKS LIKE A LANDSLIDE

La Follette Runs Poor Second, While Taft Stands Third—St. Paul and Ramsey County for the Colonel.

St. Paul. — Minnesota will send a Roosevelt delegation to the Republican national convention in Chicago. Returns from caucuses held throughout the state, indicate an overwhelming victory for the colonel. Following the example set by Minneapolis and Hennepin county on Friday, St. Paul and Ramsey county made the indorsement even more emphatic.

The returns indicate that the colonel started a landslide in the state and has carried every district, with the possible exception of the First and with a chance of anti-Roosevelt combinations in the Seventh and Ninth.

In the First district former Congressman Tawney did effective work for the president and the Taft men may control the district convention. Winona county was carried for Taft, the city of Winona being practically solid. Mower, Wabasha and Waseca were reported favoring the president. Freeborn county, in which Albert Lea is located, the home of Speaker Dunn, Colonel Roosevelt won an overwhelming victory.

Roosevelt Wins in Eighth.

In the Eighth, or St. Louis county district, the colonel again showed himself a winner. The vote in the city of Duluth was overwhelmingly in his favor. President Taft carried some of the lower counties, where the influence of R. C. Dunn prevailed, but the entire Eighth, on the face of the first returns, appears to have gone against the president.

In the Seventh and Ninth districts, Senator La Follette showed considerable strength.

In Lyon county, Roosevelt received 372 to 245 for La Follette and 115 for the president. This would make it impossible for the La Follette and Taft men to control the county convention.

In Redwood county, La Follette made his best showing, running two to one ahead of Roosevelt. Meeker county went to La Follette while Yellow Medicine gives La Follette 28, Taft 8 and Roosevelt 21, making a Taft-Roosevelt combination possible.

In McLeod county, La Follette carried the county, but the delegates are instructed for Taft.

Douglas county, the home of Senator Nelson, in the Ninth district, gave Roosevelt 21, Taft 8 and La Follette 28. The La Follette and Taft people have it in their power to control the convention.

Reports from Crookston, in Polk county, were to the effect that not more than 100 votes had been cast. The delegates elected are said to be either Taft or La Follette. East Grand Forks went for Taft. The county precincts show a leaning towards La Follette.

Blue Earth Goes to Roosevelt.

Blue Earth county and Mankato, the home of Governor Eberhart, gave Roosevelt an overwhelming victory. The governor's friends took no part in the contest, the governor's course being an exact carrying out of the public position he had taken that he favored the president, but would not use his influence nor the influence of his administration to sway the result.

In Kandiyohi county, the first tryout of candidates for governor occurred. This is in Lieutenant Governor Gordon's home district and a vigorous primary fight was made between himself and W. E. Lee.

The precincts heard from gave Gordon, 253; Lee, 314; Eberhardt, 140. Lee will have 52 delegates and Gordon 36.

ST. PAUL ELECTIONS.

St. Paul.—The reports of the election confirm the re-election of Mayor H. P. Keller by a plurality of 423, W. C. Handy as city controller and S. A. Farnsworth as city treasurer, all these being republicans. The official count of the ballots will be made soon and it is said that no contests will be made by any of the defeated candidates.

The commission plan of government carried by a large majority and the amendment to the charter spreading assessments for improvements over a period of five years also went through.

One of the features of the returns shows that 4,000 less votes than were recorded at the primary election were registered on election day.

It is understood that as soon as Mayor Keller resumes his work, after a week's rest that the way will be paved for the civil service plan under the commission plan of government.

DEPOSITORS ARE SAFE.

Loss of Bank of Commerce at Winnebago Estimated at $25,000.

Winnebago. — State Bank Examiner Kelsey S. Chase estimates the Bank of Commerce will sustain a loss of about $25,000. This will be covered by the capital and reserve, so the depositors will not lose. John Sharpe will be the heaviest loser. Nothing has been heard of Vice President [illegible]

MEET AT FERGUS FALLS.

Many Addresses on Program for Annual Convention of Women.

Fergus Falls.—The Women's clubs of the ninth congressional district held their annual convention in this city on Wednesday and Thursday. The principal addresses on Wednesday were delivered by Miss Winnifred Saunders of the Parkers Prairie Study club, on "Child Study"; Mrs. C. M. Lupman of the Matrons' club of Crookston on "Nature Study for the Child"; Mrs. S. M. Sweitson of the Current Events club of Crookston on "The World-wide Peace Movement," and Mrs. C. F. Amidon on "Women and the Pure Food Laws."

The addresses on Thursday were "A Character Sketch of Mark Twain," by Mrs. S. M. Hawver of Barnesville; "Musicians of Minneapolis," by Mrs. Rathburn of the Literary club of Detroit; "Suggestions," by Mrs. Bernard of the Ladies' Reading club of Warren; "Living Conditions of the Working Girls in the Cities," by Miss Elsie Wright of the Women's club of Fergus Falls; "The Club Women and Treaties," by Mrs. Vergel McGregor of the Crookston Women's club; address by Mrs. McDonnell of the Women's Study club of Bemidji; "Rural Problems," by Miss Marie Lovsner, superintendent of schools of Norman county; "Present Day Queens," by Mrs. E. W. Akers of the Current Events club of Crookston; "The Library as a Social Center," by Miss Amy Lewis of the Reading club, Fergus Falls.

A library roundtable was conducted by Miss Clara F. Baldwin of the state library commission, during the afternoon, and the evening address will be before a large public meeting by Miss Josephine Schain of Minneapolis, her subject being "Women and the Franchise."

RAILWAY TO MINE IRON.

Ore Properties of the Hills to be Operated by Auxiliary Company.

Duluth.—It is given out upon the authority of D. M. Philbin, manager of the Hill ore properties, that his principals are not in the market to lease the properties, or any part of them, to other furnace owning and operating companies. The Hill interests will develop properties and engage in the mining business.

"We are going right ahead to develop iron mines on the Hill lands that have been surrendered to us by the steel corporation," Mr. Philbin says. "A company will be organized to control and operate all of the Hill iron lands, just the same as is done by the steel corporation through its Oliver Iron Mining company. We shall be in the market to sell iron ore. It probably will take two years to get going. We shall mine and sell ore in the general market, and the properties are not in the market for lease to any of the ore-consuming interests.

The Hill mines which the steel corporation controls and from which it will meet the further requirements of the lease, are the Leonard, Dale, North Uno, South Uno, Harold, Mace, Mississippi, Hill, Walker and North Star. These are all open-pit propositions except the Mace, Mississippi and Harold. The steel corporation and the Hill interests each own one-half of the fee of the Hill and Walker mines.

FOUND HUMAN BONES.

Explorers on Trempealeau Mountain Find Also Some Pieces of Pottery.

Winona. — The Indian mounds at Trempealeau have from time to time attracted attention. Another visit of exploration was made there last week by Rev. F. A. Gilmore of Madison, Attorney E. F. Hensell of Whitehall and E. D. Pierce of Trempealeau. They opened one of the mounds near the summit of Trempealeau mountain and found that it was a Crain mound, with the sides built of stone, a rare variety of construction which is met with but seldom in this region.

At the depth of two feet a femur bone in a good state of preservation was found and under the edge of the stone wall a skull was unearthed intact. In all, the excavators exhumed six skulls and innumerable bones from the small bones of the feet and hands to the larger bones of the pelvis and trunk.

No ornaments were found and no trinkets of adornment but a few pieces of pottery were dug up.

BRIDEGROOM SHOT DEAD.

Hutchinson.—The Norwegian settlement in Bergen township is wrought up over the supposed suicide of Carl Olson. For twenty-one years Olson had carried on the farm of Miss Betsy Gilbertson, and Saturday last they were married. Tuesday night, while Olson was in the kitchen and his wife in another room, she heard a shot fired and upon going into the kitchen found her husband dead from a wound in the upper part of the breast and ranging downward through the abdomen. There are phases to the case not yet explained, and the authorities will investigate.

INSANE, ENDS LIFE

Princeton Man Commits Suicide in Rum River.

Princeton.—Sig Sigfridson, 79 years old, stripped himself of all his clothing, tied a sack of stones to his neck and jumped into the Rum river three miles north of here. He left home the night of May 8 and his body was found Friday night. His mind is supposed to have [illegible]

FRANK HITCHCOCK.

Postmaster General Hitchcock refuses to say anything about the restoration of C. H. Quackenbush to the railway mail service, in taking which action President Taft flatly ignored Mr. Hitchcock's recommendation after some vitriolic correspondence.

SOCIALISTS CAN NOT AGREE

ON COMMISSION SYSTEM OF CITY GOVERNMENT.

Declared It is "Easier to Buy Five Commissioners Than 50 Aldermen.

Indianapolis, May 15.—After hours of debate on whether the commission form of municipal government was in accord with the socialist program, the party's national convention referred the matter to the state organizations.

Too many angles were presented by speakers from many states, it was determined, to admit a definite stand being taken either for or against the commission form by the national party.

J. Stitt Wilson, mayor of Berkeley, Cal., declared that socialists in California had found the non-partisan method of electing members of commissions had scattered the vote of "capitalist" parties and worked to the advantage of the cohesive socialist party.

He was bitterly opposed by delegates that described the municipal commission as "only a measure of economy in the development of the capitalist machine."

"Capitalists have found it easier to buy five commissioners than 50 aldermen," said Thomas Hickey, of Hallettsville, Tex.

BASE BALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Kansas City, 16; Minneapolis, 3.
Columbus, 1; Indianapolis, 0.
St. Paul, 3; Milwaukee, 2.
Toledo, 6; Louisville, 5.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	21	9	.700	K. C.	12	16	.443
Mpls.	17	11	.607	Milwaukee	11	16	.407
Toledo	16	12	.571	Louisville	10	16	.385
St. Paul	16	15	.516	Ind'pls.	10	19	.345

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 0.
Boston, 6; St. Louis, 5.
Detroit, 6; New York, 1.
Cleveland, 3; Washington, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	21	5	.808	Detroit	12	14	.462
Boston	15	8	.636	Phila.	9	12	.429
Wash.	12	12	.500	New York	6	14	.300
Cleveland	11	11	.500	St. Louis	6	16	.273

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 0.
Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	17	4	.810	Boston	9	14	.391
Cincinnati	18	5	.783	St. Louis	9	16	.360
Chicago	12	12	.500	Brooklyn	7	13	.350
Pittsburg	9	11	.450	Phila.	7	13	.350

MINNY LEAGUE.

Eau Claire, 5; Winona, 1.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 15.—Wheat, July, $1.15¾; Sept., $1.07; No. 1 northern, $1.17¾; No. 2 northern, $1.15¾; No. 1 durum, $1.10; No. 3 corn, 73½c; No. 3 white oats, 54½c; barley, malting, $1.25; No. 2 rye, 87½c; No. 1 flax, $2.27.

Duluth, May 15. — Wheat, July, $1.17½; Sept., $1.07; No. 1 northern, $1.17¾; No. 1 durum, $1.12¾.

South St. Paul, May 15.—Cattle—Steers, $6.00@7.50; cows, $4.00@5.50; calves, $4.00@6.25; hogs, $7.00@7.55; sheep and lambs, $6.75@10.00.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, May 15.—Bearish sentiment pervaded the wheat crowd today, largely because prices here were higher than at Liverpool and 3c over Kansas City. Talk was current of a return to the dollar level if present southwestern prospects continued. Dispatches, however, telling of damage done by the army worm in Texas and elsewhere tended to keep the market from more than a moderate decline. The opening was the same as last night to ⅛c down. July started at $1.12 to $1.12¼, a fall of ⅛c to ⅜c, and steadied around $1.12¼.

An upturn ensued on reports of big cash sales here. Unloading of futures afterward by a leading house carried prices lower than before, but the market again rallied. The close was steady, with July ¼c net higher at $1.12¾.

The fact that the weather over night proved less severe than expected gave the corn market a setback at the outset. Offerings though were not large and gradually prices again hardened. July opened unchanged to ⅛c off at 78⅜c to 78¼c, and rallied to 77⅞c.

Subsequently there was a decided fall, resulting from cash weakness, due to the industrial demand here having been fully supplied. The market, however, recovered later with wheat. Closing prices were firm at 78½c for July, a gain of ½c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; market steady at Monday's average; beeves, $6.10@9.30; Texas steers, $5.75@7.65; western steers, $6.00@7.75; stockers and feeders, $4.20@6.70; cows and heifers, $2.90@7.85; calves, $5.00@7.65. Hogs—Receipts, 15,000; market 5c higher; light, $7.30@7.80; mixed, $7.35@7.87½; heavy, $7.35@7.90; rough, $7.35@7.50; pigs, $5.00@[illegible]; bulk of sales, $7.65@[illegible]. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; market slow, generally steady; native, $4.50@7.50; western, $4.50@7.50; yearlings, [illegible]; lambs, native, [illegible]

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Saturday, May 18, 1912.

The national democratic convention is to be held in Baltimore, Md., June 25. The state convention will convene in Duluth June 6, and the county convention at Thief River Falls Wednesday, May 29.

An excellent ruling has recently been made by the postal authorities at Washington. It has been ruled that where a man keeps a vicious dog about his premises that makes it dangerous and difficult for a driver to stop and control his horses in order to deliver mail at the box such delivery may be omitted. Unless the mail driver is willing to take chances, the owner of the vicious brute will have to depend upon himself in getting his mail from the postoffice.

President Taft confidently believed that he would carry Minnesota. He has lost it and all the prestige that its gain might inspire. He also has the utmost confidence that Ohio, his native state is his by birthright. He will be disappointed on the 21st inst. when the people speak and then—away goes glimmering his last hope of continuation in power. About March 15, 1913, the present executive, the last hope of the trusts and the boodlers, will wil. go north with the crows.—Cass Lake Times.

Roosevelt Endorsed

The Ninth congressional district convention met at Thief River Falls Wednesday. The convention declared for Col. Roosevelt for the presidency. As there was a strong LaFollette sentiment prevalent, Mr. LaFollette was named as second choice, though Roosevelt had the convention by 5 to 1.

The convention was called to order by John Peterson of Crookston, chairman of the district committee. The organization was effected without a fight by the election of A. G. Anderson of Fergus Falls as chairman, Fred Dennis of Detroit secretary, and R. J. Bell of Roseau assistant secretary. There were no contesting delegations.

C. H. Stevens of Warren, editor of the Register, and F. S. Lycan of Bemidji were elected delegates to the national republican convention at Chicago and Senator A. L. Hanson of Ada was endorsed as one of the delegates at large to be elected at the state convention.

Ed Mattson of Wilkin county was elected alternate for F. S. Lycan, and Dr. Leach of Becker alternate for C. L. Stevens. W. A. Marin of Crookston was endorsed as presidential elector.

The resolutions endorsed the public record of Congressman Steenerson, the presidential primary, direct election of United States senators, a downward revision of the tariff, and a primary for the nomination of all public officials.

Guy A. Aubol of Crookston was elected chairman of the congressional committee and W. Michelet of Thief River Falls secretary.

The State Convention

The state convention to elect delegates to the republican national convention met in Minneapolis Thursday. It was known from the beginning that Roosevelt had a big majority. The Roosevelt victory in the state was a blow to Eberhart. The men in convention were anti-Eberhart, and the delegates reported anti-Eberhart sentiment in their counties for the most part. The sentiment seemed to be mostly for Gordon.

Ed. Smith, chairman of the state central committee, could not face the ordeal of calling a Roosevelt convention to order, and deputed the task to James A. Larson, assistant secretary of state. State Senator Jules E. Haycroft was chosen as temporary chairman and W. Newton of Hennepin county temporary secretary.

I. A. Caswell, Mr. Roosevelt's campaign manager for Minnesota, was endorsed for national committeeman.

The majority report of the resolutions committee, endorsing the candidacy of Theodore Roosevelt and instructing the delegates to vote for Roosevelt "first, last, and all the time" was adopted. A minority report, declaring for LaFollette for second choice, was voted down.

The platform adopted endorsed the main principles of the progressive republicans, favored the repeal of the reciprocity measure, and urged instruction of the state central committee to provide suitable means for each voter to express by ballot his preference for governor at the coming primary [illegible]

A plank favoring [illegible]

The County Convention

The Pennington county republican convention was called to order at the court house at Thief River Falls Monday by the reading of the call by Daniel Shaw, chairman of the county committee. Daniel Shaw and G. Halvorson were nominated for temporary chairman and the ballot gave Halvorson 18 votes and Shaw 14. For temporary secretary Lewis Lonson and Dr. H. G. Hieber were nominated and Lonson was elected by a vote of 30 to 5. At this time it had become evident that there was but one Taft vote in the convention.

After the adoption of the credentials committee's report, Mr. McKercher, from the committee on organization, moved that the temporary organization be made permanent, which was carried without a dissenting vote.

The resolutions endorsed the nomination of LaFollette for the presidency, condemned the reciprocity pact and lauded Senators Nelson and Clapp and Representative Steenerson for their stand in the matter, and favored the initiative, referendum, and recall.

The following were named as delegates to the state convention:

T. P. Hamre, J. M. Bishop, Andrew Trovaten, C. L. Dobner, O. H. Olson, O. L. Bakken, S. Singer, W. J. Brown, M. C. Cutter, E. A. Mostue.

The following were named as delegates to the district convention:

P. O. Sorlum, Frank Satre, R. J. McKercher, Dr. C. Swanson, Ed. Singer, D. P. O'Neill, Robert McGinn, Wilhelm Michelet, E. A. Mostue, T. P. Hamre.

Train Strikes Auto

Two persons were almost instantly killed and a third is dying and a fourth is seriously injured as the result of an automobile in which they were riding being struck by a train on the Great Northern railway at Argyle in Marshal county last Saturday. Miss Louise Tiedt of Argyle and Miss Anna Meisner of Euclid were killed, and Miss L. Meisner of Euclid badly hurt and will probably die. Victor Tiedt, the driver of the automobile, was also badly bruised.

The party was crossing the railway tracks when struck by the locomotive. All of the occupants of the automobile were thrown several yards. Miss Tiedt was dead when picked up by the train crew and Miss Anna Meisner lived but a few moments.

Witnesses of the accident say that the train was hidden from the view of the automobile driver and that he evidently did not realize that it was so near when he attempted to cross the track.

The Eagles' Convention

One of the biggest conventions to be held in Minnesota this year is the ninth annual convention of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, which will meet at Detroit June 11, 12, and 13. Unlike most conventions the Eagles hold a short business session each day and the rest of the time is spent in enjoying the hospitality of the city in which they meet. Detroit this year will outdo anything heretofore attempted. A long list of free entertainments have been provided, including daily balloon ascensions, numerous acrobatic acts, band concerts, automobile excursions, boat races, parades, fireworks, and others so numerous that there will not be an idle moment day or night. The railroad rate will be one and one-third fare from any point in the state for round trip. This will be a great opportunity to visit this famous summer resort and enjoy the hospitality of the Eagles, and more than 10,000 people are expected.

CHAMPION OF ROOSEVELT ON PEOPLE'S RULE

Defends Proposal for Recall of Judicial Decisions.

POINTS OUT ITS WISDOM

Hon. Augustus M. Wessels of the Pennsylvania Bar Says: "The Constitution Will Be Safely Guarded by Mr. Roosevelt"—The Forceful Expression of the People, the Backbone of the Nation.

Washington, D. C., April 27.—Both in its editorial columns and in those devoted to news of national politics the Philadelphia (Pa.) Public Ledger has been one of the stoutest pro-Taft organs. But its readers are not blinded by sophistry or abuse, as witness the tremendous wave of approval of Colonel Roosevelt and his principles which marked the presidential preference primary in the Keystone state.

The Hon. Augustus M. Wessels, a distinguished member of the Pennsylvania bar, in a signed communication to the Public Ledger, in which he declares Roosevelt's principles "the "Forceful expression of the belief of the people," stands staunchly and convincingly by Colonel Roosevelt's proposal for the recall of certain judicial decisions.

Mr. Wessels, after stating that he has read in the newspaper in question a series of articles on "The American Constitution and the New Radicalism," asks "the opportunity of pointing out some very glaring inconsistencies in the interpretation of important principles in those articles."

The learned student of "New Radicalism," as the Ledger calls Mr. Roosevelt's proposed reform, goes on to say: [illegible] ing wise and careful judgment upon those vital questions which affect the people as a whole and are at the root of social and industrial justice? It is perfectly true that the struggle now going on between President Taft and ex-President Roosevelt is one over fundamental principles, and not a test of personal popularity or a combat for party chieftainship. In the first paper on the American Constitution and the New Radicalism your writer says:

"'Americans have never yet acted at the polls without grave and intelligent reflection beforehand upon the probable consequences of their voting. They are not insensate dolts, and they are not hysterical followers of the loudest shouter. They must know what they are voting for and what they are voting against.'

This seems a very fair and creditable estimate of the civic intelligence of the American people, and no sane man can help but have full confidence in the final judgment of a people possessing such ability. Yet your writer, speaking of the constitution and the recall of judges and judicial decisions, says:

"'How are the people who are not lawyers to know what the law or the constitution is? The judges have made it a study of a lifetime. How is a mass-meeting to decide? Would you honestly consider yourself competent to discuss them? Remember that the proposition involves deliberation, not merely noisy or perfunctory assent to some proposition vociferously urged by a loud talker indulging in platitudes; it is a question as to what shall be the law, what shall be the rule of action binding all men, high or low, rich or poor, without any difference as to class or condition.'

"Is it not peculiar that the 'grave and intelligent reflection beforehand upon the probable consequences of their voting' should disappear altogether when the people come to express their will and judgment on a fundamental question vital to their common good and justice, which perchance has been declared unconstitutional by a too strict interpretation of the law? Is it not peculiar, notwithstanding the fact that the constitution is the expressed, written will of the people, made by them, your writer says they know nothing about the constitution or the laws? Is this good reasoning? Is this convincing logic?

"I maintain that the questions which would ultimately come before the people for judgment under the recall would of necessity be of such importance that the people would know their minds and would be perfectly capable of rendering a decision to the best interest of society. For, as ex-Chief Justice Campbell of Michigan said, 'The greatest knowledge that we have in this world is the common knowledge of the common people.' Your writer's high esteem of the capabilities of the American people seems to have considerably dwindled when at the close of the first paper he says, 'Come, hard-headed men, and tell me would you let your clerks or your workmen decide what you should do on a question which you had studied all your life and which they had never considered?' I ask, are the people, whose will is acknowledged to be the supreme law of the land (I here quote Justice Bradley, speaking for the United States Supreme court, 'The power of the people is superior to all legislatures and all courts and expresses the will of the ultimate sovereignty of the whole country'), I ask, are the people to be placed in a subordinate position, likened to clerks and workmen, while the judges are conceived to be the masters of the people? A very striking example of the tyranny of the minority!

"My learned friend apparently forgets the cardinal principle in the American government, that the representatives of the people and those holding public positions of trust and honor are the servants of the people and are chosen or appointed expressly to carry into effect the will of the electorate.

"In the second paper your writer states that the moderates stand for the preservation of the American system of government and that the radicals stand for such changes in method and principle as would plunge the government into chaos. Also, that the number of cases in which courts have upheld acts of congress and state legislatures is 20 times greater than those in which they have declared such acts to be unconstitutional, and finally the article closes with this rash and unfair statement, which I cannot allow to stand unchallenged:

"'Are you prepared to admit that it is your purpose to overthrow American representative government? Mr. Taft says no. Mr. Roosevelt says yes. Which shall it be?'

"If it is a fact that the courts sustain the representatives of the people in the ratio of 20 cases to one, how can any intelligent man reason that the government is to be thrown into chaos by the use of the restricted recall in such a limited number of cases? For it is not reasonable to suppose that every time a court declares an act of the legislature to be unconstitutional every such case will be important and vital enough to warrant the use of the recall. The writer should give the subject a little more 'grave and intelligent reflection.'

"Let us now examine carefully and justly, in the true American spirit, the so-called attitude that Mr. Roosevelt has taken to overthrow American representative government. Does my friend know the principles Mr. Roosevelt advocates? It might be well to cite the most important and the most radical: The short ballot, direct nominations, direct election of United States senators, the initiative and referendum and the very restricted recall. In his speech in New York on March 20 Mr. Roosevelt says:

"'So that no man may misunderstand me, let me recapitulate: I am not proposing anything in connection with the Supreme court of the United States or with the federal constitution. I am not proposing anything having any connection with ordinary suits, civil or criminal, as between individuals. I am not speaking of the recall of judges. I am proposing merely that in a certain class of cases involving the police power, when a state court has set aside as unconstitutional a law passed by the legislature for the general welfare, the question of the validity of the law be submitted for [illegible]

"Is there any principle advocated here which will plunge the government into chaos? The Supreme court and the federal constitution are preserved, so our national government remains intact. Does the use of the short ballot which but fixes responsibility more definitely on the representatives of the people, destroy representative government? Would the amendment to the federal constitution necessary for the direct election of United States senators destroy representative government?

"When we come to consider direct nominations and the necessary changes to the state constitution this much-needed reform would work havoc with the indirect representative government we have today. The kind of rule we have at present, boss-ruled legislatures and machine-controlled primaries, absolutely ignores the right of the people to choose the best candidates. If this is the kind of representative government, which is now being so strenuously upheld by professional politicians, that your writer fears for, it were better, indeed, that it should be swept away and a true, honest system of direct representative government put in its place."

Mr. Wessels says in conclusion:

"The constitution will be safely guarded, never fear, by Mr. Roosevelt and those who believe in his principles, and as for his new radicalism, it is the forceful expression of the belief of the people, those who are the backbone of the nation, who maintain the balance of the country. I fail to see where these principles endanger representative government, for we must trust the people; they have guided our country in the past and are capable of doing so in the future. Mr. Roosevelt's influence for good is far reaching and powerful, for he is bringing before the young men of today questions which are vital to the welfare of the nation tomorrow, and these young men who will soon take up the reins of government and business are giving careful consideration to this new radicalism, and when the time is ripe the dark stains of corruption, fraud and abuse of money power, which are a disgrace to our political system, will be swept away, and our people will have to a fuller degree the opportunities for the pursuit of life, liberty and happiness."

Kansas City Star: Chairman McKinley announces that Taft is sure of the Hawaiian delegation, and it is believed the president may carry Porto Rico, the Philippines, Guam, Wake Island and the Canal Zone, which, in the eyes of the Taft managers, will fully offset the loss of Pennsylvania, Illinois, Maine, Wisconsin, North Dakota, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Oregon and California.

Toledo Blade: Give them a fair chance to vote, and the people have little trouble determining what they want.

Australia's Wild Oysters.

Oysters are sometimes regarded as dangerous but they are not usually considered savage. A Queensland judge, however, has decided that they are wild beasts. Before a royal commission on the pearling industry, which has been sitting at Brisbane, a witness stated that eight years ago he had laid 100,000 shells in the neighborhood of Friday island. The Japanese stole the shells, and the district court judge held that as pearl shell oysters were wild animals there was no penalty for stealing them.

Bear Wanted to Play with Children.

While the children of John Herron were playing in front of their home, at Duryea, Pa., a she-bear and her cub appeared on the scene. The baby bear ran up and wanted to play with the children, kitten-like, but the mother bear called it back, while the youngsters ran into the house. As Mr. Herron was not at home and no one who could shoot was around the visitors remained unmolested. After sniffing about the yard for a while and eating a few apples and potato peelings at the back door, the bears rambled away.

Breakfasting with Whistler.

There was a foreign painter who used to breakfast at Chelsea, and when Mr. Carr asked him if he had been there lately he replied: "Oh, no; not now so much. He ask me a leetle while ago to breakfast, and I go. My cab fare, two shilling, 'arf a crown. I arrive, very nice. Goldfish in bowl, very pretty. But breakfast—one egg, one toast—no more! Oh, no. My cab fare, two shillings, 'arf a crown. For me no more!"—London Telegraph.

Unsatisfactory Education.

We ought to train our boys to be more methodical and more thoroughgoing in everything they have to do. Constantly we hear complaint from business men that boys from the grammar schools, and even from the higher schools, are very hazy about arithmetic. Now, if there is any subject requiring precision, it is that which deals with figures. It boots little that a boy has gone through a high school course if he cannot make out the extensions of an ordinary bill of lading. Yet the latter difficulty presents itself to business men continually.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Ruling Passion.

The father of a family, all of whom were devotees of bridge and much given to talking the game and holding post-mortems over badly played hands, died rather suddenly. There was a difference of opinion as to whether he should be buried in the family plot or cremated. In the course of the discussion the mother said weepingly to her son:

"John, what do you think?"

"I leave it to you, mother."

"I make it spades," was her reply.—Success Magazine.

Man Owns Wife's Dresses.

The question of who owns the dresses of a wife came up in the Brompton county court [illegible]

The Useful Hen.

"Country constables who make a living arresting speeding automobiles wouldn't have half so much trouble stopping the scorchers if they used a little ingenuity," says one of the offenders. "Chains across the road and moving vans blocking the highway are all right to accomplish the purpose, but they're cumbersome. My idea for causing a prompt slow-up is to scatter a lot of grain in a road and turn a lot of hens loose. They would block the road all right, and if there's one thing that will make a chauffeur slow up it's a hen. Dogs are bad enough, but a hen always runs the wrong way and if the machine is going at any speed usually ends up under the wheels. Hitting a hen will sometimes throw the front wheels out of line and cause the car to swerve, so drivers almost invariably slow up and give poultry a chance to get out of the way. A hen speed trap is a great idea, to my way of thinking, and, of course, if one of the birds were killed the cost could easily be added to the driver's fine."

Deer Seeks Mail Carrier's Protection.

A deer ran close to the mail wagon of Edward Cassidy when near the home of H. P. Bliss, in Sheffield, recently, and willingly gave itself into the custody of the mail carrier, who drove off the dogs.

The several dogs which followed close upon the trail of the frightened and almost exhausted deer had evidently followed their coveted prey many miles, for the deer, though nearly full grown and very fleet of foot, was almost ready to drop from sheer exhaustion when Uncle Sam's mail distributor happened along.

Since the law protecting deer from hunters at all seasons has been in effect they have been exceptionally numerous throughout southern [illegible] shire, and have frequently been [illegible] in village streets, as well [illegible] herds of cattle, but this is [illegible] one that has been captured [illegible] the open.—Berkshire Cou[illegible]

WORRIED THE YOUNG [illegible]

Lack of "Progress" Might Have [illegible] a Serious Thing.

"When people in our part of the country select a family physician they stick to him," says an Illinois physician. "If he goes away they [illegible] in some one else if they can possibly help it. They have faith in [illegible] but their own man, so long as he manages to be fairly successful. [illegible] spring I went up to Chicago for a few days, much to the distress of a young mother in our town, who expected me to inspect her only baby every other day at least. The second day of my stay she telegraphed me to come home at once. Baby was sick—she told me the trouble—she didn't know what to do. It wasn't an urgent case, I knew, so I wired back a reassuring message, told her to give the baby a dose of some medicine she had at hand, and to fill out the ten words I put in 'Prognosis admirable.' I always like to use large words when I'm telegraphing—makes me feel that I'm getting the worth of my money, you know. When I got home two days later I went to see the baby.

"'She's all right now,' the mother told me, 'but we were awfully worried. We had to rely on the medicine you left, though. The boy at the drug store didn't have a bit of prognosis in the place.'"

Just as Good.

"We are trying to educate our readers to recognize the evils of substitution," said the business manager of one of the popular magazines. "Through our advertising pages we are trying to get them up to the point where they will insist upon getting what they asked for, and will take nothing else. The merchant who has 'something just as good' is no more to be depended upon than a clerk in a certain country store which a friend visited to buy something.

"My friend had been invited unexpectedly to make an automobile trip, and was not fully prepared for it. The roads were very dusty, and after traveling several miles the party came to a country village, where my friend thought he might be able to purchase something to protect his clothing. The automobile halted before the general store of the village. My friend alighted and accosted a drowsy clerk. 'I want to get a linen duster,' he said.

"'I am very sorry,' said the clerk, 'but we are just out of linen dusters; I can let you have a nice feather duster!'"

Going to Sleep.

What is this thing that knits up the raveled sleeve of care? Cabains, in his investigations on the mind, endeavored to fix the order in which the different parts of our organization go to sleep; namely—first, the legs and arms, then the muscles that support the head and back. The first sense that slumbers is that of sight, followed in regular succession by the senses of taste, smell, hearing and feeling. The viscera (contents of the body cavities), he says, fall asleep one after the other, but with different degrees of soundness.—New York Press.

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell, Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Lewis B. Geerlings.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Lewis B. Geerlings

The state of Minnesota to Nancy Geerlings, Gertley Coan, Jennie Baker, Andie South, L. B. Geerlings, Nancy Strick, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate: The petition of J. M. Bishop as representative of the above named estate being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same.

Now, Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court, at the Probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow evening at 3:30 o'clock p.m.

REV. M. S. [illegible], Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a m,
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
No services tomorrow on account of the pastor attending the conference meeting at St. Peter, Minn.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 1?7—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
G. W. HOOPER, N. G.
O. F. POST, Sec.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1?? Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 1?? meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

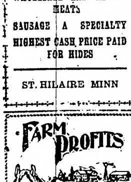
Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

FARM PROFITS



Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 months, on trial, 10 cts.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June [illegible]

THE LOCAL NEWS

C. H. Martz is building a new residence

A. H. Pitkin spent Sunday in Crookston.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18 3t SAM THOMPSON.

C. A. Melin and P. A. Halstrom went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Peter Starken attended to business matters in Red Lake Falls on Thursday.

Leonard Holmes attended to business matters at the county capital last Saturday,

Mrs. J. A. Richardson and Miss Hilma Peterson went to Fargo, N. D., on Wednesday.

Misses Esther and Agnes Adolphson left for Spooner Tuesday were they will remain for sometime.

Salen. Majeau came in from the scene of his ditching operations yesterday and went to Croskston.

The Ladies Aid society of the Hamar congregation will meet next Wednesday with Mrs. L. Netteland.

S, L. Lewis of Red Lake Falls was hustling for life insurance business here Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. W. A. Case of Thief River Falls returned home last Saturday after a few days' visit with friends here.

George Reishus of of Minot, N. D., was a guest at the Jackson home Monday and Tuesday of this week.

Dr. Swanson and R. J. McKercher were delegates to the district convention at Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Michael Hoiland has purchased eleven lots in the Bramsness addition on the east side of the river, consideration $125.00.

Mr. Gjerding of Halstad Minn., was looking over the country this week with a view to investing in Pennington county dirt.

Miss Minnie Lovaness of Newfolden, Marshal, county, was the guest of Miss Hilda Hauge last week, returning home Monday.

Misses Kathleen Spillane and Emma Schreiter, and Alton Jackson and Wendell Durst of Red Lake Falls were guests at the Jackson home last Sunday.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

John Lundberg was thrown from a wagon Wednesday by the sudden starting of his team, and his shoulder was dislocated. Dr. Swanson was called and replaced the joint and no serious results are expected,

The dredging of the outlet of Red Lake is having an effect upon the stage of water of the Red Lake river in spite of the fact that the water is being held back for handling the log drive. For some days there has been a good head of water in the river.

A. P. Anderson, E. Klemsrud, T. M. Brevig, D. Stebbins, Peter Peterson, and August Erickson are among the progressive farmers of River Falls who will have telephones installed in their farm residences in June by the St. Hilaire telephone exchange.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

Rev. Alex Sand left Thursday for a visit to St. Peter and Fergus Falls. He will attend conference meetings of the Swedish Lutheran church at both places and also be present at the commencement exercises of Gustaves Adolphus college at St. Peter and the Northwestern college at Fergus Falls. He expected to be gone about two weeks.

President Charles Loring, Dr. Morley, chairman of the touring committee, E. W. Robbins, secretary of the Crookston Auto club, Will Stone and W. R. Low passed through here yesterday on a tour to select the route, and make all necessary arrangements for the first tour of the season; which will leave Crookston Wednesday, May 22. It is the intention to take dinner at Thief River Falls [illegible]

Hakon Johnson was in town on Tuesday.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in the city Thursday.

C. E. Hanson, the Thief River Falls banker, was in St. Hilaire Sunday.

Mrs. Carl Johnson and Miss Nora were Thief River Falls visitors Tuesday.

Arthur Jacobson returned Monday from St. Paul, where he went to consult a physician.

Miss Florence Stivers came over Tuesday from Dugdale to visit her sister, Mrs. J. A. Bahan.

N. Wilde, who has been visiting Carl Johnson, returned Friday to his home at Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Buse of Red Lake Falls were in town Sunday and saw the ball game.

Theo. Gareeau, cashier of the First State Bank of Red Lake Falls, and ladies were in town Sunday.

Ed Aubol went to Thief River Falls Monday to attend the convention as delegate from Rocksbury.

Anton Baker was down from Thief River Falls yesterday visiting with M. R. Hage and other friends.

Dr. Swanson, R. J. McKercher and O. H. Olson attended the county convention Monday as delegates from St. Hilaire.

O. H. Olson left Thursday for Minneapolis to attend the republican state convention as one of the delegates from Pennington county.

Attorney Boughton and Sheriff Fellman autoed up from Red Lake Falls last Saturday. They were attending to legal business in this vicinity.

J. A. Duffy, a Red Lake Falls banker, passed through here Thursday in an auto, returning home from a business trip to the north of St. Hilaire.

Miss Mabel Patterson was accompanied this week by Miss Martha Brekke, another teacher in the Thief River Falls schools, for an over Sunday visit at the Patterson home.

Miss Alma Carlson returned on Monday to her work at Eveleth, after an exteded visit at home. She was accompanied by Miss Lizzie Jacobson, who went to visit a sister, Mrs. S. J. Field.

At their meeting Tuesday evening the firemen elected the following officers: Tom Hovet, chief; Carl Krueger, assistant chief; O. H. Olson, secretary; B. E. Burkee, treasurer; Dr. C. Swanson, surgeon.

Swan Swanson is now regularly installed as agent for the Red Lake Falls Mills Milling company. C. C. Bakken, whom he succeeds, went Thursday to Middle River. to find a homestead. Mr. and Mrs. Swanson are living in rooms up stairs in the Holmes building.

Owing to the fact that he will very shortly remove from this county and take up his residence in Douglas county, near Alexandria, County Commissioner Peter Hedeen has tendered his resignation to the county board, and the chairmen of the town boards of the Fifth commissioner district meet today at Thief River Folls for the purpose of electing his successor.

The ball game last Sunday was a complete failure as far as the St. Hilaire team is concerned. None of the players were in their usual good form, and muffs and all kinds of errors were the order of the day. The boys have had practically no training this season. The Red Lake Falls team came over with "blood in their eyes" and a fixed determination to "show" the St. Hilaire lads. The score was 14 to 5. A game is scheduled for tomorrow at 2:30 on the home grounds with the Thief River Tigers when the Gophers expect to get revenge. Come out and see them do it.

DIED

Mrs. Teresa Cuno died Wednesday night, May 15, at her home four miles south of St. Hilaire, at the age of 53 years. With her husband, Henry Cuno, she came to this country from Austria in 1881. She is survived by her husband, two daughters, and one son.

Funeral services were held yesterday at the German Catholic church at Red Lake Falls by Rev. Fr. Ambrose.

Even Ergman the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ergman of River Falls died May 13, one month old, and was buried at the Clara church the following day. Rev. [illegible]

JUST RECEIVED
A FINE LINE OF
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S, AND BOYS'
SUITS
COME IN AND
LOOK OVER OUR
LADIES' RAIN COATS
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON. Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Chronic Headache
If you have not received permanent relief from remedies, call on C. G. MUGG, Optometic Specialist, and see if he cannot benefit you. This proposition applies to Defective Eyes and Glasses.
HE WILL BE AT
St. Hilaire Hotel Friday, May 24.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Great Northern Railway
TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.04
" " 2 "	1.02
" " 3 "	99
Flax, No. 1	$2.00
" " 2	1.90
Barley, for 50 lbs	92
Oats	46
Eggs	15
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed.	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	21.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Choice Farm for Sale
N. E. ¼ Sec. 31, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $35.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold; one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser. [illegible]

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
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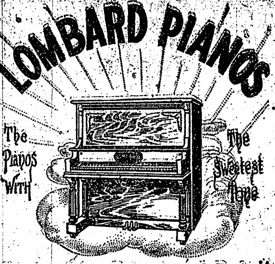


Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG. ILL.

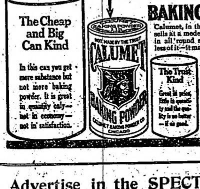
See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Mrs. Housewife:—There's a Happy Medium in Everything

Anything that is overdone or underdone is not good.

This is especially true of baking — and it is just as true of baking powder. If you use the cheap and Big Can Kinds you are getting quantity at the sacrifice of quality. It cannot be as good — or as economical as Calumet — the medium price kind. If you use the High Price Kind, you are paying tribute to the Trust — the quality is no better.

Here's the "Full Value" in BAKING POWDER



The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only — not in economy — not in satisfaction.
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO
CHICAGO
The Trust Kind
Great in price, little in quantity and the quality is no better — if as good.

Calumet, in the Standard 1 lb. can, sells at a moderate cost — but is great in all 'round satisfaction. You use less of it — it makes the baking lighter, purer — more delicious. One baking will prove its superiority — try it. Ask your grocer and insist on Calumet. Free — large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago

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THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Get This FREE Book Before You Decorate

It shows 20 pretty rooms in modern homes and how to get the very latest designs for *your* home. We will send you FREE color plans made by expert designers for any rooms you want to decorate.

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

Is more fashionable than wall paper or paint and costs far less. It is too refined and exquisite in color to compare with any kind of kalsomine. Goes further on the walls, does not chip, peel or rub off, lasts far longer. 16 Beautiful Tints. Comes all ready to mix with cold water and put on. Easiest to use—full directions on every package. Full 5-lb. pkg., White, 50c; Regular Tints, 55c.

Get the FREE Book of 20 Beautiful Rooms

Write today.

Alabastine Company

51 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich. New York City, Desk 7, 105 Water Street

ONE BOX MAKES 5 GALLONS

HIRES' HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT FOR MAKING OLD FASHIONED HOME-MADE ROOTBEER

Every home should make rootbeer in springtime for its deliciousness and its fine tonic properties.

One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

Write for premium puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO. 255 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The dyspeptic should choose carefully what he chews carefully.

Garfield Tea keeps the liver in condition, insuring a clear head and good general health. Drink before retiring.

Something Just as Good.

Barber—Getting pretty thin on top, sir. Ever use our Miracle Hairgrowine?

The Chair—Oh, no! It wasn't that that did it.—Judge.

Safer Plan.

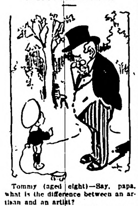
"I let my house furnished, and they've had measles there. Of course, we've had the place disinfected, so I suppose it's quite safe. What do you think?"

"I fancy it would be all right, dear; but I think perhaps it would be safer to lend it to a friend first."—Punch.

All He Wanted Was Just Plain Eggs.

A youth entered one of the "ham-and-row" cafes on Grand avenue and ordered eggs. "Up or over?" asked the man behind the counter. "I just want eggs," replied the prospective diner. "But do you want them up or over?" repeated the waiter, and again the guest asserted that he desired "only eggs." The third time the party of the second part insisted on his query, whereupon the patron, with a sigh of despair, said "I guess I'll take a steak."—Kansas City Star.

THESE POOR ARTISTS.



Tommy (aged eight)—Say, papa, what is the difference between an artisan and an artist?

Papa—One eats regularly and the other doesn't.

KNOWS NOW

Doctor Was Fooled by His Own Case For a Time.

It's easy to understand how ordinary people get fooled by coffee when doctors themselves sometimes forget the facts.

A physician speaks of his own experience:

"I had used coffee for years and really did not exactly believe it was injuring me although I had palpitation of the heart every day. (Tea contains caffeine—the same drug found in coffee—and is just as harmful as coffee.)

"Finally one day a severe and almost fatal attack of heart trouble frightened me and I gave up both tea and coffee, using Postum instead, and since that time I have had absolutely no heart palpitation except on one or two occasions when I tried a small quantity of coffee which caused severe irritation and proved to me I must let it alone.

"When we began using Postum it seemed weak—that was because we did not make it according to directions—but now we put a little bit of butter in the pot when boiling and allow the Postum to boil full 15 minutes which gives it the proper rich flavor and the deep brown color.

"I have advised a great many of my friends and patients to leave off coffee and drink Postum, in fact I daily give this advice." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Many thousands of physicians use Postum in place of tea and coffee in their own homes and prescribe it to patients.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Wells.—A commercial club has been organized with 150 members.

Amboy.—Lew Hansen, a farmer, was struck by lightning and badly shocked. It is expected he will recover.

Winona.—Fruit growers report prospects excellent for a good strawberry yield. The plants have been blossoming freely this week.

Mapleton.—The annual meeting of the Mankato conference of the Congregational church will be held in this village May 21 and 22.

Grand Rapids.—Itasca county will distribute $8,941.92 among the common schools of the county, according to the apportionment just received.

Leroy.—Ferdinand Hilmer, a farmer living north of town, lost four blooded horses, several head of cattle and his barn by fire which was started by lightning.

Springfield.—A good roads meeting was held at Springfield. State Engineer George W. Cooley of St. Paul, George W. Allyn of Madison Lake, and others spoke.

Washington, D. C.—Rural Route No. 2 at Bagley, Clearwater county, Minnesota, has been established. It will begin operation July 1 and serve seventy-six families.

Garden City.—At a special meeting of the school district $6,000 bonds were voted toward rebuilding the schoolhouse that burned down something like a year ago.

Minneapolis.—Four persons were drowned in the Twin Cities Sunday while boating, two in Minneapolis, one in St. Paul and one in South St. Paul. The bodies have not been recovered.

Roseau.—At a meeting of the Commercial club arrangements were made for the buying of a site for an electric light plant that will be built here this summer. S. F. Bonaime is promoting the project.

Faribault.—Paving operations in this city have begun. Twelve blocks will be laid with creosote blocks. Fielding & Shepley, Minneapolis, have the contract, their bid for the work was $31,486.56.

Caledonia.—The contract for building the new school of St. Peter's parish was awarded to Kreamer & Stevens of St. Charles. The building will cost $30,000 and is to be ready by the 1st of October.

St. Paul.—State Fire Marshal shal Keller reports a fire loss of $1,142,965 for the month of April. The insurance amounted to $631,732. The Minneapolis fire loss on buildings and contents was $479,130.

Duluth.—Senator Harry Cheadle, who has been city clerk of Duluth for fourteen years, resigned. His deputy clerk, S. C. Palmer, was elected to fill the vacancy. Senator Cheadle is going into the real estate business.

Washington.—The senate committee on commerce favorably reported Senator McCumber's bill to permit the construction of a pontoon bridge over the Red River of the North between Pembina, N. D., and St. Vincent, Minn.

Duluth.—The contract for the construction of the public library at Virginia, Minn., has been let to a Duluth contracting firm. The estimated cost of the structure is $31,111, not including the plumbing and heating.

Minneapolis.—The last will of the late Walter D. Douglas, who lost his life in the sinking of the liner Titanic, was filed in probate court by Cobb & Wheelwright, attorneys. It was estimated that the estate was valued at $3,500,000.

St. Peter.—Matthew G. Evenson, the earliest settler in St. Peter, having located here in 1853, died at Sioux City, Ia., where he had been living recently, as the result of an accident that occurred a month ago. He was born in Norway in 1833.

St. Paul.—In the presidential caucuses throughout Minnesota, Roosevelt made a clean sweep and will get the 24 delegates to the Chicago convention. Taft earned only ten counties and La Follette eleven. The convention will stand, Roosevelt 808, Taft 119 and La Follette 109.

Melrose.—The organizing of Melrose council 1633, of the Knights of Columbus, was effected here. A special train brought many knights from St. Cloud, Albany and Freeport, and Long Prairie and Sauk Center were well represented. A class of fifty-two candidates were initiated.

Duluth.—The recall, initiative and referendum were written into Duluth's charter by an overwhelming vote. Only two of forty-three precincts voted in the negative. The vote stood four-fifths for the change. Of 6,669 ballots recorded 5,331 favored the amendment. A three-fifths vote was necessary.

Minneapolis.—Three Minneapolis sawmills opened their regular season Monday. The Minneapolis & Rum River Boom company has navigated 50,000,000 feet of lumber into the boom enclosures in North Minneapolis during the present high water. There are 100,000,000 feet of logs coming from Brainerd.

Winona.—As a result of stepping on a rusty nail on the farm of William Watson near Utica, this county, Charles Breen, 17 years old, died of lockjaw. Breen came from New York, his home, a year ago to live on the Watson farm in the hope of recovering his health.

Faribault.—Prof. John Munroe of Cokato has been elected as the new superintendent of the Faribault public schools to succeed Prof. L. J. Montgomery, resigned. G. W. Kirn, former science instructor, has been chosen principal and Miss Alta E. Reilly of Cokato assistant.

Alexandria.—The short course of instruction in poultry and strawberry culture planned by County Superintendent of Schools T. A. Erickson gives to each child a setting of eggs and a dozen strawberry plants in a contest, the results of which will be announced at the fall county school fair.

St. Paul.—The first concrete road in Minnesota will be built this summer in Steele county, under the supervision of the state highway commission. It will be tried for demonstration purposes. It will be a quarter of a mile long and will cost $1,500.

A BLESSING IN DISGUISE

Nervous Breakdown Is a Warning That You Must Heed to Avoid Something Worse.

Nervous exhaustion, or breakdown of the nerves, is more often a blessing than anything else. The nerves have rebelled and you should be thankful it is no worse than it is. Let it serve as a sharp warning to relieve the strain and to take a treatment that will build up your nerves.

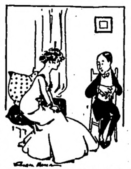
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a real nerve tonic. They supply plenty of nourishing red blood to the exhausted nerves and do not excite and urge them on to do work which they have already shown they cannot do. Medicines which whip on the tired nerves do more harm than no medicine at all. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People not only start in immediately to give relief but continue to strengthen the nerves until they are able to do their work once more.

Mrs. J. E. Udelle, whose address is Box 130, R. F. D. No. 1, Osseo, Minn., says: "I was so completely worn out from overwork and nervousness that I was unable to continue at my work as dressmaker. I was very weak and my back ached continually. My stomach was so weak that I could eat nothing but light food and even then I would have pains like cramps. Gas formed on my stomach. I was short of breath and had palpitation of the heart. I was in bed for three months. At Davenport, Iowa, I was under doctors' care but received only temporary relief so gave it up. I then used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When I began using the pills I had no strength at all and had lost a great deal in weight. I did not have to take the pills long before I felt better. I gave the pills a fair trial and was entirely cured."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are guaranteed to be free from any harmful or habit-forming drugs. They have given the most gratifying results in nervous headaches, neuralgia, nervous dyspepsia, St. Vitus' dance, and even in partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. Write for the free booklet, "Diseases of the Nervous System."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

SHE WAS WISE.



Mr. Tellit Wright—Are you fond of fiction, dearest?

Miss Cutting Hintz—Yes; but don't tell me I'm the only girl you have ever loved.

Surgeon in Ancient Times.

High honorariums were paid surgeons in ancient times. When Darfus, the son of Hystaspes, sprained his foot Damocedes was called in, another surgeon of renown having failed to effect a cure. Damocedes was successful, and the king took him to his harem and introduced the doctor to the ladies of the court. The ladies filled a vase of gold with money and precious pearls, which a eunuch was ordered to carry to the doctor. The eunuch let fall the vase, and the careful historian tells us that slaves gathered up the pearls.

Impolite.

"Why wouldn't you put out your tongue for the doctor this morning, Karl?"

"Oh, Emmy, I couldn't. I don't know him well enough."—Fliegende Blaetter.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Some people are such sticklers for form that they expect Dame Fortune to remember their "at home" days.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The man who wants the right of way wants it right away.

Unsightly eruptions disappear after a course of Garfield Tea.

A friend in words is not always a friend in deed.

A QUARTER CENTURY BEFORE THE PUBLIC

Over Five Million Free Samples Given Away Each Year.

The Constant and Increasing Sales From Samples Proves the Genuine Merit of

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Are you a trifle sensitive about the size of your shoes? Many people wear shoes a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease into them. If you have tired, swollen, hot, tender feet, Allen's Foot-Ease gives instant relief. TRY IT TO-DAY. Sold everywhere, 25 cts. Do not accept any substitute.

"In a pinch, use Allen's Foot-Ease."

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders, the best medicine for Feverish, sickly Children. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Trial package FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMSTED, LE ROY, N. Y.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1, No.2, No.3. THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS [illegible] LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER [illegible]

QUAINT HOUSES IN BERNE

Swiss Town Famous for Its Old Bear Pits—Bruin Kept to Entertain Guests.

Berne, Switzerland.—Switzerland is the land where the hotelkeeping art has been cultivated assiduously. Everywhere one finds such houses as the Palace hotel and the Grand at St. Morits, the Seller hotels at Zermatt; the Eden, Monney, Brener and Suisse at Montreux; the Victoria, at Beatenberg; the Beau Rivage and Hotel de la Paix at Geneva; the Cecil, the Mirabeau and the Savoy at Lausanne; the Jungfraublick at Interlaken; the Cattan at Engelberg; the Hof Ragaz at Ragaz and the Bernerhof at Berne.

Berne, by the way, is the most Swiss of all Swiss towns and one that has preserved its picturesqueness more than most of the rapidly modernized cities of Europe. The old part is full of quaint old houses, forming arcades called "lauben." At regular intervals there are beautiful fountains with statues, some serious, some humorous. But the most comical corner of the town is the famous bear pit. This is probably the oldest bear pit in the world and has harbored bruins innumerable in the course of the centuries it has been in existence. The arms of the town originated from the bear guests, who were kept for the entertainment of the citizens. Probably no other fragment of a zoo receives visitors from half as many countries as go to see and feed the bears of Berne.

Great Rock Gallery of the Axenstrasse

As famous as these "Johnny bears," though in another way, is Lake Leman, whose waters are so blue that they keep the scientists busy making up theories to account for the phenomenon. Territet-Montreux, on the shores of the lake, is a heavenly place to rest and dream after one has cavorted through a month or so of energetic sightseeing. Sunny and sheltered, with beautiful walks, an eighteen hole golf course and good hotels like the Brand, the Excelsior and the Hotel des Alpes, it is a delightful place to loaf and invite one's soul. Also there are Mont Fleuri in a green nest 800 feet above the lake and Glion, still higher up, and Caux, loftier than either, and with the chain of Alps in a white glory before one's eyes. Here in the exhilarating air one might even forget what the New York subway feels, sounds and smells like on a hot July day.

RAPID GROWTH OF BOMBAY

Country Was Sold to East India Company by Charles II. for Annual Payment of Ten Pounds.

London.—Bombay was a gift horse, which Englishmen at first looked very discontentedly in the mouth. Mr. Kipling pictures her now as a "queen fronting thy (England's) richest sea with richer hands," and George Stevens called her "a beautiful queen in silver armor and a girdle of gold." But for some considerable time the general view was that of Pepys when he "did inform myself well in things relating to the East Indies" September 5, 1663. He was impressed by "the inconsiderableness of the place of Bombaim * * * it being, if we had it, but a poor place, and not really so as was described to our king in the draft of it, but a poor little island." His decided view was that "the king and lord chancellor and other learned men about the king" had been grossly deceived in the matter.

Bombay was one of the earliest Portuguese settlements in India. The British, recognizing its strategic importance, attempted to seize the place in 1626. They failed, but Bombay became British in 1661 as part of the dowry of Catherine of Braganza on her marriage to Charles II. In 1668 Charles ceded it to the East India Company in consideration of an annual payment of £10. The real foundations of the city's prosperity were laid by Gerald Angier, governor of Surat while Bombay was still regarded as a portion of that province. He drained and fortified the town, and so reorganized the whole of its life and trade that within eight years the population rose from 10,000 to 60,000. The East India Company made Bombay an independent settlement and the center of administrative power in 1685.

Woman Rides in Midair.

Toronto.—When a newspaper woman was ordered from the unfinished seventeen-story building which is being constructed for the Canadian Pacific railway here, on the ground that it was no place for a woman, Mrs. T. D. Wells, wife of the contractor, took exception to a remark that women did not have as good nerve as men. She proceeded to demonstrate her own bravery by riding up to the top of the skyscraper on one of the iron girders as it was hoisted by a crane.

She stood on the girder and waved the Union Jack with one hand, clutching the guy wire with the other as she rode up.

Yale Receives a Prehistoric Chair.

New Haven, Conn.—Yale university museum has received from Ecuador, South America, an interesting prehistoric relic in the shape of a large stone chair, carved as a crouching human figure holding up a stone seat. The chair is of a kind of stone found nowhere in the world except on some of the Ecuador hills. The donor is Charles C. Brown, Yale, 1903.

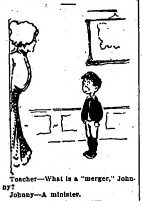
COULD HARDLY MOVE.

Kidney Trouble Caused Terrible Misery.

Mrs. J. S. Downs, 219 N. Sixth St., Chickasha, Okla., says: "My back across my kidneys became so lame I could hardly move. My limbs cramped and stiffened and I felt completely worn out. Nervousness and headaches kept me in an unstrung condition and frequent passages of the kidney secretions added to my discomfort. I was soon relieved, however, after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and when I had used four boxes, I felt like another woman."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MERGES TWO IN ONE.



Teacher—What is a "merger," Johnny?

Johnny—A minister.

MRS. SELBY AND PRIZE BABY

"I have always used Cuticura Soap and no other for my baby and he has never had a sore of any kind. He does not even chafe as most babies do. I feel sure that it is all owing to Cuticura Soap, for he is fine and healthy, and when five months old, won a prize in a baby contest. It makes my heart ache to go into so many homes and see a sweet-faced baby with the whole top of its head a solid mass of scurf, caused by poor soap. I always recommend Cuticura, and nine times out of ten the next time I see the mother she says: 'Oh! I am so glad you told me of Cuticura.'" (Signed) Mrs. G. A. Selby, Redondo Beach, California, Jan. 15, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Oh, Learned Judge.

A California judge decided that there is no judicial authority to keep a man from making love to his wife, although it could stop his beating her. The remarkable cause of this remarkable decision was that a woman in Los Angeles had applied for an injunction to restrain her husband from insisting on being attentive to her. This judge was not a Solomon, but he realized that only a Solomon could be trusted to rule upon the whims and inconsistencies of womankind.

Time.

"How long have you been a widow, Mrs. Weed?"

"It will be a year the fourth of next month."

"Dear me! Is it as long as that? How time flies!"

"Oh, do you think so? Well, if you ever have to wait a year to look pleasant when men offer you attentions you'll give up the idea that time is much of a flyer."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Not in Any Way Desirable.

"Do those people who moved into the flat across the hall seem to be desirable neighbors?" asked the man.

"No," replied the woman. "I watched everything that came out of the moving van. They haven't a thing that we would care to borrow.

Paxtine Antiseptic sprayed into the nasal passages is a surprisingly successful remedy for catarrh. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Some people impress us as being too polite to get all that's coming to them.

The man who steals our thunder is naturally under a cloud.

"That horrible weather"—how pleasant it really is when you are well! Garfield Tea helps always.

The man who wears a silk hat shouldn't butt in.

NO ONE STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

The celebrated Dr. Abernethy of London was firmly of the opinion that disorders of the stomach were the most prolific source of human ailments in general. A recent medical writer says: "every feeling, emotion and affection reports at the stomach (through the system of nerves) and the stomach is affected accordingly. It is the vital center of the body * * * * ." He continues, "so we may be said to live (*through*) the stomach." He goes on to show that the stomach is the vital center of the body. For weak stomachs and the consequent indigestion or dyspepsia, and the multitude of various diseases which result therefrom, no medicine can be better suited as a curative agent than

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

"Several months ago I suffered from a severe pain right under the breast-bone," writes Mrs. G. M. Mukken, of Corona, Calif. "Had suffered from it, off and on, for several years. I also suffered from heart-burn, did not know what was the matter with me. I tried several medicines but they did me no good. Finally, I was told it was my liver. I did not dare to eat as it made me worse. Whenever I swallowed anything it seemed that I would faint—it hurt so. I grew very thin and weak from not eating. Was told to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took five bottles of it and could feel myself getting better from the first dose. I could eat a little without pain and grew strong fast. To-day I am strong and well and can do a big day's work with ease. Can eat everything and have put on flesh wonderfully. I will say to all sufferers write to Dr. Pierce. He has my undying gratitude."

Mrs. Mukken

Before Allowing an Operation

Please Read These Two Letters.

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before. Then after all that suffering Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored her health.

HERE IS HER OWN STATEMENT.

Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement—I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for several months without much relief, and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. To-day I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise every woman who is afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. Orville Rock, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Mich.

"THERE NEVER WAS A WORSE CASE."

Rockport, Ind.—"There never was a worse case of women's ills than mine, and I cannot begin to tell you what I suffered. For over two years I was not able to do anything. I was in bed for a month and the doctor said nothing but an operation would cure me. My father suggested Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; so to please him I took it, and I improved wonderfully, so I am able to travel, ride horseback, take long rides and never feel any ill effects from it. I can only ask other suffering women to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation."—Mrs. Margaret Meredith, R. F. D. No. 8, Rockport, Ind.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Lydia E. Pinkham

For Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Use

Camphorated Vaseline

Camphorated Vaseline gets right to the seat of the trouble.

Gives quick and grateful relief from rheumatic and similar pains.

Put up in neat, metal-capped glass bottles.

Every mother should know all about the different "Vaseline" preparations. They are just what she needs for the minor family ailments and accidents.

Send a postal to-day for 22 pp. illustrated booklet—free prepaid. Address Dept. E.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company

17 State Street (Consolidated) New York

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

W. L. Douglas $3.00 & $3.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price

W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. *Fast Color Eyelets Used.*

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE, ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. 15 cts. each at dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Splendid Crops in Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time.

Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

A SNAP

A St. Paul Drug Store for sale cheap. $1500 stock and fixtures. Will sell for cash or will take real estate in exchange. Will make terms to suit buyer. Must be sold by June 1st or before. Good reasons for going out of business. Address A. STIERLE, 809 East Seventh Street, Cor. Broadway, St. Paul, Minnesota.

IF YOU WANT TO BEGIN OR EXPAND business write the Board of Trade, Weyburn, Saskatchewan. We want industries, retailers and wholesalers. Electric power, water, fuel cheap. Builders with capital needed. Population doubled this year.

EYE ACHES Pettit's Eye Salve

W. N. U., NO. 20-1912.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1912. NUMBER, 46.

T. R. AND HARMON LEADING IN OHIO

EX-PRESIDENT HAS LEAD OF 15,000 IN PRECINCTS WHICH HAVE REPORTED.

DELEGATION MAY SPLIT.

On Account of the Manner the Vote is Divided Between the Various Congressional Districts.

Columbus, May 22.—With little more than one-third of the total vote in the state counted Colonel Roosevelt's delegates on the Republican ticket and Governor Harmon on the Democratic preference ballot led Ohio's first presidential preference primary. The fight on both tickets was so close, however, that complete returns may change final results.

Complete returns from slightly less than 2,000 precincts of 5,192 in the state show the Roosevelt delegates had a lead of more than 15,000 votes. Governor Harmon's lead over Woodrow Wilson was considerably less than this. The closeness of this race with Wilson was indicated by late reports from Cincinnati, Governor Harmon's home city. Here, the Ohio governor, who had been well in the lead in the early returns, was shown to have 1,954 votes and Wilson 1,904 in 120 precincts out of a total of 361.

Colonel May Get Only 26 Delegates.

A peculiar situation developed in the compilation of the results. This showed that while Colonel Roosevelt had a lead of 15,000 in the total number of votes cast for delegates pledged to him, the vote by districts would be such that he probably would not have more than 26 of the 42 district delegates to the national convention at Chicago. The indications were that Governor Harmon would have at least 22 or 24 of the delegates to the Baltimore convention. The privilege of naming the six delegates-at-large of the state, however, is carried by the winner of the presidential preference vote.

Vote in Congressional Districts.

Of the congressional districts, Colonel Roosevelt apparently has won the delegates in the Fourth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth and Twenty-first districts.

President Taft practically has won the First, Second, Third, probably the Fifth, Seventh, Eighth and Thirteenth.

The Sixteenth district remained in doubt, although both sides claim it. Roosevelt supporters also claim two or three of the districts listed for Mr. Taft.

Despite the close fight between the Taft and Roosevelt forces on the Republican ticket, United States Senator La Follette of Wisconsin received considerable support, especially in Cleveland and Toledo, precincts, where he was credited with several thousand votes. In Wood county, Senator La Follette ran second to Colonel Roosevelt.

Votes for Bryan and Clark.

Mr. Bryan and Speaker Champ Clark, although their names were not on the Democratic ballot, received a scattering vote through many precincts in the state.

Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, Columbus, Dayton and a dozen more of the larger cities in the state furnished the greater portion of last night's returns. Because of the complexity of the primary ballot, the count in rural districts was unusually slow.

Heavy Vote in Cities.

The fight in Cleveland and Cincinnati, the two largest cities of the commonwealth developed a heavy vote and directly opposite results. In Cincinnati, President Taft's home city, Taft delegates were nominated by a vote of 2 to 1, but the vote in the city was light, although the president was there in person, as also was Governor Harmon. Here also, Representative Nicholas Longworth, son-in-law of Colonel Roosevelt, was renominated for congress by the Republicans of the First district.

HOME BURNS, TWO DEAD.

Heroic Woman and Grand Daughter She Tried to Save Both Succumb.

Marinette, Wis., May 22.—Flames that developed in a farmhouse at Ba De Nocque, near Escanaba caused the death of Mrs. George Hardwick, aged 63, and her grand daughter, Hazel Hardwick, aged five.

The child was burned to death in the building while Mrs. Hardwick was so severely burned in attempting to save her grand daughter that she succumbed a few hours afterward.

Methodist Union Favored.

Baltimore, May 22.—Expressing the conviction that the other two branches of the Methodist denomination, the Methodist Episcopal and Methodist Episcopal South have encouraged the progress of the negotiations thus far made by the three commissions on church union, the commission of the Methodist Protestant church in its report to the general conference here asked to have its work thus far indorsed and to be instructed to continue for another four years along the same lines.

TURKISH WAR ANNOYS POWERS

SEIZURE OF TURKISH ISLANDS CAUSE FOR GRAVE ALARM.

Prevailing Sentiment in Europe is Becoming Inimical to Triple Entente.

Paris, May 22.—The extension of the Turko-Italian war, is awakening the powers to the necessity of making renewed attempts to bring the conflict to an end. Italy's steady occupation of Turkish islands in the Aegean sea which Turkey has answered by expelling Italians from the Ottoman empire is regarded here with considerable inquietude.

Italy is now in control of 11 Turkish islands in the archipelago and this it is pointed out totally modifies the equilibrium of force in one section of the water route round the world which with the completion of the Panama canal means a continuous globar marine movement.

The turn of events therefore is distinctly against the interests of the triple entente and chiefly against those of Russia and the time has arrived for members of the triple entente to examine the situation seriously.

Various offers for mediation between Turkey and Italy have been extended including the calling of a congress of European powers and a proposal to allow Italy to remain in Tripoli as England has remained in Egypt with Turkey retaining legal control in the country, getting back her islands and receiving compensation.

Announce Auto Race Prizes.

Milwaukee, May 22.—The Vanderbilt cup race committee announced the prize awards for the race, including a new trophy valued at $1,500 offered for small stock cars. The cash prizes total over $16,000 and will probably aggregate $20,000 with the first prize $5,000, and the smallest $250. Prizes of equipment and accessories will total $10,000, making a total prize list for the race of over $40,000, including the grand prize and Vanderbilt historic cup and the Pabst and Wisconsin cups announced here.

BASEBALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, at Milwaukee, rain.
Toledo, 12; Columbus, 11.
Kansas City, 8; St. Louis, 5.
Louisville, 6; Indianapolis, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	23	13	.639	St. Paul	17	20	.459
Mpls.	20	13	.606	Milwaukee	13	18	.419
Toledo	20	13	.606	Louisville	12	19	.387
K. C.	19	18	.514	Ind'pls.	13	22	.371

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 2; Washington, 0.
Boston, 3; Cleveland, 1.
New York, 9; Chicago, 8.
St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	23	10	.697	Detroit	15	15	.500
Boston	18	10	.643	Phila.	11	14	.440
Cleveland	13	13	.500	New York	8	17	.320
Wash.	14	14	.500	St. Louis	8	19	.296

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, 14; Boston, 9.
Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Philadelphia, 7; St. Louis, 6.
New York, 6; Cincinnati, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	21	6	.778	St. Louis	13	16	.448
Cincinnati	22	8	.733	Phila.	10	15	.400
Chicago	14	14	.500	Boston	10	18	.357
Pittsburg	12	13	.480	Brooklyn	9	17	.346

MINNY LEAGUE.

Winona, 5; La Crosse, 0.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 22.—Wheat, July, $1.12¾; Sept., $1.03¾; No. 1 northern, $1.14¾; No. 2 northern, $1.12¾; No. 1 durum, $1.09¾; No. 3 corn, 77c; No. 3 white oats, 53c; barley, malting, $1.22; No. 2 rye, 84½c; No. 1 flax, $2.27¼.

Duluth, May 22.—Wheat, July, $1.14; Sept., $1.04¾; No. 1 northern, $1.15; No. 1 durum, $1.10.

South St. Paul, May 22.—Cattle—Steers, $3.85@4.75; cows, $4.00@5.75; calves, $3.75@7.50; hogs, $7.25@7.50; sheep and lambs, $4.00@9.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; market slow and steady; beeves, $6.10@9.40; Texas steers, $6@7.85; western steers, $6.25@8; stockers and feeders, $4.40@7.10; cows and heifers, $3.10@8; calves, $5.25@8.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market slow and steady at Monday's average; light, $7.25@7.75; mixed, $7.35@7.85; heavy, $7.35@7.85; rough, $7.35@7.55; pigs, $5@6.90; bulk of sales, $7.60@7.80.

Sheep — Receipts, 12,000; market steady to 10c higher; native, $3.75@6.30; western, $4@6.35; yearlings, $6.25@7.35; lambs, native, $5@8.75; western, $5@9.

Chicago Grain Markets.

Chicago, May 22.—Evidence developed today that the wheat market had been oversold. Accordingly, prices tended upward, especially as cable quotations showed power to remain stable, despite declines on this side of the Atlantic. The fact that receipts of red wheat here were light helped also to attract attention to possibilities on the bull side and so did reports of cash sales. Moreover, there was a word of a big falling off in the wheat yield of India. Opening figures ranged from ⅛c lower to ½c advance. July started $1.07⅛@1.07½, gain of ⅛@⅜c, and rose to $1.07¾@1.07⅞.

Illinois reports that half the wheat standing was turning out to be cheat, caused prices to harden still more. The close was firm with July 1⅛@1¼c net higher at $1.08¼@1.08⅜.

Offerings dried up in the corn crowd. Shorts scrambled to cover and in their eagerness hoisted the market against themselves. July opened ⅛c to ¼@⅜c off, at 72⅞@73⅛c to 73⅜c, and climbed to 74¼@74⅜c.

A further advance ensued owing to predictions of unsettled weather. The close was firm at 73⅞c for July, a gain of 1c net.

There was right and left purchasing of oats when that cereal made a dip at the outset. In consequence, the early loss was more than overcome. Buyers took their cue from the action of one of the largest houses in the trade. July started unchanged to ⅜c down at 47⅞@47¾c, and rallied to 48⅛@48⅜c.

Prince Killed in Auto Crash.

Friesach, Prussia, May 22.—Prince George William, the eldest son of the Duke of Cumberland, and his chamberlain, von Greve, were killed instantly in an automobile accident on the highway near here.

James A. Peterson Runs for Senate.

Minneapolis, May 22.—James A. Peterson, a local La Follette leader, has announced his candidacy for the senate on the Republican ticket. He will make a campaign on a Progressive platform.

AMATEUR AVIATOR FALLS TO DEATH

F. J. SOUTHARD, MINNEAPOLIS BROKER, AVIATION ENTHUSIAST, KILLED AT DAYTON.

STUDENT OF WRIGHTS

Flew Despite Warning—Wife Hysterical When Told of Tragedy—Says She Had Premonition of Fatality.

Xenia, O., May 22.—Fred J. Southard, of Minneapolis, an aviation student, fell 100 feet at the Wright aviation field near Osborn, and was killed instantly. Southard, who was 40 years old, had just bought the aeroplane from the Wright brothers.

He obtained the keys to the hangar after he had been refused permission to take the aeroplane out without further experience. He fell just six minutes after he had begun the first flight alone. His body was badly crushed.

Fred J. Southard was the head of the firm of F. J. Southard and Co., dealers in farm mortgages. He had been in business in Minneapolis for about a year. He expected to become an efficient aviator, and go into the flying business. Mr. Southard move to Minneapolis from Williston, N. D., where he had conducted a real estate office for a number of years.

Martyr to Aviation Project.

Minneapolis.—Frederick J. Southard's death was the result of a plan to establish a big aviation field and aeroplane factory in Minneapolis and to make the city an aviation center. Mrs. Southard became hysterical when informed of her husband's tragic death and a physician and two nurses were called. She later recovered her composure and told of her husband's life and of the development of his interest in aerial navigation. She had always had a premonition, she said, that he would be injured or killed making flights and had extracted repeated promises from him that he would take no unnecessary risks.

The amateur aviator who was killed owned property worth more than $100,000, and was president of the Farmers' State Bank, at West Concord, Minn.

WIRELESS SAVES 32.

U. S. Ship Armeria Pounding To Pieces On Alaska Rocks.

Cordova, Alasko, May 22.—The United States lighthouse tender Armeria, is ashore near Cape Hincinbrook and is being pounded to pieces by the waves. The thirty-two persons aboard, including seven officers, twenty-four men and one survivor of the crew of the lost barge Haydn Brown, were taken off by the steamship Admiral Sampson, which picked up the wireless distress signals.

The Admiral Sampson reported the loss of the Armeria by wireless and gave the additional information that the Armeria had solved the fate of the Haydn Brown which was cut adrift by the tug Pioneer in a storm in Prince William Sound May 10.

The Haydn Brown drifted ashore off Montague Island in the entrance to the sound May 12. Only two of the eight men aboard reached shore and one died of exposure the next day. August Palmer, the lone survivor, lived on canned beef until picked up by the Armeria.

TWO BURGLARS KILLED.

In Desperate Battle At Nauen, Germany, With Police.

Nauen, Germany, May 22.—The example of the Apaches who recently terrorized Paris and its environs has been followed by criminals here. Two of them, detected while committing burglaries, dashed to their bicycles which had been left outside the house. On the way they were confronted by a policeman, whom they shot dead.

Then they rode rapidly away, but pursuers wounded one of them. His comrade deliberately killed the wounded man to prevent his capture and possible betrayal.

The surviving burglar continued the battle against some hundreds of armed police and countrymen until he was finally shot dead.

Crane Out of Toga Race.

Washington, May 22.—Senator W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts announced that he would not be a candidate for re-election to the United States senate before the primaries in his state next autumn.

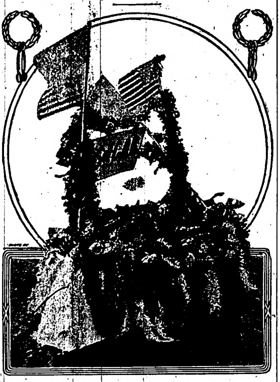
Victory for Illinois Team.

Chicago, May 22.—Players from the University of Illinois won a ninth inning victory over the University of Chicago baseball team, 7 to 6.

"Lumber Trust" Suit Begun.

Chicago, May 22.—Taking of evidence was begun in the prosecution of the Northwestern Association of Retail Lumber Dealers, the lumber trust. Suit for injunction was filed by the government, accusing the organization of alleged restraint of trade. Government counsel first took up the examination of correspondence between secretaries. The government is represented by Clark McKercher and Frank H. Watson, special counsel, of Detroit. Milton Purdy of Minneapolis represents the lumber dealers.

In Memory of Naval Heroes



Photograph by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

A BEAUTIFUL and touching tribute is paid to the memory of the sailors who gave up their lives during the Civil war by Tent No. 18 of the National Alliance, Daughters of the Veterans of the United States. A little boat filled with carnations, roses, lilies, jessamine and arbutus, is borne by G. A. R. veterans to the edge of the river and given, amid prayer, to the crew of a launch who take it to midstream. There it is launched, and, amid the booming of a salute and the strains of the "Star-Spangled Banner," it sinks quietly and slowly, leaving the water around it dotted with blossoms.

Memorial Day Sermon

By
REV. CHARLES F. WEEDEN
Pastor of Harvard Church
Boston

IN the foremost rank of memorials stands the monument to the soldier. The myriad mounds of rank and file stir tender and deep emotions. The veterans of the thrilling scenes of '61 and '65 are passing. Over forty-eight thousand in 1909 answered the last taps. Memorial Day should be sacredly kept and should most properly recall the stirring events of the Civil war. "What mean ye by these stones?" the descendants of Joshua asked, as they saw the memorial pile by the River Jordan. So the youth of today inquire of the silent sentinels raised to commemorate the soldier of '61.

I am reminded of an example of patriotism not usually known. Colonel Shaw, whose monument of bronze stands upon Boston Common, is not alone in deserving such a memorial. Up among the Berkshire Hills there is a modest shaft that marks the grave of another gallant leader of negro troops. I refer to Colonel Chauncey Bassett, of the Bassett Grand Army post of Michigan, the grandfather of my children and the father of that elect lady, my wife. How Colonel Bassett inspired his men is illustrated by the heroism of a negro lad who was the color-bearer. As Colonel Bassett handed the flag to the lad, he gave this charge: "My boy, bring back the colors or tell to God the reason why." All through the fierce fight they watched that standard. Once it was seen to fall—the lad's arm had been shot. But grasping the staff with his left hand, the flag moved forward again, waving over the dusky troops. Once more it swayed and dropped. But after the battle they found the little fellow prostrate upon the flag wet with his blood. He could never bring the colors back. He had told to God the reason why.

But I recall a memorial which comes close to every veteran in the land. It is the name endeared to you by a thousand recollections and sends the warm blood throbbing through your veins. It is the dear name of

Comrade, Comrade!

Your companions in arms! They have fallen, but your thoughts bring the old familiar forms and scenes back again. You sleep in the same tent and perchance share the same blanket or you watch by the campfire warming and sheltering your comrade from the cold and the storm as he has done for you. You divide your scanty rations or you dispense the lucky catch of poultry or bacon; you cheer him on the hot and dusty march; he stretches his hand or musket to you in the struggle through the dangerous swamp; he fights by your side in the din and smoke of attack; he runs and cheers with you in the gallant charge or he stands near you on the man-of-war's deck and hurls defiance at the enemies' shot. He laughs, he sings, he shouts; he turns with stern resolve and face like flint to meet the bullet-storm. His joys, his sorrows, his glory, his hardship, are yours, for all the while it is comrade. It may be one today, another tomorrow, but always Comrade!

I cannot forbear to mention one more important lesson from the monuments of the war. It is this:

The God of Nations Gave the Victory.

The Almighty's hand has never been withdrawn from history. In the darkest hour a Lincoln's brain and heart—a true statesman's hand—grasped the helm and held the nation to her course through whirlwind, victory and dire disaster. In critical hours when foreign powers would smile encouragement to our foe God sent a strong man across the waters to speak for us—a man of silver tongue, the orator's fire and the patriot's soul, who averted the threatened blow. Some well remember what utter consternation swept over the north when the "Merrimac" sunk the "Cumberland" and the "Congress" surrendered. When that same evening the news sped over the wires that the "Monitor" had arrived at Hampton Roads, the air rang with shouts and men who seldom acknowledged divine interference were saying, "How providential!" Merchants of war-time will not forget the terrible depression in business. For ten years previous two thirds of the country's exports consisted of cotton from the south. How could the great loss be met? In '61 and '62 there was drought in England and Europe. Then the farmer stepped to the front. The fields of America, particularly in the west, were, in these years, unusually abundant, and foreign ports were opened to receive "a value of over two hundred million dollars of the products of our soil. England sent us more than sixty million dollars of gold." At the last when the nation was weary the indomitable Grant came into leadership and by his sledge hammer blows, "By the left flank, forward!" gave the Confederacy the fatal stroke. Thus did the King of Nations shield this land.

Think not, fellow-citizens, that your duty is done; that in rearing colossal statues your obligations are fulfilled. The peculiar institutions of this country are the memorials God commands you to build, support and protect. See to it, you who fought gallantly for your country and you who today reap the harvest of heroism, see to it that your influence goes abroad for pure morals, and guard as your life the liberties handed down to you.

The future of our nation lies in what citizens make it today. The world is looking to America. There are no new continents. "There is no other race that possesses, as does the Anglo-Saxon, liberty and a pure religion," and these are the mighty factors that will determine the future of the world for good.

Friends, we are still in the "broad field of battle," still in the "bivouac of life." Who will be the hero? Your answer will be in the sincerity and courage with which you defend the institutions and the liberties of your citizenship. Hold the nation's life sacred. Bare your head beneath the folds of her flag bathed in the blood of your fathers and countrymen!—Farm and Fireside.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Hibbing. — Mary Bille, aged 12, was arrested, charged with forging checks totaling $16.75.

Spring Valley.—Ira Hare, was convicted of selling liquor and a fine of $50 and costs were imposed.

Mankato.—The summer meeting of the Second District Editorial association will be held at Windom the third week in June.

Austin.—Lee Thompson of Lansing, was killed and Herbert Hunt badly injured in a automobile accident, two miles north of Austin.

Stillwater.—The May term of the district court convened here. The grand jury after a session of 10 minutes with nothing to do, was discharged.

St. Paul. — Damages in the sum of $50,000 for breach of promise to marry are asked from Freeman P. Strong, St. Paul, capitalist and clubman, in a suit by Caroline P. Vallee.

Caledonia. — The one-year-old son of V. L. Mangus, superintendent of the public school, while playing on the floor, picked up a collar button, placed it in his mouth, and choked to death.

Albert Lea.—County Superintendent Dahlen returned from a tour of inspection of the rural schools near Glenville. These districts are planning to consolidate and erect a high school building at Glenville.

Duluth. — A little West Duluth maid's curiosity regarding a big match factory there proved fatal when 6-year-old Irene Klug was boosted into an open window by her young companions. The sash fell on her back killing her.

Red Wing.—George Fred Williams, former congressman of Massachusetts, spoke here on the position of the various presidential candidates on leading political questions of the day. His speech was in advocacy of Champ Clark.

Red Wing.—The will of the late John Befort, well known resident of Belvidere, was filed for probate. The estate, consisting largely of farm lands in this county, has a value of nearly $50,000. Two sons and three daughters are the heirs.

Cloquet.—Cloquet's city jail is to be replaced by a new building, which will also include space for the city offices and council chamber. Specifications of Duluth architects have been accepted and the city clerk authorized to advertise for bids for construction.

Virginia. — The Virginia Electric Power and Water Company will make improvements that will cost nearly $50,000. The new work will be in extensions and additions to the water mains and in the sinking of a third deep well.

Duluth.—Vincent Sodorski, a roofer was accidentally killed in an unknown manner at the dock of the Zenith Furnace company at West Duluth. There were no eye witnesses, but his skull was fractured and he was found lying dead on the roof. Sodorski was 22 and married last February.

Spring Valley.—Memorial Sunday has been set for May 26. The services here will be held at the opera house at 10:30 a. m. Rev. Mr. Wilsey, pastor of the United Brethren Church, will deliver the address. On May 30 the usual program of decorating the graves of soldiers will be carried out.

Mankato.—Miss Mamie A. Carlson, who has been deputy clerk of the United States court for six years, has resigned, and C. E. Bredeson, a divinity student, was appointed to fill the vacancy. Miss Carlson and Mr. Bredeson have been united in marriage, and the office will continue in the family.

Little Falls.—In Ripley town it is reported that a 14-year-old youth, becoming angry at his school teacher, threatened to kill her and one of the scholars. The sheriff will bring the boy here to examine into his sanity. His mother is in the Fergus Falls hospital and it is believed the boy is also mentally unbalanced.

Mapleton.—The annual meeting of the Mankato conference of the Congregational church will be held here May 21 and 22. The district comprises the churches in Blue Earth, Nobles, Freeborn, Faribault, Pipestone, Le Sueur, Martin and Nicollet counties. Among the speakers will be Dr. D. J. Cowling of Carleton college, Northfield, and Miss Emily Hartwell, a missionary from Cuba.

Washington.—A $3,000,000 claim of the Mille Lacs Indians of Minnesota, on account of losses sustained by them through the opening of their reservation to public settlement, was approved by the United States court of claims. Chief Justice Beelle and Judge Howe dissented from the majority of the court and indorsed the contention of the federal department of justice that the law did not intend to give the Indians a valid claim against the United States.

International Falls.—A successful sale of state land was conducted by Theodore Nelson, sales manager of the state land department; 4,254 acres were sold at an average price of $5.80 per acre. A few pieces sold as high as $25 per acre.

Belle Plaine.—A meeting of representatives of most of the river towns from Mankato to Minneapolis was held here to lay plans for establishing and improving a highway from Mankato to Minneapolis, to be known as the Minnesota valley scenic highway. Most of the representatives motored to the city. The matter met with general favor and active work will be undertaken.

Red Wing. — An inspection of weights and measures in the city is being made by inspectors D. S. Evans and W. H. Morrow of the state depart- [illegible]

"ONE MILLION LEAGUE FOR MANITOBA."

The purposes of the "Million for Manitoba League" are set out in the fact that Manitoba wants more people. Today the population is less than five hundred thousand, and the determination of the representative men of the Province to devote their best energies to increasing this to a million, is a worthy one. There is already a widespread interest in every municipality; committees are appointed, whose duties are to secure such a thorough knowledge of local conditions that, whether the applicant for information be a laborer for the farm, a would-be tenant, a probable homesteader, the buyer of a small improved farm or the purchaser of a large tract for colonizing farmers, the information is at hand, free.

The advantages that Manitoba possesses are many, and with the exploitation that will be given them by the birth of this new acquisition to the settlement and immigration propaganda that is being carried on by the Dominion Government, there is no doubt that the establishment of the bureau will very soon bring about the results looked for. Manitoba is practically the gateway of the great grain belt of the West. Its farm lands have demonstrated time and again that they have a yielding value that practically makes them worth over one hundred dollars per acre. Added to the yielding value of the land, there is an increased value on account of its nearness to markets, and the matter of freight rates is carefully considered by the cautious buyer. But the information more valuable to the incoming settler is that it still has an immense amount of vacant fertile land open for homesteads. This dispels the idea that free homesteads in Manitoba are about exhausted. In addition to this, the territory recently added to the Province will open up a homesteading area which when filled should fully satisfy the "Million for Manitoba League." Within the old boundaries there is an area of 47,360,000 acres, less than six million acres of the 16½ million acres occupied being under cultivation. At present there are over 20 million acres of available land capable of being put under the plough. If in every one of the 195,000 vacant quarter sections of the Province an average family of four persons were placed, there would be added a rural population of nearly 800,000. So there is room for additional hundreds of thousands on the farms of Manitoba, without any possibility of congestion. The population per mile in Iowa is 39.4, in Minnesota it is 23.5. That in Manitoba is only 7.1.

A glance at the map, copies of which will be forwarded upon application to any Canadian Government Agent, shows that Manitoba is wonderfully well supplied with railways. There are but few farms that are more than ten or twelve miles from a railway line: elevators are convenient, and markets are always good. The growing of grain, while a big feature in the inducements held out, is well re-enforced by the great possibilities that exist in all portions of the Province, for the raising of stock, for dairying, for hogs, and for a successful class of mixed farming, and what gives additional interest is the fact that there is so much land in the Province open for free homesteading that improved farms in almost all of the 98 municipalities can be purchased at very low figures. Many of the owners of these have made sufficient upon which to retire and are becoming residents of the cities. In addition to the export market for the produce of the farm, Manitoba has a number of large cities and towns providing a splendid local market. Truck and garden farming are highly profitable branches. Winnipeg is a city bordering on 200,000. Brandon is a splendid centre, Portage la Prairie is the hub of an excellent district, and Yorkton, Minnedosa, Dauphin, Morden, Manitou and a dozen other towns are important help as consumers.

The Dominion and Provincial immigration officials are working in strong sympathy with the "Million for Manitoba League," and in addition to the general literature sent out by the Government, the League has prepared pamphlets giving useful and concise information, which on addressing the Secretary, Million League, Winnipeg, Manitoba, will be forwarded free.

Limit of Badness.

Fighting and struggling for your own hand is a bad game if played by men, but an abominable game if played by women.—Exchange.

Apt Comparison.

She—In a way, getting married is like using the telephone. He—How so? She—One doesn't always get the party one wants.—Boston Transcript.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The Exception.

"In one respect, a man is unlike a conflagration."

"What is that?"

"When they put him out he is full of fire."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The man who gets gay with a busy bee is apt to get a stinging rebuke.

To stay young or to grow young, Garfield Tea can help. It rejuvenates both in looks and energy.

Freedom is won through [illegible]

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

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ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
H. B. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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Saturday, May 25, 1912.

Mr. Eberhard's deathbed repentance came too late to save his—governorship.

The result of the primaries in Ohio would seem to make the defeat of Mr. Taft an assured fact, but the success of Mr. Roosevelt is not quite so sure. The big interest politicians are already talking "dark horse," and they will no doubt try to put in a man of whom they can make a puppet.

Council Proceedings

Convened meeting held May 12, 1912. Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of the meeting held May 6 read and approved.

Bill of J. C. Dahl for blacksmithing allowed at $3.70.

Amendment offered by Dr. C. Swanson to resolution passed at regular meeting May 6 was duly adopted and reads as follows:

Resolved, That all sidewalks fronting east of block 37 from and including lot 9 to and including lot 12, and all sidewalks fronting west and south of block 38, be condemned as unsafe and unfit for public use.

The following resolution was offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by McKercher:

Resolved by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, That all the old sidewalks be removed and cement sidewalks constructed in place of same along all the lots fronting the hereinafter named streets in the following blocks.

All the sidewalks along Water street on the east side of block 61; all the sidewalks on Water street on the west side of block 3, Ives addition; all the sidewalks on Minnesota avenue on the east side of block 35; all the sidewalks on Minnesota avenue fronting lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, of block 42; all the sidewalks on Broadway fronting lots 9, 10, 11, 12, of Block 37.

Notice is hereby given to owners of property, lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting or abutting the named streets as herein described, to have the old sidewalks removed and cement sidewalks constructed in place of same within 40 days from the date hereof, or to pay the expense of construction of said sidewalks.

All parties owning property as described are hereby ordered to build a cement walk in the manner following, viz: Said sidewalks to be built 5 feet wide and 5 inches thick; 1 inch of coarse sand on the bottom; 3¼ inches concrete of 1 part cement and 5 parts sand; and ¾ inch finish of 1 part cement and 2 parts sand; and to conform to the grade line established by the village council for the purpose.

Resolution carried unanimously.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held May 20, 1912. Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

The following resolution was offered and duly carried, R. J. McKercher dissenting:

Be it resolved by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, That all the sidewalks on Broadway fronting block 57 on the east be condemned.

It was moved that the resolution passed at the meeting held May 11, 1912, be amended by striking the sentence reading as follows, "all sidewalks on Broadway fronting lots 9, 10, 11, 12, of block 37," and inserting in its place, "all the sidewalks on Broadway fronting block 37 on the east." The motion was duly carried unanimously.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Petit Jurors

Following is the list of petit jurors drawn for the term of district court which convenes the fourth Monday of June next:

Lars J. Foss, Thief River Falls;
Perry Hawley, " "
H. N. Hager, " "
Wm. Korstad, " "
A. B. Newton, Smiley;
G. V. Haavl, North;
Ole G. Lee, Highlanding;
H. C. Solberg, Star;
Helmer Iverson, Star;
O. Odegaard, Star;
Elef Halvorson, Reiner;
Elef Aakre, Reiner;
J. A. McEnely, Reiner;
Oscar Carlson, Black River;
Albin Arveson, Highlanding;
S. J. Stenberg, Clover Leaf;
Gus Bergren, Silverton;
Axel Jacobson, Sanders;
Osman Urdahl, Goodridge;
C. Olen, Rocksbury;
Selmer Olson, Numedal;
Julius Mossestad, Norden;
John Wig, Norden.

Rural School Notes

Allow me to call the attention of our farm boys to the following special announcement of the state fair association. Pennington county boys have here a rare chance to distinguish themselves. Some one will see the sights of the fair free. Send in your request for an application and begin your essay work. Read this:

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Minnesota State Fair management has completed plans for a farm boys' encampment that will give an opportunity for one boy from each of the eighty-six counties of the state to visit the state fair for a whole week without expense. The purpose of this encampment is to extend the educational advantages of the fair to the farms of the state and to stimulate a greater interest in the state fair by spreading through the eighty-six counties its real worth, through these farm boys.

The selection of the boys will be made by a local committee consisting of the county superintendent of schools, the chairman of the board of county commissioners, and one other selected by the members of the state fair board. This committee will receive all applications, as set forth above, and mark all essays submitted. The applicants must be of good moral character; willing to cooperate in making the encampment a success; be between the ages of sixteen and nineteen years, and be actual residents and workers upon a farm. No boy who has ever been regularly enrolled in any special school or college of agriculture in this or any other state will be eligible to compete. (This does not exclude boys who have attended agricultural departments in high schools.)

Each boy will be required to write an essay of not less than 400 or more then 600 words upon the subject, "Our Home Farm," according to the following outline:

(a) Describe the farm.
(b) Why I desire to remain there.
(c) What changes may be made in the present system of carrying on this farm to insure better financial returns.
(d) What can be done to make farm life more enjoyable.

All essays must be in the hands of the local committee before the 15th day of June. The committee will read and mark them at once and notify the secretary of the state fair on or before July 1 of the name and address of the boy standing highest; which boy will be the one entitled to the free trip to the state fair as a member of the farm boys' encampment from his county. The local committee will keep a record of the markings of all the contestants, and the boys standing second and third in their markings will be designated as first and second alternates; the first alternate to be selected in case the winner cannot come to the fair, and the second alternate to be selected in case both the winner and the first alternate cannot come.

Comfortable quarters will be selected for the encampment on the state fair grounds in the rooms on the south side of the stock pavilion. Cots, mattresses, and pillows will be furnished, but each boy must bring the following:

1. Blankets, sheets, and pillow slips.
2. Towels, brush, and comb.
3. Necessary clothing to last the week.
4. Sufficient money to buy a khaki suit and a blue shirt. (These will probably cost between $2.00 and $3.00.)

The fair association will furnish each boy with a white hat, free, which he can keep as a souvenir of the encampment.

Meals will be furnished, beginning with supper Saturday evening, August 31, up to and including dinner Saturday, Sept. 7.

The boys and camp will be under the immediate supervision of Mr. E. C. Higbie, of the school of agriculture at Morris, Minn. Strict discipline will be enforced and the conduct of the boys carefully looked after, and those not wishing to conform to the discipline and rules of the encampment will be asked to return at once to their homes. Should the management find it necessary to dismiss any boy before the close of the week on account of infraction of the discipline or rules of the camp, they will not be liable for his transportation expense.

As a partial remuneration to the fair the boys will be assigned some light work a part of each day, such as ushering in the grand stand and stock pavilion, messenger service for officers and assisting in the judging rings. For the purpose of seeing the fair and studying the exhibits in a systematic and intelligent manner, the boys will be divided into small groups in charge of competent instructors. Special opportunity will be given to make a careful study of such exhibits as live stock, agriculture, horticulture, dairy, machinery, schools, good roads, etc. A short program with an appropriate lecture or address will be included in each day's routine.

All boys remaining in camp throughout the entire week, and whose camp deportment will merit, will be presented with a diploma showing his membership in the Minnesota State Fair Farm Boys' Encampment.

Upon returning to their homes after the close of the fair each boy will be given an opportunity to write an essay of not less than 600 or more than 1,000 words on the subject, "What I Saw and Learned at the Fair, as a Member of the Farm Boys' Camp." These essays are to be forwarded unsigned, but with a signed letter accompanying and in same envelope, to the secretary of the state fair, J. C. Simpson, Hamline, Minn., on or before October 1. They will be read and marked by an impartial committee. The winner of the first prize essay will be invited to read the same before the next annual meeting of the state agricultural society at Minneapolis in January, 1913, at the expense of the society. In addition to the first prize, carrying with it the free trip to the annual meeting of the society, other special prizes, such as pure bred calves, pigs, sheep, chickens, etc., will be awarded to those ranking highest in the essay contest.

The state fair management will exercise the utmost care in looking after the welfare of the boys while in camp, and to protect them in every way possible. They will not, however, be responsible for accidents, damage, or loss. Should any sickness or an accident occur, quick attention can be given at the regular emergency hospital maintained on the grounds.

The following are the committee for the selection of the boy in Pennington county: Hon. D. P. O'Neill, Supt. E. A. Mostue, Thief River Falls; Chairman Ed. A. Aubol, St. Hilaire.

The state high school board examination will take place Friday, Monday, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday May 24, 27, 28, and 29. Pupils wanting to write but living in districts whose schools are closed should write to the superintendent of schools for particulars. Do not fail to do this in time. Examination is taken in all subjects. Papers must be sent to superintendent Friday, May 31.

At Imperial Hall Wednesday June 5

The Christy Amusement Enterprise, pursuant to public wishes for a high class entertaining amusement, are presenting more newer and by far better subjects than any time before.

Christy's high class motion pictures have been before the public continually for seven seasons, appearing in almost every state. The repertoire of pictures this season includes such subjects as "Leopard Hunting in Africa"—this scene depicts the manner in which the Roosevelt hunting expedition traveled; scenes from the life of the early pioneers, portraying attacks by savage Indians, miraculous escapes and hardships endured by the early settlers; "The World's Greatest Auto Races;" "The Mexican Bull Fight;" "Ski Tournaments at Christiania, Norway;" "The Life of Moses," and many comedy pictures.

This company carries seventy-five different subjects, making a total length of eight miles of film. Our pictures are projected by a special machine which eliminates practically all that tiresome flickering.

At Imperial hall Wednesday, June 5. Admission, children 15 cents; adults, 25 cents.

Notice

No more manure or rubbish will be deposited along road across from the north bridge; it must be hauled onto the dumping ground.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Chairman Bd. of Health.

A Gold Farm.

"Thanksgiving football is one form of gold farm," said a metallurgist; "but gold grows, and when the secret of its cultivation is discovered, we shall have gold farms literally.

"Miners, having set timber braces in gold mines, often find on the timber growths of gold. Growths of gold have, too, been perceived on the rocks of gold-bearing rivers. Gold has been discovered growing on sluice boxes.

"What causes these growths of gold we don't know. We do know that one essential is the percolation of water, a feature without which gold growths are never found. When we discover the other features—and no doubt science will discover them some day—the gold farmer will perhaps be as common as the farmer of fruit or truck."

To Stop Bleeding at the Nose.

A man in traveling from New England to his home in New Jersey had a violent nosebleed on the train. Every aid was rendered, and the usual remedies, such as ice on the neck, a key thrust down the back and all sorts of things, were ineffectually tried. So profuse was the hemorrhage that when New York was reached he was too weak to go to a physician unattended. The application of tincture of eucalyptus promptly stopped the bleeding. This is an exceedingly valuable remedy, and should be indelibly stamped upon our memories. A small vial should be placed in every family medicine chest.

The Principal Hurt.

"Can't you get over talking about the way you got cheated in that horse trade?"

"No," answered Mr. Sirius Barker. "I don't mind a man getting my money, but I hate to feel that I have lost his respect."

Citation for Hearing on Petition to Sell Mortgage, or Lease Land.

Estate of Lewis B. Geerlings.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, in Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Lewis B. Geerlings:

The state of Minnesota to Nancy Geerlings, Gertie Coan, Jennie Baker, Annie South, L. E. Geerlings, Nancy Strick, and all persons interested in the sale of certain lands belonging to said estate. The petition of J. M. Bishop as representative of the above named estate being duly filed in this court, representing that it is necessary and for the best interests of said estate and of all interested therein that certain lands of said decedent described therein be sold, and praying that a license be to him granted to sell the same;

Now, Therefore, You, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 3rd day of June, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Witness the judge of said court and the seal of said court this [illegible] day of April, 1912.

(COURT SEAL) WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate Court.
G. HALVORSON, ESQ., Attorney for petitioner [illegible]

HAVE A FIRM BELIEF IN GOD.

Kongo Natives Not Heathens, Declares Dr. Thomas Lewis.

Some curious information in regard to the customs and beliefs of the natives of the old African kingdom of Kongo is contributed by Rev. Thomas Lewis, who says: "In the matter of preserving bodies for burial Kongos, after the usual 'binding' in cloth, keep them for two or three months in their houses, where a fire is kept burning; but in Zombo they are suspended on two forked sticks in a dugout vault in the ground, which is covered over with palm branches and earth. Sometimes the body is placed under a specially built grass roof in the open. This is not considered a burial; and four or five years ago they brought out for a big funeral feast and dance the body of an important chief that had thus been preserved for over 20 years. In other districts the dead are thrown away into a river or into the bush to be devoured by jackals and vultures.

"I have satisfied myself," the same writer continues, "after 25 years of life among them, that at the bottom of African fetichism there is the fundamental belief in the existence of God and in the reality of the human soul. No missionary has yet, to my knowledge, been compelled to introduce the name of God into any of the Bantu languages. The name 'Nzambi' for 'Supreme Spirit' is of native origin and not introduced by the Portuguese, and has been adopted for 'God' by all missionaries in their literature. The same is true in regard to the name for 'devil.'

"The oft-repeated statement made by missionaries and travelers that the untaught native has no idea of the existence of God is not correct; what they mean to say is that he has no knowledge of what God is, which is quite a different matter. The lack of this knowledge about God, while firmly believing that God is, accounts for the wonderful and complex system which we, in our ignorance of the inward meaning of it all, call 'fetichism.'"

Good for Hungry Folks.

George William Sellers, the western cricketer, described in Chicago his attempt to teach cricket to the men on his Indiana estate.

"Cricket is, of course, a more leisurely game than baseball," said Mr. Sellers. "We played it on my place in the proper leisurely manner, and all my men seemed pleased. Our first match was with Concord.

"One of my men—his name is John—seemed particularly pleased. John did full justice, before the match, to the lunch served in the marquee on the lawn. He enjoyed, too, the meat tea that pleasantly interrupted the afternoon's play. At each inning he was on hand when the drinks and cigars and sandwiches were passed about.

"During the open-air dinner that wound up the first day's play, I turned to John and said:

"'Well, old man, what do you think of cricket?'

"'Mr. Sellers,' said he, 'it would be a grand game if it wasn't for all this here fieldin' and runnin' about between meals.'"

Andy vs. Mary.

Once upon a time Andrew Carnegie and Mary Garden had their photograph taken standing together on the upper deck of an Atlantic liner, and also Andy's and Mary's portraits have been shown separately in the window of Knoedler's on Fifth avenue, says the New York Press. But whereas one might think the likeness of the great iron master and philanthropist would attract more attention than that of the singer, the reverse has been the case, as was illustrated during business hours in the past week. Not more than a dozen persons were standing in front of the show window looking at the portrait of the laird of Skibo in his robe as an officer of the Edinburgh university. When Mary Garden's famous portrait was shown in the same place last year there always was a mob around the window. Of course Mary did not have so many clothes on as Andy has—which may explain the difference in interest.

Could Plant the Period.

A pretty story is told of Queen Alexandra's thoughtfulness.

The queen never loses her interest in those for whom she has acted as godmother. In particular, she has been most kind to the children of Lord Curzon, who lost their beautiful mother more than a year ago. The queen, hearing that little Alexandra Curzon—who was named after her majesty—was fond of gardening, sent a box of violet roots to her.

The child decided to plant them so that when they came up they should spell "Alexandra." "I should like to help you."

Geographical Distinctions.

Inhabitants of the Isle of Wight speak of "going to England" when they leave their own fragment of the kingdom. A patriotic Cornishman also "goes to England" when he crosses the Tamar. Similarly inhabitants of the Balkan peninsula talk of "going to Europe" when they leave their own corner of the continent—in curious contrast with the people of Great Britain, who regard themselves as both of and in "Europe," and it is only "the continent" that they visit. There is an old story of a Scottish minister who prayed for a blessing upon "the inhabitants of Great and Little Cumbrae (islands in the Firth of Clyde) and the adjacent islands of Great Britain and Ireland." Massachusetts people speak of going "down east" when they start for the Maine coast.

Judging from Sample.

I don't think the rich are exceptionally happy.

No? Know many?

Some.

Very rich?

One to five millions!

Oh, but they lead quite a different life from the really rich!

To be sure; but still, don't you think you can tell just as much about the quality of molasses from a hogshead of it as you can from a shipload? [illegible]

HAD NOT ALL THE KNOWLEDGE

Simple Word with Which the Elder Squelched the Younger M. D.

A becoming modesty is a desirable aid to advancement in any profession. In a small town in Maine there lived a brusque old doctor, who, for all his eccentricity, was a learned and skillful man. For many years he had been the sole doctor in town, but one day there came a rival in the shape of a young graduate. The young M. D. did not pay his respects to his senior, and the old doctor in turn completely ignored the fledgling. One day, however, the two were brought together at a consultation, and the young M. D. thereupon essayed to squelch the old M. D. with the preponderosity of his knowledge. He rattled off Latin terms and French and German phrases, while the old doctor listened as if quite overawed. "Yes," he mused, meditatively, "that's so, that's so. But what do you think of a cataplasm for this case?" "A—a—what?" ejaculated the new doctor, completely dumfounded. "A cataplasm," repeated the old doctor. "Well," stammered the other, "I am not familiar with that mode of treatment, although I have seen it advertised. It's something new, isn't it?" "Oh, no!" was the quiet reply. "A cataplasm means simply a poultice. It always has meant a poultice and probably always will." It is needless to say that the young doctor straightway subsided.

Arming Safes with Deadly Gases.

A chemical company has devised a grenade or glass receptacle, filled with a chemical compound, as a means of making it impossible for safeblowers to rob a safe after breaking it open.

It is an inoffensive-looking article, about two inches in diameter and five inches long. Inside of the exterior tube are seven smaller ones, each filled with a different chemical. When the door of the safe is blown, or the safe is jarred heavily, the grenade explodes, and the air is filled with the deadly fumes. It is claimed that these fumes, which, so far as effect is concerned, are not unlike the gases from the deadly Chinese "stink pots," are powerful enough to make breathing impossible and to force all persons near the safe to retreat or be almost instantly suffocated.

The grenades are made with a lasting effect of from six to ten hours, depending upon the size, and are placed just back of the locking mechanism of the safe doors.—Popular Mechanics.

Hadley Points Out Danger.

President Hadley of Yale writes: "In the year 1789 the whole French people was in a state of political excitement. They seized eagerly upon everything sensational. A young journalist named Camille Desmoulins shared this feeling and took advantage of it. He wrote a series of articles called 'Lamp Post Talks to the People of Paris,' in which he urged that anybody who was not a friend of the people ought to be taken to the nearest lamp post and hanged. He was not himself a bloodthirsty man. He chose his title chiefly because it sounded so picturesque. After a time he saw that they were executing a great many innocent men and women, and began to tell men so. Then they said that he was not a friend of the people any longer, and hanged him. This story has a moral for us in America to-day. It shows the dangers that come to a people which reads newspapers for the sake of excitement, instead of for the sake of information.

"To What Base Uses."

Big Brother (to young sister who has acquired an unaccountable habit of borrowing his razor)—I know you have borrowed my razor again. It's not where I put it.

Young Sister (scrambling around in the bathroom)—Oh! here it is, Bob—just where you left it, I am sure!

Big Brother—No such thing. And this is the third time you have misplaced it. Now, miss, you will tell me what you use it for. Were you ripping the sleeves of your last winter's coat?

Young Sister (doggedly)—No. You never will forget that!

Big Brother—Well, what then? (shaking her by the shoulders) Answer me.

Young Sister (tearfully)—I was just splitting up a little light wood to kindle the fire, and I just think you are a horrid, selfish old thing not to want to even lend your things—so there!

Large Royal Family.

Prince Ferdinand's assumption of the title of "king of Bulgaria" makes the number of reigning monarchs belonging to the Saxe-Coburg-Gotha family four. This most prolific of royal races furnishes King Edward of England with 92 living relations, 55 of these being direct descendants of Queen Victoria.

If the list be made to include distant cousins and connections by marriage, the number of King Edward's relations reaches the total of 288, ranging in rank from Capt. Machell (who married a daughter of Prince Victor of Hohenlohe), to the czar of all the Russias.

This total does not include the offspring of morganatic marriages of the type contracted by the late duke of Cambridge.

Worse Than Laparotomy.

Ellison—Halloa, dear boy, you look very sad this morning. What's the trouble?

Green—I've just undergone a most annoying operation.

Ellison—What was it?

Green—I had my allowance cut off.—Tit-Bits.

Perpetual.

"No, sir, I will not resign," said the officeholder. "Why should I? There are no charges against me."

"But I understand that charges have been formulated."

"Have, eh? Well, you don't expect me to resign under fire, I hope. Never!"

A High-Priced Dinner.

First Cannibal—I think I'll eat that millionaire to-morrow.

Second Cannibal—You always did have expensive tastes. [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. [illegible], Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
No services tomorrow on account of the pastor attending the conference meeting at St. Peter, Minn.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, May 26, at 3 p. m.,
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3450 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
G. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
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AND
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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
[illegible] Months on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Social dance this evening at Imperial hall.

K. O. Gigstad is the latest automobile sport.

Peter Simonson was a county seat visitor Thursday.

Mrs. O. F. Post was in Thief River Falls Monday.

S. J. Amble was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

C. H. Martz was doing business at the county seat Thursday.

Mrs. J. C. Dahl was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18-3t SAM THOMPSON.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in the city Thursday.

Miss Ida Hanson made an over Sunday visit with friends in Crookston.

Eddie Peterson and Bernt Brevig were in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin were down from Thief River Falls last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar called on friends in Red Lake Falls Thursday evening.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fisher, in Crookston this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bakko went yesterday to Bemidji for a few days' visit with friends.

Miss Esther Pearson went on Wednesday to Crookston to visit a sister, Mrs. Abel Ness.

Andrew Hall was in attendance at a socialist meeting at Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Eddie Dahl came Wednesday from his Canadian home to spend the summer in St. Hilaire.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. O. Jorgenson.

WANTED—50 lumber handlers and common laborers.—E. A. ENGLER LUMBER Co., Baudette, Minn.

Miss Florence Stivers returned Monday to her home at Dugdale after a visit with her sister, Mrs. Bahan.

Hajlmar Jacobson returned on Wednesday to his home at Virginia, after a few days' visit at the Jacobson home.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Mission church will meet at L. P. Thyreu's June 1, at 8 o'clock p. m.

The St. Hilaire "Outlaws" will cross bats with the Red Lake Falls "Huskies" on the home base ball ground next Thursday.

For sale—A silo ensilage cutter, feed mill and engine. A snap if taken up quick. m25 1mo
N. A. NELSON.

Pictures of "The Titanic Disaster" will be shown at Imperial hall by Christy's High Class Motion Picture company. See posters for dates.

Mrs. John Peterson went Wednesday to Crookston to care for her son, Henry Peterson, who was operated upon at the hospital there Tuesday.

The score of the ball game last Sunday between the Gophers and the Thief River Falls Tigers was 6 to 3, favor of the Gophers. The latter go tomorrow to Plummer to contest for base ball honors.

The Wylie cheese factory was destroyed Monday night by a fire the origin of which is not known. Preparations had just been completed for the season's run. The factory was to have begun operations Tuesday morning. It will be rebuilt at once.

Henry Peterson, who has been ill for more than two weeks with a severe attack of pneumonia, was taken to the Betherda hospital at Crookston Tuesday evening and was operated upon the same night by Drs. Holte and Swanson. The operation was a success, and the chances are that he will now make a rapid recovery.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section tion 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season. Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

Dr. Owens was in Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Oscar Haugen purchased an auto this week.

D. Patterson autoed to Thief River Falls and return this week.

The Elliott land agency have been entertaing a number of home seekers this week.

August Swenson went yesterday to Fergus Falls to attend the Swedish Lutheran conference.

Morris Lasalle and family were over Sunday visitors with relatives and friends at Thief River Falls.

Holmes Bros. are clearing up and breaking about sixty acres on their farm in section 15, Black River, and will seed the same to flax.

Jo Dargan of Wylie has moved into the Synod parsonage. He will act as helper for Mr. Swanson at the Red Lake Falls Milling Co's. elevator.

Miss Lizzie Jacobson returned Monday from Virginia where she had gone for an extended visit, called by the serious illness of her brother Arthur.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Johnson and sons Otto and Axel were over Sunday visitors at Crookston. They drove over and return in their new auto.

Chas. Boughten, Chas. Fellman, Haaken Johnson, and Oliver Belaire, were Red Lake Falls parties who drove to Thief River Falls and return Monday in Mr. Boughton's car.

Miss Caroline Hodgson, who is teaching at St. Hilaire, visited the J. M. Bishop family over Sunday, returning in the Bishop automobile Sunday evening.—Thief River Falls News.

C. C. Elliott, B. E. Burkee, and Isaac Baker drove to Karlstad and return in Mr. Elliott's big Case car last Sunday. Mrs. Burkee accompanied them to Thief River Falls.

Arthur Jacobson is feeling much better than when he returned from the hospital. He was advised to spend as much of his time as possible in the open air, which he is doing with good results.

Charles Lindquist went yesterday to Fergus Falls to attend the conference meeting of the Swedish Lutheran church and also be present at the commencement exercises of the Northwestern college, at which his son is a student.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Kreuger went Wednesday to Red Lake Falls, called by phone message announcing the serious illness of both Mr. Krueger's father and mother. Mr. Krueger returned the same evening, but Mrs. Krueger remained there.

At a little after twelve o'clock Wednesday forenoon the pilot car of the Crookston Automobile Club, driven by Dr. G. A. Morely, and the pathfinder driven by Bert D. Keck and Charles Loring, president of the club, reached this place. A few minutes later the thirty-six cars on a tour of the Red River Valley towns were on the streets of the city. They were accompanied by six cars from Red Lake Falls, who followed them as far as Thief River Falls. The party only remained a few minutes in St. Hilaire then proceeded to Thief River, where they took dinner, then drove to Warren, returning to Crookston by way of Angers and Euclid.

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Report

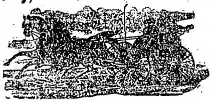
Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of April, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs.	54,245
Average test, 25.15	
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	13,842
Total butter made and sold, lbs.	16,000
Total received for same	$5,247.46
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 35c	
Paid patrons by check	$4,686.89
" " butter, salt, and oil	64.11
Paid into sinking fund	95.22
" " expense "	401.24
	$5,247.46

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

JUST RECEIVED
A FINE LINE OF
MEN'S, YOUNG MEN'S, AND BOYS'
..SUITS..
COME IN AND
LOOK OVER OUR
LADIES' RAIN COATS
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT
REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE.

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie......... 7:10 a. m
arrived from Wylie......... 8:35 a.m

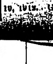
LOCAL MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.02
" " 2 "	1.00
" " 3 "	96
Flax, No. 1	$1.98
" " 2	1.88
Barley, for 50 lbs	90
Oats	44
Eggs	15
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

PATENTS
TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 25 years experience. Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune. READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

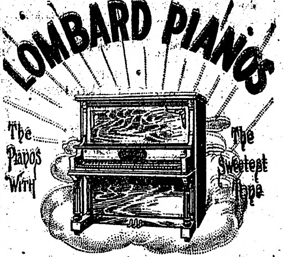
Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24. Residence 'Phone 94.

Pay your subscription



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now find, after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

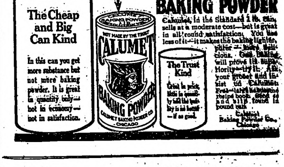
GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Mrs. Housewife:-There's a Happy Medium in Everything

Anything that is overdone or underdone is not good.

This is especially true of baking — and it is just as true of baking powder. If you use the cheap and Big Can Kinds you are getting quantity at the sacrifice of quality. It cannot be as good — or as economical as Calumet — the medium priced kind. If you use the High Price Kind, you are paying tribute to the Trust — the quality is no better.


The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO
The Trust Kind
Great in price, little in quantity but the quality is no better—if as good.

Here's the "Full Value" in BAKING POWDER

Calumet, in the Standard 1 lb. can, sells at a moderate cost—but is great in all round satisfaction. You use less of it—it makes the baking lighter, purer—more delicious. One baking will prove its superiority—try it. Ask your grocer and insist on Calumet. Free—large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.

Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

WOMAN SICK TWELVE YEARS

Wants Other Women to Know How She Was Finally Restored to Health.

Louisiana, Mo.:—"I think a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but complete restoration to health means so much to me that I cannot keep from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"I had been sick about twelve years, and had eleven doctors. I had dragging down pains, pains at monthly periods, bilious spells, and was getting worse all the time. I would hardly get over one spell when I would be sick again. No tongue can tell what I suffered from cramps, and at times I could hardly walk. The doctors said I might die at one of those times, but I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got better right away. Your valuable medicine is worth more than mountains of gold to suffering women."—Mrs. BERTHA MUFF, 503 N. 4th Street, Louisiana, Mo.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

The fellow who depends entirely upon luck isn't to be depended upon.

That irritable, nervous condition due to a bad liver calls for its natural antidote—Garfield Tea.

Professional Bias.

"We're having very dry weather."

"That's because our weather man is too much interested in local option."

The Position for Her.

After speaking at great length on the emancipation of women, a young woman asked a statesman:

"Supposing women were admitted to govern the affairs of the commonwealth, what post would you assign to me?"

"The management of an institution for the deaf and dumb."

"Why that?"

"Because either these unfortunates would learn to talk or you would learn to keep quiet."

Jewels in a Flower-Bed.

The recovery of a quantity of stolen jewelry from a flower-bed was described at Kingston-on-Thames police court the other day, when a general servant was charged with theft from her mistress, a resident of Iydene, Southborough-road, Surbiton, London. The lady had missed a pearl pin and a pearl and diamond ring. Thinking she might have lost the jewels in the street, she issued printed notices offering a reward for their recovery. When she lost a number of other things she placed the matter in the hands of the police. The detective said that from what the prisoner told him he searched the garden, and in one of the flower-beds found some of the jewelry. The rest be found in the prisoner's bedroom.

When the Appetite Lags

A bowl of

Post Toasties

with cream hits the right spot.

"Toasties" are thin bits of corn; fully cooked, then toasted to a crisp, golden-brown.

This food makes a fine change for spring appetites.

Sold by Grocers, and ready to serve from package instantly with cream and sugar.

"The Memory Lingers"

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Pure Food Factories
Battle Creek, Mich.

SPECIAL SESSION IS CALLED

FOR DIRECT PRIMARIES AND OTHER REFORM LAWS.

Republican State Convention Selects a Straight Roosevelt Slate of Delegates.

Minneapolis.—Governor A. O. Eberhart will call a special session of the legislature to meet June 4. His statement was made shortly after he heard the news from the Minneapolis armory, where the republican state convention directed the republican state committee to provide for a popular vote on governor.

The governor was in Minneapolis but not at the convention holl. He was notified by telephone of the action, and after consulting with his manager, E. E. Smith, he prepared his statement. He declared that the session will be called to pass a direct primary law for state officers, a stringent corrupt practices act, and legislative reapportionment. The governor has no power, however, to restrict the legislature in the subjects it takes up, or the time it will remain in session.

The republican state convention at the Minneapolis armory, adopted a brief set of resolutions, instructing the delegates elected to vote for Roosevelt indorsing the progressive principles of Roosevelt and La Follette, demanding repeal of the Canadian reciprocity treaty, a more complete corrupt practices act, and instructing the republican state committee to provide for a direct primary vote on governor.

The resolutions brought on the only real contest on the convention floor. They were represented by E. H. Canfield of Luverne, while A. D. Stewart of Redwood Falls offered a minority report, declaring for the physical valuation of railroads, the initiative, referendum and recall, and instructing for La Follette as second choice. The convention first adopted the majority report resolutions. Then it struck out the La Follette second choice section from the minority report. The vote on the minority report as amended was close and a roll call was demanded. The report was lost, 490 to 610.

Delegates-at-large elected at the state convention, with alternates-at-large and presidential electors are:

Delegates-at-Large—Moses E. Clapp, St. Paul; Milton D. Purdy, Minneapolis; J. F. Jacobson, Madison; E. K. Roverud, Caledonia; O. J. Larson, Duluth; A. L. Hanson, Ada.

Alternates—W. W. Rich, St. Paul; C. F. Waterbury, Minneapolis; William O'Brien, Eden Valley; A. B. Coburn, International Falls; J. J. Rachac, Faribault; A. F. Charest, Clay county.

Presidential Electors-at-Large — J. W. Wright, Litchfield; W. H. Putnam, Red Wing; Emil G. Hage, Brown county. Electors chosen from districts—E. H. Smith, Mower county; L. C. Churchill, Cottonwood county; C. A. Rohrer, Sibley county; George Thompson, St. Paul; H. V. Jones, Minneapolis; E. E. McCrea, Alexandria; A. V. Ricke, Fairfax; John Rundquist, Kanabec county; W. A. Marin, Crookston.

LAWS CONSTITUTIONAL.

Elliott Road Act and Commission Government Are Approved.

St. Paul.—The right of a county to assess a fourth of country road costs against the abutting property and the right of a city to frame a home rule charter with a commission form of government were both upheld by the supreme court.

The Elwell road law was passed in 1911 and provides that the county in constructing permanent roads can assess one-fourth of the cost of the improvement against the abutting property, giving the property owners fifteen years to pay for it.

In a suit brought in the name of George T. Simpson, former attorney general, against the officers of the city of Mankato to test the validity of the commission form of government established there, the court holds the home rule provisions of the constitution permit such a form.

MINERS ARE RESCUED

Six Removed Alive From Ironwood Shaft—Seven Perish.

Duluth. — Six men were taken alive from the Oliver Iron Mining company's mine at Ironwood. Two bodies of dead miners have been recovered. Thirteen men were intombed in the mine when the roof fell in at the 2,000 foot level. Seven of the men were killed and the others were huddled into a narrow passage. A pipe was driven through the earth

Begin River Work This Week.

Winona.—Five hundred and twenty-five men members of the government's river improvement crews, working on the two divisions north and south of Winona, will be engaged in the federal river improvement compaign of 1912 this week. A quarter of a million dollars will be available for improvement this year.

German Society Meets June 4.

Winona. — Elaborate preparations have been completed at Lake City for the annual picnic and reunion of the Deutscher Soldaten Verein of Wabasha County, to be held Tuesday, June 4. Governor Eberhart is on the program to deliver an address. Other state officers plan to attend. Invitations have been sent to Minneapolis, St. Paul, Stillwater, Winona and Austin and delegates from each of the cities are expected. All of the business houses in the city will be closed during the exercises.

Duluthians to Booster Meeting.

Duluth.—Duluth will be represented at the meeting of the Northwestern Development association in Seattle, June 5 to 8, by a delegation, which will travel to the coast in a special car. It is expected that at least 25 people of Duluth and vicinity will attend.

Mankato Man Hundred Years Old.

Mankato.—Ambrose Trusty celebrated his one hundredth birthday anniversary on Tuesday. He is getting feeble, but comes downtown from his home in West Mankato occasionally.

WHEN A TONIC IS NECESSARY

If You Are Run Down and Debilitated the Health Can Only Be Restored by Building Up the Blood.

When the body is weak and the blood thin it is sometimes difficult to find the cause unless a wasting illness has preceded the decline in health.

Obscure influences, something unhealthful in one's surroundings or work, may lead to a slow impoverishment of the blood and an enfeeblement of the whole body. When a serious stage has been reached there seems to be nothing that will account for it.

In such cases a complete change of climate or of work will sometimes effect a cure. It takes a long time, however, and for the great majority of sufferers is out of the question.

Mrs. G. P. Boutwell, of Clear Water, Minn., whose husband is a hardware merchant there, says:

"About two years ago, when I was living at West Union, Iowa, I was all run down through hard work and worry. I called a doctor who said I was suffering from general debility. He treated me for some time but was unable to do much for me. I had cold chills all of the time and seemed to be nearly bloodless. I could not keep anything on my stomach and lived on eggs and milk for some time. My stomach was sour and the gas on it kept me from getting much sleep at night. The doctor's medicine made my stomach feel worse.

"My father had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with benefit and advised me to try them. After a week or so I could notice a change. I soon became stronger, my appetite came back and the headaches disappeared. I was then able to eat without distress and began to do my work. I had a good color and gained in flesh. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cannot be praised too highly."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a general tonic and are useful in all diseases arising from poor blood or weakened nerves, such as sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, pale and sallow complexions and many forms of weakness.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. A booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent free upon request.

His Veracity.

Jim Slocum of Montgomery county, avers the Kansas City Journal, was called as a witness to impeach the testimony of a man in that county. Jim was asked if he was acquainted with the reputation of the witness for truth and veracity. Jim said that he guessed maybe he was.

"Is it good or bad?"

"Well," said Jim, "I don't want to do the man no injustice, but I will say that if his neighbors were to see him looking as if he was dead they would want some corroboratin' evidence before they would be willing to bury him."

BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS.

Together Tell of Weak or Disordered Kidneys.

Much pain that masks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys—to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly. When you suffer achy, bad joints, backache, too, with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

John T. Scantling, Trinidad, Colo., says: "I was confined to bed with rheumatism, so helpless, I had to be fed. My back ached acutely and kidney secretions broke my rest. Nothing helped until I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they did me a world of good. I have never missed a day's work since."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A true friend is a person who listens to your troubles.

For liver or kidney troubles, nothing is quite so reliable as Garfield Tea.

Man's favorite brand of love is usually the latest.

Write For This *Free Book*—Shows 20 Beautiful Modern Rooms—

tells how you can get the very latest effects on *your* walls.

Contains a sample of the *Color Plans* our artists will furnish you, FREE, for any rooms you wish to decorate.

Alabastine

The Beautiful Wall Tint

comes in 16 exquisite tints. More artistic than wall paper or paint at a fraction of the cost. Kalsomine colors are harsh and common beside the soft-hued water color tints of Alabastine. Absolutely sanitary—easiest and quickest to use, goes furthest and will not chip, peel, or rub off.

Doesn't cost an expert to put on. Easy directions on every package. Full 5 lb. Pkg. white, 50c; regular tints, 55c.

Alabastine Company
56 Grandville Road, Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York City, Desk 8, 105 Water Street

DON'T FAIL to WRITE FOR THE FREE BOOK

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Of all dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

ENTERTAIN OFFICIALS.

State Board and Presidents Inspect Moorhead Normal.

Moorhead.—Members of the Minnesota state normal school board and visiting presidents of Minnesota state normal schools were guests of honor at the Moorhead state normal when the board made its annual inspection of the local institution.

Those present were C. G. Schultz, St. Paul; Eli Torrance, Minneapolis; S. H. Somsen, Winona; J. C. Wise, Mankato; C. L. Atwood, St. Cloud; J. L. Washburn, Duluth; E. J. Jones, Morris; L. A. Huntoon, Moorhead, and Presidents Schumaker, Cooper, Maxwell, Bohannon and Weld.

The visiting educators were entertained at breakfast at the Comstock. The remainder of the morning was spent in inspecting the buildings of the Moorhead school. At 10 o'clock chapel services were opened by President Frank A. Held of the Moorhead school. At noon the visiting board members and presidents were entertained at lunch prepared by the domestic science graduates. Tonight Resident Director Huntoon entertained for them at dinner and President Frank A. Weld tendered a reception in their honor.

NEW ROADS FOR WINONA.

Twenty Miles of Highway in the County Waited Tribunal's Decision.

Winona.—The sustaining of the validity of the Elwell road making law by the Minnesota Supreme court was received with jubilation on the part of good road enthusiasts in Winona county. The building of 20 miles of rural state highway, under the terms of this law, has been waiting on the decision of the state's tribunal. One road leading from Winona to Lamoille, another to Almon and the third in East Burns Valley were designated state roads and aproved by the state highway commission as the three first highways in Minnesota by virtue of this measure last fall.

Bids had been advertised for and plans were begun for beginning of construction work when the test case was instituted. The work was halted, pending the decision. The county board will probably be called in special session within a few days and the contracts awarded calling for $120,000 outlay so that work can be begun by June 15.

BOYS' CORN CONTEST

Forty-two at Dawson Enter Local and State Competitions.

Dawson.—The Dawson Town and Country Improvement league will hold an industrial contest for school boys and girls, giving prizes for farm products and industrial work of the schools. A new feature this year will be the acre corn-growing contest for boys from 10 to 18 years of age. Forty-two boys are enrolled in this contest and also in the state acre corn-growing contest.

The state high school board has designated Dawson as one of the schools to receive the Benson-Lee aid for instruction in agriculture and manual training. Work will be begun with the opening of the school year in September.

VACATION SCHOOLS

Cloquet Will Teach Manual Training and Sewing.

Cloquet.—It is probable Cloquet will have a vacation school this year for the teaching of sewing to girls and manual training to boys. A canvass of school children has been made with a view of finding if a sufficient number desired the instruction to warrant hiring teachers. Three hundred are reported eager to begin the work. The matter will be brought before the school board.

Rural Mail Carriers organize.

Mankato.—The rural mail carriers of this vicinity met in this city and formed an organization to be known as the Southern Minnesota Letter Carriers' association, and elected the following officers: President, George J. Rose, Mankato; vice president, C. S. Braden, Eagle Lake; secretary, J. E. Browman, Mapleton; treasurer, James Gilbride, Madison Lake. L. H. Wilson, secretary of the National Rural Carriers' association, was present. Another meeting will be held soon to elect delegates to the state convention that meets at St. Paul August 9 and 10.

K. of C.'s Honor Mr. Cronin.

Minneapolis.—Neil M. Cronin of Minneapolis, member of the Hennepin council, was given the highest honor at the disposal of the Knights of Columbus in Minnesota, being elected state deputy for the coming year at the annual convention of the order held at the club rooms in this city last week. The other officers elected are: state secretary, J. D. Mahon, Duluth; state treasurer, M. F. Fisch, Austin; state advocate, F. J. McPartlin, International Falls, and state warden, D. W. Hughes, Crookston.

Children Killed by Explosion.

White Earth.—Two children were killed when a can of gasoline was overturned and exploded at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Wardlow in this city. Their five-months-old and two-year-old daughters were the victims. The mother, in trying to save her babies from death, was herself seriously injured, and may die. The shock of the death of her children, and the terrible burns which she had received, have been responsible for Mrs. Wardlow's condition, and it is not believed she can recover.

Rushmore Organizes Club.

Rushmore.—A commercial club was organized here with thirty members. Dr. F. G. Watson was elected president, W. C. Thom vice president, and F. J. Johnson secretary and treasurer. It was voted to have a farmers' creamery day celebration in June. Rushmore is having a building boom. Many retired farmers are coming into town and putting up substantial residences. Many automobiles are being purchased by farmers. They find that time can be saved in going to and from town.

HEALTH FOR THE CHILD.

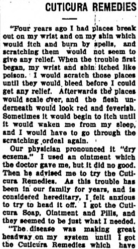
The careful mother, watching closely the physical peculiarities of her children, soon learns that health is in a great measure dependent upon normal, healthy, regular bowel action. When the bowels are inactive, loss of appetite, restlessness during sleep, irritability and a dozen and one similar evidences of physical disorder are soon apparent.

Keep the bowels free and clear and good health is assured. At the first sign of constipation give the child a teaspoonful of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at bed-time and repeat the dose the following night, if necessary. You will find the child will quickly recover its accustomed good spirits, and eat and sleep normally.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable to salts, cathartics and purgative waters which are harsh in their action. Syrup Pepsin acts on the bowels easily and naturally, yet positively, and causes no griping or discomfort. Its tonic properties build up the stomach, liver and bowels, restoring their normal condition.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this remedy, send for a sample to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill. He will gladly send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

A REMEDY.



Howell—My knees are very weak.
Powell—Get a lighter girl.

PHYSICIAN ADVISES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"Four years ago I had places break out on my wrist and on my shin which would itch and burn by spells, and scratching them would not seem to give any relief. When the trouble first began, my wrist and shin itched like poison. I would scratch those places until they would bleed before I could get any relief. Afterwards the places would scale over, and the flesh underneath would look red and feverish. Sometimes it would begin to itch until it would waken me from my sleep, and I would have to go through the scratching ordeal again.

Our physician pronounced it "dry eczema." I used an ointment which the doctor gave me, but it did no good. Then he advised me to try the Cuticura Remedies. As this trouble has been in our family for years, and is considered hereditary, I felt anxious to try to head it off. I got the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, and they seemed to be just what I needed.

"The disease was making great headway on my system until I got the Cuticura Remedies which have cleared my skin of the great pest. From the time the eczema healed four years ago, until now, I have never felt any of its pest, and I am thankful to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment which certainly cured me. I always use the Cuticura Soap for toilet, and I hope other sufferers from skin diseases will use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment." (Signed) Irven Hutchison, Three Rivers, Mich., Mar. 16, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

It is just as well to remember that a woman's shoe laces are almost as easily broken as her heart strings.

Garfield Tea helps clear a muddy complexion, dispel foul breath and sweeten the temper.

Never exaggerate your faults; your friends will attend to that.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Here's The Road to Comfort

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the *only* way is via a glass or bottle of

Coca-Cola

Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine
as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

W. L. Douglas $3.00 & $3.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price

W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. *Fast Color Eyelets Used.*

Not Serious.

"I met a man today," said the popular author to his wife, "who wanted to take my life."

"Good heavens," she cried. "Did he try to murder you?"

"No, indeed, my dear. Merely asked some notes to write a biography of me."

To be sweet and clean, every woman should use Paxtine in sponge bathing. It eradicates perspiration and all other body odors. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

The Real Cause.

The temperance orator was waxing eloquent.

"What," he demanded, "what causes more misery than liquor?"

"Thirst," responded a husky voice from the rear of the hall.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for tired, tender, smarting, aching, swollen feet. It makes your feet feel easy and makes walking a Delight. Sold everywhere, 25c. For free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Many a woman who wishes she had been born a man would be surprised to know that her husband shares the wish.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write EIDSVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

Even a love match may have its flare-ups.

F. P. 20TH CENTURY Corset STYLE 370

Made of good quality steam shrunk coutil that will not stretch. Automatic Boning, warranted not to break for a year. Bones constructed with a patented automatic system that gives a sliding movement in bending, distributing the strain, and making them impossible to break.

AT DEALERS or sent direct $1.50

BIRDSEY-SOMERS CO.
233 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

44 Bu. to the Acre

is a heavy yield, but that's what John Kennedy of Edmonton, Alberta, Western Canada, got from 40 acres of Spring Wheat in 1910. Reports from other districts in that province showed other excellent results—such as 4,000 bushels of wheat from 120 acres, or 33 1-3 bu. per acre. 25, 30 and 40 bushel yields were numerous. As high as 132 bushels of oats to the acre were threshed from Alberta fields in 1910.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The Silver Cup

at the recent Spokane Fair was awarded to the Alberta Government for its exhibit of grains, grasses and vegetables. Reports of excellent yields for 1910 come also from Saskatchewan and Manitoba in Western Canada.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent. (30)

R. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Please write to the agent nearest you

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 Whyte Ave., Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta—write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

THE DELINEATOR

EVERYBODY'S MAGAZINE and ADVENTURE want a local Representative. You can earn a salary every month. Write to-day to: The Butterick Publishing Co., Butterick Bldg., New York City

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS, CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—EITHER SEX. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENG.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

IF YOU WANT TO BEGIN OR EXPAND business write the Board of Trade, Weyburn, Saskatchewan. We want industries, retailers and wholesalers. Electric power, water, fuel cheap. Builders with capital needed. Population doubled this year.

Pettits EYE SALVE

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1912. NUMBER 47.

SCORES CAPTAIN OF THE TITANIC

LORD OF CALIFORNIAN SHARES BLAME EQUALLY WITH COMMANDER SMITH.

WARNINGS DISREGARDED

300 Lives Needlessly Sacrificed, Says Report—America Will Leave to England the Punishment of Guilty.

Washington, May 29.—The Titanic disaster of April 15, in which 1,517 lives wer lost amid icebergs off the banks of Newfoundland, was the theme of speech, report and proposed legislation in the senate.

Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan, submitted the report of the investigation by the senate commerce committee, a feature of which was the condemnation of the captain of the steamer Californian for not going to the aid of the sinking vessel. He also delivered a speech in which he took much stronger ground in reviewing the disaster and introduced measures designed to safeguard life in ocean traffic.

Senator Smith proposed in two bills a thorough regulation of navigation by steam vessels, proposed enacting into law a variety of rules and regulations and embodied in the measures the numerous recommendations for safety made in the official report of the committee.

One of the most important regulations was for stricter inspection of vessels by the federal steamboat inspection service and the meeting of all requirements of American navigation laws by every vessel clearing from an American port. A commission was proposed to determine upon measures regarding lifesaving equipment and for governing the future construction of vessels.

It was one of the notable days of the present session of congress. Almost all of the senators were in their seats and gave close attention. The galleries were crowded.

Senator Rayner of Maryland followed Senator Smith with a speech arraigning American navigation laws and drawing lessons from the accident.

Blame for the Titanic disaster is chargeable directly to the failure of the dead Captain Smith to heed repeated warnings of icebergs ahead, but responsibility for unnecessary loss of life must be shared by Captain Lord of the steamship Californian, through his disregard of distress signals. This is the finding of the senate committee which investigated the sinking of the Titanic, as prepared in the speech delivered by Senator Smith.

Senator Smith declared that responsibility also rests upon the British board of trade, "to whose laxity of regulation and hasty inspection the world is largely indebted for the awful fatality." In denouncing Captain Lord of the Californian, the senator said the Titanic's distress signals were plainly seen from the deck of his vessel a short distance away.

America will leave to England the chastisement of those guilty, asserted the senator, and he quoted British law to show that Captain Lord might be prosecuted for a misdemeanor.

Other conclusions, presented in brief were as follows:

Before the Titanic departed on her maiden voyage there were not sufficient tests of boilers, bulkheads, equipment or signal devices.

Officers and crew were strangers to each other and not familiar with the ship's implements or tools, and no drill or station practice took place and no helpful discipline prevailed.

The speed of the Titanic was 24½ miles an hour at time of the accident, although officers of the Titanic had been advised of the presence of icebergs by the steamship Baltic, Amerika and Californian.

Passengers were not advised of danger, although President Ismay of the White Star line, who was taking the vessel's maiden voyage, was informed. No general alarm was given nor any organized system of safety undertaken.

Of the 1,324 passengers and 899 members of crew on board, there was room in lifeboats for only 1,176 persons and because of lack of orderly discipline the lifeboats took off only 704 persons, twelve being rescued from the water.

Officers of the White Star line "battled with the truth" after receiving information from their Montreal office Monday morning following the accident.

Captain Rostron Praised.

Captain Rostron of the rescue ship Carpathia was praised by Senator Smith and he urged that congress recognize his valor.

Senator Smith condemned "antiquated shipping laws and overripe administrative boards" and asked that all nations act together in shipping reforms. "New laws," he said, "will best testify our affection for the dead."

Winnipeg, Man., May 29.—The Winnipeg Rowing club announced dates for the Northwestern International Rowing association regatta to be held in Winnipeg by the St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fort William, Kenora and Winnipeg clubs on July 19 and 20.

CHARLES E. PATTON

Mr. Patton is serving his first term in congress, representing the Twenty-first district of Pennsylvania. He is one of the big business men of his home city of Curwensville and in politics is a Republican.

CUBAN ARMY FACES REBELS

LATTER EVIDENTLY SATISFIED WITH GUERILLA TACTICS.

Government Forces Awaiting Arrival of More Troops Before Advancing.

Havana, May 29.—Since the beginning of the insurrection in Oriente news from the front never was so meager. Information reaching Havana was confined to indications of increased boldness on the part of the insurgents as evidenced by their successful attacks on the villages of Ramon De Las Yaguas and Yerbaguina, where they defeated the rural guards and captured a sergeant, together with arms and ammunition.

These two places are about twenty miles northeast of Santiago and are within the zone of operations in which the national and insurgent forces are now face to face. They are included in the Hills, heavily wooded region between Guantanamo, San Luis, La Maya and Palma Soriano. According to reports from Santiago the rurales were routed.

A collision between the main opposing bodies has been hourly expected for several days, but the revolutionary generals, Estenoz and Ivonet, apparently desire to avoid close combat, and continue guerilla tactics, in which they excel and which probably they will be able to carry on indefinitely.

It is believed that General Manida is simply holding his ground until the arrival of the commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, General Monteaguedo, with strong reinforcements, when a general forward movement will be begun.

Meanwhile General Manida is doing his utmost to supply guards for the plantations, especially to protect the property of foreigners, but this is difficult on account of the size of the province of Oriente and the meager transportation, many regions being practically impassable for troops. It is now unquestioned that Estenoz and Ivonet have under them 2,000 mounted negroes to oppose the concentrated government forces.

Marines to Board "Nebraska."

Key West, Ia.—A detachment of 128 marines under Capt. C. J. B. Guggenheim and Lieut. H. C. Hudson, arrived here from Port Royal on a special train. They were assigned to the United States battleship Nebraska, now in Key West harbor.

Colonel Can't Come to South Dakota.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 29.—The Sioux Falls Press prints a telegram from Col. Roosevelt advising that he cannot come to South Dakota on account of his Memorial Day speech at Gettysburg, Pa.

Texans for Wilson.

Houston, May 29.—A solid delegation of forty members instructed for Woodrow Wilson was elected to the national Democratic convention by the Texas Democratic convention.

Tribesmen Attack Fez.

Paris, May 29.—A dispatch from Fez says that the tribesmen in considerable force are again attacking the city.

Gambling Bill Before House.

Baton Rouge, La., May 29. — The opening gun in the fight to restore race track gambling in New Orleans was fired when a bill was introduced in the lower house of the assembly to legalize racing in New Orleans with minor regulations.

Lake Sailor Killed by Fall.

Duluth, May 29.—John Corcoran, a wheelsman on the steamer Mariposa, was accidentally killed by falling from a spar deck into the hold, a distance of 25 feet.

LORIMER IS STILL VERY SICK

OPPONENTS ANXIOUS TO KNOW WHEN HE CAN APPEAR.

Illinois Senator's Physician Gives Out Statement That Patient Is Weak.

Washington, May 29. — Senators Kern and Lea of the anti-Lorimer contingent of the senate, telegraphed to Senator Lorimer asking him to state specifically when he would be here so that an early vote to dispose of his election case could be arranged.

"There is no disposition," they telegraphed, "to fix a date for a vote on your case that will prevent you from having an opportunity to speak on it. Your telegrams indicate that you can and expect to be here within a short time. Will you kindly indicate a time you can be here so that an agreement to vote at an early date can be reached."

This telegram was in reply to a message from Senator Lorimer to Senator Kern saying that he hoped to be able soon to return to Washington, that he wanted to speak but did not feel able to proceed now and requesting that his case be not called up in the meantime

Senator Dillingham, chairman of the investigating committee received a telegram from Dr. S. R. Slaymaker, Mr. Lorimer's physician, stating that his patient was still very weak.

Dance and Theater Ban Is Modified.

Minneapolis, May 29.—The Methodist general conference has eliminated the word "unchristian" from the heading of the "amusement" paragraph, No. 260, of the church ritual. As a result, "playing at games of chance, attending theaters, horse races, circuses, dancing parties or patronizing dancing schools" are no longer classified in the ritual as "imprudent and unchristian conduct," but simply "imprudent conduct."

BASEBALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Milwaukee, 3; Minneapolis, 2.
Columbus, 5; Indianapolis, 2.
St. Paul, 8; Kansas City, 5.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	27	16	.628	St. Paul	20	23	.465
Toledo	24	15	.615	Milwaukee	15	23	.395
Mpls.	24	16	.600	Ind'p'ls.	16	26	.381
K. C.	22	20	.524	Louisville	14	23	.378

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 3. Second game, rain.
Washington, 8; New York, 3.
Boston, 7; Philadelphia, 5.
Detroit, 5-6; St. Louis, 0-2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	27	9	.750	Phila.	15	16	.484
Boston	22	12	.647	Cleveland	14	18	.438
Detroit	18	18	.500	New York	12	20	.375
Wash.	17	18	.486	St. Louis	11	24	.314

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Philadelphia, 10; Boston, 8.
St. Louis, 7; Pittsburg, 4.
Chicago, 10; Cincinnati, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	26	6	.812	Pittsburg	15	16	.484
Cincinnati	23	14	.622	Phila.	14	16	.467
Chicago	17	17	.500	Boston	13	23	.361
St. Louis	18	19	.486	Brooklyn	9	22	.290

MINNY LEAGUE.

Duluth 2, Superior, 8.

UNITED STATES LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, 8; Reading, 4.
Richmond, 5; Cincinnati, 4.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, May 29. — Wheat, July, $1.13¾; Sept., $1.05¾; No. 1 northern, $1.15½; No. 2 northern, $1.13½; No. 1 durum, $1.10; No. 3 corn, 75c; No. 3 white oats, 51½c; barley, malting, $1.20; No. 2 rye, 84c; No. 1 flax, $2.24.

Duluth, May 29.—Wheat, July, $1.15¾; Sept., $1.06¾; No. 1 northern, $1.16¾; No. 1 durum, $1.14.

South St. Paul, May 29. — Cattle — Steers, $6.00@8.50; cows, $3.85@7.00; calves, $3.50@7.85; hogs, $7.25@7.40; sheep and lambs, $3.50@9.00.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, May 29.— Cattle, receipts, 2,500; market quiet; barely steady. Beeves, $6.10@9.25; Texas steers, $6.25 @8.10; western steers, $6.25@7.90; stockers and feeders, $4.40@6.80; cows and heifers $3@8; calves, $5.25@8.75. Hogs, receipts, 13,000; market slow and generally steady at yesterday's average; light, $7.00@7.55; mixed, $7.15@7.62½; heavy, $7.15@7.65; rough, $7.15 @7.25; pigs, $4.90@6.80; bulk of sales, $7.45@7.65. Sheep, receipts, 14,000; market, best strong to 10c higher; others weak; native, $3.75@6.35; western, $4@6.40; yearlings, $5.25@7.50; lambs, native, $5@9; western, $5.50@9.30.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, May 29.—Liberal world shipments and generally favorable foreign crop conditions had a depressing effect today on the price of wheat. Absence of rain in western Kansas and Nebraska led to a rally, but the effect did not last. Slowness of cash demand counted against the bulls. The opening was the same as last night to ⅛c down. July started at $1.10½@$1.10¾, unchanged to ⅛c lower, rose to $1.11¼ @1.11⅜ and then broke to $1.10⅝.

Hot winds in Texas and Oklahoma said to have damaged wheat not yet in head brought about another upturn, which was hastened by complaints of excessive rain northwest. The close was nervous at $1.11¼ for July, a net gain of ⅜c.

Although good buying on the part of commission houses made corn recover from initial weakness, the market gave way to the bearish influence of wheat. The leaders in the purchasing turned to the selling side. July opened at last night's level to ⅛c off at 75@75⅛c, advanced to 75⅝c and afterward dropped to 74⅞c.

Subsequently the market switched to the up-grade on account of improved shipping demand. The close was steady with July ⅜c net higher at 75⅜c.

Oats followed the course of other grain. Trade reached a fair volume. July started ⅛@⅜c to ⅛@½c lower at 50⅜@50½c, touched 50¼@50⅜c, swung upward to 51c and later sagged to 50⅞c.

The fact that buying was only of a scattered kind eased off the provision market. An increased run of hogs west exerted a similar influence. Initial sales ranged from 5c lower to a shade advance, with September options $18.37½ for pork, $10.75 for lard and $10.32½@10.35 for ribs.

Mass Meeting of Millers.

Kansas City, Mo., May 29. — The tenth annual mass meeting of millers, held under the auspices of the Millers' National Federation, opened today in the Coates house with Andrew J. Hunt of Wichita, president of the federation, in the chair. The chief matters for discussion are cost-finding and cost-distribution, and many other subjects will be discussed. The annual trade dinner will be given tomorrow night, and after the adjournment the millers will make a trip [illegible] the wheat fields of Kansas.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

COMMENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Congress.

The house passed Panama canal government bill, 206 to 61.

The senate pensions committee reported annual appropriation bill carrying $164,500,000.

The house judiciary committee continued its investigation into charges against Judge Archbald.

W. P. Boland testified before the house judiciary committee investigating charges against Judge Archbald.

Senator Crawford spoke favoring a constitutional amendment to fix terms for superior court judges to ten years.

In the senate Senator Stone, in speech, criticised the methods of the republican presidential nomination aspirants.

Senator Smith announced he would file Titanic investigating committee's report next Tuesday, when he would speak on the subject.

Senator Crawford introduced a proposed constitutional amendment to limit terms of federal judges of inferior courts to ten years.

Charges of official misconduct by R. G. Valentine, Indian commissioner, were renewed before the interior department expenditures committee.

In the house, by a vote of 147 to 126 the provision in Panama bill requiring no tolls be charged coastwise vessels passing through canal was reaffirmed.

The senate finance committee authorized Senator Smoot to report adversely the house wool tariff revision bill and announce that a substitute measure would be framed.

Reports of the majority and minority of the Lorimer investigating committe was submitted; majority upholding Senator Lorimer's right to retain his seat; minority condemning him.

In the house Representative Aiken introduced resolution directing Secretary Wilson to report circumstances under which his son was appointed to position with a Colorado irrigation company.

An agreement for a vote on the metal tariff bill next Monday was narrowly missed in the senate as the result of objections by Senator Heyburn of Idaho, following a lively tariff discussion.

General.

President Taft is confident of Roosevelt's defeat.

President Taft said on the result in Ohio would depend his nomination.

There is no adjournment yet in sight for congress. The senate is tied up for a long time.

George W. Perkins suggests that all letters on prosecution of the harvester trust be made public.

Martha Erickson and Mrs. Bertha Foglestad, Chicago's oldest twins, celebrated their 91st birthday.

Nebraska republican delegates to national convention will travel without show of pomp or splendor.

Champaign was selected for the seventeenth annual meeting of the Illinois Congregational conference.

Two thousand members of the grand lodge and Rebekah assembly of the I. O. O. F. met at St. Louis for their annual convention.

The proposed amendment to the constitution providing for direct election of senators has been mailed to the governors of the states by Secretary Knox.

James A. Peterson, of Minneapolis announced his candidacy for the United States senate to succeed Senator Nelson at the September primaries.

Of the $400,000 left by William F. Newcombe, Cleveland's "millionaire hermit," about $10,000 will go to a fund to care for the poor of Black Torrington parish, England, his birthplace.

Word was received at Halifax by the White Star officials that the steamer Montmagny had been unable to find any more bodies from the Titanic disaster and that she was returning to Halifax.

Warren S. Stone, of Cleveland, grand chief of the brotherhood of locomotive engineers since 1903, was re-elected for six years. But one ballot was taken, and Stone had so many of the 791 votes cast that the election was made unanimous.

America's demand for the luxuries of life has not diminished with the ever mounting cost of necessities. Articles listed as "luxuries" imported into this country during the fiscal year ending June 30 will exceed in value $200,000,000.

Speaking to a large crowd at Bowling Green, Ky., Senator La Follette declared he held the key to the presidential nomination at Chicago.

Lawrence L. O'Brien was sentenced at Mexico City to suffer the death penalty for the murder a year ago of Dr. Hall P. Clark, a dentist, by shooting.

Officials of the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad were held to have been at fault for the explosion of a locomotive boiler at San Antonio last March, when twenty-six persons were [illegible]

Manager Dixon said the result in Ohio made certain the nomination of Roosevelt.

The senate committee on commerce reported favorably the bill to permit the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at Council Bluffs.

The British house of commons adjourned to June 4.

Roosevelt and Harmon are pronounced high men in Ohio.

Houston, Tex., had million dollar fire in business section.

The Ohio contest will be fought over at the coming state conventions.

The Presbyterian general assembly took a strong stand against the liquor traffic.

There will be an early report by the senate committee on the Titanic disaster.

President D. B. Perry of Doane (Neb.) college, died while traveling in the east.

Secretary Hayward is making up the roll call of the republican national convention.

The house voted against levying of canal tolls on American-owned coastwise steamers.

Roosevelt said there would be no compromise at the republican national convention.

Senator Root of New York will be temporary chairman of the republican national convention.

Francis J. McConnell, president of Depaw university, was elected a Methodist bishop.

Senator Oliver said the pending metal revision bill was to the liking of the steel corporation.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination as rear admiral of Captain Frank E. Beattie.

Predicition of Roosevelt domination and a reign of mob law was made in the house by Dies of Texas.

At Winnipeg, Man., although Warren Conlan, playing at the Orpheum theater, dropped dead on the stage, the show went on.

Robbers entered the bank of Carney, Okl., and escaped with booty amounting to about $15,000, secured by the blasting of the safe.

John Wesley Hoyt, former territorial governor of Wyoming and for the last twenty years chairman of the national university committee, died.

Miners of district 13, comprising Iowa and the north tier of counties in Missouri, will vote May 23 on the tentative agreement reached at Des Moines.

Dr. T. F. Henderson of Brooklyn and W. O. Shepard of Chicago are the new bishops of the Methodist Episcopal conference elected on the eleventh ballot.

The federation of German Catholic societies of Illinois elected as president Dr. J. A. Bauer of Germantown and selected Decatur as the next convention city.

The supreme court of Missouri continued the application of the Standard Oil company for a modification of the judgment against it until the October term.

Mr. Roosevelt's comment on the selection of Senator Root as temporary chairman of the republican convention contains a significant reference to the convention of 1884.

Vice President Sherman signed the joint resolution for direct election of senators which must be ratified by three-fourths of the states to become an amendment to the constitution.

The German reichstag passed to the third reading of the bills increasing the German army and navy. The navy bill provides for an extra battleship squadron, with three additional battleships and two cruisers.

Suffragists scored in the national socialists' convention at Indianapolis, when they amended the section of the constitution pertaining to membership in the party to read "and unrestricted political rights for both sexes."

Premier Giolitti announced in the Italian chamber that General Ameglio had surrounded and defeated the Turkish garrison of the Island of Rhodes, which had surrendered and had been accorded military honors.

Resolutions protesting against the passage by congress of the Dillingham immigration bill were adopted at a mass meeting in Chicago attended by college professors, clerymen and laymen. It was declared that if the bill became a law, no political refugee from Russia would be safe from deportation.

The members of the subcommittee on arrangements for the republican national convention adjourned in Chicago without naming a temporary chairman for the convention. After adjournment Secretary Hayward announced that the committee had decided to leave the selection of a temporary chairman to Harry S. New, chairman of the subcommittee.

Personal.

Champ Clark has a solid delegation from Iowa.

Clarence Darrow acted as his own attorney in examining prospective witnesses for his trial.

John Stevenson, a protege of Carnegie, told how he sold steel properties at a profit

Madame Coretta Found, who claimed to be the smallest midget in the show world, was killed in a runaway accident at Kankakee, Ill.

Eugene V. Debs was nominated for president by the socialists.

Gov. Ross of Massachusetts refused to intercede in the case of Richeson.

Attorney General Wickersham advised against any radical departure from judicial tradition.

No temporary chairman has thus far been decided upon for the republican national convention.

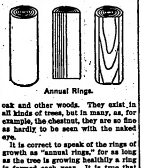
Secretary Hilles revived the charge that Colonel Roosevelt [illegible]

HORTICULTURE

ANNUAL RINGS IN THE TREES

Whitish Lines Are Medulary Rays, Which Make Silvered Grain in Oak and Other Woods.

If the trunk or branch of an oak tree is cut smoothly across, thin whitish lines may be seen running from within outward. Some of these lines begin in the center of the tree and others in each of the annual rings. These are the medulary rays, which make the silvered grain in quartered oak and other woods. They exist in all kinds of trees, but in many, as, for example, the chestnut, they are so fine as hardly to be seen with the naked eye.



Annual Rings.

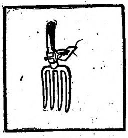
It is correct to speak of the rings of growth as "annual rings," for as long as the tree is growing healthily a ring is formed each year. It is true that two false rings may appear in one year, but they are caused whenever the growth of the tree is interrupted. This happens when the foliage is destroyed by caterpillars and grows again in the same season, or when a severe drought in early summer stops growth for a time, after late frosts, and in similar cases.

An annual ring once formed does not change in size or place during the healthy life of the tree, except that it is covered in time by other younger layers.

FORKS AND SPADES IMPROVED

Fulcrum Attachment Eliminates Much of Back-Breaking Energy Needed in Working Soil.

Much of the back breaking energy required in using an earth fork or spade is expended in the dislodging of the load from the ground after the fork of spade has been inserted, which means a severe strain on the shoulder and back muscles. The attachment shown in the illustration lessens this labor by providing a fulcrum, says the Popular Mechanics. By simply pulling the handle backward the load is dislodged, the fulcrum bearing the strain instead of the muscles.



Fulcrum Attachment.

HABITS OF ORCHARD PESTS

No Definite Rule With Reference to Time Insects Deposit Their Eggs or Work Damage.

There is no definite rule that can be laid down with reference to the time at which winged insect pests of the orchard deposit their eggs. Some are night flying insects and deposit their eggs at night; others are active only during the day, and deposit their eggs during that time. The codling moth is one of the night flying insects and begin to deposit eggs late in the evening, just about dusk, and continues most active throughout the early part of the night. The curculio on the other hand, is most active during the day, remaining inactive at night. The same holds true with reference to the general activity of insects. As a rule the moths fly only at night, while some of the beetles are most active at night and others during the day.

PEACH SCAB AND BROWN ROT

Best Fungicide Known at Present Time Is Self-Boiled Lime and Sulphur Mixture.

The self-boiled lime and sulphur mixture is the best fungicide known at the present time for the control of peach scab and brown rot. Three applications are considered necessary for good results where peach scab is likely to occur. The first application is to be made just as the calyx is being shed from the fruits.

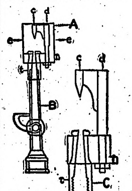
The second application to be made three weeks after the first. The third application should be made about three weeks after the second. The self-boiled lime and sulphur mixture should not be applied to the fruit [illegible]

NEW TYPE OF SPRAY NOZZLE

Effectiveness of Spraying Depends Largely Upon Character of Tapering Tube Employed.

The effectiveness of spraying depends in large measure upon the character of the nozzle used, and it is especially important that the nozzle should be adapted to the specific purpose for which it is to be used. G. E. Stone of the Massachusetts station has devised a nozzle which he has used with very satisfactory results in spraying large trees from a high-pressure machine.

This nozzle is shown in Fig. 1, at A. It consists of a nozzle screwed tightly on to the tip of a standard attachment provided with shut-off, such as is often employed in spraying work. (See B.) The attachment, however, is incidental, as it may be fitted to any suitable metal connection threaded to fit, and provided with a hose connection at the lower end. The essential part of the nozzle, as shown at A, consists of a small brass tip, t, about 1½ inches long, provided with an aperture at the end one-eighth of an inch in diameter, although sometimes an aperture of 5-32 or 3-16 of an inch in diameter has been employed. About an inch or more above the center of the aperture there is placed a solid brass rod, c, one-fourth of an inch in diameter. This is attached to another rod, d, by means of a thin sheet of brass; the rod, d, works in a socket and allows the pointed brass rod, c, to be thrown in or out of center at will. The object of this center brass rod, c, is to take the spray as it comes out of the one-eighth-inch nozzle under high pressure and break it up into a fine mist, and with the pressure which we used it is capable of throwing the mist 20 or 25 feet. This is sufficient to reach, from a ladder, most of the foliage on a large elm tree. In case it is necessary to reach higher, the adjustment is thrown out of the center and the spray goes directly through the one-eighth-inch aperture. By this means a greater distance and carrying power are secured, although not so fine a spray.



New Type of Spray Nozzle.

In the drawing the nozzle is shown surrounded by a shield, c, which was for the purpose of protecting the point, c. The nozzle as originally constructed was not provided with a shield, being used for some days without it, but with the hard usage which it received [it was] found that the adjustment was likely to be injured. The nozzle was used in connection with a machine giving 250 pounds pressure, and the spraying mixture was carried through a one-inch hose.

This nozzle was used . . . in spraying over 1,000 trees having an average diameter of about 22 inches. Careful estimates made showed that the average amount of arsenate of lead per tree was 1.7 pounds, or about 17 gallons of arsenate of lead solution. The cost of spraying each tree, including the labor, gasoline and lead, was 55 cents.

The spraying was just as thorough and the cost was about one-third of that by the ordinary method, using Vermorel and other fine-mist nozzles.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

The United States forest service is prepared to reforest 30,000 acres annually.

Trees should not be planted on a high slope, for the soil is likely to be too thin.

Grape vines require frequent shallow cultivation throughout the entire season.

Get your spraying equipment in good order several days before you must begin spraying.

Strain all spray materials through a good, fine strainer. It avoids clogged nozzles and wasted time.

The time to get a thing is when it is there. The time to get the apple worm is before he gets inside.

Know what you must spray for, then do the work right. Don't expect any one spray material to be a universal remedy.

When making the first application of poison for the codling moth use a coarse nozzle, high pressure and fill every calyx.

With fruiting orchards, mineral fertilizers are often of great assistance, but an excess of nitrogen should be avoided.

The pruning season is on—it requires much work, but more judgment. The age and variety of the tree [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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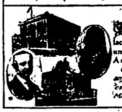

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Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, June 1, 1912.

We print this week an article from an eastern paper which shows how the politicians are trying to nullify the expression of the will of the people at the primaries, and yet pretending to grant primary laws.

There will be no republican state convention to nominate state officials on July 2. There will be no republican county conventions on June 28 The republican state central committee has rescinded the call for both.

M. L. Cutter, who recently purchased the Thief River Falls News, this week acquired the Press, and merged the two, under the title of the Thief River Falls News-Press. Here's wishing Mr. Cutter all the success possible.

Primaries and Primaries

Four unwilling legislatures—in Massachusetts, Maryland, Michigan and Illinois—have passed presidential preference primary laws this season under whip and spur of aroused public sentiment.

Not one of them did it because legislature or machine nominal control wanted to do it.

In every case the effort was to pass a law that would give as bad a primary as possible.

Michigan went so far as to pass the law and then refuse to let it take effect till 1916. As a direct result the Michigan republican party is split wide open and the chance of democratic victory is excellent.

The Massachusetts enemies of primary legislation, compelled to pass something that they could call a preference law, made it just as bad as possible. The Crane machine did that. It was forced to give something that could be labeled a primary; something that was expected to serve the machine's purpose and save Crane.

The counterfeit has served, instead, the purpose of giving Roosevelt a great victory and exposing the fatal weakness of Crane, Today he faces defeat for re-election as a direct result of the sharp practice in making that primary law.

In Maryland the better sentiment of both parties forced a legislature that was politically close to pass, and a Taft governor to sign, a primary measure that was intended and expected completely to subvert the real primary principle, and to leave the machines of both parties in easy control.

As to the democrats, it worked; as to the republicans, it failed and the machine was smashed.

Following these various experiences with half-baked primary laws made by the enemies of the whole primary system we hear voluble denunciation of primaries in general. The entire scheme is declared to have failed.

To whatever extent it has been unsatisfactory it has been because it was in the hands of its enemies; because laws were drafted by them, passed by unwilling legislatures and administered by men who wanted them to fail.

In the face of all this the bold fact stands out that these laws have given the most satisfactory results the country has seen. The primary states have been the influential, the determinative states. They have put the acid on the candidates, showed exactly how they stand with the people, and demonstrated that Mr. Taft, who led the nation-wide fight against popular nominations, is repudiated.

Don't worry about the failure of the primary. No wonder the Tories and the machine managers regard it as a failure. It has nowhere failed to swat them.

As to the minor imperfections of primary acts, they will be remedied before they will be used again. They will be made over by their friends, which means that they will be made to do surely and effectively their work of ending machine rule.

Will Start Sawmill Soon

The Thief River Falls Lumber company have a dredge working at the Red lake outlet and the river is rising rapidly. They have a crew of 100 or more men at work on the drive, and will soon have their 18,000,000 feet of logs on the move down stream. It is thought that Shunk of the war department has notified the company that the stream must be cleared at all hazards as the people living along the river were getting uneasy and he could not longer control the situation for their accommodation. As soon as the river is clear they will probably open the dams on all the streams emptying into the lake and allow the water they have held the past season to sluice their logs to the lake, and from that time until the lumber company choose to again take possession of the streams emptying into the lake and the Red Lake river we may expect a normal flow of water.—[illegible]

His Trip

Pa oceanen, 2,000 mil oster om New York, den 14 May, 1912.

Arade Redaktor for St. Hilaire Spectator:

Pa eder bejaran att fa en liten underrattelse om var resa och landets utseende i forhallande till arstiden, vill jag saga att sodra Wisconsin afven den del af Illinois och sodra Michigan som vi reste ijenom var ganska blot och den masta varsadden var ojord, derimot New Jersey och Pennsylvania var det under den brottomaste tiden mad plantning och tradgards uppfikaning. Vi voro tva dygn i New York, akte pa sparvagn, i luften, pa gatan, och under staden i tunnlar, och der sag det ut som att folket i allmanhet tankte jora ifran sig alt arbete pa en enda dag, ty de hade en ofantlig braska och en sadan trangsel mad folk af alla nationer, sa man maste gesig mad i folk strommen och springa, vist man icke ville blifva nedtrampad. Vi bevistade blot en park och sa det gamla Castle Garden byggnaden, som var ombygd till ett lefvande fisk museum, och der fick vi se alla verldens fisk sorter forutom valfisk i fran sin uppkomst till sin fulla storlek. De voro i rinnande vatten ijenom glasbasanger, sa man fick sedem sa noga och nara att man tykte sig kunna taga handen pa dem.

Den 9de, kl. 12, lade angaren Baltic ut pa vidden mad 640 mans besattning och omkring 900 passagerare, de masta svanska som varit i America i olika tidslangder alt fra 5 till 45 ar. Vadret har hittils varit jynsamt och icke mycket sjosjuka vederfarits. De relegiosa moten halles af olika men. Babtist pastor Erick Carlson ifra Chicago synes vara den fornamsta ledaren jamte en Angelsk missionar pa sin hemresa ifran China.

Var god och sand mig Spectator under address,

A. AUG. ERICKSON,
Bollnas, Sveden.

The Summer Vacation

School closed Friday, after a very successful and pleasant year. Although both pupils and teachers have been looking forward to the close of school and vacation with pleasant anticipations, they all feel a certain regret that the time for parting for a while has again come. There were 167 students enrolled throughout the year, and an average daily attendance of 130. Last year there was an enrollment of 164, with an average daily attendance of 102. The idea of giving a list of those whose attendance had been perfect was thought of, but the list was quite too long. A large number came only a week or less than a month, which circumstance put the figure of daily attendance lower than it ordinarily would have been.

Memorial day most of the children and the teachers met at the school house and enjoyed a great feast together from the superabundance of delicious food brought by the pupils. The boys were in a hurry to get on the base ball diamond--and the girls, too; and if they didn't do as well as they otherwise could have done, a deal of the cause might be attributed to the fact that they had indulged freely in lemonade and eatables just previous to the game. Our boys got beat, but they were brave losers and afforded the spectators a real exciting time.

St. Hilaire can be, above all things, proud of the bright and active group of wholesome girls and boys growing up to be moral men and women,

At Imperial Hall Wednesday June 5

The Christy Amusement Enterprise, pursuant to public wishes for a high class entertaining amusement, are presenting more newer and by far better subjects than any time before.

Christy's high class motion pictures have been before the public continually for seven seasons, appearing in almost every state. The repertoire of pictures this season includes such subjects as "Leopard Hunting in Africa"—this scene depicts the manner in which the Roosevelt hunting expedition traveled; scenes from the life of the early pioneers, portraying attacks by savage Indians, miraculous escapes and hardships endured by the early settlers; "The World's Greatest Auto Races;" "The Mexican Bull Fight;" "Ski Tournaments at Christiania, Norway;" "The Life of Moses," and many comedy pictures.

This company carries seventy-five different subjects, making a total length of eight miles of film, Our pictures are projected by a special machine which eliminates practically all that tiresome flickering.

At Imperial hall Wednesday, June 5. Admission, children 15 cents; adults, 25 cents.

Notice

No more manure or rubbish will be deposited along road across from the north bridge; it must be hauled onto the dumping ground.

Dr. C. Swanson,
Chairman Bd. of Health,

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

O. C. Hoagland,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Pay your subscription

TIGERS FOND OF HUMAN FLESH.

Many Natives of India Yearly Made Prey of Jungle Monarch.

About 4,000 men were eaten by tigers in India between 1900 and 1904. A large proportion of these unfortunates perished during periods of famine, when the beasts are made bold by hunger and are driven to the plains in search of water. The deaths caused by tigers in India constitute 37 per cent. of the whole number due to wild beasts. All tigers are not man eaters, but when a tiger has once tasted man's flesh he will not be content until he has had more of it. Where flocks and herds abound, however, man is rarely a victim of the tiger. An old man-eater is usually very clever and tricky and can avoid the most skillful hunters. It is affirmed that a single tiger in southern India has killed 200 men, and that one in the Himalayas has killed more 300.

Carlyle's Curious Study.

Thomas Carlyle, the noted English philosopher and historian, had a curious study. It comprised the entire third floor of his narrow brick house at Chelsea, a London suburb. The walls of the study were of double thickness, to prevent street noises from annoying the master while at his work, and a skylight afforded the light. Just how fresh air was furnished the room was not apparent to the visitor. There is nothing about the room to suggest comfort, only a close, thick-walled, skylighted long apartment where the great dyspeptic worked and worked ceaselessly, and from where he hurried to the kitchen, in the basement of the house, as soon as his day's labor was done. In the kitchen he received his most intimate friends, and there they smoked their pipes together.

The Order of Fools.

April 1 is not the only Fools' day in the year. On November 12, 1381, the Order of Fools was instituted by Adolphus, count of Cleves.

Members were not by any means idiots, however, for the word had a different meaning then. They were the prototype of our modern Order of Foresters or Odd Fellows during a similarly benevolent work. Their insignia consisted of a mantle, upon the left shoulder of which was embroidered a jester, or fool, in cap and bells, yellow hose and silver vest. So these cheery, useful jokers had a bright, happy outlook upon life and met together to dispense the earnest of their healthful existence at stated intervals, the chief day of which was November 12.

What it Reminded Him Of.

When Gen. Schenck, whose greatest fame rests upon his having introduced the game of poker into England, first arrived in London as American minister to the court of St. James he took a little of his spare time to visit the sights of the British capital. Among other places he visited Mme. Tussaud's wax works.

"And what do you think of our great wax work exhibition?" asked a friend.

"Well," replied the general, "it struck me as being very like the ordinary English evening party."

Beans and Bacon.

An old Scotchman surprised us all by remarking: "Your famous New England dish of pork and beans came directly from England, where for centuries it was the reigning favorite with all classes. The English called it 'beans and bacon.' In New York you have corned beef and beans—the same old beans. I never could understand why beans and bacon, were never naturalized in the Land o' Cakes. I cannot charge myself with ever having seen such a dish in Scotland."

Just as Good.

"We are trying to educate our readers to recognize the evils of substitution," said the business manager of one of the popular magazines. "Through our advertising pages we are trying to get them up to the point where they will insist upon getting what they asked for, and will take nothing else. The merchant who has 'something just as good' is no more to be depended upon than a clerk in a certain country store which a friend visited to buy something.

"My friend had been invited unexpectedly to make an automobile trip, and was not fully prepared for it. The roads were very dusty, and after traveling several miles the party came to a country village, where my friend thought he might be able to purchase something to protect his clothing. The automobile halted before the general store of the village. My friend alighted and accosted a drowsy clerk. 'I want to get a linen duster,' he said.

"'I am very sorry,' said the clerk, 'but we are just out of linen dusters. I can let you have a nice feather duster.'"

Going to Sleep.

What is this thing that knits up the raveled sleeve of care? Cabanis, in his investigations on the mind, endeavored to fix the order in which the different parts of our organization go to sleep; namely—first, the legs and arms, then the muscles that support the head and back. The first sense that slumbers is that of sight, followed in regular succession by the senses of taste, smell, hearing and feeling. The viscera (contents of the body cavities), he says, fall asleep one after the other, but with different degrees of soundness.—New York Press.

Australia's Wild Oysters.

Oysters are sometimes regarded as dangerous but they are not usually considered savage. A Queensland judge, however, has decided that they are wild beasts. Before a royal commission on the pearling industry, which has been sitting at Brisbane, a witness stated that eight years ago he had laid 100,000 shells in the neighborhood of Friday island. The Japanese stole the shells, and the district court [illegible] held that as pearl shell [illegible]

BACK TO THE TOWN

COUNTRY LIFE PALLED ON THE SUBURBANITE.

Real Facts of the Case Somewhat Different from the Explanation He Made to His City Friend.

The year around the city resident and the summer suburbanite were carrying on a conversation over their hurried noonday lunch.

"Must be mighty all fired crimpy around the edges out in the country these days," suggested the city man. "Don't believe I'd like living out in the country these days without steam heat and things. You'll be hiking into town pretty quick now, I s'pose."

"O, not for awhile yet," returned the summer suburbanite. "This is really the finest time of the year to be in the country. It is a trifle crisp when you get out of bed in the morning, of course, but then it beats the city at that. Some might exchange the good country air for a few city comforts, but not me. A little cold isn't going to hurt me."

This was a day or two ago. The following morning when the summer suburbanite crawled out from under the covers the thermometer was down around 40.

"Holy jumpin' James M. Jehosaphat, but it's cold in this barracks!" exclaimed the S. S. to his wife. "Talk about your polar expeditions and their hardships. They haven't got much on this! What are we staying out in a place like this for, anyhow? Never saw such a bleak habitation as this, if you'd call it a habitation, in all my troublous life. What's your idea in sticking to a place like this for when we've got a house there in town with a furnace and hot water and bath tub and all such things? That's what I'd like to know! I surely would.

"If I wanted to freeze to death I could do it right in town any good winter day. I wouldn't need to come clear out here to the country to do it. Holy mackerel but that water's cold! Don't even dare wash your face in this Greenlandish place! And I'm serving notice on you right at this juncture that we're going into town to-day, and we're going to stay there until next summer. Us for town. In cold weather a man's supposed to live in town where they've got radiators and such like. That's what towns are for."

Then the other day the suburbanite and his friend met again at lunch.

"So you've moved back to town, have you?" spoke up the year-around city man. "Thought you'd get enough of that country business in this sort of weather."

"O, yes, I moved in," owned up the late suburbanite. "It was fine out there, but my wife just naturally wouldn't stand for it. Said she couldn't keep warm. And you know how useless it is to argue with a woman. I had to come in. Hated like Sam Hill to do it, though."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Clever Work of Beavers.

A peculiar fact was discovered at the reservoir at Saddleback pond recently at Rangeley, when beavers' work in dam construction was found to interfere with the water supply from Saddleback stream. These busy engineers had constructed a tight dam, which had retained considerable of the supply of the mountain reservoir, and workmen each day tore out their work, only to find it rebuilt on the next visit. Good-sized tree sections had been hauled in and placed in the dam by the beavers. After several destructions of the beavers' dams there was again found to be a stoppage in the supply of water through the main pipes. The dam had not been rebuilt, but on close investigation it was found that those cunning engineers, in revenge, apparently, had built a dense screen across the strainer, which had prevented the flow of water through the main pipe.—Kennebec Journal.

WORRIED THE YOUNG MOTHER.

Lack of "Progress" Might Have Proved a Serious Thing.

"When people in our part of the country select a family physician they stick to him," says an Illinois physician. "If he goes away they won't call in some one else if they can possibly help it. They have faith in nobody but their own man, so long as he manages to be fairly successful. Last spring I went up to Chicago for a few days, much to the distress of a young mother in our town, who expects me to inspect her only baby every other day at least. The second day of my stay she telegraphed me to come home at once. Baby was sick—she told me the trouble—she didn't know what to do. It wasn't an urgent case, I knew, so I wired back a reassuring message, told her to give the baby a dose of some medicine she had at hand, and to fill out the ten words I put in 'Prognosis admirable.' I always like to use large words when I'm telegraphing—makes me feel that I'm getting the worth of my money, you know. When I got home two days later I went to see the baby.

"'She's all right now,' the mother told me, 'but we were awfully worried. We had to rely on the medicine you left, though. The boy at the drug store didn't have a bit of prognosis in the place.'"

Proof of Japanese Enthusiasm.

The spectators at wrestling matches in Japan pelt the winner with their hats. This is a custom with the Japanese for showing their appreciation of the skill of the winner. The hats are gathered up by the attendants and handed to the champion.

Eventually the owners come forward and redeem their hats with presents of various kinds. The custom in question is, it is explained, due to a recognition of the fact that enthusiasm is likely to cool down shortly after the event which excited it. His placed [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St Hilaire, - Minn

LOCAL MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.04
" " 2 "	1.02
" " 3 "	98
Flax, No. 1	$2.05
" " 2	1.95
Barley, for 50 lbs	90
Oats	41
Eggs	15
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	[illegible]
Pork, "	[illegible]
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	26.00
Bran, " "	25.00

LESSON FOR SOUVENIR FIEND.

Captain's Remarkable Action Designed "to Avoid Scandal."

"On the slow and cheap ships," said a purser, "the souvenir thief does no harm; but on a famous liner like the Ruritania, where records are broken and tip-top prices abound, the amount of stuff that disappears is shocking.

"Only things with the boat's name on go—champagne glasses, inkwells, curling tongs, buttonhooks and so forth. And what are we to do about it?

"We had an American peeress aboard last voyage. The day we reached New York a stewardess came to me and said:

"'Oh, Mr. Meet, I just seen Lady Blank's cabin trunk, and she's taken two of our finest silver inkwells.'

"Here was a quandary, eh? The captain was called in, and he settled the matter in the unsatisfactory way such things are usually settled.

"'We must teach Lady Blank a lesson,' he growled. 'At the same time scandal must be avoided.' He thought a moment, then said to the stewardess: 'Take one of the inkwells and leave the other. That'll show her!'"

ASKED MUCH IN SHORT PRAYER.

Remarkable Invocation of Scotch Minister, Reported by Magazine.

"O Lord, we approach thee this mornin' in the attitude o' prayer, and likewise o' complaint. When we cam' tae the lan' o' Canady we expected tae fin' a lan' flowin' wi' milk and honey, but instead o' that we foun' a lan' peopled wi' ungodly Irish. O Lord, in thy great mercy drive them tae the uttermost pairts o' Canady; mak them hewers o' wood and drawers o' watter; gie them nae emoluments; gie them nae place o' abode; n'er mak them magistrates or rulers among thy people.

"But if ye hae any favors to bestow, or any guid lan' tae gie awa, gie it tae thine ain, thy peculiar people, the Scots. Mak them members o' parliament an' magistrates an' rulers among thy people [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening at 8 p. m., memorial service.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL M. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, June 15, at 3 p. m. m.,
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 160 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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JOHN T. LATTIMORE
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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
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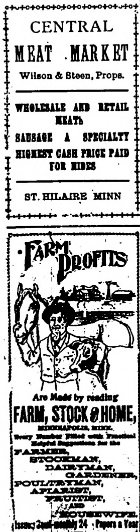
CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN



Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months [illegible] cents.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Dr. C. Swanson was at the county seat Tuesday.

O. H. Olson spent Sunday with friends in Crookston.

Swan Johnson was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Leonard Holmes was in Thief River Falls Sunday evening.

Mrs. John Maakrud went Monday to La Crosse, Wis., to visit friends.

Charles Gustafson of Thief River Falls was in the city Monday evening and Tuesday morning.

Miss Olga Swenson was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18-3t SAM THOMPSON.

Misses Hodgson and Wiltse left last evening for their respective homes.

John Nelson went Wednesday to St. Cloud to attend the Lutheran conference.

Alfred Rolland of Thief River Falls spent Sunday with his brother, August Rolland.

M. A. Converse and family of Red Lake Falls were guests of the editor Thursday.

Mrs. Ina Johnson of the Central hotel was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Post and Miss Alice Hall were at Thief River Falls Tuesday evening.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

WANTED — 50 lumber handlers and common laborers.—E. A. ENGLER LUMBER Co., Baudette, Minn.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet tomorrow afternoon at the home of Anton Aubol.

Richard Wallin spent Sunday with his family. On his return to Warren he was accompanied by his son Roy.

Otto Olson leaves next Monday for Saco, Montana, where he has a claim. The Spectator will keep him posted on happenings in this vicinity.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Synod church will serve lunch in the grove near Tom Hovet's residence next Thursday afternoon.

For sale—A silo ensilage cutter, feed mill and engine. A snap if taken up quick. m25 1mo
N. A. NELSON.

Mrs. Carl Kruger was at home between trains Tuesday. She reports Mr. and Mrs. Fred Krueger as getting better, but William is still very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Satterberg, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Burstad, and Mrs. Frank Satterberg drove to Crookston and return Thursday in the auto and visited friends.

Henry Peterson returned Tuesday from Crookston and walked from the depot to his home, just a week after undergoing a serious surgical operation at Bethesda hospital.

C. H. Martz, K. O. Gigstad, Gilbert Haavi, and C. W. Swanson left Thursday for Hickory township to view the location of a proposed ditch and assess the damages and benefits.

Mrs. B. E. Burkee went Thursday to Moorhead to attend the graduation exercises of the state Normal, Elmer being one of the graduates. He has already accepted the position of principal of the graded schools at Verndale, this state, to begin about September 1.

The Elliott land agency has just closed a deal for the sale of two thousand acres of Pennington county land to a banker of Macomb, Ill. Negotiations for this deal have been in progress several weeks. The sums to be paid for the different tracts will aggregate over $97,000.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season. Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

We hear much adverse comment in regard to the condition and appearance of the cemetery east of town. The tombstones are tumbling, grass is growing in the streets and alleys, and the whole grounds bear a general dilapidated appearance. It appears that the Commercial club took the matter up two years ago and reform was promised [illegible]

List your farm with O. C. Elliott.

S. J. Amble visited the county seat Tuesday.

Ed. Hoske was at Thief River Falls Wednesday.

M. Swenson was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

S. J. Swanson returned Wednesday from a visit to Crookston.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Wednesday.

Peter Johnson was looking after business matters at the county seat Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bakko returned Tuesday from a visit to friends at Bemidji.

Dr. Swanson attended a meeting of the medical association at Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Anderson of Rocksbury on Wednesday, May 29.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 6, 1912. Glasses fitted.

The Red Lake Falls "Huskies" beat the "Outlaws" Sunday by a score of 9 to 4. Up to the sixth inning the score was 0 to 0.

A. H. Pitkin returned Thursday from a visit to Kelliher. He found everything booming there, crops looking fine, and land prices on the jump.

FOR SALE—On easy terms or cash northwest quarter of section 24-152-44, 2½ miles south of St. Hilaire. Address owner, H. A. HELGESON.
Osnabrook, N. D.

The "Gophers" went to Plummer last Sunday and met ignominious defeat on the base ball diamond with the score of 18 to 11. They expect to play the Red Lake Falls "Red Sox" on the home diamond tomorrow.

Mrs. Jack Philips of Anacortes, Wash., is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Branum, and other relatives. Mr. Philips was formerly employed at the sawmill here, but is now engaged in salmon fishing on the Pacific coast.

A. W. Anderson of St. Paul came up the first of the week to join his wife, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs Solomon Swanson. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson will return Monday to their home in St. Paul.

We have heard considerable criticism of the "Outlaws'" posters announcing their ball game here Thursday. We may be prejudiced, but we think the boys' work will compare quite favorably with the typographical efforts of the "Gophers."

In another column we publish in the original Swedish, as nearly correct as our types would permit, a letter from A. August Ericksen, written on the ocean. He has promised to write from time to time, giving his impressions of the old country, as he finds it at present.

Rev. A. Sand, Mr. C. A. Lindquist and Mr. August Swenson returned Wednesday from Fergus Falls, where they have attended the meeting of the Swedish Lutheran Red River Valley conference. This conference has just been organized from a part of the old Minnesota conference. The new conference has the jurisdiction of all the Swedish Lutheran churches in a territory about 250 miles long and 150 miles wide. Rev. Sand had the honor of being elected secretary of the new conference.

Married

Miss Ida Hanson of this place and Mr. Fred Waring of Crookston were married on Thursday, May 23, at the M. E. church parsonage at Thief River Falls, Rev. J. B. Smith officiating. None but immediate relatives and friends of the couple were present. Stuart Richards of Winnipeg was the only guest from abroad.

The bride is the daughter of Martin Hanson, one of the old settlers and a leading farmer of this section, and is highly respected.

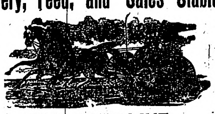
The Spectator joins with the many friends in wishing the couple all happiness and prosperity.

Mission Meetings

There will be mission meetings in the Swedish Lutheran churches next week as follows: In Black River church Tuesday, June 4; in Clara church Wednesday, June 5, and in St. Hilaire Wednesday evening and Thursday, June 6. Wednesday evening Rev. Dr. Colberg will preach in the English language, at 8 p. m. The other services will be in Swedish, and begin at 10:30 a. m. Six ministers will be present [illegible]

WE SELL

CLOTHING
DRY GOODS
SHOES, HATS
UNDERWEAR
GROCERIES
CALL AND SEE US
DAVID LAZAR



G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Great Northern Railway
TIME TABLE.
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie........... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie........ 8:35 a.m

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TRADE-MARKS and copyrights obtained or no fee. Send model, sketches or photos and brief description, for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. 25 years experience. Send 2-cent stamp for NEW BOOKLET, full of patent information. It will help you to fortune. READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
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303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

RESOLUTION FOR CEMENT SIDEWALKS

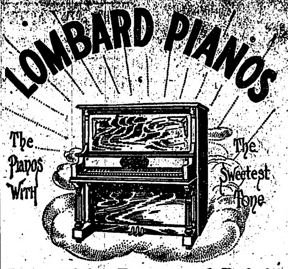
At a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, a resolution was adopted condemning the old sidewalks and ordering them removed and cement sidewalks constructed in place of same along all the lots fronting the hereinafter named streets in the following blocks:

All the sidewalks along Water street on the east side of block 64; all the sidewalks on Water street on the west side of block 3, Ives addition; all the sidewalks on Minnesota avenue on the east side of block 35; all the sidewalks on Minnesota avenue on the east side of lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, of block 42; all the sidewalks on Broadway fronting Block 37 on the east.

Notice is hereby given to owners of property, lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting or abutting the named streets as herein described, to have the old sidewalks removed and cement sidewalks constructed in place of same within 40 days from the date hereof, or to pay the expense of constructing said sidewalks.

All parties owning property as hereinafter described opposite their respective names are hereby ordered to build a cement walk in the manner following, viz: Said sidewalks to be built 5 feet wide and 5 inches thick; 1 inch of coarse sand on the bottom; 3¼ inches concrete of 1 part cement and 5 parts sand; and ¾ inch finish of 1 part cement and 2 parts sand; and to conform to the grade line established by the village council for the purpose.

Names of Owners	Description of Property Owned Front feet	Lots	Block	
Martha Killand	50	1, 2	64	Village Plat
Priscilla Jones	50	3, 4	64	" "
Wilhelmina Ortloff	25	5	64	" "
Martin Hanson	50	6, 7	64	" "
E. A. Orvick	50	8, 9	64	" "
Swedish Lutheran Church	75	10, 11, 12	64	" "
Daniel Holmberg	50	Reserve A	3	Ives' Addition
David Collins	50	Reserve B	3	" "
Martin Simonson	50	3	3	" "
E. A. Anderson	50	4	3	" "
Betsey Carlson	50	5	3	" "
H. E. Ives	50	6	3	" "
Wm. J. Berglund	50	7	3	" "
Gustav Anderson	50	1, 2	35	Village Plat
Carl F. Hellberg	50	3, 4	35	" "
Thomas Downing	50	5, 6	35	" "
Adele Ashall	25	7	35	" "
Adolph Satterberg	50	8, 9	35	" "
Norwegian Synod Church	75	10, 11, 12	35	" "
M. V. B. Ives	50	1, 2	42	" "
St. Hilaire Townsite Co.	50	3, 4	42	" "
S. J. Amble	25	5	42	" "
St. Hilaire School	100	6, 7, 8, 9	42	" "
Eda Holmes	100	1, 2, 3, 4	37	" "
Thomas Downing	50	5, 6	37	" "
Eda Holmes	50	[illegible] 8	37	[illegible]
Adolph Satterberg	50	[illegible] 10	37	[illegible]
Leonard Holmes	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]



LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone
Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

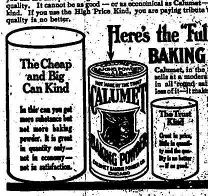
These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.



Mrs. Housewife:-There's a Happy Medium in Everything. Anything that is overdone or underdone is not good.

This is especially true of baking — and it is just as true of baking powder. If you use the cheap and Big Can Kinds you are getting quantity at the sacrifice of quality. It cannot be as good — or as economical as Calumet — the medium price kind. If you use the High Price Kind, you are paying tribute to the Trust — the quality is no better.

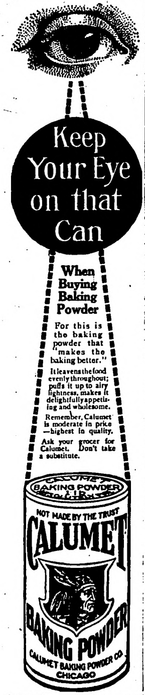
The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only — not in economy — not in satisfaction.
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
The Trust Kind
Great in price, little in quantity and the quality is no better — if as good.

Here's the "Full Value" in BAKING POWDER

Calumet, in the Standard 1 lb. can, sells at a moderate cost—but is great in all round satisfaction. You use less of it—it makes the baking lighter, purer — more delicious. One baking will prove its superiority—try it. Ask your grocer and insist on Calumet. Free—large handsome recipe book. Send 4c and slip found in pound can.
Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with [illegible]
G. W. HOOPER



Keep Your Eye on that Can

When Buying Baking Powder

For this is the baking powder that "makes the baking better."

It leavens the food evenly throughout; puffs it up to airy lightness, makes it delightfully appetizing and wholesome.

Remember, Calumet is moderate in price—highest in quality.

Ask your grocer for Calumet. Don't take a substitute.

WHAT DID SHE MEAN?

Cholly Shallowpate—Dogs are a good deal like human beings, don't-cherknow.

Miss Cutting Hintz—Yes, they are. Now, that dog of yours is stupid enough to have a pedigree two yards long.

Genuine Maple Sugar.

There are few people outside the maple sugar making districts, says a writer in the Country Gentleman, who really know what the genuine article tastes like. The superior flavor thus spoken of is probably due in a degree to the same causes that make strawberries eaten off the vine and cherries consumed on the tree so delectable. The writer quoted, however, puts some of the blame for the poor flavor of commercial maple sugar on the "wily wholesale dealer and mixer."

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

But a man who leads a double life never does two men's work.

Physical culture doesn't necessarily make a woman strongminded.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write [illegible] CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

Fourteen per cent. of the egg is albumen.

Garfield Tea is admittedly the simplest and best remedy for constipation.

German silver is an alloy of nickel, copper and zinc.

HIRES
HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT

Ask for this Box

It's the goodness of this root-beer as well as its tonic properties that make it so great a favorite. [illegible]

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO. [illegible]

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week In Condensed Form.

New Ulm.—John Fraas, a veteran of the civil war, and one of the defenders of New Ulm, committed suicide by shooting.

Willmar.—Hugh Parke, member of a steel gang of a Great Northern construction crew, was run down in the local yards. Both of his legs were cut off

Washington.—Senator Nelson favorably reported the Steenerson bill permitting the village of Oslo, Minn., to build a bridge across the Red River of the North.

New York, N. Y. — Announcement was made here of the engagement of Miss Alice Steel Ide, daughter of Mrs. Charles W. Ide, of this city, to Foster Hannaford, of St. Paul.

Duluth.—Fred Jacobson, aged twenty-four years, formerly a lake sailor, hanged himself near Zim. It is presumed that he was insane. The man's parents reside in Buffalo.

Jackson.—James Brown and team in the town of Minneota were killed by lightning while driving on the highway. His clothing was burned on his body and the buggy totally destroyed.

Red Wing.—John Tittman, aged 35, of Pine Island, took his life. He was a widower and leaves a child 2 years old. When Ottman left his boarding house he told the landlady he was going to take his life.

Brainerd.—Mrs. F. Johnson, aged 19, of this city, committed suicide at Ironton. She attached a cord to a door knob in the pantry and strangled herself on her knees. Her husband missed her when he awoke.

Winona.—Austin W. Lord, formerly of Winona, who began his architectural studies here and who is now head of a leading firm in New York city, has accepted the office of dean of the school of architecture of Columbia university.

Duluth.—Stocks of bonded grain here at the present time are: Wheat, 1,800,000 bushels; oats, 1,600,000 bushels, and flax, 311,000 bushels, a total of stocks of 3,780,000 bushels. The receipts have fallen off to about 8,000 to 9,000 bushels per day.

Ely. — Jacob Makela, a prominent farmer living on the banks of White Iron lake, four miles south of Ely, was shot in the breast while on the way to work on the county road. Makela still is alive. It is believed he was shot by some enemy of the neighborhood.

Barnesville.—John Baker, an iron dealer, was struck by an automobile driven by Ernest Leonhardt, and knocked down and painfully bruised. They were trying to dodge each other when the accident occurred. Baker's injuries are not of a serious nature.

Fergus Falls.—The annual commencement exercises of the Northwestern college of this city will be held on Tuesday, May 28. The other exercises incident to commencement will take place also that week. The commencement speaker will be Rev. L. A. Johnson, D. D., president of Augustana college.

Luverne.—At a meeting of the city council a petition, signed by thirty-five freeholders and voters, was presented, requesting that the books of E. C. Schwartz, late city recorder, be audited. The petition was granted and the state public examiner will make an examination of the books for several years back. A shortage of $250.50 for the last fiscal year has already been discovered and made good by friends and relatives of Schwartz.

Winona.—The only case tried at the May term of the United States court in this city came to speedy ending when Judge Williard directed a dismissal on the ground that facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action had not been presented. The case was that of A. Y. Jameson vs. the United States Land company, in which damages of $214,000 were asked for alleged failure of the defendant to keep a land sale agreement it was said to have made.

St. Paul. — Miss Marjorie Bemis, 18-year-old daughter of Mrs. N. D. Bemis, and Bronson West, son of John D. West, former president of the West Publishing company, were married by the Rev. Maurice D. Edwards, in his study at the Dayton Avenue Presbyterian church. The two have been engaged for some time, but Mrs. Bemis objected to their marrying on account of her daughter's youth. The elopement came immediately after she stated her objections in an interview with West.

Mankato.—The executive committee of the Minnesota Better Development league in a heated session that lasted after midnight, passed resolutions asking the state legislature to adjourn immediately after convening in special session. Nine reasons why this should be done were given in the resolutions and it was asked that if, in the opinion of the legislators, it would not be possible to so adjourn, that the convention limit itself to the primary election law and the corrupt practices act as specified in the call.

$6,500 Launch Is Rammed.

Winona.—E. L. King's palatial new $6,500 launch, the most elaborate on the Mississippi, was badly rammed on its initial trip in front of the levee, by an unknown launch. The stranger, the name of which was not learned, in the excitement swung in front of the new launch, striking it a glancing blow, crumbling its prow and puncturing the front compartment. Although the compartment was ripped open and took in water, the airtight chambers kept the crippled craft afloat until she could be docked.

Minnesota Tennis Players Win in N.Y.

New York, N. Y.—The Minnesota Tennis team defeated the College of New York very easily. The matches being three for the visitors and none for the local college. In the singles Armstrong defeated Wiesenberg by the score of six to two, six to three. Stellwagen played Lensohn and defeated him with equal ease, the score being six to one and six to nothing. In the doubles Minnesota had a walkaway, running through their [illegible]

CANADA'S PROSPERITY.

The New York Times of March 23, 1912, in an article dealing with Canada's progress, says:

"At the present moment eight shiploads of European immigrants are afloat for Canada, while there are signs that the outward movement which is customary with us during labor troubles will be marked this year. There is no such startling record of our loss to Canada. Our citizens quietly slip over the border in groups or trainloads, but their going is not advertised.

"There is no mystery why Canada is the 'good thing' the United States used to be. It is because Canada is following in its neighbor's footsteps that it is repeating the fortunate experience which its neighbor is envying, even while deliberately turning its back on the teachings of the past. A fortnight ago the Dominion budget speech reported the unprecedented surplus of $39,000,000, and on Thursday the Government passed through the Committee on Supply credits of $33,000,000 for railways and canals. With this assistance the railways themselves are both enabled and compelled to increase their facilities. Accordingly we find a single road allotting ten millions for work of its own. Naturally the Canadian newspapers contain announcements calling for fifty thousand men for construction work. This influx is apart from those Americans who go with money in their pockets obtained by cashing in their high-priced American lands.

"A St. Paul dispatch says that within a fortnight two thousand carloads of farm animals and machinery have passed toward Canada, the property of men who expect to pay for their farms with the first crop."

Severely Logical.

It was a Welsh minister who described the devil to a little congregation in a remote Welsh valley. Said the minister:

"The devil is bound round the middle with chains, and round the arms with chains and round the legs with chains. But John Jones," pointing to a man in the front row, "he can reach you; and you, David Evans," pointing to one in the middle row, "he can reach you, and," pointing to one at the back, "John Williams, he can reach you."

And then a man in the gallery called out, "Why, he might as well be loose."—London Globe.

Substitute for Third Degree.

A New York dentist advocates laughing gas as a substitute for the police third degree. He believes that this, the least dangerous of anesthetics, lays open what already is in the mind, unconscious of the search for its secrets. He believes that if a man who has committed a serious crime should be questioned about it during a certain stage of recovery from nitrous oxide, or laughing gas anaesthesia, he would not only reply and truthfully, but half a minute later he would realize fully what he had said.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Later the Better.

Hubby—Understand me, madam, your extravagance will have to cease, sooner or later.

Young Wife—Very well. We'll make it later.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive

About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

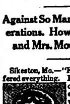
The chronic borrower discovers that some people are so close you can't touch them.

The most stubborn costiveness yields, gently and naturally, to the persuasive action of Garfield Tea.

London is the healthiest capital of Europe.

WOMEN SHOULD BE PROTECTED

Against So Many Surgical Operations. How Mrs. Bethune and Mrs. Moore Escaped.



Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. Dema Bethune, Sikeston, Mo.

Murrayville, Ill.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a very bad case of female trouble and it made me a well woman. My health was all broken down, the doctors said I must have an operation, and I was ready to go to the hospital, but dreaded it so that I began taking your Compound. I got along so well that I gave up the doctors and [illegible]

GOVERNOR PRAISES COLLEGES

ADDRESSES STUDENTS AT GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS.

Dr. Vincent Urges Education For Training Mind and Fostering Spirit.

St. Peter.—Observance of the semi-centennial of Gustavus Adolphus college drew a throng of visitors to St. Peter. Scores of former students at the institution traveled a long distance to attend the fiftieth anniversary, and during the exercises the college auditorium was crowded to its capacity. Just before the program opened the procession of speakers and distinguished visitors marched down the main aisle of the auditorium. The first man to ascend the platform was Erick Norelius of was one of the original class of 11 phus and closely following him came John Olson of Sioux Falls, S. D., who was one of the original class of 11 pupils to enroll at the school when it was established at Red Wing in 1862.

The old master and his gray-haired pupil were warmly applauded as they stood for a moment facing the audience. Dr. Norelius asked the invocation and Dr. J. P. Uhler acting president of the college introduced Governor Eberhart as the first speaker. In doing so he told of the chief magistrate's early struggle when he entered Gustavus Adolphus a penniless youth and in a trifle more than four years worked his way through the institution. The governor said in part: There are a great many problems to solve and we must have Christian institutions like Gustavus Adolphus to help solve them. The problem of our large cities and the problem of making country life attractive are two of the important questions of our time.

It is in these that the influence of schools like Gustavus Adolphus college is needed. This particular school is in need of larger endowment and I would call upon the alumni to start a fund of at least $250,000. In working for the advancement of the institution to which we owe so much we will be working for the advancement of everything that is good and pure and clean in American citizenship.

Dr. George E. Vincent's address was scholarly and brilliant. He said: This is a birthday occasion, a jubilee, a fiftieth anniversary. A college is like a man. A man must have character, must have a permanent steady set of emotions, ideas and habits. A college must be solidified by principles and ideals and a dominant purpose. You stand for a type of education which embraces the training of the education of the whole man, that which looks to his spiritual growth as well as his intellectual development. Any sectarian institution can be of service to the commonwealth by reason of its support of its fragment of God's truth. You should indeed pay homage to that great manager, Norelius. He had courage and he had imagination, and he dreamed a dream. C. G. Schultz of St. Paul, state superintendent of public instruction, brought greetings from the public schools of Minnesota and Dr. John N. Kildahl, president of St. Olaf college from the minor colleges of the state.

$85,000 FOR MACALESTER

Unnamed Benefactors Make Liberal Contribution.

Minneapolis.—Gifts to Macalester college amounting to $85,000 from two unnamed benefactors, were announced at the annual dinner given at Wallace hall by President and Mrs. T. M. Hodgman. Announcement was made by Dr. H. C. Swearingen of the board of trustees, who said that the two gifts of $50,000 and $35,000 are made part of an endownment of $250,000 conditional on the remainder being raised by June 1, 1913. A fund of $467,000 was completed last July, $160,000 going into new buildings and $307,000 being invested as endowment, but deficits still come owing to the growth of the institution. The dinner was a farewell occasion for the senior class and for Professor Frank D. Scott, who leaves at the end of the college year to enter the ministry.

DEMONSTRATION PLOTS

Cass Lake.—Ray W. Labbit of St. Paul, who is connected with the Great Northern railway agricultural extension department, has been in Cass Lake vicinity looking over the territory tentatively with a view to locating later in the season about four demonstration plots under the system plots by the owners of the tracts un which the Great Northern has of paying a premium for the handling of the plots by the owners of the tracts under the supervision of the road's experts. Cass Lake citizens are enthusiastic over the proposition. Mr. Labbitt was shown various suitable tracts and the owners all expressed a desire to cooperate in the work.

LOVE OF WORK IS FATAL

Aged Rushford Man, to Keep Busy, Paints and Has Fall.

Winona.—Ole Glenna of Rushford is dead as the result of a fall from his house, which he was painting. He had recently moved to Rushford from a farm. Though aged he was energetic, and not liking to be idle, started painting. Not being accustomed to working at a height, he lost his balance and fell on a cement walk and was internally injured.

EDITOR IS MISSING.

Minneapolis Man's Canoe Found in Middle of Lake.

Minneapolis. — Mystery surrounds the finding of a canoe in the middle of Lake Harriet and the fact that Harold C. Chapin, president of the Chapin Publishing company and editor of the Improvement Bulletin, is missing. The canoe was found [illegible]

VENICE A CITY OF DREAMS

Many Charms for the Tourist in This Picturesque City of Italy.

To the wanderer in Italy, Venice has a peculiar attraction. Arrive there at sunset, or, better still, by moonlight, and you will fancy yourself transplanted to some city of dreams. With daylight this feeling may wear off to some extent, although there is never, at any time, as much bustle and stir in Venice as in other towns. Morning, noon or night, Venice has a fascination all her own. This is partly due to the fact that she is a city built on the water.

To explore Venice and to become intimately acquainted with her, a gondola is not a necessity, rather it is a luxury for sunset evenings and moonlight nights. It is a delightful experience, and not a difficult one, to find one's way about Venice on foot; quaint, old world corners are discovered, bits of ancient architecture, carved doorways and little bridges, with a feast of color here, there and everywhere. Apart from all the beauty of scenery, there is the enthralling interest evoked by her history and traditions.

Among the traditions we read that St. Theodore was the first patron saint of Venice, to be superseded later on by St. Mark. The wanderer in Venice becomes familiar with the Lion of St. Mark. More prominently than anywhere is it to be seen on one of the columns on the Piazzetta, whilst on the other is St. Theodore. These columns of beautiful red and gray granite are supposed to have come originally from Syria. They were erected by a Lombard engineer.—Christian Endeavor Monitor.

HADN'T PROVEN FRIENDSHIP.

QUICK LUNCH
COFFEE

"Isn't he a good friend of yours?"

"I'm afraid not; he has never tried to borrow money of me."

BABY'S ECZEMA AND BOILS

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged. I dropped the doctor's treatment, and commenced the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruption on his cheeks was almost healed, and his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old, all trace of the eczema was gone.

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies." (Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 24, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

The Scotchmen are the heaviest on the average of all British subjects.

Beauty—real beauty—is more than skin deep. No cosmetic in the world can give the wholesome color, the bright eyes, the clear, transparent skin that is the natural result of pure blood, proper diet and hygienic habits of daily life.

It sounds easy and it is easy for a woman to have the beauty which health alone can give. A safe and efficient tonic if the blood is weak, thin or impure (Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are especially recommended), the avoidance of foods which will cause eruptions, and regular bathing of the skin. That is all and it is the only way. Most ladies, and especially young mothers, will be interested in the following statement:

"After my baby was born," says Mrs. Etta Estes, of No. 333 South Lawndale street, Kansas City, Mo., "I did not gain in strength as I should have. I did not have any color and kept losing in flesh until I was almost a skeleton. I had severe headaches and pains in the side, arms and shoulders. I finally gave up the doctor's treatment in order to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They helped me immediately and I became stronger each day, soon got a better color and am now in the best of health. I am convinced that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do all that is claimed for them and advise any woman who is suffering as I did to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at once and not wait another day."

Write to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Box 176, Schenectady, N. Y., for a free booklet, "Plain Talks to Women." It is an outspoken but perfectly proper little book and should be read by every woman and growing girl. A free sample of the new laxative "Pinklets" will also be sent you. Should you be unable to obtain Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in your locality they will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents per box, six boxes for $2.50.

Best Business Creator.

As a business creator, what is there better than advertising? Have you ever asked that question of yourself? The millions that advertising has made for merchants are uncountable, yet there are business men who even now don't believe in advertising, just as there are people who still think it is safer and more convenient to travel in a prairie schooner behind a pair of slow oxen than in a Pullman palace car. Yet this type of business man is seldom rated in commercial rating books.—Exchange.

Manila to Play Tennis.

The city of Manila is building ten tennis courts for the use of the public in the sunken gardens opposite the city hall. The courts will have the accompaniments of baths, lockers and reading rooms, which will be made by transforming the bastion near Victoria gate into an up-to-date club.

A girl thinks a young man who spends money freely is the whole thing—but if she marries him and finds he has spent it all she changes her mind.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Street gas lamps were first used in London in 1807.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A man never complains of his wife's relations—if she hasn't any.

Beware of Spring's sudden changes; keep Garfield Tea at hand. Drink hot on retiring.

A North Dakota man has an 11-foot beard.

The Negative.

The Questioner—But really, Mr. Smith, if, as you say, you know, I didn't love you, I don't see why you expected me to marry you?

The Rejected—Well, I know you're frightfully modern and cosmopolitan and all that sort of thing, don't you know; and so, of course, I thought I should come in on the "marriage de convenance" ramp.—The Sketch.

More important than the choice of President is the selection of Garfield Tea as *the* remedy for constipation and biliousness.

The term reverend was first applied to a clergyman in 1657.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Old Oaken Bucket filled to the brim with cold, clear purity—no such water nowadays. Bring back the old days with a glass of Coca-Cola

It makes one think of everything that's pure and wholesome and delightful. Bright, sparkling, teeming with palate joy—it's your soda fountain old oaken bucket.

Free Our new Booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

Demand the Genuine as made by THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Pomade Vaseline

A choice dressing and preservative for the hair. Highly refined; delicately perfumed.

Checks dandruff and keeps scalp in healthy condition.

Pomade Vaseline is put up in attractive bottles and in collapsible tubes. [illegible]

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, where you can secure a Free Homestead or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be higher. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Many farmers have paid for their land out of the proceeds of one crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emptions of 160 acres at $3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates; wood, water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

[illegible]

Please write to the agent nearest you.

ALBERTA FARMS FARMS

W. WEEKS & CO., 30 White Ave. Edmonton South

If you are contemplating coming to Edmonton District, Alberta, write us for list of our farms for sale. Inquiries answered promptly.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY [illegible]

THERAPION [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1912. NUMBER 48.

GOV. EBERHART SENDS MESSAGE

STATES HIS VIEWS TO SPECIAL SESSION OF MINNESOTA LEGISLATURE.

ASKS THREE NEW LAWS

Primary for All Elective Offices, Stringent Corrupt Practices Act and Reapportionment Bill Are Recommended.

St. Paul.—Governor A. O. Eberhart sent the following to the special session of the Minnesota legislature:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Minnesota:

You have been convened in extraordinary session at this time for the purpose of enacting into law three measures demanded by the people of this state, to-wit:

1. A statewide direct primary law for the nomination of all elective officials, national and state.

2. A stringent and effective corrupt practices act, applicable to both the nomination and election of all public officials.

3. A reapportionment of the legislative districts as required by and in accordance with the constitution of the state.

These three measures were fully considered by you at your last session and you are therefore thoroughly familiar with the subject matter of each. Hence no elaborate or detailed discussion of them is required of me at this time, but a brief reference to each measure is due and proper.

Direct Primary Law.

Minnesota has been a pioneer in the enactment of direct primary legislation. The first step was taken in 1899, when a direct primary law was enacted for Hennepin county.

At the following session—1901—this law was amended in some particulars, extended to the whole state and included all positions except state officers and certain minor officials. Since that date it has governed our political action in making party nominations for office.

Tried by more than ten years of actual experience in this state, the direct primary law has so established itself in the judgment and convictions of the people that no aspirant for public favor would have the hardihood to propose its repeal. It simply substitutes the direct action of the people themselves for the system of delegated authority exemplified in conventions. It makes public officials directly responsible to the people and it makes the people directly responsible for the selection of their representatives. It eliminates the domination of special interests by placing the people—who are the source of all political power—in direct control.

The insistent demand of the people for the right of direct and unhindered participation in all matters of government is attested by their unswerving support of the existing direct primary law and by the passage at your last session of a law for the direct nomination and practically direct election of United States senators. The recent action of the congress of the United States in proposing an amendment to the federal constitution providing for the election of United States senators directly by the people is a further proof of the settled purpose of the people to exercise their political power directly and not through representative bodies.

Under the constitution, you are the lawmaking power of this state, and it is primarily your right and duty to determine what the law shall be, and in reaching that determination it is for you to consider the various details of the proposed legislation. Whether or not the direct primary law shall be non-partisan, what provisions it shall contain as to second choice, just how it shall be applied to the selection of delegates to national conventions and many other questions of detail which will arise in the consideration of this measure, are for you to primarily determine, and it is not my purpose to suggest any particular plan of direct primary, but confidently relying on your wisdom and patriotism, I earnestly recommend the prompt passage of a law providing for the nomination of all public officials by a direct vote of the people.

Corrupt Practices Law.

To pass a direct primary law without enacting a stringent and effective corrupt practices act would be to merely adopt the nomenclature of reform and reject the reform itself. The present law on the subject—passed over seventeen years ago—has, according to common report and belief, been "more honored in the breach than observance," and should be supplemented by a law that absolutely eliminates the improper use of money in conducting campaigns for nomination and election.

Legislative Reapportionment.

Section 23, Article IV, of the Constitution of the state, provides: "The legislature shall provide by law for an enumeration of the inhabitants of this state in the year 1865 and every tenth year thereafter. At their first session after each enumeration so made and also at their first session after each enumeration made by the authority of the United States, the legislature shall have the power to prescribe the bounds of congressional, senatorial and representative districts, and to apportion anew the senators and representatives among the several districts, according to the provisions of Section 2 of this Article."

Section 2, Article IV, provides: "The number of members who compose the senate and house of representatives shall be prescribed by law, but the representation in the senate shall never exceed one member for every 5,000 inhabitants, and in the house of representatives one member for every two thousand inhabitants. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned equally throughout the different sections of the state, in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law."

The last legislative apportionment was made in 1897, over fifteen years ago, and it is a matter of common knowledge that representation in our legislature today is grossly unequal under the constitutional provisions just quoted.

In the last campaign all political parties in their platforms distinctly pledged the people a legislative reapportionment as required by the constitution. You were unable to pass a legislative reapportionment at the last session, but in this special session, with but few subjects pressing for your consideration, failure to pass a legislative reapportionment in accordance with the constitution would be a deliberate defiance of the right of the people to govern themselves. To deny the people equal representation in the lawmaking branch of their government is to strike down the fundamental principle of popular government by subjecting the majority to the rule of the minority.

I earnestly recommend the early passage of a legislative reapportionment according to the constitution.

Direct Election of United States Senators.

The legislature of Minnesota has repeatedly memorialized the congress to provide for the direct election of United States senators, and congress has at last proposed such an amendment. I herewith transmit this amendment for your consideration and recommend its immediate ratification.

Federal Income Tax.

The last legislature failed to ratify the proposed amendment to the United States constitution providing for a federal income tax, and I herewith again transmit this proposed amendment for your consideration and recommend its ratification.

Congressional Reapportionment.

Since your adjournment congress has assigned ten members of the national house of representatives to the state of Minnesota, instead of nine, as at present. This necessitates the redistricting of the state into ten congressional districts, and there is no valid reason why this session should not provide for such congressional reapportionment.

A. O. EBERHART,
Governor of Minnesota.

Reapportionment, the rock upon which state administration and legislature split last session, is the issue between house and senate in the special session of the legislature which convenes at 11 o'clock this morning. A deadlock between the two houses is threatened.

Effort on the part of the senators to sign up a majority of members pledged to consider nothing but the passage of a direct primary law and a corrupt practices act, succeeded, and the quiet announcement was given out that the senate was prepared to "stand pat." Before doing so, an alliance with the Democrats was formed.

On the other hand, the house members gathered and decided upon a course of action in direct opposition to the position of the senators. They drew a circle around six things for which they propose to stand.

These measures are:

State-wide primary law.

Corrupt practices act.

Federal income tax amendment.

Federal amendment relative to election of United States senators.

Increase in the gross earnings tax for railroads.

Reapportionment.

Insistence by the house members upon this program means a deadlock between house and senate, which may become a test of endurance. It was decided by the house members that they would agree upon a program relative to the state-wide primary, the corrupt practices act and the two federal amendments to the constitution, but gross earnings and reapportionment might come from the floor if there should develop a desire to introduce them, and there is no doubt but such a desire exists.

Refuses to Support Senator Root.

Madison, Wis. — Gov. Francis E. McGovern of Wisconsin, chairman of the Wisconsin delegation to the Republican national convention, in a telegram answering an appeal by William Barnes, Jr., of New York, refused the support of Wisconsin for Senator Elihu Root as temporary chairman of the convention. Governor McGovern's reply said Senator Root represented "political views and methods that could not be sanctioned at the Chicago convention," and that Root's selection would invite defeat.

FRENCH KILL MOORS.

Column Under Gen. Lyautay Makes Successful Sally.

Fez, Morocco.—A strong column sent out by General Lyautay, the French commander, dispersed the tribesmen six miles outside of Fez. The French artillery shelled the camp inflicting heavy loss on the tribesmen, who have been making continuous attacks against the city. The French casualties numbered nine men killed and 28 wounded.

SPECIAL SESSION BEGINS WITH CLASH

SENATE PICKS TWO, HOUSE SIX SUBJECTS FOR LEGISLATION.

GOV READS HIS MESSAGE

Senators Vote to Consider Only Primary and Corrupt Practice Bills.—Constitutional Amendments.

The house and senate assembled for an extra session of the Minnesota legislature, took different courses immediately. One of the first acts of the house was to name a program of six subjects in a new rule under which nothing else is to be considered except on a two-thirds vote of the whole house. The program is as follows:

Statewide primary law.

Corrupt practices act.

Reapportionment.

Ratification of income tax

Ratification of amendment for direct election of United States senators.

Increase in gross earnings taxes

Senator George Sullivan introduced joint resolutions providing for the ratification by the legislature of the constitutional amendments proposed by congress.

Two Election Bills Offered.

Senator W. W. Dunn of St. Paul introduced two election bills. The first provides for extension of the direct primary to state officers, but excluding judges, and permitting nominations to be filed by petition of fifty electors. The second provides for a presidential preference primary vote to be taken when delegates are elected to a convention for nominating presidential electors. It also provides for rotation of names in the general election ballot when two or more persons are to be elected to the same office.

Senator Frank Murray introduced the fifth and last bill of the day, a lengthy corrupt practices act.

He proposes to prohibit all hiring of conveyances to take voters to the polls and all watchers and workers at the polls. The bill limits expenditures of candidates to $7,500 for candidates for United States senate; $2,500 for congress; $5,000 for governor; $2,000 for other state officers; $400 for state senators; $150 for house members; $500 for presidential electors, and for all county, city and village officers, one-third of the first year's salary.

The senate agreement absolutely excludes all subjects except the first two on the house list. Both houses disagree with the stand taken by Governor A. O. Eberhart, the senate refusing his request to take up reapportionment, and the house adding a gross earnings tax bill to his program.

That a close watch is to be kept on expenses for "supplies" was indicated in the senate when Senator S. B. Bedford introduced a resolution authorizing the secretary of the senate to purchase stationery and typewriter supplies.

Joint Session Is Brief.

The senators took seats in the house chamber and the joint convention was called to order at 12:30 p. m. by Speaker H. H. Dunn. The roll call was called for both houses by Oscar Arneson, chief clerk of the house, and Governor Eberhart was then escorted up the aisle by the joint committee to a seat beside the speaker. Lieutenant Governor S. Y. Gordon sat on the other side of the speaker. Reading of the message took less than fifteen minutes. References to reapportionment were applauded. The formal message transmitting the proposed amendment for direct election of senators was read and on motion of Representative W. I. Nolan the joint convention arose.

The senate convened at 11 a. m. with Lieutenant Governor Gordon in the chair. Senator John Moonan, acting as temporary secretary, read the governor's call for the session, the roll was called and resolutions naming elective officers and employees were passed.

George W. Peachey, Owatonna, was re-elected secretary; James H. Ege, Minneapolis, sergeant-at-arms; Rev. A. D. Stow of Minneapolis, chaplain; Oswald Mahland of Minneapolis, engrossing clerk; W. E. Hutchinson of Eagle Bend, enrolling clerk; D. W. Meeker of Moorhead, assistant secretary. The senate appointed two doorkeepers, a consulting clerk, a janitor, a cloakroom keeper, a messenger, six stenographers and three pages, one-fourth of the usual number of appointments.

All the preliminary formalities in the house were framed in advance by a gathering of the leaders meeting with Speaker H. H. Dunn. In conformance with the arrangements, Representative Cleon T. Knapp called the roll and read the governor's proclamation calling the session.

Representative J. A. A. Burnquist presented a resolution re-electing the old officers of the house, eleven in number, beginning with H. H. Dunn, speaker, and Oscar Arneson, chief clerk, and Rev. Moses E. Maxwell, chaplain.

The house adopted a resolution of Representative George MacKenzie, the committee on legislature was increased to twenty-three members and the committee on elections, general legislative taxes and tax laws each be increased to thirty-one members, three from each of the nine congressional districts and four at large. No member to serve on more than one committee.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

DELEGATES TO DEM. STATE CONVENTION

St. Paul.—Returns gathered from the Minnesota county Democratic conventions indicate a disposition on the part of the Wilson adherents, who easily carried the Minnesota caucuses, to leave their delegates to the Duluth convention uninstructed, so that if they see fit they may swing into line for Bryan. Champ Clark delegates carried few counties. The figures follow:

	Wilson	Clark	Bryan	Uninstd.
Aitkin	5	..	..	..
Beltrami	..	..	..	7
Benton	3	..	..	..
Blue Earth	..	..	..	19
Brown	..	..	..	14
Carlton	6	..	..	..
Chippewa	8	..	..	..
Clay	..	..	..	11
Clearwater	..	..	..	3
Crow Wing	..	..	..	7
Dakota	..	..	..	16
Douglas	10	..	..	..
Faribault	..	..	..	10
Fillmore	..	..	..	11
Freeborn	..	..	..	10
Goodhue	..	..	..	11
Grant	5	..	..	..
Hennepin	131	..	..	..
Houston	..	..	..	8
Itasca	7	..	..	..
Jackson	10	..	..	..
Kandiyohi	9	..	..	..
Koochiching	..	..	..	5
Lake	3	..	..	..
Le Sueur	..	..	..	10
McLeod	14	..	..	..
Mahnomen	3	..	..	..
Marshall	8	..	..	..
Mille Lacs	..	5	..	..
Morrison	14	..	..	..
Mower	..	..	..	12
Murray	..	..	..	8
Nicollet	..	..	..	9
Nobles	..	..	..	9
Norman	..	..	15	..
Olmstead	..	..	7	..
Ottertail	..	..	..	21
Polk	17	..	..	..
Ramsey	..	95	..	..
Red Lake	..	..	..	8
Renville	13	..	..	..
Redwood	11	..	..	..
Rice	..	..	..	15
Rock	..	..	..	6
St. Louis	38	..	..	..
Scott	..	14	..	..
Stearns	32	..	..	..
Steele	..	..	..	12
Swift	9	..	..	..
Todd	..	..	12	..
Wabasha	..	..	..	12
Wadena	..	..	..	6
Washington	..	..	..	11
Watonwan	..	..	..	6
Wilkin	..	..	7	..
Winona	..	..	..	27
Totals	360	114	34	301

CREAMERY A SUCCESS

Country About Akeley, Minn., Ideal for Dairying.

Akeley. — The Akeley creamery, which opened its doors last week, is doing a larger business than was expected by its most optimistic supporters. The butter produced is of excellent quality. Farmers are buying good milch cows. Several carloads are expected the next ten days. The country tributary is ideal for dairying purposes and it is expected Akeley's creamery will grow to large proportions.

The Akeley Automobile club has purchased six split-log road drags and is co-operating with the good roads committee of the Commercial club in the work of building fine roads into this city. Every automobile is equipped with an ax and shovels, and wherever the owner or driver finds a bad spot he is supposed to repair it. The supervisors have also purchased a road planer and are doing splendid work. The Akeley-Brainerd road is said to be one of the best in the state.

STATE WILL PLAT LAND.

Forty-Acre Tracts Will Be Put on Sale in Northern Section.

St. Paul.—Forty-acre tracts of land belonging to the state and adjoining such towns as Virginia, Chisholm, Hibbing, Ely and other thriving little cities in the northern part of the state, probably will be platted soon and placed on the market, according to S. G. Iverson, state auditor, who returned to his office yesterday after a trip of inspection.

In some instances the land will be platted into city lots, while in others it will be sold in five-acre and ten-acre tracts, for use as small farms. Mr. Iverson will hold a conference with the Attorney General, State Treasurer and Governor Eberhart before taking action.

$3,500,000 MORTGAGE.

Pittsburgh Company Pays Duluth County Treasurer $11,200 Fee.

St. Paul.—Mortgage executed by the Pittsburgh Coal Dock and Wharf company to the Union Trust company of Pittsburgh, has been received at the office of S. G. Iverson, State auditor, to be recorded. The mortgage is for $3,500,000 and 64 per cent of the company's property is at Duluth. The holdings there are worth $1,979,534. On this the company will pay a mortgage registry tax of $11,200.

PROF VANTINE DECLINES

University of Michigan Man Decides Not to Come to Minnesota.

Ann Arbor, Mich. — Prof. Claude Halstead Vantine, head of the department of history of the University of Michigan, has decided to decline the offer of the University of Minnesota recently tendered him to become dean of the graduate school and head of the department of history [illegible]

EXPERTS DRAW CROWDS.

Agricultural Special Greeted by 3,600 People at Fourteen Stops.

Brainerd.—The agricultural special train operated by the Northern Pacific railway in conjunction with the state agricultural college was in Brainerd.

"The trip," said Daniel E. Willard, development agent of the Northern Pacific, "has arroused the greatest interest and enthusiasm among the farmers. The fourteen stops made drew 3,600 people. Thirty-five per cent of the farmers have asked that the agricultural propaganda be continued and that personal visits be made to their farms."

C. H. Welch, in charge of the farm machinery, and lecturing on strawberries and small fruit, tabulated the attendance at different points: Wrenshall, 150; Wright, 160; Tamarack, 270; McGregor, 300; Aitkin, 490; Deerwood, 230; Pillager, 240; Motley, 275; Staples, 235; Philbrook, 240; Lincoln, 60; Randall ,350; Little Falls, 350; Fort Ripley, 300. In McGregor, Rev. Lavoy, the Methodist minister in charge of twelve churches, had farmers present from all congregations.

Prof. Thomas Shaw lectured on alfalfa and clover, laying particular egress on the fact that alfalfa is adapted to this section. He also lectured on live stock. W. H. Tomhave lectured on horses, the train carrying Percheron and Clyde horses, also cattle and sheep. The cattle include Shorthorn, Holstein and Guernsey. F. H. Scribner covered dairy improvement and the elimination of poor cows. R. M. Washburn spoke on the feeding of cows. C. E. Brown, the Elk River "potato king," paid special attention to the raising of potatoes and the growing of uniform varieties for shipment. N. E. Chapman and C. E. Brown of Crookston lectured on poultry.

In Brainerd the staff was joined by O. M. Olson of St. Paul, who will speak on soil and farm management. A. B. Hostetter of the Duluth Commercial club spoke on clover and potato marketing and co-operation. The office car of General Manager Gemmell of the Minnesota and International railway was attached in Brainerd and he will accompany the special on its trip north on the line. Lectures are given in two, and sometimes three, coaches simultaneously.

To Hold Good Roads Session.

Taylors Falls.—June 12th and 13th is booked for a state Good Roads convention. An invitation will be extended to the special session of the legislature and every improvement league throughout the state to have representation at this first Good Roads meeting since the decision favoring the constitutionality of the Elwell law. June 26th and 27 the St. Croix River Improvement association will hold their annual convention at the park, and an effort is under way to have this the best waterways convention ever held.

Minister's Residence Burned.

Eagle Lake.—The residence of Rev. N. B. Foote, pastor of the Methodist church, was destroyed by fire, and Mr. Foote and wife and Miss Dorothy Watts, who lives with them, had a narrow escape. They were asleep and did not know of the fire until aroused by neighbors. The dwelling burned at a loss of $5,000, and insurance of $2,900. Mr. Foote's fine library was consumed, as also $500 in cash his wife had saved during many years.

Thief River Falls Papers Merge.

Thief River Falls.—An important business deal was closed in this city today, whereby two newspapers consolidated and will hereafter be issued as one. M. C. Cutter, who recently purchased the Thief River Falls News, bought the Press. The material in the Press office will be moved to the News and as a newspaper the former will cease to exist.

Fined for Illegal Fishing.

Little Falls.—Deputy Game Warden Grest caused three arrests for the illegal catching of fish in the Mississippi river at this point. The fishermen were charged with catching croppies with a net. One man pleaded guilty and paid a fine of $25 and costs. The two others had their cases continued.

Four Horses Killed; Driver Escapes.

St. Peter.—Christian Larson, employed as a hired man on the farm of Andrew Pehrson of New Sweden township, narrowly escaped death while at work in a field. He had four horses hitched to a drag and a bolt of lightning struck the animals, killing all of them. He was stunned by the shock, but received no other injury.

MAIL BOXES ROBBED

Farmers Near Redwood Falls Make Complaint.

Redwood Falls.—Postmaster A. H. King of this city has received several complaints from farmers living on the Morton road near this city to the effect that their mail boxes had been looted and robbed. The boxes were torn down and scattered along the road [illegible]

SENATOR KERN.

John W. Kern, senator from Indiana, opened the debate on the Lorimer case in the senate on behalf of the supporters of the minority report which finds against the Illinois senator.

REBELS NEARING SANTIAGO

PRESENCE OF U. S. VESSEL IS DEEMED ADVISABLE.

Constitutional Guarantees Suspended in the Province of Oriente.

Havana, June 5.—The senate committee on laws reported a recommendation for the passage of a law empowering President Gomez to suspend the constitutional guarantees, but only in the province of Oriente. The suspension of the guarantees in the other provinces was considered unnecessary and inadvisable, especially on account of the approaching elections. The bill doubtless will pass both houses.

The text of the report of the committee was communicated immediately to the American minister, Arthur M. Beaupre. The American consul at Santiago, Ross E. Holaday, expressed to General Monteagudo, the Cuban commander in chief, that in his opinion it would be advisable to have an American warship stationed at Santiago where there is acute alarm on account of the presence of strong bodies of rebels which have advanced and exchanged shots with the police and volunteer guards. It is reported that the United States gunboat Paducah will arrive at Santiago soon.

Sixteen negroes who were confined in jail at Guanajay, on the charge of conspiracy escaped. They were pursued and eight were killed and one captured.

Extraordinary police precautions continue at Havana in consequence of the persistence of the rumors of an intended negro uprising. Many American families are arriving at Havana from the outlying districts.

BASEBALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, 16; Louisville, 0.
Toledo, 4; Milwaukee, 3.
Columbus, 5; St. Paul, 1.
Indianapolis, 12-5; Kansas City, 4-8.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Mpls.	31	16	.660	St. Paul	20	29	.408
Toledo	31	16	.660	Ind'pls.	19	31	.380
Columbus	32	17	.653	Milwaukee	17	29	.370
Kan. City	27	24	.529	Louisville	15	29	.341

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 5; Boston, 1.
Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 0.
Washington, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Detroit, 14; New York, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	30	13	.698	Wash.	22	21	.512
Boston	27	14	.659	Cleveland	20	20	.500
Detroit	23	21	.523	New York	13	25	.342
Phila.	19	18	.514	St. Louis	13	30	.302

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 2; Boston, 1.
Cincinnati, 2; Brooklyn, 0.
Philadelphia, 17; Pittsburg, 4.
New York, 14; St. Louis, 9.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	26	7	.788	St. Louis	20	23	.465
Cincinnati	24	16	.600	Phila.	16	19	.457
Chicago	22	17	.564	Brooklyn	12	25	.324
Pittsburg	18	19	.486	Boston	12	29	.310

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, June 5.—Wheat, July, $1.14¾; Sept., $1.08¾; No. 1 northern, $1.15¾; No. 2 northern, $1.13¼; No. 1 durum, $1.10; No. 3 corn, 68c; No. 3 white oats, 51c; barley, malting, $1.16; No. 2 rye, 83½c; No. 1 flax, $2.28.

South St. Paul, June 5.—Cattle—Steers, $4.50@4.75; cows, $4.00@6.50; calves, $8.00; hogs, $7.00@7.35; sheep and lambs, $3.50@7.50.

Chicago, June 5. — Wheat prices showed a tendency to rise today on account of the continued absence of moisture in Nebraska and Kansas. Reports indicated that the condition of the crop in the first named state had fallen off 9 to 30 per cent as compared with a week ago. Whole sections were said to have been killed outright by hot winds. Suspension of a prominent concern in Liverpool led also to an uneasy feeling on the part of shorts. On the other hand, foreign crop prospects were generally favorable. The opening here ranged from ½c lower to ¼@½c up. September started at $1.06⅛@1.06¼, a gain of a shade to ¼@½c, and mounted to $1.06⅝.

Statements that wheat in the western part of Nebraska was a failure caused a further advance, but the market eased off on reports of rain in a few points in both Kansas and Nebraska. The close was easy at $1.06⅜ for September, a net gain of ¼@⅜c.

Although corn appeared easy at the outset as a result of the fine weather the market later hardened with wheat. Trade, however, was not large. July opened a sixteenth off to a like advance, at 72⅞@73c and ascended to 73⅜c.

Moderate buying independent of a leading house gave firmness to oats. The big cash sales here yesterday helped the bulls. July started a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 49⅜@49½c, touched 49⅝c and railed to 49⅜c.

Selling pressure on ribs depressed the provision market as a whole. Demand for pork and lard was decidedly slow. Initial sales varied from last night's level to 10c below, with September delivery $18.75@18.82½ for pork, $11.07½@11.10 for lard, and $10.57½@10.60 for ribs.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, June 5.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500; market slow. Beeves, $6.00@ 9.25; Texas steers, $6.40@8.10; western steers [illegible]

AFTER THE GRIP PURIFY THE BLOOD

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Best Blood Builder and Will Cure You as They Cured This Woman.

It is of the utmost importance to your health, if you have suffered from the grip, that you cleanse the blood of the lingering germs and put it in condition to resist disease.

After the acute attack the sufferer is left with a debilitated system, is short of breath upon the slightest exertion and is affected by every change of weather. The system is in such a weakened condition that it is powerless to resist the attack of such diseases as pneumonia and bronchitis.

This is a condition which emphatically calls for a tonic for the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose for they act directly on the blood which they cleanse of all impurities. They tone up the nerves and give health and strength to the debilitated system.

The debility which follows an attack of the grip can only be cured by making the blood rich and red. This Dr. Williams' Pink Pills never fail to do promptly and it explains how they cured Mrs. F. R. Boyd, of No. 607 South Ninth street, Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

"I was never well after an attack of the grip a few years ago until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before this I had found nothing that helped me. I was all run down, pale and thin. My appetite was poor and my head ached continually. I didn't feel like myself at all.

"Someone finally recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me and I found them just the medicine for my case. They gave me a hearty appetite and a good, clear color. I got back my vitality and was soon a well woman. I can safely say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do all that is claimed for them. I heartily recommend them."

If you are suffering from after-effects of the grip or other wasting disease, try the remedy that has cured so many stubborn cases, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, upon receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A copy of our booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," is free on request.

His Weakness.

Howell—I see that Rowell has gone into bankruptcy again.

Powell—Yes, failing is his failing.

A Quarter Century

Before the public. Over Five Million Free Samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples proves the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Tired, Aching, Swollen Tender feet. Sample free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Strike Breakers of Old.

Elijah was being fed by the ravens. "I don't care if the waiters do strike," he boasted.

Cole's Carbolisalve quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

There's music in the squall of a baby—to its mother.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Patience is but lying to and riding out of the gale.—Beecher.

Discriminating persons should know that Garfield Tea is a uniquely efficient remedy for liver troubles and costiveness.

Love recognizes the frigid mitt when it gets the shake.

WIFE'S HEALTH RESTORED

Husband Declared Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Would Restore Her Health, And It Did.

Ashland, Ky.—"Four years ago I seemed to have everything the matter with me. I had female and kidney trouble and was so bad off I could hardly rest day or night. I doctored with all the best doctors in town and took many kinds of medicine but nothing did any good until I tried your wonderful remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. My husband said it would restore my health and it has."—Mrs. MAY WYATT, Ashland, Ky.

There are probably hundreds of thousands of women in the United States who have been benefitted by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over thirty years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering.

Read What Another Woman says:

Camden, N. J.—"I had female trouble and a serious displacement and was discouraged and unable to do my work. My doctors told me I never could be cured without an operation, but thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am cured of [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

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TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN
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We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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Apply to.....
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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Saturday, June 8, 1912.

Senator Rockne of Zumbrota has a name for the extra session. He calls it "a post mortem investigation of a political suicide."

Two men, J. A. Peterson, of Minneapolis, and Congressman Lindbergh, of Little Falls, are both after Nelson's senatorial shoes, though Knute has not yet signified his intention to doff them without a fight.

A decision of the supreme court of Minnesota just handed down renders void a law passed by the last legislature prohibiting the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine colored in imitation of butter.

This will be a good year to revive interest in the Fourth of July as a national birthday. But omit the deadly firecracker and other explosives. Let there be picinics and sports, together with patriotic speeches and other programs of popular interest, but cut out the maiming and killing of boys and men.

Alvah Eastman, veteran St. Cloud editor, is out to succeed Congressmen Chas. A. Lindbergh, who is an avowed candidate to succeed U. S. Senator, Knute Nelson. Mr. Eastman has for years been one of the leading and most forceful editors in the state and if elected to the national house would undoubtedly soon rank high among the Washington legislators.

County politics seem to be warming up and it will, probably not be long before things are moving at a lively pace. Only four filings have been recorded so far at the auditor's office but there are several candidates who have signified their intention of filing later and who are already doing a little campaigning. The conditions in this county do not warrant many changes in officials but it is hard to tell at this early date just what the outcome will be.—Times.

The first case in the state under the new law which grants action for damages against saloonkeepers who sell liquor to persons who afterward become injured and killed, was tried at Ada last week. The widow of John Choudek, at Seaforth, Minn., received $1000. Her husband was killed by an automobile near Wanda last September, after he had been sold liquor by the saloonkeepers of that place.

This would be a good time to settle the southern delegate question. States that maintain no bona fide republican state, district or county organizations should have no voice in a republican national convention. As a rule, those chosen delegates in those states are a venal lot, with no concern in republican success except the federal patronage it will enable them to dispense among themselves and their personal friends. A reform in the constitution of our national conventions has been needed for many years. Every time there is a contest for the presidential nomination scandals arise in connection with the election of the delegates from most of the southern states. The Chicago convention will be derelict in its duty. if it fails to take this matter up and properly dispose of it.

Excursion

An excursion consisting of leading Minneapolis manufacturers, jobbers, bankers, and business men will leave Minneapolis Sunday evening, June 16, for a six days' tour of northern Minnesota. This excursion is arranged and conducted by the trade extension committee of the Minneapolis Civic & Commerce association.

The excursion will leave Minneapolis Sunday, June 16, via Crookston to Winnipeg, thence to Warroad, Bemidji, International Falls, Brainerd, and return to Minneapolis Saturday, June 22.

The party will be in St. Hilaire, southbound, Wednesday, June 19, from 1 to 1:15 p. m.

For Wilson

The democratic convention at Duluth instructed the delegates to Baltimore to support Woodrow Wilson for president.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council held June 3, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of the meeting held May 11 and May 20 read and approved as read.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

John Forseen, salary and special labor	$26.70
Spectator, publishing proceedings May and resolution for sidewalks	13.90
G. I. Fellman, street work	17.35
Adolph Satterberg, street work	17.00
Hans Wilson, cleaning well	1.00
George Bakko, labor	3.35
Ted Hackett, labor	.90
Gust Anderson, labor	5.10
David Soderman, labor	5.25
Albert Severson, street work	16.00
Henry Gunstad, labor	2.75
St. Hilaire Retail Lbr. Co., lumber	12.15

On motion duly made and carried the recorder was instructed to procure a complete list of the property delinquent in St. Hilaire with the amount of delinquent taxes against same, with a view of forcing a disposal of same for taxes.

On motion duly made and carried unanimously, the following ordinance was passed;

The village council of the village of St. Hilaire do ordain as follows:

Section 1: No automobile, motor vehicle or motor cycle shall be propelled or operated on any street within the village at a rate of exceeding 5 miles an hour, and on roads within the corporation at a rate of more than 8 miles an hour.

Section 2. Any person who shall violate section 1 of this ordinance shall be guilty of misdemeanor.

Section 3: This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Express vs Parcels Post

The house of representatives favors an express bill fixing rates on express shipments according to zones. For example, for distances between points 2,000 miles apart, or less, the rate would be 12 cents a pound; 1,200 miles apart, or less, 7 cents a pound; 800 miles or less, 5 cents; 600 miles or less, 4 cents; and 250 miles or less, 2 cents a pound. The minimum charge would be 10 cents.

While this is a desperate effort to head off parcels post, it is a great improvement over present conditions. It would not allow any extra charge when a shipment required to be transferred from one express company to another; the total distance would be the only basis of rate, and the express companies would have to divide pro rata. The rural mail routes would be utilized in connection with express companies under this law. The bill has passed the house and is now up to the senate.

We do not fully endorse it, by any means, as a substitute for parcels post. Under parcels post, packages weighing not to exceed eleven pounds could be mailed between any two postoffices, no matter what the distance. Besides, the postal service, including the carrying of small packages, ought to belong to the government; we have had enough of private express monopolies.—Northwestern Agriculturist.

Will Build Road

The decision of the supreme court upholding the Elwell road law was received in no county with more enthusiasm than in Pennington, as the test case originated in this county, arising out of application for a grant for the construction of a state highway running from Thief River Falls east to the extreme end of the county.

The application was made for $20,000, which is now available and which will be expended under the supervision.

The county commissioners have been called into special session to complete the formality incident to the securing of the loan. All papers connected with the application have been in the correct form and nothing now remains but to complete the proceedings.

The proposed highway will be twenty miles long and running direct east without any bend or turn. The country is all settled and is very rich level prairie land, every foot of which is under cultivation, or else is possible of such action. The farmers welcome the new era of road making, though in this section of the state are found the famous ditch grades, which are considered the most modern roadway now constructed. They are broad, level and well packed and run for hundreds of miles all through the drained region.

Historical Literature

Have you noticed a series of articles running in The Spectator under the above heading? If not, turn over the pages at once and read the two which appear this week. When you have done this you will be on the look out for next week's issue to read more of them.

These fascinating historical sketches consist of about forty-eight articles which will be run two each week. The stories were written by Albert Payson Terhune for the New York World and were copyrighted by that paper. We have secured the right to insert them in The Spectator and feel sure our readers will find them instructing and entertaining.

Mission Conference

A Sunday school and Young People's conference representing the Scandinavian Mission churches of the Red River Valley, will be held at Vega the 20th to 22nd of June. Character of the conference lectures, debates, speeches, and also a good program will be rendered by the young people. Everybody welcome. Anyone wanting to attend this conference must write Charles Nestberg, R. F. D. No. 1, Warren, Minn. Rigs will meet at Mars Siding on the Soo Line and at Argyle on the Great Northren the 20th and 21st. When writing be sure you state which road you come.

ANDREW NORDGREN,
HANNAH M. GUSTAFSON,
B. A. VERKLUND,
Committee.

Found Dead in Bed

At six o'clock Sunday evening Dr. Clark was found dead in bed in a room at the hotel at Plummer, to which he had retired about an hour earlier. Death was due to acute alcoholism and the cause of death was so evident that an inquest was not considered necessary.

No indications of suicide were found upon examination of the body. Depositions of a few witnesses were taken. These brought out the fact that Dr. Clark went from Thief River Falls to Plummer Wednesday and from that time until his death he had been drinking heavily and had taken no nourishment. Because of excessive indulgence he had become a nervous wreck and his body could no longer withstand the assault.

The deceased was formerly located at Plummer, but had recently moved to Thief River Falls.

Worst Enemies and Best Friends

According to dispatches from Washington, Col. Roosevelt's worst enemies in the present campaign are about to prove themselves his best friends. That is, provided there is a sound basis for the statement that the republican national committee intends to steam-roller the colonel out of as many delegates as possible, and, in the language of the correspondent, "give him ample excuse" to bolt the Chicago convention.

Truly "whom the gods would destroy they first make mad." No more suicidal idea than this ever was conceived by a passion-blinded political tyranny. If there has been any one thing in the campaign thus far that was entitled to the adjective "marvelous," it has been the hold that Col. Roosevelt has shown himself to have on the minds—and votes—of the people, where the people have had an opportunity to express their preferences. All the attacks and innuendos, all the cajolery and patronage that the backers of President Taft and the president himself could bring to bear, have served only to intensify the remarkableness of the colonel's position.

Now picture what would happen if the Taft men, by the exercise of simple power and opportunity, override the Roosevelt delegates, deny them rights to which they could show themselves entitled, if they were given a chance, seat the administration men in place of their opponents irrespective of the merits of the two hundred and some odd contests—in brief, if the Taft forces give their rivals "ample excuse" to bolt.

That there would be a bolt in such a case hardly anybody will doubt, if he has watched and studied the fighting nature of the ex-president. And if Col. Roosevelt, already possessed of a powerful following, be given an opportunity to go before the people next November with a clear case of personal and political grievance, nothing on earth can keep him from getting more support than he possibly could command were he to make a campaign as the duly accredited and recognized candidate of the republican party. It is not impossible to conceive that in such a case he could even overcome democratic opposition of any character.

If President Taft permits his followers to adopt any such tactics at Chicago as manifest unfairness in the seating of delegates, he will be doing himself the greatest wrong of his administration. He cannot be reelected. That is certain. And by meeting his political end bravely and with insistent adherence to honest principles, he can at least leave in the public mind a confidence in his personal integrity that it plainly does not have in his official ability.—Duluth Herald.

Extra Session

The legislature convened in extra session Tuesday. It was apparent from the very start that a seirious difference of opinion exists between the house and senate as to the work to be done.

The house members favor a program which includes action on the following:

Statewide primary.
Corrupt practices.
Reapportionment.
Increase in railroad gross earnings.
Ratification of the federal constitutional amendment providing for the income tax.

Much more than a majority of the senators are signers of a pledge limiting work of the senate to the state-wide primary and the corrupt practices act. This means, if it means anything, that if the house sends over other measures than these, the senate will vote them down, and this attempt to throttle reapportionment and the increase of railroad taxes is not to be cordially received by the house.

Pay your subscription

ALL IN THE GOLDEN FUTURE.

Beautiful Picture of What Life on the Farm is to Be Like.

The future farmer will subirrigate his land, and defy drought as well as floods. He will become a scientific forester, and every farm will produce wood and lumber as well as wheat and apples. A single acre will produce what ten acres yield now. Women will work out doors as heartily as men; in fact, they will be the horticulturists and the truck gardeners. There will be closer relation between the producer and the consumer ignoring a horde of middlemen who frequently waste more than is destroyed by ignorant help and insect foes combined. Under the alliance with the school the farm will be valued not only for its gross weight of products, but for its poems and its education. As our schools become places for applying as well as acquiring knowledge, our farm homes will become integral parts of the garden school and the school farm. The alliance between the home and the school will become very close. A valley full of farms is already the nearest to paradise that we have, but the future will tenfold its wealth and hundredfold its delights.—Independent.

AS EXPLAINED BY THE GUIDE.

Garrulous Old Woman Found Out What Caused Streak on Water.

The garrulous old woman in the stern of the boat had pestered the guide with her comments and questions ever since they had started. Her meek little husband, who was hunched toad-like in the bow, fished in silence. The old woman had seemingly exhausted every possible point in fish and animal life, woodcraft and personal history when she suddenly espied one of those curious paths of oily, unbroken water frequently seen on small lakes which are ruffled by a light breeze.

"Oh, guide, guide," she exclaimed, "what makes that funny streak in the water—No, there—Right over there!"

The guide was busy rebaiting the old gentleman's hook and merely mumbled "U-m-mm."

"Guide," repeated the old woman in tones that were not to be denied, "look right over where I'm pointing and tell me what makes that funny streak in the water."

The guide looked up from his baiting with a sigh.

"That? Oh, that's where the road went across the ice last winter."—Everybody's Magazine.

Work and Life.

I was much impressed by what the head of a large and prosperous bourgeois French family said to an American friend: "During the day we are all busy with our various avocations. The evenings are devoted to more serious things—reading, music, conversation, society." This is surely the normal point of view of a civilized man living in a civilized society.

In Italy, where social life, as in France, is taken somewhat more seriously than with us, it is usual for the women prominent in society to receive in the evening. One evening a week (sometimes two, in a few cases every evening) is set apart for receiving the friends and habitues of the house. In Rome, where society is more crystallized, where the social game is better played than in any community I know, one or two of the great houses are open to visitors on every evening of the week.—Maud Howe, in Harper's Bazar.

Causes of Blindness.

The dangers to which the modern eye is exposed fall into two great classes—disease and overuse from near work. Here another great consoling fact faces us, and that is that while overwork and consequent eye strain are by far the commonest troubles that befall the modern eye, discomfort and inefficiency are as far as they go in 99 cases out of 100. It is a fact that 99 9-10 per cent. of all blindness is due to disease and not to overwork.

More significant yet, seven-tenths of the diseases which produce blindness are the acute infections, against which civilization wages an unceasing and victorious conflict.—Woman's Home Companion.

Question of Precedence.

Recently a dispute was raised as to whether a certain lawyer or a certain doctor was to have precedence at a function at which both were to play prominent parts. It was impolitic to allow either of these two men to be offended. While the discussion was under way as to which was to be seated next the speaker, an old politician in the room, said the discussion was one which he thought he could settle by giving them the words of the great Diogenes who had said upon an ancient occasion: "Let the thief go before; let the executioner follow after." The politician said he thought that mean the lawyer should have first place and the doctor come next.

The Old English "Tumbler."

The old-fashioned English tumbler, which insisted on reverting to an erect position, no matter how frequently it was knocked over, possessed merits. This was the original form of drinking tumbler—hence the name. They were made of thin horn and weighted with a bulbous mass at the bottom. The idea of their use was a double one. The old drinking custom required that the ale should be drunk at a draft—for its presence in the tumbler would cause it to overbalance and spill its contents—and there was the advantage possessed by the tumbler of not rolling out of reach when knocked about during orgies.

Judging from Sample.

I don't think the rich are exceptionally happy.

No? Know many?

Some.

Very rich?

One to five millions!

Oh, but they lead quite a different life from the really rich!

To be sure; but still, don't you think you can tell just as much about the quality of molasses from a [illegible] head of [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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Office 'Phone 24. Residence 'Phone 94.

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Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn.

ORDINANCE NO. 24

An ordinance regulating speed of automobiles, motor vehicles, and motor cycles:

The village council of St. Hilaire do ordain as follows:

Section 1. No automobile, motor vehicle or motor cycle shall be propelled or operated on any street within the village at a rate of speed exceeding 5 miles an hour, and on roads within the corporation at a rate of 8 miles.

Section 2. Any person who shall violate section 1 of this ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 3 This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

18 3t

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

LOCAL MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.03
" " 2 "	1.01
" " 3 "	97
Flax, No. 1	$2.13
" " 2	2.05
Barley, for 50 lbs	70
Oats	44
Eggs	15
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.25
Shorts, per ton	20.00
Bran, " "	25.00

Prohibition Convention

The prohibition party will hold a county convention and public rally in Thief River Falls on Monday, June 10, following arrangements made last Monday by Wm. C. Dean of Minneapolis, who was here under the direction of the state central committee.

The convention will be held at 2 p. m. in the auditorium. Delegates to the state convention to be held at Minneapolis July 4 and 5, will be selected, and the matter of county and legislative tickets will be considered. The convention will be addressed by Hon. E. E. Lobeck of Alexandria, representing the state central committee. Mr. Lobeck is talked of as the party's candidate for governor this year, and as he has many friends and admirers in this section his coming to Pennington county at this time may be considered significant.

Anomaly of the Sidewalk.

He stood before the Bowery Savings bank. His trousers ran to shreds below and the folds at the top end, where a string held them, proved that they had been made for an ampler girth. The dog had slept on his hat and perhaps brushed it in the gutter. He had worked his elbows shiny, his armpits ragged and gravy spots of diverse shades and sizes showed that whoever had eaten in that coat in other days had been too ravenous to mind slopping over. The barber and he were strangers and he looked through bleared eyes into vacancy as the busy sidewalk traffic trooped past him and thrifty depositors hurried in and out of the bank. In front of him he held a tray of [illegible] from which hung a placard [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 8:20 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, June 15, at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOO, ER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3690 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Deer Seeks Mail Carrier's Protection.

A deer ran close to the mail wagon of Edward Cassidy when near the home of H. P. Bliss, in Sheffield, recently, and willingly gave itself into the custody of the mail carrier, who drove off the dogs.

The several dogs which followed close upon the trail of the frightened and almost exhausted deer had evidently followed their coveted prey many miles, for the deer, though nearly full grown and very fleet of foot, was almost ready to drop from sheer exhaustion when Uncle Sam's mail distributor happened along.

Since the law protecting deer from hunters at all seasons has been in effect they have been exceptionally numerous throughout southern Berkshire, and have frequently been seen in village streets, as well as with herds of cattle, but this is the first one that has been captured alone in the open.—Berkshire Courier.

The Principal Hurt.

"Can't you get over talking about the way you got cheated in that horse trade?"

"No," answered Mr. Sirius Barker. "I don't mind a man getting my money, but I hate to feel that I have lost his respect."

THE LOCAL NEWS

Prof Bareness went Monday to Warren

Otto Olson left Monday for Saco, Montana.

Miss Selma Hoff was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

O. F. Post was in Thief River Falls last evening.

D. McAllister was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Thursday.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18-3t SAM THOMPSON.

Mrs. O. W. Brink and son Elmer were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Misses Olga Swenson and Agnes Burkee visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

Sheriff Fellman and Hoken Johnson were over from Red Lake Falls Thursday.

S. J. Amble looked after business matters at the county seat the first of the week.

The "Outlaws" lost a game with the Red Lake Falls "Maroons" Monday with a score of 10 to 4.

Elmer Burke came home Tuesday from Moorhead, where he has just graduated from the state normal school.

A game of ball last Sunday between Black River and Wylie teams gave a score of 9 to 0 favor of Black River.

Miss Amelia Duddy went Monday to Crookston for a visit with friends, after which she will return to her home at Clearwater.

Mrs. Nettie Lang returned Thursday from a visit to Grand Forks. She was accompanied by her aunt, Miss Bertha Johnson.

Neil Dahl has accepted a position as engineer on a gang plow operating near his home in Canada, and receives $4.00 per day.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

WANTED — 50 lumber handlers and common laborers.—E. A. ENGLER LUMBER Co., Baudette, Minn.

Mr. Nicholson of Redwood county Minn., has finished the foundation under G. W. Eastman's house on his farm near Hazel.

For sale—A silo ensilage cutter, feed mill and engine. A snap if taken up quick. m25 1mo
N. A. NELSON.

The score last Sunday of the game between the "Gophers" and Red Lake Falls "Red Sox" was 11 to 6 favor of Gophers. The same teams meet again on the diamond at Red Lake Falls tommorrow.

Martin Hoff had the bad luck to receive an injury to a knee the other day in a squabble with one of his horses. It is the same knee that was badly injured last fall, and he is confined to his bed in consequence. Hans Folstad is delivering the mail on his route.

Mrs. M. Fricker of this place and Mrs. Adolphson of Thief River Falls left Wednesday for Star City Sask., Can., where they will visit their mother, Mrs. Meier. Mrs. Andrew Ortloff accompanied them, she going to Swan River, Sask., to visit to a daughter, Mrs. Colter.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

An angry rooster inflicted probably fatal wounds upon a three-year-old baby boy, who went into the chicken coop near Marion, Iowa, for the purpose of getting an egg. The rooster jumped upon the child, struck him in the neck with its spurs, and severed the jugular vein. The child lost so much blood before it was rescued that its death is expected.

The appearance of the Riverside cemetery, north of town, has improved a great deal lately. The Young People's society of the United church have paid out nearly $80.00 for improvements. Thursday June 13, has been set for hauling gravel to the streets and alleys. The trustees would like to see a large number of teams and men come out and help that day. Get information before hand. The trustees are: Anton Aubol, T. M. Brevig and Sam Thompson.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

White fish, trout, and other fish, just received by M. R. Hage.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Chris Bjerk left Tuesday for Holt, where he expects to spend the summer.

Miss Esther Person returned Wednesday from a visit to friends at Crookston.

Misses Elsie Erickson and Ruth Anderson were in Thief River Falls last Tuesday.

C. C. Elliott returned Wednesday evening from a business trip to southern Illinois.

Mauritz Brink went Thursday to Salol to invoice the stock of lumber now on hand there.

D. Patterson was looking after business matters at the county capital on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Klemsrud, who has been attending school at Crookston, returned home Tuesday.

Haaken Johnson has purchased the Mrs. Duntley property on Broadway occupied by I. Dalin.

Charles Nelson went yesterday to Thief River Falls, where he is employed at carpenter work.

Miss Carrie Simonson returned last Friday from Cass Lake, where she has been attending school.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Peter A Paulson.

There is now on hand plenty of shorts to supply all demands at the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator.

The religious school of the United and Synod church begins next Monday under the tuition of Albert Odegaard.

The Young People's society of the United church will meet at the home of T. M. Brevig Friday evening, June 21.

Gust Erickson and P. A. Blixt left last Thursday as delegates to the Mission Friends' conference in Roseau, Minn.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

William Olson and Carl Johnson drove to Red Lake Falls yesterday to look over a bunch of horses just imported by Louis Sieff.

George Biskey transacted business at the county seat Thursday. Miss Gertrude Hooper supplied mail route 1 on that day.

Carl Peterson's family are moving this week to Fort Frances where Mr. Peterson has been employed at the saw mill for some time.

Miss Esther Nelson went Wednesday evening to the Bethesda hospital at Crookston, where she submitted to an operation for appendicitis.

Mrs. S. B. Swanson of Rhoda, Minn., has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Skeie. She went yesterday to Crookston.

R. W. Labibtt of St. Paul, a Great Northern representative, was here Thursday interviewing farmers in regard to the establishment of small demonstration farms.

Mr. Nelson and family, who have been visiting at Albert Anderson's, returned yesterday to their home near Argyle. Mr. Nelson is a prominent farmer and stock raiser of Marshall county.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde, N. K. Anderson, R. L. Hauge, S. O. Lee, E. Joringdal of Numedal and John Vig of Norden, went Wednesday to Fargo to the conference of the United Lutheran church.

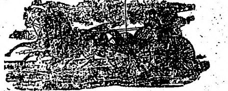
As G. I. Fellman was making a return trip from Wylie Tuesday he found a man lying insensible under his wagon by the roadside. He got the man up, and he proved to be John McKerney. His team had run and thrown him from the wagon, he alighting on his head and being injured about the neck and chest. We have since learned that his injuries have not proven serious.

The Christy moving picture show was exhibited here two nights this week to large audiences. Wednesday evening the house was packed so that standing room was at a premium, and many went away disappointed at not gaining admission. The presentation each evening occupied over an hour of time, and there was an entire absence of flickering so noticeable in these shows. The films were of the latest and all good. Especially worthy of mention were the pictures of the Titanic disaster.

DAVID LAZAR

Just received a lot of nice Ladies' Skirts, nice line of Ribbons, and many other articles.

DAVID LAZAR



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Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL,
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Great Northern Railway
TIME TABLE.
No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " 5:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 551 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie... ..... 8:35 a.m

PATENTS
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READ PAGES 11 and 12 before applying for a patent. Write to-day.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

S. J. Amble left last evening for a collection tour in North Dakota.

A. C. Ellickson returned yesterday form a business trip in Iowa and Illinois.

S. P. Fairbanks made a business visit to Thief River Falls yesterday.

Mrs. P. McAndress of St. Paul is a guest at the M. McAndress home here.

There will be Scandinavian Mission church services in Black River Sunday morning at 10:45 o'clock.

H. C. Stoll of Joliet, Ill., who who owns a half section just west of town, was in St. Hilaire yesterday.

Mrs. Victor Lindal of Highlanding came over yesterday to visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Skeie.

Miss Eva Durham, who has been living at the N.E. Beebe home and attending school here, returned on Wednesday to her home at Wylie.

Miss Eva Johnson went to Grand Forks Wednesday to try whether she might not receive benefit from a Christian Scientist's treatment.

Fred Peterson, a student of North Park College, of Chicago, will have charge of the Scandinavian Mission congregation here during the months of June, July, August, and September.

Tom Hovet was at Buxton, N. this week in attendance at the funeral of his mother which was held Wednesday. Mrs. Hovet died on Monday, June 3, at her home at Buxton, at the age of 68 years.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Olson, Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister, Mr. and Mrs. M. Lasalle, Ole and Miss Josephine Brabum, G. I. Fellman, and A. Satterberg motored to Warren and return last Sunday.

Elected Officers

At the Oddfellow's meeting Thursday evening the following officers were elected,

D. Patterson, N. G.
A. J. Hed, V. G.
O. F. Post, Sec.
A. S. Wilson, Trustee.

Notice

No more manure or rubbish will be deposited along road across from the north bridge; it must be hauled onto the dumping ground.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Chairman Bd. of Health,

Choice Farm for Sale

N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Delays Are Dangerous.

His years exceeded the allotted three-score, and ten, but he was a capitalist with more dollars than sense.

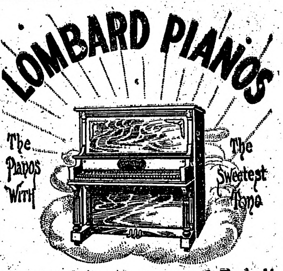
"Ah, my dear," he murmured to the fair girl by his side. "I could die for you."

"Then let us hurry to the minister's at once," replied the practical maid. "I don't want you to ever [illegible] undertaker a job until [illegible]."

IDA B. WARING
is going out of business.

Hats Going at Less than Cost

The opportunity of your lives, ladies! The largest hat sale in St. Hilaire.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Drink
Coca-Cola
5¢
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

Satisfies

There never was a thirst that Coca-Cola couldn't satisfy.
It goes, straight as an arrow, to the dry spot.
And besides this,

Coca-Cola

satisfies to a T the call for something purely delicious and deliciously pure—*and* wholesome.

Delicious
Refreshing
Thirst-Quenching

Demand the Genuine as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

ECONOMICAL SOUL WAS THIS

Hebrew's Attempt to Save Fare Probably Went Astray, but the Idea Was a Brilliant One.

Arthur W. Marks of Washington tells this story to illustrate the talent of the Hebrew race for economy.

A little Hebrew got on a train in New York to go to Philadelphia, but had no ticket. In the car with him were the members of several theatrical companies and he noticed that, when the conductor asked them for their tickets they would reply:

"Company."

"What company?" the conductor would ask; and the actors would reply by announcing the title of the theatrical company under whose name all their transportation had been paid for.

"Give me your ticket," the conductor finally reached the Hebrew.

"Comp'ny," said the little fellow, looking carelessly out of the window.

"What company?" asked the conductor.

Said the Hebrew: "The Pittsburgh Cloding company."—Popular Magazine.

THE SAFE LAXATIVE FOR ELDERLY PEOPLE

Most elderly people are more or less troubled with a chronic, persistent constipation, due largely to lack of sufficient exercise. They experience difficulty in digesting even light food, with a consequent belching of stomach gases, drowsiness after eating, headache and a feeling of lassitude and general discomfort.

Doctors advise against cathartics and violent purgatives of every kind, recommending a mild, gentle laxative tonic, like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, to effect relief without disturbing the entire system.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the perfect laxative, easy in action, certain in effect and, withal, pleasant to the taste. It possesses tonic properties that strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels and is a remedy that has been for years the great standby in thousands of families, and should be in every family medicine chest. It is equally as valuable for children as for older people.

Druggists everywhere sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried it send your name and address to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., and he will be very glad to send a sample bottle for trial.

Consoling Thought.

"Do you believe, doctor?" asked Mrs. Wumps, "that men become what they eat?"

"Yes, madam, I do," said the bishop.

"What a comfort that must have been to those early missionaries when they were eaten by the cannibals!" sighed Mrs. Wumps.—Harper's Weekly.

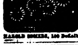
The man with an imagination is always on the ragged edge of making his mark.

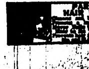
Garfield Tea helps humanity the world over. Taken for liver and kidney troubles, billiousness and constipation.

Nothing surprises some people more than the antics of an alarm clock.

YOU Can Earn a Salary Every Month

Representing The Delineator, Everybody's and Adventure. Man or woman, young or old—if you want work for one hour or eight hours a day, write to
THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO.
Butterick Building. New York City


DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.


PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
[illegible]

A double wedding is one kind of a four-in-hand tie.

Which wins? Garfield Tea always wins on its merits as the best of herb cathartics.

Women commiserate the brave, men the beautiful. The dominion of pity has usually this extent, no wider.—W. S. Landor.

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Lots of It.

"They say a man's wife often makes him, but Bingle's wife will never be able to put any push in that man."

"Just you wait until she gets a lawn-mower in his hands."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Easy to Lick Russia.

A couple of little newsies stood in front of the Youngstown (O.) Telegram bulletin recently reading the printed lines and making comments on the press reports.

"Gee, it says here 'at there's liable to be some o' troubles 'ith Russia on account ob de treaty," said one.

"What's de difference?" said the other. "Dis country don't need to worry."

"Oh, I don't know," said the first speaker, "it might bring on a war."

"Huh!" sniffed the second boy. "Uncle Sam could lick Russia wid de Salvation Army."

Being a Baseball Star.

A star's job is a hard one. The mental strain is even greater than the physical. For what he undergoes the fabulous salaries are not fabulous.

Before going into details let us define a star—the ball player's definition:

"A star is any player who, through individual excellence, achieves a reputation for brilliant work, thus attracting fans to the park to see him play."

He is a star only so long as his performances stand out. He is paid the salary of a star as long as his reputation brings fans to the stands and money to the box office. The day that sees the waning of his sensationalism also sees the waning of his salary.—Edward Lyell Fox in Outing.

DIFFERENT NOW.

Since the Slugger, Coffee, Was Abandoned.

Coffee probably causes more biliousness and so-called malaria than any one other thing—even bad climate. (Tea is just as harmful as coffee because it contains caffeine, the drug in coffee).

A Ft. Worth man says:

"I have always been of a bilious temperament, subject to malaria and up to one year ago a perfect slave to coffee. At times I would be covered with boils and full of malarial poison, was very nervous and had swimming in the head.

"I don't know how it happened, but I finally became convinced that my sickness was due to the use of coffee, and a little less than a year ago I stopped coffee and began drinking Postum.

"From that time I have not had a boil, not had malaria at all, have gained 15 pounds good solid weight and know beyond all doubt this is due to the use of Postum in place of coffee, as I have taken no medicine at all.

"Postum has certainly made healthy, red blood for me in place of the blood that coffee drinking impoverished and made unhealthy." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum makes red blood.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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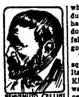
Benvenuto Cellini, Swashbuckler and Genius


BENVENUTO CELLINI

GENIUS and homicide; modest of his wondrous art and vain of his low vices; probable thief and certain liar; swashbuckler and musician-sculptor. Such in a nutshell is the character of one of history's strangest blackguards—Benvenuto Cellini.

Cellini was born at Florence, Italy, in 1500. His father, a maker of musical instruments, wanted his son to follow the same trade. Benvenuto would not do it, but became a goldworker and engraver. As a mere lad his exquisitely chased metal ornaments and sword hilts won him fame.

With his sword at his side, rare genius in his brain, and very little money in his pocket, young Cellini set out to bring a fortune from the world. He drifted from one Italian city to another, falling constantly into trouble, leading a grossly dissolute life, fighting as he went, and incidentally turning out miracles of artistic work.

He reached Rome at length, where his talent as an engraver attracted Pope Clement VII.'s attention. He also became one of the pope's court musicians and executed, in spare moments, some beautiful seals and medallions. When Rome was attacked by the Imperial army, Cellini fought bravely in the Eternal City's defense. According to his own unproved statement he slew, single handed, the prince of Orange and the constable de Bourbon during this siege. (There is no reason to believe this boast is not one of the countless like that strew Cellini's story of his own life.)

Back to Florence he went, the news of his Roman exploits winning him pardon and a welcome. There, he settled down and devoted himself to engraving and sculpture. It was during this period that he made his celebrated "Hercules," "Atlas Supporting the Earth" and "The Numidian Lion." He returned to Rome, after a time, where he promptly slew one man in a duel and wounded another. Scarcely had high influences secured his pardon for these offenses when Cellini fell into fresh difficulties by killing a goldsmith who chanced to offend him.

Then after a series of political squabbles he found it wise to leave Italy, and journeyed to the court of King Francis I. of France. There he was received into high favor, but proceeded to get into a rather unpleasant scrape which sent him back to Italy again. He went to Rome, and was arrested on a charge of having stolen precious jewels from the pope's tiara.

Cellini was condemned to death and was thrown into prison at the Castle of Saint Angelo. He managed to escape, but was soon caught and put back in his cell. The friendship of the powerful cardinal of Ferrara won a pardon for him, and he set forth again upon his wanderings.

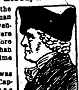
His quarrelsome nature and the rivalry of great men made Cellini's next few years miserable. Every man's hand seemed against him, though none denied his splendid genius. In fact, Cellini the Genius was forever saving Cellini the Blackguard from the punishment of his misdeeds.

He died, in his native city, December 15, 1569. Eleven years before his death, Cellini began to write his autobiography. This is one of the most delightful books of its sort in existence; not only for the picture it gives of a life of struggle and the era in which that struggle was waged, but because of its portrayal of Cellini's monstrous vanity, his total lack of truthfulness and his absence of conscience.

He writes with calm satisfaction about the killing of his victims, tells of his alleged power to raise demons before him at will and assures the reader that he himself was so utterly under divine protection that once or twice he awoke in the morning to find his head crowned by a glowing halo.

The man died. By the world at large his character and his misdeeds became half forgotten. But his work is immortal.

Colonel Blood, a "Dime Novel Hero" in Real Life


CAPTAIN BLOOD

THIS is the story of a man whose adventures were wilder and more dramatic than those of a dime novel hero.

The man was "Colonel" or "Captain" Thomas Blood, a soldier of fortune, born in Ireland about 1628. When parliament went to war against King Charles of England this young adventurer joined the Parliamentary army and won a reputation for reckless courage. After parliament had overthrown and beheaded the king and had put Oliver Cromwell in charge of England's government, Colonel Blood found himself without any occupation thrilling enough to satisfy him. But his time came soon after Charles II. (son of the beheaded monarch) mounted the British throne.

Blood then stirred up an insurrection in Ireland, planning to begin the rebellion with the capture of Dublin Castle and the seizing of the Duke of Ormond, lord-lieutenant of Ireland. It was a clever plot. But it failed. Blood escaped. Many of his friends and fellow-rebels were hanged. Blood vowed revenge upon the Duke of Ormond for these executions.

He fled to Holland, but soon ventured back to England. There he proceeded to work out his revenge. Ormond was driving home, on the night of December 6, 1670, through the dark London streets, when his carriage was surrounded by Blood and a party of unknown men. Ormond was seized, dragged from his coach and hustled off in the direction of Tyburn Hill (London's official place of execution and the spot where some of Blood's friends had been hanged).

Blood coolly informed the duke that they intended to hang him from the gibbet on which the conspirators had perished. The threat would have been carried out then and there had not a party of Ormond's followers ridden up in hot pursuit and rescued their struggling master.

Blood once more escaped unsuspected. His next plot was the most daring of all. Disguised as a clergyman and followed by one or two accomplices, he wandered into the Tower of London. From room to room he and his friends went, gazing in open mouthed wonder at the sights, as any party of simple country folk might have done. At length they came to the apartment where the crown and "orb" and scepter and other royal jewels of England were kept.

At a signal, Edwards, the guardian of the treasure, was attacked. He defended himself and was nearly murdered. Leaving Edwards bound on the floor, Blood snatched up the jeweled crown of England, hid it under his long clerical cloak and strolled peacefully out of the room. One of his followers stole the "orb" and followed him.

But the alarm had been raised. The thieves were chased and caught. Thus England was spared the unspeakable humiliation of losing its royal crown by a thief. Blood was thrown into jail. No one doubted that he would be put to death at once. People wondered what tortures would be inflicted on the man who had dared to lay unholy hands on the royal regalia.

But Blood's luck held good. He managed to get word to King Charles II. that if he were executed there were hundreds of friends who would avenge his death. He is also said to have been in the secret employ of the dissolute Duke of Buckingham, who was a favorite of the king and who hated the Duke of Ormond. It was even whispered that Buckingham had inspired Blood's attack on Ormond and that he perhaps counted on paying some of his own ducal gambling debts out of the sale of the stolen crown jewels.

In any case, instead of ordering Blood's immediate execution, Charles II. actually visited him in prison. No one knows just what took place during the interview or what royal scandals Blood threatened to expose if he were killed. To every one's surprise, Charles not only set Blood free, but placed him in high favor at court and granted him a pension of $2,500 a year.

For the next ten years Blood was a personage of importance in London. The thief and blackmailer waxed rich (while poor Edwards was refused even a petty reward for his plucky defense of the crown jewels.) At last, the lucky man went too far. He spread scandalous stories about his patron, Buckingham—probably by way of blackmail—and was arrested.

He was released on bail. In August, 1680, he died under somewhat suspicious circumstances while waiting to be tried.

Sterilizing With Light

Ultraviolet light has been employed to sterilize water on a large scale in France. The apparatus utilizes the copious emission of these short waves from a mercury vapor lamp having a quartz tube. More than three-quarters of the rays coming from the special lamp are utilized, and sterilization to the point of leaving one germ to the cubic centimeter is accomplished by causing the water to traverse a zigzag path close to the lamp, thereby exposing it to the repeated action of the waves.

The test showed that the process was highly efficient for municipal purposes. It is low in cost and simple in operation, occupies little space, uses a very small amount of electric current, and imparts no taste to the water, which remains fresh, since it retains its dissolved air and has not been heated in any way.

For municipal water service the apparatus may be applied to the outside of the ordinary main, the radiations being transmitted through quartz windows in the main.

Prussian Soldier and Mont Blanc.

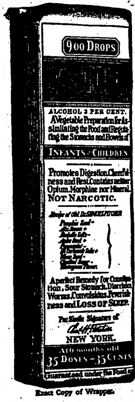
A story of a Prussian lieutenant who stood at the foot of Mont Blanc and with a haughty eye contemplated the mighty mountain, delightfully illustrates the arrogance of the youngsters of the German army. "Donnerwetter!" he said, stroking the vestige of a mustache. "How ridiculously small a civilian must feel!"—Youth's Companion.

Relic of Cruel Rome.

One of the most impressive of all the old ruins in Rome is the great Coliseum. It was in this open air amphiteater that the cruel spectacles were witnessed—gladiators fought in mortal combat, Christians were made to fight starving lions and tigers. Death was inevitable. The Coliseum had a seating capacity of 87,000 persons.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: *First*—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless: *Second*—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food: *Third*—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*


900 DROPS
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
[illegible]
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food a

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ills., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in its class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J McCrann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clausen, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

HEART NEEDS ESPECIAL CARE

Strain on the Vital Organ Must Be Avoided When Middle Life Has Been Passed.

"The death by heart failure of Gen. Frederick D. Grant," says the Medical Record, "emphasizes the repeated warnings of the medical profession that we should treat a senile heart with respect. As far as we know there is not the slightest disagreement on this one point—every human heart over fifty, and perhaps over forty-five, cannot stand much internal pressure without being ruined or at least damaged. A very slight man may go through severe muscular exertion with but little damage, but a heavy man, like the general, places on the heart and arteries a hydrostatic pressure beyond the safety point, and it never recovers.

"The pitiful feature of this deplorable death is the fact that Gen. Grant in his last annual report had called attention to the opinion of life insurance examiners that army officers were becoming poor risks on account of the increasing strain on their profession. It is safe to predict more deaths like Gen. Grant's, unless we treat the heart of a man over forty-five with more gentleness.

CUTICURA OINTMENT HEALED BAD SORE ON LIMB

"Some time ago I was coming up some steps when the board crushed under me like an egg shell, and my right limb went through to the knee, and scraped he flesh off the bone just inside and below the knee. I neglected it for a day or two, then it began to hurt me pretty badly. I put balsam fir on to draw out the poison, but when I had used it a week, it hurt so badly that I changed to ——— ointment. That made it smart and burn so badly that I couldn't use it any more, and that was the fourth week after I was hurt.

"Then I began to use Cuticura Ointment for the sore. It stopped hurting immediately and began healing right away. It was a bad-looking sore before Cuticura Ointment healed it, and I suffered so I couldn't sleep from two days after I fell until I began using Cuticura Ointment.

"Cuticura Soap is the best soap I ever saw. I have used all kinds of soap for washing my face, and always it would leave my face smarting. I had to keep a lotion to stop the smart, no matter how expensive a soap I used. I find at last in Cuticura Soap a soap that will clean my face and leave no smarting, and I do not have to use any lotion or anything else to ease it. I believe Cuticura Soap is the best soap made." (Signed) Mrs. M. E. Fairchild, 805 Lafayette St., Wichita, Kan., May 8, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Hibernian.

Knicker—What is a stepless car?

Bocker—A step in the right direction.

What is really best for us lies always within our reach, though often overlooked.—Longfellow.

Joke on the Doctor.

The physicians in Mankato had agreed that during their Chautauqua assembly they would employ a call boy, and each was to pay his share of the expense. This boy was to call any doctor who was wanted, without disturbing the speaker, as it was embarrassing to him and looked as if they were doing it to advertise without expense. So it all went well until the afternoon when Strickland W. Gilliland spoke. As he was talking away a certain doctor had a call from the platform, and he walked out rather ostentatiously. Some of the people who knew of the arrangement laughed or snickered, and the speaker got it. He said: "Don't laugh, folks. That is the way my brother got his start." And everybody roared.

GOT TO THE CAUSE.

And Then All Symptoms of Kidney Trouble Vanished.

C. J. Hammonds, 1115 E. First St., Fort Scott, Kans., says: "I was operated on for stone in the kidney but not cured and some time after, was feeling so bad, I knew there must be another stone that would have to be cut out. I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills and the kidney action improved right away. Large quantities of sediment and stone particles passed from me and finally the stone itself, partly dissolved, but still as big as a pea. With it disappeared all symptoms of dizziness, rheumatism and headache. I have gained about 50 pounds since and feel well and hearty."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c. all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The most powerful remedy against sudden starts of impatience is a sweet and amiable silence.—St. Francis de Sales.

Keep your fears to yourself, but share your courage with others.—R. L. Stevenson.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write [illegible] CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

The man who makes light of others seldom sets the world on fire.

For costiveness and sluggish liver try the unrivaled herb remedy, Garfield Tea.

Always meet people with a smile—if it is your treat.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Why Rent a Farm

and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase land in one of these districts and bank a profit of $10.00 or $12.00 an acre every year.

Land purchased 3 years ago at $10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at $25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can

Become Rich

by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railway and land companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railways.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature "Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
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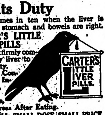
Please write to the agent nearest you.



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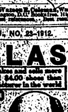
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ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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DOINGS OF THE SOLONS

Minnesota Legislative Affairs of the Past Week—Law Makers Hard at Work.

St. Paul, June 10.—The Rhines-Warner gross earnings bill was passed by the lower house of the legislature by a vote of 101 to 5.

The bill provides for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment which would raise the rate of the railroad gross earnings tax from 4 to 5 per cent, make the tax payable semi-annually instead of annually and impose a tax on the income of railroads from investments as well as from operation, which would increase the revenue from this source by $1,000,000 a year.

John G. Lennon attacked the constitutionality of the bill and raised the point that by taxing the earnings on the investments of railway companies a double tax would be imposed which might invalidate the entire law. He argued that it would not be an equitable tax, pointing out that the three railroads whose home offices were in this state would be affected by the tax and that all other railroads doing business in Minnesota whose home offices were in a foreign state would not be affected by the law.

"It is not an equitable tax and might be declared unconstitutional," argued Mr. Lennon. "Let us have the opinion of the attorney general."

Speaker Dunn and Representatives C. H. Warner, Henry Rines, L. C. Spooner, Thomas Kneeland conferred with Assistant Attorney General James and Edward T. Young, former attorney general, who is in charge of the Minnesota rate cases. Both attorneys gave an opinion that the bill was valid in the form that it was introduced, and that the state had a right to tax railroads on the income from general sources as well as on the income from operation only. Mr. Young held that the only question that could be raised was the reasonableness of the amount of gross earnings tax rate levied.

These opinions seemed to settle the dispute. Lennon then raised the point that the legislature at its last session had passed the same bill, without imposing the increase in the tax rate. He declared that Attorney General Smith had given the opinion that the legislature did not have the right to repeal that law, under the provision of the constitution that any constitutional amendment proposed by the legislature "shall be submitted to the people.' Under the ruling of the attorney general both measures would need to be submitted at the next general election. The amendment adopted at the 1911 session provided that railways be taxed on their earnings from both operation and general sources and that the rate of tax be four per cent. The law passed by the house is identical, only it provides for a five per cent tax. The question was raised that if both amendments had to be submitted and both were adopted, which would prevail, the four or five per cent rate? The attorney general has not given a written opinion on this question.

Members who opposed the bill on the grounds that it was unconstitutional voted for the final roll call. Only R. J. Clark, T. J. Green, S. N. Lee, J. J. Hurley and C. E. Stone voted in the negative. Represenatives Green and Clark explained that their constituency was made up mainly of railway employes who had asked them to vote against the bill.

St. Paul, June 11.—Breaking of the senate "stand pat" slate which was organized at the opening of the special legislative session to shut out all legislation except a state wide primary law and a corrupt practices act, the senate passage of a resolution ratifying the constitutional amendment for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people, and the introduction in the house of the Old Congdon re-apportionment bill were the features of an all day session.

The resolution providing for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people carried unanimously. Another proposed constitutional amendment for a federal income tax received the unanimous support of the senate reception committee.

Other developments of the day were the introduction of a bill by A. V. Anderson providing that the state be re-apportioned on the basis of the number of registered votes instead of general population, the passage of a resolution inviting William Jennings Bryan to address the legislature, further consideration of the controversy of the Modern Woodmen of America, hearing of an address by J. E. McConnell of the Wisconsin legislature on the first and second choice provisions of the state wide primary law and the introduction of a senate resolution memorializing congress to repeal the Canadian reciprocity pact.

The house committees on elections and general legislation put in a busy day attempting to perfect bills up for consideration.

W. A. Campbell succeeded in getting the committee approval of his amendment to the state automobile law, cutting out the provision which required the carrying of lights on horse drawn vehicles.

Frank M. Anderson of the University of Minnesota has asked the legislature to include a provision in the proposed state wide primary law, changing the method of elections of district court judges in Minneapolis. Under the present law, when the terms of two or more judges expire all candidates run at large. Prof. Anderson would designate each office—as Judge No. 1, judge No. 2 and so on.

The senate committee for the reception of bills held its first meeting and recommended for passage the resolution providing for a constitutional amendment allowing the income tax. The resolution has already been passed by the house. Senator Putnam, one of the committee members, said he was opposed to the principle of an income tax, but would vote to have the measure sent to the floor of the senate for consideration. Senators Rockne, Cashman and Boyle, members of the committee, were absent and such action as was taken will be subject to their approval later.

St. Paul, June 12.—Governor Eberhart notified the senate that he was awake and very much on the job. The information came in the form of a message submitted to the upper body. The message was an answer to the request made by the senate last week that the governor submit his recess appointments. The governor comes back with the suggestion the senators would be better engaged in performing the work for which they were called in special session.

The state wide, second choice primary election bill, written by Senator Julius Haycraft and introduced in the senate as an elections committee measure, was passed by a vote of 61 to 1. The bill is a copy of the Wisconsin law with some modifications to suit Minnesota conditions. It contains the elimination feature and is otherwise trimmed.

Senator Dwinnell secured an amendment so the congressman, city and county officials are eliminated from the second choice provision in Minneapolis, thus allowing the use of voting machines for these officers. The regular ballots will be used for state officers. At the request of Senator Dunn the amendment was made to include St. Paul where he said voting machines would soon be in use.

Senator Sageng offered the first amendment, which carried, by which all judges, county superintendents of schools and municipal officers in cities of the first class are to be elected on a separate non-partisan ballot. The latter provision includes the Minneapolis officials. Another amendment, adopted, eliminated the St. Paul officials from the provision of the bill because of the commission form of government decided upon there at the recent city election.

A minor amendment by Senator Haycraft changed the punctuation of the bill in a few places and made provision for ballots to be on the continuous sheet the same as under present election laws. Senator Haycraft then offered a second amendment which was debated for nearly an hour. It was found that the second choice cannot be used in cases where officials are grouped and in some instances where elected at large. Officers effected in this way are supreme court judges, some representatives and district court judges. In order to obviate the difficulty the Haycraft amendment provided that the candidates be required to file in classes.

Senator L. O. Cooke voted alone against the bill on final passage. In explaining his vote he said he thought the second choice feature was ridiculous and that the whole bill would result in the playing of a lot of politics. Senator Handlan was absent. The remaining senators voted for the bill.

Members of the house representatives, who for several days were practically unanimous in their support of the O'Neil bill prohibiting the Modern Woodmen of America from raising its insurance rates in Minnesota without the consent of a majority of its members, have become divided in their positions on the measure, and its passage has become an uncertainty.

A provision in the proposed statewide primary law providing for a non-partisan nomination and election of all officers in the cities of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth and of all judges through the state was adopted by the senate. A similar amendment will be offered in the house by the Hennepin county delegation.

To Review Minnesota Case.

Washington, D. C.—The supreme court of the United States has announced that it will review the question raised in Minnesota federal courts as to whether the vow of a Catholic monk to transfer all his property to his religious order was void as aginst public policy. The lower court had held it was void and that property in the man's possession at his death went to his relatives and not to the order of Saint Benedict of which he was a member.

Flight of Dirigible a Success.

Freidrichshafen, Germany.—The dirigible balloon Zeppelin III, returned here from Hamburg the time occupied in actual flight, going and coming, being 42 hours.

Coal Trust Inquiry Asked.

Washington, D. C. — "An anthracite coal trust" investigation was recommended to the house by the interstate commerce committee, which favorably reported the resolution of Representative Diefenderfer (dem., Pa.)

CANGRESSIONAL REAPPORTIONMENT

LUNDEEN OF MINNEAPOLIS WOULD PROVIDE FOR TEN DISTRICTS.

COMMITTEE HITS RECALL

Changes in Legislators Districts Are Denied By Committee.—Princeton to Have An Armory Building.

St. Paul, June 13.—Representative Lundeen of Minneapolis introduced a bill in the house of the Minnesota legislature providing for 10 congressional districts in Minnesota, an increase of one. The proposed congressional reapportionment would place Minneapolis in two congressional districts. The proposed reapportionment follows:

First District — Dodge, Fillmore, Freeborn, Houston, Mower, Olmsted, Wabasha, Waseca and Winona counties.

Second—Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood, Faribault, Jackson, Martin Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Rock, Watonwan, Lyon and Lincoln.

Third—Carver, Dakota, Goodhue, Le Sueur, McLeod, Nicollet, Rice, Scott, Sibley and Washington.

Fourth—Ramsey.

Fifth—First, second, third, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Thirteenth wards of Minneapolis and town of St. Anthony.

Sixth—Sixth, Seventh, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of Minneapolis and the remaining township of Hennepin county and the counties of Wright, Anoka, Sherburne, Isanti, Kanabec, Mille Lacs and Chisago.

Seventh — Big Stone, Chippewa, Grant, Kandiyohi, Lac Qui Parle, Redwood, Renville, Stevens, Swift, Traverse, Douglass, Pope and Meeker counties.

Eighth—St. Louis, Lake, Cook, Carlton, Aitkin and Pine.

Ninth — Beltrami, Hubbard, Cass, Itasca, Koochiching, Crow Wing, Wadena, Todd, Morrison, Stearns and Benton.

Tenth — Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Kittson, Marshall, Norman, Otter Tail, Polk, Red Lake, Pennington, Roseau and Wilkins counties.

The house elections committee engaged in a lively debate over the merits of the recall of the judiciary in the Lundeen recall bill and finally by a vote of 12 to 10 decided to strike it out. The bill was then recommended for passage.

The bill as adopted provides for an amendment to the constitution allowing the recall of any officer if a petition signed by a maximum of 33 1-3 per cent of the voters who voted for the office be filed. In this shape the proposed amendment would allow the legislature to fix the actual per cent necessary.

The Lundeen congressional reapportionment bill was ordered returned to the house with the recommendation that it be referred to the reapportionment committee.

The house sub-committee on re-apportionment sat in judgment to listen to the requests of legislators for changes from the old Congdon bill in their own legislative districts, which would satisfy them sufficiently to draw their vote for the measure when it comes up for final passage in the house.

Practically every request for changes in districts was denied. G. W. Brown succeeded in having Sibley county joined with Scott to make one senatorial district and McLeod county joined with Carver for another. Under the old Congdon bill Carver and Scott counties were joined. He argued that under the new arrangement, railroad facilities through the new senatorial districts would be bettered.

Fillmore county was given two representatives and Houston one. Under the old Congdon bill, three representatives at large were allowed the two counties.

R. C. Dunn succeeded in persuading the house to suspend its rules and pass a bill authorizing cities of the third and fourth class to appropriate money to assist in the building of national guard armories. The bill is a local one, intended to allow the village of Princeton, the home of Mr. Dunn, to build an armory.

The Knapp state-wide primary law was recommended for passage by the elections committee. The house agreed to wait until the bill was printed before setting a time for its final passage.

W. A. Campbell offered an amendment to the state child labor law forbidding children under 14 years from participating in any professional theatrical production without the written consent of the mayor. It was referred to the committee on general legislation.

J. J. Moriarity of Belle Plaine objected to the introduction of any bills outside of the original house program. He said that if the house continued its present program the legislature would be in session all summer.

Representative Burnquist introduced a bill authorizing the city of St. Paul to issue $600,000 worth of bonds to build a public library. The rules were suspended and the bills passed by a unanimous vote.

In the senate the house bill appropriating $35,000 for the expenses of the extra session was amended on motion of Senator Clague and reduced to $25,000. In this form the measure was passed under suspension of the rules and sent back to the house for concurrence.

GOV. WILSON GETS MINNESOTA

LYNCH INDORSED FOR NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN.

Effort to Stampede Duluth Convention for Bryan Is Failure.

Duluth. — The Minnesota Democrats elected a delegation to the Democratic convention at Baltimore, instructed for Woodrow Wilson, and indorsed Frederick B. Lynch of St. Paul for national committeeman.

Former Mayor Daniel W. Lawler, opposed to Lynch, and a candidate for United States senator, succeeded in preventing the indorsement of any other candidate for the senate.

An effort to stampede the convention for the Nebraskan met with the opposition of the men closest to Bryan, and did not receive the support of delegates.

The following delegates to the Baltimore convention were selected:

Delegates-at-Large.

S. A. Stockwell, Minneapolis.
W. F. Weis, Le Sueur.
T. J. Knox, Jackson.
H. L. Buck, Winona.
A. C. Weiss, Duluth.
Con O'Brien, Brainerd.

Alternates—M. A. Tisdale, Pipestone; Harry S. Swenson, Minneapolis; John Dwan, Two Harbors; John Morgan, Thief River Falls; T. A. Tuller, Warren; A. A. Poehler, Henderson.

District Delegates and Alternates.

First District—J. D. E. Mieghen, Albert Lea; T. E. Cashman, Owatonna.

Alternates—Julius Reiter, Rochester; W. W. Belden, Caledonia.

Second District—L. L. Champlin, Mankato; S. B. Nelson, Luverne.

Alternates—T. S. Ferris, Fairmont; D. J. Stone, Pipestone.

Third District—P. H. O'Keefe, South St. Paul; H. S. Bonniwell, Hutchinson.

Alternates — W. S. Weiss, Red Wing; Martin Shields, Faribault.

Fourth District—Otto Bremer, St. Paul; R. T. O'Connor, St. Paul.

Alternates — Paul Doty, St. Paul; William Smithson, Stillwater.

Fifth District—E. Purdy, Minneapolis; J. F. Williamson, Minneapolis.

Alternates—Otto Hadlen, Minneapolis; E. S. Corser, Minneapolis.

Sixth District—J. D. Kowalkowski, St. Cloud; Joseph Wotof, Staples.

Alternates—Ed Indrehus, Foley; W. J. Doherty, Litchfield.

Seventh District—Joseph R. Keefe, North Redwood; Julius Thorson, Benson.

Alternates—J. H. Driscoll, Madison; Ray Farrington, Ortonville.

Eighth District—Alfred Jaques, Duluth; C. M. King, Deer River.

Alternates—J. J. Shahen, Mille Lacs; W. V. Kane, Koochiching.

Ninth District — Martin O'Brien, Crookston; M. J. Daly, Perham.

Alternates—P. J. Russell, Bemidji; G. C. Thorpe, Ada.

COLDWATER AUTO TOUR

Prohibition Party Begins Five Months Cross-Country Campaign.

Minneapolis.—The prohibition party in Minnesota launched its active campaign by sending out its campaign automobile on what is designed to be the longest automobile political tour ever undertaken. The trip will last five months and a day and will include nearly all the principal towns of the state and hundreds of small communities.

W. G. Calderwood, chairman of the prohibition state committee, prophesied a good year for the party. "Because," he said, "there has never been a time when the general public has been so stirred on the liquor question as it is today, and the brewers are being called to account for their hand in the politics of the state."

The automobile carried the spellbinders of the party, who for the present are W. G, Calderwood, Stanley B. Roberts and J. H. Morse, to Afton, Lakeland, South Stillwater, Stillwater, Marine Mills, Scandia and Forest Lake. Later, Wyoming, Chisago City, Lindstrom, Center City, Stacy, North Branch, Harris and Rush City will be visited.

SONS OF THOR MEET.

Festival of Song and Music in Program of "Sognagalet."

Owatonna.—Many were here to attend the Norwegian "Sognagalet," the convention of the Sons of Thor of five states, Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Wisconsin. Ample accommodation had been made for all guests.

A brilliant festival of song and music is conducted during the sessions of the "Sognagalet," and Scandinavian musicians of national reputation always are present. Local arrangements were in charge of O. E. Williamson, secretary of the association. All halls in the city were used by the convention.

GOOD TEMPLARS TO MEET

Grand Lodge of Minnesota to Hold Session in St. Paul.

St. Paul.—The national grand lodge of the International Order of Good Templars of the United States, of America will meet in the old capitol, St. Paul, the last week in July. The headquarters for the convention will be at the old capitol, with delegates and visitors located at nearby homes of the Twin Cities. Details are being [illegible]

TO BRING LAND SUITS

Cases Against Purchasers of Indian Allotments.

Minneapolis.—According to M. C. Burch, special attorney for department of justice the government will enter more than 500 more suits against owners of former Indian lands purchased under the provisions of the Clapp act. Mr. Burch at the West hotel said that agents of the Indian bureau had reported the sale by full-blooded Indians of more than 1,800 allotments of land. Suit has already been brought against approximately 1,200 owners of these lands.

Mr. Burch has been in Minneapolis for two weeks to prepare the government's side of the cases. He said the first of the 1,200 suits would be heard in the district court at Fergus Falls within two or three weeks, and that they probably would reach the circuit court of appeals sometime this autumn.

In all the suits, the government claims that the land was not sold by mixed-blooded Indians as provided in the Clapp act. The present owners of the land, Mr. Burch said, must prove that the Indian owners were not full-blooded as contended by the government.

MANY VIST FARM TRAIN

More Than 10,000 Persons See Agricultural Demonstration in 33 Towns.

St. Paul.—More than 10,000 persons visited the agricultural special, run by the Northern Pacific and Minnesota and International railroads in co-operation with the Minnesota agricultural college, which ended its ten days' tour of Northern Minnesota last week. The train left Duluth May 27 and visited thirty-three towns, with an average attendance of more than 275. The train was made up of one devoted to livestock demonstrations, one of poultry and marketing of farm products, and one of farm machinery and feeds. Besides these, there were a baggage car, three sleeping cars and a dining car. Lectures were given by Professor Thomas Shaw of the Minnesota agricultural college and Professor D. E. Willard, formerly of the North Dakota Agricultural college. According to those interested in the project, it proved a greater success than was expected. The trip ended at International Falls, Thursday.

IT'S WINDOM COLLEGE

Institution at Montevideo Takes New Name and Elects Trustees.

Montevideo.—At the annual meeting of the trustees of Windom institute, held here, the name of the school was changed to Windom college, with a view to continue preparatory academic work as heretofore and to begin instruction in college branches to such an extent only as means and equipment will warrant. The following trustees were elected: Dr. J. H. Morley, Turners Falls, Mass.; Frank E. Holtan, H. N. Leighton, Judge Cray and C. L. Sawyer, of Minneapolis; L. R. Moyer and E. H. Crandall, of Montevideo, and W. B. Gerry, St. Paul. The school graduated a class of eleven Wednesday evening. The address was made by Dr. J. H. Morley of Turners Falls, Mass. Professor R. E. Nichol, who has been at the head of the school for two years, has resigned and Calvin E. Buswell of Minneapolis has been elected to fill the office.

THIEF IS IDENTIFIED

Youth Under Arrest is Escaped Inmate of New Jersey Reformatory.

New Ulm.—It develops that William McDowell, the young man who it is alleged stole a Knight Templar sword from a man at St. Peter, a $35 cornet from a Mankato student and went through five rooms in his boarding house and took goods to the value of $250, is an escaped inmate of the New Jersey state reformatory. County Attorney Erickson has received a letter from Dr. Frank Moore, Rahway, N. J., saying he is willing to let the law take its course in Minnesota and to secure McDowell's return after he has served his sentence. McDowell was arraigned and bound over to the grand jury. It is thought he will ask permission to plead guilty and receive his sentence before court convenes.

ST. OLAF GRADUATES 42

Thirty-nine Receive Bachelor of Arts Degree From College.

Northfield. — Thirty-eight annual commencement exercises at St. Olaf college closed with the graduation of a class of forty-two. Thirty-nine received the degree of bachelor of arts and three received diplomas from the college of music. Rev. Gustav Stearns of Milwaukee, Wis., delivered the commencement address. Junior scholarships of $60 each were won by Edward Wicklund, Lewis Larson, Albert Mykland and Ragna Opjorden. Marie Tangjerd, a freshman, won the prize for excellence in Norwegian.

Commencement exercises consisted of a baccalaureate address by the Rev. O. C. Farseth of Fargo, a band concert and the Luther league address by the Rev. A. J. D. Haupt of Albert Lea.

TRIPLETS IN MILL CITY

Three Girls Weigh Four, Six and Seven Pounds.

Minneapolis.—Triplets—all of them girls—were born to Mr. and Mrs. William Irvine. They are the first triplets reported to the city health department in more than two years and that all are girls is declared [illegible]

TEDDY AWARDED ONE

ONE KENTUCKY DISTRICT SPLIT, OTHER DELEGATE GOING TO TAFT.

TAFT TOTAL NOW 101.

Seventeen for President Is Net Result of Day's Hearings—Heney and Borah For Colonel.

Chicago, June 12.—One delegate for Colonel Roosevelt, the first awarded him since the national committee began hearing contest cases last Friday and seveteen for President Taft was the net result of the fifth session of the Republican national committee. In all 101 delegates have been accorded President Taft since the commitee opened its hearings.

The one placed in the Roosevelt column was D. C. Edwards from the Eleventh district of Kentucky. The Taft forces on the committee refused by a vote of 33 to 19 to seat both of the Roosevelt delegates whose places were contested, but agreed to a split which gave Colonel Roosevelt and President Taft each one delegate from the district.

The half-victory for Colonel Roosevelt came at the end of a day in which all of the other much-discussed contests from Kentucky had been decided in President Taft's favor. In some of these the Roosevelt men had acquiesced, in other they had mustered a vote of from 11 to 17 against the Taft decisions.

Senator Borah the most active Roosevelt figure on the committee, protested against the spliting of the Eleventh district delegation.

President Taft's four contested delegates at large from Kentucky, headed by Senator W. O. Bradley, were seated with only 11 votes in the negative. He was given the six from the First, Second, and Tenth districts unanimously.

The contest against the two in the Fourth District was withdrawn and the five from Seventh, Eighth and Eleventh districts were won against the votes of the Roosevelt forces.

Sharp interchanges between Francis J. Heney of San Francisco, and Taft members of the committee, characterized the long day's session over the Kentucky contests. Mr. Heney, who will appear in the hearing of the California contests, repeatedly referred to frauds in Kentucky elections and compared conditions to those that existed in California under Abe Ruef.

Early objections to his remarks were followed late in the afternoon by sarcastic replies of "thanks" from Taft members of the committee when he criticized their decision. Governor Hadley of Missouri, who is to come before the committee this week as a Roosevelt contestant from Missouri, was also in the committee during the day on the proxy of another member.

Democrats Plan For Battle.

Baltimore.—Plans are being formulated by members of the Democratic national committee, it was learned here to create a new office to be known as chairman of the campaign committee. This new officer, who will work with the national chairman, may or may not be a member of the national committee and his selection will be made by the presidential candidates after a conference with the new national committee members. The national chairman will continue in general charge of the campaign.

Child Loses Life in Shaft.

St. Paul, Minnesota. — Gail Walker, two-year-old daughter of George B. Walker, right-of-way agent for the Northern Pacific railroad, fell two and one-half stories to instant death from an elevator cab in a St. Paul department store.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, June 12.—Wheat—July, $1.12¼; September, $1.04⅞; No. 1 northern, $1.14⅝; No. 2 northern, $1.12⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.10. Corn—No. 3, 73c. Oats—No. 3 white, 50½c. Barley—Malting, $1.12. Rye—No. 2, 88½c. Flax—No. 1, $2.27.

Duluth, June 12.—Wheat—July, $1.13⅝; September, $1.06⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.14⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.12¼.

South St. Paul, June 12.—Cattle—Steers, $7.00@7.25; cows, $4.25@6.50; calves, $7.75@7.35. calves, $7.75@7.35. Hogs—$7.25@7.50. Sheep and Lambs—$2.50@8.50.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, June 12.—Wheat prices rushed upward today as a result of the bullish nature of the government crop report. There was considerable selling on the advance. Rain in Nebraska and the northwest tended in some degree to offset the decrease in the Washington estimate of the season's yield of winter wheat. Opening quotations were 1½c to 2@2½c higher. September started at $1.06⅝@1.07¼, a gain of 1½@1½c to 2@2½c, and reacted to $1.06⅝@1.06¼.

Rumors that much corn in elevators here had become out of condition led to an upturn, but the effect wore off. Closing prices were weak at 73⅝c for July, a loss of ½@¾c net.

Offerings of oats turned out to be less than expected, in view of the government report making the probable crop 12,000,000 bushels in excess of previous ideas. July started ¼@⅜c off to 1-16c advance, at 51¼@51½c, and held fairly well within those limits.

REP. WICKLIFFE KILLED.

Louisiana Solon Train Victim Coming From Fishing Trip.

Washington, D. C. — Representative Robert C. Wickliffe of Louisiana met a tragic death here. His badly crushed body was found on the railroad tracks in Potomac park near the entrance to the bridge across the Potomac river. It is presumed [illegible]

[illegible] maketh a full man. So does the wine when it's red.

For years Garfield Tea has been on the market. This must mean a remedy worth while.

A good memory is essential to a successful liar.

A very successful remedy for pelvic catarrh is hot douches of Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet, Co., Boston, Mass.

A Hint.

Knicker—Did you explain baseball to your girl?

Bocker—Yes; she said she understood all about diamonds.

Cole's Carbolisalve
Relieves and cures itching, torturing diseases of the skin and mucous membrane. A superior Pile Cure. 25 and 50 cents, by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Vogue in Outer Garments.

According to the Dry Goods Economist, at the present time retailers are featuring wraps of charmeuse and satin. The best sellers are the medium-priced numbers retailing from $10 to $30. These are usually attractively lined in some bright color, giving a pleasing contrast. Lace collars and cuffs are often used as a finishing touch and are very effective, while white lace is used largely for this purpose. Some garments are shown trimmed with black lace, which is cut away to show the lining underneath.

Slow Travel.

Down in Oklahoma they have a railroad called the Midland Valley, which is noted for its slow trains. It is told that a young man of Tulsa asked the hand of a daughter from her parents and was refused on the ground that the daughter was too young.

"My daughter is going to Pawhuska tomorrow for a visit," said the father, who is a traveling man, "and if she doesn't remain more than a day or two she will be old enough when she gets back."

"But she may be an old maid by that time," protested the young man.—Kansas City Star.

Not Reliably Informed.

The gentleman who wore evening clothes and the remnants of a jag at 9 o'clock in the morning was clinging to the footboard of a crowded surface car in Chicago. As the car rounded a sharp curve with a jerk the person in incongruous apparel fell quickly and heavily to the cobblestones. He was picked up by the strong hands of the conductor and about twenty passengers.

"Collision?" he asked in a dignified tone of voice.

"No," said the conductor.

"Off the track?" further questioned the victim of the accident.

"No," said the conductor.

"Well," concluded he of the jag, "If I had known that I wouldn't have got off."—Popular Magazine.

A PUZZLER.

Mamma—My dear, you mustn't say you founded a book; you must say you found a book.

Effie—Then why do you say Mr. Carnegie founded a library. Is it because it's a lot of books?

WELL POSTED.
A California Doctor With Forty Years' Experience.

"In my forty years' experience as a teacher and practitioner along hygienic lines," says a Los Angeles physician, "I have never found a food to compare with Grape-Nuts for the benefit of the general health of all classes of people.

"I have recommended Grape-Nuts for a number of years to patients with the greatest success and every year's experience makes me more enthusiastic regarding its use.

"I make it a rule to always recommend Grape-Nuts, and Postum in place of coffee, when giving my patients instructions as to diet, for I know both Grape-Nuts and Postum can be digested by anyone.

"As for myself, when engaged in much mental work my diet twice a day consists of Grape-Nuts and rich cream. I find it just the thing to build up gray matter and keep the brain in good working order.

"In addition to its wonderful effects as a brain and nerve food Grape-Nuts always keeps the digestive organs in perfect, healthy tone. I carry it with me when I travel, otherwise I am almost certain to have trouble with my stomach." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Strong endorsements like the above from physicians all over the country have stamped Grape-Nuts the most scientific food in the world. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS....

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Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices..

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.

E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, June 15, 1912.

If Taft is not nominated it will not be the fault of the national republican committee.

The state-wide primary with second chance provision passed the senate Wednesday and is now before the house.

Wall street is offering odds that Taft will not be the country's next president. But Wall street is not betting a cent that any other republican will have the honor.—Kansas City Journal.

The Northern Minnesota Development association will meet at International Falls June 20, and 21. This will be a most important meeting. A just reapportionment will be the principal subject of discussion.

A successful raiser of potatoes in St. Louis county claims that a flax seed dropped into each hill of potatoes is an effective protection against potato bugs. A field treated in that manner last season was entirely free from the pest, while adjacent fields swarmed with them.

It is now easier than ever to acquire a homestead. The new law passed last week, and hereafter only three years residence is required, with the cultivation of ten acres the second year and twenty acres the third. Five months absence from the claim is allowed each year.

A trip out in the country in any direction from town, convinces any thinking man of the crying need of reform in our system of road maintenance. From the lack of a small expenditure of split-log drag work grades are becoming hollowed out on top and cut up in ruts and chuckholes.—Middle River Pioneer.

Same here.

Based on reports from correspondents in various counties of the state H. J. Maxfield, state immigration commissioner, estimates that between 3,000 and 5,000 new settlers have come to the state this spring. This represents a good growth for Minnesota as a whole. The settlers are of a better class financially than those who have come in other years according to the report. This means that the state will be developed still more rapidly. Most of them have settled on farms and their coming has boosted the average price of state land. Real estate men in various parts of the state report renewed interest in lands and at better prices.

The southern delegates scandal is a disgrace to the party which was "dedicated to freedom." It represents the very abrogation of freedom and, if it is to be given sanction either by the continued employment of the delegate power or by silence, the organization can no longer boast it is the party of liberty, "not profession, but of performance." The national republican convention should go on record this year as pledged to a reform of the system of choosing delegates—pledged to make all conventions in the future representative of the voters of the party and not of the postmasters, collectors of internal revenue and federal judges of the party.

The Primaries

A first and second choice and even a third choice provision in the primary law now under consideration is due to be fought out with vigor by the members of the legislature and there is no telling what will be the outcome, but the general feeling is that something along this line will be incorporated. Those candidates now outside the pale of the administration are demanding it and are starting a campaign for its adoption. Governor Eberhart and his followers are credited with opposing this first and second choice feature, but State Insurance Commissioner Preus, who is as close as anyone to his excellency, says this is not so. He holds that Governor Eberhart would be benefited and bases his belief on talks had with officials in other states where such a law is in force. He holds that the man in office has the best of it under a first and second choice provision. [illegible]

Births and Deaths Not Being Reported

The state board of health has had an agent investigating the condition of the registration of births and deaths in the southern part of the state. To date the work has been completed in Fillmore and Dodge counties.

In both of these counties it was found that a great number of births and some deaths were not being reported as the law requires. The result of this investigation was that a complaint was filed against nine physicians in Fillmore county. In Dodge county four physicians and two parents plead guilty to having failed to make the reports of births as required by law and were assessed one dollar and costs each. At the same time a complaint was filed against a sexton for having permitted the burial of a body without a burial permit. The punishment in this case was a little more than that of the physicians and parents, as the penalty for the physician and parent make it a misdemeanor, while in the case of the sexton there was a special penalty which made the minimum fine twenty dollars. In both counties all of them have pleaded guilty.

This is only the beginning of a campaign which will cover the entire state. The special agent of the state board of health will leave for the northern section of the state and will no doubt file complaints against every violator of the law.

Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary and executive officer of the state board of health, says that the general impression seems to be that these records are required merely for the purpose of compiling statistics. While it is true that they are used for this purpose, yet, the most important part is these are permanent records and will often be required in future years, for the purpose of establishing school age, age of consent, the age for practice in various professions, for voting, for jury service, as well as identifying the individual for the purpose of securing inheritance. The board is now enforcing this law so that the records may be complete, having for the first time in its history been able to secure a special agent to personally follow up these cases.

Yes, The Merchant Has a Snap

"Yes," remarked the country merchant to the newspaper man, "I certainly have a snap. The wholesale houses send me duns every month and draw on me at sight; but if I send a bill to a farmer he comes in swearing mad and quits trading at my store. While I am hard up for money, many of those who owe me are sending cash in advance to the mail order houses. If I contribute money to any cause, people say I am bidding for trade; if I don't, they say I am a hog. Every day I am expected to dig up for everything that comes along from a raffle ticket to a church fund, by the people who say I ought to because they do their trading here; but my friend, Sheers and Chawbuck, neither buy tickets nor help the church funds, and yet get cash in advance business, and if I were to circulate a subscription paper among the wholesale houses I trade with I would get the laugh proper. If I sell a pair of pants I must treat the family to candy and cigars; if I buy a load of potatoes I must do the same. Customers who are able to pay, hang on to their money, while I pay 8 per cent at the bank to get ready cash. I have a big business during hard times and poor crops, from people who are willing to trade with me providing I duplicate catalogue prices and wait until after harvest for my money.

"My scales weigh too heavy when I sell sugar and too light when I buy butter. I am a thief, a liar and a grafter. If I smile, I am a soft-soapy hypocrite; if I don't smile, I am a grump.

"Yes, this is certainly a snap."

And then he looked over $10,000 worth of book accounts, all good, and wondered how he could raise $350 to meet a sight draft tomorrow.—Thief River Falls Times.

Examination for Chauffeurs

There will be an examination for licenses for chauffeurs at the following places, and on the following dates: Warren, Tuesday, June 18, at 9 a. m; Barnesville, Wednesday, June 19, at 10 a. m; Paynesville, Thursday, June 20, at 10 a. m; St. Paul, Wednesday June 26, at 10 a. m.

No more examinations will be held in this section of the state, after the the above dates, this year. If you propose being a licensed chauffeur be present at one of these places and take the examination, which will be in charge of the state automobile board.

Mission Conference

A Sunday school and Young People's conference representing the Scandinavian Mission churches of the Red River Valley, will be held at Vega the 20th to 22nd of June. Character of the conference lectures, debates, speeches, and also a good program will be rendered by the young people. Everybody welcome. Anyone wanting to attend this conference must write Charles Nestberg, R. F. D. No. 1, Warren, Minn. Rigs will meet at Mars Siding on the Soo Line and at Argyle on the Great Northren the 20th and 21st. When writing be sure you state which road you come.

ANDREW NORDGREN,
HANNAH M. GUSTAFSON,
B. A. VERKLUND,
Committee.

Candidates

The following had filed as candidates for county office up to and including Wednesday of this week:

N. J. Anderson, register of deeds.
J. M. Bishop, county attorney.
Julius Halvorson, sheriff.
[illegible], commissioner Fifth district.

Rural School Notes

Program for school officers convention to be held in the court room at the court house in Thief River Falls on Saturday, June 22, at 11 o'clock a. m.

1 Opening remarks by E. A. Mostue, county superintendent of schools. Organization.

2 "Some Needed Improvements," Supt. J. A. Hay.

Noon recess.

3 "What Advanced Steps along Sanitary and Hygienic Lines should be Taken to Increase the Efficiency of Our Schools," Dr. F. W. Hill, state board of health.

4 "The School Board as a Factor in Building up Our Rural Schools," Supt. C. G. Selvig, school of agriculture, Crookston, Minn.

5 Address, Hon. C. G. Schultz.

Closing remarks, E. A. Mostue.

School officers are paid by their respective districts for one day and for mileage in going to and returning from the meeting. Let us have a full attendance and thus make this meeting the largest and most interesting one ever held in the county.

Program and announcements have been sent out the past week to teachers in this and adjoining counties relative to the training school that is to covene here on June 24, and to continue for five weeks.

Let me again urge upon our teachers to plan for a complete attendence upon this school. It is essential to the success of the school as well as for the individual teacher in her work to be present at roll call on the first day. This applies equally as well to the high school graduates intending to teach this year. The state department makes this obligatory and we have no recourse.

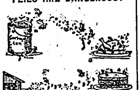
We have all reasons to believe that we will have a most successful training school. Thief River Falls will exert itself to the utmost for the entertainment of teachers, and we hope for the best in all lines.

Respectively submitted,
E. A. MOSTUE.

Animals Left Unburied

Every person who shall deposit, leave or keep, on or near a highway or route of public travel, on land or water, any noisome or unwholesome substance, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor and be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than three nor more than six months.—Sec. 5007, Revised Laws of Minnesota.

FLIES ARE DANGEROUS!



This shows the way flies actually carry the filth of their breeding places to your dinner table. Don't let them in your house.

WORRIED THE YOUNG MOTHER

Lack of "Progress" Might Have Proved a Serious Thing.

"When people in our part of the country select a family physician they stick to him," says an Illinois physician. "If he goes away they won't call in some one else if they can possibly help it. They have faith in nobody but their own man, so long as he manages to be fairly successful. Last spring I went up to Chicago for a few days, much to the distress of a young mother in our town, who expects me to inspect her only baby every other day at least. The second day of my stay she telegraphed me to come home at once. Baby was sick—she told me the trouble—she didn't know what to do. It wasn't an urgent case, I knew, so I wired back a reassuring message, told her to give the baby a dose of some medicine she had at hand, and to fill out the ten words I put in 'Prognosis admirable.' I always like to use large words when I'm telegraphing—makes me feel that I'm getting the worth of my money, you know. When I got home two days later I went to see the baby.

"'She's all right now,' the mother told me, 'but we were awfully worried. We had to rely on the medicine you left, though. The boy at the drug store didn't have a bit of prognosis in the place.'"

The Useful Hen.

"Country constables who make a living arresting speeding automobiles wouldn't have half so much trouble stopping the scorchers if they used a little ingenuity," says one of the offenders. "Chains across the road and moving vans blocking the highway are all right to accomplish the purpose, but they're cumbersome. My idea for causing a prompt slow-up is to scatter a lot of grain in a road and turn a lot of hens loose. They would block the road all right, and if there's one thing that will make a chauffeur slow up it's a hen. Dogs are bad enough, but a hen always runs the wrong way, and if the machine is going at any speed usually ends up under the wheels. Hitting a hen will sometimes throw the front wheels out of line and cause the car to swerve, so drivers almost invariably slow up and give poultry a chance to get out of the way. A hen speed trap is a great idea, to my way of thinking, and, of course, if one of the birds were killed the cost could easily be added to the driver's fine."

Pay your subscription

SAM WAS CHANGED

GREAT LIGHT SUDDENLY DAWNED ON YOUNG MAN.

Brief Interview with Consumptive Peddler Turned His Thoughts Away from Foolish and Carnal Things.

"During the harvest time," said the old farmer who had brought a load of potatoes to market, "I hired on three extra men, and one of them turned out to be a boxer. He and my son Sam took to each other, and Sam bought a pair of boxing gloves and took about 20 lessons in what they calls 'the art.' When harvest was over and he had got through he jest flapped his wings and crowed and said he could lick anything that traveled our highway. I didn't say nothin' either way, but jest waited. When a young feller of 20 gets a chip on his shoulder somebody's purty sure to come along and knock it off. One day a tin peddler drove up, and I saw Sam steppin' high and spittin' over his shoulder. Bimeby he got up a row with the feller and knocked him out in one round. For two weeks after that it was brag from mornin' till night. He got sassy to me and to the nayburs, and one could see what he was achin' for. We was diggin' 'taters one day, when the same peddler's wagon drove up, and Sam turns to me and says:

"'Dad, that peddler has come back after more. Come along and see me put him to sleep.'"

"We went up to the house to diskiver that it was the same hoss and wagon, but a different man. He said he was a consumptive who was peddlin' for his health, and that he doesn't exert hisself much for fear of a hemorrhage of the lungs. Sam was mightily disapp'inted and was going back to the 'taters when the stranger said somethin' about his bow legs. Purty soon they was passin' hot words, and I was tryin' to quiet 'em, when the stranger got up and called Sam a liar and jumped down from his wagon. Sam went for him and squared off and led with the left, and the next thing I saw was his heels in the air. He scrabbled up and went down again, and the third time he went right to sleep and laid there. Then the stranger laughed and climbed on his wagon and drove away. It took me'n the old woman 30 minutes to revive Sam, and we found him a changed young man. He's read 40 chapters in the Bible in the last 30 nights, and has committed 12 hymns to memory, and when I ask him how he feels he rolls his eyes and answers:

"'I'm a-feeling, Dad, that I'm not long for this wicked world, and I'm a-hopin' that you and ma'am will so live that you kin jine me in that better land.'"

The Food Faddist.

Manager Plummer of Briarcliff Lodge, a hotel at Briarcliff Manor, N. Y., has erected on the hotel roof a flying stage for the use of aeronauts and balloonists.

"Ours is the first public flying stage," said the enterprising manager the other day, "but we shall all live to see the day when flying stages will be as common as horse blocks. For the air, thanks to the Wrights, is conquered.

"But at this stage—this flying stage, so to speak—the greatest caution is needed in aerial matters, or innumerable, innumerable, will be the deaths of aeronauts."

He smiled.

"In fact," he said, "the aeronaut, to pursue safely his experiments, should be as cautious as a Philadelphia food faddist who lunched here yesterday. The man lunched on a raw turnip, a handful of nuts and a lemon. He interested me.

"'Then, according to you,' I said jestingly, at the end of a food talk, 'as long as I eat nothing I shall be healthy?'

"'Yes, if you chew it thoroughly,' was the cautious answer."

To Fight Airships.

An armored automobile, designed specially to attack and destroy airships, is under construction at Berlin for the German army and is to be tried presently. It has a four-cylinder motor of 60-horse-power and can make about 16 miles an hour, climbing easily a 20 per cent. grade. Its armament consists of a rapid-fire five-centimeter gun capable of firing 24 times a minute, and it carries ammunition for 102 shots. The crew comprises a driver and three assistants. Evidently the Germans are determined to be foremost not only in the military use of dirigible balloons, but also in devices to spoil the usefulness of any that may be brought against them by other nations.

Pleasant Fiction.

"What are you reading?"

"The story of Cinderella and the prince," answered Mr. Cumrox.

"What nonsense!"

"I know it's nonsense. But after reading the newspapers of late, it's a sort of a relief to come across a story of a nobleman who went ahead and eloped with the girl without stopping to discuss a marriage settlement."

Making of a Star.

"I can whistle through my teeth," pointed out the comedian.

"And I made you a leading man on the strength of that," responded the eminent manager. "Now, if you'll learn to wiggle your ears I'll make you a star."—Kansas City Journal.

More Fitting.

The brass band was serenading the candidate who, according to the early returns, had been elected.

As he appeared on his front porch to acknowledge the compliment a boy handed him a telegram.

He opened it and read it.

"Boys," he said, raising his hand to command silence, "oblige me by turning that 'Hot Time' business into a [illegible]

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Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice is hereby Given, That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, executed by Harley L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 15th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the [illegible] day of April A. D. 1910, at [illegible] p. m. in book [illegible] of mortgages on page [illegible] thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of said Red Lake county at [illegible] of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota, and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 33 of mortgages on page 37 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A. D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co, said mortgagee, was duly assigned and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the [illegible] day of June A. D. 1912, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book [illegible] of mortgages on page [illegible] thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due and payable upon said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of [illegible] dollars, to-wit, the amount of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty ($120.00) dollars on the note secured by said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest [illegible] 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, with interest [illegible] the rate of six (6) per cent annum [illegible] action or proceeding [illegible] at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises therein described at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41).

Dated June 10, 1912.

C. L. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Assignee, Thief River Falls, Minnesota. [illegible]

LOCAL MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Flax, No. 1	[illegible]
Barley, for hogs	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Rye	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
" creamery	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]
Beef, live weight	[illegible]
Pork	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]
Mutton	[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Confirmation services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, June 16, at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD. Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
O. F. POST, Sec.
G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3856 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P.
C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President.
MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

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Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
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ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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MEAT MARKET
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
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HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
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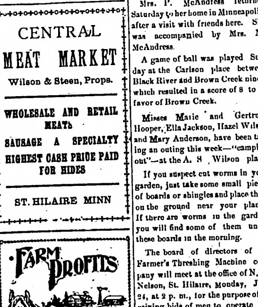

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APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. Chris Peterson went to Thief River Thursday.

A. J. Hed was a Red Lake Falls visitor Thursday.

Ed. A. Aubol went Wednesday to Thief River Falls.

Miss Elisa Killand went Saturday to Crookston to visit friends.

Miss Esther Moren went Monday to Moorhead to attend school.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18-3t SAM THOMPSON.

Red Lake Falls will have no Fourth of July celebration this year.

Miss Eba Walbeck went Monday to Crookston for a visit with friends.

Miss Regna Loberg came over from Crookston Monday for a visit at home.

Dr. Swanson went Monday to Minneapolis to attend a convention of physicians.

Mrs. O. Fellman and children went Saturday to Crookston to visit friends and relatives.

Mrs. Anton Anderson of Wylie was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Ina Johnson, Monday.

Carl Peterson's family left Thursday for Fort Francis, where he is employed at the saw mill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister motored to Red Lake Falls Sunday and witnessed the ball game.

Miss Selma Hoff left Monday for Minneapolis, where she is attending the teacher's summer school.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Rev. and Mrs. Frank Larson came over from Warren Monday for a few days' visit with friends.

Mrs. Fellman, Mrs. Post, and Mrs. Bahan drove to Red Lake Falls Sunday with A. H. Pitkin as chaperon.

It took three men and one supervisor two days to erect a screen door at the front of one of our principal business buildings.

Ed Geiste, the genial traveling man, has been superintending farming operations this week on his place two miles east of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hansel of Wylie were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Swanson Sunday. Mrs. Hansel and Mrs Swanson are sisters.

For sale—A silo ensilage cutter, feed mill and engine. A snap if taken up quick. m25 1mo
N. A. NELSON.

Edwin Otterness of Cannon Falls was in the city last week and sold 80 acres of land three miles south of town to John Norman for $2,200.

Mrs. P. McAndress returned Saturday to her home in Minneapolis, after a visit with friends here. She was accompanied by Mrs. M. McAndress.

A game of ball was played Sunday at the Carlson place between Black River and Brown Creek nines, which resulted in a score of 8 to 8 favor of Brown Creek.

Misses Marie and Gertrude Hooper, Ella Jackson, Hazel Wilson and Mary Anderson, have been taking an outing this week—"camping out"—at the A. S. Wilson place.

If you suspect cut worms in your garden, just take some small pieces of boards or shingles and place them on the ground near your plants. If there are worms in the garden, you will find some of them under these boards in the morning.

The board of directors of the Farmer's Threshing Machine company will meet at the office of N. A. Nelson, St. Hilaire, Monday, June 24, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of receiving bids of men to operate the machine—engineer, water hauler, separator man, and firemen.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section tion 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season. Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

It is reported that ex-sheriff Nelson is going to "run" this fall, but we did not just understand whether it was for sheriff, or after a bottle of "booze," but he is sure to catch the latter. He ought to get the indorsement of prohibition party, for if he was elected they could have him as a living example to point at to show the evils of intemperance.—Sunbeam.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Jennie King went Tuesday to Red Lake Falls.

Miss Annie Fellman was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. M. Miller was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

White fish, trout, and other fish, just received by M. R. Hage.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger spent Sunday with friends in Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. J. A Bahan went Thursday to Des Moines, Iowa to visit a sister.

Miss Blanche Lind went Wednesday to Red Lake Falls to visit with friends.

Fred Krueger of Red Lake Falls visited with his son Carl Krueger, on Wednesday.

Misses Alvina Kolstad and Louise Wilson were Thief River Falls visitors Thursday.

Mrs. Arres of Crookston came over Thursday and is a guest at the A. R. Jones home.

D. Patterson and family moved Wednesday to Maple Lake for their annual summer outing.

Misses Mabel Letvig and Echo Olson went Thursday to Red Lake Falls to visit with friends.

C. Keller of Pipestone was looking over the country this week with a view to purchasing a farm.

C. C. Elliott left Monday for a trip in Illinois, Iowa, and South Dakota, on real estate business.

Peter Kolstad of Austad, Minn., came down Thursday evening to visit his broter, Knute Kolstad.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house tomorrow morning at 10:30.

Miss Huldah Gigstad went Wednesday to Moorhead, where she will attend the state normal school

The Lutheran school is in session in one of the rooms of the school building, in charge of Albert Odegaard.

C. A. Brevig, who is attending Concordia college at Moorhead, arrived here Monday to spend the vacation at home.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde returned Thursday from Fargo, where he attended a conference of the United Lutheran church.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Misses Inez and Myrtle Hanson, who have been visiting at the Peter Johnson home, returned to Red Lake Falls Tuesday evening.

Carl Simonson, who is clerk in a real estate office at Grand Forks, came over Saturday to spend a two weeks' vacation with friends and relatives here.

Brown's Tennesse Rats, a colored team, will cross bats with the Gophers this afternoon and tomorrow. This evening they will give a minstrel show at Imperial hall.

Rolland Fairbanks left Tuesday on a business mission to St. Paul, returning Friday. His father, S. P. Fairbanks, accompanied him and proceeded to his home south of Chicago.

There will be confirmation at the Swedish Luthern church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Those to be confirmed are: Ferdie Swenson, Elmer Brink, Oscar Wiberg, Herman Stroberg, Fred Johnson, Louisa Berg, and Ella Nelson.

Theodore and Ralph Roy, who are attending the state university, arrived Wednesday to spend the summer vacation at home. They were accompanied by a friend, Vigo Salveson, a graduate of the university, now engaged in teaching, who will spend the holidays with them.

Road Work

The town board of Black River will meet at the home of Arthur Aubolson on Friday, June 28, 1912, for the purpose of letting contracts for work in constructing a highway on the town line between Black River and Sanders.

DAN I. WHALEN,
j15-j22 Chairman.

Died

Ole Hanson Borstad died suddenly from hemorrhage of the lungs at his home in Gervais township on Monday, June 10, and was buried from the Swedish Lutheran Clara church June 13, Rev. Alex Sand officiating.

Mr. Borstad was born in Stjordal, Norway, in 1850; came to America in 1884 and became one of the early settlers in this vicinity. He leaves a wife, five sons and two daughters to mourn his departure.

ADLER'S Collegian CLOTHES

D. LAZAR
THE DAKOTA
CLOTHING STORE

Good values for your money
One price to all

ST. HILAIRE MINN.

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Martin Simonson was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

K. O. Gigstad has been making the assessment of the village this week.

Mrs. M. P. Dargan of Wylie is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. S. J. Swanson.

Mrs. R. D. Rockey and daughter came from Bemidji yesterday to visit with friends here.

Notices are posted for the meetings of the town and village boards of review on Monday, June 29.

Mrs. E. DeVelling came down from Thief River Falls Friday to visit over Sunday with Mrs. M. Lasalle.

An ice cream social will be given by the M. E. Ladies' Aid at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Irving Wallace next Wednesday night, June 19.

Miss Mildred Hooper leaves today for Madison, Wis., where she will take a course in short hand, type writing, and book keeping, at a business college.

Miss Cal Miller returned last Saturday from Watkins, Minn., where she is engaged in millinery work, for a week's vacation.

Misses Marie Hooper and Myrtle Blaine go this evening to Crookston, where they will attend the teachers' training school at the agricultural farm.

The Terrebonne base ball team was the easy winner in the three cornered contest Sunday between St. Hilaire, Terrebonne, and Red Lake Falls second team. St. Hilaire and Red Lake Falls fought evenly for ten innings, the locals winning by a score of 16 to 14. The second game was an easy victory for Terrebonne with a score of 19 to 7 in a five inning contest.—Gazette.

The Misses Cal. Miller, Mary Anderson, Ella Jackson, Hazel Wilson and Gertrude, Mildred and Marie Hooper returned Thursday evening from a week spent at camp. The young ladies enjoyed a week last year in the same pleasant way, and planned to spend a week thus three years in succession. This camp of girls has been named "Camp [illegible]."

Bids for Manager

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers' Co-operative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed grinder for the term of one year, commencing August 1, 1912.

Bids to be opened July 15, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Address R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

Collision on Corner

Ole C. Rude met with a painful accident last Saturday evening. While riding a bicycle down third street he collided with the automobile of C. L. Hanson at the corner of LaBree Avenue. Both men realized the danger and attempted to turn out before the vehicles came together. As a result, Mr. Rude is suffering from the break of a small bone in his shoulder and several bad bruises but no internal injuries. He is still unable to attend to his jewelry business but is recovering as rapidly as can be expected.—News-Press.

Annual Meeting

Wylie Minn., May 20, 1912.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Wylie Farmers' elevator and Mercantile company will be held at Wylie, Minn., on July 1, 1912, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine (9) directors for ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be properly done at such meeting

EARNEST J. AKERLAND,
j15-3t Secretary.

Choice Farm for Sale

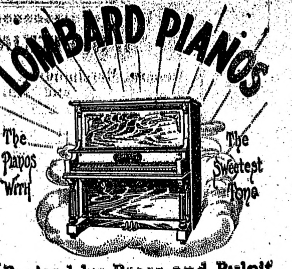
N. E. ¼ Sec. 21, Silverton township, six miles east and two miles north of Thief River Falls. Small house, choice tillable land. Price $25.00 per acre, on about the same terms as state school land is sold, one-fourth cash down and balance in 5, 10 and 15 years. Or will make other similar terms to suit purchaser.

C. C. HOAGLAND,
Veblen, S. Dak.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the St. Hilaire Co-operative Elevator company will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire [illegible] June [illegible], at 1 o'clock p. m. [illegible]

All stock holders are requested [illegible] present. R. J. McKERCHER [illegible]



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proved to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

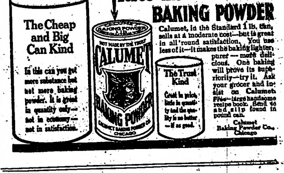
See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Mrs. Housewife:—There's a Happy Medium in Everything

Anything that is overdone or underdone is not good.

This is especially true of baking—and it is just as true of baking powder. If you use the cheap and Big Can Kinds you are getting quantity at the sacrifice of quality. It cannot be as good—or as economical as Calumet—the medium price kind. If you use the High Price Kind, you are paying tribute to the Trust—the quality is no better.

Here's the "Full Value" in BAKING POWDER


The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO
The Trust Kind
Great in price, little in quantity and the quality is no better—if as good.

Calumet, in the Standard 1 lb. can, sells at a moderate cost—but is great in all 'round satisfaction. You use less of it—it makes the baking lighter, purer—more delicious. One baking will prove its superiority—try it. Ask your grocer and insist on Calumet. Free—large handsome recipe book. Send to and slip found in pound can.

Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

PURE—WHOLESOME—RELIABLE

MADE FROM CREAM OF TARTAR DERIVED SOLELY FROM GRAPES, THE MOST DELICIOUS AND WHOLESOME OF ALL FRUIT ACIDS

Its superiority is unquestioned
Its fame world-wide
Its use a protection and a guarantee against alum food

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Alum baking powders are classed by physicians detrimental to health.

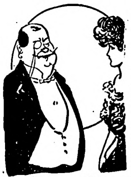
Many consumers use alum baking powders unaware. They are allured to the danger by the cry of cheapness, by fake tests and exhibitions and false and flippant advertisements in the newspapers. Alum baking powders do not make a "pure, wholesome and delicious food" any more than two and two make ten.

If you wish to avoid a danger to your food,

READ THE LABEL

and decline to buy or use any baking powder that is not plainly designated as a cream of tartar powder.

TO MAKE SURE.



Miss Hascoigne — Er-before announcing our engagement, count, I-er I think perhaps it would be more satisfactory if you had your-er-title guaranteed.

IT IS CRIMINAL TO NEGLECT THE SKIN AND HAIR

Think of the suffering entailed by neglected skin troubles—mental because of disfiguration, physical because of pain. Think of the pleasure of a clear skin, soft, white hands, and good hair. These blessings, so essential to happiness and even success in life, are often only a matter of a little thoughtful care in the selection of effective remedial agents. Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for poor complexions, red, rough hands, and dry, thin and falling hair, and cost so little, that it is almost criminal not to use them. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a postal to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston, will secure a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on skin and scalp treatment.

It's a question whether women grow old, or merely catch up with their age.

Oddities of Justice.

That the whole theory of penal codes is practically unsound and opposed to the modern conceptions of the relation of the state to crime, is the contention of Eugene Smith of the New York bar, writing in the May number of Case and Comment, the lawyers' magazine. Illustrating the absurdity and disparity between penalty for crimes in different states, Mr. Smith says: "The average sentence for perjury in Florida is ten years, in Maine one year; for larceny, in Delaware ten years, in the District of Columbia ten months; the penalty for arson in Pennsylvania is twice that of burglary, but in Connecticut the guilt of burglary is twice that of arson; the guilt of counterfeiting in Ohio is twice that of perjury, but in Rhode Island the guilt of perjury is twice that of counterfeiting.

One Man's Way.

"Is Brimson a man who makes the best of what befalls?"

"No. When things go wrong Brimson starts to swearing and soon becomes so interested in thinking up new forms of profanity that he forgets all about his troubles."

How He Got Them.

"Dat feller 'Rastus Skinnah done bin talkin' a powahful lot 'bout how he's a-raisin' chickens."

"Sho! He doan' mean 'raisin',' he means 'liftin'.'"—Catholic Standard and Times.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write ELMVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

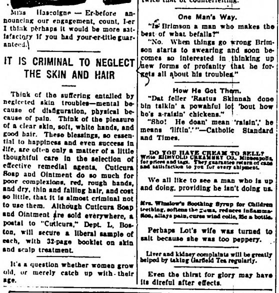
We all like to see a man who is up and doing, providing he isn't doing us.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Perhaps Lot's wife was turned to salt because she was too peppery.

Liver and kidney complaints will be greatly helped by taking Garfield Tea regularly.

Even the thirst for glory may have its direful after effects.



Here's The Road to Comfort

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the *only* way is via a glass or bottle of

Coca-Cola

Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine as made by

THE COCA-COLA CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

51-J

QUEEN SEEKS REST

Wife of King Haakon of Norway Is Tired of Court Life.

Her Highness Would Gladly Surrender Title, Wealth and Attentions to Again Live the Simple Life in England.

Christiania, Norway. — Income $200,000 a year. Everybody says "Your majesty." Power to do as she pleases. A husband who is devoted to her. A son who is growing up full of life and spirits, yet a model of what a son and a future monarch ought to be. Subjects universally adoring her. And, withal, Queen Maud of Norway isn't satisfied. She is content with her husband; Norway's King Haakon VII., and she is rejoiced over her son, the Crown Prince Olaf.

But she doesn't care for the $200,000 a year Norway grants to monarchs; she'd rather have the $40,000 she used to skimp along on and be poor. She is tired of being her majesty, and would infinitely prefer being a princess, poor at that, says a writer. She would welcome her earlier life, when she was picked on by a mother-in-law—and where can woman find a more malign fate? She is willing enough that the Norwegian people shall adore her; but she would delight in exchanging her coach of state for the top of a London omnibus, with Norway forgetting all about her.

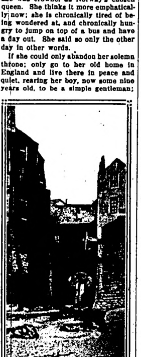
So there, enthroned by a whole nation's deliberate choice, victorious over all misfortune after years of harsh subjection, is a queen who resembles no other queen alive, and a woman who is homesick for the very things which millions of other women are breaking their necks and their husbands backs to get away from.

She has had her grandeurs now for half a dozen years, and the longer they have been thrust upon her the sicker she grows of them.

"I sometimes get tired of being royal, especially when I am looked at and wondered over like one of the Tussaud waxworks. I often think how glorious it must be to be able to jump on the top of a bus and have a day out. I think I shall some day."

That was what she said soon after she was crowned as Norway's chosen queen. She thinks it more emphatically now; she is chronically tired of being wondered at, and chronically hungry to jump on top of a bus and have a day out. She said so only the other day in other words.

If she could only abandon her solemn throne; only go to her old home in England and live there in peace and quiet, rearing her boy, now some nine years old, to be a simple gentleman; if she could only enjoy her outdoor life as she used to, without any one noticing her and with her husband at her side, to be called Carl instead of Haakon.



Street in Quaint Old Christiania.

She calls him that anyway; but she wants to hear everybody else speak of him by the familiar name, and she longs to hear herself called Harry by the voices of her own family, as she used to be when her father, King Edward, was alive and was skimping out a few thousand pounds a year from his royal income to keep her from being too hard up over in Denmark.

She is different from her mother, Queen Alexandra, who has been moving heaven and earth to retain some vestiges of the royal authority she wielded before Queen Mary so mercilessly relegated her to dowagership and obscurity. She is different from Queen Amelia of Portugal, who braved assassination to hold her tottering throne for the sake of Manuel, the one son the assassin left to her; different from Italy's queen, who assumed a throne in the face of royal contempt and popular dissatisfaction, and fought her battle for respect and obedience through years of suspicion and unkind criticism; different from almost all other queens, who have lived and, having once reigned, have abandoned the royal prominence and prerogatives only at the bayonet point—and even then if we recollect, Marie Antoinette remained resolved to wait for the guillotine.

Skirt Prevents Wreck.

Mobile.—Pulling off her red flannel underskirt, Laura Jones, an aged negro mammy, signaled an incoming passenger train on the Bay Shore railroad in time to prevent the train from dashing into a serious washout.

The train was returning from an Alabama coast resort, and was heavily laden with passengers.

When the passengers learned that the old ex-slave had perhaps saved their lives they took up a collection.

"Dis is de mos' money I'se ever had in my born days," she exclaimed as she shuffled from the scene.

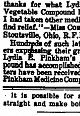
HOW GIRLS MAY AVOID PERIODIC PAINS

The Experience of Two Girls Here Related For The Benefit of Others.

Rochester, N. Y.—"I have a daughter 13 years old who has always been very healthy until recently when she complained of dizziness and cramps every month, so bad that I would have to keep her home from school and put her to bed to get relief.

"After giving her only two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound she is now enjoying the best of health. I cannot praise your Compound too highly. I want every good mother to read what your medicine has done for my child."—Mrs. RICHARD N. DUNHAM, 311 Exchange St., Rochester, N.Y.

Stoutsville, Ohio.—"I suffered from headaches, backache and was very irregular. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken the whole of two bottles I found relief. I am only sixteen years old, but I have better health than for two or three years. I cannot express my thanks for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I had taken other medicines but did not find relief."—Miss CORA B. FOSNAUGH, Stoutsville, Ohio, R.F.D., No. 1.



Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for their daughters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

It is possible for a man to be straight and make both ends meet?

A large percentage of all sickness starts with unhealthy conditions of the digestive organs. Garfield Tea will set them right.

It Does.

"Do you find this presidential preferential primary puzzling?"

"Well, it makes you mind your p's."

Slightly Puzzled.

"Say, pa?"

"What is it?"

"Which union does a jack of all trades belong to?"

The Worm's Way.

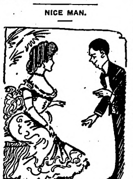
"The Hon. Stephen Coleridge, the English anti-vivisectionist," said an anti-vivisectionist of Philadelphia, "is delighted with the recent English vivisection report, which promises to abolish even the use of the live bait in fishing.

"Mr. Coleridge once argued here in Philadelphia about the cruelty of fishing with worms.

"'Oh,' his opponent said, 'the mere fact that a worm writhes and wriggles when impaled on a hook is no proof that it is actually suffering pain.'

"'No, oh, no!' said Mr. Coleridge, sarcastically. 'Beyond doubt that is just the worm's way of laughing at being tickled.'"

NICE MAN.



Softly—Won't you give me another dance?

Miss Charming—Really, Mr. Softly, you've had nearly all so far and—

Softly—Yes; you know, it's just to spite Miss Lovely. We've had a quarrel.

In the Growth of Corn

there's a period when the kernels are plumped out with a vegetable milk, most nutritious.

As the corn ripens the "milk" hardens, and finally becomes almost flinty.

Post Toasties

Are made from this hard part of choice selected corn.

It is carefully cooked; treated with sugar and salt; rolled into thin bits; then toasted to an appetizing brown—without a hand touching the food.

It has been said that Post Toasties are the most deliciously flavoured particles of cereal food yet produced.

One can render an opinion upon trial.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

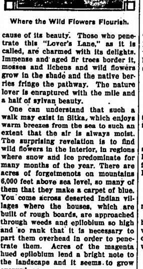
Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

ALASKA HAS MANY FLOWERS

Immense Fields of Yellow Poppies Grow as Far North as the Seal Islands.

Nome, Alaska.—One of the impressions left with the tourist in Alaska is of the luxuriance of the summer verdure, the rich green that suggests an English landscape. This verdure seems strange in a land associated usually with snow capped mountains and glaciers. The profusion of varicolored flowers and grasses, the result of from eighteen to twenty hours of sunshine a day, makes this country in summer a surprise and delight.

Every one who goes to Alaska takes a promenade along the famous Sitka walk, laid out by the Russians years ago, on the shore of Sitka Bay and the beautiful Indian river. It is noteworthy, not alone because good roads are scarce in this country but also because of its beauty. Those who penetrate this "Lover's Lane," as it is called, are charmed with its delights. Immense and aged fir trees border it, mosses and lichens and wild flowers grow in the shade and the native berries fringe the pathway. The nature lover is enraptured with the mile and a half of sylvan beauty.



Where the Wild Flowers Flourish.

One can understand that such a walk may exist in Sitka, which enjoys warm breezes from the sea to such an extent that the air is always moist. The surprising revelation is to find wild flowers in the interior, in regions where snow and ice predominate for many months of the year. There are acres of forgetmenots on mountains 6,000 feet above sea level, so many of them that they make a carpet of blue. You come across deserted Indian villages where the houses, which are built of rough boards, are approached through weeds and epilobium so high and so rank that it is necessary to part them overhead in order to penetrate them. Acres of the magenta hued epilobium lend a bright note to the landscape and it seems to grow everywhere.

Far up to the north, near the snow line on the high mountains, are willows, dwarf alders and birches, while below are firs and spruces, some of them hundreds of years old. Under them is verdure clothing the mountainsides so rank and so green that in imagination one is transplanted to tropical climates. This is especially pleasing to the eye, after the long, hard winter.

This luxuriance is the result of the long summer days and the fact that for ages the forests have been undisturbed. One log has fallen upon another and decayed, producing a rich vegetable muck in which almost everything will grow. The richness and softness of the soil makes Alaskan wood difficult to obtain and when any large enterprise has been undertaken, as building railroads, the timber, for the most part, has been shipped from Puget Sound.

The wild flowers in this northern country, along the coast and back toward the Yukon, delight with their beauty and fragrance. Far up, near the Seal Islands, are immense fields of yellow poppies, and in other sections there are wild geraniums of a bluish tint, yellow moccasin plants, saxifrage and bluebells.

FIND PART OF FAMED TEMPLE

Large Stone, Found in Excavations Said to Have Been Part of Aztec Building.

Mexico City.—A huge monolith was unearthed in the capital a short time ago during excavations which are being carried on for the extension of water mains. The stone is in the form of a plumed serpent, and it is thought may have been one of the corner stones of the ancient Aztec temple of Tenochtitlan. The find has been turned over to the National Museum with accurate measurements as to the place in which it was found. A committee will be chosen to study the stone and the place of its discovery, with a view to fixing the exact location of the ancient temple.

Deadly "Movie" Realism.

Hollidaysburg, Pa.—Roy Wilt and James Salyard, ten-year-old boys, were playing "Old Scout and the Indian," just as they saw it in the moving picture show. Salyard pulled the trigger of an old rifle, and Wilt fell with a bullet in his body. He is dying at the hospital.

Apologizes for Accident.

Fort Madison, Ia.—Peter Brahauan was run down by an automobile. Unhurt, he arose and apologized for being in the machine's way. Dr. C. E. Philpot, accepted this apology and bought him a cigar.

FINAL RESULT OF IMPURE BLOOD

The System Is Left Weak, Run Down and Helpless Against the Attacks of Disease.

If you need strength, if your blood is thin, your digestion disordered, it will pay you to investigate the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy that has transformed so many weak, anemic, dyspeptic, ambitionless people into strong, healthy, hungry men and women.

Mrs. Lena May Roberts, whose address is R. F. D. No. 3, Aberdeen, So. Dakota after several months of suffering finally found the right tonic in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says:

"For months after the birth of my baby, I suffered terribly from a general breakdown in health. I was in bed for three months and after that was able to be up only part of the time. I was sick all over, being pale, weak and thin. My appetite was gone and my head ached most of the time. Oftentimes there seemed to be a rush of blood to my head and I would faint away. I was very nervous and was not strong enough to do any work.

"As the treatment I was taking did not help me, I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which a friend said had helped her. After taking a few boxes, I began to get well rapidly. I continued using them for a time and am now as well and strong as ever in my life."

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in general debility lies in their direct response to the needs of the blood. Their work is to make new blood. That they do this well is shown by the gradual disappearance of the symptoms and the return of color and health. They lay the foundation for permanent health in the future.

For the same reason these pills have cured anæmia, after-effects of the grip and fevers, rheumatism, indigestion, and nervousness, dizziness, neuralgia and St. Vitus' dance, and are recommended wherever a tonic for the blood and nerves is needed.

A valuable booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," containing fuller information about rheumatism and other diseases of the blood will be sent free upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Delicate Point.

They are a happy Sewickley couple. They haven't been married very long. In fact, the honeymoon has barely waned. An elderly friend met the bridegroom downtown yesterday and slapped him on the back.

"Well, happy as a lark, I suppose?"

"Oh, yes."

"Oh, yes."

"How's the cooking?"

"I have one trouble there. It's just this, my wife has been preparing angel food every day for dinner."

"You must be getting tired of it."

"I am. Yet I feel a hesitancy about saying anything. How soon after the honeymoon would it be proper to ask for beefsteak and onions?"—Pittsburg Post.

Still Hoping.

"Life is a series of disappointments."

"Yes. I know a man who has been hoping nearly all his life that he would some day come into possession of a coin worth more than its face value."

The Worst of It.

"Do you keep a cook, Mrs. Subub?"

"Madam, I not only keep the cook, but also her entire family."

The old friend is better than the new. Garfield Tea is not only old but tried and found true. Made of pure wholesome Herbs.

No amount of culture will make a man stop snoring in his sleep.

HIRES HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT FOR MAKING OLD FASHIONED HOME-MADE ROOTBEER

Every home should make rootbeer in springtime for its deliciousness and its fine tonic properties.

One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

Write for premium puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
233 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Splendid Crops

In Saskatchewan (Western Canada)

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

800 Bushels from 20 acres of wheat was the thresher's return from a Lloydminster farm in the season of 1910. Many fields in that as well as other districts yielded from 25 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. Other grains in proportion.

LARGE PROFITS are thus derived from the FREE HOMESTEAD LANDS of Western Canada.

This excellent showing causes prices to advance. Land values should double in two years' time. Grain growing, mixed farming, cattle raising and dairying are all profitable. Free Homesteads of 160 acres are to be had in the very best districts; 160 acre pre-emptions at $3.00 per acre within certain areas. Schools and churches in every settlement, climate unexcelled, soil the richest; wood, water and building material plentiful.

For particulars as to location, low settlers' railway rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, "Last Best West," and other information, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to Canadian Government Agent.

E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn.
Geo. A. Hall, 125 2d St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Please write to the agent nearest you

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

This is the age of research and experiment, when all nature, so to speak, is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides during the past century, and among the by no means least important discoveries in medicine comes that of Therapion, which has, we understand, been used with great success in the French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder or nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., we think there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who are interested and would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say—miraculous cures, have only to send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether The New French Remedy, "THERAPION," is what they require and which they may have been seeking in vain during a life of untold misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

N. W. N. U., NO. 24-1912.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Foods

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Carbolated Vaseline

The best dressing you can find for wounds, bites of insects, abrasions, etc.

The Carbolic Acid helps to prevent infection; the "Vaseline" cleanses and soothes.

Especially valuable where there are children.

For sale everywhere in handy glass bottles. Be sure you get "Vaseline" [illegible]

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company [illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1912. NUMBER 50.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ROOT NAMED AS CHAIRMAN

Taft Forces Win First Blood in Organizing the Chicago Convention.

Chicago, Ill.—Against the threats, charges and bitter invection of the Roosevelt forces, the Taft supporters in the Republican national convention put through the first portion of their program by electing Senator Elihu Root, of New York, temporary chairman. In spite of the fact that Victor Rosewater, chairman of the national committee, consistently ruled out of order every motion made by the Roosevelt forces, it required more than five hours to reach a vote on the chairmanship.

Vote 558 to 502.

The calling of the roll was beset with difficulties from the first name on the lists of delegates, but in the end, when the tumult died away, Senator Root was found to have won by the vote of 558 to 502 over Governor Francis E. McGovern, of Wisconsin, with 13 scattering votes and five not voting or absent.

Both Forces Claim Victory.

Both the Taft and Roosevelt forces claimed that this vote indicates that their candidate is absolutely sure to win. The advantage appears to be with the president, however, for, while he is sure to lose some of the votes that were cast for Senator Root, it is claimed that he will gain, of instruction are lived up to, some of the votes indenpendently cast for McGovern.

This leaders who have been urging a compromise candidate ever since they arrived in Chicago are pointing to another angle in the figures and claim that they show that it is essential to name a so-called "dark horse" to save the day for the Republican party.

While Mr. Root was made chairman and managed to deliver his "keynote" speech, the fighting will be renewed when the motion of the Roosevelt leaders to substitute a new list of delegates for those seated in some of the contested cases heard before the national committee, will be taken up as the unfinished business. No committees were named and none will be until this motion to "purge" the convention of "fraudulent delegates" is disposed of.

It was defeated on a point of order but the Roosevelt forces declare that the parliamentary practice will not be permitted to stand in their way.

The Roosevelt people and the Taft people carried out their programs as announced in advance, almost to the letter. The Roosevelt people declared that they will fight every inch of the way.

The cry of "bolters" was hurled at the Roosevelt delegates at times during the session, but the contingency of a bolt seemed to be far distant.

California Belligerent.

California, under the leadership of Governor Hiram Johnson, assumed a belligerent attitude almost with the start of the roll call, when the two Roosevelt delegates from the Fourth district, unseated by the national committee, were not allowed to vote. Two votes for Root was the only encroachment in that state up the vote cast for McGovern. Later, Pennsylvania made a fierce protest against the vote of an alternate.

There is prosect of a bitter struggle when as "unfinished business" the convention will take up a motion of Governor Hadley of Missouri to strike from the temporary roll of the convenition, as prepared by the national committee, the names of 92 delegates seated by the national committee in contested election case and substsiute those of the Roose-contestants.

Taft and Roosevelt leaders burned the midnight oil analyzing again and again the first test vote of the Republican national convention with respect to its bearing in the presidential nomination.

It was inevitable that conflicting claims should be put out from the two headquarters—claims far in excess of the vedrock figures which the leaders are attempting to keep a close secret within their inner councils.

The Taft forces in the convention elected Senator Elihu Root as temporary chairman, 558 vote being cast for him. This was 18 more than a majority of the 1,078 delegates in the convention. It was realized from the first that the vote on Senator Root, however, would not reflect the actual strength either of Mr. Taft or Mr. Roosevelt.

At a conference of the Taft leaders it was said that they had scaled down and cut out the doubtful votes from the Root total and their final analysis showed 542 votes for the president, two more than enough to nominate. Even these figures, it was said, included a few "wobbly" delegates and might be changed.

SENATOR ELIHU ROOT

The Roosevelt leaders said they were surprised at the Root vote and that they expected him to poll between 575 and 580 votes. They professed to be jubilant over their view of the situation, but at the same time it was impossible for them to figure out on a paper majority for the colonel.

Governor Hadley of Missouri under direction of Colonel Roosevelt himself, will continue the fight begun to substitute 92 Roosevelt delegates for an equal number of Taft delegates seated by the national committees in contest cases. The Taft leaders say that ample opportunity will be given for a discussion of this proposition, but at the same time they characterize it as entirely without the bounds of reason and declare that any other person might just as well present his idea as to who should compose the temporary roll call of the convention.

Cochem Resigns.

Henry F. Cochem, the Wisconsin delegate, who nominated McGovern and thereby clashed with Houser and the La Follette delegation from his state, resigned as a member of the delegation. He issued a sharp attack on La Follette in which he accused the Wisconsin senator of having pursued a "selfish and perversely/ narrow policy."

The Taft managers privately admitted that the vote on the election of Senator Root as temporary chairman was "too close to be comfortable" although they insisted they would be able to maintain control of the convention.

"The vote showed unmistakably that we have control," said Director McKinley as he hurried into conference with his aides.

Seek to Hold Margin.

Every effort to the Taft captains was drected toward holding firmly that narrow majority of 18 by which Senator Root's election was accomplished. Estimates by Taft partisans placed the real Taft majority in the convention at between six and ten.

William Barnes, Jr., who led the fight for the Taft forces was jubilant in the belief that he had made certain the defeat of Roosevelt. He claimed strength for Taft but pointed out no specific accessions to the Taft column.

Urged "To Follow Hadley."

Colonel Roosevelt and his leaders decided to make the contest over the report of the credentials committee a decisive test of strength.

Governor Hadley of Missouri received a commission to exercise a free hand in directing the fight on the floor of the convention. Word was passed to all the Roosevelt delegates "to follow Hadley."

Talk of a bolt as a result of the decision to disregard the action of a majority of the convention unless it be composed of uncontested delegates was said to be unfounded.

Colonel Roosevelt addressed a caucus of Roosevelt delegates for a quarter of an hour. He congratulated them on the stand they had taken in the convention and urged them to stand by Governor Hadley.

Illinois Delegates Confer.

Chicago, June 19.—The Illinois delegation which gave nine votes to Root for the temporary speakership held an informal conference. The defection of seven of the nine was discussed.

Committees Named.

Chicago, Illinois. — Some of the Northwest delegates to land places on the various committees for the republican National convention are:

Rules.—D. J. Charles, Montana; A. J. Larson, Minnesota; Emil Scow, North Dakota.

National.—I. A. Caswell, Montana; Thos. P. Marshall, North Dakota.

Credentials.—Hugh T. Halbert, Minnesota; W. S. Lander, North Dakota.

Platform.—J. F. Jacobson, Minnesota; Geo. T. Baggs, Montana; P. O. Thoeson, North Dakota.

Thaw Again Faces Jerome.

White Plains, New York. — Harry K. Thaw was a witness for 30 seconds in the proceedings which he has brought in the supreme court to have himself declared sane and free to leave the Matteawan hospital. He was called to the stand by William T. Jerome, who has opposed Thaw's every move to regain his liberty. Most of the session was devoted to reading into the record testimoney taken at previous hearings and at Thaw's trial in 1908. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw will be on the stand.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND DAY.

Chicago, Ill — Wednesday Governor Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri might have had the presidential nomination at the hands of the Republican convention for the asking. Twenty minutes later the delegates, won by the caprices of a woman, were wildly cheering for Colonel Roosevelt and seemed to the casual observer anxious to present the gift to him. In just half an hour later, however, the same delegates, exhausted from cheering and through with spontaneous enthusiasm, were back in line with the Taft machine.

They voted as they did Tuesday, almost to a man. The one notable exception to this was that the Hawaiian delegation switched its six votes from the Roosevelt side to President Taft. The one vote of the day showed the strength of the Taft forces to be 564 and that of the combined opposition to be 510.

Test Vote Taken.

The test vote was on a motion to table an amendment made by Governor Deneen of Illinois, the motion of James E. Watson.

Under the amendment the Illinois governor had hoped to prevent certain contested delegates from participating in the temporary organization of the convention. This would have left the Roosevelt forces in control of the convention. The then sane delegates refused to do this, however. When the convention adjourned for the night it left the followers of the president apparently exactly six votes stronger than they had been when the night adjournment came the previous night.

The spark that set the convention on fire was dropped by the merest chance by James E. Watson, floor leader for the Taft contingent, while opposing Governor Hadley's motion.

Mr. Watson's Sally.

"I do not believe that the convention is in any mood to pass upon the right of the contested delegates to hold their seats here, even if its members knew the merits of the cases, which they do not," said Mr. Watson. "Why, do you know that even Governor Hadley favors passing the whole question on to the credentials committee, with certain reservations."

Governor Hadley, who was standing near Chairman Root, back of Mr. Watson, showed that he did not agree with this statement. He started to interrupt the speaker to say so, but decided not to do so.

Meanwhile, this little by-play had not been lost on the delegates. They wanted to hear the explanation of the Missouri executive and they made known their wants in a vociferous manner. Mr. Watson yielded the floor and Governor Hadley advanced down the platform to make his explanation.

Vent to Pent-up Yearn.

What followed may have been because it was the psychological moment for a demonstration or because the long-pent-up feelings of the delegates refused to be suppressed longer.

At any rate a storm of applause greeted the Roosevelt leader. Like all storms, it began in distant rumblings that increased in volume until it seemed that the roof of the Coliseum would be lifted from its iron supports.

Delegate after delegate, state after state, was struck by the noise-making mania and it seemed that nobody could make noise enough to express his feelings. Men who at first had only cheered began to leap up and down in their places. Then these decided to have a real convention demonstration, which cannot be had without marching about the building, hands on shoulders, perspiring, shouting, waving state signs and in other ways acting like men bereft of their reason.

The convention was called to order shortly after 11 a. m. with Senator Elihu Root, elected temporary chairman, presiding. Governor Hadley renewed his motion for the unseating of the contested Taft delegates and three hours were allotted for debate. Among those who had been heard up to 2 p. m. were Governor Hadley, Senator Hemenway, Henry J. Allen of Kansas, W. T. Dovell of Seattle, and George E. Record of New Jersey.

Band Gives Concert.

The Coliseum was a sea of empty chairs at 9:30 a. m., when the band, in its perch near the foor, struck the opening note of the morning concert. A file of policemen came in through a side door, stepping lively to the march time. The bluecoated guardians took their places across the front of the hall, where the line held back surging crowds yesterday and delegates and spectators began to filter in through the doors.

Not Afraid of Situation.

The air of nervousness that hung over the convention, police and employees before the opening of the first session was curiously absent. No one knew then what to expect, but now the patrolman chatted and laughed, secure in the belief that they could handle easily any situation that might develop.

The first delegate to enter the hall was a negro from Mississippi. He dropped into a chair directly on the aisle and promptly proceeded to go to sleep.

In the box reserved for special guests there were several early arrivals. At 10 a. m., an hour before the time for opening the session, less than two hundred spectators were in the hall and but eight of the delegates were present. Although the convention faced the real struggle of the Roosevelt leaders to obtain control of the permanent roll of delegates, there was a noticeable lack of excitement or enthusiasm about the convention hall.

James D. Preston, in charge of the press section in the convention hall, came in with a big bundle of mail in his hand.

"The Coliseum postmaster wanted me to help him get out the newspapermen's mail," he said. "Its all for one reporter—William Jennings Bryan."

Clapp Is an Early Arrival.

Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota, one of the Roosevelt delegates-at-large from that state, was an early arrival at his place on the vonvention floor.

Soon after Chairman Root had arrived on the platform he was flanked on one side by Governor Hadley, the Roosevelt leader, and on the other by James Watson of the Taft forces. As a preliminary to the day's expected hostilities all three shook hands and "retired to their corners."

Governor Hadley and Watson arranged for an equal division of the three hours' debate that was to be allowed on the Roosevelt proposition to substitute a roll containing ninety-two Roosevelt delegates in place of ninety-two Taft followers seated by the national committee.

Before calling the convention to order Chairman Root and the other officers of the convention posed for a series of pictures. This helped to delay matters several minutes beyond the scheduled hour, 11 a. m. At that time many delegates' seats still were vacant.

When California's delegation appeared it again bore the banners which were barred from the hall previously. The sergeant-at-arms forced the removal of the flags, leaving only the poles surmounted by the gilt California bears.

Roosevelt Leaders Confer.

Surrounding Governor Deneen's seat on the floor for fifteen minutes before the call to order were the Roosevelt leaders in earnest consultation. In the group were Senator Dixon, Governor Hadley, William Flinn and Governor Johnson of California.

Another fifteen minutes passed before Chairman Root again took up his gavel and with emphatic blows on the table insisted upon quiet and order. Much of the confusion was due to late comers in the galleries.

Estimates Are Made.

According to the estimates of very careful observers, the vote in the republican national convention, resulting in the election of Senator Root, as the Taft candidate, to be temporary chairman, does not by any means indicate with certainty that President Taft will be renominated. The victory is important to the Taft people as far as it goes. When it is recalled, however, that it was achieved by the help of at least 21 votes which are instructed for Roosevelt, it will easily be seen that it does not necessarily point to a final Taft victory.

The Taft leaders are hopeful, and if they can hold the strength which they are counting upon at this time, they will pull through, but, at the best, it will be a tight squeeze and it is unsafe to prophesy regarding the outlook.

Nor has the Root vote added anything to the joy of the Roosevelt leaders. Colonel Roosevelt's strength, as shown by that vote, was 502, from which there must be deducted 13 votes which he got from Wisconsin and 9 which he got from North Dakota, a total of 22. When it comes time to vote on a candidate for the presidency, those 22 votes will be cast for La Follette.

Deducting them from the Roosevelt column, therefore, the Roosevelt total is brought down from 502 to 480, which is 60 short of a majority of the convention. Conditions may arise which will give Colonel Roosevelt a gain of 60 votes above the 480, but there is an inclination to wonder if he did not touch high-water mark and to believe that his nomination will be much more difficult than early estimates have indicated.

WOMEN LIKE TO GO.

Society Folk Attend Convention in Numbers.

Chicago, Ill. — There were very few visiting women who were willing to forego attending the second day's show at the Coliseum, where the Republicans are making an endeavor to nominate a president. Society folk were there in great numbers, and even the inconveniences of basket luncheons and dependence upon drinks of varying degrees of coolness did not deter them.

UNCLE JOE SILENT.

Hasn't the Slightest Idea. What the Convention Will Do.

Washington, D. C. — There is one man in Washington who says he has no idea of what the Chicago convention may do and he differs from all other Republicans in congress by refusing to guess. He is Joseph Gurney Cannon, many times speaker, and present at all other Republican conventions since the nomination of Abraham Lincoln. He got no ticket to the Chicago convention from his district.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN

One Million Words Handled in Dispatches.

Chicago, Ill. — Figures compiled by the telegraph companies here today show that all records for outgoing dispatches were broken, the opening day of the republican national convention. It was said that approximately one million words were handled. This does not include dispatches sent on leased wires.

SPECIAL SESSION HAS ADJOURNED

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT NARROWLY MISSES DEFEAT AT CLOSE.

THE NEW PRIMARY LAW.

Has Many New Features.—Second Choice Provision Makes It Possible to Get Majority Nomination.

St. Paul, June 18.—The extraordinary session of the Minnesota Legislature came to an end at nine o'clock this morning, when the journal of Monday's proceedings was read and final adjournment taken. Although in session only two weeks, the legislature wheel turned unusually fast and half a dozen measures of unusual value to the people were passed by practically non-partisan action. Of the three measures asked by the governor, two, a state-wide primary and a corrupt practices act passed and re-apportionment was turned down. The next subject that attracted most attention was a bill prohibiting the Modern Woodmen raising their rates in Minnesota until a referendum vote is taken. This was demanded by a considerable dissenting element in the lodge.

The last bill passed was the corrupt practices act.

Controversy between the two houses over this took an unexpected turn when, after the conference committee had agreed on the features of the bill, it became known that enough senators had been procured to vote against the measure to make its defeat certain.

While the conference committee was drawing up a unanimous report on the measure, and members generally believed that on this report it would pass both houses by a unanimous vote, the opposition had interviewed ten members of the upper house and secured their pledges to vote against the act. Advantage was taken of the fact that only 36 members were present and as it required 32 to pass the measure the opposition of only five would defeat it.

The opponents of the bill were enough in number to defeat the measure, but were hopelessly in the minority when the advocates of the measure threatened to adjourn, and to keep the senate in session all summer if necessary until a full attendance could be forced and the bill passed. One by one the opposing senators changed position. The bill finally passed by a vote of 35 to 0.

Discovery of defects in the primary bill led to the reconsideration of the measure and the passage of amendments. It was discovered that the section governing voting machines was not clear and the right of the city of Minneapolis to use its machines under the law as first enacted was questioned. To make certain that Minneapolis was protected C. R. Fowler secured the adoption of an amendment, providing that voting machines could be used in certain cities and that where it was not practical to use them for all elections, that they be used as far as possible and that the ballot system be reverted to for other officers.

Among the minor acts of the closing day was the appropriation of $14,000 for the usual publication of the new laws as supplements to the legal newspapers throughout the state.

The New Primary Law.

The most important work of the session was the passage of the state-wide primary law, known as the "second choice" law.

The new law simply extends the present primary law to all officers in the state with the exception of officers in towns and villages and cities of the third and fourth class and to members of the school, park, and library boards in cities of population less than 100,000, and provides for a second choice in the nomination of such officers. In addition to this, it places the judges of the supreme, district, probate and municipal courts, municipal officers in Minneapolis and county superintendents of schools on a non-partisan basis.

Legislators were practically unanimous in their support of the general idea of a state-wide primary law. They differed only on the second choice provision. The bill as passed provides for the elimination feature.

The purpose of it is to compel nomination by a majority. Under the present system, if three or four candidates run for a nomination, the man receiving the highest number of votes is nominated. He might have more votes than any one of the other candidates, but still receive less than one-third of the entire vote cast. By this method a minority would nominate.

The second choice is provided to correct this defect. Under the new plan each voter has the privilege of casting a first and second choice vote. His first choice would, of course, go to the man he desired nominated, and his second choice to the man he desired, in case his first choice could not win. At first count of votes for any office, the first choice vote are counted. If one man has the majority of the first-class votes cast for that office, he is declared the nominee. But if not, then the man receiving the lowest number of first-choice votes is eliminated.

Every man who voted for this candidate also has a second choice expression. The first choice votes are abandoned and the second choice votes taken. They are applied to the first choice votes of the other candidates, as they were cast.

Then another count is made of the first choice votes that each surviving candidate received, combined with the second choice votes that he received from the voters who had cast a first choice expression for the man eliminated. Then if none had sufficient votes to make up a majority of the first choice votes originally cast the next lowest man is eliminated and his votes applied. By this method it is held that the man nominated receives either a first or second choice expression from a majority of all the voters who voted for that office. He holds intact the first choice votes he originally received. In addition to these he receives the second choice votes from enough of the voters who voted for the other candidates to give him a majority. A ballot under this rule would look like this:

	First Choice	Second Choice
A. B.	X	
C. D.		
E. F.		X
G. H.		

The voter in this instance cast his first choice vote for A. B. and his second choice for E. F., the theory being that he wanted A. B. nominated in preference to all others, but that if A. B. could not win his second choice was E. F.

Carried out to a final count after all the voters had been counted the tally sheet would look life this:

Candidates	First Choice	Second Choice			
		AB	CD	EF	GH
A. B.	50		30	15	5
C. D.	40	25		10	5
E. F.	25	15			3
G. H.	5	3	1	1	

This total would show that A. B. received 50 first choice votes, more than any other single candidate. But the total number of first choice votes cast numbered 120, so he would not receive a majority.

Sixty-one votes would give a majority. As no candidate received a majority of votes, G. H., who received the least number, would be eliminated. He received, but five first choice votes. Each of these, however, would express a second choice vote. The table shows that three expressed a second choice for A. B., one for C. D., and one for E. F.

Then, under the rule, the first choice vote of A. B., C. D. and E. F. would be combined with the second choice votes each received from those voters who originally voted for G. H., A. B., having received three votes, this total would be increased from the original 50 first votes to 53. This would not be a majority so the next lowest man, E. F., would be eliminated, and his second choice votes applied. Of these, A. B. received 15 and C. D. none. A. B. at this point has increased his original first choice vote of 50 to 68 by the three second choice votes he received from the voters who had voted for G. H., first choice and 15 from those voted for E. F., first choice. On the other hand, C. D., who stood next highest in the race, received but one second choice vote, from G .H. and none from E. F. Then his original 40 first choice votes would be increased by but one. A. B., in other words, has a total of 68 votes or more than a majority of the total of the original first choice votes cast and he would be declared the nominee.

The theory carried further is this, that A. B. received either a first or second choice vote from the majority of all the voters voting at the election. He received 50 first choice votes at the outset. To this was added the second choice votes of 15 who voted for E. F. and three from those who voted for G. H. His nomination would be by majority.

As applied to the three largest cities the law means that as far as the nominations for state legislative, congressional, United States senators, and county officers are concerned the second choice rule would apply. The nominations of all judges, municipal officers in Minneapolis and the county superintendents of school are placed on a non-partisan basis.

Here the second choice provision does not apply. But the two men receiving the highest number of votes for each office at the primary election are declared the non-partisan nominees. They will oppose each other for the office at te general election.

20 DIE IN SWEDISH WRECK

Mail Train and Frieght in Collision at Malmslaett Station.

Linkoepen, Sweden. — Twenty persons were killed, and sixteen injured in a collision of a mail train proceeding to Stockholm and a freight train at Malmslaett station. Among the victims was a daughter of the late August Strindberg, the novelist. There were no Americans injured [illegible].

THAW HEARING AGAIN.

Mother to Listen to Evidence Relative to Sanity of Son.

White Plains, New York. — Mrs. Mary Copely Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, arrived here from Pittsburg to attend the hearings before Justice Keogh of the supreme court when Thaw will make another effort to secure his release from the Matteawan asylum. Justice Keogh will determine whether Thaw is still insane [illegible].

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Mankato.—District Judge Pfau has sentenced Gust Eichhorn and Harry Chittenden to the state reformatory for their part in the robbery of the Mint saloon.

Brainerd.—Plats of the park addition to Oreland, Raymond's addition to Crosby, have been filed. These are all additions to towns on the Cuyuna iron range.

Cass Lake.—W. W. Goog, proprietor of a summer hotel fifteen miles from Remer, was found dead in his boat. A hemorrhage caused death. The body was taken to St. Paul for burial.

Truman.—At the annual stockholders' meeting of the Truman Farmers' Elevator company, the treasurer's report showed a net profit of $3,200. L. Smith was re-elected president for the ninth time.

Windom.—Distrirt court, which has been in session two weeks, came abruptly to an end, as many of the cases upon the calendar were continued or dismissed. No criminal case were tried.

Owatonna.—Within a short time after attending the funeral of his brother, C. H. Reineke was stricken with the same ailment and died within a few moments. Both died of heart failure and both were aged pioneers.

Brainerd.—The Crow Wing county Sunday school association will hold its convention here June 25 and 26. The annual convention of the W. C. T. U. of the fifteenth district met yesterday and will continue in session today.

Owatonna.—The barn of U. G. Jensen near Ellendale, was struck by lightning and with all its contents, burned to the ground. Seven horses were burned to death. The loss is estimated at $4,000, partly covered by insurance.

Belgrade.—Mrs. Annia Froehler of this city was buried at New Munich. She was 91 years old, and was one of the oldest settlers, being one of the first to settle between St. Paul and here. She is survived by two sons and one daughter.

Minneapolis. — Grace Presbyterian church's silver communion set, valued at $100, was stolen from the pastor's study and the individual glass cups thrown on the floor and smashed by thieves who came and departed in an automobile.

Mankato.—While a party of autoists were touring this county, their car went down a seventy-five foot embankment into the lake above the Rapidan dam, and sank in fifteen feet of water. All jumped to safety just before it went over the bank. They refused to give their names.

Cass Lake.—W. W. Goog died in a rowboat near his home about 15 miles from Remer and the body has been brought to Cass Lake. Corner Miskella visited the place and ascertained that Goog, who was on the other side of the river from his home, had evidently been taken with a hemorrhage.

Winona.—The petition for the appointment of a board to frame and draft a new city charter with the commission form of government has been filed 600 signatures, or more than the required number. It is expected Judge Snow will shortly appoint the commission and it will complete its work so it can be submitted to the voters at the November election.

Fergus Falls.—Two merchants filed bankruptcy petitions in the United States court in this city. Forest H. Hillard, who has been in the drug business at Crookston, places his assets at $8,897.02 in real estate and stock in trade, and his liabilities at $4,635.52. Louis A. Wideman, who has been in the general merchandise business at LaPorte, Hubbard county, places his assets at $625, of which $275 is exempt, and his liabilities at $3,159.32.

Minneapolis.— Dr. Herbert W. Hill, epidemiologist for the state board of health, has resigned to accept the office of director of the institute of public health, and the chief executive office of the medical faculty at Western university at London, Ontario. He will assume his new position in August. Dr. Hill has been with the state board of health seven years. He is a graduate of the University of Toronto and Johns Hopkins university, and was previously engaged in public health work in Louisville and Boston.

Minneapolis, Minn., — The annual session of the Minnesota grand lodge of the Odd Fellows and the Daughters of Rebekah has ended. Miss Ella Kohn of St. Cloud, was elected president of the Rebekahs. Three candidates contested the secretaryship with Miss Lucy Bolton of St. Paul, but she finally triumphed over the others. Miss Lena Waber of West Concord was elected vice president, Mrs. M. McGilaroy warden and Mrs. Lulu Baker of Kasson treasurer. A present of $100 was voted to Mrs. Milville, retiring secretary.

Winona.—The twenty-second spring meeting of the Southeastern Minnesota Baptist association was held at the First Baptist church in this city Tuesday and Wednesday, June 18 and 19., Rev. T. L. Ketman of Chicago will made an address on Tuesday afternoon and the speakers at the Tuesday evening session were Rev. E. R. Pope, of Minneapolis and Rev. V. N. Robbins who preached the annual sermon. At the Wednesday evening meeting the doctrinal sermon was delivered by Rev. C. H. Gamble of [illegible]

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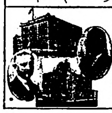

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Saturday, June 22, 1912.

The democratic national convention convenes at Baltimore next Tuesday.

What our national republican convention is going to do is largely a matter of conjecture. At present writing the affair —on which, by the way, the eyes of the world are focused—appears to have degenerated into a mere svuabble, and to rival, if not equal, the fracases in ward heeling caucuses in the cities.

In a day or two an announcement is expected of the senatorial intentions of Senator Nelson. Discretion would suggest to him that he delay his announcement until after the national convention period, lest it be lost in the hubbub. Local politics are drowned out by the turmoil from the presidential battles.—Dispatch.

The Extra Session

When The Herald was advocating an extra session of the legislature this argument was made in opposition.

A legislature of the character of that which adjourned in April, 1911, would accomplish nothing and it would be a waste of public money and a public calamity to call it together again.

While this newspaper admitted that the legislature of 1911 had faults in plenty, it took the position that it was nowhere near so bad as it was painted. If it had thought for a moment that an extra session would be a fruitless expense, The Herald never would have advocated calling one.

Though from the governor down the line many declared that there would be no extra session and that if there should be one nothing would come of it, there WAS an extra session, which has just adjourned, and much of value came from it.

These things have resulted from the session just closed, besides several others of minor importance:

1. A measure proposing to the people an increase in the railroad gross earnings tax rate from 4 per cent to 5 per cent, from which the state will gain about a million dollars a year.

2. A statewide primary bill which take the political power out of the hands of the bosses who have abused it and restore it to the people, with a second choice provision which prevents the bosses from regaining that power by bringing about the nomination of minority candidates.

3. A corrupt practices act which will curb the power of money in politics.

4 and 5. The ratification by this state of the income tax amendment to the Federal Constitution, and of the amendment providing for the popular election of United States senators. The ratification of the income tax amendment redeems the legislature's failure of 1911, and the ratification of the amendment granting the people the right to elect United States senators gives Minnesota the high honor of being second among the states to approve this amendment.

6. The adoption of a joint resolution calling upon the state tax commission to see to it that all railroad property not used for railroad purposes, and therefore contributing no taxes through the gross earnings system, be placed on the tax rolls, including back years.

7. The senate also passed a resolution asking the tax commission to investigate and report upon the advisability of abandoning the gross earnings plan of taxing railroads and reverting to the ad valorem system, taxing railroad property exactly as other property is taxed, according to its value; and a resolution providing for an investigation of the question of brewery ownership of saloons.

All this in a session of exactly two weeks, with no unseemly altercations or disgraceful bickerings.

It is a record which will go far to redeem the legislature of Minnesota from its disrepute following the regular session, and the fact that all these progressive measures were adopted by votes that were practically unanimous shows that the people of Minnesota are awake and determined and that their public servants—some of them, at least—realize it.

The conspicuous failure of the session, of course, was reapportionment. It was evident from the first day of the session that no reapportionment bill could be passed, as the senate was even more firmly determined to defeat it than it was at the regular session. The knowledge of this, coupled with the fear of house members that consideration of the measure would prolong the session without accomplishing anything more, prevented the bill from coming to a final vote in the house.

The Herald is proud of the legislature because it has amply justified the confidence in it on which The Herald's extra session campaign was based.—Duluth Herald.

The Old Guard Dies

The Honorable William Lorimer has been the storm center for some time past, and before this reaches the reader it is likely that the body which he profaned will be rid of his presence forever. This in spite of the "whitewash" resolutions in which, F., S. & H. regrets to say, the senior senator from Minnesota joined.

But enough of Lorimer. Consider for the moment the price that has already been paid by his defenders for their betrayal of the public, and its not over-squeamish sense of official decency One by one those who have constituted the "Old Guard" in the senate, have been called before the bar of public opinion, and have been found wanting.

This has been the deliberate judgment of a people not too curious about technicalities, but filled with the idea that the senate should be clean, and that those chosen to that high body should represent the will of the people. Cullom sits in the senate no longer endorsed by Illinois; Paynter, has been repudiated by his own people; and such a fate has been the lot of Senator Foster. Bailey, who but a few years ago looked like a leader of the people, like Judas of old, has hanged himself politically thru voluntary retirement. Guggenheim will leave the senate at the end of this term. Crane and Penrose and Oliver and Briggs all go into oblivion, so far as the political life of the national is concerned. The last of the "Old Guard" to suffer defeat at the hands of the people is Gamble of South Dakota, and the rejection of Layfayette Young by the voters of Iowa is an emphatic assurance that there will be no reinforcements to the ranks of standpatism from that state. These were the defenders of Lorimer. This is their fate.

Will Senator Nelson, who stood by both Lorimer and Stephenson, be endorsed by Minnesota?—Farm Stock and Home.

Who is to Blame?

If there is, as Prof William Burdick told the St. Paul College of Law last night, "a storm of criticism from pulpit press and people against the bench," how can it be unjust as he asserts? It is wholly improbable that these three great estates should unite in a storm of criticism without a solid foundation. Prof. Burdick would acquit the bench and lay the trouble at the door of the system. In a lagre measure he is right in this. But the chances are that the storm of criticism to which he refers is really directed at the system and not at the judidiary itself. But the pulpit, press and people probably again unite in holding the judictary and the legal fraternity responsible for the continuance in the system of the abuses which stir up the storm. The profession should be the first to move and the most active to provide the remedy.—Dispatch.

Why We Fight Tuberculosis

People used to think tuberculosis was inherited. If your parents had it, you were sure to have it, was the idea. When it was studied more this proved false and it was also found that tuberculosis killed more people than any other disease, and that it can be prevented. There is no need of getting tuberculosis.

Cleanliness, light and air in the house do much to prevent development of germs which may lodge there from those who already have the disease.

There were 1,535 people killed on the Titanic and yet in Minnesota each year over 2,000 people die of tuberculosis. Most of these lives can be saved. Isn't it worth fighting for?

Tuberculosis very often takes the man of the house when he is in his prime and children are dependent on him. And yet tuberculosis is easily controlled.

The state spends three cents per capita to keep the public healthy and $1.50 per capita to educate the children. It spends more to protect and develop the game and fish of the state than it does to guard public health.

Pathfinder Car Here Thursday

The Pathfinding party for the annual reliability run of the Minnesota State Automobile association passed through here Thursday afternoon. In the party were J. H. Prior, official pathfinder; H. H. Clark, representing the Scaroborough Co., Indinapolis, Ind., making maps; George Murphy, veteran automobile driver; R. E. Tucker, representing the Frederick E. Murphy Automobile Co., Minneapolis, northwestern distributors of Mitchell cars. Jos Helm accompanied them from Red Lake Falls as a pilot.

The annual reliability run of the state association is to be from Minneapolis to Winnipeg. The start will be made on Wednesday, July 24, and the cars are scheduled to reach Winnipeg Saturday noon, July 27. About 25 cars carrying 115 people, will make the run. The party will arrive at St. Hilaire Friday July 25, at about 6 p. m.

The pathfinding is done by a Mitchell "Baby Six" 48 h. p. stock touring car An accurate road map of the entire route is being made for the 1,000 mile run. This map will be used by the tourists and will later be incorporated in the official route book of the association.

Minneapolis Excursionists

The Minneapolis trade extension excursionists arrived here Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock and remained about 15 minutes.

The First regiment band, accompanying the excursion marched up on main street and rendered a few selections.

The Minneapolis men are traveling in a special train of eight coaches. They left Minneapolis Monday and went to Winnipeg by way of Crookston. Thence to Bemidji and International Falls.

Save the Boys

The conservation of the created resources of the state and nation is one of the big problems of the American people to solve. The Minnesota fire marshal department is putting forth its best endeavors along this line in persistently calling the attention of the people of the state to reduce the annual ash heap by the elimination of hazardous fire condition.

If the people of Minnesota could be brought to realize the enormous and unnecessary fire loss, amounting in 1911 to nearly $6,000,000, fully seventy per cent of this loss could have been saved to the people if proper care had been used. The stupendous fire waste in this country every year has been justly termed "Our National Folly." The annual per capita fire waste in the United States is estimated at $2.51. In Minnesota in 1911 it reached nearly $3.00 per capita, while in Europe the loss was only 33 cents. The sense of the criminality and immorality of needless fire waste is not yet fully realized by the people of Minnesota. In France for instance, there is a law dating from the time of Napoleon, providing that if a fire starts in your house or property and damages the property of your neighbor you will be held liable to the owner thereof. In other European countries a heavy liability rests on the party on whose promises the fire starts. In this country the fires are fought bravely by the fire department, regular and volunteer, the ashes are viewed when the waste is completed, the insurance companies settle the policies and all is over.

Minnesota will no doubt celebrate July 4, in a manner which befits the occasion. Practically every village and hamlet will have on display and for sale the dangerous and death dealing fire cracker. For several years a concerted movement has been made in the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis looking to the reduction of loss and property from this source to the minimum. And the results obtained have been most gratifying, demonstrating that it would be possible to absolutely eliminate the fire caused by this agency. The insurance rates in Minnesota are entirely too high and they can only be materially reduced by the people of the state taking hold of the matter. In preventing or curtailing the use of the fire cracker and other sort of fire works the mayors and councils of various municipalities of the state can assist very materially.

The small boy of course enjoys the fire cracker for the noise it makes and the element of danger in their use. From the year 1903 to 1910, 37,282 people of this nation were either killed outright or badly wounded by the careless handling of fireworks. The annual slaughter is fast approaching and it is largely up to the people of this state as to the number that will be sacrificed by this false idea of patriotism. The annual property loss as the result of 4th of July fires reaches astounding figures. These losses increase the fire tax on the people because the insurance companies must recoup their losses from those who are responsible for them.

City and village authorities are urged to co-operate with the Minnesota state fire marshal in eliminating the losses caused by the careless use of fire works. Aside from the small profit that dealers make in handling these wares no one could possibly lose, and the welfare of the masses should not be jeopardized for the benefit of a few.

An ordinance or resolution absolutely prohibiting the sale and use of fire crackers or other fire works in every municipality in this state is justifiable and would have a most wholesome effect.

Chapter 28, General Laws of 1907, regulates the size of fire cracker, and prohibits the use of blank cartridge fire arms as follows:

"Section 1. Every person who shall manufacture, use, sell or keep for sale within this state any blank cartridge pistol, blank cartridge firearms, blank cartridges, caps containing dynamite, and fire crackers exceeding three inches in length, and exceeding one-half of an inch in diameter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Village authorities and city councils will be doing the public a signal service if they will forthwith pass an ordinance absolutely prohibiting the use and sale of these goods.

C. E. KELLER,
State Fire Marshal.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the St. Hilaire Co-operative Elevator company will be held in the village hall in St. Hilaire on Friday, June 28, at 1 o'clock p. m.

All stock holders are requested to be present.

R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary.

Annual Meeting

Wylie Minn., May 29, 1912.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Wylie Farmers' elevator and Mercantile company will be held at Wylie, Minn., on July 1, 1912, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine (9) directors for ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be properly done at such meeting

EARNEST J. AKERLAND,
j15-3t Secretary.

Bids for Manager

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers' Co-operative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed grinder for the term of one year, commencing August 1, 1912.

Bids to be opened July 15, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Address R. J. McKERCHER, Secretary.

District Court

The annual spring session of the district court will convene in Thief River Falls next Monday with Judge Andrew Grindeland of Warren on the bench. It is expected that this term will be an unusually long one as there are a number of cases that will be tried, some of which will be hard-fought and interesting. There are twenty-eight civil cases on the calendar and one criminal case. Another criminal case will be moved on and there may be more when the grand jury brings in its report.

Municipal Court

Judge Tarrant and the municipal court was busy Tuesday afternoon with the case of Daniel Patterson against G. W. Hooper, both of St. Hilaire. The case was tried by a jury and a verdict rendered in favor of Mr. Patterson.—Thief River Falls Times

Road Work

The town board of Black River will meet at the home of Arthur Aubolson on Friday, June 28, 1912, for the purpose of letting contracts for work in constructing a highway on the town line between Black River and Sanders.

DAN I. WHALEN,
j15-j22 Chairman.

Could Play Base Ball

The celebrated Tenessee minstrels gave an entertainment Saturday evening to a light house, the affair not having been very well advertised, which was lucky, as they charged 50 cents admission to what proved to be a poor speciman of the typical negro minstrel show. However, they were some ball players. They defeated the Gophers with a score of 12 to 2, the Thief River Falls first team made a score of 3 to their 14; they "shut out" the Warren team by 6 to 0. In fact, they beat everything they played with in this section of the country.

Fierce Hailstorms in England.

Large stories are told of the damage done by hailstones in Minnesota recently. However, Old England itself has some statistics to show. On May 30, 1897, a terrific hailstorm visited Seaford, Sussex. Some of the "bolts" measure 4½ inches in circumference, after lying on the ground for fully seven minutes. On June 24, in the same year, the most disastrous visitation of the kind in modern times ravaged parts of Essex and the adjacent counties.

Animals and poultry were killed and crops ruined. At Ingatestone the hail broke through a slated roof, and at Baddow it went through windows and cut the blinds to pieces. The damage in Essex alone was at least $500,000.

The latest storm of exceptional violence occurred in Huntingdonshire on August 2, 1906. The "hail" consisted of hard pieces of ice, from three to four inches in length, and killed rabbits and other small animals wholesale.

Hooked a Swordfish.

Eight miles off Newport, Cal., a 12 foot swordfish, with a sword four feet long, caught on an "80" hook by Hugh McMillan and G. G. Shoemaker, towed the fishermen's launch two miles, after having charged the boat repeatedly and scarred the stern in numerous places. The monster was killed after half an hour's fight. It weighed several hundred pounds.

When the big fish was first caught it charged to the surface, endangering the lives of two men and of other men in two near-by launches. The captors of the monster were towed almost out of sight of the men in the other boats Persons ashore refused to believe that the two men caught the fish on their 27-strand cotton line until the story was vouched for by the men in the other launches.

Bear Wanted to Play with Children.

While the children of John Herron were playing in front of their home, at Duryea, Pa., a she-bear and her cub appeared on the scene. The baby bear ran up and wanted to play with the children, kitten-like, but the mother bear called it back, while the youngsters ran into the house. As Mr. Herron was not at home and no one who could shoot was around the visitors remained unmolested. After sniffing about the yard for a while and eating a few apples and potato peelings at the back door, the bears rambled away.

Breakfasting with Whistler.

There was a foreign painter who used to breakfast at Chelsea, and when Mr. Carr asked him if he had been there lately he replied: "Oh, no; not now so much. He ask me a leetle while ago to breakfast, and I go. My cab fare, two shilling, 'arf a crown. I arrive, very nice. Goldfish in bowl, very pretty. But breakfast—one egg, one toast—no more! Oh, no. My cab fare, two shillings, 'arf a crown. For me no more!"—London Telegraph.

Preferred the Insomnia.

A story is told of the late bishop of London, Dr. Creighton, and Lord Rosebery. Lord Rosebery complained to the bishop of want of sleep, to which the bishop replied that he never suffered from insomnia. The earl observed that he wished he knew the remedy. The bishop's formula was very simple. If he felt drowsy he started to write a sermon and in a few moments he was wide awake. On the other hand if he wanted to sleep all he had to do was to start to read a sermon. Then sleep came in a few seconds. Lord Rosebery replied that it was his practice to choose the lesser evil, and he preferred want of sleep to reading sermons [illegible]

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Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice is Hereby Given, That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, executed by Herby L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1910, at 5:00 p. m. in book 8 of mortgages on page 619 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of Red Lake county at the organization of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota, and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 23 of mortgages on page 37 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A. D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co., said mortgagee, sold, assigned, and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the 10th day of June A. D 1912, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book 8 of mortgages on page 91 thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due on the said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of three hundred ten and 54-100 (310.54) dollars. Said sum consisting of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty (120.00) dollars on the note secured by the said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six, (6), per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest payments for the sum of eighty-eight (88.00) dollars each, due respectively May 1, 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, which said interest payments were paid by the mortgagee herein, and of interest on each of the said interest payment from the respective due dates thereof to the date hereof, at the rate of six (6) per cent annum and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgage premises therein described at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41).

Dated June 10, 1912.

C. L. HANSON
Assignee of Mortgagee.
WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Assignee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. j15-jy20

LOCAL MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.01
" " 2 "	1.00
" " 3	.97
Flax, No. 1	$2.02
" " 2	1.91
Barley, for 50 lbs	70
Oats	43
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	24
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork	5½
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton	5@6
Veal	[illegible]
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	[illegible]
Flour, patent	2.00
Shorts, per ton	[illegible]
Bran	[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tommorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, July 7, at 10:30 a. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services June 30, at 8 o'clock.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3630 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads,

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

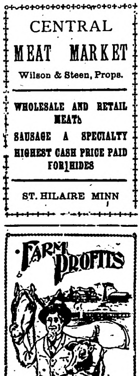
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN



Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Rev. M. S. Gjerde went Tuesday to Middle River.

D. McAllister went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

We have had a few days of really fine weather this week.

Mrs. Henry Olson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake Falls made this town a visit Monday.

For Sale—Three good solid work oxen. m18-3t SAM THOMPSON.

Tudy Brink, the Plummer barber, was in town Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Chris Peterson returned Monday from a visit to Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Hans Wilson and Mrs. R. Eck of Wylie went to Thief River Falls Monday.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Axel Johnson went Saturday to Crookston on a business mission, and returned Thursday.

Mrs. Arres, who has been visiting at the A. R. Jones home, returned Thursday to Crookston.

The Ladies Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Ole Loberg.

Mrs Carl Krueger returned Monday from Red Lake Falls, where she has been visitidg about two weeks.

Dr. Spofford made his regalar visit to St. Hilaire Thursday to look after the welfare of the eyes of this community.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Ulmer arrived Wednesday from Fargo and will be guests of their daughter Mrs. Carl Krueger for a time.

A. S. Wilson, A. H. Pitkin, Henry Olson, and O. H. Olson walked to Thief River last Sunday to see the coons play ball.

Andrew Hall, Miss Alice Hall, and Dr. Owens listened to the socialist speaker at Thief River Falls Wednesday evening.

Rev. S. T. Palm came over from his home and went Tuesday to Greenbush to attend a district meeting of the Synod church.

For sale—A silo ensilage cutter, feed mill and engine. A snap if taken up quick. m25 1mo
N. A. NELSON.

Sheriff LaBree passed through here Monday returning to Thief River Falls from a trip summoning petit jurors for the next term of court.

K. O. Gigstad, H. O. Haugen, and Ole Peterson went Tuesday to Greenbush, to attend a district meeting of the Synod church, as delegates from St. Hilaire.

Miss Esther Nelson, who underwent an operation for appendicitis in a hospital in St, Paul, is getting along nicely and is expected to be able to return home in a short time.

Miss Elizabeth Wilson of Northfield was the guest of Mrs. A. H. Pitkin the first of the week returning Tuesday. Miss Wilson was formerly a teacher in the Crookston schools.

WANTED—Young stock to pasture. I will have the se¼ of section 2, ½ mile from Hazel, fenced with woven wire by 23. Plenty of grass, water, and shade. Horses $1.25 a month, $4.00 a season. Cattle $1.00 a month, $3.00 a season. No barbed wire on the farm. For further particulars inquire of
m18 S. VAN KLEEK, Hazel, Minn.

Leon Achenbach of Bemidji arrived here Thursday and with a crew of about fifty men will endeavor to get the logs in motion that lie in the river between N. A. Nelson's place and Louisville. The drive comprises about fourteen million feet of logs, and will run the Crookston mill for about four months. With a full head of water here and in the Clearwater it is thought there is sufficient to carry the logs to Crookston.

Last Sunday on the farm of L. M. Rolland three and one half miles northwest of this city, was played a last game of ball between the Thief River Falls "Butchers" and the Sanders "Slammers." At first sight, it looked as tho it would be a walk away for the Butchers, but the Slammers soon turned the tables, and afterwards kept in the lead, the game ending with a score of 18 to 9 in favor of the Slammers. The "Rubes" demonstrated their ability to play ball, and after this it is hoped they will schedule games with any of the teams in Pennington and neighboring counties.

Now is the time to get your fly nets and dusters. Call and see our prices.
CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Albert Brink went to Plummer yesterday.

Oscar Kolstad went Wednesday to Bemidji.

O. H. Peters visited the county seat Wednesday.

Miss Ida Kalland went Tuesday to Moorhead.

Miss Elizabeth Johnson is visiting friends in Wylie.

Matt Skala of Red Lake Falls was in town Wednesday.

Rolland Fairbanks is lying seriously ill with typhoid fever at Warren.

Andrew Anderson spent Sunday at home, returning to Thief River Falls Monday.

Everett Smith returned Wednesday from a visit at Winnebago in southern Minnesota.

There have been rumors of frosts recently, but there was no question about it Monday night.

Mrs. John Maakrud returned Wednesday from a visit with friends in LaCrosse, Wis.

C. W. Simonson returned Wednesday to Grand Forks after a short visit with friends here.

Wm. J. Law of Minneapolis, auditor for the Crookston Lumber company, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin came down from Thief River Falls Wednesday and returned Thursday.

S. L. Lewis the Red Lake Falls life insurance solicitor, paid our city a visit Tuesday and Wednesday.

B. E. Burkee was in Thief River Falls Tuesday as witness in the Patterson-Hooper suit in municipal court.

The Landstad congregation will have a mission festival at Anton Hanson's place three miles north of the church.

The Ladies Aid society of the Mission church will meet on Friday, June 28, at Mrs. J. Fellman's at 2 o'clock p. m.

N. Ady of Red Lake Falls, has rented and moved his family into the D. Collins house Mr. Ady is a traveling salesman.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

C. C. Elliott, A. C. Ellickson, and Miss Pearl King drove to Badger Wednesday in the big Case car and returned Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Brugger of Woolford N. D., arrived Tuesday and were taken out in G. Fellman's motor car, to visit with Chris Kruse and family.

Mrs. Harry Rishel returned to Avon, S. D., and Miss Helga and Manda Kalland to Winnipeg Tuesday, after an extended visit at the Kalland home.

N K. Anderson, Oscar Peterson, and Milton Forder have been appointed to act as viewers for the proposed state road to extend from Thief River Falls east eighteen miles.

N. C. Dahl of Fairmont, Minn., and his brother P. C. Dahl and little boy of Swear City, Iowa, were guests of J C. Dahl and family this week. N. C. and J. C. Dahl are brothers.

Miss Bertha Anderson of Grand Forks, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. S. J. Amble, went Wednesday to Bemidji to visit her parents. She was accompanied by James Amble.

The report of the secretary of the creamery association for May will show that there were 21,000 pounds of butterfat to be paid for at the rate of 29 cts. per lb.; and there was paid patrons for the month the sum of $5,800.

Jesse Stoneking returned Wednesday to his home at Macomb, Ill. Mr. Stoneking is in the employ of H. B. Wells, who recently purchased a big block of land in this vicinity through the Elliott agency, and expects to move here in the near future with his family.

Mrs. Arne Eck and daughter, Miss Ellen, came over from Crookston Saturday and were guests of Mrs. Hans Wilson. Mrs. Eck returned home Wednesday, but Miss Ellen remained for a few days longer visit. Arne Eck is chief of police at Crookston.

ADLER'S Collegian CLOTHES
D. LAZAR
THE DAKOTA
CLOTHING STORE
Good values for your money
One price to all
ST HILAIRE MINN.

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

The Ladies' Aid of the Mission church meets next Friday at J. F. Fellman's.

Miss Eva McAndress went Thursday to Crystal, N. D., where she will visit her sister, Mrs. S. J. O'Toole.

Misses Ella Jackson and Gertrude Hooper rode with G. I. Fellman to Red Lake Falls and return Thursday evening.

Mrs. Verseen of Minneapolis has been visiting with relatives in Wylie and friends in this city and vicinity.

Mrs. Quammen and daughter Ruth of Thief River Falls, and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Sondrell of Reynolds, N. D., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Burkee Thursday and Friday.

Misses Tyra Wallin, Rev. Fred Peterson, Messrs. Albert and Gust Larson, Andrew Bjornquist, and Alfred Anderson went Thursday to Vega, Minn., to at attend the Sunday school conference of the Mission church.

The board of directors of the Farmer's Threshing Machine company will meet at the office of N. A. Nelson, St. Hilaire, Monday, June 24, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of receiving bids of men to operate the machine—engineer, water hauler, separator man, and fireman.

The Misses Selma and Selima Simonson arrived Saturday from St. Hilaire and will spend the summer with their sisters, Mrs. A. F. Ittner and Mrs. Al. Potvin. They were accompanied by their cousin, Miss Josie Loe of Nymore.—Cass Lake Times.

The M. E. Ladies' Aid had a very successful ice cream social Wednesday evening at Irving Wallace's farm. The evening was spent in games on the lawn, and later all were served with ice cream and cake. The ladies are very thankful to their many friends who turned out in such a great number and spent the evening with them.

Card of Thanks

The undersigned desire to thank all the friends and neighbors for the kindness and sympathy and attendance at the funeral of their husband and father.

THE FAMILY OF PETER BORSTAD.

H. Haupt was at Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Miss Josie Eckstrom, who has been visiting at Crookston, returned home Friday.

Misses Eba Walbeck and Lisa Killand returned yesterday from a visit at Crookston.

Aabin Anderson of Crookston came over Friday to visit at the home of Anton Erickson.

Misses Myrtle Fellman and Eva Johnson of Red Lake Falls are guests at the Henry Olson home.

The Gophers will journey to Terrebonne Sunday and play the Terrebonne team. Here's luck, boys.

The county treasurer announces that he is prepared to pay all outstanding warrants on the ditch fund.

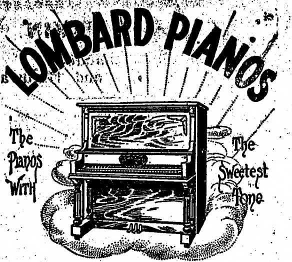
Miss Gertrude Nieworth and her brother Henry of Hazel went last evening to Red Lake Falls to visit friends.

Miss Lydia Anderson returned home last Saturday after finishing a successful term of school near Plummer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dau of Larimore, N. D., returned Friday after a week's visit at the Chris Bothman home.

Mrs. R. H. Duhtly of Minneapolis is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Peterson. She was in town Thursday.

Mrs. H. E. Hanson of Casselton, N. D., arrived here Monday, and went out to the home of her sister Mrs. Charles Carlson ten miles [illegible] of town.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy, monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Mrs. Housewife:-There's a Happy Medium in Everything

Anything that is overdone or underdone is not good.

This is especially true of baking—and it is just as true of baking powder. If you use the cheap and Big Can Kinds you are getting quantity at the sacrifice of quality. It cannot be as good—or as economical as Calumet—the medium price kind. If you use the High Price Kind, you are paying tribute to the Trust—the quality is no better.

The Cheap and Big Can Kind
In this can you get more substance but not more baking powder. It is great in quantity only—not in economy—not in satisfaction.
NOT MADE BY THE TRUST
CALUMET BAKING POWDER
CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO
The Trust Kind
Great in price, little in quantity and the quality is no better—if as good.

Here's the "Full Value" in BAKING POWDER

Calumet, in the Standard 1 lb. can, sells at a moderate cost—but is great in all round satisfaction. You use less of it—it makes the baking lighter, purer—more delicious. One baking will prove its superiority—try it. Ask your grocer and insist on Calumet. Free—large handsome recipe book. Send to and slip found in pound can.

Calumet Baking Powder Co., Chicago

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephones.

G. W. HOOPER

THE PEEVISH CHILD NEEDS TREATMENT

When a child sulks drowsily, or is fretful, it is usually due to some slight disorder of the digestive organs, and a mild laxative is very often all that is necessary to restore cheerfulness and buoyancy of spirits.

In cases where the use of a gentle, effective laxative stimulant is indicated, many of the best physicians are now prescribing Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is admittedly the perfect laxative, being mild, yet positive in its action on the bowels, and far preferable to violent cathartics and purgative waters. It is very pleasant to the taste and is an ideal remedy to regulate and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels. Its easy, natural action makes it especially desirable in the case of children, a dose at bed-time being sure to have the desired result next morning, with no attendant unpleasantness or discomfort.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and $1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this splendid remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., for a sample. He will be very glad to send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

They Must Make Ananias Jealous.

"Oh, we have had just a delightful time at your party. We want you to come and take dinner with us just as soon as you can."

"Honestly, I think you have got just the cutest baby I have ever seen."

"Gee, I can sing a lot better when I haven't got a cold."

"My husband is just as sweet as he can be around the house. He never gets cross and never scolds when dinner isn't ready, and is so neat that a piece of lint on the carpet almost drives him crazy.

"We expect to spend next summer abroad."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

No Frosts There.

Foote Lighte—It is said that the southern tip of Florida is the only portion of the United States which never has experienced frost.

Miss Sue Brette—Too bad it is so far away from our traveling theatrical companies.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

When birds of a feather flock together it is a pretty safe bet they'll try to pluck each other.

Sunday is the day of rest, but did you ever know a man who felt rested on Monday morning?

If testimonials received from those using Garfield Tea are of any value, Garfield Tea does what we claim for it. Enough said.

The wagon wheel usually has that tired feeling, but it never complains.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Trouble never attempts to dodge those who are looking for it.

Garfield Tea promotes and ensures health. Try it to be convinced. Druggists keep it.

The love of applause is responsible for many near actors.

That's the kind—Libby's—There isn't another sliced dried beef like it. Good? It's the inside cut of the finest beef sliced to wafer thinness.

Libby's Sliced Dried Beef

stands supreme. The tasty dishes one can make with it are almost numberless. Let's see! There's creamed dried beef, and—but just try it. Then you'll know!

Always Insist on Libby's

Don't accept "a just as good." From relish to roast, from condiment to conserve, the quality of Libby's Ready-to-Serve Foods is always superior. And they don't cost one whit more than the ordinary kinds.

Put up in sterilized glass or tin containers

At Every Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby

Chicago

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch

makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

U. S. STILL HOLDS APACHES

Only Six of Tribe Ever Fought Government, but All Held in Bitter Captivity.

Phoenix, Ariz.—In the early 80's Colorado-Magnus, Victoria, and Gochie had made the very name Apache a synonym of terror, and then came Geronimo, the superlative savage. Neither sentiment nor friendly feeling can minimize the shocking cruelties of his career, which history has recorded as the high-water mark of bloodthirsty brutality. The extreme hatred and fear felt toward him in the southwest may be guessed from the following incident:

Some years ago the writer was a member of a little group gathered at a ranch in the desert near Phoenix, Ariz., when the conversation turned to Geronimo and his recent conversion to the Christian faith. A lady of the party, the wife of a prominent citizen, immediately flushed with anger and burst out hotly: "If I should see Jacob's ladder let down from heaven, with the angels walking up and down, and Geronimo with his harp in the middle, still I would not believe that he was a Christian." When asked to explain the intensity of her feelings, she said: "When I was a young girl I lived at Tombstone, Ariz., in rooms over the undertaker's establishment, and from time to time had to go down to help prepare the mutilated and desecrated bodies of Apache victims, and you needn't talk about Geronimo being a Christian." This is the sentiment of most of the old-timers—so much so, indeed, that the war department never thought it safe, even in his later years, for the old man to return to Arizona. Let us then be fair and admit the untold and untellable miseries inflicted by him and his band in those dreadful days of raid and massacre.

"Civilized" Apache.

However, did the space of this article allow, we might tell of brilliant generalship, dauntless courage and incredible endurance on the part of the leader and his band, that forced the United States army and their Mexican and Indian allies into one of the most difficult campaigns in the history of Indian warfare—a campaign that tested to the utmost men like Crook, Miles, Wood, Lawton and Chaffee, and that came to an end only when, exhausted by famine, thirst and continuous marching through mountains and deserts, the bedraggled fragments of the worn-out band of men, women and children came in and surrendered. No man who fought in that campaign will sneer at the Apache as a soldier.

REINDEER QUEEN OF ALASKA

Woman Successfully Competes With Men in Breeding Animals—She Speaks Eight Languages.

Nome, Alaska.—When a woman in an enlightened country makes her way to a front rank in the industrial world, the fact soon becomes known and people are eager to learn something of the conditions that brought it about and of the character of the one who accomplished it. That a woman with a brown skin should also successfully compete with the men of her race is less generally understood. Out of the 260 Eskimos who own reindeer in Alaska, two are women. One of these, Mary Arisarlook Andrewnk, has received the title of "Reindeer Queen of Alaska."

"Queen Mary" owns a herd of 1,303 deer, which she manages with judgment and intelligence. According to the usual contract made with the government she is required to train three apprentices and to give to each the customary number of deer. She has done better than this. She has trained and rewarded eight or ten apprentices, and at the present time has another under her care. She long since discarded the igloo, or native hut, half underground, in which she was born, and is now comfortably housed near Nome, in a cabin of logs. She speaks seven or eight Indian languages, and this has enabled her to be of considerable service as an interpreter.

Queen Mary has brought up a number of helpless children, and having none of her own, has not only cared for them physically, but has also given them a place in her heart. Surely, according to her light, "she hath done her part."

FAMILY OF 11 ON LONG HIKE

Carry Camp Supplies in Wagon, Expecting to Reach Los Angeles by November 1.

Kansas City, Mo.—A family of 11—C. C. Cousins and children, Maude, and Audrey, and Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Cousins and children, Harry and Irene are walking to the Pacific coast. The journey is being made for the health of several members of the party.

The Cousinses walked here from St. Louis. All are musicians. Their kit contains violins, mandolins and guitars, with which the family plan to give concerts, partly to defray expenses.

Two small wagons carry camp supplies. All the walkers are dressed in heavy khaki and thick soled shoes. They plan to walk about 20 miles a day and reach Los Angeles November 1.

RHEUMATISM A DISEASE OF THE BLOOD

The Treatment Which Is Most Successful Is Directed Toward Building Up and Purifying the Vital Fluid.

That rheumatism is a disease of the blood is shown by the fact that it is hereditary in certain families, and that there is a marked thinning of the blood immediately following its attack.

In the following brief statement are described symptoms which every patient will recognize and the means by which a cure was effected in this case is described with equal fidelity.

If you are suffering from any form of rheumatism with loss of flesh and strength, and thinning of the blood, the remedy that was so effective here deserves a thorough trial.

"About fifteen years ago," says Mrs. Rhoda Pettit, of Louisville, Neb., "after exposure to dampness and wet and being in a run-down condition from overwork, I began to suffer from inflammatory rheumatism. Both my father and mother were sufferers from the same disease. My right side was afflicted and had I no use of my right limb. The cords of the limb seemed to be drawn up. Often the pains would shift from one part of the body to another and, while they were worse in my right limb, they were very severe through the small of my back. There was a sensation as though I was being cut with a knife. My limbs and feet were swollen so that I could not put on my shoes. I suffered intense agony all of the time and when the attacks were severe I was confined to bed for weeks. My stomach was in bad shape. I was troubled with heartburn and gas. I lost weight and my strength was all gone.

"I took medicine from a doctor and tried several other remedies and liniments but nothing helped me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had taken them only a short time before I could feel the new blood and after a fair trial I was able to walk. The pills made me a strong, healthy woman and I am entirely cured of the rheumatism. I know I would not be living today if I had not tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. The genuine are sold only in packages bearing the full trade-mark.

Accounted For.

"Why are there so many men in this jail?" asked the philanthropic reformer.

"I guess," answered the guide, "it's chiefly because they can't get out."

Garfield Tea the International Remedy for all irregularities of stomach, liver and kidneys is composed entirely of pure herbs.

Some men are bashful when it comes to meeting their obligations.

RECORD OF A GREAT MEDICINE

Doctors Could Not Help Mrs. Templeton—Regained Health through Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Hooper, Nebraska.—"I am very glad to tell how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me. For five years I suffered from female troubles so I was scarcely able to do my work. I took doctors' medicines and used local treatments but was not helped. I had such awful bearing down pains and my back was so weak I could hardly walk and could not ride. I often had to sit up nights to sleep and my friends thought I could not live long. At my request my husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I commenced to take it. By the time I had taken the seventh bottle my health had returned and I began doing my washing and was a well woman. At one time for three weeks I did all the work for eighteen boarders with no signs of my old trouble returning. Many have taken your medicine after seeing what it did for me. I would not take $1000 and be where I was. You have my permission to use my name if it will aid anyone."—Mrs. SUSIE TEMPLETON, Hooper, Nebraska.

The Pinkham record is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of woman—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

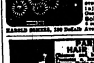
Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

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PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High[illegible]

BUILDINGS IN CHINA

Homes and Temples Have Original and Unique Style.

Ideas Were Not Borrowed—Basis of Construction, Both External and Internal, Is That of the Nomad's Tent.

Pekin, China.—Isolated from other nations by geographical barriers, such as seas, deserts and mountains ranges, the Chinese developed a civilization which was entirely their own. Their customs, arts and sciences were indigenous and original. They borrowed little or nothing from other peoples, but built upon their own foundations. The architecture of the Chinese is typical of the originality of their civilization; it contains no borrowed elements, no exotic features.

The Chinese house exhibits certain features which can be traced directly back to the tents of the barbarian ancestors of the Chinese, who wandered into China from the west. The roof of a Chinese house, though made of rafters and tiles, still retains the shape of a tent. It hangs in graceful curves and is caught up at the corners like canvas. It does not rest upon the walls of the house, but upon wooden pillars, which are placed in the same position as the poles of a tent. The process of construction reminds one of the erection of a tent; the pillars and the roof are erected first and the walls are filled in afterward.

It is not only externally but internally that the Chinese house reminds one of a tent. There is no ceiling to hide the inner surface of the sloping roof and its supporting rafters. Instead of a wooden floor there is only a layer of bricks to cover the cold earth. The brick floor is covered with mats and rugs, which also remind one of a tent. The furniture is portable and makes one think of the desert. Most of the movables in a Chinese house, even the stove, could be loaded on the back of a camel or carried on a pole. A Chinese house is a composite affair, consisting of a number of buildings arranged around squares or courtyards, much as one would pitch tents around campfires.

Chinese Architecture.

Comparing the buildings of the Chinese with those of the ancient Egyptians we find that Chinese architecture is weakest in that quality which the Egyptian buildings possessed in the highest degree, namely, stability. The buildings of the Egyptians were satisfying and restful to look upon because they had the appearance of being built to stand till doomsday. Those of the Chinese, on the contrary, seem to have been built for one generation only.

The Greeks were the first people to produce a type of architecture which combined delicacy of design and stability in such a way as to secure a maximum quality.

The quality of purity, for which the Greek architecture has been so much praised, is also characteristic of the Chinese. The buildings of the Chinese display no unnecessary or exotic features. They are true to themselves and have borrowed no elements from other styles.

The roof, with its graceful curves, is the most beautiful part of a Chines house. In fact, besides the Japanese, who have learned from them, the Chinese are the only people who build beautiful roofs. Following out the theory that one cannot have too much of a good thing, they often ornament their buildings with several roofs, one above the other, thus producing a very beautiful effect.

EXCAVATE IN AHAB'S PALACE

Savants of United States Dig Up Kitchen Utensils of Ancient Palestine King.

Cambridge, Mass., May 28.—An expedition under Prof. George Reisner of Harvard has just completed a series of excavations in the palace of King Ahab in Palestine. One of the most remarkable finds was the kitchen of the palace, where more than 5,000 ancient household utensils were uncovered. Dr. Reisner is preparing a complete report of his work of excavation, illustrated with plans and photographs, which is expected to arrive soon in this country.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Makes Home Baking Easy.

Gives nicer, better food than baker's. There is no baking powder like it for hot biscuit, hot breads and cake.

Made from Pure Grape Cream of Tartar.

A Gentle Result.

She—I thought prize fights were very exciting.

He—They usually are.

She—Well, this one I am reading about could not have been very lively, for it seems from this account the fight ended because one of them went to sleep.

ECZEMA DISFIGURED BABY

"Our little boy Gilbert was troubled with eczema when but a few weeks old. His little face was covered with sores even to back of his ears. The poor little fellow suffered very much. The sores began as pimples, his little face was disfigured very much. We hardly knew what he looked like. The face looked like raw meat. We tied little bags of cloth over his hands to prevent him from scratching. He was very restless at night, his little face itched.

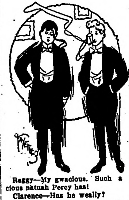
"We consulted two doctors at Chicago, where we resided at that time. After trying all the medicine of the two doctors without any result, we read of the Cuticura Remedies, and at once bought Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Following the directions carefully and promptly we saw the result, and after four weeks, the dear child's face was as fine and clean as any little baby's face. Every one who saw Gilbert after using the Cuticura Remedies was surprised. He has a head of hair which is a pride for any boy of his age, three years. We can only recommend the Cuticura Remedies to everybody." (Signed) Mrs. H. Albrecht, Box 883, West Point, Neb., Oct. 26, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Nature Faker.

"Tommy," queried the teacher of a small boy in the juvenile class, "what is a swan?"

"A swan," replied the youthful observer, "is an animal with a turkey's body and a giraffe's neck and a goose's head."

RUDE FELLOW.



Reggy—My gwacious. Such a vicious natuah Percy has!

Clarence—Has he weally?

Reggy—Fwightful. I had some words with him today, and he deliberately weached out his hand and disawanged my hair.

OUTDOOR LIFE.

Will Not Offset the Ill Effects of Coffee and Tea When One Cannot Digest Them.

A farmer says:

"For ten years or more I suffered from dyspepsia and stomach trouble, caused by the use of coffee (Tea contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee), until I got so bad I had to give up coffee entirely and almost give up eating. There were times when I could eat only boiled milk and bread; and when I went to the field to work I had to take some bread and butter along to give me strength.

"I doctored steady and took almost everything I could get for my stomach in the way of medicine, but if I got any better it only lasted a little while. I was almost a walking skeleton.

"One day I read an ad for Postum and told my wife I would try it, and as to the following facts I will make affidavit before any judge:

"I quit coffee entirely and used Postum in its place. I have regained my health entirely and can eat anything that is cooked to eat. I have increased in weight until now I weigh more than I ever did. I have not taken any medicine for my stomach since I began using Postum.

"My family would stick to coffee at first, but they saw the effects it had on me and when they were feeling bad they began to use Postum, one at a time, until now we all use Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ten days' trial of Postum in place of coffee proves the truth, an easy and pleasant way.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Warm Compliment.

A fancy-dress ball was held in a certain garrison town recently, at which many military officers and men attended. A soldier attired as a lady was spoken to by the regimental chaplain.

"Well, young man," said the parson, "you are very well got up. Did you win a prize?"

"Yes, chum; I got second prize. Did you get a prize?"

"Me? Oh, no; I——"

"Well, now, that's rotten bad luck, I call it," said the Tommy, warmly, "for you are about the best get-up of a parson I've seen lately."—London Tit-Bits.

HARD FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

It's hard enough to keep house if in perfect health, but a woman weak, tired and suffering with an aching back has a heavy burden. Any woman in this condition has cause to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disordered. Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands. It is the best recommended special kidney remedy.

Mrs. John Robinson, 908 Burney St., Modesto, Cal., Says: "My back was so lame and sore I was practically helpless. My feet and ankles swelled, puffy spots appeared beneath my eyes and I became so dizzy I had to grasp something to keep from falling. Relief quickly followed the use of Doan's Kidney Pills and it was not long before I was enjoying good health."

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c., all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Henpecked Lion.

Benham—They made a lion of me.

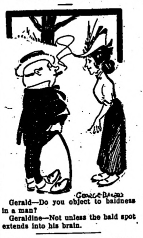
Mrs. Benham—Well, I'm a pretty fair sort of lion tamer.

The Proper Course.

"Is there a powder trust?"

"I don't know, but if there is, somebody should go gunning for it."

HER REAL OBJECTIONS.



Gerald—Do you object to baldness in a man?

Geraldine—Not unless the bald spot extends into his brain.

Instead of liquid antiseptics, tablets and peroxide, for toilet and medicinal uses, many people prefer Paxtine, which is cheaper and better. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

The young man who tells a girl she is a dream is likely to bump up against a rude awakening shortly after marriage.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Relieves and cures itching, torturing diseases of the skin and mucous membrane. A superior Pile Cure. 25 and 50 cents, by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Woman conceals only what she does not know.—Proverb.

For regulation of the stomach and bowels you will find Garfield Tea very beneficial.

Silence and blushing are the eloquence of women.—Chinese Proverb.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL?

Write MIDVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

It's tough when love's young dream dies of old age.

The Old Oaken Bucket

Filled to the brim with cold, clear purity—no such water nowadays.

Bring back the old days with a glass or bottle of

Coca-Cola

It makes one think of everything that's pure and wholesome and delightful. Bright, sparkling, teeming with palate joy—it's your soda fountain old oaken bucket.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine as made by

THE COCA-COLA CO

ATLANTA, GA.

2-I

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

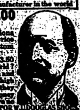
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world

$2.50 $3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND BOYS

W. L. Douglas $3.00 & $3.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best in the world for the price. W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.

Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world? BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes. BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. DON'T TAKE A SUBSTITUTE FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. [illegible]



ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI, ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1912. NUMBER 51.

TAFT GETS IN ON FIRST BALLOT

HAS 21 MORE THAN MAJORITY—SHERMAN HIS RUNNING MATE.

ROOSEVELT IN BOLT

Rump Convention Nominates Colonel And Plans For "Regular" Meeting Some Weeks Later.

Convention Hall, Chicago. — With nearly 350 of the Roosevelt delegates declining to vote and hastening away at adjournment time to tender to Colonel Roosevelt the nomination of a new party, the 15th Republican national convention at the end of a long and tumultuous session renominated Wm. Howard Taft of Ohio for president, and James Schoolcraft Sherman of New York vice-president.

President Taft received 561 of the 1,078 votes in the convention, or 21 more than a majority. Vice President Sherman's vote was 579.

The decision of the Roosevelt people under direction of their leader, to refrain from voting, left no other candidate near the president. The announcement of the Taft victory was greeted with cheering from his adherents and groans and hisses from the opposition.

Agreed on Sherman.

When it became absolutely certain that Mr. Taft would be nominated without great difficulty, the leaders in control of the convention decided to give him as a running mate his companion on the ticket in 1908.

All others dropped from the race and Mr. Sherman was the only candidate regularly placed before the convention. A motion from New Hampshire to make the nomination by acclimation was declared out of order. There were many scattering votes on the roll call that ensued.

William H. Taft.

The convention, amid much confusion, adjourned sine die.

At no time was there any indication of a walk-out of Roosevelt delegates. They expressed their revolt by silence. The revolt was open from the moment the permanent roll containing the names of contested delegates was approved.

A "valedictory" statement was read in behalf of Colonel Roosevelt, asking that his name be not presented and that his delegates sit in mute protest against all further proceedings.

Roosevelt Forces Divided.

A great majority of the Roosevelt delegates in the Illinois and all in the Missouri and Idaho delegations declined to follow this advice, but Colonel Roosevelt's sway over the delegations from California, Kansas, Maine, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, South Dakota and West Virginia was all but absolute.

Most of the delegates from these states announced their purpose of helping to give Roosevelt an independent nomination, at another hall later in the evening.

The split in the convention occasioned no surprise. It was but a fulfillment of predictions that had been made during the past several days.

The closing scenes of the convention were marked by counter demonstrations for President Taft and Colonel Roosevelt.

The first test vote after the announcement of the Roosevelt valedictory came on the adoption of the party platform. The affirmative vote was 666. Roosevelt delegates present and not voting numbered 343. There were 53 nays, 36 of them from the La Follette states of Wisconsin and North Dakota.

The name of Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin was placed before the convention, but Colonel Roosevelt's wishes were carried out by his followers and they remained silent during the call of the state for nominations.

COL. THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Many of the delegates, however, carried out their primary instructions and voted for the colonel.

On the voting for president the Roosevelt delegates again as a rule remained silent. The detailed vote was: Taft, 561; Roosevelt, 107; La Follette, 41; Cummins, 17; Hughes, 2; not voting, 344; absent 6.

In the confusion just before adjournment a resolution was adopted giving the national committee power to declare vacant the seat of any man on the committee refusing to support the nominees of the regular convention of 1912.

Former President Theodore Roosevelt was nominated for president on an independent ticket, in the dying hours of the Republican national convention in which he had met defeat.

The followers of Colonel Roosevelt gathered in Orchestra hall, less than a mile from the Coliseum and pledged their support to the former president.

In accepting the nomination Colonel Roosevelt appealed to the people of all sections, regardless of party affiliations, to stand with the founders of the new party, one of whose cardinal principles, he said, was to be "Thou shalt not steal."

The informal nomination of Colonel Roosevelt was said to be chiefly for the purpose of effecting a temporary organization.

Beginning with a call to be issued for a state convention in Illinois, the work of organization will be pushed forward rapidly, state by state. At a later time, probably early in August, it is intended that a national convention shall be held. Colonel Roosevelt, in accepting the nomination said he did so on the understanding that he would willingly step aside if it should be the desire of the new party, when organized, to select another standard bearer.

Prendergast Makes Speech.

The speech nominating Colonel Roosevelt was made by Comptroller William H. Prendergast of New York, who was to have presented the colonel's name to the convention.

Dean William Draper Lewis of the university of Pennsylvania law school, who was to make one of the seconding speeches, delivered the address, which he had prepared for the Republican convention.

Representatives of 22 states composed the notification committee which informed Colonel Roosevelt of his nomination, and in a sense stood as sponsors for the movement.

The committee consisted of Comptroller W. A. Prendergast of New York, Meyer Lissner of California, former Congressman Richmond Pearson of North Carolina, Frank Knox of Michigan, Matthew Hale of Massachusetts, A. R. Garford of Ohio, David Browning of Kentucky, Evard Bierer, Jr., of Utah, Walter Thompson of Vermont, Judge Oscar R. Hundley, of Alabama, Judge Ben F. Lindsay of Colorado; Andrew Rahn of Minnesota, Judge Stevens of Iowa, Judge Lowder of the North Dakota, William Allen White of Kansas, John C. Greenaway of Arizona, ex-Governor John Franklin Fort of New Jersey, Col. E. C. Carrington of Maryland, Pearl Wight of Louisiana, Lorenzo D. Dow of Washington, Walter Clyde John of Illinois, and Frank Frantz of Oklahoma.

Although refusing to discuss the matter in detail, Senator Borah made it known that he would stay on the party reservation. Next to Senator Dixon of Montana, he was the leader of the Roosevelt forces in the preconvention battles. He was officially announced as the faction's choice for temporary chairman of the convention and at the last moment its strength was thrown to Governor McGovern of Wisconsin, who was defeated for the place by Senator Root. Whether this fact had anything to do with Senator Borah's change of front could not be determined.

HENS TO LAY RED EGGS.

Experimenters Hope to Produce Rich Colored Variety.

London. — The imaginative experimenters who control the Cambridge School of Agriculture are now engaged in the interesting endeavor to make hens law red eggs. There is always the best market for hen's eggs which are of the richest red-brown, a color that is natural to the eggs of several varieties.

BOY HURT RIDING A COW.

Sacramento, Cal.—William Cameron, aged 10, is in a precarious condition at his home in the upper Stockton road as the result of an attempt to emulate a circus rider, with the family cow for a mount.

The boy got on the cow's back all right and started the cow running, but he could not guide her, and when she ran under a clothesline Willie was swept off to the ground, receiving serious injuries.

DEFENDS THE COURTS

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM DEMANDS "UNTRAMMELED AND INDEPENDENT JUDICIARY."

RECALL IS NOT NECESSARY

Platform, However, Provides for Action to Simplify Removal of Derelict Judges—Taft Universal Peace Idea Indorsed—Changes in Anti-Trust Law Favored.

The platform adopted by the Republican convention opens with a preamble reaffirming allegiance to the party's principles and declares its undying, unchanging faith in government "of the people, by the people and for the people."

It expresses in strong language a demand for the continuance of an "untrammeled and independent judiciary."

It declares for a continuation of the constitution of the United States as it stands today.

It promises to continue to be a party of "advance and constructive statesmanship."

The platform promises to strive, not only in the nation, but in the several states, to enact legislation to safeguard the public health, limit effectively the labor of women and children, and to protect wageearners engaged in dangerous occupations and to enact workmen's compensation laws.

Uphold Court's Integrity.

The platform reaffirms its intention to uphold at all times the authority and integrity of the courts, both state and federal, and demands that the power of the courts to protect life, liberty and property, shall be held inviolate.

The platform favors legislation which will bring more hasty decisions by the courts in both civil and criminal cases, and less tedious and costly apeals.

While announcing that the party regards the recall of judges as unnecessary, the platform declares for such action as may simplify the removal from office of any judge who may be found derelict in his duty.

It indorses the Taft peace idea and the settlement of international disputes peaceably and the reference of all justifiable controversies between nations to an international court of justice.

Anti-Trust Laws.

It declares against special privilege and monopoly and recommends amendments to the present anti-trust laws, defining criminal offenses against the law, and providing for the punishment of the violators.

It recommends the creation of a federal trade commission for the administration and enforcement of federal laws governing interstate commerce and enterprises.

The platform reaffirms Republican belief in a protective tariff. It denounces the tariff for revenue only idea, as destructive to many industries. It recommends the reduction of some of the present import duties.

The Democratic party is condemned for failure to provide funds for the continuance of the tariff board.

The Democratic tariff bills, passed by the present house of representatives, are condemned as sectional, injurious to public credit and destructive of business enterprise.

Promises to Lower "High Cost."

There is a cost of living plank. It recommends a scientific inquiry into the causes, which are operative both in the United States and elsewhere, to increase the cost of living. When the exact facts are known the party pledges itself to enact legislation to remove these causes.

A more elastic currency law is demanded. The platform also asks for legislation which will give the farmers better facilities for borrowing money easily and cheaply. It urges on authoritative investigation of agricultural credit societies and corporations in other countries and the passage of state and federal laws for the supervision of organizations having for their purpose the loaning of money to farmers.

The platform urges the passage of a law enabling the president to extend civil service as "far as practicable."

Prohibition of campaign contributions by corporations is urged.

The publication of campaign contributions is endorsed.

Favors Conservation.

The platform favors a continuation of the conservation policy.

It favors the establishment of a parcels post, postal rates to be graduated under a zone system in proportion to length of carriage.

It declares for the existence of an adequate navy and condemns the Democratic house of representatives for refusing to authorize the construction of additional battleships.

It urges a revival of the merchant marine.

It urges the federal government to assume a part of the burden of controlling the flood waters of the Mississippi river.

True to Life.

"What success have you had with the portrait of your mother-in-law?" "Tremendous. It is such a speaking likeness that my brother, when he came to look at it, instinctively put his cigar behind his back."—Fliegende Blaetter.

No Limit.

Genealogist—"So you want me to trace your English ancestry? I suppose you'd like to go back to William the Conqueror." Parvenu—"Oh, yes, or earlier."—Harper's Bazar.

UNIT RULE IS ABROGATED

NOMINATION OF PROGRESSIVE IS SEEN BY LEADERS—MUCH TALK OF CLARK BOOM.

WILSON STOCK GROWING.

Wilson Adherents Claim Their Candidate Has Made Gains—Friends of Bryan Are on the Alert.

Baltimore, Md. — The Progressives in the Democratic national convention claimed a notable victory when they carried a motion abrogating the rule by which some state delegations were bound to cast their votes as a unit.

The fight for and against the unit rule was waged particularly about the state of Ohio, where 18 district delegates had been instructed by primaries to vote for Woodrow Wilson, but where the state convention, controlled by the Harmon forces, had invoked the unit rule binding all Ohio delegates to the Ohio governor.

The convention, by a vote of 565 1-2 to 491 1-3 voted that no state delegation should be bound by unit control except in such cases where a state law was mandatory on the subject. Wilson supporters in the convention, who earlier in the evening had carried on a demonstration lasting 33 minutes, regarded the vote as distinctly favoring their candidate. The Wilson boom had been growing throughout the day.

Wilson gained and Harmon lost 18 votes from the Ohio delegation as a result of the fight. It was said the abrogation of the rule might lead to breaks in other delegations and this left the presidential nomination race last night in greater doubt than ever.

With the nominations due to be made, the situation in the Democratic national convention with respect to a presidential candidate is as complex and uncertain as at any time since the delegates began to pour into Baltimore. There was much talk of a subsidence in the Champ Clark wave which reached its crest Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning, but the speaker's campaign managers were not willing to admit there had been any wavering in their forces. At the same time they went to the convention hall with the expressed purpose of offering the issue at the first opportunity.

The opposition forces, hearing of this plan, prepared to block it. They did not wish the nomination to be made until later, hoping the situation might clear a little. The adherents of Woodrow Wilson claim that their candidate has made distinct gains during the day. They assert without giving details that some of the Clark sentiment is turning toward the New Jersey governor and are in a more hopeful mood than at any time during the convention period.

"Dark horses" were being discussed everywhere by the leaders and delegates, but there appeared to be some difficulty in crystallizing sentiment as to which one of the "dark horses" was darkest.

Senator John W. Kern of Indiana, Mr. Bryan's choice for temporary chairman of the convention and chairman of the committee drawing the party platform, still appeared to hold the lead among the "dark horses." The coalition of the Bryan and Wilson forces in the first fight of the convention, however, led to talk of the Bryan strength ultimately going to Wilson.

The one outstanding fact in the situation seemed to be the "absolute impossibility of any candidate having a sufficient number of votes on the first ballot to nominate." The two-thirds rule prevailing in Democratic conventions always makes the picking of a candidate in advance a difficult problem.

After the first ballot is taken it remains to be seen how well the Clark managers can hold their vote together. Some of the delegates predicted that the voting would run through a large number of ballots, while others predicted with equal confidence that the "break" would come quickly and a nomination made on the second or third call of the roll.

Friends of Mr. Bryan practically ceased to boom him as a presidential candidate, though they were reported alert to take advantage of any psychological moments that might happen along. It was reported that many Bryan buttons and banners had arrived in town, but they were not distributed.

Mr. Bryan's followers warmly defend the course he has pursued in the convention and declare he still is in a position to dictate the nominee. Mr. Bryan yesterday declined to accept the chairmanship of the platform committee, but his close friend, Senator Kern, was chosen in his place. Mr. Bryan reports the platform as "coming along nicely."

TOO MANY LEMONS.

New York.—So large was the cargo of lemons which the Italian liner Principe di Piemonte brought from Genoa last March that her 779 steerage passengers had no room for tables or chairs in their eating quarters. Such a condition is in violation of the passenger act of 1882, to which Captain Domoniconi, of the steamer, pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to serve 15 minutes in jail and pay a fine of [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

RAP GEORGIA SOLONS,

Spanish-American War Veterans Bitter in Denunciation.

Duluth.—Senator Hoke Smith and Representative Roddenberry of Georgia were rapped in resolutions adopted by the Spanish-American War Veterans, in session here, for their opposition to legislation favorable to veterans.

The resolutions:

"Whereas, the most imperishable good derived through our recent war with Spain has come through the wiping out of the 'Mason and Dixon line,' the uniting of the North and South by the sending of sons of each to the firing line where in sweet fraternity they learned to love each other and to forget the fierce struggle of their heroic dads in the sixties, in so far as they had a bearing on the part of glory of our country; whereas, Senator Hoke Smith and Representative Roddenberry of the great State of Georgia have seen fit to venomously oppose legislation favorable to the Spanish war veterans, going out of their way to injure our cause and keeping us from getting those things which we are morally entitled to; now therefore, be it Resolved, that this encampment refuses to believe that the gentlemen mentioned represent the true sentiment of the people of their state, and that we as men and comrades who offered our lives for the cause of the Union can well afford to forget that Senator Hoke Smith and Representative Roddenberry ever existed."

The veterans' encampment re-elected Carl K. Reckner of Frank A. Morley Camp No. 1, Red Wing, who has served as department commander for the last six months. O. G. Stansted, a member of William H. Crane Camp No. 8, Faribault, was elected senior vice commander; Joseph G. Ligday of W. A. Lawton Camp No. 12, Winona, was elected junior vice commander; Charles V. McCoy of Major A. M. Diggles Camp No. 13, department inspector; Captain C. C. Teare of John G. McEwen Camp No. 6, department judge advocate; Dr. C. E. French of McEwen camp, department surgeon; Fred Schutt of Diggles camp, department chaplain, and J. R. Peoples of Worth Bagley Camp No. 2, department marshal.

ODESSO WRECK BLAME.

Indictments Returned Against Milwaukee Road.

Ortonville, — The grand jury which investigated the wreck of the Columbian on the Milwaukee road at Odessa, near here, several months ago, has returned indictments against the railway company, L. W. Gillick, conductor of the first section of the train, and Roy Law, flagman for the same section.

The company was indicted for the negligent use of machinery under its control and legal papers will be served upon officials of the company in the Twin Cities. It is said the charge amounts to manslaughter practically in the second degree.

Conductor Gillick was indicted for the negligent use of machinery under his control and was given time in which to plead.

Flagman Law was indicted for willful violation of the rules of the company. He was arraigned and his case continued.

W. J. Noonan, who was dispatcher at Aberdeen, S. D., at the time of the wreck, has not appeared, although he had promised to do so. He is said to be in Regina, Canada.

250 FIGHT FOREST FIRES.

Two Settlements in Koochiching County in Danger.

St. Paul. — Fierce forest fires are raging in Northern Minnesota. More than 250 men in Koochiching and St. Louis counties are fighting the spread of the flames. Two settlements, Margie and Spur No. 157 in Koochiching county are in danger.

The news of the fires came to State Forester W. T. Cox from state rangers. It was reported that five fires are burning near Northome, that a serious fire is in progress thirty miles from International Falls, and that fires are burning near Ely. None of these settlements is reported in danger.

Mr. Cox has ordered rangers to employ all the men necessary to fight the fires.

HIBBING FIRE FATAL.

Hibbing. — At least one man was burned to death, and several were injured and a number of others are unaccounted for as a result of a boarding house fire here.

Swanville Mill is Sold.

Swanville.—L. C. Erbes, of St. Paul, has closed final details of the deal by which he comes into possession of the excelsior mill. The deal practically was closed some weeks ago and the new owner has been purchasing and having peeled a large amount of wood preparatory to the season's run, which Mr. Erbes intimated would commence in the fall, probably September 1. This mill formerly was owned by [illegible]

PHARMACY OFFICERS.

Convention Will Meet Next in St. Paul.

Winona.—Adopting a new pharmacy code which makes radical changes in the one which failed of passage at the last session of the state legislature and electing officers for the next year the Minnesota Pharmaceutical association adjourned in Winona.

Truman Griffin, of Minneapolis, was elected president; W. A. Abbett, Duluth, first vice president; Thomas C. Congdon, Hibbing, second vice president; Miss Marie Peisinger, New Prague, third vice president; Fred A. Klenert, Minneapolis, secretary, and L. J. Aberwald, St. Paul, treasurer. F. J. Deneck, Minneapolis, C. H. Heller, St. Paul, and Theo. F. Loeb, Winona, compose the executive committee.

The next convention will be held at St. Paul during the month of February, while the legislature is in session. A half day will be set aside for the discussion of commercial pharmacy at the new pharmacy building of the University of Minnesota, which will be completed by that time. The names of Arthur von Rohr, incumbent, R. H. Messing, J. H. Biese, W. S. Smetana and A. J. Kline, will be submitted to Governor Eberhart from which to select one for the position on the pharmacy board.

CLAPP TRUE TO T. R.

Minnesota Senator Enlists "For the War."

Washington, D. C. — Formal announcement of his allegiance to the new progressive party is to be made by Senator Moses E. Clapp in the near future. The senator arrived in Washington and immediately let it be known to his friends here that he was for the new movement, and prepared to do everything in his power to help it along. Mr. Clapp said he was not prepared to make any statement at this time, but promised one as soon as he could get around to it. The Minnesota senator went into conference with Senator Cummins.

WATERS CLAIM 3 LIVES.

Youth, Priest and Farmer Victims in Three Localities.

Albert Lea. — Emil Michelson was drowned in Lake Geneva, northeast of this city. He, with four other boys, were in bathing when young Michelson attempted to swim what is known as the "Narrows."

When he was but half way across his strength gave out and he sank. Floyd Willard and Sheriff Subby of this city hurried to the scene in an auto and by diving the body was rescued in one hour after the accident. Every effort to resuscitate him was futile.

SEARCH WOODS FOR BOY.

Three-Year-Old Has Been Missing More Than a Day.

Duluth. — The people of Aurora, Mesabi range, are excited concerning the mysterious disappearance of Eddie Hran, the 3-year-old son of Frank Hran, who disappeared, being last seen on a logging road leading into the woods. A searching party was hastily organized, but as yet no trace of the lad has been found.

4 MEN ROB AUTO PARTY.

Thugs Take Machine And Other Valuables.

Minneapolis. — Four masked men, after holding up at the point of revolvers Edmund C Bates, and party, near the top of a hill on Superior boulevard, half a mile from the city limits, and obtaining $25 in cash and two gold watches, forced Mr. Bates, two women, a small child and another man to get out of their automobile, and disappeared with the machine.

Staples Offered Cheap Power.

Staples.—A plan is being offered the business men of Staples whereby they may receive electric current at less cost. The city has its own power plant but a company is constructing a waterpower plant on one of the rivers and enough power is expected to be generated so that all the villages, cities and dwellings along the route will be furnished with electricity at low cost. As Staples is a division point and in direct connection with all points west and with Duluth and the Twin Cities, it is expected this low cost of power will have a tendency to draw manufacturing plants.

Editor Hamlin Wins Victory.

Minneapolis. — Thomas J. Hamlin of Minneapolis, editor of the Labor Review, won for his publication the indorsement of the State Federation of Labor after a hard fight at the three-day convention of that body, which was held in Brainerd. Measures prescribing a minimum wage for women and minors and the referendum and recall were passed by the federation and will be presented to the next legislature for enactment into [illegible]

One way to avoid spending money foolishly is to not have any.

Garfield Tea, the *Natural* Laxative is made entirely of carefully selected pure herbs.

Nothing succeeds like the efforts of some people to be disagreeable.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Getting things without paying for them is some men's idea of economy.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write [illegible] CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

If a man has common sense he seldom makes use of it in a love affair.

Just one cup of Garfield Tea taken before retiring will next day relieve your system gently and thoroughly of all impurities.

The Village Cut-Up.

"Charley Billingsby always has something funny to say, no matter what happens."

"I know it. He's awfully comical."

"I often wonder how he thinks of the humorous thoughts he has. He's just perfectly killing. I never heard him call an umbrella anything but a bumbershoot."

Clothes and the Man

A colporteur in South Carolina, walking many miles through mud, accosted a passerby and suggested the purchase of the Bible. He was refused. The next day, says the Record of Christian Work, after a night's rest and cleanup, he set up his stand in town and had the pleasure of selling a Bible to the very man who had refused to purchase the day before. "I met a muddy man yesterday with Bibles," said he, "who looked like a Methodist tramp. When I buys a Bible I buys it from a Baptist gentleman."

That Was Different.

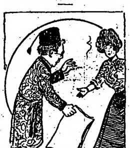
A stern father who had repeatedly told a young man who was paying his addresses to his daughter not to visit the house again without his permission, which he never intended to give, was surprised when late one evening ring at the doorbell late one evening to see the young man waiting on the step.

"Sir," said he in anger, "didn't I tell you not to call again, eh, sir?"

"Yes," said the young man. "I know, but I didn't call to see your daughter. I came on behalf of our firm about that little bill."

"Oh—er—er—," stammered the stern father, "call again, will you?"

DURING THE DISCUSSION.



Mr. Spat—Now, if you'll just listen to me—

Mrs. Spat—Oh, you can't convince me.

Mr. Spat—Probably not, but if we're going to spend the rest of the night in argument I want my share of the time.

DOCTOR'S SHIFT.

Now Gets Along Without It.

A physician says: "Until last fall I used to eat meat for my breakfast and suffered with indigestion until the meat had passed from the stomach.

"Last fall I began the use of Grape-Nuts for breakfast and very soon found I could do without meat, for my body got all the nourishment necessary from the Grape-Nuts and since then I have not had any indigestion and am feeling better and have increased in weight.

"Since finding the benefit I derived from Grape-Nuts I have prescribed the food for all my patients suffering from indigestion or over-feeding and also for those recovering from disease where I want a food easy to take and certain to digest and which will not overtax the stomach.

"I always find the results I look for when I prescribe Grape-Nuts. For ethical reasons please omit my name." Name given by mail by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The reason for the wonderful amount of nutriment, and the easy digestion of Grape-Nuts is not hard to find.

In the first place, the starchy part of the wheat and barley goes through various processes of cooking, to perfectly change the starch into dextrose or grape-sugar, in which state it is ready to be easily absorbed by the blood.

The parts in the wheat and barley which Nature can make use of for rebuilding brain and nerve centers are retained in this remarkable food, and thus the human body is supplied with the powerful strength producers, so easily noticed after one has eaten Grape-Nuts each day for a week or ten days.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. [illegible]

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THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past two years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Saturday, June 29, 1912.

It is stated that the socialist convention this week named a full set of candidates for county office; but we have been unable to obtain a list.

There is a rumor in the air, but which we have been unable to verify, that the democratic convention at Baltimore has nominated Woodrow Wilson for president.

The Grygla Eagle was issued last week under new management having been purchased two weeks ago by Harvey E. Mussey, until recently senior editor of the Times, from Otto Johnson.

Perhaps the Minnesota progressives may profit by the omission of the primary law. If they can get on the state ticket it must be without a party quarrel and minus hard feelings.—Dispatch.

A farmer near Wadena who has raised potatoes for six years says his crops have averaged 150 bushels per acre and he has received an average price of 38 cents a bushel, or $57 an acre. It cost him $19.50 per acre for all expenses, leaving him an average net profit of $37.50 an acre.

A careful perusal of the speech of Judge Parker will convince the most skeptical that Bryan was right in objecting to anything the sage of Esopus might say as worthy the keynote pitch of the party of great past record and great future opportunity. We always can say "great past record," but "great future opportunity" may not be applicable in a few days.

The new statewide primary law will bring into existence one new feature, and that will be a state central committee somewhat different from what has existed in the past. This committee will be named by the party nominees and its make up will be dominated by the members of the legislature. They will figure by force of numbers. The state ticket nominees, who have made the selection in the past, will simply not be in it. The selection of the committee will be made on the second Thursday after the primary election.

No innovation in the government has brought forth so much adverse criticism as the commerce court, and both branches of congress have voted to put it out of business. The worst part of the whole matter is that in order to save the court Mr. Taft will have to veto the big executive and judicial appropriation bill which carries millions of dollars for the expense of running the government. The big money measure is a necessity and should the president adopt the drastic course of vetoing the bill, the appropriation measure would have to again be brought before congress in order to provide for fixed expenses. Senator Poindexter of Washington was the author of the resolution to decapitate the commerce court. Senator Bailey of Texas characterized the bill of repeal as "a sort of legislative recall," and added that if it was to be enacted into the law it would render "respectable and conservative the proposition of an ex-president to recall judges and their decisions."

An Unconstitutional Senate

At its International Falls convention the Northern Minnesota Development association provided for the appointment of a committee to find out whether, under the provisions of the state constitution, half the seats in the state senate are not open to be filled at this fall's election.

The N. M. D. A. recognizes, evidently, that the fact that the terms of all the senators expire at the same time was a fatal obstacle to reapportionment at the regular session of 1911. If, as the constitution-makers intended, half the senate terms expired this year, there would have been that many senators who would not have come to the session with a reason-proof determination to oppose reapportionment.

The constitution in section 24 of Article 4, says: "The term of senators and representatives shall be the same as now prescribed by law until the general election of the year 1878, at which time there shall be an entire new election of all the senators and representatives. * * * The senators chosen at such election by districts designated by odd numbers shall go out of office at the expiration of the second year, and senators chosen by districts designated by even numbers shall go out of office at the expiration of the fourth year, and thereafter senators shall be chosen for four years, except that there shall be an entire new election of all the senators at the election of representatives next succeeding each new apportionment provided for in this article.

That last provision, by the way, has a bearing on the question whether the legislature at the 1911 regular or the 1913 special sessions could have provided a reapportionment effective only after this election, and it seems to have been generally overlooked. However, this is beside the point.

The intent of the constitution is clear. Half the senators were to go out of office every two years, though all were to have four year terms after 1880. Then there would be no session when all the members of the senate, secure in the knowledge that election day was nearly four years away, felt free to do about as they pleased and to give little heed to the public will. What keeps the house of representatives the more responsive body is that at every session it faces an election less than two years away. What has kept the senate a far less responsive body is that at every other session the election is four years away. The constitution makers were wise.

But some way this intent never was carried out. All the senators took four year terms, regardless of the constitution, and they have kept them ever since. All the senators go in and out of office together.

In 1890 Moses E. Clapp, then attorney general, ruled on the point, and held that the provision that after the election of 1878 senate should be chosen for four years was then the governing principle. This ruling still stands, and apparently it has never been challenged in court.

Whether it is by reverting to the provisions of the constitution or by a new law, unquestionably it should be arranged, as soon as possible, to have half the senate terms expire every two years. Then the senate will be more responsive to the public will than it ever has been yet.—Duluth Herald.

Rural School Notes

The following returns have been received from the state high school board examination held May 21-29th.

District No. 37, Herbert Swift, teacher, Herbert Cousins, credit in English Grammar; Myrtle Hunt, credit in 8th grade Composition

District No. 73, Robert Jackson, teacher, Fridtjof O. Hanson, credits in Spelling and arithmetic; Myrtle E. Satre, credit in Spelling.

District No. 219, Miss Clara L. Barker teacher, Mabel Simonson, credits in English Grammar and American History.

Well done for these young students.

A very successful meeting of the school officers was held on Saturday the 22nd. In anticipation of a large attendance, the meeting was held in the auditorium. There were upward fifty members present representing a great majority of the schools.

Ex Supt. of Public Instruction J. W. Olson "broke the ice" by some well directed remarks on the importance of the school officer.

Supt. J. H. Hay followed with remarks on "Some Needed Improvements." He showed what was needed in our schools and how to get these things; among other things a free traveling library could be procured in any rural community and other agricultural litrature could be had by writing our senators and representatives in congress.

The state board of health was ably represented by a lecture on the public health by Dr. Hill, the state epidemiologist. A most interesting talk. J. W. Olson closed by a lecture on the work and policy of the state department of public instruction.

The meeting was a whole inspiration from beginning to finish.

Today, Monday, begins our summer training school. Some over fifty have already enrolled.

Roosevelt's Refusal

Colonel Roosevelt said in an interview on his way home that he could have had the nomination at Chicago if he had been willing to take it from a convention which contained seventy eight illegally-seated delegates. He says the tender was made to him by a body of southern delegates; that he refused it on the conditions imposed, but agreed that if they would bring from those whom they represented a pledge signed by thirty delegates agreeing to combine with the Roosevelt delegates to start over again, reorganize the convention and unseat the seventy-eight contested delegates, he would accept. The emissaries thought such an effort would be hopeless and the attempt to secure the pledge of thirty failed. A considerable number of signatures were obtained, he says, but not enough to comply with his conditions.

This is an important development. It is entirely consistent with conditions which were understood to exist in that convention. It is well known that the danger which threatened Mr. Taft until the final vote was taken was a break by southern delegates to Roosevelt, inspired by the fear that it would be useless to nominate Taft and that their positions would be more secure if Mr. Roosevelt were nominated because of the probability that he would be elected. The wonder is that it didn't happen. That he might have had the nomination on the terms proposed and that he refused it for the reason given constitute an important development calculated to strengthen Colonel Roosevelt very materially with the people.

Says 'Twas Great Meeting

Dr. Watson returned to Red Lake Falls this morning after attending the Chicago convention. He denies that it was he who carried Mrs. Davis to the platform in the convention hall after she had kissed Roosevelt's picture, but attributed it to another heavy-weight who also happened to be good looking—thus starting the rumor about the doctor. He said the convention was certainly a warm number all the way through, with an abundance of excitement at every turn of the road.—Gazette.

A Trip to Vega

Mr. Editor:—I am glad to have the honor to write a short letter, and let your readers know what is going on among the young folks in the northwest.

Thursday morning, June 20, it was quite a pleasure to see how young and old were getting ready to go somewhere. We left St. Hilaire at 15 minutes to 7 in the morning. We were nine—Rev. Fred Peterson, Andrew Bjornquist, Esther Person, Gust Larson, Alfred Anderson, Albert Larson, Elsie Erickson, Tyra Wallin, and Annie Fellman all heading for Thief River Falls, in Fellman and Satterberg's cars. But where is Thief River Falls going, I asked myself, when I saw all the people at the station, and a whole lot bought tickets for Mars Siding. It was not the star Mars, but a small station on the Soo Line, the first west of Warren. The conductor had not seen so many going to Mars Siding at once, and he asked if there was a wedding. We were seven loads of people that went out to the town of Vega, at Mr. Rodquist's farm, to the first convention of the Mission Friends Young People's society of the Red River Valley. It shows that our young people are taking a great interest in the religious work in the northwest, and may God bless them in the work for a better Minnesota and for the winning of souls for God and heaven. We had a splendid time. I will send a hundred thanks from the St. Hilaire bunch to the people that had the trouble of taking care of us during the time we were there.

Then came Sunday evening, and off we go, on our road home. We stop at Warren and take in the Mission service in the Mission church at that place, where Rev. Frank L. Larson is pastor. Lots of people were gathered in the church to hear the gospel. We stayed in Warren until Monday evening and were entertained by Rev. F. L. Larson and his wife.

Rev. Larson has a big congregation at Warren, and is well liked by the people. Rev. Larson and his wife took us out in the park, and we had such a lovely afternoon. But what is this? It is the passanger train on the Soo line heading for Thief River Falls, and we must go so goodbye friends and thanks for all the trouble we have made you. At 9 o'clock we were sound and safe home, and feeling none the worse after the vacation.

ALFRED J. ANDERSON.

The Shrinker

The railroad and warehouse commission is sending out illustrated circulars describing what it terms a new form of "shrinker" which has been discovered in extensive use throughout the state. The "shrinker" is a little piece of steel used on the beams of scales when weighing up live stock and grain so that the seller is beaten out of a large percentage of the actual weight of his produce. While but few of the devices were actually found yet it is safe to presume that more of them were actually used as they are small enough to be readily concealed in the vest pocket and inserted underneath the fulcum of the beam at a moment's notice. Under the law every seller has the right to examine the scales of the buyer to such an extent as will satisfy himself of their correctness.

All Nations Ball Team at Red Lake Falls

The base ball fan who is looking for a chance to enthuse will have a world of opportunity next Tuesday afternoon, when the local base ball team will take on the All Nations. The All Nations team is composed of a Chinaman, a Jap, an Indian, a Mexican, a Cuban, a Turk, a Greek, a negro, a white man and a woman. But this motley crowd can show up some smooth work in the great American game. The All Nations team has been up against the best of them with a good string of victories to the credit of the strange aggregation.

The All Nations team will arrive in a private car attached to the 10 o'clock Great Northern train, Tuesday. The game will be called at 2 o'clock to make it possible for the visitors to finish the game and get out of town on the 5 o'clock train.

The game will be umpired by Louise Dacre, the famous woman umpire.

No doubt there will be a great crowd of spectators on hand to witness the work of this most unusual aggregation of base ball players.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

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MANY NEW AND NOVEL FEATURES!

BASE BALL: TERREBONNE VS PLUMMER!

BOWERY DANCE ALL AFTERNOON and EVENING!

Come to a live town for a live time

LOSE JOY OF LIFE

HUSBANDS AND CHILDREN NOT FOR MILL GIRLS.

Have Little Choice But to Become Old Maids—One Glad Because She Misunderstood the Meaning of License.

There were four Carroll girls, all over 18. Their father, a small, white-haired, dignified man, was in the room and smiled a timid welcome. The girls were still in black for the mother who died a year before, says Rheta Dorr in the Broadway Magazine. "It is much harder for us now that mother's gone," said Sallie Carroll. "But she made us promise on her deathbed that we'd keep things just as she always had and we're certainly bound to do it. We all work in the mill. We are weavers, except Nannie there, the youngest. She is a warper. We don't let father work any more. We make enough for us all and him, too, and somebody's just got to be at home to look out for things or else where's your home?"

"Why do poor folks have such big families?" demanded Nannie Carroll, indignantly. "They've got no business to. Why do poor folks marry at all?"

"Don't you expect to?" I asked.

The faces of all the girls were sober. "We can't figure out that there's any choice for us between breaking up our home and being old maids," said the oldest Carroll girl. "It may be a disgrace to be an old maid. People say it is, but at least we are comfortable and happy. Why, what would become of father if we married?"

I instantly thought of a girl I knew in Fall River. She was a weaver, too, and earned $11 a week, which made her an object of desire to more than one young man in the town. But at 25 she was still single. In the course of a confidential talk I asked her why she had never married and she told me with much laughter the reason.

"When I was 18," she said, "I was foolish enough to fall in love with the timekeeper in the clothroom at the iron works mills. He was better looking then than he is now. Well, he asked me to marry him and I said I would. Then he said we ought to go and get the license. 'What license?' I asked, flaming mad. You see, we girls had a dog we were awfully fond of and one day the poundkeeper came around and said we'd have to take out a license or he would kill the dog. So we skimped and saved and went without carfare until we had enough to pay for the dog's license.

"Well, somehow, the word license seemed to me to be connected with a dog. I didn't know that people had to have licenses. I told my young man that if he couldn't marry me without a license, as if he were paying for a dog, I wouldn't marry him. He argued and argued and we both got madder and madder, and finally we broke it off. Mother was glad enough. She always hates to have one of us marry. Less money carried home, you see." She added thoughtfully: "Of course, I was a silly goose, but somehow, when I see him with his wife, she looking ten years older than she is, with care and raising children whose only future is in the mills, I think a marriage license and a dog license are not so very different."

TWO FAULTS COULD BE CURED.

Prospective Husband and Wife Both Full of Confidence.

An Irish boy marries when he has a rid house, and an Irish girl just when she pleases, says Seumas MacManus, in Lippincott's. Sometimes she so pleases while yet her years are few; at other times she is content to wait upon wisdom. In the latter case, of course, she makes a wise choice, but in the former almost always a lucky one—for luck is the guardian angel of the Irish.

"You're too young to marry yet, Mary," the mother said, when Mary pleaded that she should grant Laurence O'Mahony a particular boon.

"If you only have patience, mother, I'll cure meself of that fault," was Mary's reply.

"And she's never been used to work, Laurence," the mother said to the suitor, discouragingly.

"If you only have patience, ma'am," was Laurence's reply to this, "I'll cure her of that fault." And he did, too.

Albanian Customs.

Some strange customs exist in Albania. To compliment an unmarried woman, for instance, is provocation for death. A bloody enemy is under amnesty while in the company of a woman. A woman may shoot a fiance who breaks his betrothal or call upon the young man's father to kill him. If a man commits murder, and, flying for his life, enters the house of another, friend or foe, he is safe. This is the case, even if he takes refuge in the house of a brother of the man he has slain. He may not remain there forever; but for three days he can live on the best that the house provides. When that time is up, he is shown on his way. Twenty-four hours is given him to make his escape, after that the amnesty [illegible]

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on June 14, 1912.
Date of call by Supt., June 14, 1912.
Date of report by bank June 20, 1912.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$13[illegible],690.28
Overdrafts		237.51
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000.00
Other real estate		[illegible]
Due from banks	27,157.99	
Cash on hand, items below	3,875.48	
Currency	2,571	
Gold	725	
Silver	469.60	
Other	10[illegible].88	
Total cash assets	31,033.47	31,033.47
Checks and cash items		57.17
Total		178,916.29

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		903.23
Deposits subject to check	23,447.77	
Demand certificates	4,076.21	
Total immediate liabilities	27,523.98	
Time certificates	126,519.08	
Total deposits	154,043.06	[illegible]
Total		178,916.29

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Pennington }

We, C. L. Hanson, president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

C. L. HANSON, President,
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier

Correct, Attest:

LEONARD HOLMES,
C. L. HANSON, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of June, 1912.

(SEAL). K. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 26, 1918

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice Is Hereby Given, That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, executed by Harby L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1910, at 6:00 p. m. in book 8 of mortgages on page 519 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of Red Lake county at the organization of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota, and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 23 of mortgages on page 87 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A. D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co., said mortgagee sold, assigned, and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the 10th day of June A. D. 1912, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book 8 of mortgages on page 94 thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due on the said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of three hundred ten and 54-100 (310.54) dollars. Said sum consisting of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty (120.00) dollars on the note secured by the said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest payments for the sum of eighty-eight (88.00) dollars each, due respectively May 1, 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, which said interest payments were paid by the mortgagee herein, and of interest on each of the said interest payment from the respective due dates thereof to the date hereof, at the rate of six (6) per cent annum and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgage premises therein described at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41), [illegible]

Dated June [illegible], 1912.

[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services [illegible] at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. [illegible], Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p. m.
PAUL N. [illegible], Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, July 7, at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. [illegible], Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services June 30, at 8 o'clock.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F.—St. Hilaire Lodge No. [illegible]—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
[illegible], Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 17[illegible], Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Maude Lavelle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pilkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Maritz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months 30 cents.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Victor Brink went Monday to Salol, Minn.

Albert Brink returned Tuesday from Plummer.

P. O. Hagglund was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

Miss Lily Bodlin went to Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Erick A. Anderson went to the county seat on Tuesday.

O. H. Peters was a visitor at the county seat Wednesday.

Misses Louis Wilson and Ellen Eck were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. D. Lazar visited friends in Thief River Falls Wednesday evening.

The Hilmar congregation will have a festival at S. O. Lee's place July 7.

Mrs. C. B. Stevens of Waterloo, Iowa, is the guest of Mrs. C. H. Stevens.

Miss Clara Peterson went Wednesday to Thief River Falls to visit friends.

Misses Mabel Lettig and Echo Olson were at Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Sætterberg visited friends in Crookston Monday afternoon.

Ole Thorkelson left Tuesday for Grand Forks for a short visit with his daughter.

The St. Hilaire orchestra has been engaged to play for a dance at Holt, Minn., on July 4.

The Gophers will play ball on the home grounds Sunday and entertain the Dorothy team.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Clarence Aubol returned Monday from Saco, Mont., for a visit with his parents and other friends.

D. McMillan one of the new farmers of Nunedal township, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Halvorson and daughters from North Dakota, are visiting at Alvson's near Hazel this week.

Misses Matilda and Selma Mork are boarding with Mrs. Sherva while attending parochial school here.

S. J. Amble left Monday on a business tour in North Dakota, canvassing for the sale of nursery stock.

Sven Larsen of Mekinock, N. D., is visiting with Halvor Haugen this week. He is uncle to Mrs. Haugen.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson, Misses Katie and Mabel, motored over from Maple lake Wednesday and returned Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Christian Sherva of Northwood N. D., arrived at Hazel on Tuesday for a visit with friends and relatives.

Misses Myrtle Fellman and Eva Johnson of Red Lake Falls have been the guests of their girl friends here this week.

Mrs. H. F. Hanson, who has been visiting a sister on the reservation, returned Monday to her home at Casselton, N. D.

The question agitating the minds of people interested is whether Mr. S—— is better at wringing clothes or wiping dishes.

Miss Ruth Hoff came Monday from Middle River and has been a guest at the home of her brother, Martin Hoff, this week.

Mrs. A. J. McFadden of Neche, N. D., arrived here Tuesday and was the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. R. Jones, until Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Libertin and Joe Gillets of Thief River Falls drove down in an auto Sunday and called on Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar.

The St. Hilaire team met defeat at Terrebonne last Sunday with the score of 3 to 0, a game not to be ashamed of, even though on the losing side.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Annie Peterson to Charles Julin on Thursday July 9, at the home of the brides parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Peterson, in Wyandotte.

Through the courtesy of C. G. Elliott the writer enjoyed an auto ride to Maple Bay and return Sunday, going by way of Red Lake Falls and Tilden and returning via Terrebonne and seeing part of the ball game. The crops show the [illegible]

Now is the time to get your fly nets and dusters. Call and see our prices.
CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

Mrs. Lily Johnson went Friday to Fargo to visit friends.

Alton Jackson visited at the parental home Thursday.

C. C. Elliott is looking after real estate business in the cities this week.

Chris Bjerk returned Thursday from a visit in Roseau and Marshall counties.

Pretty sudden—the thermometer rose from the frost mark to 98° in two days.

The Thief River Falls mill commenced sawing operations Wednesday morning.

Miss Hilda Olberg left Thursday for Grand Forks, where she will remain during the summer.

Selmer Benson returned Monday from Halstad where he has just completed a term of school.

K. O. Gigstad and C. H. Martz were in Thief River Falls Friday in attendance at a ditch hearing.

K. O. Gigstad drove to Thief River Falls last Saturday in his "Overland" on a business mission.

Ralph Hall came from his home in the south part of the state Thursday with a bunch of land seekers.

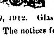
Misses Gertrude Hooper, Mary Anderson, and Harriet Jackson were in Thief River between trains yesterday.

Miss Elisa Hendrickson went on Monday to Thief River Falls, where she is attending the teachers' summer school.

Andrew Hall, Dr. Owens, and Henry Peterson attended the socialist county convention at Thief River Falls Thursday.

The Young People's society of St. Pauli church will give a picnic on July 4, at the home of A. A. Odegaard near Hazel.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherva, who have been visiting friends in St. Hilaire, went Friday to Oklee to visit with Mr. Sherva's brother.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

The notices for the election on consolidation of school districts are expected to arrive today. The election will be held on July 9.

Rolland Fairbanks, who has been ill in the hospital at Warren with typhoid fever, was recovered sufficiently to return to St. Hilaire Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Udeen of Pine county, Minn., came over last Wednesday to visit at the P. A. Blixt home. Mrs. Udeen is sister to Mr Blixt.

Peter Johnson and family and Mr and Mrs. Hans Hanson drove over to Vega in the auto last Sunday and attended the Mission meeting at that place.

Masters Lester and Ambrose Stearns came over last Saturday from Grand Forks, and will spend the summer with their uncle, A. S. Wilson and family.

Miss Julia Bjornquist returned last Saturday from Grand Forks, where she has resided during the past year, and will remain at home during the summer.

The June term of district court, with Judge Grindeland presiding, has been in session this week. Up to this writing nothing of interest to our readers has been doing.

Mrs. Kasper and son Arne of Milwaukee, Miss Cooper of Fond du Lac, Wis., and Mrs. Hanson and Mrs. Dargan of Wylie, were guests of Mrs. S. J. Swanson yesterday.

The ball-game at the N. J. Highberg place, ten miles west of town, last Monday between the Black River and Wylie teams produced a score of 6 to 4 favor of Black River.

K. O Gigstad has finished the assessment of the village and has listed the real estate at $94,200; and the personal property $21,162. He finds money and credits to the amount of $10,000.

Among others K. O. Gigstad, A. S. Wilson, Dr. Swanson, August Swenson, Gust Erickson, Ed Aubol, Oscar Carlson, Mons Swenson, and J. Jackson attended the school officers convention at Thief River Falls Saturday.

ADLERS Collegian CLOTHES

D. LAZAR
THE DAKOTA
CLOTHING STORE

Good values for your money
One price to all

ST HILAIRE MINN.

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Elevator Company Meeting

The stockholders of the cooperative elevator company held their annual meeting yesterday, and elected the following officers:

President,—J. S. Roy.
Vice President,—Henry Starken.
Secretary,—R. J. McKercher.
Treasurer,—N. E. Beebe.
Directors,—Nels K. Anderson, Mike Ford, Andrew Mortenson.

Bids for Manager

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers' Co-operative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed grinder for the term of one year, commencing August 1, 1912.

Bids to be opened July 15, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Address R. J. McKERCHER,
Secretary

Annual Meeting

Wylie Minn., May 20, 1912.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Wylie Farmers' elevator and Mercantile company will be held at Wylie, Minn., on July 1, 1912, at 1 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing nine (9) directors for ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be properly done at such meeting

EARNEST J. AKERLAND,
j15-3t Secretary.

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of May, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs.	80,025
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	21,233
Total butter made and sold, lbs.	25,810
Total received for same	$6,550.18
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 29c	
Paid patrons by check	$6,801.68
" " butter, salt, and oil	80.18
Paid into sinking fund	148.90
" " expense	520.76

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

Pay your subscription

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

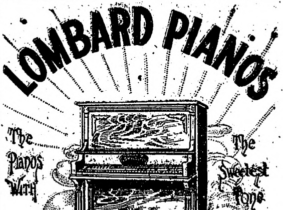
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

[illegible] MARKET

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.02
" " 2 "	1.01
" " 3 "	96
Flax, No. 1	$1.93
" " 2	1.87
Barley, for 50 lbs	55
Oats	48
Eggs	12½
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	65
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork,	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton	5@6
Veal	5@6
Chickens, alive	8
Hides	[illegible]
Flour, patent	[illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal-Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

• See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

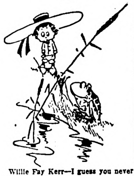
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

When
Bake Day Comes
REMEMBER
that home-made
home-baked food
is now the vogue in the best,
most carefully conducted
homes, city and country.
Bread—Cake—Pastry
More Economical
More Tasty More Healthful
Remember that with
DR. PRICE'S
Cream
BAKING POWDER
—A Strictly Pure, Cream of Tartar Powder—
all quickly-raised food
is made without trouble
and of finest quality.
REMEMBER
Great Success, Delicious foods,
are yours
with Home Baking and
DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER
when
Bake Day Comes

EVIDENTLY NOT.



Willie Fay Kerr—I guess you never heard of my pa's Famous Freckle Eradicator.

Quitters.

Citiman—Aren't any of you suburbanites preparing to grow anything in your gardens this year? ?

Subbubs—Well, thre's one thing most of us have grown already.

Citiman—Indeed? What's that?

Subbubs—Tired.—Catholic Standard and Times.

His Mistake.

Gertie—Angry with him? Why, he wrote a lovely poem to her.

Rose—Yes, but she never read it. She tore the whole thing up in a fit of anger. He called it "Lines on Mabel's Face."

Long Service.

"You say you were in one place for ten years. Why did you leave?"

"I was pardoned by the gov'nor, mum."—Judge.

Years ago Garfield Tea was introduced and since its appearance has won hearty approval because it does what is claimed for it.

Talk is so cheap that barbers are now giving it free with each shave.

Four Dollars for a Cake of Soap.

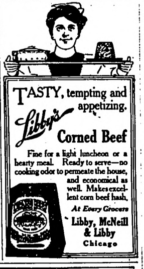
Soap has never been considered an extravagance, but now that notion may change, since the new French imported soaps are costing from two to three and four dollars a cake. They are, however, deliciously scented, and one may take pardonable pleasure in using such toilet article. Each cake comes in a little box, and is satin covered; they are quite a suitable item for the traveling bag of the bride, for which the most exquisite trifles are always sought out.

Enigmatic.

"I say, how is that new baby over to your house?"

"It's a howling success."

Unfortunately, the people who are most willing to lend are those who haven't anything.



TASTY, tempting and appetizing.
Libby's
Corned Beef
Fine for a light luncheon or a hearty meal. Ready to serve—no cooking odor to permeate the house, and economical as well. Makes excellent corn beef hash.
At Every Grocers
Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Satisfies
There never was a thirst that Coca-Cola couldn't satisfy. It goes, straight as an arrow, to the dry spot.
And besides this,
Coca-Cola
satisfies to a T the call for something purely delicious and deliciously pure—and wholesome.
Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.
Demand the Genuine as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

FIRECRACKERS

Not Qualified.

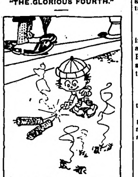
The Ladies' committee on the celebration of the Fourth was discussing the proposed program of exercises.

"I think," suggested a dimpled blonde, "that it would be awful nice to have some man with a good voice read the Declaration of Independence."

At this juncture a woman with a square jaw and deepset eyes observed:

"It might be well, but I am opposed to having a married man read the document. It does not do to allow them to encourage themselves too much.

"THE GLORIOUS FOURTH."



Mr. Prosy—My boy, do you know why you are celebrating this grand day?

Kid—'Cause Uncle Ed, he give me a quarter to do it with!

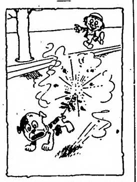
Their Busy Day.

"Who," shouted the impassioned orator, "who among us has any cause to be happier than his neighbor on this glorious day of the nation's birth?"

A man with his head bandaged and both hands in a sling, arose in the rear of the hall and exclaimed:

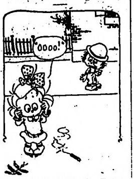
"The doctors!"

GONE OVER FOR THE ENEMY.



The Pup—Wow! I'll bet I never, never will bark an' wag me tail when Independence Day is mentioned after this!

ONLY PHILANTHROPIC.



The Boy—Poor little gal! She's so skeered dat it would be positively ungentlemanly in me not to swat her and take de firecrackers away from her!

First to Assert Men's Rights.

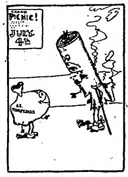
Thomas Jefferson and his colleagues in the continental congress did not by any means invent liberty and equality. But they were the first legislative assembly to declare that all men are entitled to equal rights.

Trouble Ahead.

Clancey—Phwat's all th' thrubble in th' alley beyant?

Hogan—Some o' th' b'ys fed Casey's goat a dozen av these cannon crackers an' now dhey's thryin' t' git him t' ate a box of matches.

PROOF OF THE DAY.



Mr. Torpedo—Well, you certainly must have celebrated!

Mr. Cracker—Yes; can't you see I'm completely busted?

Nearly All.

Mrs. Naybore—Did your little brother come home from the Fourth of July picnic all right?

Little Lizzie—Yes'm—all except his hair and fingers.

Real Patriotism.

A good citizen is always a patriot. That's the best way in the world to show patriotism.

FOR EVER INDIVISIBLE.

One flag, one land, one heart, one
hand,
One nation evermore!
—O. W. Holmes, "Voyage of the Good Ship Union," Poems of the Class of '29.

The Girl and the Flag

Oh, here's to the girl and the flag we love—
And nothing our love can sever,
No matter the trail of our wayward feet,
Our girl and our flag—forever!

She sits on her throne in the mottled shade,
A crown on her curly tousles,
And over her gaily the old flag floats,
In a flutter of love's carousals!

And always I see them with tear-dimmed eyes.
The maid and the flag—but never
For me shall exist but these—
Our girl and our flag—forever!

KEEPING BABIES IN HEALTH

Success of Tent Scheme Last Summer So Pronounced that It Will Be Repeated.

Mothers of little babies that suffered much from the intense heat in the early part of July last summer will be interested in the success of the "baby tent" scheme adopted in some of the big cities.

The tents are placed on flat roofs of tall buildings and in open lots, with eight little cradles or cots in each tent. When all was ready mothers of babies under two years were invited to leave them at the nearest available tent over night, so that the youngsters, in addition to enjoying the privilege of sleeping out of doors, could also receive the attention of trained nurses and doctors free.

Some of the tents have a perforated iron pipe extending along the ridge pole and connected with the city water supply. On very hot nights the water was turned on and allowed to stream down over the canvas. By evaporation it greatly reduced the temperature inside the tents. Some of the tents were also kept cool by the use of large blocks of ice in tubs before the entrance. Electric fans blew the cold air from the ice into the tents sufficiently to keep the babies comfortably cool.

This is the way some of the poor babies are being cared for, but the ideas could be utilized by any one who had the welfare of the baby at heart.

BURNING ITCH WAS CURED

"I deem it my duty to tell about a cure that the Cuticura Soap and Ointment have made on myself. My trouble began in splotches breaking out right in the edge of my hair on the forehead, and spread over the front part of the top of my head from ear to ear, and over my ears which caused a most fearful burning itch, or eczema.

"For three years I had this terrible breaking out on my forehead and scalp. I tried our family doctor and he failed to cure it. Then I tried the Cuticura Soap and Ointment and used them for two months with the result of a complete cure. Cuticura Soap and Ointment should have the credit due, and I have advised a lot of people to use them." (Signed) C. D. Tharrington, Creek, N. C., Jan. 26, 1911.

Itching Scalp—Hair Fell Out.

"I will say that I have been suffering with an itching on my scalp for the past few years. My hair fell out in spots all over my head. My scalp started to trouble me with sores, then the sores healed up, and crusts formed on the top. Then the hair fell out and left me three bald spots the shape of a half dollar. I went to more than one doctor, but could not get any relief, so I started to use the Cuticura Remedies. I tried one bar of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment, and felt relieved right away. Now the bald spots have disappeared, and my hair has grown, thanks to the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I highly recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all that are suffering with scalp trouble." (Signed) Samuel Stern, 236 Floyd St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Feb. 7, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Natural Query.

Gen. F. D. Grant, when discussing military neatness, used often to tell a story about his father.

"My father was talking to General Sherman in his tent one day," he would begin, "when a third general entered, a brigadier notorious for his slovenliness. After the brigadier left my father blew forth a cloud of smoke and said: 'Sherman, I wonder whom that man gets to wear his shirts the first week?'"

A Prediction.

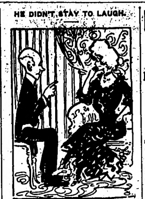
"Do you think Biffels will ever reach a green old age?"

"He surely will, if he lives long enough and doesn't know more then than he does now."

A postal card to Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., asking for sample will repay you.

If there was a tax on stupidity the wise guys would all be tax dodgers.

HE DIDN'T STAY TO LAUGH.



Chinner—I had to laugh at the ball game today. It always makes me laugh when anybody's caught napping.

Miss Wearyone—Really? Then I'm afraid you'll be laughing at me in a few minutes.

Needed No More Help.

An American gentleman got acquainted with a Frenchman who was very anxious to acquire the English language. The American in order to help him said that if he would send his exercises to him he would willingly correct them.

Nothing was heard from the Frenchman for some time, but finally a letter came couched in the following choice English:

"In small time I can learn so many English from his text-book and her dictionary as I think I will to come at the America and to go on the scaffold to lecture."

The First Consideration.

At St. Andrews some years ago an old farmer and his plowman were carting sand from the seashore. They were behind the target on the rifle-range, but hidden by a bank of sand from a party of volunteers, who were then on foot, at practice. A stray bullet struck the plowman on the leg, and he immediately dropped, exclaiming: "I'm shot!"

Without more ado the farmer scrambled up the bank and, waving his hand to the volunteers, shouted:

"Hey, lads, stop that, will ye? You've shot a man, and it micht hae been the horse!"—London Tit-Bits.

The Shorter Route.

Lady Duff-Gordon, at a luncheon at Sherry's in New York, told an anecdote apropos of the divorce evil.

"Two girls," she said, "were chatting over a cocktail and a cigarette.

"'Marriages are made in heaven,' said the first girl, and she blew a cloud of smoke into the air and regarded it with dreamy eyes.

"The second girl with a light laugh replied:

"'Yes, that is true; but, thank goodness, to unmake them we have to go only as far as Reno.'"

Makes a Difference.

"What is this?"

"As you see, it is a badge demanding votes for women."

"You wearing such a badge?"

"Yes, I."

"But you always told me you could never see any reason for women's suffrage."

"Yes; but I didn't know it was going to become a rather stylish fad."

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Hardly Suitable.

Settlement Worker—Since meat is so high why not use vegetables?

Mrs. Grogan—They don't do a black eye no good.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Relieves and cures itching, torturing diseases of the skin and mucous membrane. A superior Pile Cure. 25 and 50 cents, by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Willing to Dye.

Ella—Are you afraid to die?

Stella—Not if I feel that the color is becoming to me.

Make your failure tragical by the earnestness of your endeavor, and then it will not differ much from success.—Thoreau.

IOWA WOMAN
WELL AGAIN
Freed From Shooting Pains, Spinal Weakness, Dizziness, by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms; shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for my health."—Mrs. HARRIET E. WAMPLER, 524 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.
Consider Well This Advice.
No woman suffering from any form of female troubles should lose hope until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.
This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for nearly forty years proved to be a most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Your Liver
Is Clogged Up
That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts
—Have No Appetite.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
will put you right in a few days.
They do their duty.
Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

THE tonic properties of this rootbeer have made it a household word. Delicious as a beverage, good for the blood. The best spring drink.
One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.
THE CHARLES E. HIRES COMPANY
Write for premium puzzle 253 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.
MAKES 5 GALLONS
HIRES' HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT
FOR MAKING OLD FASHIONED HOME-MADE ROOTBEER

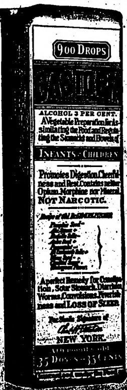
DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch
makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

N. W. N. U., NO. 26-1912.


900 DROPS
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Children Cry for Fletcher's
CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXI. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1912. NUMBER 52.

GOV. WILSON IS NOMINATED AT BALTIMORE

GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY IS NAMED AS THEIR CANDIDATE FOR PRESIDENT AFTER MUCH BALLOTING.

PLATFORM IS ADOPTED.

Party Declaration Prepared and Approved by Bryan Selected With a Whoop—Delegates Get Away In a Hurry.

Baltimore, Md. — Governor Wilson was nominated at 3:15 p. m. Tuesday, when Pennsylvania cast vote making total 723, breaking the long deadlock that had existed in the Democratic convention since early Friday.

The final break to Governor Woodrow Wilson as the nominee for president of the United States came at the beginning of the forty-sixth ballot. Wilson had received 633 votes on the forty-fifth, with only 725⅓ necessary to nominate.

Senator Bankhead of Alabama quickly withdrew Underwood.

Senator Stone of Missouri, in behalf of Champ Clark, released all Clark delegates, at the same time saying Missouri would vote for him to the end. Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston then withdrew Governor Foss from consideration.

WOODROW WILSON.

By this time it was apparent Wilson would win on the forty-sixth ballot and the convention was in an uproar, delaying the call for a long while.

Wilson gained 108 votes on the forty-third ballot, the first cast today, and the hoped-for break appeared at hand. Illinois' 58 delegates propelled the movement and gains were made also from Connecticut, Idaho, Iowa, Louisiana, Maryland, Michigan, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, Wisconsin and Hawaii.

Wilson's vote was 602, a majority of the convention. It was the highest vote he had received and the vote of 329 cast for Mr. Clark was the lowest received by him during the prolonged balloting. When the result was announced the demonstration for Wilson was as enthusiastic and protracted as the weary delegates could make it.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson was born at Staunton, Va., on Dec. 28, 1856. When Woodrow was 2 years old his father took a pastorate in Augusta, Ga., and soon became one of the most noted ministers of the South. "Tommy" Wilson, the Augusta schoolboy, is described by Prof. John T. Derby, one of his teachers, as quiet and exceptionally studious. The most important instructor of young Wilson, however, was his father.

The Wilsons moved from Augusta to Columbia, S. C., in 1870, Dr. Wilson resigning his pastorate to take the chair of pastoral and evangelistic theology in the Southern Presbyterian Theological seminary. At Columbia Tommy attended Charles Parnwell's private school. At the age of 17 he entered Davidson college at Davidson, N. C.

At the age of 22 he signalized the closing of his undergraduate days at Princeton by breaking into the International Review, in its issue of August, 1879, with an article entitled "Cabinet Government in the United States." The article contrasted British and American systems of government, pointing out advantages in the British.

In the fall of 1878 Wilson took up the law course at the University of Virginia, where he indulged in a long, drooping moustache and in membership in the glee club. "She Sleeps, My Lady Sleeps," is shown by old programs of university concerts to have been one of Wilson's tenor solos.

In May, 1882, he carried his law diploma and an oratorical prize to Atlanta, Ga., where he opened an office for the practice of law. The office, however, did not prosper, and after 18 leisurely months he gave up. The Atlanta experiment, however, was far from eventless. Although litigants gave him nothing to do, he was not idle. He improved his time by securing the promise of Miss Ellen Louise Axson to be his wife. The Axsons were a prominent Georgia lowlands family. The young couple were married in 1875.

In the fall of 1885 Mr. Wilson began teaching political economy to the girls of Bryn Mawr. From this institution he went to Wesleyan university, where he remained until called to Princeton in 1890 to occupy the chair of jurisprudence and politics. In 1902 he was elected president of Princeton.

THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

In May, 1910, the graduate college of Princeton university became the legatee of a $3,000,000 estate, which could not be accepted without sacrificing Wilson's policies. The money was accepted. The president's resignation did not come, however, until after the New Jersey state Democratic convention on Sept. 15, 1912, had nominated him for the governorship. In the following November New Jersey went Democratic for the first time since 1892 and elected Wilson by a large majority.

The earliest recorded mention of Woodrow Wilson as a presidential possibility is in the form of a letter written by someone in Indianapolis to the News of that city at the time of Wilson's inauguration as president of Princeton. This faint boom was revived on Feb. 3, 1906, at the Lotus club, New York, where Mr. Wilson was the guest of honor. On that occasion Col. George Harvey mentioned him as a possible candidate for the presidential nomination.

Colonel Harvey's magazine, Harper's Weekly, for a time gave ardent support to Wilson's campaign for the nomination, but at the beginning of 1912 this support was withdrawn.

For vice president, Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana was nominated by the Democratic national convention at 1:56 a. m., Wednesday.

The nomination of Governor Marshall for vice president came as something of a surprise for when the night's balloting for vice president began it seemed that the Bryan-Wilson contingent in the convention had definitely settled upon Governor John E. Burke of North Dakota.

There was not much of a fight, however, and when two ballots disclosed Marshall easily in the lead, Governor Burke's name was withdrawn and Marshall was proclaimed the nominee by acclamation. A minute later the convention had adjourned sine die.

Colonel Bryan delivered what he called his "valedictory" and, in happy vein, turned over the mantle of his former leadership as a presidential condidate to Governor Wilson.

He pledged himself to the full support of the presidential nominee and ended by urging that either Governor Burke or Senator George Chamberlain of Oregon, be nominated for vice president.

When, after the first ballot some one moved to make the nomination of Marshall unanimous, Mr. Bryan started for the stage to make a statement. The motion was withdrawn before he could speak. When the motion was renewed after the second ballot, Mr. Bryan did not protest.

The platform hewed out in committee several days ago, and warmly praised by Mr. Bryan, was adopted with a whoop.

Prominently mentioned for the vice presidency were: Governor Marshall, of Indiana; Governor Burke of North Dakota, Representative Henry of Texas, and Senator Kern of Indiana.

Taft Attends Saengerfest.

Philadelphia.—A grand festival concert participated in by the thousands of members of societies constituting the Northeastern Saengerbund, with President and Mrs. Taft as the guests of honor, was the crowning event of the twenty-third saengerfest. The president and Mrs. Taft were greeted by a German song of welcome. As the president and his wife entered the auditorium, the chorus of 4,000 [illegible]

$1,225 for Fourth Distributed.

Minneapolis.—Four Commercial club committees in charge of park sane Fourth of July celebrations received drafts for $200 each and a similar sum was given to Herbert Nelson and a group of women assisting him in the program at Loring park. The total contribution to the Sane Fourth celebration was $1,225, the Civic and Commerce association giving $1,000; Woman's club, $100; $100 from the mayor's contingent and three private subscriptions, two of $10 and the last [illegible]

WANT LOWER TARIFF

Taxes for Revenue Only Is Leading Plank of Democratic Platform.

FAVORS VIGOROUS TRUST WAR.

Income Tax and Popular Election of Senators Is Commended—Government Supervision of Interstate Business Demanded.

The leading plank of the platform adopted by the Democratic national convention at Baltimore calls for an immediate downward revision of the tariff. On this subject the platform says:

The Tariff Reform.

"We declare it to be a fundamental principle of the Democratic party that the federal government under the Constitution has no right or power to impose or collect tariff duties except for the purpose of revenue and we demand that the collection of such taxes shall be limited to the necessities of government honestly and economically administered.

"The high Republican tariff is the principal cause of the unequal distribution of wealth; it is a system of taxation which makes the rich richer and the poor poorer; under its operations the American farmer and laboring man are the chief sufferers; it raises the cost of the necessities of life to them, but does not protect their product or wages."

The action of President Taft in vetoing the bills to reduce the tariff in the cotton, woolen, metals and chemicals schedules and the farmers free list bills is denounced.

Issue is taken with the Republican platform and much of the present high cost of living is laid to the high tariff laws.

Anti-Trust Law.

The platform declares that a private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable and says:

"We therefore favor the vigorous enforcement of the criminal as well as the civil law against trusts and trust officials, and demand enactment of such additional legislation as may be necessary to make it impossible for a private monopoly to exist in the United States."

"The action of the Republican administration in compromising with the Standard Oil company and the tobacco trust and its failure to invoke the criminal provisions of the anti-trust law against the officers of those corporations after the court had declared that from the undisputed facts in the record they had violated the criminal provisions of the law" is denounced.

"We regret that the Sherman anti-trust law has received a judicial construction depriving it of much of its efficiency and we favor the enactment of legislation which will restore to the statute the strength of which it has been deprived by such interpretation."

The platform urges people to support proposed constitutional amendments, providing for an income tax and election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. As justification of the demands of the party for publicity of campaign expenditures, attention is directed "to the enormous expenditures of money in behalf of the president and his predecessor in the recent presidential contest."

Asks Presidential Primaries.

Following is a summary of some of the more important planks:

Declares for presidential preference primaries. Directs national committee to provide for selection at primaries of members of national committee.

Pledges party to enactment of law prohibiting campaign contributions by corporations and unreasonable campaign contributions by individuals.

Opposes Aldrich Bill.

In connection with a demand for such a revision of the banking laws as will give temporary relief in case of financial distress there is a denunciation of the Aldrich bill prepared by the monetary commission. The present method of depositing government funds is condemned and the party is pledged to the enactment of a law for the deposit of such funds by competitive bidding in state or national banks without discrimination as to locality.

Recommends investigation of agricultural credit societies in Europe to ascertain whether a system of rural credits may be devised suitable to conditions in the United States.

Pledges party to enactment of legislation to prevent devastation of lower Mississippi valley by floods and the control of the Mississippi is declared to be a national rather than a state problem. The maintenance of a navigable channel is also recommended.

Refers to Russian treaty and renews pledge to preserve "sacred rights of American citizenship at home and abroad.

Favors single presidential term and making president ineligible to re-election.

Denounces Republican administration on charge of extravagance and demands return to simplicity and economy befitting a democratic government.

Favors efficient supervision and rate regulation of railroads, express companies, telegraph and telephone lines and a valuation of these companies by the interstate commerce commission, [illegible]

GREAT FALLS IN TASMANIA

Water Power That Will Develop Electricity for Use of Manufacturers on Island.

A big hydro-electric engineering scheme now being constructed in the middle of Tasmania will revolutionize the industrial life of that island. The area of Tasmania is a little over 26,000 square miles, and its present population is 191,000. Situated in the middle of the island at an altitude of 3,400 feet is the Great Lake, a storage reservoir provided by nature herself.

The area of this sheet of water is forty-one of Tasmania's square miles. The outlet of this lake is the River Shannon. At this outlet a new company, which has recently been formed, is constructing a weir to regulate the flow. The water will then be diverted from the Shannon into a lagoon, from which steel pipes will be laid so as to create an effective fall of water for over 1,000 feet vertical.

Tasmanian Niagara.

Nature's disposition in this region allows of the mechanical connivance of engineers in this manner both simply and cheaply. It is calculated that in the power house to be erected at the foot of this fall electricity of the value of 85,000 horse power can be generated all the year round, sufficient to work the developing industries of the whole island.

Hobart (the capital) in the south and Launceston in the north will be supplied from it, and there will be ample power to work the important mineral fields of the west coast as well—the copper mines of Mount Lyell, the tin mines of Bischoff, and the silver mines of Zeehan.

OCEAN MOVED NEAR CITY

By Means of a Ship Canal Forty Miles Long Manchester Is Now Called a Port.

London.—Though it is eighteen years ago since the Manchester ship canal was inaugurated, few people beyond the radius of Lancashire realize the importance of this great inland waterway, that carries ocean-going ships into the heart of one of our largest cities.

The ship canal is a trifle more than 35 miles in length, and has a depth of 26 feet, while it is 300 feet in width, or as wide as the Suez. In places the canal is 60 feet above sea level, and it cost considerably more than $75,000,000 to build.

In cities like Bristol, Ipswich or Chatham, approached as they are by tidal waterways, one expects to find ships, but hardly in a city more than 40 miles from the open sea.

At the Mouth of the Suez.

The biggest canal in existence is that connecting Pekin and Canton in China, 1,000 miles in length. The Suez canal is 99 miles long, the Caledonian 60 miles, and in Great Britain and Ireland the inland waterways total no fewer than 3,907 miles, more than 3,000 of which are in England.

Burglar Kills Denver Man.

Denver, Colo. — J. S. Johnson, president of the Johnson Drug company, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by a masked highwayman who first forced him to open the cash [illegible]

HUNDREDS DIE IN CYCLONE AT REGINA

LATEST REPORTS PLACE THE CASUALTIES AT BETWEEN 400 AND 500.

WOUNDED HELP RESCUE.

Disaster Is Worst of Its Kind Ever Visited Upon Western Country—Scenes of Desolation Beggar Description.

Regina, Saskatchewan.—Between 400 and 500 persons are believed to be dead, scores of others injured, and millions of dollars in property destroyed as a result of a cyclone which struck this city, cutting a wide swath, beginning at the southern and central residential sections and extending into the very heart of the business district, converting whole blocks into masses of tangled wreckage.

At the present time no complete estimate can be made of the actual number of deaths but every ambulance in the city has been working since six o'clock carrying the bodies to the hospitals which were filled to their utmost capacity early in the evening. Numbers of improvised hospitals were hastily constructed in some of the larger buildings left standing after the storm had passed.

Crowds of volunteers all over the city are assisting in the work of searching the wreckage and for hours hardly a minute went by that a dead body or the mangled form of some living victim was not uncovered. Hurrying men and women, speeding on their errands of mercy filled the streets as the night wore on, while the authorities strove to bring order out of confusion, succoring the living and to determine as best they could as to the identity and number of dead. The sweep of the storm, the worst in the history of the Canadian Northwest, was over a city which only a short time before had completed the work of decking itself in gala attire for the celebration of Dominion day. Bunting and flags covered the buildings everywhere and networks of colored electric lights were strung and ready for illumination. Through these gaily decorated streets the tornado swept and within a half-hour, Regina had been turned into a city of mourning. In the track of the storm building after building lay in ruin, shrouded in its gay colored bunting.

Everywhere are men and women with heads and hands swathed in bandages, but all thinking of others' troubles, forgetful of their own.

Except where it is necessary for the rescue of bodies, the ruins were left lying where they fell.

No one knows how many are dead on this side of the city.

Husbands are hunting for wives, mothers for their children, men stop from time to time in their work of rescue to ask acquaintances passing for news of friends and relatives.

Many families were separated at the time of the storm, as the day was a hot one, and some sought comfort in the parks, while others remained at home.

Numbers were out on the waters of Wascana lake. Five are known to be drowned, failing to reach the shores in time. Every house in the city that is standing has been thrown open to the homeless.

One of the large grain elevators was picked up and thrown a distance of 50 feet from its foundation, falling on a freight train of goods and cattle cars.

One house barely on the edge of the storm was picked off its foundation and settled squarely on the vacated site.

LIST OF IDENTIFIED KILLED.

The Dead.

The following is a partial list of the killed so far taken from the ruins and identified:

J. Scoot.

J. J. Bryan, manager of Tudhope and Anderson Co.

Mrs. W. T. McDonald.

George Craven.

Mrs. Guthrie.

Mrs. Logie and child (doubtful).

Three others not identified.

Mrs. Paul McEllimoyde, Fourteenth avenue near Smith street.

Two Chinamen.

Mrs. J. D. McKay and two children.

Mr. Fred Hindson.

James Hindson.

Two taken out of Rev. Mr. Lewis' house not identified.

Mrs. Shaw, Fifteenth avenue.

John Ferguson, butcher.

Laurence Hodeman, 10 years old, Smith street.

Arthur Donaldson.

J. J. Hill Abdicates Throne.

Minneapolis. — The resignation of James J. Hill from his position as chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern road, which becomes effective today, was officially announced. Louis W. Hill, who was recently succeeded by Carl R. Gray as president of the Great Northern, will succeed his father as chairman of the board. James J. Hill will [illegible]

BALLOON EXPLODES KILLING FIVE

MELVIN VANIMAN, BUILDER OF DIRIGIBLE, AND CREW OF FOUR LOSE LIVES.

COST A HALF MILLION

Air Craft, Not Unlike the America, Was Built to Cross Atlantic—1000 Feet High When Explosion Came.

Atlantic City, July 1. — In view of 3,000 spectators, the big dirigible balloon Akron was shattered by the explosion of the gas bag a half-mile off shore of Abscon Inlet.

Melvin Vaniman, who had built the airship with the idea of flying across the Atlantic ocean; Calvin Vaniman, his younger brother, Fred Almos, Walter Ghest and George Brilliant, his crew, were instantly killed.

The dirigible was sailing at a height of 1,000 feet and had been in the air since 6:15 o'clock when the accident occurred and was a quarter of a mile south of Brigantine beach, which is across the inlet from this city. The large envelope containing thousands of cubic feet of gas was rent by the terrific force of the explosion, probably caused by expansion from the sun's rays. It burst near the middle.

A mass of flames hid the ship from view. For a space of probably 10 seconds the half-million-dollar dirigible was invisible while the air about the spot where she had been hovering seemed to be all flames. The fire dissipated and then the ship, outlined against the sunrise, was seen to fall like a plumet.

In the descent something, which appeared to be the body of a man, shot out to the left of the wreckage and hit the water before the rest of the descending mass. It was reported that this was the headless body of Calvin Vaniman.

Thousand of persons from every part of the resort gathered along the inlet board walk and about the Vaniman cottage, just across from the hangar at the inlet where Mrs. Vaniman became unconscious from the shock. A physician was in attendance.

The flight was the second that the airship had taken this year. After tinkering all winter on the ship Mr. Vaniman took the Akron out for a short flight on Saturday morning June 1. At that time the balloon was nearly wrecked by some of the mechanism going wrong, but it was landed without serious mishap.

The longest flight the balloon made was last fall when it spent the greater part of the day in the air in the vicinity of this city. At that time the gas in the bag was not sufficient to keep the big ship constantly in the air and it had to make several landings. During the winter Vaniman improved the ship through lessons learned in that flight.

In general appearance the Akron was not unlike the America, in which Walter Wellman and Vaniman attempted to cross the Atlantic ocean in October, 1910, but there were many differences in the construction. The gas bag was 30 feet longer than that of the America, but was smaller in diameter. The dimensions were: Length of bag, 258 feet; diameter, 47 feet. The bag was made of a composition of rubber and was constructed in Ohio.

HAIL WILSON PRESIDENT.

Army of Reporters and Neighbors Stampede Him.

Sea Girt, New Jersey. — Twenty newspaper reporters sitting coatless and hatless on the lawn of New Jersey's "Little White House" saw an operator come from the telegraph tent with a yellow blank in his hands. He stood for a moment in silhouette against the canvas background, and read:

"Wilson is nominated."

When he looked up, twenty chairs were rocking vacantly in the breeze and the twenty men who had faced him a moment before were half a hundred feet away, scampering in a straggling line for a spot on the governor's porch where a short time before he had been sitting.

"Mr. President," they shouted with one voice, "we congratulate you."

Gov. Wilson was laughing and chatting with his wife and daughters. The news had come a moment before over the long distance telephone after days of anxious waiting and the few seconds he had spent with his family were his first of real relaxation during the week.

Seeks Hero Fund.

Minneapolis. — Miss Sara Fitzgerald, probation officer, has been investigating what has been done for the education of boy and girl heroes by those in charge of the Carnegie Hero fund and wrote to F. M. Wilmot, secretary and manager of the [illegible]

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Camp Lakeview. — A terrific storm coming off of Lake Pepin, struck camp. No members of the First artillery were injured and no damage to property was done. All ceremonies were suspended, however.

Barnesville.—Martin L. Stadum of Everett, Wash., who is here on a visit, reports that conditions in the west are much better than last winter. He says that the shops are now working full time, and that the lumber mills are rushed with orders.

Minneapolis. — Eleven persons, four of them women and one a small girl were saved from drowning in White Bear lake by two men, said to be George and William Geist, after their motor boat had collided with the boat owned by Eugene Ramaley, in which the women were.

Winona. — The Northwestern Telephone Exchange company has started work on the construction of conduits and placing its wires underground in the business district of Winona. It is the pioneer in this movement, but before the close of 1912 all wires will be underground in the business section.

Fergus Falls.—Vivian Correll, the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Correll, was bitten by a bulldog belonging to a neighbor. The child was petting the dog when it sprang upon her, biting her through the lip, cutting through her nose and taking out a piece of it and cutting through one eyebrow. The dog has been tied up to see if rabies develops.

Pipestone.—The program for Pipestone's annual chautauqua to be held July 6 to 14 has been completed. Colonel William J. Bryan will be the topliner at the chautauqua and will be here July 9. Other speakers who will appear are George L. McNutt, "the dinner pail man;" Dr. A. W. Lamar, the southern orator; Henry Joy, James F. Bryan, Dr. George R. Stuart and Dr. Edwin R. Stucker.

Marshall.—Crop conditions here at this time indicate an abundant harvest of small grain. Barley is headed out and many fields stand four feet. Wheat is also heading out. It is thought there is enough moisture in the ground if no more rain falls. Many farmers have begun using the new crop of potatoes. Corn is somewhat backward, but the warm weather is bringing it along rapidly now.

Faribault.—The twentieth annual convention of the Young People's Alliance of the Minnesota conference branch of the Evangelical association was held in Faribault, Rev. P. A. Lang, president, of Hutchinson, presiding. About 100 delegates were in attendance and [illegible] the prominent speakers in attendance were Bishop W. Horn and Rev. C. Stoebler, both of Cleveland, Ohio.

Luverne.—The expert accountants from the state public examiner's office have been auditing the city recorder's books. Their report was filed with the county auditor July 1. They made a careful examination of the books since the organization of Luverne as a city. A shortage of more than $200 in last year's accounts of the late city recorder led to a demand on the part of the citizens that the books be examined.

Mankato.—Yeggmen blew the safe of J. M. Karmany's meat market and secured $150. They also robbed the cash register in the adjoining grocery store of Pugh & Brockleyer of $35 or more. There is no clue except that two burglar tools were left and a part of a last Sunday's Sioux City paper. One of the tools had part of another Iowa paper wrapped around it. The police believe Sioux City crooks did the work.

Glenwood.—The telestevne brought about 2,000 people to Glenwood. The speakers were Rev. J. O. Sather of Fosston, James Peterson of Minneapolis, G. I. Gullickson of Fargo and Torkel Oftelie of Fergus Falls. In the evening the main part of the program was a violin contest in which eight took part. The first prize, a $100 violin donated by Helland Bros. of Chippewa Falls, Wis., was given to Hans Fykerud. Ole Ormbrek, Hans Rygh, Tosten Odden and Austen Einung received the other prizes. National songs were sung by girls in costume and an exhibition was given of folk dances and an original farce comedy staged.

Minneapolis. — A bottle of gasoline on the window sill of the Bertillion room of the city jail caught fire from the heat of the sun and sent a lively flame creeping up the wall. Several members of the police and fire departments were kept busy with hatchets and water pails, while jail prisoners kept up a wild singing and yelling from behind their prison bars. Detective John Galvin, keeper of the Bertillion gallery, saw the flames running up the wall. He ran for a pail of water and turned in a fire alarm. Jailor Needham also grabbed a pail of water. Firemen came up the jail elevator with tarpaulin and axes. The combined efforts of the officers and firemen put out the fire with only a damage of $20.

Luverne.—Chicken stealing has become a matter of importance in some parts of this county. Albert Anson of Clinton township had 300 of his best chickens stolen from his poultry house. Other thefts are reported and no trace of the thieves has been found. A reward of $100 has been offered for the capture of the thieves. [illegible]

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B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

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INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

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Saturday, July 6, 1912.

Many of Theodore Roosevelt's best supporters of strongest politicians in the ranks of his friends think that the attempt to form a third party would, in the light of the democratic action, be folly.

Tuesday, after a session of over a week and a deadlock of several days, during which time apprehensions had been strong that the reactionaries would succeed in capturing the nominations, the democratic convention at Baltimore nominated Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey for president, and Gov. Tom Marshall of Indiana for vice president.

Consolidation of Schools

So much is being written and said about the consolidation of rural schools that a statement of the law showing just how liberal provision is being made to encourage the improvement of the rural schools will be read with interest. George F. Howard, who has probably had more experience than any other man in the state in solving rural school problems, offers the following statement:

Consolidation of schools is steadily gaining ground in Minnesota. The farmers are coming to realize that the one-room country school does not offer opportunities that are good enough for their boys and girls; and besides, the farmer is able to have the best of everything for himself and family. The last legislature, by offering generous and substantial state aid to consolidated schools, has put new life into the movement; and in hundreds of homes and communities the matter is being given careful, thoughtful consideration.

Many mistatements are made and wrong impressions given, by both friends and foes of the movement, due in many cases to lack of definite knowledge of the law and its application. Perhaps a clear statement of facts will serve to clear up a number of disputed points.

The law provides that, when two or districts unite and form a district including at least twelve sections of land, and maintain a school of two departments, the district shall receive special state aid to the amount of $750, for consolidation, in addition to regular aid of $300, as a semi-graded school, making $1,050 in all for the support of such a school. With a district of eighteen sections, and three departments in the school, the aid for consolidation becomes $1,000 in addition to the regular aid of $300, and, with four departments in the school, the aid become $1,500 for consolidation and $600 as a state graded school. In each case the state will give one-fourth the cost of a new building not to exceed $1,500 to any one district.

The proceedings in effecting consolidation as follows:

1 The county Superintendent shall cause to be made a plat of the new district, showing size, boundaries, location of school houses, location of adjoining districts and schoolhouses, and submit the same to the superintendent of public instruction for his approval.

2. If the plat is approved, petitions signed and acknowledged by at least twenty-five per cent of the resident freeholders of each district shall presented to the county superintendent asking for the formation of such a district.

3. The county superintendent shal within ten days, upon ten days posted notice, give notice of a special meeting to vote on the question of consolidation, and fix time and place for holding such meeting.

4. The meeting to vote is held not less than twenty-five voters being present, and a vote taken by ballot on the proposition of consolidation.

5 The officers of the meeting shall certify the result of the vote to the county superintendent.

6. If the majority of the votes cast be in favor of consolidation, the county superintendent shall transmit a copy to the county auditor, to the clerks of the districts affected, and to the superintendent of public instruction, and:

7. Shall cause ten day's posted notice be given of a meeting to elect the officers of the new district. When consolidation is effected with an already existing independent district, the officers of the new district until the next annual meeting.

Such, in brief, are steps in consolidation under the new law. Enemies of the movement make all kinds of misrepresentations and false statements to to gain their ends and defeat the movement. For instance, they will write the clerk of a semi-graded school and ask how much state aid the district has been receiving. Of course, the reply comes back, $300, the new aid of $750 not yet having been distributed. This letter is shown throughout the district and the impression is created that the $750 is a pipedream of the [illegible] consolidation [illegible]

Just a Foot Note

She sat upon her young man's knee—
The light was dim,
The young man cast her churlishly
Away from him.
Aand as she wept, the young man cried,
"Pray do not weep,
'Tis not because my love has died—
My foot's asleep."
The fault's with you," the maiden said,
"You're no excuse.
Your foot should be no sleepy-head
Your nerves are loose,
You need a tonic. When we are wed,
I'll mend that, dear,
We'll have each day, with daily bread,
Some grain belt beer."

Alex Thompson, Crookston, Minn.

The Summer School

Up to the present time eighty prospective school teachers have enrolled for the summer term of the teachers' training school now being held at Thief River Falls under the direction of Professor Hay. At the conclusion of the course, those successfully passing the examinations will be issued certificates permitting them to teach for two years without further preparation.

The following are in attendance from this vicinity: Gena Braaten, Ida, Emily, and Alma Lyman, Lily Gunstad, Anna Netteland, Elisa Hendrickson, Anna Moengen, St. Hilaire; Sarah Froisness, Hazel

Black River Ball Team

Dear sir:—I herewith report the news of the Black River base ball team. The Black River base ball team has done very good work so far. Has played six games as follows:

Game with Bray, May 26. The score was 4 to 20 in favor of Black River.

Game with Wylie June 2. The score was 9 to 0 in favor of Black River.

Game with Brown Creeks, June 9. The score was 1 to 6 in favor of Brown Creeks.

Game with St. Hilaire June 16. The score was 5 to 7 in favor of St. Hilaire.

Game with Wylie, June 24. The score was 4 to 4 in favor of Black River. But Black River had another turn at the bat.

Game with St. Hilaire June 30. The score was 8 to 11 in favor of Black River.

Black River has had good luck—nobody hurt and no trouble between the players—so the organization has turned out to be a great success.

Yours truly,
EDWARD ERICKSON,
Wylie, Minn.

GOLLMAR BROTHERS' CIRCUS

Different from Other Shows

There are many ways in which the Gollmar Brothers' shows differ from other circuses, and a visit to the monster tented entertainment when it comes to Red Lake Falls or Thief River Falls will cause people who have been complaining that all shows were alike as to quality to deny this statement by adding, "excepting the Gollmar circus."

Gollmar Brothers' shows resemble other tented enterprises inasmuch as the performance is given under a tent, When it comes to the circus acts themselves it differs widely from other institutions which are heralded as "great" shows.

The menagerie is more than twice as large as that carried by other circuses. The biggest hipp in captivity is in this department. The only hybrid lion-tiger, with the lion's stripes on the tiger's skin, is another rare feature.

A great street parade is given in every city visited, and the turn out is the biggest free feature offered with any circus of the present day.

At Red Lake Falls Tuesday, July 16.

At Thief River Falls Wednesday, July 17.

Why Women Tolerate Men.

"You see that old woman and the young one in the corner of the room," said he. "They come here every night for dinner. I don't know whether they are mother and daughter or a rich woman and her attendant, but I wish you could hear their comments upon the men in the place. Critical as to their manners, their looks, their talk. I get quite discouraged when I happen to sit near enough to hear. Ever any man with them? Not that I ever saw, but it is the women who never go with men who are most critical. Those who do are lenient with their little foibles. They excuse them for the sake of whatever good traits they might chance to possess."

A Dangerous Roll.

H. Engels, an Oakland, Cal., boilermaker, met with an experience which nearly cost him his life, while at work inside a 28-inch water pipe. The line of pipe ran along a steep hillside and was held in position by wooden supports. While Engel was riveting two sections together the supports gave way and the section in which he was working started down the hill at a terrific speed. It rolled several hundred feet and finally dropped into a ditch in which a stream of water was running. Engels' companions supposed, of course, that he had been killed, but rushed to the ditch. The in-piped man was taken out alive, but seriously cut and bruised and almost drowned.—Detroit [illegible]

Answer That Pleased Bishop.

The late Bishop Potter [illegible] that Clara Morris [illegible] that woman on the stage [illegible] opinion he gave [illegible] ing when he called upon her at her place, The Pines, Riverdale-on-the-Hudson.

"Now that you're here, I don't [illegible] any more [illegible] with you [illegible] would [illegible]

THE FLIES' REVENGE.

Ten little flies
All in a line;
One got a swat!
Then there were........

Nine little flies
Grimly sedate;
Licking their chops—
Swat! Then there were........

Eight little flies
Raising some more—
Swat, swat! Swat, swat!
Then there were....

Four little flies
Colored green-blue
Swat! (Ain't it easy)
Then there were..

Two little flies
Dodged the civilian—
Early next day
There were a million!
—Buffalo News.

A pair of flies can, if there are no "swatters," produce 191,100,000,000,000 flies between April and August. This is enough to cover the earth forty-five feet deep.

TREASURE PROTECTED BY MUD.

Effort to Be Made to Reach Stored Riches in India.

A good story of hidden treasure comes from India on the authority of the late tutor to the heir apparent of Bhopal.

In the hills of Amarkantak, in the central provinces, close to the sources of the Narbada and the Son, there stands an old deserted fort called Rän Bakalli, wherein, so tradition says, are collected vast stores of treasure and jewels formerly the property of the Hindu rajahs of the country, but for ages no one has been able to gain access to the fort because it is surrounded by miles of impassable mud.

The late Sir Richard Temple when lieutenant governor of Bengal tried to reach it, but his elephant stuck deep in the mire and he was forced to abandon the quest. It is now suggested that a syndicate should be formed to exploit this treasure house by means of balloons, and a Calcutta capitalist has promised a large subscription toward the enterprise.

The question which puzzles most people is how this ocean of mud ever came to invest the fort. An effort will be made to enlist the co-operation of the maharajah of Rewa, the ruler of the district, who is said to be an enlightened prince, though how it comes that he has not already taken steps to solve the mystery is not stated.

INTO SERE AND YELLOW LEAF.

Eighteenth Century Women Seem to Have Willingly Settled Down.

In an English novel of the eighteenth century the author thus refers to a certain woman: "She had reached the age of 25, an age beyond which no woman can hope either to feel or inspire deep affection." In one of George Meredith's early novels he refers to a character as a woman "on the criminal side of 30." A Boston woman in the last century, after reaching the age of 30, put on, over her abundant natural hair, a false front and a cap. These were the outward and visible signs of the matronly maturity she had reached. She gave up at the same time all the gayer forms of social intercourse. She confined herself thereafter to the mild and elderly variety. She had "come out" into Boston society at 15. After two years of social gayeties she had married. At 30 she was the mother of eight children. She had lived the active part of her life. In accordance with the conventions of her time she settled down to a life of vegetating domesticity. She was not an exception. She was the normal woman of her day, registering its customs, just as a good thermometer registers the temperature.—Appleton's Magazine.

Simple Remedy for Lockjaw.

Cal Johnson, an old-time printer, was in the city recently and claims to have a simple and effective cure for lockjaw, one that never fails. Remembering his boyhood days when the rusty nail was always lying in wait for the barefoot boy and serving as a menace to all who attempted to pass the summer months without shoes on their feet, Mr. Johnson thinks that his advice may be of some use to the fathers and mothers who still have barefoot boys.

The remedy is to smoke the wound caused by the rusty nail or other implement of torture to the small boy, with a woolen cloth. Twenty minutes with this kind of treatment, it is said, will take out the worst case of inflammation and cause a speedy healing of the wound without disagreeable results.—Kansas City Journal.

APPETITE AND THE EMOTIONS.

Why Shouldn't One Eat, Even If Very Happy or Very Sad?

The following really happened on board a pleasure steamer in the Kyles of Bute. A young honeymoon couple were sitting side by side, gazing on the lovely scenery around them.

"Isn't it heavenly, George?" she murmured. "I feel thrills all over me."

Then without a pause, as if still carried away by the inspiration of the moment: "Dearest, if there are any left, I think I would like a chocolate."

No good reason exists why [illegible] emotions should [illegible] hungry. The bride [illegible] sweets was wiser than [illegible] remained starving [illegible] her room after the departure of her lover for India.

At last an amateur Hebe ventured upstairs with a cup of coffee and a plate of toast. Yielding to persuasion, the afflicted maiden was induced to eat and drink and began to look somewhat less dejected.

[illegible]

CAUSED LISTENERS TO SMILE.

Clergyman's Announcement Tickled the Risibilities.

As may be inferred, each profession has its stock jokes—its stories innumerable—each of which having a flavor of its own. That the point of a joke or jest lies not in the tongue of him who makes it, but in the ear that hears, is the testimony of the great dramatist.

The doctor on his rounds, and the judge upon the bench have both an audience ready and willing to accept as the highest wit the bon mots of the speakers; and there is no club or gathering of men that does not acclaim one of its members as supreme in this respect, and are ready to yield due recognition of the gift.

It must be admitted that the blunders and jests clerical stand for some reason pre-eminent both in number and in mirth producing qualities. The reason, of course, is not far to seek—the very surroundings, in which they occur—the very upsetting of one's preconceived notions of reverence, all tend to cause a reaction in the ordinary mental equilibrium, and the simplest mistake or accident under such circumstances assumes the proportions of a huge comedy.

Recently a divine, in drawing the attention of his congregation to a special communion service on the following Sunday informed them that "the Lord is with us in the forenoon and the bishop in the evening."

WORLD'S CITIES HARD TO KILL.

Rome Twice Burned, Six Times Starved—Paris' Eight Sieges.

Few of the world's great cities have not faced, at one time or another, total destruction. But a city is hard to kill.

Take Rome, for instance. She has been swept by pestilence no fewer than ten times. She has been twice burned and six times driven to submission by starvation. Perhaps it is on account of her great vitality that she is called the Eternal city.

Paris has gone through eight sieges, ten famines, two plagues and one fire which devastated it.

Constantinople has been burned out nine times and has suffered from four plagues and five sieges. In addition, she has been ruled by monarchs who were worse than a plague. Yet Constantinople still flourishes.

London has been decimated five times by plagues, in addition to visitations of typhus, cholera and other epidemics. She has been burned more or less severely several times.—Stray Stories.

WENT BACK ON BENEFACTOR.

Philanthropic Women Disappointed In Their Protege.

The late Mrs. Clara Dewey How of Philadelphia, whose philanthropic work among immigrants made her well known, had a trenchant wit, and one afternoon in Philadelphia, discussing the woman suffrage movement with a clergyman, she said:

"You men are all alike. You all resemble the orphan that Mrs. Stanton and her friends brought up. Mrs. Stanton and a body of ladies from her church, all interested in woman suffrage, once took a little newsboy from the gutter and educated him superbly. They sent him through school and college and finally made a minister of him.

"This young minister, the work of their hands, preached his first sermon in their church. That was a proud Sunday morning for the good ladies. They thought they had at last firmly planted among the male sex a strong and splendid supporter. So, in their best bonnets, they filled the church that Sunday morning. They were on tiptoe with expectation. Who could tell but that their young charge might preach in their honor a woman suffrage sermon?

"Imagine their emotions when the youth arose in the pulpit, looked calmly and even sternly over the congregation and announced that his text would be from St. Paul:

"'Let the women keep silence in the church.'"

TOOK THEIR MATES ON TRIAL.

One-Year Marriages Once a Common Thing in Scotland.

They who talk glibly of short-term marriages and affinities do not know that in Scotland a one-year marriage, termed a handfasting, was once legal and fairly common. It was abandoned on account of its injustice to the woman.

Scott, in "The Monastery," mentions this one-year marriage, making Sir Julian Avenal say:

"We take our wives, like our horses, upon trial. When we are handfasted, as we term it, we are man and wife for a year and a day; that space gone by, each may choose another mate, or at their pleasure, may call the priest to marry them for life."

There was no disgrace attached to handfasting. It was, indeed, more often practiced among the great than the lowly. But the poor girl whose trial husband rejected her at the year's end rarely found it possible to secure a permanent mate.

Hooked a Swordfish.

Eight miles off Newport, Cal., a 12-foot swordfish with a sword four feet long caught on an "80" hook by Hugh McMillan and G. G. Shoemaker towed the fishermen's launch two miles after having charged the boat repeatedly and scarred the stern in numerous places. The monster was killed after half an hour's fight. It weighed several hundred pounds.

When the big fish was first caught it charged to the surface, endangering the lives of the men and [illegible] the captors [illegible] monster was towed almost [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

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Notice of School Meeting to Vote on Consolidation

Pursuant to a petition signed by at least twenty-five per cent of the resident freeholders of school districts No. 102, 24, 54, 178 and 227, Pennington county for a consolidated school district to comprise the above named school districts, and requesting that a special meeting be called according to law, to vote on said consolidation, notice is hereby given that a meeting of the electors of said school districts, qualified to vote at school meetings, will be held on the 11th day of July, 1912, from 7:30 o'clock to 9 o'clock p. m., at Village Hall in St. Hilaire, for the purpose of voting on said consolidation.

E. A. MOSTUE,
County Superintendent of Pennington County.

Thief River Falls, Minn, June 28, 1912.

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice Is Hereby Given, That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, executed by Herby L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1910, at 6:00 p. m. in book 5 of mortgages on page 519 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of Red Lake county at the organization of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota, and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 23 of mortgages on page 87 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A. D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co., said mortgagee sold, assigned, and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the 10th day of June A. D. 1912, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book 8 of mortgages on page 94 thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due on the said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of three hundred ten and 54-100 ($310.54) dollars. Said sum consisting of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty ($120.00) dollars on the note secured by the said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest payments for the sum of eighty-eight ($88.00) dollars each, due respectively May 1, 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, which said interest payments were paid by the mortgagee herein, and of interest on each of the said interest payment from the respective due dates thereof to the date hereof, at the rate of six (6) per cent annum and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt, or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgage premises therein described at public auction to the highest bidder for cash; at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Northwest quarter (nw¼) of section thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41).

Dated June 10, 1912.

C. L. HANSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Assignee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. [illegible]

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE

No. 185, Passenger, leaves 10:26 a. m.
553, Freight, 8:40 [illegible]

GOING SOUTH

No. 186, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p. m.
554, Freight, 2:15 [illegible]

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. Leave for Wylie [illegible] 7:30 a. m. arrive from Wylie [illegible]

Bids for Manager

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers Cooperative [illegible] company will receive bids for manager [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, July 7, at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m. FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 187—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794 Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. [illegible] meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. [illegible] Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

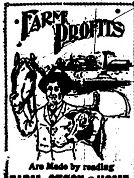
Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN



Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Mr. John Folstad went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Elmer Brink was a Thief River Falls vistor Monday.

O. H. Peters was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Miss Lily Boehm came down from Thief River Falls Saturday.

Miss Ella Nelson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Mrs. S. Benson went to Halstad Monday, to visit with friends.

Paul Ortloff was in Thief River Falls between trains Tuesday.

Mrs. C. Ocin left for Crookston Monday to consult a phyiscian.

C. C. Elliott went Tuesday on a business mission to Greenbush.

D. Lazar will pay 16 cents per dozen for eggs until further notice.

Miss Gina Finstad left for Crookston Monday to consult an occulist.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde went Wednesday to Gatzke, Minn., to spend the fourth.

Miss Dora Epstein of Fargo is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. D. Lazar.

The Hamar congregation will have a festival at S. O. Lee's place July 7.

Misses Lydia Anderson and Tyra Wallin were Thief River Falls visitors Tuesday.

Miss Francis Alvson, of Hazel went to Red Lake Falls Monday for a short visit.

Olaf Opperud of Crookston took dinner with A. Satterberg and family on July 4.

Miss Nellie Lindahl returned to Bemidji Saturday after a visit at the parental home.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Lars Loberg.

Miss Ellen Eck returned to Crookston Saturday after a visit at the Hans Wilson home.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Miss Lillian Stearns came down from Grand Forks Tuesday, for a visit at the A. S. Wilson home.

The Young People's society of the Mission church meets Saturday July 20, at Mr. Bjornquist's, at o'clock p. m.

Oliver Johnson came down from Thief River Falls Monday for a few day's visit with his mother, Mrs. Martin Bjerk.

Albin Anderson of Crookston returned home last Saturday after a vist with his brother-in-law Iver A. H. Johnson.

Martin Bjerk has purchased the soda water fountain and fixtures of Mrs. Duntly and installed them in his confectionery store.

Pictures have been taken of the school building, anyone wishing to see or order any may do so by calling at the Spectator office.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin returned Monday to their home at Thief River Falls after a visit here at the A. H. Pitkin home.

The Ladies Aid of the Mission church, will meet Saturday July 13, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Blixt at 2 o'clock p. m.

FOUND—A pair of steel rimmed glasses on Tuesday afternoon near A. H. Pitkin's store. Owner please call and get same and pay for this item.

A ball game was played on Sunday at the Pete Swanson place between Black River and a St. Hilaire team resulting in a score of 8 to 11 favor of Black River.

Mrs. Tom Vigen of Bemidji returned home Monday after a two week's visit at the R. L. Hauge home. She was accompanied by her brother, Selmer Hauge.

L. A. Carlson returned yesterday from Minneapolis, where he has been for nine weeks receiving treatment for his eyes though unfortunately without any apparent benefit.

There was no celebration in St. Hilaire this year, nor Thief River, nor Red Lake, and a great part of our people attended picnics and visited friends in the surrounding country.

Apparently the whole Northwest except Pennington, Red Lake and Polk counties, has been well supplied with rain during the past week. Crops in the vicinity of St. Hilaire are not suffering badly as yet, but the east and south of us all the [illegible]

Now is the time to getyourfly nets and dusters. Call andsee our prices.
CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

Dr. Owens was a Thiet Rvier Falls visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Odegaard visited at Ole Torkelson's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Odegaard visited at James Gilbertson's Sunday.

Albert Odegaard visited with his brother at Hazel over Sunday.

Mr and Mrs. Carl Krueger went to Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Miss Hazel Johnson visited with Miss Gladys Olson Wednesday.

O. H. Peters was in Thief River Falls between trains Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar were in Thief Rive Falls last Sunday evening.

There will be services at the St. Pauli church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

Anton Pederson is busy now-a days adding another room to his residence.

Misses Elisa Killand and Lily Gunstad were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

C. H. Martz was in Red Lake Falls attending to business matters on Monday.

Miss Jennie King returned yesterday to Red Lake Falls, after a visit at home.

Joe Jorgenson and Clair Jones went to Crookston Wednesday to spend the fourth.

Joseph Hauge came Monday evening from Bemidji to spend the Fourth at home.

Richard Wallin came down from Warren to celebrate the Fourth with his family.

Axel Westerlund and wife of Warren have been visiting friends here this week.

Miss Josie Gigstad was out to the St. Pauli church Sunday to help lead the choir started there.

Eli Pederson returned Wednesday from Virginia, where he attended the Good Templars' meeting.

William Eng returned yesterday from North Dakota, where he has been employed for some time.

Mr. Shumway of Cannon Falls, who purchased a farm six miles northeast of Hazel, arrived here last week.

Picnics were held on July 4 at Wash. Adams, A. A. Odegaard, Elmer Kolp, and Henry Rondorf's places.

George Borge and sister Wilma, came home from Montana Saturday for a visit with the old folks and friends.

Miss Annie Pederson and a young lady friend came over from Grand Forks Saturday for a short visit with parents and friends.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire June 19, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mrs. Carrie Braaten returned Wednesday from Northwood, N. D., where she has been caring for her son, Ole Braaten, who has had a surgical operation.

L. J. Johnson and wife of Nez Perces, Idaho, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Holmes this week, returning Thursday. Mrs. Johnson is Mr. Holmes' sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Fisher came over from Crookston Sunday to visit with Mr and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin. Mr. Fisher returned Sunday evening but Mrs. Fisher remained until Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lindahl and Peter Simonson came Wednesday from Bemidji for a short visit with friends. K. O. Gigstad drove his auto to Hazel and brought them to St. Hilaire.

The cases which were on the recent calander for jury trial were all disposed of by last Saturday evening and the jurymen dismissed. Court cases will be tried commencing on July 25.

Walter Aubol, 14 years old, sustained a badly burned eye July 4, by looking into a firecracker after it had been lighted to see why it did not go off. The boy is a son of Anton Aubol. He was at once brought to Dr. Swanson who made [illegible]

Do you buy corsets for style?

KABO
STYLE
3018
Copyright Kabo Corset Co.

Style 3018. Is made in batiste, low in the bust, long over hips, shortening back and front, lace trimmed, 11-inch front clasp with hook and eye at bottom, three pairs of hose supporters. Metal eyelets. Sizes 18 to 30. $1.50

Do you buy corsets for comfort?

Do you buy corsets for long wear?

Kabo corsets are the best corsets in the world for these things and for many others.

If you don't know Kabo corsets you don't know perfect corset satisfaction.

For Sale by DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Died

At his home in Black River township, on Sunday morning, June 30, O. Lorentson, at the age of 76 years.

The deceased was born and spent his early life in Gottenberg, Sweden. He came to America in 1882, spent one year in Duluth and came to Pennington, then a part of Polk county, where he has since resided. He leaves his aged wife, five sons, and two daughters to mourn his loss.

Funeral services were held at the home at 3 p. m. by Rev. Fred Peterson and interment was made in the [illegible] cemetery.

C. H. Martz went to Red Lake Falls last evening.

Carl Johnson left last evening for a visit to Grand Forks.

Little Miss Florence McAllister of Badger is the guest of her brother, Duncan McAllister.

The Sunday school of St. Pauli church met last Sunday and will meet next Sunday at 12 o'clock m.

FOUND—A fountain pen. Owner please call at postoffice and claim property, after paying for this notice.

There will be Mission church services in the school house on the east side Sunday, July 14, at 10:30 a. m.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.
[illegible]
Scientific American

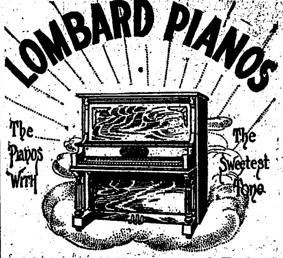
Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	1.00
" " 2 "	98
" " 3 "	96
Flax, No. 1	$1.92
" " 2	1.87
Barley, for 50 lbs	50
Oats	41
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	24
Potatoes	65
Beef-live weight	[illegible]
Pork	[illegible]
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]
Chickens	[illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE
[illegible] Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible] with all who [illegible] telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

DREADED ATAXIA

What Active Treatment With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Accomplished in a Recent Case.

Mr. Francis M. Poole, a harness maker, of Garvin, Lyon Co., Minn., says: "My illness started in 1902, with sharp pains all through my limbs. At first I thought it was rheumatism but the pains kept getting more and more severe and I grew steadily worse. Later a numbness came over my feet. It gradually extended up my legs to my spine and waist. By this time I had lost all control of my legs. Next my bladder and bowels were affected and I lost all control of them. At this stage of the disease I was perfectly helpless and from November, 1905, to April, 1906, I was confined to the bed. My memory was so affected that I thought I would lose my mind. I looked just like a dead person. My lips and finger nails were blue. I suffered with terrible sharp, shooting pains and could get relief only from the use of morphine.

"I was treated by five St. Paul doctors. All of them pronounced my case locomotor ataxia. One said I could not live a year and another told my wife all he could do for me was to give medicine to relieve the pain. I was discouraged and, when my brother-in-law urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I did so willingly for he had read of their curing a case similar to mine. I started to take the pills in March, 1906, while I was still confined to bed. I took several boxes when I felt a slight change for the better and had a healthier look. I was finally able to go to the country but kept on with the treatment. The bluish color left my lips and my eyes became brighter. I took the pills a long time and the next spring in May I could walk around. In June I went to work although still weak. I kept on gaining and am now working without the return of a symptom of my former trouble and without losing a days' work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People absolutely cured me and I want all fellow sufferers to know of my wonderful recovery."

Those who are interested in the treatment which cured this case should have our booklet, "Diseases of the Nervous System," which will be sent to every nervous sufferer upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Rather an Open Secret.

A very important citizen was drawn on a jury, a week or two ago, and I met him after he had been discharged. He seemed to think that he was entitled to be on the bench, at the very least.

"What was your verdict in that case?" I asked.

"'The defendant was unanimously acquitted on the first ballot.'

"'Indeed? And how did you vote?'

"'That, sir, is one of the sacred secrets of the juryroom.'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Melody Sometimes Becomes Malady.

That persons have very diverse ideas and tastes in music was exemplified in an incident at a pupil's vocal recital lately. A young woman was having quite a struggle with a song and one woman in the audience said to her companion:

"Isn't that a beautiful melody?"

The other looked bored and said:

"It sounds more like a malady to me."

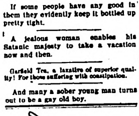
Perhaps there is no marriage in heaven because the angels know better.

If some people have any good in them they evidently keep it bottled up pretty tight.

A jealous woman enables his Satanic majesty to take a vacation now and then.

Garfield Tea, a laxative of superior quality! For those suffering with constipation.

And many a sober young man turns out to be a gay old boy.



WHEN it's meal time—and your appetite is keen—and you try to think of some tasty things to eat—don't tax your mind—don't fret and fume. Order

Libby's Vienna Sausage

Hot or cold, they are servable in a jiffy, and equal the imported kind in taste and flavor.

Once you have learned their real quality—you will always want them.

Always Buy—Libby's

Don't accept a substitute. Libby's Foods present a wide assortment, all the acme of quality and reasonable in price.

At Every Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Libby's Foods Are Always Ready to Serve

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

CONCRETE IS FAVORED.

Winona Commissioners Find Ideal Highway Construction.

Winona.—The plan for using concrete for the construction of the proposed state highways to be built in Winona county, under the provisions of the Elwell law, is now practically agreed to if the bids for the work come at all within the range of the money available. This decision follows the return from a trip to Detroit, Mich., of Commissioners Roth, Guidinger and Voelker, who were accompanied there by Engineer Cooley of the state highway commission and his first assistant, Engineer Mullen, and Donald B. Prichard, president of the Winona Automobile association.

Engineer Cooley and all the members of the party were strongly impressed with the concrete road improvement work as developed in Wayne county, Michigan. Mr. Cooley even went so far as to say, in his indorsement of this method of road improvement, that two years ago he had gone to Europe in the interests of the highway commission of Minnesota, and had inspected parts of ten thousand miles of road in eight different European countries, and in all this observation he had seen nothing better than the concrete roads near Detroit. Only one road equals these and that is the Great Northern road out of London, which is surfaced with tarmac, and cost much more than the concrete highway around Detroit.

SCANDINAVIANS ELECT.

Fraternal Body Will Meet in Minneapolis in 1913.

Virginia. — The Minnesota Scandinavian Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T. convention chose Minneapolis as the place of meeting in 1913. They passed a resolution disapproving the work of the last legislature for indifference as to temperance legislation. A gain of 22 lodges and 500 members in last year was made.

The new officers elected were: Grand chief templar, H. M. Jacobson, Minneapolis; grand counsellor, Gust Erickson, Spooner; grand vice templar, Carl G. Carlson, Chisholm; grand superintendent juvenile work, John Grieff, St. Paul; grand secretary, A. M. Wold, Minneapolis; grand treasurer, O. Brevik, Climax; grand marshall, Ingelberg Paulrud, St. Paul; grand chaplain, O. P. Oyen, Shelley; grand guard, R. O. Wistrand, Minneapolis, grand sentinel, John Berg, Minneapolis; grand electoral superintendent, August Bredin, Akeley; grand chancellor, James Carlson, Chisholm; assistant grand secretary, Ivar Olstad, Minneapolis; assistant grand marshall, Ragna Fossum, Minneapolis; Deputy international chief templar, A. P. Peterson, Minneapolis; grand messenger, Thomas Wangsner, Minneapolis.

BIG REUNION A SUCCESS.

Sigdalslaget Attracts People of Three Norway Districts to Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls.—The Sigdalslaget, a reunion of people from Sigdal, Eggedal and Kroshera, Norway, was held in this city. Over 500 visitors attended. Officers were elected as follows: President, G. T. Braatelien of Rothsay; first vice president, O. C. Olson of Underwood; second, F. T. Gronvold of Rugby, N. D.; third, T. E. Risbrudt of St. Olaf; secretary, G. T. Hagen of Crookston; treasurer, Ed Mobraaten of Wednell. The meeting closed with a banquet at Our Savior's church followed by an open-air session, with toasts, on the courthouse lawn.

It was decided to arrange for a special gift for Sigdal at the time the "Mindegaven," or million-dollar gift, is presented to Norway on the 100th anniversary of that nation's independence in 1914. About $6,000 has already been raised, and committees were appointed to solicit for additional funds. The money will be used to build an old people's home in Sigdal.

PASTOR WEDS LANDLADY

Minneapolis. — The marriage of Rev. John H. Rosen and Mrs. Mary E. Bell, both past three score years, comes as a sequel to the Methodist general conference.

Rev. Mr. Rosen came to Minneapolis to attend the conference. Mrs. Bell is a rooming house keeper. He took apartments in her home. He did not return to Kansas City after the adjournment of the conference, but remained to press his suit. As a result a marriage license was issued.

This is the third matrimonial venture of the minister. His first wife died in Kansas City many years ago. He was divorced from his second wife. The preacher is 64 years old and Mrs. Bell 60.

Auto Party Entertained.

Redwood Falls.—An auto party consisting of 10 cars arrived from Montevideo to view the new state park dedicated here last week. The party left Montevideo at 8 o'clock, reaching here at noon and were escorted into town and about the park by members of the Redwood Falls Auto club, led by Drs. Lyman and Aslesen of the local club. The words of welcome were responded to by A. E. Henry and Alfred Claggett, president and secretary of the Montevideo club.

Boys Burn Owatonna Barn.

Owatonna.—A large barn belonging to Mrs. Mary Whitney was destroyed by fire. The blaze threatened near-by residences and business houses. The origin of the fire is believed to have been from fireworks with which small boys were playing. The loss was $2,000 partly covered by insurance.

Heat Kills Farmer of Sandville.

[illegible]

RAPS ALL PESSIMISTS.

Dr. Foster Says Those Who Try Discover Bad in Life.

Owatonna.—"This world is growing better, not worse, despite the pessimistic croaks of those who would have us believe this in an age of degeneration," said Dr. Lewis B. Foster, president of Lombard university, speaking before the Universalist state convention.

"Those who continually discover the bad things and bad people of this world are those who are looking for the worst in life. The honest, good men and women outnumber the unprincipled, ten to one, and this is a mighty good world when we make it so."

Dr. Foster's address was delivered to an audience which filled the church.

The Sunday school convention decided to begin a strenuous campaign for the enlargement of Sunday school activity in this country, and appointed a committee to head this work. James Buchanan of St. Paul and Mrs. Percy Lord of Minneapolis took prominent parts.

Reports were read on the condition of the churches at Stillwater, Rochester, Anoka, Austin and Fergus Falls. An appeal was made for aid of a substantial sort for All Souls' church, Minneapolis, which is said to be experiencing a run of hard luck and reversals.

BEMIDJI GROWS GRAPES.

Experts Will Plant Vineyards on Banks of Lake.

Bemidji.—Grapes grown under the supervision of an expert with training in the vineyards along the Rhine in Germany, is the latest innovation of agriculture development in this vicinity, J. J. Opsahl of this city having completed arrangements with Chris. Schroeder and F. R. Styner, to plant vineyards on the sunny banks of Bass lake near here.

Mr. Schroeder comes from Lisbon, N. D., but he has had European experience in growing grapes. Mr. Styner comes from Minneapolis and also is a grape expert. In addition to raising grapes, arrangements will be made to accommodate summer tourists. Until the vineyards begin to bear, potatoes will be depended on as the main crop.

VETERAN STILL ALIVE.

William Branham of Litchfield Passes Eighty-third Birthday.

Litchfield. — William Branham of this city is one of the few survivors of the Mexican war. During the Indian outbreak in 1862 he was orderly sergeant in Captain Whitcomb's company stationed at Forest City, and was wounded in an arm in the battle there. Later he enlisted in the Second Minnesota cavalry under Sully and went with the expedition which pushed the reds beyond the Missouri river and fought the largest body of Indians ever assembled at one time. He would be taken for a man of seventy years, but recently passed his eighty-third milestone.

BETRAYED BY PARTNER.

Escaped Convict from Wisconsin Captured in Northern Minnesota.

Hibbing.—A chance friendship made in a boxcar while beating his way from Duluth to Hibbing was responsible for the downfall of Fred Clark, burglar and escaped convict from the Wisconsin state prison at Waupun. Clark is held at Hibbing.

Clark is one of the several convicts who broke jail at Waupan on June 8. On his way to Hibbing, Clark unfolded to a companion the story of his escape. The other man remembered that a reward of $100 hung over Clark and upon arriving at Hibbing he gave up the escaped man and claimed the reward.

MAY WIN AN EDUCATION.

Boy Who Saved Two Lives Gains Attention.

Minneapolis. — The heroism shown by Clarence Haggerty, 14 years old, in saving the life of Reuben Smith, and attempting to rescue William Horn in the Mississippi river may result in his securing an education in the high school and university.

Young Haggerty is on probation from the juvenile court, where he appeared on a charge of incorrigibility. When Miss Sarah Fitzgerald of the probation office, who has always taken an interest in the lad, learned of his heroism she began a movement to secure funds with which to educate the boy.

Freight Handlers' Strike Off.

Minneapolis. — After several weeks of skirmishing, the freight handlers' strike in Minneapolis was called off. Acting on instructions from Chicago, James Kelly, vice president of the International Union of Freight Handlers, formally notified those men who had struck that the strike was at an end and that all were free to return to their jobs. Mr. Kelly said he had received no information as to the terms on which the strike had been settled in Chicago.

Taylor's Death a Mystery.

Pipestone.—The body taken from the Sioux river at Flandreau has been positively identified as that of Ceylon E. Taylor of Holland, this county. The remains were brought to Pipestone and the funeral was held the next day. Taylor's wife died a year ago and since that time he has been ailing. His relatives did not know that he had returned [illegible]

Many a man looks like a statesman who is not guilty.

Garfield Tea purifies the blood and clears the complexion. Drink before retiring.

When a man's conscience troubles him he thinks he has indigestion.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Many a man hides his wife's coffin with roses, who never gave her a five-dollar bill to do as she pleased with.

A splendid and highly recommended remedy for tired, weak, inflamed eyes, and granulated eyelids, is Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

It's easier for a mother to train up her son in the way he should go than it is for her to prevent him from going some other woman's way a few years later.

One Way to Make Country Level.

The Newly Weds were driving along a very hilly road in northern Missouri.

"Such horrid hills!" she exclaimed. "I think there are entirely too many of them."

"Either that," replied the man, "or there are only half enough."

At the End of the Spat.

Hubby—You know, dearest, that you are my star.

Wifey—Do you mean a sky star or a stage star?

Huby—Oh-er-why?

Wifey—Because if you mean the latter, I want to tell you that your star doesn't handle as much money as an ordinary soubrette.

Man's Usefulness.

Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, president of the Woman's Municipal league, was discussing in New York the movement for cleaner streets.

"Now that women have gone in for cleaner streets," she said, "we'll probably get them. Don't mistrust woman's influence. It is everywhere at work."

Then, with a smile, Mrs. Hewitt uttered this epigram on her sex's behalf:

"Few are the men who would have reached the top of the ladder if their wives hadn't steadied it for them."

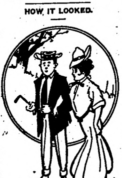
Wanted to Know the Culprit.

The following story was told recently by Austin Haines to a party of friends he entertained at luncheon:

"Down in a little Florida town two negro families live in shanties about a stone's throw apart. They obtain their drinking water from a shallow open well located midway between the two houses. A fence which separates the two yards is built up to the well on both sides. Every evening after her day's work is done, it is the custom of one of the negro mammies to pick up buckets and go to the well for water. One day the owner of the property moved the fence back about ten feet from where it originally stood. That evening when Eliza started out with her pail she fixed her eye on the fence and made straight for it. Walking hurriedly along the beaten path, she plunged into the shallow well with a splash. Her screams brought immediate assistance, and as she climbed out and spied the fence ten feet away she indignantly exclaimed:

"'Now, who done moved dat well?'"

HOW IT LOOKED.



Gladys—The count says Edith is pure gold.

Jack—That means another gold shipment to Europe, I suppose.

DUBIOUS

About What Her Husband Would Say.

A Mich. woman tried Postum because coffee disagreed with her and her husband. Tea is just as harmful as coffee because it contains caffeine—the same drug found in coffee. She writes:

"My husband was sick for three years with catarrh of the bladder, and palpitation of the heart, caused by coffee. Was unable to work at all and in bed part of the time.

"I had stomach trouble, was weak and fretful so I could not attend to my housework—both of us using coffee all the time and not realizing it was harmful.

"One morning the grocer's wife said she believed coffee was the cause of our trouble and advised Postum. I took it home rather dubious what my husband would say—he was fond of coffee.

"But I took coffee right off the table and we haven't used a cup of it since. You should have seen the change in us, and now my husband never complains of heart palpitation any more. My stomach trouble went away in two weeks after I began Postum. My children love it and it does them good, which can't be said of coffee.

"A lady visited us who was usually half sick. I told her I'd make her a cup of Postum. She said it was tasteless stuff, but she watched me make it, boiling it thoroughly for 15 minutes, and when done, she said it was splendid. Long boiling brings out the flavor and food quality." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, [illegible]

ONCE MORE WORLD'S GRANARY

Turkish Government Indulges in Ambitious Schemes for Development of Mesopotamia.

In spite of its external troubles, the Turkish government is engaged in advancing the big schemes for the development of Mesopotamia, which, when completed, will result in the transformation of an arid desert region as extensive as the Nile valley into smiling cornfields.

The sum involved in the huge irrigation works which will be necessary to accomplish this transformation is put at some $150,000,000, and the immediate concern of the Turkish authorities is to place a contract for the initial stage of the schemes, which provides for irrigation works in connection with the barrage which controls the flood water of the River Euphrates, at present under construction.

Some idea of the vast importance of these schemes may be gathered from the fact that their accomplishment will enable sufficient grain to be grown to affect the wheat markets of the whole world. In the olden days the whole of the Euphrates delta was irrigated, and the luxurious growth of grain excited the wonder of Greek travelers, who visited the East. According to Herodotus, the soil yielded three hundred-fold, and there is no doubt that these alluvial flats were one of the chief granaries of the world.

The whole story of these regions is a romance. It is still the popular belief that the Garden of Eden was situated here. In any event, in Chaldean times the delta was one vast garden; the whole plain was studded with prosperous and populous cities, set in the midst of engirdling areas of wheat. Indeed, it was from this very region that wheat, at first found in a wild and uncultivated state, was taken and gradually transplanted all over the world.

ALMOST FRANTIC WITH ITCHING ECZEMA.

"Eight years ago I got eczema all over my hands. My fingers fairly bled and it itched until it almost drove me frantic. The eruption began with itching under the skin. It spread fast from between the fingers around the nails and all over the whole hands. I got a pair of rubber gloves in order to wash dishes. Then it spread all over the left side of my chest. A fine doctor treated the trouble two weeks, but did me no good. I cried night and day. Then I decided to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment but without much hope as I had gone so long. There was a marked change the second day, and so on until I was entirely cured. The Cuticura Soap we have always kept in our home, and we decided after that lesson that it is a cheap soap in price and the very best in quality. My husband will use no other soap in his shaving mug." (Signed) Mrs. G. A. Selby, Redonda Beach, Cal., Jan. 15, 1911. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Too Much Repetition.

"In America," says a contemporary, "we need more things. Be it ever so homely, Smith's pond, if the original name, is better than Fairy Glen lake, or any other fanciful appellation. The difficulty is, there may be a dozen Smith's ponds or Smithvilles in the same state. Even a good name may be used too often. For instance, there are said to be ten Lincoln streets and avenues in the newly amalgamated city of Pittsburg. It is the confusing repetition of names, quite as much as the lack of invention shown in bestowing them, that often causes dissatisfaction with familiar names."

Ancient Mexico.

We know nothing of Mexico, of course, prior to the year 1517, when it was discovered by Fernando Cortez. The history of the City of Mexico, as preserved in the native annals, goes back to the year 1325, when it was founded by the Aztecs, the master race of the country at the time of the coming of the Spaniards. Of the "civilization," so-called, that existed prior to the Spanish conquest, it can be authoritatively asserted that it was simply the "higher type of barbarism" and in no sense civilization as we understand the term at the present time. While considerably removed from savagery, the social state of the Aztecs was characterized by much that was crude and cruel and was far inferior to the social conditions found in contemporary Europe. A very good account of the old Mexican civilization is found in Fiske's "Discovery of America."

The One Thing That Matters.

When you come down to the very bedrock of affairs nothing matters to a nation excepting the health and number of its babies.

Quite Too Much for Used Words.

The value of advertising was pointed out to a man with a budding business, and he agreed to give a writer $50 for a full page. The copy was submitted and the merchant looked it over coldly. "Fifty dollars is too much," he commented. "You've used a lot of words I've seen before."

Coal Used to Drive Ocean Ships.

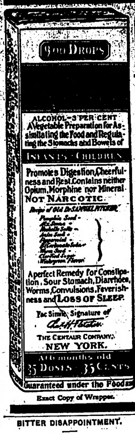
Estimates place the coal consumed on the oceans of the world at approximately 75,000,000 tons per annum, valued at over $250,000,000.

Explained.

Dick—"What part of the family tree am I, mum?" Mother—"I guess you are one of the limbs, Dick." Dick—"Do you suppose that's what dad meant that morning when he said that I ought to be trimmed about every so often?"—Judge.

Surplus Crop.

[illegible]



900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS · CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of

THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

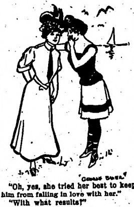
Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

BITTER DISAPPOINTMENT.



"Oh, yes, she tried her best to keep him from falling in love with her."

"With what results?"

"Awful—she didn't."

What Difference Did It Make?

Walking behind some colored girls, homeward bound from a school, in a Missouri town once upon a time, a visitor overheard the following unblushing and giggling, rich-voiced and sparkling-eyed assertion of individuality from one of them: "Yes, she kep' me in, but I don' know inny mo' 'bout Caesar now 'n I did befo' han'. An' ef she kep' me twel Gabriel blows his horn I wudden know an' I wudden care. What diffunce it make to me whut ol' man Caesar done away yandeh befo' de wawl"—Evening Post.

Impractical on the Face of It.

"I understand," said Mr. Erastus Pinkley, "dat dey has invented a machine foh washin' an' ironin' money."

"Go long, man," replied Miss Miami Brown. "You knows des as well as I does dese white folks ain' g'ineter leave no clothes lines full o' two-dollar bills hangin' out in de yard."—Washington Star.

When Your Eyes Need Care

Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

A Matter of Names.

"What is the difference between pomme de terre and potato?" "About two dollars."—Harvard Lampoon.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A man is judged by the company he keeps, and by the cigars he gives away.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write [illegible] CREAMERY CO. Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

The man who has something to sell is always an optimist.

Quality—quantity—is something to consider in purchasing a remedy for constipation or as a laxative. How about Garfield Tea?

A loafer is an animal that feeds on a worker's time.

On Land and Sea.

"Circumstances alter cases even in human nature."

"Yes. Take Jorkins, for instance. He's one of those grandiose Chesterfields who would give up his seat in a lifeboat to a woman, and then make an attempt to lead the saloon orchestra in 'Nearer, My God, to Thee' as the ship sinks."

"I see. On land, Jorkins is the fellow at six o'clock who horns through the women and children and gets a window seat in his homebound street car."

Astonishing Experience.

The whale, after parting with Jonah, was gazing after his retreating form.

"If any one had told me," murmured the great mammal, bitterly, "that I would find a man ready to jump down my throat, I never would have swallowed it whole."

It always makes good! What? Garfield Tea, the Natural Laxative, composed entirely of pure, wholesome and healthgiving herbs.

Men may be born modest, but women have to acquire all they get.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng., and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.
HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
[illegible]

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

N. W. N. U., NO. 27-1912.

Here's The Road to Comfort

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed [illegible] the sure way—the only way is via a glass or bottle of

Coca-Cola

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1912. NUMBER 1.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

AMERICANS HAVE 72

NOT WINNING EVERYTHING, ALTHOUGH STARS AND STRIPES GO UP THREE TIMES.

BRITON SETS A RECORD

Wins 1,500 Meter Race and Yankees Lose Out—U. S. Advocates Fail to Place in 5,000 Meter Run.

Stockholm, Sweden. — Thrills in abundance were furnished in the stadium on the fifth day of the Olympic games.

It was another big day for the wearers of the stars and stripes, although they did not win everything in sight. Their principal cause for elation was a clean sweep in the shotput made by Pat McDonald, Ralph Rose and L. A. Whitney. There was a big noise in the American section of the stadium, when three United States flags were raised in token of the victories and the cheering increased when it was announced that McDonald had shattered the Olympic record made by Rose in 1904.

The finals in six events were completed at the Olympic and of the 36 points, the United States scored 13, England, 6; Germany, 6; Canada, 3; Australia, 3; Finland, 3 and France, 2.

The United States and Germany had the honor of making a clean sweep in the weight putting and 200 metres swimming back-stroke, respectively. Finland won the 5,000 metres in a splendid struggle against France, while the Canadian Hodgson brought glory to the Dominion by his victory in the 1,500 metres swimming contest on which hung three records.

The scores to date are:

United States, 72 points; Great Britain, including the colonies, 65; Sweden, 57; Germany, 24; France, 18; Russia, including Finland, 20; Denmark, 7; Norway, 7; Italy, 5; Hungary, 4; Belgium, Greece and Austria, 2 each; Holland, 2.

American distance men met trouble in the 1,500 and 5,000-meter runs. Both races were bitterly contested throughout and John Paul Jones of Cornell, who was picked as winner in the 1,500 was beaten by Jackson of England. The Briton established a new Olympic record in this event, 3 min. 56 4-5 sec., clipping 6 3-5 seconds off the mark made by Mel Sheppard in 1908.

The 5,000-meter race was the most gruelling that has been staged since the beginning of the present games. As expected, Kolehmainen of Finland won. Scott of the United States quit before the race was over and Bonhag had a hard time getting fourth place.

The Americans also made their presence felt in the trial heats of the 200-meter flat race. In the eighteen heats of this event, Yankees to the number of ten qualified for the semi-finals. Eight of these were winners of heats and two took seconds. Two also qualified in the first heat of the semi-finals.

McDonald's shot-put was 15 meters, 34 centimeters (a shade over 50 feet 4 inches) in the final of the shot-putting. The old Olympic record of 48 feet 7 inches made by Ralph Rose in 1904, also was exceeded by Ralph Rose himself, who today put the weight 15 meters 25 centimeters (a fraction over 50 feet.) Third honors went to L. A. Whitney, who was not though good enough to have his expenses paid by the American committee and who came over on the supplementary list. Summary:

Putting the weight—Final, P. J. McDonald, Irish-American A. C., first, 15 meters, 34 centimeters; Ralph Rose, Olympic A. C., second, 15 meters, 25 centimeters; L. A. Whitney, Boston A. A., third.

Ten Americans qualified in the first fourteen trial heats of the 200-meter flat race. They were: Ralph Craig, Charles Reidpath, J. Ira Courtney, Harold W. Helland, Carl Cooke, P. C. Gerhardt, D. F. Lippincott, Alvah T. Meyer, Donald Young and Clement Wilson. The best time was made by Cooke of the Cleveland A. C. He negotiated the distance in 22 1-5 seconds.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 11.—Wheat, July, $1.06½; Sept., $1.01⅝; No. 1 northern, $1.09; No. 2 northern, $1.07½; No. 3 durum, 99½c; No. 3 corn, 72c; No. 3 white oats, 47½c; barley, malting, 95c; No. 2 rye, 70c; No. 1 flax, $1.93½.

Duluth, July 11.—Wheat, July, $1.07⅝; Sept., $1.02; No. 1 northern, $1.08⅝; No. 1 durum, $1.02½.

South St. Paul, July 11.—Cattle—Steers, $5.25@6; cows, $2.50@5.50; calves, $3.50@7.75; hogs, $7.25@7.50; sheep and lambs, $4@7.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, July 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; market steady to 10c up; beeves, $5.60@9.70; Texas steers, $5.30@7.40; western steers, $6.25@7.75; stockers and feeders, $4@6.75; cows and heifers, $2.65@8; calves, $6@9.

Hogs — Receipts, 22,000; market strong, 5@10c above yesterday's average; light, $7.20@7.70; mixed, $7.15@7.75; heavy, $7.05@7.72½; rough, $7.05@7.25; pigs, $5.85@7.30; bulk of sales, $7.40@7.70.

Mayor of Grand Forks Dies.

St. Paul. — Hugh P. Ryan, president of the Grand Forks, No. Dak., city council, who has been confined in the Mounds Park sanitarium in St. Paul for four weeks, is dead. Mr. Ryan was 51 years old, a large realty holder in North Dakota, and also chairman of the Grand Forks real estate exchange. A brother, Thomas Ryan, Hensel, N. D., and a sister, Miss Katherine Ryan, Grand Forks, N. D., survive. He was chief of police at Grand Forks for 14 years and had served two [illegible]

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

Senator Cummins announced he would not join the new party movement.

Senator Works urged investigation of pre-convention campaign contribution sand declared war against new party.

The naval appropriation bill, carrying $133,609,674 and providing two battleships program passed the senate.

Passage of a bill which would prohibit interstate shipment of prizefight moving picture films was blocked in the house.

Representative Norris of Nebraska, progressive republican, introduced a bill which he declared would remedy the evils of presidential primaries.

The working agreement between democrats and insurgent republicans ended, probably resulting in a strict party vote on sugar, wool and excise bills.

The campaign expenditures of the socialist party in either 1904 or in 1908 did not exceed $1,000, according to an affidavit of Paul Augustine, secretary of the socialist party, submitted to the senate committee investigating campaign expenditures in those years.

General.

Senator Works of California declared himself opposed to a new party.

Twenty-one were killed and thirty injured in a collision of trains near Latrobe, Pa.

Norman E. Mack says the democratic ticket appeals to both conservative and progressive democrats.

Minneapolis police are looking for a man who slugged, gagged and bound Guy Hanson, aged 15, in a downtown establishment in broad daylight, and with hundreds of pedestrians nearby.

Twenty-nine arrests were made and a score of people were hurt following a midnight riot in connection with the street car strike in Boston. The rioting followed a mass meeting of striking car men.

Bob Hunter, known as "dare devil," was instantly killed in a motorcycle race at Luna park, Cleveland. The riders were speeding seventy-five miles an hour when a collision occurred.

One man is dying with a bullet in his abdomen, a "score or more are nursing minor injuries and a dozen men are under arrest as a result of rioting by street car men's strike sympathizers in Boston.

Every common carrier railroad and steamship line in the United States was affected by the suspension by the Interstate Commerce commission of proposed new regulations restricting the dimensions of pieces of personal baggage.

Three persons were killed and four injured, one possibly fatally, near Kansas City when an automobile of G. W. Strope, a retired merchant, collided with a Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul passenger train. Mrs. Strope is among the dead.

One of the most disastrous fires that ever visited North Adams, Mass., destroyed a large section of the business district, causing an estimated loss of $600,000. The Empire theater, Wilson hotel, the Empire apartment house and Sullivan furniture building were destroyed.

Patrolman William Williams of Chicago shot and killed one man and fatally wounded a second when five men attempted to take two prisoners from Williams. Earl Farrell, 18 years old, was killed, and his brother, Edward J. Farrell, 22 years old, was wounded.

Marshall E. Sampsell of Chicago purchased $40,000 worth of the $50,000 capital stock of the Paris Traction company, paying $115 a share. His plan is said to be to establish a terminal for the Christman-Paris and Charleston-Paris interurban roads. The transfer will be made July 2.

The navy will supply enlisted men to operate the ships of the Panama railway between New York and Colon, to replace those who joined in the general strike called at New York. The regular service of ships is essential for supplying food and other necessities for the canal workers, as well as material for the canal itself.

At St. Joseph, Mo., the prosecuting attorney brought suit to have the charters of three local ice manufacturnig companies revoked. The officers of the compnaies recently were indicted on the charge of maintaining a combination to control prices of ice.

The house passed the army bill in the same form as last February before the senate amendments brought it under the veto of President Taft.

Several naval officers were retired July 1 on their application, thus reducing to twelve the number of officers who must be compulsorily retired.

The Interstate Commerce commission by its decision in what is known as the "Flour City case," practically directed a reduction of freight rates on flour from Minneapolis and other points in the northwest to the Atlantic seaboard.

Progressive congressmen declare opposition to a third party.

Senator Cummins is uncertain which way he will jump politically.

By action of the referee Ad Wolgast, although plainly outfought, was awarded the decision over Rivers.

Jack Johnson got $35,000 out of the Las Vegas fight.

The heat wave in Chicago killed seven in one day.

Gov. Osborne of Michigan now says he will stay with the old party.

Omaha has taken over the city water plant at a cost of $6,500,000.

The senate passed the navel bill with provision for two new battleships.

Flynn says he would have beated Johnson if the police had not interfered.

Mr. Bryan was given a welcome by citizens of Lincoln on his return from the east.

Harriet Quimby and a male passenger were killed by a fall from an aeroplane near Boston.

Receipts of hogs at the Sioux City market for June total 207,000, establishing a new high mark.

A youthful Iowa bandit held up and shot a bank cashier, escaped with money, but was shot and killed.

At Bowling Green, Mo., Champ Clark's "home folks" received with regret news that Governor Wilson was the democratic nominee.

It is the consensus of public opinion that the outcome of the Baltimore convention makes the third party a logical absurdity.

President and Mrs. Taft left Washington for Boston to spend the remainder of the week at the summer home near Beverly.

Captain E. B. Loraine and Sergeant Major Wilson of the English army flying corps were killed while flying over the great military encampment.

The national convention of the progressive party will be held at Chicago on or about August 1, it was announced by Senator Dixon.

William J. Bryan, in a statement, said that the nomination of Woodrow Wilson on a progressive platform meant an overwhelming victory for the democratic ticket next fall.

At San Jose, Cal., two motorcycle racers were killed and two others seriously injured while riding faster than a mile a minute at the race meet at the San Jose driving park.

Miss Blanche Stuart Scott has the distinction of being the first woman to fly an aeroplane in New England at the opening of the aviation meet at Squantum, Mass. She used a biplane.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of William Marshall Bullett of Louisville, Ky., to be solicitor general of the United States, to succeed Frederick H. Lehmann of St. Louis, resigned.

Pursuit of the "money trust" probably will be virtually abandoned until after the elections in November, as the result of the conference of the subcommittee of the house banking and currency committee.

The names of twelve navy officers by the plucking board for involuntary retirement were made public at the navy department. There are three captains, four commanders and five lieutenant-commanders in the list.

At Minneapolis President C. B. Goodrich of the Twin City Rapid Transit company announced an increase of wages of 3,000 trainmen amounting to practically 10 per. cent. Increase was made voluntarily and as a surprise to the men.

Cecil Brunswick Smith, one of the best known railway and hydro-electrical engineers in the world, is dead at his home in Toronto of cancer. He was 48 years old. Nearly every hydroelectric plant in America was either designed or built by Mr. Smith.

A coroner's jury in Chicago recommended that Mrs. Louise Lindoff be held to the grand jury without bail for the alleged murder of her son, Arthur Lindloff, 15 years old. She is suspected of causing the deaths of four other members of her family.

A row in the United States treasury of more than a year's standing between Secretary MacVeagh and Assistant Secretary A. Piatt Andrew culminated in Andrew's resignation and proposal for a congressional investigation of Secretary MacVeagh's administration.

The Pekin correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph says that China absolutely rejects the demands of the six-power group, which were that the loan must be $300,000,000; that three European financial supervisors must be appointed, and that the group must have its financial agents in China for five months.

Personal.

Both democratic nominees are now wearing gubernatorial honors.

Henry Watterson will support Wilson with bad grace.

Woodrow Wilson was born at Staunton, Va., in 1868.

Progressive republiccans of Indiana have launched a third party.

Woodrow Wilson is just a little hazy on his plan of campaign.

Members of the democratic national committee called on Woodrow Wilson.

Speaker Clark will again be a candidate for congress from Missouri.

W. J. Bryan proposes to play a leading part in the coming campaign.

Governor Hadley says there is no necessity for a third party in Missouri.

Senator LaFollette calls on Colonel Roosevelt to publish his expense account.

Senator Cummins says he cannot join Roosevelt in the third party movement.

Roosevelt declares both republicans and democratic platforms are lacking [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

ONE-CENT MILITIA RATE.

Supreme Court, However, Questions the Civic Righteousness.

St. Paul.—Railroads in Minnesota must transport the state militia at the rate of one cent per mile for each person, in conformance with a law passed in 1909, according to a decision handed down by the state Supreme Court. The high tribunal says "Naughty! Naughty!" however, to the Legislature that passed the bill prescribing the lower rates, and questions the civic righteousness of it.

After the passage of the law, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road refused to issue transportation to Adjutant General F. B. Wood to Lake City, declaring the law was void because it contravened the state and federal Constitutions, because it provided for illegal discrimination and because, "the act seeks to deprive the railway company of the right to acquire cash payment to be made in advance, and invades the right of the company to manage its own affairs."

The district court rules against the company and the Supreme Court upholds the ruling. In commenting upon it, the Supreme Court, in an opinion written by Associate Justice Holt, says:

"It is singular that a state apparently keenly sensible of the justice of compelling all railway companies to treat all persons alike, as induced by the anti-pass act, should, for itself, exact more favorable terms than the general public enjoys from these companies. For the transportation it requires, the great State of Minnesota is undoubtedly able to pay the same rate that it permits the carrier to charge its citizens, or the traveling public. But while the example of civic righteousness set by the state may be bad, the law may, nevertheless, be valid. The decision is not against the railway company, because under the facts in this case, it receives all it may legally demand. It is not discrimination in favor of one class against another, for the state pays the transportation when the national guard or any of its members travel under orders. At other times, the railway company must require the same rate of the members belonging to the state military force as is demanded of the public generally. If this be discrimination at all, it is against the traveling public generally, and in favor of the state."

Adjutant General Wood said, after the opinion had been given by the court, that the state would now probably bring suit against the St. Paul road to collect about $15,000 it has paid for transportation to Lake City for the militia, in excess of the amount required under the 1-cent fare.

PROGRESSIVE RALLY.

Candidate Predicts Disaster if Partisans Follow Mr. Taft.

Minneapolis. — Lieutenant Governor Gordon, candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, issued a statement calling for a convention of Progressive Republicans of Minnesota. He opposes Edward T. Young's advice that Progressive Republicans support Woodrow Wilson.

He says: "When thievery is committed, political or otherwise, the culprit should be brought to book. The time for the mass of the party to revolt is now. If the Republican party of this state wallows in the mire prepared for it at Chicago it will die of its own stench. I believe in washing the linen right now. I believe we should stand solidly in our own state on all local tickets and join hands for the purpose of purging the party of the deadly weight cast upon it by the national organization at Chicago. I cannot concur in the statement made by Mr. Young, that Progressive Republicans support the Democratic nominee."

PASTOR IS ACCUSED.

Emelius Charged With Shooting His Father-in-Law.

Litchfield.—Rev. Charles Emelius, under arrest at New Sweden, Me., is a son of Nels T. Nelson of this city. He is accused of murdering his father-in-law, August Jacobson, on June 12, 1911. Jacobson was last seen on June 11 of last year, and his dead body was found with four bullet holes upon it.

Jacobson's son was first arrested for the crime, but was released. In a letter Emelius denies any connection with the affair. He is 34 years of age and a graduate of Augustanna college at Rock Island, Ill.

EATS SIX QUARTS POISON

$500 Holstein Bull Ends Life by Dining on Paris Green.

Bemidji.—A pure-bred prize-winning $500 Holstein bull, owned by William himself by eating six quarts of paris A. Cassler, farmer near here, killed green which was to have been used for spraying potatoes. C. R. Scribner, of the dairy department of the department of agriculture at Washington, said the Cassler animal was one of the [illegible]

BISHOP O'DOHERTY HERE

Head of Catholic Church in Philippines Is Guest at Villa Maria.

Frontenac. — The Rt. Rev. M. J. O'Doherty, D. D., bishop of Zamboanga, Philippine Islands, is spending a week at Villa Maria, the guest of Rev. J. Hurst, chaplain of the villa, a schoolmate of his lordship.

For eight years Bishop O'Doherty has been rector of the famous Hiberno Spanish institution, the Irish college in Salamanca, and he is a personal friend of King Alphonse, from whom he received a decoration.

The diocese of Zamboanga, to which the bishop is on his way, includes the large island of Mindanao and several smaller islands, together with the Zulu and Tawi groups. In this diocese there are upwards of 300,000 Catholics, ministered to by about 100 priests. In addition, there are about half a million un-Christian Moors. The conversion of this hostile multitude is only one of the difficulties the young bishop has to cope with.

The bishop is accompanied by his secretary, Rev. Stanislaus Hughes, D. D., a pupil of his own in the Diocesan college.

RECKLESS AUTO DRIVER.

Business Man Gives Chase And Two Are Run In.

Minneapolis. — After running down two men with their automobile shortly before midnight, and failing to stop, J. W. Taylor and R. S. Stone were chased for several blocks by H. W. Baker, manager of Butler Brothers, and his brother, H. D. Baker, American consul at Hobart, Tasmania, in another machine, until Taylor drove his car into the curb and broke one of the front wheels. Taylor and Stone then rain into a building and were later arrested.

Dan Pomeroy, and George Johnson were crossing the street on their way home when both were struck by the automobile driven by Taylor, who seemed to have poor control of the car. Johnson was thrown to one side and only slightly bruised but Pomeroy fell directly under the machine, which passed over him; but as he fell between the wheels he escaped with severe bruises and an injured leg.

SAMARITANS HAVE WAR.

Duluth Police Interferes in a Stormy Meeting of Board.

Duluth. — A bitter warfare has broken out in the executive board of the Modern Samaritans, the headquarters of which are located here. Imperial Scribe W. A. Hicken, Imperial Treasurer O. F. Collier, General Counsel A. E. McManus, H. J. Aschenbach and C. E. Lovett, it is alleged are arrayed on one side, in opposition to Imperial Good Samaritan John Christie, Z. H. Austin of Minneapolis, F. M. Bombach and W. H. Salter, the other member of the council.

A meeting of the board was called, but was, it is claimed, such a stormy affair that no business was transacted. The calling of the police to eject one member and locking the doors to keep other members out were features of the meeting, according to statements made by those present.

SUES INSURGENT ORDER.

Fred a Reuterstrom Goes to Court to Collect $334.

Minneapolis. — Fred A. Reuterstrom has sued the National Modern Woodmen assembly, the insurgent woodmen organization formed to fight the higher insurance rates adopted in Chicago, for $334 for services. Mr. Reuterstrom alleges that he was employed by John L. Sundeen, insurgent campaign manager, at a salary of $25 per week. He charges that he has been paid only $116.

Loses Money if She Marries.

Duluth.—The will of the late John Megens of Duluth has been filed for probate. He left an estate of $107,500. His wife, Laura Megens, get $20,000, and in addition she may enjoy a life interest in $30,000 more up to such time as she may marry again. The balance of the estate is divided among brothers and sisters residing in Canada.

Lightning Kills Farmer.

Bemidji. — Mike Dwyer, retired conductor on the Red Lake line, was instantly killed by lightning at his farm near Redby, this county. Dwyer was standing close to the barn to keep out of the rain when struck. His wife and family are visiting in Idaho.

Sets Fire and Hangs Self.

Madison.—Ole Windingstad, a farmer living eight miles southwest of Dawson, set fire to his house and barn and then committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree. His wife and five children were absent, and neighbors discovered the fire. The barn was destroyed, while the house was saved. Windingstad was 40 years old and had lived in this county [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Red Wing.—Walter Sieg, the 12-year-old son of Mrs. L. Sieg, fell three stories from the upper floor of the Reitman barn on Sixth street. He was unconscious when he was picked up and was at once taken to his home and medical aid summoned. It was found that no bones were broken. He soon became conscious.

Minneapolis. — Ingratitude in its basest form is the charge made against one of the automobile boy bandits by Dr. C. E. Mills, who alleges that one of the boys, Frank McCarthy, after being received in his home on the footing of intimate freindship, used the opporunity thus afforded to rob him of property valued at $500.

Owatonna. — In a belated exhibition of some fireworks at a private residence, Mrs. Emil Lippert, wife of a local business man, was badly injured. A skyrocket flew backward, a heavy stick striking Mrs. Lippert in the elbow and causing a bad fracture. The head of a rocket flew through the window of L. Y. Inmann's residence, setting fire to the bed clothing and furniture.

Minneapolis. — James A. Peterson, a candidate for the United States senator, characterized the high cost of living as the real issue in the coming campaign when he delivered his "keynote" speech at the Palace theater. Mr. Peterson first told his audience that he was a Republican and that he intended to stay within the party. He made it evident that the "third party" did not appeal to him.

Duluth. — Because he robbed a thief, John B. Lessard, 23 years old, a railroad man, was sentenced to 90 days at hard labor in the county jail. "I saw the thief hide some stolen revolvers, knives and other articles which he had taken from a store at Proctor," said Lessard to the court. "I made away with the plunder of the real thief and when I was taken into custody the goods were found on me."

Brainerd.—The struggle between the Cuyuna Northern railway and the Soo line is becoming acute in mining territory near Deerwood, from which point the Cuyuna Northern has condemned a right of way to the Cuyuna-Mill Lacs mine, six mones north. After the arrest of right of way laborers by the land owners' agent in section 10, near Crosby, the Cuyuna Northern at midnight threw its tracks across a point ten feet west of the present terminus of the road north of Ironton, thus stealing a march on its rival.

Brainerd.—A tornado struck seven miles east of Brainerd leaving a path of destruction in its wake. Trees were uprooted and swept against the buildings of A. M. Peterson, a farmer, completely demolishing them and strewing the wreckage about his farm. All roads into Deerwood were blocked with fallen trees and the blacksmith shop of William Elmore was struck by lightning. A heavy wind and a drenching rain marked the entrance of the storm into Brainerd, doing much damage to crops in this vicinity. So far as learned, no lives were lost.

St. Paul. — Saint Luke's hospital, has a patient who has lived within its walls for nine years. He is Charles J. Murphy of Marshfield, Minn., 24 years old. Nine years ago he limped into the hospital on crutches and was put to bed. He is suffering from a disease as mysterious as any which ever baffled medical science. He is slowly ossifying, turning to solid bone. According to the physicians when this ossifying process reaches the heart he will die. It may be in a year; it may not be for a number of years.

Minneapolis. — Reports show that 2,231 women went in swimming at the park bathing beaches during the last two weeks in June, when the bathhouses were open. This demonstrates a marked increase in interest among women in beach bathing as compared with three years ago, when women first began to go in swimming in public places in Minneapolis. Three years ago about 350 women donned bathing suits during the entire season. There were 645 in swimming at Glenwood lake the last week of June and 372 at Lake Nokomis, while at Camden 1,214 women went swimming in the last five days of June.

St. Paul. — According to an official high in the service of the Twin City Rapid Transit company, that concern is losing thousands of dollars every year through a more or less organized system of transfer exchanging. The offenders are policemen, newsboys, elevator men and the general public. Unless some effort is made by the police to stop the practice, this official says, the street car company will try to have an ordinance passed by the city councils of Minneapolis and St. Paul, making the use of transfers by other than the person to whom they were issued a misdemeanor.

Crookston. — Charles G. Sall of Plummer, administrator for his brother, Oscar E. Sall, an Alaskan miner, who disappeared five years ago in Alaska and is supposed to be dead, has sold the holdings of the missing man for $30,000 to a New York syndicate. Charles Loring has just returned from New York, where he closed the deal.

Stillwater. — Congressman Stevens has been here in a renewal of his efforts to determine who to recommend [illegible]

SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

How Mrs. Bethune was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sikeston, Mo. — "For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I had cramps, backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband's told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do all my own housework, work in the garden and entertain company and enjoy them, and can walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the week. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl, and tell them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it?

WILL SELL OR TRADE AT BARGAIN Price—200 a. best improved farm, La Crosse Co., Wis.; 160 a. cult.; 9 r. h., outbldgs., stk., mach., etc.; also 160 a. Norman Co., Minn., ad. town; 30 a. cult. GOLD, Bx. 219, Chicago.

The woman pugilist knows just how to assert her "rights."

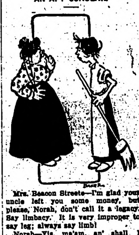
Important it is that the blood be kept pure. Garfield Tea is big enough for the job.

Strictly Up to Date.

Alice—How oddly some men propose.

Kate—I should say so. A gentleman asked me last week if I felt favorably disposed to a unification of interests.

AN APT SCHOLAR.



Mrs. Beacon Streete—I'm glad your uncle left you some money, but please, Norah, don't call it a legacy. Say limbacy. It is very improper to say leg; always say limb!

Norah—Yis, ma'am, an' shall I warrum oop thot limb o' mutton for dinner, or will yez hov it cowld?

GOOD NIGHT'S SLEEP

No Medicine So Beneficial to Brain and Nerves.

Lying awake nights makes it hard to keep awake and do things in day time. To take "tonics and stimulants" under such circumstances is like setting the house on fire to see if you can put it out.

The right kind of food promotes refreshing sleep at night and a wide awake individual during the day.

A lady changed from her old way of eating Grape-Nuts, and says:

"For about three years I had been a great sufferer from indigestion. After trying several kinds of medicine, the doctor would ask me to drop off potatoes, then meat, and so on, but in a few days that craving, gnawing feeling would start up, and I would vomit everything I ate and drank.

"When I started on Grape-Nuts, vomiting stopped, and the bloated feeling which was so distressing disappeared entirely.

"My mother was very much bothered with diarrhoea before commencing the Grape-Nuts, because her stomach was so weak she could not digest her food. Since using Grape-Nuts food, she is well, and says she don't think she could do without it.

"It is a great brain restorer and nerve builder, for I can sleep as sound and undisturbed after a supper of Grape-Nuts as in the old days when I could not realize what they meant by a 'bad stomach.' There is no medicine so beneficial to nerves and brain as a good night's sleep, such as you can enjoy after eating Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS . . .

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. Its attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IT'S FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices.

Apply to....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past two years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premiums, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
J. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made by postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 13, 1912.

John D. Rockefeller is not only 73 and in "better health than ever, thank you," but he is also richer than ever. Every minute adds substantially to his wealth. His money-making enterprises work while he sleeps.

J. J. Opsahl, of Bemidji, has completed arrangements for the growing of grapes under the supervision of an expert from Germany, the vineyards to be planted on the banks of Bass Lake near that city. The experiment will be a success as Minnesota will grow anything.

Senator McCumber of North Dakota defends Lorimer and virtually says he cares nothing for public sentiment. Of course he does not say it as coarsely as that, but it means the same. He is a bold politician who challenges popular sentiment on the subject of Lorimerism.

If that third party is to be organized the promoters of the organization should get a move on and bring about the organization at once. There are a lot of candidates for legislative, congressional, county and minor offices who are anxiously waiting to see which way to jump before announcing their candidacy.

There is a move on foot the object of which is to secure Sunday passenger and mail service on the Great Northern line. Though the officials of the road may not become enthusiastic over the suggestion, there is little doubt that the service may be secured if the business people in the towns along the line make a united effort.—Gazette.

In this issue are given in supplement form, the laws passed at the special session of the legislature. Thes laws comprise some of the best legislation enacted for many years; the state wide primary being of the most importance. All should carefully preserve this supplement so as to familiarize themselves with the working of the new law before the primaries in September.

State politics is in the doldrums, nobody knows what to do and nobody to do it. The republicans are "split up the back," even to the shirt collar and the democrats are anixiously expecting something to bring them back to the "feed trough" where in former times they reveled in the good things of political plunder. But the voter is awake, he knows all the schemes of both the old parties, now struggling in the throes of dissolution, he is no longer tied to the car of party and is proud to say "I am a freeman." There is hope left for a regeneration of the country and a rule of the people is again at hand. It is quite time to hold funeral services over the old pachiderm, and he howling ass; they have had their day and have been condemned.—Cass Lake Times.

Woodrow Wilson Nominated

While the nomination of of Governor Woodrow Wilson by the democrats is an undoubted progressive victory and a rare accomplishment by that once bourbon organization it complicates the political situation for the country at large as well as for those who have been making a fight on the reactionaries in the republican party. At present the outlook is for three candidates. President Taft, as a conservative, has been re-nominated by a republican convention lacking the full party authority. Woodrow Wilson, an acknowledged champion of progressive principles, has been chosen as the standard bearer of democracy. Colonel Roosevelt seems likely to be a third nominee on a platform which will bristle with progressivism.

The political situation will not be outlined in detail, of course, until it is known what the third party proposes. Already steps have been taken in some states for the formation of progressive republican organizations. South Dakota's republicans have gone on record for Roosevelt as their choice for president. With three parties and candidates in the field, one a reactionary, and two standing for progressive principles, it is not plain at present how the votes [illegible] of progressives [illegible] that the progressives will permit themselves to be made the means of bringing about their own defeat.

GOLLMAR BROTHERS' CIRCUS

Different from Other Shows

There are many ways in which the Gollmar Brothers' shows differ from other circuses, and a visit to the monster tented entertainment when it comes to Red Lake Falls or Thief River Falls will cause people who have been complaining that all shows were alike as to quality to deny this statement by adding, "excepting the Gollmar circus."

Gollmar Brothers' shows resemble other tented enterprises inasmuch as the performance is given under a tent. When it comes to the circus acts themselves it differs widely from other institutions, which are heralded as "great" shows.

The menagerie is more than twice as large as that carried by other circuses. The biggest hipp in captivity is in this department. The only hybrid lion-tiger, with the lion's stripes on the tiger's skin, is another rare feature.

A great street parade is given in every city visited, and the turn out is the biggest free feature offered with any circus of the present day.

At Red Lake Falls Tuesday, July 16.

At Thief River Falls Wednesday, July 17.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting held July 1, 1912. Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present except McKercher, Olson, and Swanson. No quorum bring present, meeting adjourned to meet July 6.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

Regular meeting of the village council held July 6, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present, except R. J. McKercher.

Minutes of the last regular meeting read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following amendment to Section 1 of Ordinance No. 24 was passed:

No automobile, motor vehicle, or motor cycle shall be propelled or operated on any street within the settled portion of the village at a rate of speed exceeding eight miles an hour or on any crossing at the rate of speed exceeding five miles an hour if the same be in use.

On motion duly made and carried the bid of N. A. Nelson for culvert was allowed at $9.00.

On motion duly made and carried the the bill of Albert Severson was laid on the table until the next regular meeting.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

J. C. Dahl, day on board of equalization, dog tags	$2.25
Alfred Olson, road construction	130.62
Spectator, publishing proceedings and ordinance	7.75
Dr. C. Swanson, salary first quarter, day on board of equalization	20.75
K. O. Gigstad, insurance on village hall, etc.	46.75
K. O. Gigstad, assessing	50.00
John Forseen, salary and labor	16.40
W. S. Nott Co., repair chemical and freight	59.78

On motion duly made and carried the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, the sidewalks ordered to be constructed on Waterstreet, Broadway, and Minnesota avenue and completed on or before July 6, 1912, by resolution of the village council adopted May 20, 1912, is not fully done and not fully completed in the manner and within the time prescribed in said resolution and whereas, said resolution was duly served according to law, as appears by the affidavit of service thereof, duly filed with the clerk of the village of St. Hilaire, upon all lot owners fronting on said streets where said sidewalks are ordered to be constructed, whose names with their respective holdings appear therein, be it therefore resolved by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, County of Pennington and State of Minnesota, that the said sidewalks ordered as aforesaid, be and the same is hereby ordered to be fully done, and fully completed by the street commissioner of the village of St. Hilaire, and the entire expense thereof to be paid out of the general revenue fund of said village.

On motion duly made and carried the clerk was instructed to advertise for bids for sidewalk construction in the Crookston Times, St. Hilaire Spectator and the Thief River Falls News-Press, bids to run two weeks and to be opened July 23, 1912.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Notice for Bids

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, will accept sealed bids up to and including July 23, for the construction of approximately 1300 lineal feet of cement sidewalk, same to be built 5 feet wide, 5 inches thick, 1 inch of [illegible] gravel on the bottom [illegible] part cement and [illegible] sand, and [illegible] finish of 1 part cement and [illegible] sand. The village [illegible] right to reject any and all bids.

Dated July 8, 1912.

[illegible] SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Duluth Boosters Coming

About a hundred [illegible] representing [illegible] the Great Northern railroad, and will remain for ten minutes.

They will be accompanied by the famous Third Regiment Band, one of the finest musical organizations in the northwest.

Leaving Duluth Monday evening, July 15, they will travel over 800 miles through the northwestern part of Minnesota, going to International Falls, west to Warroad and Crookston and back to Duluth over the Great Northern. Stops will be made at sixty towns on the route, and the time at each town must necessarily be short, except where it is necessary to stop for the night. They will return to Duluth Thursday evening, July 18.

The trip was arranged by the Duluth Commercial club so that the Duluth business men might pay a friendly visit to the towns in Duluth's immediate trade territory. The Duluth men want to meet the people and see the towns. They want to establish friendly relations already existing. They want the people in northern Minnesota to know that Duluth is interested in them, as the prosperity and growth of the towns in Duluth's territory is a direct benefit to Duluth.

Bear in mind we do not come to be entertained; simply to get better acquainted.

By virtue of its position at the head of lake navigation, Duluth is favored by nature for becoming a big distributing center. The city is growing, its jobbing houses are among the best in the northwest, and its trade territory is expanding rapidly. Traffic difficulties which have handicapped Duluth in the past have been largely cleared away. Duluth business interests have adopted the policy of mingling friendship and business, and the trips to the towns in its trade territory are the result.

St. Hilaire will do well to meet the Duluth boosters and get some of their enthusiasm for their city. At the same time, say a word for St. Hilaire. The true booster likes to hear the other fellow boost his town.

Farm Stationery

It has been frequently suggested that the farmer would appear better as a business man, and not infrequently gain some pecuniary advantage as well, if he would use letter paper and envelopes neatly printed with the name of his farm and postoffice address. If he deals in any specidities whether of live stock, poultry, dairy, garden or orchard products, these also should be mentioned on his letterhead.

"The Farmer's Wife" suggests that the women of the farm should also have some stationery "bearing the individuality of their homes and lives." But a prerequisite, in both cases, is the adoption of a suitable name for the home or road, or both. One will think more of his home, and of the reputation of his farm products, if it has a name by which it can be identified; and the identification is made more complete if the road also has a name.

In England a pleasing variety of names has been found for local roads, lanes, paths, ways, ridings, alleys, avenues, highways, thoroughfares, or whatever may be the substantive used in connection with the descriptive noun. Why not adopt some equally pleasing for our American roads; and make them "stick," not only by using them on our stationary, but by painting them on much-needed guide-posts at the crossing?—C. R. Barns, Extension Div. Minn. Col. of Agriculture.

The Fourth at Holt

Something we received too late for last week's issue is the account of the St. Hilaire pilgrimage to Holt on the 4th of July.

The account of the hospitality of the people who had cahrge of the celebration had best be omitted from publication, but for the fact that Holt is a "very" small—very "small" place and necessarily contains a few very small people; also a few devoid of fairness.

The St. Hilaire orchestra were engaged to furnish music and were accorded very ordinary treatment.

The game of base ball was arranged with the St. Hilaire team. At the last moment the game was cancelled, leaving the St. Hilaire team without an engagement for the 4th. Most of our players scattered to different towns to celebrate. Some went to Holt. A game was scheduled between Holt and New Folden, but the latter refused to play at the last minute. Four of the St. Hilaire players were called on to get up a team in a hurry and play Holt for the standing purse of $35.00. The St. Hilaire players made up a team in about ten minutes and the game was on. St. Hilaire won the game fairly with the score of 11 against 2. Not one penny was given the winning team and the St. Hilaire players even paid their own expenses, paid money out of their pockets to get out of Holt.

We are all back home, where the atmosphere is clear and pure and a sense of fairness prevails. We all wish Holt success in her next "great" celebration and hope some of her "dear" managers will send us an account of it by mail as none of us will be there.

ST. HILAIRE GOPHERS.

TOO MANY FOR HIM

During my last two months in your school you offered me [illegible] different positions [illegible] from Robert Grant, [illegible] the Mankato Commercial College [illegible] holds a fine position [illegible]

Identified

The Minnesota republican progressive league formally declared against the third term third party movement, and said that republican progressives would find a complete answer to their needs in "a progressive candidate already nominated."

It is interesting, and worth remembering, that the Minneapolis Journal, the Minneapolis Tribune and the Duluth News Tribune, Taft newspapers which have sought to prove that Mr. Taft is a "progressive," promptly indentified this unnamed progressive candidate as Woodrow Wilson.

So did everybody else; but when these Taft papers later try to delude the voters into belief that Taft is a progressive, it will be well to remember who is in their mind now when the word "progressive" is applied to a presidential candidate.—Duluth Herald.

No Consolidation

At the election Thursday evening to vote on the consolidation of school districts, 102, 21, 54, 178, and 227, the proposition was defeated by an overwhelming vote of 61 to 25. This astounding though not entirely unexpected result, can only be accounted for by supposing that the voters were not very well posted on what consolidation would mean to them. That, as stated by some, sixty farmers would deliberately vote so against their own interests in the effort to spite the people of St. Hilaire, is inconceivable. There must have been a misunderstanding somewhere.

It is rumored that parties from Thief River Falls have been around the districts working against the proposed consolidation for the past week or more.

Fierce Hailstorms in England.

Large stories are told of the damage done by hailstones in Minnesota recently. However, Old England itself has some statistics to show. On May 30, 1897, a terrific hailstorm visited Seaford, Sussex. Some of the "bolts" measure 4½ inches in circumference, after lying on the ground for fully seven minutes. On June 24, in the same year, the most disastrous visitation of the kind in modern times ravaged parts of Essex and the adjacent counties.

Animals and poultry were killed and crops ruined. At Ingatestone the hail broke through a slated roof, and at Baddow it went through windows and cut the blinds to pieces. The damage in Essex alone was at least $500,000.

The latest storm of exceptional violence occurred in Huntingdonshire on August 2, 1906. The "hail" consisted of hard pieces of ice, from three to four inches in length, and killed rabbits and other small animals wholesale.

Simple Remedy for Lockjaw.

Cal Johnson, an old-time printer, was in the city recently and claims to have a simple and effective cure for lockjaw, one that never fails. Remembering his boyhood days when the rusty nail was always lying in wait for the barefoot boy and serving as a menace to all who attempted to pass the summer months without shoes on their feet, Mr. Johnson thinks that his advice may be of some use to the fathers and mothers who still have barefoot boys.

The remedy is to smoke the wound caused by the rusty nail or other implement of torture to the small boy, with a woolen cloth. Twenty minutes with this kind of treatment, it is said, will take out the worst case of inflammation and cause a speedy healing of the wound without disagreeable results.—Kansas City Journal.

The Malacca Wildcats.

In the forests of Malacca and other islands in the Indian ocean may still be found the animal known as a wildcat. The upper parts of it are generally of a clear yellow color, with black spots; the lower parts are white with black spots also. On the back the spots lengthen almost into lines or rings, black on yellow.

The average length of the animal, excluding the tail, is almost two feet; the tail averages nine inches. Its height when standing erect is about 12 inches at the shoulder and 15 inches at the hindquarters. Its temper is mild and gentle; it plays almost like a domestic cat, or rather kitten, chasing its tail and amusing itself with anything that it can roll with its paws.

Had Given It Away.

Lucille's mother had taken her for an outing. Now that the hour for luncheon had arrived, she called to the little girl:

"Lucille, we will now have a little roll and some chocolate, and you shall pay with the two sous I gave you but a short time since."

"Oh, mamma," cried Lucille, "I have already given the two sous away to an old woman!"

"I am so glad you have disposed of the money in such a charitable way. How did you happen to present it to the old woman?" asked the mother.

"Well, you see, I gave it to her in payment for two nice apples," confessed Lucille.

She Knew.

Two Chicago women [illegible] New York [illegible] several months [illegible] planning a series of [illegible] visits to the opera. [illegible] Lucia di Lammermoor [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24. Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice is Hereby Given: That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale; executed by Harby L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 19th day of April A. D. 1910, at 5:00 p. m. in book 8 of mortgages on page 619 thereof; which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of Red Lake county at the organization of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota; and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in Pennington county, Minnesota in book 32 of mortgages on page 37, thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A. D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co., said mortgagee, sold, assigned, and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the 10th day of June A. D. 1912, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book 8 of mortgages on page 94 thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due on the said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of three hundred ten and 54-100 (310.54) dollars. Said sum consisting of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty (120.00) dollars on the note secured by the said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest payments for the sum of eighty-eight (88.00) dollars each, due respectively May 1, 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, which said interest payments were paid by the mortgagee herein, and of interest on each of the said interest payment from the respective due dates thereof to the date hereof, at the rate of six (6) per cent annum and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgage premises therein described at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota described as follows: Northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-four (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41).

Dated June 10, 1912.

C. L. HANSON
Assignee of Mortgagee.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Assignee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. J15-Jy20

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington; In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Johanna Francilia Fellman.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday, the 7th day of October, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at Thief River Falls in said county be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "St. Hilaire Spectator," a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated June 27, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) Judge of Probate.

AMENDMENT TO ORDINANCE NO. 24

The village council of the village of St. Hilaire do ordain as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of ordinance No. 24 shall be amended so as to read as follows: "Section 1. No automobile, motor vehicle or motor cycle shall be propelled or operated on any street within the settled portion of the village at a rate of speed exceeding eight miles an hour or on any crossing at a rate of speed exceeding five miles an hour if the same be in use."

Section 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

J. C. DAHL, President.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Great Northern Railway

No. 135, Passenger [illegible]

No. 130, Passenger [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

REV. M. B. GREBDA, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Communion services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. At 8 p. m., Rev. Carl Solomonson of Minneapolis, will speak about foreign missions.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 1—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP —Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 1 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
M. A. Olson, President. Monais Labelle, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID
FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Peter Simonson returned Monday to Bemidji.

Joseph Hauge returned Monday to Bemidji.

Maurits Brink returned Monday from Plummer.

Sever Saktum was at Thief River Falls Thursday.

Mrs. M. Miller returned Tuesday from Mercer, N. D.

Rolland Fairbanks was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Miss Cleo Amble went Monday to Crookston to visit with friends.

Mis Florence McAllister returned Thursday to her home at Badger.

Archie Whaley returned Monday to Bemidji after a visit with friends here.

A ball game is scheduled for Sunday between the gophers and the giants.

Farmers are feeling much encouraged since our recent nice showers.

C. H. Martz and Ed A. Aubol were visitors at the county seat Monday.

Mrs. Hans Wilson and Mrs. D. McAllister were in Thief River Falls Monday.

Leo Steinert, proprietor of the Red Lake Falls saw mill, was in the city Thursday.

Misses Sophia and Ruth Torkelson went Thursday to Grand Forks to visit a sister.

Louis Sieff has had a bunch of horses on sale at the stock yards here this week.

Rolland Fairbanks and Guy Person went Tuesday to Holt on a business mission.

Mrs. M. Fricker returned last Friday from her visit with friends at Star City, Sask., Can.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet July 18, at the home of Mrs. Peter Simonson.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Mrs. C. E. Klemsrud and daughter, Miss Carrie Klemsrud, went Monday to Crookston for a few days' visit.

Miss Eva McAndress returned Thursday from Crystal, N. D., where she has been visiting a sister.

Misses Meda Calland and Elsie Rolland returned Monday to Thief River Falls, after a visit with Mrs. Case.

Alfred Larson, Harry Haakenson, and Swan Johnson, of Black River, are all building new residences this year.

Mrs. C. B. Stevens who has been visiting Mrs. E. H. Stevens, returned Tuesday to her home at Waterloo, Iowa.

Oscar Belien of Lake Mills, Iowa, has been visiting his cousin, Martin Hoff, and other relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. I. Fellman and Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Post went Thursday to Winnipeg to attend the fair.

Dr. Swanson was passing around cigars Monday, to celebrate the arrival at his home of a charming daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger returned Tuesday from a week's visit with friends at Crookston and Red Lake Falls.

Miss Ruth Dargan, who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. S. J. Swanson, returned Thursday to Red Lake Falls.

S. J. Swanson, the grain buyer, returned Wednesday from Grand Forks, where he went to receive treatment for his eyes.

Last Friday, Saturday and Sunday were three of the hottest days we have had for years, in fact Saturday the heat broke all records.

August Swenson and Chris Bothman were in Red Lake Falls Saturday. They were driven by Otto Johnson in his motor car.

Nick Helm, the Red Lake Falls painter, and his corps of assistants, returned home Thursday after finishing a job of work for D. Patterson.

FOUND—A pair of steel rimmed glasses on Tuesday afternoon near A. H. Pitkin's store. Owner please call and get same and pay for this item.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson and Miss Louise, left Thursday for Winnipeg, where they are in attendance at the fair. Their son, James Ward, is scheduled to make ascents in an aeroplane every day during the fair.

Now is the time to get your fly nets and dusters. Call and see our prices. CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Mabel Peterson went to Grand Forks yesterday.

Hans Lokken visited a sister in Bemidji Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. W. Orloff returned last Friday from a visit with friends at Star City, Sask., Can.

Rev. Alex Sand attended a Swedish Lutheran mission meeting at Strandquist, Minn., on Wednesday.

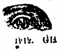
FOUND—A fountain pen. Owner please call at postoffice and claim property, after paying for this notice.

Miss Jessie Carver of Red Lake Falls was a guest at the wedding of Miss Victoria Peterson and Charles Julin.

There will be Mission church services in the school house on the east side Sunday, July 14, at 10:30 a. m.

C. C. Elliott returned yesterday from his home at Boone, Iowa, bringing with him a prospective land investor.

Rev. Carl Solomonson of Minneapolis, a former schoolmate of Rev. Alex Sand, visited at the home of the latter on Thursday.



D. F. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson and daughter, Miss Annie Patterson, and Miss Agnes Burkee came over from Maple Bay Sunday.

Miss Huldah Fairing of Rothsay, Minn., is the guest of Miss Edith Dahl. Miss Fairing and Miss Dahl were schoolmates at the normal.

Misses Olive and Hazel Zaiser, Emily Okes, and Edith Johnson were Red Lake Falls young ladies who attended the dance last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gustafson of Fertile and Mr. and Mrs. Richard of Erskine came over and went out to the Anton Peterson home in Wyandotte to be present at the Peterson-Julin wedding Tuesday.

Notices are posted for the annual school meeting for district 102, which will be held on Saturday, July 20. Directors are to be choosen in place of Dr. Swanson, A. and A. S. Wilson, and C. H. Martz, whose terms of office expire this year.

The Liquor Traffic

The people of this community will have the opportunity of hearing Edward H. Nicholson, district superintendent of the Minnesota anti-saloon league, Sunday, July 14. On Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock, he will speak in the Methodist church; at 8 o'clock he will speak in the Imperial hall.

Mr. Nicholson has had twenty-five years experience as a public speaker and always gives the people who hear him something to think about. He handles the liquor traffic without gloves and by forceful and logical arguments shows up the moral and economic evils of the business. Don't fail to hear him. No admission. Everybody welcome.

Married

Mr. Charles G. Julin and Miss Victoria Peterson were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anton Peterson in Wyandotte, Tuesday, July 9, at 2 p. m., in the presence of about 130 invited guests. Rev. Sand officiating.

A reception was given for Mr. [illegible]

Do you buy corsets for style?

KABO STYLE 3018

Copyright Kabo Corset Co.

Style 3018. Is made in batiste, low in the bust, long over hips, shortening back and front, lace trimmed, 11-inch front clasp with hook and eye at bottom, three pairs of hose supporters. Metal eyelets. Sizes 18 to 30. $1.50

Do you buy corsets for comfort?

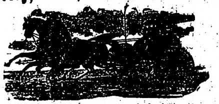
Do you buy corsets for long wear?

Kabo corsets are the best corsets in the world for these things and for many others.

If you don't know Kabo corsets you don't know perfect corset satisfaction.

For Sale by DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

Bids for Manager

The board of directors of the St. Hilaire Farmers' Co-operative Elevator company will receive sealed bids for manager of the elevator and feed grinder for the term of one year, commencing August 1, 1912.

Bids to be opened July 15, 1912, at 2 o'clock p. m. The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Address R. J. McKERCHER, Secretary.

Preferred the Insomnia.

A story is told of the late bishop of London, Dr. Creighton, and Lord Rosebery. Lord Rosebery complained to the bishop of want of sleep, to which the bishop replied that he never suffered from insomnia. The earl observed that he wished he knew the remedy. The bishop's formula was very simple. If he felt drowsy he started to write a sermon and in a few moments he was wide awake. On the other hand if he wanted to sleep all he had to do was to start to read a sermon. Then sleep came in a few seconds. Lord Rosebery replied that it was his practice to choose the lesser evil, and he preferred want of sleep to reading sermons.

Delays Are Dangerous.

His years exceeded the allotted three-score and ten, but he was a capitalist with more dollars than sense.

"Ah, my dear," he murmured to the fair girl by his side. "I could die for you."

"Then let us hurry to the minister's at once," replied the practical maid. "I don't want you to give the undertaker a job until I have the right to inherit."

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON, Agent

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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[illegible]

Scientific American

[illegible]

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	98
" " 2 "	96
" " 3 "	94
Flax, No. 1	$1.73
[illegible]	1.68
Barley, 100-50 lbs	50
Oats	36
Eggs	15
Butter	20
creamery	24
Potatoes	[illegible]
Beef live weight	[illegible]
Pork	[illegible]
dressed	[illegible]
Mutton	[illegible]
Veal	[illegible]
Chickens live	[illegible]
Hides	[illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.

LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With
The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proved to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

[illegible]

"Every Day
Is Bake Day
at Our House!"

writes an accomplished housewife, an enthusiastic patron of

DR. PRICE'S
Cream
BAKING POWDER

"It is Hot Biscuit, Muffins, Sally Lunn, Waffles, Pot Pie, and almost daily, now that the season has come, a **Fruit Short Cake**—all home-made, home-baked of course, and perfectly delicious! Home-baking, thus, with the aid of Dr. Price's Baking Powder, provides the most tasty food, which I know to be of absolute purity, clean and healthful, and with considerable economy."

Our correspondent has written for us the whole story.

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER

Makes Home-Baking
a Success and a Recreation,

with food more healthful, desirable, and safe from all improper contamination.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO

Hardly the Sunday School Brand.

The young hopeful had secreted some bright buttons in his pocket, which came from the motor car show. When Sunday school was well under way, he took one out and pinned it on his coat, feeling it an ornament. Unfortunately, when the minister came round to speak to the dear children, his near sighted eyes were caught by the color.

"Well, Richard, I see you are wearing some motto, my lad. What does it say?"

"You read it, sir," replied Richard, hanging his head.

"But I cannot see. I haven't my glasses, son. Read it so we can all hear you."

Richard blushed. "It says, sir, 'Ain't it —— to be poor?'"—Metropolitan Magazine.

And So True, Too.

Father was walking to Sunday-school with little Johnny, and endeavoring to improve the time by teaching Johnny his Golden Text, the words of which were: "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap." Johnny repeated it after his father several times, and seemed to have mastered the correct wording.

As they drew near the Sunday school the father gave Johnny his last rehearsal. "Now, son," he said, "let's have the Golden Text once more without any help from me."

This is what he got from Johnny: "Whatsoever a man sews always rips."—Harper's Bazar.

Where He Drew the Line.

An English earl, lately deceased who had no family, was notorious for his hatred of children, and on one occasion he engaged as lodge keeper an army pensioner named McMicken. Some few months later McMicken's wife presented him with a son and heir. On learning of the occurrence his lordship rode down to the lodge in a terrible rage.

"I hear," said he to Mr. McMicken, "that your wife has a son."

"Yes, my lord," said the man proudly.

"Well, now, look here, McMicken; when I put you here, it was to open and shut a gate, but by the Lord Har-

Put It Up to the Cook Book.

"My dear Dolly," said a young husband, "honestly I cannot congratulate you on your success with this pudding. It is simply rank."

"Charley!" exclaimed the little wife, "how absurd! It is all imagination! The cook book says it tastes like ambrosia."

Some men find it cheaper to stay married than to pay alimony.

Helpmates and soulmates are not always synonymous.

Your working power depends upon your health. Garfield Tea helps toward keeping it.

The manufacturer of artificial feet is responsible for many a false step.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Explanation.

Lottie—How dare you ask Mrs. Bullion to a one-course luncheon?

Hattie—She won't know it. She's a Fletcherite, and by the time she has finished she'll have to move on to some five o'clock tea.—Harper's Bazar.

Modern Miracle.

"Do you believe in miracles?" asked Dobkins.

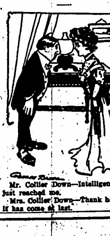
"You bet I do," said Snobkins. Why, only the other day my wife bought me a box of cigars, and by George, Dobky, I could smoke 'em."—Harper's Weekly.

Ruling Spirit Still Strong.

Mrs. J. L. Story, who has just published a volume of reminiscences, tells of a lady relative who had all her life been afraid of damp sheets. When she was dying Mrs. Story entered the room, to find the fireplace barricaded with a large assortment of bed linen. She was having her winding sheet warmed.

"I never have lain in damp bedclothes while I was alive," said the old lady in a feeble whisper, "and I'm not going to do it when I'm dead."

A WELCOME ARRIVAL.



Mr. Collier Down—Intelligence has just reached me.

Mrs. Collier Down—Thank heavens, it has come at last.

If there ever is a time when you are justified in cussing,
It is when the summer weather sets your appetite to fussing;
But there isn't any need to risk your soul and shock the neighbors—
Tempt your appetite with Toasties and go singing to your labors.

Written by W. J. [illegible]

[illegible]

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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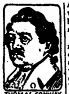
Thos. Conway "Cabal" Against Washington



THOMAS CONWAY

A MIDDLE-aged, jolly, dashing soldier of fortune came to America in 1777 and offered his services to the patriot army. He brought along with him no great military skill, but a most amazing capacity for making trouble. The soldier was Thomas Conway, a British subject, who had lived since early childhood in France. There he had joined the army and risen to a colonelcy. When he came here he was joyfully received. The Revolutionists lacked expert officers and they made him a brigadier-general.

The man's boasts and his dashing ways impressed the simpler statesmen. But George Washington read him at a glance, for a windy, vicious incompetent.

So when congress decided a little later to make Conway a major general the chief sternly opposed such a promotion and gave his reasons for doing so. From that moment Conway was Washington's sworn foe.

He and his associates formed what was known as the "Conway Cabal," and did all in their power to undermine Washington's influence. In a series of anonymous letters Conway ridiculed the chief as a coward and as too feeble of mind as a leader. He suggested Gen. Horatio Gates as commander-in-chief in Washington's place.

It was the Revolution's dark hour. New York and Philadelphia were in the hands of the British. Washington and his army were starving and freezing at Valley Forge after a summer and autumn of repeated defeats. Men's hearts grew faint and their allegiance weakened. Conway's crafty words at such a moment fell on ready ears.

The cabal waxed strong. But for a mere accident it might readily have ended by depriving Washington of power and of placing the command of the patriot armies in the hands of Gen. Gates. And with fussy, inefficient, cowardly old Gates at the head of the American troops American liberty would have been doomed. Here, in brief, is the story of the accident that saved our country:

Gates' aid, Wilkinson, drank too much one night and babbled to a friend of the chief some of the contents of a letter from Conway to Gates in which Conway had spoken insultingly of Washington. The story was told to Washington, who called Conway to account. Conway rushed to Gates for aid, and Gates tried to get out of the difficulty by branding Wilkinson as a liar.

Wilkinson promptly challenged Gates to a duel. Gates wept on Wilkinson's shoulder and implored him to withdraw the challenge, speaking of himself as a feeble old man who loved Wilkinson like a father. In this way the frightened old general wriggled out of fighting.

Meantime, thanks to the first hint, Washington learned of all Conway's anonymous letters and other treacheries. The facts were made known to the people. The cabal was crushed under a storm of public disapproval.

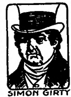
Conway, believing himself dying, wrote one more letter. This time to Washington, asking forgiveness for his villainies and declaring the chief to be a "great and good man." Then he "conditionally" resigned his commission as an officer in the American service. Congress accepted the resignation, unconditionally, and Conway went back to France.

There he styled himself "Count de Conway," and managed to win an appointment as governor of one of France's Oriental provinces. He made such a mess of his diplomatic work in his province of the Orient that he almost wrecked the French interests there. He returned to France and became a general in the royal armies.

During the French Revolution he was condemned to death. He was saved only by an appeal to Great Britain (against which he had fought in the American Revolution), but was compelled to flee from France for his life.

After that Conway disappeared from history. He is supposed to have died about 1800 in poverty and exile.

Simon Girty, the "Indian White Man"



SIMON GIRTY

A NINE-year-old Pennsylvania boy stood cowering and weeping amid a band of Indians one day in 1755, while his stepfather, John Turner, was burned at the stake. The boy was Simon Girty, son of an emigrant who had turned Indian trader. The lad's father had been killed by a drunken Indian. His friend, John Turner, had slain the Indian and married Girty's widow. The Indian's tribesmen in turn murdered Turner and made young Simon a prisoner.

For years the boy lived among the savages, learning their language and customs, until he became at heart more an Indian than a white man. As he grew to early manhood he left the tribe and sought a living among the settlers. His knowledge of Indian ways made him useful in many ways to the British military commanders along the frontier. He enlisted in Lord Dunmore's forces as a soldier and interpreter, and soon became known as one of the cleverest military spies in the colonies.

Then the American Revolution began. Girty joined the patriot army and rose to the rank of lieutenant. Then, in 1777, he suddenly played the traitor, and went over to the British. It is not absolutely known whether he did this because of some quarrel with the Revolutionists or because he thought he could make more money and fame in the enemy's camp. At any rate, the British received him gladly.

When Col. William Crawford, at the head of a little body of patriots, marched against Sandusky, and was captured by the Indians, he begged Girty to save him. Girty, according to most accounts, refused and laughed aloud while Crawford was tortured to death. Girty always denied this, and said he had tried in vain to persuade his Indian followers to spare Crawford. (He did succeed once in saving from torture his old friend, Simon Kenton, the Kentucky pioneer.)

In 1782 Girty invaded Kentucky at the head of 600 Indians, and attacked a fort near Lexington. The plucky little garrison held out until Daniel Boone could come up with reinforcements and drive Girty away. Boone followed the retreating savages. The two forces met at Blue Licks. There a fierce battle, disastrous to the Americans, was fought (the last of many great Indian battles in Kentucky).

Girty, not content with leading savages against men of his own race, next proceeded to drive the gentle Moravian missionaries out of the Indian tribes. He made his headquarters on a Sandusky River farm, which he changed into a trading station, and from which he and his followers crept forth every now and then on cruel marauding expeditions.

At Gen. Arthur St. Clair's defeat, in 1791, Girty played his usual murderous role. In that battle Gen. William Butler was wounded. Girty saw the general lying helpless on the ground. Calling upon an Indian, he ordered him to scalp and kill Butler.

When, in 1793, the United States government appointed a commission to arrange a peace treaty with the Indians, Simon Girty had himself made interpreter. So crafty did he misinterpret, and so brutally did he insult the commissioners, that the treaty fell through.

Then came the war of 1812. Girty once more rushed to the front as the friend of the British and the foe of his own country. Again he marshalled his Indians to the fray, and again the torch, tomahawk and scalping knife wrought havoc along the frontier. Girty's name was cursed by settlers and soldiers alike. His cruelty, his treachery, his genius for evil doing—all combined to make him, perhaps, the best hated man in the west.

Many tales of his atrocities—some true, some exaggerated—are still handed down from generation to generation in the districts he ravaged. He has been described as a human monster, of hideous aspect. This is not true. He was merely a fat, swarthy, bull-necked man, about five feet nine inches tall.

Some historians say Girty was killed at the Battle of the Thames in 1813 (where Gen. Harrison crushed the Indians, and where their leader, Tecumseh, fell); others that he survived the war and died a natural death two years later.

Staggered the Englishman.

The value of J. P. Morgan's possessions which he kept in his London house may be estimated from the following story, which comes by way of England:

There were discontented Americans who used to complain because Morgan left so many of his art possessions in England. The former secretary of the treasury, Leslie M. Shaw, once asked him point blank why he did not bring his pictures and miniatures and other beautiful things to America, where the American people might have a look at them.

Mr. Morgan said: "I can't afford to."

"I knew you were a poor man," said Mr. Shaw, "but I didn't realize you were as poor as that."

"Mr. Shaw," retorted Morgan, [illegible]

"They would amount to at least $6,000,000."

"Six million dollars is £1,200,000, and that for duty alone!" is the amazed comment of the English sponsor for the story.

The West End New York.

What is "The West?" How many various and surprising individualities are included in these words? New York can see through a millstone if it has a hole in it, but she is less apt to jump at conclusions than some other communities; she wants to "be shown" quite as earnestly as Missouri; perhaps she can "understand the West" quite as intelligently as "The West" can understand New York.—New York Evening Sun.

TOWN FOR WOMEN

Little Communities Located in Belgian Cities.

Party of Tourists Attempt to Enter Sacred Village With Auto and Are Stopped by Nun—Making Lace Is Chief Industry.

Ghent, Belgium.—I cannot imagine the dwellers in my "women's towns" feeling in the least oppressed because they have no votes; and yet the keynote of their lives is a desire for self-support and honorable independence. they have merely stepped aside from the course of ordinary life into abiding places that they rule and control and that are shut away from the haunts of men by walls and gates and moats; toy cities so spotlessly neat, so circumspect, so imbued with the hush of perpetual afternoon that time seems to stand still in their sunny precincts.

Nevertheless, on my first visit to a women's town I was eyewitness to a surprising act of self-assertion by one of its gentle guardians. Under conduct of a friend long resident in the old Flemish city of Ghent, which forms the outer shell of this women's town, a little party of us in a motor car turned in one summer morning from the street and ran without stop or parley through the arched gateway into the broad, clean road leading to the interior. There a little, black robed, white coifed woman, with flashing eyes and a flushed countenance, dashed directly into the path of the advancing car and peremptorily ordered us to stop and go back.

Once we were safely across the moat and in our proper place outside the walls our rebuker changed her manner. In silvery accents she begged us to walk in; then, recognizing our chauffeur, she explained that in the tourist season all motors were excluded because of their noise and reek.

The Beguinage they call it, this little community founded by a woman for women. They are two of the kind in Ghent, one in beautiful old Bruges and the others scattered throughout Belgium.

The institution dates from the thirteenth century. But the present buildings are modern, for the Beguinage was in 1875 transferred by city order from its ancient site, which was required for the laying out of new streets. A complete miniature city it stands today, with streets and squares, and entrance gates in the encircling walls, and a church, round which cluster a picturesque congeries of little two-storied brick dwellings, each with the name of its patron saint inscribed above the dor.

Where All is Peace and Rest.

The Beguines here number about 700. Their chief industry is the making of lovely spider web lace, over which you may see them at work on all sides. And as accidents will occur to those costly laces and valued old-time specimens will wear out in unexpected places, it is to the Beguinage that the owners, from royal ladies down, send their treasures to be repaired.

WOMEN CLOTHED IN SMILES

Rich, Rare and Racy Is Current Number of Harvard Undergraduate Publication.

Cambridge, Mass.—The editors of the Harvard Lampoon, the undergraduates' humorous fortnightly publication, are momentarily expecting a call to the president's office to explain why they countenanced the issue of such a paper as the "Improper Number," which was placed on sale. The sale of the magazine started with a rush and before noon it was almost impossible to obtain a copy for love or money. Articles that are rich, rare and racy, with illustrations that are piquant and suggestive, find niches in the pages of the current Lampoon.

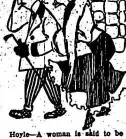
Perhaps the most sensational article of all is a story by Robert W. Sameness, presumably Robert W. Chambers. Chambers himself could have done no better. Suggestiveness plays tag with love and passion throughout the whole story, and the situations are, to say the least, delicate. It is Chambers out-Chambered.

Another article which finds space in the Lampoon is an interview with Miss Tillie Touraine, presumably Miss Lillian Lorraine, the actress. The article itself is nothing startling. A photograph of Miss Touraine in tights, one series of curves, is labeled as a picture of that delightful actress in street costume. Another photo is of three beautiful young women clothed in smiles. The picture is cut short, leaving a lot to the imagination.

Thief Finds Field in Prison.

Moundsville, W. Va.—Clever, stealing but Edward Hinkle in the penitentiary for five years, and cleverer [illegible]

TERRIBLE, INDEED.



Hoyle—A woman is said to be as old as she looks.

Mrs. Hoyle—It would be terrible if she were as old as other women think she looks.

SKIN ERUPTION ON CHEEK

Kingsley, Mich.—"Last May my thirteen-months-old baby had a sore come on her cheek. It started in four or five small pimples and in two or three hours' time spread to the size of a silver dollar. It spread to her eye. Then water would run from the pimples and wherever that touched it caused more sores until nearly all one cheek and up her nostrils were one solid sore. She was very fretful. She certainly was a terrible looking child, and nothing seemed to be of any use.

"Then I got some Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. She tried to rub off everything we put on so that we would sit and hold her hands for two hours at a time, trying to give the medicine a chance to help her, but after I washed it with Cuticura Soap and then put on the Cuticura Ointment they seemed to soothe her and she did not try to rub them off. It was only a few days before her face was all healed up, and there has been no return of the trouble since. We thought that baby's face would surely be scarred, but it is not." (Signed) Mrs. W. J. Cleland, Jan. 5, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Springs in Their Brains.

Two Frenchmen, in visiting an art galery, stopped to admire a painting by an American. The artist happened to be in the gallery and, in broken English one of the Frenchmen asked: "How did monsieur ever catch such a wonderful picture?"

"Oh," replied the artist, with a far-away look, "that painting was an off-spring of my brain."

The other Frenchman was greatly interested and asked his friend what that American had said.

"I can hardly explain," whispered the first Frenchman excitedly; "he said ze picture was one spring off of Americans act queerly when they have springs on their brains."

Singing and the Lungs.

It is well known that singing, like whistling, is a fine exercise for the lungs, and some doctors advise those who fear consumption to go in for singing for this reason.

At the same time they, of course, do not advance the claim that singing alone will save anyone from or cure consumption. Acquire the habit of taking the big deep breath, which is a primary requisite of any kind of singing, bad or good, and the physical joy derived from it will never allow you to relapse into lazy breathing.

Same Purpose Accomplished.

"Oh, Georgie!" exclaimed a fond mother, when she saw her small boy considerably battered up and dirty, "you have been fighting again! How often have I told you that you shouldn't fight?"

"Well," said he, "what are you going to do when a fellow hits you?"

"Why, keep out of his way," said the mother.

"I bet," said the youngster, "he'll keep out of mine after this."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Stern Call of Duty.

Reform is not joyous, but grievous; no single man can reform himself without stern suffering and stern working; how much less can a nation of men!—Carlyle.

To keep artificial teeth and bridgework antiseptically clean and free from odors and disease germs, Paxtine Antiseptic is unequaled. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Well Defended.

He whose study is among the shadows and lights of nature has an unsuspected coat of mail defending him among all the turmoil.—Mrs. Oliphant.

MORE HOSPITALS ARE NEEDED

Situation Improved, but Further Work Is Needed to Stamp Out Tuberculosis.

Only four states, Mississippi, Nevada, Utah and Wyoming, have no beds whatever in special hospitals or wards for consumptives. Eight years ago when the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis was organized there were 26 states in which no hospital or sanitorium provision for consumptives existed, and the entire number of beds in the United States was only 10,000.

"While these figures would indicate a remarkable growth in anti-tuberculosis activity," says Dr. Livingston Farrand, executive secretary of the National association, in commenting on the subject, there are still practically ten indigent consumptives for every one of the 30,000 beds, including those for pay patients. In other words, we have from 250,000 to 300,000 consumptives in this country too poor to provide hospital care for themselves. If tuberculosis is ever going to be stamped out in the United States, more hospital provision for these foci of infection must be provided."

Willing to Oblige.

A story comes from a town where firms advertise to sell fish direct to small purchasers. The glowing advertisements asked for the sending of half a dollar with a list of the varieties of fish preferred. One letter read:

"I want two salmon, a dozen whiting, a dozen fresh herring, some flounders, and if you have them you can add a lobster."

The next day the lady received a letter, which ran:

"Dear Madam: Please send another dime and we will forward the fisherman."—Dallas News.

Her Special Advantages.

James Fullerton Muirhead in his book, "The Land of Contrasts," tells of an American girl who was patronizingly praised by an Englishman for the purity of her English and who replied: "Well, I had special advantages, inasmuch as an English missionary was stationed near our tribe."

The man who falls out of an airship probable feels as badly hurt as the one who is thrown out of the political band wagon.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write MIDVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

The detective says his after thoughts are the best.

Why be constipated when you can get Garfield Tea at any drug store? It will quickly relieve and its benefits will be realized.

He who hesitates is lost—especially when he is found out.

SANDWICHES! What's tastier than Libby's Potted Ham

It's exceptional in flavor and doesn't cost a bit more than ordinary kinds.

At All Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

Ask for this Box

It's the goodness of this root-beer as well as its tonic properties that make it so great a favorite.

One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

Write for premium puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
255 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

KODAK FINISHING
Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. [illegible], 42 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 28—1912.

The Old Oaken Bucket filled to the brim with cold clear purity—no such water nowadays. Bring back the old days with a glass of

Coca-Cola

[illegible]

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1912. NUMBER, 2.

EXPLAINS PROTEST

SENATOR O'GORMAN UPHOLDS THE RIGHTS OF AMERICAN SHIPS IN CANAL.

HAVE RIGHT TO DECIDE.

Lodge Says If Case Goes to The Hague Court U. S. Will Lose.—Calls It a Scheme of the Railroad Owned Ships.

Washington, D. C. — Senator O'Gorman of New York made a charge in the senate that railroad influence was behind Great Britain's protest against the Panama canal bill and he joined with Senator Lodge in declaring that the United States possessed full rights under the British treaty to give free passage to ships of American register. These two speeches marked the debate in the senate on the Panama canal bill.

Both Mr. Lodge and Mr. O'Gorman declared that this nation was not bound by the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to give foreign ships all the privileges granted American ships. Mr. Lodge favored a bill to rebate the tolls to American ships, however, while Senator O'Gorman declared the United States possessed the full right to give American vessels free passage, if desired. Senator Lodge conceded that if the case went to The Hague court, the United States will probably lose.

The support for the provision giving free passage to American ships against which Great Britain has protested, was more emphatic than at any time since the senate began consideration of the bill. Mr. O'Gorman, Mr. Cummins, and others, declared that if the United States had to construe the treaty literally in giving the ships of all nations equal treatment, it would by other terms of the treaty be prevented from defending the canal in case of war.

"I do not think British shipping is greatly interested," said Senator O'Gorman. "I believe the railroads of Canada and the railroads of the United States have been enabled to secure the co-operation of the British foreign office to embarrass this government in the attempt we are now making to secure legislation to keep railroad-controlled ships out of the Panama canal."

WILSON PICKS AIDS.

Selecting Men Who Are to Conduct His Campaign.

Sea Girt, New Jersey. — The Democratic campaign committee which will direct the coming presidential campaign is being selected here in part if not in whole by Governor Wilson and National Chairman McCombs, in consultation with nine leaders of the party whom the governor has invited to confer with him.

The men whom the governor has invited to come to Sea Girt and on whose advice he will lean heavily in making his choice are:

Robert Hudspeth, national committeeman from New Jersey; Josephus Daniels, national committeeman from North Carolina; Willard Salsbury, national committeeman from Delaware; A. Mitchell Palmer, national committeeman from Pennsylvania; Joseph E. Davies, national committeeman from Wisconsin, secretary of the Democratic national committee; Senator Gore of Oklahoma; Senator O'Gorman of New York; Representative Burleson of Texas, and William G. McAdoo of New York.

While the power of appointment of the campaign committe is vested in Mr. McCombs, it is understood he will but act as a medium and that the actual appointment will be made by Governor Wilson.

Boy Aeronaut Is Killed.

Quincy, Massachusetts. — Lawrence Stafford, 17 years old, fell 2,000 feet to his death in Quincy bay while attempting a parachute jump. The parachute failed to open. Stafford's mother, also a balloonist, was killed in a similar manner some time ago.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 18.—Wheat, July, $1.05; Sept., 95½c; No. 1 northern, $1.07½; No. 2 northern, $1.06; No. 1 durum, 97½c; No. 3 corn, 73½c; No. 3 white oats, 48½c; barley, malting, 85c; No. 2 rye, 70c; No. 1 flax, $1.96.

Duluth, July 18.—Wheat, July, $1.03¼; Sept., 98c; No. 1 northern, $1.06; No. 1 durum, $1.01.

South St. Paul, July 18.—Cattle—Steers, $5.75@7; cows, $4.50@6.25; calves, $4.50@7.75; hogs, $7.10@7.35; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.75.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; market for best strong, others slow, weak; beeves, $5.80@9.65; Texas steers, $6@7.15; western steers, $5.90@7.60; stockers and feeders, $3.85@6.40; cows and heifers, $2.60@7.70; calves, $6.50@8.75. Hogs—Receipts, 19,000; market steady to 5c above yesterday's average; light, $7.25@7.70; mixed, $7.10@7.72½; heavy, $7@7.67½; rough, $7@7.20; pigs, $5.60@7.35; bulk of sales, $7.35@7.65. Sheep—Receipts, 13,000; market steady to strong; native, $3.15@5.25; western, $3.40@5.25; yearlings, $4.15@5.75; lambs, native, $4@7.35; western, $4.25@7.25.

Taft Men to Issue Call.

Minneapolis. — A state-wide conference is to be called within the next few weeks by Thomas H. Girling, William H. Eustis and George H. Matchan of Minneapolis to perfect a statewide Taft organization in Minnesota.

Cummins After Stand-Pats.

Washington, D. C. — Senator Cummins, on behalf of the Iowa Republicans in congress, will ask President Taft to throw out six standpat officeholders in Iowa and replace them with six Progressives.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

Senator Cummins announced he would not join the new party movement.

The naval appropriation bill, carrying $133,609,674 and providing two battleships program passed the senate.

Representative Sulzer introduced a resolution to invite foreign legislative bodies to a peace conference in Washington in 1915.

Representative Berger introduced a bill providing for federal government loans to county, city and town governments for public utilities.

Representative Norris of Nebraska, progressive republican, introduced a bill which he declared would remedy the evils of presidential primaries.

The working agreement between democrats and insurgent republicans ended, probably resulting in a strict party vote on sugar, wool and excise bills.

The senate committee on postoffices voted down an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill to establish two rates for second-class mail matter.

The senate appropriations committee reported the sundry civil appropriation bill amended to continue the tariff board and with additions aggregating $5,000,000.

Mrs. Martin W. Littleton, before the senate library committee advocated Senator Martin's resolution authorizing an investigation on the feasibility of the purchase of Jefferson's home, Monticello.

A sharp difference along political lines has developed in the senate over the proposed impeachment of Judge Robert W. Achbald of the commerce court. Many senators, including influential republicans, favor deferring the trial until after the November elections, contending that ample time should be given to prepare for the hearing of the impeachment charges and that many senators are needed at home to look after the political fences.

General.

Flynn says he would have bested Johnson if the police had not interfered.

Twenty-one were killed and thirty injured in a collision of trains near Latrobe, Pa.

George B. Cortelyou told of the source of campaign contributions during the Roosevelt campaign.

At Marion, Ind., four persons were killed and more than a dozen seriously injured in a head-on collision between two interurban cars on the Marion, Bluffton & Eastern traction line.

Pursuit of the "money trust" probably will be virtually abandoned until after the elections in November, as the result of the conference of the subcommittee of the house banking and currency committee.

The American government and people began the new fiscal year with $3,640,407,621, of which all but $363,621,008 is in circulation and the balance held in the treasury vaults as the assets of the fedral government.

The American line steamer, Philadelphia, due to leave New York for Southampton, was held up through the failure of 175 oilers, coal passers and water tenders to report for duty. The men apparently deserted in sympathy with the seamen's strike.

The disappearance of two pouches of registered mail from a government street car while en route to the Union depot from the postoffice in Kansas City, is puzzling government inspectors. The mail was addressed to New York, Omaha and Ogden, Utah.

Brigadier General Frederick A. Smith, commander of the Department of Missouri, United States Army, has gone to Pole Mountain, Wyo., for the national maneuvers at that place. No detachment from Fort Crook or Fort Omaha have been ordered to Pole Mountain.

Thomas Lee Moore, Virginia member of the national committee of the progressive party, said that he is getting into communication with the progressives over the state as rapidly as possible in order to hold a conference at Roanoak or Richmond on July 30 to select Virginia's representatives to the Chicago convention.

A 3-year-old Chicago boy got hold of his mother's pocketbook and fed $36 in bills—his father's wages—to his pet guinea pigs. The father sent the remnants of the pigs' meal to President Taft with an appeal to the government to redeem the entire roll.

It is the consensus of public opinion that the outcome of the Baltimore convention makes the third party a logical absurdity.

Minneapolis police are looking for a man who slugged, gagged and bound Guy Hanson, aged 15, in a downtown establishment in broad daylight, and with hundreds of pedestrians nearby.

That the property and live stock loss because of the cloudburst in the Bad Lands district of North Dakota will exceed $500,000 is the statement of farmers, who made their way from their homes, some traveling considerable distances through water.

Jack Johnson got $35,000 out of the Las Vegas fight.

The heat wave in Chicago killed seven in one day.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher flatly denied Friday that Robert G. Valentine, commissioner of Indian affairs, had resigned.

Governor Osborne reiterated his opposition to a third party.

Another case of suspected bubonic plague was reported from Havana.

There was a bitter fight in the house against the Clayton contempt bill.

The heaviest earthquake in history was experienced at Fairbanks, Alaska.

The national education association will probably meet next at Salt Lake City.

The Roosevelt party issued a call for a national convention at Chicago August 5.

Mormon colonists in Mexico will give battle rather than pay tribute to Mexican rebels.

Treasury officials estimate that there are now 1,952,131,861 pennies in circulation.

The national education association voted to bury the Boston ballot box stuffing scandal.

Senator Norris Brown says President Taft was honestly nominated and should be re-elected.

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia is fighting to force from the Washington force all colored policemen.

With but one dissenting voice the house voted articles of impeachment against Federal Judge Archbald.

A youthful Iowa bandit held up and shot a bank cashier, escaped with money, but was shot and killed.

Iowa republicans refused to endorse either Taft or Roosevelt, but Roosevelt men dominated the convention.

Captain E. B. Loraine and Sergeant Major Wilson of the English army flying corps were killed while flying over the great military encampment.

The national convention of the progressive party will be held at Chicago on or about August 1, it was announced by Senator Dixon.

Bryan Callaghan, fourteen times elected mayor of San Antonio and serving in that office, died after an illness of two weeks.

Mrs. Russell Sage of New York gave $5,000 to the street cleaning department pension fund for superannuated and disabled "white wings."

Dispatches from Oriente indicate that the insurrection in Cuba has been crushed. The troops, however, are continuing the pursuit of small bands of starving negroes.

Holding it "unpatriotic," the D. A. R. is fighting the treasury plan to remove the Goddess of Liberty from 5-cent pieces and substitute a buffalo head.

Governor William O. Dawson of South Carolina announced that he has signed the call for the national convention of the Roosevelt party to be held in Chicago August 10.

The Cuban senate adopted the report of the committee on laws, authorizing President Gomez to negotiate an amplification of the reciprocity treay between Cuba and the United States.

General Monteagudo, the commander-in-chief of the Cuban government troops, has formally turned over the government of the province of Oriente to the citizens, declaring that the rebellion is over.

Governor Wilson's day Wednesday in Atlantic City was planned to be a brief one. At noon he was to lay the corner stone of the Y. M. C. A. and at 3 o'clock he was scheduled to address the annual convention of the National Building and Loan asociations on the steel pier.

Three masked bandits armed with revolvers and shotguns terrorized the village of Torono, Ill. Two farmers driving home were first held up and robbed and then the trio forced the Illinois Central agent at the point of guns to surrender all the cash on hand in the station.

At Roanoke, Va., leaders in the Roosevelt third party movement met and decided to hold a mass meeting, July 30 for the purpose of selecting a delegation to cast Virginia's twelve votes in the proposed Chicago convention, and to name progressive electors.

The plentiful harvest of important crops of the country, indicated by the crop report of the department of agriculture, will extend also to minor crops to a great extent. Conditions of all crops were materially better on July 1 than on the same date last year.

Miss Aileen Heppner, the young woman named by Mrs. Josephine Henning as the person who influenced hrr in the alleged conspiracy to injure Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the International Harvester company, by means of a suit for damages for alleged alienation of Mrs. Henning's affections, was held to the grand jury.

Personal.

No presidential slate has yet been made up by the prohibitionists.

Charles D. Hilles was made chairman of the republican national committee.

Senator LaFollette is preparing to launch his campaign for four years hence.

Woodrow Wilson has made it plan to callers that he will be his own campaign manager.

Colonel Roosevelt reiterates that Taft's nomination was a bold and barefaced theft.

Harriet Quimby and a male passenger were killed by a fall from an aeroplane near Boston.

Governor Hadley says there is no necessity for a third party in Missouri.

Congressman Norris of Nebraska has issued a statement warning republican progressives that activity is needed [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

ENGINEERS WILL MEET.

Winona to Entertain State Convention Delegates.

Winona.—The detailed program has been given out for the annual convention of the Minnesota Association of Stationary Engineers, to be held in Winona July 17 to 20, inclusive, in connection with which the Central States Exhibitors' association will make a display of engineering machinery. The address of welcome will be made Wednesday afternoon by Mayor Julian B. Schroth, with response by Jesse M. Williams of Minneapolis, after which James A. Tawney will speak on "Universal Peace."

There will be no session Wednesday evening, but on Thursday forenoon the opening address will be made by Charles W. Naylor of Chicago. Two important addresses are scheduled for Thursday afternoon, one by James L. Harris of Chicago on "The Relationship of the Engineer to the Employer," and one by J. A. Burnquist of St. Paul. The women will be given an automobile ride in the afternoon. In the evening there will be an excursion trip up the river for all.

Friday morning the women will be taken by launches to the government fish station at Homer. Addresses on trade topics will be made Friday by W. L. Osborne and W. A. Converse of Chicago. Friday evening the delegates will be entertained by the Central States Exhibitors' association.

Saturday forenoon will be given over to business. Forty manufacturers have secured space to make exhibits.

1 KILLED, SEVERAL HURT

Oriental Limited Hurled Down Embankment.

Melby. — One man was instantly killed, two persons very seriously injured and several others slightly hurt when the Great Northern Oriental Limited, the westbound coast train, was wrecked one and one-half miles west of this place. The accident was caused by a broken rail.

The Dead.

Neil Campbell, fireman, 161 Aurora avenue, St. Paul.

Seriously Injured.

Mrs. Lilly Allee, said to be from Minneapolis. Internally injured.

Mrs. Herman Otman, 1503 East Fourth street, Sioux City, Iowa. Back hurt.

Slightly Injured.

Roy G. Froling, Fargo, hand cut and back strained.

Mrs. H. W. Wood, Galesburg, Ill., head cut, back injured.

Herman Blume, Monticello, Minn., arm hurt.

Mrs. Herman Blume, Monticello, Minn., hand cut.

A. Z. Bauer, St. Paul, leg injured.

Dr. Fred V. Watson, Antigo, Wis., shoulder hurt.

TO PROSECUTE MILLERS.

Chicago Dealers Are Likely to Charge Rebating.

Chicago, Illinois. — Prosecution of Minneapolis flour mills and several western railroads on a charge of rebating may result form the investigation being made by the interstate commerce commission of complaints filed by the Chicago board of trade, regarding alleged discrimination in freight rates on wheat between Chicago and Minneapolis.

Local dealers assert they are obliged to pay a 10 cent rate on wheat while Minneapolis manufacturers are enabled to buy their raw material in the West, manufacture it into flour and ship the product to Chicago at a rate of 7½ cents a hundred pounds. They also contend that Minneapolis flour manufacturers have been mixing wheat from one section where the low rate is charged with wheat from sections where a high rate is in effect, in violation of the provisions of the interstate commerce law.

EATS SIX QUARTS POISON

$500 Holstein Bull Ends Life by Dining on Paris Green.

Bemidji.—A pure-bred prize-winning $500 Holstein bull, owned by William himself by eating six quarts of paris A. Cassler, farmer near here, killed green which was to have been used for spraying potatoes. C. R. Scribner, of the dairy department of the department of agriculture at Washington, said the Cassler animal was one of the most perfect specimens in the country.

Judge Fines Postmasters.

Duluth. — Judge Page Morris, justice of the federal court, fined two defaulting postmasters and gave them some advice about the liquor habit. Emil C. Liegas, former postmaster at Crosby, Crow Wing county and Ivor C. Ivorson, former postmaster at Wahkon, Mille Lacs county, were the culprits. The former embezzled $1,061 and the latter $511. They have reimbursed the government and on account of their families [illegible]

JEWELERS' CONVENTION.

Annual Convention of State Association Scheduled.

Fergus Falls.—The annual state convention of the Minnesota Retail Jewelers' association will be held in this city, July 17 and 18. The convention sessions will open at 9:30 a. m. Wednesday and will be called to order by President F. H. Straub of this city. Mayor E. T. Nelson will deliver the address of welcome, which will be followed by President Straub's annual address. Reports from the secretary and treasurer will also be received and new members will be elected.

At 11 a. m. Charles T. Higgenbotham of South Bend, Ind., will address the convention on "The Watch Balance and Its Treatment."

At 1:30 an automobile ride will be taken to Swan lake, where an afternoon outing will be enjoyed, refreshments being served at 5:30.

On returning to the city at 7:45 p. m., the members will assemble for an evening session and the first address will be delivered by Professor E. S. Keene of the North Dakota agricultural college on "Tendencies of Modern Education."

A. E. Barker of Minneapolis will present a paper on "Organization as It Is and What It Should Be," and Edgar L. Hayek of St. Paul will speak on "Modern Merchandising."

MILK STANDARD SET.

Will Have to Contain Less Than 100,000 Bacteria.

Minneapolis. — Milk, in passing inspection from now on, will have to contain less than 100,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter or come under the ban of the state board of health.

Inspected milk means milk that has passed the local board of health tests and the producers of which have complied with those ordinances covering its production and sale. In a word, the new order of things is the establishment of a standard and guidance in the sale of clean milk throughout the state. It has no application to certified milk.

The action of the state board of health makes the standard of less than 100,000 bacteria state-wide. Municipalities and prosecuting officials from now on will have to guide themselves accordingly. Dr. Bracken, secretary of the board, thinks the new standard will materially aid in the sale of clean milk throughout the state.

The board has had more or less trouble with the compilation of vital statistics and it has ordered that town clerks, local boards of health and others concerned with the certification of births and dealth and diseases must make good or suffer the penalty of a fine.

HIGHWAY IS ASSURED.

Board Takes Steps to Start Laying of Sixteen Miles.

Winona. — The Winona county board of commissioners have formally approved the plans and specifications drawn up by engineers from the office of the state highway commission for the construction of sixteen miles of concrete highways under the new Elwell law. The action will mean the actual beginning of the building of $120,000 of new roads within a month. Bids will be advertised for this morning, and according to the new law three weeks later, on Aug. 1, the contracts will be awarded on the three different roads and the work will be rushed. It is the idea of the promoters of the new roads in this county to have much of the construction under way before the cold weather interferes with progress late in the fall.

The roads to be built in this country, according to the plans adopted will be 16 feet wide. There will be a center of concrete eight feet wide.

PASTOR IS ACCUSED.

Emelius Charged With Shooting His Father-in-Law.

Litchfield.—Rev. Charles Emelius, under arrest at New Sweden, Me., is a son of Nels T. Nelson of this city. He is accused of murdering his father-in-law, August Jacobson, on June 12, 1911. Jacobson was last seen on June 11 of last year, and his dead body was found with four bullet holes upon it.

Jacobson's son was first arrested for the crime, but was released. In a letter Emelius denies any connection with the affair. He is 34 years of age and a graduate of Augustanna college at Rock Island, Ill.

Bankruptcy Schedule Filed.

Fergus Falls.—Lang, Atwood & White, who have been engaged in the flour mill and elevator business at Evansville, have filed schedules in bankruptcy in the federal court here. The schedules place the firm assets at $14,650, and its liabilities at $36,225. In the individual schedules, Mr. Lang places his assets at $12,264, of which $2,495 is exempt, and his liabilities at [illegible]

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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Abdul Hamid, Sultan and Scoundrel

ABDUL HAMID II

ON a divan in a room of Yildiz Kiosk, in Constantinople, reclined a lean, hawk-eyed man with dyed beard and gray-yellow skin. His glased black eyes were shut. He was asleep — or pretended to be. A girl, scarcely more than a child, strayed into the room and stared in wonder at its rich furnishings. From one gorgeous bauble to another she wandered, gazing, examining, handling. At length, as she reached a table, she saw lying there a tiny jeweled, silver mounted pistol. It was unlike any other weapon she ever had seen. The girl picked it up, turning it over and marveling at its rare beauty. The man on the divan in the shadowy corner opened his eyes and slowly sat up.

"What are you looking at?" he asked gently.

"At this pistol, sire," answered the girl.

"And what are pistols made for?" he queried in the same pleasant tone.

"To—to shoot people, sire," faltered the girl, a little reassured by his gentleness.

"Quite so," yawned the man. "And I will prove it. Let me show you."

Whipping another revolver from his pocket he shot the girl dead.

This is a typical anecdote of Abdul Hamid, "Commander of the Faithful," "The Prophet's Viceroy on Earth"—the man who until last year was sultan of Turkey. It shows at once his cunning, his heartlessness, his deadly fear of assassination. So deeply did he dread being killed that he usually remained a captive in his own palace, surrounding himself only with those to whom he was more valuable alive than dead, and at once slaying any one whom he even remotely suspected of [illegible] designs upon his life. The Yildiz Kiosk hid thousands of black tragedies.

Fear of death made Abdul's life a burden. It robbed him of slumber. At times the only way he could be put to sleep was by hearing some one read aloud the story of the awful punishments that had been inflicted on some of the slayers of rulers. These tales of torture would lull him to rest.

Abdul Hamid was born in 1842. He was the second son of a sultan and came to the Turkish throne in 1876 when his elder brother was deposed. To make way for Abdul, another brother was murdered and a nephew falsely imprisoned as a maniac. The new sultan began his reign by promising countless reforms—and by performing none of them. His Balkan States in those days were in wild revolt. At home, the "Young Turk" movement was already busy trying to build up the rotten government and to abolish tyranny. The people murmured. The Turkish crown seemed tottering. Abdul Hamid had before him a task that would have crushed most rulers. Yet he performed it with a skill that stamped him as the subtlest and ablest statesman of his day.

At the outset of his career as sultan the atrocities in the Balkans led Russia to declare war on Turkey. Russia won the conflict and might have wiped the stain of Turkish crimes from the earth had not the other European powers grown jealous. They interfered; saved Turkey and deprived Russia of nearly all the fruits of her victory. Already the sultan was beginning to show his rare statesmanlike qualities.

In the peace treaty Abdul made many fine promises. He kept none of them, and he so fooled the European powers that he suffered no penalty from his breach of faith. He choked the voice of liberty, silenced the "Young Turks" by force and made himself sole master of his empire. By playing one nation against another and by owing some of them huge debts that his downfall might cancel, he kept the world at large from interfering with his horrible plans.

For instance, in 1895-1896 the signal was given by him for a wholesale massacre of Armenian Christians. Thousands of defenseless persons were slaughtered. A far lesser series of atrocities had brought on a war with Russia in 1877. Yet this time not one European nation lifted a finger to check the outrage.

But tyranny has always wrought its own destruction. While Europe, bound hand and foot by the web of Abdul Hamid's wily diplomacy, took no step to check his crimes, his own people at length rose against him. The "Young Turks" grew too strong to be put down. There was an almost bloodless revolution in 1908. Abdul was deposed in April, 1909, and was sent to Salonica as a state prisoner. His younger brother, Mehmed, or Mohammed, was taken from a prison palace where Abdul had confined him, and was placed upon the Turkish throne.

That Abdul was deposed is but natural. The only wonder is that he was able to hold his shaky power in so masterful fashion for a third of a century.

Jean Jacques Rousseau, Philosopher and Scoundrel

ROUSSEAU

JEAN JACQUES Rousseau, self-confessed thief, wrote strongly on uprightness. He also preached fiery discourses on the sacredness of domestic affection—and sent his own five children to a foundling asylum. He changed religions as another man would change from summer to winter clothes. A writer on morality, his own morals were unspeakable. He was ever eager to receive aid; and still more industrious in abusing benefactors. He had a genius for philosophic writings—and a far greater genius for making enemies. The kindest thing that can be said about him personally is that he was probably more or less insane.

Rousseau was the son of a Swiss watchmaker. His father in 1722, when the lad was ten years old, became involved in a street row and had to leave his Geneva home, calmly deserting his family. Jean Jacques was brought up by his mother's relatives, who apprenticed him at thirteen to a notary. The boy and his master could not get on together, so Jean was apprenticed over again, this time to an engraver. All his long life Rousseau quarreled with everybody into whose society he was thrown. He began with the engraver. At sixteen he "jumped" his apprenticeship and ran away from Geneva.

He then began a series of wanderings which were more or less interesting, but scarcely profitable either to undergo or tell about. He changed his religion at the outset, encountering some rather doubtful adventures, and at last became a footman in the household of a Mme. de Vercellis. While he was working there he stole a costly ribbon. The theft was discovered. Rousseau saved himself from punishment by falsely accusing a maid servant of the theft. The tale of this wholly shameful affair is found in his celebrated "Confessions."

When his employer died, Rousseau found another situation—and promptly lost it on account of his conduct. His experience for the next few years led him through all grades of society from vagabondage to court circles. It was not until 1745 that he won any fame. Then he became known as a writer [illegible] accepted what aid he could get, then quarreled with his benefactors and usually spoke and wrote ill of them.

In a prize essay, written in 1750, he openly declared that progress and higher civilization had proved a curse to mankind. This essay made him for a time the idol of Paris' artificial and novelty-seeking society. He followed up his literary success by a really beautiful opera. But his attacks on various French customs and ideals made Paris an uncomfortable abode for him. Back he went to Geneva (again changing his religion to fit his surroundings) and met with a cordial reception from the learned men of Switzerland.

Here he took up his literary work again and dazzled the world by his "problem novels" and philosophical treatises. But he continued his life effort of making as many enemies as possible. And such enemies as his personality could not reach were made by his writings. His novel "Emile"—a radical sort of educational thesis in fiction form—was condemned by the Paris parliament; and Rousseau dared not set foot in the French capital for fear of arrest. Other works of his were denounced by the Swiss authorities. His "Contrat Social" (which demanded that governments be ruled by the people and preached universal suffrage) brought down upon him the hatred of conservative thinkers.

He went to England and there quarreled with his patrons, behaved insolently toward the king, and found it convenient to come back to the continent of Europe. This time he was allowed to settle in Paris. His health had become shattered. So had his mind. To add to his woes, he married Therese Le Vasseur, former cook in a third-rate inn. Their five children he sent to a foundling asylum, thus giving his enemies a fine chance to compare his unnatural action with the high sentiments he had written about the sanctity of the home and the education of the young. Therese's mother was the typical comic paper mother-in-law. She rendered Rousseau's home life miserable.

On July 2, 1778, crushed under real and imaginary woes, Rousseau died in a fit. Some historians think [illegible]

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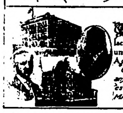

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THE DULUTH HERALD

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Saturday, July 20, 1912.

Rural School Notes

Attention is called to the notice of teacher's examination found in another column.

At the school officer's meeting the following topics were discussed, among others:

School house sanitation, consolidation of schools, and the work of the state board of health.

A point was made in the discussion of contagious diseases. Parents and school officers should consider the state of the health of their children as a condition for fruitful study. Many defeats exist that might be remedied in time if attended to

Let me call attention of the school boards to the following facts:

What can be done to make the school more home like and inspiring to the pupils? Can anything be done about improving the order and neatness of the school grounds? Have the respective school boards a deed to the school property?

Dr. Hill has maintained that a good sanitary well could be kept on the school property. In many schools, children are suffering hardships because of lack of water. Can anything be done to improve these conditions?

The school boards meet as boards of audit three days before the annual school meeting. This will be held on Thursday, and the annual meeting will be held on Saturday. At the first, the finances are considered and statements of the same made. This annual statement is adopted by the meeting and a report made to this office by Sept 10. May we not have this statement even at a earlier date.

The training school has now reached an enrollment of ninety-seven teachers, which must be considered excellent for this locality. It is an inspiration to see all these intelligent and industrious teachers at work and this school means a great boost for our schools.

Special work has been done in agriculture by Prof. Haskins, who took up special work.

Miss Rowe closed Saturday a week's special work in sewing. Prof. Hay will make special efforts to get her back for another week.

The school appreciates very much the aid given by the state department of public instruction in sending us Mr. Linden, who gave a very good lecture on song and music last Friday. He was a very good singer and entertained the school with some very fine song.

The school listened last Saturday to a soul stirring lecture given by Supt. C. H. Denfield of the Duluth schools. It was a heart-to-heart talk with the teachers which inspiredand encouraged all.

E. A. MOSTUE.

Program of Examinations

For common school certificates July 29, 30, and 31, 1912, in the assembly room, Lincoln High school building, Thief Rivers Falls, and city school house, St. Hilaire.

MONDAY, JULY 29.
(SECOND GRADE SUBJECTS)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:30 Penmanship.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:15 Geography.
2:15 Composition.
3:45 Reading.
4:40 Spelling.

TUESDAY, JULY 30.
(SECOND GRADE SUBJECTS CONTINUED)
A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Agriculture.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31.
(FIRST GRADE SUBJECTS)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.—1:15 Algebra.
2:45 Physical Geography or General History.
4:15 Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than 60 minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed 30 minutes earlier.

If Composition, Reading, Physiology-Hygiene, or Civics do not require the full time, the remaining time may be used for the subjects that follow.—Applicants bring ink, pens, tablets and pencils.

E. A. MOSTUE,
j20-2t County Superintendent.

Pennington County Fair

The Pennington county fair will be held Aug. 1, 2 and 3. The association officials have made elaborate plans for three days of entertainment and the farmers, despite the lateness of the the season, with sample of grain, vegetables. The stock department is becoming of much importance and the various owners of registered dairy cattle and heavy horses never fail to put up a good showing in these lines. An exhibit will also be secured to take to the state fair and the best shown at the local exhibition will be secured for the [illegible] St. Paul.

Automobile Run Postponed Two Weeks

Announcement is made by Dr. C. E. Dutton, president of the Minnesota State Automobile association, that the annual reliability run, which this year goes to Winnipeg and back to the Twin cities, will be started August 8 instead of July 25 as originally planned. Several things are responsible for the postponement, principally the question of getting the sanction back from the A. A. A headquarters in New York and allowing for the five days which, according to the rules, must elapse between the closing of entries and the start of the tour.

This means a change of dates all along the line. Thursday morning, August 8, the caravan of cars will check out from the St. Paul hotel, St. Paul, and will reach Wadena on the evening of the 8th for over night. August 8 will find the tour at Thief River Falls over night and Saturday, August 10, will see them in Winnipeg, where they will spend Sunday.

Notice for Bids

Notice is hereby given that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, will accept sealed bids up to and including July 23, for the construction of approximately 1300 lineal feet of cement sidewalk, same to be built 5 feet wide, 5 inches thick, 1 inch of coarse gravel on the bottom, 3¼ inches concrete of 1 part cement and 5 parts sand, and ¾ inch finish of 1 part cement and 2 parts sand. The village council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated July 8, 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Prizes for Good Menus

The patient housewife who is trying to cater to the needs of her family on a moderate income has to solve daily the same old problem, "What shall I cook for breakfast, for luncheon, for dinner?" The very monotony of the question gets on one's nerves and there is a lot of real difficulty in planning a wholesome variety for each day. The Chicago Record-Herald has mercifully come to the aid of puzzled housewives by printing in each issue a set of three menus, with recipes, under the title, "Meals for a Day." What is more, it gives four cash prizes every week for the best of these menus, and women all over the country are invited to compete. The terms of award and the names of the latest winners may be found in any Monday issue of The Record-Herald That is the day, too, when the "Martha's Management" column appears with its helpful hints and advice to cooks and housekeepers. Marion Harland, Sunday page also gives a group of selected recipes which if cut out will make a most valuable collection. Women not familiar with the prize menu feature of The Chicago Record-Herald should investigate it at once. Many have found it a handy means of getting fresh ideas and securing cash for those they already have.

Milk Purity at Last

According to the Minneapolis Journal. which has heretofore been strongly assisting prohibition propaganda, Dr. P. M. Hall, health commissioner of the city of Minneapolis, who has a national reputation for progress, has solved the problem of milk supply that shall be devoid of danger It is well known that thousands of babies die every year because of impure milk. According to the Journal, Dr. Hall advocates very strongly the adoption of new methods in handling the milk. He says it is impossible to reach absolute safety by trying to keep herds healthful. Instead he would insist that "the methods used in handling and bottling golden grain belt beers be adopted by all dairies, as the only way they can make "milk harmless. Alex Thompson, Crookston, agent.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 2.

The fall term of the Mankato Commercial College opens Sept. 2d. Several of our young people will enroll in this great school then, or a little later. A business education is the best asset you can have, and the Mankato Commercial College is the school in which to secure such an education.

If you are interested send for their illustrated free catalogue. Address Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

Hooked a Swordfish.

Eight miles off Newport, Cal., a 12 foot swordfish, with a sword four feet long, caught on an "80" hook by Hugh McMillan and G. G. Shoemaker, towed the fishermen's launch two miles, after having charged the boat repeatedly and scarred the stern in numerous places. The monster was killed after half an hour's fight. It weighed several hundred pounds.

When the big fish was first caught it charged to the surface, endangering the lives of two men and of other men in two near-by launches. The captors of the monster were towed almost out of sight of the men in the other boats. Persons ashore refused to believe that the two men caught the fish on their 27-strand cotton line until the story was vouched for by the men in the other launches.

Judging from Sample.

I don't think the rich are exceptionally happy.

No? Know many?

Some.

Very rich?

One to five millions!

Oh, but they lead quite a different life from the really rich!

To be sure; but still, don't you think you can tell just as much about the quality of [illegible]

DECRIES THE PERPETUAL GRIN.

Writer Takes Issue with Man Who Says "Keep a-Smiling."

A favorite motto with many people in these latter days, when the wholesome gospel of cheerfulness is being preached so extensively, is, "Keep a-smiling." It is a very good motto within limitations. In so far as its adoption as a rule of conduct prevents the wearing of a lugubrious countenance when no overwhelming grief or calamity is being endured or is impending, in so far as it overcomes the tendency to look on the dark side and anticipate evil, in so far as it enables one to look for the best in all situations and to keep up his courage when troubles threaten—in all these respects it is a maxim worthy of commendation.

But it should not be interpreted too liberally; its spirit rather than its letter should be observed. Its spirit means a persistent hopefulness, a refusal to be cast down by discouraging or unfavorable circumstances, a sturdy defiance of adverse fate. Its literal observance may include these things, but it means also a perpetual grin, and a perpetual grin leads to thoughts of crime on the part of beholders. No one becomes so irritating or has such a maddening effect upon sensitive associates as the man or woman who wears the "smile that never comes off."—Indianapolis Star.

RABBITS ARE HARD FIGHTERS.

The Charge of Cowardice a Slander—Defeat of a Ferret.

Tell a man that he hasn't the pluck of a rabbit and if he doesn't disprove it by hitting you he is certain at any rate to be extremely annoyed.

Yet the taunt is a libel on the rabbit. A doe rabbit will fight like fury in defense of her young. She will charge like a battering ram and use those long sharp incissors of hers to capital purpose.

An old buck rabbit is not to be lightly tackled by weasel, stoat or even ferret. On the sanded floor of a small public house near Chestnut a ferret of long experience was matched with an old lop-eared buck, the property of the landlord.

The ferret made straight for the rabbit's throat, but the latter was in the air before master ferret could reach him, and leaping clean over the ferret's head let out with those powerful hind legs of his a kick which hurled the ferret bodily against the wainscot. Twice the ferret returned to the attack and twice he missed his grip and went hurtling through the air.

The third repulse was enough for him. He knew he was beaten and could not be persuaded to stand up for a fourth round. — Pearson's Weekly.

For Your Health.

Conquer your moods; don't let your moods conquer you. People who give way to moods never amount to much, because they are never masters of themselves. They never know in the morning whether they are going to do a good day's work or not, whether they are going to be a cheering or a depressing influence on the people around them. If they feel like being good-tempered, they will be; if they feel like "snapping" at everybody, they will snap.

People who suffer from "moods" should be careful about their habits. They should be regular about meals, sleep, exercise and work. The condition of the health has much to do with moods, and there is nothing that contributes so much to health as absolute regularity.

Truly Rustic Bridge.

A rustic bridge at Beach Haven, Ga., contains 56 kinds of wood and vines, grown on the 50 acres of Beach Haven park. Following is a list of the woods and vines: Short-leaf pine, long-leaf pine, post oak, white oak, Spanish oak, water oak, red oak, poplar, sweet gum, black gum, red haw, black haw, red bud, prickly ash, chinquapin, wild plum, persimmon, cedar, wild sloe, wahoo, sumac, red elm, pig hickory, scalybark hickory, hock or sugar berry, willow, china, black elder, crab apple, wild mulberry, wild cherry, dogwood, sourwood, winter whortleberry, black locust, sassafras, cottonwood, buckeye, laurel, beech, holly, ash, ironwood, birch, magnolia, sycamore, walnut, sweet bay, evergreen, spruce. Vines—Grape, muscadine, bellflower, rattan, bamboo.

A Little Case of Telepathy.

There is nothing strange to me in the operation of one mind upon another," the telepathic woman said. "Once when my sister I am very fond of was operated on I went with her and sat in the anteroom a long way off from the operating room. That is I walked up and down there, worried to death nearly about her, when all at once I threw myself into a big arm chair and went sound asleep.

"They had just given her the ether then, so her mind was at rest and rested mine. I slept until she came out from under the influence."

What It Reminded Him Of.

When Gen. Schenck, whose greatest fame rests upon his having introduced the game of poker into England, first arrived in London as American minister to the court of St. James he took a little of his spare time to visit the sights of the British capital. Among other places he visited Mme. Tussaud's wax works.

"And what do you think of our great wax work exhibition?" asked a friend.

"Well," replied the general, "it struck me as being very like the ordinary English evening party."

Beans and Bacon.

An old Scotchman surprised us all by remarking: "Your famous New England dish of pork and beans came directly from England, where for centuries it was the reigning favorite with all classes. The English called it 'beans and bacon.' In New York you have corned beef and beans—the same old beans. I never could understand why beans and bacon were [illegible]

TO SEND COIN BY U. S. MAIL.

Express Companies Rudely Jarred by Discovery of New Clause.

Washington.—The treasury officials have recently discovered a highly interesting fact in regard to the appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government, which escaped general attention at the time it was enacted.

It pertains to the shipment of fractional silver coin from the several subtreasuries of the United States to banks in various parts of the country.

It now appears that in the rush attending the passage of the sundry civil bill, James Wesley Gaines of Tennessee caused to be inserted in the measure a provision that one-half of the $60,000 appropriation for the transportation of coin shall be expended for registered mail. Heretofore shipments of currency have uniformly been made by express, and the express companies have been obliged to make good any loss by theft or other accident in transportation.

The express companies are greatly concerned over the new order of things, especially as Mr. Daskam, chief of the bureau of public moneys in the treasury department, has ruled that the law means that $30,000 should be expended by registered mail before any part of the appropriation is expended for express charges. It is believed at the treasury department that, as the charges for registering a package is only eight cents, $30,000 will be sufficient to pay the entire apparent cost of transporting coins under this system for a year, and the express companies will therefore get none of the business.

ONE STONE FENCES FARM.

Missouri Man Has Land Where No Wheel Ever Rolled.

Jasper, Mo.—Within sight of this town a settler has a farm which probably is unlike any other in the world.

This farm occupies the tableland on the summit of a ridge, and is inclosed with a fence which no animal has ever broken through. It does not rise above the surface of the farm, but falls sheer from the edge a distance of many feet. The man who homesteaded the tableland had a hard climb up the face of a perpendicular cliff to reach the comparatively level summit.

At one point a ledge extends out a few inches and along the face of the cliff at an upward grade. By following this ledge and making use of occasional points of rocks and of shrubs growing in the fissures the discoverer pulled himself to the summit and found a surface well covered with a soft and luxuriant vegetation.

Gradually he improved the ledge until he could carry up tools and seed. By blasting and drilling he cleared a narrow trail, up which he was able to take first some pigs and then a cow. Later on he took up a horse.

And that to-day is the condition of this curiously protected farm. No vehicle has turned a wheel within its limits of palisades. The live stock has multiplied and consumes the grain raised. Some stones thrown across the trail completely fence in the hogs and cattle. When the farmer has stock to sell he drives the animals down the private trail and strikes the road to Jasper.

CATERPILLARS HALT TRAIN.

Three Times Within Mile Crew Shovels Them Off the Tracks.

St. John, N. B.—Moths, caterpillars and other like pests have made their appearance in great numbers in many sections of this province, particularly in York county. There they have caused considerable inconvenience, and several amazing stories are told of experiences when they have met in large bodies. Trainmen manning a freight between Fredericton Junction and McAdams are authority for a statement that appears incredulous. They say that the heavy freight train was stopped three times within a mile by caterpillars which swarmed over the tracks in such numbers as to effectually impede the progress of the train. It was necessary to arm the entire train crew with shovels and scoop the thousands of pests aff the tracks, and smother those on the roadbed by shoveling gravel over them. They report every tree and bit of foliage along the line as being denuded of green.

The Order of Fools.

April 1 is not the only Fools' day in the year. On November 12, 1381, the Order of Fools was instituted by Adolphus, count of Cleves.

Members were not by any means idiots, however, for the word had a different meaning then. They were the prototype of our modern Order of Foresters or Odd Fellows during a similarly benevolent work. Their insignia consisted of a mantle, upon the left shoulder of which was embroidered a jester, or fool, in cap and bells, yellow hose and silver vest. So these cheery, useful jokers had a bright, happy outlook upon life and met together to dispense the earnest of their healthful existence at stated intervals, the chief day of which was November 12.

TIGERS FOND OF HUMAN FLESH.

Many Natives of India Yearly Made Prey of Jungle Monarch.

About 4,000 men were eaten by tigers in India between 1900 and 1904. A large proportion of these unfortunates perished during periods of famine, when the beasts are made bold by hunger and are driven to the plains in search of water. The deaths caused by tigers in India constitute 37 per cent. of the whole number due to wild beasts. All tigers are not man eaters, but when a tiger has once tasted man's flesh he will not be content until he has had more of it. Where flocks and herds abound, however, man is rarely a victim of the tiger. An old man-eater is usually very [illegible] and tricky and can avoid the most skillful hunters [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primery, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Mortgage Foreclosure Sale

Notice Is Hereby Given, That default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage containing power of sale, executed by Hurbr L. Quist and Judith A. Quist, his wife, mortgagors, to Johnson - Van Sant Co., a corporation, mortgagee, dated 18th day of April, A. D. 1910, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Red Lake county, Minnesota, on the 18th day of April A. D. 1910, at 6:00 p. m., in book 8 of mortgages on page 619 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and after the division of Red Lake county at the organization of Pennington county, transcribed into the records of Pennington county, Minnesota, and that the same is transcribed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in Pennington county, Minnesota, in book 23 of mortgages on page 37 thereof, which said mortgage was thereafter and on the 4th day of June A D. 1912, for a valuable consideration and by an instrument in writing, dated on that day, duly executed and acknowledged by said Johnson Van Sant Co., said mortgagee sold, assigned, and transferred to C. L. Hansen, which said written assignment was thereafter and on the 10th day of June A. D. 1912, at 9 o'clock a. m., of that day filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of Pennington county, Minnesota, and duly recorded in book 8 of mortgages on page 91 thereof, and that at the date of this notice there is claimed to be due and is actually due on the said mortgage, according to the terms thereof, the total sum of three hundred, ten and 54-100 (310.54) dollars. Said sum consisting of an unpaid balance of one hundred twenty, (120.00) dollars on the note secured by the said mortgage, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from and after May 1, 1911, and of two interest payments for the sum of eighty-eight (88.00) dollars each, due respectively May 1, 1911, and May 1, 1912, on a prior mortgage on the land hereinafter described, which said interest payments were paid by the mortgagee herein, and of interest on each of the said interest payment from the respective due dates thereof to the date hereof, at the rate of six (6) per cent annum and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in the said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgage premises therein described at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the main front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, Pennington county, Minnesota, on Monday the 29th day of July A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m., to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage with interest thereon from the date hereof and the costs and expenses of such sale and the sum of twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in the said mortgage and so to be sold is all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Northeast quarter (ne¼) of section thirty-four, (34), township one hundred fifty-four (154), range forty-one (41).

Dated June 10, 1912.

C. L. HANSEN
Assignee of Mortgagee.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Assignee,
Thief River Falls, Minnesota. 6-15-7-20

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon.

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Johanna Francilia Fellman,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof; and that Monday the 7th day of October, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the probate court rooms at Thief River Falls in said county be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment and allowance of such claims [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Com- Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. G. W. HOOPER, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3890 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
M. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID
FOR HIDES

ST. HILAIRE MINN

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

THE LOCAL NEWS

There was a heavy frost Sunday night.

Sever Skuttum was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Albert Odegaard visited the county seat last Saturday.

George Borge of Hazel left Monday for Bismark, N. D.

Miss Annie Fellman went to Thief River Falls Thursday.

A. R. Jones was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Irvin Wallace went Tuesday evening to Crookston to visit with friends.

Miss Nora Swanson came from Crookston Tuesday for a few days visit at home.

Rev. Fred Peterson and Alfred Anderson were in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Hjalmar Peterson and Charles Solomonson went Monday evening to Red Lake Falls.

Miss Edith Dahl and her guest, Miss Huldah Fairing, were at Thief River Falls Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Evenson of Thief River Falls, visted at A. A. Odegaard's over Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Branum.

Mrs. F. Steen came Thursday from Thief River Falls and is a guest at the Carl Steen home.

Herman Fellman and Ernest Norander came down from Thief River Falls Thursday evening.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Mr. and Mrs. Nels Ayelson went Monday to Red Lake Falls to visit with friends and take in the circus.

Miss Emma Sandberg left Monday for Poplar, Mont., to visit with her brothers, Fred and Oscar Sandberg.

Mrs. Ina Johnson and Miss Elizabeth visited with friends in Thief River Falls a few days this week.

Miss Clara Peterson returned Wednerday from Thief River Falls, where she has been visiting for some time.

Mrs. N. P. Dargan and Miss Lizzie Powers of Red Lake Falls were guests of Mrs. S. J. Swanson, this week.

Mrs. C. H. Remington of Crookston is visiting with her brother, E. H. Stevens, and family and other friends.

Mrs. J. A. Baban returned last Saturday from Des Moines, Iowa, where she has been visiting a sister for several weeks.

Misses Echo and Gladys Olson and Mabel Letvig went to Red Lake Falls Monday to visit friends and take in the circus.

Miss Josie Gigstad, of this place, Miss Hilleman of Crookston, and Messrs. A. J. Hed and O. H. Olson, visited Maple Lake Sunday.

FOUND—A pair of steel rimmed glasses on Tuesday afternoon near A. H. Pitkin's store. Owner please call and get same and pay for this item.

Miss Otta Skeie, the efficient assistant at the post office, went Monday to Rhoda to spend her vacation visiting with her sister, Mrs. S. B. Swanson.

The Duluth boosters made a very short stop at this place Tuesday evening. They were about an hour behind their schedule, and were evidently in a hurry to get on.

C. C. Elliott was in town the first of the week, but was called away on business again. A. C. Ellickson is looking after the St. Hilaire end of the land business this week.

The temperance lectures here Sunday morning and evening were not very well attended. Mr. Nicholson is an earnest and forceful speaker and deserved a better hearing.

Supt. Anderson of Red Lake county was in town Thursday on his way to Red Lake Falls, after several weeks spent at the bedside of his brother, Ludvig Anderson, who died last Saturday.

A special train will leave Thief River Falls tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock for Crookston, arriving at St. Hilaire about 9:15. Returning leave Crookston at 8 p. m., and arrive here about 9:30. A ball game between Thief River Falls and Crookston is scheduled for tomorrow.

Now is the time to get your fly nets and dusters. Call and see our prices. CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Election of school officers tonight.

C. H. Martz was looking after business matters in Red Lake Falls Wednesday.

Rev. A. Valgren of Chicago held services in the mission church Tuesday evening.

Carl Krueger was in Red Lake Falls Thursday.

Misses Echo and Gladys Olson visited with friends at Red Lake Falls this week.

Dave Soderman is nursing a badly crippled up knee, caused by a kick from a wild broncho.

Miss Esther Highberg of St. Peter is the guest of her uncle, Charles Lindquist, and family.

The will be English meetings in the Eastside school house Sunday, July 21, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Patterson and Miss Kate came over from Maple Lake yesterday in their car.

Mr. and Mrs. Post and Mr. and Mrs. Fellman returned last Saturday from their visit to Winnipeg.

Miss Annie Alberg of Hazel went Thursday to Grand Forks to spend Sunday with a sister and friends.

Mrs. C. W. Johnson of Red Lake Falls has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. O. W. Brink, this week.

Mrs. Chas. Aldrich of Bemidji is the guest of her brother, Ole Mathson, at his home near Hazel.

FOUND—A fountain pen. Owner please call at postoffice and claim property, after paying for this notice.

We understand that a party of about a dozen land seekers will arrive here from Alexandria next week.

Misses Dot and Luella Peterson returned home Monday after a few days' visit at the home of Henry Olson.

Misses Ella Jackson and Mary Anderson begun attendance at the summer school at Thief River Falls this week.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 17 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Fricker and little boy of Brainerd and Gottfried Fricker of Ellensberg, Wash., came yesterday and are guests of their brother, M. Fricker, and family.

Harvest will be on in dead earnest by the middle of next week. Some farmers have already begun cutting barly. Although the straw is short, a fair yield is anticipated and of an excellent quality.

A picnic will be given for members of the parochial school on Sunday July 28, in the in the grove on Knut Kolstad's place. There will be services at 11 a. m., by Rev. M. S. Gjerde. Program at 3 p. m., followed by lunch.

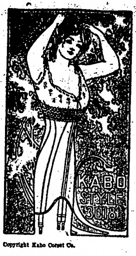
Quite a few people attended the Gollmar shows at Red Lake Falls Tuesday but by far the larger crowd attended at Thief River Falls Wednesday. Too many people from St. Hilaire attended these shows for us to attempt to mention them individually.

A big automobile carrying campaign speakers for the prohibition party will arrive in St. Hilaire at 2:30 p. m. Wednesday afternoon, July 24, and addresses will be delivered on the street. The principal address will be delivered by Dr. Stanley B. Roberts of Minneapolis, and there will be other speakers.

Friends of Fred Peterson, pastor of the Mission church, gathered at the church Thursday evening, and pleasantly surprised him with a nice sum of money to show their appreciation of the work he is doing here. The evening was pleasantly passed by singing, talks by some of his friends, and refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson and Miss Louise returned Tuesday from Winnipeg, where they attended the fair, and saw their son James Ward make several successful ascents in an aeroplane. Another aeronaut met with an accident by which his machine was smashed although himself escaped without serious injury. The Red Lake Falls Gazette has it that Ward himself met with an accident, but we are assured by his people [illegible]

Do you buy corsets for style?



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Style 3018. Is made in batiste, low in the bust, long over hips, shortening back and front, lace trimmed, 11-inch front clasp with hook and eye at bottom, three pairs of hose supporters. Metal eyelets. Sizes 18 to 30. $1.50

Do you buy corsets for comfort?

Do you buy corsets for long wear?

Kabo corsets are the best corsets in the world for these things and for many others.

If you don't know Kabo corsets you don't know perfect corset satisfaction.

For Sale by DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Died

At his home in the town of Sanders on Saturday, July 13, of consumption, Ludvig Anderson.

Mr. Anderson was born in Westmenland, Sweden, in 1868. With his parents he came to America in 1882 and lived first in Indiana. Later they came to Crookston and in 1884 settled on the farm in Sanders, where the family has since resided. Mr. Anderson was unmarried. He had been ill for about five years with the disease from which he died. He leaves two brothers, Herman, superintendent of schools of Red Lake county and Erick, who resides on the home farm; also two sisters, Mrs. H. T. Linsegraf of Alberta, Can., and Mrs. Ernest Swanson of Santiago, Cal.

Funeral services were held Tuesday at the Landstad church by Rev. M. S. Gjerde of this place.

Directors' Meeting

The board of directors of the farmers' elevator met Monday and considered the bids for manager for the coming year, A. R. Jones, who has been manager during the past year, having asked for a considerable increase in salary. Besides Mr. Jones' offer, there were three written bids.

The successful bidder was Bernard Sunden of Elvorado, near Warren. Mr. Sunden has had several years experience as assistant in an elevator, and though he has never acted as buyer, he is highly recommended.

Mike McAndress is shipping a car of cattle to the cities today.

The pure food inspector was in town yesterday and pronounced all the St. Hilaire eggs and butter good.

Last Wednesday night as G. I. Fellman was returning from one of his trips to the circus in his car, he perceived that the driver of the car behind him had poor control of his machine, perhaps from imbibing an overdose of circus lemonade. In consideration of his passengers and his car, Fellman turned [illegible]

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	95
" " 2 "	93
" " 3 "	98
Flax, No. 1	$1.74
" " 2	1.64
Barley, for 50 lbs	40
Oats	26
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	7½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@10
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	23.00

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of June, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs	102,555
Total butter fat from same, lbs	23,406
Total received for same	$6,150.43

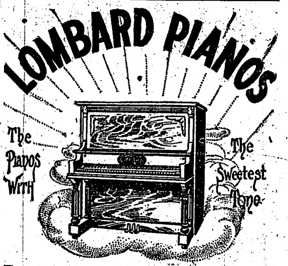
DISBURSEMENTS

Price paid to patrons per lb. [illegible]
Paid patrons by check [illegible]
[illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE

ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS

For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

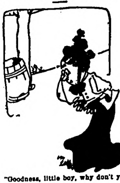
THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects the Village and Farm line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns and villages in the country. [illegible]

G. W. HOOPER

UNREASONABLE GROWNUPS.



"Goodness, little boy, why don't you wash your face?"

"Say, lady, you wanter git up on yer dates; this ain't Sattidy."

A better thing than tooth powder to cleanse and whiten the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay is a preparation called Paxtine Antiseptic. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

In the Suburbs.

"Is Mrs. Gillet a well-informed woman?"

"Well, she's on a party wire."—Life.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The humor of some people is so delicate they ought to take a tonic for it.

Garfield Tea is a fine laxative being composed wholly of pure, health-giving herbs.

The value of forethought is often demonstrated by the after effects.

TESTIMONY OF FIVE WOMEN

Proves That Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Reliable.

Reedville, Ore.—"I can truly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who are passing through the Change of Life, as it made me a well woman after suffering three years."—Mrs. Mary Bogart, Reedville, Oregon.

New Orleans, La.—"When passing through the Change of Life I was troubled with hot flashes, weak and dizzy spells and backache. I was not fit for anything until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which proved worth its weight in gold to me."—Mrs. Gaston Blondeau, 1541 Polymnia St., New Orleans.

Mishawaka, Ind.—"Women passing through the Change of Life can take nothing better than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am recommending it to all my friends because of what it has done for me."—Mrs. Chas. Bauer, 523 E. Marion St., Mishawaka, Ind.

Alton Station, Ky.—"For months I suffered from troubles in consequence of my age and thought I could not live. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and I want other suffering women to know about it."—Mrs. Emma Bailey, Alton Station, Ky.

Deisem, No. Dak.—"I was passing through Change of Life and felt very bad. I could not sleep and was very nervous. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to perfect health and I would not be without it."—Mrs. F. M. Thorn, Deisem, No. Dak.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

KODAK FINISHING Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. E. B. MEYROWITZ, 65 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves [illegible]

MAY SOLVE MYSTERY

British Yacht to Take British Scientists to Easter Island.

Lonely Dot of Land, Two Thousand Miles From South American Continent, Believed to Have Been a Continent at One Time.

London.—The Mana, a motor auxiliary yacht just launched at Whitstable, is to carry an expedition to the South seas to investigate the origin of the gigantic prehistoric remains of Easter island.

This island, the most easterly of the Polynesian group, is a lonely dot of land 45 miles in area, 2,000 miles from the South American coast. Facing the sea on the island are enormous platforms made of uncemented stones, some of which weigh five tons. Some of the sea walls are 30 feet high and 200 feet long.

Shore Line of Easter Island.

There is no metal on the island, and the only tool found was a prehistoric chisel, with which it would seem impossible to execute such colossal works. Moreover, the island, with its scanty water supply, could not have supported enough people to drag the figures from the quarry where they were made to the platforms. Some of the statues weigh 250 tons.

There is every evidence that some great calamity overtook the island and its inhabitants, for most of the figures are unfinished, some of them never even having been removed from the quarry. A popular theory is that Easter island is the sole remains of a continent which was overwhelmed by the sea after a great seismic disturbance.

The Mana expedition, led by W. Scoresby Routledge and accompanied by geologists and other scientists from the British museum, will make excavations in an effort to solve the mystery.

CURIOUS HOUSES IN CHINA

Celestials Build Their Homes or Palaces Wall-Within-Wall—All Have Beautiful Gardens.

Peking, China.—It is difficult for the occidental mind to picture the wall-within-wall life of a Chinese home. Down a narrow lane one passes between two walls, behind which may be hovels or palaces, there is no telling which, since the one-story roofs beyond are invisible, says a writer in the Century Magazine.

One pulls a string at a gateway, the address of some family of high degree. A servant appears, leads through another gateway, a flowery courtyard, a passageway, perhaps another courtyard, a little room or two, and finally into a reception room, with its carved wood and wainscoting and furniture, its porcelains and jades and brasses, its blue-and-green-and-gold ceiling and its window pattern of paper panes.

Here the hostess appears, offers her occidental guest tea or champagne, or both, with cakes and candied fruit or lotus buds. Then she may lead one through other courtyards, all with the usual one-story rooms around them, and into her secluded garden of rocks and pools, of pretty paths and bridges, of clustering trees and flowers.

In such a palace as this each courtyard, with its surrounding rooms, may be the special home of one of the sons and his wife and children; but somewhere in the maze of walls, under one of the low, tiled roofs, is the common dining room, with the kitchen beyond. Here the men of the family eat together, twice a day, and afterward the women and children. And somewhere also there is a central family hall, with the ancestral tablets, which must have their tribute of incense at proper seasons. These are held in such reverence that no foot may pass above them, and therefore two-story dwellings are unknown in regions uncontaminated by foreign influence.

In a Chinese Garden.

Countess Given Divorce.

Chicago, Ill.—The Countess de Beaufort, wife of Count Jacques Alexander Dudley von Mourik de Beaufort and formerly Miss Irma Kilgallen, daughter of a wealthy Chicago steel manufacturer, obtained a divorce. The suit was not contested. The count was not present.

Jailed for Making Opium Pills.

New York.—Pleading guilty to making opium "Pills" for smoking, with [illegible]

FOR SCIATIC RHEUMATISM

Try the Treatment That Cured This Pronounced Case in Minneapolis After Other Treatments Failed.

Sciatica is neuralgia of the sciatic nerve. Its origin is generally rheumatic and is the direct result of taking cold. For this reason the disease is commonly known as "sciatic rheumatism." That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure this disease is shown by numerous cases like that of Mrs. J. B. Hansen, of No. 221 Twentieth Ave., So., Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

"A few years ago following an attack of the grip I was taken with sciatica. For six years I suffered untold agony and thought it would be a blessing to me if I could only die. There were sharp, shooting pains in both of my limbs and my shoulders and arms were affected also but not so severely. If I moved about quickly, the pain would catch me so that I had to scream. My limbs would swell until I could hardly walk. I also had a terrible dull pain in my back which was often unbearable. I was confined to bed for a week or two at a time. While suffering from the sciatica I was further run-down by weakness common to women of my age.

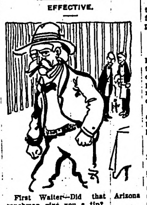
"I received so little relief from the doctor's medicine that I became discouraged and quit it. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as he had read how they had cured cases like mine. I felt better after I had taken the pills a short time but took several boxes until I was certain I was cured. I give this statement of my cure thinking that other sufferers may be helped as I was through using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills succeeds where other treatments fail because it is based on the sound medical principle that the health of the nerves depends on pure, red blood.

Every person who is interested in the home treatment of nervous disorders should send for a new edition of our booklet entitled, "Diseases of the Nervous System, Their Nature, Symptoms and Treatment." Address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

EFFECTIVE.



First Waiter—Did that Arizona ranchman give you a tip?

Second Waiter—I should say he did! He told me if I didn't step lively he'd blow off the top of my head!

Simple Explanation.

To illustrate a point that he was making—that his was the race with a future and not a race with a past—Booker T. Washington told this little story the other day.

He was standing by his door one morning when old Aunt Caroline went by.

"Good morning, Aunt Caroline," he said. "Where are you going this morning?"

"Lawsee, Mista' Wash'ton," she replied. "I'se done been whar I'se gwine."—Kansas City Star.

Mixture of Caution and Economy.

At the Union depot a few evenings ago a mother who had gone to see her daughter, a miss of about 18 years, safely started on a journey, was heard to give the young lady the following words of advice just before the train started: "Now, goodby, my dear. Take good care of yourself and remember not to be too free with strangers on the train. But if a nice looking man should speak to you be polite to him—he may buy your supper for you."—Kansas City Star.

SALLOW FACES

Often Caused by Tea and Coffee Drinking.

How many persons realize that tea and coffee so disturb digestion that they produce a muddy, yellow complexion?

A ten days' trial of Postum has proven a means, in thousands of cases, of clearing up a bad complexion.

A Washn. young lady tells her experience:

"All of us—father, mother, sister and brother—had used tea and coffee for many years until finally we all had stomach troubles, more or less.

"We all were sallow and troubled with pimples, bad breath, disagreeable taste in the mouth, and all of us simply so many bundles of nerves.

"We didn't realize that tea and coffee caused the trouble until one day we ran out of coffee and went to borrow some from a neighbor. She gave us some Postum and told us to try that.

"Although we started to make it, we all felt sure that we would be sick if we missed our strong coffee, but we tried Postum and were surprised to find it delicious.

"We read the statements on the pkg. got more and in a month and a half you wouldn't have known us. We all were able to digest our food without any trouble, each one's skin became clear, tongues cleared off, and nerves in fine condition. We never use anything now but Postum. There is nothing like it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The [illegible]

RECORD OF TIME'S CHANGES

Surely Visitor to the Scene of His Boyhood Could Not Fail to Be Impressed.

"I reckon you see the old town looking some different from what it looked when you left it thutty years ago," said Uncle Eb Skinner to the native returning for a visit to the scenes of his boyhood. "All o' the back part o' Peevy's store is new since your day here, an' that bay winder in the drug store was put in since you left us. The deepo used to be painted yaller instid o' red, an' the town hall is het by steam now instid o' with stoves, like it used to was in your time. Them two iron hitch posts in front o' the postoffice ain't been there more than ten years, and that stone watering trough instid o' the old wooden one you remember is another change. I reckon you've noticed that Hi Greene has raised his house a story an' added a summer kitchen. That plazzy in front o' the hotel is another change in the old town, an', of course, you've noticed the new hoss sheds back o' the church, an' the broom shop wa'n't here when you was a boy with us. It employs five hands reg'lar, an' seven in the rush season. Time makes changes, as I reckon you have seen."—From Judge.

RASH ALMOST COVERED FACE

Warrenville, O.—"I have felt the effects of blood poisoning for eighteen years. I was never without some eruptions on my body. The terrible itching caused me much suffering and discomfort, while the rubbing and scratching made it worse. Last spring I had a terrible breaking out of blistery sores on my arms and limbs. My face and arms were almost covered with rash. I could not sleep and lost nineteen pounds in five weeks. My face was terribly red and sore, and felt as if my skin was on fire. At last I tried a sample of Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and I found them so cool, soothing and healing, that I got some Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Resolvent. I bathed with hot water and Cuticura Soap, then I applied the Cuticura Ointment every night for two months, and I am cured of all skin eruptions." (Signed) Mrs. Kathryn Krafft, Nov. 28, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

A Question of Names.

In some of the country districts of Ireland it is not an uncommon thing to see carts with the owners' names chalked on to save the expense of painting. Practical jokers delight in rubbing out these signs to annoy the owners.

A constabulary sergeant one day accosted a countryman whose name had been thus wiped out unknown to him.

"Is this your cart, my good man?"

"Of course it is!" was the reply. "Do you see anything the matter wid it?"

"I observe," said the pompous policeman, "that your name is o-blitherated."

"Then ye're wrong," quoth the countryman, who had never come across the long word before, "for me name's O'Flaherty, and I don't care who knows it."—Youth's Companion.

Garfield Tea is invaluable for all irregularities of the liver, kidneys and bowels. It is made from pure and wholesome herbs.

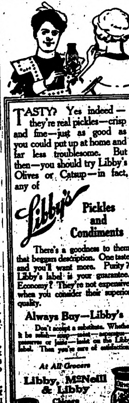
When God calls, the safest step we can take is straight ahead.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write MIDVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

A truthful fisherman always knows where to draw the line.

Lest you forget when next in need of a laxative remember the name "Garfield Tea." A trial will convince you of its merits.

When a man is down and out his friends are soon up and away.



TASTY? Yes indeed—they're real pickles—crisp and fine—just as good as you could put up at home and far less troublesome. But then—you should try Libby's Olives or Catsup—in fact, any of Libby's Pickles and Condiments

There's a goodness to them that beggars description. One taste and you'll want more. Purity? Libby's label is your guarantee. Economy? They're not expensive when you consider their superior quality.

Always Buy—Libby's

Don't accept a substitute. Whether it be relish—soup—meat—asparagus—preserves or jams—insist on the Libby label. Then you're sure of satisfaction.

At All Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

SCENES IN THE CATSKILLS

Writer Describes Wonderful Beauty to Be Found Along Hudson River.

New York.—There is a wealth of Indian lore and Dutch tradition regarding the Catskill region which the skilled romancer may readily adapt to the fertile fancies of his creative imagination, and serve up with graphic detail. Who has not read every line of "Rip Van Winkle" and drunk in every word of the eloquent tales of the immortal Cooper, who made "Natty Bumpo" the most eloquent woodsman that ever lived in a book? Hear him as he stands on one of the crowning crags overlooking the valley of the Hudson:

"If, being the best part of a mile in the air and having views of farms and houses at your feet, with rivers looking like ribbons, and mountains seeming to be haystacks of green grass under you, give any satisfaction to a man, I can recommend the spot. When I first came into the woods to live, I used to have weak spells, and I felt lonesome, and then I would go into the Catskills and spend a few days on that hill to look at the ways of man."

Note this gem which bubbles spontaneously from his lips as he looks into the pretty Kaaterskill stream, which makes that wondrous waterfall at the Laurel house, where the water plunges madly over and down the rocks for three hundred feet:

"A drop for the old Hudson and a merry time it has till it gets down off the mountain. I've sat on this shelving rock many a long hour, boy, and watched the bubbles as they shot by me, and thought how long it would be before that very water, which seemed made for the wilderness, would be under the bottom of a vessel, and tossing in the salt sea. It is a spot to make man solemnize. You can see right down into the valley that lies to the east of the High peak, where in the fall of the year thousands of acres of woods are before your eyes in the deep hollow and along the side of the mountain, painted like ten thousand rainbows by no hand of man, though not without the ordering of God's providence."

In the Catskills.

Washington Irving regarded these mountains as the fairy regions of the Hudson, and he quaintly related many a legend connected with them.

RARE DOCUMENTS OF 1776

Found in Tearing Down a Shack Standing on the Line of the Barge Canal.

Clyde, N. Y.—In constructing the Barge canal a trunk full of valuable old documents has been discovered. Among the documents are two genuine George Washington signatures to furloughs granted soldiers during the Revolution; an old account book of the original John Jacob Astor, and a partial record of Lafayette's journey through New York state after the war. There are also a number of old deeds dating back to a time before public record was made of such papers. Duplicate copies were written on a single sheet of paper and the two were roughly torn apart, and their genuineness was afterward proved by matching the irregular edges.

Among the tracts of land acquired was a small lot on the edge of the Montezuma marshes, on which stood a little two-room shack belonging to a hunter and trapper. In it the trunk was found. It was originally the property of Judge Tremper of Kingston, who lived during and just after the Revolutionary war.

Steps are being taken for the disposal of the records.

ROBBER LINGERS TO SHAVE

Only a Few Stamps and a Bit of Comfort for Man Who Blew Safe at York, Pa.

York, Pa.—A cracksman, nervy and fastidious, shaved himself and completed an elaborate toilet in the office of Smyser & Senft, coal merchants, near the center of the city, after vainly chiseling the combination knob from the safe in an effort to open it. He got only a quantity of stamps from a desk.

Turning from the lathered paper he left behind the police are glancing suspiciously at all clean shaved men.

To Test Brewers' Product.

Washington, D. C.—A personally conducted test of the product of breweries throughout the country to determine just what is beer will be made by Drs. Doolittle, Mitchell and Dunlap of the pure food board.

Lightning Reveals a Lead Mine.

[illegible]

DR. PRICE'S
Cream
BAKING POWDER

IS ABSOLUTELY HEALTHFUL

Its active principle solely grape acid and baking soda. It makes the food more delicious and wholesome.

The low priced, low grade powders put alum or lime phosphates in the food.

Ask Your Doctor About That

Deliberating.

The Rev. James Hamilton, minister of Liverpool, while on holiday in Scotland, had a narrow escape from drowning. Accompanied by a boy, Mr. Hamilton was fishing for sea trout when he slipped on a stone, lost his balance, and being encumbered with heavy wading boots, had great difficulty in keeping his head above water. Finally he managed to get back to the shore, although in a very exhausted state, and said to the boy: "I noticed that you never tried to help me."

"Na," was the deliberate response, "but I was thinkin' o't.

And the Lord also helps those who help others."

Its Advantages.

"I think the pillory ought to be revived as punishment for this frenzied financing."

"Why so?"

"Because it provided a fitting penalty in stocks and bonds."

She Knew It.

Stella—This is the presidential year.

Bella—I know. The farmer we board with keeps eight bull moose that chase you every time you go out.

If your digestion is a little off color a course of Garfield Tea will do you good.

When you are offered anything free look for the string.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

His View.

Hewitt—This place is 1,000 feet above the sea level.

Jewett—But the sea isn't on the level; it always makes me sick.

The Moon's Offspring.

Looking out of the window one evening, little Marie saw the bright, full moon in the eastern sky, and, apparently, only a few inches from it, the beautiful Jupiter, shining almost as brightly as the moon itself. Marie gazed intently at the spectacle for a moment, and then turning to her mother exclaimed:

"Oh, mother, look! The moon has laid an egg!"

Satisfies

There never was a thirst that Coca-Cola couldn't satisfy. It goes, straight as an arrow, to the dry spot. And besides this, Coca-Cola satisfies to a T the call for something purely delicious and deliciously pure—*and* wholesome.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine as made by THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

53-J

Shock for a Brother.

"John," said an eminent physician, wearily, entering his home after a hard day's work, "John, if anyone calls excuse me."

"Yes, suh," agreed John, the old family darkey.

"Just say," explained the doctor, "that the masseur is with me."

A little later the doctor's brother called—called and received the shock of his life.

"I want to see the doctor at once," said he.

"Yuh can't do it, suh," solemnly announced the old darkey, turning up his eyes till the whites alone showed. "Yuh can't do it, suh. The doctor, suh, am wid de Messiah."—New York Evening Sun.

They Are Overworked Now.

Four-year-old Dick had made an important discovery that his hair would pull out if enough force was exerted, and was absorbed in proving the fascinating find on his forelock. His sister—aged seven—noted the proceedings with round-eyed horror.

"Dickie! Dickie!" she cried, "you mustn't do that!"

"Why?" demanded Dickie, with the cynicism of childhood.

"Because the Bible says that all your hairs are numbered—and if you pull any out you'll make a lot of extra bookkeeping for the angels."

Good Bait.

Aunt Sarah, cook in a Richmond family, took home a dish of macaroni from her mistress' table for the edification of her own family. When her children had been assured that it was good they proceeded to eat with great gusto. The next morning Aunt Sarah discovered two of her offspring in the yard turning over stones and soil and scratching vigorously in the earth.

"Heah, yo' chillun!" Called out Aunt Sarah, "what yo' all doin'?"

"We's a-huntin'," was the reply, "fo' some mo' of dem macaroni worms."

Brilliant baseball plays are diamond sparkles.

Living Up to Its Name.

"How do people seem to like your new song, 'The Aeroplane'?"

"Just carried away by it."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Her Ruling Passion.

The woman who had chased dust and dirt all her life finally reached St. Peter.

"Come in, you poor, tired woman," he said, and held the gate ajar.

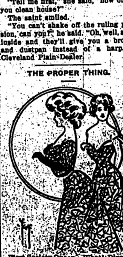
But the woman hesitated.

"Tell me first," she said, "how often you clean house?"

The saint smiled.

"You can't shake off the ruling passion, can you?" he said. "Oh, well, step inside and they'll give you a broom and dustpan instead of a harp."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THE PROPER THING.



First Society Queen—What! Divorced again?

Second Society Queen—Well, dear, one must keep up appearances.

"He bit the hand that fed him," said Teddy of Big Bill.
And didn't tell us if the bite had made the biter ill.
Now had Toasties been the subject of Bill's voracious bite
He'd have come back for another with a keener appetite.

[illegible]

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1912. NUMBER 3.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DELEGATES CHOSEN BY IOWA 3RD PARTY

ROSSEVELT CHEERED AND TAFT SCORED AMID SCENES OF ENTHUSIASM.

DIRECT VOTE FOR P. M.'s

Platform Very Progressive—Governor Carroll Criticised For Defense of Chicago Convention.

Des Moines, July 25.—Enthusiasm marked the closing scenes in the first Iowa state Progressive party convention here when a platform containing a plank declaring for the direct election of postmasters by their constituencies was adopted with three affirmative cheers. There was no negative vote.

The convention chose a full set of delegates to the national convention at Chicago, headed by John L. Stevens of Boone, organized a working state central committee, and provided for congressional district and county organizations.

The platform, in addition to the proposed reform in the selection of postmasters, is mainly devoted to national issues. It condemns the Republican national convention and Republican national committee at Chicago; severely criticises President Taft as a reactionary and denounces what is allegede to be his subserviency to the special interests; eulogies Theo. Roosevelt as "the foremost man for his nomination and election; urges popular primaries in the selection of United States senators; indorses the initiative and referendum and asks for the physical valuation of railroad properties and a protective tariff suited to the fostering of labor in domestic manufacturers, agriculture and other industries."

A. D. Pugh, a Des Moines Socialist, created considerable excitement by appearing before the convention on a proxy of one of the regular delegates and demanding that the platform declare for the recall. The proposition was quickly referred to a committee upon the motion of Mr. Stevens.

The first enthusiast broke loose a few minutes after the convention opened, when a telegram from Colonel Roosevelt, congratulating Iowa Progressives, was read.

Charles Talmadge of Boston led the delegates into another burst of enthusiasm when he criticised Gov. B. F. Carroll for the latter's recent defense of the Chicago convention.

That portion of the platform referring to President Taft reads as follows:

"We here utter solemn protest against what has been done at Chicago and Baltimore in two national conventions and against what had been done and is being done at Washington by a president who has proven recreant to the trust imposed in him and who long ago definitely and completely abandoned the cause of the people to do the bidding of the bosses."

HOLD HARMONY FEAST.

Hennepin County Democrats Forget Factional Differences.

Minneapolis, July 25.—Harmony was the keynote of the dinner given by the Hennepin County Democratic club at the Commercial club. Leaders of Democracy from all parts of the state urged the "get-together" spirit. The followers of the "houn' dog" were importuned to forget their differences and come into the fold of a united Democracy. Daniel W. Lawler of St. Paul, candidate for United States senator; C. M. Andrist, candidate for governor, Einar Hoidale, Judge H. L. Buck of Winona, T. J. Knox of Jackson, John Jenswold of Duluth, Alderman W. E. Barr, C. W. Bibb, all showed the need of "burying the hatchet." William Jennings Bryan was the idol of the gathering.

Regulars March to Battle.

Camp McCoy, Sparta, Wis., July 25.—Equipped with "pup" tents two days' rations and hundreds of thousands of blank cartridges, 4,000 United States troops, including 1,800 infantry and 2,200 cavalry, field artillery and hospital corps, all on a war basis, left camp here to engage in what war department experts say will be one of the most extensive mimic campaigns ever held in the United States.

N. P. Stevedores on Strike.

Duluth, Minn. July 25.—Between 250 and 300 stevedores employed by the Northern Pacific, went on strike here tying up the dock. The men have been receiving 30 cents and demand 35 cents an hour.

Tight Skirts Condemned.

Minneapolis, July 25.—Miss Emilie Glorieux, policewoman, says that young society women are responsible in great measure for the continued popularity of indecently tight clothes. "It is not to be wondered at that many girls who work in stores and factories wear improperly tight clothes when girls who should show good taste and more propriety in these things, since they have greater opportunities to acquire refinement, are the most flagrantly offensive in adopting extreme style," Miss Glorieux said.

RUST SCARE IS DISSIPATED

FAVORABLE WEATHER ADVERSE TO THE INFECTION.

Good Report Received From Expert Who Visits Red River Valley.

Minneapolis, July 25.—A return of cooler temperatures over the Northwest grain fields is said to have dissipated the black rust scare that started Tuesday when samples of infested wheat were received from Amenia, N. D.

The weather is now against the spread of the disease and the clearing weather with sunshine will hasten the ripening of late wheat beyond the reach of this infection.

B. W. Snow, crop expert, made a hurried trip into the wheat fields as soon as the report of rust was received. He has wired from Fargo, N. D., that after an inspection trip around Moorhead, Minn., covering 45 miles he found no more black rust than could be found any year and far less than last year:

His message read, in part:

"At Comstock, Minn., in the wheat I examined may be found a few spots where there are rust postules on the top sheaf of a few stalks, but hardly a sample where it was showing on the head straw. Heads in these fields are long well filled and the grain already in stiff dough.

"The earliest wheat is taking on color and cutting will begin next week The wheat seen will average 22 to 25 bushels to the acre and the possibility of rust damage is too remote to be considered as a crop factor."

John Inglis, another crop expert, was on 'Change for a few minutes on his way to Fargo to pass on the rust-infested wheat. Mr. Inglis did not take the news as indicating any serious condition.

"From what I can gather in the report," said Mr. Inglis, "the rust discovered is a sporadic case. This is very usual and I firmly believe that is all that will be found in the North west this year. The crop in this section of the country is big and the chief feature confronting the county is sufficient labor to harvest it."

BASEBALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, 7-3; Louisville, 1-1.
St. Paul, 10; Indianapolis, 5.
Milwaukee, 12; Columbus, 4.
Toledo, 8; Kansas City, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Minneapolis	66	36	.647
Columbus	65	37	.637
Toledo	62	38	.620
Kansas City	51	50	.505
St. Paul	46	58	.442
Milwaukee	45	57	.441
Louisville	36	62	.367
Indianapolis	35	68	.340

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 8; Cincinnati, 7 (10 innings).
St. Louis, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	66	21	.756
Chicago	52	32	.616
Pittsburg	49	34	.590
Philadelphia	41	41	.500
Cincinnati	44	45	.494
St. Louis	39	52	.429
Brooklyn	32	56	.364
Boston	23	64	.264

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Chicago, 3.
Cleveland, 11; Boston, 6.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	62	28	.693
Washington	55	35	.611
Philadelphia	52	38	.578
Chicago	46	42	.523
Detroit	44	47	.484
Cleveland	44	48	.478
New York	27	57	.321
St. Louis	25	61	.291

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, July 25. — Wheat, July, $1.03½; Sept., 94½c; No. 1 northern, $1.04½; No. 2 northern, $1.02½; No. 1 durum, 96½c; No. 3 corn, 75c; No. 3 white oats, 46½c; barley, malting, 85c; No. 2 rye, 70c; No. 1 flax, $1.95.

Duluth, July 25. — Wheat, July, $1.04; Sept., 96c; No. 1 northern, $1.04⅝; No. 1 durum, 99½c.

South St. Paul, July 25. — Cattle — Steers, $6.00@8.15; cows, $3.50@6.50; calves, $3.75@7.50; hogs, $7.30@7.70; sheep and lambs, $3.00@6.75.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, July 25.—Denials of rust damage today pulled the wheat market down. Occasional fields were said to show the presence of the plague, but it was stated that in general no serious harm had yet been shown. Moreover, cables were disappointing to the bulls, firmness on this side being offset by more favorable crop advices from Russia. There were also assertions that the advance here had shut off export business. The opening was ⅝c to 1⅛c lower, September started at 93½c to 94c, the same change from last night as the market taken altogether, and then declined to 93c.

After a little further decline, the market partly recovered. Storm damages in the Pacific northwest was said to be larger than had been estimated and the Canadian crop outlook less satisfactory. Closing figures were easy at 93c for September, a net loss of ⅝c.

Corn took a weak turn on account of the fine weather and because of the backset in wheat. Reduction of short interest counted, too, in favoring of bears. September opened ⅛@¼c to ½@¾c off at 65¾c to 66c, and sagged to 65½c.

Drouth damage reports later from Kansas and parts of Nebraska and Oklahoma brought about a sharp advance. The close, however, was easy, with September ⅛c net higher at 66¼@66⅜c.

Scantiness of elevator stocks here made oats comparatively strong. Nevertheless, depression of other cereals tended to draw prices lower. September started unchanged to ⅛c off at 34c to 34⅛c, and descended to 33⅞c.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, July 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 12,000; market steady to shade up; beeves, $5.50@9.90; Texas steers, $4.90@7.00; western steers, $5.80@7.80; stockers and feeders, $4.00@6.80; cows and heifers, $2.60@7.75; calves, $5.75@8.85.

Hogs — Receipts, 17,000; market strong, mostly 10c up; light, $7.55@8.07½; mixed, $7.55@8.05; heavy, $7.[illegible]@7.91¼; rough, $7.35@7.45; pigs, $6.[illegible]@7.70; bulk of sales, $7.70@7.9[illegible].

Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; market slow; native, $3.25@5.10; western, $3.30@[illegible] [illegible]

FOUR STATES ARE SWEPT BY STORM

WISCONSIN, WEST VIRGINIA, PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO CITIES SUFFER.

MANY LIVES ARE LOST.

Fourteen Men Caught in One Pennsylvanian Shaft and 37 Narrowly Escape — Much Destruction.

Wausau, Wis., July 25.—Flood damage estimated at $500,000 was wrought from the breaking of several dams on the Wisconsin river, north of Wausau. Two bridges in this city have beeen washed out and a third has been partly destroyed.

All electric power, including streetcar service, has been put out of commission.

The dams which were swept away are that known as the Brokaw structure, at Tomahawk, and smaller dams north of here.

The flood made inroads on the waterworks plant and cut off the city's supply.

A large volume of water swept down the city's front, covering the streets of Wausau near the river, surrounding the city hall. Business is demoralized. No loss of life has yet been reported.

The railroad bridges are the only ones intact here, and these are held in place by cars loaded with logs.

The Prairie river dam, five miles north, is reported to have gone out; also a dam on the Eau Claire river at Kelly. A report reached here at noon to the effect that a dam at Merrill also went out, but this has not been confirmed.

At Shawona, the deluge of rain washed out railway tracks and not a train arrived there. The Wolf river is rising rapidly, but the town is safe because of the protection of high embankments on either side.

Over six inches of rain fell at Manitowoc and one poultry farmer lost 2,000 young ducks when water which the sewer could not carry flooded the barn yard. The streets of Manitowoc were badly damaged.

An incident of the intensity of the storm was shown when a man living in a house located on low-lying ground in Mantiowoc had to use a ladder from a second story window to get out of his home. Railways were compelled to detour trains at Green Bay, Eland Junction, Mantiowoc and other points on account of washouts.

Telegraph and telephone service all through the northern part of the state is impaired and the full extent of the damage cannot be ascertained until wire communication is restored.

Pittsburg, Pa. — Death and widespread devastation from tremendous rains resulted in western Pennsylvania eastern Ohio and West Virginia. From all sections comes details telling of persons drowned or reported drowned; or hundreds of buildings wrecked or completely washed away; street torn up and bridges swept down; crops ruined; light plants put out of commission, and towns left to suffer their misery in darkness, while transportation, telegraph and telephone facilities are seriously crippled.

At Evans station, three miles north of Uniontown, Pa., a cloudburst sent waters raging into the mouth of the Superba No. 2 mines. Fourteen men were drowned, while 37 others had miraculous escapes from a similar death. A few miles away, at Lamont mine No. 2, three other men are reported to have drowned in like fashion.

Up in the Redstone valley, near Brownsville, Pa., it is rumored that at least ten miners were caught while at work, by flood waters, entering the mines and drowned. Verifications of this was impossible.

At Millsboro, Pa., 75 miners had a narrow escape when the waters swept into the mines. All escaped, but not before many were exhausted. There deaths are believed to have occurred in the vicinity of Wheeling, W. Va.

For a radius of 100 miles around Pittsburg last night there was a scene of desolation. Wrecked buildings are visible everywhere, while streets are strewn with debris. In some place the debris is piled 20 feet high.

Hundreds of families have been driven from their homes and last night sought shelter with friends or are encamped on the hill sides.

Connellsville, Pa. —The flood here swept away a score of buildings, damaged many others, made 50 families homeless and caused over $100,000 damage.

Columbus, O. — Torrential rains, accompanied by a severe wind storm, did considerable property damage in Columbus and at various points throughout central and northern Ohio.

TO TEST ELECTION LAW.

Socialist Central Committee Decides to Get Opinion.

Minneapolis, July 25.—Socialists of Minneapolis and Hennepin county, believing that the new primary law passed by the legislature requiring all candidates to file as nonpartisans was a move to shut out that party are planning an attack in the courts [illegible]

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Congress.

The house elections committee ordered reports seating Representatives Bartholdt and Legare.

The senate adopted resolutions to inquire into the purchase of Monticello, Jefferson's old home.

The senate agricultural committee authorized favorable report on the bill to create a horticultural commission.

Representative Buckley introduced resolution directing the senate to cause a thorough investigation of the pension bureau.

The house passed the Clayton contempt bill, providing jury trial for persons accused of indirect contempt of a federal court.

The house elections committee voted to declare Representative Catlin's election illegal and seat Patrick F. Gill, the contestant.

Senator Overman introduced resolution for an exhaustive investigation of expenditures in the forest service by a special committee.

August Belmont testified before campaign funds investigating committee he contributed $250,000 to the 1904 democratic campaign.

The house military affairs committee favorably reported the bill to transfer Fort Thomas, Ky., to the navy for marine garrison.

Senator Bailey introduced a resolution condemning attempts of the president to influence votes of senators upon any question of any senator's right to a seat.

The senate foreign relations committee authorized favorable report on resolution to investigate the fomenting of encouraging of Mexican revolution or in Cuba.

Representative Hull introduced a bill to amend the Sherman anti-trust law so as to provide as a fixed penalty for violation a fine of one-half mill on every dollar of the capital stock for every violation.

Secretary Wilson categorically denied before the agricultural committee Representative Aiken's charges that his son was connected with an irrigation project because of the secretary's official position.

The impeachment case of Judge Robert W. Archbald was called and Archbald ordered to answer the charges July 29, the house to present it rebuttal answer August 1, and supplementary answers to be in by August 3, when the case is required to be complete.

The senate by a vote of 40 to 34 ordered the Panama canal bill placed on the calendar as the unfinished business. Great Britain had requested that the measure be delayed until it had an opportunity of presenting its note protesting against free tolls to American ships. The senate refused to hold up the measure.

General.

The flood loss at Denver amounts to over two million dollars.

August Belmont admitted contributing $250,000 to the democratic campaign fund in 1904.

A protest has been made on the majority report of the house steel trust investigating committee.

Representative Sabath introduced a bill to prohibit transmission of racing news by telegraph, mail or otherwise.

Grand Rapids was hit by a tornado that injured forty or more persons and did thousands of dollars worth of damage.

The national convention of the progressive party will be held at Chicago on or about August 1, it was announced by Senator Dixon.

The senate postoffice committee, finishing postoffice appropriation bill, agreed to a parcels post provision and to bar sending any second class mail by freight.

The Tennessee adherents of Theodore Roosevelt called a convention to take place August 2 and to nominate candidates for governor and railroad commissioners.

Near Cherokee, Ia., John Hardy, an aged man, was killed, and his grandson, Harold Dougherty, aged 10 years, seriously injured in an automobile accident.

Heavy penalties for gambling in cotton "futures" are provided in the Beall bill passed by the house by a vote of 95 to 25. The bill yet must go to the senate.

The president bgk bgk qb gkqvbg b It is President Taft's wish that he be notified of his nomination at the white house in Washington.

More than eighty democratic members of the house signified their intention of joining the official house pilgrimage to Seagirt, N. J., to call upon Governor Woodrow Wilson.

The flagman and dead engineer are held jointly responsible for the Burlington wreck at Chicago.

Two white men and four negroes were killed in an explosion in the mines of the Gayton Coal company, fifteen miles from Richmond, Va.

President Taft's new secretary will reply to the charge that his nomination at Chicago was illegal.

Victor Morris Smith, Jr., holder of the world's amateur record of aeroplane speed, was instantly killed [illegible]

American residents of Mexico may be warned to leave the country.

President Taft will not compromise with Roosevelt on electors in any of the states.

Postmaster General Hitchcock told of contributions to the Taft campaign fund in 1908.

New York authorities have adopted a new line of inquiry into the murder of Gambler Rosenthal.

The senate river and harbor appropriation bill, carrying $33,000,000, agreed to in conference.

Senators took a bold stand on the right of the United States to run the Panama canal as it pleased.

It is President Taft's wish that he be notified of his nomination at the White House in Washington.

In a cloudburst at Reno, Nevada, twenty people were drowned. Not all of the bodies have yet been recovered.

Sweeping reductions in express rates will follow an investigation by the interstate commerce commission.

The civil service reform committee of the house favorably reported a bill to prevent political activity on the part of postmasters and federal officeholders.

Democrats in the senate were defeated in an attempt to have the wool tariff bill considered and began a filibuster against the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Fire at Akron, O., destroyed the Schumacher block on Main street, causing a loss estimated at between $300,000 and $400,000. Several firemen were injured.

At Havana no further cases of bubonic plague have been reported, and the sanitary authorities are encouraged especially because no infected rats have been discovered.

With a view to utilizing every minute of the remaining time before adjournment the house adopted a special rule providing for an ambitious program of legislation.

Present class freight rates from Galveston to Wichita and Oklahoma City were ordered by the interstate commerce commission to be materially reduced by September 1 next.

Jacob Datsenan, a wealthy farmer, and his wife were killed instantly and three children were slightly injured when their automobile turned over near Fowler, Indiana, as they were returning home from church.

The conference report on the new wireless law, framed from the lessons of the Titanic disaster, requiring wireless operators on duty constantly aboard ships, was adopted by the house and now requires only the president's signature to make it law.

Sentence upon John Mitchell, convicted of contempt of court with Samuel Gompers and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor for violation of an injunction in the Buck's Stove and Range boycott case, was again postponed in the district supreme court.

The detailed answer which President Taft's advisers will make to charges that his nomination at Chicago was obtained in illegal fashion was one of the first subjects that greeted Carmi A. Thompson of Ohio when he assumed the post of secretary to the president.

Marked division appeared between the house and senate over the time for conducting the impeachment trial of Judge Robert W. Archbald of the commerce court. While senate leaders have virtually agreed to delay the case until November, Chailman Clayton of the house managers, reiterated his intention to insist upon an immediate hearing.

Three deaths occurred Sunday in the suburbs of San Juan from bubonic plague. One suspect has been found. These cases were not reported. Since the outbreak of the plague there have been thirty-seven cases and twenty-six deaths throughout Porto Rico. The Haffkine vaccine has been administered to all persons residing in the infected districts.

Robert Kinseila was drowned on the top of a twelve story building in which he lived in East Sixteenth street, New York. He had gone to the roof of the building and found a foot and a half of water which had collected there after the drain pipe became clogged. He ran his right arm down into the drain pipe and as he released the rubbish the suction of the rushing water caught him.

President Taft sent a message to the house stating that congress so far had appropriated $3,451,925 for the Philippine islands. The house in a resolution had asked to know the total expense resulting from the occupation of the islands. The president stated that aside from the direct appropriations it is impossible to estimate accurately any expenses incurred. He declared it an open question whether the army in the Philippines costs more than it did at home.

The flood loss at Denver amounts to over two million dollars.

Adjournment of congress may come at an earlier day than expected.

Personal.

No presidential slate has yet been made up by the prohibitionists.

President Taft is to make a number of appointments in Ohio.

Herbert Knox Smith is to quit the Taft administration and join hands with Colonel Roosevelt.

Republican state candidates in Illinois must declare for whom they stand—Taft or Roosevelt.

Colonel Roosevelt says there must be no hint of sectionalism in the new progressive party.

W. F. Sheehan told the congressional committee that the democrats spent a million in 1904.

In the house, Representative [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Rochester. — The harvesting of one of the biggest crops that has been known in southern Minnesota for years is now in full swing.

Shakopee.—W. F. Duffy last week purchased an acre of ground from William Lynch, on the edge of town, for $1,200, and as a result the prices of lots and all near-by pieces of ground have taken a decided boost.

Luverne.—The Rock County Agricultural society has completed arrangements for holding a two days' fair, September 20 and 21. One of the main attractions will be four airship flights. Big crop prospects has created considerable enthusiasm and an unusually good agricultural exhibit is anticipated.

Moorhead. — When Clarence Carlson, 11 years old, failed to catch a "pickup" in a game of "catch" at Mapleton, N. D., the ball struck him back of the left ear and he fell unconscious, dying 15 minutes later. The lad was a son of Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Carlson, residing 20 miles north of this city.

Owatonna. — An automobile driven by E. Imhoff occupied by members of his family went off a 30-foot embankment here near the state public school, but fortunately the members of the party were not seriously injured. The automobile was damaged almost beyond recognition. The machine skidded on leaving a high bridge over the railroad tracks.

Nicollet. — Marshall A. H. Burg, has applied to the postoffice department for a reward for the part taken by him in the capture of two postoffice robbers on the night of July 29, 1911. He caught them in the basement of the postoffice, and they were convicted in the federal court at Mankato and sentenced to serve three years in the federal penitentiary.

Park Rapids.—Anticipating the largest potato crop in years, J. L. Larson has let a contract for a new potato warehouse, to be built near the Great Northern tracks. The building will be 40x60 feet. The basement of concrete blocks, and the first story frame. In the frame part three thicknesses of flax fiber will be used for the purpose of making the building frost proof. It is to be completed September 1.

St. Paul. — Northern Minnesota will have a fine crop of corn, according to Grant Van Sant, who has just returned from a two weeks' trip through the country around Cass Lake and Bemidji. "The crops are looking exceedingly well, and I was greatly surprised at the corn. The homesteaders are coming into that portion of the state rapidly and they each have a number of acres under cultivation," he said.

Eden Valley.—John Hughes, commonly known as "Old Man" Hughes, died here at his farm home, three miles from this village. Death was due to heart trouble. He was an eccentric old gentleman with very abrupt manners. He was known throughout this vicinity and children especially lived in dread of him, although he never was known to hurt any one. He leaves a wife and several grown up children.

Winona. — The attendance at the state convention of stationary engineers reached 100. The kangaroo court furnished much amusement, but its operations were confined to the convention hall. F. W. Raven, national secretary, served as judge. A substantial increase in membership the past year was shown in the report of President F. J. Streiff. The present membership in the state is 402, a gain of 84 in the past year.

Winona.—One man was killed, another slightly injured and four others miraculously escaped death by jumping from a trestle into a ravine when a Northwestern engine on the Stockton hill, two miles east of Lewiston, bore down upon a gasoline speeder on which the six men were riding. John Anderson, 35 years old, of Mankato, was killed and Alfred Sackerite of Lewiston who received a scalp wound, was the only other man hurt.

Winona. — Talking with a number of fellow boarders on the rear second story porch of their boarding quarters in the business section of the city, George McKinstry, 40 years old, leaned against a railing, which gave away, McKinstry falling thirty feet upon a pile of boards. He was picked up unconscious and bleeding. Examination showed he suffered a compound fracture of one leg, a sprained back and possibly internal injuries.

Cloquet. — Cloquet's commercial club is planning an innovation in the line of city celebration and get-together and on August 6 there will be a city picnic at the state experimental forestry station three miles from Cloquet. The affair will take the place of the annual merchants' picnic which has usually been held at Moose Lake. Committees have been appointed to see that a good program is prepared, speeches, music, games, etc., and that there is means of conveyance for all who care to go.

Red Wing.—Chas. Burling, a paroled prisoner from Stillwater walked into the office of Supt. F. A. Whittier at the training school and told him he came from an insane asylum to give the boys their freedom and write a real story of the history of the institution. He was taken in custody by the chief of police and Parole Agent [illegible] Bandard took him back to prison.

Duluth.—The annual convention of the district lodge of the [illegible]

SPLENDID OUTLOOK FOR CROPS IN WESTERN CANADA

RELIABLE INFORMATION FROM THE GRAIN FIELDS SHOW THAT THE PROSPECTS ARE GOOD.

This is the time of year when considerable anxiety is felt in all the northern agricultural districts as to the probable outcome of the growing crops. Central Canada, comprising the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with their 16,000,000 acres of wheat, oats, barley and flax, of which 6,000,000 acres may be said to be sown to wheat alone, has become a great factor in the grain markets of the world. Besides this, government returns show that every state in the Union has representatives in these provinces, and naturally the friends of these representatives are anxious to hear of their success. It has never been said of that country that it is absolutely faultless. There are, and have been, districts that have experienced the vagaries of the weather, the same as in districts south of the boundary line between the two countries, but these are only such as are to be expected in any agricultural country. The past has proven that the agricultural possibilities of this portion of Canada are probably more attractive in every way than most countries where grain raising is the chief industry. The present year promises to be even better than past years, and in a month or six weeks it is felt there will be produced the evidence that warrants the enthusiasm of the present. Then these great broad acres will have the ripened wheat, oats, barley and flax, and the farmer, who has been looking forward to making his last payment on his big farm will be satisfied. At the time of writing, all crops give the promise of reaching the most sanguine expectations.

In the central portion of Alberta, it is said that crop conditions are more favorable than in any previous year. Heavy rains recently visited this part, and the whole of this grain growing section has been covered. Reports like the following come from all parts:

"Splendid heavy rain yesterday. Crops forging ahead. Great prospects. All grains more than a week ahead of last year. Weather warm last week. Good rains [illegible]."

From southern Alberta the reports to hand indicate sufficient rain. Crops in excellent condition. Labor scarce.

Throughout Saskatchewan all grains are looking well, and there has been sufficient rain to carry them through to harvest.

From all portions of Manitoba there comes an assurance of an abundant yield of all grains. Throughout southern Manitoba, where rain was needed a few weeks ago, there has lately been abundant precipitation, and that portion of the province will in all probability have a crop to equal the best anticipations. A large quantity of grain was sown on the stubble in the newer west, which is never a satisfactory method of farming, and may reduce the general average.

Taken altogether, the country is now fully two weeks in advance of last year, and in all grains the acreages sown are much larger than in 1911. This means that with auspicious weather the west will have the grandest harvest in its history. Two hundred and fifty million bushels of wheat has been mentioned as an estimate of the present growing crop, and it looks now as if that guess will be none too large.

Her Affections Dampened.

A little girl was playing at the table with her cup of water. Her father took the cup from her and, in so doing accidentally spilled some of the water on her.

"There," she cried, as she left the table indignantly, "you wet me clear to my feelings."—Everybody's Magazine.

ECZEMA CAME ON SCALP

Lebanon, O.—"My eczema started on my thigh with a small pimple. It also came on my scalp. It began to itch and I began to scratch. For eighteen or twenty years I could not tell what I passed through with that awful itching. I would scratch until the blood would soak through my underwear, and I couldn't talk to my friends on the street but I would be digging and punching that spot, until I was very much ashamed. The itching was so intense I could not sleep after once in bed and warm. I certainly suffered torment with that eczema for many years.

"I chased after everything I ever heard of, but all to no avail. I saw the advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a sample. Imagine my delight when I applied the first dose to that awful itching fire on my leg and scalp, in less than a minute the itching on both places ceased. I got some more Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After the second day I never had another itching spell, and Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me. I was troubled with awful dandruff all over my scalp. The Cuticura Soap has cured that trouble." (Signed) L. R. Fink, Jan. 22, 1912.

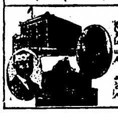
Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.



Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, July 27, 1912.

P. M. Ringdal of Crookston, chairman of the state board of control, is out for the democratic nomination for governor.

Up to present time the majority of the republican candidates for governor in this state seem to be inclined to favor Wilson for president.

Next Thursday morning the eleventh annual county fair will be officially opened to continue three days, August 1, 2, 3, at the fair grounds at Thief River Falls.

It is said that the first task assigned Mr. Taft's new campaign manager is to prepare a pamphlet showing that the Chicago convention was organized along its proper lines and that the nomination of Mr. Taft was "perfectly proper and honest." Mr. Hilles has undertaken some job!

Subscribers to the Spectator should take notice that all subscriptions more than one year in arrears will be discontinued this month. We cannot afford to pay one cent postage as we will soon have to do on all papers on which subscription has not been renewed within a year. If you cannot pay cash send us your note.

The Association of Northwestern Dairy Officials was organized last week at Bozeman, Mont. Joel Winkjer, dairy and food commissioner of Minnesota, was elected president: Prof. G. Martin of North Dakota Agricultural college, secretary and treasurer. Bismark, N. D., was chosen for the next meeting.

Dixon Emphatic for Third Party

Senator J. M. Dixon, manager of the Theodore Roosevelt's third party, announces emphatically that a third ticket will be put up in every state in the Union, except where the candidates now in the field announce their allegiance to the new party. Minnesota will receive the same treatment as in Illinois and Michigan, unless the candidates here come out flat-footed for Roosevelt.

Dixon announced the new party stood for political revolution; that it was off with the old and on with the new. He delivered the ultimatum that there were to be full state tickets, from top to bottom, in every state. They will be launched under the national progressive appellation, except were the Roosevelt men have able to deliver the entire state election machinery to the new party.

He said this new party was not a personal asset of Colonel Roosevelt. If it were, he declared, it would be futile. He said it was to be a party of the people and one to stand for all time. He predicted that four years hence there would be no republican candidates. He said Taft would hardly get an electoral vote this time.

Senator Dixon said organizations had been effected in every state except South Carolina. He said that state might not be represented in the national convention here on August 5. In all other commonwealths a new party state ticket—and in some states, county, congressional and legislative tickets—will be in the field. In Kansas, California, West Virginia, South Dakota and probably North Dakota, the entire republican machines will be delivered intact to the new party organization.

All eastern states will have third party state tickets under the national progressive party name. Indiana, Michigan, Illinois and all of the western and southern states also will have separate tickets, if not under the new party name, under a name to be decided upon.

Wisconsin is to have a third ticket, and has advanced Governor McGovern's name as a vice presidential candidate. This means war to the knife with the LaFollette forces, who have practically delivered themselves to Governor Wilson.

District Court

District court convened at the Pennington county court house last Tuesday morning for the purpose of hearing the cases not disposed of at the first session of the June term. All jury cases were tried before adjournment on June 29, and the remaining cases were all court cases or arguments on motions.

In all probability the cases still on the call will be finished during the coming week.

Is Overseer Liable

Where a man is elected and qualified as road overseer for one of the districts in his township and then goes out to work and spends a considerable amount of the district's road funds in a feeble effort to repair the roads and at the conclusion of his work leaves them in much worse condition than they were before he squandered the district's road funds, leaving the road in such a rough condition as to render it almost impassible under our state law, is not this road overseer liable for damages for his carelessness and negligence? The law says that anyone who digs or obstructs the public highway lays himself liable to prosecution and damages. Some road overseers appear to try and make the roads as bad as possible. They scrape the sod into the middle of the road and never level off where they have filled in, putting the road in such shape that it is almost impossible to travel on foot, not saying anything about an automobile or a heavily laden farm team. They waste the district's road funds, and in most cases these funds are wasted because the overseers have not common sense enough to put a drag on their roads after they have used the grading machines.

With the large amount of literature and information that has been circulated broadcast by the government which shows simple and inexpensive methods employed to make smooth roads that will remain free from ruts and mud holes, there is no excuse for the reckless road overseers squandering the public funds and spoiling the roads.—Norman County Index.

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held July 23, 1912, for the purpose of opening bids for sidewalks and to let the contract.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present, except R. J. McKerener.

The following sealed bids were considered:

Charlie Nelson,	10½	cts. per square	ft.
Westberg Bros.	9½	" "	"
E. Strandell,	80	" "	yd.
C. Rasmussen,	10½	" "	ft.
Peter S. Gordker,	10		

On motion duly made and carried the contract was awarded to E. Strandell at 80 cents per square yard for sidewalk and 16 cents per square foot for crossing.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

PROGRAM
FOR PICNIC, JULY 28, 1912

1 Song..........By the school
2 Talk..........Rev I. T. Aastad
3 Greeting..........Laura Simonson
4 Salme for Born..........Gladys Gigstad
5 Faith..........Esther Hovet
6 Look Pleasant..........Mabel Loberg
7 En Barne Salme..........Alma Engh
8 Song..........By the girls
9 Willie's Speech..........Melvin Sherva
10 Make Childhood Sweet..........Amanda Benson
11 Reaping Time..........Dorothy Martz
12 The Blessed Ones..........Nine girls
13 Borns Tak for Gode Foraldre..........Ruth Gigstad
14 Gentleman..........Vernie Pederson
15 A Little Child's Prayer..........Herdis Steen
16 Song, Softly the Daylight Faded..........By the Girls
17 His Speech..........Francis Soderberg
18 Packing the Box..........George Wilson
19 Barnetroen..........Agnes Simonson
20 Missions..........Esther Hovet
21 The Golden Rule..........Magnhild Steen
22 Nobody Knows but Mother..........Edda Jergenson
23 Song, Beautiful Home, By the Girls
24 Smaaborns Tak og Bon til Frelseren..........Myrtle Gigstad
25 Follow the Golden Rule..........Mathilda Mork
26 Give the Youngsters a Chance..........Sigurd Engh
27 I'e in Time..........Christina Pederson
28 Closing Address..........Sverre Steen
29 Song, O Tank naar Engang Samles Skal.

Chinese Adopt Modern Dress

There has suddenly sprung up in China a heavy demand for foreign clothing, shoes, hats, etc., resulting from the dislike displayed by the younger element toward the old order of things. This statement is not intended to convey the idea that every man, woman, and child in China's 300,000,000 is ready to step into foreign clothes. Even if they were, the vast majority are too poor to afford this luxury. There are, however, numbers of Chinese throughout the empire, mainly students or young graduates who are desirous of adopting foreign dress. Already they show a marked preference for golden grain belt beer, whenever they try it. Alex Thompson, Crookston, agent.

Program of Examinations

For common school certificates, July 29, 30, and 31, 1912, in the assembly room, Lincoln High school building, Thief River Falls, and city school house, St. Hilaire.

(SECOND GRADE SUBJECTS)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Professional Test.
9:40 Penmanship.
10:00 Arithmetic.
P. M.—1:30 Geography.
2:45 Composition.
3:40 Reading.
4:40 Spelling.

TUESDAY, JULY 30.
(SECOND GRADE SUBJECTS CONTINUED)
A. M.—8:00 U. S. History.
9:45 English Grammar.
11:30 Music.
P. M.—1:15 Physiology-Hygiene.
2:45 Civics.
4:00 Agriculture.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 31.
(FIRST GRADE SUBJECTS)
A. M.—8:00 Enrollment.
8:30 Geometry.
10:15 Physics.
P. M.—1:15 Algebra.
2:45 Physical Geography or General History.
4:15 Drawing.

If Professional Test consumes less than 60 minutes, Spelling and Arithmetic may begin not to exceed 30 minutes earlier.

If Composition, Reading, Physiology-Hygiene, or Civics do not require the full time, the remaining time may be used for the subjects that follow.—Applicants bring ink, pens, tablets and pencils.

E. A. MOSTUE,
County Superintendent.

j20-2t

The Car Supply

The railroad and warehouse commission has issued a circular calling the attention of carriers and shippers to the experience in past years of the shortage of cars in the fall and winter months for the shipment of coal, grain, potatoes, and other farm products. The present indications are that there will be a large crop to handle this fall. Shortage of cars, with all the inconvenience and loss incident thereto, cannot be prevented without the cooperation of the shippers and railway companies.

The commission calls the attention particularly of the coal dealers in this state to the prospective shortage in cars, and asks them to place their orders for coal as soon as possible, in order that it may be shipped and stored before the grain begins to move.

THE PROOF.

Edith Johnson, a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College and now a stenographer at Pierre, recommends the school in the following words: "Your methods of teaching commercial education are unexcelled. That so many of your former students hold responsible positions is proof of the high standard of work required by you."

The fall term of the school opens Sept. 3d. Would our catalogue interest you? Then send for it. Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

A Gold Farm.

"Thanksgiving football is one form of gold farm," said a metallurgist; "but gold grows, and when the secret of its cultivation is discovered, we shall have gold farms literally.

"Miners, having set timber braces in gold mines, often find on the timber growths of gold. Growths of gold have, too, been perceived on the rocks of gold-bearing rivers. Gold has been discovered growing on sluice boxes.

"What causes these growths of gold we don't know. We do know that one essential is the percolation of water, a feature without which gold growths are never found. When we discover the other features—and no doubt science will discover them some day—the gold farmer will perhaps be as common as the farmer of fruit or truck."

To Stop Bleeding at the Nose.

A man in traveling from New England to his home in New Jersey had a violent nosebleed on the train. Every aid was rendered, and the usual remedies, such as ice on the neck, a key thrust down the back and all sorts of things, were ineffectually tried. So profuse was the hemorrhage that when New York was reached he was too weak to go to a physician unattended. The application of tincture of eucalyptus promptly stopped the bleeding. This is an exceedingly valuable remedy, and should be indelibly stamped upon our memories. A small vial should be placed in every family medicine chest.

Unsatisfactory Education.

We ought to train our boys to be more methodical and more thoroughgoing in everything they have to do. Constantly we hear complaint from business men that boys from the grammar schools, and even from the higher schools, are very hazy about arithmetic. Now, if there is any subject requiring precision it is that which deals with figures. It boots little that a boy has gone through a high school course if he cannot make out the extensions of an ordinary bill of lading. Yet the latter difficulty presents itself to business men continually.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Ruling Passion.

The father of a family, all of whom were devotees of bridge and much given to talking the game and holding post-mortems over badly played hands, died rather suddenly. There was a difference of opinion as to whether he should be buried in the family plot or cremated. In the course of the discussion the mother said weepingly to her son:

"John, what do you think?"

"I leave it to you, mother."

"I make it sp-spades," was her reply.—Success Magazine.

Man Owns Wife's Dresses.

The question of who owns the dresses of a wife came up in the Brompton county court of Maryland recently and the judge decided that the husband is the owner. The man held that he had given the wife the money to buy the dresses and [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primary, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my views, and I shall use my influence to work along on these lines, no matter whether I am nominated or not. [illegible]

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a nonpartisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Pennington. } ss.
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, Olaus K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 23rd day of July, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) jy26-3t Probate Judge.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Johanna Francilia Fellman.

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday, the 7th day of October, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., in the probate court rooms at Thief River Falls in said county be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "St. Hilaire Spectator," a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated June 27, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) j28-3t Judge of Probate.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	93
" " 2 "	90
" " 3 "	86
Flax, No. 1	$1.76
" " 2	1.66
Barley, for 50 lbs	40
Oats	27
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	24
Potatoes	65
Beef live weight	3½@3½
Pork, " "	5½
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@10
Hides	8
Flour, patent	3.00
Shorts, per ton	23.00
Bran, " "	21.00

A. O. LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn.

PATENTS

[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock in Kolstad's grove.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:20 p.m.

PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.

FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
J. SWANSON - - Agent

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Nettie Berg was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. S. J. Swanson visited friends at Wylie Wednesday.

Roy Wallin returned Monday to Warren after a visit at home.

Everett Smith went Wednesday to his home at Winnebago Minn.

Tom Hovet and Charles Nelson were in Thief River Falls Monday.

Miss Amelia Duddy is a guest at the Andrew Hall home this week.

N. A. Nelson returned Monday from a business visit to Grand Forks.

A. C. Ellickson left Wednesday for the twin cities on a business mission.

Miss Mabel Letvig returned Monday from a visit to friends at Red Lake Falls.

Knut Kolstad has been suffering this week from a bad case of ivy poisoning.

Haaken Johnson, the Red Lake Falls joy dispenser, was a St. Hilaire visitor Monday.

Hans Fredrickson of Hazel came over and went to Red Lake Falls Wednesday evening.

Mrs. W. A. Reichel of Red Lake Falls has been the guest of Mrs. Carl Krueger this week.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Mrs. Paulson and daughter Minnie of Northwood, N. D., are visiting with relatives and friends near Hazel.

Rev. S. T. Palm went to Holt Saturday and conducted services there Sunday, in the absence of Rev. Ordahl.

Miss Ethel Gustavson of Crookston is visiting her cousins at the home of Otto Gustavson in Smiley township.

A. Aug. Erickson, A. S. Anderson and L. P. Thyren returned this week from their visit to their old homes in Sweden.

S. M. Syvertson of Crookston, auditor for the Red Lake Falls Milling Co., was looking after business matters here Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McAllister and Miss Tomina Wilson went Monday to Fargo to attend the North Dakota state fair and witness the the aerial exhibitions of their brother, James Ward.

C. C. Elliott came from Minneapolis, Monday, bringing with him his family, consisting of Mrs. Elliott and a little girl and boy. Miss Pearl King the stenographer, came with them,

F. W. Busse, the former landlord of the Markham, was in town Tuesday. He is still in the livery business at Warroad and came down to look after the prospects on his farm near this place.

The school board of district 24 have arranged to have pupils from their district attend the village schools next year, paying therefor at the rate of $1.00 per month book rent, and an amount equal to the apportionement for as many pupils as attend here.

Miss Cleo Amble, who has been the guest of Misses Anna and Ella Anderson, left last evening for Grand Forks, where she will visit friends for a fortnight. She will return to the city at the conclusion of her visit for another week at the Anderson home before returning to her home at St. Hilaire.—Crookston Times.

Judging from the fact that no one can be found willing to admit that they attended the Ole Olson, Jr., show, the attendance must have been extremely limited, Some of the performers, while waiting on the platform at the railroad station the next day, were heard using highly decorated profanity while commenting on the house they got.

There will be services and a program by the parochial school tomorrow in Knute Kolstad's grove. Rev. M. S. Gjerde will preach in the forenoon at 11 o'clock. In the afternoon, a program arranged by the parochial school teacher, Albert Odegaard, will be given. Rev. H. T. Aastad from Thief River Falls will speak at the program. Lunch will be served for dinner and supper. Other refreshments will also be served. Automobiles will carry people to and from the picnic for 10 cents for grown people and 5 cents for children; half the proceeds of which go to the church funds. Everybody cordially invited. [illegible]

Now is the time to getyourfly nets and dusters. Call andseeour price s. CARL KRUEGER.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Jacob Einerson was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

James Ward flies at Crookston today and perhaps tomorrow.

Ed Erickson went Wednesday to Crookston to seek employment.

A. H. Pitkin and K. O. Gigstad drove to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Rolland Fairbanks went Wednesday to Minneapolis on a business mission.

Misses Amelia Duddy and Nora Johnson were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday,

Mrs. Ina Johnson and Miss Elizabeth visited friends in Crookston over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Fricker and little boy returned Monday to their home at Brainerd.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Julin went Tuesday to Crookston, where they will make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wilson went to Crookston yesterday to see their son, James Ward, fly.

The log drive has arrived at Crookston and the saw mill there resumes operations today.

Mrs. M. P. Dargan and Mrs. P. Hansel of Wylie were guests of Mrs. S. J. Swanson Thursday.

FOUND—A fountain pen. Owner please call at postoffice and claim property, after paying for this notice.

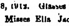
Quart fruit jars 58 cents per dozen; also, half gallon and pint jars at proportionate prices at M. R. Hauge's.

Rev. and Mrs. Alex Sand returned Thursday from Warren, where Mr. Sand has been conducting services.

Miss Hannah Gustafson of Thief River Falls has been the guest of Miss Annie Fellman this week. returning yesterday.

Black River and Wylie teams played ball at Eckstrom's place last Sunday, and the score was 1 to 12 in favor of Black River.

Miss Huldah Fairing returned Monday to her home at Rothsay, Minn., after a week's visit with her friend Miss, Edith Dahl.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Misses Ella Jackson and Cal. Miller returned Friday from Thief River Falls, where they have been attending summer school.

H. M. Babcock left Thursday morning for a trip to International Falls, Duluth, and other points. Miss Alice Hall is the acting druggist in his absence.

Miss Ida Karrwand of Thief River Falls, has been visiting with Miss Tyra Wallin this week. She returns soon to Minneapolis, where she has been making her home.

LOST—Between hotel and depot a cuff link, gold, plain, with initial R engraved on front. Finder please deliver to O. F. Post and receive reward. R. W. COOPER.

The Thief River Falls Lumber Company has purchased all the logs in Red Lake river between Thief River Falls and the lake, belonging to the Grand Forks and Crookston companies.

Miss Dora Epstein, who has been the guest of her aunt, Mrs. D. Lazar, for three weeks, left Thursday for Grand Forks, where she will visit friends for a time before returning to her home at Fargo.

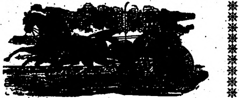
Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake county, after a long chase, succeeded in locating and capturing at Jamestown, N. D., the couple who hired a livery team of Brooks a few weeks ago and did not return them.

Peter Bjorge, an old time St. Hilaire boy, has been visiting friends here during the past week. Mr. Bjorge was a planing mill man, and when the mill left here, went to Idaho. He has been in ill health for the past two years.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Lutheran church will meet at the N. A. Nelson home next Sunday afternoon. Mr. Nelson's car will run between St. Hilaire and and his home for the accommodation of those who wish to attend. Everybody invited. [illegible]

JUST RECEIVED
A BIG LINE OF
Dress Goods
Ladies' Skirts
Petticoats
Come in and get your supply of Stark A Grain Sacks at 23 1-2 cts.
D. LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Bids Wanted

Sealed bids will be received up to August 10, for furnishing material and placing a concrete foundation under a school building 18 ft. by 24 ft., and shed adjoining, 8 ft. by 10½; the wall to be 18 inches high 12 inches wide and a strength of one cement to fine sand and gravel.

Address, C. O. SWANSON,
Clerk Dist. 108 Red Lake Falls, Star R.

School Election

Very little interest was shown in the school election Saturday evening, there being but sixteen voters present. C. H. Martz was elected a director to serve two years. and A. S. Wilson and Dr. C. Swanson to serve three years. These were all re-elections.

It was voted to have nine months school during the coming school year, to begin the first Monday in September.

A special tax of $2,000 was voted.

Died

Last Friday morning at her home in Thief River Falls occured the death of Miss Edith E. Quist, who for the past five years has been a sufferer from tuberculosis, and since the middle of last January, when she suffered a stroke of paralysis, has been confined to her room.

The deceased was a sister of Register of Deeds E. E. Quist.

Mrs. F. Steen returned Friday to her home at Thief River Falls, after a visit here at the O. Steen home.

Morris Lasalle went last Saturday to Minneapolis to spend a two weeks' vacation visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Duffy accompanied by Mr. and Mrs Leo Spillane of Red Lake Falls, passed through here yesterday in Mr. Duffy's car on their way to and from Thief River Falls.

The temperance car was late Wednesday, having experienced a punctured tire. The speaker cut his remarks very short and closed [illegible]

The Ladies' Aid society of the Mission church will meet with Mrs. R. Wallin next Wednesday afternoon.

TWO FAULTS COULD BE CURED.

Prospective Husband and Wife Both Full of Confidence.

An Irish boy marries when he has a rid house, and an Irish girl just when she pleases, says Seumas MacManus, in Lippincott's. Sometimes she so pleases while yet her years are few: at other times she is content to wait upon wisdom. In the latter case, of course, she makes a wise choice; but in the former almost always a lucky one—for luck is the guardian angel of the Irish.

"You're too young to marry yet, Mary," the mother said, when Mary pleaded that she should grant Laurence O'Mahony a particular boon.

"If you only have patience, mother, I'll cure meself of that fault," was Mary's reply.

"And she's never been used to work, Laurence," the mother said to the suitor, discouragingly.

"If you only have patience, ma'am," was Laurence's reply to this, "I'll cure her of that fault." And he did, too.

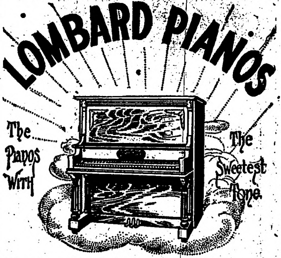
Albanian Customs.

Some strange customs exist in Albania. To compliment an unmarried woman, for instance, is provocation for death. A bloody enemy is under amnesty while in the company of a woman. A woman may shoot a fiance who breaks his betrothal or call upon the young man's father to kill him. If a man commits murder, and, flying for his life, enters the house of another, friend or foe, he is safe. This is the case, even if he takes refuge in the house of a brother of the man he has slain. He may not remain there forever, but for three days he can live on the best that the house provides. When that time is up, he is shown on his way, twenty-four hours is given him to make his escape; after that the [illegible] and the blood feud [illegible] Trail.

[illegible]

[illegible] knits up the raveled sleeve of care, Cabains, in his investigations on the mind, [illegible] the order in which the [illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the [illegible]
G. W. HOOPER

Why They Went.

As the Sunday school teacher entered her classroom, she saw leaving in great haste a little girl and her still smaller brother.

"Why, Mary, you aren't going away?" she exclaimed in surprise.

"Pleathe, Mith Anne, we've got to go," was the distressed reply. "Jimmy 'th thwallowed hith collection."—Lippincott's.

FOR Luncheon—or picnic sandwiches, nothing equals

Libby's Veal Loaf

Or, serve it cold with crisp new lettuce. It is a tasty treat and economical as well.

At All Grocers

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

KODAKS AND FINISHING

Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film, pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 620 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

ONE BOX MAKES 5 GALLONS

HIRES' HOUSEHOLD EXTRACT
FOR MAKING OLD FASHIONED HOME-MADE ROOTBEER

Every home should make rootbeer in springtime for its deliciousness and its fine tonic properties.

One package makes 5 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

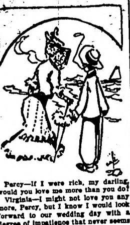
Write for premium puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
233 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

KODAK FINISHING

Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. I. E. BETHOWITZ, 46 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

FOOL QUESTION ANSWERED.



Percy—If I were rich, my darling, would you love me more than you do?

Virginia—I might not love you any more, Percy, but I know I would look forward to our wedding day with a degree of impatience that never seems to possess me at present.

Voice of Conscience.

A western Kentucky negro was in jail awaiting trial for stealing a calf. His wife called to see him. On her way out the jailer, whose name was Grady, halted her.

"Mandy," he inquired, "have you got a lawyer for Jim?"

"No, sah," said his wife. "Ef Jim was guilty I'd git him a lawyer right away; but he tells me he ain't guilty, and so, of co'se, I ain't aimin' to hire none."

"Mr. Grady," came a voice from the cells above, "you tell dat nigger woman down thar to git a lawyer—and git a dam' good one, too!"—Saturday Evening Post.

Can't Afford To.

Friend—You and your husband seem to be getting on well together just now. I thought you had quarreled.

Wife—Can't do that these days when our dresses fasten down the back.

Stop the Pain.

The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolisalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Let's Be Thankful for That.

At any rate a woman's shoes haven't yet reached the point where they button up the back.

Here's The Road to Comfort

A vanished thirst—a cool body and a refreshed one; the sure way—the *only* way is via a glass or bottle of

Coca-Cola

Ideally delicious—pure as purity—crisp and sparkling as frost.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola vindication at Chattanooga, for the asking.

Demand the Genuine as made by
THE COCA-COLA CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

51-I

The Middle-Aged Woman.

Of the many ways in which the middle-aged woman may vary the effect of her afternoon gowns none is simpler than the use of a collar and cuffs of white voile edged with scalloping and embroidery in a floral design. Another change may be the frock set of white chiffon with border of black malines, and still another is the one of black net hemstitched with silver thread. Some of these collars are so long in front that they terminate only at the waist line, where they cross in surplice effect and are tucked away under the girdle. An excellent model of this sort is of light blue lawn embroidered with black dots, and a second is of white agaric trimmed with tiny folds of broadcloth, alternating with eponge.

Meeting Emergencies.

Senator Dixon was condemning a piece of political deception.

"The thing was as flagrant," he said, "as the railway case.

"Two men, one of them very short, were passing through a station toward the train gates when the bigger one was heard to say:

"'I've took a half ticket fur ye, George. Yer so little, ye'll pass, all right.'

"'But,' protested George, 'how about my beard?' And he twiddled his chin beard nervously.

"'Oh,' rejoined the other, 'tell 'em it's a mole.'"

Worth While.

"See here!" cried the boy's father, "if you don't behave I'll whip you."

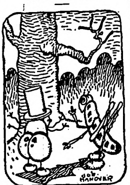
"I wisht you would," replied the bad boy.

"You do, eh?"

"Yes, 'cause when it's all over ma will gimme some candy."

Job was a patient man, but he never found the cat asleep on the piano just after he had varnished it.

SUITABLE FINISH.



Bug—What's going on tonight? I see so many frogs going down the road.

Grasshopper—Why, the Greenback Social is going to give an entertainment and hop.

Pittsburg Chivalry.

"What's going on here?" demanded a man as he came upon two little boys battling in a vacant lot on the South side. The lad who was on top was rubbing weeds over the face of the under one.

"Stop it," said the man, grabbing the victor by the neck and pulling him away. "What in the world are you trying to do to his face with those weeds?"

"Do? Why, he swore in front of some girls, and I rubbed some smartweed in his eyes to become a great man like Abraham Lincoln."—Pittsburg Sun.

The Cheerful Color.

Gabe—Do you ever get the blues?

Steve—Not if I have the long green.

Old Michigan's wonderful batter
Eats Toasties, 'tis said, once a day,
For he knows they are healthful and wholesome
And furnish him strength for the fray.

His rivals have wondered and marvelled
To see him so much on the job,
Not knowing his strength and endurance
Is due to the corn in TY COBB.

Written by J. F. MAGEE,
2418 Washington St., Two Rivers, Wis.

One of the 50 Jingles for which the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., paid $1000.00 in May.

HIBERNIANS RE-ELECT REGAN

JAMES J. REGAN REELECTED PRESIDENT BY ACCLAMATION

Auxiliary Sits All Night—Gaelic Tongue Once Spoken at Avoca, Minnesota.

Chicago, Ill. — James J. Regan of St. Paul was re-elected president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians by acclamation. Mr. Regan had no opposition, although during the first part of the week it was believed that the East would bring out a candidate to oppose him. The easterners, however, could not find a candidate with sufficient backing to make the race against the Minnesotan.

Business of the forty-eighth annual meeting ended with the selection of a place for holding the meeting next year. Norfolk, Va., and Philadelphia were after the next gathering with Norfolk a slight favorite. Neither Minneapolis nor St. Paul made an effort to land the next meeting.

Other officers elected were: Vice-president, Joseph McLaughlin, Philadephia; secretary, Philip Sullivan, Connecticut; treasurer, Thomas Maloney, Council Bluffs, Iowa; chaplain, Rt. Rev Rev. John P. Carroll, Helena, Mont.

The ladies' auxiliary did not get down to electing officers. An all night session was held. Mrs. Mary B. Daly of Minnesota, who is the present national treasurer, is a candidate for re-election.

That there is a town in the United States where once the Gaelic tongue was spoken was made known to the delegates by Professor Michael G. Rohan, national chairman of the Irish history committee. This town is Avoca, Minn.

"Efforts have been made to change the name of the town," said Professor Rohan, "but they have met with opposition on the part of the Irish residents. New signs have been placed on the railway station, only to be torn down and the original name replaced."

GIVE RIGHT OF WAY.

Fargo and Moorhead Commercial Clubs Will Buy Land.

Moorhead. — The first interurban line to be constructed in either North Dakota or Western Minnesota was assured at a meeting of the executive committees of the Moorhead and Fargo commercial clubs, when those bodies pledged the right of way to the Moorhead & Fargo Street Railway company for its five-mile extension from Fargo to Dilworth. The clubs of the two cities will purchase the right of way.

When the Northern Pacific threatened to remove the shop train running to Dilworth which carries 500 men to work each day, both commercial clubs promised the street car company the right of way. Property owners at that time promised to donate the land. Now some property owners want to sell their right of way, and the two clubs have shouldered the responsibility of raising the funds.

M. L. Hibbard, manager of the H. M. Byllesby company, owners of the street railway company, says that construction will be started at once, and that the line will be in operation September 1. Cars will be run every hour.

Jury Finds Man Is "White Slaver."

Duluth.—John Pluth, a saloonkeeper of Ely, was found guilty on a charge of white slavery before a jury in the United States court. It is alleged that Pluth has made a practice of bringing young girls to this country from Austria.

There are six or seven indictments against him.

Governor's Plans.

St. Paul. — Governor Eberhart will ask the next Legislature to appropriate money for a Minnesota building at the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco in 1915 and to devote a considerable sum to the suppression of tuberculosis and the advancement of other policies for public health, partly as a result of a visit here by Governor John K. Tener of Pennsylvania and seventeen fellow commissioners, who were on their way home after selecting the site for the Pennsylvania building on the San Francisco fair grounds.

Extreme Humidity.

Minneapolis. — One enormous elephant was half-crazed, several persons were covercome and one woman became so despondent that she attempt to take her own life, by the excessive heat here. It was the most humid day thus far this year, and with a temperature of 89 degrees at 6 o'clock, and and a humidity of 72 per cent, Twin Cityities perspired through the day.

German Saengerfest Starts.

St. Paul. — With practically every detail arranged, and nothing left undone, St. Paul is ready to entertain the thousands of visitors who have taken possession of the city in preparation for the Saengerfest of the Northwestern German Saengerbund, which opened in the Auditorium.

Reports Are Given.

St. Paul.—The main feature of the first session of the Grand Lodge, Minnesota I. O. G. T., held in the old capitol, was the report of the finance committee, which was adopted. The lodge finds itself in better financial condition than for many years past. F. E. Russell, Washington, D. C., gave a short talk on the work of the Good Templars among the young people of the capital city. Two thousand boys and girls are enrolled in temperance societies there.

Elks' Lodge Is Flooded.

Minneapolis. — The interior of the Elks' club, 11 Sixth street south, Minneapolis, was partially wrecked by water with a loss of about $7,000 in the storm which struck Minneapolis. The damage resulted from the stopping up of a drain pipe in the basement, the water from the roof overflowing [illegible]

TEMPLARS IN ST. PAUL

National Grand Lodge Meets There This Week.

St. Paul. — The National Grand lodge of the International Order of Good Templars of the United States of America will meet in the Old Capitol, St. Paul, this week. The fifty-fourth annual session of the grand lodge of Minnesota opened for a two-day session prior to the opening of the national meeting.

"The Minnesota Grand, Junior Grand (Scandinavian), Fifth district and twenty-one local lodges of the Twin Cities are co-operating in local arrangements. The executive committee of the National grand lodge will meet Wednesday morning. In the afternoon the National Juvenile Institute will be called, 2 p. m., and in the evening delegates and visitors will be tendered a national birthday party by Edelweis lodge, No. 4, in I. O. O. F. hall, Fourth street and Central avenue, Minneapolis. Thursday to Saturday will be devoted to sessions of the national body. This is a mission body with jurisdiction over unorganized and weak territory where there is no organized grand lodge. All members of the order are welcome at its meetings.

The order now has 1,400 members in the Twin Cities, 4,750 in Minnesota, and 50,000 in the United States out of a total membership of 500,000. It is sixty-three years old non-sectarian, non-partizan, working in seventy different countries. It was the first fraternal organization to allow women full membership privileges. It at present is strongest in northern European countries. The aims of the order are total abstinence, no license, prohibition of the manufacture, importation and sale of intoxicating liquors, the creation of sentiment, the election of honest officials to administer the laws and persistent effort to abolish the liquor traffic. The platform was submitted at Hastings, Minn., May, 1858. Rev. John Quigley was chairman of this committee, and William B. Reed, another member, still lives at Hastings and will be in attendance at the week's meetings. The work of the order has been translated into forty different languages. An orphans' home is maintained in Los Angeles, the Washingtonian home in Chicago, and there are a number of similar private institutions. The Good Templars library of Colonel Benjamin Granklin Parker, late of Milwaukee, has been secured by the grand lodge of Minnesota, and will be used as the cornerstone in founding a Templar and temperance library of credit to the Twin Cities.

F. M. JOYCE SUMMONED

Well Known Insurance and Clubman Dies.

Minneapolis. — Frank M. Joyce, who isa well-known Minneapolis insurance man and a son of the late Bishop Isaac W. Joyce of the Methodist Episcopal church, is dead here. His death was not unexpected, as he has been failing for the last two years.

As "Colonel" Joyce, Mr. Joyce was one of the best known of Minneapolis business men. He was prominent in club circles and was a former president of the Interlachen club and one of its organizers, and member of the Commercial, Lafayette and Minneapolis clubs. Aside from business circles, however, Colonel Joyce was best known for his work in behalf of the good roads and his interest in automobiling. He was the organizer and first president of the Minnesota Automobile association and at the time of his death was first vice president of the American Automobile association. Colonel Joyce was very active in civic work in the city and was a leader in the work of the Commercial club in helping the growth of Minneapolis. He was 50 years old.

Colonel Joyce had been suffering from Bright's disease for the last two years, but he had been cheerful concerning his condition and recently at the Methodist géneral conference took an active part in the entertainment of visitors.

HUMAN TORCH ACT.

Presence of Mind of Amateur Players Prevents Calamity at Owatoona.

Owatonna. — A display of rare presence of mind prevented a panic during an amateur preformance in a local theater here when the audience witnessed an act that was not on the program and which might, under other conditions, have caused a calamity.

Roy Steele and Edwin Reardon were giving a vaudeville sketch in which Steele impersonated a steam engine, using sandalwood oil to produce the effect of red fire and smoke. Some of the oil spilled on his shoulder and his clothing took fire.

When the fire started, Reardon began singing a song, and kept the audience engaged while Steele, suffering agony from the burns, walked calmly off the stage.

The theater was packed to the doors and few persons realized what was happening until the act ended.

Girl Walking in Sleep.

Duluth. — Edith Stoickman, eighteen years of age, is at the point of death at a local hospital, as the result of being seized by a policeman while she was walking on the street in her sleep, clad only in her night clothing. The girl left her bed and was five blocks from her home before she encountered the officer. She was walking leisurely toward the business center and the policemen realizing her condition attempted to awaken her gently. She went into convulsions.

New Wheat Received.

Minneapolis. — The first sample of new wheat crop in the Northwest has been received on 'Change. The Etinson, Tenney company received an envelope containing some freshly hand thrashed blue stem wheat from Hitchcock, in Beadle county, South Dakota. The wheat was of excellent quality and was graded No. 1 Northern [illegible]

LOOK AFTER YOUR HEALTH

If Your System Is Kept Toned Up You Will Escape Many Diseases That Find Easy Victims Among Pale People.

Enough disease germs enter the average human body every day to cause death if the healthful organism did not combat these germs and render them harmless.

Let the human system become run down, or debilitated, and this power of resistance to disease is weakened. Soon the disease germs get the upper hand, an acute sickness follows or the patient becomes a chronic invalid.

It is in the blood that the battle to maintain the health is fought. Keep the blood toned up, the bowels open and observe ordinary care as regards food and rest and you will avoid much sickness.

Debility is not a recognized disease but is a condition in which the sufferer cannot get a good night's sleep, wakes up all tired out, has no strength or ambition, is nervous, has a poor appetite, has trouble with the stomach, and is subject to headaches and backaches. It is most commonly met with in people who have to work hard, are confined indoors, eat improper food or have worries and grief.

The case of Mrs. M. V. McCaslin, of No. 202 South 27th Street, Lincoln, Neb., shows the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a tonic for all run-down conditions of health. She says:

"I gave Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a trial for general debility from which I had been suffering about three years. I was thoroughly tired and worn out and had no ambition for anything. I became very weak and kept losing strength. My appetite was poor and I was nervous and had severe headaches.

"I needed a tonic treatment and tried several tonic remedies but none seemed to help me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I was soon much improved in health and able to get around and do my work. I took the pills until cured and am pleased to recommend them to anyone who is run down in health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Send today for a copy of our free booklet, "Diseases of the Blood."

Excellent Plan.

"I see," said Mrs. De Jones, while Mrs. Van Tyle was calling, "that you have a Chinese chauffeur. Do you find him satisfactory?"

"He's perfectly fine," said Mrs. Van Tyle. "To begin with, his yellow complexion is such that at the end of a long, dusty ride he doesn't show any spots and then when I am out in my limousine I have his pigtail stuck through a little hole in the plate-glass window and I use it as a sort of bell rope to tell him where to stop."—Harper's Weekly.

Two Enough for Her.

He was a small boy with a dark, eager face and he was waiting at the end of the line of eight or ten persons for a chance to make his wants known to the librarian. When his turn came he inquired briefly: "Have you got 'Twenty Thousand Legs Under the Sea?'"

"No," responded the librarian a little snappily, for she was tired, "I'm thankful to say I've only got two. They're not under the sea!"

MADE BIG PROFIT FOR STATE

Purely Business Argument for the Establishment of Sanitoriums for the Tuberculosis.

According to figures contained in the annual report of Dr. H. L. Barnes, superintendent of the Rhode Island state sanitorium, the earnings of the ex-patients of that institution during the year 1911 would amount to over $266,000. This is a sum three times as large as that spent each year for maintenance of the institution, including four per cent. interest and depreciation charges.

The actual earnings in 1911 of 170 ex-patients were obtained by Dr. Barnes. These ranged from $2 to $31 per week, the total earnings for the year amounting to $102,752. On this basis, Dr. Barnes computes the figures above given. He says, however: "While institutions for the cure of tuberculosis are good investments, there is good reason for thinking that institutions for the isolation of far-advanced cases would be still better investments."

Out of a total of 46,450 hospital days' treatment given, 39,147, or 84 per cent., were free, the treatment costing the state on an average $200 per patient. Out of the 188 free cases investigated, 56 had no families and no income on admission to the sanitorium. Out of 132 patients having homes, the number in the family averaged 5.2, and the average family earnings were 5.46. In 59 cases the families had no income, and in only five cases were there any savings, none of which amounted to as much as $100.

MINNESOTA EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT HOSPITAL.

Capacity 45 beds, strictly modern, specially equipped for the care of eye, ear, nose and throat diseases. Rates reasonable. For further particulars, address Supt., White Bear Lake, Minn., or physicians in charge.

Drs. Beaudoux & Wheeler,
223 Lowry Building - - St. Paul.

Height of Selfishness.

Some men are so selfish that if they were living in a haunted house they wouldn't be willing to give up the ghost.—Florida Times Union.

Keeping Mice From Pianos.

To prevent mice entering pianos there has been invented a simple sliding plate to be mounted on a pedal so that it covers its opening.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Goodness does not more certainly make men happy than happiness makes them good.—Landor.

No man is so dull that he can't make a bore of himself.

DO YOU HAVE CREAM TO SELL? Write HIDVOLD CREAMERY CO., Minneapolis, for prices and tags. They guarantee return of cans and satisfaction to you for every shipment.

Poets are born—and most of the great ones are dead.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A woman's mirror is always a peer glass.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

How Mrs. Reed of Peoria, Ill., Escaped The Surgeon's Knife.

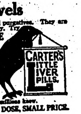
Peoria, Ill.—"I wish to let every one know what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. For two years I suffered. The doctor said I had a tumor and the only remedy was the surgeon's knife. My mother bought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am a well and healthy woman. For months I suffered from inflammation, and your Sanative Wash relieved me. I am glad to tell anyone what your medicines have done for me. You can use my testimonial in any way you wish, and I will be glad to answer letters."—Mrs. CHRISTINA REED, 105 Mound St., Peoria, Ill.

Mrs. Lynch Also Avoided Operation.

Jessup, Pa.—"After the birth of my fourth child, I had severe organic inflammation. I would have such terrible pains that it did not seem as though I could stand it. This kept up for three long months, until two doctors decided that an operation was needed.

"Then one of my friends recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and after taking it for two months I was a well woman."—Mrs. JOSEPH A. LYNCH, Jessup, Pa.

Women who suffer from female ills should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one of the most successful remedies the world has ever known, before submitting to a surgical operation.



Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

OLD SORES CURED

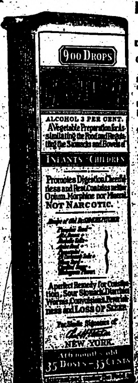
Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. By mail 50c. Booklet free. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 30-1912.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.



900 DROPS
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. Frederick D. Rogers, of Chicago, Ill., says: I have found Fletcher's Castoria very useful in the treatment of children's complaints.

Dr. William C. Bloomer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: In my practice I am glad to recommend your Castoria, knowing it is perfectly harmless and always satisfactory.

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1912. NUMBER 4.

BECKER ORDERED IT

ROSE AND WEBBER FURTHER IMPLICATE POLICE LIEUTENANT IN MURDER.

THUGS WEAKENED ONCE.

This Enraged Becker, Who Called Gangsters Cowards.—Names of Two of the Hired Assassins Given to Whitman.

New York, N. Y. — Police Lieutenant Charles Becker, head of the "strong arm" squad of gambling raiders, who is charged with instigating the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was further implicated in the plot to get rid of the gambler, when "Bald Jack" Rose and "Bridgie" Webber added another chapter to their damaging allegations. They told District Attorney Whitman that Rosenthal was to have been killed by Becker's orders 10 days before he actually met his fate, and that the plot failed because the underworld thugs, selected to do the murder, lost their nerve at the last moment.

The district attorney spent the greater part of the afternoon with Rose and Webber in their cells at the West Side police station and under the promise of leniency, which the prosecutor has given them, they talked freely. They gave little additional information regarding the $2,400,000 fund which they alleged ill resorts paid for police protection in the city every year, but their story of Becker's determination to put Rosenthal out of the way because of his threatened exposures, was amplified to the district attorney and in the prosecutor's opinion he strengthened his evidence against Becker.

The plan which failed was to have been brought to its climax at the Garden restaurant on Fifty-first street on Saturday night, July 6, when Rosenthal and his wife were dining there, according to the account told by Rose to the district attorney, as spokesman for the two gamblers. With Rosenthal and his wife at the time was Jack Sullivan, the newsboy now under arrest for alleged complicity in the murder.

Rose, himself, engineered the "job," and brought to the restaurant "a fleet of thugs" who were to do the actual shooting, according to Rose. Two of the hired assassins were "Gip the Blood," and "Lefty" Louie, who are wanted by the police as two of the men who actually shot Rosenthal 10 days later in front of the Hotel Metropole. Becker at that time was downtown, Rose said, waiting for the murder plot to be consummated.

"Becker had talked with me every day," Rose said. "He kept saying to me, 'why don't you kill this fellow off?' Rosenthal would have been killed off that night if the bunch hadn't lost their nerve. They got the notion after they reached the restaurant that a detective was on to them. After giving up the assassination we went to 'Bridgie' Webber's place and there we met Becker. He denounced us all up and down.

"'You are all a lot of cowards,' he said. 'I'll have to do it myself.'"

Rosenthal, it was recalled by the district attorney, when he heard the story, had but a few days before this made his first complaint against Becker, charging that the police lieutenant was a partner in his gambling house.

Although Becker, still in the Tombs, has thus far refused to make any statement other than that he is innocent, and that his plight is the result of a "frame-up" on the part of his enemies in the gambling fraternity, Rose predicted to the district attorney that the police lieutenant would eventually break down and tell all he knew.

Bridgie Webber told the district attorney that his own payment to Becker for police protection of his gambling house was $200 a month, but that this rate was a small one compared with the sums levied on larger establishments.

Shortly after the murder he said Becker met Rose and Webber in front of the Murray Hill baths and said: "Now Bridgie, you will have to give these boys some money to get out of town. I'll fix it up with you later." Webber said that he then handed $1,000 in large bills to Rose, who later transferred it to Sam Schepps and on that afternoon Schepps gave it to "Gyp the Blood" and Lefty Louie in front of the Times building.

THE MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Aug. 1.—Wheat, Aug., $1.07½; Sept., 91c; No. 1 northern, $1.08½; No. 2 northern, $1.06½; No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 76c; No. 3 white oats, 50c; barley, malting, 75c; No. 2 rye, 69c; No. 1 flax, $1.80.

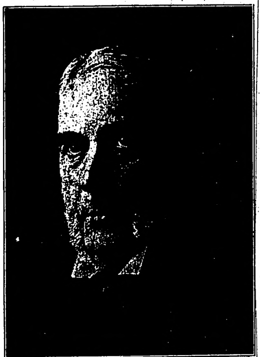
Duluth, Aug. 1.—Wheat, Aug., $1.06; Sept., 95½c; No. 1 northern, $1.03½; No. 1 durum, 95c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 1.—Cattle—Steers, $6.00; cows, $3.50@5.50; calves, $6.00@8.75; hogs, $7.40@7.85; sheep and lambs, $2.50@7.00.

Boys School Head Arrives.

Red Wing. — C. V. Merica, who is the new superintendent of the state training school for boys at Red Wing, has arrived in Minnesota. He will take charge of the work here, succeeding Frank A. Whittier, who becomes state parole agent, located at Stillwater. Mr. Merica has been president of the University of Wyoming. His appointment was made by the board of control after the [illegible]

WILLIAM D. WASHBURN.



William Drew Washburn.

Jan. 14, 1831—Born in Livermore, Me.

June 1, 1854—Graduated from Bowdoin college.

May 1, 1857—Arrived in Minneapolis to engage in law practice.

April 19, 1859—Married Elizabeth M. Muzzy of Bangor, Me.

1861-1865—Surveyor general of Minnesota; appointed by President Lincoln.

1870—Interested in contructing the first section of the Northern Pacific railroad.

1869-1871—Member of Minnesota house of representatives.

1872—Built sawmill at Anoka.

1873—Built Palisade flour mill in Minneapolis.

1878-1882—Member of congress.

1880—Built a flour mill at Anoka.

1884—Incorporated his business interests as Washburn Mill company.

1889—Resigned as president of Soo line.

1889-1895—United States senator from Minnesota.

July 29, 1912—Died at "Fair Oaks," his Minneapolis home.

SEN. WASHBURN DIES AFTER A HARD FIGHT

DEATH COMES EIGHT DAYS AFTER RACE FROM EUROPE TO REACH "FAIR OAKS."

LAST WISH IS GRANTED.

Able to See Family Dwelling Again.—Lapses Into Coma After Bidding Wife Farewell.—Stanley Still Missing.

Minneapolis, July 30.—Wm. Drew Washburn, former United States senator from Minnesota and pioneer miller, lumberman and railway builder, is dead at "Fair Oaks," his Minneapolis home. Death was attributed to ailments due to old age, superinduced by a cancerous growth on his left side. He was 81 years old.

For 36 hours Mr. Washburn lay in an unconscious state prior to his death. He died without recognising the members of his family, who were present, excepting Stanley Washburn, a son. Stanley is still in the mountains of British Columbia, it is presumed, as no communication has been received from him.

The former senator's death came after a suspense of eight days following his arrival home from Europe on Sunday, July 21, during which no hope has been held out for his recovery. Doctors said the man's remarkable vitality had prolonged his life for almost a week longer than they had expected.

While making the journey from Quebec to Minneapolis, Mr. Washburn began to sink rapidly. He had expressed a wish to die at "Fair Oaks." B. C. Washburn, who had joined his parents in Canada telegraphed to W. D. Washburn, Jr., telling him of his father's request. Arrangements were made for a special train to bring the former senator to Minneapolis over the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie railroad, which Mr. Washburn himself had founded.

At the senator's bedside, besides his widow were C. E. Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Washburn, Jr., of Minneapolis, Cadwallader Washburn of Mexico City, Mexico. Mr. and Mrs. Albert Baldwin of Lakewood, N. J., Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Wright of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Stanley Washburn. Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. Wright are daughters.

Stricken Ill in Europe.

He was taken suddenly ill nearly a month ago while traveling with his wife in Europe. They left Minneapolis last February for Europe, principally in the interest of Mrs. Washburn's health which was poor at the time. After a visit in Naples they traveled to Carlsbad.

Mr. Washburn was taken ill at Carlsbad and consulted physicians there. They advised him to hasten home. He and his wife went immediately to England and sailed on a steamer over the shorter northern route for Quebec.

Funeral Arrangements Wait.

Funeral arrangements have not yet been made. It was said at the Washburn home it probably would be held at 3 p. m. Wednesday at the family home. Rev. Marion D. Shutter, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, will preach the funeral sermon. The burial will take place at Lakewood cemetery.

Mr. Washburn's official and political relations had been varied and important, culminating in the highest official position below the presidency, in the nation—that of senator of the United States. He had a taste for politics like all his brothers and belonged to the radical wing of the Republican party. Strongly anti-slavery in the ante bellum days, when that was an engrossing political question, strenuous for the rights of the freemen, he yet tempered his sympathies by a regard for practical statesmanship. He was a protectionist in theory, and yet recognized the need of practical views in the arrangement of tariff schedules. In short, he subordinated strong sympathetic impulses to practical measures in statesmanship.

As early as 1858 he was elected to the lower house of the Minnesota legislature, but the members elected that year never took their seats owing to a change of apportionment. In 1870 he was again elected to the same position and served through the important session of 1871, giving his influence and vote in favor of subjecting the railroads to public authority. He served on the school board of Minneapolis for two terms beginning with 1866.

In 1878 Mr. Washburn was elected to congress, carrying the district by some 3,000 majority. He was re-elected in 1880 by 12,000 majority, and again in 1882, serving three consecutive terms. He was an influential and much respected member. Through his influence the government erected the present postoffice building and undertook the system of reservoirs at the sources of the Mississippi river.

To Mend Sheet Music.

Cut a piece of manila paper, the size of the sheet of music, as you would for a picture mat, paste this over the edges of your worn sheet of music, and it will last for years.—Woman's Home Companion.

Kindness.

"Has my boy been kind to the dumb animals today?" "Yes, grandma. I let your canary out of her cage, and [illegible]

Chinese Medicine.

Chinese medicine may be regarded to some extent as a survival of the dark ages, much of it being based upon a belief that all diseases are due to supernatural causes and are mainly occasioned by offended evil spirits which the native practitioner seeks to propitiate or drive off by charms, incantations or other devices.

FROM MANY POINTS

EVENTS OF THE DAY HELD TO A FEW LINES.

DAY'S EVENTS BOILED DOWN

Personal, Political, Foreign and Other Intelligence Interesting to the General Reader.

Congress.

Representative Rodenberg in a speech attacked Governor Woodrow Wilson.

The General deficiency appropriation bill was reported by Chairman Fitzgerald.

The senate passed the sundry civil appropriation bill carrying approximately $116,000,000.

In the senate Senator Cummins presented a substitute for the democratic wool tariff revision bill.

Representative Norris concluded his speech attacking the nomination of President Taft at Chicago.

The house agriculture committee recommended $5,000 appropriation to fight army worm in south.

The senate adopted resolutions to inquire into the purchase of Monticello, Jefferson's old home.

The postoffice appropriation bill, embracing the parcels post system, was reported in the senate.

The house committee considered the house Alaskan legislative assembly bill passed by the senate.

The senate adopted the joint resolution appropriating $20,000 more to fight the army worm in the south.

The senate passed the joint resolution directing the secretary of war to investigate claims of Americans growing out of Mexican revolution.

Senator Smith of South Carolina introduced a joint resolution for an immediate appropriation of $25,000 to fight the army worm in the south.

Senate democrats in caucus decided to support the house excise tax bill as against the Borah income tax bill introduced as an amendment.

The house judiciary committee virtually agreed upon an immediate inquiry into the existence and ramifications of the so-called "Beef trust."

The senate passed the house excise tax bill extending the corporation tax law to individuals and copartnerships on incomes in excess of $5,000 by a vote of thirty-seven to eighteen.

The education and labor committee of the senate endorsed a bill creating a department of labor and a bill creating a commission on industrial relations, both of which have passed the house.

The senate agreed to conference report of naval appropriation bill, with exception of battleship and torpedo boat provisions, which house insisted should be eliminated, and sent it back for further conference.

George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the republican national committee in 1908, gave to committee investigating campaign funds his version of Edward H. Harriman's contribution to the Roosevelt fund in 1904.

General.

Jack Johnson announces his willingness to meet Joes Jeanette.

Progressives of Vermont held a state convention and nominated a ticket.

In a speech at Chicago Lorimer said he would never again be a candidate for office.

Representative Gardner promises a surprise in the minority report on the steel investigation.

The house agreed to the conference report on the rivers and harbors bill which carried approximately $33,000,000, an increase over the original measure of about $7,000,000.

Theoretically the United States lost half a dozen of its biggest battleships in an engagement with submarines at Newport.

The announcement of a sweeping advance in transcontinental freight rates, in some instances amounting to as much as 100 per cent, was made at the general offices of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe railroads.

The senate and house conferees on the naval appropriation bill failed to reach an agreement on the battleship program, though the senate yielded to the house and dropped the appropriation for navy yards.

Danger of bubonic plague caused the senate to stand by its determination to increase from $200,000 to $500,000 an item in the sundry civil bill, to enable the public health service to use every precaution to meet an invasion of the scourge from Cuba or Porto Rico.

The Oregon convention of the national progressive party elected five delegates instructed for Roosevelt.

Two separate delegations were selected by Georgia progressives to the national progressive convention at Chicago, August 5.

Ex-Governor Richards of Wyoming, who was a member of a land-seekers' party, died suddenly of heart failure at Melbourne, Australia.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Clements gave the interstate commerce committee his views of proposed legislation affecting the commission.

The republican national committee will open its western headquarters at Chicago not later than August 1.

Twelve women were burned to death and several others injured by [illegible]

The senate appears to be in no hurry to try Judge Archbald, although setting date for filing pleadings.

The house committee, by strict party vote, recommends the unseating of Catlin of Missouri, whose term is almost out anyway.

Build more warships, is the cry of Great Britain.

New Jersey progressives decided to launch a separate ticket.

President Taft is believed to be willing to repeal Canadian reciprocity.

Roosevelt says there must be full state tickets all along the political line.

The new progressive party has been formally launched in New Jersey.

At this writing Woodrow Wilson is in seclusion, preparing his speech of acceptance.

The tariff board is to stand for another year unless the house determines otherwise.

Governor Deneen's decision to stand with the Taft regulars means a third party ticket in Illinois.

The state department having given the word, the navy department ordered the return to America of 850 of the marines now in the neighborhood of Guantanamo, Cuba.

Colonel Augstine Estrado, former commander of the Madero government garrison in Juarez was released from the custody of the United States commissioner's court.

Appointment of a receiver for the Big Ax Pocohontas Coal company, whose property is in Buchanan county, Virginia and valued at $1,759,000 is asked in a bill filed in the circuit court at Chicago.

The house territories committee considered the Alaska civil government bill and refused to agree to the senate's elimination of the proposed Alskan senate.

Rev. Lauritz Carlson, head of a Scandinavian mission in San Francisco, received word that he had been decorated by King Haakon of Norway with the cross of the Order of St. Olaf, in recognition of his services as a missionary among the Scandinavians in this country.

Arthur P. Bittner of St. Louis, a meat dealer, while driving his auto truck to a wholesale market was shot twice in the head and is in a serious condition at a hospital. The police arrested Bittner's son, Arthur P. Bittner, Jr., near the auto truck. The father and son had been estranged.

The army council, called by Secretary Stimson to determine the needs of the army, completed its two weeks of sessions. Secretary Stimson expressed himself as gratified with the work of the council, which reviewed the condition of the army and formulated suggestions for bettering the service.

Colonel George Andrews, according to present plans, probably will be nominated by President Taft to succeed Brigadier General William H. Hall, retired, as adjutant general of the army. Colonel Andrews has been connected with the adjutant general's office for fourteen years and only Colonel Henry A. S. Heistand outranks him there.

Eight aldermen and the secretary of the common council committees of Detroit were placed under arrest on charges of accepting bribes and conspiracy to accept bribes for votes and influence in the passing of a measure affecting city property recently transferred to the Wabash railroad. At least six other arrests of aldermen are expected.

William D. Miles, former general manager of the Armour Packing company at Kansas City and one of the chief witnesses of the government's recent packer trial, charged that he has been defrauded out of $169,848.74 in a bill for an accounting filed in the circuit court against J. Ogden Armour, Charles W. Armour and the Armour Packing company.

At Munich, Bavaria, a German aviator named Fischer and a mechanic named Kugler, were instantly killed when the aeroplane in which they were riding fell from a considerable height. The aeroplane was smashed so that the cause of the accident could not be ascertained. Fischer passed his aerial pilot's examination only a fortnight ago.

Mrs. Nellie Gibson jumped from a passenger train as it was crossing the bridge over the Blue river about eight miles north of Nelson, Neb. Her clothing caught on some bridge timbers and held her until the train had backed up to within a few feet of where she was hanging, when she tore loose and fell into the river. Her right shoulder was broken and she was badly bruised.

Chauncey Olcott, the actor, has filed suit for annulment of his marriage to his first wife, Mrs. Cora E. James-Striker-Moran-Olcott. The suit discloses a matrimonial tangle which involves titles to valuable property. The case will come up in supreme court in Albany. Olcott married his first wife in 1883 and divorced here in 1892. In 1897 he married Miss Margaret O'Donovan, who is still living with him.

The senate postoffice bill is shorn of the good roads provision.

Personal.

Senate democrats and progressives united and passed the excise bill.

Colonel Roosevelt has completed what he calls his confession of faith.

Congressman Humphrey replied to Congressman Norris in bitter words.

Maryland progressives [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

CROP YIELD PROMISING.

Fergus Falls Sees Equal of the 1895 Record.

Fergus Falls, Minn., July 28.—Unless all signs fail, Ottertail county and western Minnesota generally are going to have a profitable crop. The yield at the present time promises to come close to the bumper yield of 1895, and the prices are just about double what they were in that year. Samples of grain are being brought to the city daily, and much of the wheat looks like thirty or thirty-five bushels to the acre. Oats will probably run as high as seventy-five bushels.

Everybody is watching for rust, and a little of it is found in scattered fields, but farmers are making no complaints, and those who are best posted on the situation are of the opinion that the grain is now so far advanced that there is little danger of any serious damage. The stems of the wheat were never cleaner than they are this year. There is some red rust on the leaves, and here and there a few heads show traces of the dreaded black rust, but this is rare.

The harvesting of barley and rye is largely finished, and some of the early oats have been cut. With favorable weather, the cutting of wheat will begin this week. The wheat is partly in the milk stage and partly in the dough. The kernels are large and well formed, and a count shows as many as sixty-five grains to the head in some fields. The rows are nearly all double this year, the heads carrying four grains where they usually carry only two.

VALUES OF LAND JUMP.

Bountiful Yield in Northwest Adds Millions to Worth.

Minneapolis.—As a result of the wonderful prospects for a bumper crop this year the value of land throughout the Northwest has increased millions of dollars in the opinion of land dealers of Minneapolis. Farmers who were offering their land during the spring at $60 an acre are now asking $75 and $85. Hundreds of them are daily withdrawing their property from the market on the strength of this fall's crop. Land men predict that this year will be the banner year of the Northwest. They say that there never had been better prospects for the farmers and that real estate values were never known to take such decided jumps. Farmers in Iowa and other states are making inquiries about lands in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Fake Mines are Attacked.

Duluth.—Mine owners, mining engineers, operators and brokers of the northwest have an opportunity to take an active part in the campaign that is being waged on "wildcat" mining schemes and their promoters. The American Congress of Mines is conducting the warfare and Robert W. Thompson of Chicago, assistant secretary of the congress to be held at Spokane in November, is here for the purpose of enlisting the cooperation of local and range mining men. The various branches of the society are called "sections" and Mr. Thompson will organize one here, one at Minneapolis, Hibbing, Virginia and other mining centers in Minnesota.

Soo May Strike Into Far West.

Minneapolis, July 31.—The Soo line will build forty miles of road west from Plaza, N. D., and lay its rails to the east bank of the Missouri river this fall, according to report from Underwood, McLean county, N. D. With President Carl R. Gray, of the Great Northern, in New York, and President Edmund Pennington, of the Soo, back from New York, but non-committal as to Soo line plans, it is the talk in railroad circles that the Soo is about to strike into the new territory that lies between the Great Northern and Northern Pacific main lines in Montana.

Charged With Insulting Women.

Duluth. — Charles Roane, known also as "Jack Williams," the Pullman car colored porter arrested in Duluth Saturday and charged with improper advances toward Mrs. Williams, wife of a theatrical manager, while the sleeper in which she was traveling was sidetracked in the Northern Pacific yards at Staples, was held to the grand jury at Eveleth by Judge Moylan, after a preliminary hearing. The judge fixed the accused man's bonds at $1,500 and in default he was brought to Duluth to the county jail.

Scramble For Twine.

Minneapolis. — A. M. Denison, who is general freight agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, got back from an investigation trip into the grain fields and said the scramble of farmers of Minnesota and South Dakota for [illegible]

SWAT FLY IN COUNTRY

Agricultural College to Send Out Extension Workers.

Minneapolis.—The Minnesota agricultural college has taken up arms in the war that has become country-wide against the fly. The methods used by the college will be new in this part of the country in that it will attempt to check the increase of the pest in the country districts.

Dr. C. C. Lipp, college veterinarian, is of the opinion that the work of exterminating the fly in the cities would be made more effective if some effort was made to check the fly's increase in the rural districts. Men who represent the college in extension work will preach the doctrine of "less flies." Warnings have been sent to many of the country papers for publication. This is thought to be one of the best possible ways of reaching the farmers. A part of the article follows:

"The fly cannot be controlled about the barns by merely removing the manure. All yards should be graded to prevent the formation of puddles, where flies and mosquitoes will multiply. If the puddles cannot be drained or filled, a little kerosene poured upon the water will kill the immature mosquitoes and flies. The windows of the stable should be properly screened.

"The following preparation has been recommended as an inexpensive one, and as satisfactory, probably, as the commercial mixtures: Coal tar dip, any kind, one pint; one-quarter bar ordinary laundry soap; one pint oil—fish, linseed or kerosene; 15 pints hot water. This should be mixed thoroughly to form an emulsion, and should be applied as a thin coat by a brush or a spray."

BALLOONIST IS KILLED.

Bag Bursts During An Ascension At Beaudette, Minn.

Beaudette. — Arthur Otelle, who was a professional balloonist of Oshkosh, Wis., was fatally injured here when he fell a distance of 500 feet from his balloon. The bag was old and burst when it hit the light air stratum. Otelle succeeded in getting the parachute cut loose, but it did not open. The crowd separated under him. One leg was driven over a foot in the earth.

Octogenarian Dies.

Minneapolis.—Though stricken with paralysis three years ago, but cheerful and hopeful to the end William H. Lauderdale, one of the oldest settlers of Minneapolis died. He had long been connected with real estate affairs and was at the head of the firm that bears his name. Mr. Lauderdale came to Minneapolis in 1854 and homesteaded forty acres of land which adjoins the Minikahda club grounds and which is now included in the [illegible] estate. After proving up Mr. Lauderdale sold this property and moved into the city, where he engaged in the real estate business. Several platted additions in this city bear his name.

Miss Isabel Vincent to Accompany

Washington, D. C. — Miss Isabel Vincent, daughter of President Geo. E. Vincent of the University of Minnesota, will be one of a party accompanying Mis Helen and Robert Taft, daughter and son of the president, on a three weeks' camping trip in the Glacier National park. Mrs. Vincent will chaperone the party. The start will be made early in August.

Elopers Held For Stealing.

Moorhead. — Although their elopement ended with their arrest on a charge of horse stealing, Alexina Burchard of Brooks, Minn., and Alfred Fox of Portland, Ore., are happy just to be alive and in love. Locked in separate cells in the Moorhead police station, each smiled and was ready to shoulder all the blame for the crime, that the other might go free.

Hustle to Equip Launches.

Red Wing.—Launch owners in this city are taking the advice of their down river friends and are equipping their boats with lights, sound instruments and life preservers, to comply with the marine laws, before the arrival of the government inspectors who are now inspecting power craft in the waters of Lake Papin.

Organize Under I. W. W.

Duluth. — The striking freight handlers of the Duluth Superior harbor have organized under the Industrial Workers of the World, and resolved to fight the battle for higher wages to the end.

Duluth Strike Disturbing.

Duluth. — Although there has been no great amount of violence, it has been reported the strike of the dock workers employed on the railway docks in Duluth and Superior is assuming an alarming condition. Strikebreakers have been imported by the employers and are being lodged and fed on the docks without charge. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
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F U TRY PRODUCE TAKEN
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ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success.

Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address

MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
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CATALOGUE IT IS FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to save money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....
H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 3, 1912.

Governor Eberhart delivered an address at the county fair yesterday. said to be one of the best he has made in this part of the state. He did not allude to politics, but spoke on topics of interest to the farmers.

Why does the young man who rides a bicycle double himself up like a home made doughnut the moment he begins to work the the pedals? Yes, and why does a fellow when he goes to throw a ball first have to screw it into the palm of his right hand with his left, then hop on his right foot while he bumps his chin with his knee before he throws it? And why does a man when he gets a raw-boned plug and a ten dollar plug have to rein the poor crowbait up like a turtle treading water, till it can't see the ground before it and goes stumbling along as if trying to read the answer in the stars? Why does a girl whom nature has given a clear and healthy complexion have to paint till she can't smile for fear of breaking the enamel? Why does she bang her hair like a spitz poodle and make her head look like a window mop? There are a great many other things which we would like to know but will wait until some other time.—Ex.

Who will be our next governor is asked almost daily by dozens of voters and none of us seem willing to hazard a guess. The republicans have timber enough, such as it is, and the list of eligible has not yet been exhausted. Not so with the democrats. It is true that there are hundreds of the "Unterrified" who have the ability to perform all the duties, even to the selection of those who are to represent the military adjunct of the administration, but it does not seem that any of them have the courage to embark upon waters so rough and troubled, and they modestly hang back, waiting for something to turn up. There is an opportunity for the democrats to take control of the the state house next January if the party has the erudition to select the right man, but none of those mentioned so far can be elected. Ringdahl now seems to be in the lead, but he cannot win, he is not and never has been a popular politician, he is too frigid and selfish and his manner repels rather than secures friends. The field is wide open and there are many ready and willing to enter the race.—Cass Lake Times.

The Progressive Convention

The significance of yesterday's so-called third party convention is heightened by recalling the fact that never since the state was organized has Minnesota given an electoral vote for any other than the regular republican nominee for president. This year the probabilities appear to be that Minnesota will give no electoral vote for the regular republican nominee. It is the hope of the democrats, of course, that out of the present unusual political condition the electoral vote of this state may be cast for the democratic candidate. This is a possibility.

And yet the holding of such a convention as that of yesterday does not necessarily imply the result which the democrats hope for. The make-up of yesterday's convention was republican. All the men who were prominent in its proceedings are republicans. The men who are expected to support their action in the national election are mainly republicans. Yesterday's convention was an organized protest against what happened at Chicago, made by men who are just as much republicans today as they were before the Chicago convention was held. What they expect to do and what they may accomplish is to throw the electoral vote of the state in favor of national progressive policies in which they believe and select in the primaries republicans for state offices, men who are entirely in sympathy with their protest against the Chicago result.

If they shall succeed in these things and particularly in the latter, they will have demonstrated that so far as Minnesota is concerned republicanism is strictly progressive; that it is not affected by the reactionary element just now in control of the national party, but is in a position to resume its relation to the republican party as a national organization if that organization is restored to the control of those who are [illegible]

This is indicated by the speeches of the leaders and the treatment of the matter of state candidates, notwithstanding the declaration in the platform in favor of the organization of a national progressive party to meet the present emergency as to national politics.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Resolutions

By "The Red River Valley ministers' conference of the Swedish Evangelical covenant."

The above named organization met in conference in the town o f Jupiter. Kittson county, Minnesota. At which time they, after careful and long consultation, formed the following resolution, in contempt to the subject brought before them: "So Called Innocent Amusements." Inasmuch as it is now-a-days considered by many to be all right, such as dancing, card playing, going to theater, playing ball on Sunday, etc. And inasmuch as as it is by us known that theatrical performances, St. Claus (make ups) and others, by us considered wrong functions, are taking place under the auspices of the church in consideration of raising money for church work;

Inasmuch as possibilities arise wherein we realize that our Scandinavian people—at least our young people—are in danger of being impressed by this, by us considered wrong, at least when in connection with church work and the church. "UNCHRISTIAN LIKE LIFE."

We hereby, in the name of the Lord, bring forth an impressing warning to our people and a request that they take a firm stand to offset the above named amusements; at least so when in consideration of good enough church functions. In our estimation the above named amusements are not conducive to a good Christian life, nor do we believe that they can bring forth the cause of God's work and His kingdom, nor can be done and taken part in to the glory of His name.

"Allt hvad I goren med ord eller gerning, det goren i Herrens namn."

REV. F. L. LARSON.
REV. B. A. WERKLUND,
Committee.

Pennington's Boy Chosen

Several week's ago the Minnesota State Fair association offered the farm boys of Minnesota a chance to visit the annual state fair for the entire week without expanse. One boy was to go from each county, the selection to be based on essays describing "Our Home Farm." The judges selected for Pennington county who recently picked the winning essay were E. A. Mostue, Ed A. Aubol and D. P. O'Neil. Mons Engelstad age 18, a son of Peter Engelstad, who is a well known farmer south of this city has the honor of representing Pennington county at the first state fair farm boys' encampment. Among the essays submitted his was declared the best and consequently he was given the first chance to accept the state fair association's invitation. The object of the association in offering a boy from each county a week at the fair is to create a greater interest in the annual exhibition by spreading throughout the country its real worth through these farm boys. Everything will be provided for the boys free of cost, and they will be given every opportunity to profit as much as possible while there.—News-Press.

Refused to Fly Sunday

"Jimmie" Ward did not fly in Crookston Sunday. A crowd of about 3,000 gathered to witness his performance but all but 120 were on the outside of the fence so at 5:15 Jimmie and his manager, Ed. Bloom, called for those inside to line up and get their money back and the huge gate receipts amounting to $62, were refunded and the crowd was compelled to return disappointed at not being able to get something for nothing.

Saturday afternoon Ward made the prettiest flight imaginable. He started in front of the grandstand and after flying over Carman and river for about 20 minutes made a landing as graceful as a bird directly in front of the grandstand. He has perfect control of his machine.

Ward flies at Regina two days this week for $1,500, and Saturday and Sunday goes to Duluth for flights.

His parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Wilson saw him fly here Saturday, coming down from St. Hilaire. They saw him fly once before, at the fair at Winnipeg the first of the month.—Crookston Times.

Japs Not Fond of Milk

The Japanese have only recently begun to drink milk, and on the whole they do not approve of it. They say that it tastes of the cow, and they prefer drinks of vegetable origin. Cattle have long been known in Japan, however, being used for draft animals. The Japanese show a strong preference always for vegetable diet and vegetable drinks. It is not strange, therefore, that they take kindly to the use of golden grain belt beers, made from the product of the farms, without even a trace of animal or chemical matter, Alex Thompson, Crookston, agent.

To Avoid Taking Cold.

Persons who take cold easily can greatly strengthen the entire respiratory tract by bathing the chest and neck morning and night with cold salt water; by "drawing" the salt water into the nostrils and expelling it from the mouth, and by taking deep inhalations of fresh air before an open window, expanding the chest and holding the air as long as possible, then slowly exhaling it. Do this morning and night for ten minutes and all tendency to colds will [illegible]

FORTUNE SMILES ON HER

"It has been a source of great satisfaction to me that I was so fortunate as to secure my training at the Mankato Commercial College. To those who are looking for a business or shorthand training I would recommend your school." From a letter from Isabelle Trifaut, stenographer, Owatonna, Minn.

The fall term of this great school opens Sept. 2d. If you are interested send for our catalogue. Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

TO SEND COIN BY U. S. MAIL.

Express Companies Rudely Jarred by Discovery of New Clause.

Washington.—The treasury officials have recently discovered a highly interesting fact in regard to the appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government, which escaped general attention at the time it was enacted.

It pertains to the shipment of fractional silver coin from the several subtreasuries of the United States to banks in various parts of the country.

It now appears that in the rush attending the passage of the sundry civil bill, James Wesley Gaines of Tennessee caused to be inserted in the measure a provision that one-half of the $60,000 appropriation for the transportation of coin shall be expended for registered mail. Heretofore shipments of currency have uniformly been made by express, and the express companies have been obliged to make good any loss by theft or other accident in transportation.

The express companies are greatly concerned over the new order of things, especially as Mr. Daskam, chief of the bureau of public moneys in the treasury department, has ruled that the law means that $30,000 should be expended by registered mail before any part of the appropriation is expended for express charges. It is believed at the treasury department that, as the charges for registering a package is only eight cents, $30,000 will be sufficient to pay the entire apparent cost of transporting coins under this system for a year, and the express companies will therefore get none of the business.

The Malacca Wildcats.

In the forests of Malacca and other islands in the Indian ocean may still be found the animal known as a wildcat. The upper parts of it are generally of a clear yellow color, with black spots; the lower parts are white with black spots also. On the back the spots lengthen almost into lines or rings, black on yellow.

The average length of the animal, excluding the tail, is almost two feet; the tail averages nine inches. Its height when standing erect is about 12 inches at the shoulder and 15 inches at the hindquarters. Its temper is mild and gentle; it plays almost like a domestic cat, or rather kitten, chasing its tail and amusing itself with anything that it can roll with its paws.

Had Given It Away.

Lucille's mother had taken her for an outing. Now that the hour for luncheon had arrived, she called to the little girl:

"Lucille, we will now have a little roll and some chocolate, and you shall pay with the two sous I gave you but a short time since."

"Oh, mamma," cried Lucille, "I have already given the two sous away to an old woman!"

"I am so glad you have disposed of the money in such a charitable way. How did you happen to present it to the old woman?" asked the mother.

"Well, you see, I gave it to her in payment for two nice apples," confessed Lucille.

She Knew.

Two Chicago women, in New York for a stay of several months, were planning a series of visits to the opera. Their talk drifted to "Lucia di Lammermoor."

"I don't know where the story of the opera comes from," said one. "Of course, I know that it is from one of the old Italian romances, but I am not familiar with the particular source."

The second assumed an air of superiority.

"You need not be ashamed of your ignorance," said she. "It is only by chance that I know. It's from 'Aesop's Fables.'"—New York Evening Post.

Carlyle's Curious Study.

Thomas Carlyle, the noted English philosopher and historian, had a curious study. It comprised the entire third floor of his narrow brick house at Chelsea, a London suburb. The walls of the study were of double thickness, to prevent street noises from annoying the master while at his work, and a skylight afforded the light. Just how fresh air was furnished the room was not apparent to the visitor. There is nothing about the room to suggest comfort, only a close, thick-walled, skylighted long apartment where the great dyspeptic worked and worked ceaselessly, and from where he hurried to the kitchen, in the basement of the house, as soon as his day's labor was done. In the kitchen he received his most intimate friends, and there they smoked their pipes together.

The Order of Fools.

April 1 is not the only Fools' day in the year. On November 12, 1381, the Order of Fools was instituted by Adolphus, count of Cleves.

Members were not by any means idiots, however, for the word had a different meaning then. They were the prototype of our modern Order of Foresters or Odd Fellows, during a similarly benevolent work. Their insignia consisted of a mantle, upon the left shoulder of which was embroidered a jester or fool, in cap and bells, yellow hose and silver vest. So these cheery useful jokers [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primary, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my ideas, and I shall use my influence [illegible]

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a nonpartisan candidate for re election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. A. Mostue.)

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept, 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
County of Pennington. }
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, Olaus K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 23rd day of July, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) [1]723-3t Probate Judge.

Order Limiting Time to File Claims and for Hearing Thereon

Estate of John P. Fellman.

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington.
In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of John P. Fellman, decedent.

Letters testamentary this day having been granted to Johanna Francilla Fellman,

It is ordered, that the time within which all creditors of the above named decedent may present claims against his estate in this court be, and the same hereby is, limited to three (3) months from and after the date hereof, and that Monday, the 7th day of October, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a.m., in the probate court rooms at Thief River Falls in said county be, and the same hereby is, fixed and appointed as the time and place for hearing upon and the examination, adjustment, and allowance of such claims as shall be presented within the time aforesaid.

Let notice hereof be given by the publication of this order in the "St. Hilaire Spectator," a weekly newspaper, as provided by law.

Dated June 27, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
[SEAL] [7]13-3t Judge of Probate.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.
Office Phone 24 Residence Phone 94.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	[illegible]
" 2 "	[illegible]
" 3 "	[illegible]
Flax, No. 1	[illegible]
Barley, for 50 lbs	[illegible]
Oats	[illegible]
Eggs	[illegible]
Butter	[illegible]
" creamery	[illegible]
Potatoes	[illegible]
Beef live weight	[illegible]
Pork	[illegible]
" dressed	[illegible]
Mutton	[illegible]
Chickens, alive	[illegible]
Hides	[illegible]
Flour	[illegible]
Shorts	[illegible]
Bran	[illegible]

A. O. LETVIG

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p. m.
Paul N. Palmer, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
Fred Peterson.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. D. Patterson, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3690 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 170, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
A. Olson, President. Morris Lasille, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
[illegible]

THE LOCAL NEWS

Miss Regna Loberg was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Miss Olga Fricker went Wednesday to Thief River Falls.

Axel Johnson left Monday for a visit to South Dakota points.

Miss Alvina Anderson went Monday to Winnipeg where she will be employed.

Frank Cook of Warren was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Swanson Wednesday.

William Zaiser of Red Lake Falls was in town Tuesday evening with his medicine wagon.

C. C. Elliott and A. C. Ellickson returned Wednesday from a business trip to Minneapolis.

Miss Caroline Hoff went Wednesday to Grand Forks to visit friends and attend the fair.

There will be English service in the Eastside school house tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

The best oranges, lemons, fruits, cigars, etc., to be found in town at I. Dalin's. m25-3mo

Mrs. S. A. Forsell of Thief River Falls visited with Mrs. Killand and Mrs. Ina Johnson over Sunday.

Mrs. Clarence Remington returned Monday to her home at Crookston after a visit with old friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. P. Simonson and Miss Salina returned Wednesday from a visit with friends in Cass Lake and Bemidji.

Fred Johnson of Midland, Mich., a brother of R. Wallin and Mrs. P. Fellman, came Tuesday for a visit with his relatives.

Misses Anna and Lillie Boehm went Monday to Crookston to visit friends; and they spent one day at the Grand Forks' fair.

During the storm Sunday evening lightning struck a tree near Mike McAndress' home. No damage was done except to the tree.

Five auto loads of people, twenty-six persons, drove to Grand Forks Wednesday and attended the fair. A first class time is reported.

Rev. P. M. Palmer and daughter, Miss Esther, visited friends at Buxton this week; They also attended the Grand Forks fair.

C. H. Martz and son Joseph, went Monday to Mayfield township. Mr. Martz is kept pretty busy looking after ditching and dredging work.

D. Patterson and family returned Tuesday from their summer outing at Maple Lake. Miss Annie stopped for a few days' visit at Red Lake Falls.

The route mail carriers are taking their annual vacation and making hay. Hans Folstad is supplying for route 2, and Peter Bjorge for route 1.

Miss Otta Skeie is back at her work of selling postage stamps after a two weeks' vacation visiting with friends in eastern Pennington. She returned Saturday.

All those who are in possession of tools belonging to the village are requested to return them at once, to save themselves trouble.

John Forseen.

Dr. Blomberg and his niece, Miss Annie Blomberg, of Minneapolis have been guests of Leonard Holmes and other friends this week. Dr. Blomberg was formerly located here.

Over $100.00 was realized at the Synod and United church joint picnic in Kolstad's grove Sunday. The autos were kept busy during the day carrying visitors to and from the grounds.

The congregation of the Mission church will give a picnic at the home of Jacob Hanson on Friday, August 9, commencing at 2 p. m., a program is being prepared for the occasion. Rev Frank Larson of Warren will speak. Lunch will be served.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Swanson entertained at a one o'clock dinner yesterday complimentary to James Wilson, otherwise known as Jimmy Ward. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. James Wilson and Mr. Wilson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Wilson, of St. Hilaire.—Crookston Times.

Bernard Sunden of Elvorado, who was the accepted bidder for the position of manager of the farmers' elevator, arrived in town Monday. After looking over the plant and discovering that that there was a feed mill to be operated in connection, he decided that he did not want the job and returned the same day to [illegible]

**Now is the time to get your fly nets and dusters. Call and see our prices.
CARL KRUEGER.**

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Ida Engh returned Thursday from a visit to Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Goongen attended the county fair Thursday.

E. E. Thompson of Grafton is visiting his brother-in-law E. E. Mathson.

Mrs. E. Dady of Warren is the guest of her niece, Mrs. S. J. Swanson.

Nick Eckstein, the Wylie merchant, was a St. Hilaire visitor Wednesday evening.

Mr. Ulmer, father of Mrs. Carl Krueger, returned Thurday from a visit to Minneapolis.

Mrs. S. Johnson returned Wednesday to her home at Crookston, after a week's visit at the H. Swanson home.

Quart fruit jars 58 cents per dozen; also, half gallon and pint jars at proportionate prices at M. R. Hauge's.

Quite a large proportion of the attendance at the county fair this week was from St. Hilair and vicinity.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Carl Steen.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Mr. and Mrs. Fisher of Crookston were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Pitkin Wednesday and Thursday. They have just returned from a visit to friends in Canada.

Born, on Sunday, July 21, to Rev. and Mrs. M. S. Gjerde, a baby boy. Through some misadventure on our part this notice was omitted from these columns last week.

Lost—Between hotel and depot a cuff link, gold, plain, with initial R engraved on front. Finder please deliver to O. F. Post and receive reward. R. W. Cooper.

Mr. S. Gjerde, student of theology at the Red Wing seminary and a brother of Rev. M. S. Gjerde, will preach at the United church tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Farmers should be sure to get their twine before it is gone. According to statements in the press there will be a big shortage.

N. A. Nelson.

Dr. Swanson was visited this week by a friend whom he had not met for upwards of twenty years. The gentleman is located in Minneapolis, but the doctor could not recall his name.

Adolph Bilden and family of Wakonda, S. D., arrived here this week and have occupied the David Collins residence. Mr. Bilden purchased land in this vicinity from C. C. Elliott last fall.

Peter Lundberg has completed his new horse barn. It is 30x48 feet in size, and the hay loft has a capacity of 80 tons. The stables have a cement floor, except the stalls, where the horses stand on plank floors.

County Supt. E. A. Mostue was in town the first of the week holding teachers' examinations; There were but nine teachers in attendance, as follows: Effie Hanson; Myrtle Blaine, Marie Hooper, Blanche Lind, Iver K. Lind, Hannah Miller, Ella Jackson, Ida Kallaud.

Courtship in the North.

The old Eskimo lit a cup of walrus oil and peered over the sealskin curtain.

"Aurora," he called, sharply, "is that young man down there yet?"

"Yes, pa," answered the Eskimo belle.

"Well, I want you to cut him out, understand?"

"Er—you'll have to do it yourself, pa. He has been here so long he is frozen to the snow settee."—Success Magazine.

Qualified.

The great magazine editor sneered.

"What right have you," he asked, "to think you'll ever make a poet?"

"Well, sir," the youth said timidly, "I've been fasting man in a sideshow for the last two seasons."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No man is wise at all times.—Pliny the Elder.

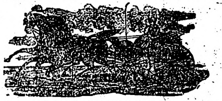
Explained.

"You say the defendant pulled the plaintiff's hair. Now, how could the defendant, who is an unusually short man, reach the plaintiff's hair, the plaintiff being fully six feet tall?"

[illegible]

JUST RECEIVED
A BIG LINE OF
Dress Goods
Ladies' Skirts
Petticoats
Come in and get your supply of Stark A Grain Sacks at 23 1-2 cts.
D. LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

ONE STONE FENCES FARM.

Missouri Man Has Land Where No Wheel Ever Rolled.

Jasper, Mo.—Within sight of this town a settler has a farm which probably is unlike any other in the world.

This farm occupies the tableland on the summit of a ridge and is inclosed with a fence which no animal has ever broken through. It does not rise above the surface of the farm, but falls sheer from the edge a distance of many feet. The man who homesteaded the tableland had a hard climb up the face of a perpendicular cliff to reach the comparatively level summit.

At one point a ledge extends out a few inches and along the face of the cliff at an upward grade. By following this ledge and making use of occasional points of rocks and of shrubs growing in the fissures the discoverer pulled himself to the summit and found a surface well covered with a soft and luxuriant vegetation.

Gradually he improved the ledge until he could carry up tools and seed. By blasting and drilling he cleared a narrow trail, up which he was able to take first some pigs and then a cow. Later on he took up a horse.

And that to-day is the condition of this curiously protected farm. No vehicle has turned a wheel within its limits of palisades. The live stock has multiplied and consumes the grain raised. Some stones thrown across the trail completely fence in the hogs and cattle. When the farmer has stock to sell he drives the animals down the private trail and strikes the road to Jasper.

CATERPILLARS HALT TRAIN.

Three Times Within Mile Crew Shovels Them Off the Tracks.

St. John, N. B.—Moths, caterpillars and other like pests have made their appearance in great numbers in many sections of this province, particularly in York county. There they have caused considerable inconvenience, and several amazing stories are told of experiences when they have met in large bodies. Trainmen manning a freight between Fredericton Junction and McAdams are authority for a statement that appears incredulous. They say that the heavy freight train was stopped three times within a mile by caterpillars which swarmed over the tracks in such numbers as to effectually impede the progress of the train. It was necessary to arm the entire train crew with shovels and scoop the thousands of pests off the tracks, and another those on the roadbed by shoveling gravel over them. They report [illegible]

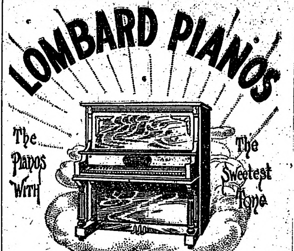
Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

Great Northern Railway
TIME TABLE.
GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m.
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "
GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p. m
" 554, Freight, " [illegible]
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie..................7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie..................8:3[illegible] a. m

Bids Wanted

Sealed bids will be received up to August 10, for furnishing material and placing a concrete foundation under a school building 18 ft. by 24 ft., and shed adjoining, 8 ft. by 10; the wall to be 18 inches high, 12 inches wide and a strength of one of cement to [illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slater, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible] with all who have no telephone. [illegible]

C. W. HOOPER

BEST DEFENCE AGAINST DISEASE

Is a Supply of Rich, Red Blood and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Tonic to Use When the Blood Is Thin and Weak.

Thin, impure blood is an invitation to sickness. The blood is at work, day and night, to maintain the health and any lack of strength or purity in the blood is a weakness in the defense against disease. Anaemia is the doctor's name for lack of blood. There may be an actual loss in the quantity of the blood or one or more of its constituents may be lacking. Its surest symptom is pallor. Anaemia is particularly common in young girls from 14 to 17 years of age. It is not confined to them for it is this same lack of blood that prevents full recovery after the grip, fevers, malaria and operations and is present in old age and in persons who have been under an unusual physical or mental strain.

Mr. Morgan Bowen, of No. 2631 Fillmore Street, N. E. Minneapolis, Minn., says:

"When I was 15 years old I went into a decline and my parents feared I was going into consumption. I was sick for a year and was not able to do much of anything. The sickness came on me gradually. I was pale and seemed to lose my strength. I was attending school at Winona at the time and became so nervous that I had to give up my studies. My parents were alarmed about my condition as there had been consumption in the family.

"A friend advised my mother to give me Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and before I used them long I was much improved. I gave the pills a thorough trial and was fully restored to health. My health has been good since, but I always keep Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in the house and take them when I feel I need a tonic."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood so that it can nourish and strengthen the weakened system has made hundreds of cures in the most severe disorders.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People should be used in anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, sick headache, nervousness and for a general run-down condition of the health.

Send for free booklet, "Diseases of the Blood."

Dr Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Result of the Primary.

It had been a hard day at the polls. The addition of nearly a thousand women's votes to the poll made the counting a prolonged proposition.

"Well, James," said Mrs. Wallicky, as her husband returned from his arduous labors as a teller, "how did the vote go?"

"Nine hundred and two votes for Bildad, seven hundred and fifty-three for Slathers, eight recipes for tomato ketchup, four wash lists and a milliner's bill," said Wallicky. "It was a mighty interesting vote."—Judge.

Jolt to Romance.

"How about that young doctor? Has he proposed?"

"Not yet. Papa nearly ruined everything last night."

"How was that?"

"Just as the doctor was pleading for a peep at my eyes, papa came in and asked him to take a look at my tonsils."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Tame.

Mrs Knicker—I'm afraid those horrid men beat you at poker.

Knicker—No danger, my dear; they eat from my hand.

EVENTIDE — Supper. What shall it be? A cooked meal? No! Too long — too tedious to prepare. Just phone the grocer for

Libby's Luncheon Meats

They're delicious! Some Vienna sausage or sliced dried beef—some veal loaf or corned beef. They're so easy to serve. Or, here's an idea—a Libby menu:

Libby's Olives or Sweet Gherkins
Libby's Corned Beef
Libby's Veal Loaf Chili Con Carne
Potatoes Au Gratin
Libby's Asparagus

And then just top off with Libby's Fruits or Preserves. Doesn't that sound good? Order them from your grocer now. You will be surprised how economical a Libby meal will be.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

KODAK FINISHING
[illegible]

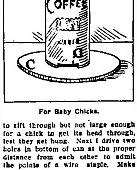
POULTRY

HOPPERS FOR THE CHICKENS

Details and Illustrations for Free Delivery of Feed Into Trays for Young and Old.

I make all my dry-feed hoppers for chicks, from one-pound coffee cans, and covers from five-pound lard pails, says a writer in the Farm and Home. They are very satisfactory as well as cheap.

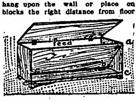
With a can opener I cut a slit about two inches long, close to the bottom of the can, then at each end of the cut make a half-inch incision toward the top of the can. With a pair of pinchers I bend back the tin, making a hole large enough to allow the feed to sift through but not large enough for a chick to get its head through, lest they get hung. Next I drive two holes in bottom of can at the proper distance from each other to admit the points of a wire staple. Make corresponding holes in the pail cover, insert the staple through the four holes and bend each point outward, fastening cover and can together. Remove top from can and fill with meal or bran and there is not a hopper on the market more useful for baby chicks up to four and five weeks of age.



For Baby Chicks.

The hopper for larger fowls is made from a long but narrow wooden box. Any dimensions which suit the space or wishes of the poultry man may be use. Remove cover and front side from box, saw a small strip from end of the removed front and fit carefully upon cleats placed from front corner of top to back corner of bottom. (See line a b.) Across front of bottom c, nail a narrow strip to prevent feed from being pushed out on floor.

For the cover, hinge top of box to back side and the hopper is ready to hang upon the wall or place on blocks the right distance from floor to allow fowls to eat comfortably. In fitting the front upon the cleats allow half an inch space from bottom and one inch from back of hopper. This gives free delivery of feed into the tray.



Dry-Feed Hopper for Poultry.

SUNFLOWER SEED FOR HENS

Russian Variety Is Most Prolific for Furnishing Good Quality of Rich Oil Feed.

For poultry the Russian sunflower is the most prolific variety. Sow seed early in June. The sunflower is a profitable crop to grow for furnishing a good quality of rich oil feed to take the place of cottonseed or flaxseed meal. Sunflower seed is used in all the poultry mixtures now sold in the markets.

The sunflower is a hardy plant, a vigorous and rapid grower, and a good plant to grow not only for its seeds, but also for its bright, beautiful yellow blossoms. The plant, when in full bloom, makes a good food for honey bees. Have the ground deeply plowed and thoroughly mellowed. The ground should be rich to grow large heads full of seed. Mark the rows off three feet apart and three inches deep. Drop two seeds to the running foot. When plants are up thin out the stand 15 to 20 inches apart. Good culture, free of grass and weeds, must be given through the season.

Vacation for Breeding Stock.

Give the breeding stock, you intend to carry over for next season, a vacation in vacation quarters. If possible, separate the males and females and give each flock outdoor quarters on ample range, well shaded. Let them occupy this summer range until time to house in winter quarters in the fall. You will find that they moult out cleaner and earlier and that they will prove better in breeding condition.

Fatten Cockerels.

As soon as the cockerels weigh three-quarters of a pound they should be penned for ten to twelve days and fed all they will eat of corn chop or a wet mash composed of two parts corn meal, one part bran and one part low grade flour. If this mixture can be dampened with skim milk, it will add much to its fattening and bleaching qualities.

Corn Always Fattens.

A corn ration will put on fat just as fast in summer as in winter. For this reason the flock of laying hens should be fed sparingly of corn and should be made to dig and scratch for the small grain they get. Another excellent way to give them exercise is to [illegible]

WHY PURE BREEDS ARE BEST

Well Kept Flock of Thoroughbreds Costs No More to Feed and House Than the Mongrels.

(By MRS. H. F. GRINSTEAD.)

The person who raises chickens, turkeys, ducks or any other fowl naturally feels a greater pride and interest in thoroughbred stock and, therefore, gives the flock better care than would be given to mongrels. No matter what kind of birds you have, however, the same rule of good care applies. With the right kind of care and interest your flock will yield abundant satisfaction and good profit and both of these are felt to a greater degree by the owner of the thoroughbred fowls.

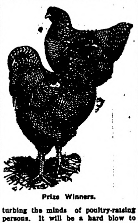
Houses, yards and feed cost about the same for either mongrels or full bloods and a well kept flock of thoroughbreds always attract attention and admiration from neighbors, who are often willing to pay a much better price for eggs for hatching purposes from such stock than ordinary eggs will bring.

Many buyers, every season, get excellent results in the least expensive way by purchasing eggs from which to hatch pure bred stock. The breed best suited to your surroundings and the purpose you wish them to serve should be selected. The best meat producer is not, as a rule, a good egg producer and so on, but with careful study of some of the breeds a buyer ought to be able to know how to select just what will meet his needs.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS ARE FIRST

More Marketable Than White-Feathered Chickens, Says Prof. Lippincott of Kansas.

The most marketable breed of chickens is the Barred Plymouth Rock. This decision, handed down a few days ago by W. A. Lippincott, professor of poultry husbandry at the Kansas Agricultural college, answers a question which long has been disturbing the minds of poultry-raising persons. It will be a hard blow to the popular theory that white-feathered chickens are more in demand on the markets than any other breed. Doubtless you have stood by that belief all your life, and you may take exception to the ruling of the court.



Prize Winners.

But white feathers don't count for all, the poultry professor says. And he has made, in packing centers, an investigation upon which to base his assertions. At to their marketable merit, Prof. Lippincott ranks the various breeds like this: Barred Plymouth Rocks, White Wyandottes, White Plymouth Rocks, Black Langshans, Leghorns, Brahmas, Cochins, Scrubs.

Yellow shanks and yellow skin are demanded above everything else, the decision says. Further, the shanks must be clean and free from feathers. The body must be plump and of medium size—four to seven pounds, for roasting birds. The breeds that most nearly meet these requirements are the Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, and Rhode Island Reds. The reason such breeds as Buff Wyandottes and Rhode Island Reds do not appear in the list just given is because they have not been bred in sufficient numbers to make an impression on the market. Packers are not acquainted with them.

Question of Profit or Loss.

Success or failure with poultry depends entirely upon the management, and in studying the cause of failures the poultry keeper must hold in view the fact that the fowls are creatures in his charge, and that upon his judgment hinges the question of profit or loss.

Reduce Egg-Laying Power.

An egg is a chemical combination, and if hens lack in their feed any element which is found in eggs then the power to produce eggs is lowered.

POULTRY NOTES

Look to the comfort of the fowls.

Never feed whole corn except at evening.

Direct sunlight is a great natural disinfectant.

Don't neglect your chicks and fowls in hot weather.

Hot, close weather brings lots of lice to the dirty pen.

It is a well-known fact that all hens are not good layers.

The hot, sultry weather is trying to both fowls and men.

Don't crowd sleeping quarters. Keep fronts of houses open.

Hens and pullets do not thrive on the same kind of feed.

Heat prostration is common in yards where there is no shade.

Keep things clean. Use lice powder, lice paint and disinfectants freely.

As soon as the hatching season is over all sale birds should be marketed.

Feed little, if any, corn or other heating foods while the temperature is high.

It takes a good poultryman to keep up his enthusiasm when the weather [illegible]

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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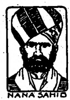
Nana Sahib, a Man of Mystery



NANA SAHIB

THE name "Nana Sahib," a half century ago, was one of terror and loathing all over the civilized world. Today Americans have half forgotten it. Several million dusky Orientals secretly or openly hailed Nana Sahib as a deliverer and a true patriot. A still larger number of white people declared him a fiend. He was the foremost figure in the Sepoy Mutiny. His terrible work ended, he apparently vanished from the face of the earth.

His name was not Nana Sahib. That was merely his title. (His name was Dhundo Punt). He was the son of a high caste Hindoo and was born about 1825. When he was a baby he was adopted by Bhajee Rou, prince of the Maharattas; and in 1851 he succeeded his adopted father as prince. Bhajee had been lord of wide estates and had received a yearly pension of $450,000 from the British government. At his death the pension was stopped and the government seized much of his land.

This angered Nana Sahib, who had hoped to inherit all of Bhajee's wealth. He sent an agent to England to urge his rights. But all he could secure from the British was permission to hold the barren title of prince and to rule the fortress town of Bithoor, near Cawnpore.

If Nana felt resentment at this lopping off of his power he showed no outward sign of it. He came of a race that knew how to hide its feelings and to await the right moment for revenge.

So, instead of sulking in his fortress or joining in the thousand foolish, hopeless native plots that were forever stirred up against the white men, he became as "English" as he could. He spoke the language and tried to follow the customs of the British. He mingled as much as he was allowed to in English society at the India garrison towns. When callow English youths turned up their noses at his pretensions or sneered at him as a mere native, he bore all such slights patiently and redoubled his efforts to copy the ways of his white masters. He succeeded. Every one believed him devoted to England.

Then, in 1857, came the Sepoy Mutiny. Most of England's white regiments had been summoned away from India to the Crimean War, leaving the country chiefly garrisoned by Sepoy, or native troops. The religious fanaticism of these native soldiers was so cleverly worked upon by Nana and other secret agents that they rose in a body against the English.

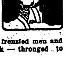
Nana, when the mutiny broke out, declared himself ready to die in the defense of his British friends. They trusted him absolutely. But as soon as the uprising showed signs of success he cast aside the mask of loyalty, placed himself at the head of a Sepoy army, and proceeded to wreak horrible vengeance for his real or fancied wrongs.

Battle after battle Nana fought with the white troops during the next few months, almost always being beaten in fair fight, but continuing to massacre any small detachments of English he could find. His wily brain and heartless cruelty made him a scourge to the British until the whole Mutiny was stamped out.

Then England wreaked fearful vengeance on her crushed foes. Native leaders were tied to the cannon's mouth and blown to pieces. Other cruelties were inflicted that could be partly excused only when one remembered that the avengers were mad with anguish over the brutal murders of their wives and children.

But, while other and lesser conspirators suffered punishment, Nana Sahib escaped. To this day no Englishman knows what became of him, whether he died years ago or is still living in luxurious safety in some Oriental land.

Philip of Orleans, the Man Who "Made" Money



PARIS swarmed like a beehive. Every house was occupied. People paid as high as $50 a week for the privilege of renting an unfurnished attic. From every part of France, from all parts of Europe, frenzied men and women—money-drunk — thronged to the French capital.

For the greatest "get-rich-quick" scheme on record was in progress. And its promoter and chief backer was Philip, duke of Orleans, regent of France. At his side stood a canny Scotchman, John Law by name. Philip, coached by Law, was literally "making" money. He was manufacturing it for his own benefit as he might have manufactured cigars or tin cans. It was a pleasant and profitable business. When the regent needed money he ordered bills to be engraved and used them at will—regardless of the fact that there was no real cash in the treasury to meet the bills when they should be presented.

Philip was the nephew of King Louis XIV. of France. He began life with splendid prospects. He was brilliant, brave, of attractive personality and with strong talent as a statesman and soldier. But in youth his tutor, Dubois (whom he afterward made prime minister of France), taught him to sneer at morality and goodness and to revel in a life of low dissipation. In spite of these drawbacks Philip made a name for himself. He was so fine a general and so successful in France's wars that Louis XIV. grew jealous of his fame and withdrew him from the field. Next he plotted to seat himself on the Spanish throne. And again court influence checked him. So he devoted himself to the study of chemistry, including the art of preparing poisons. And soon afterward nearly all the heirs to the throne of France suddenly died. Philip was accused of poisoning them in order to gain the crown himself. He denied this and demanded a trial. Old Louis XIV., who hated him, refused Philip even this doubtful chance to clear himself.

When Louis XIV. died, in 1715, the next heir to the throne (Louis XV.) was only five years of age. Philip (brushing by the obstacles Louis XIV. had raised against such an act) had himself declared regent of the kingdom until the new king should be of age. He found France in an almost bankrupt condition through the late king's extravagances, and he tried to start an era of prosperity. Instead, he started an avalanche of misfortune.

John Law (a gambler, who had been forced to flee from Scotland for dueling and who had been expelled from two continental cities as an "undesirable") came to Paris and suggested to Philip a scheme for wiping out France's national debt and putting the country, financially, on its feet. The idea, roughly, was this:

To establish a state bank that should handle all public funds and to run it in connection with a company for exploiting Louisiana and the rest of the Mississippi region. (New Orleans was named in honor of Philip.) The shores of the Mississippi were supposed to be lined with rich gold and silver mines.

The boom began. Shares that were issued at $100 ran up to $4,000. Law promised annual dividends of 120 per cent. on the stock. France went money-mad. People clamored for a chance to invest in the wonderful scheme. Law paid the dividends in treasury notes, which may or may not have had some genuine value. But whatever value they had was at once ruined by Philip, who proceeded to print paper money in huge quantities for his own use and for other purposes, without bothering about the fact that there was not nearly enough real money in the bank to justify it.

Everybody had money (made of paper.) Beggars bought mansions Servants drove in gilded coaches. Poverty seemed abolished. And as paper money flooded the country the price of everything from soup to diamonds rose with it. Calico, for instance, cost as much as had silk. But no one cared. For everybody seemed to have plenty of paper currency.

A few wise people tried to "cash in" their paper notes for gold and silver. Philip quickly stopped this by declaring it illegal for any one to possess more than a certain amount of genuine money and by punishing those who tried to get rid of their paper notes.

Then, all at once the scheme fell flat. The "Mississippi Bubble" burst. Panic raged. Thousands were impoverished. John Law fled the country.

Philip alone escaped and lived on in dissolute comfort. He died in 1723, aged 49, his health prematurely shattered by the wild life he had led.

Force of Lightning

The amount of light given by a single lightning flash is enough, an electrician calculates, to illuminate an area of two square miles. The bolt itself would be visible several miles further off, but the remotest part of the region mentioned would have as much light as would be given by a candle—quite enough to read by.

To produce such a light it would be necessary to expend 12,000 horse-power for a second. These figures appear large, but the time is short. The flash might be for only 1-1,000 part of a second, but the impression on the eye would continue for a tenth of a second anyway. Reckoned down to an exact hour, this moment of force would mean only about four horse-power.

The question of how the static electricity gets into the clouds is difficult to answer. One theory is that it is [illegible] and are there readily collected by particles of moisture. When the particles of moisture condense they form heavy thunder clouds, and this formation of raindrops causes the lightning flashes as explained.

Markswomanship.

"I am afraid those militant suffragettes are going to give us serious trouble," said one London policeman. "They mean business."

"Why do you think so?" inquired the other.

"A lot of them have quit giving parades and making speeches and are practicing with quoits and baseballs."

Rain Caused Fire.

Fire has been caused by rain at [illegible]

ONLY THING IS TO FIND HER

Every Man Has an Affinity Somewhere on the Earth, Is a Law of Nature.

Every man has a best girl waiting for him somewhere in the world. The moment that he is born, the catalogue clerk in Time's great factory assigns him to a best girl or else puts him on the waiting list.

There is no escaping your best girl. No matter where she may be born or how far apart from her you were when you started, the inevitable attraction will work your destiny, and when you meet you will both know it.

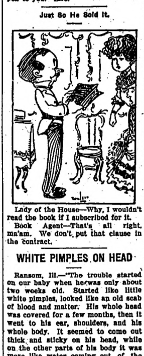
All that is lacking is the material realization, and inasmuch as all ideas eventually find their way to the surface, yours is bound to come.

Sometimes a man's best girl is homely; sometimes her mouth is not a cupid's bow, and her features are irregular; that makes no difference; he will love her just the same when he meets her.

Also, she may be another man's wife. Such things have been known.

Here's hoping that it will not happen to you.—Life.

Just So He Sold It.



Lady of the House—Why, I wouldn't read the book if I subscribed for it.

Book Agent—That's all right, ma'am. We don't put that clause in the contract.

WHITE PIMPLES ON HEAD

Ransom, Ill.—"The trouble started on our baby when he was only about two weeks old. Started like little white pimples, looked like an old scab of blood and matter. His whole head was covered for a few months, then it went to his ear, shoulders, and his whole body. It seemed to come out thick and sticky on his head, while on the other parts of his body it was more like water coming out of the skin. He would scratch until the eruption would be all covered with blood and gradually spread. The least little stir or rub would cause the sores to bleed, spread and itch. Never had a full night's sleep, restless all night.

"The sores were horrid to look at. It lasted until he was about two and a half years old. Then we saw an eczema advertisement in the paper to use ———, but it did no good. Then we used Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. We put the Cuticura Ointment on thick at bed time and put a tight hood on so he could not scratch the sores. Then we washed it clean with Cuticura Soap and warm water twice a day, and he was completely cured." (Signed) Mrs. E. F. Sulzberger, Dec. 30, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Time for Patriotism.

The organist was not lacking in patriotism, yet he rebelled when requested to play "The Star-Spangled Banner" at a wedding.

"It is not appropriate," said he.

"Ain't it?" said the bride's father. "For this wedding it is the most appropriate thing you can play. Cut all the rest of the program, if you like, but stick to that. I had the hardest kind of a fight to keep Bell's mother from marrying her off to a foreigner. Between Belle and me we won out for an American and if this isn't the time for the 'Star-Spangled Banner,' I'd like to know what is."

To remove nicotine from the teeth, disinfect the mouth and purify the breath after smoking, Paxtine is a boon to all. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Way It Looked to Him.

Mrs. Benham—Did she wear a picture hat?

Benham—She wore a roof garden.

Cole's Carbolisalve

Relieves and cures itching, torturing diseases of the skin and mucous membrane. A superior Pile Cure. 25 and 50 cents, by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

Time, is frequently money lost unless you take advantage of it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

If a man is easily bought the buyer is apt to be sold.

Human Yardstick.

"Cholly, but I's tired!" exclaimed a tall and thin negro, meeting a short and stout friend on Washington street.

"What you been doin' to get tired?" demanded the other.

"Well," explained the thin one, drawing a deep breath, "over to Brother Smith's dey are measurin' de house for some new carpets. Dey haven't got no yawdstick, and I's just exactly six feet tall. So to oblige Brother Smith, I's been a-layin' down and a-gettin' up all over deir house."—Youth's Companion.

RECORD OF A GREAT MEDICINE

Doctors Could Not Help Mrs. Templeton—Regained Health through Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound.

Hooper, Nebraska.—"I am very glad to tell how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me. For five years I suffered from female troubles so I was scarcely able to do my work. I took doctors' medicines and used local treatments but was not helped. I had such awful bearing down pains and my back was so weak I could hardly walk and could not ride. I often had to sit up nights to sleep and my friends thought I could not live long. At my request my husband got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I commenced to take it. By the time I had taken the seventh bottle my health had returned and I began doing my washing and was a well woman. At one time for three weeks I did all the work for eighteen boarders with no signs of my old trouble returning. Many have taken your medicine after seeing what it did for me. I would not take $1000 and be where I was. You have my permission to use my name if it will aid anyone."—Mrs. SUSIE TEMPLETON, Hooper, Nebraska.

The Pinkham record is a proud and peerless one. It is a record of constant victory over the obstinate ills of woman—ills that deal out despair. It is an established fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has restored health to thousands of such suffering women. Why don't you try it if you need such a medicine?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientific for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or 6 sent prepaid for $1.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists.

KODAKS AND FINISHING

Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 629 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

BUY GOOD LAND at low prices and get rich. Come with us and see Tropical Mexico. Write for information. MEXICAN ISTHMUS LAND CO., 413 GRAND AVENUE TEMPLE, KANSAS CITY, MO.

The Old Oaken Bucket filled to the brim with cold clear purity—no such water nowadays. Bring back the old days with a glass of

Coca-Cola

It makes one think of everything that's pure and wholesome and delightful. Bright, sparkling, teeming with palate joy—it's your soda fountain old oaken bucket.

Free [illegible]

THE COCA-COLA CO. [illegible]

MISSING ISSUE

Date: Aug 10 1912

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 17, 1912. NUMBER 6.

VETO AGAIN IGNORED

THE HOUSE PUTS STEEL BILL THROUGH TWO HOURS AFTER TAFT HAD SENT IT BACK.

PASS COTTON MEASURE

Senate Passes Democratic Bill—Senator LaFollette's Substitute Voted Down 46 to 16.

Washington, D. C. — Repeating its action of Tuesday, when it passed the wool tariff bill over President Taft's veto, the house repassed the steel and iron tariff bill, within two hours after it had been returned from the white house with the president's veto message. The vote was 173 to 83, a margin of only two votes over the two-thirds necessary to over-ride the president. The senate at almost the same time was engaged in passing the democratic cotton tariff bill, sent them a week ago by the house. Senator La Follette's substitute, which represented the views of the tariff board, was voted down, 46 to 16, and Mr. La Follette and eight other progressive republicans later joined the democrats and passed the cotton bill, 36 to 19.

Reciprocity Repealed.

An amendment was attached repealing all but the pulp and paper section of the Canadian reciprocity law. The repassed steel bill was sent immediately to the senate and reposed with the wool bill among the papers technically on the desk of the president of the senate. Both measures will be called upon at once by Senator Simmons and an attempt will be made to repass them. But the democratic leaders have little hope that they can obtain the necessary two-thirds vote in the senate as they did in the house.

Insurgent forces in both the house and senate contributed to the success of the democratic tariff program. In the house the 16 insurgents who voted with the democrats Tuesday again joined them in over-riding the president's veto, while nine insurgents in the senate joined them in the passage of the democratic cotton bill.

Republicans who voted with the democrats in the house were:

Republicans Who Voted.

Aiken of New York; Davis, Lindbergh and Steenerson of Minnesota; Haugen and Woods of Iowa; Kent of California; Kinkaid, Norris and Sloan of Nebraska; Lafferty of Oregon; La Follette of Washington; Reese, Jackson and Young of Kansas, and Morse of Wisconsin.

The insurgents who joined the democrats in the senate on the cotton bill were:

Borah of Idoha; Bourne of Oregon; Briston of Kansas; Clapp of Minnesota; Cummins and Kenyon of Iowa; La Follette of Wisconsin; Poindexter of Washington, and Works of California.

CLAIMS 34 STATES

Hilles Includes Minnesota in List Issued.

Chicago, Ill. — Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican National committee, has issued a statement claiming 34 states with a total electoral vote of 384, for the republican ticket and conceding 10 states to the democratic party, and listing four states, with an electoral vote of 34, as doubtful.

Chairman Hilles concedes no state to the progressive party.

Northwest states are claimed for Taft as follows: Iowa, 13; Minnesota, 12; Montana, 4; North Dakota, 5; South Dakota, 5; Wisconsin, 13.

Steers Bring Record Prices.

Chicago, Illinois.—Steers reached the highest price ever paid on the Chicago exchange when a load of Indiana fed heifers, Herefords, sold at $10.50 a hundredweight. A number of steers were sold for $10 or better.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 15.—Wheat, Sept., 91¼c; Dec., 92⅛c; No. 1 northern, $1.05¼ (new $1.04¼); No. 2 northern, $1.03¼ (new $1.02¼); No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 75c; No. 3 white oats, 32c; barley, malting, 64c; No. 2 rye, 63½c; No. 1 flax, $1.82½.

Duluth, Aug. 15.—Wheat, Sept., 93c; Dec., 92⅛c; No. 1 northern, $1.03; No. 1 durum, 96½c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 15.—Cattle—Cows, $3.75@5.25; calves, $3.50@8; hogs, $7.65@8.30; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.75.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 19,000; market on best beeves strong, others steady to shade lower; beeves, $6.75@10.40; Texas steers, $5@6.90; western steers, $6.25@9; stockers and feeders, $4@7; cows and heifers, $2.65@8.15; calves, $6.50@9.75. Hogs—Receipts, 25,000; market steady to shade higher; light, $8.05@8.65; mixed, $7.60@8.62½; heavy, $7.50@8.45; rough, $7.50@7.70; pigs, $6@8.25; bulk of sales, $7.80@8.40. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; market steady at yesterday's close; native, $3.15@4.35; western, $3.35@4.40; yearlings, $4.30@5.50; lambs, native, $4.35@7.35; western, $4.25@7.30.

Clash Over Administration.

Cleveland, Ohio.—The annual convention of the International Typographical union was featured by strenuous opposition to an administration measure to amend the by-laws to make the terms of the international officers four years. C. A. Burton of Fort Worth, Texas, declared that the measure was an attempt to perpetuate the national officers in office. The anti-administrationists forced a vote and the measure was defeated. Nashville and New York seek the 1913 convention.

OLD MARSHALL HOMESTEAD

House in North Manchester, Ind., Where Democratic Candidate for Vice-President Was Born.

North Manchester, Ind.—Though it has withstood the storms of more than sixty years, and two bouts with the house movers, the little house in which Thomas R. Marshall, governor of Indiana, and Democratic candidate for vice-president, was born, stands today well to the north end of Walnut street, in North Manchester, Indiana, in a better state of preservation than many houses of half its age and experience.

In 1854 the house stood on the lot fronting on Main street, that is now occupied by the Lawrence National bank, and was occupied by Dr. Daniel Marshall, who, besides doctoring the sick, was also a merchant of considerable importance, being connected with his brothers in managing the biggest store of this locality at that time. As time went on they disposed of this store, and after the war broke out the doctor moved with his family to Pierceton, when the future governor was slightly over six years of age. Men who have grown gray remember Thomas Marshall as a boy, but he was too young when his folks left for him to build a new home to take the place

Birthplace of Thomas R. Marshall.

The building in which he was born was moved from its first location to give room to a business building, and was occupied for several years by John H. Shively, but when he wanted to build a new homo to take the place of the old building, it passed into new hands, being sold to Bart Krisher, son of D. W. Krisher. He moved it to its present location, made a few repairs, put on some fresh paint and the house is as neat and attractive in looks today as many of the newer buildings around it.

PRISONER, FREE, COMES BACK

Workhouse Trusty Returns After Trip to Town for Supplies.

St. Louis, Mo.—Alexander Hunter, who still had sixteen months of a workhouse sentence to serve, is pursuing a plan of behavior which will win for him probably an early parole.

When the city authorities decided to turn Chesley island into a farm where inebriates could be kept, its superintendent, Calvin J. White, decided to send Hunter to the farm as a trusty to supervise the work.

Hunter cheerfully accepted the task and began to build a fence. The posts having been put down, he found himself in need of a wire stretcher.

Taking a boat, he rowed alone and unwatched down the river to Kimmswick, but could not find what he wanted there. He then took a train, came to St. Louis, bought the wire stretcher and returned.

"How in the world did you get here?" Superintendent White asked when he stepped off the car and went to the workhouse. "Came up on the train," Hunter answered.

"What do you want?" White asked. Hunter explained and was returned the money he had spent for car fare. He went back to the island and now reports that he has most of the wire around the new stockade put up.

Hunter was sentenced to a two years' term in the workhouse on four charges of larceny, six months on each count.

CORSET COVER AS A NOOSE

Woman Makes a Strange Rope With Which to Hang Herself in Newark.

Asbury Park, N. J.—Making a noose of her coret cover, Annie Spellman, thirty years old, hanged herself in her room in the Ocean Grove home of J. F. Slattery of 50 Shanley street, Newark. She had come from Ireland less than a year ago.

The muslin rope broke after she had been hanging for some time, and when her body fell to the floor the sound alarmed Mrs. Slattery, who ran to the room and found the woman dead.

Veteran Editor Weds Stenographer.

New York.—Announcement is made here of the marriage of Edward Page Mitchell, editor of the New York Sun, to Miss Ada Moroughs of Brooklyn. Mr. Mitchell is sixty years old and his bride is twenty-eight. She was a stenographer in the business office of the Sun.

Spanked Sixty-Year-Old Daughter.

Philadelphia.—Mrs. Margaret Armstrong, eighty-four years old, has been arrested here on complaint of her daughter, Maria Dean, sixty years old, who complains that her mother persists in spanking her.

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

President Taft sent in a veto message of the wool bill

The general deficiency appropriation bill passed the house.

Congress may adjourn August 17, or it may hold one week longer.

The Oldfield bill to revise the patent laws was favorably reported in the house.

The house served notice on the senate that the Bristow-Lodge sugar bill would not be accepted.

The senate refused to take up several special bills and cleaned the way for appropriation measures.

Senator Kenyon's bill to compel jail sentences for anti-trust law violators was placed upon the calendar.

The Military committee of the house favorably reported the bill appropriating $100,000 for relief of refugees from Mexico.

The senate agreed to the house amendments to the proposed law to regulate wireless telegraph. The bill now goes to President Taft.

The house rules committee received a memorial from Mrs. M. W. Littleton urging congressional action on the purchase of "Monticello."

The senate judiciary committee agreed to hear Senator Pomerene's resolution directing the attorney general to prosecute officials of the Standard Oil and American Tobacco companies.

The senate adopted the amendment to the Panama bill admitting to American registry American owned foreign built ships engaged exclusively in foreign trade, providing lower tolls for ships in ballast and free tolls to American owned foreign built ships.

The Panama canal administration bill providing free passage to American ships, prohibiting railroad owned vessels from using the waterway and authorizing the establishment of a one-man government, when the canal is completed, was passed by the senate by a vote of 47 to 15.

General.

The progressive convention opened in a harmonious manner.

An American food famine is the prediction of agricultural exports.

No action will be taken by the senate at this session on the omnibus claims bills.

At Reno, Nev., Mrs. Edna G. Hull filed complaint against Henry Hull, the illustrator, charging simple desertion at New York since 1910. They were married in New York in 1903.

Mrs. Mary Harsh of Creston, Ia., who died at Hopkins, Mo., was believed to have been Iowa's oldest woman. She was 102 years of age and had lived in the state fifty-two years.

Formal announcement was made by Governor Wilson that he would not resign the governorship of New Jersey during his campaign for the presidency.

The battleship Nebraska limped into Boston badly disabled as a result of running into an uncharted shoal four miles west by south of Point Judith light house.

Twenty socialists, including nine young women, jailed in Pittsburg for street speaking without a police permit, kept the other prisoners awake all night with cell oratory.

Though Harry S. Wade of Iowa had his eyes blown out and was made deaf by an explosion on a western irrigation project, it being claimed that the accident was due to the government's negligence, the house decided that $2,500 was sufficient to compensate him for his injuries.

Ousting of Senator Lorimer cost the senate nearly $125,000, according to a tentative estimate. The heavy expenses will necessitate a special appropriation. It was stated that Attorneys Healey and Marble, who were counsel for the committee, would each receive $10,000. No allowance will be made to Lorimer.

By a vote of 30 to 19 the senate agreed to the conference report on the so-called "budget bill," containing the provision abolishing the commerce court, distributing the judges now on that bench to various circuit courts and the amendment of the civil service law to make it cover only seven-year periods.

W. J. Morrill of the United States forest service, stationed at Washington, has been appointed to the position of professor of forestry at the University of Nebraska, according to an announcement made through the chancellor's office.

A record price for cattle was established at Chicago when a carload of steers from Tuscola, Ill., sold for $10.10 a hundred.

Marines from Panama have been ordered to Nicaragua to supplement the force of bluejackets now in Managua, guarding Americans and their property.

When his wife refused to miss her "beauty sleep" Dr. B. B. Ownen, owner of 900 acres of land near Hartshorne, Okla., turned the hose on her. A quarrel ensued and Ownen picked up a big revolver and shot himself three times, dying in a few minutes.

Negro contesting delegates were not allowed to sit in the progressive national convention.

Colonel Roosevelt wants a week of rest, and promises then that something will be doing.

Woodrow Wilson explained that omissions in his speech of acceptance did not mean opposition.

Representative Gardner says the way to solve the trust problem is to make the big combines behave.

Bishop Peter Trimble Roue of Alaska, who has just declined to accept election as coadjutor bishop of Ohio, arrived in Seattle from Alaska.

Secretary Fisher has a plan to allot government coal lands to cities.

Governor Wilson said he did not want or expect campaign contributions from corporations.

Mrs. Daisie Opie Grace, acquitted of the charge of having attempted to murder her husband to obtain $25,000 life insurance, is on her way to Philadelphia to make her future home.

United States Judge Cushman in Seattle denied citizenship to John M. Manos, a Greek, who has lived in the United States twelve years and who refused to bring his wife and daughter to this country.

Near Watertown, N. Y., Mrs. Gordon Priest, 32, wife of a farmer, was found murdered with a hatchet. Her head and neck were gashed, and a sleeping baby, lying beside the body unhurt, was spattered with blood.

Nine boy scouts were drowned by the capsizing of a cutter off Shippy Island. A large party of boy scouts was proceeding at the time to their summer camp on the island. Several other holiday fatalities were reported.

The agricultural appropriation bill more than a month overdue in taking effect, was signed by President Taft and released for field work a small army of employes held up during the delay on the measure in congress.

Francis Vernon Willay of Bradford, England, son of Francis Willey, formerly lord mayor of that city, was arrested in Boston on a charge of conspiring to bring English operatives into this country in violation of the contract labor law.

President Taft told several callers that he expected to sign the Panama canal bill passed by the senate carrying provisions against the use of the canal by railroad owned ships and granting free tolls to American vessels.

With the declaration that they would have a clear majority of 100 in the next house, the managers of the democratic congressional campaign committee announced that they would open headquarters at once in Chicago.

Announcement was made at the University of California of the resignation of Prof. Henry Morse Stephens as director of university extension and the selection of Prof. Ira W. Howorth of the University of Chicago as his successor.

About 1,500,000 acres of Indian lands in the former Shoshone, Uintah, Wyoming and Montana are to be sold at public auction at minimum prices ranging from 50 cents to $1.50 per acre, in accordance with an order signed by President Taft.

A. D. Wolf of Chicago, son of a millionaire shoe manufacturer, has sued for reinstatement in the Illinois Athletic club. Wolf alleges that he was expelled on account of his remarks about club officers. His attorneys said he was thrown out because he is a Jew.

Charles Hilles, republican national chairman, has challenged Governor Wilson to state his position on the leading political issues. Hilles declared that the fight was between the reupblican and democratic principles, and not between Taft and Wilson.

Three young men are in the regimental hospital at Springfield, Ill., and a Sangamen county agriculturist is in the guard house as a result of the war game played by the Fifth infantry, Illinois National Guards. Officers of the regiment refuse to give names or details.

John D. Rockefeller, jr., is interesting himself in the Rosenthal case.

President Joseph Smith of the Mormon church said that all Mormon women and children had safely reached the United States from Mexico, but that the men of two colonies, Colonel Juarez and Dublan, had armed themselves and would not depart.

Personal.

Rebels in Mexico appear to be about ready to give up.

Congress will probably reimburse Lorimer for expense of his trial.

Progressive party leaders outlined their plans for the campaign.

Colonel Roosevelt was accused of shifting on the steel question.

William S. Cowherd is the probable nominee of the democrats for governor of Missouri.

An exceedingly long declaration of principles comprises the platform of the progressive party.

Mayor Harrison is offering his help in settling street car striking difficulties.

General Leconte, president of the republic of Hayti, was burned to death in the palace at Port au Prince.

Colonel Roosevelt has planned an ambitious campaign tour.

Voters in Missouri will have their choice of five tickets to be voted for.

Representative Hobson's plan for the creation of a council of national defense was sidetracked for this session.

President Taft sent to the senate the nomination of Thomas B. Murphy to be registrar of the land office at Williston, N. D.

The three-ringed national contest is going to make much business as well as much fun for the boys this winter [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

JAIL TWO DETECTIVES

Fullerton Investigates Charges of "Strong-Arm" Methods.

Grand Rapids.—Sam Fullerton of the state fire department is in Grand Rapids looking into the charge of "strong-arm" tactics for which two men in the employ of the department have been arrested.

The detectives of the department, John Gallagher and William Morrisey, were sent to Bovey to investigate a fire which destroyed the contents of the Weinstein clothing store.

Sam Kauney, the man in charge of the branch store which is also run at Bovey by Weinstein, says the men threatened him with physical violence unless he confessed his complicity in burning the store and that they drew a gun on him. He ran out on the street when he escaped from their hold.

Kauney swore out a warrant on a charge of assault and the two men were arrested at Gunn station. They are in jail awaiting a hearing which has been set for Saturday. The men say they did not lay hands on Kauney, but were endeavoring to get a confession by telling him that his partner had confessed and had implicated him. It is said the detectives had been drinking.

Mr. Fullerton says emphatically that the department discourages the methods imputed to Gallagher and Morrisey. "Mr. Keller disapproves of such tactics," said Mr. Fullerton, in discussing the case. "The department will certainly not countenance any third-degree methods, and we will simply see that the men are given a fair trial and then drop them from the service."

The Weinstein store is one of a string in which Wolf Simons of Duluth is interested. These stores are at Duluth, Superior, International Falls and Bovey, and there have been eleven fires in the last few years in them. In consequence the department believes the fires were set purposely and is securing evidence. Suits for insurance money are pending in the courts.

It is contended by the state fire department that the contents of the store at Bovey were saturated with kerosene and that there was every reason for believing the fire was started with the object of securing a large insurance on a stock of cheap clothing.

ELKS CHANGE DATES

Advance Time of Beginning Session to Avoid Conflict.

Fergus Falls.—It has been decided to change the dates for the state Elks' convention, which is to be held in this city, from Aug. 21, 22 and 23, to Aug. 20, 21 and 22. The convention is to be held a day earlier because the Sells-Floto circus is to appear on Aug. 23, and it was felt that it would be impossible to entertain the visitors properly with a circus in town.

The Twin City Elks are coming by automobile and will stop over night in St. Cloud, where they will be entertained by the St. Cloud lodge. The St. Cloud Elks will join them in automobiles and come on to this city with them. The program for the convention has been arranged as follows:

Tuesday, Aug. 20.—Registration, afternoon reception of visitors and informal dance at Elks' club.

Wednesday, Aug. 21.—Auto rides to points of interest. Business session and ladies' reception. Baseball game for blood. Social session in the evening.

Thursday, Aug. 22.—A day at beautiful Swan Lake—picnic, lunch, boating, fishing, water sports, swimming contests, etc. Evening, dance at Elks' clubrooms until train goes.

MILL 155 YEARS OLD.

Historic Plant to Be Removed to Wheat Fields.

Philadelphia, Penn. — The wheat fields and fame of Minnesota has driven historic Millbourne Mills, which for 155 years has occupied the same site on Cobb's creek, at Sixty-third and Market streets, this city, out of existence. The old plant is now being dismanteled and will be sent to Hastings, Minn.

Fined $50 for Killing Moose.

Duluth. — F. J. Wilkie, a well-known attorney of Hibbing, was convicted of having illegally killed a moose, and he was fined $50 by a Coleraine justice. It is said that he will appeal the case.

Farmer Is Killed.

Chanhassan.—Hurled from the railway tracks by a locomotive on the Milwaukee railroad, William Jarabek, aged 25, a farmer, was killed near here. When Jarabek and two friends who were walking along the track on their way home heard a train approaching from the rear they stepped from the rails, but Jarabek slipped and fell back toward the locomotive, which struck him and hurled him [illegible]

ROBBERS OPERATING.

Homes of St. Charles Men Entered.

Rochester.—A lawless band of robbers seems to be infesting this section. The home of Mr. Murphy, in St. Charles, was entered and later the Goodrich home in the same place was the scene of an attempted burglary. Then the Anderson residence was visited. Two nights ago Robert Fenske, living east of this city, had two valuable horses stolen. The sheriff and deputies were soon on the trail and the pursuit was evidently becoming too hot, for the thieves placed the stolen animals in a farmer's barn west of the city and then made good their escape.

On the Fifth street bridge was found a purse, badly torn and soaked in blood. The contents were missing except two checks.

The Kealey home in North Rochester was visited by intruders. The men were frightened away before anything of value had been taken.

TWO BOYS ARRESTED.

Son of Aviator De Haven and Wisconsin Youth.

Preston.—Roy Ritchie, a Wisconsin boy, and Cleo De Haven, son of Aeronaut De Haven of Chatfield, were arrested at Eyota, Olmsted county, Minn., by the marshal of Eyota while driving through that place. In their buggy were found about ten suits of clothes and six suit cases, together with a great amount of men's furnishings, goods of all kinds which they are charged with having stolen in Lauvell's clothing store at Chatfield Monday night.

The boys, who are 18 years old, were taken to Chatfield. They waived examination, pleaded guilty and were brought to Preston and lodged in jail last evening, less than twenty hours after the burglary.

They told Sheriff Blexrud, upon arrival at the jail, that they were ready to receive their sentence at the reform school at once if arrangements could be made.

PREACHER DIES ABROAD

Rector of St. Paul's Church, Winona, Expires at Coventry, England.

Winona. — The Reverend Edward Borncamp, 45 years old, for eight years rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church of Winona, and one of the best known clergymen in the diocese of Minnesota, died while attending the morning services at Coventry, England. A cablegram brought news of the death to parishioners. No details were given except that death came suddenly.

Rev. Borncamp left Winona on June 26 on a trip abroad, a gift from the wardens and vestrymen of the church. His health had not been good for the last year. He had visited in France, Holland, Germany tnd England and expected to sail from Glasgow August 17 for home. He was graduated from Carleton college, Minnesota university, and completed his theological course at Harvard.

SECOND ATTEMPT TO DIE

Chloroform and Hanging Routes Fail; Carnival Man Is Arrested.

Winona.—John Bade, an employe of a carnival company which showed here last week has twice within three days failed in attempts upon his own life. At the carnival grounds he was discovered at one of the concessions endeavoring to chloroform himself. He was arrested and pleaded guilty to disorderly conduct, receiving a ten days sentence. At the county jail, Sheriff Parr found him with a wire noose around his neck and fastened to the overhead bars. He was cut down before he was seriously injured and will be examined in probate court.

ARSON SUSPECTS

State May Make Arrests in Wilson Case Soon.

Bemidji.—More evidence has been found in the Wilton arson case which Deputy Fire Marshal Sam F. Fullerton is investigating. Last week Mr. Fullerton traced, by means of a woman's shoe, a suspicious character from the burned store to a farmer's home three miles away. It now develops that when the Rogers store, valued at $13,000, with but $4,000 insurance, burned June 28, that the suspected woman and her husband were seen near the store. Arrests may be made before the September term of court.

Tramps Fell Conductor.

Winona. — Just after Conductor Homer B. Kelly on a Northwestern freight train gave the signal to the engineer to start at Marshland, Wis., across the river from Winona, two men attempted to steal a ride. The conductor ordered them off and a struggle ensued on the rear platform of the caboose. After they were dis[illegible]

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Red Wing.—D. M. Neill, of this place has filed for the Republican nomination for lieutenant governor.

Anoka.—Harry Groat, 23 years old, a son of Hannibal Groat, was drowned in the river here. He fell off a log on which he was riding.

St. Cloud.—Twenty-three cars, carrying over 100 people, went on the first sociability run held under the auspices of the St. Cloud Auto club.

Little Falls.—Fifty local business men did volunteer road work on the highway leading west of this city. The road was the one to be taken by the "St. Paul-to-Winnipeg" tour on Thursday, and the road was put in excellent shape for the tourists.

Fergus Falls.—A terrific rain storm occurred here Monday night, accompanied by some hail. The hail did not do much damage, but grain, especially oats, was badly lodged by the rain and wind, and there are some fields than can scarcely be cut.

Rochester. — Rev. L. E. Spicer of Webster City, Iowa, has accepted the pastorate of the Universalist church of this city, and will begin his work September 1. He takes the place made vacant by the resignation of Rev. R. D. Van Tassel, who has gone to Sioux City Iowa.

Duluth.—Patrolmen Harding and Nyberg, of Duluth, saved a former policeman, Nicholas Nason, a dock watchman, from drowning. Nason fell off the dock as the result of taking a misstep. The policemen heard the splash when Nason went into the water, and hurried to his assistance.

Bemidji.—At the coroner's inquest which was held here over the body of the railroad laborer who last evening shot and killed Deputy Sheriff Norman Helmer and was himself killed by Helmer, it developed that the dead man probably was W. Wayne, of Escanaba, Mich. A note containing this address was found on the dead man's clothes.

Winona.—A punctured tire brought about the arrest here of two boys, Charles Perkins and Forest Jackson of Chicago, charged with the theft of an automobile from the garage of Thomas Fraser of Rochester, republican candidate for state attorney general. They admit the crime and say they were headed for Chicago. The Rochester officials have been notified.

Virginia.—Oscar Groeller, former cashier of the Virginia Brewing Company, is in jail here charged with embezzling $1,122 from his employer. He was at Winnipeg when arrested but returned without extradition proceedings. The embezzlement is alleged to have occurred last September. Groeller denies his guilt and says he will be able to prove his innocence.

Minneapolis.—What seems the fulfillment of a desire, said to have been long cherished by the family to do something to promote the charitable institutions of Minneapolis, the Lyman home at Eighteenth street and Chicago avenue, one of the historic residences of the city, which the adjoining property, has been offered to the city to be used as a hospital for sick babies and little children.

Brainerd.—The fourth annual convention of the Luther League of Young People's Societies of the Swedish Luther Church of the Mississippi district elected Rev. Elof Carlson, Brainerd, president; Rev. C. L. Dagner, Milaca, vice president; Eben Ostergren, St. Cloud, secretary; Miss Ida Ryberg, Upsala, treasurer. The next district convention will be held the latter part of June, 1913, in Upsala.

Cloquet.—Mrs. Frank Santerre was instantly killed by a bolt of lightning that struck the Santerre home. Mrs. Santerre and her daughter, Miss Ida Santerre, had gotten up to close the window. A bolt of lightning striking the chimney came down the stairway and Mrs. Santerre was directly in its path. A lamp exploded and set fire to the room, but the house was saved. Mrs. Santerre was 46 years old. She leaves a husband and seven children.

Owatonna.—Mrs. W. C. Zamboni, wife of a well known Owatonna merchant, was thrown from an automobile and badly bruised when the party, composed of Mr. and Mrs. Zamboni and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Brown, collided with a motorcycle on which the rider carried a second passenger. Both motorcyclists were knocked insensible and the rider was taken to the hospital. Internal injuries are feared. It required the efforts of four men to extricate him.

Stillwater.—A telegram from Spokane states that Otis Staples of Cranbrook, B. C., for many years one of the leading lumbermen of this state, is critically ill and that his death may occur at any moment. While fishing some days ago near Cranbrook he whipped a hook into his eye. Blood poison set in and there is no hope for his recovery. Mr. Staples was for several years government estimator of timber in this state and has a wide acquaintance.

Preston. — L. J. Lupman, assistant cashier of the Farmers and Merchants State bank, of Preston, drove his Rambler touring car to Chatfield and on his way back about ten miles north of Preston his car did not work just right and while he was examining it, it suddenly burst into flames and burned up completely.

Minneapolis.—Because Theo. Roosevelt has been a turn-coat on the subject of woman suffrage, some Minneapolis [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

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Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

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E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 49 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 17, 1912.

There is a candidate for county office on nearly every quarter section. Who says nothing doing?

An address to be delivered by James J. Hill will be one of the good features of the Red Lake County Fair. Andrew Rubertus, secretary of the Red Lake County Agricultural society, received a letter from Mr. Hill yesterday accepting the invitation to attend the county fair and deliver an address. Mr. Hill's address will be delivered on the last day of the fair, Sept. 14.—Gazette.

Between the so-called corrupt practices act, and the determination of Uncle Sam to have the country press lop off non-paying subscribers, the average Minnesota newspaper man realizes what it means to "be between the devil and the deep sea." There was a time when we might take to the tall timber. But the tall timber is now all cut off. Surely it looks as though we were up the stump.—Mankato Journal.

P. M. Ringdahl has filed as a candidate for the democratic nomination for governor. He says he has been practically pushed into this by his friends, and puts it up to them to do the active campaigning. If the republicans and democrats nominate Gordon and Ringdal respectively both parties will be taking a long step towards establishing clean politics in the state, and we should have a refreshingly clean campaign and a good governor, no matter who is elected.

Senator Knute Nelson has at last announced that he is a candidate for re-election to the United States Senate. Thus one of the last relics of standpatism in the west has thrown his hat in the ring—or left it in—and there is a mighty good chance that Minnesota will elect a democratic senator. Nelson's republican opponents have been baited until their patience is exhausted, and there is no chance that they will withdraw. This means a split.—Ortonville Herald-Star.

Information was given out by the attorney general in the opinion of that office that no man may, under the provisions of the present corrupt practices act, buy cigars for the purpose or with the hope of influencing a vote or anyone voting thereby. The law does not purport to prevent the giving of a cigar to a friend if there is no hope of influencing a person's vote is a question for a jury in case of a trial of a person for a breach of the law relating to political campaigns. The fact is that under the law, candidates are prohibited from spending any money, except for a few legitimate purposes. This is well, and is a good thing for the candidate.—Norman County Herald.

Rural School Notes

The annual school meetings have been held. From the gleaning of the reports, it may be said that the financial status of the districts is fairly good and the means of the districts well distributed.

Quite a number of schools have changed from a five or six months school to seven months, or class C, school.

I desire to compliment a number of school clerks for sending in annual reports promptly.

School officers will kindly remember to qualify at the earliest opportunity so that the school treasurer's bond and tax list can be sent at once to the auditor, and the annual report to the clerk.

Quite a number of these reports are yet out. A large number of schools will open the the first Monday of September. Have you hired the teachers for your respective schools? Now is the accepted time to give this matter your earnest attention.

May I ask the school boards to see that everything is in order for the beginning of next term.

School census is now to be taken and the report is due Sept. 1. May we not have all reports in time? Your superintendent has his work to do in unorganized school territory and will be absent from the office except on Saturdays for next two weeks. We all hope for a successful new school year.

Respectfully submitted,
E. A. MOSTUE.

Must Pay for Papers Taken

During the last term of the circuit court at Atchison county Missouri, the case of H. F. Staple vs. Charles Traub was tried. The suit was brought on a long-standing account and among other items was 16 years subscription for the Atchison Conty Mail, claiming he did not take the paper; and that he had refused to take the paper from the post office and mail box a number of times. The plaintiff proved by post masters, deputy post masters and others that Mr. Traub did take the paper during all the 16 years. In the case it was shown that according to law, even if a subscriber does occasionally order a newspaper discontinued or refuse to accept it, he cannot get out of paying what he owes for the paper, and the subscriber must pay the arrearage before stopping the paper.

The jury in this case was out only a short time and brought in a verdict for the entire account, including the subscription for the Mail—16 years at $1.50 a year, or $24. The costs in the justice court and the circuit court amounted to about $100 besides the attorney fees

A similar case has been decided by the court of appeals and it was held in that case that any one taking a newspaper must pay for it as long as they take it from the post office.—Publishers Auxiliary.

Sold Interest in Townsite

Last evening Harry Ives, clerk of court of Pennington county, closed a deal with Auditor Law of the Crookston Lumber Co., for the sale of his stock in the St. Hilaire Townsite Co., of which he has been president for 15 years, thus closing his interest at St. Hilaire with the exception of the Spectator. Mr. Ives owned half the stock and the lumber company the other half. The consideration was not made public.—Crookston Times.

Try It.

When too much trouble comes your way
And you feel down and out,
Don't coax along your sorrow
And in a corner pout;
Get up and go right to it!
Put on the gloves of will!
You'll be a one-round winner,
Of success you'll have your fill.
And if you lack the spirit
To back hard luck a bit,
No doubt it's just because you lack.
The true "git up and git."
To put you in the winning,
And drive away weak fears,
Begin a steady diet of
Pure golden grain belt beers.—Alex Thompson, Crookston, agent.

The Hunting Good

With the opening of the hunting season but a few weeks ahead, indications for great sport in the north woods are most favorable, according to H. A. Rider, of St. Paul executive agent of the state game and fish commission. In a statement signed by Mr Rider, appearing in the July issue of the North Woods, the publication issued by the state forestry bureau, the state official says:

"Conditions were never better than at the present time and the outlook for game of all kinds is very favorable. The deputy game wardens report that partridges and quail are very numerous and of good size for this time of the year. Prairie chickens are plentiful, Deer and moose are seen in large numbers and also are in splendid condition. The commission, in years gone by, has had some trouble in enforcing the game and fish laws, partly caused by the lack of funds. The commission also has had trouble with people who seem to ignore the law. I am glad to say however, that the people are coming to realize that unless game and fish are conserved, it will be a question of only a few short years when there will be none left.

"In the six months past, there have been 180 arrests made for various offences, all in the northern part of the state. Of these, 165 resulted in convictions and 15 in dismissal of defendants. There also have been 111 seizures made and the property declared contraband. On the whole, conditions are improving, owing to the efficient work done by the local game wardens."

Notice of Special Election

The citizens of the village of St. Hilaire in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota who are qualified to vote at general elections are hereby notified that a special election for said village will be held at the village hall in said village on Friday, the 30th day of August, 1912, between the hours of 10 o clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, for the following purposes:

To vote on the question of issuing bonds in the sum of $4,000 to refund floating indebtedness; same to be issued under section 1, chapter 123, general laws of 1905; also to vote on the question of issuing bonds in the sum of $1,000 for the purpose of a permanent improvement revolving fund, and to do any other business proper to be done at said election when convened.

Dated at St. Hilaire this 16th day of August, 1912. DR. C. SWANSON, Recorder.

How a Bull Moose is Born.

The first regularly organized lodge of the Cantankerous Order of Bull Mooses held a meeting Monday night. The following is an extract from the secret work of the order and is vouched for by a member who had taken the degree and afterwards been expelled for behaving himself during lodge:

FIRST DEGREE LECTURE.

Q.—Are you a Bull Moose?

A.—I am, try me.

Q.—How will you be tried?

A.—By the horns.

Q.—Why by the horns?

A.—Because they are an emblem of fight and the working tools of my profession.

Q.—What is your profession?

A.—An angle of 90 degrees temperature and the 4th of a demijohn.

Q.—How do you know yourself to be a Bull Moose?

A.—By having been kicked and willing to be kicked again.

Q.—How shall I know you to be a Bull Moose?

A.—By certain signs, cuss words, more cuss words, and a token.

Q.—What are signs?

A.—Loud noises, facial contortions, and the stomach ache.

Q.—What is a token?

A.—A certain jolt under the ear that one friend gives another in the dark but seldom uses in the light.

Q.—Where were you prepared to be made a Bull Moose?

A.—In a room adjacent to a republican convention.

Q.—How were you prepared?

A.—By being divested of all my senses; hoodwinked by T. R., and led before the populace to make a show of myself.

Q.—What was then done with you?

A.—I was made a Bull Moose in fine form.

Q.—What was that form?

A.—Raising h—l in every convention and being kicked out of same.

Q.—What makes you a Bull Moose?

A.—My proclamation.

Q.—Repeat it.

A.—I, B. S. Shouter, do hereby, hereon, and hereafter, most sincerely promise and swear that I will always follow the commands of Bwano Tumbo through Erly, Irip, Orip, Europe and Stirip and I furthermore promise and swear that I will ignore standpatters, make friends with democrats and promise anything that will bring our glorious order into power, postoffices and patronage.

Q.—After the obligation what happened?

A.—I was kicked three times in the ribs by a brother who said I wanted his job, after which I was presented with the balance of the working tools of my profession and taught their uses.

Q.—What were they?

A.—A hammer for perpetual use and a 224 pound sledge to be used at picnics and conventions.

Q.—What followed?

A.—The Senior Wizard hit the Worshipful Mogul a bat in the eye for not entertaining a motion to adjourn and after calling each other thieves, knaves and rascals the lodge subsided into Friendship, Mortality and Truth and went home vowing to kill each other at the next regular meeting.

Q.—When is the next regular meeting?

A.—At the next republican convention.—Castana Times.

HAS MADE A FORTUNE.

N. G. Scram of Seattle, Wash., a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College six years ago, has made a wonderful success, and attributes it to the training he received at the Mankato Commercial College. He says he is worth $20,000 as a result of his business training and that there is nothing like a business education if one wants to succeed in life.

Write a postal to the Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn., for their free catalogue and special offer.

Captain's Remarkable Action Designed "to Avoid Scandal."

"On the slow and cheap ships," said a purser, "the souvenir thief does no harm; but on a famous liner like the Ruritania, where records are broken and tip-top prices abound, the amount of stuff that disappears is shocking.

"Only things with the boat's name on go—champagne glasses, inkwells, curling tongs, buttonhooks and so forth. And what are we to do about it?

"We had an American peeress aboard last voyage. The day we reached New York a stewardess came to me and said:

"'Oh, Mr. Meet, I just seen Lady Blank's cabin trunk, and she's taken two of our finest silver inkwells.'

"Here was a quandary, eh? The captain was called in, and he settled the matter in the unsatisfactory way such things are usually settled.

"'We must teach Lady Blank a lesson,' he growled. 'At the same time scandal must be avoided.' He thought a moment, then said to the stewardness: 'Take one of the inkwells and leave the other. That'll show her!'"

ASKED MUCH IN SHORT PRAYER.

Remarkable Invocation of Scotch Minister, Reported by Magazine.

"O Lord, we approach thee this mornin' in the attitude o' prayer, and likewise o' complaint. When we cam' tae the lan' o' Canady we expected tae fin' a lan' flowin' wi' milk and honey, but instead o' that we foun' a lan' peopled wi' ungodly Irish. O Lord, in thy great mercy, drive them tae the uttermost pairts o' Canady; mak' them hewers o' wood and drawers o' watter; gie them nae emoluments; gie them nae place o' abode; n'er mak' them magistrates or rulers among thy people.

"But if ye hae any favors to bestow, or any guid lan' tae gie awa', gie it tae thine ain, thy peculiar people, the Scots. Mak' them members o' parliament an' magistrates an' rulers among thy people. An' as for the Irish, tak' them by the heels an' shak' them ower the mouth o' hell, but dinna let them fa' in, and a' the glory shall be thine. Amen."—Success Magazine.

Toledo Blade: Give them a fair chance to vote, and the people have little trouble determining what [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primary, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

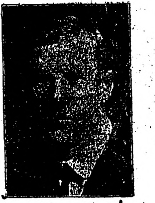
For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my ideas, and I shall use my influence to help along on those lines, no matter whether I am nominated or not.

Sincerely for the success of the party,
ANDREW TROVATEN,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate



I hereby announce that I am a non-partisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. A. Mostue.)

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by George L. Netteland.)

County Superintendent

St. Hilaire, Minn., August 5, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to readers of the Spectator that I am a candidate for superintendent of schools of Pennington county, and hope you will give me your votes and support next fall.

I am not running on any particular party ticket as the new primary law requires that all candidates for superintendent of schools run on a non-partisan ballot, on their merits.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by O. F. Post.)

Clerk of Court

According to the present laws, that we as a citizen are sworn to abide by, it is necessary that we file application for candidacy for the office of clerk of court, and publish notice of our desire.

I am perfectly willing to abide by the decision of my friends and aquaintances as to my qualifications to clerically and economically fulfill the duties of this office.

I have been a citizen of this county for twenty-nine years. I will most surely appreciate any favors that the voters of Pennington county feel disposed to confer upon myself at the primary election to be held September 17, 1912.

Yours truly, O. F. POST.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Pennington. } ss.

In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, Olaus K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled: Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 23rd day of July, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET, Probate Judge.
(SEAL) jy26-3t

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Pay your subscription

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Quarterly meeting service in M. E. church Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m. Elder McKee and others will speak. All welcome.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
FRED PETERSON.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services Sunday, August 11, at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 5449 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 169 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASALLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	85
" " 2 "	83
" " 3 "	78
Flax, No. 1	$1.61
" " 2	1.56
Barley, for 50 lbs	32
Oats	22
Eggs	18
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	60
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	6½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@10
Hides	8@10
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, "	27.00

Bring in Your Work

THE LOCAL NEWS

Mrs. H. Olson was in Thief River Falls last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger went to Red Lake Falls yesterday.

John Hanson was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

S. A. Brevig went Wednesday to Grand Forks for a visit with friends.

Mrs. Andrew Anderson was an over Sunday visitor at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Case went to Thief River Falls Wednesday to visit with a daughter.

Miss Cecil McCaffrey of Crookston is visiting her cousin, Mrs. S. J. Swanson.

There will be confirmation services at the United church Sunday Sept. 1.

The rain of yesterday no doubt put a stop to the premature threshing operations.

C. C. Elliott has been entertaining a bunch of land seekers from Illinois this week.

Mrs. Henry Swanson and daughter Hazel, were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Mrs. D. McAllister and her guest Miss Kate McAllister, visited Thief River Falls between trains Saturday.

Mrs. John Berg returned Wednesday to her home at Duluth after a short visit with her uncle, Henry Swanson.

Mauritz Brink, who is working at Thief River Falls, spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Brink.

Miss Josie Gigstad went Wednesday to Erskine and met her sister, Miss Auldah, arriving home Thursday evening.

Mr. C. W. Johnson and neice Lydia Adolphson of Red Lake Falls spent Sunday at the home of O. W. Brink.

Misses Annie and Elsie Adolphs returned to Thief River Falls Monday after a short visit at the M. Fricker home.

Mrs. P. Hansel of Wylie and Mrs. Phil Ryan and little daughter of Glenwood, Wis., were guests of Mrs. S. J. Swanson Wednesday.

There will be no English service in the Eastside school house next Sunday on account of the M. E. quarterly meeting to be held in St. Hilaire.

The street commissioner has been busy this week clearing up the streets after the cement men and taking the weeds and grass out of Broadway.

Misses Emma and Olga Hoff of Park River, N. D., came down yesterday for a visit with their brother, Martin Hoff, and other friends here.

A. R. Jones left Monday for Crookston to take up his work as grain buyer for the Hanson & Barzen Milling company. His family will follow in a short time.

Farmers should be sure to get their twine before it is gone. According to statements in the press there will be a big shortage.
N. A. NELSON.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Mission church will meet at the home of Mrs. John P. Peterson of Black River Friday evening, August 23. Everybody welcome.

Morris Lasalle went Monday to Thief River Falls, where he has accepted a position with the McGinn Hardware company. Henry Peterson takes his place at Pitkin's hardware store.

Guthfried Fricker, who has been visiting his brother, Mike Fricker, went Monday to Brainerd, Minn., where he will visit another brother, Philip Fricker, before returning to his home at Ellensberg, Wash.

There was a mistake in the statement last week of prizes received at the county fair at Thief River Falls. Fred Soderberg took two prizes: First price, $5.00, for brood mare and foal 2 months old; second prize, $4.00, for brood mare and foal 3 months old.

At the meeting Tuesday evening the sentiment expressed was practically unanimous in favor of the issue of bonds to refund the floating indebtedness and put the village on a cash basis. At a special meeting Thursday evening the council ordered an election to be held Friday August 30, to vote on the question.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Ole Mathson pays 18 cents per dozen for eggs.

O. H. Olson took in the excursion and ball game at Cass Lake Sunday.

Miss Nellie Lindahl came Tuesday from Bemidji for a visit at home.

Otto Johnson and H. L. Hanson drove in the auto to Thief River River Falls Thursday.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Christ Peterson.

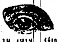
Miss Stella Eastman went yesterday to Thief River Falls, where she will be engaged in dressmaking.

Otto Olson returned Tuesday from a visit to Saco, Mont., where he is holding a government claim.

Quart fruit jars 58 cents per dozen; also, half gallon and pint jars at proportionate price at M. R. Hauge's.

Ferdinand Wallin, who has been a visitor at the Richard Wallin home, left yesterday for his home in Michigan.

S. J. Amble, the nursery man, returned last Saturday from an extended canvassing tour in northwestern North Dakota.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

A. R. Jones has sold his residence property here to Adolph Bilden, a new comer here who is employed by the C. C. Elliott land agency.

Mrs. Satterberg and daughter of Thief River Falls were guests the first of the week of Mrs. Satterberg's sister, Mrs. Ina Johnson.

Misses Eleanor and Edith Hanson returned yesterday to Red Lake Falls, after a visit with Mrs. H. L. Hanson, Miss Blanche Lind, and other friends.

The cement walk men finished their work and left Thursday for Max, N. D., a station on the Soo west of Minot, where Mr. Strandell has secured a contract.

Mrs. Chalin and granddaughter, Miss Alice Fellman, returned yesterday to Red Lake Falls after a few days' visit with friends. Miss Louise Wilson accompanied them.

LOST—Between hotel and depot a cuff link, gold, plain, with initial R engraved on front. Finder please deliver to O. F. Post and receive reward.
R. W. COOPER.

Charles and David Soderman went Monday to North Dakota to work at harvesting and threshing. They will also look for a favorable location to establish a livery business.

Mr. and Mrs. Gust Fellman and daughter Mildred took advantage of the excursion to Cass Lake Sunday. Mr. Fellman returned the same day, but Mrs. Fellman and daughter remained until Tuesday.

Attorney G. Halvorson of Thief River Falls passed through here yesterday in his car on his way home from Red Lake Falls, accompanied by Sanford Dodge, the noted actor. Mr. Dodge gave a program of impersonations from Shakespearian and other plays at Red Lake Falls Thursday evening.

Prof. A. A. Stromberg of the state university stopped here Thursday on his way to Warren and went out to visit a sister, Mrs. A. Hagstrom, in the town of Bray. The professor is a strong Eberhart man, and in conversation with Dr. Swanson expressed surprise that so many of the alumni of that institution were against the governor.

A. E. Hatcher of Minneapolis, is billed to speak here Wednesday, Aug. 28, and to answer the question, "What's Wrong with the World?" giving the solution offered by the public ownership party. It seems to us that he has tackled a pretty big proposition. This question has agitated the minds of men since they began to reason at all, and no solution has heretofore been given. We hope Mr. Hatcher has it.

TIME GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

TIME TABLE
GOING NORTH
No 185, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m.
" 553, Freight, " 8:40 "

GOING SOUTH
No. 186, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie 7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie 8:25 a. m

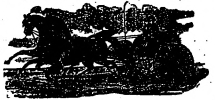
Come in and get the TAILOR MADE

COLLEGIAN CLOTHES

at a reasonable price

D LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE

GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Carlyle's Curious Study.

Thomas Carlyle, the noted English philosopher and historian, had a curious study. It comprised the entire third floor of his narrow brick house at Chelsea, a London suburb. The walls of the study were of double thickness, to prevent street noises from annoying the master while at his work, and a skylight afforded the light. Just how fresh air was furnished the room was not apparent to the visitor. There is nothing about the room to suggest comfort, only a close, thick-walled, skylighted long apartment where the great dyspeptic worked and worked ceaselessly, and from where he hurried to the kitchen, in the basement of the house, as soon as his day's labor was done. In the kitchen he received his most intimate friends, and there they smoked their pipes together.

The Malacca Wildcats.

In the forests of Malacca and other islands in the Indian ocean may still be found the animal known as a wildcat. The upper parts of it are generally of a clear yellow color, with black spots; the lower parts are white with black spots also. On the back the spots lengthen almost into lines or stings, black on yellow.

The average length of the animal, excluding the tail, is almost two feet; the tail averages nine inches. Its height when standing erect is about 12 inches at the shoulder and 15 inches at the hindquarters. Its temper is mild and gentle; it plays almost like a domestic cat, or rather kitten, chasing its tail and amusing itself with anything that it can roll with its paws.

Had Given It Away.

Lucille's mother had taken her for an outing. Now that the hour for luncheon had arrived, she called to the little girl:

"Lucille, we will now have a little roll and some chocolate, and you shall pay with the two sous I gave you but a short time since."

"Oh, mamma," cried Lucille, "I have already given the two sous away to an old woman!"

"I am so glad you have disposed of the money in such a charitable way. How did you happen to present it to the old woman?" asked the mother.

"Well, you see, I gave it to her in payment for two nice apples," confessed Lucille.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial.

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

Good for Hungry Folks.

George William Sellers, the western cricketer, described in Chicago this attempt to teach cricket to the men on his Indiana estate.

"Cricket is, of course, a more leisurely game than baseball," said Mr. Sellers. "We played it on my place in the proper leisurely manner, and all my men seemed pleased. Our first match was with Concord.

"One of my men—his name is John—seemed particularly pleased. John did full justice, before the match, to the lunch served in the marquee on the lawn. He enjoyed, too, the meat tea that pleasantly interrupted the afternoon's play. At each inning he was on hand when the drinks and cigars and sandwiches were passed about.

"During the open-air dinner that wound up the first day's play, I turned to John and said:

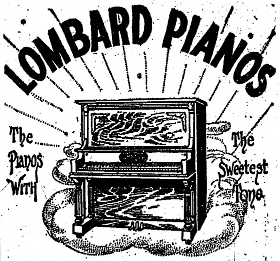
"'Well, old man, what do you think of cricket?'

"'Mr. Sellers,' said he, 'it would be a grand game if it wasn't for all this here [illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE

ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS

For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

CARTERS LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.
In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

KODAK FINISHING
Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. [illegible], 48 East 8th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

Unsatisfactory Transaction.

"I'll admit," said Erastus Pinkley, "dat de mule I done traded off foh a bushel of oats wasn't much good. But jes' de same I feels like I been cheated."

"What are de trouble?" inquired Miss Miami Brown.

"I traded de mule off for a bushel of oats. When I had my back turned de mule done et de oats, an' I don' see how I's gwinter break even."—Washington Star.

Hot Weather Drink.

Philip Hale, one of Boston's latter-day philosophers, recommends barley water as a more sensible drink for hot weather than "ice-cold" blends of waters, sirups, acids, gulped at the marble fountains. Mr. Hale's recipe for his favorite tipple is as follows:

"For three pints of water you will require a teacupful and a half of well washed pearl barley, four lumps of sugar and the thin rind and juice of one lemon. Pour boiling water over it, cover with a saucer and let it stand till cold; then strain again and again till clear, and pour into a jug."

A buttermilk fan adds:

"Then set the jug in a cool place and forget it."

In the Meantime.

There had been a row at recess time, and Miss Martin had called in all of the pupils, and had a sort of a school court, which lasted until time for school to be dismissed. The trouble had started with some of the older boys in a misunderstanding over a game. After hearing both sides of the question, she decided proper punishment for the combatants, and told them to remain in their seats after the others had gone home. She remembered something she wanted to say to a little boy who did not take part in the affray; so she turned to him and said:

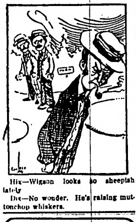
"Now, in the meantime, Guy—"

"I wasn't in it, Miss Martin," Guy interrupted hastily.

"Wasn't in what?" asked Miss Martin.

"Why, in the meantime," said the eight-year-old. — Mack's National Monthly.

NATURALLY.



Hix—Wigson looks so sheepish lately.

Dix—No wonder. He's raising muttonchop whiskers.

A Triumph Of Cookery—

Post Toasties

Many delicious dishes have been made from Indian Corn by the skill and ingenuity of the expert cook.

But none of these creations excels Post Toasties in tempting the palate.

"Toasties" are a luxury that make a delightful hot-weather economy.

The first package tells its own story.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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Lord Byron, Scoundrel and Genius

LORD BYRON

"I WAS accused of every monstrous vice. My name was tainted. I felt that if what was whispered and muttered and rumored was true, I was unfit for England. If false, England was unfit for me. I withdrew."

So wrote a first-class genius and third-class scoundrel, Lord Byron. He was a very pitiable sort of blackguard at best. Not one-tenth as bad as he tried to make people think. Yet bad enough in a cheap, sordid way to deserve decent men's contempt. He was tremendously vain. Not so vain of his poetry, which was great, as of the petty, melodramatic feats that roused more laughter than applause.

Byron had been lame from birth. Part of the time his mother overwhelmed him with caresses and love words. At other times she would scream at him, curse him for "a lame brat" and hurl books at his head. It was a bitter childhood for the sensitive, afflicted youngster. He never forgot it. Nor did he forgive the mother who made him so miserable. He hated her to the day of his death.

Byron began writing poetry while he was a mere schoolboy. It was an artificial, morbid era in English literature, and Byron was just the sort of writer to catch the public's fancy. He found that people were interested in gloomy, mysterious heroes. So, both in life and in poems, he proceeded to become mysterious and gloomy. He hinted at black secrets that clouded his life and talked vaguely of fearful crimes he had committed.

This attitude, combined with his good looks, made him the School Girl Idol. Maidens clamored for locks of his hair and wrote him wildly romantic letters. All this delighted Byron. By this time he had plunged into the grossest dissipation of London life. He halted for a brief time in his career of vice to marry a Miss Milbanke.

They were wretchedly unhappy together and parted in less than a year. The true reason for their separation was not made public at the time, though the fault was admittedly Byron's. He proceeded to write a touching "farewell" to his wife. It was a poem that sought to draw all public sympathy from Lady Byron and to make himself appear more or less a martyr. In spite of this rascally effort popular opinion was against Byron, and he left England in a huff, never to return.

He wandered around Switzerland, Italy and Greece, leading a vile life and writing marvelous poetry. His jaded brain was seeking new sensations of every sort. For instance, he swam the Hellespont, watched the cremation of the poet Shelley and at last decided to become a military hero.

Greece was fighting for independence against her Turkish oppressors. Byron hurried to Missolonghi and placed his sword and life at the service of the Greeks. It seemed to him a fine thing for a poet to draw blade in defense of the Ancient Land of Poetry. The idea struck Byron as a bit of genuine inspiration. He is even said to have had vague hopes of becoming king of Greece.

But he found that drilling, marching, collecting provisions and studying maps was not as poetic a pastime as he expected. It bored him. He preferred to loaf at Missolonghi, taking long swims, writing poetic verse and flirting with dark-eyed Greek girls. And thus he spent much of his time when he might have been fighting for independence.

He also had a new ambition, namely, to reduce his flesh. He tried to do this by drinking vinegar and taking long rides. The result was not what he had hoped. In fact he fell ill.

"Don't grill me as you did poor Shelley!" he begged his friends.

There, after a brief sickness, he died, on April 19, 1824. Byron was only thirty-six at the time of his death. Gifted beyond ordinary mortals, he had wilfully thrown away the respect of his friends and of the world at large.

Duke of Marlborough, Prince of Time Servers

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH

THIS is the story of a man who started life without money or position, and who won vast measure of both. He won them because of his good looks, his utter lack of conscience and his military genius. It would be hard to say which of these three qualities did most for him.

John Churchill—"Handsome Jack," as he was nicknamed—came of an old, impoverished family. He was born in 1650, had almost no early education and became a page to the duke of York (afterward James II.). Charles II., the duke of York's brother, was king of England and ruled a dissolute court, where wit and beauty brought far higher rewards than did mere merit.

He soon worked his way into the duke of York's favor and received from him a commission in the army. As a soldier he showed both valor and martial skill. But it is doubtful if he would have risen as rapidly as he did were it not for the very shady means he employed for his own advancement. His good looks and his unscrupulous conduct brought him money and swift promotion. He strengthened his position by marrying Sarah Jennings, a woman much of his own sort, and even more ambitious.

James II. came to the throne in 1685, and his favorite courtier, Churchill, was made a general and a baron. "Handsome Jack" owed everything to James. Yet, when the latter was attacked by William Prince of Orange, who claimed the English crown, Churchill quickly saw that William would be the victor, and decided to throw his fortunes with him. So, when James Churchill calmly went over to the enemy and took the army with him, James deserted, fled to France and the Prince of Orange became king William III. of England. Churchill gained new honors by this bit of treachery.

William's reign was not wholly popular. It looked at one time as if James might possibly regain his lost crown. Churchill, in order to make certain of being on the winning side, served with William openly and kept up a secret correspondence with James. William learned of this and had Churchill thrown into prison. For a less lucky, less shifty man, this exposure to treason would have meant political ruin. But Churchill managed to secure his freedom and even to win back some of his besmirched reputation.

William died childless, and at his death the English crown went to James' youngest daughter, Anne. Churchill had foreseen this, and had made his plans accordingly. He had managed to install his clever wife as Anne's chief lady-in-waiting and to win for himself the new queen's trust and admiration. Anne—stupid, weak, good natured—was the willing and meek slave of the imperious Lady Churchill, obeying her every wish, heaping honors on her tricky husband; ever enriching the couple.

Churchill was made commander-in-chief of England's forces in the continental war. Here he showed brilliant genius. He won battle after battle, campaign after campaign; amazing the world with his military skill. He also gained himself a name for humanity, during these wars, in spite of the fact that he burned more than 300 towns, villages and castles in Germany alone.

For years he and his wife practically ruled England, through the weak old queen. But for the duchess of Marlborough's bad temper they might perhaps have continued so until the end. But the duchess at last, in 1711, lost her temper once too often with the patient Anne. She is even rumored to have slapped her majesty's face. There was a terrible scene, and the Marlboroughs fell into disgrace. The duke was stripped of his offices and found it convenient to leave England.

Later, in George I.'s reign, he was partially restored to power. But his old greatness was gone. He was no longer fully trusted. Life turned bitter to him. His only son was dead. A stroke of apoplexy thickened his speech and made him feeble. "Handsome Jack" was an old, old man; broken and a wreck of his former self. He died in 1722 in his seventy-third year.

Shakespeare Died at Fifty-three

Great Poet Passed Away at Age When Most Men Are at Their Mental Best.

In the midst of recent tragedies one may pause to think what a tragedy was enacted on April 23, 1616, when Shakespeare died. The exact date of his birth is not known. Two chronicles of the eighteenth century gave it as April 23, 1564, and as the parish record shows he was baptized on April 16 of that year, he may have been born on the 23d. That has been accepted by many as the correct date, and the Shakespeare library founded at Birmingham, England, in 1864, as a tercentenary memorial was formally opened for public use on April 23, 1868, thus giving local sanction to that as his birth date. This library is the only one of its kind in the world devoted exclusively to the works of Shakespeare and those of editors, commentators, authors and translators, about him and his works [illegible] is no doubt that it was just at the beginning of his fifty-third year. Many men are in their prime at that age, but the world does not know whether Shakespeare was well preserved or was beginning to fail. There is reason to believe that he had been sick for a few weeks or had some premonition of death, for he made his will on the 25th of March, 1616, a month before his death, and the original copy shows some marks of hasty execution. The body of the will and its codicils or additions bear three of his signatures, and they are almost the only ones known to be in existence. A single page of any one of his plays in his handwriting and with his signature attached would now fetch at auction many times as much as the value of all the property disposed of by his will.

Accounted For.

"Don't you think that poets are brilliant?" [illegible]

DISORDERED DIGESTION

If Neglected May Develop into a Severe Form of Stomach Trouble.

The Best Safeguard Is to Keep the Stomach Toned Up and the Treatment Should Be Begun When the First Symptom Is Noted.

"A few years ago," says Mrs. George Fallu, of Finlayson, Minn., "I began to suffer from stomach trouble. It came on me gradually and I do not know what caused it. I gave little heed to it at the time, thinking that it was merely a slight attack of indigestion. It finally developed into a severe form of stomach trouble and I suffered terribly for months.

"At the beginning of my sickness I had fainting spells and became unconscious. There was gas on my stomach, my appetite was very poor and what little I ate did not seem to be digested. I was sick at my stomach a great deal and had severe dizzy attacks. I had hot flashes when it would seem as though I was burning up. I could not sleep night or day during these spells unless I took something to ease the pain. I was very weak and was in this condition for six months. I could not do any work and was confined to bed for two or three days at a time.

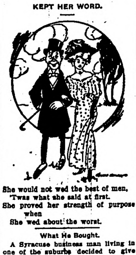
"A doctor at Duluth said I had gastric fever. He did not give me much help so I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills upon my mother's advice. I gave the pills a thorough trial and unlike the doctor's medicine, they agreed with me. I took several boxes of the pills and was entirely cured. I think so much of the pills that I always keep them in the house."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by building up the blood so that it can nourish and strengthen the weakened digestive system has made hundreds of cures in the most severe stomach disorders. This record of cures should merit a trial for the remedy which is guaranteed free from opiates.

A new edition of the booklet, "What to Eat and How to Eat," is free on request. Send a postal for it today and begin to cure yourself by following the directions it contains.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are on sale at all druggists, or they will be sent to any address by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y

KEPT HER WORD.



She would not wed the best of men,
'Twas what she said at first.
She proved her strength of purpose when
She wed about the worst.

What He Bought.

A Syracuse business man living in one of the suburbs decided to give up his spacious back yards to the raising of currants as a profitable side issue. So, wishing to absorb all the information he could acquire on the subject of the currant industry, he went down town one Saturday afternoon recently and returned with his arms full of books.

"Well, Teddy," inquired his enthusiastic spouse, as he dumped the volumes on the table, "did you succeed in getting what you wanted?"

"Sure, I did!" he replied, proudly pointing to the books. "I bought a whole year's edition of a standard work on current literature."—Exchange.

Show Devotion to Queen.

Queen Alexandra was very much touched by the devotion of the women of every station of life who sold flowers on Alexandra day for one of her pet charities, the hospitals of London. More than $150,000 was collected, and next year it is said that all of England will celebrate the queen mother's day in the same way.

HOW MANY OF US

Fail to Select Food Nature Demands to Ward Off Ailments?

A Ky. lady, speaking about food, says: "I was accustomed to eating all kinds of ordinary food until, for some reason, indigestion and nervous prostration set in.

"After I had run down seriously my attention was called to the necessity of some change in my diet, and I discontinued my ordinary breakfast and began using Grape-Nuts with a good quantity of rich cream.

"In a few days my condition changed in a remarkable way, and I began to have a strength that I had never been possessed of before, a vigor of body and a poise of mind that amazed me. It was entirely new in my experience.

"My former attacks of indigestion had been accompanied by heat flashes, and many times my condition was distressing with blind spells of dizziness, rush of blood to the head and neuralgic pains in the chest.

"Since using Grape-Nuts alone for breakfast I have been free from these troubles, except at times when I have indulged in rich, greasy foods in quantity, then I would be warned by a pain under the left shoulder blade, and unless I heeded the warning the old trouble would come back, but when I finally got to know where these troubles originated I returned to my Grape-Nuts and cream and the pain and disturbance left very quickly.

"I am now in prime health as a result of my use of Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is explained in the little book, "The Road to Wellville," [illegible]

NEW SPHINX FOUND

Student of British Museum Discovers It in Egypt.

Figure Fourteen Feet High of Alabaster, Dug From Between the Colossi in Water-Logged Plain of Old Memphis.

Cairo, Egypt. — Another sphinx, weighing ninety tons, and carved from a single block of alabaster, has been unearthed at a point between the world-famed Colossi, on the water-logged plains of Memphis, in Egypt. For hundreds of years it has lain in a recumbent position buried beneath the sands on the road to Sakkareh. Today it is half-exposed to view, and next year it is to be raised to a vertical position above the water-line.

This newly found sphinx was betrayed in its hiding place by its tail, which Mr. Mackay, one of the students of the British School in Egypt, discovered about a year ago. This year, when the water on the plain subsided, the complete figure was excavated, and was found to measure some fourteen feet in height and twenty-six feet in length. Alabaster being a rock foreign to the neighborhood, the new sphinx ranks as the largest that has ever been transported. The figure bears no inscription, but is considered by Prof. Flinders Petrie, the director of the British School in Egypt, to have been carved about 1800 B. C. Many other remarkable discoveries, taking the mind back as far as 5500 B. C., and lifting the veil of centuries from Egypt's romantic story, have also been made by the same school, and, with the exception of a red granite group of Rameses II and the god Ptah, which will be sent direct to the Ny Carlsberg Museum at Copenhagen, and a few other details, are now on exhibition at University College, Gower street. They include many objects quite new to Egyptologists.

Among these are coffins made of basket work, reeds or withes, sandal trays, an axe handle, in which the grip is composed of delicately knotted string, a pot of unburnt incense for a fire-offering of 4000 B. C., and numerous pieces of timber, showing by their formation the principles of building construction that were in vogue nearly 6000 years B. C.

Coffin of Basket Work.

The graves of the early Egyptians were always well provided with such necessaries as were thought essential for the spirit of the departed when it again materialized. Consequently, the relics from Tarkhan include headrests (some of them carved out of trees trained specially into peculiar shapes), sandals, large jars of food, and various vessels of gypsum and semi-transparent alabastar. Some of the vases bear the name of Mena, the earliest known Egyptian king. They are considered by some experts to be a tribute corresponding to the modern floral wreath.

Evidence is also provided of the lack of historical sentiment in the Roman occupants of Egypt by numerous examples of inscribed Egyptian tablets that have been used as hearth stones, door lintels, and mill stones. There is also ample evidence of the belief that sacrilege among the tombs was more common in the earlier periods of Egyptian history than in later periods.

BAIT TEMPTING BUT WEAK

French Curator Resists American's Attempts to Buy MS. of Town's Museum.

Paris, France.—Apropos of the Doucet sale, a Paris contemporary relates the adventures of a rich American collector. He had heard of a twelfth century MS. preserved in the museum of a little town in the north of France.

The collector hied to the town to purchase the treasure at any price. Shown the MS., which he admired, he addressed the curator:

"To whom does it belong?"

"To the town, monsieur."

"And do you know its value?"

"The value cannot be fixed, possibly 5,000 francs, but it is unique."

"I will buy it. I will give you 100,000 francs."

"But it is not for sale."

"I will give you 150,000 francs. It will be a good thing for the town. You will never get such an offer again."

The offer was declined, but the collector was not yet disheartened.

"Now," said the latter, thinking to clinch the bargain, "I will give you, in addition, 10,000 francs, so that you may be able to get a copy made for the town."

Despite the collector's generosity, no contract was entered into.

CORSET COVER AS A NOOSE

Woman Makes a Strange Rope With Which to Hang Herself in Newark.

Asbury Park, N. J.—Making a noose of her corset cover, Annie Spellman, thirty years old, hanged herself in her room in the Ocean Grove home of J. F. Slattery of 50 Shanley street, Newark. She had come from Ireland less than a year ago.

The muslin rope broke after she had been hanging for some time, and when her body fell to the floor the [illegible]

HER LITTLE HAND IN HIS

Mr. Pecke's Explanation as to Reason Somewhat Dispelled the Odor of Romance.

Henne and Pecke were two henpecked married men. The other day they met, and, after a few casual remarks concerning the weather, the subject of women and unfortunate husbands was—perhaps naturally—discussed. To Henne, however, suddenly came thoughts of years ago, when he was a happy bachelor, and (unconsciously of what Fate had in store for him) was "walking out" a girl who was, later on, destined to bring him sorrow and misery.

Pecke, seeing a "far-away" look in his companion's eyes, inquired the meaning. Henne retorted dramatically, "I was just then thinking, old fellow, of those happy days long ago—when I used to hold that girl's hand in mine for hours—when—"

But the equally unfortunate Pecke suddenly cut his companion short by exclaiming: "Why, that's nothing! Cheer up! Do you know, only yesterday I held my wife's hand for three solid hours."

"What?" said the startled Henne.

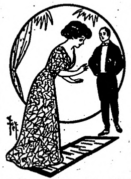
"Yes, it's a fact," resumed Pecke, sorrowfully; "and I declare if I'd let loose she'd have killed me."—London Tit-Bits.

RED, ROUGH HANDS MADE SOFT AND WHITE

For red, rough, chapped and bleeding hands, dry, fissured, itching, burning palms, and painful finger-ends, with shapeless nails, a one-night Cuticura treatment works wonders. Directions: Soak the hands, on retiring, in hot water and Cuticura Soap. Dry, anoint with Cuticura Ointment, and wear soft bandages or old, loose gloves during the night. These pure, sweet and gentle emollients preserve the hands, prevent redness, roughness and chapping, and impart in a single night that velvety softness and whiteness so much desired by women. For those whose occupations tend to injure the hands, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are wonderful.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

PUNISHMENT.



Summer Girl—What do you think you deserve for kissing me like that?

Youth—Well, say you might marry me!

To be sweet and clean, every woman should use Paxtine in sponge bathing. It eradicates perspiration and all other body odors. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Homely Philosophy.

"'After all, it isn't always those with the loudest voices that have the best things to say,' said the little brown hen."

Cole's Carbolisalve
Relieves and cures itching, torturing diseases of the skin and mucous membrane. A superior Pile Cure. 25 and 50 cents, by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

One way to lose a friend is to engage in a political argument.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The average man makes the mistake of overestimating his greatness.

Expect Big Sale of Red Cross Seals.

The campaign for selling Red Cross seals this year will be carried on in practically every state and territory in the United States, and even in Porto Rico, the Canal Zone, Hawaii and Philippine islands. No less that 100,000 volunteer agents, including department, drug and other kinds of stores, motion picture theaters, individuals, and others, will be engaged in the work. Before the sale is completed, it is expected that at least 100,000,000 seals will have been printed and distributed, besides several million posters, display cards and other forms of advertising literature.

That's the kind—Libby's—There isn't another sliced dried beef like it. Good? It's the inside cut of the finest beef sliced to wafer thinness.

Libby's Sliced Dried Beef

stands supreme. The tasty dishes one can make with it are almost numberless. Let's see! There's creamed dried beef, and—but just try it. Then you'll know!

Always Insist on Libby's

Don't accept "a just as good." From relish to roast, from condiment to conserve, the quality of Libby's Ready-to-Serve Foods is always superior. And they don't cost one whit more than the ordinary kinds.

Put up in sterilized glass or tin containers

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP
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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1912. NUMBER. 7.

GEN. BOOTH IS DEAD

FOUNDER OF THE SALVATION ARMY SUCCUMBS TO ILLNESS DUE TO OPERATION.

AT HOME IN ENGLAND

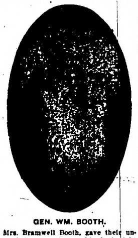
Relatives and Close Friends at Bedside—Son, Bramwell, May Succeed Him—Question of His Burial.

London, England. — Rev. William Booth, general and commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, is dead. He was born at Nottingham in 1829.

The veteran Salvation Army leader was unconscious for 48 hours previous to his death. The medical bulletins had not revealed the seriousness of the general's condition, which for a week past, it is now admitted was hopeless.

Twelve weeks ago General Booth underwent an operation for the removal of a cataract in his left eye. For two days after the operation indications justified the hope of the general's recovery. Then, however, septic poisoning set in and from that time, with the exception of occasional rallies, the patient's health steadily declined. The general recognized that the end was near and often spoke of his work as being finished.

Throughout the commander-in-chief's illness his son, Bramwell Booth, chief of staff of the army, and Mrs. Bramwell Booth, gave their unremitting attentions to him both night and day.



GEN. WM. BOOTH.

The aged evangelist died at his residence, The Rookstone, Hadleywood, some eight miles from London, where he had been confined to his bed ever since the operation. Present at the bedside when the end came were Mr. and Mrs. Bramwell Booth and their daughter and son, Adjutant Catherine Booth and Sergeant Booth; the general's youngest daughter, Commissioner Mrs. Booth Helberd, and Commissioner Howard, Colonel Kitching and Dr. Wardlaw Milne.

Public interest now centers in the question of a successor to the late commander. Under the constitution of the Salvation Army, the general nominates his successor. That General Booth did several years ago, placing the name in a sealed envelope, which was deposited with the Salvation Army's lawyers, with instructions that it should not be opened until after his death. While nobody knows what name the envelope encloses, the general belief among the Salvation Army is that it will prove to be that of Bramwell Booth, who for 30 years has been its chief of staff.

Where General Booth will be buried has not yet been decided. While every English member of the Salvation Army is convinced that no man was more worthy of interment in Westminster Abbey, it is not expected this honor will be awarded to General Booth by the abbey authorities. It is the general belief that the commander-in-chief's last resting place will be alongside that of his wife, who 21 years ago, was buried in Abney Park, Stoke Newington.

Call for Ohio Progressives.

Cleveland, Aug. 21. — Chairman James R. Garfield, for the provisional committee of the Progressive party in Ohio has issued a call for a state convention of the party to be held Sept. 4 and 5 in Memorial hall, Columbus.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 21.—Wheat, September, 91¾c; Dec., 92⅛c; No. 1 northern, 96¾c; No. 2 northern, 94¾c; No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 75¾c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, malting, 67c; No. 2 rye, 66c; No. 1 flax, $1.90.

Duluth, Aug. 21.—Wheat, September, 93¼c; Dec., 93¼c; No. 1 northern, $1.02¼; No. 1 durum, 96¾c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 21.—Cattle—Steers, $5.50@6.75; cows, $2.75@4.25; calves, $3.50@8.00; hogs, $8.10@8.35; sheep and lambs, $3.35@6.00.

Hilles Holds Open House.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican national committee has been holding "open house" for Republican members of the lower house of congress. He said that a majority of those with whom he talked favored Oct. 1 as the best time for the formal opening of the campaign, but there were a number who thought Sept. 15 a better date. The question he said, would be deci- [illegible]

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

New Ulm. — All of the plans for the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the Indian massacres of 1862 have been completed, the city is gayly decorated and many visitors have arrived.

Minneapolis. — Ex-Pres. Theodore Roosevelt will be in the twin cities, Thursday, Sept. 5, and will deliver an address in front of the grandstand at the state fair grounds on the afternoon of that day.

Wood Lake. — The Commercial club has made arrangements for the holding of an industrial contest here during the first week in September. Prizes will be offered for the best agricultural exhibits.

Red Wing.—The saloon of Olson & Carlson and the William Remshardt wagon factory were burglarized. The thieves secured but $7.75 for their work. The police believe it was the work of local parties.

Winona. — The Trempealeau bottoms, for years considered the best hunting grounds in this district, will be drained in the reclamation project now being carried out. West Newton will be the only resource of Winona hunters.

Wood Lake. — The saloon owned by J. W. Manecke was entered and the cash register rifled. The robbers gained entrance through the back door by breaking in the glass door. They secured $9.60 in money and stamps and made good their escape.

Winona.—A protest is made by steamboat owners and others interested in the navigation of the upper Mississippi against the closing of the river to transportation on September 15, as proposed by the contractors of the big power dam at Keokuk, Iowa.

Benson.—The "Benson Times" has mailed its last issue. The paper has been sold to a publisher of Holloway, Minn., and will be issued from that town as the "Holloway Herald." The "Times" was the first paper established in Benson, thirty-seven years ago.

Brainerd.—An authoritative statement was issued here regarding the secret vote taken by the federations of the railway shop employes of the roads west of Chicago. There will be no strike called in sympathy with the Harriman line employes. The vote for a general strike of the Federation of Federations was lost by 451 votes.

St. Paul.—Nels Nelson, sixty-six years old, employed by the St. Paul Gas Light company, was struck by an automobile last evening at Cherokee and Annapolis streets, and died a few minutes after reaching St. Joseph's hospital. The machine was driven by George Whitcher, 19 years old, son of E. T. Whitcher, farmer, living near Farmington.

Albert Lea.—The Young People's League of the United Lutheran church held a three-day session here, the first meeting being held in the United Lutheran church. Many prominent clergymen of the United Church of the United States were in attendance, including Prof. C. M. Weswig, president of the Young People's League of America. There were a large number of delegates and visitors and Thursday all were given a launch ride on Fountain lake.

Grand Rapids.—The search for the bandits who robbed the Cohasset State bank of $1,600 and made their escape into the woods that skirt the town, has been without success. Deputy Sheriff Gunderson, who spent a night at the head of a posse which scoured the surrounding country, returned and reported absolutely no clues to the whereabouts of the robbers. Charles D. Brown, manager of the protective department of the Minnesota Bankers' association, arrived in Cohasset and conferred with Sheriff Riley.

Duluth.—A meeting of the house of delegates at the Spalding was preliminary to the opening of the annual state convention of the Minnesota State Medical society. A resolution was adopted by the house of delegates requested the governor to select members of the state board from a list of men recommended by the county medical societies. Another resolution adopted calls for the drafting of a bill governing expert witnesses. It was decided to continue the Journal-Lancet, the official organ of the society, under the same management.

Red Wing.—Boys and girls of the rural schools of Goodhue county will have an industrial contest in connection with the county fair in Zumbrota September 19 and 20. It will be under the management of Superintendent Swain. The sum of $250 will be divided in prizes among the school children for the best work in many different departments. Any child who attended a rural school in Goodhue county last year is entitled to take part in the contest. All entries must be made before 6 P. M. September 18. September 20 will be a special rural school day. Dean Woods and others state educators will be present.

Duluth. — The stockholders of the Chemung Copper company at a special meeting, decided without at a special meeting, decided without division to accept the proposition of Phelps, Dodge & Co., of Boston, to purchase the company's holdings for the sum of $1,250,000 cash.

Winona.—The body of Rev. Edward Borncamp, rector of St. Paul's Church of Winona and a leader in the Episcopay diocese of Minnesota, who died while at worship in the church at Coventry, England, Sunday morning, will [illegible]

PENROSE'S CHARGES

SENATOR REPLIES TO CHARGES REGARDING $25,000 GIVEN HIM BY ARCHBOLD.

SAYS ROOSEVELT KNEW

Declares Colonel Was Advised of $125,000 Contribution—Alleges Flinn Offered Million for Support.

Washington, D. C.—In a speech in the senate Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania replied to the charges made regarding a certificate of deposit for $25,000 sent to him by John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil company in 1904.

Senator Penrose admitted receiving that sum from Mr. Archbold, but asserted that it was part of a contribution of $125,000 made by Archbold to the Republican national campaign fund, $100,000 of which amount, he said went to the Republican national committee and $25,000 to himself for use in Pennsylvania.

"President Roosevelt had been advised of the contribution," Senator Penrose declared. He said that later Cornelius N. Bliss, then treasurer of the national committee, asked for another contribution of $150,000, from Archbold and his associates, "interested in the Standard Oil company."

Wm. Flinn Scored.

"The demand was urgent, insistent —I may say imperative and it was represented it came direct from President Roosevelt—declared Senator Penrase forcefully.

Wm. Flinn, Roosevelt leader in Pennsylvania was scored by Penrose. The senator charged that in 1904 Flinn offered him and Israel W. Durham $1,000,000 or even $2,000,000 if they would favor his candidacy to the senate to succeed Senator Quay. Senator Penrose read what purported to be telegrams to show Flinn asked John D. Archbold to assist him in securing the election.

Senator Penrose also attacked E. A. Van Valkenburg, editor of the Philadelphia North American and referred to the "effrontery, hypocrisy and mendacity of the Van Valkenburg-Flinn combination."

At the conclusion of his speech the senator promised further disclosures.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 22.—An attack on Senator Penrose was made by Colonel Roosevelt after he had read the senator's statement in the senate. The ex-president quoted from letters and telegrams which he sent to George B. Cortelyou, chairman of the Republican national committee in 1904, to prove that no contributions had been accepted from the Standard Oil company.

"Mr. Penrose and his allies and the entire crowd of crooked politicians and crooked financiers who have attempted to make these attacks upon me," said Colonel Roosevelt, "have made them, and are making them, not only knowing that they are false, but because they are false and because that they know that the forces behind me, which I, at this time represent, are the only forces which the crooked politicians have really to fear."

Colonel Roosevelt then read from copies of letters which he said he had sent to Mr. Cortelyou in the latter part of October, 1904. In these letters he said he had been informed that the Standard Oil people had contributed $100,000 to the campaign and he told Mr. Cortelyou that if it was true that such a contribution had been made, the money should be returned at once.

2,000 Troops to Nicaragua.

Washington, D. C.—Complete arrangements to throw a force of 2,000 blue jackets and marines into Nicaragua within ten days to protect foreign lives and property and keep railroad communication open from the American legation in Managua to the Pacific coast, were made by the navy department.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, August 22.—Wheat, September, 91¾c; December, 92¼c; No. 1 northern, 92¾c-98¾c; No. 2 northern, 88¾c-96¾c; No. 1 durum, 96c; No. 3 corn, 75¼c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, 67c; No. 2 rye, 66½c; No. 1 flax, $1.85.

Duluth, August 22.—Wheat, September, 93½c; Dec., 92½c; No. 1 northern, 95½c; No. 1 durum, 96c.

South St. Paul, August 22.—Cattle—Steers, $....@8.00; cows, $3.75@4.75; calves, $4.00@8.00; hogs, $7.75@8.35; sheep and lambs, $3.35@6.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; market best shade higher, other slow, weak; beeves, $5.55@10.50; Texas steers, $5@8.15; western steers, $6.25@8.85; stockers and feeders, $4.25@8.75; cows and heifers, $6.25@8.15; calves, $6.50@10.

Hogs—Receipts, 28,000; market dull, average 5c lower than Tuesday's; light, $8.05@8.65; mixed, $7.80@8.65; heavy, $7.75@8.55; rough, $7.75@7.95; pigs, $5.60@8.15; bulk of sales, $8.10@8.50.

Sheep — Receipts, 25,000; market steady to strong; native, $3.20@4.25; western, $3.20@4.25; yearlings, $4.30@5.20; lambs, native, $4.40@7; western, $4.30@7.15.

Prime Steers at High Prices.

Chicago, Illinois.—Prime steers, which last week sold at $10.50, the top price in years, commanded an additional rise and sold at $10.60. High grade cattle have advanced steadily in price for several weeks and higher prices are looked for in the yards. Compared with cattle prices livestock men assert that sheep are cheap with an abundance of mutton available. With a 15 cent advance, sheep sold at a top price of $4.33. [illegible]

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

The house passed wool tariff revision bill over President Taft's veto, 174 to 80.

The senate passed the $160,000,000 pension bill, which now goes to the president.

The senate passed the house bill to create a commission on industrial relations.

Representative Byrnes introduced a bill appropriating $50,000 for investigation into pellagra.

The senate passed the postoffice appropriation bill containing provision for parcels post.

Attempt by the senate to pass the wool tariff revision bill over the president's veto failed.

Senator Polerene proposed an amendment to extend interestate merce act to cover natural gas pipe lines.

A resolution appropriating $20,000 to furnish subsistence for refugees from Mexico was adopted in the house.

Senator Kenyon introduced resolution for investigation of operation of Interstate Commerce law since its enactment.

The house refused by a vote of 152 to 107 to pass over the president's veto the executive, legislative judicial appropriation bill.

Senator Bacon introduced a bill to prevent use of American troops abroad while congress is in session without its consent.

Representative Lloyd, chairman of 1908 democratic congressional committee, testified before campaign fund investigating committee.

Representatives Legate of South Carolina and Haugen of Iowa, whose places were contested, were declared entitled to their seats.

Senator La Follette, speaking on the wool bill, attacked the new progressive party and swore new allegiance to progressive republicans.

Legislative-executive-judiciary bill, with commerce court, and seven-year tenure civil service provisions eliminated, was reintroduced in the house.

The conference report on the Panama canal bill was approved in the senate by a vote of 48 to 18 after a fight against it led by Chairman Brandegee.

The house repassed the legislative-executive-judicial bill with provision for abolishing commerce court, but without seven-year tenure civil service provision.

Senator Lafollete, during discussion of the postoffice bill, charged postoffice officials with rifling his mail, a charge which postal officials declared "absurd."

Representative Theron E. Catlin, republican, of Missouri, was unseated by a vote of 121 to 70 and Patrick F. Gill, democrat, contestant, seated by a vote of 104 to 79.

The Bourne-Bristow parcels post provision in the postoffice appropriation bill was substituted by system of Representative Moon and bill returned to conference.

The financial operations of the republican congressional campaign committee were reviewed before campaign funds investigating committee by Chairman McKinley.

Majority Leader Underwood of the house appointed committee to investigate speeches, attacking public officials, inserted in Record by Representative Akin under "leave to print."

The house voted down, 150 to 79, proposal for provision for two battleships in naval appropriation bill and sent bill back to conference with instructions for acceptance of senate's compromise for one vessel.

General.

Col. Roosevelt denies that he promised Aldrich a federal judgeship.

Democrats of Nebraska have chosen Grand Island as state headquarters.

Theron E. Catlin, republican member from Missouri, was ousted from the house.

Steps for improving the Missouri river at Decature, Nebr., will be begun at once.

Dr. Theodore Hansmann, who, as a practicing physician of the capital half a century ago, numbered Lincoln and Carl Schurz among his patients, is dead at the age of ninety-one.

Prison sentence for officers of corporations who may violate the campaign publicity law was proposed by Senator Kenyon of Iowa in an amendment offered to the Culberson bill to extend the present law relating to contributions.

Guillermo Billinghurst, mayor of Lima, Peru, was elected president of Peru in succession to Augusto Lugia, whose term expires Sept. 24, 1912.

At Springfield, Mo., despondent from worrying over the high price of meat, James N. Stough, a butcher, cut his throat with a razor, dying soon after.

It is said to be reasonably certain hat no further protest will be made by Great Britain on behalf of English mercantile interests against the Panama canal, if it finally takes the [illegible]

Lafollette stirred the senate by charging that his mail had been tampered with.

Thomas E. Brittingham of Madison has resigned as a member of the board of regents of the University of Wisconsin.

Governor Wilson is getting ideas of reform on expenditures of congress.

Unexpected opposition developed in the house to the amended canal bill.

Peace negotiations in Mexico are off so far as General Orozo is concerned.

The senate refused to pass the wool and metal bills over the president's veto.

New York bankers have promised Prosecutor Whitman assistance in uprooting graft.

Mexican rebels laid a trap for a federal troop train and killed soldiers and passengers aboard.

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Hayes is criticised for his part in the Florida everglades affair.

There are signs of an ugly spat with Great Britain over the free tolls provision of the canal bill.

Pioneers of Bellevue, Nebr., helped Judge James Gow, a citizen celebrate his one hundredth birthday.

The state department was accused in the house of being careless and improvident in expenditures.

The American Meat Packers' association will hold its annual convention in Chicago on October 14-16.

Colonel Roosevelt denounced as fictious an Omaha dispatch that he was pledging offices in advance.

Nineteen negro miners were killed by an explosion in the Abernant Coal company's mine at Abernant.

The American Philatelic society is holding its twenty-seventh annual convention and outing in Springfield, Mass.

A fight between unionist and nonunionist longshoremen at Tilbury docks, London, resulted in eleven men being injured.

The Alsop claims, which several years ago threatened the frindly relations of the United States and Chile, are about to be paid.

Russia, the London Daily News' correspondent at Odessa declares, is contemplating the repudiation of the Brussels sugar convention.

Nearly 800 telegraph operators of the Canadian Pacific railroad service will receive an increase of $5 a month, dating from July 1 last.

At a meeting of the Arkansas state central committee of the progressive party it was decided not to nominate candidates for state or county offices.

The senate committee on resolutions refused to report the Pomerene resolutions calling for the prosecution of the Standard Oil and Tobacco company.

With a plurality cut to fifteen by corrections in the official canvass, John M. Haines becomes the republican candidate for governor of Idaho.

The American Bible house has finally obtained permission from the Turkish government to construct a school at Koritza, in southern Albania.

The eighty-second birthday of Emperor Francis Joseph was celebrated with enthusiasm throughout the country. His majesty is in good health.

The nomination of Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell university, as minister to Greece and Montenegro, was confirmed by the senate.

W. T. Scott, vice president and general manager of the Union Pacific railway, was elected president of the Southern Pacific lines in Louisiana and Texas.

Railway officials believe train wreckers were responsible for the derailment of Southern Pacific eastbound passenger train No. 42 near Lenoir City, Tenn.

The date for the execution of George Engel, who was convicted for the triple murder of his wife and unborn child and his sister-in-law, has been set for October 18, at Pinckneyville, Ill.

"The more suits against the trusts that are brought to a successful conclusion the way Mr. Wickersham brought the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases to a conclusion, the better it will be for the trusts," said Colonel Roosevelt.

Mrs. Alva Cave, daughter-in-law of Rev. R. Lin Cave, chaplain-general of the United confederate veterans, was murdered at Nashville, Tenn., and Mrs. J. G. Jones, aged twenty-four, is in jail accused of the killing, which is said to have been impelled by jealousy.

It is stated unofficially, but on good authority that arrangements are being made for the prince of Wales and his brother Albert to pay a private visit to the duke of Connaught in Canada during the summer vacation next year, under the charge of his tutor, Henry P. Hansell.

Testimony in the government's suit to dissolve the "sugar trust" was concluded in Denver, and the special examining board will meet in New York on September 16. Attorneys for the government declared that they had proved everything they expected to show in Colorado.

Personal.

Progressives of North Dakota will put a state ticket in the field.

Lieutenants of Woodrow Wilson brought him reports intended to cheer.

Declaring himself still a republican La Follette, in the senate, made an attack on Roosevelt.

Colonel Roosevelt denounced the republican and democratic parties as [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

GYPSIES GIVE UP LOOT.

Rural Officers Overtake Band and Recover Farmer's $35.

Winona.—Knute Knutson, a retired farmer living in the outskirts of the village of Arcadia, Wis., near here, was robbed of $35 by a band of gypsies and his empty pocketbook returned before he was aware that his pocket had been picked.

The gypsies, who had been ordered out of Winona, reached Arcadia about noon, but were kept on the move by the village marshal. As they were leaving the village Knutson was accosted by one of the women in the band and asked for a match. He is aged and the woman reached in his pocket. A few moments later she came for another match and repeated the "dipping" performance.

The band had disappeared over the hill when Knutson discovered his empty pocketbook and notified the marshal and the deputy sheriff, who began pursuit in an automobile. They overtook the gypsies two miles out of town, recovered the loot and forced the nomads to pay their expenses and the cost of the auto hire.

TOURISTS END TRIP.

Automobile Endurance Run of 1,100 Miles is Accomplished.

Minneapolis.—Very much browned by their hard journey under sun-kissed skies, and each probably carrying a concealed skin preparation, although but few would admit it, the Winnipeg tourists reached Minneapolis after one of the hardest contests that has ever been undertaken by automobile organizations in the Northwest.

Tired but happy, the tourists disembarked from the good road ships in which they had traveled more than 1,100 miles, and departed for their homes. The roads over which the contest was run, while good toward the last, furnished a more severe test for the automobiles than those of other years. All cars that finished, whether penalized or not, were accorded high praise by experts who understood conditions.

With a clean score, the winning Marmon permanently won for its owner, the Fawkes Auto company, clear title to have and to hold the Journal trophy offered as first prize in the touring class.

PEEPER INVADES HOMES.

Unknown Nocturnal Visitor in Half-Attire Alarms Housewives.

Rochester. — Rochester housewives lock their doors and bar their windows after sundown and the police are completely mystified because a "Pete the Peeper" is abroad in the city.

Unlike Wisconsin's famous "Jack the Hugger," the nocturnal visitor has proved nothing more than an unwelcome visitor. Mrs. A. G. Rich suddenly awoke after midnight to gaze into the white face of a coatless individual, who, with staring eyes, stood beside her bed.

The sleeping tent of the Misses Gilberts, daughters of the manager of the Botsford Lumber Company, was invaded on the same evening by a half-dressed stranger, who crept silently to their bedside in his bare feet.

In both cases the peeper disappeared quickly after the screams of the women alarmed the neighborhood.

8-Room House Stolen.

Minneapolis. — Sizzling red hot stoves have been stolen from Minneapolis homes and thieves have moved out all or most of the furniture. But all such crimes became trifling by comparison when Frank N. Edmonds, real estate man, finished making a report to Fred T. Williams, secretary to the mayor. The burden of the plaint was that some busy thief had taken advantage of the catnap of the policeman on the beat and stolen Mrs. Edmonds' eight-room house from its site at Fourth avenue north and Fourth street.

Old Soldiers Going Fast.

Minneapolis. — The mortality records for the Soldiers' Home presented to the board of trustees gave an alarming death rate that caused members of the board to wonder how long it could continue. Seventy-seven persons living at the home died in the year. When it is known that the average number at the home for that period was slightly in excess of 400, it can be seen that the percentage of deaths is exceptionally high. No fault is attached to the management for the high death rate. Deaths were due to old age largely.

OPEN IRON DISTRICT.

Soo Extension in North Cuyuna Range Under Construction.

Brainerd. — A large iron district on the North Cuyuna range will be opened by the twelve-mile Soo extension the contract for the grading of which was let to Fred Baxter of Superior. [illegible]

BANKS FACE CRISIS

Institutions Hope to Move Record Crop on 6 Per Cent Basis.

Minneapolis.—To furnish half a billion dollars to pay for the northwest crop, to keep the money moving and so distributed that every farmer desiring it may get spot cash for all the grain he wants to sell, to meet the demand for money that is just beginning to be felt and will increase from now on and finance the great crop on a basis of moderate interest rates to borrowers is the financial labor Minneapolis bankers are facing. Everything is going to go smoothly, they say, notwithstanding the great crop and big money requirements.

This is what the bankers must do:

Provide $450,000,000 to $500,000,000 for the crops in Minneapolis territory.

Keep cash going into the country at a rate that may mean shipments as heavy as $1,000,000 daily by October.

Keep grain trade firms provided with money to finance their purchases and at the same time take ample care of jobbing and manufacturing and other merchandizing borrowers.

Keep interest rates down to reasonable figures.

This is how the bankers propose to do it:

Make the cash dollar go out into the country and come back again in the shortest possible time. Every man may help in the crop movement by paying his bills the day he gets the money, thus sending the dollar on its way to do more work.

Make the credit dollar begin work, as early as possible in the season.

Try to get part of the extra $100,000,000 to $150,000,000 that crops of Minnesota and the Dakotas alone will call for this year, through making the money do more work.

Maintain the fluidity of the "in and out" flow of money as the railroads maintain the flow of grain.

Make liberal long time agreements with firms expecting to need much money during the season, at reasonable rates.

If the railroads can prevent the packing up of grain and consequent congestion on their lines that link the terminal markets with the wheat fields, and if money can be loosened up and put to new use after it has performed duty in one instance, the bankers of the northwest will this year perform the financial feat of moving the greatest crop the northwest ever grew on a 6 per cent basis.

STATE DOCTORS ELECT

Dr. R. J. Hill of Minneapolis Succeeds St. Paul Practitioner.

Duluth. — At an important business meeting of the Minnesota State Medical association here, Dr. R. J. Hill, of Minneapolis, was elected president to succeed Dr. Haldor Sneve, of St. Paul. Minneapolis was selected as the next meeting place, some time in October, 1913.

Dr. H. C. Cooney, of Princeton, was elected vice-president, and Dr. S. H. Boyer, of Duluth, was chosen second vice-president. Dr. Thomas McDavitt, of St. Paul, was re-elected secretary and Dr. Earl Hare, of Minneapolis, was elected treasurer. Doctors Thomas McDavitt, of St. Paul; Leo M. Krafts, of Minneapolis, and J. W. Andrews, of Mankato, were selected as delegates to attend the annual convention of the American Medical association, which will be held at Minneapolis in October.

Owatonna To Have Air Meet.

Owatonna, — A thrilling aviation meet is being held in Owatonna under the auspices of the Fraternal Order of Eagles. Paul Studensky will make the flights. If possible, it is planned to have, as a feature, flights by a youthful aviator of Blooming Prairie, this county, who has invented a successful machine. The Owatonna and Rochester baseball teams, members of the newly organized Sunday league, will play their first game this season. It is planned to make the entire event a grand home-coming celebration for former residents of Owatonna and Steele county.

Ore Companies Declare Dividends.

Duluth.—The Calumet and Arizona Mining company, at a special meeting held here made no change in the dividend, declaring the usual quarterly dividend of $1 a share. The Superior and Pittsburg company, with same directors, also declared the usual quarterly divided, namely, 30 cents a share. Both are payable September 23, 1912.

Backs Old Officers.

Duluth.—District Judge Dancer filed findings in which he refuses to recognize the expulsions of A. E. McManus as general counsellor and W. A. Hicken as imperial scribe in the Modern Samaritan controversy. The court also finds that the July meeting of the imperial council was illegally [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

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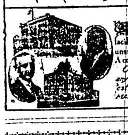

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THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

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INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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Saturday, August 24, 1912.

A "bang-up" good sign that the people are determined to rule the country in the future is seen in the lack of respect or love of party. A few years ago it was only necessary to "crack the party whip" to carry a precinct, a county or a nation; now everybody seems to have a political opinion of his own and takes pride in exhibiting it. Some of our political philosophers (?) bewail the condition but it looks as if the day of the boss in politics had come to an end.—Cass Lake Times.

"In Old Kentucky"

It is not difficult to understand why such a play as "In Old Kentucky," announced for presentation at the auditorium Thief River Falls on Saturday evening August 31, 1912, enjoys practically the same popularity today as it did twenty years ago, when it made its first bow for public approval. It stands in the same relation to the South as "Shore Acres" and "The Old Homestead" to New England, and "Arizona" to the Southwest, a sample of the varied fabric of our national life, giving permanent dramatic form to that interesting and romantic period which the conflict between the states brought to an abrupt termination. Life was less complex in those days, hence the simplicity and directness of thought and action. The feeling one derives from witnessing its presentation is as soothing and restful as the open fields and broad mountain vistas of the Blue Grass state itself. The rough poetry of the mountaineers rings true, and the ethical sense is satisfied in that even-handed justice is meted out to all. "In Old Kentucky" is a worthy example of the survival of the fittest. Today, it is as strong a favorite with theatre goers as ever, its fame is perennial and its appeal is lasting. It continues year after year to represent all that is sweetest and best in life lived in the open and near to nature's heart in God's acre. The story of the brave little mountain girl "Madge Brierly," and her unselfish devotion to the call of duty has touched a responsive chord in the hearts of playgoers throughout the entire United States, Canada, and wherever the Anglo-Saxon tongue prevails. There are features of unusual interest, such as the pickaninnies, the exciting race scene, the mountaineer's feud, the thrilling leap of the brave heroine across the mountain abyss, and the plantation scene, that have never lost their power to please patrons of this spirited drama. Miss Mildred Johnson in the leading role, her fourth season with the play, will have the assistance of an unusually capable cast.

The Thief River Falls management guarantees that this is the "big" city production of "In Old Kentucky" owned and managed by the original producers Tell and Dingwell and not a so called imitation.

Out of town patrons may secure reservations by addressing J. P. Curtis on or before 10 o'clock a. m., August 29. Prices $1,00 and $1,50.

State Boosts Orchards

Demonstration orchards are to be cared for by the Minnesota agricultural college. Orchardists are to turn over their orchards to the care of the college experts, who will supervise them, watched by the farmer. Not only in spraying and frost furnacing, but the packing will be attended to, canneries will be established, apple butter boilers, cider mills, the cost of the plants to be borne pro rata by farmers. Proper marketing plans and boxing will be a part of the instructions. By this method the state where the famous golden grain belt beers are produced, may take the lead also in apple and fruit production. Alex Thompson Crookston, agent.

Notice of Special Election

The citizens of the village of St. Hilaire in the county of Pennington and state of Minnesota who are qualified to vote at general elections are hereby notified that a special election for said village will be held at the village hall in said village on Friday, the 30th day of August, 1912, between the hours of 10 o clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, for the following purposes:

To vote on the question of issuing bonds in the sum of $4,000 to refund floating indebtedness; same to be issued under section 1, chapter 123, general laws of 1905; also to vote on the question of issuing bonds in the sum of $1,000 for the purpose of a permanent improvement revolving fund, and to do any other business proper to be done at said election when convened.

Dated at St. Hilaire, this 16th day of August, 1912. DR. C. SWANSON, Recorder.

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held August 15, held for the purpose of considering the question of bonding the village, and to consider the bill of E. Strandell for cement work.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present, except H. Olson.

Bill of E. Strandell for cement work allowed at $659.52.

The bond of E. Strandell for $500.00, with the St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co. as sureties, was duly accepted.

The following resolution, offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by Councilman Hovet, was unanimously adopted:

At a special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held on the 15th day of August, 1912, it was on motion

Resolved, That the said village of St. Hilaire, in the county of Pennington, issue bonds in the sum not to exceed $4,000.00, for the purpose of refunding floating indebtedness, same to be issued under section 1, chapter 123, G. L. 1905, for which purpose such proposition shall be submitted to the electors of said village at a special village election, to be held on the 30th day of August, 1912.

By order of the council.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Recorder.

The following resolution, offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by Councilman Hovet, was unanimously adopted:

At a special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held on the fifteenth day of August, 1912, it was on motion, resolved, that the said village of St. Hilaire in the county of Pennington issue bonds in the sum not to exceed $1000.00 for the purpose of a permanent improvement revolving fund, for which purpose such proposition shall be submitted to the electors of said village at a special election to be held on the 30th day of August, 1912

By orders of council.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR C. SWANSON, Recorder.

The following resolution, offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by Councilman Hovet, was duly adopted.

Whereas, the sidewalks ordered to be constructed on Water street from Fifth street on west of block 3, Ives Addition and on the east of block 64 original townsite, also the sidewalks on Main street from Pine street to Second street on the east of block 37, and those on Minnesota avenue on the east of blocks 35 and 42, in the village of St. Hilaire, county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, by resolution duly adopted May 11, 1912, and amended May 20, 1912, by the village council of said village was not fully done and completed within the time and in the manner specified resolution, and by said

Whereas, by resolution adopted on the 6th day of July, 1912, the village council did order the said sidewalks be fully completed and the work done by the street commissioner of the village of St. Hilaire and the entire expense thereof to be paid out of the general revenue funds of the said village, and

Whereas, the said sidewalks were by said village under its said resolution adopted the 15th day of August, 1912, as aforesaid, duly completed and approved on the 15th day of August A. D. 1912; be it therefore resolved that at the council chambers in the village of St. Hilaire county of Pennington, and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of August A. D. 1912 at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the village council of the village of St. Hilaire will hear testimony of all persons interested or affected, and ascertain the amount of benefits to property fronting said sidewalks, by reason of the construction of said sidewalk on said Water street, Broadway and Minnesota avenue, as aforesaid; and further that this resolution shall be duly served on or before the 30th day of August, 1912, upon the owners of lots, parts of lots, and parcels of ground fronting the said Water street, Broadway and Minnesota avenue, where said sidewalks have been constructed as aforesaid, and whose names duly appear with their respective holdings in the said resolution adopted May 11, A. D. 1912 by the village council of said village of St. Hilaire, said service to be made in accordance with the statutes in such case made and provided.

Adopted August 15, 1912.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Clerk.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign.

A FINE PROMOTION.

Walter Norman, Tomahawk, Wis., a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College in 1910, has been promoted to the position of head bookkeeper at a salary of $100 a month. He says he owes his success to the training received at the Mankato Commercial College and advises any one contemplating a business or shorthand course to go there.

Our free catalogue tells all about it. Send for it. Address Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

ALL IN THE GOLDEN FUTURE.

Beautiful Picture of What Life on the Farm Is to Be Like.

The future farmer will subirrigate his land, and defy drought as well as floods. He will become a scientific forester, and every farm will produce wood and lumber as well as wheat and apples. A single acre will produce what ten acres yield now. Women will work out doors as heartily as men; in fact, they will be the horticulturists and the truck gardeners. There will be closer relation between the producer and the consumer ignoring a horde of middlemen who frequently waste more than is destroyed by ignorant help and insect foes combined. Under the alliance with the school the farm will be valued not only for its gross weight of products, but for its poems and its education. As our schools become places for applying as well as acquiring knowledge, our farm homes will become integral parts of the garden school and the school farm. The alliance between the home and the school will become very close. A valley full of farms is already the nearest to paradise that we have, but the future will tenfold its wealth and hundredfold its delights.—Independent.

AS EXPLAINED BY THE GUIDE.

Garrulous Old Woman Found Out What Caused Streak on Water.

The garrulous old woman in the stern of the boat had pestered the guide with her comments and questions ever since they had started. Her meek little husband, who was hunched toad-like in the bow, fished in silence. The old woman had seemingly exhausted every possible point in fish and animal life, woodcraft and personal history when she suddenly espied one of those curious paths of oily, unbroken water frequently seen on small lakes which are ruffled by a light breeze.

"Oh, guide, guide," she exclaimed, "what makes that funny streak in the water—No, there—Right over there!"

The guide was busy rebaiting the old gentleman's hook and merely mumbled "U-m-mm."

"Guide," repeated the old woman in tones that were not to be denied, "look right over where I'm pointing and tell me what makes that funny streak in the water."

The guide looked up from his baiting with a sigh.

"That? Oh, that's where the road went across the ice last winter."—Everybody's Magazine.

Work and Life.

I was much impressed by what the head of a large and prosperous bourgeois French family said to an American friend: "During the day we are all busy with our various avocations. The evenings are devoted to more serious things—reading, music, conversation, society." This is surely the normal point of view of a civilized man living in a civilized society.

In Italy, where social life, as in France, is taken somewhat more seriously than with us, it is usual for the women prominent in society to receive in the evening. One evening a week (sometimes two, in a few cases every evening) is set apart for receiving the friends and habitues of the house. In Rome, where society is more crystallized, where the social game is better played than in any community I know, one or two of the great houses are open to visitors on every evening of the week.—Maud Howe, in Harper's Bazar.

Causes of Blindness.

The dangers to which the modern eye is exposed fall into two great classes—disease and overuse from near work. Here another great consoling fact faces us, and that is that while overwork and consequent eye strain are by far the commonest troubles that befall the modern eye, discomfort and inefficiency are as far as they go in 99 cases out of 100. It is a fact that 99 9-10 per cent. of all blindness is due to disease and not to overwork.

More significant yet, seven-tenths of the diseases which produce blindness are the acute infections, against which civilization wages an unceasing and victorious conflict.—Woman's Home Companion.

What It Reminded Him Of.

When Gen. Schenck, whose greatest fame rests upon his having introduced the game of poker into England, first arrived in London as American minister to the court of St. James he took a little of his spare time to visit the sights of the British capital. Among other places he visited Mme. Tussaud's wax works.

"And what do you think of our great wax work exhibition?" asked a friend.

"Well," replied the general, "it struck me as being very like the ordinary English evening party."

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

TIME TABLE.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m.	
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40	"

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20	p.m
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15	"

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m
arrived from Wylie	8:35 a.m

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed. Address St. Hilaire, Minn.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,

W. J. LABREE

Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,

A. H. FASEL

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primary, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaton.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever; what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work; and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that, because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my ideas, and I shall use my influence to help along on those lines, no matter whether I am nominated or not.

Sincerely for the success of the party,

ANDREW TROVATON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by C. H. Martz)

County Surveyor

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of county surveyor at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Your support will be appreciated.

C. H. MARTZ.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a non-partisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,

Judge of Probate,

Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. Mostue,).

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept, 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by George L. Netteland.)

County Superintendent

St. Hilaire, Minn., August 5, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to readers of the Spectator that I am a candidate for superintendent of schools of Pennington county, and hope you will give me your votes and support next fall.

I am not running on any particular party ticket as the new primary law requires that all candidates for superintendent of schools run on a non-partisan ballot, on their merits.

Yours very truly,

GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by O. F. Post.)

Clerk of Court

According to the present laws, that we as a citizen are sworn to abide by, it is necessary that we file application for candidacy for the office of clerk of court, and publish notice of our desire.

I am perfectly willing to abide by the decision of my friends and aquaintances as to my qualifications to clerically and economically fulfill the duties of this office.

I have been a citizen of this county for twenty-nine years. I will most surely appreciate any favors that the voters of Pennington county feel disposed to confer upon myself at the primary election to be held September 17, 1912.

Yours truly, O. F. POST.

Citation for Hearing on Final Account and for Distribution

Estate of Helmer E. Sevre.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, County of Pennington. } In Probate Court.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, decedent.

The state of Minnesota to Edward Sevre, Mary Carr, Olaus K. Sevre, Albert Sevre, and all persons interested in the final account and distribution of the estate of said decedent: The representative of the above named decedent having filed in this court his final account of the administration of the estate of said decedent, together with his petition praying for the adjustment and allowance of said final account and for distribution of the residue of said estate to the persons thereunto entitled; Therefore, you, and each of you, are hereby cited and required to show cause, if any you have, before this court at the probate court rooms in the city of Thief River Falls in the county of Pennington, state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of August, 1912, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., why said petition should not be granted.

Witness, the judge of said court and the seal of said court this 23rd day of July, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET, Probate Judge.

(SEAL) Jy26-3t

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue.

Office Phone 24 Residence Phone 94.

Pay your subscription

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock p. m.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. P. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3836 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASALLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	85
" " 2 "	83
" " 3 "	79
Flax, No. 1	$1.63
" " 2	1.53
Barley, for 50 lbs	30
Oats	22
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	31
Potatoes	60
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	5½
" dressed	4½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@10
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	27.00

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WASHINGTON D. C.

THE LOCAL NEWS

Dr. Owens was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Oscar Carlson was in Thief River Falls Saturday.

Herman Fellman was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Miss Lilly Boehm went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Ina Johnson was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Hendrickson went to Thief River Falls Wednesday.

A. Aug. Erickson returned yesterday from a visit to Crookston.

A. S. Wilson and son George were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Peter Johnson brought to market yesterday the first of his fine apple crop.

K. O. Gigstad made a business visit to Roseau the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger spent Sunday with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

There will be confirmation services at the United church Sunday Sept. 1.

Mrs. M. E. Bjerk went Thursday to Virginia to visit with relatives and friends.

There will be English service in the Eastside school house tommorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

Hereafter all pool games will be charged at the rate of 2½ cents per cue at D. McAllister's.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Miss Hilda Hauge left this morning for Bemidji where she will visit her sister, Mrs. August Bergh.

Miss Cecil McCaffrey returned to Crookston Monday after a visit with her cousin, Mrs. S. J. Swanson.

Wanted to Buy.—A milch cow, either fresh or will come in soon. Call on GEORGE BAKKO.

S. L. Lewis, the Red Lake Falls insurance man, was here the first of the week looking after business in his line.

C. H. Martz was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday where he filed for the office of county surveyor.

The Hamar Young people's society will meet at the home of L. Netteland a week from tomorrow in the afternoon.

M. Simonson left yesterday for Neilsville, Minn., where he ho has a farm, to look after the threshing of his crops.

Miss Ruth Martz came home Monday from Valparaiso, Ind., where she is attending college, to spend a month's vacation at home.

Miss Mabel Avelson returned to her home at Hazel Monday after having spent several days with relatives in Red Lake Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble went Wednesday to Bemidji, where Ole Johnston, father of Mrs. Amble, and Mrs, Pearl Eickstad, her sister, are both ill.

Miss Huldah Gigstad returned Monday from Moorhead, where she has been attending school. Miss Josie went to Erskine and accompanied her home.

Don't forget to come out and hear M. E. Hatcher of Minneapolis discuss the question, "What's Wrong with the World," next Wednesday evening.

Farmers should be sure to get their twine before it is gone. According to statements in the press there will be a big shortage.
N. A. NELSON.

Oscar Gunstad has purchased the southeast quarter of section 26 in the town of Sanders through K. O. Gigstad; consideration $3,000.00. He will begin improving the place this fall.

K. O. Gigstad autoed to Thief River Falls yesterday to be present at a final hearing in the probate court and settlement of the Sevre estate. He was accompanied by A. Sevre and Sander Engebretson.

Fred Richards has gone to Dorothy and will have charge of the Red Lake Falls Milling company's elevator for the season. Mr. Richards' family will remain in town for a few weeks.—Red Lake Falls Gazette.

The board of directors of the farmer's elevator met Monday and elected S. J. Patterson of McHenry, N. D., as manager of the elevator and feed mill. Mr. Patterson arrived here Thursday. He has a family and is anxious to secure a house at once.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Peter Bjorge went Tuesday to Denver, Col.

Ole Mathson pays 18 cents per dozen for eggs.

D. McAllister was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

O. H. Peters was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Mike Olson was in Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Dr. C. Swanson was a Thief River Falls visitor Monday.

Albert and Gust Larson visited Thief River Falls yesterday.

The rains this week have delayed threshing operations somewhat.

Notices are posted for the primary elections to be held September 17.

Ole Lund of Red Lake Falls was in town Wednesday and Thursday.

Mike Anderson came down from Baudette Saturday returning Monday.

Ted Hackett and family left yesterday to their home at Wakonda, S. D.

M. McAndrefs is shipping live stock to the St. Paul markets this morning.

Miss Louise Wilson returned Wednesday from a visit to Red Lake Falls.

A. C. Ellickson returned Tuesday from a trip in Illinois and Iowa on land business.

Miss Ida DeRushia of Bemidji came over Tuesday and is a guest at the Patterson home.

Mrs. C. Simonson and children have been visiting with Mrs. P. Simonson and friends.

Miss Esther Johnson of Red Lake Falls visited friends here Wednesday and Thursday.

Sander Engebretson has sold his farm in section 18, Sanders, to a Mr. Wilkins of Thief River Falls.

Misses Florence and Luella Stivers of Dugdale have been guests of their sister, Mrs. Bahan, this week.

Miss Alice McAllister came from Badger Thursday and is a guest at the home of her brother, D. McAllister.

Quart fruit jars 58 cents per dozen; also, half gallon and pint jars at proportionate prices at. R. Hauge's.

The Ladies' Aid of the Synod church will meet with Mrs. Morris Lasalle next Thursday afternoon. Everybody welcome.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Misses Kate, Mabel and Inez Patterson, and their guest, Miss Ida DeRushia, were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Myron Elliott, brother of the land man, came up with his family Tuesday from Ogden, Iowa. They will make their home here.

Mrs. Alice Rewertz returned this week from the hospital at Crookston, where she has undergone four surgical operations during the past four weeks.

LOST—Between hotel and depot a cuff link, gold, plain, with initial R engraved on front. Finder please deliver to O. F. Post and receive reward. R. W. COOPER.

Mr. and Mrs. Stearns, Miss Lillian and Master Ambrose returned to Grand Forks Monday after a visit at the A. S. Wilson home. Lester Stearns will remain a little longer.

A. J. Hed, manager of the St. Hilaire creamery has received the solid gold stick pin awarded him as first prize at the third educational contest at St. Paul for the month of July.

Mrs. J. B. O'Brien has arrived from St. Paul and occupied her residence property on Water street. She was accompied by her mother, Mrs. Mackinson, who willl make her home here.

J. H. Forquer of Maquon, Ill., was in town this week with a bunch of Illinois men who are buying land of C. C. Elliott. Mr. Forquer expects to make weekly trips here with land seekers.

Miss Ida Kalland has accepted the position of teacher in district 108 in Sanders township, the term to begin October 7. This is the same school where Miss Kalland taught last winter and gave the best of satisfaction.

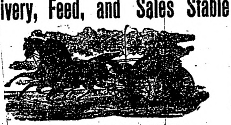
Edwin Dahlstrom, son of Alfred Dahlstrom of the town of Sanders, was examined in probate court last Monday and adjudged insane. He was taken the same day to the asylum at Fergus Falls by Sheriff LaBree. The examination was conducted by Drs. Swanson of this place and Heber and Melby of Thief River Falls.

The Time Is Due

We are prepared for this fall with a complete stock of Merchandise, better than ever before. The very latest styles in Men's and Ladies' Mackinaws, Ladies' Skirts and Cloaks, Men's, Ladies,' Boys' and Girls' Shoes, better than ever, and all goods at very reasonable prices. In addition to that we will give you 10 per cent discount for cash on all the above mentioned goods. We guarantee all our goods to be worth the money. If you are going to buy anything, large or small, stop and think it over--it may pay you to see us befsre you buy. Maybe we can do better. Sure we can, why not? Big cash sales with small profits are better than small sales with big profits. Better pick up the cash and go see Lazar's store for your own benefit.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

A List

Of those who received over $50.00 for cream delivered at the St. Hilaire creamery during the month of July:

John E. Peterson	$100.68
V. G. Brink	93.91
Solomon Svenson	92.40
W. D. Lind	89.55
Ed Enright	88.08
Fred Ulrich	87.57
P. W. Peterson	79.93
John Konickson	79.10
C. A. Lindquist	76.67
L. P. Thyren	76.57
C. T. Svenson	74.67
C. J. Bothman	73.30
Sam Thomson	73.29
O. L. Larson	73.08
John Sjoberg	72.27
A. P. Sandberg	70.54
Wash Adams	69.17
L. A. Carlson	68.13
A. Avelson	67.57
H. Rondorf	64.28
Ole Larson	62.00
N. E. Beebe	61.93
Theo Olson	61.44
C. E. Erickson	61.29
M. Brevik	60.89
Swan Johnson	60.43
Mike Olson	59.32
H. J. Hanson	58.83
Leo Knott	58.14
John Norman	57.24
H. Haupt	56.83
Julius Nelson	55.19
P. Satterberg	54.57
Claus Hinrichs	53.94
Wm. Moeller	53.19
Otto Gustafson	52.67
Halvor Wiken	52.53
H. J. Torstveit	51.93
Ed. A. Aubol	51.92
Ole Helgeson	51.90
R. J. McKercher	51.34
Anton Peterson	50.73
J. P. Fellman	50.18

August Swenson goes this morning to Greenbush on a business mission.

Mrs. C W. Johnson came from Red Lake Falls yesterday and went out to the home of Mr. Johnson's father, Charles Johnson, in Black River [illegible]

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

Births

Dr. Swanson reports the following:

To Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Stephens, on Monday, Aug. 19, a boy.

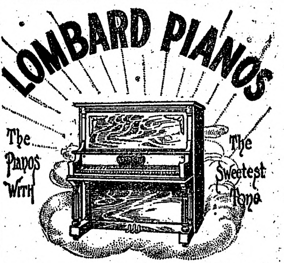
To Mr. and Mrs. Miller Peterson in River Falls town, Red Lake county, on Thursday the 22nd inst., a girl.

Miss Selma Holf returned on Wednesday from Grand Meadow, where she has been visiting since the close of school in Minneapolis. She was accompanied by a cousin [illegible]

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE

ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS

For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with th eTo and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

HARD FOR THE HOUSEWIFE

It's hard enough to keep house if in perfect health, but a woman who is weak, tired and suffering all of the time with an aching back has a heavy burden to carry. Any woman in this condition has good cause to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disordered at all. Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of women suffering in this way. It is the best-recommended special kidney remedy.

A North Dakota Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Mrs. C. J. Tyler, Cando, N. Dak., says: "My feet and limbs were swollen and I could not sleep on account of the kidney weakness. My back was lame and sore and I felt miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills freed me of the trouble and when I have had occasion to use them since they have never failed me."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

Doan's Kidney Pills

KODAK FINISHING

Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents, 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. E. B. BEYERWITZ, 48 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

A girl never boosts a new love affair by boasting of an old one.

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists, 25 and 50c.

Accounted For.

"How is it so many people seem able to get the money to buy automobiles with?"

"If you only notice, they are the easiest things in the world with which to raise the dust."

Births in the Air.

The International Congress on Aerial Legislation, sitting at Geneva, Switzerland, is evolving a very detailed code of laws. One of its suggested paragraphs reads: "In the event of a birth occurring in an air craft the pilot is to enter the event in his log book and must notify the fact to the authorities at the first place at which he descends."

How He Left.

The servants were discussing the matter below stairs.

"Master and mistress 'ad something of a row last night, I 'ear," said the butler ponderously.

"You should have heard 'em," answered the parlor maid in a shocked tone. "Scandalous is what I calls it!"

"They tell me 'e ran out, cranked 'is motor car and left in it."

"No," said the maid, positively, "he didn't leave in his machine; I distinctly heard the mistress say he left in a huff."—London Answers.

Case of Mistaken Identity.

President Taft was out for his afternoon walk in Washington one day when a flaxen-haired little girl ran out in front of him, held up her finger and exclaimed, in a shrill voice:

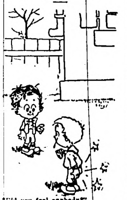
"I know who you are!"

The president, thinking it not at all unusual that she should possess this information, but willing to gratify her, asked:

"Well, who am I?"

"Aw," she said teasingly, "you're Humpty Dumpty."—Popular Magazine.

BUT HE WAS WRONG.



"Did you fool anybody?"

"Yep. I fooled myself into thinkin' I could fool pa!"

"That's Good"

Is often said of

Post Toasties

when eaten with cream or rich milk and a sprinkle of sugar if desired.

That's the cue for housekeepers who want to please the whole family.

Post Toasties are ready to serve direct from the package—

Convenient

Economical

Delicious

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

PARK TREES PERILED

Fine Elms in New York Endangered by Caterpillars.

More Spraying Is Needed but There Is Not Enough City Money to do This Thoroughly, Says Commissioner Storer.

New York.—Visitors to Central park within the last few days, and those who walk along the Fifth avenue side of the park, have been appalled at the destruction done to the fine elm trees by thousands of caterpillars, remarks a writer in the New York Tribune. They are the tussock moths, long known among landscape gardeners as one of the most persistent and destructive insects with which they have to deal. Within the limits of Central park they seem to have sprung into life in unusually large numbers this year. Charles Downing Lay, the landscape architect of the park, said recently that in a recent trip through the parks of Brooklyn and the Bronx he saw comparatively few of them.

E. S. Avery, who lives at the Metropolitan club, and several other lovers of New York's fine trees, have called attention to this unfortunate state of affairs, and have not hesitated to say that unless the deadly moth situation is taken in hand quickly and forcibly Central park and other sections of Manhattan island which possess handsome trees will see many of the best specimens degenerated to decaying stumps before the approach of another spring.

Landscape architects and authorities on trees who were asked yesterday if it were too late in the season to do anything to counteract the destructive effects of these pests said on the contrary that this was the time to get to work. As soon as the caterpillars emerge from their cocoons, which they are now doing by the thousands, they start upward for the green leaves, upon which they feed, and then return to the trunk to lay their eggs within the bark. If the trees are well sprayed with arsenate of lead mixture they will die before denuding the tree partially of the leaves.

"This spraying is the second means of eradicating the moths," said William J. Zartmann yesterday. For ten years he was superintendent of parks in Brooklyn. "My method of fighting the tussock moth has been to have workmen clean off the trunk and branches thoroughly in the winter with wire brushes. The small cocoons are swept out of their hiding places, and, being caught on pieces of canvas under the tree, are then burned. This is a laborious job, for with large trees the men must get up to the top and scrape all the branches and one man cannot do much more than three trees a day.

Type of Trees That Suffer.

"The spraying comes when the moths first appear—anywhere from the end of June to the middle of July. If thoroughly applied by power spraying machines to every part of the tree one good spraying ought to be sufficient."

Mr. Zartmann figured out the approximate cost of this work at about $1.30 a tree. The spraying is the most costly. A crew of five men and a modern power spraying machine, he said, ought to clean about sixty trees a day.

"One or two years' work is not enough," added Mr. Zartmann. "It must be faithfully followed out year after year, and then, while we cannot prevent the appearanec of these insects entirely, they will be less in number and less destructive to the future beauty of the trees."

Park Commissioner Stover, when asked what was being done to kill off the moths and prevent their future propagation, said that he believed everything that could be done with the means at hand was being accomplished, and he added that spraying machines were at work in several parts of the park.

Besides the caterpillars the remaining elms show indications of other diseases noticeable by the dead branches protruding in a most unpicturesque way from the sides and tops.

Dies Laughing at Own Joke.

Philadelphia, Pa.—While laughing uproariously at one of his own jokes Robert M. Cunliffe, a retired ironmaster, was stricken with an attack of heart disease and died suddenly.

First Game at 100.

Plymouth, Mass. — Uncle Tilden Pierce, aged 100, recently played his first game of golf just after having [illegible]

WILLING HE SHOULD GO FAR

One Man to Have Kid Transferred, but He May Have Had a Grouch.

"What do you think of this scheme of having the countries exchange children?" asked the Sewickley man.

"I don't think anything about it," said the Wilkinsburg man. "What is the idea?"

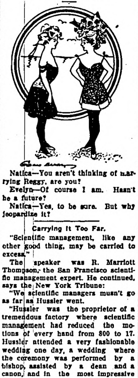
"An English family, for instance, exchanges children for a couple of years with a German family. References are first exchanged and all that sort of thing."

"I see."

"Thus both sets of children get a chance to learn another language and get acquainted with another country. It's quite a scheme."

"It's an elegant scheme," declared the Wilkinsburg man. "My neighbors have a kid that I would like to see exchanged with some family in Siberia."

INTERESTED IN HIM.



Natica—You aren't thinking of marrying Reggy, are you?

Evelyn—Of course I am. Hasn't he a future?

Natica—Yes, to be sure. But why jeopardize it?

Carrying It Too Far.

"Scientific management, like any other good thing, may be carried to excess."

The speaker was R. Marriott Thompson, the San Francisco scientific management expert. He continued, says the New York Tribune:

"We scientific managers musn't go as far as Hussler went.

"Hussler was the proprietor of a tremendous factory where scientific management had reduced the motions of every hand from 800 to 17. Hussler attended a very fashionable wedding one day, a wedding where the ceremony was performed by a bishop, assisted by a dean and a canon, and in the most impressive part of the writ Hussler, overcome by his scientific management ideas, rushed up to the altar and pushed the bishop and canon rudely back.

"'Here, boys,' he said, 'one's quite enough for a little job like this.'"

Got His Answer.

When Oscar Wilde came to the United States to lecture on aesthetics in his highly aesthetic velvet costume—and incidentally to prepare the public mind for the proper appreciation of Gilbert and Sullivan's "Patience," in which the aesthetic movement was held up to ridicule—he used to complain that America was very uninteresting since it had "no antiquities and no curiosities." But he ventured on this disparagement once too often, for in the course of his travels he uttered it to the American Girl, and she replied with the demure depravity of candid innocence that this was not quite a fair reproach, since "we shall have the antiquities in time, and we are already importing the curiosities."

Moving Pictures Popular.

In a recent number of the Daily Consular Reports are collected memoranda from cities and towns in various distant parts of the world showing the universal quality of the popular interest which the moving pictures excite. England, Japan, Turkey, Mexico, India, Australia and the islands of the sea all have the same story to tell; wherever the cinematograph goes it finds an instant and sustained welcome.

Autocratic Assertions.

"Are you a servant of the people?" asked the constituent.

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "Only it should be observed that, a really first-class servant may come pretty nearly being a boss."

WELL PEOPLE TOO

Wise Doctor Gives Postum to Convalescents.

A wise doctor tries to give nature its best chance by saving the little strength of the already exhausted patient, and building up wasted energy with simple but powerful nourishment.

"Five years ago," writes a doctor "I commenced to use Postum in my own family instead of coffee." (It's a well-known fact that tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.) "I was so well pleased with the results that I had two grocers place it in stock, guaranteeing its sale.

"I then commenced to recommend it to my patients in place of coffee, as a nutritious beverage. The consequence is, every store in town is now selling it, as it has become a household necessity in many homes.

"I'm sure I prescribe Postum as often as any one remedy in the Materia Medica—in almost every case of indigestion and nervousness I treat, and with the best results.

"When I once introduce it into a family, it is quite sure to remain. I shall continue to use it and prescribe it in families where I practice.

"In convalescence from pneumonia, typhoid fever and other cases I give it as a liquid, easily absorbed diet. You may use my letter as a reference any way you see fit." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. [illegible]

LITTLE NATION OF ANDORRA

Republic Is a Veritable Rip Van Winkle Land Hidden High Among the Pyrenees.

Paris, France.—There is nothing else in the world quite like the little "protected republic" of Andorra, a veritable Rip Van Winkle land, hardly yet stirring from its thousand years' slumber, and in its dreams it still hears echoing the march of the valiant paladins of Charlemagne, by whose help it came into being. But it is likely to waken soon and be made to realize that it, too, belongs to the 20th century. For a railroad is being built across the Pyrenees just east of Andorra, and then will be sure to come a wagon road—the valley can be entered now only by a bridle path—from the railroad into its midst.

Perched up among the Pyrenees, on the border between France and Spain and on the ridge of the watershed between the Atlantic and the Mediterranean, the flag of this proud little nation flutters over a region that is almost as much the land of the free and quite as much the home of the brave as is that of the Stars and Stripes, although it includes but 175 square miles and contains a population of only 6,000 souls.

Old Stronghold in Andorra.

For over 700 years Andorra has thrived under a modified double protectorate, the rule of France on the north and of the Bishop of Ungel on the south. A representative of each lives in the valley, administers justice and receives a small biennial tribute. Otherwise Andorra is an independent and self-governing state. Its relations to these two "over-lords" are a quaint survival of medieval feudalism.

FINDS HIS LONG-LOST RING

Man Gets Wedding Sand Buried in Sand Three Years at King's Beach in Massachusetts.

Boston, Mass.—Three years ago this summer J. Franklin Brown, now head bookkeeper in a shoe factory at Chelsea, lost a wedding ring while in bathing on King's Beach, Swampscott. Today he has the ring, and behind its restoration is a story of a bit of detective work.

Two weeks ago Arthur Getchell, mail clerk in the Lynn postoffice, was rolling around on the beach in a bathing suit when the sandy recess in which the ring had lain hidden for three years was exposed. The only clue to the identity of the owner was an inscription on the inside which read, "From Flossie to Frank, Oct. 11, 1905."

How to find the owner on such a meagre clue, when thousands bathe on the beach every summer, was the problem. For a week Getchell searched every place that he could think of. Then, remembering the old adage about two heads being better than one, he consulted a friend, George F. Alley, and, out of their conferences, a bright thought popped forth: "Why not look up the marriage records on that date."

That settled it. They found a Frank and a Flossie were married and Frank lived then at 53 Essex street, Lynn, from where he was traced. Flossie, before she became Mrs. Brown, was Miss Lauckner of 41 Porter street, Lynn.

FINDS GREAT STORE OF LOOT

Stocks of Silks and Satins Valued at $25,000 Is Discovered by Alert Policeman.

New York.—A policeman passing a tall loft building on Tenth avenue heard men's voices coming from an upper floor, and broke in to investigate. In a closet on the fourth floor he found a muscular young man who jumped at him so quickly that they both rolled down three flights of stairs together. The young man was underneath at the foot of the stairs, and was promptly handcuffed. A search of the lofts revealed a great stack of silks and satins, valued at $25,000, packed up ready to be taken away. The prisoner told the police later that three other men escaped while he was struggling on the stairs. They had an automobile outside the building to use in carrying off their loot, he said.

Sells Stove to See Show.

Hardin, Colo.—Daniel Hardin, a farmer, sold his cook stove that his wife and five children might see a circus performance. Hardin had promised his family that they might see the show, but a hailstorm a day or so ago destroyed his crops and left him without money for tickets. When a ditch crew offered him $15 for his stove he accepted.

No Pay Check, No Wash.

Chicago.—Judge Gemmill of the domestic relations court told "Bill" Coughenour if he didn't bring his wife his pay check Saturday night, she didn't have to wash his clothes.

Use Barrel as Collection Plate.

Waukegan, Ill.—Instead of a collection plate, a barrel was used for contributions at the Zion City tabernacle. Deacons announced that it contained $7,500.

Hen Lays Huge Egg.

Springfield, Ill.—A hen belonging [illegible]

REPORTED BY THE GROUCH

Here the Original Hiram J. Tells of His Attendance at Country "Function."

"Having nothing else to do," remarked the old codger, "I attended a function while I was over at Torpidville the other day. The affair was held in a dispirited grove at the end of a road in which every time a horse popped down his foot the dust shot up in the air like a skyrocket. A band was playing without the slightest remorse. A statesman, with a neck as wrinkled as a pickle, droned forth redundant nonenities without end. A sad and rickety merry-go-wabble wound 'round and 'round to the sound of its own plaintive peedle-deedle. In a tipsy pavilion a hoarse person was endeavoring to sell, in brazen defiance of the pure food and drug act, what looked alarmingly like horned toads fried in axle-grease. A gentleman in a striped tent nearby hoarsely stated that he preferred to eat snakes at ten cents per serpent. There was the usual balloon which seemed perfectly willing to do anything but go up. Scattered around through the festal scene were a few old soldiers, grumbling; a smattering of farmers, also grumbling; sundry honest voters, likewise grumbling; and various other folks, nothing about whom is worth mentioning except that they, too, were grumbling. It may have been a reunion, a fair, a rally, a picnic, or what-not; but whatever they chanced to call it, 'twas an excellent example of one of our most cherished institutions."—Kansas City Star.

CHILD'S FACE ALL RED SPOTS

632 N. 5th St., Terre Haute, Ind.—"My little nephew, a boy of four years, had a breaking out on his face. It was little red spots at first, then he would rub and scratch and water blisters would form, and wherever the water would run another would come until his face was covered with them. He would cry and fret. His mother got some medicine, but it did not do any good. He would scream and cry and say it hurt. We hardly knew him, his litle face was all red spots and blisters. So I begged him to let me put some Cuticura Ointment on them. The next morning I made a strong soap suds with Cuticura Soap and washed his face in the warm suds. The little blisters burst by pressing the cloth on them. After I had his face washed, I put the Cuticura Ointment on and in a short time his little face was all red and dry. I kept using the Cuticura Soap and putting on the Cuticura Ointment and his face got as well and it did not leave a scar. He was entirely cured in about one week and a half." (Signed) Mrs. Arthur Haworth, Jan. 10, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Child's Fear of the Dark.

If mothers notice that the brains of their little ones conjure up uncanny sights and thoughts from the shadows of a room more or less dark, let the light burn brightly. To force a child to become accustomed to the darkness is a grave error, if its nervous system is so organized that this forcing is productive of a fright.

The nervous system of a child is a very susceptible organization and the deleterious impressions made upon it will often make their influence felt throughout its whole after life. If the child asks for a light under such circumstances do not refuse it.

MINNESOTA EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT HOSPITAL.

Capacity 45 beds, strictly modern, specially equipped for the care of eye, ear, nose and throat diseases. Rates reasonable. For further particulars, address Supt., White Bear Lake, Minn., or physicians in charge.

Drs. Beaudoux & Wheeler,

833 Lowry Building - - St. Paul.

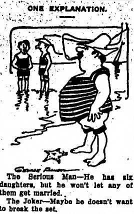
Even the man who is his own worst enemy is always ready to forgive himself.

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists, 25 and 50c.

It's usually the fool who rocks the boat that lives to tell the tale.

ONE EXPLANATION.



The Serious Man—He has six daughters, but he won't let any of them get married.

The Joker—Maybe he doesn't want to break the set.

Really Had Best of It.

John Burroughs is well known as one of the foremost of nature writers in this country. Some time ago he visited his brother, Eden Burroughs, who lives in the Catskills, at a place called Hobart. The two brothers went fox hunting together. The honor of the hunt came to Eden, who shot the only fox. It so happened that foxskins were worth five dollars at that time, and the successful Nimrod took much pride in telling how he got the better of the sage of Slabsides. Later in boasting to a few friends about it in the presence of his brother, John, he was interrupted by, "You have bragged about that fox hunt long enough. You shot the fox, sold the skin and got five dollars. I wrote a little account of the hunt, and got $75 from the magazine which published it. So there you are!"

Accorded Full Title.

One of the New York representatives in congress tells of a social function in an asembly district political club on the East side, whereat the chairman of the entertainment committee acted as master of ceremonies.

The chairman was very busy introducing the newly-arrived members of the club to the guests, who included a number of municipal officers. The representative mentioned was presented in a way to halve his official honors with his wife, as "The Honorable and Mrs. Congressman Blank." Next came a couple who were not known to the master of ceremonies, but, after receiving the correct name in a whisper, he announced:

"Mr. and Mrs. Inspector of Hydrants, Faucets and Shopworks Casey."—Lippincott's.

Mother's Lingual Attainment.

The mother of a little boy in Kansas City, Kan., recites negro dialect stories charmingly. Her small son is quite proud of her acomplishment and frequently boasts of it. One day recently, when some of his playmates were vaunting the achievements of their several mothers, the little boy braggingly remarked:

"My mother is smarter than any of yours; she can talk two languages."

"What are they?" demanded his companions.

"White and colored."

Ideals.

"What is your idea of a perfect husband?"

"One with about a million, who would lose no time in making me a merry widow."

Two Epigrams.

The apple of many a young man's eye is a peach.

Harping on a subject will more often suggest a harpy than a harpist.—Lippincott's.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

There are lots of funny things to be seen in this world, and among them is a fat woman sitting on a little piano stool.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Even a homely man is apt to boast of how the women run after him.

POPULAR SYMBOL OF VALUE

Young Man Evidently Was Lacking in His Appreciation of the Country's Statesmen.

There is plenty of food for cynical thoughts in the national capital, as is shown by the following incident which happened on a Washington street car:

A worldly young man, prone to criticise, was gazing at the advertisements which decorate the interior of the car. One advertised a new kind of collar for men. The dome of the capitol was represented encircled by one of the collars, and on the senate and house wings of the building were placards giving prices and sizes. The placard on the senate end of the capitol read, "Quarter size," and that on the other end said, "Two for a quarter."

The worldly cynical young man turned to his companion.

"That," he remarked, "just about expresses my opinion of some of these here congressmen."—Judge.

In the Hotel Lobby.

Mary—That tall man has been divorced five times.

Alice—Goodness! Who is he?

Mary—He's the man who invented the safety match.

MOTHER OF LARGE FAMILY

Tells How She Keeps Her Health — Happiness For Those Who Take Her Advice.

Scottville, Mich.—"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. I live on a farm and have worked very hard. I am forty-five years old, and am the mother of thirteen children. Many people think it strange that I am not broken down with hard work and the care of my family, but I tell them of my good friend, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and that there will be no backache and bearing down pains for them if they will take it as I have. I am scarcely ever without it in the house.

"I will say also that I think there is no better medicine to be found for young girls. My eldest daughter has taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for painful periods and irregularity, and it has helped her.

"I am always ready and willing to speak a good word for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tell every one I meet that I owe my health and happiness to your wonderful medicine."—Mrs. J. G. JOHNSON, Scottville, Mich., R.F.D. 3.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotics or harmful drugs, and today holds the record of being the most successful remedy for woman's ills known.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all sores. By mail 50c. Booklet free. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A2, St. Paul, Minn.

N. W. N. U., NO. 34–1912.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

NEW YORK.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1912. NUMBER 8.

GEN. BOOTH BURIED

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR SALVATIONIST HELD IN LONDON ARE IMPRESSIVE.

FORTY BANDS OF MUSIC.

Music and Banks of Flowers Are Features—Body, in Pine Coffin, Saluted by His Followers in Uniform.

London, England.—Funeral services for the founder of the Salvation army, General William Booth, were held at the Olympia. In keeping with the traditions of the organization they were carried out with fervor and impressiveness. Thirty-four thousand persons participated in the function. Nearly half of them were blue coats and red jerseys or bonnets with red ribbon, so familiar on the streets of the cities of the world where the army is established.

The body of the late general, in a plain pine coffin, rested high upon a white catafalque in front of the big platform across the end of the hall where all the chief officers of the organizations were seated and where 40 bands of music were massed.

The flag of the army "of fire and blood," which the general unfurled on Mount Calvary, was planted above the coffin. A bank of flowers, composed of the tributes sent by members of royalty and many societies, were behind it. Flags of various nations, in which the commander-in-chief had carried on campaigns, and the standards of the older divisions of the army, were arranged on the platform.

The front rows of chairs before the coffin were filled with representatives of various bodies, and also the equerry for the king, several mayors in their robes and chaines of office, a delegation from the stock exchange, ministers and clergymen of all the Protestant churches and Jewish rabbis, and many notable personages were seated throughout the house. The rank and file of the audience was composed mainly of plain people.

The service itself was not only a memorial, but a mammoth meeting of prayer and praise. The most solemn moments of the long meeting were when the coffin was borne along the center of the hall to the sonorous music of the "Death March of Saul." A small procession, representing many branches of the army's activities, carrying the flags of their respective countries, preceded it. Immediately before the body a brigadier bore aloft the crimson flag which the general raised at Jerusalem and under which he died at Hadley Wood, and behind which marched the officers from foreign countries. Then came Bramwell Booth with his wife, both wearing uniforms of commissioners, and members of the Booth families.

His Bible and Cap.

Every seat on the floor and in the galleries was taken when this service was begun and several thousand were banked around the outskirts of the hall, half of whom could not see over the shoulders of those in front. When the bands began with the very well known army hymn, "The Better World," the ocean of voices took up the strain and sung three stanzas of it.

The most impressive feature of the solemnities was when all the soldiers of the army rose and recited the covenant of fidelity, pledging themselves to be faithful soldiers of the Lord.

WOMEN SEE VICTORY.

Women Confident Question Will Be Submitted to Voters.

Chicago, Illinois.—Chicago suffragists are confident that woman's suffrage will be submited to the voters of Illinos at the November election. With 40,000 signatures already secured, members of the Illinois Equal Suffrage association at a meeting declared that they would be able to submit the public policy petition, bearing the names of 90,000 registered voters to the secretary of state next Tuesday.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 29.—Wheat, Sept., 91¾c; Dec., 92⅝c; No. 1 northern, 92⅞@93⅞c; No. 2 northern, 88⅞@95⅞c; No. 1 durum, 94c; No. 3 corn, 75c; No. 3 white oats, 31½c; barley, malting, 61c; No. 2 rye, 64½c; No. 1 flax, $1.87.

Duluth, Aug. 29.—Wheat, Sept., 94¼c; Dec., 93⅛c; No. 1 northern, 96⅛c; No. 1 durum, 94c.

South St. Paul, Aug. 29.—Cattle—Cows, $3.90@5; calves, $2.75@8.50; hogs, $8@8.45; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.50.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Cattle—Receipts, 14,000; market steady to strong; beeves, $5.65@10; Texas steers, $5@6.50; western steers, $6.25@9.50; stockers and feeders, $4.20@7.40; cows and heifers, $2.75@8.30; calves, $6.50@10.50. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; market steady to a shade under yesterday's average; light, $8.00@8.95; mixed, $8.10@8.95; heavy, $7.95@8.80; rough, $7.95@8.15; pigs, $5.50@8.15; bulk of sales, $8.20@8.75. Sheep—Receipts, 35,000; market steady to firm; native, $3.25@4.40; western, $3.25@4.50; yearlings, $4.50@5.45; lambs, $4.50@7.15; western, $4.50@7.35.

Britain Again Protests.

Washington, D. C.—Great Britain has reaffirmed its protest against the Panama canal bill. In a note filed with the state department by A. Mitchell Inness, it was stated that if a satisfactory agreement could not be reached Great Britain would appeal to the Hague tribunal for arbitration. The note submitted says Great Britain will give careful consideration to both the bill and the message President Taft sent to congress relating to discrimination in [illegible]

NEW U. S. PALACE IN ROME

Thomas J. O'Brien, Ambassador to Italy, Has at Last Found Suitable Residence.

Rome.—Thomas J. O'Brien, the American ambassador, has at last solved in a most suitable way the question of his residence as the representative of a power like the United States.

In Rome the ambassador of a great country can hardly live, without losing some prestige, in a modern house or villa. The residence which the French ambassador occupies, the Palazzo Farnese, is a national monument in itself. The Austrian ambassador lives in the Palazzo Venezia, a stronghold, so-called, because it belonged to the Republic of Doges.

Corner of the Garden Wall.

The ambassador of Spain has the Palazzo di Spagna, which for centuries housed the grandees of that country. The German ambassador is housed in the Palazzo Chaffarelli, which from the heights of the capitol frowns over the Eternal City below. The Japanese ambassador lives in the historic Palazzo Altiere, erected in 1670.

Ambassador O'Brien understood this situation and set to work to find a proper residence, which for a time seemed impossible. He signed a contract to occupy a gorgeous apartment in the Palazzo Barberini, a most imposing structure of the Renaissance, begun in 1624, and finished by the ubiquitous Bernini, whose works confront one at every turn in Rome.

FORGET "HONOR THY FATHER"

So Says Kansas Hospital Chief in His Report of Young People of That State.

Topeka, Kan.—"Honor thy father and thy mother," is a forgotten doctrine in Kansas, declared Dr. T. C. Biddle, superintendent of the Topeka hospital for the insane, in his biennial report to the state board of control. Dr. Biddle caustically arraigns the young people of the state for their indifference toward the old. After reporting a marked increase of senile dementia since his last report, Dr. Biddle says:

"It appears that among Kansas young people 'honor thy father and thy mother' has become an antiquated dogma."

Dr. Biddle declares most of the cases of senile dementia are turned over to the state because children do not care to look after their afflicted parents. They are willing to pay the state for keeping them, but will not do the work themselves. The people are harmless, simply having a breakdown because of age.

MARRIAGE LICENSE BY PHONE

Permit to Wed Issued to Minnesota Man Over the Long-Distance Wire by Clerk.

Minneapolis, Minn.—It lacked only one hour until Dr. W. O. Fryberger and Miss Mary Hughes, both of Minneapolis, were to be wed at Miss Hughes' summer home, near Buffalo, Minn., when the clerk of the district court refused a license to Dr. Fryberger on the ground that the parties did not reside in the county.

In that hour Dr. Fryberger called the clerk of the district court in Minneapolis, made an affidavit over the long-distance telephone and received a permission to wed by the same way, the clerk of the court at Buffalo taking the fee for the Hennepin county office.

It is said to be the first case in Hennepin county of a license being issued over the telephone.

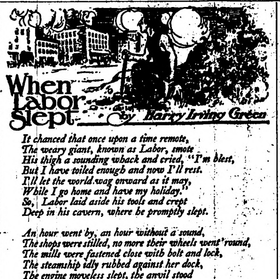
"SMALLEST BABY" THRIVES

Philadelphia Infant Reaches Weight of Almost Two Pounds and Is Near Seven Inches Long.

Philadelphia.—Russell Dailey, the smallest baby ever born here, is making rapid strides at the University hospital. Now nearly two weeks old, he has attained a weight of one pound eleven ounces and a length of six and three-quarter inches. The physicians say that his digestive apparatus is normal and that he should thrive, barring unforeseen circumstances.

Judge Held for Speeding.

Greenwich, Conn.—A constable brought an auto speeder into Justice Burns' court for trial, but the justice could not be found, for at the same time he was [illegible]



When Labor Slept by Harry Irving Green

It chanced that once upon a time remote,
The weary giant, known as Labor, smote
His thigh a sounding whack and cried, "I'm blest,
But I have toiled enough and now I'll rest.
I'll let the world wag onward as it may,
While I go home and have my holiday."
So, Labor laid aside his tools and crept
Deep in his cavern, where he promptly slept.

An hour went by, an hour without a sound,
The shops were stilled, no more their wheels went 'round,
The mills were fastened close with bolt and lock,
The steamship idly rubbed against her dock,
The engine moveless slept, the anvil stood
As silent as a gravestone in a wood.
While Mankind, startled by the awful still,
Together whispered, awed, "Is Labor ill?"

And as the moments passed o'er town and farm,
And all was still, there 'rose a great alarm,
Went forth the giant Commerce, loud to shout,
Deep into Labor's cavern, "Friend, come out,
You're needed by us—needed in a trice.
Please come at once! We'll pay you any price.
You've slept an hour already—all your fill.
Come forth at once. The world is standing still."

And Labor, wakened by the other's cries,
Stretched forth his brawny arms and rubbed his eyes,
And mused a bit, then with good-natured smile,
Said, "Yes, I'll come, but make it worth my while.
One day each year you'll give me privilege free,
One day each year you'll consecrate to me,
While one day I will consecrate to play,
And (chuckling, said), we'll call it Labor Day."

[redacted]

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

The ultimate aim of the labor movement is to establish a condition of society, first, that will insure to each head of a family equal and ample opportunity to secure a livelihood, which will be sufficient to provide his family with the same necessities and luxuries of life enjoyed by any other citizen; second, that will enable him to give his children an education in whatever direction they may decide to follow, equal to that received by the children of every other member of society.

To enlarge the opportunity to secure employment, the trade unions are advocating and establishing a shorter workday for its members. To insure equal education, the trade unions are endeavoring to secure the enactment of compulsory education laws and child labor laws in every state, territory and province in America, thus withdrawing the children from the factories, mines and workshops.

The trade unions assert that all benefits accruing from the inauguration of labor-saving devices or cheap forms of distribution should be enjoyed equally by all the people, instead of being diverted to the benefit of the few.

The labor movement holds that all people are entitled to partake equally of the joy of living; that a condition that permits part of our people to live in affluence, while another part is compelled to work long hours for meager wages, should be abolished; that a condition that furnishes work to only a fraction of the people and leaves another fraction without employment, and helpless for long periods, should be eliminated from our civilization.

Many claim that efforts along that direction are an iridescent dream and cannot be realized for years to come. In my opinion it will come. It is now approaching. It will come with the full awakening of the consciousness of our people; a consciousness which is rapidly growing in strength and power, and is now in abeyance, awaiting the psychological moment when the great vibrating will of all the people has been crystallized into an active and intelligent force that will sweep aside all obstacles that resist its purpose to mete out justice to all mankind and establish among all the peoples of the earth—the Brotherhood of Man.

Frank Morrison

A Trophy of Victory.

The annual holiday of labor is not a bit of driftwood picked up by accident. It is one of the trophies of battle and victory. Its message is of labor's rights and struggles and triumphs, not of labor's play spells or of gifts received from any source.

The only demand the 250,000 shopmen in the Federation of Federations are making is for recognition of the [illegible]

LESSON OF LABOR DAY

An Annual Holiday That Is More Than Just a Play Time

The first Monday in September brings an annual reminder of the fact that one of the holidays which are now practically nation-wide is so new and so vital that it is growing visibly and rapidly in prestige and usefulness. Labor day was an experiment so recently that men still young remember its beginnings; now it is one of the firmly established and much-valued rest and recreation days of the year.

But the day is more than that. It is a holiday which is not a mere play day. Nor is it only a celebration of some great event of the past. It looks ahead quite as much as it looks backward. It is filled with the spirit of advancing, confident, buoyant life. It is even a militant day, with a strong suggestion of willingness and ability to battle for rights denied or principles assailed.

It is well for the country that Labor day is so thoroughly alive. It is a good thing for American people that such a holiday comes around every fall to remind all classes and conditions of men and women of the vital and fundamental part which the labor of the hands plays and must always play in the progress of the world and the very existence of mankind. It is too easy to forget, at times, that everything rests on hard physical toil and that without it all of the boasted flowering of civilization would be impossible.

Labor day is broad enough, in its name and in the break which it makes in the regular grind of trade and industry and in all of the productive activities of the country to cover all kinds of work, but it is the especial property of manual labor and more particularly of manual labor so organized, so awake and so strong that it can speak as a vast body of men trained to act together and work for the same ends.

That is to say, the annual holiday of labor is taken as a right, not as a gift. It is a demonstration of strength ready for use, not a day of recreation and fun without a serious thought.

But the stronger labor becomes the less danger there is of needless and destructive labor wars. With power comes responsibility, and the more there is that has been won the more there is, also, to hazard in strife. The labor organizations which are most thoroughly developed and united are the ones which get along best with employers and are most reasonable and businesslike in the negotiations which they carry on. The strong and successful do not lightly risk the fruits of their past triumphs, and the same qualities that made them succeed keep them safe and sound.

Labor day is filled with such lessons. It is [illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

WAITS RIDGELY NEWS

Man Who Beat Back Sioux Confined to Bed.

St. Paul.—Colonel Timothy J. Sheehan, who fifty years ago with only 100 men of the Fifth Minnesota and eighty citizens, held Fort Ridgely against 1,200 Sioux Indians, beating back constant attacks for nine days and saving the lives of 400 women and children, eagerly awaited news of the celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the event which took place Thursday at the fort.

Weak from the weight of 78 years and the after-effects of seven wounds received in the service of his country, Colonel Sheehan has been unable to leave his bed for sixteen months at his home, 831 Ashland avenue.

"Do they still remember Fort Ridgely?" he asked the newspaper man, who was taken to his bedside, "it's a long time ago."

Modestly the old colonel responded to the questions put to him.

"I was at Yellow Medicine when the massacre occurred and started back for the fort," he said. "I had with me 100 men of the Fifth and about eighty citizens, thirty of whom were practically unarmed.

"Yes, it was a hard, quick march, we made back to the fort past scenes of horror and desolation left by the Indians. My men stood it nobly. There were from 300 to 400 women in the fort and they had to be saved.

"The Sioux, about 1,200 strong were at the fort when we arrived. We were nine days in the fort before General Sibley arrived.

"We were fighting most of the time. We had three battles and a number of skirmishes. Little Crow was in command of the Indians. The women helped make bullets. That was all they could do. They were very helpful and brave."

"How old were you then, colonel?" he was asked.

"Twenty-eight," he answered, and the memory of the intervening years seemed to overcome him and he fell into a revery and did not seem inclined to answer more questions.

State Democratic Organization.

St. Paul.—F. A. Pike of St. Paul, who was recently appointed president of the Federation of Democratic Precincts clubs for Minnesota by the national organization of democratic clubs has made up his state organization, and announced its officers and committees as follows: Vice president, Guy A. Thomas, Minneapolis; treasurer, Bryon J. Mosier, Stillwater; advisory committee, J. R. Bennett, Jr., St. Cloud; T. J. Meighen, Preston; T. J. Knox, Jackson; H. H. Bonniwell, Hutchinson; Otto Bremer, St. Paul; Z. H. Austin, Minneapolis; D. H. Evans, Tracy; M. L. Fay, Duluth; Harry M. Wheelock, Fergus Falls; executive committee, H. L. Buck, Winona; W. L. Comstock, Mankato; E. J. Lynch, St. Paul; Harry B. Swenson, Minneapolis; L. M. Davis, Long Prairie; T. H. Maguire, Morris; Alfred Jaques, Duluth and Martin O'Brien, Crookston.

River Man Is Missing.

Wabasha.—Bert Edwards, who has been employed on the rafting steamer Tabor, has mysteriously disappeared and the circumstances lead to the conclusion that he was accidentally drowned. He was last seen, Monday night, when the Tabor was coming up river and tied up near Crate Island on account of a fog. He went to sleep on the ropes in the bow. Later on he was missed and nothing has been found of him except his hat, which was left on the boat. A search is being made for him between here and Fountain City.

Rye Receipts Set Record.

Minneapolis.—All of the precedents for big receipts of rye on the Minneapolis markets were smashed when 90 carloads of that grain rolled into the city and were recorded at the Chamber of Commerce. John Marfield, president of the chamber, declared this figure established the high record at the chamber. One year ago only 28 cars of rye were received. Oats and barley receipts also were big. There were 70 cars of oats and 170 of barley. The big receipts on other grains cut down the wheat receipts.

Wheat Shipping Rates Soar.

Duluth.—Charters for over one million bushels of wheat to be shipped down the lakes have been closed in the last 24 hours at a rate of two cents a bushel, the highest this year. Indications are that the rate will go higher before the October contracts. Options on some vessels to carry flax have been closed at from 3½ to 4 cents.

Miss Sanford Chief Speaker.

St. Paul.—The program for the state meeting of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs is now in progress of arrangement. Mrs. E. H. Loyhed of Faribault, state president, announced [illegible]

EXERCISES AT FORT

Fiftieth Anniversary of Attack by Indians Celebrated.

Fairfax.—The celebration in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the attack on Fort Ridgely, and for the ceremonies dedicating the site of the fort as a state park were as follows:

Morning—Arrival of Ninth infantry, Captain P. P. Nicklin, commanding; Burg's battery, Captain W. A. Kock commanding; New Ulm national guards, Captain Albert Pfaender commanding.

Afternoon—Basket lunch dinner; presentation of park by S. G. Iverson, state auditor; acceptance of park by Governor Eberhart; "Patriotism and Our Regular Army," Captain B. P. Nicklin; "Cause of the Sioux Indian Outbreak," Julius Schmahl; "Citizens, Soldier and Defender," Henry M. Benson, St. Peter; "Charles E. Flandreau," Albert Pfaender, New Ulm; "Fort Ridgely, a Strategic Point," Frank Murry, Bird Island; "Major Timothy J. Sheehan," D. M. Lawler, St. Paul; "Lessons in Patriotism," L. C. Spooner, Morris; "The Price They Paid," G. H. Hattson, Roseau; band concert at amphitheater, 1:00 p. m.; "Public Parks, Their Value," Frank Clague, Redwood Falls; "Why Are We Here?" E. T. Young; "Our Mission," Frank Eddy, Sauk Center; "Liberty, Our Heritage," S. Y. Gordon, Browns Valley; "Thoughts on the Occasion," C. R. Davis, St. Peter; "Our Privileges," E. E. Lobeck, Alexandria; "Fort Ridgely," Colonel C. H. Hopkins, Fairfax; special music, Fairfax mixed chorus and New Ulm chorus.

Sham Battle in Afternoon.

4 P. M.—Battle of Fort Ridgely, Ninth infantry, Captain B. P. Nicklin commanding, attacking Company A, Second regiment Minnesota national guard, Captain Pfaender commanding; Burg's battery, with artillery used at the fort at the time of the siege, Captain W. A. Koch, commander, defending.

MISSING MAN LOCATED

Tangle of Affairs Will Be Straightened Out.

Fairmont.—George Wohlhuter, the business man who disappeared two months ago, has been located by A. L. Ward, at Kansas City, where he is working for a commission firm on the board of trade, under an assumed name.

Mr. Ward has just returned from there, and has brought back a trust deed of all Mr. Wohlhuter's property and hopes to untangle his affairs in such a way as to leave a substantial balance for Wohlhuter and his family. Mr. Ward remained with his former business associate two days, and went over every detail of Mr. Wohlhuter's business affairs, and as a result comes back empowered to settle with all creditors and take entire charge of Wohlhuter's affairs. There will be property enough to pay every dollar of indebtedness, besides leaving a neat sum.

Wohlhuter went away believing that bankruptcy and the loss of all of his property stared him in the face. When his affairs looked better, he would not consent to return, in view of his having left so abruptly. His elevator line was recently sold at sheriff's sale. He says his trouble is due to too expensive a house and speculation.

JAMES N. HILL MARRIES

Eldest Son of Railroad Magnate Weds in London.

London, Eng.—James Hill, said to be a son of James J. Hill, the railroad magnate, was married here very unostentatiously to Mrs. Margaret Fahnestock. The ceremony was performed at the Savoy chapel royal.

Minneapolis.—Miss Clara Hill, sister of James N. Hill, confirmed the report of her brother's marriage. James N. Hill is the eldest son of James J. Hill.

Car Crashes Into Buggy.

Minneapolis.—More than two hundred persons leaving the Calhoun bath saw an inbound St. Louis Park car, coming down an incline, strike a buggy occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Louis P. Larson, St. Louis Park, and dragged Mrs. Larson nearly 60 feet. While the crowd stood by and the victim's cries were heard, the motorman brought the car to a standstill, and it is alleged, reversed the power, backed, and then started the car again. The woman's collar bone and three ribs on the left side were broken. Mr. Larson escaped with slight injuries.

In Full Progress.

Faribault.—Threshing is in full progress in this section of the state. The grain is good, although wheat is not yielding what was first thought, but in many places it is going twenty bushels to the acre. Oats is the banner crop. In one instance [illegible]

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Duluth.—John J. Jenswold, of Duluth, a prominent attorney, has decided to run for congress in this district.

Minneapolis.—The Hennepin county grand jury has refused to indict Mrs. Clara Rood Royce Akeley of Long Branch, Cal., widow of H. C. Akeley, the Minneapolis lumberman.

Dresbach.—Playing bear in their grandmother's yard, Donald Moore, aged 6 years, was shot by Rupert Baker, aged 12, a cousin, and died two hours later. The boys had been playing with a shotgun without realizing it was loaded.

Fergus Falls.—It was announced here that State Senator O. O. Sageng has decided to serve out his term as senator before seeking other honors. He has been mentioned as a probable candidate for congressman-at-large, and also for congress in this district.

Wabasha.—The tobacco crop on the west side is so far advanced that harvest will be begun this week. There are fifteen acres of as fine a stand of Minnesota Hybrid and Spanish as can be grown on any soil. It stands five feet and over and is very stout.

Hibbing.—George Hecinobich has started suit against the White Star line for $10,000 damages for the death of his brother Joseph, who was a third class passenger on the Titanic and lost his life. The deceased was the support of his parents in Austria and was coming here to work in the mines.

Hibbing, Minn., Aug. 26.—George Hecinobich has started suit against the White Star Line for $10,000 damages for the death of his brother Joseph, who was a third-class passenger on the Titanic. The deceased was the supporter of his parents in Austria and was coming here to work in the mines.

Little Fall.—Seven young men in two canoes coming down the Mississippi passed through this city Monday on their way to Minneapolis. They are on a vacation trip and started from a head waters of the river on Aug. 5. They expected to reach their destination on Aug. 29. The distance is about 800 miles.

St. Paul.—Wednesday evening, September 18, Governor Eberhart and Dr. C. O. Merica of the Red Wing Training school will give addresses before the State Federation of Women's clubs and on Thursday evening there will be a musical under the direction of Mrs. Wilma Anderson Gilman of Minneapolis as chairman.

Red Wing.—The controlling interest in the Red Wing Printing company, publishers of the morning, evening and weekly Republican, has been purchased by Jens K. Grondahl, who has been general manager and editor for many years, from Tams Bixby, who is now residing in Oklahoma. There will be no material change in the policy of the paper.

St. Paul.—The Associated Fraternities of America in session for the last three days at the St. Paul hotel, adjourned after having elected officers. W. A. Fraser, of Dallas, Texas, was chosen president; J. J. Taake, Des Moines, vice president, and R. W. Donovan, Detroit, secretary and treasurer. The executive committee is composed of these offices and A. H. is composed of these officers: A. H. place for 1913 was not selected.

New Ulm, Minn., Aug. ;—German day, celebrated in this city Sunday, proved a fitting climax to a week's celebration commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of the Indian massacre. This date was set apart many months ago and the affair was given under the auspices of the German-American Central society of Minnesota and the Junior Pioneers of New Ulm. Early in the morning thousands of people began pouring into the city from neighboring towns with teams and autos, there being over 1,000 of the latter.

Hibbing.—Minnie Jackikuva's thrift led to her wedding to Joseph Sczenich, Thursday night, being broken up by a fight which the police had to stop. At Austrian weddings here it is customary for the bride to put a plate on the floor. The guests toss a coin at the plate until it is broken and the bride gets the money. Minnie put down a plate and the coins rained on it, but it did not break. When $150 had been thrown, somebody examined the plate and found it was made of iron and painted to resemble china. Then the trouble began. There were no arrests.

Cass Lake.—That northern Minnesota is gradually working to the point where it will be a mecca for landseekers seems assured. Several sales a week is the order in Cass Lake. Iowa and Montana men were representented among the purchasers among the purchasers here last week James H. Meyers, a Montana man, looked over Cass Lake and vicinity the early part of the week, and then went to various other points, but returned and purchased a tract one and one-half miles west of town which he expects to develop into a truck farm.

Faribault.—Mr. and Mrs. Rodney A. Mott, both early pioneer settlers of Faribault, celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary here. They were married in Joliet, Ill., in 1852. They came to Minnesota in 1855 and settled in this city, which has since been their home. Mr. Mott made the trip to California [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, Minn.

Mankato Commercial College

LEADS THEM ALL

ITS great influence extends far and wide. In attendance, equipment, courses of study, facilities for placing its students in positions it is unsurpassed. Large faculty of experienced teachers. A course in this great school leads to success. Our catalogue, the most artistic ever sent out by any school, tells you all about it. If you are interested send for it to-day. Address MANKATO COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, MANKATO, MINN.

CATALOGUE IT IS FREE

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Choice Bargains

We have several small tracts of land around St Hilaire, containing from one to twenty acres each, which we will sell at

Farm Land Prices...

Apply to.....

H. E. IVES, President.
E. R. EVANS, Secretary.

St. Hilaire Townsite Company.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittance should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, August 31, 1912.

Senator Penrose tries to make the public believe that Archbold, of Standard Oil, sent him that $25,000 in 1904 to aid him in carrying Pennsylvania for Roosevelt. Penrose should know the public better than to try to gull it with as cheap a play as that, and if he does not he is not competent to hold the job of ward boss. Why, bless you, Teddy's majority in Pennsylvania that year was only something like half a million!—Warren Register.

Knute Nelson has held office almost continually since 1868. He was a member of the legislature and county attorney in Wisconsin before coming to Minnesota; and since he has been a resident of Minnesota, which began in 1871, he has been in office almost without intermission, first as county attorney of Douglas county, state senator for several years, congressman for four terms, governor and United States senator for eighteen years. He should have a rest.—Litchfield Independent.

If the attorney general or any of his assistants has ruled that petitions nominating Roosevelt electors cannot be signed by persons who voted at the primaries, he should read the law again. It certainly says nothing to warrant such a construction. What it does say is that "No person who has voted at a primary shall be eligible as a petitioner for any nomination to an office for which nominees were voted upon at such primary." That cannot apply to electors, as electors are not voted for at the primary election.

The Smith-Eberhart machine in this state is trying its best to persuade the republicans not to exercise the second choice when they vote at the primaries. The failure of the people to record their second choice is the only thing that can give Eberhart a renomination. Had the progressive field been left entirely to Gordon and Lee the chances are that, through the second choice, one or the other would have been nominated. But with still other candidates in the race we fear the vote may be so divided as to possibly result in Eberhart's nomination. The thing for all progressives to do is to keep harping at the people to vote both their first and second choices. If anything like all of the republicans do this "the man of destiny is doomed." In the meantime it behooves the democrats to nominate the best man they have.—Luverne Journal.

Red Lake County Fair

Excellent progress is being made with the work of improving the new Red Lake county fair grounds. The new race track was completed some time ago and it is a fine speedway. With a little more work so that the surface may become a little harder the track will be in excellent condition for the fast race events of the county fair.

The new exhibit hall is nearly completed and the fences, grand stand and barns have been moved from the old location to the new grounds and have been erected. The work of fencing the track has been completed and men are now at work enlarging the grand stand and putting up new fencing.

The work will be completed so that the grounds will be ready for the opening day of the fair, Thursday, Sept. 14. The new grounds are most advantageously situated and the substantial manner in which they are being improved is gratifying to the supporters of the fair.

Names of Socialist Candidates to go on Ballot

Messrs. Naplin, Jacobson, Salachek, and Quist were down from the county seat last Saturday soliciting signers to a petition requesting that the names of the candidates of the socialist or public ownership party be placed on the primary ballot. The filing of the petition was no doubt caused by the ambiguity of the law, which seems to provide that a county orginization must have been maintained for a period of years. County Attorney Stanton has, however, received an opinion from the attorney general to the effect that [illegible]

Life and Accident Insurance

Henry Olson spent his vacation in selling life and accident insurance. He has a plan of insurance which he finds to appeal to the young farmers, and he has done a good stroke of business in the past two weeks.

He has held the agency for the Merchants Life and Casualty Company of Minneapolis, and has successfully worked it in northern Minnesota for the past three years. This company insures against death in case of accident only, but pays monthly benefits for any sickness as well as accident, including surgical operations and quarantine against contagious diseases.

The cost of this insurance is $300 for is $5.00 for the policy and $1.00 per month thereafter. The fifth year of insurance is free—that is, the monthly payments are remitted that year, as also the eleventh, twelfth, and thirteenth years. Taken altogether, this may be said to be the best and cheapest insurance on the market.

Part Played by Heredity

Heredity plays an important part not only in tuberculosis and cancerous affections but likewise in diabetes, rheumatism, gout and many other diseases. We do not inherit tuberculosis, but we do inherit a lessened vitality, or a tendency to contract tuberculosis infection. Underweights are usually people who have inherited such a lessened vitality, and they run the further risk of infection from their underweight brothers or sisters who are apt to be infected. To guard against weakened vitality, provide the system regularly with the food, with the proper supply of phosphates, albumen, malts and hops found in perfection in golden grain belt beers. Alex Thompson, Crookston agent.

Velvet Chaff Wheat Recognised

Velvet Chaff wheat, that prolific producer, after being tossed about by the grain exchanges, has this year been raised as No. 1 Northern. At the time it was first developed it was not thought to have sufficiently good milling qualities to entitle it to high rank. The Minnesota board of grain appeals has been making steady tests of its qualities and found constant improvement. Last year it was raised to No. 2 Northern. The new ruling went into effect August 7.

The Candidates

Following is a list of the candidates who have filed for office in Pennington county:

REPUBLICAN

County auditor—A. H. Fasel, Thief River Falls.

Treasurer—Andrew Trovaton, John T. Gullingstud, both of Thief River Falls.

Clerk of court—Harry E. Ives, E. J. Overland, Thief River Falls; Oscar F. Post, St. Hilaire; F. T. Satre, Rocksbury.

Register of deeds—Nels J. Anderson, Louis Lonson, George W. Elder, E. L. Quist, Thief River Falls.

Sheriff—Julius Halvorson, W. J. LaBree, Thief River Falls.

County attorney—J. M. Bishop, Thief River Falls.

County surveyor—C. H. Martz, St. Hilaire.

Coroner—H. R. Halvorson, Thief River Falls.

Commissioners — Second district, Daniel Shaw, D. B. Bakke, Thief River Falls; 3rd district, Nels K. Anderson, Sanders; 4th district, Ed. A. Aubol, Rocksbury; 5th district, J. R. Larson, Wyandotte, Lars Lee, Hickory, A. B. Mandt, Kratka, Stephen Singer, Kratka.

DEMOCRATIC

County attorney — E. M. Stanton, Thief River Falls.

Clerk of court — Herman A. Ohm, Thief River Falls.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

County auditor—Peter Hecken, Thief River Falls.

Treasurer—O. H. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Clerk of court — Ben Christianzon, Thief River Falls.

Register of deeds—Nels K. Nelson, Thief River Falls.

Sheriff — W. O. Long, Thief River Falls.

County attorney — O. A. Naplin, Thief River Falls.

Surveyor — Irving E. Quist, Thief River Falls.

Coroner — P. L. Vigtaunet, Thief River Falls.

Commissioners—First district, Peter C. Wold, Highlanding; 2nd district, Ole Laudro, Thief River Falls; 3rd district, Olof Larson, Numedal; 4th district, Eric Kittelson, Rocksbury; 5th district, George Leimers, Deer Park.

NON-PARTISAN

County superintendent—E. A. Mostue, Anna Connelly, Thief River Falls, George L. Netteland, Rocksbury.

Judge of Probate—Wilhelm Michelet, Ira C. Richardson, Thief River Falls.

The following are candidates for representative for the 61st district:

D. P. O'Neill, republican; Theodore H. Liden, prohibitionist; Emil Pladsen public ownership; A. P. Richter, democratic.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign.

There is no use in being stingy. Just [illegible]

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Martin Widstein.)

Steenerson's Announcement

In announcing my candidacy for reelection as representative in congress, I desire first of all to thank the people of the district for the honor bestowed upon me in the past and to assure them that, if it shall please them to continue me in their service, I shall in the future, as I have in the past, put forth every effort to serve them faithfully to the best of my ability.

I am a republican—a progressive republican—and have supported all progressive legislation for the more complete government regulation and control of railroads and interstate commerce, the policy of conservation of water powers and other natural resources in the interest of the people, and the development of unsettled lands on liberal terms to actual settlers.

While I voted against the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and Canadian reciprocity because, in my judgement, they were against the best interests of my constituents, I am a protectionist and favor a tariff high enough to preserve the home market to American industries, but not so high as to make it a shield for exorbitant prices.

I voted for the amendments to the constitution recently passed by congress providing for election of senators by the people, and an income tax, which now await ratification by the states.

I aided in the elimination of railroad and ship subsides from postal expenditures, and the improvement and extension of postal service, including parcel post and rural free delivery, and am trying to get improved laws to prevent using the mails to promote fraudulent schemes.

I favor strict government regulation of interstate comerce, as well as transportation; supervision of corporations on capitalization, and, if necessary, even limitation of prices; and workmens' compensation for the benefit of victims of industrial accidents, and all legislation in favor of temperance and morality.

Liberal pensions in their declining years is due from a grateful nation to its gallant defenders, the veterans of the civil war, as a matter of right and justice. While I believe in due military preparation on the part of the leading civilized powers of the world, I believe the time has come when there should be renewed efforts to substitute international arbitration for war in the settlement of disputes among nations, and to limit armaments, thus saving immense sums for more useful purposes in the service of humanity.

H. STEENERSON.

TO SEND COIN BY U. S. MAIL.

Express Companies Rudely Jarred by Discovery of New Clause.

Washington.—The treasury officials have recently discovered a highly interesting fact in regard to the appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government, which escaped general attention at the time it was enacted.

It pertains to the shipment of fractional silver coin from the several subtreasuries of the United States to banks in various parts of the country.

It now appears that in the rush attending the passage of the sundry civil bill, James Wesley Gaines of Tennessee caused to be inserted in the measure a provision that one-half of the $60,000 appropriation for the transportation of coin shall be expended for registered mail. Heretofore shipments of currency have uniformly been made by express, and the express companies have been obliged to make good any loss by theft or other accident in transportation.

The express companies are greatly concerned over the new order of things, especially as Mr. Daskam, chief of the bureau of public moneys in the treasury department, has ruled that the law means that $30,000 should be expended by registered mail before any part of the appropriation is expended for express charges. It is believed at the treasury department that, as the charges for registering a package is only eight cents, $30,000 will be sufficient to pay the entire apparent cost of transporting coins under this system for a year, and the express companies will therefore get none of the business.

The Malacca Wildcats.

In the forests of Malacca and other islands in the Indian ocean may still be found the animal known as a wildcat. The upper parts of it are generally of a clear yellow color, with black spots; the lower parts are white with black spots also. On the back the spots lengthen almost into lines or rings, black on yellow.

The average length of the animal, excluding the tail, is almost two feet; the tail averages nine inches. Its height when standing erect is about 12 inches at the shoulder and 15 inches at the hindquarters. Its temper is mild and gentle; it plays almost like a domestic cat, or rather kitten, chasing its tail and amusing itself with anything that it can roll with its paws.

Carlyle's Curious Study.

Thomas Carlyle, the noted English philosopher and historian, had a curious study. It comprised the entire third floor of his narrow brick house at Chelsea, a London suburb. The walls of the study were of double thickness, to prevent street noises from annoying the master while at his work, and a skylight afforded the light. Just how fresh air was furnished the room was not apparent to the visitor. There is nothing about the room to suggest comfort, only a close, thick-walled, skylighted, long apartment where the great dyspeptic worked and worked ceaselessly and from where he hurried to the kitchen in the basement of the house as soon as his day's labor was done [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO. W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primary, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are [illegible]

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by C. H. Martz)

County Surveyor

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of county surveyor at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Your support will be appreciated.

C. H. MARTZ.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a non-partisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. Mostue.)

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept, 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by George L. Netteland.)

County Superintendent

St. Hilaire, Minn., August 5, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to readers of the Spectator that I am a candidate for superintendent of schools of Pennington county, and hope you will give me your votes and support next fall.

I am not running on any particular party ticket as the new primary law requires that all candidates for superintendent of schools run on a non-partisan ballot, on their merits.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by O. F. Post.)

Clerk of Court

According to the present laws, that we as a citizen are sworn to abide by, it is necessary that we file application for candidacy for the office of clerk of court, and publish notice of our desire.

I am perfectly willing to abide by the decision of my friends and aquaintances as to my qualifications to clerically and economically fulfill the duties of this office.

I have been a citizen of this county for twenty-nine years. I will most surely appreciate any favors that the voters of Pennington county feel disposed to confer upon myself at the primary election to be held September 17, 1912.

Yours truly,
O. F. POST.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY TIME TABLE

THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

TIME TABLE.

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:35 a. m.
" 553, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:40 a. m.
arrived from Wylie.......... 8:35 a.m

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M. D. C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and [illegible] Avenue
Office Phone [illegible] Residence Phone [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
REV. M. S. GERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—No services tomorrow.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. [illegible]—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
O. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. J. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 108 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Klomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

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Estimates, plans, and specifications, for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	85
" " 2 "	83
" " 3 "	79
Flax, No. 1	$1.61
" " 2	1.54
Barley, for 50 lbs	50
Oats	23
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	60
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton, "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@10
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	27.00

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PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to
CASNOW & C

THE LOCAL NEWS

William Lindahl went Saturday to Crookston.

Sever Skattum's new threshing rig arrived Monday.

O. H. Olson spent Sunday with friends in Crookston.

Hasken Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls on Monday.

Miss Ruth Martz was in Thief River Falls between trains Thursday.

Misses Huldah and Josie Gigstad returned Wednesday from a visit at Erskine.

Miss Selma Hoff will teach the same school she taught last year out near Wylie.

Mrs. Andrew E. Adnerson returned Tuesday from a visit at Thief River Falls.

Miss Esther Johnson of Red Lake Falls made an over Sunday visit to friends here.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Hereafter all pool games will be charged at the rate of 2½ cents per cue at D. McAllister's.

Sander Engebretson was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday and completed his land deal.

Richard Boehm, who will occupy the position of principal of our schools, arrived Thursday.

The Gray Gophers and the Giants played ball Sunday with a score of 12 to 6 favor of the latter.

There will be Mission church services in the Eastside school house tommorrow at 10:30 a. m.

D. McAllister's sisters returned Monday to their home at Badger after a few days' visit here.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet with Mrs. Martin Simonson next Friday.

Mrs. H. O. Jackson and daughter Harriet visited with friends in Red Lake Falls the first of the week.

Wanted to Buy.—A milch cow, either fresh or will come in soon. Call on GEORGE BAKKO.

Elmer Burkee left Wednesday for Verndale, Minn., where he will have charge of the schools as principal.

The meeting of the Hamar Young People's society, which was announced last week, has been postponed.

D. Lazar's store will be closed Thursday and Friday, September 12 and 13, on account of a Jewish holiday.

Mrs. Hanson, landlady of the Scandia hotel at Crookston, returned Monday after a visit at the Peter Johnson home.

Misses Huldah Gigstad, Agnes Burkee and Annie Patterson leave Monday for Moorhead, where they will attend the normal school.

Several farmers who threshed last week after the rains before the shocks had a chance to dry have practically lost the crops so threshed.

The Young People's society of the Mission church meet next Friday, Sept. 6, at the home of Mrs. Marius Miller in Black River at 8 p. m.

Misses Tyra Nelson and Emma Narveson and Mrs. Vina Neraal of Erskine autoed over Saturday evening and were Sunday guests at the Gigstad home.

Roland Fairbanks returned Monday from a visit to Bradford, Ill., his old home. He says crops are looking fine down there this year, except the corn, which is late.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.
FRED SODERBERG.

G. Halvorson was down from Thief River Falls last Saturday distributing advertising matter for "In Old Kentucky," which is to be played at Thief River Falls this evening.

There will be confirmation services tommorrow at the United church beginning at 10:30 a. m. The members of the class are: Harvey Aubol, William Gilbertson, Alvina Kolstad, Rosetta Loberg, and Alice Hauske.

A. E. Hatcher, the public ownership advocate, spoke to a fair audience at the Imperial hall last Wednesday evening. He discussed the questions of the times in a fair, dispassionate way from his view point, but we don't believe he has yet found the right answer to the question [illegible]

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

Ole Madson pays 18 cents per dozen for eggs.

State fair this year all next week, September 2 to 7.

O. W. Brink shipped a car of stock last Saturday.

Mrs. Carl Krueger went Wednesday to Red Lake Falls.

A. C. Ellickson returned Tuesday from a trip to the cities.

Fred Soderberg was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

M. McAndress is shipping eight cars of stock today.

Miss Inga Folstad was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

John Nelson was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

Miss Amelia Duddy will teach at Bagley, Minn., the coming year.

Miss Olga Swenson has been visiting Mrs. Jacobson this week.

Miss Esther Nelson went yesterday to Duluth to visit with friends.

Mrs. Ruth White of Bartlett N. D., is the guest of Miss Edith Dahl this week.

Miss Elsie Rolland of Thief River Falls is the guest of Miss Eva McAndress this week.

The hunting season begins next Saturday, Sept. 7. It is said the birds are plentiful this year.

Mrs. Charles Fellman of Red Lake Falls has been visiting with Mrs. H. O. Jackson this week.

Andrew McKenzie of Duluth is visiting with his uncle, Mike McAndress, and family this week.

Mrs. M. E. Bjerk returned yesterday from a visit with relatives and friends at Bemidji, Minn.

Quart fruit jars 58 cents per dozen; also, half gallon and pint jars at proportionate prices at . . R. Hauge's.

S. C. Siverson of Crookston was in town Thursday looking after the interests of the Red Lake Falls Milling company.

Mrs. S. O. Grolid and children from Thief River Falls visited last week with Mrs. Grolid's mother, Mrs. C. H. Peterson.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

A party from Crookston autoed over Sunday, and one of the party, Mr. Stone, purchased a fine hunting dog from K. O. Gigstad.

Miss Alida Peterson arrived home last Monday after a several weeks' visit at Chicago, Milwaukee, and other points in the east.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

The assessed valuation of St. Hilaire as equalized by the county and state boards is: Real estate, $2,830,508; personal, $574,155; total $3,404,663.

Miss Alida Peterson left this morning for her home at St. Hilaire, after a few day's visit as the guest of her cousin, Miss Esther Nyvall. —Crookston Times.

Lost—Between hotel and depot a cuff link, gold, plain, with initial R engraved on front. Finder please deliver to O. F. Post and receive reward. R. W. COOPER.

Miss Lou Brown of Lake City came yesterday and is a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. W. P. Witson. Miss Brown will teach in district 178, known as the August Swenson district.

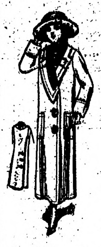
A. J. Barsness, former principal of the St. Hilaire schools, stopped off here yesterday for a visit with friends, being on his way to Baudette, where he has accepted a like position in the schools.

Don't forgot the drama, "In Old Kentucky," at the auditorium at Thief River Falls this evening. This is a big production of the noted play, and patrons should take advantage of the opportunity.

Ole Lund of Seattle visited with friends here and at Red Lake Falls the first of the week. Mr. Lund was a former resident of St. Hilaire, but is now bookeeper in a large manufacturing establishment at Seattle.

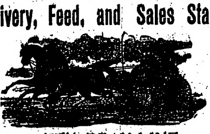
J. E. Harris and D. D. Miller of Bemidji, district deputies for the M. B. A., have been in town adjusting the matter of the increase of insurance rates in that order and issuing new certificates to those who desire them.

Bring in Your Work



Just received a full Line of
Ladies', Misses', and Children's
COATS
Also, a full Line of
Men's Coats, the Latest Styles
D. LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

The School

The village school opens next Tuesday, September 3, with the following roster of teachers:

Richard Boehm, of Pierce, Minn., principal.

Miss Ines Patterson, sixth and seventh grades

Mrs. Henrietta O'Brien, fourth and fifth grades.

Miss Sina Hagen, of Plummer, second and third grades.

Miss Caroline Hodson, primary.

Of these, all except Miss Hodgson who taught here last year, are new to our schools. Mrs. O'Brien taught here some years ago.

Bonds Carried

There was very little interest manifested in the bond election yesterday, there being but 33 votes cast, but both propositions carried. On the $4,000.00 issue the vote was 30 in favor to 3 against; and on the $1,000.00 issue the vote was 29 to 2.

Recorder Swanson has received inquiries from two parties asking for information as to these proposed bonds, and no difficulty is expected in disposing of them.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

FOUND IT.

Mr. Edward Drews, Northfield, Minn., says: "Before entering the Mankato Commercial College I was told that a business course was but a drop in the bucket compared to a regular college course. I now find it to be the ONE drop that yields returns most quickly, and I recommend the Mankato Commercial College as the one school for a commercial education."

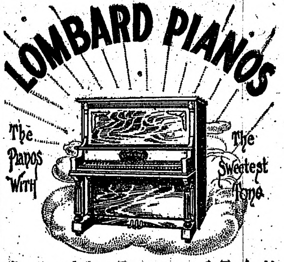
Let us tell you more [illegible]

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.

McCORMICK AND DEERING
BINDERS
MOWERS, RAKES, STACKERS
TWINE
ALL KINDS OF EXTRAS
For Sale by HOLMES BROS.



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm.. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange
LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns and villages in the country. Would be pleased to [illegible] with all who have no telephone.
G. W. HOOPER

BLUEJAY LIVES IN WOODS

Hawks, Owls and Other Birds Are Teased and Tormented by These Noisy Birds.

The bluejay likes best to live in thick woods, but it often comes into open fields, orchards and near dwellings in search of food. When it discovers you it assumes a proud and angry air of conceit and defiance.

The bluejay's upper parts are purplish blue. The lower parts are purplish-gray. The wings and tail are bright blue with black bars. The tail feathers are tipped with white. It has a crested head.

The bluejay builds its nest about twenty feet above ground. It is made of twigs and fine roots. From four to six eggs are laid. They are of a greenish drab color flecked with brown.

Doubtless the bluejay helped to name itself, as its common utterance is a long-drawn "jay, jay, jay." This cry, with a bright blue color, has given it its name.

While the jay sings no song it is able to imitate the calls of other birds, by which means it often attracts them. It likes to tease and torment the owl and especially the little sparrow hawk. This is done by imitating the cry of a wounded bird, which draws the hawk near. Then several jays will dart at the hawk squealing and frolicking about in great glee. Sometimes the play ends in a tragedy, for the hawk pounces upon one of them to the dismay of the others. Jays may be caged and tamed like crows and some writers say they can be taught to utter words.—"Bird Studies," by Herman C. De Groat.

HANDS CRACKED AND BLED

St. Clair, Mo.—"My trouble began about fifteen years ago. It was what some claimed eczema. The form the disease worked under was a breaking out with watery blisters on my hands which would then dry and scale, and then would follow the trouble of cracking and bleeding, also itching and hurting. My hands were disfigured at the time, and sore. The trouble was very annoying, and disturbed my sleep. This last February it was ever so much worse than before. I did not do all my work on account of the condition of my hands. I could not put them in water without making them worse. I tried a lot of home remedies, also salves and liniments that claimed to be a cure for the trouble, but I did not obtain a cure.

"At last I saw the advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I sent for a sample. I thought they would cure, so I sent for a fifty-cent box of Cuticura Ointment and some Cuticura Soap. A doctor advised me to keep ahead with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they cured me completely. No trace of the trouble remains." (Signed) Mrs. Mary Taylor, Mar. 29, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Sparrow Sets House Ablaze.

An English sparrow was the cause of three houses catching fire at Lawrenceburg, Ind., recently, and had it not been for the prompt work of the neighbors and friends all would have been destroyed. The sparrow was building a nest under the eaves of the home of Mrs. Mary Webber, and it picked up a long cotton string from a pile of rubbish that had just been burned. With the burning string in its beak, the sparrow flew to the roof of Mrs. Sophia Shafer's house, then to Otto McCright's house and then to the roof of Emanuel Wuest's home, where it dropped the burning string. A fire started in the shingles of each building. Each was extinguished by neighbors before much damage was done.

Barber Shops in China.

Since the Chinese revolution a great many Chinese have had their cues cut off, and this has led to the opening of a large number of barber shops throughout the far east wherever Chinese are located, says an exchange. Several progressive business men of Singapore, anticipating this, imported a large number of American barber chairs, and they are now unable to get supplies quickly enough. It has also been learned that the Chinese insist on having American hair clippers, and refuse all other makes offered them.

It would seem that American manufacturers of barbers' supplies should experience a large increase in their Oriental trade.

Paradoxical Effect.

"There was so much fire in her eyes."

"There always is when she is put out."

A Large Package
Of Enjoyment—

Post Toasties

Served with cream, milk or fruit—fresh or cooked.

Crisp, golden-brown bits of white corn — delicious and wholesome —

A flavour that appeals to young and old.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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Caligula, the "Crazy" Emperor

CALIGULA

"I WISH!" shouted Caligula, in one of his maniac rages, "that the Roman people had but one neck, so that I might sever it at a single blow!"

The man who voiced this gentle wish was the third emperor of Rome, a probable lunatic who filled his short reign with comic opera absurdities and with unspeakable horrors. His real name was Caius Caesar Augustus eGrmanicus. His habit of wearing "caligae," or military boots, led the soldiers among whom he spent his boyhood to nick name him "Caligula."

Julius Caesar had made Rome ruler of the world. His nephew, Augustus, had been its first emperor. Augustus was succeeded by Tiberius, a miser and tyrant. After the murder of Tiberius in 37 A. D. young Caligula (great grandson of Augustus) became emperor. He is generally believed to have caused Tiberius' death in order to clear his own way to the throne.

The beginning of Coliqula's reign was all that could be desired. He gave promise of being an ideal emperor. He lightened the people's burdens, forgave political enemies, set prisoners free and governed the country so wisely and mercifully that, when at last he fell dangerously ill, all Rome went into mourning.

Unluckily he recovered from the illness. But he came back to health a wholly different man. The sickness is supposed to have crazed him.

That is the kindest judgment possible. The gentle, liberal emperor had changed into a demon. His first step was to begin a wholesale slaughter of his former friends. When there were no criminals to throw to the wild beasts in the arena he ordered dozens of innocent spectators hurled to the lions. He had a set of torture implements placed in his dining hall so that he might enjoy watching prisoners tortured to death while he ate.

During a single year he wasted all of Tiberius' carefully hoarded fortune—more than $25,000,000—and then overtaxed the people to gain new money for extravagances. One of his favorite methods of getting wealth was to force his rich courtiers to gamble with him for enormous sums. They dared not win, for fear of death.

He professed to be a direct descendant of the gods, and he once attempted to fight a duel with the mythical deity, Jupiter, by throwing stones at the sky during a thunderstorm. One nobleman was executed for being better dressed than the emperor; another for being better looking.

Caligula had a horse he loved. He kept it in an ivory stall and fed it on gilded oats from a manger of marble and gold. In an outburst of insanity he even bestowed on this horse the ran kof "high priest" and "concul."

Seeking military glory, Caligula once hurried an army into Germany. Tiring of this campaign before a battle had been fought, he decided to invade Britain. So he embarked his troops for that island. But scarcely were they aboard the ships when he ordered them all on land again. Then, drawing up his army in line of battle on the beach, he commanded his soldiers to fill their helmets with shells and pebbles. They did so, and he returned to Rome, announcing that he had conquered the ocean. He also dressed a number of his Gaelic subjects in German costumes, then had them publicly executed as "prisoners of war captured in Germany."

The imperial madman ruled the world as might a violent maniac taken from an asylum and given life-and-death control of everything. But his crimes and follies were too great for even the callous Romans. An officer whom Caligula had grossly insulted formed a conspiracy against him.

On January 24, 41 A. D.—in the twenty-ninth year of his age and the fourth year of his vile reign—the conspirators forced an entrance into his palace and slew him.

John Zubly, the American Patriot Who Turned Traitor

JOHN ZUBLY

"A REPUBLIC is little better than a government of devils!" So declared John Joachim Zubly, a man on whom our country had relied, and whom the Revolutionists had trusted. He was a patriot who suddenly turned traitor at a time when America and liberty needed every true man's aid.

The colonies had long groaned under British oppression. When they rose against England, in 1775, it was less with an idea of breaking loose from the mother country than of showing resentment by force of arms where argument and appeal had failed. They simply wished to bring England to her senses and to obtain relief from injustice. Even George Washington in later years confessed: "The idea of independence was at first abhorrent to me."

But soon he and all the rest of the patriots realized that the time for half-way measures had passed. There must be either dumb submission or open defiance. And, should they choose defiance, they must free the colonies wholly from the British yoke and declare our country free and independent.

It was to discuss this that the continental congress met at Philadelphia in 1776.

We are apt to think that congress was a collection of ardent patriots, panting for liberty at any price. This was not wholly true. While the majority of the delegates were firm in their resolve to declare for independence, several of them threatened to balk at so rash a step.

Nor can they be severely blamed for hesitating. They were men of property and importance. They had more to lose than had most Americans. Should the Revolution fail their goods would doubtless be seized by the British government and they themselves would be hanged. As Benjamin Franklin said, in grim jest:

"We must hang together or we'll hang separately!"

But, to their eternal credit, these wary delegates at last yielded to the popular voice. The Declaration of Independence was drawn up, and on July 4, 1776, was adopted (although it was not signed until the next month). The grave step was taken. The congressmen stood committed. The had "crossed the Rubicon" and were ready to take the consequences.

There was one exception to this band of patriots. He was John Joachim Zubxy, a Swiss, who had emigrated to America in early life and had settled in Georgia. Zubly was not only prominent as a scholar and a statesman, but was a preacher as well. He had shown great indignation at the colonists' wrongs and had both written and spoken in protest against tyranny.

So patriotic was he that Georgia chose him as one of its five delegates to congress in 1775. There he worked hard for the people's cause and even drew up a petition to King George III. "upon the present unhappy situation of affairs." Altogether, he was looked upon as an ardent patriot. Indeed, it is hard to understand the sudden and terrible change in the man.

As soon as Zubly found congress was determined to adopt the Declaration, he fought the proposition most bitterly and utterly refused any part in it. He denounced the idea of a republic and did everything in his power to stem the tide of opinion. Had this been all he did no great shame need to have been attached to him. But he was not content with refusing to vote for the Declaration. He actually entered into secret correspondence with the enemy, betraying to the British the patriots' private plans and giving warning that the Declaration was about to be adopted. What further harm he might have done the cause of liberty cannot be guessed, for a fellow congressman (Samuel Chase of Maryland) found reason to suspect him. A treasonable letter from Zubly was intercepted. Chase exposed the man's whole black treachery to congress.

Zubly fled in hot haste from Philaphia to escape punishment. He went at once to Georgia. There, utterly casting away his cloak of patriotism, he sided openly with America's foes. For this he was banished from Georgia and half of his property was declared forfeit. He rushed to the British for protection. After a few years of misery and disgrace he died, in 1781, with the Revolutionary war was still at its height.

The Use of Slang Is Being Overdone

Good to Pin a Thought Fast to Memory, but There Is Often Too Much of It.

Slang has its uses, notwithstanding the adverse denunciation of it by the professor of English in a college in a neighboring state. It has also its abuse, which consists entirely in its being overdone. All slang is used too much. As a condiment to more stable and established forms, it seasons them when aptly applied. Slang pins a thought fast to memory which might otherwise quickly fade. It makes it vivid, but it ought to be new. Old slang hath lost its savor. It is as painful to hear as a hat five years behind the times is to look at.

The weakness of slang in the mouths of youth lies in their too often using nothing else in connection with it. The impression is that they know nothing else [illegible] cream parlor a 'joint' and your girl a 'queen,' but George Ade did a great harm to the English language by writing 'take your queen to an ice-cream joint.'"

Perhaps the professor regards this particular instance too seriously. No objection ought to arise to any young man calling his beloved, his "queen." The use of "joint" in this connection is not so defensible. Taking it by and large, we should say the most important thing is to see that the young woman gets the ice-cream, regardless of the manner in which it is expressed.

Different Music.

Mrs. A.—What did your husband say when he saw the bill for your new gown?

Mrs. B.—I didn't hear. I started to play on the piano.

Some people spend their lives in trying to acquire money to spend.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

People who build castles in the air are never sure of their ground.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH
By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

The nearest some people ever come to getting close to nature is to sit in a palm room.

The woman who cares for a clean, wholesome mouth, and sweet breath, will find Paxtine Antiseptic a joy forever. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Remarkable Financiering.

"Figures don't lie."

"Don't they? Here's an item from New York that says a policeman there saved $80,000 in a month from his salary of $2,800. Those figures must lie, for they won't stand."

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

No Concern.

"Mr. Mips must be a singularly pure and upright man."

"Why do you think it is unusually so?"

"Somebody told him there were well-defined reports that a Burns detective had been operating secretly in the neighborhood he frequents, and he said it was nothing to him."

Too Much of a Good Thing.

"I was very happy," said the professor, "when, after years of wooing, she finally said 'Yes.'"

"But why did you break the engagement so soon after?" asked his friend.

"Man, it was she that dissolved it."

"Really?" said his friend. "How did that happen?"

"It was due to my accursed absentmindedness. When, a few days later, I called at her home, I again asked her to marry me."

Everybody in Hard Luck.

Suddenly he stepped up to a gentleman, who was waiting for the tram, and, tapping him lightly on the shoulder, said: "Excuse me, but did you drop a five-pound note?" at the same time holding out in his hand the article.

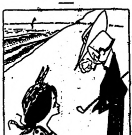
The gentleman quetioned gazed a moment at the note, assumed an anxious look, made a hasty search of his pockets, and said: "Why, so I did, and I hadn't missed it," holding out an eager hand.

The elderly hunter took the name and address of the loser and, putting the note in his pocket, turned away.

"Well," said the other, "do you want it all as a reward?"

"Oh, I did not find one," remarked the benevolent one with another beam; "but it struck me that in a big place like London there must be a quiry I found that you are the one quantity of money lost, and upon inhundred and thirty-first man who lost a five-pound note this morning."—London Answers.

PUTTING HIM WISE.



He—I'd kiss you if I had the sand.
She—There's sand all about us. Help yourself.

THE WAY OUT

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health.

"From infancy," she says, "I have not been strong. Being ambitious to learn at any cost I finally got to the High School, but soon had to abandon my studies on account of nervous prostration and hysteria.

"My food did not agree with me, I grew thin and despondent. I could not enjoy the simplest social affair for I suffered constantly from nervousness in spite of all sorts of medicines.

"This wretched condition continued until I was twenty-five, when I became interested in the letters of those who had cases like mine and who were getting well by eating Grape-Nuts.

"I had little faith but procured a box and after the first dish I experienced a peculiar satisfied feeling that I had never gained from any ordinary food. I slept and rested better that night and in a few days began to grow stronger.

"I had a new feeling and peace and restfulness. In a few weeks, to my great joy, the headaches and nervousness left me and life became bright and hopeful. I resumed my studies and later taught ten months with ease —of course using Grape-Nuts every day. It is now four years since I began to use Grape-Nuts, I am the mistress of a happy home, and the old weakness has never returned." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

FADS AND FANCIES OF FASHION

RETURN TO OLD STYLE

SUN-RAY AND ACCORDION PLAITS BACK IN FASHION.

Whole Skitrs, Panniers, Fichus and Flounces Are Showing This Effect, Which of Late Years Has Been Discarded.

Behold the sun-ray plaiting again in the front place of fashion and convincing in its softness and graceful lines, and the countless opportunities for draping one filmy color over another and obtaining the rainbow effects that are always becoming.

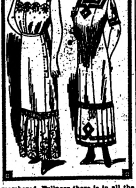
Accordion plaiting is coming with a rush. It is here in a few advanced models of clever makers; but the fashion is too beautiful to be ignored and prediction is here made that the plaited frock is to be a feature of late summer and fall styles.

Can you imagine the grace of a chiffon pannier plaited and held in at the lower edge by a deep band of embroidery? The fichu on this same delectable gown is accordion plaited and the waist defined by a wide girdle of panne velvet. Plaited ruffles edge the sleeves and the bottom of the underskirt.

Silk in plain or changeable colors is plaited for entire costumes that are adaptable for little roundabout frocks or for elaborate afternoon gowns. Here is the fullness in decided form in skirt, sleeve and bodice.

Littel accordion plaited jackets of soft chiffon and mousseline de soie are now threatening to replace the coatees of taffeta that have been such strong features. Evening wraps and lovely negligees are showing plaiting in either entire lengths or as ruffles on the berthas and sleeves.

As a swing of the pendulum of fashion in the opposite direction, no feature of the modes can more clearly exemplify the vagaries than the plaited dresses that are invading the realm of dress. But one thing must be remembered. Fullness there is in all the new frocks, but balloon skirts are not the type to which we have resorted. There is still the straight line of the figure to be adhered to, and it must be admitted that the designers have given fullness in the plaiting without bulkiness, flowing lines without ugliness and a change without the usual shock.



Cashmere in Favor.

Cashmere is well to the fore for inexpensive gowns, and in its silk variety for elaborate dresses.

It may be trimmed with braid, black or colored, or with galloon or passementerie, and sometimes the trimming forms the outline of a coat upon the skirt portion of an all-in-one gown.

One of these is ornamented with pearl buttons and imitation buttonholes, a mode of trimming that looks very smart and is yet quite inexpensive.

To Mend Gloves.

White gloves especially have an annoying habit of tearing "at the lst moment," when you haven't time to darn them.

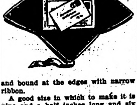
To temporarily mend the rip, place a piece of court plaster upon the under side.

This will neatly close the ripped seam and will wear for a long time.

HOLD MEMENTOES OF TRIP

Case That Will Provide for Inconceivable Accumulation of Picture Post Cards.

Everyone knows how quickly picture postcards accumulate, especially during the holiday season; and this handy little case, in which a good number may be kept, will prove very useful. This is a very quaint and novel case, made somewhat in the shape of a large envelope. It can be carried out equally well in art linen, satin or silk, and lined with soft silk and bound at the edges with narrow ribbon.



A good size in which to make it is nine and a half inches long and six inches in width, and the center portion in which the cards rest should be stiffened with a piece of cardboard of the dimensions shown in between the material and the lining. The four flaps fold over on the cards, the two sides first, and then the upper and lower flaps, the latter being secured together with the ribbon strings, and so securely closing the case.

Initials of the owner can be worked upon the upper flap in the position where a monogram is usually found upon an envelope, and it is important that the flaps should be made sufficiently large to entirely close the case when well filled with cards, so that in cutting allowance must be made for this contingency.

The sketch illustrates the case open, and clearly shows the shape in which the material should be cut out.

MOUSSELINE DE SOIE AGAIN

Quaint Effects That May Be Noticed in Some of the Latest of the French Arrivals.

With the fine weather, warm and sunny, there is a strong movement in favor of printed mousseline de soie, either in the same shade or in white upon dark blue or black.

One dress is in black charmeuse draped ever so lightly with one of these printed muslins in black with large white flowers. The black charmeuse crosses on one side over a chemisette of fine white lace that is seen in the emplecement and the sleeves, the latter finished with a cuff of plain white mousseline de soie.

Mousseline de soie in pure white is very popular in the Robespierre and sailor collars, both very fashionable at present, finished with a wide openwork hem.

Black dresses with black mousseline de soie draperies are being worn over transparent net emplecement and high collar-bands with the Robespierre or the sailor collar in plain white mousseline de soie, as described. But to some of the plain black charmeuse dresses the collar in finely embroidered lawn is more of a relief than the mousseline de soie.

Washing Wool Scarfs.

It is an easy matter to cleanse at home white woollen scarfs and shawls.

Prepare soapsuds by boiling pure white soap in rainwater. Soak the article first in warm, clear water. Dip it in the soapsuds and gently knead with the hands until it appears clean.

Press between the hands without wringing. Wash through fresh soapsuds and place in cold water.

Rinse through several waters and dry it between cloths.

Never hang woollen articles upon the line. To stretch the full length upon a towel and cover with another absorbs the water without stretching the article out of shape.

For the Small Porch.

A useful form of the chaise lounge or porch reclining chair of wicker is in two sections, divided almost in the middle so two chairs may be made when no one wishes to lounge, or when the porch is filled with guests.

Liquid Powder.

It is best applied with one of those pleasant woolen powder puffs, that can be firmly and evenly rubbed on the neck until the powder is smoothly laid. Some people prefer a liquid powder for the neck as being more reliable than the other and capable of resisting the putting on and taking off of scarf and cloak. This liquid powder calls for the help of a maid. It is not possible to spread it properly at the back of the neck oneself. It is applied with a small wad of cotton wool, and dries quickly. Before finishing off with the powder puff, it is wise to pass the hand over the neck to make sure no moisture remains, as the powder would mix with it and form an ugly and durable crust.

Novel Veil and Coat.

A decided novelty for the motorist are the new bonnets and cloaks com[illegible]

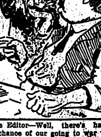
Fancy Work Stitches.

A conventional figure that is easily adapted is an oval composed of four rows of dots, the largest on the outside. This design may have the dots worked in slightly padded satin stitch, or for more open effect eyelets can be used. A bold border could have three rows of the ovals, the outer ovals measuring an inch and a half by an inch and a quarter, the next an inch by three-quarters and the inner ones half an inch by three-eighths. The size of the dots is proportioned to the size of the oval.

Evening Wraps.

For early fall wear charmeuse in black, rose, aquamarine blue, white and other colors is well thought of, says the Dry Goods Economist. Some of the charmeuse coats have only a slight touch of trimming in the col[illegible]

RELIEF.



The Editor—Well, there's hardly any chance of our going to war with Japan.

The Reporter—I'm glad of that. I never could spell those Japanese names.

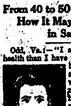
Men and women who are odd might get even by marrying.

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

It takes more than beauty sleep to put some complexions in condition.

CRITICAL TIME OF WOMAN'S LIFE

From 40 to 50 Years of Age. How It May Be Passed in Safety.



Odd, Va.:—"I am enjoying better health than I have for 20 years, and I believe I can safely say now that I am a well woman. I was reared on a farm and had all kinds of heavy work to do which caused the troubles that came on me later. For five years during the Change of Life I was not able to lift a pail of water. I had hemorrhages which would last for weeks and I was not able to sit up in bed. I suffered a great deal with my back and was so nervous I could scarcely sleep at night, and I did not do any housework for three years.

"Now I can do as much work as any woman of my age in the county, thanks to the benefit I have received from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I recommend your remedies to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARTHA L. HOLLOWAY, Odd, Va.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. We know of no other medicine which has such a record of success as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been the standard remedy for woman's ills.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

50,000
FARM LABORERS
wanted to gather immense grain harvest of Western Canada. Exceptionally low rate of one cent per mile can be procured from ticket agents of the Canadian Railway lines at Fort Francis, Gretna, Emerson and North Portal. Rates go into effect on September 1st and will continue for fourteen days.

Make the Liver Do its Duty
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

A Good School
LARGE ATTENDANCE, LOWEST RATES
[illegible]

KODAKS AND FINISHING
[illegible]

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
[illegible]

KODAK FINISHING
[illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1912. NUMBER 9.

REPUBLICAN VOTE FALLS OF IN VT.

STRENGTH OF PROGRESSIVES FORCES CHOICE OF GOVERNOR ON LEGISLATURE.

G. O. P. SURE OF VICTORY.

Joint Ballot Will Give Them Contest.—Third Party Leaders Say They Are Pleased With First Showing.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 4.—The strength of the new Progressive party in its first line-up against the elder parties and the disappearance of the Republican majority for the first time in 10 years and the first time in the history of the state on a presidential year, were the outstanding features of the state election.

The vote for the five candidates for governor from all of the six cities and from 196 out of 204 towns was: Allen M. Fletcher of Cavendish, Republican, 22,366; Harland B. Howe of St. Johnsbury, Democrat, 11,504; Rev. Fraser Metzger of Randolph, Progressive, 13,630; Clement F. Smith of Morrisville, Prohibition, 1,341; Fred W. Suiter of Barre, Socialist, 976.

Returns indicate that the next legislature will contain 110 Republicans, 26 Democrats and 14 Progressives, members of the lower branch, as well as 30 Republican senators.

It was apparent early in the evening that there had been no election by the people, although a sufficient number of Republican representatives were successful to seem to insure the choice of Allen M. Fletcher of Cavendish by the legislature for governor.

For many years political students have pointed out that any decrease in the Republican majority in Vermont in September below the normal of 25,000 has been followed almost invariably by the party defeat in the presidential fight in November. These majorities which have averaged close to 30,000 in all the state elections in Vermont in presidential years since 1892, were represented by a bare plurality.

G. O. P. Loss Distributed.

The Republican loss apparently went in a great degree to the Progressives and to somewhat lesser extent to the Democrats.

The falling off in the Republican vote began with the first returns, while the Progressives gained all along the line, in some cases carrying towns which had heretofore been regarded as strongly Republican. Yet the disaffection from the Republican ranks did not extend very far beyond the head of the ticket.

Many towns that showed strong Progressive tendencies sent Republican representatives to the legislature, so that the party leaders were early assured of a substantial majority on joint ballot for governor, as the failure of a candidate to get a majority at the polls throws the election into the legislature.

Progressives Pleased.

Progressives said they were greatly pleased with the result.

The Democratic managers derived satisfaction from the early returns, showing decided gains over two and four years ago.

Many Republican leaders claimed that the threatening weather contributed to the falling off in the party vote.

BRIDGE BREAKS; 2 DROWN

Eastern Men Lose Lives in Chippewa River at Cornell.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Sept. 4.—J. W. Karhoff of Philadelphia and J. F. Bransfield of Boston, were drowned in Chippewa river at Cornell when a swinging bridge out over the new dam broke. They were working on it and thrown into the deep swift current. A companion was thrown into the river but escaped by clinging to a plank. The flood on the Chippewa river is the worst this season.

Kansas Case Under Advisement.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 3.—Judge Frank Sanborn of the federal court here took under advisement the temporary restraining order case in which an attempt is being made to prevent Charles Sessions, secretary of state of Kansas, from certifying to county clerks of Kansas the names of presidential electors who have been in favor of Theodore Roosevelt for president.

Martial Law in Strike Zone.

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 4.—During the first 12 hours of martial law in the Kanawaha strike zone the militia confiscated 200,000 pounds of ammunition, seven modern colt machine guns, 1,500 rifles of various kinds and a bushel of revolvers, it is announced.

Rioting Becoming Serious.

Jackson, Mich., Sept. 4.—Rioting among convicts confined in bullpens has broken out and the men are now in the prison yards with the officials exerting every effort to keep them from going over the walls. That the local prison officials fear the worst is yet to come was evident when, in addition to the two local militia companies, numbering about 160 men, the Lansing company had been ordered to this city. Every man who can be induced to act as special guard is being rushed to the prison.

SENATOR STEPHENSON

Isaac Stephenson, the aged senator from Wisconsin, was stricken with severe illness, while in the pine woods far from civilization, but is on the way to recovery.

SUFFRAGISTS LOSE IN OHIO

$50,000,000 BOND ISSUE FOR ROADS POSIBLY DEFEATED.

Heavy Majority Rolled Up Against Women—Other Propositions Carry.

Columbus, O., Sept. 4.—Ohio women lost their fight to have equal suffrage incorporated in the constitution of the state. Although not all the returns in the election on 42 proposed amendments to the constitution have been returned, the majority rolled up against suffrage is so great that it is plain the final result can not be changed.

Indications are that all of the other amendments, with the possible exception of a $50,000,000 bond issue for good roads, have been carried.

The initiative and referendum was adopted, according to the first 950 precincts out of 5,917 in the state. It received 63,097 votes to 33,093 against.

The liquor license was carried by 55,341 to 20,942. The suffrage vote from 950 precincts showed 36,063 for to 55,139 against. The good roads vote was 37,299 for to 38,210 against. The country districts were expected to change this result however. All the labor proposals received good majorities.

RESORT FIRE SWEPT.

Damage Estimated at $2,550,000 Done at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 4.—Fire which originated from a defective flue at the Casino cafe on the pleasure pier at Ocean park caused one death and property loss estimated at $2,250,000.

For a time it threatened to devastate the twin beach resorts of Ocean park and Venice, 18 miles from Los Angeles. High wind spread the flames so rapidly that seven men were caught at the end of the Frazier pier, on which the Casino was located and were forced to jump into the breakers. Six were rescued by life guards. E. W. Leach, chef of the Casino cafe, was drowned.

FAMILY IS DROWNED.

Iowans Lose Lives When Son Hits Rowboat.

Lansing, Ia., Sept. 4.—Mrs. Frank Lankford and her three children, John, 21 years; Mabel, 12 years, and Francis, 4 years old, were drowned three miles below here when their boat was upset in a collision with a launch driven by a younger member of the same family.

John, the eldest son, was the only member of the party able to swim. He drowned in the attempt to save the others.

Roosevelt Electors Attacked.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—"Within the next 48 hours court proceedings will be instituted looking to the removal of Roosevelt electors from the regular Republican ticket in Pennsylvania and the substitution of Taft men," said U. S. Senator Penrose after a day spent in conferring with political lieutenants in the city and state. The court proceedings which will be brought in the United States court at Philadelphia, it is believed, will be based on the ground that the electors in the Republican column under a state law, appear on the ballot under the names of Taft and Sherman, and are therefore "bound morally and in equity," to support those nominees in the electoral college.

One Killed; One Injured.

Minneapolis, Sept. 4.—Christian L. Ilstrup, candidate for county surveyor, had a close call to death, and an employe, James Conroy, was instantly killed when they were struck by in-bound passenger train No. 10 on the crossing of the Northern Pacific tracks at Twenty-third avenue north.

Sen. Cummins for Roosevelt.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 4.—Senator Albert B. Cummins of Iowa declares that he expects to vote for Colonel Roosevelt.

DEMOCRATS NOMINATE KAREL

ADOLPH J. SCHMITZ, HIS OPPONENT, ADMITS DEFEAT.

Governor Francis E. McGovern, Republican, Is Renominated Without Opposition.

Milwaukee, Sept. 4.—The nomination of Judge, John C. Karel as gubernatorial candidate on the Democratic ticket is conceded by a safe majority by his opponent, Adolph J. Schmitz.

While the returns are not quite complete, enough been received to warrant Karel's nomination by a good-sized majority. Karel's campaign manager claims his candidate will have at least double the number of votes of his opponent.

On the Republican ticket, Walter C. Owen of Maiden Rock appears to be leading Philip Lehner of Princeton for the nomination for attorney general, and Henry Krumrey, Plymouth, is ahead of Henry Johnson of Madison for state treasurer.

For the Democrats, Nicholas Schmidt of Marathon leads over George J. Leonhardt, Marshfield, for state treasurer, and Charles A. Kading, Watertown, and John F. Doherty, La Crosse, are running a close race for attorney general.

Governor F. E. McGovern, Republican, has been renominated without opposition, as has Lieut. Gov. Thomas Morris of La Crosse.

Harry W. Bolend, Fort Washington, probably is nominated lieutenant governor on the Democratic ticket over Henry A. Moehlenpah of Clinton.

ATTACKS WILSON'S VIEW

Replies to New Jerseyite in Speech Before Convention.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—Woodrow Wilson's stand on the tariff, the trusts and the proposal for minimum wage scales was assailed by Colonel Roosevelt in a speech here.

The colonel joined the issue squarely with Governor Wilson, taking as his text the Democratic candidate's speech Monday at Buffalo. He delivered his address before the Missouri Progressive state convention.

BASE BALL SCORES.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Kansas City, 4; Minneapolis, 3.
Milwaukee, 5; St. Paul, 2.
Columbus, 10; Toledo, 4.
Louisville, 2; Indianapolis, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Minneapolis	96	52	.651
Columbus	91	57	.615
Toledo	87	61	.588
Kansas City	74	73	.503
Milwaukee	71	77	.480
St. Paul	67	80	.456
Louisville	54	94	.365
Indianapolis	51	99	.340

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston, 5; New York, 1.
Chicago, 5-0; Pittsburg, 2-1.
Philadelphia, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
Cincinnati, 7; St. Louis, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	88	37	.704
Chicago	80	44	.645
Pittsburg	72	53	.576
Philadelphia	61	61	.500
Cincinnati	62	65	.488
St. Louis	54	72	.429
Brooklyn	45	78	.366
Boston	39	85	.314

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
Cleveland, 2; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 5-6; Detroit, 2-6.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	89	37	.706
Washington	79	50	.612
Philadelphia	74	62	.587
Chicago	63	62	.504
Detroit	58	71	.450
Cleveland	56	72	.438
New York	46	79	.368
St. Louis	44	84	.344

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 4.—Wheat, September, 87¾c; Dec., 89⅜c; No. 1 northern, 88¾@89¾c; No. 2 northern, 84¾@86¾c; No. 1 durum, 90c; No. 3 corn, 76c; No. 3 white oats, 30c; barley, malting, 62c; No. 2 rye, 63½c; No. 1 flax, $1.80.

Duluth, Sept. 4.—Wheat, Sept., 90½c; Dec., 90¼c; No. 1 northern, 91½c; No. 1 durum, 92c.

South St. Paul, Sept. 4. — Cattle — Steers, $4.50@8.25; cows, $4.00@$4.50; calves, $4.25@$9.00; hogs, $8.00@8.50; sheep and lambs, $3.50@$6.50.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Big receipts and heavy world's shipments had a depressing effect today on wheat. Commission houses were generally sellers. Aside from moderate short covering, there was no important demand. The opening was ½@1c lower. December started at 92@92½c, a drop of ½@1c and steadied at 92¼c.

Reports of big yields in the Dakotas and Minnesota led to a further decline. The close was steady, with September 1c net lower at 92c.

Favorable weather for the growing crop made the corn market easy. December opened ⅛@⅜c to ⅜@⅝c off at 54⅜ to 54⅝c and later held around 54⅝c.

Later the market fluctuated within narrow confines, closing steady at 54⅝c for September, a net loss of ⅛@⅜c.

Oats showed steadiness owing to a well distributed trade. December started unchanged to ⅛c down at 32⅛ to 32¼c and seemed inclined to remain within those limits.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Sept. 4 — Cattle—Receipts, 7,000; market weak to 10c lower; beeves, $5.75@10.50; Texas steers, $4.75@6.50; western steers, $5.85@9.15; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.15; cows and heifers, $3@8; calves, $8@11. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market slow, steady to a shade under yesterday average; light, $8.20@9; mixed, $7.80@8.85; heavy, $7.60@8.65; rough, $7.60@7.80; pigs, $5@8.10; bulk of sales, $7.95@8.60. Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market steady to 10c lower; native, $3.40@4.60; western, $3.50@4.60; yearlings, $4.60@5.60; lambs, native, $4.50@7.10; western $4.50@7.20.

WANTS HENS TO SLEEP.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Sept. 4.—John Sherwin has asked the city commissioners to have the street lights turned off at midnight. Sherwin declares that every night his chickens go out under the big electric light at the corner and feast on the grasshoppers that are attracted by the big lamp. "Sometimes the chickens remain up all night," said Sherwin, "and go back to roost about daylight. They are drowsy all day and the hens do not lay."

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Albert Lea.—H. Pratt, a switchman, had his foot cut off when he slipped from the side of a boxcar and fell under the wheels.

Swanville.—Fire destroyed the Central House livery barn, conducted by Max Greene. The loss of $1,000 include a cow and hay. The horses and part of the harness was saved.

Winona.—The Electro Process company of this city has increased its capital stock from $50,000 to $150,000 and has absorbed the Dubuque Art Manufacturing company. The business will be moved from Winona to Dubuque.

Duluth. — Leon Forte of Eveleth, age eleven years, was shot and killed by a companion, Willard Millette aged 14, Tuesday, in the woods near the city. The boys were approaching a squirrel from opposite directions at the time of the accident.

Pipestone.—George Scheurman has been making some experiments in the raising of alfalfa, and three acres devoted to that forage promise an excellent yield. The seed was planted in June. Next year Mr. Scheurman intends to increase his field to ten acres.

Red Wing.—Chimneys were blown down, trees torn up by the roots, windows broken in all parts of the city, buildings were unroofed and cellars flooded and telephone and telegraph service badly crippled as the result of a terrific rain, wind and hail storm which struck Red Wing and vicinity.

Fergus Falls.—Colonel Soren Listoe, American consul at Rotterdam, Holland, arrived here Thursday night with the remains of his wife, whose death occurred in January, 1911, and of his son, William Listoe, who died five years ago. The bodies were brought here, as Colonel Listoe resided in this city before going to Holland, and other members of the family are buried here.

Bemidji. — Through streets that were running rivers and a sky streaked with lightning and which poured torrents of rain, twenty-five automobiles splashed into Bemidji late Tuesday evening.

The Crookston cars had planned to return Wednesday noon, but owing to the heavy rains many feared to attempt the trip and [illegible] on the afternoon train and will come back for their cars on Sunday.

Albert Lea.—Charles Konecke and Henry Luedtke of Lake Fremont township have petitioned for license to conduct a saloon in a building on the August Konecke farm in Lake Fremont township. The saloon would be on the north side of the state line, a little over four miles southwest of Dunnell. The Iowa counties south of there are dry territory. The people of Lake Fremont will oppose the saloon, as they have no police protection.

Pipestone.—At a special election held at Kinbrae last December to vote on the question of forming a consolidated school district the vote was 92 for to 52 against. It was then contended the election was illegal because the petitions were not properly signed. Judge Nelson, in a decision, maintains that the petitions were in proper form and that the election was legal.

St. Paul.—The state supreme court has ordered Julius Schmahl, secretary of state, to place on the ballot of the Fifty-third legislative district the names of George F. Cashman and T. D. Winship. Both are democrats. Mr. Schmahl had refused to accept their filings because Mr. Cashman had entered in Class A and Mr. Winship in Class B instead of in Classes 1 and 2, as Mr. Schmahl held to be necessary to comply with the primary law. The court, however, ruled that the filings were in substantial compliance with the statute.

Albert Lea.—Mrs. Morin, wife of the late W. A. Morin of this city, has donated the big hall at Broadway and Clark street for a modern gymnasium for young men. The lumber companies have furnished the lumber for the interior furnishings, contractors the carpenter work, and the hardware dealers all the hardware, while money is being subscribed by business men for the equipment. Mr. Morin left to the city a Christmas dinner fund of $10,000, the interest to be used for a dinner each year at Christmas time for the poor.

Albert Lea.—Small grain is practically all in the stack or has been threshed out of the shock. Few specific yields have been reported, but the crop is more than an average for this county. Corn is making rapid progress, but it will be a fortnight or three weeks before seed corn can be safely picked in most fields. There has been considerable timothy saved for seed this year, and a larger amount will be thrown on the market from this section than ever before, while some clover seed will be threshed later in the season.

Minneapolis. — John Peterson was perhaps seriously injured, and burned, when a gasoline stove in one case, and a kerosene lamp in another, exploded. Fires were caused by both explosions, in one case the entire house being destroyed, a loss of more than $1,000, and in the other case only two rugs and two oil cloths.

Duluth, Minn., Sept. 2.—Horace W. Raynor, one of the best known men in musical circles in the northwest, died suddenly at his home here Saturday night. He was conversing with members of his family when he fell back [illegible]

'85 BOYS ARE GUESTS AT FAIR

LITTLE DOING THAT ESCAPES YOUNG VISITORS' NOTICE.

Purpose of Encampment to Stimulate Interest in Country Life in State.

Minneapolis.—Eighty-five farm boys, chosen by competitive contest in eighty-five counties to attend the first annual farm boys' encampment without expense and as guests of the fair management, are having the time of their lives at the state fair this week. It is an experience which none of them will ever forget.

The boys will be off duty each day until about 11 o'clock, and will spend their time until then visiting points of interest about the grounds. One morning will be spent attending the university week program in the agricultural building. In the afternoons the boys will be detailed to act as messenger boys about the fair grounds and in the hippodrome, and as ushers in the grandstand. Later, when not on duty, the boys will be taken about by competent experts and will listen to an explanation of the livestock, agricultural exhibits, and poultry.

B. F. Woodard, secretary of the West Central Development association, is assisting Mr. Higbie in the camp management during the week. Others who are helping are Superintendent Victor Knutson, of Todd county; Superintendent C. G. Selvig, of the Northwestern Experiment station at Crookston; P. B. Miller, agronomist at Morris; R. E. Baxter, livestock man at Crookston, and S. I. Snortum, poultryman at Morris.

The boys were chosen by competitive contests arranged by the fair association in each county in the state.

When the boys have broken camp Saturday afternoon, Sept. 7, diplomas will be given to each one who has lived up to the rules of the camp. When the boys have returned home they will be given an opportunity to write an essay of not less than 600 words, nor more than 1,000 words, on the subject, "What I saw and learned at the fair as a member of the farm boys' camp." The winner of this contest will be invited to read his essay before the annual meeting of the Minnesota Agricultural society at the expense of the society. Other prizes will be awarded to those securing high rank.

CASE MAY BE SETTLED.

Great Northern Will Give Former Cashier a Chance to Pay Up.

Grand Rapids.—The case of Jerry Hicks, former cashier of the Great Northern Railway company here, who is facing a charge of embezzlement, has been continued until Sept. 5. It is understood that if Hicks pays the alleged shortage in his accounts, $813, the prosecution will be dropped.

The shortage was discovered the latter part of July, when an accountant of the railway was sent here to check Hicks out, prior to promotion. Hicks asserts his innocence, declaring he does not know how or where the shortage occurred.

Former Station Agent W. C. LeFevre and Special Accountant Johannes of the Great Northern are witnesses for the state. If a settlement is not reached by Sept. 5, the case will come up again for hearing. The defense has been insisting on a minute examination of the books of the office, and the preliminary hearing has already occupied three days.

AWAIT NEW INSTITUTION

First Inebriate for Willmar Asylum Will Go From Mankato.

Mankato.—Mankato will furnish the first inmate of the new inebriate asylum at Willmar, to be opened in October. A traveling man, who, according to his own statement, has taken the Keeley cure six times without lessening his desire for strong drink, and who was recently arrested in this city for drunkenness for the fifteenth time, has been sentenced to serve seventy days in the county jail, or until such time as the farm for inebriates at Willmar is ready to receive patients. He is then to be turned over to the authorities of that institution, under the sentence of the court, for an indeterminate period.

Minnesota Postmasters to Convene.

Minneapolis. — The Minnesota State League of Postmasters will meet in seventh annual convention at the mayor's reception room Thursday and Friday of this week and will be welcomed to the city with addresses by Mayor Haynes and J. W. Bragdon, president of the Commercial club. W. S. Bartholomew, Avon, Minn., president of the league, will respond and an address by George W. Drake, postoffice inspector, and reports of officers will fill in the first day. Good programs are arranged for the other sessions.

Madison to Have Waterworks.

Madison.—The contracts for remodeling the electric light and power plant and for the installation of a waterworks system have been let. Bonds to the extent of $50,000 were sold to the Western Securities company of Des Moines. The work was let as follows: Erection of water tank and tower to Chicago Bridge & Iron works at $8,000, water system to Cook Construction company of Des Moines for $19,319, the renewing of the electric light plant to J. G. Robertson of [illegible]

TESTING OF COWS

Interesting Report Made by Pioneer Association.

Albert Lea.—The first annual report of the Pioneer Test association, the first cow testing association in the state, organized by the agricultural department of the Albert Lea high school, has just been made. From the twenty-eight herds, containing 455 cows, of this association, careful reports of the butterfat and the cost of feed for each cow have been recorded.

The association has proved of great value to its members. Some have found that their milk-producing stock had been unprofitable, while others have been barely running even. The association has prompted dairymen who have studied the records of the different herds to provide better methods of feeding, and more purebred stock, and barns have been improved by putting in cement floors, swinging stanchions, additional windows and ventilating systems.

The report shows that if the farmers of Minnesota would replace the poorest one-fourth of their heard by cows as good as the best one-fourth, it would add $46,516,122 each year to the profits of the dairy business of Minnesota. The best two cows of the association gave 13,656 pounds of milk and 485.3 pounds of butter fat valued at $141.02. The cost of feed was $53.34, leaving a net profit of $87.68. The two poorest cows lost the owners $20.43 each, making the actual difference between the best cow and the poorest $108.11.

The best herd produced an average of 9,485 pounds of milk and 815 pounds of butter fat to the cow, valued at $89, while the average cost of feed a cow was $41.69, making a net profit of $57.31 a cow. The poorest herd produced an average of 1,976 pounds of milk and 90.7 pounds of butter fat a cow, valued at $37.88. One of the best cows taken from each of the twenty-eight herds showed a net profit of $45.99 over the one of the poorest cows taken from each herd.

This association and the Clark's Grove and Alden associations, the first three organizations of the kind in the state, have finished their first year and have been reorganized with over 500 cows each, which goes to show the interest and growing desire of the farmer to increase the value of the dairy industry in the state.

COMPANY GIVES ROAD.

Ready-Made Thoroughfare for Northern County.

Bemidji.—A ready-made road, twenty-eight miles in length, and one of the finest in northern Minnesota, will be thrown open to the public in the next few days, the stretch beginning at a point three miles west of Solway and continuing to the northwest corner of the Itasca state park, tapping the towns of Regina, Alida, Mallard and Long Lake.

This highway is the old roadbed of the Red River Lumber company, built about twelve years ago, at an expense of $160,000. Farmers are pulling up the ties and leveling the road, which has a clay bed with gravel ballast. This road is to connect with the trunk road from St. Vincent to Duluth.

Through the efforts of G. P. Jones of Bagley, and W. B. Mackenzie, secretary of the Northern Minnesota Development association, the Red River Lumber company has agreed to lease the roadbed to Clearwater county, the only expenses being that Clearwater county must maintain it. The lease will continue until the lumber company desires to use it again for railroad purposes.

The new road will be open for traffic by the time the hunting season begins and will be popular for automobiles.

PREDICT DROP IN PRICE

Edward Cudahy Forecasts Decrease in Cost of Meat.

Minneapolis.—All sorts of beefsteak and pork chops will be cheaper in Minneapolis this fall and winter than they have been in a year if packers' local branches follow the course laid down by Edward Cudahy, head of the Cudahy Packing company. Also the steaks will be juicier and the pork chops more tender than they have been in years, according to the same authorities.

Mr. Cudahy is optimistic as to future meat prices. "Cheaper meats must come, and come soon," said Mr. Cudahy in Omaha. "Especially is this true of beef. The season for grass-fed cattle has arrived and the heavy run of medium grades will force prices down. Pork will maintain its present high price until January, when there will be a drop of more than 10 per cent, and by next summer pork will have dropped by one-third."

Mr. Cudahy stated that the Northwest was harvesting the biggest crop in its history and that with so much corn and feed the price of meat was bound to go down.

Samaritan Feud Intensifies.

Duluth. — The imperial council of the Modern Samaritans, an insurance society with membership in several northwestern states, adjourned after a four days' meeting, with the war raging among the officials for control still unsettled. Treasurer O. F. Collier, who was voted out Monday, and his successor, elected, still holds onto the funds and puts forth the claims that he is still in office, arguing that the meeting at which he was ousted was illegally held [illegible]

TELLS OF GEYSERS

Every Year More Tourists Throng Yellowstone Park.

"Old Faithful" Resembles Symmetrical Cone Containing 250,000 Gallons of Steaming Water 150 Feet High.

Yellowstone Park.—Yellowstone National Park every year furnishes a center of interest for increasing numbers of vacationists. The government has taken precautions to preserve this, the greatest of American wonders, for years to come. The acting superintendent of the park is the commanding officer of Fort Yellowstone, a four-company post. Hunting is not permitted in the reserve, but visitors may fish for trout. The Government protects the animals in the park and sees to it that the natural formations of stone are not damaged by vandals.

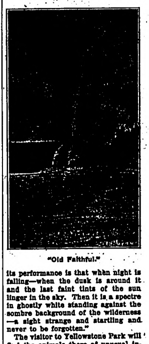
The geysers are principal attractions in Yellowstone. There are thousands of these strange natural phenomena there; some are almost constantly active, while others seem to be extinct. Old Faithful geyser has been thus described:

"In imagination lift in a symmetrical cone 250,000 gallons of scalding, steaming water 150 feet high and hold it there three minutes, jewel the grand fountain with a million diamonds, filter through it the hues of innumerable dancing rainbows, commingle in confusion every sound of splash and splutter—and you will have a faint idea of Old Faithful in action.

"It is the immutable water clock of the Yellowstone, the most perfect illustration of geyseric phenomena, the most famous and beautiful geyser in the whole world.

"The note of the beginning of the play of the geyser is an angry growl down deep in its throat, whence almost instantly the water, in rapid recurrent leaps, forms the stately fountain that plays for three minutes and then slowly sinks into the earth to await its time to rise again. Sometimes the winds unfold from its top an iridescent banner of spray, but more often the fountain form is a perfect cone.

"Old Faithful plays every seventy minutes, and never disappoints. In the daytime, under the sun, it glistens and gleams with prismatic hues; but the most enchanting hour to witness its performance is that when night is falling—when the dusk is around it and the last faint tints of the sun linger in the sky. Then it is a spectre in ghostly white standing against the sombre background of the wilderness—a sight strange and startling and never to be forgotten."



"Old Faithful."

The visitor to Yellowstone Park will find the animals there of unusual interest. No sound of gun or bark of dog is ever heard and the wild animals have become so tame that they have no fear of the tourist and give only a passing glance at the visitors. Deer, buffalo, elk and bear roam through the Yellowstone. The bears come down from their caves in the evening and feed about the hotels. Excellent hotel accommodations are to be found in the Yellowstone and competent guides are to be hired.

RAISE MANGO IN FLORIDA

Government Experimenters Succeed With Tree Given to Official by Prince in India.

Washington.—President Taft has been presented with a fine basket of East Indian mangoes raised in the United States. The bureau of plant introduction, which is experimenting with hundreds of foreign fruits in the effort to find new varieties that will grow here, raised the mangoes in Florida. They came from a tree presented to David Fairchild, chief of the bureau of plant introduction, when he was in India some years ago, by one of the princes of that land. Mr. Fairchild says mango growing in the United States can be made a commercial success.

Prohibit Kissing at Depots.

Geneva, Switzerland.—The Society for Protection of Young Girls Traveling Alone has issued an order prohibiting kissing on the railroad [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, Minn.

WANTE D

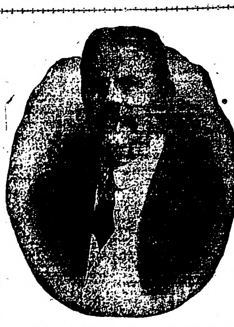
Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
H. E. BURKEE, Cashier



HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM AT THE PRIMARIES

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent, St. Paul 32 per cent, and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager.

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.50 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made by postal note, postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 7, 1912.

Senator F. H. Peterson, candidate for congress, made a short address here yesterday. He has a plan to return thousands of dollars to the people of this state by securing the passage of a law of congress giving the state the right to fix both passenger and freight rates between points both of which are in this state, whether the roads are wholly within the state or are interstate.

H. E. Ives is out with his photo calling the voters' attention to the fact that he is a candidate for nomination and of course election for clerk of court. Mr. Ives has made a very efficient county official, and about the only reason to defeat him for reelection would be that another man wants the job. But here is hoping we will see the smiling face of Harry behind that counter after January first.—Sunbeam.

The attack of Penrose and Archbold, of course, helps Colonel Roosevelt more than anything else could. When a statesman has a high and well-earned reputation he can only gain by slander from persons well known for ways that are dark. The strange thing is the self deception that keeps these distinguished leaders of the plunderbund from realizing that they hurt the men they support and help the men they assault.—Colliers.

Voters should be sure to record their second choice. With so many candidates in the field as there are for most of the offices, it is quite possible, if the voters neglect this important point, for some candidate to obtain the nomination whom the voters do not want at all. All voters who prefer to vote for any other candidate for clerk of court should be sure to indicate their second choice for Mr. Ives. If they neglect this, we repeat that it is possible under the present system for the nomination to go to some man who was far from being the choice of the greater part of the voters. They should remember that a second choice vote in no way affects the first choice.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Sept. 3, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present, except McKercher.

Minutes of the last regular and last special meetings read and approved as read.

The following bills were on motion duly allowed:

N A Nelson, culvert	$10.00
Adolph Satterberg, labor man and team	33.50
John Forseen, salary and special labor	33.50
St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co., lumber	28.05
C H Mattz, rent of dumping ground	10.00
Andrew Hall, labor	5.00
Albert Siverson, labor	1.00
Spectator, publishing proceedings, etc	9.95
Robert Jackson, labor	2.00
J C Dahl, curb irons	4.00

On motion duly made and carried $1300.00 was levied for village purposes for the ensuing year.

On motion duly made and carried the denomination of the bonds was left optional with the purchasers.

On motion duly made and carried it was decided to advertise the sale of bonds in the St. Hilaire Spectator and in the Minneapolis Journal.

On motion duly made and carried the clerk and president were authorized to sign the bonds.

On motion duly made and carried it was decided to open and consider the bids for bonds on Sept. 19 at 8 p. m.

The report of dog and poll tax collections by street commissioner was duly accepted.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Village Recorder.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

Obituary

We returned home last Saturday from Bemidji where we were called by the sickness and death of Mrs. Amble's father and sister. Mrs. Pearl Bickstad died Aug. 23, at the hospital in Bemidji from spinal meningitis. Her last words were: "I wish to die, its well with me, but comfort mother." She was 20 years old, and leaves a husband. Her father, O. N. Johnson, died at his home eight miles east of Bemidji Aug. 24, from heart failure, 71 years old. He leaves a wife and several children. He was conscious to the last and died while prayer was being offered up for him. The double funeral was held from the Presbyterian church in Bemidji Aug. 26, Rev. Chas. Flesher officiating. Children and grand children, a large following of relatives and friends who showed their respect and sympathy for the dead, conveyed father and daughter to their last resting place, side by side in one grave in Greenwood cemetery, Bemidji. The following relatives from Grand Forks, N. D., were present at the funeral: Mr. and Mrs. C. L. McCaffrey, Mr. and Mrs. A. Behnke, Mr. and Mrs. N. Johnson, C. Johnson, M. Johnson, and Bertha Johnson.

Farewell, father, sister, your earthly care and trouble are past. God who gives and takes life, and our destiny in his hand, knoweth best. For peace and joy and comfort doth he give a place in heaven, where Jesus guides. Rest, soldiers, rest.

Though loved ones from us are gone and voices that we loved are stilled; their places in their homes are vacant that never can be filled; God in his wisdom wisely rules, for though their bodies slumber in the grave, their souls are safe in Heaven. Rest, soldiers, rest.

MR. and MRS. S. J. AMBLE.

Life and Accident Insurance

Henry Olson spent his vacation in selling life and accident insurance. He has a plan of insurance which he finds to appeal to the young farmers, and he has done a good stroke of business in the past two weeks.

He has held the agency for the Merchants' Life and Casualty Company of Minneapolis, and has successfully worked it in northern Minnesota for the past three years. This company insures against death in case of accident only, but pays monthly benefits for any sickness as well as accident including surgical operations and quarantine against contagious diseases.

The cost of this insurance is $500 for is $5.00 for the policy and $1.00 per month thereafter. The fifth year of insurance is free—that is, the monthly payments are remitted that year; as also the elevedth, twelfte, and thirteenth years. Taken altogether, this may be said to be the best and cheapest insurance on the market.

Part Played by Heredity

Heredity plays an important part not only in tuberculosis and cancerous affections but likewise in diabetes, rheumatism, gout and many other diseases. We do not inherit tuberculosis, but we do inherit a lessened vitality, or a tendency to contract tuberculosis infection. Underweights are usually people who have inherited such a lessened vitality, and they run the further risk of infection from their underweight brothers or sisters who are apt to be infected. To guard against weakened vitality, provide the system regularly with the food, with the proper supply of phosphates, albumen, malts and hops found in perfection in golden grain belt beers. Alex Thompson, Crookston agent.

Bids for Bonds

Sealed bids will be received by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the purchase of $4,000.00 in bonds running for a period of fifteen years, issued for the purpose of taking up floating indebtedness. Bids will be opened at 8 p. m., September 19.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder, St Hilaire, Minn.

Bear Wanted to Play with Children.

While the children of John Herron were playing in front of their home, at Duryea, Pa., a she-bear and her cub appeared on the scene. The baby bear ran up and wanted to play with the children, kitten-like, but the mother bear called it back, while the youngsters ran into the house. As Mr. Herron was not at home and no one who could shoot was around the visitors remained unmolested. After sniffing about the yard for a while and eating a few apples and potato peelings at the back door, the bears rambled away.

Breakfasting with Whistler.

There was a foreign painter who used to breakfast at Chelsea, and when Mr. Carr asked him if he had been there lately he replied: "Oh, no; not now so much. He ask me a leetle while ago to breakfast, and I go. My cab fare, two shilling, 'arf a crown. I arrive, very nice. Goldfish in bowl, very pretty. But breakfast—one egg, one toast—no more! Oh, no. My cab fare, two shillings, 'arf a crown. For me no more!"—London Telegraph.

Toledo Blade: Give them a fair chance to vote, and the people have little trouble determining what they want.

STANDS HIGH.

Mollie Carmody, a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College now holding a good position in Minneapolis, writes: "To young men and women desirous of obtaining a thorough business training, I recommend the Mankato Commercial College. To secure a position all that is needed is to let people know you are a graduate of that school."

Let us help you to a good position. Send for our free catalogue. Address Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Martin Widstein)

Steenerson's Announcement

In announcing my candidacy for reelection as representive in congress I desire first of all to thank the people of the district for the honor bestowed upon me in the past and to assure them that, if it shall please them to continue me in their service, I shall in the future, as I have in the past, put forth every effort to serve them faithfully to the best of my ability.

I am a republican—a progressive republican—and have supported all progressive legislation for the more complete government regulation and control of railroads and interstate commerce, the policy of conservation of water powers and other natural resources in the interest of the people, and the development of unsettled lands on liberal terms to actual settlers.

While I voted against the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and Canadian reciprocity because, in my judgement, they were against the best interests of my constituents, I am a protectionist and favor a tariff high enough to preserve the home market to American industries, but not so high as to make it a shield for exorbitant prices.

I voted for the amendments to the constitution recently passed by congress providing for election of senators by the people, and an income tax, which now await ratification by the states.

I aided in the elimination of railroad and ship subsides from postal expenditures, and the improvement and extension of postal service, including parcel post and rural free delivery, and am trying to get improved laws to prevent using the mails to promote fraudulent schemes.

I favor strict government regulation of interstate comerce, as well as transportation; supervision of corporations on capitalization, and, if necessary, even limitation of prices; and workmens' compensation for the benefit of victims of industrial accidents, and all legislation in favor of temperance and morality.

Liberal pensions in their declining years is due from a grateful nation to its gallant defenders, the veterans of the civil war, as a matter of right and justice. While I believe in due military preparation on the part of the leading civilized powers of the world; I believe the time has come when there should be renewed efforts to substitute international arbitration for war in the settlement of disputes among nations, and to limit armaments, thus saving immense sums for more useful purposes in the service of humanity.

H. STEENERSON.

Rural School Notes

The following list of teachers passed the examinations held July 29, 30, and 31, or whose certificates were renewed.

FIRST GRADE

Iver K. Lind, St. Hilaire.
Adna Rust, Thief River Falls.
Lyda Batten, Newfolden.
John Minhenke, Rollis.
Edith M. Anderson, Thorhult.
Lydia Anderson, St. Hilaire.

SECOND GRADE

Mrs. Beulah R. Dow, Walshville, N. D.
Olga Gustafson, Newfolden.
Millie Ihle, Newfolden.
Berth Forsberg, Viking.
Bessie Wing, Middle River.
Mrs. Charlotte Sheldrew, Grygla.
Mrs. Myrtle Hungford Schulz, Rollis.
Hilfred Johnson, Macomb, Minn.
Inez O. Olson, Thief River Falls.
Ragna Olson, Gonvik.
Josephine C. Bourque, Thief River Falls.
Anna B. Johnson, Thief River Falls.
Clara O. Bakken, " "
Selmor Benson, St. Hilaire.
Emma T. Sathre, " "
Anna Paulson, Hazel.
Irene Lanager, Plummer.
Mary B. Anderson, St. Hilaire.
Esther Wilson, Thief River Falls.
Emma Waldahl, Plummer.
Jane R. Tuff, Rudell.
Synneva Syversrud, Rhoda.
Sarah Froisness, Hazel.
Celina Hance, Thief River Falls.
Effie F. Hanson, St. Hilaire.
Elphie Lee, Plummer.
Blanche Lind, St. Hilaire.
Minnie B. Linstad, Thief River Falls.
Alma Lyman, St. Hilaire.
Ida Lyman, " "
Hannah Miller, Wylie.
Alfreda Lundgren, Thief River Falls.
Anna L. Netteland, St. Hilaire.
Bernadotte Dery, Brooks.

Aside from these certificates there were thirty-five credits issued to other candidates who did not obtain certificates.

The rural schools will soon be in session, some opening the first Monday of this month. Teachers have been referred to all schools; but have all district officers acted on the applications sent in to the respective school boards? Teachers may be scarce this fall, and unless the hiring of teachers is taken care of early some schools may find difficulty in obtaining them. Clerks will kindly inform the superintendent of schools when school is to begin and of the fact that a teacher has been hired. Only a few clerks have complied with the law in sending in time the school census reports.

Respectfully submitted.

E. A. MOSTUE.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will [illegible]

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twent-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primery, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my ideas, and I shall use my influence to help along on those lines, no matter whether I am nominated or not.

Sincerely for the success of the party,
ANDREW TROVATEN.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by C. H. Martz.)

County Surveyor

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of county surveyor at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Your support will be appreciated.

C. H. MARTZ.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by Earnest L. Quist.)

Register of Deeds

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of register of deeds, and respectfully solicit your support. Should I be nominated and elected I shall consider it an endorsement of past favors.

Very sincerely yours,
EARNEST L. QUIST.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a nonpartisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. A. Mostue.)

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept. 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by George L. Netteland.)

County Superintendent

St. Hilaire, Minn., August 5, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to readers of the Spectator that I am a candidate for superintendent of schools of Pennington county, and hope you will give me your votes and support next fall.

I am not running on any particular party ticket as the new primary law requires that all candidates for superintendent of schools run on a non-partisan ballot, on their merits.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by O. F. Post.)

Clerk of Court

According to the present laws, that we as a citizen are sworn to abide by, it is necessary that we file application for candidacy for the office of clerk of court, and publish notice of our desire.

I am perfectly willing to abide by the decision of my friends and aquaintances as to my qualifications to clerically and economically fulfill the duties of this office.

I have been a citizen of this county for twenty-nine years. I will most surely appreciate any favors that the voters of Pennington county feel disposed to confer upon myself at the primary election to be held September 17, 1912.

Yours truly, O. F. POST.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.
REV. M. S. GIERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 10:30 o'clock a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 8 o'clock.
FRED PETERSON.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH.—Services, with communion, tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
REV. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3530 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 174, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Mrs. Larson, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID
FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

heat, No. 1 Northern	78
" " 2 "	75
" " 3 "	72
ax, No. 1	$1.57
" " 2	1.55
arley, for 50 lbs	29
ats	23
ggs	18
utter	20
" creamery	24
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	6@8
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	27.00

Pay your subscription

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with O. C. Elliott.

Mike McAndrews is shipping a car of stock today.

Dr. Swanson was at Red Lake Falls last evening.

D. Patterson attended the state fair returning home on Wednesday.

Myron Elliott has occupied the M. L. Hanson residence with his family.

Everett Smith came Wednesday from southern Minnesota convoying a bunch of land seekers.

Wanted to Buy.—A milch cow, either fresh or will come in soon. Call on GEORGE BAKKO.

D. Lazar's store will be closed Thursday and Friday, September 12 and 13, on account of a Jewish holiday.

Prof. Boehm attended the play at Thief River Falls Saturday evening on his return from a visit with friends at Warren.

Miss Hodgson returned Monday from her home at Willmar and took up her duties in the school room Tuesday morning.

Mrs. O. F. Post has been asked to act as one of the judges of the art and fancy work exhibit at the Red Lake county fair next week.

The Ladies' Aid of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet Saturday, Sept. 14, 2 o'clock p. m., at the home of Mrs. Erick Person.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to MRS. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

Mrs. Nettie Lang arrived Saturday from Grand Forks for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Amble, and other relatives and friends.

Miss Sina Hagen drove over Sunday from her home at Plummer to assume the position of teacher of the third and fourth grades in our schools.

Miss Huldah and Josie Gigstad, A. J. Hed, Harold Holmes, and G. I. Fellman attended the play at Thief River Falls last Saturday evening.

A. R. Jones' family moved the first of the week to Crookston and his residence here was occupied by Adolph Bilden, who has purchased the same.

Miss Lovine Rokke will speak in the United church on Wednesday evening, September 7, at 8 p. m. Her subject will be temperance and right living.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.
FRED SODERBERG.

Those wishing to pay cash for the cement walk constructed in front of their property and avail themselves of the 20 per cent discount may do so before October 1 by calling on B. E. Burkee.

The Jewish New Year's day, or Rosh Hashanah, falls this year on September 12 and is the beginning of the year 5673 of the Jewish calendar. It is the first day of the month Tishri, The day is observed from Sundown on Wednesday, September 11, to sundown on Thursday, Sept. 12.

Ed. Aubol went Wednesday to the county seat to be present at a meeting of the county school board; This board consists of the chairman of the board of county commissioners, county auditor, and county treasurer, and has jurisdiction over all territory in the county not organized into school districts.

In order that the whole primary class may begin together it is considered desirable that all those pupils coming of school age between now and January first next should begin attendance at this term, and parents of such primary pupils are requested to begin sending them at once.
K. O. GIGSTAD,
Clerk of School Board.

A. S. Wilson received word yesterday of the death of his nephew, Clarence Peterson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Peterson, on Wednesday in the Rainy river near the home at International, Falls. The boy was about five years old and the youngest child. The family removed from here last June, Mr. Peterson being employed in the mills at that place.

Wedding Bells

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hanson was the scene on Sunday, Sept. 1, of the wedding of their daughter, Effie Florence, and Stuart G. Richards of Manitoba, Canada.

At 2 o'clock p. m. the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march were played by Miss Esther Palmer announcing the coming of the bridal party. Miss Francesca Alison of Hazel, who acted as bridesmaid, entered with Ralph Roy as best man; then entered the bride with her father and was met by the groom beneath the wedding bell, and Rev. Paul N. Palmer, pastor of the M. E. church of St. Hilaire, read the wedding service.

The bride wore a gown of white silk crepe de chine, caught up with blue forget-me-nots and carried a bouquet of bridal roses. The bridesmaid wore a gown of pink silk, and carnations in her hair. The groom and best man were presentably dressed for the occasion.

After the ceremony a tasteful four course dinner was presented by Mr. and Mrs. Waring in a room draped in green and white.

Immediately after the reception Mr. and Mrs. Richards left for the cities on a short honeymoon trip. They will make their future home in Canada, as the groom is chief clerk of H. M. customs service. Their many friends wish them a happy and joyous wedded life.

They were presented with many valuable and useful gifts. The out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. James Hanson of Crookston. Mr. Hanson is brother to the bride.

Mrs. Nash returned Monday to Crookston after a visit here with friends.

Rev. I. T. Aastad returned Friday from a trip to the twin cities.—News-Press.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

The stork brought a baby girl to Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ives on Friday morning, the 6th inst.

We record the safe arrival at the T. G. Hovet home yesterday, the 6th inst., of a baby boy.

Mrs. Collins, who has been visiting at the Benson home, went Tuesday to Glendive, Montana.

Mrs. N. A. Nelson went Wednesday to Bethesda hospital, St. Paul, to receive medical treatment,

Miss Edith Dahl went Monday to Spiritwood, N. D., to assume the duties of principal of the schools.

Miss Olive Christianson, who has been visiting with Mrs. William Olson, went to Crookston Wednesday.

Peter Otterness of Dennison has been here this week looking after his farming interests in sections 32 and 33 in Rocksbury.

There will be English services in the Eastside schoolhouse Sunday, September 8, at 3 p. m., by Rev. Paul N. Palmer.

Misses Katherine and Inez Patterson and Mrs. O. F. Post autoed to Thief River Falls and visited friends Monday evening.

Today is the day of doom for the birds—that is, if the good intentions, nor the guns, of St. Hilaire nimrods do not miscarry.

Mr. and Mrs. Post and Master Curtis, Miss Alice Hall, and O. H. Olson, autoed out to the J. P. Peterson home Sunday, where they were guests of Misses Alida and Esther Peterson at luncheon and 6 o'clock dinner.

Coroner Swanson was called out to the town of Kratka on Tuesday to view the remains of Rasmus Evenson, who died Monday night, after an evening spent in drinking with friends at his home. After the departure of the guests Evenson fell from his chair dead. Dr. Swanson found no evidence of foul play and did not hold an inquest.

School Notes

Due to the small enrollment in the primary room and the crowded work in the upper grades it was necessary to shift the grades so as to even up the work in the respective rooms. The grades have been arranged as follows:

Mr. Boehm, high school and departmental eighth.

Miss Patterson, seventh and departmental eighth.

Mrs. O'Brien, fifth and sixth.

Miss Hagen; third and fourth.

Miss Hodgson, first and second.

The enrollment since the changing of the grades is: Mr. Boehm's room, 16; Miss Patterson's, 12; Mrs O'Brien's room, 39; Miss Hagen's room, 27; Miss Hodgson's room, 27.

Several of the pupils who are not accustomed to marching are having quite a time knowing which is their left foot.

There will be no football team this fall, due to the fact that ten of the eleven would-be star players are making themselves conspicuous by their absence. The material so far is good and we only need ten more boys like him to have a winning team.

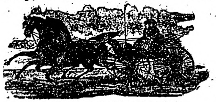
SOME PRICES

Extra good peaches, in bushel baskets, per bushel $2.10

Mascot flour per hundred $2.70

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free, Address
THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

Miss Esther Nelson is attending the high school at Duluth.

A. G. Westlund moved his family to Warren this week.

K. O. Gigstad and O. H. Olson went Thursday to attend the state fair.

Miss Mabel Patterson is teaching again in the Thief River Falls schools.

P. O. Otterness and G. O. Melhouse went Tuesday to attend the state fair.

Oscar Gunstad came down yesterday from Warren to spend the hunting season at home.

Mrs. G. W. Hooper went yesterday to Crookston to consult an oculist, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Coral.

Victor Brink returned yesterday from the state fair, where he entered his running horse Lonins and won several prizes.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

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Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

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MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Have just received
A full line of
Ladies' and Children's
Hats and Caps
For Fall and Winter.
Call and see them,
Mrs. L. HOLMES.

ALL READY FOR THE Big Red Lake County Fair

At Red Lake Falls Thursday, Friday, and Saturday, September 12, 13, 14

The new fair grounds will be dedicated Friday, Sept. 13. Governor Eberhart will deliver the address.

Congressman Halvor Steenerson will also deliver an address on the second day of the fair.

James J. Hill will deliver an address on Saturday, Sept. 14, at 12 noon. A special train will run from Warroad on Saturday, arriving at Red Lake Falls about 10 a. m., and returning in the evening.

First Class Carnival Attractions
Fast Harness and Running Races and other Track Events
Liberal Premiums and Purses

SEPTEMRER 12, 13, and 14

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

SYMPATHY, BUT NO APOLOGY

Lawyer's Tart Remarks Not Greatly Softened by His Rejoinder When "Called Down."

Andrew Lipscomb, who practices law before the courts of Maryland, was trying his first case before a judge named Merrick. Lipscomb, wishing to impress the judge, was, in the language of the bar, right lippy in his remarks to the eminent gentleman. Finally, Merrick lost patience and exclaimed:

"Sit down! Sit down, sir! If you don't sit down I'll fine you for contempt of court."

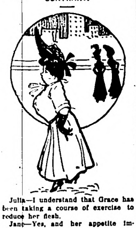
Lipscomb sat down, but turned to a young lawyer beside him, and remarked, in an understone:

"That's the crustiest, most opinionated old judge I ever saw. I'll show him where he gets off. He's an old fool."

"If you talk like that, I'll beat you up!" replied the young lawyer. "He's my father!"

"How sad!" said Lipscomb, smoothly. "How sad."—Popular Magazine.

CONTRARY.



Julia—I understand that Grace has been taking a course of exercise to reduce her flesh.

Jane—Yes, and her appetite improved so much she gained ten pounds.

ECZEMA IN RED BLOTCHES

205 Kanter Ave., Detroit, Mich.—"Some time last summer I was taken with eczema. It began in my hair first with red blotches, then scaly, spreading to my face. The blotches were red on my face, dry and scaly, not large; on my scalp they were larger, some scabby. They came on my hands. The inside of my hands were all little lumps as though full of shot about one-sixteenth of an inch under the skin. Then they went to the outside and between and all over my fingers. It also began on the bottoms of my feet and the calves of my legs, and itch, oh, my! I never had anything like it and hope I never will again. The itching was terrible. My hands got so I could scarcely work.

"I tried different eczema ointments but without results. I also took medicine for it but it did no good. I saw the advertisement for a sample of Cuticura Ointment and Soap and sent for one. They did me so much good I bought some more, using them as per directions, and in about three weeks I was well again. Cuticura Soap and Ointment entirely cured me." (Signed) Benj. Passage, Apr. 8, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Lucky Woman.

Wife—There are so very few really good men in the world.

Hub—Yes; you are mighty lucky to get one.

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain—and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

It takes a lot to live—and it requires a house on the lot.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

I cannot afford to give up the sure ground of a principle.—Plato.

NERVOUS DESPONDENT WOMEN

Find Relief in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound —Their Own Statements So Testify.

Platea, Pa.—"When I wrote to you first I was troubled with female weakness and backache, and was so nervous that I would cry at the least noise, it would startle me so. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies, and I don't have any more crying spells. I sleep sound and my nervousness is better. I will recommend your medicines to all suffering women."—Mrs. MARY HALSTEAD, Platea, Pa., Box 98.

Here is the report of another genuine case, which still further shows that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound may be relied upon.

Walcott, N. Dakota.—"I had inflammation which caused pain in my side, and my back ached all the time. I was so blue that I felt like crying if any one even spoke to me. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I began to gain right away. I continued its use and now I am a well woman."—Mrs. AMELIA DAHL, Walcott, N. Dakota.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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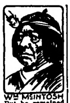
William M'Intosh, the "Scotch Indian"



W^m M^cINTOSH

He was half Scotch, half Indian, wholly scoundrel. His mother was a squaw of the "Creek nation." His father was a Scotch trader and soldier. The son took the name William McIntosh. But he remained with his mother's people and was made a Creek war chief.

The Creeks were a powerful federation of Indian tribes whose lands stretched through several of the southernmost states. The white settlers, growing more and more numerous, cast envious eyes on the rich Creek country and appealed to the United States government to get it away from its redskin owners for them. It was the same old story enacted so many times along the frontier when the white man has wanted the Indian's land. The government turned over several million acres of Creek territory to the state of Georgia. McIntosh pointed out to his people that unless they stood firm for their possessions the government would soon have every acre of their once huge tract of land. He then drew up a law—which the Creeks eagerly adopted—making it a crime punishable by death for a Creek to try to sell to the United States any of the remaining territory. This law made McIntosh immensely popular with the Indians. He now proceeded to make himself equally popular with the government.

In the War of 1812 most of the Creeks sided with Great Britain. But McIntosh declared himself a friend of the United States and managed to raise a big war party, which followed him against the rest of his "nation." He attacked a village of Creeks (Atasi) that had sided with England and massacred its 200 men, women and children. In other conflicts of that same war he fought so savagely against his own people as to win not only the rank of major, but the trust of our government. Incidentally his services opened to him a pleasant field for graft.

The United States was eager for more of the Creek lands. McIntosh stood high in the Creek councils. He could be of use in managing "treaties" for the despoiling of his people. He willingly accepted the government's offer and secretly became its paid agent. It was a highly profitable bit of double-dealing—for a time.

Fifteen million acres of Creek land were soon after transferred to the United States. McIntosh reaped a rich harvest by this "treaty." But it ruined him with the Creeks. They made no open threats against the traitor; but they simply met in council and re-enacted his own former law, making any such future transfers punishable by death.

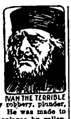
In 1824 McIntosh received a large cash offer for his services in a plan for ceding 10,000,000 more acres of the Creeks to the government. The majority of the Creeks fiercely protested against this glaring robbery. John C. Calhoun, secretary of state, declared that it was cruelly unjust. President Monroe laid the treaty before the United States senate. And, after John Quincy Adams' inauguration, it was approved. A letter in which McIntosh had offered bribe money to one of the Creek officials to side with the government was discovered by the Indians. This proved the wily half-breed's treachery past all question. The Creeks—using his own old law as a death warrant—declared McIntosh's life forfeited.

This time McIntosh was really alarmed. He retired to a fortified house at Milledgeville and surrounded himself with a strong guard. The Creeks went about the traitor's execution in a quiet, business-like way.

On the night of May 1, 1825, one hundred of them surrounded his house, They sent orders to his guards, servants and family to leave the place at once. Then they burned the house to the ground. McIntosh, dashing out through the flames, was shot dead.

No punishment was inflicted on McIntosh's slayers. The question of vengeance was brought before President Adams. But, for everybody's sake, it was deemed best to let the affair drop. It was a scandal the administration did not care to make too public.

Ivan The Terrible, "Heavy Villain" of Russia's Drama



IVAN THE TERRIBLE

A Russian boy of fourteen, after a childhood of misery and ill-treatment, was carefully educated by his relatives in the art of cruelty. For three years this horrible education lasted. He was taught to enjoy robbery, plunder, torture and killing. He was made to win his teachers' applause by galloping at full speed through Moscow's crowded streets and trampling helpless women and children to death under his horse's iron-shod hoofs. The boy was Ivan IV. of Russia, known as "Ivan the Terrible."

Russia was least civilized of all European lands. Its early history was one of needless bloodshed and merciless conquest. The rulers were called grand dukes, until Ivan the Terrible became the first czar. He took the title of "czar" because that was the Russian form of "Caesar," a title applied to Rome's emperors. ("Kaiser" is another form of the same word.)

Ivan mounted the throne in 1533, at his father's death. He was but four years old at the time and was for the next ten years wholly in the power of brutal nobles who ruled the court. Then when he was fourteen a political clique made up of his relatives came into power and proceeded to teach him to be more a fiend than a human being. When Ivan was seventeen he had a vision, or trance, in which he believed an angel warned him to lead a better life. He obeyed—more through fear and superstition than from religious zeal.

For the next 13 years Ivan was a model ruler. He did much for his people, was gentle and wise, and gave promise of an ideal career. The noblest influence in all his life was his lovely wife, Anastasia. He loved her and was guided by her advice. In 1566 came the change that made him an object of dread.

In that year Anastasia died. Ivan fell dangerously ill through grief. When at length he was well again his whole nature had changed. It is probable sorrow and illness had affected his brain. In any case he rose from his sick bed more like a wild beast than a man. He was filled with fear of fancied conspiracies. To crush these imaginary plots he slew numbers of noblemen, along with their entire families. He devised tortures too repulsive to be named. Among the mildest of these was the turning loose of wild dogs and bears among throngs of innocent people.

The city of Novgorod incurred his displeasure. He marched against it with an army and massacred 60,000 of its inhabitants. He had the prisoners herded in an inclosure and slew them with his own hand as long as he could strike a blow. Then he ordered his fierce troops to continue the slaughter on them.

A thousandth part of such cruelty as his would have set any nation, in late days, into a flame of revolt. But the sixteenth century Russians looked on their czar as a god, and bore meekly whatever outrages his maniac brain might choose to inflict upon them.

Ivan had seven wives in rapid succession, and sent to Queen Elizabeth's court for an eighth. But the English girl he chose—daughter of the earl of Huntington—begged so piteously to be saved from the fate of wedding the imperial monster that the match was broken off.

Fiend as he was, Ivan the Terrible did great things for Russia. He opened its ports to the commerce of the world, established the first printing office there, conquered and annexed Siberia and—except in his fits of madness—encouraged civilization and progress among his savage people. He was a shrewd statesman, a crafty warrior, a man not devoid of genius.

As the years went on Ivan's insane fear of conspiracy and assassination grew stronger. Falsely suspecting his eldest and ablest son of plotting with his foes, he struck the young man dead with a blow of his iron staff.

Remorse for this murder hastened Ivan's own death. Surrounded by quacks and "magicians"—a prey to superstitious terrors—now repenting his cruelties, now feverishly planning fresh atrocities—the tyrant wore out the last three years of his vile life, dying in 1584.

Many a man has been wrecked on a train of thought.

Old Time Cost of Living

Putting Blame on Middleman and Combinations of Farmers and Merchants No New Thing.

Blaming the high cost of living on the middleman and on combinations of farmers and merchants is no new thing. In the last century in England Chief Justice Kenyon presided at many trials where punishment was inflicted for alleged combination and the forestalling of competition. In charging the jury in the case of one Rusby, who was indicted for purchasing a quantity of oats and selling them at a profit the same day, his lordship adverted with scorn to the doctrines of Adam Smith. "I wish," said he, "that Dr. Smith had lived to hear the evidence today. If he had been told that corn and cattle were brought to market, and there bought by a man whose purse happens to be longer than his neighbor's, so that the poor man who walks the streets and earns his daily bread by his daily labor could get none but through his hands; that corn had been raised in price nearly double on the same day it was sold, would he have said there was no danger from such an offense?" On a verdict of guilty being rendered, the judge thanked the jury, and said: "Gentlemen, you have done your duty and have conferred a lasting obligation on your country."

Latest Wrinkle.

In a shop recently a well-known actress, who is noted for her perennial youth, asked for a traveling bag of alligator skin. The shopkeeper, who had none of that particular sort, brought out instead some of smooth leather.

"And you tell me this is alligator skin?" objected the actress. "Why, where are its wrinkles?"

"Ah, madam," replied the wily dealer, who knew his customer "wrinkles are out of vogue. The correct alligator bag is made from the skin of an alligator that has been massaged."

BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS

Together Tell of Bad Kidneys.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Much pain that masks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys—to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly. When you suffer achy, bad joints, backache, too; with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

An Oklahoma Case

John T. Jones, 213 S. Pine St., Pauls Valley, Okla., says: "I was confined to bed for days with sciatic rheumatism and kidney trouble. I was weak and debilitated and tormented almost to death. Not improving under the doctor's treatment, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was entirely cured. I have had no trouble since."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

Doan's Kidney Pills

A man has no use for a woman who attempts to convince him that he is wrong and succeeds in doing it.

A very successful remedy for pelvic catarrh is hot douches of Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet, Co., Boston, Mass.

Appropriate.

"We call that girl 'Juarez.'"

"Why?"

"She's been captured six times already this season."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Which?

"Why did papa have appendicitis and have to pay the doctor a thousand dollars mamma?"

"It was God's will, dear."

"And was it because God was mad at papa or pleased with the doctor?"—Life.

Saving Trouble.

"Have you read the platforms of the different political parties?"

"What's the use wastin' time doin' that?"

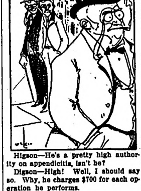
"I should think you would want to find out how to vote intelligently."

"How to vote intelligently? My grandfather found that out years ago, so what the use of my botherin' about it?"

To Reproduce Riot Scenes.

The recent riot at the Federal building, Los Angeles, will be reproduced at the trial of those arrested by motion picture films, and shown to the jury on a screen. It will be the first time in the history of jurisprudence that such evidence will have been introduced. While the riot was at its height a moving-picture company, with the newest model machine, had an operator on the scene, and his films show the entire actions of those persons who are charged with having caused disturbance.

PROOF.



Higson—He's a pretty high authority on appendicitis, isn't he?

Digson—High! Well, I should say so. Why, he charges $700 for each operation he performs.

THIRTEEN YEARS

Unlucky Number for Dakota Woman.

The question whether the number "13" is really more unlucky than any other number has never been entirely settled.

A So. Dak. woman, after thirteen years of misery from drinking coffee, found a way to break the "unlucky spell." Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the drug in coffee. She writes:

"For thirteen years I have been a nervous wreck from drinking coffee. My liver, stomach, heart—in fact, my whole system being actually poisoned by it.

"Last year I was confined to my bed for six months. Finally it dawned on me that coffee caused the trouble. Then I began using Postum instead of coffee, but with little faith, as my mind was in such a condition that I hardly knew what to do next.

"Extreme nervousness, and failing eyesight caused me to lose all courage. In about two weeks after I quit coffee and began to use Postum I was able to read and my head felt clear. I am improving all the time and I will be a strong, well woman yet.

"I have fooled more than one person with a delicious cup of Postum. Mrs. S. wanted to know where I bought my fine coffee. I told her my grocer had it and when she found out it was Postum she has used it ever since, and her nerves are building up fine.

"My brain is strong, my nerves steady, my appetite good, and best of all, I enjoy such sound, pleasant sleep." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Get the little book in pkgs., "The Road to Wellville." "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

DRAGON OF OLD HARMLESS

Terrifying Creature of Prehistoric Days Was a Vegetarian and Not Considered Dangerous.

Sheridan, Wyo.—A dinosaur or land dragon is being uncovered near Sheridan (Wyo.) and measurements indicate that the gigantic reptile must have been 65 feet long when it lived. The largest previous specimen unearthed measured only 30 feet long, and stood about 13 feet high. It is, perhaps, something to be thankful for that these immense monsters have had their day and ceased to be. Most of them were aquatic in their habits and, apart from their terrifying appearance on land, an encounter with one of them in the water, when bathing or boating, would occasion something more than a mere diversion.

The duck-billed dinosaur, shown in our illustration, although resembling in appearance the traditional dragon of fire-breathing proclivities, was one of the harmless type. Its most remarkable characteristics were a huge duck-like bill, a long tail with much-compressed sides and webbed feet. It broke the record in the matter of teeth borne on the jaws at the back part of the mouth. The upper jaw alone had over 2,000, symmetrically arranged in rows, but only those along the cutting edge of the jaw were in use at one time. As they got worn they were shed and replaced by the next row. These teeth were admirably adapted to cutting up grass, rushes and submerged weeds, which were evidently shovelled in by the curious toothless beak. This species of dinosaur was strictly vegetarian.

Duck-Billed Dinosaur.

All that is known of this creature has been gleaned from mummified remains found in ages old strata of the earth in Montana and Wyoming, so that it was evidently a denizen of this country. It was one of the last surviving species of its race and flourished toward the end of the great age of reptiles. The body seems to have been covered with a tough hide, studded with irregular bony plates capped by horn, much as in present day crocodiles. On land it walked on its great hind limbs which, like those of all the bipedal reptiles, were bird-like, and bore but three toes. The long and immensely powerful tail served as a propeller when swimming. The forelegs seem to have been but little used except, perhaps, to convey food to the mouth.

PRETTY BATHER IS DARING

Policeman Pursues "Heliotrope Girl" in Rowboat and She Disappears.

Chicago.—A pretty bather attired in a heliotrope silk bathing suit and knickerbockers, shocked the guests at the Chicago Beach hotel, when the young woman took a plunge into the water.

There were others who were shocked besides the hundreds of men and women who noticed the woman saunter toward the pier, just before she took a dive into the surf.

The person who was most surprised was William Denney, manager and detective of the beach. He prides himself on the way that the beach has been conducted since he took charge, and when his attention was called to the "heliotrope girl" the policeman's esthetic tastes were crushed.

"This will never do, you are violating every code in the city ordinance covering bathing beaches," said Denney, as he ran over to the pier, where the "heliotrope girl" was majestically swimming beyond the life lines.

"Hey, come ashore," shouted the policeman, but the fair bather swam further out into the lake. "She can't swim around here," said Denney, as he ran to shore and jumped into a rowboat to overtake the swimmer. The girl in the heliotrope colored bathing suit noticed that the policeman was in pursuit, and she swam toward Forty-seventh street, out of the range of his jurisdiction, and climbed over the pier and disappeared.

None of the bathers at the beach know who the woman swimmer was, but Policeman Denney said that if she ever attempts to take another dip, he will place her under arrest.

THROW LUNCHES AT WOMEN

Boston Woman Driven From Stand at Dayton Picnic—Others Also Are Targets.

Dayton, Ohio.—At an outing given by the policemen and firemen of Dayton at an amusement park, Miss Margaret Foley of Boston, a militant leader of the suffragist cause, was compelled to abandon her speech because of a demonstration against her.

Prominent club women of Dayton attempted to support Miss Foley and were driven away under a shower of fragments of luncheons of the picnickers.

Miss Foley, who had mounted a table to speak in behalf of woman's suffrage, was hissed, but persisted in speaking. Someone threw a ham sandwich, which struck her in the face, but she continued to talk until luncheon refuse of all kinds, thrown at her, forced her to flee.

Mrs. G. F. Davidson of Dayton appealed for a hearing, but was met with a similar reception. The other members of the suffragist party, all wives of prominent Dayton business men, then sought refuge wherever they could from the missiles aimed at

A Picture of Contentment

All men look pleased when they smoke this choice tobacco—for all men like the rich quality and true, natural taste of

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

Smoked in pipes by thousands of men—everywhere known to smokers as "the makings."

We take unusual pride in *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture. It is our leading brand of granulated tobacco—and every sack we make is a challenge to all other tobacco manufacturers. Every 5c sack of this famous tobacco contains one *and a half* ounces of choice granulated tobacco, in every way equal to the *best* you can buy.

If you have not smoked Duke's Mixture, made by the *Liggett & Myers* Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., try it now.

Get a Camera with the Coupons

Save the coupons. With them you can get all sorts of valuable presents—articles suitable for young and old; men, women, boys and girls. You'll be delighted to see what you can get free without one cent of cost to you. Get our new illustrated catalog. *As a special offer, we will send it free during September and October only.* Your name and address on a postal will bring it to you.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*10c tin double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Mixing the Names.

Mayor Bacharach of Atlantic City, at a dinner at the Marlborough-Blenheim, told of a summer girl:

"On the beach in the moonlight," he said, "a youth clasped a maiden passionately to his breast and murmured:

"'Do you love me, darling?'

"'Yes—ah, yes, Reginald,' she sighed.

"'Reginald?' said the youth in a startled voice. 'You mean Clarence, don't you, dear?'

"Smiling sweetly, she nestled closer. 'How stupid of me! I was thinking it was the week end.'"—Exchange.

To Operate Canal by Electricity.

The Panama canal will be operated almost exclusively by electric power. Approximately seven per cent. of the minimum water supply will be diverted for hydro-electric development, and this will be the excess which is not required for lockages, evaporation and leakage. The hydro-electric station will be located adjacent to the north wall of the Gatum spillway and the plant will have a capacity of 6,000 kilowats. The average hydraulic head throughout the year will be about 75 feet.

Minnesota Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital

Located on White Bear Lake, 30 min. from St. Paul, convenient to street car on Lake Shore Station, N. P. Ry. Modernly equipped for the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat. Steam heated and electric lighted. Accommodations for 45 patients. Rates reasonable. For further particulars apply to MISS SWAN, Head Nurse, White Bear Lake, Minn., or Attending Physicians, 533 Lowry Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Always a Safe Remark.

Amateur Ned Kelly (sotto voce)—By Jove! I've forgotten my jolly lines. Goodness gracious, whatever shall I do?

Professional Dan Kelly (equal to the occasion—Shoot the nearest policeman, and beef out: "To the bush, boys, to the bush!"—Sydney Bulletin.

A Booklet for Investors.

The Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Harris Trust Building, Chicago, has issued a booklet entitled "Why Bonds Are Safe Investments," intended for the use of persons planning to invest in bonds for the first time. Its aim is to explain in simple terms the purposes and uses of various classes of bonds, and to indicate the value of bonds as safe investments for individuals as well as institutions. Copies may be had free on application.

Literal Surgery.

"Did the surgeon, when consulted, write that man he was going to sew up his heart with gold wire?"

"No, he didn't write; he wired him."

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists, 25 and 50c.

About the only thing father gets on his birthday is a lemon.

50,000 FARM LABORERS

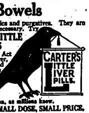
wanted to gather immense grain harvest of Western Canada. Exceptionally low rate of one cent per mile can be procured from ticket agents of the Canadian Railway lines at Fort Francis, Gretna, Emerson and North Portal. Rates go into effect on September 1st and will continue for fourteen days.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng., and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

KODAK FINISHING

Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. [illegible] 40 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

Pettit's Eye Salve QUICK RELIEF SORE EYES

N. W. N. U., NO. 35-1912.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 School Shoes. Best in the world

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world because they look better, fit better, and wear longer than other ordinary shoes.

CAUTION.—When you buy shoes be sure W. L. Douglas [illegible]

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1912. NUMBER 10.

DUMAS TO PRISON

MUST WORK OUT PENALTY FOR CONVICTION IN PUPOSKY RAID AT STILLWATER.

A JEKYL-HYDE DRAMA.

Bemidji Courtroom Is Final Scene—Former Cass Lake Mayor Protests Innocence to the Last.

Bemidji. — Continually protesting innocence and asserting through his attorney, George Spear of Grand Rapids, that he has been prevented from ever telling his side of the story, Dr. D. F. Dumas, until last spring mayor of Cass Lake and one of the most successful physicians in Northern Minnesota, was sentenced in District Court here before Judge W. S. McClenahan to hard labor at Stillwater on the charge of attempted arson in the third degree.

This charge grew out of the Puposky raid of June in 1911, when Mike Davis and Martin Behan were trapped in the Postoffice Building while in the act of attempting to rob and burn the building, according to evidence produced by the State. Testimony also went to show that Dr. Dumas had planned this expedition and that he had been a confederate of some of the country's most daring and desperate criminals.

Dr. Dumas left here under the personal guard of Sheriff A. B. Hazen, to enter the prison at Stillwater to begin the daily routine of a convict. The maximum penalty is three and one-half years.

Attends Patients to Last.

Dr. Dumas spent Tuesday forenoon attending to his patients in Cass Lake, prescribing for eight persons. He closed up his office at noon and came to Bemidji. He previously had sent his wife and infant son to relatives.

Assistant Attorney General Alex James, Deputy Fire Marshall Sam Fullerton and Attorneys Thayer C. Bailey and E. E. McDonald, both of this city, who acted as special prosecuting attorneys, were in the court room and only Attorney McDonald spoke for the State, and than only brieby making formal demand that sentence be passed.

"Let the prisoner stand forward," ordered Judge McClenahan, and Dr. Dumas, smooth shaven and well groomed, quickly arose from his seat beside his attorney and faced the court. He told the Judge that he was born April 4, 1879; that he had lived in Minnesota all his life except the time spent in Chicago graduating from the Medical Department of the University of Illinois; that he had lived 26 years in the city of Minneapolis, had practiced medicine there and that for a year was house physician of the Minneapolis City Hospital.

Attorney Speaks for Him.

Dr. Dumas made no other statement and Judge McClenahan inquired if he had anything to say. Instead, Mr. Spear, as his attorney, addressed the Court and reviewed at some length the proceedings which were about to terminate with the imposition of sentence. Mr. Spear said that the expense of the case had proved a severe financial strain not only to Dr. Dumas, whose means were exhausted, but also to his father, a Minneapolis business man who had come to his assistance, and that when it appeared that the motion for a new trial would have to be based upon technical ground and that heavy expenses would accrue in the event of an appeal, Dr. Dumas himself determined that he would not allow the case to proceed further; that the defendant had been unwilling to place additional burden upon his father and had made up his mind that it would be wiser to end the uncertainty and suspense which would attend upon further proceedings.

This explanation, the attorney said, was made to advise the Court of the good faith of the defendant in obtaining a stay in order that the motion for a new trial might be made.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 11.—Wheat, September, 88¾c; Dec., 88⅛c; No. 1 northern, 87⅝c; No. 2 northern, 82¾@85¾c; No. 1 durum, 81½c; No. 3 corn, 71c; No. 3 white oats, 29½c; barley, malting, 65; No. 2 rye, 63c; No. 1 flax, $1.71½.

Duluth, Sept. 11.—Wheat, Sept., 87⅝c; Dec., 87⅝c.

South St. Paul, Sept. 11.—Cattle—Steers, $4.50; cows, $4.00@5.00; calves, $6.00@10.00; hogs, $8.20@8.35; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.35.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,500; market steady; beeves, $5.75@10.70; Texas steers, $4.75@6.40; western steers, $5.85@9.30; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7; cows and heifers, $3@8; calves, $8.50@11.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market slow and a shade under yesterday's average. Light, $8.45@9.15; mixed, $8@9.15; heavy, $7.80@8.90; rough, $7.80@8; pigs, $5.25@8.30; bulk of sales, $8.20@8.80.

Sheep—Receipts, 28,000; market strong to 10c higher; native, $3.50@4.75; western, $3.90@4.75; yearlings, $4.75@5.75; lambs, native, $4.75@7.40; western, $5@7.55.

American Cardinal May be Created.

Rome, Italy. — The Vatican auized the statement that the recent death of two cardinals, leaving eight vacancies in the sacred college, combined with the pope's known American sympathies, renders it likely that thorized the statement that the recent ated at the fall consistory to be held primarily for the purpose of conferring red hats on the Austrian and Spanish cardinals created last November. Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, and Archbishop Quigley, of Chicago, [illegible]

NEWS OF THE WEEK

COMPENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Political Notes.

Woodrow Wilson spoke at Buffalo, New York, Labor day.

The progressives won in California by a narrow margin.

Iowans have put a progressive ticket in the field.

Col. Roosevelt has started on a political tour to last a month.

Democratic managers are planning a national business men's parade.

Governor Johnson, progressive candidate for vice-president, spoke at Lincoln.

The candidacy of Colonel Roosevelt was attacked by Senator Sutherland of Utah.

Roosevelt said Governor Wilson was a tool in the hands of the democratic bosses.

Governor Wilson is to take a hand in the New Jersey senatorial campaign.

The Nebraska progressive party in state convention endorsed the republican ticket.

Chairman Hilles insists that Roosevelt electors get off the Pennsylvania reublican ticket.

Missouri judicial candidates may withdraw from the ticket if required to line up for Taft.

Oscar S. Straus was nominated for governor by the New York progressive state convention.

Colonel Roosevelt marked the dividing line between progressive and reactionary voters.

Eugene V. Debs, socialist candidate for the presidency, addressed a large crowd in Portland, Ore.

There was no choice in the Vermont election and the legislature will have to settle the matter.

Roosevelt, principal speaker at the Missouri progressive convention, assailed Wilson and Archbold.

There was no majority for governor in the Vermont election and the legislature will have to decide it.

General.

A large throng at Lincoln, Neb., witnessed the unveiling of the Lincoln statue.

President Taft made a talk to federal employes on making appointments and the civil service.

Acting Democrat Chairman McAdoo sees no prospect of the presidential election going into the house.

Governor Woodrow Wilson weighs 177 pounds, a gain of seven pounds since the time of his nomination.

The United States Railway Mail Service Mutual Benefit association reelected John F. Bradley of Tilanta, Ga., president and W. S. Corning of Chicago, secretary-treasurer.

Governor Woodrow Wilson intimated that he would probably take part in the senatorial fight in New Jersey in which former United States Senator James Smith, jr., has again become a candidate.

James H. Brady, former governor of Idaho, for next president, and Wichita, Kan., for the next meeting place of the Transmississippi Commercial congress, were at the Salt Lake convention.

Charles E. Dant, a wholesale lumber dealer of Portland, was the only witness examined when the federal investigation into an alleged combination of retail lumber dealers was resumed at Portland, Ore.

Plans for a national Wilson and Marshall business men's parade on the same day and hour in every large city from the Atlantic to the Pacific were made at the democratic national headquarters in New York.

Oscar S. Straus, former minister to Turkey and former secretary of commerce and labor in the cabinet of President Roosevelt, was unanimously acclaimed the nominee for governor of the progressive party of New York.

At Flint, Mich., in the presence of hundreds of persons, fourteen-year-old Chester Betts, was accidentally caught by the guy rope of a balloon and carried about 2,000 feet in the air before the rope untangled and hurled him to his death.

Mrs. Frank Lankford and her three children, John, 21 years, Mabel, 12 years, and Francis, 4 years old, were drowned three miles below Lansing, Iowa, when their boat was upset in a collision with a gasoline launch driven by a younger son.

Miss Annice Dorothy Nixon, 22 years old, the daughter of Richard B. Nixon, finantial clerk of the United States senate, was drowned at Colonial Beach, Va., in a vain attempt to rescue her swimming companion, Franklin W. Wiseman, aged 20.

Official orders for the dispatch of Company I, United States Signal corps, to El Paso were received at Fort Russell.

A private telegram from Sebastopol reports a mutiny of the crews of the Black sea squadron, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the London Chronicle.

John A. Flack, defaulting cashier of the Abilene (Kansas), State bank, arrived from New York and was arraigned on a charge of forgery, waived extradition and was bound over for trial in the district court. Flack was released on $5,000 bond.

Mrs. Anita Calvert Bourgeoise of St. Louis, attorney, genealogist, biographer and suffrage orator, will enlist as a campaign speaker for Woodrow Wilson.

Accompanied by Empress Augusta Victoria, Emperor William celebrated the eve of Sedan day by attending divine service held in the open air in the Tempelhofer Fold.

The International Association of Electrotpyers in convention in Chicago decided on a policy of arbitration of labor troubles through national committees in order to avert strikes.

Five unidentified men were killed and two injured in the wreck of a Great Northern freight train near Macon, Mont. All of the men were beating their way and were riding in a car of lumber.

Five detectives returned empty handed last night after following several false clues as to the whereabouts of "Gyp the Blood" and "Lefty Louie," the two missing gunmen wanted in the Rosenthal murder case.

Solomon Luna, millionaire banker and sheep owner, for sixteen times republican national committeeman for New Mexico, was found dead in a dipping vat at his sheep ranch, seventy miles from Magdalena, N. M.

President Gomez sent a long apologetic cable dispatch to President Taft in connection with the attack on Hugh S. Gibson, the American charge d'affaires at Havana by Enrique Maza, a newspaper reporter.

Taking of testimony in the government's suit to recover possession of 2,000,000 acres of land in western Oregon valued at $100,000,000, which the federal government gave to the Oregon & California Railroad company in 1866, was resumed.

Shocking reports of famine and sickness, brigandage and brutality in the rebel zone in Nicaragua, sent to the outside world by couriers, are beginning to reach the State department and are being referred to the attention of the American Red Cross.

The Navigation bureau officers were surprised Sunday to learn that a woman wireless operator had been discharged from the steamer Mariposa, on a transpacific line on the ground that the government was opposed to such employment of women.

The Minneapolis Civic and Commercial association appealed to the Interstate Commerce commission to correct what are alleged to be discriminations by a number of western railroads against its commercial interests in favor of Chicago and St. Louis.

Republicans of North Carolina came to the parting of the ways and two state conventions were held, one by the supporters of President Taft and another by the followers of Colonel Roosevelt. As a result of the clash there will be two electoral and two state tickets in the field.

The possibility of a great conflagration threatens every big city in the country it was declared by Richard L. Humphrey of Philadelphia, a structural materials expert, at the closing session of the International Association for Testing Materials in New York.

James B. McNamara, serving a life sentence in San Quentin penitentiary for murder in connection with the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building, was operated on Tuesday at the prison hospital for appendicitis. This became known Sunday, with the announcement that he would recover.

C. W. Berlin, former land commissioner of the Southern Pacific, testifying in the Southern Pacific land foreclosure hearing at Portland, Ore., blamed the Booth-Kelly Lumber company, for the Harriman orer of 1903 withdrawing 2,300,000 acres of the Oregon and California grant lands from entry or sale.

The Panama-Pacific international exposition, which will be held in San Francisco in 1915 to celebrate the completion of the Panama canal, will be ready on time. This was the positive assertion of its president, Charles C. Moore. After months spent in preliminaries the perfected plan has been adopted by the directors, and orders have been given to go ahead immediately.

Belmore Brown, renowned for his ascents of Mount McKinley with Prof. Herschel Parker, underwent a dangerous operation Sunday at Tacoma to save the life of a young woman who was virtually a stranger to him. The explorer heard Miss Ethel Madden, a friend of one of his neighbors, was dying of anemia. He volunteered to undergo an operation for transfusion of blood from his veins to that of the patient. The operation occupied twelve hours and has been pronounced successful.

The American Red Cross society allowed $1,000 for the purchase of food supplies for the suffering people in Nicaragua.

Personal.

Gen. Arthur MacArthur, retired army officer, died suddenly in Milwaukee.

Woodrow Wilson is in favor of the public using school buildings for meeting places.

Charges of hersey were made against Rev. J. C. Handy, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Mexico, Mo.

Police commissioner Waldo was subjected to a grilling in connection with New York vice.

John Morrow, who has long been a well known miner and merchant of Ophir, Alaska, died in Rochester, Minn.

Two officers were dropped from the army rolls through the approval of President Taft of sentence of courts martial.

Ernest de Coven Leffingwell, a young American explorer, who has been absent on an arctic expedition [illegible]

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

SALE HELD VALID.

Wife No. 1 Shown to Have Forfeited Rights.

Cloquet.—The case of O. E. Kinsley, administrator of the estate of Antoine Poupore and Adeline Poupore against Capitola Allen of Minneapolis, has been decided by Judge Cant of Duluth in favor of Mrs. Allen. Mrs. Allen is the wife of Dr. H. B. Allen, who died in Cloquet several years ago. In recent years she has lived in Minneapolis, but owns property in Cloquet.

The case had been tried twice before. It grew out of the fact that in 1906 Poupore sold to Mrs. Allen a residence in Cloquet, the warranty deed being signed by Poupore and his wife. It developed at Poupore's death that the woman who signed the deed had never been his legal wife, wife No. 1 appearing from New York state and demanding her share of the property. Poupore had married the first wife in 1854, and several children were born to them. About 1889 he abandoned his family and came west with another woman, and a second family grew up.

Life ran smoothly for Poupore except for a short time in 1904, when Mrs. Poupore in the east began to make trouble. He then paid her $500 to keep out of his affairs and had it not been for that transaction the case would undoubtedly been decided in her favor, but the court declared she forfeited her rights as a wife when she accepted money to keep silent.

AGAIN NAVIGATED.

Steamer Threads Wisconsin Stream to Durand.

Winona.—The steamer Red Wing, packet running between St. Paul and Wabasha, in charge of Captain W. H. Newcomb, navigated the Chippewa river as far as Durand the other day. Sunday the boat took an excursion out of Durand down the Chippewa and Mississippi rivers. The trip on the Chippewa is the first in 26 years by a regular steamboat, according to local river men.

There is said to be a mystery about the trip to the Red Wing. Some weeks ago the Burlington Railway Company took its watchman off the bridge at Durand, closing it up permanently. Soon afterward the city offered a bonus to any steamer that would run up to Durand above this bridge.

It is said Captain Newcomb made an inquiry of the government as to the authority of the railroad to close the bridge over the stream, which is theoretically navigable. Assured that there was no authority for the action, the captain called upon the company to open the bridge and announced his unusual excursion. The plan of the city to keep the bridge open worked out admirably. The excursion was a gala event, with John Gilmore, Durand's postmaster, acting as pilot.

Old Cannon Carriage Dug Up.

Winona.—Workmen excavating for a downtown store building unearthed a massive cannon carriage. At one time it was the property of John Nichlin, a veteran of the First Minnesota battery in the civil war. According to Mr. Nichlin, the gun was captured at the battle of Cheraw, March 23, 1865, from the rebel forces. The gun has had a history locally. In a premature explosion at a republican celebration in 1888 Laurits Oleson was seriously injured. A few years later the gun was loaned to Wabasha people and burst in an explosion.

Board and Parents Clash.

Little Falls.—The crowded condition of the schools and the leasing of three rooms in the downtown district for school purposes, has caused much trouble between the board of education and parents of children. The parents say too much room has been given in the regular ward buildings for manual training and agriculture, to the detriment of other studies and they threaten to get out an injunction should the board insist on continuing school sessions in the business district. A public meeting has been called in an attempt to adjust matters.

Quarantine a Train.

Rochester. — The startling discovery of a case of smallpox on the southbound Great Western passenger on Thursday night resulted in strict quarantine regulations being enforced on the car at Zumbrota and the retaining of the car in this city. Dr. Harry Wood, Rochester's new health officer, who happened to be on the train here, was responsible for enforcing the necessary regulations to prevent the exposure of persons returning from the state fair.

Only Two Warmer.

Minneapolis. — Only two days recorded at the local weather bureau during the summer of 1912 registered a higher temperature than Wednesday. The thermometer showed a temperature of 92 degrees at 3 o'clock.

Records Smashed.

Minneapolis. — All of the records for attendance at the Minnesota state fair and exposition were smashed when [illegible]

STORM DAMAGE $100,000.

Buildings Wrecked and City is Threatened By Fire.

International Falls. — A very terrific cyclone and electrical storm did damage in this vicinity estimated at $100,000. The plate glass windows in many of the stores were blown in.

The large pulp wood conveyor at the paper mill was blown out and destroyed; the top of an immense water tank was ripped off and carried a block. The refuse conveyor of the International Falls Lumber company planing mill was destroyed and the top of the grandstand at the baseball park was torn off and the fences leveled. No lives were lost nor was anyone injured.

Lightning struck the office of the Fort Francis Times at Fort Francis and set fire to the building, destroying it together with all its contents. The loss is estimated at $25,000.

27 ARE ARRESTED.

Twin City Police Take Rioters Into Custody.

Minneapolis. — At least twenty-seven persons were jailed in the Twin cities Saturday night following battles with the police, who sought to disperse two crowds of several thousand each which were blocking the streets. The Minneapolis police arrested nineteen persons, while the St. Paul police captured eight. The action of the Minneapolis police prevented what might have been a riot such as never had been witnessed before when several thousands gathered on Bridge Square gave utterance to inflammatory doctrines, shouted, screamed, cheered and threatened, blocked the streets and sidewalks and defied the police to do their worst. The nineteen persons arrested were charged with failure to obey the commands of the police to move.

WHEAT GRADES WELL.

First Trainload of the 1912 Crop Arrives at Duluth.

Duluth. — The first trainload of new grain to reach Duluth this season arrived over the Northern Pacific. It consisted of fifty cars with an average of 1,500 bushels of wheat to the car. The opening of the season means a rush of business for lake carriers. The entire load consisted of northern No. 1 hard wheat, from western Minnesota and North Dakota points.

Has Market Day.

Sauk Rapids.—Sauk Rapids was filled Wednesday with people from all parts of neighboring counties. The attraction was a big market day and exhibit of the agricultural products of Benton county. Only a few weeks ago was the interest aroused in sending an exhibit to the state fair. Hustlers took hold of the idea, the Sauk Rapids business men contributed money, prizes were offered and the growers responded.

St. Paul to Get New Depot.

St. Paul.—Very definite announcement that St. Paul would have a new union depot has been made by James J. Hill, following a conference of presidents and vice presidents of seven different roads running into St. Paul. The cost is estimated at between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000.

Dog Bite Fatal to Boy.

Duluth.—Little Thomas Hedican, aged seven years, son of Patrick Hedican, a special officer for the Oliver Iron Mining company in the Higgins mine, near Virginia, died at his home from hydrophobia. The boy was bitten by an unknown dog July 28.

One Killed; One Injured.

Minneapolis. — Christian L. Ilstrup, candidate for country surveyor, had a close call to death, and an employe, James Conroy, was instantly killed when they were struck by in-bound passenger train No. 10 on the crossing of the Northern Pacific tracks at Twenty-third avenue north.

Railroad Offers Compromise.

Duluth. — The Great Northern Railway company has offered to compromise with its striking employes at the Allouez bay ore docks. The strikers demand an advance of 25 cents a day and the company has offered them 20 cents.

Two Struck By Train.

St. Cloud. — Thomas Lepske, aged twenty-eight, was killed instantly and Martin Yarnoct, aged 50, was fatally injured at Holdingford when a freight train struck them.

Increases Hundreds of Thousands.

Minneapolis.—A large increase in value of the corn crop of the northwest estimated at hundred of thousands of dollars will result, it is believed, from the hot weather of the last three or four days. Reports from the great farming centers of Minnesota and the Dakotas state the high temperatures have come at a most desirable time and the quality of the corn may be greatly improved. [illegible]

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Caledonia.—Houston county has organized a Wilson club of nearly three hundred members. Every voting precinct in the county has elected a vice president.

Litchfield.—Three thousand people attended the monthly market day held here. The main attraction was aeroplane flights by Fred Barlow in a Curtis biplane.

Pipestone.—A graded school is to be established at Florence, north of here. Contractors are erecting a building which will cost in the neighborhood of $5,000.

Hallock.—John Lindell, of Bronson, was badly injured when his arm was caught in the flywheel of a threshing engine. He sustained a compound fracture and a severe bruise on the face.

Mankato.—The date for the opening of the new Bethany Ladies' college, the name of the Lutheran seminary that is now nearing completion in this city, has been set for Sept. 25. The dedicatory ceremonies will not be held until spring.

Pipestone.—Thomas Buseman of Steen has a bullet wound in his side as a result of the accidental discharge of his rifle while hunting. The trigger caught in weeds and the bullet passed into his side. It is believed he will recover.

Caledonia.—E. R. Sprague has twenty acres devoted to alfalfa, the first that has been grown in this county. The forage promises an excellent yield. Ernest Kroeger has set out an acre of ginseng. It will require seven years to insure a good yield.

Fergus Falls.—The question whether an Indian has a right to hunt and fish, regardless of the state game laws, is about to be tested by John W. Carl in the courts of this county, and the case will eventually go to the supreme court of the state and possibly of the United States.

St. Paul. — Martin F. Falk, of Duluth, the Progressive candidate for governor, was arrested on the fair grounds for distributing campaign literature. It is a rule of the superintendent of privileges that none but those who have headquarters on the grounds are privileged to distribute literature.

Fergus Falls.—A telegram from Woodland, Cal., states that Theodore Orr was killed in an automobile accident there. Particulars of the accident are not given. Orr formerly was engaged in the bicycle business in this city and recently entered the automobile business in California. His mother lives here.

Little Falls.—This city has a coal dealer who has for years been giving overweight on all fuel bought of him. A deputy states weight and measure inspector is here making an inspection of all scales. When the sheds of W. H. Ryan were reached, the inspector found that the scales had been dealing out sixty pounds extra coal on every 1,000 pounds.

Fergus Falls.—The Otter Tail county commission has decided to call for bids for the construction of a county tuberculosis sanatorium at once. The bids will be opened Sept. 16, and the successful bidder will be expected to have the building completed this year. The cost of the first building is estimated at $10,000. It will be on the shore of Otter Tail lake.

Duluth. — Acting upon the suggestion of Attorney General Wickersham, a federal suit was filed here against the Minnesota & International railroad, charging double violation of the national hours of service law. It is charged that Engineer F. B. Bispham, on Jan. 18, 1912, was compelled to work 20½ hours. The second violation is in the fact that the railroad company failed to report the incident.

Minneapolis. — In one of the most spectacular races for first place in county exhibits in the southern section ever known at the state fair, Houston county was adjudged a winner over Olmsted county by a margin of only 16 points, the judges having worked all night to make the placing. Last year Olmsted won by a small margin over Houston. In the central section Douglas county scored first place, with Morrison and Stevens following close behind. Roseau is a winner in the northern section.

Winona.—A negress' hug cost Oscar Katchman, a farm laborer, 60 white man's dollars in this city, according to the story told by the man to the police here. Watchman says he has been working near Waseca, saved $60 and is on his way to Milwaukee. When he arrived here he was compelled to transfer from one depot to another and while walking across the city late at night was accosted by a negro woman. Before he realized his predicament, he says, the woman threw her arms about him. When he arrived there he was about to buy a ticket when he discovered his pocketbook, carried in the rear pocket of his trousers, was gone.

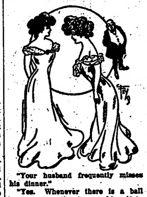
Cokato.—In response to a call issued to the progressives of Wright county, about 150 supporters of the movement met here, the western part of the county being heavily represented, with scattering delegates from the eastern part. A full state ticket, headed by W. E. Lee, was indorsed.

Minneapolis.—Signs of the steady increase in the volume of business and of prosperity throughout the Northwest are furnished by the July report of the Soo Line [illegible]

Time!- One of the Principal Advantages of a Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen is that you have a pen that will always respond immediately wherever you want to write. The Spoon Feed regulates an even and steady flow and prevents overflow. Gold Pens to suit every hand. Sold Everywhere 173 B'way, N.Y. "The Pen That Big Men Use"

KODAK FINISHING Developing any roll of 6 exp., 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp., 20 cents. Send for price list on printing. Prompt work. [illegible] 48 East 6th Street, St. Paul, Minn.

A VARIATION.



"Your husband frequently misses his dinner."

"Yes. Whenever there is a ball game in town he devotes himself to finding fault with the umpire instead of with the cook."

West No Place for Consumption.

Physicians in all of the eastern states will be asked by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis to stop sending consumptives in the last stages of tuberculosis and without sufficient funds to the southwestern part of the United States in search of health. While it is impossible to tell accurately how many consumptives there are at present living in the states of Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, southern California, and western Texas, it is probable that no less than ten per cent of the 6,000,000 people in this territory have tuberculosis themselves, or have come to the west because some member of their family have had it. Every year, the health authorities estimate, not less than 10,000 consumptives, hopelessly diseased, come west to die. For these cases, the climate of this section of the country can do nothing, and they are compelled to die in strange surroundings and thousands of miles from home and friends. The National Association points out further that from 50 to 60 per cent of these advanced cases are too poor to provide the proper necessaries of life, and they are either starved to death, or compelled to accept the meager charity which this part of the country affords.

To Improve the Hudson.

Secretary of War Stimson has transmitted to congress the report of Colonel Black, engineer officers in charge of the New York harbor, containing a recommendation that $1,570,000 be spent during the next five years in improving the Hudson river to meet the requirements of the big ocean steamships.

A FOOD CONVERT

Good Food the True Road to Health.

The pernicious habit some persons still have of relying on nauseous drugs to relieve stomach trouble keeps up the patent medicine business and helps keep up the army of dyspeptics.

Indigestion—dyspepsia — is caused by what is put into the stomach in the way of improper food, the kind that so taxes the strength of the digestive organs they are actually crippled.

When this state is reached, to resort to tonics is like whipping a tired horse with a big load. Every additional effort he makes under the lash diminishes his power to move the load.

Try helping the stomach by leaving off heavy, greasy, indigestible food and take on Grape-Nuts—light, easily digested, full of strength for nerves and brain, in every grain of it. There's no waste of time nor energy when Grape-Nuts is the food.

"I am an enthusiastic user of Grape-Nuts and consider it an ideal food," writes a Maine man.

"I had nervous dyspepsia and was all run down and my food seemed to do me but little good. From reading an advertisement I tried Grape-Nuts food, and after a few weeks' steady use of it, felt greatly improved.

"Am much stronger, not nervous now and can do more work without feeling so tired, and am better every way.

"I relish Grape-Nuts best with cream and use four heaping teaspoonfuls as the cereal part of a meal. I am sure there are thousands of persons with stomach trouble who would be benefited by using Grape-Nuts. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

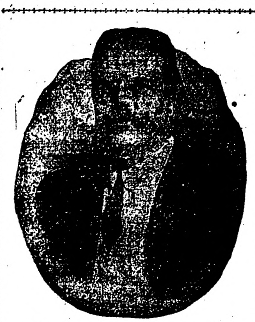
Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend, as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.



HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM AT THE PRIMARIES

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 49 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 14, 1912.

Both republicans and democrats are trying to look joyful over the results of the election in Maine; the republicans over having obtained a majority at all, and the democrats over the great gains they claim. There was no third party ticket.

George A. Ralph, state drainage engineer, has resigned to take effect Jan. 1. His resignation is dated then in order that he may finish several reports for the next legislature. Offers of other positions and continued attacks by the legislature and others are the reasons assigned for his resignation.

The citizen standing in the doorway of his home—contented on his threshold, his family gathered about his hearthstone, while the evening of a well spent day closes in scenes and sounds that are dearest—he shall save the republic when the drum tap is futile and the barracks are exhausted.—Henry W. Grady.

One of the most significant results of the past week politically is the exhibition of progressive sentiment in Ohio, made in connection with the vote on constitutional amendments. The initiative and referendum are devices in government which have received Mr. Taft's very hearty disapproval, and yet the people of Ohio have declared for them.

The democratic national committee is said to be hampered for lack of funds to prosecute the campaign. But that should cause them no worry. At the present status of the campaign republicans and bullmoosers appear to be able to raise all the funds necessary to accomplish their own mutual destruction and leave the democrats in possession of the field. This ought to satisfy the democrats.— Warren Sheaf.

Since the power to fix rates has been taken away from the state railway and warehouse commission and their power otherwise so circumscribed that it amounts to almost nil, the commission has become more of an ornament than anything else. It can act only in an advisory capacity in the adjustment of differences between the shippers and the railways and cannot enforce any decrees which the railways may oppose. There is certainly no justice in making poor people pay fare at three cents a mile while the rich may ride at two cents a mile, therefore if the commission had any power and gumption it would seem that it should forthwith remedy this injustice—because a glaring injustice it is.—Warren Sheaf.

"Jag Farm" to be Opened

According to official announcements the farm for inebriates at Willmar, established by the state, will be open for reception of patients Nov. 12. The board of control announces that already a number of applications for admission are on the file, among them several personal appeals for admission. It is expected that very soon after the farm has been opened there will be about one hundred patients enrolled. Under the law a wife may have her husband sent to the "jag farm" if she shows he is tippling more than he ought to and a man may have his neighbor committed upon proper showing. A toper may have himself committed provided he signs a voluntary commitment and undertakes to pay a certain sum for his keep.

STANDS HIGH.

Mollie Carmody, a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College now holding a good position in Minneapolis, writes: "To young men and women desirous of obtaining a thorough business training, I recommend the Mankato Commercial College. To secure a position all that is needed is to let people know you are a graduate of that school."

Let us help you to a good position. Send for our free catalogue. Address Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

Pay your subscription

BACK TO THE TOWN

COUNTRY LIFE PALLED ON THE SUBURBANITE.

Real Facts of the Case Somewhat Different from the Explanation He Made to His City Friend.

The year around the city resident and the summer suburbanite were carrying on a conversation over their hurried noonday lunch.

"Must be mighty all fired crimpy around the edges out in the country these days," suggested the city man. "Don't believe I'd like living out in the country these days without steam heat and things. You'll be hiking into town pretty quick now, I s'pose."

"O, not for awhile yet," returned the summer suburbanite. "This is really the finest time of the year to be in the country. It is a trifle crisp when you get out of bed in the morning, of course, but then it beats the city at that. Some might exchange the good country air for a few city comforts, but not me. A little cold isn't going to hurt me."

This was a day or two ago. The following morning when the summer suburbanite crawled out from under the covers the thermometer was down around 40.

"Holy jumpin' James M. Jehosaphat, but it's cold in this barracks!" exclaimed the S. S. to his wife. "Talk about your polar expeditions and their hardships. They haven't got much on this! What are we staying out in a place like this for, anyhow? Never saw such a bleak habitation as this, if you'd call it a habitation, in all my troublous life. What's your idea in sticking to a place like this for when we've got a house there in town with a furnace and hot water and bath tub and all such things? That's what I'd like to know! I surely would.

"If I wanted to freeze to death I could do it right in town any good winter day. I wouldn't need to come clear out here to the country to do it. Holy mackerel but that water's cold! Don't even dare wash your face in this Greenlandish place! And I'm serving notice on you right at this juncture that we're going into town to-day, and we're going to stay there until next summer. Us for town. In cold weather a man's supposed to live in town where they've got radiators and such like. That's what towns are for."

Then the other day the suburbanite and his friend met again at lunch.

"So you've moved back to town, have you?" spoke up the year-around city man, "Thought you'd get enough of that country business in this sort of weather."

"O, yes, I moved in," owned up the late suburbanite. "It was fine out there, but my wife just naturally wouldn't stand for it. Said she couldn't keep warm. And you know how useless it is to argue with a woman. I had to come in. Hated like Sam Hill to do it, though."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Clever Work of Beavers.

A peculiar fact was discovered at the reservoir at Saddleback pond recently at Rangeley, when beavers' work in dam construction was found to interfere with the water supply from Saddleback stream. These busy engineers had constructed a tight dam, which had retained considerable of the supply of the mountain reservoir, and workmen each day tore out their work, only to find it rebuilt on the next visit. Good-sized tree sections had been hauled in and placed in the dam by the beavers. After several destructions of the beavers' dams there was again found to be a stoppage in the supply of water through the main pipes. The dam had not been rebuilt, but on close investigation it was found that those cunning engineers, in revenge, apparently, had built a dense screen across the strainer, which had prevented the flow of water through the main pipe.—Kennebec Journal.

Australia's Wild Oysters.

Oysters are sometimes regarded as dangerous but they are not usually considered savage. A Queensland judge, however, has decided that they are wild beasts. Before a royal commission on the pearling industry, which has been sitting at Brisbane, a witness stated that eight years ago he had laid 100,000 shells in the neighborhood of Friday island. The Japanese stole the shells, and the district court judge held that as pearl shell oysters were wild animals there was no penalty for stealing them.

WHALE CARRIED OFF THE LINE.

The Monster Also Made Away with a Good Harpoon.

Up among the forn bergs of the Arctic a monster whale is cruising about with a harpoon imbedded in his thick back and something less than half a mile of stout hempen rope trailing after him.

The crew of the steam whaler Thrasher, which returned Sunday night from an eight months' cruise in the icy north, declare that "Mister Whale got all that was coming to him."

"He got away from us," muttered the mate, spitting viciously into the scuppers, "but we will get him next season. It was good rope we used, and he'll get tangled up on something so we will be one whale to the good when we get back there.

"He was a bad one, though. You see Silva, the boat steerer, slung the hook into him when we were in open water between two big bergs. Off he goes with the stick in his back, and the rope went out like a man tumbling from the loft. He ducked and dived until one tub of rope was gone, and he did the same with another. He was making for the nearest floe and when he reached it he spit a lot of water into the air and took a deep dive. The edge of the ice cut the rope like a knife and he was off for good, with 2,000 feet of the Thrasher's line and a good harpoon with him."—San Fran-

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Halvor Steenerson)

Steenerson's Announcement

In announcing my candidacy for reelection as representive in congress I desire first of all to thank the people of the district for the honor bestowed upon me in the past and to assure them that, if it shall please them to continue me in their service, I shall in the future, as I have in the past, put forth every effort to serve them faithfully to the best of my ability.

I am a republican—a progressive republican—and have supported all progressive legislation for the more complete government regulation and control of railroads and interstate commerce, the policy of conservation of water powers and other natural resources in the interest of the people, and the development of unsettled lands on liberal terms to actual settlers.

While I voted against the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill and Canadian reciprocity because, in my judgement, they were against the best interests of my constituents, I am a protectionist and favor a tariff high enough to preserve the home market to American industries, but not so high as to make it a shield for exorbitant prices.

I voted for the amendments to the constitution recently passed by congress providing for election of senators by the people, and an income tax, which now await ratification by the states.

I aided in the elimination of railroad and ship subsides from postal expenditures, and the improvement and extension of postal service, including parcel post and rural free delivery, and am trying to get improved laws to prevent using the mails to promote fraudulent schemes.

I favor strict government regulation of interstate comerce, as well as transportation; supervision of corporations on capitalization, and, if necessary, even limitation of prices; and workmens' compensation for the benefit of victims of industrial accidents, and all legislation in favor of temperance and morality.

Liberal pensions in their declining years is due from a grateful nation to its gallant defenders, the veterans of the civil war, as a matter of right and justice. While I believe in due military preparation on the part of the leading civilized powers of the world, I believe the time has come when there should be renewed efforts to substitute international arbitration for war in the settlement of disputes among nations, and to limit armaments, thus saving immense sums for more useful purposes in the service of humanity.

H. STEENERSON.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign.

Bids for Bonds

Scaled bids will be received by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the purchase of $4,000.00 in bonds running for a period of fifteen years, issued for the purpose of taking up floating indebtedness. Bids will be opened at 8 p. m., September 19.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder, St Hilaire, Minn.

Asbestos Shingles

Asbestos shingles are now being manufactured in this country with success, and the trade has grown enormously. The new products are of the lightest weight and fireproof up to a temperature of two thousand and more degrees. They are proof against acids and weather and are said to last as long as a concrete building will. Concrete shingles are no greater improvement over old-fashioned ones than golden-grain belt beers are an improvement over old-fashioned beer. Alex Thompson, Crookston, agent.

TO SEND COIN BY U. S. MAIL.

Express Companies Rudely Jarred by Discovery of New Clause.

Washington.—The treasury officials have recently discovered a highly interesting fact in regard to the appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the government, which escaped general attention at the time it was enacted.

It pertains to the shipment of fractional silver coin from the several subtreasuries of the United States to banks in various parts of the country.

It now appears that in the rush attending the passage of the sundry civil bill, James Wesley Gaines of Tennessee caused to be inserted in the measure a provision that one-half of the $60,000 appropriation for the transportation of coin shall be expended for registered mail. Heretofore shipments of currency have uniformly been made by express, and the express companies have been obliged to make good any loss by theft or other accident in transportation.

The express companies are greatly concerned over the new order of things, especially as Mr. Daskam, chief of the bureau of public moneys in the treasury department, has ruled that the law means that $30,000 should be expended by registered mail before any part of the appropriation is expended for express charges. It is believed at the treasury department that as the charges for registering a package is only eight cents, $30,000 will be sufficient to pay the entire apparent cost of transporting coins under this system for a year, and the express companies will therefore get none of the business.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

(Paid advertisement, $5.00.)

Register of Deeds

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds of Pennington county and respectfully solicit your votes and support.

GEO W. ELDER.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by N. J. Anderson.)

Register of Deeds

I am a candidate for the office of register of deeds of Pennington county and solicit the support of the voters at the republican primaries to be held September 17, 1912.

N. J. ANDERSON.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. T. Gullingsrud.)

For County Treasurer

I hereby wish to announce my candidacy for the office of county treasurer at the republican primaries to be held Sept. 17, 1912, and earnestly solicit the support of the voters of Pennington county.

JOHN T. GULLINGSRUD.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by W. J. LaBree.)

Sheriff

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the office of sheriff, and respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Yours very truly,
W. J. LABREE.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by J. M. Bishop.)

For County Attorney

I am a candidate for county attorney for Pennington county on the republican ticket on the first primaries to be held in the county. I have never held a county office although I have been in the practice of law for twenty-two years, but would consider it an honor to be the first nominee of the party for county attorney in the county. I will be delighted to receive your vote and support.

J. M. BISHOP.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by A. H. Fasel.)

County Auditor

Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912

I wish hereby to announce to the voters of Pennington county, that I am a candidate for the the republican nomination for the office of county auditor, at the September 17, 1912, primaries. Since my appointment to this office, at the time of the organization of Pennington county, I have given the office my whole time and my very best efforts. Should I be favored with the nomination and election, I believe with the experience gained, I will be still better prepared to serve you the coming term.

If our services have met with your approval I earnestly solicit your consideration and support.

Very truly yours,
A. H. FASEL.

Clerk of Court

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I will be a candidate for the republican nomination for clerk of the district court for Pennington county, subject to the decision of the voters at the republican primery, September 17, 1912.

I have occupied the position since the organization of Pennington county and have tried to the best of my ability to be strictly impartial and as efficient as my ability would allow. I will be pleased to have the votes and support of all citizens who believe that I have filled the position in an honest and efficient manner.

If nominated and elected I hereby promise to give the office my personal attention and my best efforts to honestly administer the affairs of the office in a strictly impartial and efficient manner.

HARRY E. IVES.
Thief River Falls, Minn., July 15, 1912.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Andrew Trovaten.)

For County Treasurer

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the ratification of the republican voters at the primaries, September 17, 1912. Being that political parties have always regarded it as important to have their members elected to all offices, it must be for aid in promoting party politics, for so far as the work in the county offices is concerned, it can make no difference whatever, what the officer's political affiliations are, so the idea must be that he is expected to talk and work, and use the advantage of his public position, in aiding the party to which he belongs. I believe that it is of the utmost importance to have the republican party control at least one branch of congress, in order to maintain the average of prices. While the price-level does not prove that times are good, theoretically, yet we know that with the enormous debt of the country, it will be harder to pay it with low prices than with high, steady prices. I believe that because one cannot support the whole republican ticket, it is no reason at all to quit supporting candidates for congress and the legislature, which is by far more important than the office of president, so far as party politics is concerned. These are my ideas, and I shall use my influence help along on those lines, no matter whether I am nominated or not.

Sincerely for the success of the party,
ANDREW TROVATEN.
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by C. H. Martz)

County Surveyor

I wish to announce to the voters of Pennington county that I am a candidate for the republican nomination for the office of county surveyor at the primaries September 17, 1912.

Your support will be appreciated.

C. H. MARTZ.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by Earnest L. Quist.)

Register of Deeds

I hereby announce my candidacy for reelection to the office of register of deeds, and respectfully solicit your support. Should I be nominated and elected I shall consider it an endorsement of past favors.

Very sincerely yours,
EARNEST L. QUIST.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by Wilhelm Michelet.)

Judge of Probate

I hereby announce that I am a nonpartisan candidate for re-election to the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minnesota. I respectfully solicit your vote and support at the primary election to be held on Tuesday Sept. 17, 1912.

WILHELM MICHELET,
Judge of Probate,
Thief River Falls, Minn.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by E. A. Mostue.)

County Superintendent

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for re-election for the office of superintendent of schools for Pennington county subject to the ratification of the voters at the primary to be held Tuesday, Sept, 17, 1912.

Your vote and support are respectfully solicited.

E. A. MOSTUE.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by George L. Netteland.)

County Superintendent

St. Hilaire, Minn., August 5, 1912.

I wish hereby to announce to readers of the Spectator that I am a candidate for superintendent of schools of Pennington county, and hope you will give me your votes and support next fall.

I am not running on any particular party ticket as the new primary law requires that all candidates for superintendent of schools run on a non-partisan ballot, on their merits.

Yours very truly,
GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00 paid by O. F. Post.)

Clerk of Court

According to the present laws, that we as a citizen are sworn to abide by, it is necessary that we file application for candidacy for the office of clerk of court, and publish notice of our desire.

I am perfectly willing to abide by the decision of my friends and aquaintances as to my qualifications to clerically and economically fulfill the duties of this office.

I have been a citizen of this county for twenty-nine years. I will most surely appreciate any favors that the voters of Pennington county feel disposed to confer upon myself at the primary election to be held September 17, 1912.

Yours truly,
O. F. POST.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

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We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

C.A.SNOW & Co.

Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 10:30 o'clock a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—There will be no services tomorrow.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 1[illegible]—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
D. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible]—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1[illegible], Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

FARM PROFITS

Are Made by reading
FARM, STOCK & HOME,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Every Number Filled with Practical Helpful Suggestions for the
FARMER,
STOCKMAN,
DAIRYMAN,
GARDENER,
POULTRYMAN,
APIARIST,
FRUITIST,
AND
HOUSEWIFE.
Issued Semi-monthly 24 Papers a Year
ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
3 months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

S. J. Amble went to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Miss Mary Brevig went Monday to Grand Forks.

John Nelson went to Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

O. H. Olson returned Monday from a visit to Crookston.

Miss Louise Wilson went to Red Lake Falls on Wednesday.

Henry Carstenson of Seattle is the guest of his brother-in-law, Martin Hoff.

Sever Hoff went to Blackduck Wednesday to look after his farming interests.

C. H. Martz was in Red Lake Falls Thursday to make estimates on some ditch work.

A number of people from St. Hilaire and vicinity attended the Red Lake county fair.

Dr. Swanson went to Thief River Falls Thursday to procure the ballots for the primary election.

Wanted to Buy.— milch cow, either fresh or will come in soon. Call on GEORGE BARKO.

W. P. Wilson went Monday to southern Minnesota, called by news of the serious illness of his father.

C. C. Elliott brought over an auto load of land seekers in the mud from Thief River Falls yesterday.

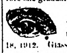
Mrs. Charles Julin returned on Wednesday to her home at Crookston after a visit at the home of her parents.

The Spectator acknowledges the receipt of samples of the fine crab apples and plums raised by Peter Johnson.

Ole Mathson has rented the building north of the drug store and will occupy it with his stock of merchandise.

A. Hed, Henry Olson, I. Dalin, Dr. Owens, and G. I. Fellman motored to Red Lake Falls and return Thursday.

Miss Ruth Martz left yesterday for Valparaiso, Ind., where she has one more year of school work before she graduates.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Ed A. Aubol, chairman of the county board, went to Thief River Falls yesterday on business in connection with the new state road.

Mr. and Mrs. John Peck of Attica, N. Y., who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Peck, returned Tuesday to their home.

WANTED A GIRL.—For general housework. Enquire at the farmer's elevator. CHARLES J. PATTERSON, Manager.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.
FRED SODERBERG.

Mrs. O. F. Post, Mrs. G. I. Fellman, and Misses Kate and Inez Patterson drove to Thief River Falls Tuesday afternoon, where they were guests of Mrs. C. A. Pitkin to tea.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde went Monday to Minneapolis, where he is in attendance at a conference meeting of the United Lutheran church, which is in session from the 9th to the 17th insts.

Those wishing to pay cash for the cement walk constructed in front of their property and avail themselves of the 20 per cent discount may do so before October 1 by calling on B. E. Burkee.

The Scandinavian Mission church will have a picnic tomorrow at 2 o'clock p. m., at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thyren. There will be song and sermon after which coffee and lunch will be served.

In our list of candidates last week E. A. Mostue's residence was given as Thief River Falls. This was an error. His residence is on section 6 in Deer Park township, where he is holding a homestead.

Charles Patterson's wife and family arrived here Thursday from McHenry, N. D., and will live in the rooms over Holmes Bros.' store. Mrs. Patterson was accompanied by Mr. Patterson's sister, Mrs. Roy Rogers, of Bisby, N. D.

Miss Ruth Martz was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Miss Myrtle Blaine was in Thief River Falls on Monday.

S. J. Swanson and family have moved into the Sander Engebretson residence.

Mrs. J. S. Roy returned from Crookston last Monday after visiting friends.

K. O. Gigstad went to Highlanding Tuesday on business connected with ditch 51.

Miss Grace Hall went Monday to Crookston for a few days visit with Miss Elizabeth Evans.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin went to Crookston to visit her daughter, Mrs. Fisher, Tuesday.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Martin McAndress was down from Thief River Falls Monday looking after his crops here.

C. H. Peterson, the Wylie medicine man, returned the first of the week from a trip in North Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Pitkin of Thief River Falls were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Pitkin last Sunday.

Miss Ruth Martz was hostess at a six o'clock dinner Tuesday. Her guests were Misses Nora and Lily Johnson, Inez Patterson, and Mrs. Otto Dahl.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

The young People's society of the Scandinavian Mission church will meet Saturday Sept. 21, at 8 o'clock p. m., in the schoolhouse in Black River. The entertainment will be arranged by A. Dahlstrom's family.

Removal Sale

For the next three weeks I will give a reduction in the prices of groceries and flour.
OLE MATHSON.

Died

P. O. Kjonikson died Tuesday morning, Sept. 10, at his home with his son John Kjonikson in River Falls about six miles east of town, of heart trouble, at the age of 67 years. He had been having trouble with his heart for some time.

The deceased was one of the pioneer residents of this section. He leaves three sons, John, Gustave, and August. Funeral services were held Thursday at the Clara church by Rev. Alex Sand of this place.

School Notes

The boys have been practicing many gymnastic stunts and they are planning on organizing a foot-ball team. They have contributed towards a new ball.

Mrs. Anderson and Miss Fellman visited school Thursday.

The pupils in the two upper rooms assemble in Mr. Boehm's room for chorus from 9:00 to 9:15 every morning. Miss Patterson does the vocal directing and Mr. Boehm furnishes the instrumental music for the chorus.

Minnie Swenson, one of Miss Hodgson's pupils, stepped on a rusty nail Wednesday. She has not been able to come to school since, but we hope that she will be well by Monday.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

The Useful Hen.

"Country constables who make a living arresting speeding automobiles wouldn't have half so much trouble stopping the scorchers if they used a little ingenuity," says one of the offenders. "Chains across the road and moving vans blocking the highway are all right to accomplish the purpose, but they're cumbersome. My idea for causing a prompt slow-up is to scatter a lot of grain in a road and turn a lot of hens loose. They would block the road all right, and if there's one thing that will make a chauffeur slow up it's a hen. Dogs are bad enough, but a hen always runs the wrong way, and if the machine is going at any speed usually ends up under the wheels. Hitting a hen will sometimes throw the front wheels out of line and cause the car to swerve, so drivers almost invariably slow up and give poultry a chance to get out of the way. A hen speed trap is a great idea, to my way of thinking, and, of course, if one of the birds were killed, the cost could easily be added to the driver's fine."

Call and see our full line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Sweaters
and
Underwear
which we have just received
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
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TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 240,090
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.
The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.
Sample copies mailed free. Address
THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	77
" " 2 "	74
" " 3 "	71
Flax, No. 1	$1.42
" " 2	1.37
Barley, for 50 lbs.	30
Oats	23
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	24
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	9@6
Chickens, alive	@8
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	2.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, "	27.00

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company,
S. J. SWANSON, Agent

A. O. LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn.

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For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
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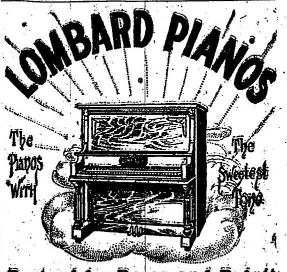
Auction Bills, etc.
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Staker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Perviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proved to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no [illegible].
G. W. HOOPER

THESE SIX LETTERS

From New England Women

Prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Does Restore the Health of Ailing Women.

Boston, Mass.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from hemorrhages (sometimes lasting for weeks), and could get nothing to check them. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound (tablet form) on Tuesday, and the following Saturday morning the hemorrhages stopped. I have taken them regularly ever since and am steadily gaining.

"I certainly think that every one who is troubled as I was should give your Compound Tablets a faithful trial, and they will find relief."—Mrs. George Juby, 803 Fifth Street, South Boston, Mass.

Letter from Mrs. Julia King, Phœnix, R.I.

Phœnix, R.I.—"I worked steady in the mill from the time I was 13 years old until I had been married a year, and I think that caused my bad feelings. I had soreness in my side near my left hip that went around to my back, and sometimes I would have to lie in bed for two or three days. I was not able to do my housework.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped me wonderfully in every way. You may use my letter for the good of others. I am only too glad to do anything within my power to recommend your medicine."—Mrs. Julia King, Box 283, Phœnix, R.I.

Letter from Mrs. Etta Donovan, Willimantic, Conn.

Willimantic, Conn.—"For five years I suffered untold agony from female troubles causing backache, irregularities, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It was impossible for me to walk up stairs without stopping on the way. I was all run down in every way.

"I tried three doctors and each told me something different. I received no benefit from any of them but seemed to suffer more. The last doctor said it was no use for me to take anything as nothing would restore me to health again. So I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to see what it would do, and by taking seven bottles of the Compound and other treatment you advised, I am restored to my natural health."—Mrs. Etta Donovan, 763 Main Street, Willimantic, Conn.

Letter from Mrs. Winfield Dana, Augusta, Me.

Augusta, Me.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured the backache, headache, and the bad pain I had in my right side, and I am perfectly well."—Mrs. Winfield Dana, R.F.D. No. 2, Augusta, Me.

Letter from Mrs. J. A. Thompson, Newport, Vt.

Newport, Vt.—"I thank you for the great benefit Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I took eight bottles and it did wonders for me, as I was a nervous wreck when I began taking it. I shall always speak a good word for it to my friends."—Mrs. John A. Thompson, Box 3, Newport Center, Vermont.

Letter from Miss Grace Dodds, Bethlehem, N.H.

Bethlehem, N.H.—"By working very hard, sweeping carpets, washing, ironing, lifting heavy baskets of clothes, etc., I got all run down. I was sick in bed every month.

"This last Spring my mother got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and already I feel like another girl. I am regular and do not have the pains that I did, and do not have to go to bed. I will tell all my friends what the Compound is doing for me."—Miss Gracie B. Dodds, Box 133, Bethlehem, N.H.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine, made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

ANGRY FISH BITE ANGLER

Brooklyn Man, the Sufferer, Sends Head to Pasteur Institute, Fearing Rabies.

Whether a fish can have hydrophobia is a question that Fred Henry of Hancock street, Brooklyn, would like to have settled, and for that reason he has sent to the Pasteur institute in New York the head of a pickerel that bit him at Swartswood lake recently, says a Newton (N. J.) correspondent of the New York Press. Henry was fishing in a boat that was a trifle leaky and he took off his shoes and socks. His first catch was a pickerel weighing three pounds. When he yanked the fish it flopped around in the bottom of the boat in a lively fashion.

As Henry was baiting up again he felt a sharp pain in one of his feet, and, looking down, saw that the pickerel had made a jump and fastened its teeth in his toe. He tried to kick the fish away, but the pickerel held on and Henry had to use the handle of his landing net to pry open the fish's jaws before he got free of it. The toe started to swell where the teeth had punctured it, and Henry became worried. He says he thinks it possible that the pickerel may have had hydrophobia and, as a precautionary measure, he sent the head to the Pasteur institute.

Unfailing Stimulant.

Men have tried many things, but still they ask for stimulant—the stimulant in use but requires the use of more. Men try to drown the floating dead of their own souls in the wine cup, but the corpses will rise. We see their faces in the bubbles. The intoxication of drink sets the world whirling again, and the pulses playing music, and the thoughts galloping, but the fast clock runs down sooner, and the unnatural stimulation only leaves the house it fills with revelry—more silent, more sad, more deserted, more dead. There is only one stimulant that never fails, and yet never intoxicates—Duty. Duty puts a blue sky over every man—up in his heart maybe—into which the skylark, happiness, always goes singing.—George D. Pentice.

The Love in Fiction and Life.

A periodical devoted to the drama pleads for plays based on some emotion other than love. The difficulty in producing such plays is that every play must have a hero, and in making a hero, the playwright, as well as his audience, almost inevitably adopts the view expressed 2,000 years ago by a scribbler of the dead walls of Pompeii: "He who has never loved a woman is not a gentleman."

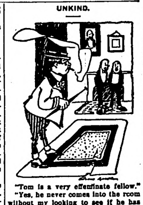
Best Books for Children.

Eugene Field, asked for the best ten books for young people under sixteen years of age, is said to have given this list: "Pilgrim's Progress," "Robinson Crusoe," Anderson's Fairy Tales, Grimm's Fairy Tales, "Scottish Chiefs," "Black Beauty," "The Arabian Nights," "Swiss Family Robinson," "Little Lord Fauntleroy," "Tom Brown's School Days," for boys, or for girls, "Little Women."

More Grazing Ground Required.

It is computed that it takes twelve acres of land to graze one head of cattle on Texas land.

UNKIND.



"Tom is a very effeminate fellow."

"Yes, he never comes into the room without my looking to see if he has feathers on his hat."

Motor Cars and Mosquitoes.

Mosquitoes, flies and gnats of every description are said to be more numerous in Paris this year than ever before. It has become a veritable invasion. The explanation usually given is that the swallows are much fewer this summer, and also that the ubiquitous sparrow is notably on the decrease. Nobody can find a reason for the desertion of the swallows, but the reason of the scarcity of sparrows is not far to seek. The enemy is mechanical traction, which is supplanting the use of the horse. Before long, horses will practically have disappeared in Paris, and when their nosebags go there will disappear one of the principl staples of food for the Paris "pierrot," who is taking wing for the country in search of the grains of oats and barley once so plentiful on the boulevard and avenues.

German Farmer Good Business Man.

Under a seemingly generous offer of hospitality, a North German farmer has managed to include a good stroke of business for himself. In a Hanover paper recently appeared an advertisement that from fifteen to twenty women and girls (not under twelve years of age) who needed recuperation could have free board and lodging on a country estate. But in exchange they would be required to pick pease from eight to ten hours. Industrious pickers might also be paid cash for their labor.

A Booklet for Investors.

The Harris Trust and Savings Bank, Harris Trust Building, Chicago, has issued a booklet entitled "Why Bonds Are Safe Investments," intended for the use of persons planning to invest in bonds for the first time. Its aim is to explain in simple terms the purposes and uses of various classes of bonds, and to indicate the value of bonds as safe investments for individuals as well as institutions. Copies may be had free on application.

In Gotham.

"I know a policeman who always puts by something every week of what he earns."

"Humph! I know one who always puts by every week more than he earns."

The palmist can read your future off-hand.

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

Keep on trying; it's often the last key of the bunch that opens the door.

FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

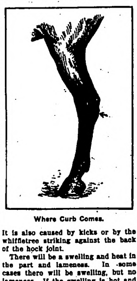
LIVE STOCK

REMEDIES FOR CURB DISEASE

Too Much Stress Placed on Ligament Situated on Back Part of Hock Joint Is Cause.

(By DR. D. M. M'INTOSH, Illinois Experiment Station.)

Anything that puts too much stress on the ligament situated on the back part of the hock joint, such as holding back heavy loads, going downhill or hind legs slipping too far under the horse's body, may cause curb disease.



Where Curb Comes.

It is also caused by kicks or by the whiffletree striking against the back of the hock joint.

There will be a swelling and heat in the part and lameness. In some cases there will be swelling, but no lameness. If the swelling is hot and tender to the touch, mix half an ounce acetate of lead and two ounces tincture of arnica with one quart of water. Shake up and apply a little to the swollen part three times a day and continue until the heat and swelling disappear. If there should be any swelling after the heat and lameness have disappeared, mix one teaspoonful of biniodide of mercury with eight tablespoonfuls of lard. Rub on a little of this mixture with the fingers, let it remain on for twenty-four hours, then wash off with warm water and soap and repeat the blister in three weeks, if needed. In cases where there is swelling, but no heat or lameness, the lotion would be of no use, but the above blister should be used as directed. In old or long-standing cases of curb, if the animal is not lame, it is best to let it alone, as medicines would be of no service.

PROFITABLE BREED OF HOGS

Good Individuals of Any Popular Line, Backed by Good Ancestors, Will Make Money.

The first question every beginner asks is: "What is the best breed of hogs?" The breed makes little difference. Good individuals of any popular line, if backed by good ancestors, will make money with proper handling. I believe the best for you is the breed you like. If you like red hogs, raise Duroc-Jerseys, if you like a good black and white hog with ears turned down, get a Poland-China. If your fancy turns to a black and white hog with ears erect, take Berkshire, writes E. White in the Orange Judd Farmer. If you want to raise bacon hogs, and you prefer white ones, get Yorkshire. If you prefer red, get Tamworth. White hogs do well in the northern sections. Either Chester Whites or Cheshires may be grown. As a rule, white hogs are not profitable in the south. The intense sun blisters the skin and may cause chronic sores. The choice of breed is usually a matter of fancy. An important point is the selection of good individuals from prolific strains and handle these in such a way as to make large profits.

Excellent Type of Berkshire.

CARING FOR HORSE'S TEETH

Excellent Plan to Make Examination Two or Three Times Yearly—Treat Them With File.

If your horse shows difficulty in eating, or loses flesh without apparent cause, it is time to examine the teeth. Very often elongated teeth prevent a horse from properly masticating its food, thereby rendering it impossible to obtain much benefit from it.

Ulcerated teeth also are a source of great trouble and prevent a horse from eating well. Sometimes broken teeth cut the sides of the horse's mouth and form painful sores, which of course interfere with mastication.

It is a good plan to examine the teeth of all horses two or three times a year, and in case of broken or elongated teeth of a valuable animal are badly affected it should be treated by a veterinary surgeon.

Bad Feeding.

You cannot starve money into an animal, therefore, underfeeding is waste. Overfeeding is just as wasteful. When we overfeed we not only tax the animal's digestive [illegible]

PREPARING CORN FOR SWINE

Method of Feeding Hogs in Fattening Carefully Studied by Iowa Experiment Station.

In the new Farmers' Bulletin (No. 497) of the experiment station work by the department of agriculture, Washington, is an article on the preparation of corn for hogs.

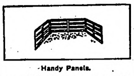
Among many farmers the time-honored way of feeding corn to hogs is to shovel it to them directly from the earth, but many careful, progressive feeders have come to feel that the simple form in which corn is supplied by nature can be improved. The grinding and soaking of corn are thus given an influential degree of support because so many of the best purebred hogs in the country are fed their corn in this manner.

The question of the most economical method of feeding corn to hogs has been very carefully studied by the Iowa experiment station. The fastest and most profitable gains were secured by feeding dry ear corn until the hogs were close to 200 pounds in weight. Then if the hogs were to be fed longer, and the weather permitted, the most profitable gains were secured by changing them to soaked shelled corn. Fall pigs and spring pigs carried over to be fattened the following spring were handled most profitably by feeding dry ear corn until the weather became mild enough for soaked corn in the following spring, and then feeding soaked shelled corn until the finish. It should be borne in mind that corn soaked twelve hours gave better results than that soaked twenty-four hours.

USEFUL FOR PENNING STOCK

Hinged Panels Arranged in Convenient Manner One of Handiest Things Around the Farm.

Here is a sketch of a hinge panel that I have found to be about the handiest thing on the place when used to handle calves, hogs or other stock, writes D. H. Grifton of Smith Center, Kan., in the Farmers' Mail and Breeze. It is especially handy to catch and pen a sow without worry, as two men can entirely inclose an animal with it. Have a man at the end of each wing of the panel, walk up to a hog and enclose him while asleep or eating. Panel, hog and all may then be slipped along to the pen. The panels make a good pen to enclose a sick animal, or a sow and litter that has been farrowed in the open. There are many uses for it. The panels should be made of light, strong lumber. Mine may be folded up and carried under the arm.



Handy Panels.

GOOD MANAGEMENT OF GOATS

Despite Natural Inclination to Browse on Shrubs and Weeds, They Must Be Fed.

(By R. E. LARA.)

Goats, like other animals, must be fed or they will die. Some people do not seem to recognize this fact, but it is true. Goats have a natural inclination to browse on shrubs, weeds or any other coarse leaved herbage, but they must have nutritious feed in addition to thrive.

If Angora goats are fed and treated as one would treat sheep, they will get along very well. In the winter time they need clean clover hay and some grain and clean, fresh water at all times. The goat is almost as finicky as the sheep and requires water untainted by any other animal, sweet grain and hay, as they will not touch these feeds if they are musty.

Too much has been said about the ability of the goats as weed destroyers. It is true they will clean up a pasture of coarse weeds, and so will sheep; we have never been able to discover much difference and, taking everything into consideration, we believe that the farmer who raises sheep instead of goats will get better satisfaction from his flock.

Pasturing Reacting Cattle.

Cattle that react under the tuberculin test, if they are not to be disposed of at once, should be kept in a separate pasture. This pasture should be some distance from the other, or so fenced that it will be impossible for the infected and non-infected animals to get their heads together.

Whole Oats for Pigs.

Put a platform in a little inclosure in which the little pigs can be fed whole oats. Nothing quite takes the place of whole oats for suckling pigs. They will eat every grain out of the husk and grow like weeds on it.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Brush the sweat and grime from the horse collars.

There is no animal more unprofitable than a poor sheep.

The water in the stock tank should be kept clean, pure and fresh.

A few choice lambs make suitable farm companions for the children.

Get busy now with shaping up the live stock you will exhibit at the fair.

Sheep should not be kept with horses or swine, for they are liable to get killed.

Sheep feeders can no longer ignore the value of manure as a by-product of the feed lot.

Sheep do best on high, rolling ground; low ground produces foot rot and parasites.

Smooth-faced collars will not cure gall, but they will do better than cure it by preventing it.

Do not attempt to raise more hogs than you can handle well, [illegible]

ELECTRIC LIGHT IN DENMARK

Every Town in That Country of Over 5,000 Population Has Public Service.

According to recent information about the progress of electric light and power industries in Denmark, it appears that all the towns of 5,000 inhabitants and over are now provided with public electric service, says the Scientific American. As to towns having between 5,000 and 2,000 inhabitants, there are only three in which electric mains are not installed, so that it will be seen that Denmark is one of the most progressive countries in this respect. The largest sized electric stations are to be found at Copenhagen and at present there are three large plants in operation giving a total of 27,000 horse power. Current is supplied for the city mains, as well as for the tramway lines. As regards the Danish stations in small towns, in general each town has its own plant, and there is but one example of an intercommunal system. This is at Skovshoved, near Copenhagen, and the central station extends its power lines over all the suburban regions, also supplying the tramways of Hellerup and Klampenburg. In most of the town electric stations the Diesel heavy oil engine is used.

ERUPTION LIKE PIMPLES

Wathena, Kan.—"My child's scalp trouble became so bad that I was ashamed to have anyone see him. His head had a solid scab on it. He also had a terrible breaking out on his face which was gradually growing worse. The eruption was like pimples which developed into sores when he scratched, which he did almost constantly. Baby would almost scratch himself raw.

"I had used several different kinds of salve, none of them helping in the least bit, when I saw the Cuticura advertisement in the paper and it made me think of the good results my sister had when she used it for her children. I had only used Cuticura Soap and Ointment about two weeks before I noticed that the sores were almost entirely gone, and it must have been a month or six weeks he was troubled before I began the treatment. He would get easy when I would put the Cuticura Ointment on him. Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured him and he has a clear complexion now." (Signed) Mrs. W. H. Hughes, Dec. 31, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Collective Housekeeping.

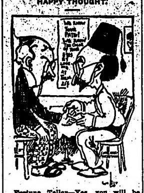
An English paper tells of an experiment in collective housekeeping in what is known as Brent Garden village. The dwelling houses contain all improvements except a kitchen. Meals for everybody are cooked at a central hall, and may either be eaten there or sent home. A four-course dinner costs only 1 shilling and 6 pence. Servants are supplied, when needed, from the central hall at a cost of about ten cents an hour.

Filial.

"I thought your father looked very handsome with his gray hairs."

"Yes, dear old chap. I gave him those."—London Opinion.

HAPPY THOUGHT.



Fortune Teller—Yes, you will be very wealthy. With my inward eye I can see heaps of money all around you.

Mr. Verywise—Well, suppose you take your fee out of it with your inward fingers.

Robert Browning's Will.

Diligent search is being made at Florence, Italy, for the will of Robert Browning, son of the famous poet, but so far it has not been found. The fact that there apparently is no will is causing considerable gossip, as the property, of which there is a good deal, both in Asolo and Florence, will pass to his wife, who was Miss Coddington of New York, and from whom he lived apart for years, owing to incompatability of temper.

Browning's property in Florence included Casa Guidi, where he spent his childhood days. When his mother died the property passed out of the family, and was acquired by him a few years ago.

Child's Popularity Explained.

A winning lottery ticket of $100,000, in connection with the Nobles Bank was recently presented for payment at the State Bank in St. Petersburg, and it now transpires that the owner is an eight-year-old orphan, an inmate of the Orphanage at Pskoff. The lottery ticket was her sole possession. Her relatives have hitherto done nothing for the child, but when the news of her good fortune became known they were one and all eager to adopt her. The authorities have placed her in the charge of an arch-priest, a distant connection of her father.

Instead of liquid antiseptics, tablets and peroxide, for toilet and medicinal uses, many people prefer Paxtine, which is cheaper and better. At druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Soda to Brighten China.

Soda will brighten china that has been burned or darkened by long use.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH
By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c.

If the clinging type of woman could only hang onto cash!

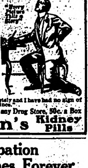
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

But a really clever woman is too clever to show it.

WHAT WILL CURE MY BACK?

Common sense will do more to cure backache than anything else. 'Twill tell you whether the kidneys are sore, swollen and aching. It will tell you in that case that there is no use trying to cure it with a plaster. If the passages are scant or too frequent, proof that there is kidney trouble is complete. Then common sense will tell you to use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended special kidney remedy.

An Arkansas Case.



Every Picture Tells a Story

Henry J. White, 416 N. 3rd St., Ft. Smith, Ark., says: "I suffered everything but death from terrible kidney trouble. I had awful headaches and dizzy spells, urine scalded and my back ached constantly. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely and I have had no sign of kidney trouble since."

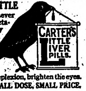
Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

Doan's Kidney Pills

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Good School

LARGE ATTENDANCE, LOWEST RATES

Thorough Work. Practical Courses. Accredited. Courses: Preparatory, Commercial, Shorthand, Stenotypy, Teachers, High School, Scientific, Music, Penmanship, Agriculture, Steam and Gas Engineering. Regular tuition, [illegible] per week; board, [illegible]. Free Tuition to one student from each postoffice. Write for catalog. Address SOUTHERN MINNESOTA NORMAL COLLEGE, BOX 530, AUSTIN, MINNESOTA

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THEODORE ROOSEVELT

in his many characteristic poses and costumes so grouped and photographed making a most artistic and beautiful collection. Size 14 x 18 and halftoned in a charming brownish duotone. Col. Roosevelt is shown in so many poses that his admirers will highly prize this composite collection of photographs. Help boost Roosevelt. Be loyal. Order quick. Sent postpaid on receipt of [illegible] cents Campaign Photographic Bureau, 1544 Broadway, New York

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 620 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

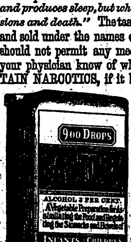
IF IT'S YOUR EYES
PETTIT'S EYE SALVE is what you need

PENSIONS Write Milo B. Stevens & Co., Attys., 622 F St., Washington. Estab. [illegible]

N. W. N. U., NO. 37–1912.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



900 DROPS
ALCOHOL 3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
NEW YORK
35 DOSES 35 CENTS

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. Agnes V. Swetland, of Omaha, Nebr., says: "Your Castoria is the best remedy in the world for children and the only one I use and recommend."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boarman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. [illegible], of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disorders of the digestive organs."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1912. NUMBER, 11.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

Political Notes.

Maine turned a political somersault, landing on the republican side.

South Dakota republicans and progressives may work in harmony.

The appeal of Taft men in the Kansas electoral case has been perfected.

Governor Johnson made the prediction that progressives will carry Michigan.

The candidacy of Colonel Roosevelt was attacked by Senator Sutherland of Utah.

Colonel Roosevelt regards Governor Wilson as something of a novice in practical things.

Colonel Roosevelt said the progressive movement was spreading over the country like wildfire.

In an address at New York Woodrow Wilson said democracy represented the ark of safety.

Colonel Roosevelt marked the dividing line between progressive and reactionary voters.

The treasurer of the progressive party has made public the contributions to the cause to date.

Roosevelt, principal speaker at the Missouri progressive convention, assailed Wilson and Archbold.

There was no majority for governor in the Vermont election and the legislature will have to decide it.

Governor Hiram W. Johnson of California made five speeches in Wisconsin in one day in favor of the progressive party, but did not mention Senator La Follette by name.

The Maryland republican state convention reassembled at Baltimore, revoked the list of presidential electors chosen last May and named a new ticket of out and out Taft men.

Washington dispatch: Fred H. Abbott of Nebraska, assistant Indian commissioner, is expected to succeed Commissioner Robert G. Valentine, whose resignation has been submitted.

Increase organized labor's representation in congress is the keynote of the 1912 political program to be officially announced in the Washington weekly news letter of the American Federation of Labor, which sounds labor's campaign cry.

The itinerary of William J. Bryan's western stumping tour has been made public. Starting from Denver, Mr. Bryan will close his western trip September 30 in Wyoming, in time to return to Lincoln by October 5, when he is scheduled to deliver an address from the same platform as Governor Wilson.

General.

Governor Hadley declared his loyalty to the Missouri republican ticket.

Government and state veterinarians disagree as to horse disease but ask owners to excercise care in choice of feed.

The strike of the ore dock men on the Great Northern system at Allouez Bay, Manitoba, was settled on terms proposed by the company.

Regents of the University of Minnesota rejected the proposition of the State Board of Health to establish a leper colony on the campus.

The eighth death as the result of Eddie Hasha's ride into a crowd of spectators at the motorcycle races in Newark, N. J., occurred Sunday.

The American Association of General Passenger and Ticket Agents concluded its fifty-seventh annual convention in Seattle with election of officers.

Springfield, Mass., was elected as next year's meeting place of the National Association of Stationary Engineers, which has been in conventioon in Kansas City.

The second day of the power boat races on the Niagara river was marked by two accidents in which two of the hydroplanes went to the bottom and the crew of one was seriously injured.

A semi-official statement has been issued denouncing as absolutely unfounded various newspaper reports that an agreement had been reached respecting the conclusion of peace between Italy and Turkey.

Marie La Salle-Rabinoff, an American opera singer and the wife of Max Rabinoff, the Russian impressario, died in a hospital in London after an operation. She was formerly Miss Jessie Richmond of Beatrice, Neb.

At Reloigh, N. C. Wm. Reichmann, of the stae university, was killed while being hazed. He was placed in a barrel and when surrounded by his tormentors fell off and gasped, "My neck is broken," and died a moment later.

Seventy European scientists who are making a tour of the United States in a special train arrived in Seattle from eastern Washington.

Two resolutions looking to the world-wide safety of buildings were adopted at the final session of the congress of the International Association for Testing Materials.

Chicago in August was the leading postoffice center in the United States. Figures made public show that the Chicago postoffice excelled in receipts the New York office, its nearest rival, by $29,274.30 for the month of August.

A final order of cancellation has been issued in the Cunningham Alaska coal land claims.

Colonel Roosevelt was roundly scored at the Connecticut democratic state convention.

Chicago was chosen for the next biennial meeting of the general federation of women's clubs.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs Valentine tendered his resignation to join the progressive party.

Discrimination against Iowa is charged in a suit filed with the interstate commerce commission.

Kansas City, Mo., and July 8 were selected by the National Dental association for next year's meeting.

Joseph F. Haas of Chicago resigned as clerk of the Illinois Pardon board and his resignation was accepted.

Chicago was chosen for the next biennial meeting of the General Federation of Women's clubs by the board of directors.

Rev. George R. Cross, pastor of one of the leading Methodist Episcopal churches of Baltimore, has been elected president of Depauw university

The Washington progressive state convention nominated a state ticket headed by Robert T. Hodge of Seattle for the governorship and named candidates for congress.

The yield of the Klondike gold placer mines for 1912 was $5,000,000, an increase of $1,000,000 over 1911. The increase was due to the employment of more dredgers.

The investment of the Right Rev. Reginald Heber Weber, successor as Episcopal bishop of Fond Du Lac, Wis., to Bishop Grafton, will probably take place Sunday, October 6.

That the strike situation in the Knawhala valley coal fields in West Virginia, which has been under martial law for the last few days, is growing more complex is reported.

Dr. A. O. Zwick, candidate of the third partyy for "Nick" Longworth's seat in congress is going to make a hot fight. His campaign will be largely a stereoptican campaign.

Director Mulvane at national republican headquarters announced that John M. Harlan of Chicago would follow Colonel Roosevelt through Oregon and other Pacific coast states.

Government ownership of public utilities and the conservation of the country's natural resources were urged by Dr. Elwood Mead, chairman of the state rivers and water supply commission of Victoria.

Argument was begun at Chicago before Examiner Elder, of the interstate commerce commission of suspended increases in coal rates on the Chicago Burlington and Quincy railroad from Springfield, Ill., to Clinton, Ia.

Governor-elect William T. Haines received the following telegram of congratulation from President Taft: "Hon William T. Haines. I congratulate you on redeeming Maine. It is a notable and significant victory."

Charges that Robert G. Valentine, who resigned as commissioner of Indian affairs, took liquor with him on an official visit to an Indian reservation in Oklahoma, will be investigated by the department of justice.

The good offices of the United States as intermediary in the Turko-American war would be welcomed by both nations it is understood. The The United States is regarded as the only disinterested one of the powers.

The expectations of the state dement have been fully justified in the complete collapse of the effort of certain privvate interests to conclude a $50,000,000 loan to China in the face of the known disapproval of the great powers.

While there is a disposition to assist in every proper restoration of peace between Italy and Turkey, officials of the state department were obliged to confess that so far the United States had made no move whatever in that direction.

The American embassy has been informed by John Devine, writing from Ceurnevaca, Mexico, and claiming to be an American enlisted in the Mexican army, that he has been sentenced to death by the federals and that he is ignorant of the charge against him.

With returns from eight small counties missing, the Taft republican headquarters in Denver issued a statement claiming the gubernatorial nomination in Tuesday's primaries for C. C. Parks by 1,500. P. B. Stewart, progressive, and his manager refused to admit defeat.

New York's proposed Broadway curfew, otherwise a crusade against "mashers and kindred nuisances" received support from the bench today, when Magistrate Cornell sentenced to the workhouse for indeterminate terms ten men who had been arrested for loafing after midnight.

Government veterinarians have arrived in Nebraska to aid in exterminating the deadly disease among horses.

Personal.

Mexican rebel General Rojas sent a note of defiance to Americans.

The kaiser favors a grant of land on Lake Greibuitz for a golf course.

W. F. Wallace, widely known as a circus man, died at Hot Springs, Ark.

Congressman Norris has arrived in Nebraska and will make the senatorial campaign.

Woodrow Wilson denies that he promised Governor Dix support.

Senator Borah gives signs of becoming a recruit to the Roosevelt cause.

The estranged wife of General Daniel E. Sickles came to the financial rescue of the aged veteran.

Senator and Mrs. A. B. Cummins will soon go to Europe and return shortly before the election in November.

President Taft has taken personal charge of the question of permitting religious garb to be worn in Indian schools.

IT IS RINGDAHL AND EBERHART

GOVERNOR'S RENOMINATION BY HANDSOME MAJORITY IS GENERALLY CONCEDED.

NELSON BY OVER 7,000.

Present Railroad Commissioners Win —Other Incumbents Probably Renamed, According to Returns.

Minneapolis, Sept. 19.—Governor Eberhart has prevailed by a handsome majority; Knute Nelson has distanced James Peterson, his lone rival; J. A. A. Burnquist is the party's candidate for lieutenant governor, and the present incumbents of the minor executive offices who were up for renomination have gotten by safely. This was indicated by fairly complete returns. P. M. Ringdal, of Crookston, seems to have won an easy victory over his adversary on the Democratic side. Eight hundred and nineteen precincts in the state outside the Twin Cities give Nelson 24,698 and Peterson 17,250. Only the unexpected can change the results and this is not anticipated. Judge Mills and C. E. Elmquist, the present members of the railroad and warehouse commission, up for renomination, were being hard pressed by Canfield and Rosenwald, their rivals, but the general opinion was that their lead in the cities would pull them through.

Both Judge Mills and Mr. Elmquist showed their anxiety over the returns from the country. Rosenwald made a showing that was surprising and it may yet require the official canvass to determine who will represent the commission on the election ballot. Elmquist is in the greatest danger. Judge Mills has a lead in the country of 637 and Elmquist 609.

Secretary of State Julius Schmahl leads the Republican ticket, with J. A. A. Burnquist a close second. Attorney General Smith is third in the count.

Schmahl Always Safe.

Burnquist, according to the returns, simply ran away from his rival, D. M. Neill of Red Wing. He surged ahead from the start and has been keeping up the lead ever since. There never was any question regarding the nomination of Secretary of State Schmahl. Attorney General Smith will win out by a handsome majority.

Insurance Commissioner J. A. Preus, early in the game predicted that Governor Eberhart would prevail in 70 counties and his claim may be realized. His excellency had a substantial majority over all and the figure is growing. W. E. Lee and E. T. Young pressed him hard in country districts during the day, but the distance between Governor Eberhart and the two has since been considerably widened.

Lee won out in his own county, Todd, and has prevailed in Sherburne county. Here the vote was Lee, 405; Eberhart, 356. Young ran third in Sherburne county. Picked to give Governor Eberhart the run of his life, the vote given S. Y. Gordon takes on the pathetic. The slump was predicted days before the primary and it has been realized to its fullest extent. It is likely that Mr. Gordon will only carry his own county, Traverse. So far only eight precincts in Traverse county have been heard from and they give Gordon 323, Eberhart 120, Lee 59 and Young 19.

Wife of Senator Sullivan Dies.

New York.—Mrs. Timothy D. Sullivan, wife of Senator "Big Tim" Sullivas, is dead. Senator Sullivan and his wife have been separated for the last seven years and during that time the politician has maintained a residence for her on West Seventy-fifth street, the house in which she died.

Officer Who Took Bribe Ousted.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Accused of taking a 50 cent bribe, Fred E. Brandt, member of the police department, was stripped of his star and termed a disgrace to the police force by Assistant Chief Herman F. Schuettler. Brandt admitted that he took 50 cents from a peddler after arresting him for crying his wares.

Former Detective Arested.

Lethbridge, Alta., Sept. 19.—Former City Detective Pat Egan, was shot and perhaps fatally wounded by Richard Christian, a cowboy from the Iron Springs district. The shooting is said to be the result of an old feud between the two. Christian was arrested.

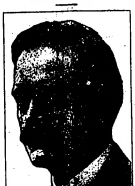
4,000 Copper Miners Strike.

Bingham, Utah, Sept. 19.—All the copper mines here are idle following the vote at a miners' meeting for a strike to affect immediately 4,000 men. Strike pickets, said to be armed, turned back shifts which started to work.

$10,000 for Aviator's Son.

Washington, Sept. 19.—A fortune of $10,000 is left the 7-months-old son of Paul Peck, the Washington aviator, killed at Chicago, Sept. 11, according to probate proceedings here.

P. M. RINGDAL



The returns from the Minnesota state-wide primary indicate that P. M. Ringdal, Crookston, is the Democratic nominee.

WILSON VISITS TWIN CITIES

ADDRESSES BUSINESS MEN, CHILDREN, COLLEGE STUDENTS.

Outlines His Policies to 2,500 in Parade Speech.—Speaks Frankly of Business Evils.

Minneapolis, Sept. 19. — The sun came out from behind a dark cloud and struck Woodrow Wilson, candidate for president, who campaigned in Minneapolis, square in the face as he emerged from the university armory, where he spoke to 4,000 people, and it then went back again. He was immensely pleased and said it was a good omen. The democratic candidate came into town on a gloomy morning, his entire schedule disarranged by a late train.

"I like this sunlight," he said, as he climbed into an automobile for a run to the parade grounds to make another speech. He had spoken three times already, once to 200 men at the Commercial club breakfast, again to 500 children of the Garfield school, and again to the assemblage in the university armory, and had before him his parade ground talk and his big speech tonight in St. Paul. He had cut out an hour of rest that had been provided in his schedule and was rushing through his program on the jump from one place to another.

"The western democracy is up and stirring," he said. "It has been a very gratifying trip. I have been in Minneapolis before and am pleased at my reception."

"Do I think I will be elected? Well," he smiled broadly, "I am out for that purpose. Certainly I could not ask for greater encouragement or enthusiasm than has attended my tour and this Minneapolis reception is splendid."

WORLD'S SERIES DATES.

World's Series Dates Will Be Arranged Definitely Wednesday.

Cincinnati, Ohio. Sept. 19.—Chairman August Herriman of the national baseball commission has announced that the commission will meet in New York next Wednesday and arrange for the world's championship series.

Mr. Herriman said all matters pertaining to the games would be placed in the hands of the national commission. He believed the arrangements for the distribution of tickets as made by the Boston American League club management was premature and even if applied would not be successful. He is rather in favor of obliging mail requests as much as possible.

Revolt Approaches Crisis.

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 19.—With most of the rebel bands in Sonora mobilizing at Colonia, Morelos, and the federal forces concentrating at Fronteras and Yzabel on the Nacozari railroad, the revolutionary situation in that part of Sonora tributaries to this city is rapidly approaching a crisis. Upon orders of Mexican Consul Cuesta, 150 rifles and 15,000 rounds of ammunition were shipped to Nacozari for the arming of Mexican miners who have expressed a desire to defend the town in the event of attack.

Five New Cardinals.

Rome, Sept. 19.—The pope will shortly fix the date of the November consistory. It is expected he will create five new cardinals, including an American and possibly a South American. Successors will also be named for the late Cardinals Fisher of Cologne, Couille of France, and Samaisa of Austria, bringing the membership of the sacred college up to sixty-seven.

Connaughts Visit Vancouver.

Vancouver, B. C., Sept. 19.—With a guard of honor of the duke of Connaught's own regiment standing at salute and the regimental band playing the national anthem, the royal train drew in at the station and the duke, the duchess, the Princess Patricia and their party were welcomed here. Carriages were in waiting and the royal guests, escorted by a detachment of the British Columbian mounted horse, proceeded on a tour of the city.

SIXTEEN ARE KILLED

CHESTER-LIVERPOOL EXPRESS CRASHES INTO STATION PLATFORM AT DITTON JUNCTION.

RUNNING DOWN INCLINE.

Engine Jumps Tracks and Nine Cars Run Wild Down Track.—Harrowing Scenes Are Evidence.

Liverpool, England. — Sixteen persons were killed and 49 injured by the derailing of the express from Chester to Liverpool at Ditton Junction, eight miles from Liverpool. The train had passed over the long bridge spanning the Mersey river and was running down the incline leading to the junction when, at the crossover points, the engine jumped the rails and crashed into the buttress of a bridge spanning the line.

The coupling of the car next to the engine parted and the train of nine cars sped on to the station. The leading cars crashed into the platform with terrific force and were wrecked. One car was overturned and caught fire and was soon consumed. Several bodies in this car were cremated. Some of the injured were rescued from windows.

The engine driver was crushed to death and the fireman had both legs broken. He was pinned under the locomotive for two hours.

Dead Taken from Wreck.

The work of extricating the dead and injured by the light of bonfires was continued until a late hour. The fourth car became a roaring furnace and the terrible cries of the injured and appeals for help, together with the difficulty in taking the passengers from the wreckage, caused harrowing scenes.

The known death roll numbered 16. Several of the bodies still are unidentified.

WOMEN IN CRUSADE.

Will March Against Vice in Chicago.

Chicago, Illinois. — Chicago women have banded themselves under the leadership of Virginia Brooks, West Hammond's girl reformer, for a giant vice crusade to end only with the emancipation of enslaved girls found in the disreputable districts of this city.

Club women and working girls will be found in the legions following the modern Joan of Arc in her march upon the city's organized vice, as soon as the West Hammond's crusade is ended.

SNEAD IS INDICTED.

Amarillo Banker Is Charged With Murder.

Amarillo, Texas.—J. B. Snead, the Amarillo banker, has been indicted for the alleged murder here Saturday of Al C. Boyce, Jr. The indictment was returned by the Potter county grand jury at conclusion of the examination of 50 witnesses.

The trial of Snead for the murder of young Boyce could not be held before the January term of the district court here. Before that time, in November next, he will face trial at Fort Worth for the murder of his Amarillo victim's father.

Union May Aid Sidna Allen.

Des Moines, Iowa.—A Proposition that the International Carpenters' union in convention at Washington, D. C., extend aid to Sidna Allen, Virginia mountaineer, captured here last Saturday in connection with the Hillsville courthouse murders, will be brought before the convention by representatives of the Des Moines union, according to an announcement. Members of the local organization say that Allen is as much entitled to consideration as any other member.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 18.—Wheat, September, 88½c; Dec., 88⅝c; No. 1 northern, 87½@89½c; No. 2 northern, 84½@87½c; No. 1 durum, 82½c; No. 3 corn, 70½c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, 65c; No. 2 rye, 61½c; No. 1 flax, $1.77.

Duluth, Sept. 18.—Wheat, Dec., 88¼c; No. 1 northern, 88⅜c; No. 1 durum, 85½c.

South St. Paul, Sept. 18.—Cattle—Steers, $5.50@8.25; cows, $4.10@6.25; calves, $3.50@10.00; hogs, $7.90@8.45; sheep and lambs, $4.00@6.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Cattle, receipts, 5,500; market dull and weak; beeves, $5.75@10.75; Texas steers, $4.65@6.25; western steers, $5.70@9.15; stockers and feeders, $4.20@7.15; cows and heifers, $2.90@7.85; calves, $7.75@10.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; market slow, 5@10c under yesterday's average; light, $8.15@8.75; mixed, $7.95@8.75; heavy, $7.75@8.60; rough, $7.75@8.00; pigs, $5.00@8.00; bulk of sales, $8.20@8.60.

Sheep — Receipts, 30,000; market steady; native, $3.50@4.60; western, $3.60@4.60; yearlings, $4.70@5.75; lambs, native, $4.85@7.65; western, $5.00@7.65.

Train Robbers Get Little.

Chattanooga, Tennessee. — The two bandits who held up Southern passenger train No. 25 near Stevenson, Ala., got less than $100, according to best estimates available. They did not search the four mail clerks in the car who had $400 in their pockets.

Urges Votes for Women.

Eau Claire, Wisconsin. — Mrs. Robert M. LaFollette in support of woman's suffrage addressed an audience of about 3,500 here.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Le Sueur.—Joseph Kennedy and Harry Scanlon were bound over to the grand jury, charged with burglary in the third degree.

Pipestone.—The enrollment of the Pipestone public schools at the close of the first week was 546. The enrollment in the high school is 124.

Grand Rapids.—Complete returns from outlying precincts of Itasca county will not reach the auditor's office until Friday or Saturday owing to the circuitous routes.

Northfield.—A touring car was struck near Castle Rock by a Rock Island passenger train. Mrs. C. J. Hoffman received severe bruises and the others were shaken up but not hurt.

Madelia.—Professor Maria Sanford made an address before the Sorosis club here and gave a reading from Macbeth in the auditorium in the evening. The reading was well attended and she held the close attention of all.

Bemidji.—At a state land sale conducted here by Theodore Nelson of the state auditor's office, more than 900 acres were sold for a total amount of $5,497.06, the average price per acre being $6.05. The amount collected for timber was $325.

Herman.—Because of alleged unrequited love, George Kegley attempted to shoot the object of his affections, a young widow living with her parents on a farm near here. The young woman's mother slammed the door in Kegley's face when he drew his revolver. Kegley then turned the gun on himself, inflicting a serious wound two inches above the heart.

Grand Rapids.—Itasca county commissioners have approved the survey of that portion of the Duluth-St. Vincent road, which lies in this county. About 52 miles of the road runs across Itasca, touching the towns of Swan River, Feeley, Warba, Blackberry, Grand Rapids, Cohasset, Deer River, Dumas and Ball Club. It is estimated the road in this county will cost $1,908 a mile.

Moorhead. — Information reached here that Louis Marsch, a convict from this county in the state penitentiary, had succumbed to heart disease. He was committed about a year ago for stealing pure blood fowls from a farm near Glyndon. Time and again he had been in trouble for stealing chickens and it seemed to be a mania with him. He is survived by his wife and several children.

Minneapolis, Minn.—With receipts of 11,732 cars loaded with grain since August 24, Minneapolis grain dealers are satisfied so far that the railroads are "taking care of them." Orders for cars have been supplied promptly, but even the railroad officials say that there is to be a shortage in about two weeks. So far, according to statistics in the office of the secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, the early shipments of spring and winter crop of all small grains have been delivered to market promptly.

Thief River Falls.—C. C. Nordby & Co. of this city secured the contract for the grading of the proposed Elwell highway running east of Thief River Falls twenty miles. C. Jensen & Sons, also of this city, were awarded the contract for hauling the covering of gravel to the road after it is graded. This highway will be the main road of travel for all farmers living in Eastern Marshall and Pennington counties. Pennington county had more candidates for the various county offices than any other county except Hennepin.

Cloquet.—The annual membership campaign of the boys' department of the Cloquet Y. M. C. A. is on and an effort is being made to have 100 boys enrolled by Oct. 1. The slogan of the campaign is "A Greater Boys' Department." Charles A. Gross, the secretary, says the work will be carried on with more enthusiasm than ever before. There will be a more up-to-date gymnasium to tempt the boys, frequent socials and open house for them and their friends, and special work for and oversight of the boys from 15 to 18 years of age, and meetings with the men's department into which the older boys expect to graduate.

Hamline.—The sale of tickets during fair week reached a total of $186,830.95, according to the books of Edgar L. Mattson, treasurer of the Minnesota State Agricultural society. This represents only the money received for admission to the grounds, grand stand, hippodrome and dog show, but not the advance sale of tickets outside of the fair grounds. The fair will have as other receipts the revenues from the sale of privileges, percentages on shows, entries to the racing events and an income from miscellaneous sources which not only will cover all the expenses of the fair, but may even wipe out the indebtedness of $77,000.

Stillwater.—Judge Stolberg held a special term of court here to consider condemnation proceedings brought by the state for the possession of thirty-seven lots lying east of the administration building of the new prison. The lots are owned by H. H. Harrison and F. S. Register and the price they have put upon them is regarded too high by the state. Judge Stolberg took the matter under advisement.

Woodstock. — Woodstock for the first time in many years, has a resident Catholic priest, Father Collins of Winona having been sent to the [illegible]

YOUNG WIFE SAVED FROM HOSPITAL

Tells How Sick She Was And What Saved Her From An Operation.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio.—"Three years ago I was married and went to housekeeping. I was not feeling well and could hardly drag myself along. I had such tired feelings, my back ached, my sides ached, I had bladder trouble awfully bad, and I could not eat or sleep. I had headaches, too, and became almost a nervous wreck. My doctor told me to go to a hospital. I did not like that idea very well, so, when I saw your advertisement in a paper, I wrote to you for advice, and have done as you told me. I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and now I have my health.

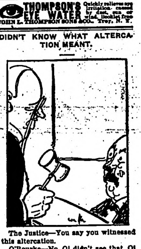
"If sick and ailing women would only know enough to take your medicine, they would get relief."—Mrs. BENJ. H. STANSBERY, Route 6, Box 18, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

If you have mysterious pains, irregularity, backache, extreme nervousness, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait too long, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound now.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and such unquestionable testimony as the above proves the value of this famous remedy and should give every one confidence.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

DIDN'T KNOW WHAT ALTERCATION MEANT.



The Justice—You say you witnessed this altercation.

O'Rourke—No, Oi didn't see that. Oi was too busy lookin' at th' foight.

Move for Change in Time.

The French ministry of public works is endeavoring to have the government adopt the system of reckoning time on railways by the use of the hours from 1 to 24, instead of 12 noon to 12 midnight. This system has already been adopted by many continental railways and has been in operation for years on the Canadian Pacific railway.

Matrimony in Australia.

Bridegrooms in Australia last year ranged from sixteen to ninety-nine years of age, and the records show the youngest bride was fifteen, and the oldest eighty-two. One man of seventy-seven married a girl of eighteen. It is not surprising to learn that more marriages were reported from the country than ever before.

RIGHT HOME

Doctor Recommends Postum from Personal Test.

No one is better able to realize the injurious action of caffeine—the drug in coffee—on the heart, than the doctor. Tea is just as harmful as coffee because it, too, contains the drug caffeine.

When the doctor himself has been relieved by simply leaving off coffee and using Postum, he can refer with full conviction to his own case.

A Mo. physician prescribes Postum for many of his patients because he was benefited by it. He says:

"I wish to add my testimony in regard to that excellent preparation—Postum. I have had functional or nervous heart trouble for over 15 years, and a part of the time was unable to attend to my business.

"I was a moderate user of coffee and did not think drinking it hurt me. But on stopping it and using Postum instead, my heart has got all right, and I ascribe it to the change from coffee to Postum.

"I am prescribing it now in cases of sickness, especially when coffee does not agree, or affects the heart, nerves or stomach.

"When made right it has a much better flavor than coffee, and is a vital sustainer of the system. I shall continue to recommend it to our people, and I have my own case to refer to." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

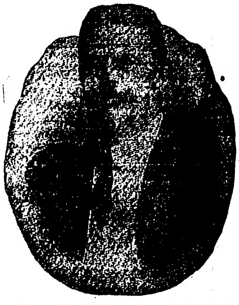
Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.



HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn. as second-class mail matter.

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Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 21, 1912.

Apparently Governor Eberhart has been renominated by a minority constituting about 30 per cent of the republican votes cast at the primary, because of the foolish division of the opposition and the failure of the voters to exercise the unfamiliar second choice privilege.

It does not militate against a system, or not necessarily so, that some little thought and intelligence are necessary to its operation. Under the new law there is something more than walking into the voting booth and handing a ticket to the judges. The voter must know what he is about.—Dispatch.

The second choice primary appears to have failed in its purpose. Though seventy per cent of the republicans of Minnesota were opposed to the renomination of Governor Eberhart, thirty per cent of the republican voters have succeeded in renominating him. The second choice machinery failed, not because it was poor machinery, but because the voters did not use it. When they learn to use it they will find it very good machinery indeed.—Duluth Herald.

Saving Money by Saving Seed Corn

Farmers who did not have seed corn last spring paid from $2.00 to $5.00 per bushel for it. They could have saved it from their crop of the fall before at a cost of 40 cents per bushel, figuring that a man could select only 5 bushels a day. Storing and curing in an attic or unused bedroom would cost only a few cents, and testing is good pastime for the winter and spring days.

All told, it should not cost the farmer over $1.00 a bushel to grow, save, cure, and test his own seed corn, from a good field of corn. Thus from $1.00 to $4.00 per bushel might have been saved by the men who had to buy seed corn last spring.

But the most important consideration is not the cost of saving the seed. When a good crop of corn has been grown on a farm there is no better source from which to select seed corn for that farm than from that crop. The corn is adapted to the soil and climate and is most likely to succeed again. If it is kept pure and attention is given to selecting the best type of ears for feed, constant improvement can be made and the crop made much more certain.

If while saving seed corn for himself the farmer can save two to five bushels per acre to sell at $2.00 or more a bushel to those who are not so forehanded, he has put a nice premium on his corn crop. A 40 bushel yield at 41 cents, the average price for corn during the past ten years, would be worth $16.40 an acre for seed. If three bushels were sold as seed at $2.50 a bushel and the balance used for feed, it would bring $22.67 an acre or $6.27 more. Twenty acres of corn so handled would yield profit enough to pay the expense of one of the boys at the agricultural school for the winter. Or, divided among the boys, it might help solve the problem of how to interest them in the farm.—Andrew Boss, Minnesota College of Agriculture.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign.

Bids for Bonds

Sealed bids will be received by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the purchase of $4,000.00 in bonds running for a period of fifteen years, issued for the purpose of taking up floating indebtedness. Bids will be opened at 8 p. m., September 19.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder, St Hilaire, Minn.

Monkey Hugs Woman

According to dispatches, one of the women of New York swelldom, Mrs. Archibald E. Roberts, daughter of Mrs. Orlando Harriman, while returning from Europe, was too well hugged by an "almost human" chimpanzee which was being shipped on the same steamer. That she suffered no worse than a few scratches, the loss of a handful of hair, and the shock, was due to the timely arrival of the keeper. The mistake of the chimpanzee was no compliment to New York's elite. As serious a mistake is that of people who use other beer than golden grain belt on their home tables. Alex. Thompson, agent, Crookston.

Pennington County Republican Primary Election Returns---County Officers.

VOTING PRECINCT	County Auditor FASEL	County Treasurer TROVATON	County Treasurer GULLINGSRUD	Register of Deeds QUIST First Choice	QUIST Second Choice	ANDERSON First Choice	ANDERSON Second Choice	LONSON First Choice	LONSON Second Choice	ELDER First Choice	ELDER Second Choice	Sheriff LaBREE	Sheriff HALVORSON	County Attorney BISHOP	Clerk of District Court IVES First Choice	IVES Second Choice	SATRE First Choice	SATRE Second Choice	OVERLAND First Choice	OVERLAND Second Choice	POST First Choice	POST Second Choice	County Surveyor MARTZ	Coroner HALVERSON	County Commissioner 2nd District SHAW	County Commissioner 2nd District BAKKE	Co. Com. 3rd Dist. ANDERSON	Co. Com. 4th Dist. AUBOL	County Commissioner 5th District LARSON First Choice	LARSON Second Choice	SINGER First Choice	SINGER Second Choice	MANDT First	MANDT Second	LEE First Choice	LEE Second Choice
Thief River Falls 1st ward	118	[illegible]	55	17	5	64	13	35	13	13	7	100	21	91	77	7	23	9	19	8	10	11	100	80	73	57										
" " " 2nd	76	[illegible]	78	16	1	75	3	31	12	8	1	105	8	82	64	7	20	5	22	6	7	4	60	68	60	41										
" " " 3rd	60	[illegible]	41	8	2	30	7	37	4	5	6	74	9	50	49	2	13	8	13	7	7	8	51	48	49	21										
" " " 4th	[illegible]	[illegible]	78	22	4	49	19	71	13	6	10	112	27	99	69		31		21		17		110	98	80	60										
Black River	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	18		8		2		6		23	6	2	2		3		4		19		25	23			24									
Bray	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	10	7	12	1	6	4		3	22	5	19	9	2	1	4	15	5	13	5	18	17			16									
Cloverleaf	[illegible]	[illegible]	4	10	3	7	4	10	5	2	1	20		24	11	5	10	2	5	3	1		23	21												
Deer Park	[illegible]	[illegible]	3	22		11	4	1		1	3	37	7	57	26		2	1	4	3	1	2	31	12					3	1	12	1	17	2	3	
Goodridge	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	12	2	3	1		4	2	1	17		0	6		4		6	2	1	1	12	11												
Hickory	[illegible]	[illegible]	11	14	1	10	3	5		2	2	23	12	22	11	1	6		11	1	1	5	37	27					5	1	6	1	[illegible]	2	11	1
Highlanding	[illegible]	[illegible]	10	6	4	9	1	7	3	4		22	10	21	13	3	7		7	2	1		18	17												
Kratka	[illegible]	[illegible]	17	18	9	14	10	12	3	10	5	51	14	52	30	9	6	9	20	10	5	5	47	50					5	18	20	8	20	7	1	
Mayfield	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	12		7	5	2	3			14	8	16	10		1		5	3	5	2	17	21					4	2	3	3	15	1	1	
Norden	[illegible]	[illegible]	7	11	5	8	5	11	3	1		19	3	18	17	2	6	2	8	7		1	17	15			22									
North	[illegible]	[illegible]	32	11	3	22	5	31	6	4	5	60	10	59	35	4	8	4	25	6	2	2	57	62				57								
Numedal	[illegible]	[illegible]	1	5	2	9	3	3	1	3		9	5	8	5	1	2	2	5	9	1	1	10	9			8									
Polk Centre	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	8	5	8	5	4	2	1	5	3	6	11	2	1	9		5	6	5	2	12	9			11									
Reiner	[illegible]	29	10	21	3	8	1	6	6	4	2	26	13	33	21	3	9	3	3	4			32	36												
River Falls	[illegible]	[illegible]	10	16	3	8	3	4	2	2	3	23	8	16	14	3	8	1	4	2	0	5	21	16				27								
Rockbury	[illegible]	31	28	19	7	25	1	16	6	1	2	55	6	57	29	4	19	6	12	7	4	3	53	47				55								
Sanders	32	23	16	11	5	17	4	3	3	8	1	29	11	80	16	3	10	1	7	3	9	5	29	34			35									
Silverton	11	22	16	8	4	6	8	23		6	1	41	3	25	17	3	13	3	12	5		2	27	20												
Smiley	48	35	23	7	1	23	3	11	9	14	8	30	7	19	24	2	9	7	21	6	2	7	37	26					35	6	[illegible]	1	[illegible]	2	3	7
Star	27	25	1	11		14		8		8		27	8	21	21		6		2		1		26	28												
Wyandotte	[illegible]	[illegible]	2	27	2	2	5	3	3	3	1	83	1	27	28			1	4	5	3	4	29	30					12				3	2		
Village of St. Hilaire	40	17	27	19	2	14	8	10	4	4	2	31	14	37	13	6	2	3	1	5	33	2	45	32				42								
TOTAL	910	72[illegible]	605	352	77	447	124	306	111	83	64	1056	219	895	622	70	225	65	268	97	154	60	910	858	203	185	117	151	75	29	53	19	55	16	10	

The Primaries

The primaries passed off very quietly in St. Hilaire. There were 116 votes cast, 38 being by women. Following is a partial synopsis of the vote:

REPUBLICAN.

For Governor—Lee 21, Eberhart 13, Gordon 6, Young 3, Spooner 2.

Congressman 9th Dist.—Steenerson 22, Peterson 21, Batley 5.

Representative 61st Dist. — D. P. O'Neill 33.

County Auditor—A. H. Fasel 10.

Treasurer — Gullingsrud 27, Trovaton 17.

Register of Deeds—Quist 19, Anderson 14, Lonson 10, Elder 4.

Sheriff—LaBree 31, Halvorson 14.

County Attorney—J. M. Bishop 37.

County Surveyor—C. H. Martz,—45.

Clerk of Court— Post 33, Ives 13, Satre 2.

Coroner—Halvorson 32, Swanson 1.

County Commissioner 4th District—Ed. A. Aubol 42.

DEMOCRATIC.

Governor—Ringdal 6, Andrist 1.

Congressman—Ritchie 6.

County Attorney—E. M. Stanton 7.

Clerk of Court—Herman A. Ohm 3.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Governor—D. Morgan 20.

Congressman—M. A. Bratland 19.

Representative—E. Pladsen 18.

County Auditor—Peter Bakken 15.

Treasurer—O. H. Nelson 20.

Register of Deeds—Nels K. Nelson 20.

Sheriff—W. O. Lang 16.

County Attorney—O. A. Naplin 19.

County Surveyor—E. E. Quist 16.

Clerk of Court—Ben Christianson 17.

Coroner—P. L. Vistaunet 18.

Commissioner, 4th District — Erick Kittelson 17.

NON PARTISAN.

Judge of Probate — Richardson 13, Michelet 23.

Superintendent of Schools — Netteland 81, Miss Connely 14, Mostue 13.

The vote for clerk of court did not prove as interesting as was expected, and the present clerk easily distanced all opponents, polling nearly as many votes as all of the others combined.

On the non-partisan ticket Michelet won handily over Richardson by a vote of 868 to 560, or 308 majority.

For county superintendent of schools E. A. Mostue polled by far the largest vote, and he and George Netteland, the two highest, will contest for the office at the general election. Miss Anna Connelly was third in this race, polling but a light vote, undoubtedly from the fact of entering somewhat late. The women's vote on this race was exceedingly light all over the county.

Through the courtesy of the News-Press we print a complete tabulation of the republican vote.

Notice for Bids

The town board of the town of River Falls will receive sealed bids for the construction of a steel bridge with concrete floor, 16 foot span, 18 foot roadway, abutments about 13 feet high.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, October 1, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. J. S. ROY,
s21-2t Chairman.

HAS MADE A FORTUNE.

N. G. Scram of Seattle, Wash., a graduate of the Mankato Commercial College six years ago, has made a wonderful success, and attributes it to the training he received at the Mankato Commercial College. He says he is worth $20,000 as a result of his business training and that there is nothing like a business education if one wants to succeed in life.

Write a postal to the Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn., for their free catalogue and special offer.

Pay your subscription

PLENTY OF ROOM.

No Trouble to Find a Place For Him to Rest in Sleep.

His blanket the soldier takes along on the march, but usually not his tent. Usage soon makes the ground as soft a bed as he wants. The case is pretty nearly the same with the prospector and the frontiersman. In writing of the "Highways and Byways of the Pacific Coast" Mr. Clifton Johnson tells of the practice on the ranches of the west. He was the guest of an early settler.

While we were chatting a laborer passed, shouldering a roll of blankets. The butcher had come to the door, and he pointed to the passer and said: "You see that fellow, don't you? Well, when I first reached here from the east I thought a man with a bed on his back was the funniest thing I'd ever come across.

"A rancher in this country won't take his hired man into his house. They've got to furnish their own blankets and usually sleep on the hay in the barn.

"I know a fellow who, when he'd just arrived and didn't understand the way they manage, got a job harvesting on a big wheat ranch. The help usually sleep in the straw stacks then, and it's precious little time they get to sleep anywhere. But he didn't know anything about that, and he was sitting around in the evening and finally said to the rancher, 'Where am I to sleep tonight?'

"'Why, I don't care where you sleep,' said the rancher. 'I've got 1000 acres of land around here, and if you can't find a place to sleep on that I'll get my next neighbor to lend me a piece of his.'"

AN UNSOCIABLE LOT.

What Mr. Thomas Thought of the Crowd In New York.

Mr. Thomas crammed a fresh stick of birch into his little stove and closed the door, which John Arnold had left ajar on his entrance. The tiny shoe shop thus became air tight. Then the proprietor replied to John's question of what he thought of New York.

"I can tell ye in 'mazing few words," he said. "It's considerable of a place. Lots doing an' splendid big buildings an' schools an' churches an' all that. They think they're some punkins too. An' I ain't saying that there ain't plenty of real smart ones there. Spite of all that, though, I call 'em kind o' ignorant, besides being cold in their manners."

"I want to know!" commented John, visibly impressed by this recital.

"I'll tell ye," continued Mr. Thomas. "Brother Tom's boy's office is down near the big Brooklyn bridge, and I used to go down there and set a good deal while my wife visited with his wife up in Harlem.

"When it come what they call rush hour I used to go down an' stand on the bridge an' watch 'em passing by, hundreds of 'em, on their way home, an' I got to feel real friendly an' to know lots of 'em by sight. But"—

Mr. Thomas paused impressively—"but, although I didn't miss an aft'noon whilst I was there, an' that was two weeks, nary one o' them men ever give me a single glance of recognition.

"It wa'n't my place to speak first, me being a stranger an' they home, so to speak. I wa'n't going to push myself; but, I tell ye what, John, two or three times I had to hold on to myself to keep from telling of 'em just what I thought of such unfriendly ways.

"'Why,' says I to Brother Tom's boy, 'how long do you s'pose one o' them would be at Tunkett Corners before we knew him well enough to nod to an' found out his name?'"—Youth's Companion.

Sui Generis.

"Got everything, pa?" asked Ham of Noah while the old man stood on the quarter deck and scanned the passenger list.

"Not yet," replied Noah. "We'll have to wait for the man who vows to high heaven that he will never be caught alive in a full dress suit and the woman who won't talk while she plays whist."—Chicago Post.

Qualified.

The great magazine editor sneered. "What right have you," he asked, "to think you'll ever make a poet?"

"Well, sir," the youth said timidly, "I've been fasting man in a sideshow for the last two seasons."—Cincinnati [illegible]

DECRIES THE PERPETUAL GRIN.

Writer Takes Issue with Man Who Says "Keep a-Smiling."

A favorite motto with many people in these latter days, when the wholesome gospel of cheerfulness is being preached so extensively, is, "Keep a-smiling." It is a very good motto within limitations. In so far as its adoption as a rule of conduct prevents the wearing of a lugubrious countenance when no overwhelming grief or calamity is being endured or is impending, in so far as it overcomes the tendency to look on the dark side and anticipate evil, in so far as it enables one to look for the best in all situations and to keep up his courage when troubles threaten—in all these respects it is a maxim worthy of commendation.

But it should not be interpreted too liberally; its spirit rather than its letter should be observed. Its spirit means a persistent hopefulness, a refusal to be cast down by discouraging or unfavorable circumstances, a sturdy defiance of adverse fate. Its literal observance may include these things, but it means also a perpetual grin, and a perpetual grin leads to thoughts of crime on the part of beholders. No one becomes so irritating or has such a maddening effect upon sensitive associates as the man or woman who wears the "smile that never comes off."—Indianapolis Star.

RABBITS ARE HARD FIGHTERS.

The Charge of Cowardice a Slander—Defeat of a Ferret.

Tell a man that he hasn't the pluck of a rabbit and if he doesn't disprove it by hitting you he is certain at any rate to be extremely annoyed.

Yet the taunt is a libel on the rabbit. A doe rabbit will fight like fury in defense of her young. She will charge like a battering ram and use those long sharp incisors of hers to capital purpose.

An old buck rabbit is not to be lightly tackled by weasel, stoat or even ferret. On the sanded floor of a small public house near Chestnut a ferret of long experience was matched with an old lop-eared buck, the property of the landlord.

The ferret made straight for the rabbit's throat, but the latter was in the air before master ferret could reach him, and leaping clean over the ferret's head let out with those powerful hind legs of his a kick which hurled the ferret bodily against the wainscot. Twice the ferret returned to the attack and twice he missed his grip and went hurtling through the air.

The third repulse was enough for him. He knew he was beaten and could not be persuaded to stand up for a fourth round. — Pearson's Weekly.

For Your Health.

Conquer your moods; don't let your moods conquer you. People who give way to moods never amount to much, because they are never masters of themselves. They never know in the morning whether they are going to do a good day's work or not, whether they are going to be a cheering or a depressing influence on the people around them. If they feel like being good-tempered, they will be; if they feel like "snapping" at everybody, they will snap.

People who suffer from "moods" should be careful about their habits. They should be regular about meals, sleep, exercise and work. The condition of the health has much to do with moods, and there is nothing that contributes so much to health as absolute regularity.

A Little Case of Telepathy.

"There is nothing strange to me in the operation of one mind upon another," the telepathic woman said. "Once when my sister I am very fond of was operated on I went with her and sat in the anteroom a long way off from the operating room. That is I walked up and down there, worried to death nearly about her, when all at once I threw myself into a big arm chair and went sound asleep.

"They had just given her the ether, so her mind was at rest, and rested mine. I slept until she came out from under the influence."

ONE STONE FENCES FARM.

Missouri Man Has Land Where No Wheel Ever Rolled.

Jasper, Mo.—Within sight of this town a settler has a farm which probably is unlike any other in the world.

This farm occupies the tableland on the summit of a ridge and is inclosed with a fence which no animal has ever broken through. It does not rise above the surface of the farm, but falls sheer from the edge a distance of many feet. The man who homesteaded the tableland had a hard climb up the face of a perpendicular cliff to reach the comparatively level summit.

At one point a ledge extends out a few inches and along the face of the cliff at an upward grade. By following this ledge and making use of occasional points of rocks and of shrubs growing in the fissures the discoverer pulled himself to the summit and found a surface well covered with a soft and luxuriant vegetation.

Gradually he improved the ledge until he could carry up tools and seed. By blasting and drilling he cleared a narrow trail, up which he was able to take first some pigs and then a cow. Later on he took up a horse.

And that to-day is the condition of this curiously protected farm. No vehicle has turned a wheel within its limits of palisades. The live stock has multiplied and consumes the grain raised. Some stones thrown across the trail completely fence in the hogs and cattle. When the farmer has stock to sell he drives the animals down the private trail and strikes the road to Jasper.

CATERPILLARS HALT TRAIN.

Three Times Within Mile Crew Shovels Them Off the Tracks.

St. John, N. B.—Moths, caterpillars and other like pests have made their appearance in great numbers in many sections of this province, particularly in York county. There they have caused considerable inconvenience, and several amazing stories are told of experiences when they have met in large bodies. Trainmen manning a freight between Fredericton Junction and McAdams are authority for a statement that appears incredulous. They say that the heavy freight train was stopped three times within a mile by caterpillars which swarmed over the tracks in such numbers as to effectually impede the progress of the train. It was necessary to arm the entire train crew with shovels and scoop the thousands of pests off the tracks, and smother those on the roadbed by shoveling gravel over them. They report every tree and bit of foliage along the line as being denuded of green.

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CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services with communion tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

REV. M. S. GIERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

ALEX A. SAND. Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—There will be no services tomorrow.

FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 2856 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1501, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 129 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
A. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LARSEN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
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THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

T. D. Tice went to Crookston on Wednesday.

R. L. Hauge was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

D. McAllister visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

D. Linnihan of Red Lake Falls was in town Wednesday.

K. O. Gigstad made a business call at the county seat on Thursday.

Sever Hoff returned Thursday from a visit to his farm near Black Duck.

Mrs. Charles Klemstrud went to Crookston Wednesday to visit with friends.

There will be English services in the Eastside schoolhouse Sunday, Sept. 22, at 3 p. m.

Mrs. A. Ortloff drove to town Thursday and visited Thief River Falls between trains.

Tom Hovet delivered the St. Hilaire election returns at the county seat Wednesday.

Mrs. Fred Sandmoen of Spooner came down Monday and is visiting old time St. Hilaire friends.

Ralph Korngold spoke in the interest of the socialist party at the Imperial hall Thursday evening.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. D. LAZAR.

Miss Gertrude Hooper went Wednesday to Crookston to visit friends and attend the Polk county fair.

Mrs. H. W. Peterson went on Wednesday to New London, Minn., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Lundberg.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carlsson, who have been guests at the Martin Hoff home, returned Thursday to their home at Seattle.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar and little boy went to Grand Forks yesterday to attend church services in their religion and visit friends.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, inn.

Dr. Spofford made his regular monthly visit to St. Hilaire this week. He is a pleasant fellow and his friends would like him to come oftener.

Ben Christianson and O. A. Naplin were down and listened to the socialist lecture Thursday evening, and incidently did a little electioneering.

Peter Haggland and family came over from Hibbing yesterday and are guests of Mr. Hagglund's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Hagglund of this place.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent.

Mrs. Frank Bergland came from Spooner Monday and is the guest of her mother-in-law, Mrs. Carrie Bergland. She also visited friends in Bemidji this week.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.

FRED SODERBERG.

Those wishing to pay cash for the cement walk constructed in front of their property and avail themselves of the 20 per cent discount may do so before October 1 by calling on B. E. Burkee.

C. Keller of Pipestone, came up this week to look after his farm prospects, having purchased the Erick Anderson farm near Hazel last summer. A party of land seekers accompanied him as far as Red Lake Falls.

A Harvest Home supper will be served by the M. E. Ladies' Aid Friday, Sept. 27, at 6 o'clock, in the I. O. O. F. building. Everybody is invited to come and have a nice warm supper. Adults 25 cts.; children 15 cts.

The Scandinavian Mission church will have mission meetings at the church in St. Hilaire Sept. 28 and 29. The services will be as follows. Saturday, the 28th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. and 8 o'clock in the evening; Sunday, the 29th, at 10:30 a. m., 1 p. m., and 8 o'clock in the evening. On Sunday dinner will be served by the congregation.

Miss Eva McAndrews was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Axel Johnson went to Crookston last Saturday on a business mission.

Apple and pumpkin pie like mother used to bake at the M. E. supper Friday night.

Mrs. D. Lazar won first prize on a fancy cushion at the Red Lake county fair last week.

Be sure and get your share of fried chicken and beef loaf at the Harvest Home supper.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Miss Alida Peterson returned to Fargo Monday after spending a month's vacation at home.

Misses Louise Carlson and Laura Jacobson visited Thief River Falls between trains on Saturday.

Mrs. Gunnard Lindquist of St. Walberg, Sask., Canada, arrived here last week to visit relatives and friends.

Miss Mary Clugstein, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. T. Hurst, returned Wednesday to her home at Chicago.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Miss Clara Smidesang came over from Wylie Monday and went to Rushford, Minn., where she is attending business college.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.

s21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.

There will be Swedish services tomorrow in the schoolhouse in Black River at 10:30 a. m., and in the schoolhouse on the east side at 8 o'clock p. m.

A party was given at the Carlson home Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Lillian Rux, who leaves today for Grand Forks, N. D. The evening was enjoyed by all.

A fine entertainment is billed for St. Hilaire for Saturday evening, October 5, when the Herald Square Entertainers will appear under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. lodge. The entertainment will be given at Imperial hall, and will consist of vocal, instrumental, and comedy constructed to amuse without being offensive.

Removal Sale

For the next three weeks I will give a reduction in the prices of groceries and flour.

OLE MATHSON.

Parcel Shower

Mrs. B. E. Burkee and Mrs. Cephas Swanson entertained fourteen young ladies Wednesday afternoon at a parcel shower in honor of Miss Josephine Gigstad, who is soon to be a bride. Autumn leaves and flowers were the decorations at the home of Mrs. Swanson, where the guests were first entertained with contests appropriate to the occasion. In the principal one, "A Floral Love Story," the prize was awarded to Miss Inez Patterson.

A delicious lunch was served at the Burkee home, where all had been made lovely in decorations of pink and white. The guests were all seated at one long table, unique ment cards furnishing a great deal of amusement.

Red Lake County Fair

In spite of the most discouraging weather conditions the 1912 Red Lake county fair can be pronounced a big success. There were magnificent exhibits in all departments and since the purpose of the fair is to encourage the raising of better stock and farm products, the exhibition was a most gratifying success.

The exhibit hall was literally jammed full of products of the farm, garden, and dairy, with fancy work, culinary products, and exhibits of the work of the pupils of the public schools. The magnificence of the display surprised and delighted all fair visitors.

Twice as many stalls for live stock exhibits as were used last year were built on the new grounds. In spite of that fact, early on the first day carpenters were rushing the construction of more stalls, for long before noon on the opening day of the fair every stall on the grounds was filled.

Fair visitors were quite as much delighted with the new grounds as they were with the magnificent displays. Few had realized how much work had been done on the new grounds. With the fine exhibit hall, excellent race track, big grand stand and many other improvements one could scarcely realize that the place had been unimproved ground only a few weeks before.—Gazette.

Just received a big line of
Sheep Skins
Mackinaw Coats
Mackinaw Pants
And all kinds of goods for
Winter Wear
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

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GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
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Popular in Every State
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The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner; and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address
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Wheat, No. 1 Northern	79
" " 2 "	76
" " 3 "	73
Flax, No. 1	$1.50
" " 2	1.51
Barley, for 50 lbs	33
Oats	23
Rye	50
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal	9@6
Chickens, alive	@8
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	23.00
Bran, " "	21.00

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at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
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made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
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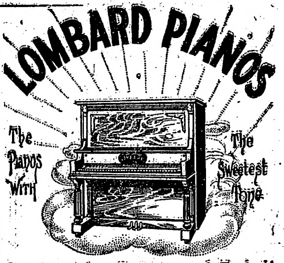
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR


LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw; and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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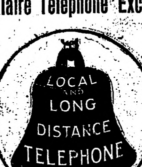
See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange



Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principa cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to gure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

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CALUMET
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ECONOMY—that's one thing you are looking for in these days of high living cost—Calumet insures a wonderful saving in your baking. But it does more. It insures wholesome food, tasty food—uniformly raised food.

Calumet is made right—to sell right—to bake right. Ask one of the millions of women who use it—or ask your grocer.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

If you would get up in the world you might patronize a roof garden.

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

The Status.

"I see this prospect of a strapless street car is still hanging on."

"So are the passengers."

Riga's Trade Distinction.

The growth in lumber shipments from Riga, totaling $7,400,000 cubic feet in 1910, ranks this port among the world's greatest timber exporters. The greater part of this trade was in sawed lumber. Britain took over half of the amount exported.

British Metropolis Leads in Mud.

According to L. Meerson Clancey of St. Louis, who is now in London, there is more mud in the British metropolis than in any other of the big cities he has been in, and his record includes Paris, Berlin, Vienna, New York, Washington, Baltimore, St. Louis and Milwaukee.

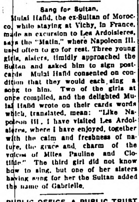
Old Roman Wall Unearthed.

A part of the wall which once enclosed old St. Paul's, London, has been discovered in excavations at the corner of Paternoster Row and St. Paul's alley in London. The wall, which is about 60 feet long, is made of chalk and rubble, and was built in the twelfth century. On the same site pieces of a Roman amphora, Roman vases and some Samian ware have also been found. Other "finds" include a camel's skull unearthed in High Holborn and a large quantity of pipes of the eighteenth century. Under some old stables in Bartholomew Close—one of the oldest parts of London—three Norman arches have been found. They are close to one another, and are believed to have formed part of the cloisters of the priory which once stood on this site.

Sang for Sultan.

Mulai Hafid, the ex-Sultan of Morocco, while staying at Vichy, in France, made an excursion to Les Ardoisieres, says the "Matin," where Napoleon III. used often to go for rest. Three young girls, sisters, timidly approached the Sultan and asked him to sign postcards. Mulai Hafid consented on condition that they would each sing a song to him. Two of the girls at once complied, and the delighted Mulai Hafid wrote on their cards words which, translated, mean: "Like Napoleon III., I have visited Les Ardoisieres, where I have enjoyed, together with the calm and freshness of nature, the grace and charm of the voices of Miles Pauline and Clotilde." The third girl did not know how to sing, but one of her sisters having sung for her the Sultan added the name of Gabrielle.

PUBLIC OFFICE, A PUBLIC TRUST



"The place should seek the man," said he,
"This is a truth abiding;
And should it come in search of me,
I will not go in hiding."

TEXT TAKEN TOO LITERALLY

Ten-Year-old Julia Gets Into Bad Graces of Mother by Giving Tramp a Half-Dollar.

"Be not forgetful to entertain strangers; for thereby some have entertained angels unawares."

The foregoing quotation is from chapter xiii, verse 2, Book of Hebrews, and it is introduced solely because it constitutes a vital part of this story. Julia is ten years old and she goes to Sunday school. It appears that on a recent occasion the Sunday school teacher had considerable to say about this matter of "entertaining angels unawares." Anyway, it made a deep impression with Julia.

A few days after the lesson Julia's mother left her in charge of the house for a few hours. When the mother returned she went to a particular cup in the cupboard to extract therefrom one-half dollar. In this cup is kept the family pin money, and Julia's mother knew that she had put 50 cents there before she had gone out. But the half dollar was gone. There was an expression of anxiety on Julia's face and mother scented mischief.

"Did you take that money?" asked the mother, somewhat severely.

Julia broke into tears: "I gave it to a man that came to the back door," sobbed the little girl.

"Gave it to a man!" exclaimed the mother. "What for?"

"I thought he might be God," tearfully replied Julia.—Kansas City Star.

BURNED AND ITCHED BADLY

539 Lincoln Park Blvd., Chicago, Ill.—"A year ago I received a very severe burn on my left arm. I caught cold in it and it was all sore and ulcerated. The sore was as large as a silver dollar. It was all red and inflamed and had pus running out of it. I suffered terribly from burning pain; could not sleep for two weeks it burned and itched so badly. I applied —— Salve, —— Salve and a salve my druggist recommended as his own, but got no relief. I then commenced using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I bathed the burned parts with Cuticura Soap and applied the Cuticura Ointment on a linen bandage. I got relief from the first, and my arm healed nicely. I was soon able to be at work again. Had I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment at first I would have avoided lots of suffering." (Signed) Harry Junke, Mar. 9, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Add. post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Crime to Kiss.

In Russia it is a crime for lovers to kiss in public, and not very long ago two young men and two young women were arrested in Odessa for having been guilty of this offense. They had all been dining together in a restaurant, and kissed on parting. They were condemned to short terms of imprisonment, and the sentences were confirmed on appeal. The general fine in Russia for a kiss in the open street is 15 shillings, but in a tramcar it may cost anything up to 25 shillings.

A Pen and Ink Shakespeare.

Woodrow Wilson, on a recent visit to Atlantic City, referred good humoredly to his rather illegible handwriting.

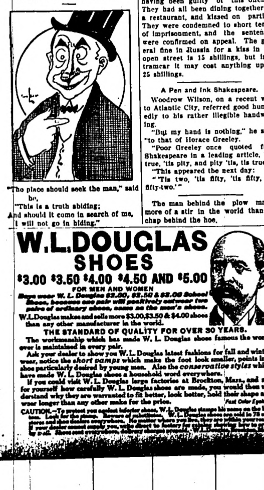
"But my hand is nothing," he said, "to that of Horace Greeley.

"Poor Greeley once quoted from Shakespeare in a leading article, 'Tis true, 'tis pity, and pity 'tis, tis true.'

"This appeared the next day:

"'Tis two, 'tis fifty, 'tis fifty, 'tis fifty-two.'"

The man behind the plow makes more of a stir in the world than the chap behind the hoe.



W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W.L.Douglas makes and sells more $3.00,$3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, [illegible] W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

STRENGTHEN CHURCHES.

Rural Life Commission Prepares for Campaign.

Winona.—The plan of Rev. J. C. Craig, superintendent of Winona district Methodism, for the establishment of a country life commission to promote work among country churches in the district, will be carried forward. Of the necessary guarantee of $2,500 there has been pledged $1,500, with a prospect the guarantee will be raised to at least $3,000.

The memberships in the commission are placed at $25 to extend over a period of five years. One-fifth of the amount pledged is to be paid in the first year and thereafter in such amounts as may be called for by the commission, never more than $5 a year. It is expected that after the first assessment the calls will be light, that the work will be made self-sustaining.

The first call will provide a guarantee fund for the payment of a young evangelist and his wife who will spend their entire time in the work. Their labors will mostly be in the rural districts, but their first appointment early in October will be at Spring Valley, where meetings will be held for several weeks.

Dr. Craig says there are many places in the district where good societies can be built up and church activities strengthened by work of this character. He advocates more social life for the young people in the rural districts, many of whom now have nothing in this line outside of public dances.

A meeting of the commission will be called at Rochester about Oct. 10, when organiation will be perfected and the work on the district started. If he is able to get the membership guarantees up to $3,000, he expects to place two working evangelists on the Winona district.

Everywhere throughout the district resolutions are being passed for the return of Dr. Craig to the district superintendency for the coming year.

MANIAC TERRORIZES.

Demented Farmer Armed With Shotgun Threatens Two Families.

Mankato. — Terrorized for nearly three hours by an insane man who stood over them with a loaded shotgun and repeatedly announced his intention to "wipe them out," the families of August Zingler and Henry Schultz, Decoria farmers, were nearly prostrated.

Financial worry led Zingler to threaten to kill his family and himself, and when Schultz interfered he and his family were also threatened. As Zingler stood guard over the telephone and Schultz did not dare to leave, it was several hours before officers could be notified. Zingler had just sold his farming implements and rented a house in Mankato, and he and family were guests at Schultz. Zingler has been adjudged insane and committed to the asylum.

LODGE WAR ENDS.

Factions in Modern Samaritan Council Reach an Agreement.

Duluth.—The controversy in the Imperial Council of the Modern Samaritans has ended, both factions involved making concessions. Everything has been settled except that the validity of the July meeting of the council will be treated under stipulation confirming the test to its validity.

The agreement was signed by C. F. Collier, A. F. McManus, W. A. Hicken and H. J. Achenback for the Collier-McManus-Hicken faction and by John Christie, Z. H. Austin, D. E. McLennan, C. E. Bomback and A. C. McKnight for the Christie-Austin faction.

BOSTON EDITOR TALKS.

Head of Christian Science Monitor Talks of Paper.

Minneapolis. — Most prominent in the group of Eastern newspaper men in the Twin Cities on their return from Glacier National Park is Archibald McLellan, editor-in-chief of the Christian Science Monitor, a daily paper published in Boston by the Christian Science organization. The Monitor is unique among newspapers, and Mr. McLellan discussed the publication interestingly.

Mr. McLellan said that the Monitor, while a part of the Christian Science movement, was not exploiting Christian Science.

Candidates Are Indorsed.

Redwood Falls. — Redwood County's Progressive Political League, through its executive committee of which H. M. Hitchcock of this city is chairman, has indorsed the Progressive candidates of the state.

Duluth Imports Car Men.

Duluth. — Most street cars, on and off schedule, are being run to all parts of the city. Strike breakers, imported from St. Paul and Minneapolis, enable the company to furnish an irregular service.

Hope To "Cure" Morals.

Minneapolis.—Hubert Warner, aged nineteen years, was sent to the hospital at the State Reformatory at St. Cloud, where he will be placed under medical treatment to cure a nervous disease and with the hope of improving his moral tendencies.

Winona.—Three-fourths of the corn in Winona county and this section of Minnesota is already out of the reach of frosts, should they develop, according to farmers residing in the immediate vicinity of Winona.

CAN'T END CAR TIE-UP.

Manager Says Strike Does Not Exist As Men Are Discharged.

Duluth. — General Manager Warren of the Street Car company attended a meeting of the Common Council and a citizen's committee at the City Hall and restated his determination not to arbitrate nor recognize the grievances of the 153 striking employes.

His defiance to the wishes of the business men who declared the strike must be settled, led to a motion offered by Frank Grassweller, that the old men be reinstated at seven o'clock in the evening and the matters causing the strike be arbitrated later.

The plan proposed for arbitration was that two men should represent the company, two the employes and the four thus chosen select a fifth.

It was set forth that the company and strikers could find no more fair manner of concluding their troubles. The representatives of the strikers declared themselves ready to enter into the proposed agreement and consented that the grievance regarding recognition of the union be not considered, thus sacrificing one of the chief causes of the walkout.

Mr. Warren was then called upon to state his policy regarding settlement by arbitration. He replied that he would not enter into any arbitration and that there is no strike among the employes of the car company. He said that the men discharged would not be taken back. He declared that meddlers were interfering with the business of the company and he said that he was a busy man and attended the gathering only at the expense of business duties.

Mayor Konkel, of Superior, in which city the men are also out, replying to Mr. Warren's demand for protection, stated that if he was forced to put on extra policemen he would place them as crews on the cars and operate the line and that if this was necessary, the city would take action for the public ownership of the car system.

It is said that the strike breakers are receiving $10 a day. This is admitted by the new men, who say they first asked $25 a day and settled upon $10 after the car company had refused more.

JUDGE IS MENACED.

Man Sentenced Shakes Fist at Court.

Minneapolis. — Exactly duplicating their actions of one week ago when they were arrested, the members of the Industrial Workers of the World who were charged with disorderly conduct by refusing to move on at the command of an officer of the law, created a "near" riot in the Municipal Court room that resulted in the clearing of the Chamber at the order of Judge Montgomery.

Twelve of the men who belong to the Workers' organization were found guilty. Eight of the 12 were given their choice of paying a $10 fine or spending 10 days in the workhouse. Four were asked to pay a fine of $5 or go to the workhouse for five days.

When Arthur Boose was called as the clerk read off the names in order, he sprang to his feet, shook his fist at the Judge and yelled:

"Thank you, Judge, for sending me to jail. Remember there is a time coming when you will be silent and the people will hear us. Some day we'll be free."

The other prisoners yelled and about 200 spectators, most of whom were members of the Industrial Workers or in sympathy with the movement, sprang to their feet, waved their hats or handkerchiefs, and shouted vociferously.

MEETING AT MADELIA.

District Christian Society Elects Officers at Annual Convention

Madelia.—The yearly convention of the Mankato district of the Christian church closed here after a two days' session. The meeting was attended by laymen and ministers from nearly every church in the district, Rev. C. B. Osgood of Mankato, Rev. G. M. Walker of Worthington, Rev. Ole Nielson of Canby and Rev. C. F. Martin of Redwood Falls, made the principal addresses. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. R. Nay of Cleveland; vice president, Rev. G. M. Walker, Worthington; secretary and treasurer, Rev. Ole Nielson, Canby.

Fairmont was selected for the next annual convention.

Annual W. C. T. U. in St. Paul.

St. Paul.—The thirty-sixth annual convention of the Minnesota Woman's Christian Temperance union will take place in St. Paul beginning Friday and continuing until Tuesday, Sept. 24, at the First Methodist Episcopal church. Mrs. Edith Smith Davis of Hartford, Wis., and Miss Addie A. Austin of Chicago, Ill., will be among the guests at the convention. At the opening meeting of the convention, Friday evening, Mrs. Davis will have for her subject on the program, "Pledges."

Pipestone.—A bandstand in the courthouse park has been dedicated. C. T. Howard had the dedication ceremonies in charge and addresses were made by Mayor Dyer, E. W. Davies, Jessie E. Walkup, county superintendent; Rev. H. N. Hanson, Dr. Thomas Lowe and Frank A. Swanson, band-leader. The new stand was erected by the efforts of the Civic Improvement league and occupies a prominent place. A movement has been started to raise funds for the placing of a statue of the late D. B. Sweet in [illegible]

LOOK FOR THE CAUSE

Follow the Advice of Other Women Who Have Had Experiences Similar to Yours.

Have you ever stopped to consider what is the meaning of the various symptoms from which you are suffering? Certainly the paleness, pain in the back, headaches, loss of appetite, nervousness, shortness of breath must have some one cause. They are not diseases in themselves but are complaints and warnings from the different organs of the body that these organs are not being supplied with pure blood and cannot do their daily work well.

To be in good health a person must always have good rich blood. Every tissue of the body depends upon it for nourishment and strength. Knowledge of this fact makes possible a direct treatment for the various disorders from which women suffer. They can cure their troubles by making the blood pure with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Mrs. F. N. Kenning, of No. 411 Fifteenth avenue, North Minneapolis, Minn., who was completely cured by this remedy, says:

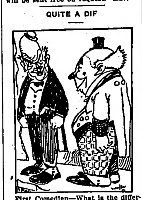
"For over a year I was in very poor health. I was very weak and thin and had terrible pains through my back. I would be in bed for a week at a time. I was subject to dizzy spells. My limbs would seem to give out and I would have no control of them during these spells. I was reduced in weight to 98 pounds and could not do my work.

"The doctor did not seem to help me and I quit his treatment. It was then a cousin recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to me and I gave them a trial. I soon felt much better and I now weigh 115 pounds. For years I had terrible headaches but since taking the pills these have disappeared. My health is better than it has been in years and I give the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I would advise all suffering women to take the pills for I know they will relieve them of much misery."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People should be used in anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, sick headache, and for nervousness and a general run-down condition of the health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Our new booklet, "Plain Talks to Women," will be sent free on request. Adv.

QUITE A DIF



First Comedian—What is the difference between a beautiful girl and a codfish?

Second Comedian—Give it up.

First Comedian—One has a chance to become a fall bride and the other to become a ball fried.

Obliging.

A young man who had never testified before was called before the court as a witness in a certain case. He was somewhat flustered over the attention that was being paid him, and mumbled his words so that the young woman stenographer could not hear them distinctly. He was told to speak plainly and to turn toward the stenographer.

"Speak to the stenographer," said the prosecutor.

At that the young man arose and with a deep bow to the lady said, "How do you do?"—Satire.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

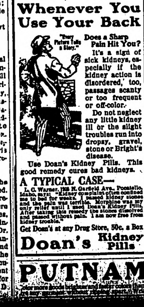
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Minor Bookkeeping Item.

A small item was overlooked in the bookkeeping department of the United states navy. It was the charge for guns installed on the battleships Florida and Utah. The item was for the trifling sum of $1,800,000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

Babies and grievances grow larger with nursing.


"Every Picture Tells a Story."

Whenever You Use Your Back

Does a Sharp Pain Hit You?

It's a sign of sick kidneys, especially if the kidney action is disordered, too, passages scanty or too frequent or off-color.

Do not neglect any little kidney ill or the slight troubles run into dropsy, gravel, stone or Bright's disease.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills. This good remedy cures bad kidneys.

A TYPICAL CASE—

L. C. Warner, 1103 N. Garfield Ave., Pocatello, Idaho, says: "Kidney complaint often confined me to bed for weeks. I passed kidney stones and the pain was terrible. Morphine was my only relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. After taking this remedy the stones dissolved and passed without pain. I am now free from kidney trouble."

Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box

Doan's Kidney Pills

"This is My Choice of Duke's Mixture Presents"

Among the many valuable presents now given away with *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture there is something to suit every taste—and in this all-pleasing satisfaction the presents are exactly like the tobacco itself. All smokers like the selected Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf that you get in

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

Now this famous old tobacco will be more popular than ever—for it is now a *Liggett & Myers* leader, and is equal in quality to any granulated tobacco you can buy.

If you haven't smoked Duke's Mixture with the *Liggett & Myers* name on the bag—try it now. Tucked into a pipe, or any other way you use it, you will like it; for there is no better value anywhere.

For 5c you get one *and a half* ounces of choice granulated tobacco, unsurpassed by any in quality.

Now About the Free Presents

The coupons now packed with *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture are good for all sorts of valuable presents. These presents cost you not one penny. The list includes not only smokers' articles — but many desirable presents for women and children—fine fountain pens, umbrellas, cameras, toilet articles, tennis racquets, catcher's gloves and masks, etc.

As a special offer *during September and October only, we will send you our new illustrated catalogue of presents FREE.* Just send name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J.T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c-tin double coupon),* PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

FOREIGN BELIEFS ARE QUEER

Spanish Wedding Is Ruined If One Person Appears Entirely in Black —Some Other Signs.

In Spain the wedding is spoiled if one of the guests appears entirely in black, or if the bride looks into a mirror after orange blossoms and veil are fast in her headdress.

When a person's hair ends split, it's taken by the superstitious for a sign that she is either a witch or has been bewitched. As blond hair splits more readily than dark hair, all witches, spirits and sorceresses have blond or red hair, according to the standard of art.

On the marriage eve there is often much good-natured rivalry between the groom and the bride in the Slav countries as to who shall blow out the candle, for the person who does will be "first to die." It is impossible to trace the origin of this superstition, yet it prevails in aristocratic society as well as in the peasant's hut, even as like this, that "to insure the life and health of the children" the woman must occupy the right side of the bed. In addition, she must not smoke before her forty-fifth year.

There is a superstition in this country and many others against burning a broom. The bud of birch broom is used in Southern Germany as a preventive against erysipelas. These buds, a piece of yellow wax and some other articles are enclosed in a pink silk bag, secured with red silk and worn on the back of the neck. The person must change his shirt every Friday.

Wild Ones.

Charles Grafly, the noted sculptor, was talking at his summer home at Folly Grove, near Gloucester, about the qaint humor of the Gloucester fishermen.

"In Gloucester one day," he said, "as I idled among the shipping, an old salt began to narrate his experiences to me.

"'Wunst, he said, 'I was shipwricked in the South sea, and thar I come across a tribo of wild women without tongues.'

"'Wild women without tongues!' said I. 'Goodness! How could they talk?'"

Serving Humanity.

Few callings are more highly esteemed than that of the trained nurse. Miss Ellen Emerson, the granddaughter of Ralph Waldo Emerson, is a nurse in the Massachusetts general hospital at Boston.

Disturbing.

"Nora, is my husband home?"

"Yes, mum; he's in the library, workin'."

"Then wake him and tell him I want to see him."—Satire.

Kid Stuff.

Mother—Now, Willie, wash your wrists and neck as well as your hands and face.

Willie—Who's comin' t' dinner?

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

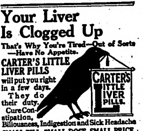
It is useless to take a vacation if you are weary from overrest.

English Honors Cost Money.

The letter patent granted for the dignity of a baron cost £150, and for that of a baronet £100, payable to the board of inland revenue. Other expenses to be incurred by the newly-honored include crests or new coats-of-arms, while some wish to have their "genealogical trees" properly made out. Consequently the Heralds' college is busy after the issue of a list of honors, and the total expenses of a baron are not far short of £400, and those of a baronet exceed £200.

Art Statistics.

We imported last year $17,643,000 worth of works of art, 20 years old and over, free of duty, besides $673,135 worth of art works produced abroad by Americans. We exported $989,321 worth of paintings and statuary.



Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts —Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Billousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

Drs. Beaudoux and Wheeler
SPECIALISTS
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases
Offices: 833 Lowry Building, St. Paul, Minn.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A1, St. Paul, Minn.

Richest in Healing Qualities
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

WANTED AGENTS to sell our CIGARS no experience necessary. Can easily make $60.00 per week.
GILLESPIE CIGAR CO., YORK, PA.

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR EYE DISEASES

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 38-1912.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

[illegible]

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28. 1912, NUMBER, 12.

FIGHT ON HOME RULE

DEMONSTRATION AT PORTADOWN SAVORED SOMEWHAT OF MILITARY STYLE.

20,000 ARE PROTESTERS.

Covenant to Be Signed Saturday—Royal Troops Ready for Action in Case Trouble Is Started.

Portadown, Ireland, Sept. 27.—The Ulster campaign took on a militant attitude when 20,000 orangemen and unionists assembled to register their protest against home rule.

From the moment Sir Edward Carson, the unionist leader who came here from Belfast, alighted at the station, where he was received with a guard of honor, until the procession arrived at the grounds where the chief demonstration was held, everything savored of military style and discipline.

It was not permissible to carry arms; so the unionist club men bore dummy rifles, but handled them as though they were real.

Later Sir Edward Carson, standing at the foot of the statue of the notable unionist leader, Colonel Saunderson, witnessed the march past of 5,000 men with dummy artillery and a mounted ambulance corps. The whole display was proof that active drilling has been going on for some weeks.

The speeches at the demonstration, which was attended by Lord Londonderry, Sir John Lonsdale and other prominent unionists, breathed a strong fighting spirit.

Trouble Is Feared.

Belfast. -- Regiments of Highland light infantry and Scottish borderers will be drafted into Belfast in anticipation of trouble Saturday, Ulster day, when the covenant in defiance of home rule is to be signed by Ulsterites. The Royal Irish Rifles, already stationed here, are confined to barracks in readiness for emergency. More than a thousand members of "Young Citizens Volunteers of Ireland" were enrolled. The new organization is to assist when called upon by the civil authorities in the maintenance of peace.

The demonstration at Portadown was one of the most remarkable of the campaign.

MARCONI INJURED.

Discoverer of Wireless in Auto Smash-up in Italy.

Spezia, Italy, Sept. 27—William Marconi, of wireless fame, was injured in an automobile accident near Borghetto in the valley of the Vara river.

While the extent of his injuries have not been entirely disclosed he was brought to a hospital in this city suffering from a wound of the right eye and his right cheek and temple were badly bruised. He also was severely bruised about the body.

Mr. Marconi was motoring with his wife, and shortly after passing Borghetto in turning a sharp curve his machine came into collision with an automobile which was proceeding from Genoa. Both cars were overturned. Mrs. Marconi was not injured.

Wins Bull Moose Badge Wearers.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Dr. John Wesley Hill of New York, president of the International Peace forum who is campaigning in William B. McKinley's congressional district had an odd experience Thursday. At Newman, Ill., five wearers of Progressive party emblems, turned over their badges to Dr. Hill at the close of his talk, and declared that he had convinced them they were in error in following Roosevelt.

World's Series Dates Set.

New York, Sept. 26.—The opening game of the world's baseball series will be held in this city on Tuesday, Oct. 8. The games will alternate between here and Boston, one game in each city until the series is concluded. The umpires selected were: National league, Klem and Rigler; American league, O'Loughlin and Evans.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 26.—Wheat, Sept., [illegible]; Dec., 89¾c; No. 1 northern, [illegible]-90¾c; No. 2 northern, 85c-88⅛c; No. 1 durum, 85c; No. 3 corn, 70c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, 67c; No. 2 rye, 64c; No. 1 flax, $1.78.

Duluth, Sept. 26.—Wheat, Dec., 89c; No. 1 northern, 90¾c; No. 1 durum, 88c.

South St. Paul, Sept. 26. — Cattle — Steers, $5.75; cows, $4.15@5.75; calves, $3.75@[illegible]; hogs, $8.10@8.75; sheep and lambs, $4.00@6.50.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 16,500; market slow, generally steady; beeves, $5.50@11; Texas steers, $4.60@6.25; western steers, $6@9.30; stockers and feeders, $4.40@7.70; cows and heifers, $2.90@8; calves, $8@11.75. Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; market strong to 5c above yesterday's average; light, $8.20@8.90; mixed, $8.15@8.90; heavy, $7.95@8.80; rough, $7.95@8.15; pigs, $5@8; bulk of sales, $8.30@8.75. Sheep—Receipts, 44,000; market steady to 10c lower; native, $3.35@4.40; western, $3.50@4.40; yearlings, $4.50@5.50; lambs, native, $4.75@7; western, $4.85@7.25.

Taft Men Bolt Convention.

Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 27.—Exhausted by two days of almost continuous debate and uncertainty, three California state conventions are still in session hoping to conclude their business at any moment. In the main, all three had followed closely the lines laid down for them. The Progressives controlled the Republican convention by 88 to 13. Supporters of Taft bolted and organized separately, refusing to recognize as Republicans any electors not pledged to the Republican nominees.

"HUSBAND FAIR" BIG EVENT

Really the Ceremony of the Year in Quaint Belgian Village of Ecaussines.

Brussels, Belgium.—The tenth annual "husband fair" of the quaint little village of Ecaussines, situated a few miles from the Belgian capital, was held recently.

Just about a decade ago the maidens of the town resolved to take active steps to remedy the serious falling off in the number of eligible young bachelors. Believing in the well-known "feed the wretch" principle, they organized a breakfast, consisting chiefly of those dainty little cakes for which the Belgians are noted, washed down with delicious coffee and fresh cream. All the girls of the town club together to pay the cost of the breakfast, the excursions, and the ball which terminates the eventful day's proceedings.

Street of Ecaussines.

At nine o'clock in the morning sprightly young bachelors arrive from all parts of the kingdom by train and proceed direct to the town hall, where they sign their names in the "Golden Book" of the "Girls' Marriage Society." Half an hour later they are served with breakfast by the young ladies, who are headed by their own elected "presidente." The ice now being to some extent broken, the young men and maidens set off to visit the quarries and the fine old church of which the inhabitants are justly proud.

Naturally the young ladies lead the way, but they often cast furtive glances at the crowds of young men who follow with great docility. At half-past eleven a visit is made to the old fifteenth century castle, which affords excellent opportunities for bringing the young people a little closer together.

At noon everybody goes to lunch—the men to restaurants and the girls to their homes. The latter tell their anxious parents about the morning's happenings.

Lunch must be finished by half-past one, as this is the time fixed for the official reception of the bachelors by the young ladies. The "presidente" makes a speech in which she offers a hearty welcome to the young men, and extols the charms of married life with the wife of one's choice. A blare of trumpets signals the end of her discourse, and dancing now begins in every available open space, or in the town hall if the weather is unfavorable. The young couples sort themselves out, and a number of engagements, followed by happy marriages, forms a fitting conclusion to the picturesque "Husband Fair" of Ecaussines.

SELF-SUPPORT FOR BLIND

Maine School to Pay Them for Work at Trades—Will Make Brooms and Weave Rugs.

Portland, Me.—If the plan which Millard W. Baldwin, the new head of the Maine School for the Blind in this city, is to put into operation when the next term of the school opens proves a success there will be no blind person buried in a papuper's grave or go to a hospital as a charity patient in the future.

This school is an industrial one, where the blind are taught to make brooms, cane chairs, weave rugs and other trades such as are adaptable to the blind. In the past those who went there have received no compensation for their labor. They were given their board and no more.

By Mr. Baldwin's plan each man and woman will be paid on the piece system. At the end of each week his or her board will be deducted. In addition a certain per cent., according to the amount earned, will be taken out and deposited to the earner's credit in a savings bank. So long as the blind person remains in the school this money cannot be drawn from the bank by him or her, except by the approval of the trustees of the school. In this way a fund will be created for each pupil for use in later life. Another feature which will be introduced in the school by the new superintendent is that of reading the newspapers to them. A certain hour will be designated, when all will gather in the big hall of the school and Mr. Baldwin will read the important news of the day to them.

Mr. Baldwin is a native of the State of New York and was for many years connected with the educational work of that state, both as a teacher and a supervisor of schools. For several years past he has been engaged in business in Maine, but was induced to take his present position because of a lifelong interest in the work of teaching those afflicted with loss of eyesight.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.

President Taft declared himself a convert to the budget system.

South Dakota republicans and progressives may work in harmony.

Champ Clark opened the Kentucky campaign with a speech on the tariff.

Governor Johnson said between Taggart and Kealing Indiana was boss-ridden.

Roosevelt, prgressive candidate for president, spoke in Omaha on the 20th.

In his speech at Denver Roosevelt replied to five questions put to him by Bryan.

Mr. Bryan, in a speech at Bozeman, Montana, denounced the Roosevelt ambition.

Governor Wilson has given his approval to the formation of a Wilson republican league

The high cost of living was declared by Governor Wilson at Columbus, O., to be the real campaign issue.

Woodrow Wilson replied to the charge of Former Senator Beveridge that he was boss-controlled.

Governor Johnson made the prediction that President Taft will be third in the presidential race.

Through Ohio and Indiana, Governor Woodrow Wilson did impromptu campaigning that was as vigorous as it was unexpected.

Theodore Roosevelt made a three-hours' stop in Lincoln in his trip across Nebraska and also a lengthy talk at Omaha.

At Mitchell, S. D., a state convention of republicans adopted resolutions in which Roosevelt and the progressive candidates in South Dakota were severely denounced.

A series of conferences to discuss the political situation in each of the central states will be held at the republican campaign headquarters in Chicago.

Governor Thodas R. Marshall of Indiana, the democratic vice presidential candidate, made his first campaign speech in Missouri in St. Joseph.

General.

Governor Wilson is to speak in Omaha in the afternoon of October 5th.

The Mexican government is preparing a more vigorous campaign against the rebels.

Evansville, Ind., was selected as the next meeting place of the national rural letter carriers.

George Underwood, an aviator, who was injured when his biplane turned turtle during an exhibition flight at Calloa, Mo., died from his injuries.

Mrs Mary Leigh, the suffragette, was released from an Irish prison on account of ill health due to her refusal to eat and having had to be fed forcibly.

Claims for $3,000,000 resulting from depredations on American property in Mexico, have been filed against the Madero government. Moore are apt to come.

Former Congressman J. Adam Bede of Minnesota, and John Harlan of Chicago, following Theodore Roosevelt through Arizona in the interest of President Taft spoke in Tucson.

A portion of the books and records kept by Cornelius N. Bliss, as treasurer of the republican national committee in the 1904 presidential campaign probably have been located.

Governor Woodrow Wilson struck the trail of Colonel Roosevelt for the first time in the campaign when he whirled through a program of speeches and receptions in Minneapolis and St. Paul.

Bankers are applying to the Treasury department for deposits of public money to be used in connection with financing the big crops. Applicants, it is said, however, have not yet raised the cry of stringency.

People crowded so at the funeral in Chicago of the white wife of Jack Johnson, that the police were called to clear the sidewalk in front of the house. Several thousand people were in the street when the police arrived.

At Pittsburgh, Pa., two little girls girls dressed to represent angels, were hung suspended by ropes over an improvised altar at a churchfest, and now the fathers are under arrest for cruelty.

Dora Rodriguez, an 18-year-old Amsterdam girl, reached Washington, on the last lap of her walk around the world. She walks alone, carrying a revolver on her hip. She says she was never accosted by any man, except in New York.

Promotion for 13,000 railway postal clerks on October 1 will be provided in orders issued by Postmaster General Hitchcock.

Two persons were killed, two seriously hurt and several others slightly injured when a Union Pacific train hit a street car at a grade crossing in Denver.

A dispatch from Constantinople to London says that a serious engagement has occurred at Berani, near the Montenegrin frontier between Turkish troops and rebellious Malissori tribesmen. Fifty-seven Turks and 217 tribesmen were killed.

Colonel Roosevelt accused Governor Wilson of being a novice.

Farmers in the southwest will be able to ship corn into Mexico free of duty until the end of this year.

Governor Glasscock has started his inquiry into strike conditions in West Virginia.

Eugene Chaffin, prohibition candidate for president, invaded Delaware on a speaking tour.

Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray was arrested in Washington at the behest of the Indian office.

Governor Wilson twitted Colonel Roosevelt about the alleged growth of trusts during his administration.

The sale of the New York Press, a morning newspaper, by Henry L. Einstein, to Frank A. Munsey, is announced.

Forage poisoning, which has caused heavy mortality among the horses of Kansas and Nebraska, is reported prevalent in South Dakota.

The party of American geographers touring the United States accompanied by members of the American geological society, arrived at San Francisco.

Immediate withdrawal of the armed forces of the United States now in Nicaragua is demanded in a circular drawn up by residents of San Jose, Costa Rica.

The first stone of a monument to Victor Hugo was laid at Wateroo, Belgium, on the battlefield immortalized by the French poet and novelist in "Les Miserables."

Oyster beds in Jamaica bay, Long Island, and the Potomac river, seventy-five miles down from Washington, are endangered by typhoid germs, according to the secretary of agriculture.

Major General James Shipton, Coast Artillery corps, now stationed at Angel Island, Cal., was designated military attache of the American legation at Buenos Ayres. Argentine Republic.

Thirteen million bushels of grain received in thirteen business days in Minneapolis was the crop movement which shattered all records after the railways had reported in 1,543 cars of grain.

Armed with a stout club Weldon B. Cooke, an aviator of Oakland, Cal., defended his wrecked aeroplane for several hours in Chicago against a crowd of several hundred souvenir hunters.

An amateur parachute jumper was killed at the column of victory in Berlin. He was a paper hanger named Bittner, who climbed to the summit of the column to experiment with a selffinvented apparatus.

At Springfield, Ill., the early home of Abraham Lincoln, Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana declared that the martyred president was a democrat at heart. His declaration startled his audience.

The postal authorities in Russia have called a conference to formulate regulations for government supervision of wireless stations and for the use of wireless telegraph on foreign ships in Russian waters.

Fifteen Mexican rebels were captured on American territory thirty miles southwest of Tucson, Ariz., by deputy sheriffs. The rebels were believed to have been on their way to Casa Grande to obtain ammunition.

Washington during all of this week will be the health mecca of the world. There have gathered from all quarters of the globe thousands of experts on health and vital statistics to attend the fifteenth International Congress on Hygiene and Demography.

Secretary MacVeagh is wrestling with the question of whether to admit free of duty food for use on board American ships under the amendment to the Panama canal act abolishing duty on all ship building material and equipment imported into the United States.

Plans for an advertising campaign in behalf of the Panama canal have been formulated. Secretary of the Navy Meyer announced that with the cruise of the Atlantic fleet to southern waters this winter, he will arrange the schedule so that all sailors and officials will visit the canal.

Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray, known as a champion of Indians before congress, has been arrested on a charge of concealing public records. Mrs. Gray admits that she took the Crow tribe allotment rolls, involving lands worth $100,000,000, because she was afraid they would be destroyed.

Housewives of Philadelphia are enjoying the lowest prices in produce known there for years. Produce is abundant, cheap and of high quality. Market experts declare the potato crop is larger than in ten years; apples the best since 1896, and onions are four times as plentiful as ever before.

At Richmon, Va., Charles O. Berry, president of the National League of Postmasters, in an address before the convention urged an increase of salaries in third and fourth class offices. "The official register," said Berry, "shows that out of 49,817 fourth class offices, 25,817 pay less than $200 a year. In the Third district 6,188 pay less than $100 per year, and in the Eighth district, 905 pay less than $100 a year.

Nebraska building and loan associations have $30,000,000 of the people's money in their keeping

Personal.

Hon. W. J. Bryan characterizes Roosevelt as a dangerous man.

President Taft celebrated his 55th birthday by a visit to Aunt Delia Torrey.

This week Gov. Wilson will make speeches in Iowa, South Dakota and Minnesota.

Governor Wilson has called upon officers to investigate alleged vice in Newark, N. J.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

REGRET SUPERIOR RIOT AFFAIR

DULUTH MEN DECLARE NO SUCH SYMPATHY DESIRED.

Many Outsiders Injured, But None Fatally in Superior Rioting.

Duluth. — At a very recent meeting of the Duluth striking street car men, speakers deplored Thursday night's outbreak of destructive sympathy in Superior and it was stated that no such sympathy is desired by the car men. Duluth went through its fire of mob rule, declared the car men, without the sanction and against the wishes of the strikers.

Quiet prevails in Superior following Thursday night's wild outbreak. Cars were being run to all parts of the city without any active interference. The police and sheriff there are on the alert and the fire companies are relied upon to disperse with water any crowds the police cannot scatter.

It was declared by the Superior police that Thursday night's mob was the most destructive seen in the present car strike at the head of the lakes. Cars quickly were dismantled and Tower avenue was showered with broken glass, brass work and seats piled in gutters, testifying to the thoroughness of the mob's work on the cars.

Everything that could be broken was smashed. The strike breakers fled for their lives. Several attempted to hide under the car seats, but the seats were yanked from the floors. One strike breaker caught in a jam suffered the loss of an eye when a piece of glass was hurled at him.

Many outsiders were injured, but none fatally. Stones thrown at windows went through and hit the mob at the other side, which increased the fury of those struck and they redoubled their bombardment.

In Duluth strike breakers were noticed giving money to the strikers. The strike breakers professed sympathy with the old employes. The police department of Chicago has sent pictures here of men wanted in Chicago, stating that the men are believed to be strike breakers in Duluth.

OLE HAGEN FOUND.

Detectives Locate Spouse of Wells, Minn., Woman In South.

St. Louis, Missouri. — Private detectives from St. Louis brought here a man, said to be Ole Hagen, whose wife, Mrs. Anna Dahl Hagen, now a telephone operator at Wells, Minn., two months ago instituted suit against the Modern Brotherhood of America to collect $2,000 insurance carried by her husband, who has been missing since Dec. 26, 1903, and whom she believed dead.

The case bids fair to be of as much interest as the famous Kimmel case, which some months ago puzzled courts as to the question of identity. In both cases, men who were supposed to have been dead for some number of years, and who carried considerable insurance, stepped forth when relatives sought to collect that insurance and pressed their claims for identification.

Hagen was located near Meridian, Miss. Following a disagreement, it is said, with his wife nine years ago, he left home and was, the following year, heard from at Hot Springs, Ark., Montgomery, Ala., and Beamont, Texas. Since then his wife had not heard from him.

CAR SERVICE ORDERED.

Lack of Service Not for Want of Protection.

Duluth, Sept. 26.—Under an order of the district court the Duluth Street Railway company must resume full and adequate street car service. Judge Homer B. Dibell filed his decision in the city's mandamus suit against the street railway company to force a resumption of the old service such as was offered prior to the strike.

The company, the court holds, cannot be compelled to reinstate the strikers. Neither can the strikers be compelled to go to work for the company again.

If serious disorder breaks out again, Judge Dibell intimates that the railway company or the city has the right to reopen the proceedings.

Judge Dibell holds that the failure of the respondent to maintain service to accommodate the traveling public, and equivalent to the service maintained prior to Sept. 9, 1912, is not owing to wan of sufficient protection.

Serious Wreck Is Averted.

Winona. — An extra special passenger train composed of a Pullman sleeper and an express stock car, from Kasson to Chicago, ran into a switch point in the Northwestern yards and the engine left the rails, turned over on its side and tore up about 60 feet of the main line tracks. No one was injured. The fact that the train was a special and was running slowly ahead of the regular train undoubtedly prevented a disastrous wreck.

MINN. APPOINTMENTS.

Northern German Conference of the Methodist Church.

Menomonie, Wis.—The Northern German conference of the Methodist Episcopal church finished its work there. Bishop Quayle ordained Rev. G. A. Wolff as deacon and Rev. Gerd Bruns as elder. The bishop was assisted by the board of conference examiners and the superannuates.

Memorial services were held for Rev. Christian Nachtrieb of Minneapolis, Rev. Mr. Singenstrue of Morristown, Rev. H. Ziegler of Warrenton, Mo., and Dr. J. F. Froeschle of St. Paul.

The appointments for the ensuing year are: Minneapolis District: C. H. Sauter, superintendent; Ada and Averill, W. J. Grummelin; Arlington, F. Brinkman; Brownton, William G. Baab; Echo and Johnsonville, F. C. Schulz; Fairfax, J. Berger; Gardena and Movina, G. H. Bruns; Jordan, J. G. Sohm; Le Sueur, H. A. Potthoff; Mankato, G. A. Rabe; Minneapolis, Central church, C. L. Lehnert; First and Greenwood, A. Peik; North church, G. Raihle; Montrose, W. G. Boemmels; Morgan, A. F. W. Krienke; Morris, C. Schoenheider; New Ulm, C. G. Hohn; Sleepy Eye, J. Schneider; Springfield, A. Biebighaeuser; Valley City, C. F. Bublitz.

St. Paul District: J. J. Hoffmann, superintendent; Albert Lea, Herman Netwig; Bertha, A. G. Wolff; Blooming Grove, D. Pfaff; Cannon River, R. J. Simon; Chippewa Falls, W. H. Koenig; Duluth, W. A. Weiss; Faribault, F. E. Meierbachtol; Hokah, C. A. Thiel; Lake City, E. P. Christ; Menomonie, Carl Krueger; Owatonna, H. Clement; Pepin, H. E. Young; Princeton, W. C. Achterkirch; Red Wing, L. W. Diedrich; Rochester and Deer Park, H. Grosse; Salem, E. G. Meierbachtal; St. Paul, First church, C. F. Blume; St. Paul Park, W. E. Mahle; Rice street, G. Dosdall; West Side, A. H. Koerner; Washington, W. F. Koerner; Waseca, J. F. Steiner; Winona, W. F. Fritze.

NORTHWESTERN WRECK.

One Hurt When Mixed Train Jumps Track.

Winona.—While traveling at a speed of about forty miles an hour down a steep grade, the bare truck of a freight car, near the front of the Plainview branch of the regular mixed Northwestern train, became defective and derailed the car. It carried with it five other box cars and two passenger coaches and tore up the rails for fully 600 feet.

The engine and two box cars just behind it remained on the track, but three of the cars turned completely over and the passenger coaches were thrown at right angles with the roadbed. One passenger, Henry Engl of Elgin, was injured, but will probably recover.

Big Feeder for Coast Line.

Pipestone.—That officials of the Milwaukee road intend to make the southern Minnesota division one of the main routes for freight to the Pacific coast is no longer in doubt. For months gangs of men have been at work along the line west from Austin and the road has been placed in excellent shape for heavy traffic. At Jackson the roundhouse is to be enlarged by the addition of six new stalls. A new turntable will be put in and a new "Y" has just been built. New engines will also be brought to this division.

Finke to Be Opposed.

Pipestone.—In spite of the rumor that the republicans would have no fight in this legislative district if either Finke or Thorson were nominated at the primaries over Harrison White, it now develops that the prohibitionists are to carry the legislative fight to the polls in November and that Rev. H. N. Hanson will make an aggressive campaign against A. C. Finke, the republication nominee. Finke has been known as a prohibition republican, and it was generally thought his nomination would mean the withdrawal of Rev. Mr. Hanson.

Judge Collins Is Stricken.

Minneapolis. — Loren W. Collins, former judge of the state supreme court, G. A. R. veteran and one of the best known men in Minneapolis, is critically ill.

$25,000 for Inspection.

Minneapolis. — The city board of tax levy tentatively allowed an appropriation of $25,000 for the extension of medical inspection in the city schools.

Survives 6,000 Volt Shock.

Winona. — Mr. George Vader, of Cass City, Michigan, a lineman in the employ of the Tri-State Telephone company, was engaged in tieing wires at the tip of a 80-foot pole in the east end when his head came in contact with an electric light wire, carrying 6,000 volts. His leg touched a telephone wire, his body thus making a perfect link in grounding the current. He remained unconscious for an hour, but was not seriously injured.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

St. Paul. — Minnesota has 21,218 automobiles listed for taxation.

Winona.—Rev. Father William Lette of St. Joseph's church in Winona in 1864, is the guest of Rev. Father John Meier.

Pipestone.—Walter, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Max Vogt, who reside on a farm near Lake Okabena, was drowned.

Deerwood.—Louis Reid the thirteen-year-old son of Dr. William Reid, was shot in the arm by his playmate, Frank Grey.

Owatonna.—The annual convention of the Interdenominational Missionary society of Minnesota will be held in Owatonna, Oct. 9, 10 and 11.

Jackson.—Thomas Clipperton, an old soldier, was fatally injured and his wife and sister badly bruised in a runaway accident near here.

Rochester.—During a storm lightning struck six stacks of oats on the Frank Hughes farm west of Eyota, this county, setting fire to them.

Minneapolis, Minn.—The ten Taft electors have been named by the republican state committee to fill the vacancies made through resignations.

Jackson.—After a series of evangelistic meetings lasting three months, the Seventh Day Adventists baptized eight converts in the Des Moines river here.

New Ulm, Minn.—Charles Silverson, sixty-two years of age, president of the Eagle Roller Mill company, and former mayor of this city, is dead after a lingering illness.

Winona.—H. L. Brown of Dresbach holds the record for snake killing in Winona county. He has just been paid a bounty of $63.50 for killing 127 rattlesnakes in this county.

Caledonia.—Over eighty experienced farmers have been selected by the county commissioners to attend the conservation and agricultural development congress at Minneapolis on Nov. 19.

Pipestone.—John Forrest, who is employed with a threshing outfit, received a blow on the head while at work around the machine, and it is feared he has suffered a fractured skull.

St. Paul.—P. M. Ringdale, Democratic candidate for governor, will not resign as chairman of the board of control, but during the time he spends campaigning he will not draw any salary.

White Earth.—An officer, Sergeant Toliaferro Clark of the United States marine service is expected here soon to look after the health conditions of the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota.

Duluth. — Practically all evidence of violence has ceased in connection with the street railway strike. The small boys who have been throwing stones at passing cars have quit the practice.

Pillager.—Fire late Sunday night destroyed the saloon of Anderson & McCabe, at Sylvan, including the hotel furnishings, just moved in from Brainerd. Loss, $2,500. The fire is said to have been caused by incendiaries.

Winona.—Crossing the street in front of his home, John Borowski, 4 years old, was struck and run over by an auto, driven by Mrs. J. E. Burke. The boy's leg was broken and his body and head bruised. His condition is serious.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.—Orders were issued at the navy department assigning the Duluth naval militia to the battleship Wisconsin for the review in New York harbor. The militia will leave Duluth October 10 and will be away about 10 days.

Mason City, Iowa, Sept. 26.—J. E. Stiles, postmaster of Wells, Minn., passed through this city, returning from St. Louis, where he went to identify the long lost Ole Hagen. He was positive in his identification. Both men recognized each other and talked over old times. Hagen disappeared from Wells nine years ago, owing to domestic troubles. Mrs. Hagen had presented her death claim for $2,000.

Minneapolis.—Otto Meyer, the Minneapolis musician mentioned in the dispatch from Denver concerning the death of James Cooper Wheeler, who opposed Mr. Meyer as beneficiary of the estate of Miss Wheeler, the daughter, declared that he knew little concerning the case. "I left Denver a few days after the funeral of Miss Wheeler," he said, "and have not kept in touch with the legal aspects of the case, having turned that part over to a firm of lawyers in Denver.

Le Sueur Center.—Henry Scheffert, who was indicted for assault in the first degree at the February term of court, pleaded guilty and was given an indeterminate sentence, to be determined by the board of control, not to exceed ten years. Scheffert was indicted at this term of court on a like charge for attempting to shoot his former wife. Scheffert entered the home of his divorced wife's parents last fall and attempted to kill his divorced wife and her mother.

Lakefield.—The nineteenth annual convention of the Jackson County Sunday School association will be held at Alpha October 5 and 6. The principal speakers will be Alfred Day, Syracuse, N. Y.; County Attorney Mansfield and County Superintendent J. B. Arp. Mrs. J. A. Mansfield, of Lakefield, will have charge of the music.

Willmar.—W. G. Mapes, who has held the position of relief agent on the Great Northern road and made this city his headquarters, has been promoted to traveling auditor and will [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it: and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

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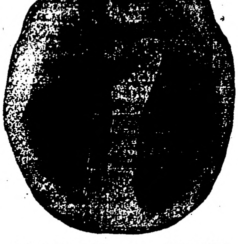

HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

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L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

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Remittances should be made on postal notes postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, September 28, 1912.

Leaving out of consideration the merits or otherwise of the executive order placing fourth class postmasters on the civil service list, politicians will quite likely see in the order the defeat of the present administration. If they are politicians of the pie counter variety they will be certain to see this. They will be unable to explain the surrender of this vast patronage upon any other assumption.—Dispatch.

P. V. Collins of Minneapolis, editor of the Northwestern Agriculturist, has accepted the progressive nomination for governor of Minnesota. Stranger things than the election of an editor as governor have happened, and Mr. Collins has a good chance to hoe his way into the gubernatorial chair.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign.

Bids for Bonds

Sealed bids will be received by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire for the purchase of $4,000.00 in bonds running for a period of fifteen years, issued for the purpose of taking up floating indebtedness. Bids will be opened at 8 p. m., September 19.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder, St Hilaire, Minn.

Notice for Bids

The town board of the town of River Falls will receive sealed bids for the construction of a steel bridge with concrete floor, 16 foot span, 18 foot roadway, abutments about 12 feet high.

Bids will be opened on Tuesday, October 1, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. J. S. ROY,
s21-2t Chairman.

The Candidates

The candidates for county office, as nominated at the primaries, are as follows:

County Auditor:—A. H. Fasel, rep.; Peter Becken, public ownership.

Treasurer:—A. Trovaton, rep.; O. H. Nelson, p. o.

Register of Deeds:—E. Quist, rep.; N. K. Nelson, p. o.

Sheriff:—W. J. LaBree, rep.; W. O. Lang, p. o.

County Attorney:—J. M. Bishop, rep.; O. A. Naplin, p. o.; E. M. Stanton, dem.

County Surveyor:—C. H. Martz, rep.; E. E. Quist, p. o.

Clerk of Court:—H. E. Ives, rep.; Herman A. Ohm, dem.; Ben Christianson, p. o.

Coroner:—H. H. Halvorson, rep.; P. L. Vistaunet, p. o.

Superintendent of Schools:—E. A. Mostue, G. Netteland, non-partisan.

Judge of Probate:—Wilhelm Michelet, Ira C. Richardson, non-partisan.

Commissioner, 3rd Dist.:—Nels K. Anderson, rep.

Commissioner, 4th Dist.:—Ed. A. Aubol, rep.; Erik Kittelson, p. o.

Elwell Road Contract Let

The bids for the construction of the Elwell road east from this city were opened by the county board at the meeting held on Sept. 5, but the final contract was not let until on Sept. 12. Bert Norby of this city secured the contract for the construction of the road, his bid being 19½ cents per yard for the work. Jenson & Sons of this city secured the contract for the hauling and laying of the gravel at the rate of 58c for the first mile, $1 for the second mile, $1.50 for the third mile, and $2 for the fourth mile. It is figured that the longest haul at any one point in the road will be four miles. Mr. Norby expects to start in on his part of the contract by October 1 and will probably be able to complete the first five miles this fall. He has until January 1, 1914, to complete the contract. As fast as he gets a part of the road finished according to his contract the gravel will be put on and the road opened for traffic.

This road is the first of its kind in the state and the preliminary work has been no very small item. The road is constructed along the line followed in the digging of a county ditch. The state pays one-half of the cost of its construction, the county pays one-fourth, and the farmers whose lands will be benefited pay the balance in annual installments. The road will run from the river just north of the city due east for about twenty miles. It will provide one of the best rural highways in the state and in addition to the many ditch roads will furnish a fine road from this city to the eastern end of the county. In all directions from this road, there are other good county and ditch roads and as soon as it is turned over to the public, will provide the means by which every farmer living north of the river come to this city on a good level modern highway.

The road will cost approximately $1900 to the mile, and in its construction 112,000 yards of excavating will have to be done. The road does not start from the river, but from a point about a mile east. The part of the road between the west end of the Elwell road and the river will, however, be put into first class condition, and when it is done one of the worst pieces of highway in the state will be no more. Today many farmers residing east of this city go to towns on the Soo line to do their trading, simply because they find that the roads to this city are impassible a greater portion of the time. This is a condition that exists in most counties of northern Minnesota, and as soon as the Elwell road is proved practical, it is safe to assume that there will be considerable more business coming to towns that deserve it. The commissioners of Pennington county who have labored hard and faithfully to secure this road are to be complimented, and the highway will deserve to be called a monument to the memory of the men who were instrumental in having it constructed.—Thief River Falls Times.

Wolf Raisers Successful

According to official reports the state of Minnesota paid bounties for the scalps of 472 full grown wolves and 100 cubs during three months of early winter. The state treasury suffered to the extent of $3,840, which was paid over to those bringing the hides, which were burned in the furnaces of the several county court houses where the money was paid. After all, a full grown wolf does not do as much harm as poor beer. To be sure of something beneficial, always use golden grain belt beers at home or abroad. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston.

Good Money

Following is a list of patrons of the St. Hilaire creamery who received more than $50.00 for cream delivered during the month of August:

Solomon Svenson	$88.30
V. G. Brink	84.27
John E. Peterson	83.57
W. D. Lind	78.18
C. A. Lindquist	67.86
M. Brevik	67.37
John Konikson	65.88
C. T. Swanson	64.44
Ole Larson	63.62
Ed Enright	61.91
C. E. Erickson	59.59
O. L. Larson	58.20
H. J. Hansen	57.99
Fred Ulrich	57.66
John Sjoberg	57.42
L. A. Carlson	57.26
P. W. Peterson	55.80
Hogen Hanson	55.26
Sam Thomson	55.13
A. Axelson	54.65
Henry Rondorf	54.55
Wm. Moeller	53.18
A. P. Sandberg	52.66
C. J. Bothman	52.23
Julius Nelson	51.68
H. Haupt	51.07
Albert Anderson	51.07
Wash Adams	50.72

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Sept. 19, 1912, for the purpose of considering the bids for bonds.

The clerk reported that there was one bid to consider, that of C. L. Hanson of Thief River Falls.

C. L. Hanson offered to take the $4,000 bonds at par with 6 per cent interest and offered a premium of $50.00.

On motion duly made and carried the bid of C. L. Hanson was accepted.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of August, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs.	83,336
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	22,461
Total received for same	$6,872.95
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 29½c	
Paid patrons by check	$6,362.31
" " butter, salt, and oil	108.85
Paid into sinking fund	162.33
" " expense "	239.46

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

STARTS AT $1,500.00.

Be a stenographer and earn a good salary. M. J. Roy of Lawrence, Mass., took a six months' course in the Mankato Commercial College last winter and secured a government position at $125 a month. He believes in the school and wants his brother, back in Lawrence, to attend the Mankato Commercial College this fall. Many others are doing as well as Mr. Roy. You can. Our catalogue tells how. Send for it today. Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

Pay your subscription

LAZY JOY FOR LITTLE WORK

Six Months' Labor Enables Them to Loll in Indolence For a Year and a Half—Combing the Islands For Men For the Sugar Plantations.

A happy-go-lucky, stand up and fall down, genial, inconsequential spirit animates the West Indian negroes in their labors and in their begging. From the sweating toilers on the dock at Macoris loading sugar into the steamers, with their warning cry, "Bee-low!" to the men in the hold, to the grinning boys hauling their fishing boats up on the beach at Dominica, they live from day to day and take no thought of the morrow. A West Indian negro with $50 will live for a year and never do a stroke of work.

And why not? His living costs him only 9 cents a day. He has his little cabin for the occupancy. A mango tree grows in his yard, and he can pick plantains by the road at will. If he is too lazy to bake 5 cents will buy bread for the family for the day, and a few cents more will buy a dozen small fish and one large one. A single garment does for the women, and $5 will clothe the man for a year, while the pickaninnies run as God made them.

The West Indies are the paradise of the happy loafer. Every year the islands are combed from end to end for hands to work the great sugar plantations in Santo Domingo, and at that the negroes must often be practically kidnaped to get them on the boats.

In November of each year the sugar boats, little sloops and schooners that spend the remainder of the year trading among the islands get into the Santo Domingo negro trade. Their captains and supercargoes, when they have them, and the owners go up and down the islands telling the negroes that on a certain day the vessel will sail for Santo Domingo and take all who want to go to work on the sugar plantations.

Take the little island of St. Martin's for illustration. For a week the island is combed, and on the appointed day a dozen sloops and schooners are crowded into Marigot bay. The night before the negroes have begun to stream into the little town that sleeps through the year, waiting for this one day to bring it to life. Boards are laid across boxes, and rum and whisky are set out to arouse the negroes to the pitch that will carry them out to the vessels bound for the plantations.

All day the men stream into the town, traveling barefooted along the sandy roads, swept in by the sailors, singing their song of riches to be had for the asking. Ahead of the men walk their women, toting heavy boxes on their heads, while the men are dressed in their best, with a cocky straw hat perched on one ear, swinging a dandy cane and carrying their shoes in their hands. At the outskirts of the town they put on their shoes and swing gayly up to the open air bars on the beach.

The women lug the big boxes down to the beach and wail at being left alone until they, too, become filled with the excitement of the scene and urge their men folks on. The men hang back and laugh and drink and deny that they are going.

"Is you goin', Big Tawm?"

"Naw, Ah ain' goin'. Ah jus' come tuh see."

"Yas, yo' is goin', Big Tawm. Git in dat boat."

"Come on heah, boy. Ya, ha!"

And all the time the rowboats, loaded to the gunwales, are plying back and forth between the shore and the sloops. By sundown the beach is swept clean and six little sloops and a schooner make sail and drift out of the harbor on a dying breeze, loaded down with a thousand black men and women, who will wake in the morning with a raging thirst. Then woe be to the captain who has not filled his water casks, for there is sure to be at least one body to be given to the sharks after the fight around the butts!

When the vessels drop anchor off Macoris the plantation foremen come off and look over the cargoes and pay the shipmasters $2.50 each for passage money for the negroes. Then the blacks are herded ashore and are credited with 30 cents a day for a month for working from sunrise to sunset in the cane fields. By that time the $2.50 passage money is paid back. Then they receive their 30 cents a day in cash for the next six months until the cutting and grinding season is over, when the sloops show up again and take them to their homes for $2.50 each, paid in advance.

The foremen collect from the plantation owners 63 cents a day each for pay for the black hands, but with their share of the money the negroes can live for a year and a half before they have to think of doing another day's work. And they do it. Year after year the trade is plied, and the islands are combed for men for the plantations, and year after year the negroes return home to eighteen months of lazy joy.—New York Tribune.

Groundhog.

Teacher was telling her class little stories in natural history, and she asked if any one could tell her what a groundhog was. Up went a little hand, waving frantically.

"Well, Carl, you may tell us what a groundhog is."

"Please, ma'am, it's sausage."—Everybody's Magazine.

The Harder Part.

"It is hard to teach an old dog new tricks," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, it's hard to find the new tricks," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

Courtship in the North.

The old Eskimo lit a cup of walrus oil and peered over the sealskin curtain.

"Aurora," he called, sharply, "is that young man down there yet?"

"Yes, pa," answered the Eskimo belle.

"Well, I want you to cut him out, understand?"

"Er—you'll have to do it yourself, pa. He has been here so long he is frozen to the snow, settee."—Success Magazine.

LOSE JOY OF LIFE

HUSBANDS AND CHILDREN NOT FOR MILL GIRLS.

Have Little Choice But to Become Old Maids—One Girl Because She Misunderstood the Meaning of License.

There were four Carroll girls, all over 18. Their father, a small, white-haired, dignified man, was in the room and smiled a timid welcome. The girls were still in black for the mother who died a year before, says Rheta Dorr in the Broadway Magazine. "It is much harder for us now that mother's gone," said Sallie Carroll. "But she made us promise on her deathbed that we'd keep things just as she always had and we're certainly bound to do it. We all work in the mill. We are weavers, except Nannie there, the youngest. She is a warper. We don't let father work any more. We make enough for us all and him, too, and somebody's just got to be at home to look out for things or else where's your home?"

"Why do poor folks have such big families?" demanded Nannie Carroll, indignantly. "They've got no business to. Why do poor folks marry at all?"

"Don't you expect to?" I asked.

The faces of all the girls were sober. "We can't figure out that there's any choice for us between breaking up our home and being old maids," said the oldest Carroll girl. "It may be a disgrace to be an old maid. People say it is, but at least we are comfortable and happy. Why, what would become of father if we married?"

I instantly thought of a girl I knew in Fall River. She was a weaver, too, and earned $11 a week, which made her an object of desire to more than one young man in the town. But at 25 she was still single. In the course of a confidential talk I asked her why she had never married and she told me with much laughter the reason.

"When I was 18," she said, "I was foolish enough to fall in love with the timekeeper in the clothroom at the iron works mills. He was better looking then than he is now. Well, he asked me to marry him and I said I would. Then he said we ought to go and get the license. 'What license?' I asked, flaming mad. You see, we girls had a dog we were awfully fond of and one day the poundkeeper came around and said we'd have to take out a license or he would kill the dog. So we skimped and saved and went without carfare until we had enough to pay for the dog's license.

"Well, somehow, the word license seemed to me to be connected with a dog. I didn't know that people had to have licenses. I told my young man that if he couldn't marry me without a license, as if he were paying for a dog, I wouldn't marry him. He argued and argued and we both got madder and madder, and finally we broke it off. Mother was glad enough. She always hates to have one of us marry. Less money carried home, you see." She added thoughtfully: "Of course, I was a silly goose, but somehow, when I see him with his wife, she looking ten years older than she is, with care and raising children whose only future is in the mills, I think a marriage license and a dog license are not so very different."

TREASURE PROTECTED BY MUD.

Effort to Be Made to Reach Stored Riches in India.

A good story of hidden treasure comes from India on the authority of the late tutor to the heir apparent of Bhopal.

In the hills of Amarkantak, in the central provinces, close to the sources of the Narbada and the Son, there stands an old deserted fort called Ran Bakalli, wherein, so tradition says, are collected vast stores of treasure and jewels formerly the property of the Hindu rajahs of the country, but for ages no one has been able to gain access to the fort because it is surrounded by miles of impassable mud.

The late Sir Richard Temple when lieutenant governor of Bengal tried to reach it, but his elephant stuck deep in the mire and he was forced to abandon the quest. It is now suggested that a syndicate should be formed to exploit this treasure house by means of balloons, and a Calcutta capitalist has promised a large subscription toward the enterprise.

The question which puzzles most people is how this ocean of mud ever came to invest the fort. An effort will be made to enlist the co-operation of the maharajah of Rewa, the ruler of the district, who is said to be an enlightened prince, though how it comes that he has not already taken steps to solve the mystery is not stated.

INTO SERE AND YELLOW LEAF.

Eighteenth Century Women Seem to Have Willingly Settled Down.

In an English novel of the eighteenth century the author thus refers to a certain woman: "She had reached the age of 35, an age beyond which no woman can hope either to feel or inspire deep affection." In one of George Meredith's early novels he refers to a character as a woman "on the criminal side of 30." A Boston woman in the last century, after reaching the age of 30, put on, over her abundant natural hair, a false front and a cap. These were the outward and visible signs of the matronly maturity she had reached. She gave up at the same time all the gayer forms of social intercourse. She confined herself thereafter to the mild and elderly variety. She had "come out" into Boston society at 15. After two years of social gayeties she had married. At 30 she was the mother of eight children. She had lived the active part of her life. In accordance with the conventions of her time she settled down to a life of vegetating domesticity. She was not an exception. She was the normal woman of her day, registering its customs just as a good thermometer registers the temperature.—Appleton's Magazine.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To John Grove:

You are hereby notified that at a tax judgment sale held on the 10th day of May, 1909, the following described parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, towit:

E½ of NE¼ of section 5, township 152, range 45, was sold for the sum of ten and 81-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem s parcel, exclusive of the costs to acc upon this notice, is the sum of and 89-100 dollars, and interest by law to the day such redempt, and that the tax certificate issued sale has been presented to me by t thereof, and the time for redemptio parcel from said sale will expire sixty after the service of this notice and thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this 5th day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE
s28-3t Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota.
To John Grove:

You are hereby notified, th ment sale held on the 10th d the following described parce ated in the county of Penning a part of Red Lake, and state towit:

W½ of SW¼ of section 27, range 45, was sold for the sum 90-100 dollars;

That the amount required to re parcel, exclusive of the costs to upon this notice, is the sum of fifty and 27-100 dollars, and interest by law to the day such redempt and that the tax certificate issue sale has been presented to me by thereof, and the time for redemption parcel from said sale will expire after the service of this notice thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATE
s28-3t Auditor of Red Lake C

(Paid Advertisement, S Axel Risberg, Thief R

Card by Mr. Tr

Thief River Falls, Mi

I wish to thank my the republican nomination treasurer and also my his supporters for the manly manner in which the the campaign.

On account of my shall not be able to make personal campaign for the election, but will do all I can the republican nominees by the last Tuesday, because they are men, so far as I know, and were nominated by our party.

I believe it would be county should our party especially so far as congress legislature are concerned.

Very sincerely,
ANDREW TROVA

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FR

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	
" " 2 "	73
" " 3 "	
Flax, No. 1	$1.50
" 2	1.45
Barley, for 50 lbs	28
Oats	23
Rye	52
Eggs	15
Butter	20
" creamery	31
Potatoes	40
Beef, live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	@6
Chickens, alive	@8
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	3.10
Shorts, per ton	28.00
Bran, " "	27.00

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Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Good for Hungry Folks.

George William Sellers, the western cricketer, described in Chicago his attempt to teach cricket to the men on his Indiana estate.

"Cricket is, of course, a more leisurely game than baseball," said Mr. Sellers. "We played it on my place in the proper leisurely manner, and all my men seemed pleased. Our first match was with Concord.

"One of my men—his name is John—seemed particularly pleased. John did full justice, before the match, to the lunch served in the marquee on the lawn. He enjoyed, too, the meat tea that pleasantly interrupted the afternoon's play. At each inning he was on hand when the drinks and cigars and sandwiches were passed about.

"During the open-air dinner that wound up the first day's play, I turned to John and said:

"'Well, old man, what do you think of cricket?'

"'Mr. Sellers,' said he, 'it would be a grand game if it wasn't for all this [illegible]

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30.
Rev. M. S. Gibson, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
Paul N. Palmer, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church—Services at 10:30 a. m., 1 p. m., and 8 o'clock in the evening.
FRED PETERSON.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 177—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. Post, Sec. D. Patterson, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP [illegible] Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
O. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1301. Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 199 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Morris Larsen, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
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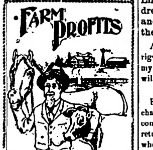

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Six months, 30 cents.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with O. O. Elliott.

Oscar Carlson was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

A. H. Pitkin returned Monday from Crookston.

Knut Kolstad was in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Mike McAndress is shipping a car of cattle to market today.

Miss Mabel Letvig went Friday to Grand Forks, where she will attend school.

Ed Aubol attended to county matters at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar and little boy returned Monday from a visit to Grand Forks.

Ralph Roy went Monday to Grand Forks, where he is attending business college.

Miss Gertrude Hooper returned returned Monday from a visit with friends at Crookston.

Lars Hauge of Halstad came over yesterday to visit with his uncle, R. L. Hauge, and family.

Misses Luella and Florence Stivers of Tilden visited with their sister, Mrs. Bahan, the first of the week.

Miss Grace Hall returned Tuesday from a visit to Red Lake Falls, accompanied by Miss Emily Cress.

T. D. Tice, the Iowa cattle and horse man and Minnesota farmer, was in town Monday.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. D. Lazar.

Richard Wallin and son Roy are spending the bad weather vacation at home. Albert Larson is with them.

Two Misses Scott of Bushnell, Ill., came yesterday to visit with their cousin, E. T. Hurst, and family.

Mrs. Klemsrud returned Monday from Crookston, where she visited friends and attended the Polk county fair.

Pat McAndress of Minneapolis and Peter Nelson of St. Thomas, N. D., were guests at the Mike McAndress home this week.

Mrs. Ben Cryderman of Grand Forks came over yesterday and went to Wylie, where she will be a guest at the A. Dreelan home.

R. J. McKercher and K. O. Gigstad go today to Rasmus Hege's place 4 miles southeast of town, where they conduct an auction.

Wanted. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. Kinder, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hagglund, who have been visiting friends here, went Monday to Tilden to visit with Charles Hagglund and family.

Miss Hazel Wilson entertained at a 5 o'clock tea, at her home on Tuesday afternoon, the Misses Emily Cress, Grace Hall and Myrtle Blaine.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent.

Anton Peterson and son Carl of Wyandotte came in yesterday and went to Crookston to visit friends.

Miss Eleanor Roy was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.
Fred Soderberg.

Fred Peterson, who has been in charge of the Scandinavian Mission congregations here this summer, returns next Monday to Chicago, where he will resume his studies for the ministry at North Park college.

A snow fall like the present in September is said to be unknown to the oldest inhabitant, following as it did after such a siege of rainy weather. Grain still in the shock must be badly injured, and the flax practically destroyed.

For Sale—My residence property in St. Hilaire, situated on lots 21, 22, 23, and 24, block 27, original townsite. Good house, good barn, good woodshed. Well on corner of property. Terms cash. Call on or write, Henry Olson.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin returned yesterday from Crookston.

Organ For Sale—A first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

Owing to the continued bad weather, the plan to hold a race meet this fall in Red Lake Falls has been abandoned.

C. H. Martz returned Thursday from a trip to the east line of Pennington county. He reports an interesting trip.

Rev. S. T. Palm writes us that he is now located at Greibrok, having received a call from the Synod church there.

The St. Hilaire horse, Loniana, owned by Victor Brink, took the one mile novelty running race at the Crookston fair.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Sept. 18, 1912. Glasses fitted.

At the meeting of the republican candidates last Tuesday Dr. C. Swanson was appointed committeeman foa the fourth district.

For Sale.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
s21-1mo Otto Johnson.

The young people gave a dancing party Thursday evening at Imperial hall for Miss Emily Cress of Red Lake Falls, who has been visiting friends here.

The Harvest Home supper that was to have been served last evening by the M. E. Ladies' Aid was indefinitely postponed, for reasons unknown to us.

A fine entertainment is billed for St. Hilaire for Saturday evening, October 5, when the Herald Square Entertainers will appear under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. lodge. The entertainment will be given at Imperial hall, and will consist of vocal, instrumental, and comedy constructed to amuse without being offensive.

Removal Sale

For the next three weeks I will give a reduction in the prices of groceries and flour.
Ole Mathison.

Double Wedding at Rosewood

Invitations were issued this week for the wedding of Miss Louise and Elvina Charlotte, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. John Bloom, to Johannes M. Phil and Lloyd E. Crown, all well known young people of Rosewood. The ceremony will be held at the Bethlehem Congregational church September 26, after which a reception will be given at the home of the brides.

The many friends of the popular couple join in wishing them a happy and prosperous married life.—News-Press.

School Notes

The bad weather has occasioned many absences that would not have occurred otherwise.

Mrs. O'Brien, the fifth and sixth grade teacher, has been ill and Miss Lily Johnson substituted on Thursday and Friday.

Miss Grace Hall and Miss Emily Cress visited school Thursday.

The drawing supplies and most of the general school suppies have arrived and the pupils have had lessons in drawing and painting.

A few visitors, after having looked over some of the best productions in drawing that were exhibited in the rooms, asked what some of these drawings represented. We don't consider that a slam on our work, however, but merely a lack of taste for the artistic on their part.

The new football has arrived and the boys will soon get a chance to boot the big skin.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

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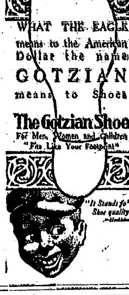
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The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription.—one dollar a year.

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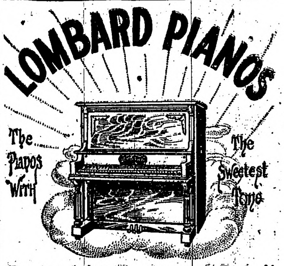
LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Sieker, [illegible] Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairdy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Patsod, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

SUFFERED EVERYTHING

For Fourteen Years. Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Elgin, Ill.—"After fourteen years of suffering everything from female complaints, I am at last restored to health. "I employed the best doctors and even went to the hospital for treatment and was told there was no help for me. But while taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I began to improve and I continued its use until I was made well."—Mrs. Henry Leiseberg, 743 Adams St.

Kearneysville, W. Va.—"I feel it my duty to write and say what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I suffered from female weakness and at times felt so miserable I could hardly endure being on my feet.

"After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and following your special directions, my trouble is gone. Words fail to express my thankfulness. I recommend your medicine to all my friends."—Mrs. G. B. Whittington.

The above are only two of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which show clearly what great things Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound does for those who suffer from woman's ills.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

A banana peel on the sidewalk is a standing invitation to sit down.

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES. Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Willie's Strategy.

"Uncle George, I wish you wouldn't give Willie any more nickels."

"Why, that's all right, Jane. The little fellow ran right up the front stairs to put the coin in his savings bank."

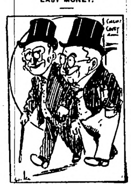
"And he ran right down the back stairs to the nearest candy shop."

Tea's Conquest of Rome.

Of all the conquerors that have come to Rome no one has gained such a complete victory as tea has won in the Italian capital. Twenty years ago the British and American tourists who came to Rome were catered to in the matter of tea in a rather shamefaced manner in the strangers' quarter near the Piazza di Spagna, and "English Tea Rooms" was the legend to be seen in a few windows hard by Cook & Sons' offices.

Nowadays the palm lounges of the Grand and the Excelsior hotels at tea time are two of the sights of Rome, for all Roman society drinks tea abroad in the afternoons, and there are as many uniforms at 5 o'clock in the big hotels as there are at sundown on band days on the Pincian hill. All the big pastry cooks' shops in the Corso and the other principal streets now have "Afternoon Tea" in gold letters on their plate glass windows.

EASY MONEY.



First Lawyer—I wish I had been living in King Solomon's time.

Second Lawyer—Why?

First Lawyer—He had 700 wives. Think of the divorce business he could have thrown in my way.

CAREFUL DOCTOR

Prescribed Change of Food Instead of Drugs.

It takes considerable courage for a doctor to deliberately prescribe only food for a despairing patient, instead of resorting to the usual list of medicines.

There are some truly scientific physicians among the present generation who recognize and treat conditions as they are and should be treated, regardless of the value to their pockets. Here's an instance:

"Four years ago I was taken with severe gastritis and nothing would stay on my stomach, so that I was on the verge of starvation.

"I heard of a doctor who had a summer cottage near me—a specialist from N. Y.—and as a last hope, sent for him.

"After he examined me carefully he advised me to try a small quantity of Grape-Nuts at first, then as my stomach became stronger to eat more.

"I kept at it and gradually got so I could eat and digest three teaspoonfuls. Then I began to have color in my face, memory became clear, where before everything seemed a blank. My limbs got stronger and I could walk. So I steadily recovered.

"Now after a year on Grape-Nuts I weigh 153 lbs. My people were surprised at the way I grew fleshy and strong on this food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

"There's a reason."

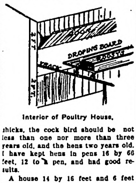
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

POULTRY

FOR BEGINNER IN POULTRY

Two Dozen Hens Are Plenty to Start With for One With No Experience—American Breed Best.

For one who has had no experience with poultry two dozen hens are plenty to begin with. It is better to begin with one of the American or Asiatic breeds. The Mediterranean breeds are weak when small because of feathering so fast. Free range is best, writes William Zimmerman of Selma, Okla., in the Farmers' Mail and Breeze. If they must be put in pens, 12 hens and a cock to each pen is about right. For good, strong chicks, the cock bird should be not less than one nor more than three years old, and the hens two years old. I have kept hens in pens 16 by 66 feet, 12 to a pen, and had good results.



Interior of Poultry House.

A house 14 by 16 feet and 6 feet high at the eaves is large enough for three dozen hens. I am keeping about 100 in one of that size. My house is built facing the south and all the south side is made of lath one inch apart. The east, west and north sides are boxed tight, but there is a door across the north end for a cleaning off the sliding drop board. I use no curtain in front of the roosts, and I have no frozen combs or sick poultry.

As a feed to make hens lay there is nothing better than wheat and Kafir in equal parts. If the hens are kept in pens feed all they will eat. Throw the grain in straw or hay. Don't dose your hens to make them lay, and if onie gets sick, separate it from the flock.

KEEPING AND STORING EGGS

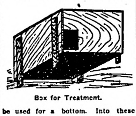
Well Dissolved Solution of Water, Slaked Lime and Salt Is Recommended—Don't Crack.

There are many plans suggested for keeping and storing eggs, but a very simple one appears in a recent exchange: To every three gallons of water add one pound of fresh slaked lime and one-half pint of salt. Have it well dissolved. Drop in your eggs one at a time, but mind do not crack them. If you wish to keep them one or two years you can do so. But you must use them as soon as taken out or they will spoil. When you put in all you wish, take a thin piece of board and put on top, and on that put a little salt and lime that the top may be as strong as the bottom. If these are kept at sea and in different climates, why not keep on icnd in a cool cellar? Should you wish to keep to transport, dissolve sufficient gum shellac to make a thin varnish in alcohol, let them dry, then after giving each egg a coat pack them in bran or sawdust. When wanted wash off the varnish and they are ready to be cooked.

TREATMENT FOR BROODY HEN

Unique Plan Is to Provide Wooden Boxes With Screen Bottoms—Fowl Soon Cools Off.

A unique plan for curing broody hens is carried out by making a few boxes with screen bottoms with legs attached to keep the box up from the ground and allow free circulation of air, says the Iowa Homestead. Common window screen is all that should be used for a bottom. Into these place the old hatchers until they give up hatching. Several days in such airy quarters cool them off and they go to laying.



Box for Treatment.

Kerosene.

Kerosene is sure death to lice if applied as a spray. Spray the walls, roosts, corners and nestings and the oil will kill all vermin. Sprinkle the bottom of the nests with it and cover with a heavy coating of straw.

Kerosene is also very valuable in preventing and curing scale disease in fowls. If it is used freely on the roosts once a week you will have no scaly legs. It promptly destroys the red louse that preys on the fowls at night, sapping their very life blood and retires to the roost poles during the daytime.

Stops Work of Lice.

The poultry department of Ohio Agricultural college is recommending a lice powder which it is said poultrymen will find effective in ridding the poultry of parasites.

Directions for making the powder are: Put 2½ pounds plaster of paris into a pan. Then mix ¾ pint gasoline and ¼ pint cresol. Stir the plaster of paris while adding the liquid. When ready the mixture should be rather crumbly. After drying it should be sifted, when it will be ready for use.

POINTERS FOR DUCK RAISERS

Pekin Is a Great Layer, but Does Not Possess Firmness of Flesh of the Aylesbury.

The market price for duck feathers is about half that for goose feathers.

In France the term "duckling" is applied to birds hatched the previous season, and not the present year, as in this country.

In England it is claimed that while the Pekin is not a great layer, it has not the fineness of flesh nor the early maturity of the Aylesbury.

The Cayuga, the only American variety, furnishes a meat of fine flavor, but on account of its black plumage makes a very unattractive appearance when dressed. The French epicures greatly appreciate the high quality of the Cayuga. This is about the only American product that we are not overly proud of.

The great secret of fattening ducklings is to begin early, and this can only be attained by keeping the stock duck young. In practice it is not profitable to keep the stock ducks more than two years.

COMBAT POULTRY-YARD FOES

Great Amount of Loss and Much Annoyance Caused by Insect Parasites—How to Control.

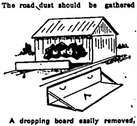
(By GEORGE M. TURPIN.)

Insect parasites are the cause of a great deal of annoyance and loss to poultrymen. Some essential measures for their control are:

Have the poultry houses separated from all other farm buildings.

Have all of the interior fixtures of the poultry houses, such as roostpoles, nest boxes, feed hoppers, dropping boards, etc., removable so that every part of the interior can be readily cleaned and sprayed.

Keep a good dust bath to which the fowls may have access at all times of the day. Common road dust with fine ashes and powdered sulphur or air-slacked lime added is excellent. The road dust should be gathered during dry weather for use during the winter.



A dropping board easily removed, cleaned, sanded and replaced without going into the hen house.

A. Dropping board proper.

Spray the coops and fixtures with a good whitewash twice each year, adding two pounds of salt and one-fourth gallon of crude carbolic acid to every fifty gallons of the spraying mixture.

Setting hens should have access to a good dust bath such as mentioned above. If lice are found later on the chicks, rub lard in the feathers of the head and throat, and in bad cases, also under the wings.

TURKEYS THRIVE ON ALFALFA

Two Hundred Acres of Land in Nebraska Utilized by Ranchman for Breeding of Birds.

A Nebraska ranchman has more than 200 acres of wild land, too dry for cultivation without irrigation, and makes a good living by raising turkeys.

A small creek runs through the place and along its sides grow some cottonwood trees.

About 200 acres of this farm has been sown to alfalfa, and in spite of the absence of much rain it thrives very well.

The old ranch owner raises from 800 to 1,200 turkeys every year, and about the only care he gives them is to feed them alfalfa.

Chicks on Restricted Runs.

When chicks must be crowded together in small quarters and in small runs they will need much more care than those having more range. Extra care will go a long way towards making up for lack of room, but it is risky business and plenty of room should be given if possible.

Giving Grass to the Hens.

One way of supplying poultry in confinement with green food through the summer is to give them clippings from the lawn. Even an ordinary sized lawn will suffice if only just enough is cut each day to meet the fowl's wants—that is, what they will eat up clean—and no more.

POULTRY NOTES

Desirable eggs are said to weigh about 24 ounces to the dozen.

If hens develop the feather-pulling habit send them to market at once.

It is as an egg producer that the Indian Runner duck has gained the most fame.

Poultry balance their own rations if they are given a wide variety of feeds to select from.

Eggs that cost 25 cents per dozen will bring $7 to $8 when hatched and sold as broilers.

A hen over two years old is fit only for the pot and to mother chickens. She is past her profitable laying days.

All young stock on hand now that you do not intend to keep through the coming winter should be marketed.

After hens are through laying they should be sold to the butcher unless they are needed for breeders next season.

Goose eggs require from twenty-eight to thirty-two days to hatch, according to variety and method of hatching.

Hens, when thye cease laying, fatten very easily and a fat hen is a thrifty candidate for all kinds of poultry diseases.

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

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Eric the Red, the Scoundrel Who May Have Caused America's Discovery

ERIC THE RED

A NORSE pirate — fiery of hair and temper; shaggy, gigantic, cruel — committed a murder that led indirectly to America's discovery. Here is the story:

Eric the Red was a Viking; chief of a band of sea robbers and all around ruffians, whom he held in check by a brutality even greater than their own. He was born in Norway about 950 A. D., and was the son of a Jarl, or Earl. In the intervals between his voyages of piracy he ruled a group of barren farms and fed at his table a throng of hard drinking, loud voiced Vikings who had sworn allegiance to him.

Laws were few in that land, and age of violence. Human life was cheap. Yet Eric committed a murder so revolting as to shock even the hardened Norsemen. To save his own life he was forced to flee from the country.

Homeless, an outlaw, a price on his head, Eric the Red sought for headquarters far enough from civilization to make a safe abiding place for him. He and his men scoured the northern seas in their serpent-prowed galleys, until at last, after doubling Cape Farewell, they came upon a vast tract of ground covered with high green grass, on which thousands of reindeer were feeding. Here Eric landed and founded a city. He named the country "Greenland." Rumors of its whereabouts had come to him from another Viking.

Nor was Greenland the only strange country of which wandering Vikings had told Eric. These sea robbers in their restless journeys in search of plunder were often swept out of all known routes by storms. More than one survivor of such voyages had spoken of having sighted a great land far to the westward.

Eric was uncertain how long Greenland might prove a safe asylum for him, and he was ever eager to find new haunts for loot and pillage. So he decided to explore this strange westward country and establish a colony there. In the year 1000 A. D., or thereabouts, he bade his son Lief to join in the expedition.

Lief was wellnigh as fiery and brutal as his father, but he had many finer qualities as well. He was high in the service of King Olaf of Norway and was known as "The King's Guardsman." His constant good fortune had also won for him the nickname of "Lief the Lucky." Like the rest of King Olaf's court, he had embraced Christianity, forswearing the heathen Norse gods and forcing his followers to do the same. Eric was furious at his son's conversion. A fierce quarrel arose between the two, but their differences were at last patched up and they made ready for their joint voyage of discovery.

As the Vikings hastened down to the waiting ships Eric rode at their head. His horse, according to the story, stumbled and threw him just as they reached the water's edge. To Eric's superstitious mind this seemed an omen of disaster. He refused to go on the expedition and sent Lief as its commander. This filled the Vikings with joy, for they hated Eric and loved his gallant son.

After a long sail westward Lief came to a gloomy, cloud-wrapped country (probably Newfoundland) and sailed southward looking for less forbidding shores. He found them. He is supposed to have landed somewhere along the southeastern New England coast. The place seemed a paradise to these men from the bleak north. The soil was rich and verdant. Wild grapes grew everywhere. Lief, because of the multitude of grapes, called the country "Vinland," or "Wineland."

Here he is supposed to have founded a colony before carrying back to Greenland the news of his wonderful discovery. Other Norse colonies are believed to have followed him to New England, but their fate and their very existence is shrouded in doubt.

Jonathan Wild, Founder of the "Thief Trust"

JONATHAN WILD was a thief who never stole, a business man with no legitimate business, a scoundrel who helped the law, and a man of the law who helped scoundrels. He was founder of one of the queerest monopoly on record—a "Thief Trust."

Wild was born in 1682. He was a Birmingham buckle-maker by trade and came to London as a young man to improve his fortune. A life of dissipation quickly landed him in prison for debt. There he stayed four years, becoming acquainted with almost every thief in London and gaining a strong influence over most of them. By the time he had scraped together enough money to buy his freedom he had already outlined his future career. He saw that crooks never really succeed in life. So he decided to stay "technically" honest, and to profit by others' crimes. Renting a low waterside tavern, he made friends with more outcasts and at last had a large enough following to take up the profession he had planned.

Calling to him a number of notorious thieves, Wild made them a little speech. He explained that the new laws had made life hard for robbers. Theft was not only a "hanging offense," but the receivers of stolen goods were so closely watched that they dared not do business. So he suggested an improvement on the old methods. Any one committing a theft was to come at once to Wild and tell all about it. Wild in turn was to get to the person robbed, and, on the latter's promise to ask no questions, was to offer to return the stolen articles—in payment of a substantial reward. This reward he would give to the thief in exchange for the plunder, keeping one-third as his own commission.

It was a simple arrangement. The victim would get back his property by paying a certain sum; the thieves would make more money than by dealing with regular "receivers" or "fences." Wild, with no danger to himself, would reap a tidy commission on every robbery.

From the first his business prospered. He himself stole nothing, nor did he in any way come within reach of the law. A house, for instance, would be robbed of $2,000 worth of valuables. Wild would go to the owner and tell him that for $600 he would find the lost goods. The money was paid and the goods were returned. Wild clearing $200 on the deal. The work was profitable to him and to the thieves alike. By the world at large he was regarded as a shrewd detective, who was singularly fortunate in tracing lost property. Most people were glad enough to get back their belongings without insisting on the thief's arrest. Wild grew rich, bought a big house and was highly respected. He even added smuggling as a "side line" to his business.

He managed to get thieves wholly in his power by hunting up evidence which (should he place it in the hands of the law) would hang them. By holding this threat over their heads, Wild made the great army of crooks give him slavish obedience and deal exclusively with him. It was a regular "Trust." Once in awhile some stubborn rogue would disobey an order or would refuse to dispose of his booty through the trust's agency. Then Wild, as a reputable citizen, would lay his evidence before the police and would help personally in the capture. Sometimes these arrested slaves of his would turn on him. His body, in fact, was covered with wounds, and in one tussle his skull was fractured. But these cases of rebellion were uncommon.

Robbery throve as never before. At last parliament was forced to pass a law making it a felony for any one to take money on pretense of restoring stolen goods unless he should also produce the thief. Wild was rich enough to have retired, but the spirit of graft was too strong for him. Hitherto he had been on the right side of the law. Now he found himself on the wrong side of it. He continued to wring thieves' ill-earned money from them and to betray such as failed to follow his orders. At last, in 1725, he was arrested, tried, convicted and sentenced to be hanged.

As the hangman's cart bore him to Tyburn (London's place of execution) the crowd mobbed him, yelling "Judas!" and stoning the trembling old rascal, leaving little work for the executioner to do when the cart at last reached Tyburn.

Threaded for the Season

Great Author, Confronted With Problem, Solved It in a Characteristic Way.

Henrik Ibsen, although not a man to be defeated by a difficult problem, faced one once that, according to Erik Lie in "The Reminiscences of Jonas Lie," puzzled him sorely. The amusing way in which he met it is characteristic.

Ibsen and Jonas Lie were both spending the summer at Berchtesgaden. Appearing one morning at Lie's house, Ibsen, with solemn countenance, begged for an interview with Mrs. Lie. Although somewhat mystified by Ibsen's strange manner, the lady gladly granted his request.

"Under no circumstances must your husband be disturbed," Ibsen began, when they were alone. "He had better know nothing at all about the matter. It's only a trifle that has been worrying me—a button has come off, and I have to sew it on again. I have bought the needle and thread—"

"But let me sew it on for you," interrupted Mrs. Lie, whose wonder had been steadily growing.

"No, no!" said Ibsen, hastily. "I should really rather do that myself."

"What do you wish of me, then?" the lady asked. She still could not understand why the poet should have consulted her upon this weighty affair.

"I only wanted to ask you to thread the needle. Again and again I have tried it, and the thread simply won't go in. I shall have to admit that it is an art I could never have believed so difficult."

Smiling, Mrs. Lie helped him out of his difficulty. A week later she asked him, as a joke, what luck he was having in threading his needle.

"I shan't have to trouble you again for your services," Ibsen answered, in his most serious manner. "You see, the needle is threaded now, and I took very good care that the thread should be long enough to last the whole summer."—Youth's Companion.

A CHECK TO RHEUMATISM

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Build Up the Blood and Overcome the Rheumatic Poisons.

Rheumatism defies any treatment that does not build up and purify the blood. The poisons of rheumatism are in the blood and it is only through the blood that the disease can be fought successfully.

Unless the blood is weak and impure, rheumatism cannot get a foothold. When it does the thin and impure blood is not strong enough to overcome the poisons alone. It must be strengthened and purified. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best blood-building medicine you can take. They make new blood with every dose and promptly check further progress of the disease. They make the blood so pure and strong that not the least trace of rheumatism remains.

Mr. A. Hamann, a farmer on R. F. D. No. 2, Eldridge, Iowa, says: "I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for indigestion and rheumatism from which I suffered for over six years. As these attacks came on every spring, I think they were caused by impure blood. The rheumatism was always more severe in my ankles and knees and especially in my arms, when I had been husking corn or working hard. The pains were so severe that I could hardly sleep at night. I used liniments of many kinds, but they didn't do more than drive the pain to some other part of the body and I did not get any relief from the doctor's medicine.

"When I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in our weekly paper I made up my mind to try a medicine that had actually cured some one else. A few boxes cured me and I think so much of the pills that I keep them in the house to use as a tonic. My wife finds them strengthening and we think the pills are the best medicine for the blood."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the blood's greatest aid in overcoming rheumatism, headaches, anæmia, chlorosis, and after-effects of the grip and fevers.

A valuable booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes, $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

Big Crop Yarns Are Ripe.

Secretary Wilson of the department of agriculture was talking about the record crops of 1912.

"These wonderful crops," he said, "are almost enough to make you believe the cross-cut saw story.

"A farmer, you know, sent his hired man to a neighbor's with a note saying:

"'Friend Smith: Will you please lend me your cross-cut saw, as I wish to cut a watermelon up so as to get it into my dray?'

"The neighbor wrote back:

"'Friend Jones: I would be glad to lend you my saw, but same has just got stuck in a canteloupe.'"

HOW TO TREAT PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS

For pimples and blackheads the following is a most effective and economical treatment: Gently smear the affected parts with Cuticura Ointment, on the end of the finger, but do not rub. Wash off the Cuticura Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. This treatment is best on rising and retiring. At other times use Cuticura Soap freely for the toilet and bath, to assist in preventing inflammation, irritation and clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, yellow, oily, mothy and other unwholesome conditions of the skin.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

As One Sees It.

"Jones grumbles that his wife can't take a joke?"

"That's funny, seems to me."

"How so?"

"She took Jones."—Judge.

What She Said.

"How well you look!"

"Do you think so?"

"Yes, indeed, I do. I never saw you looking better in my life."

"I'm so glad to hear you say so. I hope you mean it."

"I really do. Only the other night I was saying to my husband that there are a lot of women I know who aren't half so old as you that don't look nearly so young."—Detroit Free Press.

Not What She Feared.

"George has told me all the secrets of his past."

"Mercy! What did you think of them?"

"I was awfully disappointed."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

A woman's headches are natural; a man's are usually acquired.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Adv.

Many a girl with the hammock habit has a mother with the washtub habit.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

A HIDDEN DANGER

It is a duty of the kidneys to rid the blood of uric acid, an irritating poison that is constantly forming inside.

When the kidneys fail, uric acid causes rheumatic attacks, headache, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy or heart disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid—bringing new strength to weak kidneys and relief from backache and urinary ills.

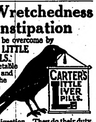
A Utah Case

Mrs. James Crooks, First St., N. W., American Fork, Utah, says: "For over ten years I was afflicted with kidney complaint. Often the pain in my back was so severe that I almost fell to the floor. The kidney secretions were unnatural. There was lameness across my loins. Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention and they cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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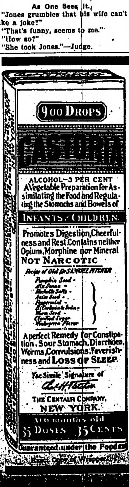
Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film, pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 620 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

FOR ALL EYE PAINS Pettit's Eye Salve

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 39—1912.



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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food
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CASTORIA

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1912. NUMBER, 13.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

1904 CONTRIBUTIONS

SHELDON SAYS ARCHBOLD, MORGAN, FRICK AND GOULD GAVE $100,000 EACH.

DIXON CRIES "UNFAIR."

Probers Deny Charge—Senator Tells of Amount Spent for Roosevelt Cause in 1912.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Four contributions of $100,000 each from John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil company, J. P. Morgan & Co., H. C. Frick and George J. Gould were made to the Republican national campaign fund of 1904, according to records of the late Cornelius N. Bliss which passed through the hands of George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the 1908 Republican committee who has just testified before the senate committee investigating campaign expenditures.

Mr. Sheldon and Mr. Bliss gave him a detailed statement of the 1904 funds; that he noted "these large contributions," and that he was positive no record appeared of the $100,000 Archbold contribution having been returned. With equal positiveness he swore that the records showed the disputed Edward H. Harriman fund of $240,000 had been received by Mr. Bliss for the New York Republican state committee, headed by B. B. Odell, Jr.

Mr. Sheldon's statements were made during a lull in a day of wrangling between Senator Joseph M. Dixon, manager of Colonel Roosevelt's present campaign, and members of the senate committee. Senator Dixon charged the committee with concentrating its activities upon the Roosevelt funds, and ignoring financial activities in behalf of all other candidates, Republican and Democratic alike.

Charge Is Denied.

Committee members heatedly denied this, declaring that arrangements for the investigation had been left entirely in the hands of Chairman Clapp, a strong supporter of the Progressive national candidate, and that managers for all candidates had been subpoenaed to testify.

J. P. Morgan will appear before the investigating committee at once to be questioned as to his financial participation in the 1904 or other national campaigns.

Based on demands made by Senator Dixon, Charles P. Taft may be called to testify as to his contributions this year in support of the president's campaign for renomination. Senator Dixon declared he had heard that the president's brother spent $600,000.

Published statements of Governor Wilson and Senator La Follette that they did not receive $70,000 contributions from Charles R. Crane, testified to Wednesday by E. H. Hooker, will result in the calling of Mr. Crane as a witness at an early date.

Senator Dixon accounted for over $96,000 more of Roosevelt funds used in the fight before the Republican national convention at Chicago. This was collected and expended by him personally, he said. He had kept no accurate records, he said, the money "going out as fast as it came in;" but over $52,000 was spent in the conduct of campaign activity from the Washington headquarters.

Names Heavy Contributors.

The fund handled by Senator Dixon was largely contributed by George W. Perkins, Frank A. Munsey and Dan R. Hanna. The senator said he tried to distribute the burden equally among the three men, and thought each had given about $25,000; while William Eno gave $10,000, and others smaller amounts.

This fund of $96,000 was in addition, he said, to the $163,000 handled by E. H. Hooker at New York for the city primary fight and the New York branch of the national Roosevelt committees and the $102,000 given by William Flinn in Pennsylvania. The amounts contributed by Mr. Perkins, Mr. Munsey and Mr. Hanna were also in addition to their contributions to the New York fund.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 3.—Wheat, Dec. 88⅝c; May, 92⅜c; No. 1 northern, 87@89⅛c; No. 2 northern, 84@87⅛c; No. 1 durum, 84⅝c; No. 3 corn, 69⅛c; No. 3 white oats, 30⅛c; barley, malting, 67c; No. 2 rye, 62⅛c; No. 1 flax, $1.77⅛.

Duluth, Oct. 3.—Wheat, Dec., 88⅝c; May, 93⅜c; No. 1 northern, 88⅝c; No. 1 durum, 87⅛c.

South St. Paul, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Steers, $5.50; cows, $4.25@5.00; calves, $4.50@9.50; hogs, $8.25@8.65; sheep and lambs, $2.50@6.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 19,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $6.60@11; Texas steers, $4.50@6; western steers, $5.90@9.10; stockers and feeders, $4.35@7.65; cows and heifers, $2.85@7.40; calves, $8@11.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; market slow generally, 5c above yesterday's average; light, $8.40@9; mixed, $8.35@9.05; heavy, $8.15@9; rough, $8.15@8.35; pigs, $5.25@8.25; bulk of sales, $8.50@8.90.

Sheep—Receipts, 55,000; market weak to 10c lower; native, $3.25@4.20; western, $3.45@4.20; yearlings, $4.25@5.25; lambs, native, $4.50@6.80; western, $4.75@7.15.

Cure Frauds to Be Denounced.

New York, Oct. 3.—From thousands of pulpits in all parts of the United States, fake cures for consumption will be exposed and denounced on Tuberculosis Day, Oct. 27. This is part of the program for the movement announced today by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. Literature giving information on fraudulent and alleged "cures" for consumption will be sent to clergymen all over the country, and an organized crusade against the traffic be instituted.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.

Roosevelt declared in favor of government care of levees.

Democrats of Michigan held a harmonious state convention.

Bryan at Reno, Nev., made a prediction of a clean sweep for Wilson.

Mr. Roosevelt is counting confidently on the support of Governor Hadley.

The prohibition party of North Dakota will place an electoral ticket in the field.

Winston Churchill was nominated for governor by New Hampshire progressives.

Mr. Bryan, in a speech at Bozeman, Montana, denounced the Roosevelt ambition.

A call for further contributions has been made by the democratic national committee.

Governor Wilson has given his approval to the formation of a Wilson republican league

In a dozen addresses at Los Angeles W. J. Bryan discussed Roosevelt's alleged shortcomings.

New York republicans are considering the advisability of nominating Oscar Straus for governor.

Mr. Roosevelt says it is difficult to draw a distinction between the republican and democratic parties.

Governor Johnson made the prediction that President Taft will be third in the presidential race.

Mr. Bryan, following the route of Roosevelt in the west, is dealing lusty blows to the progressive leader.

Ex-President Roosevelt in his political swing around the circle, is not doing much hand-shaking, but lots of talk.

South Dakota Roosevelt electors will not be disturbed on the ballot, according to a ruling of the state supreme court.

Theodore Roosevelt made a three-hours' stop in Lincoln in his trip across Nebraska and also a lengthy talk at Omaha.

The four weeks' campaign of the west and middle west of Governor Johnson of California closed in Cleveland with a largely attended meeting at the Central armory.

At Mitchell, S. D., a state convention of republicans adopted resolutions in which Roosevelt and the progressive candidates in South Dakota were severely denounced.

Champ Clark made his first campaign speech in his own district when he addressed the voters of Hawk Point, Mo. He devoted the greater part of his speech to the tariff, especially as it affects the farmers of the middle west.

Arrangements have been completed for the opening of South Dakota campaign headquarters for the handling of the progressive campaign, with John Sutherland as the head of the organization to act independently of the state republican headquarters.

General.

Governor Foss was renominated in the Massachusetts primaries.

A Rio Janiero loan of $15,000,000 at 5 per cent is shortly to be floated.

The battleship Wyoming was turned over to the government at the Philadelphia navy yard.

Evansville, Ind., was selected as the next meeting place of the national rural letter carriers.

Governor Wilson twitted Colonel Roosevelt about the alleged growth of trusts during his administration.

Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff of the United States army, arrived in Chicago on a tour of inspection.

Twenty-seven divorces were granted in less than two hours in the independence division of the circuit court at Kansas City.

Claims for $3,000,000 resulting from depredations on American property in Mexico, have been filed against the Madero government. Moore are apt to come.

Joseph Marohic, editor of the Croatian Herald of Pittsburgh, Pa., was elected president of the National Croatian society, which is holding its annual convention in Kansas City.

At Pittsburgh, Pa., two little girls girls dressed to represent angels, were hung suspended by ropes over an improvised altar at a churchfest, and now the fathers are under arrest for cruelty.

Reports of national banks in the reserve cities, made in response to the last call of the comptroller of the currency, it was announced at Washington, show a 40 per cent reduction of excessive loans as compared with the call of June 14.

A fund of $21,375.95 to aid the cause of home rule for Ireland was raised in Philadelphia at an enthusiastic mass meeting.

Mrs Mary Leigh, the suffragette, was released from an Irish prison on account of ill health due to her refusal to eat and having had to be fed forcibly.

A great diminution in the gold and silver reserves will be shown in the report of the Bank of France.

Forage poisoning, which has caused heavy mortality among the horses of Kansas and Nebraska, is reported prevalent in South Dakota.

Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray was arrested in Washington at the behest of the Indian office.

George Underwood, an aviator, who was injured when his biplane turned turtle during an exhibition flight at Calloa, Mo., died from his injuries.

Governor Johnson denied the progressive platform was too radical.

A lakes-to-the-gulf waterway was urged as a necessary feeder for the completed Panama canal.

The Chinese foreign minister has settled with President Yuan Shai Kai, on an energetic policy in Mongolia.

Three women were appointed to serve on the state committee of the progressive party of Massachusetts.

A third party ticket in Wisconsin was assured at when members of the progressive central committee met and definitely decided on the move.

France has decided to build a squadron of swift armed dirigibles for its aerial war fleet, in addition to the aeroplanes already possessed by the army.

Immediate withdrawal of the armed forces of the United States now in Nicaragua is demanded in a circular drawn up by residents of San Jose, Costa Rica.

The Kansas prohibition candidates failed to get their petitions filed in time for their names to appear on the general election ballot in the November election.

Telegraphic and telephonic communication between the Mediterranean city of Port Bou, Gerona and Barcelona has been cut by the railroad strikers.

A widespread warning has been sent out from Red Cloud, Nebraska, that practically all the horses that have been vaccinated for the new disease, are dying.

In his journey from Montana to Idaho William J. Bryan made several speeches from the rear platform of his train and in all he assailed Colonel Roosevelt.

Governor Carroll of Iowa, started on a two-weeks' trip through Colorado, Arkansas, Mississippi and Georgia, for the purpose of studying road-building by prisoners.

The first stone of a monument to Victor Hugo was laid at Wateroo, Belgium, on the battlefield immortalized by the French poet and novelist in "Les Miserables."

Sixteen persons were injured, one seriously, ner Tates, Kansas, when eastbound Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 410 was derailed. A broken rail caused the accident.

"Gentlemen burglars or highwaymen" were declared to be "much more honorable than the Roosevelt leaders in Kansas" by John Maynard Harlan in a recent speech.

The treasury department authorized the return of horses belonging to Mexican federals which have been held at Eagle Pass on the American side of the Mexican border.

Total contributions to date to the democratic campaign fund amount to $298,750, it was announced by Henry Morgenthau, chairman of the democratic national finance committee.

There were 615 mine workers killed in the hard coal mines of Pennsylvania in 1911, according to the annual report issued by James E. Roderick, chief of the state bureau of mines.

Armed with a stout club Weldon B. Cooke, an aviator of Oakland, Cal., defended his wrecked aeroplane for several hours in Chicago against a crowd of several hundred souvenir hunters.

The Maid of the Mist, the little steamer that has for years carried tourists close to the tumbling waters of Niagara Falls, ran on the rocks Sunday a short distance from the cataract.

E. M. Clendening, secretary of the Commercial club of Kansas City, was elected president of the Central Association of Commercial Secretaries in Indianapolis. Next year's meeting will be in Omaha.

A petition naming ten new Roosevelt electors to go on the independent ballot in Kansas was filed by William Allen White, Kansas progressive national committeeman. The petition bore 4,000 signatures.

The democratic state convention of Michigan harmoniously adopted a platform characterized as strongly progressive, and defeated an effort to retire a majority of the old members of the state central committee.

Plans for an advertising campaign in behalf of the Panama canal have been formulated. Secretary of the Navy Meyer announced that with the cruise of the Atlantic fleet to southern waters this winter, he will arrange the schedule so that all sailors and officials will visit the canal.

Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray, known as a champion of Indians before congress, has been arrested on a charge of concealing public records. Mrs. Gray admits that she took the Crow tribe allotment rolls, involving lands worth $100,000,000, because she was afraid they would be destroyed.

A dispatch to the navy department from Rear Admiral Southerland announced the arrival of Major Butler and a force of marines at Granada with Red Cross supplies for the citizens and pupils of the French college, who had been isolated nearly fifty days.

A policy of non-competition in certain territory was adopted by the Standard Oil company.

Personal.

An admirer of Champ Clark told him he would yet be president.

President Taft and Governor Wilson greeted each other at Boston.

Attorney General Wickersham interpreted the new newspaper law for the postoffice department.

Many big men have been summoned to testify on campaign contributions before the senate committee.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

SNELLING IS INSPECTED.

Henry C. Stimson and Party Go Over Fort.

Minneapolis.—After a most rigid inspection of the pumping station, the officers' and men's quarters and the general condition of the buildings at Fort Snelling, Henry C. Stimson, secretary of war, and Lieut. Gen. Wood, chief of staff United States army, held a conference with Governor Eberhart, Congressman Stevens and various officers of the post at which the future of Fort Snelling was discussed. While Secretary Stimson would in no way commit himself concerning the probable action of the war department in connection with Fort Snelling, he did state that the government was not contemplating any radical move at the present time.

Congressman Stevens, of St. Paul, acted as spokesman in behalf of the citizens of the Twin Cities and declared that it was the duty of the United States government to maintain the army post on its present site, owing to the strategic situation it occupies in event of an invasion of an outside power. He also pointed out its advantages as a recruiting station and its influence on the national guard of both Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Congressman Stevens gave a brief history of Fort Snelling, reviewing the incidents that bind it close to the sentiments of citizens of the Twin Cities, and declared that the people here liked the military aspect and the military atmosphere which the post had established. He also reviewed the railroad facilities, which he declared were outrageous at present, and promised to take the matter up with the interstate commerce commission, the state commission and the civic and commercial bodies of the Twin Cities and assured Secretary Stimson that the freight rates into the post would be adjusted in the near future.

In answer to the plea made by Congressman Stevens, Secretary Stimson said that, in regard to the probable disposition of Fort Snelling, he could give no answer at present, as the present tour was simply for the purpose of getting a line on the situation as a whole and that the war department had contemplated no move whatever, nor would it consider a move until the whole situation had been discussed and a plan determined upon.

Secretary Stimson spoke in complimentary terms of the Minnesota National Guard and attributed its efficiency to the field from which its recruits were enlisted.

With Secretary Stimson and Lieut. Gen. Wood at the post were: Brigadier General Crozier, Lieut. John C. Lee, personal aide, Major W. Lassiter, Governor Eberhart, Brigadier General George H. Harries and Col. Charles W. Taylor, commandant of the post.

NELSON'S LEAD 24,714.

State Canvassing Board Finally Completes Its Count.

St. Paul. — United States Senator Nelson's vote at the recent primaries was 88,145, against 63,431 for his lone rival, James A. Peterson, of Minneapolis. This is the finding of the state canvassing board, whose count has just been completed.

For railroad and warehouse commissioners the 86 counties of the state gave Judge Mills 71,067 and Canfield 63,646. These two are rivals for the four-years term.

In the contest for the six-year term J. F. Rosenwald gave C. E. Elmquist, the incumbent, a hard race through to the finish. According to the official canvass, Mr. Elmquist finishes with a trifle over 1,000 majority to his credit. The vote was: Elmquist, 67,733; Rosenwald, 66,428.

For congressman-at-large James Manahan, the winner, received 53,595 votes. His nearest rival was Frank Eddy, who pulled down 35,873 votes. The others follow: Dehnel, 10,965; Eustis, 27,715; Thorp, 28,475.

Secretary of State Schmahl at noon today hurriedly worked out the elimination process on a second choice basis and gives the finish as 46,384 for Manahan and 41,453 for Frank Eddy. The final count on governor and the other officers is expected tomorrow. Early this morning two counties were missing and they were received at noon.

$60,000 Fire Near Beaudette, Minn.

Beaudette. — The property of A. E. Engler Lumber Sawmill Co., located one mile north of Beaudette, was destroyed by fire. The loss is about $60,000, covered by insurance.

Road Loses Tax Case.

Duluth.—Judge Cant, justice of the district court handed down a decision in which he affirms the assessments made by the county taxing officials against the Duluth Street Railway company. The case is known as the 1910 personal property tax enforcement case and involves unpaid personal property taxes with penalties and interest, about $60,000. The company protested against the figure set by the local taxing board in 1910 and a tender of an insufficient amount was refused.

CUYUNA MINES GOOD

Former Governor Lind Looks Over His Properties.

Brainerd.—Ore in large quantities is being hoisted by the Rogers, Brown Ore company. In one day the Kennedy mine at Cuyuna and the Armour No. 1 and Armour No. 2 mines at Ironton hoisted 2,000 tons. At the Kennedy a new shaft is being sunk fifty feet from the old abandoned shaft of the Oliver Mining company.

Emil Ahre is drilling for Frank Edson in section 28, township 44, range 31. Charles W. Potts, formerly of Superior, is reported to have struck ore in the southeast quarter of section 3, township 46, range 28, where he is drilling for some Superior men. His drill is on what is known as the old Bailey farm. At the Adams mine at Oreland the new section of the shaft is to be forced to ledge by the use of large hydraulic jacks which will get a purchase on the old shaft which has lodged fast.

Former Governor John Lind was on the range last week and examined some of the property he is interested in. With F. E. Kenneston of the Minnesota Land & Colonization company, John A. Oberg and Frank Oberg, of Deerwood, Mr. Lind is a fee owner in the north half of the northeast quarter of section 33, township 47, range 29. The land is considered valuable, being near the Iron Mountain Mining company holdings.

RETAIN BENJ. LONGLEY.

He Is Reappointed Superintendent of St. Paul District.

Worthington. — Despite opposition recently developed among some Methodist laymen in St. Paul against Benjamin F. Longley as superintendent of the St. Paul district, his reappointment to this office was announced here among other assignments at the Minnesota conference, the sessions of which were concluded Sunday.

Some time ago, it is said, the Methodist Laymen's association of St. Paul discussed the matter of Rev. Mr. Longley's retention and also considered the advisability of bringing the matter to the attention of Bishop W. A. Quayle, who then was in Oklahoma City, where he was formerly stationed.

DREAM WARNS OF DEATH.

President of Bank Tells Startling Experience.

Minneapolis. — S. E. Forest, the president of the Commercial National bank, put the most unusual incident of his life on record when he heard that Guy C. Landis, cashier of the bank of which he is head, had been found dead in his bed at home.

Only three hours before Mr. Forest's telephone rang and he was told that his cashier was dead, he had dreamed that he was at the Landis home attending the funeral services of Mr. Landis. The news of the banker's sudden death stunned Mr. Forest because of its unexpectedness and mystified him because of the premonition he had in the dream.

Third Ginseng Farm Robbed.

Mankato.—The third robbery of a ginseng farm in this county this week occurred when three beds owned by G. H. Schendel in Rapidan were dug up and carted away. The roots stolen included some fine seven-year-old ones, and the loss is from $250 to $300. Some young men returing at 4 a. m. from a dance at the county fair encountered a man in a roadcart and driving a gray horse, going westward, and this is a clue that Sheriff Osten and his deputies are working on. In the three robberies this week, at Lake Crystal, Garden City and Rapidan, ginseng to the value of $1,000 has been stolen or destroyed.

Blackhand Threats.

Minneapolis. — Someone possibly with a long-nursed, secret grudge against the family of "Dad" Warren, department superintendent for the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, has evolved a plan of revenge by which Mr. Warren's children are kept in an agony of fear for the safety of themselves or their property. The various members of the family are constantly receiving vague threats of a "blackhand" order.

State Returns Canvassed.

St. Paul.—When the state canvassing board had completed its work a table was compiled which shows Governor Eberhart's majority in the race to succeed himself, on elimination was 17,444. Mr. Eberhart's total vote at the close of the elimination was 66,557; while that of Mr. Lee, the next highest man, was 49,113.

Fergus Falls. — E. S. Ferguson has just returned from an extensive trip across North Dakota, where he has been looking over the grain situation in the interest of a terminal grain firm. He states that Beach, N. D., a village of 2,000 people, two and a half miles from the Montana border, is going to be the largest primary grain market in the United States this year, which means that it will be the largest in the world. It is estimated the place will receive 3,000,000 bushels of grain direct from the men who raised it.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Park Rapids.—Arthur Broadwell of Osage, accidentally shot and seriously wounded Lewis Flood.

Fergus Falls—Governor John Burke of North Dakota will open the democratic campaign in this city. The local committee is planning to give him a big reception.

Heron Lake.—Will Eastin of Brandon, S. D., a brakeman on the Omaha road, was crushed between the bumpers of two freight cars in the local yards and killed.

Jackson. — Several contests have been started as a result of the vote cast at the primary election. There is a difference of only twenty votes on county attorney, fifteen on county treasurer and three on coroner.

Winona.—P. J. Barth of this city has been appointed district deputy for the Knights of Columbus for the third district, embracing the counties of Winona, Wabasha, Houston, Olmstead and Dodge. The appointment was made by Neil M. Cronin of Minneapolis, state deputy.

Cambridge.—The fall term of court convened here this week, Judge A. E. Giddings presiding. The grand jury brought in nine indictments, four being against Ben Katy for disposing of liquor illegally, and four against Philip Pleason. There are nine cases on the civil calendar, all of minor importance.

Winona.—Felix Riska, a former Winona resident, was killed at Red Wing while attempting to board a night train to come to Winona. The young man caught hold of the train after it had started and attempted to board it, but lost his hold and was dragged, sustaining fractures of the right leg and jaw bone as well as internal injuries.

Cloquet.—E. N. Robinson, formerly with the park commission of Los Angeles, has been secured as physical director for the Cloquet Y. M. C. A. The first open house of the association under the new management of E. S. Davis, formerly of Bisbee, Ariz., will be on Friday evening. A musical program will be given under the direction of J. R. Medley.

Mankato.—Senator S. D. Works of this city has purchased a 3,000-acre grain and stock farm near Carrington, N. D., including horses, 150 head of cattle and everything on the farm for a price between $70,000 and $80,000. His brother, Robert Works of Salt Lake City, Utah, has purchased an interest and will take the management of the farm.

Hector.—Forty boys between the ages of 10 and 18 from fifteen school districts took part in a seed corn gathering contest. The prize money was furnished by the associated school board. Each boy was given a sack and allowed one hour to go into the field to select the best ten ears. The contest was held under the supervision of Professor O. M. Kisu.

Jackson.—Thomas Clipperton, who was injured in a runaway accident Sunday afternoon, died here. He was born in England in 1836, and came to the United States in 1854, and to Jackson in 1870. He served through the Civil war in Company C, Tenth Minnesota infantry, and was an honored member of John A. Meyers post, No. 60, G. A. R., He leaves a wife and five children.

Hutchinson. — With some original teepees and soldiers' tents about the public square in the heart of the city Hutchinson took on a martial appearance to celebrate the semi-centennial anniversary of the Sioux Indian massacre. The square marks the site of the famous stockade which was built to protect this city in September, 1862.

Winona.—William A. Buggs, for six years county superintendent of schools as a Democratic nominee for the office, failed to file for renomination under the non-partisan provisions of the new law, preferring to let both the candidates in the field, A. C. Loomis and C. H. Wood, get the nomination. He is now circulating petitions for his nomination and will get on the ticket for the general election by petition, thus avoiding a campaign at the primary election and assuring a three-cornered fight at the general election.

Little Falls.—When four saloonkeepers made deposits at the banks here Monday they found they had been victimized for $20 each. In every case the liquor dealer had a check made payable to H. Fleming and cashed by a person of that name, the check purporting to be issued by J. K. Martin, cashier of the First National bank of this city. The alleged forgeries were committed Saturday after banking hours. Fleming left the city Saturday night and has not been located.

Le Sueur.—The threshing engine and separator of Lewellyn Hayford broke through the iron bridge near the Weyl farm and fell to the bottom of the creek bed. Mr. Hayford jumped and sustained only a slight injury.

Grand Rapids. — Candidates for county and legislative offices held their meeting under the provision of the new state law and Thomas Ward was elected chairman of the Republican county committee and Andy Nelson secretary. The Democrats elected Hugh McEwen chairman and Dr. D. Costello secretary.

Pipestone.—Rev. H. F. Ackerman, for several years pastor of the Methodist church here, has tendered his resignation and a new minister will be appointed for the church at the conference now being held at Worthington.

FREE ADVICE TO SICK WOMEN

Thousands Have Been Helped By Common Sense Suggestions.

Women suffering from any form of female ills are invited to communicate promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

Potteries Prospering.

The output of the pottery industries of the United States had a value of $34,518,560 in 1911, according to the United States geological survey chart of clay products production, by states, compiled by Jefferson Middletown. The pottery collection for 1911 was greater than for 1910, when the output was valued at $33,784,678, the increase being $733,882. Of the total production Ohio was first, with an output valued at $14,775,265; New Jersey second, with $8,401,941; West Virginia third, with $2,880,202; New York fourth, with $2,178,364; Pennsylvania fifth, with $2,156,817, and Indiana sixth, with $1,004,737. The output of no other state had a value in excess of a million dollars.

Like Mushrooms.

As they emerged from the subway station they were confronted by a giant skyscraper rising into the blue. "What building is that?" she asked, not being an habitue of the downtown district. "I don't know," he replied. She looked at him in surprise, this quarter of New York being his daily locale. "No," he insisted wearily. "I don't know. It wasn't there yesterday."—New York Press.

A Dead One.

"The doctor says that I will live about a year."

"That will be a great change for you."

"What will?"

"Living."

Groping.

"What is Miss Hammerah trying to play on the piano?"

"'In the Shadow.'"

"I thought she seemed to be having some difficulty in finding the right keys."

Melancholy Fact.

Man is weak. That is why he invests in a cantaloup when he knows the chances are ten to one against him.—Toledo Blade.

Many a born leader throws up the sponge and becomes a follower.

HARD TO SEE.

Even When the Facts About Coffee are Plain.

It is curious how people will refuse to believe what one can clearly see.

Tell the average man or woman that the slow but cumulative poisonous effect of caffeine—the alkaloid in tea and coffee—tends to weaken the heart, upset the nervous system and cause indigestion, and they may laugh at you if they don't know the facts.

Prove it by science or by practical demonstration in the recovery of coffee drinkers from the above conditions, and a large per cent of the human family will shrug their shoulders, take some drugs and—keep on drinking coffee or tea.

"Coffee never agreed with me nor with several members of our household," writes a lady. "It enervates, depresses and creates a feeling of languor and heaviness. It was only by leaving off coffee and using Postum that we discovered the cause and way out of these ills.

"The only reason, I am sure, why Postum is not used altogether to the exclusion of ordinary coffee is, many persons do not know and do not seem willing to learn the facts and how to prepare this nutritious beverage. There's only one way—according to directions—boil it fully 15 minutes. Then it is delicious." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

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WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 40 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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Saturday, October 5, 1912.

Courteous Officials

The election returns from the farmers of this county show that it pays for a county official who wants to hold his job to be a little courteous to the farmers when they go to the court house to do business, not only just before election, but the year around. Take the cases of Clerk of Court Ives and Treasurer Trovaten, for example. When some of the farmers asked for instructions how to vote, the first name they inquired for as soon as they got into the booth was Trovaten. Why? Because they wanted to be sure to vote for him. The reason was that he had been kind to them and helped them to straighten up some business at the court house and they wanted him to stay there. The same could be said of Ives. When he came out in his announcement and said he would give his personal attention to the office if he was reelected, the farmers said, "We guess we had better keep that fellow, for he comes in handy to help us when we have business at the court house." He not only has done that, but he has never refused to help a farmer to straighten out a land deal, whether it was in line with his duties as clerk of court or not. In fact, since "Harry" has been in that office he has been "sawing wood," and he had the satisfaction of seeing the sawdust fly on September 17.

The same can be said of County Auditor Fasel, who had no opposition for the nomination, which was a credit to the good judgment of the fellow who might have liked to have the job, that he had brains enough to not try to get it, and saved his money. A better man for the position cannot be found, and the farmers will hunt up his name in November.—Sunbeam.

Blaming the Town

"This is surely a one horse town,' the shiftless man asserts; then takes his seedy gripsack down and packs his socks and shirts and to some other village goes to seek the shining plunk; there he accumulates new woes and says the burg is punk. In every town, however slick, you hear the failures say: "This wretched hamlet makes me sick; we'll chase ourselves away. The poor men has no chances here; he finds no open door, the whole corrupted atmosphere makes head and bosom sore." From town to town the failures drift and find each one the worst, until at last the peelers lift them to the jug feet first. All towns are good if you will work and try to reach the top; all towns are fierce if you're a shirk, whose mission is to yawp. Select a man whose heart is bold, whose courage never slumped, and he will gather fame and gold, no matter where he's dumped. Though planted in the virgin woods or on an island bare, you'll see him coming with the goods, and both feet in the air. And when you hear a pilgrim wail and blame things on his town, you may be sure that he would fail whene'er he settled down.—Walt Mason in Duluth News-Tribune.

Just Common Sense

Fly and the world will cheer you,
Fall, and you're down and out,
A trip to the sky sends your spirits high,
But a dip may make you doubt.
Soar, and the winds uphold you,
Sink, and you're lost in air;
And with all your pains to control the planes,
They may land you anywhere!
Drink what your folks drink with you,
Refuse what you'd drink in fear;
With your kith and kin you are safe from sin,
Using golden grain belt beer.
Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign

School Notes

The foot ball which arrived last week causes lots of excitement and amusement for the boys. All the the boys who have participated in sport so far may continue to do providing they do not prove themselves too timid and show that they can control their temper. The rougher elements of the game are not advocated, and it makes an ideal game for the boys.

The birthay of James Whitcomb Riley, one of the best beloved American poets, will be celebrated in many of the schools throughout the country. Riley day will be observed in our school by having the pupils read his biography and some of his best poems.

Republicans Organize

The committee named by the republican candidates to take charge of the coming campaign held their first meeting last Tuesday and proceeded to business at once by electing Lars Bakke, chairman; Bernhard Knutson, secretary, and Olaf Hamstad, treasurer.

The personel of the committee is as follows:—At large, Bernard Knutson and Olaf Hamstad; First district, John T. Lattimore; Second, Lars Bakke; Third, Sander Engebretson; Fourth, Dr. O. Swanson; Fifth, James R. Larson.

Little business was transacted other than the naming of committeemen for each voting precinct in the county. The following were named in the third and fourth districts:

Third commissioner's district—Town of Black River, Felix Anderson; town of Sanders, August Crause; town of Bray, Emil Larson; town of Norden, G. J. Nordhagen; town of Numedal, Louis Olson; town of Polk Center, Hjalmar Johnson.

Fourth commissioner's district—Town of North, Ruineshad; town of River Falls, August Swanson; town of Rocksbury, Swan Wiborg; St. Hilaire, K. O. Gigstad.

toward the window.

Buxton said things again without moving his lips.

But the conductor is coming to punch the tickets. She will turn aside to hand him hers. He stops in the middle of the car to explain something to the old woman with the boy, and it seems half an hour before he makes her understand. Buxton grows restless with impatience. The ticket puncher comes on, and when he reaches the lady's chair she [illegible]

SIRES AND SONS.

J. L. Orcutt of North Monmouth, Me., has served for forty years in the local church choir.

Secretary of War Dickinson gave up a $35,000 job as attorney for the Illinois Central for a $12,000 cabinet place.

Frederick W. Carpenter, private secretary to President Taft, was born in Minnesota in 1872. He weighs 120 pounds.

R. J. Gleason, town clerk of Waitsfield, Vt., is said to have served longer than any other similar official in Vermont. He has served fifty-three years and is now eighty years old.

Lord Clifford of Chudleigh is one of the wealthy Roman Catholic peers of England and lately bought the old abbey of Marmoutier, in Touraine, to save it from conversion into a factory.

Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice of the supreme court and son of the illustrious author, is sixty-eight years old, with prospects of living beyond the age of retirement. He was wounded three times in three battles in the civil war.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, the American aeroplanists, in recognition of their practical solution of the problem of aerial flight, have been honored by the Technical High School of Munich with the honorary degree of doctor of technical sciences.

Dr. Samuel A. Green, ex-mayor of Boston, librarian of the Massachusetts Historical society and secretary of the Peabody Education fund, has just celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday. Dr. Green is a physician, historian and author. He has written a number of historical pamphlets on Boston and surrounding territory.

What She Imagined.

"Don't imagine," he said after she had refused him, "that I am goin away to blow my brains out or drin myself to death."

"No," she replied. "I have no ide that you will do anything of that kind You are going away to do some wonderful thing which will bring yo wealth and fame and make me regre all the rest of my life that I didn't be lieve you when you intimated that yo were one of the greatest little me that had ever come over the asphalt —Chicago Record-Herald.

Blowing Up the Locks.

Would it be easy to blow up and destroy a lock canal by the malicious use of dynamite or other high explosive? The question has been debated much in connection with the Panama canal. The Engineering News calls attention to the fact that an attempt made in 1900 to wreck the Welland canal in this way produced surprisingly small results. After two weeks' examination the two men concerned selected lock 24, and each lowered a satchel containing dynamite and a fuse to the water behind the gate at each end of the lock. Both charges were exploded, but the dynamite failed to carry away the gates. Although the explosives blew a hole about a foot in diameter through each gate and loosened the hinges, the gates remained in position, holding back the water.

STARTS AT $1,500.00.

Be a stenographer and earn a good salary. M. J. Roy of Lawrence, Mass., took a six months' course in the Mankato Commercial College last winter and secured a government position at $125 a month. He believes in the school and wants his brother, back in Lawrence, to attend the Mankato Commercial College this fall. Many others are doing as well as Mr. Roy. You can. Our catalogue tells how. Send for it today. Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn.

Finis.

We watch the gathering tears o'erflow the eye
Of those we love and hear each sobbing cry
And moan.
We see the slowly waning ray of light,
And then we journey forth into the night
Alone.
—Irene B. Benson.

THE SPENDTHRIFT.

He left so little, did you say?
He had so brief a time to stay
'Twas hardly worth his while to gather
Dross of our little earthly day.

The things that other people prize
He gave to others, being wise;
Being so heavenly foolish, rather,
That kept his gains for paradise.

Hardly a keepsake did he leave,
And all his gold was fugitive.
He kept those things that will not perish
For him the widow and orphan grieve.

He gave with a light laugh, indeed,
As he and gold were ill agreed.
Held it the poorest thing to cherish,
Save that it filled another's need.

He had his pilgrim's scrip of hope
And living waters in his cup,
The staff of faith that still suffices
The stumbling soul to lift it up.

Being so soon a traveler,
Of earthly things he had no care,
But on the road that's paradise's
He went the lighter, being bare.
—Katharine Tynan.

A Small Horror.

The weasel is one small horror. Astonishingly strong, apparently fearless and as persevering as an ant, when once he has settled to the track of a rabbit that particular bunny is indeed in grave peril. The rabbit seems to know it, too, and the knowledge to half paralyze him, for he seldom attempts the one saving chance—a straightaway, long sustained run at top speed. And the end of the patient, if-we-do-but-wait-the-hour sort of pursuit! 'Tis indeed bloody murder. The fiend within angel garb finally toils within deadly distance. There is a snakelike stroke, most likely aimed at the big vein near the butt of the rabbit's ear. Once there, the brute sticks leechlike to the blood, sucking, while the trembling, wailing rabbit totters aimlessly about till its drained body falls limply to pay its tax to mother earth.—Edwin Sandys in Outing Magazine.

Selling by Candle Time.

"It did me good," observed a young girl who had just returned from England, "to see in real life one of the old customs my grandfather used to tell me about—the burning of the time candle at an auction. In Berkshire the old custom still prevails, and when an auction is in progress and an article is put up for bidding a short length of candle is lighted as the bidding begins. The shouting continues until the candle burns out, and the last bid before it flickers its last is the one that takes the cake. I don't know but what it has an advantage over the 'Going, going, gone!' variety, but it is fearfully slow and un-American."—Exchange.

Necessary.

"Dear me," exclaimed the lady, "that's twice you have dropped that cut glass pitcher within five minutes!"

"I know it, ma'am," replied the maid, "but it didn't break the first time."—Chicago Record-Herald

MODERN CHAIRS.

Evolution of Our Seats With Arms and High Backs.

Chairs with high backs and arms, after coming into general use with the renaissance, began to be ornamented with an amount of carving and gilding that has hardly since been equaled, which came naturally from the artistic tastes of the period. Their size, form and the amount of decoration lavished on them indicated the rank, fortune, authority or social position of their possessors. Bishops and abbots had seats corresponding with their dignity, while those below them sat on stools or benches. Only the king and queen and persons of high rank could be seated on chairs with arms and backs in the time of Catherine de Medici, and her sons, courtiers and favorites sat about them on stools called taborets.

This manner of expressing difference of rank prevailed under Louis XIV. and his successors down to the French revolution. To the chairs elaborately carved succeeded the armchair, so called in these times, which, with unimportant variations, is much the same as in the reign of Louis XIV. Specimens of the stools used by the favorites and ladies of honour of the king and queen may still be seen in the royal palaces of France. They were changed into the modern parlor chair by simply adding a back, which has hardly made them more comfortable. —Westminster Gazette.

Sporting Editor—Just what do you understand by the term "poetic license?" Literary Editor—Broadly speaking, it is that singular provision in the constitution of the universe under which poets are permitted to exist.—Chicago Tribune.

Courtship in the North.

The old Eskimo lit a cup of walrus oil and peered over the sealskin curtain.

"Aurora," he called, sharply, "is that young man down there yet?"

"Yes, pa," answered the Eskimo belle.

"Well, I want you to cut him out, understand?"

"Er—you'll have to do it yourself, pa. He has been here so long he is frozen to the snow settee."—Success Magazine.

Arming Safes with Deadly Gases.

A chemical company has devised a grenade or glass receptacle, filled with a chemical compound, as a means of making it impossible for safeblowers to rob a safe after breaking it open.

It is an inoffensive-looking article, about two inches in diameter and five inches long. Inside of the exterior tube are seven smaller ones, each filled with a different chemical. When the door of the safe is blown, or the safe is jarred heavily, the grenade explodes, and the air is filled with the deadly fumes. It is claimed that these fumes, which, so far as effect is concerned, are not unlike the gases from the deadly Chinese "stink pots," are powerful enough to make breathing impossible and to force all persons near the safe to retreat or be almost instantly suffocated.

The grenades are made with a lasting effect of from six to ten hours, depending upon the size, and are placed just back of the locking mechanism of the safe doors.—Popular Mechanics.

Hadley Points Out Danger.

President Hadley of Yale writes: "In the year 1789 the whole French people was in a state of political excitement. They seized eagerly upon everything sensational. A young journalist named Camille Desmoulins shared this feeling and took advantage of it. He wrote a series of articles called 'Lamp Post Talks to the People of Paris,' in which he urged that anybody who was not a friend of the people ought to be taken to the nearest lamp post and hanged. He was not himself a bloodthirsty man. He chose his title chiefly because it sounded so picturesque. After a time he saw that they were executing a great many innocent men and women, and began to tell men so. Then they said that he was not a friend of the people any longer, and hanged him. This story has a moral for us in America to-day. It shows the dangers that come to a people which reads newspapers for the sake of excitement, instead of for the sake of information.

"To What Base Uses."

Big Brother (to young sister who has acquired an unaccountable habit of borrowing his razor)—I know you have borrowed my razor again. It's not where I put it.

Young Sister (scrambling around in the bathroom)—Oh! here it is, Bob—just where you left it, I am sure!

Big Brother—No such thing. And this is the third time you have misplaced it. Now, miss, you will tell me what you use it for. Were you ripping the sleeves of your last winter's coat?

Young Sister (doggedly)—No. You never will forget that!

Big Brother—Well, what then? (shaking her by the shoulders) Answer me.

Young Sister (tearfully)—I was just splitting up a little light wood to kindle the fire, and I just think you are a horried, selfish old thing not to want to even lend your things—so there!

The Useful Hen.

"Country constables who make a living arresting speeding automobiles wouldn't have half so much trouble stopping the scorchers if they used a little ingenuity," says one of the offenders. "Chains across the road and moving vans blocking the highway are all right to accomplish the purpose, but they're cumbersome. My idea for causing a prompt slow-up is to scatter a lot of grain in a road and turn a lot of hens loose. They would block the road all right, and if there's one thing that will make a chauffeur slow up it's a hen. Dogs are bad enough, but a hen always runs the wrong way, and if the machine is going at any speed usually ends up under the wheels. Hitting a hen will sometimes throw the front wheels out of line and cause the car to swerve, so drivers almost invariably slow up and give poultry a chance to get out of the way. A hen speed trap is a great idea, to my way of thinking, and, of course, if one of the birds were killed the cost could easily be added to the driver's fine."

(Paid Advertisement, $5.00, for Wilhelm Michelet.)

Wilhelm Michelet

Judge of Probate

Non-Partisan Candidate for Re-election

I respectfully solicit your vote and support.

WILHELM MICHELET.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } ss.

To John Grove:

You are hereby notified that at a tax judgment sale held on the 10th day of May, 1910, the following described parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

E½ of NE¼ of section 5, township 152, range 45, was sold for the sum of ten and 81-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said parcel, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of fifty-four and 53-100 dollars, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made; and that the tax certificate issued upon said sale has been presented to me by the holder thereof, and the time for redemption of said parcel from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
826-31 Auditor of Red Lake County Minn.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } ss.

To John Grove:

You are hereby notified, that at a tax judgment sale held on the 10th day of May, 1909, the following described parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

W½ of SW¼ of section 27, township 152, range 45, was sold for the sum of ten and 90-100 dollars;

That the amount required to redeem said parcel, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of fifty-three and 27-100 dollars, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made; and that the tax certificate issued upon said sale has been presented to me by the holder there of, and the time for redemption of said parcel from said sale will expire sixty days after the service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal this 11th day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
826-31 Auditor of Red Lake County, Minn.

(Paid Advertisement, $1.25 paid by Axel Ilsberg, Thief River Falls.)

Card by Mr. Trovaten

Thief River Falls, Minn., Sept. 20, 1912.

I wish to thank my supporters for the republican nomination for county treasurer and also my opponent and his supporters for the clean, gentlemanly manner in which they conducted the campaign.

On account of my official duties I shall not be able to make much of a personal campaign for the November election, but will do all I can for all the republican nominees by the primary last Tuesday, because they are all good men, so far as I know, and were fairly nominated by our party.

I believe it would be bad for our county should our party be defeated, especially so far as congress and the legislature are concerned.

Very sincerely,
ANDREW TROVATEN.

(Paid advertisement, paid by George Netteland.)

Thanks

I wish to thank all that supported me at the primary and hope you will do so again at the general election.

GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	77
" " 2 "	75
" " 3 "	72
Flax, No. 1	$1.56
" " 2	1.51
Barley, for 50 lbs	39
Oats	23
Rye	52
Eggs	18
Butter	20
" creamery	31
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	6@6
Chickens, alive	@8
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	2.75
Shorts, per ton	28.25
Bran, " "	27.23

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MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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B USINESS RAINS FOR

Our $60 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $95 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under two expert reporters), trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. graduates. Do other schools offer this PROOF of superior training?

C OLLEGE CASH

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (350,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C."

Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres., Watkins Block, Fargo, N. D.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Rev. M. S. Glende, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH

Sunday school at 10 a. m.
No services tomorrow.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p. m.

PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services by Rev. August Johnson of Chicago Sunday, Oct. 13, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JONSSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1791, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Otbok, President. Morris Larsen, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Klomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR,
Six months, 30 cents.
3 Months, on trial, 10 cts.

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Carl Krueger spent Sunday in Red Lake Falls.

C. C. Elliott has had two parties of land seekers here this week.

Miss Olga Peterson of Crookston has been the guest of Mrs. B. E. Burkee this week.

Roy Wallin returned to Warren Tuesday morning. His father and Albert Larson go today.

Ole Mathison has moved his stock of merchandise into the building next door to the drug store.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. D. LAZAR.

Mrs. Burkee and her guest, Miss Peterson, and Miss Josie Gigstad were Thief River Falls visitors yesterday.

S. M. Sivertson of Crookston was looking after the Red Lake Falls Milling company's affairs here on Tuesday.

Rev. Israel Peterson of Viking attended Mission church services last Sunday and was entertained at the Wallin home.

J. S. Ingalls, public ownership candidate for congressman at large, will speak at Imperial hall next Monday evening.

Victor Brink, who has been quite ill with typhoid fever, is getting along nicely and is soon expected to be on the mend.

Gust Larson went to Warren on Thursday evening to be at the bedside of his brother, Rev. Frank Larson, who is ill.

Ralph and Theodore Roy left last Monday for the university at Grand Forks, N. D., where they are again attending school.

Anyone wanting to buy a nice residence property will do well to stroll over and look at R. Wallin's place on Water street.

Misses Eleanor and Ruth Roy left for their respective schools at Erie and Roland, Minn., and begun their duties as teachers on Monday, Sept. 30.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Thoroughly modern house. Good wages. Address,

MRS. J. A. DAINARD,
Fargo, N. D.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.

FRED SODERBERG.

Rev. F. L. Larson of Warren, Minn., who formerly had charge of the Scandinavian Mission church at St. Hilaire, is at the Warren hospital, ill with water on the lungs. It is hoped he will soon recover.

Albin and Lydia Adolphson, who have spent the summer here with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson, left Monday evening for Fergus Falls, where they will attend the Northwestern college.—Gazette.

The Harvest Home supper planned by the M. E. Ladies' Aid will be served at 6 o'clock Friday evening, Oct. 11, at the I. O. O. F. building. Everybody is invited to attend and have a nice warm supper. Adults 25c, children 15c.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire, situated on lots 21, 22, 23, and 24, block 27, original townsite. Good house, good barn, good woodshed. Well on corner of property. Terms cash. Call on or write, HENRY OLSON.

Rev. August Johnson of Chicago will conduct Mission church services in the Eastside school house next Friday at 8 in the evening; at the Black River school house on Sunday, the 13th inst., at a. m., and in the church in St. Hilaire in the evening.

A fine entertainment is billed for Imperial hall this evening. The Herald Square Entertainers will appear here under the auspices of a committee of business men. The entertainment is to consist of vocal, instrumental, and comedy; constructed to amuse without being offensive. Don't miss a first class performance.

Axel Erickson went Monday to Warren.

The threshers are again showing signs of life.

Otto Johnson was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

O. W. Brink is shipping cattle to market today.

Mrs. C. A. Skeie was in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Haakon Johnson was over from Red Lake Falls on Monday.

We understand that R. Wallin has purchased a farm near town.

Miss Ines Patterson was a Thief River Falls visitor last Saturday.

Mike McAndress is shipping two cars of cattle to the cities today.

The young people gave a dancing party at the Imperial hall Thursday evening.

Dr. Swanson attended the committee meeting at Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

L. J. Hauge returned Wednesday to his home at Halstad, after a visit with friends here.

Mrs. Peter Hansel of Wylie was the guest of Mrs. S. J. Swanson Thursday.

Misses Emma Lindahl and Lydia Kolstad went to Crookston Friday to visit with friends.

Organ For Sale— first class instrument, in first class shape. Inquire at this office.

N. A. Nelson has purchased the N. J. Erickson residence property near the railroad depot.

O H. Olson attended the play, "Brewster's Millions," at Crookston Wednesday evening.

Mrs. H. W. Peterson returned Wednesday from a visit with her parents at New London, Minn.

Remember the date and don't forget about the fried chicken at the Harvest supper Friday night.

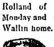
Miss Ella Skeie returned Tuesday from a three months' visit with her sisters at Highlanding and Rhoda.

Miss Louisa Wilson gave a party to her young friends at the Oddfellows' building last Saturday evening.

Rev. P. N. Palmer and daughter, Miss Esther, went Tuesday to Morris, Minn., to attend the M. E. conference in session there this week.

Harry E. Ives, clerk of court and candidate for reelection, was down from the county seat Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. H. L. Ebbighausen and son Rolland of Crookston came over Monday and are guests at the R. Wallin home.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted.

Oscar Norman, a homesteader in Hickory township, killed four bears in a free for all fight near his home on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. L. H. Larson of Lakefield, Minn., who has been visiting at the Skeie home, went yesterday to Highlanding to visit her sisters.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.

s21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to. MRS. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

A party of land seekers from Clark, S. D., were looking over the country under the guidance of K. O. Gigstad the latter part of last week.

Miss Ebba Walbeck went Monday to Fergus Falls, where she is attending school. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Ella, who returned yesterday.

Edwin Dahl left for his homestead at Gull Lake, Sask., Can., last Saturday. His brother, Andy, will be home in a few days to take his place with his parents.

N. J. Erickson of St. Paul is in town this week looking for a purchaser for his residence property. He owns the little white cottage on the west side of track, a few rods south of the depot.

O. H. Lundh of Lengby, state inspector of weights and measures for this territory, with headquarters at Crookston, has been in town this week. His territory comprises eight northern Minnesota counties.

Pay your subscription

The Time is Due

We are prepared for this fall with a complete stock of Merchandise, better than ever before. The very latest styles in Men's and Ladies' Mackinaws, Ladies Skirts and Cloaks, Men's, Ladies,' Boys,' and Girls' Shoes, better than ever, and all goods at very reasonable prices. We guarantee all our goods to be worth the money. If you are going to buy anything, large or small, stop and think it over—it may pay you to see us before you buy. Maybe we can do better. Sure we can, why not? Big cash sales with small profits are better than small sales with big profits. Better pick up the cash and go and see Lazar's store for your own benefit.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

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GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
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Popular in Every State

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address

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Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

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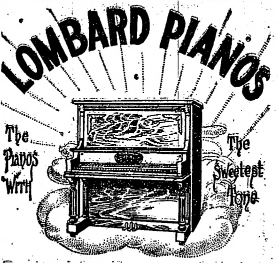

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LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sent me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

More Economical Both in Use and Cost

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

—And it does better work. Simply follow your customary method of preparation—add a little less of Calumet than when using ordinary baking powder. Then watch the result. Light, fluffy, and evenly raised — the baking comes from the oven more tempting, tastier, more wholesome.

Calumet *insures* the baking of an expert. Ask your grocer to-day.

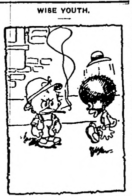
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS

World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.

Paris, Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical — more wholesome — gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

WISE YOUTH.



The White Boy—Humph! Why don't you fight?

The Moke—'Cause I draws de white line, dat's why.

Raw Chickens.

Rose Pastor Phelps Stokes, in an address on behalf of a New York country-week charity, told a quaint story.

"A little slum girl," she said, "stood for the first time in her life in a barnyard, with its ricks, its lazy cows, its yard, with its ricks, its lazy cows, its plows and harrows, and what-not.

The slum girl drank it all in delightedly, then gasped half to herself: "'An' jes look at the chickens—all runnin' around raw!"—Washington Star.

Swallow's Home.

The teacher in natural history had received more or less satisfactory replies to her questions, The Delineator asserts, and finally she asked:

"What little boy can tell me where the home of the swallow is?"

Long silence, then a hand waved.

"Well, Bobbie, where is it?"

"The home of the swallow," declared Bobbie, seriously, "is in the stummick."

A Paradoxical Ballot.

"I should think the women voting in the new suffrage states would strike one obstacle."

"What is that?"

"How can the matrons of a party cast their maiden vote?"

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

It Depends.

"Do you think a wife should go through her husband's pockets?"

"Yes—if there's anything in 'em."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle. Adv.

The principal difference between a cur dog and a thoroughbred is that the cur can pick up his own living.

CHARLESTON, CITY OF CHARM

Her House and Gates Fair and Gracious, and Typical of the Beautiful South.

Charleston, S. C.—Every house in Charleston faces seaward. It frequently happens that the streets do not adjust themselves to this disposition of the house-plan—in which case the street line is calmly disregarded and the house is built so that it shall square with the four points of the compass. The result of this is curious and most interesting—at times disconcerting, but frequently as pleasing as one of Whistler's audacious and unexpected color schemes.

As in the mansions of old Virginia, the general form of the Charleston houses is very simple, and they depend for their beauty upon the fine balance and spacing of doors and windows, the character of the cornice, and above all upon the dignified beauty of the classic porticoes and galleries which adorn one side of each structure.

Picturesque Charleston Houses.

But Charleston has another and quite unique architectural feature in the arched and ornate walls of moss-grown brick which close in all of the fine residences, and the highly decorative wrought-iron gateways which give access to the private grounds. In a city which was at one time the port of call of all the pirates of the Spanish main—where one day it was found advisable to bury forty of these worthies under the sea-wall of the city; where half-civilized negroes formed always an overwhelming majority of the population, it was the part of common prudence to erect a strong barrier between the streets and the private demesnes of the better-class residents. Out of this necessity grew the infinite number of gates and grillages of twisted iron, which are the chief pride of Charleston today, and whose only rivals are the far-famed gates of Seville. These marvels of wrought and beaten iron were all the work of local smiths. I was told that no two gates of the city were of similar design, and I certainly saw no single example which was not in itself beautiful.—Birge Harrison in Art and Progress.

PASS LIFE AMONG LEPERS

Rev. Charles Kellar Will Devote Talents to Possible Discovery of Cure for Disease.

Cambridge, Mass.—After he completes a post-graduate course at Harvard this fall, Rev. Charles Kellar, a Catholic priest, who was graduated in June from the American Medical college of St. Louis, will go to Honolulu and pass the rest of his life among leprosy patients of the Hawaiian islands. He will share their hardships and expose himself to infection from the disease with the end in view of possibly discovering a cure for leprosy, the goal of scientists for centuries.

Father Kellar is forty-eight years old. He resigned his pastorate at Kahoka, Mo., because a throat trouble made it impossible for him to preach. His voice was restored by an operation in St. Louis, and then the priest entered the St. Louis University of Medicine. After a year Father Kellar changed to the American Medical university.

Father Kellar won the highest class honors when he graduated from the American university last June. He studied nervous diseases six weeks at the Alexian Brothers' hospital and then went to Harvard. He expects to depart for Honolulu November 1.

WOULD USE HEAT OF SUN

Prof. Cinmician Tells Chemists of Big Substitute for the Failing Coal Supply.

New York.—The possibility of using the energy of the sun as a substitute for the failing coal supply was the subject of an address by Prof. Giacomo Cinmician of Bologna, Italy, at the concluding session of one of the sections of the International Chemists' congress here. The speaker said that, since the earth's supply of coal is limited, it is not too soon to consider the possibility of getting power from other sources.

He outlined a plan of putting the sun's rays to work by a chemical process, after the manner of plants. In conclusion he said:

"If we should become able to utilize the energy of the sun in the way I have described, the tropical countries would be conquered by civilization, which would in this manner return to its birthplace.

"On the arid lands there will spring up industrial colonies without smoke and without smokestacks; forests of glass tubes will arise everywhere; inside there will take place the photochemical processes that have hitherto been the guarded secret of the plants, but that will have been mastered by human industry, which will know how to make them bear even more abundant fruits than nature, for nature is not in a hurry and mankind is."

A BLESSING IN DISGUISE

Nervous Breakdown Is a Warning That You Must Heed to Avoid Something Worse.

Nervous exhaustion, or breakdown of the nerves, is more often a blessing than anything else. The nerves have rebelled and you should be thankful it is no worse than it is. Let it serve as a sharp warning to relieve the strain and to take a treatment that will build up your nerves.

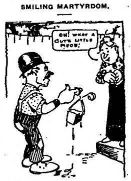
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a real nerve tonic. They supply plenty of nourishing red blood to the exhausted nerves and do not excite and urge them on to do work which they have already shown they cannot do. Medicines which whip on the tired nerves do more harm than no medicine at all. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People not only start in immediately to give relief but continue to strengthen the nerves until they are able to do their work once more.

Mrs. J. E. Udelle, whose address is Box 130, R. F. D. No. 1, Osseo, Minn., says: "I was so completely worn out from overwork and nervousness that I was unable to continue at my work as dressmaker. I was very weak and my back ached continually. My stomach was so weak that I could eat nothing but light food and even then I would have pains like cramps. Gas formed on my stomach. I was short of breath and had palpitation of the heart. I was in bed for three months. At Davenport, Iowa, I was under doctors' care but received only temporary relief so gave it up. I then used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When I began using the pills I had no strength at all and had lost a great deal in weight. I did not have to take the pills long before I felt better. I gave the pills a fair trial and was entirely cured."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are guaranteed to be free from any harmful or habit-forming drugs. They have given the most gratifying results in nervous headaches, neuralgia, nervous dyspepsia, St. Vitus' dance, and even in partial paralysis and locomotor ataxia. Write for the free booklet, "Diseases of the Nervous System."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

SMILING MARTYRDOM.


OH! WHAT A CUTE LITTLE PIECE!

Although the iceman brings to you
A lump exceedingly small,
You don't complain, for if you do
He may not come at all.

Sweeping Statement.

"Scriblets is going to quit being a press humorist."

"Did he tell you that?"

"No, but he said he was not going to write any more jokes about mothers-in-law, bald-headed men, women's hats, intoxicated husbands and family fights."

Talking Shop.

Hewitt—I see that when our writer friend was married nobody was allowed to kiss the bride.

Jewett—How was that?

Hewitt—At the wedding reception he put up a card reading "All rights reserved."

Seizing the Opportunity.

She—Old Mr. Steiner told me he would marry me at once if he were twenty-five years younger.

He—Why, that would just be my age!

She—Ach, this is so sudden.—Exchange.

Rudely Interrupted.

"This is the parting of the ways—"

"Who left the switch open?"

Uplifting.

"Wait till I hobble my horse."

"Well, please don't do it on the skirt of the lawn."

When a man does get even with another he is never satisfied until he gets a little more so.

BACKACHE A SIGNAL OF DISTRESS

"Every Picture Tells a Story."

Pain in the back is the kidney's signal of distress. If this timely warning is ignored, there is grave danger of dropsy, gravel, uric poisoning, or Bright's disease.

When you have reason to suspect your kidneys, use a special kidney medicine.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve weak, congested kidneys—cure backache—regulate the urine. Good proof in the following statement.

CONVINCING TESTIMONY

George L. Cotter, Elm St., Damariscotta, Me., says: "Two years ago I suffered from kidney trouble. My back was often so lame that I could hardly get home from business. Nothing helped me until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They entirely removed the pains and I have never had any further trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

Pettit's Eye Salve FOR ALL SORE EYES

PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

GAVE WORLD UMBRELLA

JONAS HANWAY, ENGLISH MERCHANT DESERVES CREDIT.

Braved Storm of Ridicule in Introducing Article That Is Now in Universal Use—Bi-Centenary Is Just Being Celebrated.

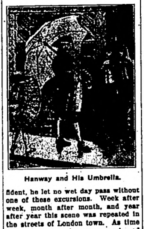
By E. W. PICKARD.

London.—Two hundred years ago—to be more exact, in August, 1712—Jonas Hanway was born in Portsmouth, England.

In the encyclopedias he is classed as a philanthropist and traveler, and he was both of these. Having been apprenticed to a merchant in Lisbon, he became interested in trade with the east and journeyed through Persia, enduring many hardships, after which he spent five years in St. Petersburg. In the way of philanthropy he was active in the help of foundlings, fallen women, the poor and prisoners. But the one thing he did that makes his fame everlasting was to introduce the use of the umbrella to England and Europe generally.

The umbrella for centuries untold had been used in one form or another by the people of the far east, and Hanway in his travels became a warm advocate of that shelter from the rain and the sun. After he had retired from business to London he had made for himself an umbrella not differing materially from those of today. One rainy day, when those who were so unfortunate as to be compelled to go out in the streets, were hurrying miserably along, bedraggled and dripping, out stepped Jonas Hanway, opened his contraption, and strolled leisurely along Fleet street, dry as a bone and happy. At least he would have been happy if his umbrella had warded off ridicule as it did rain. For his appearance created almost a riot. Forgetting the downpour, men, women and children first stared, then hooted and at last gathered in a mob that followed the bold merchant along the street, laughing and jeering. Doors were thrown open and windows were flung up and it seemed as if the entire population of that part of London came out to make fun of Jonas and his umbrella.

The Britisher was conservative by nature, then as now, and this especial innovation did not please him. For centuries he had got wet when it rained, and why should he now change and keep dry? So Jonas retired to his house somewhat discomfited. But he was persistent, so on the next rainy day he reappeared with his umbrella. Once more the jeers and laughter. Once more the trailing, dripping crowd. This time Jonas extended his walk and staid out as long as he wished, and growing more confident, he let no wet day pass without one of these excursions. Week after week, month after month, and year after year this scene was repeated in the streets of London town. As time went on the people grew accustomed to seeing the eccentric Jonas and his umbrella, but it was fully thirty years before any considerable number of them could bring themselves to follow his example.



Hanway and His Umbrella.

And now look at them! Wherever the Englishman is found, there is the umbrella, as surely as the tea pot and the marmalade jar. Other nations, too, were slow to adopt the article, and for years the British tourist with his inevitable umbrella was an object of ridicule. He carried it to all parts of the earth, and today in lands where there is seldom any rain it is in continual use as a sunshade. Mexico, South America, the entire South Pacific, Hindustan, and many another country are dotted with white umbrellas carried by European and native alike. No one ever saw the baboo of India without an umbrella, for it is an essential part of his English education.

The crude and clumsy umbrella that Hanway carried, of course has given place to the neat, close-rolled affair of today, with silk covering and handle of beautiful and expensive wood; but the latter probably does not shed the rain any more surely than did the former, and if Jonas had not been so persistent we might still be without the blessed umbrella.

So all honor to the memory of Jonas Hanway, English traveler and philanthropist, whose bicentenary has been forcibly brought to the notice of the people of his native land by rains and floods that have made the summer the worst on record in the tight little isle.

TRIES EMPLOYE; FLOGS HIM

Factory Owner Poses as "Judge," While Toilers Compose the "Jury."

Eugene, Ore.—Taking the law into his own hands, F. J. Schofield, proprietor of a chemical works, administered a punishment of fifteen lashes with a rawhide on the back of James Daughty, one of his employes, who was alleged to have been caught stealing a small sum of money from him.

Daughty was tried before a jury consisting of other employes of the factory and Schofield acted as judge. He was found guilty. The "judge" then administered punishment.

Afterward Daughty was given three hours to leave the city.

ARRESTING FLIGHT OF TIME

German Scientists Advise the Eating of Egg Shells by Those Who Approach Old Age.

Two Germans, deep thinkers—Professors Emmerich and Loewe—state that eggs shells eaten increase the power of resistance against "the withering blight of time," add weight to the body, activity to the brain and strength to the heart; that they destroy injurious bacilli, prevent inflammation and disease and lend courage and energy. This reminds me, Philip Hale writes in the Boston Herald, of the preparation advertised in London thirty or more years ago as removing superfluous hair, being an excellent substitute for table butter, none genuine unless stamped on the blade. Eustace Miles, the English court tennis player and vegetarian, says he had an old nurse who used to eat egg shells and crunch them joyfully between the teeth that happened to meet, and she said she ate the shells because they "shaved the hair off inside of the throat." The discovery of the German scientist is peculiarly welcome to dwellers by the ocean, for it is a well known fact that if you do not break egg shells the witches will put out to sea in them to wreck vessels, and if you burn the shells the hens will cease to lay. Furthermore, as eggs are now absurdly high—even case eggs—in the neighborhood it seems a pity to waste any part of them.

BABY IN MISERY WITH RASH

Monroe, Wis.—"When my baby was six weeks old there came a rash on his face which finally spread until it got nearly all over his body. It formed a crust on his head, hair fell out and the itch was terrible. When he would scratch the crust, the water would ooze out in big drops. On face and body it was in a dry form and would scale off. He was in great misery and at nights I would lie awake holding his hands so that he could not scratch and disfigure himself. I tried simple remedies at first, then got medicine, but it did no good.

"Finally a friend suggested Cuticura Remedies, so I sent for a sample to see what they would do, when to my surprise after a few applications I could see an improvement, and he would rest better. I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap and before I had them half used my baby was cured. His head is now covered with a luxuriant growth of hair and his complexion is admired by everybody and has no disfigurements." (Signed) Mrs. Annie Saunders, Sept. 29, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Nothing More to Live For.

Without question, the Scots curler of whom Lord Lyveden tells in Fry's Magazine, placed the proper value on his sport.

During a recent curling-match in Switzerland, the skip of one of the teams, who happened to be a Scotsman, was so delighted with the accurate shot of one of his team, that he was heard to address him in the following manner: "Lie down and dee, mon; lie down and dee. Ye'll never lay a finer stane nor that if ye live to be a hundred."

Point for Sherlock Holmes.

Somebody wondered how long a certain woman who had just left the room had been married.

"About 15 years," said the jeweler.

"How do you know?" asked the jeweler's wife. "You never saw her until tonight."

"I can tell by the size of her wedding ring," he replied. "The width of wedding rings changes about every five years. The kind she wears was in style 15 years ago."

Almost Entirely.

"Dick" Quay, at the Congress hotel in Chicago, was talking about a notorious politician.

"And he's worth eleven millions," Mr. Quay ended.

"And is an entirely self-made man, too, I believe," said a correspondent.

"Entirely so," Mr. Quay answered, "except for nine thick coats of whitewash that have been applied to him by various investigating committees."

Like Mushrooms.

As they emerged from the subway station they were confronted by a giant skyscraper rising into the blue. "What building is that?" she asked, not being an habitue of the downtown district. "I don't know," he replied. She looked at him in surprise, this quarter of New York being his daily locale. "No," he insisted wearily. "I don't know. It wasn't there yesterday."—New York Press.

Many a woman would be willing to trade a million-dollar husband for a ten-thousand-a-year alimony.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

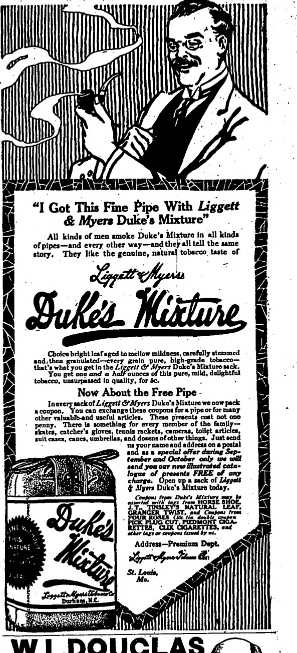
Wasted Energy.

Nimrod (just back from fishing)—I got this string in less than an hour.

Nimrod's Wise Wife—There's a fish store nearer than that, John.

A CURE FOR PILES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

People who are crippled in the head get less sympathy than any other cripples.



"I Got This Fine Pipe With *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture"

All kinds of men smoke Duke's Mixture in all kinds of pipes—and every other way—and they all tell the same story. They like the genuine, natural tobacco taste of

Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture

Choice bright leaf aged to mellow mildness, carefully stemmed and then granulated—every grain pure, high-grade tobacco—that's what you get in the *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture sack. You get one *and a half* ounces of this pure, mild, delightful tobacco, unsurpassed in quality, for 5c.

Now About the Free Pipe

In every sack of *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture we now pack a coupon. You can exchange these coupons for a pipe or for many other valuable and useful articles. These presents cost not one penny. There is something for every member of the family—skates, catcher's gloves, tennis rackets, cameras, toilet articles, suit cases, canes, umbrellas, and dozens of other things. Just send us your name and address on a postal and as a *special offer during September and October only we will send you our new illustrated catalogue of presents FREE of any charge.* Open up a sack of *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture today.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *and Coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c tin double coupon)* PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

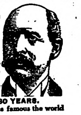
Address—Premium Dept.
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
St. Louis, Mo.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Wanted a Bite.

Oh, yes; it was raining—had been all day. But they didn't mind that so much; you see, they were fishermen. All the same, they were trudging home, with weary steps and very weary-looking faces.

Their baskets were empty, and, to be candid, they were in a very bad temper.

As they entered the little village a large dog ran at one of the party The dog had a ferocious look, and was barking furiously. But the fisherman did not take much alarm at the animal. He just kicked it away carelessly.

"Aren't you afraid he'll go for you?" inquired another of the party, somewhat anxiously.

The one who had kicked at the dog looked at his companion in a sorrowful manner.

"I only wish he would!" he replied. "I'd chance almost anything to be able to go home and say I'd had a bite!"

Thoughtful Wife.

"Think I'll go to the ball game today."

"All right. Is there a telephone at the grounds.

"There's one there. Why?"

"If the home team loses, I want you to telephone me, so that I can take the children and go over to mother's until you get your temper back."

How About This?

"Geese are supposed to be symbolic of all that is foolish."

"Well, go on."

"But you never see an old gander hoard up a million kernels of corn and then go around trying to mate with a gosling."

One occasionally meets a man who gives a direct answer in reply to a simple question. But most of them want to make a speech.

The average girl can love almost any one—except a stepfather.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Royal Typewriter
NEW MODEL NO. 5
Visible Writing, Standard Keyboard, Two-color Ribbon, Tabulator, Back-spacer and other up-to-date features
$75
SEND FOR CATALOG
ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY
364 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
73 ENDICOTT ARCADE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Drs. Beaudoux and Wheeler
SPECIALISTS
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases
Offices: 833 Lowry Building, St. Paul, Minn.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all old sores. By mail 50c. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
For Headache Nervousness and Backache due to disorders of Kidneys and Bladder

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Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 12. 1912, NUMBER. 14.

EFFORTS TO STOP WAR FRUITLESS

MONTENEGRIN DETACHMENT REPORTED ANNIHILATED BY TURKISH TROOPS.

TURKS ARE MASSACRED

By Armed Invaders Rumored—Servia and Bulgaria Join in the Hostilities.

London, Oct. 10.—Intervention of the European ambassadors at the porte in the Balkan situation cannot now have any effect, it generally is conceded here, and widespread warfare in the near east appears inevitable.

A dispatch from Constantinople states that a Montenegrin detachment, which crossed the frontier, has been annihilated and that 4,000 Albanian troops have invaded Montenegro.

Skirmishes also are reported to have occurred on the Servian and Bulgarian frontiers and one dispatch says that a strong force of Bulgarian troops has started for Mustapha Pasha with a view of forcing the road to Adrianople, where the Turks are concentrated in great strength. King Ferdinand is said to be hurrying southward to take command of the allied troops.

A massacre of Turks has occurred at Turtukai, in Bulgaria, near the Rumanian frontier, according to a dispatch It is reported that armed Bulgarians attacked the Turkish quarter of the town at dead of night, pilaged the houses and massacred the inhabitants, not sparing even women and children.

It is believed everywhere that if Servia and Bulgaria have not already declared war on Turkey as reported from Paris, they are on the point of joining their mobilized armies to that of Montenegro, whose troops are believed to be quite generally engaging the Turks along the frontier.

Greece appears for the present to be holding back. She made today her last protest to the powers against the seizure by the Ottoman government of Greek vessels in Turkish waters.

Greece Recalls Minister.

London. Following Montenegro's example, it was reported here today that Greece has recalled its minister from Constantinople.

Bulgaria Reported at War.

Paris.—A strong rumor was current here that Bulgaria had declared war on Turkey, but neither the Ottoman embassy nor the Bulgarian legation has received any confirmation.

More Fighting on Frontier.

Saloniki, Turkey.—Serious fighting continues between the Turkish and Montenegrin forces at the Montenegrin frontier.

Turks Express Confidence.

Constantinople.—The Turkish government awaits coming events with calm assurance, according to Noradundghian Effendi, the Ottoman foreign minister.

War News Depresses Market.

London.—The stock exchange was somewhat more affected by the Balkan situation owing to the weakness of continental bourses and principally in Paris, from which market selling orders were rather liberal.

Paris. The bourse at the opening was demoralized.

Berlin.—The bourse was increasingly nervous in connection with the Balkan situation.

ABSENCE IS REQUESTED.

Deposed Secretary Distributed Pamphlets Attacking Women.

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 10.—H. G. Gue, deposed secretary of the joint equal suffrage political campaign committee, was asked to leave the hall where the members of the women's state association were holding their meeting.

The request to leave was made by Miss Mary Hafford, president, following the distribution of pamphlets by Mr. Gue making attacks upon several prominent women. As a sequel of the trouble an order was made later in the day for the incorporation of the state suffrage association, the members desiring to attain a basis where it would be possible to hold property, sue and be sued.

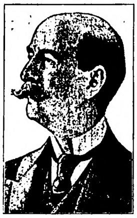
Express Rate Hearing Opened.

Washington, Oct. 10.—All the large express companies, many of the great railroad systems and numerous organizations of express shippers and commercial bodies were represented before the interstate commerce commission at the opening of the arguments upon new express rates proposed by the commission.

Clark and Wilson Campaign.

St. Louis, Oct. 10.—Speaker Clark and Gov. Woodrow Wilson campaigned together in Illinois and Missouri—the two states which preferred Mr. Clark by a heavy vote in the primaries for the Democratic presidential nomination. Cheers and great enthusiasm greeted the two men as they appeared in Springfield, Granite City and East St. Louis in Illinois, and at St. Louis in Missouri. "I am now for Governor Wilson for the presidency as every true Democrat ought to be," declared the speaker.

KING GEORGE OF GREECE



Unless the intervention of the powers proves effective, King George may have to lead his subjects against their ancient enemies, the Turks.

MINNESOTA GREEKS ARE LOYAL

HUNDREDS OF NATIVE SONS TO FIGHT.

Volunteer Reserves Only Await the Word to Start for the Front.

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—With hundreds of cheers for Christianity and hisses for the Mohammedan Turks, 500 Greeks of Minneapolis and St. Paul pledged their lives for their native country and promised to return to Athens at once to assist the Grecian troops and the soldiers of the Balkan republics in their war against Turkey.

The oldest Greek residents of Minneapolis declared that never before in the history of the Greek community had there been such enthusiasm. Within 20 minutes after the close of the speeches more than $2,000 was pledged for the cause of their country.

"This war is not a war of conquest," declared each of the eight speakers. "It is a war for Christ and Christianity. For many centuries the Christian countries of the world have been humiliated by barbarian fanatics of Turkey. They have massacred the Christians and spat in the faces of those who do not believe in Mohammed. This war is a religious war, like our forefathers fought centuries ago."

The reserves were called on to return to their native land first. There are about 150 reserves living in Minneapolis who have had previous military experience. They had not completed their military service for Greece, but were given permission to leave the country on the promise to return should their service be needed.

The first party of these reserves will leave Minneapolis for New York, where, where they will take ship for Athens. It is not known for certain how many will be in the party. When names were called everybody apparently was anxious to go. One old man who looked to be 80 years old, jumped on a chair and with cheers for the king of Greece yelled: "I am too old to fight, but my blood boils when I think of the outrages that have been committed against our country and religion."

There was almost a riot at the meeting to see who would be the first to sign a paper indicating his desire to return to Greece at once. The honor finally went to Captain Dookakos, who is a veteran of the war with Turkey in 1897.

OFFICERS DISCHARGED.

Chicagoans Lose Jobs Owing to Escape of Robbers.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Police Captain John J. Mahoney and Lieutenant Bernard J. Burns of the Maxwell street station were discharged from the Chicago police department by the civil service commission because of the escape from Chicago, Sept. 10, of two of the bank robbers who robbed the Bank of Montreal at New Westminster, B. C. The civil service commissioners decided that both officers were guilty of incompetency and neglect of duty.

Burns attempted to arrest the two bank robbers single handed in a south side saloon and was beaten nearly to death.

Damaged Steamer Proceeds.

Duluth, Oct. 10.—The Kinsman steamer Onoko which was beached on Basswood island of the Apostle group early Monday morning to prevent her from sinking has been released and has proceeded to Buffalo to discharge her cargo of grain.

North Dakota Bank Raided.

Williston, N. D., Oct. 10.—Three men rode into the town of Springbrook, twelve miles east of Williston, and blew the safe of the Bank of Springbrook and rode away without molestation with $1,000 in cash from the institution's strongbox. There was a series of three explosions which awakened the citizens of the little town. It was then too late to organize resistance or make an attempt to capture the bandits. The bank building, as well as the safe, was wrecked.

ADMITS SOLICITING A BRIBE

OHIO SOLON IMPLICATES MEN "HIGHER UP."

Sentence Probably Withheld Until the Grand Jury Reconvenes.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 10.—After the making of a full confession, in which he implicated other legislators and men "higher up," to Attorney General Hogan last Sunday in the presence of Prosecuting Attorney Edward C. Turner of Franklin county and a court stenographer, Dr. George B. Nye, representative in the legislature from Waverly, pleaded guilty to having solicited a bribe for his vote on the Kimball bill.

The indictment to which he pleaded guilty, charged that he solicited a bribe of $1,000 from B. F. Kimball, the author of the bill, on April 18, 1900. The bill provided for the redistricting of the Pike and Adams county judicial districts. Dr. Nye was not sentenced and probably will not be until after the grand jury is reconvened.

Eddy Will Trust Void.

Boston, Oct. 10.—A trust, estimated at $2,000,000, created by the will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church, for the benefit of the denomination, has been declared void by the Massachusetts supreme court. The court holds, however, that a charitable trust has been created and that new trusts may be appointed to administer it. The trust was to have been administered by the directors of the mother church in Boston, but the court decided that the trust provisions were nullified under the statute limiting the amount of the income from bequests to religious organizations to $2,000 annually.

Blacking Deal Disastrous.

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—Fred O. Blazier, formerly of Kansas City, but who has been living here since Oct. 1, was arrested by Minneapolis detectives on a warrant sworn out in Kansas City, charging him with obtaining $700 from two business men there. He represented that he had made $15,000 in Portland, Ore., by manufacturing shoe polish from secret formula he had obtained from one manufacturer of a well known polish. The complainants invested $700 in the business.

Refuses to Meet Strikers.

Duluth, Oct. 10.—After making a statement Tuesday offering to take back all old employes who had not participated in the rioting incident to the present car strike here, Manager Warren of the Duluth Street Car company declared that he would not meet a committee of the men. The committee declared that the strikers are ready to go back to work on Manager Warren's announced terms and ask Mr. Warren to receive a committee before they will return to work.

Scores the Harvester Trust.

Des Moines, Oct. 10.—The harvester trust of which George W. Perkins is said to be one of the principal stockholders and who is alleged to be the financial backer of Col. Theodore Roosevelt's campaign by Gov. Thomas Marshall of Indiana, came in for its share of condemnation at the hands of the Democratic vice presidential candidate in his address in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium here.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 10.—Wheat, Dec., 90¼c; May, 95¼c; No. 1 northern, 89@92c; No. 2 northern, 86@89½c; No. 1 durum, 86c; No. 3 corn, 68½c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, 68c; No 2 rye, 64½c; No. 1 flax, $1.71½. Duluth, Oct. 10.—Wheat, Dec., 89¾c; May, 94¾c. South St. Paul, Oct. 10.—Cattle—Steers, $5.25; cows, $4.00@5.75; calves, $4.00@9.00; hogs, $8.40@8.80; sheep and lambs, $3.25@6.00.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Oct. 10.—Cattle — Receipts, 14,500; market steady to 10c higher; beeves, $5.60@11; Texas steers, $4.50@6; western steers, $5.80@8.90; stockers and feeders, $4.40@7.50; cows and heifers, $2.90@8.10; calves, $8@10.75. Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; market strong to shade above yesterday's average; light, $8.60@9.25; mixed, $8.60@9.25; heavy, $8.40@9.25; rough, $8.40@8.65; pigs, $4.75@7.75; bulk of sales, $8.00@9.15. Sheep—Receipts, 52,000; market steady to shade higher; native, $3.25@4.25; western, $3.40@4.25; yearlings, $4.25@5.35; lambs, native, $4.50@6.80; western, $4.75@6.95.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Oct. 10. — Wheat showed strength today on account of growing fear of a general conflict in the Balkans. The market, however, was not one-sided, the selling at times being somewhat aggressive. Cold unsettled weather northwest aided the bulls. Opening prices were unchanged to ⅛c higher. December started at 91⅞@92⅛c, a gain of ⅛@¼c, reacted to 91⅝@91¾c and rallied to 92c.

A sharp advance ensued after reports came that Russia had mobilized troops on the frontier. Closing prices were strong, with December 1⅛@1¼c net higher at 93@93⅛c.

Rainstorms had a bullish effect on corn. December opened ⅛c to ⅛@¼c up at 53⅝@53¾c to 53⅞c, touched 53¾c and climbed to 53⅞@53¼c.

Afterward prices remained firm with wheat. The close for December was ⅛@⅜ above last night at 53⅝c.

Active export inquiry lifted oats. December started the same as last night at 32½c, and rose to 32⅝c.

200,000 Swedish Petition.

New York, Oct. 10. — The United Swedish society, representing 200,000 residents of New York state of that nationality, will forward to Governor Dix a petition signed by the officers of the various societies which make up the united organization asking that a pardon be granted Folke Engel Brandt, the former valet of Mortimer Schiff, who is serving a thirty-year sentence for burglary. The petition charges that the sentence given Brandt is cruel and inhuman.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.

Governor Hadley announced he would support President Taft.

The only hope for Taft electors in California is to win their case in court.

Winston Churchill was nominated for governor by New Hampshire progressives.

A call for further contributions has been made by the democratic national committee.

Colonel Roosevelt told a New Orleans crowd the progressive party has come to stay.

Governor Johnson concluded his New England tour, and will next invade New York.

Governor Marshall complained that Roosevelt did nothing for the people while in the white house.

Tammany Leader Murphy is thought to be getting ready to dump Governor Dix and turn to a new man.

Taft electors are shut off absolutely from the ballot in California by a decision of the supreme court.

Mr. Roosevelt says it is difficult to draw a distinction between the republican and democratic parties.

In a sweeping denial of charges against him, Roosevelt said he never asked a penny for his campaign.

Governor Wilson, at Indianapolis, delivered a direct attack on the administrations of Taft and Roosevelt.

Governor Johnson accused Woodrow Wilson of having radically changed his views on union labor.

Governor McGovern of Wisconsin issued a statement in which he announced that the howuld vote for the Roosevelt and Johnson presidential electors on November 5.

Governor Woodrow Wilson was the central figure in the New Jersey democratic state convention at which a state platform was adopted and candidates for presidential electors nominated.

Advices received by Secretary of State Frank C. Jordan stated that necessary signatures to petitions for placing Roosevelt electors on the November ballot had been obtained in the various counties of California.

Electoral candidates on the Pennsylvania republican state ticket favorable to Roosevelt and Johnson will place their withdrawals from the ticket in the hands of H. D. W. English of Pittsburgh to file on October 9.

William Allen White, national progressive committeeman of Kansas, filed with the secretary of state the resignations from the republican ticket of seven of the eight presidential electors, who were chosen at the recent primary pledged to vote for Colonel Roosevelt. Dorsey Green of Kansas City, Kan., refused to resign.

General.

Congressman Bartholdt replied sharply to charges of Roosevelt.

A Rio Janiero loan of $15,000,000 at 5 per cent is shortly to be floated.

There has been no actual declaration of war thus far in the Balkans.

Governor Wilson twitted Colonel Roosevelt about the alleged growth of trusts during his administration.

The human race has not kept pace with cattle and hogs according to a speaker at the conservation congress.

Severe earthquakes have been continuously registered by the seismographic instruments in the Berlin observatories.

Every union teamster in Des Moines is likely to be called on strike, according to an announcement made by L. T. McArthur, organizer, before a meeting of the teamsters' union.

A referendum on the grouping of all Chicago's disorderly resorts into one district loomed as a possibility in the opinion of Mayor Harrison, as the result of the investigation into vice conditions.

Nation-wide standardization of efforts to save babies was considered at the annual meeting of the American Association for the Study and Prevention of Infant Mortality, which opened in Cleveland.

The entire rebel army at Jinatepe, Nicaragua, about twenty miles south of Managua, was captured with all its ammunition, arms and artillery after a four hours' battle with government troops.

An explosion fund was set aside by the iron-workers' union according to Prosecutor Miller at Indianapolis.

Peace between Italy and Turkey was signed at Ouchy, Switzerland, accordingcording to a news agency dispatch received here from Paris.

F. Warren, aged 30, was sentenced at Des Moines to twenty years in the state prison. Warren attacked a 6-year-old girl.

A state conference of leaders of the woman suffrage cause was held in Cleveland, O., at which it was decided to held a state convention in Columbus late in November.

Mrs. Eva MacDonald Valesh of New York has taken the initial steps in the formation of a woman's national prevention association. She says that loss by fire in this country is very great, and that much depends upon the women to make it less.

Central American countries resent interference of the United States.

Roosevelt failed to appeal to the voters of eastern Tennessee.

One man was killed and others wounded as a result of strike troubles at Augusta, Ga.

One of the alleged Canadian bank robbers was caught at St. Louis.

Fourteen lives were lost in the sinking of a British submarine.

A meeting of protest against home rule in Ireland was held at Belfast.

The financial showing of the government for the new quarter is satisfactory.

Mexico is not to confine the instructions of its army to Germany military men.

Colonel Roosevelt wound up his transcontinental tour with a speech at Raleigh, N. C.

Four masked men held up a Kansas City Southern train near the town of Poteau, Okl.

Many were killed or injured in a wreck on the New Haven road at Westport, Conn.

A statewide conference of leaders of the woman's suffrage cause was held at Cleveland, O.

Wilson says he wants progressive nominated in New York but does not name his choice.

Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray was arrested in Washington at the behest of the Indian office.

Lieut. Donald H. Morrison was killed and eight injured by an explosion on the destroyer Walke.

Deposits in Nebraska state banks now exceed $85,000,000, the highest in the history of the state.

Four people were killed and five injured when an automobile was struck by a train near Pittsburgh.

W. B. Townley of Chicago was chosen president of the underwriters association of the northwest.

Dr. Wiley, in a speech at Terre Haute, Ind., attacked the administrations of Roosevelt and Taft.

The Central Fuel Oil company, an oil-producing company in Oklahoma, was adjudged a bankrupt.

The failure of Blair Brothers, members of the New York consolidated stock exchange, was announced.

The siege of Managna cost the lives of a hundred and thirty-six women and a thousand soldiers.

Twelve thousand textile operatives are affected by a strike at Lawrence, Mass., and mill may shut down.

Turkey is bristling up under the threat of war, and there were scenes of excitement at Constantinople.

Ten per cent of our population was declared by the congress of hygiene and demography to be defective.

Prohibition and its effect on the cigar trade will be investigated by the cigarmakers' union of America.

Russia has suggested the advisability of a joint demand upon China for payment of the boxer indemnity.

J. P. Morgan, the financier, came in for scathing denunciation in William J. Bryan's trip across Central Kansas.

The state convention of the national progressive party of Michigan named a ticket from secretary of state to justices of the supreme court.

Dr. George H. Knight of Salisbury, republican candidate for congress from the Fifth district, fell dead on the stage of Roberts hall, in Lakeville, Conn.

Governor Colquitt was advised by the state department that permission for the crossing of Texas soil by Mexican federals entraining at Marathon, Tex., had been suspended.

Navy department officials believe that the cruiser Cincinnati, of the Asiatic fleet, ordered to Foo Chow, has gone there in response to a call for protection of Americans.

F. S. Pmeiffer, a Taft republican elector in the Second Missouri district, sent his resignation to the secretary of state. He is the sixth Taft elector to resign in Missouri.

Threats to sacrifice European lives at Foo Chow have been uttered by General Pung unless his demands for 450,000 taels (about $315,000) from the authorities are acceded to.

George F. Considine, proprietor of the Hotel Metropole, scene of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, filed a schedule in bankruptcy. He gives liabilities of $258,698 and assets of $6,242.

Attorney General U. S. Webb of California handed down a ruling that but one set of presidential electors can go on the November ballot as republican electors—those chosen by the majority of the Sacramento convention and pledged to Roosevelt and Johnson.

The fact that the contract for a Chinese loan of $50,000,000 has fallen to a private syndicate in London indepently of the six great powers, who were negotiating for a $300,000,000 loan, has caused as much amusement to the city as surprise. The powers in question ar Great Britain, France, Germany, the United States, Russia and Japan.

Personal.

Prof. Willis Moore, weather expert, discussed the cause of floods at the conservation congress.

Pierpont Morgan, proving a willing witness, told of his contributions to the republican campaign fund.

Former Mayor Seidell of Milwaukee spoke to Lincoln socialists.

U. S. Senator Burton of Kansas spoke to Lincoln (Neb.) republicans.

Governor Johnson made two speeches in Buffalo, one at the Broadway arsenal and another at a Polish hall.

Governor Wilson commended the action of the New York state democratic convention in naming Congressman Sulzer for governor.

Mayor Harrison of Chicago issued a statement that a systematic campaign against vice conditions in the city was about to be begun under his supervision by the police.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

MINNESOTA SPUDS.

More Than 125,000 Bushels Seed Potatoes.

Minneapolis.—More than 125,000 bushels of seed potatoes from Minnesota will find a market in Oklahoma this year, according to Professor James A. Wilson, director of the Oklahoma agricultural experiment station at Stillwater, Okla. Professor Wilson, who has graduated in the class of 1900 at the agricultural college, was visiting on the farm school campus and investigating the new silo constructed by the dairy department. He contemplates building one after the Minnesota pattern at the Oklahoma experiment station.

"Minnesota is known over the country as the bread and butter state," said Professor Wilson. "Besides getting practically all our seed potatoes from this state, Oklahoma gets a large quantity of butter and flour from Minnesota. We have but five co-operative creameries in Oklahoma, compared to more than 800 in Minnesota. The next session of the legislature will be asked to enact a law similar to Minnesota's in the regulation of co-operative creameries.

"The Minnesota potato has proven the best seed for our climate and soil. The product is healthy and coming from a cooler climate, is a hardy product. Not only is the Red River potato in demand, but seed grown in all parts of the state commands a premium market."

In a conference with Dean T. L. Haecker of the dairy department late yesterday, Professor Wilson went over the dairy laws of Minnesota and with friends will present similar acts before the next session of the Oklahoma legislature. Plans for silo construction also be used by the Oklahoma experiment stations.

TRY TO WRECK TRAIN.

Soo Line Passenger Runs Into Open Switch.

St. Paul.—What is said by the railroad officials to have been a plan to wreck No. 4 passenger train on the Soo line in North St. Paul, occurred when the train, running at a speed of 35 miles an hour, ran into an open switch and collided with a boxcar on the siding. The engine of the passenger train was slowed down before it struck the freight with much force and aside from shoving it down the track a short distance, no damage was done.

When M. J. Wilson, engineer of the train, climbed down from the cab to examine his engine, he discovered that the switch had been tampered with by some one who had thrown it open purposely. While he was making an examination of the switch a rock was thrown through the mail car door. A moment later another rock crashed through the door of the baggage car, missing the head of one of the men by only a fraction of an inch. Members of the train crew made an effort to locate the perpetrators of the deed, but without success.

Minnesota Greeks Await the Word.

Minneapolis.—Members of the Minnesota Greek colony are on the qui vive, awaiting the official declaration of war between Turkey and the Balkan states, but so far have taken no definite steps toward sending men to Greece to assist their country. Lieutenant Forches of the Greek-American Volunteer company said last night no meetings would be held until it had been definitely decided that there is to be a war. "It would be useless for us to ask men to go to Greece if there is to be no war," he said. "The moment we hear definitely that a clash is to come, we will make our arrangements."

Reusswig Hearing Oct. 15.

Grand Rapids. — The preliminary hearing in the case of F. E. Reusswig, charged with knowingly passing fraudulent claims against School District No. 1, while acting as director of the school board, will come on for hearing Oct. 15. Bail in the case was fixed at $750. The arrest of Reusswig followed the report of accountants, as the figures showed that several warrants had been paid for which no services were given.

Company May Begin Work.

Duluth.—Local mining workmen outside of steel corporation circles declare that the cancellation of the mining leases on the western Mesaba pointed to but one direction—that the steel corporation is taking up mining operations on the Cayuna range.

Milkmen Arrange Defense.

Minneapolis.—Minneapolis milk men arrested recently on warrants from the county attorney charging them with forming a trust, held a meeting for the purpose of engaging counsel and to discuss the situation leading up to their arrest. The meeting was held in the office of the Minneapolis Milk company. Those who attended it said the meeting was called to determine whether to reduce the price of milk or not. "That question is beyond discussion," said A. R. Ruhnke,

RAID "RAILWAY OFFICE"

An Extensive "Get-Rich-Quick" Scheme Alleged.

Minneapolis.—In the recent raid on the Minneapolis headquarters of the North & South Railroad association, capitalized at $2,500,000, located in a hall room at the Fairmont hotel, Ninth street and Hennepin avenue, and the arrest of John M. Wiley, president and treasurer; Fred Breckley, secretary and chief engineer, and A. I. Buell, an associate, the postal authorities have broken up, they say, what they charge is one of the greatest and farthest reaching "get-rich-quick" schemes that has developed for years. By a series of moves extending from Friday night to yesterday, the entire official staff of the association and the records were taken into custody.

The plan of the three promoters was the construction of a railroad from Winnipeg to New Orleans, the exact location of which, through Minnesota, shifted from time to time, Assistant United States District Attorney Joel M. Dickey said, according to the willingness or unwillingness of particular localities to buy stock. For some time past, acting upon reports from Little Falls and elsewhere that the men were using the mails for fraudulent purposes, Rush D. Simmons, chief postal inspector, said the government had been after the men.

The bail of John M. Wiley was fixed at $5,000, and that of Fred Breckley and A. I. Buell at $2,500 each by United State Judge Page Morris.

Moorhead to Send Delegation.

Moorhead.—Secretary Wright of the Moorhead Commercial club has asked for twenty-five reservations for local business men and manufacturers for the "get-after-new business" special train, which has been arranged for by the Commercial club of Fargo for the purpose of making a trip over the Surrey-Minot cutoff of the Great Northern. Moorhead was invited to participate and join the commercial men of Fargo in making social calls on the busines men in the new towns. One of the invited guests of the Fargo club is S. G. Comstock of this city.

Beveridge Goes to Duluth.

Duluth.—Albert J. Beveridge spoke Monday night in Duluth instead of in Minneapolis, as first planned by the progressive party managers in the state. Mr. Beveridge was billed originally for Duluth, but when word came late Friday that Theodore Roosevelt would be in Duluth Oct. 10, Hugh T. Halbert decided to transfer Beveridge to the Twin Cities. The proposition was put up to the Minneapolis committee, which decided against it because the time was too short to get up a proper meeting. Meanwhile, Duluth was insisting on both Beveridge and Roosevelt.

Mankato Man to Prison.

Mankato.—Judge Pfau in district court sentenced H. G. Brewer to Stillwater prison for an indeterminate period up to five years, for robbing ginseng growers of this county of their growing plants, having last week taken nearly $1,000 worth. He said he had turned it all over to officers. He gave as an excuse for his crime that he needed money to be operated on for goitre and so committed the deed for which he was charged.

Auto Purloiner Man's Own Son.

Albert Lea.—O. J. Connors' stolen automobile was located at Wells by Sheriff Subby and the guilty party proved to be no other than Mr. Conners' son, 15 years of age, who had been away from home for several weeks. The boy was placed under arrest in Wells and was brought back here, but he may not be prosecuted by his father. The car had not been damaged and the youth of the lad may have a bearing.

Search for Lost Hunter.

Eveleth.—About fifty men left here for Zim to search for J. H. Corbett, 65 years old, the Adams mine captain who disappeared Sunday while hunting partridges with two companions in the Stone lake country. It is feared he is lost in the big swamp in that locality and may starve. His two companions fired guns all night, and came across the place where he had camped last night.

Mining Leases Cancelled.

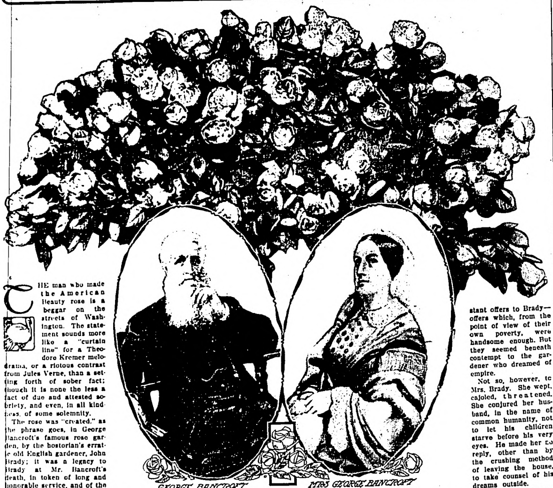
Brainerd.—The Oliver Iron Mining company, which is a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation, has cancelled more than a dozen mining leases on property at the west end of Mesaba range near Grand Rapids.

Minister Urges Death Penalty.

Minneapolis.—That the old capital punishment should be re-established in states where it has been abolished and that a failure to execute murderers is a dishonor to God, were statements made by Dr. Earle V. Pierce, in a sermon preached at the Central Baptist church. Dr. Pierce concluded a series of sermons on the general theme of "The Rights of the Individual and of the State Over Human Life." The text was, "Has the State the Right to Execute Murderers, and if so, is it Expedient?"

TRAGEDY OF THE AMERICAN BEAUTY ROSE

MAN WHO CREATED IT IS BEGGAR ON THE STREETS OF WASHINGTON



THE man who made the American Beauty rose is a beggar on the streets of Washington. The statement sounds more like a "curtain line" for a Theodore Kremer melodrama, or a riotous contrast from Jules Verne, than a setting forth of sober fact; though it is none the less a fact of due and attested sobriety, and even, in all kindness, of some solemnity.

The rose was "created," as the phrase goes, in George Bancroft's famous rose garden, by the hostorian's erratic old English gardener, John Brady; it was a legacy to Brady at Mr. Bancroft's death, in token of long and honorable service, and of the fact that Brady had brought it to perfection only after years of inexhaustible patience and care; and it was sold for a pittance, but that is getting ahead of the story.

Once upon a time, in 1889, to be precise, after George Bancroft had returned from long diplomatic service in Germany, and had settled down to a tranquilizing old age in his home in Washington, there grew up among the flower enthsiasts of England, America and the continent a zealous quest for a red rose which could be made to bloom in winter.

Mr. Bancroft's ascendency as a rose culturist in this country had been beyond dispute for half a century.

At the time of the inauguration of Abraham Lincoln, Mrs. Lincoln despaired of pleasing herself in the arrangements of the White House garden, so she called on Mr. Bancroft for help. This she received in such good and flowing measure that, in acknowledgment of her debt, she sent to the historian a splendid bouquet of japonicas. In reply he wrote her that "for magnificence, the bouquet was a fair counterpart of Mr. Lincoln's brains."

What of official recognition then was still lacking for Mr. Bancroft's genius as a rose grower was supplied by Herr Bismarck, who so admired the American minister to Berlin that he supplied him with roses and rose cuttings from the great Bismarck estates in Pomerania.

But all this while, despite the genial international co-operation of rose growers, diplomats and statesmen, the red rose refused to grow in winter. Its wintertime behavor was, in fact, exasperating beyond all words. If, after months of herculean effort, a branch could be made to put forth a bud some fine morning, it was a sickly purple by noon, and brown by sunset.

Little yellow roses had thrived, time out of mind, and these, with camellias and japonicas, were the sole reliance of those who would have flowers for winter decoration.

Matters were in this state when Mr. Bancroft moved to Washington, bringing into his charming old house on Lafayette square two trusted servants: Herman, who came from Berlin, and John Brady, the gardener, from England.

John Brady was installed in the quaint L-shaped garden, which ran back to Seventeenth street, and he was instructed, among other things, to reap the glory of creating a tractable red rose.

The task was one which jumped with his own desires. The Bancroft garden was scarcely less a personal pride to Brady than to Bancroft, and both secretly believed that no praise of it could be really to extravagant. It became a rendezvous for Washington's most distinguished persons; how much so, one can guess from President Arthur's dictum that "The president is permitted to accept the invitations of members of his cabinet, Supreme court judges, and—Mr. George Bancroft."

Dozens of times John Brady seemed on the eve of being able to announce the success of his red rose ventures. Once a friend from France brought Mr. Bancroft a cutting of a red rose called "Madame Ferdinand Jemain," which, although it had failed at home, was thought to have possibilities in an American climate. Brady nursed it along with a fair degree of conscientiousness, none too pleased, likely enough, that France had been so premature in this honorable business. But the little alien rose bush sickened and died, and was thrown aside, presumably at the end of its history.

Then came the shocking news from England that William Francis Bennett had won the red rose race. He had had an astonishing luck with his plants, and had finally established their hardihood and their permanence of color. Bancroft and Brady mourned in secret. True, there was still the American championship to be tried for, but the first fine careless rapture of success had been already captured.

A rose culturist in New York had the good fortune, about this time, to make a new flower, which he promptly named the "George Bancroft," but this was not compensation enough, either for the historian or his gardener. So back they went to the seedling beds, with renewed determination.

In the face of such a touching faith and such abounding energy, the fates were bound to be kind. And so, one morning, a delighted yell from his gardener brought Mr. Bancroft scurrying into his garden, to find that in a bed of white and yellow seedlings there stood a strange red rose, looking for all the world as if it had come to stay. Its stem had a stiffness the like of which had never before been seen. Its petals looked to have the hardihood to weather a hundred disasters.

Where it had come from nobody could find out. It might have been a stalwart seed left from the scored and discredited "Mme. Ferdinand Jemain," and it might have been just that mysterious freak which the rose culturist has come to take for granted under the name of a "sport."

At any rate, there it was, and it remained to be developed.

For it must be known at the outset that getting a single bloom is the least of the rose culturist's troubles. In fact, it merely marks their beginning.

All new brands of roses are grown from these curiosities called "sports." In a bed of seedlings, about once in so often, an orphan rose will appear which will bear no trace of its parentage, and will usually be found to have neither longevity nor the ability to reproduce after its kind. Its seeds will revert to type.

So John Brady set forth on the uphill climb to perfecting his little red "sport." In due time he did it. And when he had three bushes which he could personally guarantee to reproduce red roses after the original pattern he placed them in the garden where they would likeliest be seen. He had not to wait for the clamor of approval. Guests for tea in the afternoon were led into the garden by Mr. Bancroft for a "private view" of the coveted red rose.

"Oh, that must be Bennett's new rose, the English beauty," said the first woman to spy it.

"Not at all, madame," said Bradly, proudly, "that is the American red rose."

"Then it is the American Beauty," said the lady, not to be outdone.

And then and there the name originated, and not all of Brady's stormiest persuasions could ever dislodge it. For the rose's maker had already decided that it should be named for Judge Hagner, a warm friend of Mr. Bancroft, and Brady's bright particular star, and to have the choice of its name and the christening ceremony swept out of his reach at one fell swoop would have tried the patience of a saint.

Brady finally made the best of it, and contented himself with assuring Judge Hagner that things would have been different if he had had any say in them.

From this time on, however, the history of John Brady and his precious rose begins to take a somber turn. Mr. Bancroft died in 1891, bequeathing the American Beauty to Brady as a testament of his affection and appreciation. The famous gardens passed into other hands, and Brady moved, with his large and hungry family and his handful of American Beauty rosebushes, into a little house outside of Washington.

Things went rapidly from bad to worse. Brady had neither money nor the knack of picking up odd jobs. His eldest son was still too young for responsibility, and the ages of the others, in regular succession, diminished punctually by a year. His wife was frail, out of patience with poverty, and worn to exhaustion with the care of children.

Brady survived the first part of this bleak period by observing the Spanis proverb, "Patience, and shuffle the cards." No stress of want could make him part with his rose bushes, though his wife, regarding him as a sort of monomaniac on this subject, put her noblest persuasions into the task of undoing his resolve.

To his reiterated tales of the fortune that would come to him some day through the American Beauty rose Mrs. Brady reasonably replied that she and the children were hungry that very day and hour, and that more than her soul was sick with hope deferred.

But some prescience of the inherent value of his rose kept Brady obdurate to appeals, domestic or professional.

The world of fashion had all but forgotten the interregnum of the American Beauty in the Bancroft gardens. Rose culturists had thought, many of them, that it had never outlived its heyday. Only a few of the more observant had remembered that the treasured bushes had been a legacy from Bancroft to his gardener.

One of these last was the elder of the Field Brothers, wholesale florists on the old Seventh street road, outside of Washington. They made constant offers to Brady—offers which, from the point of view of their own poverty, were handsome enough. But they seemed beneath contempt to the gardener who dreamed of empire.

Not so, however, to Mrs. Brady. She wept, cajoled, threatened. She conjured her husband, in the name of common humanity, not to let his children starve before his very eyes. He made her no reply, other than by the crushing method of leaving the house, to take counsel of his dreams outside.

It was on one of these forlorn occasions that Mrs. Brady's patience snapped and her loyalty faltered. She seized the pampered rose bushes, made haste to Field Brothers, and sold them, one and all, for scarcely more than the price of a single meal.

When this was told to Brady, he touched the hour of his supreme tribulation. His world fell away from beneath his feet. Not once in the 18 years since then has the stupor which came upon him lifted for long enough for realization of his misery to sift through.

Matters went merrily with the rose he made. Field Brothers, by skillful advertising, were able to sell their exclusive right to its reproduction for $5,000. Within a year ten times that amount was being paid for it by enthusiastic purchasers here and abroad.

For ten years past a moderate estimate of the amount of money spent annually all over the world for American Beauty roses is $25,000,000.

John Brady is still homeless in Washington. His wife and the famished children have died, one after another. He himself is the recipient of constant small charities from Washington florists, any of whom will give him bits of work, spraying, or cutting, when his mind can be held to his task.

At the funeral of William R. Smith, the famous old Scotch superintendent of the National Botanical gardens, who had, at eighty, the reputation of knowing more public men—diplomats, statesmen, and politicians—than any other person then living in the United States, there was an assemblage of men aggregating almost incalculable personal distinction. Into the midst of them crept a shabby, bent old man, who, with averted eyes and bowed head sidled into a corner and wept with unmistakable suffering. He was without any doubt the most humble and obscure sorrower at the funeral ceremony. He was John Brady, maker of the American Beauty.

Mercifully he does not feel the infinite pathos of his lot. His real tragedy ended 18 years ago, when, having nothing left to hope, he had nothing left to fear. If you search him out and question him, you will find him curiously apathetic.

"Me? I am nothing—nobody," he will say to you. "My rose? Yes, that was my fortune, but they took it away from me. I cannot make another—I am nothing."

And he will tell you this with the most exquisite manners, learned, perhaps, in the Bancroft gardens. His eyes will lighten, his voice will intone gently and courteously, and for an instant before the lethargy steals over him again you will glimpse the power that could drag from earth and make permanent the most wonderful rose she gives.

He has kept, or perhaps got back, an impressive sweetness of nature. One thing only stirs him to overt flashes of rebellious misery—it is to be asked to see or handle an American Beauty rose.

TO ADD TO MENTAL ENERGY

It took a German scientist to invent the intellectual pill. The basis of this is a drug called antikenotoxin, which has the quality of neutralizing the poisons which are said to be the cause of mental fatigue. Doctor Weichardt, professor at the University of Erlangen, recently demonstrated that the muscles of animals suffering from physical or mental weariness secrete a certain poison, to which he gave the name kenotoxin. Then it was shown that anti-kenotoxin injected into a man increases physical and mental vigor. This led Professor Lorentz to think of utilizing antikenotoxin to stimulate work. He considered that errors of calculation, for example, should be set down to fatigue. He found that problems given to his class in mathematics at the beginning of the lesson was solved in five minutes by three students; in eight minutes by thirty-three; in ten minutes by sixteen. Other similar problems, given at the close of the lesson, were solved in five minutes by one student; in eight minutes by twenty-seven; in ten minutes by twenty-three. Evidently, said the professor, it is mental fatigue that causes the slower work. On a subsequent day, Professor Lorentz vaporized antikenotoxin in the classroom first before the close of the period and then set his pupils problems as before. The result was that they were solved in three minutes by three students; in four minutes by thirty-one, and in ten minutes by one. And the solutions contained fewer errors than usual. This was the origin of Doctor Lorentz' intellectual pills! European physicians are still a bit sceptical, saying the pills must be subjected to more thorough tests.

So It Seems.

"Speaking of amateur singers—"

"Every little music roll has a crime that's all his own."

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Where Caddies are Girls

One of the pleasing features of the golf links in Germany is the girl caddie. She is picturesquely dressed, attentive to her duties and generally more intelligent than the boys usually employed in other lands. The custom of having girls for caddies is now spreading in France and Great Britain. Our illustration shows a group of caddies on the Thuringen golf links in Saxony.

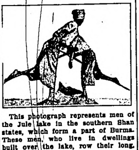
TINY BUSINESS BUILDING

What is believed to be the smallest business "building" in the world is located at 2 Light street, Baltimore, Md. This building, for it is a building inasmuch as a building permit was required from the city authorities before it could be erected, stands on a triangular shaped lot, has a frontage of 2 feet 7 inches, a depth of 1 foot 5 inches, and is 6 feet tall. The ground upon which it stands is a remnant left when Light street was widened following the great fire of 1904. At that time the city bought all of the lots fronting on this street, as it was then, took what land was necessary for the reconstructed street, and sold the remnants at public auction. The remnant upon which the smallest "building" stands was sold to Joseph P. Jarboe, who, in common with adjacent owners, enjoys the privilege of using a portion of the area way in the rear. Otherwise his "property" would be of little use to him.

POPULATION OF THE OCEAN

A striking proof of the vastness and variety of the population of the sea is furnished by the results of explorations made by a committee of the zoological department of the British association in that part of the Irish sea surrounding the Isle of Man. Out of 1,000 species of marine animals collected, 224 never before had been found in that region, 38 were previously unknown as inhabitants of British water, and 17 were entirely new to science; indeed, they were animals whose existence had never been suspected.

ROWING WITH THEIR LEGS



This photograph represents men of the Jule lake in the southern Shan states, which form a part of Burma. These men, who live in dwellings built over the lake, row their long, narrow boats with their legs, keeping up a good speed for a long time.

GERMANY'S WOMAN OFFICIALS

Germany has 11,000 women filling honorary offices in cities and on charity boards. In 185 municipalities 7,000 women are in active service for the care of the poor and orphans. In 115 towns there are women serving on the school boards. The Union for Motherhood Protection is said to be the only woman's organization which receives the approval of the kaiser. This society was founded by Frau Stoecker and numbers its members by the thousands, including every class and condition, men and women, in Germany.

TO REBUILD NOTED THEATER

Once more the Pergola theater of Florence is to be rebuilt. It was originally erected in 1652, and was the property of a society of aristocrats. In 1775 it was torn down and replaced by a building made of more substantial material than wood. It then had 2,000 seats, besides 114 boxes, and gradually became the leading opera house of Italy. In it many first performances were given of operas by Puccini (the rival of Gluck), Paisiello, Gimarosa, Cherubini, Donizetti, Rossini, Verdi, and many others.

WEARS IRON FALSE TEETH

S. P. Munday of Fort Worth, Tex., prides himself as being the only man living with cast-iron teeth. He wears a set of upper teeth made of iron, cast by a metal company in Fort Worth. They weigh 4¾ ounces. He says they are as satisfactory as ordinary false teeth and demonstrated their solidity by sounding the metal on a piece of steel. The plate and teeth are in one solid cast.

LONDON'S ABDUCTION CLUB

Clubs spring up with and without reason. One of the strangest on record was the Abduction club, organized in 1706 by some well-connected Irish youths in London, who banded themselves together to abduct heiresses and good-looking young women of gentle birth. As there was a large membership, many forced marriages took place in consequence of their exploits. The evil became eventually so serious that a special act of parliament was passed making abduction a capital offense. Two of the members were executed for the abduction of two wealthy sisters in 1779, but the club was disbanded till 1802.

GROUSE BROKE THE GAME LAW

C. E. Donaldson went to Tillamook one day recently looking for Game Warden Leach, for the purpose of filing a complaint against himself for assisting in the suicide of a grouse. It seems that while Mr. Donaldson and helpers were hauling hay from the field to his barn, they disturbed a flock of grouse, frightening the birds considerably, and one of the birds, crazed by fright, flew at Mr. Donaldson, who was on a load of hay, and struck him in the neck, knocking him down and nearly off the load. The force of the blow broke the bird's neck.

OLDEST SHIP IN SERVICE

The oldest ship in point of service is said to be the British steamer Edina, whose fifty-eighth birthday was recently celebrated in Melbourne and Beelong, and she is still going strong, with no sign of prospective superannuation. Originally she was a stoutly built sailing vessel, and as such was employed as a transport and dispatch boat between England and the Crimea. After the war she was purchased by an Australian ship-owning firm, and she has been working at the Antipodes ever since.

A COLLEGE GIRL OF EIGHTY

Mrs. A. D. Winship of the University of Wisconsin, in Madison, is no doubt the oldest "college girl" in America, if not in the world. She became a student at the University of Ohio when she was seventy-eight years old, and is now eighty. She expects to receive her diploma from Wisconsin in two years more. Her interest in the world and in life in general is as great as that of a woman with the greatest part of life ahead of her.

GREAT SPRING IN ARKANSAS

Arkansas has the largest spring in the world, Mammoth spring, entering into Spring river, a full-sized stream at its very source.

POOR MAN'S BRICK IN MEXICO

A crude but valuable art in Mexico is the making of adobe, sun-baked brick. If it were not for this crudely molded slab of sun-cured mud half the people of the Mexican republic would be shelterless. The rich and those of the middle class, who can afford it, build of stone. When the Spaniards came they denuded the forests to the extent that vast tracts were left treeless. Lumber is thus one of the rare commodities of Mexico.

The implements used by a Mexican mud-brick maker are of the most primitive kind; earthen jars to hold the water needed in the mixing, a wooden [illegible] in which the mud square[illegible] shaped, and his own deft palms. Some Mexican builders make only the walls of their homes of the adobe, and thatch with straw, palm fronds or banana stalks. Others, again, form both walls and roof of the adobe. When this is the case the adobe roof is supported by beams. As will be readily supposed, the adobe is of enormous weight, and if it is not well supported it is likely to collapse upon its owner's head.

When covered by a thick coat of cement, another production of Mexican art, the adobe walls stand for years without showing the least sign of crumbling. There are buildings in Mexico today, some of them public buildings, the cement-coated adobe walls of which were constructed fully a century ago.

CELLAR TRAP FOR TRAMPS

Mrs. Leroy Parton, wife of a homesteader living nine miles east of Keota, Cal., devised a unique system of keeping tramps away from the place when she entrapped one of them in her cellar and gave him such a fright that he promised to leave and never visit that part of the country again. The cellar, a large hole in the ground some distance from the house, is frequented by snakes. It has not been used for some time. When the tramp appeared and begged for food she told him that he could have a meal if he would get milk from the cellar. When he was inside the woman slammed down the door and sat on it. After the man had gone Mrs. Parton shot two rattlers in the cellar.

ACROBATIC FIRE BRIGADE

Japan in most ways is as modern as any other country and Tokio has a fire department that is quite up to date. But the old-time fire brigade of the city is still maintained as a spectacle, for its members are trained acrobats who do remarkable stunts on ladders and poles of bamboo.

CHANGING THE CAT'S FUR

A remarkable transformation of a cat's fur by temperature has been reported. A black cat was accidentally shut in the refrigerating chamber of a mail steamer in Sydney harbor, Australia, and was not discovered until about 32 days later, when the ship was off Aden. The cat was scarcely recognizable, the fur having become long and thick, changing to white on the back. Brought out in the intense heat of the Red sea, the heavy white coat rapidly fell out and the normal coat was restored.

Physical Culture on Beach

During the summer months at Hastings, England, classes in physical culture are maintained on the beach, attracting much interest and arousing the admiration of visitors. The pupils are all children, and they are put through their exercises dressed in bathing suits.

WHAT SHE WANTED

And Woman-Like, Miss Nancy Got It.

By JEANNE O. LOIZEAUX.

As Nancy, followed by young Tenny, came up from the lake and across the veranda of the inn she noted that her Aunt Ann's busy chatter to Mrs. Ordway ceased, and judged that she had been the subject under discussion. Aunt Ann was always hushing herself at Nancy's approach, and the girl had determined to find out why. Now, instead of going up to change her dress for a game of tennis she turned summarily on the good-looking, bronzed young fellow as they stood together in the hall.

"I'm going to change my mind instead of my dress, Mr. Tenny. Will you mind if I don't play until tomorrow?" He did mind, but said he did not, as politeness demanded.

"But you'll still go on the lake with me tomorrow?" he asked, as he prepared to go. She nodded her brown head with its close braids, and and he thought how adorable deep blue eyes were, and a smooth tanned face with an odd dimple in the left cheek, and a little boyish figure.

Rid of her shadow, Nancy deliberately entered the almost unused inn parlor and sat down near the open window to hear what her aunt, just outside, was saying about her. All summer the well-preserved old dame had worn an indefinable air of secrecy. Also she had ceased to persecute the girl with arguments why she should marry and settle down. Why?

"If at twenty-four a girl doesn't know what she wants she never will. I'm letting her alone to see what she will do. I've given her every advantage since her mother died when she was sixteen. She's had attention enough for a dozen normal girls, and has made no use of it. She shies away from a decent marriage like a skittish colt! Now she can have her head! John Norton is coming up next week—"

"She seems at least to know what she doesn't want," snapped Mrs. Ordway. "John certainly has had summary treatment at her hands!"

"And seemingly just because he is in every respect eligible. It would be just the thing any other girl in her set would be wild to do. This winter when I reminded her that a younger man would have the wild-oats period to go through, and that he had passed it, she coolly said that if there was a wild-oat crop in her family she'd help sow as well as help reap it. Well, he's coming for another try with her."

"And—young Tenny? Who is he?"

"Nobody—that is, a cousin of the Fosters. A civil engineer without a cent to his name—going to South America this fall, practically an adventurer—but a gentleman. Therefore, Nancy finds him fascinating. Well, this summer is the end. If she refuses John Norton, I'm going to give her the little $5,000 her mother left her and wash my hands of her. Let's dress for the afternoon. Isn't it time?"

As the old dames lumbered toward the front door, Nancy made a swift, silent flight to her own room and sank into the first chair with both hands pressed to her burning cheeks.

"And—I let myself be managed, spied on, discussed like this!" A little thought roused her to planning a course of action. At least she would not be on hand "next week" to give Mr. Norton "his chance" before the assembled multitude! She would demand her little $5,000, put it in the bank, and study either nursing or medicine, as she had begged to be allowed to do when she left college three years before. She would be happy to fall out of the circle of doleassness and chatter.

As she dressed for lunch she felt a new life shaping itself for her. Eastman Tenny would—advise her. He was a man of action. At thirty he was beginning to do things, if his preparation had been long. She would ask him.

At the stair's foot he was waiting and asked to lunch with her, and afterwards led her to the porch and with an odd look on his face said:

"Will you do me a favor? I'm going to South America day after tomorrow. Just have a telegram. Will you—give me all day tomorrow?" Something seemed to drop a weight upon her spirit. He was going!

"Why, of course! I'd like to," she answered.

"Dress in tramping things, and go where I say—without your aunt?"

"Anywhere!" she replied with her steadfast comradeliness.

The next day found Nancy and the young engineer tramping the miles to a rough half-mountain, lunching over a campfire, enjoying themselves hugely like two children with no mention of past or future. The present was enough. In the early afternoon they reached the wind-swept top and looked down on a world glorious with late September colors, a glow of splendor.

"'The world and the glories thereof,'" he quoted. "Nancy, just sit down and let me show you something."

She obeyed, and he seated himself beside her. All he produced was a thick package of kodak pictures, but wonderingly she looked at them.

They were pictures of bridges he had helped build, then of wild South American scenery, of gangs of men at work, men in rough clothes doing rough work, of mountains and deserts and rivers.

"This is a sort of panorama of my life," he explained whimsically. "I love it. I love to do things. The Fosters have given me the first summer-resort-polite-society time I have had since my people died when I was eighteen. I am free to say that I'd rather die than live as they do. I want real work and real people. And I want what I want. I am on the way to get it, too—save the greatest thing. I don't know about that yet." He paused, and somehow she had nothing to say.

"Finally," he said, "here is the roost where I spent last year and must spend this." He placed before her a picture of a mountain cabin, set amid splendid heights and spaces, with small cabins about it.

"This is—home, Nancy. It has a few rugs and books and things, a cupboardful of blue dishes, and a kitchen. There are the men's cabins—some of the men have wives and children. They have only me to look to, and I can't do—a woman's work. There is no school for the children, there is no one to show them a higher standard of living. And this," he concluded soberly, "is the real workaday I—I." It was a kodak of himself in work clothes, tall and strong and unconventional. He rose, and taking her by the hand, helped her to her feet.

"These pictures represent all I am and all I have, except a few thousands in bank. I have no relatives nearer than the Fosters. I brought you out here in the wild to tell you of my wild life before—I offered you the whole outfit. Do you want it?"

Something compelled her to look up at the serious, resolute face, and yet she couldn't answer.

"You know I want a wife, a comrade, a helper—not a toy or a mere ornament, though heaven knows you're sufficiently ornamental for—a king's court! It's wicked to ask you—but I do—want you, Nancy. Do you know yet—just what you want?" His voice was whimsically tender.

Nancy remembered her aunt's words, and smiled as she stood facing this big young fellow and his odd fashion of offering himself.

"Oh," she said suddenly, truth and courage coming with a rush to her lips, "I—do know what I want! I want you! and all the things you have, and what you do and—what you are! You—must know I want you!"

As the went happily back to the inn she said amusedly: "I wonder what auntie will say to a twelve-hour notice for a wedding? I'm afraid I haven't been exactly a comfort to her."

The man laughed. "From her conversation on the porch after I left you this noon I gather that Mr. John Norton will not have his 'last try.'"

Nancy looked at him reprovingly. "Were you listening, too. I went purposely into the parlor. I heard it all. Did you? Did that make you tell me?"

"You were due to be told sooner or later—but it didn't make me any slower about it!"

They looked at each other and smiled.

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Bulldog Attacked Horse.

An extraordinary occurrence was witnessed at Castleford, Yorkshire England, not long since, a bulldog making an attack upon a valuable mare, and having to be killed to rescue the horse. The dog was a valuable one, belonging to the landlord of the North-Eastern hotel. When the animal was passing along Station road, near the hotel, the dog suddenly flew at its throat, but failed to get hold. The animal was driven on towards its stable, but the dog could not be induced to leave it, and followed down a couple of streets until the shop was reached. There the dog got hold beneath the mare's body. It was impossible to free the unfortunate animal, and the dog was finally dispatched with a pole-ax. The dog had never before, it is said, shown any sign of mischief, and had, in fact, been so good-natured that children had been allowed to play with it. Its owner recently refused a good offer for it. The horse is recovering.

Queer People.

"These artists are a queer lot."

"How now?"

"One of them wanted to paint an old stone bridge on my place. I thought I'd do him a favor, so I had the bridge all fixed up and put into thorough repair."

"Well?"

"Darned if he didn't get grumpy."

NEW TYPE OF WORKINGMAN

Elevation of the Race Assured When the Finest in Literature Is His Preference.

The type that counts is the young collier who goes in for economics. . . . Searching the Mid-Rhondda shops for strike literature, the writer brushed shoulders with one of these young colliers. You might have imagined by his dress, by his cloth cap, pulled down until its peak almost covered his eyes, by his muffler, that his interests were easily guessed. Such as he, you would have said, supported the numerous amusement halls of this dreary valley, made up the crowd that excited itself over football and boxing. We were looking over the shelves where the "remainders," "second hand," and new and old reprints were delightfully mixed. Here were the fat "World's Classics," before their thin paper days. . . . . My neighbor picked out the first volume of Buckley's "History of Civilization," and mused, openly, "I think I'll have a bob's worth of this." Then he looked up at me, inviting conversation. "Good enough," he said, "for a day like this, eh?" I ventured to suggest that Buckley was a bit discredited today. He laughed. "Oh," he replied, "perhaps he is a little antiquated, but he'll help to pass away a few hours." So he paid his shilling, and, slipping the thick little volume into his pocket, he went.—Cambria Leader.

Don't Get Up in a Hurry.

Don't jump up the first thing your eyes are open. Remember that while you sleep the vital organs are at rest. The vitality is lowered and the circulation not so strong.

A sudden spring out of bed is a shock to these organs, especially to the heart, as it starts pumping the blood suddenly. Don't be in such a hurry. Stretch and yawn and yawn and stretch. Stretch the arms and legs, stretch the whole body. A good yawn and stretch is better even than a cold bath. Take time. It will keep you young and add years to your life.—From the Family Doctor.

CATCHES GAME FOR QUARTER

Bradley Kocher of Detroit Tigers Is Called From Grandstand to Earn Munificent Sum.

Had the manager of the Easton team of the now defunct Atlantic league refused to give Jack Kocher, now second catcher of the Detroit team, the 25 cents that he paid to witness a game at Easton in 1909 the Tigers would probably be without one of the best young backstops in the game. That was the only condition on which he would catch for Easton when he was picked out of the stand after the only catcher that team had was crippled by a foul.

It is the merest bit of luck that gave Kocher his start in baseball. It happened this way. Kocher lived at White Haven, near Philadelphia, and a short distance from Easton. A big, husky farmer's boy drifted into Easton to visit his cousin, said boy being Kocher, on a day when the Easton team was playing a double-header against Sunbury, another Atlantic league team.

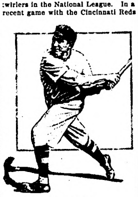
The cousin suggested that they spend the afternoon at the ball game and Kocher, who was something of a catcher in White Haven, agreed to go along. In the seventh inning of the first game Catcher Barret was put out with a bunged finger and the game was about to be called off when the cousin tipped the manager off to the fact that Kocher could catch.

Kocher didn't want to catch a game that he had paid to see, and so informed the manager, making the proposition that he would catch if he received his quarter back. An agreement reached, he put on Barret's uniform and caught eleven innings of star baseball. The following day Lave Cross, the old Athletic and Washington third baseman, came to Easton with his Mount Carmel team. Kocher threw to all the bases with such speed and ease that Cross told Connie Mack and Kocher has had a job ever since.

PITCHER LOSES LITTLE TIME

Brooklyn Twirler Accomplishes Notable Feat in Recent Game With Cincinnati Reds.

Pitcher Ragon of the Brooklyn Dodgers is one of the fastest working twirlers in the National League. In a recent game with the Cincinnati Reds but one hour and ten minutes were needed to enable Ragon to defeat the westerners. Ragon omits all unnecessary flourishes and keeps right at work all the time he is in the box, never taking a breathing spell, nor allowing his catcher any rest.



Pitcher Ragon.

Triple Play Unassisted.

First Baseman William Rapps of the Portland Baseball club of the Pacific Coast league made a triple play unassisted in a recent game between Portland and Oakland. Oakland runners were on first and second bases. The batsman hit a low liner toward first and the base runers, thinking the ball could not be fielded, sprinted ahead. Rapps scooped up the ball with one hand before it touched the ground. He touched first base before the runner could get back and then raced to second in time to get the third man.

Good to Tesreau.

They had to strain a point to make a no-hit game for Jeff Tesreau at Philadelphia on September 6, but not because the Big Bear did not do his part. The disputed hit was a short fly hit by Paskert. Both Merkle and Wilson went after it and let it drop between them. It was first scored as a hit, but Merkle afterwards declared without batting an eye that he touched the ball and took an error, so that Tesreau's hit column might be a blank.

Arties in Mix-Up.

Artie Hofman and Artie Butler did the Alphonse and Gaston act on a fly recently, and were roasted for being boneheads, but Manager Clarke came to their rescue with the explanation that it was due to both having the same names. Wagner shouted "Artie," for Butler and Carey shouted "Artie" for Hofman. The result was that both Arties ran after the ball and stopped to avoid a collision.

World Tour Unsettled.

The world tour of the Giants has not been settled definitely. McGraw called on Chairman Herrmann of the National commission, while the New York team was in Cincinnati, and got permission from that official to go ahead provided there was no objection from President Brush. The commission has assumed full charge of all postseason tours.

Mack Denies Story.

Connie Mack denies that he offered the position of assistant manager of the Athletics to Harry Davis, and says he thinks Davis will soon be leading another major league club, for he is still confident that Davis has the goods to deliver if he can get things to breaking right.

Great Work by Richie.

Lou Richie of the Chicago Cubs has done great work in the box for the team this year. He is only a pick-up pitcher, but his splendid twirling has helped mightily in putting the Cubs in the pennant race.

BRIGHT FUTURE FOR BIG JEFF TESREAU

PHOTO BY PAUL THOMPSON

Jeff Tesreau of New York Giants.

Of all the pitchers who broke into the major leagues this season Jeff Tesreau of the Giants looks the most promising. His no-hit game against the Phils recently stamps him as a man possessing the goods.

Tessy has the gigantic build and the strength of a mighty twirler. Like Ed Walsh he is ideally constructed for a spit-ball hurler. Unlike Walsh, he came, into his own the first year—it took Walsh about two seasons before he really got going.

During the early part of the season Tesreau was a delight and a despair to McGraw. "He seems to have everything a pitcher should have, yet he don't seem to be coming across," the Giant boss is reported as saying. But today Tessy is McGraw's chief reliance.

Like other wise managers, this McGraw can spot budding talent and is patient during its development. Look how he waited two years while Rube Marquard was getting back into his stride. He was willing to wait that long or longer for Tesreau, but this is one time he didn't have to hang around.

Some day Tesreau probably will be called the "King of Pitchers," a proud title held the last ten years by Messrs Mathewson, Brown, Walsh, Johnson and Wood in the order named. The kings of former days are fewer—because they stretched over a longer period of time. Look 'em over—Radbourne, Spalding, Clarkson and Rusie. Perhaps we have missed a dozen or so, but no harm is done in the telling.

HOW JENNINGS GOT STARTED

Leader of Detroit Tigers Worked His Way From Pennsylvania Coal Mine to Bar.

Hughey Jennings came out of a coal mine without much education or much of anything else. He saw in baseball a chance for something better and he worked both on and off the field to improve himself and his people.

After he got through playing ball because his arm wore out he coached Cornell, studying law at the same time, and eventually graduated. When he is not leading his team and tearing up grass on the base-lines he is the head of the firm of Jennings & Jennings, attorneys at Scranton, Pa., near where he crawled out of an anthracite mine to become leader of two great baseball clubs.

Hugh Jennings.

He is quite a skillful lawyer—and they say when he sticks up one leg, doubles his fists and yells "e—yah" at a jury the opposing attorney quits.

Wants No Pitch-Outs.

Ainsmith, who catches Walter Johnson with such excellent results, has discontinued the call for pitch outs entirely. He argues that the runner as a rule is only bluffing when he dances off first, and that it is simple foolishness to waste balls upon him. Ainsmith has perfect confidence in his ability to nail him, and he usually does.

Getting Away From Superstition.

Parson Nickolson, a former second baseman for Detroit, says one of the chief differences between ball players of today and those in his time is that the modern players are getting away from superstition. That's one of the best comparisons, without hitting either side, we've heard in many a day.

Hard Hitting Pitcher.

Bill McCorry, pitcher, made two hits, one a double, the other a single, in one inning, when sent in as pinch hitter for the San Francisco team recently.

NOTES of the DIAMOND

Boston fans now want to buy Jake Stahl an auto.

Butler, who went from St. Paul to Pittsburg, made good in fine style.

Larry Lajoie says Walter Johnson is a better pitcher than Joe Wood.

Carrigan's throwing to second is about as perfect as a human arm can make it.

Gonzales, the Cuban, who has been signed by the Boston Nationals, can't speak English.

Herzog of the Giants is going to attend the agricultural school at Cornell this winter.

Hughie Jennings is spending much of his time telling how he missed having Jeff Tesreau.

Critics say the Giants don't like speed and especially are weak against a fast one with a hop to it.

The trainer who had "a second Ed Walsh, but didn't know when, in Tesreau" can pretty nearly guess the date now.

Mike Mowrey of the St. Louis Nationals is sure to be traded before spring if Roger Bresnahan has his way.

Lee Magee is improving wonderfully in his fielding and batting, and should be a great help to the Cardinals next year.

The applause that greeted George Stovall every time he appeared on the Naps' field this summer broke Davis' heart.

Ban Johnson is after George Hildebrand from the Pacific Coast league to join the American league staff next season.

Bill Everett, who has been managing the Cairo team in the Kitty league, has been fired and is looking for a new job.

Only two left-handers have pitched no-hit games in the American league. Hamilton of St. Louis is one and Jess Tannehill is the other.

The Giants have seven batters batting better than .300, while the Red Sox have but four. Tres Speaker leads them all with .391.

The Highlanders' new third baseman, Del Paddock, is a natural left-handed batter, but switches when hitting against a southpaw.

Fred Walker, the "Mysterious Mitchell" that caused so much talk on the Pacific coast a year ago, is now a member of the Cincinnati Reds.

It is said that the assessment of $18 membership dues is likely to cause a number of ball players to keep away from their newly formed organization.

Experts who sized up Pitcher Schegg, the Nebraska Indian whom Clark Griffith sent to Atlanta, declared that he had nothing but a wind-up.

John Connahan, general manager of the White Sox affairs, is wearing a broad smile because he is now a grandfather. It is a new experience for him.

TRIFLES THAT TEMPT

DELICACIES SUITABLE FOR DESSERT OR AFTERNOON TEA.

Colonial Cake Something That Any Hostess May Be Proud to Serve—Swedish Nut Wafers an Excellent Appetizer.

Colonial Cake.—Mix one teaspoon salt with one cup white corn meal, scald it with just enough hot water to dampen it. Then add enough cold milk to form a very stiff batter (almost a dough). Stir it well and drop in cakes about three-quarters of an inch in thickness on a buttered pan. Bake in a hot even for 25 minutes. Split open and butter while hot. Serve with sirup.

Walnut Custard Pie.—Prepare crust as usual and make custard as follows: One pint milk, two eggs, one-half cup sugar, salt, one-half teaspoon vanilla and one-half cup walnuts chopped quite fine. The nuts will rise to the top and form a thin crust, giving a delicious flavor.

English Apple Pie.—Butter a shallow agate dish. Slice apples into dish to fill it. Sprinkle on one cup sugar, one-half teaspoon salt and a little grated nutmeg. Put on two teaspoons butter in little bits, two tablespoons water and cover dish with pie paste in which has been cut several slits. Bake about 40 minutes. Serve hot with cream.

Prune Pie.—Take a tender crust and line the pie plate. Soak three-quarter pound prunes and cook tender with four tablespoons sugar and one-half cupful of grape or other fruit juice. Press through a colander, add two tablespoons of cholocate and two or three tablespoons more of the juice. Cover with lattice strips and bake.

Swedish Nut Wafers.—Cream one-fourth cupful of shortening, using butter and lard in equal proportions, and add three-fourths cupful of sugar gradually, while beating constantly; then add one egg, well beaten, two tablespoonfuls of milk and one teaspoonful of vanilla. Mix and sift one and one-third cupfuls of flour and one teaspoonful of baking powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt, and add to first mixture. Spread evenly on the bottom of a buttered inverted dripping pan, using a caseknife. Sprinkle with finely chopped nut meats and bake in a moderate oven 12 minutes. Cut in strips three-fourths of an inch wide by four and one-half inches long, and shape over a rolling pin. If strips become brittle before shaping is accomplished, return to oven to reheat. Repeat until the mixture is used. From one-third to one-half cupful of nut meats will be required.—Woman's Home Companion.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

If your floor matting has faded, but is not worn, give it a coat of varnish in any desired shade of varnish stain, and it will wear longer and look fine.

To take out the mark sometimes left after cleaning a garment with gasoline, lay over the place a piece of clean white tissue paper, and press with a hot iron. This will at once remove all trace of the stain.

If shoes have been thoroughly wet don't attempt to dry them near the stove. Rub in plenty of vaseline or plain lard and let stand in a cool place several days, and much of the original oil will be restored.

If the bedstead is really brass, a piece of flannel moistened in salt and vinegar will clean it. Slightly touch the spots, then with a clean flannel rub the entire surface of the brass, using a little whiting on a dry flannel as a final polish.

Don't pass hours each week blacking your stove. Ten cents' worth of stove enamel, which can be applied in a few minutes, will last six months, and all it needs is a daily wiping off with a damp cloth. Besides, it looks much better than blacking.

If you are troubled with black beetles in your rooms, make a paste of red lead, flour and water, roll out thinly with a glass bottle, and put on a hot baking sheet to dry. Strew around pipes and corners that they frequent. These wafers are highly poisonous, so must not be placed where children or household pets can get at them.

Household Hints.

The way to launder a round centerpiece and keep it flat.

Wash it with white soap in the usual way, wring out the centerpiece, have a piece of white muslin or a sheet spread upon the carpet, then take the centerpiece and spread it on the sheet or muslin, which should be larger than the centerpiece, pin the centerpiece all around the edges, and see that it is smooth. After it is pinned out put a cover over it to keep it clean while it is drying. This is an easier and better way than ironing. Be sure that the centerpiece is dry before taking it up.

Boiled Potatoes With Onion Sauce.

Boil potatoes in their jackets with bacon and onion sauce. The potatoes are cooked soft in boiling water and sent to table smoking hot, still in their skins, with a bit of salt sprinkled over them. Each person peels his own potatoes and eats it with this sauce. Get half a pound of smoked bacon, not too fat, remove the rind and chop into small dice; fry until they begin to crisp, then add an equal amount of chopped onion, mix and cook slowly, stirring occasionally until the onion is a fine yellow color, but not blackened; serve hot in gravy boat. It has a delicious flavor and it not as indigestible as it sounds.

Dried Sweet Corn.

Select good, plump ears, husk and silk, cut with a sharp knife very thin. Be sure and don't cut into the cob, but scrape the cob after cutting off the corn. Cook over water until all the milk is cooked in, then put in clean flour sack, some in each end, hang over a line so one end will be higher than the other, shake once in a while. Bring it in at night. This will also be nice and white, with all the flavor of fresh corn.

WHEN A TONIC IS NECESSARY

If You Are Run Down and Debilitated the Health Can Only Be Restored by Building Up the Blood.

When the body is weak and the blood thin it is sometimes difficult to find the cause unless a wasting illness has preceded the decline in health.

Obscure influences, something unhealthful in one's surroundings or work, may lead to a slow impoverishment of the blood and an enfeeblement of the whole body. When a serious stage has been reached there seems to be nothing that will account for it.

In such cases a complete change of climate or of work will sometimes effect a cure. It takes a long time, however, and for the great majority of sufferers is out of the question.

Mrs. G. P. Boutwell, of Clear Water, Minn., whose husband is a hardware merchant there, says:

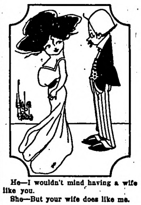
"About two years ago, when I was living at West Union, Iowa, I was all run down through hard work and worry. I called a doctor who said I was suffering from general debility. He treated me for some time but was unable to do much for me. I had cold chills all of the time and seemed to be nearly bloodless. I could not keep anything on my stomach and lived on eggs and milk for some time. My stomach was sour and the gas on it kept me from getting much sleep at night. The doctor's medicine made my stomach feel worse.

"My father had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with benefit and advised me to try them. After a week or so I could notice a change. I soon became stronger, my appetite came back and the headaches disappeared. I was then able to eat without distress and began to do my work. I had a good color and gained in flesh. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cannot be praised too highly."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a general tonic and are useful in all diseases arising from poor blood or weakened nerves, such as sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, pale and sallow complexions and many forms of weakness.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. A booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," will be sent free upon request. Adv.

ALREADY ACCOMPANIED.



He—I wouldn't mind having a wife like you.

She—But your wife does like me.

He Knew.

"'Where there's a will there's a way,'" avers Taylor Holmes, appearing in "The Million. "The way, however, varies, as in the case of a certain pickpocket, who was convicted and promptly fined.

"The lawyer of the pickpocket took the fine imposed upon his client very much to heart.

"'Twenty-five dollars!' he expostulated. 'Your honor, where is this poor, unfortunate man to get $25?'

"His honor did not know, or if he did he refrained from saying so, but the prisoner was less discreet.

"'Just let me out of here for ten or fifteen minutes,' he said 'and I'll show you!'"—Young's Magazine.

Getting Along Fine at School.

Now that school has been "goin" several weeks parents are beginning to inquire of their young hopefuls as to their progress. The other day a mother out on Harrison boulevard, while eating luncheon with her 6-year-old, asked:

"And how are you getting along in school, Dorothy?"

"Oh," replied Dorothy between mouthfuls of bread and milk, "just fine! I and Frances Smith are the smartest and best dressed girls in the school."—Kansas City Star.

IT'S THE FOOD.

The True Way to Correct Nervous Troubles.

Nervous troubles are more often caused by improper food and indigestion than most people imagine. Even doctors sometimes overlook this fact. A man says:

"Until two years ago waffles and butter with meat and gravy were the main features of my breakfast. Finally dyspepsia came on and I found myself in a bad condition, worse in the morning than any other time. I would have a full, sick feeling in my stomach, with pains in my heart, sides and head.

"At times I would have no appetite, for days, then I would feel ravenous, never satisfied when I did eat and so nervous I felt like shrieking at the top of my voice. I lost flesh badly and hardly knew which way to turn until one day I bought a box of Grape-Nuts food to see if I could eat that. I tried it without telling the doctor, and liked it fine; made me feel as if I had something to eat that was satisfying and still I didn't have that heaviness that I had felt after eating any other food.

"I hadn't drank any coffee then in five weeks. I kept on with the Grape-Nuts and in a month and a half I had gained 15 pounds, could eat almost anything I wanted, didn't feel badly after eating and my nervousness was all gone. It's a pleasure to be well again."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

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REELECTION TO THE
OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN
TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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The Spectator.

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Saturday, October 12, 1912.

Cornelius Bliss had a theory that the right to contribute secretly to a presidential campaign fund was "as sacred as the right to a secret ballot."

It may be worse than ever for the opponents of progressivism if the Clapp committee concludes its sessions without taking up the funds of the other candidates. If no disclosures are made, the public is apt to imagine the situation worse than worse than it really is.

A proposed change in the system of assessment has been worked out by the state tax commission. It is proposed to do away with the local assessor and have a county assessor whose term of office shall be four years and whose entire time shall be devoted to appraising the property of tee county and informing himself on taxation questions.

Emil Seidel, socialist candidate for vice president, in an address in Omaha recently, declared that should his party come into power the government would assume control of all the farming land of the country, either by confiscation, purchase, or taxation. One wonders how the farmer voters appreciate that kind of political argument.

See if it doesn't come about, that Frank Day will be chief lineman for the democrats in the 1912 campaign. Before the close of the campaign Frank will have the democrats wondering why Ringdal was not nominated for the presidency instead governor. Of course Day has a lot of enemies in his own party, but these will be pacified, shelved or "knocked into a cocked hat" by his mesmeric manner of laying on the hands—and salve.—Blue Earth Post.

The short ballot and the nonpartisan ballot, both for state and county offices, offers the best solutions of our election problems. In republican counties like Rock the democrats had to vote the republican ticket or else be disfranchised as far as county officers are concerned. Had the county contests all been on a non-partisan ballot, there would have been no reason for a democrat or prohibitionist asking for a republican ballot. And when it came to voting for state officers not one in twenty here or elsewhere knew anything about the candidates for more than two or three of the offices. Let the people elect the governor and lieutenant governor; have the other officers appointed by the governor and hold him responsible for their actions, as the president appoints his cabinet; and there will be less confusion and groping in the dark at elections and better administrative results. Judges of courts should be elected. The time may not be ripe yet for non-partisan state tickets, but it is ripe for the short ballot and for non-partisan county tickets.—Luverne Journal.

One-Mill Road Tax Amendment

The constitution of the state of Minnesota provides that the legislature may levy an annual tax upon the property of this state not to exceed one-quarter of a mill to be used in the construction and improvement of public highways (the term "highways" includes bridges.) At the last regular session of the legislature an amendment was proposed, changing this section so that the legislature might provide for an annual tax levy of one mill instead of one-quarter of a mill to be used in the construction and improvements of public highways. The change is a simple one. It increases the tax levy for the purpose mentioned only three-quarters of one mill. The present law provides for a road tax of one-quarter of one mill and this produces a little more than $300,000 a year. A one mill tax levy would raise approximately one million, two hundred thousand dollars annually to be expended by the state upon the highways and bridges, and in a manner that would not be felt by any taxpayer. The pending amendment increasing the levy from one-quarter of a mill to one mill becomes vitally important for the reason that the only manner in which aid may be obtained from the state for the construction of highways and bridges is through the state highway commission.

The rule governing the adoption of amendments to the constitution of the state of Minnesota makes it necessary for the amendment to receive a majority of all the votes cast at the election at which the amendment is submitted. It is not sufficient that more voters vote for the amendment than vote against it. To illustrate—suppose there are 300,000 votes cast at the general election in November, 1912, and suppose that only 200,000 vote upon a given constitutional amendment, 101,000 would be a majority of the 200,000 voting upon the amendment, but this would not adopt the amendment. In fact, it would be lost. For the amendment to carry and be adopted, it would be necessary that it receive affirmative votes amounting to a majority of 300,000 votes, the total number cast at the election. For instance, 151,000. Many persons not feeling that they understand the amendment fail to vote at all upon it. Such failure to vote at all counts as a negative vote just as effectively as if the voter had voted no on the amendment. This rule places the burden upon the advocates of all constitutional amendments, a burden much greater than is planned upon the advocates of a certain person for election to office. For a candidate to be elected governor or any other office within the state it is only necessary that he receive more votes than any other candidate for the same office. It is not necessary that he receive a majority of all the votes cast at election. Thus it will be noted that it is made much more difficult to adopt a constitutional amendment than to elect any officer within the state. Friends and advocates of the one-mill tax amendment should fully understand and bear this rule in mind in their efforts to secure the adoption of this amendment at the coming general election.

The object of this tax is so meritorious and the amount thereof to be borne by the average voter is so very insignificant that every one should be especially interested in securing the adoption of this amendment. All public spirited citizens; all associations having for their object the development of the state; all commercial clubs and similar organizations in the state are solicited to take up a campaign in favor of this amendment, to the end that the voters thoroughly understand the purpose of the amendment before the November election.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Oct. 7, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of the last regular and last special meetings read and approved as read.

The following bills were allowed on motion duly made and carried:

Minneapolis Journal, publishing bids for bonds	$ 1.60
Holmes Bros., supplies as per bill	11.60
Spectator, publishing proceedings, Sept.	6.25
Dr. C. Swanson, salary 2nd quarter 1912, clerk of election	26.90
G. I. Fellman, draying, etc.	5.90
Kolstad & Peterson, 38 hours labor	9.50
John Forseen, salary, etc.	20.80
Tom Hovet, salary as councilman ½ year, judge of election	13.15
J. C. Dahl, ½ year as president of council, etc.	16.40
R. J. McKercher, ½ year's salary, as councilman, etc.	13.15
Henry Olson, ½ year's salary as councilman, clerk of election	11.15

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Clerk.

The First Mail

The first mail between New York and Boston was established in 1672. The letters were carried by a messenger, who was directed to "go and return as often as once a month." This monthly service seems to have been sufficient for some thirty years, when it was changed to a fortnightly service. In 1693 a well organized system of postoffices was established in Pennsylvania and in other localities. The first beer was made before the Christian era, but it was so unlike the modern golden grain belt beers as to be unworthy the name. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign

Pay your subscription

MOORISH SOLDIERS.

Their Methods in Battle and Their System of Signals.

At fighting on horseback the Moors are adepts and extremely mobile. But they are incorrigibly lazy and seldom indulge in night attack. When they attack in force the horsemen usually give a lift to the foot soldiers who accompany them or allow them to run alongside and hold on to a stirrup iron. The mounted men then make a charge, wheel round and retire and make way for the footmen, who crawl along the ground, almost invisible, and who rise to the attack if they come within striking distance of the enemy. As a rule, the Riffians prefer to lure detached parties into an ambush or defile and thus inflict heavy loss upon them. The mounted men seldom dismount to fire, and their firing, being from the saddle, is very inaccurate. Should the advance of the white troops be slow or hesitating the Moors effect a bold combination between horsemen and footmen and generally succeed in inflicting heavy losses on their enemy.

The prime tactics of the Moors are to delay the advance of an enemy as much as possible by mounted rifle fire until they can discern its extent and direction and subsequently to try enveloping the advancing force. The tribes also indulge in sniping, but not to a very great extent, and they also fight individually. They do not neglect opportunities for stratagem and can effect some very clever ruses. They are also guilty of abusing the services of the white flag in action.

The Moorish intelligence system is an excellent one, and the tribes are seldom without information regarding the movements of an enemy. They have also an excellent system of signaling at night by means of small fires dotted about the hills and ravines, which are obscured and revealed in accordance with an ingenious code of signals known to themselves.—Chicago News.

SIRES AND SONS.

J. L. Orcut of North Monmouth, Me., has served for forty years in the local church choir.

Secretary of War Dickinson gave up a $35,000 job as attorney for the Illinois Central for a $12,000 cabinet place.

Frederick W. Carpenter, private secretary to President Taft, was born in Minnesota in 1872. He weighs 120 pounds.

R. J. Gleason, town clerk of Waitsfield, Vt., is said to have served longer than any other similar official in Vermont. He has served fifty-three years and is now eighty years old.

Lord Clifford of Chudleigh is one of the wealthy Roman Catholic peers of England and lately bought the old abbey of Marmountier, in Touraine, to save it from conversion into a factory.

Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice of the supreme court and son of the illustrious author, is sixty-eight years old, with prospects of living beyond the age of retirement. He was wounded three times in three battles in the civil war.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, the American aeroplanists, in recognition of their practical solution of the problem of aerial flight, have been honored by the Technical High school of Munich with the honorary degree of doctor of technical sciences.

Dr. Samuel A. Green, ex-mayor of Boston, librarian of the Massachusetts Historical society and secretary of the Peabody Education fund, has just celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday. Dr. Green is a physician, historian and author. He has written a number of historical pamphlets on Boston and surrounding territory.

The Lowly Singer.

The humble poet goes about
In very modest raiment.
If he could coin his tuneful words
He'd gladly make a payment
On rugs that glisten as the sun
And raise an awful holler,
But now he has to be content—
He hasn't got a dollar.

For him the sun unfolds its light,
For him the stars are gleaming,
And so he cannot waste his time
On profit bearing scheming.
He must remain content to get
The robin's morning greeting
And not disturb his high flown thoughts
With vulgar things like eating.

Were he disposed to drop a peg
And lower his profession
Things might be drifting round his way
In quite a long procession.
Would he write ads. instead of songs
Extolling pills or bacon
He'd rake in coin; but, oh, his art
Would have to be forsaken!

No; he will go along his way,
Wrapped in his inspiration.
Let sordid poets sing of soap;
His theme is all creation.
So take him gently by the hand
And lead him to the table,
And then the poet's appetite
You'll find was but a fable.

His Dreadful Price.

"I have just had some swell photographs taken."

"I hope that they do you justice."

"Thanks, awfully, but that's not what's troubling me."

"What is?"

"How I am ever going to do the photographer justice?"

An Oversight.

"The constitution is a grand old document."

"Yes, but they wrote it too soon."

"Why so?"

"They should have waited until automobiles had been invented and made it unconstitutional to run a fellow down."

ONE STONE FENCES FARM.

Missouri Man Has Land Where No Wheel Ever Rolled.

Jasper, Mo.—Within sight of this town a settler has a farm which probably is unlike any other in the world.

This farm occupies the tableland on the summit of a ridge and is inclosed with a fence which no animal has ever broken through. It does not rise above the surface of the farm, but falls sheer from the edge a distance of many feet. The man who homesteaded the tableland had a hard climb up the face of a perpendicular cliff to reach the comparatively level summit.

At one point a ledge extends out a few inches and along the face of the cliff at an upward grade. By following this ledge and making use of occasional points of rocks and of shrubs growing in the fissures the discoverer pulled himself to the summit and found a surface well covered with a soft and luxuriant vegetation.

Gradually he improved the ledge until he could carry up tools and feed. By blasting and drilling he cleared a narrow trail, up which he was able to take first some pigs and then a cow. Later on he took up a horse.

And that to-day is the condition of this curiously protected farm. No vehicle has turned a wheel within its limits of palisades. The live stock has multiplied and consumes the grain raised. Some stones thrown across the trail completely fence in the hogs and cattle. When the farmer has stock to sell he drives the animals down the private trail and strikes the road to Jasper.

CATERPILLARS HALT TRAIN.

Three Times Within Mile Crew Shovels Them Off the Tracks.

St. John, N. B.—Moths, caterpillars and other like pests have made their appearance in great numbers in many sections of this province, particularly in York county. There they have caused considerable inconvenience, and several amazing stories are told of experiences when they have met in large bodies. Trainmen manning a freight between Fredericton Junction and McAdams are authority for a statement that appears incredulous. They say that the heavy freight train was stopped three times within a mile by caterpillars which swarmed over the tracks in such numbers as to effectually impede the progress of the train. It was necessary to arm the entire train crew with shovels and scoop the thousands of pests off the tracks, and smother those on the roadbed by shoveling gravel over them. They report every tree and bit of foliage along the line as being denuded of green.

More Fitting.

The brass band was serenading the candidate who, according to the early returns, had been elected.

As he appeared on his front porch to acknowledge the compliment a boy handed him a telegram.

He opened it and read it.

"Boys," he said, raising his hand to command silence, "oblige me by turning that 'Hot Time' business into a dirge.'"

Australia's Wild Oysters.

Oysters are sometimes regarded as dangerous but they are not usually considered savage. A Queensland judge, however, has decided that they are wild beasts. Before a royal commission on the pearling industry, which has been sitting at Brisbane, a witness stated that eight years ago he had laid 100,000 shells in the neighborhood of Friday island. The Japanese stole the shells, and the district court judge held that as pearl shell oysters were wild animals there was no penalty for stealing them.

(Paid Advertisement, $5.00 paid by H. G. Hieber of Thief River Falls, Minn., secretary of the personal campaign committee of Wilhelm Michelet, non-partisan candidate for the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minn.)

Wilhelm Michelet
Judge of Probate

Non-Partisan Candidate
for Re-election

I respectfully solicit your vote and support.

WILHELM MICHELET.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota.

To John Grove:

You are hereby notified that at a tax judgment sale held on the 13th day of May, 19[illegible] the following described parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, [illegible] a part of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, towit:

E½ of NE¼ of section 6, township [illegible] range 43, was sold for the sum of [illegible] dollars;

That the amount required to redeem [illegible] parcel, exclusive of the costs [illegible] upon this notice, is the sum [illegible] and 57-100 dollars, and interest [illegible] by law to the day such redemption [illegible] and that the tax certificate [illegible] sale has been presented to me by the [illegible] thereof, and the time for redemption [illegible] parcel from said sale will expire sixty [illegible] after the service of this notice and [illegible] thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal [illegible] day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE
Auditor of Red Lake County [illegible]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of the County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota.

To John Grove:

You are hereby notified, that at a tax [illegible] on the 13th day of, May, [illegible] the following described parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake, and state of Minnesota, towit:

[illegible] of SW¼ of section 27, township [illegible] range [illegible] was sold for the sum of ten and [illegible] dollars;

That the amount required to redeem [illegible] parcel, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the sum of fifty [illegible] and [illegible] dollars, and interest [illegible] by law to the day such redemption is made, and that the tax certificate issued upon [illegible] sale has been presented to me by the [illegible] thereof, and the time for redemption [illegible] parcel from said sale will expire sixty [illegible] after the service of this notice [illegible] thereof has been filed in my office.

Witness my hand and official seal [illegible] day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATEN[illegible]
Auditor of Red Lake Co[illegible]

(Paid Advertisement, $1.25 [illegible]
Axel Risberg, Thief River [illegible]

Card by Mr. Trovaten

Thief River Falls, Minn., Sept. 2[illegible]

I wish to thank my supporters [illegible] the republican nomination for county treasurer and also my opponent [illegible] his supporters for the clean, [illegible] manly manner in which they conducted the campaign.

On account of my official duties I shall not be able to make much of a personal campaign for the November election, but will do all I can [illegible] the republican nominees by the primary last Tuesday, because they are all [illegible] men, so far as I know, and were [illegible] nominated by our party.

I believe it would be bad for [illegible] county should our party be defeated, especially so far as congress and [illegible] legislature are concerned.

Very sincerely,
ANDREW TROVATEN.

(Paid advertisement, paid by George Nettelund.)

Thanks

I wish to thank all that supported me at the primary and hope you will do so again at the general election.

GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

LOCAL MARKETS

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	77
" " 2 "	75
" " 3 "	72
Flax, No. 1	$1.59
" " 2	1.55
Barley, for 50 lbs	40
Oats	28
Rye	52
Eggs	20
Butter	20
" creamery	31
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	@8
Hides	@8
Flour, patent	2.75
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O LETVIG

Tubular Well Contractor

Good supply of water guaranteed

Address: St. Hilaire, - Minn

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business training. It costs no more at this great Business, Banking and Shorthand college, under exact office conditions, than at a small, questionable one. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—had calls for over 500. All Fargo banks and 983 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, bookkeepers or stenographers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $40 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $65 course in Commerce and Banking tendered by Bankers' Association, supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under two expert reporters) trains court reporters and [illegible] the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. [illegible] Do other schools offer this PROOF of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (250,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using [illegible] books. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
Watkins Block, Fargo, N. D.

DEVELOPS [illegible] TRAINS FOR [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Services tomorrow.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p.m.
PAUL S. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

SCANDINAVIAN MISSION CHURCH.—Services by Rev. August Johnson of Chicago Sunday, Oct. 13, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 167—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
[illegible] Post, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3860 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER [illegible] Western Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
[illegible] LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. [illegible] meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
[illegible] A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASKEY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO

The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is unusual and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it unquestionable right of claiming to be greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address
THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

William Cuno was in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Holland Fairbanks was in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Otto E. Olson left Saturday for his home at Saco, Montana.

Charles Samundson went Saturday to Grand Forks to visit friends.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wilson, on Wednesday, Oct. 10, a boy.

C. H. Martz was looking after business matters at the county seat on Monday.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde returned Monday from Gatzke where he held services Sunday.

Rev. I. Peterson returned Monday to Viking, where he is pastor of the Mission church.

A socialist speaker expounded his doctrines at Imperial hall Monday evening to a small audience.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. D. LAZAR.

Sander Engebretson moved into town yesterday, into rooms reserved by him in his residence on Water street.

The Misses Stivers returned Saturday to their home at Dugdale, after a visit with their sister, Mrs Bahan.

Charles Patterson, manager of the farmers' elevator, made a business visit to Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Miss Huldah Gigstad came over from Moorhead to attend the Hed-Gigstad wedding, returning Wednesday evening.

Arthur Hunter returned yesterday to his home at Bell Centre, Ohio, after looking over his farm property west of town.

Anyone wanting to buy a nice residence property will do well to stroll over and look at R. Wallin's place on Water street.

The Engler Lumber Co's sawmill at Baudette was entirely destroyed by fire at an early hour Sunday morning, entailing a loss of $200,000.

Ed. A. Aubol, C. H. Martz, and K. O. Gigstad were in Thief River Falls yesterday in attendance at a hearing in the matter of ditch No. 58.

Mrs. S. G. Richardson returned last Saturday to her home at Emerson, Can., after a visit with her parents, Mr and Mrs. Martin Hansen.

Mrs. L. H. Larson returned on Wednesday from Highlanding and leaves today for her home at Lakefield, Minn., accompanied by her sister, Miss Ella Skeie.

A. C. Ellickson was in town the first of the week. He left Wednesday for his South Dakota ranche, whence he will ship a carload of horses to this place for sale.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Thoroughly modern house. Good wages. Address,
MRS. J. A. DAINARD,
Fargo, N. D.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

All persons driving threshing rigs are hereby notified not to cross my farm, as they are trespassers and will be dealt with the law provides.
FRED SODERBERG.

The Northern Minnesota Methodist conference, which has been in session at Morris, adjourned Sunday evening. Rev. P. M. Palmer was returned to this church and Rev. J. B. Smith to Thief River Falls.

FOR SALE—My residence property in St. Hilaire, situated on lots 21, 22, 23, and 24, block 27, original townsite. Good house, good barn, good woodshed. Well on corner of property. Terms cash. Call on or write, HENRY OLSON.

In walking over the little bridge on the west side of the railroad Monday evening, in the extreme darkness, Mrs. Ole Sherva fell and sustained a fracture of the right arm, a mishap which she could ill afford. Street lights are badly needed in this city.

COMING!

PAN-AMERICAN

Colored Male Octette

AND

Double Quartette

Another first class entertainment will be given at Imperial hall, St Hilaire, next Saturday evening, October 19, by the Pan-American colored male octette.

The eight colored men sing some harmonious melodies. They play several musical instruments and offer a varied program that is sure to please all patrons of the concert.

They come highly recommended.

ADMISSION:
ADULTS 35c; CHILDREN 15c
RESERVED SEATS 50c

Hed-Gigstad

The K. O. Gigstad home was the scene of a quiet wedding on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when Miss Josephine Gigstad became the bride of Mr. Alvin J. Hed. Rev. Aastad of Thief River Falls read the service in the presence of immediate relatives.

The decorations in the home were autumn foliage and red flowers, the vows being spoken in the living room beneath an arch of autumn leaves from which was suspended a large white wedding bell. After the ceremony refreshments were served in the dining room, where pink and white was the color scheme, festooning and roses being the decorations.

The bride's gown was of white crepe de chine. She wore a tulle veil caught with lilies of the valley and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. She was attended by her sister, Miss Huldah Gigstad, who was daintily attired in pink. For traveling the bride wore a blue chiffon broadcloth suit with hat to match. Mr. Theodore Nelson of Erskine attended Mr. Hed as best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Hed left on the afternoon train for the Twin cities. Their trip will also include a visit to Randolph, Minn., where Mrs. Hed has a sister, and to Winthrop and Lafayette, Minn., where Mr. Hed has relatives and friends. They will be at home after November 15.

Died

At his home in St. Hilaire on Wednesday, October 9, Torger A. Nash, at the good old age of 80 years.

Mr. Nash had been a resident of this section for the past six years. He leaves three sons—Albert, Ole, and Knut, all of whom reside in this vicinity. The mother died six years ago, since which time the deceased had been cared for by his sons.

Funeral services will be held today at 2 o'clock at the United church, Rev. M. S. Gjerde officiating.

Miss Amelia Duddy of Bagley is visiting friends in town.

Mike McAndress and O. W. Brink are shipping cattle today.

Wm. Zaiser, the Red Lake Falls medicine man, spent last night in town.

Mrs. N. E. Beebe left Wednesday for a visit with friends at Randolph, Minn.

Mrs. J. H. Moore returned last Saturday from a visit with friends at Good Hope, Ill.

Mrs. E. T. Hurst visited with friends in Crookston from Wednesday to Friday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Hed will make their home in the Collins residence, which is being made ready for their reception.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
s21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.

Mrs. L. E. Bailey gave a fine temperance talk at the M. E. church Thursday evening. The attendance was small, the affair not having been advertised.

Miss Mabel Patterson came down from Thief River Falls last Friday evening and returned Saturday morning accompanied by Mrs. O. F. Post and Miss Katherine Patterson.

Little Misses Olive Patterson, Helen O'Brien, Mildred Fellman, and Harriet Jackson spent last Saturday between trains in Thief River Falls, chaperoned by Mrs. J. B. O'Brien.

MADE BY EXPERT DESIGNERS AND GRADERS
—SMART—STYLISH—PRACTICAL—
10¢ STANDARD PATTERNS 15¢
—Fitted on Living Models—
ACCURATE—ALWAYS SEAMALLOWING—RELIABLE

We have all the patterns on hand
of THE LATEST STYLES
Come in and get a fashion sheet

STANDARD PATTERNS **D. LAZAR**

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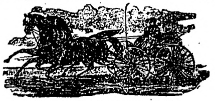
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Miss Lily Boehm was in Thief River Falls on Friday.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn.

J. S. Roy and W. P. Wilson of the town board of River Falls met yesterday with the county commissioners. The latter agreed to stand one-half the expense of the proposed new steel bridge across the Red Lake river on section 20.

In attempting to descend the cellar stairs at his home Wednesday, Andrew Hall had the misfortune to fall and break two ribs. While the injury is not dangerous to life it is very painful and Mr. Hall will not be very active for some time to come.

After getting their first drive to Crookston the loggers have returned and are engaged in the attempt to float the logs in the river between here and Thief River Falls. The wanigan was shipped here by rail and placed in the river last Sunday.

The Herald Square Entertainers performed to a fair house last Saturday evening, considering the state of the weather. The boys were a jolly, wholesome lot of fellows and gave a good clean entertainment. As they explained at the beginning their entertainment was not a concert, but they gave some musical numbers that were very good. The next time they come they will have a full house if the weather permits.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

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For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
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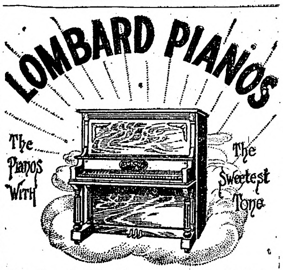


Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

Historic Blackguards

By ALBERT PAYSON TERHUNE

Copyright, by the Press Publishing Co. (The New York World).

King John, Who Did a Great Deed in Spite of Himself

KING JOHN

A LEAN man, clad in royal robes and walking with with a shambling gait, entered his palace on the afternoon of June 15, 1215, followed by a crowd of laughing courtiers. He and his attendants seemed vastly amused over something that had just happened and which they professed to regard as a fine joke.

But the moment the regally clad man reached his private apartments in the palace, away from the eyes of the public, his mask of false gayety was cast aside. He hurled himself upon the floor, screaming, raving and howling fearful blasphemies, foaming at the mouth and biting like a mad dog at the rushes that strewed the floor.

Nor was this burst of insane fury without an excuse. For the man was a tyrant, and that day had been forced to sign the death-warrant of tyranny. He was John, king of England. More than a century and a half had passed since William the Conqueror had won England, beginning the blend of Norman and Saxon races and giving the English a new line of kings and nobility. Henry II., king of England, had several sons, all of whom hated their father and at various times conspired against him. John was the youngest.

During Richard's absence from England John had tried to seize the crown for himself. On Richard's return he had to fly for his own life before the wrath of the brother he had striven to supplant. Richard, however, forgave him and named him as heir to the throne. On "Lion Heart's" death John became king of England in 1199. Some of the nobles tried to make his nephew, young Prince Arthur, king in John's place. Civil war broke out. John was victorious. Arthur was captured and thrown into prison. John is said to have had the sixteen-year-old boy's eyes put out and then to have murdered him. The king of France made war on John to avenge this alleged murder, and seized nearly all England's French possessions.

John, forced thus to confine his tyranny to his own country, proceeded to make his people's lives miserable. He seized at will the few possessions of the poor and laid heavy taxes on the rich. He insulted and ill-treated the clergy, defying the pope himself. The church thereupon placed an "interdict" on the blackguard and his realm. His holiness also called upon the Christian rulers to unite against John. This last danger scared the cowardly tyrant into submission. But he refused to make his people's hardships lighter.

Then it was that the powerful barons, led by Stephen Langton, archbishop of Canterbury, presented a code of laws for the betterment of the people and for the curbing of oppression. They called this document the Magna Charta (Great Charter). Among other reforms, the charter provided fair trial for every prisoner, authorized the nation to resist unjust royal demands and put the will of the people ahead of a mere king's wishes. The church's liberty was to be respected and no man's possessions were to be wrongfully seized by the crown.

John was asked to sign the Magna Charta. He refused. The barons and the common people combined to force him to sign it. Frightened by their power and his own weakness, John at last consented. Thus was English liberty born and the rights of man were established. John met the barons at a meadow, near Runnymede, on June 15, 1215, salved his vanity by pretending to make a jest of the matter, signed the charter and—safe in his palace—gave way to a fit of maniacal rage.

Though he had been coerced into performing an act of splendid justice by signing the Magna Charta, John had not the faintest idea of keeping his promises to the barons. He called on foreign hired soldiers to help him crush his rebellious subjects. The English retaliated by asking a French prince to come over and be their king.

The land was once more rent by civil war. John showed no mercy to his own country, but desolated and wrecked it wherever his armies could find a foothold. At the climax of the struggle his mind gave way. He sickened and, on October 19, 1216, died. Some historians believe he was poisoned.

Pizarro, Licensed "Hold-up Man"

PIZARRO

A YOUNG swineherd—born in Estramadoto, Spain, in 1476—heard vague rumors of the New World across the Atlantic which Columbus had lately discovered. He heard of boundless wealth, mountains of gold and silver, rivers and caverns flashing with priceless gems—all of which were supposed to be found for the searching, everywhere in America.

The swineherd—Francesco Pizarro by name—had perhaps never in his short life seen a single gold piece or eaten a hearty meal. The tales of riches made him suddenly discontented with his own humble routine. He was ignorant. To his latest day he could never manage to learn how to read or write.

Leaving his swine Pizarro sailed with a company of seedy adventurers to the West Indies. There was much work and small reward at first. But he kept on. Through trade and robbery he had picked up enough money by 1515 to settle near the new city of Panama as a farmer. It was a laughable anti-climax to his visions of wealth. But Pizarro was not the sort of man to be laughed at.

As soon as he could scrape together a little capital he formed a partnership with another adventurer, Amalgro, and a priest named Luque, and went in search of fortune. The expedition was a failure. But in the course of it Pizarro heard of a southern country—Peru—where gold was said to be as cheap as iron. He raided the Peruvian coasts, but gathered scanty spoils.

Nevertheless, he believed he was at last on the right track. He went to Spain to get money and royal authority for further explorations. In Seville he was thrown in prison for debt. His career seemed to be at an end. But he managed to interest the king of Spain in his schemes. The king released him and gave him a royal commission to conquer Peru. He set forth and, in 1531, began his invasion of the gold land.

Using a civil war in Peru to help on his adventure, he at length found his way to the palace of the Inca (emperor). Entering the palace as a trusted guest, Pizarro made the Inca a prisoner, and under threat of death by torture forced the luckless prisoner to pay for freedom by a strange ransom.

This ransom was no less than a huge roomful of gold. To gain this sum it was necessary to strip the sacred Peruvian temples of their golden ornaments. The full amount, when it was at last turned over to Pizarro, was worth more than $17,000,000. Having secured this, he calmly murdered the Inca.

The vile act set all Peru buzzing about the Spaniard's ears like a nestful of enraged hornets. But Pizarro paid little heed to the danger.

Wealth—wrung by torture and treachery—flowed fast into his coffers. He had found no literal mountains of gold and caverns of gems. But he had discovered how just as great riches could be annexed through cruelty. His partner, Amalgro, shared to rome extent in the prosperity and new-found power. This did not suit Pizarro. There were quarrels, and Amalgro was induced to lead an expedition against Chili. This was in July, 1535. The Indians took advantage of Amalgro's absence to attack Pizarro, but were unable, in spite of their vast numbers, to overcome him.

When Amalgro came back new quarrels broke out. And the two former comrades at last came to open war. Amalgro was captured by Pizarro's troops and was put to death. But his followers kept up the strife.

On Sunday morning, June 26, 1541, a band of these men burst into Pizarro's palace at Lima. Pizarro sprang up from his breakfast table, half armed, and flew at his assailants like a wild beast. He was of gigantic stature, and despite his sixty-five years he was still a dangerous foe. A fierce battle waged. Three of the conspirators were slain by Pizarro before he fell, mortally wounded, under a score of sword thrusts.

Reunion That Was Perfect

Prodigal, Though Only a Yellow Mongrel, Was Very Evidently Among His Own.

After tea he strolled down the drive, the yellow mongrel escorting him.

The pair passed out of the great gates on the gray road.

John Blunt was subdued as the autumn evening, beautiful about him.

An old couple were driving slowly toward him in a gig. Directly they saw the yellow mongrel they began to gesticulate.

"'Tis!" cried the old woman.

"Tis's, I tell thee!" shouted the old man, yet jobbed his reins and drove apace.

"'Tis!" screamed the old woman, and scrambled from the cart, bundled down the road, screaming Gyp! Gyp!"

The yellow mongrel pricked his ears. For a moment he crouched with quivering tail and whimpered, uncertain clearly what his reception was going to be. Then suddenly sure, he was in her arms, smothering her with kisses, dabbing for her rough old chin, whining with delight.

Certainly there was never a happier meeting in heaven than that of these three.

John Blunt drew up in the ditch to let the gig by. The yellow mongrel sat esconced between the old two who were all he knew of God, set high in heaven above him.

They laughed and chuckled, their red faces wreathed in smiles, and toothless gums showing as they looked down on the Prodigal Son returned to them at last.

He sat between them, his eyes uplifted to theirs and loving.

The old man, seeing the big gray-bearded stranger at the roadside watching them, thought their emotions needed explanation.

"We lost him," he shouted. "Been away a fortnight. A valuable dog."

"Glad you found him," called John Blunt after them.—Alfred Ollivant in "The Taming of John Blunt."

THE BOUDOIR
Dame Fashion's Diary

IN BLACK AND WHITE

CONTRASTING COLORS POPULAR FOR MILLINERY.

Charming Shoulder Wraps May Be Copied From the Approved Fashionable Designs — Combination Petticoat in Vogue.

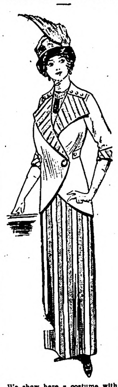
Velvet and plush hats are de rigueur for dressy one-piece gowns worn in the street, but generally only the top of the hat is covered with these materials. The facing of the hat is of satin—white, if the top of the hat is black, and the reverse for the other arrangement—and the shape is larger than those worn with coat suits, the custume calling for more dressiness than the suit. The single ornament still bedecks these dashing hats, a pair of Mercury wings perched lightly at the brim edge or in front of the hat, a silk cockade at the front or side, or silk and velvet quills of enormous height put anywhere. The broad hat with rolling brim and round shallow crown, with a flat cockade of some sort, is a favorite with those who can wear the youthful and smart style. Colored hats in the same fabrics and styles also appear, but black and white reigns over every other scheme.

In a little importing shop on a side street are being shown some shoulder wraps of a specially charming sort, and here the woman with a sewing gift often appears to pilfer ideas for cheaper things. One wrap, with something of the graceful quaintness of the old time talma, is called the "Coralie," and it is made of numerous wool fabrics and of satin and silk. If you wish one, get a yard and a quarter of double-width goods and divide it exactly in two down the fold at the middle; sew the two pieces together, making a straight scarf two yards and a half long. Then double the length with a soft, harmonizing silk, hemming this down neatly about a quarter of an inch from the edge. Then take a loop in the middle back of the scarf—this about eight or ten inches deep—sewing on a hook and eye to hold it together. When on, the straight scarf sinks into the lines of the shoulders and arms, this adaptability to the figure and the loop at the back giving it the appearance of a shaped garment. The same smart throw on could be made of silk gauze, deeply bordered at the bottom with velvet, edged in turn with a strip of marabout.

With the continued scantiness of skirt it follows that the petticoat receives more and more attention, and now a wonderful freak of the combination sort is being shown for the finer costumes. This slimming garment, which owes its being to French ingenuity, is called a "pantalon jupon," and, with its top part made after the manner of a corset cover and wide drawers, its bottom hangs in ankle-length legs, hung with a single flounce of quilled lace, or lace over chiffon. Some of the more practical jupons will be made of fine silk in the same two-legged manner, and nobody need fancy that this bit of under-raiment is immodest or ugly. When worn it has all the appearance of a princess petticoat, and despite the growing vogue of the panier such garments are needed for the good fit of the skirt.

MARY DEAN.

NOVEL WALKING COSTUME



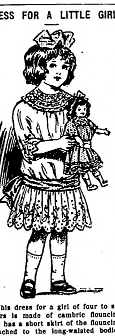
We show here a costume with the skirt of one material and the coat of another.

For the skirt, blue and gray striped delaine is used, and for the coat, plain blue; this is semi-fitting and has a belt of material taken round back to sides; for the revers and cuffs, the striped material is used.

Hat of blue with a brim of black satin, trimmed at side by a wing.

Materials required: Four yards striped and three yards plain delaine 28 inches wide; eight buttons.

DRESS FOR A LITTLE GIRL



This dress for a girl of four to six years is made of cambric flouncing and has a short skirt of the flouncing attached to the long-waisted bodice under a colored sash.

The bodice is Magyar and has a round yoke of strips of insertion edged with lace.

Material required: 2½ yards of flouncing 27 inches wide, 1½ yard insertion, ¾ yard lace, 2 yards ribbon for sash.

PLAID SILKS AS TRIMMINGS

Their Use in Collars, Girdles and Sleeves Brightens Up the Dark Colored Dresses.

Dark-colored serge dresses in seal brown, navy and black are often brightened up by the use of plaided silks for the waist, or the introduction of these bright-colored patterns for the collars, girdles and a portion of the sleeves. In some cases, when the plaided waist is seen the skirt material extends into the waist section in bib or jumper effect.

Narrow pointed directoire collars extending in sharp points over the shoulder are also made of plaid when the waist is developed in the dress material. Robespierre collars, turnback cuffs and military girdles and sashes are also made in these fancy silks.

Silk dresses plaided off with yellow, red and green on a dark blue, black or brown background are used with buttons to harmonize; for instance, amber balls or blue buttons with red or green centers. They are applied in profusion both on waists and on skirts.

Ratine and Scarfs.

Collar and cuff sets seem almost indispensable accessories in the summer wardrobe; they are fashioned of batiste and embroidery or of Irish or ratine lace, or the plain ratine. Those of batiste can be had for $4.98, the collar and cuffs made deep; while the Irish lace sets, with roses and shamrock motif are $2.95 a set. Collars of baby Irish for collarless blouse can be had for $1.25. Wide insertion of ratine lace is in vogue for scarfs, edged with net or fold of chiffon.

GET OUT YOUR HEIRLOOMS

Old Time Hair Pins and Combs of Tortoise Shell Are in Fashion Again.

Back into the realm of hair ornaments have come the pins and combs of tortoise shell that typified the hairdressing of our grandmothers, and is traceable to the time of the Medicis.

If you have some treasured heirlooms that are large, carved or inlaid, brings them out into the light of modern day and place them in the coils and waves of your hair. You then can smile at the world.

Fillets of tortoise shell rival the high combs and the disks that suggest the Holland hairdress, or perhaps the ornaments of the middle ages, have returned.

The empire comb, with its spreading lines that resemble the peacock's tail, is an important arrival. The hair is drawn up in a series of curls at the back of the neck, the high comb mounting above them. Generally the hair is parted in front or at the side.

The band, or fillet, is passed over the brow, the hair waved and worn in graceful lines low over the temples and ears. Disks are worn if this style of hairdressing is carried out.

Coils of hair are held in place by ball tortoise-shell pins, and the bars of shell to catch the stray curls and to support the hair have again come into their own.

Since the coiffure of the moment is conservatively simple, there is ample room for adding decoration by way of ornaments, and makers are offering many attractive styles to convince women of the change.

Gorgeous Beads.

Beading by hand and in gorgeous coloring on white net is a vagary of the moment, writes a Paris fashion correspondent. Whole gowns are made of it. Worth showed a most distinguished ball gown of it in gray and black, the beads so closely sewn that the fabric looked like Italian armor.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Reckless Waste May Cause Extinction of Whale.

I'D BETTER BEAT IT

WASHINGTON.—Danger of the total extinction of the whale through "overfishing" is dealt with in the thirteenth annual report on fisheries, issued by the board of agriculture and fisheries.

It is unquestionable, says the report, that in the case of a slow-growing and slow-reproducing animal like the whale, although, owing to its wide range, it will probably never be absolutely extermincted, excessive hunting speedily results in a very marked depletion of the stock.

The practical extinction of the Basque and Greenland whale fisheries has abundantly proved this. It must be remembered, too, that this result was brought about by means of the open and hand harpoon—methods which are now obsolete.

The Greenland whale was a comparatively sluggish and timid animal, whose capture by the method referred to presented little difficulty, whereas the rorquals and other species were not only too swift, but too dangerous to be attacked in the same manner as the "right" whale.

With the introduction, however, of the harpoon with explosive shell, discharged from a cannon mounted in the bows of a steamer, the conditions were entirely changed, and the species formerly immune from attack could now be hunted with impunity.

The result of this revolution in the conditions under which the fishing could be prosecuted is seen in the enormous dimensions which the industry has attained at the present day.

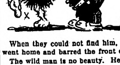
It is estimated that in 1911 between 19,000 and 20,000 whales were captured in the southern hemisphere alone (South Georgia, South Shetland, South America and Africa), to which has to be added the catch in North America, Japan, Faroe, Iceland, Spitzbergen and Greenland, and these figues will probably be greatly exceeded in 1912, as numerous new companies have been formed to exploit Alaskan, Australasian and Sandwich island waters.

This wholesale destruction must inevitably tell its tale within a few years, and, as a matter of fact, in Newfoundland and Iceland fears are already entertained that the fishing is on the decline.

It would not, therefore, be a matter for surprise if, within a few years, it may be found necessary to establish something in the nature of international control, and the precedent of the Behring seal fishery shows how vexed a question whaling may ultimately become.

Wild Man Flees to the Capital; Cop Nabs Him

"IT," alias "Gingerbread," the wild man from Borneo, escaped from his dugout at the Rockville fair the other day, and, coming to Washington, was locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct.


WATS TH' IDEE?

The wild man, who lives on raw meat and "eats 'em alive," was approached the following night by Policeman Andes of the Fifth precinct while doing a war dance in Pennsylvania Avenue Southeast.

"Who do you think you are, anyway?" inquired Andes.

"G-rrr! Woof!" responded the wild man.

Whereupon Policeman Andes called the wagon, and the wild man was taken to the station, put in a cell, and told to "sleep it off."

It is supposed that the wild man got tired of staying in a cage and eating raw meat and sleeping in hay. So he pushed the door of his dugout open, and walked 16 miles to Washington to get something that would take the taste of the meat out of his mouth.

When the news spread through Rockville that it probably had a wild man on its hands, a posse of vigilantes armed themselves with shotguns and pitchforks and raw meat, with which to appease his mean disposition.

When they could not find him, they went home and barred the front door.

The wild man is no beauty. He is a hairy individual, six feet tall, with a sinister cast of countenance. He has bulging eyes and an ecliptical-shaped head, with an indentation on the top, covered by a patch of hair. When seen at the fair grounds, mothers would draw their children to them when the wild man grinned, and strong men would shudder.

After spending a night at the Fifth Precinct station, the wild man was taken to Washington Asylum hospital for observation.

Never having had a wild man from Borneo on their hands, the hospital officials were puzzled.

And, on the blotter of the Fifth Precinct station is inscribed:

"'It,'" and opposite that, "crazy."

Sparrows Annihilate Worm Army on Navy Green.

TAKE NO PRISONERS

PERSONS passing the State, War and Navy building, on Pennsylvania avenue, the other day saw a "battle royal" between a corps of army worms and a battalion of sparrows. The unusual sight attracted a large crowd, and much expert opinion was passed on the outcome of the battle, the problem facing the battalion of sparrows being the annihilation of the enemy before darkness set in.

The battalion of sparrows moved eastward in two columns from the northwest corner of the State, War and Navy lawn. One of the most interesting features of the "battle" was the warlike precision with which the sparrows moved.

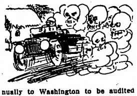
It was estimated by onlookers that neither column of sparrows was over three feet wide. They worked in solid block formation and moved rapidly on the corps of army worms, which was solidly intrenched behind breastworks of grass.

Owing to their intrenched position, it was impossible for onlookers to estimate the strength of the worms, but it was generally conceded that the attacking battalion of sparrows was 500 strong.

Like Henry of Navarre at Ivry, the "commander" of the worms held his forces close to the "cannon" of the invading sparrows, but without avail, for the "charge of the five hundred" proved devastating to the intrenched worms.

The "battle" continued throughout the day, and at night not a sparrow was reported dead on the field, while hundreds of the enemy had been slain.

Claimed That Automobiles Spread Tuberculosis



ACTING as agents in the spread of tuberculosis, motor cars and high-powered automobiles are spreading disease and death in the Philippines, according to a report in the quarterly review of the bureau of public works of the islands. This is due to the great clouds of dust raised by the rapidly moving vehicles. The dust finds its way into the houses, which are built close on the edges of the narrow streets, and the high mortality among the Filipinos from tuberculosis is attributed in large measure to it.

The spread and increase of the "white plague" is not confined to human beings, according to the report, but cattle and other live stock are equal sufferers.

The Philippine government is experimenting with native oil on the roads, in the hope of remedying conditions.

Electrical devices to handle the 86,000,000 money orders returned annually to Washington to be audited will save $200,000 a year for the government, according to estimates by Charles A. Kram, auditor for the post-office department.

The tabulations are accomplished through a system of punched cards and electrical counters somewhat similar to the machines used by the federal census bureau. Heretofore, the annual audit of the money order business of the country has taken nearly a year. With the electric card punching and counting system the final settlement of money order accounts can be made within three months of the end of the fiscal year.

Nature True Comforter.

Nature knows best how to comfort the heart of the mourner. Her soothing is the best because she deals in hints and suggestions, not in conventional phrases, and her ministrations make for sanity and renewed vigor.—The Christian Register.

Was Hard Luck.

"Well, how about it?"

"Her father and mother both object to me."

"Hard luck."

"Hard luck for fair. It's the first thing they have agreed on in years."

He Cannot Understand.

The man who lets his hair grow long at one side of his head, so that he may comb the scanty strands over his bald spot always wonders how any woman can expect to make herself attractive by dabbing powder on her nose.

Money in Butterfly Farm.

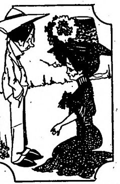
An Englishman operating a butterfly farm is said to sell to museum and collectors upward of 50,000 specimens yearly. He obtains as high as $50 for exceptionally fine ones, and his net income is said to be fully $2,500.

WHY THE FIFTH MAN LEFT

He Wore a Wig and the Other Four Men at the Table Were Bald—and Talkative.

In the smoking room of a west-bound ocean liner two days out from an English port, five men sat at a "small game" of poker. When the chips had been cashed in the men retained their places, and presently one of the party said: "This is funny; four bald heads out of a possible five," and then there was a discussion as to the causes of baldness, in which all took part except the unafflicted man, who was a good listener for a while. He then bade the others good night. When he had gone the youngest of the group, who was less bald than the others, said: "Do you know why Mr. Blank made the getaway? He wears a wig, and is probably as He wears a wig, and is probably as bald as any of us." And for the rest of the journey Mr. Blank's head was the object of study—at a distance—for he never again appeared in the smoking room.

PARADOXICAL.



She—I want you to give me a promise.

He—I'll give you a promise, if you'll keep it.

BREAKING OUT ON LEG

Hilltop, Kan.—"About two years ago I began to notice a breaking out on my leg. At first it was very small but soon it began to spread until it formed large blotches. The itching was terrible and almost constant. Many nights I could not sleep at all. After scratching it to relieve the itching it would burn so dreadfully that I thought I could not stand it. For nearly a year I tried all kinds of salves and ointment, but found no relief. Some salves seemed to make it worse until there were ugly sores, which would break open and run.

"One day I saw an advertisement of Cuticura Remedies. I got a sample of the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and began by washing the sores with the Cuticura Soap, then applying the Cuticura Ointment twice a day. I noticed a change and got more Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in a few weeks I was cured. It has healed so nicely that no scar remains." (Signed) Mrs. Anna A. Lew, Dec. 17, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Marie Divided the Candy.

When the uncle of a couple of Brooklyn youngsters last called at the household whereof they form a part he brought with him some pieces of candy, which were given to the little girl to divide with her brother.

Later the uncle summoned this child to the living room and asked:

"Marie, when you divided those five pieces of candy with your brother, did you give him two and a half pieces?"

"No, sir," said Marie. "I saw they weren't going to come out even, so I ate one before I began to divide."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Mixed Metaphors.

"You didn't really show that you were bored?"

"No; I hope I am too well drilled."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

Nothing is so contagious as enthusiasm.—Bulwer.

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Adv.

At the age of forty a man begins to live and unlearn.

Richest in Healing Qualities
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Texas Irrigated Land
On Gulf Coast. Very cheap. Producing yearly crops worth $150 per acre. Best on the market. Let me tell you more. Write P. O. Box 713, Pittsburg, Pa.

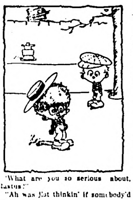
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists.

Royal Typewriter
NEW MODEL NO. 5
Visible Writing, Standard Keyboard, Two-color Ribbon, Tabulator, Backspacer and other up-to-date features
$75
SEND FOR CATALOG
ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY
364 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
73 ENDICOTT ARCADE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

Pettit's Eye Salve Quickly Ends Weak, Sore Eyes

25 CTS PISO'S REMEDY 25 CTS
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

SPECULATING.



"What are you so serious about, Rastus?"

"Ah was jist thinkin' if somebody'd gimme fohty cents, and somebody else'd gimme thirty three cents an den Ah'd find fouh mo', how much money I'd have."

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

Rev. E. Heslop.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigton, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Inexperienced.

In a boarding house for bachelors, Amanda, typical "Mammy," looked after the guests' comfort in true southern style so well that one of the men thought he would take her away with him in the summer in the capacity of housekeeper. Toward spring he waylaid her in the hall one day and said:

"Mandy, do you like the country?"

Mandy reckoned she did.

"Would you like to go away with me this summer and keep house for me?"

Mandy was sure she would.

"Suppose I get just a bungalow. Do you think you could take care of it nicely by yourself?"

Mandy gasped and rolled her eyes. "'Deed, no, massa! Reckon you all better get somebody else; I don't know nothin' about taking care of any animals!"—Harper's Magazine.

Vegetable Fiber for Shoes.

A Haverhill (Mass.) shoeman has obtained patents giving him the right to make vamps and tops of vegetable fiber which he has invented and perfected to be used in the manufacture of shoes. A few cases of shoes have been made of this material, which appears to be a good substitute for leather. The fiber is said to be particularly adaptable for warm weather wear because, being of a woven material, air can penetrate the vamp and top. The inventor also claims that a shoe made of this material is waterproof.

Business for Father.

The small daughter of a practicing physician, who evidently has an eye to business, told her mother, in no uncertain terms, that she must call at once on their new neighbor.

"And why must I call on her?" asked the mother, amused at the child's positiveness.

"Well, in the first place," explained the little lady, "they've got three of the scrawniest kids, and the mother herself don't look very strong."

Put It on Her.

Gibbs—Oh, yes, Jones is an ass and all that, but you'll never hear him say a mean thing about his wife.

Dibbs—I don't know! He says she made him what he is.

The Food
Tells Its
Own Story

It's one dish that a good many thousand people relish greatly for breakfast, lunch or supper.

Post Toasties

Crisped wafers of toasted Indian Corn—a dainty and most delightful dish.

Try with cream and sugar.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM
by William Pitt

The cry is for hogs.

Use only pure-bred sires.

Turn the sheep in the orchard.

Scrub cows appear in every herd.

Excessive sweating in a horse indicates weakness.

A pasture arranged to include a few shade trees is 25 per cent. better.

If the potatoes are beginning to sprout in the ground, dig them at once.

Exposure to dampness makes the wool harsh and brittle and the fiber weak.

The growth and feeding value of the soy bean is quite like that of the cowpea.

Get a die and stamp your initials on the cream or milk cans. Paint will rub off in time.

If you want a lasting cement use melted alum. It hardens at once and water does not affect it.

The pigs will eat up slick and clean the corn and stalks of that field which is soft and not fit to crib.

Oil meal is greatly relished by lambs, and helps greatly in obtaining a fine finish for the market.

The work of lice is often mistaken for disease. When a fowl seems to be ailing look for lice first.

The development of the young horse requires the exercise of the best judgment in handling him.

One advantage in keeping feed always before poultry is that they do not have to hurry to get their meals.

Fruit growing and poultry raising go well together. Anyone following either will do well to consider the other.

Got a harness punch? It costs only a quarter and with a package of copper rivets breaks can be mended in a jiffy.

The silo today furnishes the most economical, the safest and the best means of storing the corn crop for feeding purpose.

Wheat bran is an excellent feed for dairy cows and calves, but at $30 per ton or more, it is a little rich for most feeders.

Although certain pessimists claim that the dairy market will soon be overstocked, present prices give no indication of the sign.

As a result of the activities of the reclamation bureau, 14,000 farms are now being watered and a million acres are being put in crops.

Cabbage will sometimes cure slobber in horses caused by eating white clover; but it is better to keep the clover away from the horses.

Try putting a pinch of copperas in the watering trough once or twice a month. Better still, scrub out the trough and spray thoroughly with a copperas solution.

The Iowa experiment station has discovered that feeding mangles and sugar beets to cows is dangerous, and if continued for any considerable period will prove fatal.

Will you feed the hogs in the mud this winter, or build a feeding floor which may cost $10 or $100, according to the size of your herd, but it will pay for itself every time.

Red raspberries do not thrive in the west as well as we could wish. They seem to like a moister, cooler climate better. They are also more likely to winter-kill in the west than the black varieties.

The best care for a well-developed case of roup is the ax. Better lose the individual bird than endanger the entire flock. If we nip the slight colds in the bud, we need not fear the appearance of roup.

The dairyman may have plenty of chores to do, but he is getting an income every day in the year. He isn't like the exclusive grain raiser, a millionaire three months in the year and a pauper the rest of the time.

Although summer will soon be over there still remain 30 days in which summer heat will at times prevail. While this weather continues remember that the hotter the water the cleaner the milk things can be kept.

The feed now in sight will give you a pretty good idea as to how much stock you can carry over winter. It is the best policy to have a little too much feed than to be a little short; it means all the difference between thin stock and those in good condition.

Repair the poultry houses now, if eggs are desired in winter. The first cold weather should find all in good condition. New fowls should be purchased. New blood is necessary for the flocks no matter what the breed is, and their purchase should not be delayed.

Keep after the weeds.

Prepare a plot for alfalfa.

Prune grape vines in the fall.

Keep all refuse out of the garden.

The nests need fully as much cleaning as the roosts.

Kindness beats gruffness in getting work out of horses.

Skimmilk to wet the fattening mash is far better than water.

Hens that moult late seldom lay until late the following winter.

A close, musty cellar, even if cool, is not a good place to set the milk.

If you find an extra good pumpkin or squash be sure to save the seeds.

Equal parts of corn and oats are hard to excel as a grain feed for sheep.

A pile of coal ashes and salt will keep the hogs close to any spot where it lies.

Every farmer should have a small wheel seeder and a small wheel garden hoe.

Sheep are almost essential in maintaining the fertility and cleanliness of the land.

Selling all the hay and grain raised on the farm is a sure method of selling the farm.

Ewes that are broad and long will make good mothers and produce vigorous offspring.

Creamery butter has an advantage over all the other kinds because of its greater uniformity.

The value of corn silage to the beef producer is not limited to its use in winter feeding alone.

To secure a good brood sow, an even development is required from pig brood to maturity.

Do you return your saw and hammer to any particular place when you are through with them?

No land is so rich that its owner can afford to waste the manure that is made by his farm stock.

It is estimated that ten years of single cropping will wear out any but the very richest of soil.

The development of the young horse requires the exercise of the best judgment in handling him.

Water thoroughly when the soil is dry to touch, but never "sprinkle" roses when they need watering.

Crops must be gathered in proper condition and sent to the market fresh and clean. Careful grading is essential.

This is the month when most of the silos in the corn belt are filled. It costs money to do this now, but next winter the dividends will surely be collected

It is generally conceded that the best time to sell chickens is from the first of January to the first of November.

The bright eye, red comb, smooth, bright, well-kept plumage, activity and a keen appetite, indicate the healthy fowl.

Good sheep require good care to maintain their excellence. Poor sheep are always a burden upon the rest of the flock.

Toss those aggravating rocks from the wagon track before the freeze-up or you may just count on jolting over them all winter long.

Alfalfa growers of Kansas consider the best antidote for grasshoppers to be a turkey or two to the acre to range over their alfalfa fields.

The pig is merely a meat-producing machine, and the more he is fed—with good judgment, of course—the more meat he will turn over.

Keeping the boar away from the herd is more trouble than letting him run, but it is the only way to know just what you are about in hog raising.

The man with a clear conscience and patches on his trousers gets more out of this world than the man who goes beyond his means to be fashionable.

The time to lay in plenty of winter feed is when you can get it. This month is the one to cut corn and while you are cutting, cut enough so you will then be likely to have about enough.

Cut up all the corn you think you can feed and then cut one-fourth as much more is the best advice we can think of for the western dairymen this month.

Rats are an enemy to squabs. The pigeon loft should be made proof against them. Rid the premises of them by the aid of traps as fast as possible.

Select a breed and stick to it. Considerable time is required to build up a good flock and nothing is made by continual changing. Always keep pure blooded stock.

To insure the highest per cent. of fertility in the eggs, stock ducks need bathing water, but this does not necessarily mean that they must have a stream or lake on which to disport themselves.

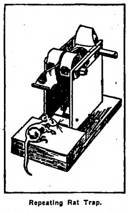
There has been much complaint recently of the large percentage of spoiled eggs to the case. Some of this trouble, it is declared, is due to the storage of eggs near onions, oils or other things with pronounced odors.

FARM AND GARDEN

REPEATING TRAP KILLS RATS

One Winding of New Device Will Destroy Fifteen or More of Disease-Spreading Rodents.

Did you ever hear of a repeating rat trap? One has been invented by an Illinois man, who declares that with one winding it will kill 15 or more of the disease breeding pests and kick each one out of the way. The general design of the trap is shown in the cut. When a rat steps on the platform in front his weight releases the trigger and striking arm, operated by a powerful spring, hits him a deadly uppercut and throws him several feet away with the same motion. It virtually kicks him to death. Another feature of this trap is the fact that no scent is left on it to warn any wise old rodent that it is an apparatus to be avoided. A bait, of course, is set inside the opening, under the striking arm, and where rats are particularly numerous they will not be scared off by the sight of dead comrades in the vicinity.



Repeating Rat Trap.

PREPARING FOR SPRING WORK

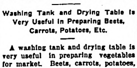
Farmers Should Have All Farm Implements in Good Order to Begin Work at Once.

Have the plows, harrows, cultivators, drills and rollers in order for spring work. Lay in a few extra plow points and bolts. Have the harrow teeth sharp. Extra whiffletrees and some good hame strings should be provided. The seed oats, corn, clover and grass seeds should be bought this month, so no time need be lost when the season opens, says a writer in the Baltimore American. Buy and haul the fertilizer you need now. If the plow or harrow is worn out, it will pay to buy a good steel plow and a spring tooth harrow and a two-horse cultivator. A corn planter and a grain drill may be hired for 25 cents an acre. If you only plant ten acres in corn and seed a few acres to oats it will be cheaper to hire than to buy these implements. Only buy those implements you really need. Farm sales take place this month, and good implements may often be had at less than half the original price. It will pay to buy if you need the implement, but do not buy it because it is cheap, nor because you can buy it on time. The note soon falls due and it often comes due when you are short of funds. Do not ask your neighbor to go security, if the bank will not accept the note with your wife as indorser, do not buy. This is sound advice and if followed will save you lots of trouble and considerable money. Do not go security for anyone. It is wrong, as you may ruin yourself, and oftentimes your family as well. A good-natured, easy-going farmer had better remain away from farm sales.

FIT VEGETABLES FOR MARKET

Washing Tank and Drying Table Is Very Useful in Preparing Beets, Carrots, Potatoes, Etc.

A washing tank and drying table is very useful in preparing vegetables for market. Beets, carrots, potatoes, etc., should be freed from soil before placing them on sale and I know nothing so handy as this arrangement, writes Mrs. H. O. McPherson in the Farm and Home. The table, b, is hinged to the tank a. The legs are also hinged, and when not in use are folded over on the table and the table folded over so as to form a lid for the tank, the legs folding inside, out of the way. The bottom of the tank should be lower at one corner with a hole to let out the water after using, by withdrawing a plug or stopper.



Washing Tank and Drying Table.

Kill the Cut Worm.

Farmers at all seasons of the year should watch for the appearance of cut worms, and should lose no time in ridding their premises of this pest immediately upon their appearance. The following remedy is recommended by several agricultural departments:

Bran, 100 pounds.
Paris green, dry, 1 pound.
Sugar, 2 or 3 pounds.

Mix thoroughly and dampen slightly with water and spread over the section where the worm appears.

VALUE OF THE LITTLE BIRDS

They Labor Incessantly in Fields, Destroying Many Injurious and Destructive Insects.

The birds are the best friends that the farmer has. Why? Because they labor daily in the farmers' fields, destroying the insects that destroy or feed upon the tender plants of the fields. Have you a friend that will labor in your fields daily destroying these insects just for his board and clothing? No, indeed; you cannot place your eye upon but one friend that will do this for you. That is the little birds which are being slaughtered by you in large numbers. Why do you not try to protect these friends who are so faithful to you, when they ask you for no pay for services rendered you in your fields, destroying insects that injure your plants, simply because you have not stopped to think over the matter as you ought to. Do you not realize that they are worth hundreds of times more to you as insect destroyers than their flesh is worth to you in a bird pie or in some other way?

Farmers, it is time to wake up to the fact that these little bird friends must have better protection. Why? Because they are needed more and more every year. As people increase and the clearing of more lands increases, the insects are bound to increase very rapidly, because they feed mostly from the farmers' fields. As insects increase, why should not the birds increase also? Simply because they haven't had the protection that they ought to have had. Some of the species of birds that used to be found in large numbers are now very seldom found at all, simply because they have not received any mercy from the hunter, and because the laws are not strict enough on this one special thing.

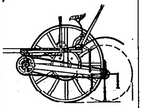
Every farmer should feel it his duty to urge his lawmaker to do all in his power to pass a law that would give his little friends in feathers better protection. A law should be passed in states having no such law, prohibiting the killing of these birds under a heavy penalty and imprisonment for violation thereof. If this were done, you would see a great improvement in crops and fewer insects. Good enforcement depends largely on farmers.

MACHINE TO KILL SPROUTS

Apparatus Invented by Missouri Man to Destroy Second Growth in Very Effective Manner.

The Scientific American, in describing a vehicle adapted for use on land cleared of timber, says:

This invention pertains to agricultural machines, and the aim is to provide a growth destroyer more especially designed for use on land that has been cleared of timber, to destroy the sprouts or returning second growth in a very simple and effective manner. For this purpose use is made of a wheeled vehicle adapted to be moved over the ground and provided with a revoluble beater, having flexible arms adapted to forcibly strike and cut off the growth at or near the ground surface. The illustration shows a sectional side elevation of the apparatus.



Sprouts or Growth Destroyer.

Effect of One-Year Rentals.

It is just as impossible to maintain soil fertility under a one year renting system in farm management as it is for water to run uphill. In the first case it is against human nature to do anything but skin the land to a finish. In the second it is counter to the law of gravity, the one being quite as much in force as the other.

Increasing Butter Fat Content.

Butter fat is not fed into the milk, but it gets there through right breeding. Rich feed will improve the flow of milk, but not the quality.

GARDEN and FARM NOTES

Rush the plowing.

Prepare for the fall rains.

The onion thrips is a bad pest.

Slack fence wire is slack farming.

Rhubarb is an easy crop to grow.

The crop of potato bugs was light this year.

Don't burn that old straw pile to get it out of the way.

Potatoes infested with rot are a poor holding proposition.

Joint grass may be killed out in the beet fields by clean cultivation.

As a rule, we do not make as good use of our pasture lands as we might.

It is important that an alfalfa field where seed is grown be free of weeds.

It will pay to batten the cracks in the barn before coming of cold weather.

The state and county agricultural fairs are of value to every farmer in the country.

If the pasture is not available, silage or a good soiling crop will be absolutely indispensable.

Before you fill your stave silo it should be painted on the inside with coal tar thinned with gasoline.

Improvement in the quality and condition of wheat is not the only benefit derived from stacking the crop.

Farmers who do not have silos should not let a large percentage of the corn crops' value go to waste.

The potato digger works best in a loose, mellow soil and the ground should be free of stone and stumps.

After the manure is made, the sooner it is applied on the land the more value the crops will get out of it.

The cutting of an alfalfa seed crop is usually done with an ordinary mower, which may or may not have a bunching attachment.

THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH

In observing the physical characteristics of her children, the careful mother soon learns that health is dependent on the regularity of the bowels. When the bowels become clogged with the stomach's refuse, loss of appetite, restlessness, irritability, and similar evidences of disorder are soon apparent. Keep the bowels regular and a healthy, happy child is assured.

At the first sign of constipation the mother should administer a mild laxative to carry off the congested waste from the stomach that is fermenting and forcing poisonous gases into the system. A simple compound of laxative herbs with pepsin is highly recommended as being very mild, yet positive, in its action, a teaspoonful at bedtime usually serving to bring an easy, thorough, natural movement next morning. This compound is known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and is sold by druggists everywhere for 50c a bottle. A larger bottle, put up especially for the family medicine chest, costs one dollar.

The use of salts and violent purgatives and cathartics should be avoided. They are too harsh and drastic, tending to upset the entire system. Write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 203 West St., Monticello, Ill., for a trial bottle of his Syrup Pepsin, if you have never used it. He will be glad to send it without any expense to you. Adv.

New Stage in Inebriety.

Mr. Borden has been telling an anecdote concerning two "brither Scots" who used to foregather in a "dry" district, each bringing with him a portable spring of comfort in the shape of a bottle of whisky.

One of them was asked one day by a "third party" whether the other, Jock Anderson, did not get a little drunk sometimes.

"Drunk," was the reply. "Man, the last time I was wi' him Jock was that drunk I couldna see him."—London Mail.

The Greatest Woman.

Who was or is the greatest woman in all history? Two hundred teachers answered the question and with enthusiasm and unanimity the judges awarded the prize to the one who made this reply: "The wife of the farmer of moderate means who does her own cooking, washing, ironing, sewing, brings up a family of boys and girls to be useful members of society, and finds time for intellectual improvement."

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH

By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Between two evils, choose neither; between two goods, choose both.—Tryon Edwards.

BACKACHE IS DISCOURAGING
Until You Get
After The Cause

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Nothing more discouraging than a constant backache.

Lame when you awake. Pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to work, or to rest.

You sleep poorly and next day is the same old story.

That backache indicates bad kidneys and calls for some good kidney remedy.

None so well recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here's A California Case—Mrs. E. Walsh, 1449 Tenth Ave., San Francisco, Cal., says: "The sharp, knife-like pains in my back were almost unbearable. I often had to cry out. Once while walking, I had a sudden attack and a doctor had to be called. Finally I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they made me well."

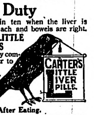
Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Good School
LARGE ATTENDANCE, LOWEST RATES
Thorough Work. Practical Courses. Accredited. Courses: Preparatory, Commercial, Shorthand, Stenotypy, Teachers, High School, Scientific, Music, Penmanship, Agriculture, Steam and Gas Engineering. Regular tuition, $1.00 per week; board, $1.95. Free Tuition to one student from each postoffice. Write for catalog. Address
SOUTHERN MINNESOTA NORMAL COLLEGE, BOX 830, AUSTIN, MINNESOTA

KODAKS AND FINISHING
Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film, pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 620 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 40 E. 7th St., St. Paul

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free.
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 41-1912.

Women

From Forty-Five to Fifty Are Much Benefited by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The "change of life" is a most critical period in a woman's existence, and the anxiety felt by women as it draws near is not without reason.

When her system is in a deranged condition, she may be predisposed to apoplexy, or congestion of some organ. At this time, also, cancers and tumors are more liable to form and begin their destructive work.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

These symptoms are calls from nature for help. The nerves are crying out for assistance and the cry should be heeded in time.

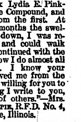
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared to meet the needs of women's system at this trying period of her life. It invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried many women safely through this crisis.

Mrs. Estella Gillispie

ONE CASE OUT OF MANY TO PROVE OUR CLAIMS.

St. Anne, Ill.—"I was passing through the change of life and I was a perfect wreck from female troubles. I had a displacement and bearing down pains, weak fainting spells, dizziness, then numb and cold feelings. Sometimes my feet and limbs were swollen. I was irregular and had so much backache and headache, was nervous, irritable and was despondent. Sometimes my appetite was good but more often it was not. My kidneys troubled me at times and I could walk only a short distance.

"I saw your advertisement in a paper and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I was helped from the first. At the end of two months the swelling had gone down, I was relieved of pain, and could walk with ease. I continued with the medicine and now I do almost all my housework. I know your medicine has saved me from the grave and I am willing for you to publish anything I write to you, for the good of others."—Mrs. Estella Gillispie, R.F.D. No. 4, Box 34, St. Anne, Illinois.



W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00
FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W.L.Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

RUSSIAN CLUB IN WHICH SUICIDE IS AN ART

Russia's latest Suicide Club has reduced self-destruction to an art. Probably in no other country in the world would it be possible to establish as a famous Russian author is said to have done here, an organization whose sole purpose is the encouragement of "sporting" suicides among its members. With headquarters in St. Petersburg and quickly growing branches in Moscow, Odessa, Khakow, and Vladivostock, this club meets regularly to plan the self-inflicted death of its members.

CAPTAIN SERGIUS HURKO

These suicides are so far removed from the ordinary affairs that result from hunger, unrequited affection, jealousy, poverty or despair, that one of the conditions of membership is that no member shall kill himself for any of these vulgar reasons.

This club is but one of the manifestations of the peculiar and almost inexplicable suicide mania that is now sweeping the whole of the country, seizing upon young and old, rich and poor, lowly and high-born. In St. Petersburg alone there is an average of 15 suicides a day. Moscow records about the same number, and the other big Russian cities are not far behind. Efforts have been made in vain to check the tendency. Anti-suicide societies by the dozen have made their appearance, but despite the constant efforts of such organizations as the League of Life and the Anti-Suicide League, the daily record of suicides increases alarmingly. So serious has the situation become in this city that the Prefecture of Police has offered a reward of $2.50 for every rescue and many of the unemployed assemble every day on the banks of the Neva and the canals on the lookout for attempted suicides. One another placed three rescues to his credit in as many days.

Because of the pledge of secrecy which binds the members of the Suicide Club details of its organization are difficult to get. Who founded it? Who is the president? Some declare it is one of the grand dukes, though the younger generation of imperial cousins show too much good sense and too much zest for life to play such a role, and the older ones are far too dignified. Others declare that the famous Russian novelist, Artzybarcheff, is the founder and president and the instigator of the more original suicides. He has written many books which condemn life as something like a sin, and extol self-destruction as a heroic action. He has been fined by the tribunals for writing books of pernicious influence, and he openly advocates many kinds of vice, which he makes as attractive as possible. His great talent makes his books all the more dangerous. Nevertheless, there is no sure proof that he has any direct influence on suicides, or has ever helped the club to gather in its harvest of victims. And though it is now an established institution its origin and members' list is as deep a mystery as possible.

This mysterious club holds its meetings at the homes of the members. Many fashionable people belong to it, and women with a family of growing children, elderly men with the best part of their lives behind them, young women with a good chance of happiness gather round the table where the fatal lots are drawn. One card is prepared for each meeting. The member who draws it must kill himself within a week, the club deciding as to the method, if the member cannot think of a suitable way.

Members must court death out of mere curiosity, or as a means of showing some novel way of leaving the world. Common poisons are tabooed. Drowning is admitted only when wine or perfumed water is used and the surroundings are exceptionally beautiful or luxurious. The simple emptying of a revolver into one's body is not good enough. Shooting must be "artistic" or left severely alone.

These suicides take place with a lot of pomp. In the case of the young Baroness Zakomelska a supper was given to the Petersburg members. At the end, a huge tub was filled with champagne, and the lady drowned herself in it, after all present had drunk a great deal of the wine.

In Moscow a young doctor, named Dovbor, recently married a charming girl. He did not know that she belonged to the Suicide Club. After her marriage she attended the meeting of the Moscow branch with the intention of tendering her resignation at the end of the proceedings. But she drew the fatal card that night. Her husband was away, so she had nobody to consult. She determined to feign suicide and then leave the town, telling him all and asking him to live elsewhere. For the club, like most secret societies in Russia, is very strict with those who reveal its secrets. So she laid her plans with care, telling the members that she had discovered a mysterious poison which, sprinkled on a rose and inhaled, produced death. She knew enough medical jargon to convince them and her maid found her seemingly dead next morning as she went into her room. As a matter of fact, she had only taken a strong narcotic, but the maid, in a panic, wired to the husband that his wife was dead. His despair was so great that he shot himself. Meanwhile the wife recovered, and wired him it was all a joke, and she was coming to rejoin him. She found him dead. Then she shot herself, after leaving a letter to her mother, in which she disclosed the above facts about the club. The police were put on its track, but only made a few unimportant arrests.

Various reasons have been urged for the increase of suicides in Russia, and many remedies suggested. The writer asked no less an authority on Russian life than Count Witte for his views. The Count thought a moment before answering.

"There is not one cause, but many," he said at last. "To begin with, our young men begin to live too soon. They are children for such a short time that they lose their health and good spirits before youths of the same age in America have begun to be grown up. They are satiated before they are well out of their teens. Their minds, made morbid by undue excitement, are always craving for new impressions, new sensations. Suicide is new to them, so they try suicide, not because of despair, but from simple lassitude. 'Life,' they say, 'is not worth living.'

"In the case of the very poor, I should say that they often work under worse conditions than the same class in America, or, rather, there is not so much hope for their getting on. With us, the classes are more shut up than there. It wants far more enterprise than you would think for a Russian to 'make himself.'

"Then, too, modern Russian literature has a depressing influence. We have many authors of tremendous talent; but they are all sad. They have none of the joy of life. We have still a lot of eastern fatalism in our psychology. We Russians do not value human life so high as the English, for instance, who not only drag a poor devil whose life is one long burden out of the river, but put him to prison for trying to end things.

"One cannot help admiring the courage of the very poor, who are content to toil and suffer for years, with no prospect of anything better. Can we wonder that some of them break down and take fate into their own hands? In general, too much is made of Russian suicides. We are a young people, finding our way to the light. There must be a number of discouraged ones."

The truth is that people in Russia go into despair over things which would not trouble an Anglo-Saxon much.

Sometimes Russian suicides are ordered by the family, a regiment, or other institution. The case of young Captain Sergius Hurko of the Hussars is an example. The young man was wild, played high and ran into debt. He determined to retrieve his fortunes at Monte Carlo—and failed. As it happened, an old general he had known from childhood was staying at the same hotel, and had won huge sums. Hurko entered his bedroom, gagged him, and stole the money. But the victim had bitten his hand, and though Hurko made off for Petersburg at once, he was recognized as the thief. His family disowned him, and he had a hint from his regiment that the best thing he could do was to "disappear." He did so, the prison authorities facilitating the conveyance of poison to his cell.

Old Baron Mellor-Zakomelski—no relation, by the way, to the young woman who ended her life in champagne, was governor of the Baltic provinces. He had a wild son named Sacha. After paying Sacha's debts many times, he grew tired. When the son made an application for money one day, the father sent him a revolver, telling him to shoot himself. The son, who was making merry in some town in central Russia, ordered a supper, invited all his boon companions, arranged a sleigh expedition afterward, returned to his rooms, and shot himself with his father's present. He left a note saying: "I should have done it long ago, but knew it would afford my father pleasure, so put it off till his revolver came. Now, at least, all the world knows he ordered me to commit suicide."

Suicide Bureau a Success

Many interesting pages from the great book of life are to be found in the report of the operations of the Salvation Army's anti-suicide bureau.

Since it was started 4,751 persons have called to lay their embarrassments before Colonel Emerson, and have asked him to "show cause"—as the lawyers say—why they should not put an end to their lives. The largest number put down the cause of their trouble to financial reasons; after this come drink or drugs, and melancholia.

The applicants come from almost every class except the workers. There are clergymen, missionaries, military officers, doctors, solicitors, schoolmasters, clerks and company promoters. They have all been dealt with according to their needs, and such help has been given them as their cases seemed to demand.

Legal and medical advice has been afforded; creditors have been reasoned with; reconciliations have been brought about with relatives. And the work, according to General Booth, has been successful beyond highest expectations.—London Chronicle.

Controlling the Mississippi.

Regarding some method for mitigating the Mississippi river floods, the Scientific American says: "The present outbreak of the river will serve to direct attention to a proposed method of control which we are inclined to think will prove to be the ultimate solution of the problem. We refer to the plan of providing storage reservoirs in the upper reaches of the river, in which the flood waters due to spring rains and the melting of the snows, could be impounded, to be released in a dry season for the purpose of maintaining the river at a navigable depth."

Bad News.

Hospital Nurse (reading)—Here's an article in the papers saying the appendix serves a useful purpose after all.

Surgeon (hastily)—Oh, cut it out!

Prehistoric Burial Ground

An interesting find, from an archaeological point of view has been made in the showyard of the Highland an Agricultural Society at Cupar, Fifeshire, Scotland. Some excavations were being made in connection with the erection of a stand, when the workmen engaged came upon a number of stone coffins containing human skeletons. The shape of the coffins gave evidence of great antiquity, but were allowed to remain as discovered. This is the second occasion that human remains have been found since the work of erection of the showyard commenced. All over Fife, and especially in the north of the county, traces of stone coffins and prehistoric interments have been found. The coffins which have been discovered may be prehistoric or may have been placed in the burial ground in connection with the old Parish Church of Supar, which was in existence in the twelfth century or even earlier.

Poet's Hope.

"Cheer up, dear," said the poet's wife, looking at him over his evening paper, "there are good times coming."

"What . it now?" inquired the poor poet.

"Here's a piece about an old manuscript poem of Shakespeare's selling the other day for $2,000."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Women Own Reindeer.

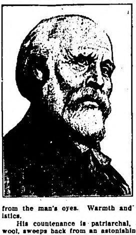
Out of the 260 Eskimos who own reindeer in Alaska, two are women. One of these, Mary Arisarlook Andrewuk, has received the title of "Reindeer Queen of Alaska." "Queen Mary" owns a herd of 1,303 deer, which she manages with judgment and intelligence. According to the usual contract made with the government she is required to train three apprentices and to give to each the customary number of deer. She has done better than this. She has trained and rewarded eight or ten apprentices, and at the present time has another under her care. She long since discarded the igloo, or native hut, underground, in which she was born, and is now comfortably housed near Nome in a cabin of logs. She speaks seven or eight Indian languages, and this has enabled her to be of considerable service as an interpreter.

Want Chaplains on French Fleet.

It will be news to most persons that the French navy has no chaplains afloat, although a moment's consideration would bring to remembrance the fact of the complete divorce between church and state in France. The subject is brought prominently into notice by a petition signed by a great number of the mothers or widows of the sailors who were victims of the accident on the Gloire or the Liberte. The petitioners are to be found in the Midi, Brittany, Var and Finisterre, and they pray the senate for the reappointment of chaplains on warships.—London Globe.

PROMINENT PEOPLE

REMARKABLE PERSONALITY OF HARDIE



Snowy-haired, deep-chested, powerful, keen-eyed, Keir Hardie, leader of millions of British working men, has just finished his third visit to America. The chairman of the Labor party in the house of commons is a striking personality—picturesque and unforgettable. He came to attend the wedding of his son, who is in business in Brooklyn.

At the age of seven Keir Hardie was set to work in a mine. His father had been a miner before him, his mother a working woman. In the mines he stayed for seventeen years. Today, fifty-six years old, he is the leading figure in Parliament in the fight for improving the condition of working people.

The muscular hand grasp with which he welcomes his caller is a reminder of the days when he used to swing a pick. There is warmth in it as well as strength, a warmth that bears out the steady, kindly gaze from the man's eyes. Warmth and strength are Keir Hardie's characteristics.

His countenance is patriarchal, a mass of white hair, like shredded wool, sweeps back from an astonishingly high forehead, a tremendous dome above the dark thatched brows. His face and forehead are ruddy with glowing health. His figure is not tall, but is erect and powerful, and the whole man radiates personality. A full-blooded man. His face suggests a dozen other great men: Tennyson, Lord Salisbury, James J. Hill, the railroad builder; Longfellow—men of great vision, great force, great human sympathy. His clothes are as simple as himself: a dark gray suit whose wrinkles show how friendly it is to its owner; a soft, white shirt, a soft collar, a soft dark blue tie, polka dotted, loosely knotted. He smokes a briar pipe.

"Come right in," he smiles. "That's good American, isn't it? 'Come awa' ben,' the Scotch would have it."

JUDGE FINDS JOY IN HEART COURT

Judge William N. Gemmill, sitting in the Chicago court of domestic relations as the successor to Judge Charles N. Goodnow, re-assigned, the other day declared his work a study of hearts.

Judge Goodnow left the court of domestic relations because he found it filled with heartaches.

Judge Gemmill took up the labors of the court as the most interesting labor of the law.

"I enjoy the work," said the new judge of the court of hearts. "I have just come from a civil court, largely dry as dust sort of work. Here my work is full of 'heart interest.' It is a study of people and motives. The problems here presented are as intricate and interesting as life itself.

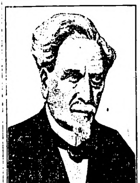
"An unending procession of lives and loves are passed through the court for observation and study.

"The work is far from as full of heartaches and sorrows as the work of a criminal court. There one has to impose long, hard sentences, sometimes death. There are weeping relatives, downcast, bitter men. They get a message of the hard side of justice, cells and the gallows. Here the labor of the court is to produce happiness and peace where infelicities have arisen. There is something hopefully constructive about the work.

"It is a court of 'must,' not 'must not.'"

Judge Gemmill, although now taking up the labor of the court of domestic relations for the first time as the regular judge, has frequently sat for Judge Goodnow.

DEAN OF FRENCH JOURNALISTS QUITS



Henri Rochefort, veteran polemist and dean of French journalists, has laid aside his pen forever.

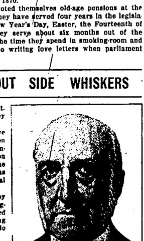
He is almost eighty-two years old, has been in journalistic harness for half a century, and until the present indisposition has not missed writing an article every day for more than forty years. Even since his eyes began to fail him, only once has he missed dictating his daily article.

And now the doughty old fighter takes what he believes to be only a temporary rest at the imperative order of his physicians. The paper for which he has written so many palpitating articles announces that no one replaces him. It says in effect what Jefferson replied when the French foreign minister welcomed him with the remark: "You replace Dr. Franklin." "No," replied the author of Jeffersonian simplicity; "no one can replace Dr. Franklin; I merely succeed him." As long as a shadow of hope remains of his reappearance, no one will succeed Henri Rochefort.

The old war horse of journalism is an Aix-les-Baines and he explains in facetious fashion what he calls the first interuption in his journalistic work since his return from exile in 1870.

Deputies, says Rochefort, have voted themselves old-age pensions at the age of fifty-five, on condition that they have served four years in the legislature. They take holidays around New Year's Day, Easter, the Fourteenth of July and Christmas. Altogether they serve about six months out of the twelve. "I do not count," he adds, "the time they spend in smoking-room and buffet, nor the hours they devote to writing love letters when parliament is in session."

REAL TRUTH ABOUT SIDE WHISKERS



The truth about whiskers is out. Turn the spotlight on Chauncey Depew.

Returning to his own, his native land, after his annual wandering on foreign strands, America's ex-champion after-dinner statesman stood on the deck of an Atlantic steamer the other day and admitted that he was the modern father of all hirsute facial adornment.

Mr. Depew was much incensed by the report that an invasion of English whiskers threatens the United States. He fingered his own flowing white ones caressingly as he made the following points:

That he began to raise this same crop fifty years ago.

That forty-nine years and nine months ago they were just as they are now, barring a whiteness of color that is natural at seventy-nine.

That he made many annual trips to England, taking the whiskers with him each time, and just as surely bringing them back to America each time.

That Englishmen, at first deriding him, came finally to imitate him.

That within the last few years few Englishmen have ventured to brave their bleak native out of doors smooth shaven.

And that, considering all these things, a thinker can plainly see it is not an invasion of English whiskers, but of native grown American whiskers that threatens this country.

IN LAND OF BEAUTY

Switzerland a Perpetual Delight for the Tourist.

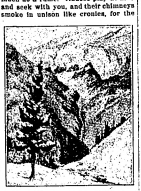
Charm of Ancient Times to Be Met With at Every Turn—Country of Immense Views and Magnificent Sunsets.

Geneva.—"Switzerland for the Swiss," is the occasional plaint that catches the eye of the reader of the Swiss journals, the latest items of the kind being the little communing of Rd in a recent Journal de Geneve. "The strangers are here," it begins, "with their porters, their guides, their autos, their funiculars, the panoramas and shops, and souvenirs born of the shops—will they not presently make our country uninhabitable? But when the day does come," he continues in substance, "and we shall be obliged to abandon the Alps, there will still remain to us the great Swiss plateau."

The Germans do not cease to boast of flowery Lunebourg, the Black Forest, the Bords du Rhin, the Thuringian hills and of the Saxon Switzerland, and perhaps some day, drawn by their persistent praise, we may get to see them, but then, they resemble the scenery of the Swiss plateau.

"Do you know of it?" he continues. "The foot of the Jura, the Fribourg country, the Toggenbourg, High Thurgovia, the outskirts of Schaffhausen, the banks of the Aar and the Reuss, the little lakes of Bienne, Hallwyl and the Greiffensee. And do you know that there are little villages where there are still the good old inns with their wrought iron swing-signs, just as in the days of the diligence? Do you realize the beauties of the hillocks here, the prealpes, from which the view is immense and the sunsets are magnificent?"

There used to be in this old Switzerland the ancient customs. Sundays, when fair, the forests were filled with the young girls in white, with bare arms and flowers in their hair, and troops of children loaded with the berries and blossoms of the country. Now there are no troopsings of the children, no songful young men, no girls in white. You ramble in the woods—it is hot below, but it is always cool and fragrant in groves of pine—but there is no one there. You stroll leisurely, you fill your handkerchief with chanterellies and this is what you see. "A vast expanse of hills, the nearer green, the middle distance, blue. There are masses of forests, one behind another, the village is out there, crowned by its lofty castle, the covered bridge below and the calm river flows without so much as a ruffle. Houses play at hide and seek with you, and their chimneys smoke in unison like cronies, for the hour of supper is approaching. You hear the village bells, first the precentor telling the hour and in his wake the others in solos, duets and trios. Far away the lake is a burning spot in the vast expanse and the long line of the Jura is brown. See, the Alps are turning to roses."



In the Alpine Country.

This is the Switzerland to which Rd would call the attention and appreciation of his countrymen, of which, indeed, they now know but little, "and when you gaze upon it," he concludes, "you cannot help but feel within you the sentiment, 'My Switzerland, my beautiful home.'"

IS MUCH MARRIED MAN

Fifth Spouse Gets Divorce From Former Marine When She Learns of Others.

Philadelphia, Pa.—After evidence had been presented to show that her husband had at least four wives, Mrs. Robert P. Easterly, formerly Miss Helen Martin, 2818 Reynolds street, was granted a divorce by Common Pleas Court No. 5.

Mrs. Easterly testified that she met Easterly, who is also known as Rufus S. Patty, in 1908. They were married and went to live at the home of the bride's parents, in Reynolds street. Soon after a child was born Easterly disappeared.

According to his wife, she started an investigation and learned that Easterly had a wife, who was known as Mrs. Rufus S. Patty, in Canton, O., and another of the same name in Tennessee.

It was also learned the man, who was formerly a member of the United States marine corps, had wives in Washington and Oregon.

YANKEES STUDYING ENGLISH

London School Does a Big Business Teaching Touring Americans "Correct" Accent.

London.—"English taught to foreigners, Americans, and English people. Accurate speech, perfect accent, and an elegant style of writing. English guaranteed in a few weeks."

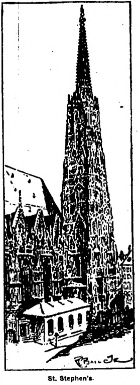
This advertisement appeared recently in the London newspapers. The "Lyceum School of Languages" is responsible for it.

"During the summer," said the manager, "we practically live by teaching English to American visitors. We find here that every American in his heart wants to speak English with a British accent."

GEM OF ARCHITECTURAL ART

St. Stephen's Cathedral in Vienna One of the Finest Specimens of Gothic Building in the World.

St. Stephen's Cathedral in Vienna, where the Eucharistic Congress, an international meeting of the Catholic church, was held, was started in 1144 by Duke Henry Jasomirgott of Badenberg. At that time Vienna was surrounded by a wall to protect the city from the invasion of the Tartars, Turks and other savage tribes. The Giant's Gate and the Heathen Towers were finished in 1147. It was damaged by fire and other accidents caused it to fall into ruin. Under Duke Rudolph IV. of Hapsburg it was rebuilt between 1329 and 1364.



St. Stephen's.

The south tower, the chief glory of the cathedral, was not finished until several years after the duke's death, although the designs made by the duke were carried out. The tower, with its turrets and spiracles, tapers up in a floriated spire to the gilt cross nearly four hundred and fifty feet from the ground. The cathedral is one of the most remarkable examples of Gothic architecture and ranks among the most beautiful church edifices in the world.

WANTS BEEF STEWS PROBED

Man Sends Complaint With Exhibit to Health Department of New York.

New York.—Finding a suspicious looking bone in a beef stew, a man sent a communication to the department of health, requesting that an investigation be made into beef stews, Irish stews, and stews of almost every nationality purveyed in this city. The letter from the suspicious individual stated that he had ordered a beef stew in a Bowery restaurant.

"When I bit down on a piece of meat," was the writer's plaint, "I nearly tore a tooth loose on a bone. Inclosed you will find the same. If that bone ever came out of a cow, I'm no judge of animals. I believe it must either be a part of a cat or a dog. You would greatly oblige me by investigating this case."

The bone was about an inch and a half long.

LANDLORDS A PERIL HERE?

Former M. P. From England Says the System Is Gaining Ground in United States.

St. Joseph, Mo.—That America is fast coming to the landlord and tenantry stage of England, with its attendant woes, was the statement made by Francis Neilson, former member of the British parliament, in speaking at the courthouse on the relation of the taxation of land values in England to the single-tax movement in America. Neilson said 180 members of the house of commons signed the manifesto for the taxation of land values, a movement that is being fought to the bitter end by the peers, who own two-thirds of the 77,000,000 acres of land in the United Kingdom.

Starving on 26 Cents a Week.

Middletown, Conn.—George Ward, an old-time athlete, who four months ago began a series of experiments in living on a minimum quantity of foods of various character, is a patient in a local hospital suffering from lack of nutriment. Although his condition is serious, the physicians say that careful treatment will restore his health, as he has a strong constitution.

Ward is seventy-four years old. He was formerly a well-known long-distance walker. A few weeks ago he announced that he had cut down his diet to a basis where the cost was only 26 cents a week. His menu consisted principally of oatmeal, crackers and pancakes.

To Have Big Air Fleet.

London.—England is to have a mighty air fleet. Plans already under way will put this new arm of the service on a par with that of the other great powers. A great fleet of fighting war planes will be organized immediately. This fleet will consist of two types of machines, one armed with quick-firing guns for engaging and destroying the enemy's aeroplanes and the other designed for scouting.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1912. NUMBER, 15.

ROOSEVELT IS SHOT IN BREAST AT MILWAUKEE

A 32-CALIBRE REVOLVER IS USED—BELIEVED WOUND IS NOT SERIOUS.

WOUND IS NOT SERIOUS.

Colonel Persists in Going to the Auditorium to Speak After the Accident—Crowd is Quieted.

Milwaukee, Oct. 15.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was shot and perhaps seriously wounded as he was leaving the Gilpatrick hotel for the Auditorium to make a speech.

The wound was regarded as superficial and the colonel went on to the hall and began his speech after he had seen the assassin arrested and taken to the police station.

Henry F. Cochems seized the would-be assassin and held him until policemen came up. A mob surged around the man, who apparently is a radical on the subject of Roosevelt's running for another term as president, but the police succeeded in landing him safely in the central station.

The assailant, who is small of stature, admitted firing the shot and said that "any man looking for a third term ought to be shot."

In notes found in the man's pockets at the police station, were statements that the man had been visited in a dream by the spirit of William McKinley, who had said, indicating Colonel Roosevelt, "this is my murderer, avenge my death."

Roosevelt Felt No Pain.

The colonel felt no pain at the time the shot was fired and was not aware that he was shot until he was on the way to the Auditorium. His attention was then called to a hole in his overcoat, and he found that his shirt was soaked with blood. He insisted that he was not hurt badly. A superficial examination of the wound was made when he reached the Auditorium, and three physicians agreed that he was in no immediate grave danger.

The prisoner told the police after an hour's examination that he was John Schrank of 370 East Tenth st., New York.

Colonel Roosevelt's life probably was saved by a manuscript of the speech which he delivered. The bullet struck the manuscript which retarded its force as it passed through into the flesh.

The assailant was prevented from firing a second shot by Albert H. Martin, one of Colonel Roosevelt's two secretaries.

Colonel Roosevelt had just stepped into an automobile when the would-be assassin pushed his way through the crowd in the street and fired.

Martin Leaps Onto Assailant.

Martin, who was standing in the car with the colonel, leaped onto the man's shoulders and bore him to the ground. Captain A. O. Girard, of Milwaukee, who was on the front seat, jumped almost at the same time and in an instant the man was overpowered and disarmed.

A wild cry of "Lynch him!" went up from the crowd. Colonel Roosevelt spoke to the people and told them to spare the assailant. The man was taken into the hotel and held there until he was removed to the police station. In spite of the entreaties of physicians, Colonel Roosevelt insisted upon delivering his address.

"I will make this speech or die, one or the other," he said.

Harry F. Cochems, one of the Wisconsin Progressive leaders, told the great crowd which had assembled in the Auditorium that Colonel Roosevelt had been shot and asked the people to be calm.

The crowd was thrown almost into a panic by the announcement, but Colonel Roosevelt calmed the people by rising and assuring them that he was not badly hurt. Then he began his address.

Several times he seemed to be growing weak, and members of his party rose to help him. He mentioned them to sit down.

"Let me alone. I'm all right," he said.

As soon as Colonel Roosevelt had assured himself that the assassin was safe in the hands of the police, he gave orders to drive on to the Auditorium.

They had driven hardly one of the four blocks from the hotel to the Auditorium when John McGrath, another of Colonel Roosevelt's secretaries, uttered a sharp exclamation and pointed to the colonel's breast.

"Look, colonel," he said, "there is a hole in your overcoat."

Colonel Roosevelt looked down, saw the hole, then unbuttoned the big brown army coat which he was wearing and thrust his hand beneath it. When he withdrew it his fingers were stained with blood.

Colonel Roosevelt was not at all dismayed by his discovery.

"It looks as though I had been hit," he said, "but I don't think it is anything serious."

Dr. Scurrey Terrell of Dallas, Texas, who had entered the automobile just before it started off, insisted that the colonel return to the hotel. He would not hear of it, however, and the car was driven to the Auditorium.

As soon as they reached the building, Colonel Roosevelt was taken into a dressing room and his outer garments were removed.

Dr. Terrell with the help of Dr. John Stratton of Milwaukee and Dr. S. S. Sorenson of Racine, Wis., who were in the audience and came to the dressing room on a call from the platform, made a superficial examination of the wound. They agreed that it was impossible to hazard a guess as to the extent of the colonel's injuries and that he should by all means go at once to a hospital."

"I will deliver this speech or die," said the colonel.

After the meeting closed Roosevelt was rushed to his automobile and flashed through the streets to the emergency hospital.

The operating room had been placed in readiness to receive Colonel Roosevelt and six of the leading surgeons of Milwaukee were awaiting his arrival. Colonel Roosevelt was undressed and placed upon the operating table although he insisted that he was not badly hurt and that the doctors were taking it too seriously.

An examination of the wound showed that it had been made by a bullet of large size.

It entered the fleshy part of the right breast, half way between the collar bone and lower rib. The physicians found that they knew no more after their examination and, as to the location of the bullet, and it was decided to send for an X-ray machine to determine to what depth the missile had penetrated.

While he was waiting for the X-ray machine, Colonel Roosevelt sat up on the operating table and talked politics and joked with the physicians.

Assailant Talks Freely.

After a long cross examination Colonel Roosevelt's assailant, John Schrenk, talked more freely.

The shooting was the result of a carefully laid plan by Schrank, which was often flustrated, but in which he finally succeeded, according to his story.

The man talked freely after his first stubborn refusal to give his name when be was arrested by Sergeant Mooney at the Gilpatrick hotel.

According to his story, he formerly ran a saloon at 370 E. Tenth Street between avenues B and C, New York city. He was born in Erding, Bavaria, two hours out of Munich, the capital. He is 36 years old and came to this country when he was nine years old with his parents. He had been engaged in the saloon business, as proprietor and as an employe of members of his family nearly all his life, until he decided that it was his duty to kill Colonel Roosevelt.

Acquainted With Colonel.

He said he had been personally acquainted with Roosevelt since the colonel was police commissioner of New York in 1895.

He said he deemed it his duty, after much consideration of the situation, to put him out of the way. He was living at his home address at that time he said, but soon after he had a dream in which former President McKinley appeared to him. He was told by McKinley, in this dream that it was not Czolgosz who murdered him but Roosevelt. He said McKinley, in his dream, told him that the blood was on Roosevelt's hands and that Roosevelt had killed him so that he might become president.

Colonel Roosevelt's special train left for Chicago at 12:50 a. m. The Colonel said that be would spend the night on the car and that after remaining a few hours in Chicago he would go on to Indianapolis to fulfill his speaking engagement for tonight.

Roosevelt's Train, South Milwaukee.—Colonel Roosevelt was in bed, resting quietly as the special train pulled out of Milwaukee for Chicago.

Chicago.—Roosevelt will be taken to the Presbyterian hospital on West Congress street, where the four Chicago surgeons who were to have gone to Milwaukee, will extract the bullet.

Milwaukee.—The positive statement that Colonel Roosevelt was not injured seriously was made by Dr. Frederick A. Stratton of Milwaukee, one of the physicians who examined the Colonel.

New York.—John Schrenk formerly lived at the address given in the Milwaukee dispatches. He is a laundryman who left here about a month ago. He has a wife and child here. The police are investigating his history.

Car Hits Auto; One Killed.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—One man was killed, two others seriously hurt and a woman probably fatally injured when a street car collided with a sight-seeing automobile on the South Side.

Club Women of Ohio Meet.

Athens, O., Oct. 15. — The seventeenth annual convention of the Ohio Federation of Women's Clubs opened this morning in the Methodist church, the first session being devoted to addresses of welcome, the annual address of the president, Mrs. Howard Hutchins of Oberlin, and the transaction of business. The attendance is large and the program for the four days provides for the discussion of many of the important topics of the times.

MARQUARD WINS 5-2.

New York Takes Sixth Games of Series.

New York, Oct. 15.—Before a large crowd, New York took the sixth game of the world's series, 5-2. Marquard pitched wonderful ball for the Giants, while O'Brien and Collins were both pitted against him. The scoring came in the first two innings, New York getting five in the opening and the Boston Red Sox getting two in the second.

BULLET BROKE ROOSEVELT'S RIB

NEW X-RAY PLATE REVEALS THE LEADEN PELLET INBEDDED IN THE BONE.

WOUND IS NOT TREATED.

Will Be Allowed to Heal Naturally—The Colonel is in Good Condition in His Wife's Charge.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Colonel Roosevelt slept soundly. The rooms of his suite were kept dark and silent. Night nurse Margaret Fitzgerald was exiled from the room which she turned over to Mrs. Roosevelt, and sat outside with the police sergeant who was on guard. She said that she had nothing to do for the colonel and would not go to him unless he rang.

The bullet wound inflicted in Colonel Theodore Roosevelt's chest at Milwaukee Monday night, it officially was announced for the first time, is healing normally without infection.

The statement that no complications have shown themselves was made after a day during which the first successful x-ray picture made of the wound in the colonel's chest was examined by the surgeons.

The fact was developed that the would-be assassin's bullet fractured the colonel's fourth rib. The missile remains imbedded, apparently in the bone. The fracture, however, it is stated, will not affect the treatment in any way, but will be allowed to heal untreated, as will the wound.

Bullet's Path Lacerated.

A description of the wound was given by Dr. W. B. McCauley, the first to be given the public by the surgeons. He said that the bullet's path through the muscles of the chest is lacerated to some extent by the battered lead, but that there was little contusion and no extensive area of extravasated surrounding tissue.

"The bullet did not mushroom, as might have been expected," Dr. McCauley said. "For that reason it cut a comparatively small hole in the skin and did not reduce a large portion of the nearby tissues to pulp, as is the case in a soft bullet that mushrooms in any tissue after it hits a bone. I thinks the bundle of papers checked it and the spectacles, for some reason, failed to spread the bullet much.

"There is not a sign of suppuration in the wound. The flesh is in good condition and seems to be healing without any evidence of complication. If there were pus forming deep in the wound we would know it at once by an unusual rise of temperature."

Pleural Cavity Untouched.

Dr. McCauley added that it is now certain from the x-ray pictures that the bullet has not entered nor injured the pleural cavity, removing a grave possibility in the case.

He pointed out the normal condition of the patient as indicated by the official chart taken at 10 p. m.

'This case,' he added, "will not be like that of the late President McKinley, whose sudden hopeless turn took the public by surprise. There is nothing to be expected here, but if anything in the way of dangerous symptoms be developed they will be made public at once."

Spends Pleasant Day.

Colonel Roosevelt spent a pleasant day chatting with Mrs. Roosevelt, and with his daughters, Mrs. Longworth and Miss Ethel, and with Theodore, Jr., and Nicholas Longworth, his son-in-law, all of whom visited him and stayed as long as Mrs. Roosevelt would allow.

She has established herself in the room next to the colonel's and will stay there as long as he is in the hospital. The colonel went to much pains in having the rooms made homelike to receive her and this evening their laughter was heard a number of times until the hour when the colonel felt like going to sleep. He read for a time after the surgeons left, after their night visit, and then dropped off quietly to sleep.

War Secrets to Be Guarded.

Washington, Oct. 17.—For the protection of the military secrets of the United States, President Taft has issued an executive order forbidding foreign vessels to enter the folowing ports without special authority of the navy department: Tortugas, Fla.; Great Harbor, Culebra; Guantanamo, Cuba; Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; Guam and Subig Bay, Philippine Islands. These ports are naval bases.

Nat Goodwin Sued.

San Diego, Oct. 17. — Charles N. Doughty of this city, has suit begun against Nat C. Goodwin, the actor, for $25,000, alleging alienation of the affections of Mrs. Doughty.

British Concern Given Contract.

Washington, Oct. 17.—A contract for part of the armor-piercing shells for the United States navy, on which the Hatfield Steel company of England recently underbid all American competitors by nearly $200,000 on less than a million dollar contract for 2,000 14-inch shells, and by about $300,000 on a contract of about $1,000,000 for 2,500 12-inch shells, will be awarded to the English concern, it is announced by Secretary Winthrop.

INVESTIGATE SCHRANK'S LIFE

NEW YORK POLICE SEND DATA TO MILWAUKEE.

Prisoner Born in Bavaria—Came to U. S. When Nine Years Old.

New York, Oct. 17.—Every scrap of information which Inspector Joseph Faurot, in charge of the detective bureau here, has been able to gather regarding John Schrank, Theodore Roosevelt's assailant, has been forwarded to Chief of Police Janssen of Milwaukee.

A bundle of papers found at the Brooklyn hotel, where Schrank made his home from February, 1911, to Jan. 15, last, included a number of birth and marriage certificates, papers showing dates of the deaths of several relatives, tax certificates and several postal cards and letters, together with some poems in German, and a collection of writings by Gen. Thaddeus Kosciusko. There was also a Bavarian school report dated for the term ending July 22, 1889. This said Schrank was a good boy and stood well in reading and writing.

One of the postal cards, written in German, was from Schrank's mother, Catherine Schrank. It was dated at Erding, Oct. 12, 1889, and chided her son for not writing her. A letter from the mother, dated Dec 19, 1890, again reprimanded him for not writing and stated she was going to have the German consul look him up.

A birth certificate showed that Nepomuk Schrank was born March 5, 1876, at Erding. The names of the parents were given as Michael and Catherine. There was also a certificate of baptism in the city church at Erding. Another paper was from the royal court at Bavaria, stating that the elder Schrank left no money. There was also a photograph of John Schrank.

The police declare that he came from ancestry in which insanity was frequent and had been presumably slightly unbalanced for several years. The unhinging of his mind is believed to date either from the death of his aunt in 1907, or from the death of a girl friend in the Slocum disaster.

Schrank has absolutely no police record in this city.

CRIPPLE FIGHTS DOG.

Animal Attacks Two Other Small Pupils.

New York, Oct. 17.—Two boys were bitten by a white bulldog which got into a class room on the third floor of a public school here.

James O'Neill, 10 years old, coaxed the dog to come into the room. An instant later the class of boys as well as the teacher were terror-stricken. The dog fastened its teeth in O'Neill's right leg. Two of the boys beat the animal off with their hands. He then leaped at Thomas Laurissa, 12 years old and dragged the boy to the floor.

The rest all got away from the animal and William Tesdate, who walks with a crutch, was left alone on the bench. Tesdate was helpless with terror. His crutch had fallen to the floor and he dared not stoop to pick it up. Finally William Wenig, 11 years old, realized the predicament Tesdate was in and darted across the room and grasped the crutch as a weapon.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 17.—Wheat, December, 88¼c; May, 93⅛c; No. 1 northern, 87½-90c; No. 2 northern, 85½-87¾c; No. 1 durum, 87½c; No. 3 corn, 66c; No. 2 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, [illegible]; No. 2 rye, 65½c; No. 1 flax, $1.55½.

Duluth, Oct. 17.—Wheat, December, 88¾c; May, 93⅛c.

South St. Paul, October 17.—Cattle—Steers, $6.00; cows, $4.00@5.50; calves, $4.00@8.75; hogs, $8.65@8.90; sheep and lambs, $2.75@6.65.

Chicago Live tSock.

Chicago, October 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $5.50@10.85; Texas steers, $4.50@5.85; western steers, $5.75@9; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.25; cows and heifers, $2.90@7.90; calves, $7.50@10.

Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; market slow, 5@10c under yesterday's average; light, $8.60@9.20; mixed, $8.60@9.30; heavy, $8.55@9.25; rough, $8.55@8.75; pigs, $5@7.75; bulk of sales, $8.90@9.20.

Sheep—Receipts, 30,000; market strong; native, $3.60@4.85; western, $3.75@4.85; yearlings, $4.65@6; native lambs, $4.75@7.50; western, $5@7.55.

Chicago Grain Markets.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Lower cables today pulled support from under wheat. Peace with Italy acted against hard prices and there was less apprehension in regard to the Balkan situation. Heavy receipts northwest were also on the side of the bears. The opening was ½@1c down. December started at 93c to 93½c, the same change from last night as the market taken altogether. A decline to 92⅞c followed.

Railways at Minneapolis blockaded by arrivals of new wheat brought about an additional backset. The close was nervous with December 1⅜c net lower at 93⅜c.

Favorable weather had a depressing effect on corn. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅛@⅜c off at 53⅛c to 53¼c, and sagged to 53@53⅛c.

Later the market rallied as a result of commission buying. The close was firm, ⅛@¼c net higher for December at 53⅜c.

Oats dropped, owing to lack of demand. December started ¼c to ⅛@⅜c lower, at 32⅜@32½c to 33¼c, and seemed disposed to keep within that range.

$12,000,000 Forgery.

London, Oct. 17.—A late Brussels dispatch to the Daily Mail tells of the discovery of forgery in railroad bonds amounting to more than $12,000,000. The affair will cause widespread ruin in Belgium, Paris and Lille. A large part of the investors were persons of small means and their entire wealth was wiped out. A stock broker who lost $200,000 by the forgeries committed suicide by shooting himself. The forged bonds were on the Ghent and Terneuzenrick, the only non-state line in Belgium.

BOSTON WINS WORLD'S SERIES

RED SOX TAKE TITLE IN TENTH INNING BY SCORE OF 3-2.

GIANTS GAME UNTIL END

Both Teams Played Wonderful Ball in Stirring Wind-Up of Country's Longest Series.

Boston, Oct. 17.—The Boston Red Sox, winners of the American League pennant for 1912, took the last game of the world's series by a score of 3-2. With this game goes the world's championship title in baseball.

Winning this game, the Boston Club gives their league one more world's pennant than has been won by the National League.

New York led 1 to 0 up to the seventh, when the Sox got busy and tied the score. In the tenth New York got one but Boston came to bat and dashed their hopes with two runs and a winning score.

Two striking pictures featured the preliminary incidents before the world's decisive battle game. On one side of the field McGraw, warming up Mathewson, Marquard and Ames, shifted from one to the other and on to third in his final inspection before launching his final selection on Mathewson, where everything swung upon the right man pitched. On the other side, Stahl warming up Wood. Bedient and Collins, watched with equal keenness the form shown before flashing his final choice of Bedient.

Boston, as usual, drifted on the field first, one by one, but to show the great confidence they felt, the Giant squad rushed on in a body—rushed at full speed, chanting the Boston battle hymn; which still remains the well-known "Tessie."

No more confident squad ever tripped through the gates of ball field. They went to work with a snap and dash, while the Redsox loosened up slowly without any dash, but with a noticeable grimness as if they meant to even up for those last two defeats by the most desperate playing they have shown all year.

Fight in Redsox Ranks.

The rumors still flying thick and fast about the scrap between Joe Wood and Buck O'Brien were confirmed. The two Redsox athletes undoubtedly mixed and exchanged wallops, showing the high, unnatural tension beneath which the team is laboring. For the Redsox undoubtedly were under a far greater strain than the Giants, which every advance move plainly showed.

All told, 270,000 people have paid $520,000 to see these eight battles and now that the entire series was banked and massed into one afternoon's work, the frenzy and mania of the occasion can be appreciated by every fan who thrills and throbs under ordinary incidents.

The attendance was far and away the smallest of the series. The crowd was probably about 20,000. Great patches of seats in the general admission section and in the reserved section were bare. The Boston club owners just before the game supplied the fans with "rattles" to be used to cheer on the Redsox. Ticket speculators outside the park offered reserved seats below cost prices.

Manager McGraw evidently was not satisfied with the stuff Marquard showed when he warmed up, and five minutes before the play started he sent a hurry-up call for Matty to work out at breakneck speed to be ready. Bedient showed far more speed than Wood as they warmed up together with Manager Stahl standing between them to pass judgment.

Umpires: O'Loughlin behind the bat, Rigler on the bases. Klem left foul line, Evans right foul line.

Bomb in Mails.

Chicago, Oct. 17.—Clerks in the Chicago postoffice discovered what is believed to be a dynamite bomb wrapped in a package and addressed to a man whose identity was not disclosed. The explosive was rolled in heavy cardboard with both ends sealed. Detectives were detailed to trace the sender of the package.

Storm Damage Not Heavy.

Corpus Christi, Oct. 17.—Beyond the washing out of railroad tracks and the demolishing of several small buildings, the storm which raged along the southwestern coast of Texas Tuesday night and Wednesday has caused no damage, so far as reports indicate. Tuesday night the wind reached a velocity of 52 miles an hour, but decreased Wednesday. At Brownsville, the maximum was 60 miles. Rain has fallen continuously for 48 hours.

Defalcation is $5,600,000.

Brussels, Oct. 17.—Defalcations already aggregating $5,600,000 and constantly increasing, have been unearthed in the offices of the Gand-Terneuzen railroad here through the accidental discovery of false share certificates among a small parcel recently sold.

Antiquarians Honor Taft.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 17.—President Taft came to Worcester from New York to be the guest of the American Antiquarian society. He was made a member of the society.

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

VOTES FOR FEDERATION.

Crookston Votes for Federation. Same Thing Is Rejected in N. D.

Crookston.—As the result of three joint meetings of conference committees named by the Congregational and Presbyterian church, not a single vote was cast by the committees in opposition to a plan for a union of the two churches. By the plan proposed the two congregations are to be united as one Congregational church, the members of the Presbyterian church to be admitted by letter; the property of the Congregational church to be the property of the United church, and the property of the Presbyterian church to be disposed of in such manner as that church may designate. Upon the union of the two churches all the present officers of the Congregational church are to be chosen by the members of the united church.

Now that the plan for union has been adopted by the joint committee, the proposition will be submitted to the vote of each congregation and it is believed both denominations will be practically unanimous in approving the recommendation of the committee. When this is done, the necessary legal steps to perfect the union will be taken.

This is the first definite step to a church union in Crookston, the plan of last year to unite five or six of the protestant churches having been abandoned. It is believed that after the Congregational and Presbyterian churches have united others will join them.

State Ballot Is Rearranged.

St. Paul.—Acting on an opinion which he received from the state legal department Secretary of State Schmahl has revised the make-up of the state ballot by placing the candidates for chief justice and justice of the supreme court at the foot of the list. As first arranged they preceded candidates for railroad and warehouse commission. The change is made because of the non-partisan feature of the new election law. All other officers have a party designation and the removal of the judges serves to keep the party list intact.

Europe Wants Wheat.

Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce.—Very sensationally bullish cables greeted the domestic grain trade. Europe was visibly disturbed over the sinister developments in the near East. All markets were up from 1 to 3 cents a bushel and the strength held throughout their sessions. A large export business since last Friday in wheat and flour was reported and while the very large Northwestern receipts tended to check the full response but 1¼ cents advance was scored before the buying power began to lag behind the offers.

Lodge Ritual Changes Here.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Walter B. Richie of Lima, Ohio, George L. Lusk of Bay City, Mich., and George P. Tawney of Winona, Minn., members of the ritual committee, Knights of Pythias, were in Minneapolis preparing the revised ritual for the printer. Several slight changes were made, which required a meeting of the committee and reprinting. Mr. Richie has been identified with Ohio and national politics for many years. In 1889 and 1890 he became prominent by successfully managing the late Senator Brice's campaign.

Thrown Off of Bridge.

Mankato.—Enticed upon the Minnesota river bridge at midnight, robbed and then thrown over the bridge into the deepest part of the stream, is the story told to the police by Peter Ulmen, a farmer living near the city. Ulmen says there were three men in the gang, who had been drinking at various saloons. He managed to get out after sinking twice. One suspect has been arrested, but he denies any knowledge of the affair.

Stranger Killed on Track.

Detroit.—The mangled body of an unidentified man was found on the Northern Pacific tracks four miles west of here Sunday. A printer's apron and a few pieces of jewelry were found near the body. It is thought he fell from a train while stealing a ride.

Big Barn and Grain Burn.

Pipestone.—The barn on the George E. Millard farm, with nearly all of its contents, was destroyed by fire at a loss of nearly $5,600. Seventy-five tons of hay, 200 bushels of buckwheat, 4,000 bushels of oats and a large amount of farm machinery were destroyed.

South Bend Man Slashed With Razor.

Mankato.—Tom Moon is under arrest, charged with assault in the first degree upon Ernest Sorrell of South Bend. The quarrel was over something trivial, but resulted in Moon drawing a razor, according to witnesses, and slashing Sorrell across the face from his left eye back through the middle of his ear and down to his neck. The ear was cut in two. Sorrell lies in a hospital with forty-two stitches in his face, but it is thought the chances are good for his recovery.

SUSPECT IS HELD.

Police Capture Man With Safe-Blower's Outfit.

International Falls.—Chief of Police Christianson and Officers Lowess and Langdon of the local police force have made an important capture in the arrest of a man who gave his name as Lewis Williams of Superior, Wis.

He had in his possession a bottle of nitro-glycerine, two 38 caliber revolvers, a bunch of skeleton keys, an electric flash light, a book of postoffice money order blanks and a rubber dating stamp with the name Lengby on it.

He purchased an overcoat at Greengard's Clothing store and paid for it with a $47 money order on the Lengby office. He then bought drinks in the U. and H. saloon and paid for them with a $22 order and then went to the John Harrison saloon, where he paid for a drink with a $25 money order. Harrison got suspicious and had him shadowed to the Bancroft saloon where he was cashing a $22 money order.

The police were notified, and after a chase rounded him up. Going to his room they found a new suitcase which the alleged yeggman said belonged to his pal, Joe Devine, whom he left in Bemidji. Most of the things named were in his suitcase.

He says two of his pals, who are yeggmen by the name of Jes Foley and Chas. Roy, have started for Chicago. The postoffice authorities have been notified. It is believed that the prisoner is a bad man.

CAMPAIGN STATEMENTS.

State Progressive Committee Spends $1,690.

Minneapolis. — Statements of receipts and expeditures were filed with Secretary of State Julius A. Schmahl by the progressive and republican state central committees, in accordance with the provisions of the corrupt practices act.

During the last two weeks the progressives' committee has expended $1,690, and among the items enumerated are $96 to the Twin City Taxicab company, $30 to the Litchfield Auto company, and $20 to Hugh T. Halbert. The receipts in the same period were $1,292, of which $1,000 was contributed by the national progressive committee; S. M. Buck of Faribault and M. S. Stevens of Graceville gave $50 each, and C. S. Koehler of Winona is stated to have contributed $49.

P. V. Collins, progressive candidate for governor, has spent $243.50 in the last two weeks, of which $156 was for printing. He furnished $193.50 himself and P. L. A. Ferguson contributed $50.

Hugh T. Halbert, progressive candidate for congress in the fourth district, has spent $22 in the same period, all contributed by himself.

The republican state committee's statement mentions expenditures aggregating $920, and the only receipts listed are $100 from Lyndon A. Smith and $25 from C. C. Andrews.

Moorhead Has New Ordinances.

Moorhead.—The city council passed an ordinance allowing the Tri-State Telegraph & Telephone company the right to string wires and cables along certain streets and alleys for its long distance service exclusively. An ordinance was passed also, providing for the licensing and governing of motor vehicles used for the transportation of passengers. Another ordinance passed provides for the licensing of theaters, moving picture shows and kindred amusements. The theaters fee is $25 a year.

3 Killed; 3 Injured.

Minneapolis.—Three persons were killed and three more were injured in a series of accidents in the Twin Cities. Those killed were: Martin Sather, electrocuted while working on the new Columbia Heights reservoir; Louis Wolf, struck by a switch engine at Twenty-fifth avenue and Second street, and Micholas Gordoneff, buried in a cave-in, while working in a sewer in Blair and Hamline avenues, St. Paul.

Norman Fair Closes; Manahan Talks.

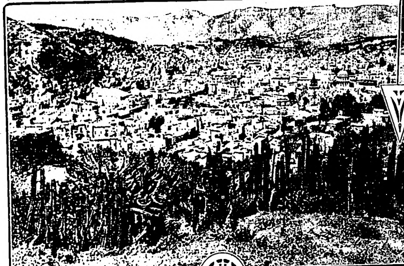
Ada. — The Norman county fair closed with a good attendance. James Manahan was the principal speaker. There was an excellent exhibit of farm products, including one from the agricultural college in Crookston, and a ballon assension each day. The weather was a little cool but this did not seem to affect materially, the size of the crowds. Some good prizes were awarded.

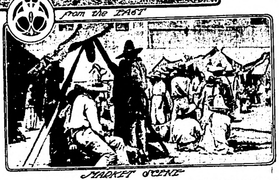
Physician Jailed.

Minneapolis.—Charged with fleecing a patient by falsely diagnosing his case and administering colored water for medicine, charging a high fee, Dr. Ernest R. Taylor was arraigned before Police Judge J. W. Finehout in St. Paul and pleaded not guilty. His hearing was set for Monday and he was freed on $5,000 bail furnished by Minneapolis friends. He had already spent a night in jail, following his arrest by Detective T. P. Gleason. The charge was brought by Harold A. Weld, his former assistant.

GUADALAJARA'S DOOM *is* NEAR

STREET SCENE


GUADALAJARA



MARKET SCENE

BECAUSE the crater of a boiling, seething volcano is directly beneath this city of 150,000 souls, in all probability Guadalajara, which is the state capital of Jalisco, will be moved to a point some distance from what scientists say is to be one of the most active volcanoes on the entire American continent. The subterranean volcano has caused 340 earthquakes in the last three months. Twice, once in July and once in August, the shocks became so heavy that they practically depopulated the city for nearly a week on each occasion.

Seven scientists headed by Prof. Ramon Leon of the seismographic branch of the National Observatory have just finished a report on the quakes and their causes. They declare that Guadalajara, with its 150,000 inhabitants, is built in the crater of a giant volcano which was active about 1,800 years ago. Below the city, they add, is the center of this crater, in which a new crater has formed, likely to break out at any time.

They warn the residents of Guadalajara that beneath them is an enormous caldron of molten stone and burning coal and sulphur combined with gases which come from still further down in the bowls of the earth. The report urges that the city be moved, or that at least the inhabitants abandon it immediately. The center of the crater is located a trifle west of the main plaza and practically under the state palace, or capitol of the state of Jalisco.

Scientific measurements, soundings with a diamond drill and experiments with the gases which have been pouring through cracks in the earth in the city are given, with detailed results of the study. Professor Leon and his associates deduce that as surely as science can forecast the city will be destroyed by this buried crater, which they say is enormous, though they admit that they cannot with accuracy foretell when the volcano will burst forth.

They infer that the destruction will come within a year, for they say that the volcano, whose caldron is placed 300 feet below the surface of the earth, is what is known as ripe for the explosion. The report goes on to say that this is the first instance in the history of the world in which a city has been located over the crater of a volcano and that the heat from the buried bowl of fire accounts for the warm climate of Guadalajara, which, while 5,000 feet above the sea, has the temperature all the year round of a coastal resort, with practically no change between summer and winter.

Increasing heat noticed in this part of Jalisco for the past year and recorded by the local branch of the government weather bureau first gave Professor Leon the idea that subterranean fires were responsible for the climate. Then came the earthquakes, the opening of fissures in the main streets of the capital of the state, and the escape of large volumes of sulphur laden gases from these fissures.

Fullest publicity is being given to the report here, and government officials are seriously considering the removal of the capital to Juanacatlan on the Santiago river.

The removal will follow the taking away of all the government papers, which have been transferred to Mexico City already. The state palace or capitol in Guadalajara is one of the largest and most beautiful of all the buildings of its kind in Mexico and cost approximately 7,000,000 pesos. It fronts on the main plaza or public square and occupies one entire end, being nearly three hundred yards in length.

Guaralajara is the second city in the republic, ranking next to Mexico City in population and above it in wealth, being second only to Merida, Yucatan, in this respect. It is the market place of two of the richest states in Mexico, Jalisco and Michoacan, and is commonly called "the Pearl of the Occident," while the surrounding territory is known as the granary of Mexico.

For these reasons the people who live here are loath to leave the city. The Catholic church will be especially hard hit if the removal idea is carried out. The cathedral, which is one of the finest in Mexico, contains more gold and silver ornaments than any other church save the cathedral of Puebla, and has in addition the distinction of having been completed in 1618 and of having been almost destroyed by an earthquake in 1750. It was severely shaken in 1518, and cracked in three places by the first series of the 310 quakes of the past three months, in June, 1912. The towers are 200 feet high, Byzantine in construction and the structure occupies one of the most valuable pieces of land in Guadalajara.

The most precious art possession of the entire republic is contained in the sacristy of the cathedral. It is Murillo's painting of the "Assumption of the Virgin," and it hangs directly above the entrance. In point of color and freshness this painting is better than any Murillo now known to the art world of Europe or America, while the work is one of the best examples of the famous master.

The beauty of this canvas has attracted thousands, and not a few offers have been made to purchase it, one of $250,000 coming from a New York financier. Seven times thieves have attempted to cut it from its frame, but each time they were foiled by the vigilance of the priests. Four of the would-be robbers were captured and are now serving terms or have died in the prisons of Jalisco.

In June, 1818, when the cathedral was nearly destroyed, the section of wall on which this painting is fastened stood through all the quake. In June, 1912, when a crack more than a foot wide was opened in the top of the wall above this painting the gash ran downward almost to the end of the mahogany frame and then divided into two cracks or fissures, encircling the canvas, but never touching it. The Indians believe, and the priests aid them in this belief, that nothing can harm "la santissima Virgen de Guadalajara," and so far the terrific tremblers have failed to injure it in the least.

The canvas was given to the Guadalajara diocese by the king of Spain shortly after the Peninsular war as a mark of gratitude for the large sums of money turned over to the crown by this branch of the church in Mexico and it was hidden ten years in a niche in the cathedral to keep it from the French at the time of the occupation of Mexico.

"The top of the bowl of the crater beneath Guadalajara," said Professor Garcia while here, "is approximately 1,500 feet in diameter, but the actual bowl is much wider. I should say it is a quarter of a mile in width, and how deep no man can say.

"The composition of the escaping gases indicates that they are coming from burning coal and sulphur in a molten state, precisely the combination which causes the eruptions of Mount Colima, the only active volcano on the North American continent, about 90 miles due south of Guadalajara. Undoubtedly Colima, which blows off in a regular eruption about the middle of every September, is connected in some unknown manner with the hot springs, miniature geysers and many dead volcanoes which cover the territory reaching from the southern end of the Sierra Nayarit, about 60 miles north of Guadalajara, to the sea at Manzanillo.

"I would not care to prophesy, but I believe that the annual fall eruption of Colima will see some sort of disturbance here, though it may be only heavy earthquakes and not the breaking out of the volcano. We ran diamond drills so deep into the earth in the center of Guadalajara that they came back almost red hot, no matter how slowly we operated them. We lowered the best thermometers into the holes made by these drills and they recorded heat beyond the melting point of lead.

"We analyzed the gases coming from the fissures in various parts of the city and we found that they were not surface gases, coming from pockets in the earth and released by the earthquake, but that they exhibited all the characteristics of gases which have been taken from the vents of Colima and Popocatepetl volcanoes.

"Lastly we traced the scores of earthquake shocks which were felt here during the ten days of our stay and we found that every one was volcanic in its origin and not caused by the slipping of faults in the earth, as are some of the coastal quakes of this country and the United States. All were trepidatory, that is to say, up and down quakes, usually local in character and not oscillatory, as are most earthquakes which extend over a large section of the world's surface.

"This was our first hint that the quakes were volcanic—the confined area over which the tremors were felt. Then the seismograph, which was brought here from Mexico City and set up, indicated with its needle finger that the source of the shocks were almost beneath the city.

"We knew the quakes were volcanic and confined to an area not more than 100 miles in diameter. Neither Colima nor any other volcano in Mexico was in eruption. We had to look closer to Guadalajara for the cause. We made a trip through the surrounding country and discovered that the city lies in the center of what was once a volcano.

"The walls of this ancient crater are fully 15 miles on all sides from the city. From the character of the stone composing these walls, their evidences of fire and the condition of the lava fragments which litter the bowl of the crater, I should say it was last active from 1,800 to 2,000 years ago.

"The mountain range which surrounds the city on all sides is the wall of this ancient crater. On the north and east, you know, the plateau of Mexico slopes downward to these ranges; on the west and south the ancient volcano wall slopes away 5,000 feet downward through some 70 or 80 miles to the Pacific ocean. This was an ideal location for a volcano, and precisely similar to the location of Colima, still active, and Orizaba, which, while still smoking, has not been active for 400 years.

"Now, in the center of this ancient crater, which must have been larger than any volcano of which we have knowledge at the present day, was the blow hole, or vent. Over this blow hole the Spaniards who conquered Mexico set up the city of Guadalajara, little thinking that they were selecting a veritable death trap for their settlement. Slowly through the eighteen or twenty centuries since it was last active this central melting pot of the old volcano has been forming a new and equally powerful mass of molten material, which sooner or later will blow Guadalajara off the face of the earth.

"An earthquake, landslides, cloudbursts or other elemental disturbances filled the opening of this ancient crater with a cap 300 feet in thickness. This cap, much thicker than that which any other volcano has had to blow off, is the only thing that has saved Guadalajara from destruction years ago. How long it will protect the city now is a question no man can answer and prove the answer. It may be years; to my mind it is a matter of months; in any event, I believe that the only way to save the capital is to move it bodily and move it while there is time to do so."

Aside from its scientific interest, and from the unique situation of a city built on a volcano, there remains the very practical problem which confronts Guadalajara—the job of moving a city of 150,000 souls to a new location. So far, Juanacatlan is the most likely candidate for the honor of being the capital of Jalisco, but there are a number of other towns out of range of the buried crater, all of which will be considered before the change is made.

All sorts of wild propositions to tap the crater and draw off the menacing fires have been made to the authorities of Guadalajara, but the men of science say there is no way to curb the demon of fire caged by nature below and that the city must be removed or it will be destroyed. One man proposed to turn the waters of the Santiago river into a huge tunnel, driven to the heart of the crater, but the earthquake specialists quickly informed the city officials that this merely would cause an immediate and more terrible explosion than if the crater were left to itself.

Another man offered to tunnel into the crater from a point five miles outside the city, and on the slightly lower or western side, and let the contents of the crater flow out. He was disappointed when informed that his tunnel would have to be about 500 feet in diameter and that the heat would be so great a hundred feet from the inner end of the tunnel that human beings could not endure it.

Thus it appears that unless a "surgeon for earthquakes" appears, and that very shortly, Guadalajara will have to pick up her houses and move to a new location. The result to real estate owners and men who have bought or built some of the fine blocks which mark the main streets of the Jalisco capital will be financial ruin.

Some of these men profess to doubt the word of the scientists and to believe that the city is safe. They will throw their influence and their votes against moving the city unless they can be convinced that there is a very real personal danger for themselves and their families.

PATERNAL WISDOM.

"Son, are you really determined to get married?"

"Yes, father."

"And you feel that you can support a wife?"

"Oh, yes."

"Well, just remember that the dictonary says 'to support' also means 'to endure.'"

A PROFESSIONAL TRICK.

The Young Lawyer—How do you expect to prove that your client is mentally irresponsible?

The Old Lawyer—Easy enough. His wife has preserved all his old love letters and I'm going to read 'em to the jury.

WHO'S WHO *and Why*

WHEN ITALY'S KING AND QUEEN PLAY

During their past summer vacation, the king and queen of Italy were more in the public eye than ever, owing to the war. They are at present at their estate of San Rossore, near Pisa, whence they frequently go to visit hospitals to see wounded soldiers from Africa, to review troops, and take part in other functions on which the heart of the nation is now concentrated.

The royal yacht Yela is in constant demand, and the king and queen generally take their small family of four along, as they are all excellent sailors. Princess Yolanda, who is quite a photographer, has been devoting herself principally to sea views. The privacy with which the king always moves gives rise to many piquant incidents. For a ruler who goes about in his own kingdom as much as Victor Emanual III does, he is not known to many officials.

The Yela put in Spezia recently, and was boarded by the harbor-master. Princess Yolanda was about to take a snapshot of him, when he exclaimed: "It is against the rules; you cannot take photographs; you had better give me the machine." The princess, too young to stand on her dignity, burst into tears and gave up the camera, when the king appeared on deck. Even then the official did not know with whom he had to do, and was about to speak, when one of the officers came forward and said: "His majesty." The man, who was speechless with embarrassment, was relieved by a laugh from the queen, who proposed that he should give Princess Yolanda back her camera and that he should stand up and have his photograph taken. The princess later sent him a copy which did credit to her skill.

On another occasion the king was not allowed to land until after the usual inspection, and as under such circumstances he never reveals himself and never insists, it was some time before the official knew that he had been refusing passage to his sovereign.

ESTRADA SAYS NICARAGUA PLUNDERED

"Zelaya's government plundered Nicaragua so shamelessly that in spite of its inexhaustible natural resources our country is bankrupt. Neither the state nor private citizens have at their command the capital necessary to develop Nicaragua. When I overthrew by the force of arms the Zelaya clique I hoped that peace would finally reign in my country. General Mena has shattered my hopes. I know now that we should no longer jeopard our future by a silly pride in our anarchistic independence. Some larger nation must help us out, and if the United States cannot do it, who can?"

According to Gen. Juan Estrada, former president of Nicaragua, such is the present situation. The general is now in this country and is living in Brooklyn at the Hotel St. George with his political associate, General Moncada.

The ex-president is a strikingly handsome, powerful and impressive man of forty-five, with large flashing eyes, an olive complexion and blue-black hair. His clear-cut sentences, his rare but forceful gestures, reveal the man of action. General Moncada, shorter in stature, gray-haired, softer in speech, gives an impression of polish, culture and statesmanlike ability.

"Revolutions," General Estrada said, "can no longer help us. I personally thought for a long while that petty tyrants could be done away with through popular revolt. I know better now. I led the army against Zelaya and after establishing peace in the land turned over my authority to a splendid man, Adolfo Diaz.

"For years the civil power had been usurped by military chieftains, and therefore when I resigned the presidency in favor of Diaz I insisted that General Mena and General Chamorro should declare before witnesses their willingnss to support the new president and to abstain henceforth from interference in political affairs.

"'Let Adolfo take the presidency,' General Mena said, and turning to General Chamorra he added: 'You and I, Emiliana, better keep our hands off.'

"You know how Mena has kept his word. The revolution of Bluefields was useless. We got rid of Zelaya, but we now have saddled ourselves with Mena."

RENOUNCES WORLD FOR MISSION WORK

William H. Borden, young Chicago millionaire, was ordained a minister of the gospel the other night at Moody church. He has sacrificed all other ambitions to his desire to become a minister and devote his life to work in the Chinese missionary field.

Mr. Bordon is a graduate of Yale university and Princeton theological seminary. Although still a young man, he has devoted many years of his life and a great deal of his wealth to church work. He is a son of the late W. B. Borden and a brother of John Borden.

While Mr. Borden was attending Yale university he founded the Hope mission in New Haven, a rescue home for "down-and-outs," and denoated the building and equipment, at a personal cost of more than $20,000. Since his departure from the university the work in the mission is being carried on by other men in college.

Mr. Borden has long intended to gratify his lifelong desire to serve as a missionary in China. At the solicitation of the Student Missionary Volunteer association he will spend the winter visiting the colleges of the country and making addresses to the students on the subject of Christianity.

His tour of the colleges will begin in New York and will extend from coast to coast.

DECLARES WARS SOON BE ABOLISHED

In an address on "The Natural Forces in America Working Toward International Peace" before the International Peace Congress at Geneva, Switzerland, Mrs. Elmer Black, chairman of the propaganda committee of the American Peace and Arbitration league, declared that war as a means of settling differences between nations will soon be abolished. She said that there were certain invincible forces working toward this end, with little noise, but with irresistible power.

Using conditions in America as an example, she said in part:

"There are certain great natural forces working in America toward the final consummation of world peace. These natural forces are developing the processes of social and economic evolution through which we are working out our part in the world's destiny.

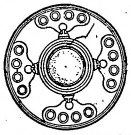
"First among these I place the remarkable awakening of our people to the general subject of conservation. We are unquestionably alive to the importance of conserving our material and human resources, and this is a condition opposed to war.

TO HAVE INDIVIDUAL CUPS

Boston Has Planned the First Sanitary Drinking Place for Horses in World.

Boston.—In the new drinking fountain to be erected in Postoffice square to the memory of George T. Angell this city, it is believed, will have the first watering trough in the world with specially constructed individual drinking cups for horses. Of the $5,000 which its erection will cost, $647.77 was contributed by school children of the city, who gave one cent each.

There will be sixteen individual drinking cups so arranged that they will cleanse themselves after each horse has finished drinking. The water will be running into each cup constantly. It is expected each horse will drink practically all the water in the cup, then before the next horse arrives the cup will fill and overflow. This will carry off all the foam and any dangerous germs the first horse may have left in the cup. There is no connection between the cups. It is believed this latest plan in sanitary drinking fountains for horses will do much toward preventing diseases which are spread through watering troughs.


View From Top, Showing Plan of Boston's Sanitary Drinking Fountain for Horses.

The fountain is of artistic design, the main basin being sixteen feet in diameter. At the base will be watering places for dogs.

SHELL TO BLIND BANDITS

French Commission Proposes Unique Weapon That Is Highly Regarded.

Paris, France.—The warlike destruction of the Paris bandits several months ago, when a small army was necessary to defeat and kill several terrorists who had turned a house into a fortress, induced the police to evolve some instrument which would protect them from the bullets of similar bandits in the future. The result was the manufacture of a powerful shield designed to protect the policeman's body in case of future conflicts.

M. Lepine, the prefect of police, likewise appointed a commission to study other means of defense and offense in coping with the new type of modern criminal. The commission has proposed a sort of shell, weighing about a pound, which, by a special apparatus, emits a powerful gas which momentarily blinds the bandits and makes effective fighting on their part impossible. Experiments with the new projectile were entirely successful, and the deadly gas shell has taken its place among the instruments of police attack.

'IT'S TWINS;' 'TRIPLETS HERE'

Twin Brothers Exchange Congratulations on Additions to Respective Families.

Fitzgerald, Ga.—"Hello, Eli!" called Eli Vickers' brother over the 'phone. "It's twins." "Shucks," replied Eli, "we have triplets at our house, one boy and two girls."

These two men live in Coffee county and are twin brothers, with twenty more brothers and sisters, children of "Old Jack Vickers," of the same county, who was married twice and had eleven children by each wife.

Eli and his brother were children of the first marriage. Although there are other twins in the Vickers family, these are the first in the families of these brothers, but not the first children.

PAYS PENALTY FOR JOKE

Man Who Caused Friend's Death by Turning Compressed Air Hose on Him Is Punished.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Warren House, who caused the death of Valentine Lukowski, a fellow workman, a few months ago, while playing a practical joke, will begin at once the serving of an unusual sentence imposed by Justice Marcus in the state supreme court here.

The sentence places House in charge of a probation officer for an indefinite period and compels him to pay $3 a week toward the support of the family of the dead man until the children are able to support their mother. It is estimated the fine will cover a period of about ten years, amounting in all to more than $1,500.

House turned a compressed air hose on Lukowski in fun. The pressure was so great that Lukowski was instantly killed.

Girl's Tongue Sewed On.

Jersey City.—Five-year-old Elsie Jewul of Culver's Lake, this state, bit almost an inch of her tongue off when she fell from a landing into a boat. Her powers of speech, however, will not be impaired, as Dr. Edward A. Ayers sewed the severed parts on again.

Bulldog No Match for Cat.

Venice, Cal.—Tiger, a large Angora cat owned by Mrs. Harry Harry Lindley, attacked and killed a full-blooded English bulldog. The dog opened the battle, which lasted less than two minutes, when the bulldog fell with a severed jugular vein.

Fed the Cats.

San Bernardino, Cal.—Joseph Watkins, a miner, while in jail got to thinking of his cats not being fed, so he broke jail and fed them, and then returned and gave himself up.

Vending Devices in Germany

Automatic devices of every description have supplanted small tradesmen and little shops to a great extent in Germany. Germany might almost be called the "land of the automat." Furthermore, these devices are popular. At all postoffices, stamps and post cards are sold by automatic machines; at the railway stations, platform tickets and suburban tickets are sold by automats; automat restaurants, where one can secure a glass of beer, wine, or liquor, a sandwich, square meal, cup of coffee, chocolate, etc., by dropping a coin in the slot, abound everywhere. Every city of 15,000 or 20,000 population and over has from one to several hundred such restaurants. At railway stations automats sell chocolate, candy, picture post cards, and even a little kit of "first aid to the injured," containing a few drops of pain killer, bandages, needle, thread, etc. Ten pfennigs in a slot opens the doors of toilet compartments, delivering a towel or piece of soap. A coin in a slot obtains a cigar, a tune from a mechanical music box, a pair of shoestrings, a collar button, a visiting card, name plate for suitcase, tells one's fortune or weight, etc.

I could never draw the line between meanness and dishonesty. What is mean always grades into dishonesty. —G. MacDonald.

Should Be Removed.

"You say he is useless in his present position?"

"Yes."

"How useless?"

"Oh, about as useless as a lemon seed in a glass of iced tea."

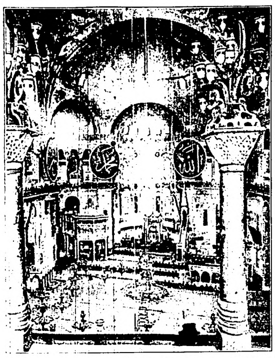
Had to Keep It Closed.

Physician—You shouldn't sleep with your mouth open.

Patient—My dear sir, your advice is entirely unnecessary, as I live in a flat and I sleep at home.

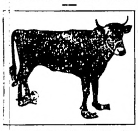
OUT OF THE ORDINARY

In the Mosque of St. Sophia



This is one of the very few photographs ever taken of the interior of a Mohammedan mosque. It shows the Turks at their noon worship in the mosque of St. Sophia, the beautiful building in Constantinople which is in danger of collapse owing to the damage caused by recent earthquakes. The dome of the mosque is supported by four arches, which in turn are supported by 107 gigantic and beautiful pillars of green marble and red porphyry, with capitals in the Byzantine style. It is believed that in the vaults under the church there lie superb treasures of classical art thrown there by Ottomans when they conquered Constantinople.

COW WITH FREAKISH HOOFS



A. G. Davis of Dennysville, Me., owns the "freak cow here pictured. The animal has four hoofs, each one of which is no less than twenty-two inches in length, and so badly twisted and contorted that the animal can only walk with difficulty. When a calf she developed ungainly hoofs, which grew as she became older; and, though the horny growth was frequently pared away, it returned again and again, until at last the owner gave up trying to effect any improvement in the creature's anatomy, and began to take her round to local fairs and exhibit her as a curiosity. The hoofs are of a deep green color, and closely resemble a lobster in conformation.

SOME USES FOR SAWDUST

In its finer forms sawdust is made of perhaps fifty different woods, and in varying degrees of fineness, to be used for a wide variety of purposes. But sawdust in all its forms, coarse and fine, has many uses, and common sawdust is sold in enormous quantities.

The sawdust familiar to everybody is that which is gathered from lumber mills and mills in which lumber is resawed in manufacturing. This common sawdust is used extensively on floors to take up dampness in sweeping, and it is used for packing bottled goods and for bedding horses, and in ice houses. Some sawdusts are screened at the mills to remove chips and sticks.

Sawdust combined with oil is put up in packages for use in sweeping carpets, in place of the old-time scattered tea leaves. Sawdust from various non-resinous woods is used in great quantities in the smoking of meats, and sawdust in the form of pulp is used in the manufacture of dynamite.

Sawdusts of various kinds and colors are now used, combined with cement in making floors, especially in hospitals. Such floors, made with the material in a plastic condition, can be laid in a single piece, without cracks or joints, and so made germ proof, and they are more silent and easier to the tread than tile.

Among the better kinds of sawdust some are used for curious common purposes, as, for instance, one of the uses for Spanish cedar sawdust, which is very light, is for packing even cheap chemicals contained in glass shipped over long distances, and where weight would count in the freight cost.

Manufactured satinwood sawdust is used in the preparation of pastel boards for drawing purposes. Sawdust of briarwood is reworked for some special uses. Lignum vitae is put to some chemical uses.

The heaviest sawdust is that of ebony, and this sawdust is black in color, though even in the ebony sawdust there are traces of tiny white fibers. The ebony is not a large tree and its wood is not black through; its sapwood is white; it is particles of this sapwood that appear in the sawdust, mingled in the sawing. But to the eye except on close inspection the ebony sawdust appears black.

The whitest of all sawdusts is that of holly, which is manufactured into a very fine pulp form. This holly sawdust is used for floor material and also in the manufacture of some grades of wall paper.

There is a manufactured sawdust called lemon sawdust, which is not made from the wood of the lemon tree, but which is in tint of a clear, bright lemon color, this lemon sawdust being used for the same purposes as satinwood.

Manufactured rosewood sawdust is of limited use; various mahogany sawdusts, including white, are used more extensively for various purposes; that of a wood called vermilion, which is a bright red mahogany from the East Indies, is used in making composition floors, sometimes for color squares, in cases where such floors are not laid in a continuous, unbroken piece.

AGED TORTOISE TAKES TRIP

At the age of two hundred, or thereabouts, a tortoise belonging to the duke of Beaufort decided this year to take a summer holiday. It was missed in July from the duke's Forest of Wentworth, near Chepstow, Monmouthshire, and has been found at Newport, in the same county. The tortor had walked to the outskirts of Newport—eight or nine miles—and then had been picked up and carried into the town. The age of the duke's tortoise is given "approximately" by the forest rangers, but it has hibernated under a particular rock in the forest for thirty years, and its great age is inferred from its size and weight. It is eighteen inches long and weighs ten pounds. There is nothing unusual in such longevity; a patriarch in the "Zoo," known as Methuselah, died three years ago at the reputed age of two hundred and fifty.

SURVIVED TERRIBLE STORM.

King Alfonso of Spain, the other day received in audience a fisherman named Escurra, the skipper of a smack from Lequicitio, near Bilbao, who survived the recent catastrophe to the fishing fleet on the northern coast of Spain. Escurra clung to the mast for two days and three nights in the midst of a terrible sea, and saw all his comrades gradually drop off and perish. Escurra himself believed he was doomed, when a steamer picked him up. The king listened to the mariner's terrible story with sympathy.

HOW SOME PEOPLE SLEEP

The Japanese stretches himself on a rush mat on the floor and puts a hard square block of wood under his head.

Chinese beds are very low, scarcely rising from the floor, but are often carved exquisitely of wood.

The inhabitants of the tropics often curl themselves up like monkeys at the lower angle of a suspended hammock and sleep very soundly that way.

The Russian likes no sleeping place so well as the top of the big soapstone stove in his dwelling. Crawling out of his blistering bed in the morning, he delights in taking a plunge in a cold stream, even if he has to break through the ice to do so.

In Lapland the native crawls, head and all, into a bag made of reindeer skin and sleeps warm and comfortable within it.

The East Indian, at the other end of the world, also has a sleeping bag. Its purpose is to keep out the mosquitoes rather than to keep its occupant warm.

AGES THAT ANIMALS ATTAIN

Undoubtedly the longest lived animal on earth is the whale, its span of existence being estimated by Cuvier at 1,000 years. The next largest animal, the elephant, will, under favorable conditions, live 400 years.'

The average age of cats is 15 years; of squirrels, 7 or 8 years; of rabbits, 7; a bear rarely exceeds 20 years; a wolf, 20; a fox, 14 to 16. Lions are comparatively long lived, instances having been recorded where they reached the age of 70 years.

Pigs have been known to live to the age of 20 years, and horses to 60, but the average age of the horse is 25 to 30. Camels sometimes live to the age of 100.

Eagles occasionally and ravens frequently reach the age of 100 years, and swans have been known to live 300 years. A tortoise has been known to live 107 years.

NOVELTY IN TOMBTONES

The accompanying photograph, taken in a churchyard in Essex, England, shows a novelty in the way of tombstones. Framed in the stone, it will be noticed, is a photograph, a representation of the person buried in the grave. The print, a bromide apparently, is well preserved, despite its twenty years of exposure to the sunlight. It is closely sealed from the weather, covered in front by glass and framed round with a border of slate. The photograph bears the signature of the occupant of the grave.

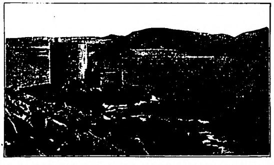
HEARSE LOSES THE CORPSE

During a funeral procession at Shamokin, Pa., the doors of the hearse carrying the body of Miss Anna Suculoski burst open and precipitated the casket into the street. A rear cab driver discovered the accident and stopped the procession. The casket, although unopened, was discolored by the dirt from the street, and the body had to be rearranged at the cemetery before burial could be made.

PHOSPHORESCENT SEA NOTED

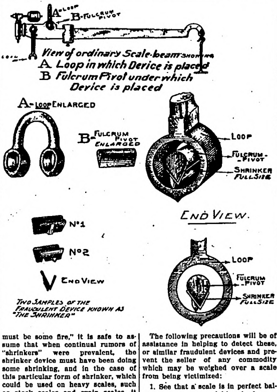
A phosphorescent sea, a phenomenon often visible in the tropics, but rarely seen in this latitude, was noted all along the New Jersey coast recently. The gleam cast a circle of light above the water and reached far up the shore. As the breakers came in their crests broke in a shower of dull-glowing fire, and the air far inshore was filled with a peculiar odor.

Cromwell's Castle, Trescoe



Cromwell's Castle, here shown, is situated on the island of Trescoe in the Isles of Sicily. As its name suggests, it was built in the time of Cromwell, and even after all these years it is in excellent repair. Most of the material for building was taken from another castle, which stood on the top of the hill above it, and belonged to the royalists, and was called Charles' castle. Cromwell's castle stands about sixty feet high, with walls twelve feet thick and raised on arches. The roof is bomb-proof and flat, and was armed with a battery of nine-pounders. On the top there is a parapet wall, and at the base (next to the sea) is a stone platform, which was also armed. Standing out a little way in the harbor (on the right of the castle in the photograph) is a small rocky island called Hangman's island, where he parliamentary forces executed their royalist prisoners.

How Scales Are Made to Cheat



A-LOOP
B-FULCRUM PIVOT
View of ordinary Scale-beam showing
A Loop in which Device is placed
B Fulcrum Pivot under which Device is placed
A-LOOP ENLARGED
B-FULCRUM PIVOT ENLARGED
LOOP
FULCRUM-PIVOT
SHRINKER FULL SIZE
END VIEW.
No1
No2
END VIEW
LOOP
FULCRUM-PIVOT
SHRINKER FULL SIZE
TWO SAMPLES OF THE FRAUDULENT DEVICE KNOWN AS "THE SHRINKER"

MAGAZINES and newspapers have given much space in late years to the question of weights and measures, which has resulted in the passage of legislation in many states putting the supervision of this particular branch of work under a defined department of state government.

There are numerous ways of cheating in the use of scales, regardless of the size or make. The art of scale building has advanced rapidly in the last quarter century, but investigation by various departments of weights and measures, both national and state, has disclosed the fact that the inventive minds of those whose unfortunate mental arrangement leads them to defraud their fellow men, has kept pace with this advance.

The most astounding fraud ever perpetrated was that of the famous sugar trust fraud, in which the United States government was robbed of many millions in import tax duty, by the use of a small piece of umbrella steel to throw the scales out of balance. But with most cases of deception, the perpetrator becomes over confident, and through carelessness leaves a slight clue, which eventually leads to discovery.

Rubber bands have been employed to throw scales off correct balance, but as these are hard to apply they are not so commonly used.

A common method of cheating is to overload the scale counter weights with lead and throw the balance to the credit of the scale owner.

But the most pernicious and ingenious of these is a device recently discovered by the department of weights and measures which is under the jurisdiction of the railroad and warehouse commission of Minnesota.

This is a small piece of tempered steel weighing 1-32 of an ounce, and is used in scales for the purpose of adding to or shrinking the weight of an article. It can be carried in the vest pocket and placed in position on the scale in a few seconds. It has the advantage to the user of being reversible, that is to say, he can take more in buying or give less in selling, than the just and proper weight. The device is in the nature of a false knife-edge or pivot. It has a small projection on one side, which when applied to a scale with the projection towards the back end of the scale beam the effect will be to make a load weigh less than correct, and the reverse is true when applied with the projection toward the front end of the scale beam.

These devices are made so that the use of them on a scale does not affect the beam action whereby an observer could tell that the scale was not weighing correctly, as they allow the beam free action.

The percentage of error in the use of this device would differ, depending upon the make of scale and the multiplying power of the scale beam. All scale beams have not the same measurements, and on one scale the effect was 2½ per cent either in excess or deficiency, depending upon how the device was placed, and on another scale the effect was 5 per cent either way. On some of the new type stock scales with full capacity beams, having no counterweights, the effect would easily be 10 per cent of the load.

These figures are based upon the assumption that the scale would be put into perfect balance after the device was inserted, but if by neglect or desire the scale should not be balanced after the device was put under the fulcrum pivot of the beam, the effect would be to give a false weight of about 200 pounds on any size load in addition to the 2½, 5, or 10 per cent as the case might be.

If one of these devices were used on a scale beam for fraudulent purposes, it would undoubtedly be inserted in the loop from the rear of the beam, and thus could not be seen from the position in which one stands to do the weighing, hence the necessity of looking into the beam loops from the rear of the beam to prove that such a device is not being used.

At a large stock shipping point in Minnesota many complaints had been received relative to the weights over a certain stock scale. On investigation of the scale it was discovered that one of these "shrinkers" was in use. The commission immediately started its special agent out to trace it up. The remarkable part of the investigation is that in the endeavor to find the origin of this device, the trail led through the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Illinois, South Dakota and Wisconsin, and going on the old theory, "where there is much smoke there must be some fire," it is safe to assume that when continual rumors of "shrinkers" were prevalent, the shrinker device must have been doing some shrinking, and in the case of this particular form of shrinker, which could be used on heavy scales, such as stock scales and grain scales, it has been the farmer and producer who were the victims.

The evidence obtained by the agent of the Minnesota commission disclosed the fact that the man who had made these devices had procured from $8 to $75 each for them.

The following precautions will be of assistance in helping to detect these, or similar fraudulent devices and prevent the seller of any commodity which may be weighed over a scale from being victimized:

1. See that a scale is in perfect balance before any weighing is done.

2. See that scale beam swings freely, that is, without a stiff jerking motion.

3. See that there is ample clearance about the scale platform, if it is a wagon, stock or dump scale.

At Booth's First Meeting

Old Londoner Tells of the Beginning of Real Work of the Salvation Army.

Standing at the salute by a big tombstone in Abney Park cemetery was an old soldier of the Salvation Army. As the procession filed past him General and Mrs. Bramwell Booth gave him a glance of kindly recognition.

The old man, who is seventy-five years of age, and named Peter Monks, was the late general's first convert in London.

One day nearly fifty years ago, before William Booth had started any mission work, he was walking down a squalid little back street near the London docks when he met Peter Monks outside a notorious drinking house.

"The general came up and spoke to me," said Monks to the Daily Mirror, "no doubt because I looked the bad character that I was then.

"'I am looking for work,' he said to me. He went on to say that he had left a congregation just before, 'because,' he said, 'they thought more about me than him.'

"Presently Booth told me he was going to try to hold a meeting on the Mile End Waste—a most daring thing to do in those times—and he asked me to come to it.

"I said I would, wondering what had come over me.

"I went down to the meeting at the Mile End Waste, and found that some of the worst characters from Spitalfields and Whitechapel had gathered round Booth's rough platform and were giving him a very bad time, throwing cabbage stumps and dirt at him.

"Something seemed to 'rise up' in me, and instead of joining in the horseplay, as I usually did, I clenched my fists and simply 'walked round' the crowd.

"The lads knew who I was—I had a bit of reputation as a boxer in those days—and surprised by my taking up the preacher's side and from fear of my fists, they became quiet, and Booth got a hearing, for which he thanked me many times.

"I did not become actually converted for some time, but I went to all the meetings and helped to keep order. When the Salvation Army was finally formed I joined."—London Daily Mirror.

New Acquisition.

"Pop, get me a little wagon to hitch your goat to."

"I've got no goat, child."

"Yes you have, pop. Billy Smith's father says you've got his."

COMBINATION NEW TO HIM

"Lemonade and Ladies" Was Something the Veteran Politician Never Had Heard of.

"Lemonade and ladies!" A certain veteran politician laughed derisively as he read those words on a card this morning.

"Say, Bob," he said, "what kind of a way is this to run a campaign? Seen this card? It's a notice of the Tenth ward Progressive club's meeting tonight at Posey's hall, and it gives a special invitation to the ladies to attend and says ice cold lemonade will be served free. Did you ever hear anything like that, Bob?

"Lemonade and ladies! That ain't no way to run a campaign. Say, how many votes can these ladies cast? I guess I've had as much practical experience in politics as any man and I'll tell you these Progressive guys ain't going to get very far with their lemonade and ladies. It won't go."

However, despite the warnings of the professional politicians, the Tenth ward Progressive club will serve lemonade at the mass meeting tonight. It is according to the new order of things. If any of the "boys" attend they will be welcome.—Kansas City Star.

Gloves and Thimbles.

"One of the hardest things for shoppers to learn is that the size of gloves and thimbles do not coincide," said a salesman. "If the woman who wears a No. 6 glove asks her husband to buy a thimble for her she tells him to get a No. 6 thimble. If he takes that size the chances are it will only stick on the tip of her little finger. She needs a No. 8. Of course, there are exceptions to the rule, for in thimbles, as in gloves, there are great differences in the make, and a great deal depends too, upon the peculiarities of the hand. But, as a rule, thimbles run about two sizes larger than gloves."

No Room for Doubt.

Railroad Attorney—You are sure it was our Flyer that killed your mule? What makes you so positive?

'Rastus—He dun licked ebry other train on de road.—Puck.

The Reason.

"My dear, I'm suspicious of that young architect who is visiting our Mabel."

"Why?"

"He's a designing fellow."

Women Are for Peace

One of the fruits of sex equality will be the decline of war—international strife, industrial strife and sex strife. Women may not know how to play fair, at first, but they will be more apt pupils than the men. In masculine contests the rules are often more important than the game. What is fair in war? Murder, but not torture. What is fair in industrial war? Starvation, but not murder. Dynamiting is not fair, but blacklisting is, evicting is, monopolizing food is, maintaining tuberculosis tenements is. These rules won't pass, boys, when the girls learn to play the game. The tyrannical employer will have to go, syndicalism and sabotage (the logical answers to arbitrary capitalism) will have to go. We already have the children's bureau with a real statesman, Julia Lathrop, at the head. We are getting the beginning of eugenics. When the instinct of motherhood is allowed free play we shall become constructive, synthetic, peaceful.—Twentieth Century Magazine.

The Young Idea.

"When you are a man, my son, I do not want you to grovel on the earth but to fly on the heights."

"What will I fly with, pa?"

"With a fine ideal, my son."

"Say, pa, can I work it with a gasoline motor?"

Plan Statue to Heine

At last Germany is to have a statue to the memory of Heine. The agitation for the requisite permission has continued for a long time, and now the Prussian government has capitulated, but with stipulations and restrictions. The statue must not be exposed to full public view and the ceremonies of its unveiling must be inconspicuous. So it has been decided to place the memorial in a restaurant garden at Halle, where such revolutionary sentiments as it may inspire will be counteracted by good food and good beer. The workings of the official mind are certainly past all finding out. No one ever thinks of Heine as a politician. No one ever reads his political writings. But to the eyes of Prussian authority Heine is the author of "Letters on the Aristocracy Addressed to Count M. von Moltke," and of nothing else. That he was a literary decoration to Germany counts for nothing at all. That all the world has been singing his songs for half a century is a fact that has not yet penetrated the mind of official Prussia.

His Credentials.

"Say, you can't join this club of authors unless you've written something, and you've done nothing but raise pigs."

"Well, isn't that making my living by my pen?"

FIGHT OVER BANANAS

Merry Commercial War Is on In Costa Rica.

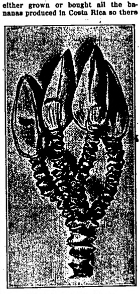
Two Powerful American Corporations at Loggerheads Over Lucrative Trade in Fruit That Has Become So Popular.

New Orleans.—A merry war has been going on all summer in Costa Rica—a Central American republic remarkably free from political upheavals—between the United Fruit company and its new competitor, the Atlantic Fruit company, and the question at issue has been bananas. The United practically owns the available railroad, has had a monopoly of the republic's banana trade for years past and is using every effort, even to a show of armed force, to crush its younger rival. It is all supreme in both the banana and coffee country and its lease of the Costa Rican Northern railroad insures its domination. That road was begun in 1871 by an American, Minor C. Keith, now vice president of the United, and it took 20 years to complete the line from Port Limon of the Atlantic to San Jose, the capital, a distance of 103 miles. It is said that at one period Keith succeeded in working his employes eleven months without a single pay day, the personality of the man being strong enough to hold his laborers on faith. The money was eventually forthcoming and there are old men in Port Limon today who declare with pride that they are "'71 men," or "'72 men," as the case may be, referring to the date on which they entered Mr. Keith's service in the construction of the railroad.

The United Fruit company owns 200,000 acres of banana lands on the Atlantic seaboard of Costa Rica. On these lands it produces about 42 per cent of all the bananas grown in the republic. It buys all the bananas that native growers can produce.

To tap the banana districts, from the main line extend a number of branches and from these branches other spurs and tramways, the whole forming a system of veins and arteries for the transportation of bananas.

The main line is a common carrier of both passengers and freight. Discrimination by the fruit company is supposed to be impossible under the terms of its lease. However, when the Atlantic Fruit company ventured in this summer they discovered that discrimination was an actual fact, lease or no lease, and that they were up against a lack of all facilities for the shipment of their fruit. The total value of Costa Rica's export of bananas averages $4,000,000 annually, second only to that of Jamaica. Hitherto the company has either grown or bought all the bananas produced in Costa Rica so there is little wonder it looks askance at a formidable competitor.



Branch of Banana Tree.

The fruit of the banana today forms, in large part, the principal food of a majority of the peoples living under the tropical zone. Several species and numerous varieties of the plant appear throughout tropical America, but it is cultivated for commercial purposes in appreciable quantities only along the Atlantic border, from southern Mexico to Colombia, in Jamaica, Cuba, San Domingo, and the Bahamas, the far western markets of the United States being supplied from the Hawaiian islands and Mexico's south Pacific coast.

HIS DOG GIVES HIM A COAT

Missouri Hunter Makes One From Skins of Coons His Pet Caught.

Fulton, Mo.—J. L. Sappington, a hunter living near here, will be protected from the cold this winter by an overcoat made from hides of coons caught by his famous coon dog, "Buck." The coat is made from the skins of 30 of the 132 animals captured by the faithful "Buck."

Monk Invents Deadly Gun.

Rome.—Father Bontempi, a monk who has been teaching physics at the convent of St. Anthony, has invented an automatic rifle capable of firing 250 shots a minute. Bontempi wished to patent the weapon, but the superiors ordered him to destroy the model. Discarding his priestly garb, he entered into negotiations with the minister of war, which are now about to be closed.

American-Chinese Gets High Post.

Peking.—A presidential order has been issued appointing Chen Chin Tao chief of the new auditing department. Chen Chin Tao, who was formerly vice-president of the board of finance, is now in the United States. His appointment, like that of the foreign advisers, is intended to inspire confidence abroad.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

[illegible] POULTRY PRODUCE TAKE IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS [illegible]

St. Hilaire, Minn.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. I. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier

HARRY E. IVES

IS A CANDIDATE FOR REELECTION TO THE OFFICE OF

Clerk of District Court

ON THE REPUBLICAN TICKET. VOTE FOR HIM

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, October 19, 1912.

Statement of the Management and Ownership

Of St, Hilaire Spectator, published weekly at St. Hilaire, Minn., required by the act of August 24, 1912.

Managing editor, I. D. Converse, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Owner, Harry E. Ives, Thief River Falls, Minn.

I. D. CONVERSE, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) B. E. BURKEE,
Notary Public, Pennington County, Minn. My commission expires Dec. 5, 1917.

The last half of the real estate taxes must be paid on or before the last day of this month in order to avoid the ten per cent penalty.

The Thief River Falls socialist administration is certainly "going some" in turning over a valuable franchise to a telephone company against the protests of the whole community.

It ought to be a penitentiary offense for any candidate or political worker to threaten panic or hard times to gain a point politically, whether he be republican, democrat, or third termer.

In another column will be found the official publication of the proposed constitutional amendments and ratification of the gross earnings tax law proposed at the extra session of the legislature.

Howard Elliott president of the Northern Pacific railroad, has announced that he will pay $100.00 in gold as a prize for the best ten boxes of apples grown in the northwest and exhibited at the Northwestern Products exposition in Minnesota next month. A second prize of $50.00 will be given by the exposition.

Minnesota is supposed to have the most drastic corrupt practices act of any state in the Union, but it comes near being a joke since a judge in Hennepin county passed on some of its provisions. His findings were to the effect that if a friend saw fit to put a few dollars into your campaign and it was done without your knowledge the excess could not be charged up against you.

Jurors for January Term

Following is a list of grand and petit jurors for the January term of district court. The grand jury is as follows:

George M. Gunderson, Silverton; L. C. Fevig, Star; Torge Lange, Mayfield; Joe Kilen, Kratka; J. Dahlen, Reiner; Swan Johnson, Polk Center; B. Christianson, Thief River Falls; D. K. Bryant, Thief River Falls; Andrew Craik, Thief River Falls; G. T. Almen, Thief River Falls; Ole Larson, Sanders; Leonard Holmes, St. Hilaire; Grunde Aastad, Mayfield; John N. Swanson, Highlanding; W. D. Lind, Sanders; R. K. Galloway, Rocksbury; John Norman, River Falls; D. D. Haugen, Wyandotte; O. E. Grinde, Silverton; Halvor Johnson, Numedal; T. Halvorson, Reiner; B. Stixrud, Highlanding; Julius Olson, Hickory.

The members of the petit jury are:

Christ Person, Bray; D. A. Kolestad, Highlanding; Olaf O. Omlid, Star; Joseph Lang, Thief River Falls; Phil Zeh, Thief River Falls; Alfred Dahlstrom, Sanders; C. D. Wahlin, Reiner; P. O. Sorlom, Silverton; Clarence Petterson, Wyandotte; P. P. Swanson, Numedal; Anton Peterson, Wyandotte; M. Christianson, Hickory; Henry Pope, Rocksbury; Hans Fjeld, Star; Charles Petterson, Kratka; T. O. Loyland, North; Hans C. Jesperson, Mayfield; P. P. Palmer, High Landing; Soren Knutson, Numedal; Sever S. Skattem, St. Hilaire; Michael Draeger, Black River; B. Hruby, Star; Oluf Wahlberg, Clover Leaf; N. E. Beebe, Rocksbury.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign

The Youth's Companion for 1913

The Youth's Companion appeals to every interest of family life, from housekeeping to athletics. It begins with stories of youthful vim and vigor, with articles which disclose the secrets of successful play in the great games, with charming tales of life at the girls' colleges. But The Companion does not surrender these readers when they have entered the more serious paths of life. Mothers will welcome the page for little children and the weekly doctor's article. Fathers will find the important news of the day as it is, and not as it is rumored to be. The entire household will appreciate the sketches which touch gently on common foibles or caricature eccentricty. In short, for less than four cents a week, The Companion brings into the home clean entertainment, pure inspiration, fine ideals, increase of knowledge.

Names rarely seen in tables of contents will be found in The Companion's announcement for 1913, which will be sent upon request,—samples of the paper, to those not familiar with it.

Every new subscriber for 1913 will receive free, all the remaining weeks of 1912; also, free, The Companion window transparency and calender for 1913 in rich, translucent colors—the most beautiful of all Companion souvenirs.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass.

New Subscriptions Received at This Office.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

When Moses Lived

"When did Moses live?" asked the Sunday school teacher.

After the silence had become painful the teacher commanded: "Open your Old Testaments. What does it say there?"

"Moses, 4,000," replied one of the boys.

"Now," said the teacher rather sharply, "why didn't you know when Moses lived?"

"Oh, pshaw," exclaimed the lad, "I thought that was his telephone number."

All of which shows how modern ideas change the old fashioned, just as golden grain belt beers have improved the standard of beer making. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston. adv

SHREWD SCHEME OF MOTHER.

No Roseate Postcard Without Its Thorn of Suggestion.

Harold's mother—we'll call him Harold—went abroad a month ago, leaving Harold under the somewhat unsubstantial control of his elder sisters.

In spite of the itemized directions with which even unto the moment of final leavetaking she had not ceased to bombard him, Harold's mother was far from sure that her efforts would have any lasting effect.

Her voyage was more or less disturbed by these doubts, but before she landed on the other side she had determined on a course of action. Like all small boys, Harold is most covetous of picture postcards and had looked forward to a harvest from his mother's trip.

He got it.

Every day she sent at least one card. And, whatever else it bore in the way of inscription, there was not one which failed of this introduction:

"Just as soon as you get this go and brush your teeth."

Made Carlyle "Shell Out."

Rev. Thomas Alexander, a Presbyterian minister, long resident in Chelsea and well known as a brother Scot, was most anxious to know Carlyle, but had no opportunity of getting an introduction to him. One day in the King's road he saw Carlyle coming in his direction and took advantage of the opportunity by going up to the sage and saying: "Thomas Carlyle, I believe?" Carlyle's reply was: "Tom Alexander, I know!" They became good friends, and later Mr. Alexander wrote to Carlyle for a subscription toward a school building fund, and Carlyle wrote back a refusal in doggerel, whereupon Mr. Alexander replied that if he did not send him £5 ($25) he would sell his poetry to a collector or publish it. The £5 was at once forthcoming.

Seagulls of Auchmithie.

In the fishing village of Auchmithie you may frequently witness seagulls flying into the houses of the fishermen and partaking of food from their hands. One of these sea birds was in the habit of staying in a fisherman's house all the year round except at the breeding season, when it left. About a fortnight ago, while the gull was away, the fisherman removed his home some three and a half miles from the former place.

The fisherman never expected to see his old friend the gull again. It was therefore, much to his astonishment that he beheld on a recent Sunday the sea bird come walking into his new residence with stately steps to resume his old familiarities and household ways.

Pay your subscription

MOORISH SOLDIERS.

Their Methods in Battle and Their System of Signals.

At fighting on horseback the Moors are adepts and extremely mobile. But they are incorrigibly lazy and seldom indulge in night attack. When they attack in force the horsemen usually give a lift to the foot soldiers who accompany them or allow them to run alongside and hold on to a stirrup iron. The mounted men then make a charge, wheel round and retire and make way for the footmen, who crawl along the ground, almost invisible, and who rise to the attack if they come within striking distance of the enemy. As a rule, the Riffians prefer to lure detached parties into an ambush or defile and thus inflict heavy loss upon them. The mounted men seldom dismount to fire and their firing, being from the saddle, is very inaccurate. Should the advance of the white troops be slow or hesitating the Moors effect a bold combination between horsemen and footmen and generally succeed in inflicting heavy losses on their enemy.

The prime tactics of the Moors are to delay the advance of an enemy as much as possible by mounted rifle fire until they can discern its extent and direction and subsequently to try enveloping the advancing force. The tribes also indulge in sniping, but not to a very great extent, and they also fight individually. They do not neglect opportunities for stratagem and can effect some very clever ruses. They are also guilty of abusing the services of the white flag in action.

The Moorish intelligence system is an excellent one, and the tribes are seldom without information regarding the movements of an enemy. They have also an excellent system of signaling at night by means of small fires dotted about the hills and ravines, which are obscured and revealed in accordance with an ingenious code of signals known to themselves.—Chicago News.

SIRES AND SONS.

J. L. Orcut of North Monmouth, Me., has served for forty years in the local church choir.

Secretary of War Dickinson gave up a $35,000 job as attorney for the Illinois Central for a $12,000 cabinet place.

Frederick W. Carpenter, private secretary to President Taft, was born in Minnesota in 1873. He weighs 120 pounds.

R. J. Gleason, town clerk of Waitsfield, Vt., is said to have served longer than any other similar official in Vermont. He has served fifty-three years and is now eighty years old.

Lord Clifford of Chudleigh is one of the wealthy Roman Catholic peers of England and lately bought the old abbey of Marmoutier, in Touraine, to save it from conversion into a factory.

Oliver Wendell Holmes, associate justice of the supreme court and son of the illustrious author, is sixty-eight years old, with prospects of living beyond the age of retirement. He was wounded three times in three battles in the civil war.

Wilbur and Orville Wright, the American aeroplanists, in recognition of their practical solution of the problem of aerial flight, have been honored by the Technical High school of Munich with the honorary degree of doctor of technical sciences.

Dr. Samuel A. Green, ex-mayor of Boston, librarian of the Massachusetts Historical society and secretary of the Peabody Education fund, has just celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday. Dr. Green is a physician, historian and author. He has written a number of historical pamphlets on Boston and surrounding territory.

The Lowly Singer.

The humble poet goes about
In very modest raiment.
If he could coin his tuneful words
He'd gladly make a payment
On rags that glisten as the sun
And raise an awful holler,
But now he has to be content—
He hasn't got a dollar.

For him the sun unfolds its light,
For him the stars are gleaming,
And so he cannot waste his time
On profit bearing scheming.
He must remain content to get
The robin's morning greeting
And not disturb his high flown thoughts
With vulgar things like eating.

Were he disposed to drop a peg
And lower his profession
Things might be drifting round his way
In quite a long procession.
Would he write ads. instead of songs
Extolling pills or bacon
He'd rake in coin; but, oh, his art
Would have to be forsaken!

No; he will go along his way,
Wrapped in his inspiration.
Let sordid poets sing of soap;
His theme is all creation.
So take him gently by the hand
And lead him to the table,
And then the poet's appetite
You'll find was but a fable.

His Dreadful Price.

"I have just had some swell photographs taken."

"I hope that they do you justice."

"Thanks, awfully, but that's not what's troubling me."

"What is?"

"How I am ever going to do the photographer justice?"

An Oversight.

"The constitution is a grand old document."

"Yes, but they wrote it too soon."

"Why so?"

"They should have waited until automobiles had been invented and made it unconstitutional to run a fellow down."

Republican Ticket

For Congress,
HALVOR STEENERSON.
For Legislature,
D. P. O'NEIL.
For County Auditor,
A. H. FASEL.
For Treasurer,
ANDREW TROVATON.
For Clerk of Court,
H. E. IVES.
For Sheriff,
W. J. LABREE.
For County Attorney,
J. M. BISHOP.
For Register of Deeds,
N. J. ANDERSON.
For County Surveyor,
C. H. MARTZ.
For Coroner,
H. R. HALVORSON.
For Commissioner Second District,
DANIEL SHAW.
For Commissioner Third District,
N. K. ANDERSON.
For Commissioner Fourth District,
ED. A. AUBOL.
For Commissioner Fifth District,
A. B. MANDT.

Political Advertisement authorized and to be paid for by the republican county central committee — Lars Backe, chairman; Olaf Ramstad, treasurer at large; Bernhard Knudson, secretary at large; John T. Lattimore, 1st district; C. Swansen, 2nd district; Sander Engebretson, 3rd district; Lars Backe, 4th district; J. R. Larsen, 5th district.)

Arming Safes with Deadly Gases.

A chemical company has devised a grenade or glass receptacle, filled with a chemical compound, as a means of making it impossible for safeblowers to rob a safe after breaking it open.

It is an inoffensive looking article, about two inches in diameter and five inches long. Inside of the exterior tube are seven smaller ones, each filled with a different chemical. When the door of the safe is blown, or the safe is jarred heavily, the grenade explodes, and the air is filled with the deadly fumes. It is claimed that these fumes, which, so far as effect is concerned, are not unlike the gases from the deadly Chinese "stink pots," are powerful enough to make breathing impossible and to force all persons near the safe to retreat or be almost instantly suffocated.

The grenades are made with a lasting effect of from six to ten hours, depending upon the size, and are placed just back of the locking mechanism of the safe doors.—Popular Mechanics.

Hadley Points Out Danger.

President Hadley of Yale writes: "In the year 1789 the whole French people was in a state of political excitement. They seized eagerly upon everything sensational. A young journalist named Camille Desmoulins shared this feeling and took advantage of it. He wrote a series of articles called 'Lamp Post Talks to the People of Paris,' in which he urged that anybody who was not a friend of the people ought to be taken to the nearest lamp post and hanged. He was not himself a bloodthirsty man. He chose his title chiefly because it sounded so picturesque. After a time he saw that they were executing a great many innocent men and women, and began to tell men so. Then they said that he was not a friend of the people any longer, and hanged him. This story has a moral for us in America to-day. It shows the dangers that come to a people which reads newspapers for the sake of excitement, instead of for the sake of information.

"To What Base Uses."

Big Brother (to young sister who has acquired an unaccountable habit of borrowing his razor)—I know you have borrowed my razor again. It's not where I put it.

Young Sister (scrambling around in the bathroom)—Oh! here it is, Bob—just where you left it, I am sure!

Big Brother—No such thing. And this is the third time you have misplaced it. Now, miss, you will tell me what you use it for. Were you ripping the sleeves of your last winter's coat?

Young Sister (doggedly)—No. You never will forget that!

Big Brother—Well, what then? (shaking her by the shoulders) Answer me.

Young Sister (tearfully)—I was just splitting up a little light wood to kindle the fire, and I just think you are a horrid, selfish old thing not to want to even lend your things—so there!

A Little Case of Telepathy.

There is nothing strange to me in the operation of one mind upon another," the telepathic woman said. "Once when my sister I am very fond of was operated on I went with her and sat in the anteroom a long way off from the operating room. That is I walked up and down there, worried to death nearly about her, when all at once I threw myself into a big arm chair and went sound asleep.

"They had just given her the ether then, so her mind was at rest and rested mine. I slept until she came out from under the influence."

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. M. Bishop)

To the Voters

I wish to express to the voters of our county my appreciation of your splendid support given me at the primaries just held for Pennington county. The vote for the county attorney was as follows, towit:

For J. M. Bishop, republican candidate for county attorney 855 votes. O. A. Naplin, socialist candidate for county attorney, 170 votes. E. M. Stanton, democratic candidate for county attorney, 62 votes.

The above figures are absolutely correct. About 650 of my votes were given me by the farming community and the remainder of the vote by the city of Thief River Falls.

I will greatly appreciate a continuation of your splendid vote and support at the general election to be held on November 5, 1912.

Very sincerely yours,
J. M. BISHOP,
Republican Nominee for County Attorney for Pennington County, Minnesota.

(Paid Advertisement, $5.00 paid by H. G. Hieber of Thief River Falls, Minn., secretary of the personal campaign committee of Wilhelm Michelet, non-partisan candidate for the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minn.)

Wilhelm Michelet

Judge of Probate

Non-Partisan Candidate for Re-election

I respectfully solicit your vote and support.

WILHELM MICHELET.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Correction of Defective Probate Proceedings

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Pennington. }

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 11, 1912.

In the matter of the estate of Reinier E. Sevre, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Albert Sevre, representing, among other things, that the description of certain lands belonging to said estate [illegible]

It is Ordered, that said petition be heard before this court on Wednesday, the [illegible] day of [illegible] A. D. 1912, at [illegible] o'clock in the forenoon, at the probate office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the village of St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minn., the 11th day of October A. D. 1912.

By the Court: WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) o19-31 Judge of Probate.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
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MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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Our $60 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under two expert reporters), fits court reporters and high grade stenographers. [illegible] graduates. Do other schools offer this PROOF of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building ([illegible] cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. The pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres., Watkins Block, [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

DEVELOPS BRAINS FOR CASH

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services, with communion, a week from tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

REV. M. S. GJERDE, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.

Sunday school at 10 a. m.

Morning service at 11 a. m.

Evening service at 8 p. m.

Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p. m.

PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SWEDISH LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

ALEX. A. SAND, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. [illegible], [illegible] D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3830 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 17[illegible], Mutual Brotherhood of America meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASLEY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

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Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC

JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW

ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MEATS
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The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the farmers a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription, one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

D. Lazar was a Red Lake Falls visitor Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde conducted services at Plummer last Sunday.

Don't miss the cantata at Imperial hall Wednesday, Oct. 30.

Miss Eva McAndress spent Sunday with friends in Thief River Falls.

Mrs. T. Hendrickson was in Thief River Falls between trains on Monday.

Mrs. Bahan and her sister, Miss Stivers, were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Miss Julia Nash of Buxton, N. D., visited this week with her aunt, Mrs. T. M. Brevig, returning home Thursday

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Sieverson on Monday, the 14th inst.

Mrs. Emil Bessler of Thief River Falls was a guest of Mrs. Emil Just Thursday night.

Mauritz Brink, who has been seriously ill with typhoid fever, is reported as convalescing.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. LAZAR.

Mrs. Case went Wednesday to Thief River Falls, where she will remain for the winter with her daughter, Mrs. L. M. Rolland.

Everyone should have a business education and Mankato Commercial college, Mankato, Minn., is the school to get it. adv-2t

Miss Ida Brink came over Thursday from Crookston for a visit at the parental home. She recently returned from a summer's visit to Sweden.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

Rev. R. W. Roberts of Brainerd, state evangelist for the American Sunday school union, was in town yesterday soliciting subscriptions for the cause.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

O. N. Fossmark of Grand Forks was a guest at the Gigstad home this week. He will be remembered as having spoken here last fall on the benefits of the Lutheran church.

Rev. Frank Larson, who has been very ill at Warren, is on the road to recovery. He submitted to a surgical operation and a large quantity of water was taken from his lungs

Miss Lilly Hallstrom arrived Friday from St. Hilaire and spent Sunday here as the guest of Miss Mabel Bangen. She left for her home this morning. — Crookston Times, Monday.

The Harvest Home supper netted the Ladies' Aid a handsome sum of money, for which they wish to express thanks to all for their liberal donations and patronage.

PRESIDENT.

The quality, variety, and finish of the programs of the Pan American male octette and gentlemanly conduct of the members make many friends and win the highest praises wherever they appear. At Imperial hall tonight.

H. E. Ives recently received a letter from Mrs. Soll in which she states that "John is growing weaker every day, He is paralyzed in the neck now and sits up but little. It is only a certain time and he will die; there is no hope."

Rev. P. N. Palmer and daughter, Miss Esther, returned Wednesday from Morris, Minn., where they were in attendance at the M. E. church conference. They also visited with friends at Buxton, N. D., before returning home.

Carl Krueger gave a card party Tuesday evening to the business men of the town. The evening was spent at progressive whist. Charles Patterson won the first prize and A. H. Pitkin secured the consolation. A dainty luncheon was served.

The village authorities have been advised several times by eminent legal lights that the loss or destruction of the records of incorporation did not invalidate the incorporation of the village, but the question has been raised again and this time we have the assurance of the attorney general that St. Hilaire is all right.

COMING!

PAN-AMERICAN
Colored Male Octette
AND
Double Quartette

Another first class entertainment will be given at Imperial hall, St Hilaire, next Saturday evening, October 19, by the Pan-American colored male octette.

The eight colored men sing some harmonious melodies. They play several musical instruments and offer a varied program that is sure to please all patrons of the concert.

They come highly recommended.

ADMISSION:
ADULTS 35c; CHILDREN 15c
RESERVED SEATS 50c

Herman Fellman visited Thief River Falls Thursday.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde conducted services at Plummer last Sunday.

Mrs. Alex Sand was a Thief River Falls visitor on Monday.

Mike McAndress is confined to his bed with a severe attack of erysipelas on the face.

Miss Luella Stivers returned Thursday to her home at Dugdale, after visiting her sister, Mrs. Bahan.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin McAndress of Thief River Falls have been in town this week on account of the illness of their son Mike.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-s21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted. adv

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. Kinder, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

C. C. Elliott must be to blame for the bad weather of yesterday, as every time he has a bunch of land seekers it rains. Nevertheless, we understand he sold a farm yesterday.

A Harvest Home cantata entitled Fling out the Banner will be given by the M. E. Sunday school children on Wednesday night, October 30, at Imperial hall. The program will be given in the next issue of the Spectator.

Sven Hage of Stavanger, Norway, who has been visiting with his brother, M. R. Hage, left Thursday for Thief River Falls. He will visit friends in the Red River valley, in southern Minnesota, and in Illinois before returning to his home across the water.

Ira C. Richardson was taken to the hospital at Crookston Monday. His condition has not improved since last week, and it was thought best to place him in the care of a trained nurse. Louis Lonson, Chris Porter, and Mr. Richardson's son, Glen, accompanied him to the hospital.—News-Press,

Card of Thanks

The undersigned desires to thank all those neighbors and friends who kindly gave their aid and sympathy during the last hours and burial of their father.

ALBERT, OLE, AND KNUT NASH.

School Notes

Three new pictures, "Spring," "Sistine Madonna," and the group of American poets, were placed in the high school room this week.

The seventh grade challenged the eighth and ninth grades to a spelling contest and won 5 to 2 in their favor.

Miss Patterson has charge of the music classes in the two upper rooms, while Mr. Boehm teaches drawing. At present the high school and eighth grade have music three times a week and drawing twice, and the seventh grade has two music and three drawing periods a week.

FALL and WINTER
Suits and Overcoats

Come in and let us show you our line of
OVERCOATS
which we have now ready for inspection

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Ladies' Mackinaws, Cloaks, and Skirts

And a full line of
SHOES

OUR BIG LINE OF **Groceries** IS BEST QUALITY

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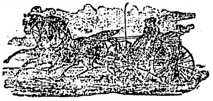

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GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

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MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on October 3, 1912.
Date of call by Supt., October 3, 1912.
Date of report by bank Oct. 14, 1912.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$147.867.77
Overdrafts		168.45
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4.000.00
Due from banks	23 545.39	
Cash on hand, items below	4,569 24	
Currency 3,1[illegible]8		
Gold 895		
Silver 385.35		
Other 110.89		
Total cash assets	28,104.63	28,104.63
Checks and cash items		1 790.05
Total		181,930.90
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		927.52
Deposits subject to check	38,397 52	
Demand certificates	1,986.31	
Total immediate liabilities	40,383.83	
Time certificates	128,619.55	
Total deposits	169 003.38	169,003.38
Total		181,930.90

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington } ss.

We, C. L. Hanson, president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
C. L. HANSON, President,
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier

Correct, Attest:
DANIEL PATTERSON,
LEONARD HOLMES, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of October, 1912.
(SEAL) K. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 29, 1918

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	76
" " 2 "	73
" " 3 "	70
Flax, No. 1	$1.33
" " 2	1.22
Barley, for 50 lbs	40
Oats	23
Rye	52
Eggs	25
Butter	20
" creamery	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6½
" dressed	8½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	[illegible]@8
Chickens, alive	6@[illegible]
Hides	[illegible]
Flour, patent	2.35-2.42
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

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made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON. - - Agent

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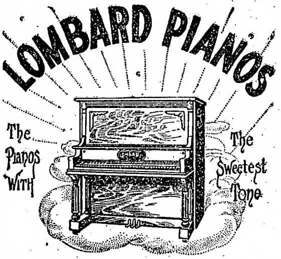
LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

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AND
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Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Local and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

NOTES *from* MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Keep the pigs growing.

Sheep deserve good care.

Asparagus is a hardy plant.

Onions stand considerable cold.

A kerosene bath for roosts is urged.

Keep the pigs in a pen by themselves.

Onions should be topped and kept in a cool, dry place.

The most experienced shepherd has yet much to learn.

Sheep like a variety of pasture as well as other stock.

It is poor economy to let the brood sow get out of flesh.

The dairy cow should essentially be a large and rich milker.

There is more or less risk in feeding ordinary silage to lambs or sheep.

It is a well-known fact that alfalfa does not do well upon an impervious subsoil.

In feeding dairy cows give them all they will clean up at each feed but no more.

Range-bred lambs are far superior to native-bred lambs for breeding purposes.

Goslings must be kept out of dampness and fed only grass, water and coarse sand.

Don't fail to divide the buttermilk between biddy and the pigs. She relishes it as much as they.

The grape root worm has committed extensive depredations among the vineyards of Pennsylvania.

A toothbrush and a little naphtha will clean your velvet coat collars and make them look new again.

Select one dairy breed and stick to it. Don't mix up the breeds or you will spoil the sale of your stock.

All fowls, chicks, ducks and ducklings that are kept in yards should have plenty of green feed every day.

If the frost kills the vines of the sweet potatoes cut them off as soon as possible or the potatoes may turn black.

The spring colt should be pretty well broken by this time; if not, this is a good month to get acquainted with him.

Clean the stock tank, and keep it free from moss. Then fill it with fresh cool water. The stock will appreciate it.

The manager of the dairy farm must supply the brain. The success of the undertaking will depend largely upon him.

Early Six Weeks is a good potato for a short time, but it soon loses quality. A few rows in the garden comes in handy.

Let the cows sleep out in the pastures until the very chilly nights come on. Better for them than to be in a stuffy barn.

If pastures are failing feed a little fodder each day to the stock. It makes them more contented and less inclined to try the fences.

Farmers and feeders will this year welcome full corn cribs. It is risky business at best making meat on 75-cent corn and we will all welcome cheaper grain.

Farm orchards seem smaller and worse neglected than they were ten years ago. Perhaps the reason lies in the fact that small lots of fruit hardly ever sell profitably.

The number of silos in Kansas has nearly if not quite doubled in the last year. If they were not profitable do you think they would be built? We are not working for the fun of it any longer.

If the sheep are compelled to dig in short pastures for their living they will eat the roots of the grass. Better divide the pasture and feed one part while the other is catching up.

After the pigs have been put into the fattening pen in the fall they should be fed all that they will eat with a relish, for, as a rule, the shorter the fattening period the larger the profits.

A duckling does not know how to get out of danger. Instead it will become panic stricken and remain easy prey for the enemy. On the contrary a chicken is always on the alert, scampering off to some hiding place the moment it hears some strange noise.

Never fasten fencing wire directly to growing trees. If you do, in a few years the wire will have become imbedded in the tree and do it permanent injury. When you wish to use a tree for this purpose, spike a strip of sound board securely to the tree and fasten the wire to that. In this way very little injury will be done to the tree.

Hogs return quick profits.

Freshen up the poultry runs.

The separator is a helpful factor.

Agricultural fairs are of much value.

The first and greatest law of breeding is "like begets like."

A sheep that is in good condition in the fall is half wintered.

Do not sell a cull at any price except it be to the butcher.

Tankage is one of the very best commercial feeds in fattening hogs.

Silage and alfalfa combined make the foundation of the best dairy ration.

Ducks are very fond of dandelions chopped and mixed with ground grain.

Cattle should have access to water at all times when prairie pasture is getting dry.

"Too little phosporous" is the cause of many of the low yields on corn belt soils.

Have the ropes and straps good and stout when you begin to halter break the colt.

There seems to be a good deal of prejudice against millet because it exhausts the soil.

Skimp your sheep on good pasture and they will skimp you on mutton. Works both ways.

The value of corn silage to the beef producer is not limited to its use in winter feeding alone.

Keep the laying hens working. To do this feed them at daybreak and just before sundown.

Wait until cool weather has absolutely put the last fly out of business before dehorning the cattle.

Instead of using an old wooden watering tank make one of cement that will never decay or leak.

The longer the calf is allowed to suck the cow the harder it will be to make it drink from a bucket.

After a day's work clean the work horses thoroughly, wash their legs from the knees down and rub dry.

Raise horses for big money, cattle for sure money and hogs for quick money, is an old saying, and a good one.

A year ago there was more stock than there was feed. Now there is feed for more stock than can be found.

In building a wire fence for hogs put one barbed wire at the bottom, and the worst rooter in the pasture won't root out.

Don't be afraid to apply air-slaked lime to the cabbages with a blow gun. It will destroy the worms on the head of the cabbage.

Young fruit trees that were planted in the autumn of last year, or in the spring of this year, should be examined carefully.

Your pigs intended for breeders should not be allowed to get fat. If inclined to get fat, let up on the feed and give more range.

The garden acre should be the best on the farm. Best prepared, best fertilized and best cared for. Then it will give the best returns.

While the orchard is coming into bearing try vegetable growing as a side line. This makes one of the surest and best sources of income.

Chopped roots, fed along with the grain, will make a valuable addition to the ration, especially if winter grazing or silage is not at hand.

Keeping any machine well oiled and in proper repair not only increases efficiency, but decreases the amount of power required to run the machine.

Do not allow the cows to dry up during the latter part of the summer, as this necessitates keeping them through the winter, giving a smaller flow of milk than they should.

Land plaster has a very small percentage of lime; lump lime has the largest percentage, and hydrated lime next. Marl is usually a little richer in lime than ground lime stone.

For the last six months the hog feeder has but little more than broken even. If we are to judge the future by the past there is a time coming soon when the hog feeder will make good money.

The peanut is becoming more important as a feed for stock, especially in the southern states. The vines with the nuts attached are often cured, and they make a palatable hay for all kinds of farm stock.

The dishonest poultryman may palm a dozen bad eggs off on the lady of the house, but the cook will expose the dishonest practice. Better keep on the right side of the cook by marketing none but strictly fresh eggs, besides incidentally aiding some to your reputation.

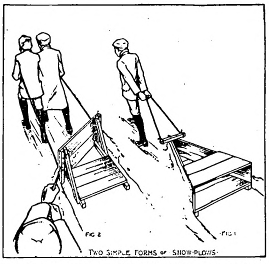
The fruit farmer can always find something to do, either in the orchard or around the buildings. This business, like any other, is ruined by too much loafing. Keep the loose ends well in hand for the best results.

The great bulk of the oat crop of the world is produced within the north temperate zone including the countries of Russia, Germany, Norway and Sweden, Canada, and the northern part of the United States. Russia produces more oats than any other country.

BOYS' HANDICRAFT

By A. NEELY HALL

Author of "Handicraft for Handy Boys" and "The Boy Craftsman"



TWO SIMPLE FORMS OF SNOW-PLOWS

HOW TO MAKE A SNOW PLOW.

Every boy who has an eye for business realizes that a snowstorm furnishes a splendid opportunity for earning money and is not slow to profit by it.

In some cities the cleaning of front walks is done with a snow plow and team of horses. This is more generally the custom in the smaller cities and suburbs, where there is much vacant property and walks that never would be shoveled if the work was left for the owners to take care of. Such a plow, on a smaller scale, can be used to advantage by boys in removing snow from walks, and if several of you boys organize a snow shoveling brigade it will be a strong argument in your favor in soliciting contracts for the season if you promise to keep the walk plowed from street corner to street corner. The probability is that you will get more jobs in the neighborhood than you can handle. In case the main walks are plowed by the city, your plow will be handy for cleaning the inner walks, carriage drives, etc.

We designed and constructed a number of forms of small plows when boys, and these were used in the neighborhood for several winters. Two forms of these are shown in Figs. 1 and 2. You will notice that each one is of very simple construction.

The wedge-shaped plow illustrated in Fig. 1 has a base constructed as shown in Fig. 3. Make the two runners of this base out of strips about 1½ inches wide and two inches thick, 36 inches long; and trim off one end of each strip so that when the opposite ends are placed 24 inches apart, as shown in Fig. 3, the trimmed ends will fit together as in Fig. 4. Nail the trimmed ends together. The easiest and quickest way to put on the base covering is to allow the boards to project over the runners without any regard to the slant of the latter, and after all have been nailed in place to saw off the ends on a line with the sides of the runners.

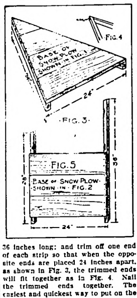


FIG. 4
BASE OF SNOW PLOW SHOWN IN FIG. 1
24"
FIG. 3
FIG. 5
BASE OF SNOW PLOW SHOWN IN FIG. 2
36"
28"
24"

The sides of the plow may be made out of one-inch boards 10 or 12 inches wide. Trim the bow end of each as you did the runner ends, and overlap one on the other in the same way; then fasten them to the side edges of the base.

The two pieces of board fastened to the top edges of the sides not only form a seat, but act as braces for the sides as well. Trim off the square ends of these boards flush with the side boards, after nailing them in place. Cut a strip about 12 inches long for the front cross-piece, notch its edges near each end to keep the rope traces from slipping off, and nail it to the top edges of the side boards.

This form of plow will have the tendency to slip up over the snow, if the snow is deep, on account of the direction of the pull on the bow end, and this tendency must be overcome by weighting the plow. This may be done either by having a boy sit upon the seat or by packing the inside of the plow with wet snow.

The second form of snow plow (Fig. 2) has a base constructed somewhat similar to that of the other plow, but of the shape shown in Fig. 5. All of the necessary dimensions for this are given on the diagram. Trim the bow end of each runner as shown, so it will fit against the dash-board of the plow.

Cut the boards for the dash about three feet long batten them together at each end as shown in Fig. 2, and then nail the lower portion to the ends of the runners and brace the upper portion with diagonal pieces fastened to the dash and to the sides of the runners, as in the illustration.

This form of plow has a tendency to slide to one side, on account of the slanted dash-board, and in order to plow a straight path with it it is necessary to have a boy hold on to a rope attached to the brace at the near end of the dash, as the boy in the illustration is doing.

The two forms of plows described above may be constructed on sleds, instead of on the bases illustrated, if you wish to build them that way.

(Copyright, 1912, by A. Neely Hall.)

WHAT WE OWE TO POSTERITY

Bodily and Mental Health Is Necessary to the Prospective Mother, Says an Authority.

Every child has a right to be well born. An undesired child never should be brought into the world. An undesired child, or a child of parents who are not in good bodily or mental condition, comes into the world with an inheritance that perhaps never is overcome.

The ancient Greeks surrounded the prospective mother with beautiful paintings and statues so as to give a mental impression of beauty to the future generation. As a result they were noted as a beautiful race.

The expectant mother should give her child all possible advantages of a good mental impression. Every child brought into the world should be desired before its conception, and, during its prenatal life, the mother should think nothing but loving and wholesome thoughts. She should train her mind in habits that she wishes to impress upon the child. She should cultivate habits of system, she should cultivate a correct taste and ear for music. Her surroundings should be artistic but simple. She should live as close to Nature as possible.

The mother's own physical health cannot help but affect her child, therefore the mother should take those measures that will promote the health of her body. In ancient Sparta, the women exercised in the gymnasium in order to obtain the highest possible bodily vigor in preparation for the function of motherhood. The Spartans were noted as a race of exceptionally strong men. But the mother should be careful not to take any violent exercise during this period. Swimming and walking are two of the best general exercises that can be taken. Housework, with the exception of the heavy lifting and scrubbing, is a valuable exercise. The expectant mother needs a large amount of fresh air, so she should plan to spend several hours a day in the open air. It is well for her to sleep out of doors, if possible, otherwise she should sleep in a room with open windows.—Dr. Edith B. Lowry.

When Bill Squared Up.

Down in a southeast Kansas town lives a rather simple-minded youth by the name of Bill Beasley, whose facility in contracting small debts at the local stores is only equaled by his success in evading their payment, according to the Kansas City Star. One day recently, however, Bill made the mistake of showing some money before one of his creditors and after the hard fought argument which followed the money was handed over to the storekeeper.

"Now," said Bill, sadly, "we're square and I want a receipt. Make it legal so you won't be after me again."

And here is the receipts which Bill proudly exhibited to his friends:

To Whom It May Concern: Greeting—All men know by these presents habeas corpus and nux vomica, that Bill Beasley don't owe this firm nothing and ain't going to.

(Signed) JOHN HOBBY.

Glorious Work.

Miss Jane Addams, Chicago's famous social worker, said the other day of work:

"Work is laudable, but don't forget when you praise it, that there's such a thing as overwork.

"I once heard a young man reply to a capitalist's praise of work like this:

"'My laundress rises every morning at 4:10, winter and summer. She washes all day, besides cooking three meals for a large family. In the evening she washes dishes, then she irons till 10. At 11 she goes to bed. She has done this all her life. She looks 65, and in reality she's 32. This shows what work will do for you.'"

The Boy of It.

A man who was a regular attendant at the ball games frequently met a friend of his there and noticed that he often brought his litle son with him.

"That youngster of yours seems to be an enthusiastic ball player," he remarked.

"I should say he was," replied the boy's father. "When he's playing in the lot he thinks nothing of lending his best coat to be used as a base."

SEE VALUE OF CHEESE

AMERICAN HOUSEWIVES HAVE COME TO USE MORE OF IT.

Should Always Be Only an Accompaniment to the Meal—Innumerable Ways in Which It May Be Temptingly Prepared.

Formerly cheese only appeared on American tables in homes away from the big centers, served in small uncooked portions as an accompaniment to apple pie or doughnuts. Today American housewives are using cheese in their daily menus. They have begun to recognize its food value and also the congestibility of cooked cheese. Toasted cheese is sometimes given to children and invalids today. Formerly this would have been considered equivalent to signing a death warrant. Cheese should not be taken as an entire meal, however. It is an accompaniment to a meal. It is not wise to serve it with heavy meat dishes. It contains only 30 per cent. of water and is, therefore, a highly concentrated food. Compared with meat it contains twice the amount of solid food. Casein is the principal element of cheese, and analysis proves that it has all the fat-forming and heat-giving elements that meat has.

The grated cheese seems to go best with onion soup. A recipe for a very simple onion soup is:

Put six medium-sized minced onions into a stewpan with three ounces of melted butter, place over a slow fire and shake gently until the onions are soft and slightly browned. Add one quart of boiling water. Season with salt, pepper and nutmeg. Put two well-beaten eggs into a tureen and pour the soup, which should cook about thirty minuts, over them. When served, pass the grated Parmesan cheese in fancy cup or bowl with spoon. A little sprinkled into the soup adds greatly to its flavor.

A rich cheese bisque is made by adding one-half cupful of grated cheese to a soup made of one pint of milk and a cupful of chicken or lamb stock. Season by boiling an onion therein and thicken with flour and butter blended as for white sauce. When boiling, strain and add the cheese. Return to the fire until the cheese is melted. Have two well-beaten eggs in a bowl and pour the hot soup over these, beating to keep from curdling. Season with salt and white pepper.—Marion Herrick, in the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Lobster Buttered.

Pick the meat from a large freshly boiled lobster. Mince it finely, put into a stewpan with an ounce and a half of fresh butter rolled in flour. Stir it over a gentle fire until quite hot, then add one-eighth of a nutmeg, grated, a dessertspoonful of chili vinegar, or if this is not at hand, common vinegar may be used; three grains of cayenne with large saltspoonful of white pepper in it. Two tablespoonfuls of rich gravy are a great improvement to this dish. Stir the mixture gently over the fire until quite hot. Serve in the shell of the lobster with bread crumbs over the meat. Time to simmer, ten minutes. This recipe is sufficient for six or seven persons.

Removing Lemon Soda Stain.

Soda water leaves a stain on serge, and lemon soda on blue serge may be removed by wetting the spot with a mixture of equal parts of alcohol and ammonia. Afterward sponge gently with alcohol until the stain is removed.

Before you apply this it is a good idea to try it on a sample of goods the same as the dress, if you have it, and if you have no sample then try the mixture on some part of the gown that is inconspicious.

The stain might be removed in another way. This is to rub with soap and apply chloride of soda, with a camel's hair brush, rinsing quickly and thoroughly.

Veal Cutlets.

A slice from the leg of veal makes the best cutlet. Fry slices of salt pork in the frying pan, take out and keep hot; dip the slices of veal into beaten egg, then in cracker crumbs; fry them about 15 or 20 minutes in the pork fat; dish the cutlets, add a little hot water or soup stock to the gravy in the pan and let it boil up. If gravy is not brown enough, add one-half teaspoon vegetable bouquet. Pour gravy around cutlets on a hot platter and garnish with the diced salt pork. Serve grated horseradish for a relish with this dish.

Beefsteak Roll With Tomato Sauce.

When possible have the third slice of round steak, as it is most suitable for rolling. Make a dressing as for fowl, spread thickly over steak, roll and tie. After browning on all sides cook in salt and boiling water at least two hours, or until nearly tender; then turn a quart of canned tomatoes into the kettle and boil one-half hour longer. Take out meat and set where it will keep hot, strain the contents of kettle, add thickening, let boil a few minutes and pour over meat.

Spanish Rarebit.

One-half onion chopped fine and fried brown in one tablespoonful butter. Add one pound of mild cheese broken in bits and stir until melted, and then add one-half teaspoonful of mustard and salt and pepper to taste. Then add two-thirds of a cup of strained tomato and let cook a short time, stirring occasionally, and then add two well-beaten eggs, stir well and cook one minute.

Rice and Date Pudding.

Put one glass of rich milk into a buttered pudding dish, add two tablespoons of washed rice and the same amount of sugar. Place in a slow oven. When it becomes hot, add a pinch of salt. Bake one hour, then add one-half pound of washed and chopped dates, and bake until thick, stirring frequently.

Carrot Stew.

Cut the carrots in small pieces and cover with milk enough to stew them. Add salt and pepper to taste, and a small piece of butter.

SAW NO CAUSE FOR WORRY

Small Boy Pretty Wel Satisfied That the Future Was Not Likely to Be a Hard One.

The Cleveland Plain Dealer says:

A Lakewood woman was recently reading to her little boy the story of a young lad whose father was taken ill and died, after which he set himself diligently to work to support himself and mother. When she had finished the story she said:

"Dear Billy, if your papa were to die would you work to support your dear mamma?"

"Naw!" said Billy, unexpectedly.

"But why not?"

"Ain't we got a good house to live in?"

"Yes, dearie—but we can't eat the house, you know."

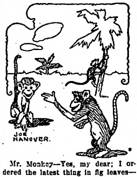
"Ain't there a lot o' stuff in the pantry?"

"Yes, but that won't last forever."

"It'll last till you git another husband, won't it? You're a pretty good looker, ma!"

Mamma gave up right there.

TRUE TO HER SEX.


JOE HANOVER.

Mr. Monkey—Yes, my dear; I ordered the latest thing in fig leaves—imported direct from Ujiji—for bathing suits for you and Jocko.

Mrs. Monkey—Oh, you dear, sweet thing! How lovely! Oh, won't I cut a figure on the Congo this season!

Pure From Start to Finish.

There is perhaps nothing in daily use in the home in which purity is so important as it is in baking powder. On its purity depends the purity of the materials used, the success of the bakings, etc. And possibly the one thing that has served to make Calumet Baking Powder so much of a favorite with the critical cooks of the country, is the fact that Calumet is pure from start to finish.

You can rely on Calumet's purity for the simple reason that every ounce of the materials used is first tested by experienced chemists and then mixed with the utmost care to insure its uniformity. And standing in the can or changes of weather, etc., cannot alter it in any respect.

But perhaps the best thing of all, is the fact that Calumet never fails. Every baking in which Calumet is used, is sure to come from the oven as light and as fluffy as you can wish. This not only means wholesome, tasty foods—but a big economy as well. Try Calumet next bake-day—it's the best baking powder made—for two World's Pure Food Expositions, one in Chicago, 1907, one at Paris, France, 1912—have given it the highest awards. Adv.

A While for a Time.

A Cleveland school teacher writes that she asked her class what was the difference between the expressions, "a while," and "a time," says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Nobody seemed to have any ideas on the subject. Finally the light of intelligence was seen to shine in the eyes of one little boy, and the teacher called upon him to save the intellectual honor of the class.

"I know, teacher!" he cried eagerly. "When papa says he's going out for a while, mamma says she knows he's going out for a time!"

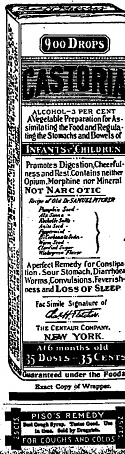
That's one way of looking at it.

Call to Arms.

"Bang!" went the rifles at the maneuvers.

"Oo-oo," screamed the pretty girl—a nice, decorous, surprised little scream. She stepped backward into the surprised arms of a young man. "Oh," said she, blushing, "I was frightened by the rifles. I beg your pardon."

"Not at all," said the young man. "Let's go over and watch the artillery."



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CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed - Alx. Senna - Rochelle Salts - Anise Seed - Peppermint - Bi Carbonate Soda - Worm Seed - Clarified Sugar - Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP
Fac Simile Signature of
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

BACKACHE NOT A DISEASE

But a Symptom, a Danger Signal Which Every Woman Should Heed.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Read about Mrs. Woodall's experience.

Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irregular. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Daddy's Whack-Whack.

On the occasion of her last visit to a certain Baltimore household a young matron of that city found a little friend in tears.

"What the matter with little Marie?" she asked endeavoring to console the weeping child.

"Daddy has just given me whack-whack," the youngster replied between sobs.

"Thoughtless daddy!" exclaimed the young woman, repressing a smile. "And where did he whack-whack little Marie?"

"On the back of my tummy," was the answer.

Neglect and Cruelty.

"So you want a divorce?" said the lawyer.

"Yes," replied the woman with tear-stained cheeks. "He has been guilty of neglect and cruelty."

"In what respects?"

"He neglected to feed the bird while I was away and says the cruelest things he can think of about Fido."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

All the world's a stage, but it lacks an asbestos drop curtain.

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Is it a blow to spiritualism when a man strikes a happy medium?

TAKE FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS For Backache Rheumatism Kidneys and Bladder

Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

PISO'S REMEDY
25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

LAND—Free government land, best location in New Mexico for land entry; Sweet soil, plenty of water and grass. If interested write J. W. WALKER, PLAYAS, GRANT COUNTY, N. M.

Pettit's GOOD FOR SORE Eye EYES Salve

SHARP PAINS IN THE BACK

Point to Hidden Kidney Trouble.

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Have you a lame back, aching day and night?

Do you feel a sharp pain after bending over?

When the kidneys seem sore and the action irregular, use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.

A Washington Case—

H. R. Hatch, 2516 Cedar St., Everett, Wash., says: "Severe pains in my back made me miserable. The kidney secretions burned in passing and looked like blood. My back got so bad I could hardly walk and any jar sent sharp stabs of pain through me. After specialists failed, Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

MORAL FOR THE MONEY-MAD

Hope of Becoming Millionaires About on a Par With the Washerwoman's Delusion.

Prof. Warren M. Beidler of Bethel, Pa., in a recent address made the striking assertion that the American people, money mad, taught their children how to earn a living, but not how to live.

"There is no viler, and there is no vainer ambition," said Professor Beidler to a reporter, "than that of the American boy to become a millionaire. What percentage of our boys do become millionaires? It would take a good many decimals to work that out, believe me!

"The boy who sets his heart on a million fares likes the washerwoman who set her heart on a cross-eyed aeronaut.

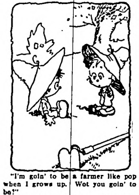
"'I hear you married that cross-eyed aeronaut last week?' said a friend.

"'Yes, I did,' replied the washerwoman, as she rocked back and forth over her tub. 'Yes, I married him, and I gave him $500 out of my buildin' association to start an airship factory.'

"'That so?' said the friend. 'Where is he now?'

"'I don't know,' said the washerwoman. 'I'm waitin' for him to come back from his honeymoon.'"

HIS CAREER MAPPED OUT.



"I'm goin' to be a farmer like pop when I grows up. Wot you goin' to be?"

"Me? I'm goin' to be a bunco man an' take yer farm away from you."

Mooted Question.

"How's Willie getting on at that free thought Sunday school you're sending him to?"

"First rate, from last accounts. He asked his pretty lady teacher who it was that first bit the apple in the Garden of Eden. Willie says she looked him straight in the eye and said nobody knew; that they'd been trying to figure it out for the last 6,000 years."

Official Scoring.

"Should Blucher get the credit for winning Waterloo?"

"No; that victory is properly credited to Wellington. Blucher didn't relieve him until about the eighth inning."

"GOOD STUFF."

A Confirmed Coffee Drinker Takes to Postum.

A housewife was recently surprised when cook served Postum instead of coffee. She says:

"For the last five or six years I have been troubled with nervousness, indigestion and heart trouble. I couldn't get any benefit from the doctor's medicine so finally he ordered me to stop drinking coffee, which I did.

"I drank hot water while taking the doctor's medicine, with some improvement, then went back to coffee with the same old trouble as before.

"A new servant girl told me about Postum—said her folks used it and liked it in place of coffee. We got a package but I told her I did not believe my husband would like it, as he was a great coffee drinker.

"To my surprise he called for a third cup, said it was 'good stuff' and wanted to know what it was. We have used Postum ever since and both feel better than we have in years.

"My husband used to have bad spells with his stomach and would be sick three or four days, during which time he could not eat or drink anything. But since he gave up coffee and took to Postum, he has had no more trouble, and we now fully believe it was all caused by coffee.

"I have not had any return of my former troubles since drinking Postum, and feel better and can do more work than in the last ten years. We tell everyone about it—some say they tried it and did not like it. I tell them it makes all the difference as to how it's made. It should be made according to directions—then it is delicious."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

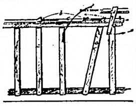
The DAIRY

PROTECTING COWS FROM FIRE

Lever Attached to Stanchions Will Open Them All at Once—Quite Handy at All Times.

Just the other day a dairyman near here lost 17 head of good cows in a fire. The cows were fastened in their stanchions in the barn when the barn burned. One of the men risked his life to go in and open the stanchions of two of the cows, but the fire was so intense that the others perished, writes Augustus Merrill of Tulare county, California, in the Farm and Home.

I have always been afraid of fire ever since. I built my new barn in which I invested a big sum, and I have taken many precautions to save the stock in case something should happen. One of the things that is very useful is a lever at the end of each stanchion row that will unfasten all of the cows in that row at once. There are 20 cows on one side and 15 on the other, and the levers are near the door where one could get at them even though there were quite a blaze inside.



Lever Releasing All Stanchions.

The drawing shows how these levers are fastened to the stanchions to open them all at once. Instead of one timber at the top there are two. The uppermost, c, is a 2x4 that moves on top of the other. This 2x4 has slits in it in which the stanchion timbers are moved. The lever, d, at the end is attached to c and will either open or close all of the stanchions at once. To prevent accidents, the lever is fastened with a wooden pin, either open or shut as the case may be.

Besides being a good thing in case of fire, it is very handy in everyday use. When I am ready to let the cows out I open the stanchions all at once. When the cows come in, they take their proper places, and when they are quietly eating their silage the lever is operated and they are all fastened at one time.

DRIED GRAINS TO DAIRY COW

Really More Valuable, Pound for Pound, Than Bran—Animals Should Have Oat Straw.

It is our opinion that the dried grains are really more valuable, pound for pound, as a feed stuff, than the bran, and yet for the sake of variety, as well as for other purposes, we should hardly go to the extent of using grains exclusively, says a writer in an exchange. On the contrary, we think it would be better to mix the grains and the bran in equal parts by weight. This mixture would carry about 16 per cent. of protein, and, when fed in connection with good corn silage, corn stover and oat straw would make a very good ration indeed. If the amount of silage on hand will justify feeding so liberally we suggest the use of 40 pounds of it daily, and in connection five pounds of alfalfa hay as long as it will last. Ten pounds of the mixture of grains and bran, fed in connection, would be quite sufficient for the production of 40 pounds of milk, and five pounds will probably suffice for the production of 25 pounds of milk; for amounts between 25 and 40 feed in about the same proportion.

In addition to the foregoing, give the cows all the oat straw or stover they will care to eat.

JERSEY IS BEST MILKER

Highly Developed Animal Long Bred for This Purpose—Can Always Be Depended Upon.

The Jersey cow is a highly developed milk-making machine. She has been bred so long for this purpose that her characteristics have become fixed, and the descendants of a well-bred dairy cow can be depended upon. The amount of milk that she will make depends largely on the amount of food that you can get her to use.

Excellent Type of Jersey.

Washing Butter.

A correspondent asks how to wash butter. Following is a rule that, if followed, will prove satisfactory:

After drawing off the buttermilk, pour a pailful of cold water in the churn over the butter and give the churn four or five quick revolutions. Then draw off the first water and put on the second and turn as before. If the butter is hard enough after the second washing, draw it off and take out the butter.

The washing of the butter removes the buttermilk and makes the butter keep for a longer time. It also puts it in better condition for salting.

AGE OF BREEDING HEIFERS

Constantly Recurring Question on Which Dairymen Do Not Agree—No Danger of Stunting.

The age at which to breed the heifers is a constantly recurring question. Opinion differs considerably on this point, and unfortunately experience as related by breeders is not uniform by any means, writes E. E. Kaufman in the Town and Country Journal.

The writer has always tried to make his opinions conform to his experience and observation, but in the case of breeding the heifers his views have always been backed up by both experience and observation.

When the heifer is bred to drop the first calf at the age of two years, and in nearly all instances this can be done, the habit of giving milk is early stimulated; besides the young cow is more tractable and thus more readily brought under the environment of her new condition. With the first calf dropped at the age of two years it is better to delay the breeding for the second calf for six or eight months, but keep milking her for a year at least, in order to develop the trait of long and persistent milking. After the second calf she can be bred regularly every year.

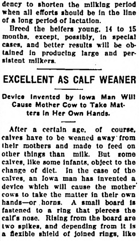
If properly fed and handled there is really no danger of stunting the growth or undermining the constitution by early breeding. For the dairy a cow should begin giving milk as early in life as possible and the habit of persistent milking be thoroughly instilled in the animal. A heifer bred to calve at two and one-half or three years of age will be more difficult to handle and consequently not give down her milk so readily, thus bringing about a tendency to shorten the milking period when all efforts should be in the line of a long period of lactation.

Breed the heifers young, 14 to 15 months, except, possibly, in special cases, and better results will be obtained in producing large and persistent milkers.

EXCELLENT AS CALF WEANER

Device Invented by Iowa Man Will Cause Mother Cow to Take Matters in Her Own Hands.

After a certain age, of course, calves have to be weaned away from their mothers and made to feed on other things than milk. But some calves, like some infants, object to the change of diet. In the case of the calves, an Iowa man has invented a device which will cause the mother cows to take the matter in their own hands—or horns. A small board is fastened to a ring that pierces the calf's nose. Rising from the board are two spikes, and depending from it is a flexible shield of joined rings, like the ringed dish cloths for scrubbing pots and pans that some of us have seen in our mother's kitchens. When the calf attempts to suck with this apparatus on she prods her mother in the side and gets pushed away for her pains. Even if she does get her mouth to the udder she cannot suck it for the shield.



Calf Weaner.

Goat's Milk.

For human consumption goat's milk has an advantage over cow's milk, being somewhat richer, its water content being less. On the average, the percentage composition of this milk is as follows: Butter fat, 3.70; casein and albumen, 4.85; sugar, 5; salts, 0.35; water, 86. The goat is much more resistant to disease than the cow, particularly to tuberculosis; therefore its milk is especially valuable as food for children.

Yield of Silage.

A yield of 12 tons of silage may easily be obtained from one acre of corn. Allowing 30 pounds of silage as a daily ration, one acre of corn will furnish four cows with silage for 200 days.

DAIRY NOTES

Whey is not a good feed for calves and can be used only in a limited

Look out for those cold fall rains. put the cows up. This applies to calves as well.

Lighting, ventilation and cleanliness must be practiced before best results can be secured in the dairy.

Danish experiments show that 600 pounds of skim-milk equal in feeding value 100 pounds of corn meal.

No breed of dairy cows can continue as first-class dairy animals if the calves are allowed to run with the cows.

Calves from four to six months old frequently bloat if allowed to run on young green clover, especially if the clover is wet.

Cows in good condition and running in a good pasture require no grain feed to put them in good condition for the winter's work.

Abolish the stanchions; they have been responsible for many injured udders. When the cow is confined in the stall she needs solid comfort.

The few flies that have managed to keep their feet warm are very annoying. They stick like a burr to a dog's tail and bite with dying ferocity during the heat of the day.

WELL TO AVOID DAMPNESS

One Thing About Outdoor Life That Can Not in Any Way Be Termed Beneficial.

The woman who leads an outdoor life must protect herself from dampness if she is to keep well. The mistake of the novice is trying to harden herself as no seasoned tar would attempt.

As rubbers wear out quickly when tramping have waterproof shoes that are guaranteed to shed moisture, yet are light and shapely. They come in two heights, 12 and 16 inches, or the ordinary walking shoe may be made in waterproof leather.

The woman who has once owned oilskins will never be without them. There is a feather weight grade, smooth, glossy and free from wrinkles that is made up into long coats with a warm corduroy collar; or, even smarter, come in a jacket and skirt, more convenient for use in a boat.

For the head are rubber hoods with a visor and deep collar that can be folded into pocket compass. Rather more becoming is the soft hat lined with oiled silk.

A rubber blanket that folds into a neat case is a great safeguard from dampness. It can be used when sitting on damp ground, and keeps out dampness when put over bedclothing in outdoor sleeping.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

Paper plates with roses painted thereon come with doilies and paper tablecloth to match, and are truly artistic.

To remove the odor of fish from forks, first wash the forks in hot water and then remove from the water and rub them over with a tiny piece of butter. Wash again and no odor will remain.

To clean fawn colored suede gloves put the gloves on the hands and rub them all over with a mixture of fuller's earth and alum, then brush off the powder and the gloves should look as good as new.

To renew chiffon spread a wet cloth over a very hot iron and hold the chiffon over the steamer until it is free from wrinkles. Repeat the process with another hot iron and wet cloth as soon as the steam begins to flow feebly. The chiffon should be dried quickly.

Sandwich Labels.

The clever hostess of today will let no little idea of table service escape her observing eyes if she enjoys the reputation of having things just right. Not only must she be supplied with little menu cards, place cards, tiny dinner cards, but now she must use the attractive little name cards for sandwiches.

We all know from experience that almost all dainty sandwiches look alike, so a wise brain has decided that the hostess must label her viands. For garden parties, al fresco teas, buffet breakfasts and informal veranda affairs these convenient name cards appear.

As many hostesses have the little solid silver tags into which the name of the liquor or cordial written on a card is inserted, the same tags might be utilized for the assorted sandwiches.

The English custom of labeling heavily garnished dishes might be used on some occasions by the American hostess, and she would surely be considered a most thoughtful woman.

Apple and Peach Pudding.

Take equal parts ripe sour apples and peaches and mix well; put in baking dish; to each quart fruit add pint of sugar; flavor with nutmeg; cover with a batter made by beating together one egg, one cup sweet milk, one teaspoon baking powder, one cup sugar and enough flour to make stiff batter; bake slowly until a rich brown. Serve warm with cream and sugar.

Spice Cake Without Eggs—One cup of sugar, one tablespoon of butter, one teaspoon each cinnamon and allspice, one small teaspoon salt, one cup sour milk, one small teaspoon soda dissolved in it, one cup chopped raisins, two cups flour.

Beanpot Stew.

Get a pound of shoulder steak, or any kind of stew meat, and cut up in inch pieces; place a layer of meat in bean pot, sprinkle with pepper and salt, then a tablespoon of flour, next a layer of sliced onion and one of potatoes, and so on until meat is used up; cover with a cup of water, place in oven covered and bake slowly; if water bakes off add more.

Kidney Stew.

Take kidneys and wash, then put on stove, cook slowly, then when almost done cut into small dices, put through a food chopper and add salt, pepper and make a gravy. This is fine served on toast. Kidneys make delicious stew. Cook and add onions and five or six potatoes. Thicken with a little flour. They are very nice fried, but the stew cannot be excelled.

French Stew.

Put a little butter in a spider, slice a small onion and fry in the butter. Cut leftover turnip and carrot in fancy shapes. Put the gravy left from the roast into the spider. Cook a few minutes and strain. Now cut nice slices of the cold roast meat and put in the gravy. Cook ten minutes, add turnip and carrot and one can of peas. Pour on a platter and serve.

Chili Sauce.

Twenty-four large, ripe tomatoes; five large onions, three green peppers, all chopped fine; then add four even tablespoonfuls salt, five tablespoonfuls brown sugar, four tablespoonfuls cinnamon, two tablespoonfuls ginger, one-half tablespoon cloves, one quart vinegar. Cook one and one-half hours. Put in glass jars and seal. This is excellent.

Tomato Jelly Salad.

Follow ordinary directions for making gelatin, using one pint strained tomato to one-quarter box gelatin. Season with salt, pepper and a dash of celery salt. Cool in small loaf pan; when almost set, add one-half cupful pecan meats. Cube and serve with mayonnaise on lettuce.

AFTER THE GRIP PURIFY THE BLOOD

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Best Blood Builder and Will Cure You as They Cured This Woman.

It is of the utmost importance to your health, if you have suffered from the grip, that you cleanse the blood of the lingering germs and put it in condition to resist disease.

After the acute attack the sufferer is left with a debilitated system, is short of breath upon the slightest exertion and is affected by every change of weather. The system is in such a weakened condition that it is powerless to resist the attack of such diseases as pneumonia and bronchitis.

This is a condition which emphatically calls for a tonic for the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the best medicine for this purpose for they act directly on the blood which they cleanse of all impurities. They tone up the nerves and give health and strength to the debilitated system.

The debility which follows an attack of the grip can only be cured by making the blood rich and red. This Dr. Williams' Pink Pills never fail to do promptly and it explains how they cured Mrs. F. R. Boyd, of No. 607 South Ninth street, Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

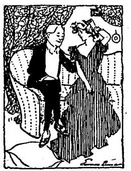
"I was never well after an attack of the grip a few years ago until I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before this I had found nothing that helped me. I was all run down, pale and thin. My appetite was poor and my head ached continually. I didn't feel like myself at all.

"Someone finally recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to me and I found them just the medicine for my case. They gave me a hearty appetite and a good, clear color. I got back my vitality and was soon a well woman. I can safely say that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do all that is claimed for them. I heartily recommend them."

If you are suffering from after-effects of the grip or other wasting disease, try the remedy that has cured so many stubborn cases, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, upon receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A copy of our booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," is free on request. Adv.

SUGARED.



Kitty (blushing)—I am angry with Horace, and I only gave you that kiss through revenge.

Harry (laughing)—It reminded me of revenge.

Kitty—In what way?

Harry—Well, you know, "revenge is sweet."

PIMPLES COVERED FACE

1613 Dayton St., Chicago, Ill.—"My face was very red and irritated and was covered with pimples. The pimples festered and came to a head. They itched and burned and when I scratched them became sore. I tried soaps and they would not stop the itching and burning of the skin. This lasted for a month or more. At last I tried Cuticura Ointment and Soap. They took out the burning and itching of the skin, soothing it very much and giving the relief that the others failed to give me. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment about three weeks and was completely cured." (Signed) Miss Clara Mueller, Mar. 16, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Explains the Undertaker's Grouch.

"Who is that fellow sitting humped up and muttering to himself out there on the horse block?"

"Aw, that's Ezra Toombs, the undertaker," replied the landlord of the Skeedee tavern. "He's feeling sore over the way his business has been going of late. You see, the doctor gave Judge Feebles two weeks to live; that was six weeks ago, and the judge is up and around now and figgerin' on marryin' again. Every time Ezra meets the doctor he asks him, 'How about it, hey?' and they have a row. And now he's sittin' out there watching a tramp painter gilding the weather vane of the church across the street. Ezra says, by Heck, he's about ready to move away, things is so dead here."—Kansas City Star.

Wise Young Man.

That was a very wise Cambridge student of whom the London story tellers were talking some time ago. One of his college friends finding himself without funds, went to this Solomon of students to borrow. He found him in bed. Seizing him by the shoulder, he shook him.

"I say," he said, "are you asleep?"

"Why do you ask?" queried the other, sleepily.

"I want to borrow a sovereign."

"Yes," said the other, turning over and closing his eyes. "I'm asleep."

Serious One.

"What was the last operation that famous surgeon performed?"

"He cut his wife out of his will."

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain—and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

If you say what you like others may not like it.

Every Boy and Girl Wants a Watch!

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

We want every smoker in this country to know how good *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture is. Every grain in that big one *and a half* ounce 5c sack is pure, clean tobacco—a delightful smoke in a pipe or any other way you wish to use it.

And with each sack you now get

A Free Present Coupon

These coupons are good for hundreds of valuable presents, such as watches, toilet articles, silverware, furniture, and dozens of other articles suitable for every member of the family.

You will surely like Duke's Mixture, made by *Liggett & Myers* at Durham, N. C., and the presents cannot fail to please you and yours.

Duke's Mixture
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
Durham, N.C.

As a special offer, *during October and November only we will send you our new illustrated catalog of presents FREE.* Just send us your name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c-tin double coupon),* PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W.L.Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W.L.Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Trains young men and women for high class business positions.

Bookkeeping, Actual Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, English.

Enter any time. Write for catalog. Address J. S. [illegible], President, Minneapolis, Minn.

227 Bushels of Corn to the Acre

This crop was raised in the season of 1911 by a boy in Mississippi. Can you do as well on your high priced land? Living is pleasant in the south. You can be outdoors all the time and can raise from 2 to 4 crops a year. Alfalfa, cotton, corn, oats, cowpeas, cabbage, sweet and Irish potatoes, tomatoes and fruits of all kinds grow equally well.

Go South, Young Man and Grow Rich

For beautifully illustrated booklets and full information write to J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Commissioner, Room D600, Central Station, I. C. R. R., Chicago

Eggs Clotworthy Ate.

Harry Clotworthy, who is an expert on military affairs, entered the diningroom of the National Press club one morning and carried with him a ravenous appetite. Having eaten one breakfast, which consisted largely of eggs, he ordered another breakfast, which consisted even more largely of eggs. After his repast he went to the writing-room to get off some letters. Half an hour later the steward of the club found the colored waiter loafing about the entrance of the writing-room and asked him what he meant by being absent from his post.

"I got a good excuse," exclaimed the waiter, exhibiting the check for the egg breakfast. "Mr. Clotworthy done eat $2 worth of eggs and I ain't goin' to let him git away from here without payin' for them, high as eggs is now."

Good Time to Do It.

"Is your daughter going to practice on the piano this afternoon?"

"Yes, I think so."

"Well, then, I'd like to borrow your lawn mower. I've got to cut the grass some time, anyway."—Judge.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 42-1912.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For **DISTEMPER** Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any stage are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue; acts on the Blood and Glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

Proposed Amendments

-TO THE-

Constitution

-OF-

Minnesota

-BY-

The Legislature General Session 1911

And a Ratification of the

Tax On Gross Earnings Of Railroads PROPOSED

-BY THE-

Extra Session of 1912.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

St. Paul, Minn., July 3, 1912.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State,
Capitol.

Sir:

As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, and Amendment, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, proposed by the Legislature of 1911, which are to be submitted to the electors of this State at the general election in 1912.

I have also furnished a statement of the purposes and effect of the law proposed by the Legislature at the extra session of 1912, known as Chapter 9, Laws of 1912, relating to the taxation of railroad companies, which, under the Constitution of this state, must be submitted to a vote of the people of the State, and be adopted and ratified by a majority of the electors of the State voting at the election, before such Chapter 9 shall take effect or be in force.

AMENDMENT NO. I.

Increased Road Fund.

Chapter 398 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1911, proposes to the people of this state, for their approval or rejection, an amendment to Section 16 of Article 9, of the Constitution. This Section now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund;' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

Provided, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year, and provided, further, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

This Section, if amended, will read as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund;' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for any annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one mill on all the taxable property within the state. **Provided,** that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The approval of this amendment will authorize the Legislature to levy, in its discretion, a one mill tax upon all the property of this state for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein; and will repeal certain limitations as to the amount which may be paid by the state for such roads and bridges.

The present constitution authorizes the Legislature to add to the road and bridge fund by providing, in its discretion for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state not to exceed one-fourth (¼) of one (1) mill, while the amendment permits the Legislature, in its discretion, to provide for an annual tax levy of one (1) mill on all taxable property within the state.

The present constitution provides that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund. The amendment proposes to remove the limitation which now exists in the constitution as to the amount which the state may pay for such fund towards the cost of constructing or repairing any road or bridge and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the Legislature shall deem wise.

AMENDMENT NO. II.

Insurance of Crops.

By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article 9 of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. This amendment, if adopted, will authorize the state to act in the collection and disbursements of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons only as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it, there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in the fund to be raised by taxation of such listed lands the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the state; but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund, and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages, the state would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund and could not further be rendered liable.

PROPOSED LAW RELATING TO THE TAXATION OF RAILROAD PROPERTIES.

CHAPTER 9, LAWS OF 1912.

AN ACT providing for the taxation of railroad properties, the collection **and times of payment of such tax** and repealing acts inconsistent therewith.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. Every railroad company owning or operating any line of railroad situated within, or partly within this state, shall, during the year **1913**, and annually thereafter, pay into the treasury of this state, in lieu of all taxes and assessments, upon all property within this state, owned or operated for railway purposes, by such company, including equipment, appurtenances, appendages and franchises thereof, a sum of money equal to **five** per cent of the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within in this state.

On or before August 15, 1913, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending June 30th, next preceding, and the said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and be payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on September 1st, next thereafter.

On or before February 15, 1914, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending December 31st next preceding, and said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on March 1st next thereafter; and the payment of such sums at the times hereinbefore set forth shall be in full and in lieu of all other taxes and assessments upon the property and franchises so taxed; **provided nothing in this act shall be construed as modifying any agreement entered into between any municipality within the state and any railroad company relating to the payment of local taxes or assessments.**

The lands acquired by public grant shall be and remain exempt from taxation until sold or contracted to be sold or conveyed as provided in the respective acts whereby such grants were made or recognized.

Sec. 2. The term "the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within in this state," as used in Section 1 of this act is hereby declared and shall be construed to mean, all earnings on business beginning and ending within the state, and a proportion, based upon the proportion of the mileage within the state to the entire mileage over which such business is done, of earnings on all interstate business passing through, into or out of the state.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts not inconsistent herewith, regulating the payment, collection, time of payment, enforcement or reports involving the amount of taxes upon the gross earnings of railroad companies within this state or providing penalties for the non-payment of such taxes, are hereby made applicable to this act so far as may be, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. Upon failure to pay the amount of such taxes legally due, upon the respective dates hereinbefore set forth, collection thereof may be enforced in addition to existing remedies in a civil action brought in the name of the State of Minnesota in the district court of any county.

Sec. 5. Before any railroad company shall be heard to contest or continue to contest the validity of this act or any part thereof, such railroad company shall as a condition precedent thereto, pay into the treasury of the State of Minnesota the amount of taxes due or payable from such railroad company under the existing tax laws of this state.

Sec. 6. This act shall be submitted to the people of this state for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year 1912.

The secretary of state shall cause to be printed in bold type upon the ballot used in voting for state officers or upon a separate ballot, if so provided by law at the said election, in manner conformable with the requirements of the general election law, the words, "For increasing the gross earnings tax of railroad companies **from four to five per cent, and providing for the payment of the gross earnings tax semi-annually.**

Yes........................

No........................

And each voter voting at such election shall designate his vote by a cross mark made opposite one or the other of the words "Yes" or "No" and the said election shall in all respects, conform, as far as may be, to the requirements of the general election law, and the returns of said election shall be made, canvassed and certified, and the results thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes cast for state officers.

Approved June 15, 1912.

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The law now in force relating to the taxation of railroad properties is Chapter 233, Laws of 1903, ratified by the people at the general election of 1904. The only language of the proposed law of 1912 which differs from the old law of 1903 is set forth above in bold-faced type. Under the present law, the taxes upon railroad property are computed at the rate of four per cent upon the gross earnings of the company owning or operating the same. The purpose of this new law is to change that rate from four per cent to five per cent and to make the taxes payable semi-annually on March 1st and September 1st of each year, instead of annually, as under the existing law.

AMENDMENT NO. III.

Mortgage Loans to State.

This amendment, if adopted, will permit the permanent school and university fund of the state to be invested in first mortgage loans upon improved and cultivated farm lands of the State. This amendment would change Section 6, Article 8, of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, but no such investment shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed fifteen per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than three per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or of county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of the issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

So as to read as follows:

"Section 6. The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, and in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state. But no such improvement shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed 15 per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall any farm loan or investment be made when such investment or loan would exceed 30 per cent of the actual cash value of the farm land mortgaged to secure said investment; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than 3 per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The present constitution authorizes the investment of the permanent school and university funds of this state in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state. This amendment, if adopted, will permit, in addition to the foregoing investments, said school and university funds to be invested also in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state.

AMENDMENT NO. IV.

Commission Form of Municipal Government.

By this Amendment it is proposed to amend Section 36 of Article 4 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city consistent with and subject to the laws of this state as follows: The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper, for a board of fifteen freeholders, who shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the district judges of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated, as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall, within six months after its appointment, return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of said charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof. Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next election thereafter, and if four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at such election shall ratify the same it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, become the charter of such city or village as a city, and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; Provided, that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established. Before any city shall incorporate under this act the legislature shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof. Such charter so deposited may be amended by proposal therefor made by a board of fifteen commissioners aforesaid, published for at least thirty days in three newspapers of general circulation in such city or village, and accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next election and not otherwise; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of the commission relative to submitting amendments of charter to the vote of the people, and shall provide that upon application of five per cent of the legal voters of any such city or village, by written petition, such commission shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition. The board of freeholders above provided for shall be permanent, and all the vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members. It shall be a feature of all such charters that there shall be provided, among other things, for a mayor, or chief magistrate and a legislative body of either one or two houses; if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by general vote of the electors. In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto to the qualified voters of such city or village any alternate section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter or any amendments thereto. The legislature may provide general laws relating to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all such cities of either class, and which shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for. But no local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

So that said Section 36 of Article 4 of the State Constitution shall read as follows:

"Section 36. Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city, consistent with and subject to the laws of this state, as follows:

The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper for a charter board of not to exceed fifteen freeholders, who shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the judges of the district court of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall within six months after its appointment return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of a proposed charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof, and, if the same be not ratified may thereafter in like manner return other draft or drafts of a proposed charter until one thereof shall be ratified as herein provided.

Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next general or special election thereafter, and if a majority of the qualified voters voting at such election shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, or at such other time, if any, as shall be specified therein, become the charter of such city or village as a city and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; provided that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established.

Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof.

Such charter so deposited may be amended, or revised, by proposal therefor made by said board and accepted by a majority of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next general or special election thereafter; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of said board relative to submitting amendments of such charter to the vote of the people and shall provide that upon application of ten per cent. of the legal voters of any such city or village by written petition, such board shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition.

The board above provided for, shall be permanent and all vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members.

Any such charter or any amendment or revision thereof may provide for the commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers, or it may provide for a mayor or chief magistrate, and a legislative body of either one or two houses and, if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by a general vote of the electors, or it may provide for any other plan or system of municipal government; **provided** that the plan or form of government so adopted shall not violate the constitution of the state as hereby amended.

In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto, or revision thereof to the qualified voters of such city or village, any alternative section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter, or any amendments thereto or revision thereof.

The legislature may provide general laws relative to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty thousand and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty thousand and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all cities of either class, or if so specified in the law, to all cities in either such class not having charters adopted pursuant to this amendment, but no general law limited to one or more of said classes of cities shall apply to any city existing under a charter framed under this section of the constitution unless such general law shall be made applicable to such city by a declaration, therein, naming the city. Such laws shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for.

The legislature shall enact any and all laws necessary or proper to carry into effect the provisions of this amendment, and shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. No local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to permit cities already incorporated and villages desiring to be incorporated as cities to include in their charters, or by amendment or revision thereof, a commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers. The amendment sought enlarges the power of such municipalities in framing their own charters, reserving to the legislature, however, the authority to prescribe the general limits within which the said charters shall be framed.

A commission form of city government is generally understood to include the following characteristic features: 1. A small governing board; 2. The exercise of both legislative and administrative duties by this board; 3. The division among the members of the board of the administrative work of the city by departments over which a single member of the governing board of the city has control; 4. The election of the members of the governing board by all of the voters of the city and not by wards, precincts or districts. 5. The adoption of methods of direct popular control over the action and the continuance in office of the members of the governing board.

AMENDMENT NO. V.

County Superintendents of Schools.

By this Amendment it is sought to enlarge the provisions of Section 7, of Article 7, of the Constitution, which Section now reads as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

So that it will read as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except **county superintendents of schools who shall be required to have educational and professional qualifications to be determined by the legislature,** and except as otherwise provided in the constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational and professional qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of County Superintendent of Schools. As the Constitution now stands, any legal voter is eligible to the office of County Superintendent of Schools.

AMENDMENT NO. VI.

State Senate.

Section 2 of Article 4 of the Constitution now reads as follows:

"Section 2. The number of members who compose the senate and house of representatives shall be prescribed by law, but the representation in the senate shall never exceed one member for every five thousand inhabitants, and in the house of representatives one member for every two thousand inhabitants. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned equally throughout the different sections of the state, in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law."

It is proposed to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 2. Number of members. The senate shall be composed of sixty-three (63) members, and the house of representatives shall be composed of such number of members as may be prescribed by law. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned as nearly equal as practicable, throughout the different sections of the state in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law. **Provided,** however, that a county may be divided into several legislative districts, but no county or any of the parts thereof shall ever constitute or be a part of more than seven (7) senatorial districts and not more than seven senators shall ever be apportioned to any one county."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to limit the State senate to sixty-three (63) members and to prevent any one county having more than seven (7) senators.

Yours respectfully,
LYNDON A. SMITH,
Attorney General.

Secret Lock.

If you have several small drawers in a bookcase or desk you can lock one of them in a manner most difficult to discover by boring a hole through the piece between two of the drawers and into the drawer. Fit a peg into this just tight enough not to slip down, and the drawer cannot be opened until the one above it is pulled entirely out to give access to the peg.

Something Cruel About It.

Benevolent Party — "Don't you think fishing is a very cruel sport?" Angler—"Cruel? Well, I should say so. I've sat here three days and not had a bite, been nearly eaten up by gnats and stung by two wasps, lost my pocket-knife in the river, and the sun has taken all the skin off the back of my neck."

Only One More.

Senator La Follette, at a luncheon in Madison, listened with a rather weary smile to a magazine writer's exposure of the shameful means whereby a certain capitalist had amassed his fortune. "Oh, well," said the senator, "this is only another case of a profit without honor."

Seek Knowledge.

He who refuses to be taught loses from life its charm and sacredness. Cease to learn and you will in time starve your powers of admiration, of reverence, of obedience, and all the rest of those delicate faculties which in their union are the very strength of character.—George Adam Smith.

Lesson in Happiness.

There is a lesson in the following from one of the old-time colored brethren: "W'enever I feels so happy dat Ah wants to holler, I don't holler—fer fear I'll lose all de happiness. 'Stidder doin' dat, I des keeps still, en feels good!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Unwelcome Visitor.

A pair of large eagles which are nesting on an inaccessible rock on the Daserberg mountain canton of Schwytz, Bavaria, have during the past two weeks "captured" four lambs, four kids, and one fox, which they have taken up to their nest before the eyes of the peasants.

Trade Terms.

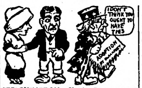
Postmaster (of Punk Hollow)—"I see that a fust-class waiter in New York gits only $25 a month, and out of the small sum he has to pay his omnibus." Ezra Henhouse—"Huh! Why don't he live close to his job and walk?"—Puck.

The Mean Man.

"Do you mean to say that you flirted with your wife all the evening at the masked ball and didn't know her?" "That's right. But she was so deuced agreeable—how was I to know it?"—Tit Bits.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Uncle Sam Spoils an Indian Adoption Romance.


I DON'T THINK YOU OUGHT TO HAVE THIS
ADOPTION

WASHINGTON.—Uncle Sam, money grubber, who seems to have lost all his sentiment, has spoiled the pretty romance of the adoption of Robert D. Heinl and his bride into the Blackfeet tribe of Indians.

Mr. Heinl, who is a Washington correspondent, and his bride, formerly Miss Helen Corbin, were admitted to the tribe at a picturesque ceremony in Glacier National Park, Mont., shortly before their marriage. Chief Three Bears acted for the tribe and bestowed upon the couple the tribal names of "Black Eagle" and "Little Woman."

The redskins made their new paleface brethren welcome, Mr. Heinl having long been in their good graces through his sympathy and affection for the vanishing race of Americans, of which he has made an exhaustive study.

The tribe extended hearty welcome to "Black Eagle" and his bride, therefore, but Uncle Sam, through the Indian office, now says that he cannot allow his wards to acquire tribal additions in this manner.

The acting chief of the Indian Bureau says the adoption is not legal because the Indian bureau will not confirm it when it comes before them officially. Therefore, Mr. Heinl and his bride will be cut out of their share of the Blackfeet allotment of lands and money which their red-skinned brothers were anxious they should have.

The acting chief said:

"We will disapprove of this adoption matter when it is brought to our notice for verification. The Indians themselves, I feel sure, must have looked on it simply as a joke. They were admitted to the tribe by an Indian ceremony, and not by a legal one, which requires a tribal council before the superintendent of the reservation and other officers.

"Only people descended from the tribe and who have Indian blood in them are ever admitted to a tribe. The Indians are wards of the nation and receive a certain allotment, therefore, any new member of the tribe is a ward of the nation and would have an allotment of lands and money. We will not allow Mr. and Mrs. Heinl to become members of the tribe, even if they waive their rights to apportionments, because it might make serious complications in the future and lots of people would desire to join Indian tribes to become wards of the nation and benefit therefrom. It would be a dangerous precedent."

Love Germs and Lingerie Are Coincidental

YOU ARE TOO YOUNG TO WEAR THESE THINGS
?

A LOT of the idiosyncrasies of young girls and budding debutantes, susceptibility to love affairs and their romantic notions generally, among other things, were explained to several hundred mothers the other day by Dr. Eleanora C. Follkmar at the exhibition hall of the Congress of Hygiene and Demography.

Dr. Follkmar said that many times girls cannot help these little things, when they are crossing the border line to womanhood. The fault is with nature, not with the belles, she admitted. They should be gently repressed.

Dr. Follkmar, who is a stoutish lady of middle age, told her sisters to denude their daughters of pretty shoes and corsets. She condemned especially the brand of corsets which conduce to the "waspish waist."

Of the activity of the love germ in the budding belle she said:

"The period of passage from girlhood to womanhood is the period of self-consciousness, of early love affairs, of hero devotion, worship or devotion to ideals and religious enthusiasm. These things are in part results of the changes they are undergoing physically.

"This is also the period of bad tempers and the use of slang and profane words. During this period girls should not be allowed to wear corsets or high heeled shoes. Neither should they be allowed to use stimulants, not even tea or coffee. They should get plenty of sleep and not be allowed to go much into society or take part in strenuous pastimes.

They should get nine hours of sleep in the open air. There are many cases of the nervous wrecks, women unfit for the duties of the home, because their lives were too strenuous at this period. Corsets and high heeled shoes were not made for girls under eighteen years. One of the most vexing problems of this period is the corset. Every girl wants to wear one.

"Nature has provided every girl with a corset of bony framework, covered with muscles and ligaments for the thorax and pelvis and several layers of muscles for the abdomen and back. Tight lacing at this period deforms the bony framework. The curved front corset—the one that gives the wasplike waist—causes future troubles in the woman who wears them at this period.

"Next to the corset must be placed the tight shoe in the amount of harm it does girls. They should wear low, square heeled shoes with wide toes. Compression of the foot into a rigid shoe destroys the natural relation of the parts, interferes with the circulation, prevents development of the muscles and ligaments, and brings on a train of sequences such as bunions, weak ankles and broken arches."

Staying in One's Bed Is the Only Good Answer

COING UP
PLEASE, OH PLEASE —FER MY SAKE. DON'T DO IT
LAUNDRY PRICES

LAUNDRY prices in Washington are going up. This is the aeroplane age. Meat and rents are already well on their way for altitude records, having broken all former attempts. Rent, clothing, coal, and sundries are soaring. "Everybody's doin' it," and now the laundry men are going to do it, too.

"Who are we, that we should pay ten cents more for steak and not charge an additional cent for our collar processes?" asked one laundryman.

"There comes a tide in the affairs of men, when, unless one gets in the swim, one finds everything going out and nothing coming in," said another.

The "cleaners" feel that they have enough. Therefore, Washingtonians are to pay three cents for their collars and 15 to 20 cents for their shirts soon, and, if they wear pleated evening shirts, they may even cost them 25 cents.

Heretofore, however, the common "peepul" thought that he had one advantage. Cleanliness remained conservative in price. Water and soap were within his reach. He could afford to run a laundry bill.

Even had he only three collars and two lonesome shirts, the world did not need to know it. They could take their regular turns at the laundry and one could maintain a bold front before the world. His neighbors did not need to know that he wintered upon two dozen lumps of coal, and brought his little ones up on a diet of oleomargarine and meatine capsules.

Provided he had the price to pay his rent, there was not much more that he needed in order to appear prosperous to his fellows.

His last hope is about to vanish into thin air. Laundry prices are going to aviate, and the dark complected collar and sallow shirt must henceforth show the status quo of the man who pays the bills.

Local laundrymen abused the trusts, when questioned. They threw the blame on the Standard Oil and Steamship trusts for leading the way. They maintained that even should they charge five cents per collar, it would still hardly bring them enough profit to buy their daily caviar and turtle steak.

Preserve Pears by Martha Washington's Recipe

MARTHA WASHINGTON'S RECIPE
PUT THEM INTO BOYLING LYE FOR AN MINUTE REMOVE—
ALL THIS SOUNDS GOOD BUT THE BOILING IN LYE

MARTHA WASHINGTON'S recipe for preserving pears in brandy has been discovered by Mrs. Arvilla McDonough, of 1401 Massachusetts avenue Northwest. Mrs. McDonough has in her possession some valuable papers of the Washington family, and following the discovery in Washington several days ago of a jar of brandy and pears put up by Mrs. Washington. Mrs. McDonough gave the Herald a copy of the famous recipe. The jar of pears is in the possession of J. W. Mossburg, 1404 Pennsylvania avenue Northwest.

The recipe in its archaic language follows: "Ye pears shoulde be very freshe. Washe and put yhem into boyling lye for an minute. Remove and put yhem into cold water. Nexte put ye fruit into a prepared sirupe of sugar and water. Use an half pound of sugar for everie pound of ye fruit; water to dissolve. Now cooke for an quarter of an hour. Remove and put on plates to cool. Boyle sirupe down to one-half its original quantitie. Put sirupe and pears into jars and add brandy. Seal while hote."

Mrs. McDonough is going to preserve about four bushels of pears according to the recipe of Mrs. Washington. She believes the recipe to be very good with the exception of the "boyling lye" part, but she is going to try it at any rate.

Producing Optimism.

A very good remedy for anybody's pessimism is being able to pay his bills.—New York Press.

Preserving Carpenters' Tools.

To keep tools from rusting, place a sponge moistened with coal oil in the tool chest.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

MINNESOTA
HISTORICAL
SOCIETY.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1912. NUMBER, 16.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.

Gov. Wilson, it is said, will make no more speeches during the campaign.

Soon after the election, President Taft is contemplating a trip to the Panama canal.

News of the attempt on the life of Roosevelt caused a shock among his friends at Washington.

Eugene V. Debs, socialist candidate for president, is on a speech-making tour throughout the country.

Gov. Wilson has cancelled all political speech-making engagements for the present, owing to Col. Roosevelt's condition.

Republicans filed an injunction against the secretary of state of Louisiana to prevent him placing progressive electors on the official ballot for the November election.

"The sinister system" formed a deep-laid plot to control the present presidential election, Thomas W. Lawson of Boston told the senate campaign committee.

Secretary of State Philander C. Knox, addressed a republican meeting at Seattle, defending the record of the Taft administration and appealing to republicans to stand by the president.

One of the greatest needs of the country is a merchant marine, declared Charles Nagel, secretary of commerce and labor, in an address in Hannibal, Mo., in behalf of President Taft.

Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, democratic vice presidential candidate, argued against over-capitalization of the individual in politics in an address to an audience composed of Davenport, Moline and Rock Island people.

Before the senate investigating committee it was brought out that upwards of $400,000 was expended in the efforts of Governor Woodrow Wilson, Governor Judson Harmon and Representative Underwood to secure the democratic presidential nomination.

William J. Bryan closed his second day's tour through Indiana with an addess at Fort Wayne, in which he attempted to show why former President Roosevelt and former United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge should not be classed as real progressives and reformers.

In the home city of the late William McKinley, Governor Johnson stood on a platform beneath a picture of the murdered president and pleaded with progressives to double their efforts in behalf of the new party, in order that the absence of Colonel Roosevelt in the political battle may not be felt so keenly.

Defense of honest corporations and laudation of President Taft's attitude toward industrial combinations of capital were the burden of an address in Chicago by Huntington Wilson, assistant secretary of state. Mr. Wilson declared that scientific regulation of combinations to preserve the economics to the nation, while destroying their abuses, now form the problem of the nation.

General.

Thos. J. Ryan, a political leader in Philadelphia, suicided.

Secretary of War Stimson, at Buffalo, N. Y., championed the re-election of President Taft.

Bryan says the attack on Roosevelt cannot be used as a shield in the presidential campaign.

Boston Americans won the baseball championship, defeating New York Nationals 3 to 2 in ten innings.

A censorship has been established over the royal library at Buckingham palace. The queen caught Princess Mary reading one of the late King Edward's books.

Francisco Mayos, who had charge of the vaults of the National bank of Cuba, Havana, was arrested by order of Judge Pinero in connection with the investigation into the disappearance of a package containing $200,000.

Railroad superintendents and workmen from the shops and general managers and yardmen, rubbed shoulders at a monster mass meeting in convention hall in Kansas City and told each other how to prevent railroad accidents.

The withdrawal of Governor Wilson from the political platform will not affect the activities of Governor Johnson and Governor Marshall, the vice presidential candidates repsectively on the progressive and democratic tickets.

Through the merest luck the country is happy today in the escape of Mr. Roosevelt from death by an assassin's bullet.

Three persons were burned to death in a fire that destroyed the residence of Louis Winkle, a prosperous farmer eight miles west of New Richmond, Wis.

Sixteen picture brides from Japan were detained at San Francisco when they arrived on the liner Siberia. They will be examined for hook worm, and if found infested, will be treated on Angel island before being permitted to land.

Another cruiser has been ordered from Washington for the Mexican coast.

There is concern at Washington for the safety of American residents at Vera Cruz, Mexico.

Fire which swept a portion of the business district of Hanley, Sask., caused a loss of $100,000.

The typhoon which swept several of the islands of the Philippine group October 16, caused many deaths and heavy damage to property.

The banner of rebellion has been raised at Vera Cruz, Mexico, by a nephew of Former President Diaz.

The Union Pacific is the only railroad in Nebraska which has added to the state's mileage during the year.

Four persons were injured, none dangerously, when a passenger train ran into a caboose on a Chicago & Northwestern freight at Onawa, Ia.

Enough letters will be on hand before the jury in the "dynamite conspiracy" trial to keep witnesses busy for a week identifying them.

Jack Johnson, the pugilist, has a white girl for his sweet heart, and the latter says she expects soon to become his wife. The mother of the girl is heartbroken.

Mme. Calve, the famous singer, thinks she's too fat to sing in opera. She will, therefore, open a school and teach young and sylph-like girls the art of warbling.

A national marketing association for farmers was advocated by B. F. Yoakum at Dallas, Texas, in an address before the convention of Southwestern growers.

John Schrenk, who shot Col. Roosevelt in Milwaukee, formerly lived at the address given in the Milwaukee dispatches. He is a laundryman, who left New York about a month ago.

After spending a day in sightseeing and attending a noonday luncheon at the Portland commercial club, Secretary Knox left over the Great Northern railroad for Washington.

Women of republican headquarters in New York are exhibiting the protective tariff doll, in lace and finery, to show that the average woman can have such an outfit, in spite of tariffs, for $25.

An attempt was made by a fanatic to kill Colonel Roosevelt at Milwaukee. He was shot in the breast, but the wound is not believed dangerous. The man was arrested. He appears to be demented.

One million tickets printed in preparation for a proposed "progressive tag day" in New York City, probably will be wasted because the authorities ruled that tagging is technically begging on the streets.

Advices from Clermont, Ia., state that the condition of ex-Governor William Larrabee, who has been ill for several months, has become very critical. He is in a stupor most of the time. He is eighty-one years old.

Charles Ely, a hotelkeeper of Lennox, Ia., was killed and his four companions were badly injured when Ely's automobile ran into a ditch near that place. The injured are Arlo Richards, Richard Gordon, John Nagle and Ben Evans, all of Lennox. Nagle cannot recover.

Extradition to Germany of an American named Major Victor Carter West was refused in London by the judges of the king's bench division. West had been charged at Bow street police court with obtaining money ou false pretenses in Germany by making certain representations in regard to the promotion of a California oil company.

Attorneys for New York publishers filed, with the supreme court of the United States requests for early consideration of those sections of the recent postal appropriation act, which require paid editorial comment to be designated "advertisement," and necessitates the publication of the names of stockholders of the newspapers.

While at Kearney, Neb., Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana telegraphed his secretary at Indianapolis instructing him to send militia to the Mineral Springs race track in northern Indiana, providing the attorney general had asserted that the Indiana gambling laws were being violated and providing the sheriff of Porter county refrained from doing his duty.

For the first time since he was incarcerated, John Schrank asked a deputy sheriff how Colonel Roosevelt was. When told his condition was favorable, Shranck asked where the colonel had been shot and if the bullet had been located. "The bullet belongs to me," said the prisoner, "I have made my will and bequeathed the bullet to the New York Historical society, with a request that it be placed on exhibition in the state capital. My property in New York I have willed to my mother in Germany.

Roosevelt's would-be assassin says he is sorry he did not kill the ex-president.

Personal.

Roosevelt expects to make a number of speeches before close of the campaign.

Governor Johnson described Mr. Roosevelt as the greatest two handed fighter the world has ever known.

The Illinois supreme court denied the privilege to the progressives to have the same names of candidates printed on two or more tickets to be voted at the November election.

Bryan and LaFollette sent messages to Colonel Roosevelt.

John Schrank claims the bullet he fired in Roosevelt's breast.

Mrs. Edna Hutt, wife of Henry Hutt, the artist, was granted a decree of divorce at Reno, Nevada.

The bail bond of John Schrank, would-be slayer of Roosevelt, was increased from $7,500 to $15,000.

The public prosecutor at Milwaukee believes Schrank, the assailant of Roosevelt, is sane.

STATUE OF JOHN A. JOHNSON IS UNVEILED

Speakers Praise Life of Former Governor.

Eberhart Says Memory Will Endure As Long As Time—Other Tributes Paid.

Ten Thousand People Attend Ceremony.

Appendicitis Attack Keeps the Sculptor, Andrew O'Connor, From Seing His Work Unveiled.

St. Paul.—In the presence of 10,000 Minnesotans who had been his friends and admirers, the bronze presentment of John Albert Johnson, thrice governor of Minnesota, raised before the main entrance of the state capitol in St. Paul was unveiled late Saturday with simple ceremony. Gathered about the monument to which 100,000 persons had contributed were the high men of church and state and the late governor's lifelong friends in all walks of life. His loyal widow, still attired in somber black as in the days at Rochester when Governor Johnson was fighting his battle with death, was an important though a modest figure in the events of the day.

Andrew O'Connor, the sculptor who designed the monument and supervised its erection, was not present when his great work was unveiled. He was confined to his bed in the Saint Paul hotel suffering from a slight attack of appendicitis.

Second Monument at St. Peter.

The erection of this monument is to be followed by that of another to be raised in St. Peter, probably in the cemetery where lies the body. The monument commission in its final meeting after the unveiling exercises voted to publish 1,000 copies of its proceedings, to appropriate $600 for bound volumes of newspaper clippings on Governor Johnson now owned by Carleton college and to turn the remainder of the fund, amounting to about $2,500, to St. Peter. This city has raised $1,000 for a Johnson monument and as Mr. O'Connor has offered to produce a replica in bronze for $3,000, the way is opened for another Johnson monument.

A Woman's Tribute.

Unobserved except by a few persons occurred a touching incident of the exercise. Shortly before the exercises began a middle-aged woman, rather plainly dressed, made her way through the throng about the statue and proceeded to the granite pedestal, placed at its feet a handful of roses and autumn leaves. John McCormack, who provided the pedestal, hastened to the woman's side and as a recognition of her delicate tribute, invited her to a place on the stand among the invited guests, at the same time asking her name. The woman in a half-frightened manner and in a foreign tongue, declined the honor and hurriedly disappeared in the crowd.

As a preliminary to the exercises, Governor O. A. Eberhart, with his entire staff in full dress uniform and the guests invited by the monument commission, marched out from the main entrance of the capitol to the stand, prepared for the day.

In the train from the capitol were C. D. O'Brien, chairman of the commission; Bishop J. J. Lawler, B. F. Nelson, A. C. Weiss, H. V. Jones, D. M. Neill, A. E. Rice, J. T. Schain, Arthur Selover, president of the Minneapolis council; Frank A. Day, Chief Justice C. M. Start, Justice C. L. Brown, G. W. Bunn, P. E. Brown and Andrew Holt of the supreme court; Congressman W. S. Hammond, former Justice Thomas D. O'Brien, Fred B. Lynch, Senator George P. Wilson, most of the state officials, the governor's military staff, the officers of the national guard and a delegation of old settlers, headed by A. L. Larpenteur.

While thousands of admirers stood looking at the memorial statue of Governor John A. Johnson and voiced appreciation of the remarkable lifelike piece of art, Andrew O'Connor, the sculptor, whose genius was complimented on all sides, was suffering from an attack of appendicitis in his rooms at The Saint Paul.

Statue of Gov. Johnson.

The sculptor was stricken Friday, but had been making every effort to ward off the attack which he felt was coming, until after the unveiling of the statue, so that he might be present. He was unable to do so, however, and Doctors H. T. O'Brien and Herbert Davis were called in ocnsultation over Mr. O'Connor at about the time the statue was uncovered.

Mr. O'Connor was able to talk. "I did not want to be laid up just at this time," he said, "but I was compelled to forego the pleasure of seeing how the statue was received. It was a piece of work in which I was deeply interested, and I did so want to get close to those who knew your Governor, to hear just how the work appealed—and here I am laid up."

Mr. O'Connor was anxious to know what had been said about the monument, and when told that the work was the subject of enthusiastic comment, he expressed satisfaction. It is not expected he will be compelled to undergo an operation. He expressed the hope last night that he would be able to be about in a few days. The physicians are watching his case closely, however.

"We erect this monument," said Bishop Lawler in pronouncing the invocation, "to an illustrious son of our state in the hope that it will perpetuate his memory and serve to stimulate us all to try and emulate the highest and noblest type of citizenship which he exemplified." He invoked the blessings of God upon the state and upon the officers who are doing the work that Johnson did.

Miss Lynch was introduced by C. W. Ames, chairman of the commission, and, standing upon the platform, just as the band opened with the first bars of "America" she pulled the cord and the covering fell from the statue.

Mr. Ames announced with regret that Andrew O'Connor, "to whose genius, artistic imagination and skill of hand we are indebted for this monument," was ill and would not be able to attend. Mr. O'Connor was taken sick early yesterday with an attack of appendicitis. It is not believed the attack is serious, but physicians said he must remain in bed. He is at The Saint Paul.

C. D. O'Brien, originator of the idea of a memorial to Governor Johnson, as head of the commission, formally presented the statue to Governor Eberhart, who received it on behalf of the people of the state.

Governor Voices Appreciation.

"I accept it," said the Governor, "knowing that today Governor Johnson lives in the hearts of the people of Minnesota. I sat in that office when the body was lying in state and saw 62,000 men, owmen and children file through with bowed heads to take their last view of his remains. If ever there was a proof that the people of Minnesota appreciate noble services it was at that time.

"The men in the Capitol building who were loyal to him have been loyal to me, and his memory will serve to inspire them to a service like to that which he gave. He was typical of the West and of this state." Governor Eberhart quoted a poem with the lines "Out where the skies are a trifle bluer, out where the friends are a trifle truer, that's where the memory of John A. Johnson lives."

"Therefore," he concluded, "on behalf of every boy and girl in Minnesota and every man and woman to whom this will be an inspiration and a benediction. I accept this statue that we may build up the state to its true destiny." He ended with a word of thanks to the commission for its successful work.

Tribute of Great State to Great Men.

When Congressman Hammond was presented he looked out over the faces and up at the brilliant sky and exclaimed: "What a magnificent spectacle—the tribute of a great state to a great man." Then he delivered his address eulogizing and appraising the great work of Johnson and the place be held in the hearts of the people of the state and nation. When he made a stirring comparison with Lincoln the crowd was swept by his eloquence and applauded feelingly.

It was Congressman Hammond who nominated Governor Johnson for the gubernatorial candidacy, twice in the state, and who also presented his name to the national Democratic convention for the nomination for presidency; so it was especially fitting that he should nominate him for a high place in the memory of the people of the state and the nomination was heartily and unanimously accepted.

Showing Side Groups On Statue In Front Of State Capitol.

To Remember Bravery.

Gary Ind., Oct. 21.—Steps have been taken here to perpetuate the memory of Billy Rugh, the newsboy who died as the result of the operation on his withered limb to save a young girl's life.

Fear for Motorboat's Crew.

Duluth.—Two adventurous Duluth young men and a companion from Marquette, Mich., are somewhere on the reaches of Lake Superior between Houghton and Duluth, bound this way in a small motor boat. The Duluth men are J. A. McLennan, vice president of the Manley McLennan agency, and William White, Jr. Their Marquette companion is Ward Powell. According to advices from Houghton these young men arrived there from Marquette in the motor boat. Tuesday afternoon they started for Duluth.

Youthful Robber Dying.

Minneapolis. — Finally realizing that death is near, Lloyd P. Foster, who was shot and mortally wounded by Patrolman Martin Johnson of the East Side station early Sunday morning when he attempted to make his escape after having been caught in the act of burglarizing a drug store, asked the head nurse at the City hospital to summon a priest. The burglar, who is but twenty-one, confessed, received absolution and was baptized in the Catholic faith.

$1,600,000 to Be Asked.

St. Paul. — While addressing a group of social workers, Dr. Christopher Easton, secretary of the State Tuberculosis association, said that the next session of the legislature would be asked to appropriate $1,600,000 to fight the white plague in Minnesota. This sum, he declared, would be sufficient for a period of years. Mr. Easton said that the state tuberculosis hospital at Walker was inadequate and could not handle advanced cases of the disease.

GAVE BACK $77,000

SENATOR'S ACTIVITIES IN 1904 CAMPAIGN AIRED BEFORE THE COMMITTEE.

ROTHSCHILD TESTIMONY.

Claims Money Was Returned 10 Days After Election—Indianan in Washington Saturday.

Washington, Oct. 25.—That Senator Albert J. Beveridge returned campaign contributions amounting to $77,000 sent to him by George W. Perkins, Edward McLean and Gifford Pinchot was the testimony of three witnesses examined yesterday by the senate campaign contributions committee.

Mr. Perkins, when examined by the committee, said he could remember sending only $10,000 to Senator Beveridge, which was returned.

The testimony was to the effect that Senator Beveridge received and returned three checks or drafts, each for $10,000. Besides, $25,000 was received from and returned to Edward McLean, cousin of Senator Beveridge, and either $2,500 to $3,000 was returned to Gifford Pinchot.

Three Witnesses on Stand.

Lars A. Whitcomb, who had a law office with Senator Beveridge in 1904; John F. Hayes, formerly private secretary to Senator Beveridge, and Leopold Rothschild, who was on the Republican executive committee in 1904, were the witnesses. Each of them testified to having witnessed and signed copies of the letters with which Senator Beveridge returned the contributions.

Mr. Rothschild said that Senator Beveridge showed him the drafts from Mr. Perkins early in October, before the election, and announced his intention of returning the money. Mr. Rothschild said he advised holding the money until after election, lest the contributors be offended and that Senator Beveridge concluded to do this. The money was returned some ten days after election.

Hogan Gives Out Letter.

After the committee had adjourned for the day, Frank J. Hogan, representing the Progressive party, in Washington, gave out a letter which he said had been telephoned him from the New York office of Mr. Perkins and which purported to be the letter of Senator Beveridge returning the money sent him by Perkins. The letter named no amount. It read as follows:

"Dear old man: Herewith I return you, untouched, the splendid sum you so generously sent me to help me in the battle just won. It was noble of you George—characteristic of your great big noble heart; and I am grateful and appreciative beyond words to express. Could not use a cent of the magnificent amount you piced at my disposal and so return it to you intact.

"Do not feel offended at this; my cousin sent me a draft for $25,000 and I returned the draft to him, just as I am sending the enclosed back to you.

"Your beautiful friendship, steadily proved as the years pass, is very sweet and dear to me.

"Give my regards to our mutual friend, my love to the folks at home, and believe me always with tenderest affection, as ever

"ALBERT."

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24.—Wheat, December, 88¾c; May, 94c; No. 1 northern, 88¾@90¾c; No. 2 northern, 85¾@85⅞c; No. 1 durum, 87¾c; No. 3 corn, 65½c; No. 3 white oats, 31c; barley, malting, 67c; No. 2 rye, 63c; No. 1 flax, $1.50½.

Duluth, Oct. 24.—Wheat, December, 89½c; May, 94⅛c.

South St. Paul, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Steers, $5.50; cows, $4.00@4.75; calves, $3.50@9.00; hogs, $8.15@8.40; sheep and lambs, $3.75@6.50.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 26,000; market steady to 10 lower; beeves, $5.40@10.40; Texas steers, $4.40@5.70; western steers, $3.50@8.90; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.50; cows and heifers, $2.75@7.25; calves, $6.75@9.80.

Hogs—Receipts, 30,000; market slow, generally 15c under yesterday's average; light, $7.25@8.55; mixed, $8.10@8.65; heavy, $8.05@8.65; rough, $8.05@8.25; pigs, $4.75@5.25; bulk of sales, $8.35@8.60.

Sheep—Receipts, 48,000; market sold steady; native, $3.50@4.80; western, $3.65@4.70; yearlings, $4.60@5.85; lambs, native, $5@7.35; western, $5.25@7.35.

AVIATOR IS KILLED.

Loses Control of Machine While Trying Spiral Glide.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 25.—Aviator Louis Mitchell fell 200 feet here and was killed. Mitchell lost control of his machine while trying a spiral glide. Mitchell had been in the air performing before 5,000 spectators for over an hour when he crashed to his death.

Eugene Heth of Detroit, Mich., Mitchell's partner, was flying directly over Mitchell. He was carrying a passenger and had planned to follow Mitchell in a similar spiral. would be placed against him.

Diaz Faces Death Penalty.

Mexico City, Oct. 25.—General Felix Diaz, just captured General Jose Diaz Orders have been issued for the conllious troops and marines will be haled immediately before a court martial and doubtless will suffer the death penalty. Orders have ben issued for the convening of the court, which will be presided over by General Beltran. General Diaz although not now a member of the army is amendable in htat court under the law which provides for such trial.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Albert Lea.—Burglars broke into and robbed the cash register in a meat market here.

Winona.—The organization of a railway men's club in Winona in connection with the Y. M. C. A. is going forward.

Winona.—Mrs. William H. Laird, Mrs. J. S. Gaylord, Miss Kate Sprague and Miss Ellita Mott of San Francisco will make a trip around the world.

Tower.—Rev. Joseph Mafson has accepted the call to the St. James' Presbyterian church of this city and preached his first sermon on Sunday.

Winona.—The steamer Purchase, which for several seasons has run excursions out of St. Paul, is undergoing general repairs. A practically new hull is being built. The boat will be taken to winter quarters in Fountain City bay.

Moorhead.—A new company which has applied for incorporation papers is the People's Ice company, of Moorhead. Three houses will be built along the Northern Pacific right of way here, and the company will handle ice from Detroit lake and the Red river.

Tower.—William Pearson, 14-year-old son of Peter Pearson, a farmer, shot a wolf Monday in the vicinity of his home. The boy was hunting rabbits when he came upon the animal unexpectedly and killed it with his shotgun. He brought the pelt to town and collected $15 state and county bounty.

Lake City.—A missionary institute was held here Thursday and Friday. The leaders selected from each society are as follows: Mrs. C. E. Hinckley, Mrs. G. S. Todd, Mrs. C. L. Bates, Mrs. W. C. A. Wallar and Mrs. Charles H. Miller. The speakers will be Mrs. J. S. Clark, Julia Henderson, Marran Woodbury and Dr. S. G. Coan.

Faribault.—A brakeman on the Rock Island road by the name of Jenny fell off a moving freight train entering the city. He was missed and a search for him was made but he could not be found. A searching force was formed and he was found twenty-four hours later at the bottom of a high embankment. He is seriously injured.

Wadena.—W. R. Mackenzie, secretary of the Northern Minnesota Development association, addressed the people of Wadena county on the Dunn good roads amendment and immigration work. Wadena county pledged the necessary financial support to the immigration work of the association. All of the towns of the county were represented at the meeting.

Hibbing. According to advices, Mrs. Anna Pikkarainem, well known to many Finnish residents in America, was recently convicted at her old home in Finland of attempted murder by poisoning, and sentenced to life imprisonment. More than 20 years ago Mrs. Pikkarainem was acquitted of a charge of inspiring the murder of her husband at New York Mills, Minn., by Alex Lindross, who confessed to the crime.

Chisholm. — Three miners were drowned late Sunday while returning home in a rowboat. A storm prevailed on the lake and their boat was capsized. The victims were: Frank Nosan, Tony Gorsea and Tony Donliner. The men boarded their small skiff to row across the lake. When they did not make an appearance the next day it was supposed they had remained in Chisholm. Search disclosed the men's hats and coats floating on the lake and the upturned boat.

Tower.—Preparations for the approaching season's logging are moving rapidly. The Trout Lake Lumber company has a large force preparing roads and camps in the vicinity of Trout lake and will care for 500 men. It is expected some 30,000,000 feet will be cut by this company. A Chicago man who owns a tract a few miles west of Tower will log this winter and have it manufactured into lumber at the Cook & Ketcham mill next summer.

Winona.—St. John's Catholic church of this city will celebrate Sunday, Oct 27, the 25th anniversary of its organization. Bishop P. R. Heffron will take a prominent part in the celebration and the Very Rev. Precopius Neuzil Prior, O. S. B., of Chicago, will be present. A large number of visiting clergy will attend the Sunday morning mass and confirmation will be administered to a class of thirty by Bishop Heffron. In the evening the school children and choir will give a musical program.

Faribault.—The fourteenth annual commencement exercises of the nurses and attendants' training class of the Minnesota school for Feeble Minded and colony of epileptics was held at the institution Saturday night. The address to the graduates was made by Dr. F. V. Davis. The graduates were: Clara Caron, Katherine R. Conway, Elsie Helen Kaus, Elizabeth I. Close, Alice Kehoe, Inger A. Lund, Helen L. Loftus, Margaret H. McGuire, Charles Moad, Joseph Weyer and Arthur R. Elliott.

Pipestone.—The elevator owned by E. A. Brown at Bemis, S. D., was destroyed by fire with all of its contents including 25,000 bushels of grain. Plans will be made to rebuild the structure at once.

St. Cloud.—Brooding over the fact that he had sold his farm on which he had resided many years, and seemingly unable to find another place of abode that would satisfy him, A. M. Weaks, aged 62, a wealthy farmer residing at Belgrade, ended his life by placing a shotgun under his chin and blowing off his head. He is survived by his wife and a daughter.

Proposed Amendments

-TO THE-

Constitution

-OF-

Minnesota

-BY-

The Legislature General Session 1911

And a Ratification of the

Tax On Gross Earnings Of Railroads PROPOSED

--BY THE--

Extra Session of 1912.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

St. Paul, Minn., July 3, 1912.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State,
Capitol.

SIR:

As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, and Amendment, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, proposed by the Legislature of 1911, which are to be submitted to the electors of this State at the general election in 1912.

I have also furnished a statement of the purposes and effect of the law proposed by the Legislature at the extra session of 1912, known as Chapter 9, Laws of 1912, relating to the taxation of railroad companies, which, under the Constitution of the State, must be submitted to a vote of the people of the State, and be adopted and ratified by a majority of the electors of the State voting at the election, before such Chapter 9 shall take effect or be in force.

AMENDMENT NO. I.

Increased Road Fund.

Chapter 290 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1911, proposes to the people of this state, for their approval or rejection, an amendment to Section 16 of Article 9, of the Constitution. This Section now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"*Provided*, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and *provided, further*, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

This Section, if amended, will read as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for any annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one mill on all the taxable property within the state. **Provided**, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The approval of this amendment will authorize the Legislature to levy, in its discretion, a one mill tax upon all the property of this state for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein; and will repeal certain limitations as to the amount which may be paid by the state for such roads and bridges.

The present constitution authorizes the Legislature to add to the road and bridge fund by providing, in its discretion for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state not to exceed one-fourth (¼) of one (1) mill, while the amendment permits the Legislature, in its discretion, to provide for an annual tax levy of one (1) mill on all taxable property within the state.

The present constitution provides that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund. The amendment proposes to remove the limitation which now exists in the constitution as to the amount which the state may pay for such fund towards the cost of constructing or repairing any road or bridge and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the Legislature shall deem wise.

AMENDMENT NO. II.

Insurance of Crops.

By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article 9 of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. This amendment, if adopted, will authorize the state to act in the collection and disbursements of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons only as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it, there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in the fund to be raised by taxation of such listed lands the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the state; but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund, and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages, the state would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund and could not further be rendered liable.

PROPOSED LAW RELATING TO THE TAXATION OF RAILROAD PROPERTIES.

CHAPTER 9, LAWS OF 1912.

AN ACT providing for the taxation of railroad properties, the collection **and times of payment** of such tax and repealing acts inconsistent therewith.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. Every railroad company owning or operating any line of railroad situated within, or partly within this state, shall, during the year 1912, and annually thereafter, pay into the treasury of this state, in lieu of all taxes and assessments, upon all property within this state, owned or operated for railway purposes, by such company, including equipment, appurtenances, appendages and franchises thereof, a sum of money equal to five per cent of the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within this state.

On or before August 15, 1912, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending June 30th, next preceding, and the said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and be payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on September 1st, next thereafter.

On or before February 15, 1914, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending December 31st next preceding, and said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on March 1st next thereafter; and the payment of such sums at the times hereinbefore set forth shall be in full and in lieu of all other taxes and assessments upon the property and franchises so taxed; **provided nothing in this act shall be construed as modifying any agreement entered into between any municipality within the state and any railroad company relating to the payment of local taxes or assessments.**

The lands acquired by public grant shall be and remain exempt from taxation until sold or contracted to be sold or conveyed as provided in the respective acts whereby such grants were made or recognized.

Sec. 2. The term "the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within this state," as used in Section 1 of this act is hereby declared and shall be construed to mean, all earnings on business beginning and ending within the state, and a proportion, based upon the proportion of the mileage within the state to the entire mileage over which such business is done, of earnings on all interstate business passing through, into or out of the state.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts not inconsistent herewith, regulating the payment, collection, time of payment, enforcement or reports involving the amount of taxes upon the gross earnings of railroad companies within this state or providing penalties for the non-payment of such taxes, are hereby made applicable to this act so far as may be, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. Upon failure to pay the amount of such taxes legally due, upon the respective dates hereinbefore set forth, collection thereof may be enforced in addition to existing remedies in a civil action brought in the name of the State of Minnesota in the district court of any county.

Sec. 5. Before any railroad company shall be heard to contest or continue to contest the validity of this act or any part thereof, such railroad company shall as a condition precedent thereto, pay into the treasury of the State of Minnesota the amount of taxes due or payable from such railroad company under the existing tax laws of this state.

Sec. 6. This act shall be submitted to the people of this state for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year 1912.

The secretary of state shall cause to be printed in bold type upon the ballot used in voting for state officers or upon a separate ballot, if so provided by law at the said election, in manner conformable with the requirements of the general election law, the words, **"For increasing the gross earnings tax of railroad companies from four to five per cent, and providing for the payment of the gross earnings tax semi-annually.**

Yes........................

No........................

And each voter voting at such election shall designate his vote by a cross mark made opposite one or the other of the words "Yes" or "No" and the said election shall in all respects, conform, as far as may be, to the requirements of the general election law, and the returns of said election shall be made, canvassed and certified, and the results thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes cast for state officers.

Approved June 15, 1912.

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The law now in force relating to the taxation of railroad properties is Chapter 253, Laws of 1903, ratified by the people at the general election of 1904. The only language of the proposed law of 1912 which differs from the old law of 1903 is set forth above in bold-faced type. Under the present law, the taxes upon railroad property are computed at the rate of four per cent upon the gross earnings of the company owning or operating the same. The purpose of this new law is to change that rate from four per cent to five per cent and to make the taxes payable semi-annually on March 1st and September 1st of each year, instead of annually, as under the existing law.

AMENDMENT NO. III.

Mortgage Loans to State.

This amendment, if adopted, will permit the permanent school and university fund of the state to be invested in first mortgage loans upon improved and cultivated farm lands of the State. This amendment would change Section 6, Article 8, of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, but no such investment shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed fifteen per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than three per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or of county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of the issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

So as to read as follows:

"Section 6. The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, and in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state. But no such improvement shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed 15 per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall any farm loan or investment be made when such investment or loan would exceed 30 per cent of the actual cash value of the farm land mortgaged to secure said investment; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than 3 per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The present constitution authorizes the investment of the permanent school and university funds of this state in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state. This amendment, if adopted, will permit, in addition to the foregoing investments, said school and university funds to be invested also in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state.

AMENDMENT NO. IV.

Commission Form of Municipal Government.

By this Amendment it is proposed to amend Section 36 of Article 4 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city consistent with and subject to the laws of this state as follows: The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper, for a board of fifteen freeholders, who shall shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the district judges of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated, as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall, within six months after its appointment, return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of said charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof. Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next election thereafter, and if four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at such election shall ratify the same it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, become the charter of such city or village as a city, and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; Provided, that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established. Before any city shall incorporate under this act the legislature shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof. Such charter so deposited may be amended by proposal therefor made by a board of fifteen commissioners aforesaid, published for at least thirty days in three newspapers of general circulation in such city or village, and accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next election and not otherwise; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of the commission relative to submitting amendments of charter to the vote of the people, and shall provide that upon application of five per cent of the legal voters of any such city or village, by written petition, such commission shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition. The board of freeholders above provided for shall be permanent, and all the vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members. It shall be a feature of all such charters that there shall be provided, among other things, for a mayor, or chief magistrate and a legislative body of either one or two houses; if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by general vote of the electors. In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto to the qualified voters of such city or village any alternate section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter or any amendments thereto. The legislature may provide general laws relating to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all such cities of either class, and which shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for. But no local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

So that said Section 36 of Article 4 of the State Constitution shall read as follows:

"Section 36. Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city, consistent with and subject to the laws of this states, as follows:

The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper for a charter board of not to exceed fifteen freeholders, who shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the judges of the district court of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall within six months after its appointment return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of a proposed charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof, and, if the same be not ratified may thereafter in like manner return other draft or drafts of a proposed charter until one thereof shall be ratified as herein provided.

Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next general or special election thereafter, and if a majority of the qualified voters voting at such election shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, or at such other time, if any, as shall be specified therein, become the charter of such city or village as a city and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; provided that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established.

Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof.

Such charter so deposited may be amended, or revised, by proposal therefor made by said board and accepted by a majority of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next general or special election thereafter; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of said board relative to submitting amendments of such charter to the vote of the people and shall provide that upon application of ten per cent of the legal voters of any such city or village by written petition, such board shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition.

The board above provided for, shall be permanent and all vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members.

Any such charter or any amendment or revision thereof may provide for the commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers, or it may provide for a mayor or chief magistrate, and a legislative body of either one or two houses and, if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by a general vote of the electors, or it may provide for any other plan or system of municipal government; provided that the plan or form of government so adopted shall not violate the constitution of the state as hereby amended.

In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto, or revision thereof to the qualified voters of such city or village, any alternative section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter, or any amendments thereto or revision thereof.

The legislature may provide general laws relative to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty thousand and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty thousand and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all cities of either class, or if so specified in the law, to all cities in either such class not having charters adopted pursuant to this amendment, but no general law limited to one or more of said classes of cities shall apply to any city existing under a charter framed under this section of the constitution unless such general law shall be made applicable to such city by a declaration, therein, naming the city. Such laws shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for.

The legislature shall enact any and all laws necessary or proper to carry into effect the provisions of this amendment, and shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. No local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to permit cities already incorporated and villages desiring to be incorporated as cities to include in their charters, or by amendment or revision thereof, a commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers. The amendment sought enlarges the power of such municipalities in framing their own charters, reserving to the legislature, however, the authority to prescribe the general limits within which the said charters shall be framed.

A commission form of city government is generally understood to include the following characteristic features: 1. A small governing board; 2. The exercise of both legislative and administrative duties by this board; 3. The division among the members of the board of the administrative work of the city by departments over which a single member of the governing board of the city has control; 4. The election of the members of the governing board by all of the voters of the city and not by wards, precincts or districts. 5. The adoption of methods of direct popular control over the action and the continuance in office of the members of the governing board.

AMENDMENT NO. V.

County Superintendents of Schools.

By this Amendment it is sought to enlarge the provisions of Section 7, of Article 7, of the Constitution, which Section now reads as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

So that it will read as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except **county superintendents of schools who shall be required to have educational and professional qualifications to be determined by the legislature,** and except as otherwise provided in the constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational and professional qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of County Superintendent of Schools. As the Constitution now stands, any legal voter is eligible to the office of County Superintendent of Schools.

AMENDMENT NO. VI.

State Senate.

Section 2 of Article 4 of the Constitution now reads as follows:

"Section 2. The number of members who compose the senate and house of representatives shall be prescribed by law, but the representation in the senate shall never exceed one member for every five thousand inhabitants, and in the house of representatives one member for every two thousand inhabitants. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned equally throughout the different sections of the state, in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law."

It is proposed to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 2. Number of members. The senate shall be composed of sixty-three (63) members, and the house of representatives shall be composed of such number of members as may be prescribed by law. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned as nearly equal as practicable, throughout the different sections of the state in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law. Provided, however, that a county may be divided into several legislative districts, but no county or any of the parts thereof shall ever constitute or be a part of more than seven (7) senatorial districts and not more than seven senators shall ever be apportioned to any one county."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to limit the State senate to sixty-three (63) members and to prevent any one county having more than seven (7) senators.

Yours respectfully,
LYNDON A. SMITH,
Attorney General.

Secret Lock.

If you have several small drawers in a bookcase or desk you can lock one of them in a manner most difficult to discover by boring a hole through the piece between two of the drawers and into the drawer. Fit a peg into this just tight enough not to slip down, and the drawer cannot be opened until the one above it is pulled entirely out to give access to the peg.

Something Cruel About It.

Benevolent Party—"Don't you think fishing is a very cruel sport?" Angler—"Cruel? Well, I should say so. I've sat here three days and not had a bite, been nearly eaten up by gnats and stung by two wasps, lost my pocket-knife in the river, and the sun has taken all the skin off the back of my neck."

Only One More.

Senator La Follette, at a luncheon in Madison, listened with a rather weary smile to a magazine writer's exposure of the shameful means whereby a certain capitalist had amassed his fortune. "Oh, well," said the senator, "this is only another case of a profit without honor."

Seek Knowledge.

He who refuses to be taught loses from life its charm and sacredness. Cease to learn and you will in time starve your powers of admiration, of reverence, of obedience, and all the rest of those delicate faculties which in their union are the very strength of character.—George Adam Smith.

Lesson in Happiness.

There is a lesson in the following from one of the old-time colored brethren: "W'enever I feels so happy dat Ah wants to holler, I don't holler—fer fear I'll lose all de happiness. 'Stidder doin' dat, I des keeps still, en feels good!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Unwelcome Visitor.

A pair of large eagles which are nesting on an inaccessible rock on the Daserberg mountain canton of Schwytz, Bavaria, have during the past two weeks "captured" four lambs, four kids, and one fox, which they have taken up to their nest before the eyes of the peasants.

Trade Terms.

Postmaster (of Punk Hollow)—"I see that a fust-class waiter in New York gits only $25 a month, and out of the small sum he has to pay his omnibus." Ezra Henhouse—"Huh! Why don't he live close to his job and walk?"—Puck.

The Mean Man.

"Do you mean to say that you flirted with your wife all the evening at the masked ball and didn't know her?" "That's right. But she was so deuced agreeable—how was I to know it?"—Tit Bits.

OLD CITY OF TANGIER

Second Only to Damascus in Its Antiquity.

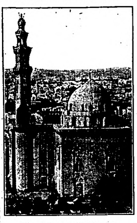
Cosmopolitan in the Extreme Are the Crowded Thoroughfares of the Moroccan Capital—Market Place Especially Is Worth a Visit.

Tangier, Morocco.—Damascus is said to be the oldest inhabited city in the world, and Tangier is generally acknowledged to be the second oldest. Tangier lies on the north coast of Morocco, facing the straits of Gibraltar, and is about thirty miles from the great fortress. A steamer plies between Gibraltar and Tangier.

When the steamer arrives at the Moorish capital, there is a great hubbub. Native boatmen fight and squabble among themselves as to who shall get the most passengers. Being a stranger you would perhaps rather stay on board the steamer than trust yourself to the dusky, howling mob. But there is no other way of getting ashore, and as the view of the town is limited from the deck of the steamer, you find yourself bundled into a corner of the boat and the Moorish boatmen pull for the shore. As soon as you set foot on the landing stage, you are besieged by a crowd of guides. It is in vain you tell them their services are not required, and so in order to get peace you hire the services of a big lanky Arab. You need not follow him where he wants you to go, but as you have provided yourself with a guide book, you make your own plans.

Tangier is a cosmopolitan city. Here, jostling together in the crowded thoroughfares, may be seen the stately Berber, with long white robes, Arabs from the desert, Soudanese with thick lips, and complexions black as Egypt's night; wild-looking Riffs from the hills; Jews, Spaniards, Germans, Britishers and Europeans, bent on business or pleasure.

The streets are very narrow, and the shops are very small, so small that the merchant can easily reach all round his store without rising from his seat on the floor. The Moors have a proverb which says—"It is no use running if you can walk, and it is no use walking if you can stand, and it is no use standing if you can sit; it is no use sitting if you can lie down, no use lying if you can sleep," and they live up to the proverb. One merchant we saw in a sandy store was lying sound asleep, covered with flies, his dirty feet stuck in a box of dates.



Finest Mosque in Tangier.

No visitor to Tangier should miss seeing the "Soho" or market place, especially on a Thursday, as that is the busiest day of the week. Long caravans of camels bring in the articles of trade from the interior, while donkeys and mules bring the products of the gardens and orchards. Passing through the main gate your ear is greeted with a loud "Balak! Balak!" which is Arabic for "look out," and a dusky Moor rushes past you with a shoulder of beef on his back. Roosters crowing, ducks quacking, chickens cackling, announce the poultry market at hand, where with much gibberish and noise they conduct their business. Next you pass into a large open space where all around on the ground are heaps of all kinds of fruit—watermelons and pomegranates, oranges and grapes, prickly pears and peaches and many other kinds, for Morocco is a fruitful country. Moorish women, with great broad sun-bonnets, attend to the fruit and keep the flies off. Nearby is the charcoal burner who has brought his load in from far out in the country. Here is an old woman sitting beside a bundle of sticks which she has probably carried on her back for five or six miles. Many of the Moorish women have a hard time of it. I have seen a mother, with a baby slung across her breast, trudging along the road with a great load of sticks on her back, which she was taking to the market to sell, to keep his lordship, her husband, in plenty.

Joke Returns Thief to Cell.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Because George Wilson loves a good joke he is back in Tombs prison at New York, where he was serving a term for burglary when he escaped more than a week ago.

He locked a keeper in his own cell and walked to freedom. Arriving here, he called on two young women in the evening, then returned at 3 o'clock in the morning and robbed their home.

He was arrested when he went to the house at breakfast time and tried to comfort them in their loss.

Has Transparent Back.

Fayette City, Pa.—A baby girl with a transparent back, born to Mrs. Henry L. Hobots, in Allenport, last week, is exciting the interest of physicians. By placing the child on its stomach the movement of the lungs and the pulsations of the heart may be observed.

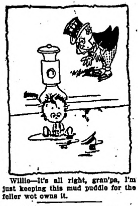
The baby apparently is in good health and is perfectly normal except for the open-face back.

DR. CALDWELL'S GUIDE TO GOOD HEALTH

The natural tendency of people in this busy age to demand of the digestive organs more than nature intended they should perform, frequently results in throwing the entire digestive system into disorder. When the stomach fails to freely digest and distribute that which is eaten, the bowels become clogged with a mass of waste and refuse which ferments and generates poisonous gases that are gradually forced into the blood, causing distress and often serious illness.

Dr. W. B. Caldwell says that if the bowels are kept regular there will be much less sickness, and prescribes a combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that is most effective in relieving any congestion of matter in the bowels. This compound can be bought in any drug store under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, and costs only 50 cents a bottle. It is mild in its action, pleasant to the taste and positive in effect, a dose at night bringing relief next morning, naturally and without griping or other discomfort. A bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin in the house will save many times its cost in doctor bills. Your name and address on a postal to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 203 West St., Monticello, Ill., will bring a free trial bottle by return mail. Adv.

TEMPORARY POSSESSION.



Willie—It's all right, gran'pa, I'm just keeping this mud puddle for the feller wot owns it.

Accelerated Brain Activity.

In the early days of Wisconsin, two of the most prominent lawyers of the state were George B. Smith and I. S. Sloan, the latter of whom had a habit of injecting into his remarks to the court the expression, "Your honor, I have an idea." A certain case had been dragging along through a hot summer day when Sloan sprang to his feet, with his remark, "Your honor, I have an idea."

Smith immediately bounded up, assumed an impressive attitude, and in great solemnity said:

"May it please the court, I move that a writ of habeas corpus be issued by this court immediately to take the learned gentleman's idea out of solitary confinement."—Popular Magazine.

Diplomacy in Small Things.

Little Eloise Cave, aged seven years, was visiting her grandmother in Madison, Va., and was sent to carry a saucer of ice cream to a neighbor. By the exercise of infinite care she conveyed her burden safely to the house and gave it into the hands of the lady for whom it was intended. The lady, however, was less careful than Eloise had been, and dropped the saucer and broke it.

"You needn't mind about that," said the little diplomat, without an instant's hesitation. "I don't think grandma has a cup to match the saucer. If she has I will go right home and break it myself."—Popular Magazine.

Serious Lack.

An old Englishwoman, who was extremely stout, was making vain efforts to enter the rear door of an omnibus. The driver leaned over, good-naturedly, and cried:

"Try sideways, mother, try sideways!"

The old woman looked up breathlessly, and replied:

"Why, bless ye, James, I ain't got no sideways!"—Youth's Companion.

A DOCTOR'S TRIALS.
He Sometimes Gets Sick Like Other People.

Even doing good to people is hard work if you have too much of it to do.

An overworked Ohio doctor tells his experience:

"About three years ago as the result of doing two men's work, attending a large practice and looking after the details of another business, my health broke down completely, and I was little better than a physical wreck.

"I suffered from indigestion and constipation, loss of weight and appetite, bloating and pain after meals, loss of memory and lack of nerve force for continued mental application.

"I became irritable, easily angered and despondent without cause. The heart's action became irregular and weak, with frequent attacks of palpitation during the first hour or two after retiring.

"Some Grape-Nuts and cut bananas came for my lunch one day and pleased me particularly with the result. I got more satisfaction from it than from anything I had eaten for months, and on further investigation and use, adopted Grape-Nuts for my morning and evening meals, served usually with cream and a sprinkle of salt or sugar.

"My improvement was rapid and permanent, in weight as well as in physical and mental endurance. In a word, I am filled with the joy of living again, and continue the daily use of Grape-Nuts for breakfast and often for the evening meal.

"The little pamphlet, 'The Road to Wellville,' found in pkgs., is invariably saved and handed to some needy patient along with the indicated remedy."

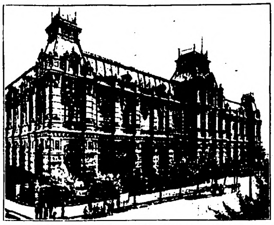
"There's a reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

Things Queer and Curious

Reservoir of Buenos Aires



This palatial-looking building furnishes one of the greatest surprises to the visitor to Buenos Aires. It is called the Aguas Corrientes, and though it looks like a great art museum, in reality it is but the outer shell of the pumping station which distributes the filtered water to the 1,320,000 people of the city.

WONDERFUL ROCK CHIMNEY

What is perhaps the most wonderful rock chimney in the whole of America is shown in the photograph here reproduced. It stands near High Bridge, Ky., itself one of the wonders of the world. This natural chimney is seventy-five feet high and only four feet by six at the base. It is so delicately moulded that it looks as if a push would send it over, yet it has successfully defied the storms of unknown ages.

FIRST SCULPTOR IS FOUND

Dr. Capitan, professor at the College de France, has had the good fortune to discover the remains of the first sculptor in the world, buried at the foot of his masterpiece, executed some 30,000 years ago.

Last year the archaeological world was deeply stirred by the unearthing under the pick of Dr. Lalanne of Bordeaux of a prehistoric Venus, carved in the native rock of a grotto near Lauselle. The rocky pocket in which this momentous discovery was made was filled with archaeological deposits, bones of animals, especially reindeer, which were common game for the hardy hunters of the Magdalenian epoch in Dordogne. Many utensils of the hunter, the fisherman and the artist were also found—delicate chisels, scrapers, harpoons and spears of bone.

Most of these, evidently, could only have served for the hunt, the house, the kitchen or warfare; but there were others mingled with them, exceptionally big and heavy—whose use remained unexplained until the dust of ages having been cleaned from the wall of mained unexplained from the wall of the grotto, five life-sized horses, cut in the rock in a free and living workmanship, were revealed. The excavations were continued and soon a spade struck on the skull of the author. The old artist lay crouching on his left side, something in the attitude of Rodin's statue, "The Thinker," which stands outside the Pantheon at Paris.

WAKENING CHURCH SLEEPERS

One John Rudge is on record as having bequeathed to the parish of Trysull, in Shropshire, England, twenty shillings a year to be paid to "a poor man" employed to go about church in summer to keep people awake.

At another English church, that of Acton in Cheshire, it was the practice during the middle of the last century for one of the church wardens to proceed through the church during service with a huge wand in his hand, wherewith, if any one of the congregation were observed to be asleep he was instantly awakened by a tap on the head.

In Warwickshire a similar custom prevailed. A warden bearing a stout wand shaped like a hayfork at the end stepped stealthily up and down the nave and the aisles and whenever he saw an individual asleep he touched him so effectively that the nap was broken—this being sometimes accomplished by the application of the fork to the nape of the neck.

A more playful method obtained in another church. The beadle went about during service carrying a long staff, to one end of which was attached a fox's brush and to the other a knob. With the former he gently tickled the faces of the women sleepers, while with the knob he bestowed a sharp rap on the heads of male offenders.—Harper's Weekly

WRONG BRIDE AT THE ALTAR

The story of a bridegroom finding the wrong bride at his side for the wedding ceremony was told in Bombay high court a short time ago. A member of the religious sect known as the Jains, being forbidden by Jain custom to seek for a bride for himself, commissioned another man to find one. After a selected bride had been "viewed" by the Jain at a railway station he agreed to pay the prospective bride's father $1,000, and $30 to an intermediary, and part of the money was paid in advance. At the ceremony the "bride" wore a heavy veil, and when the Jain asked her to remove it he found that someone had been trying to pass off a substitute for his bride. These adventures are not uncommon in India. Sometimes a very ugly girl is passed off on a bridegroom.

KANGAROO HERD IN ENGLAND

It would probably surprise most people if walking through an English wood, they should suddenly come upon a herd of kangaroos. Yet there is such a herd near Tring. Some 20 years ago a few of these marsupials were turned loose in the woods a few miles outside that town called the High Schrubbs. The underwood formed good shelter for them, and there they have made their home and rear their offspring. A similar attempt was once made at Beeston castle, but they died off for lack of cover, and the experiment has not been repeated.

GOLD TEETH ARE PAWNED

"You would be surprised at the funny things that are pawned at the local pawnshops and second-hand stores," said Detective Frank Elvin of Louisville. "The last thing that you would suppose a person to pawn is the filling out of his teeth, but it is a common practice. They don't get much, but I guess 'every little bit helps' with them when they need the money."

LIGHTNING MUSSED HIS HAIR

Edward Kones prefers in the future to comb his own locks and wishes lightning would leave them alone. When his house in Sullivan county, Pa., was struck the electricity plowed small furrows about his skull, taking the hair off his head in every place it touched. His injuries, besides destroying his hair, which will not come in, it is said, were slight.

NOBILITY IN DISTRESS

The Countess De Costiere, who was discovered hawking watercress in the streets of Rennes, has several aristocratic comrades in toil. The Vicomte de Bardoneuche, whose title is 800 years old, is employed as a lamp cleaner at the Gare du Nord, Paris, and thankful to earn three francs a day. A carman sentenced last year to ten years' imprisonment for cutting his wife's throat proved to be the Comte de Gastebled. Another nobleman, the Vicomte Tiburce de Reignier, who has run through a couple of fortunes, works as a navvy. Pierre de Medici, beadle in a church in Belgium, can trace his descent without a flaw from a member of the famous Italian family who came to Belgium in the fourteenth century.

HAS SEA GULL FOR A PET

Louis H. Hamm of Bangor, Me., has a strange pet, a sea gull, the survivor of a pair, which has attracted a great deal of attention on his lawn at his home. The other gull, when it was found that it could fly, left its home at Hamm's, and since then has been swimming in the pool at Chapin park and also in the stream. Both birds were well tamed, and their strange appearance excited a great deal of comment. Early in July Hamm w[illegible] a fishing trip. He found the two young gulls, then just a week old. He captured them and brought them home, and until one of them flew away, they have been well contented, catching angleworms and finding their own living on his lawn.

INVENTION OF LAZY MAN

We see stories of the meanest men, the stingiest, the laziest, etc., but Klamath Falls, Ore., has a combination of laziness and inventiveness hard to excel.

This genius likes to sleep with his windows up and curtains as well, but he does not enjoy getting up early. His bedroom faces the east, and his slumbers are disturbed by the early rising sun. He has attached weights to the curtains which are released when the sunbeams strike a sensitive plate attached to machinery which acts on a pawl, releasing the weights. To check the sudden stop of the weights so that there is no unnecessary jar or noise in the working of the mechanism a spring holder has been attached.

RELIC OF ILL-FATED QUEEN

This prayer-book, "Office de la Divine Providence a l'Usage, de la Maison Royale de Saint Louis, a Saint Cyr et de Tous les Fideles"—has been identified as a relic of Marie Antoinette, and contains probably the last words she wrote before her execution on October 16, 1793. The inscription, which is on the back of page 219 and in the ill-fated queen's writing, reads (translated) "This day, October 16, at 4:30 in the morning. My God! have pity on me. My eyes no longer have tears to shed for you, my poor children. Good-bye, Marie Antoinette." The prayer-book, which has been in the museum at Chalons-sur-Marne for a long while and has only just been recognized for what it undoubtedly is, was printed in Paris in 1757. There are various signs of mutilation during the revolution; the fleur-de-lis on the binding has been erased and ornaments have been defaced.

Study Navigation on Roof

British lads have an unequalled chance to learn how to be sailors in the excellently equipped school of navigation in Glasgow. Notable among its novel pieces of apparatus is a large deviascope mounted on the roof. This instrument, which consists of a revolving platform, mounted on a central axis, and operated by a steering-wheel and gearing, is designed for experimental work in adjusting a ship's compass for the various magnetic forces which are generated in the steel hull of a ship. The several fittings near the compass are of gun metal, to eliminate as much as possible the erratic effects of extraneous metal, and to admit of delicate experiments being made. The students stand on the platform and are carried round with it as it revolves, so that the operation of "swinging ship" is made as nearly practical as is possible on shore.

Only Woman's Chamber of Commerce

INSTEAD of light talk, things substantial are now discussed at social gatherings, meetings of card and other amusement clubs, and society hops in Guthrie, Okla., for the organization of the Women's Chamber of Commerce of that city has attracted all the feminine contingent to work together for the advancement of the city in every way that women can be useful. The idea is spreading over the state and in other portions of the southwest, and the result is certain to be that the Guthrie organization, formed during the last week, will become the nucleus of a chain of such women's business organizations.

"You would indeed be surprised," said a woman, returning home from the weekly session of a bridge club, "if you could have heard us discussing the needs of the city, suggestions for the betterment and advancement of Guthrie and ararngements for the raising of funds to assist in the campaign Guthrie is making to win back the location of the state calital. Why, I don't hear a word of gossip the entire afternoon, for all the ladies were so interested in the Chamber of Commerce."

"We formed the Chamber of Commerce," said Mrs. Rebecca L. Finch, the president, after much discussion among ourselves as to the best method of helping in the campaign for the capital, in establishing the bath houses and sanitarium in connection with Mineral Wells Park and in bringing additional industries to the city. We find that a majority of the women of a city have plenty of time to take part in civic affairs and that all they need is an invitation to participate. We started the organization with about 50 women a week ago, and now we have a membership of 400, and it is still growing.

Nor is the membership confined to the society set and members of the clubs. It takes in the women who are the most prominent in church work. It includes the girls in the stores and offices, the telephone girls, numerous stenographers, newspaper women, women physicians, and will eventually include through auxiliaries the wives of the farmers throughout the county. In fact, the farmers' wives are already organizing district auxiliaries to the County Farmers' Institute, and the Women's Chamber of Commerce will work in connection with these through a system of committees.

There are to be many committees, for in this manner the work is to be divided. Mrs. Finch, the president, is now working on her list of standing committees and expects to announce them in the near future. Prominent among them will be three consulting committees—one each for the Guthrie Chamber of Commerce (the men's organization), the women's federation of clubs, and the auxiliaries to the County Farmers' Institute. Practically all the work looking toward the city beautiful is to be done through the separate women's club organizations, of which there are ten in Guthrie.

The first undertaking to raise funds for the state campaign will be a chicken dinner. This does not mean a hot meal served at noon in a stuffy storehouse somewhere about town, with the women tired out and weary from cooking and serving, but instead a cold dinner served under the biggest cottonwood tree in the state, in Mineral Wells park, with the entire city and country side invited to eat from plates of fried spring chickens, piled high and in tempting rows down a table long enough to seat hundreds at one time. And to prepare the dinner it will be easy, for each member of the Women's Chamber of Commerce will bring two fried, and there will be chicken to spare. Should the people of other cities who read this like to participate in the eating they will be welcome.

And then, this fall, after the weather is cooled by September frosts, there is to be a street fair, managed by the women. Not one of the old style variety, where some traveling organization furnishes all the side shows and other amusements, but a home made affair where the ladies themselves will preside in the booths and where every side show feature will be native and every actor and other participant be a Guthrie citizen. A circus parade with callithumpian features will be one day's program and on the next the other extreme—the society ladies in flower bedecked automobiles and carriages. And even for the balloon ascensions it will not be necessary to employ a foreigner, for home talent will "go up" and "make the drops."

The officers of the Women's Chamber of Commerce are Mrs. Rebecca L. Finch, property owner and school teacher, president; Mrs. Robert B. Huston, whose husband was a rough rider captain killed during the Spanish-American war, and Mrs. Ed. C. Petersen, vice-presidents; Miss Catherine Cassidy, treasurer, and Mrs. C. M. Sarchet, secretary. On the executive committee, in addition to the president and secretary are Mrs. Webb Baker, Mrs. Will K. Patterson, Mrs. U. M. Vampner, Mrs. E. J. Allen and Miss Elizabeth Melvin, a practicing physician.

In order to enlist all the women of the city in the new organization, a six days' contest was arranged and two soliciting committees named, with Mrs. John R. Abernathy and Mrs. M. Cassidy as captains. The former's committee was known as the "Red Rustlers," and the latter's as the "Blue Boosters." As a result of their work between 400 and 500 women are now enrolled as members.

Assisting Mrs. Abernathy to get more members, if possible, than Mrs. Cassidy's committee were Mmes. Chester A. Marr, E. C. Petersen, Will K. Patterson, H. M. Doyle, Rebecca L. Finch, Will Barwick, C. M. Sarchet, Emma Miller J. D. Reed, E. J. Allen, O. W. Barnett and Misses Elizabeth Melvin, Florence Adler and Catherine Cassidy. On Mrs. Cassidy's committee were Mmes. G. A. Hughes, Tell Walton, B. J. Waugh, J. E. Nissley, Ira Longaker, R. N. Dunham, E. A. Douglas, N. M. Carter, L. J. Parker, J. W. Speer, P. D. Piersol, J. E. Donnesky, E. D. Walton, John J. Hildreth and Miss Petersen.

To help the women of Guthrie raise money for the state capital campaign the wives of the farmers in the country surrounding are preparing to entertain the people of the city at a lawn social some moonlight evening in the near future, on the campus in front of the farm residence of Fred L. Wenner, two miles east of the city limits. To make the trip to the farm an easy one so far as the roads are concerned, the farmers of the community are now building a good road for the entire distance, so that the automobiles and other vehicles will encounter no difficulties.

It is the intention of the Women's Chamber of Commerce to file application immediately for membership in the state and national associations of commercial clubs and chambers of commerce, and delegates will be elected to represent the women in both organizations. Atrrangements will be matured to encourage formation by the women of commercial clubs in the other cities of the state, and assistance will be given to the Guthrie women whenever it will be desired.

Practically every state in the Union is represented in the membership of the Women's Chamber of Commerce. Oklahoma being only 22 years old, the residents as a rule have come here from other states. The main offices of the organization represent five separate states. Mrs. Finch is a native of Mount Pleasant, Ia.; Mrs. Huston of Worcester, N. Y.; Mrs. Petersen of Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Cassidy of Scranton, Kan., and Mrs. Sarchet of Petersburg, Ill. Six foreign countries also are represented in the membership.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN SESSION.

Lore of Hand in History

Significant Symbols That Always Have Had a Deep Purpose and Meaning.

When a man is not telling the truth he is apt to clench his hands, as few men can lie with their hands open.

A man who holds his thumb tightly within his hand has weak will power. Strong willed persons hold their thumbs outside when shutting their hands.

Shaking hands when greeting was originally an evidence that each person was unarmed.

Among the savage tribes when a man holds up his hands it is a sign of peace, an evidence that he is unarmed or does not intend to use weapons. An outlaw says, "Hold up your hands!" meaning thereby to make victim powerless to resist attack.

When a man kisses the hands of a woman he expresses his submission. This is also the idea when kissing the hands of kings. By this act their superiority is acknowledged.

When an oath is taken it is done by raising the right hand or having it upon a bible.

In the consecration of bishops, priests and deacons and also in confirmation the laying on of hands is the essence of the sacramental rite.

A bishop gives his blessing with the thumb and first and second fingers. In this the thumb represents God the Father, the first finger is the emblem of God the Son and the second finger stands for the God the Holy Ghost, the three together symbolizing the Holy Trinity.

The wedding ring is placed upon the third finger of the woman's hand to show that after the Trinity man's love, honor and duty are given to his wife.

Besides the deaf and dumb there are many people, notably of Latin and Semitic races, who talk with their hands.

You probably have noticed that the aged negro whose death is noted by the Associated Press is never less than 115 years old.

MUCH LIKE CURIOSITY SHOP

Doctor's Collection of Gifts Included All Kinds and Varieties of Queer Things.

In an alcove off the doctor's office was his curiosity shop.

"Contributions for my poor patients those things are," he said. "Every doctor who is known to have a large charity pratice is the recipient of many gifts which he is requested to distribute among needy patients. Some folks find that the easiest and most satisfactory way to dispense charity is through a doctor. No other agent they could employ knows so well what is needed and who needs it. Better results could be obtained, however, if the givers would only consult me before sending in their donations.

"All the junk in this room is of little or no use. Maybe I can dispose of it some time, but so far I haven't been able to. Funny and pathetic little stories are attached to some of the gifts. Here is a wooden leg. It is the gift of a man who died about six months ago. It was his wish that some other legless man should wear his leg. Plenty of men coming out of hospitals need new legs, but unfortunately that man possessed such extreme length of limb from the knee down that I have not yet found anybody with a leg long enough to match it."

STILL SEEK "ROOT OF EVIL"

Philosophy Has Not Yet Convinced Men That Wealth Is Not Highly Desirable.

George W. Perkins said in New York the other day:

"Superfluous millions will only buy superfluities. Money is not the whole of life. I can wear only one suit of clothes at a time, eat only one meal at a time, and inhabit only one house at a time; and when I die I can't take a dollar with me."

This remark of Mr. Perkins' was quoted to Samuel T. Johnson, the Columbus capitalist, by a reporter, together with Thoreau's famous saying: "Men labor under a mistake. The better part of the man is soon plowed into the soil for compost. By a seeming necessity they are employed as it says in an old book, laying up treasures which moth and rust will corrupt and thieves break through and steal."

Mr. Johnson listened with a smile. He stood in his office in his shirt sleeves, studying the tape that streamed from a ticker.

"That is all good, straight talk," he said, "and every syllable of it is true; but you can take my word for it, young man, money ain't going out of fashion just yet, all the same."

Poor Woman.

If a woman cannot make her mistakes charming she is only a female.—The Tatler.

SUCCESS FOLLOWS JUDICIOUS FARMING

IN WESTERN CANADA IT IS CERTAIN.

The story of the Big Farmer in Western Canada, and the immense profits he has made in the growing of grain, has been told and retold. He has been found in all parts of the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. His splendid farm buildings have been pictured, his traction outfits described and his princely surroundings, resultant of his success in growing grain, have been portrayed by letter, press and camera. It certainly is not to his discredit that by successfully applying common sense and up-to-date methods to the conditions that climate, a good soil, and splendid market have placed at hand, that he has made the best use of them. He is not too proud to admit that he came to the country a very few years ago handicapped as to money, leaving behind him unpaid mortgages in his old home land (which are now wiped out), and he is still today the same good-hearted fellow he was in the days that he had to work for a neighbor, while the neighbor broke the land on his homestead, which went to make up the settlement duties.

Then, there, too, is the farmer and the farmer's son, already wealthy, who has bought large holdings in Western Canada, in either Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, who has made forty to one hundred per cent. on his investment, whose big grain crops and whose immense cattle herds are helping to improve the country. Health and strength, energy and push, and bull dog grit are as essential in Western Canada as in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, or any of the states from which so many of these people come, and then, when you have added to that a fair amount of means, with which to make a start, the land which is only waiting for the skill of the husbandman will quickly respond.

But there is the smaller farmer, the man who has not made sufficient in four or five years, that he might comfortably retire if he felt like it. There are many of them in all the three Provinces. It is not the less to his credit that he has earned his homestead by the three years residence, that he is free from debt, and has a reasonable bank account. He, too, came to the country handicapped by debts, and with very little means. He is contented, has a good home, land free of encumbrance, some stock, and with good prospects. One of these writes: "I formerly lived near Dayton, Ohio, on a rented farm, had as good a chance as the average renter, but after ten years of hard work, satisfied myself that if I ever expected to secure a home, I would have to undertake something else. Hearing of Western Canada, I investigated, and seven years ago last Spring settled in a homestead and purchased (on time) an adjoining half section, arriving with a carload of household effects and farm implements, including four horses and three cows, and $1,800 in money—my ten years' work in Ohio.

"The first year our crops gave us feed, the second year 100 acres of wheat gave us $1,800; no failure of crop since starting here. I have now 22 head of horses, 15 head of cattle, and 35 hogs. We own 1,120 acres of land, and have same all under cultivation. Was offered at one time $35.00 per acre for a half section where we live, and all the other land could be sold today on present market at $30.00 per acre. Should we care to dispose of our holdings, could pay all debts and have over $30,000 to the good, but the question is where could we go to invest our money and get as good returns as here?

"We have equally as good, if not better prospects for crops this year, as we had three years ago, when our wheat reached from 30 to 48 bushels per acre. I never believed such crops could be raised until I saw them myself. I had 15 acres that year that made 50 bushels to the acre. Our harvest will be ready by the 12th. We have this season in crop 400 acres of wheat, 125 of oats, 90 of flax, and run three binders, with four men to do the stooking.

"We certainly like this country, and the winters, although the winters are cold at times, but we do not suffer as one would think. What we have accomplished here can be duplicated in almost any of the new districts. If anyone doubts anything I have said in this letter, tell them to come here, and I can prove every word I have written."

The name of the writer can be had from the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, who can give the names of hundreds of others equally successful. Adv.

Part of the Truth.

"Robert, dear, how do you suppose these dozens and dozens of empty bottles ever got into our cellar?

"Why, I don't know, my dear. I never bought an empty bottle in my life."—Fun.

Accounted For.

"I will not let my wife go to these fashionable bridge parties."

"I'm glad you take that stand. So you think it is immoral to gamble?"

"No, but she's such a wretched player."

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH
By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

A fool and her money frequently marry into the nobility.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
Are Richest in Curative Qualities
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

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St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay Interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

HARRY E. IVES

Harry E. Ives, republican nominee for clerk of the district court, has been a resident of what is now Pennington county, continuously since 1883.

He was appointed clerk of the district court for the newly created county of Pennington by the board in November, 1910, and we think he has made good as an official. He has attended strictly to the duties of the office, has been courteous and obliging, has a good understanding of the duties, has been impartial, and has honestly administered the duties of the office, and is, we think, fairly and justly entitled to an election. He was nominated in the republican primaries on Sept. 17, winning over three opponents by a large plurality. We think we can easily promise the voters of Pennington county that if they elect Mr. Ives they will have a clerk of court who will attend strictly to the duties of the office in an efficient, honest and impartial manner.—Thief River Falls News-Press.

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

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THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, October 26, 1912.

Statement of the Management and Ownership

Of St. Hilaire Spectator, published weekly at St. Hilaire, Minn., required by the act of August 24, 1912.

Managing editor, I. D. Converse, St. Hilaire, Minn.

Owner, Harry E. Ives, Thief River Falls, Minn.

I. D. CONVERSE, Editor.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of September, 1912.

(SEAL) B. E. BURKEE,
Notary Public, Pennington County, Minn. My commission expires Dec. 5, 1917.

All political workers in Minnesota report slim attendance at meetings in the country districts. The average citizen is willing to pay to hear a good address, but when some people offer their services gratis—well, the farmers are very busy with their crops, etc.

We are in receipt of a season's pass to the Northwestern Products exposition to be held in Minneapolis November 12 to 28. This exposition is put on by the states of Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, and the territory of Alaska. It is a cooperative enterprise put on by those states to show our people that they can do better in the American northwest than they can in Canada.

Failure to ratify the proposed seven senator amendment to the state constitution, which is to be voted upon in November, means that within the space of a few years control of both branches or the legislature will be handed over to the large cities of the state. In New York and Illinois representation is limited, or else control would long ago have passed to New York and Chicago, and Minnesota should emulate these older states. At the election this fall every voter should cast his ballot in favor of the seven senator amendment. — St. Peter Herald

Constitutional Amendments and Public Schools

Two of the amendments to the constitution to be voted on at the general election November 5 have a direct relation to the public schools and education. One amendment provides for a state one mill tax for roads and bridges. As a general state policy this proposed amendment is of vast importance to every citizen and every interest in Minnesota, It has a direct relation to the rural schools and to the movement for consolidation. When we have better public roads there will follow as a direct result an improved rural school, A statewide movement which has the effect of improving our highways will promote the use and value of the public schools.

Another relates to the office of county superintendent of schools. It provides for educational and professional standards for that office. The county superintendents now serving are in favor of it. Teachers and educators believe it wise and will support it. There is no opposition to it from any known source. This standard prevails in many states, and Minnesota should adopt it. I hope that all voters who are interested in the administration of public schools and in making the county superintendent's office more efficient will vote YES on this amendment.

Prepared by C. G. Schulz, superintendent of public instruction, St. Paul, Minn.

Increase in Railroad Gross Earnings Taxes

By far the most importat question to be voted upon by the voters at the election in November is the proposed increase of railroad taxes. Railroads pay taxes upon their gross earnings, the present rate being four per cent, and the proposed increase fixes it at five per cent. The question of making the increase was submitted to the voters by the legislature at the recent special session and was the most important piece of legislation passed by the extra session.

The railroad tax proposition appears in black faced type upon the separate state ballot provided for the constitutional amendments. It is the third proposition upon the ballot but is not designated by a number for the reason that it is not a constitutional amendment. It appears between numbers two and three of the proposed constitutional amendments. Every voter should vote in favor of the increase. Its adoption by the voters will increase the state revenues from railroad taxes approximately one million dollars per year. In order to carry this proposition it must receive the affirmative vote of a majority of all those who vote at the election, whether they vote upon the proposition or not. The failure to vote on it will have the same effect as a vote against it. The first attempt to increase the gross earnings tax from three to four per cent was defeated because voters failed to vote upon the proposition and it had to be submitted a second time two years later, the state losing two million dollars in revenue as the result of the carelessness of the voters. That should not be allowed to happen this time.

The Best Family Newspaper

One of the modern problems that confront the conscientious homemaker is the wise choice of a daily newspaper. The ideal family paper must be clean; free from vulgarity and sensationalism; yet must offer something of interest to every member of the household, besides printing the latest news of the whole world in reliable and attractive form. A large contract, you will say. Yes, but an increasing number of readers seem to be convinced that The Chicago Record-Herald fairly comes up to the specifications. This great daily has made tremendous strides in the last year or two without lowering its standards one iota.

Business and professional men have long regarded The Record-Herald as the best paper for their own reading, because of its splendid news service and the reliability of its financial, agricultural, and market reports. Young men perhaps find its greatest attraction in its excellent sporting department, covering the whole range of the world's sports. Wives and mothers emphatically prefer The Record-Herald on account of its feminine departments—its daily recipes and menus, its daily fashion hints, the People's Institute of Domestic Economy, and the many good things in the illustrated Woman's Section in the Sunday paper. Children enjoy the Zoo-Illogical Snapshots and other clean comic pictures with the bright stories for boys and girls every Sunday. And all the family together can enjoy Arthur M. Evans' home travel articles, Mr. Kiser's humor and verse, Ralph Wilder's cartoons and other daily features outside the news columns.

The Chicago Record-Herald has every right to call itself the best all-around family newspaper in the west.

When Moses Lived

"When did Moses live?" asked the Sunday school teacher.

After the silence had become painful the teacher commanded: "Open your Old Testaments. What does it say there?"

"Moses, 4,000," replied one of the boys.

"Now," said the teacher rather sharply, "why didn't you know when Moses lived?"

"Oh, pshaw," exclaimed the lad, "I thought that was his telephone number."

All of which shows how modern ideas change the old fashioned, just as golden grain belt beers have improved the standard of beer making. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston. adv

A Genuine Service

"I believe," says an old subscriber, "that every time a Youth's Companion enters a home it does that home a genuine service." That describes the purpose of the publishers exactly. The paper is not filled with mischievous or idle thoughts to fill an idle hour. It provides a healthy pastime, recreation that builds up. It is to the minds of eager and impressionable young people what sound athletics are to their bodies.

At a cost of less than four cents a week The Youth's Companion opens the door to a company of the most distinguished men and women in America and Europe. Whether they are revealing the latest discoveries in science, or describing great industrial achievements, or telling of their wanderings in strange corners of the world, or feeding the imagination with rare stories, they are giving Companion readers the best of themselves.

Seven serials at least will be published by The Companion in 1913, and nearly 200 other complete stories, in addition to some 50 special contributions, and a treasure box of sketches, anecdotes, expert advice as to athletic sports, ideas for handy devices round the house and so forth—long hours of companionship with the wise, the adventurous, and the entertaining. Announcement for 1913 will be sent with sample copies of the paper to any address on request.

Every new subscriber who sends $2.00 for the fifty-two weekly issues of 1913 will receive as a gift The Companion window transparency and calendar for 1913, the most exquisite novelty ever offered to Companion readers; also, all the issues of The Companion for the remaining weeks of 1912, free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass

New Subscriptions Received at This Office.

AGREED WITH THE ASP.

The Frenchman Got Around the Law Against Hissing.

A gentleman who had been unceremoniously hustled out of a Paris playhouse because he hissed when the curtain fell on the second act brought an action for damages against the manager of the said house.

The court decided in favor of the hissing gentleman, adding that if a spectator is allowed to show his delight by indulging in applause his heighbor has also the right to show disapprobation in an audible fashion.

But the law in France was not always so tolerant. In the middle of the seventeenth century it was strictly forbidden to hiss in a playhouse, and in every theater there were a number of "gardes Francaises" with strict orders to arrest any person infringing the law.

But the French are not easily put down by silly regulations, and whenever they see an opportunity they attack the authorities with that fearful weapon ridicule. In this case such an opportunity came at the Comedie Francaise during the performance of "Cleopatra," a play by Marmontel.

It was a badly written, dull work, and the people were waiting for a chance to give vent to their opinion. At last the chance came The management had ordered a mechanical asp for the great scene in the final act, when Cleopatra puts an end to her life.

The actress raised the asp, which started hissing, whereupon a spectator rose to his feet and cried: "The asp is quite right. We all share his opinion!" Roars of laughter greeted this joke, and as it was foreseen that a similar scene would take place every night the piece was withdrawn from the repertory.

Aristhiou.

In a small village in Switzerland is a comfortable old inn much frequented by English, and the menu generally includes one dish supposed to be specially British. Though the orthography is peculiar, the meaning is generally obvious—as, for example, "rost bif roll," "rumesteck" but "aristhiou de mouton a l'Anglais" was puzzling. The first word has a distinctly classical appearance, which suggested a Greek origin. But when the dish appeared the meaning flashed into the guests' minds. "Aristhiou", was the Swiss chef's attempt to render phonetically the words "Irish stew."—Manchester Guardian

Trouble Ahead.

A north country coroner is said to be waiting the suicide of a local poet who wrote about clasping "the two tremulous hands" of his ladylove, but which the printer made to read "the two tremendous hands."—London Mail.

No Doubt of It.

"He is certainly a good fellow who spends all he has."

"Yes, and another thing."

"What?"

"He is a wise follow who has all he spends."

In Danger.

"He must be a good man, the way you describe him."

"He is sprouting wings right now."

"He had better be careful that he doesn't infringe on the patents of Wright brothers."

The Major Fraction.

Oh, when a fellow's better half
Appears upon the scene
It's then he's mighty lucky if
She's not the whole machine!

Deep.

"I am writing a story."

"Have you a plot?"

"Yes, a very subtle one."

"What is it?"

"To sell the thing to a magazine."

The Proper Thing.

Lives of some great men remind us
We new styles in thought may lead
And, departing, leave behind us
Messages no one will read.

—Judge.

His Wife's Comment on the Result of His Hunting Trip.

The braggadocio of the common variety of husbands generally sooner or later falls before the keen insight that most women have of human nature in general and bragging husbands in particular. A witty southern woman was married to such a man, who, though invariably unsuccessful as a hunter, was continually boasting of his killings.

As he was returning home one evening after an all day hunting trip it occurred to him that the usual accompaniment of an empty game bag was not in accordance with his oft boasted skill as a hunter and that his wife would again have the joke on him, so he went to the market and purchased two brace of partridges.

As he entered the house he threw them on the table with great eclat and exclaimed, "Well, you dear old doubter, you see that I am handier with the gun than you give me credit for being, after all; now don't you?"

Milady picked up the birds and examined them very carefully. As she looked up after the examination he said:

"Fine birds, my dear—very fine birds, are they not?"

"Robert," responded the wife, turning up her nose, "you were only just in time in shooting those birds today. Tomorrow it would have been everlastingly too late."—St. Louis Republic.

Republican Ticket

For Congress,
HALVOR STEENERSON.
For Legislature,
D. P. O'NEIL.
For County Auditor,
A. H. FASEL.
For Treasurer,
ANDREW TROVATON.
For Clerk of Court,
H. E. IVES.
For Sheriff,
W. J. LABREE.
For County Attorney,
J. M. BISHOP.
For Register of Deeds,
N. J. ANDERSON.
For County Surveyor,
C. H. MARTZ.
For Coroner,
H. R. HALVORSON.
For Commissioner Second District,
DANIEL SHAW.
For Commissioner Third District,
N. K. ANDERSON.
For Commissioner Fourth District,
ED. A. AUBOL.
For Commissioner Fifth District,
A. B. MANIFF.

Political Advertisement, authorized and to be paid for by the republican county central committee — Lars Backe, chairman; Olaf Ramstad, treasurer at large; Bernhard Knudson, secretary at large; John T. Lattimore, 1st district; C. Swansen, 2nd district; Sander Engebretson, 3rd district; Lars Backe, 4th district; J. R. Larsen, 5th district.)

Paid Advertisement

(This advertisement inserted in behalf of E. A. Mostue, Thief River Falls, Minn. Authorized and paid for by Axel Risberg, Thief River Falls, Minn. Amount paid $5.00.)

The undersigned desires hereby to express thanks and appreciation to his friends throughout the towns of Pennington county for the excellent vote and support accorded my candidacy at the primary Sept. 17.

I appreciate especially the support tendered me by the women vote. Let us all join in the work of raising our schools to the highest standard of efficiency.

Trusting that I anew may merit your indorsement in order that the nomination tendered may result in my re-election at the polls on Nov. 5, I beg to re-affirm my devotion to the cause of education and pledge my best endeavor toward the upbuilding of our schools. Knowing the teachers, the conditions of our schools to some extent, and being in the work, I trust to be able if elected to serve, even to a higher degree than in the past, the people and our schools.

Yours fraternally,
E. A. MOSTUE.

APPETITE AND THE EMOTIONS.

Why Shouldn't One Eat, Even If Very Happy or Very Sad?

The following really happened on board a pleasure steamer in the Kyles of Bute. A young honeymoon couple were sitting side by side, gazing on the lovely scenery around them.

"Isn't it heavenly, George?" she murmured. "I feel thrills all over me."

Then without a pause, as if still carried away by the inspiration of the moment: "Dearest, if there are any left, I think I would like a chocolate."

No good reason exists why spiritual emotions should not make one hungry. The bride who demanded sweets was wiser than a girl who once remained starving and inconsolable in her room after the departure of her lover for India.

At last an amateur Hebe ventured upstairs with a cup of coffee and a plate of toast. Yielding to persuasion, the afflicted maiden was induced to eat and drink, and began to look somewhat less dejected.

"I believe I was dying for something all the time," she finally confessed; "but I was afraid to ask, lest people would believe me to be less unhappy than I really am."—Black and White.

Must Import Marriageable Girls.

The problem of finding wives has become a serious one in St. Petersburg. The male population exceeds the female by 124,000 in the Russian capital, and the authorities are weighing plans for importing prospective brides from the provinces. The need of wives, indeed, has led to the making of several fortunes in matrimonial agencies, heavy fees being exacted for pretty girls as wives from remote country places. The men outnumber the women in all classes in St. Petersburg, and at social affairs there are usually two men for every woman. Of course this is a truly delightful situation for the woman, but it is one that is multiplying jealousies between men and causing "affairs" with swords and pistols upon the field of honor. Social activities in St. Petersburg have been declining in interest because of the scarcity of women, whereas in all the other large cities in the empire women are much more numerous than men.

(Paid advertisement, $5.00, paid by J. M. Bishop)

To the Voters

I wish to express to the voters of our county my appreciation of your splendid support give me at the primaries just held for Pennington county. The vote for the county attorney was as follows, to-wit:

For J. M. Bishop, republican candidate for county attorney 895 votes; O. A. Naplin, socialist candidate for county attorney, 170 votes; E. M. Stanton, democratic candidate for county attorney, 62 votes.

The above figures are absolutely correct. About 200 of my votes were given me by the farming community and the remainder of the vote by the city of Thief River Falls.

I will greatly appreciate a continuation of your splendid vote and support at the general election to be held on November 5, 1912.

Very sincerely yours,
J. M. BISHOP,
Republican Nominee for County Attorney for Pennington County, Minnesota.

(Paid Advertisement, $5.00 paid by H. J. Hiebel of Thief River Falls, Minn., secretary of the personal campaign committee of Wilhelm Michelet, non-partisan candidate for the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minn.

Wilhelm Miche

Judge of Probate

Non-Partisan Candid
for Re-election

I respectfully solicit y
vote and support,
WILHELM MICH

Order for Hearing on Petition for Correction of Defective Probate Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington, ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 1912.

In the matter of the estate of Helma Sevre, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Sevre, representing, among other that the description of certain lands belonging to said estate is erroneously described in the petition for license to sell land and in the order of license to sell as the e½ sw¼ section 7, twp. 153 n, r. and praying that the same should be corrected so as to describe said lands as ½ sw¼ sec. 8, twp. 153 n, r. 41 w.

It is Ordered, That the said petition be heard before this court on Wednesday the 20th day of November, A. D. 1912, at o'clock in the forenoon, at the probate in the city of Thief River Falls in county.

And It is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the village St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minn., the day of October A. D. 1912.

By the Court: WILHELM MICHELET
(SEAL) 019-3t Judge of Probate

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

A. O LETVIG
Tubular Well Contractor
Good supply of water guaranteed
Address: St. Hilaire, Minn

Bring in Your Wor

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

AKOTA USINESS OLLEGE

EVELOPS RAINS FOR CASH

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services with communion, tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Rev. M. S. [illegible], Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 8 p. m.
Epworth League meeting at 6:30 p. m.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.

ALEX A. SAND, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 1 p. m.

Rev. I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. [illegible]—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. [illegible], Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 2850 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

St. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Monday of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. [illegible] meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASHLEY, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomnie & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill its purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction readers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the farmers a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year. Sample copies mailed free. Address

THE BLADE,
Toledo, Ohio

THE LOCAL NEWS

Dance tonight at Imperial hall.

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

K. O. Gigstad was in Thief River on Tuesday.

Mrs. Andrew E. Anderson was in Thief River Falls Friday.

John Fromme was a visitor at the county seat last Monday.

Charles Gustafson was down from Thief River Falls yesterday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathison's. adv

Sander Engebretson was transacting business in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

Misses Julia and Annie Bjornquist were in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Carl Krueger was looking after business matters in Red Lake Falls Monday and Tuesday.

S. J. Amble left yesterday for North Dakota points to make his fall delivery of nursery stock.

William Quail of Sac City, Iowa, has been in town this week selling out a car load of apples in bulk.

Come in and look over my new stock of winter shoes and rubbers.
o26 3t-adv OLE MATHISON.

Mrs. Hans Wilson and daughter Louise visited friends at Thief River Falls the first of the week.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. LAZAR.

Oscar Carlson yesterday closed the deal with his father, L. A. Carlson, for the purchase of the farm.

Andy Dahl went the first of the week to Newfolden, near which place he will teach school this winter.

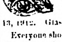
Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Pitkin returned Thursday to Thief River Falls after a short visit at the parental home.

Mauritz Brink has so far recovered from his illness with typhoid fever as to be able to come over town yesterday.

F. W. Busse and son Donald came down Friday from Warroad to look after his farming interests in Pennington county.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hed returned Thursday from their wedding trip and will at once make their home in the D. Collins residence.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-s21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted. adv

Everyone should have a business education and Mankato Commercial college, Mankato, Minn., is the school to get it. adv-2t

Mrs. Dargan and Mrs. Hansel of Wylie, mother and sister respectively of Mrs. S. J. Swanson, went Monday to Red Lake Falls after a visit here.

Dr. Dann of Clark, S. D., has purchased 1,400 acres of unimproved land in section 9, 10, 11, and 15 in River Falls township, through K. O. Gigstad.

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

B. E. Burkee has been named by the Thief River Falls Woodrow Wilson club as one of the reception committee to entertain Gov. Lind, who speaks there Monday evening.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

Candidates were numerous in town yesterday. We noted Auditor Fasel; N. J. Anderson, candidate for register of deeds; J. M. Bishop, candidate for county attorney; Superintendent Mostue, and others.

The work of repairing the Markham hotel was begun this week. It will be opened for business under the management of C. C. Elliott as soon as it can be put in shape, which is expected to be in the very near future.

A man named Craig, living at Argyle, was burned to death Thursday morning in his own barn, the barn and a machine shed burning to the ground. To add to the distress of the news, he had a daughter undergoing an operation in one of the hospitals in St. Paul.

Program

Harvest Home Cantata, "Fling Out the Banner."

1. Opening Processional March and Song..........By School
2. Address of Welcome, Steffe Steen
3. Hear Us, We Pray Thee, By School
4. Earth's Harvest Time..........Class Exercise
5. Jesus' Little Lambs, Primary Class
6. I'll Try..........Four Girls
7. Daisy Drill..........Seven Girls
8. Recitation, Albert's Breeches..........Albert Elliott
9. Trombone Solo..........Prof. Boehm
Miss Grace Hall, Accompanist
10. Three Rosebuds..........Three Girls
11. Recitation, Three Trees..........Olive Patterson
12. Solo, Asters and Golden Rod..........Margaret Patterson
13. Soldier Boys..........Three Boys
14. In the Christ Garden..........Class Exercise
15. Recitation..........Curtis Post
Piano Accompaniment, Mrs. Post
16. Finger Play....Three Little Tots
17. Recitation, School...Laura Elliott
18. Say "Thank You".....Three Boys
19. The Yama Yama Man, Four Girls
20. Waving the Sheaf, Class Exercise
21. To the King of Harvest..........Class Exercise
22. Song, Crown Him King of Harvest
23. Closing Address.......Curtis Post
24. Closing Song, Singing in the Field..........By School
25. Good Night.....Five Wee Girls

Imperial hall Wednesday evening, Oct 30, 8 o'clock.

Admission: Adults 25 cts., children 15 cts.

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign

School Notes

The election proceedings of this year are so impressing the minds of young Americans that one pupil stated that "Morse elected the telegraph," meaning of course invented.

The seventh grade organized the "Talksum" literary society, with the following officers: President, John Steen; vice president, George Fricker; secretary, Olive Patterson; treasurer, Christina Pederson. Their object is to study the masters, current events, and then "talk sum."

County Superintendent Mostue visited school Tuesday morning.

The class studied the meaning of revolving.

Teacher (substituting for a few days)—"What is revolving continually?" (meaning the earth.)

Boy—"A revolver."

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of September 1912.

Total cream received, lbs......	56,589
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	15,599
Total received for same......	$5,313.10
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 31½c	
Paid patrons by check	$4,702.26
" " butter, salt, and oil.	91.62
Paid into sinking fund.......	110.10
" " expense "	406.12

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

Geographical Distinctions.

Inhabitants of the Isle of Wight speak of "going to England" when they leave their own fragment of the kingdom. A patriotic Cornishman also "goes to England" when he crosses the Tamar. Similarly inhabitants of the Balkan peninsula talk of "going to Europe" when they leave their own corner of the continent—in curious contrast with the people of Great Britain, who regard themselves as both of and in "Europe," and it is only "the continent" that they visit. There is an old story of a Scottish minister who prayed for a blessing upon "the inhabitants of Great and Little Cumbrae (islands in the Firth of Clyde) and the adjacent islands of Great Britain and Ireland." Massachusetts people speak of going "down east" when they start for the Maine coast.

NOT VISIBLE TO ALL MANKIND

Sights and Sounds in the Cathedral of Men's Comradeship.

When you enter it you hear a sound—a sound as of a mighty poem chanted. Listen long enough and you will learn that it is made up of the beating of human hearts, of the nameless music of men's souls—that is, if you have ears. If you have eyes you will presently see the church itself—a looming mystery of many shapes and shadows, leaping sheer from floor to dome. The work of no ordinary builder!. The pillars of it go up like the brawny trunks of heroes; the sweet human flesh of men and women is molded about its bulwarks; strong, impregnable; the faces of little children laugh out from every cornerstone; the terrible span and arches of it are the joined hands of comrades; and up in the heights and spaces there are inscribed the numberless musings of all the dreamers of the world. It is yet building, building and built upon. Sometimes the work goes forward in deep darkness, sometimes in blinding light; now beneath the burden of unutterable anguish; now to the tune of great laughter and heroic shoutings like the sound of thunder. Sometimes in the silence of the night time one may hear the hammerings of the comrades at work up in the dome—the comrades who have climbed ahead.—From "The Servant in the House."

New Goods Daily

Make Our Store Your Store

Almost every corner of this store store bristles with new things that are arriving daily.

Our shelves, showcases, and windows speak more eloquently of the quality of our goods than a page of type could; and our prices tell their own story.

You will find this store the most liberal of any in town and that we mean that every transaction here must carry with it your complete satisfaction.

Call and see for yourselves.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, PROP.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	77
" " 2 "	74
" " 3 "	71
Flax, No. 1	$1.33
" " 2........	1.28
Adjected Flax	1.18
Barley, for 48 lbs...........	40
Oats	23
Rye	52
Eggs......	25
Butter	20
" creamery.............	34
Potatoes	40
Beef live weight............	2½@3½
Pork, "	6½
" dressed.	8½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	2@6
Chickens, alive.....	6@8
Hides....	@10
Flour, patent..............	2.35@2.42
Shorts, per ton.....	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

FINIS.

WE watch the gathering tears o'erflow
the eye
Of those we love and hear each sobbing
cry
And moan.
We see the slowly waning ray of light,
And then we journey forth into the night—
Alone.

—Irene E. Benson.

THE SPENDTHRIFT.

HE left so little, did you say?
He had so brief a time to stay
'Twas hardly worth his while to
gather
Dross of our little earthly day.

The things that other people prize
He gave to others, being wise;
Being so heavenly foolish, rather,
That kept his gains for paradise.

Hardly a keepsake did he leave,
And all his gold was fugitive.
He kept those things that will not perish
For him the widow and orphan grieve.

He gave with a light laugh, indeed,
As he and gold were ill agreed.
Held it the poorest thing to cherish,
Save that it filled another's need.

He had his pilgrim's scrip of hope
And living waters in his cup.
The staff of faith that still suffices
The stumbling soul to lift it up.

Being so soon a traveler,
Of earthly things he had no care,
But on the road that's paradise's
He went the lighter, being bare.

—Katharine Tynan.

Avoid Trouble

at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous

MASCOT FLOUR

made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial

RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.

S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

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COPYRIGHTS &c.

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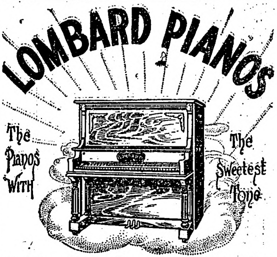
Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

NOW IS THE TIME
For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
Letter Heads;
Note Heads;
Envelopes;
Statements;
Due Bills;
Cards;
Dodgers;
Auction Bills; etc.
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



LOMBARD PIANOS
The Pianos With The Sweetest Tone

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

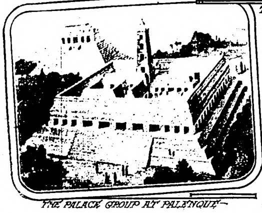
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers withth and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

ANCIENT EMPIRE BURIED IN GUATEMALAN JUNGLES

EASTERN COURT OF MAYAN PALACE—

TEMPLE OF THE SUN AT PALENQUE—



THE PALACE GROUP AT PALENQUE—

THE recent experience of a young American in the great unknown district of Peten, in Guatemala, has furnished for science one of the most valuable records in years regarding the life of what is perhaps the most ancient race of human beings in existence.

In a trip just completed, in which he spent more than two years in the jungles of a territory whose mystery has for years repelled as well as attracted the adventurous, Russell Hastings Millward, America's youngest explorer, has not only captured the world's mileage record by traveling across more than three thousand miles of unknown country, but has opened up for the merchant and archaeologist a land whose wealth has hitherto only been guessed at, says the New York Tribune.

The popular impression that there is no more work for the twentieth century explorer could find no better refutation than in the exploit of this young man. The district of Peten, lying to the westward of British Honduras, between the Caribbean coast and the Bay of Campeche, has been known since time immemorial to all Central Americans as "The Mystery." There Millward has located lakes and mountains whose existence has hitherto been a matter of rumor only. For the first time a white man has penetrated those fastnesses and seen the ruins of temples and palaces which, now overgrown and buried under the foliage of the jungle, were once the centers of magnificent cities. He has not only outlined the extent of the once flourishing empire of the Maya race, but of importance to the world of commerce, he has practically opened up a new field whose riches will in a few years be one of the chief assets of the Guatemalan government.

To see this great unknown jungle with his own eyes, thus doing what no white man had ever done before, the young explorer left New York two years ago. He went straight to Belize, a town on the Caribbean coast of British Honduras, and there, while making arrangements for the expedition, he met Claudio Urrutia, government surveyor for Guatemala, who had made short trips inland and who helped get together men, pack animals and provisions for the plunge into Peten. Within a few weeks seventy-five men and a hundred mules had been collected and everything was in readiness for the start.

With all his knowledge of the natives, which he has acquired in numberless shooting and exploring expeditions in the Central American country during previous years, Millward had hardly reckoned upon the difficulties which faced him in his determination to see this land of mystery. "El Peten" it was called. What a paralyzing effect this unknown country would have upon his men he did not realize until he was some weeks on his way into the jungles. As settlement after settlement was left behind, and the train of mules and men moved further and further and further into the bleak uplands and through the tangle of dense swamps, the problem of averting the ever-threatening mutiny of the men became more pressing.

In contrast to the Caribs, or coast natives, the party contained a large percentage of Mayas of pure blood. Not only did they hold aloof from their Carib companions, but the consciousness that the white man was leading them up into the very country sacred according to tradition, to their ancestors, who would avenge the insult of trespass, terrified them. When night came on they were usually in a state of panic, and during the day the slightest accident out of the ordinary served to put them on their guard against some imaginary evil. Millward, talking to them in their language, tried repeatedly to discover the cause of their fears. The nearest he came to it was on one occasion when, ascending a ridge of land one noon, his machete men suddenly stopped and refused to go any further.

He had been busy with his instruments, and the first he noticed of impending trouble was when he looked to to see his four machete men huddled together talking in an undertone. He ordered them to go ahead, but they drew closer together, giving every indication of terror. Millward approached and asked them what the trouble was, but they refused to talk. Knowing that, while these Mayas might be coaxed or led almost anywhere, it was a waste of time to try to force them into anything, he calmly sat down and had a smoke. After a little the Indians also sat down and began to smoke, but all the while casting glances about them which seemed to indicate that they expected momentarily to be annihilated.

Finally, after using all the eloquence of which he was capable, Millward was able to calm their fears and get them to tell him the secret of their strange actions. Little by little he learned that years and years before—even the men themselves did not know how long—a great Maya hunter had been prowling through that part of the jungle. On the ridge of land before them some jungle beast leaped out upon him and killed him. According to the machete men, therefore, this hunter's fierce spirit was still roaming that hillside, raging in its agony and jealous of any mortal presence. Should a man attempt to go up that hillside and cross that ridge some horrible doom which only a spirit could invent would befall him. The men ended by flatly refusing to venture upon the highland, and at last Millward compromised by crossing the ridge alone and sending the Mayas around the hill to meet him on the other side.

But it was during the nights that the effect of the jungle upon the men was most evident. In some respects their superstitions were justified by the unearthly sunset effects and the appearance of the sky at night. The sun sank in a blaze of glory, followed almost immediately by the gloom of midnight. With the arrival of darkness the appearance of the constellations, large and wonderfully brilliant, was awe-inspiring. Far off on the northern horizon the north star appeared, while on the other side of the zenith sparkled the Southern Cross, for this strange country is said to be the only spot on the globe where this combination of planets is visible. The Mayas, alive to every new occurrence, were quick to notice this the first night when camp was pitched on an upland above the jungle, and for hours they discussed the phenomenon, squatting around the fires and looking up at the stars.

By this time the expedition had begun to penetrate the forbidden country, and almost immediately the first signs of an ancient civilization appeared.

One day Millward and his men, hacking their way forward, came out suddenly into a little glade in the woods, in the center of which stood a large cylindrical stone. Its sides and upper surface were a solid mass of exquisite carving, in which the figures of birds, flowers and the form of the serpent were repeated in a riot of designs. On the top of the stone a sloping basin was hollowed out, and from this ran a channel to the outer edge. There was no room for doubt that it was one of the ancient sacrificial stones of the Mayas, and that the natural glade in which it had rested for centuries was once the sylvan holy of holies of the Maya priests of the locality, where they "averted evil" to their people by human sacrifices.

It was the finding of this sacrificial stone that introduced the first of the stone villages. Although literally imbedded under the rank undergrowth of the jungle, enough was uncovered to show that at some time it must have been a place of importance. Ruined columns lay about, and great slabs of granite, some of them weighing many tons, were scattered in irregular heaps. The wavering lines of broken slabs and columns which in places showed through the foliage indicated the general outline of streets. In the decoration and carving of these slabs there was every mark of an art which, although in its form widely at variance with that of the Egyptians, is perhaps as old. There were indications, too, of a culture as ancient.

At the time of the conquest of the Mayas, in a warfare which began about 1540 and continued for years, a city called Tihoo, on whose site the Spanish Merida is now located, is supposed to have been the capital of the empire. The old Spanish chroniclers relate that the palaces and pyramids of the Maya city were so ancient that from the mounds built by the earliest inhabitants there grew trees a thousand years old. In Maya times each of the artificial mounds or pyramids was crowned by a temple. The massive stone blocks employed in the construction of these were used by the Spanish conquistadores in the erection of their own homes. Merida, in fact, got its name from the old Spanish city which was long known as the "Rome of Spain." Its unique replica in the new world was so filled with magnificent Indian temples and palaces that the dazzled Spaniards likened it to the old world city.

When Palenque, in the neighboring department of Chiapas, was discovered by a party of Spanish travelers in 1720 the existence of a Maya empire was unknown. There had never been any mention of its existence in the reports of the Spanish invaders, and there was no tradition even that it had ever been. Palenque is thought to have been abandoned as early as the twelfth century, and to this day it is not known by what name it was called.

If the feat of Millward in his two years of fighting the untrodden jungles and wastes of Peten had yielded nothing more than the knowledge of these old stone cities it would have been of priceless value, according to archaeologists, in making possible a study of Maya history and culture. So far they are almost as much a mystery as they were two hundred years ago. The elaborate carvings and petroglyphs which mark the buried temples and palaces are undecipherable, and what little history of the movements of the Mayas and their ancestors, their life and art, has survived has been only in the form of legends kept alive by obscure Maya tribes.

Mr. Millward's explorations have established the fact that the confines of the Maya empire extended far south of the belt of towns and cities whose ruins dot the northern coast toward the Bay of Campeche.

In the course of his explorations Millward came upon more than three hundred groups of ruins, which mark the site of what were once villages and towns of from 1,500 to 15,000 population each. The latter have all the characteristics of great centers of a highly developed life. As in the famous Palenque, many of the ruins in this hitherto undiscovered land which Millward penetrated are notable in their dimensions, decorations and suggestions of the high degree of civilization which created them. But as ever, owing to the superstition of the Mayas in his party, he was unable to give them more than scant attention.

For four months Millward and his men toiled through forests whose richness he declares is not even suspected by people familiar with adjoining countries. Immense mahogany trees of a size and quality unapproached by anything known to commerce grew on every side. Rosewood, ebony, cedar, logwood, chicle, cacao and rubber trees of dimensions unknown to the famous district of Quintana Roo, extended far northward into the districts which he afterward explored. Orchids of the most delicate hue, a half dozen of whose bulbs would make a small fortune for a Fifth avenue florist, trailed from the trees and dangled the path so as to be a nuisance.

Four months and a half from the time they left Belize, Millward and his men came out of the jungle at Laguna Carmen, near the Bay of Campeche, in the Gulf of Mexico. There they put in a month of good rest. Several of the men had died from fever and exposure, and a percentage of the mules had been lost. The trip, however, was a marked success. Preparations were at once made for the return trip to Belize, and for this Millward mapped out a route which would take him across about sixty miles further to the north.

It was when a month and a half inland on this second trip that there occurred one of the most important incidents of the enterprise. This was the discovery of four large and hitherto unknown lakes. Here, again, Millward found that their existence, if not their location, was already known to his Mayas under the name of "The Four Sisters."

Maya villages continued to dot the jungles as the party progressed eastward, and in all of them the explorer was well received. As Millward worked further on in the general direction of Belize, his destination, and began to approach the other coast he came upon occasional settlements of Caribs. In physique and strength he considers these men far superior to the Mayas.

The new territory, whose resources have been revealed through the enterprise of this young explorer, is believed to be one of the most valuable finds, commercially and historically, of many decades. The untold riches of its forests are not only accessible, but Mr. Millward is likely to prove to a large extent its developer as well as its discoverer, since he already is at work on plans for the establishment of a direct route overland from the Caribbean Sea to the Gulf of Mexico, which would open up the greaterp art of the region to travel and commerce.

Invention Came by Chance

Idea of the Sextant, Invaluable to Sailors, Result of Observation Made by Philadelphia Glazier.

The element of chance plays an important role in invention, and in no case is this more strikingly illustrated than in that of Thomas Godfrey, the American who improved upon the quadrant, or, rather, devised the sextant, the basic notion for which he got by noting the reflection of the sun from a pail of water.

Godfrey was a glazier by trade, but he had a taste for mathematics and was a man of some culture.

John Hadley had also invented a sextant, apparently a development of a suggestion of Newton's, found among his papers at his death. Godfrey anticipated Hadley by about one year, but for a long time his claims were not recognized, Hadley receiving the entire credit.

The glazier thus received his inspiration for the instrument that was to prove of such value to mariners: One day, while replacing a pane of glass in a window of a house in Philadelphia opposite a pump, he saw a girl, after filling her pail, put it upon the sidewalk. The observant glazier saw the sun reflected from the window on which he had been at work into the bucket of water. His mind quickly perceived the significance of the situation, and he was thus led to the design of an instrument "for drawing the sun down to the horizon," a device incomparably superior to any that had hitherto been used for the ascertainment of angular measurements.—Harper's Weekly.

The lives of men who have been always growing are strewed along their whole course with things they have learned to do without.—Phillip Brooks.

In the PUBLIC EYE

BEARS MEXICANS' PLEA TO PRESIDENT

Senor Zeferino Dominguez, a wealthy Mexican planter, as representative of land owners, agriculturists and other citizens of the twenty-seven states of Mexico, recently submitted to President Taft a plan which, he hopes, will bring peace, and insure, permanent freedom from unrest in his country.

Regarding his plans, Senor Dominguez said:

"The plan I have in view is that the land owners of Mexico join with the government in giving the poor people access to the land. At present 7,000 families own all the land in Mexico. There are 12,000,000 persons who own nothing and have no interest whatever in the land.

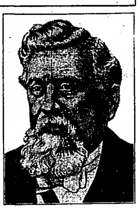
"The way to pacify the poor people is to give them an interest in something. As the situation stands, they can earn more in two hours' looting than in one year's work.

"The plan I offer includes also the establishment and maintenance of a strong army for defense and for the suppression of outlawry. We suggest that the army be a form of militia and that the soldiers, when not engaged in military duties, be employed on farms set aside for the purpose. As an inducement to men to enter and rmain in the service, each soldier would receive a small farm at the end of his term.

"The situation which confronts us in Mexico is this: We have a government which cannot control the rebels, and we have rebels who cannot defeat the government.

"Intervention would be disastrous to all. The United States might send an army of 500,000 men into Mexico; it might hold the City of Mexico and all the principal ports, but it will not hold the country. There are too many mountains and too many tribes."

PRESIDENT FALLIERES IS CALLED STINGY



President Fallieres is again being subjected to criticism on the score of parsimony. When, a few years ago, the king and queen of Norway were guests of the republic, an accident happened at Versailles which might easily have had fatal consequences for the queen and Mme. Fallieres.

The postillion who was riding one of the horses drawing the state landau, in which they sat, took too sharp a turn in crosing a bridge spanning the ornamental lake near Trianon, and fell with his mount into the water. Happily the carriage remained on the bank.

It was stated at the time that since M. Fallieres' installation the Elysee stable was farmed out, and that horses and servants were supplied by a contractor. Thus the accident was explained on the ground of the postillion's inexperience. M. Fallieres was then accused of farming out his stables in order to reduce the expenses of his occupation of the Elysee, and a part of the Paris press denounced his efforts to economize at the expense of the prestige of the republic.

Similar attacks are being made now in connection with the visit of the Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, who, with his uncle, has been provided with vehicles of shabby appearance, poor-looking horses, and coachmen in ill-fitting old liveries.

M. Fallieres' popularity with Parisians is not enhanced by this official niggardliness at the Elysee, the blame for which is laid upon him. One paper says:

"The Chief Magistrate cannot urge the poverty of his allowance. Counting credits allocated to his civil list, he receives 1,200,000 francs ($240,000) a year, an amount sufficient to guarantee a certain magnificence in the reception and entertainment of the nation's guests."

WINS NOMINATION AFTER SIX DEFEATS

William Sulzer, representative in congress from New York city, was nominated for governor of New York state the other day by the Democratic state convention. It was the seventh time he had been a candidate for this nomination.

Mr. Sulzer was born in Elizabeth, N. J., March 18, 1863. His father, Thomas Sulzer, was a German patriot of the school of Sigel and Schurz, and after the revolution of 1848 was imprisoned. Escaping, he went te Switzerland, and came to America in 1851, settling in New Jersey. When William was a baby his parents moved to New York city, and his residence has never been changed since.

William Sulzer was graduated from Columbia college, where he studied law. He acquired a reputation as a speaker and debater in the Cooper Union Debating society. After graduation he took up the practice of law, and also entered actively into politics, his first public appearance being as a speaker for Cleveland in the campaign of 1884.

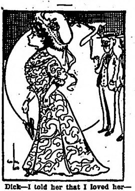
In 1889, young Sulzer was elected to the assembly from the old Fourteenth district, and was re-elected every year up to 1894. He quickly took a prominent position among the Democratic members of the assembly and his name is attached to many measures intended for the benefit of the people of the East Side, among whom he has always had a devoted following. In 1893 he was elected speaker of the assembly, being the youngest man, up to that time, who had ever held the office.

In 1904 Mr. Sulzer was elected to congress from the Eleventh district and has held the position since. He has been mentioned several times for speaker of the house.

RAJ RANA OF JHALAWAR A REFORMER

The Raj Rana of Jhalawar, whose portrait is herewith presented, is the representative of a most illustrious branch of the Solar race, the ruler of an important state, and a reformer who is endeavoring to introduce modern conditions without giving umbrage to the upholders of past traditions, than which, as we know, there is no more difficult task. The historian of India shows how the British conquered the peninsula from a number of races by converting the enemies of one period into the allies of the next; but it has never been made sufficiently clear that there was one race with which England never warred, the Rajputs of Rajasthan, "the Land of Princes." It was due to the wisdom of an ancestor of the Rana of Jhalawar, that the Rajputs sought and obtained an alliance and protection in the critical period of the eighteenth century, when the Marathas seemed for a moment likely to anticipate Great Britain in the unification of India. This prince was Zalim Singh Regut, and, practically speaking, ruler of Kotah for fifty years. Of him Colonel Tod, in perhaps the most entrancing work that any Englishman has penned on India, has given a vivid picture, as the wise man who conducted his country through the shoals and breakers of a stormy period, and his reflected glory descends on his successor, Bhawani Singh, the subject of this portrait.

HARD LUCK.



Dick—I told her that I loved her—that I was even willing to worship her at a distance.

Tom—What did she do?

Dick—Said she'd supply the distance.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Dull.

"Was your aviating meet a success?"

"No, not much of a one. There were only three accidents and no fatalities."

For the Car.

"She worries every time he takes the car out."

"Yes, I don't blame her. They had to save a long time to get that car."

HARD FOR THE HOUSEWIFE
It's hard enough to keep house if in perfect health, but a woman who is weak, tired and suffering all of the time with an aching back has a heavy burden to carry. Any woman in this condition has good cause to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disordered at all. Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of women suffering in this way. It is the best-recommended special kidney remedy.
A NORTH DAKOTA CASE.
"Every Picture Tells a Story."
Mrs. O. J. Tyler, Cando, N. Dak., says: "For years I had kidney trouble. My feet and limbs swelled and I couldn't sleep more than two hours at a time. In the morning I was all worn out. My back was lame and I had sharp pains when I stooped. Doan's Kidney Pills have removed all this trouble."
Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box
Doan's Kidney Pills
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Stiff Joints Sprains, Bruises
are relieved at once by an application of Sloan's Liniment. Don't rub, just lay on lightly.
"Sloan's Liniment has done more good than anything I have ever tried for stiff joints. I got my hand hurt so badly that I had to stop work right in the busiest time of the year. I thought at first that I would have to have my hand taken off, but I got a bottle of Sloan's Liniment and cured my hand."
Wilton Wheeler, Morris, Ala.
Good for Broken Sinews
G. G. Jones, Baldwin, L. I., writes: —"I used Sloan's Liniment for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall and to my great satisfaction was able to resume work in less than three weeks after the accident."
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
Fine for Sprain
Mr. Henry A. Voehl, 84 Somerset St., Plainfield, N. J., writes: —"A friend sprained his ankle so badly that it went black. He laughed when I told him that I would have him out in a week. I applied Sloan's Liniment and in four days he was working and said Sloan's was a right good Liniment."
Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00
Sloan's Book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free.
Address
Dr. Earl S. Sloan
Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

Go South, Young Man
Don't Freeze To Death Trying To Make a Living
Go to Mississippi or Louisiana where you can be outdoors all the time. Where you can grow two to four crops a year and where the fertility of the soil is inexhaustible. Land is cheap now. Go and look at it before it is too late. The road to the south is the sure highway to fortune. Write today for illustrated booklets and full information about the money-making opportunities in these states.
J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Comm., I. C. R. R., Room [illegible], Central Station, Chicago.

RHEUMATISM A DISEASE OF THE BLOOD

The Treatment Which Is Most Successful Is Directed Toward Building Up and Purifying the Vital Fluid.

That rheumatism is a disease of the blood is shown by the fact that it is hereditary in certain families, and that there is a marked thinning of the blood immediately following its attack.

In the following brief statement are described symptoms which every patient will recognize and the means by which a cure was effected in this case is described with equal fidelity.

If you are suffering from any form of rheumatism with loss of flesh and strength, and thinning of the blood, the remedy that was so effective here deserves a thorough trial.

"About fifteen years ago," says Mrs. Rhoda Pettit, of Louisville, Neb., "after exposure to dampness and wet and being in a run-down condition from overwork, I began to suffer from inflammatory rheumatism. Both my father and mother were sufferers from the same disease. My right side was afflicted and had I no use of my right limb. The cords of the limb seemed to be drawn up. Often the pains would shift from one part of the body to another and, while they were worse in my right limb, they were very severe through the small of my back. There was a sensation as though I was being cut with a knife. My limbs and feet were swollen so that I could not put on my shoes. I suffered intense agony all of the time and when the attacks were severe I was confined to bed for weeks. My stomach was in bad shape. I was troubled with heartburn and gas. I lost weight and my strength was all gone.

"I took medicine from a doctor and tried several other remedies and liniments but nothing helped me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had taken them only a short time before I could feel the new blood and after a fair trial I was able to walk. The pills made me a strong, healthy woman and I am entirely cured of the rheumatism. I know I would not be living today if I had not tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. The genuine are sold only in packages bearing the full trade-mark. Adv.

Optimists.

For non-committal brevity of speech, commend us to the Yankee lord of the soil. One such, who was obliged to make a physician daily visits, had an unvarying answer to the question, "How do you feel today?" "Well," he would reply, showing as little interest in the subject as possible, "I ain't no wuss." Further than that he wished to say nothing, and it took the cunning of a serpent to discover his real feelings. A man who was knocked down in the street by a snowslide was assailed by a sympathizing crowd with condolence and question. "Did it hurt you?" inquired one of his rescuers as he brushed the snow from the clothes of the well-powdered victim. "Well," was the cautious answer, "it ain't done me no good."—Argonaut.

Rose Matilda's Sprinter.

"Ah's got a sprinter f'm dat ol' winder sill in mah finge' Mis' Greene," announced Rose Matilda, who had been scrubbing window sills, exhibiting the injured member. "Is yo' got a pin or some sech sharp t'ing yo' cayn git it out wi'f? Ah don' jes' wan' to leave it in, 'ca'se dem sprinters ain' to be trifle wif. Oh, dem's de t'ing'll do de business," as Mrs. Greene attacked the splinter with a pair of tweezers and triumphantly drew it out. "T'ank yo' Mis' Greene. Dem teasers is de bes' t'ing to exkrack sprinters wi'f."

Out of Fashion.

"I see where fluffy skirts saved a girl from drowning in the Chicago river recently. The old styles were the best styles after all."

"Huh, she probably tried to drown herself because she had to wear the fluffies."

For the Sake of Variety.

Customer—This, I suppose, is a folding bed.

Merchant—No, sir; we call this an unfolding bed. I'll show you. (Unfolds it.)

Bad Luck.

"They oughtn't to call that railroad special the Comet."

"Why not?"

"Because comets nearly always have their trains telescoped."

A Million Persons

Breakfast every morning on

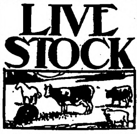
Post Toasties

Suppose you try the food with cream and sugar, as part of breakfast or supper.

You may be sure it will be a delicious part.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.



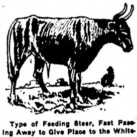
GROUND GRAIN IS FAVORED

Animals Seldom Masticate Food Thoroughly as Should Be When Fed in Natural State.

(By M. COVERDELL.)

Where stock eat the grain in its natural and unbroken state, it is very seldom masticated as thoroughly as it should be. Most animals are naturally gluttonous, and in their haste to consume grain they swallow much of it without crushing or grinding it.

This wields a detrimental effect on the stock that is twofold. The grain in this solid condition cannot impart proper nourishment to the animals and the digestive and assimilative organs will be overtaxed and impaired in their efforts to convert this coarse feed into substance that will build up the tissues of the body.



Type of Feeding Steer, Fast Passing Away to Give Place to the White-Faced Shorthorns.

Aside from these two detriments we must consider that unground feed causes a waste by passing whole and practically unchanged through the animal; or, if the stock do eat an amount large enough from which sufficient nourishment can be extracted, it means about twice as much must be fed to be converted into bone and muscular tissue.

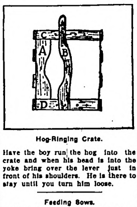
The failure of the stock to masticate unground grain will also cause a lack of digestive secretions or juices so essential to this process; then, in order to supply this deficiency, the animals have a craving for water and a large quantity is thus consumed—much more than is necessary—and yet, this enormous amount of water has not the desired effect in promoting digestion as do the natural juices that should have been brought down by thorough mastication.

On the other hand, where the grain is ground before feeding, it is fine and dry, adhering to the animal's mouth when it takes a bite, till it has to chew before it can swallow. This avoids the drawback above mentioned, and by the grain being well crushed it insures thorough digestion; later, its pulverized condition renders it immediately available for the assimilative organs to convert into nourishment—bone and muscle—without overtaxing any of the organs of these two systems and at the same time it will render less of this ground feed necessary to keep the animal in prime shape.

RINGING HOGS IS MADE EASY

Device Shown in Illustration and Described in Detail Has Proven Quite Advantageous.

This is the device I use in ringing or snouting hogs, and would not do without it. With a boy's help one man can ring as many hogs with this device as two men without it, and do it much easier. Make a strong hog crate and in one end nail a board shaped like A in the drawing. Bore four holes in crosspieces C and D to adjust the yoke to the size of hogs, writes A. G. Sigmund of Wetmore, Kan., in the Farmers' Mail and Breeze. Out of a white elm board or other stout wood, shape a lever like B and bolt to D at the bottom. A pin holds the lever in place at the top. The crate is left open at the other end.



Hog-Ringing Crate.

Have the boy run the hog into the crate and when his head is into the yoke bring over the lever just in front of his shoulders. He is there to stay until you turn him loose.

Feeding Sows.

When a sow's udder gets out of condition on account of irrational feeding there is no question but that her milk will be abnormal also. Heavy corn feeding right up to the time of farrowing will bring about an unhealthy condition in many cases, particularly when a sow is fat and lazy and does not take much exercise. To prevent it there is nothing better than the use of laxative foods, like bran or oil meal.

Gates for Sheep Farm.

Every sheep farm should be well provided with gates; bars are too dangerous as well as too wasteful of time in letting them down and putting them up. There is great risk when sheep are crowding through bars, only partly let down, that a leg may be snapped. A good, light gate may be made for 50 cents more cost than a set of bars and if properly hung will last a great many years.

ARRANGING GATES FOR PENS

Various Entrances May Be Conveniently Fixed Without Much Trouble—Method Shown.

(By J. U. GOODWIN.)

Entrances to lanes, sheds, barn buildings and all other places where two or more entrances stand side by side, may be conveniently arranged with little trouble. As shown in the illustration, the two gates enclose three entrances.

To open the center entrance the gates are separated—one pushed to the right and one to the left—which makes the opening nine feet wide.

To open the entrance to the right-hand the gates are pushed to the right.

The entrance to each of the side pens is only five feet, the rest of the entrance being planked up.

This arrangement is particularly convenient for buildings so arranged that the center or driveway is to be open, and the sheds on each side are wanted with doorways to admit stock, etc.

In the latter case the doors may be made solid, so as to exclude rain, snow, and cold winds.

Fig. 1, A, are pieces set in between the battens of the gates and extending six inches. These extensions, one being on each gate, enter the open space on the opposite gate, thus holding the gates firm in place.

D, in Fig. 2, shows the method of latching the gates together.

This latch is fastened between the battens of the gates and catches automatically when the gates are closed.

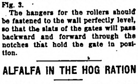
To uncatch, press down on the catch at D.

In Fig. 2, C is the part planked up. B B shows the position of notched pieces, a side view of which is shown in Fig. 3.

The notches in this piece are a little larger than the slats of the gates.

These notches rest over the gate slats and are fastened to the post dividing the pens.

These notched pieces are strengthened and held in place by an iron rod three-quarters of an inch in diameter and arranged as shown in Fig. 3.



Good Gate Arrangement.

The hangers for the rollers should be fastened to the wall perfectly level, so that the slats of the gates will pass backward and forward through the notches that hold the gate in position.

ALFALFA IN THE HOG RATION

Nothing of More Importance Than Feeding at Least Cost—Excellent for All Live Stock.

While the hog is a debt payer, it is necessary for the breeder, farmer or feeder to manage so as to make the greatest amount of money at the least cost in the quickest time, says the American Swineherd. To do this there is nothing of more importance than feeding alfalfa. The Illinois Farmer's institute states that alfalfa is the most important single product of the soil, a product that has been neglected to the detriment of every community.

Alfalfa as a storage plant for general use has no equal. It is easily grown, it is hardy under trying circumstances, and while it is an excellent food for all kinds of stock, and especially the hog, it at the same time through natural process improves the soil by drawing from the atmosphere nitrogen. Alfalfa is a gold mine which can be worked most successfully by the use of swine feeding.

Hog Tonic.

If hogs are to be kept in good physical condition they should have access to a supply of charcoal, ashes and salt whenever they feel a craving for them. If a little sulphur is mixed with the ashes and salt it will prove beneficial.

Breeding Stock.

Breeding stock should never be saved, as their offspring are always restless and chasing about the pasture, because a quiet disposition is no small factor in the production of cheap pork.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Be careful about feeding the horse new oats at first.

The sow should be fed but little immediately after farrowing.

Raise hogs, but remember you must raise forage crops for them.

The most practical time for weaning a colt is when about five months old.

The only remedy for the cattle shortage is for the country to go back to cattle breeding.

The box stall is a better place for horses that require rest on account of lameness than a grass field.

The cheapest method of producing meat of any sort in almost every case is by keeping the animals on pasture.

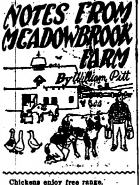
The man who has a good bunch of cows or stock cattle properly located these days has no cause to worry.

To avoid worrying the colt, tie with in sight of dam and give some grain. Be sure that the colt has plenty of exercise.

Plans are essential to success in feeding stock of all kinds. Mix some brains with your feed and get results.

Provide warm quarters for the litter of fall pigs. Don't let the youngsters get a backset. Keep them growing.

If you are about to buy a horse, don't judge the horse by the opinion the owner has of him—it may not agree with yours after you become the owner.



Chickens enjoy free range.

Keep all sleeping places dry.

Mulch the rhubarb with manure.

Clipping horses' legs is not a good practice.

As distributors of fertility on the farm, sheep have no equal.

The wolf is a noted enemy to sheep; so is the "tired" shepherd.

It is time now to prepare the ewes for the next mating season.

Give your boy a flock of lambs and make a business man of him.

Sheep prefer short fresh grass to that which is tall and coarse.

Indiscriminate crossing leads to failure; make a line and hew to it.

Salt the weeds in the sheep pasture and watch the sheep clean them up.

It is bad policy to wean young pigs suddenly and put them on cows' skim milk.

Sheep ought to be kept because of the influence which they exert upon fertility.

Try to arrange to give each horse on the farm a three weks' vacation on grass.

The time spent in company of the sheep will pay and success will crown your labors.

If winter dairying is to be the most profitable it must be planned for definitely in advance.

The young pig wants to be got out into the sunshine and on to the dirt as early in life as possible.

Sheep at six years of age lose their teeth; hence they should be fattened and sold before this period.

Feed your rams generously but not too well. An overfed pampered ram is of no earthly use anywhere.

Have you considered how impossible it is for the half starved ewe to properly nourish her offspring?

This is a good time to put a square of tar paper in the bottom of each nest box for the benefit of lice.

Do not neglect to provide clean water for the poultry. Dirty water is dirty at any season of the year.

If the strawberries have been picked two seasons, spade up the beds and sow the land for some late-planted crop.

Know whether a plant requires a situation dry or moist, hot or cool, sunny or shady to know where to put that plant.

The lady-bugs or lady-birds are small turtle-shaped beetles which feed upon plant life in both the larval and adult stages.

Some plants cannot be thoroughly weeded with the hoe. In these cases every weed should be carefully plucked by hand.

Plant a cover crop in the orchard. Rye, barley, wheat and oats are good non-leguminous plants, but the legumes are better.

The farmers and fruit growers of this country are losing over one billion dollars annually by reason of the ravages of insects.

A dense fleece is valuable not alone for the increase in quantity of wool, but for the protection that it affords the animal from the elements.

If lice and mites fail to pay enough attention to other treatments, try burning them out with a torch. But don't burn down the house in order to get the vermin.

As a rule, it will not pay to hold the pig crop for prices to rise, unless they are being held. While a few feeders win out in playing the market game, many more lose.

Corn and alfalfa usually can be attended to when the wheat needs no care, thus distributing the labor more equitably throughout the season.

Mushrooms, on account of the amount of nitrogen they contain, approach nearer to animal food than any other vegetable product. An analysis made by Prof. Attwood shows that mushrooms contain 3.5 per cent. proteids.

Anything that will destroy weeds is worthy of the farmer's attention; anything that will maintain the fertility of the land demands his attention. Sheep will do both, and are therefore entitled to the attention of every farmer.

It has been demonstrated to be an almost universal fact that topping cotton does not do the work it is intended—to check the growth of the leafy upper portion of the plant. Instead, in most cases, it has a tendency to cause the renewal of this growth and in the very place where it will do the most harm by shading the bolls in the middle of the stalk.

Turkeys relish green feed.

Dig holes for trees in the fall.

Vetches make good sheep fodder.

The scrub purebred is the greatest failure.

Cattle scarcity is still with us and will remain for the next two years.

A piece of alum in the drinking water will prevent throat and lung diseases.

Your horse may intend to please you, but does not understand your wishes.

Get on friendly terms with those little pigs. Study them. Kindness counts.

Own sheep for the good of your bank account and for the destruction of weeds.

Corn and alfalfa make a combination that cannot be equaled on the dairy farm.

Whenever hogs are confined to one feeding place a feeding floor should be provided.

A lump of sugar or a bite of apple will do more in the training of a colt than a whip.

Farming on a business basis eliminates small mules just as it displaces small horses.

A lamb that is large and strong will stand weaning better, and also winter better.

Many practical hog raisers are now using artificial wallows, built of either cement or lumber.

A good plan, followed by many poultrymen, is to mark the early moulters for breeding stock.

For aphis on sweet peas, use insect powder or tobacco dust, applying with a small bellows.

Five or six pounds of corn are usually required to produce a pound of pork in dry-lot feeding.

If pigs are well fed they will usually wean themselves at the proper time, without any trouble.

The key to the bee business is bee forage and the best bee forage known at present is sweet clover.

If a man cannot feed hogs as well as they should be fed, he ought to sell them to a man that will.

Sheep are a persistent agency of improvement to the soil of the farms on which they are kept.

The levelness with which a horse walks is one of the best evidences that his legs work in harmony.

To thoroughly clean milk utensils they first should be rinsed with cold water to remove all particles of milk

Gather up the dead branches and burn them, as they are apt to harbor bark beetles, one of the worst orchard pests.

Move the colony houses and brood coops on fresh ground every day or two, and the chicks will grow faster.

A chicken takes naturally to having feed handed it, but the turkey is almost self-supporting until cold weather.

Turkeys always find a ready sale and are almost clear profit. There is always a demand. The market is never glutted.

The little chicks do best on corn bread made of sour milk, soda and cracked corn. They should be fed on something clean.

The eggs from the matured hen will hatch better and produce stronger chicks than the eggs of pullets. They are usually larger, too.

Unlike other poultry, the turkey never has been thoroughly domesticated, but has remained practically a wild bird in its requirements.

The meat of yarded poultry is always more tender than that of fowls having free range, due to the extreme muscular development of the latter.

Never let young chickens perch until their breast bone can endure the strain, as a crooked breast bone decreases a fowl's market value, as well as breeding value.

A yield of 12 tons of silage may easily be obtained from one acre of corn. Allowing 30 pounds of silage as a daily ration, one acre of corn will furnish four cows with silage for 200 days.

New England dairymen find it profitable to feed grain to dairy cows even when they are on June pasture. Cannot we afford some corn fodder for our western cows now that pastures are drying up.

Chickens should have good, sweet feed to make good eggs, the same as a cow should have sweet grains to make good sweet milk. How quick a dairyman moves his cows when he finds garlic in his pasture.

Breeding poultry may serve a good purpose in the pot, but they should not be permitted to propagate their kind. Scrub hens should be mated to pure bred males so that the breeding has an upward rather than a downward tendency.

The cow that sucks herself is in almost every case a good milker. If you have one of this kind, try this before you sell her: Ring her as you would a bull and in this ring hang another, forming two links of a chain. It stops the sucking in most of the cases.

HIS MIND UP IN THE CLOUDS

Professor Imagined Appeal Was From Fido, and the Situation Became Embarrassing.

A great lover of animals, Professor Dryasdust was much given to having his pet dog sitting beside him at meal times eating tidbits from his own little plate.

The other evening he was at a dinner party, and his partner was a very great lady, who was proud of her title.

But the professor paid absolutely no attention to her. His mind had switched off on to some abstruse point and he was lost to the world over the problem.

The duchess did not approve of this, and presently, to attract his attention, she pulled him gently by the sleeve.

Then the professor woke up. Grabbing a half-picked chicken bone from his plate, he thrust it under her startled nose.

"Don't bother just now, Fido!" he said curtly. "Here, take this and go and eat it on the mat, like a good doggie!"

JUDGE CURED, HEART TROUBLE.

I took about 6 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills for Heart Trouble from which I had suffered for 5 years. I had dizzy spells, my eyes puffed, my breath was short and I had chills and backache. I took the pills about a year ago and have had no return of the palpitations. Am now 63 years old, able to do lots of manual labor, am well and hearty and weigh about 200 pounds. I feel very grateful that I found Dodds Kidney Pills and you may publish this letter if you wish. I am serving my third term as Probate Judge of Gray Co. Yours truly,

PHILIP MILLER, Cimarron, Kan.

Judge Miller.

Correspond with Judge Miller about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

EXCEPTIONAL LUCK.

"Did Gadderly have much luck on his fishing trip?"

"Remarkable luck! Why, everyone believed the tales that he told!"

HANDS ITCHED AND BURNED

Abbotsford, Wis.—"My son had eczema on his hands for about one year. The eczema started with a rash. His hands were sore so he could not close them, and when he wet his hands they hurt him so he could hardly wash. His hands itched and burned just terrible and if he would scratch them, they would break out into sores. He could not get any rest or sleep, and his hands looked quite bad.

"We had medicine and salve and it kept getting worse all the time. I got some Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after washing his hands with the Cuticura Soap and putting some of the Cuticura Ointment on two times a day and tying cloths on them for about six months they got well and have not broken out since. Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured him entirely." (Signed) Mrs. Lawrence Kiehl, Feb. 13, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Of Course.

"Her husband is a self-made man."

"She's sure to insist on alterations."—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

The straight and narrow path doesn't look good to the rounder.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH

By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

While thou livest, keep a good tongue in thy head.—Shakespeare.

WOMAN SICK TWELVE YEARS

Wants Other Women to Know How She Was Finally Restored to Health.

Louisiana, Mo.:—"I think a woman naturally dislikes to make her troubles known to the public, but complete restoration to health means so much to me that I cannot keep from telling mine for the sake of other suffering women.

"I had been sick about twelve years, and had eleven doctors. I had dragging down pains, pains at monthly periods, bilious spells, and was getting worse all the time. I would hardly get over one spell when I would be sick again. No tongue can tell what I suffered from cramps, and at times I could hardly walk. The doctors said I might die at one of those times, but I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got better right away. Your valuable medicine is worth more than mountains of gold to suffering women."—Mrs. BERTHA MUFF, 503 N. 4th Street, Louisiana, Mo.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER

THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Free Homesteads
In the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of Free Homesteads left, which to the man making entry in 3 years time will be worth from $20 to $25 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.

EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES
In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of railway. Railway Rates are regulated by Government Commission.

Social Conditions
The American Settler is at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the condition of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, rates, etc., to

R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
Canadian Government Agent, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Good School

LARGE ATTENDANCE, LOWEST RATES

Thorough Work. Practical Courses. Accredited. Courses: Preparatory, Commercial, Shorthand, Stenotypy, Teachers, High School, Scientific, Music, Penmanship, Agriculture, Steam and Gas Engineering. Regular tuition, $1.00 per week; board, $2.25. Free Tuition to one student from each postoffice. Write for catalog. Address SOUTHERN MINNESOTA NORMAL COLLEGE, BOX 830, AUSTIN, MINNESOTA

EARN $25 TO $100 A WK

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS and Salesmen Wanted. We have the largest automobile training school in the Northwest. Let us help you to become proficient in this line of business. Write for Catalog A. Northwestern Automobile Training School Company, 150 West 6th Street, St. Paul, Minnesota

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c and $1.00 at Druggists.

KODAKS AND FINISHING

Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTO PARLORS, 629 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES TIRED EYES

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 43-1912.

W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W.L.Douglas makes and sells more $3.00,$3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

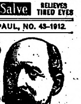
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W.L.Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W.L.Douglas, Brockton, Mass.



AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Trains young men and women for high class business positions

Bookkeeping, Actual Business [illegible]

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

RICH ORE YIELDS.

Iron Drift 200 Feet Wide Encountered on Cuyuna Range.

Brainerd.—The event of the week in Cuyuna iron range circles was the rich strike made at the Kennedy mine of the Rogers, Brown Ore company at Cuyuna, when a drift 200 feet wide was uncovered in the west eighty, showing up a fine quality of ore. It is estimated there are two million tons of ore in the body, much of it assaying 62 per cent. This insures a full force at the mine through the winter.

A. J. [illegible] of Duluth has a drill on the [illegible] in the west half of the southeast quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter of section 22, township 47, range 29. William C. Hunt has filed a release of option to Sylvia J. Cook, the land being in the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 25, township 53, range 32.

[illegible] W. Pott and associates have placed a drill on the Earl Archibald forty in section 3, township 47, range 28, adjoining the Joseph Rudger forty on which the Hewitt Exploration company has an option and is drilling. The same company is reported to have bought the Sauls eighty at Bay lake on which it has been operating a drill for three months. The options were issued by F. L. Pott and by him assigned to the various drilling companies.

The [illegible] Mining company, which has Minneapolis directors and stockholders, has released options to lands in sections 1, 27, 21, 11, 4, 17 and 19, township [illegible], range 29.

Many residents of Brainerd will attend the Cuyuna Mille Lacs company excursion to the mine on Sunday and enjoy their first ride on the Cuyuna Northern railway, an extension of the Northern Pacific from Deerwood to the Cuyuna Mille Lacs company mine. A fish feed and a bear barbecue will be one of the features. A section of the Third regiment band of Duluth will furnish music.

The first ore of the south range was hoisted this week by the Barrows mine of the Virginia Mining company at Barrows, six miles south of Brainerd. It is of good quality and comes from shaft No. 2, where traces of copper were found. The manganese finds made at the Cuyuna Mille Lacs & Iron Mountain Mining company mines continue to attract the attention of mining men and ore merchants.

CHEMIST UNCONSCIOUS.

Federal Expert Probably Robbers' Victim.

St. Paul.—Dr. George C. Goode, who is a supervising chemist of the marine hospital service, Washington, D. C., was found unconscious at Ninth and Rosabel streets and remained for hours in a comatose condition. The police are inclined to believe that Dr. Goode had been waylaid and robbed, as a leather case in which he carried valuable papers belonging to the United States government, was missing. No trace of it has been found. They also point to the fact that no money or watch was found on his person at the time he was found in the street, which would hardly be likely for a man of Dr. Goode's prominence.

The locality in which he was found is in the one part of the city, outside the residence district, and the police are at a loss to understand how he came to be there unaccompanied. Many theories have been advanced as to how he came to be in this part of the city, but none seems plausible to the police except that he was possibly lured there for the purpose of robbery.

FRAUD IS ALLEGED.

Kimball, Minn., Man Arrested by Postoffice Inspector.

Minneapolis.—David Stanley, of Kimball, Minnesota, was arrested in Minneapolis by Postoffice Inspector Hughes on a charge of using the mails to defraud.

Stanley is the inventor of a coupling device and submitted a sample of his appliance to Secretary Cooley of the safety appliance department of the interstate commerce commission, asking for an indorsement. Mr. Cooley reported that the device was no better than others in use.

It is charged that Stanley used the letter head obtained from the commissioner and forged an indorsement, taking this way of securing several thousand dollars from capitalists, whom he succeeded in interesting in a plan to put the appliance on the market.

Anniversary for St. John's.

Winona.—St. John's Catholic church of this city will on Oct. 27 celebrate the silver or 25th anniversary of its organization. Rt. Rev. P. R. Heffron, D.D., will take a prominent part in the celebration and the Very Rev. Procopius Neuzil, O. S. B., of Chicago, will also be in attendance. At the morning mass, confirmation will be administered to a class of 20 by Bishop Heffron. A fine new pipe organ will be dedicated. In the evening the school children and choir will present a musical program.

Mad Cat Bites Children.

Minneapolis. — Walter Rabradka, aged four years, and Irene Waknits, aged three years, were attacked and severely bitten by a mad cat. Andrew Jordan came near being the cat's third victim, but finally succeeded in killing the animal.

$3,000,000 Baptist Fund.

Minneapolis. — The Baptist state workers who met at the First Baptist church unanimously approved the plan to raise $3,000,000 annually for home and foreign missionary work.

LINE ON COFFEE.

Says Three-fourths of Pupils at Mankato Drink Too Much.

Mankato.—Dr. Ernest B. Hoag of the state board of health, who has been taking a health survey of the public school pupils of this city, reports that three-fourths of the pupils drink coffee, many of the children drinking several cups a day. He advises the elimination of coffee from the children's diet, but said a little would probably not be injurious to a normal child.

Dr. Hoag found that from one to four children in each room go to school without breakfast, because they do not care for anything to eat. The three principal articles of diet of the meal were found to be coffee, bread and butter and cake. The percentage of children who have fruit of any kind is very small. Dr. Hoag considers fruit a much needed food at the morning meal.

Dr. Hoag suggested that proper breakfasts, hours for sleeping, etc., be taught to the pupils in their hygiene lessons, feeling that when the children take up the cause the parents will be easily persuaded.

WOMEN IN CAMPAIGN.

Itasca County to Be Thoroughly Organized for Equal Suffrage.

Grand Rapids.—The Grand Rapids Political Equality club is instituting a campaign which has for its end the thorough organization of every district to further the "votes for women" movement. The permanent organization committee comprises Mrs. M. C. Eble, Mrs. A. J. McGuire, Mrs. T. J. Peach, Mrs. Katherine Doran, Miss May Stanley, Superintendent E. A. Freeman, L. M. Bolter and A. L. La Freniere. This committee will have charge of the county campaign.

It is expected to organize clubs in all the villages of the county and also in all rural communities where the question is arousing interest. Literature is being issued from headquarters here.

The club is said to be the first in the state to undertake the work of thoroughly organizing a county for the equal suffrage campaign.

BONDS FOR SCHOOL.

Six Districts in Anoka and One in Isanti Combine.

St. Francis.—The St. Francis consolidated school district has voted $25,000 bonds for school purposes. Only four votes were cast against the bonds. The amount voted, with the money already on hand will buy a suitable tract and put up a fine brick and stone building with every modern improvement.

Six districts in northern Anoka county and one in Isanti county were recently consolidated here, giving strong support for the establishment of an agricultural high school. At present the high school classes are being taken care of in the Methodist church, but the equipment, after this year, will include ample laboratory facilities, rooms for manual training and domestic science, and over five acres for agricultural purposes.

Anoka bankers have rented a building here in which they will open a bank in a few days. It is also expected the new railroad from Minneapolis to Duluth will go through here. There is large waterpower here, only a small fraction of which is in use, so there is a safe foundation on which to build a good town.

Ortmanns Start Lawsuit.

Duluth. — At least half a million dollars is declared to have slipped through the hands of Marie A Selma Ortmann, widow of the late Chas. L. Ortman, a Detroit, Mich., millionaire, whose death occurred 14 years ago, according to claims made by her and Waldemar Ortmann, a son, in a lawsuit brought in district court. The widow and son are suing James Swan, a Detroit attorney, the Mosswa Mining company, in which he is interested, for the title to 640 acres of mineral land on the Mesaba iron range.

Albert Lea Office Robbed.

Albert Lea.—The third of a series of burglaries here the past week was discovered at the Smith, Wright & Sons office on North Broadway. Entrance was gained by breaking a window at the rear of the building. The cash drawer was broken into and $20 taken.

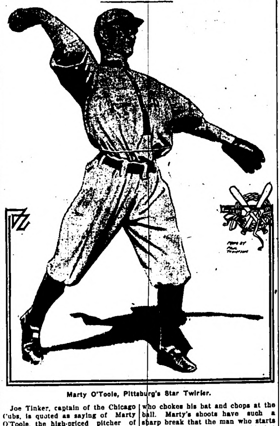
Waseca.—The Minneapolis & St. Louis road has awarded the contract for a new passenger depot to Matson Brothers of Minneapolis.

Runaway Lad in Aitkin Jail.

Aitkin, Minn. — A twelve-year-old boy, giving his name as Harold Girard, and his home as Chicago, was brought to Aitkin by a train crew who discovered the boy at Klondike, Minn., where he had spent the night on top of the water tank and was suffering from cold and exposure. The boy claims to have run away to try to locate an uncle whom he supposed lived at Klondike. The lad is now in the county jail, awaiting the arrival of his father from Chicago.

Minneapolis.—An unusually frisky breeze whisking around the corner of the Chamber of Commerce building caused a $115,000 rain. If the $115,000 had been generally negotiable, several persons could have been much richer than they are now. But the money was in checks, all indorsed, and payable to the Minnesota Grain company, 66 Chamber of Commerce building. The grain company stands to lose nothing, and finders of the checks will be no richer. The vagrant breeze caught the checks, folded loosely in a bankbook.

PIRATE PITCHER IS WELL THOUGHT OF



Marty O'Toole, Pittsburg's Star Twirler.

Joe Tinker, captain of the Chicago Cubs, is quoted as saying of Marty O'Toole, the high-priced pitcher of the Pittsburg Pirates: "O'Toole is the best pitcher I have seen in years. He will certainly make good. I believe that free swingers, like Schulte, Mitchell and others of that class, will have unlimited trouble in making base hits off his delivery. The only man who looks to me to have a chance to hit him safely is the one who chokes his bat and chops at the ball. Marty's shoots have such a sharp break that the man who starts a free swing is likely to find his bat going inches under or over the ball as it crosses the plate. O'Toole throws his spitball with the same motion he uses for his straight pitch, and there is no way of telling what he is handing you. He makes the bluff of spitting on the ball every time, and this also fools the batter."

LAVENDER PROVES BIG STAR

Pitcher Is Shunted From One Club to Another Without Trial Finally Shows His Worth.

It is doubtful that any player now operating in the big leagues regards the national commission with more affection than Jimmy Lavender, pitcher extraordinary of the Chicago Cubs. Charley Murphy, owner of the Cubs, picked up Lavender in his draft dragnet last fall, but the recruit's name conflicted with one of Charley's vests, so he tried to shunt Jimmy to Montreal without giving him a trial. President Navin of the Detroit Tigers, who owns the Providence Grays, for which team Lavender performed last year, thought Charley was putting something over on him, and appealed to the national commission. That body decided Murphy either would have to return Lavender to Providence or keep the pitcher for a year. Murphy could not see Navin get the best of him, so he kept Lavender. And now, behold! Lavender is one of the greatest twirlers in the National league. Jimmy hails from Montezuma county, Georgia, which county threatens to make Royston and Alpharetta of the Cracker state hustle for their honors. Royston gave Ty Cobb to Detroit, and Alpharetta gave Nap Rucker to Brooklyn. Jimmy fooled around the minor leagues for a few years, when he was picked up by one of Connie Mack's scouts. The astute Cornelius took Jimmy on a training trip and then passed him over to Hartford of the Connecticut league. Jimmy tarried in Nutmeg league circles for a year, when he was graduated to the Providence tailenders of the International league. He was with the Grays for two years, when the Cubs procured him. Lavender is the guy who put the "mar" in Marquard's record and made it lively for the Giants all season.

Gossip Among Sports

Evidently Cornell is not much better prepared for shocks than last year.

Harry McCormick batted around .350 as a pinch hitter for the Giants this year.

Klawitter, former Giant pitcher drafted by Detroit, wants to quit pitching and be a shortstop.

Aside from being an automobile racer, what would be your favorite method of departing this life?

Times were hard for the minor leaguers drafted this fall. A large number of them were turned back in short order.

Too many Beau Brummels and not enough rough and readys on the squad is said to be the trouble with the Yale football team.

At first glance the baseball fan looks more rabid than the football rooter, but closer examination reveals this is a mistake.

Fans are strange beings. They would rather sit in a wood stand to see a good team than in chairs of gold to see losers.

Hugh Jennings must be peeved because he didn't land Doc Johnston when he had a chance to get the first baseman for $2,500.

If Clark Griffith would have his spring training in St. Louis, the Washington weather would feel like a summer resort to the players when they got back home.

FAMOUS ATHLETE TO RETIRE

Ralph Craig, Wonderful Runner, Who Captured Sprints at Stockholm, Quits the Game.

Athletics is to lose one of its brightest stars. Ralp Craig, the fleet-footed American boy who carried the stars and stripes to victory in the Olympic games at Stockholm, Sweden, will not be seen on the cinder path any more. Craig's folks are opposed to the young man following an athletic career and did not want him to contest at Stockholm. But patriotic pride impelled the great runner to go along with the other Americans and it was well for this country that he did. He won glory enough at the Olympic games to last a lifetime. Craig ran two grand races—the 100 and 200 meter events—and easily beat out the fastest sprinters in the world. Craig is a member of the Detroit Y. M. C. A, where his wonderful ability as a runner first attracted the attention of the athletic world.

Ralph Craig.

Hawley Is Pessimistic.

Coach Jesse B. Hawley, ex-Dartmouth star, and coach at Iowa university, is very pessimistic over the football situation at Iowa City. The state school hasn't turned out a strong eleven since 1899, when Clyde Williams played quarter. During that fall, and the two previous years, the Hawkeyes cleaned the Maroons, crushed Michigan, and didn't have their goal crossed during all three seasons.

Comiskey's Splendid Record.

President Comiskey, of the Chicago Americans, considers himself fortunate in having so many recruits blossoming forth into stars this season. Rath and Weaver shine in their infield positions, and Kuhn and Schalk have proved to be first-class catchers. The pitchers, however, have been a big disappointment. Delhi, Peters and Jordon all have failed to improve under persistent coaching.

Records Are Misleading.

You can't tell a pitcher by his record. Johnson would get the majority of votes in a contest against Wood, yet Wood beat him. McGraw thinks Nap Rucker is a world beater, yet he fell before Tesreau.

VARIETIES OF SALAD

MADE FROM VEGETABLES ALWAYS IN SEASON.

For Those Fond of Shrimps, Here Is a Delicious Recipe—So-Called Pilgrim Salad—Green Peppers, Grapefruit and Celery.

Preparing a Shrimp Salad.—Cut the contents of one can of shrimps into small pieces, add two cupfuls of celery and one cucumber cut into dice. Mix thoroughly with a boiled mayonnaise dressing. If cucumbers are not to be had substitute more celery, and garnish with slices of hard-boiled eggs and use plenty of dressing.

Pilgrim Salad.—Peel and cut tomatoes in half-inch slices, stamp out rounds from the center of each and insert four or five cooked asparagus tips. Lay them on crisp lettuce leaves. Cut the centers of the tomatoes into cubes and put these with several olives on one side of each plate. Put half a cupful of olive oil into a pitcher, the strained juice of half a lemon, the strained juice of half an orange, one teaspoonful of grated onion pulp, a quarter of a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter of a teaspoonful of paprika, one teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce, a quarter of a teaspoonful of mustard, and one teaspoonful of finely chopped parsley. Shake until thick and creamy and pour over the portions of salad.

Making Florida Salad.—Cut slices from the stem ends of green peppers and remove the seeds. Refill with grapefruit peeled and cut into cubes, add the tenderest stalks of celery cut into small pieces and finely chopped nut meats, allowing twice as much grapefruit as celery and one-third as many nut meats as grapefruit. Arrange in nests of endive and serve with mayonnaise dressing.

Kumquat Salad.—Peel a box of Kumquats, cut them in halves, add two peeled and chopped apples, and a can of chopped pears. Serve on crisp lettuce leaves with French dressing or mayonnaise dressing.

Stewed Chicken.

Required: A chicken or fowl weighing about four pounds, one onion chopped fine, one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, one tablespoonful of salt, one-half a teaspoonful of thyme, one-half a teaspoonful of ground ginger, one-quarter of a teaspoonful of mace and one-quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper.

Cut the chicken into pieces suitable for serving, wash it and put it in a saucepan. Cover it with water and set it on to boil. When boiling add the onion, parsley and the spices. Cook it slowly for three hours or until tender, and about one-half hour before serving thicken it with three tablespoonfuls of browned flour and enough liquor from the stew to mix the flour. Be careful not to have it lumpy. When well mixed pour it into the stew and let it simmer for a half hour. Garnish with rice and sprigs of parsley.

Mushroom and Bacon Pie.

Cut the mushrooms in small pieces and sprinkle with salt and pepper. Cut thin slices of nice bacon in small pieces, put them in the bottom of a rather shallow baking dish. On these put a layer of mushrooms and over these put a layer of finely mashed potatoes seasoned. Fill the dish, alternating in this way, but have the potatoes on top. Now scatter bits of butter over. Put cover on and bake half an hour in a moderate oven. When nearly done remove the cover and brown the top.

Potted Chicken.

A chicken is cut up as for fricassee and to each pound of meat allow two tablespoonfuls of flour, one-half teaspoonful of salt (very scant) and a dust of pepper. Mix thoroughly and roll each piece of the meat in the mixture. Pack closely in a large bean pot and cover with boiling water; bake for three hours and a half. Cover after 10 or 15 minutes, but not before it boils.

Boiled Cauliflower.

Let the cauliflower lie in ice cold salted water fo ran hour. Cook in slightly salted boiling water, and skim gell. Drain and serve with a sauce made from four level tablespoons of sifted flour and the same amount of butter stirred together, with two cups of milkk. Sook ten minutes and season with salt and pepper.

Creamy Chocolate.

One-half cup granulated sugar, one-half cup sifted flour, one-half teaspoon salt. Into saucepan put one-half cup of finely shaved chocolate, add one quart of boiling water and stir till dissolved. Add the flour, sugar and salt, and boil gently five minutes, stirring constantly. Then stir in one quart of boiling milk and serve at once.

Boiling Cracked Eggs.

An egg that is cracked can be boiled by enclosing it in a piece of soft paper. When the paper becomes wet it adheres to the egg, and prevents it from coming through the shell. This process should be successful in every case where the crack is of a moderate length.

Tomato-Oyster Soup.

Neutralize a part of the acidity of a cupful of hot tomato pulp with a small pinch of soda, then add a pint and one-half of scalded milk, a tablespoonful of butter and a pint of parboiled oysters. Season with celery salt and white pepper and serve hot with oyster crackers.

Breaded Tongue.

Slice the left-over tongue in one-fourth-inch slices, dip in crumbs beaten egg, crumbs again; put in a baking pan, dot over with butter, bake about 20 minutes in a hot oven. Use the left-over gravy with the red currant jelly melted in it for a sauce.

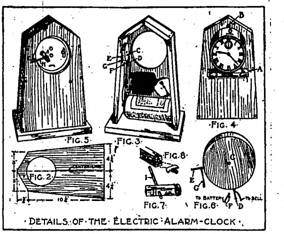
Preparing Cauliflower.

Always put a cauliflower in plain water, so as to draw out any insects if salt is placed in the water it kills the insects and they are left in the vegetable.

BOYS' HANDICRAFT

By A. NEELY HALL

Author of "Handicraft for Handy Boys" and "The Boy Craftsman"



·DETAILS·OF·THE·ELECTRIC·ALARM-CLOCK·

AN ELECTRIC ALARM CLOCK.

Here is the best kind of an alarm clock for the sound sleeping boy who has difficulty in awakening on time. It will not only arouse him, but will keep on ringing until he gets up and turns the lever that opens the electric circuit.

You will see by examining the details of this electric clock that it is very simple to make. Almost any kind of an alarm-clock that you own can be used, but for a clock designed similar to that in Fig. 1 it should be of the common round form shown in Fig. 4. If you own a clock of a different kind, you can change the design of the wooden case to suit it.

Fig. 2 shows the pattern for the front and back of the wooden case for the electric clock illustrated. In order to get the sides of these pieces alike, first draw a center-line as shown, then each side of this lay off the measurements given. Box boards about ⅜ inch thick will do for material. The opening for the clock should be cut through each piece before the pieces themselves are cut out, so as to leave as much margin around the hole as possible; this will lessen the danger of splitting the wood in cutting the hole. Bevel the face edge of the hole cut through the front piece (Fig. 1).

The wooden case must be deep enough to allow for a dry battery. This battery will govern the width of the side and top pieces; the lengths of the side and top pieces will of course be determined by the front and back pieces already cut. Fasten the side and top pieces to each other and to the front piece, using finishing-nails for the nailing; then cut the base piece of the proper size to make a projection of ⅜ inch outside of the case all around, and fasten the case to it. The neatness of your work will depend a great deal upon the accuracy with which the ends of the side and top pieces are cut, so be careful in preparing them.

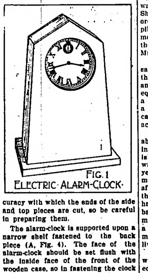


FIG. 1
ELECTRIC·ALARM-CLOCK·

The alarm-clock is supported upon a narrow shelf fastened to the back piece (A, Fig. 4). The face of the alarm-clock should be set flush with the inside face of the front of the wooden case, so in fastening the clock to shelf A, you must take this into consideration. If the clock is exactly as deep as the wooden clock-case, the ring at the top of the back of the clock can be screwed to the wooden back (B, Fig. 4); if smaller, it will have to be blocked out away from the back piece. The bottom of the clock is held to the shelf by wiring the legs to nails, as shown. The back board is screwed to the case so it can be removed easily when the bell or battery requires attention.

The battery should be placed in the bottom of the case, and the electric-bell should be screwed to the inside of the face, as shown in Fig. 3. Cut the wooden block C a trifle smaller in diameter than the inside depth of the case (Figs. 3 and 6), drive the nails D and E into the edge at right angles, as shown in Fig. 6, and screw the block through its center to the side of the case on a line with the center of the alarm-clock (Fig. 3). Drive nail F into the side of the case one-half inch below block C and in line with its center (Figs. 3 and 6), then connect this nail and one of the binding-posts of the battery with a piece of electric-bell wire, connect nail D with one of the binding-posts of the electric-bell, and connect the remaining binding-post of the battery with that of the bell.

Cut a small slot through the back board of the case for nail E. You will see that when nail E is pushed up, block C will turn, and that when nail D strikes nail F the electric circuit will be closed and the bell will ring. The rubber-band G (Figs. 3 and 6) is necessary to break the connection when the pressure on nail E is removed.

Now all that is required to complete the mechanism is a lever extending from the winding key of the alarm of your clock far enough over to strike nail E, so that when the clock alarm goes off it will push up nail E and make the connection between nails D and F. This lever (H, Fig. 5) may be a piece of brass rod, or a large wire nail. It must be fastened in a wooden post (I, Fig. 5), and the end of this post must be cut to fit over the alarm-key and be wired to it, as shown in Figs. 7 and 8. All clock keys do not turn in the same direction when unwinding. If the alarm key on your clock turns from right to left in unwinding, the lever will press nail E down instead of up; in this case the contact nails D and F must be so placed that the contact will be made when the nail E is pushed down. To shut off the alarm, it is of course only necessary to give the alarm key a half turn.

As it will take very little material to cover the woodwork, you will probably have enough stain or paint left over from some other work with which to finish it.

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WOMAN IS TREE CHOPPER

Does the Work of a Man in Lumber Camp in Backwoods of Maine.

D. Woodbury Bachelder of this city, engaged in the lumber business at Damariscotta, Me., has in his employ a most remarkable woman as regards strength and endurance. She is Mary Gregory, wife of Frank Gregory, says the Manchester correspondent of the Boston Globe.

She first entered the employ of Mr. Bachelder to provide meals for the fourteen men in the camp. This she was able to do and have half a day left in which to engage in the work of the men, and asked permission of Mr. Bachelder to take her place with the choppers.

Mr. Bachelder gave his consent and was astonished to see her perform. She wielded an ax and made a record one day of chopping, splitting and piling three cords of wood, a task that most men, hardened to the service of the woods, are incapable of equaling. Mr. Bachelder says:

"She is the strongest woman I ever saw. No sooner does she fell a tree than she is on top of it, limbing it out, and in every line of work she is the equal of the men in camp. She handles a cross-cut saw with all the skill of a man and not a laborer in the camp can surpass her in the amount of work accomplished."

She is thirty-five years old, weighs about 175 pounds, stands 5 feet 8 inches, and is as quick as a flash. She is fond of sport and expert as a wrestler. Mr. Bachelder says he has yet to see a man in camp who can match her at wrestling. She is not afraid to try conclusions with any of them. She has put every man who has been willing to wrestle her on his back, and yet is modest in speech and manner, the mother of seven children, a native of Nova Scotia, and prior to making her home in the Maine woods lived in Massachusetts.

Her husband works in the woods with her, but is far from being her equal in strength.

Follies of Court Procedure.

The prolixity of some lawyers and the length of some trials are indicated by the comment of Judge Hough on the testimony in the case of the Selden patent. "Reforms," he says, "sometimes begin with the contemplation of horrible examples, and it is therefore noted that the records in these cases . . . comprise 36 large octavo volumes. . . . There were counted over 100 printed pages recording squabbles (not unaccompanied with apparent personal rancor) concerning adjustments. All this," concludes the judge, "lumbers up the court record room, while clients pay for it."

Deadly.

"The most amusing story of an American in France that I ever heard," said a recently appointed attache to the French embassy, "is this."

"'A well-known French actor became involved in a discussion with an American, grew heated, drew his card from his pocket, threw it on the table with a tragic air, and stalked out.

"'The American regarded the card for some moments, then took out his fountain pen, wrote, "Admit bearer" above the engraved line, and went off to the theater.'"

Daffodil Vases Popular.

Mrs. Robert Goelet has taken a fancy to what are called daffodil vases. They are something new and odd. They are made of glass and are arranged in a row of six and twelve, all fastened together by silver or gold. The cases are slender and delicately carved, with long stems. They are arranged to hold just one flower each. It has proved quaint and effective to have just one flower in each vase.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1912. NUMBER, 17.

VICE PRESIDENT SUCCUMBS

Nation Mourns Death of "Sunny Jim" Sherman -All Flags at Half Mast.

LEADER IN REPUBLICAN PARTY PASSES AWAY AFTER A LONG ILLNESS—DEATH DUE TO BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

FAMILY WAS WITH HIM.

Taft, in Letter of Sympathy, Pays Tribute to His Running Mate—Funeral Arrangements—Senate Will Attend in Body.

Utica, N. Y., Nov. 1.—After a long illness, Vice President James Schoolcraft Sherman died at his home in this city of uremic poison caused by Bright's disease.

He had been sinking for hours and it was realized that death was a question of only a few hours.

There was a slight reaction shortly before the end, caused by apparent improvement of the kidneys, but it did not prove real or lasting and at best gave only temporary hope.

Members of Family Present.

All the members of the immediate family were witnesses to the final scene. In addition to Mrs. Sherman there were in the death chamber their three sons, Sherrill, Richard U. and Thomas N. Sherman and their respective wives; R. M. and Sanford Sherman, brothers of Mr. Sherman, and Mrs. L. B. Moore and Mrs. H. J. Cookinham, sisters of Mr. Sherman.

Soon after Mr. Sherman's death, Dr. Fayette H. Peck, the attending physician issued the following statement:

Physician Issues Statement.

"The vice president died without regaining consciousness for a moment. He was perfectly quiet. He died in the presence of his wife, her brother and sister, his two brothers and his three sons and their wives. He died in a uremic coma as a result of Bright's disease, heart disease and arterio-sclerosis."

Mrs. Sherman Bears Up Bravely.

Mrs. Sherman bore up bravely under the shock of her husband's death as also did the other members of the family. Although it was said at the house that the hopelessness of Mr. Sherman fight against death had been realized since Friday, the blow nevertheless was a crushing one.

The announcement of the vice president's death spread quickly through the city. Universal sorrow was expressed and immediate steps were taken for the proper recognition of the sorrowful event.

Mr. Sherman was regarded as the first citizen of the city and all differences growing out of politics died with him.

Bell Tolls Out Doleful News.

The mayor gave out a statement voicing the general grief and the big bell at city hall as well as many church bells tolled out the doleful news to the public.

Not only did the Republican organization take recognition of the event, but the Progressives cancelled all meetings immediately, until after the vice president's funeral.

The Democrats signified their intention of removing a Wilson and Marshall banner which had been flung across one of the city streets and of suspending all political activity until after the funeral.

The mayor ordered that the flags on all city buildings should be placed at half mast and suggested that a similar course be followed with all other flags in Utica.

Prominent in Politics.

Washington. — The twenty-seventh vice-president of the United States and the only one re-nominated was christened James Schoolcraft Sherman. But in nearly a quarter of a century of public life, "Jim" Sherman he was to his intimates, and probably half the nation referred to him as "Sunny Jim," a sobriquet he earned by a never failing, all year round sunny disposition.

Sherman belonged to the school of Republicanism nowadays popularly called "regular" and he fought his political battles without compromise or flinching. The events he helped to shape are so comparatively recent that history cannot assign him to his proper place until it also records the work of his contemporaries.

Elected Representative in 1887.

To the house of representatives of the fiftieth congress he came in the winter of 1887, just passed his thirty-second birthday, with the energy and optimism of youth, college bred from the halls of Hamilton, which has given to public life many other statesmen and public figures, none without some mark of distinction. He had been elected mayor of Utica two years before. Like many others who came to lead in the national legislature he brought with him an education in law. He was well born and well bred. His father, Richard Sherman, was an editor and public figure in New York state.

Nominated Vice President.

Two sessions of congress found Sherman defeated and out of office, but not for long. Henry W. Bentley of Booneville, Oneida county, beat him by less than a thousand votes in the race for the fifty-second congress. In the interim Sherman went back to Utica, built up his law practice and returned to the fifty-third congress with a signal victory. He remained in the house without defeat to the sixtieth congress when he was nominated and elected vice president on the ticket with Mr. Taft.

Sherman's Work in House.

Any review of Sherman's life would not be complete without a reference to his work in the house. Briefly, there is recorded no time when he moved galleries to applause by an address from the floor or changed any votes by eloquence, but the statutes bear marks of his work in committees and caucus, and the results of his labors on the rules committee, the interstate commerce committee and other branches of the machinery of the house where the real legislating is done, while speeches prevail upon the floor.

In New York state politics Sherman was a leading figure. He always was active in state convention and a figure at all national gatherings of the party.

Sherman went to preside over the senate just about at a time when what popularly is known as "senatorial dignity" was beginning to feel its first break. In the chair, Sherman was dignity itself, fair in his rulings, his colleagues said, quiet, firm, sure and seldom reversed an appeal.

Roosevelt Sends Message.

New York.—Just after he left the Madison Square Garden meeting Colonel Roosevelt was informed of the death of Vice President Sherman. The colonel immediately sent a telegram.

WASHINGTON MOURNS.

Every Attache the Vice President's Friend.

Washington, Nov. 1.—News of Vice President Sherman's death, though it had been expected hourly, was received with profound sorrow in official Washington.

At the capitol, where every attache considered him a friend, in the government headquarters where he was a frequent visitor, among the cabinet officers and in the diplomatic corps, where he had many close friends, the announcement caused genuine regret.

President Taft issued a proclamation directing that for 30 days all the United States embassies and legations abroad shall observe mourning. The flags over the White House, the dome of the capitol and the public buildings in Washington have been half masted.

From the navy and war departments orders were flashed to all army posts, ships at sea, navy yards and insular possessions to put flags at half mast on the day of the funeral.

Governor Wilson Shocked.

Princeton, N. J.—When Governor Woodrow Wilson reached his home here from Burlington, where he spoke he learned of the death of Vice President Sherman. The governor said he was shocked at the news and expressed deep sorrow.

Suspects Still at Large.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—Charles D. Conway, high diver, circus clown and acrobat, and his wife, Beatrict Ryall, a burlesque actress, wanted by the Chicago police in connection with the murder of Sophia G. Singer, has not been found after a search that extended throughout the entire country. Reports that the two had been seen in Rochester, Ind., caused extra activity among the police of that state. The body of Miss Singer will be taken to Baltimore, her former home, where her family is prominent.

Sixty Women, Violators.

Sydney, N. S. W., Nov. 1.—For going about the city with their hat pins protruding, sixty women, most of them prominent in society, were tried, convicted and fined in one Sydney court. The women went to jail rather than pay their fines, declaring they would not submit to "iniquitous and unnecessary legislation." The city authorities face a situation similar to that growing out of the very recent suffrage demonstrations which have been so frequent in England.

MISS BLANCHE SCOTT

Since the death of Miss Harriet Quimby, Miss Scott is the only professional woman aeroplanist in the United States.

BECKER PLACED IN SING SING

EXECUTION WILL BE STAYED BY FILING OF AN APPEAL.

Former Police Official Was Convicted of Instigating Plot to Murder Rosenthal.

Ossining, N. Y., Oct. 31.—Former Police Lieutenant Charles Becker is in the "death house" at Sing Sing prison, under sentence to die in the electric chair during the week of Dec. 9. He was convicted of instigating the plot to murder the gambler, Herman Rosenthal.

Becker was brought here from New York immediately after sentence was pronounced upon him by Justice Goff, in the court room where he was found guilty six days ago.

Becker's execution will be stayed, however, by the filing in the interim of a notice of appeal from the verdict. In this lies Becker's only hope of escape of death. His last words before the gates of the prison were shut behind him, were:

"I come here an innocent man. I never had a chance. I was 'railroaded.' But the fight has only begun. I expected a reversal of the verdict, and a new trial."

With stolid countenance and head erect, Becker withstood the ordeal of the walk to the prison.

A window of the warden's office framed a woman's tear stained face as Becker marched up the prison walk. It was the convicted man's wife, who had accompanied him from New York and had driven ahead of him from the railroad station. Becker waved his hand sadly and the woman threw a kiss.

An hour later, after the formality of taking the prisoner's pedigree had been disposed of, Becker was in his death cell in solitary confinement, attired in prison garb and entered as prisoner No. 62,499. Ten other condemned murderers occupy cells in the "death house" with him.

HOCKIN EXPOSED MANY.

Witness in Dynamite Trial Says Defendant Confessed.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 31.—Robert J. Foster, a detective, testified at the trial of the 45 accused "dynamite plotters" that Herbert S. Hockin, one of the defendants, made the following statement to him: "I am not going to be the only goat. When you take me, you'll take the whole bunch. I'll be satisfied if I get off with a few years, but I will not go on the stand. It would be worth my life for me to testify against the others."

Foster testified Hockin so spoke while the federal grand jury last winter was investigating alleged illegal transportation of dynamite on passenger trains and just before Hockin, who is secretary of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, turned over the keys of the unions' office here.

Doctrines of Socialism.

Minneapolis, Oct. 31.—Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for president, preached the doctrines of his party to more than 3,000 persons at the Auditorium. A large crowd that was unable to gain admittance to the Auditorium was addressed in the annex. Mr. Debs declared that there are in reality but two political parties, those representing the capitalist classes and the Socialist party, representing the working people. He drew no line between the Republicans, the Democrats and the Progressives.

Court Martial for Ordaz.

Vera Cruz, Oct. 31.—With the capture of Colonel Diaz Ordaz, the revolutionary spirit in the state of Vera Cruz is completely broken. Ordaz was taken by mounted police who were previously under his command. He will be tried by court martial within a few days. General Diaz is for the present lodged in the city hall.

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TURKS LOSE THE FIGHT IN THRACE

BULGARIANS REPEAT VICTORIES ACCORDING TO DISPATCHES FROM SOFIA.

LULEBURGAS CAPTURED.

Terrible Atrocities Laid to Ottoman Arms in Christian Villages, According to Reports.

London, Oct. 31.—The silence of Sofia concerning the great battle in Thrace has at last been broken by a brief dispatch announcing a Bulgarian victory and the capture of the town of Luleburgas.

This dispatch and equally laconic dispatches from the Turkish commander contain the only news yet available and still leave the situation rather obscure.

Two Battles Described.

The message from Sofia apparently refers to early events, while the dispatch of Nazim Pasha, the Turkish minister of war, describes two battles, one a sortie from Adrianople, in the direction of Maras, the other in the direction of Visa, from which it must be inferred that the engagements are extending over a long front.

A Sofia dispatch sent before the capture of Luleburgas was known throws a new light on the disposition of the Turkish forces. It is evident that earlier reports of the taking of this town were premature.

It appears that the Turk's first line of defense extended along the Erkene river with a second line from Demotica to Luleburgas.

Both Sides Claim Victory.

Both sides claim victory but there is no reason to doubt that the Turkish second line of defense has been broken. Up to the present the Bulgarian official dispatches have been more reliable than the Turkish.

Nazim Pasha claims victory in the Visa region.

Turkish Atrocities Reported.

Athens.—New and more terrible Turkish atrocities in twenty Christian villages in the Janina region are officially reported. The villages were destroyed, the inhabitants massacred, women and children being burned alive.

It is also officially reported that three-fourths of the Turkish wounded at the beginning of the fighting were Christians. Now only about one-fourth of the wounded are Christians, which is taken to mean that the Christians were placed in the forefront of the battle.

Blacque Bey Is a General.

St. Paul.—Word was received by St. Paul relatives from Constantinople of the appointment of Richard Edward Blacque Bey to a generalship in the Turkish army. Blacque Bey was married a year ago to Miss Josephine Kalman, prominent socially in St. Paul.

Blacque Bey at the time was secretary of the Turkish embassy at Berlin. He was later promoted to the position of counsellor at Vienna. He was actively associated in the rebellion in which the young Turks were victors.

The father of Blacque Bey was Turkish ambassador to Washington during President Grant's administration. His father was of Scotch and French descent.

The marriage of Miss Kalman to Blacque Bey was one of the most notable social affairs held in St. Paul in many years.

NEGRO CASE CONTINUED.

Federal Grand Jurors Will Take Up Inquiry of Pugilist.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Federal jury investigation into the relations of the negro pugilist, Jack Johnson, with white women and members of his own race, precipitated by the rescue from association with him of Lucile Cameron, a Minneapolis girl, by her mother, was put over until Nov. 7. No work will be done by the grand jurors in the interval, but agents of the department of justice it was announced would continue their search of evidence relating to Johnson's acts.

Mrs. Adah Banks Davis, the mulatto singer in Johnson's cafe, testified regarding occurrences there and is said to have told the inquisitors the facts about the report that she shot Johnson in the leg during a fit of jealousy. Her husband has in court, a suit for $25,000 against the pugilist, charging alienation of affections.

Services for Military Man.

Black River Falls, Wis., Oct. 31.—Memorial services were held here at the court house to honor the memory of the late Colonel C. C. Pope.

Insect Causes Heavy Cotton Loss.

Washington, Oct. 31. — The cotton bollweevil, the greatest pest of the South, has caused a loss of $125,000,000, represented by 2,550,000 bales of cotton, since the weevil first invaded this country, according to an estimate of the department of agriculture.

Sneed at Liberty on Bail.

Austin, Texas, Oct. 31.—J. Beal Sneed, slayer of Al Boyce, Jr., at Amarillo, Texas, has been granted bail by the court of criminal appeals under $20,000 bond.

6 NUNS DIE SAVING CHILDREN

ORPHANAGE DESTROYED BY FLAMES—TWO BABIES DEAD.

Eighty-Five Saved By Sisters' Heroic Work—Women Sacrifice Lives.

San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 31.—Sacrificing their lives to rescue the thirty-seven orphan children in their charge, six Sisters of Charity perished in a fire which destroyed St. John's orphanage. One babe fell to its death with Mary of the Cross, mother superior of the institution, who left her place of safety in a vain effort to save the child. Another orphan is missing and it is feared it did not escape.

Roused from their sleep, the nuns marshaled their charges, whose ages ranged from 2 to 13, to fire escapes, remaining at their posts until flames barred the way to safety. Two of the sisters, Marry Kostka Farrell and Monica Montez, were killed by jumping.

Three sisters escaped. Instructed to pilot the first column of frightened children out of danger, they gained the ground in time to escape the crash of falling walls.

The children owe their lives to the initial daring and self-sacrifice of the nuns. While attaches of the orphanage hospital hurried to the burning building and dashed through bursts of flame to help in the rescue work, yet many of the orphans would have been cremated in the dormitories if the nuns had not braved the first outburst of fire and piloted them to places of safe egress.

The death of the mother superior, Mary of the Cross, was the sequel to a demonstration of remarkable courage. She returned to the burning dormitory when she heard the cry of a child who had been overlooked in the hurry and excitement.

Crystal Globe in Court.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—A solid globe of crystal glass nearly a foot in diameter, into whose mysterious depths Mrs. Louisa Lindloff gazed and then announced, according to witnesses, the forthcoming death of members of her family, was introduced into evidence by the state in the trial of the woman on charges of poisoning her 15-year-old son, Arthur. No evidence previously produced was of as intense interest to the crowded courtroom as this flawless globe of glass with which the seeress professed to read the future.

Graft on U. S. Warships.

Washington, Oct. 31.—A system of graft in the commissary department of the navy, which may reach every ship in the Atlantic fleet, has been revealed by a secret investigation which Rear Admiral Osterhaus reported to the navy department, has resulted in the confession of G. T. Davis, chief commissary steward of the battleship Louisiana.

Two Drown During Storm.

Winnipeg, Man., Oct. 31.—Edgar Guy Lees, 18 years of age, living at the exhibition grounds, and Henry Keano, 25 years of age, were drowned during the storm that swept over this section.

DAILY MARKET REPORTS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Oct. 31.—Wheat, December, 86¾c; May, 92⅛c; No. 1 northern, 86@88½c; No. 2 northern, 85⅝c; No. 1 durum, 84¾c; No. 3 corn, 65c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, malting, 66c; No. 2 rye, 62½c; No. 1 flax, $1.48¾c.

Duluth, Oct. 31.—Wheat, December, 86⅝c; May, 91⅞c; No. 1 northern, 87⅝c; No. 1 durum, 88¼c.

South St. Paul, Oct. 31. — Cattle — Steers, $6.00; cows, $4.00@5.00; calves, $4.00@9.25; hogs, $7.25@7.55; sheep and lambs, $3.50@6.40.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Cattle — Receipts 17,000; market steady to shade lower; beeves, $5.30@11; Texas steers, $4.35@5.65; western steers, $5.50@9.25; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.50; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.25; calves, $6.50@10.50. Hogs—Receipts 22,000; market slow, 10c to 15c under yesterday's average; light, $7@7.75; mixed, $7.25@7.85; heavy, $7@7.85; rough, $7@7.20; pigs, $4.25@6.85; bulk of sales, $7.45@7.75. Sheep—Receipts 32,000; market steady; native, $2.40@4.50; western, $3.50@4.50; yearlings, $4.50@5.65; lambs, native, $5@7; western, $5.25@7.

There was another break in the hog market today, price dropped 10@15c. Buyers, however, were not so bearish after the recent heavy slump. Good steers held at steady prices. There was a strong tone in the mutton trade.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Accord between Russia and Austria concerning the Balkans forced the wheat market today to a lower level. Bearish temper was increased by the flattering crop outlook in Argentina. Prospects were also for continued liberal receipts northwest. Opening figures showed ⅛@⅜c to ⅝c decline. December started at 91⅛c to 91⅜c, a loss of ⅛ to ⅝c, and fell to 91⅛c, a loss of ⅜c to ⅝c, and fell to 91¼@91⅜c.

A further break occurred as a result of the world's available supply showing a big increase. The close was steady, with December 1@1⅛c net lower at 91@91⅛c.

Corn turned heavy on account of general commission selling. Support was poor, especially for October, which fell 3⅝c to 56½c on a few transactions. December opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c lower at 52⅛ to 52⅜c and sagged to 52@52⅛c.

The market suffered an additional setback owing to fine weather. The close was easy at 51⅞@52c for December, a net loss of ⅝c.

Big receipts weakened oats. December started unchanged to ⅛c off at 32c to 32⅛c and seemed disposed to keep within these limits.

6,000 Burned.

Belgrade, Oct. 31. — Six thousand Servian and Turkish corpses were piled in a heap, soaked in kerosine and burned by the Servian victors following the recent battle of Kumanova, acording to a message.

Consecrated Suffragan Bishop.

Faribault, Minn., Oct. 31.—Rev. Dr. Frank Arthur McElwain, dean of the Protestant Episcopal cathedral at Faribault, was consecrated suffragan bishop of Minnesota with solemn church ceremony here.

FOR THE BUSY MAN

NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON BE COMPASSED.

MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence Condensed Into Two and Four Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.

President Taft predicts victory for republican party next month.

Supporters of President Taft in California are plainly disfranchised.

Gov. Wilson, it is said, will make no more speeches during the campaign.

Governor Johnson accused Governor Wilson of hedging on the trust question.

Soon after the election, President Taft is contemplating a trip to the Panama canal.

Suit in behalf of Colonel Roosevelt has been started against a Michigan editor for alleged libel.

Governor Marshall twittet Governor Johnson on having such a bad electoral law in California.

Eugene V. Debs, socialist candidate for president, is on a speech-making tour throughout the country.

In a letter to John Wanamaker, President Taft argued against a change in administrative policies.

In the opinion of Senator Cummins the progressive party principles are merely advanced republican ideas.

Republicans filed an injunction against the secretary of state of Louisiana to prevent him placing progressive electors on the official ballot for the November election.

Representative Henry of Texas announces that in his informal statement of campaign expenses sent to Washington he had certified he did not spend a cent either in the primary or general election.

Governor Wilson and his advocates have misrepresented the attitude of the progressive party toward the trusts was charged by Governor Johnson of California in a speech in the auditorium at Harrisburg, Pa.

Secretary Hester in a statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows an increase for the week just closed of 319,117 bales against an increase of 32,460 bales last year and an increase of 257,319 bales year before last.

Charles Nagel secretary of commerce and labor, in an address at Canton, Ohio, defended President Taft's policies during his administration with a recounting of various progressive laws which were secured through his activity.

United States Senator La Follette, in a speech at La Crosse, Wis., declared that he would vote for neither Roosevelt, Taft nor Wilson. He compared the suppression of competition through the trusts, to a huge cancer, the removal of which requires great skill.

Making his last address in New Jersey during the present campaign, Governor Johnson sharply criticised Governor Wilson for his failure to do a little trust house cleaning by driving the Standard Oil, Tobacco company and thirty or forty other trusts, of which New Jersey is the mother, out of business.

Contributions to the presidential campaign fund of the democratic party this year totalled $678,364, according to the sworn statement of Treasurer Rolla C. Wells of St. Louis, filed with the chief clerk of the house of representatives. Expenditures aggregated $562,618.21, including $120,000 sent to headquarters at New York, and there are outstanding obligations of $55,149.

General.

Serious trouble is feared in Cuba in connection with the Cuban election.

The United States will adhere to its policy of non-intervention in Mexico.

Governor Johnson says Roosevelt made rich men his enemies by pleading the cause of the downtrodden.

The men who tried to run a ten million dollar cotton corner have a chance to escape government prosecution.

The London Times understands that both majority and minority reports of the divorce commission will recommend that the sexes be equal before the law in the matter of divorce.

The general election in Norway is going strongly against the government. Out of 123 seats the returns for ninety-five are complete. In the case of forty-seven of these the results are indecisive, requiring another election.

The steamship Asiatic Prince which arrived at New York Friday from Brazilian ports, reported the rescue of thirteen men from the burning steamship Fagundes Varella, off the Brazilian coast October 7. The ship caught fire from chemicals in its hold.

Enough letters will be on hand before the jury in the "dynamite conspiracy" trial to keep witnesses busy for a week identifying them.

The Kimmel claimant again was missing when the suit to recover from an insurance company of New York $20,000 on the life of George A. Kimmel was called in a St. Louis court.

Commissioner Dennett, of the general land office, ordered that 49,080 acres of unappropriated land, excluded from the Humboldt national forest in Nevada last June, be subject to homestead settlement on December 30.

Australian promoters of pugilism will have nothing to do with Jack Johnson.

The conviction of Charles Becker for murder in the first degree is a startling event in American criminal history.

Two military officers, followers of Diaz in Mexico, were shot by court martial order.

The first great battle in the Balkan states is expected to be fought at Adrianople.

Efforts to evangelize the Mohammedan inhabitants of Mindinas are said to be a failure.

Yeggemen blew open the safe in the Grump grocery store in Richland, Iowa, securing $176.

Bulgarians captured the important Turkish city of Kirk-Kilisseh after a three days' battle.

The United States has placed an order for navy shells abroad at a considerable saving.

Police Lieutenant Charles Becker was found guilty of murder in the first degree at New York.

Fire which swept a portion of the business district of Hanley, Sask., caused a loss of $100,000.

Rebels at Vera Cruz, Mexico, were led to believe the federal forces intended to join their standard.

Secretary of Agriculture James Wilson declared the tariff was the only issue in the present campaign.

George W. Perkins, as a witness before the senate committee, became vehement in his denial of charges.

Important witnesses wanted in the prosecution of the Jack Johnson-Lucile Cameron affair have disappeared.

Eight thousand dollars in pay checks were stolen from a messenger boy and partly cashed at Minneapolis.

A national marketing association for farmers was advocated by B. F. Yoakum at Dallas, Texas, in an address before the convention of Southwestern growers.

Miss Mildred Kelly, a young white woman, was shot in New York and probably fatally wounded by Charles E Lee, a negro, who was formerly her chauffeur. Lee then killed himself.

Women of republican headquarters in New York are exhibiting the protective tariff doll, in lace and finery, to show that the average woman can have such an outfit, in spite of tariffs, for $25.

Jack Johnson, pugilist, will not be allowed to appear on any vaudeville stage in Kansas City, if Mayor Jost can prevent it, because of his part in the alleged abduction of Lucile Cameron.

Attorney General Wickersham has asked the supreme court to decide which branch of the United States courts shall enforce the recent decree in favor of the government in the St. Louis terminal case.

One million tickets printed in preparation for a proposed "progressive tag day" in New York City, probably will be wasted because the authorities ruled that tagging is technically begging on the streets.

Joseph Watson Ingalls, boatswain of the liner Sonoma, en route to Australia, was washed overboard and drowned when a huge sea broke over the ship's bow in a gale met by the vessel 650 miles out from San Francisco.

A police woman's conference opened its sessions in Portland, Ore., with representatives of Washington, Oregon and California cities in attendance. The delegates to the conference are women actually in police work.

J. C. Mercereau, president of the Mercereau Bridge and Construction company, and George West, a civil engineer, were killed when a motor car in which they were riding dropped 150 feet off a declivity in the Malibu mountains seven miles from Calabasas, Cal.

Findings of the general court martial acquitting Captains Jewitt and Henderson and five enlisted men of the State National Guard of charges growing out of the killing of three citizens during the Augusta street car strike were approved by Governor Brown of Georgia.

Rear Admiral Southerland has reported to the Navy department that the mounted American marines and blue-jackets making excursions through the sections of Nicaragua recently torn by the revolutionists, found that good order prevails as the date for the election, November 3, approaches.

There may be some reasons for anonymous authorship in special cases, but there seems to be no good reason for anonymous manufacturing, yet, notwithstanding, it appears to be practised a great deal, so much so that a bill was introduced in the last congress which provides that every article placed upon the market for interstate or foreign commerce shall bear the name and address of the manufacturer under a penalty of a fine not exceeding $1,000.00, or six months' imprisonment, or both. Why should not that also be a wholesome provision for domestic commerce to protect our own people, as so many articles are now being offered under private brands without the maker's name, and therefore cannot be determined to what class they belong?

Infantile paralysis has appeared among the Eskimos of Alaska for the first time of which there is known record.

Personal.

Vice President Sherman made a contribution to the campaign.

Attorney General Wickersham opened his four days' speaking tour of Ohio.

President Taft and family have returned to Washington.

Woodrow Wilson expects to make a few more campaign speeches.

Proposed Amendments
-TO THE-
Constitution
-OF-
Minnesota
-BY-
The Legislature
General Session
1911

And a Ratification of the
Tax On Gross Earnings Of Railroads
PROPOSED
--BY THE--
Extra Session of 1912.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

St. Paul, Minn., July 3, 1912.

Hon. Julius A. Schmahl,
Secretary of State,
Capitol.

SIR:

As required by Section 25 of the Revised Laws, and Amendment, I have the honor to furnish you herewith a statement of the purposes and effects of the respective amendments to the Constitution of the State of Minnesota, proposed by the Legislature of 1911, which are to be submitted to the electors of this State at the general election in 1912.

I have also furnished a statement of the purposes and effect of the law proposed by the Legislature at the extra session of 1912, known as Chapter 9, Laws of 1912, relating to the taxation of railroad companies, which, under the Constitution of the State, must be submitted to a vote of the people of the State, and be adopted and ratified by a majority of the electors of the State voting at the election, before such Chapter 9 shall take effect or be in force.

AMENDMENT NO. I.
Increased Road Fund.

Chapter 390 of the General Laws of Minnesota for 1911, proposes to the people of this state, for their approval or rejection, an amendment to Section 16 of Article 9, of the Constitution. This Section now reads as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one-fourth (¼) of one mill on all the taxable property within the state.

"**Provided**, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year; and **provided, further**, that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund."

This Section, if amended, will read as follows:

"Section 16. For the purpose of lending aid in the construction and improvement of public highways and bridges, there is hereby created a fund, to be known as the 'state road and bridge fund,' said fund shall include all moneys accruing from the income derived from investments in the internal improvement land fund, or that may hereafter accrue to said fund, and shall also include all funds accruing to any state road and bridge fund, however provided.

"The legislature is authorized to add to such fund, for the purpose of constructing or improving roads and bridges of this state, by providing, in its discretion, for any annual tax levy upon the property of this state of not to exceed in any year one mill on all the taxable property within the state. **Provided**, that no county shall receive in any year more than three (3) per cent or less than one-half (½) of one (1) per cent of the total fund thus provided and expended during such year."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The approval of this amendment will authorize the Legislature to levy, in its discretion, a one mill tax upon all the property of this state for the benefit of the roads and bridges therein; and will repeal certain limitations as to the amount which may be paid by the state for such roads and bridges.

The present constitution authorizes the Legislature to add to the road and bridge fund by providing, in its discretion, for an annual tax levy upon the property of this state not to exceed one-fourth (¼) of one (1) mill, while the amendment permits the Legislature, in its discretion, to provide for an annual tax levy of one (1) mill on all taxable property within the state.

The present constitution provides that in no case shall more than one-half (½) of the cost of constructing or improving any road or bridge be paid by the state from such fund. The amendment proposes to remove the limitation which now exists in the constitution as to the amount which the state may pay for such fund towards the cost of constructing or repairing any road or bridge and leaves the whole management of such fund to be provided for by law, as the Legislature shall deem wise.

AMENDMENT NO. II.
Insurance of Crops.

By this amendment it is proposed to add an entirely new section to Article 9 of the Constitution, to be known as Section 17, and which shall read as follows:

"The legislature may provide for the payment by the State of Minnesota of damages to growing crops by hail and wind, or either, and to provide a fund for that purpose, including the necessary expenses of giving effect to this act, may impose a specific tax upon lands the owners of which, at their option, have listed the same with county auditors for that purpose, and no payment shall be made of any such damages except from the fund so provided."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. This amendment, if adopted, will authorize the state to act in the collection and disbursement of a fund for the payment of damages to growing crops by hail or wind, or either. This fund is to be created and maintained by a specific tax imposed by the legislature upon the lands of such persons only as shall voluntarily list the same with their respective county auditors for that purpose. Under it, there could be no tax for such purpose imposed on the lands of any owner who does not consent thereto. The legislature is also authorized to include in the fund to be raised by taxation of such listed lands the necessary expenses of administration of the law. The adoption of the amendment will authorize the legislature to direct that the taxing machinery of the state be used to levy and collect the tax necessary to raise such fund, and to provide for the disbursement of same by the officers of the state; but any payments to be made by the state by reason of damage by hail or wind will have to be made from such fund, and from no other. In the settlement of any such damages, the state would assume no liability beyond the amount of such fund and could not further be rendered liable.

PROPOSED LAW RELATING TO THE TAXATION OF RAILROAD PROPERTIES.

CHAPTER 9, LAWS OF 1912.

AN ACT providing for the taxation of railroad properties, the collection **and times of payment** of such tax and repealing acts inconsistent therewith.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota.

Section 1. Every railroad company owning or operating any line of railroad situated within, or partly within this state, shall, during the year 1913, and annually thereafter, pay into the treasury of this state, in lieu of all taxes and assessments, upon all property within this state, owned or operated for railway purposes, by such company, including equipment, appurtenances, appendages and franchises thereof, a sum of money equal to five per cent of the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within this state.

On or before August 15, 1913, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending June 30th, next preceding, and the said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and be payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on September 1st, next thereafter.

On or before February 15, 1914, and annually thereafter, each such railroad company shall make, according to law, a true and just return of all such gross earnings for the six months ending December 31st next preceding, and said tax of five per centum thereon shall become due and payable to the State of Minnesota in manner provided by law, on March 1st next thereafter; and the payment of such sums at the times hereinbefore set forth shall be in full and in lieu of all other taxes and assessments upon the property and franchises so taxed; **provided nothing in this act shall be construed as modifying any agreement entered into between any municipality within the state and any railroad company relating to the payment of local taxes or assessments.**

The lands acquired by public grant shall be and remain exempt from taxation until sold or contracted to be sold or conveyed as provided in the respective acts whereby such grants were made or recognized.

Sec. 2. The term "the gross earnings derived from the operation of such line of railway within in this state," as used in Section 1 of this act is hereby declared and shall be construed to mean, all earnings on business beginning and ending within the state, and a proportion, based upon the proportion of the mileage within the state to the entire mileage over which such business is done, of earnings on all interstate business passing through, into or out of the state.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts not inconsistent herewith, regulating the payment, collection, time of payment, enforcement or reports involving the amount of taxes upon the gross earnings of railroad companies within this state or providing penalties for the non-payment of such taxes, are hereby made applicable to this act so far as may be, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. Upon failure to pay the amount of such taxes legally due, upon the respective dates hereinbefore set forth, collection thereof may be enforced in addition to existing remedies in a civil action brought in the name of the State of Minnesota in the district court of any county.

Sec. 5. Before any railroad company shall be heard to contest or continue to contest the validity of this act or any part thereof, such railroad company shall as a condition precedent thereto, pay into the treasury of the State of Minnesota the amount of taxes due or payable from such railroad company under the existing tax laws of this state.

Sec. 6. This act shall be submitted to the people of this state for their approval or rejection at the next general election for the year 1912.

The secretary of state shall cause to be printed in bold type upon the ballot used in voting for state officers or upon a separate ballot, if so provided by law at the said election, in manner conformable with the requirements of the general election law, the words, "For increasing the gross earnings tax of railroad companies from four to five per cent, and providing for the payment of the gross earnings tax semi-annually."

Yes.............................

No.............................

And each voter voting at such election shall designate his vote by a cross mark made opposite one or the other of the words "Yes" or "No" and the said election shall in all respects, conform, as far as may be, to the requirements of the general election law, and the returns of said election shall be made, canvassed and certified, and the results thereof declared in the manner provided by law for returning, certifying and canvassing votes cast for state officers.

Approved June 15, 1912.

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The law now in force relating to the taxation of railroad properties is Chapter 253, Laws of 1903, ratified by the people at the general election of 1904. The only language of the proposed law of 1912 which differs from the old law of 1903 is set forth above in bold-faced type. Under the present law, the taxes upon railroad property are computed at the rate of four per cent upon the gross earnings of the company owning or operating the same. The purpose of this new law is to change that rate from four per cent to five per cent and to make the taxes payable semi-annually on March 1st and September 1st of each year, instead of annually, as under the existing law.

AMENDMENT NO. III.
Mortgage Loans to State.

This amendment, if adopted, will permit the permanent school and university fund of the state to be invested in first mortgage loans upon improved and cultivated farm lands of the State. This amendment would change Section 6, Article 8, of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, but no such investment shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed fifteen per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than three per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or of county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of the issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

So as to read as follows:

"Section 6. The permanent school and university fund of this state may be invested in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state, and in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state. But no such improvement shall be made until approved by the board of commissioners designated by law to regulate the investment of the permanent school fund and the permanent university fund of this state; nor shall such loan or investment be made when the bonds to be issued or purchased would make the entire bonded indebtedness exceed 15 per cent of the assessed valuation of the taxable real property of the county, school district, city, town or village issuing such bonds; nor shall any farm loan or investment be made when such investment or loan would exceed 30 per cent of the actual cash value of the farm land mortgaged to secure said investment; nor shall such loans or indebtedness be made at a lower rate of interest than 3 per cent per annum, nor for a shorter period than five years, nor for a longer period than twenty years, and no change of the town, school district, city, village or county lines shall relieve the real property in such town, school district, county, village or city in this state at the time of issuing of such bonds from any liability for taxation to pay such bonds."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The present constitution authorizes the investment of the permanent school and university funds of this state in the bonds of any county, school district, city, town or village of this state. This amendment, if adopted, will permit, in addition to the foregoing investments, said school and university funds to be invested also in first mortgage loans secured upon improved and cultivated farm lands of this state.

AMENDMENT NO. IV.
Commission Form of Municipal Government.

By this Amendment it is proposed to amend Section 36 of Article 4 of the Constitution, which now reads as follows:

"Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city consistent with and subject to the laws of this state as follows: The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper, for a board of fifteen freeholders, who shall shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the district judges of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated, as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall, within six months after its appointment, return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of said charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof. Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next election thereafter, and if four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at such election, shall ratify the same it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, become the charter of such city or village as a city, and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; Provided, that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established. Before any city shall incorporate under this act the legislature shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof. Such charter so deposited may be amended by proposal therefor made by a board of fifteen commissioners aforesaid, published for at least thirty days in three newspapers of general circulation in such city or village, and accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next election and not otherwise; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of the commission relative to submitting amendments of charter to the vote of the people, and shall provide that upon application of five per cent of the legal voters of any such city or village, by written petition, such commission shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition. The board of freeholders above provided for shall be permanent, and all the vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members. It shall be a feature of all such charters that there shall be provided, among other things, for a mayor, or chief magistrate and a legislative body of either one or two houses; if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by general vote of the electors. In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto to the qualified voters of such city or village any alternate section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters, and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter or any amendments thereto. The legislature may provide general laws relating to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty thousand and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty thousand and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all such cities of either class, and which shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for. But no local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

So that said Section 36 of Article 4 of the State Constitution shall read as follows:

"Section 36. Any city or village in this state may frame a charter for its own government as a city, consistent with and subject to the laws of this states, as follows:

The legislature shall provide, under such restrictions as it deems proper for a charter board of not to exceed fifteen freeholders, who shall be and for the past five years shall have been qualified voters thereof, to be appointed by the judges of the district court of the judicial district in which the city or village is situated as the legislature may determine for a term in no event to exceed six years, which board shall within six months after its appointment return to the chief magistrate of said city or village a draft of a proposed charter, signed by the members of said board, or a majority thereof, and, if the same be not ratified may thereafter in like manner return other draft or drafts of a proposed charter until one thereof shall be ratified as herein provided.

Such charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city or village at the next general or special election thereafter, and if a majority of the qualified voters voting at such election shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of thirty days thereafter, or at such other time, if any, as shall be specified therein, become the charter of such city or village as a city and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof; provided that in cities having patrol limits now established, such charter shall require a three-fourths majority vote of the qualified voters voting at such election to change the patrol limits now established.

Duplicate certificates shall be made setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of said city or village and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of said certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state and the other, after being recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which such city or village lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city or village, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof.

Such charter so deposited may be amended, or revised, by proposal therefor made by said board and accepted by a majority of the qualified voters of such city or village voting at the next general or special election thereafter; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota. The legislature may prescribe the duties of said board relative to submitting amendments of such charter to the vote of the people and shall provide that upon application of ten per cent of the legal voters of any such city or village by written petition, such board shall submit to the vote of the people proposed amendments to such charter set forth in said petition.

The board above provided for, shall be permanent and all vacancies by death, disability to perform duties, resignation or removal from the corporate limits, or expiration of term of office, shall be filled by appointment in the same manner as the original board was created, and said board shall always contain its full complement of members.

Any such charter or any amendment or revision thereof may provide for the commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers, or it may provide for a mayor or chief magistrate, and a legislative body of either one or two houses and, if of two houses, at least one of them shall be elected by a general vote of the electors, or it may provide for any other plan or system of municipal government; **provided** that the plan or form of government so adopted shall not violate the constitution of the state as hereby amended.

In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto, or revision thereof to the qualified voters of such city or village, any alternative section or article may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to other articles or sections of the charter, or any amendments thereto or revision thereof.

The legislature may provide general laws relative to affairs of cities, the application of which may be limited to cities of over fifty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of fifty thousand and not less than twenty thousand inhabitants, or to cities of twenty thousand and not less than ten thousand inhabitants, or to cities of ten thousand inhabitants or less, which shall apply equally to all cities of either class, or if so specified in the law, to all cities in either such class not having charters adopted pursuant to this amendment, but no general law limited to one or more of said classes of cities shall apply to any city existing under a charter framed under this section of the constitution unless such general law shall be made applicable to such city by a declaration, therein, naming the city. Such laws shall be paramount while in force to the provisions relating to the same matter included in the local charter herein provided for.

The legislature shall enact any and all laws necessary or proper to carry into effect the provisions of this amendment, and shall prescribe by law the general limits within which such charter shall be framed. No local charter, provision or ordinance passed thereunder shall supersede any general law of the state defining or punishing crimes or misdemeanors."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to permit cities already incorporated and villages desiring to be incorporated as cities to include in their charters, or by amendment or revision thereof, a commission form of government having legislative and administrative powers. The amendment sought enlarges the power of such municipalities in framing their own charters, reserving to the legislature, however, the authority to prescribe the general limits within which the said charters shall be framed.

A commission form of city government is generally understood to include the following characteristic features: 1. A small governing board; 2. The exercise of both legislative and administrative duties by this board; 3. The division among the members of the board of the administrative work of the city by departments over which a single member of the governing board of the city has control; 4. The election of the members of the governing board by all of the voters of the city and not by wards, precincts or districts. 5. The adoption of methods of direct popular control over the action and the continuance in office of the members of the governing board.

AMENDMENT NO. V.
County Superintendents of Schools.

By this Amendment it is sought to enlarge the provisions of Section 7, of Article 7, of the Constitution, which Section now reads as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

So that it will read as follows:

"Section 7. Every person who by the provisions of this article shall be entitled to vote at any election shall be eligible to any office which now is, or hereafter shall be, elective by the people in the district wherein he shall have resided thirty days previous to such election, **except county superintendents of schools who shall be required to have educational and professional qualifications to be determined by the legislature, and except** as otherwise provided in the constitution, or the constitution and laws of the United States."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and effect of this amendment is to authorize the legislature to require educational and professional qualifications, in addition to all the other qualifications now required by law, for any person seeking the office of County Superintendent of Schools. As the Constitution now stands, any legal voter is eligible to the office of County Superintendent of Schools.

AMENDMENT NO. VI.
State Senate.

Section 2 of Article 4 of the Constitution now reads as follows:

"Section 2. The number of members who compose the senate and house of representatives shall be prescribed by law, but the representation in the senate shall never exceed one member for every five thousand inhabitants, and in the house of representatives one member for every two thousand inhabitants. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned equally throughout the different sections of the state, in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law."

It is proposed to substitute therefor the following:

"Section 2. Number of members. The senate shall be composed of sixty-three (63) members, and the house of representatives shall be composed of such number of members as may be prescribed by law. The representation in both houses shall be apportioned as nearly equal as practicable, throughout the different sections of the state in proportion to the population thereof, exclusive of Indians not taxable under the provisions of law. Provided, however, that a county may be divided into several legislative districts, but no county or any of the parts thereof shall ever constitute or be a part of more than seven (7) senatorial districts and not more than seven senators shall ever be apportioned to any one county."

PURPOSE AND EFFECT. The purpose and object of this amendment is to limit the State senate to sixty-three (63) members and to prevent any one county having more than seven (7) senators.

Yours respectfully,
LYNDON A. SMITH,
Attorney General.

Secret Lock.

If you have several small drawers in a bookcase or desk you can lock one of them in a manner most difficult to discover by boring a hole through the piece between two of the drawers and into the drawer. Fit a peg into this just tight enough not to slip down, and the drawer cannot be opened until the one above it is pulled entirely out to give access to the peg.

Something Cruel About It.

Benevolent Party — "Don't you think fishing is a very cruel sport?" Angler—"Cruel? Well, I should say so. I've sat here three days and not had a bite, been nearly eaten up by gnats and stung by two wasps, lost my pocket-knife in the river, and the sun has taken all the skin off the back of my neck."

Only One More.

Senator La Follette, at a luncheon in Madison, listened with a rather weary smile to a magazine writer's exposure of the shameful means whereby a certain capitalist had amassed his fortune. "Oh, well," said the senator, "this is only another case of a profit without honor."

Seek Knowledge.

He who refuses to be taught loses from life its charm and sacredness. Cease to learn and you will in time starve your powers of admiration, of reverence, of obedience, and all the rest of those delicate faculties which in their union are the very strength of character.—George Adam Smith.

Lesson in Happiness.

There is a lesson in the following from one of the old-time colored brethren: "W'enever I feels so happy dat Ah wants to holler, I don't holler—fer' fear I'll lose all de happiness. 'Stidder doin' dat, I des keeps still, en feels good!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Unwelcome Visitor.

A pair of large eagles which are nesting on an inaccessible rock on the Daserberg mountain canton of Schwytz, Bavaria, have during the past two weeks "captured" four lambs, four kids, and one fox, which they have taken up to their nest before the eyes of the peasants.

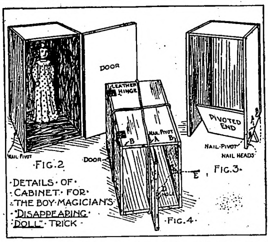
Trade Terms.

Postmaster (of Punk Hollow)—"I see that a fust-class waiter in New York gits only $25 a month, and out of the small sum he has to pay his omnibus." Ezra Henhouse—"Huh! Why don't he live close to his job and walk?"—Puck.

The Mean Man.

"Do you mean to say that you flirted with your wife all the evening at the masked ball and didn't know her?" "That's right. But she was so deuced agreeable—how was I to know it?"—Tit Bits.

BOYS' HANDICRAFT
By A. NEELY HALL
Author of "Handicraft for Handy Boys" and "The Boy Craftsman"



DETAILS OF CABINET FOR THE BOY MAGICIAN'S "DISAPPEARING DOLL" TRICK

THE DISAPPEARING DOLL TRICK FOR THE BOY MAGICIAN.

Every boy is greatly interested in conjuring, but today there is such a variety of things to keep him busy that he hasn't the time to give up to this subject that he would have had a few years ago when there were fewer pastimes for boys. In the same way that newer pastimes are occupying the attention of boys, later novelties in entertainment are crowding out stage magic. But magical stunts are about the simplest acts to prepare for a boys' show, and they are always greatly appreciated by an audience, so they should occupy a prominent place upon the program.

It is not my intention at present to go into the subject of conjuring beyond the point of describing how to make and operate the apparatus for a very unique stunt "The Disappearing Doll." This trick is a modification of one of the so-called "cabinet" tricks, which is extremely simple to carry out and always mystifying to an audience.

In the professional act, the magician places a woman inside of a cabinet that stands upon a table, after having exposed all sides of the cabinet to view of the audience, then he closes the front, binds the cabinet lengthwise with heavy rope, sets it down upon the floor, and places it inside of a sack which he ties. Then after the use of his wand and the utterance of some words of magic, the operations are reversed, the cabinet is removed from the sack, the ropes are cut, the front is opened, and behold! the lady occupant has vanished.

You will understand this trick when I explain our disappearing doll stunt, which is carried out in the same way but on a small scale. Fig. 2 shows the completed cabinet. This should be made out of a box about 6 inches deep, 7 inches wide, and 11 inches long. Remove one end of the box, being careful not to split it in doing so, and pivot it between the sides as shown at A (Figs. 3 and 4), driving a brad through each side into the center of each end edge. This piece must be carefully placed so it will swing up into its former position in the end of the box, without showing any indication of being pivoted. A nail-head should be driven in each side of pivot nail A, as at B (Figs. 3 and 4), to give the appearance of a solidly fastened end. It may be necessary to plane off a trifle of the back edge of the end piece to make it turn easily. To provide for locking the end so it will not turn, make a small hole through the back of the box (C, Fig. 4) and in the back edge of the end piece (D), and push a small brad into these holes for a locking pin (E). Hinge on the cover of the box with strips of leather, and the constructive part of the work will be finished.

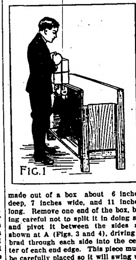


FIG.1

The doll used in the trick must have a small enough head and body to slip through the rear opening in the end of the cabinet. Line the inside of the cabinet with cloth of a bright color, gathering it around the edge and stuffing in a little cotton or cloth underneath to give it a soft padded appearance.

The boy magician needs an assistant for this trick, who must be concealed either underneath a table by means of a drapery fastened around the legs, or in the box of a table made out of a packing-case similar to that shown in Fig. 1. The cabinet must first be turned around so the audience may inspect all sides, then the doll must be placed within, the cover closed, and the cabinet tied with a heavy cord. Upon the tying of this cord much of the success of the trick depends, for with a cord passed around the box both lengthwise and crosswise, it will appear to the audience impossible for any portion of the box to open. However, you will see by Fig. 4 that the pivoted end opens very easily when the cord tied lengthwise of the cabinet comes just to one side of the center of that end.

While passing the twine around the sides and ends, the cabinet should be kept near the center of the table. If a cloth has been spread over the table, the audience can plainly see that there is no possibility of the doll disappearing through a trap door in the table. When the ends of the cord have been brought around to the top, the cabinet can be rested upon the edge of the table without arousing the suspicions of the audience, for they have seen the cord passed around all sides; this is the time for the assistant to act quickly. He must reach out from his position under the table (Fig. 1), withdraw the locking pin E (Fig. 4), turn the pivoted end of the cabinet, pull out the doll, and then close and lock the pivoted end. In the professional trick, the occupant of the cabinet escapes similarly through a trap-door in the stage floor, after the cabinet has been tied up and stood upon the floor. The cabinet should now be placed inside of a small bag, a wand passed around it and a few magic words spoken; then it should be taken from the bag, untied, and the empty interior exposed to the view of the audience. After making the doll disappear, you can bring it back into the cabinet by having the assistant replace it in the same way that he removed it, while the magician is tying the cord around it; and by preparing two cabinets, it is a simple trick to make the doll pass from one cabinet to the other, and back again.

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HELPS TO SATISFY THIRST
A Little Acid in Cool Water Has Most Beneficial Effect on the Whole System.

Thirst is the cry of the entire system for water. It is referred to the throat, very naturally, and for the same reason that hunger is referred to the stomach. This is especially noticeable if the mouth has been kept open, as in fear or excitement, or in walking or working in this very improper way, simply because the rapid breathing has dried the throat by evaporation. The same effect is seen when the throat has been irritated by drinking ice-water, or holding ice in the mouth, either of which increases the sensation of thirst.

What is most needed is a good drink of cool water. If the water be slightly acidulated the dryness of the throat is relieved, probably because the acid starts the flow of the saliva. Lemon juice, or a little citric or tartaric acid, or a few drops of cider vinegar added to the glass of water is sufficient. Sweetening does not interfere with this effect.

Effective Finger Prints.

Finger prints of new-born babes, it has been demonstrated, will serve to identify them through life. The Survey approves the offer by the Men and Religion Movement in this city, acting on Capt. Joseph A. Faurot's suggestion, to persuade all men of the churches, and, in fact, all residents, to place the impressions of their fingers in the records of the police department. It is important for the innocent, as well as for the guilty, that a method be employed to ascertain whether they have ever been under arrest. There is nothing inherently disgraceful in a finger-print record, any more than in a personal signature.—New York Tribune.

Useful Memorial Given State.

A mountain as a memorial to General Harriman, governor of New Hampshire from 1867 to 1868, has been given to the state by his son-in-law, Joseph Lesson, to be known as the Walter Harriman reservation, includes Stewart Mink hill, 1,800 feet high, and an extensive tract of land around it. The summit of the hill has a fifty mile view of the White mountain scenery, and the slopes are covered with picturesque timber growths and meadows. The state will utilize the reservation for the study and teaching of forestry. It will be open to the public as a park.—Magazine of American History.

Man's Inconsistency.

"You have attained fortune and are enabled to live at ease, surrounded by every luxury."

"Yes," replied the successful citizen: "and yet I have to miss a lot of pleasure. I'm terribly disappointed because I won't have time to sneak off at daybreak with a sandwich in my pocket and wade waist deep in a mountain stream suspected of containing trout."

Uses for Dandelions.

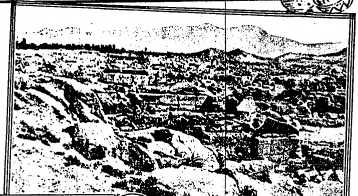
Dandelions, says a writer in the Country Gentleman, can be used for many appetising dishes, and from them can be made also a kind of dandelion "shrub," a dandelion "coffee," and dandelion preserves. They may also be canned and kept for use in seasons when suggestions of spring will be welcome.

The DEAD CITY of CAJAMARQUILLA

By Charles Warren Currier, Ph. D.

Of the thousands of people who inhabit Lima, or of the many who, in the winter months, take a run up to Chosica, on the Oroya railway, there is probably not one in a hundred who knows anything of Cajamarquilla. I was about to leave the capital of Peru without dreaming that, within a stone's throw, there were slumbering the ruins of a prehistoric civilization that had not yet passed away when Pizarro laid the foundation of the City of the Sovereigns.

The sacred city of Pachacamac is known to, and mentioned by every traveler who includes Lima within the limits of his itinerary. It has been visited and described from the days of the Conquistadores with more or less accuracy, until Dr. Max Uhle made a special study of it and published his monumental work. If these ruins of the Lurin valley are world famous, it is not thus with those of the valley of the Rimac, and if Pachacamac is known to all, solitary Cajamarquilla is buried in an obscurity as deep as the sand that covers it, while few, very few, authors even make mention of it.



RUINS OF CAJAMARQUILLA, PERU

CEMETERY OF NIEVERIA NEAR CAJAMARQUILLA

STREET SCENE IN CAJAMARQUILLA

I said that I was about to leave Lima. It was the eve of my departure when I learned from Professor Saville, of New York, the well-known Ecuadorian explorer, that he had visited the ruins that very day. How I wished that I could have accompanied him! I concluded that regrets were useless, and I was about to relinquish all hope of ever seeing the old Peruvian city, when I learned that the departure from Callao of the Ucayali had been postponed for a day. Communicating this fact to Doctor Saville, he most graciously volunteered to accompany me on the morrow. It was an opportunity I readily grasped.

Thus it happened that we met by appointment at the Lima station of the Oroya railroad at 8:30 on a morning early in July. Gray clouds, as usually, hung heavily over the city when we boarded the train, which soon pulled out of the station, to begin the steep journey up the Andean slopes. A little way outside of Lima the sun was shining in a cloudless sky, scattering its rays through an atmosphere as transparent as any you could wish to see in Castile or Aragon. Here and there on the route the adobe ruins of pre-Inca civilization might be observed, for the Rimac valley is richer in such ruins than any other part of the coast.

The morning was bright and exhilarating when we arrived at Santa Clara railway station. Leaving Mrs. Saville to proceed to Chosica, the professor, his young son, and myself alighted. A little mule car, run on tracks, awaited us. It might accommodate about nine persons. We sprang to the seats, the driver whipped up his mules, and off we were on the long, sandy road between fields of sugar cane. Poor mules, cut and bleeding, how we pitied them! But in those countries animals are handled without mercy.

A run of a couple of miles or more, passing on the way the little train that is used to haul the cane, or carry the laborers, we arrived near the dwelling of the hacienda, now leased, I understand, by Chinese. Some distance from the house we alighted, to continue the journey on foot in the direction of the mountains. For a while we had a good, though dusty road, but the greater part of the journey had to be made through sandy plains, which did not improve our personal appearance, so that we presented a picture of dust and wretchedness on our return to the Hotel Maury in Lima. Our way was now and then obstructed by adobe walls, or by the canals used for irrigation, and over these we had to climb or jump. It was not long before we caught sight of the ruins, solitary and abandoned. With the exception of a herd of cattle and the mounted herdsmen, besides an occasional buzzard or vulture, no living being was in sight.

Cajamarquilla lies about 23 miles from Lima, as you ascend the valley of the Rimac, but in a side valley, in a plain among the spurs of the Andes. The valley is watered by a canal, dug, probably, at a period antedating the advent of the Spaniards. In the vicinity are several haciendas, such as Huachipa and La Niverca, and an occasional "tambo" or rural inn, where, if you care to, some kind of refreshment may be had. These, however, are hardly visible from the ruins, near which one solitary hut is to be seen. Years ago, when Squier visited the place, the ruins were the haunt of robbers that gave no little trouble to the Peruvian authorities, but the railroad has driven them out of business, and it is now quite safe to visit Cajamarquilla. In fact, the thought of robbers was not connected in my mind with Cajarmarquilla, until I read Squier's work.

During our brief stay among the ruins it was impossible to make anything like measurements, except with the eye, but as far as the vision extended towards the mountain we saw nothing but ruins which stretched to a great distance to right and left. Toward the river they seemed to melt away into the plain. Squier says that they cover an area of nearly a square league, and Middendorf estimates their extent at four square kilometers. From my observations, the ruins consist of houses built of immense adobe blocks, closely adjoining each other, here and there separated by streets. Some of the houses consist of several apartments. Admission is gained through a low doorway, but nowhere is there a sign of a window. As in Pompeii, the roofs, whatever may have been the material of their construction, have long since fallen in. Outside the buildings, the soil has risen to a great height, sometimes nearly to the top of the wall, but inside the walls the depth gives an idea of the original height of perhaps 10 feet or more. Toward the mountain, a large portion of the city is almost completely buried in the sand, which in the course of ages has come drifting down from the hills. There are within the city a few elevations or small hills, which may have been occupied by temples or forts. Pits are everywhere within and without the houses, with a width of from two to four and a depth ranging from six to twenty feet or more. Human remains in the shape of skulls and bones are found within the pits or scattered over the ground, together with bits of pottery and other articles, such as corncobs, which were probably interred with the dead. Some of these pits are said to have served the purposes of storehouses or granaries, while others were certainly graves. The inhabitants of the city buried their dead within or in the immediate vicinity of their houses, although the mass of the people must have used the necropolis, some distance away from the residences. Many of these pits, excavated in the hard soil, are in the form of a jar or urn, while others are square.

Squier thus describes the ruins as he saw them:

"These consist of three great groups of buildings on and around the central mass, with streets passing between them. It would be impossible to describe this complicated maze of massive adobe walls, most of them still standing, albeit much shattered by earthquakes, or to convey an idea of the pyramidal edifices, rising stage on stage, with terraces and broad flights of steps leading to their summits."

He adds that the history of the place has been lost to tradition.

As standing on an eminence, surrounded by the ruins, with the silence of death upon you, you look down upon what was once a city, capable of containing a population of ten or twelve thousand, you wonder what people dwelt there. The accumulation of soil and the fact that a large part of the city is buried would indicate remote antiquity, and a possible destruction of the place long before the advent of the Europeans, were it not for what Estete tells us. Miguel Estete accompanied Hernando Pizarro from Caxamarca to Pachacamac, at the time when Atahualpa's people were scouring the country to collect sufficient gold for the ransom of their unfortunate chief. He gives us the itinerary of Hernando day by day until the return to Caxamarca. Wherever he goes he finds the country thickly populated with towns and villages, surrounded by cultivated fields of maize and orchards, with flocks of a kind of sheep. He judges that Pachacamac is of considerable antiquity, and he finds within it a certain number of ruins. No mention is made of Cajamarquilla, yet it is probable that his journey led him through the valley of the Rimac, and Markham even supposes that he passed over the present site of Lima.

According to Middendorf, who infers his statement from Estete's narrative, the valley was at that time thickly populated, having besides many smaller places three large towns, Huadca, now Huatica, Armatambo, and Cajamarquilla. Huadca, he says, was the principal town of the district. Its ruins still exist between Lima and the village of Magdalena, but they seem to be even less known than those of Cajamarquilla.

The valley, together with the entire coast, was overrun and conquered by the Incas, a century or more before the arrival of the Spaniards, about the time that these lords of the Peruvian uplands imposed their rule on the Grand Chimu farther north and on Pachacamac. Though there is little or nothing to indicate an Inca occupation at Cajamarquilla, it is quite likely that after the conquest its population more or less mingled with the conquerors. To judge from the names of places in the conquered districts, the victors imposed their language, no doubt gradually supplanting the original tongue of the valleys and coastlands. Caxamarca is a Quechua name, meaning "rock city." Caxamarquilla is the Spanish diminutive of Caxamarca. The city in the Rimac valley was thus called Little Caxamarca, to distinguish it, no doubt, from that other Caxamarca to the north, so intimately connected with the sad history of Atahualpa.

Among old writers who have treated of the coast people that preceded the Incas, Don Francisco de Avila, priest in the principal village of Huarochiri, may be profitably consulted. His work was translated and published by Sir Clement Markham, in the forty-eighth volume of the Hakluyt series.

Unfortunately, Cajamarquilla furnishes little data to the archaeologist. It contains no inscriptions, no works of art, and its pits have been opened and searched, probably by treasure hunters, who have long since carried off any objects of value they may have contained.

Yet the ruins are of the greatest interest for the beauty of their situation, their general plan, and their adobe architecture. Cajamarquilla must rank as one of the finest remains of that mysterious pre-Inca civilization which existed on the coast between the Pacific ocean and the mighty Andean ranges. Unlike the massive ruins on Lake Titicaca, or the oft-mentioned Pachacamac, it has attracted little attention on the part either of tourist or scientist, and its history does not exist. Yet a careful study of its houses, with their apartments, of its streets, and of its burial places may, I think, throw some light on the mode of life of the primitive people that once dwelt within it. The ethnologist may also find some material in the skulls that lie scattered throughout the ruined city, or buried in its pits.

As you wander through the Rimac valley and contemplate its vast solitudes and crumbling ruins, you ask yourself what has become of the population. Alas, what has become of the Indian population of the West Indies, and where are our Indians of the United States? They have melted away before Caucasian civilization.

Some day a patient explorer and archaeologist may pitch his tents among the ruins of Cajamarquilla to study them in detail and force them to reveal some of their secrets. At least he may give us a plan of the city, and reconstruct it, drawing some order from its confusion.

For the present, Cajamarquilla is a mystery. It has neither history nor tradition; no legends cluster around it; its existence is ignored; even archaeologists appear to neglect it. It is, in very truth, a dead city of the desert.

Passed an Unquiet Night

Traveler, Lost in the Bush, Was Glad to Do Without the Blessings of Slumber.

But I had never given a thought to the course I had taken in my gallop across the veldt. I kept on and on, and before long it grew dark and somewhat cold. So I dismounted, and after thinking it over, I knee-haltered the horse and let him go, crept head first into a large ant-bear hole for a night's lodging, and made myself as comfortable as possible under the circumstances, using the blesbok hide for a blanket. The night was dark as pitch.

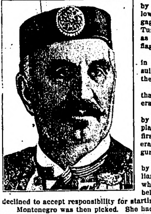
Sleep was out of question. I suppose it was the haunches and the raw hide that attracted the creatures, but before long it really seemed as if I had settled down in a village of wild pigs and insulted the whole community. To begin with, squealing incessantly, they seemed to be racing round and round in a circle, taking me for its center. Then a number of jackals drawing nearer and nearer, joined in the chorus. But I soon discovered that if I disliked the noise I fairly dreaded the silence. During the quiet spells I knew that something was chewing industriously at the projecting ends of the raw hide in which I was enveloped. It was hard work for me to keep from kicking incessantly, but whenever I rested for a minute the chewing developed into vigorous tugs, the significance of which it was easy for one in my position to appreciate.

However, I kicked the night through in safety, and early in the morning, to my delight, I found my horse a short distance away, nibbling contentedly at his breakfast.—Atlantic Monthly.

The odorless onion is one of China's choicest vegetables.

WHO'S WHO AND WHY

KING NICHOLAS PICKED TO START WAR



Declaration of war against Turkey by King Nicholas of Montenegro, followed quickly by several severe engagements between Montenegrin and Turkish forces, are regarded merely as the beginning of a general conflagration in the Balkan states.

It is believed that the other units in the Balkan coalition will follow suit as soon as the mobilization of the armies is complete.

There is only a faint hope now that the representations of the powers will avert general hostilities.

Montenegro's move is considered by many to be part of a prearranged plan. It is asserted that Greece was first selected by the Balkan confederation to force the issue and inaugurate the war.

This could easily have been done by Greece seating in the Greek parliament the deputies from Crete, which was certain to prove a casus belli to Turkey. Greece, however, declined to accept responsibility for starting the flame of battle.

Montenegro was then picked. She had a long standing quarrel with Turkey over the boundary question and Turkey's refusal to grant satisfaction was seized upon as justification for Montenegro's resort to arms. One leading European diplomat said:

"It looks as if our fine European diplomacy had been beaten by the cleverness of the Balkan states. These states have grown weary of Ottoman promises. Turkey's recent decisions to inaugurate reforms, which were considered unsatisfactory, and the slowness and hesitancy of certain powers to join in urgent intervention, has led the Balkan peoples to feel that the battlefield was the only sure means of exacting what they felt to be justice."

NEW FIELD OPEN TO E. T. FAIRCHILD

E. T. Fairchild, president of the National Educational association, and superintendent of education of the state of Kansas, has been tendered the presidency of New Hampshire Agricultural college.

The practical benefits of education have been emphasized by Mr. Fairchild in his work in Kansas. The conventional treatment of the sciences in the secondary schools was objected to by Mr. Fairchild as unsuited to the pupil and to his actual needs when he got out of school. It is his idea that all text books, especially in high schools, should follow the plan demanded by teachers of arithmetic—that all the problems presented be of things that concern the active life of the child.

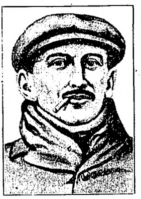
"The present text books are for advanced work and are not practical," Mr. Fairchild said recently. "While the books are written for boys and girls of high school age, still they are so technical and so full of definitions that often they are of no practical use to children after they are through school.

"I believe there is a real demand for textbooks in botany that shall abandon, to a degree at least, the conventional treatment and that will use, as illustrative material, the plant life about us. It is possible to study with profit the trees, the flowers, the wheat, and to learn from them the great truths of the vegetable kingdom.

"There is much practical knowledge to be gained in the physics, but in these too much stress is laid to the theories and not enough to the practical everyday propositions which come up around the farm or the home."

Mr. Fairchild has worked for the betterment of the rural schools. His investigations showed that of the 12 million rural school children in the United States only 25 per cent were completing the grades. That condition was due in a large measure, Mr. Fairchild believed, to the rural schools themselves, their unattractive surroundings and the impractical method of teaching.

LE GAGNEUX BREAKS ALTITUDE RECORD



M. G. Le Gagneux, the aviator, who the other day at Paris reached the tremendous height of 7,067 yards, more than four miles, when he broke the man-flying record for altitude, has given a graphic description of his feat and sensations.

That his achievement was even greater than it at first seemed was proven by the official and corrected calculations made from the self-registering instruments which he carried on his marine monoplane.

Le Gagneux has gone farther from the earth in a flying machine than any other.

Le Gagneux says: "In two and a half minutes I was 1,500 yards in the air. In seven and a half minutes I was 2,500 yards up, and a little higher I flew into a dead calm. At an altitude of 3,125 yards I found myself in a fog so thick that I could see nothing.

"It grew very cold. I was warmly clad but I felt the chill keenly. The moisture turned to icicles on my face. Only by my barometers could I tell I was still ascending. At 5,020 yards I began to inhale oxygen, as I had been advised. They tell me I used forty quarts of oxygen. In thirty-five minutes I had reached 5,260 yards, beating all records, but I kept on up, up.

"At 12:45 I remembered my luncheon engagement. Ten minutes later I had reached the height of 7,067 yards. I descended like lightning. At 1 o'clock I was at my rendezvous for luncheon, feeling certain that I could have gone higher."

SENATOR T. P. GORE BLINDED IN YOUTH

United States Senator Thomas Pryor Gore of Oklahoma is known as "The man that never sleeps" and "The man that never forgets anything." He is one of the remarkable men in American history, because from a poor little boy in Mississippi, blind from the time he was eleven years old, he has arisen by his own effort and indomitable will and courage to become a statesman, a scholar and a foremost citizen.

"The blind senator from Oklahoma" is known all over the country and the people like him because of his amiability, his intelligence, his high character, his oratory and his success as a statesman.

Many persons wonder how he became blind. His sight is totally destroyed. When he was about eight years old he was struck in the left eye by a stick which a young companion threw on the ground and which bounded back. The eye was destroyed. And when he was eleven years old he was a page in the Mississippi state senate. He bought an air gun to take home as a present for a brother, and at the hotel where he was stopping several children were eager to see how the thing worked. Young Gore was just as anxious to show them.

In endeavoring to manipulate the gun a rod become stuck in the barrel and young Gore "peeked" into the barrel with his good eye to see what was wrong. In some manner the gun was discharged and the rod destroyed the right eye. For a time he could still distinguish certain objects, but by the time he was fifteen years old his sight was entirely gone, and he has been totally blind ever since.

GOT RICH IN THREE YEARS

EXPERIENCES OF A BRITISH IMMIGRANT IN CANADA-WEST.

The following straightforward statement needs no comment to add to its force and effect. It appears in a recent issue of the Liverpool Mercury.

H. Patterson, of Nutana, Saskatchewan, Canada, when he arrived from Liverpool, had "Six of us to support," to use his own phraseology, and his funds were getting low. He secured a homestead 32 miles out from Sundurn, and started living on it April 15, 1907. The previous fall he put all his money, $137, into a shack and lot, making sure of a home. As cook and caterer in a local hotel he made $75 a month, and out of this had some savings out of which he paid his breaking and improvements on the homestead. The shack was sold to good advantage. Then Mr. Patterson tells the story after he had removed his family to the homestead:

"For the first month life was so strange and new that I hadn't time to think of anything, only fixing up our new home. I was so 'green' to farm life that I didn't know the difference between wheat and oats (I do now)! Between working out, cropping my place, and with my gun, we managed to live comfortably for the three years, which time was required to put in my duties. I had accumulated quite a stock of horses, cows, pigs, fowls, and machinery in the three years.

"In October, 1909, I secured my patent to my land, so took a few days' holidays to Saskatoon to locate a purchased homestead (viz., 12s. per acre) from the Government. Instead of getting the purchased homestead, I secured a half section (320 acres) on the Saskatchewan River for $25 per acre on easy terms, nine years' payments with a cash payment of $1,000. I mortgaged my first homestead, obtained chattel mortgages on my stock, and on December 24th, 1909, took possession; on June 10, 1910, I sold out again for $40 per acre, clearing, besides my crop (140 acres), $4,800. I also sold my first homestead, clearing $1,800 and two Saskatoon town lots, which we value at $1,000 each today. We placed all our capital in another farm (river frontage) and some trackage lots (60), also a purchased homestead (river frontage). I remained as Manager of the Farm I had sold on a three years' contract at a fine salary and house, garden, and numerous privileges.

"So by the time my three years have expired, with my investments and the increased value of my frontage and lots, I am hoping to have a clear profit on my $137 investment of $50,000. My land doesn't eat anything, and it is nearly all paid for. I hold a good position (and secure)"—Adv.

Choosing a Wife.

An old Virginia gentleman who said he knew the way to pick a wife was willing to recommend it to young men. His advice is: See how she looks in the morning! The old Virginia gentleman, when getting married himself sent his valet across the country to take a look at two sisters in the early morning. One looked well and one didn't. One found a husband. One didn't. So, ladies, beware! these facts are important if true. And true they are as sure as you are women. Men hate a woman who looks frowsy in the morning.

Ungrateful Guest.

Brown—So you spent Sunday with the Suburbs, eh? How far is their house from the station?

Towne—About two miles as the dust flies!—Judge.

Usual Answer.

"What is this joy-riding accident all about?"

"The joy riders are about all in."

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Be wise; soar not too high to fall, but stoop to rise.—Massinger.

WOMEN SHOULD BE PROTECTED

Against So Many Surgical Operations. How Mrs. Bethune and Mrs. Moore Escaped.

Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to take and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

Murrayville, Ill.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a very bad case of female trouble and it made me a well woman. My health was all broken down, the doctors said I must have an operation, and I was ready to go to the hospital, but dreaded it so that I began taking your Compound. I got along so well that I gave up the doctors and was saved from the operation."—Mrs. CHARLES MOORE, R. R. No. 3, Murrayville, Ill.

Pettits FOR SORE Eye WEAK EYES Salve

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCT TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

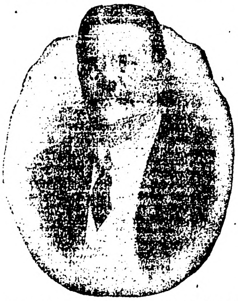
We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

HARRY E. IVES



Harry E. Ives, republican nominee for clerk of the district court, has been a resident of what is now Pennington county, continuously since 1883.

He was appointed clerk of the district court for the newly created county of Pennington by the board in November, 1910, and we think he has made good as an official. He has attended strictly to the duties of the office, has been courteous and obliging, has a good understanding of the duties, has been impartial, and has honestly administered the duties of the office, and is, we think, fairly and justly entitled to an election. He was nominated in the republican primaries on Sept. 17, winning over three opponents by a large plurality. We think we can easily promise the voters of Pennington county that if they elect Mr. Ives they will have a clerk of court who will attend strictly to the duties of the office in an efficient, honest and impartial manner.—Thief River Falls News-Press.

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

SUBSCRIBERS should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, November 2, 1912.

The village council has found it necessary to call another election for the purpose of voting on the question of bonding the village, the proceedings relative to the first issue having been found illegal on account of technical errors. The voters should turn out and make a better showing the next time.

This ballot mix up works both ways. The Roosevelt electors are barred in Idaho and the Taft electors in South Dakota. Regardless of which may suffer and which may benefit, it is an unsatisfactory and an un-American proposition. Every voter should have full opportunity to vote for the man of his choice, whether it is Roosevelt in Idaho or Taft in California.

President Pennington of the Soo railway has an opportunity to become a British lord. He is in line as heir to the estate of his uncle, Lord Muncaster, who is 75 years of age and childless. To accept the estate and title President Pennington would have to quit America and become a British citizen. He very sensibly refuses to do this, stating that he has a better job where he is. The head of an American railway system is a bigger man than any lord in Britain.

Farmers Warned against Socialism

The declaration in the socialist national platform threatening to deprive 5,000,000 American farmers of their farms, has roused former Governor W. D. Hoard of Wisconsin, editor, agriculturist, and statesman, to protest against the socialist proposals. The portion of the socialist program to which he most objects, as a representative of the farmers, is that demanding:

"The collective ownership of land, wherever practicable, and in cases where such ownership is impracticable, the appropriation by taxation of the annual rental value of all land held for speculation or exploitation."

In his arraignment of socialism as applied to the farmer, the former governor says:

"Socialism; as I see it and as expounded by most of its theorists, is, I believe, a dangerous doctrine for the American farmer. It means the destruction of his former individuality and independence; his control over his own fortune and property. It enters into the minor details of his life, socially and vocationally, subjects him to the interference of the state as to the conduct of his business to an extent never dreamed of by the founders of our government. It seeks justification for this interference under the assumption that there is an undue amount of evil and hardship in the relations of men. This may be admitted with the observation that socialism will not change human nature.

"A change of system will bring its own evils as hard or harder to bear. Our present arrangement of community life and government has at least this advantage: We understand it; we know with what we have to contend.

"Socialism seeks justification by indicting our system of living together as a people. It ignores the good we have done, the improvements in the methods and comforts of life, the advancement of our civilization, and says our whole system is wrong because, forsooth, certain evils exist, when evil is inseparable from human nature and always will be.

"The antipathy with which the average socialist regards capital and all property that he cannot control is very suspicious to my mind. There is more than the dream of a theorist in it. It is a scheme to obtain control over the minds and judgments of men; and particularly over their votes, whereby to secure mastery over the taxing power. In all ages just in proportion as the electorate have given control of the power to levy taxes to a select coterie, they have been most sorely exploited.

"So far the socialists have made but little headway with the voters who have earned and possess landed property. Their strength lies in large cities, where there is a large number of voters who do not own the homes they live in, but who have votes.

"The farmer is both a capitalist and a hand laborer. If he can be induced to abandon his present well entrenched position, of the rights of individual ownership, the socialists will have achieved a great triumph and the farmer suffer a complete destruction of his native independence and control over his own destiny.

"The American system of law and government is being attacked, as Washington foresaw, by many foes from within. Great unrest prevails, and largely so because the people, and the farmer with the rest, have been too prosperous. The amassing of great riches on the part of certain capitalists has been accomplished also by the massing of great numbers of the poor in dense communities, and much distress and hardship has ensued. But the right to own property is an American right, from the millionaire down to the humblest house owner and the smallest farmer. 'There is no such thing as property rights without human rights.'

"The weekly wage of the laboring man is capital—his capital—as well as the dividend of the millionaire. Organize society to destroy the right of the rich to their property, and you will soon invalidate the right of the farmer to his farm and the laboring man to his wages.

"In my opinion the farmer can find no safer form of government, no better system of relationship with his fellow men than that bequeathed to him and all other classes by our fathers. If he is wise to his own salvation he will stand like a rock for representative government; the right of property as humanity. If he does this he will turn a deaf ear to all the wiles and sophisms of socialism."

A Gift with a Thought in It

There's one very simple way out of the Christmas shopping problem; don't shop, but sit quietly at home and subscribe for The Youth's Companion. The chances are, too, that no present you could buy for the young friend or the family you delight to honor could confer so much pleasure as this gift of The Youth's Companion for a whole round year—fifty-two weeks' issues, and the fifty-second as keenly anticipated and enjoyed as the very first.

There will be stories for readers of every age; sound advice as to athletics; suggestions for the girl at college or making her own way in the world; good things for every member of the family—all for $2.00—less than four cents a week.

The one to whom you give the subscription will receive free all the remaining issues of 1912, as well as The Companion window transparency and calendar for 1913, in rich translucent colors. It is to be hung in the window or over the lamp shade. You, too, as giver of the present will receive a copy of it.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
141 Berkeley St., Boston, Mass

New Subscriptions Received at This Office.

Fine for the Ladies

A new German invention for supplementing natural tresses in hair made of artificial silk, which has the texture of real hair. It can be dried the exact color of natural hair, no matter how difficult the shade may be. This new silk hair is certain to be extremely popular. It is clean, to begin with, and may be washed at any time as easily as any other kind of silk. Besides that, it has a great deal of body, and when made into tails and transformations holds much better than real hair. It is glossy and will submit to brilliantine or oil like the loose hair switches, and when once curled keeps the curl much better than ordinary false hair. This is almost as much of an improvement as golden grain belt beer is over the old-fashioned kind. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston. adv

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Oct. 30, 1912, for the purpose of considering bond issue.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

On motion duly made and carried the proceedings of the village council relative to the bond issue voted upon Aug. 30, 1912, were revoked, they having been found illegal on account of technical errors.

The following resolution, offered by C. Swanson and seconded by Councilman Hovet, was duly adopted:

Resolved by the village council of the village of St. Hilaire, Pennington county, Minnesota, that said village, acting under and by virtue of chapter 123 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, and for the purpose of refunding its floating indebtedness, issue subject to the approval of the legal voters, its bonds to the amount of four thousand dollars, to bear date Nov. 9, 1912, to mature 15 years from the day of the date thereof, and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually; and that said proposition be submitted to the qualified electors of said village for their approval and determination at a special election to be called for that purpose and to be held on the 9th day of November, 1912.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Pay your subscription

HON. D. P. O'NEILL

Will address the farmers and others at St. Hilaire

Monday Morning Nov. 5, at 9 a. m.

SUBJECT;

The Farmer and the Socialist

A number of county candidates will be present.

Wilson-Roosevelt-Taft

and all the other presidential aspirants receive equal attention in the news columns of The Duluth Herald, the best newspaper in the Northwest.

Send your name and address with a dollar bill and get The Herald for three months. That will give you all the political news during the entire campaign.

WENT BACK ON BENEFACTOR.

Philanthropic Women Disappointed in Their Protege.

The late Mrs. Clara Dewey How of Philadelphia, whose philanthropic work among immigrants made her well known, had a trenchant wit, and one afternoon in Philadelphia, discussing the woman suffrage movement with a clergyman, she said:

"You men are all alike. You all resemble the orphan that Mrs. Stanton and her friends brought up. Mrs. Stanton and a body of ladies from her church all interested in woman suffrage, once took a little newsboy from the gutter and educated him superbly. They sent him through school and college and finally made a minister of him.

"This young minister, the work of their hands, preached his first sermon in their church. That was a proud Sunday morning for the good ladies. They thought they had at last firmly planted among the male sex a strong and splendid supporter. So, in their best bonnets, they filled the church that Sunday morning. They were on tiptoe with expectation. Who could tell but that their young charge might preach in their honor a woman suffrage sermon?

"Imagine their emotions when the youth arose in the pulpit, looked calmly and even sternly over the congregation and announced that his text would be from St. Paul:

"'Let the women keep silence in the church.'"

Made Carlyle "[illegible] Out."

Rev. Thomas Alexander, a Presbyterian minister, long resident in Chelsea and well known as a brother Scot, was most anxious to know Carlyle, but had no opportunity of getting an introduction to him. One day in the King's road he saw Carlyle coming in his direction and took advantage of the opportunity by going up to the sage and saying: "Thomas Carlyle, I believe?" Carlyle's reply was: "Tom Alexander, I know!" They became good friends, and later Mr. Alexander wrote to Carlyle for a subscription toward a school building fund, and Carlyle wrote back a refusal in doggerel, whereupon Mr. Alexander replied that if he did not send him £5 ($25) he would sell his poetry to a collector or publish it. The £5 was at once forthcoming.

Seagulls of Auchmithie.

In the fishing village of Auchmithie you may frequently witness seagulls flying into the houses of the fishermen and partaking of food from their hands. One of these sea birds was in the habit of staying in a fisherman's house all the year round except at the breeding season, when it left. About a fortnight ago, while the gull was away, the fisherman removed his home some three and a half miles from the former place.

The fisherman never expected to see his old friend the gull again. It was therefore, much to his astonishment that he beheld on a recent Sunday the sea bird come walking into his new residence with stately steps to resume his old familiarities and household ways.

Paid Advertisement

(This advertisement inserted in behalf of E. A. Mostue, Thief River Falls, Minn. Authorized and paid for by Axel Risberg, Thief River Falls, Minn. Amount paid $5.00.)

The undersigned desires hereby to express thanks and appreciation to his friends throughout the towns of Pennington county for the excellent vote and support accorded my candidacy at the primary Sept. 17.

I appreciate especially the support tendered me by the women vote. Let us all join in the work of raising our schools to the highest standard of efficiency.

Trusting that I anew may merit your indorsement in order that the nomination tendered may result in my re-election at the polls on Nov. 5, I beg to re-affirm my devotion to the cause of education and pledge my best endeavor toward the upbuilding of our schools. Knowing the teachers, the conditions of our schools to some extent, and being in the work, I trust to be able if elected to serve, even to a higher degree than in the past, the people and our schools.

Yours fraternally,
E. A. MOSTUE.

Paid advertisement $1.30 paid by George L. Netteland;

For County Superintendent

I am very thankful for the generous support accorded my candidacy at the primaries, especially by the people of Rocksbury, St. Hilaire and vicinity. I am better known to the voters now than I was then, and I hope to receive a liberal majority at the general election.

I am familiar with our schools and their needs. In order that our schools may reach a high standard of efficiency, I believe that the "stay at home" spirit should be encouraged among our farmer boys and girls, and some instruction along agricultural lines, where it is practicable, ought to be encouraged.

I wish to assure you that if I am elected I shall devote office hours—and all my time—to the attendance upon my official duties, and shall conscientiously devote my energy to the importance of a mutual cause.

Sincerely,
GEORGE L. NETTELAND.

Notice of Special Election

Notice is hereby given that there will be a special election of the qualified electors of the village of St. Hilaire held in and for said village on the 9th day of November, 1912, pursuant to a resolution of the village council of said village and by virtue of chapter 123 of the laws of Minnesota for the year 1905, at a meeting thereof held on the 30th day of October, 1912, for the purpose of determining whether the action of said council at their meeting last aforesaid, authorizing the issue of the bonds of said village to the amount of four thousand dollars, to be dated Nov. 9, 1912, to mature 15 years from the day of the date thereof, to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable annually, and issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village, should be approved and said bonds issue; and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, this 31st day of October, 1912.

J. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder of Said Village

Republican Ticket

For Congress,
HALVOR STEENERSON.
For Legislature,
D. P. O'NEIL.
For County Auditor,
A. H. FASEL.
For Treasurer,
ANDREW TROVATON.
For Clerk of Court,
H. E. IVES.
For Sheriff,
W. J. LABREE.
For County Attorney,
J. M. BISHOP.
For Register of Deeds,
N. J. ANDERSON.
For County Surveyor,
C. H. MARTZ.
For Coroner,
H. R. HALVORSON.
For Commissioner Second District,
DANIEL SHAW.
For Commissioner Third District,
N. E. ANDERSON.
For Commissioner Fourth District,
ED. A. AUEOL.
For Commissioner Fifth District,
A. B. MANDT.

Political Advertisement authorized and to be paid for by the republican county central committee — Lars Backe, chairman; Olaf Ramstad, treasurer at large; Bernhard Knutson, secretary at large; John T. Lattimore, 1st district; C. Swansen, 2nd district; Sander Engebretson, 3rd district; Lars Backe, 4th district; J. R. Larsen, 5th district.)

(Paid Advertisement, $5.00 paid by H. J. Hieber of Thief River Falls, Minn., secretary of the personal campaign committee of Wilhelm Michelet, nonpartisan candidate for the office of judge of probate in and for Pennington county, Minn.)

Wilhelm Michelet

Judge of Probate

Non-Partisan Candidate for Re-election

I respectfully solicit your vote and support.

WILHELM MICHELET.

Order for Hearing on Petition for Correction of Defective Probate Proceedings

State of Minnesota, County of Pennington. } ss

In Probate Court, Special Term, Oct. 11, 1912.

In the matter of the estate of Helmer E. Sevre, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Albert Sevre, representing, among other things, that the description of certain lands belonging to said estate is erroneously described in the petition for license to sell land and in the order of license to sell land as the e½ sw¼ section 7, twp. 153 n, r. 43 w., and praying that the same should be corrected so as to describe said lands as the e½ sw¼ sec. 8, twp. 153 n, r. 41 w.,

It is Ordered, That the said petition be heard before this court on Wednesday, the 20th day of November A. D. 1912, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the probate office in the city of Thief River Falls in said county.

And It is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper printed and published at the village of St. Hilaire in said county.

Dated at Thief River Falls, Minn., the 11th day of October A. D. 1912.

By the Court: WILHELM MICHELET,
(SEAL) o19-3t Judge of Probate.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE
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MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Our $60 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $35 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course under two expert reporters, and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. graduates. No other schools offer this PROOF of superior training!

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CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 7:30 p. m.

Rev. M. S. Ulrhite, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.

Paul N. Palmer, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church —Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.

Rev. I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church.—Services by Rev. E. G. Hjerpe of Chicago Friday, Nov. 8, at 7:30 o'clock in the evening.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. [illegible] Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N.G.

M. W. A. CAMP 5450 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1901, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 102 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. All members cordially invited.
A. Olson, President. Morris Lasfler, Secretary.

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MINN.

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making the Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Selmar Henson was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Mrs. Case came down from Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Commissioner Aubol went to Thief River Falls Thursday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Rolland Fairbanks was in Thief River Falls Tuesday on a business mission.

Miss Louise Wilson visited with friends in Thief River Falls over Sunday.

Mrs. Ina Johnson and Mrs. Anton Anderson were at Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Friends of little Miss Esther Fricker gave her a birthday party Thursday evening.

County Surveyor Martz has been looking after official business at the county capital this week.

Axel Ericksen returned Monday from Warren where he has been employed at harvesting.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Ed Aubol.

Miss Myrtle Blaine left Wednesday for Shevlin, Minn., near which place she will teach school.

Sheriff LaBree was in this vicinity Thursday, presumably looking after his political fortunes.

Come in and look over my new stock of winter shoes and rubbers.
o26 3t-adv Ole Mathson.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. Lazar.

Mrs. Ulmer returned Wednesday to her home at Oslo, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Carl Krueger.

Stenographers earn big salaries. To become a good stenographer attend Mankato Commercial college, Mankato, Minn. adv-2t

For Sale.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-s21-1mo Otto Johnson.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted. adv

H. M. Babcock the druggist, went last evening to Minneapolis for a week's visit with his family and to look after business matters.

A straw vote taken on the train between Crookston and this place recently gave the following:—Wilson 64, Roosevelt 46, Debs 10, Taft 6.

Reports of the national election will be had at the telephone office all night next Tuesday night, and will be given out free of cost to those interested.

Mrs. I. B. Fisher of Crookston, and Mrs. Leedham of Park River, who have been guests of Mrs. A. H. Pitkin, went Wednesday to Crookston.

Wanted. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. Kinder, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

Emil Bessler and family moved Wednesday from Thief River Falls and occupied the residence property recently purchased by him, known as the Stolvick property.

P. O. Hagglund has now moved into his new building. I now have plenty of room and want people to visit me and make themselves at home and get my prices. I sell bulk apples for 75c. I also have apples in barrels and boxes up to $1.75 per bu. adv

Halloween was well observed here. The Spectator wondered at the unusual attentions that had been bestowed upon us, until we learned who was the ringleader of the honorable squad—a man who has made himself famous throughout the northwest wherever he has made his haunts. For all round vileness and malignancy he has no equal, and the wonder is that once he gave his putrid thoughts free rein, that he did not do worse.

C. C. Elliott, the land man, was in town Thursday.

Arne Loberg returned Thursday from Grafton, N. D.

Miss Tyra Wallin was in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Henry Peterson spent Wednesday and Thursday in Red Lake Falls.

Rev. and Mrs. Sand returned yesterday from a visit to Grand Forks.

Chris Bothman and O. W. Brink are shipping cattle to market today.

K. O. Gigstad made a business visit to the county seat on Thursday.

Mrs. J. M. Baban went last evening to Dugdale for a visit with her parents.

Mrs. Anderson, mother of Anton Anderson of Wylie, went Friday to her claim near Mud Lake.

Martin Solum goes next week to the new home in Canada. The family will follow later.

Mike McAndress, who has been very ill, has so far recovered as to have been in town yesterday.

Miss Olga Hanson came over from the school where she is teaching and went to her home at Red Lake Falls yesterday.

Found—In Imperial hall, after the cantata Thursday evening, an Oddefellows' pin. Owner please call on postmaster, pay for this notice, and claim property.

Misses Kate and Inez Patterson of St. Hilaire visited their sister, Miss Mabel Patterson of this city, last Saturday. The young ladies, who are both enthusiastic pedestrians, made the journey on foot.—News-Press.

Ira C. Richardson returned home last Saturday from the Bethesda hospital at Crookston. His condition is slightly improved, but he is still very weak. Louis Lonson and Chris Porter went to Crookston and accompanied him home.—News-Press.

The harvest home cantata, "Fling Out the Banner," given by the children of the M. E. Sunday school was a success, financially and otherwise. All the numbers were taken nicely and showed a great deal of work and patience on the part of those in charge. Where all did so well it is hard to make special mention, but the "Address of Welcome" by Sverre Steen, the solo, "Asters and Golden Rod" by Margaret Patterson, the recitation by Curtis Post, and Albert's Breeches, by Albert Elliott, are worthy of note. Prof Bohem rendered some fine selections on the trombone; and Mrs. Post, Misses Alice and Grace Hall sang, "Crown Him King of Heaven," with trombone obligato by Mr. Boehm. The affair was directed by Mrs O. F. Post with Miss Alice Hall as assistant, and Miss Esther Palmer as pianist.

A Dozen Photographs

Such as you get at Borry's studio, Thief River Falls, make twelve splendid Christmas gifts. adv-o29-4

The Duluth Herald

is the paper to read to get all the political news. Wilson, Roosevelt, Taft, and the rest of the candidates share the Herald's news columns equally.

Slip a dollar bill in an envelope with your name and address and get the Herald for three months. That will cover the campaign

INSTINCT THAT SAVED A LIFE.

Thoroughbred Horse Refused to Step on Body in Roadway.

Stories of the wisdom of animals are not few in the present day, when the humane societies are doing so much to promote the rights of our dumb brethren, yet each new tale is not without its own peculiar interest.

The following true story concerns a horse belonging to a man living in Worcester, Mass., writes Mrs. A. R. Knowlton, in Our Dumb Animals.

Prince was a thoroughbred, his naturally fine instincts sharpened and rendered more acute by his training, for he had known life on the race track, until some slight accident unfitted him for that career and transformed him into a carriage horse.

He was being driven homeward one evening in winter when dusk was fast rendering even nearby objects invisible. Suddenly he stopped short, trembling all over.

In vain his driver urged him to proceed. Prince refused to stir, and the quivering of his muscles increased.

At last the driver left his seat to discover the cause of this unusual behavior. It was soon explained. Just in front of the horse—in fact almost beneath his upraised foot—lay a woman who had slipped, fallen and was unable to rise.

To avoid doing her injury that splendid animal had resolutely held up his fore foot for more than a minute. No wonder he trembled from the strain of his unaccustomed position.

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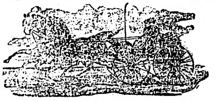

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Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	74
" " 2 "	71
" " 3 "	68
Flax, No. 1	$1.28
" " 2	1.23
Adjected Flax	1.18
Barley, for 48 lbs	38
Oats	22
Rye	52
Eggs	25
Butter	20
" creamery	31
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight	2¼@3¼
Pork, "	6½
" dressed	8½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@8
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	@9
Flour, patent	2.90-3.00
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

How to Go and Forget.

I know how to hold
As the lovers of old—
How to cling to you, sing to you,
Let all the world know the song that I bring to you,
But I do not know yet
How to go and forget.

I know how to call
To the God over all—
How to sigh for you, cry for you,
Fight down the terrible dark till I die for you,
But I do not know yet
How to go and forget.

—Edwin Markham in Delineator.

The Harder Part.

"It is hard to teach an old dog new tricks," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, it's hard to find the new tricks," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

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Give us a trial

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FOR
Co. Attorney

Pennington County Republican Central Committee
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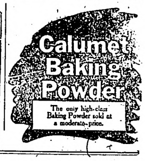
NEAR MEDFORD, OREGON. A TEN ACRE ORCHARD WILL MAKE YOU INDEPENDENT FOR THE REST OF YOUR LIFE, WHICH YOU CAN ENJOY IN COMFORT IN THE MOST DELIGHTFUL CLIMATE ON THIS CONTINENT. HUNDREDS OF MINNESOTA PEOPLE LIVE THERE NOW.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION WRITE TO
CHADBOURN BROS. & CO.,
17 So. 4TH ST. MINNEAPOLIS.



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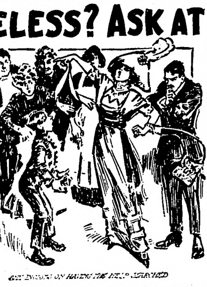
G. W. HOOPER

WOMEN CARELESS? ASK AT THE HOTELS



SHE INSISTS ON HAVING THE HELP SEARCHED

[illegible] THE DESK

IT was the afternoon hour when the corridors of the Waldorf-Astoria are usually crowded with women. Every one of the restaurants was filled, and the tables had overflowed into the oak room and the foyers. A continuous stream of femininity came in at the entrance in the Thirty-third street side nearest Fifth avenue, hurried through the "tunnel" leading to the foyer, turned into Peacock alley, progressed slowly and glacially through it to the office, turned to the left, crossed past the office desk, sought one or more of the [illegible] loiterers crowding and sitting about, hurried through the [illegible] on the [illegible] Thirty-third street corridor, [illegible] to find a [illegible] or perhaps [illegible], or [illegible] start [illegible] on the [illegible].

A woman hurried up to the lost and found [illegible] of the office desk. She held up a gold mesh handbag.

"I saw a woman who had this bag in her hand sit down in the corridor," she said. "She got up a few minutes later and went away, leaving it. I thought she might return, so I kept my eyes on it for a while; but now I have got to go, and as she has not come back I thought I had better turn the bag in to you."

A few minutes later another woman came up to the same place and asked whether anything had been heard of a feather boa, which she was sure somebody had stolen. After a search the clerk produced the boa and she went out of the hotel.

Fifteen minutes afterward a taxicab driver entered and turned in at the office a feather boa which he said a fare from the hotel had left in the cab. To the clerk it looked familiar. He examined it carefully. It was the same boa that had been claimed only a quarter of an hour before.

Only a few minutes had passed when a third woman rushed up. She asked the clerk to please to tell the hotel detectives or the police or the newspapers, or somebody, to find a valuable fur muff which had been stolen from her. She was positive she had left it in her room. The clerk listened attentively to her description. Then he ducked under the counter and solemnly handed her the muff.

"Why, where did you get this?" she demanded.

"It was picked up in the corridor, madam," was the reply.

She signed her name to the receipt book and then went away in the same haste she had come. When the clerk looked up from the book he found she had left her pocketbook on the counter.

The rewards given by women, and men, too, to those who have returned lost property are sometimes astonishingly small. Two women who were occupying an apartment in an exclusive hotel went away to spend the Christmas holidays. One got back the day before the other. When she entered the bedroom she was amazed to see lying on the dressing table a diamond bar pin belonging to her friend. It contained 15 jewels, and was worth several thousand dollars. She was going away from town that same day and simply enclosed the pin, together with a note, in an envelope, and left the latter on the dressing table.

The next morning the other woman showed up. The day after that she sent a hurry call downstairs for the manager.

"Oh, this is tragic!" she exclaimed when the latter entered her room. "My diamond bar pin is gone. It was stolen, I am sure, and you must have the chambermaid arrested."

The manager looked at her. She answered his questions impatiently, but they drew from her the information that when she entered her bedroom the day before she had found a note on the dressing table from her friend, but she was in such a hurry to dress for dinner that she had thrown it aside; and yes, she admitted after some hesitation, it was possible it might have fallen over into the waste basket that stood near.

The chambermaid had straightened up the apartment that morning, and under ordinary circumstances the contents of the waste basket would by this time have been on their way to the city incinerating plant. But it happened to be New Year's day, and the trash collector doesn't work on that holiday, and what had been in the waste basket was now in a big bin below stairs, six feet deep by twelve feet long.

With a chambermaid and a porter the manager betook himself to the basement, and stood by while the two took out the refuse, piece by piece, from the bin. After a solid hour's work, the porter found an envelope, from which he took the missing pin. The owner of it gave him one dollar.

Somewhat similar was the case of another woman at a different hotel, who on the night before she was due to sail for Europe came down to the desk in great excitement. Her valuable pearl necklace was gone. She had wrapped it, she said, during the morning in tissue paper, preparatory to packing it, and must have left it on the bureau.

To the manager the idea of the tissue paper suggested the waste basket. The contents of the waste basket had been taken to the cellar and had been compressed with other refuse into a 250 pound bale. There was but one thing to do, and that was to examine this bale. The manager and the steward set themselves at the task. Piece by piece the paper was removed, but at the end of almost three hours not a sign of the necklace had appeared.

The day after the departure of the steamer the manager received a letter from the voyager, sent ashore by the pilot.

"I am so sorry to have given you so much trouble," it read. "I have found the necklace in my trunk."

A woman from Washington, who always travels with a lot of diamonds, arrived one night at a New York hotel unaccompanied by the maid, who usually traveled with her. About half past nine o'clock the next morning she came downstairs breathless.

"I want those doors locked and nobody permitted to leave this building," she cried. "My chamois bag, in which I carry all my jewels, is gone, and I want all the help searched. When I went to bed last night I laid the bag under a piece of crumpled newspaper in a corner of this shelf in the closet."

"Are you sure that after all you did not put it in your trunk?" suggested the manager.

The woman was indignant at the idea, and demanded that police headquarters be communicated with instantly. When the central office detective reached the hotel the manager called him aside, explaining the situation, and advised him to insist upon the woman opening the trunk. Ten minutes later the sleuth came downstairs grinning.

"The bag was where you said it was, all right," he said to the manager.

An engagement ring figured in a theft charge at a Fifth avenue hotel. A young woman who had been out shopping entered the hotel breathlessly one morning and hurried to her room. In a very short time she was downstairs again, with a demand upon the manager that he have the chambermaid arrested. She said that her engagement ring, which had cost $600 had been stolen from her room and as the chamber maid was the only person who had access to the room, she simply knew the woman had it.

She was so positive in her statement that the manager immediately telephoned to the nearest police station for a plain clothes man. The chambermaid had been in the hotel many years, and was well thought of. A few questions convinced the detective of her innocence. Then he put some questions to the woman who had lost the ring.

She was indignant, but finally remembered that she had put the ring, together with four others, into her pocketbook that morning before breakfast. The purse she had left on her dressing table when she went downstairs to breakfast. That must have been the chance the chambermaid took, for when later in the morning she opened her purse in a department store to pay for some purchases the engagement ring was missing. She insisted that the detective arrest the chambermaid.

The sleuth refused, and decided to make a thorough examination of the room, in spite of the young lady's protests. At one end of the dressing table, on the floor, stood a pair of high shoes. The detective picked one up, and turned it upside down. Out rolled the missing solitaire ring. Apparently when its owner had swept the five rings together to put them into her purse, the solitaire had rolled off the table.

They looked for to express at least some gratification over the recovery of the trinket; but no, she was so enraged over her mistake that she made no amends to the chambermaid she had accused and did not even thank the detective.

Somewhat similar in its outcome was the experience of a woman from Washington. She arrived at a hotel in a fashionable district one night about nine o'clock, and her first order was for a pitcher of ice water. A bellboy took it up and placed it on a table in he rsitting room.

The next morning she called up the manager in a condition bordering on hysteria, and informed him that a big marquise ring containing 32 diamonds was missing. The only person who had been in the room besides herself was a bellboy, and she remembered that before the bellboy entered her sitting room she had taken off her ring and placed it on the table while she was washing her hands.

The bellboy bore a good record. After a search of the room he was put through the third degree. He convinced the manager of his innocence.

The next day, just as she was about to leave the hotel, the woman came in to the manager.

"I feel very much mortified," she said. "I found the ring just now as I went to pack my trunk. "I left the window open the other night and the wind must have blown the curtain so that it swept across the table and took the ring with it. A pair of rubbers was standing by the side of the table, and when I went to pack them in my trunk just now the ring rolled out of one of them."

American Fruit Consumpton.

Statistice for 1909 show that the apple crop of the United States was worth $83,000,00, peaches $28,000,000, grapes $22,000,000, and strawberries $170,000, oranges reaching the same large figures. The people of the United States consumed $10,000,000 of plums and prunes, $7,000,000 of pears and cherries and $5,000,000 of the raspberry.

One of the curious features of this production of fruit has been the lessening of the apple crop, which in the past decade, with a growing population, has decreased from 175,000,000 to 150,000,000 barrels. On the other hand, the production of tropical fruits in continental United States has about trebled in the same time, and ten times as many pineapples are grown now as were produced ten years ago.

Gen. Booth Died a Poor Man.

General William Booth, who made the Salvation army the great organization that it is, died poor. His personal estate amounted to only $2,440 aside from a fund of $26,475 which was settled on him for his private use. General Booth never drew on the army funds for his support or expenses.

Special Marks for Lightning

Nowhere else do the electrical discharges of the atmosphere assume so intense and terrifying a character as on the summits of high mountains. Last August the laboratory of the Society of Observatories, built on the summit of Mont Blanc, was struck by lightning, with fatal results to one of its occupants. This building is of wood, roofed with sheets of copper, and is not provided with lightning rods. It was practically buried in snow at the time of the disaster. The famous Janssen observatory on Mont Blanc was repeatedly struck, although it bore numerous lightning rods, connected by cables to some rocks a few hundred feet distant. This building was of wood and was built on the snow. The effects of the lightning were extraordinary and appalling; the metal tableware was frequently melted or perforated; the bolts and nuts in the walls were melted; the woodwork charred; the metal cap of the large telescope was pierced with holes.

In Gotham.

"Old Dubble isn't giving big contributions for the foreign missions this year."

"No; he's been losing money."

"How's that?"

"They've been publishing a list of the places he owns he's been renting to professional gamblers."

Bees Hold Freight Train

each of whom seemed to have a single thought, to sting as one, proved themselves mightier than the train crew of a Great Northern mixed freight and passenger train between Minneapolis and Hutchinson recently, and there are persons scattered at stations from Crystal Bay to Hutchinson who are wondering why their baggage or freight did not arrive. When the train started from Minneapolis there were ten hives of bees consigned to Rev. Francis Jaeger at St. Bonifacius, Minn. By the time the bees got to Crystal Bay three of the hives were smashed, and as a result no feight was left there, and the car door was closed with a ten-foot pole. At Minnetonka Beach a policeman was asked to restrain the bees from interfering with interstate commerce, but he "flunked" on the job. Father Jaeger now has his bees at St. Bonifacius, but is waiting until their tempers improve before unloading them, and the car—with all the rest of the freight—will stand on the sidetrack for some time.

The Consistency.

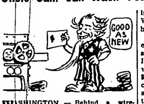
"The face of nature is an appropriate one, is it not?"

"How do you mean?"

"In it, do you not notice that the brow of the hill is always placed above the mouth of a stream?"

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Uncle Sam Can Wash Your Money While You Wait



WASHINGTON. — Behind a wire-screened cage employes of the United States government have now gone into the laundry business. They are washing United States bank notes and ironing them. It is not generally understood that when anybody gets old greenbacks, it does not make any difference whether a dollar or a thousand, if he sent it to the treasury department and requested a new bill he would have to have it. All the bankers in the country have always had the right to turn in all old money and get new for it. The old money was assorted, counted and tied in packages in the treasury department and then taken to a big eyelet machine, where great holes were cut through the bundles of money, and from there it was sent to a macerator, where it was chewed up into fine pulp and then molded to make trinkets for sale. They are not a bit pretty, being a nasty greenish-gray, and are nearly always warped out of shape; but they sell them for souvenirs, as there is a kind of fascination in knowing that the tiny imitation of the Washington monument which you hold in your hand represents $250,000.

The washing machine is still in an experimental stage, it is said, and seems to be doing pretty good work. It is estimated that this will save a vast sum for the treasury. It costs $13.30 to make 1,000 bank notes. It cost but about 50 cents to rejuvenate the same number. Every day there are more than 35,000 bills withdrawn from circulation and destroyed. The cost of replacing these is $465.50, but the cost of washing them and making them as good as new will be but $15.

The machine is 15 feet long and five feet wide, and looks something like a newspaper printing press. It has dozens of rolls, many gears and operates with the same clash and clang. The money is placed between two canvas belts at one end of the machine. It runs through a solution of laundry soap and boiling hot water, where it is thoroughly cleansed. It then enters another vat, in which there is a solution of stiffening material and germ-killing solution. From this vat it is drawn between a gas-heated mangle, where it is ironed.

It emerges from the machine two minutes and 15 seconds after it has started on its 64-foot trip, and is to all intents and purposes a perfect bill. When running at full speed the washing machine can clean about 4,000 bills an hour.

Parson Warns Newlyweds Against "Turkey Trot"

ADMONITIONS as to their future conduct and a warning against the seductions of the "turkey trot" and other such "fancy doin's" were interpolated freely into the marriage ceremony with which Rev. John H. Bunday, pastor of an African Methodist Episcopal church, united a negro couple the other day in the private office of Judge Gorter.

Windeld Boyer, 20 years old, small in stature and not a little frightened, consented to wed Esther C. Newman, 14 years old. Judge Gorter gave an order for a marriage license, offered the use of his office for the ceremony and had an official of the court hunt up a minister.

The preacher read the ceremony impressively, but turned aside now and then to offer advice to the pair where he thought it might have effect.

"Will you live with this woman as your wife always?" he demanded of the trembling bridegroom at the proper part of the ritual. "Not for a little time," he added. "I marry so many of you niggers and tomorrow you are single again. Now you are hitched good; do you understand that?"

"Speak it with your heart, not your lips," he demanded, in putting the question. "Wilt thou have this woman?"

When the ring should have been forthcoming the minister glared at Boyer and asked:

"What have you got to give this woman? You know you must give her something."

The bridegroom, minus the necessary ring, was silent. Bailiff Charles S. Eggleston took off his ring and tendered it for temporary use.

"Don't forget to give it back to the gentleman," the preacher reminded Boyer. "You must get a ring to keep."

Other admonitions were woven into the ceremony, at the end of which the minister delivered a short lecture.

"Live right and stick to each other," he said. "Keep out of foolishness; there's a whole lot of new-fangled fool things in the world today. Don't you have anything to do with this here 'turkey trot' and 'bunny hug' business."

Washington City The Ideal Educational Center

GRADUALLY but surely America is becoming recognized as one of the leading nations in the world for the educational facilities it offers its peoples. The little red schoolhouse is still here, and of necessity will remain in the sparsely settled communities for some years to come. The bad roads that made it difficult for the child of tender years or slight physique to be a regular attendant at these minor but still important seats of learning are gradually becoming better, something which is greatly appreciated by young America.

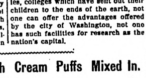
These bad roads are bound to disappear in time, and, strange to say, their improvement means the beginning of the end of the small country school. The amalgamation of school districts will follow; the country high school, located at the Four Corners, will take its proper place as it has already done in some districts; children will gather at central points and be carried to school in community wagons, and the educational standard will be advanced.

Before Washington became the populous and up-to-date city of today it was not looked upon in the same light as other places were, especially by those who had never visited the nation's capital, and regarded it simply as the seat of government—temporary residence for the nation's statesmen.

Times have changed. Washington is now probably better known in outside states for the advantages it offers to those seeking an education than it is at home.

Washington today is looked to as the country's seat of learning, not merely from an academic standpoint, but from a broader vision. It is realized that traditions, the beautiful examples of art as shown by the best works of famous artists, sculptors, architects have an influence for good on those that come here to study, to work. These things have been appreciated by our educational leaders, and while there are famous colleges in other cities, colleges which have sent out their children to the ends of the earth, not one can offer the advantages offered by the city of Washington, not one has such facilities for research as the nation's capital.

A Street Tragedy With Cream Puffs Mixed In.



NEVER run after a street car; nine times out of ten you don't overtake it, and, besides, another will come along some time.

A woman in a linen dress and a great hurry rushed along the south side of the avenue, waving frantically at a car going south. She had only one bundle in her hands, but she handled it rather gingerly, and as it was something in a sack, she grasped it around the top, much as a darky is supposed to hold a chicken by the neck. She sprinted across the walk paying little or no attention to anything but the car, and as she reached the curb she miscalculated the step, stumbled and fell. It wasn't one of those knee-drill falls they teach with the Delsarte style of stunts, but a fall, pure and simple.

She fell on the bag.

Cream puffs are rather tempting looking and decidedly tasty, when properly handled, but connoisseurs and epicures alike are agreed that they ought never to be sat upon, much less lain upon; they have rather a peevish nature, as it were, and are apt to start something. Those in the bag were no exception. They sent out a creamy protest that started somewhere up around the woman neck and continued all the way down her dress front. Vesuvius in its most hilarious moments never poured out a greater flow, in comparison to its size, than that paper bag. The woman was helped to her feet by sympathetic onlookers, who promptly retired when she gave her dress a shake and sent flecks of cream in ninety-seven different directions.

Opposed to It.

"I suppose you are in favor of the principle of home rule?"

"Not any more."

"Then I assume that you were once. What has caused you to change your mind about it?"

"I got married several years ago."

Reasonable Fear.

"I'm afraid Willie has been doing something awfully bad today," said Mrs. Wattleson.

"Why?" asked the boy's father.

"When he went to bed he said his prayers without making a single protest."

NERVOUS HEADACHE

And Numbness in the Hands and Arms.

This Iowa Woman Was in a Serious Condition and Her Cure Will Interest Many.

A cure of unusual interest and importance is related by Mrs. J. H. Morgan, of Correctionville, Iowa. After being a hopeless sufferer from sick headaches, she is now entirely free from attacks. She tells of her cure by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as follows:

"Some years ago I was in a terribly nervous and run-down condition and suffered greatly from nervous headaches. I was treated for three months by a specialist in Chicago, who advised me to wear glasses, but he did not help me. My head seemed as though it would burst, and I had frequent dizzy spells. I was in despair of getting well until I read about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and began taking them. A few boxes cured me and since then I have used them as a family medicine.

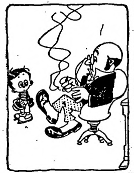
"Before the birth of my last child I suffered untold agony with pain and numbness in my hands and arms up to the shoulders. My hands were so swollen and the muscles so sore that I could hardly dress myself. For a time I could not close my left hand. During the day if I kept moving the pain did not seem to be so bad, but my hands were always numb. I again used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and found them good for this trouble also, as they entirely relieved me."

Unless properly treated sick headache is a disease of many years duration, as it occurs before the twentieth year in two-thirds of the cases and recurs with more or less regularity until the fiftieth year or later. It is usually hereditary and is probably directly caused by a defect in the process which changes the food we eat into blood. Most sufferers are troubled with obstinate constipation which makes it necessary to use a laxative.

An ideal combination treatment is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the new laxative pills, Pinklets. This treatment is fully described in a little booklet, "The Treatment of Sick Headache," which is free on request, together with a sample of Pinklets, the little laxative pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

NOTHING ELSE TO DO.



"Why did you leave your last place?"

"Well, I couldn't get along wid de boss and he wouldn't git out!"

Alphabetically Speaking.

Among a recent batch of candidates for appointment to the police force of Washington was a big darky, evidently of rural origin, who announced his readiness to stand examination.

"Are you a native of this city?" he was asked.

"No, suh. I am from the first state in the Union?"

"A New Yorker?"

"No, suh. I am from Alabama!"

"Alabama is not the first state in the Union, as the saying goes," responded the examiner.

"Alphabetically speaking it is suh," said the candidate with conviction. "Alphabetically speaking."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Lagging Behind.

"Did you see that double play in the last inning?"

"No; I had a girl with me and was still busy explaining the first inning."

Appropriate.

"What did the banker's bride wear at the meeting?"

"Oh, some check goods."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

It's an easy matter to forgive those who trespass against others.

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

The man who invests in green goods must want money bad.

BAD BACKS DO MAKE WORK HARD

Backache makes the daily toil, for thousands, an agony hard to endure.

Many of these poor sufferers have kidney trouble and don't know it.

Swollen, aching kidneys usually go hand in hand with irregular kidney action, headache, dizziness, nervousness and despondency.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, the best-recommended kidney remedy.

Here's an Oregon Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

L. Bonner, Eugene, Ore., says: "I contracted severe kidney trouble through heavy lifting. There was a steady ache across the small of my back, and pains like knife thrusts shot through me. "Doan's Kidney Pills cured after doctors failed, and now my back is stronger than before in years."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

ALBERTA

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

THE PRICE OF BEEF

IS HIGH AND SO IS THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

For years the Province of Alberta (Western Canada) was the Big Ranching Country. Many of these ranches today are immense grain fields and the cattle have given place to the cultivation of wheat, oats, barley and flax; the change has made many thousands of Americans, settled on these plains, wealthy, but it has increased the price of live stock.

There is splendid opportunity now to get a

Free Homestead

of 160 acres (and another as a pre-emption) in the newer districts and produce either cattle or grain.

The crops are always good, the climate is excellent, schools and churches are convenient, markets splendid, in either Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Send to the nearest Canadian Government Agent for literature, the latest information, railway rates, or write: Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

A Husband in Jest.

Solicitor (endeavoring to discover client's legal status)—But, madam, how long is it since you heard from your husband?

Client—Well, yer see, 'e left me the day 'e was married, and truth is, I ain't 'eard nothin' of 'im since, nor wanted; least ways, I did 'ear casual-like that 'e were dead, but it may be only 'is fun.—Punch.

A woman always suspects another woman who never sheds tears.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts —Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

$53,000 Being Given Away

to those who act as the local representatives of Everybody's Magazine and The Delineator—all in addition to liberal commissions. Let us show you how you can

Secure a Share

simply by forwarding the subscriptions of your friends and neighbors and collecting the renewals of our present subscribers. Try for this month's prizes. Write at once to Butterick Publishing Co., Butterick Building, New York City.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves eye irritation caused by dust, sun or wind. Booklet free. JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 44-1912.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE-RHEUMATISM KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

RICH IN CURATIVE QUALITIES-NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS

$927.33 NET FROM 3 ACRES

Remarkable, you say? You can do the same thing. Get some land in Mississippi or Louisiana.

On August 20, 1912, Mr. James A. Cox of Centerville, Miss., writes that in 1912 to date he had gathered 1029 crates of tomatoes and sold them for $927.33. And in this figure he did not take into account the culls which were sold separately.

IT'S THE LAND OF PROMISE

and corn, cotton, alfalfa, oats, fruits, vegetables, hogs and cattle.

Better investigate. Write for illustrated booklets and full information to J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Comm'r, Room K600 Cent. Sta., I.C.R.R., Chicago

AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Trains young men and women for high class business positions.

Bookkeeping, Actual Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, English.

Enter any time. Write for catalog. Address J. J. [illegible], President, Minneapolis, Minn.

BEST
For Every Baking
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER

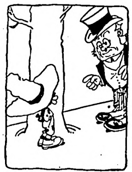
Best—because it's the *purest*. *Best*—because it never fails. *Best*—because it makes every baking light, fluffy and evenly raised. *Best*—because it is moderate in cost—highest in quality.

At your grocers.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill.
Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

HONOR FOR PICKANINNY.



The Old Gentleman—How did you ever come to be named Fido Johnson?

The Pickaninny—Why, old Jedge Smiff he don thought so much of me dat he named me after his dog.

FACE ALMOST COVERED WITH PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS

Atchison, Kan.—"For a number of years I suffered very greatly from skin eruption. My face was very red and irritated, being almost covered with pimples and blackheads. The pimples were scattered over my face. They were a fine rash with the exception of a few large pimples on my forehead and chin. My face burned and looked red as if exposed to either heat or cold. It was not only unsightly but very uncomfortable. I tried several remedies but couldn't get any relief. I was recommended to use Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment.

"I applied the Cuticura Ointment in the evening, leaving it for about five minutes, then washing it off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. I washed with the Cuticura Soap and hot water also several times during the day. After about four months of this application, my face was cleared of the pimples. I still use the Cuticura Soap." (Signed) Miss Elsie Nielson, Dec. 29, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Safe Betting.

Little Andrew had been repeatedly urged to hasten his dressing. Suddenly he knelt, crossed and clasped his hands like a pictured angel and voiced this earnest petition:

"Oh, God, don't let me dawdle. Or, God, keep me from dawdling. But if you want to, God, make my mother reconciled to my being slow!"

"There, mamma," he exclaimed, rising, "I've done my best, haven't I? 'Course, if God chooses to keep me from dawdling he will, and if he don't I can't help it. But," with a sudden, joyous energy, "I'll bet you a dollar I'll be just as slow tomorrow as today."

Its Kind.

"What interest has the dog in the chase of the poor cat?"

"I guess it is some purr scent."

25 CTS. PISO'S REMEDY 25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

NOTES from MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Cull the ewe flock.

Be careful in milking.

Sheep need care and feed.

Good fences are important.

Lime may be applied to the soil at any time.

The best seed corn is that grown on one's own farm.

Potatoes are as cheap this year as they will ever be again.

The dairy cow should essentially be a large and rich milker.

A coat of whitewash in the poultry house adds both beauty and profit.

Hogs running in the corn field are healthier than those shut in a pen.

To have horses of endurance give the colts a chance to develop their muscles.

Don't waste your time cutting corn for fodder after one good frost strikes it.

The only way to make sheep pay is to keep the best sheep and give them the best care.

Change of pasture makes fat cattle, they say. Variety in feed also makes cows better milkers.

The value of a hog depends upon his ability to make good pork. This is equally true of all breeds.

Are you keeping the boys and girls properly supplied with good "tools" to do their work in the schoolroom?

Your lambs ought to be big enough now to bring a good price. Let them go and give the rest a better crance.

The hay stock without a good top is just about on a par with the corn shock that has nearly twisted down.

Feeding the drop apples to the stock will save much grain and act as a good appetizer for the animals.

Because a cow is a hearty eater is no sign that she is profitable, but all large and profitable cows are hearty eaters.

Millet should be cut before the seeds are ripe, in fact, after it is well headed out it is a candidate for the mower.

Don't leave the sheep in a dry, short pasture. Give them a chance in a fresh pasture or give a good grain ration.

Corn is ready to be cut for silage when the grain is in the dent and glazed but can still be broken with the thumb nail.

If you produce your own seed grain it is important to select it early out of the best part of the crop and take good care of it.

The fatality among pigs during the abnormally heated spell was in many cases increased, if not wholly caused, by putrid swill barrels.

Lung troubles in swine are frequently the result of dust and filth snuffed through the nostrils while feeding on the ground.

Pigs that have been properly grown up to five months with big strong frames, can be rounded up quickly for market with a ration consisting largely of corn.

If more sheep were kept by farmers right along, instead of having them when feed stuffs are high in price and sheep vice versa, more money could be realized.

Keep your eye open for a better ram than you have been using. No use tramping the same ground over year after year. Get a little farther along the road to better things.

There is no better balancer for stock wintered on corn fodder than cowpeas. They furnish just the elements that are lacking in all feeds like corn, cane or kafir fodder and timothy hay.

Churning troubles appear as soon as cold weather sets in. But not all the churning troubles are due to cold weather; the cow that has been giving milk for a long time is apt to furnish cream that is slow to "come."

Feed is plenty this fall and cheaper than it has been for some time. This does not mean that it will stay cheap all winter for should it be a hard winter the feed would lessen fast. The time to buy feed, if any is needed, is in the fall.

Just as soon as wire fencing begins to rust, it begins to deteriorate in value, and this deterioration can be easily and quickly checked by applying a coat of cheap paint whenever the galvanizing starts to peeling off in spots.

Buy the best eighteen or twenty pound milk cans. Light weight cans are all right around the home dairy, but they are not economical for the hauling to milk to the factory or being banged around on trains and railroad platforms. They will not last.

Fly time has passed.

Clean the poultry yard.

Pigs must have sunshine.

Burn the old nesting material.

In producing wool and mutton there is no waste.

A foul dairy makes no producer of prize-winning butter.

Livestock is the basis of most farmers' success in farming.

Sharpen and repair the garden tools for next season's use.

Feed is cheaper and more plentiful than it has been for years.

A cork soaked in oil makes a good substitute for a glass stopper.

All fruit should be graded and crated, especially for private marketing.

So far as can be done select the largest, and best sows for breeders.

Corn will dry out better if the shocks are kept down to a reasonable size.

Deep plowing and the gas tractor are the Gold Dust Twins of the new agriculture.

Wrap the young fruit trees early, to prevent the rabbits from gnawing and killing them.

Many of the troubles with both young and old horses may be traced to bad teeth.

Hogs will be high next year and it will pay to give those fall pigs a good start towards winter.

The first cold rains are hard on the cows and they should be kept in the barn in such weather.

A good pasture makes a brimming milk pail; and silo makes possible good winter pasture.

A little clover or alfalfa mixed with the silage when filling the silo will prove a profitable mixture.

Bran is worth more, pound for pound, as a part of a ration for a work horse than alfalfa meal.

The man who makes a business of cow keeping instead of a chore is on the right road to better profits.

In the development of horses, as well as elsewhere, judgment must be exercised as well as the muscles.

Just how long a breeding sire should be kept depends upon the excellence of the animal in question.

The way to increase the appetite of a horse, if such a thing is necessary, is to change his diet frequently.

'Twill soon be time to bind something around those small fruit trees, to stop rabbits from feasting on the bark.

Baling corn fodder is a new idea, but if it works out well it will save a good deal of hard and disagreeable work.

After all that may be said in favor of other pastures, clover stands at the head when it comes to right thing for pigs.

Mulching isn't to keep the strawberries from freezing, but to keep them from thawing after the ground is frozen.

Extremes and sudden changes in feeding, watering and salting will cause acute indigestion in sheep that is usually fatal.

Bear in mind that corn fodder, or fodder corn, must not be cut early for it means a loss of a large part of its feeding value.

Keep all the rotten fruit well cleaned up around the orchard, as these constitute the winter quarters of numerous orchard pests.

Look over the young stock carefully before disposing of it. A prize heifer or an exceptional colt may slip away and the credit and benefit go to some other man.

In the rush and hurry to keep up with the fall work we must not forget to provide plenty of bedding for all stock and see that it is dry. Wet bedding is a disease producer.

Every sheep that has lost one single tooth through old age is a candidate for the meat market. Don't stand in the way of her getting there; she may not weather another winter.

The most suitable time to apply lime in rotation is when preparing the land for wheat or hay following potatoes and corn, or as a top dressing on young clover and grass.

Use a low, wide-tired wagon in the orchard, and thus avoid cutting up the sod and dragging the lower limbs over the bed, peeling and breaking them.

When ironing, place a folded rug or piece of carpet to stand on. The amount of ease this will give the feet has only to be tried to be appreciated.

Don't put off till spring any outside work that can be done now. Clean up the garden and haul out manure, and when possible push the plowing before snow flies.

To secure the most seed, clover for thrashing should be allowed to thoroughly ripen before being cut, as the hulls must be brittle and easily opened, so the clover huller will thrash out the seed well.

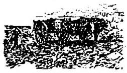
Potatoes that have taken a second growth are spoiled for table use and are greatly weakened for seed. The same holds good with beets; a second growth destroys the sugar content and makes them woody and tasteless.

FARM AND BEES

USE KELP AS A FERTILIZER

Many Farmers Along Maine Coast Gather Seaweed in Large Quantities and Scatter on Land.

The main in the picture is one of the many farmers on the Maine coast who gather kelp to put on their lands as fertilizer. Kelp is a seaweed which is washed up on the shore, and at low tide, farmers along the Atlantic coast gather it in large quantities and spread it upon their land. This makes a very good fertilizer, particularly as so few animals are raised in New England that stable manure is scarce. However, as kelp is now being used quite extensively in the manufacture of drugs and other things, it is becoming more valuable for those purposes than for fertilizer, and the wonder is what these seashore farmers will do next to obtain something to enrich their soil.



Gathering Kelp.

BEE-KEEPING FOR A FARMER

No Agricultural Property Will Make Equal Returns for Trouble Caused by Honey Insects.

A great many farmers seem to think that honey bees are not worth anything, but still they value what they make very highly. Every one of them would be glad to have honey on his table all the time. If they would just take a little extra time and labor they could have all they wanted.

Just have a few hives in the back yard, and you will have all the honey you want for your own use. If you have not any time at all to spend with bees, why not let your wife or the children have a few colonies?

Bee-keeping is a light, pleasant outdoor work. Considering the time required and money spent, there is nothing that will net the owner any more than the keeping of bees.

As high as ten dollars' worth of honey has been gathered by a single swarm of bees; but generally they gather about two dollars' worth in one season.

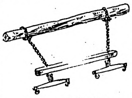
Many people would keep bees if it were not for their stings. A beekeeper does not get stung often—he would not any more think of getting stung in picking up a handful of bees than you would in picking up a towny little chick.

Honey is a good food for the sick and well, old and young. It can be used a great many ways in the kitchen in preparing things for the table.

TO HITCH A CORNSTALK POLE

With Fastening of Chain Near End of Each Double-Tree Considerable Trouble Is Obviated.

Hooking a stalk pole by fastening a long chain from notches to cleavers in the center of the double tree, often causes a lot of trouble by the ends jerking back and forth, caused by light and heavy places in the stalks. With the fastening of chain near the end of each double tree the trouble is obviated.



Hooking a Stalk Pole.

Locating the Apiary.

In starting an apiary the first thing to be considered is the selection of a suitable location for the hives. This should be in some open or nearly open place where there will be no overhanging branches from trees to interfere with the operation of the apiarist, convenient to some building to be used as a shop for preparing and storing hives and apparatus, and near enough to the house to be easily watched in swarming time, and, above all, in a place sufficiently level to make it easy to get around the hives and keep the grass mowed about and around them.

Buying Bees.

Bees may be bought at this season very cheaply and, if you are a good judge of colonies, they may be bought and moved a few miles in a spring wagon if handled very carefully. But it is next to impossible to ship hives full of bees and honey by railroad at this time of year. Anyone contemplating buying had better contract now and ship in early spring after the most of the honey has been consumed, and the combs toughened by age.

Bees in the Winter.

Late in the fall after the close of the honey flow bees cluster in a compact mass for the winter, usually on the central combs, and so remain until settled weather in the spring, or until brood rearing is well established.

Winter Income.

Many farmers have little or no income during the winter months. A small greenhouse rightly managed will insure a nice little income, and will add not only dollars, but pleasure and satisfaction to the farm life.

KILLING SURPLUS OF DRONES

California Bee Keeper Gives Description of Sieve He Has Used and Found to Be Satisfactory.

W. A. Sedding of Monterey, Cal., gives in Gleanings the following quick way of killing a surplus of drones:

"I have read in the bee journals a description of a queen-sieve and its uses, but never saw a drone-sieve described, although the occasion for its use may arise in every apiary sometimes. Here is one that I have been using with good results: I nail a queen-excluder to the bottom of an empty hive body and set it on top of another hive body close to the hive to be operated on, and shake into this sieve bees and drones from every comb except the queen, and cover it as quickly as possible. After replacing the combs I put a Porter bee escape on top, and on this the sieve with the drones, after having brushed off the bees that have clustered on the under side of the sieve. Next morning you find all the bees that remained with the drones have passed down the escape, and the drones on their backs kicking the bucket. To shorten the agony of death, I put the sieve over a teaspoonful of burning sulphur, and in a minute it's all over."

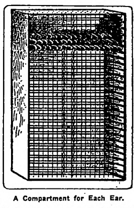
REPOSITORY FOR SEED CORN

Details of Rack That Is Mouse-Proof and as Each Ear Is Separate They Dry Out Quickly.

Here is a very useful rack for saving and drying seed corn. To make it, take two pieces of 2x6, 4 feet long, for the bed pieces, and two pieces of 3x4, 6 feet long, for the upright posts. Gain the posts on to the bed pieces and bolt and nail them securely, says the Farm and Home. Then take two six-quart milk pans and place the end of the post in the center of the pan and mark it.

Cut two slits cornerwise across the place marked on the pan, turn up the points and slide the pan down over the post to a point 20 inches from the bottom and nail it to the posts. Now take 1x12-inch hardwood boards of whatever length you wish to make the rack and nail them to the posts 1⅛ inches apart.

With a pair of dividers set to 2⅝ inches, commence at one end ¾ inch from the lower edge of the bottom of the board and space up to the top of the boarding. Space up the same on the other end and with a chalk line strike lines from end to end.



A Compartment for Each Ear.

Then set the dividers at 1½ inches, and commencing ½ inch from the inside of the post space lengthwise on top and bottom of boarding. With a straightedge or chalk line make perpendicular lines. With a 11-64 bit or drill bore a hole at each intersection, and drive 20d spikes from both ways as illustrated. This will give a 3-inch circle for each ear of corn.

If you cannot get a 1x12-inch hardwood boards for this purpose, get 2x 12 plank and use 30d spikes. A space 2½ feet square, using both sides of the rack, will hold a bushel of corn. The rows at the bottom of the cut show the heads of the spikes. This rack is mouse-proof and as each ear is kept from coming in contact with the others, the corn will quickly dry out.

Improving the Farm.

A farmer may not seem to be adding to his bank account at all these hard times, but so long as his farm is improving he is all right. A man who starts with a common farm and ends with a good one has made a success, and a good farm will carry him safely through the declining years of life.

Bees and Farm Notes

Cut the silage into one-half inch pieces.

Distribute thoroughly in silo and pack well.

Kep bees at any rate. They are no trouble.

Corn cut too early makes sour, watery silage.

Cut corn for silage when kernels begin to glaze.

Good farming is impossible without good teams.

A little wet straw with oats sown on it seals the silo effectively.

The improvement and utilization of muck land is increasing rapidly.

When plowing in the fall is one of the best times for deepening the soil.

If corn is dry when put into the silo, wet it by running water into the blower.

Watch your machinery for loose bolts and nuts, and don't forget the oil can.

Barbed wire fences are not worth while if you can't keep them well stretched and stapled.

There is a tendency on the part of some seedsmen to introduce old varieties under new names.

Muck is an abnormal soil consisting largely of the remains of plants in an advanced stage of decay.

Invent a better way to save the barnyard manure and you have a sure thing game you can play for profit and win.

Smoke Pleasure and other Pleasures for the Man Who Smokes

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

There is smoke pleasure in this pure old Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf. Thousands prefer it to all others. Thoroughly aged and stemmed and then granulated—there is no better.

One *and a half* ounces of this choice tobacco cost only 5c, and with each sack you get

A Free Present Coupon

The other pleasures are the presents that are secured with the coupons in each sack of *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture. These presents delight old and young. Think of the pleasure that you and your friends can get from a talking machine, free, or such articles as—fountain pens, balls, skates, cut glass, china, silverware, tennis racquets, fishing rods, furniture, etc.

As a special offer, during November and December only we will send you our new illustrated catalog of presents, FREE.

Just send us your name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSESHOE, J.T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*10c-tin double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags and coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.,
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Stops Backache

Sloan's Liniment is a splendid remedy for backache, stiff joints, rheumatism, neuralgia and sciatica. You don't need to rub it in—just laid on lightly it gives comfort and ease at once.

Best for Pain and Stiffness

Mr. Geo. Buchanan, of Welch, Okla., writes:—"I have used your Liniment for the past ten years for pain in back and stiffness and find it the best Liniment I ever tried. I recommend it to anyone for pains of any kind."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is good for sprains, strains, bruises, cramp or soreness of the muscles, and all affections of the throat and chest.

Got Entire Relief

R. D. Burgoyne, of Maysville, Ky., RR, 1, Box 5, writes:—"I had severe pains between my shoulders; I got a bottle of your Liniment and had entire relief at the fifth application."

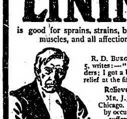
Relieved Severe Pain in Shoulders

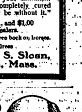
Mr. J. Underwood, of 2000 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill., writes:—"I am a piano polisher by occupation, and since last September have suffered with severe pain in both shoulders. I could not rest night or day. One of my friends told me about your Liniment. Three applications completely cured me and I will never be without it."

Price 25c., 50c., and $1.00 at All Dealers.

Send for Sloan's free book on horses.

Address
Dr. Earl S. Sloan,
Boston, Mass.





W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W.L.Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

5 PER CENT SOLUTION

OF THIS COMPOUND WILL

Kill Germs

of Distemper, Pink Eye, Epizootic,

Catarrhal Fever and Influenza, under the microscope.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

Given on the Horse's Tongue, it unites with the fluids of the alimentary canal, thrown into the blood passes through the glands and expels the Germs of Disease. Absolutely safe and sure for Brood Mares, Baby Colts and all others. Do not depend on any powder in this class of Diseases. Give it to brood mares in times of distemper. Booklet, "Distemper, Causes, Cures and Prevention," free. Druggists and Harness Shops sell Spohn's Cure. 50 cents, $5.00 a dozen; $1.00, $10.00 a dozen.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

READY FOR CONFERENCE.

Over Two Hundred Delegates Expected to Attend Annual Meeting.

Austin.—The twenty-first Minnesota [illegible] conference of Charities and Correction will open here in the Methodist church. The delegates commenced to arrive and there is prospect of over 200 from a distance.

At the opening meeting Mayor A. C. Page made an address of welcome with a response by Miss Caroline M. Crosby, of Minneapolis, head resident of the Unity Settlement House. Rev. John F. Ryan, D. D., of St. Paul [illegible], president of the conference, made [illegible] address on "The Attitude of the State Toward Social Distress." Professor Charles D. Merica, the new superintendent of the state training school for boys at Red Wing, [illegible] on "The Boy Who Goes Wrong."

Friday was "legislative day," and [illegible] of subjects connected with the [illegible] money, labor legislation and [illegible] and other [illegible] problems was discussed. Saturday was "health day," and the subject of tuberculosis was prominent. [illegible] of inspection of schools, visiting nurses and public health crusades were [illegible] the special subjects brought up and discussed. The conference closed Sunday evening.

The Women's clubs of Austin entertained the women delegates to the conference at a reception held in the Commercial club rooms on Friday afternoon. The delegates were taken in a party around Austin and its suburbs.

The officers of the conference are: President, Rev. John A. Ryan, of St. Paul; vice presidents, [illegible] W. Johnson, [illegible], Dr. A. F. Kilbourne, Rochester; secretary, Henry F. Burt, Pillsbury Settlement House, Minneapolis; enrolling secretary, Professor George A. Franklin, Austin. Efficient local committees have made adequate arrangements for the care and comfort of all delegates and visitors.

The Minnesota child labor committee held its annual meeting, W. D. Washburn, Jr., being chairman. E. E. Holmes, of the state labor bureau, spoke on "The Operation of the New Child Labor Law," and the general discussion was led by Mrs. James S. Thurston, of Minneapolis.

The general program contains the names of many of the leading experts of the west on subjects relating to charities and correction of poverty and causes and the promise is for one of the most helpful and effective conferences ever held.

VICE CRUSADE ON.

Conviction Against Owners of Property Only Solution.

Minneapolis.—A very sweeping recommendation, which, if carried into practice, promises an effective step toward the control of the vice problem of Minneapolis, has just come from the Hennepin county grand jury.

A resolution was passed urging the city council to make some provision by which owners of property, which has been found to be used for immoral purposes, may officially be notified of that use so that in the event of a second conviction of a tenant for operating a disorderly house, the owner may be presumed to have been aware of the use to which his property had been put.

The question has been under consideration by the grand jurors for several weeks. Under the present law, owners of property are liable for the acts of their tenants, if their buildings are used for immoral purposes, if it can be shown that the owner is aware of such use. This law has been difficult to enforce, because of the task of proving that the owner possessed such information.

Wife Loses Race With Death.

Rochester, Minn.—Just a few moments before his wife arrived at his bedside in a fast race with death, C. Sheridan, prominently connected with the street railway company of Duluth, passed away in this city. Mr. Sheridan came to Rochester a few days ago to consult the Drs. Mayo. Wednesday his condition became serious and a telegram was sent to Mrs. Sheridan telling her to come at once.

Frost Wrecks Train.

Minneapolis.—The frost covered rails and a steep grade hurled a Soo freight engine drawing fifty cars into the ditch near Robbinsdale, piled six cars in a heap and endangered the lives of the train crew. The long train blockaded wagon traffic on the Osseo and Rockford roads and lines of teams and autos were lined up for a quarter of a mile on either side while the wreckage was being cleared.

Politicians Arrange Debate.

Brainerd.—Immediately following the announcement of a union meeting in politics at Pequot in which Colonel Freeman Thorp, a noted artist, has arranged to have Democratic, Roosevelt, Socialist and Taft speakers participate, comes notice that the Crow Wing county Socialist central committee has engaged the Brainerd opera house November 2 for a joint debate between Colonel Thorp and Beecher Moore, of Minneapolis, debating respectively Republican and Socialist issues.

Great Linseed Oil Producer.

Minneapolis.—Minneapolis now leads the world in the output of linseed oil and its by-products. The oil industry ranks with that of flour milling in placing this city in a conspicuous place on the commercial map.

Prairie Fire Sweeps 10,000 Acres.

Crookston.—What is the first prairie fire of the season burned over 10,000 acres of land near Euclid Wednesday, threatening a portion of the village and destroying several [illegible] of hay.

NEW MINE LOCATED

Pascoe in Charge of Operations for Duluth Company.

Brainerd.—The Thompson mine of the Inland Steel Company, at Crosby, has commenced stockpiling. Officials of the Cuyuna-Duluth Mining Company have decided upon the location of the mine to be established on the townsite ground leased by the Cuyuna-Duluth Company and John H. Hill and E. A. Lamb, Jr.

Captain William Pascoe, who made such a good record sinking the shaft of the Cuyuna-Mille Lacs Company mine, will have charge of the sinking. Work will be prosecuted vigorously and the company expects to ship heavily next season.

Captain James Bale and W. L. Gorrie, of Duluth, visited the property of the Section 30 Development Company during the week. Carl Zapffe, the geologist, and W. A. Barrews, a mining man of Brainerd, accompanied M. S. Stutchburg, an English capitalist, over the range and gave him a comprehensive view of the mining and development work being done. Crosby and other range towns were visited.

The Brainerd-Cuyuna Mining Company, of which Duluth men are officials and stockholders, recently held a meeting to consider the advisability of sinking a shaft this season. The matter is still under consideration.

S. F. Alderman and wife, of Brainerd, have given an option to Charles W. Potts, of Deerwood, to purchase for $12,000 the east half of the northeast quarter, the east half of the west half of the northeast quarter of section 29, township 45, range 30, the consideration being $500 and the option expiring Nov. 1.

Percy A. Gough, of Deerwood, has filed a release of option on lands in the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 8, township 45, range 28, and owned by M. K. Schwartz, of Brainerd. J. F. Lawson has given to Charles W. Potts, of Deerwood, an option for thirty days to purchase for $800 lands in section 6, township 45, range 29. Pitt brothers have placed a drill at the east side of the Bay Lake in section 14, township 45, range 28, outside of the Clearwater district. They have optioned a few tracts. Gaylord & Guith are drilling for them. Joe Raymond, of Crosby, has put in a drill on his addition near Crosby.

DRAGS HIMSELF HOME

Probably Dying Man Found in Pool of Blood on Steps.

Minneapolis.—Very probably dying, with his skull fractured in five places and deep knife gashes in the back of his neck, wounds received in a desperate battle with two highwaymen who stopped him at Third street and Twelfth avenue south, Charles Novasat crawled on his hands and dragged himself seven blocks to his home.

In his only moments of consciousness since he collapsed on the steps, Novasat said two dark-skinned men held him up and that he battled with them as long as his strength held out. Believing the dark-skinned men might be negroes, Detectives Frank Regan and Fritz Ohman arrested Joseph Brooks, negro porter in a saloon. Residents said he had been going about the district with a revolver.

A large revolver was found on the prisoner, but he was able to establish an alibi as to his whereabouts throughout the night. Captain Louis Hansen, chief of detectives, said a charge of carrying concealed weapons likely

MAN GORED TO DEATH.

Fatal Accident to Janitor of Lutheran College at Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls.—The Park Region Lutheran college at this place keeps a small herd of cattle to supply the students in the boarding school with milk and the cattle are in the pasture a short distance from the college buildings.

Among them is a fine Jersey bull which was presented to the college by the Red Wing seminary. Friday evening O. J. Langlie, the college janitor, went to the pasture to milk the cows and when he failed to return search was instituted and the body was found late in the night. He had been attacked by the bull which had gored him in a horrible manner.

For Vice Suppression.

Minneapolis.—Two very effective steps, looking toward the regulation of the social evil in Minneapolis have been taken by the city council. It has adopted an ordinance creating a public morals commission.

Party Born at Winona.

Winona, Minn.—That the city of Winona is the birthplace of the National Progressive party was the statement of John M. Parker, prominent New Orleans Democrat, aligned with the Roosevelt followers, in an address in this city. He asserted that when President Taft delivered his famous Winona tariff speech he uttered the words that started the growth of the Progressives. The seed sown then budded last June at Chicago. Mr. Parker's address was delivered at the first local Progressive rally.

Meagher Is Bound Over.

Minneapolis—After being re-arrested on a charge of manslaughter, L. E. Meagher, appeared in municipal court and was bound over to the grand jury. His bail was fixed at $5,000, which he furnished and was released.

Meagher is charged with causing the death of Clara Mattson, at Seven Corners, when he struck and knocked her down with his automobile. Meagher is a member of the commission firm of Meagher & Parsons, 123 Sixth street north.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Hastings. — All slot machines and gambling devices have been ordered out of business houses in Hastings.

White Bear, Oct. 26.—John Claypool 22 years old, a laborer, was killed when struck by an inbound Northern Pacific.

Caledonia. — The new Caledonia State bank has been chartered by the secretary of state. The bank is capitalized at $25,000.

Waseca. — Fire broke out in the three-story brick building belonging to the Grapp Furniture company and destroyed the entire contents of the store.

Park Rapids.—Business men here have organized a credit association. A paid official will keep a rating record of all credit customers in the community.

Caledonia. — Stock shippers have large numbers of cattle and hogs on hand and find it impossible to secure sufficient cars. From eight to ten cars are being shipped daily.

Minneapolis. — Starting out from Minneapolis Monday or Tuesday night, a special train will tour the state next week in the interests of President William Howard Taft.

Buhl.—John Hill, who is a miner, has been arrested and jailed on a charge of furnishing liquor to Mrs. Nicholas Mattson of Spina, that resulted in her intoxication and which was followed by the cremation of her two young children.

Rochester.—The city of Rochester was visited by a disastrous fire early Sunday that totally destroyed a half block of business buildings and for a time threatened to wipe out the entire section of that district. The loss will reach $50,000 or more. Twenty-two horses were burned to death.

Marshall. — But little interest is manifested here in politics. M. E. Mathews of Marshall and Judge I. N. Olson of Sleepy Eye are running a close race for judge of the ninth judicial district. G. B. Bjorson of Minneota will have no opposition for the legislature. The only county office contested for will be that of sheriff. Elmer E. Foster (rep.) and John Munroe (dem.) are making a thorough campaign, both claiming to be in the lead.

Minneapolis.—A total of more than 173 Soo Line pay checks, aggregating in value $8,000, and all easy to cash at stores and saloons, are at large in Minneapolis, following the bold daylight robbery of a youthful messenger through an elaborately worked-out ruse. The messenger boy, Oscar Christianson, 16 years old, was relieved of the checks by a robber who succeeded in convincing the lad that he was an employee of the road sent to take the checks back to the paymaster's office to rectify certain errors.

Austin.—At the donference of state charities and correction here, Judge E. F. Waite, of the juvenile court, Minneapolis, was elected president of the conference for the next year and Minneapolis was chosen as the place of meeting, the time to be designated later by the executive committee. Other officers chosen: First vice president, G. A. Franklin, superintendent of the city schools, Austin; second vice president, Mrs. C. G. Higbee, St. Paul; general secretary, Miss Jean A. Poirtier, Duluth; enrolling secretary, Otto W. Davis, assistant secretary of the Minneapolis Civic and Commerce Association.

Pipestone.—A. C. Finke of Hills, who was nominated for the legislature on the republican ticket at the recent primary election, will without doubt be the representative of the sixteenth district, taking the place of Colonel Harrison White of Luverne, who was defeated at the primary. Soon after the primary there was talk that an independent candidate would be placed in the field against Finke, and efforts were made to get S. B. Nelson of Luverne and C. W. Gilmore of Pipestone to file independently. These efforts were fruitless, and now Rev. H. N. Hanson of Pipestone, prohibition candidate for the legislature, announces he will not make the race against Finke, but instead will assist him in his campaign.

St. Peter.—Nicollet county is one of the first in the state to appropriate money for a county hospital, as provided for under the state law. Availing themselves of the authority conferred upon them, the members of the board of county commissioners have formally designated the Harlow hospital in this city as the Nicollet county hospital, and have appropriated $1,000 to be used for the purchase of equipment. The institution is provided with a considerable quantity of necessary equipment, and the appropriation was made to purchase the remainder. In return the management for a period of ten years. Heretofore agrees to furnish a bond of $2,000 to conduct the institution as a hospital county charges requiring hospital treatment have been sent to New Ulm and Mankato.

Pipestone.—Lively competition was entered into by the bidders for the big sewer job to be done by the city of Pipestone, and George S. Redmon, a local contractor, landed the contract on a bid of $11,300.85. The work includes the laying of extensions in sewer districts already established and work will probably be commenced this fall.

Mankato. — Three hundred tons of coal stored in the new detached heating plant of the State Normal school was discovered to be on fire. After several hours' work the source of the fire was discovered and extinguished.

Brainerd. — Mrs. Mary Phillips, age 52, wife of E. J. Phillips, was thrown from a buggy in which she was riding with her husband and struck on her head, suffering concussion of the brain, which caused her death four hours later. The accident occurred east of the city as the couple were driving to their home.

St. James. — While George Nelson and Joe Thuel were crossing the Minneapolis & St. Louis tracks in this city last evening, a freight train collided with their automobile. Thuel sustained a broken leg and other injuries and Nelson was badly bruised.

PUZZLES IN FOOTBALL

Line Must Be in Two Places at Same Time.

Present Revival of Regulations Promises to Give Many Coaches More Worries—Situation Not Clear to "Rooter."

Wizards of football, the men who devise the plays and direct the big college elevens, are facing a proposition this fall that has never been presented before in the history of the sport, that of mapping out a defense that will be in two places at the same time and that can cover a territory which may extend over almost the field. While the radical departure from the old smashing game that came with the change in the rules in 1906, gave trouble to the coaches for a season or two, the present revival of the regulations promises to give them even more worries.

During the career of the forward pass, the twenty-yard zone placed a limitation upon the hurling proclivities of the offensive team that could be governed by the secondary defense of the opponents' backfield. It was comparatively easy for the backs, stationed as they were behind the line of scrimmage and near the ends, to block the forward passes. But with abolishment of the twenty-yard zone, the secondary defense is left without a base to work from. Now it will be possible to pass the ball as far forward as the team pleases, which means practically as far as a swift end can travel while opposing team is being blocked. To the secondary defense, or to some new arrangement of defense, will be left the task of stopping such plays, and judging by the speed of the ends that was displayed last season it will not be an easy one.

On the other hand, the game as predicted from the new rules, offers exceptional opportunities for a modified form of the old line smashes. With four trials to make the required ten yards instead of the three downs, this year's game promises the use of the plunging play. Plunging under the three-down rule and with assistance prohibited gave little opportunity for long gains where the defense was fairly strong. Now with an additional trial, just that much more chance is brought in play. And besides the secondary defense bids fair not to have its strong position immediately back of the line and ready to stop any back who tackles. This defense will be watching for long forward passes and the work of playing thirty yards down the field and immediately back of center seems impossible.

So it is indeed a problem, and one that will be watched with interest by every lover of the gridiron game. That such geniuses as Fielding H. Yost and Walter Camp have already formed some plan goes without saying. They have always had plans way in advance. But for the average "rooter" and the coach of less ability, the situation is far from clear and probably will not be till the masters have shown the way.

Gossip Among Sports

Stagg believes in mud balls to condition athletes.

Princeton has won all five games played with Harvard since 1887.

Nobody seems to known what becomes of football coaches during the "off" season.

Wolgast and McFarland will fight. Wolgast and McFarland won't fight. Take your choice.

Griffith says if he can land one more .300 hitter for his outfield he will cop the rag next year.

Sam Crane calls Johnny Evers "the will-o'the-wisp unpiratical visionary." It sounds good, anyway.

The veteran Bob Unglaub is said to have applied for a position as umpire in the American association.

A new peril has been added to football in the north of Ireland. They have injected politics into it.

Rube Waddell's winning figures are stated at .625 per cent. for the season. Not so bad for a down-and-outer.

Cornell has been able to win only one game from Pennsylvania in all the years they have met on the gridiron.

Plans are being made to send a squad of American athletes to Australia to take part in some exhibition meets.

Under Joe Birmingham's administration the Naps won eighteen out of twenty-four games, which is going some.

Greedy promoters have been blamed for many things, but they never were a circumstance to the greedy boxers of the present.

Christy Mathewson is willing to pitch any day but Friday. He says he can't remember when he has won a game on that day.

Claude Derrick, formerly of the Athletics, who has been playing with the Baltimore team, is to get another trial in the big show, this time with the New York Highlanders.

Among other things, our notion of a great baseball story is one written by a man who starts out by confessing he didn't take much interest in a game and didn't pay much attention to it.

Clark Griffith believes if he had had Chick Gandil at the start of this season instead of six weeks after he would have been able to cop the big honors.

"Too much is always expected of a champion," philosophizes a noted sporting writer, commending on the game pugilistic. But not nearly as much as the champion expects in percentages.

GREATEST 1912 FOOTBALL ATTRACTION

Jim Thorpe, Noted Carlisle Athlete.

Glen Warner, coach of the Carlisle Indian eleven, skilled above any of his rivals in the ability to pack stadiums where his elevens appear, has this year in the presence of Jim Thorpe the greatest drawing card on the football field.

Thorpe, fresh from his triumphs in the Olympic games at Stockholm, is now the best-known athlete in the world. He would be famous were he a white man, but to be the most notable of all-around performers, and also an Indian, thus carrying all the romance that goes with aboriginal extraction, is going to mean a rush to see Thorpe perform on the gridiron.

This is a big consideration at Carlisle, where there is no athletic association to furnish funds to support the team, no rich graduates to come to the rescue. The government does not make any allowance for the training of the squad nor the support of football.

This puts the proposition sharply up to Warner, and he has shown his ability to make good. His fast flying fighting Indian teams have for the past decade proved the best drawing cards of all football elevens.

Outside of the turnout for special games like Yale-Harvard, Yale-Princeton, Harvard-Princeton, Army-Navy, Pennsylvania-Michigan, etc., no eleven attracts the multitudes who go to see the Indians, and this year with Thorpe as a member the interest will be still greater.

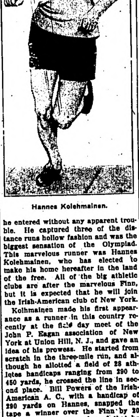
Thorpe is captain of the team, and is rated among the greatest players the institution ever produced. He is a fighting tactician, cool, but furious. He can do everything. He is a vicious tackler, great line buckler, wonderful runner with the ball in an open field and a master drop kicker.

The triumphs of the taciturn redskin at Stockholm are going to yield a rich harvest of dividends to Carlisle.

GREAT FINNISH RUNNER HERE

Hannes Kolehmainen Will Establish a Permanent Residence in the United States.

The best distance runner in the world, Hannes Kolehmainen, has recently come to this country and will make America his future home. Kolehmainen is accompanied by his brother, Willie, a professional Marathan runner. At the Olympic games in Stockholm the best of the American distance men and, in fact, those from all of the other countries, were outclassed by a marvelous Finnish runner, who won the races in which he entered without any apparent trouble. He captured three of the distance runs hollow fashion and was the biggest sensation of the Olympiad. This marvelous runner was Hannes Kolehmainen, who has elected to make his home hereafter in the land of the free. All of the big athletic clubs are after the marvelous Finn, but it is expected that he will join the Irish-American club of New York.



Hannes Kolehmainen.

Kolhmainen made his first appearance as a runner in this country recently at the field day meet of the John P. Eagan association of New York at Union Hill, N. J., and gave an idea of his prowess. He started from scratch in the three-mile run, and although he allotted a field of 28 athletes handicaps ranging from 290 to 450 yards, he crossed the line in second place. Bill Powers of the Irish-American A. C., with a handicap of 290 yards on Hannes, snapped the tape a winner over the Finn by 20 yards. Kolehmainen showed that he possesses wonderful speed by covering the three miles from scratch in 14:07.

The ease with which the Finn passed one after another of the field showed that Uncle Sam's best talent will have to work hard if Kolehmainen is to be kept from cornering the market on distance races. Only three laps from home the Finn was ninth, three-quarters of a lap from the leader. In that short distance, however, after being informed by his brother Bill, the professional Marathoner, that he must catch Powers to win the race, Hannes cut loose with a sprint that cut down all of the contestants but Powers.

PRESIDENT MURPHY IS RIGHT

Milwaukee Sentinel in Commenting on Ruling of Chicago Cub Head, Hits Hero Worshipers.

Commenting on the declared intention of President Murphy that he would insert a temperance clause in his players' contracts for next year, the Milwaukee Sentinel says:

The sensation of the week, made so, possibly, by the long statement and unnecessary comments aroused by it, was President Murphy's declared intention to put into next year's contracts with his ballplayers a "temperance clause," similar to that which has been in the Pittsburg contracts for the present season. Naturally enough, announcement of this policy created a riot of comment, most of which was an attempt to be facetious, but some of which was as serious as the condition warrants.

President Murphy has a perfect right to insert this clause in his contract and indeed it is one which ought to be there. It is just as much a matter of contractual right as anything else. When a manager or owner engages the services of a ballplayer for a liberal salary, he has a perfect right to expect the best services that player can give, and to that end he has a right to impose such conditions as tend to insure or guarantee it. If the ployer does not care to reduce to writing such conditions as will assure such services as he is bound to give, then that player ought to have the privilege of playing somewhere else. He certainly has the right to refuse to sign a contract with this stipulation as a part of it.

There will be some unthinking players who will make a fuss about this particular provision, but those who are thoughtful and honest will say to themselves that Murphy's position is entirely right and there are those who are willing to predict that the time is coming when every manager will incorporate this or a similar provision in all contracts.

The trouble with ballplayers lies not in themselves so much as in the public. There are a lot of fool hero worshippers who get a wonderful amount of delight out of hanging around hotels and fraternizing with ballplayers. They seem to think there is something unusual about the society of a ballplayer and it flatters them in some way to be seen with them and to be permitted to buy them drinks and other refreshments. These idiots make it hard for ballplayers not to accept their hospitality and the consequences are perfectly natural. If a ballplayer knew that his job depended on his leaving these people alone, they would have small chance of puffing themselves up at the expense of ballplayers.

The Cleveland Naps are the only team in the American league to get an even split with the Red Sox.

DOES AWAY WITH KNEADING

Old Bread-Making Recipe Surely a Labor-Saver and Possibly Worth a Trial.

Bread making without kneading seems somewhat of a novelty, but this recipe is over fifty years old, and comes from the housekeeping book of an old lady who was a noted cook. The recipe is called "Aunt Mary's Bread," and runs as follows:

Take one quart of milk and water, half of each (blood warm); two tablespoonfuls of granulated sugar, one tablespoonful each of butter and sweet pure lard, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one cake of compressed yeast and enough twice sifted flour to make a soft, smooth dough.

Rub the butter and lard into the flour. Sift in the sugar and salt. Dissolve the yeast in a little water from the one quart and add. Begin with a small amount of flour, and mixing with a spoon, and beating thoroughly, gradually add more flour, until it is dry enough just not to stick to the pan. Do not touch it with your hands. When dry enough, set it to rise in a warm place.

The next morning, or when it is sufficiently risen, take it up on your floured hands, touching lightly and gently just enough to mold it into leaves, and put it in pans to rise again from about fifteen minutes to half an hour. When it begins to blister put into a moderate oven.

This will make to medium size loaves that will cut as smooth as cake. If it browns too rapidly, cover with paper, to prevent the crust from getting tough.

GOOD USE FOR LEFTOVERS

Meat Patties May Be Made of One Variety, or a Combination May Be Employed.

For these use either cold chicken and ham, or veal and ham, or even cold beef or a mixture of cold meats. One pound of good short crust pastry, two cupfuls of cold meat, one cupful of sauce, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley, salt and pepper, and one egg. Roll out the pastry to about a quarter of an inch in thickness, then stamp it into rounds slightly larger than the gem pans, allowing two rounds to each gem pan. Cut the meat into small dice; if chicken and ham, or veal and ham are being used, add white sauce; if dark meat, use brown sauce, stir the meat into the sauce; add the parsley, salt and pepper to taste. Grease the gem pans, line each with pastry, put on the lid, not forgetting to first wet the edges. Make a hole in the top of each, brush the top of the patty with beaten egg and bake them in a hot oven for 25 minutes. Put them on a sieve until cold.

The Cup That Cheers.

Women who pride themselves on their tea making assert that tea to be good, should be made in an earthen pot, never in a metal one.

Tea is never good when long standing, but in some cases it cannot be helped. It should be poured off the leaves into another heated pot and covered with a "cosey."

If cream is taken a less expensive grade of tea may be used than when lemon is preferred.

An old-fashioned idea is to drop a few shavings of dried orange peel into the pot in which the tea is made. Some like this, while others believe that it spoils the flavor of the beverage.

Bits of cinnamon and two or three cloves dropped in are other way of varying the flavor of the cup that cheers.

Scotch Griddle Scone.

Sift together twice one cupful of flour, one-half teaspoon of baking soda, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, a pinch of salt, and a tablespoonful of sugar. Add a small piece of butter or lard, a few chopped raisins or caraway seeds, and enough sour milk to make a stiff dough. Turn upon a board and work by gentle kneading into a round cake. Flatten it with a rolling pin and place on a hot griddle. Brown on one side, then turn and brown on the other. If preferred, this scone may be baked in the oven. The raisins, or seeds, or both, may be omitted.

Codfish Soup.

One-half turnip, one or two parsley roots (or leaves if not roots), three onions. Slice all these and boil until done in two quarts of water, then add cup shredded codfish and boil a little longer. Take one cup milk, one egg, one teaspoon flour. Beat this well together and add to the above. Let thicken and then season with little ginger and pepper. By cooking fresh fish until it can be removed from the bones you can make same as codfish soup, only add a little salt and butter size of an egg.

Tartare Sauce.

One cupful mayonnaise, one teaspoonful finely chopped capers, one teaspoonful finely chopped olives, one teaspoonful finely chopped green cucumber pickles and one teaspoonful finely chopped parsley will be needed for this recipe.

Mix in the last four together and press dry in a cloth. Add gradually to the mayonnaise.

Mint-Glazed Carrots.

Wash and scrape three carrots and cut in one-fourth inch slices. Parboil for ten or fifteen minutes, drain, put into a saucepan with one-third cupful each of sugar and butter, and one tablespoonful of chopped mint leaves. Cook very slowly until glazed and perfectly tender. Serve hot, and as a border surrounding a mound of green peas.—Good Housekeeping.

Cake Filling.

Mix three-fourths cup sugar, one tablespoon flour, one cup boiling water, one cup chopped raisins and nuts and cook until it thickens. Roll the dough very thin and place the filling between two layers. Bake.

Chopped Carrots.

Boil the carrots in salted water, then chop them fine and season with butter, pepper, salt and a little hot milk to make them moist.

Minnesota Historical Society

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WOODROW WILSON MAKES A CLEAN SWEEP

Jerseyite Gets About 400 Electors.

House Is Overwhelmingly Democratic and Senate Probably by Good Margin—Many Old Political Figures Swept Aside

Democrats Win in the Enemy's Stronghold.

California Goes for Jerseyite and Republican States Are Carried by Big Majorities—Roosevelt Gets Illinois and Possibly Minn.

GOVERNORS ELECTED.

Colorado, Elias M. Ammons (D).
Connecticut, Simeon E. Baldwin (D).
Delaware, Thomas M. Monaghan (D).
Florida, Park Trammell (D).
Idaho, James H. Hawley (D).
Illinois, Edward F. Dunne (D).
Indiana, Samuel M. Ralston (D).
Iowa, Edward G. Dunn (D).
Kansas, Arthur Capper (R).
Massachusetts, Eugene N. Foss (D).
Michigan, Woodbridge N. Ferris (D).
Minnesota, Adolph O. Eberhart (R).
Missouri, Elliot W. Major (D).
Montana, Samuel V. Stewart (D).
Nebraska, John H. Morehead (D).
New Hampshire, F. Worcester (R).
New York, William Sulzer (D).
North Carolina, Locke Craig (D).
Ohio, James M. Cox (D).
Rhode Island, Aram J. Pothier (R).
South Carolina, Cole L. Blease (D).
South Dakota, Frank Byrne (R).
Tennessee, Benton McMillin (D).
Texas, Oscar B. Colquitt (D).
Utah, John F. Tolton (D).
Washington, Robert T. Hodge (P).
West Virginia, W. R. Thompson (D).
Wisconsin, John C. Karl (D).

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WOODROW WILSON

New York, N. Y.—Only the uncertainty of a few close states, whose electoral vote in no way can affect the election of Wilson and Marshall, speculation over the popular vote of the three presidential candidates and the complexion of legislatures that will name United States senators had interest last night in the final returns of Tuesday's general election.

The total of the Republican electoral column was apparently fixed at the 12 votes of Idaho, Utah and Vermont; but the footing of the Wilson and Roosevelt columns flickered alternately as late returns from Iowa, Kansas, South Dakota and Wyoming gave indications of change from the results accepted Tuesday.

Wilson May Get Doubtful States.

On the basis of the latest returns, with the vote of Iowa, South Dakota and Wyoming placed in the "doubtful" column, President-elect Wilson had 287 certain votes in the electoral college: Colonel Roosevelt 89, and President Taft had 12.

The doubtful states, except South Dakota, gave more or less certain indications of landing in the list of Wilson electoral votes; while South Dakota's returns showed a general trend toward a Roosevelt plurality.

Woman's Suffrage Gains.

A phase of the general election that became known yesterday was the success of women's suffrage in four of the five states where constitutional amendments were submitted to the people.

The victory of the women was complete in Kansas and Arizona and possibly Michigan, late returns from Oregon indicating it had succeeded there also, while from Wisconsin came returns showing the decisive defeat of the equal suffrage proposal.

Wilson's Popular Vote Enormous.

Estimates of the popular vote polled by Governor Wilson ranged through many millions during the day. It was found impossible to compute, with any accuracy, the popular vote of any of the presidential candidates and it will be a number of days until the counting of the three cornered contest in the different states is concluded and an accurate tabulation of the popular vote made possible.

Assertions were made from several quarters where an effort had been made to gather preliminary popular vote figures, that Governor Wilson had not secured a majority of the votes cast throughout the country. Estimates ranged from a small majority of all votes to figures nearly 1,000,000 below a majority. The popular votes, however, would in no way effect his election or his complete control of the electoral college, should it show his total to be less than that of the combined vote for Roosevelt and Taft.

Many Surprises.

There were many surprises. Early, New Hampshire, first credited to Taft, went in to the Wilson column with a majority of about 1,500 for the Democratic candidate.

Returns from Idaho, which came in scattering form early in the day, favored Wilson as strongly as to create the belief that it would give him its electoral vote; but late returns made it the third state to go certainly for President Taft.

The Roosevelt forces watching the returns hourly as they came from Illinois, suffered a scare as the downstate Democratic returns reduced Roosevelt's plurality from Cook county until it promised to disappear. Late in the day a complete report from Cook county again swelled the Roosevelt majority in the state and seemingly made certain the control of Illinois 29 votes by the Progressive candidate.

Kansas in Question.

Kansas, which had been conceded to Roosevelt by all interests on the preliminary returns last night, gradually slipped back during the day until it had become a question whether Wilson or Roosevelt would control its 10 votes.

The Democrats, in the wide-spread victories of Tuesday have secured control also of the United States senate. In many states, where counting still was going on, the control of the legislatures is in doubt.

Control of Senate Certain.

Washington. — It has become almost a certainty that the Democratic party will control the United States senate when only the possible loss of West Virginia stands in the way of success.

Of the 19 seats held by Republicans which were at stake in Tuesday's election it became necessary for the Democrats to elect six to secure a majority in the senate, providing they were able at the same time to hold their own.

In Republican Strongholds.

Returns gave them the following in Republican strongholds:

Two in Colorado, where John F. Shafroth (Dem.) for the fall term and C. S. Thomas (Dem.) for the short term, will be selected by a Democratic legislature. One in Montana, where Republicans and Progressives conceded the election of T. J. Walsh (Dem.). One in Kansas, where W. R. Stubbs (Rep.) conceded the election of his opponent, Wm. H. Thompson (Dem.). One in Delaware, a Democratic legislature assuring the return of a Democrat to succeed Richardson (Rep.) retired. One in New Jersey, where Wm. Hughes (Dem.) will succees Briggs (Rep.).

The uncertainty as to West Virginia, indicated in earlier reports, seemed apparently the only obstacle to a Democratic majority.

Definite returns are still lacking from Oregon, Wyoming, Tennessee, New Hampshire, Illinois, Iowa and South Dakota. Late figures from Nevada indicate that Pittman (Dem.) is leading and probably is elected.

Joe Cannon Is Defeated.

Later returns did not diminish the heavily Democratic majority in the house of representatives, but they did play see-saw with "Uncle Joe" Cannon and finally left him defeated by a majority of 600.

The personnel of the new senate will show many of the veterans, with a large infusion of new blood. Among the prominent senators holding over are Root, Lodge, La Follette, Gallinger, Penrose, Clapp, Culberson, Kern, O'Gorman, Raynor, Shively and Hoke Smith.

Others re-elected or likely to come back include Senators Bacon, Tillman, Borah, Nelson, Simmons, Martin, Bankhead, Davis and Owens.

Wilson Is Calm.

Princeton.—Govenor Wilson sat with a party of friends around a brilliantly illuminated dinner table as the election returns began to come in earlier than was anticipated.

The first results the governor got were favorable and his comment was: "That's very encouraging."

Responding later to a telegram from Democratic National Chairman McCoombs, asserting that Governor Wilson unquestionably was elected, the Democratic candidate sent a dispatch as follows:

"I deply appreciate your telegram and wish to extend to you and the members of the campaign committee my warm congratulations on the part you have played in the organization and conduct of a campaign fought out upon essential issues.

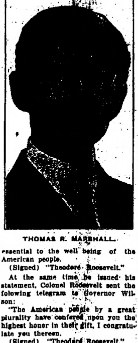
"A great cause has triumphed. Every Democrat, every true progressive, of whatever alliance, must now lend his full force and enthusiasm to the fulfillment of the people's hope, the establishment of the people's right so that justice and progress may go hand in hand."

Colonel Wires Wilson.

Oyster Bay. — Shortly before midnight Tuesday Colonel Roosevelt made the following statement:

"The American people, by a great plurality, have decided in favor of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic party. Like all good citizens, I accept the result with entire good humor and contentment. As for the Progressive cause, I can only repeat what I have already so many times said: the fate of the leader for the time being is of little consequence, but the cause itself must in the end triumph, for its triumph is essential to the well being of the American people.

(Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."



THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

At the same time he issued his statement, Colonel Roosevelt sent the folowing telegram to Governor Wilson:

"The American people by a great plurality have confered upon you the highest honor in their gift, I congratulate you thereon.

(Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."

Iowa Claimed for Wilson.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 6.—Latest available returns indicate a Wilson victory in Iowa by less than 10,000 votes. Geo. W. Clarke, governor, and nine of the 11 congressmen are considered to be Republican, and the Iowa legislature, which elects a senator, is thought to be Republican. E. G. Dunn, Democrat, basing his claim on reports gathered by Democratic state headquarters, declared he had been elected governor of Iowa over Clarke, Republican, by 5,000 plurality.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

Vote—	Taft.	Wilson.	Roosevelt.
Alabama	..	12	..
Arizona	..	3	..
Arkansas	..	9	..
California	..	13	..
Colorado	..	6	..
Connecticut	..	7	..
Delaware	..	3	..
Florida	..	6	..
Georgia	..	14	..
Idaho	4	..	..
Illinois	..	..	29
Indiana	..	15	..
Iowa	..	13	..
Kansas	..	..	10
Kentucky	..	13	..
Louisiana	..	10	..
Maine	..	6	..
Maryland	..	8	..
Massachusetts	..	18	..
Michigan	..	..	15
Minnesota	..	..	12
Mississippi	..	10	..
Missouri	..	18	..
Montana	..	4	..
Nebraska	..	8	..
Nevada	..	3	..
New Hampshire	..	4	..
New Jersey	..	14	..
New Mexico	..	3	..
New York	..	45	..
North Carolina	..	12	..
North Dakota	..	5	..
Ohio	..	24	..
Oklahoma	..	10	..
Oregon	..	5	..
Pennsylvania	..	..	38
Rhode Island	..	5	..
South Carolina	..	9	..
South Dakota	..	..	5
Tennessee	..	12	..
Texas	..	20	..
Utah	4	..	..
Vermont	4	..	..
Virginia	..	12	..
Washington	..	..	7
West Virginia	..	8	..
Wisconsin	..	13	..
Wyoming	..	3	..
Totals	12	403	116

Total, 531. Necessary to elect, 266.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Necessary for majority, 218.
Democrats, 287.
Republicans, 115.
Progressives, 12.
Districts unreported, 21.
Total membership, 435.

	Membership.	Dem.	Rep.	Pro.
Alabama	10	10	..	..
Arizona	1	1	..	..
Arkansas	7	7	..	..
California	11	1	4	4
Colorado	4	4	..	..
Connecticut	5	5	..	..
Delaware	1	1	..	..
Florida	4	4	..	..
Georgia	12	12	..	..
Idaho	2	..	2	..
Illinois	27	20	4	3
Indiana	13	13	..	..
Iowa	11	3	8	..
Kansas	8	6	2	..
Kentucky	11	9	2	..
Louisiana	8	8	..	..
Maine	4	1	3	..
Maryland	6	6	..	..
Massachusetts	16	4	9	..
Michigan	13	2	7	2
Minnesota	10	1	9	..
Mississippi	8	8	..	..
Missouri	16	14	2	..
Montana	2	2	..	..
Nebraska	6	3	3	..
Nevada	1	..	..	..
New Hampshire	2	2	..	..
New Jersey	12	11	1	..
New Mexico	1	1	..	..
New York	43	31	12	..
North Carolina	10	10	..	..
North Dakota	3	..	3	..
Ohio	22	18	4	..
Oklahoma	8	7	1	..
Oregon	3	..	3	..
Pennsylvania	36	11	21	2
Rhode Island	3	2	1	..
South Carolina	7	7	..	..
South Dakota	3	..	2	1
Tennessee	10	8	2	..
Texas	18	18	..	..
Utah	2	..	2	..
Vermont	2	..	1	..
Virginia	10	9	1	..
Washington	5	..	..	..
West Virginia	6	2	4	..
Wisconsin	11	5	6	..
Wyoming	1	..	1	..
Totals	435	287	115	12

Districts unreported, 26.

GOV. EBERHART RE-ELECTED

Roosevelt Carries Minnesota by Close Margin—Knute Nelson Wins Easily.

St. Paul.—Theodore Roosevelt is in the lead in Minnesota.

After having been first in the Wilson column, then doubtful, then in the Wilson column again, the state again switched to Roosevelt.

Out of an approximate total of 3,000 precincts in the state, 1,880 precincts complete at midnight gave Roosevelt a lead of a little over 7,000 vote. Should he maintain this lead he will carry the state by about 15,000.

Mr. Brown Chief Justice.

Calvin S. Brown, associate justice of the supreme court, has been elected chief justice by a strong majority and the other winners for place on the bench are Associate Justices George L. Bunn of St. Paul and Andrew Holt of Minneapolis. Judge Oscar Hallam of the Ramsey district bench appears to be defeated.

It was thought that Justice Holt had been defeated, but later returns gave him a lead of 10,000 in Hennepin while the returns from the country wiped out the balance against him that the early returns indicated. Justice Brown has a lead of nearly 15,000. The third, or losing, place is still in doubt, with Bunn in the lead. Returns from 1,280 precincts gave Brown 58,278, Stanton 44,000, Stewart 30,583, Holt 62,454, Bunn 58,498, Hallam 58,231.

The Vote on Governor.

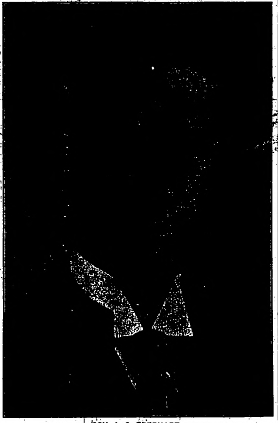
With over half of the 3,962 precincts in the state reporting, Governor Eberhart was credited with a total of 98,319, Ringdal 76,048, and Collins, 20,884. Governor Eberhart's lead over his principal rival was 22,276.

THE STATE WINNERS.

Governor.
Adolph O. Eberhart, Rep.
United States Senator.
Knute Nelson, Rep.
Congressman at Large.
James Manahan, Rep.
Attorney General.
Lyndon Smith, Rep.
Secretary of State.
Julius Schmahl, Rep.
State Treasurer.
Walter J. Smith, Rep.
Railway and Warehouse Commissioners.
C. E. Elmquist and Ira B. Mills, Reps.
Lieutenant Governor.
J. A. A. Burnquist, Rep.

CONGRESSIONAL WINNERS.

First District—Sidney Anderson, Rep.
Second District—W. S. Hammond, Dem.
Third District—C. R. Davis, Rep.
Fourth District—F. C. Stevens, Rep.
Fifth District—George R. Smith, Rep.
Sixth District—C. A. Linbergh, Rep.
Seventh District—A. J. Volstead, Rep.
Eighth District—Clarence B. Miller, Rep.
Ninth District—Halvor Steenerson, Rep.



GOV. A. O. EBERHART.

Senator Nelson Indorsed.

Senator Nelson is overwhelmingly indorsed. His majority will be fully 65,000. The 1,495 precincts in the state received so far give the senior senator 102,165 and D. W. Lawler, his Democratic opponent, 66,114.

James Manahan, for congressman-at-large, is also a big winner. His majority will be in the 60,000 class and may be even greater. He now has 81,307 votes to his credit, with 40,677 for Buell, his Democratic opponent.

J. A. A. Burnquist, the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor, is now nearly 40,000 to the good. At midnight his vote was 73,242. Winn Powers, his Democratic rival, was credited with 47,468 votes. This was on the basis of returns from 1,199 precincts.

Judge Ira B. Mills of the railroad and warehouse commission may have the honor of leading the Republican ticket in the vote cast, though he is hard pressed by Secretary of State Schmahl. The third party candidates handicapped them but little.

In Congressional Districts.

In the different congressional districts in Minnesota the winners have attained their places easily.

In the First, Sidney Anderson is an easy winner over his Democratic opponent, Clinton Robinson. In the Second, W. S. Hammond, Democrat, wins by a handsome majority over F. F. Ellsworth, author of the resolution which made a third party ticket in Minnesota possible. In the Third, C. R. Davis wins by about 5,000 majority over his Democratic opponent, F. L. Glotzbach.

The Victory of F. C. Stevens.

The victory of F. C. Stevens in the Fourth district was one of the unexpected results. Mr. Stevens was facing a bitter fight and the Democrats had named a strong man. The complete defeat of Hugh T. Halbert is the Ramsey county answer to the third party ticket, placed in the field after the primary nominations were made.

In Hennepin county, the victory of George R. Smith was expected but its completeness was more than had been anticipated in view of the three cornered fight made against him.

In the Sixth District, C. A. Lindberg is an easy winner over his Democratic opponent. Dr. Gilkison and A. J. Volstead was elected without opposition in the Seventh.

Clarence B. Miller, Republican, was an easy winner over John Jenswold in the Eighth, or Duluth district, while Halvor Halvorson wins by a reduced majority in the Ninth.

On the Republican state ticket, Knute Nelson and James Manahan, candidates for United States senator and congressman at large, respectively, win by the largest majorities.

It was not possible to completely estimate their majorities but it is in the neighborhood of from 70,000 to 80,000.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Stewartville.—For 72 hours Miss Susan Ripley has been in a state of coma as the result of being thrown from an automobile.

Red Wing.—Francis M. Kock, aged 27 years, a jeweler, died from blood poisoning caused by opening a slight eruption on his cheek.

Owatonna.—The real estate firm of Anderson & Blythe, the largest in southern Minnesota, has dissolved, R. A. Anderson retiring from the firm.

Albert Lea.—Albert Lea Council No. 1590, Knights of Columbus, initiated a class of sixty-eight. The local council now has about 150 members.

Pipestone.—A mission is being held at St. Leo's Catholic church here this week. The Redemptionist Fathers of Denver have the mission in charge.

Owatonna.—Tetanus developed in two cases in Owatonna, the attack proving fatal in the case of Miss Agnes Goudie, who stepped on a rusty nail.

St. Cloud.—Lyman A. Root, the 3-year-old boy who was mysteriously injured last week, died at the local hospital. Death resulted from a telescoping of a portion of the bowels.

Pipestone.—Mark Haney, Willie Donaldson and Gilbert Schwartz, all of Pipestone, were the Pipestone county winners in the state corn contest for boys, according to the announcement that has just been made here.

St. Paul.—Frank Kargesin, sixty-six years old, 1109 East Third street, was run down by a Milwaukee train near the union station in St. Paul. Both legs were cut off. He died on the way to the hospital. In his pockets were found a steamship ticket, a baggage check and $310.

Carlton.—Olson Olson received a message from Fort William, Ont., informing him that his son, Henry M. Olson, was accidentally shot and killed while hunting there Monday. The body is being brought home accompanied by his hunting companions. Olson was 24 years old and an architect.

Pipestone.—Pipestone is to have the most complete and up-to-date creamery in the state, the contract for the erection of the structure having just been let to the Boushard Construction company of Minneapolis, who agree to have the building complete and ready for occupancy by Jan. 15. The new building will be fireproof and cost $35,000.

Mankato.—The October term of the federal court opened Tuesday, with Judge Charles A. Willard of Minneapolis presiding. The most important criminal case is that of William Johnson of Waterville, charged with having in his possession 2,000 bogus gold coins, made in representation of Spanish 25-peseta pieces. There are only a few civil cases on the calendar.

St. Cloud.—The attendance at the normal school in this city will have to be reduced to 500, according to a recent order issued by the state normal board. The attendance a few weeks ago was 581. Letters have been sent to the county superintendents and school officials calling their attention to the order and requesting that they see that no more applications for admission are made.

Brainerd, Minn.—The funeral services of Major Charles A. Ruffee has just been held here. Prominently identified with the pioneer days of the Northwest, Major Ruffee was an Indian scout, Indian fighter, carried the mail between Bismarck and Abercrombie, and was later Indian agent at the White Earth reservation. He took a prominent part in the early days of Crow Wing county history. He was 74 years of age and a member of the St. Cloud lodge of Masons. He leaves a brother and sister in Pennsylvania.

St. Cloud.—Charged with having threatened the life of Superintendent Frank L. Randall of the state reformatory here, Austin J. Kassa is in custody at the county jail and will be examined as to his sanity. Kassa about eleven years ago was an inmate at the state reformatory. He was then transferred to Fergus Falls on the grounds of insanity and it is claimed made his escape from there. Kassa is alleged to have written numerous letters to Mr. Randall, practically all of them threatening and containing statements of revenge.

Minneapolis.—According to H. V. Mercer, attorney for Mrs. J. P. Quirk, no settlement has yet been made in the Akeley will dispute. Mr. Mercer said that Mr. and Mrs. Quirk and their attorneys recently held a conference at Denver with Mrs. Clara Rood Royce Akeley and her attorneys, at which time a tentative agreement was considered. "The agreement has not yet been signed by either party," Mr. Mercer said, "and the case as yet is not settled. No contracts or other agreement have been signed by either Mrs. Quirk or Mrs. Akeley."

Minneapolis. — Eugene V. Debs, who is the socialist candidate for president, preached the doctrines of his party to more than 3,000 persons at the Auditorium. A large crowd that was unable to gain admittance to the Auditorium was addressed in the annex. Mr. Debs declared that there are in reality but two political parties, those representing the capitalist classes and the Socialist party, representing the working people. He drew no line between the Republicans [illegible]

Survey 2,000,000 Acres.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 6.—Government surveying parties in the mountainous regions of Montana have been obliged to suspend operations earlier than usual this year, owing to the deep early snows. The first of the parties to be driven from the field by snow is that in charge of George E. Carter and Donald MacCrea, which came in from the Belt mountains. The eight remaining parties will be in by Nov. 10. Providing weather conditions permit, the crews will be put in the field by April first next year.

Fair a Success.

St. Paul, Nov. 6.—According to the report of the Minnesota State Agricultural society, the Minnesota state fair of 1912 realized from all sources $306,361.29, or $37,511.22 more than was realized last year. Disbursements amounted to $290,956.79. The balance entered October 1 on the books of the society amounted to $14,404.50. The amount realized from the fair was enough, according to the statement, to pay the expenses of the fair and apply $60,000 on last year's deficit. The attendance reached 372,805.

New Coal Plant Operated.

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 6.—Creating a new era in the history of Fort William's lake harbor front, the steamer Haney was piloted up the McKellar river, and for the first time the new $10,000,000 Canadian Pacific railroad coal plant was put into operation. The river is the smaller of the three that form the local harbor, and this is the first time a big freighter has been navigated farther than its mouth, at the Kam river turning basin.

Butter Output Increases.

St. Paul.—The Minnesota state dairy and food commission is now compiling figures on the production of butter in the state, and finds that the increase for 1911 is heavy. It is expected that the compilation will show an increase much greater than that of 1910. Stearns county, which was credited with a butter production of over 3,000,000 pounds in 1910, shows a production of over 4,000,000 pounds for 1911. In 1910 the farmers of Stearns county received $824,271 for their butter fat.

Freight Handlers Quit.

Brandon, Man., Nov. 5.—About 60 C. P. R. freight handlers and clerks, representing the entire staff of the local C. P. R. freight sheds and offices and several from the superintendent's office, have gone on a strike. The men demand recognition of the union. The freight houses are deserted, with freight piling up and only a handful of men to do the work. The situation appears serious. Many local merchants are making complaints already that the strike is affecting them seriously.

$1,000,000 for Club Home.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 6.—Mrs. Mathews S. Robertson, president of the organization committee of Los Angeles Woman's Athletic club, and its other members have accepted the plans for the million dollar clubhouse which it proposes to build on Hill street, opposite Central park. The contract was signed and according to Mrs. Robertson immediate invitations for membership will be issued and stock placed on sale. The most prominent society women in Los Angeles are back of the movement.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

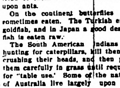
Climbing the Pennine Alps

Travelers who find delight in mountain climbing get their fill of that rather dangerous sport in the Pennine Alps. Our illustration shows a party negotiating a precipitous cliff in those Italian mountains, the photograph being taken at one of those critical moments when a mis-step or a falling boulder means almost certain disaster.

PROPOSALS IN THE ALPS

In remote Alpine hamlets and villages, especially in the Bernese Oberland, there still exist ancient and pretty customs of proposing marriage by the language of flowers. If a maid accepts a bouquet of edelweiss from a man, she at the same time accepts him as her fiance, the idea being that the man has risked his life to obtain the flowers for the woman he loves. Another method which exists in the Canton of Glarus is for the young man to place a flower-pot containing a single rose and a note on the window-sill of the girl's room when she is absent from home, and wait—perhaps days—for a reply. If the maid takes the rose the young man boldly enters the house to arrange matters with her parents, but if the rose is allowed to fade away the proposal is rejected without a single word having been exchanged between the couple. Sometimes a fickle girl will keep a young man waiting a day or two for an answer.

TYPICAL WELL IN PERSIA



Water is a precious commodity in most parts of Persia, and the wells usually are protected by a dome of sand and mud, like the one seen in the illustration. The women carry the water from the wells in jugs borne on their heads.

WHAT SOME PEOPLES EAT

After all, food is purely a matter of taste. The Eskimos delight in mice in tallow. Then the Chinese consider that alligators, mice, and rats form most excellent foodstuffs. A certain tribe of Indians in California thrive upon ants.

On the continent butterflies are sometimes eaten. The Turkish enjoy goldfish, and in Japan a good deal of fish is eaten raw.

The South American Indians go hunting for caterpillars, kill them by crushing their heads, and then pack them carefully in grass until required for "table use.' Some of the natives of Australia live largely upon the seeds of different species of grass. They also eat certain roots and bulbs and the gum obtained from trees.

Another Australian delicacy is the flesh of snakes, and a favorite dish, called tuinamba, is composed of pupa cases.

STOLEN DEEDS HID IN TREE

Three years ago the home of Pleas Buckner, a farmer, living near Nuburn, Ark., was burglarized, and from a trunk was taken a cigar box containing $73 and several deeds to farm lands. Nothing was ever heard of the stolen valuables till recently when men cutting wood for a sorghum mill near the Buckner home, cut into a hollow log, and there discovered the box with the deeds intact. The money was gone.

FOOTPRINT IS HIS NEMESIS

His footprint on the dusty cover of a Bible sent William Hargreaves to the Texas state penitentiary for two years. He robbed the store of W. W. Pruitt of Roanoke last March. Mr. Pruitt discovered the footprint, which corresponded with the shoe of Hargraves, who had bought a new pair at the [illegible]ore.

RELIC OF THE DAYS OF '49.

Campers near the summit of the Sierra Nevadas, of Placerville, Cal., discovered a relic of "the days of old, the days of gold, the days of '49." It is a yoke for oxen and was lying near the long-ago abandoned emigrant trail. Over this trail came thousands of persons from the eastern states and foreign shores. Along the almost obliterated trail are still to be seen remnants of prairie schooners, here and there a rough hewed tombstone, each in itself a chapter in the life of some pioneer. The yoke has stamped on it, a date, "1850," and several initials which the elements have made indecipherable. The yoke was made of oak and has withstood the rains and snows of sixty-two winters remarkably well.

GOATS TO PROTECT SHEEP

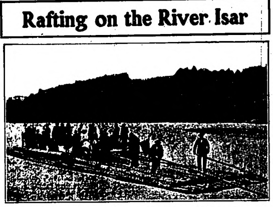
In order to frustrate an attack on his flock of sheep by a catamount, or panther, David Glover of near Haneyville has purchased two Angora goats. The pugnacity of these goats is such that on animal of prey dare attempt to despoil a flock.

The sheep raisers of that wild section have suffered severe losses to their flocks of late years since the big increase in black bears and catamount, and now with a real panther in the neighborhood it became necessary to do something desperate. Mr. Glover hit upon the Angora goat idea, and it seems to have settled the problem. The goats are masters of all they survey, all right, even the men folk fighting shy of getting too close to the sturdy creatures.

WANTS CITY TO BUY TEETH

Michael Brennan of Cleveland has served notice on Mayor Baker that the city will be asked to settle a bill of $58 for a set of teeth, in a suit to be brought by Brennan. He claims that in a scuffle with highwaymen the teeth were rudely knocked from his mouth and broken.

Rafting on the River Isar



Rafting has become a novel pleasure with the population as well as the numerous visitors to the Bavarian capital. The rafts, which are by no means specially built for passenger transportation but are of the simplest kind, usually start from the village of Toelz in the Isar valley, which is an old renowned rafting place. It is reached by train from Munich in about two hours. It takes the rafts—in spite of the rapid current of the Isar river—about six or seven hours to get from Toelz to Munich, which is due to the many windings and turnings of the river. The fare for these trips is very moderate, and as a result the rafts are usually crowded with people. There are no modern luxuries for the passengers, who have to stand or sit on rough boards, but nevertheless good humor and merriment prevail. Each raft has its restaurant, which means several kegs of beer, some baskets of bread, butter, sausages, radishes, and the like. There is also an orchestra on board of each raft composed of two or three musicians playing the fiddle, clarinet, and accordion. The valley of the Isar river is renowned for its natural charms, and there is indeed no better way to view the beauties of the scenery—with the chain of the Bavarian Alps in the background—than to take part in one of these rafting trips.

MOVING STONE OF TANDIL

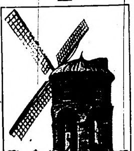
One morning every true Argentinian was shocked by the news of the fall of "La Piedra Movediza de Tandil"—the Moving Stone of Tandil. No one knows how many centuries this huge rock, which the Argentines proudly proclaimed as one of the Seven Wonders of the World, had stood among the granite hills of Tandil, perfectly poised on its narrow fulcrum less than eight inches square.

The Tandil quarries are situated about 250 miles south of Buenos Aires, and every summer tourists have been occustmed to make the pilgrimage from the capital to view the national phenomenon and carve their names on its ancient sides. Standing in a certain position, a child could cause the great stone to rock up and down fully four inches. Visitors never tired of throwing under it, as it swung upwards, pieces of glass and small stones, which would be crushed to powder on the downward away.

Tradition has it that the tyrant Rosa, a name of ill omen in Argentine history, in a savage mood some 30 years ago, tried to dislodge the Moving Stone, using 40 yoke of oxen to accomplish his purpose. Whether the story is true or not, the old sentinel continued to maintain his watch over the surrounding fertile plains, apparently undisturbed by either the friendlines or the hostility of mankind. The elements likewise were foiled in their warfare, though once a bolt of lightning ripped off a piece weighing about three tons.

What finally caused the downfall of the giant bowlder is a mystery. Many and varied were the theories advanced by the groups around the cafe tables, and the fall of the stone became the basis of many a heated argument. All the papers contained eulogies of the fallen monarch, and the whole nation mourned the passing of this famous feature of Argentine scenery.

OLD INIGO JONES' WINDMILL



At Chesterton, in Warwickshire, England, stands this remarkable old windmill, handsome enough to deserve preservation. It was designed by the famous architect, Inigo Jones, in 1632, and is substantially built of stone, the superstructure supported on six semicircular arches.

AUSTRIAN BUREAUCRAT BUSY

No sum is too insignificant to escape the attention of the Austrian bureaucrat. In the Weiner Zeitung there appeared a long official notice from the high court of justice calling upon the legitimate representatives of the late Count Franz Palffy, who died on November 14, 1852, to withdraw a deposit from the treasury of the civil court of justice which had lain there for more than 30 years within the period of one year, six weeks and three days.

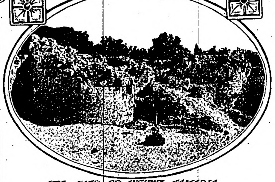
The sum in question is one heller—one-tenth of a penny.

ALLOWS BRIDE TO CHEW GUM

As Simon Hine and Rose Nicholas of Milton, Pa., were applying for a marriage license at the recorder's office, Hine warned the girl that when he married her she would have to stop chewing gum. She grew angry and, escorting Hine into the corridor of the court house, gave him a sound lecture, whereupon they returned to the recorder's office, Hine stating he would marry her, even if she chewed tobacco.

The CITY OF THE GOOD SAMARITAN

COLONNADE THAT ENCIRCLED THE BROW OF THE HILL



The GATE OF ANCIENT SAMARIA

AND he bought the hill Samaria of Shemer for two talents of silver and built on the hill and called the name of the city which he built, after the name of Shemer, owner of the hill, Samaria." So speaks the Hebrew chronicler of Omri, captain of the host, who began to reign over the little principality of Israel about the end of the tenth century B. C. His better-known successor Ahab, confirmed the new capital and built there a house to Baal of the Syrians. Samaria had this great advantage over the capital of Judah, that it lay on the main north and south road of Syria. If this situation caused it to be visited rather too often by passing invaders, it brought a more active commerce than Jerusalem ever enjoyed, and, when the Romans came to control Palestine, obtained for it, under the new name, Sebasteia, administrative superiority, and enrichment with the usual public architecture by which the remoter provincial chief places were externally Hellenised. But Sebasteia never attained to the second or third rank of Roman provincial cities, just as, before Roman times, Samaria had failed to become one of the great cities of Syria. The poverty of Palestine has always condemned even its chief settlements to comparatively mean estate. Harborless, rocky, thinly clad, possessing but one stream which is worthy the name of a river, and that sunk so deep below the general level as to be a curse rather than a blessing, the "Promised Land" could only have allured a people long condemned to the awful aridity of Sinai. Excavations in Palestine have always illustrated its poverty, and if it were not for the religious associations of its sites, they would probably never have attracted the spade of the western archaeologist at all. Compared with the products of excavation in any of the surrounding lands, in North Syria, Asia Minor, Cyprus, Crete, Egypt, or Mesopotamia, those found hitherto in Palestine are so rustic that if the "treasure" of either the first or second temple in Jerusalem were ever to come to light, one would expect it to fall far short of the traditional estimate of either its intrinsic or its artistic value. We commend this consideration to the ardent searchers in the Hill of Ophel, should they be permitted to resume their interrupted burrowings—though there is little enough chance that either they or anyone else will ever be in a position to reduce the Judean values of pious tradition to the hard facts of a sale at auction!

It is not likely, however, that Dr. Reisner has undertaken, on behalf of Harvard University, to excavate in Palestine under any illusions of this kind. Having long dug in Egypt, on the rich sites of a great civilization, he is now clearing Samaria for the good and sufficient reason that new light on the history of the Hebrew monarchies (whose importance bears no relation whatever to their scale) is to be expected most confidently from the sites of their capitals. Samaria is a favorable spot for such scientific investigation; for although it can claim nothing like the antiquity of Jerusalem, its site is not, as is the latter's, overbuilt with a modern city, which has disturbed its stratification with intrusive foundations, appropriated its stones, and rendered many parts inaccessible. Modern Samaria lies on a small portion only of the hill which Omri bought, and the rest is occupied by gardens, orchards and fields. The extant remains are, of course, for the most part, those, not of Ahab's Samaria, but of Herod's Sebasteia; but below these, at various points, Greek and pre-Greek strata have been found going down to virgin rock. So far as the excavations have proceeded up to now, they confirm the inference, which would naturally be drawn from the Biblical chronicle, that the hill Samaria was a vacant site before Omri's time. Dr. Reisner has found ruins of a considerable structure of good masonry bedded on the rock itself, and preserved in places to the height of several feet, and this he identifies with the Palace of Omri and Ahab. Within its area occurred the four-score ink-written potsherds—so-called ostraka—about which a good deal has been heard. They are not, as it turns out, documents which convey any historical information, but just labels or tallies of wine and oil stores, which mention no king's name, and contain no indication of their date except so far as this may be inferred from their handwriting. The script is Hebrew of an early sort, hardly distinguishable from Phoenician, and nearly related to the epigraphic character used for the Siloam Inscription in the age of Hezekiah. Even if they are no part of the archives of Omri or Ahab (as they were once reported to be), and even if the building, in which they were found, is not the palace of those kings (its severely undecorated and unfurnished character raises a doubt), they constitute a find of very great interest to Semitic scholars.

Very little else of the pre-captivity time seems to have rewarded Dr. Reisner, but it is not safe to say this certainly until he has said it himself. He is a seasoned digger, not at all given to advertising his successes. uBt of one thing we can be sure—whatever there was in the ground which he has dug over, he will have found. No one engaged in the digging trade has a sounder method than he or devotes himself more whole-heartedly to putting his method into practice. In the meantime, the photographs of the American colony at Jerusalem, which are published herewith, can show us the remains of Roman Sebasteia, which overlay Samaria—for instance, the ruined colonnade of monolithic pillars which ran round the crest of the hill from the gate to the Forum; the broad stairway which led down from the summit to the altar of Roma Dea; and the Basilica. The singular interest of the place, however, is lost by Herod's time, and unless Dr. Reisner can promise more light on Ahab and Omri, we hope, for our part, that he will transfer his energy and experience to some other site. If underground Jerusalem cannot be adequately explored, a Philistine or a Phoenician city would probably repay excavation more than any of the Hebrew cities.

SPIDER A FRIEND OF MANKIND

Really Undeserving of the Enmity That Is Felt Toward Him by the Average Housewife.

Aside from snakes, there is probably no living thing which can look to mankind for friendship with so little hope as the spider, yet when the spider is fairly brought to trial it is rather hard to prove anything against him except his appearance and a few cobwebs. Apart from furnishing an example of industry and patience from which we might well profit, the spider feeds exclusively upon freshly killed insects, all of them being of the kind denounced by sanitary authorities, the house fly being its favorite quarry. As the actual destruction of a few hundred house flies means that several hundred thousand that would otherwise have spent gay lives transmitting typhoid and other diseases will not come into existence, and as almost any spider should be able to account for as many as three hundred in the course of a summer, to say nothing of stray mosquitoes and black gnats, we surely owe him something more than a flap with a slipper when we happen to catch him out of his hole. A spider can bite, of course, but he seldom does except in self-defense, and even then the bite is not worse than would have been received from any one of the several hundred mosquitoes he has probably dined upon, or will, if let alone. In the light of present scientific knowledge, the story of the spider and the fly that was invited into the pretty parlor does not cause such a surge of sympathy for the fly as it once did.—Harper's Weekly.

Futility of a Visit to Lang.

They were telling stories of the late Andrew Lang in one of the London clubs the other night.

One man told a story of a dinner invitation, given by Mr. Lang. He was staying in Marlowes Road, Earl's Court, a street away at the end of that long Cromwell road, which seems to go on forever. The guest was not very sure how to get to Marlowes Road, and Lang very kindly explained.

"Walk right along Cromwell Road," he said, "till you drop dead, and my house is just opposite!"

Use For Old Lighthouses

South Jerseymen have discovered a way of making practical use of an old lighthouse, so that if you have any old lighthouses in your possession here is a hint which may be of value in turning the same to profitable account. The circular building is the base of the second lighthouse erected on Cape May Point, and it is now doing excellent service as a stable. Visitors to the present lighthouse, if they are of an explorative turn of mind, will see this strange structure, and if not informed as to its history will marvel that a stable should be built in such a shape, with walls four feet thick, of solid brick. The explanation is that when the second lighthouse was replaced by the present structure the older one was ordered to be torn down, but the base was left, and has been since used for a stable. The foundations of the first lighthouse may occasionally be seen on the sand not far away, although these stones are usually covered with the water.

The Lend Club.

Mrs. Hardin—Can you loan me a cup of sugar, an egg, a piece of butter and a——

Mrs. Testy—Yes, and its too bad you can't take home some of our gas to cook things with.

London's Best Dressed Men.

Apropos of the statement of M. Le Bargy, the well-known French actor and the best dressed man in Paris, that he cannot dress on less than $6,000 a year, inquiries have been made as to the best dressed man in London. The men that wear the best clothes in London (said a leading tailor), according to a newspaper of that city, are no longer our gilded youths—these, as a matter of fact, nowadays attach much more importance to the color of their shirts, collars and ties than to their clothes—but stock exchange men foreign diplomats and—hotel clerks. A visit to any of our leading hotels will soon convince one that the clerks not only wear clothes of the best materials, but also of the most perfect fit.

American Production of Salt.

This country produced more than 31,000,000 barrels of salt last year, more than enough for the domestic demand. American salt manufacture mand. American salt manufacturers have begun seeking foreign trade.

English Husband's Fate.

Under the married women property act a husband in England has no jurisdiction over his wife's property and income. Under the income tax he is responsible for her taxes. If the taxes are not paid, the husband, not the wife, is imprisoned. Mrs. Mark Wilkes recently refused to pay her income tax—$185—and her husband was locked up. He will spend the rest of his life in prison unless his wife pays, or the law is changed. When at liberty he is a teacher in the suburb of Clapton.

LIFE WORTH LIVING HERE

People of Australia Rejoice in Wonderful Climate and Love Their Beautiful Country.

Melbourne.—There is little to distinguish the country town in Australia from the small town in the western part of America. The streets are straight, the buildings are both of stone and of wood, but the roofs are chiefly of iron. Nothing could be more ugly than these roofs at first appear to the traveler, but as the eye becomes accustomed to them they seem to fit in with the landscape. Sometimes, in the sunlight, they appear like burnished silver, and on a moonlit night, looking down on the roofs of an Australian town, you might think that everything was covered with a light fall of snow.

Naturally life in Australia is a little prosaic. It is a country without traditions. There are no historic associations. The centers of art and literature are far removed. Even the news of the world comes to you vaguely—in scraps. But life goes with a swing out there. The Australians look

Typical Australian Lake.

forward, not backward, and particularly they demand of the present its enjoyment. They rejoice in their wonderful climate, they love their beautiful country, and the life of each day seems very good to them. There is something infectious about this spirit. Enter into it and you may be sure of a welcome that will warm your heart. Every house is open to you; every passer-by has ready a word of welcome.

If you ride through an Australian town you will see very little evidence of poverty or misery. The little bungalows stand in their own gardens at the sides of the shaded streets. Now and then you come to a more pretentious house belonging, perhaps, to a wealthy squatter, who has another home in the bush and a property measured by hundreds of square miles. If you hitch your horse to the rail outside the gate and go in you will find your host a simple, unassuming man, living in a quiet way.

He will talk to you about his sheep and the wages he has to pay to his shearers; of his cattle, and and how, at enormous expense, he is moving them about the country to escape the drought. He will tell you thrilling stories of the bush fires that often devastate the country, and he will discuss the entries for the next great race meeting at Melbourne or Sydney. It would probably never occur to him to give a dinner party in that large dining room or a garden party in those well kept grounds. His wife and daughters, no doubt, pay occasional visits to the big cities to enjoy social festivities. If his wife joins you as you sit on the veranda she will talk to you of the servant problem, ever present in the minds of Australian women.

REJECTED; MAN STEALS GIRL

Another Tries To, but Is Foiled by Neighbors Who Hear Her Scream.

Two rejected suitors are being sought by detectives from the Chicago avenue station today.

One of the attempts at kidnaping was successful. The other victim struggled free from her captors only to be injured by a bullet from a revolver.

The missing girl is Mary Joldige, 1117 Larrabee street. She is sixteen years old. The other is Josie Tarano. She is seventeen years old and lives at 822 Townsend street.

The police learned of the Joldige kidnaping when the brother of the girl, Tony, ran into the street with a revolver shouting that a man named Frank Canile had stolen his sister. According to the story told by the brother, three men threatened the girl's life if she did not accompany them.

Miss Tarano was returning to her home when seven men attempted to drag her into a carriage. Her screams attracted neighbors and the men fled.

ORIGINAL CONFIDENCE MAN

Individual of New York Whose Reliance in Humanity Was Not Misplaced.

New York.—A story is told of old New York and of how the expression "confidence man" meant a man in whom one could not place confidence at all. It is said that some time ago a very well dressed man with a courteous address was wont to walk up and down the principal streets of the city.

Whenever he met a stranger who looked hopeful to him he would approach the man and with the most delightfully frank manner he would ask:

"My dear sir, have you confidence enough in me, an entire stranger to you, to lend me $5 for an hour or two?"

And it is said that the man made an extremely good living by this very simple means.

Ford's Theater Under Ban.

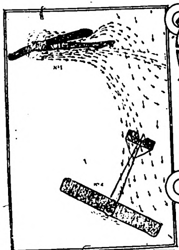
Washington, D. C. — Ford's theater, the building in which President Lincoln was shot, and which now houses many of the records of the adjutant general of the army, virtually has been condemned by President Taft's economy and efficiency commission. The building is considered by the commission to be insanitary and unsafe.

SEEK SAFETY FOR AIR SPEEDERS

HARRIET QUIMBY, AEROPLANE VICTIM

WRECK OF McCURDY'S MACHINE

RALPH JOHNSTONE, KILLED IN AEROPLANE ACCIDENT



DOWNWARD REACTING AIR CURRENTS CAUSED BY NO 1 DRIFTING NO 2

THE ever-growing number of human lives sacrificed to the advancement of aviation gives us ample reason for pause and serious thought. The toll so far paid is rapidly nearing a total of two hundred since the death of Lieutenant Selfridge, of the United States army, in September, 1908. Naturally, some of these fatal accidents were to be expected after flying became a money-making spectacle in some directions. The professional aviator felt obliged to make his flights thrilling in the eyes of the spectator, and to that end he has done things of a venturesome nature for which he has paid dearly more than once.

We are not concerned with this phase of the art. Foolhardiness is no real part of the effort to advance human flight, even though attendant mishaps may teach useful lessons. What is of serious concern is the loss of life of those earnestly devoted to the furtherance of the science and the adaptation of the flying machine to the needs of the army and the navy in time of war. These officer students have gone into the work with that spirit of professional devotion which is of the utmost value to the promotion of helpful knowledge, and they have generally avoided those hair-raising performances which are valuable only as an asset for the showman.

These calm-minded devotees—the term enthusiasts might be misleading—have earnestly striven to make the most out of the instruments placed in their hands, but in doing this they have made more than one fatal stumble despite their caution. The use of the aeroplane in recent military maneuvers has exacted its doleful price, and it is time that due thought was given some of these many accidents. Strange as it may seem, the recent mishaps which have been most suggestively illuminating have been those that were generally not fatal in their consequences, although some have exacted the lives of the participants.

On March 13 at Johannisthal, just outside of Berlin, a flying machine driven by Schade and an aeroplane handled by Rettinger came together while in the air a short distance above the ground. The machines were instantly smashed and sent crashing to the earth. Neither of the aviators was injured, but a passenger was hurt. Unquestionably, this collision was brought about by the mutual effect of the disturbed air between the two machines. The next mishap of a kindred character occurred at Douai, France, on June 19, but with disastrous results. Captain Dubois and Lieutenant Meignan, both of the army, were operating aeroplanes during a dense fog, and drove into each other while going at high speed. Lieutenant Meignan was killed almost instantly, and Captain Dubois died in the hospital a few hours later. The machines were splintered by the collision. Here we have a counterpart of conditions which have so often caused trouble upon the water, but conditions which may be even more frequent aloft under atmospheric circumstances of common occurrence. Of course, the gravity of a collision in the air is unfortunately increased by the necessarily high speed at which the flying machine must advance in order to sustain itself in flight.

On June 20, at Aix-les-Bains, Mlle. Helene Dutrieu, while aloft, fell upon two ascending monoplanes, and all three machines dropped to the ground in a heap. The two nether aviators were pretty seriously bruised, but Mlle. Dutrieu was uninjured, fortunately falling upon the underlying machines and thus having the force of her drop greatly lessened. Undoubtedly, Mlle. Dutrieu hit a "hole in the air," and her monoplane started earthward before she could check or control its descent by a gliding volplane. The question is, What caused that hole in the air? Did the movement of the two ascending aeroplanes create the disturbance which narrowly escaped causing a serious catastrophe? This has been answered by subsequent accidents.

Two French army officers, Lieutenants Briez and Burlez, on July 6 started for Belfort, on the eastern frontier, leaving the aeronautic station at Villa Coublay, just outside of Paris. Lieutenant Briez had the start of his associate, and was already about six hundred feet up, when Lieutenant Burlez overtook him, passing at greater speed something like a hundred feet above. Lieutenant Burlez's machine created, so it is said, a downward moving "hole in the air," and this struck Lieutenant Briez's monoplane in such a manner as to destroy its equilibrium. Lieutenant Briez and his machine were dashed to the earth, the aviator having both legs broken and being otherwise seriously but not fatally injured. In this case the innocent cause of the accident was the movement of the aeroplane passing above at a height of a hundred feet, while Mlle. Dutrieu's drop was probably brought about by the maneuvering of the two monoplanes beneath her. These accidents have brought us face to face with new problems in the art of mechanical flight—they show us that we have much to learn about the air in which we are seeking to vie with the bird.

The man in the street has a mistaken notion of what these air holes really are; he imagines that they are areas of partial vacuum which fail to give the flying machine proper support. The hazard they present is reasonably pictured all the greater because there is no visible sign of their presence—the aircraft just suddenly starts to drop and may fall several hundred feet before the movement can be corrected, if corrected at all. If successful, the nicest judgment is required on the part of the aviator lest he suddenly bring pressure to bear upon his planes in excess of their reserve of strength. Collapse of this sort has happened with dire results upon a number of occasions. But, notwithstanding these physical evidences of something wrong, still, in the stricter sense of the word, the term air hole is a misnomer, and a cavity as such does not really exist.

Did you ever watch the surface agitation of a boiling pot? Well, that is substantially a duplication of just what is going on in the air about us. The earth acts like a great reflector of the sun's heat and starts the air boiling below here where we are and sends it upward in great columns of rising atmosphere like the movement of the boiling water in the pot. This is what the meteorologist calls "convectional disturbances" of the atmosphere, and he tells us that this state of things would not annoy the aviator if the venturesome airman would only keep aloft at a height of from four to five miles—a matter of from 21,000 to 26,000 feet in round numbers! Georges Legagneux has recently reached the amazing height of 18,766 feet.

We are all familiar with the old saying, "What goes up must come down." In the agitated belt of air the upward rising column of warm air is replaced by a descending column of cooler air. The downward moving column is what really constitutes the so-called "holes" of the aeronaut's parlance. The layman scarcely appreciates the conditions that are bringing about this convection or boiling motion. When the sun strikes the earth the air is heated and rises; in the shadow of a cloud the air is cooler and descending. This see-sawing is of greater or lesser magnitude, depending upon the directness of the sun's rays and the temperature of the air when shaded.

The evenness of the aviator's flight or the uniformity of his line of advance—whichever you choose to call it—is controlled by the constancy of the pressure which the air exerts on the under or lifting side of the planes as his machine is driven forward by its motor. The net result is a sustaining or lifting moment, as the engineer expresses it. If the approaching air, instead of moving horizontally or upward in opposition to the surface of the planes, should be falling, then the support of the flying machine is suddenly diminished to that extent, and the aeroplane drops. Again, if the aviator is traveling against a stratum of wind of a definite speed and then purposely descends, reaching an air belt of lower speed or altered direction, these changes may reduce the force of the air striking the surfaces of his planes, and this drop in pressure may cause his machine to fall speedily earthward. This is another proof, of course, of the imaginary vacant places in the air.

We must bear in mind that the problem of the flying machine is quite distinct from that of the balloon. The balloon floats because it is either lighter than the air it displaces—when it rises—or remains at a fixed altitude because there is a perfect balance between its weight and that of the air which it thrusts aside. It remains aloft whether drifting with the wind or being driven by a motor. The heavier-than-air flying machine, on the other hand, is sustained in flight only so long as its movement forward arouses sufficient opposition on the part of the air to lift or to sustain it. When the propellers cease to revolve the aeroplane starts earthward, and disaster can be avoided only by volplaning or performing a sweeping spiral descent. A maneuver of this sort is nothing more nor less than a modified drop. The safety of the aeroplane, therefore, when in midair, depends upon the nice balancing of the machine and the proper equalizing of pressure upon the planes. Eddies in the air or any other disturbance which will bring the aeroplane into conflicting atmospheric belts or zones will imperil the stability of the machine and the life of the aviator unless he be ever watchful, and there are some of these conditions against which he cannot sufficiently guard.

The flying machine, in going ahead, hits the air a succession of rapid blows, and by this causes an area of compression which is equal in the force of its reaction to the weight of the flying machine. The fact of it is, this compression actually affects a volume of air equal in weight to the air craft it sustains, and as a cubic foot of atmospheric air weighs only .08 of a pound at the freezing point, a little figuring will show how wide is the area upon which the aviator must draw for his support.

What happens then when the flying machine has moved onward and the atmosphere tries to resume its normal state? The reaction is like the release of a spring, and the air acquires a vibratory motion—greatest in a vertical direction—akin to the prolonged bobbings of a partly water-soaked log after being hit a blow. But this is not all.

We are living at the bottom of an ocean of air, and we are living in that region of the atmosphere where it is densest. The natural tendency for the atmosphere is to fall when not made lighter by heat and caused to rise. An aeroplane shooting through this lower belt is substantially knocking out the foundations from beneath the atmospheric columns reaching many thousands of feet heavenward, and we have in the air a virtual duplication of our bobbing log many, many times repeated at every stage of the onward movement of the flying machine and the successive reactions of the compressed air which has momentarily sustained that mechanical flight. Isn't it clear, then, that an aviator when passing above or below another aviator is either stumbling into air holes thus created or producing a similar condition to menace his nearby fellow? The airman advancing at the greater speed will produce the wider area of disturbance and, within any prescribed limit, the more dangerous reaction.

The flying machine when aloft is in a state of decidedly delicate equilibrium, otherwise the mere flexing of wing tips would be incapable of correcting its horizontal position. Any change of pressure at the extremity of its wings is equivalent to adding or reducing the weight at the one or the other tip, and an upsetting movement is started. It is quite probable that even though one aeroplane may be a full hundred feet above or below another, still the greater speed of the overtaking machine may cause a sufficient downward movement on the part of the air to overweight suddenly one wing of the other machine. This is certainly what happened in the case of Lieutenant Briez, Mlle. Dutrieu and a number of others.

The task set the investigators is that of finding how wide is the region of agitation created by a flying machine in flight, and, with this knowledge, to prescribe the proper distances which aviators must observe when approaching one another.

Fortunately, the flying machine is now studied in the laboratory, and recent progress in experimental aerodynamics is doing much toward clearing the way for safe advance in the near future, but the public must be patient and it must realize that flying is full of hazards at best, and we are really scarcely much more than upon the threshhold of this wonderful science.

EGYPT TO BE A KINGDOM?

General Belief in That Country That Ancient Glory Is to Be Partially Restored.

There is a general conviction in Egypt that the country is to be declared a kingdom, that the present khedive will be its first king, and that England is only waiting the conclusion of the Turkish-Italian war to make the necessary announcemnt to which France has already given assent. It is said that the project has immeasurably gratified the national pride of Egypt and that nothing could be so well designed to end the disaffection with which the country is now saturated. Evidently Bellamy spoke the words of truth and soberness when he said that titles, decorations, and honors were greater human incentives than money. For such a change would make no practical difference to the state of Egypt. It would be a decoration, nothing more. The English protectorate, that is to say control, would be unchanged. In fact it might even be strengthened, since a part of the story is to the effect that England will pay to Turkey the sum of $100,000,000 for the relinquishment of her suzerainty powers, such as they are. The story may have no foundation, but if it should be true let us hasten to make a suggestion for the further stimulation of the Egyptian national pride. If the title of khedive is to be abolished why not replace it by that of Pharaoh instead of king, and establish the national capital at Memphis or Luxor?

Early Training.

"I understand that you once sang in a glee club."

"Yes," replied the great politician. "And I want to tell you when a man with a voice like mine can hold a position in a glee club it shows that he is some officeholder."

PROMINENT PEOPLE

HEAD OF WOMEN'S FEDERATED CLUBS

Mrs. Pennybacker, a picture of whom is herewith presented, was recently elected president of the Federation of Women's Clubs. It is said to be her idea that women, whose activities are directed to affairs outside their home circles, consist of three classes: First, those who work for their daily bread; second, those who are moved to action by the economic conditions surrounding working women and political abuses which affect the general public and strike particularly hard at women and children; third, those who are interesting themselves in public affairs as a means of broadening their mental horizons and acquiring a more liberal knowledge of the ways of the world.

In the first class there are in the United States six million women. Six million women are working for their bread and shelter. Their activities are, with few exceptions, compulsory. They work because hard practical necessity compels them.

It is almost impossible to estimate the number of women in the second class. They are in every city and village. From the richest woman in the metropolis who is using her wealth to alleviate the hardships of overburdened girls to the poor woman in the small hamlet who insists that the village constable shall keep children out of the one pool room in the place are found these workers for the betterment of conditions.

The third class form the majority of the club women. There are about eight hundred thousand club members in the United States. Approximately one-third of these work for their living or are engaged in unpaid public service. Two-thirds are students of public affairs for educational reasons.

SIR GEORGE ALARMED BY AMERICA'S GAIN

Anglo-American amity means world supremacy or these two nations, according to the opinion expressed by Sir George Reid, high commissioner for Australia at the British capital, in an interview given out the other day. With a rupture of the friendship between the United States and Great Britain—and he sees no indication of unpleasantness—other powers might seek to change the balance of power, the commissioner said.

Sir George and Lady Reid have just finished a tour of the United States that extended over several weeks. Of course, he is duly impressed with the remarkable growth of American industries and American fortunes. But, do you know, Sir George actually thought at one time that the bally American foundation wasn't solid. He says so himself. Listen:

"To one who lives as far from the United States as I do your tremendous strides and development appear so rapid that it is hard to believe they are built on a solid foundation. One feels that the bubble must burst some day. But my visit has convinced me that you have builded solidly, and that impression of which I spoke has been entirely dissipated."

Sir George also gave an interesting original expression of opinion about the little unpleasantness between the American colonies and England in 1776.

"I wish to emphasize," he declared, "that there never was a war between the people of Great Britain and the people of the United States. At the time of the war with the American colonies it was not the people of England who brought about the strife. The people had really no voice in the matter. The king was influenced by bad advisers, and the people really had no say in the matter."

DR. PAGE MADE BISHOP OF NEW MEXICO

Rev. Herman Page, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, East 50th street and Madison avenue, Chicago, has been chosen bishop of New Mexico by the Episcopal house of bishops.

The announcement of Dr. Page's election came as a surprise to the members of his parish. None of the members had heard of the possibility of such action being taken. Some were inclined to express doubt as to whether Dr. Page would accept the appointment.

Only one other promotion was made by the house of bishops, that being the election of George Biller Jr., formerly of New Jersey, to the bishopric of North Dakota. The house of bishops was in session for two days.

Dr. Page has been rector of St. Paul's church for twelve years. He came to Chicago from St. John's Episcopal church at Fall River, Mass.

The newly appointed bishop was graduated from Harvard with a degree of bachelor of arts in 1888. In 1891 he received the degree of bachelor of divinity from the Episcopal Theological seminary at Cambridge, Mass. In 1906 he was awarded the honorary degree of doctor of divinity by the University of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Page had been rector of St John's church in Fall River for seven years when he was called to Chicago to occupy the pulpit of St. Paul's one of the largest Episcopalian congregations in Chicago.

Dr. Page is forty-three years old, married, and has one son, now a student at Harvard.

JILTS A PRINCE TO WED AN AMERICAN

The engagement of Miss Katherine Britton, who, it is reported, jilted a prince to wed E. H. Harriman's son, Averill, is expected to be announced shortly. Young Harriman will inherit much of the millions left by his father, and Miss Britton, as the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Britton, will come into a large fortune.

Miss Britton spent the summer in Europe and at Narragansett Pier. She won fame in social circles at the national capital last winter by appearing at a dance with a golden snake twined about her corsage. The effect was so lifelike that it startled the guests until the wearer assured them it was made of jewels. As a devotee of aviation, she has also gained some prominence, having made several flights on the speedway with famous aviators.

At the time of Miss Britton's debut, several years ago, she was a member of the exclusive coterie of debutantes known as the "Big Six." Her associates of that year were Miss Laura Merriam, Miss Gladys Hinckley, Miss Eudora Clover, Miss Marguerite Draper and Miss Sophie Johnston.

With Miss Merriam, Miss Britton helped to organize the Monday Afternoon Skating club and the Dancing Fifty at the Playhouse club at Washington. She has also taken part in various society dramatics at the Playhouse and in Mrs. Barney Hemmick's affairs. She was particularly effective in the pantomime given by Mrs. Hemmick last spring. Attired in the colonial costume owned by her great-great-grandmother, she led one division of the minuet at the Southern Relief ball, and won great admiration.

In her mode of dressing Miss Britton has been noted for her originality. She was the first to wear the new Robespierre collar, and she defies convention by wearing a gay black and white cap while driving her automobile. Her engagement has been rumored before.

EASY TO FILL THAT ORDER

Floorwalker Hardly Had to Think to Make Satisfactory Answer to the Inquiry.

"Silk stockings must be very cheap in America. Nowhere in the world do women's slim and supple ankles gleam women's slim and supple ankles gleam in lustrous silk as they do here."

The speaker was Robert Loraine, the English actor. He continued:

"A married man told me the other day that, going into one of your department stores, he said to a floorwalker:

"'I'm looking for something pretty in silk stockings.'

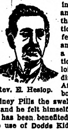
"The floorwalker smiled, and with a gesture embraced the long rows of counters with their charming saleswomen.

"'That remark,' he said, 'describes, I believe, practically every one of our young ladies.'"

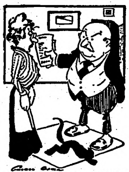
A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigton, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.


Rev. E. Heslop.

HIS FATE.



Husband (holding up a lot of bills)—Here's the devil to pay.

Wife (sweetly)—Don't let him worry you. You can settle with him hereafter.

Too Much of a Good Thing.

"I was very happy," said the professor, "when, after years of wooing, she finally said 'Yes.'"

"But why did you break the engagement so soon after?" asked his friend.

"Man, it was she that dissolved it."

"Really?" said the friend. "How did that happen?"

"It was due to my accursed absent-mindedness. When, a few days later, I called at her home, I again asked her to marry me."—Youth's Companion.

Clever Idea of Collector.

Here is a rare specimen of business humor received the other day by a London firm. It ran:

"Our cashier fell unconscious at his desk this morning. Up to this time, 4 p. m., we have been unable to get a word out of him except your names. May we say to him, with a view to his immediate recovery, that we have your check, as we think that is what he has on his mind?"

"PROUD AND GLAD"

Because Mother Looked So Well After Quitting Coffee.

An Ohio woman was almost distracted with coffee dyspepsia and heart trouble.

Like thousands of others, the drug—*caffeine*—in coffee was slowly but steadily undermining her nervous system and interfering with natural digestion of food. (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains *caffeine*, the poisonous drug found in coffee.)

"For 20 years," she writes, "I have used coffee. Have always been sickly—had heart trouble and dyspepsia, with ulcers in stomach and mouth so bad, sometimes, I was almost distracted and could hardly eat a thing for a week.

"I could not sleep for nervousness, and when I would lie down at night I'd [illegible] coffee and my heart would trouble me. It was like poison to me. I was thin—only weighed 125 lbs., when I quit coffee and began to use Postum.

"From the first day that belching and burning in my stomach stopped, I could sleep as soundly as anyone and, after the first month, whenever I met any friends they would ask me what I was doing to be so fleshy and looking so well.

"Sometimes, before I could answer quick enough, one of the children or my husband would say, 'Why, that is what Postum is doing for her'—they were all so proud and glad.

"When I recommend it to anyone I always tell them to follow directions in making Postum, as it is not good to taste if weak, but fine when it has the flavor and rich brown color." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one [illegible]

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise
and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS
OF COUNTRY PRODUCT TAKEN
IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

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Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

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C. L. HANSEN, President
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B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

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Spectator

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Saturday, November 9, 1912.

The possibility that Woodrow Wilson could carry Minnesota is a striking bit of history to those of us who have voted the republican ticket in Minnesota since there was a Minnesota and a republican ticket.

Governor Eberhart can thank St. Paul and Minneapolis for saving the day for him. Ramsey county gave him 14,200 to 10,578 for Ringdal and 3,969 for Collins. Minneapolis gave Eberhart 17,414, and Collins 4,469.

Of Mr. Taft, whose first term is now made his last, public thought thought will be kindly. He has not understood—that's all. Not even at the end of his term, when he faced a bitter fight for renomination and re-election, did he understand what was in the minds of the people. He has relied too much on outside counsel. He has thought too little for himself. And when he has thought his thought has been fruitless because he did not under-understand. Giving him full credit for good intent, the people who have been compelled to rebuke him by retirement will wish him well all his days.—Duluth Herald.

The great organization known as the republican party, first brought into existence in 1854 and scoring its first victory in 1860 in the election of Lincoln, is dead, died of ptomaine poison and official gangrene. President Taft is the chief mourner and will go down to the earth with thousands of followers who have fed at the public crib for the last half century. The procession will be a long one and one long to be remembered as the last gathering of official plunderers whose end has sadly come. "A Dios," Taft and his followers, many of whom are good fellows but must go with the herd. It is but little more than half a century since another great party gave up its existence at the demand of the people and so always will be the penalty for bad government. The atonement is sure, and good government will again prevail, at least until the new managers have learned all the tricks of the rejected and faithless public servants.—Cass Lake Times.

For the Neglected Majority

For years The Herald has been calling attention to the fact that a majority of the country's boys and girls are compelled to leave school before they begin the seventh grade; that almost none of these unfortunate children carry with them into the world, where they must ultimately begin the struggle for existence, any practical equipment for it, and that the fault is with a public school system organized to prepare collage matriculants—a system which sacrifices the ninety-and-nine for the benefit of the one who can hope to get the benefit of his public school course by completing a college course after the public school is through with him.

It is good to note, therefore, the beginnings of public effort for the benefit of this disinherited and neglected majority.

Wisconsin has made a begining toward vocational training, toward practical education that will give those who leave school early at least the rudiments of something that will help them in the battle of life.

And now Illinois is considering a move that is more advanced still. A bill has been agreed upon by the educational committees of the Commercial club of Chicago, the Chicago Association of Commerce and the Hamilton club to be presented to the legislature of that state this winter, which will, if it is enacted into law, go far to meet the real educational need of that state.

The plan is to authorize urban and rural schools to establish vocational training schools for children who have left school at an early age. They will be able to take this vocational training while working at least part time.

This is a step, but it is only a step. The process will not be complete until the regular public school courses not only prepare pupils for college and the professions, but prepare them as well for the shop, the field, and the factory. Up to a certain point the courses would be identical, probably; but when the child reached an age where choice of future occupation was possible, he would be directed into a course that would fit him for the chosen field. Moreover, the schools must learn to pass upon the special fitness of children. It is absurd to lug along through high school and college a lad who is specially fitted for some skilled craft; it would be absurd to crowd through a mechanical course a boy who is plainly intended for scholarly or artistic pursuits.

It is wrong to put children forth from the public schools with their real education yet to be gained, and often at bitter cost. It is wrong to squeeze all children through the same mold, crushing out the special faculties that might, if developed, prove of great benefit to the individual and to the world.

The Illinois measure leaves existing school systems intact. Separate management for the vocational school system is provided. There are to be vocational school boards consisting of the local superintendent of schools and equal representation from each of three classes—skilled workingmen or commercial or agricultural employes, employers of labor, and persons experienced in educational work. The vocational schools are to be supported by a separate tax. The communities are to bear half the expense and the state is to stand the other half.

This is an interesting experiment, and it would be encouraging to see a similar move made in Minnesota at the coming session of the legislature.—Duluth Herald.

The Election

The village election gave the following vote:

For president—Wilson 23, Taft 22, Debs 22, Roosevelt 14.

For governor—Eberhart 23, Ringdal 20, Morgan 21, Lobeck 6, Collins 3.

For Congressman—Steenerson 43, Brattland 34.

For Representative — O'Neil 40, Pladsen 26, Ritchie 6, Liden 3.

For Auditor—Fasel 51, Becken 28.

For treasurer—Trovaton 49, Nelson 30.

For register of deeds—Anderson 48, Nels K. Nelson 32.

For Sheriff—LaBree 52, Long 28.

For judge of probate—Michelet 35, Richardson 33.

For county attorney—Naplin 33, Stenton 31, Bishop 19.

For county Surveyor—Martz 61, Quist 22.

For clerk of court—Ives 26, Christianson 36, Ohm 11.

For Superintendent of schools—Netteland 74, including 16 women's votes; Mostue 23.

For coroner—Halvorson 45, Vistaunet 31.

For commissioner—Kittelson 41, Ed Aubol 39.

The county election was closely contested, the socialists coming altogether too near to winning out to make things at all comfortable for the candidates; but the entire republican ticket was elected with the exception of J. M. Bishop for county attorney.

A. H. Fasel for county auditor, N. J. Anderson for register of deeds, Wm. Michelet for judge of probate, and Andrew Trovaten for treasurer, had practically no opposition.

For sheriff, W. J. LaBree had over 1000 majority, polling the largest republican vote of any candidate.

Clerk of Court Ives, County Surveyor Martz and Superintendent Mostue won out by about 150 votes.

E. M. Stanton for county attorney was the only democrat elected.

For county commissioner Ed A. Aubol and Eric Kittleson had a close fight, but Aubol won out with about 50 votes to spare, his large vote in North saving the day for him.

For president or the United States Pennington county voters preferred Roosevelt, and for governor of Minnesota Eberhart.

We have not the complete returns at hand, being short two precincts, but next week we hope to be able to give our readers a complete and correct tabulation of the vote of the county.

Sometimes the man who did the most boasting before election is the hardest to find after election.

Artificial Frauds

To please the eye is better than to please any other sense. For many years the grocers have taken tightly packed boxes of strawberries when received from pickers, emptied them out, repacked them loosely, placing the largest berries on top, and making five boxes out of four, get more money for them than they could for the tightly packed boxes. Not content with that, they are now coloring berries with coal tar dye to make them a brilliant red. Several convictions have been had recently on that score. After all, the only people immune from arrest for impurities are makers of beer such as the golden grain belt beer. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston. adv

Pay your subscription

DECRIES THE PERPETUAL GRIN.

Writer Takes Issue with Man Who Says "Keep a-Smiling."

A favorite motto with many people in these latter days, when the wholesome gospel of cheerfulness is being preached so extensively, is, "Keep a-smiling." It is a very good motto within limitations. In so far as its adoption as a rule of conduct prevents the wearing of a lugubrious countenance when no overwhelming grief or calamity is being endured or is impending, in so far as it overcomes the tendency to look on the dark side and anticipate evil, in so far as it enables one to look for the best in all situations and to keep up his courage when troubles threaten—in all these respects it is a maxim worthy of commendation.

But it should not be interpreted too liberally; its spirit rather than its letter should be observed. Its spirit means a persistent hopefulness, a refusal to be cast down by discouraging or unfavorable circumstances, a sturdy defiance of adverse fate. Its literal observance may include these things, but it means also a perpetual grin, and a perpetual grin leads to thoughts of crime on the part of beholders. No one becomes so irritating or has such a maddening effect upon sensitive associates as the man or woman who wears the "smile that never comes off."—Indianapolis Star.

RABBITS ARE HARD FIGHTERS.

The Charge of Cowardice a Slander—Defeat of a Ferret.

Tell a man that he hasn't the pluck of a rabbit and if he doesn't disprove it by hitting you he is certain at any rate to be extremely annoyed.

Yet the taunt is a libel on the rabbit. A doe rabbit will fight like fury in defense of her young. She will charge like a battering ram and use those long sharp incissors of hers to capital purpose.

An old buck rabbit is not to be lightly tackled by weasel, stoat or even ferret. On the sanded floor of a small public house near Chestnut a ferret of long experience was matched with an old lop-eared buck, the property of the landlord.

The ferret made straight for the rabbit's throat, but the latter was in the air before master ferret could reach him, and leaping clean over the ferret's head let out with those powerful hind legs of his a kick which hurled the ferret bodily against the wainscot. Twice the ferret returned to the attack and twice he missed his grip and went hurtling through the air.

The third repulse was enough for him. He knew he was beaten and could not be persuaded to stand up for a fourth round. — Pearson's Weekly.

For Your Health.

Conquer your moods; don't let your moods conquer you. People who give way to moods never amount to much, because they are never masters of themselves. They never know in the morning whether they are going to do a good day's work or not, whether they are going to be a cheering or a depressing influence on the people around them. If they feel like being good-tempered, they will be; if they feel like "snapping" at everybody, they will snap.

People who suffer from "moods" should be careful about their habits. They should be regular about meals sleep, exercise and work. The condition of the health has much to do with moods, and there is nothing that contributes so much to health as absolute regularity.

TOOK THEIR MATES ON TRIAL.

One-Year Marriages Once a Common Thing in Scotland.

They who talk glibly of short-term marriages and affinities do not know that in Scotland a one-year marriage, termed a handfasting, was once legal and fairly common. It was abandoned on account of its injustice to the woman.

Scott, in "The Monastery," mentions this one-year marriage, making Sir Julian Avenal say:

"We take our wives, like our horses, upon trial. When we are handfasted, as we term it, we are man and wife for a year and a day; that space gone by, each may choose another mate, or at their pleasure, may call the priest to marry them for life."

There was no disgrace attached to handfasting. It was, indeed, more often practiced among the great than the lowly. But the poor girl whose trial husband rejected her at the year's end rarely found it possible to secure a permanent mate.

Preferred the Insomnia.

A story is told of the late bishop of London, Dr. Creighton, and Lord Rosebery. Lord Rosebery complained to the bishop of want of sleep, to which the bishop replied that he never suffered from insomnia. The earl observed that he wished he knew the remedy. The bishop's formula was very simple. If he felt drowsy he started to write a sermon and in a few moments he was wide awake. On the other hand if he wanted to sleep all he had to do was to start to read a sermon. Then sleep came in a few seconds. Lord Rosebery replied that it was his practice to choose the lesser evil, and he preferred want of sleep to reading sermons.

Spring Pastimes.

When I peruse the seedman's book,
That handy guide,
And at the tempting pictures look,
Then I decide
To purchase hoe and spade and rake
And gleefully a garden make.

But when the poultry book I read,
See Wyandottes
And Plymouth Rocks of stately breed
In handsome lots,
I feel I really cannot sleep
Till I begin to chickens keep.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Shore Lots.

Citteman—Oh, these are the shore lots you advertised? Well, there doesn't seem to be much to them.

Boomley—Say, you want to come up and have a look at them when the tide's out!—New York Life.

The Hen's Joke.

Said the barnyard goose, "Mrs. Hen, please tell
Why you laid an egg in the old dry well."
Said the wise old hen, "If you really must know,
I thought it time for me to 'lay low.'"
—Detroit Free Press.

The Measure of a Woman's Wit.

There are three ways by which a woman's brain
Can well be measured. One is by the fit
Of boot or shoe. A size that gives her pain
Proves her deficient in the thing called wit.

A waist so girded that its span appears
A wasplike structure shows her stupid quite,
But when her head must put on sundry tiers
To wear her hat—all sense has taken flight.
—L. S. Waterhouse in New York Life.

The Real Advantage.

John Bright used to tell how a barber who was cutting his hair once said to him: "You 'ave a large 'ead, sir. It is a good thing to 'ave a large 'ead, for a large 'ead means a large brain, and a large brain is the most useful thing a man can 'ave, as it nourishes the roots of the 'air."—Sacred Heart Review.

The Harder Part.

"It is hard to teach an old dog new tricks," quoted the wise guy.

"Yes, it's hard to find the new tricks," added the simple mug.—Philadelphia Record.

Lingering Superstitions.

"Will a lucky gentlewoman give an unlucky one a tiny mascot to bring luck?" runs an advertisement in an English paper. Here was a poor soul—for if there is a creature on the face of the earth whose fate calls for pity it is a gentlewoman who is down—keeping in her poverty some of that superstition or faith, whatever it may be called, which is the only thing that keeps misfortune from crushing the sufferer. If only she could get the right charm she might induce fate to look kindly on her! People call this a practical age, but evidences of superstition continue to appear. A lawsuit not long ago revealed the fact that an astrologer kept a motorcar and had a fine house, etc., all of which came out of the proceeds of a zodiacal magazine.

As Exemplified.

Having given his order twenty minutes before and seeing no indications that his dinner was ready, the man with the sparse whiskers beckoned to a waiter.

"My friend," he said, "perhaps I have made a mistake. Is this a pay as you enter restaurant?"

"No, sir," responded the young man in the white apron, yawning. "This is a dinner cooked while you wait restaurant."

Thereupon he resumed his dreamy, contemplative attitude, and the man with the sparse whiskers waited some more.—Chicago Tribune.

A Reply to Gladstone.

"Gladstone had no great scientific knowledge," said an English writer, "and at a dinner, when Faraday described an important new scientific discovery, the premier showed indifference.

"'After all,' he said, hiding a yawn behind his hand, 'what use will it ever be?'

"'Why,' said Faraday, 'there's every probability, sir, that some day you'll be able to tax it.'"

A Turn Down.

Swaggsy—Beg pardon, mister; I'm a stranger in dese parts. Farmer Harrow—Well, I dunno of anybody that wants to git acquainted with ye.—Boston Transcript.

A Queer Question.

Small Harold (at the zoo)—What is that funny looking bird, papa? Papa—That is a bald eagle, Harold. Small Harold—How long does an eagle have to be married before he gets bald, papa?—Chicago News.

Usually Has To.

"Say, paw, what is a genius?"

"A genius is a man who can do his own washing, sewing and cooking, my boy."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Weak men never yield at the proper time.—Latin.

Then She Got Furious.

She—Here we've been married just one month, and now you no longer love me. He—But, my dear— She—Don't try to explain. I'm not blind. You made a mistake. You ought to have married some silly, stupid woman. He—But, dearest, I've done my best.

Very Decollete.

"Poor chap! Everything he earns goes on his wife's back."

"Well, if you'd seen her at the opera you wouldn't think he earned much."—Bohemian.

All That's Necessary.

"Do Mr. and Mrs. Henpeck live happily?"

"Mrs. Henpeck does."—Houston Post.

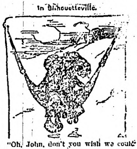
All Cameras Point to Africa.

The lion and the elephant,
The tiger full of wile,
The zebra and the tall giraffe,
The languid crocodile,

The milky hippopotamus,
The leopard and the gnu,
The panther and the python snake,
The little jackal, too—

Is this a circus catalogue?
Oh, not by any means!
I'm naming you the pictures
In this month's magazines.
—Newark Evening

In Silhouetteville.



"Oh, John, don't you wish we could sit here and spoon forever?"

"Yes, dearest. But let's go now; I think I hear the dinner bell!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

no it. Sure enough, before I expected it he gave a lurch and landed plumb on top of his sister.

Neither of them awoke.

I reckon women know in their sleep what's going on with their children, for, now that the storm was over and everything was still as the tomb, the mother sat up in bed, glanced at her children, got up and put them in their proper places. Then she went back to bed herself and was asleep in a moment.

"Well," I said to myself, "if that's what a clear conscience will furnish I'm going to have a clear conscience." I went back to my room resolved never to enter any man's house again but my own, at least not for plunder. I went to bed and slept like a top for twenty-four hours.

I kept my resolution, found honorable employment and prospered. But I didn't forget the family that converted me. The mother was a widow, and, having a hard time to get on, I made her acquaintance and married her.

But none of my family know that I had been a burglar or how I came to know them.

Too Fast.

"The first day he went out with his new auto he got pulled."

"For going fast?"

"No; quite the opposite."

"I don't see"—

"For stopping fast. He had to hire a farmer to haul him home."—Boston Post.

Coldly Described.

"So you don't envy any of the world's men of genius?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I admire them, but I don't envy 'em. A genius is a man who gets a monument after he's dead instead of three square meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

Madam, Read McCall's
The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

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DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business training. It costs no more at this great Business, Banking and Shorthand college, under exact office conditions, than at a small, questionable one. The results are, however, very different. 250 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—had calls for over 500. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers, bookkeepers or stenographers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $60 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under two expert reporters), trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. graduates. Do other schools offer this PROOF of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (350,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.
Watkins Block, Fargo, N. D.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 7:30 p. m.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Song service at 7:30 p. m.
Paul N. Palmer, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church.—Services Monday and Tuesday evenings at 8 p. m., by Rev. C. J. Nelson, a missionary to China.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 117. Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. P. Post, Sec. D. Patterson, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3760. Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1501, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 139 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Morris Lassley, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW

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PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address

Bring in Your Work

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. O. Elliott.

Andrew Anderson returned from Warren on Tuesday.

Rolland Fairbanks went Tuesday to his home near Chicago.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Sheriff LaBree was in town on official business on Wednesday.

Sheriff Fellman of Red Lake county was in town on Thursday.

D. McAllister made a business visit to Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Mrs. Carl Steen was visiting friends in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

G. W. Kolp returned Tuesday from a business visit to the Twin cities.

Mrs. M. Fricker has been quite ill this week, but is reported on the mend.

Hoken Johnson, the Red Lake Falls booze dispenser, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. T. Hovet, who has been very ill with typhoid fever, is recovering.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. R. J. McKercher on Wednesday, Nov. 6.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Bessler are turned Thursday evening from Thief River Falls.

Mrs. Peter Johnson and daughter, Mrs. Hans Hanson, were in Thief River Falls Monday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin visited at the home of her son, Charles Pitkin, at Thief River Falls Thursday.

Miss Hannah Gustafson of Thief River Falls has been the guest of Miss Tyra Wallin this week.

Come in and look over my new stock of winter shoes and rubbers. o26 3t-adv Ole Mathson.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. Lazar.

A. H. Pitkin was in Thief River Falls Wednesday on business, and to learn for sure if Mr. Taft was defeated.

Selmer Benson went Monday to Grand Forks, where he is taking the preparatory course of study at the university.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson of Duluth are visiting with Mrs. Johnson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. O. Hagglund.

The Hamar Ladies' Aid society will have an auction sale at K. Finstad's place Thursday, Nov. 28, in the afternoon.

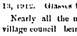
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Beelter arrived from Minot, N. D., Wednesday to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Andrew E. Anderson.

At the services a week from tomorrow at the United church an offering will be taken up for the organist, Miss Otta Skeie.

The annual business meeting of the United church congregation will be held at the church Wednesday, Nov. 27, at 1 o'clock p. m.

Stenographers earn big salaries. To become a good stenographer attend Mankato Commercial college, Mankato, Minn. adv-2t

For Sale.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-s21-1mo Otto Johnson.



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted. adv

Nearly all the members of the village council being out of town Monday evening the regular meeting was postponed to this evening.

Wanted. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. Kinder, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Mrs. Arne Arneson, a sister of Hovet, who has been with Mrs. Hovet during her illness, returned to Buxton, N. D., Monday, and Miss Julia Hovet, a cousin, came Wednesday.

F. Steen is changing his business location from Thief River Falls to Crookston. Mrs. Steen visited here Thursday and Friday on her way to her new home.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

Mrs. Andrew Anderson was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

M. R. Hage pays highest market prices for hides. adv

A. Aug. Erickson returned Thursday from a visit to Crookston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dahl were Thief River Falls visitors Wednesday.

Miss Pearl King, stenographer at the Elliott land office, is again at her desk.

Mrs. Herman Tawney of Blackduck has been a visitor with Mrs. Harry Allen this week.

Miss Josie Amble of Grand Forks visited with her uncle, J. J. Amble, and family over Sunday.

Chris Hall of Duluth has been a guest at the home of his brother, Andrew Hall, since Tuesday.

A. J. Hed attended the dairymen's convention and banquet at Thief River Falls Wednesday evening.

Mrs. N. E. Beebe returned Thursday from an extended visit with relatives and friends at Randolph, this state.

Dr. Nelson and Druggist Anderson of Crookston motored into town Thursday and made a few minutes stay.

Ole Loe of Bemidji was in town this week and sold his residence property west of the railroad to John Folstad.

Mrs. Andrew Amundson and family of Virginia are visiting with Mrs. Amundson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl From.

Today we vote again on the bond question. This is not a new issue of bonds, but a second election made necessary by the technical requirements of the attorneys for purchasers of the bonds.

George Austin of Fergus Falls stopped over here one day to visit with old friends, being on his way home from Thief River Falls, where he attended the creamerymen's convention on Wednesday.

R. J. McKercher was training a broncho yesterday when the animal kicked and hit a stick Mr. McKercher was carrying, the end of the stick making an ugly looking, though fortunately not dangerous, wound on the neck under the chin.

Misses Nellie Lindal, Tomina Wilson, and Lizzie Jacobson entertained a dancing party at Imperial hall Thursday evening in honor of William Lindal, who leaves today for St. Anthony Park, St. Paul, where he will enter the dairy department of the university. A dainty lunch was served at midnight.

The village council has employed an attorney to obtain an injunction restraining the county auditor from placing any further amounts on the lists for the village for a long standing ditch assessment. At the time the River Falls ditch, now No. 16, was established, the village was assessed $570.00 for its construction, which assessment the village authorities have always held to have been illegal and have consistenty refused to pay. Last year County Auditor Fasel placed $140.00 on the tax list against the village, and the board has determined to take the matter into the courts and have the question of the legality of the imposition settled for once and for all.

Attorney Boughton of Red Lake Falls was in town Thursday looking after his damage cases. The suit of Chris Peterson against the Great Northern railroad for damages sustained a year ago when he was thrown from a wagon, comes up in district court at Red Lake Falls next week. It is also probable that Mrs. Sherva will bring action against the railroad or village or both for damages sus- when she fell off the crossing and fractured an arm.

A Dozen Photographs
Such as you get at Borry's studio, Thief River Falls, make twelve splendid Christmas gifts. adv-o29-4

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY
TIME TABLE
THE COMFORTABLE WAY.

TIME TABLE.
GOING NORTH
No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight, " " 8:10 "

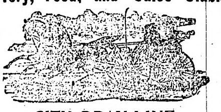
GOING SOUTH
No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p.m
" 554, Freight, " " 2:15 "
No. 554 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, of each week.
Leave for Wylie............ 7:10 a. m
arrived from Wylie .... 8:35 a.m

We have on hand a large assortment of

Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats

Which will be sold at a big reduction in price.

DAVID LAZAR



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Local Markets

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Wheat, No. 1 Northern	74
" " 2 "	71
" " 3 "	68
Flax, No. 1..................	$1.21
" " 2..................	1.19
Adjected Flax	1.14
Barley, for 48 lbs........	36
Oats	22
Rye	48
Eggs......................	25
Butter	20
" creamery............	31
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight.........	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed............	8½
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	9@6
Chickens, alive..........	6@8
Hides......................	@9
Flour, patent............	2.60-3.00
Shorts, per ton.........	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

What's in a Name.

Returned Traveler—By the way, Mr. Mann, your daughter, Miss Etta, is married, isn't she? Old Resident—No; she could have married a fine young fellow once, but she threw him over on account of his name. She said it was bad enough to be Etta Mann, but she drew the line at Etta Knox.—Chicago Tribune.

No Economy There.

Bronx—In Russia they never say, "What's in a name?" Lenox—Why not? Bronx—It's taken for granted that it's the whole alphabet.—Lippincott's.

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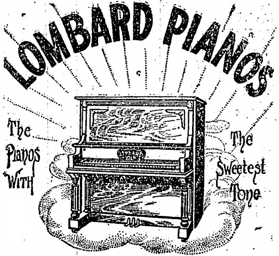

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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

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Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

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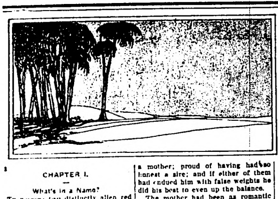

The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH

Author of HEARTS AND MASKS
The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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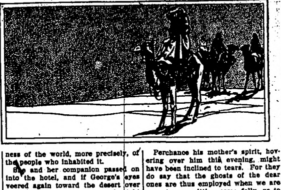
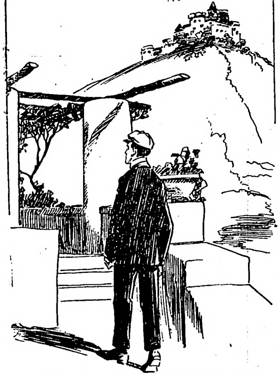


CHAPTER I.

What's in a Name?

To possess two distinctly alien red corpuscles in one's blood, metaphorically if not in fact, two characters or individualities under one epidermis, is, in most cases, a peculiar disadvantage. One hears of scoundrels and saints striving to consume one another in one body, angels and harpies; but ofttimes, quite the contrary to being a curse, these two warring temperaments become a man's ultimate blessing, as in the case of George P. A. Jones, of Mortimer & Jones, the great metropolitan Oriental rug and carpet company, all of which has a dignified, sonorous sound. George was divided within himself. This he would not have confessed even into the trusted if battered ear of the Egyptian Sphynx. There was, however, no demon-angel sparring for points in George's soul. The difficulty might be set forth in this manner: On one side stood inherent common sense, on the other, a boundless, roseate imagination which was likewise inherent—a kind of quixote imagination of suitable modern pattern. This alter ego terrified him whenever it raised its strangely beautiful head and shouldered aside his guardian-angel (for that's what common sense is, argue to what end you will) and pleaded in that luminous rhetoric under the spell of which our old friend Sancho often fell asleep.

P. A., as they called him behind the counters, was but twenty-eight, and if he was vice-president in his late father's shoes he didn't wabble round in them to any great extent. In a crowd he was not noticeable; he didn't stand head and shoulders above his fellow-men, nor would he have been mistaken by near-sighted persons, the myopes, for the Vatican's Apollo in the flesh. He was of medium height, beardless, slender, but tough and wiry and enduring. You may see his prototype on the streets a dozen times a day, and you may also pass him without turning round for a second view. Young men like P. A. must be intimately known to be admired; you did not throw your arm across his neck, first-off. His hair was brown and closely clipped about a head that would have gained the attention of the phrenologist, if not that of the casual passer-by. His bumps, in the phrascology of that science, were good ones. For the rest, he observed the world through a pair of kindly, shy, blue eyes.



He Haunted the Romantic Quarters of the Globe; He Was Romantic.

Young girls, myopic through ignorance or silliness, seeing nothing beyond what the eyes see, seldom gave him a second inspection; for he did not know how to make himself attractive, and was mortally afraid of the opposite, or opposing sex. He could bullyrag a sheik out of his camels' saddle-bags, but petticoats and lace parasols and small Oxfords had the same effect upon him that the prodding stick of a small boy has upon a retiring turtle. But many a worldly-wise woman, drawing out with tact and kindness the truly beautiful thoughts of this young man's soul, sadly demanded of fate why a sweet, clean boy like this one had not been sent to her in her youth. You see, the worldly-wise woman knows that it is invariably the lay-figure and not Prince Charming that a woman marries; and that matrimony is blind-man's-buff in grown-ups.

Many of us lay the blame upon our parents. We shift the burden of wondering why we have this fault and lack that grace to the shoulders of our immediate forbears. We go to the office each morning denying that we have any responsibility; we let the boss do the worrying. But George never went prospecting in his soul for any such dross philosophy. He was grateful for having had so beautiful a mother; proud of having had so honest a sire; and if either of them had endued him with false weights he did his best to even up the balance.

The mother had been as romantic as any heroine out of Mrs. Radcliff's novels, while the father had owned to as much romance as one generally finds in a thorough business man, which is practically none at all. The very name itself is a bulwark against the intrusions of romance. One can not lift the imagination to the prospect of picturing a Jones in ruffles and highboots, pinking a varlet in the midriff. It smells of sugar-barrels and cotton-bales, of steamships and railroads, of stolid routine in the office and of placid concern over the daily news under the evening lamp.

Mrs. Jones, lovely, lettered yet not worldly, had dreamed of her boy, bayed and decorated, marrying the most distinguished woman in all Europe, whoever she might be. Mr. Jones had had no dreams at all, and had put the boy to work in the shipping department a little while after the college threshold had been crossed, outward bound. The mother, while sweet and gentle, had a will, iron under velvet, and when she held out for Percival Algernon and a decent knowledge of modern languages, the old man agreed if, on the other hand, the boy's first name should be George and that he should learn the business from the cellar up. There were several tilts over the matter, but at length a truce was declared. It was agreed that the boy himself ought to have a word to say upon a subject which concerned him more vitally than any one else. So, at the age of fifteen, when he was starting off for preparatory school, he was advised to choose for himself. He was an obedient son, adoring his mother and idolizing his father. He wrote himself down as George Percival Algernon Jones, promised to become a linguist and to learn the rug business from the cellar up. On the face of it, it looked like a big job; it all depended upon the boy!

The first day at school his misery began. He had signed himself as George P. A. Jones, no small diplomacy for a lad; but the two initials, standing up like dismantled pines in the midst of uninteresting landscape, roused the curiosity of his schoolmates. Boys are boys the world over, and possess a finesse in cruelty that only Indians can match; and it did not take them long to unearth the fatal secret. For three years he was Percy Algy, and not only the boys laughed, but the pretty girls sniggered. Many a time he had returned to his dormitory decorated (not in accord with the fond hopes of his mother) with a swollen ear, or a ruddy proboscis, or a green-brown eye. There was a limit, and when they stepped over that, why, he proceeded to the best of his ability to solve the difficulty with his fists. George was no milksop; but Percival Algernon would have been the Old Man of the Sea on broader shoulders than his. He dimly realized that had he been named George Henry William Jones his sun would have been many diameters larger. There was a splendid quality of pluck under his apparent timidity, and he stuck doggedly to it. He never wrote home and complained. What was good enough for his mother was good enough for him.

It seemed just an ordinary matter of routine for him to pick up French and German verbs. He was far from being brilliant, but he was sensitive and his memory was sound. Since his mother's ambition was to see him an accomplished linguist, he applied himself to the task as if everything in the world depended upon it, just as he knew that when the time came he would apply himself as thoroughly to the question of rugs and carpets.

Under all this filial loyalty ran the pure strain of golden romance, side by side with the lesser metal of practicality. When he began to read the masters he preferred their romances to their novels. He even wrote poetry in secret, and when his mother discovered the fact she cried over the sentimental verses. The father had to be told. He laughed and declared that the boy would some day develop into a good writer of advertisements. This quiet laughter, unburdened as it was with ridicule, was enough to set George's muse a-winging, and she never came back.

After leaving college he was given a modest letter of credit and told to go where he pleased for a whole year. George started out at once in quest of the Holy Grail, and there are more roads to that than there are to Rome. One may be reasonably sure of getting into Rome, whereas the Holy Grail (diversified, variable, innumerable) is always the exact sum of a bunch of hay hanging before old Dobbin's nose. Nevertheless, George galloped his fancies with loose rein. He haunted romance, burrowed and plowed for it; and never his spade clanged musically against the hidden treasure, never a forlorn beauty in distress, not so much as chapter one of the Golden Book offered its dazzling first page. George lost some confidence.

Two or three times a woman looked into the young man's mind, and in his guilelessness they effected sundry holes in his letter of credit, but left his soul singularly untouched. The red corpuscle, his father's gift, though it lay dormant, subconsciously erected barriers. He was innocent, but he was no fool. That one year taught him the lesson, rather cheaply, too. If there was any romance in life, it came uninvited, and if courted and sought was as quick on the wing as that erstwhile poesy must.

The year passed, and while he had not wholly given up the quest, the practical George agreed with the romantic Percival to shelve it indefinitely. He returned to New York with thirty-two pounds sterling out of the original thousand, a fact that rejuvenated his paternal parent by some ten years.

"Jane, that boy is all right. Percival Algernon could not kill a boy like that."

"Do you mean to infer that it ever could?" Sometimes a qualm wrinkled her conscience. Her mother's heart told her that her son ought not to be shy and bashful, that it was not in the nature of his blood to suspect ridicule where there was none. Perhaps she had handicapped him with those names; but it was too late now to admit of this, and useless, since it would not have remedied the evil.

Jones hemmed and hawed for a space. "No," he answered; "but I was afraid he might try to live up to it; and no Percival Algernon who lived up to it could put his nose down to a Shah Abbas and tell how many knots it had to the square inch. I'll start him in on the job tomorrow."

Whereupon the mother sat back dreamily. Now, where was the girl worthy of her boy? Monumental question, besetting every mother, from Eve down, Eve, whose trials in this direction must have been heartrending!

George left the cellar in due time, and after that he went up the ladder in bounds, on his own merit, mind you, for his father never stirred a hand to boost him. He took the interest in rugs that turns a buyer into a collector; it became a fascinating pleasure rather than a business. He became invaluable to the house, and acquired some fame as a judge and an appraiser. When the chief-buyer retired George was given the position, with an itinerary that carried him half way round the planet once a year, to Greece, Turkey, Persia, Arabia, and India, the lands of the genii and the bottles, of arabesques, of temples and tombs, of many-colored turbans and flowing robes and distracting tongues. He walked and always in a kind of mental enchantment.

The suave and elusive Oriental, with his sharp practices, found his match in this pleasant young man, who knew the history of the very wools and cottons and silks woven in a rug or carpet. So George prospered, became known in strange places, by strange peoples; and saw romance, light of foot and eager of eye, pass and repass; learned that romance did not essentially mean falling in love or rescuing maidens from burning houses and wrecks; that, on the contrary, true romance was kaleidoscopic, having more brilliant facets than a diamond; and that the man who begins with nothing and ends with something is more wonderful than any excursion recounted by Sinbad or any tale by Scheherazade. But he still hoped that the iridescent goddess would some day touch his shoulder and lead him into that maze of romance so peculiar to his own fancy.

And then into this little world of business and pleasure came death and death again, leaving him alone and with a twisted heart. Riches mattered little, and the sounding title of vice-president still less. It was with a distinct shock that he realized the mother and the father had been with him so long that he had forgotten to make other friends. From one thing to another he turned in hope to soothe the smart, to heal the wound; and after a time he drifted, as all shy, intelligent and imaginative men drift who are friendless, into the silent and intimate comradeship of inanimate things, such as jewels, ivories, old metals, rare woods and ancient embroideries, and perhaps more comforting than all these, good books.

The proper tale of how the aforesaid iridescent goddess jostled (for it scarce may be said that she led) him into a romance lacking neither comedy nor tragedy, now begins with a trifling bit of retrospection. One of those women who were not good and who looked into the clear pool of the boy's mind saw the harmless longing there, and made note, hoping to find profit by her knowledge when the pertinent day arrived. She was a woman so pleasing, so handsome, so adroit, that many a man, older and wiser than George, found her mesh too strong for him. Her plan matured, suddenly and brilliantly, as projects of men and women of her class and caliber without variation do.

Late one December afternoon (to be precise, 1909), George sat on the tea-veranda of the Hotel Semiramis in Cairo. A book lay idly upon his knees. It was one of those yarns in which something was happening every other minute. As adventures go, George had never had a real one in all his twenty-eight years, and he believed that fate had treated him rather shabbily. He didn't quite appreciate her reserve. No matter how late he wandered through the mysterious bazaars, either here in Egypt or over yonder in India, nothing ever befell more exciting than an argument with a carriage-driver. He never carried small-arms, for he would not have known how to use them. The only deadly things in his hands were bass-rods and tennis-racquets. No, nothing ever happened to him; yet he never met a man in a ship's smoke-room who hadn't run the gamut of thrilling experiences. As George wasn't a liar himself, he believed all he saw and most of what he heard.

Well, here he was, eight-and-twenty, a pocket full of money, a heart full of life, and as hopeless an outlook, so far as romance and adventure were concerned, as an old maid in a New England village.

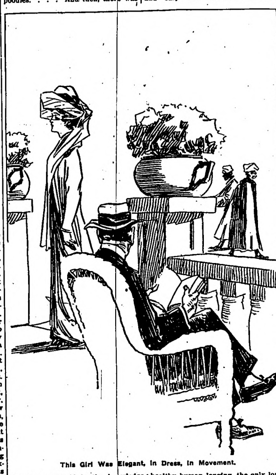
"George, you old fool, what's the use?" he thought. "What's the use of a desire that never goes in a straight line, but always round and round in a circle?"

He thrust aside his grievance and surrendered to the never-ending wonder of the Egyptian sunset; the Nile feluccas, riding upon perfect reflections; the date-palms, black and motionless against the translucent blue of the sky; the amethystine prisms of the Pyramids, and the deepening gold of the desert's brim. He loved the Orient, always so new, always so strange, yet ever so old and familiar.

A carriage stopped in front, and his gaze naturally shifted. There is ceaseless attraction in speculating about new-comers in a hotel, what they are, what they do, where they come from, and where they are going. A fine elderly man of fifty got out. In the square set of his shoulders, the flowing white mustache and imperial, there was a suggestion of militarism. He was immediately followed by a young woman of twenty, certainly not over that age. George sighed wistfully. He envied those polo-players and gentleman-riders and bridge-experts who were stopping at the hotel. It wouldn't be an hour after dinner before some one of them found out who she was and spoke to her in that easy style which he concluded must be a gift rather than an accomplishment. You mustn't suppose for a minute that George wasn't well-born and well-bred, simply because his name was Jones. Many a Fitz-Hugh Maurice or Hugh Fitz-Maurice might have been— But, no matter. He knew instinctively, then, what elegance was when he saw it, and this girl was elegant, in dress, in movement. He rather liked the pallor of her skin, which hinted that she wasn't one of those athletic girls who bounced in and out of the dining-room, talking loudly and smoking cigarettes and playing bridge for sixpenny points. She was tall. He was sure that her eyes were on the level with his own. The grey veil that drooped from the rim of her simple Leghorn hat to the tip of her nose obscured her eyes, so he could not know that they were large and brown and indefinably sad. They spoke not of a weariness of travel, but of a weariness of the world, more precisely, of the people who inhabited it.

She and her companion passed on into the hotel, and if George's eyes veered again toward the desert over which the stealthy purples of night were creeping, the impulse was mechanical; he saw nothing. In truth, he was desperately lonesome, and he knew, moreover, that he had no business to be. He was young; he could at a pinch tell a joke as well as the next man; and if he had never had what he called an adventure, he had seen many strange and wonderful things and could describe them with that mental afterglow which still lingers over the sunset of our first expressions in poetry. But there was always that hydra-headed monster, for ever getting about his feet, numbing his voice, paralyzing his hands, and never he lopped off a head that another did not instantly grow in its place. Even the sword of Perseus could not have saved him, since one has to get away from an object in order to cut it down.

Had he really ever tried to overcome this monster? Had he not waited for the propitious moment (which you and I know never comes) to throw off this species from Hades? It is all very well, when you are old and dried up, to turn to ivories and metals and precious stones; but when a fellow's young! You can't shake hands with an ivory replica of the Taj Mahal, nor exchange pleasantries with a Mandarin's ring, nor yet confide joys and ills into a casket of rare emeralds; indeed, they do but emphasize one's loneliness. If only he had had a dog; but one can not carry a dog half way round the world and back, at least not with comfort. What with all these new-fangled quarantine laws, duties, and fussy ships' officers who wouldn't let you keep the animal in your state-room, traveling with a four-footed friend was almost an impossibility. To be sure, women with poodles. . . . And then, there was the bitter of acid in the knowledge that no one ever came up to him and slapped him on the shoulder with a—"Hol-lo, Georgie, old sport; what's the good word?" for the simple fact that his shoulder was always bristling with spikes, born of the fear that some one was making fun of him.



This Girl Was Elegant, In Dress, In Movement.

Perchance his mother's spirit, hovering over him this evening, might have been inclined to tears. For they do say that the ghosts of the dear ones are thus employed when we are near to committing some folly, or to exploring some forgotten chamber of Pandora's box, or worse still, when that lady intends emptying the whole contents down upon our unfortunate heads. If so be, they were futile tears; Percival Algernon had accomplished its deadly purpose.

Pandora? Well, then, for the benefit of the children. She was a lady who was an intimate friend of the mythological gods. They liked her appearance so well that they one day gave her a box, casket, chest, or whatever it was, to guard. By some marvelous method, known only of gods, they had got together all the trials and tribulations of mankind (and some of the joys) and locked them up in this casket. It was the Golden Age, as you may surmise. You recall Eve and the apple? Well, Pandora was a forecast of Eve; she couldn't keep her eyes off the latch, and at length her hands—Fatal curiosity! Whirr! And everything has been at sixes and at sevens since that time. Pandora is eternally recurring, now here, now there; she is a blonde sometimes, and again she is a brunette; and you may take it from George and me that there is always something left in the casket.

George closed the book and consulted his sailing-list. In a short time he would leave for Port Said, thence to Naples, Christmas there, and home in January. Business had been ripping. He would be jolly glad to get home again, to renew his comradeship with his treasures. And, by Jove! there was one man who slapped him on the shoulder, and he was no less a person than the genial president of the firm, his father's partner, at present his own. If the old chap had had a daughter now. . . . And here one comes at last to the bottom of the sack. He had only one definite longing, a healthy human longing, the only longing worth while in all this deep, wide, round old top; to love a woman and by her be loved.

At exactly half after six the gentleman with the reversible cuffs arrived; and George missed his boat.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Bound to Exert Influence

Effects of the Passion of Sympathy, No Matter on What Object It Is Lavished.

It is by the passion of sympathy that we enter into the concerns of others; that we are moved as they are moved, and are never suffered to be indifferent spectators of almost anything which men can do or suffer. For sympathy must be considered as a sort of substitution, by which we are put into the place of another man, and affected in a good measure as he is affected; so that this passion may either partake of the nature of those which regard self-preservation, and turning upon pain may be a source of the sublime; or it may turn upon ideas of pleasure, and then, whatever has been said of the social affections, whether they regard society in general, or only some particular modes of it, may be applicable here.

It is by this principle chiefly that poetry, painting and other affecting arts transfuse their passion from one breast to another, and are often capable of grafting a delight on wretchedness, misery and death itself. It is a common observation that objects in the reality which would shock, are, in tragical and such like representations, the source of a very high species of pleasure. This, taken as a fact, has been the cause of much reasoning. This satisfaction has been commonly attributed, first, to the comfort we receive in considering that so melancholy a story is no more than a fiction; and next, the contemplation of our own freedom from evils we see represented. I am afraid it is a practice much too common, in inquiries of this nature, to attribute the cause of feelings which merely arise from the mechanical structures of our bodies, or from the natural from or constitution of our minds, to certain conclusions of the reasoning faculty on the objects presented to us; for I have some reason to apprehend that the influence of reason in producing our passions is nothing near so extensive as is commonly believed.—Edmund Burke.

First Encyclopedia.

The most ancient attempt at what is called in these days an "encyclopedia" was Pliny's "Natural History." This old work, a very high authority throughout the Middle Ages, is really a remarkable production and well deserves the fame that for so many ages belonged to it. Pliny, who died in 79 A. D., was not a naturalist, a physician or an artist, and did not pretend to be the wisest man of his time, yet such was his interest in knowledge that he devoted the leisure hours of a busy public life to compiling the work which did a vast amount of good in the world and paved the way for the comprehensive encyclopedias of the present time.

Still With Them.

"I see that Holder isn't one of your bank's most reliable and entirely trusted employes."

"Why so?"

"He's been at his desk 30 years. I notice that it's always the trusted and reliable that go away to Canada."—Browning's Magazine.

Good Holder for Safety Matches.

A holder for a box of safety matches, intended to be hung on a wall, but which can be folded for carrying in the pocket, is the invention of a New Yorker.

BABY'S HAPPINESS DEPENDS ON HEALTH

When your baby is cross and fretful instead of the happy, laughing little dear you are accustomed to, in all probability the digestion has become disarranged and the bowels need attention. Give it a mild laxative, dispel the irritability, and bring back the happy content of babyhood.

The mother should make sure that the laxative used contains no opiate or narcotic drug. A mild, pleasant-tasting, harmless laxative like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is ideal for children because of its natural composition and gentle action. A small dose of Syrup Pepsin at bedtime will bring easy, certain relief next morning, and with no distressful griping or other discomfort. You can get Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at any drug store. Your name and address on a postal to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 203 West St., Monticello, Ill., will bring a free trial bottle by return mail. Adv.

Puts Job in Second Place.

A Humboldt rancher returned from a year's trip through the east to find that a one-time neighbor of his, a man noted for his perfect patience, had been having a siege of bad luck. Upon hearing the news he immediately sought out the neighbor to condole with him.

"Well, John," he said, after greetings had been exchanged. "I hear you lost all of your timber through the forest fires."

The other man nodded.

"And they say that the river cut off your best bottom land; that your hogs all died of cholera; that your wife and children had been sick, and that they have now foreclosed the mortgage on your other place.

John nodded again. "Yes, it's all true," he said, looking about him at what had once been his prosperous farm, "all true. Why, sometimes I get almost discouraged."—Ladies' Home Journal.

Can She Do It?

Zoology Professor—Miss Fluff, what is natural selection?

Fluff—Natural selection is where a young lady picks out a fellow, with lots of money and marries him.

TIRED BLOOD EXPOSES THE LUNGS

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

Tired Blood Conditions permit Cold and disease germs to attack the air passages and lungs, developing Catarrh, LaGrippe, Difficulty in Breathing, and Consumption. These germs can be destroyed and expelled only by chemical action in the blood.

TONITIVES TRADE MARK FOR TIRED BLOOD

The purpose of Tonitives for Tired Blood, is to revive this chemical action, help the blood to absorb more nutriment and more oxygen, to bring these elements into direct contact with every cell, to chemically cleanse and renew the lungs and other tissues. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

Cough, Cold Sore Throat

Sloan's Liniment gives quick relief for cough, cold, hoarseness, sore throat, croup, asthma, hay fever and bronchitis.

HERE'S PROOF.

MR. ALBERT W PRICE, of Fredonia, Kan., writes: "We use Sloan's Liniment in the family and find it an excellent relief for colds and hay fever attacks. It stops coughing and sneezing almost instantly."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

RELIEVED SORE THROAT.

MRS. L. BREWER, of Modello, Fla., writes: "I bought one bottle of your Liniment and it did me all the good in the world. My throat was very sore, and it cured me of my trouble."

GOOD FOR COLD AND CROUP.

MR. W. H. STRANGE, 3721 Elmwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "A little boy next door had croup. I gave the mother Sloan's Liniment to try. She gave him three drops on sugar before going to bed, and he got up without the croup in the morning."

Price, 25c., 50c., $1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse sent free.

Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan. Boston, Mass.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PISO'S REMEDY
25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Your Opportunity is NOW

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

In the Province of Saskatchewan, Western Canada

Do you desire to get a Free Homestead of 160 ACRES of that well known Wheat Land? The area is becoming more limited but no less valuable. NEW DISTRICTS have recently been opened up for settlement, and into these railroads are now being built. The day will soon come when there will be no Free Homesteading land left. A Swift Current, Saskatchewan, farmer writes: "I came on my homestead, March 1906, with about $1000 worth of horses and machinery, and just $35 in cash. Today I have 960 acres of wheat, 300 acres of oats, and 50 acres of flax." Not bad for six years, but only an instance of what may be done in Western Canada in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Send at once for Literature, Maps, Railway Rates, etc., to

R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

Canadian Government Agents, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

$65 TO $200

A Month. Learn a new profession. Seven Weeks. We have jobs for three hundred men before May 1st, 1913. INDIANA SCHOOL OF TRACTIONEERING, 100 PINE LAKE AVE., LAPORTE, IND.

We sell Traps, Etc., Cheap and pay HIGHEST PRICES for

HIDES, FURS, PELTS, ETC.

Write for free catalog, price list and shipping tags

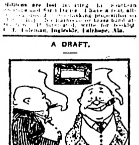
N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.
Established 1890 Minneapolis, Minn.

KODAKS AND FINISHING

Any size 6 exp. film developed 10 cents. 10 or 12 exp. or film pack 20 cents. KREGEL PHOTOPARLORS, 629 Hennepin Ave., Minn., 46 E. 7th St., St. Paul

Millions are lost in sitting in Southern [illegible] I have a real, all-[illegible] proposition on [illegible]. No Barbecue or brass band at-[illegible]. If interested, write for booklet. [illegible] Coleman, Ingleside, Fairhope, Ala.

A DRAFT.



Green—Is your son, who is studying art in Paris, learning to draw?

Wise—Well, he draws on me every week or so.

Chivalrous in Face of Misfortune.

At a mass meeting recently in a nearby town an old and foremost citizen who clings to the sartorial style of years ago, was called upon for his views on the subject in discussion. He made a brief speech, and as he was compelled to hurry back to his office, he turned to the seat next to his, on which he had deposited his silk hat, just in time to see a woman flatten it completely by sitting on it.

Ever polite, his feelings were nevertheless stirred, and the best he could think of to say under the circumstances was:

"I—I—I hope you have not injured yourself, madam."—Kansas City Star.

So Like Strangers.

Nell—Bob Brown and Dolly Smith are engaged.

Sue—Indeed? I thought they were better acquainted.

Now the farmer is being informed that the safety of the country depends on his vote.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH

By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Listeners seldom hear any good of themselves—or of anybody else.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not gripe. Adv.

Probably a woman tells secrets so that she won't forget them.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

WANTED!
Northern Farmers
in Mississippi and Louisiana

where every day is a planting day and every month is a harvest month. Farmers in these states reap from two to four crops a year and have green pastures for their hogs and cattle ten months in the year. The land is cheap and you can buy it on very easy terms. Many farmers have gone to Mississippi and Louisiana and become wealthy. Why not you? Write today for beautifully illustrated booklets to

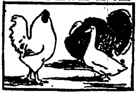
J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Comm., I.C.R.R., Room F600 Central Station, Chicago, Ill.

PIANO LESSONS FREE

whether you have a piano or not. For full particulars write National School of Music, 321 Alhambra, Milwaukee, Wis

AGENTS $0 weekly. Free sample. Something new. A wonderful seller. Colorado Supply Co., [illegible] Colorado Springs, Colorado

POULTRY

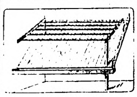


CLEAN ROOST FOR CHICKENS

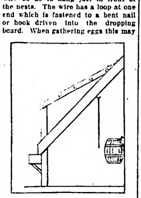
Slope of Dropping Board Sufficient to Prevent Hens From Walking on Its Surface.

(By GEORGE B. FRASER, Edmonton, Alberta.)

The illustrations represent a chicken roost of my own design, which I find to be both cleanly and economical. The dropping board requires a slope of 45 degrees or more, if the height of the henhouse will permit, and it is raised high enough to permit the use of all the floor space for scratching purposes. The trough at the bottom catches the droppings, and the slide door at one end enables these to be scraped out with a hoe or shovel into a box on the floor. I use a hoe to clean the dropping board and afterwards throw a shovelful or two of dry earth over its surface. The roosts should not have so great a slope as the board beneath, so as to enable one to use a hoe for cleaning off the board. The slope of the dropping board not only causes the droppings to collect in the trough beneath, but prevents the hens from walking on its surface. The space behind I utilize for nests. After trying various kinds, I find ordinary nail kegs the best. These should be filled two-thirds full of straw, and a wire loop inserted at the top. They may then be hung in a row, and touching each other to keep them steady, to nails driven into the wall behind. In this way they can be easily lifted off the nails to be cleaned. I chose kegs for nests as the hens are unable to eat their eggs in them and they are about the right size to accommodate one hen at a time. My henhouse has a very large window right opposite the hen roost, so in order to darken the nests I fasten a strip of old linoleum on a wire so as to hang just in front of the nests. The wire has a loop at one end which is fastened to a bent nail or hook driven into the dropping board. When gathering eggs this may be unhooked and the curtain allowed to drop out of the way. Anyone who has never tried using a dropping board, or has used the ordinary flat kind, will find this a decided improvement as far as cleanliness and economy of space is concerned.



Front View.



Side View.

A Good Egg Food.

Cowpeas are not only relished by hens, but it is excellent egg food for them. One successful poultryman gives his experience: The peas, after maturing, were harvested and stored in dry lofts, and thrown to the fowls in scratching pens, where they were scratched over and searched for during the day. After a few days the egg supply was visibly increased and within a few weeks almost doubled that from an equal number of hens kept in separate quarters and fed on other grains. The hens seemed to like the small branches and leaves, and would eat every particle except the hard, stiff stems. The general health of the flock was excellent, and not a single hen showed the least symptom of ailment during the winter season. Considering the ease with which cowpeas may be raised, it seems that everyone should give them a test as food for the poultry.

Breeding Stock.

If a breeder keeps within the lines of his own breeding year after year, he soon has a stock adapted to his system. If he goes out regularly for new blood he is constantly introducing blood of stock adapted to other conditions and increasing the probabilities of loss in his flock. This ought to be of particular interest to those whose fear of inbreeding and desire for change leads them to swap roosters every spring.

Hens Must Have Enough.

We must furnish our hens with grain, green stuff and meat. Moreover, the quantity must be about right of each. If they are not given enough they will have to use it all for body-building and heat production, and will have nothing left over to make eggs with. If we feed too much of some kinds the surplus will go to fat, and the hens will get too lazy to lay.

Ventilation for the Chickens.

Unless there is fresh air to reach all parts of the body, the hen will not do well. Unless there is good ventilation to carry off the moisture of respiration the house is bound to be damp.

DONT'S IN POULTRY SHIPPING

Most Profitable to Use Clean, Fresh Boxes With Care and Neatness in Packing Fowls.

There are a number of "Don'ts" that should be observed by shippers of market poultry: Don't ship bony, skinny stock. Don't ship half-picked, flesh-torn poultry. Don't ship to every strange house that solicits your consignment. First look them up; investigate the references. Don't ship dressed stock in any old box that may be handy.

It pays to use clean, fresh boxes, using care and neatness in packing. Frequently the buyer is present when the box is opened, and a sale spoiled because of the packing. Don't pack poultry after dressing until all the animal heat is out. Don't let some little market fluster cause you to change houses.

Get a good, solid house and stick to it. That keeps the commission man interested in retaining your trade, and oftentimes he will pull you out of a hole caused by a glut. Don't fail to carefully inspect your shipment before closing the box.

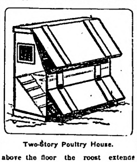
Put in the memorandum on your own billhead, showing the amount and other data. Keep a duplicate yourself, thereby saving much annoyance and frequent loss.

TWO-STORY POULTRY HOUSE

Old Piano Box May Be Transformed Into Comfortable Building for Winter Use.

I recently visited a successful poultry raiser who was using a two-story piano-box house. It was not covered with roofing paper and there was only a dollar or two expense involved in transforming it into the present house. The breeder told me that he kept seven hens and a cockerel in one of these houses last winter and it proved very satisfactory, the hens laying well, writes Dwight Bronson of Chicago in the Farm and Home.

At about one-third of the height, the upper floor was laid. Six inches above the floor the roost extends from one end to the other. At one end of the floor at the back there is a 10x15 inch opening (long way opposite length of box) and a 10-inch slanting board extending to the lower floor. The chickens use this slatted slanting board in ascending or descending from their upstairs sleeping room. The next box is at one end of the upper floor, and there is a dust box on the lower floor.



Two-Story Poultry House.

An opening 12 inches square covered with muslin for ventilation, is cut in one end. There are two hinged doors in front, and in warm weather both are kept wide open. The position of the doors shown in the illustration is the way they are propped open during a rain or light snow.

It is remarkable how poultry will thrive when housed in these small, yet well-ventilated houses. The owner says his birds come through the winter without so much as having a spike frozen. In their upstairs sleeping room huddled together in a few feet of space, which they would warm by natural heat, it can be truthfully said they are "snug as bugs in a rug."

What Hens Like.

If we open the crop of a hen that has been allowed to eat what she pleases, we shall find that she has provided herself with three kinds of food—grain, green stuff and meat. The last named is usually in the form of bugs and worms.

Poultry Profits.

A small flock of healthy hens, given the best of care and attention, will give a yearly profit of $1 per hen after paying for the food consumed.

Get Turkeys Ready.

Prepare the turkeys for the Thanksgiving market. Feed generously the young growing stock that is to be marketed.

POULTRY NOTES

A small pen for the market birds will hasten fattening.

Feed, care and hen sense decide what the profits shall be.

It is not too soon to put houses and coops in shape for winter.

The dull, listless bird cannot be removed from the flock too soon.

A little iron tonic in the drinking water is good during moulting.

In the fall and spring eggs should be marketed at least once a week.

"Clean the nest and not the egg," is the advice of a successful eastern egg farmer.

After dumping and burning the nesting material whitewash the inside of the nest box.

The early moulters are the early layers. It is a good plan to mark them for breeders.

Any good stock dip also makes a good disinfectant to kill disease germs in poultry quarters.

More disease outbreaks in the flock can be traced to unclean conditions than poultrymen generally think.

When the clean, fresh eggs are gathered, they should be put in a clean, dry, cool place until marketed.

Getting rid of all birds as soon as they are two years old will lessen the chances of disease in the flock.

To hasten feathering after the molt, give a tablespoonful of sulphur in a mash to every ten hens twice a week.

IN THE HIMALAYAS

Preaching the Gospel to People of the Hill Country.

Rev. William Greet Tells of Work He and His Wife Accomplished Amongst Tehri and Hindi Men.

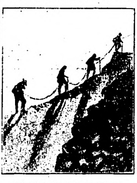
Another report of adventure, toil, and conquest comes from the Tehri Border Village mission among the Himalaya mountains, where Rev. William Greet and his wife are carrying the gospel message to the people of the hill country.

"The past season's touring," writes Mr. Greet, "totaled up more than that of any previous season, and included reaching into some new country. One of my first trips away from our family camp, after the writing of our last letter, was to see poor old Prema at Nauta. There he sat by the little water-mill, blind and very helpless, trying to care for the people's flour. In the judgment of some who have lately seen him, he seems a believer.

"We returned to our home in January for a few weeks and then went out again to stay till April. This time we pushed forward at once to Devasari, a neighborhood of many villages which last season we were prevented from reaching. We pitched our camp on the edge of a pine wood and close to a small ravine, on the other side of which lay a long line of villages. Close by our tent was the temple to which, on special occasions, the people gathered from all sides.

"My memory goes back many years to some remarkable results from the very first visits to simple villagers in the plains who accepted Christ at once and stood faithful till death, but generally where people are laid hold of, it is after continued presentation of the truth. A most encouraging thing during our touring in the hills this past springtime was the extent to which the truth of the Gospel was admitted by a man who has served us for years, but had always passively resisted all we said. He sat with me at the close of a hot journey up a long gorge to a village, where we found only one man, a lad and a child at home. We conversed under the shade of an apricot tree, concerning the Way of Life and other ways, and at the close our man, who has nearly always boasted of the superiority of his own religion, said to the village man, 'We shall have to come to it! This religion will win its way everywhere and all will at some time have to yield, willingly or unwillingly.'

"As I write part of this letter here on the roadside, half a dozen fakirs or sadhus sit down with me to listen to the singing of a bhajan which tells of the One who can take away sin. They have been to the Ganges source away in the snows professedly to be rid of their sin. Some Sirmoori charcoal men come in the other direction and they, too, sit down to listen. Neither of these groups are Tehri men, so I sing to them in Hindu. Presently come others come, Tehri men to whom I read the Lord's words about the house on a rock and that on the sand. One man wishes to buy a Gospel, but has no coppers with him, so he consents to pay for a book with his stick, which answers very well for a walking stick for me.



Climbing Himalaya Mountain.

"After presenting many various arguments in trying to convince the people of the truths of our eternal Gospel we drop back again to the proof they can have in their own heart at this very time in their own village, if they will really give themselves up in prayer to him who was revealed to take away sin. After talking with us the people find themselves, perhaps the same day, in the midst of, say, the slaughter of goats throughout the village for the keeping up of some special festival, or a great dance before their gods right on into the night. Who knows where the Message has really found access?"

PICKS UP FIERY CIGARETTE

Bird Carries Burning Stub to Nest, and the School Hall Is Burned.

Valparaiso, Ind.—A smoldering cigarette picked up and carried by a sparrow to the belfry of Main hall on the University of Valparaiso campus the other day set fire to the structure and almost resulted in its destruction. It was only through strenuous efforts on the part of the fire company and the students that the building, an old landmark, was saved.

The belfry is used by a large number of sparrows as a place to build their nests. One of the students threw a lighted cigarette on the campus and an inquisitive bird searching for something with which to line her nest, picked it up and flew to the tower. A few minutes later students passing the building saw several of the nests ablaze and the birds were flying and screaming.

The fire company was summoned, but by the time it arrived the tower had caught fire from the nests, and, fanned by a stiff breeze, the flames threatened the entire structure. On account of the height of the tower, the fight against the flames was a hard one, but re-enforced by a number of students, the fire company finally was successful.

DREADED ATAXIA

What Active Treatment With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Accomplished in a Recent Case.

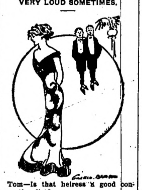
Mr. Francis M. Poole, a harness maker, of Garvin, Lyon Co., Minn., says: "My illness started in 1902, with sharp pains all through my limbs. At first I thought it was rheumatism but the pains kept getting more and more severe and I grew steadily worse. Later a numbness came over my feet. It gradually extended up my legs to my spine and waist. By this time I had lost all control of my legs. Next my bladder and bowels were affected and I lost all control of them. At this stage of the disease I was perfectly helpless and from November, 1905, to April, 1906, I was confined to the bed. My memory was so affected that I thought I would lose my mind. I looked just like a dead person. My lips and finger nails were blue. I suffered with terrible sharp, shooting pains and could get relief only from the use of morphine.

"I was treated by five St. Paul doctors. All of them pronounced my case locomotor ataxia. One said I could not live a year and another told my wife all he could do for me was to give medicine to relieve the pain. I was discouraged and, when my brother-in-law urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I did so willingly for he had read of their curing a case similar to mine. I started to take the pills in March, 1906, while I was still confined to bed. I took several boxes when I felt a slight change for the better and had a healthier look. I was finally able to go to the country but kept on with the treatment. The bluish color left my lips and my eyes became brighter. I took the pills a long time and the next spring in May I could walk around. In June I went to work although still weak. I kept on gaining and am now working without the return of a symptom of my former trouble and without losing a days' work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People absolutely cured me and I want all fellow sufferers to know of my wonderful recovery."

Those who are interested in the treatment which cured this case should have our booklet, "Diseases of the Nervous System," which will be sent to every nervous sufferer upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

VERY LOUD SOMETIMES.



Tom—Is that heiress a good conversationalist?

Dick—My boy, money always talks.

DANDRUFF COVERED SCALP

3002 Cass St., St. Louis, Mo.—"For five years I suffered with itching of my body and scalp. My trouble began with a rash on my lower limbs which was very annoying, and my scalp was literally covered with dandruff. My hair used to come out by the handfuls and the itching of my body and scalp was terrible. I had used almost all the skin remedies on the market with no results, when I wrote for a little Cuticura Soap and Ointment and it gave me instant relief. Within one month's use of the Cuticura Soap and Ointment I was entirely cured. I cannot discover one strand of my hair coming out and I have not lost a minute of sleep since using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, which entirely cured me of itching of my body and scalp in its worst form. I also find the Cuticura Soap a benefit in shaving." (Signed) Charles Judlin, Dec. 8, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Situations Vacant.

The rich bachelor sighed and looked fixedly at the beautiful girl.

"Things with me," he said, "are at sixes and sevens. I feel the great need of a woman in my home—one who would straighten out my tangled affairs and make life worth living once again.

Her soft glance spoke her excitement and expectation.

"Yes?" she queried gently.

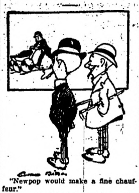
"Do you know," he continued, "of any good, able-bodied woman whom I could get to clean the house?"

No Scabs.

Blushing Bride—What was that our friends stuck all over our suit cases, dearest?

The Groom—Honey, love, that was a union label.

GOOD TRAINING.



"Newpop would make a fine chauffeur."

"Why, how can you tell?"

"Just see how he handles that baby carriage."

Accepts the Rebuke.

A resident of an English city has made himself a marked man by insisting on saying "nought" instead of "O" when he calls a telephone number having ciphers in it. The telephone operator usually corrects him when he says "three double nought" by saying "Three double O." The other night he called up central and said, "Hello," and the girl replied: "Hell-nought." He accepted meekly the "quiet rebuke."—Springfield Republican.

Sound One.

"What's your objection to my labor theory?"

"It won't work."

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

If we could see ourselves as others see us we wouldn't believe it.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

Some men go lame when it comes to minding their own business.

BACKACHE "GETS ON THE NERVES"

Many who suffer from backache and weak kidneys are unnaturally irritable, fretful and nervous. Not only does constant backache "get on the nerves", but bad kidneys fail to eliminate all the uric acid from the system, and uric acid irritates the nerves, keeping you "on edge" and causing rheumatic, neuralgic pains. Doan's Kidney Pills cure these ills by curing the kidneys. Here's proof:

A California Case:

Mrs. E. Walsh, 1569 Tenth Avenue, San Francisco, Cal., says: "I had such sharp, shooting pains through my kidneys it seemed that a knife were being thrust into me. My back was so lame I could hardly stoop. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me after doctors failed. I have had no trouble since."

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York.

SUDDEN DEATH!

from Heart Disease by the slight exertion of climbing stairs, hurrying or lifting, comes to thousands. Most of these sudden deaths might be prevented if the victim only knew their true condition and took prompt and proper treatment. We will gladly send to any sufferer a COMPLETE TREATMENT FOR THEIR CASE ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE, also Illustrated Book that explains Heart Disease and how it can be cured. If you have even one of these sure symptoms, Palpitation, Fluttering or Skipping Beats, Pain in Heart, Side or Shoulder Blade, Smothering, Short Breath, Sinking Spells, Nervousness, Dizziness, Asthma, Dropsy, its your Heart, and you are in grave danger! Write now for the full free treatment and book. We are Heart Specialists. Address Heart Cure Co. 1140 Masonic Bldg. Hallowell, Me.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Ulcerine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all sores. By mail 50c. Booklet free. J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A8, St. Paul, Minn.

Pettit's Eye Salve MAKES SORE EYES WELL

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx Senna -
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed -
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda -
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the short vamps which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the conservative styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. Fast Color Eyelets.

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

AMERICAN BUSINESS COLLEGE

Trains young men and women for high class business positions. Bookkeeping, Actual Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, English. Enter any time. Write for catalog. Address J. J. [illegible], President, Minneapolis, Minn.

That Wonderful Event

IF THERE is a time above all times when a woman should be in perfect physical condition it is the time previous to the coming of her babe.

During this period many women suffer from headache, sleeplessness, pains of various description, poor appetite, and a host of other ailments which should be eliminated in justice to the new life about to be ushered into this world.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

is a scientific medicine carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to the needs and requirements of woman's delicate system. It has been recommended for over forty years as a remedy for those peculiar ailments which make their appearance during "the expectant" period. Motherhood is made easier by its use. Thousands of women have been benefited by this great medicine.

Your druggist can supply you in liquid or tablet form, or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription Tablets, to Dr. Pierce, at Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo.

It is your privilege to write to Dr. Pierce for advice, and it will be gladly given free of charge. Of course all communications are confidential.

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Thorough Work. Practical Courses. Accredited. Courses: Preparatory, Commercial, Shorthand, Stenotypy, Teachers, High School, Scientific, Music, Penmanship, Agriculture, Steam and Gas Engineering. Regular tuition, $1.00 per week; board, $2.50. Free Tuition to one student from each postoffice. Write for catalog. Address SOUTHERN MINNESOTA NORMAL COLLEGE, BOX 880, AUSTIN, MINNESOTA

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

PLAY PIRATE; NEARLY DROWN

RAYMOND SIMONEAN AND JOHN KUFORD NARROWLY ESCAPE.

Boat Is Tipped While They Are Rowing to Their Island Lair.

Minneapolis.—Raymond Simonean, aged eleven, and John Kuford, aged 10, are in a precarious condition as a result of a boyish escapade on the Mississippi river when they, with three other lads, figured in a "rocking the boat" experience.

The Simonean and Kuford boys, in company with Irving Kurke, Clarence Larson and Walter Fosler, two other boys living on the north side, had chosen "playing pirate" as the subject of the afternoon's fun, and, going to the foot of Thirty-second avenue, embarked in a small boat which had been termed by "the gang" the "pirate ship." They were to row to the middle of the river where, on an island, the rest of the boys had prepared a campfire and roasted potatoes to be enjoyed by the "pirates" late in the day.

Midway between shore and land Kurke arose in the boat and remarked that he was going to tip it and drown his followers. He began to rock the boat and before his frightened companions could make him stop, it had turned turtle, throwing the five into the river. Three of the boys, Larson, Fosler and Kurke were rescued by a man known to residents of the North Side as "Bill, the Boomman." The three lads were landed safely and their rescuer started back to get the other two who were struggling in the cold water.

The Simonean and Kuford lads were pulled on "Bill's" boat as they were about to go under for the third time. They were taken to their homes where Dr. Theodore Tenurson revived them after half an hour's work. The boys declared that hereafter their "pirate playing" stunts would be confined to the land variety.

NOTED ATTORNEY DIES.

Falls in Surviving Paralytic Stroke.

Austin.—Lafayette French, a well-known attorney of southern Minnesota, died here from the effects of a paralytic stroke which he suffered last Monday evening.

Mr. French was born Nov. 19, 1848, on a farm near Loraine township, Ohio. When he was but 5 years of age, his father died and his mother died seven years later, leaving the lad practically alone. He came directly to Austin and entered the employ of Page & Wheeler, a law firm. On Sept. 28, 1871, he was admitted to practice. Mr. French married Mary Vine Richards, daughter of William Richards, who survives her husband. To them were born three children, Maurine French, Varco of Fairview, Mont.; Lafayette French, Jr., and Inez, who is at home.

Mr. French was county attorney in 1871, and was mayor of this city in '85, '86 and '87, and president of the Minnesota State Bar association in 1909. He had practiced in United States district courts and appeared before the United States supreme court at Washington in the famous Emmons station case ten years ago.

He was a Mason, Knight Templar, a member of the B. P. O. E., A. O. U. W., M. W. A. and Court of Honor. His reputation as a criminal lawyer was not confined to this state.

ACCIDENT VICTIM

In State of Coma 72 Hours and May Not Recover.

Rochester, Minn.—For seventy-two hours Miss [illegible] Ripley, daughter of a prominent Rochester family, has lain in a state of coma at Stewartville as the result of being thrown out of an automobile and fears are entertained that she may never recover.

Miss Ripley with a party of young friends left Rochester Sunday afternoon for an auto ride, going to Stewartville. On the road, a culvert was reached, and as the car passed over it Miss Ripley was hurled from the rear seat over the back of the car, into the road, striking on her head. She was rendered unconscious, from which condition she has not revived.

Station Men Strike.

Albert Lea.—A strike occurred at the union station in this city when the office force, including the day and night ticket agents, refused to continue their duties under the new agent, Mr. Ellis. The trouble has been brewing for some time.

$20,000 Jewel Robbery.

St. Paul.—Mrs. Reuben Warner who is the mother of Reuben Warner of Lindeke, Warner & Son, was robbed of diamonds valued at $20,000 last Monday. Mrs. Warner missed the valuables, which were kept in a jewel box in her bedroom, when she was about to retire Monday night. The last time she saw the jewels was Monday afternoon. The police of St. Paul and Minneapolis have been working on the case all week, but say they have no clue to the robbers. They have kept the robbery a secret.

Consecrated Suffragan Bishop.

Faribault, Minn.—The Rt. Rev. Dr. Frank Arthur McElwain, dean of the Protestant Episcopal cathedral at Faribault, was consecrated suffragan bishop of Minnesota with solemn church ceremony here.

All Records Go.

Minneapolis.—O. N. Tunell, who is chief deputy grain inspector in Minnesota, predicts that the grain yield of the Northwest this year would exceed all records by at least 35,000,000 bushe'

4 CENTS TO $2,000.

Final Expense Accounts Show Big Cut.

St. Paul.—Final campaign expense accounts of candidate for city, county, state and national offices, filed as the law requires, show individual expenditures ranging from 4 cents to more than $2,000, but on the whole show that the 1912 campaign has cost thousands less than the campaign of 1910, before the corrupt practices act was in force.

The smallest expenditure recorded in the reports is that of Judge Nathan Kingsley, candidate for re-election to the bench in the tenth district, whose total campaign expense was 4 cents. That was the cost of mailing his expense account in a big envelope to Julius Schmahl, secretary of state. This largest expense was that of Julius Schmahl and his committee, the total being $2,075.60.

The largest expense account in Hennepin county shown by the accounts filed was Al. P. Erickson, county auditor, is that of Harry P. Swenson, democratic candidate for county attorney, who, with his committee, spent $858.51. The next was the expense of his opponent, James Robertson, who spent $855.28. The smallest was by Miss Mae Snow, candidate for school director, who spent 10 cents for carfare and 2 cents for a stamp in addition to her filling fee.

The accounts show that in both state and municipal campaigns all the candidates were far under the legal limit, the Hennepin county total being about one-third of the $86,224 limit. This is shown by the filing of expense statements of forty-two of the 159 candidates who filed in the county.

The republican state central committee account showed an expenditure of $2,731.11, with outstanding debts of about $4,000, as against an expenditure of $20,000 two years ago. The limit is now $10,000. Even this expenditure will leave a deficit to be made up, for the receipts were but $2,502, according to the report.

The democratic committee received $3,141 and spent $2,600.30. The fund was contributed by more than 300 persons in small amounts.

The progressive party has not completed its account, but the account of P. V. Collins, candidate for governor, showed a personal expenditure of $898 since Oct. 12. He gave as things promised, "Fulfillment of progressive platform contract with the people—all the people." Under the listing of "purpose" he entered, "Patriotism and development of Minnesota and Mankind." Under "value" he entered "One hundred cents on the dollar."

Lyndon A. Smith, attorney general, and his committee spent $2,276; Governor Eberhart, $955, and P. M. Ringdal and committee, $567.88.

IS KILLED IN "BLIND."

Grover C. Zeglin, Son of Minneapolis Man, Shot.

Minneapolis. — Grover C. Zeglin, 25 years old, son of R. Zeglin, 3621 Park avenue, and proprietor of a summer hotel at Coney Island, near Waconia, Minn., was accidentally shot by a friend while duck hunting at the island, according to reports received at his parents' home.

According to an eye witness, F. W. Bender, a brother-in-law of the dead man, Zeglin, with four others, guests of his for the duck shooting season, were in a blind. Zeglin shot a duck and sprang up to see where it landed when a man whom Mr. Bender said was Adolph Smith, whose address he did not know, and who was directly behind Zeglin, fired at some of the ducks. The charge hit Zeglin in the back of the head, instantly killing him. His body was taken to Waconia, and will be brought to Minneapolis.

Clover Yield Is Heavy.

Caledonia, Minn.—One of the biggest yields of clover seed that has been threshed in this section was on the farm of Charles Mann. It averaged eight bushels an acre. Farmers have begun to specialize in the raising of clover seed and will reap a big harvest this year. One farmer brought in a load and received a check for $1,000. Farmers of Houston county have the largest crop of potatoes ever raised in the county. More than 200,000 bushels are being held by farmers, due to inability to get refrigerator cars.

Insurance Head Resigns.

Minneapolis, Nov. 2.—Leonard K. Thompson, president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company since its reorganization seven years ago, has resigned. John T. Baster, until now vice president and counsel, takes his place.

Duck Hunter Severely Wounded.

Bemidji, Minn., Nov. 4—In an effort to regain a falling shotgun, Edward Revoir, returning in a wagon with a party of duck hunters from Rice Lake, discharged the weapon, the contents tearing his left hand into shreds and peppering his face.

Fall of Four Flights Fatal.

Minot.—William S. Chambers, the man who fell from the fourth floor of a hotel here, is dead from his injuries.

Former Twin City Man Killed.

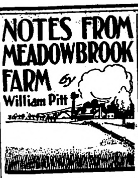
Steele. — Word has just been received here that G. P. Remick, formerly of St. Paul and Austin, Minn., and Stewartville, Wis., but for the last 10 years a resident of Steele, was killed by a Milwaukee train at Andover, S. D., while changing cars. Mr. Remick was 74.

$25,000 Fire at Tracy.

Tracy. — More than a half block of the business section was destroyed by fire here. The loss is $25,000.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Stock like cowpeas.

Pack all fruit carefully.

Take good care of heifers.

Manure the garden in the fall.

Put the machinery under cover.

"The prop of the dairy"—a well filled silo.

Give the weanling colts all the oats they will eat.

The hen that fattens readily is usually not a good layer.

An ounce of salt to a pound of butter is about the right average.

Gather your vegetables before heavy frosts and store in suitable places.

Cuts, lacerations and bruises are treated in the cow the same as in man.

Sweet-clover is one of the most valuable crops for improving run-down soils.

After the haying and harvesting are completed, change the sheep from the regular pasture.

The ewe flock should be run through the mill and culled just as the wheat is before sowing.

Dusty feeding places are very injurious, and lack of sunshine for early pigs is detrimental.

Somehow the poultry yard seems to be the very last place that reforms in stock breeding take place.

The ideal time for picking apples is a matter that must be settled to a large degree by the individual.

A liberal banking of sheds on the north side will prove a boon to the cows when the cold weather comes.

At this season of the year with the coming of the fall rains, a dry shelter should be provided for the sheep.

The value of livestock on the farm for turning low-priced products into good money has never been thoroughly understood.

Fall plowing usually produces a better corn crop than spring plowing, the ground being mellowed by the frost and rain.

It is said by observers that a hog roots in the ground for alkali which it finds in the soil and which aids him in digestion.

Let the hogs husk their own corn. Corn and soy beans, corn and rape, or corn and pumpkins, will produce pork for $3 per cwt. or less.

Fall is a better time to manure the garden or potato patch than spring. The richness has time to soak into the soil during the winter.

Don't leave any rotten fruit lying around in the orchard for the insect pests to harbor in this winter and hatch their young out next spring.

One lesson that short hay crops have taught us is that a crop of hay can be raised along the roadside where weeds had their home before.

The dairyman who is trying, with dry feed, to compete with the man with a silo, might as well make up his mind to get a silo next summer.

Rub the cow's udder with a damp cloth before milking. We would discharge a milker whom we caught wetting the teats with milk drawn into the hand.

Fruit picking must be done carefully, as all bruised fruit quickly decays. Do not leave any decayed fruit on the trees or lying around on the ground.

Cattle uniformly of the same color and general conformation make a much better appearance in the pasture fields or in the farm yard than those of great variety of colors and general appearance.

Have a finger nail torn out by the roots and you will get some idea how it hurts to dehorn a cow. The best way, the only way to that job right, is to take the little horns off by the use of a little caustic potash.

It is a great mistake for a city man who knows nothing of orchard work to expect to make a living by growing fruit even if he should buy an orchard in good bearing unless he has a deep love for the work and an aptitude for learning the business.

It is always best to give slop or drink of any kind to hogs before they have had their feed of grain. When cold weather sets in it is better yet if the slop can be warmed. Ice cold slop does not do hogs much good in very cold weather.

Some farmers have so much to do that manure lies around their yards from year to year, just naturally rotting down where it does harm instead of good. What is the use of mapping out so much to do that often that which is most profitable has to be left undone?

A bone cutter is essential.

Protect young fruit trees.

Sell all the superfluous cockerels.

Good fences help make good neighbors.

Englishmen eat, on an average, 95 eggs a year.

Study individual tastes in the cows, and feed accordingly.

Australia raises nearly 10,000,000 acres of wheat a year.

To most farmers the old cow looks better than she used to.

Better three good cows any time than a half dozen scrubs.

High feeding, unless the horse is used every day is a positive injury.

Keep the sire in service just as long as improvement follows his use.

A little green corn in the stalk occasionally will be relished by the hogs.

Regularity in milking hours means more milk in the pail with the same feed.

The fall-plowed land should not be worked, but should be left rough over winter.

The onion crop in Texas was so large this year that it barely paid expenses.

Better than saving the largest potatoes is to save the seed from the most productive hills.

The yellow condition of the alfalfa indicates that it has not received sufficient nitrogen.

If your garden is too wet at times remember that fall is a good time to put in the drains.

If alfalfa or clover will not thrive in your climate or soil it is pretty certain cowpeas will.

Hairy or winter vetch may be sown in the fall, and will be a very useful early spring forage.

Give the wethers extra grain and send them to market before the pasture is dried and short.

If the pigs are thrifty and doing well that is good evidence that they are being pretty well fed.

If you are tired of making milk on high-priced mill feed why not try alfalfa, clover or cowpeas next year?

Save the wood ashes during the coming winter and you will have the best kind of fertilizer for the orchard.

Many a new and valuable implement is left out all winter more through carelessness than anything else.

Close housing and bad ventilation in the cow stable are favorable conditions for starting tuberculosis in a herd.

Good breeding and good feeding are so closely related that they must go together, one is useless without the other.

If sheep are in a good thrifty condition at the start two months of good feeding will properly fatten for market.

Why not lay by the returns from the next few dozen eggs and buy a bone cutter? It will pay for itself in one winter's time.

A horse may be sound in every particular but if he has not a level head he is never a pleasant horse and rarely a valuable one.

A spool of copper wire will come in handy for repairing all sorts of small breaks. Even common baling wire finds hundreds of uses.

With beef prices soaring, the temptation to sell dairy heifer calves for veal is strong, but the foresighted dairyman does not think of giving in to it.

Apples have been found to keep better if well colored and ripened, though not overripe. Picking should not be delayed till this fruit commences to fall.

Ensilage cannot be destroyed by fire and is the best feed produced on the farm for the cow in milk. The dairyman who does not build a silo is wasting part of his profits.

Fodder that is somewhat green when cut should be left very lightly tied in the shock for a day or two in order that it may cure out before being tied and bound tightly together.

A good salve for all kinds of sores on man or beast, sore neck on horses or shoulders is made by taking equal parts of lard and bees-wax, melt and add half as much turpentine to the mixture.

No breed of farm stock is so highly developed that it can be kept at a high standard without careful selection and culling. The fact that stock has attained a high plane is evidence of selection that must be continued.

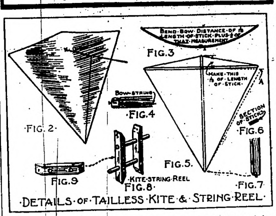
Don't overdo the job of feeding cull or drop apples to the hogs by making them a regular or entire ration, as such fruit soon will "put an edge" on their teeth, causing them to be so sore that the animals will refuse to eat corn.

The animal that is just warm enough and quiet enough to be comfortable and healthy uses much less food in maintaining the animal body than one that is exercised violently and is kept cold. It takes food to maintain muscular activity and food must also be used as fuel to keep the animal warm.

BOYS' HANDICRAFT

By A. NEELY HALL

Author of "Handicraft for Handy Boys" and "The Boy Craftsman"


BEND·BOW·DISTANCE·OF 1/10 LENGTH·OF·STICK·PLUS·1/2·OF THAT·MEASUREMENT
FIG.3
MAKE·THIS 1/10·OF·LENGTH OF·STICK·
A
BOW-STRING
·FIG.4
SECTION OF STICKS
·FIG.6
·FIG. 2·
FIG.5.
FIG.9
·KITE-STRING·REEL
FIG.8·
·FIG.7

·DETAILS·OF·TAILLESS·KITE·&·STRING·REEL·

A TAILLESS KITE.

The tailless kite shown in Fig. 1, known as the Malay, is one of the simplest forms to make, and it is such a big improvement over the hexagonal kites. Its advantages are many. It is that it has become the most popular type among boys who make their own kites. Its advantages are many. It is a very steady flier, it will fly in a light breeze, it has good lifting qualities for sending up flags and banners on its line, and with no tail to hamper it there is little danger of it getting caught in trees, on telegraph wires, and on chimneys. It is safe to say that fifty per cent. of kites with tails are lost through the entanglement of the tails.

Three feet is a good length for a medium-sized kite. Spruce is the best material for the sticks, but any soft straight-grained wood will serve the purpose. Cut the two sticks of equal length, and make them thin and wide, rather than narrow and thick, as shown in Fig. 6.

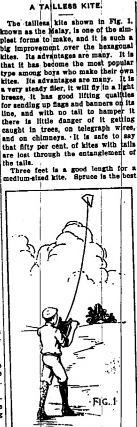

·FIG.·1

Fig. 3 shows the bow stick with the bow-string attached. Cut a notch in the stick near each end to hold the ends of the bow-string, as shown in Fig. 4. The proper bend for the bow stick is 1-10 of the length of the stick, plus ½ of that measurement, which will be a trifle more than 1-7 of the length of the stick, as marked upon Fig. 3.

The center of the length of the bow stick must also be its center of balance, and this must be determined and any necessary correction made before fastening the bow stick to the vertical stick. Test the bow stick by balancing it at its center upon the back of your knife blade.

Secure the bow stick to the vertical stick with brads and thread at a distance from the top of the vertical stick equal to 1-10 of its length, as shown in Fig. 5. The ends of the sticks may be notched to receive the framing string, but you will get better results if you drive a carpet tack into each end and tie the string to these (Fig. 7). With the string tied securely there will be no chance for the sticks to twist out of position.

A light-weight wrapping paper, or a heavy tissue-paper should be used for covering the kite framework. The strong, light weight, brown paper, now so generally used for wrapping-paper makes an excellent covering. Lap the edges of the paper, and paste in the same way in which you would put on the covering of any kite, but instead of stretching it tight allow it to have a little fullness. As you will see by Fig. 2, the paper goes on the outer face of the bow stick.

Attach the belly-band at the intersection of the sticks and at the lower end of the vertical stick, as shown in Fig. 2, and make it of the proper length so when held to one side it will reach to the point A (Fig. 5). Tie the kite string securely at this point.

The Malay kite is a strong puller, so it is important to procure a tough twine with which to fly it. Fig. 8 shows a good form of string reel that is easily made. Cut the two upright pieces about 6 inches long, and bevel off the ends (Fig. 9), then make the two holes for the crosspieces, boring them through the two pieces at one time to get them opposite one another. Use old chair rounds, flag-staffs, dowel-sticks, or sticks whittled to about ½ inch in diameter, for the crosspieces. The uprights should be fastened about 4 inches apart. Drive nails through the edge of each upright into the crosspieces to hold the reel together. The projecting ends of the crosspieces form the handles of the reel. One is held in each hand and the reel is turned with sort of a hand over hand movement. Such a reel as this can be operated more handily and more rapidly than the common variety of reels.

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Fatal Irresolution.

Irresolution is a worse vice than rashness. He that shoots best may sometimes miss the mark; but he that shoots not at all can never hit it. Irresolution loosens all the joints of a state; like an ague it shakes not this nor that limb, but all the body is at once in a fit. The irresolute man is lifted from one place to another; so hatcheth nothing, but addles all his actions.—Feltham.

Many Varieties of Shells

There Are 50,000 of Them in the Smithsonian Institution Collection.

Shell life is probably the oldest form of animal life upon the globe. Its study is an interesting one, and even people who are not of a scientific turn of mind find pleasure in looking on the exquisite coloring and delicate beauty of the many varieties of shells and on their wonderful mechanism.

There is nothing which more delights children than to wander along the seashore and gather the little shells which have been washed on the beach by the restless waves. And then, too, when some large specimen is found, with what eagerness the finder, whether young or old, will apply it to his or her ear and hear from within its murmurings, whereby, in the words of the poet, it expresses "mysterious union with its native sea."

In the Smithsonian institution at Washington there is a collection of 50,000 shells, many of them of a large size, others strangely formed, and some of the iridescent colors which rival the hues of sunset.

In examining these there come to mind many fables and traditions about shells. There is the conch shell, which was made into a horn and blown by old Triton and the attendants of Neptune. Then there is the nautilus, of which Pope says:

> Learn of the little nautilus to sail,
> Spread the thin oar and catch the driving gale.

Many years ago a Dutch naturalist went to the Indian seas to study shells. When he came back he told the story that the nautilus sailed in troops over the sea, and were able, when they wished, to fill themselves with water and sink to the bottom.

This, it has been found, is not true. The nautilus commonly inhabits the bottom of the sea, where it creeps about by means of a large muscular disk with which the head is furnished, and it rarely rises to the surface or is seen floating there. The interior of the shell is divided into chambers, connected by a little tube, which affords air. The shell has most exquisite coloring, from pearly white to varied motley.—San Francisco Call

Conquering Grief.

The world endures its grief and sorrow with stern and stoical temper. It soon gets over the first severe shock of great catastrophes, even those costing many lives. It is charged with growing callous to bruises. But that charge, it seems to us, somes a little wide of the mark.

What if the world did not quickly recover from its sorrows? What if people gave in under the weight of every grief that came crushing down upon them? They would soon have no strength to endure, no power to resist; they would become mentally and spiritually emaciated. This recuperative force we display is not indifference, not unfeeling; it is a sort of heroism, a philosophy that makes man stronger than his most powerful adversary, makes him equal to the crisis, no matter what it may be.

But in a superficial sense, take the train of disasters that go stalking before us and imagine our giving away before any single one, whether it be devastating flood, earthquake or the Titanic tragedy at sea, and what a lugubrious race we would soon become to stay and overweep at the tomb of our sorrows.—Omaha Bee.

Keeping the Lunch Dry.

Brewer Corcoran, author of "The Bantam," was recently in the south quail shooting, and engaged Joe, an attractive pickaninny, with elemental conceptions of honesty, to carry the guns and lunch basket. Crossing a bridge made of an old tree trunk, Joe slipped and fell screaming into the creek. When he scrambled ashore fears were expressed by the hungry sportsmen for the condition of the food. "Did that lunch get wet?" queried one of the party. "No, suh!" "Are you sure?" "Deed Ah is." "How did yo' keep it dry?" The boy looked up at the man and grinned "Ah done et it back yonder."

WELL TO AVOID VASE

PROPER ARRANGEMENT OF THE SHORT-STEMMED FLOWER.

Many Other Methods of Decoration May Be Adopted to Produce Best Results—Massing Always Gives Excellent Effect.

The short-stemmed flowers are sure to be badly arranged when used by the woman whose one thought of flower holders is a vase.

Never put the short-stemmed flower in a vase, save a tiny one, that may be used one at each corner of the central bowl, to hold rather stiff prim bunches of the flowers massed for a centerpiece.

A low glass berry bowl, or even a shallow finger bowl, if the amount of flowers be limited, permits charming arrangements of the short-stemmed flower. Use maidenhair fern or geranium or ivy leaves for greenery with most of the flowers. Nasturtiums always look best with their own leaves, and the rosa rugosa foliage is so decorative in a low dish that very few of the pink or red blossoms need be mingled with it.

If the supply of flowers be scant, insert in the bowl one or more of the Japanese flower holders that keep the flowers upright and loose looking. The coiled rubber holders that may be easily bent into any shape are more convenient.

Short-stemmed flowers should be massed to give a strong color effect. They may be mixed with several tints of the same flower, as pink and violet in sweet peas, or the different shades of nasturtiums, but look better if in a single kind of tone.

Some good effects in mixing short-stemmed flowers may be had with gypsophila or baby's breath. This is, especially dainty with sweet peas, California poppies or phlox. Forget-me-nots or heliotropes, with a border of sweet alyssum arranged in a round or oval glass dish are artistic. Pansies, roses and nasturtiums look best by themselves. Four o'clocks, if caught when they are open, may be prettily arranged for table decoration, if rather heavily massed.

Special attention has been paid to short-stemmed flowers in the new grouped vases in china, glass and silver. These are usually under three inches high and oblong, boat-like, or semicircular in shape. A new and graceful centerpiece for short-stemmed blossoms has a spreading base of gilt wire that branches into graceful stems, topped at irregular intervals with bell-shaped, quite shallow vases of clear glass. Stood on a round or oval mirror the reflection of these clustered vases full of sweet peas, pansies, nasturtiums is very good. Accompanying it are two end pieces, each with two bell-shaped vases on branching gilt standard.

Low china flower pots, four of one size, and a somewhat larger one for the center, are effective for short-stemmed flowers. They may be filled with wet sand or moss, and the blossoms arranged as if growing. Birch bark holders in baskets, canoes and other rustic forms adapt themselves to this type of decoration, and are popular for wild flowers or for use in bungalows.

Little Things That Help.

To clean a meat chopper, put a piece of bread through it after you have been chopping raisins, meat or anything that is hard to wash out of a chopper and you will have no difficulty in washing it afterward.

To make an ordinary candle serve as an all-night lamp, pack finely powdered salt around the wick as far up as the blackened part. In this way a mild, steady light may be obtained all night from even a small piece of candle.

To make corks fit in catsup bottles take ones that are a little large and boil them in clear water for 20 minutes. This decreases their size. Insert them in the mouths of the bottles while hot, as they expand in cooling, thus making perfectly tight stoppers.

Clam Broth.

Put 50 chopped clams with their liquor and one quart of water into a saucepan; simmer gently for two hours. Season with butter, salt and pepper; pour into hot tureen in which a few slices of well-browned toast have been placed. Beat up two eggs light, add one cupful milk, scalding hot, beat hard for a minute, and when soup is removed from fire stir egg and milk into it.

Swedish Cabbage Roll.

To one and one-half pounds hamburger steak add three pieces of fat pork, one onion ground up, and half as much cold-boiled rice. Season to taste. Parboil the tender leaves of one small cabbage and roll some of above in each leaf. Then put into a baking pan, spread with butter, and bake almost an hour. They are delicious.

Grape Ketchup.

Five pounds grapes, two and a half pounds of sugar, half pint vinegar, one tablespoon ground cloves, one tablespoon ground allspice, a little salt and pepper to taste. Put grapes into a kettle with one pint of water, mash and boil till pulp is dissolved, strain, add the other ingredients, and boil till thickened. Excellent with cold meats.

Scrambled Tomatoes.

Put a heaping teaspoonful of butter in an omelet pan. When hot turn in a mixture made of two cupfuls of ripe tomatoes, chopped; one cupful of fine bread crumbs; one tablespoonful of grated cheese, six minced mushrooms, with salt, pepper and a little sugar. Stir briskly until cooked and serve on toast.

Breast of Veal Broiled.

Three parts roast a portion of the breast of veal, take it up, score it across in even lines, fill these with salt and cayenne and a few powdered herbs. Broil the veal over a clear fire and turn it over from one side to the other till it is done enough. Serve on a hot dish.

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SPANISH PREMIER BOLDLY MURDERED

JOSE CANALEJAS SHOT IN CROWDED MADRID SQUARE BY ANARCHIST.

SLAYER COMMITS SUICIDE

Many Arrests Are Made in Connection With the Attack—Confusion Results in Streets and Policemen Are Rushed to Scene.

Madrid, Nov. 13.—Jose Canalejas, premier of Spain, was assassinated here. Manuel Pardinas Zarrate, the assassin, shot him twice behind the right ear, and then committed suicide. It is said he was an anarchist. The premier was killed instantly.

The shooting occurred in front of the office of the ministry of the interior, fronting on the Puerto del Sol, or gate of the sun, a big square in the center of Madrid, the busiest spot in the city. Stepping up behind and slightly to the right of his victim, the assassin pointed a pistol blank at the premier's head and discharged it twice in rapid succession. Then he shot himself before the police had time to seize him.

Confusion Follows Shooting.

The big square at one side of which the premier was killed was packed, as usual, at the time of the shooting. Mad confusion followed the crack of the pistol. Policemen came running from every direction, drawing their revolvers or cutlasses. Dozens of civil guards, a kind of military police, poured out of the ministry of the interior, fixing their bayonets or slipping clips of cartridges into their rifles as they came. Among the authorities it was the evident impression that a general outbreak was scheduled to follow and an attempt to clear the square was begun immediately.

Trolley cars clanged furiously for the right of way through the crowds. Scores of loaded mules, which are continually passing through the square, tied together in tandems of five or six, took fright and bit and kicked murderously. The cafes which line the Puerto emptied struggling mobs of customers.

The pandemonium continued for many minutes before the police and civiles, reinforced by a detachment of cavalry, succeeded in scattering the crowd and restoring at least temporary order. The fallen premier's body was carried hurriedly into the ministry of the interior and a doctor had arrived within a few moments. The premier had died, however, almost instantly.

Many arrests were made following the assassination. Practically every well known anarchist in Madrid, as well as many republicans, were locked up within two or three hours. The police were anxious both to guard against a possible attempt at a general uprising by incarceration of its national leaders and to apprehend persons suspected of having inspired the murder of the premier.

The authorities expressed the opinion that Zarrate was incited to his act by inflammatory speeches made at a meeting Sunday in memory of Francisco Ferrera, shot at Barcelona immediately following the riots there two or three years ago, which nearly culminated in a revolution throughout the Catalan provinces.

Jose Canalejas y Mindos, prime minister of Spain, who was assassinated, was selected to form the Spanish cabinet in February, 1910. He was leader of the monarchical democratic party which came into power on the resignation of the liberal cabinet headed by Senor Moret y Prendergast.

CLOSER RELATIONS.

Sectional Spirit on Wane, Taft Tells Confederacy Daughters.

Washington, Nov. 13.—A greater opportunity to give the South a "feeling of ownership" in the government will be given the Woodrow Wilson administration than was accorded the present Republican regime, President Taft told the Daughters of the Confederacy at the opening session of their annual convention here.

The president declared that "Circumstances have rendered it more difficult for a Republican administration than for a Democratic one to give our southern brothers and sisters the feeling of close relationship and ownership in the government of the United States."

Activity of southerners in official life consequent to Democratic control of the government, he said, would give the South a feeling of partnership in the conduct of the country's affairs that would do much toward eliminating sectional feeling.

Snow Stops Work of Tugs.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 13.—A heavy snow storm setting in the northern section of Lake Huron hindered wrecking operations on the steamer Rosedale, which went ashore off Detour lighthouse in a fog Sunday night.

Norwegian Election Results.

Christiania, Nov. 13.—A general election for members of the storthing resulted in the return of 74 radicals, 24 rightists and liberals and 28 socialists.

LOGAN WALLER PAGE.

Mr. Page is an earnest worker in the cause of good roads, and was president of the joint conference of road makers and road users held recently in Atlantic City.

SOLDIERS CLASH IN A MELEE

BATTERIES B AND D, FOURTH FIELD ARTILLERY, BATTLE.

One Hundred Troopers Spread Terror Through Cheyenne, Wyoming, As a Result of Feud.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 12.—Flashing into riot at a challenge and a dare, nearly 100 members of Batteries B and D, Fourth field artillery, U. S. A., clashed in a melee in the streets here, spread terror through the town, and drew a guard from Fort Russell on a summons from Mayor Bresnahan who had already ordered the chief of police to swear in a hundred additional policemen and arrest both companies.

Lieutenants Quinn and McBride arrived in time to reinforce the hard-pressed police and arrested 50 soldiers. Privates E. Zilaneky and C. S. Martin were seriously injured.

A feud of long standing had existed between the two companies. In the presence of members of both companies, a trooper of Battery B boasted that he was a "better man" than any member of Battery D. The fight that started spread through the streets. Revolvers were drawn and fired by some of the troopers, the majority, however, using their weapons as clubs.

FIRES AT LABORERS.

Three Hunters Are Killed and Another Injured in the Woods of Northern Minnesota.

Virginia, Minn., Nov. 12.—Brief reports have been received here from the Sand Lake country that Joseph Kuski, aged 15, was shot and killed by Emil Jacobsen, while they were hunting. The scene of the tragedy is remote and nothing definite has been learned.

At Chisholm, a reckless hunter fired upon a gang of workmen. The workmen immediately fell to the ground until the hunter passed.

John W. Nelson of Mountain Iron was shot by Argo Hill while in the woods near Mountain Iron. He died a few hours later.

John Wiroirinla was shot in the face near Mountain Iron by an unknown hunter who escaped. It is not believed the injury is fatal.

August Marker, 14 years old, accidentally shot and killed himself in the Knife River Valley Sunday. His father was with him. Young Marker was standing on a stump looking for the approach of game and placed the butt end of the gun down on the stump. The jar discharged the gun into the lad's abdomen.

Minor Ball Leagues in Session.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 12. — The eleventh annual meeting of the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues, comprising the minor leagues, was called to order in the Hotel Pfister by President M. H. Sexton. Representatives from nearly every club are present, and many important matters will be discussed and settled. The National Board of Arbitration of the National association will meet this evening to pass on more than a hundred cases.

Socialist Spent Only Two Cents.

Des Moines, Nov. 12.—S. D. Mercer of Lennox, Ia., it has become known, made the race for the Socialist ticket for congress from the Eighth district and came through the campaign with spending only two cents. This two cents went directly into the coffers of the government, as it was expended for a postage stamp to notify the secretary of state that Mercer was a candidate.

Republicans in Conference.

Des Moines, Ia., Nov. 12.—An important political conference touching the future of the Republican party was held here between Governor Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri and Senators Cummins and Kenyon. The conference was preliminary, it was said, to an effort which the Progressive Republicans are making to get control of the old Republican organization. Those Progressive Republicans who declined to side with Colonel Roosevelt say they should be the ones to reorganize the Republican party.

BULGARIAN-TURKISH ARMISTICE IS ON

PORTE'S REQUEST FOR EIGHT DAY RESPITE SAID TO HAVE BEEN GRANTED.

MEDIATION NOT NEEDED.

French Premier Says Allies Should Enjoy Fruits of Victories—Other War News.

London, Nov. 14.—A Constantinople dispatch to the Daily News says:

"The director of transportation has informed those making inquiries at the war office that the cessation of hostilities had already been arranged. Simultaneously, another official summoned the chief contractors for military supplies and informed them that hostilities would cease this evening and that the existing supply contracts would be cancelled and no further military supplies sent to the front."

The Porte on the advice of Russia, had previously instructed Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, to apply to the Bulgarian commander for an eight days' armistice, with a view to opening direct negotiations for peace.

This decision seems to show that Turkey had little hope of being able to hold the Tchatalja lines against the Bulgarian advance.

The situation at the front, owing to the paucity of the news allowed to filter through from either side, is confusing. Clearly there has been heavy fighting, as on Nov. 12 Constantinople reported that numerous wounded were arriving from the front and the almost invariably accurate Vienna Reichspost correspondent has reported the capture of positions by the Bulgarians in the neighborhood of the Tchatalja lines. The same correspondent now says that the main attack on Tchatalja has been delayed two days by rain.

The powers at last have arrived at some kind of an agreement with respect to mediation. It is assumed, however, that now the porte has opened negotiations with Bulgaria European intervention will not be needed.

The diplomatic situation is easier, but the French premier, M. Poincare, in an important speech delivered at Paris last night, did not speak too hopefully, and proof that all danger is not past is seen in the ominous reports from Austria and Russia of unusual troop movements and mobilization in Russia's western provinces.

Porte's Move Confirmed.

Constantinople.—That the porte has entered into direct negotiations with Bulgaria for an armistice is confirmed. Nazim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, received instructions to open communication with the Bulgarian generals and he has sent an envoy to the Bulgarian's headquarters.

Greeks in Battle.

Athens.—It is announced that 35,000 Turks were engaged in the battle against the Greeks at Yenidje. They had 42 heavy guns. The Turkish losses numbered 2,000 killed, 500 made prisoners and 22 guns captured.

The Greek losses were 500 killed and wounded, including 15 officers.

Turks Burn Own Villages.

Athens.—An official dispatch from Arta says the conduct of the Turks in Epirus was like that of men anxious to destroy their possessions because they could not retain them. Not only the Bashi Bazonks, but the Turkish regulars engaged in the work of destruction in all the territory evacuated.

One detachment acting under the orders of the Janina chief of police, pillaged and burned 31 villages in the Janina district in the last few days. In the Malakassi district, 11 villages were destroyed and the inhabitants took refuge in caves in the mountains.

In the neighborhood of Janina alone there are 6,000 women and children dying of hunger. Eighteen hundred Christians have succeeded in reaching Greek villages, absolutely destitute.

In the villages of Gotista and Donanti large numbers of peasants have been massacred after being tortured.

Storm Sweeps Lake Huron.

Detroit, Nov. 14.—One of the worst storms in years raged on Lake Huron Wednesday. Reports from the vicinity of Alpena and Thunder Bay stated that a wind storm, accompanied by rain and snow reached a velocity of 50 miles an hour in that district and kept many boats in the harbors. No wrecks have been reported.

Deer Hunter Shot Through Hand.

Duluth, Nov. 14.—Louis Carlson of Frontenac, Goodhue county, was shot through the left hand by his own gun while hunting deer near Bovey.

Spanish Premier Entombed.

Madrid, Nov. 14.—The body of the Spanish premier, Jose Canalejas, was entombed in the Spanish pantheon with the highest national honors. The entire nation is in mourning and all civil life and business was suspended in Madrid until after the ceremony. King Alfonso, accompanied by Prince Charles of Bourbon-Sicilies and Prince Ferdinand of Bavaria, infantes of Spain, walked behind the hearse from the chamber of deputies to the pantheon, while 250,000 persons stood with uncovered heads.

POLICE PLANNED ROBBERIES

OFFICERS PROMOTED FOLLOWING ALLEGED CRIME.

Were Forced by Circumstances to Aid in the Arrest of Accomplices.

New York, Nov. 14.—Two New York policemen plotted robberies and carried them out so cleverly that instead of being suspected they were promoted to first grade detectives for their supposedly good work in connection with the crimes, according to Sing Sing evidence read into the police investigation records. The testimony startled members of the aldermanic committee.

Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the committee, read first the affidavit of Frank Paresi, who declared that two policemen known to him as "Al" and "Leo" conspired with him for the robbery of a house in Sixth street and of a woman patron of a bank.

In the latter case, which was the more sensational, it was alleged that the policeman told Paresi and his comrade of a woman accustomed to carry large sums to an East Side savings bank and that the officers participated in a plot to rob her. A bag containing $2,000 was snatched from the woman in a crowd at the bank door.

It happened that detectives near opened fire and the plain clothes officers were forced to draw their revolvers and also to participate in the arrest of the men with whom it is alleged they planned the robbery. Paresi alleged he was forced to plead guilty by threats that otherwise he would be mixed up in the $25,000 taxicab robbery which occurred about that time. Paresi also declared that after his arrest he was beaten and black jacked at police headquarters by detectives.

Mr. Buckner pointed out that neither of the two policemen concerned in the alleged robbery plot, whose names he gave as Luderio Gambrella and Angelo Cava, appeared at the trial of either Paresi or his comrades. Paresi's allegations were given to the district attorney at the time, but he refused to believe the story and it was not read at the trial.

CANAL RATES FIXED.

Foreign Merchant Vessels to Pay $1.20 Per Ton Actual Carrying Capacity.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Pres. Taft has issued a proclamation fixing the rates that the foreign shipping of the world shall pay for passage through the Panama canal. The proclamation made under authority of the canal act, passed by congress in August, established a merchant vessel rate of $1.20 per net ton of actual carrying capacity, with a reduction of 40 per cent on ships in ballast.

American coastwise shipping was exempted from toll payment by congress. It was this provision to which Great Britain objected.

S. D. LAW TESTED.

Supreme Court to Decide Whether Anti-Discrimination Statute Is Constitutional.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Arguments have been begun before the supreme court of the United States over the constitutionality of the South Dakota law making it a crime to sell, with intent to ruin competition, commodities in general use at a lower price to a regularly established dealer in one place than to one in another place within the state. It is the first time that an anti-discrimination law has come before the court and the outcome is being watched with unusual interest because of similar anti-trust legislation being urged upon congress.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 14.—Wheat, December, 81½c; May, 89⅝c; No. 1 northern, 86⅝c; No. 2 northern, 84⅝c; No. 1 durum, 83c; No. 3 corn, 60c; No. 3 white oats, 29¾c; barley, malting, 60c; No. 2 rye, 60c; No. 1 flax, $1.38⅝.

Duluth, Nov. 14.—Wheat, December, 84½c; May, 89¾.

South St. Paul, Nov. 14.—Cattle—Steers, $6.00; cows, $3.90@6.00; calves, $1.00@9.50; hogs, $7.60@7.75; sheep and lambs, $3.25@6.25.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; the market is steady to a shade lower; beeves, $5.20@10.65; Texas steers, $4.30@5.60; western steers, $5.50@9; stockers and feeders, $4.10@7.10; cows and heifers, $2.75@7.20; calves, $6.50@10.60.

Hogs — Receipts, 28,000; slow, 5c above yesterday's average; light, $7.20@7.85; mixed, $7.35@8; heavy, $7.25@8; rough, $7.25@7.45; pigs, $4.75@6.75; bulk, $7.55@7.90.

Sheep—Receipts, 45,000; steady; native, $3.40@4.25; western, $3.50@4.40; yearlings, $4.60@5.90; lambs, native, $5.40@7.25; western, $5.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—Argentine reports of generally good weather today dragged wheat lower. In addition, Liverpool sent word of Russian cargoes being pressed for sale. There was also a further advance in consols. Opening prices were unchanged to ⅛c off. December started at 88⅛c to 88⅜c, a shade to ⅛@¼c down and declined to 88⅛c.

Corn sagged on account of expected lower temperature, helpful in curing new grain, December opened a sixteenth lower to a like amount up at 49⅞c to 50c, and descended to 49⅝@49¾c.

Mother Killed By Daughter.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 14.—Mistaking her mother for a robber, Miss Gladys Myers shot and fatally injured her on a Pennsylvania railroad express train as it was speeding past Bristol, Pa., about twenty-five miles from Philadelphia. The train did not stop, but continued on here, where the injured woman was rushed to a hospital where she died. Miss Myers was so hysterical over the affair that she scarcely could tell a connected story. The police were disposed to accept her statement that she shot her mother in mistake for a robber.

CONGRESSMAN IN FAVOR OF SESSION

WILSON'S INTIMATION HE WOULD FAVOR OPINIONS CAUSES FREER EXPRESSION. THOUGHT.

CAUCUS LEADER SPEAKS.

Senator Martin of Virginia Declares Party Should Fulfill Pledges as Soon as Possible.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Owing largely to President-elect Wilson's intimation that he would be pleased to receive suggestions regarding the desirability of an extra session of congress there was much freer expression of opinion among senators and members of the house favorable to such a session than heretofore has been indulged in. Among those who advocated an early session was Senator Martin of Virginia, who is the caucus leader of the party in the senate.

Favors Extra Session.

"In my judgment congress should be convened as soon as practicable after the fourth day of March," Senator Martin said. "The Democratic party has been entrusted with power because of the several important reform measures which were passed by the Democratic house in the sixty-second congress, most of which measures were also passed by the senate, although the Democrats did not have a majority of that body and because of the promises and pledges made to the people of the country in the platform adopted by the Baltimore convention.

Believes Harmony Will Prevail.

"Sometimes, it is suggested," the senator added, "that the Democratic majority in the senate is so narrow and that there are such differences of opinion as are likely to prevent the passage of promised legislation. But I am sure that these suggestions are without any foundation. In fact I have not the slightest doubt about such harmony and co-operation among Democrats of the senate as will secure the passage through that body of all the legislation promised the people in the Baltimore platform."

Mr. Martin also expressed the opinion that it would be possible for the Democrats of the senate to legislate without the aid of the Progressive Republicans.

"We will, of course, be very glad to have them with us again whenever they can agree with us," he added, "but, having a clear majority of the senate, I shall expect the senate to legislate strictly in accordance with Democratic doctrines."

STEAMBOAT SINKS.

Accident Occurs in the Madawaska River, Ontario—Nine Lives Are Lost.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 14.—Two persons were drowned and seven others are missing, 24 hours after the sinking of an old side wheeler, the steamboat Mayflower, in the Madawaska river near Barry's Bay in County Renfrew. The Mayflower capsized, throwing 12 persons, including two crew men, into the water. Only three are known to have been rescued.

The bodies of Erin Partchler, captain of the Mayflower and Patrick O'Brien, a hotel proprietor of Cumbermere, Ont., were washed ashore.

The missing persons are all believed to be drowned. They were: C. P. Bothwell of Ottawa; J. C. Hudson, the Mayflower's owner, and Wm. Boehm of Cumbermere, Mrs. McWhirter of Stewart; Wm. M. Murphy of Rockingham; L. Delaney, of Barry's Bay, and Robert Pachelo of Yorkton, Sask.

Three commercial travelers, M. J. Harper, Gordon C. Peverley and J. S. Imlack, all of Ottawa, were found in an exhausted condition on an island three miles down the river during a snow storm last night.

GOMPERS OPPOSED.

Socialists Among Those Who Are Against Re-election of Labor President.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Members of the radical wing of the convention of the American Federation of Labor, which includes nearly 100 Socialists, assert that vigorous opposition will be made to the re-election of President Gompers, and that if he is re-elected it will be his last term. Socialists have been trying for years to win the federation over to their principles, but they have stumbled on the opposition of President Gompers to direct political action. The fight is likely to come up next week when the question of referring the election of officers to a referendum vote of the members is to be taken up.

"GUNMEN'S" CASE OUTLINED.

New York, Nov. 14.—The state has rested its case in the trial of the four gangsters, accused of murdering Herman Rosenthal. Counsel for the gunmen opened for the defense, asserting he would show that none of the four took part in the shooting or in any way were connected with the plot to kill Rosenthal. He said he would show the quartet were lured to the scene on a pretext and that the shooting in front of the Metropole hotel was done by "Bridgie" Webber, Harry Vallon and a mysterious stranger.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

CONDENSATIONS OF GREATER OR LESSER IMPORTANCE.

A BOILING DOWN OF EVENTS

National, Political, Personal and Other Matters in Brief Form for All Classes of Readers.

General.

On to Constantinople is now the cry of the victorious Bulgarians.

Hoke Smith of Georgia says the democrats are sure to control the senate.

The United States this year raised by far the greatest corn crop in its history.

President Taft made non-political speeches as he passed through Ohio on his way to Cincinnati.

Reformation in federal court procedure has been undertaken by justices of the supreme court.

The personnel of house committees is destined to be greatly changed as a result of the election.

Governor Aldrich of Nebraska in statement regarding election says he was sacrificed for revenge.

Three children aged 7, 5 and 3, of Frank Gerrish, burned to death at Malbrita, Saskatchewan.

Latest returns show that the conservatives carried all the provinces in the recent election in Cuba.

Turkey has appealed to the powers to end the war, but the victorious Balkan allies are not ready.

The trial of the four gunmen accused of the actual killing of Rosenthal was begun at New York.

Ad. Wolgast and Joe Mandot fought ten rounds with honors even before the Pelican club, New Orleans.

G. L. Wood of Newport, Oklahoma, surrendered stating that he had killed Ed. Bealer. Both men are farmers.

With the national campaign closed there was a general exodus of political leaders from headquarters in Chicago.

Testimony was given to show that a foreign-made bullet killed Anna Lopizzo at the Lawrence, Mass., riots.

Bulgaria has won a decisive victory over Turkey, and belief is expressed in London that the war is about over.

Joe Davis and "Buck" Burdoff were arrested at the village of Blocker, Okl., charged with implication in the robbery of a Missouri, Kansas & Texas passenger train which was held up near Wirth.

Mrs. Louise Lindloff, clairvoyant and trance medium, charged with the poisoning of her son, Arthur, may know the jury's verdict Monday before night fall.

Indications are that the New York and the Mare island navy yards will divide between them two big contracts for naval construction that will give employment to several hundred men for a year or two.

As the result of the entrance into Canada of a new and powerful group of English capitalists and continental bankers, Canada is sure of another interocean railway, it is announced in local financial circles.

Two of the captured officers of the staff of Felix Diaz were shot by the federal troops after being sentenced to death by summary court martial. The execution was carried out with absolute secrecy.

The new church edifice of St. Jean Baptist, now nearing completion in New York at a cost of $1,000,000, is the gift of Thomas F. Ryan to the Fathers of the Blessed Sacrament. This announcement was made by Father Lotteliier, superior of the order.

At Constantinople pitiful scenes continue to be witnessed daily with the arrival of trainloads of wounded from the front. It is significant that most of these men are slightly injured, which would indicate that the badly wounded have small chance of being picked up.

As the employes were counting up the cash in the postoffice at Bezons, a suburb of Paris, four armed and masked men burst into the room and fired a volley of shots from their revolvers, killing the husband of the postmistress. Then they quickly gathered up all the money and stamps and disappeared.

Stocks of news print paper on hand at the end of September, as reported to the commissioner of corporations by the American Paper and Pulp association, were 47,231 tons, an increase of 1,243 tons over August and a decrease of 1,889 from September, 1911. Production in September was 97,486 tons, a decrease of 8,494 tons. Shipments were 96,370 tons, a decrease of 5,382 tons.

Herbert S. Hockin was pictured as a rogue at the trial of dynamiters.

Advertised sheriff's sale of General D. E. Sickles' war relics, to satisfy a $5,080 judgment, has been postponed two weeks to give him a chance to raise funds.

Eight thousand dollars in pay checks were stolen from a messenger boy and partly cashed at Minneapolis, Minn.

When Governor Hiram Johnson starts back to California he will carry with him a number of presents that admiring progressives have given him during his ten weeks' campaign tour.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kyler of Denison, Tex., sent a telegram to President Taft, which was received at the White House, announcing the birth of three sons, named William Howard Taft Kyler, Theodore Roosevelt Kyler and Woodrow Wilson Kyler.

The vote in New Jersey fell far below that of four years ago.

One of two train robbers in California was killed by a brakeman.

Fremont, Neb.—Congressman Dan V. Stephens estimates that his majority will be 8,00.

Arthur Capper, republican candidate for governor of Kansas, said that official returns from eighty-six of the 105 counties in Kansas gave him a plurality of thirty-eight votes over George H. Hedges, his democratic opponent.

At a hearing in the White house President Taft sustained the action of the Department of the Interior in canceling leases entered into by the tribal council of the Five Civilized Tribes of Indians with the Uncle Sam Oil company of Oklahoma, for several thousand acres of oil land, owned by the Indians.

Fifteen aviators were killed during October, according to the record posted at the Aero club in Paris. Among them was the first airman ever killed in battle. Nicholas Popoff, Russian, was killed October 30 at Adrianople, Turkey, by Turkish shell while scouting for the Bulgarian army.

Rumors of a plot to assassinate District Attorney Whitman of New York through the medium of thugs from the Chicago underworld found a basis when it became known that Mr. Whitman received the following unsigned telegraph, "Look out for four men coming on Chicago train at 3 p. m., Saturday."

Jail breakers are not included among those who can be brought back from Canada under the extradition treaty with the United States. This was the sense of the reply received from the State department at Washington to the request of California for the return to San Francisco of Jack Black.

The general railroad rate advances on the transportation of horses and mules on carloads between Chicago and St. Louis and other points and stations in South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Colorado and Wyoming were further suspended by the Interstate Commerce commission until May 12, 1913.

The Kansas public activity commission issued an order that all railroads doing business in Kansas shall reduce joint freight rates to the same basis as through rates. This will mean a reduction in joint rates of 15 to 20 per cent. The new rates are to apply to all commodities mentioned in the Kansas maximum freight rate bill.

The refusal of Lena Tyler, thirteen years old, to salute the American flag and recite a patriotic formula led to her suspension from the Franklin public school at Salt Lake. She said she did not want to salute any flag. "But if I must I will salute the socialist flag, which stands for liberty and justice," she said.

Formal notice of the ratification by the state of Louisiana of the income tax constitutional amendment reached the state department. Thirty-three states have given notice of their approval of this amendment and the department is daily expecting notice from the state of Ohio, whose legislature has already acted favorably.

The interstate commerce commission was advised at Washington by the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad that the road's Michigan connections were returning coal car equipment more freely, as the result of which the Chesapeake & Ohio has discontinued for one week its embargo on the loading of its coal cars for points beyond Toledo.

Refugees arriving at El Paso say conditions are more unsettled below the border at that point. Antonio Rojas has about 500 rebels camping in the American settlement of Pacheco. The refugees who came from the various Mormon colonies and other American settlements in the Casas Grandes district, were compelled to move overland to Hachita, N. M.

President Taft sent the following message to Mrs. John L. Wilson, wife of the former United States senator from Washington, who died here recently: "I have just received the sad news of your husband's death. I extend to you the heartfelt sympathy of Mrs. Taft and myself in your great sorrow. Senator Wilson was a warm and constant friend of mine and I deeply regret his death."

A diamond weighing 1,649 carats has been discovered in the Premier mine. This is the largest diamond in the world. The famous Culliman diamond which was found in the same mine in 1905, weighed 3,024 carats, but was cut into eleven separate ones. Marsh, U. S. N., a draft of legislation is being prepared for submission to the next session of congress for the formation of a national naval reserve, to include all of the ex-naval sailors who can be reached and other mariners whose services would be of value to the navy in case of war.

Personal.

Governor Wilson did not have a majority over Roosevelt and Taft combined.

Governor Johnson said defeat of progressives was merely an incident, and the battle will go on.

President-Elect Wilson will probably take a trip to Bermuda.

Governor Wilson says he has not discussed the makeup of his cabinet and that speculation is useless.

It is said Nick Longworth is defeated for congress, but at this writing he refuses to concede defeat.

Democrats in addition to the president and lower house of congress, are practically assured of the senate.

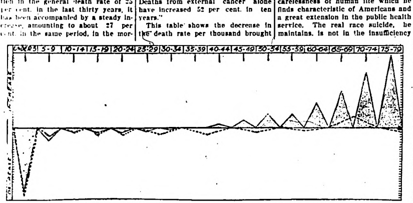
Votes for women the world over and that soon is the prediction made by Miss Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance.

DEATH RATE of THOSE OVER FORTY INCREASING

SAVE THE BABIES!" is a cry that has been ringing through the land with increasing earnestness and with increasing attention, but what of the middle-aged American?

Everybody knows that in recent years the death rate in the United States has been reduced to a remarkable extent, and the knowledge has been received not only with altruistic gratification but with a sense of personal gain by all, regardless of their own time of life.

But now comes Elmer E. Rittenhouse with the facts and figures to show that the reduction in the death rate has been due chiefly to that very cry of "Save the babies!" and the fight on communicable diseases, and that it is confined to those in early life. While there has been a reduction in the general death rate of 25 per cent. in the last thirty years, it has been accompanied by a steady increase, amounting to about 27 per cent. in the same period, in the mortality of persons of forty years and over.



SHOWING THE DECREASE AND INCREASE IN DEATHS UNDER AND OVER FORTY.

"The average length of an American life," he says, "has increased about fifteen years during the past century, and yet the span of life is being shortened. During the last 30 years the general death rate has decreased approximately 25 per cent., and yet the chances of early death after passing the age of forty have steadily increased."

This, Mr. Rittenhouse finds, is due to the fact that while great progress has been made in checking communicable diseases, other diseases, which afflict middle age and later life, have gone on almost unheeded in this country. Among them are apoplexy, Bright's disease, heart disease, and arteriosclerosis. The intense life of Americans and intemperance in eating, drinking, and working have contributed to their prevalence. Above all, our carelessness in regard to life is blamed, and from this cause come increases in deaths from accident, suicide, and homicide.

"While we have every reason," says Mr. Rittenhouse, "to felicitate ourselves upon the wonderful result of the spread of life-saving intelligence, we must not overlook the fact that we have increased the average length of human life only by increasing the proportion of people living in the younger age periods, while the average duration of life of those who pass into middle and old age has been constantly shortened.

"With all its blessings modern civilization has introduced hazards, habits, and conditions of life which not only invite but which have increased in many ways physical, mental, and moral degeneracy. Insanity and idiocy are increasing. Diseases of vice, the most insidious enemy of this and future generations, are spreading rapidly, according to medical men. So far we have lacked the moral courage to openly recognize and fight this scourge. The alcohol and drug habits are constantly adding new victims to the degenerate list and to the death roll. Suicides are increasing, and now reach the enormous total of 15,000 annually. Lynchings and burnings at the stake continue, and are common only to our country. Attempts upon human life by individuals and mobs under trifling provocation, or none at all, are obviously increasing.

"In the United States the death rate above the age of forty has steadily increased, while it has remained stationary in England and Wales. The important organs of the body are wearing out too soon. The diseases of old age are reaching down into the younger age periods. The death rate from the degenerative diseases of the heart, blood vessels, and kidneys, including apoplexy, have increased more than 100 per cent. since 1880. In New Jersey the increase is 119 per cent., in Chicago 159 per cent., in New Orleans 169 per cent. These diseases claim over 350,000 lives annually. The doctors tell us that fully 60 per cent. of these deaths are preventable or postponable if the disease is discovered in time.

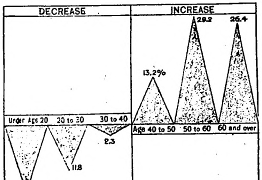
"All of our money, all of our energy, seem to be directed against diseases that can be communicated. Is not a life lost from Bright's disease as valuable as one lost by typhoid fever? The annual loss from pneumonia aggregates 135,000 lives, a large portion of which is due to weakened bodily resistance resulting from these degenerative affections. Cancer, a baffling disease of the degenerative class, to which our people in their present physical condition are highly susceptible, claims 75,000 lives annually and is increasing very fast. Deaths from external cancer alone have increased 52 per cent. in ten years."

This table shows the decrease in the death rate per thousand brought about by the successful campaign against the diseases of childhood and early life and the increase in those of later life:

DECREASE.	Per. Cent.
Under age 20	17.9
Age 20 to 30	11.8
Age 30 to 40	2.3
INCREASE.	**Per Cent.**
Age 40 to 50	13.2
Age 50 to 60	29.2
60 and over	26.4

"The change in the age constitution of the older groups," says Mr. Rittenhouse, "has been very slight and does not account for the increase. Nor is it safe to say that it is due to the early breaking-down of the weakened lives surviving from the attacks of communicable diseases in the younger age periods, for in England and Wales, where they have had virtually the same decrease in the mortality of the early ages as we have, there has been little or no increase above age forty.

"One thing is clear—the cause is local to our country. Evidently we have not adapted ourselves to the sudden increase in the life-strain due to our complex and intense modern existence. Whether or not it is due to the strenuous life or to excessive working, eating, drinking, playing, and intemperate habits generally, the important fact is that the excessive waste of human life from degenerative causes continues and no general campaign of education or other organized effort has been made to check it.



SHOWING PERCENTAGE OF DEATHS AT VARIOUS AGES.

"The remedy appears to be temperate, healthful habits of life, the upbuilding of bodily resistance to disease. But in the meantime, while we are being educated to apply this remedy, a sane and practical way to secure a measure of immediate relief is to urge upon our people the practice of going to their physicians at reasonable intervale, for health examinations to detect these preventable or postponable diseases in time to check them. Many of these afflictions develop without notice. The cost of discovering and of overcoming them in their incipiency would be trifling and would be the means of prolonging thousands of lives."

Mr. Rittenhouse believes that if the present thirst for knowledge of health and life conservation continues to increase it is not only possible but reasonably certain that during the next 30 years the present death rate of 15 per thousand in the 30 states that keep mortality statistics will be reduced to 10, but this cannot be accomplished without a change from the carelessness of human life which he finds characteristic of Americans and a great extension in the public health service. The real race suicide, he maintains, is not in the insufficiency of births, but in the needless loss of life through preventable diseases. Speaking of the decrease in the birth rate, he says:

"We are not only reducing the fertility of our race and also shortening the span of life, but we are permitting at least 650,000 lives to be destroyed annually which we could save by the application of simple and well-known precautions. If we would save these lives, they, together with their natural offspring, would solve the problem of maintaining an adequate surplus of births over deaths. What we need is not necessarily larger families, but more families. A larger number of small families is surely preferable to a smaller number of large families."

Princess's Books.

The princess royal of England, the only daughter of George V. is said to be the object of the same maternal solicitude as her brother, the prince of Wales. The princess, it is said, shows no interest in art as do most of the family, cares nothing for needlework, as do her cousins and her aunts, but she is fond of books and knows all the good authors, English and French. But her prudent mother only permits her to read those books after a careful scrutiny.

"The library of the princess," says a Paris paper, "unique of its kind, contains only masterpiecse, but in these masterpieces certain pages have been carefully blackened with ink following the fashion of the Russian censorship. The queen is not of the opinion of Ruskin; she does not believe that it is necessary to tell youngs girls everything."

Dickens and Defoe as Editors

Writing about the kind of literary talent that would be most valuable in editorial work today, we mentioned Voltaire, Macaulay and Swift. Among the suggestions that the mail has brought in, the most interesting are Dickens and Defoe. Defoe, however, with his marvelous impression of actuality, would be greater as a special writer than as an editorial critic. Dickens, if he could adapt himself to brief units, would in American journalism today be indeed a mighty power to reach and move the hearts of men. The same genius that went into his fiction has overflowed into some of his critical work, and always there is the great ability to entertain, mixed with a need of using that power for the betterment of life, which is exactly the combination that the ideal editor ought to have, particularly in America, but more in all countries as they become more democratic.—Collier's Weekly.

Warning to Dreamers.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., in a recent address in New York, couched in a neat aphorism a warning that dreamers would do well to heed.

"We judge ourselves," said Mr. Rockefeller, "by the deeds which we dream we are capable of doing; but the world judges us only by the deeds we have already done."

Rise of Parana

The state of Parana, South America, which heretofore has not figured largely in the commerce of the world, is about to be heard from, says the Gazeta de Noticias, of Rio de Janeiro. Parana has begun to take great interest in the cultivation of wheat, discovery having been made that the elevation and climate are there as well as cheap lands and every encouragement is now given to immigration by the government, which welcomes European agriculturists and aids them by free distribution of seed wheat. Attention is also given to the cultivation of the banana, customers for which fruit are thus far only in Uruguay and the Argentine republic, to whom about $300,000 worth was sold last year. The yield will be larger this year and a large paper mill has been erected to use the fiber of the banana tree, which it is said makes a superior quality of paper.

Usual Combination.

"Did you see where the Kurds have again started in to massacre the Armenians?"

"Well, I suppose the Kurds will have their way."

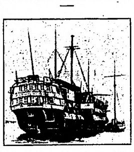
The baby question may be settled in this way. If it is your baby it is a priceless treasure. If it isn't your baby it is a nuisance.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Stilts in the Hop Fields

The great hop fields of England have many picturesque sights, none more so than that here illustrated. The man on lofty stilts is stringing the cords for the hop vines, and it is claimed in this way one man can do as much as six in the old way of standing on step ladders. The stilt walker's feet are strapped into special overshoes fitted to the rests.

TRAFALGAR RELIC IS SAVED



After lying in the Hamoaze at Devonshire for over a century the two-decked line-of-battleship, Implacable, one of the trophies which Nelson won for the British navy, has been moved to Falmouth, where she is to be preserved as a national monument. The Implacable was originally the French battleship, Duguay Trouin. She was captured by the British in the wars of over a century ago, recaptured by the French, and again surrendered to the British at the battle of Trafalgar. Renamed the Implacable, she was for many years employed at Devonport as a training ship for boys. In 1908 the admiralty put her in the sale list, but before the sale she was withdrawn to preservo her. She has been restored at Devonport as nearly as possible to her original state.

JUST FOR NIGHT WORKERS

For the men and women who are forced to turn night into day in earning their livelihood a new hotel in New York has made arrangements to turn day into night. One floor of the hotel, the sixteenth, will be operated on an inverted schedule for the benefit of night workers. Persons who occupy rooms on the floor, which has already been dubbed the "Sleepy Sixteenth," will sleep in the daytime, have their breakfasts served in the afternoon, their luncheons in the evening and their dinners after midnight. No one sleeping on that floor will be awakened until nightfall except upon personal orders, and all the routine work of cleaning and bedmaking will commence in the evening.

In arranging the "Sleepy Sixteenth" the management of the hotel outfitted it particularly for the night workers, theatrical men and women, customs house inspectors, telephone and telegraph executives, newspaper men and train dispatchers. The floor will be a hotel within itself, with its own restaurant, elevator and telephone service and its own corps of clerks and servants. It will be a place to sleep in the daytime, and the watchword of the day employes on the floor will be "Hush!"

WHY THE MILK TURNS SOUR

Perhaps you have often wondered why it is that if you let milk stand for a short time, especially in warm weather, it will turn sour and become unfit to use in your tea or coffee; but if it is boiled and then sealed up in some sort of airtight can or jar, it will keep any length of time in any weather.

Many persons believe that a thunderstorm will turn milk sour, and if you ask them what the thunder—which is nothing but noise—can do to the milk, you will find that they have no idea, but they just know it is so. So there!

The reason that milk turns sour is that it contains a small microbe that makes an acid from the sugar in the milk. When the milk is boiled these microbes are killed, and the acid is never developed. Warm air, and even electricity in the air, is very favorable to the rapid growth of these microbes, which are really a sort of plant, and all plants flourish in warmth. The acid which is made by these microbes in the milk is called lactic acid, and if the milk is good and clean, it is none the worse for turning sour, although it is not just the thing to put in tea. For some persons sour milk is a much more wholesome drink than sweet milk, and is recommended by some doctors for the cure of certain diseases. There is a famous Chinese statesman who believes he will live to be a hundred and fifty because he drinks so much sour milk every day.

WILD HORSES IN COLORADO

James and Jess McCarthy, who are mining a copper claim above timber line on Mount Blanca, Colorado, report a herd of wild horses running loose on the sand dunes of the Uncomphagre range of mountains, southwest of Mount Blanca and Mosca pass.

The McCarthys declare the hoofs of these horses have spread out to accommodate the peculiar formation of the grounds over which they run until they have attained the circumference of dinner plates. Many other prospectors to the mountains have seen the horses, and a peculiar story is related concerning their presence on the dunes, which are very rare in vegetation.

It has been told, on good authority, that many years ago a party of government surveyors was sent to determine the scope and character of these dunes, and after many months a searching party was sent after the men. The only trace of their presence was a surveyor's instrument, which stood like a lonely sentinel in the sands.

ONLY 25,000,000 YEARS OLD

Perfectly formed fossils of the trilobite species, the highest animals of the Cambrian formation, declared by palaeontologists to be more than 25,000,000 years old, have been unearthed in British Columbia.

First Studio in the Congo

H W DAVIES
To H.M. The King of Belgium

An enterprising Englishman, H. W. Davies, has established what is, no doubt, the first photographic studio in the Belgian Congo, near Elizabethville. It is said to be much patronized by the local chiefs. The premises, though not perhaps quite as palatial as those of some photographers, are certainly picturesque.

QUEER ORIGINS OF WORDS

"O, dear!" is equivalent to O dio mio, "O, my God!"

"Dandelion!" is dent de leon (the lion's tooth), and "vinegar" was once vin aigre (sour wine).

Madame is "my lady," and sir has been extracted from the Latin "senior" through the French.

"Biscuit" keeps alive the Latin bis coctus (twice cooked) and a "verdict" is simply a vere dictum (true saying).

Kings in the earliest days were merely the "fathers of families," and the word is derived from the same source as "kin."

A "villain," before the stigma of disgrace was attached to him, was a laborer on the villa of a Roman country gentleman.

Pope is the same as "papa," and czar and kaiser are both "Caesar."

Queen at first meant "wife" or "mother," and a survival of its early signification exists in "quean" used now only in a bad sense.

"Hussy" was once a respectable housewife; a "knave" was simply a boy.

Quelquechose we have jumbled into "kickshaws," and our "gewgaws" represent the jouxjoux or playthings of former French children.

"Jimminy" is a reminiscence of the classical adjuration, O gemini, used by the Romans when they called up the twins, Castor and Pollux, to help them.

"Powwow" comes from the North American Indians.

The word boss comes from the low Dutch and means master.

Kidnap comes from the napping or stealing of a kid, gipsy for child.

Calaboose, a prison; picaroon, a pirate; palaver, to talk, are all Spanish.

"A rum chap" is simply a gipsy lad; it has no relation to the product of the still.

Pal is a brother, and "conk," for nose, comes from the spouting fountain, the concha of the Romans.

Demijohn comes from the Arabic damaghan, itself taken from the Persian glass making town of Demaghan.

The common slang word "mash" is from a beautiful gipsy word "mafada," which means "to charm by the eyes."

Why should a man be called a spoon? Why spoony when he is making love? Simply because he is a "loeffel," which also means spoon.

A tinker's dam has nothing to do with swearing. It is merely the dam or stoppage, made of flour and water, with which the tinker stops the gap he is mending until the tin or the pewter he is using has cooled.

HORSE OMNIBUS AS CURIO

In London, as in other cities, the automobile is displacing the horse to such an extent that horse-drawn vehicles are becoming very scarce. Not long ago a hansom cab was placed in the London museum at Kensington palace, and now, in anticipation of its becoming a forgotten curiosity, a horse omnibus of the "knife-board" pattern, dating from the seventies, has been placed in the same museum.

MAN HAD SEVEN SPLEENS

An autopsy performed by Dr. A. W. Foertmeyer on the body of Frank Heley, who died at the city hospital of Cincinnati, revealed that Heley had seven distinct spleens. In an ordinary body only one is found. The man's heart was found on the right side of the body instead of on the left.

ASKS KISS, ENDS HER LIFE

Miss Ada Welch of 2206 Olive street, St. Louis, accosted a stranger on the street in Pascogula, Miss., saying: "I have been mistreated by the world, and now before I die I want to feel for once in my life the touch of human kindness. Please kiss me." The man kissed her. Then she drank poison and died instantly.

BACKACHE AND ACHING JOINTS
Together Tell of Bad Kidneys
"Every Picture Tells a Story"
Much pain that masks as rheumatism is due to weak kidneys—to their failure to drive off uric acid thoroughly.
When you suffer achy, bad joints, backache, too; with some kidney disorders, get Doan's Kidney Pills, which have cured thousands.
AN OKLAHOMA CASE.
John T. Jones, 318 S. Pile St., Pauls Valley, Okla., says: "I was confined to bed for days with kidney trouble and sciatic rheumatism. I was weak and debilitated and tormented almost to death. Not improving under the doctor's treatment, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and was entirely cured. I have had no trouble since."
Get Doan's at any Drug Store, 50c. a Box
Doan's Kidney Pills
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

NO SLEEPING-BAG FOR THEM

Laplanders Preferred the Snow and the Open Air, and So Had a Comfortable Night.

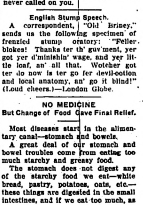
Sir Henry Lucy tells in the Cornhill Magazine a good story that he had from Nansen, the explorer. It amusingly illustrates the hardy health of the Laplanders.

Part of Nansen's equipment for his trip across Greenland consisted of two sleeping-bags made of undressed skins. On the first night of the journey Nansen and his two Norwegian companions got into one of the bags, pulled the mouth tight across their necks, and so slept in the snow with only their heads out.

Before retiring to rest, Nansen saw the three Laplanders he had engaged for the expedition cozily tucked into the other sleeping-bag. When he awoke in the morning, almost numb with cold, he observed that the bag in which he had tied up the Laplanders was empty, and that they were nowhere in sight. He was afraid they had deserted him, and scrambling out of the bag went in search of them. He found the three men fast asleep behind a hillock of snow that they had scraped together as a protection against the wind.

"Ah, master," they said, when asked to explain this extraordinary conduct, "we couldn't sleep in that thing. It was too hot, so we got out and have had a comfortable night here."

NOT NEW.



Daisy—By the way, Frank, that's a lovely waistcoat you have. New, isn't it?

Frank—No.

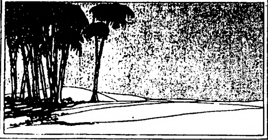
Daisy—Strange; I never saw it before.

Frank—That's because my brother never called on you.

English Stump Speech.

A correspondent, "Old Briney," sends us the following specimen of frenzied stump oratory: "Feller blokes! Thanks ter th' guv'ment, yer got yer d'minishin' wage, and yer little loaf, an' all that. Wotcher got ter do now is ter go fer devil-ootion and local anatomy, an' go it blind!" (Loud cheers.)—London Globe.

NO MEDICINE
But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.
Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.
A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.
The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ails result.
Too much fat also is hard to digest and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloated, heavy feeling.
In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves. A Wash. woman writes:
"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from overeating starchy and greasy food.
"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.
"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.
"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast and are very fond of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.
Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."
Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.



The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH
Author of HEARTS AND MASKS, The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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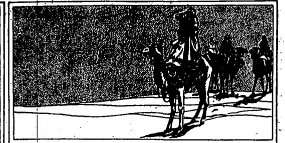


SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip.

CHAPTER II.

An Affable Rogue.

The carriage containing the gentleman with the reversible cuffs drew up at the side entrance. Instantly the Arab guides surged and eddied round him, but their clamor broke against a composure as effective as granite. The roar was almost directly succeeded by a low gurgle, as of little waves receding. The proposed victim had not spoken a word to the Arabs; it was not necessary. In some manner, subtle and indescribable, they recognized a brother. He carried a long, cylindrical bundle wrapped in heavy paper variously secured by windings of thick twine. His regard for this bundle was one of tender solicitude, for he tucked it under his arm, cumbersome though it was, and waved aside the carriage-porter, who was, however, permitted to carry in the kit-bag.

The manager appeared. When comes he not upon the scene? His quick, calculating eye was not wholly assured. The stranger's homespun was travel-worn and time-worn, and of a cut popular to the season gone the year before. No fat letter of credit here, was the not unreasonable conclusion reached by the manager. Still, with that caution acquired by years of experience, which had culminated in what is known as Swiss diplomacy, he brought into being the accustomed salutatory smile and inquired if the gentleman had written ahead for reservation, otherwise it would not be possible to accommodate him.

"I telegraphed," crisply.

"The name, if you please?"

"Ryanne, spelled R-y-a doublen-e. Have you ever been in County Clare?"

"No, sir." The manager added a question with the uplift of his eyebrows.

"Well," was the enlightening answer, "you pronounce it as they do there."

The manager scanned the little slip of paper in his hand. "Ah, yes; we have reserved a room for you, sir. The French style rather confused me."

This was not offered in irony, or sarcasm, or satire; mining in a Swiss brain for the saving grace of humor is about as remunerative as the extraction of gold from sea-water. Nevertheless, the Swiss has the talent of swiftly contracting from a confusion of ideas one point of illumination: there was a quality to the stranger's tone that decided him favorably. It was the voice of a man in the habit of being obeyed; and in these days it was the power of money alone that obtained obedience to any man. Beyond this, the same nebulous cogitation that had subdued the Arabs outside acted likewise upon him. Here was a brother.

"Mail?"

"I will see, sir." The manager summoned a porter. "Room 208."

The porter caught up the somewhat collapsed kit-bag, which had in all evidence received some rough usage in its time, and reached toward the roll. Mr. Ryanne interposed.

"I will see to that, my man," tersely.

"Yes, sir."

"Where is your guest-list?" demanded Mr. Ryanne of the manager.

"The head-porter's bureau, sir. I will see if you have any mail." The manager passed into his own bureau. It was rather difficult to tell whether this man was an American or an Englishman. His accent was western, but his manner was decidedly British. At any rate, that tone and carriage must be bastioned by good English sovereigns, or for once his judgment was at fault.

The porter dashed upstairs. Mr. Ryanne, his bundle still snug under his arm, sauntered over to the head-porter's bureau and ran his glance up and down the columns of visiting-cards. Once he nodded with approval, and again he smiled, having discovered that which sent a ripple across his sleeping sense of amusement. Major Callahan, room 206; Fortune Chedsoye, 205; George P. A. Jones, 210.

"Hm! the Major smells of County Antrim and the finest whisky in all the isle. Fortune Chedsoye; that is a pleasing name; tinkling brooks, the waving green grasses in the meadows, the kine in the water, the fleeting shadows under the oaks; a pastoral, a bucolic name. To claim Fortune for mine own; a happy thought."

As he uttered these poesy expressions aloud, in a voice low and not unpleasing, for all that it was bantering, the head-porter stared at him with mingling doubt and alarm; and as if to pronounce these emotions mutely for the benefit of the other, he permitted his eyes to open their widest.

"Tut, tut; that's all right, porter. I am cursed with the habit of speaking my inmost thoughts. Some persons are afflicted with insomnia; some fall asleep in church; I think orally. Beastly habit, eh?"

The porter then understood that he was dealing not with a species of mild lunacy, but with that kind of light-hearted cynicism upon which the world (as porters know it) had set its approving seal. In brief, he smiled faintly; and if he had any pleasantry to pass in turn, the approach of the manager, now clothed metaphorically in deferentialism, relegated it to the limbo of things thought but left unsaid.

"Here is a letter for you, Mr. Ryanne. Have you any more luggage?"

"No." Mr. Ryanne smiled. "Shall I pay for my room in advance?"

"Oh, no, sir!" Ten years ago the manager would have blushed at having been so misunderstood. "Your room is 208."

"Will you have a boy show me the way?"

"I shall myself attend to that. If the room is not what you wish it may be exchanged."

"The room is the one I telegraphed for. I am superstitious to a degree. On three boats I have had fine staterooms numbered 208. Twice the number of my hotel room has been the same. On the last voyage there were 208 passengers, and the captain had made 208 voyages on the Mediterranean."

"Quite a coincident."

"Ah, if roulette could be played with such a certainty."

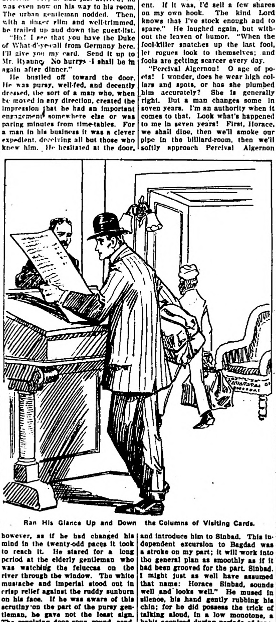
Mr. Ryanne sighed, hitched up his bundle, which, being heavy, was beginning to wear upon his arm, and signified to the manager to lead the way.

As they vanished round the corner to the lift, the head-porter studied the guest-list. He had looked over it a dozen times that day, but this was the first instance of his being really interested in it. As his chin was freshly shaven he had no stubble to stroke to excite his mental processes; so he fell back, as we say, upon the consoling ends of his abundant mustache. Curious; but all these persons were occupying or about to occupy adjacent rooms. There was truly nothing mysterious about it, save that the stranger had picked out these very names as a target for his banter. Fortune Chedsoye; it was rather an unusual name; but as she had arrived only an hour or so before, he could not distinctly recall her features. And then, there was that word bucolic. He mentally turned it over and over as physically he was wont to do with post-cards left in his care to mail. He could make nothing of the word, except that it smacked of the East Indian plague.

Here he was saved from further cerebral agony by a timely interruption. A man, who was not of bucolic persuasion either in dress or speech, urban from the tips of his bleached fingers to the bulb of his bibulous nose, leaned across the counter and asked if Mr. Horace Ryanne had yet arrived. Yes, he had just arrived; he was even now on his way to his room. The urban gentleman nodded. Then, with a finger slim and well-trimmed, he trailed up and down the guest-list.

"Ha! I see that you have the Duke of What-d'-ye-call from Germany here. I'll give you my card. Send it up to Mr. Ryanne. No hurry. I shall be in again after dinner."

He bustled off toward the door. He was pursy, well-fed, and decently dressed, the sort of a man who, when he moved in any direction, created the impression that he had an important engagement somewhere else or was paring minutes from time-tables. For a man in his business it was a clever expedient, deceiving all but those who knew him. He hesitated at the door, however, as if he had changed his mind in the twenty-odd paces it took to reach it. He stared for a long period at the elderly gentleman who was watching the feluccas on the river through the window. The white mustache and imperial stood out in crisp relief against the ruddy sunburn on his face. If he was aware of this scrutiny on the part of the pursy gentleman, he gave not the least sign. The revolving door spun round, sending a puff of outdoor air into the lounging-room. The elderly gentleman then smiled, and applied his thumb and forefinger to the waxen point of his imperial.



Ran His Glance Up and Down the Columns of Visiting Cards.

In the intervening time Mr. Ryanne entered his room, threw the bundle on the bed, sat down beside it, and read his letter. Shadows and lights moved across his face; frowns that hardened it, smiles that mellowed it. Women hold the trick of writing letters. Do they hate, their thoughts flash and burn from line to line. Do they love, 'tis lettered music. Do they conspire, the breadth of their imagination is without horizon. At best, man can indite only a polite business letter, his love-notes were adjudged long since a maudlin collection of loose sentences. In this letter Mr. Ryanne found the three parts of life.

"She's a good general; but hang these brimstone efforts of hers. She talks too much of heart. For my part, I prefer to regard it as a mere physical function, a pump, a motor, a power that gives action to the legs, either in coming or in going, more especially in going." He laughed. "Well, hers is the inspiration and hers is the law. And to think that she could plan all this on the spur of the moment, down to the minutest detail! It's a science." He put the letter away, slid out his legs and glared at the dusty tips of his shoes. "The United Romance and Adventure Company, Ltd., of New York, London, and Paris. She has the greatest gift of all, the sense of humor."

He rose and opened his kit-bag doubtfully. He rummaged about in the depths and at last straightened up with a mild oath.

"Not a pair of cuffs in the whole outfit, not a shirt, not a collar. Oh, well, when a man has to leave Bagdad the way I did, over the back fence, so to speak, linen doesn't count."

He drew down his cuffs, detached and reversed them, he turned his folding collar wrong-side out, and used the under side of the foot-rug as a shoe-polisher. It was the ingenious procedure of a man who was used to being out late nights, who made all things answer all purposes. This rapid and singularly careless toilet completed, he centered his concern upon the more vital matter of finances. He was close to the nadir: four sovereigns, a florin, and a collection of battered coppers that would have tickled the pulse of an amateur numismatist.

"No vintage to-night, my boy; no long, fat Havana, either. A bottle of stout and a few rags of plug-cut; that's the pace we'll travel this evening. The United Romance and Adventure Company is not listed at present. If it was, I'd sell a few shares on my own hook. The kind Lord knows that I've stock enough and to spare." He laughed again, but without the leaven of humor. "When the fool-killer snatches up the last fool, let rogues look to themselves; and fools are getting scarcer every day.

"Percival Algernon! O age of poets! I wonder, does he wear high collars and spats, or has she plumbed him accurately? She is generally right. But a man changes some in seven years. I'm an authority when it comes to that. Look what's happened to me in seven years! First, Horace, we shall dine, then we'll smoke our pipe in the billiard-room, then we'll softly approach Percival Algernon and introduce him to Sinbad. This independent excursion to Bagdad was a stroke on my part; it will work into the general plan as smoothly as if it had been grooved for the part. Sinbad. I might just as well have assumed that name: Horace Sinbad, sounds well and looks well." He mused in silence, his hand gently rubbing his chin; for he did possess the trick of talking aloud, in a low monotone, a habit acquired during periods of loneliness, when the sound of his own voice had succeeded in steadying his tottering mind.

What a woman, what a wife, she would have been to the right man! Odd thing, a man can do almost anything but direct his affections; they must be drawn. She was not for him; nay, not even on a desert isle. Doubtless he was a fool. In time she would have made him a rich man. Alack! It was always the one we pursued that we loved and never the one that pursued us.

"I'm afraid of her; and there you are. There isn't a man living who has gone back of that Mona Lisa smile of hers. If she was the last woman and I was the last man, I don't say."

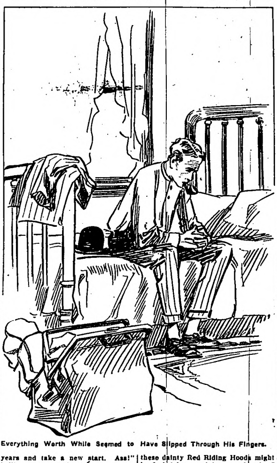
He hunted for a cigarette, but failed to find one. "Almost at the bottom, boy; the winter of our discontent, and no sun of York to make it glorious. Twenty-four hundred at cards, and to lose it like a tyro! Wallace has taught me all he knows, but I'm a booby. Twenty-four hundred; firm's money. It's a failing of mine, the firm's money. But, damn it all, I can't cheat a man at cards; I'd rather cut his throat."

He found his pipe and a careful search of the corners of his coat-pockets revealed a meager pipeful of tobacco. He picked out the little balls of wool, the ground-coffee, the cloves, and pushed the charge home into the crusted bowl of his briar.

"To the devil with economy! A pint of burgundy and a perfecto if they hale us to jail for it. I'm dead tired. I've seen three corners in hell in the past two months. I'm going as far as four sovereigns will take me. . . . Fortune Chedsoye." His blue eyes became less hard and his mouth less defiant. "I repeat, the heart should be nothing but a pump. Otherwise it gets in the way, becomes an obstruction, a bottomless pit. Will-power, that's the ticket. I can face a lion without an extra beat, I can face the various countenances of death without an additional flutter; and yet, here's a girl who, when I see her or think of her, sends the pulse soaring from seventy-seven up to eighty-four. Bad business; besides, it's so infernally unfashionable. It's hard work for a man to keep his balance 'twixt the devil and the deep, blue sea; Gioconda on one side and Fortune on the other. Gioconda throws open windows and doors at my approach; but Fortune locks and bars hers, nor knocks at mine. That's the way it always goes.

"If a man could only go back ten years and take a new start. Ass!" balling his fist at the reflection in the mirror. "Snivel and whine over the bed of your own making. You had your opportunity, but you listened to the popping of champagne-corks, the mutter of cards, the inane drivel of chorus-ladies. You had a decent college record, too. Bah! What a guileless fool you were! You ran on, didn't you, till you found your neck in the loop at the end of the rope? And perhaps that soft-footed, estimable brother of yours didn't yank it taut as a hangman's? You heard the codicil; into one ear and out the other. Even then you had your chance; patience for two short years, and a million. No, a thousand times no. You know what you were about, empty-headed fool! And today, two pennies for a dead man's eyes."

He dropped his fist dejectedly. Where had the first step begun? And where would be the last? In some drab corner, possibly; drink, morphine, or starvation; he'd never have the courage to finish it with a bullet. He was terribly bitter. Everything worth while seemed to have slipped through his fingers, his pleasure-loving fingers.



Everything Worth While Seemed to Have Slipped Through His Fingers.

"Come, come, Horace; buck up. Still the ruby kindles in the vine. No turning back now. We'll go on till we come bang! against the wall. There may be some good bouts between here and there. I wonder what Gioconda would say if she knew why I was so eager for this game?"

He went down to dinner, and they gave him a table in an obscure corner, as a subtle reminder that his style was passe. He didn't care; he was hungry and thirsty. He could see nearly every one, even if only a few could see him. This was somewhat to his vantage. He endeavored to pick out Percival Algernon; but there were too many high collars, too many monocles. So he contented himself with a mild philosophical observance of the scene. The murmur of voices, rising as the wail of the violins sank, sinking as the wail rose; the tinkle of glass and china, the silver and linen, the pretty women in their rustling gowns, the delicate perfumes, the flash of an arm, the glint of a polished shoulder; this was the essence of life he coveted. He smiled at the thought and the sure knowledge that he was not the only wolf in the fold. Ay, and who among these dainty Red Riding Hoods might be fooled by a vulpine grandmother? Truth, when a fellow winnowed it all down to a handful, there were only fools and rogues. If one was a fool, the rogue got you, and he in turn devoured himself.

He held his glass toward the table-lamp, moved it slowly to and fro under his nose, epicureanly; then he sipped the wine. Something like! It ran across his tongue and down his throat in tingling fire, nectarious; and he went half way to Olympus, to the feet of the gods. For weeks he had lived in the vilest haunts, in desperate straits, his life in his open hands; and now once more he had crawled from the depths to the outer crust of the world. It did not matter that he was destined to go down into the depths again; so long as the spark burned he was going to crawl back each time. Damnable luck! He could have lived like a prince. Twenty-four hundred, and all in two nights, a steady stream of gold into the pockets of men whom he could have cheated with consummate ease, and didn't. A fine wolf, whose predatory instincts were still riveted to that obsolete thing called conscience!

"Conscience? Rot! Let us for once be frank and write it down as caution, as fear of publicity, anything but the white guardian-angel of the immortality of the soul. Heap up the gold, Apollyon; heap it up, higher and higher, till not a squeak of that still small voice that once awoke the chap in the Old Testament can ever again be heard. Now, no more retrospection, Horace; no more analysis; the vital question simmers down to this: If Percival Algernon balks, how far will four sovereigns go?"

CHAPTER III.

The Holy Yhlordes.

George drank his burgundy perfunctorily. Had it been astringent as the native wine of Corsica, he would not have noticed it. The little nerves that ran from his tongue to his brain had temporarily lost the power of communication. And all because of the girl across the way. He couldn't keep his eyes from wandering in her direction. She faced him diagonally. She ate but little, and when the elderly gentleman poured out for her a glass of sauterne, she motioned it aside, rested her chin upon her folded hands, and stared not at but through her vis-a-vis.

It was a lovely head, topped with coils of lustrous, light brown hair; an oval face, of white and rose and ivory tones; scarlet lips, a small, regular nose, and a chin the soft roundness of which hid the resolute lift to it. To these attributes of loveliness was added a perfect form, the long, flowing curves of youth, not the abrupt contours of maturity. George couldn't recollect when he had been so impressed by a face. From the moment she had stepped down from the carriage, his interest had been drawn, and had grown to such dimensions that when he entered the dining-room his glance immediately searched for her table. What luck in finding her across the way! He questioned if he had ever seen her before. There was something familiar; the delicate profile stirred some sleeping memory but did not wake it.

How to meet her, and when he did meet her, how to interest her? If she would only drop her handkerchief, her purse, something to give him an excuse, an opening. Ah, he was certain that this time the hydra-headed one should not overcome him. To gain her attention and to hold it, he would have faced a lion, a tiger, a wild-elephant. To diagnose these symptoms might not be fair to George. "Love at first sight" reads well and sounds well, but we hoary-headed philosophers know that the phrase is only poetical license.

Once, and only once, she looked in his direction. It swept over him with the chill of a winter wind that he meant as much to her as a tree, a fence, a meadow, as seen from the window of a speeding railway train. But this observation, transient as it was, left with him the indelible impression that her eyes were the saddest he had ever seen. Why? Why should a young and beautiful girl have eyes like that? It could not mean physical weariness, else the face would in some way have expressed it. The elderly man appeared to do his best to animate her; he was kindly and courteous and by the gentle way he laughed at intervals was trying to bolster up the situation with a jest or two. The girl never so much as smiled, or shrugged her shoulders; she was as responsive to these overtures as marble would have been.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Try Giving Joy to Others

Shedding of Sunshine Will Be Found to Have Good Effect on Those Who Practice It.

It was Mr. Barrie who quaintly said: "Women who bring sunshine into the lief of others cannot keep it from themselves."

That is a recipe to learn and apply. If you will not try to be a spreader of joy for the joy it gives do so from selfish motives.

Girls may think this farfetched. Their one thought is to snatch at joy for themselves. It takes experience, perhaps bitter experience, to learn that the joy that counts most is the one with a rebound. Like a rubber ball, the harder you throw it the quicker it returns.

The girl who starts on a joy quest for herself cannot say: "I'll be nice to poor Maria, she has had such a stupid time," and then go about her sunshine shedding with patronizing airs. She may give joy, but the chances are that her patronage will be felt and resented. The sunshine that counts glows in the heart and must come out.

One need not go into sunshine societies to bask in the rays of joy giving. Nor need that sunshine be for outsiders. Sunshine-shedding, like charity, can profitably begin at home. It is not so exciting, perhaps, to try to brighten the lives of mother or small brother or sister as it is to be a Lady Bountiful, but the reflex action is quite as strong.

Try shedding sunshine wherever you are. Do not let a day pass without doing some little thing to brighten that day for some one else, and you will find your day more joyful.

Mystery of Love.

If a man should importune me to give a reason why I loved him I find it could no otherwise be expressed than by making answer, because it was he; because it was I. There is beyond all that I am able to say, I know not what inexplicable and fated power that brought on this union.—Montaigne.

Immense Floating Drydocks.

A floating drydock with a lifting capacity of thirty thousand tons has been built by the British admiralty

Surprise Boxes in Shark Stomachs.

Fishermen in the Caribbean sea recently found in the stomach of a shark which they had killed a good sized bottle in which was a half-decipherable letter from a shipwrecked sailor. Many such relics have been found. In one case a lady's bracelet was found in a state of perfect preservation, together with a silver spoon and a thousand Spanish reals in money. The curious feature of the finding of the money was that it was in an official receptacle lost in the city of Spanish Town (Jamaica) during a negro uprising in the seventeenth century. Where had it been meantime? Surely not in the shark's stomach, unless the shark lives a much longer time (or some of them) than science has any reason to suppose possible. On the other hand, if in the sea it would have been rendered unrecognizable in a few weeks. Had it been in the possession of some one shipwrecked, why had it been left intact? The conclusion was inevitable that the shark must have fished it out from a compartment of some long-submerged vessel.—Harper's Weekly.

Uncle Pennywise Says:

Some of us can laugh when the joke is on us, but nobody [illegible]

REGULATING THE STOMACH

That Important Organ Works According to the Quality of the Blood That Is Furnished to It.

There is the most intimate relation between the condition of the blood and the activity of the stomach. The blood depends upon the stomach for a large part of its nourishment; while every act of digestion, from the time the food enters the stomach until it is digested and assimilated by the blood, needs plenty of pure, well-oxidized blood. The stomach works only according to the quality of the blood.

The most common cause of indigestion is anæmia, or lack of blood. Indeed there is not a single disturbance of the health of the body nor any form of exhaustion or lowered vitality, that may not lead to stomach trouble. Disordered blood is the one common cause of indigestion. Thin, impure blood weakens the muscles of the stomach and lessens the product of the glands which furnish the digestive fluids.

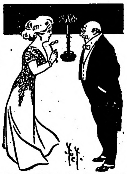
Nothing will more promptly cure indigestion than plenty of pure, well-oxidized blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People increase the red corpuscles, the oxygen-carriers of the blood, until the blood is rich and red. A thorough trial of these pills gives a hearty appetite, perfect digestion, strength and health.

Mrs. Emma M. Mayne, of No. 635 Second avenue, Clinton, Iowa, says: "I had just worked myself out bringing up a family of five children and, while in this run-down condition, I took sick with some kind of stomach trouble. I doctored with several physicians and saw a specialist in Chicago but received little help. I could not eat anything with relish and could not sleep. I would have deathly sick spells and would vomit. I had terrible headaches and dizzy spells. I got very thin and my friends thought I was going into consumption. I doctored for a year or so without help. While visiting a niece she told me that she took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, so I tried them. They soon helped me and a few boxes entirely cured me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Send for free booklet, "What to Eat and How to Eat." Adv.

DREW THE LINE.



Mrs. Wood B. Swelle—Do you care for pate de foie gras?

Old Man Newriche—No, ma'am, I draw the line on grass. Baled-hay breakfast foods are my limit!

Paid Minister in Tinfoil.

The meanest man in the world has been found. He is the man who gave the Rev. Thilo Gore, pastor of the German Lutheran church, an envelope filled with tinfoil for marrying him.

The bride and groom rang Dr. Gore's doorbell late one night and asked him to marry them. As they had a license he did so. After the ceremony was performed the groom handed the minister an envelope which he supposed to contain the fee. He found it contained nothing but several pieces of tinfoil.—Chicago Tribune.

Scotch Query.

A bluff, consequential gentleman from the south, with more beef on his bones than brain in his head, riding along the Hamilton road, near to Blantyre, asked a herdboy on the roadside, in a tone and manner evidently meant to quiz, if he were "halfway to Hamilton?" "Man," replied the boy, "I wad need to ken whar ye hae come frae, afore I could answer your question."—Exchange.

If a newly wedded man has no secrets from his wife it is rather hard on the other women he might have married, but didn't.

Thin
Bits of
Corn
Toasted, to
A delicate
Light Brown—

Post Toasties

To be eaten with cream and sugar, or served with canned fruit poured over—either way insures a most delicious dish.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.

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L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

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Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, November 16, 1912.

Congressman Steenerson was an easy winner for reelection.

The Spectator is under obligations to The News-Press for the corrected figures of the election in Pennington county.

The report that the republican bosses stole a presidency at Chicago is indignantly denied. It was only a nomination that they stole.—Hibbing Tribune.

Although the socialists made no great advances in the capturing of offices in Minnesota this year, they showed a tremendous increase in their vote. In twelve counties of the state Debs was given a greater vote than was Taft.

The campaign is over. But this is just the time when Mr. Common People does NOT want to lose interest in public affairs. Now is the time to begin to watch the chaps who were elected—from president down to dog catcher—to see that they do what they promised to do.—Luverne Journal.

Rural School Notes

Your county superintendent has visited during the last month schools in Silverton, Highlanding, Kratka, Smiley, part of Rocksbury, St. Hilaire, Black River, Polk Centre, Bray, and Sanders. The teachers are doing excellent work, the attendance is fairly good, and the school houses are in good condition generally. Some of them need banking.

I would urge that the scholars yet absent from school on account of the fall work make it a point to enter school, so as to reap a full benefit of the term's work, and instructors.

Attention of our teachers called to the meeting of the Minnesota State Teachers' association, to meet in St. Paul on Dec. 5 7, and to the state industrial contest and exhibits to be held at the same time and place.

It is suggested that teachers wanting to attend these meetings teach on Friday after Thanksgiving day and take a vacation for the week when these meetings are being held.

I do feel grateful to the electorate of Pennington county for your vote at the recent election. You have retained me to serve a noble cause. With your cooperation I trust to be able to do much for our schools.

Yours sincerely, E. A. MOSTUE.

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire Nov. 4, 1912. There being no quorum present, meeting was adjourned until Nov. 9.

Regular meeting of the village council held Nov. 9, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. Members present, Dahl Hovet, Swanson; members absent, Olson and McKercher.

Minutes of last regular and last special meetings read and approved as read.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

The News-Press, bids for sidewalks	$ 1.80
Oscar Gunstad, judge of election	5.55
A. H. Pitkin, supplies	5.50
St. Hilaire Retail Lumber Co.	5.40
Spectator, publishing proceedings, etc.	9.50
Adolph Satterberg, hauling	10.10
John Forseen, salary and labor	24.30

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Mr. Trovaten Appreciates

Thief River Falls, Minn., Nov. 8, 1912.

I wish to thank my supporters for the splendid vote I got at the general election, in every precinct of the county. I consider this vote an endorsement of my work as county treasurer.

Very sincerely yours,
adv ANDREW TROVATEN.

The Youth's Companion Window Transparency and Calendar for 1913.

The publishers of the Youth's Companion will, as always at this season, present to every subscriber whose subscription ($2.00) is paid for 1913, a beautiful souvenir. This year it takes the unique form of a window transparency, to be hung in the window or in front of a lighted lamp. Through it the light shine as hrough the stained glass of a cathedral window, softly illuminating the design—a figure of Autumn laden with fruits; and all around, wreathed in purple clusters of grapes and green foliage, is the circle of the months. It is the most attractive gift ever sent to Companion readers.

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	71
" " 2 "	68
" " 3 "	65
Flax, No. 1	$1.17
" " 2	1.13
Adjected Flax	1.11
Barley, for 48 lbs	36
Oats	21
Rye	47
Eggs	30
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	9@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	@9
Flour, patent	2.60-3.00
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. E. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary F. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagees, bearing date the 10th day of June, 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 27th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages on page 102.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 2 of mortgages on page 332;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, to-wit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the east front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 13, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.,
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee.
WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. n16-6t

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PENNINGTON COUNTY ELECTION RETURNS

	Thief River Fal's 1st ward	" " 2nd "	" " 3rd "	" " 4th "	Black River	Bray	Cloverleaf	Deer Park	Goodridge	Hickory	Highlanding	Kratka	Mayfield	Norden	North	Numedal	Polk Centre	Reiner	River Falls	Rocksbury	Sanders	Silverton	Smiley	Star	Wyandotte	Village of St. Hilaire	TOTAL
PRESIDENT																											
Taft–Rep	31	24	16	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	241
Wilson–Dem	59	43	77	64	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	421
Debs–Pub. Own	37	34	22	50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	341
Chafin–Pro	10	9	1	9	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	67
Reimer–Soc. Lab	3	2	0	0	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	11
Roosevelt–Prog	84	56	40	65	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	764
U. S. SENATOR																											
Knute Nelson–Rep	129	97	87	120	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1140
Daniel Wm. Lawler–Dem	53	35	50	49	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	550
REP. IN CONG. AT LARGE																											
James Manahan–Rep	98	68	60	88	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	797
Carl Johnson Buell–Dem	25	70	31	27	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	282
J. S. Ingalls–Pub. Own	43	54	23	60	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	456
W. G. Calderwood–Pro	24	15	6	21	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	147
GOVERNOR																											
Adolph O. Eberhart–Rep	87	53	48	72	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	618
Peter M. Ringdal–Dem	58	27	49	53	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	417
David Morgan–Pub. Own	31	45	23	45	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	322
E. E. Lobeck–Prohibition	41	43	10	45	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	286
P. V. Collins–Progressive	11	2	4	7	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	114
LIEUTENANT GOV.																											
J. A. A. Burnquist–Rep	93	58	49	75	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	797
Winn Powers–Dem	47	20	45	18	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	291
D. M. Robertson–Pub. Own	42	49	18	56	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	401
George H. Anderson–Pro	25	19	7	32	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	190
SECRETARY of STATE																											
Julius A. Schmahl–Rep	100	60	50	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	799
Harvey W. Grimmer–Dem	33	13	31	33	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	197
John Alvin Johnson–Pub. Own	43	54	24	59	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	431
C. L. Johnson–Pro	21	18	7	21	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	158
M. S. Norelius–Prog	9	5	7	12	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	134
STATE TREASURER																											
Walter J. Smith–Rep	127	78	60	101	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	960
Henry F. Wessel–Dem	33	20	38	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	244
J. E. Nash–Pub. Own	47	57	27	60	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	471
ATTORNEY GENERAL																											
Lyndon A. Smith–Rep	109	72	53	92	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	935
William F. Donohue–Dem	43	27	55	40	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	321
J. H. Morse–Pro	39	30	8	42	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	234
R. and W. COM. 4 YEAR TERM																											
Ira B. Mills–Rep	130	84	61	120	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1022
Julius J. Reiter–Dem	55	35	47	51	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	423
R. and W. COM. 6 YEAR TERM																											
Charles E. Elmquist–Rep	104	72	51	95	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	867
John N. Gayner–Dem	44	32	43	43	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	310
T. J. Sharkey–Prog	30	26	18	35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	237
CHIEF JUSTICE SUP. COURT																											
Calvin L. Brown–Non-Par	55	37	33	63	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	437
Charles W. Stanton–Non-Par	76	60	63	67	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	676
F. Alex Stewart–Non-Par	39	29	15	35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	314
ASSOCIATE Judge Sup. Court																											
George L. Bunn–Non-Par	40	39	30	65	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	391
Oscar Hallam–Non Par	55	47	49	59	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	548
Andrew Holt–Non-Par	45	65	46	87	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	652
MEMBER IN CONGRESS																											
Halvor Steenerson–Rep	118	88	82	132	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1146
M. A. Brattland–Pub. Own	78	79	50	83	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	672
REPRESENTATIVE																											
D. P. O'Neill–Rep	143	87	89	145	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1133
A. P. Ritchie–Dem	16	6	12	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	127
Emil Pladson–Pub Own	51	59	29	51	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	448
Theodore H. Liden–Proh	13	17	7	11	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	105
COUNTY AUDITOR																											
A. H. Fasel–Rep	153	89	82	142	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1344
Peter Becken–Pub. Own	61	87	48	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	540
COUNTY TREASURER																											
Andrew Trovaton–Rep	156	101	88	140	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
O. H. Nelson–Pub. Own	50	68	45	71	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
REGISTER OF DEEDS																											
N. J. Anderson–Rep	109	111	93	136	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Nels K. Nelson–Pub. Own	51	64	38	84	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	625
SHERIFF																											
W. J. LaBree–Rep	158	124	111	163	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
W. O. Long–Pub. Own	42	49	30	61	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
JUDGE of PROBATE																											
Wilhelm Michelet–Non-Par	127	121	60	117	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1157
Ira C. Richardson–Non-Par	78	45	63	80	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	575
COUNTY ATTORNEY																											
J. M. Bishop–Rep	63	43	37	53	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	644
K. M. Stanton–Dem	121	78	89	105	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	605
O. A. Naplin–Pub. Own	46	65	23	61	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	550
COUNTY SURVEYOR																											
C. H. Martz–Rep	136	80	76	131	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Irving E. Quist–Pub. Own	71	85	44	62	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	819
CLERK OF COURT																											
H. E. Ives–Rep	113	75	73	96	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	633
Herman A. Ohm–Dem	43	19	26	33	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	321
Ben Christianson–Pub. Own	62	86	42	98	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	711
SUPT. SCHOOLS																											
E. A. Mostue–Non-Par	141	90	70	129	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1160
George L. Netteland–Non-Par	112	94	54	127	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	943
COUNTY CORONER																											
H. R. Halverson–Rep	124	86	76	108	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1032
P. L. Vistaunet–Pub. Own	79	62	51	101	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	703
County Com. 1st Dist.																											
Peter C. Wold–Pub. Own	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	297
County Com. 2nd Dist.																											
Daniel Shaw–Rep	159	101	105	148	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	513
Ole Landro–Pub. Own	59	67	22	72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	227
County Com. 3rd Dist.																											
Nels K. Anderson–Rep	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	105
Olof Larson–Pub. Own	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	123
County Com. 4th Dist.																											
Ed. A. Aubol–Rep	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	175
Eric Kittelson–Pub. Own	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	125
County Com. 5th Dist.																											
A. B. Mandt–Rep	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	137
George Leimers–Pub. Own	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	157

Artificial Frauds

To please the eye is better than to please any other sense. For many years the grocers have taken tightly packed boxes of strawberries when received from pickers, emptied them out, repacked them loosely, placing the largest berries on top, and making five boxes out of four, get more money for them than they could for the tightly packed boxes. Not content with that, they are now coloring berries with coal tar dye to make them a brilliant red. Several convictions have been had recently on that score. After all, the only people immune from arrest for impurities are makers of beer such as the golden grain belt beer. Alex Thompson, agent, Crookston. adv

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Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 11 a. m.
Rev. M. S. Bjerde, Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.
Paul N. Palmer, Pastor

Swedish Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 3 o'clock p. m.
Alex A. Sand, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
F. Post, Sec. D. Patterson, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3656—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1701, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. Steen, President.
O. N. Larson, V. P. O. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Monnie Laselle, Secretary.

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Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

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CIVIL ENGINEER
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ERIE
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Bring in Your Work

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Axel Johnson went to Crookston Monday.

A. C. Ellickson was in town on Thursday.

Mrs. Carl Krueger went Monday to Red Lake Falls.

Mrs. John Walbeck went Monday to Red Lake Falls.

Albert Larson came over from Warren Wednesday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

C. C. Elliott has been entertaining a number of land seekers this week.

Mrs. S. J. Swanson went Monday to Warren, where she is visiting with friends.

There will be M. E. church services in the Eastside school house tomorrow at 3 p. m.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Johnson returned Monday to Duluth, after a visit with friends here.

Henry Olson and Oscar Gunstad were transacting business in Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

Come in and look over my new stock of winter shoes and rubbers.
o26-3t-adv Ole Mathson.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. Lazar.

R. Wallin has sold his residence property to L. R. Carlson, who will move into town about Christmas time.

The Hamar Ladies' Aid society will have an auction sale at K. Finstad's place Thursday, Nov. 28, in the afternoon.

Stenographers earn big salaries. To become a good stenographer attend Mankato Commercial college, Mankato, Minn. adv-2t

For Sale.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-s21-1mo Otto Johnson.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Nov. 13, 1912. Glasses fitted. adv

Wanted. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. Kinder, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Julin of Crookston came over yesterday and went out to visit with Mrs. Julin's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Anton Peterson.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

Sam Dainard, the first sheriff of Red Lake county, and now proprietor of a saw mill in the state of Washington, was shaking hands with old friends Wednesday.

Have just received a Full Line of Ladies' and Children's Hats and Caps for Fall and Winter. Call and see them. MRS. L. HOLMES.

C. H. Pederson, N. A. Nelson, Dr. Swanson, J. A. Bahan, M. Fricker, A. Satterberg, and Mrs. J. Dahl were at Red Lake Falls yesterday as witnesses in the Pederson damage suit against the Great Northern.

E. T. Critchett of Minneapolis, assistant inspector of state high and graded schools, visited the village schools Wednesday. He commended the work of the schools but thought we needed a better school building.

A. A. Reed, formerly a grain buyer here, but now engaged in farming just over the Minnesota line in Canada, was in town Wednesday and Thursday greeting old friends. He was down as a witness in the Peterson damage suit at Red Lake Falls this week.

Rev. Palmer and Miss Esther Palmer were host and hostess on Wednesday evening to about sixty of their church friends. The evening was delightfully spent in conversation and music and at the close the capable hostess served a delightful lunch.

The village authorities have secured a practically complete list of delinquent taxes on property in the village. Many of these taxes, on valuable property, too, are for years prior to 1905, and the state gives a clear title to the property on payment of one-half the original taxes. It behooves property owners to be looking out for their titles.

M. R. Hage pays highest market prices for hides. adv

A week from next Thursday is Thanksgiving day.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Just went Wednesday to Red Lake Falls.

Tady Brink returned Tuesday to Plummer after a visit at home.

Gust Larson and Alfred Anderson went to Crookston Thursday.

Mike McAndress, who has been quite ill, is out again buying cattle.

Mrs. E. Klemsrud went Wednesday to Crookston to visit with friends.

Carl Carlsness of Bemidji was a visitor at the Sherva home the first of the week.

Mrs. G. I. Fellman went Thursday to Crookston, where she is visiting with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lazar and little boy called on friends in Red Lake Falls Sunday evening.

H. L. Hanson was looking after business matters at Hillsboro, N. D., the first of the week.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. S. Benson.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hed and Miss Hannah Gustafson went to Thief River Falls Thursday.

Mrs. Case came down from Thief River Falls last evening accompanied by Misses Ella Rolland and Rosa Foss.

Selmer N. Olson, one of the enterprising farmers of Numedal, was transacting business in St. Hilaire on Monday.

In district court at Red Lake Falls Emil Just lost his case. The case of Chris Pederson against the railroad is being considered by the jury today.

M. E. Hurst will sell at the C. W. Lyman sale Nov. 22 one-half dozen pure bred Plymouth Rock cockerels, one-half dozen Brown Leghorn cockerels, and three Toulouse ganders.

The special election to vote on the proposition to issue bonds, held Saturday, resulted in a vote of 51 to 4 in favor of the issue. This election was made necessary by the attorneys for the purchasers of the bonds, who were pleased to find some hair-splitting technical irregularities in the records of the election of August 30. It was not deemed expedient to vote again on the issue of the $1,000 bonds to establish a permanent improvement fund.

A Dozen Photographs
Such as you get at Borry's studio, Thief River Falls, make twelve splendid Christmas gifts. adv-o20-4

We have on hand a large assortment of

Men's, Young Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats

Which will be sold at a big reduction in price.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

AUCTION

I will sell at public sale at my residence in St. Hilaire, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 22,

the followingdescribed property:

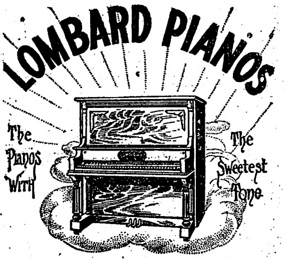
One grey mare, 7 years old, wt. 1,100; 2 bay mares, 5 years old, wt. 1,050; 1 black mare, 10 years old, wt. 1,200; 1 gray gelding, 12 years ole, wt. 1,200; 3 spring colts, wide tire wagon, 5 foot McCormick mower, two section harrow, 14 inch breaking plow, 14 inch stubble plow, 8 inch I. H. C. feed mill, 15 ton J. I. Case lifting jack, grind stone, 2 sets light work harness, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to Commence at 11 a. m.

TERMS --- Bankable paper, due November 1, 1913

C. W. LYMAN, Owner
R. J. McKERCHER, Auctioneer K. O. GIGSTAD, Clerk

NOW IS THE TIME
For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Envelopes,
Statements,
Due Bills,
Cards,
Dodgers,
Auction Bills, etc.
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with The Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER

The WILD SHEEP of WESTERN KANSU

By H. FRANK WALLACE

You come by way of Taochow, the new city—a mushroom growth of some six hundred years old—not the old, which lies further to the west. The wall straggles up a hillside and round a sharply rising knoll—a fine natural watch-tower. Two-thirds of the area enclosed is devoted to cultivation, while the town itself, flat roofed and in the case of some houses two-storied, meanders about the lower slopes and is almost entirely inhabited by Thibetan Mahomedans. It is in reality the border town between Thibet and China, though Thibet proper lies thirty miles to the west. A few "li" from the city you cross a low pass, from which it is possible to see the snow-capped heights of the Minshan mountains. They look down on a huddled mass of gradually lowering hills, torn and intersected by green, rushing mountain streams from which radiate an interminable series of birch and fir clad gulies. The Tao river sharply divides this type of country from the low, bare, cultivated slopes where Taochow lies. From the summit of the pass one drops down between narrow grass-covered corries to the little town—if such it can be called—of Choni, within a few hundred yards of the river. Incidentally, one passes from lackadaisical, inert China into an atmosphere of border feuds, mediaeval raids, pine-covered, snow-capped peaks and a wild race of Highlanders. It is a quaint little place, like a pigeon's nest in a cluster of red cliffs, dominated by a lamaseral containing six hundred monks, as dirty and evil-looking as most of their tribe. The capital of the Prince of Choni, it is the only town within his dominions, which extend over a district half as large as Scotland. A half-caste Thibetan, aged twenty-three, he furnishes a very pretty parallel to Rehoboam. His predecessor, who was the eighteenth of his line, a popular and wise old ruler, adopted him. The prince, on his death, turned away the old men who had hitherto helped to govern the forty-eight wild tribes who owned allegiance to their master and substituted his own friends, spending his nights with them in gambling, opium-smoking and other forms of dissipation. He is dependent on China and under the authority of the county official, who in turn is under the provincial governor, who, again, is subject to the viceroy of Shensi and Kansu. This personage resides at Lanchow. When we arrived at the capital, the prince and about two hundred men (he pays no tribute to China, but must supply two thousand irregular cavalry if called upon) were away in the hills fighting the T'e-pu, a wild, aboriginal tribe who infest the country to the south of the Minshan mountains. These interesting people are divided into fourteen clans, and are much dreaded by the Chinese, who only venture through their country once a year. They then organize a big caravan of merchants with guards and get through as quickly as possible. The T'e-pu are very hostile to strangers, and it would probably be as much as one's possessions were worth to venture into their territory alone. A clan protects its own friends and the friends of its chief, but not the friends of another clan, who are looked on as legitimate prey. When they hold a stranger in great affection and reverence, they have a custom of regarding him as their adopted father. As an illustration of their character, the prime minister of the late Prince of Choni, being adopted as father by about forty T'e-pu, went alone among them to retrieve the grandchildren of a Christian convert whom they had kidnapped. All the king's horses and all the king's men were powerless; but this one man, because he was their friend, safely entered their country and returned with the children. They are not agriculturists, but live chiefly by barter, and come into Choni occasionally for provisions. I saw a number of them later on, including a lama who performed a monotonous and somewhat senseless dance for our edification. At times they dash down in a sudden raid, as the Chonians are watering their horses and livestock at the river and whirl them away into the hills before their owners have time to recover from their astonishment. One of their priests was imprisoned by the prince in his yamen. Six of them set out to rescue him, and had the impudence and courage to go and cook their food in the yard of the yamen! So much for the T'e-pu!

GORGE LEADING TO THE SHEEP CAMP

A BURHEL RAM

DANCE BY T'E-PU LAMA

SOME BORDER TIBETANS ON THE MARCH

We spent some days in Choni, and on September 11th left for the little village of Archuen, thirty miles to the south, where we were the paying guests of one Chishi. He was a keen hunter, a little, thin, wiry man with a pleasant face. The Thibetan houses are far cleaner and more tidily kept than those of the Chinese. We occupied the large family room, which they all contain, and were really very well off. Our hostess, a most masterful lady, who ruled her husband with a rod of iron, had to be warned not to invade the sanctity of our chamber at certain hours, otherwise she and the rest of the village crowded to what they considered a show organized by a beneficent Providence for their especial benefit, in and out of season.

Our object in coming to Archuen was to secure heads of the wild sheep of western Kansu. Dr. J. A. C. Smith, our companion, sent home a specimen which the natives brought him early in 1911; but so far as I am aware it has not hitherto been secured by a white man in this particular part of China. Mr. R. Kingdon Ward has erroneously described it as Ovis Hodgsoni, but this it most certainly is not. A full-grown male stands about three feet at the shoulder and weighs approximately one hundred and fifty pounds. (I give later the measurements of one which I subsequently shot.) The horns are smooth, growing more or less at right angles to the skull and curving upwards and outwards at the tips. The animals are handsomely marked with black on the forelegs, with a white patch on the knee. A black stripe runs up the hind legs to the point of the thigh. The hocks are also black. The chest of the older rams is of a similar color, speckled with white on the neck; the black marking extends between the fore legs. There is a black stripe on the side extending from the point of the thigh to a point short of the elbow. The tip of the tail is black. The general color is gray-brown, though in certain aspects there is a decidedly blue tinge. The muzzle is dark to a line between the eyes, turning to a red-brown tone at the edges where it merges into the general gray tone of the face. Very closely allied to the burhel of India (Ovis natura), I cannot be certain if they are identical. It is difficult to compare the two from photographs, but from the remarks of local hunters it would certainly appear that there are differences particularly in the shape of the horns. After a week's hunting from Archuen we decided to move so as to be closer to our ground. George had got on the track of a herd containing three rams, while I had seen a lot of nine, headed by a single ram with one horn. George located his herd on an extremely steep rocky ridge which thrust itself from a grass slope above the river. The ledges were sprinkled with firs and rhododendrons, which added considerably to the difficulties of the task. He slept out on one occasion beneath a ledge of rock with his hunter, climbed above the sheep, and would certainly have got a shot had not the latter unnecessarily exposed himself at a critical moment and sent the herd careering off: all of which George explained in a short note reminiscent of Mr. Pepys at his best. He never got on terms with them again. I had seen nothing since my first day out, so we moved five or six miles to the east.

The weather was very changeable, and we experienced snow, hail, thunder, rain and mist in disagreeable succession. On September 25th I reached camp just as it was getting dark, to find that the two shots I had heard in the forenoon were the heralds of success, and that George had secured a very pretty head. I had an alternation of good and bad luck, for spying a ram at 7:30, I had my stalk spoiled by three miserable medicine diggers, followed him all day, had four distinct stalks, missed him once, and finally killed him at five o'clock in the evening.

The horns measured 20 inches in length, 12 inches in circumference and 28 inches from tip to tip. This, of course, is small in length for an Indian burhel, but good in other respects. The native hunters declare that the heads in this district never attain to very much greater length, and Dr. Smith tells me that the head which he sent to England was somewhat thicker in circumference, but not so long and much more clumsy in appearance. All of which would seem to prove that his was an older ram, which had worn down the tips of his horn, while my specimen is probably that of a rather younger beast, very nearly, if not quite, in his prime.

He certainly was not at all strong smelling, which is a characteristic of the Indian variety, though George said he noticed a distinct odor from the herd. The native hunters declare that these sheep rut in January and that the lambs are dropped in May. If this is so, the best rams were probably still on higher ground, which we had not time to reach.

The measurements of my specimen are as follows:

	Inches.
Height (allowing for weight when standing)	35
Length (nose to root of tail, straight line)	48
Length (following curve of back)	55
Tail	6
Fore leg (elbow to point of hoof, straight line)	28
Fore leg girth (below knee)	4¼
Fore leg girth (forearm)	9½
Hind leg (point of thigh to point of hoof, straight line)	25¾
Hind leg (from hock to point of hoof)	13½
Girth (cleaned)	42

NAPOLEON RELIC FOUND.

It is reported here, says a Paris correspondent of the New York Times, that at the town of Dorpat, in Russia, there has just been discovered a remarkable relic of Napoleon's Russian campaign in the form of a copy of Goethe's "Werther," which was his personal property and accompanied him wherever he went.

The volume, which is bound in leather and in an excellent state of preservation, contains, as well as Napoleon's signature, a curious inscription on the fly leaf by an unknown hand, stating that the book was stolen by a Cossack from the emperor's sledge one night on the retreat from Moscow.

Besides the date of the theft and the name of the thief, details are given of the method by which the Cossack managed to possess himself of the volume.

Instinct.

"That shepherd dog of yours is watching your strange visitor very closely."

"Naturally. The dog sees that the man looks sheepish."

Mufflers for Aeroplanes

Recent experiments with a muffling box on board an aeroplane, made near Paris, proved successful. The great noise of the motor ordinarily lessens the comforts in flying and fatigues the pilot as well as causes annoyance to passengers. In military work the noise prevents the officers from hearing sounds which come from the ground, and these would often be a useful factor in observations. Pilots cannot use their voices to any extent. Another point is that were the motor silent running the observers could hear sound signals coming from the ground and could also return signals by using trumpets of different pitch, or sirens, as are used on vessels.

The test took place between a military commission, and during the flight it is said that the noise of the motor was so much reduced as to allow the pilot, Labouret, to speak to the persons on the ground when he was flying at 200 feet.

The muffler box does not overheat, owing to the strong air cooling which it receives. The loss of power is below two per cent, as shown by measurement.

Fitting.

"That young cashier always dresses so appropriately."

"Yes, I noticed today he had on a changeable tie."

Saves Breath.

"Hibrow is a queer guy," remarked the Old Sport.

"Why?" asked the Rounder.

"He always says 'omit' when he means 'cut it out,'" replied the Old Sport.

His Only Chance.

Poet (raising his glass)—A glorious fluid! A whole poem is contained in it.

Skeptical Friend—Then in heaven's name swallow it down quick.—Mes

MADE FROM SPINACH

DISHES THAT ARE HEALTHY AND PALATABLE.

Subrics of the Vegetable Are Recommended as an Excellent Preparation—Croustades Also Popular—Served With Butter.

Subrics of Spinach—Chop two pounds of cooked spinach, throw it into hot butter, add salt and pepper to taste and one tablespoonful of flour; let this cook for six or seven minutes, then take it off the fire and add three well-beaten eggs. Mix them with the spinach, and spoonful by spoonful drop them into a saucepan containing a sufficient quantity of melted butter to fry them. Turn the subrics from one side to the other and let them cook for three or four minutes; strain and serve them with a good white sauce.

Croustades of Spinach—Cut some bread into the shape of hearts, and slit them all around, then fry them in hot butter. Arrange the hearts in the form of a rosette. Next cut a round of bread, which slit in the same way, and place it in the center over the points of the hearts. Fry them till they are a golden brown, then cut out the interior, take out all the crumb and fill the space left with cooked spinach.

Spinach with Butter—Take two pounds of freshly picked spinach, wash it well in two or three cold waters, then drain it thoroughly and put it into a clean saucepan with four heaping tablespoonfuls of butter and two tablespoonfuls of flour that have been cooked together but not discolored, cover the saucepan and let the spinach cook in this way till drawn down to a creamy consistency, which will take about twenty minutes, then rub it through a fine sieve and then return it again to the saucepan, add to it three tablespoonfuls of cream, reboil, add a dust of white pepper and a very little salt, dish up and garnish it round with little croutons of fried bread or little pieces of puff paste that are baked a pretty golden color, and serve.

Stuffed Shoulder.

Remove bone or have it taken out where you buy it. Cut off all rind with some of the fat on it, roll about six common crackers very fine, pour enough very hot water to moisten well but not too soft. Pepper and salt to taste and one teaspoon of poultry dressing. Mix well with crackers, wash meat well and dry. Place in pan, put cracker mixture where bone had been, roll up, tie with string to keep in place. If you wish to have fat part on top flour well on top, salt and pepper, add one cup of water in pan, bake until a nice brown. When done take from pan, mix some flour in a little cold water. Thicken gravy on top of stove. You will find it delicious. With the bone you can make a nice pea soup. The rind with fat is put into tin plate in oven until all grease is out, but be sure not to burn it, and you will have a lot of nice lard for cooking, nice for cake or any kind of frying.

Chartreuse of Jelly.

Cut the center of a round sponge cake, leaving the bottom and sides thick enough to hold one quart of jelly. Prepare a lemon, orange, strawberry or coffee jelly. When it is cold, just ready to form, turn into the cake and set aside to cool. When ready to serve cover with whipped cream, sweetened and flavored. Do you add whites of eggs to gelatine when beginning to harden? Let cool. When ready to serve pour custard around the gelatine. Lemon jelly, with whites of two eggs added, is very nice.

Baked Pork Chops.

Wipe chops with a damp cloth and trim off excess fat. Core apples and cut in halves crosswise; put apples in pan with a little water and bake ten minutes. In the meantime dust chops with salt, pepper and a trace of sage and sprinkle well with ground bread crumbs. Set chops in pan and put into hot oven to bake, cooking till tender, about twenty-five to thirty minutes. Remove apples and chops to hot platter and make a gravy of the drippings in the pan and a cupful of boiling water, seasoning as necessary.

Dutch Hotchpot.

Boil six carrots with six onions (medium) until tender. In another kettle boil six medium-sized potatoes. Drain all the water from both, put them together, mash them well, add one teaspoon of salt, one-half teaspoon of sugar, one-quarter teaspoon of pepper, one-half cupful of butter and one-half cupful of milk or cream. Beat well and serve hot.

How to Serve Beefsteak.

Broil steak and season on a platter as usual. Make a dressing of bread crumbs with plenty of onion in it as for a stuffed fowl. Shape into small cakes, using an egg to help bind mixture, and brown in butter in a frying pan. Place these on the surface of the steak with a bit of parsley if you have it and serve.

Fruit Roll Pudding.

Make biscuit dough, using butter instead of lard and a spoonful of sugar. Sift flour lightly over the roll, dot with butter, put one cup of sugar and one pint of boiling water in pan. Any kind of fruit can be used. I like it best with sliced apple. Roll it out flat, spread with fruit and roll up pressed as above.

Dutch Cabbage.

Slice one small red cabbage as for slaw. Wash and put on to boil with six tart apples, pared and quartered, and one-quarter pound of fat salt pork. Cover with boiling water; boil one and one-half hours. Drain, remove pork and serve.

Black Kid Gloves.

When black kid gloves become rusty at the finger-ends they may be restored by adding a few drops of ink to a teaspoonful of olive oil and applying it with a camel's hair brush.

WESTERN CANADA'S PROSPERITY

NOT A BOOM, BUT DUE TO NATURAL DEVELOPMENT.

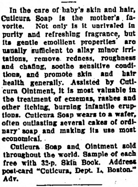
One of the largest banks in Holland has been doing a big business in Western Canada, and Mr. W. Westerman, the President, on a recent visit into the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, expressed himself as being much impressed with present conditions and prospects, and was convinced that the great prosperity of the Dominion was not a boom, but merely the outcome of natural developments.

Not only has money been invested largely in Western Canada by the Holland Banks, but by those of Germany, France, as well as Great Britain. Not only are these countries contributing money, but they are also contributing people, hard headed, industrious farmers, who are helping to produce the two hundred million bushels of wheat and the three hundred million bushels of the other small grains that the Provinces of the West have harvested this season.

During the past fiscal year there came into Canada from the United States 133,710; from Austria Hungary 21,651; from Belgium 1,601; Holland 1,077; France 2,094; Germany 4,664; Sweden 2,394; Norway 1,692; and from all countries the immigration to Canada in that year was 354,237. From the United States and foreign countries the figures will be increased during the present year.

Most of these people have gone to the farms, and it is no far look to the time when the prophecy will be fulfilled of half a billion bushel crop of wheat in Western Canada. Advertisement.

MENIAL POSITION.



Mrs. Hoyle—I can read my husband like a book.

Mrs. Doyle—I've heard he was once a page.

THE RIGHT SOAP FOR BABY'S SKIN

In the care of baby's skin and hair, Cuticura Soap is the mother's favorite. Not only is it unrivaled in purity and refreshing fragrance, but its gentle emollient properties are usually sufficient to allay minor irritations, remove redness, roughness and chafing, soothe sensitive conditions, and promote skin and hair health generally. Assisted by Cuticura Ointment, it is most valuable in the treatment of eczemas, rashes and other itching, burning infantile eruptions. Cuticura Soap wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of ordinary soap and making its use most economical.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Probably Prize Grouch.

A grouchy butcher, who had watched the price of porterhouse steak climb the ladder of fame, was deep in the throes of an unusually bad grouch when a would-be customer, eight years old, approached him and handed him a penny.

"Please, mister, I want a cent's worth of sausage."

Turning on the youngster with a growl, he let forth this burst of good salesmanship:

"Go smell o' the hook."—New Orleans Daily States.

Escaped the Worst of It.

The worst things are the afflictions that have never happened. Bobby had just been soundly spanked for falling into the creek. "Gee!" he exclaimed, rubbing the seat of punishment, "what wouldn't I have got if I had drowned?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Their Use.

"Why do ships have needle guns?"

"To thread their way, stupid."

A CURE FOR PILES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain—and cures piles. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

A voice used too much in scolding is not good to sing with.

The Crooked Way.

District Attorney Whitman of New York, according to the Washington Star, was talking about the sad case of a western banker who had stolen a great sum from the depositors.

"The man," said Mr. Whitman, "lived beyond his means—motor cars, a house with eleven baths, son at college, daughter coming out, wife hungry for diamonds. The inevitable result followed."

Mr. Whitman smiled and ended:

"The unfortunate fellow got straitened, so he became crooked."

Just Like Other Men.

Most surgeons simply go way up in the air when one of the world's great ones is stricken. When Sir Frederic Treves was called to operate on King Edward he split him open as nonchalantly as if the king had been an apple or a watermelon.—New York Press.

TIRED BLOOD LOWERS VITALITY

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

Nutriment and Oxygen absorbed by the blood from the food we eat, and the air we breathe feeding the living cells, produces vitality. When the blood is tired, it fails to provide these elements in sufficient quantities, and we suffer from Lack of Strength, Lack of Endurance, Broken Down Constitution, Worried or Depressed State of Mind, etc. In order to maintain vitality the blood should be rich with nutriment and red with oxygen. A treatment of Tonitives is the surest method of accomplishing these results. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TONITIVES TRADE MARK FOR TIRED BLOOD

Lameness

Sloan's Liniment is a quick and reliable remedy for lameness in horses and other farm animals.

"Sloan's Liniment surpasses anything on earth for lameness in horses and other horse ailments. I would not sleep without it in my stable."—MARTIN DOYLE, 421 West 19th St., New York City.

Good for Swelling and Abscess.

Mr. H. M. Gibbs, of Lawrence, Kan., R. F. D., No. 3, writes:—"I had a mare with an abscess on her neck and one 50c. bottle of Sloan's Liniment entirely cured her. I keep it all the time for galls and small swellings and for everything about the stock."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is a quick and safe remedy for hog cholera.

Governor of Georgia uses Sloan's Liniment for Hog Cholera.

"I heard Gov. Brown (who is quite a farmer) say that he had never lost a hog from cholera and that his remedy always was a tablespoonful of Sloan's Liniment in a gallon of slops, decreasing the dose as the animal improved. Last month Gov. Brown and myself were at the Agricultural College building and in the discussion of the ravages of the disease, Gov. Brown gave the remedy named as unfailing." "OBSERVER," SAVANNAH DAILY NEWS.

At All Dealers. 25c., 50c. & $1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free.

Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible — they not only give relief — they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

We sell Traps, Etc., Cheap and pay HIGHEST PRICES for

HIDES, FURS, PELTS, ETC.

Write for free catalog, price list and shipping tags.

N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.

Established 1890 Minneapolis, Minn.

EARN $25 TO $100 A WEEK

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS and Salesmen Wanted. [illegible]

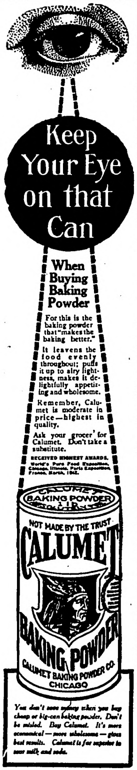
Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

The Stomach Is the Target

Aim to make that strong—and digestion good—and you will keep well! No chain is stronger than its weakest link. No man is stronger than his stomach. With stomach disordered a train of diseases follow.

Dr. Pierce's **Golden Medical Discovery**

makes the stomach healthy, the liver active and the blood pure. Made from forest roots, and extracted without the use of alcohol. Sold by druggists, in liquid form at $1.00 per bottle for over 40 years, giving general satisfaction. If you prefer tablets as modified by R. V. Pierce, M. D., [illegible]


Keep Your Eye on that Can

When Buying Baking Powder

For this is the baking powder that "makes the baking better."

It leavens the food evenly throughout; puffs it up to airy lightness, makes it delightfully appetizing and wholesome.

Remember, Calumet is moderate in price—highest in quality.

Ask your grocer for Calumet. Don't take a substitute.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS. World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical — more wholesome — gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

No Strangers Allowed.

Frank H. Hitchcock, the postmaster general of the United States, takes the deepest interest in even the smallest details of the postal service. One evening he was at the Union station in Washington, when he decided to go into one of the railway mail service cars to see how the mail matter was being handled. Being a tall man and very athletic, he easily swung himself from the platform into the car, but he did not find it an easy matter to stay put. A burly postal clerk grabbed him by the shoulders, propelled him toward the side door, and practically ejected him to the platform below.

"What do you mean by that?" asked Hitchcock indignantly.

"I mean to keep you out of this car," replied the clerk roughly. "That fellow Hitchcock has given us strict orders to keep all strangers out of these cars."—Popular Magazine.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

It's easy to feel optimistic as long as things are coming your way.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

Political arguments lose us more friends than they gain votes.

60 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Get a Canadian Home
In Western Canada's
Free Homestead Area

THE PROVINCE OF
Manitoba
has several New Homesteading Districts that afford rare opportunity to secure 160 acres of excellent agricultural land FREE.

For Grain Growing and Cattle Raising

this province has no superior and in profitable agriculture shows an unbroken period of over a quarter of a Century.

Perfect climate; good markets; railways convenient; soil the very best, and social conditions most desirable.

Vacant lands adjacent to Free Homesteads may be purchased and also in the older districts lands can be bought at reasonable prices.

For further particulars write to
R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.
Canadian Government Agents, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

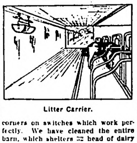
PISO'S REMEDY
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS
25 CTS.

The DAIRY

BARN CLEANING MADE EASY

Litter Carrier Is One of Greatest Labor Saving Devices That Can Be Installed on Farm.

The illustration represents the greatest labor saving device on this farm. The "dump" is 90 feet from the barn. At the dump we took a scoop scraper and scraped a pit 2½ by 3 feet deep in the center, rising to nothing at the edges, writes W. I. Raymond of St. Charles, Ia., in the Missouri Valley Farmer. This is as large as the manure pile is expected to be. This pit is in clay soil and was smoothed and puddled until it is water tight, thus preventing any leakage of the liquid manure. There is 200 feet of track going along all gutters and into all the box stalls through gates which open for that purpose and the litter carrier goes around corners on switches which work perfectly. We have cleaned the entire barn, which shelters 32 head of dairy cattle, in 39 minutes, doing a good clean job and not hurrying, and the manure is carried where it is not rotting your barn, fouling the air or making your yard muddy or filthy. Small boys enjoy cleaning the barn with this device. The loaded car is pushed to the door and given a vigorous shove. This sends it to the dump, where it trips automatically, dumps, and returns again. The cost is not prohibitive, and there should be more of them in use.



Litter Carrier.

FEED QUESTION IS BIG ONE

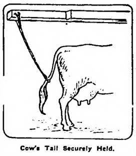
Possible for Dairy Farmer to Grow Balanced Rations—His Salvation Depends on Point.

Molasses is used in many instances to disguise very low-grade materials, including weed seeds. Farmers should buy the molasses and make their own mixtures. The feed question is a big one with dairy farmers, but it is not a serious problem to those who have their barns filled with good alfalfa hay, which can be grown successfully in every county in New Jersey, and which, on the average, would not cost $10 a ton. I am strongly opposed to the purchase of low-grade feeds, unless the price is in proportion, which, unfortunately, is not now the case, as on the average feeds carrying from 5 to 12 per cent protein, and a high percentage of crude fiber, cost per ton practically the same as feeds which carry from 15 to 40 per cent protein, with a correspondingly high rate of digestibility and low percentage of crude fiber. You could do no better than to make a strong drive for high-grade protein feeds, more especially for use in the dairy, and also for the larger growth and use of legumes by dairy farmers. It is possible for the dairy farmer to grow balanced rations, or at least to get along with a very small purchase of feeds, says a writer in an exchange. The salvation of the dairy farmer depends largely upon this point.

SECURE COMFORT IN MILKING

To Prevent Cow From Switching Dirty, Wet Tail in One's Face Simple Device Is Arranged.

In order to avoid the discomfort that comes from having a cow switch her dirty, wet tail in one's face when milking, a simple device like the one shown may be put in use, says the Iowa Homestead. Take a piece of heavy cord and after making a loop in each end attach one to the joist at A and loop the other around the tail. When milking one end can be hooked over a nail or hook at B which will pull the tail above harm's way. When hooked on nail or hook at A the cord should be just long enough to hold the cow's tail out of the filth of the gutter.



Cow's Tail Securely Held.

Autumn Calves.

According to some experiments made in Ireland, calves born in the autumn made faster gains during the winter when housed at night in a well-ventilated shed than did calves which received no shelter, but by midsummer there was little difference in the two lots. Wet weather had a more injurious effect on the unprotected cattle than did a protracted old spell.

Feeding for Butter Fat.

The object in feeding for butter is to give suitable food in such quantities the proper ration will not be disturbed but maintained, and we thus get a properly balanced milk with which to make butter.

TO PROPERLY PACK BUTTER

Farmer's Wife or Daughter Should Study Wants of Customers and Give What Is Desired.

(By W. H. UNDERWOOD.)

When a farmer's wife or daughter has a sufficient quantity of milk to be able to sell some butter, she ought by all means to find out just what sort of butter people will pay the highest price for and how the same is packed for sale, and comply with these conditions. If they do so they will get all it is worth.

On a Saturday not long since while I was waiting in the store several persons brought in butter, and with the exception of that from two customers (myself and one other), it was all made in large rolls, small rolls packed in jars, crocks and pans. Some was made in round prints and wrapped in oil paper, and some of the large rolls were also wrapped in oil paper.

The clerk weighed a basket of eight-pound prints, and they tipped the scales at six and one-half pounds only. I asked him what he paid and he said 18 cents.

I tasted the butter. It was good and the merchant would have been glad to pay 25 cents, the same as I got, but he said he could not sell it for more than 18 cents because it had a mussy-looking appearance.

If each one of those people would pay $1.25 for a brick-shaped mold that will make an extra pound; 50 cents for a roll of parchment paper seven and one-half inches wide, tear the paper with the aid of a ruler into sheets ten and one-half inches long, dip these into cold water and wrap each pound neatly, pack them neatly in a clean box lined with white paper, I assure you that they can then get 25 cents per pound for their butter and the gain in price will give them a good many dollars to put into their pockets.

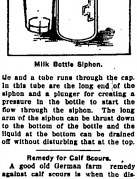
It will not take ten minutes longer on churning day to do this, and the knowledge of putting a first-class article on the market in first-class condition will repay in itself.

It is not best to use the oiled paper. It is impossible to handle the butter without tearing it and it makes the butter look any way but well.

BOTTLE SIPHON FOR LIQUIDS

Handy for Use When Desirable to Remove Milk From Bottom Without Disturbing the Cream.

For the separating of liquids of different gravities, a Connecticut man has designed the apparatus shown herewith. For the purpose of explanation it might be called a bottle siphon, though its use, of course, is not restricted to milk and cream. But supposing it was desirable to remove milk from the bottom of a bottle without disturbing the cream at the top. A cap fits over the mouth of the bottle and a tube runs through the cap. In this tube are the long end of the siphon and a plunger for creating a pressure in the bottle to start the flow through the siphon. The long arm of the siphon can be thrust down to the bottom of the bottle and the liquid at the bottom can be drained off without disturbing that at the top.



Milk Bottle Siphon.

Remedy for Calf Scours.

A good old German farm remedy against calf scours is when the disease is bad and the excrements bloody, three wineglassfuls of good rum and three raw eggs and no milk at all. When the scours cease the rum is stopped, and a decoction of linseed given.

Feed for Calf.

A calf that has skim milk should never have any green feed until it is weaned. Let him have access to dry alfalfa hay or burr clover hay, and he will never have the scours.

For Caked Udder.

For caked udder or other udder inflammation try rubbing with camphorated oil. Use more elbow grease than oil.

DAIRY NOTES

The silo is the best solution of the problem of short pastures.

Good pasture lands are the basis of successful dairy farming.

To make dairying a success we must make it of interest to the boys.

Get your cows started right for the coming cold weather and they will do well in winter.

Summer or winter, a good dairy thermometer pays its way wherever dairy cows are kept.

Give the cows a chance to get under the shed every night now. If too cold keep them in the stable.

Keeping the cows comfortable is a neglected point in the management of the herd during the fall months.

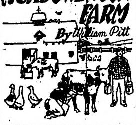
The best cows are never cheap, and are seldom for sale; so it pays to give the heifer calves the best of care.

The milk pail should be the main consideration, but not the sole one in judging the value of the dairy cow.

Green fodder at the tail end of the summer is relished by the cow as ice cream is relished by the school children.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt



Give the cows a name.

Mulch the strawberries.

Baled corn fodder is new.

Use a low wagon in the orchard.

Clean out the old nesting material and burn it.

Milk to the last drop, for the last milk is the best.

Sweet clover can be used as a substitute for red clover.

A single drop of milk contains five million globules of butter fat.

When corn husking time is at hand, the corn ought to be fairly well dried out.

Hogs will husk corn for nothing. The hired man wants four cents a bushel.

It is not what is eaten but what is digested that furnishes strength and muscle.

Vitality is a very important characteristic in the dairy cow or any other farm animal.

Hogging down corn looks like a lazy man's way, but it is a money maker. Try it.

A hen can't be a very respectable hen if she is full of lice—help her by cleaning up the roosts.

In the poultry quarters, be careful to keep filth from accumulating and keep fowls free from lice.

Give the ducks clean water every time you feed them because a duck always drinks while eating.

Don't let a frost scare you into gathering the cabbages. Leave them out until freezing weather comes.

The seed of broom corn has considerable feeding value. It may be removed, dried or put in the silo.

If your sweet corn seed is mixed with field corn, better feed it to the chickens and buy new next spring.

The coming of woven wire fences will help keep down the weeds along the roadsides in a rather roundabout way.

Good shelter will make feed go farther and this is a good time to see that barns and sheds are made tight for the winter.

The beef supply cannot be much increased inside of two years. This means high cattle prices for at least two years more.

Whether brood mare or gelding it is the healthy, well fed horse that exhibits the greatest endurance and nobility in harness.

After corn passes the proper stage at which it should be converted into silage or fodder, it deteriorates very rapidly in quality.

In the horse for active service the breast should not be over medium width and the forelegs should be reasonably close together.

Both cane and kafir are not hurt much for feed if they are caught by frost provided they are cut before much rain falls on them.

A square breasted, well muscled horse will stand more work and more hardship than two lank, loosely-jointed ones, and not require as much power as one of them.

When the calf is just learning to eat boil oatmeal or cornmeal into a thin mush, add a quart of it to a pail of skimmilk and the calves will suck it up with great relish.

Nothing should be more gradual than the development of the power of a draft horse or the speed of a trotting horse and in but few other ways are horses more permanently injured than in pushing their development too rapidly.

A spirit of friendliness toward all young live stock will make you a better man within and also increase the milk yield, fatten the steer, gentle the horse, subdue the calf and encourage the colt.

A hog trough jammed full of crowding, squealing hogs means that some of them will get cheated out of their share of the slop, which is but another way of saying that you also are being cheated by such mismanagement.

If you have several kinds of rough feed on hand it will be a good plan to mix them up in feeding. Stock like a change of feed as well as you do and if their breakfast can be of one kind and their supper of another, so much the better.

One reason why some men do not find sheep profitable is because they have those which would not do well for anybody. Turn off every head of that sort and get some first-class sheep, and you will soon find yourself making some good clean money from 'em.

Pick all fruit carefully.

Plow for corn in the fall.

Start a war on poultry pests.

Store seed corn in a dry place.

Clipping horses' legs is not a good practice.

Excessive sweating in a horse indicates weakness.

The first and greatest law of breeding is "like begets like."

Many imported horses are a "sell" to whoever buys them.

Moderate frosts improve rather than harm the cabbage.

Why not shed farm machinery, the same as the field products?

Store some dust for the chickens' dust bath during midwinter.

It is only recently that sweet clover has been used for feeding livestock.

Silage and alfalfa combined make the foundation of the best dairy ration.

The scrub cow appears in every herd, whether it be a pure bred or a grade herd.

See that the ladders are safe before using them. Unsafe rounds may mean broken legs.

The separator is a helpful factor in establishing the uniformity of the finished product.

When a heifer is first fresh it is especially important that all the milk be drawn from her.

How much does it cost to have that machinery standing out in the weather? Shedding is cheap!

No stock grower can afford to have his animals burn grain for fuel to keep themselves warm.

Sweet potatoes should be dried and then stored in boxes of sand before the frost touches them.

Development of a flock and greatly increased profits cannot be secured without careful breeding.

Letting butter drain well before salting is one of the little things that makes for better quality.

The use of the pure-bred sires has brought about a much better quality of stock kept on the farms.

Keep the hogs quiet, clean and comfortable if you expect the best gain from the food supplied.

Selling butter or cream from the farm robs the soil of less fertility than does any other farm product.

The cost of feeding an animal increases with its weight, but not in direct proportion to its weight.

Hurry all cement work to a finish now, so it will have time to set well before freezing cracks and damages it.

The milk pail with a flaring top has been ruled out. Hooded pails with small openings are much more dirt-proof.

Are you keeping a lot of horses for which you have no special need? Let the other fellow have them at present prices.

See to it that the colt does not become constipated. A small dose of castor oil is a good thing to get the bowels started.

Too often the dairy, poultry and hog work are side lines on the farm. Make them the main line and they will lead you to profit.

Fill the producing cows up on clover hay or alfalfa hay if you can get it instead of fodder or other coarse stuff containing low feed values.

Hogs do not waste corn in the field except in muddy weather. They gain faster, more evenly and more economically in the corn field than in the dry lot.

Good bright corn fodder is worth more for dairy cows than pure timothy hay but both should be fed along with clover or alfalfa to get the best results.

At the Iowa station corn and soy beans hogged down produced 15.7 pounds of pork per bushel of corn. At 8½ cents per pound that is $1.23 per bushel for the corn.

When the pumpkins and squashes are gathered, do not put them in the cellar at once. They will keep much better if stored in some dark outbuilding until real freezing weather comes.

As the cold weather approaches the separator bowl should be filled with hot water before the milk is allowed to run through it. When it is thoroughly warm skimming will be more efficient.

Some sheep are inclined to grow hairy wool. The dealers don't like that and are apt to "dock" you for it. Docking is not what is is cracked up to be. Grow wool, not hair, on the backs of your sheep.

Aerate new milk as soon as possible after it is drawn, but do not do this in a stable. As good a way to do this as any is to pour the milk slowly from one pail to another for a few minutes. This drives off bad odors and saves the fine butter flavor.

Hay cured in cocks in the field is better hay than that rushed to the mow from the swath, and grain threshes out in better condition when stacked, but things have to move fast, now, everywhere, and the hay loader and shock threshing are quick means of getting the crops off the fields.

"Real Fisherman's Luck for Duke's Mixture Smokers"

Good tobacco and a good reel! That's surely a lucky combination for the angler—and here's the way you can have them both.

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

All smokers should know Duke's Mixture made by *Liggett & Myers* at Durham, N. C.

Pay what you will, you cannot get better granulated tobacco for 5c than the big ounce *and a half* sack of Duke's Mixture. It's good any way you smoke it.

Get a Good Fishing Reel Free

by saving the Coupons now packed in *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture. Or, if you don't want a reel—get any one of the hundreds of other articles. In the list you will find something for every member of the family. Pipes, cigarette cases, catcher's gloves, cameras, watches, toilet articles, etc.

These handsome presents cost you nothing—not one cent. They simply express our appreciation of your patronage.

Remember—you still get the same big one and a half ounce sack for 5c—enough for *many* satisfying smokes.

During November and December only, we will send our new illustrated catalogue of presents FREE. Simply send us your name and address.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*10c-tin double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

50 Acres Yield 10,000 Bushels

of Irish potatoes in the neighborhood of Natchez, Mississippi, an average of 200 bushels to the acre. The same land planted immediately in corn yielded 60 bu. to the acre. This is the experience of Waldo Henderson, Natchez, Miss.

Go South and Prosper

The land is cheap and terms are easy. Can you imagine getting 200 bushels of potatoes and 60 bushels of corn per acre in one year in the North?

Write for booklets giving you full information about the prices of land.

J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Commissioner, Room L600 Ill. Central Station, Chicago

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$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 AND $5.00
FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.00, $2.50 & $3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the *short vamps* which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the *conservative styles* which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. *Fast Color Eyelets.*

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

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Bookkeeping, Actual Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, English.

Enter any time. Write for catalog. Address J. J. [illegible], President, Minneapolis, Minn.

Enterprising.

In a section of Washington, says Harper's Magazine, where there are a number of restaurants, one enterprising concern has displayed in great illuminated letters, "Open All Night." Next to it was a restaurant bearing with equal prominence the legend:

"We Never Close."

Third in order was a Chinese laundry, in a little, low-framed, tumble-down hovel, and upon the front of this building was the sign, in great, scrawling letters:

"Me Wakee, Too."

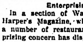
So Many Like Tribble.

"Tribble is a discontented fellow. I don't believe he even knows what he wants."

"Oh, yes. He knows what he wants. What makes him discontented is the fact that he also knows he can't get it."

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Does a woman feel glad or sorry when she cries at a wedding?


SUDDEN DEATH!

from Heart Disease by the slight exertion of climbing stairs, hurrying or lifting, comes to thousands. Most of these sudden deaths might be prevented if the victim only knew their true condition and took prompt and proper treatment. We will gladly send to any sufferer a COMPLETE TREATMENT FOR THEIR CASE ABSOLUTELY FREE OF CHARGE, also Illustrated Book that explains Heart Disease and how it can be cured. If you have *even one* of these sure symptoms, Palpitation, Fluttering or Skipping Beats, Pain in Heart, Side or Shoulder Blade, Smothering, Short Breath, Sinking Spells, Nervousness, Dizziness, Asthma, Dropsy, its your Heart, and you are in grave danger! Write *now* for the full free treatment and book. We are Heart Specialists. Address

Heart Cure Co. 1140 Masonic Bldg. Hallowell, Me.

PIANO LESSONS FREE
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For full particulars write National School of Music, 321 Alhambra, Milwaukee, Wis

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Pettit's Eye Salve FOR EYE ACHES

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 46–1912.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidneys and Bladder
BECAUSE THEY ARE RICHEST IN CURATIVE QUALITIES
CONTAIN NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS
ARE SAFE, SURE, AND SAVE YOU MONEY

COLT DISTEMPER

Can be handled very easily. The sick are cured, and all others in same stable, no matter how "exposed," kept from having the disease, by using SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Give on the tongue, or in food. Acts on the blood and expels germs of all forms of distemper. Best remedy ever known for mares in foal. One bottle guaranteed to cure one case. 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 dozen of druggists and harness dealers, or sent express paid by manufacturers. Cut shows how to poultice throats. Our free Booklet gives everything. Local agents wanted. Largest selling horse remedy in existence—twelve years.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

WOMEN SEEK U. S. PLACES

DESIRE TO BE INDEPENDENT OR TO HELP FAMILY.

Uncle Sam's Pay Checks Look Good and Substantial to Females.

Minneapolis.—Recent statistics compiled from application blanks handed into the office of W. W. Davis, director of the civil service bureau at Minneapolis, show that women are going into business more than ever before, and that the number who never worked before is greatly in excess of the men. The figures show conditions obtaining in the civil service department, and it is admitted that possibly the element of romance of holding a federal position may appeal to a woman's mind more strongly than to a man's.

This theory was borne out when Mr. Davis received an application from a married woman who wished to enter the postal service. A married woman may enter any other branch of the federal service, but she is barred by law from the postal department. In spite of this fact, one married woman took Mr. Davis into her confidence and told him that it was her custom to get positions without her husband's knowing anything about it, and that such good understanding obtained in her home that there could not possibly be any objection. Mr. Davis told her that the law was plain and had not been altered to his knowledge.

At the examinations, out of 70 men who took the test, only five had never been employed before. Of the eight women, four had never had employment.

The examination was for letter carriers and mail clerks. It was found that the average salary of the men who had worked before was somewhere between $35 and $100 a month, while the salaries received by the women averaged less. The postal appointments for men average $1,000 a year and about $1,000 for women.

HIT AT STATE SOCIETY.

Southern Minnesota Educators Propose Reorganization of State Association.

Mankato.—The Southern Minnesota Teachers association closed its annual convention Saturday, having had over 650 teachers enrolled. New officers were elected as follows: Superintendent H. C. Bell, Luverne, president; County Superintendent B. B. Kennedy, Brown county, vice president; Miss Margaret Bieri, Wells, treasurer; Miss Emma C. O'Donnel, Mankato, secretary; Professor M. W. Deputy, Mankato state normal school, and Superintendents J. C. Dairies, St. James, and W. B. Thornburg, Owatonna, executive committeemen.

Resolutions were adopted favoring the appointment of an educational commission to revise and codify the school laws and urging the legislature to provide for such commission; also favoring the enactment of a just and equitable teachers' retirement law, similar to those in other states. The Minnesota association was asked to co-operate in urging both of these matters. The teachers' retirement resolution followed the presentation of the matter by Miss Frances Smith, secretary of the Winona Teachers' association, which originated the plan proposed.

It was voted that the next annual meeting be held in the fall of 1913 at approximately this time. This action was preceded by a discussion precipitated by President C. H. Cooper of the Mankato normal, who feared a fall meeting would interfere with next year's meeting of the Minnesota Educational association to be held the first of November. The trend of the discussion was that the Southern Minnesota association is of more benefit to graded school teachers, if not to all teachers, than the state association, and that the fall is the best time to hold it.

Superintendent Thornburg criticised the National Educational association, saying it had little or no value for common teachers, being controlled by the big cities. The same was true he said, of the Minnesota Educational association although to a lesser extent. He favored reconstructing the organization, beginning at the bottom and cutting off its head. He said a movement has been started to form a county teachers' association as the basis for this reorganization.

After the business session, Dr. Richard Burton, of the University of Minnesota, made an address on "The Teaching of Literature."

Battles Robber in Dark.

Minneapolis.—With pitch dark halls, stairways, classrooms and corridors and an even darker basement for its setting, a desperate battle was fought in the new Central high school building, early Sunday between T. Allen, night watchman at the building, and a robber who invaded the place, according to the story which Allen later told the Lake street police. During the conflict the intruder twice opened fire on the watchman, one bullet piercing the latter's hat and knocking it off.

Girl Killed By Auto.

Minneapolis, Nov. 12.—Eight-year-old Ethel Brown, daughter of Mrs. Emily C. Brown, was the sixth victim within the last two months of a fatal automobile accident. She was struck, knocked down and mortally injured on the West River drive, near Twenty-second street east, by a machine driven by Howard H. Smart, 1906 Portland avenue, St. Paul, and died shortly after reaching the St. Mary hospital. The little girl's father, Joseph B. Brown, met death in a similar manner on Oct. 5, 1911.

6,000 VISIT TRAIN.

Average Attendance Up State Is 500 Persons to the Station.

Bemidji.—The best and most thoroughly equipped agricultural special train ever sent out in Minnesota, such is the boast of the agricultural college experts and railroad officials in charge of the train which is touring northern Minnesota on the Soo line in an effort to raise the standard of farming. The train arrived here late Saturday and remained over Sunday.

Everywhere the greatest interest is being shown by farmers and townsfolk. So much interest has been displayed that it is estimated that over 6,000 persons have visited the special the last four days. As eleven places have been touched, this brings the average attendance up to the surprising figure of 500. Many of the places visited have only a few buildings and inhabitants, and so the bulk of the visitors have been from the farming districts.

The women who have visited the train in large numbers at every point have been especially pleased with the domestic science and sewing exhibits and the lectures by Miss Mary L. Bull and Mrs. Margaret Baker, extension experts, and Miss Helen Stearns, of the state library commission at St. Paul. Over 1,500 women have visited this car the last four days. In this car, in addition to an exhibit of false weights and measures by the state department and samples of adulterated oils and condiments, to illustrate the high cost of living, are all the handy appliances and conveniences so dear to the farm wife's heart. There are little cabinets and sinks and other things for the kitchen. There are tables explaining the comparative value of foods and telling how to cook cereals. A plan of a model kitchen and a septic tank also attracts much attention. Miss Stearns is explaining the farm library commission to any locality or any farmer who lives up to the requirements, and many of these will be strewn along the line.

The boys' and girls' car, with its illustrated booklets on contest work, which have been written by boys and girls interested in industrial work in Minnesota, its sewing exhibits, and its samples of corn raised in the acre-yield corn contest carried on by the agricultural college, is attracting wide interest. Not a stop has been made where this car has not been filled to the doors with eager school children. In every instance the schools have been closed and the children have been taken to the train by their teachers. At the various points where parochial schools have predominated, Catholic clergymen have done good work in inducing the children to attend.

In the dairy car much has been shown of particular interest to farmers in northern Minnesota, where dairying is certain to become a leading industry. Here it is that Charles Nelson, extension expert, and George A. Miller of St. Paul, inspector for the state dairy and food department, have been lecturing the past week on balanced rations from feeds that can be grown on the farm, the making of silos and the putting up of silage, the keeping of dairy records, the Babcock milk tester, and other things, explaining the need for cleanliness and sanitation. A cream cooler, invented by the department which Mr. Miller represents, is shown which can be made for $25 and which will accommodate a herd of fifteen cows.

For the poultry industry there is a carload of birds and poultry equipments in charge of N. E. Chapman, extension expert, and Charles Mathews, of the college poultry farm at St. Paul. There has never been a car so fully equipped as this one on any special ever sent out in Minnesota. Every utility breed of chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys and even guinea hens are shown. Egg records are being given away by the train.

In the farm crops car the raising of grains, corn, and potatoes is explained in detail. There are also talks on soil fertility, vegetables, crop rotations, and other features which are attracting much attention. These talks are made by C. E. Brown, the corn and potato expert from Elk River, and E. H. Gibbs, of Minneapolis, former president of the Minnesota Market Gardeners' association. In addition, F. B. McLaren, extension expert, is speaking on the clearing of land and allied subjects.

In the livestock car, W. A. McKerrow, extension expert, assisted by Spencer Cleland and Phil Jordan, both of the agricultural college, is explaining the merits of the animals which occupy the first two cars on the train.

Five Hurt in Auto Plunge.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 12.—Murdock McDonald and his 13-year-old son, Byron, both of Virginia, were quite seriously injured when a large touring car, in which they were riding, ran off the boulevard drive at Ninth avenue east and rolled down the steep embankment, turning over twice. Two women, Miss Clements Smith and Mrs. Alice Pryor of Eveleth, sisters of Mr. McDonald, who occupied the rear sets, escaped with but a few scratches.

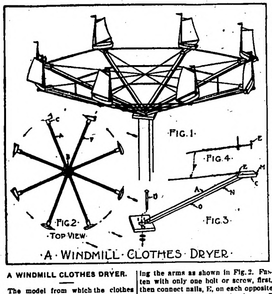
New Injunction Rule.

Washington, Nov. 11.—In promulgating the first revision of the equity rules of federal courts in the last 50 years the supreme court of the United States prohibited the granting of preliminary injunctions without notice to the opposite party and restricted the granting of temporary restraining orders. The court embodied in the new rule many of the points of the Clayton anti-injunction bill, for which labor leaders have been fighting, which has passed the house and waits in the senate.

BOYS' HANDICRAFT

By A. NEELY HALL

Author of "Handicraft for Handy Boys" and "The Boy Craftsman"

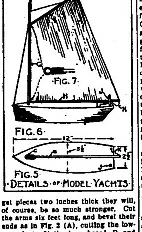


A WINDMILL CLOTHES DRYER.

The model from which the clothes dryer shown in Fig. 1 was patterned has been in use for a number of years, and except when not a breath of air is stirring, its little fleet of yachts, whose sails form the paddles of the windmill, sail around the circular course continuously. The best feature of this windmill is its combination with the clothes dryer, which makes it a practical toy that will serve the laundress excellently on wash day.

If there is a clothes post in the center of the yard, its top may be used for a support, otherwise, you will have to put up a post. A two-by-four will serve the purpose for this. Set it about 18 inches into the ground, and then brace it at the base with diagonal pieces.

Strips one inch thick and two inches wide may be used for the arms of the windmill dryer, but if you can get pieces two inches thick they will, of course, be so much stronger. Cut the arms six feet long, and bevel their ends as in Fig. 3 (A), cutting the lower ends to fit the base board, B, and the upper ends to fit the blocks, C. The upper end of the arms should be about two feet higher than the lower end, which will determine the angle of the bevels. Cut the base block, B, eight inches square, and bore a three-fourths-inch hole through its center for the king-bolt, D, and cut the blocks, C, about two and one-half inches wide by ten inches long. Nail blocks, C, to the upper ends of the arms, and drive the nail, E, into each block near the inner end. Either bolt or screw the longer ends of the arms to Block, B, placing the arms as shown in Fig. 2. Fasten with only one bolt or screw, first, then connect nails, E, on each opposite pair of arms with the wire brace, F (Fig. 3). These wires should be cut about one foot longer than the distance between the nails and be twisted back on themselves at one end, as shown in Figs. 3 and 4; then a nail can be slipped through one of the loops and be used as a lever to twist the wire to take up the slack, in adjusting the arm ends to the proper heights. The distances between the arm ends should be carefully measured, and the arms shifted from side to side until these are all the same; then the lower ends should be fastened securely with a second bolt or screw.



The hulls of the little yachts need not be as perfectly made as would be necessary for sailing in water, because these yachts depend entirely upon their sails; however, for the sake of appearance, it is well to make them as shapely as possible. They can be cut out quickly. Fig. 5 shows a top view of the hull with the dimensions marked upon it. Make the bottom flat enough to provide a nailing surface for fastening the yachts to the blocks, C. Cut the mast, G, and the boom, H, about the length of the hull, and the gaff, I, about seven inches long, and fasten wire loops to the ends of both the boom and the gaff, as shown in Fig. 7, to fit over the mast. A brad driven through the mast, just below the proper heights for the boom and gaff, will prevent the loops from sliding down the mast. Use heavy muslin for the sails, and fasten them to the mast, boom and gaff sticks with heavy linen thread. Brace the mast as shown, and fasten a small pennant to the masthead.

The peg, J (Figs. 5 and 6), is necessary to prevent the boom from swinging over the port side of the yacht. By this arrangement, the yachts will always sail counter clockwise, no matter which way the wind is blowing, provided you mount the yachts with their bows headed in this direction.

Pivot the base block, B, to the post support with a five-eighths-inch bolt about 5 inches long. Bore a five-eighths-inch hole into the top of the post to receive the end of the bolt, and in mounting the base block place several washers betwen it and the post. Screw one-half-inch screw-eyes into the ends of blocks, C (M), and also into each of the arms at N and O, as shown in Fig. 3, to slip clotheslines through. It is not necessary to cut a clothes-line into pieces, for after running it through one row of screw-eyes, it may be run down to the next row below, and so on through all the eyes.

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Again the Drummer's Wiles

This Time Whole Carloads of Men Are the Victims of His "Veracious" Imagination.

"Yes," said the drummer for a grocery house. "I am on my way east to reap the reward of virtue. This may seem improbable to you, but right here in my pocket I have a letter from a Philadelphia law firm which says that a gentleman dying a few days ago left me $5,000 in his will."

"Relative, of course?" was observed.

"No, sir. Not even an acquaintance. In fact, I never even saw the man in my life. I can't say that I ever heard his name until I received this letter."

"He must have been a queer man to have left $5,000 to a perfect stranger?"

"I agree with you there," said the drummer, "but I suppose it all came about through his wife. Five years ago I rode in the same palace car with her from Chicago to Pittsburg. Our seats were just opposite. She was young and handsome and alone. She intuitively knew I was a drummer—one of the best in the country—and she expected that I would buy the magazines for her or make some other excuse to start a conversation. Then would come chin-chin and flattery, and I would propose an elopement."

"And, of course, it all happened?"

"You wrong me, sir. That's where my $5,000 comes in. I never looked her square in the face once during the long journey. I ignored her as if she did not exist. She must have been dreadfully puzzled over the matter, and told her husband when she got home. He probably employed a private detective to ascertain my name and address, and then added a codicil to his will. Gentlemen, let my case be a shining example to you and—"

And he rose up and went up the aisle and sat down beside the only female on the car, who was a very lovely, lonely girl, and he began to tell jokes and stories and make her laugh, and the other five kicked each other and said that he ought to be flung off the train for the way he had euchered them.—Baltimore American.

Fondness for Fine Clothes.

A young nobleman who died some time ago was found to possess a wardrobe so vast that if he had worn each garment only once he must have spent his whole day in changing. Let us be thankful that God took this dear brother before the blight of the tailors' strike descended upon him. He could never have survived its privations. And yet this mania for buying clothes is not necessarily a mark of effeminacy. In fact, if we go back into history we find that it has often accompanied an exceptional valor and courage. The cavaliers of England under Charles I. were tremendous fighters, but how they did love to decorate themselves and perfume themselves. Wallenstein's men in Germany were veritable fire-eaters, but how beautiful they were to look at. Never a woman thought more of laces and furbelows, of scents and ribbons. And it is upon record that Clive, the hero of Plassy, once ordered "two hundred shirts, the best and finest that love and money could buy." But let us hope that the tailors' strike will soon come to an end and that the jeunesse doree will be able to resume its ancient custom of ordering a new suit the first thing after breakfast every morning.—London Mail.

Maternalism.

Kind Gentleman—What are you going to do, Johnny, when you become a man?

Johnny—Nawthin'.

Kind Gentleman—What? Not going to do anything?

Johnny—No. Just as soon as I started something ma would tell me to stop.—Judge.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Duluth.—August Marker, 14 years old, was shot and killed while hunting deer near Two Harbors Sunday, by the accidental discharge of his rifle. It was the first accident of the hunting season.

Minneapolis, Nov. 9.—Charles W. Klugman, proprietor of a confectionery store at 630 Lyndale avenue north, was shot and seriously wounded in his store by William Meyers at whose home Klugman formerly lived.

Duluth.—The deer season opened Monday, and 3,000 hunters went into the forests in this vicinity. They come from all over the country, New York furnishing a delegation of ten and Ohio forty. About 5,000 men will be in the woods by the end of the week. The game is unusually plentiful this year. The season lasts twenty days.

Winona.—Mrs. Patrick Lyons, wife of a farmer residing near Plainview, and Edward Lyons, her brother-in-law, were brought to Winona hospital, both in serious condition as a result of burns received in a kitchen stove explosion. Lyons tried to smother the flames, which had enveloped his sister-in-law.

Winona.—Rev. E. V. Dubois, who recently resigned the presidency of Parker college at Winnebago City, Minn., has been appointed pastor of the Methodist church at Red Wing by Bishop Quayle, to succeed Rev. Dr. S. Arthur Cook, who has been made pastor of the Central Methodist church of this city.

Winona.—The 16-year-old son of Adolph Timm, a blacksmith of North Bend, was killed instantly by the accidental discharge of his own gun. With two companions, Young Timm was launching a raft and his rifle caught on a projection and was discharged. The shot entered the boy's neck below the chin and came out back of his left ear.

Shakopee.—When Frank Shonka of St. Lawrence returned home for dinner Saturday he found the body of his 7-months-old child lying on a stump in the yard. A bloody ax was nearby. Mrs. Shonka was moaning and tearing her hair and talking incoherently. The coroner and sheriff removed her to the jail in this city. She is said to be violently insane.

Hastings.—The grand jury returned an indictment of murder in the first degree against Ivan Viskity, alias John Wiskic, for the shooting of Mrs. Anna Blazich at South St. Paul October 3. The defendant was arraigned before Judge William Hodgson in district court and the time of pleading was extended to last Monday, November 11. W. H. Gillett of Hastings was appointed his counsel.

Mankato.—The Southern Minnesota Teachers association closed its annual convention at noon Saturday, having had over 650 teachers enrolled. New officers were elected as follows: Superintendent H. C. Bell, Luverne, president; County Superintendent B. B. Kennedy, Brown county, vice president; Miss Margaret Bieri, Wells, treasurer; Miss Emma C. O'Donnel, Mankato, secretary; Professor M. W. Deputy, Mankato state normal school, and Superintendents J. C. Dairies, St. James, and W. B. Thornburg, Owatonna, executive committeemen.

Hamline.—Evidence that the majority of farmers in Minnesota want the annual state fair set back a week, or even two, instead of opening the first Monday in September, was presented to the board of fair managers Saturday by the special committee of society appointed to investigate. The committee, consisting of C. F. Mahnke, Moose Lake, John B. Irwin, Minneapolis, and E. W. Randall, St. Paul, has inquired of interested persons in all parts of the state and prepared a report showing an overwhelming preference for a later fair date. The managers took no formal action, but state they are convinced the people of Minnesota favor the second week in September for the fair. They will present the proposed change to the American Association of State Fairs at its meeting in Chicago, December 2-3 and urge a change in the present schedule.

Minneapolis, Nov. —Six persons were burned, one probably fatally and two others seriously, in a fire which wrecked the home of E. O. Smith. By fighting his way up a smoke-filled staircase and standing directly in the flames while, terribly burned himself, he dropped his four children from an upper window, Smith saved the little ones from certain death. An explosion of gas accumulating in a wood stove caused the fire. The injured: Earl Smith, aged 6, terribly burned over more than two-thirds of his body; Ruth Smith, age 4, badly burned about head, face, neck, arms, hands and body; E. O. Smith, terribly burned about face, neck, arms, hands, body and right leg; Helen Smith, age 2, burned on face, neck, forehead, both arms and body; Mrs. E. O. Smith, burned about face and hands; Clara Smith, burned slightly about face.

St. Paul. — Eight-year-old Ethel Brown, daughter of Mrs. Emily C. Brown, 2903 Eigth street south, Minneapolis, was struck, knocked down and mortally injured on the West River drive, near Twenty-second street east, by a machine driven by Howard E. Smart, 1005 Portland avenue, St. Paul, and died shortly after reaching St. Mary's hospital. The little girl's father, Joseph B. Brown, met death in a similar manner, October 5, 1911, when the automobile in which he was riding was upset near Jordan, Minn., and he was thrown out, suffering a fracture of the skull.

Duluth.—Murdock McDonald and his 13-year-old son Byron of Virginia were seriously injured when a big touring car in which they were riding ran off the boulevard drive at Ninth avenue east and rolled down the steep embankment, turning over twice. Miss Clements Smith and Mrs. Alice Prior of Eveleth, sisters of Mr. McDonald, who occupied the rear seats, escaped with only a few scratches. Martin Brady, a boy who was sitting on a rock near the road when the big car left the driveway, was struck and knocked down the hill. His injuries are not serious.

IN THE LIMELIGHT

A. WENDELL JACKSON'S MIGHTY COUP

"Who's Jackson?"

A lot of bankers have been asking this question during the past few days.

Jackson? Why, he's the same person who financed China to her recent $50,000,000 loan when the so-called six-powers group of bankers representing Great Britain, France, Germany, Russia, Japan and the United States wouldn't lend the budding republic all this real money.

This new factor in world finance is a Massachusetts Yankee. His father was a seafaring man—no wonder the son's rovings around the world. Jackson was born in Chelsea, Mass., but he was only a boy of six when Jackson, Sr., decided to pioneer it to California. The family took ship to the Isthmus and the train across, and so made their way to California. The boy went to public school in San Francisco and then to high school—college was not in his thoughts. This in 1870. He later graduated from the University of California.

One day he chanced to read in a newspaper that there was a scholarship to be awarded in the budding University of California at Berkeley, just across the bay, and the youth who might pass the best examination could have it. Young Jackson tried; he won. That changed his whole life. He had to work out the rest of his expenses at the university, but this was not difficult. He was graduated from the university in 1874, afterwards studying in Freiburg and Leipsic, Germany. Later he was interested in financing big enterprises throughout most of Europe and Asia, especially China.

The story of how this adventurer in the higher realms of finance took the wind out of the sails of the proudest money magnates of the world is delicious. These gentlemen of the eminent six-power syndicate were busy telling China that the money she so badly needed could only be had by allowing them a say-so on how it was to be spent. China demurred. As long as she had to pay 5 per cent. interest, why not have some control over the way the loan might be used?

The trouble was at its height, the bankers backing and filling, the diplomats in despair, when Jackson reached London. Here was big game. He promptly cabled to Peking that he could get the money on any terms suitable to China and added that these particularly uppish financiers of the six powers were not the only bankers in the world.

China accepted, and Jackson, visionary, promoter, shoestring financier, a Col. Sellers-up-to-date, got the money!

As he says, "There's $50,000,000 waiting for the Chinese republic now and as many more millions as it requires in the future, if it will have them.

"The first instalment has already been handed over to China. The Chinese minister in London has been instructed to inform Great Britain that the contract has been completed. Sir J. N. Jordan, British minister at Peking, has also been notified."

MRS. LUND BOOMS "LITTLE FARM" PLAN.

Mrs. Haviland H. Lund of Los Angeles, Cal., one of the leading advocates of the "little farm" idea, is now in the east organizing local branches of the National Forward to the Land league.

One of the objects of the league is to purchase tracts of land on the outskirts of the big cities throughout the United States and subdivide them into one acre farms, to be equipped and turned over to the industrious poor.

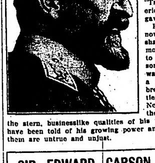
Mrs. Lund has succeeded in interesting many prominent people, who have pledged their moral and financial support.

"I am of the opinion," said Mrs. Lund, "that our idea is one of the few logical solutions for the living problem of many of the big cities' poor. The plan has been in operation for several years near San Diego, Cal., and has proved successful in every way. The hearty interest your leading men and women seem to be taking in the cause certainly gives me great pleasure and encouragement.

"There is plenty of land in the vicinity of all large cities which will find its greatest productiveness under the efforts of the small tract farmer."

"The plan is important to the whole community. Many of the dependents and the aged who may seem to be useless as productive units in the strenuous life of the city can earn a good living and happiness on a properly cultivated one-acre farm."

KING FERDINAND NOW TAKEN SERIOUSLY



A calm observation of the effects of the Balkan war on the restless, suspicious "concert of Europe" leads to one illuminating conclusion. The map makers, national carpenters of the embassies, and the foreign ministries have at last decided to take seriously the man of the hour, Ferdinand, the tsar of the Bulgarias. No longer do you hear references to the "Tsarvenu"—the title which Sir Frederick Burnand and London Punch gave Ferdinand of Sofia in 1908.

His pictures are seen everywhere now—the bright "aiglon" eye; the sharp, Napoleonic nose; the firm mouth; thin lips and beard trimmed to a point. Ferdinand is the grandson of Louis Philippe of France, who was driven into exile by a quip and a partiality for curiosities in umbrellas which shocked the sensibilities of the fastidious Parisians. Necessarily a Bourbon, he is unlike the entire Bourbon line, inheriting the stern, businesslike qualities of his maternal ancestors. Many stories have been told of his growing power among the crowned heads. Most of them are untrue and unjust.

SIR EDWARD CARSON CALLED DICTATOR.

A remarkable pen-picture of Sir Edward Carson, the leader of the unionist "revolt" against home rule in Ulster, who in a short time has become one of the most talked of and powerful men in the United Kingdom, is contributed to the London Graphic by Philip Gibbs.

Mr. Gibbs, who as a descriptive journalist has made for himself a place something like that of the late G. W. Stevens, says in part:

"Sir Edward Carson is the dictator of Ulster. * * * The people of Ulster, apart from that Catholic minority who on half-holidays may hang him in effigy on street lamp posts, are puppets who dance when he pulls the strings. At the word "Go" from him they would advance at quick step to any kind of danger, folly, and death. He can play upon their emotions as upon a fiddle with more than five strings, with fifty or a hundred thousand strings plucked from their hearts, and ready to quiver at the sound of that deep persuasive voice of his. He holds their hearts in the hollow of his hand.

"He has put a spell upon them. They have a kind of worship for him, as a demi-god, a superman, master of their fate, champion of their rights. For a week their clamorous enthusiasm has rolled up to him in waves of hoarse shouts and cheers, as he has gone like a conquering hero (anticipating victory and accepting his laurels in advance) on a triumphal progress.

Minnesota Historical Society

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1912. NUMBER, 20.

U. S. RAID 72 CITIES; ARREST 173 QUACKS

ARRESTS MADE ON CHARGE OF MISUSING MAIL—MANY PROMINENT PERSONS.

SLEUTH WORK MONTHS

Prosecution for Alleged Violation of Penal Code Most Extensive Ever Undertaken—Ninety Already Indicted.

Washington, Nov. 21.—Acting under direction of Postmaster General Hitchcock, postoffice inspectors and United States marshals in seventy-two leading cities of the country began practically simultaneous raids for the arrest of 173 persons charged with using the mails to promote criminal medical practices or the sale of drugs and instruments used for criminal purposes.

Most Cities Interested.

The number of arrests to be made in the respective cities follows:

New York, two; Buffalo, three; Pittsburg, seven; Indianapolis, five; Chicago, nine; St. Paul, five; Fort Worth, four; St. Louis, three; Omaha, four; Oklahoma City, five; Portland, Ore., nine; Denver, five; Seattle, eight; Spokane, five; San Francisco, seven; Oakland, Cal., eight; Los Angeles, three; San Jose, three; Mobile, three; Marietta, Ohio, three; Dallas, three.

Two each in Albany, Washington, Memphis, Birmingham, Cleveland, Steubenville, Ohio; Duluth, Winona, Minn.; San Antonio, Houston, New Orleans, Kansas City, Topeka, Alameda, Cal.

One each in Atlanta, Cincinnati, Toledo, Minneapolis, Galveston, Salt Lake City, Ithaca and Elmira, N. Y.; East Orange, N. J.; Lancaster and Pine Bank, Pa.; Cumberland, Md.; Charleston and Columbia, S. C.; Jacksonville, Fla.; Columbus, Springfield, Mt. Vernon, Dayton and Convoy, Ohio; Fort Wayne and Terre Haute, Ind.; Peoria, Ill.; Kalamazoo and Iron River, Mich.; Holden, Mo.; Muskogee, Okla.; Wichita, Kans.; Council Bluffs, Ia.; Bellingham, Crescent and Tacoma, Wash.; Sacramento, Petaluma, Fresno and Glendale, Cal.

The arrests are made for misuse of the mails, each case being based on the use of the mails to solicit business or dispose of wares. This concerted official action covered the United States from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the lakes to the gulf. Many of the persons to be arrested are prominent, commercially and socially, in their communities. Some are leading physicians; others are rich and influential business men; yet others are men who live by their wits and are comparatively little known without their own small coterie of associates; and one is a Chinaman who is alleged to have practiced his calling upon women of his own race and upon those of the lower strata of society.

Violation of Penal Code Alleged.

All of the arrests are to be made for alleged violations of section 211 of the penal code of the United States which bars from the mails any vile or obscene matter whether sealed or unsealed; any advertisement letter or circular proposing or suggesting criminal practices; or any packet containing any substance, drug or thing intended to be used for immoral or unlawful purposes.

Chief Inspector Robert S. Sharp of the postoffice department and many of his force of 390 inspectors have been working on the cases for many months. The development of the plans which just culminated is the most extensive raid in the history of any department of the government.

Approximately ninety of the persons arrested already have been indicted by United States grand juries in various parts of the country, and the cases of the others will be presented to grand juries now sitting as rapidly as may be feasible.

"Pill Doctors.

Approximately 20 per cent of those arrested are so-called "pill doctors"—men who advertise their practice by correspondence or otherwise—and send to their patients, either by mail or by express, various compounds in the form of pills or powders. Analysis of these compounds by the government authorities is said to have disclosed that some of them are wholly innocuous, while other are dangerous poisons. Under another section of the penal code the sending of poisons through the mails is expressly forbidden.

Pipe Fires Whiskers; Man Dies.

Middleton, N. Y., Nov. 21.—A spark from the pipe of John E. Gibson, a farmer, ignited his long whiskers. The flames spread to his clothing and he was burned to death.

Wilson Denies Statements.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Nov. 21.—"All statements about selections for the cabinet may be disregarded until I make the announcement myself," declared President-elect Wilson when he was told of the reports published in the United States. Governor Wilson said he had not offered or intimated an offer of a position in his cabinet to any one. It is learned that William J. Bryan has not been invited to Bermuda, and it is said he is not expected here during Mr. Wilson's stay.

WOMEN CONFIDENT OF BALLOT

DELEGATES TO SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION ASSEMBLE.

Merits of Woman's Rights to Be Discussed Saturday Night Which Is College Night.

Philadelphia, Nov. 21.—Enthusiastic in the belief that their cause will triumph and that the privilege of the ballot will be granted women throughout the United States within the next few years, hundreds of delegates from all parts of the country arrived here to participate in the Forty-fourth annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage association, which has just opened. Headquarters have been established in a big hotel, the lobby of which is decorated with large yellow posters outlining the convention program and flags bearing the suffragists' war cry, "Votes for women."

Among the national officers here are Dr. Anna Shaw, president; James Lee Laidlaw, secretary; Miss Jennie Appley, treasurer; Mrs. Mary Ware Dennett, auditor, and Miss Susan Walker Fitzgerald, recording secretary. J. H. Braley of the California Men's league, who is referred to as the "father of woman suffrage in California," and one of the few men delegates to the convention, said that the men of his state are intensely interested in the struggle being waged in the East in behalf of woman's rights.

"This is the biggest convention we have ever had," Dr. Shaw said, "and I think it will be the most effective. New York and Pennsylvania are running close in the suffrage fight and all over the country membership has increased until it now numbers 100,000."

The convention, which will continue until next Tuesday, is being held in Witherspoon hall with two sessions daily.

Mayor Blackenburg welcomed the delegates to the city and Mrs. Ellen H. Price, president of the Pennsylvania Suffrage association, extended the welcome in behalf of that organization. Jane Addams of Chicago will preside to night and Dr. Shaw will deliver her annual address. Friday night has been set apart for the men.

A feature of the convention is expected to be a discussion on Saturday—college night—of the merits of woman's rights. Miss M. Casey Thomas, president of Bryn Mawr college, will be in the chair, and Colonel J. Wotten will speak both for and against equal suffrage. Sunday afternoon there will be a mass meeting at the Metropolitan opera house. Monday night's session will be addressed by Baroness von Suttner of Austria.

Student Fastened to Post.

Grand Forks, Nov. 21.—Members of the anti-fussing league of the University of North Dakota separated Clarence Finch, a student, from his girl companion while he was going to a music recital, took him two miles along a railroad track and tied him to a mile post where they left him to get free as best he could. This was the first demonstration of disapproval of young men accompanying co-eds to campus events. Two hours later Finch gained his freedom and returned to the university campus.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 21.—Wheat, Dec., 80⅝c; May, 86½c; No. 1 northern, 82⅜c; No. 2 northern, 81⅛c; No. 1 durum, 82½c; No. 3 corn, 46c; No. 3 white oats, 29c; barley, malting, 59c; No. 2 rye, 58⅞; No. 1 flax, $1.22¾.

Duluth, Nov. 21.—Wheat, Dec., 81⅝c; May, 86½c.

South St. Paul, Nov. 21. — Cattle — Steers, $6@7; cows, $4.10@5.50; calves, $5.25@9; hogs, $7.50@7.60; sheep and lambs, $3@6.75.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 27,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $5.25@10.60; Texas steers, $4.30@5.60; western steers, $5.40@9.10; stockers and feeders, $4.10@7.25; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.35; calves, $6.50@10.25. Hogs—Receipts, 32,000; market steady at yesterday's average; light, $7.40@7.85; mixed, $7.40@7.90; heavy, $7.40@7.92½; rough, $7.40@7.60; pigs, $5@7.30; bulk of sales, $7.70@7.85. Sheep—Receipts, 45,000; market steady to shade lower; native, $3.40@4.50; western, $3.70@4.50; yearlings, $4.75@5.90; native lambs, $5.50@7.55; western, $5.65@7.50.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Wheat today reflected weakness at Liverpool and went to a new low level for this year's crop. Receipts northwest of here continued heavy. The opening ranged from ⅛c lower to ⅛c advance. May started at 89⅞c to 90⅛c, a drop of ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c, rallied to 90⅜c and then fell back to 90⅛c.

Further weakness ensued notwithstanding big export clearances and abrupt stoppage of Kansas and Nebraska farm deliveries. The close, however, was firm with May ⅛c net higher at 90⅛@90¼c.

Cash Wheat—No. 2 red, 99c@$1.02; No. 3 red, 90@98c; No. 2 hard, 84½@85¾c; No. 3 hard, 83@85½c; No. 1 northern, 85@86c; No. 2 northern, 84@85½c; No. 3 northern, 80@83c; No. 2 spring, 83@85c; No. 3 spring, 80@82c; No. 4 spring, 74@80c; velvet chaff, 80@85½c; durum, 83@88½c.

May corn opened ⅛@¼c to ⅛@⅜c off at 47@47⅛c, and rebounded to 47⅜@47½c.

Despite wheat weakness corn continued firm. The close was at 47⅝c for May, ⅛@⅜c above last night.

Cash Corn — No. 3, 52@54c; No. 3 white, new, 46½@47c; No. 3 yellow, old, 56½c, new 47c; No. 4 old, 50@51c; new 44@45½c; No. 4 white, new, 45@45½c; No. 4 yellow, old, 53c, new, 45@45½c.

May oats, which started unchanged to a shade lower at 32@32⅛c, to 32⅜c, rose to 32⅛@32½c.

Radical Faction Defeated.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 21.—After a debate that lasted all day members of the radical wing of the American Federation of Labor were defeated by a vote of nearly 2 to 1 in their attempt to have adopted the principle of industrial unionism in place of its policy of trade autonomy. Two hundred and forty-nine delegates voted against the minority report of the committee on education which favored the principle of industrial unionism and 143 voted in its favor. The defeat is decisive.

SUSPEND FIGHTING TO DISCUSS PEACE

PLENIPOTENTIARIES FOR THE BELLIGERENT POWERS ARE CONFERRING.

HOLD CONQUERED LAND.

Believed Allies Will Insist on Holding Such Territory—Cholera Counted on by Turks.

London, Nov. 21.—The war has shifted for a time from the field of arms to that of diplomacy. It may be that the war is near an end. Plenipotentiaries for the belligerent powers are meeting at the village of Hademkul, a few miles outside the capital, for a preliminary division of the terms of an armistice. In the meantime the Turkish, Bulgarian and Servian commanders have ordered a cessation of hostilities, although cannonading which Nazim Pasha reports as unimportant has just occurred.

Allies Demand Much.

The sweeping terms which the allies were said to have demanded Tuesday as a basis for the armistice, appear not to have been advanced, but the plenipotentiaries may not know the levels of the platform until their meeting for its discussion is well advanced and it is almost certain that it will be on the basis of the Balkan states holding all the conquered country when a permanent treaty of peace is signed.

How many vestiges of his former power they are prepared to concede the Turk depends largely upon two factors—the strength and supplies of the allied army threatening the gates of Constantinople and the extent to which the cholera specter has embarrassed their plans. It is certain that great transport difficulties hamper the Bulgarian army on account of the distance from its base and the rough roads.

Weakening Disease.

The cholera is counted on by the Turks to weaken the Bulgarian ambition for a triumphal march into the capital and the celebration of mass in St. Sophia. But to make assurance doubly sure the Turks have resorted to the amazing plan of transforming the mosque into a pest house and have crowded 2,000 cholera-stricken patients within its walls.

RELEASE OF INFORMERS.

Rose, Webber and Vallon Likely to Be Set Free at Once.

New York, Nov. 21.—It will be in broad daylight and not under cover of darkness, as they had anxiously hoped for that "Bald Jack" Rose, "Bridgie" Webber and Harry Vallon will be set at liberty, according to the program for the release of the three informers against Charles Becker and his four gun men tools, so far as it could be learned last night. Mid-afternoon today is the time tentatively set.

The underworld has been awaiting with interest an intimation as to the time when they were to go free, for the feeling has prevailed there that the friends of the four gangsters about to be sentensed to death for the murder of Herman Rosenthal were only awaiting the liberation of Rose, Webber and Vallon to take revenge upon the trio.

The three will be brought before Coroner Feinberg and District Attorney Whitman will present to that official, it is said, stipulations signed by him with counsel for the witnesses. If Mr. Whitman declares that the three men have kept faith with the state in giving relevant testimony, the coroner will release them from commitment.

Sam Schepps, fourth of the state's valuable witnesses against Becker and the gun men also probably will be released during daylight.

42 Persons Die in Hurricane.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 21. — The western end of the island of Jamaica has been devastated by a hurricane which lasted five days. A great tidal wave swept over both the north and south coasts, practically wiping out Savanna La Mar and Lucca, both towns of considerable importance. According to a report brought in by steamer, 42 persons were killed at Montego Bay.

Building Collapses; 40 Men Escape.

Saskatoon, Sask., Nov. 21.—A six-story steel and cement building under construction here collapsed, all six floors falling in a heap in the basement. Forty men employed on the building had just left their work and no one was injured. The damage is placed at $50,000.

Jury for Cash Register Trial.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 21.—After the dismissing of the entire second regular venire summoned in the cases of John H. Patterson and 29 other officials or ex-officials of the National Cash Register company of Dayton Ohio, a jury was completed from 12 men who had been called by Judge Howard Hollister personally, with the consent of both sides. The charge against the accused men is that they violated the criminal section of the Sherman anti-trust act. Attorney Harrison appears for the government.

MRS. OLLIE JAMES

One of the leaders of society in Washington during the coming season will be Mrs. Ollie James, the handsome wife of the new senator from Kentucky.

CHARLES H. HYDE IS ON TRIAL

FORMER N. Y. CHAMBERLAIN ACCUSED OF CORRUPTION.

Principal Witness Is the Former Official of a Wrecked Bank.

New York, Nov. 21.—Justice Goff's court, which has just completed the notable trials of Police Lieutenant Charles Becker and the four gunmen—slayer of gambler Rosenthal—has just been the stage for the opening of another legal drama of country-wide interest. The case of Chas. H. Hyde, former city chamberlain, who is charged with having corruptly compelled Joseph Grebin, former head of the Northern bank, to lend the Carnegie Trust company $102,000 by threatening to withdraw city funds from the Northern bank. The indictment against Hyde was found by the grand jury on May 1, 1911.

The principal witness against Hyde is Joseph G. Robin, who has pleaded guilty to grand larceny in that he stole funds from the Washington Savings bank and has been in the Tombs for 22 months. Robin will get a suspended sentence for his work in building up the case against Hyde and Banker Cummins.

The penalty in Hyde's case in the event of conviction may be $5,000 fine, or 10 years' imprisonment, or both.

Hyde, for 22 years a close personal friend of Mayor Gaynor, and for many years his law partner, was appointed to the post of city chamberlain, the highest salaried office within the gift of the mayor, soon after Gaynor's election.

In the fall of 1910 Hyde's name came prominently before the public when it was charged in a criminal trial that he had taken part in the distribution of a $500,000 corruption fund raised to beat the race track bills then pending. Hyde was sought as a witness, but he suddenly disappeared from public view early in December and for more than 50 days was not to be found. Rumors placed him in Florida, where he was said to be living in his houseboat, the "Stop-A-While." He was not found until Jan. 16, when he returned to his office and went to work.

Meanwhile the Northern bank, of which Robin was director, had failed. The failure of the Carnegie Trust company followed. Robin swore before the grand jury that Hyde had maintained large deposits of city money in the chain of banks of which William J. Cummins, the master of the Carnegie Trust company, was interested. Robin added that Hyde had practically forced him to transfer $130,000 to the Carnegie Trust company under a promise of depositing in the Northern bank, Robin's tottering property, city money to make the withdrawal good.

$40,000,000 in Bonds Sold.

New York, Nov. 21.—Announcement has been made here that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad company has sold $40,000,000 of one-year, five per cent notes to a banking syndicate headed by J. P. Morgan and company. The issue is largely in the nature of a refunding operation as the New Haven has $30,000,000 of one-year four per cent notes maturing early in 1913.

Physician Arrested.

St. Paul, Nov. 21.—Dr. George Lemke, a Minneapolis physician, with offices at 605 Lincoln building, was arrested by George H. Drake, postal inspector, on a federal warrant charging him with depositing a letter in the Minneapolis postoffice telling where and how a criminal operation could be performed. Dr. Lemke was arraigned before Judge Willard in St. Paul. He pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $2,500. The arrest of Dr. Lemke was made simultaneously with

News of Minnesota

Interesting Items Gathered Throughout the Gopher State.

"LEAN YEAR" ADVICE.

Large Crops Are Pitfalls, Declares Hill at Congress.

Minneapolis. — Large crops have their disadvantages as well as their compensations, according to James J. Hill, empire builder.

Mr. Hill, speaking before the second Minnesota Conservation and Agricultural congress at the Armory, said that one of the great disadvantages of a big crop was that farmers lulled themselves into fancied security.

"People read returns from the harvest fields this fall and conclude that soil fertility cannot have been impaired where the yield per acre is so far above the acre average," said Mr. Hill. "Worse yet, the farmer himself, lulled into fancied security by the large crop of 1912, unconsciously assumes that this year's experience is likely to be repeated without any special effort on his part.

"The first business of real conservation is to lift agriculture to the rank of a science well understood and practically applied."

"The farmers of Minnesota need just such lessons as the Conservation congress is giving them," said Archbishop Ireland. "The fault of many is that they are not responding to suggestions. They are living as in the pioneer days, watching their trees and counting their cows.

"Home conditions should be improved that we may love our farms. The rust of the city is largely because of the lack of social culture."

After warning those present of the dangers of over-confidence because of a great crop one year, Mr. Hill said that agricultural problems should be studied to help when lean harvests were the rule. He said that farming was a failing occupation, that the percentage of urban life increases and that of rural life decreases.

"In 30 years the rural population has fallen 24 per cent in this country," continued Mr. Hill. "For forty years, including a period marked by the greatest advance in other industries, immense growth of railroad transportation, lowering of rates on farm commodities to our principal markets, and all the inducements that should bring men to the farm and increase its output, farm population receives only a small increase, the number of farms remains almost the same and the acre yield of four principal crops shows a failing off in every case.

"Men are being wasted in the city who are needed in the country. The lives of those who are fixed by choice or necessity to the soil are to some extent wasted because consumed in unintelligent and ineffectual efforts. The soil is being unskilfully treated and is returning a diminishing product."

Characterizing the farmer of today as a business man in every sense of the word, Edmund D. Fisher, deputy comptroller of New York city, addressed the congress on banking reform and its interest to the agriculturist. He said that the farmer's business is progressing at such a rapid rate that broader credit relations must be developed between him and the banker. He urged a central banking system. "The fear of central control of the fear of the ignorant mind," he said. "Prosperity in this country means high money rates which in turn kill prosperity. The delegates to this congress have a duty to perform. They should pass strong resolutions in favor of the imperative need of banking reform and then see that their respective congressmen take prompt action."

Land Show Is On.

Minneapolis, Minn.—The second annual products exposition has now opened its doors. Seven great states of the American Northwest are showing the rest of the world what they have and can produce from the soil. This year's exposition is the greatest of the so-called "land shows" ever held in the United States. It is the greatest, since it is an exclusive show of the products of the soil, land companies and exhibits of a like character that have served to make some exposition larger than the Minneapolis show having been excluded by the exposition management.

Physicians Elect Officers.

Pipestone.—At the annual meeting of the Southwestern Minnesota Medical society, L. Sogge of Windom was elected president, C. L. Sherman of Luverne vice president, Emil King of Fulda secretary and treasurer. Windom was selected as the next meeting place of the society in May of next year.

To Test Duluth Franchise.

Duluth.—With only two dissenting votes the city council decided to test the validity of the franchise under which the Duluth Street Railway company is operating, and voted an appropriation of $15,000 to carry the investigation to the supreme court of Minnesota. This money will be used in court expense and in paying the fees of the attorneys to assist City Attorney Carmichael, they being Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul and Francis W. Sullivan of this city.

THANKSGIVING DAY PROCLAMATION

Issued by Governor Eberhart.

The return of another Thanksgiving season finds the people of Minnesota with more cause for sincere gratitude toward the Supreme Giver of Good Gifts than at any other period in the history of the state, for at no time in that history has there been larger and more widespread prosperity, and more convincing evidence of marked advance along the lines of right thinking and humane and unselfish conduct, tending to the mental and spiritual uplift of this great commonwealth.

Many of the great sociological problems of the hour are being seriously studied and gradually worked out in this state, while encouraging progress is being made along all lines of material development.

It is fitting, therefore, in recognition of these most gratifying conditions and in conformity with the proclamation of the president of the United States, that I join with him in designating Thursday, the 28th day of November, 1912, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout the state, and I earnestly recommend the observance of the day by a revival of the spiritual enthusiasm that marked the establishment of this annual custom in the trying hours of a young and struggling nation.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
Governor.

T. R. PLURALITY 19,394.

Complete Figures Show Socialist Only Party to Gain Over 1908 Vote.

St. Paul. — Theodore Roosevelt's plurality in Minnesota, according to complete but unofficial figures received at the state capitol, is 19,394. With all the counties heard from, the vote on president is as follows:

Taft, 64,334; Wilson, 106,462; Roosevelt, 125,856; Debs, 27,505; Chafin, 7,886; Reimer, 2,212.

The total vote of the state on president is 334,255, the largest in the history of the state. The vote four years ago was 331,304. The largest vote heretofore was in 1896, before the constitution was amended to prevent persons without their final naturalization papers from voting. The total that year was 332,752.

The combined Taft and Roosevelt vote this year is 190,190, compared with 195,843 cast for Taft four years ago, showing a loss of 5,653 in the combined republican-progressive vote. The democratic vote shows a loss of 2,939 from the Bryan vote of 1908, which was 109,401. The prohibitionists polled 11,107 four years ago, and lost 3,221 this time. The only gain was made by the socialists, who gave Debs 14,527 votes last time, and increased it 12,978 in the recent election.

NO INDICTMENTS

Investigation of Sales of North Dakota Publication Not Brought Before Winona Grand Jury.

Winona.—Although the postal inspectors who worked up the case which brought about the indictment of the publishers of Jim Jam Jems, a monthly publication, on twenty-six counts at Fargo, N. D., were in Winona when the grand jury in the federal court convened in the November term, it is understood the case received no further consideration here.

The indication that no consideration was given the case here is strengthened by the fact that the jury was in session only two and one-half hours before submitting a sealed report and adjourning. It is said several matters of minor moment had received consideration.

Those connected with the Jim Jam Jems case admit that they have been investigating the connection of the newsdealers with the publishers, but say this is establishing a link in strengthening the case against the publishers arrested November 9. However, it is rumored, if the publishers are convicted in the trial next April, the government may proceed against the newsdealers.

Sunday School Workers to Meet.

Pequot.—The Pequot District Sunday School association will hold its convention Nov. 22. Those taking part will be Rev. A. Zabel, Dr. Joseph Nicholson and H. F. Michael of Brainerd, F. A. Tanzer, F. G. Schraeder; John Leslie, Rev. Mr. Parkinson of Pequot and Miss Anna Thorp of Hubert.

Old Mill Burns.

Minneapolis. — One of the oldest sawmills in the city, formerly known as the Acme mill, owned by the Itasca Lumber company, was completely destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of roughly estimated at $10,000, $6,000 of which is covered by insurance. The old mill, according to F. C. Gerhard, treasurer and general manager of the company, has sawed more lumber than any other mill in the United States, the amount

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What Is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

General.

Iowa progressives declare they will continue the organization.

Illinois women's clubs will make a demand for equal suffrage.

President Taft will fill all existing vacancies before his term expires.

Dopesters say Wisconsin's foot ball team is champion of the big nine this year.

In a shooting affray at Clifton, Ariz., three men were killed and two wounded.

B. H. Miller of Council Bluffs was elected president of the Iowa veterinary association.

Unofficial advice from Washington affecting nine army posts, has been received at Fort D. A. Russell.

Twenty-eight persons were injured, one fatally in a wreck on the Frisco railroad, near Sinton, Texas.

President Taft issued a proclamation fixing the rates for passage of the Panama canal by foreign ships.

Edwin Williams, a student aviator at a school near San Diego, fell 150 feet, sustaining probably fatal injuries.

President Taft told Daughters of the Confederacy that good would come from the election of a democratic president.

Surgeons operated upon William Lorimer, former United States senator, for appendicitis. The operation was declared a success.

A dispatch from Canton, China, says: Canton has an army ready to be of service if called to arms against the Russians in Mongolia.

At Buffalo, N. Y., a wealthy fraternity man confessed to having committed many murders, and told where to find several of the bodies.

The British battleships Hibernia, Commonwealth, Dominion and Britannia and the armored cruisers Black Prince and Cumberland, arrived at Smyrna.

Representative Nicholas W. Longworth of Ohio, who was defeated for re-election by ninety-seven votes, spent $1,500 in his campaign. His opponent, Stanley E. Bowdle, reported that he spent $875.

The social season at the White House will begin December 12, when the president and Mrs. Taft will give the annual dinner to the cabinet. During the season they will give receptions and four dinners.

Ballagh, Neb., has sprung into prominence through being a place of refuge for J. B. McNamara, in 1910. This fact was disclosed in the Indianapolis dynamite trial. Ballagh is in Garfield county.

The banking resources of the United States during the last four years have exceeded by billions the record of any similar period in the history of the nation, declared Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency, in a statement.

Fifty men are dragging the Illinois river below the La Grange dam, ninety miles south of Peoria, searching for the bodies of William Moore of Chicago and his three companions, who are thought to have been drowned while trying to shoot the dam in launches.

Peter G. Hanson, a farmer at Grierson, eighty miles northwest of Winnipeg, is sought by the Manitoba police, who accuse him of tying a young woman to a cow's horns. Maggie Waranski, the daughter of a neighbor, is seriously injured, perhaps fatally, as a result.

There are more than a thousand cases of cholera in and around Constantinople and the death rate has reached 50 per cent. The authorities are powerless to cope with the situation. On Thursday last 3,000 cholera patients arrived by train at San Stefano.

All male employes of the General Electric company of Schenectady, N. Y., receive a pension on reaching the age of seventy years, if they have been in the service of the company for twenty years. Women are pensioned at sixty if they have completed this service.

The Grand Trunk railroad of Conoda is negotiating with the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad for the right not only to reach Boston and Providence over the lines of the latter road, but to carry its business into all stations of the entire New Haven system of railroading.

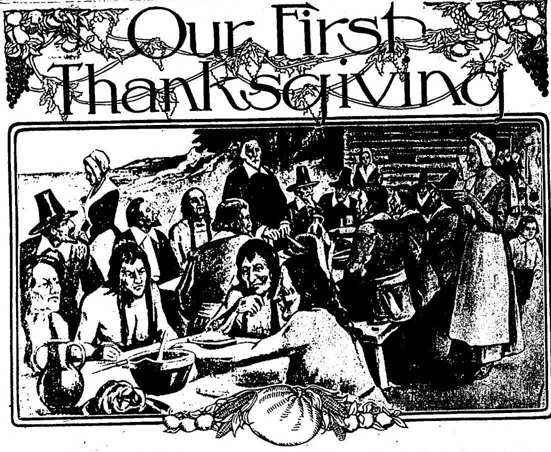
Senator Martin and Representative Carlin of Virginia urged President Taft to use his influence to expend the $500,000 granted by congress for experimental postal roads on a highway from Washington to Mount Vernon.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher announced the appointment of David White as chief geologist of the United States geological survey.

Lake City, Utah, to spend $53,000 for what proved to be cheaply prepared volumes, according to Mrs. Bird's complaint in a suit she began in the United States.

Arthur Capper, republican candidate for governor of Kansas, said that official figures from eighty-six of the 105 counties in Kansas gave him a

Our First Thanksgiving



THANKSGIVING day as it is now celebrated is a composite of the ancient Harvest festival, whose origins go back to the dim pre-historic beginnings of civilization, and of the solemn Puritan religious ceremony of thanksgiving. The joyous celebration of the gathering of the year's harvest, a day or week of feasting, song, dance and revel, is found in all ages and among all peoples. Thanksgiving days are also common to all religions, past and present, but they were not regular or periodical events—occurring generally after some victory of war. The Puritans and the Pilgrims brought with them from England both the Harvest festival and the Thanksgiving days, the latter being observed whenever the deeply religious mind of the Puritan saw in their prosperity or good fortune the direct intervention of Providence. The Puritan also stripped the ancient Harvest festival of much of its rude license that had grown up around the celebration in England, and gradually through the two centuries following the settlement of New England, there grew up the practice of combining the two events and making the Thanksgiving annual. The religious element has been greatly subordinated as the years passed until at the present time it is to a majority of Americans only an incident that by many is observed only in the breach.

To the stern old Puritan of almost three centuries ago, the Thanksgiving day of 1912 would seem little less than sacrilege so far as the thinksgiving feature of it is concerned. But he would understand and appreciate the day's feasting and revel as a part of the celebration of the Harvest festival. The difference is apparent in the records of the early settlement of America. The first thanksgiving service held in North America was observed with religious ceremonies conducted by an English minister in the year 1578 on the shores of Newfoundland. This clergyman, accompanied the expedition under Frobisher, who settled the first English colony in America. The records of this significant day have been preserved in the quaint rules and regulations of the expedition as follows:

"In primus: To banish swearing, dice and card playing, and filthy communication, and to serve God twice a day with the ordinary service of the Church of England. On Monday morning, May 27, 1578, aboard the Ayde, we received all, the communication by the minister of Gravesend, prepared as good Christians toward God, and resolute men for all fortunes; . . . and Maister Wolfall made unto us a goodlye sermon, exhorting all especially to be thankful to God for His strange and marvelous deliverance in those dangerous places."

The second record of a thanksgiving service in America is that of the Popham colony which settled at Sagadahoc on the Maine coast in 1607. It consisted of prayer and sermon as in the first instance. These were thanksgiving days pure and simple, and after the settlement of Plymouth many others of a similarly solemn religious nature occurred.

The first Harvest festival held in America was upon December 13, 1621. It has been called, wrongly, the first autumnal thanksgiving held in America, but it was in reality the observance of the Harvest festival, with which the settlers had been acquainted in England. It was not a day set apart for religious worship and it is not likely that any religious service was held; on the contrary, it was the beginning of a whole week of festivity in celebration of the successful garnering of their first harvest in their new home. Qaintly does "Mourt's Relation" chronicle the event:

"Our harvest being gotten in, our Governour sent foure men on fowling, that so we might after a more speciall manner rejoyce together, after we had gathered the fruit of our labours; they foure in one day killed as much fowle, as with a little helpe beside, served the Company almost a weeke, at which time amongst other Recreations, we exercised our Armes, many of the Indians coming amongst us, and amongst the rest their greatest King Massasoyt, with some ninetie men, whom for three dayes we entertained and feasted, and they went out and killed Deere, which they brought to the plantation and bestowed upon the Captaine, and others. And although it be not alwayes so plentiful, as it was at this time with us, yet by the goodnesse of God, we are so farre from want, that we often wish you partakers of our plentie."

While the bill of fare of this first American celebration of the Harvest festival has not been preserved the feast was no doubt a royal one even if some of the food and the methods of preparation would seem strange and outlandish to present day Americans. The provisions must have been bountiful for there were about 140 persons including the 90 of Massasoit's company who were entertained for three days, and all had their share of supplies. From other sources we know that the foods of the sea were abundant and that the Pilgrims had made the acquaintance of the oyster. Ducks they had in plenty of the choicest species and also geese. Game, from grouse to venison, was brought in from the forest in abundance, and there was a "great store" of wild turkeys. Barley loaf and cakes of corn meal were highly prized by the colonists and played their part in the feast. For vegetables the Pilgrims had much the same as they had in England, Gov. Bradford's list naming beans, pease, parsnips, carrots, turnips, onions, melons, cucumbers, radishes. "skirrets," beets, coleworts, and cabbages, in addition to wheat, rye, barley and oats. Besides these they had the indigeous squash and pumpkin, and it may be taken for granted that a careful Pilgrim housewife had preserved during the summer by drying a quantity of strawberries, gooseberries and "raspis." Take it altogether, the food basis of the first Harvest Thanksgiving day celebration in America was much the same as today.

But if the good housewife of today was obliged to prepare the thanksgiving feast with the utensils and inconveniences of the kitchen of three centures ago she probably would throw up her hands in hopeless despair. The kitchen with its great glowing fireplace was the housewife's domain and the general living room of the entire family. The walls and the floor were bare and the furniture meager and comfortless, while the kitchen furnishings were odd and strange. It was in this great cavernous chimney that the Pilgrim wife cooked her thanksgiving dinner. Placed high up in the yawning chimney was the heavy backbar, or lug-hole, of green wood, afterwards displaced by the great iron crane. It was beyond reach of the flames, and from it hung a motley collection of hooks of various lengths and weights. They had many different names, such as pot-hooks, pot-hangles, pot-claws, pot-cleps, trammels, crooks, hakes, gallow-balke, words that would puzzle a housewife of today to define. From these were suspended the pots and kettles in which the food was cooked. At both sides of the fireplace were large ovens in which baking and roasting were done.

There were no tin utensils in those old days and brass kettles were worth $15 a piece. The utensils were mostly of iron, wood, pewter or lattern ware. Glassware was practically unknown and bottles were made of leather. Wood played a great part in kitchen and tableware. Wooden trenchers from which two ate were used on the table for a century after the settlement at Plymouth. Wood was also used for pans and bread troughs and a host of other things displaced by tin in the modern kitchen. Of wood were made butter paddles, salt cellars, noggins, keelers, rundlets, and many kinds of drinking bowls which were known under the names of mazers, whiskins, piggins, tankards and kannes, words many of which have disappeared from use.

The dining table of these old days was the old Anglo-Saxon board placed on trestles, and the tablecloth was known as the "board cloth." Thus we have the origin of the time-worn phrase: "Gather around the festive board." And the furnishings of the "board" were simple, inventories of that period mentioning only cups, chafing dishes, chargers, threnchers, salt cellars, knives and spoons. The table fork was an innovation not yet in general use; the fingers of the eater were used to thrust the food into the mouth. The spoons were of wood and pewter mostly. Silver spoons were rare. There was no chinaware on the tables of the early thanksgiving feasts; for no chinaware came over on the Mayflower. That and the lack of glassware and silver would make a thanksgiving table of the seventeenth century look impossible to a housewife of today. Complete the picture by imagining large trenchers, square blocks of wood hollowed out by hand, placed around the "board" from each of which two people dig their food out with their fingers, and you have an idea of the manner in which our ancestors celebrated Thanksgiving three centuries ago.

But if the kitchen and table furniture would appear strange to a housewife of today some of the dishes served would appear even stranger. How many housekeepers of today can cook "suppawn" and "samp" from corn meal? Or bake manchet, simmels, cracknels, jannacks, cocket bread, cheat loaves, or "wasel" bread?

The colonists did not take kindly at first to the pumpkin, which in the pie form has become a distinctive feature of the modern thanksgiving feast. They called them "pomions" then, and this is awe-inspiring recipe from which the colonial housewife made "pompion" pie:

"Take a half pound of Pumpion and slice it, a handful of Tyme, a little Rosemary, Parsley and sweet Marjoram slipped off the stalks, then the cinnamon, nutmeg and pepper, and six cloves, and beat them. Then mix them and beat them together and put in as much sugar as you see fit; then fry them like a froiz. After it is fried let it stand until it be cold. Take sliced apples, thinne rounde ways, and lay a row of the froize and a layer of apples with currents betwixt the layer while your pie is fitted, and put in a good deal of sueet butter before you close it. When the pie is baked take six yolks of eggs, some white wine or Vergis and make a caudle of this, but not too thick. Cut up the lid and put it in. Stir them well together whilst the eggs and the pompions be not perceived and serve it up."

Thus saith the old cook book, and the modern housewife who faithfully follows this recipe can have at least a unique concoction, fearfully and wonderfully made, to grace her Thanksgiving table.

THANKSGIVING

By AMELIA E. BARR.

"Have you cut the wheat in the blowing field.,
The barley, the oats, and the rye,
The golden corn and the pearly rice?
For the winter days are nigh."
"We have reaped them all from shore to shore,
And the grain is safe on the threshing floor."

"Have you gathered the berries from the vine,
And the fruit from the orchard trees?
The dew and the scent from the roses and thyme,
In the hive of the honey bees?"
"The peach and the plum and the apple are ours,
And the honeycomb from the scented flowers."

"The wealth of the snowy cotton field
And the gift of the sugar cane,
The savory herb and the nourishing root—
There has nothing been given in vain."
"We have gathered the harvest from shore to shore,
And the measure is full and brimming o'er."

Then lift up the head with a song!
And lift up the hand with a gift!
To the ancient Giver of all
The spirit in gratitude lift!
For the joy and the promise of spring,
For the hay and the clover sweet,
The barley, the rye, and the oats,
The rice and the corn and the wheat,
The cotton and sugar and fruit,
The flowers and the fine honeycomb,
The country, so fair and so free,
The blessings and glory of home.

SURELY EASY TO UNDERSTAND

Remarkably Lucid Explanation of Murder Which Judge Is Said to Have Made to Jury.

The average juryman is not very well versed in the fine distinctions of the law. On those he needs instruction from the judge. It must have been a very obtuse juryman, however, to whom the case was not perfectly clear after listening to the following explanation by a judge:

"Gentlemen," he stated, with admirable lucidity, "murder is where a man is murderously killed. The killer in such a case is a murderer. Now, murder by poison is just as much murder as murder with a gun, pistol, or knife. It is the simple act of murdering that constitutes murder in the eye of the law. Don't let the idea of murder and manslaughter confound you. Murder is one thing; manslaughter is quite another. Consequently, if there has been a murder, and it is not manslaughter, then it must be murder. Don't let this point escape you.

"Self-murder has nothing to do with this case. According to Blackstone and other legal writers, one man cannot commit felo-de-se upon another; and this is my opinion.

"Gentlemen, murder is murder. The murder of brother is called fratricade; the murder of a father is called parricide, but that don't enter into this case. As I have said before, murder is emphatically murder.

"You will consider your verdict, gentlemen, and make up your minds according to the law and the evidence, not forgetting the explanation I have given you."

Giving Compliments.

Don't be afraid to give compliments. Overdelicacy in this respect is a social handicap and a cause of much needless lack of popularity. Learn the art of compliment giving, but be sure, too, that there is at least a grain of truth in every compliment you pay.

WHO'S WHO AND WHY

SOMETHING NEW IN ORGANIZED CHARITY

Before the state legislature in Albany, N. Y., this winter will be presented a plan for America's first "department of home assistance," the first organized government bureau to care for the destitute home. More than a generation ago governmental aid for the families of the very poor was abandoned in New York city; living conditions—and living's cost—have changed radically since then; today the specially appointed committee of investigation for the city conference of charities and correction urges governmental aid as the only hope of real "social justice" and livable support for the homes of the destitute. There are hundreds of women and children starving in New York for whom only the government can adequately care.

"Of course it is, primarily, a matter of the cost of living," said O. F. Lewis, chairman of the conference committee on governmental aid of New York city. "The price of the necessities of life has increased so much that destitution has become a problem too great for the private societies to meet alone. I have no doubt that the private charitable organizations could take care of the destitute families if they only had enough money; but under present conditions they have not enough money; and so something else must be done—something else must be added.

"What we are suggesting is something absolutely new. But it is simply the outgrowth of present conditions. It is a question that has 'broken through' many times lately in various parts of the United States; here in New York we are first bringing it to the point of definite, organized action."

The suggestion of a department of home assistance has as its single object the care of destitute widows with little children. Under the present regime in the care of the poor a woman with children—and no means of support—must either be taken care of by a private organization, or must break up her home and send her children to an institution.

AMIR OF AFGHANISTAN HELPS TURKEY

The specter of a holy war is unfolding itself before the eyes of Europe.

It began when Italy clashed with Turkey in Africa, and now that the little Christian states, that act as a buffer between the larger powers and Turkey, are at war, the cloud is darkening rapidly among all the Mohammedan nations.

In the mosques of India, the pagodas of Malaysia and the shrines of a dozen other nations prayers are being said for the success of the Turkish arms.

All Islam has thrown its religious support to the kahlifate at Constantinople, and should the sultan, as head of the Moslem faith, unfurl the green flag of the prophet it is feared the fanatic Mohammedan nations would begin holy wars.

Even the most conservative of European diplomats admit there is a possibility of political alliances between Turkey and other Islamic nations. The Russian persecutions in Persia have fired the Mohammedans there, and the Asiatic Moslems are looking for a champion who can come to the rescue of the threatened Islamic states—Turkey and Persia.

Habibullah Khan, Amir of Afghanistan, is the man. One word from him, alarmists say and others fear, will bring on a series of religious clashes that will entangle every nation in Europe, Asia and Africa.

The amir has not failed to take advantage of the almost universal manifestation of respect paid him, and in a meeting held in Kabul recently to express sympathy with the Turks he spoke in no uncertain manner.

Although the sovereign of a comparatively small state, the Amir Habibullah enjoys the prestige of being the only independent Moslem ruler in the world. His country has no public debt with a foreign commission controlling its finances. It has a respectable and fairly well trained army. It manufactures its own rifles, ammunition and guns of the smaller calibers.

MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND TO WED AGAIN

Mrs. Grover Cleveland, widow of the former president of the United States, is to be married next April to Prof. Thomas Preston, an honorary professor at Princeton University and now occupying the chair of archaeology at Wells College, Aurora, N. Y., the institution attended by Mrs. Cleveland, then Frances Folsom.

Although formal announcement has not been made and probably will not be made until after the debut of Miss Esther Cleveland this winter, the fact of the engagement has been known for some time among the intimate friends of Mrs. Cleveland and Professor Preston.

The second romance of the womnn who as "the bride of the White House" charmed a nation and whose high character and devotion to her distinguished husband have been, by example, a national influence toward high ideals of wifehood, is the outcome of an acquaintanceship of little more than a year's duration, with a man practically unknown in America.

Thereafter he became a frequent visitor at the Cleveland home in Princeton, and undoubtedly Mrs. Cleveland's ardent interest in education fostered the first bond of sympathy that grew into stronger attachment, and has resulted in the most interesting announcement of a betrothal since the world heard that the beautiful Frances Folsom was to be married to the nation's chief in the stately walls of the White House.

Professor Preston, who is about fifty years of age, a literary scholar and a linguist of international distinction, is a man of strong but retiring personality, and, although he has held a high place among the faculty of Princeton for years, it is said that his first meeting with Mrs. Cleveland took place not many months ago.

PRINCESS NURSING WOUNDED SOLDIERS

According to press reports from Greece, the hospital arrangements of the Greek army are entirely inadequate for emergencies. The army has acted with such rapidity that it is impossible for the field ambulances to keep pace with it. Princess Alice, wife of Prince Andrew, the fourth son of King George, with a staff of picked nurses, is following the army and rendering first aid to the wounded, by whom she is spoken of as "the ministering angel."

At Sarandoper she performed almost miracles, flitting with her staff from one quarter to another until late in the evening, when she was compelled to stop because her clothing was drenched with blood.

Princess Helena, daughter of the Crown Prince, has also arrived with her hospital train.

Looking around the railroad station at Larissa, which was littered with wounded men, some on ambulances, others propped against the walls, she exclaimed in pathetic tones:

"Only three weeks to prepare for all this! It was not enough time, and this is only the beginning."

TO PROBE DEATHS

U. S. Will Investigate Killing of Chinese Girl Infants.

Orientals Invariably Place Blame on Scorpions When Female Babies Die Suddenly—One Case Showed Fractured Skull.

Honolulu.—It is the belief of the authorities that the practice of infanticide among the Chinese of these islands is common, and vigorous measures will at once be taken by federal and local officials to determine to what extent the murder of infants among the orientals has been carried on and to bring the offenders to justice.

In fact, the first move in that direction was made when by order of United States District Attorney Breckons, Chun Kin Sut, one of the wealthiest Chinese of the territory, and his wife were arrested, charged with murder in the first degree in causing the death of their year-old girl baby. Pending further investigation the pair were released upon furnishing cash bail of $25,000 and $15,000, respectively.

The story of Chun Kin Sut and his wife is that the little one was bitten by a scorpion, that they did not know the cause of the child's illness, and that they were surprised when she died in convulsions. A coroner's inquest, however, revealed a fractured skull and an examination of the supposed scorpion proved that it belonged to a non-poisonous class.

The scorpion bite story has long been a favorite one with the orientals when they have been called upon to account for the death of a female child, and in the past it has been reluctantly accepted by the police. In a majority of cases the suspected parents have been able to produce a venomous spider of some description as corroborative evidence and the authorities have been balked in any contemplated criminal procedure.

United States Attorney Breckons has been keeping a close watch upon the vital statistics and he now denow declares that he will put an end to the killing of girl babies among the Chinese. To this end he has called not only the men of his own office to the work of careful investigation, but has invited Chief Detective McDuffie of the Honolulu police to place his best men upon the work, with promise of liberal federal reward.

In addition County Attorney Cathcart and City Prosecutor Brown, acting upon advice of Territorial Attorney-General Lindsay, will investigate the mysteries of the large mortality among Chinese infants. That seven girl babies die to one boy baby is in itself a significant fact, but the proving of the causes of death is, according to the police, quite another matter.

Section of Picturesque Hawaii.

A number of federal secret service men are now said to be working under the direction of Mr. Breckons upon orders from Washington. It has been learned that two of them are looking for a certain Hawaiian of the island of Maui, who, it is said, has been the indirect meons of causing the death of many Chinese children by supplying gray scorpions to his Honolulu patrons.

BUYS FLOWERS; IS DISOWNED

Why Kansas City Man Sues for Share of Fortune—Sister in Same Boat.

Kansas City, Mo.—When Mrs. Goldie Cole of Carroll county, Missouri, visited Kansas City several years ago her brother, William A. Whiteley, a hotel clerk, took her to a theater in a carriage. He also gave her a bunch of roses. Because of this extravagance neither of them was remembered in the division of the estate of their millionaire grandfather, Abner Whiteley of Kansas City. Suit was filed by Mrs. Cole and Whiteley here to set aside deeds to the property the grandfather left other heirs and asking that they receive an eighth of the estate.

When a young man, Abner Whiteley came from Ohio, and on part of the trip lived upon hazel nuts. By hard work he became wealthy, his estate being estimated at $1,000,000. He made it a rule never to pay more than 25 cents for a meal or for a night's lodging. When the grandfather heard of his granddaughter's visit and the theater trip in which the carriage and roses figured he called it "unwarranted and sinful extravagance" and declared neither should enjoy any part of his property.

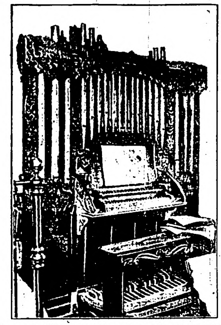
CROSS-FIRE BALL HITS MARK

Negro's Head Needs Doctor's Aid at the Firemen's Carnival—Baseball Player Is Good Marksman.

Newark, Del.—Thomas Truxton, colored, the principal actor in the amusement of throwing baseballs at a negro's head at the firemen's carnival, caused that part of the carnival to suspend operations when he failed to pull his padded head through the canvas in time. A cross-fire delivery from a Newark baseball player landed on Truxton's mouth and the negro had to be taken to the office of Dr. H. G. M. Kollock for repairs.

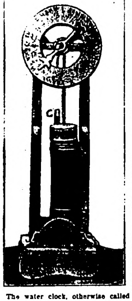
Things Queer and Curious

Organ Made With Knife Only



Way back in 1889 Robert Smith, a miner of Cramlington, England, decided that he wanted an organ, so he set to work to make one in his leisure time and it has just been completed. The instrument was made with a pocket knife as the only tool and is a wonderful example of what a skillful and patient man can accomplish. The woodwork is mostly well seasoned oak.

CLEPSYDRA OR WATER CLOCK



The water clock, otherwise called a clepsydra, here illustrated, was made in 1639 and stands 33 inches high. The brass dial is nine inches in diameter, and is divided into twenty-four hours, the period the water flows The signs of the Zodiac are also quaintly engraved on it. A is a brass cylinder filled with water, which is allowed to escape, drop by drop, through a small tap fixed near the bottom of A, and which can be regulated. B is a copper float, which rests on the surface of the water and sinks with it. It is kept steady by C, a counterpoise, to which it is attached by a chain, which passes over the pulley (D), upon which the hand (E) is fixed as the water sinks in A. B falls, and thus raises C, which causes E to move round the dial and indicate the time, which it does with accuracy. A has to be filled every twenty-four hours. On the brass vessel marked F, into which the water drains, is engraved: "Tyme is Short. G. Knight of ye Towne Ipswich, 1639," and below his coat of arms and crest.

PECULIARITIES OF ANIMALS

Tortoises and turtles have no teeth.

Both mandibles of the parrot's beak are movables, but most birds are able to move only one.

The horse has no eyebrows. The appearance of much white in the eye of a horse indicates a vicious nature.

The stork is partial to kittens as an article of food, and the cats reciprocate by a love for young storks.

The frog, owing to its peculiar structure, cannot breathe with the mouth open, and if it were forcibly kept open the animal would die of suffocation.

Whalebone is found in the mouth of the whalebone whale, where it forms the substitute for the teeth, of which otherwise the animal is destitute.

Pigs are poor swimmers, their forelegs being set closely under them, and when they fall into the water they sometimes cut their throats with the sharp points of their cloven feet.

The eyes of hares are never closed, as they are unprovided with eyelids. Instead thereof they have a thin membrane which covers the eye when asleep, and probably also when at rest.

The deer is furnished with supplementary breathing places in addition to the nostrils, and this would appear to be an extraordinary provision of nature giving the beast of the chase a freer respiration.

Fishes swallow their food hastily and without mastication, because they are obliged unceasingly to open and close the jaws for the purpose of respiration and cannot long retain food in the mouth when quite shut.

The hump on the back of the dromedary is an accumulation of a peculiar species of fat, which is a store of nourishment beneficently provided against the day of fasting.

DIVORCE IN VARIOUS LANDS

In Hindostan either party for a slight cause may leave the other and marry.

In the olden times the Jews had a discretionary power of divorcing their wives.

Divorces are scarcely allowed in Thibet, unless with the consent of both parties. Remarriage is forbidden.

In Cochin China the parties desiring divorce break a pair of chopsticks in the presence of witnesses and the thing is done.

If the wife of a Turkoman asks his permission to go out and he says "go," without adding, "come back again," they are divorced.

In Siberia, if a man is dissatisfied with the most trifling acts of his wife, he tears a cap or veil from her face and that constitutes a divorce.

In Siam the first wife may be divorced but not sold, as the others may be. She may claim the first child. The others belong to the husband.

Among the Moors, if the wife does not become the mother of a boy, she may be divorced with the consent of the tribe and can marry again.

In the Arctic region, a man who wants a divorce leaves home in anger and does not return for several days. The wife takes the hint and departs.

WALKS TEN MILES IN SLEEP

Mary Ruth Smith of Clinton, Mo., eleven-year-old daughter of a physician, left her bed at 11 o'clock and, clad only in her night robe and her mother's coat, walked in her sleep barefoot over ten miles of rough and muddy country roads to the home of her uncle, Walter Waugh, at Norris. At daylight Mr. Waugh found her shivering on his front porch. She was unable to recall how she got there, but said she dreamed of wanting to go to her uncle's home.

BOY ANGLER HOOKS WATCH

While fishing in the Truckee river, near Reno, Nev., Neil West, aged twelve, saw something shining in the river bed and by deft use of his hook brought up a 17-jeweled heavy silver watch.

CIVIL WAR SHELLS IN TREES

The last battle of the Civil war of any importance was that in April, 1865, at Bentonville, Johnston county, twenty-five miles from Raleigh, N. C. To this day many trees of large size, notably the pines, show the effect of cannon fire and in some cases of the extremely hot musketry fire.

Albert Ross, a farmer, recently cut some timber and burned the badly shaped portions. There was a series of explosions and the workmen fled. Shells embedded in the wood had exploded and fragments were hurled in all directions.

For years sawmill men have been very careful about handling the timber from this section, because saws have been almost ruined by striking embedded bullets.

General Sherman declared that at Bentonville he received the greatest setback on his famous march through Georgia and the Carolinas.

SOME FACTS ABOUT THE RAT

Rats are natives of Asia, and their raids westward belong to comparatively modern times. The little animal was unknown in ancient Europe.

The black rat first came to Europe from Asia in the sixteenth century, and about the beginning of the seventeenth or the ending of the sixteenth century he arrived in America. This black rat was the common house rat until the brown or gray rat made his appearance in 1775.

The gray rat came to Europe from India by way of Russia, and is now known as the Norway rat from a mistaken tradition that it came from Norway to England and from the latter country to America.

SAVES CHILD BY BOLD LEAP

Leaping from a moving locomotive into a stream at the side of the railroad track, Fireman Frank Ball, employed on an Erie switch engine at Passaic, N. J., rescued four-year-old Molly Romar, who had fallen into the Dundee canal. While playing on the bank the girl lost her balance and fell in. Fireman Ball saw the youngster fall into the water as his engine drew near. He leaped into the stream and with a few powerful strokes reached the side of the child.

SNAKE WHICH SPITS POISON

The ring-halys, here shown, is a South American snake which should be given a wide berth. It can eject its venom to a distance of three yards, and is an unpleasant reptile even in captivity.

LENGTHENED BY LIGHTNING

George D. Pittman, a rancher, who was struck by lightning near Wilcox, Ariz., measured five feet eight inches in height before death and six feet afterward. His vertebrae were uncoupled by the shock. Pittman's hair was singed at the back of the neck, where the bolt entered. His neck was broken and shoulders crushed.

KILL THEIR MULE FOR DEER

Two young business men, John Nickols and Gabriel Murphy, stalked the brown mule they drove on a hunting trip in the Greenhorn country, Colorado, for three hours, then shot it for a deer and were compelled to tramp thirty-five miles into Walsenburg.

For Those Drowned at Sea

On All Souls' day there is always a special service in the church at Gunwalloe, Cornwall, for the souls of those who have been drowned at sea, and then the priest and people march to the shore with lighted candles and with flowers which are thrown into the sea. This picturesque ceremony attracts many visitors.

Around Thanksgiving Time

by MARGARET E. SANGSTER

PUMPKINS FOR THANKSGIVING

GATHERING THE CRANBERRIES

PREPARING TURKEYS FOR MARKET

THE household year, like the year of the nation, has its red-letter days and its joyous anniversaries. Around Thanksgiving the sweetest associations of the home and the tenderest memories of the nation meet and cluster. Do you ever stop to think how new this country is? Should you go to Rome you would find more old walls and monuments and buildings that have been standing for centuries, and still testify to the past splendor of the once imperial city. Crossing the Atlantic and setting foot on the shores of England, the past greets you on every hand. You are immediately made aware that our friends across the water are living among old traditions, while in their ceremonials, as when a king was crowned with his queen at his side, they are keeping up the customs and recalling the grandeur that have been theirs for a thousand years.

Over here, in comparison with other nations on the globe, we are still in our childhood and can hardly be said to have more than reached the beginning of our maturity. Yet we have eighty million people, and we jostle when we walk on the street people who have sought us from the far east, from the islands of the ocean, from northern and southern Europe, and, indeed, from everywhere beneath the sun. To my mind there is something wonderful and significant and heart-stirring in the thought that a man of our choice in Washington in the White House presides as our chief executive over our vast territory and our mighty mass of citizens. He sends out word in November, and lo! the whole commonwealth listens and obeys. By one consent Americans, native-born and adopted into our ranks from abroad, cease from business, observe a holiday and thank God on the last Thursday of November. Everyone does not go to church, but the churches are open. There are services, there is exquisite music and eloquent sermons are preached, and the nation is thus uplifted to a higher plane, and there is an obvious reminder that we owe thanks to our Creator and praise to our Father in heaven.

Another charming feature of this peculiarly popular and wholly American holiday is the assembling of families around the Thanksgiving dinner table. Again look back, not over a thousand years, but over very nearly three hundred, and you will see how significant was the origin of this annual jubilee. In 1621 Governor Bradford of Massachusetts issued a proclamation to the little colony setting apart a day of Thanksgiving for the first in-gathering harvests. Should you ever go to Plymouth, Mass., and stroll through the old graveyard there, tears would spring to your eyes even now when you saw by the records on the stones that Death was very busy in reaping the first harvest of life in New England. These hardy pioneers who came to our bleak Atlantic coast that they might have freedom to worship God as they chose, were made of stuff too strong to be daunted by illness, want, famine or death. The attacks of hostile Indians in the night did not turn them from their purpose of settling in the new country, and women and men alike were heroic in their scorn of peril and their determination to snatch success from apparent defeat. The first harvest was scanty, but they assembled in church and thanked God for it, and in their homes they sat down to the best dinner they could provide. The wild turkey furnished the meat for the feast. This American bird is always the piece de resistance at a Thanksgiving dinner. The domestic bird retains some traits of primitive wildness and, as every farmer's wife knows, is prone to wander away, and travels, by preference, in a flock.

Still looking back, we discover that after 1621 other colonies followed the example of Massachusetts. After the Revolution the governors of various states issued proclamations as Governor Bradford had done. But it was not until 1863 that the day became national. It was then that the president proclaimed a general thanksgiving, and this good custom has been followed until the present year.

The old homestead is the rallying place for its sons and daughters, if they have been scattered far afield in pursuit of business or pleasure. They make an effort to return to the loved ones there and no triumph of a Parisian chef or art of the finest cookery has quite the taste of mother's pumpkin pie. Thanksgiving dinners may be eaten in hotels and boarding houses and on shipboard by enthusiastic Americans, and in city homes where cousins, aunts and uncles shake hands and sit together at the meal, but they are best when they are given beneath the roof where once the children played.

In comparison with that first harvest and that first Thanksgiving, let us glance, shall we say, at the markets of America in 1911. Fruits have been gathered from the orchards of Oregon, Michigan, California, Connecticut, Florida, and from too many localities and states for enumeration here. Think of the peaches, grapes, apples, plums, cherries, pears, oranges and bananas that the great country produces. We are learning how to assist nature by scientific processes in farming so that annually our orchards and vineyards are competing with our mines of coal, silver and copper as sources of wealth. Our grains, wheat, oats, rye, rice and Indian corn yield us enough to feed our own people and replenish the exhaustion of other lands. When the crops are abundant there is rejoicing from coast to coast. The farmers have many things to contend with. Sometimes there is a plague of grasshoppers or of locusts, sometimes there is drought, and again there are floods, but, on the whole, from year's end to year's end, the soil gives back in Divine multiplication the seed which the human hand has sown. We cannot sit down at the simplest Thanksgiving dinner without seeing upon it contributions from every section of our big republic.

As women and girls are the true homemakers, it is well for them to take a sincere and intelligent interest in the affairs of their country. Men seldom rise higher in goodness, frankness and patriotism than the women whose influence over them tends to purity, bravery and truth. We ought to care about the politics of our country. When we thank God for peace, we ought to be additionally grateful that the menace of war has been swept out of sight by the wise leadership in our councils of state. When we thank God for schools and for freedom of speech and an untrammeled press and good books that are as plentiful as autumn leaves, we should again remind ourselves and the children around us that we owe these tokens of advanced civilization to our republican government and to the goodness and guardian care of Jehovah, who has given us "dominion over palm and pine."

Another word may be in order. Why should we compress our Thanksgiving into one day? Why not be thankful all the time for the little things as for the great ones, and most of all for the dear ones of hearth and home?

Home Influence Upon Child

Thought From Jane Addams Which Demonstrates Its Lasting Effect Is Worth Consideration.

A mother croons an old-time song as she toils. A father speaks kindly as home from work he crosses the threshold which leads to wife and rest from labor. The child—the stepping stone between mother and father, the connecting link—hears both song and gentle word.

The father, still toil stained, whether he comes from field or shop, stoops to kiss the mother, also toil stained. He speaks softly, mayhap:

"Howdy, sweetheart; glad to be home again."

She turns a sweat-marked face up to his, in farmhouse or tenement, and answers:

"I'm glad to have you home."

Of all this the child is the witness. Things of the world are yet new and strange to it. Mysteries still confront it. Guiding stars it is searching for, and lo, in the very greetings of mother and father, in their own loving attitude toward each other, this undeveloped life finds a star.

Such is the influence of environment of two personalities—that of father and mother—upon the questioning child, blood of their blood and flesh of their flesh. How powerful, how everlasting, when between mother and father, patience, self-consideration, forbearance and forgiving are always kept uppermost in the mind!

If, on the other hand, the child must see in daily home life impatience, selfishness; hear hasty or angry words, from those whom it knows long before it understands the law of city, county, state, or nation, what contempt must naturally grow in its heart for those things that make for the best of life—law and order, gentleness of speech, regard and love for others, trustfulness and hopefulness.

The personal home environment of a child has much to do with its future state of mind as to respect for work, law and humanity.

Advice to Alpine Climbers.

In the earlier part of the nineteenth century many even of those who had been up Alpine peaks themselves denounced the sport. Regarding the ascent of Mount Blanc, Murray's Handbook in the year 1838 stated that "all who have succeeded have advised no one to attempt it," and nearly 20 years later noted the "remarkable fact that a large proportion of those who have made this ascent have been persons of unsound mind."

KEEPING DOWN HUMAN SUPPLY

For some time the doctors have been skirmishing about the idea of creating life artificially, Life remarks. The latest reports from Europe indicate that this is now an assured fact and the manufacture of life will doubtless soon be placed upon a commercial basis.

We cannot but regard this as a great calamity. The tariff, the increase in gold and many other causes have been assigned. The real cause, however, is that there are too many people. There is an overproduction in human beings. Until we can cut this down we shall be increasingly embarrassed by the cost of living.

Instead of adding to the possibility of creating life, therefore, we should seek some means to curtail it. Besides, everybody that is born now wants to be of some consequence. Every man would be king and every woman queen.

Unless we can keep down the total supply of human beings there is trouble ahead.

Wearing Out His Thatch.

"I notice that the gentleman who is now walking on his head for our edification is slightly bald."

No wonder. Walking on one's head must be more discouraging to the growth of hair than all the dandruff microbes in existence."

HOW HE LANDED THE FISH

Expert Angler Saw Situation and With True Genius Seized the Opportunity.

"Bob Esam stood six feet six in his socks, lived in the mountains of West Virginia and kept a pack of 40 hounds," said a New York angler. "He was not only a mighty hunter, but an expert and resourceful fisherman.

"While he was out on the back prong of Glady with a party of tourists they noticed the trout leaping out of the water after a reddish fly, and not one of them had any fishing tackle. While searching in his pockets for tackle Esam discovered a rubber band around a wallet. He removed it and cut it so that he had a piece of elastic about six inches long.

"He then cut a small strip from his red flannel shirt about the size of the fly the trout were rising for and tied it to one end of the elastic. The other end he attached to a pole which he drove into the bank of the stream, so that the red flannel bait hung out over and about a foot above the water. This done he got back behind a tree where the trout could not see him.

"Presently a trout rose to that flannel decoy, grabbed it, and to his astonishment its teeth became entangled in the flannel and he was flipped out on the bank—and that thing kept flipping trout out until there were none left in that pool, but there were, so Bob said, 69 on the bank by actual count."—New York Sun.

To Women

Do Not Delay

If you are convinced that your sickness is because of some derangement or disease distinctly feminine, you ought at once bring to your aid

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

It acts directly on the organs affected and tones the entire system.

Ask Your Druggist

CONTENTION WAS ALL RIGHT

Lawyer, However, Qualified Admission With a Remark That Had Unkind Sound.

The jury was hearing the closing arguments in a damage suit before Judge Ben M. Smith, in which slander was alleged. The attorney for the plaintiff had been directing his broadsides against the defendant for his show of ingratitude, when the latter's counsel objected.

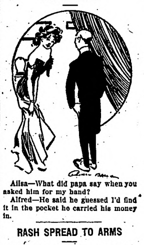
"Gratitude is inspiring but is not a constitutional requirement," interposed the objector, who had borrowed several law books from the other lawyer some time before.

"One look at your face convinces me that you are right," said the first lawyer. "If gratitude were a constitutional requirement you couldn't be a citizen."—Chicago Evening Post.

A PENALTY OF AGE

The tendency of advancing years to restrict activity and exercise is responsible for the constipated condition of most elderly people. The wear of years impairs the action of the bowels and the digestive organs are more sensitive to the demands upon them and rebel more quickly. Cathartics and purgatives are violent and drastic in their action and should not be used to correct constipation. A mild, yet positively effective remedy, and one that is recommended by physicians as well as by thousands who have used it, is the compound of simple laxative herbs with pepsin prescribed by Dr. W. B. Caldwell over thirty years ago and now sold by druggists everywhere under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Dr. Caldwell wants everyone troubled with constipation to try Syrup Pepsin and will send a trial bottle, free of charge, to all who write for it. Address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 203 West St., Monticello, Ill. Adv.

WISE FATHER.



Ailsa—What did papa say when you asked him for my hand?

Alfred—He said he guessed I'd find it in the pocket he carried his money in.

RASH SPREAD TO ARMS

759 Roach Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.—"At first I noticed small eruptions on my face. The trouble began as a rash. It looked like red pimples. In a few days they spread to my arms and back. They itched and burned so badly that I scratched them and of course the result was blood and matter. The eruptions festered, broke, opened and dried up, leaving the skin dry and scaly. I spent many sleepless nights, my back, arms and face burning and itching; sleep was purely and simply out of the question. The trouble also caused disfigurement. My clothing irritated the breaking out.

"By this time I had used several well-known remedies without success. The trouble continued. Then I began to use the sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Within seven or eight days I noticed gratifying results. I purchased a full-sized cake of Cuticura Soap and a box of Cuticura Ointment and in about eighteen or twenty days my cure was complete." (Signed) Miss Katherine McCallister, Apr. 12, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Very Hobble.

Mrs. Stiles—How do you like my new gown?

Mr. Stiles—Reminds me of a crowded theater.

Mrs. Stiles—Crowded theater! How so?

Mr. Stiles—There seems to be standing room only.—Judge.

Parched.

"He says she made his life a Sahara."

"Maybe that's why he has such a terrible thirst."

Many a boy has acquired some very good habits by not following in the footsteps of his father.

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH

By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Adv.

Some married women want shorter hours and more alimony.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities

FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

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Advertise in the Spectator

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During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

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This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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Saturday, November 23, 1912.

The good road amendment to the state constitution has been adopted. The seven senator amendment has been killed. The other amendments have not been reported.

The 1 mill road tax and the bill increasing the railroads' gross earnings tax from 4 to 5 per cent were the only constitutional amendments which prevailed at the recent election. A compilation of returns by the secretary of state shows that all others failed.

For the eleventh time in thirteen years, Minnesota has won the first prize for the best butter at the meeting of the National Dairy association in Chicago. In addition to this, our state has for the second time won the first prize at the meeting of the new International Dairy association at Milwaukee.—University Extension.

Extra Session, or Not

President-elect Wilson is receiving a variety and an abundance of advice on the question of whether or not he should call an extra session to revise the tariff.

There is but one point to be considered, and Governor Wilson's decision will, we feel assured, be based on his judgment as to that point. It is this: What is best for the good of the whole country?

That it is best for the country that the tariff be revised and that special privilege be cut out of the tariff schedules is admitted. The people have just recorded that judgment overwhelmingly. The only question is when it is to be done.

Those who favor delay until the regular session in December, 1914, argue that by that time the business revival will be so far advanced that the country will be in better position to withstand the disturbance of a tariff revision; session that many of the members of congress are new, and should be given more time to study this question; that more time should be taken for a study of the schedules in the existing law.

Those who favor the extra session argue that so long as tariff revision must come the sooner it is disposed of the better all around; that there may be more or less business apprehension about the effect of the revision, and that, because of this, unnecessary delay may lend a timidity to business venturing that would not exist if the tariff were disposed of for a long time to come; that it is better to have the revision done and over with and to give business a chance as soon as possible to adjust itself to the new conditions.

Whether there is, therefore, argument on both sides, on the whole it seems to us that the weight of argument decidedly is in favor of an extra session as soon as possible after March 4. There is a work to be done, and it needs doing very much. There must be more or less uncertainty until it is done. Therefore the sooner it can be done the better for business, the better for the country as a whole.—Duluth Herald.

Creameries are Leading Factors

In his address at the recent convention of the Red River Valley Dairymen's association at Thief River Falls, Supt. C. G. Selvig of the Crookston school of agriculture, who was reelected president of the association, made some statements regarding the progress of dairying in the district embraced in the association, including Otter Tail, Hubbard, and Wilkin counties on the south, Beltrami and Clearwater counties on the east, and taking in Norman, Mahnomen, Polk, Marshall, Kittson, Roseau, Red Lake, and Pennington counties, which have aroused a great deal of interest. This territory embraces one-sixth of the farms of the state, with one-third of the acreage of the state, and supports one-ninth of the state's population. In this territory are one-seventh of the cattle of the state, one-sixth of the horses, one-nineteenth of the swine, one-seventh of the sheep, and one-ninth of the poultry. The same territory raises one-thirty-seventh of the corn, one-fourth of the oats, one-third of the wheat, one-fifth of the barley and potatoes of the entire state.

Within this territory, from the period from 1900 to 1910, there was an increase of 50 per cent in the number of cattle, nearly all dairy cattle, as compared to an increase of 25 per cent in the state as a whole. There was an increase of 47 per cent in poultry, with a state increase of but 30 per cent. The live stock increased 83 per cent in the Red River valley. The barley crop increased 156 per cent, compared to 11 per cent in the whole state, and the hay and fodder crop increased 48 per cent.

These figures secured from the official census show the great progress made since the organization of the association.

Mr. Selvig stated that in the increase in dairying remarkable progress was made in the same territory. In 1901 there were forty creameries, in 1909 there were 120, over 300 per cent increase Then there were 2,257 patrons, where there are now over 12,000.

In 1901 there were creameries in Polk, Norman, Clay, Otter Tail, Red Lake, and Becker counties only. Now every county has creameries. In 1901 Polk county creameries paid patrons $26,883 while in 1909 the sum reached $377,059. Otter Tail increased from $13,759 to $453,127, and other counties accordingly. President Selvig's plan to inaugurate record contests among individual farmers, with substantial cash premiums and publicity, is regarded as a great move of the association and is highly commended by Dairy and Food Commissioner Winkjer.

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council held Nov. 20, 1912, for the purpose of acting upon the matter of advertising for bids for the sale of a $4,000.00 bond issue.

On motion duly made and carried the following resolution offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by Councilman Hovet was passed:

Resolved, That the village council of the village of St. Hilaire hold a meeting at the village hall in said village on Monday, the 2nd day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of said day, for the purpose of opening bids for the purchase of the $4,000.00 in bonds authorized to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on Nov. 9, 1912; that all bids therefor shall be sealed bids and shall be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the last aforesaid meeting of said council; that said village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered, and that notice of said meeting of said council shall be given by the publication thereof for two successive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper published in said village.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

Wedding at Thief River Falls

One of the largest weddings of the season was solemnized last Tuesday morning at the St. Bernard Catholic church when Miss Mary Emma Moran became the bride of Mr. Ernest Bernard O'Neill. The bride was gowned in white satin, and wore a large white beaver hat, and carried bride's roses and was accompanied by her sister, Miss Rose Moran, who wore pink silk crepe and carried pink roses. Mr. Philip Bryant officiated as groomsman.

After the cermony an elaborite wedding breakfast was served at the O'Neill home. In the afternoon the happy couple left by automobile for St. Hilaire, where they later took the train for the Twin Cities. Before returning they will visit southern Minnesota and Wisconsin after which they will make their home on the O'Neill farm in this county.

The bride is a Thief River Falls girl, receiving her education in the local schools and has a wide circle of friends. The groom, Mr. O'Neil, is the son of Hon. D. P. O'Neil and is well and favorably known throughout the county. The many friends of both contracting parties join in wishing them a long and happy married life.—News-Press.

Coldly Described.

"So you don't envy any of the world's men of genius?"

"No," answered Mr. Cumrox. "I admire them, but I don't envy 'em. A genius is a man who gets a monument after he's dead instead of three square meals a day while he's living."—Washington Star.

The Family Game.

Mother (coming into the children's room)—Rosie, what are you making such a terrible noise over? Look at Hugo. See how quiet he sits there. Rosie—Yes, it's easy for him to sit quiet in the game we are playing. He is papa, who has come home late, and I am—you.—Wiener Salonwitzblatt.

Equally Ignorant.

The author of "Reminiscences of a Country Politician" once asked a laborer in an English village how old he was.

"I be just the same age as the queen," he said. "It be either a fortnight older or a fortnight younger. I don't rightly know which, and I don't suppose her knows either."

A Witty Forlornity.

A forlorn looking man said, "I've tried everything that I could turn my hand to, but couldn't make anything answer, and now I have decided to go up among the hills, where they say there's a wonderful echo, to see if I can make that answer."

Lost His Suit

In the case of Chris Peterson vs. the Great Northern for $2550 damages as the result of injuries sustained when he was thrown from N. A. Nelson's buggy at the crossing north of the station here, breaking a leg in two places, which case was tried in Red Lake Falls last week, a verdict was returned in favor of the railroad. Peterson alleged the accident was caused by the excessive rate of speed of the train, but the company showed that the train was going but fifteen miles an hour. The rig nor occupants were not hit by the train, the horse simply becoming unmanageable.

Flood Gates on Red Lake River

Flood gates will have to be established at the source of the Red Lake river at Red lake, as a result of the extensive drainage operations carried on by the state of Minnesota.

Such is the belief of W. H. Brown of Grand Forks, who has just returned from a complete tour of the Red lake country, going there for the purpose of determining the truth of reports which have been circulated to the effect that a new outlet had been constructed, such new outlet being responsible for low water. He says no channel diverting water from its natural course has been dug. No channel could be dug and he not be able to detect it, for, because of the lay of the land, such a channel would have to be a large and deep one.

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of October, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs.	34,077
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	8,629
Total received for same	$3,060.97
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 32½c	
Paid patrons by check	$2,697.89
" " butter, salt, and oil.	63.82
Paid into sinking fund	58.86
" " expense "	240.40

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

MONEY OF THE RICH.

Of More Use Foolishly Spent Than Hoarded or Lying Idle.

A great reservoir of water undistributed leaves men and women to perish of thirst and growing crops to parch and die. So also vaults bulging with stagnant money leave men and women to perish in abject poverty and ripened crops to rot within the fields and orchards that grew them. Therefore what happens to the dollars of the millionaire is a question of the first importance.

Those of us who believe in praying for material blessings will do well to pray long and earnestly that rich women will never cease to buy $100 hats and $1,000 gowns, with diamonds and other jewels to match; that they will continue to give balls and teas and entertainments of the most expensive kind; that they will be recklessly extravagant in gewgaws and folderols of every description, because it will be good for us who depend upon an income drawn from the multitude of operations involved in producing, merchandising and transporting all those gewgaws and other gimcracks that go to keep extravagance at a high pitch.

Let us hope that rich men's sons will continue to spend their fathers' money as foolishly as they are reputed to do—not because it will be good for them, but because it will be good to have the money poured into the wage earner's money channels.

Let us doubly hope that the rich men may be prospered in their money getting, because they will not let it lie idle. Whatever their wives and children do not spend they put into stocks and bonds and thereby turn it into the wage earner's money channels. Let us be thankful, too, that neither the dollars of the rich nor the dollars of the poor are of any value save as they go into the wage channels of active circulation.—F. W. Hewes in Harper's Weekly.

His Shrewd Idea.

"Who is that sour looking girl with the heavy underjaw?"

"That is the only daughter of old De Milyuns."

"And who is the dainty bit of sweetness with the blue eyes and golden hair?"

"That's the chaperon."

"What's the explanation?"

"Why, it's old De Milyun's clever idea. He thinks his Jane will be perfectly safe as long as Miss Blossom is around."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

She Murders It.

"How long is the life of the average so called popular song?"

"Till the girl who lives next door to us gets hold of it."—Houston Post.

Fatherly Advice.

"Dad," said the country youth who had just graduated from the district school, "I have long cherished a desire to go on the stage and have at last decided, with your permission, to"—

"My boy," interrupted the old granger, "all the world's a stage. You hitch the mules to the big red plow and transfer the outfit to the ten acre lot behind the barn, where you can enact the star role in that beautiful drama entitled 'Down on the Farm.'"—Chicago News.

Notice of Meeting of the Village Council of the Village of St. Hilaire

FOR THE OPENING OF BIDS FOR THE SALE OF $4,000.00 IN BONDS OF SAID VILLAGE

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire at the village hall in said village on the 2nd day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day for the purpose of opening and considering bids for the purchase of the $4,000.00 in bonds voted to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on the 2nd day of November, 1912.

All bids for the purchase of such bonds must be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the meeting of said village council aforesaid.

The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Said bonds will bear six per cent interest per annum, payable annually, and will run for 15 years from the day of the date thereof, and are issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 21st day of November, 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
adv-n23-2t Village Recorder.

HOMEMADE ICE CREAM.

Freeze It at Least a Day Before It Is to Be Used.

"The best ice cream is stale ice cream," said the ice cream manufacturer. "You never hear of colic from ice cream among children who have never met the homemade article. It is a queer thing that it would ruin a manufacturer to sell fresh goods, whereas if you know it is homemade and just out of the freezer you will praise it to the skies as being the superior of anything manufactured anywhere.

"If you want your homemade cream to be really good and healthy make it at least a day before you use it. Churn it hard, but not too hard, and then pack it away in salted ice until you are ready to serve it. In this way all the little particles of ice which make homemade cream so gritty and really harmful will have disappeared. The cream will sort of absorb the water that forms the ice, so to speak; consequently your cream will be frozen, not frapped. It is a daring manufacturer who risks his trade by shipping cream less than a week old. Sometimes I store my goods in ice as much as two weeks. That isn't a bit too long, either, although it takes a heap of ice."—New York Press.

How mankind defers from day to day the best it can do without thinking that lost time is lost eternity.—Muller.

Madam, Read McCall's The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

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Wheat, No. 1 Northern	70
" " 2 "	67
" " 3 "	64
Flax, No. 1	$1.15
" " 2	1.10
Adjected Flax	1.05
Barley, for 48 lbs	32
Oats	21
Rye	44
Eggs	30
Butter	25
" creamery	31
Potatoes	15
Beef live weight	2¼@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	6@8
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	6@9
Flour, patent	2.60-3.00
Shorts, per ton	25.00
Bran, " "	23.00

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S. J. SWA SON. - - Agent

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. E. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary E. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 10th day of June, 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 27th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages on page 102.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 2 of mortgages on page 232;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the east front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 13, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.,
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee.
WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Thief River Falls, Minn. n16-6t

Pay your subscription

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Every person needs a business training. It costs no more at this great Business, Banking and Shorthand college, under exact office conditions, than at a small, questionable one. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—had calls for over 500. All Fargo banks and 685 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers, bookkeepers or stenographers. No other school offers such endorsement.

Our $80 course prepares for business or for position as clerk or bookkeeper. Our new $85 course in Commerce and Banking (endorsed by Bankers' Association), supplies cashiers and tellers for the Northwestern banks, and bookkeepers and credit men for the larger concerns. The shorthand course (under two expert reporters), trains court reporters and high grade stenographers. The stenographers for the U. S. District Court, N. D. Supreme Court, Third Judicial District, and the Cass Co. Court are D. B. C. graduates. Do other schools offer this PROOF of superior training?

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (380,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 200 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet, write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres., Watkins Block, Fargo, N. D.

DEVELOPS TRAINS FOR CASH

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
No evening service.
PAUL N. PALMER, Pastor

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE NO. 14?—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 8?0—Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1794, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 180 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
M. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LARSEN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
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Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.
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Bring in Your Work

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Miss Laura Larson was in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Miss Emilia Dahlstrom went Monday to Crookston to visit with friends.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. K. O. Gigstad, on Thursday, Nov. 21, a baby boy.

Misses Hannah Erickson and Elizabeth Johnson went to Thief River Falls today.

A. H. Pitkin was looking after his farming interests at Kelliher the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Anderson of Wyandotte returned Friday from a visit to Crookston.

Ray Lindquist went last evening to Mankato where he will attend the commercial college.

Mankato Commercial college graduates hold responsible positions everywhere. Results count. adv

Come in and look over my new stock of winter shoes and rubbers.
o?6-3t-adv OLE MATHSON.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. LAZAR.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Melin accompanied their daughter, Mrs. Solum, as far as Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. S. J. Swanson and her mother, Mrs. Dargan, returned Tuesday from a visit with friends at Warren.

K. O. Gigstad was in Thief River Falls Wednesday attending a probate court hearing in the matter of the Seyre estate.

FOR SALE.—Five head of broncos—3 yearlings and a pair of 2 year olds.
adv-n21-1mo OTTO JOHNSON.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Rev. L. B. Benson, a theological student of Rock Island, was called as successor to Rev. Alex Sand in charge of the Swedish Lutheran church here.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

The Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church will give a sociable and supper at Oddfellows' hall on the evening of Monday, Nov. 25. Everybody invited.

County Surveyor Martz returned Wednesday from Red Lake Falls. He has been surveying a tract of land for Probate Judge Perrault near Perrault station.

Miss Ellen Hed of Winthrop, Minn., who has been spending a month with her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs A. J. Hed, returned last evening to her home.

Mrs. Martin Solum and her two boys left Wednesday for their new home at Czar, Alberta, Can. Mr. Solum left on election day with the household goods and other moveables.

A. G. Malum of Illinois, who is the owner of land near Wylie and is erecting buildings thereon, returned Wednesday from a business visit to Red Lake Falls and McIntosh.

Thief River Falls citizens held a meeting last week to discuss ways and means of securing a railroad, either electric or steam, east fram that city a distance of fifty or fifty or sixty miles.

H. F. Anderson has resigned his position as superintendent of schools of Red Lake county, and is attending the state university. H. T. McAnulty, the former superintendent, has been appointed to fill out the unexpired term until Jan. 1, next.

Rev. Alex Sand, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, leaves with his family next Wednesday for his new field at Annandale, about fifty miles northwest of Minneapolis, on the Soo road. Mr. and Mrs. Sand have as friends practically the whole community. It was with reluctance that his congregation accepted his resignation, but all wish for his success in his new location.

Thanksgiving
BALL
Thursday, Nov. 28
At Imperial Hall
MUSIC BY ST. HILAIRE ORCHESTRA
SUPPER AT WILSON'S RESTAURANT
A Clean Social Time Guaranteed

M. R. Hage pays highest market prices for hides. adv

O. H. Olson went last evening to Grand Forks.

Misses Laura Jacobson and Laura Carlson went to Crookston Wednesday.

Mrs. C. G. Johnson returned Tuesday to Duluth after a visit with relatives here.

Mrs. O. F. Post went to Crookston Thursday evening for a few days visit with friends.

A. Bjornquist went last evening to Appleton, Minn., to visit with friends and relatives.

The board of education has just purchased a set of encyclopedias for the use of the schools.

There will be special song service in the Eastside school house Sunday evening, Nov. 24, at 7:30 p. m.

Miss Amanda Carlson returned Friday from Crookston. She expects to go again soon to take a ten days' treatment for her eyes.

The annual business meeting of the United church congregation will be held at the church next Wednesday at 1 o'clock p. m.

Martinson Bros., living east of St. Hilaire, are the owners of an E. M. F. car, purchased this week from Helm's at Red Lake Falls.

C. H. Martz left yesterday for a drive to the east line of Equality township, Red Lake county, to inspect a ditch that has just been completed.

There will be special Thanksgiving service in the M. E. church Thursday evening, Nov. 28, at 8 p. m. A special program has been prepared for the occasion. All are welcome.

Elmer Hackett moved this week into his new house on his farm 3 miles northeast of town. It is a commodious building, 26 x 26 ft. in size, with 18 ft. posts. Myron Elliott was the builder.

George Fricker gave a party to his young friends Monday evening at the Oddfellows building in honor of his fourteenth birthday. The evening was spent in games, etc., and a lunch was served.

ADozen Photographs
Such as you get at Borry's studio, Thief River Falls, make twelve splendid Christmas gifts. adv-o20-4

Weddings

One of the prettiest weddings of the season took place on Tuesday when Miss Tyra Wallin became the bride of Mr. Albert Larson. Rev. Drols of Viking performed the ceremony. At 12 o'clock the party took their places beneath the wedding bell, to the music of the wedding march played by Mrs. Leonard Holmes.

The bride wore a beautiful dress of white marquisette over white silk with veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. The two bridesmaids were Misses Anna Fellman and Elsie Erickson. They wore white silk and carried pink and white carnations. Mr. Roy Wallin and Mr. Gust Larson were best men.

After the ceremony a beautiful wedding song was given by Misses Gustafson and Fellman and Rev. Drols; also a poem composed and given by Mr. Blixt. After an elegant four course dinner Rev. and Mrs. Larson sang some beautiful songs. The afternoon was spent in conversation. Many lovely presents were received. The house was decorated with pink and white festooning.

GUNSTAD-ANDERSON—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Gunstad occurred the wedding of their son John to Miss Anna Anderson, daughter of Erick Anderson, on Saturday, Nov. 16, at 3 p. m., Rev. P. S. Palmer officiating.

The bride was attended by Miss Winifred Gunstad and Oscar Gunstad acted as best man. After the ceremony a dainty luncheon was served, only the immediate relatives being present.

The happy couple will make their home at the residence of the groom on a farm five miles north of town.

Wednesday afternoon a 5 o'clock lunch was served at the R. Wallin home to a few of the friends of the bride, Mrs. Albert Larson.

The sale at C. W. Lyman's place yesterday was well attended, and everything was sold and brought good prices.

The Black River congregation of the Swedish Lutheran church gave Rev. and Mrs. Sand a surprise party Thursday as a slight token of appreciation. The evening was passed in social chat and music. A lunch was served. Mr. Sand was presented with quite a large sum of money.

O. F. Post received word this morning of the death of John J. Soll at Clarkfield, Minn., Nov. 15, of paralysis. He had been a patient sufferer for some years. He will be remembered as a former resident here and at one time editor of The Spectator. We hope to give a fitting obituary next week.

One Comfort.

They were weeping for the head of the house, whose automobile had gone over the bank.

"Anyway," said the widow, drying her tears for the moment, "his death was in the height of fashion."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Too Fast.

"The first day he went out with his new auto he got pulled."

"For going fast?"

"No; quite the opposite."

"I don't see"—

"For stopping fast. He had to hire a farmer to haul him home."—Houston Post.

Goldfish.

Goldfish are of Chinese origin. They were originally found in a large lake near Mount Tientsin and were first shipped to Europe in the seventeenth century. The first in France were a present to Mme. de Pompadour.

The Lesson.

Sunday School Teacher—Now, Tommy, what does the story of the prodigal son teach?—Tommy—It teaches us how to get fresh veal.—Chicago News.

Train and Track.

Belgium has been offering reduced rates under certain conditions for travel on its passenger trains, and the change has resulted in enormously increased business and revenues.

The new subway through the heart of Boston's shopping district is the most expensive mile of underground railroad in the world, having cost, with equipment, about $10,000,000 to build.

Upon their completion, in the near future, the New York Central railroad's freight yards near Buffalo will, it is claimed, be the largest in the country, with a capacity for handling 26,500 cars a day.

Himself being judge, any man is somewhat above the average.

A girl feels greatly encouraged to like a man soon as he is severely criticised by her mother.

If it were true that supply follows demand, would we have hoboes suffering for either beer or money?

Some complainants insist most strongly on being judge and jury besides.

Explicit.

The Kedah postoffice authorities have a somewhat blunt way of putting things. Copies of a Penang paper posted to a subscriber were the other day returned marked, "Addressee hanged for murder."—Bangkok Times.

A Sentiment Scorned.

"A dog is man's patient, faithful friend."

"Naturally," answered the harsh analyst, "he depends on a man to be his meal ticket."—Washington Star.

MAGIC MIRRORS.

Peculiar Effects In Some of the Polished Bronze Reflectors.

Now and then mirrors of a curious kind are seen in Europe. They are called "magic mirrors" and are of Japanese origin, made not of glass silvered, but of cast bronze, polished on the face and bearing on the back raised patterns, inscriptions, symbolical designs, crests or pictures. When exposed to a bright beam of light from the sun or from an electric lamp they reflect in the light from their polished face the image of the pattern on their

Come in and get your
Sheepskin Sweaters and Underwear
At less prices than ever
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
GOOD FARM HORSES FOR SALE
GOOD RIGS ALWAYS ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.
Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week
CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

NOW IS THE TIME
For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
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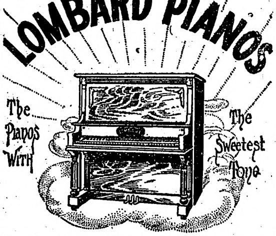
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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MANUFACTURERS, GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with The Toll and Long-Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

O. W. HOOPER

The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH
Author of HEARTS AND MASKS
The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER
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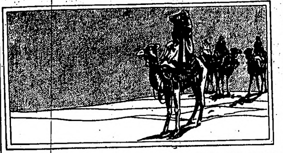
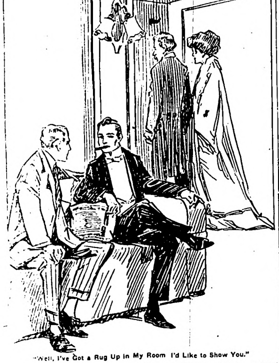




"Well, I've Got a Rug Up in My Room I'd Like to Show You."

SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle.

CHAPTER III.—(Continued.)

George's romance gathered itself for a flight. Perhaps it was love thwarted and the gentleman with the mustache and imperial, in spite of his amiability, might be the ogre. Perhaps it was love and duty. Perhaps her lover had gone down to sea. Perhaps (for lovers are known to do such things) he had run away with the other girl. If that was the case, George did not think highly of that fugitive gentleman's taste. Perhaps and perhaps again; but George might have gone on perhapsing till the crack of doom, with never a solitary glimmer of the true state of the girl's mind. Whenever he saw an unknown man or woman who attracted his attention, he never could resist the impulse to invent a romance that might apply.

Immediately after dessert the two rose, and George, finding that nothing more important than a pineapple ice detained him, got up and followed. Mr. Ryanne almost trod on his heels as they went through the doorway into the cozy lounging-room. George dropped into a vacant divan and waited for his cafe a la Turque. Mr. Ryanne walked over to the head-porter's bureau and asked if that gentleman would be so kind as to point out Mr. George P. A. Jones, if he were anywhere in sight. He thoughtfully, not to say regretfully, laid down a small coin.

"Mr. Jones?" The porter knew Mr. Jones very well. He was generous, and treated the servants as though they were really human beings. Mr. Ryanne, either by his inquiry or as the result of his bribe, went up seven degrees in the porter's estimation. "Mr. Jones is over there, on the divan by the door."

"Thanks."

Mr. Ryanne did not then seek the young man. He studied the quarry from a diplomatic distance. No; there was nothing to indicate that George Percival Algernon Jones was in any way handicapped by his Arthuresque middle names.

"Solid, as Gioconda in her infinite wisdom hath said; but romantic, terribly romantic, yet, like the timid bather who puts a foot into the water, finds it cold, and withdraws it. It will all depend upon whether he is a real collector or merely a buyer of rugs. Forward, then, Horace; a sovereign has already dashed headlong down the far horizon." The curse of speaking his thoughts aloud did not lie heavily upon him tonight, for these cogitations were made in silence, unmarked by any facial expression. He proceeded across the room and sat down beside George. "I beg your pardon," he began, "but are you not Mr. Jones?"

Mildly astonished, George signified that he was.

"George P. A. Jones?"

George nodded again, but with some heat in his cheeks. "Yes. What is it?" The girl had just finished her coffee and was going away. Hang this fellow! What did he want at this moment?

If Ryanne saw that he was too much, as the French say, he also perceived the cause. The desire to shake George till his teeth rattled was instantly overcome. She hadn't seen him, and for this he was grateful. "You are interested in rugs? I mean old ones, rare ones, rugs that are bought once and seldom if ever sold again."

"Why, yes. That's my business." George had no silly ideas about trade. He had never posed as a gentleman's son in the sense that it meant idleness.

Ryanne presented his card.

"How do you pronounce it?" asked George naively.

"As they do in Cork."

"I never saw it spelled that way before."

"Nothing surprising in that," replied Ryanne. "No one else has, either."

George laughed and waited for the explanation.

"You see, Ryan is as good a name as they make them; but it classes with prize-fighters, politicians and bar chemists. The two extra letters put the finishing touch to the name. A jewel is all right, but what tells is the way you hang it round your neck. To me, those additional letters represent the jewel Ryan in the hands of a Lalique."

"You talk like an American."

"I am; three generations. What's the matter?" with sudden concern.

George was frowning. "Haven't I met you somewhere before?"

"Not to my recollection." A speculative frown now marred Ryanne's forehead. It did not illustrate a search in his memory for such a casualty as the meeting of George. He never forgot a face and certainly did not remember George's. Rather, the frown had its source in the mild dread that Percival Algernon had seen him somewhere during one of those indispositions of the morning after. "No, I think you have made a mistake."

"Likely enough. It just struck me that you looked something like a chap named Wadsworth, who was half-back on the varsity, when I entered my freshman year."

"A university man? Lord, no! I was turned loose at ten; been hustling ever since." Ryanne spoke easily, not a tremor in his voice, although he had received a slight mental jolt. "No; no college record here. But I want to chat with you about rugs. I've heard of you, indirectly."

"From the carpet fellows? We do a big business over here. What have you got?"

"Well, I've a rug up in my room I'd like to show you. I want your judgment for one thing. Will you do me the favor?"

Since the girl had disappeared and with her those imaginary appurtenances that had for a space transformed the lounging-room into a stage, George saw again with normal vision that the room was simply a common meeting-ground for well-dressed persons and ill-dressed persons, of the unimpeachable, the impeccable, the doubtful and the peccant; for in Cairo, as in ancient Egypt, there is every class and kind of humans, for whom the Decalogue was written, transcribed, and shattered by the turbulent Moses, an incident more or less forgotten these days. From the tail of his eye he gave swift scrutiny to his chance acquaintance, and he found nothing to warrant suspicion. It was not an unusual procedure for men to hunt him up in Cairo, in Constantinople, in Smyrna, or in any of the Oriental cities where his business itinerary led him. The house of Mortimer & Jones was widely known. This man Ryanne might have been anywhere between thirty and forty. He was tall, well set up, blond and smooth-skinned. True, he appeared to have been ill-fed recently. A little more flesh under the cheek-bones, a touch of color, and the Irishman would have been a handsome man. George could read a rug a league off, as they say, but he was a child in the matter of physiognomy, whereas Ryanne was a past-master in this regard; it was necessary both for his business and safety.

"Certainly, I'll take a look at it. But I tell you frankly," went on George, "that to interest me it's got to be a very old one. You see, it's a little fad of mine, outside the business end of it. I'm crazy over real rugs, and I know something about every rare one in existence, or known to exist. Is it a copy?"

"No. I'll tell you more about it when we get to my room."

"Come on, then." George was now quite willing to discuss rugs and carpets.

Having gained the room, Ryanne threw off his coat and relighted his cigar, which, in a saving mood, he had allowed to go out. He motioned George to be seated.

"Just a little yarn before I show you the rug. See these cuffs?"

"Yes."

"You will observe that I have had to reverse them. Note this collar? Same thing. Trousers-hems a bit frayed, coat shiny at the elbows." Ryanne exhibited his sole fortune. "Four sovereigns between me and a jail."

George became thoughtful. He was generous and kind-hearted among those he knew intimately or slightly, but he had the instinctive reserve of the seasoned traveler in cases like this. He waited.

"The truth is, I'm all but done for. And if I fail to strike a bargain here with you. . . . Well, I should hate to tell you the result. Our consul would have to furnish me passage home. Were you ever up against it to the extent of reversing your cuffs and turning your collars? You don't know what life is, then."

George gravely produced two good cigars and offered one to his host. There was an absence of sound, broken presently by the cheerful crackle of matches; two billowing clouds of smoke floated outward and upward. Ryanne sighed. Here was a cigar one could not purchase in all the length and breadth of the Orient, a Pedro Murias. In one of his doubtfully prosperous epochs he had smoked them daily. How long ago had that been?

"Yonder is a rug, a prayer-rug, as holy to the Moslem as the idol's eye is to the Hindu, as the Bible is to the Christian. For hundreds of years it never saw the outside of the Sultan's palace. One day the late, the recently late, Abdul the Unspeakable Turk, gave it to the Pasha of Bagdad. Whenever this rug makes its appearance in Holy Mecca, it is worshiped, and none but a Sultan or a Sultan's favorite may kneel upon it. Bagdad, the hundred mosques, the old capital of Suleiman the Great, the dreary Tigris and the sluggish Euphrates, a muezzin from the turret calls to prayer, and all that; eh?"

George leaned forward from his chair, a gentle terror in his heart. "The Yhiordes? By Jove! is that the Yhiordes?"

Admiration kindled in Ryanne's eyes. To have hit the bull's-eye with so free and quick an aim was ample proof that Percival Algernon had not boasted when be said that he knew something about rugs.

"You've guessed it."

"How did you come by it?" George demanded excitedly.

"Why do you ask that?"

"Man, ten-thousand pounds could not purchase that rug, that bit of carpet. Collectors from every port have been after it in vain. And you mean to tell me that it lies there, wrapped in butcher's paper?"

"Right-O!"

Ryanne solemnly detached a cuff and rolled up his sleeve. The bare muscular arm was scarred by two long, ugly knife-wounds, scarcely healed. Next he drew up a trousers-leg, disclosing a battered shin. "And there's another on my shoulder-blade, the closest call I ever had. A man who takes his life in his hands, as I have done, merits some reward. Mr. Jones, I'll be frank with you. I am a kind of derelict. Since I was a boy, I have hated the humdrum of offices, of shops. I wanted to be my own man, to go and come as I pleased. To do this and live meant precarious exploits. This rug represents one of them. I am telling you the family secret; I am showing you the skeleton in the closet, confidentially. I stole that rug; and when I say that the seven labors of our old friend Hercules were simple diversions compared, you'll recognize the difficulties I had to overcome. You know something of the Oriental mind. I handled the job alone. I may not be out of the jungle yet."

George listened entranced. He could readily construct the scenes through which this adventurer had gone; the watchful nights, the untiring patience, the thirst, the hunger, the heat. And yet, he could hardly believe. He was a trifle skeptical. Many a rogue had made the mistake of playing George's age against his experience. He had made some serious blunders in the early stages of the business, however; and everybody, to gain something in the end, must lose something at the start.

"If that rug is the one I have in mind, you certainly have stolen it. And if it's a copy, I'll tell you quickly enough."

"That's fair. And that's why," Ryanne declared, "I wanted you to look at it. To me, considering what I have gone through to get it, to me it is the genuine carpet. To your expert eye it may be only a fine copy. I know this much, that rare rugs and paintings have many copies, and that some one is being hooked, sold, bamboozled, sandbagged, every day in the week. If this is the real article, I want you to take it off my hands," the adventurer finished pleasantly.

"There will be a hue and cry."

"No doubt of it."

"And the devil's own job to get it out of Egypt." These were set phrases of the expert, preliminaries to bargaining. "One might as well carry round a stolen elephant."

"But a man who is as familiar with the game as you are would have little difficulty. Your integrity is an established fact, on both sides of the water. You could take it to New York as a copy, and no appraiser would know the difference. It's worth the attempt. I'd take it to New York myself, but you see, I am flat broke. Come; what do you or I care about a son-of-a-gun of a Turk?" drolly.

"What do you want for it, supposing it's genuine?" George's throat was dry and his voice harsh. His conscience roused herself, feebly, for it had been a long time since occasion had necessitated her presence.

Ryanne narrowed his eyes, carefully balancing the possibilities. "Say, one thousand pounds. It is like giving it away. But when the devil drives, you know. It is beyond any set price; it is worth what any collector is willing to pay for it. I believe I know the kind of man you are, Mr. Jones, and that is why, when I learned you were in Cairo, I came directly to you. You would never sell this rug. No. You would become like a miser over his gold. You would keep it with your emeralds (I have heard about them, too); draw the curtains, lock the doors, whenever you looked at it. Eh? You would love it for its own sake, and not because it is worth so many thousand pounds. You are sailing in a few days; that will help. The Pasha is in Constantinople, and it will be three or four weeks before he hears of the theft, or the cost," with a certain grimness.

"You haven't killed any one?" whispered George.

"I don't know; perhaps. Christianity against paganism; the Occidental conscience permits it." Ryanne made a gesture to indicate that he would submit to whatever moral arraignment Mr. Jones deemed advisable to make.

But George made none. He rose hastily, sought his knife and, without so much as by your leave, slashed the twine, flung aside the paper, and threw the rug across the counterpane. It was the Yhiordes. There was not the slightest doubt in his mind. He had heard it described, he had seen a photograph of it, he knew its history and, most vital of all, he owned a good copy of it.

Against temptation that was robust and energetic and alluring (like the man who insists upon your having a drink when you want it and ought not to have it), what chance had conscience, grown innocuous in the long period of the young man's good behavior? Collectors are always honest before and after that moment arrives when they want something desperately; and George was no more saintly than his kind. And how deep Ryanne and his confederates had delved into human nature, how well they could read and judge it, was made manifest in this moment of George's moral relapse.

Bagdad, the jinns, Sinbad, the Thousand and One Nights, Alibaba and the "Good night." George passed down the corridor to the adjoining room.

And now, bang! goes Pandora's box.

CHAPTER IV.

An Old Acquaintance.

That faculty which decides on the lawlessness of our actions; so the noted etymologist described conscience. It fell to another distinguished intellect to add that conscience makes cowards of us all. Ay. She may be overcome at times, sidetracked for any special desire that demands a clear way; but she's after us, fast enough, with that battered red lantern of hers, which, brought down from all tongues crisply into our own, reads—"Don't do it!" She herself is not wholly without cunning. She rarely stands boldly upon the track to flag us as we come. She realizes that she might be permanently ditched. No; it is far safer to run after us and catch Forty Thieves; George was transported mentally to that magic city, standing between the Tigris and the Euphrates, in all its white glory of a thousand years gone. Ryanne, the room and its furnishings, all had vanished, all save the exquisite fabric patterned out of wool and cotton and knotted with that mingling love and skill and patience the world knows no more. He let his hand stray over it. How many knees had pressed its thick yet pliant substance? How many strange scenes had it mutely witnessed, scenes of beauty, of terror? It shone under the light like the hide of a healthy hound.

The nerves of a smoker are generally made apparent by the rapidity of his exhalations. These two, in the several minutes, had filled the room with a thick, blue haze; and through this the elder man eyed the younger. The sign of the wolf gleamed in his eyes, but without animosity, modified as it was by the half-friendly, half-cynical smile.

"I'll risk it," said George finally, having stepped off the magical carpet, as it were. "I can't give you a thousand pounds tonight. I can give you three hundred, and the balance tomorrow, between ten and eleven, at Cook's."

"That will be agreeable to me."

George passed over all the available cash he had, rolled up the treasure and tucked it under his arm. That somewhere in the world was a true believer, wailing and beating his breast and calling down from Allah curses upon the giaour, the dog of an infidel, who had done this thing, disturbed George not in the least.

"I say," as he opened the door, "you must tell me all about the adventure. It must have been a thriller."

"It was," replied Ryanne. "The story will keep. Later, if you care to hear it."

"Of course," added George, moved by a discretionary thought, "this transaction is just between you and me."

"You may lay odds on that," heartily. "Well, good night. See you at Cook's in the morning."

us. A digression, perhaps, but more pertinently an application.

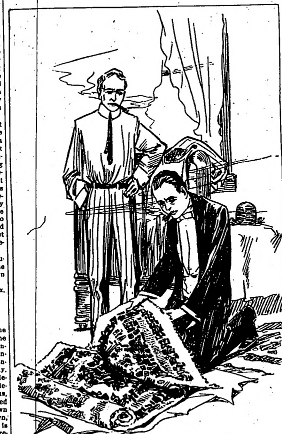
Temptation then no longer at his shoulder, George began to have qualms, little chaps, who started buzzing into his moral ears with all that maddening, interminable drone which makes one marvel however do schoolteachers survive their first terms. Among these qualms there was none that pleaded for the desolate Turk or his minions whose carelessness had made the theft possible. For all George cared, the Moslem might grind his forehead in the soulless sand and make the air palpitate with his plaints to Allah. No. The disturbance was due to the fact that never before had he been wittingly the purchaser of stolen goods. He never tried to gloze over the subtle distinction between knowing and suspecting; and if he had been variously suspicious in regard to certain past bargains, conscience had found no sizeable wedge for her demurrers. The Yhiordes was confessedly stolen.

He paused, with his hand upon the door-knob of his room. If he didn't keep the rug, it would fall into the hands of a collector less scrupulous. To return it to the Pasha at Bagdad would be pure folly, and thankless. It was one of the most beautiful weavings in existence. It was as priceless in its way as any Raphael in the Vatican. And he desired its possession intensely. Why not? Insidious phrase! Was it not better that the world should see and learn what a wonderful craft the making of a rare rug had been, than to allow it to return to the sordid chamber of a harem, to inevitable ruin? As Ryanne said, what the deuce was a fanatical Turk or Arab to him?

Against these specious arguments in favor of becoming the adventurer's abettor and accomplice, there was first the possible stain of blood. The man agreed that he had come away from Bagdad in doubt. George did not like the thought of blood. Still, he had collected a hundred emeralds, not one of which was without its red record. Again, if he carried the rug home with his other purchases, he could pull it through the customs only by lying, which was as distasteful to his mind as being a receiver of stolen goods.

He had already paid a goodly sum against the purchase; and it was not likely that a man who was down to reversing his collars and cuffs would take back the rug and refund the money. The Yhiordes was his, happen what might. So conscience snuffed out her red lantern and retired.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



It Was the Yhiordes.

Poor as a Church Mouse

Since Confetti Came Into Use, the Saying Has More Meaning Than at Former Times.

The sexton of a fashionable New York church was sweeping into a large mound the bright purple, red and yellow discs of confetti which littered the church entrance and steps.

"This month," he said, "I have had already 35 weddings in my church. And at every one of these weddings paper confetti was thrown at the bride instead of rice.

"The confetti fashion is very welcome to us sextons. When rice was used our churches were overrun with mice. The saying, 'As poor as a church mouse,' was then meaningless. Why, in my church, where weddings are so popular, several hundreds of mice—fat chaps they were, too—found an ample food supply in the rice that was sprinkled over the brides.

"Now that rice has been abandoned for paper confetti, these mice have all disappeared. They were starved out. They couldn't live on paper."

Bending with difficulty to collect a few obstinate pieces of the bright paper confetti that stuck to the floor, the old sexton added:

"Of course, these bits of paper are much more awkward for me to sweep up than rice. But, even so, I hope the confetti fashion has come to stay."

Public Schools.

In antiquity the masses of the people grew up in ignorance of things literary. Public education—the education that exists for the masses of the people—began, practically, with John Calvin's rule in Geneva, from which time popular education had steadily gained ground. The free school system had its beginning in Great Britain, about the year 1780, with Robert Raikes and his Sunday school movement. It was not until 1860, however, that the free public schools began to get itself firmly rooted in the British Isles. In this country from the start the idea of universal education was championed by Jefferson and other leaders among us, and the idea has never ceased to be fundamental with us, as absolutely necessary to the prevention of the liberty on which the government is founded.

Odd Case of Friendship.

At the present time a most unusual case of affection between a domiciled and a comparatively wild animal is to be witnessed at the little English hamlet of Spoonley, near Market Drayton. On the farm of Mr. William Woodburn for a week or two past, a small rough, somewhat vicious terrier from the farmstead has been noticed gambolling in the fields with a large well-developed hare. Such an attachment is most uncommon.

Happens Sometimes.

"Get off and let's go to the ball game."

"I got off the other day. Can't repeat so soon."

"Then we'll go to the theater tonight."

"Can't do that either. The office plays a double-header and we work tonight."

Ingenious Alarm Clock.

A French jeweler has brought out an electric alarm clock that will ring a bell or perform other services one or more times a day at a set hour every day or only on designated days.

Patience is No Virtue!

Be Impatient with Backache!

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Too patiently do many women endure backache, languor, dizziness and urinary ills, thinking them part of woman's lot. Often it is only weak kidneys and Doan's Kidney Pills would cure the case.

A MISSOURI CASE.

Mrs. H. J. Linnebur, 908 Madison St., St. Charles, Mo., says: "I was miserable from backache, pains in my head and dizziness. My housework was a burden. Doan's Kidney Pills stopped these troubles and removed annoyances from the kidney secretions. I have much to be grateful for."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

$65 TO $200

A Month. Learn a new profession. Seven Weeks. We have jobs for three hundred men before May 1st, 1913.
INDIANA SCHOOL OF TRACTIONEERING,
100 PINE LAKE AVE., LAPORTE, IND.

Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

TYPEWRITERS

All makes from $15 up. Over 1000 to select from, all guaranteed. Machines rented 3 months for $5. Write for bargain list No. 4., AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota

WANTED Men to learn Barber trade. Easy work. Big wages. Few weeks completes. Expert instructions. Tools given. Beautiful illustrated catalog free. Moller Barber College, 23 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Counsel of Despair.

"I want a piece of meat without any bone, fat or gristle," said the bride, on her first trip to market. "Yes, ma'am," replied the butcher. "I would suggest that you take an egg."—Youth's Companion.

A Tender Point.

"What got you into trouble with this policeman?" demanded the New York judge.

"Just trying to ask him a civil question, your honor," said the visitor, "nothing more."

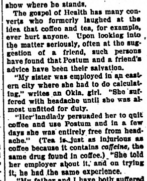
"What was that question?"

"I just asked him when the next official murder would be dragged off."

Farms for Children.

Perhaps the smallest farms in the world, each four by eight feet, have been devised by Mrs. Henry Parsons for the International Children's School Farm league, and demonstrated in New York. Each child becomes owner of his diminutive farm, in which he works, grows and harvests seven different kinds of vegetables, and these are borne by him in triumph to his family. About each farm is an 18-inch path, which he keeps in order; under his instructor it becomes a tiny object lesson in good roads.

PALMISTS, ATTENTION.



She—Do you think that big hands are a sign of generosity?

He—Sure; the generosity of nature.

SCOFFERS
Often Make the Staunchest Converts.

The man who scoffs at an idea or doctrine which he does not fully understand has at least the courage to show where he stands.

The gospel of Health has many converts who formerly laughed at the idea that coffee and tea, for example, ever hurt anyone. Upon looking into the matter seriously, often at the suggestion of a friend, such persons have found that Postum and a friend's advice have been their salvation.

"My sister was employed in an eastern city where she had to do calculating," writes an Okla. girl. "She suffered with headache until she was almost unfitted for duty.

"Her landlady persuaded her to quit coffee and use Postum and in a few days she was entirely free from headache." (Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains *caffeine*, the same drug found in coffee.) "She told her employer about it, and on trying it, he had the same experience.

"My father and I have both suffered much from nervous headache since I can remember, but we scoffed at the idea advanced by my sister, that coffee was the cause of our trouble.

"However, we finally quit coffee and began using Postum. Father has had but one headache now in four years, due to a severe cold, and I have lost my headaches and sour stomach, which I am now convinced came from coffee.

"A cup of good, hot Postum is satisfying to me when I do not care to eat a meal. Circumstances caused me to locate in a new country and I feared I would not be able to get my favorite drink, Postum, but I was relieved to find that a full supply is kept here with a heavy demand for it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

RHEUMATISM
Backache and Piles

Z-M-O

We do not ask you to buy—send your name and address and receive a sample bottle free.

Z-M-O penetrates to bone thru skin and muscle and removes pain 5 minutes after you apply it.

You may not need Z-M-O today, yet tomorrow pay any price to relieve pain.

FREE BOTTLE

If you have Rheumatism, Piles or Backache write to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 913 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis., for a free bottle Z-M-O by return mail. At drug stores, 25 cts.

MADE A CLEAN JOB OF IT

First Time Old Gentleman Had Eaten a Crab, and He Left Nothing on the Dish.

A jolly old boy from the Midlands entered into one of the hotels at the seaside, and, seeing on the slab on the right a crab dressed on the shell with legs, claws and parsley ranged round, said to the landlord:

"What d'ye call that?"

"Crab," was the answer.

"Looks good. I'll have 'un; and gie us a pint o' ale."

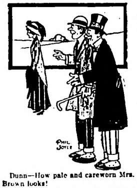
Bread and butter was added and the diner left to his dinner. In about an hour the genial landlord entered the dining room to see if his guest was getting on all right. He found him chawing up the last claw, the chawer red in the face, but beaming.

"Like the crab, sir?"

"Yes; he was capital. I never tasted one afore. But I think you baked 'un a little too long; the crust was hard. Let's have another pint."

He had eaten the lot—shell, claws all complete.—London Tit-Bits.

AN ARTISTIC DEVOTEE.



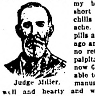
Dunn—How pale and careworn Mrs. Brown looks!

Gunn—Yes, she has on her Lenten complexion.

JUDGE CURED, HEART TROUBLE.

I took about 6 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills for Heart Trouble from which I had suffered for 5 years. I had dizzy spells, my eyes puffed, my breath was short and I had chills and backache. I took the pills about a year ago and have had no return of the palpitations. Am now 63 years old, able to do lots of manual labor, am well and hearty and weigh about 209 pounds. I feel very grateful that I found Dodds Kidney Pills and you may publish this letter if you wish. I am serving my third term as Probate Judge of Gray Co. Yours truly,

PHILIP MILLER, Cimarron, Kan.


Judge Miller.

Correspond with Judge Miller about this wonderful remedy.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Different Kind.

"I've got a chicken for you if—"

"Sh! Come over here where my wife can't hear you. Now, what's her name?"

"This is a chicken your wife ordered for your Sunday dinner."

Comprehensive.

Uplift Theorist—How does the psychological drama go in this town?

Blunt Manager—It goes broke.

FUNSTEN
Pays Cash for Furs
We Want Ten Million Dollars' Worth of Furs
You get bigger prices, better grading and more money by return mail when you ship your furs to Funsten Bros. & Co. in St. Louis. The biggest American, Canadian and European buyers are represented at our large regular sales. Competition for Funsten Furs is fierce. We get the biggest prices. That's why we can pay you more money for your furs. You deal direct with us. No middlemen to split your profits.
Big Money in Trapping Do trapping during spare time. Mink, coon, skunk, muskrat, fox, wolf, lynx, white weasel, etc., are valuable. We want Ten Million Dollars' worth of just such furs. We want your furs—anything from one skin up.
Use Funsten Animal Bait Guaranteed to increase your catch or money back. $1 can. One man made $1,199 in clear profit in one season. Took Grand Prize, World's Fair, 1904. Used by the U. S. Government. Used sure. We make a different bait for each kind of animal. State kind wanted. Traps furnished at factory cost; also entire outfits at big saving to trappers.
FREE Send for Trappers' Guide, Supply Catalog and Game Laws—3 books in one; also Fur Market Reports, Shipping Tags, etc. All free. Write today.
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PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Prevents hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

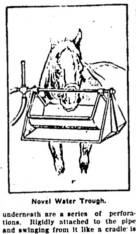
THOMPSON'S EYE WATER
Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Booklet free.
JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N. Y.

LIVE STOCK

WATER TROUGH QUITE NOVEL

Heavy Metal Base Holds Pipe Which Is Attached to the Support So That It Can Revolve.

Something new and odd in the way of water troughs has been designed by a California man. Its novelty lies in the fact that it is self-cleaning. A heavy metal base supports a pipe, which is journaled on the support so that it can revolve thereon. In that section of the pipe that is normally underneath are a series of perforations. Rigidly attached to the pipe and swinging from it like a cradle is the trough. A hose leads from the pipe to a hydrant, and when the water is turned on from the hydrant the trough is quickly filled. If the trough is to be cleaned it can be inverted, and as the holes in the pipe follow it around, a stream of water is squirted up up against it and flushes it. This receptacle can also be used as a feed trough and the hose attachment used only to clean it.


Novel Water Trough.

MANAGING THE ANGORA GOAT

Animals Have Natural Inclination to Browse on Coarse Herbage, but Must Have Other Feed.

(By B. E. LARA.)

Goats, like other animals, must be fed or they will die. Some people do not seem to recognize this fact, but it is true. Goats have a natural inclination to browse on shrubs, weeds or any other coarse-leaved herbage, but they must have nutritious feed in addition to thrive.

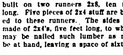
If Angora goats are fed and treated as one would treat sheep they will get along very well. In the winter time they need clean clover hay and some grain, and clean, fresh water at all times. The goat is almost as finicky as the sheep and requires water untainted by any other animal, sweet grain and hay, as they will not touch these feeds if they are musty.

Too much has been said about the ability of goats as weed destroyers. It is true they will clean up a pasture of coarse weeds, and so will sheep; we have never been able to discover much difference and, taking everything into consideration, we believe that the farmer who raises sheep instead of goats will get better satisfaction from his flock.

RACK FOR FEEDING FODDER

If Sides and Bottom Are Made Tight Grain May Be Fed as Well as Roughage—May Be Moved.

A rack for feeding fodder may be built on two runners 2x8, ten feet long. Five pieces of 2x4 stuff are bolted to these runners. The sides are made of 2x4's, five feet long, to which may be nailed such lumber as may be at hand, leaving a space of sixteen inches about eighteen inches from the bottom of the rack. If the sides and bottom of this rack are made tight grain can be fed in them as well as fodder, says the Iowa Homestead. They will also hold quite a lot of hay and so may be used as a hay rack. This rack may be moved from one location to another as needed.


Feed Rack.

Breaking Colt to Lead.

In breaking a colt to lead do not separate from the dam, but place a small halter on the colt and then have some one lead the mare around. The colt will naturally follow. By gentle pressure or tension on the halter it is surprising how quickly the little fellow will learn to follow you instead of his mother. Care must be taken not to throw, frighten or injure him if he becomes excited, as it would have the bad effect of making him nervous when being handled.

Weight of the Team.

The small mule and horse are enemies to good farming. Deep plowing cannot be done with the light team, and deep stirring of the soil is one of the fundamentals. Get weight in your teams so you can plow right.

Disease Preventive.

The man who keeps everything neat and clean about his hog yards is not very apt to have any trouble from cholera or any other disease, provided, of course, that he feeds good clean feed.

SECURING PROFIT IN SHEEP

If Pure-Bred and Well Cared for They Pay Handsomely—Need Shelter in Severe Weather.

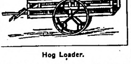
My sheep are pure American Merinos, all registered. Two of this kind I can keep in summer or winter with the same care and feed with which one of most any other breed can be kept, says a writer in an exchange. My sheep barn is a closed building with a broad door so that the sheep can go in and out without crowding each other. The feeding racks in one room are on the outside; the other room has a double rack through the middle. I give my sheep a large run in the fall so they go into winter quarters in good condition and never leave them out in heavy rains through the season.

The breeding ewes are let out every morning in winter to eat their grain, which is oats, and to give them exercise. I feed them hay three times a day. Some only feed twice. I only give them a little at noon time, also give their pens a litter of oat straw two or three times a week. I try to have my sheep shorn before they drop their lambs so the little fellows have no trouble to find their first meal. The ewe that is in good condition has a good supply of milk and almost always owns her lamb. I never keep salt by them, but feed it to them once a week. I have water by them all the time. I never allow the ram to run with the ewes. The rams that are to be used are fed three-quarters oats and one-quarter wheat mixed. The young lambs in the fall and winter are fed twice daily a grain ration of oats and sometimes wheat bran half mixed.

DEVICE FOR LOADING SWINE

Detailed Instructions and Illustration Given for Construction of Implement Handy on Farm.

The device described and shown herewith may be found very handy on any farm. Take a mower truck, hammer and cold chisel and knock off the prongs and so make a smooth wheel. Then drive out the pins that go through the shaft. Take the sickle bars from an old binder for sills. Lay the guard holes down and stick a bolt in the holes where the pins were and through the holes where the guards were. Then you have a hole every two inches and by taking off the burrs you can change to any height from a high wagon to a bob sled. Put a good piece of oak on the upper end 2x8, bore two holes in the center, then take an old tongue and bore two holes through it, stick in the bolt and you have a cart. Have an end gate for each end so that the sow, pigs or calves can be removed from one pen to another with ease.


Hog Loader.

Raising Race Winners.

Before deciding to patronize any particular stallion, though his blood lines may be pleasing, the small breeder who is desirous of raising race winners should learn whether the horse has sired race winning speed or not. He should also learn whether the ancestors of the stallion on both sides have been successful either as race winners themselves or as sires or producers of uniform race winning speed. The horse all of whose ancestors for several generations have been the most successful in this respect, other things being equal, is the most likely to transmit race winning speed.

Shoeing the Colt.

The first shoeing of a colt is the most important, not only in the fit of the shoes, but also in seeing that the colt is not badly scared by the forge the unusual handling and new sounds. Horses mean to shoe are generally the result of improper handling at early shoeings.

Stunted Pigs.

Be careful not to treat in any way or fed your pigs so as to stunt their growth, for a pig once stunted never can be fed so economically as before the stunted period of his life began and he will never be such a hog as he or she otherwise would have been.

Slobber in Horses.

Cabbage will sometimes cure slobber in horses, caused by eating white clover; but it is better to keep the clover away from the horses.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Inferior sows constantly pull down the average of the herd.

Muddy pens in winter are discouraging places to keep a hog.

Sheep will do better on rough land than will any other kind of stock save goats.

Good feeding is an integral part of success in breeding pure-bred swine.

A rigid system of selection of brood sows should be practiced by all swine breeders.

Kaffir fodder should never be fed exclusively to cattle because it will scour them.

The profits of a successful hog man rest largely upon his success in raising pigs.

Few branches of stock feeding offer better inducements than feeding range lambs.

Cattle feeding is not a hazardous business, provided it is done intelligently and conservatively.

Soft coal or coal cinders are relished by pigs and hogs because of the mineral matter they contain.

Hogs that have a natural shelter and a good dry ground under them will always do well in winter.

Lambs to be finished for market should go into winter feeding quarters before the weather becomes cold and unsettled.

HIDDEN CHURCHES OF BEROEA

Edifices Were Refuges for Macedonian Christians From Turkish Persecution.

Beroea.—By far the most interesting sight to the modern traveler in Macedonia, says the Christian Herald, is that of the "hidden churches" of Beroea. I have consulted many volumes of commentaries and descriptive writings, the scanty guide books of Macedonia and all other available sources of information and find no remotest allusion to this most interesting feature of Beroea.

Even the missionaries and Greek Christians of Salonica, 40 miles away, so far as I could learn, had never heard of them. There are no less than 72 of these hidden churches which were tucked away in all sorts of obscure and undreamed of corners, when, some hundreds of years ago, the Greeks were in deadly fear of Turkish persecution.

Typical Greek Street.

No outward sign gave a hint that a church was anywhere in the vicinity, but our guide led us through crooked, narrow streets with overhanging balconies whose upper stories almost touched each other; then would enter a courtyard where a family or perhaps a dozen families lived and where the housemothers were cooking the noonday meal or doing the weekly washing. Out of this courtyard another door would open into a still narrower yard, and there at the end perhaps we would see a door with a rude cross marked in charcoal or in chalk upon it.

One of the inhabitants of this inner courtyard would be found to have the key of the door and, opening it, would usher us into a tiny church, perhaps not more than ten feet square, but in it we would always see one or more icons or pictures of Christ and the saints, covered with tinsel or gold foil except for their hands and faces. There would also be a row of candle spikes on which to impale the tapers so freely used in Greek worship, an altar, and a holy of holies behind a painted curtain.

Some of these churches were much larger than such a one as I have described and on the further side there was often a way of egress, sometimes an underground passage, so that if the persecuting Turks should catch the worshippers at their devotions they might escape massacre by flight.

ARRESTED FOR DOG'S TRICKS

Railway Station Blocked by Impromptu Circus Performance at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Because his trained dog performed tricks in Broad street station and caused a crowd to collect, Arthur Randall of 1918 Rittenhouse street, was arrested and arraigned before Magistrate Track, sitting in the Twentieth district police station. He was discharged after being reprimanded. Randall went into the station with his pet water spaniel on a leash. When his pet began to display the more than ordinary acquirements of the dog Special Policeman Horn demanded that the exhibition cease, and it was upon this ultimatum that the policeman and the owner of the dog took issue. A lively argument followed, which resulted in the arrest of Randall.

FISH WORMS LEGAL TENDER

Barber Gives Shave for Each Can o' Bait Brought to Shop by Illinois Farmer.

Mount Carmel, Ill.—Fish bait at present is one of the scarcest commodities to be found in this city and vicinity, and fishermen are most numerous.

As a result, many of the small boys are working overtime digging worms for a lively market.

Everett Deffindall, a barber, however, has outwitted them all in the matter of obtaining worms.

He made a contract with a farmer near the city, on whose place worms grow big and thick, to give him a shave for each can of worms he got.

The plan has worked handsomely, the farmer coming in to town regularly to get his shave, with a can of wigglers.

Urge Sterilization of Defectives.

New York.—Before the Technological society, Dr. Charles L. Dana of Cornell urged the sterilization of defectives, to prevent an increase in the feeble-minded and abnormal portion of our population.

FINAL RESULT OF IMPURE BLOOD

The System Is Left Weak, Run Down and Helpless Against the Attacks of Disease.

If you need strength, if your blood is thin, your digestion disordered, it will pay you to investigate the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the remedy that has transformed so many weak, anaemic, dyspeptic, ambitionless people into strong, healthy, hungry men and women.

Mrs. Lena May Roberts, whose address is R. F. D. No. 3, Aberdeen, So. Dakota after several months of suffering finally found the right tonic in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She says:

"For months after the birth of my baby, I suffered terribly from a general breakdown in health. I was in bed for three months and after that was able to be up only part of the time. I was sick all over, being pale, weak and thin. My appetite was gone and my head ached most of the time. Oftentimes there seemed to be a rush of blood to my head and I would faint away. I was very nervous and was not strong enough to do any work.

"As the treatment I was taking did not help me, I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which a friend said had helped her. After taking a few boxes, I began to get well rapidly. I continued using them for a time and am now as well and strong as ever in my life."

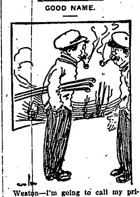
The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in general debility lies in their direct response to the needs of the blood. Their work is to make new blood. That they do this well is shown by the gradual disappearance of the symptoms and the return of color and health. They lay the foundation for permanent health in the future.

For the same reason these pills have cured anaemia, after-effects of the grip and fevers, rheumatism, indigestion, and nervousness, dizziness, neuralgia and St. Vitus' dance, and are recommended wherever a tonic for the blood and nerves is needed.

A valuable booklet, "Diseases of the Blood," containing fuller information about rheumatism and other diseases of the blood will be sent free upon request.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

GOOD NAME.



Weston—I'm going to call my private golf links Bunker Hill.

Preston—Why?

Weston—I can never win on them.

Calumet Ends "Bad Luck."

Remember when you were a youngster, what a trial baking day was? If Mother was lucky, everything went finely—but if she had "bad luck" her cakes and her pies and her bread were failures. Her success in baking seemed to depend almost altogether on "luck."

Nowadays there's no such thing as "baking luck." At least, not in the kitchens of the up-to-date cooks. Simply because Calumet Baking Powder has smashed that old time idea. It has made baking sure of success. It has made inexperienced cooks able to bake perfectly, and day after day it is saving hundreds of dollars' worth of time and materials by doing away with costly failures.

Calumet Baking Powder is the purest baking powder made—and guaranteed not only to BE pure, but to stay pure in the CAN and in the BAKING. Calumet has twice been officially judged the BEST baking powder made—receiving the highest awards at the World's Pure Food Expositions in Chicago (1907) and in Paris (1912). Adv.

Lot of Money Well Spent.

Arthur Blanchard, who spends much of his time traveling over the country for the government, was seated behind a bride and groom in a Pullman car one afternoon when the train went through a long tunnel. As it emerged into the light of day the bride was grabbing desperately at her hat and fighting three fast rounds with one or two hatpins which had become loosened.

In order to relieve the situation and inject some harmless conversation into the gap, Blanchard remarked:

"This tunnel cost $12,000,000."

"Well," said the bride, judicially, "it was worth it."—Popular Magazine.

Diana of the Air.

The beautiful and athletic Eleanora Sears, at a luncheon at Sherry's, said of aviation:

"I like the biplane well enough, and the monoplane I am simply head over heels in love with."

To this remark one of Miss Sears' many unsuccessful suitors answered reproachfully:

"Ah, another case of man being supplanted by machinery!"

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Rather Mixed.

"He's dead in earnest."

"Yes, I've noticed he's a live one."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets first put up 40 years ago. They regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules. Adv.

Buy experience if you want a permanent investment.

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Sometimes a burglar leaves little to be desired.

ROYALTY WELCOMES THE AMERICAN SETTLER

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS, THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, WELCOMES AMERICANS TO CANADA.

It was a happy speech, that on that beautiful October day, the Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, made at Macleod, Alberta. It was an opportune speech, heartful and resonant with good fellowship. And, as it was specially intended for American ears, the audience, comprised largely of so many American settlers in Canada, the time and place could not have been better chosen.

It was in reply to an address of welcome tendered to him at the pretty city of Macleod, with the foothills of the Rockies as a setting, and the great wheat fields between, and in fact all around the place as the foreground, that His Highness, true to the best interests of the country and to those of the Americans who choose to make Canada their home, said in part:

"I am well aware that among those whom I am now addressing, there are a very great proportion who were not born under the British flag. Most of these will have realized by now that residence under that flag implies no disabilities. All we ask is that the laws of Canada should be obeyed.

"With this provision every one is free to come and go, to marry, to live and to die as seems best to him, and as it pleases Providence.

"We bring no pressure to bear on anyone to adopt the Canadian nationality, for we do not value citizenship which is obtained under compulsion.

"Our American cousins are welcome from over the border. Thrice we welcome our Canadian and British brothers, who return to the Union Jack, after living under the Stars and Stripes.

"History is repeating itself. For many years hundreds of young Britishers have sought fortune in the western States. Time has brought about a change, and the tide has set in the other direction, bringing across the frontier numbers of our neighbors to whom we are glad to return hospitalities.

"One of the chief dispensers of such hospitality in proportion to its population has, as we have said, changed its character from an important cattle town to a thriving wheat producing area.

"What it has lost from the picturesque point of view, it has gained in the material side, and I wish, in conclusion, to express the hope that the prosperity which has evinced itself here for the past ten years, may continue unabated in the future."

There is no reason why at a hundred places on this educative, instructive and interesting trip of His Royal Highness he might not have expressed himself in the same terms, and on each occasion, addressed large gatherings of Americans who are now settled on the prairies of Western Canada.—Advertisement.

Stretching It Some.

Two men were boasting about their rich kin. Said one: "My father has a big farm in Connecticut. It is so big that when he goes to the barn on Monday morning to milk the cows he kisses us all goodby, and he doesn't get back till the following Saturday."

"Why does it take him so long?" the other asked.

"Because the barn is so far away from the house."

"Well, that may be a pretty big farm, but compared to my father's farm in Pennsylvania your father's farm ain't no bigger than a city lot!"

"Why, how big is your father's farm?"

"Well, it's so big that my father sends young married couples out to the barn to milk the cows, and the milk is brought back by their grandchildren."

Of Course.

"Women always succeed in civic affairs when they organize a broom brigade."

"Naturally, they made a clean sweep."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

If a man and wife are one it is because they are tied for first place.

TIRED BLOOD WEAKENS THE HEART

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

Heart Weakness is caused by Tired Blood which lacks the necessary power and energy to produce proper muscular heart action, causing Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Poor Circulation, Irregular Beats, Cold Hands and Feet, Fainting, Dizzy Spells, etc. These symptoms of Heart Weakness give warning that the heart is not receiving sufficient nourishment. We can secure the best results, meeting the demand for tonitized blood, by a treatment of Tonitives, taken regularly until the symptoms described have entirely disappeared. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TONITIVES
TRADE MARK
FOR TIRED BLOOD

VALUABLE GIFTS FREE. Sell 24 10c packages post cards, receive rifle, skates, football, watch, necklace, doll, or camera. Write today. KIESTER BROS. & CO., Dept. B, Box 3, LaPorte, Ind.

Pettit's Eye Salve SMARTING SORE LIDS

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 47-1912.

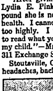
HOW GIRLS MAY AVOID PERIODIC PAINS

The Experience of Two Girls Here Related For The Benefit of Others.

Rochester, N. Y.—"I have a daughter 13 years old who has always been very healthy until recently when she complained of dizziness and cramps every month, so bad that I would have to keep her home from school and put her to bed to get relief.

"After giving her only two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound she is now enjoying the best of health. I cannot praise your Compound too highly. I want every good mother to read what your medicine has done for my child."—Mrs. RICHARD N. DUNHAM, 311 Exchange St., Rochester, N.Y.

Stoutsville, Ohio.—"I suffered from headaches, backache and was very irregular. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and before I had taken the whole of two bottles I found relief. I am only sixteen years old, but I have better health than for two or three years. I cannot express my thanks for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I had taken other medicines but did not find relief."—Miss CORA B. FOSNAUGH, Stoutsville, Ohio, R.F.D., No. 1.



Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for their daughters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Make the Liver Do its Duty
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.
Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.
CARTER'S ITTLE IVER PILLS.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

Cost—
The Original Price of a
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen
is trifling. It is spread over a number of years. Long after the cost is forgotten the recollection of quality remains.
From the Best Stores Everywhere
L. E. Waterman Co. 173 B'way, N. Y.
"The Pen That Everybody Uses"

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER
THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

Free Homesteads
In the new Districts of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta there are thousands of Free Homesteads left, which to the man making entry in 3 years time will be worth from $20 to $25 per acre. These lands are well adapted to grain growing and cattle raising.
EXCELLENT RAILWAY FACILITIES
In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of settlement, and in a short time there will not be a settler who need be more than ten or twelve miles from a line of railway. Railway Rates are regulated by Government Commission.
Social Conditions
The American Settler is at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people already settled there. If you desire to know why the condition of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, rates, etc., to
R. A. GARRETT, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
Canadian Government Agents, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS
If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

INVESTING FOR PROFIT FREE
For Six Months. It is worth $10 a copy to any man intending to invest any money, however small, who has invested money unprofitably, or who can save $5 or more per month, but who hasn't learned the art of investing for profit. It demonstrates the real earning power of money, the knowledge financiers and bankers hide from the masses. It reveals the enormous profits bankers make and shows how to make the same profits. It explains how stupendous fortunes are made and why made; how $1,000 grows to $22,000. To introduce my magazine write me now. I'll send it six months, absolutely FREE.
H. L. BARBER, Pub., R. 400, 20 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

$400 From One Acre in Mississippi
In 1911, Mr. James A. Cox of Centerville, Mississippi, had one acre of unfertilized ground. He planted sugar cane and that acre produced just 862 gallons of molasses. He put it up in ten pound tins and sold it, deriving a net profit of $400.
How Much Did You Make Per Acre?
Go South where there are no long cold winters or crop failures. Land in Mississippi and Louisiana is very cheap and can be bought on very advantageous terms. Write for beautifully illustrated booklets to J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Commissioner, Room M600 Central Station, Illinois Central R. R., Chicago, Ill.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

A siro is half the herd.

Transplant trees in the fall.

Apples do well in cold storage.

Plow the garden in the fall, if possible.

Tiling increases the acreage without increase of taxes.

Alfalfa hay is a very good feed for the dairy cow, and corn silage is also good.

One great advantage in the poultry business is the quick returns on the investment.

Fine corn meal for the skim milk calf is a good substitute for the more expensive oil meal.

It is easy for one man, with a little help during the brooding season, to raise 4,000 chickens.

To double the amount of milk per acre and cut the cost of milk production in two—build a silo.

The production of green ducks is coming to be a large business, especially in the eastern states.

If from a well-nourished dam and a healthy strain of animals, the pigs rarely need attention at farrowing time.

Hogs should not as a rule be turned into more corn at one time than they can eat up clean in two or three weeks.

In pruning the orchard of diseased limbs and twigs, the pruning shears should be sterilized before and after each operation.

Hogs ought to have all the corn they can properly digest if they are to be pushed along and put quickly upon the market.

The care of the teats should always be observed by the milker, and when they get hard and rough should be anointed with vaseline.

Time spent in cleaning up an orchard in the fall of the year will be amply rewarded with better and cleaner fruit the next season.

When you see the sheep nibbling at their sides take a good look at them. There is something wrong. See if you can't find something wrong. See if you can't find some ticks.

Build silos, grow less acres of corn but utilise the whole crop in its best form, and grow alfalfa on the corn acreage saved for a cheap, palatable, home-grown balancer for corn.

Have a light poultry house, admitting plenty of fresh air without producing direct drafts of air. The germs of most diseases cannot live in fresh air or very strong light.

A yield of 12 tons of silage may easily be obtained from one acre of corn. Allowing 30 pounds of silage as a daily ration, one acre of corn will furnish four cows with silage for 200 days.

A bright, intelligent man, a good manager and a close observer will save more than his wages in the amount of work he will accomplish, and in maintaining the condition of his team.

The value of rape or any non-leguminous crop for green manure will depend very materially upon the mechanical condition of the soil and the rotation of crops which is practiced upon the land.

A house to accommodate a single sow does not need a great deal of ventilation, although there should be enough to keep the air in good condition, but where a dozen or more hogs are kept in the same house perfect ventilation is necessary.

Though it is generally conceded among poultrymen that the long continuous poultry house is well adapted to the housing of grown and laying stock, it is a fact that the young growing stock is better cared for in the separate small colony houses.

A little pig, just like a growing plant, needs sunshine. In both cases it seems to be a sort of tonic that makes the best development possible.

Catch the lame ewe and see if she isn't in the first stages of foot rot. Looks like it from here, though it may be that her hoof only needs trimming.

A good plan to give your hens plenty in the winter is to cover the hen house floor with leaves. Then scatter small grain and crushed corn among the leaves when you feed the fowls at noon. The chickens will get the grain and find wholesome exercise in doing it.

To fatten poultry for market, remove from the yards and place, without overcrowding, in a coop which should be provided with a canvas cover to draw down and keep the inmates in darkness. Do not feed for about six hours after placing in the coop, and then feed all they will eat. Feed three times a day, and keep fresh water and a basin of grit always before them.

Keep the hoe sharpened.

A check rein is a cruelty.

Soy beans are rich in protein.

Spread the farm manure in winter.

Tall weeds should be mowed and burned.

Selling the fertility of the soil is a poor way to get rich.

It is important that some grain be fed pigs intended for the market.

Storm windows should take the place of wire screens on the house.

After your crop is made the problem is how to sell it to the best advantage.

The department of agriculture says that rats do an annual damage of $100,000,000.

Feeding chicks when too young and too much at a time are fruitful sources of bowel trouble.

While you are at it, why not get on the track of some better stock than you have ever kept?

The young trees should be banked with earth, which will keep water from settling about them.

Gardens should be cleared from all remains of the season's crops and prepared for the next year.

The heifer bred too early always remains stunted in growth and her milk flow is shortened for all time.

If you'll save a little seed corn earlier in the season, you'll save a little money later in the season.

The leaves of trees that can be gathered in any quantity during winter and spring are very valuable.

The best compost heap is the manure of horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and fowls. All such should be saved.

The cow-testing movement, being an organized effort for improvement, is conducive to better community spirit.

For the amount of money invested in the poultry business, it pays a larger profit than any other farm specialty.

Silage is very nearly as cheap as pasture and in composition is practically the same, pound for pound, as timothy pasture.

Plow the garden this fall and see how it goes to be able to work the soil which, in the early spring, had this fall plowing.

Do not think because a sheep has a heavy coat of wool he will be able to endure cold rains and sleep without a warm shelter.

The yards and sleeping quarters must be kept dry and clean, as impure air and dampness are two things that a sheep cannot endure.

A part of the poultry on the farm is that covey of quail you have observed in the back fields somewhere, and a little attention to those small fowls is worth while.

It is not bad practice to treat the wheat seed to a liquid spraying of one pound of formaldehyde in forty gallons of water. It will prevent the smut damage.

The most important business of the dairyman is to increase the amount of manurial substances and apply them where they are most needful by the growing crops.

There is one big advantage in sowing the winter wheat late and that is you stand a good chance to escape the Hessian fly, which does so much damage to the wheat fields.

In feeding the cows do not give them more than they can use readily. Any feed that is left in the mangers after the cows are through will naturally represent a certain amount of waste.

Brood sows should have a quiet, warm, dry place where their litters may spend the first weeks of their lives without being unnecessarily disturbed by other animals or inquisitive people.

Unleached wood ashes contain from five to seven per cent. of potash and are an excellent fertilizer. As is well known, the ashes from hard wood are much richer in potash than those from soft wood.

The droppings from the cattle will benefit the pasture more if they are spread or broken up with a spike tooth harrow with the teeth set well aslant. This prevents the grass from being killed out and weeds coming in where the droppings have laid.

A profitable crop cannot be grown on land deficient in humus, which is the same thing as rotted sod or rotted manure, with fertiliser alone.

Pigs that are allowed to run with the sows until she weans them herself are always more thrifty than those that are weaned early. Of course, this is pretty hard on the sow but if she is full fed on milk-producing feed she will not suffer greatly.

A good way to cure a dog of the habit of rushing out at travelers as they pass is to put on an old overcoat or otherwise disguise, fill the garden sprayer with diluted ammonia and give him a dose as he tears out into the road. One dose is generally sufficient.

If the lambs are to be fattened for market start them on a little grain just as soon as they will learn to eat it and feed grain continuously with good pasture until they go to the block. Prime fat ribs cannot be produced by alternate grass and grain. They must be pushed to lay on fat from start to finish.

ONE GIRL'S PLUCK

She Out-Generaled a Robber and Saved Her Father's Position.

By H. M. EGBERT.

As the freight train disappeared round the bend into the distance Menzies crouched under the lee of the bank and looked cautiously around him. His clothes were ragged, his shoes displayed a liberal space of unclad ankle; also, he was hungry. "Hard Luck" Menzies, he was called among his fellow yeggs. Hobo by trade, thief as a side line, his sobriquet had hitherto always justified itself. Where others of his kind received a generous meal he would fall foul of a bulldog; and he hardly ever stole a ride but he was spotted and thrown into the cinder-strewn roadbed.

This time, however, fate seemed to have been kind to him. He had laid his plans well. He had ridden from Uniondale upon a freight and leaped off at the precalculated place without detection. He knew that Old Man Keyes, the station agent, was hurrying west upon the night train that ran by Howland Junction, that his daughter took charge during his rare absences, and that there must be two thousand dollars, all told, in the tiny wayside station which stood alone in the center of a vast plain of swamp-lots.

The night was moonless and this favored him; the chances of capture were almost infinitesimal. Once the money was his he would strike for Uniondale along the pike which paralleled the railroad, and, the five miles completed, what easier than to conceal himself and his hoard among the floating mining population of that little Pennsylvania town?

After a while he rose cautiously from behind the shelter of the bank and, crouching low toward the damp ground, approached the shanty. A single electric light burned within. Against this he could see the profile of a woman seated at a typewriter; he heard as he drew nearer the tap, tap of the keys. At her left hand was a telegraph board; at her right a telephone. His first object, then, must be to withdraw her attention from those two convenient instruments, before he could venture to lay hands upon the comfortable piles of greenbacks which a sure instinct told him lay neatly folded within the drawer of her desk.

All at once his eyes fell upon something that set his heart thumping exultantly. It was a revolver, doubtless the girl's father's, which he had left with her for protection in case anybody should choose that night of all others on which to make his attempt. But she had placed it at her back, on a small table—and just within reach of his hand if he could gain the window sill. With the dexterity born of long practice Menzies hoisted himself upon the sill, and, reaching in carefully, grasped the weapon by the muzzle and drew it toward him.

At that moment the girl suddenly rose, and Menzies, still holding the weapon, crouched back behind the jutting portion of the window frame; in this position he was invisible except in case she should come to the window. The girl took down the receiver. Menzies prepared for flight at her first words. Then, as he remembered that she had made no movement toward the revolver, his courage revived.

"Hello!" she called. "Crosstown! Is that you, Harry? Yes, this is me. Father had to meet the superintendent at Howland Junction this evening and I'm in charge. No; why should I be afraid? He left me his revolver." Menzies heard her laugh softly. Then, "You're at the telephone tonight?" she continued. "Of course I will if I need anybody, but who's going to break in this evening of all nights in the year?"

A few more words and she hung up the receiver. Turning to resume her seat, the girl came face to face with Menzies, now in the room and covering her with the revolver.

"Sorry to scare you, miss," he volunteered, "but I'm not going to harm you. I want that money in that there drawer—likewise the registered mail."

He grinned with the satisfaction of work well done, for the girl, terrified, first uttered a stifled cry and then sank into her chair, half fainting, staring up at him with a look of abject terror. Menzies looked; the key was actually in the drawer.

"Now if you'll sit perfectly still, miss," said Menzies, "you won't be hurt any. I'll just shift you away from that there telegraph."

He carried her in the chair into the center of the office and then set about his task. Inside the drawer, neatly stacked into separate compartments, were various piles of bills—five fifties, a heap of twenties, and several tens and fives. There must have been more nearly a thousand than five hundred dollars, besides a heap of silver, which Menzies prudenly left behind. He would need to travel lightly that evening.

Afterward with his knife he ripped up the registered mail bag. Here disappointment met him; he had not calculated that it was the day before pay day, and that the mail would be light. He thrust a bundle of the more promising looking letters into his pockets. Meanwhile, evidenly completely cowed and frightened, the girl lay back in the chair, watching him with wide-open, horrified eyes. Menzies anticipated no trouble from her. He rose; he was going to put the telegraph and telephone out of commission. The former enterprise he had already accomplished with a small fire ax which lay conveniently near to hand; but as he approached the latter instrument, considering where to begin, the girl spoke for the first time:

"Won't you do something for me first?" she asked piteously.

"Sure, miss," answered Menzies, grinning. "Except put back them bills".

"No, no, it isn't that," she answered hastily. "It's my father. He'll lose his position for this and he's too old to get employment anywhere else."

Menzies leered at her amiably. "Sorry to get him fired from his job," he said. "Whatcher want me to do? Get him another?"

"No, but—"

"Well, what kin I do?" Menzies growled. "Divvy up with him?"

"No. I want you to leave a message saying that you took the money. I'll—I'll write it for you on my typewriter," she added with trembling lips, while her heart began beating furiously. "It won't take a moment. And it's his position."

Menzies was tickled by the idea. As a tramp he had acquired the habit of leaving impudent messages on the walls of hostile farm buildings; this struck him as humorous. Besides, nobody knew his scrawl. "Sure, miss," he answered. "Only, you see, my edication was rather neglected after I left college, and I ain't a first-class speller."

"I only want you to put your name to it," answered the girl. "May I go to the typewriter?"

As Menzies watched her suspiciously, she rose and drew her chair to the front of the machine, in which she inserted a sheet of telegraph paper. The telephone, on which Menzies fixed his eye, ready in case of treachery, stood on a movable arm, placed there for the person at the desk, so that it could be swung back, this obviating the necessity of rising and going to the box on the wall. From the top of the desk projected a pile of ledgers, form books and paper; the girl's eye had quickly noticed that, in pushing back the telephone arm, the hook of the receiver would brush this. By deft manipulation . . .

She pushed it petulantly away, and, as she had hoped, the pile of books caught the hook, so that the receiver was not resting squarely in it. To one unpracticed in the use of the instrument the difference would not have been noticeable; nevertheless the effect was to summon the person at the other end to his receiver. And thus, three miles away, the bell was sounding in Harry Grant's wayside office. He hurried to the receiver.

"Hello!" he called. "Is that you Edna?" He repeated his call twice; and then, in sudden apprehension, listening intently, he heard the faint click-click of the girl's typewriter.

Meanwhile the girl had begun to write her message.

"This is to certify," she wrote, and read, "that I—I?" she looked up inquiringly.

"My monaker, Miss? Menzies—Hard Luck Menzies is what they calls me. I guess we'll let it go at that."

"That I, Hard Luck Menzies, have robbed this office of all the bills that were in the desk, and have likewise stolen the registered mail, during Mr. Keyes' absence." She breathed a huge sigh of relief. Now at all cost she must detain him a few moments. "That means ten years for interfering with the government mails," she said, half incoherently.

"Hell!" answered Menzies irreverently. "Is that all? Go on. 'And I'll meet you all in—heaven.' Now gimme the pen and I'll put my tag to it."

He signed and then, snatching the fire ax, with a few well-directed blows put the telephone out of commission and, buttoning his coat round him, leaped through the window.

As the typewriter ceased and the crash sounded over the wires the man at the other end leaped for his telegraph instrument.

"Robbery at Bainesville," he clicked over the keys. "A woman killed. Telephone Uniondale and all stations." Then he collapsed in his seat and his face went white. But he did not leave his instrument until the answer came.

"How do you know?"

"I got her last message. Morse code on typewriter in front of open 'phone."

That was how "Hard Luck" Menzies came to step into the arms of a posse at Crosstown.

(Copyright, 1912, by W. G. Chapman.)

The fragrant flower proclaims itself in sweetness.

Nice Mixture.

Disraeli appears to have been endowed with a most accommodating digestion. When he visited Spain in 1830 he wrote his mother glowing accounts of "the most agreeable dish in the world—an olio. I will explain it to you, for my father would delight in it. There are two large dishes, one at each end of the table. The top one contains bouilli beef, boiled pork sausage, and black pudding. The other is a medley of vegetables and fruits, generally French beans, caravanseras, and whole peas. Help each person to a portion of the meats, and then to the medley. Mix them up in your plate together, and drown them in tomato sauce. I have eaten this every day; it is truly delightful."

When Napoleon Was Expected.

The belfry of Wrabness church, in Essex, England, looks more like an ancient summer house than a belfry. Its chief interest lies in the fact that it contains two huge saws made at the time when Napoleon was supposed to be on the point of invading England. These saws were to be used for cutting down trees, with which the roads were to be blocked against the invaders. This, however, was but one of many means which were devised to repel the invaders. Perhaps better known are the series of curious Martello towers which dot portions of the southern coast of England and the military canal, which runs from Hythe to within a short distance of Hastings.

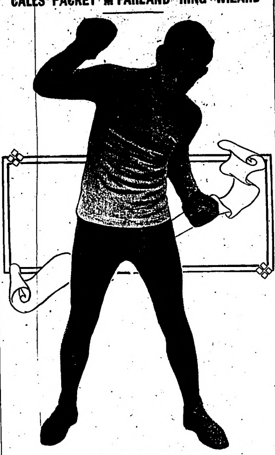
Prolonging Life.

A year ago hundreds of adventurous persons were paying $100 each for the sensation of a short ride in the air. Today an aviator on Long Island, who owns one of the largest monoplanes in the country, is making a business of flights for anybody and everybody at the popular price of a dollar a throw. Guess we will wait for a further decline in the price, and then take a trolley-car trip.—Boston Globe.

Truth.

A mood is that which turns yesterday's truth into today's falsehood.—Life.

CALLS PACKEY M'FARLAND "RING WIZARD"



Packy McFarland, Stock Yards Lightweight.

Packy McFarland of Chicago, known throughout the pugilistic world as the "stockyards champion," because of his being the idol of that section of the western city, is rated by boxing experts as the "wizard of the ring," says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. McFarland is a fistic marvel. Now at the age of 24 years, he is accumulating a fortune rapidly and has set his plans to make $100,000 in the next year. This is to be done by a combination of his brains and hands.

McFarland has gone about his ring contests the same as a contractor assumes a contract. If the task can be completed in three days the brainy contractor realizes that it is folly to waste six, and submit his machinery to unnecessary wear. It is the same with McFarland. If he sees that a bout can be ended in three rounds he rarely fights ten, but if in trying to end the bout quickly and decisively he feels he is endangering his tools, which are his hands, why, he simply wins by the scientific route.

It is that element of uncertainty which has made McFarland the magnet to attract ring-goers. His science at times is bewildering and ardent followers of the game are ofttimes at a loss to follow his plan of attack and defense.

McFarland has been boxing eight years, has fought more than 100 battles, ranging from one round to twenty-five, and in that time has never taken the count. He started his career by knocking his opponents out in short order, winning his first six contests in that decisive fashion, all being won inside of six rounds. He continued his knockout record in the second, third and fourth year of his ring career, winning 27 out of 37 contests that decisive fashion.

It then began to dawn on McFarland that a skilled mechanic would be at loss without his tools, and he realised that he must nurse his hands, not slug and try to knock a man's head off with each punch, but deliver his blows scientifically, block those of the slugger and avoid punishment. Like all men who have studied real boxing, he soon discovered that it was far more pleasant to give than receive.

From that day McFarland has truly been the wizard of the ring. He is proud of his defense and only during the last year, when a New York slugger reached him and blacked one of his eyes, McFarland was so ashamed of the discoloration that he passed up a $1,000 six-round engagement. No man had ever blacked his eye before, and it is said he remained indoors, away from his friends, until the discoloration had disappeared.

SNODGRASS HOLDS HIS JOB

Will Not Be Fired for Muffing Fly in Recent World's Series—Error Excusable, Says McGraw.

Persistent reports that the New York Giants would dispense with the services of Fred Snodgrass as a result of his costly error in the last world series game are set at rest in a statement given out by John J. McGraw, manager. He says:

"I do not blame Fred Snodgrass in the least for his failure to catch that fly ball in the last game of the world series at Boston. Snodgrass is a valuable and conscientious player, and he will be a member of the Giants next season. His failure to make the catch is something that would happen but once in a thousand cases, and I want to say that he is deserving of sympathy for this failure. It hurts him more keenly than it hurts anyone else.

Fred Snodgrass.

"In this connection I may say that I feel even worse for Mathewson than for Snodgrass, as Matty pitched three excellent games without winning any of them. There never was and never will be another pitcher like Matty."

Kraenzlein to Go Abroad.

Alvin Kraenzlein, former coach of the University of Michigan track team, who is one of the greatest all-round athletes ever developed in America, will spend two years abroad. It is possible he may sign to coach some of the European athletes in preparation for the 1916 Olympic games in Berlin.

NOTES of SPORTDOM

Chick Gandil, the Senators' great first baseman, has had his tonsils removed.

Germany Schaefer has received an offer of a job managing an athletic park at Detroit.

Bob Harmon of St. Louis said the Pirate squad was the best in either league this season.

Eastern writers seem to think Evers is anxious to get rid of Tinker. Johnny doesn't talk that way.

Joe Kelly of the Toronto International league team will take his team to Macon, Ga., to train next spring.

When the football regulars are bumped hard the scrubs begin to move about as though they were being overlooked.

Topsy Hartsel's admirers at Philadelphia gave him a dinner when he returned home after a successful season at Toledo.

Joy riding and attacks on the wine crop are to be dismissed on the Athletics' team next season. So says Connie Mack.

Jake Stahl, chaperon of the blushing world's title holders, favors letting the players in on the picture money of post season series.

Several clubs in the Pacific Coast league are after Frank Chance. They should be commended for wanting to improve themselves.

Fans of New Orleans are going to have much boxing in a short time. Another new club is to be started. It will be known as the New Royal Athletic club.

Zbyszko, the Polish wrestler, is after Frank Gotch again. His manager, Jack Hermann, say the Salt Lake Amusement company is ready to post $5,000 for a bout between the two heavies.

New York's Bowling League.

The Eastern Bowling league, run by alley keepers of New York and vicinity, will be made up of eight cities this season—New York, Brooklyn, Trenton, N. J., Newark, Paterson, Jersey City, Union Hill and Hoboken. The best bowlers of each city will roll in the individual and five-team games, the most victorious out of five games in each series winning the championship.

Krug Wants Regular Job.

Marty Krug, the utility infielder of the Red Sox, will probably be seen at short next season in the regular line-up. Krug says it is too hard a task for him to beat out Heine Wagner this year, but he will do his best and try to get in the regular line-up the coming season.

PUNTER AID TO TEAM

Accurate Kicking Is Important Under New Code.

Field Not a Handicap and Criticism of Shortening of the Gridiron to One Hundred Yards Is Misplaced, Says Eckersall.

Although changes in the football rules have met with almost universal approval, there is one alteration in the code which has come in for a lot of criticism. The shortening of the gridiron from 110 to 100 yards has handicapped the punters, and this change is the one which the coaches do not like, writes Walter H. Eckersall in the Chicago Tribune.

Opinion is that the punter does not have a chance to place his attempts as he did under the old code and that the alteration does away with one of the most important factors of the game. This may be true in a certain sense, but a reliable punter is just as essential to the success of a team as he was under the old code. It is admitted that more touchbacks result because of the shortening of the playing field, and the abolition of the onside kick, but an intelligent kicker does not have to kick the ball in a manner which will result in touchbacks.

In the games played this season the usual custom of the punter has been to get the ball away without regard as to where it is going. The punter kicks the ball high and as far as he can. He never thinks of kicking it away from the men in the backfield or placing it in such a manner that the catchers will fumble it. He also never thinks to boot it out of bounds forty or fifty yards down the field.

If these facts are borne in mind and carried out there will be few reasons for criticising the rules committee for shortening the field. If a team is on an opponent's forty yard line it is a whole lot better to boot the ball out of bounds on the opposing eleven's five or ten yard line than it is to drive it over the goal line.

When a touchback results the offending team has the privileges of putting the ball in play by scrimmage on its twenty yard line or punting from the same mark. If the latter is adopted there is no chance to block the kick and the ball generally goes to the opposing team on the thirty or forty line yard.

If the ball is kicked out of bounds on the defensive team's five or ten line the opposing aggregation has a chance either to block the attempt or hurry the kicker in such a manner that he will not obtain the best results from his punt. There are so many possibilities to the result of a punt that the coaches should not overlook the principle of teaching their kickers to either kick away from the men in the back field or boot the ball out of bounds.

The kicking game is a mighty good one, and it has been responsible for many hard fought victories. A man may be able to boot the ball fifty or sixty yards, but the value of his attempt is lessened when the catchers run it back twenty or thirty yards. As the average punter boots the ball from distances ranging from eight to ten yards back of his scrimmage line, his efforts are of little value when he places the oval in a position where it can be caught and run back with apparent ease.

In this connection it is necessary to mention the various forms of defense which are employed to assist the catcher of punts to bring the ball back. Some coaches instruct their players to charge through and attempt to block the kicks. Others teach their men to block their opponents, stay with them, and enable the catcher of the punt to bring the ball back a considerable distance. In many instances the coaches have the defensive half backs and ends check the ends on the kicking side. This is a mighty good move, especially if a fast, clever, sure catcher is stationed in the backfield.

CAPTAIN SPALDING

One Player Who Is Always Bending His Best Efforts Towards Making His Team the Football Champions.

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Minnesota Historical Society

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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SEN. RAYNOR, OF MARYLAND, DEAD

STRIKING FIGURE IN CONGRESS IS STRICKEN IN WASHINGTON AFTER LONG ILLNESS.

WAS 62 YEARS OF AGE

Held Some Important Committee Position—Was a Life-Long Democrat—Presidential Possibility.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Senator Isidor Rayner of Maryland, one of the leading democratic members of the United States senate and a man whose name was offered to the Baltimore convention by W. J. Bryan as a suitable candidate for the presidential nomination, is dead at the end of a long illness resulting from continued attacks of neuritis.

Senator Rayner had been in a comatose state since last Wednesday with only one or two slight rallies. His severe illness covered a period of about six weeks, dating from the joint political debate with Bourke Cockran at Baltimore late in September. Physicians compelled him to retire from the campaign at once after that and he returned to his Washington home, where he died.

Senator Rayner was one of the striking figures of the senate. He had been a member of that body for almost eight years and was one of its strongest debaters and a recognized authority on matters of constitutional law. Before he entered congress he had attained a national reputation because of his vigorous conduct of the late Admiral Schley's case before the naval court of inquiry that investigated the action of American officers in the battle with Admiral Cervera's Spanish fleet.

Born in Baltimore 62 Years Ago.

Mr. Rayner was a native of Baltimore and was 62 years old. He was a member of the Maryland legislature when 24 years old, and served three terms in the national house of representatives in the period from 1886 to 1892. He was elected to the United States senate in 1904 after having served a four years' term as attorney general of Maryland.

As a member of the committees on foreign relations and the judiciary, Senator Rayner devoted especial attention during the last few years to America's foreign problems and constitutional and legal questions. He was a strong advocate of the abrogation of the treaty with Russia because of that country's discrimination against passports held by American Jews and exercised a marked influence in getting the senate to indorse such action.

Death Causes Senate Tie.

The death of Senator Rayner changes the political complexion of the next senate and swings it from democratic control to a tie. With his vote the democrats had forty-nine, or more than a majority. As the present governor of Maryland, Lee Goldsborough, is a republican, the new Maryland appointee will probably be of that political faith, until the legislature meets in January, 1914. This will give each party in the senate forty-eight votes.

EXPLOSIONS PLANNED

Panama Canal Was to Have Been Dynamited It Is Alleged.

Indianapolis, Nov. 26.—Witnesses at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial testified concerning "wholesale explosions" which the McNamaras were alleged to have contemplated, but which were prevented by the arrest of the dynamiters at Detroit and Indianapolis in April, 1910. The explosions contemplated as told by witnesses, were:

"To blow up the lock of the Panama canal; blow up a building in Pittsburgh occupied by officials of iron and steel contractors who employed nonunion men, and also to blow up offices in other eastern cities; to blow up the aqueduct and waterworks at Los Angeles and to cause other explosions there that would 'make it look like an earthquake'; to blow up a sleeping car to get rid of a stenographer formerly employed by the Iron Workers' union because she 'knew too much.'"

Cars Crash; Eighteen Hurt.

Montreal, Nov. 26.—Eighteen persons were injured in a collision between two suburban trolley cars near here.

Former Wisconsin Senator Dies.

Marinette, Wis., Nov. 26. — Former State Senator H. P. Bird of Wausaukee died at his home, aged 74.

Consul Admits His Guilt.

Duluth, Nov. 26.—V. D. Nicholich, Montenegrin consul and representative in the United States and Canada, pleaded guilty to one of the two indictments returned against him by the November grand jury charging him with grand larceny in the first degree. Nickolich has been held a prisoner in Duluth since Sept. 26, when he was arrested, accused of withholding trust funds from several estates left in his keeping. He will serve from one to ten years at Stillwater.

JUMPS 20 STORIES TO DEATH

SCHOOL TEACHER FEARED "WHITE SLAVERS."

From Papers Left Behind, the Police Conclude She Was Insane.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Possessed with the idea that she was pursued for dishonorable purposes, Miss Maude Van Dusen, 25 years old, leaped from the twentieth story of the McCormick building ad was crushed to death on the stone paving of an alley at the street level. She jumped from an alley fire escape nearly 250 feet above the ground in view of many pedestrians. Her body struck another fire escape at the first floor and bounded into the alleyway with nearly every bone in it broken.

Miss Van Deusen, according to papers found in her pocketbook which she carried down with her, was a school teacher in Humboldt, Neb. From her papers it appears that she had been seeking a position here and had been obsessed with the idea that she had been in danger from "white slavers." She wrote that she had been driven to appeal to Chief of Police McVeeny and to the federal department of justice and to social settlement workers for protection.

She had prepared for her death by pinning a cross to her bosom, a strip of white linen which had been stained crimson at either end and on which she had printed in large letters, "death before dishonor." She had tied around her neck a copy of the new testament in which she had marked passages in St. John. In her pocketbook was another marked Bible and a typewritten statement of several thousand words which she had entitled:

"Part of my life's history."

"I will die clean if I have to kill myself," it read.

The landlady of the house in which Miss Van Deusen had been rooming said that the young woman had been without employment for some time.

"I am trying to write this without the least emotion," her typewritten statement began, "and, though the following statements may seem dramatic, your reason will assure it that they contain only common sense.

"First, I have very little money and am not allowed to hold a position. Second, I will accept no money other but that I earn. To be without money is to be exposed to any amount of insult and to fall into the hands of the spiritualist white slave trade.

"If I do not get help it will be a certainty that I cannot escape falling into the hands of the spiritualist white slave trade and that will force me to self-destruction."

The police do not understand what Miss Van Deusen meant by "spiritualist white slave trade."

Currency Reform Hearings.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Plans for extended hearings to receive complaints and recommendations as to the country's currency system were discussed by the sub-committee of the house banking and currency committee which has charge of the preparation of currency reform legislation. The sub-committee was appointed after the authorization of the money trust investigation by the banking and currency committee at the last session.

Get on Thin Ice; Two Children Drown

Badger, Minn., Nov. 26. — Odean Brenden, aged three, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Brenden, and Ablea, aged 3, daughter of Postmaster and Mrs. Charles Petterson, were drowned near their homes, where they got on thin ice.

THE MARKETS.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—Wheat, Dec., 81½c; May, 87⅝c; No. 1 northern, 84c; No. 2 northern, 82c; No. 1 durum, 84c; No. 3 corn, 45½c; No. 3 white oats, 29½c; barley, malting, 62c; No. 2 rye, 57c; No. 1 flax, $1.22.

Duluth, Nov. 26.—Wheat, December, 81⅝c; May, 87⅜c; No. 1 northern, 82⅝c; No. 1 durum, 83½c.

South St. Paul, Nov. 26. — Cattle — Steers, $6.45; cows, $4.25@5.25; calves, $3.25@9.00; hogs, $7.00@7.55; sheep and lambs, $3.50@6.75.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Cattle receipts, 18,000; market steady to 10c up; beeves, $5.35@10.70; Texas steers, $4.30@5.70; western steers, $5.40@9.10; stockers and feeders, $4.25@7.60; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.45; calves, $6.50@10.25. Hog receipts, 29,000; market slow, generally 5c above Saturday's range; light, $7.35@7.85; mixed, $7.40@7.90; heavy, $7.35@7.90; rough, $7.35@7.55; pigs, $5.50@7.00; bulk of sales, $7.65@7.85. Sheep receipts, 52,000; market weak to 10c lower; native, $3.40@4.30; western, $3.60@4.25; yearlings, $4.60@5.60; lambs, $5.40@7.25; western, $5.50@7.25.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—Although wheat here responded to higher cables today, all commission houses appeared to have orders to sell on the bulge. The fact that war rumors were conflicting tended to bring about a reaction. So also did fine weather for the Argentine harvest. Opening prices were ⅛@¼c to ⅜@⅝c higher. May started at 91@91⅛c, the same change as the market taken altogether, but fell back to 90⅝c. Corn strengthened with wheat. May opened ⅛@¼c up at 48⅛c to 48¼c, touched 48@48⅛c and then rose to 48⅛@48⅜c.

Lightness of offerings caused oats to advance. May, which started unchanged to ⅛c higher at 32⅛c to 32⅜@32½c, climbed to 32⅜@32½c.

Gibson Jury Deliberating.

Goshen, N. Y., Nov. 26.—The jury trying Burton W. Gibson on the charge of murdering his client, Mrs. Rosa Meschik Szabo, on Greenwood lake last July, has deliberated several hours without reaching a verdict. At a late hour they were still out. While Gibson sat in his cell awaiting word from the jury room, his wife, worn by her long vigil, was resting within call at a nearby cottage, after having paced up and down in front of the court house for some time in the rain.

WAR PREPARATIONS DENIED BY POWERS

BELIEVED, HOWEVER, ISSUES OF PEACE OR WAR HANG BY SLENDER THREAD.

MAY SEIZE ADVANTAGE.

Feared Turkey May Profit by Embroilment of Other Countries—Fighting and Cholera Continue.

London, Nov. 26.—The extreme anxiety manifested by all the European governments to deny reports of warlike preparations and to represent the political situation as peaceful and satisfactory is in itself an indication of on how slender a thread the issues of peace and war in Europe now hang.

The danger arises, not alone from the conflicting interests of Austria, Servia and the other powers, but from the possibility that Turkey, following the traditional policy of profiting by the embroilment of the great powers, may adopt an irreconcilable attitude in the peace negotiations.

Beyond the fact that the plenipotentiaries met yesterday nothing is yet known—not even whether an armistice has been arranged. There appears to be a suspension of operations at the Tchatalja lines, apparently by tact consent rather than by formal agreement.

Porte's Methods Irritate.

The semi-official Bulgarian newspaper, Mir, editorially voices the governmental irritation at Turkey's dilatory methods of negotiation and accuses the Porte of deliberately nominating delegates from remote points in order to gain time. This probably refers to Osman Nizami Pasha, the ambassador to Germany, who has just arrived at Constantinople from Berlin.

In the diplomatic field the most important reports are that Servia declines to reply to the Austrian demands until the war is concluded and that Germany has not undertaken to mediate between Austria and Russia. The news that Servia is throwing further obstacles in the way of the Austrian representatives in Prochaska, the Austrian consul at Prisrend, is another disquieting feature.

Fighting continues around Adrianople where the besieging forces are reported to have drawn their investing circle to within two-thirds of a mile of the town.

A dispatch from Durazzo to the Daily Telegraph says the Servians now are about eight hours' march from Durazzo, having reached Ishmi.

Cholera Presses Northward.

The Daily News correspondent, in a dispatch which evidently evaded the strict censorship, says the cholera is pressing northward from Constantinople. Already there are several hundred cases at Mutapha Pasha and the scourge has entered Bulgaria.

The foreign doctors have met to consider what advice could be offered the government respecting precautions against the spread of the disease.

The cholera, the correspondent adds is raging at Adrianople and is spreading among the Servians.

The losses to both Turks and Bulgarians have been enormous, but the demoralization of the main Turkish army has not extended to the garrison at Adrianople, which daily displays desperate gallantry. It has succeeded several times in winning back lost ground, especially on the right bank of Maritza river.

Early Thursday morning, after a fierce night engagement, the Bulgarians entered Karagec, a suburb of Adrianople, where street fighting ensued, and were compelled to retire. The Bulgarian and Servian losses since the beginning of the scene cannot be less than 12,000, killed and wounded. The cholera fighting equipment is hopelessly inadequate.

"Human Bomb" Is Bound Over.

Los Angeles, Nov. 26.—Carl Reidelbach, alias Carl Warr, the "human bomb," was bound over to the grand jury by Police Judge Williams and a few moments later the grand jury was investigating the case. Reidelbach's bond was fixed at $2,000. Reidelbach was not represented by counsel. He took a deep interest in the hearing and frequently interrogated the witnesses. He asserted that he had no intention of exploding the machine last Tuesday.

New Brighton Threatened.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26. — An early morning fire threw residents of the town of New Brighton, just outside of the northeast limits of Minneapolis, into a panic. The fire was in the two-story general store of Otto Schmaltzauer and for a time it seemed as though the entire business section would be destroyed.

Salem Verdict in Abeyance.

Salem, Mass., Nov. 26.—The fate of Joseph J. Ettor, Arturo Giovannitti and Joseph Caruso, charged with responsibility for the murder of Anna Lopizzo in a strike riot at Lawrence last winter, is reported to have been determined by the jury which tried them, but the verdict will not be known until later. Less than an hour after Judge Joseph Quinn had left the courthouse with the announcement that he would not receive the verdict then, the jurors filed from their room and went to their homes for supper.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

PREVENTABLE ILLS.

Health Report Shows Results of Work in Minnesota—Statistics for 1911 and 1910.

St. Paul.—The annual report of the state board of health on death statistics shows a market decrease in the number of deaths from so-called preventable diseases. According to Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the board, this encouraging showing is due to greater attention to sanitation and the work of preventing diseases by local health officers and a better understanding of the dangers to be avoided by the general public.

The largest decrease is in the totals for diseases of children under five years, there being 1799 in 1910 and only 1,092 in 1911. The educational campaigns conducted by baby welfare associations and similar agencies are given credit or the decrease, although weather conditions may have helped. Typhoid fever shows a decrease from 688 in 1910 to 294 in 1911, diphtheria from 566 to 335 scarlet fever 284 to 190, and polyomyelitis or infantile paralysis from 201 to 59. Smallpox caused 7 deaths each year.

Tuberculosis in both years was the greatest scourge, causing one-tenth of the deaths in 1911 and claiming 200 more lives than in 1910. The next heaviest cause was pneumonia. Following is a summary of the principal causes of death for the years of 1911 and 1910:

	1911.	1910.
Pneumonia	2,221	1,933
Accidents	1,733	1,785
Intestinal disease, children under 5 years	1,092	1,799
Bronchitis	272	230
Typhoid fever	294	688
Measles	112	263
Cancer	1,425	1,391
Diphtheria	225	566
Whooping cough	180	172
Chicken pox	2	0
Scarlet fever	190	284
Polyomyelitis	59	201
Epidemic cerebro-spinal meningitis	44	20
Tetanus	21	34
Smallpox	7	7
Puerperal sepsis	148	113
Actinomycosis	3	0
Glanders	1	0
Influenza	151	75
Tuberculosis	2,456	2,258
Total preventible group	10,749	11,819
All other causes	12,848	10,985
Grand total	23,597	22,804
Still births	1,503	1,378

STATE CENSORSHIP.

Minneapolis Women's Organizations Say Vulgar Films Are Shown Here

Minneapolis.—Action will be taken by the Minneapolis Grade Teachers' association and the Woman's Welfare league, jointly, to obtain for Minnesota a strict censorship of moving picture films.

At a meeting at which teachers representing the civic committee of the firstnamed organization and a subcommittee of the Woman's Welfare league on moving pictures, were present, a committee was appointed to carry forward work to obtain legislation this winter that will make for censorship of films in Minnesota.

Action will be taken in Minneapolis to induce the city council or the mayor to co-operate with the committee to the extent of revoking licenses of moving picture theaters which exhibit vulgar films or others which will have a criminal influence.

It was reported at the meeting that recent visits made to some of the moving picture shows in Minneapolis revealed that vulgar shows are being put on. It was stated that only 17 moving picture theatres in the city get their films from concerns that submit their films to the New York censorship board. The other theaters are independent.

The committee appointed to go after the moving picture situation in Minneapolis and in the state is made up of Mrs. T. F. Kinney, T. W. Gilbert, assistant superintendent of schools, and Miss Anna L. Donohue, chairman of the civic committee of the Grade Teachers' association. This committee had a meeting Monday to make plans for its campaign.

It is the sentiment of the committee that a board of censors, members of which would be paid for their services, is required to govern the situation here. It was the concensus of opinion at the meeting held yesterday that the fact that moving pictures are censored in the east is not protecting Minneapolis or Minnesota towns from moving picture films which are injurious to the morals of young people.

Woman 103 Ill on Birthday.

Minneapolis, Nov. 25.—Lying in bed, so feeble at times that she was unable to recognize her daughter who ministers to her wants, Mrs. Anna Kirkpatrick, 327 Grove street, spent her 103rd birthday anniversary at death's door.

Urges New Land Policy.

Minneapolis.—A new land policy by the federal government in its dealings with the Northwest was urged by Governor Norris of Montana in an address before the conservation congress. If the United States would keep desirable citizens within its borders, the Department of the Interior must release all federal lands in the Northwest, the Montana Governor urged, that immigrants from other states may settle in this section. "Last year 125,000 immigrants crossed the Canadian border," he said. [illegible]

CUYUNA STELL MILL.

Reported At Brainerd That It Is Negotiating for the Barrows Mine.

Brainerd.—It is rumored here that the United States Steel corporation contemplates buying the Barrows mine of the Virginia Iron Mining company at Barrows. This company is a subsidiary of the M. A. Hanna company of Cleveland. The Barrows is hoisting ore and stock-piling and contemplates shipping from 75,000 to 100,000 tons of ore next season. The Northern Pacific railway has built coal tracks to the property in readiness for the coming shipping season.

Work on the Adams shaft in section 30, township 46, range 28, near Oreland and southwest of Deerwood, is progressing. The shaft is on ledge and is being anchored. The next step will be sinking through the ore. A station will be cut at the 100-foot level and a crosscut run. The foundations for the different mine buildings are being laid. As soon as the Adams shaft is entirely completed, it is said, the Foundation company of New York will commence work on the Crow Wing mine shaft south of Oreland.

On the north range the Soo is grading into the Thompson property and providing for additional trackage. At the Armour No. 2 mine, grading is being done by the Rogers, Brown Ore company to provide additional dumping space for their stockpile. At the Cuyuna-Duluth property, at the north end of the Ironton townsite, work on the shaft is being carried on under the direction of Captain William Pascoe. The head frames for the shaft are being prepared, and the engine house is nearly completed and a boiler has been installed.

W. A. Barrows, Jr., who had his offices in Duluth, has removed to Brainerd. Chris Zodow has given an option to G. Roy Johnson on the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 2, township 45, range 30, to drill for a term of three years and to purchase the land, if so desired, at $4,000. Land has been leased to the E. J. Longyear company of Minneapolis in the northwest quarter of section 13, township 45, range 30.

INDIANS PAID DEC. 2.

$72,000 to Be Disbursed During Week at Fond du Lac.

Cloquet. — G. W. Cross, superintendent of Fond du Lac Indian reservation, will disburse $72,000 of government money during the week beginning Dec. 2 being annual payment. Each Indian, to the smallest child, will receive $75 per capita. Last year they each received $10. The increase is in the nature of an experiment, hoping to prove that the Indian is capable of spending wisely the increased sum, and if it is successful the amount given this year, or more, will become the permanent annuity.

The first payment will be at Cloquet, Dec. 2 and 3. Payments are to be made the following days at Sawyer, Brookston, Fond du Lac, Duluth, Superior and Solon Springs.

The government road from Cloquet to the Indian village north of the city has been completed and is an excellent highway. The road was begun last spring and Supt. Cross says that it is likely that next year the government will continue the road to Brevator.

HOLD UP CITIZENS.

Three Masked Men Keep Saloon Crowd Lined Up Against Wall for an Hour.

Glencoe.—Three very bold masked and armed holdup men boldly entered the saloon of Osnek & Jumer, commanded everyone in the place to hand over all his valuables, and for nearly an hour kept their victims lined up against the wall while they robbed everyone who came into the place. Several citizens, among whom were Dr. J. H. Dorsey, Ed Churchill, a clerk, and H. L. Simms, president of the First National bank, entered the building, thinking some joke was being played.

After the robbers had secured about $500 they went outside, hid the money and valuables and entered the saloon of Henry Pulrabak, where they were arrested by the sheriff and marshal. They evidently thought their disguises had precluded and possibility of their being detected.

Schools Hold Industrial Contest.

Fergus Falls.—An Otter Tail county industrial contest was held in this city, and exhibits were shown from the schools in all part of the county.

Progressives Name Steerers.

St. Paul.—Hugh T. Halbert and many other members of the state's Progressive party Monday made public the committee which will labor with the coming legislature in an endeavor to promote Progressive measures. This committee will meet in a few days and outline plans for the legislature campaign. The principal legislation desired by the Progressives is a law recognizing the Progressive party without having to go through three campaigns [illegible]

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

General.

The supreme court has taken a recess until December 2.

Iowa progressives declare they will continue the organization.

Dopesters say Wisconsin's foot ball team is champion of the big nine this year.

There will be no break in the treaty relations of the United States and Russia.

The Carnegie foundation will pension future ex-presidents in the amount of $25,000 a year

Unofficial advice from Washington affecting nine army posts, has been received at Fort D. A. Russell.

Omaha has been made exchange office for collection of duty on shipments from foreign countries.

The second anniversary of the launching of the Madero revolution was celebrated at Mexico City.

All of the Nebraska constitutional amendments, voted upon at the recent election, carried by good majorities.

Senator Moretay Prendergrast, the ex-premier, was unanimously elected president of the Spanish chamber of deputies.

Two French aviators were killed, one, Andrew Frey, at Rheims and the other, Sub-Lieutenant Laurent, at Etampa.

The message of the governor of Oklahoma interests Nebraska politicians. It recommends abolishment of many public officers.

The Iowa state conference of charities and corrections at its final sessions selected Sioux City as its next meeting place.

Disagreement over the permissibility of testimony brought the steel corporation hearing at Chicago to an abrupt temporary ending.

Surgeons operated upon William Lorimer, former United States senator, for appendicitis. The operation was declared a success.

George W. Coulson, former alderman and head of a manufacturing company at Sioux City, committed suicide by shooting.

A dispatch from Canton, China, says: Canton has an army ready to be of service if called to arms against the Russians in Mongolia.

At Buffalo, N. Y., a wealthy fraternity man confessed to having committed many murders, and told where to find several of the bodies.

After fighting with the state for twenty-six years, the Pullman company filed incorporation papers with the secretary of the state of Iowa.

Twenty-six indictments are being sought by the district attorney's office at Portland, Ore., in connection with the scandal brought to light through the admissions of a delinquent boy.

An addition of $2,000,000 to the endowment fund to the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching was announced by Andrew Carnegie at a meeting of the trustees of his foundation.

Representative Nicholas W. Longworth of Ohio, who was defeated for re-election by ninety-seven votes, spent $1,500 in his campaign. His opponent, Stanley E. Bowdle, reported that he spent $875.

Ballagh, Neb., has sprung into prominence through being a place of refuge for J. B. McNamara, in 1910. This fact was disclosed in the Indianapolis dynamite trial. Ballagh is in Garfield county.

Peter G. Hanson, a farmer at Grierson, eighty miles northwest of Winnipeg, is sought by the Manitoba police, who accuse him of tying a young woman to a cow's horns. Maggie Warauski, the daughter of a neighbor, is seriously injured, perhaps fatally, as a result.

There are more than a thousand cases of cholera in and around Constantinople and the death rate has reached 50 per cent. The authorities are powerless to cope with the situation. On Thursday last 3,000 cholera patients arrived by train at San Stefano.

All male employes of the General Electric company of Schenectady, N. Y., receive a pension on reaching the age of seventy years, if they have been in the service of the company for twenty years. Women are pensioned at sixty if they have completed this service.

Heartrending scenes are pictured in the Turkish cholera camp of San Stefano, Constantinople

Slot machines, candy raffles and all kindred games have been banished from the counters of the Waterloo, Ia., business men.

H. O. Jeffries, editor of the Nowata, Okl., Advertiser, was acquitted of the charge of murdering Mrs. Irene Goheen, an advertising solicitor.

C. S. Stetson, master of the state grange of Maine, was elected a member of the executive committee of the national grange at its session in Spokane, Wash.

The banking resources of the United States during the last four years have exceeded by billions the record of any similar period in the history of the nation, declared Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency, [illegible]

Forty-four Roumanian soldiers were drowned while crossing a lake.

The complete count in California gives Roosevelt a slight lead.

Fifteen witnesses from California are to testify in "dynamite conspiracy" trial.

Woodrow Wilson says he has not made a single offer of a cabinet portfolio.

Part of Jamaica was swept by a tidal wave and causing the loss of many lives.

Woman suffragists claim to see the triumph of their cause within the next few years.

Thousands of people attended Minneapolis day at the Northwestern Products exposition.

The government scored an important victory in its prosecution of the bath-tub combine.

J. H. Harthem, a veteran German editor, dropped dead at Shenandoah, Ia., from heart failure.

Democrats in Washington are expressing individual opinions on tariff revisions at extra session.

Games and fancy dress dances are being taught the girls in the state industrial school in Iowa.

A German correspondent pictures the awful condition of Turkish troops along the Tchatalja lines.

Chairman Prouty of the Interstate Commerce commission says railroads should treat all states alike.

A half million dollars in election bets is tied up in California awaiting definite result of the vote.

Major Henry Clay Merriam, retired, died at Portland, Maine, after an illness of nearly two years.

The constitutionality of the newspaper publicity law is soon to be attacked in the supreme court.

Testimony was given to show that dynamite leaders were constantly in search of recruits to their ranks.

Hundreds of Dakotans attended "Dakota day" at the northwestern products exposition at Minneapolis.

An adverse vote was suffered by the British government in the house of commons over the home rule bill.

Unity of north and south was the sentiment at the confederate cornerstone laying at Arlington cemetery.

The parcels post is not irrevocable. Should its workings prove generally harmful it can and will be repealed.

A madman with a box of dynamite invaded the Los Angeles police station and gave the officers a bad hour.

Governor-elect William Sulzer of New York state will begin a hunt for wild turkeys in the mountains of Virginia.

Burial of the assassin of Premier Canalejas of Spain was in secret, officials being fearful of a demonstration.

William Lorimer, former United States senator, who was operated upon for appendicitis, is reported as favorably progressing rapidly.

Mrs. Ella Flagg Young of Chicago made the principal address at the dedication of the new east high school building at Des Moines.

Judge Hough, in the United States district court at New York approved the amended bill of sale for the bankrupt United States Motor company's property.

Better banking laws were advocated at the session of the second annual meeting of the Minnesota conservation and agricultural development congress.

President Taft attended a meeting of the Yale corporation at New Haven.

A story of admissions made by Suspect Clancy was told at the dynamite trial at Indianapolis.

Dr. Samuel H. Van Cleave, aged fifty-eight, son of the late Mrs. Charlotte O. Van Cleve, the first white child born in Minnesota territory, is dead at Minneapolis.

President Taft will be the final arbiter in construing the law passed at the last session of congress admitting shipbuilding material, machinery and equipment to the United States free of duty.

Report from Plattsmouth is that the New-Herald, a weekly newspaper published for years, is dead. The old material was purchased by the Plattsmouth Journal. Plattsmouth now has but one paper.

After a lapse of seven years the mysterious murder of 18-year-old Mattie Hackett will be brought to the attention of the supreme court when Mr. Alsie Hobbs Raymond, a neighbor of the Hackett family, is placed

At Putnam, Conn.—The seventh incendiary fire within the past few weeks destroyed the storehouses, offices and lumber yards of the Wheaton Building and Lumber company, occupying a block in the heart of the town and spread to adjoining buildings. The loss is $300,000.

Personal.

Adolph Barber was killed near Auburn when Missouri Pacific train struck automobile.

Judge Wakely, dean of the Douglas county (Nebr.) bar, who died a few days ago, was 90 years old.

Schrank, who shot Roosevelt at Milwaukee, is not being railroaded to prison, says Judge Backus.

Judge K. I. Perky has been named U. S. senator for Idaho, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Hepburn, deceased.

Charles D. Hilles has resumed his duties as private secretary to President Taft.

The press was scored by President Madero as being largely responsible for the ills of Mexico.

W. G. Pollock, of New York, who attained world wide notice a decade ago when he was the victim of the Pollock diamond robbery, is dead.

Jack Johnson, negro pugilist, was granted by United States District Judge Carpenter three weeks in which to file demurrers to the five charges against him on violation of [illegible]

MONTICELLO RESTORED

MONTICELLO

LODGE and GATEWAY

The MAIN HALL at MONTICELLO

THOMAS JEFFERSON

"GIVE me a house on the mountain top and beneath the forest trees."

So said Thomas Jefferson, patriot and statesman, who wrote the Declaration of Independence of the United States long before he had come into the possession of the estate that is set high on the hills near the town of Charlottesville, Va. And he made his wish come true, for when the estate crowned by the hill known as Monticello, "the little mountain," came to him by inheritance, Jefferson brought into being a mansion that was a century ahead of its time in conveniences and ingenious contrivances and from the designs of which the great architects of today fashion the country homes of wealthy Americans. Monticello is indeed a permanent and magnificent monument to the creative genius of the great statesman.

This historic spot has been restored by its present owner, Congressman Jefferson M. Levy of New York, in whose family it has now been for more than eighty years. It is now in as nearly the same condition it was in Jefferson's day. This is the result of years of search for its original furnishings, and a visit to this great mansion is replete with memories of him who fashioned it and brought for its decoration the works of the greatest artisans of France.

Timely interest attaches to Monticello because of the active efforts of Mrs. Martin W. Littleton and others to prevail upon congress to buy the estate, while Mr. Levy is determined to retain it, both because of the loving care bestowed upon the property by his family and the fact that the public enjoys admission to it as fully and freely as though it were owned by the nation.

Down at Shadwell, which lies in the valley of the Rivana river, two miles from the foot of the little mountain, where Jefferson lived when a lad, they still relate the story of the boy's ambition to some day build a beautiful home on the top of the mountain that overshadowed the lowland wherein was his parental home, and how, finally, he came into possession of Monticello and realized one of his boyish dreams.

The great dome of the mountain did not offer sufficient room for the mansion he had conceived, and ten years of labor with head, heart and hands elapsed before the crest of the hill had been leveled. Seven years more it took to crown this man made plateau with the magnificent mansion to which presidents, princes and the people have made common pilgrimage to pay homage to the memory of the man whose wonderful mind and tireless energy found time from the affairs of state to evolve one of the most remarkable specimens of Colonial architecture in existence.

Monticello lies about two miles south and five miles west of the busy little town of Charlottesville, and it is upgrade every inch of the way.

Through a typical Virginia town you soon strike into a road barren of houses on either side and you learn from this the first lesson of what the present owner has done to preserve the sanctity of the Jefferson home and estate. From close to the town boundary hundreds of acres on both sides of the road have been bought by Mr. Levy, "to prevent," as he puts it, "the building of any shacks on the approach to Monticello."

Soon you drop to the level of a rippling creek that skirts the base of Monticello to reach the Rivana river, and then begins the climb—winding, turning, twisting around the face of the hill under overarching trees growing so closely together that the sky is visible only in patches.

For three miles this road, which was surveyed and laid out by Jefferson, rises steeply toward Monticello until a sharp turn brings the visitor to the wrought-iron entrance gates that hang between massive brick pillars at the gatekeeper's lodge.

When the visitor has passed into the inclosed grounds the gatekeeper follows up the road a few yards where, to the right, hangs a big brass bell that Jefferson placed there to announce the arrival of guests. Neither by day nor by night has any one ever passed through those gates whose presence has not been announced to those in "the big house above" by the ringing of this bell, a quaint custom that has survived a century and a half.

A turn of road brings into view the old burial grounds of the Jefferson family where lie the mortal remains of Thomas Jefferson, his wife, mother, sisters and other members of the Jefferson and Randolph families. In loving tribute, too, the remains of many of the artisans Jefferson brought from Europe to help build his mansion are interred in this plot.

Leaving the grave to the majestic solitude of the forest which surrounds it, the visitor follows the winding road still upward through a magnificent park of oaks, maples and pines until an abrupt turn in the path brings him to the main entrance to the Monticello mansion. To the right, on a lower terrace, is a quaint old mansard-roofed house, built by Jefferson before the mansion was completed, and it was the loom house, where the cotton, linen and woolen cloths for the Jefferson household were woven and spun.

Turning to the left, the first view of Monticello shows the "President's walk," a causeway of imposing simplicity in which several sets of marble steps break the slight incline to the plateau above. On one of these are placed two massive marble lions that guard the immediate approach to the house.

Passing up the "President's walk," flanked by neatly trimmed bay trees, the visitor is brought to the main grounds, the plateau that took ten years to level on the mountain top.

A spacious veranda with tessellated floor leads to the reception hall, a cool, stately room where formal tranquillity is evident in the unusual height of the ceiling, an air of spaciousness and general atmosphere of refinement. The hall is so large and the door of such generous size that a coach and four might be driven through. Just at the entrance, deeply cut into the floor, there is the print of a horse's hoof that was made when the British General Tarleton raided Monticello and rode up the marble staircase, through the magnificent hall and out through the salon on his fruitless search for Jefferson.

To fully describe the curios and relics that are unfolded to the gaze of the visitor would fill a volume. There are so many and each has its story of historic association, all deeply interesting and in all forming a collection that would stock a good-sized museum.

Standing in the entrance one faces the gallery which half encircles the hall—a gallery so gracefully proportioned that Stanford White, the noted architect, declared "the beauty of that gallery may never be reproduced, especially the railing, for every portion of it was made by hands whose art is nearly lost in the modern machine era."

In one corner of this hall is Jefferson's old music stand. Made of walnut, it is almost black from age, and there is pasted under the music shelf a bit of paper upon which Jefferson signed his name.

Next to this rack is a column and capital, the original casts of the model designed by Jefferson from which the pillars of the Capitol were fashioned.

In this corner is the coffee urn Jefferson used during his administration at the White House and in Paris when he was ambassador to France.

Stepping between double glass doors, that have an ingenious mechanism for opening that would be a credit to modern housebuilding craft, the visitor enters the grand salon, an octagonal room with six French windows that reach from floor to ceiling. Here the impression is felt at once of delicate but luxurious refinement. Priceless treasures of art, relics of Jefferson and heirlooms of the Levy family, are stored in this high-ceilinged room.

This salon is, indeed, a room of wonders. Modeled after the state apartment of Louis XIV, it differs from that only in color scheme, for Jefferson chose red for the basic tone in preference to the original green.

Much has been written of the simplicity of Jefferson. To many Monticello signifies only a fine example of Colonial America roominess and comfort. In fact, Jefferson furnished his mansion not with crude manufactures of the Colonies, but fitted his home with all the ornate richness of the finest palaces of continental Europe. And, as in the decorating and furnishing of the building, he was equally esthetic in his care for the creature comfort of his guests.

Most of the things that were in Jefferson's study have been lost track of, but Mr. Levy still has a few, and on one corner of the floor there remain thousands of ink stains made by Jeffersons' flipping off the superfluous ink from his quill.

Of the original articles there remain a flat writing table made by Jefferson, upon which it is said he made the first draft of the Declaration of Independence.

When Jefferson died his relatives and heirs decided they could not afford the great expense of keeping open the house as it then stood. Much of the furniture and furnishings were distributed by will, gift or purchase. Mrs. Martha Jefferson Randolph, daughter of the statesman and executrix of his will, decided to continue her home at Edge Hill, the Randolph estate, and was anxious to dispose of Monticello. The place was sold to James T. Barclay, a missionary, who held it but a short time and then offered it for sale.

Commodore Uriah Phillips Levy, then a lieutenant in the navy, drove from New York city to Monticello to inspect the property and concluded a deal by which he acquired from Barclay the Jefferson mansion and 218 acres of the original estate. It was run down from lack of attention and there was little or the original inside furnishings left. Sentimental reasons prompted the commodore to get back the things that had belonged to the man who built the wonderful house, and for years he sought to regain the articles that had been scattered about the country.

Then came the war of the states, and the commodore, continuing his allegiance to the Union, was declared an "alien enemy" by the Confederacy, the estate was confiscated and the contents advertised for sale at public auction. Again the mansion was partly stripped of its furnishings, and many pieces of furniture were sold at the confiscation sale to families residing in the neighborhood. Some of the articles were returned after the war.

After the war, however, when legal adjustment of the estate of Commodore Levy was had and Jefferson M. Levy inherited the property, Mr. Levy continued the labors of the commodore in restoring the home as Jefferson had planned and left it.

A majority of the articles were recovered, but those pieces that had been taken from the country were beyond reach and few of them were traced. With this as his nucleus, however, Jefferson M. Levy made thorough search of family records and documents, as well as getting information from living friends and relatives who had known the home when Jefferson lived, and from that list he has since attempted to get in his many trips abroad exact duplicates of the works of art, furniture and ornaments originally brought from France by Jefferson. In this Mr. Levy has succeeded with considerable accuracy, fitting up Monticello so exactly as it was originally that Thomas Jefferson might step into the home in spirit and find it familiar with objects intimate with his earthly residence.

FOUND SAFETY ON THE SEA

About the Only Way Governor Wilson Could Escape From Importuning Politicians.

When Gov. Woodrow Wilson wanted to sidestep the Democratic politicians long enough to write his speech accepting the presidential nomination he accepted the offer of his old friend, Cleveland Dodge and went to sea upon the latter's yacht. No reporter could get at him; no emissary from Tammany could win near enough to ask a question, and his good nature gradually recovered from the weeks of continual worry. When he landed he first wanted to play golf and then to talk politics.

"One of the first men I ever played golf with was Cleveland Dodge," said Mr. Wilson. "We told each other stories of those early days upon the yacht the other night. Neither Mr. Dodge nor myself had any more than a theoretical knowledge of the game and our first performances were unique.

"'The trouble is,' said Dodge,' that we haven't the right sort of clubs. I'll import some.'"

"So he sent to Scotland and got an invoice on the finest golf clubs that money could buy. There was an instrument for every possible golfing contingency. When they reached the custom house the officials did not know how to classify them. They knew almost as little about golf as Dodge and myself, and there had been no provision made in the law for an import duty on golf clubs. Finally they levied on them as agricultural implementah.

"'That,' said Dodge, 'is a deliberate insult.'

"The next day he went on the links with his new clubs. When he returned that night he had changed his mind.

"'Those customs officers knew more about the game I play than I did,' said he."—Cincinnati Times-Star.

In the PUBLIC EYE

CRUSHED AN EMPIRE IN FOUR DAYS

Military experts are eagerly looking up details as to the career of Savoff of Bulgaria, conqueror of the Turks. In four days, out of the shadows of the Balkans, he has risen to eminence among European military commanders. His campaign in Thrace, leading southward in a series of desperately fought and brilliantly maneuvered battles to the gates of Constantinople, has written a new chapter in the science of warfare.

The great "turning movement," the speed with which he moved his forces, his marvelous success in keeping his heaviest artillery apace with infantry and cavalry are all separate chapters of a dramatic war yet to be written.

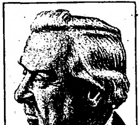
Turning to the man himself, there is the most meager information concerning him. The situation called for one of his abilities and he responded. All that is known of him is that he is yet a young man, being only forty-two years old. He is a native Bulgarian, a graduate of the Bulgarian military school, who later took special courses in military science at St. Petersburg, Paris and Berlin. He is of medium height, dark like all Slavs, lithe, sinewy, endowed with tremendous energy, impetuous and gallant.

In camp Savoff is 100 per cent pure soldier. In drawing room and salon he is a courtier—handsome, polished, a favorite with the ladies, a splendid figure of a man with hair and eyes as black as night and a delicate upturned mustache also colored like the raven.

Until the outbreak of hostilities Savoff was colonel of the Ferdinand or King's Own regiment of Bulgaria. This position at court may have been responsible primarily for his selection to command the army of Bulgaria at the opening of the campaign, but the results show how well placed was King Ferdinand's confidence.

It is recorded of Savoff that long ago when he first began his military career he planned his campaign against Turkey.

ASQUITH DEFINES ENGLAND'S POSITION



Speaking at the new lord mayor's inaugural banquet the other night, Prime Minister Asquith made the emphatic statement that he believed it to be the general opinion of Europe that the Balkan states should not be robbed of the fruits of their victory.

Premier Asquith referred to the unsuccessful efforts of the powers to prevent the conflict and to the great changes the war had made in the map of Europe, and continued:

"In these anxious times it is satisfactory to be able to announce that the relations of England with the other powers, without a single exception, were never more friendly and cordial.

"The great powers are working together with a closeness of touch and a frankness of discussion which is remarkable and which may seem almost unintelligible to those who believe that because, for certain purposes, the powers have been and are ranged in different groups, they must, therefore, in a time of European crisis, be arrayed in opposite camps

"The map of Europe will have to be recast, and nowhere is there a disposition to belittle the magnitude of the struggle or dispute the decisiveness of the result

"England has no direct interest in the exact form which the political and territorial redistributions may ultimately take. The special relations of the other powers, geographical, economic, ethical and historical, with the scene of the conflict, are such that they cannot be expected not to claim a voice when the time comes for a permanent settlement.

"For the moment, and as long as the state of belligerency continues, his majesty's government deprecates the raising and pressing of isolated questions, which, if handled separately and at once, may seem likely to lead to irreconcilable divergencies, but which may assume a different—perhaps a more practical—aspect, if they are reserved to be dealt with from a wider point of view in the general settlement."

WOULD PENSION ALL U. S. MOTHERS

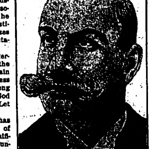
That each woman who bears a child shall receive a pension of $25 is one of the provisions of a bill which Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, the dean of the Washington College of Law—the only exclusively women's law school in the country—is advocating before congress.

Mrs. Mussey's bill contains a number of unique provisions, all putting a premium on motherhood. She would provide the mother not only with $25 for every child born, but would have the government allow mothers $2.50 a week for three months before and three months after the birth of a child. In addition to this a woman forty-five years old with six children should also get a pension, the amount not yet being named.

Mrs. Mussey, in discussing her bill, said that much of the blame for the white slave traffic in this country could be laid to the failure of mothers to properly instruct their growing daughters.

The sponsor for this bill is one of the most prominent women in professional life in the United States. She has been a practitioner before the Supreme Court of the United States for fifteen years, and she was at one time a member of the school board of Washington and was the most prominent figure in that board.

DR. EMIL HIRSCH FAVORS PORK CHOPS



Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, preaching to the young Jews of Chicago, who are "departed from orthodoxy and lacking religious anchorage," under the auspices of the People's Synagogue association, created a sensation when he denounced the devotion to "superstitious observance that characterizes orthodoxy in some of its manifestations, and said:

"I urge you that, instead of pondering about the observance of the dietary laws, abstaining from certain foods, you lead lives of righteousness and help to spread our religion among the people. We believe in one God and that God in spiritual form. Let us carry his word to our brethren.

"The Reformed Jewish church has nothing to do with obsolete forms of religion. It has to do with the unification of the peoples of the earth under one God, and the koshering of meat is far less important in our scheme of things than the rescue of human beings from moral, intellectual and spiritual chaos.

"The pork chop is just as much my meat as your meat or any man's meat. The only thing I have against pork chops is their price. No superstition that tabooes pork has any terrors for me or any other reformed Jew.

"We have nothing to do with ancient and abandoned tribal Juju. We do not believe that the hog was the ancestor of any branch of the Jewish race, and this is the basis of the superstition that tabooes pork in orthodox circles.

TRY TO DO TOO MUCH

ERROR MOST WOMEN MAKE WHEN HOUSE CLEANING.

To Lay Out a System and Do the Work One Room at a Time is Better Than Upsetting the Whole House.

Winter, with its attendant duties in household affairs, means that the woman who has system in her plans will accomplish more work and have more satisfactory results than the erratic, makeshift housekeeper, who cleans because she is expected to do so, and whose work speaks for her incompetence.

House cleaning should not be a matter to be feared, and it decidedly should not disrupt the home and verify the "eating from the mantelpiece" joke.

The first rule is to plan the time to be given to the work and to do one room at a time. This will insure thoroughness, and will allow a part of the day for rest, so that a wreck of a woman need not greet the homecomers at night. Most women are enthusiastic, and when one room is cleaned feel that they might as well go through the suite. This is the error for which they pay later on.

The easiest way when cleaning the furniture which has been covered is to remove the linen coverings and place in a tub of water to which naphtha or borax has been added. While these additions are doing the washing for you the furniture should be taken out of doors and thoroughly brushed with a stiff brush. If the covering be durable, a beating with a rattan beater should be given.

The woodwork should be wiped off with warm water and a chamois.

Paints should be cleaned, and you have no idea what an extra coat of enamel on white paint or varnish on other wood will do.

Wallpaper can be cleaned by wiping it with breadcrumbs. Art gum or kneaded rubber will do this work, as also will bread dough that has not much lard in it.

Carpets or rugs after a thorough cleaning can be brightened by wiping over the surface with water to which ammonia has been added.

Gas globes are also brightened by a bath in soapsuds and ammonia.

The curtains and other hangings are easily cleaned, and the furniture moved back. Just a hint: Change the arrangement of the chairs, and the room will seem to take a new life and an added attraction.

Then rest! One room at a time remember. Perhaps it will take two weeks. What of it? Does not a good temper, a rested body, the knowledge of work well and thoroughly done warrant "making haste slowly?"

Try the slow and sure method this year.

Cheese Puffs.

This is a good way to use up odd pieces of pastry and stale scraps of cheese. One egg and one extra yolk, two ounces of butter, three ounces of grated cheese, salt and pepper to taste and a quarter of a pound of pastry. Break the egg and extra yolk into a basin and beat them well. Melt the butter and add it slowly to the eggs, also the grated cheese and a pinch of salt and pepper. Roll out the pastry very thin, then stamp it with a cutter the size of a wine glass top. Spread a little of the cheese mixture over one round, leaving a narrow border of pastry around: brush the edge of a second round with a beaten egg or water, lay it over the mixture and press the edges together. Lay on a slightly greased baking tin, bake in a quick oven about ten minutes. Sprinkle them over with grated cheese and serve.

For Curtain Stretchers.

Any woman who has not a set of curtain stretchers and has a set of quilting frames on hand, can make them in the following way: Buy some fine wire nails one-inch size, and put a row of them along one edge of your frames as far apart as the scallops of your curtains. Then secure your frames at the corners and stretch your curtains on the small nails. After all your curtains are done, remove the nails, as they are liable to rust if left in, and it is very easy to tack nails in the old holes when next you want to use them.

Pie Stand.

A very convenient receptacle for cakes and pies is made from a box. Stand the box on end and place strips at equal distances along each side inside the box. Let these support light pieces or strips of boards. This allows for the placing of a number of pies one above another and saves space. By removing one or more shelves cakes may be placed in it. This can be easily moved from room to room, or even taken on an outing. The front may be closed by either a screen or solid door as used on a cupboard.

To Freshen Curtains.

Take several newspapers and paste the edges together, then stretch the curtains to be cleaned on them, putting a good amount of flour between each curtain, roll up in a tight bundle, tie and lay away for a week or so. Then shake out well and hang out on the line while you dust out all flour with a clean whisk-broom.

Homely Hint.

Wax candles which have become dusty or soiled can be made perfectly white by rubbing them with a clean piece of flannel dipped in spirits of wine.

Appetizer Clareridge.

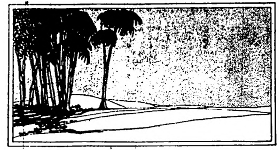
Heat thin slices of smoked sturgeon in butter, in skillet. Serve on small slices of buttered toast.

Camphor for Silver.

A lump of camphor kept near silver when not in use will prevent its tarnishing.

When.

When a doctor's bill is smaller than it was expected to be the man who gets it begins to feel that there is some joy in living after all.



The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH

Author of HEARTS AND MASKS
The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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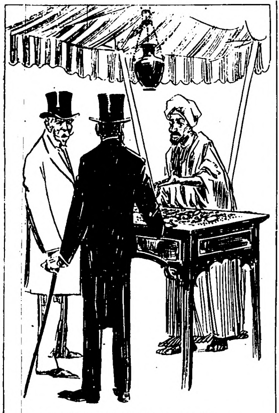


"And Yet This Moment He Asked a Hundred for It."

SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle. Ryanne sells Jones the famous holy Yhiordes rug which he admits having stolen from [illegible] at Bagdad.

CHAPTER IV.—(Continued.)

Some light steps, a rustle, and he wheeled in time to see a woman open a door, stand for a minute in the full light, and disappear. It was she. George opened the door of his own room, threw the rug inside, and tiptoed along the corridor, stopping for the briefest time to ascertain the number of that room. He felt vastly more guilty in performing this harmless act than in smothering his mentor.

There was no one in the head-porter's bureau; thus, unobserved and unembarrassed, he was free to inspect the guest-list. Fortune Chedsoye. He had never seen a name quite like that. Its quaintness did not suggest to him, as it had done to Ryanne, the pastoral, the bucolic. Rather it reminded him of the old French courts, of rapiers and buckles, of powdered wigs and furbelows, masks, astrologers, love-intrigues, of all those colorful, mutable scenes so charmingly described by the genial narrator of the exploits of D'Artagnan. And abruptly out of this age of Lebrun, Watteau Moliere, reached an ice-cold hand. If that elderly codger wasn't her father, who was he and what?

The Major—for George had looked him up also—was in excellent trim for his age, something of a military dandy besides; but as the husband of so young and exquisite a creature! Out upon the thought! He might be her guardian, or, at most, her uncle, but never her husband. Yet (O poisonous doubt!), at the table she had ignored the Major, both his jests and his attentions. He had seen many wives, joyfully from a safe distance, act toward their husbands in this fashion. Oh, rot! If his name was Callahan and hers Chedsoye, they could not possibly be tied in any legal bonds. He dismissed the ice-cold hand and turned again to the comforting warmth of his ardor.

He had never spoken to young women without presentation, and on these rare occasions he had broached the weather, suggested the possibilities of the weather, and concluded with an apostrophe on the weather at large. It was usually a valedictory. For he was always positive that he had acted like a fool, and was afraid to speak to the girl again. Never it failed, ten minutes after the girl was out of sight, the brightest and cleverest things crowded upon his tongue, to be but wasted on the desert air. He was not particularly afraid of women older than himself, more's the pity. And yet, had he been as shy toward them as toward the girls, there would have been no stolen Yhiordes, no sad-eyed maiden, no such thing as The United Romance and Adventure Company, Ltd.; and he would have stepped the even tenor of his way, unknown of grand passions, swift adventure, life.

George was determined to meet Fortune Chedsoye, and this determination, the first of its kind to take definite form in his mind, gave him a novel sensation. He would find some way, and he vowed to best his old enemy, diffidence, if it was the last fight he ever put up. He would maneuver to get in the way of the Major. He never found much trouble in talking to men. Once he exchanged a word or two with the uncle or guardian, he would make it a point to renew the acquaintance when he saw the two together. It appeared to him as a bright idea, and he was rather proud of it. Even now he was conscious of clenching his teeth strongly. It's an old saying that he goes farthest who shuts his teeth longest. He was going to test the precept by immediate practice.

He had stood before the list fully three minutes. Now he turned about face, a singular elation tingling his blood. Once he set his mind upon a thing, he went forward. He had lost many pleasurable things in life because he had doubted and faltered, not because he had reached out toward them and had then drawn back. He was going to meet Fortune Chedsoye; when or how were but details. And as he discovered the Major himself idling before the booth of the East Indian merchant, he saw in fancy the portcullis rise and the drawbridge fall to the castle of enchantment. He strolled over leisurely and pretended to be interested in the case containing mediocre jewels.

"This is a genuine Bokhara embroidery?" the Major was inquiring.

"Oh, yes, sir."

"How old?"

The merchant picked up the tag and squinted at it. "It is between two and three hundred years old, sir."

To George's opinion the gods themselves could not have arranged a more propitious moment.

"You've made a mistake," he interposed quietly. "That is Bokhara, but the stitch is purely modern."

The dark eyes of the Indian flashed. "The gentleman is an authority?" sarcastically.

"Upon that style of embroidery, absolutely." George smiled. And then, without more ado, he went on to explain the difference between the antique and the modern. "You have one good piece of old Bokhara, but it isn't rare. Twenty pounds would be a good price for it."

The Major laughed heartily. "And just this moment he asked a hundred for it. I'm not much of a hand in judging these things. I admire them, but have no intimate knowledge regarding their worth. Nothing tonight," he added to the bitter-eyed merchant. "The Oriental is like the amateur fisherman; truth is not in him. You seem to be a keen judge," as they moved away from the booth.

"I suppose it's because I'm inordinately fond of the things. I've really a good collection of Bokhara embroideries at home in New York."

"You live in New York?" with mild interest. The Major sat down and graciously motioned for George to do the same. "I used to live there; twenty-odd years ago. But European travel spoils America; the rush there, the hurry, the clamor. Over here they dine, there they eat. There's as much difference between those two performances as there is between The Mikado and Florodora. From Portland in Maine to Portland in Oregon, the same dress, same shops, same ungodly high buildings. Here it is different, at the end of every hundred miles."

George agreed conditionally. (The Major wasn't very original in his views.) He would have shed his last drop of blood for his native land, but he was honest in acknowledging her faults.

Conversation idled in various channels, and finally became anchored at jewels. Here the Major was at home, and he loved emeralds above all other stones. He proved to be an engaging old fellow, had circled the globe three or four times, and had had an adventure or two worth recounting. And when he incidentally mentioned his niece, George wanted to shake his hand.

Would Mr. Jones join him with a peg to sleep on? Mr. Jones certainly would. And after a mutual health, George diplomatically excused himself, retired, buoyant and happy. How simple the affair had been! A fellow could do anything if only he set his mind to it. Tomorrow he would meet Fortune Chedsoye, and may Beelzebub shrive him if he could not manage to control his recalcitrant tongue.

As he passed out of sight, Major Callahan smiled. It was that old familiar smile which, charged with gentle mockery, we send after departing fools. It was plain that he needed another peg to keep company with the first, for he rose and gracefully wended his way down-stairs to the bar. Two men were already leaning against the friendly, inviting mahogany. There was a magnum of champagne standing between their glasses. The Major ordered a temperate whisky and soda, drank it, frowned at the magnum, paid the reckoning, and went back up-stairs again.

"Don't remember old friends, eh?" said the shorter of the two men, caressing his incarnadined proboscis. "A smile wouldn't have hurt him any, do you think?"

"Shut up!" admonished Ryanne. "You know the orders; no recognition on the public floors."

"Why, I meant no harm," the other protested. He took a swallow of wine. "But, dash it! here I am, more'n four thousand miles from old Broadway, and still walking blind. When is the show to start?"

"Not so loud, old boy. You've got to have patience. You've had some good pickings for the past three months, in the smoke-rooms. That ought to soothe you."

"Well, it doesn't. Here I come from New York, three months ago, with a wad of money for you and a great game in sight. It takes a week to find you, and when I do . . . Well, you know. No sooner are you awake, than what? Off you go to Bagdad, on the wildest goose-chase a man ever heard of. And that leaves me with nothing to do and nobody to talk to. I could have cried yesterday when I got your letter saying you'd be in today."

"Well, I got it."

"The rug?"

"Yes. It was wild; but after what I'd been through I needed something wild to steady my nerves; some big danger, where I'd simply have to get together."

"And you got it?" There was frank wonder and admiration in the pursy gentleman's eyes. "All alone, and you got it? Honest?"

"Honest. They nearly had my hide, though."

"Where is it?"

"Sold."

"Who?"

"Percival."

"Horace, you're a wonder, if there ever was one. Sold it to Percival! You couldn't beat that in a thousand years. You're a great man."

"Praise from Sir Hubert."

"Who's he?"

"An authority on several matters."

"How much did he give you for it?"

"Tut, tut! It was all my own little jaunt, Wallace. I should hate to lie to you about it."

"What about the stake I gave you?"

Ryanne made a sign of dealing cards.

"Threw it away on a lot of dubs, after all I've taught you!"

"Cards aren't my forte."

"There's a yellow streak in your hide, somewhere, Horace."

"There is, but it is the tiger's stripe, my friend. What I did with my money is my own business."

"Will she allow for that?"

"Would it matter one way or the other?"

"No, I don't suppose it would. Sometimes I think you're with us as a huge joke. You don't take the game serious enough." Wallace emptied his glass and tipped the bottle carefully. "You're out of your class, somehow."

"So?"

"Yes. You have always struck me as a man who was hunting trouble for one end."

"And that?" Ryanne seemed interested.

Wallace drew his finger across his throat. Ryanne looked him squarely in the eye and nodded affirmatively.

"I don't understand at all."

"You never will, Wallace, old chap. I am the prodigal son whose brother ate the fatted calf before I returned home. I had a letter today. She will be here tomorrow sometime. You may have to go to Port Said, if my plan doesn't mature."

"The Ludwig?"

"Yes."

"Say, what a Frau she would have made the right man!"

Ryanne did not answer, but glowered at his glass.

"The United Romance and Adventure Company." Wallace twirled his glass. "If you're a wonder, she's a marvel. A Napoleon in petticoats! It does make a fellow grin, when you look it all over. But this is going to be her Austerlitz or her Waterloo. And you really got the rug; and on top of that, you have sold it to George P. A. Jones! Here's—"

"Many happy returns," ironically.

They finished the bottle without further talk. There was no conviviality here. Both were fond of good wine, but the more they drank, the tighter grew their lips. Men who have been in the habit of guarding dangerous secrets become taciturn in their cups.

From time to time, flittingly, there appeared against one of the windows, just above the half-curtain, a lean, dark face, which, in profile, resembled the kite—the hooked beak, the watchful, preyful eyes. There were two hungers written upon that Arab face, food and revenge.

"Allah is good," he murmured.

He had but one eye in use, the other was bandaged. In fact, the face exhibited general indications of rough warfare, the skin broken on the bridge of the nose, a freshly healed cut under the seeing eye, a long strip of plaster extending from the ear to the mouth. There was nothing of the beggar in his mien. His lean throat was erect, his chin protrusive, the set of his shoulders proud and defiant. Ordinarily, the few lingering guides would rudely have told him to be off about his business; but they were familiar with all turbans, and in the peculiar twist of this one, soiled and ragged though it was, they recognized some prince from the eastern deserts. Presently he strode away, but with a stiffness which they knew came from long journeys upon racing-camels.

George dreamed that night of magic carpets, of sad-eyed maidens, of fierce Bedouins, of battles in the desert, of genii swelling terrifically out of squat bottles. And once he rose and turned on the lights to assure himself that the old Yhiordes was not a part of these vivid dreams.

He was up shortly after dawn, in white riding-togs, for a final canter to Mena House and return. In two days more he would be leaving Egypt behind. Rather glad in one sense, rather sorry in another. Where to put the rug was a problem. He might carry it in his steamer-roll; it would be handier there than in the bottom of his trunk, stored away in the ship's hold. Besides, his experience had taught him that steamer-rolls were only indifferently inspected. You will observe that the luster of his high ideals was already dimming. He reasoned that inasmuch as he was bound to smuggle and lie, it might be well to plan something artistically. He wished now that he was going to spend Christmas in Cairo; but it was too late to change his booking without serious loss of time and money.

He had a light breakfast on the veranda of the Mena House, climbed up to the desert, bantered the donkey-boys, amused himself by watching the descent of some German tourists who had climbed the big Pyramid before dawn to witness the sun rise, and threw pennies to the horde of blind beggars who instantly swarmed about him and demanded, in the name of Allah, a competence for the rest of their days. He finally escaped them by footing it down the incline to the hotel gardens, where his horse stood waiting.

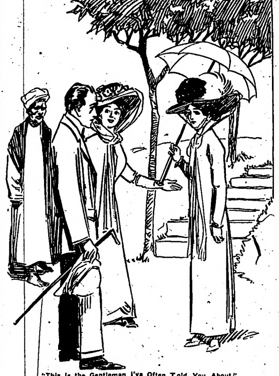
It was long after nine when he slid from the saddle at the side entrance of the Semiramis. He was on his way to the bureau for his key, when an exquisitely gloved hand lightly touched his arm.

"Don't you remember me, Mr. Jones?" said a voice of vocal honey.

George did. In his confusion he dropped his pith-helmet, and in stooping to pick it up, bumped into the porter who had rushed to his aid. Remember her! Would he ever forget her? He never thought of her without dubbing himself an outrageous ass. He straightened, his cheeks afire; blushing was another of those uncontrollable asininities of his. It was really she, come out of a past he had hoped to be eternally inresuscitant; the droll, the witty woman, to whom in one mad moment of liberality and Galahadism he had loaned without security one hundred and fifty pounds at the roulette tables in Monte Carlo; she, for whom he had always blushed when he recalled how easily she had mulcted him! And here she was, serene, lovely as ever, unchanged.

"My dear," said the stranger (George couldn't recall by what name he had known her); "my dear," to Fortune Chedsoye, who stood a little behind her, "this is the gentleman I've often told you about. You were at school at the time. I borrowed a hundred and fifty pounds of him at Monte Carlo. And what do you think? When I went to pay him back the next day, he was gone, without leaving the slightest clue to his whereabouts. Isn't that droll? And to think that I should meet him here!"

That her name had slipped his memory, if indeed he had ever known it, was true; but one thing lingered incandescently in his mind, and that was, he had written her, following minutely her own specific directions and inclosing his banker's address in Paris, Naples and Cairo; and for many passings of moons he had opened his foreign mail eagerly and hopefully. But hope must have something to feed upon, and after a struggle lasting two years, she rendered up the ghost. . . . It wasn't the loss of money that hurt; it was the finding of dross metal where he supposed there was naught but gold. Perhaps his later shyness was due as much to this disillusioning incident as to his middle names.



"This Is the Gentleman I've Often Told You About."

"Isn't it droll, my dear?" the enchantress repeated; and George grew redder and redder under the beautiful, grateful eyes. "I must give him a draft this very morning."

"But . . . Why, my dear Madame," stammered George. "You must not . . . I . . . —"

Fortune laughed. Somehow the quality of that laughter pierced George's confused brain as sometimes a shaft of sunlight rips into a fog, suddenly, stiletto-like. It was full of malice.

CHAPTER V.

The Girl Who Wasn't Wanted.

If any one wronged George, defrauded him of money or credit, he was always ready to forgive, agreeing that perhaps half the fault had been his. This was not a sign of weakness, but of a sense of justice too well leavened with mercy. Humanity errs in the one as much as in the other, doubtless with some benign purpose in perspective. Now, it might be that this charming woman had really never received his letter; such things have been known to go astray. In any case he could not say that he had written. That would have cast a doubt upon her word, an unpardonable rudeness. So, for her very beauty alone, he gave her the full benefit of the doubt.

"You mustn't let the matter trouble you in the least," he said, his helmet now nicely adjusted under his arm. "It was so long ago I had really forgotten all about it." Which was very well said for George.

"But I haven't. I have often wondered what you must have thought of me. Monte Carlo is such a place! But I must present my daughter. I am Mrs. Chedsoye."

"I am glad to meet you, Mr. Jones;" and in the sad eyes there was a glimmer of real friendliness. More, she extended her hand.

It was well worth while, that hundred and fifty pounds. It was well worth the pinch here and the pinch there which had succeeded that loan. For he had determined to return to America with a pound or two on his letter of credit, and the success of this determination was based upon many a sacrifice in comfort, sacrifices he had never confided to his parents. It was not in the nature of things to confess that the first woman he had met in his wanderings should have been the last. As he took the girl's hand, with the ulterior intent of holding it till death do us part, he wondered why she had laughed like that. The echo of it still rang in his ears. And while he could not have described it, he knew instinctively that it had been born of bitter thought.

They chatted for a quarter of an hour or more, and managed famously. It seemed to him that Fortune Chedsoye was the first young woman he had ever met who could pull away sudden barriers and open up pathways for speech, who, when he was about to flounder into some cul-de-sac, guided him adroitly into an alley round it. Not once was it necessary to drag in the weather, that perennial if threadbare topic. He was truly astonished at the ease with which he sustained his part in the conversation, and began to think pretty well of himself. It did not occur to him that when two clever and attractive women set forth to make a man talk (always excepting he is dumb), they never fail to succeed. To do this they contrive to bring the conversation within the small circle of his work, his travels, his preferences, his ambitions. To be sure, all this is not fully extracted in fifteen minutes, but a woman obtains in that time a good idea of the ground plan.

Two distinct purposes controlled the women in this instance. One desired to interest him, while the other sought to learn whether he was stupid or only shy.

At last, when he left them to change his clothes and hurry down to Cook's, to complete the bargain for the Yhiordes, he had advanced so amazingly well that they had accepted his invitation to the polo-match that afternoon. He felt that invisible Mercurial wings had sprouted from his heels, for in running up the stairs, he was aware of no gravitative resistance. That this anomaly (an acquaintance with two women about whom he knew nothing) might be looked upon askance by those who conformed to the laws and by-laws of social usages, worried him not in the least. On the contrary, he was thinking that he would be the envy of every other man out at the club that afternoon.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Hitherto Stranger to Fear

But Now He Had Run Against Something That Caused His Nerve to Forsake Him.

"I came, sir, in answer to your advertisement. You said you wanted to employ a man who was a total stranger to fear."

"Are you a brave man?"

"I am, sir. I have given proof of my courage in many parts of the world."

"Yes?"

"I have faced bullets in Mexico and machetes in Cuba."

"Good!"

"I helped to defend the missionaries against the Boxers, and I was present at the siege of Port Arthur."

"Fine."

"I have fought the infuriated walrus of Baffin bay and the maddened bull elephants of Central Africa, and I went through an Armenian massacre without losing my nerve."

"You seem to be the man I want. Would you be willing to go out on a field in front of 20,000 fair-minded, sport-loving Americans and umpire a baseball game honestly, deciding against the home team when necessary?"

"So that's the job, is it?" replied the man of courage, and broke into a cold perspiration and a run for the door simultaneously.

Quite Unique.

Ray T. Baker, warden of the Nevada penitentiary, is abolishing, with success, all the brutalizing rules of the old-time prison system. Mr. Baker's prisoners lead healthy, industrious lives. They study and they work. And on leaving prison they engage in honest labor. "Our institution," Mr. Baker said to a reporter, "isn't much like a reformatory I once visited in my youth. "'A very strange thing happened in this reformatory back in '89,' a warden said to me. "'Yes? And what was that?' I asked. "One of our prisoners,' he replied, 'reform-'"

Evolution Idea.

Wolff put forth his theory of "epigenesis" in 1759. Lamarck, in 1809, propounded the theory that all animals had been developed from "monad." In 1827 Baer of Konigsberg undertook to prove that all mammals are developed from a "minute egg not a hundredth of an inch in diameter." These were what may be called the beginnings of the theory of evolution. In 1859 Mr. Darwin came along with his "Origin of Species," which he supplemented (in 1871) with his "Descent of Man." In 1873 Haeckel published his "History of Creation," since which time the theory has worked its way throughout the reading world. It is generally conceded that evolution is not necessarily atheistic.

Dog Policeman Travels Beat.

An Irish terrier named Jerry, which has developed a wonderful capacity for police work, is now stationed at Surbiton, England. The terrier, owned by a sergeant of the Metropolitan police, knows all the "beats" in the district, and always accompanies his master when making patrol by cycle. Jerry's "speciality" is in the capturing of stray dogs. These he lures in a friendly manner to the police station, and then mounts guard at the gate until the derelict receives official attention.

Champagne Bottles.

Great skill is required in manufacturing champagne bottles, which must be almost mathematically even in the thickness of the glass. The glass must be perfectly smooth and the necks exact in every particular to insure perfect corking.

BOSTON CHILD KEPT DIGNITY

Matron Meant to Be Kindly, But Youngster Was Not Conversationally Inclined.

This story has been going the rounds of Boston about the ten-year-old son of Director Russell of the Boston opera house.

One evening during an entr'acte at the opera house Master Russell was promenading alone in the foyer, in faultlessly evening dress—a very glass of fashion. A Boston matron, seeing that he was lonely, began to make herself "agreeable."

"You are Director Russell's little boy, aren't you?" she asked, with patronizing sweetness.

Master Russell resented this intrusion on his dignity, but his courtly manners were unruffled. "Yes, madam," he replied, with an elaborate bow.

"Where were you born?"

"In France, madam"—slightly more frigid.

"What part?" continued the lady, feeling the conversation well started.

"All of me, madam."

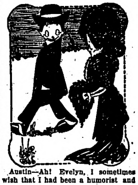
And he bowed and walked away.—Judge.

HANDS BURNING, ITCHING

905 Lowell Place, Chicago, Ill.—"The trouble began by my hands burning and itching and I rubbed and scratched them till one day I saw little red sores coming out. My hands were disfigured and swollen, and troubled me so that I could not sleep. They were cracked and when the small sores broke a white matter would come out. I could not do any hard work; if I did the sores would come out worse. For two years nobody could cure my eczema, until one day I thought I would try the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used warm water with the Cuticura Soap and after that I put the Cuticura Ointment on my hands twice a day for about five or six months when I was cured. (Signed) Sam Marcus, Nov. 28, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

ALREADY LAUGHABLE.



Austin—Ah! Evelyn, I sometimes wish that I had been a humorist and could make people laugh.

Evelyn—But you don't have to be a humorist for that, Austin.

Suiting Himself.

The modern small boy is painfully cautious.

"Would you like to come to our bonfire on the 5th of November?" one was asked.

Back came the answer worthy of a cabinet minister: "Well, if I haven't a bonfire of my own and if my father doesn't take me to Belle Vue, and if I'm not asked to a better bonfire, I'll be awfully glad to come."—Manchester Guardian.

Heredity.

She—Sometimes you appear really manly and sometimes you are effeminate. How do you accunt for it?

He—I suppose it is hereditary. Half of my ancestors were men and the other half women!—Tit-Bits.

The Tender Spot.

"What have you done toward punishing lawbreakers?"

"Well," replied the shady police officer, "I have done a great deal toward hurting their feelings by taking their money away from them."

Exceptional Child.

First School Teacher—Does Edith's little girl ever make any bright answers?

Second School Teacher—No; she always knows her lessons.—Judge.

A Treat
Anytime

Crisp, delicately
browned

Post
Toasties

Ready to serve without further cooking by adding cream or milk.

Often used with fresh or canned fruit.

"The Memory Lingers"

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Spectator

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INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald.

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L. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

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REMITTANCES should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, November 30, 1912.

The next meeting of the Northern Minnesota Development association will be held at Crookston next Thursday and Friday, Dec. 5 and 6.

Applicants for federal jobs are sending in an average of 10,000 letters a day, thus helping to make easy the way of officials who are struggling to avert a deficit in the postoffice department.

Though Minnesota has the most stringent corrupt practices law of any state in the Union, not a conviction has been had since its enactment. Several arrests have been made, but the charges did not stick. Attorney General Smith has ruled that infractions of the law must be prosecuted by the county attorneys.

Results of the recent election indicate the opinion of the voters of the work done by members of the last legislature. Some seventy odd old members were denied reelection, leaving but forty-nine who will return to continue their work for the state. It was a decided shake up and shows that the people know what they want and when they do not get it they make their feelings known.—Park Rapids Enterprise.

Next Tuesday a special election will take place in the Fifth commissioner district to decide the tie vote at the general election between A. B. Mandt, Republican, and George Leimers, socialist. J. R. Larson, the present republican commissioner, who lost to Mandt, at the primaries, has gotten back into the game, and proposes to run on stickers. This will make a hot fight.

And now it appears that the progressive platform as published differs in two important particulars from the one adapted by the convention. The anti-trust provision was cut out and another committing the government to the policy of cooperating with the trusts in the extension of foreign commerce inserted. Just who was responsible for the changsies a mystery. Mr. Roosevelt did not know of them as his speeches were based on the platform as adapted.

The Parcels Post

The parcels post laws will go into effect Jan. 1. By the provisions of this law it will be possible to send packages through the mail that weigh up to eleven pounds. Possibly this law will compel the express companies to reduce their exorbitant rates. The rate of postage is regulated by distance, and the charges in the different zones will be as follows:

Zones			1st lb.	Each additional lb.	11 lbs.
Rural and city del			5c	1c	$ .15
Within	50	miles	5c	3c	.35
"	150	"	5c	4c	.47
"	300	"	7c	5c	.57
"	600	"	8c	6c	.68
"	1000	"	9c	7c	.79
"	1400	"	10c	9c	1.00
"	1800	"	11c	10c	1.11
Over	1800	"	12c	12c	1.32

Distinctive parcel post stamps must be used on all fourth class matter beginning Jan. 1, 1913, and such matter bearing ordinary postage stamps will be treated as held for postage.

The Extra Session

It is amusing to read the objections to an extra session by the standpatters who are mercenarily opposed to a revision of the tariff. President Taft says "I regret that an extra session is to be called to further disturb business." The president's regrets have a dog-in the-manger sound: he wouldn't revise the tariff himself and now he protests against his successor doing it. On the other hand the progressives give the most cogent reasons why an immediate tariff revision should be forthcoming. The fact that President-elect Wilson has appointed April 15, for the convening of an extraordinary session of congress is conclusive proof that he is ready to make good his pre-election promises, which Mr. White House Failure stubbornly refused to do, and for which remissness he has been properly punished. With the progressive democrats and the progressives joining hands on the revision downward, business disturbance will be so short lived that even Mr. Taft, looking backward in 1913 cannot fail to see the deplorable mistake charged up to him. However, Mr. Taft may have been only the instrument, the avenging sword, in the hands of an indignant providence, wherewith to smite the Old Guard hip and thigh, for its most abominable transgressions. Be that as it may, President Taft was the official chief mourner at the G. O. P. funeral where no doubt his tears mingled with those of the rest of the standpatters, bedewing like rain the customary thirty day crape decorated arms of the mourners. —Cass Lake Times.

Potato Diseases

Articles have appeared from time to time warning potato growers against permitting potato diseases to become established. However, during the past season the situation has been more alarming than ever. It is an assured fact that if potatoes are to be successfully grown more attention must be paid to the prevention of diseases. This phase of potato raising has been neglected so long that it is now absolutely necessary to take vigorous measures in order to insure profitable crops in the future.

During the past season a very large number of complaints have been made that potato vines were unthrifty or were wilting and eventually dying. In every case the cause could be attributed to one of two common diseases: the internal brown rot, or "rosette." Probably the most common of these was the internal brown rot. The loss in some cases was as much as twenty per cent, and, in a few cases, even greater. Certainly, when preventive measures are, both simple and inexpensive, it is only good business policy to adopt these measures in order to realize the highest profit possible from the potato field.

At this time of the year, of course not much can be done in the way of dealing with diseases. However, since storage conditions determine, in large measure, the amount of rotting in cellars, attention may profitably be called to this phase of the problem.

The fungi causing the wilt diseases in Minnesota may live during the winter in the soil or in the potato tubers. The amount of damage done to the tubers during the winter may be greatly reduced by maintaining proper storage conditions. It has been found that a temperature of about 45 ° F. will effectually prevent the development of the internal brown rot and probably also the other rots. Under conditions of ordinary cellar storage the rots may develop rapidly, paving the way for the entrance of secondary organisms which cause the familiar soft, foul smelling rots. The loss is not confined only to the badly rotted tubers, but indirectly there must be considered to be a great loss from the planting of slightly affected tubers which may show only slight evidences of an abnormal condition.

Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the absolute necessity for taking precautionary measures at once if good crops of potatoes are to be raised. Specific information concerning planting will be sent out before next spring. In the meantime, proper storage conditions should be maintained and plans made to plant potatoes on soil which has grown none for at least six years. —E. C. Stakman, Division of Botany and Plant Pathology, University Farm, St. Paul.

Insurgent Woodmen Win

The insurgent Modern Woodmen of America won an important victory when Judge Robert B. Shirley, in the Sangamon county, Ill., circuit court, granted their plea for an injunction restraining the head officers from putting into effect the proposed rate increase. The decision affects more than 7,000,000 members throughout the United States, as the head offices are located in Illinois.

Good Novels Thrown In

A reader of The Chicago Record-Herald with a mathematical turn of mind has calculated that the serial novels published in that paper in a year represent a saving of from $15 to $18 to its readers. He figures that for the fiction lover it is more economical to subscribe for The Record-Herald than to go without it.

"No other large city daily," he continues, "prints so much of the best new fiction, in addition to all the news of the day. Not counting the innumerable short stories in the Sunday magazine of The Record-Herald, that magazine prints yearly at least four serial novels by some of the best popular authors—Rider Haggard, Conan Doyle, Louis Tracy, George Gibbs, Jeffery Farnol, and others in that class. Then in the body of the paper there is nearly always another good serial, running daily and Sunday, which means a complete new novel every month or two, or, say, eight whole books of high class fiction in a year. At the usual price of $1.50 these twelve novels in book form would cost $18. I get all this thrown in extra with a mighty good newspaper. I call it a bargain.

That is one way to look at it, and it seems to be a sensible way. The real cause of the popularity of The Record-Herald, however, is that it is the best all around home newspaper in the country. adv

Pennington State Land all Sold

Tuesday afternoon State Auditor Iverson, accompanied by Chief Land Clerk Nelson, held what will be the last land sale in Pennington county. The sale occurred at 4 o'clock in the district court rooms and there was a goodly attendance, notwithstanding the fact that the acreage was limited.

The parcels of land listed for sale totaled only about 1800 acres and was all of the state land in the county. The tracts consisted of pieces in the towns of Bray, Sanders, Norden and Numedal, and the entire list was sold before 5:30.—News-Press.

TO FIND FAULT.

People Are Sometimes Paid For That Express Purpose.

You have no idea how many things are wrong in a big business until you are paid to look for them, writes Gelett Burgess in Collier's. There were the clocks, for one thing, when I first began. The girls wore too many rats in their hair, there was grease on the elevator doors, expensive hats were dumped one on another, the ventilation was bad, the boxes on the shelves showed from the street through the show windows and about a thousand other things. Then Spindelheim sold teapots just like our eighteen cent ones for 14 cents, and for a concern like Smith & Co. to be undersold is fatal. There's really nothing that so enrages Mr. Smith; also Rubinstein's window dresser has beaten ours, too, at times. Down it goes in my little report. Wouldn't any woman love my job.

Yes, it's fun to be paid for being a misanthrope, but it's hard work too. At 9 o'clock I begin my promenade through the store—downstairs, upstairs, basement, attic and annex. If a girl at the counter has dirty finger nails or too wide a pompadour to suit me I stop and talk pleasantly, buy 9 cents' worth of edging and so get her number from the sales slip. She never knows anything about it till her superintendent gives her a scolding the next day. I have eyes like a hawk and a nose like a hound and ears like a small boy under the sofa when a young man's calling on big sister. In ten minutes I have spotted the dust in the corner of the aisle, a girl who wears brass bracelets, a porter who is not attending to his duty, a badly arranged counter, an error in spelling on a placard, two store detectives loafing on their job and a hideous combination of colors in the front window. I go to the ladies' room and make a note of these things surreptitiously. I don't dare go there too often, though, for fear I'll be identified, so sometimes I run back to my office, two blocks away. So it goes till about 4 o'clock, hither and thither, high and low, looking for trouble. It doesn't do a clerk any good to be uncivil to me, I can tell you, or to make me wait too long for my change, but I try to be fair, and if I find a particularly willing and considerate sales person down that name goes in my report too. You might suppose that there'd be good graft in that; but, of course, I keep my position only so long as the head of the firm has absolute confidence in my integrity. The funny part of it is that the more I complain the better he likes it. I'm like the opposition party in congress. I'm never satisfied. When I am I'll have to look for another position.

At 4 o'clock I go back to my little office and dictate my report from my notes to a stenographer, and when it's typewritten I send it to the head of the firm.

When "Pluck" Was Slang.

The word "pluck" affords an instance of the way in which slang words in the course of time become adopted into current English. We now meet with "pluck" and "plucky" as the recognized equivalents of "courage" and "courageous." An entry in Sir Walter Scott's "Journal" shows that in 1827 the word had not yet lost its low character. He says (volume 2, page 30), "Want of that article blackguardly called pluck." Its origin is obvious. From early times the heart has been popularly regarded as the seat of courage. Now, when a butcher lays open a carcass he divides the great vessels of the heart, cuts through the windpipe and then plucks out together the united heart and lungs—lights, he calls them—and he terms the united mass "the pluck."—London Notes and Queries.

Consoling.

"That was tough meat you gave me last night," said the customer.

"Oh, run along!" said the dealer. "You will forget it by the time you pay for it."—Buffalo Express.

Fame.

Little Willie—What is fame, pa?
Pa—Fame, my son, is a ladder with grease on each rung.—Chicago News.

The Abyssinian wife is the head of the house.

Breaking It Gently.

Captain of Steamer—Madam, it gives me great pain to be obliged to tell you that your little boy's hat has blown overboard. Fond Mother—Why, I thought it was tied on with a string! Captain—Yes. That was just the trouble. The string did not break.

Notice of Meeting of the Village Council of the Village of St. Hilaire

FOR THE OPENING OF BIDS FOR THE SALE OF $4,000.00 IN BONDS OF SAID VILLAGE

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire at the village hall in said village on the 2nd day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p m. of that day for the purpose of opening and considering bids for the purchase of the $4,000.00 in bonds voted to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on the 2nd day of November, 1912.

All bids for the purchase of such bonds must be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the meeting of said village council aforesaid.

The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Said bonds will bear six per cent interest per annum, payable annually, and will run for 15 years from the day of the date thereof, and are issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minn., this 21st day of November, 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

adv-n23-2t

OBESITY CURED.

A Remedy That Is Not Liable to Attain Wide Popularity.

Peter the Great was once traveling incognito in a part of Finland, when he met a very fat man who told him that he was going to St. Petersburg.

"What for?" asked the czar.

"To consult a doctor about being so fat, which has become very oppressive."

"Do you know any doctor there?"

"No."

"Then I will give you a line to my friend, Prince Menschikoff, and he will introduce you to one of the emperor's physicians."

The traveler went to the prince's house with a note. The answer was not delayed. The next day, tied hands and feet, the poor man was dragged off on a cart to the mines.

Two years after Peter the Great was visiting the mines. He had forgotten the incident of the fat man, when suddenly a miner threw down his pick, rushed up to him and fell at his feet crying:

"Grace, grace, what is it I have done?"

Peter looked at him, astonished, until he remembered the story.

"Oh, so that is you!" he said. "I hope you are pleased with me. Stand up! How thin and slight you have become! Go, and remember that work is the best cure for your complaint!"

Madam, Read McCall's
The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

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Wheat, No. 1 Northern	69
" " 2 "	66
" " 3 "	63
Flax, No. 1	$1.12
" " 2	1.00
Adjected Flax	1.02
Barley, for 48 lbs.	33
Oats	21
Rye	44
Eggs	30
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	6@8
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	@9
Flour, patent	2.40@3.00
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran " "	21.00

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MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. E. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary F. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagees, bearing date the 10th day of Jan., 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 27th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 29th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 5 of mortgages on page 162.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 2 of mortgages on page 232;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the east front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 13, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.,
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee
By B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. n15-6t

Pay your subscription

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Every person needs a business training. It costs no more at this great Business, Banking and Shorthand college, under exact office conditions, than at a small, questionable one. The results are, however, very different. 830 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—had calls for over 500. All Fargo banks and 655 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers, bookkeepers or stenographers. No other school has such endorsement.

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The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (300,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C." Next term begins soon. For booklet, write F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres. [illegible]

DEVELOP [illegible] TRAINS FOR [illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow evening at 11 o'clock.
REV. M. S. GJERDE Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.
PAUL N. PALMER Pastor.

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Services tomorrow at 3 p. m.
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 117—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3650 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 170, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President
E. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the purpose of giving the patrons a medium for the exchange of ideas and information on farm topics. No department is neglected, but every feature is taken care of with the idea of making The Blade worth many times the price of subscription—one dollar a year.

Sample copies mailed free. Address

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Richard Wallin was in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Charles Nelson was a Thief River Falls visitor Tuesday.

John Kaplin was down from Thief River Falls Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Krueger were in Red Lake Falls last Sunday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Tudy Brink was over from Plummer to eat turkey at home.

Miss Eva McAndress visited Thief River Falls on Wednesday.

G. W. Hooper transacted business in Thief River Falls Wednesday.

Mrs. O. F. Post returned Monday from a visit with friends at Crookston.

Miss Hodgson spent Thanksgiving with friends at Thief River Falls.

Mrs. F. L. Brown went last evening to Grand Forks to visit with friends.

Miss Hagen spent her Thanksgiving vacation at her home near Plummer.

John Hanson looked after business matters at the county seat on Wednesday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin returned Friday from a Thanksgiving visit to Crookston.

Miss Edna Mackinson of Northfield is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. O'Brien.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Larson left Monday evening for Warren, where they will make their home.

The Ladies' Aid society of the United church will meet next Friday with Mrs. Anton Aubol.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. LAZAR.

Many of the teachers from St. Hilaire who have schools away from town, spent Thanksgiving at home.

Mrs. McAllister of Badger visited over Sunday with her son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. D. McAlister.

Peter Kolstad came down from his claim and ate Thanksgiving turkey with his brother, Knute Kolstad.

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Beebe went Tuesday to Fergus Falls to spend Thanksgiving with Mr. and Mrs. George Austin.

Your success depends upon the training you receive, therefore attend Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn. adv

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Rev. Alex Sand left Wednesday via the Soo for his new location at Annandale, Minn. Mrs. Sand is visiting friends here for a short time.

The farmers' threshing rig has gone into winter quarters after a highly successful run, under the management of John A Hanson. There was not a breakdown during the season.

Miss Huldah Gigstad, who is attending school in St. Paul, and Misses Agnes Burkre and Annie Patterson, who are studying at Moorhead, came home for the Thanksgiving vacation.

STRAYED—Came to my place Tuesday Nov. 27, a White ram, with one broken horn. Owner please prove property, pay charges, and take his animal.
adv-3t AXEL JACOBSON.

Four families, altogether twenty persons, were received into membership of the United church congregation at its annual meeting last Wednesday. The finances of the church were in excellent condition.

The social given at Imperial hall Monday evening by the Ladies' Aid of the Swedish Lutheran church was a great success, both socially and financially. The excellent lunch provided was highly praised.

Representative O'Neil, of Thief River Falls, this year raised some sugar beets and sent them to the Minnesota Sugar Beet Co. at Chaska. They pronounce the beets the equal of any they are receiving. The average test of beets at the factory is 14 per cent sugar. Those sent by Mr. O'Neil tested 16 per cent sugar.

M. R. Hage pays highest market prices for hides. adv

Sheriff Fellman ate his Thanksgiving dinner in town.

Misses Nora and Lily Johnson were in Thief River Falls yesterday.

Miss Janie King came up from Red Lake Falls to eat turkey at home.

Rev. J. B. Smith of Thief River Falls will preach in the M. E. church Monday evening Dec. 3, at 7:30 p. m.

Miss Amelia Duddy came over from Bagley, where she is teaching, for a Thanksgiving visit with friends here.

Mrs. Nettie Lang and her employer, S. J. Swore, of Thief River Falls, celebrated Thanksgiving at the Amble home.

Miss Grace Hall was pianist at a dance in Plummer Wednesday night. She was accompanied by Miss Hazel Wilson.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

S. J. Amble returned Thursday from an extended trip in North Dakota, where he has been delivering nursery stock. He reports farm work very backward and collections poor.

Obituary

John J. Soll died at Clarkfield, Minn., Friday, Nov. 15, of creeping paralysis, from which he had been suffering for about a year and a half. He was 49 years of age.

The deceased came to St. Hilaire from Roseau, Minn., in 1896, and was in charge of the Spectator until 1901. He spent several years at Grafton, N. D. He was at one time foreman of a West Superior daily and was one of the best job printers in northern Minnesota. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. and Knights of Pythias orders. His first wife was drowned in the Red Lake river in 1896, while boating. In 1900 he was married to Miss Lyda Monson of Clarkfield, Minn., who was living here at that time. He removed to Kalispell, Montana, about three years ago. His wife survives him. There were no children.

PLAYING THE STOCKS.

He Who Has Knowledge and He Who Gambles on Gossip.

Of the many popular delusions touching Wall street and its people none is more persistent or more dangerous to the outsider than the belief that from nothing great permanent fortunes have been made by shrewd and lucky speculation in prices. It isn't true. We differentiate here between speculation in prices only and the kind of legitimate speculation which seeks to anticipate great economic changes. Legitimate speculation has its translation into prices, too, but it takes, first, original capital in some reasonable proportion to the profits expected and, secondly, the treatment of exceptional opportunity with correct imagination. Its risks at best are very large. Among our Wall street acquaintances are several hard headed men who succeed in making $25,000 a year by speculation. Not one of them has a capital of less than $250,000. They make it earn about 10 per cent.

Take Blank, one of the ablest speculators we know. He has made half a million dollars during the past five years. Very handsome return, you say. Let us look at Blank. He was the chief accountant of one of the big railway systems when an uncle, dying, left him $20,000. Mind you, he was an expert railway statistician and an exceptionally able young man to boot. He knew his own road like a book, as well as some other things that only the directors were aware of. The stock of the system looked cheap to him, and he used his $20,000 to margin 4,000 shares. A bull market was beginning, and within a month or two Blank's capital had increased to $60,000. He was content with a ten point rise, though the stock advanced ten points more. That was the first of Blank's deals. Twelve months later he won again. He thought that the stock of a certain western system was selling below its value and set about an investigation to find the facts. He hired a first class engineer and a retired traffic manager to travel from one end of that railroad to the other, and he himself analyzed the accounts. When all the reports were in it seemed to him that the system was earning enough money to justify an increase of its dividend, and he plunged once more. He waited six months for his point this time, and his investigation had cost him $5,000. He made $50,000. Good interest, you say, but think of Blank's special equipment for the game and the trouble he took to be right. You, Mr. Thinmarginist, after reading the Wall street gossip in your daily paper, adventure your thousand or two thousand dollars and expect to double your money. Mark the difference.—John Parr in Everybody's Magazine.

DIGNITY.

THE visible poise of self dominion.
Calm heroism of character facing the inevitable.
Serenity; strength and simplicity in a crisis.
Pride in the hour of abasement and humility in time of exaltation.
The soul's consciousness of rectitude radiated in noble bearing.
The armor of self respect.
Walking calm and courageous through the valley of humiliation.
Character rising superior to conditions or circumstances.
—William George Jordan.

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REDUCTION
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and all Winter Goods.
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Everything new, neat, and clean
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ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

HOMEMADE ICE CREAM.

Freeze It at Least a Day Before It Is to Be Used.

"The best ice cream is stale ice cream," said the ice cream manufacturer. "You never hear of colic from ice cream among children who have never met the homemade article. It is a queer thing that it would ruin a manufacturer to sell fresh goods, whereas if you know it is homemade and just out of the freezer you will praise it to the skies as being the superior of anything manufactured anywhere.

"If you want your homemade cream to be really good and healthy make it at least a day before you use it. Churn it hard, but not too hard, and then pack it away in salted ice until you are ready to serve it. In this way all the little particles of ice which make homemade cream so gritty and really harmful will have disappeared. The cream will sort of absorb the water that forms the ice, so to speak; consequently your cream will be frozen, not frapped. It is a daring manufacturer who risks his trade by shipping cream less than a week old. Sometimes I store my goods in ice as much as two weeks. That isn't a bit too long, either, although it takes a heap of ice."—New York Press.

Easy.

"What can a doctor do when he gets a patient who neither drinks nor smokes?"

"Tell him to stop eating certain things. Everybody eats."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

GOVERNMENT AID TO TRUSTS.

How the Conservation of Coal Lands Is Playing Into the Hands of the Coal Barons.

Any inquiry into the increased cost of living may not improbably disclose something akin to a government trust running along with the private trusts to corner the necessities of life, says a writer in the Alaska-Yukon Magazine. It is beginning to appear that as fast as the government unnecessarily ties up, corners and sequesters certain classes of natural resources it increases the monopoly of similar resources and thereby tends to increase the cost to the consumer of every pound of nails, every pound of coal and every foot of timber.

Paris' Secondhand Market.

There is a curious old market near Paris in which everything is sold at second hand. Working girls can fit themselves out there from head to foot. As a writer says, "Mimi can sell her old felt hat and buy a straw one, exchange her old dress for a new one and, if she likes, buy a steak and a salad for her dinner, a paper bag of fried potatoes, sweets and some flowers for her window. Democracy is king here, and no more attention is paid to the millionaire who is looking for something marvelous which he may pick up cheap than to the man with the wooden leg who wants a new left boot in exchange for a dozen sardine tins, five gloves and a stocking."

Pen, Chisel and Brush.

Rudyard Kipling has practically ceased to write.

Charles E. Hallberg of Chicago, once janitor in a bank, but an artist by inclination, has had one of his paintings accepted by the art museum of Guttenberg, the city of his birth.

Victor D. Brenner, the sculptor whose design for the new Lincoln penny was accepted, has been at work upon his model for more than a year and for many months before that had in mind the idea of submitting this design for the coins.

Lorado Taft, who has been awarded the contract for a statue of Columbus to be erected in the plaza of the Union station in Washington and to cost, with a large fountain, $100,000, is nationally known as a sculptor and has been for several years the leading authority on that branch of the fine arts in Chicago.

Gold In Barnato's Body.

A German paper is responsible for the announcement that Barney Barnato, still more than the legendary king of Peru, who was wont to have his body gilded afresh every morning, deserved the title of El Dorado—the "Man of Gold"—not because of his wealth or of his connection with gold mines, but because his system actually secreted gold. He was, says this credible authority, the victim of a disease called metallitis, his blood being permeated with a powdery gold, as were his eyes, nose, ears and all of his mucous membrane. The pain caused by this condition was so intolerable that it is believed to have been the cause of his suicide.

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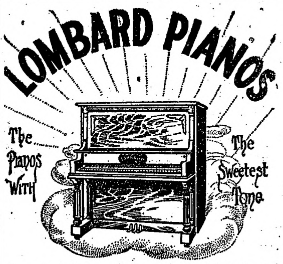

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No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

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We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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G. W. HOOPER

MADE TRAMP MINER'S HEIR

It is not often that a man feeds a stray fowl and has it magically turn into the goose that laid the golden egg, but that is just what has happened to Joe Harris of Knoxville, former auctioneer and member of the Tennessee legislature and now in his old age a poor poultry dealer. Twenty-five years ago Harris fed, clothed and staked a tramp miner, William Robinson, whom he picked up on the streets of Knoxville, and the other day through London solicitors he learned that he is the beneficiary of Robinson's will. The one time tramp died recently in Melbourne leaving an estate said to exceded two million dollars.

When he befriended Robinson Harris was a famous auctioneer and went from city to city through the south conducting sales. He was a picturesque figure. Tall and gaunt, a little stooped, always in frock coat and high silk hat, Harris attracted crowds wherever he went. He had a tremendous stock of funny stories and knew how to tell them so that when he mounted a stand to cry his goods men pushed as close as they could to listen because they were sure of entertainment. He was quick to see funny incidents and could always get back at any wag who tried to be facetious with him. Sales were often delayed until his services could be secured.

He made from three to five hundred dollars every day he worked and sometimes by taking a commission would make as much as $10,500 a day. Generous to a fault, he spent and gave away money as fast as he earned it. No one in distress was ever refused help by him.

One day as he waited for a train in Virginia he saw a woman crying in the station. She held a baby in her arms while a little boy about five years old sat beside her, trying to console her.

"What's the trouble over there?" Harris asked a native of the place.

"She's been turned out and has to go home to her folks," came the answer.

"Why?" asked Harris, touched by the woman's grief.

"Did you see that rich Col. W— at the sale today? Well, he sold her husband a little house for $1,000. They were to pay for it on the installment plan. Her husband died last week owing the Colonel $271, so he turned the woman and the children out because, he said, he knew they could not finish the payments."

"That amount don't represent a day's work for me," said Harris. "Call some responsible man. I'll leave the money to finish paying for the house." Harris was already opening a wallet containing more than $1,000 which he had just made in that particular town. "Let the poor thing stay in her home!"

The train was whistling, and Harris handed over the amount, adding, "I'll be here again Monday and will settle any minor expenses incident to the deal."

The favor was forgotten by Harris until a day or two ago he had a letter from the little boy, now grown to manhood. He had read an account of Harris' good fortune and wanted to congratulate him. He and his mother had never been able to write their thanks for his kindness to them because all they knew of their benefactor was that his name was Harris and that he was an auctioneer. They did not know where he lived.

This was only one of many like incidents in his life. He once gave a beggar whom he found in a pitiable physical condition in the streets of Nashville $150 with which to go to a hospital for treatment.

It was in January, 1887, that Harris met the man who has just left him more than $2,000,000. At that time Harris operated an auction house in Knoxville. As he went into town one morning he stopped by an old freight depot that he had just bought and was having torn down. While he was looking about giving orders to the men at work, he noticed Robinson tip his shabby old hat to him. Harris stopped and looked the man in the face. Robinson was evidently hungry.

"Have you had breakfast, young man?" Robinson was then 28.

"No, sir, I haven't."

"Take this quarter," began Harris, "and go over to Ronner's saloon and get you two drinks. They'll brace you up. Then I'll take you home for breakfast."

At the table Harris offered Robinson $2 a day to oversee the negroes at work on the old depot. Robinson accepted eagerly. When Harris passed the depot at noon he called to Robinson and took him home to dinner. After the meal was over Robinson picked up a violin belonging to Harris.

"Never in my life had I heard such fiddling," declared Harris in an interview last night. "That's the same old fiddle there under my bed. I turned to my wife when he finished playing and I said, 'You can expect this man home to supper tonight. Anybody that fiddles like Robinson here can find lodging as well as food in my house.'"

So the medley played on the old fiddle changed the course of events for both men. Harris can still hear the old tune echoing down the years, but now to the accompaniment of clinking gold.

"You needn't go back to work those niggers this afternoon," Harris told Robinson as they left the house together. "You come to the auction house with me."

It was a new Robinson, freshly shaven and well dressed in new clothes from his shoes to his hat who went home with Harris that night.

When Harris went to Nashville to take his seat as representative from Knox county in the Tennessee legislature he took Robinson with him. Before starting he had his own tailor make Robinson a $45 suit of clothes. Harris had won eight silk hats on Harrison's election and he handed one of them over to his new friend.

"If I wear a silk hat to Nashville you'll wear one too," he said.

They stopped at the old Maxwell house and Harris furnished Robinson with plenty of spending money. Robinson never mentioned his relatives if he had any living. He appeared to be a man of refinement and culture, well able to take care of himself in the company of the legislators and state senators with whom he was constantly associated in the famous old hotel in Tennessee's capital. He was grateful to Harris and warm in his praise of him. He frequently expressed his belief that he would strike it rich some day and be able to return Harris' kindness.

One night as they were having a drink together Robinson declared that he wanted to play the grain market at old Col. Bell's place, and Harris gave him $50 for the purpose. Later Robinson went to the Maxwell house with $1,200 that he had made out of the $50.

"Now, Robinson, you put $1,000 in my friend H—'s bank here in Nashville. It is safe, and you can operate on the remaining three hundred," advised Harris, but a day or two afterward Robinson appeared to be much depressed and finally confessed that he had lost his last dollar on May wheat and was in debt $50 to Col. Bell.

Butte, Mont., was a m[illegible] all fortune hunters, and Robinson was anxious to try his luck there. So Harris paid his debt to Col. Bell, bought him a ticket to Butte and gave him a roll of money. Robinson left Nashville March 10, 1887.

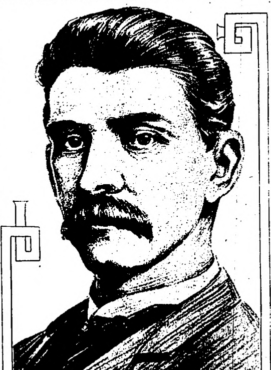
Six years later Harris heard from him. The expressman brought him a package containing $500 from Robinson, who was then at Cape Nome, in the gold fields of Alaska.

Since that time Harris has had many misfortunes. The great strain of auctioneering both indoors and out has almost ruined his voice. He suffers constantly with his throat. No longer able to conduct sales, he is connected with a small poultry business and is forced to live in a very modest way. His wife, still fond of the beautiful things to which she was accustomed until late years, has made their two rooms over an old store bright with window boxes of blooming flowers and green vines.

Everything about the place is neat and clean, but very plain. There are six or eight large bird cages in the combination living and bedroom, for Mr. Harris is a great admirer of songbirds and loves to hear their music.

He does not seem elated over the news of his good luck, but will continue to go about his work as usual until the fortune has actually been turned over to him. As he sat in the light of a little oil lamp on a table beside him, never lifting his eyes from the floor as he talked, he did not appear to be over 50, for his hair and long mustache are still red, with no touch of gray! He is modest about his generosity in the past, constantly declaring that he never did much for charity.

"I never did anything more than I ought to have done," he frequently asserts. "I have made over $100,000 auctioneering."



JOE HARRIS.

He has no children except an adopted daughter, now married, who lives in Kentucky. Since the news of his fortune has gone out over the country Harris has received hundreds of letters, many of them from women who want to marry him. If he is single, they write, please notify them and they will send their pictures.

"The notoriety is the only unpleasant thing about it," he laughed, holding the lamp over his head to light his visitors down the dark hallway of the old building, which he may soon leave for a luxurious home.

Egypt to Preserve Egret.

Mr. Dudgeon, director-general of the department of agriculture, states that the department is interesting itself in the propagation of the white egret, which is a great worm destroyer.

Unfortunately, owing to the trade that is carried on in its feathers, the species had become rather rare in Egypt. A law has now been passed prohibiting the shooting of this bird, with the result that while in the beginning of the year there were only 800 white egrets at Simbellawen there are now about double that number.—London Chronicle.

THE FORTUNE TELLER

Girl Becomes Scientific Palmist for Few Minutes and Tells Own Fortune.

By LESLIE DAVIS.

Zoe Miller, a gay little figure in scarlet with poppies in her hair, had become separated in the crowd from the friends with whom she had come to the fete.

The entertainment was being given for a popular charity, and society was well represented. Gaily decked stalls tempted the purse at every turn, masses of flowers formed a bright background for the fancy costumes of the guests and lively music mingled with the laughter of those who danced.

At Zoe's end of the hall a group pressed eagerly forward to watch the mircles of a fascinating juggler, but Zoe was not tall enough to see his tricks, so she turned aside in search of something more amusing. Over a tent nearby she read, "Madame Adele, Scientific Palmist and Fortune Teller," and, a little wistfully, she passed inside to learn her fate.

"Your hand, mademoiselle." The diviner of the fortune pushed a cushion forward on the table and, with the movement, a pack of cards was scattered upon the floor. As the palmist bent to gather them, Miss Miller saw her dash her hand across her eyes.

"Is anything wrong? Are you in trouble?" questioned Zoe, quickly, for her heart was kind.

"Oh, that's all right," responded "Madame" Adele, with evident embarrassment, as she made another quick dab at her eyes, "I didn't think I'd be so silly. I'll tell you a good fortune, miss," she added, with a painful desire to please.

"I'd rather you would tell me what it is that bothers you," persisted Zoe.

"It's my husband," simply. "He's sick, and when I came away his pain was awful. I hated to leave him alone in the boarding house, and just now it seemed as though I couldn't stand it, not knowing how he was. That's all, miss."

Zoe pulled out her purse. It was not a very heavy one.

"Madame Adele," she commanded, "take that money and hire a taxicab—there are a dozen waiting outside—and go to see your husband as fast as the law allows. I'll take your place here."

The fortune teller gasped. "Do you mean it?" she breathed, her face alight. "But how can you do it?"

"Give me your robe and hood," explained Zoe. "In this dim light no one will know me, they would never think of my being here anyway. Hurry before somebody comes!"

Without another protest, Madame Adele tore off the black mantle that enveloped her, fastened it around her companion and adjusted the disguising hood. Silently she produced a black pencil and with a few deft touches transformed Zoe's young face into a deeply-lined, middle-aged one. Then an idea seemed to strike her.

"But the fortunes, miss? How can you tell them?"

"I know nearly everybody here, I'll please them well. Begone!" ordered Zoe, briskly, and the palmist disappeared through a flap in the tent.

The juggler had finished his act and trade began again. Zoe mapped out rosy futures for two girl friends, a rather silly old bachelor, and an imposing dowager. Then there was a brief lull.

Presently another customer appeared and at the sight of his tall figure against the shadows of the softly lighted tent Zoe's heart gave a painful leap.

"Will you tell my fortune, Madame Adele?" How familiar was the pleasant voice!

"Your hand, monsieur," as professionally as possible. "Your life is all in the lines, so plain for one to read. Ah, it has been a pleasant life so far, has it not? I see the school boy, full of mischief, but quick to learn; then the larger boy at larger school, a college perhaps? But yes. Then comes a sorrow, a parent has been lost. Then the travel lines. You have been in the East, monsieur."

"You are clever, Madame Adele! You make me believe in your powers. You are a French woman?"

"Do you doubt it, monsieur? Do you not know the French gypsies? I was born—but to return. Again you are at home, in a large house, with a fond mother. You are gay, you have many friends. Also you work, but not with the hands. You are, how calls one, a breaker?"

"A broker?" laughed young Donaldson.

"Ah, the so funny English!" She joined in his mirth.

"You read marvelously," he encouraged her. "So much for the past and the present. What comes next?"

"Marriage, monsieur. You must be fiance, is it not so?"

"Perhaps. Can you describe the lady of my fate?"

The fortune teller hesitated the briefest moment, then she went bravely on.

"But yes, monsieur, I can see a lady. You have known her since childhood, your families are indeed friends. She is well born, well bred, and brings to you a dot. A suitable match, say your friends—a fine couple! She is tall and fair—"

She stopped, abruptly, searching his face. His bright amused expression had faded to a look half troubled, half bored.

"What is it?" she cried. "You mean—you do not care—for her?"

Donaldson leaned forward, earnestly. "You are the repository of all our secrets, Madame Adele. I know the lady, she is all that you say but—"

"But what?" she demanded, breathlessly.

He laughed with a bit of embarrassment, but answered frankly, "I had hoped to care more deeply, more romantically, for my lady of dreams. Is there no one else?"

The fortune teller hesitated, studying his face.

"But, monsieur, you have been much seen with this young lady. Perhaps you do not quite realize how devoted you have appeared. Your marriage is looked for. Society expects it, your mother expects it. It is thought the—proper thing."

There was a moment of silence, then the man rose. All the youthfulness seemed suddenly to have faded out of his face.

"The proper thing!" he repeated, slowly. "I see. The proper way is the prudent way, not the old sweet natural way! One might expect a little romance at a fortune teller's," he smiled wearily, "but the proper thing has taken its place!"

He pulled a bank note from his pocket and turned away.

Zoe rose with a little gasp, as if she wanted air. A sweet, wild hope, long pressed resolutely down in her heart, sprang suddenly into life at his outburst. Unexpectedly, she heard her own voice call.

"Return, monsieur!"

He wheeled in surprise.

"There may be something more I have not yet tried the crystal ball."

She motioned him back back to his chair and pulled forward a small glass ball which was part of the paraphernalia of the tent. She fixed her eyes steadily upon it.

"Figures form," she announced, a second later. "I see another woman in your life. She is young, she is small, she is dark."

Donaldson bent toward her, eagerly. "Do you really see her, too? A little gypsy of a girl?"

"Yes yes, I see her. She wears red like a poppy, she has poppies in her hair. She has no dot, but she would try—to make you—a good wife, monsieur."

He sprang up, excitedly.

"Hang the money! I expect to support my own wife! She is a marvel, I tell you, would she really have me, do you think?"

"If I were you," suggested the palmist, but without raising her eyes, "I would try to find that out!"

"You are truly wonderful, Madame Adele!" Young Donaldson gave a happy laugh as he turned to go. "You have read me a charming fortune. I shall recommend you with pleasure. Good night."

A whisper from behind made Zoe turn.

"I'm back, miss. Dan was sleeping like a child, and the man from across the hall was sitting with him. Aren't people kind! I'll never forget it of you, miss, never!"

She quickly divested Zoe of her disguise and rubbed her face back to its natural lines.

"Now let me tell your fortune, miss," she begged. "It's all that I can do."

But Zoe shook her head, laughing happily. "Not tonight, Madame Adele," she cried, "I've just had it told!"

(Copyright, 1912, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Old Landmark to Go.

Built in 1752, and handed down from father to son through four generations, and now doomed for destruction, is the Old Absinthe house, one of the most unique landmarks of the south, known to tourists from all quarters of the world who have visited New Orleans. The edict of the United States government in shutting off the importation of absinthe sounds the knell of this quaint remnant of Bohemian life in the Crescent City. It is situated in the darkest, dirtiest, noisiest section of the Latin quarter, and despite its age remains in a good state of preservation. Its beginning is said to mark the opening of the first saloon in New Orleans. In past years it has housed many notables from the old world, and almost every celebrated man and woman who has visited New Orleans has made at least a brief stop at this secluded cafe to enjoy the sight of its interesting habitues and to listen to the medley of foreign tongues, wagging cheerily under the influence of absinthe frappe and other kindred drinks created from the seductive fluid. In Mardi Gras festivals the bizarre cafe becomes the rendezvous for the younger set intent on a frolic.

Bad Scrape.

He—Don't you like my mustache?

She—No; it grates on me terrible!

SINGS PRAISES OF POVERTY

Writer Points Out Why in Many Ways It Should Be Preferred to Affluence.

Any man may brutally pay his way anywhere, but it is quite another thing to be accepted by your human kind not as a paid lodger, but as a friend. Always, it seems to me, I have wanted to submit myself, and indeed submit the stranger, to that test. Moreover, how can any man look for true adventure in life if he always knows to a certainty where his next meal is coming from? In a world so completely dominated by goods, by things, by possessions, and smothered by security, what fine adventure is left to a man of spirit save the adventure of poverty?

I do not mean by this the adventure of involuntary poverty, for I maintain that involuntary poverty, like involuntary riches, is a credit to no man. It is only as we dominate life that we really live. What I mean here, if I may so express it, is an adventure in achieved poverty. In the lives of such true men as Francis of Assisi and Tolstoy that which draws the world to them in secret sympathy is not that they lived lives of poverty, but rather, having riches at their hands, or for the very asking, that they chose poverty as the better way of life.—David Grayson in the American Magazine.

EVEN A SNAIL HAS FRIENDS

French Society Has Been Formed to Prevent Him From Being "Adulterated."

A society has been formed in France called the "Friends of the Snail."

The society does not concern itself with the treatment or maltreatment of the living snail. Millions of sails may be put to a lingering death in the salt can without disturbing the minds of the members. Their friendship exists only for that aristocrat of snails, the Vigneron de Bourgogne. Especially fed on vine leaves, he grows to noble proportions, develops a notable flavor and is therefore accorded a proud position upon the gourmet's table.

The Friends of the Snail are concerned with the posthumous reputation of this king among snails. It seems that ragpickers collect his empty shells by the thousand and sell them to nefarious dealers, who wash them with potash and then refill them with a compound of calves' liver pounded up with a little brown earth and other ingredients, flavored with saffron, parsley and various seasoning herbs. The spurious snail is then sold as the true Vigneron de Bourgogne, whose price is from 20 cents to 30 cents a dozen. The inferior quality of snail, but still a real snail, fetches only from 8 to 10 cents a dozen.

The Friends of the Snail will now see to it that no shell and herb disguised liver shall in future bring discredit upon the Vigneron de Bourgogne.

MAY BE CONTEMPT OF COURT

Some Definitions by a Writer Who Does Not Respect Our Judicial System.

A judge is an officer appointed to mislead, restrain, hypnotize, cajole, seduce, flabbergast and bamboozle a jury in such manner that it will forget all the facts and give its decision to the best lawyer. The objection to judges is that they are seldom capable of a sound professional judgment of lawyers. The objection to lawyers is that the best are the worst.

In some states the jury is judge of the law as well as of the facts. The objection to this system is that the jury invariably decides that the law is an ass. Hence the courts of appeal.

A jury is a group of twelve men who, having lied to the judge about their hearing, health and business engagements, have failed to fool him. Even a judge, it appears, sometimes has a certain low cunning.

The penalty for laughing in a courtroom is thirty days in jail. If it were not for this penalty the remarks of judges would never be heard.

A defendant is a man who has sought refuge in the courts from the natural consequences of his rascality.

A fine is a bribe paid by a rich man to escape the penalty laid upon poor men. In China and Persia a judge takes bribes personally. In Christendom he takes them as agent for the public treasury. But it makes no difference to the man who pays them—or can't pay them.

The verdict of a jury is the opinion of that juror who smokes the worst cigars.—Baltimore Evening Sun.

Nice for the Guest.

Subbubs had taken Chumpleigh home to dine. Everything went well until they were seated at the dinner table, when Willie Subbubs remarked: "Why, pa, this is roast beef."

"Well," said his father, "what of it?"

"Why, I heard you tell ma at breakfast that you were going to bring a mutton-head home for dinner this evening."—Boston Transcript.

900 DROPS

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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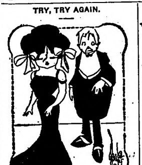
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TRY, TRY AGAIN.



She—And why are you afraid to ask papa?

He—Well, I've asked him for three of your sisters already.

Why He Wept.

At a reception one night, says the Woman's Home Companion, a loud-voiced young man was invited to sing. Desultory applause followed, and he responded with a vociferous rendering of "My Old Kentucky Home." The hostess was passing among her guests, beaming at the success of her entertainment and sure that everybody was having a good time, when suddenly, to her surprise, she came upon a middle-aged man but slightly known to her, who was weeping silently, but bitterly in a secluded corner. Thinking that his heart had been touched by the old song, she asked sympathetically:

"Why do you weep? Are you a Kentuckian?"

"No, madam," he replied. "I am a musician."

Frontier Medical List.

In good old frontier days castor oil was the principal medical beverage—good full measure, too. Only the biggest person could hold a whole dose—one-half a dipperful, with half a dipperful of New Orleans molasses added to help slick it down and make it taste good, only it didn't taste good. In those historic days every old woman was a doctor and gathered her own "yarbs" in the woods, and knew how to mix up medical messes that would stir the vitals of a brass monkey or a cast iron pig. All backwoodsmen believed in "yarb" doctors. Something in "yarbs," at that.

Worth Three Times a Diamond.

Nearly all the emeralds mined today come from Colombia. And, in spite of the supposed higher value of diamonds, the emerald is the most precious of gems. Carat for carat, a flawless emerald would bring perhaps three times the price of a flawless diamond in the jewelry market. India, the storehouse of precious stones, is credited with producing the first emeralds, but the Oriental emerald is not identical with the modern gem, as it is a variety of the ruby, of green color and extremely rare.

A FRIEND'S ADVICE
Something Worth Listening To.

A young Nebr. man was advised by a friend to eat Grape-Nuts because he was all run down from a spell of fever. He tells the story:

"Last spring I had an attack of fever that left me in a very weak condition. I had to quit work; had no appetite, was nervous and discouraged.

"A friend advised me to eat Grape-Nuts, but I paid no attention to him and kept getting worse as time went by.

"I took many kinds of medicine but none of them seemed to help me. My system was completely run down, my blood got out of order from want of proper food, and several very large boils broke out on my neck. I was so weak I could hardly walk.

"One day mother ordered some Grape-Nuts and induced me to eat some. I felt better and that night rested fine. As I continued to use the food every day, I grew stronger steadily and now have regained my former good health. I would not be without Grape-Nuts, as I believe it is the most health-giving food in the world." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

Suicide Among German Children.

Why do so many German children commit suicide? No one seems to know, but there is no dispute about the fact. Indeed it has been said that the majority of suicides are those of children, and experts seem inclined to connect the grisly epidemic with the educational system. That "the weak must go to the wall" has become an axiom that has been extended to the schools, and the undeveloped mind of the child seeks relief in suicide from the discouragement of failure. It would be interesting to know if any of the so-called heathen countries of the world have ever experienced such a horrid social phenomena as that of child suicide.

Education and Larger Life.

It seems to me that the woman who cannot cut out a garment better because of her geometry and her drawing lessons, who cannot speak English more distinctly and with fuller vocabulary because of her study of French or German, who cannot find a hundred uses for her chemistry in the little everyday emergencies of her housekeeping, has not succeeded in getting from her studies all that they had to give her.—Home Progress Magazine.

Too Great Expectations.

First Angler—Look, this fish was almost caught before; see the broken hook in its mouth.

Second Angler—It should have had sense enough to steer clear of hooks after that.

First Angler—Oh, come, you can't expect a fish to exhibit more sense than a human being.—Boston Transcript.

Not According to Rule.

"Her emotions are ungrammatical."

"What do you mean by that?"

"All her moods are tense."

If you make a remark don't you enjoy having some one say, "Is that so?"

A CURE FOR PILES.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and pain and cures piles. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Adv.

A girl's idea of a tiresome man is one who has good sense.

Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Sprains

Miss C. Mahoney, of 2708 K. St., W. Washington, D.C., writes: "I suffered with rheumatism for five years and I have just got hold of your Liniment, and it has done me so much good. My knees do not pain and the swelling has gone."

Quiets the Nerves

Mrs. A. Weidman, of 403 Thompson St., Maryville, Mo., writes:—"The nerve in my leg was destroyed five years ago and left me with a jerking at night so that I could not sleep. A friend told me to try your Liniment and now I could not do without it. I find after its use I can sleep."

SLOAN'S
LINIMENT

"Is a good Liniment. I keep it on hand all the time. My daughter sprained her wrist and used your Liniment, and it has not hurt her since."

Joseph Hatcher,
of Selma, N. C.
R.F.D., No. 4.

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Price
25c., 50c., $1.00

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, hogs and poultry sent free. Address

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Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

FOR SCIATIC RHEUMATISM

Try the Treatment That Cured This Pronounced Case in Minneapolis After Other Treatments Failed.

Sciatica is neuralgia of the sciatic nerve. Its origin is generally rheumatic and is the direct result of taking cold. For this reason the disease is commonly known as "sciatic rheumatism." That Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure this disease is shown by numerous cases like that of Mrs. J. B. Hansen, of No. 221 Twentieth Ave., So., Minneapolis, Minn. She says:

"A few years ago following an attack of the grip I was taken with sciatica. For six years I suffered untold agony and thought it would be a blessing to me if I could only die. There were sharp, shooting pains in both of my limbs and my shoulders and arms were affected also but not so severely. If I moved about quickly, the pain would catch me so that I had to scream. My limbs were swollen until I could hardly walk. I also had a terrible dull pain in my back which was often unbearable. Each attack continued to last for a week or two at a time. While suffering from the sciatica I was further run-down by weakness common to women of my age.

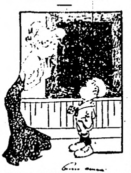
"I received so little relief from the doctor's medicine that I became discouraged and quit it. My husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as he had read how they had cured cases like mine. I felt better after I had taken the pills a short time but took several boxes until I was certain I was cured. I give this statement of my cure thinking that other sufferers may be helped as I was through using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

The tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills succeeds where other treatments fail because it is based on the sound medical principle that the health of the nerves depends on pure, red blood.

Every person who is interested in the home treatment of nervous disorders should send for a new edition of our booklet entitled, "Diseases of the Nervous System, Their Nature, Symptoms and Treatment." Address the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale at all druggists, or will be mailed to any address, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. Adv.

GOOD DESCRIPTION.



Teacher—Willie, what is a volcano?
Willie—Why-er-er, it's like a furnace full of Roman candles wid de door open.

Smelled a Grafter.

A Boston clubman recently returned from a visit to New York city. In discussing his trip one of his friends asked him whether he had a policeman in his pocket. The clubman hesitated for a moment, seriously questioning his friend's sanity, when the latter added:

"I didn't know whether you could be there a week without some grafter or other getting into your pocket."

New One.

"When I saw Speedem today he was on the qui vive."

"What make is that?"

It may be all right for a man to have a past, if it will only stay past.

TIRED BLOOD RETARDS DIGESTION

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

When the blood is tired, it fails to supply sufficient gastric juice to properly digest the food, and we have Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Heartburn, Gastritis, Bad Breath, etc. Building up the blood is the only way to prevent and cure this condition. For this purpose, Tonitives will be found of great value, because of their action on the blood, they help to supply the necessary gastric juice, and also to increase the strength of the muscles of the stomach. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail.

TONITIVES FOR TIRED BLOOD

The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

160 ACRE
FARMS IN
WESTERN
CANADA
FREE

ALBERTA

THE PRICE OF BEEF

IS HIGH AND SO IS THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

For years the Province of Alberta (Western Canada) was the Big Ranching Country. Many of these ranches today are immense grain fields and the cattle have given place to the cultivation of wheat, oats, barley and flax; the change has made many thousands of Americans, settled on these plains, wealthy, but it has increased the price of live stock.

There is splendid opportunity now to get a

Free Homestead

of 160 acres (and another as a pre-emption) in the newer districts and produce either cattle or grain. The crops are always good, the climate is excellent, schools and churches are convenient, markets splendid, in either Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Send for literature, the latest information, railway rates, etc., to

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ROAD and FARM IMPROVEMENT

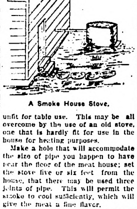
MAKING SMOKE HOUSE SAFE

Danger of Burning Building Eliminated by Use of Old Stove Connected by Pipe Outside.

(By J. G. WOODWORTH.)

It is often the case when building a fire in the smoke house that the fire will burn up too high and catch the meat, sometimes the flames catching the house, and as a consequence buildings may be destroyed.

Oftentimes the heat is such that the meat is partially cooked or heated to such an extent that it sweats and soon loses its flavor, becoming strong and unfit for table use. This may be all overcome by the use of an old stove, one that is hardly fit for use in the house for heating purposes.



A Smoke House Stove.

Make a hole that will accommodate the size of pipe you happen to have near the floor of the meat house; set the stove five or six feet from the house, that there may be used three joints of pipe. This will permit the smoke to cool sufficiently, which will give the meat a fine flavor.

It would be better to spend two or three dollars for a stove than to run a great risk in building a fire in the smoke house.

WHERE GOOD ROADS BENEFIT

Case Cited Where It Cost Farmer Much Time and Money to Deliver Small Load of Apples.

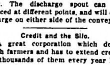
Recently my man went to the county seat to deliver 25 bushels of apples. The mud was so deep that the team was repeatedly stopped to wind on level stretches and on many hills a brake was not necessary, writes D. H. Watts in the New England Homestead. The time required to make the round trip of 32 miles was 13 hours, not counting the time used feeding the team and in unloading. Much less time and scarcely any wear and tear of team, wagon and harness would have delivered 75 bushels on a macadam or a brick road bed.

If man and team are worth $1 a day, and they are, then we lost $8 earning capacity that day and worked very hard 13 hours (more than a day and a half, by eight-hour day system) to earn a day's wages. The gigantic question is not, do good roads cost too much, but how much more do bad roads cost us? Let every farmer be a committee of one to figure on road profits and losses. The postoffice department and many others might well participate. The consumer of farm products is a sufferer also, as because of these ill-kept roads his supply comes inadequately at times, and again so as to demoralize the market. It is true that difficult transportation invariably means higher prices at the consumer's door.

FILLING GRANARY NOW EASY

Farmers Save Much Valuable Time by Using Portable Elevators in Storing Their Crops.

Farmers nowadays are too busy and their time is too valuable to load corn into the granary by shovels. This work is now done by portable elevators with conveyors for delivering grain into the farthermost corner of barn, crib or granary, and distributing ear corn or small grain at various places in the length of the building. The discharge spout can be placed at different points, and will discharge on either side of the conveyor.



Filling the Granary.

Credit and the Silo.

A great corporation which deals with farmers and has to extend credit to thousands of them every year has one rather interesting rule by which to rate a man: A farmer who has a silo is considered a good risk. His standing with the company is higher than that of the man without a silo. It is easier for him to get credit than it is for the man who has no silo. This is because credit is not wholly based on what a man has but partly on what he is. His enterprise, industry, capability and honesty are considered as well as the value and nature of his property. The presence of a silo on a man's farm is evidence that he has most of the qualities that form a basis for credit, and for that reason he is considered by this corporation a safe man to trust.

Handling Cabbage.

Cabbage which is to be stored should be handled with care. When thrown from the field into the wagon-box the heads are severely bruised, and this is likely to cause decay after storage. Some of the most careful growers use crates, baskets or tubs in which the heads are carefully placed in the field and these are hauled to the storage house, where they are emptied quickly and with ease. Too much care cannot be exercised in the harvesting of all crops which are intended for storage.

NARROW ROADS ARE FAVORED

Agitation to Cut Width to Thirty Feet Has Been Taken Up in Kansas—Easier to Care For.

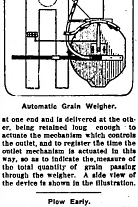
The agitation which was begun in Iowa two years ago to cut down the width of country roads, allowing the unused strips of land along each side of the highway to revert to the adjacent property owner, has now been taken up in Kansas, where the state highway engineer is advocating a plan similar to that advocated in Iowa by Governor Carroll, says the Iowa Homestead. The argument both in Iowa and in Kansas is that by narrowing the highways to thirty feet, and maintaining the entire width as a highway and drainage system, the wall of weeds upon each side of the roadway would be dispensed with and a great waste of land would be minimized. The Kansas highway engineer has figured that a sixty-foot roadway takes 14.55 acres from two sides of each section of land, or twenty-nine acres from each section if there is a road on all four sides. By abandoning thirty feet of each road that is now sixty feet wide, three and two-thirds acres would revert to the owner of each quarter section, thus materially adding to the farm income. The situation in Kansas is considerably akin to that in Iowa, only a portion (from one-third to one-half) of the land allotted to a highway being used as an actual roadway. Those who are back of the movement in both of the states believe that better results will be obtained by narrowing the road and keeping the narrower channel in better repair, while at the same time adding thousands of acres of rich farm land to the state's aggregate. Whether the agitation bears fruit or not it can hardly fail to be of value in furthering the cause of good roads by increasing public interest in the subject.

DEVICE FOR WEIGHING GRAIN

Arranged to Work Automatically, Registering Total Weight of Grain Passing Through.

The Scientific American in describing an automatic grain weigher, the invention of E. L. Adams of Edgar, Neb., says:

This device is operated automatically by the weight of grain it receives. It comprises a hollow vessel with an inlet at one end and an outlet at the other, and comprising means by which grain can enter the vessel until its limit of capacity is reached. Means also provide for the automatic discharge of the grain, and it passes continuously into the receiving vessel at one end and is delivered at the other, being retained long enough to actuate the mechanism which controls the outlet, and to register the time the outlet mechanism is actuated in this way, so as to indicate the measure of the total quantity of grain passing through the weigher. A side view of the device is shown in the illustration.



Automatic Grain Weigher.

Plow Early.

Plow the land as early as possible. To make it still better, disk the land two or three weeks before plowing. This disking makes a better seedbed, as the stubble is mixed with the soil. The disking also buries weed seed and grain, which makes them germinate and the plowing kills them. Early fall plowing will, as a rule, make a better crop than spring plowing and especially so if the land was disked first. Then again, there is too little time in the spring to do the plowing then.

How Europe Saves Fertility.

The fertility of European soil is maintained by maintaining the supply of active plant food and of organic matter. A part of the nitrogen is secured from the air, a part from the purchased feeding stuffs and some from the nitrogenous fertilizers. The losses of potash and phosphoric acid in the crop are counterbalanced by purchases in feeds and fertilizers. Every care is taken to prevent loss of plant food. Leaves, stalks, etc., are either saved and fed or are used as bedding.

Good Roads & Farm Notes

Early plowing makes bigger crops.

By the day, did you ever hear of a road drag?

A good time now to patch up around the farm buildings.

If possible, put the celery away in slightly moist, clean sand.

The toolhouse has become one of the important adjuncts to the modern farm.

Only in rare cases do cutworms bother crops that are planted on fall plowed land.

Alfalfa under congenial surroundings or conditions is a business crop and no loafer.

A coat of manure put on the garden this fall will give a good account of itself next June.

Hot bed sashes are usually three by six feet in dimensions, but smaller sizes may be used.

Seed corn is an expensive luxury if placed where the birds, poultry, mice and rats can get it.

It is quite common to sow buckwheat, especially on poor land, as a green manure crop.

Gardens infested with cut worms may be helped by keeping the land free from vegetation all fall and burning all trash.

PURELY FEMININE

NOVELTY IS DEMANDED

MOST STRIKING FEATURE OF DRESS TRIMMING SITUATION.

Every Conceivable Thing That Will Give an Air of "Difference" Is Employed—Most Unusual Effects Noted in Consequence.

The keynote of the dress trimming situation for the coming season is certainly novelty. Nothing is too "different" and unusual not to be in demand, and the more curious the trimming the greater seems to be its popularity.

Fringes are favored by the fashion makers in Paris and Berlin. Silk ball fringes in every conceivable style, size and combination of color will be used on the more dressy costumes. Virtually all kinds of bead fringes are in demand, from the simplest to the most elaborate in the medium and narrow widths. Silk fringe will be seen on the gowns of plainer cut.

Opalescent bead fringes, jet, black and white and all the shades of amber are great favorites, with gold and silver for use on elaborate evening costumes and some of the handsome wraps for evening wear.

Colored embroidered bands are meeting with high favor. These come in all widths and a wide variety of designs, many of them showing metallic threads intermingled with the floss silk. Solid metal effects are largely used. Gold, silver, copper and gunmetal embroidered sets at intervals with mock jewels are wonderful in their beauty, especially those of oriental design and rich coloring.

Jets in band embroideries and fringes are well liked for trimmings on black and white gowns; dull jets are seen on mourning costumes. Very effective are the cut jet costumes with rhinestone centers and crystal buttons of all the conceivable colors set with colored jewels and rhinestones.

Some of the most unusual effects are seen in the chiffon floral trimmings. These are in the form of bands of small or large blossoms, leaves and buds, that can be transferred to the gown simply by catching them lightly from underneath with rather loose stitchery. They can be had in wreaths, garlands, clusters and in single blossoms, and there is certainly no question as to their beauty and adaptability in the trimming of elaborate costumes for evening and formal occasions in the afternoon.

Tunics are in great demand. Odd and fancy styles are especially well liked. Prominent among these are those that are cut away in front, showing the influence of the directoire period now dominant in garments of all descriptions. Other styles are draped in pannier effect or else slashed at the side, forming long panels in the front and the back. Very handsome models are they that show demi-flouncings, which vogue comes in directly from Paris.

Braids there are in such numbers and varieties that it would be impossible to describe them in a limited space. But all are beautiful in design and texture, and if you desire a trimming for a simple morning frock choose braid.

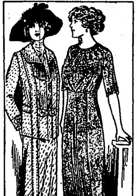
FOR THE STREET OR HOUSE

Tweed Costume in Green Shade Recommended—Simple Home Dress for Almost Any Material.

Tweed Costume.—Green tweed flecked with brown is used for our model. The coat is sacque shaped, trimmed with straps to match skirt. It has a collar of material, below which in front plaited lace frills hang. Straps trim the sleeves.

Hat of black velvet, trimmed with a velvet ribbon mount.

Materials required: Five yards of tweed 46 inches wide, five buttons, 4 1-2 yards silk or satin for lining coat.



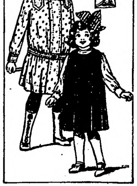
Simple Home Dress.—So simple is this, that it might be made in many different materials.

The skirt has a wrapped seam up the left side of front, six buttons trim the foot. The waist is high and plainly set to the bodice, which is Magyar, and has a low, round neck, braided simply as trimming. The sleeves are trimmed to match.

Materials required: Three and one-half yards 42 inches wide, one-half dozen buttons, one-half dozen yards braid.

DESIGNED FOR SMALL GIRL

Dress for Girl of Ten to Twelve Years—This little dress is in pale blue zephyr spotted with navy; it is cut Magyar and has a box pleat taken down front and nearly to foot. Plain navy zephyr is used for the yoke, waistband and cuffs; this gives a smart effect to the little dress.



Materials required: 2½ yards spotted zephyr 30 inches wide, 1½ yard plain.

Pinafore for Girl of Six to Eight Years—For this, navy blue sateen with sprigs of white on it is used; it is quite plain and has the shoulders of fronts rounded and laid on those of the back, where a button keeps them in place; one button and corresponding hole form fastening at the back.

Materials required: 2 yards 28 inches wide, 3 buttons.

Borders to Continue Vogue.

According to the Dry Goods Economist, borders will continue their popularity throughout the spring and summer of next year. This now favorite form of ornamentation will include borders made of agaric yarns, jacquards in variety, fine embroideries. Carrick-macross lace, open work lattice designs, printed warps on satin, velours, etc. Some attention will be given to tissues and mulls for lingerie dresses. These will be ornamented with boucle and agaric yarns and in some instances will be embroidered in pompadour colors, applied to white grounds principally. Linens and like linens share in the movement of heavy materials.

Silk Blouses.

Many of the new blouses are made of silk and have linen collars and cuffs. A pretty blouse is made surplice fashion with a sailor collar and undercuffs of dainty hand embroidered linen, which may be removed and laundered.

NAILS MUST BE WELL KEPT

No Amount of Care That Can Be Expended on Them Should Be Considered Misplaced.

Begin the daily manicuring by filing the nails to a pretty oval; then soak them in soft rain water mixed with glycerin and rosewater. If any ragged edges appear at the corners of the softened nails they should be trimmed off with the scissors and the orange-stick should be applied to push the skin away from the nail. At this point the nails may be most readily cleansed with a soft brush dipped in soap and tepid water.

Never clean nails with a sharp instrument, for that scratches both flesh and nail, making both retain dust and look coarse and ugly. Dirt may be worked from under nails roughened by a sharp instrument through the use of vaseline under the nail, or by dipping the point of the orange wood stick in lemon juice and gently rubbing away any obstinate stain. Stains at the corners of the nails, too, may be removed in this way after soaking the finger-tips in warm, soapy water.

Last of all, the nails are polished by rubbing pink manicure salve over them and polishing it off by means of a chamois-skin buffer and some manicure powder. A dull polish, not the effect of a brilliant enamel, is considered refined.

Well-kept finger nails presuppose refinement, and no matter what sort of hands women are blessed or cursed with, polite society demands that their finger nails shall be pink, almond shaped and in perfect condition. The shape may not be good to begin with, but a vast amount of improvement will come with careful treatment.

Too Slow.

"You started in a few weeks ago to read 'The Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire,' didn't you? How are you getting on with it?"

"Oh, I quit almost at the start. It kept me so busy lookin' at the footnotes that I couldn't keep track of the story. The author was too slow about bringin' in the hero and heroine, anyhow."

"Thank Duke's Mixture"

Every member of your family will appreciate the many handsome, useful presents you can get free with the coupons now packed in

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Duke's Mixture

Duke's Mixture is one of the big favorite brands. Men everywhere prefer it because of its true natural tobacco taste. Duke's Mixture is simply the choice leaves of fine Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf—thoroughly aged, stemmed and crumbled. Smoke it as you please—it's impossible to get a purer smoke or a more likeable one than this mild, rich, fragrant *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture.

One *and a half* ounces of this choice granulated tobacco cost only 5c—and with each sack you now get a free present coupon that is a dandy.

The Presents are FREE

They do not cost you one penny. In each 5c sack of *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture we now pack a free present coupon. With these coupons you can get any article described in our new illustrated catalogue of presents. *As a special offer, good during December and January only, we will give you this catalog absolutely FREE.* Simply send us your name and address.

Coupons from DUKE'S MIXTURE *may be assorted with Tags from* HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST *and coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c-tin double coupon)*, PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags and coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Turkish Counting of Time.

Through the center of the mosque of St. Sophia runs the theoretical meridian which gave the Turks true local time—one hour and fifty-six minutes fifty-two seconds fast on Greenwich—until, two years ago, the new government fell in with the standard system of time zones, and came into the eastern European zone, exactly two hours ahead of Greenwich time. For religious purposes, however, 12 o'clock always happens at sunset, and noon thus wanders with the seasons all round the clock.—Westminster Gazette.

The first thing the average hired girl does is look in the closet and size up the family skeleton.

CURES BURNS AND CUTS.
Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

Of course, we all feel sorry for people who don't like us.

SELL YOUR HIDES DIRECT

WE TAN HIDES FOR ROBES & COATS

Hides Wanted

Dealers in
HIDES, FURS AND WOOL
Don't sell any Hides or Furs till you have sent for our PRICE LIST. Honest grading. Absolute financial reliability.
Tanners of
Hides for Robes, Coats and Rugs
Send for samples and prices. We do all kinds of tanning. We can please you both as to quality of work and price.
Watertown Hide and Fur Co.,
Box M, Watertown, So. Dakota

TYPEWRITERS
All makes from $15 up. Over 1000 to select from, all guaranteed. Machines rented 3 months for $5. Write for bargain list No. 4. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidneys and Bladder
BECAUSE THEY ARE RICHEST IN CURATIVE QUALITIES
CONTAIN NO HABIT FORMING DRUGS
ARE SAFE, SURE, AND SAVE YOU MONEY

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

Shipping Fever
Influenza, pink eye, epizootic, distemper and all nose and throat diseases cured, and all others, no matter how "exposed," kept from having any of these diseases with SPOHN'S LIQUID DISTEMPER CURE. Three to six doses often cure a case. One 50-cent bottle guaranteed to do so. Best thing for brood mares. Acts on the blood. 50c and $1 a bottle. $5 and $11 a dozen bottles. Druggists and harness shops. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Muff.

Senator Borah was talking about a disgruntled political opponent.

"His attitude," said the eloquent senator, "reminds me of a young lady at the seashore.

"Discussing this young lady and a Chicago millionaire, a girl remarked:

"'She says that he's not a very good catch, after all.'

"Another girl, tossing her head, then made the comment:

"'She says that, does she? Then he must have dropped her.'"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

A man can have short legs and still carry his head high.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugarcoated, tiny granules. Easy to take as candy. Adv.

It always costs more to acquire a grouch than it is worth.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels
Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
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FOR EYE DISEASES Pettit's Eye Salve

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 48-1912.

The Cheerful Life

It is the right of everyone to live and enjoy the cheerful life. We owe it to ourselves and those who live with us to live the cheerful life. We cannot do so if ill health takes hold of us.

The wife, mother and daughter suffering from hot flashes, nervousness, headache, backache, dragging-down feeling, or any other weakness due to disorders or irregularities of the delicate female organs—is not only a burden to herself, but to her loved ones.

There is a remedy. Forty years experience has proven unmistakably that

DR. PIERCE'S
Favorite Prescription

will restore health to weakened womankind. For 40 years it has survived prejudice, envy and malice. Sold by dealers in medicine in liquid or tablet form. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription Tablets can be had of druggist or mailed on receipt of one-cent stamps—for $1.00 or 50¢ size. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated tiny granules.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

New Herd of Bison of Interest to Scientists

WASHINGTON.—Government scientists in Washington displayed great interest in a dispatch from Winnipeg a few days ago, announcing that Harry V. Radford, the American explorer, had discovered more than 250 wild buffalo in the Slave lake district of the Hudson Bay country.

The wild buffalo of the American plains are gone and nothing remains of them save a few museum and zoological park specimens.

Outside of the national zoological park in Washington, the Bronx Zoo, in New York, Yellowstone National park, and a few other collections of domesticated bison there are no known living specimens of the buffalo in this country, and the last wild herd in the United States is believed to have been exterminated. For many years reports have come out of the Hudson Bay country concerning the existence of a new and distinct species of buffalo, but only within the last ten years have scientists agreed that this species is a different variety from the American bison.

"We are very much interested in Mr. Radford's discovery," said Dr. Richard Rathbun, assistant secretary of the Smithsonian institution, in charge of the United States national museum. "We know this explorer very well. The object of his expedition was to visit the home of the wood bison in the almost unknown region of northwestern Canada, west of the Slave river, and north of the lower Peace river. This expedition started in 1909 and has included track surveys over many hundreds of miles, and furnished Mr. Radford the opportunity of closely studying the wood bison in its haunts, and of making the first recorded observations on this rare animal in life.

"Eighteen specimens were seen by him during the first part of his exploration tour, and under a permit from the Canadian government one was killed by him. It weighed 2,402 pounds, and both the skin and skeleton were preserved. The skin was presented by Mr. Radford to the Provincial museum at Edmonton, Alberta, while the skeleton was obtained by the National museum at Washington.

"This skeleton and the skull are very fine specimens, and the skeleton is probably the only one of a wild buffalo in any museum. Our information was that Mr. Radford had not returned, and that his expedition continued into the Slave lake country and beyond. This is the first word we have received from him since this specimen was obtained."

Officials Assert That Many Wives Are Indolent

A SHARP arraignment of the farmers' wives and daughters of the country and incidentally their city sisters is contained in a report made the other day by George K. Holmes, chief of the division of production and distribution of the agricultural department. Although wages have risen steadily during forty-four years. Mr Holmes declares that the women of the present age have forgotten or are too proud to indulge in household work on the farm. The lure of "society," which has reached out to the farm, he says, is much to blame for the conditions, which he described as "acute."

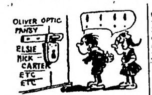
"Country girls, as well as city girls," says Mr. Holmes, in reporting to Secretary Wilson, "seem to regard household labor for hire as undesirable. Joined with this fact is the other one that the women of the farmer's family are neither able nor willing to repeat the manual labor performances of their grandmothers on the farm."

The raising of the standard of living on the farm, the report continues, is responsible in a measure for the women of the farm now engaging in "social functions" which the government expert holds to be "incompatible with the performance of household labor." The passing of the old-time domestic industries is deplored, and Mr. Holmes adds that "it is rare that one of the younger women know how to knit."

"Throughout large areas," he says, "the pride of the housewife in great stores of preserves, dried and pickled fruits, berries and vegetables exists chiefly in history, and dependence is placed mostly upon the local store for the products of the cannery and the evaporator."

Within the period mentioned Mr. Holmes reports that wages paid to men laborers on the farm have arisen as high as 72 per cent and that harvest hands are now paid upward of $20 a month with board. For the farm laborer who lives on the farm the year around, Mr. Holmes declares the money paid does not represent the real value of his remuneration, for the "cost of living" virtually is solved for him.

Oliver Optic Is Barred in Washington Library



OLIVER OPTIC, Horatio Alger, Mrs. Alden ("Pansy"), and a score or more of the lesser lights of the juvenile literature of a generation ago will suffer a permanent eclipse in the public library of the District of Columbia. The executive committee of the library is co-operating with the teachers to discourage indiscriminate reading of juvenile stories by the youth of Washington.

In the opinion of George F. Bowerman, librarian, books that tend to institute false ideas in the minds of the growing youth, those which force an introspective trend in little girls and those which falsely depict actual conditions of history must be set aside.

Oliver Optic's works are classed as "purposeless."

Horatio Alger's juvenile heroes have too ready a road to success. Of Alger's works the committee said: "G. A. Henty, while not writing any better class of literature than does Alger, stands just across the border line which divides the good from the bad. The mediocre writings of Henty based on historical truths inspire the boys to read better literature. Alger spoils the capacity for better reading."

The "Elsie" books, dear to the hearts of every schoolgirl of the '70s and '80s and heretofore regarded as harmless because so highly moral, are roundly condemned as tending to make a girl introspective and "goody-goody." The same charge with less vehemence of utterance is laid at the door of the "Pancy" series.

"Only a shade worse than Old Sleuth and Nick Carter," is the view of the library committee with regard to a list including the revolutionary series by George Warren; the college sports series, by Lester Chadwick; the Jack Ranger series, by Clarence Young; the Boy Hunter series, by Capt. Ralph Bonehill; the Motor Girl series and the Dorothy Dale series, by Margaret Penrose.

When a Herring Is a Herring It Is a Herring

WHAT IS A HERRING ?
A HERRING IS A HERRING WHEN A HERRING

ACCORDING to Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh a herring is a herring when a herring.

The secretary of the treasury, who returned to his office the other day, was called upon to render a decision on what is a herring, and he did it accordingly to the foregoing paragraph. He decided also that a herring is not any one of a number of fancy fishes popularly classed as herring, as many of the importers would like to have the customs officials believe that they are herring.

Like the question, "What is whiskey" and "is a hen a bird," "What is a herring" has caused considerable trouble to custom officials. Assistant Secretary Curtis wrestled with the herring, that is the herring question, and then passed it on to Secretary MacVeagh and the latter (he having been a wholesale grocer for many years and an importer of herring) promptly held that a herring is a herring, and that anchovies, brisling, cardines, sprats, pilchards and alewives are impostors and hereafter shall not be herrings.

To the importer this means that herrings when imported will be assessed 1 cent a pound if fresh, and half a cent a pound if packed any other way, and that the importers shall pay a duty of three-fourths of a cent a pound, or 30 per cent. ad valorem.

The Meanness of Him.

"Old Crusty is the limit."

"What's he done now?"

"At the party last night Miss Anshunt, who is always fishing for a compliment, rushed up to him, with: 'Oh, Mr. Crusty, Mr. Smith has just told me that I have a beautiful voice!'

"'Did no one ever tell you that you have a beautiful face?' asked Crusty, smiling down at her.

"'Oh-o no!' replied she, trying to snuggle beneath his arm.'

"'I thought not,' replied Crusty, breaking away."

Subtle Flattery.

"Blobeley is a crafty fellow."

"Why do you think so?"

"He was telling me yesterday about his winter sleeping arrangements. During cold weather he and Mrs. Blobeley turn off the steam in their bed-chamber and open a window before retiring."

"Just so."

"The next morning when they wake Blobeley tells his wife she is the dearest woman in the world. After that he pretends to doze. Then she slips out of bed, pulls down the window and turns on the steam."

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Winona.—The November term of United States court closed late Saturday.

Minneapolis.—Dr. Samuel H. Van Cleve, a resident of Minnesota for the past 56 years, died in St. Mary's hospital following a prolonged illness.

Caledonia.—O. E. Burtness, who is serving his sixteenth year as county treasurer, won over M. C. Driscoll (dem.) by a majority of 1,500 votes.

Pipestone. — Fire destroyed the buildings on the farm of August Wadtke, across the line in Lincoln county. The loss amounted to $5,000.

Little Falls.—Chester Dalton, held here on a charge of attempted murder, is thought to have a hand in several holdups on the Northern Pacific west of here.

Duluth, Minn.—The Duluth city council has appropriated $15,000 for the purpose of testing the validity of the franchise under which the Duluth street railway is operating.

St. Cloud.—Delegates from the Catholic societies of this section of the state will meet in this city this week to discuss the advisability of organizing a district association of Catholic societies.

Clinton.—The clergy of Big Stone district of the Minnesota conference of the Swedish Lutheran church terminated their two-days' session here last week. The ladies of the church served free dinner to all while in session.

Fergus Falls, Minn.—By far one of the most daring robberies ever perpetrated in western Minnesota occurred at Bluffton, a village in the eastern part of this county, Tuesday night. Although the citizens were aware of their presence, the burglars coolly went on with their work and escaped with loot valued at $150.

St. Cloud.—After riding for nearly two weeks on the rods of freight and passenger trains, and escaping from conflicts with railroad brakemen of five divisions without a scratch, Carl Hendricks and Harold Mason, Milwaukee society men, who have been making a trip from Seattle to their home town without paying a cent, were chased across a ten-acre field and just before they reached a refuge were injured by an angry bull.

Sauk Center. — A hot county seat fight in Stearns county has begun. St. Cloud has been the county seat since the organization of the county in the early days of the state. Now comes Albany, with an offer of a fine site and a $50,000 bonus for the removal of the county buildings to that town. Sauk Center's commercial club has sent a committee of five businessmen to Albany to co-operate with the citizens of that town.

Minneapolis.—An extremely notable tribute to the bravery of Indian fighters of Minneapolis was given when pioneers of the state, veterans of the Civil War, and members of the Center Improvement officials and members of the Center Improvement association gathered in the Nicollet hotel to pay homage to the men in Captain Richard Strout's command, who assisted in quelling the Sioux outbreak of 1862. The banquet marked the fiftieth anniversary of the outbreak. It was given under the auspises of the Center Improvement association.

Minneapolis. — City health department officials and employees recently had two conferences in regard to the report on the health survey of Minneapolis recently made by the New York experts for the Civic and Commerce association. Sanitary inspectors gatherd in one room, but merely heard the report read and did not talk of how betterments suggested might be accomplished. In an adjoining room the milk inspection officials conferred with the state dairy officials to bring about closer co-operation in the work.

Minneapolis.—The band burst into "Home, Sweet Home," the great hall shook as many joined their voices in the grand old song, the people cheered until the rafters rang, and then they turned and made their way out through the doors, and lights went out and silence reigned and the 1912 land show, the most successful ever carried out, with 107,200 recorded admissions and 82,000 actual sales of individual tickets at the gates, had passed into history. The people left the hall with lingering looks and bulging pockets.

St. Paul.—Conditions at the State Hospital for Consumptives at Walker were called scandalous by Dr. Longstreet Taylor of St. Paul, a member of the Minnesota Tubercular commission, who spoke before the Conservation congress in the Minneapolis armory on "A State Equipped to Fight Tuberculosis." The idea of one or several state hospitals for consumptives was held wrong by the St. Paul physician, who urged instead, a tuberculosis hospital superintended by a competent physician in each county of the state.

Baudette.—After discovering that she had accidentally put deadly poison in a medicine she had compounded for August Kahler, her son, who was leaving for the wilds of northern Minnesota, Mrs. August Kahler of Stillwater, Minn., started an alarm which followed her son through Baudette, out on a lake and finally found him through aid of a horseman at a settler's home.

The medicine which she had compounded for him was intended to ward off colds. It contained enough poison to have killed him upon taking the first dose.

Minneapolis. — While the 1912 land products show attendance Wednesday fell 430 behind the high record mark at 10,021 set by Minnesota day, it brought the total admission for eight days to 1,530 more than for the corresponding days of the St. Paul land show last year. The feature of Wednesday night was the chorus singing of the United Scandinavian Singing societies. After the concert for the Conservation congress at the Armory was over the singers came to the land show, occupied the band stand, and gave several selections, closing with "America."

LEADING POCKET BILLIARD PLAYER OF EAST

Frank Sherman, Pool Player.

For many years acknowledged as the leading pocket billiard player of the east and twice winner of the international title, Frenk Sherman was defeated recently in New York for the world's championship by Alfred de Oro.

ONE OF BOSTON'S STANDBYS

Hall, Whose Clever Pitching Helped Win Championship, Began Career at First Base.

Pitcher Charley Hall, whose clever work aided materially in winning the American league championship for the Boston Red Sox, began his professional baseball career on the Santa Barbara (Cal.) team, playing first base. The first game he ever pitched was for the San Francisco team of the Pacific Coast league in 1904. The next year he joined the Cincinnati team, going from there to Columbus, O. In 1908 he was with St. Paul, and went to the Boston Americans in the middle of the 1910 season. He is a right hander, but bats with his left.

Charley Hall.

Huge Profits for McAleer.

The Boston American league club has proved a little gold mine for James R. McAleer during his one year's connection with the team. He has $200,000 in the Boston club, of which $130,000 represents his savings. The remaining $70,000 was borrowed without interest from President Comiskey, of the Chicago White Sox. McAleer tells with pride that for the last eight years his income as manager and scout has been $20,000 a season. He saved his money. Already the profits for this season nearly equal his investment, and counting the world's series he will have a sung sum left over.

Peculiar Touchdown.

One of the most remarkable errors ever made in a football game is reported from Lowell, where Dean academy played the Lowell Technical school. In the course of the contest Kowall of the academy eleven blocked a kick on Lowell's five-yard line. He picked up the ball ran 60 yards toward his own goal line. He was in full flight when he discovered his mistake. He turned and ran back 65 yards in the right direction and made a touchdown.

Entries for 1913 Glidden Tour.

Pledges of 25 entries for the next Glidden tour have been given to Charles J. Glidden during the first three days of his tour over the lakes-to-the-gulf route. Motorists have given him an enthusiastic welcome at the completion of each day's tour.

Open Public Golf Course.

Liverpool's first municipal golf links have been thrown open to the public. The green fee is sixpence per round of 18 holes, and this applies to all comers.

ORIGINAL 'BONEHEAD' PLAYER

Inventor of Expressions Which Have Become Byword in Baseball Was Southern Leaguer.

Eddie Ashenback, the well-known minor league manager who died recently, was the inventor of the expression "bonehead," which, with "concrete dome," "cement skull," solid ivory," has become a byword in baseball. When Ashenback was managing the Shreveport team of the Southern league several years ago, he had a good catcher, who could also hit some, but he had the very serious weakness of not being able to gauge a foul fly, no matter how easy it was.

One day a batter raised a high foul directly over the plate, and the catcher, misjudging it, was hit squarely on top of the head by the descending sphere, which knocked off his mask and bounded away about thirty feet. That night Ashenback finished his supper early and was passing out of the dining room when he happened to walk behind his catcher, who was devouring his evening meal with gusto and enthusiasm. Stopping at the table, Ed passed his hands over the backstop's head, feeling for the bump which he thought would surely be there on account of the contact with the ball that afternoon. But there was no lump to be felt. "No, wonder," said Ash. "How could there be a bump? Your head is a solid bone."

NOTES of SPORTDOM

Joe Birmingham may be a bench manager of the Naps next season.

Denver of the Western league wants the services of Bill Lelivelt, the Minneapolis pitcher.

Gabby Street is rapidly going through the alphabet of minor leagues. He is out of the double A's.

Chicago boxers help keep their town on the map if they do appear at home only for photographic purposes.

The Buffalo fans believe that Hugh Duffy, ex-Milwaukee manager, will pilot the Bison ship next season.

Beals Becker, the speedy youngster and sub outfielder of the Giants, will most likely be a regular next season.

World's series publicity is a two-edged scimitar. It made a hero out of Hugh Bedient and a bum out of Snodgrass.

Owner Lennon of the St. Paul club of the American association wants Johnny Kling for manager of the Saints next year.

From developments this year it would seem that players' organization was to be given an immediate chance to prove its worth.

Jim McGuire says the reason pitchers don't hit is because hitters don't pitch. Which lines James up as a maker of epigrams.

Here's a ball player that would like to become an aviator—Bill Chappelle, a pitcher of the Chattanooga team of the Southern league.

Vean Gregg, the Naps' star southpaw pitcher, and his father have opened a plastering contracting business in Edmonton, Alta.

Pitcher Ray Fisher of the New York Americans has been coaching the Middlebury football squad since the close of the baseball season.

Jake Daubert, star first baseman of the National league, used to be kicked around the Southern league before he made his big league debut.

The term "free agent" in baseball means precisely that the player is allowed to draw his breath without the consent of the club owner.

Something no other big league manager can boast of—Roger Bresnahan holds this one record: He is the only major league manager fired by a woman.

The Brooklyn club is to turn over Harry Van Buskirk, a pitcher secured during the closing days of the season, to the Newark club for a year of conditioning.

PLAN A NEW COMBINE

Movement Under Way to Form Rival of "Big Nine."

Five Colleges and Universities Included in Conference in Middle West—Notre Dame and Marquette Are Included.

A movement is on foot which will, if it materializes, result in a new conference of colleges and universities in the middle west. Sponsors for the plans are working secretly and with a dispatch that augurs well for ultimate success.

Notre Dame, Marquette and Wabash have been named as charter members, with the possible inclusion of the Michigan agricultural college and Lawrence university. There will be six or eight institutions in the conference, and it will enter upon its official existence in the fall with the opening of the 1913 football season.

An effort was made last spring, it will be remembered, to form a conference of the Catholic universities in the middle west, but owing to the weakness of the teams the plan was abandoned. The necessity of cementing athletic relations between the prospective members of the new conference is recognized as the principal reason for the launching of the combine.

The strength of the institutions named for membership is too well known to need advertising. Notre Dame has always turned out a football team that made it a feared rival on any gridiron and a sure-fire contender for the championship of Indiana every year. Wabash, the home of the "Little Giants," has given the South Bend eleven a bitter fight, and a meeting always brews oodles of interest.

Marquette and Notre Dame have a three-year tie to wipe out, which says plenty for the evenness of the two teams representing these schools. They will endeavor to settle their differences Thanksgiving day at Comiskey park. Michigan "Aggies" have always been bitter football foes of Notre Dame, and is a powerful team. Lawrence this year walloped Marquette, demonstrating that it is a worthy candidate for membership in the new conference.

While the plans are in the making discussion of the rules which would govern eligibility of football players has already taken place in a sketchy way. The majority of the schools in line for membership already comply with the regulations that govern the "big nine" with the exception of the training table. Notre Dame, Marquette and Wabash have promised, it is understood, to enforce the freshmen rule, and the abolition of the training table may follow.

ART ERDAHL

Minnesota has long been noted for its brilliant football players and among the most prominent this season is Art Erdahl, the subject of the illustration given herewith.

Cuba an Isle of Real Sports.

That Cuba is a real sporting island is proved by the fact that they have got several baseball clubs from the United States, including the New Orleans Southern league team, to play ball there this winter, and are also negotiating with the Tulane college football eleven, of New Orleans, to have that team play a post-season game around the Christmas holidays with the University of Havana team.

Motorboat Race Aross Atlantic?

Thomas Fleming, who crossed the Atlantic ocean in a small power boat, is trying to arrange a motor race from New York to Paris. Sir Thomas Lipton is said to have agreed to build a yacht for the race, provided there are three other entrants, and he suggests that the contest finish at the house of commons of London on Westminster bay, instead of Paris.

Outfield is Hard Job.

"Wahoo Sam" Crawford, the slugging right fielder of the Detroit Tigers, says that the outfield is as difficult to play as any other position on the team. "There are a lot of angles in the outer garden," avers Sam, "and mistakes in that department are usually costly."

RELICS OF SAVAGES

Objects to Be Found in Pennsylvania University Exhibit.

Arts Are of New Zealander—Canoes and Implements of War Were Once Used by Cannibal Ancestors of Civilized People.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The University of Pennsylvania museum is making a special effort to secure as many collections and as much data from the islands of the South Pacific as is possible, and Director Gordon is sparing neither time nor money in securing additions to the present South Sea exhibit. The reason for this is that antiques and relics of the aborigines of that part of the world are extremely rare and can be obtaned only at the greatest difficulty and expense.

When the South Sea islands were first discovered by Capt. Cook, the natives had a well developed artistic sense and made many beautiful things, but with the colonization of the islands by Europeans and the coming of western customs native arts at once became extinct. Fortunately, the early travelers brought to Europe numerous collections which have, for the most part, remained in private hands to the present day. Now, however, they are gradually finding their way to continental auction rooms, where they are publicly sold.

The university museum is keeping a sharp lookout for such sales and has an agent in London, where most collections are sold. He has special instructions to watch for the sale of South Pacific collections and buy them for the University of Pennsylvania, the cost not being considered. In the last few months he has secured some very valuable material and is now on the trail of more.

At present there is on temporary exhibition in the museum a New Zealand collection which is one of the finest in existence, purchased by the museum's agent in London last June. It was a private collection, more than 100 years old. The agent heard of it in May and the opportunity was so unusual that Dr. Gordon himself went to London. After successfully bidding with representatives of some of the largest museums and private collectors in the world, Director Gordon secured it for the university.

South Sea Island Granary.

"We have now one of the finest and most complete South Pacific collections in the whole world," said Dr. Gordon recently. "This is especially true of the collection from New Zealand, the largest of these islands. Indeed, so remarkable is this collection that the New Zealand museum at Wellington has asked us for casts of the relics and antiques we have from that country. In the new wing of the museum, which will be completed next spring, the South Pacific hall—particularly that devoted to the Maoris, the aborigines of New Zealand—will be the principal feature."

The New Zealand exhibit includes many weapons, tools, clothing, utensils, musical instruments, feather robes and exceptionally beautiful specimens of weaving by the Maori women. The most valuable part consists of three preserved tattooed heads of Maori chieftains, which are of great antiquity.

RETURNS HIS SON TO PRISON

California Ranchman Takes Offspring Back to Jail When He Breaks His Parole.

San Quentin, Cal.—D. W. Lamb, a Shasta county ranchman, brought his son, who had broken parole, to the state penitentiary here and turned him over to Warden Hoyle, ending a 300-mile journey. The son, Frank Lamb, was sent to the penitentiary July 7, 1904, on a grand larceny charge. He was paroled April 17, 1907, and returned to his father's ranch, but later took to the road.

Lamb was traced to Washington by the prison officials. He returned home recently out of funds, and his father immediately set out with him to the prison.

"I would rather have my son behind the bars," said Lamb, "than to have him at large through having broken a promise."

Australia to Save Giant Trees.

Melbourne.—A popular movement has been set on foot in Australia to preserve the gigantic stringy barks, various species of eucalyptus, of that country, which far exceed in height the famous "big trees" of California and are the tallest trees in the world. These trees sometimes attain heights ranging from 400 to 500 feet. Their timber is exceedingly valuable and for this reason they have been ruthlessly destroyed by lumbermen, while no proper steps have been taken to provide for their reproduction.

New Trick in Hanging Men.

Atlanta, Ga.—The next man who is legally hanged in Georgia may have the experience of dying with the knot adjusted under his right jaw instead of against the jugular vein on the left. County officials are interested in the theory that the knot, adjusted under the right part of the chin, is certain to produce immediate unconsciousness through the same process as the boxer's knockout blow on the point of the jaw.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

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RELATIONS WITH OTHER NATIONS

Foreign Affairs Is Subject of Message From President.

IS FIRST ONE OF A SERIES

Merit System in Consular and Diplomatic Corps—Department of State's Good Work for Latin-American Republics.

Washington, Dec. 3.—President Taft submitted to congress today the first of several messages. It was devoted to our foreign relations and in part was as follows:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: The foreign relations of the United States actually and potentially affect the state of the Union to a degree not widely realized and hardly surpassed by any other factor in the welfare of the whole nation. The position of the United States in the moral, intellectual, and material relations of the family of nations should be a matter of vital interest to every patriotic citizen. The national prosperity and power impose upon us duties which we can not shirk if we are to be true to our ideals. The tremendous growth of the export trade of the United States has already made that trade a very real factor in the industrial and commercial prosperity of the country. With the development of our industries the foreign commerce of the United States must rapidly become a still more essential factor in its economic welfare. Whether we have a far-seeing and wise diplomacy and are not recklessly plunged into unnecessary wars, and whether our foreign policies are based upon an intelligent grasp of present-day world conditions and a clear view of the potentialities of the future, or are governed by a temporary and timid expediency or by narrow views befitting an infant nation, are questions in the alternative consideration of which must convince any thoughtful citizen that no department of national polity offers greater opportunity for promoting the interests of the whole people on the one hand, or greater chance on the other of permanent national injury, than that which deals with the foreign relations of the United States.

The fundamental foreign policies of the United States should be raised high above the conflict of partisanship and wholly dissociated from differences as to domestic policy. In its foreign affairs the United States should present to the world a united front. The intellectual, financial and industrial interests of the country and the publicist, the wage earner, the farmer, and citizen of whatever occupation must co-operate in a spirit of high patriotism to promote that national solidarity which is indispensable to national efficiency and to the attainment of national ideals.

The relations of the United States with all foreign powers remain upon a sound basis of peace, harmony and friendship. A greater insistence upon justice to American citizens or interests wherever it may have been denied and a stronger emphasis of the need of mutuality in commercial and other relations have only served to strengthen our friendships with foreign countries by placing those friendships upon a firm foundation of realities as well as aspirations.

Reorganization of the State Department.

At the beginning of the present administration the United States, having fully entered upon its position as a world power, with the responsibilities thrust upon it by the results of the Spanish-American war, and already engaged in laying the groundwork of a vast foreign trade upon which it should one day become more and more dependent, found itself without the machinery for giving thorough attention to, and taking effective action upon, a mass of intricate business vital to American interests in every country in the world.

The department of state was an archaic and inadequate machine lacking most of the attributes of the foreign office of any great modern power. With an appropriation made upon my recommendation by the congress on August 5, 1909, the department of state was completely reorganized. There were created divisions of Latin-American affairs and of far eastern, near eastern, and western European affairs. To these divisions were called from the foreign service diplomatic and consular officers possessing experience and knowledge gained by actual service in different parts of the world and thus familiar with political and commercial conditions in the regions concerned. The work was highly specialized. The result is that where previously this government from time to time would emphasize in its foreign relations one or another policy, now American interests in every quarter of the globe are being cultivated with equal assiduity.

Merit System in Consular and Diplomatic Corps.

Expert knowledge and professional training must evidently be the essence of this reorganization. Without a trained foreign service there would not be men available for the work in the reorganized department of state. President Cleveland has taken the first step toward introducing the merit system in the foreign service. That had been followed by the application of the merit principle, with excellent results, to the entire consular branch. Almost nothing, however, had been done in this direction with regard to the diplomatic service. In this age of commercial diplomacy it was evidently of the first importance to train an adequate personnel in that branch of the service. Therefore, on November 26, 1909, by an executive order I placed the diplomatic service up to the grade of secretary of embassy, inclusive, upon exactly the same strict non-partisan basis of the merit system, rigid examination for appointment and promotion only for efficiency, as had been maintained without exception in the consular service.

Successful Efforts in Promotion of Peace.

In the field of work toward the ideals of peace this government negotiated, but to my regret was unable to consummate, two arbitration treaties which set the highest mark of the aspiration of nations toward the substitution of arbitration and reason for war in the settlement of international disputes. Through the efforts of American diplomacy several wars have been prevented or ended. I refer to the successful tripartite mediation of the Argentine republic, Brazil, and the United States between Peru and Ecuador; the bringing of the boundary dispute between Panama and Costa Rica to peaceful arbitration; the staying of warlike preparations when Hayti and the Dominican republic were on the verge of hostilities; the stopping of a war in Nicaragua; the halting of internecine strife in Honduras. The government of the United States was thanked for its influence toward the restoration of amicable relations between the Argentine republic and Bolivia. The diplomacy of the United States is active in seeking to assuage the remaining ill-feeling between this country and the Republic of Colombia. In the recent Civil war in China the United States successfully joined with the other interested powers in urging an early cessation of hostilities. An agreement has been reached between the governments of Chile and Peru whereby the celebrated Tacna-Arica dispute, which has so long embittered international relations on the west coast of South America, has at last been adjusted. Simultaneously came the news that the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador had entered upon a stage of amicable settlement. The position of the United States in reference to the Tacna-Arica dispute between Chile and Peru has been one of nonintervention, but one of friendly influence and pacific counsel throughout the period during which the dispute in question has been the subject of interchange of views between this government and the two governments immediately concerned.

China.

In China the policy of encouraging financial investment to enable that country to help itself has had the result of giving new life and practical application to the open-door policy. The consistent purpose of the present administration has been to encourage the use of American capital in the development of China by the promotion of those essential reforms to which China is pledged by treaties with the United States and other powers. The hypothecation to foreign bankers in connection with certain industrial enterprises, such as the Hukuang railways, of the national revenues upon which these reforms depended, led the department of state early in the administration to demand for American citizens participation in such enterprises, in order that the United States might have equal rights and an equal voice in all questions pertaining to the disposition of the public revenues concerned. The same policy of promoting international accord among the powers having similar treaty rights as ourselves in the matters of reform, which could not be put into practical effect without the common consent of all, was likewise adopted in the case of the loan desired by China for the reform of its currency.

Central America Needs Our Help In

In Central America the aim has been to help such countries as Nicaragua and Honduras to help themselves. They are the immediate beneficiaries. The national benefit to the United States is two-fold. First, it is obvious that the Monroe doctrine is more vital in the neighborhood of the Panama canal and the zone of the Caribbean than anywhere else. There, too, the maintenance of that doctrine falls most heavily upon the United States. It is therefore essential that the countries within that sphere shall be removed from the jeopardy involved by heavy foreign debt and chaotic national finances and from the ever-present danger of international complications due to disorder at home. Hence the United States has been glad to encourage and support American bankers who were willing to lend a helping hand to the financial rehabilitation of such coutries because this financial rehabilitation and the protection of their custom houses from being the prey of would-be dictators would remove at one stroke the menace of foreign creditors and the menance of revolutionary disorder.

The second advantage to the United States is one affecting chiefly all the southern and gulf ports and the business and industry of the south. The republics of Central America and the Caribbean possess great natural wealth. They need only a measure of stability and the means of financial regeneration to enter upon an era of peace and prosperity, bringing profit and happiness to themselves and at the same time creating conditions sure to lead to a flourishing interchange of trade with this country.

I wish to call your especial attention to the recent occurrences in Nicaragua, for I believe the terrible events recorded there during the revolution of the past summer—the useless loss of life, the devastation of property, the bombardment of defenseless cities, the killing and wounding of women and children, the torturing of noncombatants to exact contributions, and the suffering of thousands of human beings—might have been averted had the department of state, through approval of the loan convention by the senate, been permitted to carry out its now well-developed policy of encouraging the extending of financial aid to weak Central American states with the primary objects of avoiding just such revolutions by assisting those republics to rehabilitate their finances, to establish their currency on a stable basis, to remove the custom houses from the danger of revolutions by arranging for their secure administration, and to establish reliable banks.

Agricultural Credits.

A most important work, accomplished in the past year by the American diplomatic officers in Europe, is the investigation of the agricultural credit system in the European countries. Both as a means to afford relief to the consumers of this country through a more thorough development of agricultural resources and as a means of more sufficiently maintaining the agricultural population, the project to establish credit facilities for the farmers is a concern of vital importance to this nation. No evidence of prosperity among well-established farmers should blind us to the fact that lack of capital is preventing a development of the nation's agricultural resources and an adequate increase of the land under cultivation; that agricultural production is fast falling behind the increase in population; and that, in fact, although these well-established farmers are maintained in increasing prosperity because of the natural increase in population, we are not developing the industry of agriculture.

The need of capital which American farmers feel today had been experienced by the farmers of Europe, with ago. The problem had been success- their centuries-old farms, many years fully solved in the old world and it was evident that the farmers of this country might profit by a study of their systems. I therefore ordered, through the department of state, an investigation to be made by the diplomatic officers in Europe, and I have laid the results of this investigation before the governors of the various states with the hope that they will be used to advantage in their forthcoming meeting.

Increase of Foreign Trade.

In my last annual message I said that the fiscal year ended June 30, 1911, was noteworthy as marking the highest record of exports of American products to foreign countries. The fiscal year 1912 shows that this rate of advance has been maintained, the total domestic exports having a valuation approximately of $2,200,000,000, as compared with a fraction over $2,000,000,000 the previous year. It is also significant that manufactured and partly manufactured articles continue to be the chief commodities forming the volume of our augmented exports, the demands of our own people for consumption requiring that an increasing proportion of our abundant agricultural products be kept at home. In the fiscal year 1911 the exports of articles in the various stages of manufacture, not including foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured, amounted approximately to $907,500,000. In the fiscal year 1912 the total was nearly $1,022,000,000, a gain of $114,000,000.

Advantage of Maximum and Minimum Tariff Provision.

The importance which our manufactures have assumed in the commerce of the world in competition with the manufactures of other countries again draws attention to the duty of this government to use its utmost endeavors to secure impartial treatment for American products in all markets. Healthy commercial rivalry in international intercourse is best assured by the possession of proper means for protecting and promoting our foreign trade. It is natural that competitive countries should view with some concern this steady expansion of our commerce. If in some instances the measure taken by them to meet it are not entirely equitable, a remedy should be found. In former messages I have described the negotiations of the department of state with foreign governments for the adjustment of the maximum and minimum tariff as provided in section 2 of the tariff law of 1909. The advantages secured by the adjustment of our trade relations under this law have continued during the last year, and some additional cases of discriminatory treatment of which we had reason to complain have been removed. The department of state has for the first time in the history of this country obtained substantial most-favored-nation treatment from all the countries of the world. There are, however, other instances which, while apparently not constituting undue discrimination in the sense of section 2, are nevertheless exceptions to the complete equity of tariff treatment for American products that the department of state consistently has sought to obtain for American commerce abroad.

Necessity for Supplementary Legislation.

These developments confirm the opinion conveyed to you in my annual message of 1911, that while the maximum and minimum provision of the tariff law of 1909 has been fully justified by the success achieved in removing previously existing undue discriminations against American products, yet experience has shown that this feature of the law should be amended in such way as to prevent a fully effective means of meeting the varying degrees of discriminatory treatment of American commerce in foreign countries still encountered, as well as to protect against injurious treatment on the part of foreign governments, through either legislative or administrative measures, the financial interests abroad of American citizens whose enterprises enlarge the market for American commodities.

I can not too strongly recommend to congress the passage of some such enabling measure as the bill which was recommended by the secretary of state in his letter of December 13, 1911. The object of the proposed legislation is, in brief, to enable the executive to apply, as the case may require, to any or all commodities, whether or not on the free list from a country which discriminates against the United States, a graduated scale of duties up to the maximum of 25 per cent. ad valorem provided in the present law. Flat tariffs are out of date.

The message told what the government has done in connection with the Balkan war and in placing the government of Liberia in position to pay its debts. The new condition of affairs in China was set forth, and then our relations with Central and South American governments were set forth in more detail. It concluded as follows:

Congress should fully realize the conditions which obtain in the world as we find ourselves at the threshold of our middle age as a nation. We have emerged full grown as a peer in the great concourse of nations. We have passed through various formative periods. We have been self-centered in the struggle to develop our domestic resources and deal with our domestic questions. The nation is now too mature to continue in its foreign relations those temporary expedients natural to a people to whom domestic affairs are the sole concern. In the past our diplomacy has often consisted, in normal times, in a mere assertion of the right to international existence. We are now in a larger relation with broader rights of our own and obligations to others than ourselves. A number of great guiding principles were laid down early in the history of this government. The recent task of our diplomacy has been to adjust those principles to the conditions of today, to develop their corollaries, to find practical applications of the old principles expanded to meet new situations. Thus are being evolved bases upon which can rest the superstructure of policies which must grow with the destined progress of this nation. The successful conduct of our foreign relations demands a broad and a modern view. We can not meet new questions nor build for the future if we confine ourselves to outworn dogmas of the past and to the perspective appropriate at our emergence from colonial times and conditions. The opening of the Panama canal will mark a new era in our international life and create new and world-wide conditions which, with their vast correlations and consequences, will obtain for hundreds of years to come. We must not wait for events to overtake us unawares. With continuity of purpose we must deal with the problems of our external relations by a diplomacy modern, resourceful, magnanimous, and fittingly expressive of the high ideals of a great nation.

WH. H. TAFT.

The White House,
December 3, 1912.

Accomplishing.

It is very important that the young man select his life work early and bend every energy toward accomplishing something. One of the most common causes of failure in this life lies in the fact that men do not see the importance of being thorough until it is too late.—Florence Videtta.

No Escape From Them.

Even when the expected happens there are people who will insist on saying "I told you so."

Desire for Long Life.

There appears to exist a greater desire to live long than to live well! Measure by man's desires, he cannot live long enough; measure by his good deeds, and he has not lived long enough; measure by his evil deeds, and he has lived too long.

Logic of Facts.

"Dukfitz married an optimist." "Why do you think so?" "Any woman would be an optimist who accepted Dukfitz."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Hard Luck.

First Actor—Things didn't seem to work together in your series of dramatic representations.

Second Actor—They didn't. When we played tragedy the box office receipts were a farce, and when we played farce they were a tragedy.—Tatler.

Quite So.

"I beg your pardon," sang out the convict as the governor passed his cell.

Discriminating Sparrows.

An Atchison man planted lettuce, but as fast as it came through the ground the English sparrows ate it off. He finally got a few small flags and stuck them in the lettuce bed and not a sparrow would consent to touch that lettuce as long as Old Glory floated over it.—Atchison (Kan.) Globe.

Getting the Best of It.

The wisest man would make a good bargain if he could trade off what he knows for what he doesn't know.

RADICAL CURRENCY REFORM IS URGED

MAC VEAGH HOLDS PRESENT METHODS RESPONSIBLE FOR DISASTERS.

AN ADEQUATE SOLUTION.

Estimated Deficit for Wilson's First Year in Office is $52,730,455. —Recall Bill Is Up.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Strongly urging radical reform of the "unreasoned and unscientific" banking and currency system of the United States, Franklin MacVeagh, secretary of the treasury, freely warns congress in his annual report that the federal government, as long as the present scheme exists, will be exclusively responsible for the commercial, industrial and social disasters which flow from panics and attack, directly or indirectly, every home in the nation.

The present system promotes and developes panics and legislation is urgent, declared Mr. MacVeagh, in outlining his idea of the necessary general provisions of an adequate relief measure. Aside from affording flexible and elastic currency and reserves, such a revision, he says, would bring the bank into organized co-operation and provide for a central agency through which they could work together, free of political or trust control.

According to the estimates of the treasury department the secretary foresees a deficit of $22,556,023, exclusive of Panama canal expenditures, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1914, the first fiscal year of President Wilson's administration. Including the canal expenses the deficit is estimated at $52,730,455. The canal expenditures, he adds, however, may be paid under the law from bond sales. The estimated receipts for that year are $710,000,000, while the ordinary appropriations are estimated at $732,556,023, and the canal expenditures at $30,174,432. Undoubtedly having probable tariff revision in mind the secretary announces that these estimates are based upon present conditions and laws.

In connection with financial reform, Mr. MacVeagh says the people are helpless under existing evils. The present system never permits free action at any time, because its liability to sudden constraint and restriction is always a part of the nation's financial consciousness.

Features of Relief Measure.

A relief measure reforming the banking and currency system, the secretary declares "must include, among its necessary features, provisions for never-failing reserves and never-failing currency, and for the perfect elasticity and flexibility of both; for the permanent organization and organized cooperation of the banks, which are now suffering and causing the nation to suffer by reason of their unorganized state; for a central agency, to represent and act for the organized and cooperative banks—this agency to be securely free from political or trust control, but with the government having adequate and intimate supervision of it; for independent banking units—so independent that no one bank can be owned, controlled or shared in any degree, directly or indirectly, by any other bank; for the equality of all banks, national or state, both as to standard and as to functions—so that every requirement made of a national bank must be complied with equally by a state bank, and every function or privilege enjoyed by a state bank shall be enjoyed by a national bank; for the utilization and the fluidity of bank assets; for the scientific development of exchanges—domestic and foreign; for foreign banking as an adjunct of our foreign commerce; and for taking the treasury department out of the banking business.

Money Probe Opens Monday.

Richard White, deputy sergeant-at-arms of the house, returned after serving subpoenaes on witnesses who will appear before the house committee on banking and currency, on Monday, for the opening of the "money trust" investigation. Seven witnesses have been summoned to testify.

Recall Bill Is Introduced.

The initiative and the recall of judicial decisions, as amendments to the federal constitution, were proposed by Senator Bristow in resolutions laid before the senate.

School Gardens In St. Paul.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—St. Paul school gardens were restored to the budget for next year at the meeting of the conference committee. An appropriation of $2,500 was made for the purpose.

Woman Attacked At Kasota.

St. Peter, Minn., Dec. 5.—Struck down from behind and then beaten into insensibility, Mrs. Gertrude Winslow was assaulted in the outskirts of Kasota village. Several hundred armed men patrolled the road and searched the woods in all directions from the town until long after dark, but no trace of the woman's assailant has been found.

Mrs. Winslow, whose home is in Lemmon, S. D., has been visiting for three weeks with her uncle.

RESISTED EVIDENCE REMOVAL

RYAN ADVISED BY ATTORNEY TO HOLD PAPERS.

Declares He Was Never Criticised for Destruction of "Blue Book."

Indianapolis, Dec. 5.—Frank M. Ryan, indicted president of the Iron Workers' union, testified at the "dynamite conspiracy" trial that after the arrests of the McNamaras, he on advice of counsel, resisted the removal of evidence wanted at Los Angeles where the McNamaras were charged with murder and dynamiting.

"Knowing James B. McNamara was charged with murder in blowing up the Los Angeles Times building and that John J. McNamara, secretary of the union, was charged with dynamiting, you were willing to prevent the removal of evidence wanted at Los Angeles," District Attorney Miller asked.

"I was willing to resist the removal of the papers anywhere, because I was acting through my attorney," Mr. Ryan said.

The papers referred to were hundreds of letters and records afterwards procurred by the government in connection with the indictment of the 41 men now on trial. The witness named as the attorney who took charge of the union's affairs, Leo M. Rappaport, who had testified that after interviewing J. J. McNamara in jail at Los Angeles he returned to Indianapolis and destroyed a small blue check book. That check book, the government charges, contained the disbursements by McNamara for the expenses of the "dynamite crew."

Mr. Ryan was asked whether he was criticized about the destruction of the check book. He replied, he was not and had never heard of McNamara drawing $1,000 a month from the union's funds until McNamara's arrest in April, 1911.

Judge Anderson ruled that Mr. Miller's characterisation was "improper."

FAKIR INDICTED.

Claimed to Have Invented Dollar That Would Return to Spender.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Felicks Markiewicz, alleged expert in "black art," who claimed to have invented a dollar that would return to its original owner after it had been spent, has been indicted by the federal grand jury.

Markiewicz was charged with having duped many foreign residents in New York, Chicago and other cities. He sold his black art secrets at prices ranging from $1.25 to $7.75.

Markiewicz, among other things, advertised the following "secrets:" How to win the love of every girl; how to become invisible so that you might do as you please without being detected; how to compel a thief to return stolen property; how to make a cow give good milk in unlimited quantities; how to read another person's thoughts; how to see angels in the mirror; how to bow magnetic and attract your boss to you so that you may have the best position wherever you work.

Governors' Conference.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 5.—Permanent organizations of the various states of the United States in an association to be known as the "Governors' conference" was effected here at the annual conference of the state executives. Colorado Springs, Col., was selected as the place of meeting for the conference next year.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 5. — Wheat, Dec. 80¾c; May, 85⅝c; No. 1 northern, 83⅝c; No. 2 northern, 81⅜c; No. 1 durum, 80⅜c; No. 3 corn, 44½c; No. 3 white oats, 30¼c; barley, malting, 58c; No. 3 rye, 56½c; No. 1 flax, $1.27⅛.

Duluth, Dec. 5.—Wheat, Dec., 80¾c; May, 85⅝c; No. 1 northern, 81⅝c; No. 1 durum, 84c.

South St. Paul, Dec. 5. — Cattle — Steers, $6.50@8.60; cows, $4.25@6.25; calves, $4.00@9.25; hogs, $7.15@7.35; sheep and lambs, $3.75@7.00.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Cattle receipts, 19,000; market slow, 10c to 20c lower; beeves, $5.60@10.90; Texas steers, $4.40@5.65; western steers, $5.40@9; stockers and feeders, $4.35@7.65; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.45; calves, $6.50@10.25. Hog receipts, 38,000; market slow, 5c lower; light, $7.20@7.60; mixed, $7.25@7.65; heavy, $7.25@7.67½; rough, $7.25@7.45; pigs, $5.25@7.15; bulk of sales, $7.50@7.65. Sheep receipts, 25,000; market strong; native, $3.65@4.65; western, $3.90@4.60; yearlings, $5.65@6.25; lambs, native, $5.75@7.65; western, $5.75@7.60.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Disappointment at easy cables made wheat traders today less disposed to work on the buying side. Fine weather for the Argentine harvest was an influence also against the bulls. Export demand at Kansas City, however, tended to steady the market. The opening varied from ⅛c lower to ⅛c advance. May started at 90⅛c to 90⅛c, ranging from ⅛c off to ⅛c up, and sagged to 90⅛c.

Liberal commission selling, partly based on free offerings in Ohio, had a weakening effect on corn. May opened a shade lower to a like amount up at 48⅛c to 48¼c, and fell to 48⅛@48⅛c.

Export inquiry held oats relatively steady. May, which started ⅛c down to ⅛c advance, at 32⅛c to 32⅛@33c, touched 33c, and then reacted to 32⅛@32⅛c.

Would Bar Inter-marriage of Races.

East St. Louis, Ill., Dec. 5.—A bill prohibiting the intermarriage of races will be introduced into the next legislature by Charles A. Garch, a member from St. Clair county, he has just announced in consequence of the marriage in Chicago of Jack Johnson and Lucile Cameron. His bill will be drafted primarily to prevent the marriage of whites and blacks, but it will result, if passed, in the prohibition of all race inter-marriages in accomplishing this end.

AUSTRIAN DEMANDS PRESSED ON SERVIA

FORMER COUNTRY SAID TO HAVE 300,000 TROOPS MASSED ON FRONTIER.

CAPITULATION IMMINENT

Believed Greece Will Sign Armistice After Fall of Two Strongholds—Greece May Continue War, However.

London, Dec. 5. — The Constantinople correspondent of the Post telegraphs:

"From what was told me at the porte, I infer that the fall of Chios and Janina is imminent, and that Greece will sign the armistice immediately afterwards."

The Belgrade correspondent of the Daily Telegraph asserts that Austria again is pressing her demands on Servia and asking for an immediate reply.

"The situation," the correspondent adds, "is critical—even dangerous. It is reported that Austria has now 300,000 troops within striking distance of the Servian frontier, and many vessels are assembled in readiness to transport the troops across the rivers Save and Danube.

According to a despatch to the Daily Mail from Sofia, each state will nominate three delegates, one being a military officer, to the peace conference.

The Turkish delegates, a Constantinople despatch to the Daily Mail says, will not be appointed until Bulgaria names her plenipotentiaries, when Turkish delegates of equal rank will be chosen.

Greece May Continue War.

Athens.—Commending on the conclusion of the armistice the Athens newspapers express the conviction that the government will, if necessary continue the war without her allies.

According to advices from Saloniki, the Greeks are meeting with considerable opposition in Epirus. The Turkish army, which retreated from Monastir, has not surrendered, but small detachments continue to lay down their arms.

DEMOCRATS ELECT

National League Favors Single Term for President.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The National League of Democratic clubs concluded its sessions here by the election of officers and the adoption of resolutions recommending the ceremonies of swearing in of the president and attendant pageants not be separated, favoring but one term of office for president and deploring as unjust and reprehensible the manner in which the Panama canal zone was acquired.

The following officers were elected: President, Perry Belmont, New York; first vice president, Senator Hoke Smith, Georgia; second vice president, Frederick Lynch, Minnesota; third vice president, Frederick Plaisted, North Carolina; fourth vice president, J. Lentz, Ohio; fifth vice president, Charles G. Heifner, Washington; secretary and organizer, Wm. C. Liller, Indiana; treasurer, John W. Cox, New York; sergeant-at-arms, Col. John I. Martin, Missouri.

Honorary presidents of the club were chosen as follows:

President-elect Woodrow Wilson; Vice President-elect Thomas R. Marshall; William J. Bryan, Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, Illinois; Senator John W. Kern, Indiana; Champ Clark, Missouri; Oscar W. Underwood, New York.

SCHOONER IS LOST

Lake Boat, with Seventeen on Board, Believed to Have Sunk.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—The Rouse Simmon, a three-masted schooner, with Captain Herman Schuleman in command, Captain Christian Nelson and his wife as guests, and a crew of fourteen men are now believed to have gone down in Lake Michigan. The boat is two weeks overdue from Manistique, Mich., with its annual cargo of Christmas trees.

According to messages received by the Chicago harbor master and the lifesaving station officers, the Rouse Simmon was sighted off Pentwater, Mich., more than a week ago, flying distress signals and making a weak effort to keep her course during a severe gale. Near this point small pieces of wreckage and scores of Christmas trees have been found floating on the water, but no trace of the missing ship have been found.

Provisions For Life Savers.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 5.—United States revenue cutter Mackinac has left with a cargo of supplies for the life saving stations between Whitefish Point and Grand Marais. The winter supplies for these stations were lost in the sinking of the steamer South Shore, which went down off Point Sauble, Nov. 24. No other steamer being available, there seemed a probability that the families of the keepers who remained at the posts all winter would be in sore straits.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Washington.

Congress reconvenes for the short session Monday, Dec. 2.

Congressmen who supported Roosevelt continue to list themselves as republicans in the directory.

President Taft will reappoint Edgar E. Clark of Iowa as a member of the interstate commerce commission.

The question of tariff is not scheduled for the short session of congress The extra session will deal with the matter.

Investigation of campaign contributions will be resumed by the senate committee, of which Senator Clapp is chairman, on or about December 4.

Negotiations between the United States and Brazil for the friendly settlement of the "coffee trust" suit in the Brazilian state of Sao Paulo, are proceeding with celerity and the result may be known within the next few weeks.

"We hope congress will make the most liberal annual appropriation for rivers and harbors this year that has ever been made," said Representative Joseph E. Ransdell, senator-elect from Louisiana and president of the national rivers and harbors congress.

Peace having practically been restored in the Dominican republic, the navy department ordered the auxiliary cruiser Prairie to sail at once for Philadelphia, bringing home the 750 American marines who have been cooped up aboard the cruiser for the last two months.

A revolutionary reform in the entire fiscal scheme of the government, so far as the provision of funds for governmental expenditures is concerned, is projected in a resolution to be pressed in the house in the coming session by Representative Shirley of Kentucky, the third ranking democrat on the house appropriation committee.

In order that adequate facilities may be provided for the handling of parcels post business efficiently and on a country-wide scale at the outset, January 1, Postmaster General Hitchcock has asked every postmaster in the United States to obtain from the business public information as to the probable extent the new system will be used.

General.

The death of John T. Brush leaves a gap in the baseball world.

Money was not lacking for the conduct of the Roosevelt campaign.

The supreme court has been asked to interpret the newspaper publicity law.

The war fever seems spreading in Europe and British diplomats are looking on with alarm.

The Hamilton club of Chicago has undertaken the task of bringing republicans and progressives together.

Chinese women of the city of Canton are preparing to establish and conduct a daily newspaper, says cable dispatches to the Chicago Daily News.

Former United States Senator John Percival Jones, who represented Nevada in the upper house of congress, died in Los Angeles after a long illness.

Edward M. Niel, widely known as a constructor of large buildings, was found dead in his home at Baltimore. Uraemic poisoning was given as the cause of death.

William Bell, 18 years old, until a few weeks ago a trusted clerk in the First National bank of Pensacola, Fla., pleaded guilty to the theft of $35,000 from the bank.

Moving pictures used in his unsuccessful campaign for congress cost Clarence P. Dodge of Colorado Springs $456.22, according to his official expense statement.

Investigation of the advancing price of coal has been ordered by the department of justice at Washington according to announcement made by Dr. Lawrence Groner, United States district attorney.

According to Congressman Fitzgerald, chairman of the house appropriation committee, the first ship to pass through the Panama canal will be sent through that waterway, now fast approaching completion, on September 25, 1913, the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of the Pacific by Balboa.

The woman suffrage convention adopted a resolution commending appointments made by President Taft.

The plant of the Sioux City Daily News was damaged by fire. The loss is placed at $30,000, with $22,000 insurance.

Advocates of rivers and harbors appropriations have an ambitious program at the present session of congress.

Officials of the Union Pacific railroad have determined to test the constitutionality of the Norris act, which limits the right-of-way of that road to 200 feet.

John W. Sibben, former cashier of the First National bank of Manistee, Mich., pleaded guilty in United States court to embezzling $334,500 from the bank, and was sentenced to serve seven years and six months in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth.

A dispatch from Canton, China, says: Canton has an army ready to be of service if called to arms against the Russians in Mongolia.

The Denver & Rio Grande and the Colorado Southern railroad discontinued the issuance of passes as a result of the action of the federal grand jury in Pueblo last week

CONGRESS HEARS SECOND MESSAGE

President Tells of Treasury and Army Affairs.

PHILIPPINES ARE INCLUDED

Bill for Natives' Independennce Denounced as Premature—Progress of Panama Canal.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Congress today received from President Taft the second of his messages to the short session. It deals with fiscal, military, insular and judicial affairs and in part is as follows:

The condition of the country with reference to business could hardly be better. While the four years of the administration now drawing to a close have not developed great speculative expansion or a wide field of new investment, the recovery and progress made from the depressing conditions following the panic of 1907 have been steady and the improvement has been clear and easily traced in the statistics. The business of the country is now on a solid basis. Credits are not unduly extended and every phase of the situation seems in a state of preparedness for a period of unexampled prosperity. Manufacturing concerns are running at their full capacity and the demand for labor was never so constant and growing. The foreign trade of the country for this year will exceed $4,000,000,000, while the balance in our favor—that of the excess of exports over imports—will exceed $500,000,000. More than half our exports are manufactures or partly manufactured material, while our exports of farm products do not show the same increase of domestic consumption. It is a year of bumper crops; the total money value of farm products will exceed $9,500,000,000. It is a year when the bushel or unit price of agricultural products has gradually fallen, and yet the total value of the entire crop is greater by over $1,000,000,000 than we have known in our history.

Condition of the Treasury.

The condition of the treasury is very satisfactory. The total interest-bearing debt is $963,777,770, of which $134,631,980 constitute the Panama canal loan. The non-interest-bearing debt is $378,301,284.90, including $346,681,016 of greenbacks. We have in the treasury $150,000,000 in gold coin as a reserve against the outstanding greenbacks; and in addition we have a cash balance in the treasury as a general fund of $167,152,478.99, or an increase of $26,975,652 over the general fund last year.

Receipts and Expenditures.

For three years the expenditures of the government have decreased under the influence of an effort to economize. This year presents an apparent exception. The estimate by the secretary of the treasury of the ordinary receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, for the year ending June 30, 1914, indicates that they will amount to $170,000,000. The sum of the estimates of the expenditures for that same year, exclusive of Panama canal disbursements and postal disbursements payable from postal revenues is $722,000,000, indicating a deficit of $22,000,000. For the year ending June 30, 1913, similarly estimated receipts were $667,000,000, while the total corresponding estimate of expenditures for that year, submitted through the secretary of the treasury to congress, amounted to $654,000,000. This shows an increase of $76,000,000 in the estimates for 1914 over the total estimates of 1913. This is due to an increase of $25,000,000 in the estimate for rivers and harbors for the next year on projects and surveys authorized by congress; to an increase under the new pension bill of $32,500,000; and to an increase in the estimates for expenses of the navy department of $24,000,000. The estimate for the navy department for the year 1913 included two battleships. Congress made provision for only one battleship, and therefore the navy department has deemed it necessary and proper to make an estimate which includes the first year's expenditure for three battleships in addition to the amount required for work on the uncompleted ships now under construction. In addition to the natural increase in the expenditures for the uncompleted ships, and the additional battleship estimated for, the other increases are due to the pay required for 4,000 or more additional enlisted men in the navy, and to this must be added the additional cost of construction imposed by the change in the eight-hour law which makes it applicable to ships built in private shipyards.

With the exceptions of these three items, the estimates show a reduction this year below the total estimates for 1912 of more than $5,000,000.

The estimates for Panama canal construction for 1914 are $17,000,000 less than for 1913.

The president then explained at some length the national reserve association system recommended by the monetary commission and urged congress to examine the plan impartially from all standpoints and then to adopt some plan which will secure the benefits desired.

Concerning the tariff he had little to say in view of the fact that a new congress has been elected on a platform of tariff for revenue only.

Army Reorganization.

Our small army now consists of 82,809 men, excluding the 5,000 Philippine scouts. Leaving out of consideration the coast artillery force, whose position is fixed in our various seacoast defenses, and the present garrisons of our various insular possessions, we have today within the continental United States a mobile army of only about 35,000 men. This little force must be still further drawn upon to supply the new garrisons for the great naval base which is being established at Pearl Harbor, in the Hawaiian islands, and to protect the locks now rapidly approaching completion at Panama. The forces remaining in the United States are now scattered in nearly fifty posts, situated for a variety of historical reasons in twenty-four states. These posts contain only fractions of regiments, averaging less than 700 men each. In time of peace it has been our historical policy to administer these units separately by a geographical organization. In other words, our army in time of peace has never been a united organization but merely scattered groups of companies, battalions and regiments, and the first task in time of war has been to create out of these scattered units an army fit for effective teamwork and co-operation.

To the task of meeting these patent defects, the war department has been addressing itself during the past year. A comprehensive plan of reorganization was prepared by the war college division of the general staff. This plan was thoroughly discussed last summer at a series of open conferences held by the secretary of war and attended by representatives from all branches of the army and from congress. In printed form it has been distributed to members of congress and throughout the army and the national guard, and widely through institutions of learning and elsewhere in the United States. In it, for the first time, we have a tentative chart for future progress.

The National Guard.

Under existing law the national guard constitutes, after the regular army, the first line of national defense. Its organization, discipline, training, and equipment, under recent legislation, have been assimilated, as far as possible, to those of the regular army, and its practical efficiency, under the effect of this training, has very greatly increased. Our citizen soldiers under present conditions have reached a stage of development beyond which they cannot reasonably be asked to go without further direct assistance in the form of pay from the federal government. On the other hand, such pay from the national treasury would not be justified unless it produced a proper equivalent in additional efficiency on the part of the national guard. The organized militia today cannot be ordered outside of the limits of the United States, and thus cannot lawfully be used for general military purposes. The officers and men are ambitious and eager to make themselves thus available and to become an efficient national reserve of citizen soldiery. They are the only force of trained men, other than the regular army, upon which we can rely. The so-called military pay bill, in the form agreed on between the authorities of the war department and the representatives of the national guard, in my opinion adequately meets these conditions and offers a proper return for the pay which it is proposed to give to the national guard. I believe that its enactment into law would be a very long step toward providing this nation with a first line of citizen soldiery, upon which its main reliance must depend in case of any national emergency. Plans for the organization of the national guard into tactical divisions, on the same lines as those adopted for the regular army, are being formulated by the war college division of the general staff.

Porto Rico, Mr. Taft says, continues to show notable progress and he urges the senate to pass the bill granting the Porto Ricans American citizenship.

Philippines.

A bill is pending in congress, continues the message, which revolutionizes the carefully worked out scheme of government under which the Philippine islands are now governed and which proposes to render them virtually autonomous at once and absolutely independent in eight years. Such a proposal can only be founded on the assumption that we have now discharged our trusteeship to the Filipino people and our responsibility for them to the world, and that they are now prepared for self-government as well as national sovereignty. A thorough and unbiased knowledge of the facts clearly shows that these assumptions are absolutely with justification. As to this, I believe that there is no substantial difference of opinion among any of those who have had the responsibility of facing Philippine problems in the administration of the islands, and I believe that no one to whom the future of this people is a responsible concern can countenance a policy fraught with the direst consequences to those on whose behalf it is ostensibly urged.

In the Philippine islands we have embarked upon an experiment unprecedented in dealing with dependent peoples. We are developing there conditions exclusively for their own welfare. We found an archipelago containing 24 tribes and races, speaking a great variety of languages, and with a population over 80 per cent. of which could neither read nor write. Through the unifying forces of a common education, of commercial and economic development, and of gradual participation in local self-government we are endeavoring to evolve a homogeneous people fit to determine, when the time arrives, their own destiny. We are seeking to arouse a national spirit and not, as under the older colonial theory, to suppress such a spirit. The character of the work we have been doing is keenly recognized in the Orient, and our success thus far followed with not a little envy by those who, initiating the same policy, find themselves hampered by conditions grown up in earlier days and under different theories of administration. But our work is far from done. Our duty to the Filipinos is far from discharged. Over half a million Filipino students are now in the Philippine schools helping to mold the men of the future into a homogeneous people, but there still remain more than a million Filipino children of school age yet to be reached. Freed from American control the integrating forces of a common education and a common language will cease and the eucational system now well started will slip back into inefficiency and disorder.

An enormous increase in the commercial development of the islands has been made since they were virtually granted full access to our markets three years ago, with every prospect of increasing development and diversified industries. Freed from American control such development is bound to decline. Every observer speaks of the great progress in public works for the benefit of the Filipinos, of harbor improvements, of road and railways, of irrigation and artesian wells, public buildings, and better means of communication. But large parts of the islands are still unreached, still even unexplored, roads and railways are needed in many parts, irrigation systems are still to be installed and wells to be driven. Whole villages and towns are still without means of communication other than almost impassible roads and trails. Even the great progress in sanitation, which has successfully suppressed smallpox, the bubonic plague, and Asiatic cholera, has found the cause of and a cure for beriberi, has segregated the lepers, has helped to make Manila the most healthful city in the Orient, and to free life throughout the whole archipelago from its former dread diseases, is nevertheless incomplete in many essentials of permanence in sanitary policy. Even more remains to be accomplished. If freed from American control sanitary progress is bound to be arrested and all that has been achieved likely to be lost.

If the task we have undertaken is higher than that assumed by other nations its accomplishment must demand even more patience. We must not forget that we found the Filipinos wholly untrained in government. Up to our advent all other experience sought to repress rather than encourage political power. It takes long time and much experience to ingrain political habits of steadiness and efficiency. Popular self-government ultimately must rest upon common habits of thought and upon a reasonably developed public opinion. No such foundations for self-government, let alone independence, are now present in the Philippine Islands. Disregarding even their racial heterogeneity and the lack of ability to think as a nation, it is sufficient to point out that under liberal franchise privileges only about 3 per cent. of the Filipinos vote and only 5 per cent. of the people are said to read the public press. To confer independence upon the Filipinos now is, therefore, to subject the great mass of their people to the dominance of an oligarchical and, probably, exploiting minority. Such a course will be as cruel to those people as it would be shameful to us.

Our true course is to pursue steadily and courageously the path we have thus far followed; to guide the Filipinos into self-sustaining pursuits; to continue the cultivation of sound political habits through education and political practice; to encourage the diversification of industries, and to realize the advantages of their industrial education by conservatively approved co-operative methods, at once checking the dangers of concentrated wealth and building up a sturdy, independent citizenship.

Regulation of Water Power.

There are pending before congress a large number of bills proposing to grant privileges of erecting dams for the purpose of creating water power in our navigable rivers. The pendency of these bills has brought out an important defect in the existing general dam act. That act does not, in my opinion, grant sufficient power to the federal government in dealing with the construction of such dams to exact protective conditions in the interest of navigation. It does not permit the federal government, as a condition of its permit, to require that a part of the value thus created shall be applied to the further general improvement and protection of the stream. I believe this to be one of the most important matters of internal improvement now confronting the government. Most of the navigable rivers of this country are comparatively long and shallow. In order that they may be made fully useful for navigation there has come into vogue a method of improvement known as canalization, or the slack-water method, which consists in building a series of dams and locks, each of which will create a long pool of deep navigable water. At each of these dams there is usually created a long pool of deep navigable water. At each of these dams there is usually created also water power of commercial value. If the water power thus created can be made available for the further improvement of navigation in the stream, it is manifest that the improvement will be much more quickly effected on the one hand, and on the other, that the burden on the general taxpayers of the country will be very much reduced. Private interests seeking permits to building waterpower dams in navigable streams usually urge that they thus improve navigation, and that if they do not impair navigation they should be allowed to take for themselves the entire profits of the water-power development. Whatever they may do by way of relieving the government of the expense of improving navigation should be given due consideration, but it must be apparent that there may be a profit beyond a reasonably liberal return upon the private investment which is a potential asset of the government in carrying out a comprehensive policy of waterway development. It is no objection to the retention and use of such an asset by the government that a comprehensive waterway policy will include the protection and development of the other public uses of water, which cannot and should not be ignored in making and executing plans for the protection and development of navigation. It is also equally clear that inasmuch as the water power thus created is or may be an incident of a general scheme of waterway improvement within the constitutional jurisdiction of the federal government, the regulation of such water power lies also within that jurisdiction. In my opinion constructive statesmanship requires that legislation should be enacted which will permit the development of navigation in these great rivers to go hand in hand with the utilization of this by-product of water power, created in the course of the same improvement, and that the general dam act should be so amended as to make this possible. I deem it highly important that the nation should adopt a consistent and harmonious treatment of these water-power projects, which will preserve for this purpose their value to the government, whose right it is to grant the permit. Any other policy is equivalent to throwing away a most valuable national asset.

The Panama Canal.

During the past year the work of construction upon the canal has progressed most satisfactorily. About 87 per cent. of the excavation work has been completed, and more than 93 per cent. of the concrete for all the locks is in place. In view of the great interest which has been manifested as to some slides in the Culebra Cut, I am glad to say that the report of Col. Goethals should allay any apprehension on this point. It is gratifying to note that none of the slides which occurred during this year would have interfered with the passage of the ships had the canal, in fact, been in operation, and when the slope pressures will have been finally adjusted and the growth of vegetation will minimize erosion in the banks of the cut, the slide problem will be practically solved and an ample stability assured for the Culebra Cut.

Although the official date of the opening has been set for January 1, 1915, the canal will, in fact, from present indications, be opened for shipping during the latter half of 1913. No fixed date can as yet be set, but shipping interests will be advised as soon as assurances can be given that vessels can pass through without unnecessary delay.

Recognizing the administrative problem in the management of the canal, congress in the act of August 24, 1912, has made admirable provision for executive responsibility in the control of the canal and the government of the Canal Zone. The problem of most efficient organization is receiving careful consideration, so that a scheme of organization and control best adapted to the conditions of the canal may be formulated and put in operation as expeditiously as possible. Acting under the authority conferred on me by congress, I have, by executive proclamation, promulgated the following schedule of tolls for ships passing through the canal, based upon the thorough report of Emory R. Johnson, special commissioner on traffic and tolls:

1. On merchant vessels carrying passengers or cargo, $1.20 per net vessel ton—each 100 cubic feet—of actual capacity.

2. On vessels in ballast without passengers or cargo, 40 per cent. less than the rate of tolls for vessels with passengers or cargo.

3. Upon naval vessels, other than transports, colliers, hospital ships, and supply ships, 50 cents per displacement ton.

4. Upon army and navy transports, colliers, hospital ships, and supply ships, $1.20 per net ton, the vessels to be measured by the same rules as are employed in determining the net tonnage of merchant vessels.

Rules for the determination of the tonnage upon which toll charges are based are now in course of preparation and will be promulgated in due season.

Panama Canal Treaty.

The proclamation which I have issued in respect to the Panama Canal tolls is in accord with the Panama Canal act passed by this congress August 24, 1912. We have been advised that the British government has prepared a protest against the act and its enforcement in so far as it relieves from the payment of tolls American ships engaged in the American coastwise trade on the ground that it violates British rights under the Hay-Pauncefote treaty concerning the Panama Canal. When the protest is presented, it will be promptly considered and an effort made to reach a satisfactory adjustment of any differences there may be between the two governments.

Workmen's Compensation Act.

The promulgation of an efficient workmen's compensation act, adapted to the particular conditions of the zone, is awaiting adequate appropriation by congress for the payment of claims arising thereunder. I urge that speedy provision be made in order that we may install upon the zone a system of settling claims for injuries in best accord with modern humane, social, and industrial theories.

Promotion for Col. Goethals.

As the completion of the canal grows nearer, and as the wonderful executive work of Col. Goethals becomes more conspicuous in the eyes of the country and of the world, it seems to me wise and proper to make provision by law for such reward to him as may be commensurate with the service that he has rendered to his country. I suggest that this reward take the form of an appointment of Col. Goethals as a major general in the army of the United States, and that the law authorizing such appointment be accompanied with a provision permitting his designation as chief of engineers upon the retirement of the present incumbent of that office.

Navy Department.

The navy of the United States is in a greater state of efficiency and is more powerful than it has been before, but in the emulation which exists between different countries in respect to the increase of naval and military armaments this condition is not a permanent one. In view of the many improvements and increases by foreign governments the slightest halt on our part in respect to new construction throws us back and reduces us from a naval power of the first rank and places us among the nations of the second rank.

A year ago congress refused to appropriate for more than one battleship. In this I think a great mistake of policy was made, and I urgently recommend that this congress make up for the mistake of the last session by appropriations authorizing the construction of three battleships, in addition to destroyers, fuel ships, and the other auxiliary vessels as shown in the building program of the general board. We are confronted by a condition in respect to the navies of the world which requires us, if we would maintain our navy as an insurance of peace, to augment our naval force by at least two battleships a year and by battle cruisers, gunboats, torpedo destroyers, and submarine boats in a proper proportion. We have no desire for war. We go as far as any nation in the world to avoid war, but we are a world power. Our population, our wealth, our definite policies, our responsibilities in the Pacific and the Atlantic, our defense of the Panama canal, together with our enormous world trade and our missionary outposts on the frontiers of civilization, require us to recognize our position as one of the foremost in the family of nations, and to clothe ourselves with sufficient naval power to give force to our reasonable demands, and to give weight to our influence in those directions of progress that a powerful Christian nation should advocate.

Department of Justice.

This department has been very active in the enforcement of the law. It has been better organized and with a larger force than ever before in the history of the government. The prosecutions which have been successfully concluded and which are now pending testify to the effectiveness of the department work.

The prosecution of trusts under the Sherman anti-trust law has gone on without restraint or diminution, and decrees similar to those entered in the Standard Oil and Tobacco cases have been entered in other suits, like the suits against the powder trust and the bath tub trust. I am very strongly convinced that a steady, consistent course in this regard, with a continuing of Supreme court decisions upon the new phases of the trust question not already finally decided, is going to offer a solution of this much-discussed and troublesome issue in a quiet, calm and judicial way, without any radical legislation changing the governmental policy in regard to combinations now denounced by the Sherman anti-trust law. I have already recommended as an aid in this matter legislation which would declare unlawful certain well-known phases of unfair competition in interstate trade, and I have also advocated voluntary national incorporation for the larger industrial enterprises, with provision for a closer supervision by the bureau of corporations, or a board appointed for the purpose, so as to make certain compliance with the anti-trust law on the one hand and to give greater security to the stockholders against possible prosecutions on the other. I believe, however, that the orderly course of litigation in the courts and the regular prosecution of trusts charged with the violation of the anti-trust law is producing among business men a clearer and clearer perception of the line of distinction between business that is to be encouraged and business that is to be condemned, and that in this quiet way the question of trusts can be settled and competition retained as an economic force to secure reasonableness in prices and freedom and independence in trade.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Thne He Went.

"Ah," remarked Miss Weary, whom Mr. Staylate had been boring with old conundrums, "that last one reminds me of the best thing going——"

"What's that?" he asked, eagerly.

"A man who has stayed too long."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Ambiguous.

Maud—What kind of a man did Caroline marry? Beatrix—The kind who can come home from Europe with money in his pocket.

Before Houses Were Numbered.

Four hundred years ago the idea of numbering houses originated in Paris, though it was not until 1789 that the system became general. The first known instance of a London street in which houses were numbered is Prescott street, but the practice did not spread far, until 1764.

Worth Knowing.

When running curtain rods through thin curtains place a thimble on the end of the rod to prevent it from catching in the material.

The Real Boss.

"Well, which one of the newly married pair is boss?"

"No one can tell."

"Why not?"

"Her mother is visiting them at present."

The Topic.

"What is being most discussed in the homes of the nations just now? The tariff?"

"No; I think fall housecleaning is just now on the carpet."

Finance.

Marks—"I have some money, but I don't know whether to buy a home or an automobile." Parks—"Take my advice; buy a home and mortgage it to get the machine. Then you'll have both."—Boston Transcript.

Suitable Play.

"I am going to make my farewell tour in Shakespeare. What shall be the play? 'Hamlet?' 'Macbeth?'" "This is your sixth farewell tour, I believe." "Well, yes." "I would suggest 'Much Adieu About Nothing.'"

Both Alike.

"A dentist who wishes to change his business ought to be a good real estate agent."

"Why so?"

"Because he has had experience in making money out of ache-rs."

Tact.

She (sternly)—I have a rod in pickle for you.

He (genially)—If the pickle is one of those jars you fill so appetizingly, I shall welcome it, my dear.

Argumentum ad——

"John, why don't women have the right to vote, anyhow?"

"Maria, do you really want women to have the right to vote?"

"Not on my own account, of course, but—"

"Well, that's the reason, Maria."

No Danger.

"I am afraid that young writer will skim over the surface of his subject and never go deeply into it."

"He can't. The subject is the boring of wells."

Two of 'Em.

"Yes, I was a great player in my day," said Jones. "Made a goal from the kickoff. Can any of you beat that?"

"I've done the same, you bloomin' liar!" replied Brown.—Judge.

Its Class.

"Unhorsing a rival in the old days of chivalry was very much like a modern holiday in a busy life."

"How so?"

"It was taking a knight off."

Precautions.

George—She sings nicely, doesn't she?

Tom—Oh, yes. When she sings they have to close the windows.

George—My goodness! What for?

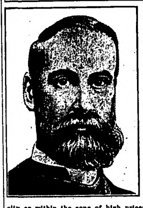
Tom—Her voice is so sweet that it draws the flies.—Pathfinder.

Rough on Dad.

"Do you believe in love at first sight, mother?" "Of course, I do, my dear. Do you suppose I'd have married your father if I'd taken a second look."—Detroit Free Press.

WHO'S WHO—and Why

RECTOR SAYS $1,000 IS NOT ENOUGH



Clergymen in all parts of the country are busily engaged in discussing the action of Rev. Gilbert A. Shaw, who resigned from the rectorship of Grace Episcopal church of Riverside, L. I., because "a minister at the present time cannot live and maintain his honor on a salary of $1,000 a year." Rev. Mr. Shaw, therefore, is going to acept a call to church at Hazleton, Pa., where he will receive a larger salary.

"Rev. Mr. Shaw made a very rash assertion when he said that a minister of today could not live honorably on $1,000 a year," said Rev. Arthur H. Judge, rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal church of New York city, "though, of course, whether or not a minister could live 'honorably' upon that salary depends entirely upon circumstances. The cost of living for a minister, as for anyone else, depends upon whether he is married or single, and whether or not he lives in a great city or within the zone of high prices that always surround a big city. If Riverhead, L. I., is far enough away from New York not to be affected by metropolitan prices and if Rev. Mr. Shaw has his rectory furnished rent free (like most Episcopal ministers) then he ought to live very decently upon his salary, whether he is married or not.

"There is a common impression that clergymen are underpaid as a whole, but I think that all in all they are paid as well as the members of most of the professions or vocations.

"The average young lawyer, or doctor, or bank clerk has a much harder time at first than the young minister, and the failures, who cannot even make a living in the professions, are much greater than those who fail in the ministry. It is true, however, that the cost of living has increased so that a dollar is worth about half of what it was twenty years ago, and the increase in salaries has not nearly kept pace with the increased cost of living among the average 'middle class' professional men. The salaries of laborers have been increased more in proportion, because they are united and can strike for what they want."

CHARLES S. WHITMAN WARMLY PRAISED

Warmest praise from the bench, bar and forum have recently been showered upon Charles S. Whitman, district attorney of New York city, as a tribute to his victory over the alliance of police power and gambling in the conviction of Charles Becker.

"The most notable victory of law and order in our generation in New York," were the words of a telegram to Mr. Whitman from a famous American author, and they were the keynote of the great heap of telegrams of congratulation which kept his desk covered for several days.

They were echoed in the words of the thousand others—physicians, clergymen, merchants, bankers and professional men, some who knew him only by sight, who rushed up to grip his hand and tell him how they valued what he had done to stamp graft into the earth and ring the doom of lawlessness and band violence. Some of them told him that they had prayed for him and righteousness in his glorious undertakings.

Their pious thanksgiving was one extreme of the result of Becker's conviction which spread through the whole city, touching every walk of life. In the haunts of crime the effect was most notable. In the prisons the criminals were struck with terror. The cheers they had prepared to greet Becker's acquittal turned to the frightened chatter of the thugs in the Tombs, some of them awaiting a similar fate for playing the part of tools in the murder plot which Becker conceived and directed.

The thugs knew best of all perhaps how great were the difficulties that Mr. Whitman faced and overcame almost single-handed in his battle to redeem New York from the stigma cast upon her throughout the world by the marvellous story of the murder of Rosenthal as from day to day it grew and stretched into high and low places. There was not a tear in it, but no story of crime has ever held so long the place it held in the newspapers, which reflect public interest and give room and prominence only to what the public wants to read.

NAZIM PASHA, TURKEY'S GENERALISSIMO

At the outbreak of the Turko-Balkan war, there was some uncertainty as to the precise commands of the various Turkish generals. The chief command of the Ottoman forces in Europe was assumed by Nazim Pasha, the minister of war. He received his early training at St. Cyr, the famous French military school. He is now sixty-four years old, but full of vigor and considered an able soldier. Ali Riza Pasha, according to the best sources of information, was made commander of the Turkish western army. He was trained in the German school. Mahmud Shevket Pasha was put in command of the Turkish forces operating against Servia.

Nazim Pasha was spoken of as "the Turkish Kitchener." He was one of the most brilliant pupils at St. Cyr. From time to time he has visited France, and on more than one occasion was an interested spectator of the grand autumn maneuvers. He has often expressed his gratitude for the teaching he received at the great French school, and, indeed, attributes to it the high rank to which he was advanced. His remarkable influence over the Turkish rank and file was manifested during the period between April 13 and 23, 1909, when his appeals to the mutinous soldiers saved Constantinople from plunder. Recent dispatches would indicate a decline of his great popularity. Only a few days ago in his daily official dispatch he reported that his soldiers would not fight, saying: "My sword has melted in my hand."

MEHMED V. IS A MOST KINDLY MONARCH

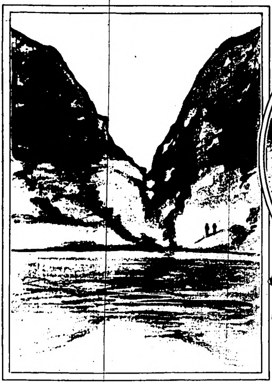
With his empire apparently tottering about his ears and his entourage preparing to flee across the Bosporus to escape the vengeance of Bulgarian swords, it is interesting to note the personality of Sultan Mehmed V, who will likely go down into history as the last Turkish monarch to reign in Europe.

Probably no more kindly monarch exists anywhere in Europe, none who thinks more of his subjects' welfare and less of himself. The sultan is remembered by those who have met him by his benign smile, with which he favors all, from the highest to the lowest. He has a melancholy, meditative face, but those who attend him hear no harsh words, shrink from no sullen commands, as did those who attended his predecessors.

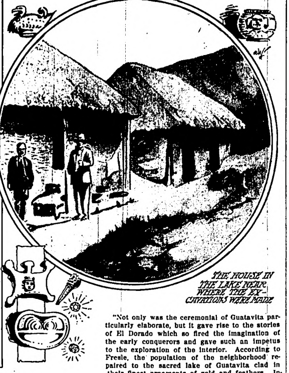
The sultan rises soon after dawn, and when his attendants bring him the habitual cup of delicious Arabian mocha he smiles to them and whispers: "Allah be praised for his gifts." His bearing is at all times affable.

There is something of the nature of Oriental fatalistic kismet in his smile, since it seems to betray a profound sense of acquiescence in the divine course of things. Perhaps today, in the most serious of all crises which have ever come upon the Ottoman empire, he still smiles, and smiling murmurs: "Allah's will be done."

SACRED LAKE GIVES UP TREASURE



LAKE GUATAVITA AS IT WAS



THE HOUSE IN THE LAKE NEAR WHERE THE EXCAVATIONS WERE MADE

IN a room on one of the upper floors of a New York hotel a man stood with a cigar box in his hand and gazed proudly at the articles that it contained. They were not cigars—not anything that one might expect to find in a cigar box; they were queer little rings and toys of thin beaten gold, rough green stones, dulled circles of golden-brown amber. The man took them out of the box and held them in his hand.

"El Dorado," he said softly, "El Dorado, after centuries. The gifts of the golden man. The treasure of the sacred lake."

Out of the Indian legends of centuries ago, the wonder-tales of the Spaniards in the New World, the man with the cigar box explained, had come these strange bits of gold and precious stones. Modern enterprise is discovering the lost treasure of a South American superstition. The sacred lake of El Dorado, the water of Guatavita into which Andean tribes threw their riches to appease their gods, has been drained; here are some of its treasures.

Hartley Knowles, the man with the cigar box, is an English engineer who has made the excavations and has now brought some of the things to America. He says himself that they are all exceedingly valuable as antiques, and, intrinsically, as gold and gems. One of the Americans to whom Mr. Knowles has showed his treasures adds that the excavation of the sacred lake of the Andes brings with it a possibility that the excavator has apparently not thought of in discoveries as to the lives of prehistoric peoples and in civilization of prehistoric times.

The story that lured a modern Englishman to South America, and is interesting American collectors in South American discoveries, is the same story that four and a half centuries ago called the Spanish adventurers to conquest in the unknown western world. It is the story of El Dorado. It is a tale that most of us have heard long ago, and long ago forgotten. It is the legend of the holy lake.

Upon the original story of the sacred lakes of the Chibcha tribes in the northern part of South America innumerable myths have been built. The early tales themselves are well-nigh shrouded in mystery and somewhat obscured by legend. Yet the story of El Dorado has its historical foundation, and the tale of the sacred lake of Guatavita, or Guatabita, is accredited by historians today. Much of the wonder-tale of El Dorado as the Spaniards and their followers built it on the first substructure is probably untrue. But the story of the lake, so far as historians have been able to ascertain, is a bit of real history—the tale of a people and their sacrifices, the record of wealth thrown away in a religious ceremonial as an offering to the gods, the true story of an ancient superstition.

According to the legends told by travelers and the facts set down by historians, the Andean tribes of the Chibcha venerated the mountain lakes of their province, and into them threw their jewels. Great feasts and great fastings, the accessions of rulers, the celebration of a pilgrimage, the prayer for the tribe's good fortune—these were all accompanied by gifts of the gods; the gifts were thrown into the lake. Of these mountain lakes Guatavita was the largest and most important; here most of the feasts were held, the offerings made to the gods. And here excavators and engineers have gone from England with the latest dredges and engines and set up modern apparatus to drain the lake.

The lake is drained now as nearly dry as the excavators dare to make it. Quantities of pottery, gold and precious stones have been taken out. The excavations are still going on, and it is believed that the discoveries have only begun. Various attempts have been made, in the last four centuries, to find the treasure of Chibcha piety; this latest effort is proving successful.

"I should say that the gold and gems already taken from the lake bottom amount to about $20,000," said Mr. Knowles. "How much there is left I shouldn't dare to say. But I think that we are just reaching the most interesting part of our work and our discovery.

"I think that most of what we have taken out up to date is from the sides of the lake. We have not yet dug down to the bottom, and we don't know just how much more we have to dig before we reach it. But, according to the stories, the bottom of the lake is where the richest treasures are."

We have most of us heard in our childhood that the Spaniards of the sixteenth century dreamed of "El Dorado," the land of gold, and that they sought for it in strange and savage and ever hopeful ways among strange and savage peoples. We have read how the lust of gold seized the adventurers of Spain, and they pressed into the wilderness and found and conquered more and more land without ever finding the land of gold. But, as a matter of fact, the Spanish explorers did find El Dorado. Only El Dorado was not the land of gold; it was the golden man. And the treasure of the golden man's gift was not a treasure that could be found in the land; it lay at the bottom of a lake, and the Spaniards could not drain it. The story of the real El Dorado is the story of the religious festivals of the Chibchas.

The tribes of the Chibchas, according to recent historians, occupied the plateau region of the northeastern province of Colombia, and were among the richest, the most magnificent, and the most enlightened of South American tribes. In their wealth, their barbaric splendor, and their handicrafts, they ranked with the Aztecs of Mexico and the Incas of Peru. Their land was rich in emeralds. Gold they procured in great quantities from their immediate neighbors. Rich textiles and dyed cotton stuffs, as well as the feathers of beautiful birds, added to the wealth and their magnificence. Amber they obtained from their neighbors, and apparently from the other side of the world they procured in some unknown manner some quantity of jade.

Savage, uncontrolled in their indulgence of the arts of pleasure that they had cultivated even more eagerly than the arts of war, they were yet a thoroughly religious people. Their heirarchy of gods and goddesses had passed beyond the simple worship of the forces of nature and included definite deities with definite powers—deities to be propitiated. Occasionally they offered up human beings to their gods; often they sacrificed talking parrots to avert calamity. But for the most part they gave their possessions to their deities, and worshipped, with barbaric wealth of sacrifice, at the sacred lakes.

There were five of these lakes in the district that we now know as Colombia—Guatavita, Guasca, Siecha, Teusaca, and Uhaque; of the five, Guatavita was by far the most important, Ubaque being its nearest rival. The people made pilgrimages to all the lakes, but to Guatavita most of all, and with the richest gifts. And it was at the lake of Guatavita that the great ceremony of the Chibcha tribes took place—the installation of the chief. Guatavita was the most important center of the Chibchas, the religious "capital" of the tribe.

The chief who came to his kingdom with sacrifices to the holy water of the plateau was an absolute monarch, whose power rested largely on the assumption that he was semi-divine. No subject dared look his leader in the face, but in the royal presence turned aside or assumed a stooping attitude. No messenger might approach the chief without bearing a gift, not to win the royal favor, but merely to do homage to the royal state. Over every detail of his subjects' lives he ruled, and if a man of Guatavita wished to alter the style of his dress he must ask his leader's permission and receive the new garment from the royal hand. In his "South American Archaeology" T. Athol Joyce of the British Museum describes the state of the Zipa of Bogota: "His garments were of the finest cotton, his throne was of gold studded with emeralds, and he traveled in a litter hung with golden plates. His headdress was of gold, and a golden crescent ornamented his brow; nose and ear ornaments were of the same material, and also the breastplate he wore upon his chest."

For five years or more before a Chibcha chief became his people's ruler he must remain in seclusion, preparatory to the great ceremony of the lake. At the end of his rigorous period of probation—for it was also a period of stern self-denial—the chief's nose and ears were pierced for the ornaments of his rank, and he made golden offerings to the gods. Professor Joyce, who in his book describes the ceremonies of the sacred lake as historically attested facts, quotes from the history of the conquest and discovery of New Granada, by Juan Rodriguez Fresle, written in 1636:

"Not only was the ceremonial of Guatavita particularly elaborate, but it gave rise to the stories of El Dorado which so fired the imagination of the early conquerors and gave such an impetus to the exploration of the interior. According to Fresle, the population of the neighborhood repaired to the sacred lake of Guatavita clad in their finest ornaments of gold and feathers. Innumerable sacrificial fires were kindled on the banks, and the lake was encircled with a cloud of incense. The ruler-elect was divested of his garments, anointed with an adhesive earth, and powdered with gold dust. Attended by his four principal sub-chiefs he embarked upon a reed raft ornamented with gold dust and furnished with four braziers for incense; at his feet was piled a mound of gold and emeralds, and amid the shouts of the multitude and the sound of whistles and other instruments he proceeded to the middle of the lake. There he plunged into the waters and washed off the offerings of gold dust, and the gold and emeralds were thrown in at the same time, the four chiefs making offerings on their own account. The raft then returned and the proceedings terminated with the revelry and chicha drinking so dear to the heart of the Colombians."

The chief with his gold-dust coat was in reality "El Dorado," the golden man of Spanish legend and Indian history.

Splendid as were the ceremonies attending the consecration of the tribal chief at Guatavita, or Guatabita, as Professor Joyce calls it, the national pilgrimages and feasts were still more important. These pilgrimages were made periodically to all the chief lakes of the country. The northern Chibcha honored Guatavita almost exclusively, while the southern tribes paid their religious homage at Ubaque, south of Bogota.

While the chiefs and nobles were throwing their gold and jewels into the sacred waters, the common people were burying theirs by the side of the lake or in secret places not far removed from the holy waters. Many curious bits of pottery have been recovered from the neighborhood of the lake of Guatavita.

When Mr. Knowles came to America a short time ago he brought with him many of the treasures that he had taken from the sacred lake. Most of the pieces are small. Whatever may be their value as ancient pieces of handicraft, the emeralds are undoubtedly the richest "finds" in intrinsic worth.

M. de la Kier of the Royal Institute of Paris is quoted as estimating the probable value of the articles in the lake at several million English pounds. But such estimates are, of course, guesses. The bottom of the lake has not yet been reached, and is still in a semi-liquid muddy state. It is believed that the articles taken out to date were thrown or buried in the sides of the lake and have been, in the ages since, carried toward the center by the pressure of the mud. The number of pottery vessels found seems to substantiate this view.

The work done by Mr. Knowles' company—which is incorporated in London under the name of "Contractors, Limited"—is but the final link in a long chain of explorations that stretches from the times of the Spaniards down to the present day.

In 1562 Antonio de Sepulveda of Santa Fe de Bogota lowered the waters of the lake to fifteen feet, or thereabout, and is said to have taken out great quantities of gold and an emerald of rare beauty. Sepulveda had made his attempt by digging a trench, and before the work could be finished the sides of the trench caved in, and the waters began to rise again. During the three centuries that followed several attempts to drain the lake, always by means of trenches cut from above, were made and failed.

In 1897 a small company of native engineers was formed and three years later sold out its rights to Hartley Knowles and his company.

"I had read about the legends of the golden man," said Mr. Knowles, who stands sponsor for the foregoing history of the attempts to drain the lake, "and, being an engineer, I thought I should like to have a try. I have been working at it for twelve years. The lake is drained as dry as I want it; if it is completely drained the mud at the bottom may solidify, and we do not want that. What we are after now is to dig down to what was the bottom of the lake 450 years ago. The present bottom is, of course, a sediment of years. The lake is cup-shaped. It is about 10,000 feet above sea level in the Colombian Andes. It took four years to drain the lake. Now we are excavating.

"The government of Colombia has been most kind in letting us make the excavations and take out the things. Of course the interest that attaches to the treasure is for aniquarians, museums and collectors."

DANGER IN TOO MUCH REST

Lack of Muscular Exercise, Caused by Lying in Bed, May Result in Death.

Lack of muscular exercise is the first result of lying in bed. As a result the appetite is weakened, the digestive action slows down and the muscles of the stomach and abdomen cease to act upon the intestinal mass. When the body is in a recumbent position the heart works with the least expenditure of efforts and the least fatigue, and the circulation and the functional activity are decreased.

But unless the subject is exceptionally vigorous all the benefits are counterbalanced by dangers. In bed, the subject is shut away from fresh air and sunlight. The result of that deprivation is a condition similar to anemia. But the supreme menace to the week or the aged confined to bed is the clogging of the pulmonary circulation, an action which frequently results in passive congestion of both sides of the lungs. For this reason the simple fracture of a bone may be the cause of death, because when the patient lies in bed there is no movement of the muscles to act as an incentive to deep breathing.—Harper's Weekly.

A girl with a sour disposition is nearly always in a pickle.

Playing Heathen.

An exchange says: "A new game called 'Christianity' is being played in certain parts of the city. The girls get on one side and are the Christians. The boys get on the other side and are the heathens. Then the heathens embrace 'Christianity." So far as our knowledge runs, the game has not yet been introduced into Clarendon society circles. However, we are willing to vouch for the welcome it receives among the heathens, whenever it does come.—Dimmit Plainsman.

WOMAN'S REALM

NEW EVENING FABRICS

FASHION'S LAST WORDS AS TO CLINGING MATERIALS.

Apparel Must Be Light, Beaded Nets Being the Heaviest of All Wear That Has the Approval of the Designers.

Qualities of rich material, softly draped and wound around the figure, compose the new evening gowns, which are exquisitely lovely—and the despair of the amateur dressmaker. Almost any woman with a knack for sewing could cut and hang one of the short-waisted Directoire gowns which have been in vogue during the past two seasons, and it was not a difficult matter to add a soft, dragging little train—round or pointed. But the new costume, combining satin, brocade, fur, metallic net or chiffon, and much lace, is another thing entirely, and skillful hands are required to concoct from all these contrasting stuffs a gown that shall combine exquisite simplicity of line and the perfect grace that hides, yet reveals the figure beneath.

Fortunately, the new evening fabrics are exceedingly soft and clinging, and even a gown of velvet brocade draped over a petticoat of satin, does not weigh more than a half dozen pounds, while the lace and satin dancing gowns may be measured in weight by ounces. The beaded nets are the heaviest of all the new evening fabrics and the bead fringes add appreciably to the weight of the chiffon and lace tunic, but there is a wonderful lightness and ethereal charm about most of the evening costumes of the season.

Sometimes lace flounces and draperies are used over colored silk or satin, the favorite shades for these "show-through" effects being the new yellow and pinkish red tones like saffron, apricot, pale coral and geranium. All the yellow tones in demand for evening wear—especially a very brilliant orange-yellow, called "burnt onion." Black Chantilly lace is used lavishly over white charmeuse and satin meteor. Usually a red rose or broad bands of black velvet ribbon imparts the distinctive note to these lace-veiled costumes in black and white.

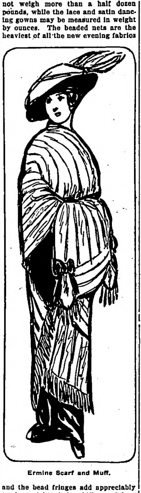
Narrow band trimmings of fur are used on chiffons, and even laces and sometimes a band of fur serves as a shoulder strap, instead of the more familiar band of rhinestones or pearls.

Some frocks that depend for their attractiveness upon simplicity and perfection of line are trimmed solely with a narrow fur edging on the tunic.

Sleeves on most of the new evening gowns are so tiny that they are barely worth the name, though the arm and shoulder are in some cases veiled with thin net.

Swansdown is used on dancing frocks for debutantes, and when combined with white chiffon, lace, pearls, or tiny silk floral festoons, is exquisitely dainty and girlish.

MARY DEAN.



Ermine Scarf and Muff.

OLD STYLE FAVORED AGAIN

Pins and Combs of Tortoise Shell Are to Be Used as Head Ornaments This Season.

Back into the realm of hair ornaments have come the pins and combs of tortoise shell that typified the hairdressing of our grandmothers, and is traceable to the time of the Medicis.

If you have some treasured heirlooms that are large, carved or inlaid, bring them out into the light of modern day and place them in the coils and waves of your hair. You then can smile at the world.

Fillets of tortoise shell rival the high combs, and the disks that suggest the Holland headdress, or perhaps the ornaments of the middle ages, have returned.

The empire comb, with its spreading lines that resemble the peacock's tail, is an important arrival. The hair is drawn up in a series of curls at the back of the neck, the high comb mounting above them. Generally the hair is parted in front or at the side.

The band, or fillet, is passed over the brow, the hair waved and worn in graceful lines low over the temples and ears. Disks are worn if this style hairdressing is carried out.

Coils of hair are held in place by ball tortoise-shell pins, and the bars of shell to catch the stray curls and to support the hair have again come into their own.

Since the coiffure of the moment is conservatively simple, there is ample room for adding decoration by way of ornaments, and makers are offering many attractive styles to convince women of the change.

CREEPING APRON FOR BABY

Saves the Clothes and Does Away With Much Laborious Work in the Laundry.

Creeping aprons save the baby's clothes. They are made in a straight piece, long enough to enclose the skirts like a bag, with an elastic at each end to fasten around the waist.

Children with a family history of consumption should sleep in the open air and live in it as much as possible. Their food should contain a larger proportion of fat than is common—cream, butter, milk, fresh eggs, etc.

Families who live in large cities find it difficult to keep their children contented in their own yard; they seem to want to go into the other boy's or girl's yard to play. By providing some interesting occupation for the child to do in his own home or yard it will soon become more attractive and his desire to find amusement in the company of other children will grow less and less.

Novelties for the Winter.

Various forms of "suitings," in red materials, are novelties this year for coats and skirts, and they are produced in very exclusive shadings. But, unfortunately, most of the chic materials of this description are, like ratines, so very expensive; they are manufactured with such a soft, velvety finish that the rough effect is entirely subdued. Still, for real hard wear, it is useless to economize in fabric; besides we ought not to grudge paying for the wonderful new colorings which are imparted to these wonderful cloths. Mole, brown, red, purple and shot-gray effects, with a preponderating presence of mid-Victorian magneto tones are all leading colors this season.

Fur Collarettes.

The new fur collarettes, consisting of straight strips of fur, such as ermine, sable, skunk or a squirrel-imitating chinchilla, with a stiff bow of black moire ribbon and a plaited tongue of old lace, are excellent compromises between the tulle ruffle or feather boa of warmer days, and the heavy fur stole so full of comfort in the winter.

ALL CANNOT WEAR YELLOW

But Those Who Can Will Find It a Charming and Most Becoming Color.

If your hair is dark and your skin a warm, clear olive or a creamy white, you will find that yellow suits you; but if your skin is sallow, or in any way sickly looking you must shun yellow as the plague.

Auburn haired girls, so long as there is not too much pink in their cheeks, look delightful in nearly every shade of yellow; but the girl with what I call "ordinary brown" hair—that is, hair with no strong tints of gold or red or bronze—will be unwise if she admits more than the tiniest touch of this color into her toilet.

And now for the tints we may wear with yellow. A pretty safe rule is always to combine it with some darker color. There are some very pale primrose shades that tone exquisitely with faint mauves, and even greens, but these you will see principally in evening frocks.

Dark blues and very deep greens make a good background for yellow, and black and dark brown are best of all.

In two of J. M. Barrie's most fascinating books—"When a Man's Single" and "Sentimental Tommy"—you will find that he has chosen yellow and brown for the frocks of his sweetest girls, so I don't think there is much fear that our brothers and husbands will grumble at the new fashion, provided always that we turn it to really pretty account, and do not let it become our master instead of our slave.

French Scent.

A rose perfume that is not musty, but that carries in itself all the freshness of the garden, is novel and delightful. This is a French scent, and though it is of fair price, it is so fragrant of the very basketfuls of blossoms which it must contain that it is refreshing as well as pleasant. It is named for the red roses, and conjures up a picture of the new buds, which resemble the bride roses in size and are of reddest hue. It has an elusive daintiness about it which at once marks it for the lady's use.

LOOK AFTER YOUR HEALTH

If Your System Is Kept Toned Up You Will Escape Many Diseases That Find Easy Victims Among Pale People.

Enough disease germs enter the average human body every day to cause death if the healthful organism did not combat these germs and render them harmless.

Let the human system become run down, or debilitated, and this power of resistance to disease is weakened. Soon the disease germs get the upper hand, an acute sickness follows or the patient becomes a chronic invalid.

It is in the blood that the battle to maintain the health is fought. Keep the blood toned up, the bowels open and observe ordinary care as regards food and rest and you will avoid much sickness.

Debility is not a recognized disease but is a condition in which the sufferer cannot get a good night's sleep, wakes up all tired out, has no strength or ambition, is nervous, has a poor appetite, has trouble with the stomach, and is subject to headaches and backaches. It is most commonly met with in people who have to work hard, are confined indoors, eat improper food or have worries and grief.

The case of Mrs. M. V. McCaslin, of No. 202 South 27th Street, Lincoln, Neb., shows the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a tonic for all run-down conditions of health. She says:

"I gave Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People a trial for general debility from which I had been suffering about three years. I was thoroughly tired and worn out and had no ambition for anything. I became very weak and kept losing strength. My appetite was poor and I was nervous and had severe headaches.

"I needed a tonic treatment and tried several tonic remedies but none seemed to help me until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I was soon much improved in health and able to get around and do my work. I took the pills until cured and am pleased to recommend them to anyone who is run down in health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are for sale by all druggists, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for $2.50 by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Send today for a copy of our free booklet, "Diseases of the Blood." Adv.

He Answered Truly.

Father—How is it that I find you kissing my daughter? Answer me, sir! How is it?

Young Man—Fine, sir; fine!—Satire.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules. Adv.

Able Work.

Flikins—Thought you intended to sell your suburban home?

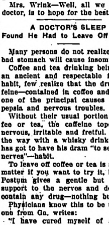
Wilkins—I did, until I read the alluring story my advertising man wrote; then I decided to keep it myself.—Judge.

The Real Problem.

"Well, dear," said the young husband to his bride, "I'll make out the deposit slip in your name and all you have to do is to take it to the bank."

"Yes," she responded, "but suppose I want to draw out some money some day, how will they know which is my money?"—Harper's Bazar.

AT A SOUTHERN RESORT.



Doctor Quack—I had a great many more patients last year than I have this. I wonder where they have all gone to?

Mrs. Wrink—Well, all we can do, doctor, is to hope for the best.

A DOCTOR'S SLEEP

Found He Had to Leave Off Coffee.

Many persons do not realize that a bad stomach will cause insomnia.

Coffee and tea drinking being such an ancient and respectable form of habit, few realize that the drug—caffeine—contained in coffee and tea, is one of the principal causes of dyspepsia and nervous troubles.

Without their usual portion of coffee or tea, the caffeine topers are nervous, irritable and fretful. That's the way with a whisky drinker. He has got to have his dram "to settle his nerves"—habit.

To leave off coffee or tea is an easy matter if you want to try it, because Postum gives a gentle but natural support to the nerves and does not contain any drug—nothing but food.

Physicians know this to be true, as one from Ga. writes:

"I have cured myself of a long-standing case of Nervous Dyspepsia by leaving off coffee and using Postum," says the doctor.

"I also enjoy refreshing sleep, to which I've been an utter stranger for 20 years.

"In treating dyspepsia in its various types, I find little trouble when I can induce patients to quit coffee and adopt Postum."

The Dr. is right and "there's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum now comes in concentrated, powder form called Instant Postum. It is prepared by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, adding sugar to taste, and enough cream to bring the color to golden brown.

Instant Postum is convenient; there's no waste; and the flavour is always uniform. Sold by grocers—50-cup tin 30 cts., 100-cup tin 50 cts.

A 5-cup trial tin mailed for grocer's name and 2-cent stamp for postage. Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.—Adv.

A. H. PITKIN
General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCT TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank
ST. HILAIRE, MINN
C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Advertise in the Spectator

THE DULUTH HERALD
BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 49 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.
ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY B. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 7, 1912.

A little rush of legal advertising made the Spectator late in getting before our readers this week.

Some of the standpat papers are bemoaning the fact that thirty-one members elect of the legislature met in caucus the other night and decided to stand by Henry Rines for speaker. The Wadena Journal even goes so far as to say that "trouble is brewing" for these thirty-one members. For the love of Pete, fellers, hasn't there been enough of other kinds of "brewing" in the organization of past legislatures so that you can let these boys organize once without trying to bluff them out.—News-Press

Council Proceedings

Regular meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Dec. 2, 1912.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. All members present.

Minutes of last regular and last special meetings of the village council read and approved.

On motion duly made and carried the following bills were allowed:

I. D. Converse, publishing proceedings, etc.	9.55
John Forseen, salary, etc.,	19.00

The clerk reported one bid on hand for the purchase of the $4,000 bonds. C. L. Hanson of Thief River Falls offers to take the bonds for a premium of fifty dollars.

On motion duly made and carried the bid of C. L. Hanson was accepted.

On motion duly made and carried the president and secretary were authorized to sign the bond coupons.

On motion duly made and carried meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL, Pres.
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk.

The Lowly Singer.

The humble poet goes about
In very modest raiment.
If he could coin his tuneful words
He'd gladly make a payment
On rags that glisten as the sun
And raise an awful holler,
But now he has to be content—
He hasn't got a dollar.

For him the sun unfolds its light,
For him the stars are gleaming,
And so he cannot waste his time
On profit bearing scheming.
He must remain content to get
The robin's morning greeting
And not disturb his high flown thoughts
With vulgar things like eating.

Were he disposed to drop a peg
And lower his profession
Things might be drifting round his way
In quite a long procession.
Would he write ads, instead of songs
Extolling pills or bacon
He'd rake in coin; but, oh, his art
Would have to be forsaken!

No; he will go along his way,
Wrapped in his inspiration.
Let sordid poets sing of soap;
His theme is all creation.
So take him gently by the hand
And lead him to the table,
And then the poet's appetite
You'll find was but a fable.

His Dreadful Price.

"I have just had some swell photographs taken."

"I hope that they do you justice."

"Thanks, awfully, but that's not what's troubling me."

"What is?"

"How I am ever going to do the photographer justice?"

An Oversight.

"The constitution is a grand old document."

"Yes, but they wrote it too soon."

"Why so?"

"They should have waited until automobiles had been invented and made it unconstitutional to run a fellow down."

The Measure of a Woman's Wit.

There are three ways by which a woman's brain
Can well be measured. One is by the fit
Of boot or shoe. A size that gives her pain
Proves her deficient in the thing called wit.

A waist so girded that its span appears
A wasplike structure shows her stupid grits.
But when her head must put on sundry rats
To wear her hat—all sense has taken flight.
—L. S. Waterhouse in New York Life.

The Real Advantage.

John Bright used to tell how a barber who was cutting his hair once said to him: "You 'ave a large 'ead, sir. It is a good thing to 'ave a large 'ead, for a large 'ead means a large brain, and a large brain is the most useful thing a man can 'ave, as 'it keeps the roots of the 'air."—Sacred Heart Review.

Explicit.

The Kedah postoffice authorities have a somewhat blunt way of putting things. Copies of a Penang paper posted to a subscriber were the other day returned marked, "Addressee hanged for murder."—Bangkok Times.

Breaking It Gently.

Captain of Steamer—Madam, it gives me great pain to be obliged to tell you that your little boy's hat has blown overboard. Fond Mother—Why, I thought it was tied on with a string! Captain—Yes. That was just the trouble. The string did not break.

Arming Safes with Deadly Gases.

A chemical company has devised a grenade or glass receptacle, filled with a chemical compound, as a means of making it impossible for safeblowers to rob a safe after breaking it open.

It is an inoffensive-looking article, about two inches in diameter and five inches long. Inside of the exterior tube are seven smaller ones, each filled with a different chemical. When the door of the safe is blown, or the safe is jarred heavily, the grenade explodes, and the air is filled with the deadly fumes. It is claimed that these fumes, which, so far as effect is concerned, are not unlike the gases from the deadly Chinese "stink pots," are powerful enough to make breathing impossible and to force all persons near the safe to retreat or be almost instantly suffocated.

The grenades are made with a lasting effect of from six to ten hours, depending upon the size, and are placed just back of the locking mechanism of the safe doors.—Popular Mechanics.

Hadley Points Out Danger.

President Hadley of Yale writes: "In the year 1789 the whole French people was in a state of political excitement. They seized eagerly upon everything sensational. A young journalist named Camille Desmoulins shared this feeling and took advantage of it. He wrote a series of articles called 'Lamp Post Talks to the People of Paris,' in which he urged that anybody who was not a friend of the people ought to be taken to the nearest lamp post and hanged. He was not himself a bloodthirsty man. He chose his title chiefly because it sounded so picturesque. After a time he saw that they were executing a great many innocent men and women, and began to tell men so. Then they said that he was not a friend of the people any longer, and hanged him. This story has a moral for us in America to-day. It shows the dangers that come to a people which reads newspapers for the sake of excitement, instead of for the sake of information.

"To What Base Uses."

Big Brother (to young sister who has acquired an unaccountable habit of borrowing his razor)—I know you have borrowed my razor again. It's not where I put it.

Young Sister (scrambling around in the bathroom)—Oh! here it is, Bob—just where you left it, I am sure!

Big Brother—No such thing. And this is the third time you have misplaced it. Now, miss, you will tell me what you use it for. Were you ripping the sleeves of your last winter's coat?

Young Sister (doggedly)—No. You never will forget that!

Big Brother—Well, what then? (shaking her by the shoulders) Answer me.

Young Sister (tearfully)—I was just splitting up a little light wood to kindle the fire, and I just think you are a horrid, selfish old thing not to want to even lend your things—so there!

HAT BROKE UP THE CONCERT.

Remarkable Headgear Responsible for Spoiling Performance.

A story has reached this country of a hat which spoiled an afternoon performance at a small French playhouse. It appears that in the absence of an orchestra a lady presided over the piano. She was neither young, pretty nor talented, and not wishing to pass unnoticed conceived the idea of wearing a hat that would attract the attention of the audience.

In this she was successful. The hat looked like a good-sized umbrella covered with flowers, ribbons and birds. As the lady took her seat the surprise it caused hushed the audience into silence; when, however, the pianist struck the first notes and the flowers, ribbons and birds began a mad dance, the storm broke loose and the laughter at last grew so terrific that the curtain was lowered to give the spectators an opportunity of regaining their composure. They never regained it, the performance was spoiled and the authors are suing the director for damages.—Millinery Trade Review.

RABBITS ARE HARD FIGHTERS.

The Charge of Cowardice a Slander—Defeat of a Ferret.

Tell a man that he hasn't the pluck of a rabbit and if he doesn't disprove it by hitting you he is certain at any rate to be extremely annoyed.

Yet the taunt is a libel on the rabbit. A doe rabbit will fight like fury in defense of her young. She will charge like a battering ram and use those long sharp incisors of hers to capital purpose.

An old buck rabbit is not to be lightly tackled by weasel, stoat or even ferret. On the sanded floor of a small public house near Chestnut a ferret of long experience was matched with an old lop-eared buck, the property of the landlord.

The ferret made straight for the rabbit's throat, but the latter was in the air before master ferret could reach him, and leaping clean over the ferret's head let out with those powerful hind legs of his a kick which hurled the ferret bodily against the wainscot. Twice the ferret returned to the attack and twice he missed his grip and went hurtling through the air.

The third repulse was enough for him. He knew he was beaten and could not be persuaded to stand up for a fourth round.—Pearson's Weekly.

Spring Pastimes.

When I peruse the seedman's book,
That handy guide,
And at the tempting pictures look,
Then I decide
To purchase hoe and spade and rake
And gleefully a garden make.

But when the poultry book I read,
See Wyandottes
And Plymouth Rocks of stately breed
In handsome lots,
I feel I really cannot sleep
Till I begin to chickens keep.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Shore Lots.

Cittyman—Oh, these are the shore lots you advertised? Well, there doesn't seem to be much to them.

Boomley—Say, you want to come up and have a look at them when the tide's out!—New York Life.

The Hen's Joke.

Said the barnyard goose, "Mrs. Hen, please tell
Why you laid an egg in the old dry well."
Said the wise old hen, "If you really must know,
I thought it time for me to 'lay low.'"
—Detroit Free Press.

High Class Suicide.

In China suicide has been a fine art for several centuries. If a mandarin is guilty of misconduct he is requested to put himself out of the land of the living. There is a distinction, too, in the manner in which the oriental may die. If he is of exalted rank and entitled to wear the peacock feather he is privileged to choke himself to death with gold leaf. This is regarded as a distinguished manner of ending life. If the mandarin is only of the rank that is entitled to wear the red button he must be content with strangling himself with a silken cord. Such are the distinctions of caste.

Financial Information.

"So you at last yielded to that man's importunities and gave him some tips on the market?"

"Yes," answered Mr. Dustin Stax.

"What happened?"

"Well, they turned out so badly that I'm mighty glad I didn't invest any money on 'em myself."—Washington Star.

Equally Ignorant.

The author of "Reminiscences of a Country Politician" once asked a laborer in an English village how old he was.

"I be just the same age as the queen," he said. "It be either a fortnight older or a fortnight younger. I don't rightly know which, and I don't suppose her knows either."

A Witty Forlornity.

A forlorn looking man said, "I've tried everything that I could turn my hand to, but couldn't make anything answer, and now I have decided to go up among the hills, where they say there's a wonderful echo, to see if I can make that answer."

What's in a Name.

Returned Traveler—By the way, Mr Mann, your daughter, Miss Etta, is married, isn't she? Old Resident—No; she could have married a fine young fellow once, but she threw him over on account of his name. She said it was bad enough to be Etta Mann but she drew the line at Etta Knox.—Chicago Tribune.

No Economy There.

Bronx—In Russia they never say, "What's in a name?" Lenox—Why not? Bronx—It's taken for granted that it's the whole alphabet.—Lippincott's.

Madam, Read McCall's
The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

You May Select Any One McCall Pattern Free from your first copy of McCALL'S, if you subscribe quickly.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236 West 37th St., New York

NOTE—Ask for a free copy of McCALL'S wonderful new premium catalogue. Sample copy and pattern catalogue also free on request.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE.
REGISTERED PHARMACIST
MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

H. B. Newell, M. B. C.
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue
Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Woodmen Out of New Rate

An official statement withdrawing the order for new insurance rates, as adopted by the head camp of the order in Chicago, was issued from the executive offices of the Modern Woodmen of America last Saturday.

The action was a sequel to a recent court decision in Springfield, Ill., enjoining enforcement of the new rates.

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 274

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

To John Licka:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 19 and 20 of Block 28, Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1904, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 24th day of March, A.D. 1904, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1902, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of No-subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and seventy-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum. vember A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eight dollars and ninety-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate for sale of said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of nine dollars and two cents.

That the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 273

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Andrew Stenseth.

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 21 of Block 15 in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1909, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgement duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said County of Red Lake, on the 30th day of March A. D. 1909, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1907, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and twelve cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and fifty-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and sixty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 264

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Mrs. Tracy Whaley:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot twelve of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota. (Lot 12, Blk. 47), is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year above A.D. 1907, for said county of Red Lake, the described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of fourteen dollars and seventy-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirteen dollars and sixty-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirteen dollars and seventy-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 6th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 276

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To John H. Johnson:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 22, 23, and 24 of Block 13, in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1907, at a sale of land, pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1907, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1905, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and eighty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 13th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of four dollars and ninety-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of four dollars and ninety-six cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 278

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Louisa Muzzy.

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 10, 11, 12, 13 of Block 24 in Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1907, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, in proceedings to enforce the payment taxes of delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1905, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seven dollars and eighty-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and seventy-seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twelve dollars and eighty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota
d7-31

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. E. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary F. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagees, bearing date the 10th day of June, 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 27th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 31 of mortgages on page 112.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 22 of mortgages on page 332;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county, at the east front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 12, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.,
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee
By B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.
WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. n16-6t

Pay your subscription

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

D AKOTA EVELOPS — B USINESS RAINS FOR — C OLLEGE

[illegible]

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building [illegible]

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres. [illegible] Fargo, N. D.

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Special song service at 7:30 p. m.
PAUL N. PALMER Pastor,

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Ser-
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 157—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
O. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3000 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. O SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 189 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
W. A. OLSON, President. MORRIS LASELLE, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

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JOHN T. LATTIMORE
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MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly

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TOLEDO, OHIO

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Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising

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The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The Household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction lovers; the Question Bureau is a scrap-book of information; the Farmstead columns are conducted with the p[illegible] ving the patrons a medium for [illegible] of ideas and information on f[illegible] department is neglected, bu[illegible] e is taken care of wi h the [illegible] ng the Blade worth many tim[illegible] of subscript on—one dollar a [illegible]
Sample copies mailed [illegible] free

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

T. D. Tice left Tuesday for his home at Pella, Iowa.

Miss Tilly Harder was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Mrs. Irving Wallace returned Tuesday from a visit to Crookston.

Mrs. Charles Patterson was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

There will be M. E. services in the Eastside school house next Sunday at 8 p. m.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. LAZAR.

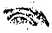
Peter Borstad and Paul Thyren looked after business matters in Grand Forks the first of the week.

C. C. Elliott has got out a township map of northern Minnesota, on which St. Hilaire is the most prominent town.

Dr. and Mrs. C. Swanson have moved into the Swedish Lutheran parsonage recently vacated by Rev. Alex Sand and family.

The Oddfellows held a special meeting Wednesday evening to receive and entertain Grand Master N. W. Phillips of St. Paul.

Your success depends upon the training you receive, therefore attend Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn. adv



Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

WANTED. At once, girl for general housework. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. I. W. KINDER, 213 Hurlburt St., Crookston, Minn. adv

Misses Huldah Gigstad, Agnes Burkee, and Annie Patterson returned Monday to their studies after spending the Thanksgiving vacation at home.

We understand the 1400 acres of land three miles east of town, recently purchased by a South Dakota man, will be developed next summer. Here is a job for men with breaking plows.

The officers elect of St. Hilaire Lodge I. O. O. F. for the ensuing year are: A. J. Hed, N. G.; Carl Krueger, V. G.; O. F. Post, Sec.; Leonard Holmes, treas.; Dr. C. Swanson, trustee.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Swedish Mission church will meet at the home of Mrs. August Erickson seven miles southeast of town, Saturday Dec. 14, at two o'clock p. m. All welcome.

STRAYED—Came to my place Tuesday Nov. 27, a White ram, with one broken horn. Owner please prove property, pay charges, and take his animal.
adv-3t AXEL JACOBSON.

Parties who have not already left their orders for coal should do so at once. I am in a position to care for all orders at present, for either hard or soft coal.
adv-d7-4t G. I. FELLMAN.

A jolly crowd of about thirty drove out to the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. John Moore last Saturday evening, where with games, conversation, and a delicious lunch served at midnight a good time was enjoyed by all.

Mr. Fitzgerald, a Grand Forks land man, was in town Thursday. He is agent for section 36 in Sanders. He says grubbing and breaking operations will be commenced there in the spring, and a house and other buildings erected.

Robert Jackson went last evening to Red Lake Falls, where he has accepted a position in the Farmers' National bank. His sister, Miss Ella, will teach the balance of his term of school in the Erickson district, eight miles southeast of town.

Next Friday, Dec. 13, the Ladies' Aid society of the United church will serve an oyster supper at the I. O. O. F. Building, beginning at 6 o'clock. Price 15 and 25 cents. After the supper there will be an auction sale of a number of useful articles. A cordial invitation to all.

At the annual meeting of the Farmers' Threshing company last Monday the following officers were elected for the coming year: J. S. Roy, president; N. A. Nelson, vice president; Ed. A. Aubol, secretary; Henry Hondorf, treasurer; Henry Koop, director. These are all re-elections.

M. R. Hage pays highest market prices for hides. adv

Come in and look over our Christmas goods before buying your presents. D. LAZAR.

Dan Jacobson went yesterday to Hillsboro, N. D. After a short visit there he will leave for a trip to his old home in Norway.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

A. H. Pitkin and O. H. Olson drove to Thief River Falls last evening, where they attended at the institution of Northern Chapter No. 82, R. A. M. At the conclusion of the work a banquet was served and enjoyed, with toasts and speechmaking.

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern				71
"	"	2	"	66
"	"	3	"	63
Flax, No. 1				$1.10
"	"	2		1.05
Adjected Flax				1.00
Barley, for 48 lbs				33
Oats				22
Rye				44
Eggs				30
Butter				25
" creamery				34
Potatoes				25
Beef live weight				2½@3¼
Pork, "				6
" dressed				8
Mutton "				5@6
Veal "				2@6
Chickens, alive				6@5
Hides				@9
Flour, patent				2.40-3.00
Shorts, per ton				22.00
Bran, " "				21.00

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE
GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:40 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p. m.
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on
No. 553 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a. m.

MONEY OF THE RICH.

Of More Use Foolishly Spent Than Hoarded or Lying Idle.

A great reservoir of water undistributed leaves men and women to perish of thirst and growing crops to parch and die. So also vaults bulging with stagnant money leave men and women to perish in abject poverty and ripened crops to rot within the fields and orchards that grew them. Therefore what happens to the dollars of the millionaire is a question of the first importance.

Those of us who believe in praying for material blessings will do well to pray long and earnestly that rich women will never cease to buy $100 hats and $1,000 gowns, with diamonds and other jewels to match; that they will continue to give balls and teas and entertainments of the most expensive kind; that they will be recklessly extravagant in gewgaws and folderols of every description, because it will be good for us who depend upon an income drawn from the multitude of operations involved in producing, merchandising and transporting all those gewgaws and other gimcracks that go to keep extravagance at a high pitch.

Let us hope that rich men's sons will continue to spend their fathers' money as foolishly as they are reputed to do—not because it will be good for them, but because it will be good to have the money poured into the wage earner's money channels.

Let us doubly hope that the rich men may be prospered in their money getting, because they will not let it lie idle. Whatever their wives and children do not spend they put into stocks and bonds and thereby turn it into the wage earner's money channels. Let us be thankful, too, that neither the dollars of the rich nor the dollars of the poor are of any value save as they go into the wage channels of active circulation.—F. W. Hewes in Harper's Weekly.

His Shrewd Idea.

"Who is that sour looking girl with the heavy underjaw?"

"That is the only daughter of old De Milyuns."

"And who is the dainty bit of sweetness with the blue eyes and golden hair?"

"That's the chaperon."

"What's the explanation?"

"Why, it's old De Milyun's clever idea. He thinks his Jane will be perfectly safe as long as Miss Blossom is around."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Gold In Barnato's Body.

A German paper is responsible for the announcement that Barney Barnato, still more than the legendary king of Peru, who was wont to have his body gilded afresh every morning, deserved the title of El Dorado—the "Man of Gold"—not because of his wealth or of his connection with gold mines, but because his system actually secreted gold. He was, says this credible authority, the victim of a disease called metallitis, his blood being permeated with a powdery gold, as were his eyes, nose, ears and all of his mucous membrane. The pain caused by this condition was so intolerable that it is believed to have been the cause of his suicide.

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10 to 15 per Cent
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Come in and get our prices
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable

CITY DRAY LINE

CHESTNUT HARD COAL AND POCAHONTAS SMOKELESS COAL NOW ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES. PUT IN YOUR SUPPLY BEFORE IT IS GONE.

CENTRAL HOTEL
MRS. INA JOHNSON, Prop.

Everything new, neat, and clean
Traveling men's trade solicited
Board by the day or week

CORNER BROADWAY AND SECOND ST.
ST. HILAIRE, - MINN.

Lingering Superstitions.

"Will a lucky gentlewoman give an unlucky one a tiny mascot to bring luck?" runs an advertisement in an English paper. Here was a poor soul—for if there is a creature on the face of the earth whose fate calls for pity it is a gentlewoman who is down—keeping in her poverty some of that superstition or faith, whatever it may be called, which is the only thing that keeps misforune from crushing the sufferer. If only she could get the right charm she might induce fate to look kindly on her! People call this a practical age, but evidences of superstition continue to appear. A lawsuit not long ago revealed the fact that an astrologer kept a motorcar and had a fine house, etc., all of which came out of the proceeds of a zodiacal magazine.

As Exemplified.

Having given his order twenty minutes before and seeing no indications that his dinner was ready, the man with the sparse whiskers beckoned to a waiter.

"My friend," he said, "perhaps I have made a mistake. Is this a pay as you enter restaurant?"

"No, sir," responded the young man in the white apron, yawning. "This is a dinner cooked while you wait restaurant."

Thereupon he resumed his dreamy, contemplative attitude, and the man with the sparse whiskers waited some more.—Chicago Tribune.

A Reply to Gladstone.

"Gladstone had no great scientific knowledge," said an English writer, "and at a dinner, when Faraday described an important new scientific discovery, the premier showed indifference.

"'After all,' he said, hiding a yawn behind his hand, 'what use will it ever be?'

"'Why,' said Faraday, 'there's every probability, sir, that some day you'll be able to tax it.'"

A Turn Down.

Snaggsy—Beg pardon, mister; I'm a stranger in [illegible]. Farmer Harrow—Well, I dunno of anybody that wants to git acquainted with ye. [illegible] Transcript.

The Proper Thing.

Lives of some great men remind us
We new styles in thought may lead
And, departing, leave behind us
Messages no one will read.
—Judge.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON. - - Agent

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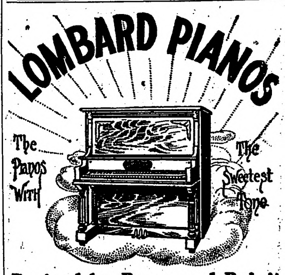
- Statements,
- Due Bills,
- Cards,
- Dodgers,
- Auction Bills, etc.

When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Parviance, Editor McNairny County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Baxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

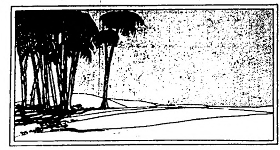
Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Lines, subscribers with The To[illegible] and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH
Author of HEARTS AND MASKS
The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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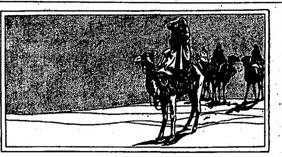


SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-President of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle. Ryanne sells Jones the famous holy Yhiordes rug which he admits having stolen from a pasha at Bagdad. Jones meets Major Callahan and later is introduced to Fortune Chedsoye by a woman to whom he had loaned 150 pounds at Monte Carlo some months previously, and who turns out to be Fortune's mother.

CHAPTER V.—(Continued.)

"Well?" said Mrs. Chedsoye, a quizzical smile slanting her lips.

"You wish my opinion?" countered the daughter. "He is shy, but he is neither stupid nor silly; and when he smiles he is really good-looking."

"My child," replied the woman, drawing off her gloves and examining her shapely hands, "I have looked into the very heart of that young man. A thousand years ago, a red-cross on his surtout, he would have been beating his fists against the walls of Jerusalem; five hundred years later, he would have been singing chants under lattice-windows; a paladin and a poet."

"How do you know that? Did he make love to you?"

"No. I made love to him without his knowing it; and that was more to my purpose than having him make love to me," enigmatically. "He is modest, and he was so guileless that he never asked my name. But in Monte Carlo, as you know, one asks only one's banker's name."

"And your purpose?"

"It is still mine, dear. Do you realize that we haven't seen each other in four months, and that you haven't offered to kiss me?"

"Did he go away without writing to you about that money?"

Mrs. Chedsoye calmly plucked out the inturned fingers of her gloves. "I believe I did receive a note inclosing his banker's address, but, unfortunately, in the confusion of returning to Paris I lost it. My memory has always been a trial to me," sadly.

"Since when?" coldly. "There is not a woman living with a keener memory than yours."

"You flatter me. In affairs that interest me, perhaps."

"You never meant to pay him. It is horrible."

"My dear Fortune, how you jump at conclusions! Did I not offer him a draft the very first thing?"

"Knowing that at such a moment he could not possibly accept it?" derisively. "Sometimes I hate you!"

"In these days filial devotion is a lost art."

"No, no; it is a flower parents have ceased to cultivate."

And there was in the tone a strained note which described an intense longing to be loved. For if George Percival Algernon Jones was a lonely young man, it was the result of his own blindness; whereas Fortune Chedsoye turned hither and thither in search of that which she never could find. The wide Lybian desert held upon its face a loneliness, a desolation, less mournful than that which reigned within her heart.

"Hush! We are growing sentimental," warned the mother. "Besides, I believe we are attracting attention." Her glance swept a half circle complacently.

"Pardon me! I should be sorry to draw attention to you, knowing how you abhor it."

"My child, learn from me; temper is the archenemy of smooth complexions. Jones—it makes you laugh."

"It is a homely, honest name."

"I grant that. But a Percival Algernon Jones!" Mrs. Chedsoye laughed softly. It was one of those pleasant sounds that caused persons within hearing to wait for it to occur again. "Come; let us go up to the room. It is a long, dusty journey in from Port Said."

Fortune was certain that for her mother her heart knew nothing but hate. Neglect, indifference, injustice, misunderstanding, the chill repellence that always met the least outpouring of the child's affections, the unaccountable disappearances, the terror of the unknown, the blank wall of ignorance behind which she was always kept, upon these hate had builded her dark and brooding retreat. Yet, never did the mother come within the radius of her sight that she did not fall under the spell of strange fascination, enchaining; fight against it how she might. A kindly touch of the hand, a single mother-smile, and she would have flung her arms about the other woman's neck.

But the touch and the mother-smile never came. She knew, she understood; she wasn't wanted, she hadn't been wanted in the beginning: to her mother she was as the young of animals, interesting only up to that time when they could stand alone. That the mother never made and held feminine friendships was in nowise astonishing. Beauty and charm, such as she possessed, served immediately to stimulate envy in other women's hearts. And that men of all stations in life flocked about her, why, it is the eternal tribute demanded of beauty. Here and there the men were not all the daughter might have wished. Often they burnt sweet flattery at her shrine, tentatively; but as she coolly stamped out these incipient fires, they at length came to regard her as one regards the beauty of a frosted window, as a thing to admire and praise in passing. One ache always abided: the bitter knowledge that had she met in kind smile for smile and jest for jest, she might have been her mother's boon companion. But deep back in some hidden chamber of her heart lay a secret dread of such a step, a dread which, whenever she strove to analyze it, ran from under her investigating touch, as little balls of quicksilver run from under the pressure of a thumb.

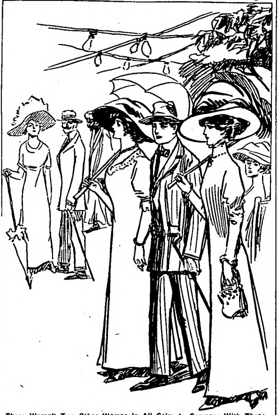
She was never without the comforts of life, well-fed, well-dressed, well-housed, and often her mother flung her some jeweled trinket which (again that sense of menace) she put away, but never wore. The bright periods were when they left her in the little villa near Mentone, with no one but her old and faithful nurse. There, with her horse, her books and her flowers, she was at peace. Week into week and month into month she was let be. Never a letter came, save from some former schoolmate who was coming over and wanted letters of introduction to dukes and duchesses. If she smiled over these letters it was with melancholy; for the dukes and duchesses, who fell within her singular orbit, were not the sort to whom one gave letters of introduction.

Where her mother went she never had the least idea. She might be in any of the great ports of the world, anywhere between New York and Port Said. The major generally disappeared at the same time. Then, perhaps, she'd come back from a pleasant tram-ride over to Nice and find them both at the villa, maid and luggage. Mayhap a night or two, and off they'd go again; never a word about their former journey, uncommunicative, rather quiet. These absences, together with the undemonstrative reappearances, used to hurt Fortune dreadfully. It gave her a clear proof of where she stood, exactly nowhere. The hurt had lessened with the years, and now she didn't care much. Like as not, they would drag her out of Eden for a month or two, for what true reason she never could quite fathom, unless it was that at times her mother liked to have the daughter near her as a foil.

At rare intervals she saw steel-eyed, grim-mouthed men wandering up and down before the gates of the Villa Fanny, but they never rang the bell, nor spoke to her when she passed them on the street. If she talked of these men, her mother and the major would exchange amused glances, nothing more.

If, rightly or wrongly, she hated her mother, she despised her uncle, who was ever bringing to the villa men of money, but of coarse fiber, ostensibly with the view of marrying her off. But Fortune had her dreams, and she was quite content to wait.

There was one man more persistent than the others. Her mother called him Horace, which the major mellowed into Hoddy. He was tall, blond, good-looking, a devil-may-care, educated, witty, amusing; and in evening dress he appeared to be what it was quite evident he had once been, a gentleman. At first she thought it strange that he should make her, instead of her mother, his confidante. As to what vocation he pursued, she did not know, for he kept sedulous guard over his tongue; but his past, up to that fork in the road where manhood says good-by to youth, was hers. And in this direction, clever and artful as the mother was, she sought in vain to wrest this past from her daughter's lips. To the mother, it was really necessary for her to know who this man really was, had been, knowing thoroughly as she did what he was now.



There Weren't Two Other Women in All Cairo to Compare With These Two.

Persistent he undeniably was, but never coarse nor rude. Since that time he had come back from the casino at Monte Carlo, much the worse for wine, she feared him; yet, in spite of this fear, she had for him a vague liking, a hazy admiration. Whatever his faults might be, she stood witness to his great physical strength and courage. He was the only man, among all those who appeared at the Villa Fanny and immediately vanished, who returned again. And he, too, soon grew to be a part of this unreal drama, arriving mysteriously one day and departing the next.

That a drama was being enacted under her eyes she no longer doubted; but it was as though she had taken her seat among the audience in the middle of the second act. She could make neither head nor tail to it.

Whenever she accompanied her mother upon these impromptu journeys, her character, or rather her attitude, underwent a change. She swept aside her dreams; she accepted the world as it was, saw things as they were; laughed, but without merriment; jested, but with the venomed point. It was the reverse of her real character to give hurt to any living thing, but during these forced marches, as the major humorously termed them, and such they were in truth, she could no more stand against giving the cruel stab than, when alone in her garden, she could resist the tender pleasure of succoring a fallen butterfly. She was especially happy in finding weak spots in her mother's armor, and she never denied herself the thrust. Mrs. Chedsoye enjoyed these sharp encounters, for it must be added that she gave as good as she took, and more often than not her thrusts bit deeper and did not always heal.

Fortune never asked questions relative to the family finances. If she harbored any doubts as to their origin, to the source of their comparative luxury, she never put these into speech.

She had never seen her father, but she had often heard him referred to as "that brute' or "that fool" or "that drunken imbecile." If a portrait of him existed, Fortune had not yet seen it. She visited his lonely grave once a year, in the Protestant cemetery, and dreamily tried to conjure up what manner of man he had been. One day she plied her old Italian nurse with questions.

"Handsome? Yes, but it was all so long ago, cara mia, that I can not describe him to you."

"Did he drink?" Behind this question there was no sense of moral obloquy as applying to the dead.

"Sainted Mary! didn't all men drink their very souls into purgatory those unreligious days?"

"Had he any relatives?"

"I never heard of any."

"Was he rich?"

"No; but when the signora, your mother, married him she thought he was."

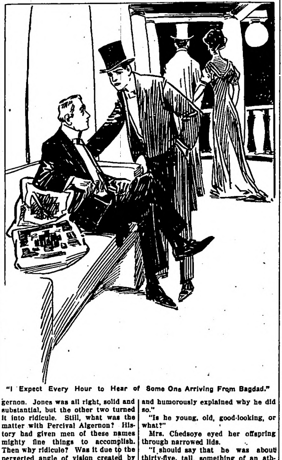
It was not till later years that Fortune grasped the true significance of this statement. It illumined many pages. She dropped all investigations, concluding wisely that her mother, if she were minded to speak at all, could supply only the incidents, the details.

It was warm, balmy, like May in the northern latitudes. Women wore white dresses and carried sunshades over their shoulders. A good band played airs from the new light-operas, and at one side of the grand-stand were tea-tables under dazzling linen. Fashion was out. Not all her votaries enjoyed polo, but it was absolutely necessary to pretend that they did. When they talked they discussed the Spanish dancer who paraded back and forth across the tea-lawn. They discussed her jewels, her clothes, her escort, and quite frankly her morals, which of the four was by all odds the most popular theme. All agreed that she was handsome in a bold way. This modification invariably distinguishes the right sort of women from the wrong sort, from which there is no appeal to a higher court. They could well afford to admit of her beauty, since the dancer was outside what is called the social pale, for all that her newest escort was a prince incognito. They also discussed the play at bridge, the dullness of this particular season, the possibility of war between England and Germany. And some one asked others who were the two well-gowned women down in front, sitting on either side of the young chap in pearl-grey. No one knew. Mother and daughter, probably. Anyhow, they knew something about good clothes.

George was happy. He was proud, too. He saw the glances, the nods of approval. He basked in a kind of sunshine that was new. What an ass he had been all his life! To have been afraid of women just because he was Percival Algernon! What he should have done was to have gone forth boldly, taken what pleasures he found, and laughed with the rest of them.

There weren't two other women in all Cairo to compare with these two. The mother, shapely, elegant, with the dark beauty of a high-class Spaniard, possessing humor, trenchant comment, keen deduction and application; worldly, cynical, high-bred. The student of nations might have tried in vain to place her. She spoke the French of the Parisians, the Italian of the Florentines, the German of the Hanoverians, and her English was the envy of Americans and the wonder of the Londoners. The daughter fell behind her but little, but she was more reserved.

As Fortune sat beside the young collector that afternoon, she marveled why they had given him Percival Algernon. Jones was all right, solid and substantial, but the other two turned it into ridicule. Still, what was the matter with Percival Algernon? History had given men of these names mighty fine things to accomplish. Then why ridicule? Was it due to the perverted angle of vision created by wits and humorists in the comic weeklies, who were eternally pillorying these unhappy prefixes to ordinary cognomens? And why this pillorying? She hadn't studied the subject sufficiently to realize that the business of the humorist is not so much to amuse as to warn persons against becoming ridiculous. And Percival Algernon Jones was all of that. It resolved itself into a matter of values, then. Had his surname been Montmorency, Percival Algernon would have fitted as a key to its lock. She smiled. No one but a fond mother would be guilty of such a crime. And if she ever grew to know him well enough, she was going to ask him all about this mother.



"I Expect Every Hour to Hear of Some One Arriving From Bagdad."

What interest had her own mother in this harmless young man? Oh, some day she would burst through this web, this jungle; some day she would see beyond the second act! What then? she never troubled to ask herself; time enough when the moment arrived.

"I had an interesting adventure last night, a most interesting one," began George, who was no longer the shy, blundering recluse. They were on the way back to town.

"Tell it me," said Mrs. Chedsoye.

He leaned over from his seat beside the chauffeur of the hired automobile. (Hang the expense on a day like this!) "A fellow brought me a rug last night, one of the rarest outside the museums. How and where he got it I'm not fully able to state. But he had been in a violent struggle somewhere, arms slashed, shins battered. He admitted that he had gone in where many shapes of death lurked. It was a bit irregular. I bought the rug, however. Some one else would have snatched it up if I hadn't. I wanted him to recount the adventure, but he smiled and refused. I tell you what it is, these eastern ports are great places."

"How interesting!" Mrs. Chedsoye's color was not up to the mark. "He was not seriously wounded?"

"Oh, no. He looks like a tough individual. I mean, a chap strong and hardy enough to pull himself out of pretty bad holes. He needed the money."

"Did he give his name?" asked Fortune.

"Yes; but no doubt it was assumed. Ryanne, and he spelt it with an 'ne,' and humorously explained why he did so."

"Is he young, old, good-looking, or what?"

Mrs. Chedsoye eyed her offspring through narrowed lids.

"I should say that he was about thirty-five, tall, something of an athlete; and there remains some indications that in the flush of youth he was handsome. Odd. He reminded me of a young man who was on the varsity eleven—foot-baller—when I entered my freshman year. I didn't know him, but I was a great admirer of his from the grand-stand. Horace Wadsworth was his name."

Horace Wadsworth. Fortune had the sensation of being astonished at something she had expected to happen.

Just before going down to dinner that night, Fortune turned to her mother, her chin combative in its angle.

"I gave Mr. Jones a hundred and fifty pounds out of that money you left in my care. Knowing how forgetful you are, I took the liberty of attending to the affair myself."

She expected a storm, but instead her mother viewed her with appraising eyes. Suddenly she laughed mellowly. Her sense of humor was too excitable to resist so delectable a situation.

"You told him, of course, that the money came from me?" demanded Mrs. Chedsoye, when she could control her voice.

"Surely, since it did come from you."

"My dear, my dear, you are to me like the song in the Mikado;" and she hummed lightly—

> "'To make the prisoner pent
> Unwillingly represent
> A source of innocent merriment,
> Of innocent merriment!'"

"Am I a prisoner, then?"

"Whatever you like; it can not be said that I ever held you on the leash," taking a final look into the mirror.

"What is the meaning of this rug? You and I know who stole it."

"I have explicitly warned you, my child, never to meddle with affairs that do not concern you."

"Indirectly, some of yours do. You are in love with Ryanne, as he calls himself."

"My dear, you do not usually stoop to such vulgarity. And are you certain that he has any other name?"

"If I were I should not tell you."

"Oh!"

"A man will tell the woman he loves many things he will not tell the woman he admires."

"As wise as the serpent," bantered the mother; but she looked again into the mirror to see if her color was still what it should be. "And whom does he admire?" the Mona Lisa smile hovering at the corners of her lips.

"You," evenly.

Mrs. Chedsoye thought for a moment, thought deeply and with new insight. It was no longer a child but a woman, and mayhap she had played upon the taut strings of the young heart once too often. Still, she was unafraid.

"And whom does he love?"

"Me. Shall I get you the rouge, mother?"

Still with that unchanging smile, the woman received the stab. "My daughter," as if speculatively, "you will get on. You haven't been my pupil all these years for nothing. Let us go down to dinner."

Fortune, as she silently followed, experienced a sense of disconcertion rather than of elation.

CHAPTER VI.

Moonlight and Poetry.

A ball followed dinner that night, Wednesday. The ample lounging-room filled up rapidly after coffee; officers in smart uniforms and spurs, whose principal function in times of peace is to get in everybody's way, rowel exposed ankles, and demolish lace ruffles. Egyptians and Turks and sleek Armenians in somber western frock and scarlet eastern fez or tarboosh, women of all colors (meaning, as course, as applied) and shapes and tastes, the lean and the fat, the tall and short, such as Billy Taylor is said to have kissed in all the ports, and tail-coats of as many styles as Joseph's had patches. George could distinguish his compatriots by the fit of the trousers round the instep; the Englishman had his fitted at the waist and trusted in Providence for the hang of the rest. This trifling detective work rather pleased George. The women, however, were all Eves to his eye; liberal expanses of beautiful white skin, the bare effect being modified by a string of pearls or diamonds or emeralds, and hair which might or might not have been wholly their own. He waited restlessly for the reappearance of Mrs. Chedsoye and her daughter. All was right with the world, except that he was to sail altogether too soon. His loan had been returned, and he knew that his former suspicions had been most unworthy. Mrs. Chedsoye had never received his note.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Fear to Display Emotion

Mistaken Sense of What Is Dignified Is a Common Fault of the Times.

This is not an age in which clear distinctions are made in the meaning of terms. Grotesque errors arise through haphazard conclusions drawn from this loose method of reasoning. One of the popular misconceptions is that the display of emotion on the part of men is belittling and indicates a weakness of character, disgraceful and shaming to the victim, says a writer in the Pittsburg Gazette Times. It is claimed by some that the natural processes of materialism and the hardening of men's natures by the struggle for success that the age demands has brought about this contempt for anything like a display of emotion on the part of men. It may be questioned, however, whether this explains the assumed respect for callousness that is so marked a feature of the times. There is a false idea around as to what emotion is, and a mistaken conception as to its proper expression. Hysteria is one of our national diseases. The excesses into which it leads men and women have become the subject of widespread contempt, sensible people, feeling an instinctive aversion for this sort of exaggerated feeling, have fallen into the error of mistaking sane, human emotion for hysteria and have gone to the extreme in their effort to avoid any expression of feeling as "womanish," puerile and unmanly.

A Forced Confession.

"Pshaw! Here's the rain coming down again and somebody's stolen my umbrella."

"Somebody's stolen what?"

"Well, the umbrella I've been carrying for the last week or so."—Catholic Standard and Times.

Poor Method of Education.

A smattering of many things is probably the worst and most barren way of educating children that the perverted wit of man could devise.

Dependent on Wood Pulp.

Mr. Frank Lloyd, at the annual dinner of the British Wood Pulp association, spoke of the serious effect upon the industry of the drought in Scandinavia, and, referring to the rapid development of the industry, pointed out how dependent paper makers now were upon wood pulp. If they had to rely on straw, etc., as was the case only about twenty-five years ago, his mill at Sittingbourne "would alone require a string of carts over four miles long, and at least 40,000,000 gallons of water every twenty-four hours."

How He Fixed the Date.

The lawyer was determined to discredit the witness.

"You are positive this happened on Wednesday?" he demanded.

"I am."

"Can't be mistaken?"

"No."

"Why couldn't it have been Thursday or Tuesday? How is it that you can fix this day so positively in your mind?"

"Because," answered the witness with some spirit, "we had chicken that day. Chicken day is Wednesday where I board."

Sometimes It's Himself.

When a man wears a flower in his buttonhole it indicates some woman is proud of him.—Atchison Globe.

Unexpected.

The visitor from beyond the suburbs had patronized the tobacco store and was about to take his first street car ride.

"Gosh!" he exclaimed, as the conductor, after taking his nickel, handed him a transfer, "do they give kewpons when a feller rides on the cars, too?"

Great Convenience.

"You find that an automobile helps you to keep your engagement?" "It does better than that," replied Mrs. Chuggins. "If you don't want to keep them, it enables you to explain everything by saying you broke down."

A New Experience.

"You can't blame the Balkan allies for feeling elated."

"No?"

"Think how it must gladden their hearts to trample on the fez while the wily Turk speeds on before."

Prefers Them Old.

A Wood street business man dropped in upon a Smithfield street business man.

"I see you don't object to hiring old men?"

"No," said the Smithfield street man. "Why should I?"

"Some employers seem to think that old men wouldn't do for business these days."

"Why not?"

"Pace too fast, I guess."

"Well, I don't know about that. When they get too old to be interested in canoes, or mandolins, or fancy waistcoats, or horse races, I find 'em pretty good for work."

Sleeping Car Tragedy.

"Say, mister," said the man in the upper berth to the occupant in the lower, "quit that music, will you? What do you think this is, a concert hall? The rest of us want to sleep."

"Why, the car is so stuffy," said the warbler, "I was only humming a little air—"

It was then that he was hit with a Pullman pillow, remaining unconscious for seven hours.—Harper's Weekly.

Repartee.

A perspicacious young man, passing where an old colored man was busy setting fire to the dead grass in a meadow, accosted him thus:

"Don't do that, Uncle Eb, don't do that!"

"Why so, sah, why so?"

"You will make that meadow as black as you are."

"Never mind dat, sah, never mind dat! Dat grass will all grow out an' be as green as you is!"—Judge.

Concrete an Old Story.

Rome was not built in a day, nor built as fast as Tammanytown, nor built in structural steel, but it turns out that most of Rome's mighty structures, temples, circuses, baths, aqueducts, were built in concrete, not reinforced with iron and steel, as we build now, but a good quality of sand, stone and cement nevertheless. On this powerful central core of cement was fitted an ornamental facing of finest marble.

Bedridden.

"Yes, ma'am," said Harry the Hobo, "I know I look like a strong man, but out of my fifty years of my life I've spent over sixteen years in bed."

"Why, you poor man," replied the lady, sympathetically, handing him a quarter. "What has been the trouble—paralysis?"

"No, ma'am," said Harry, "jest a reg'lar habit of sleepin' eight hours a day, ma'am."—Harper's Weekly.

Balm to the Suffragette.

The social worker stopped a small girl who was carrying a baby. "Isn't he a fine, big boy?" she began, ingratiatingly. "What's his name?"

The child waxed indignant. "It ain't a boy! Everybody thinks it's a boy." She hugged the baby closer. "You poor darlin'!" she soothed. "They ain't got much opinion of you, 'ave they?"—Life.

The Reason.

"That Mrs. Baggs is such a flirt. I should think her husband might check her."

"He might except for the fact that his wife's a widow."

I WANT TO BUY
TURKEYS
CHICKENS
DUCKS
GEESE
GUINEAS
AT TOP PRICES
FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT
WRITE ME
FOR SPECIAL CASH PRICES
REMEMBER: WE CHARGE YOU
NO COMMISSION
WANT YOUR CREAM
HIGHEST TWIN CITY PRICES PAID.
R. E. COBB
100 EAST 3D STREET
ST. PAUL, MINN.

RHEUMATISM
Backache and Piles

Z-M-O

We do not ask you to buy—send your name and address and receive a sample bottle free.

Z-M-O penetrates to bone thru skin and muscle and removes pain 5 minutes after you apply it.

You may not need Z-M-O today, yet tomorrow pay any price to relieve pain.

FREE BOTTLE

If you have Rheumatism, Piles or Backache write to M. R. Zaegel & Co., 913 Main St., Sheboygan, Wis., for a free bottle Z-M-O by return mail. At drug stores, 25 cts.

MADE HIM SOMEWHAT TIRED

Mose Had Good Excuse for Wishing to Be Rid of the Company of Sam Jackson.

"'Twan't all account o' dat yaller gal, Saliny," explained Mose, talking with difficulty through the bandages that swatched his face.

"I goes out walking wid her and along comes that Sam Jackson, what she's been keeping company with. Widout saying a word dat man comes over and busts me in the mouf. No sooner did I get up dan, bam! He lands on my lef' year and over I goes again.

"After that he hit me in this year and then in the other one; and stomped on me while I was down. When I got up and began to run he followed, kicking me every yuther step.

"I never got so tired of a cullud man in all my life!"

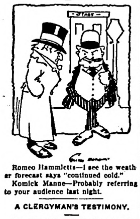
HAIR CAME OUT IN BUNCHES

813 E. Second St., Muncie, Ind.—"My little girl had a bad breaking out on the scalp. It was little white lumps. The pimples would break out as large as a common pinhead all over her head. They would break and run yellow matter. She suffered nearly a year with itching and burning. It was sore and itched all the time. The matter that ran from her head was very thick. I did not comb her hair very often, her head was too sore to comb it, and when I did comb, it came out in bunches. Some nights her head itched so bad she could not sleep.

"I tried several different soaps and ointments, also patent medicine, but nothing could I get to stop it. I began using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment this summer after I sent for the free samples. I used them and they did so much good I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment. I washed her head with Cuticura Soap and rubbed the Cuticura Ointment in the scalp every two weeks. A week after I had washed her head three times you could not tell she ever had a breaking out on her head. Cuticura Soap and Ointment also made the hair grow beautifully." (Signed) Mrs. Emma Patterson, Dec. 22, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

LIKE THE WEATHER.



Romeo Hammletts—I see the weather forecast says "continued cold."

Komick Manne—Probably referring to your audience last night.

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigton, Pa., suffered from Dropsy for a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy.

Rev. E. Heslop.

Dodds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Reason.

"Pa, why do they call it the rhinoceros?"

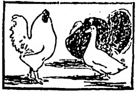
"Because it has such a thick rind, son."

YOU CAN CURE CATARRH

By using Cole's Carbolisalve. It is a most effective remedy. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

She is indeed a clever woman if she is too clever to show it.

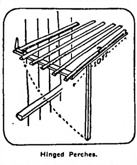
POULTRY



HINGED SYSTEM OF PERCHES

Attractive to Practical Man Whose Quarters Are Limited—Folds Up Against Side of House.

In cases where quarters are somewhat limited and houses necessarily correspondingly small, or where the saving of time and labor is a consideration, the hinged perch shown in the accompanying illustration posseses an attraction to the practical man. As will be seen, it is so constructed that it can be folded back against the side of the house out of the way during the daytime, thus facilitating the cleaning of the interior and for spraying to destroy insect life. Its construction is simple and fully explained in the drawing.



Hinged Perches.

MILK FOR PRODUCING EGGS

Experiments Conducted at West Virginia Station Show Skimmilk of Excellent Value.

Two tests are reported from the West Virginia station of the value of skimmilk compared with water for wetting a feed mash. In the first test, which covered 122 days, 22 hens fed skimmilk laid 1,244 eggs, as compared with 996 eggs laid by the 22 hens fed mash wet with water.

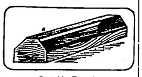
In the first period of the second test 60 hens fed the skimmilk ration laid 862 eggs in 37 days, as compared with 632 eggs laid by a similar lot fed no skimmilk. In the second period, which covered 56 days, the rations were reversed. The chickens fed skimmilk laid 1,220 eggs, as compared with 978 in the case of the lot fed no skimmilk. In every case the pens contained one cock to ten hens. In both experiments more eggs were produced when skimmilk was substituted for water for moistening the mash.

Under the conditions prevailing in these experiments, and with eggs selling for 20 or 25 cents per dozen, the skimmilk used for moistening the mash had a feeding value of from 1⅓ to 2 cents per quart. In these trials 802 quarts of skimmilk were fed, resulting in an increase in the egg production of 702 eggs, or almost an extra egg for each quart used.

TROUGH FOR CHICKEN FEED

Portable Device Keeps Half-Grown Birds Out of Food and Allows Little Ones to Eat.

To keep half-grown chickens out of their feed and make it available to the smaller ones of the flock a handy portable trough may be made as shown in the illustration, says the Iowa Homestead. It is seven inches wide and the slat across the top by which it may be carried is three inches wide, and about three inches higher than the edge of the trough. It would overbalance any chicken trying to stand in the feed.



Portable Trough.

Acid Phosphate in Henhouse.

The best practice is to use acid phosphate or floats freely in the henhouse. You can put the manure into order for drilling by thorough exposure to drying air and then pounding up and running through a coarse sieve. It is deficient in phosphoric acid, which the soil usually needs, and at least 50 pounds of a good grade of acid phosphate should be added to each 100 pounds of the dry manure. Four or five hundred pounds per acre may be the most profitable amount for your rye.

Handling a Goose.

In handling a goose, it should always be taken by the neck, and when lifted from the ground the body shoulud be turned with the back toward the person handling it. In that position it cannot strike, and will remain quiet. Partly support the body by seizing the first joint of the wing with one hand. If the goose is held facing one it will strike hard blows with its wings or scratch with its feet.

Overcrowding Injurious.

Overcrowding causes fowls to sweat at night, and this soon rots the feathers at the root. This is one reason why so many fowls shed feathers outside of the regular moulting season.

Room for Geese.

Considering that geese will live and thrive almost entirely on grass after the first few days of their lives, it is a wonder that we do not find them on more farms.

[illegible]

In [illegible] Winter They Must Have Shelter and Food Same as Other Poultry—Great Danger From Rains.

(By A. J. LEGG.)

The young guinea is about as tender a bird as we ever undertook to care for. They are of a wild nature and if one is lost from the hen in the grass it is almost useless to look for it.

The best plan is to let the hen cluck it back to her flock. We usually keep the young guineas shut up for a few days after they are hatched and feed them some bread crumbs, coarse corn meal and occasionally a hard-boiled egg.

They are given water and also sweet milk to drink. After they leave the hen's call, if the days are warm and sunshiny, they are given fine roughage. They gather bugs and worms so they need but little feeding.

The great danger is from the hard rains. If the hen does not seek shelter, the young guineas are very likely to get drowned.

I have seen young guineas so nearly drowned in a hard rain that it looked useless to bother with them, but after they were warmed up and dried they did not show any bad effects from their drenching.

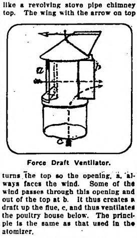
After the guineas are feathered out they need but little care as they are fully able to shift for themselves, until the winter cuts off their supply of food.

In winter they must have a shelter and food the same as other poultry, but should not be let out when there is snow on the ground else they will fly into the tops of trees or alight on the tops of buildings and refuse to come down.

VENTILATION FOR HEN HOUSE

Force Draft Ventilator Built Like Revolving Stove Pipe Chimney Top Is Illustrated.

Poultry houses are often unsatisfactory solely because they are badly ventilated. Of course, it is out of the question always to tear them down and build aney or to install the King system of ventilation, so some form of ventilation may be the best device to adopt. In the illustration is shown a force draft ventilator built like a revolving stove pipe chimney top. The wing with the arrow on top turns the top so the opening, a, always faces the wind. Some of the wind passes through this opening and out of the top at b. It thus creates a draft up the flue, c, and thus ventilates the poultry house below. The principle is the same as that used in the atomizer.



Force Draft Ventilator.

Pea Meal as Feed.

Pea meal is not quite so good a feeding stuff as the average gluten feed. It contains about 1 per cent. less protein, 3 per cent. less fat and nearly three times as much fiber.

Reasons for Eating.

The hen has three reasons for eating: to repair the tissues of her body, to keep herself warm, and to make eggs. It therefore follows that her diet must be varied and plentiful.

POULTRY NOTES

A neglected cold may turn into roup.

The comb is the chicken's health indicator.

Good development before beginning to lay, is best for the pullet.

For fattening a wet mash is good, but at other times let the mash be dry.

The old hens, especially those older than two years, should be fattened and sold.

The nearer square you build a poultry house, the less the cost of construction.

Begin right for the winter season by keeping nothing but healthy laying hens.

If you have only a few bushels of corn to shell for the poultry use the zinc washboard.

The chick that has been stunted will never make a show bird and seldom develop into a profitable fowl.

Well managed poultry is preferable to farm crops in that poultry will produce an income at all times of the year.

Capons are quiet, grow more per pound of feed than cockerels, grow longer and bring a better price per pound.

Once a day is sufficient for chickens to be fed a mash. The remainder of the day dry grain is considered better.

The best way of disposing of surplus late hatched cockerels (too late to be sold for broilers) is as capons.

The pullets which are undersized, have standard disqualification or a weak constitution, should be fattened and go to market with the cockerels.

Road dust makes a good material for the hen's dust bath and some poultrymen haul in a quantity of it at this season for use through the winter.

If you have a real love for the poultry tribe and do your best by them in any and all ways, you are certain to come out the winner in the long run.

Half of our poultry troubles come from being too busy to attend to the birds as we should, and the other half from not doing things when we do have time.

PERILS OF CLIMBING

Woman Gives Account of Narrow Escape From Death.

Guide Falls in a Crevasse While Scaling Peak in the Himalayas—Taken Unconscious and Dies Soon From Injuries.

Paris.—Mrs. Fanny Bullock Workman, the mountain climber, writing from Skardu in the Himalayas, sends the first detailed account of the accident which gave rise to the report that she had been killed by an avalanche. She says:

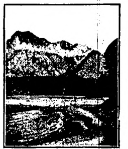
"We were crossing Bilapho pass at about an 18,000 foot height when I and an Italian porter who had accompanied me on four Himalayan expeditions, left the caravan in order that Dr. Workman might photograph us in a picturesque standpoint. After we had been photographed the porter, who was carrying the rope, strode ahead. I was about three paces behind when suddenly without a word or a cry he disappeared, carrying the rope which was the only means of extrication.

"I stood appalled on the brink of a blue hole in the ice and called to the others, who hurried to the spot. The head guide was an hour in advance. Having only one extra rope remaining the guide called down the crevasse and a faint reply showed that Chenoz, the porter, who was far below, was still alive. Six started after the head guide, who was back in an hour and a half, when Chenoz was extricated from an eighty foot depth.

"He was still conscious, but there was no pulse and he was nearly frozen. He was carried to camp and everything possible was done for him, but he died the same night from shock. He had not been expecting to meet a crevasse, and the accident was due entirely to his want of care. My own escape was simply miraculous."

The letter describes the work of the expedition on the Siachen or Rose glacier, which is the largest and longest in Asia.

During the nine days in July Dr. and Mrs. Workman and three Italian guides made the first ascents of four important snow passes at two sources of this glacier, the heights varying from 19,500 to 21,000 feet, which constitutes a record for glacial exploration. On two of these ascents Mrs. Workman established a relation of the northeast Karakoran water parting with Kashgar and two others and discovered two passes to the large and unknown Kondus glacier. An important climb was also made to the great Silver Thorne plateau, more than 21,000 feet east of the main peak of this group.



Distant View of Giant Peak of Himalayas.

From the northeast Siachen pass, a pass to Kashgar was found and a new group of high peaks discovered beyond the east Siachen boundary on the Kashgar side. The highest of these is 25,000 feet high.

The sixth ascent was of a high peak northeast of Bilapho pass, which was crossed in reaching the Siachen. This was made on July 11. The last 800 feet of this peak was at an angle of 50 degrees and each step was cut on as surface of black ice. An extensive view of the summit enabled the explorer to map out much future work.

For six weeks all the camps were above 17,000 feet and the cold was often intense. Grafit Peterkin, a London surveyor, was enabled, owing to favorable weather, to map the entire Rose glacier. Mrs. Workman's expedition of 1911 and 1912 makes the previously unexplored Siachen the most thoroughly explored of any of the Himalayan glaciers. The expedition after traversing one of the new passes connecting the Siachen glacier with the Hondus will make the first descent of the Kondus glacier to Karmene and Baltistan.

LORD INDORSES HEALTH RULE

Two Meals Daily, With but Six Hours' Sleep Suffice Busy Canadian Commissioner.

London.—"I thoroughly indorse Frederick Harrison's five golden rules of health, and consider them to contain excellent advice," said Lord Strathcona, the high commissioner of Canada, recently. "Let me see," he said. "Mr. Harrison is eighty-one years old. Oh, he is quite a young man. I am eleven years his senior and still young. Why, my memory is as good today as it was fifty years ago."

Speaking of Mr. Harrison's golden rules, "They are excellent," said Lord Strathcona. "Personally I haven't smoked within the past twenty years, and do not believe in smoking. I certainly think that people eat too much, and that it may be injurious for them to do so. For many years I have only had two meals a day—breakfast and dinner.

"As for sleep, I make a point of not sleeping longer than six hours a day as against Mr. Harrison's eight hours. I find that six hours are enough for me."

Child Falls 110 Feet.

Indianapolis, Ind.—James Polsgrove, three years old, fell from a window in the soldiers' and sailors' monument, 110 feet from the ground, and was instantly killed.

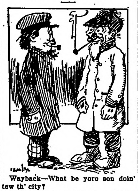
WOMEN SHOULD NEVER USE HARSH PHYSICS

Women are especially susceptible to constipation and their more delicate organisms rebel at the violence of cathartics and purgatives. Drastic medicines like salts, mineral waters, pills and powders may afford temporary relief, but their violent action on the stomach and bowels tends to upset the entire system.

A mild laxative is far preferable and more effective. The combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin prescribed by Dr. W. B. Caldwell, and sold in drug stores under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, is ideal for women, being gentle in action, positive in effect and pleasant to the taste. A spoonful of Syrup Pepsin at night will bring natural relief next morning and, used regularly for a brief period, will so strengthen and tone the muscles of the stomach and bowels that there will be little, if any, further need for medicine.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin can be procured in any drug store. Your name and address on a postal to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 203 West St., Monticello, Ill., will bring a free trial bottle by return mail. Adv.

WHAT HE THOUGHT.



Wayback—What be yore son doin' tew th' city?

Hayloft—He's studyin' fer a doctor.

Wayback—The idea! Is th' doctor tew lazy tew study for hisself?

Peter Doubt's Recipe for Success.

"When I am asked," the Minneapolis Messenger quotes Peter Doubt as saying, "the secret of success, I—" "Surely nobody ever came to you for that," interrupted his wife, with just a touch of sarcasm. "Not up to so far," admitted Mr. Doubt, calmly. "But some day some one will. Bound to. Everybody over fifty years of age is asked, sooner or later, to say what he thinks is the secret of success. And so when they ask me I shall say; 'Simply this: if you feel that you must be born, try to be born lucky.'"

They Presented Arms.

Two very charming young ladies were chatting in a tramcar the other evening.

"So you've been down to the camp?" said one.

"Yes; and it's splendid down there."

"Did the soldiers have their arms with them?"

"Of course they did! You don't suppose they would leave them at home, do you?"

"I shouldn't like to be there when they were firing. I hate firing."

"Why, silly, they don't fire."

"Don't they? What do they do with their arms, then?"

"Why, they put them round you, of course, and it's ever so nice."

CURES ITCHING SKIN DISEASES.

Cole's Carbolisalve stops itching and makes the skin smooth. All druggists. 25 and 50c. Adv.

The one time man doesn't mind putting his foot in it is when he steps into a fortune.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle. Adv.

About the only things some fellows seem able to keep are late hours.

TIRED BLOOD STARVES THE TISSUES

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

Symptoms of Tired Blood in the tissues are, Loss of Flesh, Flabby Muscles, Languor, Sallow Complexion, Debility, Dark Rings around the Eyes, etc. These conditions can be eliminated only by fertilizing and reviving the blood stream. Tonitives, the Great Blood Fertilizing Tonic, help the blood to absorb nourishment from the food and convert it into strong living tissues, composing Brain, Nerve, Muscle, Bone and Sinew. To those who are suffering from the effects of over-work, Tonitives are especially recommended. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TONITIVES TRADE MARK FOR TIRED BLOOD

High CASH Prices FOR Hides, Furs, Pelts, Etc.

Mink $8.00; Red Fox $8.00; Prairie Wolf $5.00; Raccoon $4.00; Black Skunk $5.00; Narrow Stripe Skunk $3.00; Weasel $1.25; Muskrat No. 1 Large Winter 60c. The above prices are for large and prime, medium, small and No. 2 in proportion. All other furs equally high.

Green and Green Salted Cow Hides 13 to 14½c per lb. Horse Hides No. 1 large $3.65, medium and small in proportion.

Ship to Us. Quick Returns.

Trappers' Supplies at lowest prices. Price List and Catalog FREE.

N. W. HIDE & FUR CO.,
Est. 1890 MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

TYPEWRITERS

All makes from $15 up. Over 1000 to select from, all guaranteed. Machines rented 3 months for $5. Write for bargain list No. 4. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota

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Whenever You Use Your Back

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Does a Sharp Pain Hit You?

It's a sign of sick kidneys, especially if the kidney action is disordered, too, passages scanty or too frequent or off-color.

Do not neglect any little kidney ill for the slight troubles run into Dropsy, Gravel, Stone or Bright's disease.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills. This good remedy cures bad kidneys.

AN IDAHO CASE.

L. C. Warner, N. Fairfield Ave., Pocatello, Ida., says: "I suffered severely from gravel and many of the attacks confined me to bed for weeks. The pain I endured when the stones were passing was indescribable. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me completely and the cure has been permanent. Though in my 76th year I am hale and hearty."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

Saskatchewan

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Your Opportunity Is NOW in the Province of Saskatchewan, Western Canada

Do you desire to get a Free Homestead of 160 ACRES of that well known Wheat Land? The area is becoming more limited but no less valuable.

NEW DISTRICTS have recently been opened up for settlement, and into these railroads are now being built. The day will soon come when there will be no

Free Homesteading land left.

A Swift Current, Saskatchewan, farmer writes: "I came on my homestead, March 1906, with about $1,000 worth of horses and machinery, and just $35 in cash. Today I have 960 acres of wheat, 300 acres of oats, and 50 acres of flax." Not bad for six years, but only an instance of what may be done in Western Canada in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

Send at once for Literature, Maps, Railway Rates, etc., to

R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

Canadian Government Agent, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

WANTED Men to learn Barber trade. Easy work. Big wages. Few weeks completes. Expert instructions. Tools given. Beautiful illustrated catalog free. Moler Barber College, 28 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

DEFIANCE STARCH never sticks to the iron.

Every invalid woman is invited to consult our Staff of Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists, at the Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., by letter or personally at my expense.—R. V. PIERCE, M. D.

I Invite Suffering Women

There is every reason why women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons. It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the delicate female organism. There is every reason why she should write or personally consult an experienced specialist.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For "run-down," debilitated women of all occupations

DR. PIERCE'S
Favorite Prescription

is unequaled as a restorative tonic. As a soothing and strengthening nervine "Favorite Prescription" allays and subdues nervous excitability, irritability nervous exhaustion, and other distressing symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the feminine organs. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is devised and put up by a physician of vast experience in the treatment of women's maladies. Its ingredients have the indorsement of leading physicians in all schools of practice.

The "Favorite Prescription" has been sold by dealers in medicine in its liquid form for over 40 years. Now it can also be obtained of them in tablet form—or send 50 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce for trial box.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorates the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy

Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of wrapping and mailing only on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 pages, cloth-bound. Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

"It Helped Me So Much."

Mrs. F. W. Myers, of Bolines, Pa., says: "Your 'Favorite Prescription' has done me a wonderful lot of good.

"Seven years ago when our first child was born I was left miserable. I doctored with two physicians without any relief. I then went to see one of the head doctors in Williamsport; he said I must have an operation at once and that I should quit work, but that was something I could not do. I then began taking your 'Favorite Prescription' and it helped me so much. I always suffered so until our last child when I got along nicely. I shall never go through it again without your medicine.

"Will close by wishing you much success in future."

Demands of Trade.

"It would seem a flagrantly clear case," said the magistrate, adding, to the burglar who had been haled before him, "What have you to say for yourself?"

"Not much, your honor. But I hope you can give me a short sentence. This is my busy season.—Judge.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

We are most apt to realize that time is money when the interest comes due.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable — act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.

In this age of research and experiment, all nature is ransacked by the scientist for the comfort and happiness of man. Science has indeed made giant strides in the past century, and among the—by no means least important—discoveries in medicine is that of Therapion, which has been used with great success in French Hospitals and that it is worthy the attention of those who suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., there is no doubt. In fact it seems evident from the big stir created amongst specialists, that THERAPION is destined to cast into oblivion all those questionable remedies that were formerly the sole reliance of medical men. It is of course impossible to tell sufferers all we should like to tell them in this short article, but those who would like to know more about this remedy that has effected so many—we might almost say, miraculous cures, should send addressed envelope for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co., Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. and decide for themselves whether the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1 No. 2 or No. 3 is what they require and have been seeking in vain during a life of misery, suffering, ill health and unhappiness. Therapion is sold by druggists or mail $1.00. Fougera Co., 90 Beekman St., New York.

$65 TO $200

A Month. Learn a new profession. Seven Weeks. We have jobs for three hundred men before May 1st, 1913. INDIANA SCHOOL OF TRACTIONEERING, 100 PINE LAKE AVE., LAPORTE, IND.

Pettit's Eye Salve RELIEVES SORE EYES

Mamma Says "It's Safe for Children" CONTAINS NO OPIATES

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR For Coughs and Colds

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 49-1912.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

OLD SORES CURED

[illegible] J. P. ALLEN, Dept. A2, St. Paul, Minn.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

[illegible]

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

BOYS KEEP FAITH.

Thirty-two of the Fifty-five, Who Were Allowed to Leave Training School Are Back.

Red Wing.—While Dr. C. O. Merica, superintendent of the Red Wing training school for boys, sat in a dentist's chair, his thoughts far from honor systems and incorrigible boys, fifteen youngsters, fourteen from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and one from Duluth, climbed off a train, marched proudly through the city streets, out to the traning school, into the office, and, saluting, "reported back for duty" to J. T. Fulton, assistant superintendent of the training school.

Last Wednesday evening, Dr. Merica allowed fifty-five inmates at the school to leave for their home for Thanksgiving, exacting from them only their words of honor they would return today, or Tuesday. They went without guards, without officials, and without any mark to distinguish them from the boys whom they would meet away from the school. Dr. Merica said they would return; others shrugged their shoulders and doubted.

But Dr. Merica is now vindicated, and his theory that boys are boys, and should be treated as such and not as criminals, was justified.

"We certainly enjoyed ourselves," declared one of the lads. "None of us thought of not coming back. Didn't we promise Dr. Merica that we would return. Well, that's enough. We ain't breaking our words to him."

Of the fifty-five boys who were permitted to leave the institution last week, twenty-two have already returned. This includes the seventeen football men, who, with Coach Murdauch left Wednesday evening and played ball on Thanksgiving at Rivel Falls, Wis., and at Hastings, Minn., on Friday. The rest of the youngsters, according to Assistant Superintendent Fulton, are not expected back until later.

"Some of them were given a longer leave than others," he explained. "But we do not anticipate any more trouble with those who have not returned than we had with those who have already reported. Dr. Merica's experiment has proved an unqualified success."

Mr. Fulton said that the majority of the boys still away from school were in the Twin City.

PARKERS STARTS NORTH

Minnesota Officials Arrive in Georgia for Absconding Winnebago Banker.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 4.—Sheriff Freers of Blue Earth, Minn., and District Attorney Bellis of Faribault county, Minn., arrived at West Point, where they went to get Harry W. Parker, the absconding Winnebago, Minn., banker, arrested in that place.

They had no conversation with the prisoner regarding his crime or confession immediately after their arrival in West Point, the sheriff, who is to accompany Parker to Winnebago, and the attorney, who is to prosecute, went to the jail. After short greetings and inquiries into the prisoner's health, the Minnesota officials returned to their hotel, where arrangements were made for paying the reward of $1,250 which will probably be turned over to Mayor Johnson and those who assisted him in the arrest.

Friends of the absconding banker's actress wife had planned to donate a purse toward paying her transportation to her home in Cleveland, Ohio. She stated that she intended carrying out her original plan to accompany her husband to Minnesota. It is believed, however, that she will return to her home in Ohio.

Defalcation May Be Larger.

Winnebago.—That the total defalcation of Harry W. Parker, vice president and cashier of the Bank of Commerce of Winnebago, Minn., under arrest at West Point, Ga., may be far in excess of $20,000, the amount missing from the bank, was the prediction made by Henry C. Frundt, a Winnebago attorney, who obtained requisition papers for bringing Parker back to Minnesota.

Sells 165,000 Acres.

Fergus Falls.—Concluding a state land sale here Saturday by selling 2,200 acres of land at prices ranging from $7 to $21 an acre, State Auditor Iverson completed the last of the state land sales for the year, and announced that he had disposed of 165,000 acres at average price of $8.50 an acre, against 169,000 acres last year at an average of $7 and acre. This means that Mr. Iverson has brought into the state treasury $1,402,500 this year.

Woman Attacked At Kasota.

St. Peter.—Ruthlessly struck down from in back and then beaten into insensibility, Mrs. Gertrude Winslow was assaulted in the outskirts of Kasota village. Several hundred armed men patrolled the road and searched the woods in all directions from the town until long after dark, but no trace of the woman's assailant has been found.

Mrs. Winslow, whose home is in Lemmon, S. D., has been visiting for three weeks with her uncle.

John Redmond's Daughter to Marry.

Dublin.—A marriage has been arranged between Max Green, chairman of the Irish prisons board and recently private secretary to the lord lieutenant, and Miss Johanna Redmond, the youngest daughter of John E. Redmond, the leader of the Irish parliamentary party. Miss Redmond is about 22 years old. She recently has devoted part of her time to writing for the stage. The exact date of the ceremony has not been announced, as yet.

DECLAIM IN NORSE.

Eau Claire Contestant Wins Oratory Prize—Minneapolis Girl Is Third.

Minneapolis.—In a Norwegian declamation contest between representatives from high schools and colleges throughout the Northwest for the Quale declamation medals, Miss Rogna Tanjerd, 19 years old, of Eau Claire high school was declared the winner and was awarded the gold medal. Miss Elizabeth Nissen of Minneapolis was awarded third prize. The contest was held in the Bethlehem Lutheran church, Fourteenth avenue south and Eighteenth street, and more than a thousand Norwegians from the different societies in this city were present.

It was the first annual contest for the Quale medals, which were offered by Mrs. Anna Quale of Eau Claire, Wis., in memory of her son who died a few years ago. She has given $1,000, which is to be used each year for medals to be given for the best declamation made by a high school or university student in the annual contest. Part of the money each year is to be also set aside for eighteen silver medals, which are given in a preliminary contest to the winners of the various competitions.

Other winners of prizes were: Trygve Svare of Park Region college, Fergus Falls, second prize, a Norwegian picture by Saether, and Miss Ragna Opjorden of St. Olaf college, fourth prize, who received a Norwegian book.

The other contestants on the program were: Miss Helma Bossness, Eau Claire, Wis.; Miss Louise Mortenson, Olympia, Wash.; Alma Anderson, Colfax, Wis., and Miss Alma Haug, Rhinelander, Wis. The judges were: C. P. Prestgard, Carl Hansen and Rev. T. Eggen. Professor Grisle Bothne, Norwegian instructor at the University of Minnesota, presented the prizes to the winners.

It was announced by Waldmer Ager of Eau Claire, secretary of the National Norwegian society, who presided at the contest, that a similar declamation contest would be arranged for schools along the Pacific coast, next spring. Later it is planned to bring the winners of the sectional contests together in a national competition.

GIVES SKIN FOR CHILD.

Charles Copeland, of St. Paul Y. M. C. A. Submits to Operation in New York.

New York, Dec. 4.—Thirty-six square inches of skin were stripped from Charles Copeland of St. Paul, Minn., in an operation and grafted on four-year-old Bertha Wuecher. The operation was performed by Dr. A. B. Tilton, assisted by Drs. Abraham A. Levy and Henry Friedman of St. Mark's hospital staff.

The accident that rendered Copeland's sacrifice necessary occurred three months ago while Bertha's father, Louis Wuecher, was away at work, and her mother out marketing, and the child was left to mind both her baby brother and the family soup pot. When the soup boiled up Bertha tried to set it on the back of the stove. It spilled over and, in trying to save the baby, all the tender skin was scalded from the child's breast. When the wound refused to heal last week, Dr. Tilton advertised a reward for some one who would give up the necessary cuticle to save the little girl's life.

Copeland, who is in New York visiting his father, volunteered to give up the skin required and the grafting operation but refused to accept the reward. He was a gymnasium instructor at the St. Paul Y. M. C. A. for several years.

RINES TO BE SPEAKER

Wins Out Against Opposition in Minnesota Legislature.

St. Paul.—Hon. Henry Rines of Mora will be speaker of the Minnesota house this winter. Following a statement by Mr. Rines, giving the names of sixty-eight of the 120 members pledged to his support, all of his rival republican candidates withdrew and extended their congratulations.

In Mr. Rines' statement he declares that he has made not a single pledge or promise of committee assignments or patronage in order to get votes, and that he is absolutely independent. He says this shows that "the old order of things is passing away."

Child Is Scalded to Death.

Hastings.—The 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Claudius Irrthum of New Trier met death by falling into a kettle of hot water.

Commission Form Wins.

Duluth.—Returns indicate that Duluth overwhelmingly adopted the commission form of government. Twenty-nine out of forty-four voting precincts report a total of 4,835 vote for and 2,181 against. Returns are in from the central wards, where the opposition was strongest, and it is believed the present proportion will at least be maintained in the city totals. The new charter was opposed by the Socialists, liquor and other special interests.

News Kept From Wife.

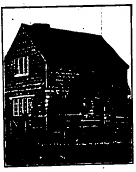
Winnebago. — Mrs. H. W. Parker, faithful to her husband through the trying weeks and months of his disgrace, tenaciously grasping the slender thread of belief that he was more sinned against than sinning in his embezzlement from a bank, always believing that the cloud upon his reputation and upon their home would be lifted, has just been told by her children, that their father and her husband is under arrest in Georgia, a confessed defaulter and a bigamist.

PRESCOTT TAVERN IN MAINE

Historic Inn Still Visited by Many—Prominent Politicians Made Their Boarding House Here.

Monmouth, Me.—Near the level plain that stretches northward from Monmouth Academy in this city, overlooking a long reach of undulating woodland, with the hazy outline of the White Mountains in the distance stands the oldest relic of coaching days, the Prescott Tavern. Square as a blockhouse, hip roofed, and once crowned with a great chimney, it harks back to 1801, when it was built by Capt. Sewall Prescott. Though somewhat decayed and battered, it is an interesting landmark. The front door has been ajar a decade, and sightseers come and go at will. The building is owned by the Prescott estate.

One of the curiosities of the place is the old taproom. This room was to the day of 1800 what the little place behind the screen in the modern eating house is to the present. The doors leading from the taproom to the narrow side hall are double, a fact suggestive of the large puncheons that often found entrance there. Through this entrance the troops were marched in double file when they came from the muster field nearby to flood the dust from their throats with Capt. Prescott's "West India and molasses."


Old Prescott Tavern.

Many visitors are attracted here in the summer.

The summer following the building of the house, in 1801, it received a christening that immortalized it. Francis Asbury, the pioneer bishop, sat in the upper hall at the head of a handful of Methodist circuit riders, and conducted the proceedings of the second New England conference held in Maine. A congregation supposed to represent one-sixth of all the Methodists in New England gathered outside the doors to listen to a discourse from his venerable lips.

After Monmouth Academy became an educational institution of some importance, Prescott's Tavern became the boarding place of many men who have since won laurels in the political arena. Tenantless and dreary, the "old fort," as it is often called, stands like a ghost of historic days.

PRISONER IN SPAIN THWARTE

Nevada Man Is Stopped Just as He Is About to Sail Into Old Clutches.

New York.—Guy Sisson, a business man of Winnemucca, Nev., did not sail on the liner Lorraine, although his trunk was at the pier and he had come all the way from Nevada for the purpose. He was prevailed upon to remain in America by central office detectives, who persuaded him he was being made the victim of swindlers.

Mr. Sisson drew $4,000 from his bank in Winnemucca a week ago, in order to take it to Spain to assist a famous old Spanish prisoner to obtain release from durance vile. In return for his assistance he had been promised a half share in the Spaniard's fortune of $48,000.

The New York detectives learned of Mr. Sission's errand from some of the Nevada man's friends back home and told him on his arrival here that this same Spanish prisoner has been conducting this same swindling industry for half a century and that his business is so extensive that he employs scores of clerks and occupies an office building in Madrid.

SCHOOL GIRLS BAN SPOONING

California Coeds Take Action on What They Call "Queening"—Permitted 6 P. M. and 6 A. M.

Whittier, Cal.—"Queening" has been officially and formally condemned by the Y. M. C. A. coeds at Whittier college. "Queening" has been variously known as "fussing" and "campustry," while the accepted term outside the collegiate pale is "spooning." However, there will be no more "queening" if the girls have their way. They say it interferes with studies and keeps the football squad from needed training.

"No girl shall study with the young men or hold unnecessary conversation with them between the hours of 6 a. m. and 6 p. m." is the order that has been promulgated, and while it is condemned by a large number of coeds and unanimously by the male students, they find satisfaction in the fact that there are a few suitable hours which are not proscribed.

GRANGE ASKS GOOD ROADS

National Body Meeting at Spokane Favors Federal Aid for Movement.

Spokane, Wash.—Discussion of the report of Oliver Wilson, national master, before the forty-sixth annual conclave of the national grange, developed the fact that the grange virtually is unanimous in advocating federal aid for public road improvement.

The legislative committee will be instructed to urge congress to pass a bill appropriating road funds to be administered under a national board acting in conjunction with similar commissions from the state.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Hastings.—J. C. Valois, employed by the Milwaukee railroad, had his left leg cut off in the yards here.

Winona.—Benjamin Taylor of Mankato was substituted for J. C. Nethaway of Stillwater to make the principal address at the annual memorial service of the Winona Elks Sunday afternoon.

Minneapolis. — Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Brackett, their daughter Nell and Miss Madge Sodagren who lives with the family, were driven from their home, 342 Mississippi River boulevard, early Sunday morning in scant attire, when fire as a result of an overheated furnace started a blaze that practically destroyed the house. All sought shelter with neighbors, making the trip in their bare feet.

Minneapolis.—This city will, in common with the country at large, will be cut off from most of its oil supply after December 1, Charles S. Pollock, general manager of the Standard Oil company in Minneapolis, announced that all crude or fuel oil would hereafter be refined, because of the increased use of refined oils for lubricating purposes, and of gasoline in automobiles and engines.

Aurora.—Frank Karon, a young miner, was the victim of an apparently cold-blooded murder when he was shot and instantly killed by his friend, Frank Bushel, also a miner. The killing occurred in an Austrian boarding house. Bushel escaped, but was arrested later. Witnesses declare that Karon, Bushel, Louis Demosich and several companions had an altercation. He was shot through the heart.

Minneapolis.—Christmas parcels directed to Sweden, Norway, Germany, Austria and Denmark have begun pouring in upon the clerks of the postoffice. Each of the parcels has a customs declaration ticket attached to it. Shoes, dress material, made-up dresses, scarfs and gloves constitute the bulk of the parcels to friends in Europe. Parcels intended for Austrialia and the Far East already have gone forward.

Rochester.—In a whirlwind campaign lasting ten days, the Rochester Y. M. C. A. raised more than $12,000, which will clear all its indebtedness and leave a small sum for needed improvements. The campaign came to a close with a rousing rally at which more than 10 were present, including leading business men, who have given their time in procuring the necessary money. A silver loving cup was presented one team.

Fergus Falls.—A curious election contest was decided here last week. No one filed for court commissioner for this county at the recent election, and the official returns showed five votes for O. E. Rockwog, four for W. P. Bayley and four for John Embertson. Mr. Bayley knew that he had received more than four votes, and instituted a contest. The recount increased Rockwog's vote to eight and Bayley's to eleven, giving Mr. Bayley the election.

Minneapolis, Dec. 2. — Seventeen Minneapolis news dealers were arrested and arraigned before United State Commissioner Howard S. Abbott in the crusade begun by the federal government to suppress the sale of "Jim Jam Jems," a monthly issued at Bismarck, N. D., whose publishers, Samuel H. Clark and others, were recently indicted by the federal grand jury at Fargo, N. D. They are charged with having accepted from express companies copies of the semi-annual number of "Jim Jam Jems."

Winnebago.—John Sharp, who is the president of the defunct Bank of Commerce of Winnebago, has been arrested at Dexter, Minn., by Deputy Sheriff Loft of Winnebago. The charge against Sharp was sworn out by the state banking department. He is charged with swearing to false statements of the financial condition of the bank, and is further charged with obstructing the superintendent of banks in the official discharge of his duties. The warrant was sworn out by a deputy state bank examiner.

Cloquet.—Dr. Ernest Bryant Hoag of Leland Stanford university of California, who was in the city for several days inspecting school children for the state board of health, completed his work last week. He has visited the schools in about twenty cities of the state. His plan where there are no means at the disposal of the school for health purposes is to show the teachers how to recognize the various defects in pupils that are a handicap to health, physical and mental. He urges also the employment of a visiting nurse. Where there are funds for health purposes and a progressive school system, he recommends the services of both nurse and physician, the nurse for full time and the doctor for consultation, and always he insists on the training of teachers to recognize the defects detrimental to the child's progress and health.

Waseca.—The Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., held its county convention in this city and elected the following officers: Mrs. Mary Donovan, president; Mrs. Anna Coughlin, vice president; Mrs. Dalton, secretary; Mrs. Fannie McGuire, treasurer; Mesdames Smith, McCarty, Cahill, Coughlin, Glenn and Burke, directors.

Redwood Falls.—Ray Lewis, age 18, who brutally assaulted the 15-year-old daughter of a farmer near this city several weeks ago was convicted at the November session of the district court and given an indefinite sentence ranging from seven to thirty years.

Duluth. — At a joint meeting a half a dozen civic organizations here Friday night it was decided to open a "poor man's bank" to loan money to those in temporary need at a low rate of interest. The action taken is in line with a movement started some time ago to force the salary and furniture loan agents, who it is claimed in many instances lend money at as high an interest as 300 per cent per annum, out of business.

Cannon Falls.—While pouring gasoline from a cup on a stove generator, Walter Johnson was severely burned about the face and one hand.

INDIVIDUAL ROAD RACING CHAMPION

Ralph De Palma, Champion Driver.

Ralph De Palma is the individual road racing champion of America for the season of 1912, and the car honors go to the Fiat, according to the finding of the jury of critics, which passes upon such things, the American Automobile association declining to undertake the task of picking title holders.

De Palma succeeds to the unofficial title, which in the past has been held by Harvey Herrick, Ralph Mulford and Bert Dingley, through having won four out of the five road races, in which he started last summer. Teddy Tetzlaff might be styled runner-up, because of his having won three firsts, while Harry Endicett is next with two.

The 1912 road racing season wound up with the running of the Phoenix desert events, and following the dropping of the curtain the results of the year have been summarized by C. G. Sinsebaugh, chairman of the contest board of the Chicago Automobile club, who makes his report in the Motor Age.

Critics will be surprised to find that 1912 wasn't so much of an "off" year as anticipated. There were twenty road races run as against twenty-seven in 1911. There were 156 entries in the twenty events, as against 202 the season previous, and the average number of starters was slightly in excess of 1911. The distances averaged greater, too, 232 as against 206. A better percentage of finishers, also, is reported, while the same number of makes of cars competed this year as last—forty-four.

UMPIRES SELECT ALL-STARS

Evans and Klem Tell Who They Think Are the Best Players in Their Respective Leagues.

Umpires in the major leagues are certainly in a good position to judge ball players. William Evans of the American league and Bill Klem of the National league have picked two all-star teams, one representing what Evans thinks is the best in the younger organization and the other in the topliners, to the mind of Klem, in the National league. These selections express the opinion of the arbiters as to the worth of each ball player and how each man has helped his club throughout the present season.

The selection for the American league, by Billy Evans, is:

Catcher—Stanage, Detroit.
Pitcher—Johnson, Washington.
Shortstop—Wagner, Boston.
First Base—McInnis, Athletics.
Second Base—Collins, Athletics.
Third Base—Baker, Athletics.
Right Field—Cobb, Detroit.
Center Field—Speaker, Boston.
Left Field—Jackson, Cleveland.
Utility Infielder—Barry, Athletics.
Utility Outfielder—Milan, Washington.

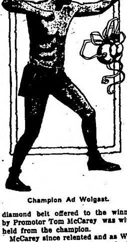
That for the National league, by W. J. Klem, is:

Catchers—Archer, Chicago; Meyers, New York.
Pitchers — Mathewson, Marquard and Tesreau, New York; Rucker, Brooklyn.
First Base—Daubert, Brooklyn.
Second Base—Doyle, New York.
Third Base—Zimmerman, Chicago.
Shortstop—Wagner, Pittsburg.
Outfielders—Bescher, Cincinnati; Magee, Philadelphia; Wilson, Pittsburgh; Schulte, Chicago.
Utility Infielder—Sweeney, Boston.

DIAMOND BELT TO WOLGAST

Champion Is Presented With Valuable Trophy by Tom McCarey, San Francisco Promoter.

Because of the unsatisfactory termination of the fight between Ad Wolgast and Joe Rivers for the lightweight championship on July 4, the diamond belt offered to the winner by Promotor Tom McCarey was withheld from the champion.


Champion Ad Wolgast.

McCarey since relented and as Wolgast was about to board a train for San Francisco, McCarey appeared and presented the champion with the belt, much to the surprise of the Cadillac battler. The belt, which is of solid gold and set with four large diamonds, is valued at $1,000.

Noted Sprinters May Visit U. S.

Louis Guertin, the professional all-round athlete of Boston, is to go to England to seek matches with Reggie Walker, Jack Donaldson or A. B. Postle, who rank among the world's speediest sprinters. All three are likely to come to the United States.

Miss Curtis Retains Title.

Miss Margaret Curtis, of Boston, won the national woman's golf championship for the third time on the Essex county links, defeating Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, of Philadelphia, by a score of three up and two to play.

UNUSUAL HANDICAP IN GOLF

Extremely Nervous Player Unable to Play Good Game on Account of Anticipated Noise.

An unusual golf handicap was played on one of the local links recently, the proponent of the same winning hands down. One of the rules of golf is that one must not talk to a player when he is about to make a drive, nor must others discuss any subject in his hearing. It might take his mind off the game for just an instant and that might be fatal.

In Kansas City lives a crack but extremely nervous golf enthusiast. He had been in the habit of beating a fat and phlegmatic friend until the latter tired of it.

"I'll tell you what I'll do," the friend said not long ago. "I will play you eighteen holes if you will give me a handicap."

"Done," said the nervous player. "Name the handicap."

"There times during the game, and not more than three, I am to be permitted to stand behind you and say 'Boo' while you are preparing to drive."

Every time it was the nervous man's play his fat friend walked up and just stood behind him. Never once during the game did the fat man say "Boo!" or anything else. But the anticipation at the expected "Boo!" was fairly nerve-shattering, and the fat man won hands down.—Kansas City Journal.

GOSSIP AMONG SPORTS

Carl Morris has come back to earth knocking out some poor dub.

Five years ago Jeff Tesreau was canned by the Ironton (Mo.) team.

It is hoped that there will be no protest of any Wisconsin or Minnesota players this year.

Football would be a great little sport, all right, if one could avoid the arguments afterward.

Ban Johnson is said to have offered Hank O'Day a fat salary to work in his league next season.

Bat Nelson is to be given a test, says a report. The owner of Hegewisch has always been ready for that.

This seems to be a swell year for appointing shrimp managers. Note Miller Huggins and Johnny Evers.

Now billiards comes to the front with a wrangle. It was thought billiards came close to sportsmanship.

Memphis has purchased Shortstop William Oriet of the champion Missoula team of the Union association.

Bobby Byrne, the Pirate's third sacker, says he cleaned up $300 on the barnstorming trip the Pirates took.

The football coach who refused to base a prediction upon his honest opinion is fast becoming a back number.

Chief Bender was a big hero in 1811; he is mentioned for sale or trade in 1912. Fame is fleeting in baseball, too.

The only thing one can tell by odds on football games is that usually one school has more money than the other.

Morris Rath, the Sox's little second baseman, was the busiest toiler last season. Morris appeared in 157 games.

The worst of football is the deadly "what might have been" conversations one is obliged to listen to the next day.

Mordecai Brown may be out of the national pastime for keeps, but he will never be out of the hearts of the Chicago fans.

In the talk of a possible sale of the Buffalo International league club, it is stated that the price put on the property was $75,000.

It is easy to say that a football team is a good fighter as it is to say a person has a good heart—and that's the last thing one cay say.

In an effort to boom his administration, friends of Miller Huggins are preparing a rough road for him by claiming the pennant for the Cardinals.

Evidently this visiting Japanese billiard player is as proficient in his profession as most of his countrymen are in their particular lines of work.

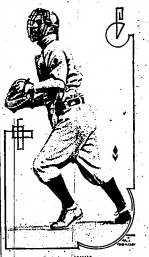
FAVOR MANAGERS WHO PLAY

Club Owners Are Said to Have Little Use for "Bench" Directors—Killifer Worked Hard.

Baseball owners are of the opinion that a playing manager is of greater value to a club than one who directs from the bench. In choosing a man they usually strive to get one who can participate actively in the contests throughout the season. Charlie Dooin, leader of the Philadelphia National league team, holds the belief that while a playing manager may be preferable, he ought not to be a backstop, as he, Dooin, is.

It will be remembered that Dooin did little catching last season. He was out for a while owing to an injured leg, but allowed Killifer to do most of the catching even when he was in condition.

Dooin also is credited with the statement that a catcher should not be a manager. He declares that a young pitcher cannot do himself justice with the director behind the plate. In straining himself to demonstrate to the chief what he possesses in the way of speed he often outdoes himself, consequently failing to get the best results. Dooin has found it this way while catching the youngsters, and therefore allowed Killifer to don the mask nearly all the time.


Catcher Killifer.

When he caught the youngsters twirled raggedly, but as soon as Killifer got behind the bat they did entirely different work.

It is on account of his belief relative to playing managers that Dooin believes a leader who is a catcher does not have any success with his pitchers. He mentioned Kling and Bresnahan as examples.

AGREE ON BOXING WEIGHTS

Poundage Has Been Increased Materially in All Classes With Exception of Bantamweight.

The movement to establish an international set of rules and weights to govern all boxing matches in America, England and France is now in concrete form. The men who supervise boxing here and abroad have agreed on a new set of rules and a way to properly enforce them. The following scale of weights has been passed by the American board and will be forwarded to France and England for approval:

Class	Proposed Weight.	American.	English.
Paper	108	105	—
Bantam	115	116	118
Feather	125	122	126
Light	135	133	135
Welter	145	142	145
Middle	158	158	160
Commission	175	—	—
Heavy—All over 175 pounds.			

It will be seen by the proposed scale of weights that the poundage has been increased materially in all the classes except the bantamweight. This class is now fixed at 116 pounds. The new scale proposed is 115 pounds. This is three pounds less than the English rules demand.

The "commission" class is a new one. It seeks to establish a brigade of fighters, known during the past few years as "light-heavy," but which had no standing as a distinctive class. This "commission" class will call for fighters weighing 175 pounds or less, and will give such men as Gunboat Smith and Sailor Burke a chance to compete with men of their weight. The heavy class will be open to all who weigh more than 175 pounds.

The question of when will the men weigh in arose during the formulation of the new scale. It was decided that the men weigh in at the ring side.

Those in control are of one mind for a universal code of rules and weights and it is only a matter of six weeks or two months before the rules will be uniform.

Stallings' Big Contract.

It has been unofficially announced that George Stallings, who is to be the manager of the Boston Nationals next year, has consented to go there only with a five-year contract at an enormous salary. Stallings has disposed of his holdings in the Buffalo club to John Ganzel, who will manage the Buffalos in 1913. It is said that he will retain only half a dozen men of this years' Boston team, among them only three pitchers. Perdue, Tyler and Hess. Stallings is not a bit impressed with the caliber of the present Boston players and hopes to have many trades between the end of the season and the beginning of next.

Marvelous Swimming Record.

Peter John Newell, the aged Samoan swimmer who for more than 20 years has held the record for long distance and endurance swims, broke his own record by remaining 37 hours and 12 minutes in the water without support of any kind and without partaking of food. Newell's great feat was accomplished on his sixty-eighth birthday anniversary.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1912. NUMBER, 23.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAW TO PROHIBIT INTER-MARRIAGES

GEORGIA MAN SCORES PROCEDURE BY WHICH AFRICAN CAN TAKE WHITE BRIDE.

USES STRONG LANGUAGE.

Declares Mixed Unions May Some Day Bring Country to a Conflict—Railroad Hearing Ends.

Washington, Dec. 12.—A denunciation of the legal procedure under which "a brown hued, black skinned, thick lipped, brutal hearted African can walk into an office of the law and demand an edict guaranteeing him legal wedlock to a white woman," was one of many sensational features of a speech in the house by Representative Roddenberry of Georgia, in favor of a resolution he had introduced earlier to prohibit inter-marriage of whites and negroes.

The measure, a direct result of the recent marriage of Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, with a white girl, did not get to vote; but it enlivened a dull day's proceedings and incidentally aided in a filibuster of Representative Goldfogle of New York that sent the Burnett illiteracy test immigration bill over until probably the middle of January.

Civil War Probable.

Mr. Roddenberry prophesied that the legal sanction of mixed marriages ultimately might bring this country a conflict. He declared that "no brutality, infamy or degredation in all the days of southern slavery possessed such villainous characteristics and atrocious qualities as the permission of that marriage by the laws of this country."

In Chicago, he said, not only is the white slave traffic carried on, but "the white girls of this country are made the slaves of an African brute, sanctioned by the laws of the state, and solemnized by a form of the marriage ceremony."

Mr. Roddenberry added:

"We say this is a great country with its morals, traditions, virtues and examples, deserving to be emulated and envied by the other countries of the earth. But we see an African with much brutal force, with no moral character, with no stamina, in defiance of the laws of Illinois—yea, in accordance with the laws of Illinois—in defiance of the municipal regulations, entering the office of a probating magistrate, or other legal officer, in that city, and calling on him to issue, 'to me, Jack Johnson,' a marriage license to wed a young American woman, of our own blood, our own color."

The speaker declared that "in the fellowship between the blacks and the whites in the South the blacks respected the superiority of their former masters, and would commit self destruction before entertaining the thought of matrimony with a Caucasian girl."

New Haven Hearings End.

Hearings were concluded by the house rules committee on the O'Shaunnesy resolution to provide for a congressional investigation of a proposed traffic agreement between the New York, New Haven and Hartford and Grand Trunk railroads, which is alleged to have resulted in suspension of work on the Southern New England railway.

Taft Going To Canal.

Washington, Dec. 12.—President Taft will leave Washington at midnight, Dec. 11 for Key West, Fla., whence he will sail Dec. 21 for Panama on the battleship Arkansas. Mrs. Taft, a military and naval aide, Secretary Hilles, C. P. Taft, the president's brother, and probably several other persons will be in the party. The president is expected to reach Washington on the return trip Dec. 31.

150,000 Eggs Sold.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 12.—One hundred and fifty thousand eggs were sold at stations in various sections of the city by members of the Housekeepers' league in the first day of their campaign to break the corner which they claim has been maintained by retailers here. Eggs that have been selling for from 27 cents to 49 cents a dozen were sold by the women at 24 cents.

Grain Shipments Close.

Fort Williams, Ont., Dec. 12.—A fleet of five ships, carrying more than 500,000 bushels of grain, left here and Port Arthur last night for Buffalo. This marks the close of grain shipments from the Canadian head of the lakes for 1912. Several vessels are expected within a day or two and will load grain for storage.

Tinker to Manage Reds.

New York, Dec. 12.—The long expected trade to make Shortstop Joe Tinker of the Chicago National league club manager of the Cincinnati team, was effected at the close of the National league's annual meeting.

Would Stay Execution.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 12.—A statewide crusade to bring citizens from all parts of Oregon to Salem on Thursday, to demand that Governor West reprieve the five murderers doomed to die Friday, has been started.

SENATOR W. P. JACKSON

William P. Jackson, Republican national committeeman for Maryland, who was appointed by the governor to serve out the unexpired term of United States Senator Isidor Rayner.

QUESTIONED AS TO KNOWLEDGE

WITNESS TELLS OF DOINGS AFTER McNAMARAS, ARREST.

Detroit Man Held to Grand Jury on the Charge of Perjury.

Indianapolis, Dec. 12.—Inquiry as to whether John J. McNamara's guilt after his arrest and before he pleaded guilty to causing explosions was known to President Frank M. Ryan and other officials of the Iron Workers union was pursued by the government in its cross-examination of defendants at the dynamite conspiracy trial.

Michael J. Cunnane, Philadelphia testified he took part in a public demonstration managed by labor unions in Philadelphia as a protest against McNamara's arrest and then he assisted in raising the $200,000 defense fund for the McNamara brothers. He also stated he wrote letters to J. J. McNamara after the latter was confined in jail in Los Angeles, Cal. He said he was unable to recall the contents of this correspondence, but he would send to Philadelphia and produce the letters in court.

"Did you believe, after McNamara was taken to California and charged with murder and before he pleaded guilty to dynamiting that Ryan and Hockin had any knowledge as to his guilt or innocence?"

"I believed so then."

"Do you believe now that they had that knowledge then?" Judge Anderson asked.

"No: I don't now believe they did."

William E. Quigley, Detroit, of the International Association of Joiners and Carpenters, who was held to the January session of the federal grand jury on the governor's charge that he committed "wilful and malicious perjury," as a witness for the defense was later released on $2,000 bond Quigley is not a defendant at the trial

$200,000 ST. PAUL FIRE.

Heart of Business District Threatened in Disastrous Blaze.

St. Paul, Dec. 12.—The heart of the business center of St. Paul was threatened by a fire in McArthur's department store which resulted in a loss estimated at $200,000 on the building and contents.

The store is peculiarly arranged. It has a frontage of 150 feet on Seventh street by 100 feet deep and turns in an arcade angle toward Minnesota street where there is a 70-foot frontage. This arrangement made the work of confining the fire to the store a difficult problem.

The only accident that ocurred was to Fire Captain Jack Flannigan, brother of Acting Chief of Police Martin Flannigan, who sprained his right wrist soon after the fire apparatus arrived.

$400,000,000 Crop Raised in Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 12. — That Iowa raised almost $400,000,000 worth of crops last year is the statement of George Chappell, director of the Iowa weather and crop service. His figures of the total value of crops in the state is $397,227,208. Corn leads in this valuation with 421,368,000 bushels, worth $151,698,624. Oats is second with 206,949,700 bushels, worth $55,876,419. Hay is a close third with 5,859,040 tons, valued at $65,275,723.

Frank Chance Elated.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 12.—Frank Chance said here that he would be delighted to join the New York Americans. He declared he knew of no team with which he would rather play. He is slated to manage the highlanders.

Assay Office Out of Funds.

Deadwood, S. D., Dec. 12.—The assay office here must cease operations because there is no longer a government appropriation for its maintenance.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Virginia.—John Mackes, 12 years old, choked to death on a piece of chewing gum.

St. Cloud.—Sam Hayward, a Stearns county farmer, has lost 100 hogs out of a drove of 150. Cholera was the cause.

Stillwater.—Robert Taylor, a boy, was sentenced to the reformatory for a statutory crime. His home is at White Bear.

Stillwater.—James J. Coyne, representing the Duluth Casualty company, was arrested here on a charge of issuing fraudulent accident insurance policies.

Virginia.—On the ground that John Bannon, a hunter, "looked like a moose" when he was shot and killed by John Maki ten days ago, Maki was released.

Lake Crystal.—E. J. Roberts, an old resident, dropped dead while unharnessing a horse. He was 45 and leaves a wife, four sons and two daughters.

Minneapolis.—The University of Minnesota has purchased a motion picture camera. It is planned to make it play an important part in the college curriculum.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—White and Smith, stock raisers of St. Cloud, Minn., won the blue ribbon for the best cow of any age in the international livestock exposition here.

Minneapolis. — A class of 40 was given the degree at the Shrine ceremonial in the Masonic Temple in the presence of Imperial Potentate W. J. Cunningham of St. Louis.

Albert Lea.—The Knights of Columbus have arranged for a special train over the Milwaukee road to Austin Sunday. The occasion is the initiation of a large class by the Austin Knights.

Blue Earth.—The special grand jury in the case of the State vs. Harry W. Parker, charged with embezzlement of funds of the Bank of Commerce, Winnebago, to the sum of $20,000, brought in an indictment charging Parker with grand larceny in the first degree.

Detroit.—James McDowell, a former resident of Becker county, who was killed near Bandon, Ore., last week by his engine falling through a trestle 100 feet high, was buried here under the auspices of Lakeside lodge, I. O. O. F. He was engineer of a logging road. His engine broke through the trestle and the boiler exploded.

St. Paul.—The Minnesota Canners' Association will hold its annual meeting at the old Capitol on December 12 and 13. The officers conferred with Joel G. Winkjer, state dairy and food commissioner. "The industry is in a healthy condition in the state," said Mr. Winkjer. "The program will be devoted to general discussions. No exhibit will be held this year."

Willmar.—The West Central Minnesota Development Association meeting at Willmar on Friday and Saturday is the first of a series of three meetings to be held this winter at representative points in the district. The object is to promote co-operation in west central Minnesota development. Bankers, commercial clubs, farm clubs, editors, agricultural societies, creameries, land companies are urged to have delegates in attendance.

Anoka. — The Royal Neighbors of America elected officers for the year as follows: P. O., Mrs. Robert Richardson; O., Mrs. P. J. Nelson; V. O., Mrs. Guy Goodrich; C., Mrs. D. D. Cronkhite; Rec., Mrs. Dora Hollis; Rec'v., Mrs. Myrtle Downs; M., Miss Zilpah Redding; I. S., Mrs. Pearl Harmon; O. S., Mrs. Mabel Byson; manager, Mrs. Louis Laundry; physician, Dr. J. F. Kline. Mrs. Alden Kimball of Champlin will be the installing officer.

St. Paul.—The federal crusade against those engaged in the practice of promoting race suicide resulted in the sentence of Mrs. Ernestina Ash, midwife, by Judge Page Morris to six months in the Ramsey county jail. Mrs. Ash, who pleaded guilty to the charge of sending a letter through the mails regarding an illegal operation, stood before the judge alone and without counsel. She told the court that she did not wish her relatives to know anything about her disgrace.

Mankato.—The state rested in the trial of Charles Pollei on the charge of murder in the second degree for the shooting of Hubert Haack, a North Mankato young man, while the latter was attempting to escape from Pollei, who was at the time a police officer of this city. Much of the evidence produced by the state turned out to be useful to the defense. The latter has just opened its case to the jury. It seeks to show that the ball that killed Haack may have been fired by some person celebrating the Fourth of July, but that if it was from Pollei's weapon it probably glanced on the pavement or some other object before it struck the fleeing man.

Minneapolis, Dec. 10.—The action of the board of education in permitting dancing in the high schools was condemned by Minneapolis ministers in four denominational meetings. Representatives from the denominational meetings then gathered at Dayton's tea rooms and ratified the action taken by the respective bodies. A resolution was passed asking the board to defer its action until the ministers could be given a proper hearing.

Duluth.—Thomas James, a negro, was found guilty of second degree murder. He killed Rudolph Miller in a saloon brawl.

OSCAR W. UNDERWOOD

Representative Underwood, leader of the house, says the Democrats are going to revise the tariff "from agate to zinc."

SENATE TO DECIDE FINALLY

WILL SAY WHAT'S WHAT IN PANAMA WRANGLE.

Many Solons Believe Question Is Purely Domestic and, Therefore, Not Arbitrable.

Washington, Dec. 11. — Whether Great Britain's protest against free passage of American ships through the Panama canal is to be submitted to The Hague is to be finally determined by the senate, in any event.

It was intimated that President Taft consistent with his attitude as a principal champion of arbitration of disputes between nations, might recommend such a course, should he and Secretary Knox not hold the question a purely domestic and internal one, and therefore not arbitrable. There is a considerable leaning to such a view among senators.

The British government's note was discussed informally by President Taft and his cabinet yesterday but it was said until Secretary Knox had time to study it at length, and probably had outlined his reply, it would not be taken up formally. That probably will not be for several weeks.

A suggestion that the question might be kept from arbitration by delay until the existing arbitration treaty with Great Britain expires by limitation next June was repudiated by a number of senators.

Senator Lodge, a prominent member of the foreign relations committee, declared that "the United States would not stoop to tricks."

Senator Sutherland declared the question purely a domestic one and therefore not subject to arbitration.

ARCHBOLD DENOUNCED.

Boland Says He Planned to Catch Jurist.

Washington, Dec. 11.—William P. Boland of Scranton, Pa., the man charged by Judge Robert W. Archbold of the commerce court with having organized a conspiracy that resulted in Judge Archbald's impeachment and his present trial before the senate, admitted on the witness stand in the senate that he had suggested the various steps by which Judge Archbald was connected with the deal for the Katydid refuse coal dump, in order "to check up Judge Archbald."

"I wanted to button up Judge Archbald," he said, shaking his finger at the accused jurist who sat in front of him. "I wanted to show he was the kind of a man he is."

Two Given Life Sentence.

Superior, Wis., Dec. 11.—Robert Bennett, 19 years old, and George Shafer, 21, were sentenced to life imprisonment in the state penitentiary at Waupun for the murder of Henry Tuttle, a homesteader, three weeks ago.

Parker Indicted.

Blue Earth, Minn., Dec. 11.—The grand jury in the case of the State vs. Harry W. Parker, charged with embezzlement of funds of the Bank of Commerce, Winnebago, to the sum of $20,000, brought in an indictment charging Parker with grand larceny in the first degree.

Unknown Boat Sinks.

Devonport, Eng., Dec. 11. — The British battleship Centurion collided with and sank an unknown steamer off this port.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

APPLE PROSPECTS BRIGHT

New York Expert Says Minnesota Will Rank With Best Producing Communities.

St. Paul.—Minnesota as an apple state has as bright prospects before it as any of the states of the Union, according to George T. Powell, president of the Agricultural Expert association and the fruit expert of New York state, who spoke before the Minnesota State Horticultural society. Mr. Powell is owner of 160 acres of land in Columbia county, New York, on which he has 10,000 fruit trees, one of the few orchards of its kind in the United States. Ordinarily these trees, would cover 200 acres.

"On the Wealthy apple,' said Mr. Powell, "Minnesota will realize millions of dollars. It is one of the finest in existence and under the right culture will make the state famous. The future demands an apple of quality, rather than color and size, and the Wealthy is of the very best of flavors. Minnesota has the greatest of possibilities, but must produce a tree adapted to its climate and a little work with the Wealthy will do this."

Mr. Powell gave the horticulturists the advice he has gained from years of investigation. He said he saw no reason why Minnesota, with proper attention, could not forge ahead of all. He termed Minnesota an "empire."

The necessity of organization to market Minnesota fruit was the principal argument in the speech of A. D. Wilson of the farm school. He said that Minnesota has the fruit and the acreage and all that it lacks is organization. Following him, K. A. Kirkpatrick, first manager of the Minnesota Fruit association, told of the growth of that organization.

State inspection of orchards, nurseries and the products was the keynote of the speech by Prof. F. L. Washburn, state inspector of nurseries, who declared that higher quality and larger quantity will result from thorough inspection.

MAY CRITICISE BANK DEPARTMENT.

Rumors Are That Severe Strictures May Be Made As Result of Arrest of H. W. Parker.

Blue Earth.—As a result of the arrest and indictment of H. W. Parker, vice-president and cashier, and President John Sharp, of the State Bank of Commerce of Winnebago, it is rumored that severe criticism of the state banking department, of which Kelsey Chase, of Faribault, is the head, may develop at the trial of the two bank officials.

Just what form this criticism will take, has not been made public.

The special grand jury, called by Judge James H. Quinn, judge for the Seventeenth Judicial District, convened at the Faribault county court house at 2 p. m. An indictment was returned against Harry W. Parker, former vice-president of the State Bank of Commerce of Winnebago.

Mr. Parker was charged with embezzling $2,000 from the bank on April 26, 1912. Mr. Parker previously admitted the charge, and the result of the grand jury's action was anticipated. Mr. Parker cashed a draft at the First National Bank of Winnebago on April 26. The draft was drawn on a Chicago bank. He then took the $2,000 and disappeared. He was not heard from again until he was arrested at West Point, Ga., Thanksgiving day. Mr. Parker was brought back to Faribault county Friday.

Mrs. Parker, her sons, Dean and Donald, and her daughter Helen, drove to Blue Earth this morning to visit Mr. Parker at the jail. Mr. and Mrs. Parker are entirely reconciled.

START HARVESTER SUIT.

Evidence Being Heard by Special Examiner in Fight by Government.

St. Paul. — Taking of testimony in the government's suit to dissolve the International Harvester company was begun here. The government will be represented by Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant to Attorney General Wickersham, and Joseph R. Darling, special agent of the department of justice. The Harvester company's attorneys are Judge William D. McHugh, chief counsel; Edgar A. Bancroft, John P. Wilson, Judge Philip S. Post and E. A. Stillwell. The hearing will be before Robert S. Taylor, special examiner.

Witnesses to be examined at the hearing in St. Paul will be from Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa and Missouri.

Select Trio to Lobby.

St. Paul.—Northern Minnesota reapportionment advocates will keep a trio of men familiar with politics in St. Paul during a part of the coming legislative session to work for the passage of a reapportionment bill. They are: E. C. Kiley, of Grand Rapids, editor of the Herald-Review and a Democratic candidate for the legislature at the last election; F. J. McPartlin, International Falls attorney, and A. H. Vernon, of Little Falls, former chief clerk of the house. Their expenses will be paid.

FIND HUMAN SKELETON.

Mystery in Disappearance of Peter Howe a Year Ago Cleared Up.

Jackson.—While hunting in Sioux Valley township, two farmer boys, looking for a prairie chicken that had fallen in some tall grass, found the skeleton of a man near the center of an eighty-acre slough. Sheriff Henry Ter Haar of this place was notified and went to the place, and satisfied himself that the remains were those of Peter Howe, who disappeared in that locality a year ago, while riding in an automobile with some friends. These men reported that he suddenly left the car and disappeared in the darkness, and that they had failed to find him.

Howe was a blacksmith at Montgomery, Iowa, close to the state line, and on Nov. 10, 1911, drove with two companions through Sioux Valley township to collect some accounts due from farmers. The trio stopped at a saloon at Sioux Valley and drank freely until 8 p. m., when they started for home. Howe soon complained of feeling cold and said he wanted to change from the front to the rear seat of the auto. He stepped out of the machine, and from that moment he disappeared as completely as though he had been swallowed by the earth. The evening was dark and foggy, and his companions called and searched for him in vain. Neighbors were aroused and the hunt continued until midnight.

The next day the Woodmen lodge at Montgomery turned out and hunted all day, he being a member of the lodge. Skunk lake, close at hand, was dragged. Howe's companions were closely questioned and placed under surveillance for some time, but not the slightest suspicious evidence was found against them.

SPLIT AMONG STUDENTS.

University Men's Opinions Divided Over Honor System.

Minneapolis.—The student body of the University of Minnesota are divided over the question whether the so-called "honor system" in examinations should be inaugurated in the institution.

Some have expressed themselves against it altogether, many have said they favored all but one part of it—that which requires students to report violations by other students; and one student has said that he believes there was "a sentiment against any form of student self-government in high administration circles of the university that it would be very hard to buck."

ASLEEP; WALKS ABOUT.

Clad Lightly, Man Roams All Night in Cold—Friends Fail to Find Him.

Red Wing.—To wander aimlessly through the woods and cross swamplands a distance of six or seven miles in the vicinity of Frontenac while asleep, and to be exposed to the piercing cold weather for several hours before he was awakened, was the thrilling experience of E. Roy Engstrom.

The young man roamed about the woods practically all night while people from Red Wing and Frontenac searched in vain for him.

His face was slightly scratched when he walked through the heavy brush but otherwise he was not injured. He returned to Red Wing on the passenger train from Frontenac.

Will Hold Extension Meeting.

Redwood Falls.—The high school agricultural department is holding a series of extension meetings to be held in the surrounding country, December 9 to 13, inclusive. These meetings are to be in the nature of farmers' institutes.

Otto Mesenbring will be here from state extension department, and will discuss topics relating to dairy conditions and the best methods of feeding. He will give demonstrations of milk and cream testing, a phase of farming that is expected to prove highly interesting to agriculturists in this vicinity. These meetings are entirely free.

Criticism An Old Story.

Blue Earth.—When informed that criticism of the state banking department might develop at the trial of H. W. Parker and John Sharp, of the State Bank of Commerce of Winnebago, Kelsey Chase, state superintendent of banks, said: "It is a well known practice for men accused of crime to attempt to discredit officials engaged in enforcing laws by bringing fictitious charges."

Trapper Dies of Shot Wounds.

Aurora.—John Mylyla, the old trapper who was mistaken and thought a wolf and shot last Monday near Birch Lake by Mark Elliott, Jr., of Virginia, Minn., son of the superintendent of the Interstate Mining company is dead at the Aurora hospital.

Holstein Cattle for Farmers.

Graceville.—A. R. Lathrop, county agricultural agent for Big Stone county, has just completed arrangements for a public sale of registered and high grade Holstein cattle.

NEW YORK IS HEADQUARTERS

SELECTION REGARDED AS VICTORY FOR PERKINS.

Publicity and Legislative Bureaus Established in Washington.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—New York was selected as the permanent headquarters of the executive committee of the new Progressive party after a fight in which delegates to the National Progressive conference from several states sought to have the headquarters located elsewhere. The vote on this question stood 32 to 12. Chief opposition to the selection of New York as the location of permanent headquarters came from Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Louisiana, Texas and Wyoming.

Members of the national executive committee from Ohio, Wisconsin Michigan, Illinois, New Hampshire and Montana voted against the resolution, naming New York because they said the resolution was not sufficiently comprehensive. They desired the resolution to provide for things in addition to a national headquarters.

By a number of the delegates to the conference the selection of New York was received as a victory for George W. Perkins and his friends, against whom some opposition had been developed in the conference.

In addition to the selection of New York as the location of headquarters for the national executive committee, it was decided to establish a permanent publicity bureau and a permanent legislative bureau at Washington.

Also, the executive committee voted to send a commission to Europe to study legislation in England, Germany and other countries for the purpose of getting material and ideas for the Washington legislative bureau. United States Senator Joseph M. Dixon of Montana, chairman of the executive committee, was empowered to name this commission of seven members. He announced that he would appoint Medill McCormick and Dr. Walter E. Weyl as two of the members of this commission.

Further, the executive committee adopted the principles contained in the Jane Addams plan for the organization and financing of the Progressive campaign. The Addams plan was not adopted in its entirety because it was believed to be too large an undertaking at this time.

For the immediate financing of headquarters and bureaus, it was decided to ask for 100 subscriptions of $500 each a year. Six of these, totalling $3,000, have already been subscribed. They came from the state organizations of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Michigan, Vermont, Delaware and Pennsylvania. It is proposed to get 42 more of these $500 subscriptions from the remaining state organizations and secure the rest from individuals within the Progressive party.

Matthew Hale of Massachusetts announced that he would guarantee $1,000 per year for financing the work of the headquarters and bureau.

Frisco Fair Sites Chosen.

San Francisco, Dec. 12.—A gun salute from the artillery at the Presidio and the United States ship Marblehead, at anchor in the bay, was fired when the commissioners from the Netherlands and from the state of Minnesota selected their sites on the grounds of the Panama-Pacific International exposition. Thousands of natives of the country across the Atlantic and the northwestern states attended the site selection ceremonies.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 12.—Wheat, December, 79⅝c; May, 84⅛c; No. 1 northern, 81⅝; No. 2 northern, 79⅝c; No. 1 durum, 82c; No. 3 corn, 42½c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, malting, 59c; No. 2 rye, 57c; No. 1 flax, $1.25¾.

Duluth, Dec. 12.—Wheat, December, 80c; May, 84¾; No. 1 northern, 81⅛c; No. 1 durum, 85c.

South St. Paul, Dec. 12.—Cattle—Cows, $4.25@5.75; calves, $4.25@8.25; hogs, $7.10@7.30; sheep and lambs, $4.15@7.25.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Dec. 12. — Cattle receipts, 28,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $5.55@10.75; Texas steers, $4.50@5.80; western steers, $5.40@9.15; stockers and feeders, $4.40@7.60; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.85; calves, $6.50@10.50. Hog receipts, 48,000; market dull, 10c to 15c under yesterday's general range; light, $7.10@7.45; mixed, $7.15@7.55; heavy, $7.15@7.55; rough, $7.15@7.30; pigs, $5@7; bulk of sales, $7.40@7.55. Sheep receipts, 35,000; market strong to 10c higher; native, $4@5; western, $4.20@5; yearlings, $5.40@6.75; lambs, native, $6.30@8.15; western, $6.30@8.15.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—Lightness of offerings brought about a firm feeling today in wheat. Pit traders were playing for a rally but not much new buying power developed. Low temperatures northwest helped the bulls. The opening was a shade to ⅛c higher. May started at 89⅛@89¼c, an advance of a sixteenth to ⅛@¼c, and rose to 89⅛@89⅜c.

Higher closing figures at Liverpool caused a further upturn. Wall Street weakness, however, led to a break. The close was steady with May ⅛@¼c net over 89⅛c.

Reports that farmers were not selling freely except in some sections of Iowa, strengthened corn. May opened a shade off to ⅛c up at 48⅛c to 48⅜@48½c, and mounted to 48⅝@48¾c.

Afterward longs unloading were responsible for a setback. The close, however, was firm at 48¼@48⅜c for May, the same as last night.

Montana Wheat Wins.

Minneapolis, Dec. 12.—The $5,000 prize for the best five bushels of wheat grown in the American northwest during 1912 and exhibited at the Minneapolis land show was awarded to Joseph P. Nash and Charles Bridgeman, partners, whose wheat farm is in the Shields valley of Montana, seventy miles north of Yellowstone park. The wheat is "turkey red," weighs a few ounces more than 60 pounds to the bushel, yielded 59½ bushels to the acre.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

Democratic senators hope to be able to hold up Taft's appointments.

Representative Browning introduced a bill for a comprehensive currency system.

Senator McCumber introduced a bill to repeal newspaper publicity law.

The house banking and currency sub-committee decided to take testimony of persons at hearings to begin April 6.

Repesentative Clayton introduced a bill authorizing the supreme court to regulate procedure in common law cases before federal courts.

Director Stratton, of the bureau of standards, opposed before the house agriculture committee a bill for regulation and tax of oleomargarine.

Senator McCumber introduced a bill to pension former presidents as commanders-in-chief of the army at $10,000 annually and $5,000 for former president's widows.

A bill that would establish a free mail delivery in cities having second and third class postoffices was introduced by Representative Griest of Pennsylvania.

The first bill introduced in the house was one by Representative Deforest of New York to pension former presidents and widows of former presidents.

Chairman Clapp of interstate commerce committee, announced an effort would be made to reach an agreement on a report recommending amendments to the anti-trust law.

A voluminous bill that would reorganize the personnel of the naval establishment and the marine corps was introduced by Representative Padgett, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs.

Estimates for running the government during the fiscal year of 1914 was submitted by the secretary of the treasury. They aggregate $23,415,455, an increase of $72,078,248 over 1913 and include $56,766,992 for river and harbor improvements.

Senator Works has prepared for introduction in the senate a bill making it a felony for any person or corporation to interfere with another person or corporation obtaining financial aid in the organization or carrying on of any intestate business.

State and Treasury department officials are prepared to urge upon congress the passage of stringent laws for the suppression of promiscuous traffic in opium, cocaine and other narcotics in accordance with the conclusions of the international conference held at The Hague several months ago.

General.

Congressman Frank P. Woods of the Tenth Iowa district is seriously ill with penumonia.

Judge Archbald will take no personal part in impeachment proceedings against him.

The customs court decided to hear arguments January 14 regarding the wood pulp and paper case.

The United States supreme court declared the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger to be illegal.

Secretary MacVeagh has about completed preparations for a change in size and design of the currency.

An investigation of alleged violations of the internal tax laws in the manufacture of oleomargarine was begun by the federal grand jury at Chicago.

Cameron Forbes, governor-general of the Philippines, in this country for the last nine months convalescing from a severe illness, left Washington for San Francisco to sail for Manila.

A cabinet crisis has arisen in Tokio over the refusal of the minister of war, Lieutenant General Uyehera, to accept a cabinet decision rejecting the scheme for increasing the military forces in Korea.

Religion was declared the most potent agency for the settlement of difficulties between labor and capital before delegates to the meeting of the federal council of churches of Christ in session at Chicago.

Woodrow Wilson says he is keeping an open mind, and wants advice from anyone.

Total contributions for the Taft campaign were close to the million mark.

The selection of Major General Hamilton as adjutant general of New York was announced by Governor-elect Sulzer.

"There is no danger of a panic but the exorbitant price of money is tightening up business," declared Representative Jefferson Levy before the house banking and currency committee, which took up his resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to deposit $50,000,000 of government funds in national banks.

Mme. Bernhardt bought $5,000 worth of Christmas gifts in Chicago to be sent abroad.

A national highway or highways is advocated by Sam Hill of the state of Washington, son-in-law of James J. Hill.

John Rutger Planten, for twenty-nine years consul general from the Netherlands, died at his home in Brooklyn.

President-elect Woodrow Wilson will be entertained on December 28, the fifty-sixth anniversary of his birth, in the house where he was born in Staunton Va.

While rebels overrun districts of Mexico, property-owners are not allowed to arm for self-protection.

An Iowa man who unwittingly furnished an Indian liquor, for which he was fined and imprisoned, was granted pardon by President Taft.

Fire in a Muscatine, Iowa, lumber yard caused $40,000 damage.

The Hamilton club of Chicago has undertaken the task of bringing republicans and progressives together.

An armistice was signed between Turkey and the members of the Balkan allies, except Greece.

Congressman Norris objects to secret hearings of federal cases before masters in chancery.

Eight were killed and a number injured in a wreck on the Pennsylvania road in Ohio.

Democratic senators may oppose confirmation of recent nominations of President Taft.

The Great Northern railway has increased its capital stock from $210,000,000 to $231,000,000.

Mayor Fitzgerald of Boston says the government may be compelled to own the coal mines.

It cost the democratic committee more than a million dollars to elect Wilson and Marshall.

The design has been accepted for a magnificent monument at Washington to Lincoln.

Attorney General Wickersham says the Sherman anti-trust law is effective in criminal cases.

Governor Blease of South Carolina a second time proclaimed his belief in the law of lynching.

Implement dealers, one a Nebraska man, testified against the International Harvester company.

The house, without a dissenting vote, passed the bill providing for a physical valuation of roads.

Railroad men have evolved no plan for the divorcement of the Union and Southern Pacific properties.

Setting as a court of impeachment, the senate began the trial of Federal Judge Robert W. Archbald.

A bill looking to Philippine independence was reintroduced in the house.

An agent of the International Harvester company admitted the expenditure of money to kill a bill.

Germany stands ready to go to the aid of her ally, Austro-Hungary, if conditions become threatening.

President Taft's attention may be called to what is declared a violation of neutrality on the Mexican border.

Phoebe Davis, known to playgrowers the country over for her long time impersonation of the role of Anna Moore in "Way Down East," died at the her home in Larchmont, N. Y.

The Austro-Hungarian and Italian ministers at Athens protested to the Greek government against the bombardment of the Albanian town of Avlona.

Peter Pravata, who escaped from the Houston, Tex., penitentiary last December, after serving seven years of a ninety-nine year sentence for murder, is locked up at Yonkers, N. Y.

Col. H. G. Catrow of Dayton, O., of the Third Ohio infantry, national guard, was chosen commissioner general for the international rifle matches to be held at Camp Perry, Ohio, next September.

Charles Page Bryan, former American ambassador to Japan, is in New York in a hospital under treatment for a somewhat serious injury received in Tokio.

Bank examination by a clearing house committee, supplemental to but more searching than those of the federal bank examiners, formed the subject of an address by James B. Forgan in Detroit.

Foreign Minister Sazanoff introduced a bill in the Russian council of ministers for the establishment of Russian consulates at Pittsburgh Seattle, Nome, Honolulu and other places.

Sir George Howard Darwin, second son of the late Charles Darwin, died in London in his sixty-eighth year. He was professor of astronomy and experiment philosophy at Cambridge university.

Mrs. Minnie Laduque of Dallas, Tex., was acquitted of the charge of murdering her husband, W. H. Laduque, last summer because of his attentions to other women. Her's was a straight case of "unwritten law."

Republican governors from a dozen states and party leaders in congress with whom they informally conferred have agreed that no definite steps toward a reorganization of the republican party, and a re-alignment of its working forces, are advisable within a year.

Five hundred and seventy-six thousand eggs are reported to have been thrown on the market at a loss of 2 cents a dozen by Chicago dealers. Thousands more were offered with no takers. Commission merchants say the price of storage eggs is not near the bottom yet and predict that with more than a million and a half cases in storage eggs will drop nearly 10 cents a dozen before the new year.

Personal.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson made what will be his final report.

Lieutenant General Torauchi, governor-general of Korea, was appointed premier of Japan.

Lucile Cameron (white) and Jack Johnson (black) were married at Chicago.

Governor Blease of South Carolina reiterated and emphasized his belief in lynch law.

President Taft, in a second message to congress, said he was done with tariff tinkering.

"Good cooks are more necessary than governors," said Governor Thomas R. Marshall in his address at Indianapolis.

Representative Norris intoduced a bill providing for publicity at government anti-trust hearings.

A. G. French of Elmdale, N. D., under indictment for embezzlement, was arrested in New York.

Finish of the California count indicates that Roosevelt has popular plurality but not all of the electors.

President Taft has invited Woodward Wilson to accompany him to the Panama canal.

Senator-elect Norris is preparing a bill proposing to prevent in future secret hearings before masters in federal cases

The SPIRIT of CHRISTMAS

Columbine.

ON the left, just past the weather hen's nest, and not more than two steps from the box where they keep the cuckoo, there is the long bed where roses bloom all the year round. And they grow like this so that Columbine may always have one to stick in her hair, and that odd, mocking, soft-hearted cynic Pierrot may cull one now and again to twiddle between his teeth.

If you know the way, and the Cheshire cat will let you, you walk down the garden path, past the butterfly lime, and arrive at the neatest little cottage in Olympus.

Now this is the dwelling place of the Harlequin set—Harlequin, Columbine, Clown and Pantaloon. It is one cottage in a little colony on the lower slopes of Mount Olympus (where the high gods dwell: Jupiter and the like), and is most important because it contains the oldest inhabitants.

The Clerk of the Weather lives a little higher up. The Four Queens and Kings live in a square of pagoda-like houses, and are waited upon by the Knaves. Pierrot and Pierrette live in romantic seclusion by a pool in a tumble-down place covered with blue roses. And away behind the fields of stars where the flocks of clouds graze, there is another village where the Seven Princesses live, and the Third Son and an Ogre, and a Talking Rabbit, and all those peculiar and beautiful people who are entangled in our minds with the memories of night nurseries, and the scent of our mothers who bent over us in wonderful toilettes, and told us to go to sleep, or they'd be late for dinner.

When it gets to be about Christmas there is a sort of aroma of excitement on the lower slopes of Olympus, and, especially in the house where Harlequin lives—a delicious sense of something exciting happening.

Columbine opens the lid of the well that looks down onto the world, and there comes up a murmur of children's voices, and you can hear the quaintest things being said about the hanging up of stockings, and about Santa Claus and the likely width of chimneys, and the running power of reindeer. And there is a tremendous rustle of colored paper, and a great run on almonds and raisins, and quite respectable citizens stand in front of shop windows gazing at dolls and dolls gaze back at them, so that the citizens go back forty years at a rush, and the rush is so great sometimes that they get tears in their eyes; for memory is quicker than motor cars, and the road it travels is often dark and broken.

So Columbine leaves the top of the well open all day and all night, and all the people in her cottage sleep with their windows open, so that the sweetly laden air comes up and gives them wonderful dreams. It does more than that. It waves the branches of the Christmas tree that grows at the bottom of the garden, near the sausage frames, and very soon candles begin to bud on its branches.

Now when the candles begin to get ripe, which happens at the same time that geese and turkeys hang in rows in shops and grow rosettes all over them, Harlequin takes an old, oaken pipe from a cupboard under the stairs, and they all sit round while he puts it to his lips and blows.

As he plays, dreams come to them of their ancient days, for Harlequin is first cousin to Mercury, and wears a black mask to hide the light of his face when he visits Columbine, who is Psyche, the Soul; the Clown is Momus, the Spirit of Laughter; and Pantaloon is Charon, who has that grim work of ferrying the souls over the Styx.

There's an odd link of memories and of things held all through the centuries, but the most charming is this: Columbine is a flower-like person, and there is a flower called Columbine, and it is so called because it is like four doves with outspread wings, and the French dove is colombe, and the dove is the symbol of the soul. So the world is never allowed to forget beautiful things, even if the burden of history is borne on the back of a flower. And the god-like glow and glitter of Mercury's limbs still shows in the glistening sequins on Harlequin's clothes, parti-colored as they have always been, to show how he covered his nakedness with rags.

All this, beautified by the essence of Time, like things put away in a cedar chest, comes back when Harlequin blows on his pipe that air the shepherds learnt in Greece from Pan.

The next night Clown will take out another kind of pipe, a long churchwarden of white clay, and fill it with tobacco, and then as the fragrant clouds roll up into the rafters, memories come of all the great people of the Harlequinades they play down in the world, all inspired by them, and they see the figure of Tarlaton, who was the first clown, and invented the very clothes they now wear, hand in hand with Grimaldi, that great clown. And they seem to see all the great Italian Harlequins, and the dainty French Columbines, and the old dandies of fifteenth-century Venice whose clothes Pantaloon wears.

Do you know that elderly gentlemen in the World smell that magic tobacco, or something like it, and they forget their paunches, or their bald heads, and they sit and dream of the time they went to their first pantomime? Was it "Cinderella," or "Beauty and the Beast"? Or was it that splendid thing "Mother Goose," or that entrancing production "The Yellow Dwarf"?

Pantaloon.

Such things are conjured up by just that one pipe of tobacco smoked in the cottage on Olympus, and on that night a gentle breeze blows up through the well, laden with the poignant, eternal memories of childhood, and the candles on the Christmas tree are all ready to be lighted. They are so ready that when Pantaloon looks out of his window before making up his face for the day he sees that the candles have burst into flame-flowers in the night.

Then Columbine takes out a pipe, and she puts some magic soap into nectar and stirs it round with the bowl of the pipe until frothy suds appear. And then she blows bubbles that float up and out of the window until they reach the Christmas tree, when they turn into great, glittering glass balls, all sorts of colors, and show pictures of the world all colored and shining.

The children in the World look up and think they see Harlequin and Columbine floating down as gently as feathers, but they don't say so because their elders would only tell them it was the clouds. But it is Harlequin and Columbine, and Pantaloon end Clown follow soon after, bringing the Christmas tree with them.

Pierrette.

Now their work begins, each to his own job and Columbine to hers. Clown to preparing the laughter that must spring up in this season, and ripple as easily as a barley field in a breeze. Harlequin to his magic. for common things must appear beautiful now, and a penny must buy the wealth of the Indies. And Pantaloon to stirring up old memories in dull people, so that uncles must remember all their nephews in remembering when they were nephews themselves, and had a peculiar hunger at Christmas.

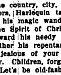
Columbine is awfully practical. Her sentiment extends from the joy of watching the making of baby-clothes to the pleasure of remembering to put nice soap in the spare rooms. It is she who sees that children get the right presents, and when they don't it is not her fault, but the fault of some stupid person in a shop.

It is she who suggests the secret delight of keeping presents hidden at the bottom of the wardrobe; and it is she who suggests the secret delight of peering at children when they are asleep.

Merry Christmas to YOU!

There are Pagan Saints who find Arcadia everywhere. Pan pipes as much in the crowded city as on Mount Ida when the sun is high. And Columbine finds roses where the world sees thorns; and Harlequin finds magic in motor 'buses; and Pantaloon digs up for pleasant memories in the most unlikely places, and finds them bright and clean, and as good as new.

These half-gods of mine (and yours) come down at Christmas to correct the bilious attitude of the rest of the year. They come to sow those seeds that grow to flowers in the still innocent hearts. They are the influence that makes you give a man fifty cents instead of a quarter. And the being who says that the business of life weighs more than the sentiment had better hang up his stocking on Christmas Eve, and see what it feels like to find nothing but a hole in it in the morning.



Pierrot.

And when it is dark these four quaint figures flit through the country, city, town and village like conspirators, Harlequin tapping doors and windows with his magic wand. "Open, open!" he cries to the Spirit of Christmas. "Let the rich uncle reward his needy nephew, and the unforgiving father his repentant son. Mothers, forget to be jealous of your elder daughter's growing beauty. Children, forget your spite and naughtiness. Let's be old-fashioned. Let's believe in ghosts. I'll tell you ghost-stories, stories of yourselves when you were children and played Pirates on the stairs.

And Clown says as he taps on the doors with his red-hot poker:

"Open, open, you old grousers! And let the Spirit of Fun come into this house. Romp a bit, and lose your twopenny dignity, for pompous stiffness makes the gods laugh."

Pantaloon, taking his turn, taps with his walking-stick, and says:

"Open, open, and let in the flood of memories of the good old times! Holly and mistletoe and robins, and church bells sounding over the snow. And hampers all packed to be sent away, and plenty to eat at home.

Harlequin.

And then Columbine steals up to the windows, and taps them with the rose from her hair, and she whispers:

"Open, open to me all you who have no children and no friends and no hope, and I will be the warm, nestling thing you covet for your frozen hearts, and you shall feel my soft cheek against yours till the tears come and your heart takes life again. You shall give joy to other people's children. And if you have no friends who have children, are there not a thousand, thousand children who have no friends? Go to them, and give them all you can, and you will be rewarded almost more than you can bear, for there is a link between those who suffer. Are there not some you have forgotten or neglected? This lonely man, that lonely woman whom you have left uncared for, perhaps for years. Put on your hat and your coat, and put your heart on your sleeve, so that all may know your errand."

To see her pleading before black, sombre houses where a thin light shines under a blind; to see her face pressed against the window of some big mansion where a man or a woman sits alone with hearts like stone; to see her tears as she essays to melt an aching heart is to see something so touching and beautiful that one almost wonders the doors and windows are not instantly opened to admit the spirit of love she begs for so pitifully.

"Look at yourselves, Messieurs et Mesdames Importance, and remember the funny little things you used to be when you bit at coral and bells, and wore bibs, and thought everybody in the world had enough to eat; when you hated to go to bed early, and crept downstairs in your night-gowns to listen over the bannisters to the voices in the dining room; when no jam for tea was a tragedy. And when your mother's knee was the throne of justice and mercy, for you buried your head there with her hand in your hair, and forgot to be afraid of the dark."

Columbine has her own very particular work, and she calls it in her mind Secret Delights. She calls it that because she delights in making up odd names for emotions, as, for instance, when she pointed out two lovers to me one day in the spring, who were seated under a hedge, yellow-flushed with primroses; they were holding hands and looking at the hills beyond just as if some wonderful thing was about to come over the hills to tell them what their feelings meant. And the peace was so great and the moment so held that the World seemed to have stopped breathing, and something superhuman to have poured out a cup of stillness. And she called it Liquid Velvet. A Liquid Velvet moment. And I understood.

It is Columbine who watches that beautiful comedy of the newly married, who steal about their house hand-in-hand, fearful of waking the very new servants, fearful of creaking the boards as they gaze enraptured on the very new furniture, looking with joy on the very new pots and pans in the kitchen, turning the electric lights up and down all over the place to see the effect in their new bedroom. And he has a dreadful brooch for her hidden where he keeps his razors; and she has knitted him a tie he will have to wear. But it is all perfectly beautiful.

Someone wrote the other day that people who read are more interested, nowadays, in business than in love, and I'm so sorry for that man. He is more blind than I thought anybody could be. Business may be the means to an end, but Love is the beginning and the end. And it is just at this season that Love makes business: hence the shops full of gifts. Imagine a poet writing:

"Cent. per cent. the moon is rising,
Watch the stocks upon the bank;
Rubber shares are too surprising,
Speculators are surmising
Who the deuce they have to thank!"

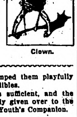
No one can get a heartbeat out of that, and whatever your business man says, he knows he gets all the good in his life out of heartbeats.

So this Christmas Spirit creeps about the world, mocked at, scorned, but alive yet. And you who feel these things may one night see this quaint quartet at work, perhaps for a second at the corner of your street, perhaps just vanishing down the drive, or moving swiftly down a country lane. And you may say wonderingly: "It is a cobweb, a moth, and the branch of a tree, and the starlight makes them look like—like something I remember."

But I tell you who they are—Harlequin, Columbine, Clown and Pantaloon. And if you hear a child's laugh ring out suddenly, and it brings a new, quick emotion, one of them has conquered you!

The spirit of Christmas doesn't cling to presents in proportion to their cost—unless you are very rich; and if you are very rich the voice of the jeweler and of the furrier and of the motor car maker will seem to you as wise as the word of a happy poor man, though he were a philosopher.

Simple and genuine and glad—strike these notes and the chimes will be very melodiously for you and for those whom you try to make happy. And remember, you can't feign Christmas without being caught as an impostor, both by your own conscience and by the feelings of those about you. The very value of Christmas is that it puts the genuineness of everybody to an unerring test.



Clown.

RECOVERING A FALCON

A curious story about a falcon is told in "Game Birds and Wild Fowls." A colonel in the English army on a visit to Canada took with him two peregrines. During the voyage across the Atlantic one was missed, and the owner made up his mind that it was irretrievably lost.

While in Halifax some weeks later, he happened to see in a newspaper a paragraph to the effect that an American schooner, just arrived in port, had on board a fine hawk that had come on board during the passage from Liverpool. It at once occurred to the colonel that it might be his falcon, and he lost no time in visiting the schooner.

The captain of the craft was inclined to doubt his story, but the colonel suggested that his claim to the ownership of the bird be put to a test. He was to be brought into the presence of the hawk, and if the bird was his he felt sure that it would show signs of recognition that would convince the bystanders that he was its owner. The trial was agreed upon, and the hawk was brought into the room.

The door was hardly opened before it darted for the shoulder of the colonel, and evinced by every means in its power its delight and affection. It rubbed its head softly against his cheek, and taking hold of the buttons of his coat, champed them playfully between its mandibles.

The proof was sufficient, and the bird was promptly given over to the rightful owner.—Youth's Companion.

Passed.

"Well, Binks," said Dobbleigh, "I see that they have just had their commencement up at your boy's college. How did he stand the examination of his mental luggage?"

"All right," said Binks, "they didn't find anything dutiable."

ODD SCOTCH CHURCH

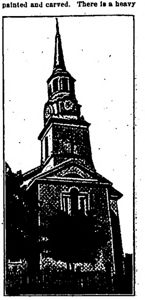
Greenock Edifice at St. Andrews, N. B., Erected in 1824.

Building Is Novelty in Construction—It Is Queerly Carved—Has a Large Double Decked Pulpit of Mahogany—Cost £500 in England.

Montreal.—At the quaint Canadian town of St. Andrews, N. B., 12 miles up the St. Croix river from Eastport, Me., is a novelty in church construction. Greenock church was erected in 1824. Its queerly carved and painted oak tree on the front of the bell tower can be seen from a considerable distance. Inside the church is a large double-decked pulpit of mahogany, with sounding-board on top and two flights of steps reaching the preacher's stand. It is protected with gates—and an inclosure of red curtains. It was brought out from England at a cost of £500.

At the time this Scotch church was erected the town was prosperous and the donor expected his congregation to pay yearly dues or taxes, but it is related that they neglected to attend to this. The story goes that one Sunday morning the donor mounted the pulpit and faced a large congregation; that he displayed a brace of loaded pistols which he fired into the air, and the frightened people rushed to their homes. The donor closed the church, pocketed the key, and said that when the churchgoers paid their dues they might have the church again.

The walls and the center of the church show decorations of large-sized Scotch thistles, handsomely painted and carved. There is a heavy old-fashioned lock on the front door and the massive, quaintly shaped iron key is kept in a wooden box on the ground near the entrance, where any visitor can find it and visit the church at all times.



Greenock Church at St. Andrews, N. B.

The church is less than two miles on the St. Croix river from where the world-famed Demonts island is located and where the celebrated French explorer Demont and his companion Champlain made a settlement in June, 1604, the first European settlement on the Atlantic coast, but it was only for part of a year.

FISH BITES INFECT HANDS

Ex-Senator Receives Them While Disengaging a Trout From Hook in Its Mouth.

Vancouver, Wash.—Bitten by a large rainbow trout, ex-Senator E. M. Rands of this city is suffering much from an infection on his hands.

Senator Rands was fishing at Interlaken, or Four Lakes, on the North Bank road, where he is one of several incorporators of a private fish and game preserve. He succeeded in landing a large rainbow trout and when he attempted to release the hook in its mouth, the fish closed its jaws on the senator's fingers and punctured the skin.

In trying to release his fingers Mr. Rands used his right hand and was also pricked on that member. Infection set in and now Mr. Rands is going around with both hands in bandages.

MOSCOW PUPILS BIG DRINKERS

Reports Show 66 Per Cent of Boys and 45 Per Cent of Girls Use Intoxicants.

Moscow.—According to official reports prepared by the Moscow town council, inebriety is rapidly increasing among Russian school children generally, but particularly in the Moscow district. Inquires show that 90 per cent of the adults addicted to drink acquired the habit while at school, and of 18,134 schoolboys between the ages of eight and thirteen, in the Moscow district, 12,152, or 66 per cent., have taken to drink. The percentage among girls of the same ages is scarcely less appalling, 4,733 out of 10,404, or 45 per cent.

Shocked to Death in Bed.

Rome.—Prof. Battista Polacchi, teacher of mathematics, and his wife, Cesira, were burned to death in bed by a strange mishap at their villa at Castellamare on the Adriatic. They were found next morning enveloped in electric flames, the husband in death throes, the wife charred to a cinder.

The bed was of iron and one of the posts leaned against the wall, touching the wire installation for lighting the apartment. An overhead trolley wire outside had become detached and fallen on the wire connecting with the professor's dwelling.

JUST WHO THIS SANTA PERSON IS

SANTA IN HIS WORKSHOP

SANTA IN HIS AEROPLANE

WHO is this grand old man, adored by every one, and where was he born? The answer is not easy, for Santa Claus was born ages ago and he has been so busy ever since that he never has taken the time to study his family tree. One thing he knows, and that is he has many names. American children call him Santa Claus, the little Dutch folk St. Nicholas, the French Pere Noel, and the Germans Prince Ruprecht or Kriss Kringle, but they all mean the same thing. The story of his birth is told in medieval legend. This Italian story says that his name was St. Nicholas and he was a bishop in the fourth century. He had a great deal of money, but he was so good to poor people, and especially to children, that he gave it away as fast as he got it. There are many tales about his good deeds, but perhaps the most interesting one is how he brought back to life three children who had been killed.

In Italy he was known as a tall man, dressed in white robes and wearing a crown. But the happy Dutch did not think of this kind man that way. To the Dutch people he always appeared as short-legged and pot-bellied and well wrapped in furs. He was accompanied by a black slave, who carried a bag full of sweets and presents. St. Nicholas carried a birch rod with him and asked the children who had been good and who had been bad. If they were good he gave them nuts, crackers and candies, but if they had been bad they got a flogging. The children put their wooden sabots in the open fireplace so he could put some more presents in these on going out.

In Russia he was worshiped the same way, but he always appeared as a tall person wearing the vestments of a bishop, with miter and [illegible]. His companion was a bearded man wearing a fur coat, carrying a stick and a basket full of presents.

There are many interesting legends associated with the name of St. Nicholas or Santa Claus in England. One is that he was put in prison for some unknown offense, but managed to escape. This is told in "An Hue and Cry After Christmas," and it tells of the arraignment, conviction and imprisonment of Christmas, and how he "broke out of prison in the holidays and got away, only leaving his hoary hair and gray beard sticking between two iron bars of a window."

In Germany he was at first considered as an advance courier for the Christkindlein, distributing part of the angel child's gifts and promising a visit of the Christkindlein on Christmas eve when he heard that the children were good. In some of the small places he appeared grotesquely—sometimes in goatskin and dancing like a goat, again in a white sheet with a stick and two lights in his mouth. The legend says that Claus, Nicholaus, Necht Ruprecht, or whatever his name is, "comes in wearing a white sheet and holding a stick in his hand." He tells the children to pray, and if they disobey he flogs them, but if they obey he gives them plenty of nuts and apples.

The Italian children also believed in their patron saint, but they worshiped his wife instead. Her name is La Befana and they pay as much homage to her as the other children do to the saint. She is not good looking, for she is supposed to be more than 2,000 years old. The legend says that when the three wise men were about to pass her window she refused to go to the window and salute them. She saw her mistake when it was too late, and has tried to repent by making the children of Italy happy on her birthday, which is the sixth of January. She is supposed to be Santa Claus' wife, and when she is not busy helping him she is in Italy getting ready for her yearly celebration, which takes place on the sixth of January, when she gives the children toys, fruits, candies, etc.

She is also known in Russia and a great many children believe in Mrs. instead of Mr. Santa Claus. There she is called Babouska, and the story tells that she is so kind because she is repenting of her sins.

When the Dutch came to America they brought their stories of their patron saint and their Christmas celebrations. And the children commenced to hang up their stockings instead of putting wooden shoes into the open fireplace. Their saint was the same kind, jovial man, excepting that he came with reindeer instead of driving horses as in Holland. The German children told their stories of the Christ child, who sent Prince Ruprecht as his servant to inquire into their behavior and to distribute their presents. They did not see a great deal of difference in the stories and so took the twenty-fifth of December as the day for Santa Claus' appearance.

In France it was the angel child who came every year to bless the children and to remember them with some small gift. Afterward he had so much to do he sent his servant, Pere Noel, which is the Santa Claus of the French and Dutch children, to help him distribute his gifts and to tell them that he will come to bless them before the New Year.

Though Santa Claus has a large sleigh and two splendid horses or reindeer, according to the countries he visits, he has such long distances to cover that he cannot appear in all countries on the same day. Santa Claus was born in Holland, or rather it took the Dutch children to find him. But he is a great traveler and goes to all countries, where he has many shops and thousands of men and women working for him. He goes to all the forests of Germany, especially to the wonderful "Black Forest," and gets thousands and thousands of trees.

But even the great forests of Germany cannot give him all the trees he needs, so he hurries to Russia and even to Sweden and Norway until he gets all he wants. He has many shops in London, Paris, Chicago, New York, and in many other cities. His great factories are in Nuremberg and in Switzerland, in the Bernese Oberland. Here he has many of the dolls, wooden toys and miniature watches made that go to all countries of the world.

By the time he reaches Germany the Christmas markets are emptied of their trees, which are always dressed awaiting his coming.

Then he takes a fast steamer to America, and by the time he lands in New York he is pretty well tired out. He always brings one or more servants with him and he has so many homes to visit that only a few of the children get to see him. He hurries in and out of the chimneys just as fast as he can.

He catches another steamer bound for France, where the children are awaiting their Pere Noel. Sometimes he is so late that the children have to celebrate their Christmas and New Year together. But his journey is not yet ended, for he goes back once more to Russia, especially into the interior, where he has not yet been. But he is the friend of all children and must therefore extend his journey into farthest Norway, and even into Iceland.

While he is busy with the children of the north his wife is looking after the children in the south, in Italy, Spain and Greece. At dark on the eve of Epiphany the Befana begins. The open squares are crowded with trees of all sizes, wax figures of the Christ child, candles and toys, while the air resounds with the sounds of whistles, horns and carols.

When these celebrations are finished Santa Claus and his wife go off for a short holiday, nobody knows exactly where. It is said that they have been seen in the high mountains of Switzerland enjoying the winter sports. Wherever they enjoy their holiday it is short, for as soon as they are rested they commence their work for the coming year.

This is only a part of the real Christmas legend, for Christmas would not be nearly as beautiful as it is were it not for the splendid evergreen trees, shimmering with their many brilliant candles and gay trimmings. The Dutch may boast that Santa Claus was born in Holland. Who knows? Perhaps he was. But Germany is the home of the Christmas tree, for it was the first country that used the evergreen tree in Christmas celebration, and it supplies more than one-half of the trees that are used by Santa Claus.

There are many beautiful stories associated with the origin of the first Christmas tree. One legend says that on the holy night all nature, even the animals and the trees, were rejoicing and that the cedars, instead of pointing their branches upward as pointed, slender trees, spread their branches wide to protect the mother and her new-born child. Though it was midwinter the thorn commenced to blossom and its white flowers made a cover for the child's cradle. The olive poured forth oil for the new-born child. All were happy except the small pine, which had nothing to offer, and year by year it grew taller. Still it never forgot that holy night and the wind sweeping through its branches moans because the pine is still unhappy because it had nothing to give.

YE CHRISTMAS FEAST.

Now all our neighbors' chimneys smoke,
And Christmas logs are burning;
Their ovens they with baked meats choke,
And all their spits are turning.
Without the door let sorrow lie,
And if by cold it hap to die,
We'll bury't in a Christmas pie,
And evermore be merry.

ORIGIN IN PAGAN RITES

Many Old Christmas Customs Have Been Handed Down From Ancient Times.

It is interesting to note that many of the Christmas customs which have endeared themselves to the people scattered all over the world have their origin in many cases among those ancient men and women who worshiped strange gods before they heard the message of peace brought to them by the early Christian fathers. The holly, the mistletoe, the wassail bowl, the Yule log, and the Christmas tree are remnants of old customs that have become amalgamated and modified into the usage of modern civilization.

The Druids of Great Britain, whom the Romans discovered there when they conquered the Celts, were a priesthood ruling the people by cruel witchcraft. They worshiped the oak, the mistletoe, and the holly. Their altars on their feast days were decorated with the branches of white and red berries.

When the early Christian fathers came over to Britain they found that it was easier to amalgamate the feast days of the pagans with their own customs and teachings than it was to eradicate them from the minds of the people who, like all men and women, loved their recreation days. The Christian missionaries merely changed the name of the feast of the winter solstice to that of Christmas, and so the people paid tribute in the old way to the new God, which, to their simple minds, was quite compatible.—National Monthly.

Dark Horse in Diplomacy.

Old Uncle Jack, who closely resembles Old Black Joe in that he ain't got no hair where the hair used to grow, has lived for several generations—he does not know exactly how many—in the service of a Virginia family. Last summer there were two babies in the house, and Uncle Jack, deserting for the moment the diplomacy and finesse which had always characterized him, committed the fatal blunder of saying that one child was prettier than the other. The aggrieved mother hunted up the old man and asked him what he meant by his remark.

"Lemme see your baby again," said Jack, evidently much disturbed.

This privilege was given him, and he stood for a long time silent and thoughtful before the child whom he had so grossly slandered. Finally he said, in a slow, critical manner:

"Well, I tell you, de yuther one is a little fatter den dis one, but dis here one is a leetle stouter."—Popular Magazine.

Lisa's Trouble.

"You don't seem in a very good temper today, Lisa."

"No, our servant is ill, and poor mother has had to do all the work herself."—Ulk.

At Both Ends.

Marie—I think Chollie is a delightful dancer; he's so light on his feet.

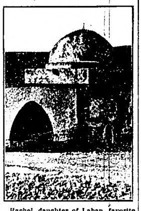
Lillian—When you're better acquainted you'll discover that he is light at both ends.—The Pathfinder.

Things Queer and Curious

Sacred Crops in Japan

In the village of Isobe, in the Shima province of Japan, there are certain rice-fields which belong to the Izo-kyu Shrine, which claims a part of their yield, and these are the scene of a remarkable ceremony which takes place in no other part of the country. When the day comes for the young rice-shoots to be removed from the small beds in which the seeds were sown, and to be planted in rows, the villagers make holiday, that they may witness the ceremonious transplanting which is illustrated here. Young men and women, placed alternately, and wearing the dress of old Japan, surround the small beds of shoots, and uproot them, singing old songs the while. The shoots are then planted in rows in the sacred fields to the music of flutes.

WHERE RACHEL IS BURIED


Rachel, daughter of Laban, favorite wife of Jacob and mother of Benjamin, was interred at Bethlehem, according to tradition, and pious pilgrims to the Holy Land do not fail to visit the "Kubbet Rachil" or Tomb of Rachel, there. This structure actually dates only from the twelfth century, but presumably was erected on the site of an earlier tomb.

MEIJI'S FUNERAL TORTOISES

A curious custom was carried out in connection with the funeral of Emperor Meiji which was not made public at the time. This consisted in the freeing of three large tortoises as a mark of regret at the death of the emperor.

The shell of the largest specimen was three feet five inches long, and upon the shell were engraved the characters:

"We humbly beg to show our deepest regret at the death of our Meiji Tenno. Let free in the sea off Ogasawara island on the day of the state funeral, September 13, 1912. Hiroshi Abe, governor of Tokio.'

GIRL TOURS SHINING SHOES

Capitol officials in Montgomery, Ala., were surprised when a winsome young woman called and requested that she be permitted to shine their boots. She proved to be Miss Evelyn Altofair, originally of Nashville, Tenn., who started out from Mobile, six months ago on a "shoeshining" tour of the United States to win a wager of $1,500 and convince the world that a woman can do anything she sets her mind to.

Under the agreement she is to go into every state in the union, making her living throughout by blacking shoes.

DUCK MADE GOLD STRIKE

Miss Jennie Robinson of Pittsfield, Mass., has asked a marketman to find where a duck she bought at his place recently was raised. In the gizzard of the duck she found a lump of gold as large as a pea. Wherever the duck came from Miss Robinson believes there is more gold, and she intends to turn prospector.

ATTENDS SICK CALL BY AERO

The distinction of being the first clergyman to travel by aeroplane to minister to a dying man falls to Father Andral, a French priest serving with the troops in Morocco.

He was busy in the hospital at Laghouat when a young aeronaut, Lieutenant Bregard, entered his room and asked him if it were possible for him to come with him by aeroplane in order to give the sacrament to a dying officer who had been shot by the enemy. The two were heartily cheered by the soldiers when they descended in the French camp. The wounded man when told he must die had said: "To die is nothing, but to die without the consolations of religion is sad."

Lieutenant Bregard had bent down and whispered that he would fetch a priest by aeroplane. The dying man was still alive when the priest arrived. He made his confession and received the communion and a few minutes afterward died.

RABBIT HUNT NETS $133

A rabbit hunt on the outskirts of Great Notch, N. J., was brought to an unexpected ending at the base of an old apple tree into which the rabbit had sought shelter. Two hunters, John Lyons and Robert Dodd of Upper Montclair, had fired two shots at the little animal, and as the smoke cleared away saw their prize run into the hollow of the tree. As the hunters were preparing to smoke the rabbit out they discovered in the tree hollow a much worn pocketbook. It contained one $100 bill, five twos, three fives and eight one-dollar bills, all in fair condition.

HUNTS SHEEP, FINDS GOLD.

William Guest, former officer of the British army, discovered a gold quartz mine said to be worth $1,000,000 or more because, while hunting, he climbed a mountain after the sheep and returning down hill he found a quartz body of great size, carrying high gold values. The first two carloads of surface ore received at the Tacoma smelter gave returns of $65 a ton. Captain Guest went on his sheep hunt last spring. Since then he has kept 14 men at work installing a tramway to carry ore.

NO FEMALES ALLOWED HERE

For thousands of years Mount Athos, the monastery-covered eminence on one projection of the Chalcidice peninsula, in the Aegean sea, has been a center of religious activity. Centuries before the beginning of the Christian era a sanctuary of Zeus (Jupiter) stood on the mountain. It is the mountain that the architect Dinocrates offered to turn into a statue of Alexander the Great with a city in one hand and in the other a perennially flowing spring.

Its chief modern interest lies in the fact that at least since the beginning of the middle ages it has been the home of a little monastic republic that still retains almost the same autonomy granted a thousand years ago by the Christian emperors of Constantinople. In 1905 the many fortified monasteries and hermitages on Mount Athos contained 7,553 monks, including Greeks, Russians, Bulgarians, Roumanians, Georgians and Servians. The domestic government of the monasteries was regulated in 1046 by Constantine Monomachos, with the aid of the patriarch of Constantinople. By the imperial document which he issued women are forbidden on the peninsula, a prohibition so strictly observed that even the Turkish aga, or official, who resides at Karyaes, may not take his harem with him. To such an extent is this prohibition carried that even the females of animals are not permitted on the peninsula. On occasions when women are forced to land there in storms they are at once placed in huts and sent away at the first opportunity.

The Paleologi emperors at Constantinople and the Slav princes of the Balkan peninsula enriched the monasteries of Mount Athos. Occasionally a Byzantine emperor took refuge there from the cares of state. Amid the political disasters of the Greeks during the fourteenth century Mount Athos appears as a kind of holy land, a place where the Hellenic spirit was cherished when it was threatened elsewhere, and even today it is one of the most sacred pilgrimage sites of the entire Greek church and the feasts of the principal monasteries are always celebrated with great pomp.

The fall of Constantinople in 1453 brought no modification of the conditions on the holy mountain. The monks, who stubbornly opposed all attempts at reconciliation with the church of Rome, submitted at once to the domination of the Osmanli and, with rare exceptions, have never been interfered with by the Turkish authorities.

As a general rule the monks hold their property in common. They are divided into two classes, the "idiorhythmic" and the "cenobitic." The latter lives are of great monastic rigor, their chief occupation day and night being solemn public prayer. The others enjoy a little more freedom and practice minor industries in aid of the common support.

RUDE IDOLS OF NEW GUINEA

The tribes of New Guinea, before going hunting or fishing, consult their idols, two specimens of which are here pictured. The natives assert that the idols answer them by tapping with their feet, whether the expedition is to be successful or not being indicated by the number of taps.

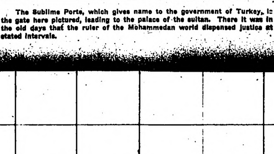
ATE ONLY SUGAR TEN DAYS

After being in the hold of the steamship Kentuckian of the Hawaiian-American line for ten days, without anything to eat or drink except the sugar the vessel carried and the moisture he could wipe from the inside of the hull, a Chinaman was found unconscious on arrival at Philadelphia.

ENRAGED COW KILLS A MULE

A mule and a cow pasturing on the farm of F. H. Bay, a few miles north of Wellston, O., became enraged at each other, and fought until the cow settled the contest by a well-directed blow with its horns, killing its opponent.

Sublime Porte of Turks


The Sublime Porte, which gives name to the government of Turkey, is the gate here pictured, leading to the palace of the sultan. There it was in the old days that the ruler of the Mohammedan world dispensed justice at stated intervals.

Letters a man doesn't write are never read in court.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy. Adv.

It's a genuine surprise party if any one has a good time at it.

TIRED BLOOD
SHATTERS THE NERVES
(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)
Nervous Strain tires the blood, and Tired Blood starves the nerves, producing Neuralgia, Neuritis, Brain Fag, Nervous Headache, Melancholia, Hysteria, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, Neurasthenia, Muscle Twitching, Nervous Debility, etc. The rational course of treatment to help any nerve, must be to revive the normal activity of the blood. In no other way can a nerve be reached, or a cure accomplished. Treatment should be carried out by the use of Tonitives, bringing back the red blood to its normal condition. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
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Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen
The superior materials used, the exceptional care in manufacture, and the well-known and the successful Waterman patents, make this pen the standard of the writing world everywhere.
Always ready and accurate.
From the Best Stores Everywhere.
L. E. Waterman Co. 173 Broadway, N. Y.
"The Pen That Fits Every Hand"

High CASH Prices FOR Hides, Furs, Pelts, Etc.
Mink $8.00; Red Fox $6.00; Prairie Wolf $5.00; Raccoon $4.00; Black Skunk $5.00; Narrow Stripe Skunk $3.00; Weasel $1.25; Muskrat No. 1 Large Winter 65c. The above prices are for large and prime, medium, small and No. 2 in proportion. All other furs equally high.
Green and Green Salted Cow Hides 13 to 14½c per lb.
Horse Hides No. 1 large $3.65, medium and small in proportion.
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Trappers' Supplies at lowest prices.
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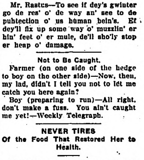
STEP FARTHER.


Mr Rastus—I'ze muzzled de dog. An' now I'ze waitin'.

Mr. Acker—For what?

Mr. Rastus—To see if dey's gwinter go de res' o' de way an' see to de puhtection o' us human bein's. Ef dey'll fix up some way o' muzzlin' er hin' feet o' er mule, de'll sho'ly stop er heap o' damage.

Not to Be Caught.

Farmer (on one side of the hedge to boy on the other side)—Now, then, my lad, didn't I tell you not to let me catch you here again?

Boy (preparing to run)—All right, don't make a fuss. You ain't caught me yet!—Weekly Telegraph.

NEVER TIRES
Of the Food That Restored Her to Health.

"Something was making me ill and I didn't know the cause," writes a Colo. young lady: "For two years I was thin and sickly, suffering from indigestion and inflammatory rheumatism.

"I had tried different kinds of diet, and many of the remedies recommended, but got no better.

"Finally, Mother suggested that I try Grape-Nuts, and I began at once, eating it with a little cream or milk. A change for the better began at once.

"To-day I am well and am gaining weight and strength all the time. I've gained 10 lbs. in the last five weeks and do not suffer any more from indigestion, and the rheumatism is all gone.

"I know it is to Grape-Nuts alone that I owe my restored health. I still eat the food twice a day and never tire of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The flavour of Grape-Nuts is peculiar to itself. It is neutral, not too sweet and has an agreeable, healthful quality that never grows tiresome.

One of the sources of rheumatism is from overloading the system with acid material, the result of imperfect digestion and assimilation.

As soon as improper food is abandoned and Grape-Nuts is taken regularly, digestion is made strong, the organs do their work of building up good red blood cells and of carrying away the excess of disease-making material from the system.

The result is a certain and steady return to normal health and mental activity. "There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, . . Minn.

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Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Advertise in the Spectator

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

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The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington County, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 14, 1912.

There has been much speculation as to where Senator Moses E. Clapp stands politically. The junior senator is evidently sparring for time and the voters will referee his points later on. As it is the senator has about cooked his political goose. He is a progressive for the job.—Roseau Times.

Good Roads Bill

A bill recently passed by congress appropriates $500,000 for experimental road construction. The money is to be spent by the secretary of Agriculture in consulation with the Postmaster General. These cabinet officers are to investigate the "saving to the government in the operation of the rural delivery service and to the local inhabitants in the transportation of their products by reason of such improvement, and report the results in detail to congress.

These two cabinet officers are expected to make "such recommendations as shall seem wise for providing a general plan of national aid for the improvement of postal roads in co-operation with the states and counties."

The same bill provides for investigation of this subject by a joint committee composed of five senators and five representatives.—J. O. Rankin Editor, University Farm, St. Paul.

Law Overlooked

After special elections in Wilkin and Pennington counties to decide ties in the contests for county commissioners at the general election, it was discovered at the capitol today that the law provides that in contests for that office ties must be settled by lot at the county auditor's office. The special elections were ordered by Governor A. O. Eberhart. The law provides for special elections in case of a tie for certain offices and the provisions relating to county commissioners had been overlooked. Protests against the legality of the special elections are expected from both counties but until the matter is officially laid before him, Attornay General Lyndon A. Smith declined today to discuss the effect of the second election.—Minneapolis Journal, Dec. 5.

High Cost of Selling

One great cause of the high cost of living lies somewhere in the vast disparity between what the producer of food gets for his products and what the consumer pays for them.

The producer is getting too little and the consumer is paying too much. Both could profit by a reorganization of selling and handling methods, and the problem of this reorganization is something well worth plenty of time and deep thought.

Says the Kansas City Star: "A farmer was loading watermelons on a car at Rock Island station in Oklahoma. They were to be shipped to St. Paul. A man who happened to see him had recently been in St. Paul and knew that melons were retailing there at from sixty to seventy-five cents apiece. The farmer told him that he was getting only five cents apiece, and that it took him all day with two teams to haul the melons to the railroad. With the melon buyer, who came along just then to check up the load, they made a computation.

They found some interesting results, For the car of ten hundred and fifty melons the farmer got $52.50. They would sell in St. Paul for at least $630. Here was a difference of $577.50 between the consumer's price and the producer's price.

Of this $577.50 the buyer took $240. The railrood got $75. Other expenses and profits, including the profit of the jobber and the retailer, took the rest—$262.50.

Out of what the consumer paid, the farmer got 8.33 per cent, the buyer 38.09 per cent; the railroad 11.91 per cent, add other expenses and progts 41.67 per cent.

These figures illustrate a problem deserving the best thought of the country. Cooperation by the producers will do a good deal. Very likely cooperation by the consumers would do more, if it could be brought about.

Every move toward shortening, cheapening, and simplifying the process of getting food from the producer to the consumer is a move toward reducing the high cost of living, a move toward better conditions for both producer and consumer, a move toward lessening poverty and increasing the comfort and well-being of the masses of the people.—Duluth Herald.

Man Owns Wife's Dresses.

The question of who owns the dresses of a wife came up in the Brompton county court of Maryland recently and the judge decided that the husband is the owner. The man held that he had given the wife the money to buy the dresses in dispute and although they were not paid for it was decided that they belonged to him.

Notice for Bids

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire at the village hall in said village on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purpose of opening and considering bids for the purchase of the $1,000 in bonds authorized to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on the 5th day of November, 1912. All bids for the purchase of said bonds must be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the meeting of the village council, and the village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered. Said bonds will bear six (6) per cent interest, payable annually, and will run for fifteen years from the day of the date thereof, and all issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

CAUSED LISTENERS TO SMILE.

Clergyman's Announcement Tickled the Risibilities.

As may be inferred, each profession has its stock jokes—its stories innumerable—each of which having a flavor of its own. That the point of a joke or jest lies not in the tongue of him who makes it, but in the ear that hears, is the testimony of the great dramatist.

The doctor on his rounds and the judge upon the bench have both an audience ready and willing to accept as the highest wit the bon mots of the speakers; and there is no club or gathering of men that does not acclaim one of its members as supreme in this respect, and are ready to yield due recognition of the gift.

It must be admitted that the blunders and jests clerical stand for some reason pre-eminent both in number and in mirth producing qualities. The reason, of course, is not far to seek—the very surroundings, in which they occur—the very upsetting of one's preconceived notions of reverence, all tend to cause a reaction in the ordinary mental equilibrium, and the simplest mistake or accident under such circumstances assumes the proportions of a huge comedy.

Recently a divine, in drawing the attention of his congregation to a special communion service on the following Sunday informed them that "the Lord is with us in the forenoon and the bishop in the evening."

WORLD'S CITIES HARD TO KILL.

Rome Twice Burned, Six Times Starved—Paris' Eight Sieges.

Few of the world's great cities have not faced, at one time or another, total destruction. But a city is hard to kill.

Take Rome, for instance. She has been swept by pestilence no fewer than ten times. She has been twice burned and six times driven to submission by starvation. Perhaps it is on account of her great vitality that she is called the Eternal city.

Paris has gone through eight sieges, ten famines, two plagues and one fire which devastated it.

Constantinople has been burned out nine times and has suffered from four plagues and five sieges. In addition, she has been ruled by monarchs who were worse than a plague. Yet Constantinople still flourishes.

London has been decimated five times by plagues, in addition to visitations of typhus, cholera and other epidemics. She has been burned more or less severely several times.—Stray Stories.

Preferred the Insomnia.

A story is told of the late bishop of London, Dr. Creighton, and Lord Rosebery. Lord Rosebery complained to the bishop of want of sleep, to which the bishop replied that he never suffered from insomnia. The earl observed that he wished he knew the remedy. The bishop's formula was very simple. If he felt drowsy he started to write a sermon and in a few moments he was wide awake. On the other hand if he wanted to sleep all he had to do was to start to read a sermon. Then sleep came in a few seconds. Lord Rosebery replied that it was his practice to choose the lesser evil, and he preferred want of sleep to reading sermons.

For Your Health.

Conquer your moods; don't let your moods conquer you. People who give way to moods never amount to much, because they are never masters of themselves. They never know in the morning whether they are going to do a good day's work or not, whether they are going to be a cheering or a depressing influence on the people around them. If they feel like being good-tempered, they will be; if they feel like "snapping" at everybody, they will snap.

People who suffer from "moods" should be careful about their habits. They should be regular about meals, sleep, exercise and work. The condition of the health has much to do with moods, and there is nothing that contributes so much to health as absolute regularity.

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake, } No. [illegible]
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To St. Hilaire Townsite Co:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot eleven of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, (lot 11 of block 47) is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D 1903, for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seventy-one cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and fourteen cents and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 5th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d14-3t

Bank Statement.

Statement of the condition of Merchants State Bank, St. Hilaire, Minnesota, at close of business on November 26, 1912.
Date of call by Supt., November 26, 1912.
Date of report by bank Dec. 9, 1912.

RESOURCES.		
Loans and discounts		$141,646.32
Overdrafts		59.89
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		4,000.00
Due from banks	40,732.45	
Cash on hand, items below	4,946.05	
Currency	3,643	
Gold	775	
Silver	482.83	
Other	45.20	
Total cash assets	45,678.50	45,678.50
Checks and cash items		1,435.50
Total		195,820.21
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, net		2,013.62
Deposits subject to check	50,199.37	
Demand certificates	2,892.96	
Total immediate liabilities	53,092.33	
Time certificates	128,714.26	
Total deposits	181,806.59	181,806.59
Total		195,820.21

State of Minnesota, } ss.
County of Pennington }

We, C. L. Hansen, president, and B. E. Burkee, cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

C. L. HANSEN, President.
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier

Correct, Attest:
LEONARD HOLMES,
C. L. HANSEN, Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of December, 1912.
(SEAL) K. O. GIGSTAD, Notary Public.
My commission expires Jan. 26, 1918

Bring in Your Ads

Madam, Read McCall's The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only 10 and 15 cents each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

[illegible]

[illegible] your first copy of McCALL'S, if you [illegible]

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236 West 37th St., New York

NOTE—Ask for a free copy of McCALL'S wonderful [illegible] catalogue. Sample copy and pattern catalogue also free on request.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

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H. B. Newell, M.B.C.

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

THIEF RIVER FALLS.

Office and Hospital, Cor. 3rd and Knight Avenue

Office 'Phone 24 Residence 'Phone 94.

Sui Generis.

"Got everything, pa?" asked Ham as Noah while the old man stood on the quarter deck and scanned the passenger list.

"Not yet," replied Noah. "We'll have to wait for the man who vows to high heaven that he will never be caught alive in a full dress suit and the woman who won't talk while she plays whist."—Chicago Post.

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake, } No. 274
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

To John Licka:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 19 and 20 of Block 28, Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1904, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1904, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1902, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and seventy-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eight dollars and ninety-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate for sale of said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of nine dollars and two cents.

That the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-3t

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake, } No. 275
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Andrew Stenseth.

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 21 of Block 15 in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1909, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said County of Red Lake, on the 30th day of March A. D. 1909, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1907, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and twelve cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and fifty-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and sixty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-3t

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake, } No. 264
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Mrs. Tracy Whaley:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot twelve of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, (Lot 12, Blk. 47), is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year above A.D. 1907, for said county of Red Lake, the described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of fourteen dollars and seventy-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirteen dollars and sixty-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirteen dollars and seventy-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 6th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-3t

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake, } No. 276
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To John B[illegible]:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 23, 24, and 25 of Block 13 in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1907, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1907, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, for the year A. D. 1905, for said county of Red Lake the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and eighty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of four dollars and ninety-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of four dollars and ninety-six cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-3t

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, }
County of Red Lake } No. 278
State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Louisa Muzzy.

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 10, 11, 12, 13 of Block 24 in Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1907, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1905, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seven dollars and eighty-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and seventy-seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned, has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twelve dollars and eighty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota
d7-3t

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. F. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary F. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagee, bearing date the 16th day of June, 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 27th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 3 of mortgages on page 112.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 22 of mortgages on page 332;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the east front door of the court house in the city of Thief River Falls, in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 13, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.,
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee
By B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. n16-6t

Pay your subscription

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

DAKOTA DEVELOPS

Every person needs a business training. It costs no more at this great Business, Banking and Shorthand college, under exact office conditions, than at a small, questionable one. The results are, however, very different. 350 D. B. C. pupils went to excellent positions in banks and offices this year—had calls for over 500. All Fargo banks and 683 others employ D. B. C. pupils as cashiers, tellers, bookkeepers or stenographers. No other school offers such endorsement.

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COLLEGE CASH

The D. B. C. has built a magnificent new building (350,000 cubic feet of space), is seated with roll top desks, has 100 typewriters, adding machines, billers, money changers, etc. Our pupils deal with each other and with elegantly equipped offices, using aluminum money. Our courses are fascinating and practical—pupils like them. The Northwest has "No other school like the D. B. C."

Next term begins soon. For booklets write

F. LELAND WATKINS, Pres.,
Watkins Block - - Fargo, N. D.

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services tomorrow at 7:30 o'clock a. m.
Rev. M. S. Gjerde Pastor.

[illegible] Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.
Paul N. Palmer Pastor.

Norwegian Synod Church—Ser-
Sunday school at 1 p. m.
I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

Scandinavian Mission Church.—Services next Monday evening at 7:30 by Rev. B. A. Werklund of Roseau, president of the Red River Valley Missionary society.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
[illegible] Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3692 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE, NUMBER 1[illegible], Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
S. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 109 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
M. A. Olson, President. Morris Larson, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
TTORNEYS LW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FL LS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State
No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be [illegible] greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

[illegible] Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers [illegible] been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To fulfill [illegible] purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the view of pleasing the greatest number of [illegible]

THE LOCAL NEWS

List your farm with C. C. Elliott.

Mrs. M. Highland was in Thief River Falls Monday.

Mrs. A. H. Pitkin was in Thief River Falls Friday.

D. Patterson was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

Miss Berg of Hazel is the guest of Miss Josephine Brandon.

Charles Johnson returned Tuesday from a visit to Crookston.

Ben Davis apples at $1.10 a bushel at Ole Mathson's. adv

Mrs. Post and Mrs. Fellman were in Thief River Falls on Thursday.

Mrs. A. A. Odegaard came to town Thursday and went to Grand Forks.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Waring returned Monday from a visit to Crookston.

Mrs. Ina Johnson was visiting with friends in Thief River Falls on Tuesday.

C. H. Martz went Thursday to Thief River Falls to be present at a ditch hearing.

Miss Olga Swenson went Tuesday to Crookston for a few days' visit with friends.

F. W. Jensen of Duluth was in town the first of the week in the interest of the News-Tribune.

Miss Ida Skeie returned Tuesday from Crookston, where she has been living for some time.

Miss Inez Patterson was the over-Sunday guest of her sister, Miss Mabel, at Thief River Falls.

Miss Edna Mackinson returned Monday to Northfield, after a visit with her sister, Mrs. O'Brien.

Beginning Monday, Dec. 23, there will be a two weeks' holiday vacation in the village schools.

Come in and get your Stark A seamless grain sacks at the lowest prices. adv D. Lazar.

Miss Margaret Kranz of Red Lake Falls drove to St. Hilaire and return in her motor yesterday afternoon.

Miss Amanda Carlson returned Tuesday morning from Crookston, after taking a week's treatment for her eyes.

Charles and David Soderman returned Monday from Searles, N. D., where they have been at work threshing.

Mrs. Peter Tinne and Mrs. Martin Lokke of Smiley township returned Wednesday from a visit to Crookston.

At the United church social and auction last evening the supper brought in about $40.00 and the auction $23.00.

Mrs. S. G. Richards came down Monday from Winnipeg for a visit at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Hanson.

Sheriff LaBree was in town on Tuesday serving notices of expiration of time of redemption from delinquent tax sales.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

S. McMann moved with his family from Highlanding the latter part of last week and occupied the Hauge residence on the west side of track.

There will be services every evening of this coming week at the United church except Saturday, beginning tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Rev. B. A. Werklund of Roseau, president of the Red River Valley Missionary society, will preach in the Mission church Monday evening, Dec. 10, at 7:30.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn. Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

Strayed—Came to my place Tuesday Nov. 27, a White ram, with one broken horn. Owner please prove property, pay charges, and take his animal.
adv-3t Axel Jacobson.

Parties who have not already left their orders for coal should do so at once. I am in a position to care for all orders at present, for either hard or soft coal.
adv-d7-4t G. I. Fellman.

Estray.—Came to my place Thursday morning, Dec. 12, two horses—one bay wearing halter, and one black with white socks on three legs and white spot on one side. Owner please prove property, pay expenses, and take his animals.
Ole Larson,
Southeast quarter section 34, town of Sauders.

Come in and look over our Christmas goods before buying your presents. D. Lazar.

Mrs. J. E. Collins arrived here Tuesday from Glendive, Mont., and is a guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Benson.

R. Wallin and family moved this week into their new home in the Jorgenson house, near the north bridge. Since he purchased this property, Mr. Wallin has repaired and remodeled it and made it into a nice home.

Thomas Highland of Halstad is visiting his brother, M. Highland.

I am buying eggs, butter, and hides and paying highest market prices. Fresh frozen herring at my store. Lunch and coffee served if needed. Ask for present.
adv P. O. Hagglund.

Died

Mrs. Ingeborg Orvick died Thursday night, at 11:30, at the age of 83 years, at her home in St Hilaire. She was born in Norway in 1830, and came to America and to Minnesota about 30 years ago. Her husband, Andrew Orvick, one son, Anton Johnson of Spring Grove, Minn., and one daughter, Mrs. Della Smithers of Fargo, N. D., survive her. The deceased has been in poor health for several years, but it is only in the past two weeks that she has been seriously ill.

Funeral services will be held Tuesday at 1 p. m. at the Synod church by Rev. I. T. Aastad.

Resolutions of Condolence

Whereas, The Great and Supreme Ruler of the Universe has in His infinite wisdom removed from among us one of our worthy and esteemed brothers, John J. Soll; and whereas, the long and intimate relation held with him in the faithful discharge of his duties as an Odd fellow and as a citizen of our great state makes it eminently fitting that we record our appreciation of him; therefore

Be It Resolved, That the wisdom and ability which he has exercised in the aid of Oddfellowship by service, contributions, and counsel; and the honest, honorable, and upright life he has led as an American citizen will be held in grateful remembrance;

Be It Resolved, That the sudden removal of such a life and character from among our midst leaves a vacancy and sorrow that will be deeply realized by all good Odd-fellows and all good citizens in Pennington and Red Lake counties, Minnesota, and will prove a serious loss to our beloved order.

Be It Resolved, That with deep sympathy with the bereaved relatives of the deceased we express our hope that so great a loss to us all may be overruled for good by Him who doeth all things well;

Be It Further Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147, I. O. O. F., St. Hilaire, Minnesota, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the widow of our beloved brother, and a copy of said resolutions be printed in The St. Hilaire Spectator.

St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147, I. O. O. F., St. Hilaire, Minnesota.

O. H. OLSON,
A. S. WILSON,
DR. C. SWANSON,
Committee.

Council Proceedings

Special meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire held Dec. 12, 1912, for the purpose of considering the matter of advertising the $4,000 bond issue for sale.

Meeting called to order by President J. C. Dahl. Members present, Olson, Swanson, Dahl. Members absent, McKercher and Hovet.

The following resolution, offered by Dr. C. Swanson and seconded by H. Olson, was duly passed:

Resolved that the village council of the village of St. Hilaire hold a meeting at the village hall in said village on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of said day for the purpose of opening bids for the purchase of the $4,000 in bonds authorized to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on November 5, 1912, that all bids therefor shall be sealed bids and shall be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the last aforementioned meeting of said village; that said village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered; and that notice of said meeting of said council shall be given by the publication thereof for three consecutive weeks in the St. Hilaire Spectator, a weekly newspaper published in said village.

There being no further business meeting adjourned.

J. C. DAHL,
DR. C. SWANSON, Clerk. Pres.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m
" 553, Freight,	"	8:50 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p. m.
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15 "

No. 554 makes Wylie and return on
No. 553 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Leave for Wylie	7:10 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie	8:35 a. m.

From now until Christmas
we will give from

10 to 25 per Cent
REDUCTION

on all our Winter Goods.
Come in and get our prices

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable
CITY DRAY LINE
CHESTNUT HARD COAL AND POCAHONTAS SMOKELESS COAL NOW ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES. PUT IN YOUR SUPPLY BEFORE IT IS GONE.

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	70
" " 2 "	67
" " 3 "	64
Flax, No. 1	$1.16
" " 2	1.10
Adjected Flax	.99
Barley, for 48 lbs	33
Oats	22
Rye	44
Eggs	30
Butter	25
" creamery	34
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	@9
Flour, patent	2.40-3.00
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, " "	21.00

Lingering Superstitions.

"Will a lucky gentlewoman give an unlucky one a tiny mascot to bring luck?" runs an advertisement in an English paper. Here was a poor soul—for if there is a creature on the face of the earth whose fate calls for pity it is a gentlewoman who is down—keeping in her poverty some of that superstition or faith, whatever it may be called, which is the only thing that keeps misforune from crushing the sufferer. If only she could get the right charm she might induce fate to look kindly on her! People call this a practical age, but evidences of superstition continue to appear. A lawsuit not long ago revealed the fact that an astrologer kept a motorcar and had a fine house, etc., all of which came out of the proceeds of a zodiacal magazine.

As Exemplified.

Having given his order twenty minutes before and seeing no indications that his dinner was ready, the man with the sparse whiskers beckoned to a waiter.

"My friend," he said, "perhaps I have made a mistake. Is this a pay as you enter restaurant?"

"No, sir," responded the young man in the white apron, yawning. "This is a dinner cooked while you wait restaurant."

Thereupon he resumed his dreamy, contemplative attitude, and the man with the sparse whiskers waited some more.—Chicago Tribune.

A Reply to Gladstone.

"Gladstone had no great scientific knowledge," said an English writer, "and at a dinner, when Faraday described an important new scientific discovery, the premier showed indifference.

"'After all,' he said, hiding a yawn behind his hand, 'what use will it ever be?'

"'Why,' said Faraday, 'there's every probability, sir, that some day you'll be able to tax it.'"

A Turn Down.

Snaggsy—Beg pardon, mister; I'm a stranger in dese parts. Farmer Harrow—Well, I dunno of anybody that wants to git acquainted with ye Turns ar— [illegible] Transcript.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS
Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON, - - Agent

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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

What's in a Name.

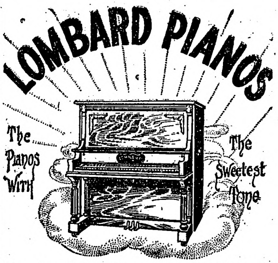
Returned Traveler—By the way, Mr Mann, your daughter, Miss Etta, is married, isn't she? Old Resident—No; she could have married a fine young fellow once, but she threw him over on account of his name. She said it was bad enough to be Etta Mann, but she drew the line at Etta Knox.—Chicago Tribune.

No Economy There.

Bronx—In Russia they never say, "What's in a name?" Lenox—Why not? Bronx—It's taken for granted that it's the whole alphabet.—Lippincott's.

Bring in Your Work

NOW IS THE TIME
For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Envelopes,
Statements,
Due Bills,
Cards,
Dodgers,
Auction Bills, etc.
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

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BEST IN THE WORLD !!

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We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

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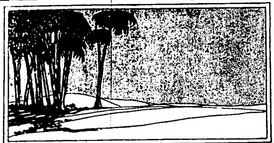

The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH

Author of HEARTS AND MASKS, The MAN ON THE BOX etc.

Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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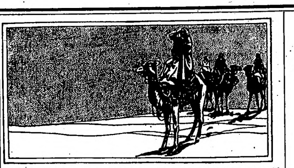


SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle. Ryanne sells Jones the famous holy Yhiordes rug which he admits having stolen from a pasha at Bagdad. Jones meets Major Callahan and later is introduced to Fortune Chedsoye by a woman to whom he had loaned 150 pounds at Monte Carlo some months previously, and who turns out to be Fortune's mother. Jones takes Mrs. Chedsoye and Fortune to a polo game. Fortune returns to Jones the money borrowed by her mother. Mrs. Chedsoye appears to be engaged in some mysterious enterprise unknown to the daughter.

CHAPTER VI.—(Continued.)

Some one was sitting down beside him. It was Ryanne, in evening clothes, immaculate, blase, pink-cheeked. There are some men so happily framed that they can don ready-made suits without calling your attention to the fact. George saw at once that the adventurer was one of these fortunate individuals.

"Makes a rather good picture to look at, eh?" began Ryanne, rolling a flake-tobacco cigarette. "Dance?"

"No. Wish I could. You've done quick work," with admiring inspection. "Not a flaw anywhere. How do you do it?"

"Thanks. Thanks to you, I might say. I did some tall hustling, though. Strange, how we love these funeral toggeries. We follow the dance and we follow the dead, with never a variation in color. The man who invented the modern evening clothes must have done good business during the day as chief-mourner."

"Why don't you send for your luggage?"

Ryanne caressed his chin. "My luggage is, I believe, in the hands of the enemy. It is of no great importance. I never carry anything of value, save my skin. I'm not like the villain in the melodrama: no incriminating documents, no lost wills, no directions for digging up pirates' gold."

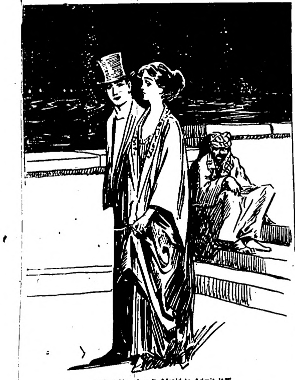
"I suppose you'll soon be off for America?" George asked indifferently.

"I suppose so. By the way, I saw you at the game today."

"No! Where were you?"

"Top row. I am going to ask a favor of you. It may sound rather odd to your ears, but I know those two ladies rather well. I kept out of the way till I could find some clothes. The favor I ask is that you will not tell them anything regarding the circumstances of our meeting. I am known to them as a globe-trotter and a collector."

"That's too bad," said George contritely. "But I have already told them."



"And You Aren't Afraid to Admit It?"

"The devil you have!" Ryanne dropper his cigarette into the ash-tray. "If I remember rightly, you asked me to say nothing."

"I know," said George, visibly embarrassed. "I forgot."

"Well, the fat is in the fire. I dare say that I can get round it. It was risky. Women like to talk. I expect every hour to hear of some one arriving from Bagdad."

"There's no boat from that direction till next week," informed George, who was a stickler on time-tables.

"There are other ways of getting into Egypt. Know anything about racing-camels?"

"You don't believe . . . ?"

"My friend, I believe in all things that haven't been proved impossible. You've been knocking about here long enough to know something of the tenacity of the Arab and the East Indian. Given a just cause, an idol's eye or a holy carpet, and they'll follow you round the world ten times, if need be. I never worry needlessly, but I lay out before me all the points of the game. There is one man in Bagdad who will never cease to think of me. This fellow is an Arab, Mahomed-El-Gebel by name, the real article, proud and savage, into whose keeping the Holy Yhiordes was given; Mahomed-El-Gebel, the Pasha's right-hand, a sheik in his own right."

"But you haven't got the rug now."

"No, Mr. Jones, I haven't; but on the other hand, you have. So, here we are together. When he gets through with me, your turn."

George laughed. Ryanne grew thoughtful over this sign. Percival Algernon did not seem exactly worried.

"Aren't you a little afraid?"

"I? Why should I be?" inquired George innocently. "Certainly, whatever your Arab friend's arguments may be, moral or physical, I'm going to keep that Yhiordes."

Was he bluffing? Ryanne wondered. Did he really have nerve? Well, within forty-eight hours there would come a test.

"Say, do you know, I rather wish you'd been with me on that trip—that is, if you like a rough game." Ryanne said this in all sincerity.

"I have never been in a rough game, as you call it; but I've often had a strong desire to be, just to find out for myself what sort of a duffer I am."

Ryanne had met this sort of man before; the fellow who wanted to know what stuff he was made of, and was ready to risk his hide to find out. His experience had taught him to expect nothing of the man who knew just what he was going to do in a crisis.

"Did you ever know, Mr. Jones," said Ryanne, his eyes humorous, "that there is an organization in this world of ours, a company that offers a try-out to men of your kidney?"

"What's that? What do you mean?"

"What I say. There is an established concern which will, upon application for a liberal purchase of stock, arrange any kind of adventure you wish."

"What?" George drew in his legs and sat up. "What sort of a jolly is this?"

"You put your finger upon the one great obstacle. No one will believe that such a concern exists. Yet it is a fact. And why not?"

"Because, it wouldn't be real; it would be going to the moon a la Coney Island."

"Wrong, absolutely wrong. If I told you that I am a stockholder in this company, and that the adventure of the Yhiordes rug was arranged for my special benefit, what would you say?"

"Say?" George turned a serious countenance toward the adventurer. "Why, the whole thing is absurd on the face of it. As a joke, it might go; but as a genuine affair, utterly impossible."

"No," quietly. "I admit that it sounds absurd, yes; but ten years ago they'd have locked up, as insane, a man who said that he could fly. But think of last summer at Paris, at Rheims, at Frankfort; the Continental air was full of flying-machines. Bah! It's pretty difficult to impress the average mind with something new. Why shouldn't we cater to the poetic, the romantic side of man? We've concerns for everything else. The fact is, mediocrity is always standing behind the corner with brickbats for the initiative. Believe me or not, Mr. Jones, but this company exists. The proof is that you have the rug and I have the scars."

"But in these prosaic times!" murmured George, still skeptical.

"Prosaic times!" sniffed Ryanne. "There's one of your brickbats. They swung it at the head of the first printer. Prosaic times! My friend, this is the most romantic and bewildering age humanity has yet seen. There's more romance and adventure going about on wheels and steel-bottoms than ever there was in the days of Drake and the Spanish galleons. There's an adventure lurking round the nearest corner—romance, too. What this organization does is to direct you; after that you have to shift for yourself. But, like a first-rate physical instructor, they never map out more than a man can do. They gave me the rug. Your bones, on such a quest, would have been bleaching upon the banks of the Tigris."

"What the deuce is this company called?" George was enjoying the conversation immensely.

"The United Romance and Adventure company, Ltd., of London, Paris, and New York."

"Have you any of the company's paper with you?" George repressed his laughter because Ryanne's face was serious enough.

"Unfortunately, no. But if you will give me your banker's address I'll be pleased to forward you the prospectus."

"Knauth, Nachod and Kuhne. I am shortly leaving for home. Better send it to New York. I say, suppose a chap buys an adventure that is not up to the mark; can he return it or exchange it for another?"

"No. It's all chance, you know. The rules of the game are steel-bound. We find you an adventure; it's up to you to make good."

"But, once more suppose a chap gets a little too rough a game, and doesn't turn up for his dividends; what then?"

"In that event," answered Ryanne sadly, "the stock reverts to the general fund."

George lay back in his chair and let go his laughter. "You are mighty good company, Mr. Ryanne."

"Well, well; we'll say nothing more about it. But a moment gone you spoke as if you were game for an exploit."

"I still am. But if I knew the adventure was prearranged, as you say, and I was up against a wall, there would be the inclination to cable the firm for more instructions."

Ryanne himself laughed this time. "That's a good idea. I don't believe the company ever thought of such a contingency. But I repeat, our business is to give you the kick-off. After that you have to fight for your own downs."

"The stock isn't listed?" again laughing.

"Scarcely. One man tells another, as I tell you, and so on."

"You send me the prospectus. I'm rather curious to have a look at it."

"I certainly shall do so," replied Ryanne, with gravity unassumed. "Ah! Here come Mrs. Chedsoye and her daughter. If you don't mind, I'll make myself scarce. I do not care to see them just now, after your having told them about the stolen Yhiordes."

"I'm sorry," said George, rising eagerly.

"It's all in the game," gallantly.

George saw him gracefully maneuver his way round the crush toward the stairs leading to the bar. Really, he would like to know more about this amiable free-lance. As the old fellows used to say, he little dreamed that destiny, one of those things from Pandora's box, was preparing a deeper and more intimate acquaintance.

"And what has been amusing you, Mr. Jones?" asked Mrs. Chedsoye. "I saw you laughing."

"I was talking with the rug chap. He's a droll fellow. He said that he had met you somewhere, but concluded not to renew the acquaintance, since I told him that his adventure in part was known to you."

"That is foolish. I rather enjoy meeting men of his stamp. Don't you, Fortune?"

"Sometimes," with a dry little smile. "I believe we have met him, mother. There was something familiar about his head. Of course, we saw him only from a distance."

"I do not think there is any real harm in him," said George. "What made me laugh was a singular proposition he set before me. He said he owned stock in a concern called 'The United Romance and Adventure company;' and that for a specified sum of money, one could have any adventure one pleased."

"Did you ever hear of such a thing?" cried the mother merrily. Fortune searched her face keenly. "The United Romance and Adventure Company! He must have been joking. What did you say his name is?"

"Ryanne. Joking is my idea exactly," George agreed. "The scheme is to plunge the stockholder into a real live adventure, and then let him pull himself out the best way he can. Sounds good. He added that this rug business was an instance of the success of the concern. There goes the music. Do you dance, Miss Chedsoye?"

"A little." Fortune was preoccupied. She was wondering what lay behind Mr. Ryanne's amiable jest.

"Go along, both of you," said Mrs. Chedsoye. "I am too old to dance. I prefer watching people." She sat down and arranged herself comfortably. She was always arranging herself comfortably; it was one of the secrets of her perennial youth. She was very lovely, but George had eyes for the daughter only. Mrs. Chedsoye saw this, but was not in the least chagrined.

"It is so many years since I tripped the light fantastic toe," George confessed, reluctantly and nervously, now that he had bravely committed himself. "It is quite possible that the accent will be primarily upon the trip."

"Perhaps, then," replied the girl, who truthfully was out of tune, "perhaps I had better get my wraps and we'll go outside. The night is glorious."

She couldn't have suggested anything more to his liking. And so, after a little hurrying about, the two young people went outside and began to promenade slowly up and down the mole. Their conversation was desultory. George had dropped back into his shell and the girl was not equal to the task of drawing him out. Once he stumbled over a sleeping beggar, and would have fallen had she not caught him by the arm.

"Thanks. I'm clumsy."

"It's rather difficult to see them in the moonlight; their rags match the pavements."

The Egyptian night, that sapphirine darkness which the flexible imagination peoples with lovely and terrible shades, or floods with mystery and romance and wonder, lay softly upon this strip of verdure aslant the desert's face, the Valley of the Nile. The moon, round, brilliant, strangely near, suffused the scarred old visage of the world with phantom silver; the stones of the parapet glowed dully, the pavement glistened whitely, all things it touched with gentleness, lavishing beauty upon beauty, mellowing ugliness or effacing it. The deep blue Nile, beribboned with the glancing lights from the silent feluccas, curling musically along the sides of the frost-like dahabeahs and steamers, rolled on to the sea; and the blue-white arc-lamps, spanning the Great Nile bridge, took the semblance of a pearl necklace. From time to time a caravan trooped across the bridge into Cairo.

"Do you care for poetry, Mr. Jones?"

"I? I used to write it."

"And you aren't afraid to admit it?"

"Well, I shouldn't confess the deed to every one," he answered frankly. "We all write poetry at one time or another; but it's generally not constitutional, and we recover."

"I do not see why any one should be ashamed of writing poetry."

"Ah, but there is poetry and poetry. My kind and Byron's is born of kindred souls; but he was an active genius, whereas, I wasn't even a passive one. In all great poets I find my own rejected thoughts, as Emerson says; and that's enough for my slender needs. Poets are rather uncomfortable chaps to have round. They are capricious, irritable, temperamental, selfish, and usually demand all the attention."

The little vocal stream died up again, and once more they listened to the magic sounds of the night. She stopped abruptly to look over the parapet, and his shoulder met hers; after that the world to him was never going to be the same again.

Moonlight and poetry; not the safest channels to sail uncharted. The girl was lonely, and George was lonely, too. His longing had now assumed a definite form; hers moved from this to that, still indefinitely. The quickness with which this definition had come to George rather startled him. His first sight of Fortune Chedsoye had been but yesterday; yet, here he was, not desperately but consciously in love with her. The situation bore against all precepts; it ripped up his preconceived ideas of romance as a gale at sea shreds a canvas. He felt a bit panicky. He had always planned a courtship of a year or so, meetings, separations, and remeetings, pleasurable expectations, little junkets to theaters and country places; in brief, to witness the rose grow and unfold. Somewhere he had read or heard that courtship was the plummet which sounded the depths of compatibility. He knew nothing of Fortune Chedsoye, save that she was beautiful to his eyes, and that she was as different from the ordinary run of girls as yonder moon was from the stars.

Again she stopped, leaning over the parapet and staring down at the water swirling past the stone embankment. He did likewise, resting upon his folded arms. Suddenly his tongue became alive; and quietly, without hesitancy or embarrassment, he began to tell her of his school life, his life at home. And the manner in which he spoke of his mother warmed her; and she was strangely and wonderingly attracted.

"Of course, the mother meant the best in the world when she gave me Percival Algernon; and because she meant the best, I have rarely tried to hide them. What was good enough for her to give was good enough for me to keep. It is simply that I have been foolish about it, supersensitive. I should have laughed and accepted the thing as a joke; instead, I made the fatal move of trying to run away and hide. But, taking the name in full," lightly, "it sounds as incongruous as playing Traumerei on a steam-piano."

He expected her to laugh, but her heart was too full of the old ache. This young man, kindly, gentle, intelligent, if shy, was a love-child. And she? An offspring, the loneliest of the lonely, the child that wasn't wanted. Many a time she had thought of flinging all to the winds, of running away and hiding where they never should find her, of working with her own hands for her bread and butter. Little they'd have cared. But always the rebel spirit died within her as she stepped outside the villa gates. To leave behind for unknown privations certain assured comforts, things of which she was fond, things to which she was used, she couldn't do it, she just couldn't. Morally and physically she was a little coward.

"Let us go in," she said sharply. Another moment, and she would have been in tears.

CHAPTER VII.

Ryanne Tables His Cards.

During this time Mrs. Chedsoye; the major, Messrs. Ryanne and Wallace, officers and directors in the United Romance and Adventure Company, Ltd., sat in the major's room, round the boudoir-stand which had temporarily been given the dignity of a table. The scene would not have been without interest either to the speculative physiognomist or to the dramatist. To each it would have represented one of those astonishing moments when the soul of a person comes out into the open, as one might express it, incautiously, to be revealed in the expressions of the eyes and the mouth. These four persons were about going forward upon a singularly desperate and unusual enterprise. From now on they were no longer to fence with one another, to shift from this topic to that, with the indirect maneuvers of a house-cat intent upon the quest of the Friday mackerel. The woman's face was alive with eagerness; the oldest man looked from one to the other with earnest calculation; Wallace no longer hid his cupidity; Ryanne's immobility of countenance was in itself a tacit admission to the burning of all his bridges that he might become a part of this conclave.

"Smuggling," said the major, with prudent lowering of voice, evidently continuing some previous debate, "smuggling is a fine art, a keen sporting proposition; and the consequences of discovery are never serious. What's a fine of a thousand dollars against the profits of many successful excursions into the port of New York? Nothing, comparatively. For several years, now, we have carried on this business with the utmost adroitness. Never have we drawn serious attention. We have made two or three blunders, but the suspicions of the secret-service were put to sleep upon each occasion. We have prospered. Here is a gem, let us say, worth on this side a thousand; over there we sell it for enough to give us a clean profit of three or four hundred. Forty per cent. upon our investment. That ought to be enough for any reasonable person. Am I right?"

Mrs. Chedsoye alone was unresponsive to this appeal.

"I continue, then. We are making enough to lay by something for our old age. And that's the only goal which never loses its luster. But this affair!"

"Talk, talk," said Mrs. Chedsoye impatiently.

"My dear Kate, allow me to relieve my mind."

"You have done so till the topic is threadbare. It is rather late in the day to go over the ground again. Time is everything just now."

"Admitted. But this affair, Kate, is big; big with dangers, big with pitfalls; there is a hidden menace in every step of it. Mayhap death; who knows? The older I grow, the more I cling to material comforts, to enterprises of small dangers. However, as you infer, there's no going back now."

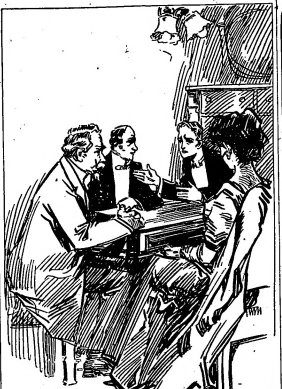
"No," assented Ryanne, his mouth hard; "not if I have to proceed alone."

She smiled at him. "You talk of danger," speaking to the major. "What danger can there be?"

"The unforeseen danger, the danger of which we know nothing, and therefore are unable to prepare for it. You do not see it, my dear, but it is there, nevertheless."

Wallace nodded approvingly. Ryanne shrugged.

"Failure is practically impossible. And I want excitement; I crave it as you men crave your tobacco."



"It's the Excitement of Getting It and Coming Away Unscathed."

"And there we are, Kate. It really isn't the gold; it's the excitement of getting it and coming away unscathed. If I could only get you to look at all sides of the affair! It's the Rubicon."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Salt Put to Varied Uses

Invaluable to Mankind Though as a Condiment It Should Be Employed Sparingly.

If food is tasteless without salt, it is ruined with too much. Unappetizing cooking is often due to guesswork. A level teaspoonful of salt is sufficient for a quart of soup, sauce, or vegetables.

Salt used once a day is an excellent dentrifrice, tending to keep off tartar. It is said to retard receding gums.

A half teaspoonful of salt added to a cup of hot water—which many persons take each morning—will make it palatable.

Do not gargle with salt water. Throat specialists consider it injurious to the tender mucous membrane of the nose.

Salt water rots the hair, so never fail to rinse with fresh water after sea bathing.

To set color in wash materials and embroidery cottons soak them in strong salt water.

An excellent tonic for nervous people is to take salt rubs twice a day. As sea salt dissolves slowly, some of it can be kept in solution in a glass jar to be ready when needed.

When a child is inclined to bow legs or to have a weak back, rub it night and morning with strong salt water.

A faded carpet is freshened if wiped off with a wet cloth wrung from strong salt water. Sprinkle floor with dampened salt and sweep well.

Bad dyspepsia can be helped by dissolving pinches of salt on the tongue after eating, or when there is a sense of oppression.

Tact.

He (tired of dodging)—Would you marry a one-eyed man?

She—Good gracious, no!

He—Then let me carry your umbrella.—Illustrated Bits.

The Time of Her Life.

The new colored domestic, fresh from Kentucky, took her first "Thursday afternoon off" and failed to return to prepare the seven o'clock dinner for the family. Next morning she reappeared rather "donsie." "Why, Sibble," said the lady of the house, "you look sick. What is the matter?"

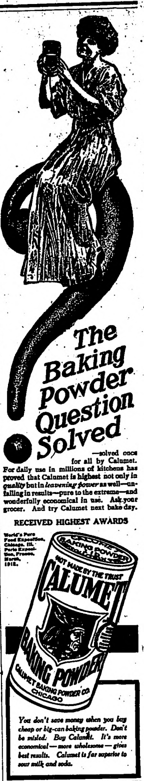
"Yes'm, I done been sick, awful sick, but it was wuth it. Dat dollah you given me, I spent every cent of it an' I done had de time of my life. What I done with it? Well, missus, I tell de truf an' no more'n de truf. I bought ten glasses of soda and went to ten of dose movable pictuh shows. My, my, one cain't have no sich time in Kaintucky."—Indianapolis News.

In Fat Berth.

Towne—No; Grafton doesn't work at all now.

Browne—He doesn't? Why, when I knew him he seemed to be a young man with considerable push.

Towne—All that's changed now. He's a young man with considerable pull and doesn't have to work.—Catholic Standard and Times.



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RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS

World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

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Bigger Prices! Better Grading! Most Money by Return Mail! These are some of the advantages that are yours when you send your furs to Funsten Bros. & Co. in St. Louis—the Largest Fur House in the Largest Primary Fur Market in the World. Our sales are attended by the greatest fur buyers of this country, Europe and Canada. Competition among them is fierce. And up go the prices! Dealing direct with you as we do, can't you see why we can afford to pay you biggest prices?

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We guarantee this bait to increase your catch. Animals can't resist it. One can, at a dollar, made $1,100 clear profit for one man. Used by U. S. Government and by experienced trappers everywhere. Took Grand Prize, World's Fair, 1904. A different bait for each kind of animal. State kind wanted.

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One Fisherman's Idea.

First Angler—Look, this fish was almost caught before; see the broken hook in its mouth.

Second Angler—It should have had sense enough to steer clear of hooks after that.

First Angler—Oh, come, you can't expect a fish to exhibit more sense than a human being.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

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Sucessful.

"Is he a very successful surgeon?"

"Very. Nearly all of his patients live long enough to pay their bills."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Hope is a pneumatic tire that is frequently punctured.

Loss of Power

and vital force follow loss of flesh or emaciation. These come from impoverished blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

enlivens a torpid liver—enriches the blood—stops the waste of strength and tissue and builds up healthy flesh—to the proper body weight. As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets to work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, rouses every organ into natural action, and brings back health and strength.

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When the kidneys fail, uric acid causes rheumatic attacks, headache, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy or heart disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid—bringing new strength to weak kidneys and relief from backache and urinary ills.

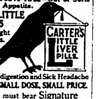
A TEXAS CASE.

Mrs. L. H. Garmany, 301 E. Bluff St., Fort Worth, Texas, says: "I was in bed for weeks with terrible pains in my back. My feet were so bloated I could not wear shoes and my eyes swelled so I could hardly see. After doctors failed, I began with Doan's Kidney Pills. I rapidly grew better and in a short time was entirely well."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York



Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

THOMPSON'S EYE WATER Quickly relieves weak, inflamed eyes. Sold everywhere 25c. Booklet free.

JOHN L. THOMPSON SONS & CO., Troy, N.Y.

Helping Bob Along.

May—I've just been reading about a Boston physician who tells you what ails you by holding your hand.

Jane—I must tell that to Bob tonight. He's thinking of studying medicine.

Good Job.

"Now, Johnny," said the teacher after she had explained the meaning of the word. "I wish you would write a sentence containing defeat."

After a struggle which lasted for about twenty minutes Johnny announced that he was ready to be heard.

"Please read your composition," the teacher directed.

"When you git shoes dat's too tite," Johnny read, "it's hard on de feet."

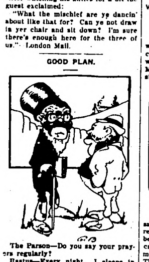
Not Used to "High Life."

An old farmer was in London visiting his son, who had got on in the world, and who kept a large house, servants, etc.

When the two sat down to dinner the first night a manservant waited upon them, and was most assiduous in his attentions to the old farmer. After watching his antics for a bit the guest exclaimed:

"What the mischief are ye dancin' about like that for? Can ye not draw in yer chair and sit down? I'm sure there's enough here for the three of us."—London Mail.

GOOD PLAN.



The Parson—Do you say your prayers regularly?

Rastus—Every night. I sleeps in a folding bed now, sah.

Model Breakfast

—has charming flavour and wholesome nourishment—

Post Toasties

and Cream.

This delightful food, made of Indian Corn, is really fascinating.

Corn, says Dr. Hutchison, a noted English authority, is one of the ideal foods.

As made into Post Toasties, it is most attractive to the palate.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by grocers—

Packages 10 and 15 cts.

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

Horticulture

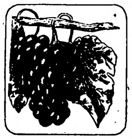
GRAPES FOR USE IN WINTER

Placed in Department of House Cellar Without Any Artificial Heat Some Keep Well.

What a pity it is that grapes will not keep longer. Every autumn I place in a department of my house cellar, where there is no artificial heat, baskets of various varieties of grapes, says a writer in Green's Fruit Grower. I do not expect the Worden, Concord, Delaware and Niagara to keep long, therefore I consume them first. After these I consume the Brighton, which is a fairly good keeper, but which shrivels up considerably. Barry has kept well with me this season. Gaertner, a red grape, has kept perfectly up to Thanksgiving.

Mills, a black grape with very large compact cluster, is the best keeper of all that I have tested, being in perfect condition on Thanksgiving day.

I hear of many methods of keeping grapes through the winter, but I have never succeeded in doing so in my ordinary fruit room. The grapes must not be placed in piles in baskets or boxes. With me they do the best in single layers. If one layer is piled on top of another they are inclined to rot. Some people cut off portions of the vine with clusters on it and place the ends of the vine in a bottle of water and report good results in keeping the grapes plump and fresh. Others insert one end of each stem of grapes in a bottle of water, but when the water evaporates it must have attention, therefore this is rather an expensive method. The Catawba has the reputation of being the best keeper of the hardy nothern grapes. The Catawba and even the Delaware are kept, as I assume in cold storage, and put on the market in western New York all through the winter, but I observe there is difficulty in keeping even the Catawba in prime condition for the holidays.

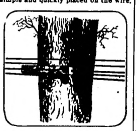


A Good Keeping Variety.

INSULATOR FOR THE TREES

Wood Used Should Be Thoroughly Waterproofed to Prevent Branches From Forming.

Part of the telephone lineman's work consists in keeping the wires clear of trees and their branches, which often afford a good ground. The Morse tree insulator here shown is simple and quickly placed on the wire, says the Popular Electricity. It is a rectangular piece of wood that may be placed on a wire by means of two crosswise grooves deep enough to meet a shallow groove on the face. The wire passes from one crosswise groove along the face groove and out by way of the second groove, the middle of the insulator thus held by the wire bearing against the limb or tree without the use of nails or other fasteners. The wood for the insulator is thoroughly waterproofed.



Tree Insulator.

Quantities of Water.

Consider the kind of plant you are watering. Soft-stemmed kinds, especially those with large leaves, will require much more water than hard-wooded, slow-growing kinds. While the former easily recover from drouth, the hard-wooded suffer permanently from extremes.

The seasons and time of day should also be watched. Plants not in active growth should be watered sparingly until they have regained their foliage. Watering in the evening just before dark greatly aids fungous diseases, as the foliage remains wet through the night.

Figure the Cost.

The orchardist must figure the value of the land per year on which the apples are grown, the cost of pruning, spraying, cultivating, picking and packing, the cost of the barrel and the cost of delivering the barrel in full wagon loads at the nearest railroad station.

Cool the Ashes.

Ashes for fertilizing the grape vine should be cooled before applying them and then they should be so placed that they will not come in contact with the vine itself but rather enter the ground and fertilize the roots.

Spray Apple Orchards.

Apple orchards ought to be sprayed three times a year, and when it comes to taking care of 500 to 1,000 trees it will readily be seen that it is no small undertaking.

PLOWING DEEP FOR ORCHARD

It is of Utmost Importance to Examine Shoots of Young Trees for Harmful Little Borer.

In planting a peach orchard the ground should be plowed deep, followed with a sub-soil plow in the same furrow, the deeper the ground is broken up the better. Before planting, it is of the utmost importance to examine the shoots of the young trees for the borer. Generally nurserymen send out peach trees without taking out the borer. A tree planted with a borer in it is sure to die in a few years, very often in its third year after planting. It puts the beginner in the uncertainty to know what is the cause of the death of his trees. They often look as if they were suffering with the yellows, while it is the borer killing the tree. Two years ago we had three trees that to all appearance had the true yellows. When taking out the trees we found two and three borers in the crotch of the roots where it was impossible to see any signs of a borer.

The trees should be examined every spring and fall, and the borer taken out with the knife.

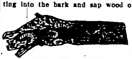
A peach orchard should be started low. The young trees should be cut back when planted from 15 to 24 inches with not a side branch on them. They will put out side branches and make a low, bushy tree for five or six years. After that, they become large and high, bearing fruit almost from the ground to the top of the tree. For the first three years, the new wood should be cut back from a third to one-half. After that it requires not so much cutting back. Only where a leading branch takes possession of the entire growth such a leader should be cut back on a level with the head of the tree. All the dead wood should be taken out after each crop.

FIGHTING THE BORER PEST

Insect Works Injury by Cutting Into Bark and Sap Wood of Tree, Especially Young Ones.

The borer is one of the most serious pests orchardists have to contend with. We have both the round-headed borer in which case the worm or larva is in the wood during parts of three seasons and the flat-headed borer which lives in the trunk of the tree only one season.

The injury done by both is in cutting into the bark and sap wood of the tree, sometimes, especially in the case of young trees, almost entirely girdling them, thus ruining the trees.



Borers in Young Trees.

The methods of fighting both round and flat headed borers are much the same. Two or three methods are available for making the control of borers more easy. In case of older trees, probably the most important method is by mounding, that is heaping up a little mound of earth around the base of the tree. This forces the insect to deposit its eggs higher on the tree so that the worm will be located higher. It is much easier to level this mound of earth down around the tree to find the borer than to have to dig away the soil when it is left level. However, mounding may not be practicable in very stony land. In case of younger trees, the best method is to wrap them with a wood veneer wrapper. And mound a very small amount of earth around these wrappers. This makes it very difficult for the parent of the borer to get its eggs deposited in the trunk of the tree. In sections where the borers are rather numerous, while this practice of wrapping should be followed, it should not be wholly depended upon, but the examining for the borer should also be done. If the wooden wrappers are used it may be necessary to spray inside of them with kerosene emulsion or lime-sulphur for the woolly aphis are apt to accumulate there.

Utility of Mulching.

Strawberry beds in nearly all localities should be mulched in the late fall in order to protect the plants through the winter. In some localities it may not be necessary to mulch, due to sandy soils, a very well-drained soil, or to the fact that the snow forms a continuous blanket during the winter.

Prevent Borers.

In the case of borers as in other insects prevention is always better than a cure. Borers lay two broods a year and the trees should be examined in May and again in the fall, and if any gum is seen at once cut in with a pruning knife and get the larva.

HORTICULTURAL NOTES

The quince is an attractive and profitable fruit.

Storing apples in crates makes it easier to detect rot.

Almost any old time is a good time to spread manure in the orchard.

Styles in apples change almost as regularly as do the styles in hats.

It is immaterial whether the peach tree is dehorned this fall or early next spring.

Nursery trees produce the best of scions for propagation either as grafts or buds.

It pays to scatter a loose mulch over the strawberries after the ground is frozen.

Common window screening makes good protection from rabbits for the young trees.

The outdoor pit would make a fine place to store apples if they did not take on that "earthy" flavor.

Corn stalks or other litter about the trunks of apple trees invite the mice, and girdled trees are the result.

Do not purchase trees from unknown parties, no matter how fine their pictures and their promises.

In planting small fruit plants or vines cover each plant with a small forkful of manure just before winter sets in.

The HOME DEPARTMENT

ALL MOST HARMONIOUS

POINT TO BE REMEMBERED ABOUT DRESS ACCESSORIES.

Ornamental Handbags, for One Thing, Called For by the Season's Styles, May Be Easily and Cheaply Made at Home.

The variations of fashion are nowhere more noticeable than in the accessories of dress. Each season shows a great amount of thought given to the small details which combined produce a perfect costume. The entire effect of a handsome imported gown can be lost if the handbag does not harmonize with it.

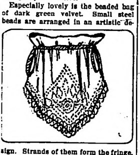
To be strictly modish, one must carry handbags to match each gown. This is an expensive luxury to the woman who has to purchase every article of clothing; but to the clever needlewoman, who is the envy of her less talented sisters, it only means fascinating handwork to be done at odd moments. Many of the most expensive handbags can be duplicated at little expense. Moire, velvet and soft leather, if jeweled, braided or embroidered at home, compare very favorably with those sold in the exclusive shops.

From one of the oldest and best known jewelers on the Rue de la Paix come the attractive models illustrated here.

Old rose velvet is used to fashion the braided bag. The sample design is done with dull gold soutache braid.

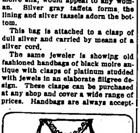
A lining of old gold satin produces a pretty finish to this smart model. If copied in old gold velvet and braided with dull silver, this bag is equally attractive.

Especially lovely is the beaded bag of dark green velvet. Small steel beads are arranged in an artistic design. Strands of them form the fringe. Gray satin is used to line this bag. It is carried with a short but heavy cord of dark green silk. A novelty bag formed of a strip of corbeau-blue moire silk, would appeal to any woman. Silver gray taffeta forms the lining and silver tassels adorn the bottom.



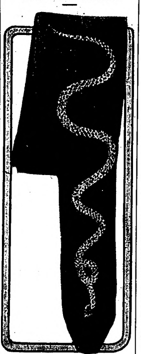
This bag is attached to a clasp of dull silver and carried by means of a silver cord.

The same jeweler is showing old fashioned handbags of black moire antique with clasps of platinum studded with jewels in an elaborate filigree design. These clasps can be purchased at any shop and cover a wide range of prices. Handbags are always acceptable gifts. Any of your friends would appreciate a remembrance of this kind.



Dainty opera and fan bags can be made with little difficulty and furnish delightful work for the woman who enjoys plying her needle.

HAVE SNAKE DESIGNS



(Photo, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.)

Beautiful embroidered evening stockings are now the rage in Paris. The photograph shows Milady's stockings embroidered with a snake. Green and blue beads give the shimmering effect of the twining reptile, while the body is embroidered in olive silk.

TAKE TIME TO REST EYES

Too Close Application to Very Fine Sewing Is Something Always to Be Avoided.

If there is much sewing to do—and at this season of the year there is generally piles of it—the seamstress, dressmaker or mother of a large family, as the case may be, should take care that her eyes are not strained or allowed to become overtired by close application to the stitching of seams, working of buttonholes and the thousand other tasks that are necessary when dressmaking is being done.

For that reason, always be careful, when working on dark materials, to wear a light-colored apron and spread a white cloth on the work table. If you are working by an artificial light, a white cloth on the table will be found to increase the light to an appreciable extent; thus the strain on the eyes will not be so great.

On the other hand, if you are working on white or very light-colored materials, a dark cloth thrown over the lap will reduce the strain on the eyes.

If needles having elongated eyes are used, they will be easier to thread than those with round eyes. When the eyes become very tired, you will find relief in looking out of the window at a distant view, or at a picture at a distant view, or ashrdhrdlhriuu of a landscape that has distance in it—down a long road shaded with overhanging trees or over the hills to distant mountains.

Leaning the head back against the chair and covering the eyes with a cold compress will often relieve eyestrain and eye headache, which is the result of sewing on fine materials or intricate stitchery in fine lace making where the crochet hook is used.

Take care of your eyes; they are your best friends, for what would you do if you should lose your sight?"

FURS ELABORATE AND RICH

Season's Styles Call for an Expenditure That Is a Strain on the Pocket Book.

Never within recollection have we faced more cheerfully the prospect of warmer clothes, for furs are so attractive this season that we welcome cold weather. Ermine cloaks trimmed with narrow lines of skunk or bear prove quite singularly seductive, while among the less hardy type of wrap much significant emphasis is laid on a mingling of broche velvet, mousseline de soie and fur.

Several very sensational efforts, too, have been launched in fur fitments, but so far the Parisienne does not seem to favor the merely fur trimmed muff, brobdingnagian affairs in costly skins appealing to them as more luxuriously impressive. Among the novelties is a deep cape of pelerine of fur, with one long stole end to be flung over the shoulder at will.

A notably strong feeling also obtains for flat, square or round collars of fur as a permanent equipment to habillee costume coats, while anything resembling a Directoire cut exacts the up and down collar, opening in front, an adjunct that works out with particular success in such pelts as ermine, sable and broadtail.

VOGUE OF THE SHIRTWAIST

Original and Becoming Designs Mark the Work, Which Shows Excellence of Designers.

The shirt which is worn with the tailor-made of today is very smart, very original and very becoming, and lovely designs have been evolved, even in the face of the fact that the two-piece suit, consisting of a gown with coat to match, is still immensely popular.

Among the materials which are utilized for these shirts fashion does not discard the homeliest ingredients.

For instance, there is Berlin wool, which is masquerading is a manner which is entirely different to the role it used to play in the days when our grandmothers spent hour after hour at their embroidery frames evolving gaily hued parrots and cabbage roses, for the decoration of walnut wood chairs and sofas.

The ground work of a shirt treated in this fashion is of tulle—fine, clear and soft—and this is covered with an irregular and slightly conventional work design made of darned work for which the white Berlin wool in question is used. The darning is, however, very close and very neat, the outlines being sharp and clear cut. A very striking contrast is afforded by a tiny turned-down collar of black charmeuse, a similar bit of the material forming the cuff, while there is besides a small vest of mousseline de sole set in narrow plaits, and the front is punctuated by a serried row of cut jet buttons.

Another and even more beautiful shirt was carried out in white chiffon, with a motif all over it worked in rich bright gold thread.

Rustic Jardinieres.

Artistic in appearance and a pleasing relief from china and pottery are rustic jardinieres. They are made of wood, with the bark left on the outside, but nicely polished within. Some are covered with birch bark, and among them is a group of odd shaped ones filled with very natural looking "make believe" autumn foliage, any one of which would make a stunning effect in a dining room or hall.

This is a Duke's Mixture Umbrella

Whatever way you smoke Duke's Mixture it is delightfully satisfying. Everywhere it is the choice of men who want real, natural tobacco.

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

In each 5c sack there are one *and a half* ounces of choice Virginia and North Carolina tobacco—pure, mild, rich—best sort of granulated tobacco. Enough to make many good, satisfying smokes—any way you want to use it. And with each sack you get a present coupon free.

Get an Umbrella Free

The coupons can be exchanged for all sorts of valuable presents. The list includes not only smokers' articles—but many desirable presents for women and children—umbrellas, cameras, toilet articles, tennis rackets, catcher's gloves and masks, etc.

During December and January only we will send our illustrated catalogue of presents FREE to any address. Ask for it on a postal, today.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES *(10c-tin double coupon)*, PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

Duke's Mixture
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
Durham, N.C.

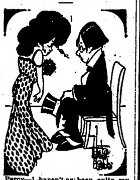
SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

For **PINK EYE** DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES

Cures the sick and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy; 50c and $1 a bottle; $5 and $10 a dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent, express paid, by the manufacturers.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, GOSHEN, INDIANA

COULDN'T BE WORSE.



Percy—I haven't-aw-been quite myself of late, you know.

Kitty—Indeed? I hadn't noticed any improvement.

RASH ON FACE FOR 2 YEARS

Sioux Falls, S. D.—"My trouble of skin disease started merely as a rash on my face and neck, but it grew and kept getting worse until large scabs would form, fester and break. This was just on the one side of my face, but it soon scattered to the other side. I suffered a great deal, especially at night, on account of its itching and burning. I would scratch it and of course that irritated it very much. This rash was on my face for about two years, sometimes breaking out lots worse and forming larger sores. It kept me from sleeping day or night for a couple of months. My face looked disgraceful and I was almost ashamed to be seen by my friends.

"A friend asked me to try Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. I would bathe my face with hot water and a lot of Cuticura Soap, then I would put on the Cuticura Ointment. In less than two days' time, the soreness and inflammation had almost entirely disappeared, and in four weeks' time you could not see any of the rash. Now my face is without a spot of any kind. I also use them for my scalp and hair. They cured me completely." (Signed) Miss Pansy Hutchins, Feb. 6, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Gives Him a Chance to Pursue.

"The best way for a girl to catch a man is by running away from him."

"That's right, there's no danger of her beating him out in a hobble skirt."

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 50-1912.

I WANT TO BUY TURKEYS CHICKENS DUCKS GEESE GUINEAS AT TOP PRICES FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT

WRITE ME FOR SPECIAL CASH PRICES

REMEMBER: WE CHARGE YOU NO COMMISSION

WANT YOUR CREAM HIGHEST TWIN CITY PRICES PAID

R. E. COBB
100 EAST 3D STREET
ST. PAUL, MINN.

160 ACRE FARMS in WESTERN CANADA FREE

Get a Canadian Home
In Western Canada's
Free Homestead Area

THE PROVINCE OF **Manitoba**

has several New Homesteading Districts that afford rare opportunity to secure 160 acres of excellent agricultural land FREE.

For Grain Growing and Cattle Raising

this province has no superior and in profitable agriculture shows an unbroken period of over a quarter of a Century.

Perfect climate; good markets; railways convenient; soil the very best, and social conditions most desirable.

Vacant lands adjacent to Free Homesteads may be purchased and also in the older districts lands can be bought at reasonable prices.

For further particulars write to
R. A. GARRETT,
315 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

Canadian Government Agents, or address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

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Trains young men and women for high class business positions.

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NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

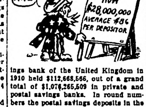
Navy to Test Battleships With Corrugated Hulls

WASHINGTON.—Corrugated battleships will be the subject of tests this winter by Naval Constructor David W. Taylor, on duty in the bureau of construction and repair, in the naval testing tank at the Washington yard. Four vessels for the merchant service have been built in England on this plan. Two outward curves, 23 inches deep, run the length of the ships between the load line and the bilge. Between the convex curves is a concave surface of equal depth. This partial application of the tube principle greatly increases the strength of the hull. So much strength is added that the stringer plates may be dispensed with. This increases the space available for bulk cargo. In addition, however, it is said that the corrugated hull saves fuel and lessens the effect of waves on the steadiness of the ship.

English reports indicate that a corrugated hull will save 16 per cent. in fuel over the cost of driving a smooth hull of equal displacement. Two models, of equal weight and dimensions, each about twenty feet long, will be constructed here, one with a corrugated and the other with a plain hull. Each will be attached to the traveling crane which spans the experimental tank at the Washington navy yard, and the resistance of the models to the water when pulled at a given rate of speed will be accurately registered on the delicate gauges attached to the crane. If the corrugated hull presents less resistance to the water the fact will be instantly indicated on the gauges. No vessel of this type has yet been constructed in this country. The first corrugated vessel was built in England in 1909.

Capt. G. S. Macllwaine of the British navy, recently asked the admiralty to make a test of corrugated ships. He spent a month on the Baltic in a ship in which the ordinary stiff bilge keel is replaced by a keel bearing deep horizontal corrugations. His observations convince him that the corrugated ship is vastly superior to the ordinary type in strength, stability, speed and carrying capacity. Captain Macllwaine claimed that the idea of the corrugated ship was worked out by Arthur H. Haver, a naval architect. The seventh vessel of the kind to come into existence is now being built for Norway. The British officer says that a corrugated vessel is carried about twenty per cent. further with the same amount of coal than a plain ship of similar dimensions. This in a warship means either increase in effective range or increase of armor, armament, etc.

Postal Deposit Savings Show Average of $86


FINE
POSTAL SAVINGS NOW $28,000,000 AVERAGE $86 PER DEPOSITOR

POSTMASTER General Frank H. Hitchcock made public the other day the latest available figures showing that the deposits in postal savings depositories have now reached the sum of $28,000,000. The system was inaugurated January 3, 1911, but most of the deposits have been made within the last year.

The deposits represent 290,000 individuals, making an average of $86 per depositor. The system is now operated in 12,772 postoffices, in every one of the forty-eight states, including 644 branch postoffices.

According to the figures compiled by the controller of the currency the total amount of the deposits in the savings banks of the country in 1911 was $4,212,583,598. This amount was deposited in 1,884 banks by 9,794,647 individual depositors, and the average savings bank account for each depositor was $430.09. Comparison of these statistics shows that the average amount held by each savings bank depositor was about five times the average amount held by each postal savings bank depositor.

According to the report of the controller of the currency, the postal savings bank of the United Kingdom in 1910 held $112,668,566, out of a grand total of $1,076,265,509 in private and postal savings banks. In round numbers the postal savings deposits in the United States are about one-half of one per cent. of the combined deposits in postal depositories and savings banks, while in the United Kingdom the postal savings constitute about 1½ per cent. of the combined deposits in private and postal savings banks.

In France, according to the latest available figures, the postal savings in 1909 aggregated $316,456,866, or an average of about $57 for each depositor.

Postmaster General Hitchcok's figures show that 7,357 banks have qualified to receive postal savings funds.

Army Officers on Detached Duty to Be Removed

ARMY OFFICERS MUST RETURN TO THEIR REGIMENTS

IT is now estimated at the war department that more than 60 per cent. of all army officers now on detached service will have to be removed from their present posts at once, owing to legislation by congress during the last session. This means that more than half of the officers now serving as military attaches at American legations and embassies abroad, as instructors in the military academy at West Point, as instructors in the Army Service schools, as instructors of state militia organizations and as instructors in various military academies in foreign military schools will be ordered back to their regiments.

The law, as one officer put it, is "excessively mandatory," inasmuch as it requires that any officer responsible for a failure to obey it to the full shall forfeit his pay and allowances. Consequently every officer who has not served at least two of the last six years in command of troops will have to return to his regiment before December 15. It has also been found by the law officers of the war department that about a third more of the officers on detached service will have to be removed within six months. A large number of officers on detached duty in Washington are caught pretty severely by this order.

It is said that there are officers who have not been with their commands for years, as they have had pull enough to keep them in easy jobs here in Washington, where they can do their stunts and not half try, and fill in the rest of the time doing society acts.

Washington society without its army and navy officers is mighty slow. There has always been feminine influence to keep plenty of the young men on detached duty in Washington. Of course, this order of congress is obligatory.

Spanish Minister Rejoices in Fifty Suits, Etc.

IT was stated in an authetic quarter the other day that the Spanish minister, Senor Don Juan Riano, has 50 suits of clothes and a correspondingly large number of accessories. Spacious and perfectly equipped quarters are required to accommodate this wardrobe, and in selecting the new legation special attention was paid to this feature.

The present legation, in New Hampshire avenue, has commodious dressing rooms and closets for each suite, but such an outfit as Senor Riano's in order to be easily handled and accessible has to have a room to itself, and, if possible, one built for the purpose.

The garments are classified, and that they may be easily found an inventory is fastened on the door. According to the most advanced authorities "wet" and "dry" rooms are necessary for the complete wardrobe. The "wet" room removes the creases and takes the place of sponging; the "dry" room hardens the costume in the lines it has taken.

Whether Senor Riano's new home is provided with all these comforts is not known, but that every means has been adopted to keep the minister the "best dressed man in town," as he was considered in Paris when connected with the Spanish embassay there, is certain.

And it may be mentioned in this connection that as much care is exercised in the selection and proper preservation of the so-called "accessories" as in the actual suits. These "accessories" include many articles of personal adornment little known to the ordinary man, but are considered absolutely necessary in mind of the Spanish Don. Of course, under this head, may be considered first, the very latest in hats, gloves and ties.

Her Reason.

"Did you struggle when he tried to kiss you?"

"No, mamma."

"But why did you not?"

"Why, mamma, you ought to know from his appearance that he isn't very strong."

Remarkable, Indeed.

"How well Mr. and Mrs. Grasswid seem to get along together."

"Yes, it is quite remarkable, the more so because she wears a necklace that was presented to her by her first husband and he keeps a picture of his first wife in his watch case."

Improved Incandescent Lamp.

Incandescent lamps in which the filaments are in the form of an inverted cone have been found to give one-fifth more light than those of the same size in which filaments form cylinders.

Telephones in Theaters.

On the back of each seat of a new London theater there will be coin in the slot telephones to enable persons with defective hearing to listen to what is being said on the stage.

MICHIGAN FOOTBALL PLAYERS GIVEN "M'S."

Captain George C. Thompson

Seventeen members of the Michigan football squad have been awarded "M's" by the university athletic committee. All but five of the members are residents of Michigan. The list follows: Captain George C. Thompson, Cadillac, Mich.; Clement Quinn and O. C. Carpell, Saginaw, Mich.; James R. Craig, R. H. Torbet, George C. Paterson and James W. Raynesford, Detroit; Miller H. Pontius, Circleville, Ohio; H. H. Huebel and W. H. Collette, Menominee, Mich.; Ernest Almendinger, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Michael Boyle, Duluth, Minn.; Charles Barton, Louisville, Ky.; Thomas Bushnell, Cleveland, Ohio; E. E. Hughitt, Escanaba, Mich.; James C. Musser, Akron, Ohio, and William Cole, Cedar Springs, Mich.

ATTELL'S START AS FIGHTER

Began Career as "Tough Kid" in Streets of San Francisco—Made $200,000 as Pugilist.

Abe Attell is "down and out" in the parlance of the prize ring, according to those experts who witnessed his last two decisive defeats. Judging from his performances in these encounters, he can't "come back," in the opinion of those same experts. It is said he is inclined to feel a little that way himself.

But Abe is a philosopher, if nothing else. He reviewed his fourteen years of fighting the other day. Until he was vanquished by Kilbane Abe was featherweight champion of the world. He has fought over 250 times.

He has fought more champions than any other man now in the ring, and has defended his title every time a 122-pound man could get the offer of a purse and suggested his complicity.

Abe Attell.

He has fought perhaps 3,000 rounds in all.

He does not use tobacco in any form, nor has he ever tipped the goblet. He is twenty-eight years old.

"It's been a pretty good game," he said, reflectively. "Of course I'm kind of sore when I think of all the money I've let get away from me.

"Four of us began together in San Francisco," he continued. "There were Jimmy Britt and Eddie Hanlon and Frankie Neil and myself. We were all kids together, fighting preliminaries about the same time. The others are all done for now. I'm the only one that's left in the ring."

A little later he recollected that his ring career had netted him something more than $200,000. He began as a "tough kid" in the San Francisco streets. He is a bit proud of that early record, too.

"So," said Attell, "by and by a kid would come to my mother's store—or mebbe he'd meet me in the street and call me a 'Jew,' or we'd catch him in the alley, and then I'd murder him."

The process of "murdering" kids was helpful to his shoulder muscles, but began to disturb the neighbors.

"So my mother had me sent away to a reform school," said Abe, "and I stayed there for fifteen months. When I got back I remember all the kids around on the street yelling 'Abie's home.' I said I'd be good. But one of the kids I used to murder—his name was Wires—had been fighting preliminaries, and he had won twenty-nine straight fights. All the kids told me to go in and clean him. Alex. Greggains used to pay $15 for preliminary fights then.

"By and by some of the kids went to Greggains and told him they had a kid who could lick any of his prelim fighters. One of 'em said he was my manager, and Greggains made a match right away with Eddie Lenny.

"I won that fight without a scratch and I gave the $15 to my ma. Every time I won—and I won thirty-four fights straight with a knockout—I gave her my dough."

Billiardist Believes in Himself.

Melbourne Inman, the present champion English style billiard player, is expected back in London soon from his visit to Australia. He is reported willing to give any English player 1,000 points in a match of 18,000 for a bet of $500 up to $1,250 a side.

Walsh's Big Feat.

Ed Walsh, the big reel, who is said to be the greatest twirler of today, pitched 403 1-3 innings this season. He allowed 347 hits, which is less than one per inning.

FIGHTERS NOW LACK PUNCH

Few of Modern Pugilists Possess Sufficient Force in Their Blows to Produce Knockout.

Few fighters of the present day are gifted with the "punch," say experts of the game. The boxers either spar for time and drag along for draw decisions or the sporting world must be forced to the conclusion that there is a dearth of battlers of old of the type of Nelson in his prime, Fitzsimmons, McGovern and Ketchell. This trio, especially Fitz and Ketchell, had wallops like kicks from a mule.

Billy Papke of Kewanee, a contemporary of Ketchell, is still living, to be sure, and only recently defeated Carpenter, champion middleweight of France, but Papke at his best is only a shadow of the husky lad who gave Ketchell the battles of his life.

Johnny Kilbane has yet to demonstrate that he possesses the punch, and Wolgast is dabbling around in limit contests without handling his opponents the K. O. potions.

Fighters must have the wallop to make the greatest successes and shine as drawing cards like Battling Nelson, Joe Gans, Stanley Ketchell, Fitzsimmons and Jeffries.

In the heavyweight division there is not one fighter of class who deserves to eat the crumbs from the table of the old timers so far as real fighting ability is concerned. Old speckled Bob Fitzsimmons might clean out the whole bunch in a single night were he in his prime.

There is no pugilist who is to the fight game what Frank Gotch is to wrestling. Had Gotch been a prize fighter, instead of a grappler, he might have remained the champion of the world for many years. He has speed, endurance, weight, strength and a wonderful brain. He would have raised the level of pugilism just as he has elevated wrestling.

Notes of Sportdom

Wolgast rather than saw off a leg, will tackle the welter weights.

Joe Wood of the Red Sox is bugs on aeroplanes and talks of buying one.

It was announced some time ago that Chick Evans would retire from golf for business.

Rube Marquard's advertising may boost him in vaudeville, but not in advanced baseball.

It looks as if Oscar Vitt will take care of the third base corner for the Tigers next season.

Ralph Works, the further Detroit pitcher, will draw salary from Garry Herrmann next season.

Joe Jackson, says a report, is the first holdout, but Felix Chouinard may assert he had a scoop on that.

Hal Chase, the great first baseman, may never play baseball again. He has started to play basket ball.

Packey McFarland said he might retire, but goes right on training for fear something might turn up.

Jack Powell and Jimmy Stephens of the Browns are going to get the can next spring, according to reports.

Spanking may prove effective as a punishment for nonthinking football plays, but it wouldn't do in baseball. It has been tried and failed.

Sterrett, the Princeton man who finished the season with the New York Americans, says if Tol Pendleton should turn "pro" he will join the Yankees.

Harry Wolverton will get a big salary for a minor league manager as leader of the Sacramento club in the Pacific Coast league, according to reports.

Looks as if Eddie Plank was going after the record held by Cy Young—that of being the grand old man of the pitching world. Eddie broke into the game eleven years ago and has been a winner ever since.

PLANS FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

Congress of International Committee Called for Meeting at Lausanne —Standardize Events.

A special congress of the international Olympic committee has been called for the first week of next May and the location announced is Lausanne, Switzerland. The conclave will have for its main object the reconstruction of the present Olympic program and it is understood that the events selected will become standard for all future games. This congress is being organized by a special committee composed of the leading professional men of Lausanne and the Swiss confederation has signified its intention of giving a helping hand to entertain the visitors.

Not alone will the program of the games be discussed at length, but there will be a number of interesting papers read on the psychology and physiology of the sport in all its aspects. The nations wishing to offer suggestions as to the events will have to do so two months in advance, and these will have to be in the form of a manuscript, which can be in the language of the country offering the suggestion. Should a man in making the suggestion not wish to use his own language, he will have the option of using English. No paper must exceed 3,000 words. Arthur I. Ireland of 45 Avenue D'Ouchy, Lausanne, will have charge of all communications and he will furnish information about the congress, the papers to be submitted, and the general routine of business.

It is proposed to drop some of the events seen in the games at Stockholm and the general rules of competition are to be overhauled. The Greeks, who expected to hold their games in 1914 at Athens, are out to include putting the stone, unlimited run and follow, and the Greek style of throwing the discus. There is a unanimous feeling that the ambidextrous contests with the javelin, discus and 16-pound shot, inaugurated by the Swedes, should be relegated.

The English delegates will submit a new code to govern the starting of all races, the vital point being that there will be a penalty for a break. They will request the revival of the 400-meter hurdle race, and for the hammer to be the old style inplement—that is, a wooden handle and iron head.

BROCKETT IS A HARD HITTER

Buffalo Twirler Finished Season With Batting Average of .317—Played in Seventeen Games.

Contrary to the general run of things, Pitcher Brockett of Buffalo is a hard hitter. In the seventeen games he played with Buffalo last season he secured a batting average of .317 in thirty-eight times at bat. Three of his hits were for two bases and one for three. Brockett also did well as a pitcher, getting an average of .500.

Pitcher Brockett.

Comiskey Cried.

Owner Comiskey, of the White Sox, says the bitterest moment of his life was back in the middle of the '70s, when he was attending school at St. Mary's, Kan. "I picked up the papers and noticed the old Chicago White Stockings had been beaten three straight in a series with St. Louis," says Commy. "I had venerated and loved every man of that team, and I remember I couldn't sleep that night. I actually cried in my bitterness of spirit. I've had many a hard fight since then, but never have I felt so badly as when those grand White Stockings lost. It was like an idol being crushed."

Kraenzlein Gets New Job.

Announcement was made the other day that Dr. Alvin C. Kraenzlein of Milwaukee, who is now abroad, has closed a contract with German athletic organizations to take charge of the German athletes who will enter the 1916 Olympic games. The kaiser believes that with American methods German athletes can wrest athletic supremacy from the United States, and has backed the securing of Kraenzlein for the post.

Kraenzlein to Go Abroad.

Alvin Kraenzlein, former coach of the University of Michigan track team, who is one of the greatest all-round athletes ever developed in America, will spend two years abroad. It is possible he may sign to coach some of the European athletes in preparation for the 1916 Olympic games in Berlin.

Changes in Baltimore.

Manager Jack Dunn of the Baltimore International league team has asked waivers on several of his players. He has notified the other clubs in the league that waivers have been asked on Pitchers Lefty Smith, Barney Pelty and Shortstop Roxey Roach

IN THE LIMELIGHT

STARTS PLAN FOR MODEL DANCE HALLS

"The supervised dance hall is a paying proposition."

This is the verdict of Mrs. Charles H. Israels, who is known by reputation to every dancing hall proprietor in New York. As chairman of the committee of amusement resources for working girls, Mrs. Israels has made a detailed study of the dance hall problem for the last four years. With a committee of seventeen, she has investigated dance halls of every type and in every district; she has secured legislation resulting in the dance hall license act of 1910, and as an evidence of her belief that the supervised dance can be made to pay she has started plans for a series of model dance halls in all the larger eastern cities.

Mrs. Israels and her committee are at present making vigorous efforts to drive the "turkey trot" and its popular companions from the field and substitute a less objectionable style of dancing, but the popularity of those figures makes the task difficult.

"If the public could be made to realize," said Mrs. Israels, "that a large share of the amusement available for young girls of the poorer classes in New York city, a great army of them, is in the hands of organized gangs, the importance of the problem would be brought home to them. I am not just now emphasizing the organized white slave traffic in its relation to the dance hall; that evil is well known and obvious. But considered apart from that situation, as much so as it can be, the plan which the organized gang occupies in this system of dance halls is a pretty large and serious one.

"I have been working, especially during the past year, to trace out and put my finger on these gangs. A few gangs run hundreds of public dances."

PERU'S PRESIDENT OF ENGLISH DESCENT

Doubtless with a view to the opening of the Panama Canal no country in western South America is doing a finer stunt of advertising that Peru, with an immense coast line on the Pacific ocean extending from Ecuador on the north to Bolivia and the aggressive state of Chili on the south. The new trade opportunities should be of great interest to Pittsburgh.

Peruvian newspapers have just arrived giving an account of the inauguration of Guillermo Eduardo Billinghurst as president of the Peruvian republic, and it is something of a story in view of the near inauguration of another president of the United States. While President Billinghurst is a native Peruvian, having been born at Ario in 1851, he is a scion of one of the oldest real English families, tracing his lineage to Adam de Billinghurst, who was given a manor of that name by William the Conqueror. While native to the country, he is the first Englishman to be elected to a presidency in any of the Latin republics. This has been a matter of comment to some extent, but the story of the inauguration has had no more than a passing mention in papers outside of Peru.

It was a "halcyon and vociferous occasion." President Leguia had resigned his office, and the Anglo-Peruvian, Billinghurst, with another Leguia, Roberto E., as first vice-president, and Miguel Echenique as second vice-president, were elected. That is the Peruvian provision for succession, and two vice-presidents have at times been necessary in that country, used to war alarms, but now growing more peaceful every year. The grandfather of Billinghurst was a distinguished officer in the British army, who in some rather inexplicable way fought for the independence of Argentina. His son, the father of the present president, remained in South America, and that explains the nativity of the president, Billinghurst, the most remarkable name that has been connected with high office in any of what are called the "Latin republics," Latin only as being given a local habitation and a name.

CALLS CHINA A NEW UNITED STATES

"So many of us Chinese republicans, graduates of American colleges, are Americans through and through, that, in the intervals of fighting against the imperialists at Nanking, we actually discussed football like any other American college men."

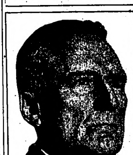
So says Ching-Chun Wang, M. A., Ph. D., Yale '08, veteran of the battles that overthrew the oldest empire in the world, now back in this country as a member of the fifth international congress of chambers of commerce, held in Boston. Also, he is associate director of the Peking-Mukden railway. A man of many titles—titles hard to remember. But there is no difficulty in remembering Dr. Wang's words when he talks about the new China. He is an enthusiast, a sayer of startling things, a describer of conditions that you would not imagine possible in the phlegmatic east, a prophet of the fire of his enthusiasm, still appear so nearly incredible as to make you gasp.

"The new China is a new United States," he declares; and he certainly makes plenty of convincing statements to prove his contention. In the province of railroading alone he shows a China that mighty few people ever dreamed could be evolved—a China playing the role of apostle of progress, complaining bitterly because Japan, a backward nation, is thwarting Chinese plans for the betterment of Manchuria. China progressive!—Japan retrogressive! A huge bite for us of the west to swallow—for us, who have always looked upon China as the perfect type of the "stick-in-the-mud," on Japan as the land whose every step is forward.

We rub our eyes. We ask, "Isn't it a dream?"

Apparently not. To Dr. Wang the new China, the United States of the far east, is anything but a dream.

JOHN SINGLETON MOSBY REPORTED ILL



News from Washington of the serious illness of Col. John S. Mosby brings into prominence again one of the few remaining prominent officers of the army of the Confederacy. Colonel Mosby stood in the front rank of Confederate raiders in the Civil War, being particularly harassing in the 1864 campaign of General Sheridan in the Shenandoah valley which ended with his brilliant victory at Cedar Creek. There was a long line of communication to be guarded from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry and then down the valley, and from Washington by way of Manassas and Front Royal. Colonel Mosby devoted himself to breaking these lines and raiding his enemy's forces wherever possible. No one else in the army was so anathematized as was he. That such a rebel against the government could not only have escaped with his life after the surrender, but should actually later have been appointed to office under the government he sought to destroy, will always be one of the marvels of history. For his case was unlike that of Lee and his generals. It was persistently maintained that he was a lawless, barbarous raider, who violated the laws of war and of humanity, and it was generally known that if he had been captured he would speedily have been hanged.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

18 CORPORATIONS HOLD 25 BILLIONS

FINANCIAL STRENGTH OF COUNTRY RESTS IN THE HANDS OF 180 MONEY KINGS.

MORGAN PRIME FIGURE.

Takes Stand for a Short Time—Confirms Data Prepared By Members of the Morgan House.

Washington, Dec. 19.—Eighteen trust companies, three of them Chicago institutions, control, through interlocking directorates of 134 concerns, $25,325,000,000 of the capital of the country invested in industrial, transportation and general financial enterprises. These interlocking directorates consist of 180 men.

Charts Introduced.

Such is the report of 30 statistical experts, which, backed with a vast array of maps and charts, was made public at yesterday's session of the house committe investigating the so-called "money trust." The invetigation suddenly reached its larger phase—that dealing with "concentration and credits"—and the biggest frog in the financial pool, J. Pierpont Morgan, was there waiting for his own turn as a witness while the charts were being explained and the figures reeled off by Lawrence Scudder, the committee's accountant.

Mr. Morgan sat for nearly an hour listening to the mass of statistics which Mr. Untermyer and the committee was piling up concerning the colossal financial operations of leading New York, Chicago and Boston institutions through so-called interlocking directorates. Mr. Morgan heard his own name and that of his firm referred to many times as tables were presented showing the affiliations of that concern with many other banks, trust companies, transportation and industrial corporations.

Morgan Unmoved.

He appeared to be unmoved throughout it all, sitting surrounded by a number of his business associates, relatives and legal representatives, including J. P. Morgan, Jr., his son, and Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, his daughter.

The examination of Mr. Morgan was just reaching a point where it might have become interesting, and perhaps sensational when the adjourament was taken.

Rapid Series of Questions.

Mr. Untermyer conducted the examination of Mr. Morgan, asking a rapid series of questions to bring out the general standing of the firm of J. P. Morgan and company, its branch connections in this country and abroad and its affiliation with many other financial institutions.

The preliminary examination has brought out no clashes, Mr. Morgan responding promptly to the various queries or calling for data.

He confirmed data prepared by members of the Morgan house, showing that 64 accounts with the Morgan firm in January last had depoits of $68,113,000 and that 78 accounts on Nov. 1 had deposits of $81,968,000.

The total capital, surplus and funded debt of these depositors, Mr. Untermyer stated, was $9,765,000,000.

J. P. Morgan appeared in the elaborate tables and charts presented earlier in the day as the dominating figure among the group of New York, Chicago and Boston financiers, who, as it is designed to show, constitute the power that controls a great part of the wealth of the country.

Three Chicago banks, listed with the New York and Boston institutions, are the First National, the Continental and Commercial National and the Illinois Trust & Savings. Their affiliations represent $20,726,000,000.

The 18 banks and trust companies named, through firm members and directors numbering 180, hold in the aggregate 385 directorships in 41 banks and trust companies, having total resources of $3,382,000,000, and total deposits of $2,834,000,000; 50 directorships in 11 insurance companies, having total assets of $2,646,000; 155 directorships in 31 railroad systems, having a total capitalization of $12,193,000,000, and a total mileage of 163,200; six directorships in two express companies and four directorships in one steamship company, with a combined capital of $245,000,000 and gross income of $97,000,000; 98 directorships in 28 producing and trading corporations, having a total of $3,583,000,000 and a total gross annual earning in excess of $1,145,000,000, and 48 directorships in 19 public utility corporations, having a total capitalization of $2,826,000,000 and total gross annual earnings in excess of $428,000,000; in all, 746 directorships in 134 corporations, having total resources or capitalization of $25,325,000,000.

Job Under Dead Man's Name.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—John Gallagher died last April, but not until Wednesday did city officials discover that another man had been holding a municipal position under Gallagher's name. Then "Gallagher" was discharged. He explained that he was at Gallagher's house last April when notice came that the dead man was eligible, by virtue of having passed a civil service examination, to a city position. Seeing no harm in taking a dead man's job, he assumed the name of Gallagher. He had worked every day since.

EDWARD L. CORNELIUS

Edward L. Cornelius is the new sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate. He succeeded the late D. M. Ransdell, whose assistant he had been for several years.

BUT 3 SUFFRAGETTES LEFT

REACH PEEKSKILL AFTER WALKING 12 MILES IN RAIN.

Reinforcements Promised for Today—27 Have Fallen by the Wayside.

Peekskill, N. Y., Dec. 19.—"Pilgrims three." That is all that was left of the suffragette army of 34 that started on Monday from New York to carry a message to Albany to give Governor Sulzer on his inauguration day.

The trio, Miss Rosalie G. Jones, commander; Mrs. Ida Craft and Miss Levana Dock, trooped into this city shortly before 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Three of the six marchers who "bivouacked" Tuesday night in Ossining deserted yesterday morning, but protested the drizzling rain, which soaked the dust of the Albany post road into soft rich mud, had nothing to do with their decision to abandon the march.

Telegrams and letters promising reinforcements from New York brought courage to the hearts of the remaining trio, when hungry, wet, mud-bespattered and footsore, they reached headquarters here after trudging 12 miles in four hours. At least there will be one more marcher in the ranks today, for Mrs. Jessie Hardy Stubbs, who took temporary leave of her comrades, rejoined them.

Wednesday's was a forced march because it was found that there was no food to be obtained on the way, and for the first time the "army" tramped to its destination without stopping to rest. The journey was an almost continual ovation. Automobiles tooted their horns and passersby of both sexes shouted words of encouragement. At least a score of male wayfarers, importuned for their opinion on woman's suffrage, promised their votes in favor of the cause. Two miles out of Peekskill the marchers were met and escorted into the city by local suffragettes and a lone policeman.

Today's hike will be 16 miles to Fishkill, the longest march of the journey thus far.

Power and Rail Corporations Merged.

Dover, Del., Dec. 19.—The California Railway and Power company, with a capital of $60,000,000, was chartered here by a charter agency. The purpose of the company, as indicated by the article of the incorporation, is to take over the United Railroads of San Francisco, Sierra and San Francisco Power company, the Coast Valleys Gas and Electric company and the San Francisco Electric railways. The concern will maintain offices in New York and San Francisco.

Torney Reappointed Surgeon General.

Washington, Dec. 19. — President Taft has decided to reappoint George H. Torney surgeon general of the army.

Literacy Test Bill Passed.

Washington, Dec. 19.—The Burnett-Dillingham immigration bill required as a perquisite to admission that all aliens over 16 years old must be able to read and write in their native language, passed the house by a vote of 178 to 52.

Mute Kills Starving Wife.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 19.—Driven insane, the police say, by hunger and poverty, John Magelo, a mute, shot and killed his deaf and dumb wife, Mary, in their home here.

TO TEST NEW CURE FOR TUBERCULOSIS

MINISTERS OF SWEDEN AND URUGUAY TO INVESTIGATE FRIEDMANN'S DISCOVERY.

A LIVING BACILLI IS USED

Minister Takes Patient to Berlin For a Practical Test of What Purports to Be a Marvel.

Berlin, Dec. 19.—Following the public clinic conducted by Dr. Friedmann, discoverer of a reputed cure and preventive for tuberculosis, the governments of Sweden and Uruguay officially recognized the Friedmann method to the extent of conducting investigations.

Is Being Tested.

Minister Masson of Uruguay stated that he was investigating the Friedmann living bacilli for tuberculosis at the instance of his government. The daughter of the president of Uruguay is a consumptive and it is said here that she will be treated by Dr. Friedmann, should the report of Minister Masson be favorable.

Count Tauble, the Swedish minister, said that he was prepared to give the Friedmann treatment a practical test and for that purpose has caused a tubercular patient to be brought from Stockholm.

Other Prominent Arrivals.

A prominent specialist from Santiago, Chile, and a well known Russian physician from St. Petersburg are among arrivals who came to investigate the Friedmann discovery.

NOMINATION FIGHT ON.

Democrats Prevent Session for Confirmation of Taft Appointments.

Washington, Dec. 19. — The long threatened fight in the senate over the confirmation of President Taft's nominations for office has broken, and in the first skirmish the Democrats were successful in preventing an executive session demanded by Senator Cullom (Republican). The results of the encounter are uncertain but the Republicans threaten to continue efforts to secure an executive session for action on the scores of appointments now pending.

A Democratic caucus early in the day at which the Democrats agreed to permit the confirmation only of army and navy appointments, paved the way for the fight on the floor. In the midst of a speech by Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, Senator Cullom, who refused to accept the ultimatum of the Democrats, made a demand for an executive session.

The Democrats filibustered against the motion, rushing out into the cloakroom on the roll call to break a quorum, and succeeded in delaying action until the court of impeachment convened for the Archbald trial. Republican leaders said they would continue to demand that all appointments be treated in executive session on their merits.

CIGARS AS WEAPONS.

Fights Pack of Wolves with Perfectos.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 19.—John Bergman of Palmer, Minn., tells of an attack by wolves Tuesday night. With only four cigars as weapons he successfully held a wolf pack at bay until assistance came from the camp where he is employed. He went to Palmer on the afternoon train Tuesday and was walking to the camp in the dusk. He saw wolves cross the road in front of him and then the pack began to close in. Lighting four cigars, he jabbed the lighted ends at the wolves, only stopping long enough to puff the perfectos to keep them glowing. When he finally came within hailing distance of the camp he was exhausted. Men ran out with guns and the wolves fled.

Chinese Women Rescued.

San Francisco, Dec. 19.—Locked in steel cells in a dark evil-smelling Chinese building, United States immigration officials in a spectacular raid found five Chinese women who recently had been smuggled in from the Orient and arrested two men. The entire local staff of the immigration officers battered down steel doors at the entrance of the building. Pitch darkness greeted the officers, access to each floor was gained by a trap door reached by a ladder.

To Resume Negotiations.

London, Dec. 19.—The nature of the decision which the Turkish government arrived at is not known, but is to be such as to enable the peace conference to resume its deliberations.

Will Carleton Dead.

New York, Dec. 19.—Will Carleton, the poet, newspaper man and lecturer, is dead at his home in Brooklyn, of pneumonia, after a short illness. Mr. Carleton was born in Hudson, Mich., in 1845.

Convict Escapes.

Ossinning, N. Y., Dec. 19.—Chester Yates, serving a 21 year sentence in Sing Sing prison for the robbery of Aaron Bancroft, an aged New York broker, is missing from his cell. How he made his escape is a mystery.

WILSON PICKING HIS CABINET

DECLINES TO NAME MEN HE IS CONSIDERING.

Will Probably Confer With W. J. Bryan Some Time Next Week.

Princeton, N. J., Dec. 19.—After a three hours' conference in New York with William F. McCombs, chairman of the Democratic national committee, President-elect Woodrow Wilson announced as he rode home that he had taken up in earnest the task of picking a cabinet.

No information was forthcoming from either Mr. McCombs or the president-elect as to the names of the men discussed for cabinet portfolios. When Mr. McCombs left the governor he declared that both the cabinet and legislative policies had been talked over. He was asked if Mr. Bryan's name had been mentioned in the discussion. Mr. McCombs answered in the affirmative, but declined to commit himself further.

The correspondents, in questioning the governor on the train later, informed him that Mr. McCombs had said Mr. Bryan's name was mentioned in the long conference.

"Oh, well," the president-elect explained, "we talked about the conference we are going to have soon with Mr. Bryan."

Mr. Wilson intimated that no time or date had been fixed for the meeting with Mr. Bryan. It was suggested to him that Mr. Bryan was due in New York Saturday to attend a dinner in honor of Governor-elect Sulzer. Mr. Wilson said he would be unable to attend the banquet. He did not know yet, however, whether he would see Mr. Bryan on Sunday or immediately afterward, while Mr. Bryan was in this vicinity.

The governor was asked by one of the correspondents if Mr. McCombs would be one of the men who would help him in Washington in "helping him to run the government."

"Of course he will," was Mr. Wilson's reply.

He would not say whether Mr. McCombs would act in an official or unofficial capacity.

Explosion Kills Thirty-one.

Dortmund, Germany, Dec. 19. — Thirty-one coal miners are believed to have keen killed by an explosion of black damp in the Achenbach mine. Six bodies have been recovered from the pit and twenty-five miners are missing. The explosion was so violent that it is thought all were killed.

Sleep Walker Killed by Fall.

Decatur, Ill., Dec. 19.—A fall from the fifth floor of a local hotel caused the death of R. E. Houston, a contracting carpenter of Springfield, Ill. Houston walked in his sleep and he is thought to have stumbled over a window sill while in a state of somnambulism. He was 38 years old.

Duluth Egg Prices Drop.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 19.—The bottom has dropped out of the local egg market. Fresh eggs which Tuesday were selling at 45 cents in Duluth, are now 30 cents a dozen. April storage eggs, said to be the best storage eggs on the market, are selling here at 22 cents a dozen.

Plot to Destroy Courthouse.

Indianapolis, Dec. 19.—A sensation was sprung in the dynamite conspiracy trial when a woman called a private detective agency by telephone and warned them that there was a plot to blow up the federal courthouse here in which the forty union workers are being tried.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Twin City Markets.

Minneapolis, Dec. 19.—Wheat, December, 80¾c; May, 85c; No. 1 northern, 83¾c; No. 2 northern, 81¾c; No. 1 durum, 84c; No. 3 corn, 41½c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; barley, malting, 60c; No. 2 rye, 57c; No. 1 flax, $1.24¼.

Duluth, Dec. 19.—Wheat, December, 84c; No. 1 northern, 82½c; No. 1 durum, 85½c.

South St. Paul, Dec. 19.—Cattle—Steers, $6.50; cows, $4.15@5.60; calves, $4.50@9.00; hogs, $6.75@6.90; sheep and lambs, $3.00@7.15.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Cattle receipts, 18,000; market steady to 10c lower; beeves, $5.45@9.75; Texas steers, $4.40@5.65; western steers, $5.25@7.50; stockers and feeders, $4.20@7.25; cows and heifers, $2.70@7.50; calves, $6.50@10.

Hog receipts, 30,000; market slow, steady; light, $6.80@7.15; mixed, $6.90@7.25; heavy, $6.85@7.25; rough, $6.85@7.25; pigs, $5@6.60; bulk of sales, $7.10@7.20.

Sheep receipts, 25,000; market slow, steady; native, $3.90@5; western, $4@5; yearlings, $5.40@6.65; lambs, native, $5.75@8.80; western, $6@7.90.

The cattle run was moderate. The early market was quoted steady but later liberal offerings caused a weakness. Hogs were quiet but a few sales made at the opening made the market about steady. Scalpers did the bulk of the early buying. Initial demand for live muttons lacked energy. First sales were made at about steady prices, but the market became dull and weak.

Chicago Grain Market.

Chicago, Dec. 19.—Board of trade markets opened dull today with little change in prices. Wheat was unchanged to ⅛c higher, a few shorts covering on higher cables. May opened unchanged at ⅛c up at 90⅛@90⅜c, and declined to 90⅛c.

In the last hour the market turned active and strong, May closing ⅛c over yesterday at 91⅛c.

Corn opened unchanged to a shade up, May starting at 48⅛c to 48⅛@48⅜c, and advancing to 48½c.

Birthday Celebration Plans.

Staunton, Va., Dec. 19.—President-elect Woodrow Wilson has sent word to Staunton that he will arrive here at 7:50 p. m., Friday, Dec. 27, to celebrate his 56th birthday, on Dec. 28 in his native city, and be entertained in the house of his birth. Mr. Wilson will leave Trenton about 11 o'clock Friday morning, passing through Washington shortly after 2 p. m. Along the railroad route through Virginia to this city bonfires will blaze a welcome at various points as soon as darkness falls.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting Items Gathered in the Gopher State

URGES TAX REFORMS.

County Assessor Bill Advocated as Essential—Uniform Rate Also Urged.

St. Paul.—For the third time the state tax commission will renew its requests to the legislature to provide for county assessors, to make definite the statute relating to property exempt from taxation and to fix a basis for the assessment of real estate. Similar requests were made to the legislatures of 1909 and 1911, but with discouraging results, according to the report of the tax commission which has just appeared.

The commission is most urgent in its request for a law creating the office of county assessor, and in its report argues at length in favor of such a measure. The report includes the draft for a bill defining the duties of such officers and also of the county boards of equalization.

On this point the report says:

"Briefly stated, the proposition presented in the bill is to abolish the local assessor, except in cities where they exist by special law or by charter, and to substitute in their place a county assessor in each county, to be appointed by the county board."

While the law provides that property shall be assessed at its "true and full value," the commission suggests that the passage of the bill requiring all taxable property to be assessed at 50 per cent of this value, and gives its reasons therefor at some length. It says:

"The causes which have led to the downfall of the law are rooted deep in human selfishness and official inefficiency and are much easier to find than they are to remedy. First and foremost among them is the disposition on the part of taxpayers generally to shirk just as much of the public burden as they can. The next in importance is the very large number of weak and incompetent assessors. Men of this type soon discover that the surest way to remain long in office is to be "easy" and "accommodating" and above all to keep the assessment of their district down to the lowest possible point. The inevitable outcome, of course, is a low assessment. Another strong factor in lowering the standard of assessment, can be easily traced to the over zealous desire on the part of many boards of equalization to keep the assessment of their constituents just a little below their neighbors. And all of these forces working together have so completely undermined the law that there is little left but the ink with which it is printed."

PLANT NOT BOUGHT.

Duluth Municipal Ownership Plan May Await Inauguration of New Commission.

Duluth.—Municipal ownership of the electric light plant, for which the voters authorized the issuance of bonds, will likely be allowed to rest until the commission takes over the reins of the city government. Since last July the city has taken no steps to acquire the plant. The lost resolution passed by the council provided that three appraisers should be appointed to estimate the value of the tangible property of the Duluth Edison Electric company. The committee has never been appointed and the matter has been allowed to go without attention for several months.

The new commission, it is expected, will take it up as soon as it has been organized and disposes of the preliminary business which will undoubtedly be demanding attention.

The Duluth Edison company submitted a new contract with a material reduction of rates, but the contract has not been closed. The public has been paying for electric light at the same rate that was specified in the expired contract. It has been remarked on several occasions that a large sum could have been saved to the public had the council approved the new contract pending the negotiations.

Masonic Rally at Owatonna.

Owatonna.—A noteworthy event in Masonic circles was the conclave held in Owatonna of the joint commanderies of the Owatonna, Austin, Faribault and Albert Lea Knights Templar. The red cross degree was conferred by the Owatonna lodge, after which a banquet was served by the women of the Universalist church. Grand Prelate Pinkham, of St. Paul, and Grand Commander Snow, of Wadena, assisted in conferring the degrees. The total deposits in the banks of this county, seven in number, aggregate $3,000,000. A new bank has recently been opened at Medford.

Contest Over Judgeship.

Wabasha.—The election contest case over the judgeship in Wabash county came before Judge Snow in district court. Walter A. Munger, present judge, defeated by James E. McCloud, of Wabasha last month by 172 majority, is the complainant. He contends that the names of the two candidates in the non-partisan contest were not rotated on the ballots as required by law, and that as a consequence, he was defeated. McCloud's name appeared first throughout.

PRODUCE SHOWS GAIN.

Increase of 318,825,864 Bushels Due to Better Farming Rather Than Acreage Increase.

Minneapolis.—Farmers of Minnesota took 318,825,864 bushels of grain out of the soil this year and far exceeded last year's production of wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley and flaxseed, and H. J. Maxfield, commissioner of immigration, who has issued an annual summary, said therein that good farming, and bigger yields per acre, and not increased acreages did the business.

From these crops the farmers got value equal to $135,310,095, Mr. Maxfield figured, but this does not represent all the crop valuation of the state. His report is confined to the six principal grain crops.

His report shows that in 1912, Minnesota produced 55,272,285 bushels of wheat, against 43,935,000 in 1911, a gain of 11,337,285 bushels. This year the oats crop was 142,488,793 bushels, against 67,214,000 bushels the preceding year, or a gain of 75,274,793 bushels. The corn yield this year was 99,144,499 bushels, against 74,140,000 in 1911, a gain of 25,004,499 bushels. The barley yield for 1912 was 49,828,281 bushels, as against 28,025,000 the preceding year, or a gain of 21,803,281 bushels. This year's rye crop was 7,958,640 bushels, against 4,488,000 bushels in 1911, or a gain of 3,470,640 bushels. The flax crop for 1912 was 4,163,366 bushels, against 3,200,000 bushels in 1911, a gain of 963,366 bushels.

The figures were gathered by special crop reporters in each county and the acreages were based upon a careful estimate of the percentage of increase or decrease, compared with the census figures for each county in 1909. The average yield per acre is an estimate, by each crop reporter, based upon reports received from different sections of his respective county.

Mayor Vetoes Resolution.

Owatonna.—The break between the mayor and members of the city council was widened when Mayor Nelson vetoed the council's resolution to approve the paving job recently completed in Owatonna. The contractors, Fielding & Sheply, of St. Paul, were to pay a penalty after a certain period had elapsed, and the city has a goodly sum due it. The council voted to waive its right, and to give the contractors the full amount. Mayor Nelson insists that the amount of the penalty must be paid. It requires the vote of five of the seven aldermen to pass the resolution over his veto.

Extension Work Counts.

Bemidji.—Six hundred and thirty-five persons attended the meetings held this week by Miss Margaret Bull of the University of Minnesota, F. B. McLaren of Wrenshall, and A. E. Nelson, instructor in agriculture in Bemidji, while on the first lap of their series. The coming week meetings will be held in Nebish, Puposky, Redby, Red Lake, Clearbrook, Leonard, Wilton, Solway, Becida, La Porte, Guthrie and Walker.

Shakopee Has Grievance.

Shakopee.—The Shakopee Commercial club protests against the action of the Minneapolis city council in refusing the Minneapolis General Electric company the privilege of extending its electric power service through Minneapolis streets in order to reach Shakopee, Chaska and other suburban towns. Resolutions to this effect were adopted by the club. The business men will carry the fight to Minneapolis.

Four Firemen Hurt.

Minneapolis. — Four city firemen were injured by a falling wall and property valued at about $30,000 was damaged in a spectacular fire here which destroyed a three-story frame warehouse at Fifteenth avenue north and between First and second streets, owned by C. K. Fulton and company, dealers in sash and doors.

Saloon Application Rejected.

St. Cloud.—Acting upon the opinion of the attorney general, the village council of Sauk Rapids rejected the application of A. Oerleski for a saloon license. The question of the number allowable under the 1909 law was settled by Attorney General Young, who ruled there could be only seven.

Supreme Court Affirms Judgment.

Minneapolis.—By far the largest amount of damages ever awarded by a Minnesota jury was affirmed by the state supreme court when judgment against the Minneapolis Street Railway Company for $33,615.35 to Bertha Shaw Blakely, and $16,026.15 to her husband, Frank D. Blakely, was upheld.

Two New Schools To Open.

Duluth.—Two new schools in the unorganized school district of St. Louis county will be occupied for the first time during the coming winter, according to N. A. Young, county school superintendent. The buildings are now under construction and will be ready within a few weeks. School No. 34, of the unorganized district which is located nine miles west of Cook on the Eden road, is now nearing completion. The contractors expect to turn over the building about Dec. 20.

In Minnesota.

Important Happenings of the Week Briefly Told.

Duluth.—Frank Grosley, who killed Frank Kern at Ely two months ago, was convicted of second degree manslaughter.

Caledonia.—Rev. W. H. Pond, pastor of the Episcopal church, has resigned to accept a call to a church at Green Bay, Wis.

Cannon Falls.—Rev. Father Burns, pastor of the Catholic church here, has gone to New Mexico for his health. His pulpit will be supplied by Rev. Father O'Connor, of St. Paul.

Winona has applied for membership in the United States Chamber of Commerce, and expects to be admitted. Mr. Trefz is traveling through the northwest in the interests of this body, making two addresses daily.

Cloquet.—James Dunphy, 65 years old, a homesteader living on the reservation, was instantly killed by a Great Northern train. He was driving home with a neighbor and left the wagon and went ahead of the team to the crossing. It was dark and he did not see the train.

Hastings.—Nels Linge, of Hastings, was smothered to death in a bin of oats. The oats had become damp, and had formed a crust, on top of which Linge, thinking it solid, stepped. He was precipitated into the bottom of the pit, and the loosened grain poured in on top of him. Four hours later his dead body was found.

Duluth.—Jacob Korisec will receive $5,000 from the Oliver Mining company for the loss of an eye as a result of a settlement which has been effected out of court. Korisec was employed by the company in one of its mines in this county and while in the discharge of his duties was the victim of an accident in which he lost one of his eyes.

Albert Lea.—Mrs. Austin Baker, while dressing a chicken at her home here for the family Sunday dinner, found a half karat diamond in the gizzard. Mrs. Baker showed it to a jeweler who pronounced it genuine and offered her $50 for the stone. Another jeweler said that the diamond was worth $100.

Northfield.—Paving and ornamental street lights are probable improvements for this city next summer. At a recent meeting of the Civic association a committee was appointed to investigate the various kinds of paving and to formulate a definite proposition to put before the city council at its January meeting. A separate committee will investigate and report on ornamental lights.

Caledonia.—To improve the schools of Houston county, Superintendent-elect Marie Otterness proposes that districts containing twenty to thirty schools each be formed for administrative purposes. Each district should have a competent, well-paid supervisor, who will give his whole time to school improvement. The cost to the county of this system she estimates at $8,000 to $10,000 a year over the cost of the present system.

Park Rapids.—The new board of directors of the Commercial club organized by electing W. R. B. Smythe, president; M. M. Nygaard, vice-president; M. Schoneberger, treasurer; P. A. Walling, secretary, and C. A. Houston, director. The disbursements the past year amounted to $7,395.59. As a testimonial of approval of the work of the members of the old board the club by unanimous consent requested them to recommend their successors.

Lakefield.—Believing it will be a wise course for all concerned, the directors of the Jackson County Co-operative company, which operates one of the largest co-operative stores in the state, at Lakefield, has decided that, after Jan. 13, all of the business of the store shall be conducted on a strictly cash basis. The store has about eight hundred customers, and at the close of business on Dec. 1, there were outstanding accounts amounting to over $12,000.

St. Peter.—This city will have a Chautauqua week next summer. Members of the Commercial club have appointed a committee consisting of Phillip Dick, A. M. Jenson, Professor B. M. Cosgrove, William Malgren, M. B. Johnson, and J. A. Poetz, to negotiate with a lyceum bureau. Three different bureaus have submitted proposals to A. M. Jensen, president of the Commercial club, and it is expected there will be no difficulty in closing with one of them.

St. Cloud.—With the re-election of Fay Cravens of Milaca as president and Y. Dysson of Becker, secretary and treasurer, and the selection of Long Prairie as the place for the July meeting, the postmasters of the St. Cloud district closed their third annual meeting. An interesting program filled with addresses by the postmasters and representatives of the government postoffice department was carried through. An informal smoker was tendered the delegates by the Commercial culb.

Northfield.—The first of the series of annual inter-society debates at Carleton college, resulted in a two-to-one decision in favor of the Philomathians over the Dellans. The question was: "Resolved, That the recall should be applied to all federal judges except those of the United States supreme court. The members of the Philomathian team were: Charles McCarthy, Madelia; Rector Putnam, Blue Earth; Harold Sorlien, Granite Falls. The Dellan debators were: George Tandberg, Thief River Falls; John Mulligan, Alexandria; Arthur Larson, Granada.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What Is Going On at Washington and In Other Sections of the Country.

Congress.

Representative Levy introduced a bill for currency system reform.

House leaders plan to recess for the holidays from December 21 to January 3.

The postoffice appropriation bill, aggregating $278,159,781, was reported to the house.

A bill was introduced in the senate to create a major generalship for Colonel George Goethals.

Representative Sulzer presented his resignation as member, effective December 31.

The house passed the bill to reppy southerners for property seized by the government after June, 1865.

Secretary Fisher has asked for $[illegible] to continue investigation of mineral resources of Alaska.

Representative Mott proposed Amendments to the newspaper publicity law, virtually repealing it.

The house campaign fund investigating committee decided not to resume hearings before December 17.

The house ways and means committee failed to take action on the majority's tariff hearing program.

General Bixby, chairman of engineers, has asked appropriation for great fortifications at Cape Henry, Va.

Representative Hanna introduced a bill to place all fourth-class postmasters on a minimum salary of $400.

The senate agricultural committee ordered a favorable report on the Lever agricultural education extension bill.

Secretary Stimson told the military affairs committee of plans for fortification of Hawaii and the Panama canal.

Senator Smoot entered a motion to provide a president pro-tempore by having Senators Bacon and Gallinger alternate, but action was postponed.

Representative Bartholdt introduced a bill to limit presidents of the United States to two terms of four years each.

Senator Swanson introduced a bill to appoint a committee to attend unveiling of the Jefferson memorial in St. Louis next year.

Representative Roddenberry introduced a joint resolution to prohibit intermarriage of negroes or persons of color and Caucasions.

General.

Mme. Bernhardt bought $5,000 worth of Christmas gifts in Chicago to be sent abroad.

Safety should be the first consideration of railroads says the interstate commerce commission.

Women of the New York underworld have begun a crusade of their own against police graft.

Stock exchange operators confessed at the money trust investigation that short selling was a form of gambling.

The sight of a Nebraska blind man was suddenly restored while he waited in a Kansas City depot.

The directors of the Navy League of the United States have re-elected General Horace Porter president.

Secretary MacVeagh has about completed preparations for a change in size and design of the currency.

Railroad men were heard by the postoffice committee in plea for adequate compensation for carrying mail.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher says water power sites in the future should be utilized for the public benefit.

James Otis Kaler, the author, died at Portland, Maine, aged sixty-four. He had written 145 books for boys under the name of James Otis.

An inspired statement says that in the future Emperor Francis Joseph will grant only collective audiences to the ministers instead of receiving them separately.

Business in general, as reflected in the condition of the banks of the United States has shared in the country's prosperity, according to Lawrence O. Murray in his annual report.

The London Standard announces that four of the leading British banking firms will henceforth share with the Hong Kong-Shanghai bank, in the representation of the British section of the six powers group.

Aviator Horace Kearney and his companion are believed to be lost in the Pacific ocean.

W. F. Crossland, a student at Wesleyan (Neb.), university, was the only one to pass the Rhodes scholarship examination at the state university.

The first government wireless station to be opened for the regular receipts of commercial messages is that at Key West, Fla.

The lord lieutenant of Ireland authorized a denial of the report that the Irish crown jewels, mysteriously stolen from Dublin castle in 1907, had been replaced.

It is announced that the Archduchess Elenore, eldest daughter of Archduke Karl Stephan of Austria, with the consent of the emperor and her parents, will shortly be married to a naval officer, Lieutenant Von Kloss.

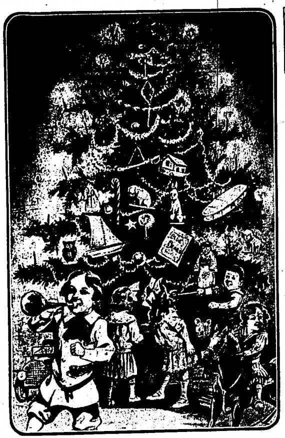
A democratic caucus of the house will be called immediately after congress reassembles, January 2, to fill committee vacancies.

A deluge of impassioned oratory swept the house for four hours during general debate on the Dillingham-Burnett bill, fixing a literacy test for immigrants to the United States.

ORIGIN of the CHRISTMAS TREE

WHO invented the Christmas tree? Whence does it come? It is a curious fact that most of the old chroniclers have thrown a veil of mystery around the Christmas tree and make no attempt to explain its origin.

It has been stated that the tree came to us from Egypt. This legend is well propagated in old Irish and Welsh fairy tales. The idea is that in ancient Egypt they used a slip of the palm tree with twelve shoots on it at certain winter festivities. The tree symbolized the year with its twelve months.



Consequently, any one who is equal to the effort may believe that the modern Christmas tree represents that twelve-shooted slip of palm. Minds of less stalwart credulity may prefer to trace the Christmas tree back to Germany only, where they had Christmas trees long before they were ever heard of in this country or England or France.

The Christmas tree was not introduced into England from Germany until after the marriage of Queen Victoria to her German consort, Prince Albert. But where did the Germans get the Christmas tree idea from? S. J. Adair Fitz Gerald, writing in T. P.'s Weekly, offers an explanation of this by saying that far away back in the ages you find Teutons believing in a mystic ash tree, Yggdrasil, which, with its roots and branches, united the world of the living and the world of the dead. "At the foot of Yggdrasil sit the three Norns, who determine the destinies of men, and Yggdrasil's branches bear gifts for men to take."

Is that our Christmas tree? Anyhow, the idea that Prince Albert introduced it into Great Britain is very prevalent. One of the prettiest and most eagerly looked for events of the Christmastide—that of the setting up of the Christmas tree—is associated with the late Empress Frederick of Germany. Queen Victoria, after the birth of the princess royal, had Christmas celebrated at Windsor in 1840, and "on that occasion Prince Albert introduced the pretty German custom of decorating a Christmas tree. Since that period it has become a welcome custom for both rich and poor, and affords a graceful means of distributing little presents. It was probably first imported into Germany with the conquering legions of Drusus, and is alluded to by Virgil in the "Georgics."

It will be seen by this that the generally accepted notion is that Prince Albert was responsible for the British adoption of the pleasing tree and all that it means, symbolical and practical, to the youngsters. But on the threshold of this acceptation we are met with this statement from the "Greville Memoirs," under date Dec. 27, 1829, when Queen Victoria was yet but ten years old. "On Christmas day the Princess Lieven got up a little fete, such as is customary all over Germany. Three trees in great pots were put on a long table covered with linen; each tree was illuminated with three circular tiers of colored wax candles—blue, green, red and white. Before each was displayed a quantity of toys, gloves, handkerchiefs, workboxes, books and various articles, presents made to the owner of the tree." This princess was a Russian, and in her later days lived mostly in Paris. Then again Prof. Ditchfield, in his "Old English Customs," says that the Christmas tree was first imported into England by some German merchants who lived at Manchester in the first years of the nineteenth century.

In 1900 a writer on folklore said: "Although we are accustomed to consider Germany the home of the Christmas tree, it has not been general there for more than a couple of centuries. Old people are still living whose parents never saw one in Germany. The decoration of houses with olive leaves and green branches, as in England at Christmas, is a far more ancient custom, and can be noticed in Botticelli's picture of "The Adoration of the Shepherds," in the National Gallery in London. It is, as Fritz Ortwein observes, a distinct remnant of an ancient heathen custom, as at the turn of the year during the twelve days of the Jul festival in honor of Woden, greenery could be fetched by all from the woods without punishment, and every hall was decorated with green leaves and branches.

Again, in old works on English customs we find many references to the decorating of the interior of the dwellings, as well as the pious adornment of the churches with greenery, and the introduction of a fir tree as symbolical of the palm. In the halls of the barons and the squires and in the gigantic kitchens of the farmers a fir tree ever held prominent place, but whether ordinarily decorated or not is not specifically recorded. Here we are in doubt. In all probability the remaining fruits of the orchards of the year were hung upon the branches as a propitiation to the gods of the fruits of the earth to insure good harvests.

Going abroad we get fuller knowledge of these things. The custom of carrying away branches and trees from the woods at Christmas time in various parts of Austria became so extensive on account of the superstitions of the peasantry that at Salzburg, in 1755, and at Nuremberg, in 1768, severe by-laws were issued against persons purloining from the forests. In some regions of Hungary a solemn procession with a decorated tree takes place through each village before the shepheld play begins. "It is adorned with ribbons and fruit, and is supposed to symbolize the tree of knowledge. Although most of the Christian customs adhered to by the Austrian-German peasant can be traced back to heathenish Germanen rites, some dispute the use of a tree at the Jul festivities; nevertheless, it is certain that in Sweden needle pines and firs were set up at this time before the houses." Teutzel of Saxony, an antiquarian authority on these subjects, says: "The ancient heathen sat before their houses between two crossed pine trees and ate and drank at the turn of the year for nineteen days."

The Christmas tree was introduced into Austria some eighty years ago by a Duchess of Wurtemberg and spread throughout Germany. About 1840 it is supposed to have taken fresh root in England, and became highly popular. Both Thackeray and Dickens seized hold of the idea of happiness begot of Christmas gatherings and the Christmas tree, and Charles Dickens in 1850 used "The Christmas Tree" as a title for one of his annual stories.

Although Christmas was not celebrated in the first centuries of the Christian era, there are indications in the records of early Roman history of the setting up of a decorated tree at Christmas time and the presentation of gifts of fruit and toys. The Romans are supposed to have taken the idea from the early Egyptians.

Centuries old, the customs of Christmas observance have taken myriad forms in the various countries of the world. In many cases they perpetuate some ancient custom which long antedates the advent of Christianity. Such are the customs which have grown up around the mistletoe, worshiped by the ancient Druids of Britain as a sacred and magical plant. An old English writer, speaking of the Druids' celebration of the winter solstice, our Christmas, says:

"This was the most respectable festival of our Druids, called Yuletide; when the mistletoe, which they called all-heal, was carried in their hands and laid on their altars as an emblem of the salutiferous advent of Messiah. This mistletoe they cut off the trees with their upright hatchets of brass, called celts, put upon ends of their staffs, which they carried in their hands. Innumerable are these instruments found all over the British isles. The custom is still preserved, and lately at York on the eve of Christmas day they carry mistletoe to the high altar of the cathedral, and proclaim a public and universal liberty, pardon and freedom to all sorts of inferior and even wicked people, at the gates of the city, towards their four quarters of heaven."

The lore of the strange plant is prominently in evidence in the Voluspa and other Scandinavian Sagas. It was with a mistletoe branch—or an arrow prepared therefrom—that the blind and heavy-headed deity Hoder aimer his deadly blow at Balder, the god of light or benevolent principle of northern mythology. The inspiration of the use of the mistletoe was, of course, due to the opposing principle—of darkness or evil. The plant which furnished the deadly dart grew on the slope of Asgard, and was the sole agent known to gods or men—among poisonous plants—which had not given definite promise to Freya to prove harmless if used against the person of her son Balder. Thus Scandinavian mythical lore accounts for the death of the latter. And accordingly, a traditional idea of the poisonous properties of the mistletoe is found to persist in remote regions of the north and west of Europe, even to the present day. In Great Britain (in the Forest of Dean) it has been used down to recent date as a popular remedy in the treatment of cardiac troubles. Like the strophanthus of African arrow poison fame, it proved a reliable substitute for digitalis.

Kissing under the mistletoe is all that now remains of a once horrible Druid rite. The ceremonies which the mistletoe figured in among the ancient Druids always accorded it a place of honor. The myths that clung around it in their wondering, puzzling minds were many more than the few that have come to us in these later years. But, old as they are, those hoary, heathen myths lack the true flavor of antiquity when it comes to measuring traditions by the centuries.

Oh, we do not by any means owe our mistletoe to the Druids. We can go back so much further for the first adventures of the mistletoe that the Druids become merely modern innovators. It was one of the noblest of the trees in Paradise, the lordly tree of good and evil; and on its twig hung the apple which Mother Eve plucked with such disastrous consequences. Alas for Mother Eve and Father Adam! And alas for us, their punished heirs-at-law divine! But alas, too, for the wicked, handsome, tempting tree of knowledge which put humanity in such graceless plight! Upon its lofty crown, its massive trunk, its delicious fruit, descended the universal curse. It shriveled away from the horrified earth; it dwindled to the meanest smallness; it was cast out into the bitter cold; it became a parasite and beggar, existing by the bounty of vulgar neighbors. Only in the pearly translucence of its shrunken fruit, the most trivial of berries, did it preserve some semblance of its once radiant splendor.

And it has preserved some of its pristine virtues, too, in traditional Christian lore, as if it were still hedged about with a vestige of the glory that arrayed it in Paradise.

Time was, and time is now, when epilepsy is one of the scourges of mankind; only now we look for its cure, as we look for its cause, in quite natural means and conditions. The notion that some poor devil with the falling sickness has been cursed from on high is held scarcely compatible, in popular science, with the principles of eternal justice or with cold observation of cause and effect.

But in times that were, in Wales, when an epileptic developed the symptoms characteristic of the disorder, it was commonly believed that he was being scourged with the "rod of Christ," and that was the name by which the disease went, although it had another designation as well—St. Valentine's sickness. The cure for it was believed to lie in the Rod of Jesse. The use of the mistletoe as the Rod of Jesse in epilepsy was general and, if faith can work wonders, perhaps the miracle of cure did sometimes attend its employment.

Perhaps it didn't, if hard-headed science choose to take a shy at that gracious addition to the list of miracle-working agents. But whether it did or didn't the mistletoe's rare birth and fruition still carry with them the tenderest of Christian faiths, as they carry, too, the story of humanity's most far-reaching disaster. It is one of the Christmas greens which has the warrant of religious associations dating back to the very beginnings of man's creation, even as it is accorded the sublime honor of typifying the ancestral origins of the Redeemer of Man himself.

But what about the mistletoe kiss?

Hm! To tell the truth, if we want to be consistently Christian in our Christmas greens and the purposes to which they should be put, there isn't anything about it, at least of any records which such careful investigators as Alfred E. P. Raymond Dowling have dug up while studying the general subject. None will deny that the most consistent Christians have taken to the mistletoe kiss with abundant enthusiasm and a faith in its excellent results that has never been surpassed. But that doesn't make the mistletoe kiss any more Christian than it ever was.

Isn't the excellent story of foolish Mother Eve and the original mistletoe apple enough for any reasonable Christmas decorator who wants to justify its employment? And if it isn't, haven't we the legend of the Rod of Jesse to make it distinctly one of the Christmas greens? As for the kisses that are supposed to go with it—well, if you insist on knowing about them, you'll simply have to take the consequences, same as Eve did when she insisted on tasting of that confounded tree of knowledge.

The mistletoe kiss seems not to be Christian at all—Druidical, probably, and therefore heathenish, and therefore very, very wrong. So, all young men who encounter it, artfully suspended where a pair of ripe, red lips must pass, do you piously refrain or, more piously, tear down the hoary old temptation and flee the accursed roof, as if it were the house of Arria Marcella and you were not Gautier's young Frenchman. And you, maidens, give leave to no pagan rites; remember the fate of your poor Grandmother Eve and beware lest the fruit of the mistletoe, accursed tree of knowledge, prove now more bitter in the mouth than it did in Eden.

But if you have ivy, wreathe it generously, for the French know it as the herb of St. John, the disciple whom the Savior loved, the emblem of pure friendship, the vine that heeds not decay and death of its beloved, but clings ever more closely as the fall impends and bears up its falling ally against all adversity. Learned students of these legends have surmised, too, that it may be the herb of St. John the Baptist, who is usually pictured as the boy in his camel's-hair coat, gazing at his cousin, the infant Jesus.

His Presentation Speech

The winning grace and youthful dignity with which children often fulfill their part on occasions of civic, state or royal pageantry is one of the most charming features of such occasions. Sometimes, indeed, the little folk do not behave exactly as they are expected to do; but they are as likely to improve on the original program as to spoil it.

In Italy in the days when the present Dowager Queen Margherita was the lovely young bride of the crown prince, a little anecdote of her reception in one of the hill towns was current alike in society and in the press. The little boy who was to present the usual bouquet was the son of a distinguished literary man, and he had been taught a pretty poem of a few lines, in graceful praise of the princess. But when the moment came to recite, he stood mutely gazing at her, too overcome to speak. After a moment, in order to relieve the situation, the princess smiled, and held out her hand for the flowers. The little fellow held back for a moment, then, to the delight of the assembly, explained, confidentially, as he gave the flowers to her.

"There were verses, but you are so beautiful I can't remember them."—Youth's Companion.

Wise men ne'er sit and wail their loss, but cheerily seek how to redress their harms.—Shakespeare.

Lucky.

"Thousands of years ago men shaved themselves with sharks' teeth or with pieces of flint," said the young man who had been reading the "Notes of Science."

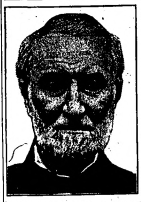
"How lucky," replied the fair maiden.

"Lucky? Why so?"

"I mean how lucky it is they have got to making razors in Germany. Otherwise the poor men would still have to shave with sharks' teeth and pieces of flint, wouldn't they?"

WHO'S WHO AND WHY

PASSING OF UNIQUE UNCLE JOE CANNON



The defeat of Uncle Joe Cannon for re-election will remove from Congress one of the most picturesque characters in the last half century of American politics. Whatever storms may have arisen over Mr. Cannon's official acts and political opinions, and they have been many in recent years, nobody ever attempted to dispute the fact that Uncle Joe has stood alone, a unique figure in the life of the national capital.

Able, forceful, a born fighter and one of the homeliest and most lovable of men, the passing of Uncle Joe Cannon and his inseparable cigar will leave a void, at least for folks who thought they could see in him the typical rough and ready American politician of earlier days.

When the former speaker closes his public career on March 4, 1913, he will have served longer as a member of the house of representatives than any other man. It will have been forty years since he first took his seat in that body, and during that time he was a candidate twenty times and elected nineteen times.

He entered the house when James G. Blaine was speaker. His only defeat until adverse political fortune overtook him this fall was in 1890.

But Uncle Joe has established a record in another respect. He served longer consecutively as speaker of the house than any other man. The aggregate of Henry Clay's broken terms as presiding officer of the lower branch of congress exceeded Mr. Cannon's period of office, but only by a year.

Uncle Joe will be seventy-seven years old next May. He has no intention of ever again seeking office. He probably wouldn't accept another nomination. He didn't want the last nomination.

SPRING-RICE NEW BRITISH AMBASSADOR

It is said Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the new British ambassador at Washington, like his predecessor, Mr. Bryce, believes the Panama canal problem is soluble, and that he is imbued with pronounced American sympathies.

Moreover, he was the principal lieutenant of his chief, the late Lord Pauncefote, in the negotiation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, on the subject of the Panama canal, the interpretation of which constitutes the basis of the differences which have lately arisen. Indeed, he is generally understood to have drafted the greater part, if not the whole, of that instrument.

His appointment, therefore, is particularly appropriate, and it is certain that the same diplomat who helped to negotiate the Hay-Pauncefote treaty in the place of the objectionable Clayton-Bulwer agreement, with the object of promoting friendship between Great Britain and the United States, will now know how to construe in the happiest manner for both countries the questions which have arisen in connection with what is, after all, in a sense, his own offspring.

Sir Cecil, a man of most conciliatory disposition and agreeable manner, was last in this country in February, 1905, at the moment when the great powers were beginning to take steps to bring the war between Japan and Russia to a close. He was then councilor of the British embassy at Berlin.

QUEEN DONS APRON; LABORS FOR POOR

The busiest of a small gathering of workers who were occupied the other day at the imperial institute in unpacking, sorting and repacking many thousands of useful winter garments for the poor was Queen Mary. It was shortly after noon when her majesty arrived, and it was not until nearly 4 o'clock that the royal carriage arrived to take her back to Buckingham palace.

Throughout the whole of this time, with only a short interval for a little lunch at 1:30 o'clock, the queen, assisted by her ladies in waiting, Lady Bertha Dawkins and Lady Katherine Coke, and a few privileged gentlewomen, together with several old and trusted royal servants, was supervising this labor of love for the poor.

In setting this example to the women of England her majesty was no mere figurehead. She inspected every crate, bale and package as the men unpacked them in the north gallery of the institute, and was as busy and enthusiastic about her work as any of her little band of helpers.

Boxes and crates of all sizes were lying about in heaps on all sides, and as they were dismantled under the eyes of the queen the articles they contained were placed on long rows of tables, which occupied the whole length of the north gallery. Her majesty herself, after greeting the ladies with a smile and a handshake, soon after her arrival took off her hat and furs and put on a pair of working gloves.

Then, further equipping herself with a business-like apron over the front of her walking skirt and a pair of small but serviceable scissors, she set to work and directed the operations.

BRAKEMAN ELECTED COUNTY TREASURER

From helper in a round house to county treasurer is a part of the life story of Samuel J. Bryan, Democratic treasurer-elect of El Paso county, Colorado.

Crippled in a railroad wreck six years ago and so seriously injured that surgeons declared he could not survive, handicapped by lack of education, Bryan's steady climb up the ladder is referred to by his friends as an example of what pluck and perseverance will do. Bryan's friends gave him a plurality of nearly 1,000.

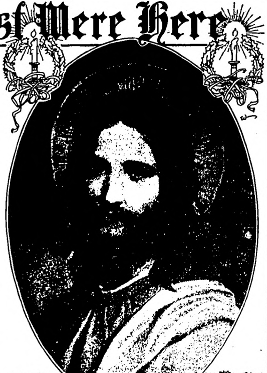
When he was working as a brakeman about six years ago, Bryan was knocked under the cars in a wreck. Both legs were cut off and other injuries were such that death was only a matter of hours, the surgeons declared.

But Bryan had a strong desire to live. He passed two years on a hospital cot, during which time he underwent eight operations. Then he decided to quit the dangerous work of railroading, but feared his lack of education would prove a big handicap. His wife urged him to devote his time to study, and between them they decided upon a course in bookkeeping and accounting. Bryan made rapid progress in his studies, invested his savings in cork limbs, and started out after leaving the hospital to find a job.

His friends of the road elected him secretary and treasurer of the Order of Trainmen, and his work in that capacity was performed so satisfactorily that other lodges elected him to similar offices. Bryan wasn't satisfied to be a lodge clerk long, however. Two years ago friends urged him to run for the office of justice of the peace. He demurred, because he knew nothing about law, and even justices, he thought, should know something of jurisprudence.

Again Bryan and his wife discussed matters, and he decided to study criminal and civil legal practice. After completing the course he ran for office and was elected by a big majority.

If Christ Were Here



IS Christmas a season of plenty? Face to face with this timely question I have been thinking of the households in our cities. In many of them, I know, the tables will groan under an array of substantials and dainties, tasteful enough to make the mouth of an epicure water. There will be that lovely loan from the pretty customs of the German fatherland — the Christmas tree—laden with its numerous gifts for family and friends; the little ones will rejoice in toys and candies, those a bit older, in a wealth of books and games, while fathers and mothers will have exhausted their ingenuity in discovering each others desires and those of their children in order that all may be gratified on this anniversary of Christ's coming. In well-ordered households those who serve the family will be welcomed around the tree and merriment and song will add to the gayety. If he in whose name it will all be done were right here in the midst of them, what more could he ask?

And I dreamed a dream—that he had come once more upon earth, had come right down among us and was looking with eyes of deep questioning at what was being done in honor of his former coming.

And as he walked around hidden from all eyes but mine own, his glance seemed to pierce beneath the seeming and reach the heart of the festival. He passed by the well-warmed and lighted homes, where all was happiness and content; he went into the places where those of whom he said "Of such is the kingdom of God" were playing in the path of death, and his glance was stern as he saw one of "these little ones" sweep into eternity beneath the iron wheels which crushed its tiny form almost out of all semblance of the beauty and sweetness which belonged to it. His look said: "What gift has been given to this child in honor of my birthday? Has it had not even that right of every creature, a safe place to expand its nature in the play which it must have in order to grow?"

And he went among the homes of those who serve the people in the marts of trade, great and small. Surely there we would find the Chirstmas good cheer of which I had been thinking. But in too many households we found only worry and anxious care for the morrow and for the health of those who were tired almost to death after their long hours of labor for the thankless, rushing crowd of searchers after "Christmas gifts;" they were not thinking of Christmas festivities, but only "Lord, give rest and bread to eat—rest, Lord, rest."

We left the middle-class homes and wandered on our quest into that great neighborhood of the weavers, men and women by the thousands, who in the best of times can never be sure that the wolf is far from their doors, and who, during these late years of costly living, have not often seen the best of times. There were attempts in many humble homes to celebrate the coming of the Prince of Peace, but, oh, how pitiful was their setting forth of the good things we all think belong of necessity to this blessed season!

"What are you doing to these my little ones?" said the sad eyes with the deep questioning look. "Is this the best you can give them in honor of me? Why, these are no longer children; they are dwarfed men and women, with the spirit of play gone from them and the weight of years upon them in their very childhood."

And he went farther among the weavers, and came to the homes of those who had abandoned all hope of better times; the homes where the season of Christ's birth could not be celebrated for even their utmost efforts could not still the howl of the wolf right upon them, not at, but within the door. Theirs was the cry of the poor women of the roads in the German fatherland in a century long gone by, to the appeal of the priest who consecrated his life to such as they. "Give us only bread and water, and we will follow thee." And these poor households said, "Give us to know where tomorrow's bread is to come from, and we will be happy and make a festival for thee; all we ask it to be free from the wolf; we are willing to work, but work is not plentiful enough, and some of us must always go hungry." And the face of the Christ grew sadder.

And we passed into the home of one of those whose grief must be greater than that of her from whom death has taken the husband and the father of her little ones; of one from whom the man has gone away, leaving the woman to fight singlehanded against the wolf. The effort there to keep up heart and to hold together the children in the home, with the handicap of the lower wage which is meted out to the working woman, seemed even more desperate. The little ones looked hungry; the Christmas tree had shrunk to a tiny sprig of green; there was little light, and it was, oh, so cold, and the tiny babe on the mother's arm was the only soul that smiled. And this at the time of plenty, when all should rejoice! Is the mother at work at a time like this? Yes, in spite of all the world has to tell us of "sacred motherhood," the woman with the babe on her arm is not exempt from this harsh demand, and at work she must be, even on this day of days, or risk the dole which is all that stands between her children and the wolf.

And deep in the saddened eyes of the Christ I read the condemnation and the question: He that loveth not his brother whom he hath seen, how can he love God whom he hath not seen?"

Is the rush of the gift-buying a sign either that there is plenty in the land or that we really love to celebrate the birthday of the Christ? If you think so, listen to the groans of the overburdened father of the family when approached with the request for Christmas moneys; hear what weary women say to each other in passing concerning the unwelcome necessity of "exchanging gifts" with so many people "who look for something from you." What of the original spirit of Christmas is there left in this "exchange," this giving in the expectation of a return in kind? Thousands upon thousands of gifts are "exchanged" by people who bought them with the money which was really needed for the daily uses of their own households, bought them grudgingly in servitude to custom and without a particle of real Christmas spirit accompanying the selection or the giving.

But this is not the worst of it; the children, even, have come to know in many families that the gifts to those outside the family circle are given not because of a loving desire to give, but in the spirit represented by "that wicked dollar," which Emerson said was given in order to save himself the unpleasantness of refusing or the trouble of investigating some demand made upon him. Which has the better claim upon the time and the purse of the man of small means—those dear to him who actually need comforts, or the richer friend who in no sense needs the thing sent and who in turn will feel obliged to make a gift to keep his record clear? Shame upon the weakness which forces the "exchange" of what should be an outpouring of good feeling or else has absolutely no raison d'etre.

But is there any righteousness in the feeling of smug comfort in the homes of the well-to-do at the Christmas season? Is the full table and the joy of one's own household a fair offering in honor of him whose coming we are supposed to be celebrating?

While we are pretending to be a Christian community what are we doing to the weak and the helpless? Can there be any greater wrong to the children of any community than to permit the years during which they should be laying the foundations of knowledge most easily, to find them so crowded by thousands out of the schools or sitting on the window ledges or (with doubly worked teachers trying to instruct two sets of youngsters) on "half time"? And yet we go calmly on year after year permitting money to be misused while the little children pay the bills in wasted years; and then, when Christmas comes, the children's festival par excellence, we lift up our eyes to heaven with the prayer of the Pharisee and rejoice over the Christmas season and its joy for the children! Can there be any neglect of the commonwealth's interests greater and with results more lasting, than our failure to consider every child an asset to be treasured and and appreciated, to be educated to its utmost possibilities?

We are all prone, men and women alike, to look mostly at immediate effects. If some one we know goes out to nurse a poorer neighbor stricken down with typhoid or any of the other preventable diseases, we exclaim over the lovely charity of the action and praise the kindness of heart which prompted it. "That," says the average person, "is true charity and neighborly love." But if that kindly woman were to give half the time and effort to help along a crusade for pure water or for the prevention of consumption or for the cleaning up of a pestilent neighborhood, she would probably be called by those immediately around her, if not a muckraker, at least an uncomfortably active reformer. Yet the prevention of the illness would mean more to the poorer neighbor than all the kindly nursing during its continuance. All we may do in the way of juvenile courts for the young offenders is not to be compared with giving them just their bare right to playgrounds and good teaching, with plenty of room for all and well paid teachers to work for and with them.

When we know that the coming of Christmas, the children's festival, is going to make all the young boxmakers in our city slave extra long hours, in order to fill the rush orders of the season, shall we not be shaken out of our smug rejoicing over this as a time of plenty for all?

Not enough schools for the city's children; not enough food for them, even when they do get into the schools; not enough wages for their parents to enable the mothers to remain in the homes to look after them; not enough money spent by the municipality to give them places to play in safety; not enough care for their lives to clean up the neighborhoods in which they fairly swarm; not enough Christmas joy to go round to all the city's children—such is our record as we prepare to celebrate with merriment and feasting the advent of the Christ Child. Is it a record of which we dare be proud? May we offer it as a meet festival in honor of the coming into our world of him who said: Whosoever shall cause one of these little ones that believes on me to stumble, it were better for him if a great millstone were hanged about his neck and he were cast into the sea."

Who lives for humanity must be content to lose himself.—Frothingham.

TRUST HIS LOVE

They are few who have not sometimes, said like Jaob, "All these things are against me." We cannot wonder that he thought so; but he was mistaken. They were working for his good, and the time came when he knew it. We cannot see the bright light that is in the storms that afflict us, and our faith is so small that our hearts are troubled. But when our spirit is overwhelmed within us God knows our path. The deepest lessons, and the most salutary, of our lives come through our adversities. An thlete cannot be trained without difficult exercises, the mind is developed by hard studies, the heart is enlarged and humbled and purified by affliction. Our transient troubles are working for us "more and more exceedingly an eternal weight of glory." Our faith is small because the temporal has too strong a hold on us. If our vision were always fixed on the things not seen and eternal we would rejoice in our tribulation. One of the greatest goods of life is the severity of its spiritual discipline. To those who trust him God gives the treasures of darkness and hidden riches of secret places. We cannot comprehend his perfect plan for our lives, but it is our blessed privilege to trust his unerring wisdom and his infinite love.

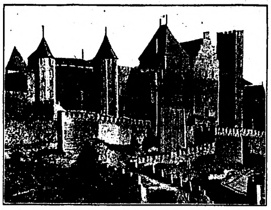
"More Nat'ral."

In Denver there is said to be a parvenu nabob who ordered for himself, through a friend in New York, a half-dozen pieces of the finest statuary in the metropolis. When they arrived, they all proved to be bronze. The nabob was greatly disgusted. The statuary of his neighbor, whom he was imitating or trying to excel, was of marble. Of course, that was the proper thing. He retired that night in a mood of great displeasure. Next morning, before the sun was up, he went out on his lawn, bucket and paint brush in hand, and painted white each piece of the new bronze statuary. He was at work on "Venus at Her Bath," when his friend, who had purchased the artistic images for him, happened along and inquired in dismay what he was doing. Said the man of wealth: "Do you suppose I want any Ute squaws in my yard? Not by a —— sight!" The friend amusedly watched the artist until he had completed the job of giving the shapely Venus a flesh coloring. Then stepping back, he viewed the effect of his work critically a moment, went into the house, and, returning with a pot of colored paint, commenced to decorate the limbs of Venus with red garters. The effect very much pleased the manipulator of the brush, because he said it made it appear "more nat'ral-like."

Every woman whose husband is a failure is sure he would have been a howling success had he followed her advice.

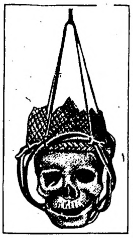
OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Castle of Carcassonne



The famous and most picturesque castle and fortress of Carcassonne, now the property of the French republic, are built on a steep escarpment which commands the road from Toulouse to Narbonne along the valley of the river Aude, between the Black mountains to the north, and the foothills of the Pyrenees, which overshadow Foix, to the southwards. This splendid citadel, therefore, not only holds a valley which leads from the Mediterranean to the Atlantic, but also guards the approaches from Spain into France. Though the Romans preferred the coastwise city of Narbonne as their center in this district, the Visigoths who followed them immediately recognized the natural strength and strategical importance of the site, and elevated what had been merely a camp for their predecessors into a fortalice of magnificent dimensions and well-nigh impregnable power, which proved too much for Clovis when he tried to take the place in the year 508. At the end of the sixth century the Visigoths still kept a stronghold which was theirs until their kingdom fell before the Moors in 713, and after that date there seem to have been no important additions made to the fortifications until the beginning of the twelfth century. The castle itself was built in 1130. The Visigoth towers of the fortifications were built by Theodoric upon square Roman substructures soon after 436, and were repaired in the thirteenth century. The fortress has withstood many sieges.

LOVE TOKEN OF THE DYAKS



In Borneo the most acceptable love offering in courtship is a human head captured by the Dyak wooer from some enemy and presented to the maid of his choice as proof of his prowess and his ability to take care of a wife. After the head has been taken a crown of finely woven palm leaf is made for it and then it is slowly dried over a fire.

DOG THAT SMOKES THE PIPE

"That dog is the champion pipe smoker of the south, and in the winter he wears overalls and a jumper, and he's got more sense than half the men in town," said John Fortunate, "head catcher" for the new dog wagon of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals of New Orleans, when the vehicle stopped in front of the side entrance to the City hall the other morning.

FATAL ERROR OF THE GOAT

Jim, a goat belonging to John Dunzan, farmer of Willow Brook, S. I., meandered into a junk pile to get his Sunday dinner. He came upon what looked like a tempting section of black rubber hose and swallowed it. That was a very serious error for James to make, for the apparent hose was an active blacksnake, which in the process of being digested choked the goat to death.

BEES TRAIL HONEY THIEVES

When J. M. Cornelius, a honey producer near Sterling, Colo., awoke one recent morning he found that in the night 15 bee hives had been looted of 50 pounds of honey. He followed the dispossessed bees to the home of two brothers named Bennett, living a mile away. There he found the bees swarming about the house, while the Bennetts, besieged, had shut the doors and windows and were afraid to go out. Cornelius swore out warrants for the arrest of the Bennetts. They admitted the theft.

TRACED BY TRAIL OF SUGAR

A trail of sugar leading from the warehouse of the Anchor line in Chicago led to the arrest of George Goodwin, who was caught in the act of carrying away a 100-pound sack of sugar. Goodwin was unaware that a small hole in one corner of the sack allowed a small stream of the contents to trickle out. He had scarcely gone three blocks when he was overtaken by John Ohnesorg, a watchman, who found a window of the warehouse open and discovered the sugar trail.

BIRD NEST WELL FORTIFIED

One of the most curiously constructed bird's nests ever seen in Denver is on exhibition at the home of the Denver Dumb Friends' league. It was picked up by Dr. John M. Gower on the sidewalk in front of the court house, where the wind had evidently blown it.

The nest is a sparrow's and its maker was preparing against the attack of his inherent enemy—man. It might be called a fortified nest. It is made of old sweepings with hairpins and nails woven in at the sides.

The points of the pins and the nails stick outward and remind one of rifles sticking through the portholes of a fortification.

END A 16-YEAR-OLD SMOKE

E. V. McKee of Clifton Heights, Pa., has just finished smoking a cigar which he lighted in 1896, when Bryan was defeated by McKinley for president. McKee is an ardent admirer of the Commoner, and when Bryan was defeated he lighted a cigar, which he threw to the floor. Thomas Gaffney picked up the cigar, put it in an envelope and kept it for McKee, telling him he could smoke it when a Democratic president was elected.

HE GOES BLIND AT NIGHT

Edward R. Stults, twenty years old, of Trenton, is afflicted with a peculiar form of blindness. While daylight prevails Stults is able to work and can distinguish objects plainly. With dusk, however, he becomes totally blind. Stults is one of a family of six children, three boys and three girls, and while all the boys were born sightless, the girls possess perfect vision.

CALF BORN WITH DOG FACE

A dog-faced calf was born on the farm of Henry Krekelberg, near Perham, Minn., recently. The animal bore a startling resemblance to a dog, but unfortunately the carcass was not preserved. It had the long, narrow muzzle of a dog, droopy ears like a water spaniel, long lips and the teeth on the lower jaw were of the canine variety.

HENS ACQUIRE A PLUM JAG

Mrs. Harry Stevens of Sabatis, Me., is a member of the Women's Christian Temperance union, and so she was terribly shocked the other day to observe that all her hens were staggering around the yard in a disgraceful state of intoxication. Where did they get the liquor?

Mrs. Stevens had preserved a lot of plums, but every jar of them fermented, and she threw them into the waste, and the hens gobbled the lot. That was the answer.

The most staid and respectable of the biddies were soon teetering 'round as if on springs, making vain stabs at imaginary worms, while the roosters strutted unsteadily about and crowed hilariously. One hen died from the effects of her debauch.

SOME PECULIAR BELIEFS

The Fijian cannibal's emotions have reference for the greater part to food, so he worships the god Matawaloo, who has eight stomachs and is always eating.

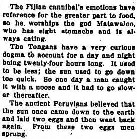
The Tongans have a very curious dogma to account for a day and night being twenty-four hours long. It used to be less; the sun used to go down too quick. So one day a man caught it with a noose and it had to go slower thereafter.

The ancient Peruvians believed that the sun once came down to the earth and laid two eggs and then went back again. From these two eggs men sprung.

The American Indians had a dogma that the sun was the one supreme god, and the moon was his wife. One tribe inhabiting a fearfully hot district worshiped the moon alone, saying that they had no use for the sun.

In the days of Columbus scientific dogmas asserted: If a ship should reach India it could never get back again, because the rotundity of the globe would present a kind of mountain, up which it would be impossible to sail even with the most favorable wind.

STONE STAIRS IN KENTUCKY



Located in the fastnesses of the Kentucky forest, the high stone steps shown in the illustration stand out among the wonders and curiosities of old Kentucky. For unknown years this piece of man's handiwork has stood the storms of winter and is today in a fair state of preservation. Many people climb to the top and view the beautiful panorama of the surrounding country. The steps, 53 in number, were hewn out of the hillside by brawny Kentucky pioneers. They are about 50 feet high and are located on Paul river near Rockport, Ky. Naturally many myths and traditions have gathered about the old stairway during the flight of the years.

THINGS YOU MAY NOT KNOW

Fish have no eyelids. They do not require them, as their eyes are constantly washed by the water in which they swim.

Bismuth and nickel steel both have the curious property of expanding when they cool instead of contracting like other metals.

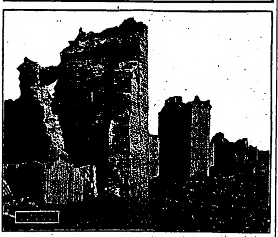
At St. Petersburg there is a clock with ninety-five faces. It tells the time of the day at thirty different places in the world, and the movement of the earth and other planets.

Experiments with thousands of subjects have shown that the average man attains his maximum strength in his thirty-first year.

CHICKEN HAD TWO HEARTS

Mrs. Alonzo Fisher of Muncie, Ind., dressing a chicken for dinner, was surprised to find that it contained two hearts, the organs lying side by side, and being of the same general size and appearance. A physician who examined the freak said both organs evidently had been used in pumping blood. The fowl was pronounced perfectly healthy and normal, except for the extra heart.

Walls of Constantinople



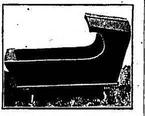
The Theodosian wall of Constantinople extends for five miles from the Sea of Marmora to the Golden Horn, enclosing the greater part of the city between it and the waters. It had 116 fighting towers originally, of which about ninety still stand, though badly dilapidated. The whole wall, indeed, is crumbling and would be no protection against modern artillery.

OLD FENNO HOUSE

Structure Erected in New England 208 Years Ago.

First Settler of Canton Astonished the Natives by Putting a Second Story Upon the Dwelling—Structure is Still Standing.

Canton.—The Fenno house, on Farm street, Canton, is one of the venerable old dwelling houses of New England whose age is fully authenticated by documentary evidence as well as by family tradition. This rather small structure, two stories in height, painted red, and upon whose sides are still the original clapboards of 1704, was built 208 years ago by that John Fenno who was the original Stoughton, now Canton, settler of that name. It was John Fenno's father, also John Fenno, who was a resident of Old Dorchester, who purchased the Roger Clapp farm in 1694. This original Clapp property, which was a part of the lands of the Ponkapoag tribe of Indians, contained 500 acres, and John Fenno bought the whole area for 100 pounds, or at the rate of five acres per pound. Upon this land, before a road of any description ran alongside of it or through it, the second John Fenno built this 1704 house, and he astonished the natives by putting a second story, a then unheard of luxury, to his new home. In this house there were born nine children who, with the wife and mother, who was Rachel Newcomb of Braintree, constituted the original family which lived on the premises. This second John Fenno died in 1711, and he was succeeded by Isaac, his son, who was born—in the same old house—in 1699. Isaac Fenno was twice married. His first wife was Hannah Puffer, who in 1731, died at the age of twenty-one and left a son and a daughter, Elizabeth—Mrs. Matthew Buck—and a junior Isaac. The second wife was Mary Niles of Canton, and she became the mother of three daughters. The son, Isaac, by the first wife, married Mary Davenport of Canton in 1754, and he made his home in the same old house, with his father, the first Isaac. But young Isaac was killed by falling from "a steeple of a meeting house" in October, 1762. Two sons were the fruits of this marriage of Isaac, the younger, with Mary Davenport, and both of them, Enoch and Elijah, became Revolutionary soldiers. Elijah was the son of a soldier veteran who maintained the family line in the old red house, for Elijah and his wife, Abigail Smith, became the parents of five children who were all doubtless rocked to sleep in the same old ancestral cradle which is still a part of the original furniture of the place. Among the five children of Elijah Fenno was Jesse, who was born in 1785. But Jesse, when he reached man's estate, while he chose to remain on the family farm, built for himself a new house in 1810, near the old red homestead, and which is today the abode of the descendants in the seventh generation of the original 1704 John Fenno. So far as known this 1704 house has not been regularly tenanted, at least by the Fennos, for a great many years, and the musty old apartments, of the first floor, are utilized as receptacles for discarded articles of every description. The gigantic fireplace, large enough to take in an ox for a back log, if need be, is still there in all its ample proportion. In the fireplace hangs the same old crane which has sustained so many pots and kettles in the early days. In the shed of humble proportions, which is attached to the house, is a huge receptacle, with heavy unliftable covers, which must have served the purpose of an ice chest, or family cooler. An interesting relic is a shoemaker's bench with much of the furniture appertaining thereto. The particular generation of Fennos which began to make shoes for itself is unknown. At the rear of the yard stands the corn crib. Further along, down the lane, in the direction of Ponkapoag pond, is the well where the cows were watered. Then there are spinning wheels, kettles without labels to tell what they are, chairs, sofas, and all the varied stock of discarded utensils, which must have a historical value, but of whose history there is no one to relate. At the rear sides of the house there are the same hewn clapboards of varied dimensions, which the 1705 John Fenno caused to be placed thereon, and perhaps John himself drove some of the nails. Altogether this old 1704 family shelter is an interesting house for the inspection of antiquarians and all other persons whose attention might be attracted by the venerable landmark.



Fenno Cradle of Five Generations.

LARGEST WOMAN IS DEAD

Justin Masson of Canada Weighed 780 Pounds and Was Noted for Unusual Strength.

Montreal, Que.—Justin Masson, who weighted 780 pounds, and is said to have been the largest woman in the world, died here recently.

Several months ago she became insane and was taken in charge by the assistance publique. In the institution she became notorious for eploits of strength when in a fren-

Even the walls o fher room failed to restrain her, and it was necessary to build a round house outside the main building especially for her.

A specially built coffin was necessary to inter the remains.

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Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued.

Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 21, 1912.

Merry Christmas.

It is stated that a case has already been invented for carrying eggs by parcel post. Wonder if the rural mail carrier will appreciate that?

Henry Rines, who is to be speaker by the unanimous vote of the republicans, was father of the county option bill at the last session of the legislature. This does not necessarily mean county option, but it is a whole wagon load of straws.

The Bemidji Sentinel is urging the appointment of D. P. O'Neill as chairman of the reapportoinment committee. It says: Our own representative, D. P. O'Neill of Thief River Falls, a farmer by occupation, is geographically, morally, physically and mentally in line to send so fair a bill through the house that the senate could not turn it down.

Under the parcels post law packages "will be mailable only at postoffice, branch offices, lettered and local named stations, and such numbered stations as may be designated by the postmaster." We suppose that postmasters will designate rural boxes as numbered stations under this regulation. The law certainly implies clearly that parcels are to be received along rural routes by providing a special rate on matter mailed on a rural route for delivery at another point on that route.

The Power of the Money Kings

Charts presented to the the house money trust investigation committee Wednesday show;

That eighteen leading financial firms, of which J. P. Morgan is one, have 746 directors in 134 railroads, financial and industrial corporations representing an aggregate of twenty-five billion, eight hundred and twenty-five million dollars.

That condensing the list of those who control the financial resources of the country it appears that J. P. Morgan & Co., the First National bank, the National City bank, the Guaranty Trust company and the Bankers' Trust company, all of New York, are represented by 341 directors in various corporations that have an aggregate of twenty-two billion, two hundred and forty-five million dollars.

That still further condensing the list it is found that the Morgan company, the Guaranty trust, the Bankers' trust, and the First National bank are represented by 229 directors on the boards of corporations.

That the leading financial institutions haue many directors in common, forming an interlocking system that binds the great financial interests together.

Judges on the Rule of Precedent

Two Minnesota judges are quoted as condemning the neglect of principle, reason, and logic by the legal profession, and the habit of appealing to mere precedent. These judges wish the law reports could be burned, and the lawyers forced to do a little independent thinking.

There is much truth in these expressions. But do not judges err on the same side? Is not the average judge apt to ask, "What is your authority?" Are not judges afraid of violating precedents?

The movement back to principles and rules of reason can equity and be started by the more independent and forceful of the judges themselves. It lies with them, very largely, to discourage voluminous, padded briefs, wearisome citations, and the filing of reference upon reference. They can ask the lawyers to boil down their arguments and to rely upon fundamental principles as illustrated by two or three important cases. The campaign against too much precedent and too little reason should, perhaps, be opened by the supreme courts. The average trial judge may hesitate to make enemies among the lawyers and the politicians by attempting revolutionary reforms.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Warning

There will be a big Tempest at the Opera house next Friday. But it will be followed by a beautiful burst of sunshine. The only trouble to be anticipated will be the difficulty of securing good seats, so get them early and avoid the rush.

Notice for Bids

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire at the village hall in said village on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day, forthe purpose of opening and considering bids for the purchase of the $4,000 in bonds authorized to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on the 9th day of November, 1912. All bids for the purchase of said bonds must be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the meeting of the village council, and the village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered. Said bonds will bear six (6) per cent interest, payable annually, and will run for fifteen years from the day of the date thereof, and all issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder.

Rural School Notes

Attention of teachers and school officers is called to the following announcement by the state superintendent of public instruction:

STATE AID

"Attention is directed to one additional requirement for the receiving of state aid in semigraded and in rural schools of classes A, B, and C."

PRIMARY MATERIAL

Ample material for seat work in primary grades must be provided—at least $10 for each school. It is desirable that this rule should affect the provision of this material in the schools during this present school year. Beginning with the school year 1913-1914 the rule will be uniformly enforced."

As I understand this regulation it means that those schools having money appropriated and on hand in the treasury for this purpose must buy the material needed for busy work; those schools having no funds will be required to comply with the regulations for next year, hence to appropriate money therefor at the next annual meeting.

COMMON SCHOOL CERTIFICATES

"A revised edition of rules relating to examinations and certificates will be ready for distribution before Jan. 1. One new statement in the rules will be that a credit in Plane Geometry will be required for a first grade certificate; no substitute credit or additional examination will be accepted for that subject after August, 1913.

That department plans to postpone the teachers' examination which has been held in February until May. This was done in 1911. It may be thought desirable later, if found practicable, to offer no written examination for certificates until August, 1913."

Trustees and school boards for state aided schools will kindly note these statements and be governed accordingly.

Your school superintendent has been busy visiting schools the last week. As a general rule teachers and pupils are doing good work. I will not insist (?) on good roads, but I do want to see these school houses filled with children, so that the splendid fall weather can be conducive to good school work.

In some instances school clerks have not turned over to teachers blanks and supplies sent out from this office Please see that this is done.

A merry Christmas to teachers and schools.

Respectfully. E. A. MOSTUE.

Larson—Erickson

A pretty wedding took place on Thursday afternoon, December 19, at 1 o'clock, when Elsie Erickson became the bride of Mr. Gust Larson. The wedding march was played by Mrs. Albert Larson, while the bridal party entered and took their places beneath the wedding bell. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. L. Larson of Warren, Minn.

The bride wore a dress of white crepe-de-chine with veil, carrying bridal roses and lilies of the valley. The bride was attended by Julia Bjornquist, who wore a dress of white serge, carrying pink and white carnations. Mr. Paul Thyren acted as best man.

After the cermony a very interesting poem was composed and given by Mr. Blixt, after which a delicious four course dinner was served. The afternoon was spent in conversation and song. After which the happy couple left that same evening.

Their many friends and relatives wish them a long and happy life.

School Notes

Thursday evening the pupils of the eight and ninth grades went for a sleigh ride, given by the professor. Leaving town at 8 o'clock, they drove out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Aubol, where after playing many games, a lunch was served. They returned home having spent an enjoyable evening.

The Owl literary society gave a program Friday afternoon, to which all were welcome.

The spelling contest yesterday between the Freshman and eighth grade pupils on one side and seventh grade on the other, was won by the former.

School closed yesterday for a two weeks' holiday vacation.

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 263

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To St. Hilaire Townsite Co:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot eleven of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, (lot 11 of block 47), is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D 1903, for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seventy-one cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and fourteen cents and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 6th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d14-21

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. }

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To S. M. Dainard:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 9 and 10 of Block 49 in the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Minn., is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1902, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1900 for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of nine and 84-100 dollars, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided for the sum of forty-two dollars and thirty cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificates of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece of or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice) exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-two dollars and fifty-five cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

REGISTERED PHARMACIST

MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.

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Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger, leaves 10:50 a. m
" 563, Freight, " 8:10 "

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger, leaves 4:20 p. m.
" 564, Freight, " 2:15 "

No. 563 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Leave for Wylie.......... 7:30 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie.......... 8:35 a. m

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 274

Notice of Expiration of Redemption

To John Lieka:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 19 and 20 of Block 26, Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 11th day of May, A. D. 1904, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1904, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1902, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and seventy-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of eight dollars and ninety-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate for sale of said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of nine dollars and two cents.

That the time of redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 275

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Andrew Stenseth.

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot 21 of Block 15 in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1909, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said County of Red Lake, on the 30th day of March A. D. 1909, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1907, for said county of Red Lake, the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and twelve cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and fifty-nine cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and sixty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. 264

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Mrs. Tracy Whaley:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lot twelve of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, (Lot 12, Blk. 47), is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year above A. D. 1903, for said county of Red Lake, the described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of fourteen dollars and seventy-three cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of thirteen dollars and sixty-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office, by the holder thereof, for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of thirteen dollars and seventy-four cents, and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 6th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake, State of Minnesota. } No. [illegible]

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To John H. [illegible]

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots [illegible] and [illegible] of Block [illegible] in the Townsite of Red Lake Rapids, in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 190[illegible], at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 28th day of March, A. D. 19[illegible], in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 190[illegible], for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of one dollar and eighty-two cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November A. D. 1912 the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of four dollars and ninety-four cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of four dollars and ninety-six cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property

Office of County Auditor, County of Red Lake State of Minnesota. } No. 278

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To Louisa Mussy.

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land, situated in the county of Pennington formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 10, 11, 12, 13 of Block 24 in Knox's addition to Red Lake Rapids in the city of Thief River Falls, Minnesota, is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1907, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the District Court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 25th day of March A. D. 1912, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1905, for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seven dollars and eighty-four cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of twelve dollars and seventy-seven cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served; and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale, at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of twelve dollars and eighty-one cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE,
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.
d7-31

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ninety dollars, interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by C. E. Carpenter and Ella A. Carpenter, his wife, and Geo. M. Bleecker and Mary F. Bleecker, his wife, mortgagors, to Merchants State Bank of St. Hilaire, Minnesota, a corporation, mortgagees, bearing date the 10th day of June, 1910, and duly acknowledged by said mortgagors on June 25th, 1910, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of Red Lake and state of Minnesota on the 30th day of June, 1910, at 5 o'clock p. m., in book 3 of mortgages on page 182.

Which said mortgage was after the organization and creation of Pennington county, Minnesota, duly transcribed into the records in the office of the register of deeds of said Pennington county, and recorded therein on the 23rd day of November, 1910, in book 2 of mortgages on page 332;

And Whereas, The said mortgagee and holder of said mortgage has duly elected and does hereby elect to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage due and payable at the date of this notice under the terms and conditions of said mortgage and the power of sale therein contained; and whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of fifteen hundred ninety and no-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum from the 10th day of June, 1912, and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, towit: The south one-half of the southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section two (2) in township one hundred fifty-two (152) north of range forty-four (44) west of the fifth principal meridian, in Red Lake county, Minnesota, now a part of Pennington county, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said Pennington county at the east front door of the courthouse in the city of Thief River Falls in Pennington county in said state on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of fifteen hundred ninety dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 12, A. D. 1912.

MERCHANTS STATE BANK OF ST. HILAIRE, MINN.
(CORPORATE SEAL) Mortgagee
By B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

WM. J. BROWN, Attorney for Mortgagee,
Thief River Falls, Minn. n16-6t

Pay your subscription

DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

D B C

DEVELOPS BRAINS FOR CASH

[illegible]

CHURCHES

UNITED LUTHERAN CHURCH.—Services tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.
REV. M. S. GJERDE Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.
PAUL N. PALMER Pastor,

NORWEGIAN SYNOD CHURCH—Ser- Sunday school at 1 p. m.
I. T. AASTAD, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. ST. HILAIRE LODGE No. 141—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
J. F. POST, Sec. D. PATTERSON, N. G.

M. W. A. CAMP 3890 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
CARL JOHNSON, V. C.
C. SWANSON, Clerk.

ST. HILAIRE LODGE NUMBER 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.
C. STEEN, President.
N. N. LARSON, V. P. C. SWANSON, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visiting members cordially invited.
G. A. OLSON, President. MONNIE LARSEN, Secretary.

BUSINESS CARDS

Dr. C. Swanson
Physician and Surgeon
Office over M. R. Hage's Store

Kjomme & Pitkin
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
First National Bank Building
THIEF RIVER FALLS
MINN.

C. H. Martz
CIVIL ENGINEER
Estimates, plans, and specifications for ditching, construction of highways, bridges, and railroads.

NOTARY PUBLIC
JOHN T. LATTIMORE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
ERIE
PENNINGTON COUNTY
MINN.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

CENTRAL
MEAT MARKET
Wilson & Steen, Props.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MEATS
SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY
HIGHEST CASHPRICE PAID FOR HIDES
ST. HILAIRE MINN

America's Greatest Weekly
THE
TOLEDO BLADE
TOLEDO, OHIO
The Best Known Newspaper in the United States
Circulation 340,090
Popular in Every State

No Whiskey Advertising

The seventy-eighth year of its existence finds the Toledo Blade more popular than at any period during its long and successful career. It is read each week by more than a million people. The Blade's field is national and it goes into every state and territory in the United States, thereby giving it an unquestionable right of claiming to be the greatest weekly newspaper published in America.

The Weekly Blade is distinctly a family newspaper. The one object of its publishers has always been to make it fit for the American home, for the fireside, and of interest to every member of the family. To this purpose it is kept clean and wholesome. The news of the world is handled in a comprehensive manner, and the various departments of The Blade are edited with painstaking care. The household page is a delight to the women and children; current affairs are treated editorially without prejudice; the serial stories are selected with the idea of pleasing the greatest number of fiction [illegible]

Bring in Your Ads

THE LOCAL NEWS

Leit your farm with C. C. Elliott.

C. C. Elliott arrived from a visit to the cities.

Victor Brink went to Red Lake Falls Tuesday.

Alfred Anderson was in Thief River Falls Monday.

A. H. Pitkin was a Thief River Falls visitor Thursday.

C. W. Lyman was a Thief River Falls visitor Wednesday.

Miss Eda Brink went Tuesday to Crookston to visit with friends.

Miss Julia Bjornquist was a Thief River Falls visitor yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Eckstrom went yesterday to Thief River Falls.

Miss Nora Swanson came yesterday from Crookston for a visit at home.

Mrs. McKinney of Duluth is the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. McAndress.

Mrs. C. C. Elliott and Miss Pearl King were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

A. H. Pitkin was looking after business matters in Thief River Falls Thursday.

Mrs. Albert Severson and her mother, Mrs. Ortloff, were in Thief River Falls Tuesday.

Tom Highland returned Monday to Halstad after a visit with his brother M. Highland.

Miss Sina Hagen left this morning for her home at Plummer, where she will spend Christmas.

Mrs. Ole Opperud of Marian, N. D., arrived Thursday and are guests of Mrs. A. Satterberg.

Miss Emma Dunn of Kuchnel, Minn., visited at the Sam McMahon home on Monday and Tuesday.

Come and get your Christmas presents. The time is getting short.
D. LAZAR.

Invitations are out for the wedding on New Years' day of Miss Nellie Landahl and Oscar Peterson.

Superintendent Mostue spent Wednesday night in St. Hilaire, having been visiting schools in this vicinity.

August Bergland returned Tuesday from Fort Francis, where he has been employed during the summer at the sawmill.

August Swenson and his daughters, Miss Mildred, Swenson and Mrs. Alex Sand were in Thief River Falls Monday.

Prof Boehm left last evening for his home at Pierz, Minn., where he will spend his vacation, after a short visit at St. Cloud.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

I have now on hand two car loads of nut coal and one car of soft coal. Call and get right prices.
A. SATTERBERG.

Art Jacobson and Gunnar Lindquist returned yesterday from Rochester, Minn., where Jacobson submitted to an operation for catarrh.

Insure against accident, sickness, and death in the Merchants' Life and Casualty company of Minneapolis, Minn, Henry Olson is the local agent. adv

STRAYED—Came to my place Tuesday Nov. 27, a White ram, with one broken horn. Owner please prove property, pay charges, and take his animal.
adv-3t AXEL JACOBSON.

Parties who have not already left their orders for coal should do so at once. I am in a position to care for all orders at present, for either hard or soft coal.
adv-d7-4t G. I. FELLMAN.

Miss Bertha Just arrived Thursday from Rapidan, Minn., and is a guest of her sister, Mrs. N. E. Beebe. Miss Just will remain here during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Beebe in California. They go some time next week.

Andrew Orwick accompanied his daughter, Mrs. Maine of Minneapolis on her return from the funeral of her mother, and will make his home with her. Mrs. Smithers of Fargo, will move here and occupy the Orwick Cottage.

ESTRAY. — Came to my place Thursday morning, Dec. 12, two horses—one bay wearing halter, and one black with white socks on three legs and white spot on one side. Owner please prove property, pay expenses, and take his animals.
OLE LARSON,
Southeast quarter section 34; town of Sanders.

There will be services Christmas day at the United Lutheran church at 11 o'clock a. m.

There will be services in the Swedish Lutheran church Christmas morning at 6 o'clock.

Come in and look over our Christmas goods before buying your presents. D. LAZAR.

Miss Caroline Hodgson left last evening to spend her Christmas time at her home at Willmar, Minn.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Orwick were held Tuesday at the Synod church by Rev. I. T. Aastad of Thief River Falls. Mrs. Smithers and Mrs. Hardwin of Fargo, and Mrs. Maine of Minneapolis, and A. J. Johnson of Spring Grove were present.

Mary J. Holmes greatest novel will be presented at the Opera house next Friday. Tempest and Sunshine will live for ages as the best of southern plays. Brimful of wit, humor, and pathos. This company is directed by J. Earl Barrington, which assures a finished performance. Special scenery for each and every act, correct costumes of the period. Each actor has been chosen for his or her special fitness for the part portrayed, giving a well rounded and finished production of this justly famous play. This will be indeed the dramatic treat of the season. The outlook is that they will play to a packed house.

Annual Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Pennington and Red Lake Counties will be held in the hall in St. Hilaire, Minn., on the 6th day of January, 1913, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year, and to transact other business that may come before said meeting.
d21-3t JOHN O. SWANSON, Secretary.

Of Interest to Boys and Girls

Under twenty-one years of age of St. Hilaire and vicinity:

We take pleasure in announcing the fact that the dairy and food department of the state of Minnesota is making plans to conduct a "Junior Dairy association."

It will consist, in reality, of a number of small organizations under the supervision of the state dairy and food department. The duties of the members will be to keep daily records of the dairy cows on their respective farms. It will be unlike all other forms of cow-testing organizations inasmuch as no prizes will be offered for the high yields of any cow or herd, but will be awarded strictly on the merits of the records kept and the essays covering the things learned by the contestant through the keeping of said records. The department intends to get the junior dairymen and -maids on the farm interested in finding out for themselves just what each cow on their farm is producing, and, in order to succeed in their task, has set aside several hundred dollars that will be spent in the purchase of suitable prizes that will be awarded the successful contestants in each of the 216 districts in the state.

The date for the opening of the contest has not been announced as yet but we expect an official notice from the dairy and food commissioner in the near future.

The Red River Valley Dairymen's association will conduct a similar contest, commencing April 1. The same set of records will answer for both contests, so it will not cost any extra labor to enter both. It is also possible that the St. Hilaire Creamery association will offer some prizes to the first, second and third best sets of records and essays kept by the patrons of this creamery. So, you see, there will be more than one prize or set of prizes to go after.

Let us all get together now and pull towards winning all the prizes on the list fer St. Hilaire. Not for the sake of the prize itself but for the sake of knowing for ourselves which cow it pays us to keep and which one is boarding at our expense. The keeping of daily records is a simple matter that any boy or girl twelve years of age can do if shown how. Of course it will take about five or ten minutes per day to do it right, but we can all spare that time if we once get the habit. Let us get it and GET IT RIGHT.

If after we get the blanks or record sheets, anything should look difficult, just take the records with you to the creamery and we shall be glad to give any information that you may need. We want to get you all, if possible, started at keeping daily records of your cows so that you, and we too, will know how to succeed in getting better returns from the creamery per cow per year. That is the only way to find out because, as any doctor will tell you, it is impossible to prescribe medicine for a person unless you know the nature of his disease. So it is with unprofitable dairying, it is impossible to change it into a profitable undertaking unless we know which cow is consuming more food value in dollars and cents than her entire products will bring us at the creamery.

It is nearing the time usually set for the "turning of a new leaf," let us make up our minds that one "leaf" must be turned, that of taking what a cow brings us regardless of whether that is enough to pay for her keep, and let us find out just what each one is bringing us so that we can dispose of the undesirable ones that we may at least keep the profit that the good cows are returning us intact.

We take this occasion to wish you all a joyful Christmas and a happy and prosperous New Year.

Sincerely yours, A. J. HED.

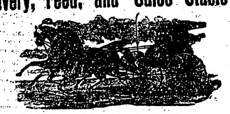
Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	70
" " 2 "	67
" " 3 "	64
Flax, No. 1	$1.09
" " 2	1.04
Adjected Flax	.99
Barley, for 48 lbs	33
Oats	22
Rye	44
Eggs	30
Butter	30
" creamery	34
Potatoes	25
Beef live weight	2½@3½
Pork, "	6
" dressed	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive	6@8
Hides	@9
Flour, patent	2.40-3.00
Shorts, per ton	22.00
Bran, " "	21.00

From now until Christmas
we will give from
10 to 25 per Cent
REDUCTION
on all our Winter Goods.
Come in and get our prices
DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



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CHESTNUT HARD COAL AND POCAHONTAS SMOKELESS COAL NOW ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES. PUT IN YOUR SUPPLY BEFORE IT IS GONE.

Avoid Trouble
at your home by using a sack of the BEST FLOUR that Human skill can produce. A trial sack of our most famous
MASCOT FLOUR
made from No. 1 hard wheat
Give us a trial
RED LAKE FALLS Milling Company.
S. J. SWANSON. - - Agent

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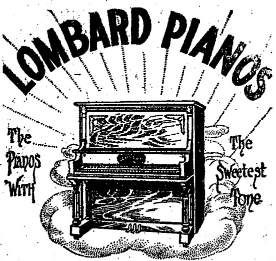
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Imperial Hall Friday Evening, December 27, 1912
THE CROWS in "TEMPEST AND SUNSHINE"
THE GREAT PLAY
Dramatized from Mary J. Holmes' Greatest Novel
35c and 50c
RESERVED SEATS ON SALE AT DRUG STORE

NOW IS THE TIME
For you to be replenishing your stock of printed stationery for your own use:
Letter Heads,
Note Heads,
Envelopes,
Statements,
Due Bills,
Cards,
Dodgers,
Auction Bills, etc.
When about to place your order remember
THE SPECTATOR



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it. It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

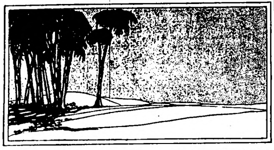
Advertise in the SPECTATOR

THE
[illegible] Hilaire Telephone Exchange

LOCAL
AND
LONG
DISTANCE
TELEPHONE

Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with The To and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH
Author of HEARTS AND MASKS, The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER
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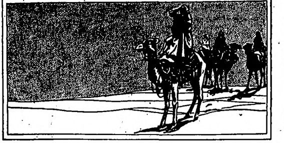
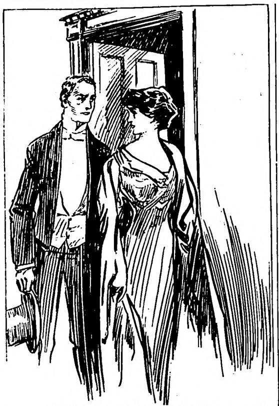




"She Shall Never Marry a Man of Your Stamp."

SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle. Ryanne sells Jones the famous holy Yhiordes rug which he admits having stolen from a pasha at Bagdad. Jones meets Major Callahan and later is introduced to Fortune Chedsoye by a woman to whom he had loaned 150 pounds at Monte Carlo some months previously, and who turns out to be Fortune's mother. Jones takes Mrs. Chedsoye and Fortune to a polo game. Fortune returns to Jones the money borrowed by her mother. Mrs. Chedsoye appears to be engaged in some mysterious enterprise unknown to the daughter. Ryanne interests Jones in the United Romance and Adventure company, a concern which for a price will arrange any kind of an adventure to order. Mrs. Chedsoye, her brother, Major Callahan, Wallace and Ryanne, as the United Romance and Adventure company, plan a risky enterprise involving Jones.

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued.)

"I accept it as such. I am tired of petty things. I repeat, failure is not possible. Have I not thought it out, detail by detail, mapped out each line, anticipated dangers by eliminating them?"

"All but that one danger of which we know nothing. You're a great woman, Kate. You have, as you say, made ninety-nine dangers out of a hundred impossible. Let us keep an eye out for that hundredth. Our photographs have yet to grace the rogues' gallery."

"With one exception." Ryanne's laughter was sardonic.

"Whose?" shot the major.

"Mine. A round and youthful phiz, a silky young mustache. But rest easy; there's no likeness between that and the original one I wear now."

"You never told me . . . " began Mrs. Chedsoye.

"There was never any need till now. Eight years ago. Certain powers that be worked toward my escape. But I was never to return. You will recollect that I have always remained this side. Enough. What I did does not matter. I will say this much: my crime was in being found out. One venture into New York and out to sea again: they will not have a chance. I doubt if any could recall the circumstances of my meteoric career. You will observe that I am keyed for anything. Let us get to work. It doesn't matter, anyhow."

"You did not . . . " Mrs. Chedsoye hesitated.

"Blood?" reading her thought. "No, Gioconda; my hands are guiltless, at least they were till this Bagdad affair; and I am not sure there. I was a trusted clerk; I gambled; I took money that did not belong to me. And here I am, room number 208."

"It doesn't matter. Come, Kate; don't stare at Hoddy as if he were a new species." The major smoothed the ends of his moustache. "This confession will be good for his soul."

"Yes, Gioconda; I feel easier now. I am heart and soul in this affair. I need excitement, too. Lord, yes. When I went to Bagdad, I had no idea that I should ever lay eyes upon that rug. But I did. And there's the emeralds, too, major."

The major rubbed his hands pleasurably. "Yes, yes; the emeralds; I had not forgotten them. One hundred lovely green stones, worth not a penny under thirty thousand. A fine collection. But another idea has taken possession of this teeming brain of mine. Have you noticed how this fellow Jones hovers about Fortune? He's worth a million, if he's worth a cent. I am sure, in pure gratitude, she would see to it that her loved ones were well taken care of in their old age."

"I am going to marry Fortune myself," said Ryanne blandly.

"You?" The major was nonplussed. Wallace shuffled his feet uneasily. This blood companion of his was always showing kinks in his nature, kinks that rarely ever straightened out.

"Yes. And why not? What is she to either you or her mother? Nothing. Affection you have never given her, being unable. It surprises you; but, nevertheless, I love her, and I am going to marry her."

"Really?" said Mrs. Chedsoye.

"Even so."

"You are a fool, Horace!" with rising fury. So then, the child had not jibed her in a moment of pique?

"Men in love generally are fools. I've never spoken before, because you never absolutely needed me till now. There's my cards, pat."

Mrs. Chedsoye's fury deepened, but not visibly. "You are welcome to her, if she will have you."

"Yes," supplemented the major; "if she will have you, my friend, take her, and our benedictions."

Ryanne's shoulders stirred suggestively.

"Of course, I expect to have the final word to say on the subject. She is my daughter," said Mrs. Chedsoye.

"A trifling accident, my dear Gioconda," smiled Ryanne! "merely that."

"Just a little oil, just a little oil," the major pleaded anxiously. "Dash it all, this is no time for a row of this silly order. But it's always the way," irritably. "A big enterprise, demanding a single purpose, and a trifle like this to upset it all!"

"I am ready for business at any moment."

"And you, Kate?"

"We'll say no more about it till the affair is over. After that . . . "

"Those who live will see, eh?" Ryanne rolled a cigarette.

"To business, then. In the first place, Mr. Jones must not reach the Ludwig."

"He will not." Ryanne spoke with quiet assurance.

"He will not even see that boat," added Wallace, glad to hear the sound of his voice again.

"Good. But, mind, no rough work."

"Leave it all to me," said Ryanne. "The United Romance and Adventure Company will give him an adventure on approval, as it were."

"To you, then. The report from New York reads encouragingly. Our friends there are busy. They are merely waiting for us. From now on Percival Algernon must receive no more mail, telegrams or cables."

"I'll take care of that also." Ryanne looked at Mrs. Chedsoye musingly.

"His real estate agent will wire him, possibly tomorrow."

"In that event, he will receive a cable signifying that the transaction is perfectly correct."

"He may also inquire as to what to do with the valuables in the wall-safe."

"He will be instructed to touch nothing, as the people who will occupy the house are old friends." Ryanne smoked calmly.

"Wallace, you will return to New York at once."

"I thought I was wanted here?"

"No longer."

"All right; I'm off. I'll sail on the Prince Ludwig, stateroom 118. I'll have my joke by the way.

"You will do nothing of the kind. You will have a stateroom by yourself," said Mrs. Chedsoye crisply. "And no wine, nor cards. If you fail, I'll break you . . . "

"As we would a churchwarden's pipe, Wallace, my lad." Ryanne gripped his companion by the shoulder, and there was enough pressure in the grip to cause the recipient to wince.

"Well, well; I'll lay a straight course." Wallace slid his shoulder from under Ryanne's hand.

"To you, then, Hoddy, the business of quarantining our friend Percival. Don't hurt him; simply detain him. You must realize the importance of this. Have you your plans?"

"I'll perfect them tomorrow. I shall find a way, never fear."

"Does the rug come in anywhere?" The major was curious. It sometimes seemed to him that Ryanne did not always lay his cards face up upon the table.

"It will play its part. Besides, I am rather inclined to the idea of taking it back. It may be the old wishing-carpet. In that case, it will come in handy. Who knows?"

"How much is it worth?"

"Ah, major, Percival himself could not say exactly. He gave me a thousand pounds for it."

"A thousand pounds!" murmured Wallace.

The major struck his hands lightly together. Whether in applause or wonder he alone knew.

"And it was worth every shilling of it, too. I'll tell you the story some day. There are a dozen ways of suppressing Percival, but I must have something appealing to my artistic side."

"You have never told us your real name, Horace," Mrs. Chedsoye bent toward him.

He laughed. "I must have something to confess to you in the future, dear Gioconda."

"Well, the meeting adjourns, sine die."

"What are you going to do with Fortune?" demanded Ryanne.

"Send her back to Mentone."

"What the deuce did you bring her here for, knowing what was in the wind?"

"She expressed a desire to see Cairo again," answered Mrs. Chedsoye.

"We never deny her anything." The major rose and yawned suggestively.

In the corridor, Ryanne whispered softly: "Why not, Gioconda "

"She shall never marry a man of your stamp," coldly.

"Charming mother! How tenderly you have cherished her!"

"Horace," calmly enough, "is it wise to anger me?"

"It may not be wise, but I have never seen you in a rage. You would be magnificent."

"Cease this foolery," patiently. "I am in no mood for it tonight. As an associate in this equivocal business, you do very well; you are necessary. But do not presume too much upon that. For all that I may not have been what a mother should be, I still have some self-respect. So long as I have any power over her, Fortune shall never marry a man so far down in the social scale as yourself."

"Social scale? Gioconda, how you hurt me!" mockingly. "I should really like to know what your idea of that invincible barrier is. Is it because my face is in the rogues' gallery? Surely, you would not be cruel!"

"She is far above us all, my friend," continuing unruffled. "Sometimes I stand in absolute awe of her."

"A marvel! If my recollection is not at fault, many a man has entered the Villa Fanny, with a view to courtship, men beside whom I am as Roland to the lowest Saracen. You never objected to them."

"They had money and position."

"Magic talisman! And if I had money and position?"

"My objections would be no less strong."

"Your code puzzles me. You would welcome as a son-in-law a man who stole openly the widow's mite, while I, who harass none, but the predatory rich, must dwell in the outland? Rank injustice!"

"You couldn't take care of her."

"Yes, I could. With but little effort I could make these two hands as honest as the day is long."

"I have my doubts," smiling a little.

"Suppose, for the sake of an argument, suppose Fortune accepted me?"

Mrs. Chedsoye's good humor returned. She knew her daughter tolerably well; the child had a horror of men. "Poor Horace! Do you build upon that?"

"Less, perhaps, than upon my own bright invention. My suit, then to be brief, is rejected?"

"Emphatically. I have spoken."

"Oh, well; the feminine prerogative shall be mine, the last word. Good night; dormi bene!" He bowed grandly and turned toward his own room.

He possessed that kind of mockery which was the despair of those at whom it was directed. They never knew whether his mood was one of harmless fun or of deadly intent. And rather than mistake the one quality for the other, they generally pretended to ignore. Mrs. Chedsoye, who had a similar talent, was one of the few who felt along the wall as one does in the dark, instinctively. Tonight she recognized that there was no harmless fun but a real desperateness behind the mask; and she had held in her temper with a firm hand. This was not the hour for a clash. She shivered a little; and for the first time in the six or seven years she had known him, she faced a fear of him. His great strength, his reckless courage, his subtle way of mastering men by appearing to be mastered by them, held her in the thrall of a peculiar fascination which, in quiet periods, she looked upon as something deeper. Marriage was not to her an ideal state, nor was there any man, living or dead, who had appealed to the physical side of her. But he was in the one sex what she was in the other; and while she herself would never have married him, she raged inwardly at the possibility of his wanting another woman.

To her the social fabric which holds humanity together was merely a convenience; the moral significance touched neither her heart nor her mind. In her the primordial craving for ease, for material comforts, pretty trinkets and gowns was strongest developed. It was as if this sense had been handed down to her, untouched by contact with progression, from the remote ages, that time between the fall of Roman civilization and where modern civilization began. In short a beautiful barbarian, whose intellect alone had advanced.

Fortune was asleep. The mother went over to the bed and gently shook the slim, round arm which lay upon the coverlet. The child's nature lay revealed as she opened her eyes and smiled. It did not matter that the smile instantly changed to a frowning inquiry. The mother spoke truly when she said that there were times when she stood in awe of this, her flesh and blood.

"My child, I wish to ask you a question, and for your own good answer truthfully. Do you love Horace?"

Fortune sat up and rubbed her eyes. "No." Had her wits been less scattered she might have paltered.

The syllable had a finality to it that reassured the mother more than a thousand protestations would have done.

"Good night," she said.

Fortune lay down again and drew the coverlet up to her chin. With her eyes shut she waited, but in vain. Her mother disrobed and sought her own bed.

Ryanne was intensely dissatisfied with himself. For once his desperate mood had carried him too far. He had made too many confessions, had antagonized a woman who was every bit as clever and ingenious as himself. The enterprise toward which they were moving held him simply because it was an exploit that enticed wholly his twisted outlook upon life. There was a forbidding humor in the whole affair, too, which he alone saw. The possible rewards were to him of secondary consideration. It was the fun of the thing. It was the fun of the thing that had put him squarely upon the wide, short road to perdition, which had made him first a spendthrift, then a thief. The fun of the thing; sinister phrase! A thousand times had he longed to go back, for he wasn't all bad; but door after door had shut behind him; and now the single purpose was to get to the end of the road by the shortest route.

He did not deceive himself. His desperate mood was the result of an infernal rage against himself, a rage against the weakness of his heart, Fortune Chedsoye. Why had she not crossed his path at that time when he might have been saved? And yet, would she have saved him? God alone knew.

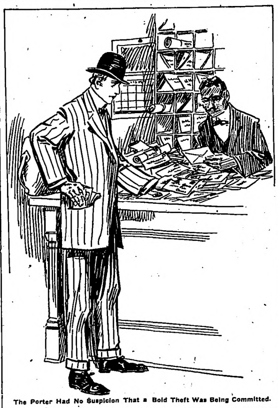
He heard Jones stirring in his room next door. Presently all became still. To sleep like that! He shrugged, threw off his coat, swept the cover from the stand, found a pack of cards, and played solitaire till the first pallor of dawn announced the new day.

Reclining snugly against the parapet, wrapped in his tattered arbiyeth, or cloak, his head pillowed upon his lean arm, motionless with that pretended sleep of the watcher, Mahomed-El-Gebel kept his vigil. Miles upon miles he had come, across three bleak, cold, blinding deserts, on camels, in trains, on camels again, night and day, day and night, across the soundless, yellow plains. Allah was good to the true believer. The night was chill, but certain fires warmed his blood. All day long he had followed the accursed, lying giaour, but never once had he wandered into the native quarters of the city. Patience! What was a day, a week, a year? Grains of sand. He could wait. Inshalla!

CHAPTER VIII.

The Purloined Cable.

George, having made his bargain with conscience relative to the Yhiordes rug, slept the sleep of the untroubled, of the just, of the man who had nothing in particular to get up for. In fact, after having drunk his breakfast cocoa and eaten his buttered toast, he evinced his satisfaction by turning his face away from the attracting morning light and passing off into sleep again. And thereby hangs this tale.



The Porter Had No Suspicion That a Bold Theft Was Being Committed.

So much depended upon his getting his mail as it came in that morning, that Fate herself must have resisted sturdily the desire to shake him by the shoulder. Perhaps she would have done so but for the serenity of his pose and the infantile smile that lingered for a while round his lips. Fate, as with most of us, has her sentimental lapses.

The man next door, having no conscience to speak of (indeed, he had derailed her while passing his twentieth meridian!) was up betimes. He had turned in at four; at six he was strolling about the deserted lounging-room, watching the entrances. It is inconceivable how easily mail may be purloined in a large hotel. There are as many ways as points to the wind. Ryanne chose the simplest. He waited for the mail-bag to be emptied upon the head-porter's counter. Nonchalantly, but deftly, while the porter looked on, the adventurer ran through the bulk. He found three letters and a cable, the latter having been received by George's bankers the day before and mailed directly to the hotel. The porter had no suspicion that a bold theft was being committed under his very eyes. Moreover, circumstances prevented his ever learning of it. Ryanne stuffed the spoils into a pocket.

"If any one asks for me," he said, "say that I shall be at my banker's, the Anglo-Egyptian bank, at 10 o'clock.

"Yes, sir," replied the porter, as he began to sort the rest of the mail, not forgetting to peruse the postals.

Ryanne went out into the street, walking rapidly into town. Mahomed-El-Gebel shook the folds of his cloak and followed. The adventurer did not slacken his gait till he reached Shepheard's hotel. Upon the steps he paused. Some English troops were marching past, on the way to the railway station; the usual number of natives were patrolling the sidewalks, dangling strings of imitation scarabs; a caravan of pack-camels, laden with cotton, shuffled by haughtily; a blind beggar sat on the curb in front, munching a piece of sugar cane. Ryanne, assured that no one he knew was about, proceeded into the writing-room, wholly deserted at this early hour.

He sat down at a desk and opened the cable. It contained exactly what he expected. It was a call for advice in regard to the rental of Mr. George P. A. Jones' mansion in New York and the temporary disposing of the loose valuables. Ryanne read it over a dozen times, with puckered brow, and finally balled it fiercely in his fist. Fool! He could not, at that moment, remember the most essential point in the game, the name and office of the agent to whom he must this very morning send reply. Hurriedly he fished out the letters; one chance in a thousand. He swore, but in relief. In the corner of one of the letters he saw that for some unknown reason the gods were still with him. Reynolds and Reynolds, estates, Broad street; he remembered. He wrote out a reply on a piece of hotel paper, intending to copy it off at the cable-office. This reply covered the ground convincingly. "Renting for two months. Old friends. Leave things as they are. P. A." The initials were a little stroke. From some source Ryanne has picked up the fact that Jones' business correspondence was conducted over those two initials. He tore up the cable into small illegible squares and dropped some into one basket and some into another. Next, he readdressed George's mail to Leipzig; another stroke, meaning a delay of two or three months; from the head office of his banker's there to Paris, Paris to Naples, Naples to New York. That Ryanne did not open these letters was in nowise due to moral suasion; whatever they contained could be of no vital importance to him.

"Now, Horace, we shall bend the crook of our elbow in the bar-room. The reaction warrants a stimulant."

An hour later the whole affair was nicely off his hands. The cable had cost him three sovereigns. But what was that? Niente, rien; nothing; a mere bagatelle. For the first time in weeks a sense of security invaded his being.

It was by now 9 o'clock; and Percival Algernon still reposed upon his bed of ease. Let him sleep. Many days were to pass ere he would again know the comfort of linen sheets, the luxury of down under his ear.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Wants Pictures of Kitchen

Present Day Cooks Like to See Future Working Place Before They Engage Themselves.

"A phase of the servant girl question that was new to me was sprung the other day when I called at an employment agency to hire a cook," said the nervous woman. "A prepossessing looking girl was brought forward for an interview. Her first question was: Have you any pictures of your kitchen?'

"I said I had none.

"'It is always best to bring them,' said the girl loftily. 'It saves time and trouble, for with them to look at a cook can see at a glance the position of the sink, the tubs, the range, and the cupboards, and can tell if the place will suit her.'

"While I was adjusting my mind to that phase of the proposition another woman with a wider experience than mine piped up that she had brought views of her kitchen. From that minute I was out of it as far as that particular cook was concerned. The pictures met her approval, and the other woman hired her on the spot. I asked the manager if it was the custom for housekeepers to produce views of their home when hiring servants.

"'The custom is not yet universal,' he said, 'but it is growing. In one sense the girl is right; it does save time and trouble.'"

Formula for Rapid Firing.

The rifle for rapid firing should have shotgun weight, shotgun balance, shotgun trigger pull, shotgun fit and the sights must be such as can be caught instantly without effort in alignment. The hands grasp the piece firmly, not with the rifleman's loose grip, but the left arm pushes forward while the right draws back, and the trigger is pulled by transferring the drawing back force to the trigger finger, and not by any conscious crooking of that finger. The moment the bead covers the mark the bullet must be under way, be the aim good or bad.—Outing.

Towns Without Taxes.

It was recently reported from Germany that there was a little town within the empire in which there were no taxes. The town possessed benefactions, the revenues from which enabled it to pay its way without the intervention of the tax gatherer.

France never likes to be outdone by anything German, so a Paris contemporary has set itself the task of finding a parallel. Something more than a parallel has been discovered, for not only are there no taxes, but the timbers on the communal lands are sufficient to grant each person a small annuity. This happy land is Montmarlon, in the Midi. There are seven electors in the hamlet, so to avoid anything like rivalry the seven return themselves to the local council.

Cutting down the trees and selling them is sufficient to provide a livelihood for these simple people, whose tastes are so modest that they may be termed by some uncivilized.

Long Record as Public Singer.

What is probably the world's record as a public singer is held by Mrs. George V. Johnson, who for more than 62 years has ben soloist in the Presbyterian church. She has traveled a distance of more than 40,000 miles in merely going to and from her choir rehearsals and church services, while the actual time she has spent in a choir seat would amount to the equivalent of one year and a half.—Pike (N. Y.) Gazette.

The Open Book.

The life which is an open book reminds us chiefly that an open book is not a handy thing to carry around.—Puck.

HE KNEW WHAT TO AVOID

If Knowing uman Nature Would Do It This Man Would Have Made Good Preacher.

"Dr. John Haynes Holmes, who preached a Bull Moose sermon to President Taft the Sunday before election day, isn't like Washington White," said a member of Dr. Holmes' Church of the Messiah in New York.

"Washington White was an aged hod carrier. Laying down his paper one evening, he said to his wife over his spectacles:

"'Martha, I believe I'd make a preacher. Listen, now, and I'll give you a sermon.'

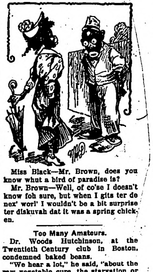
"The old man then stood up to the table and bellowed out a vigorous discourse on the wickedness of the idolators of the Orient.

"His wife said at the end:

"'A good enough sermon, Washington, but you've told us all about the sins of the foreigners and never a word about the sins of the folks at home here.'

"'Ha, ha, ha, I understand preachin' too well for that,' laughed the wily old man."

BLISSFUL SUPPOSITION.



Miss Black—Mr. Brown, does you know whut a bird of paradise is?

Mr. Brown—Well, of co'se I doesn't know foh sure, but when I gits ter de nex' worl' I wouldn't be a bit surprise ter diskuvah dat it was a spring chicken.

Too Many Amateurs.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson, at the Twentieth Century club in Boston, condemned baked beans.

"We hear a lot," he said, "about the raw vegetable cure, the starvation or fast cure, the fruit cure and what-not. These things, no less than baked beans, are bad for us unless they are recommended by an experienced dietician.

"There are too many amateur dieticians—and we all know the amateur.

"An amateur photographer was showing me some snapshots of Italy.

"'And these leaning buildings, what are they?' I asked.

"'They are some buildings in Pisa,' he replied. 'That perfectly straight one near them is the famous leaning tower.'"

Hopeless.

"Who wrote that story about Roosevelt's return to the Outlook office?" asked the managing editor.

"Billy Pennington," replied the city editor. "I thought it was a pretty good story."

"It was more than that. It was a remarkable story. I think we ought to raise Pennington's salary. He didn't wind up by saying: 'The colonel then plunged into a mass of correspondence.'"

"I'm sorry to have to tell you that he did. I blue-penciled that part of it."

"Oh, pshaw! We'll never be able to make anything of that fellow."

Why Girls Postpone.

Nell—Isn't Alice soon going to marry Jack?

Belle—I don't know. She says she hates to give up the dollar and a half shows for the ten-cent moving pictures.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Public enthusiasm is often succeeded by public forgetfulness.

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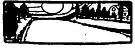
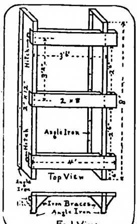
FARM AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT



DAKOTA TYPE OF ROAD DRAG

Different From Others and Is Improvement Because Dirt Cannot Accumulate Underneath.

Mr. J. E. Millett of Hudson, S. D., sends us a sketch of a road drag which he uses which is a little different from any others we have seen described, and we think it an improvement, says the Dakota Farmer. We think it is an improvement because there is nothing between the two planks to gather the dirt under the drag. He takes two pieces of bridge-plank each 8 feet long and three pieces of 2x8 4 feet long to make the drag. The bridge-plank are stood on edge 3 feet 6 inches apart and the three pieces of 2x8 4 feet long are spiked on the top with very heavy spikes. This allows the cross pieces to extend 6 inches back of the back plank of the scraper. Iron braces are then extended from the bottom of these upper planks to near the bottom of the scraper planks. These braces should be good and heavy and may be made out of an old wagon tire or any old material of that kind. A piece of wagon tire or something of that character is then bolted onto the bottom of the scraper to do the cutting. A chain with large links is attached as shown in the cut to which the horses are hitched with clevis and ring. By the use of the chain the angle at which the grader will run can be easily changed by moving the clevis one way or the other and attaching it through a link of the chain. We think probably this is an improvement on the present types of drags as it leaves everything clear underneath, but would suggest that possibly the cross-pieces should extend more than 6 inches back of the rear drag.

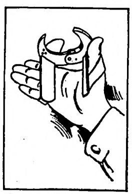


Millett Road Drag.

RAPIDITY IN HUSKING CORN

Michigan Man Invents Device That Does Work Almost as Quickly as Ears Are Picked Up.

It would be amusing if a man could attend an old-fashioned country husking bee with one of these corn husking devices and keep it hidden. He would so far outstrip all the other huskers that they would wonder how many hands he had. A Michigan man invented this device, which consists of a pair of pivotally connected curved jaws, a handle carried by each jaw, and strips on each handle by means of which they may be fastened to the hand. The interior of the jaws are serrated, so that when they are gripped over the husk of an ear of corn they take hold of it and strip it off in a twinkling, rolling the entire husk back at once. One motion is all that is required, and with a little practice a man can husk corn with this device as fast as he can pick the ears up.



Corn Husker.

Use of Spreader Best.

The piling of manure in small lots as it is hauled afield may have some points in its favor, but from the standpoint of realizing the largest possible good from the fertilizing elements contained is plainly a poorer method than scattering from the spreader.

Handled in this way, the soluble portion of the fertilizers that the manure contains soaks at once into the soil, while if the manure is put in piles there is a loss by chemical changes and the escape of gases.

Value of Windbreaks.

Windbreaks are popular. They make the farmstead look better and they make the buildings and yards more comfortable for the people and the stock.

GOOD ROAD BUILDING RULES

Deputy Commissioner of Michigan Gives Several Excellent Hints for Constructing Highways.

(By FRANK F. ROGERS, Deputy Highway Commissioner of Michigan.)

Never drag a dry road.

When dragging let the team straddle the wheel track.

It is absolutely necessary to use tile drains where roads cross springy soils.

A rise of six feet in each hundred feet of length is the required grade for state reward roads.

Loose sandy roads should be nearly level, with very shallow gutters to remove the water when the ground is frozen.

The cost for regrading old roads to fit them for the state reward restrictions has been between $200 and $400 per mile.

Where tile drains are not needed the bottom of the open drains should usually be at least two feet below the crown of the road.

No roads can be made good until the hills have been graded down to reasonable inclines and the road beds suitably shaped for travel.

Frequent scraping of sand roads with the road-scraper, or other scraping tools, is not only a loss of time and money, but a positive injury. Turnpiking up the sand simply helps the wheels to cut into it that much deeper.

Directions for making the plank road float may be obtained by writing to the state highway department at Lansing, Mich. This float is recognized to be the most useful road tool in existence. It can be built for about $3.

The time to use the float drag is, (1) In the spring when the frost has left the ground and the road begins to dry, but while yet muddy. (2) Immediately after very prolonged rain any time throughout the season. (3) In the fall just before the ground freezes. (4) In winter if frost should happen to leave the ground.

Gravel roads are popular in Michigan:

(1) Because they are durable and satisfactory.

(2) Because they are easily built and easily repaired, requiring no expensive machinery.

(3) Because the first cost is low.

(4) Because they draw a relatively large state reward, frequently one-third or more of their cost.

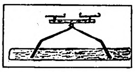
(5) Because they are a labor proposition from start to finish and keep all the money spent in their construction at home.

If you have gravel, build a gravel road.

HANDY FOR BREAKING STALKS

Implement for Use During Winter Months Is Simple and Any Blacksmith Can Make One.

For breaking stalks in winter, a tool is very simple and easily made. The plank is about 3x8 inches, and long enough to break five rows. The manner of hitching, says the Practical Farmer, is also easy, and any blacksmith will soon make it.



Handy Stalk Drag.

Bolt the rods to the plank about four feet from the ends, to prevent plank from jumping. On lower front edge of plank nail an old wagon tire, with worn side of tire next to plank, with sharp cutting edge down. Use when stalks are frozen.

Stable Manure Lacks Phosphorus.

On account of the relatively high percentage of nitrogen and potash in stable manure it is wise to add phosphoric acid to it in order that it may be a more nearly balanced fertilizer.

It is a good practice to use acid phosphate in the gutters of the stable, as this will absorb the odors and may fix any ammonia that is present. It has not been shown, however, that mixing the fertilizer with manure affords any other advantage over applying it separately.

Potatoes for Seed.

The heaviest yielding hills of potatoes are not always the best for seed. The number of plants in the hill must be taken into consideration.

Make Silos Deep.

You should always have your silos made deep so the silage will pack good.

Good Roads & Farm Notes

Buy your clover seed early.

Good roads cost money, but they are worth it.

It's a wise farmer that knows his own seed corn.

Shooting quail ought to be made a penitentiary offense.

Deep-plowed land has a great capacity for storage of moisture.

A heavy crop of weeds will check the growth of the clover a great deal.

A clover sod turned down makes an excellent foundation for a corn crop.

The ground for sweet clover seed should be prepared the same as fo. alfalfa or clover.

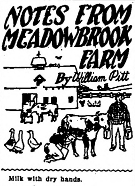
Hay stacked in the open loses 20 per cent. of its value by spoiling on the sides and bottom.

It does not pay to devote high-priced land for long periods to pasturage and the production of hay.

Rotation allows or assists nature to repair her waste places and incidentally facilitate the war on weeds.

Fall plowing of field areas will often be of service in controlling cut worms that are affecting field crops.

The silo means excellent feed stored in small space. Just what is needed when the grass in the pasture is dry.



NOTES FROM MEADOWBROOK FARM

By William Pitt

Milk with dry hands.

Turkeys kill many insects.

Dampness is bad for poultry.

Shelter for animals is humane.

Swine must have warm sleeping quarters.

Damp houses are the greatest promoters of disease among fowls.

The average cow is at her best as a producer at from 5 to 8 years old.

Unless wisely fed and cared for, a herd of fine hogs will degenerate rapidly.

The difficulty in ensiling rape is that there is too large a percentage of moisture.

The average calf is a badly neglected animal, especially during the fall and winter months.

The dairy cows, especially, will greatly relish and do well on the odd turnips, beets and cabbage.

For good churning qualities and uniform grade of butter, avoid mixing cream or different skimmings.

It is expensive carelessness to hitch a warm horse inadequately protected from raw winds or a drizzling rain.

Shelter for animals is not only humane but it shows up in the feed bins or in the bony animals in the spring.

There has not been a better time in years to take hold of the chicken business in a vigorous way than right now.

The growing pig requires protein and not much corn. It is all right to give a little corn, but too much is harmful.

Are your curry combs and brushes in good condition? You just can't afford to use poor ones. New ones cost but little.

Neither rape nor clover alone will do for growing, fattening hogs. They must have some grain twice a day for best results.

Feed green corn or any soiling crop that will keep up the flow of milk until the pastures have been revived by the fall rains.

Hogs by nature like a good clean bed to lie in. They will do all the better for it, because they will be more comfortable.

A cough in a hog can usually be traced to one of three things: Dust, worms or cold, but there is no telling what it may result in.

By actual experiment, it has been found that by feeding alfalfa hay with corn the cost of fattening pigs has been decreased about one-half.

A very good way to raise dairy calves is to feed them whole milk from two to four weeks, depending upon the physical condition of the calf.

Great care should be exercised that breeding stock, young chicks, or eggs for hatching be secured from flocks which are free from white diarrhea infection.

Where only a small flock of sheep is kept they should be good, thrifty, vigorous ewes. Sell off the old ones and keep lambs enough to keep up the flock.

Air-slacked lime sifted or scattered over the dropping boards will assist the cleaning process materially and also take up much of the dampness from the droppings.

In buying cows for the dairy it is usually best to buy those with their second or third calf. A good plan, too, if possible, is to test for butter fat. Always test for tuberculosis.

When you have found for a certainty that a hen is unprofitable dispose of her at once. Some hens are never good layers but they eat as much as the best of the flock.

The profit of a pure-bred herd of cows depends very largely upon the keeper. Some men will make more with ordinary stock than others will make with the very best of breeding.

With dairy products at a high figure, feed of all kinds plentiful, and the chances even for a mild winter, it looks as though the man with cows to milk this winter is due to make some money.

If chickens for exhibition purposes could have as much time in coops before the show as they have during the show, they would pose better for the judge, and be in quite as good condition with right feeding.

When a stop is made, turn the horses toward the wind, if possible, so that they may cool off. When they are resting, take the load off their necks, if possible. Give them a chance to rool and scratch themselves when they are unharnessed at night. They should be given a good bed and plenty to eat at night, and they should be watered in the morning before they are fed.

Fowls must have grit.

Barley is hard to digest.

Rape is too moist for siling.

Clover likes black, sandy loam.

The "right side" of a cow should be both sides.

Don't send any of the lambs to market in thin condition.

The sheep barn should be put in shape for the winter.

The cow barn is a poor place to install the cream separator.

Boards are cheaper than hay and grain for keeping stock warm.

It may be set down as a rule that it does not pay to fatten old cows.

A silo 18 feet in diameter and 40 feet high will hold 200 tons of silage.

It is not an easy task to break a cow from the habit of sucking herself.

Farmers at the present time can own no better stock than healthy growing pigs.

No animal that gets only food enough to support life can make a gain or profit.

Any man who will strike a horse in the head should never be allowed to touch one again.

Treat a calf mean and all the feed you give him never can make anything but a runt of him.

Poultry netting tacked on the inside of windows in the hen house will save the cost of many a glass.

Well bred stock and good feeding are requisite to obtaining the greatest benefit in stock raising.

Pneumonia kills many pigs before they get used to sleeping in damp pens, drafts or snow banks.

A solid concrete foundation for the separator insures it against vibration, which is hard on the machine.

Don't forget that if the sheep are not kept constantly in good condition the quality of the wool is affected.

Silage may be fed to young stock twice a day and it is a very good feed for all kinds of young dairy animals.

Remember the limited capacity of the hog's digestive apparatus and form his concentrated rations accordingly.

It is claimed by those who have tried it, that a cross of Moscovy drake on Pekin ducks will produce sterile progeny.

A ewe in good flesh almost invariably is a good breeder and a good suckler, something that thin ewes cannot very well do.

Bruises, cuts and small sores may develop into serious wounds, if not properly looked after and protected from the flies.

In purchasing a boar it is well to bear in mind that one with heavy bones is more to be desired than one of the slight build.

Regular careful milking permanently improves the animal as a milk producer, aside from directly increasing the milk flow.

One way of keeping dirt, flies, etc., from dropping into the pail while milking is to cover the pail with clean cheesecloth and milk through it.

The small farmer can keep a variety of live stock sufficient to produce something to sell and bring in a bit of ready cash every month in the year.

Did you know that you can get the confidence of the horse? He is often a better judge of human nature than many a man is of horse nature.

Build the silo next to the cattle barn where the feed can be taken right from the silo into the barn. A feed carrier makes light work in such a case.

Charcoal and grit should be kept where the fowls can have access to them at all times. They are a preventative as well as a cure for indigestion.

Dampness and contaminated ground are fruitful causes of poultry diseases. The quarters should be as dry as a chip, and the ground in the runs perfectly pure.

When a sick fowl is discovered, remove it at once. Maybe if you will attend to it then and there you can save it, whereas if allowed to wait too long it may die.

Do you know that feeding rye straw to pregnant ewes is a bad practice? The straw contains a considerable amount of ergot, which is likely to produce abortion.

The duck laying season opens in February, although a number of early hatched ducklings begin laying in January. The first eggs of the season are rarely ever fertile.

Select your breed for the special purpose it is to be kept for. If there is no definite purpose, study the matter over carefully till it is known what kind of poultry will net the best returns.

Do not buy a cow just because you can get her at what seems to be a low price. A poor cow is expensive at any price. If a cow can't produce enough to pay for a dollar's worth of feed she isn't worth having. You needn't be afraid of paying too much for a cow that produces from 250 to 350 or 400 pounds of butter fat a year. The trouble is such cows are not usually for sale, or if you want that kind you must raise them.

SALONIKI IN PAUL'S DAY

Turkish City That Has Had More Than 2,500 Years of Continuous History.

Saloniki.—The city we now call Saloniki has had a continuous history for more than 2,500 years, says a writer in the Christian Herald. Even before it was refounded and renamed by Alexander the Great, in the year 315 B. C., a city had existed on this beautiful gulf, facing mighty Mount Olympus. But its known history dates from this year, when Alexander rebuilt it and called it Thessalonica, after his sister, the wife of Cassander. It is said that Philip of Macedon named his daughter Thessalonica because on the day he heard of her birth he won a victory over the Thessalians. Thus the victory of Philip and the name of his daughter, the half-sister of the conqueror of the world, are all embalmed in the name of the city.

Ruins of Palace in Saloniki.

A great city with its harbor full of shipping, its white houses rising in tiers one above another from the edge of the water to the summit of the acropolis behind the city, and around all a white wall five miles in extent. Through the heart of the city stretched forth the great artery of trade, the Egnation way. At the eastern end it passed under a magnificent marble arch, which was built in honor of the victory of Octavius and Antony over Brutus and Cassius in the battle that took place on the plains of Philippi.

Fortunately for Thessalonica she had sided with the monarchists against the republicans in this battle, and when it was over both Antony and Caesar visited the city and commemorated their triumph by erecting the Arch of Victory, which remains to this day. Under this archway doubtless Paul and Silas passed many times during their somewhat lengthy stay in the city.

It has been my privilege more than once to visit Saloniki, to enter it from the sea as one journeys from Athens, and to leave by the route by which Paul entered it on his first visit. It is interesting to note the characteristics of the city, which are the same now as in Paul's time, as well as the changes which the centuries have wrought.

YOUNG HEAVIER AND TALLER

Washington Health Officer Lays the Fact to Open-Air Schools—Death Rate Is Lower.

Washington.—Heavier and taller children were the net results of the open-air schools of the District of Columbia, according to Health Officer William C. Woodward, who presented his anual report. Dr. Woodward dwelt at length on the advantages of pure air instruction over that given in the classroom and then, without any apparent attempt to criticise, declared that the United States government in its maintenance of its personally owned "fish and oyster wharf" here was maintaining "the most insanitary establishment in the District of Columbia for the preparation of food for sale."

The death rate, despite this, was falling so rapidly, according to Dr. Woodward, that the District soon would become one of the most healthful places in the country.

HAS BIGGEST SEISMOGRAPH

United States Installs a Delicately Adjusted Instrument at New York Museum.

New York.—The largest and most delicately adjusted seismograph in the United States has just been installed in the museum of natural history here. The instrument was made in Germany and presented to the New York Academy of Science by its president, Emerson McMillan. The needle is so sensitive that blasting operations in some parts of New York city have affected it in marked fashion, while one interesting series of undulations is believed to have been caused by sea waves striking on the rocky coast of Rhode Island and Massachusetts.

Even a heavy windstorm sometimes produces a slight variation in the needle's course.

INDIAN GIVEN $500 REWARD

Seneca Larke, Only Aboriginal American in New York Department, Equitable Blaze Hero.

New York.—Seneca Larke, the only aboriginal American in the New York fire department, received a present of $500 in gold in recognition of his heroism at the Equitable fire last January, when he sawed through three inches of steel to rescue William Giblin, president of the Mercantile Safe Deposit company. Larke's reward comes from the bankers' police and firemen's fund raised shortly after the fire. Larke, a descendant of the Seneca tribe of Indians, is an expert engineer and is attached to one of the high-pressure hose companies.

MADE A DEMAND FOR ROSES

Florist's Business Materially Increased Through Action of Enterprising Young Lady.

Many months had passed since first he met the sweet, sweet girl. He loved her dearly, but he was woefully shy, and his suit made but slow progress.

Finally, it was the girl who decided to improve the shining hour, and add a trifle to the pace of the proceedings. To make up her mind was to act, and the very next time the young man called she pointed to the rose that adorned his button hole.

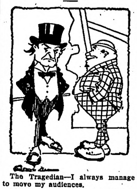
"I'll give you a kiss for that rose," she blurted out.

A crimson, guilty flush overspread the young man's face, like the light of the setting sun. There was, however, no hesitation on his part, and he clinched the bargain. Then he grabbed his cap and proceeded to rush from the room in double quick time.

"And where are you going?" she asked in great surprise.

"Oh," he answered tremulously, "I'm just off to the florist's to buy up his stock of roses!"—London Answers.

COULDN'T STAND IT.



The Tragedian—I always manage to move my audiences.

The Comedian—Yes, they usually start to go after the second act.

ITCHING AND BURNING

Iberia, Mo.—"I was troubled with scalp eczema for about five years and tried everything I heard of, but all of no avail. The doctors told me I would have to have my head shaved. Being a woman, I hated the idea of that. I was told by a friend that the Cuticura Remedies would do me good. This spring I purchased two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap. After using one box of Cuticura Ointment I considered the cure permanent, but continued to use it to make sure and used about one-half the other box. Now I am entirely well. I also used the Cuticura Soap.

"The disease began on the back of my head, taking the form of a ringworm, only more severe, rising to a thick, rough scale that would come off when soaked with oil or warm water, bringing a few hairs each time, but in a few days would form again, larger each time, and spreading until the entire back of the head was covered with the scale. This was accompanied by a terrible itching and burning sensation. Now my head is completely well and my hair growing nicely." (Signed) Mrs. Geo. F. Clark, Mar. 25, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Too Cold for Baths.

Dr. Xene Y. Smith, a medical inspector in the Muncie (Ind.) public schools, tells this story of his experiences in examining pupils.

"When were you bathed?" asked Dr. Smith of a boy of seven or eight years in a suburban school.

"Bathed?" queried the child. "Why, don't you know this is winter?"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take. Adv.

But a tip doesn't always come to the man who waits.

BUY FOLEY'S USE
HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND
Stops Coughs-Cures Colds

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS
If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down" or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weaknesses, ulcers, skin eruptions, piles, &c., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the New French Remedy "THERAPION" No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send a cent. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. LeClerc Med. Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

The Wretchedness of Constipation
Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Purely vegetable —act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Brent Good

$65 TO $200
A Month. Learn a new profession. Seven Weeks. We have jobs for three hundred men before May 1st, 1913.
INDIANA SCHOOL OF TRACTIONEERING,
100 PINE LAKE AVE., LAPORTE, IND.

I WANT TO BUY TURKEYS CHICKENS DUCKS GEESE GUINEAS
AT TOP PRICES
FOR IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT
WRITE ME FOR SPECIAL CASH PRICES
REMEMBER: WE CHARGE YOU NO COMMISSION
WANT YOUR CREAM
HIGHEST TWIN CITY PRICES PAID
R. E. COBB
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

Kodaks and SUPPLIES of every description. Developing and finishing a specialty. Send for catalogue. ZIMMERMAN BROS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

WANTED Men to learn Barber trade. Easy work. Big wages. Few weeks completes. Expert instructions. Tools given. Beautiful illustrated catalog free. Moller Barber College, 22 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.

TYPEWRITERS
All makes from $15 up. Over 1000 to select from, all guaranteed. Machines rented 3 months for $5. Write for bargain list No. 4. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota

W. N. U., ST. PAUL, NO. 51-1912.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES — 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

25 CTS. PISO'S REMEDY 25 CTS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
[illegible]

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Feared Nebraska May Succeed Texas as Hoodoo

I'LL FIX YOU!
HOODOO

WASHINGTON.—"Naval officers are guessing whether the United State battleship Nebraska, which ran upon an uncharted shoal a short time ago, is going to take the place of the ill-fated Texas, later named San Marcos, which was the hoodoo ship of the navy," remarked Captain L. L. Darbey, a retired naval officer, the other day. "Ill luck pursued the Texas almost from the beginning, and it seemed that it was never out of trouble during all the time it was in commission, except at the battle of Santiago, where it did great work.

"Before the Spanish-American war the Texas while being overhauled at the Brooklyn navy yard was sunk, because the yokes of its sea cocks were broken in the course of repairs, and the water poured in just as if the boat had been scuttled. The Texas sank, as everybody knows, and was raised as soon as possible. It was on that occasion that Captain Jack Phillips, one of the bravest and best naval officers, by the way, that ever trod a bridge, had some fun with Fighting Bob Evans, at that time commanding the Iowa. When the Texas was raised it was found that in the hull were thousands of eels that had been sucked through the open sea cocks. Knowing Captain Evans's fondness for eels Phillips had a lot of them sent over to the Iowa. He was somewhat surprised a day later to receive a note of acknowledgment from his brother officer, which read: 'The eels were fine, Jack; sink her again.'

"It was Jack Phillips, you may remember, who, after the great naval battle of Santiago, when the Spanish battleships were lying on the shores of Cuba smoking from the shot of the American ships, solemnly said to his men: 'Don't cheer, boys; the poor devils are dying.'

"Jack Phillips was one of the bravest, and at the same time most religious, naval officers I ever knew. He was the direct opposite of Bob Evans, but the two were great friends. The Texas, you know, was afterward named the San Marcos, and was the target for gun practice a few months ago. It was a fitting end for a good old ship that had always been in hard luck, except at the time when it was most needed. I say, I wonder if the Nebraska is going to take the place of the Texas as the hoodoo ship of the navy?"

Enterprising Sam Conserves the Natural Resources

IF Sam Lee should put a big gilt sign bearing the words, "Electrical Chinese Laundry," on the front of his little shop, at 3108 Fourteenth street, Northwest, any time in the near future, his customers in Mount Pleasant would not be at all surprised.

In fact, a number of those who intrust their negilge to the tender ministrations of the affable Celestial have been wondering for some time why Sam has neglected such a splendid opportunity for a bit of advertising.

But although Sam has been rejuvenated to the extent where he realizes that electrical power is much stronger, cheaper, and more efficient in the long run than the muscles and sinews of the human arms and back, he has not awakened to the wonders of the "ads."

Sam is a typical specimen of the "new" Chinaman—the product of that stirring spirit which caused the ancient empire to become transformed into a republic in a remarkably short period, and with the loss of only a few hundred heads and other incidentals.

Sam is wide-awake and alert, and in the "Melican slang" he is "on the job." Therefore, when an enterprising salesman revealed the wonders of a new and ingenious device for ironing clothes at the cost of but little perspiration, less physical energy, practically no mental waste, and only a few cents a day in the cost of power, Sam said: "I buy him."

Now Sam irons with an electrical iron which saves him so many hundreds of steps a day between the stove and his ironing table. Further, the iron is so arranged that by pulling a string he releases a weight which bears down on the top of the iron and relieves him of that duty. Better still, the pulling of another string lifts the iron just the right height above the board and Sam does not have to lift it and put it on the old-fashioned iron holder.

He Wants a Wife, and Wants Her Double-Quick

AUGUUST SEYMORE, otherwise known as August Schaefelsky de Hiukkadel de Castellane, one time dentist to the bey of Tunis and his harem, wants a wife, and wants her double-quick. He has from now until January 1 to persuade an American girl to marry him, or he will forfeit a legacy of $150,000 promised by a California woman.

An aunt, formerly of Oakland, Cal., told him five years ago that if he would earn "something worth while and capture an American for a wife," she would give him $150,000.

Seymore is a relative of the Castellane family made famous by the marital difficulties of Count Boni.

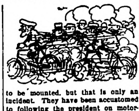
He is now in Washington, where he expects to remain until he finds "the woman" that his aunt told him he must have before he is entitled to her money. He has lectured, written, practiced dentistry and served in the French army. In a wife he would have a chum.

"I used to believe in my mother's view of marriage—the marriage of the eye—but I have come to the view of the marriage of reason," said Seymore. "Mother said that marriage progressed from the stage of catching, or buying, a woman to the wooing of a woman regarded in a nobler sense, and the winning of the wife.

"Now I feel that the marriage of the eye is the result of the sentimentality of youth and immaturity. Better is that marriage where the couple are partners, chums, sharing everything alike. I don't believe in the marriage where the man has the money and forces his wife to ask him for every cent she gets.

"Rather, there should be a balance of power, so that the man and the woman are on an absolutely equal footing as regards money, morals, pleasures and sorrows."

In Doubt as to Mr. Wilson's Mode of Locomotion



JUST at present Washington is wondering whether it will soon behold a president of the United States rolling leisurely by on his bicycle. It has just come out that the president-elect is fond of that manner of locomotion. He has gone on his vacation, and proposes to spend a part of it riding on his wheel. He has pedaled over many miles of English and continental roads in this fashion and likes it. Time was when Washington was filled with eminent men and women awheel, but they have all vanished save one, Assistant Secretary of State A. A. Adee. He is the permanent assistant secretary of state, a man who sticks to his own notions about things. Every summer he voyages to Europe and spends a month or so bicycling to places of interest. He and the new president should establish cordial relations very early.

If as president Gov. Wilson wants to "bike" around Washington, he will not want for good roads. They stretch in every direction, except toward Virginia. The secret service men who guard him, of course, would also have to be mounted, but that is only an incident. They have been accustomed to following the president on motorcycles and sometimes in an automobile of their own. If the new president takes to bicycling, however, official Washington will do likewise. That is a way official Washington has. If Gov. Wilson goes out much awheel, it will not be long before embassadors and ministers and secretaries and military attaches will also be pedaling along the sleeky-oiled roads and dodging automobiles. Cabinet officials and congressmen will do likewise. The revival of bicycling among the well-to-do may be expected somewhat all over the country.

Sizing Him Up.

When you call the average young man honest he is likely to feel a mild sort of gratification. When you call him competent his chest begins to bulge. When you call him a heartbreaker he slaps you on the shoulder and gives you to understand that he considers you a person of remarkable perception and unerring judgment.

Daily Thought.

A man should never be ashamed to own he has been in the wrong, which is but saying, in other words, that he is wiser today than he was yesterday.—Pope.

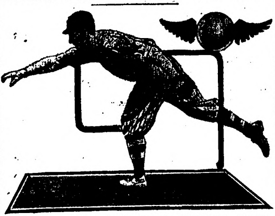
Reason for Superiority.

The demestication of animals and the utilization of plants does not go very far except under a civilized people. Contrast the age of Peru and Mexico with that of Egypt, Babylonia and China; and one reason for old-world superiority in the mastery of nature is plain.

A La Mode.

"What was the chief food of the woodchoppers in whose camp you spent your vacation?" "Pork and potatoes, served in the form of chops and chips."—Christian Science Monitor.

PITCHING STAR WITH NEW YORK GIANTS



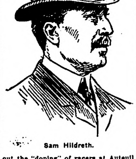
Al Demaree, the Mobile pitcher purchased by the New York Nationals, won twenty-four games and lost ten last season.

DISQUALIFY A DOPED HORSE

Mare Trained by Sam Hildreth Is Set Back by French Racing Stewards —Charge Denied.

Sporting circles are agitated over the action of the stewards of Auteuil in disqualifying Camyre, a mare owned by Charles Kohler and trained by Sam Hildreth, after she won the Prix de la Vallee. The authorities based their disqualification on a charge that Camyre had been drugged, and declared that traces of stimulants were found in the horse's saliva.

Similar action has been taken by the stewards in the cases of several other horses, and the authorities have announced their determination to stamp out the "doping" of racers at Auteuil. Complaints against the practice have been unusually numerous this year.



Sam Hildreth.

M. Monbel, one of the Frenchmen who incurred the penalty of disqualification, has declared his intention of taking the matter to the courts.

When Hildreth was asked what he thought of the stewards' verdict, he answered:

"Camyre was in normal condition when she won the race."

When he was asked what he intends to do in the matter he was as noncommittal as before, contenting himself with saying:

"What can be done against the decision of the stewards? Nothing at all."

1912 BIG YEAR IN BASEBALL

9,287 Players Participated in 47 Leagues of National Association, Says Farrell.

The report of Secretary John H. Farrell for the past year, presented at the annual meeting of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues in Milwaukee, shows that the present association comprises 47 leagues, embracing 322 towns and cities of the United States and Canada.

The report says 9,287 players' contracts were promulgated; 1,729 "terms accepted" were examined and promulgated; 3,168 players were reported released by purchase between national association clubs; 133 optional agreements were approved; 105 optional agreements were exercised; 3,425 players were reported for release; 948 players were reported for suspension; 325 players were reinstated; one player was declared ineligible; 239 players were selected by draft.

The national board of arbitration passed upon 936 disputed cases during the year and handed down decisions for the same, and 132 cases are on hand for disposal at the annual meeting now in progress.

The National league drafted 30 players, and the American league drafted 38. The National association drafted 141 players.

Total amount received through this office for drafted players, including money refunded on National association drafts disallowed:

National league, $43,040; American league, $60,100; National association, $70,950; total draft money, $174,450; amount paid on optional agreements, $73,250. Amount paid for release by purchase of National association players, $133,000. Grand total, $380,700.

McGinnity Buys Club.

Joe McGinnity is now a full-fledged club owner once more. He has purchased the majority of the stock in the Tacoma club of the Northwestern league. McGinnity will act as manager and also take his turn in the box.

Tribute to Brush.

President Comiskey of the White Six says baseball will feel the loss of John T. Brush. "He was a power in the game," said Commy, "and the American league will miss him as much as the National."

Carlo's Great Record.

Anthony Carlo, the Browns' new southpaw, during the 1912 season won 38 of the 42 games that he pitched. Six of his games were no-run-no-hit affairs. He also hurled 24 shut-outs.

BARBER CUTS OUT FOOTBALL

Innocently Tried to Throw Ball Back to Players When Twenty-One of Them Fell on Him.

Football, with or without the forward pass, will no longer be on the list of favorite sports of Herman Stoeble, of 6,950 Third avenue, Brooklyn. The Oriole and a team of aspiring Bay Ridgers were scheduled to wipe the earth with each other Sunday afternoon in a lot at 79th street and First avenue, in Brooklyn. Stoeble, being a barber, went out to see the long-haired athletes in action. The teams were well matched, the score was close and, as each side had its adherents, there was much excitement among the spectators.

Suddenly from the struggling line a player darted with the ball under his arm. He got free from tacklers and started up the field for a touchdown. The crowd urged him on and the pursuers pressed him. A principle of the game is to hold on to the ball, but this runner dropped it and it fell in front of Stoeble. Now, Stoeble was posted on the price of a face massage and knew how to strop a razor, but the rules of football, especially when the coveted ball is lying at one's feet, were things foreign to his daily round of reading.

However, he felt that he must act quickly, so he grabbed the pigskin and started to throw it out to the runner who had dropped it: Started to throw it, the referee says, is correct. When 21 players uncoiled and unwound themselves and uncovered Stoeble he had the ball still, but he wasn't saying anything.

Dr. Dugan, who hadn't expected to see the game, took Stoeble to the Norwegian hospital and found that the volunteer has a broken leg. He may have internal injuries, too, but it is believed he will recover.

NOTES of SPORTDOM

Stagg as usual stood the endurance test.

The Cincinnati papers are complaining that the Reds do not bat heavy enough.

Sixteen players have been killed on the gridion this year against fourteen last year.

It's getting so a man has to win a pennant or get a new job. Especially in the big leagues.

Pitcher Carl Cashion of the Washington Senators says he is learning a new throw to first.

Jimmy O'Rourke and Charles Hemphill of Columbus have been sold to Bill Friel of St. Paul.

Ty Cobb has batted better than .300 in all the seven years that he has spent in fast company.

The New York Giants copped 319 bases last season, against 248 for Cincinnati, the next highest.

Jimmy Burke has been mentioned as a possibility to manage the Grand Rapids team next season.

Walter Johnson and Henry, says Clark Griffith, are the greatest battery that ever went into a ball game.

Yale thought she could knock the "Brick" out of Brickley, but Harvard took the "Pump" out of Pumpelly.

Captain Larry Doyle of the Giants has been engaged to coach the Seton Hall baseball team of New Jersey.

National league fans in Boston are looking to George Stallings to give them their first good ball club since 1901.

McGraw would like to know who put the "grass" in Snodgrass, and who is responsible for the "merk" in Merkle.

Heinie Zimmerman, according to the figures, leads the National league with the war club, closely followed by an Indian.

Outfielder Connoly, who was caught in the draft by the Washington Senators from Montreal, batted for .316 last season.

Bat Nelson's manager contends the Hegewisch man is in the prime of life. "Dr." Phelon and "Doc" Osler to the contrary.

Nobody has any sympathy for Miller Huggins since he accepted a job as Cardinal manager. They say it was his own fault.

Jack Ryder says the Athletics and the Red Sox will be contenders in the east, and the White Sox and the Tigers in the west.

Clark Griffith came so near getting the coveted flag in the American league in 1912 that he is busy already preparing to clinch the next one.

Manager George Stovall of the Browns says that he is against baseball players writing for papers. He must have been reading some of it.

George Baumgardner is a real find for the St. Louis Browns. He should be a great pitching asset for George Stovall during the season of 1913.

The latest in turbulent St. Louis is that Powell and Stephens, two of the oldest of the Browns in point of service, are to be released in favor of younger blood.

PLAYERS GET TOO MUCH COIN

Magnates Anxious to Revise Rules for Division of Gate Receipts of World's Series.

If certain baseball magnates have their way the rules governing the division of world's series receipts will be radically amended.

It will be suggested that the money set aside for the players of the two contending teams in the world's series be limited to a guarantee for each man instead of a percentage.

No less a person than August Herrmann, chairman of the National baseball commission, favors a plan by which each member of the winning team in the world's series will receive $1,000 while each member of the losing team will get $750.

This money, according to the Herrmann idea, will be deducted from 60 per cent. of the first four games, the balance to be distributed equally among the players of the other fourteen major league teams.

If such an amendment should be adopted, the world's series would develop into a big benefit for all the major league players.

It is also hinted that the national commission may find its 10 per cent. rakeoff reduced one-half. The commission's share of the spoils has steadily increased each year until $50,000 was set aside after the recent struggle between the Giants and Red Sox. Several club owners insist that the commission's portion should not exceed $25,000, in which event the balance could be split up among the men who pay the salaries of all major league players.

The world's series has grown to such enormous proportions that the impression prevails among baseball men that the players are getting too much money.

If the plan to curtail the shares of the teams taking part in the world's series is adopted, it will be interesting to learn the attitude of the recently organized Baseball Players' Fraternity.

The membership list includes nearly 300 major league players, all of whom would be glad to receive a piece of world series coin.

M'CARTHY HAS GOOD RECORD

Pittsburg Player Lands in Fourth Among Second Baseman of All National League Teams.

One of the most promising players on the Pittsburg team is little McCarthy, who filled in at second base when Miller was put on the initial sack. Late in the season McCarthy was supplanted by Butler, the St. Paul star. McCarthy participated in 105 games, finishing with a record of .962.

Second Baseman McCarthy.

Unique Stadium for Yale.

The new Yale stadium to be started shortly will be the largest of its kind in America and unique in many respects. The amphitheater will be bowl-shaped, a feature entirely individual. It will be 60 feet deep and will seat 60,000 persons and can be extended to seat 100,000 if desired. It will cost $300,000 and other improvements to the Yale field athletic equipment will make the total expenditure $700,000.

Funds for the work of construction will be provided by a bonding system, which will allow the general public to purchase at face value tickets to all the games in the stadium. In case a $100 bond is bought the purchaser will be allowed to buy two tickets to every game for fifteen years.

Training Dates.

The training dates of the Cincinnati Reds have been announced. They will leave Cincinnati on March 4 for French Lick Springs. They will remain in Mobile until March 26, when they return direct to Redland. On March 29, 30 and 31 the Reds will play the New York Americans, April 4, 5, and 6 the Boston Americans, and on April 7, 8 and 9 the Detroit Americans, opening the regular season on April 10.

Eleven Champions Off the List.

Of the Athletics who won the pennant in 1910, the following are no longer upon the Philadelphia roster: Catchers Livingston and Donohue; Pitchers Morgan, Krause, Dygert and Atkins; Infielders Davis, Houser and Derrick; Outfielders Lord and Hartsel.

White Sox Sensation.

Babe Borton, the first sacker of the White Sox, is looked upon as a sensation for the coming campaign. Jimmy Callahan did not think Borton had it in him to make a finished first baseman in the big show.

Harness Racing on Christmas.

The Toronto Driving Club will distribute $7,200 in prizes for harness races to take place during the Christmas holidays.

Cubs to Train in Florida.

President Murphy of the Chicago Cubs has decided upon Florida as the training grounds for his team next spring. No definite spot has been selected as yet.

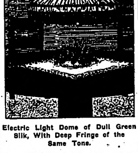
Woman
Her Home, Her Interests.

LIGHTING THE TABLE

MATTER ALWAYS WORTHY OF CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

Device Seen Recently Permits the Use of Candles Which Do Not Require to Be Constantly Watched —The Color Scheme.

Artificial lighting for the table that meets all the requirements is sometimes hard to arrange. The light should be shaded to a point below the level of the eyes. At the same time it should not be so placed that it will obstruct a clear view across the table. The low, dome-like electroliers in the newer apartments and houses meet these requirements very satisfactorily. Probably the easiest and least expensive way of solving the lighting question in a room where a high chandelier has to be depended upon is the use of candles. Four clear glass candlesticks of Colonial pattern will serve the purpose; silver ones are also effective. There are holders for candles that relieve one of the worry of watching them, and that guard against the dangers of candle grease dripping on the table. These are hollow white tubes, in which the candle is put. A spring arranged under it pushes it up as fast as it burns away. So the candle requires no watching. With the shade over it, this artificial candle, which is made of a rather translucent composition, looks like wax.



Electric Light Dome of Dull Green Silk, With Deep Fringe of the Same Tone.

As a general thing mahogany furniture is best suited for dining room use. Dark oak and other finishes are good also. The main thing is to select pieces that are dignified and rather conservative in design, rather than ornate or in line with the latest fads. They should be substantial and firmly built, without being bulky or hard to move. Especial care should be exercised in selecting the chairs, most of the chairs designed for the dining room being torturously uncomfortable. Fortunately, the foolish idea that one must sit primly erect at table and leave it with a backache is rapidly being overcome by the more general use of really comfortable armchairs. This honor has always been accorded to the head and foot of the table. It seems to be the inclination to allow comfort for the rest of the family.

The size and style of furniture must depend on the shape and dimensions of the room it is bought for; if one is likely to move about much, that should also be a consideration. Among the best reproductions are the Sheraton and Adams type of furniture heading the list. These are very similar in general character, and have probably retained their popularity largely because of the attractiveness and practicability of the buffets. The Sheraton chairs and tables are also charming in design. Mission types are, many of them, very good looking also, though they may lack some of the elegance of design found in the older types.

The lighting and coloring are the important features. The color scheme and artificial lighting must be worked out by the individual to the best advantage, according to the case in hand. Keeping things simplified is merely a matter of selecting the best of what is available and discarding the rest. It is safe to adopt the plan of not using everything you have just because you happen to have it.—New York Tribune.

Revival of Braid.

The revival of braid is a great factor in the evolution of this year's frocks. Not only does it add a desirable note of solidity and smartness so essential to winter clothes, but, further, it is strongly suggestive of hard-wearing properties. Braid, again—in a very fine, silky make—is admirable as a trimming for the ninon bodice of the three-pieced costume.

Wide Jabots.

The spreading jabots are much in vogue. They may be square, pointed or rounded, tucked or fulled, but they should be made of shadow lace.

HATS OF FASHIONABLE FAVOR

Soft Crowns Have Caught the Fancy of Parisians, and So of All the World.

Everywhere in Paris the principal feature of the hats for this season is the soft crown. For forming these soft-crowned hats a thick cotton tulle without any stiffening is used. From all that can be gathered, the real aigrette diminishes in favor. All sorts of little feathers, particularly those of pigeons and chickens, are much used, the natural chicken feathers varying from light yellow to brick red, and the favorite way of arranging them is in a band almost covering the brim of the hat and sticking up in all directions, five of the largest feathers being placed upright at the back of the hat. These, with the very short breast feathers, tinted in the required shades, give the effect of flowers. Quills have come into use again, and will form one of the simplest and most popular varieties of trimming.

FOR KEEPING CROCHET WORK

Little Bag That Is Almost a Necessity When One Is Fond of That Pastime.

A little bag is so useful for keeping crochet or knitting in, as the work keeps so much cleaner than if left lying about as it is.

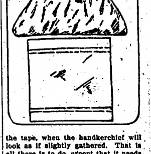
A very dainty little bag for the purpose can be made from a mercerized handkerchief with a colored border, which may be bought for a few cents.

Very little else is required, only just a little white tape, two pieces of whalebone and a little baby ribbon.

To make the bag, lay the handkerchief out flat, and along the top and bottom of it, an inch from the border, run a piece of tape, as a slot for the whalebone to go through.

Now fold the handkerchief exactly in two, and seam up the side to where the tape ends.

The whalebones must not be long as the tape, but the ends of the whalebone must be fastened under ends of the tape, when the handkerchief will look as if slightly gathered. That is all there is to do, except that it needs two little loops of baby ribbon, one on the center of each side. These form the handles.



Bows can be added to the corners.

DICTATES OF FASHION

Antique jewelry is more than ever in evidence.

Two materials are frequently combined in the new wraps.

Wide fur cuffs and collar are used upon the tailored coats.

A noticeable feature of the year is the vogue for mingling furs.

The high waist line continues to find favor among the ultrafashionable.

Much real lace and hand embroidery is shown in the shops for neckwear.

Roman striped ribbons for sashes are a gay and charming note in the fashion world.

Skunk fur, plush, maline and paradise all together appear on some of the new hats.

One of the newest features of brassieres is the trimming down the center of the front.

Lace sashes and sleeves are another method of using lace and producing a filmy effect.

In time realism produces and ends in the comic—realism is caricature.—Gordon Craig.

VOGUE FOR COLORED GLOVES

Have Much to Recommend Them, and the Idea May Be Taken Up in This Country.

I wonder whether the attempt to introduce colored gloves will find favor in this country. I was pleased the other day with the appearance of a pair of duck egg blue kid gloves of three-quarter length heavily stitched with black silk, because they were a change from the champagne, dove and white that one usually sees.

The worst of such an innovation is that it tempts those who love the bizarre note in dress to wear more and more brilliant colors, and the very bright ones are trying on the hands.

Otherwise there is a distinct note of smartness in the new colored gloves provided they intensify one of the color schemes of a dress, or add to a black or gray costume a note of definite brightness.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Agreement exists in disagreement.—Lucan.

Minnesota Historical Society

ST. HILAIRE SPECTATOR.

VOLUME XXXII. ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1912. NUMBER, 25.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TURKS HAVE NEW PEACE PROPOSALS

LONG PROCESS OF BARGAINING EXPECTED BEFORE CONFERENCE ENDS.

AUSTRIANS STILL ARMED

Failure to Demobolize Continues to Cause Anxiety.—Montenegro Determined Not to Yield Points.

London, Dec. 26.—The expedition with which the Turkish government has decided upon counter peace proposals leads to the assumption that they will be equally wide from what are likely to be the eventual terms of the peace treaty as were the demands of the allies and there still is a prolonged process of bargaining to be gone through before the conference is ended. Austria's failure to demobolize, however, is a greater source of disquiet to all concerned than the task of arranging peace.

Montenegro Excited.

This is more especially the case with the Montenegrin delegates who were considerably excited over the rumor that now that Austria has obtained what she wants from Servia, she wished either to prevent Montenegro from taking Scutari by incorporating it in Albania or to make the Montenegrin occupation of Scutari the price of Austrian occupation of Mount Lowchen.

This mount, which rises to a height of about 5,500 feet, almost perpendicularly, dominates the gulf of Cattaro, the greatest Austrian naval stronghold in the Adriatic. But now Montenegro, with its batteries on Mount Lowchen, commands the gulf.

M. Miyuskovitch has declared to all the ambassadors that Montenegro would rather be exterminated than yield Lowchen or renounce Scutari. He said:

"It naturally is absurd to speak of declaring war against Austria, but if Vienna had any such pretensions she would have to wipe out every soul in Montenegro. I, myself, would be there, sword in hand, and I would sell my life dearly."

Russia May Object.

Moreover it is not believed that Russia would ever permit the annihilation of the small kingdom which for centuries has represented the slav stronghold on the Adriatic shores, and in this connection additional attention is drawn to the fact that Russia is taking means to prevent her continued war preparations from becoming known.

Several of the peace delegates were away from London for Christmas. Those who remained spent the day quietly at their hotels or with friends.

Porte Wires Proposals.

Constantinople.—The Porte telegrapher to Rechad Pasha at London counter peace proposals as decided upon by the council of ministers. The exact nature of the proposals has not been revealed but the official view of the situation is still hopeful.

Turks Make Strong Stand.

London.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says that although Christmas leave was given to some reverist officers, there has been no slackening of the military precautions.

A Salonika dispatch to the Times says that in view of the determined stand the Turks are making at Janina a fourth Greek division is now embarking for Preveza.

Kills Alleged Chicken Thief.

Iowa City, Iowa, Dec. 26.—Ernest Reasland, a farmer, killed Frank Alberhasky, who is said to have been caught in the act of stealing Alberhasky's chickens. After finding Alberhasky in his hen-house Reasland knocked the man down and then called a physician from here to attend him. While the physician was on his way to the Reasland home, the farmer struck his victim with a piece of cordwood and killed him. Reasland says he acted in self-defense.

Explosion After Taft Passes.

Panama, Dec. 26.—Fifteen minutes after President Taft had passed on his way to the ball in his honor Christmas night, in the National theater, a kiosk near the central station on Central avenue, the principal street of the town, was blown up with dynamite while the street was still lined with police. The mayor and the reception committee hurried from the ball to the scene of the dynamiting. The police are investigating the cause.

Committees Changed.

Washington, Dec. 26. — Committee assignments in the house, made necessary by changes in membership, will be considered at a Democratic caucus, which has been called for Jan. 7.

Dies After Christmas Dinner.

Lancaster, Pa., Dec. 26.—After eating his Christmas dinner, Rev. Henry G. Ganss, rector of St. Mary's Catholic church of this city and widely known as a musician and composer, was stricken with apoplexy and died.

Gas Kills Salesman.

Sioux Falls, S. D., Dec. 26.—Thomas R. Price, salesman for a local company, was found dead in his room. His body was found seated in a chair, where he evidently had been reading when the gas fumes overcame him.

WELCOME FOR GOV. WILSON

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, READY FOR PRESIDENT-ELECT.

Bonfires Will Blaze On Every Hill When Train Crosses Border.

Staunton, Va., Dec. 26. — With all arrangements practically completed, Staunton, the birthplace of Woodrow Wilson, president-elect, enthusiastically waits the arrival of its distinguished son Friday night, which will mark the beginning of the celebration in honor of his home-coming. The city is in gala attire for the celebration and no event in Virginia in recent years has attracted more attention.

Elaborate preparations have been made to extend the president-elect a royal welcome. Probably the most spectacular feature of the celebration will be the heralding of the arrival in Virginia of the distinguished visitor by the glare of bonfires. From the time his special train crosses the state line at Alexandria until it arrives in Staunton, Governor Wilson's approach will be signalized by hundreds of bonfires.

The celebration will bring to Staunton prominent members of the United State senate and house of representatives, state officials, including Governor Mann and hosts of friends of the president-elect. The climax of entertainment will occur Saturday when a parade, participated in by federal, state and other military organizations and civic bodies, will be reviewed by the president-elect.

Mr. Wilson is scheduled to arrive in Staunton at 7:50 p. m. An appropriate welcome will be extended to him at the station, after which he will be escorted to the house where he was born, the Presbyterian manse, when his father was pastor of the local Presbyterian church. There he will be received by Rev. A. M. Frazer, as the official representative of the city and his host during his visit. Tomorrow evening there will be a torchlight procession and a local street demonstration with addresses by prominent visitors to the city.

On Saturday morning an informal reception will be held at the home of Dr. Frazer, at which the guest of honor will receive city and county officials, honored visitors and members of the Wilson celebration committees. Then will occur the military and civic parade.

In the afternoon Dr. Frazer will deliver, from the front porch of the Mary Baldwin seminary, an address of welcome to Mr. Wilson, to which he will respond. Following this, the president-elect will hold a public reception at the seminary. At night an old-time Southern dinner will end the festivities.

FASHIONABLE NEGROES.

Syndicate Formed to Operate in Real Estate in Many Cities.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—Fashionable summer resorts in Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, and even winter resorts in Florida, Alabama and California are to be the scenes of operations of a Chicago negro syndicate under the name of the Lincoln Athletic and Social Club.

This was brought out by statements made by those interested in the sale of the Lake Geneva, Wis., property which, it was reported, Jack Johnson, the negro pugilist, had purchased as a present for Lucile Cameron Johnson, his white wife.

The statements were made by Judson G. Sherman, who sold the Lake Geneva property to the negro syndicate, and W. E. Harris and James H. Porter, said to be leading spirits in the scheme.

To get property wherever it can be purchased in a fashionable district or resort, whether it be Lake Geneva or Geneva, Switzerland, if it is popular and will bring reward is the purpose of the organization, according to W. H. Harris.

"The object of this club is to make money," said Harris. "We intend to buy property wherever we think we can make money out of it. The members of the club are all negroes of means and have capital enough to swing almost any kind of a real estate deal."

New Equipment for S. P. R. R.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 26.—Announcement has been made by Assistant General Freight Agent Gearty of the Southern Pacific railroad that his company has just placed for delivery next season, orders for 70 engines and 9,635 cars. The aggregate cost of the equipment will be approximately $10,000,000.

Swiss Legation Changes.

Berne, Switzerland, Dec. 26.—Ernest Baumann, secretary of the Swiss legation at Paris, has been transferred to Washington. Henri Martin, who holds the post at Washington, has been transferred to Montreal as consul general.

Farm Engineers in Session.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—One of the chief topics of discussion at the annual meeting of the American Society of Agricultural Engineers, which opened in the Great Northern hotel today, will be the advisability of holding in this country a contest of gas tractors. President H. W. Riley, of Ithaca, spoke this afternoon, and papers were read by O. W. Sjogren on tests of corn planters, C. A. Ocock on the draft of the plow, and Eugene Becker on isolated gas lighting plants. The meeting lasts through Saturday.

3,000,000 FED BY SALVATION ARMY

5,000 HUNGRY ONES FILLED AND MANY CLOTHED IN NEW YORK.

'BIG TIM' STILL LIBERAL.

Gives Customary Dinner and Shoe Tickets to Poor—Immigrants Cared for at Ellis Island.

New York, Dec. 26.—The Christmas spirit prevailed in New York and the multitudes of the poor felt the beneficient results.

The Salvation Army caring for 300,000 persons throughout the country, provided for 25,000 here. At the Ninth regiment armory, 5,000 baskets of food were presented to representatives of as many families. Each basket held enough good things to feed five persons. Clothing and fuel will be exchanged in return for tickets handed to the 5,000 people. These were given to thousands of children after the hungry had been fed.

Congressman Liberal.

Congressman "Big Tim" Sullivan, beloved of the Bowery derelict, gave his customary Christmas dinner to 5,000 homeless men. When they had broken fast with food such as most of them had not tasted in months, pipes and tobacco were given, together with a ticket which will bring each man shoes and socks on Feb. 6. "Big Tim" himself spent Christmas ill in bed.

At homes for the poor and at waterfront missions, thousands more were similarly entertained. At Ellis Island 2,000 immigrants enjoyed their first American Christmas. In Madison Square the musicipal Christmas tree again glittered for several hours and crowds stood near it to enjoy the sight and the Christmas music provided. The Christmas heart of one city magistrate prompted him to discharge all prisoners arrested for intoxication.

$1,000,000 For Wall Street.

New York, Dec. 26.—A tidy little fortune in Christmas gifts was placed in Wall street's Christmas stockings. It is estimated that about $1,000,000 was paid out this year in Christmas presents to the army of employees in the financial district. Distribution has been going on for a week but in the majority of cases payments of bonuses was made on the day before Christmas.

Gould Wedding in Two Weeks.

New York, Dec. 26.—Although neither Miss Helen M. Gould nor her fiance Finley J. Shepard, will discuss their plan, it is believed that their wedding will take place within two weeks. Mr. Shepard, in refusing to discuss the coming wedding, said that the matter rested entirely in the hands of Miss Gould. Mr. Shepard and his financee spent Sunday together and it is believed talked over the wedding plans with Miss Gould's family at Miss Gould's home.

Indian Viceroy Improving.

Delhi, India, Dec. 26.—The latest official bulletin issued concerning the condition of the viceroy, Baron Hardinge, who was severely injured by a bomb thrown by an Indian fanatic, describes his progress as satisfactory, but adds that the physicians believe that he will not be able to resume his duties within two or three weeks. The temperature of the patient is normal and the pain is subsiding. The perpetrator of the outrage has not been apprehended.

Boat and Six Men Missing.

St. Pierre, N. F., Dec. 26.—The crew of the British schooner Aldine, numbering probably six men, is believed to have perished in Tuesday's gale. At daybreak yesterday the wreck of the vessel was found on the north side of St. Pierre roads. There was no trace of her crew.

Vaudeville Actress Stricken.

Stamford, Conn., Dec. 26.—Miss Margaret Hyatt, a vaudeville actress, was stricken with heart disease while playing at a local theater and died a few minutes later in the wings of the stage. She was 40 years old.

Think Quicksand Victim Dead.

Streator, Ill., Dec. 26.—Hope for the rescue of Henry Luke, the track man who was swallowed up in quicksand Tuesday afternoon, has almost been abandoned.

Body Found in River.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—Workers at the government dam found the body of an unidentified man floating in the river.

Taft Reviews Work.

Panama, Dec. 26.—Christmas day was spent by President Taft largely in an inspection of the various canal works.

$6,300 Gift For Mayor.

Minneapolis, Dec. 26.—It was a beautiful Christmas day for James C. Haynes. No crippled, poverty stricken child, suddenly and unexpectedly coming into possession of a Christmas tree and myriad presents all his own, reached such full realization of happiness as did the retiring mayor of Minneapolis. Mr. Haynes was given a purse of $6,300 and an illuminated address in book form, bound in vellum, containing the names of the subscribers to the fund

MISS HELEN COX

Miss Helen Cox, charming daughter of the newly-elected governor of Ohio, has been visiting Miss Genevieve Clark in Washington. She is not yet eighteen years old, and attends a girls' school at Waterbury, Conn.

CAPT. LOST; FAMILY IS PLUCKY

WIDOW AND ORPHANS STRUGGLE AGAINST WANT.

Prisoners in Cook County Jail Are Given Vaudeville Performance.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—In the gladness of Christmas time, Chicagoans forgot the family of Capt. Herman Schuenemann, who with his crew of 20 men, went to the bottom of lake Michigan a few weeks ago while returning from northern Michigan with a cargo of trees for the yuletide.

After it was established that the captain and his crew had perished, the wife and daughters of the master of the Christmas ship attempted to fortify themselves against want by bringing a new cargo of trees to the city. They were set up for sale down on the river bank and every day the widow and her orphans worked hard, making wreaths and arranging other stock.

Many old customers came and bought but not nearly all of the "regulars" remembered to buy. And only a few new customers came. So Christmas night when darkness fell and the last hope of another sale had passed, the family found itself still in possession of a considerable amount of unsold stock. But the widow was plucky.

"I don't want charity," she said. "I'll fight it out. Next year we'll sell trees again, and maybe business will be better."

Prisoners at the county jail were disappointed too, when the singers from the Chicago Grand Opera company failed to give a concert which had been planned. Jailer Davies, however, went into the rooming house district of North Clark street and managed to gather several acrobats, monologists and other performers who have been showing at nickel theaters and other small houses, for a performance. A dinner followed.

Eighteen hundred men and boys in the house of correction sang "The Star Spangled Banner," while a band played the tune. These prisoners also were given a feast.

CASE READY FOR JURY.

All Arguments Will Close Within a Few Hours.

Indianapolis, Ind., Dec. 26.—The cases of the 40 labor union officials accused of promoting the McNamara dynamiting plots in the iron workers' strikes against employers of non-union labor, will go to the jury within a few hours.

At the close of all arguments Federal Judge Albert B. Anderson will instruct the jury. It is understood the court's outline of the law as to what testimony shall be applied to certain defendants will require about an hour.

The jurors will then retire to deliberate as to the men who, headed by Frank M. Ryan, president of the International association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, were brought here three months ago from cities scattered from Boston to Los Angeles, to figure as defendants in what is said to be the most important trial of its kind ever held in a federal court.

Orozco Freed; Is Re-arrested.

San Antonio, Texas, Dec. 26.—Col Pascual Orozco, father of Gen. Pascual Orozco, leader of the Mexican revolution in the north, was released from confinement in the military prison at Fort Sam Houston, under bonds of $2,500, on the charge of violating neutrality laws. He was immediately rearrested by the civil authorities on a warrant in which the Mexican government charges him with robbery, alleged to have been committed in the state of Chihuahua.

MINNESOTA NEWS

Interesting News Gathered in the Gopher State

EBERHART WELCOMED.

Celebration at Mankato in Honor of His Second Election as Chief Executive.

Mankato.—Governor A. O. Eberhart was given a rousing welcome by the residents of Mankato Thursday evening on his second homecoming after being elected Governor of Minnesota. Hundreds shook his hand as he stood in the receiving line at the Saulpaugh hotel, and 200 persons sat down at a banquet in his honor.

People came from St. Peter and other near-by towns. Democrats mingled with Republicans, and there was a good sprinkling of Bull Moose. Regardless of peditacl affiliation, should honor to a citizen of Mankato.

The Governor and staff arrived from St. Paul at 3 P. M., and an impromptu reception was held at the depot. The formal reception took place between 7 and 8:30 o'clock.

Benjamin Taylor was toastmaster at the banquet, held in the dining-room, which was decorated with flags and flowers. Among the speakers were C. E. Wise, editor of the Mankato Daily Review, a Democratic newspaper. He said that every one in the city, regardless of political affiliation, should be proud to know the Governor.

The Bull Moose had its inning when F. F. Ellsworth, who at the Progressive meeting in St. Paul, proposed a third state ticket, rose to welcome home Governor Eberhart. He proposed a rising toast to the guest and was cheered roundly.

Joseph H. Beek of St. Paul, secretary of the Association of Commerce, reviewed the services of Governor Eberhart to the state. He mentioned the state Conservation congress and said the National Conservation congress was brought to Minnesota largely by his efforts.

When the Governor rose to speak he was greeted with cheers. He spoke feelingly, saying the reception made him happy in the thought that his own people were satisfied with his record in office. He launched into several timely subjects, referring to the troubles in Oregon over the capital punishment law.

"I still maintain that capital punishment is an outrage," he said. "Never once since the law was abolished in Minnesota has a sheriff or police official told me it has increased the tendency to crime."

C. H. Biorn of St. Paul and L. C. Hunt of Seattle, formerly a Mankato editor, also spoke.

BUILDING DESTROYED.

Plant of Prest-o-Lite Company Is Wrecked—One Killed.

Minneapolis.—The light charging plant of the Prest-o-Lite company, Charles street and Hampden avenue, Midway, was destroyed by an explosion. Henry Hohn, night watchman, was crushed to death by tons of falling brick.

The explosion shattered windows in houses within a radius of eight blocks. The report was heard for two miles. Damage to the plant is estimated at $40,000.

Hohn's burned body was found in the ruins nearly four hours after the explosion.

Waseca Board Sustained.

Waseca.—Judge Childress has made a decision in favor of the water and light board in the case of the W. J. Armstrong Company versus the City of Waseca. The action was one in mandamus and was brought by Mr. Armstrong, the relator, to compel the board to furnish power to run and operate three motors which he recently installed in his bottling works. The board offered to furnish sufficient power to operate the bottling works if Armstrong would install a one-phase motor. It refused to furnish electric power to run the three-phase motor for the reason that it would be necessary to install an extra meter and two transformers and incur other expense. Judge Childress held that the board need not furnish power for the three-phase motors and discharged the writ of mandamus.

House Bespattered With Paint.

Marshall.—The farm house of Hans Lavesson, living near Lake Benton, was bespattered with black paint, the mixture being applied with a squirt gun, which was found in the pasture of John Hanson. Hearing an unusual noise outside, Mr. Lavesson arose and saw the outline of a man using the squirt gun. Mr. Lavesson secured a revolver and went out on the front porch, whereupon, the man with the paint ran. The vandal was not found.

Unhappy—Commits Suicide.

St. Cloud.—The prospect of an unhappy Christmas for his family was the apparent cause of the suicide of Paul Baer, aged 32, foreman of a cigar factory at Melrose, who drank the contents of a bottle of carbolic acid. His wife found him just as he had taken the dose. Baer had been lamenting the fact that he was unable to give his wife and four children the Christmas celebration they desired, and this was apparently the only cause.

BENCH SEAT AT STAKE.

Ballots of 137 Precincts Will Be Inspected—Olsen Proves His Citizenship.

Marshall.—Governor Eberhart has appointed Judge G. E. Quale, of Willmar, to sit in the Mathews-Olsen judicial election contest, started here by Robert Heilman.

Several allegations are set forth by Mr. Heilman as grounds for contest, the principal of which are that over 200 votes for Mathews were counted for Olsen; that many illegal votes were cast and counted for Olsen; that more than 200 voters failed to mark their ballots for either Mathews or Olsen, but that their votes were, nevertheless, counted for Judge Olsen; that many ballots that were unmarked for the office of district judge were afterwards, without the consent of the voters casting such ballots, marked and counted as votes for Olsen; that in some of the precincts the judges were not sworn as required by law, and, in some the judges were not citizens; that at several precincts the judges left the polls and ballot boxes, and that in at least one precinct all the judges were asleep except one while the ballots were being counted, and that the judges did not return the ballots to the county auditors as required by law.

Both sides have asked that the eighth and last allegation that Judge Olsen is not a citizen, be stricken out, the defense presenting a certified copy of citizenship papers, taken out in St. Louis county by Olsen in October, 1890.

The inspection of the ballots will be started here on Monday by a committee appointed for that purpose. A committee will count the ballots in Lincoln county, then Redwood, Nicollet and lastly Brown county.

There were 12,862 votes cast and counted for the office of judge in the district and I. M. Olsen was declared elected by 104 votes. The ballots of 137 precincts will be inspected.

The trial will follow the inspection of ballots, probably on Jan. 8.

RECOUNT STARTS.

Inspectors of Ballots Cast for Ninth District Judge At Work.

Marshall.—The recount of ballots for judge of the ninth judicial district began Dec. 23. The following were selected by the contestant, and contestee to inspect the ballots, and were duly appointed by the presiding judge, G. E. Quale, of Willmar.

For Lyon county Spurgeon Odell and J. G. Schulz were chosen, and selected Sheriff M. E. Grannon as the third member. For Lincoln county L. P. Johnson, of Ivanhoe, and Chas. H. Kelson, of Tyler, were chosen, and agreed on the third man. For Redwood county Charles Thompson and Albert H. Emerson and A. C. Dolliff, all of Redwood Falls, are acting as the inspection committee. M. E. Stone and W. G. Laumann were selected for Nicollet county, and selected a third. For Brown county Fred Pfaender and Carl Crone, of New Ulm, and Albert Hauser of Sleepy Eye, are booking over the ballots.

Only one county at a time will be counted, and after all have been inspected the trial will start at New Ulm, probably on Jan. 8.

Several rules were ordered, chief among which are the following: The ballots are to be examined in the presence of the county auditor, he being their legal custodian; the ballots from each precinct will be examined and counted separately, and the ballots from one precinct must be completed and resealed and returned to the auditor before the ballots from another precinct are produced for examination the ballots must not be disfigured or defaced in any way.

So far as applicable, the rules and regulations of the election laws are to govern. The inspection is proceeding in the following order: Lyon, Lincoln, Redwood, Nicollet and Brown.

Here's a "12-12-12-12-12" Baby.

St. Cloud.—"12-12-12-12-12" is the entry on the page of the family Bible of Mr. and Mrs. Mathias Solkog, of Luxumberg town to whom a baby boy was born Thursday, Dec. 12. The boy was the twelfth in the family, weighed twelve pounds and was born in the twelfth day of the twelfth month in 1912.

Beaudette Store Robbed.

Beaudette.—The Frank E. Johnson hardware store was burglarized Saturday. Entrance was gained through the front window. Nine rifles and shotguns, and a large quantity of ammunition were stolen.

Flesh Saved Her From Death.

East Grand Forks.—Because she is so fleshy, Miss Lucy Borcher of this city is alive today. She became unconscious while bathing and two hours later her father, failing to get an answer to summons, broke the bath room door and found her lying unconscious in the tub, which was half filled with water. Her body was wedged against the sides of the bath tub, preventing her head from going under the water. A gas burner had consumed the supply of oxygen.

GOPHER NEWS NOTES.

Minnesota Events of the Week in Condensed Form.

Caledonia.—Roy Abbotts, a trapper, shipped over $400 worth of furs to a Minneapolis firm.

Sanborn.—Mrs. Bertha Aslakson received injuries when her home burned from which she died.

Caledonia.—An adjourned term of the district court for Houston county convened here on Monday.

Albert Lea.—Rev. Duncan Weeks of Faribault, has been called to fill the pulpit of Christ's church, in this city.

Albert Lea.—An epidemic threatens to decimate the dog population of Albert Lea. More than a dozen have already died.

East Grand Forks.—Robbers used James Perret's fur cap to good advantage. The cap was drawn down over his face so securely that he was unable to see them. They took $25, and a gold watch.

Caledonia.—At the annual meeting of the Houston County Agricultural society C. J. Wheaton was elected president, W. F. Deters vice president, Loyd Duxbury secretary and R. B. Sprague treasurer.

Anoka.—An analysis of the water in the new artesian wells at the city powerhouse show no contaminaton of any kind. It is expected that pure drinking water will be flowing through the mains by January 1.

St. Cloud.—Great preparations were made for the opening of St. Cloud's white way. A big carnival with a parade, athletic events and music by three bands made the evening a lively one. Mayor Seburger turned on the lights.

Waseca.—The three daughters of Mrs. Bertha Roske—Lillie, Bertha and Ida—were married at the German Evangelical church to Lawrence Wolter, Albert Born and Charles Born. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Paseer.

St. Cloud.—A saloonkeeper, desiring to transfer his license, will have to present a statement showing that all his creditors have been satisfied or the commission cannot grant the application, according to a new ordinance passed by the council.

Virginia.—Shuffling along from partial paralysis resulting from a self-inflicted wound after he had killed Lucy Bocovitch here because she spurned his offer of marriage, Tom Marinsel, convicted of murder in the first degree, was sentenced to life imprisonment. Through an interpreter he told Judge Hughes he was crazy when he killed the girl.

St. Cloud.—The jury in the case of the state against John Sharbono, charged with assaulting and robbing an old man at Melrose, returned a verdict of not guilty. In the case of the State vs. Moorman, in which the defendant was charged with assaulting John Dibble, a verdict of assault in the third degree was returned and Moorman was fined $50.

St. Paul.—Mumps, plain, ordinary mumps, has appeared among operators of the Northwestern Telephone Company in Minneapolis. Physicians declare this kind of mumps is not contagious over the telephone. The person who enters the operating room and says, "I've got a sore throat," might just as well set free a trapful of rats in that room of femininity.

Albert Lea.—The Albert Lea Packing company's plant is practically complete, and will start operation Jan. 1. It is strictly an Albert Lea enterprise. The building and equipment are the most modern that money could buy. The capacity will be 800 hogs and 100 cattle a day. As Albert Lea is in a splendid hog country, the handling of pork will be made a specialty. C. L. Brooks will have charge of the plant.

Waterville.—The Consumers' Power company turned on the lights in Waterville before Christmas. Its large power plants at Cannon Falls and Rapidan are connected here, and it has completed a distributing station. In addition to furnishing light and power for this city, the station here will also supply Waseca, Morristown and Janesville. Elysian and Madison Lake will get similar service in the spring.

Triumph.—Because his shotgun was loaded with large-sized shot, Harvey Redimus, a farmer living near Triumph, let two theives get away with two of his largest hogs a few nights ago. Redimus was awakened by a commotion at his hog house, and gave chase, but refrained from firing at the thieves because his gun was loaded with a large-size shot, which he knew would mean death for the robbers should he fire and hit them.

Argyle.—Despite the fact that the responsibilities of threshing and attending to their farm work delayed farmers in marketing their grain, over 495,000 bushels have been brought here this fall, the general movement beginning about the middle of November. Conditions appear favorable for another year, and farmers were enabled to do a great amount of fall plowing and seeding and other work before the recent snow ended their activities.

Henderson.—A crowd packed the courtroom Saturday night to witness the mock trial by the high school in the case of "The Disappearance of Jenny Brice." A jury was drawn from the audience. Fred Morrisette acting as judge, Gerald Guilbert and Stella Higgins represented the state, and Benjamin Ney and Gertrude Moriarity were the attorneys for the defense. The verdict was "not guilty."

Mora.—Mrs. Engblom, wife of Rev. A. O. Engblom, of this county, was adjudged insane in probate court, and will be taken to the Fergus Falls asylum for treatment.

The Spectator.

ST. HILAIRE, MINNESOTA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What Is Transpiring In Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

Congress.

Senator Hoke Smith spoke in support of the Lever agricultural education extension bill.

Senator Bristow introduced a bill for preference primaries for appointment of postmasters.

The senate passed the bill appropriating $5,000 for a statue of Pocahontas at Jamestown, Va.

The house passed the Burnett literacy test immigration bill to bar immigrants over 16 who cannot read.

President Taft submitted for approval of the senate nine names for members of commission to industrial relations.

Senator Bourne was elected chairman of joint congressional commission to promote federal aid in highway construction.

The house convened at noon on Thursday and adjourned at 12:17 p. m., owing to lack of quorum, until noon, January 2.

The house agriculture committee by a tie vote deferred action on the Lever bill framed to encourage the oleomargarine industry.

The senate court of impeachment resumed trial of Judge Archbald at 1:30 p. m. Thursday, and adjourned at 3:46 p. m. until January 3.

A message from President Taft pertaining to postoffice, interior, agriculture and commerce and labor departments was read in the senate.

William H. Hearst, testifying before the campaign funds investigation committee, produced several new letters bearing on political activities of John D. Archbold and Standard Oil company.

The interior department expenditures committee of the house adopted a report censuring Robert G. Valentine, former commissioner of Indian affairs, for his conduct prior to his resignation.

The house banking and currency subcommittee decided to report unfavorably the Levy bill to relieve stringency in the money market by placing $50,000,000 from treasury in national banks.

General.

Governor Wilson admits he is at work framing up a cabinet.

A seizure of eight cars of "sweated" oranges was ordered at Chicago.

The first step was taken in the house looking to the inauguration of Mr. Wilson.

President Taft explained to people of the south his purpose in visiting the canal zone.

Congress must amend the seal act if herds in the north Pacific are to be protected.

Justice Emlin McLane, of the Iowa supreme court, has been invited to fill the temporary vacancy of the Leland Stanford university, according to an announcement at Iowa City.

Joseph Lomax, who is said to be the oldest Mason and also the oldest newspaper editor in the world, celebrated his one hundred and third birthday at the home of his daughter in Indianapolis.

According to the final returns canvassed by the state board of canvassers, the equal suffrage amendment lost in Michigan by a majority of 760.

A decision to permit the confirmation of army and navy appointments before the holiday recess was reached by a caucus of democratic senators.

The government began suit against the Southern Pacific Railroad company at Los Angeles to recover lands.

Cherokee freedmen are declared to have equal rights with full bloods in distribution of land.

As a result of the anonymous threat to dynamite the Denver mint, Director George E. Roberts has warned the superintendents of all mints in the country to observe rigid measures of precaution against violence.

Among the forty live blue fox from the Aletian island which arrived in Seattle, bound for a breeding farm in New Brunswick, are a number of silver greys, which the owner values at more than $1,000 each.

Incoherent speech, cut short on his lips when the hangman slipped the black cap over his eyes and sprung the trap, Carlo Battista, a member of the black hand, met death on the scaffold at Montreal for the murder of Salvatore Mariano.

Russia is obstructing the negotiations in connection with the loan to China of $125,000,000.

In a short time the common drinking cup will have been abolished in all the Burlington trains and depots in Nebraska.

The entire male Greek colony of Keokuk, Ia., numbering 100, will sail from New York to take part in the Balkan war.

The sale of Red Cross Christmas seals throughout the United States this seasonn will bring between $400,000 and $500,000 to aid in the fight against tuberculosis.

His majesty King George V of England was elected an honoorary member of the New York Yacht club.

Everett P. Wheeler of New York argued in favor of sending the canal dispute to The Hague court of arbitration.

Brigadier General Theophilus Francis Rodenboourb, U. S. A., retired, died at New York in his seventy-fifth year.

The lord lieutenant of Ireland authorized a denial of the report that the Irish crown jewels, mysteriously stolen from Dublin castle in 1907, had been replaced.

Five men terroized a Missouri town and robbed a bank of $5,000.

Comptroller Murray says his plan is to make every bank a strong bank.

The United States is unlikely to be called upon to mediate in the Balkans troubles.

John P. White, president of the united mineworkers of America, has been re-elected.

Chief of Police McWeeny says Chicago can have a wide open New Year's eve celebration.

J. P. Morgan told the house committee there could be no such thing as a money trust.

Former Senator Foraker says the letters Hearst read were stolen from the Stanard Oil files.

Capt. John Watson, of the Eighth cavalry, stationed at Augur barracks, Jolo, was killed by a Moro.

With nothing to gain by delay, Turkey is expected to be willing to resume peace negotiations.

Thirty-five horses were burned in a barn fire at Hastings, Neb., causing a loss of perhaps $40,000.

Peace negotiations at London were delayed because of Turkey's disinclination to treat with Greece.

Commissioner Dennett, of the general land office, says "professional locaters" prey upon the public.

President Taft will not delay in appointing a successor to Whitelaw Reid as ambassador at London.

A portrait of Benjamin Franklin, painted by Chamberlain in 1762, was sold at auction at London for $14,000.

President Taft told congress he was not playing politics in placing fourth class postmasters on the classified list.

The board of estimate voted to spend all the money necessary to give New York City one of the largest municipal dock systems in the world.

It is said that President Taft will leave to President-elect Wilson the appointment of a successor to Whitelaw Reid as ambassador to Great Britain.

Clifford Wood, a Des Moines sign painter, chose the exit of a crowded street car as the place to shoot his divorced wife, and there and then kill himself.

The proposed law against dime novels and senational literature has been received with favor by the majority of the federated states of Germany.

The Portuguese government has authorized the American and British Protestant missionaries to undertake the teaching of natives in Portuguese Africa.

Frank Crouch, accused of having kidnaped the grandson of L. D. Gale a wealthy New York banker, obtained a license to marry the mother of the child, Mrs. Laura Gale in Denver.

Secretary MacVeagh has again suspended the Treasury department order, which was to have become effective Friday, imposing a countervailing duty on split peas and flour from Germany.

Eighteen women participated in a conference at Topeka, Kan., of about 200 state leaders of the progressive party, at which a provisional organization was consummated.

The Pan-American Society of the United States and the Mexico Society of New York joined in honoring Don Pedro Lascurrain, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, at a luncheon.

John D. Rockefeller, who for several years has been a golf devotee, played the best game of his life, he says, on the links at the Pocontico hills, covering the nine-hole course in 43.

One man was killed and two others injured when a runaway freight car, after going two miles at terrific speed, crashed into a caboose of the Kansas City Southern railway at the depot at Neosha, Mo.

Counsel for John Robert W. Archbald made a vain effort on Thursday to conclude examining witnesses for the defense in the impeachment proceedings against him. When it became evident that this could not be accomplished the court adjourned to January 3, when Judge Archbald will take the stand.

The validity of the Chicago city ordinance, fixing the size of loaves of bread was argued before the supreme court. Harry Duddenson, in behalf of Mathias Schmidinger, a baker, convicted of having made a seven-pound loaf when the ordinance limited the size to six pounds, contended, among other things, that the ordinance was discriminating against Poles and others of foreign birth, who are accustomed to buy bread in seven-pound loaves.

John T. Butler, one of the dynamite defendants, was ordered sent to jail for alleged perjury.

Personal.

President Taft appointed a commission to make a study of air craft.

Judge H. H. Knight of Chicago, who went to Florida to spend the winter, committed suicide.

Robert G. Valentine, former commissioner of Indian affairs, was rebuked in a committee report.

Turkish Admiral Hali Pasha was killed in the recent naval engagement with the Greeks.

President Taft's trip to Panama will keep him away from Washington until December 31st.

Miss Helen Gould's marriage will take place sometime in January.

President Taft's Christmas will be spent on the isthmus of Panama.

Senate republicans are insistent that some action be taken on presidential nominations.

Theodore Roosevelt spoke at a silver jubilee reception in Huntington, N. Y., in honor of Dean John C. York.

Rear Admiral Andrews would revive historic names for new battleships.

President Taft left Washington for his final look at the canal

Woodrow Wilson feels his reform work should begin in New Jersey.

A. G. French of Elmdale, N. D., under indictment for embezzlement, was arrested in New York.

The socialist candidate for congress from the First South Dakota district, Ed M. Jacobson of Sioux Falls, spent 2 cents for his campaign.

President Taft commuted to one year the two and a half-year sentence of Clarence D. Hillman, a wealthy real estate dealer at Seattle, convicted of using the mails to defraud.

New Year's Day

> "Old year, you shall not die:
> We did so laugh and cry with you,
> I've half a mind to die with you,
> Old year, if you must die."

TIME and tide wait not. And so we are gathered once more around the couch of the dying year, whose short lifetime has been fraught with new experiences and old failures, with sorrow and with joy to the sons of men. With friendly feelings of regret we watch his solemn passing. The weary sighing of the winter wind over the frozen wastes of snow is a mournful dirge for the days that are gone, for the irrevocable past. Chastening some with the heavy hand of sorrow and woeful loss, showering blessings of happiness and love upon others, the year that is "dying in the night" has striven mightily tobe the friend of all. Even where unmerited misfortune has swamped the high spirit and bruised the aching heart, the old year's passing stirs memories of regret for bright hopes faded, and of gratitude for the few radiant gleams of happiness which have illumined the darkness.

By a natural force of habit, with many the declining moments of the old year are devoted to a sort of spiritual stock-taking. The mistakes and the offenses of the past are canvassed over during this "burial of last year's sins," and resolutions of reformation adopted for future guidance. It has been said that those who make good resolutions are only those who break them. Too often they are simply the impotent products of lingering habit, aroused to life in the bewildering swirl of a customary moral house cleaning, and doomed to a brief existence. A momentary repentance, induced by the solemnity and associations of the season, does not effect much material change in the moral capacity for clean living. Generally, something is bound to give way when new wine is put into old bottles. To do as a matter of course that which is right as it comes is the true secret of a good life, and becomes in time a force more persistent and effectual than the weak-kneed habit of shipping an ill-assorted deck cargo of good resolutions, whose shifting in bad weather will give serious trouble until it is jettisoned, or swept overboard.

But hush! the hour is near. The old man is breathing hard, his eyes grow dim, the hue of death is spreading over his hollow cheeks and wrinkled brows. Soon he will be gone, forgotten with the trouble and sorrow, the joy and delight, he brought in his train. "Across the waste his son and heir doth ride post-haste," and we prepare to salute the rising sun, to make the rafters ring with "The king is dead, long live the king." And so, unmindful of "benefits forgot," with regret and remembrance buried deep in the joy of the moment, we hail the signals of the momentous change—the blaring of sirens and the boom of cannon, the cheering of reveling crowds and the mad joyous clangor of multitudinous bells.

> Ring out, wild bells, to the wild sky,
> The flying cloud, the frosty light:
> The year is dying in the night;
> Ring out, wild bells, and let him die.

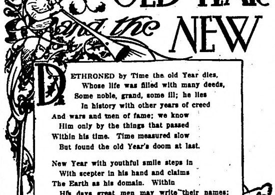
The blessed glad new year is coming, heralded with rejoicing, and resplendent with hope. "There's a new foot on the floor, my friend, and a new face at the door." Bacchus and Venus and bright-eyed Hebe give welcome and homage to the newcomer, and salute the opening of his reign with mirthful song and joyous laughter. The festive celebration of the new year has been a salient feature in the social life of all civilized peoples, ancient and modern, and that characteristic persists in the strenuous life of today.

The time at which the year began varied much among different nations. The Carthaginians, Egyptians, Persians and other nations of antiquity began their year at the autumnal equinox, New Year's day falling on September 22, of modern reckoning, which is also the beginning of the Jewish civil year. The Greeks chose December 22, and afterward June 22. January 1 was first adopted by the Romans, when Julius Caesar brought the civil year into close harmony with the solar, in B. C. 46, but, for many centuries, the example was not followed by subsequent European nations. At one time there were seven different dates for the beginning of the year among the Christian nations, and even successive popes, until comparatively recent times, scarcely ever adopted the same chronology. Russia and the eastern empire of Constantine dated from September 1, and the Mohammedan year, being dependent on the phases of the moon, had and has no fixed beginning. January 1became the accepted date of the New Year among the Catholic nations of Europe in 1582, when Pope Gregory XIII introduced the new style of reckoning, and corrected the accumulated discrepancies between the Julian computation and the actual solar year by striking ten days out of the almanac of that year. By 1700 this date was in general use throughout Europe, but it was not until 1752 that England and her American colonies adopted it.

Ancient and modern civilized peoples, while differing as to the day from which they reckoned the beginning of the civil year, have agreed in distinguishing it by special festivities and religious observances. The Romans dedicated January 1 to the oldest of their gods, Janus of the two faces, one youthful and one aged—a symbol of the wisdom of the god who knows the past and can peer into the future. They sacrificed to him on twelve altars, and were careful so to order their conduct on New Year's day that every word and action should be a happy augury of the twelve months of the coming year. Kindly salutations and presents of figs, dates and sweetmeats were exchanged among the people, holiday dress was worn, and feasting became universal. New Year presents became under the Caesars a source of great personal profit to the ruler, and an onerous burden to his subjects. The infamous Caligula, making it known that his daughter required a dowry at the New Year, walked barefooted over the piles of gold which covered the courtyard of his palace—gifts of the terrorized Roman citizens. How this custom persisted down the ages may be gathered from the fact that, even as late as the reign of William and Mary, the English nobility were accustomed to "send to the king a purse with gold in it, every New Year's tide." Queen Elizabeth's wardrobe and jewelry were almost wholly supplied from the New Year contributions of her subjects, and, although she made return gifts, it is related that she took good care to have the balance well in her own favor.

The early fathers of the church reprobated the immoral and superstitious observances of the pagan festival, and directed that the Christian year should be opened with a day of fasting, prayer and humiliation. The festal character of the day, however, pertinaciously clung to it throughout the ages, and the church preserved its religious aspect, by making it a festival in commemoration of the circumcision. In Catholic countries, New Year's day is a holiday of strict obligation, opening with a solemn midnight mass and the singing of the Te Deum. Many Protestant churches hold a "watch-night service" through the last three hours of the departing year—a solemn service of prayer and song and exhortation—which is hushed into a few minutes of silent meditation as the midnight hour draws near, and then breaks forth into a song of praise, greeting the first moment of the new-born year.

The OLD YEAR and the NEW



DETHRONED by Time the old Year dies,
Whose life was filled with many deeds,
Some noble, grand, some ill; he lies
In history with other years of creed
And wars and men of fame; we know
Him only by the things that passed
Within his time. Time measured slow
But found the old Year's doom at last.

New Year with youthful smile steps in
With scepter in his hand and claims
The Earth as his domain. Within
His days great men may write their names;
Nations may rise, may fall and die;
Mysteries their secrets may unfold,
But ere he knows shall come the cry
"New Year, thou art among the old!"

THE VANISHED YEAR

Once again a year has vanished,
To the realm of bygones banished,
Where the past years sleep in glory—
Not forgotten—gone before—
And the New Year comes to greet us,
On the wings of Time to meet us,
And to tell the old, old story
Of the years that are no more.

In the wings of Time, swift flying,
Lies the Old Year, sighing, dying,
Borne to join the host that slumbers
On that distant unknown shore—
Borne to join the countless legion,
That have crossed that mystic region,
And are counted with the numbers
In that land of Nevermore.

Once again the bells are ringing,
Tidings of the New Year bringing,
With the blythe and gladsome clangor
Of the bells that rang of yore,
And their glad and tuneful pealing,
Brighter, fairer skies revealing,
Bids us banish sorrow, anger,
Think of gladness yet in store.

Let us greet the New Year gladly—
Though we miss the old one sadly—
Let us hope for bright skies o'er us,
Let our dreams be ever fair—
Let us banish care and sorrow,
Hope for gladness on the morrow—
Let us build for days before us
Brighter castles in the air.

CAN YOUR BABY FIND ITS NOSE.

Here Are Some of the Tests for Determining Normal Child.

If a child of three years knows his name and can thrust a chubby finger to his nose, mouth and eyes, when asked about those organs, he's a normal kid. If he can't, then it's time papa and mamma got busy with petty's little think tank, or he'll grow up to be a boob.

This, in plain Boweryesque, is the translation of the formula given in scientific terms by the medical savants of the Mental Hygiene conference and exhibit, who are holding "tests of children" in the hall of the city college, remarks the New York Journal.

"A child of four," continues the scientific formula, "is expected to know its sex and to be able to recognize such objects as a key, knife or a penny, and to tell the comparative length of lines.

"At five a boy or girl should be able to draw a square and to repeat sentences. When a child is six we ask for definitions. I might ask: 'What is a fork?' If a boy answered: 'I eat with a fork,' it would be sufficient for that age, but if he inserted the word 'something' in his definition, as 'A fork is something to eat with,' it would place him in the eight-year class. If he said: 'A piece of tableware,' he would be in the twelve-year class."

A child of ten is asked what he would do if he missed a train. Here the answers vary. Any reply that is an answer is accepted. One child said: "Wait for another." Another said he would "run and catch it." While a boy from the Bronx said he would go home for the day.

What to do if struck by a playmate was the most puzzling of all questions. Boys invariably looked at their mothers when the question was put. "Forgive him," was the answer only a few times.

The best examination passed so far was by seven-year-old Donald Grant of 507 West 138th street, who passed the examination for the child of ten.

REASON FOR HIS GENEROSITY

Small Boy Was Not Giving Away Goslings Simply Out of the Goodness of His Heart.

We were fishing in the James river in the Ozarks, writes a correspondent of The Companion, and for three days had floated down the clear, swift stream, casting as we went. For fifty miles we had not seen a human habitation, although occasional sounds indicated that there were scattered farms beyond the fringe of timber that closely lined the stream.

One morning, when the current was hurrying us along at eight miles an hour, we saw a tow-headed boy pop out of the underbrush on the bank fifty yards ahead.

"Say," he called, as we drifted by, "I'll give you some goslings if you want them!"

"Goslings?" I said, surprised. "Why, what should we do with goslings?"

"I dunno," he replied indifferently.

"What are you doing," I asked, "fishing?"

"No,"—a little rebelliously,—"I'm mindin' an old cow out of the corn."

"Say," he said, a little anxiously, as we were floating by, "you can have them goslings if you want them. I'll show you where they are."

"No, thank you," we said. "We couldn't take care of them."

"There they are,"—he leaned forward and pointed down the bank,—"right down there. You can have 'em if you want 'em."

"That's a funny kid," remarked one of our party, as we drifted by a dozen half-grown goslings at the edge of the water. "Wonder what makes him so generous?"

Just then, loud and shrill, came a woman's voice from the field back in the valley:

"John-nie! John-nie O John-nie! Air you keepin' them goslin's out of the garden?"—Youth's Companion.

RELICS OF KREMLIN

Inclosure Has Long Been Crowning Place of Czars.

Ivan or Bell Tower Contains 36 Bells—In Front of the Arsenal Can Still Be Seen the "Great Gun."

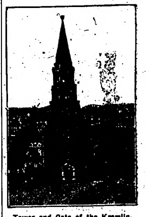
Moscow.—The Kremlin, like the Forbidden City in Pekin, is inclosed by a wall entirely independent of that encircling the city, says William Wisner in the National Geographic Magazine. It marks the part which escaped the great conflagration when the outlying districts of Moscow were burned by the Russians, who were besieged by Napoleon. The present wall replaced one of oak—some 500 years ago—which, like the Great Wall of China, was erected as a defense from the Tartars.

Within this inclosure is the imperial palace, the treasury, the arsenal and three cathedrals, which for centuries have respectively been the places of the crowning, the marrying and the burying of the czars of this great nation. The inclosure also contains a convent and many great monuments. On one side, far below, flows the River Moskva, from which the city takes its name. From the river's opposite bank the view of the splendor of this collection of buildings is unsurpassed.

Probably nowhere in the world does an inclosure of the dimensions of that described by the wall of the Kremlin contain precious stones approximating the value of those displayed here. It has been aptly stated that they should not be counted by thousands, but measured by the peck. To guard them 800 soldiers are constantly in and around these buildings.

The Ivan or Bell tower is the most conspicuous structure in the inclosure and contains 36 bells, two of which are of silver, the largest of the collection weighing 65 tons.

This large bell seems to lose its magnitude when we come to examine the one resting on a stone foundation just outside the tower, which weighs 200 tons. It was originally intended to hang within the walls, but soon after it was cast a fire destroyed the building which sheltered it, causing nine gaping cracks and the displacement of a piece of the bell weighing nine tons. Owing to this misfortune, its tongue has never remained mute.


Tower and Gate of the Kremlin.

Not far from the bell tower stands the arsenal, in front of which is a display of 850 bronze cannon, trophies captured from the Turks and French. Prominent among these is the "great gun," its mouth having a diameter of three feet, surrounded by so thin a shell that regard for safety probably accounts for the fact that it, like the great bell, has never spoken.

These two curios, coupled with Moscow's prevalent paving material, are spoken of as the three ancient wonders of the city. "The heaviest bell which never was rung, and the largest cannon which never was fired, and the greatest amount of cobblestone pavement" (which ought to be fired).

JOKES AS SURGEON WORKS

Stoical Patient Indulges in Merry Quibs and Jests in Pennsylvania Hospital.

Beaver Falls, Pa.—While surgeons carved an operation at the Providence Hospital, J. T. Mecklin, pure food inspector of Ellwood City, lay on the table and jested with those around him.

For some time Mecklin had been afflicted with a disease of the veins in his feet, and the ailment had become so serious that an operation was decided on.

When the surgeons were ready to begin the operation Mecklin refused to take an anaesthetic of any kind and declared that they might proceed with their work, as he was not greatly concerned over the pain.

He never whimpered during the operation, although the surgeons say it was of a very painful nature.

TWIN CASES OF APPENDICITIS

Brother and Sister Stricken and Operated on Close Together at Newark, N. J.

New York.—Stricken within a few hours of each other, Emile and Emily Thomas, twins, aged twelve, of 37 Taylor street, Newark, N. J., are recovering from appendicitis operations in the Newark private hospital. The twins lie side by side amid a mass of flowers sent in by their playmates.

They were stricken on Tuesday. Emily, while playing, suddenly doubled up in pain. The first to [illegible] was her brother, who picked her up and carried her home. A physician was summoned and he found traces of appendicitis. Not long afterward the doctor discovered symptoms in the brother, and both went to the hospital and under the knife.

Things Queer and Curious

Mighty Legs of Frithjof

Emperor Wilhelm of Germany makes a trip each year to Norway, and he now intends to present to that country a unique memorial of his twenty-fifth journey there. This gift is a gigantic statue of Frithjof, the Norwegian hero of a famous Icelandic saga which relates his adventures and is assigned to the thirteenth century. The statue, which is the work of Max Unger, is to be set up next summer on a peninsula of the Sogne Fjord.

THALES WEIGHING 25 TONS

This statue of Thales, representing electricity, is one of twenty-five which weigh about 25 tons each and which are the largest that have ever been cut from single blocks of stone. They were designed by Saint Gaudens and will be placed over the entrance to the Union station in Washington, making a magnificent symbolistic facade.

"DEAD DRUNK" AT AGE OF SIX

After his mother had given him a few drops of whisky, sweetened with sugar, to relieve a cold, six-year-old Charles Vanderbilt of Williamsburg, N. Y., acquired the whisky habit, and as a result was removed to the Williamsburg hospital in a critical condition.

Neighbors advised the mother to give her boy frequent doses of whisky and sugar after he had contracted a cold a week ago. While the child was left alone temporarily he found the bottle and swallowed about five tablespoonfuls of the liquor. When his mother returned she found him in an alcoholic coma and called an ambulance.

HORSE TIES UP RAILROAD

A horse played tag, the horse being "it," with a southbound passenger train on the Wilmington & Columbia division of the Philadelphia & Reading railway in the neighborhood of Glenhall, Pa. The train was delayed nearly an hour and the schedule of the division was badly upset as a result.

The animal first ran on the tracks and waited for the train to approach, then ran a mile in front of the locomotive and waited again. This was repeated several times. After a run of three miles the horse left the railroad at a crossing.

THROUGH A CONCRETE MIXER.

Charles Stevens, aged 30, a negro of Braddock, Pa., while working on a concrete mixer about 30 feet above the ladle at the Edgar Thomson Steel works, fell into the hopper with the wet concrete and was dug out of the mixture of gravel and cement at the other end, where the thoroughly mixed concrete comes out. He was unconscious, but was revived in an hour and recovered.

ETIQUETTE OF THE JUNGLE

A moving-picture firm has been taking some remarkable pictures at a water-hole in Abyssinia of animals which come there from miles around to quench their thirst. It is the etiquette of the jungle for the elephant to drink first. No matter how many animals are around the waterhole, they all stand aside for the greatest beast of all. Many of the animals come 40 to 50 miles for a drink, and there is a truce between even the most deadly enemies. After the elephant comes the rhinoceros. Although most of the other animals observe the water-hole truce faithfully, two rhinos will fight over their precedence.

The cinematograph operator obtained wonderful pictures of two of these huge animals going at it "hammer and tongs." The fight only ended by one of the animals being killed. When the rhinoceros has finished the giraffes drink their fill, followed by zebras. Zebras always travel in herds, and sometimes 40 to 50 will arrive at the waterhole at a time. According to the etiquette of the jungle, however, they only come in fourth for the drinking stakes. The first four animals are fixed in order, but the rest get a drink just how and when they can.

WILD DOGS RAID FARMS

A pack of 20 wild dogs, led by a huge collie, is, with increasing boldness, making daily raids on farms near Thermalito, Cal. The dogs hunt with great cunning, and efforts to exterminate them have resulted in the killing of one. Hogs, chickens, rabbits and turkeys are their victims. The floods of 1907, when the Feather river reached the highest stage ever recorded, is responsible for the marauders, whose forebears were a few tame dogs which were marooned on an island of driftwood. When the water receded the dogs burrowed into the debris and refused to return to domesticity.

HIS NEPHEW'S STEPFATHER

Harry E. Harkness of Altoona has become his nephew's stepfather. Harkness, who is fifty-three, and has been a widower for two years, married his brother's widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Harkness, fifty-three. At the same time that Mrs. Harkness married, her son, Gehring Harkness, married Maud C. Walton. Suppose Gehring Harkness has children, what relation will they be to their father's uncle and stepfather?

For Royal Christmas Feast

Many of the swans on the Thames are the property of the crown and are so branded. Each year as Christmas approaches a number of these "king's cygnets" are caught and taken to pens at Kingston to be fattened for the royal Christmas dinner. Those that his majesty cannot use are presented to some of his personal friends.

QUEER CREATURE OF THE SEA

Sepia is sometimes loosely spoken of as "a sort of Indian ink;" it is something very different from real Indian ink, which is a substance composed of purified soot, gum, camphor, and musk. Sepia is a peculiar animal substance obtained from the ink bags or ink sacs of cuttle fish.

The cuttle fish are a group of singular sea creatures allied to slugs, snails, oysters, and other so-called "shell fish." The cuttle fish has a sort of shell beneath the skin (sold under the name of "cuttle bone"), a pair of large eyes and a horny beak. Like all molluscs, they have no real limbs at all, but from around the head there spring eight or ten long tentacles, each armed with numerous suckers.

By forcibly squirting out the sea water which it has taken in the sepia can shoot backward through the water with great speed. The sepia is interesting, too, as being able to change its color in a measure so as to harmonize with its surroundings. Just under the topmost layer of skin there are distributed all over the surface of the body a number of cells, containing a dark pigment; when these cells are expanded the surface of the body becomes darkly spotted, but as they are contracted the creature looks paler.

Though best developed in the sepia and its nearest allies, nearly every member of the cuttle fish group possesses an ink sac. The ink sac contains the dark pigment secreted by a special gland. When discovered or pursued by an enemy the sepia discharges some of its ink through a sort of funnel or tube; the pigment mixes with water very quickly, and forms a dark cloud of inky water, beyond which the sepia will dart into safety.

Sepias are often caught in nets with fish. The fishermen, despising the cuttles, throw them out upon the beach, and then they may be seen lying in tiny pools of dense black liquid, and continually oozing out more ink in a vain attempt at concealment.

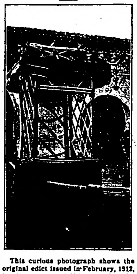
FINDS $4,000 IN MATTRESS

The finding of a small fortune in an old mattress that he was about to burn, was the experience of William Schultz of Rochester, Minn. The mattress had been in the family's possession for years, and some time ago was relegated to the scrap pile. Mr. Schultze decided to burn the mattress and was about to apply the match when he felt a small, hard roll, which he pulled out. It proved to be a roll of greenbacks, amounting to $4,000. Mr. Schultze is unable to explain the presence of the money.

EELS DARKEN THREE TOWNS

As the result of a remarkable run of eels in the Sawkills the towns of Red Hook, Tivoli and Madalin, N. Y., are thrown in darkness nearly every night. The eels cannot be kept out of the machinery in the lighting company's plant. The company has three intake pipes laid out into the stream and into the pipes the eels glide in droves. The clogging of the machinery puts the three villages in darkness

RESIGNATION OF AN EMPEROR



This curious photograph shows the original edict issued in February, 1912, by the emperor of China, in which he abdicated and placed the sovereignty in the hands of the nation. It was written on yellow paper, placed in a sedan chair made of yellow silk and exposed in front of the palace.

AT THE YEAR'S END

WHAT fixed the time for the ending of one year and the beginning of another? More light. In the countries where winter is cold and dark and grim the severest weather comes after the old year goes. It was in less biting air, but in increasing light, that the proof was found of the "turn o' the year."

The dead year is often buried to the dirge of winter's most bitter winds. The frost is going deeper, when the season is normal. Nature's sleep is most profound. There is only one sign that the sun has turned and is coming back. That evidence is a little more daylight, a little less of the darkness of night.

But more light is enough. It makes the change a time of joy, of new hopes and more confident turning to the future. There is the promise of spring in the added light of the day and the promise of growing good and retreating evil in the coming of the new year.

It means that mankind has another chance for better things. It gives hope of a new foothold and endeavor to a fresh start. The world is invited to turn its back on the mistakes and sins and troubles of the past and look to the ever-wonderful possibilities of the unknown time to come.

There is the charm and joy of New Year's. In that revival of drooping confidence, in that lure of the infinite, lies the appeal of the day which is always greeted with enthusiasm, no matter how many generations have seen the hopes of the year's birth wither before its death. After many failures success may come. Who knows?

That is the magic question—"Who knows?" The world gains from year to year in a thousand little things, and sometimes a great evil long endured goes crashing down. Who can say what the limit of triumph may be in the better times to come?

For the world, like every young year, is getting more light. It has more of the sunshine of truth, more of the life-giving rays of knowledge. If they seem cold and sterile, at times, it is because humanity's year is still young. "We are ancients of the earth, and in the morning of the times."

This increasing light of knowledge, this brighter beacon to guide the steps of mankind, must flower and fruit in richer gains than humanity has yet won. It is an accumulating force, like the warmth which the sun gives the earth in spring

The thinkers and dreamers of the world know that this is so. They are inspired by the consciousness that with growing knowledge there must come increased power and higher wisdom to direct and control it for the help and uplifting of mankind.

The faith sees the life and growth, the color and warmth of spring, in the lengthening days of winter. They perceive that the world of men and women, and of the children, too, though still far from the full tide of its summer, is already well into the long new year of the human family. They are as certain of the spring for all mankind as they are that January will pass and May will come.

It is a mistake to reflect too much upon the past. It has its lessons, but the learning of them should not so absorb our attention as to preclude us from incorporating them into our daily life, transmuting the memory and experience into the gold of useful practicability and ready work that yields results.

Introspection was getting so insistently a habit of the New Year that we are beginning to forget it was but a means to an end—the reflective porch to the large and spacious chamber of lofty resolve and accomplishment. We fancy sometimes that a faint suggestion of maudlin sentiment crept into the self-analysis, converting what should have proved a stepping stone to higher planes of activity into a more purgatory of self-abnegation ending in a cul-de-sac. We want to make our reflection an avenue that leads through paths of earnest thought to the high tablelands of glorious endeavor and achievement. The soul itself must be utilitarian and not waste itself in unprofitable penance.

What has the year accomplished for womanhood? There has unquestionably been a remarkable renaissance of the feminine. Woman has broadened her outlook, established her claim to wider recognition of her talents, impressed public life with her power for good, and raised her physical and mental scale of the sex. Thank God, among the general advancement there is one that is inspiringly reactionary—a reversion to the old veneration for the sanctity of motherhood—the holiest and divinest calling of all, a calling involving great sacrifice, great sorrows, but bringing with it, on the other hand, untold compensating joys.

In the medical profession woman has done well, while in the humbler ranks of nursing our efficient hospitals tell their own eloquent tale of the labor done by those who "watch the stars out by the bed of pain."

For the large masses of the girlhood and womanhood the arena of commercial life has widened its doors, and evidence is seen on all hands of the efficiency of the new female recruits to the business ranks. Their presence in this great army of strenuous endeavor will tend to purify and strengthen it, and make it worthier than it has ever been before. The prizes are many, but those who do not gain them must not be disheartened. The very striving after them stiffens the fiber. "The athlete matured for the Olympian game gains strength at least for life."

While I have dwelt in this short review of woman's progress on the more expert phases of her career, it must be pointed out that ability is not the be-all and the end-all of woman's existence. It is the great lever that moves things, but another quality is required for the settling down.

Greater than all her accomplishments is her capacity for shedding around her wherever she goes the fragrance of a sweet and beautiful life, and smoothing out the raveled sleeve of care. It is in the belief that she is fully capable of this mission that one looks forward in confidence to the immediate future—a future in which the pulse of vibrant life will throb sympathetically and intellectually to the ultimate benefit of the whole of the community.

Thoughts for New Year

"Resolve and resolve and still go on the same?" Nay! Nay! not so; but rather resolve and with a steadfast purpose without equivocation or mental reservation, harness the firm resolution, the will of your intent to the wagon of your purpose loaded with the dutiful obligations of your everyday life. Obligations to home, to business relations, to the proper demand of your church and social environment, to civic and patriotic responsibilities.

Duties never clash; something is paramount, something worth while. Do that! Be true to thyself, to that conception of that self which raises within you a real sense of self-respect; that self which you admire, to which you aspire; that manhood to which you would attain and toward which energies of mind and will bend, never loosing the call of the vision. Before all men honorable—a high sense of honor is a well spring of conscious joy and a reservoir of power to the possessor.

The looking-glass of yourself often may discourage you, but it is the consciousness of what you ought to be, and the desire to attain, laying aside every weight or hindrance and running with patience the race you have set before you. Never stop the cry of your soul, your real self, to the call of the unreached goal.

The poets with their wide and deep discernment ofttimes sing truly of the soul cry and its evolution into an abundant life.

Lowell:

Of all the myriad words of mind
That through the soul come thronging
Which one was e'er so dear, so kind
So beautiful as longing?
The thing we long for that we are
For one transcendent moment
Before the present poor and bare
Can make its sneering comment.

Tennyson:

O for a man to rise in me
That the man that I am
May cease to be.

Holmes:

Build thee more stately mansions O my soul
As the swift seasons roll!
Leave thy low-vaulted past!
Let each new temple nobler than the last
Shut thee from heaven with a dome more vast
Till thou at length art free.
Leaving thine outgrown shell by life's unresting sea.

With every business item and relation be honest, and fundamentally, by word of mouth, truthful. "Ah what a tangled web we weave when first we practice to deceive." A lie seldom travels alone. It weaves a web, in the meshes thereof sooner or later we are humiliated. The truth alone is courageous, and courage is a manly virtue. A lying tongue is the curse of a habit grafted on a cowardly nature. An individual is not honest with himself or honorable in his dealings with his fellow because he is not willing to face the unvarnished fact or bear the brunt and burden which justly is his; a responsibility only made irksome by his cowardly lie whereby he would shift the burden and stand behind the veneer of an assumption or false position. Fear not, the man within you will work out if you will it so; undiscouraged, undismayed, pressing on, you become conscious that, having done your part, it is due to arrive.

Be not discouraged, fellow wayfarer. Yield to that man within you, whose insatiable longing is the inspiration that shall bring the nobler self to being; the self that now chafes at limitations; that opens the windows through which you see the visions of your undying hope, though distant yet existent, and yours to obtain if you will but hold your straight-way course.

Laugh at Your Burden.

Most of us are bending under the burden of some great load. It may be care, it may be disappointment, it may be injustice, it may be physical pain or spiritual discouragement, but it is heavy. Often it seems heavier than we can bear and we cry out and protest. These burdens are very real, but really they are not half as big and heavy as we make them, declares a writer in the Universalist Leader. We have had them upon our shoulders, entirely out of our sight, so long that they have been magnified by imagination or weariness or impatience, until they seem unbearable. Now, then, whatever your burden may be, however long you have been carrying it, and however proud you may have become of your self-imposed martyrdom just take your burden down and look at it honestly, and you will be surprised how it has dwindled away while you have been magnifying it in your mind. Look at it frankly and fearlessly and in nine cases out of ten will your tears be turned to laughter and your sighing into song.

Most Famous City In History.

The one spot which more than any other has controlled the history of Europe lies, strangely enough, not in Europe itself, but in Asia. For the possession of the site where Christ "suffered, was buried and rose again," more blood has been shed than for any other. An immense number of lives were laid down during the Crusades; and for 600 years before the Crusades, and even to the present time, a constant stream of pilgrims has poured into Jerusalem to worship at the spot made sacred by the crucifixion of Christ. From the fourth century after Christ until 50 years ago this site was generally conceded to be within the Church of the Holy Sepulcher. Now two sites dispute the claim of being the actual Golgotha. This latter claimant is known as "Gordon's Calvary," though to an American, Dr. Harlan P. Beach, of Yale university, is due the actual discovery of it, General Gordon, the hero of Khartoum, having first secured for it general recognition.—Christian Herald.

Too Strenuous Plan of Teaching.

"Once upon a time, many years ago," says the Western School Journal, "this editor visited a school in which the teacher in the grammar class tried to illustrate every verb by appropriate actions. Thus the verb run was pictured in a scamper around the schoolroom; the verb strike took form on a boy's back. 'But,' remarked the visitor, 'what are you going to do with the verb lie (to tell an untruth)? You surely wouldn't ask the children to lie, and when the verb howl is in the lesson would you bid them howl?' She had never thought of that, but the absurdity of her method seemed visible to her. We hope so."

MERCY OF THE COURTS

The justice of the peace was in the south and a marked state of ignorance. He was approached by a man desiring a divorce, and he did not know what to do. Calling a friend to his side, he whispered:

"What's the law on this p'int?"

"You can't do it," was the reply. "It's out of your jurisdiction."

The husband, observing the consultation, and feeling keenly his desire to escape from his matrimonial woe, explained:

"I'm willin' to pay well; got the money right here in this sock."

At this the justice assumed his gravest judicial air. Obviously he was deeply pained. Never before in all his life had he been so bowed down by grief.

"You knew before you came here," he said sadly, "that it wasn't for me to separate husband and wife, and yet you not only take up the valuable time of this court by talking, but you actually propose to bribe me with money. Now, how much have you got in that sock?"

"About six dollars and a half, your honor."

"Is that so? Then I fine you five dollars for bribery and a dollar and a half for taking up my time with a case out of my jurisdiction; and may the lord have mercy on your soul!"—The Popular Magazine.

War Balloon Destroyed.

The German paper Schuss and Waffe describes a bullet named for its inventor, Lentz, for which great things are claimed in the way of destroying dirigible balloons, which will undoubtedly appear in the next war between nations of the first rank.

Instead of being a shell fired from a howitzer, like other projectiles of this sort, this bullet can be made up into cartridges for the ordinary rifle.

Two prongs are held in slots in the bullet while it is in the barrel of the rifle, but fly out when it is in the air. When it enters a balloon casing, the strain on these prongs releases a spring, which explodes a primer, setting the gas on fire.

While a dirigible might escape the few shells fired at it by a cannon, it would hardly hope to pass unhit through the hail of bullets fired by a regiment; and one such bullet exploding within its envelope would destroy the balloon, as the unfortunate Wellman balloon exploded last summer.

Dairy Cow at the Head.

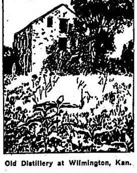
The dairy cow owes a salute to the Country Gentleman for the compliment paid her in saying that "civilization and the dairy cow are closely associated." As a food producer, says the Country Gentleman, the cow returns eighteen pounds for every hundred pounds of feed given her, while her nearest competitor, the hog, returns only fifteen pounds, and the hen, with all her cackling, gives the owner but a scant ten pounds of food in return for his investment of a hundred.

AN OLD KANSAS LANDMARK

Huge Three-Story Distillery Still Stands in County That Is Now Prohibition.

Burlingame, Kan.—Wilmington, in Osage county, Kan., not far from Burlingame, in the late '50's, seemed ideally located for the capitol of Kansas to be. Just on the boundary line of the Sac and Fox Indians, and the Kaws, as it was, proved its security from the menace of the Red Man. For the two tribes were unfriendly, and neither dared molest the white man dwelt between for fear that the depredation of one might be visited upon the other.

In point of scenery, soil and climate, it offered boundless opportunities for growth and progress and ambition.



Old Distillery at Wilmington, Kan.

But Wilmington now is a country road, a dozen or so old stone houses, an inn, fallen into decay—and beyond, a grave yard.

But the oddest landmark of all in these prohibition days is the huge three-story stone distillery, for years used as a granary, but now abandoned.

ZOO HAS 87 NEW SNAKES

South American Jungle Constructed for Rare Fer De Lance in New York.

New York.—A South American jungle in miniature is being constructed at the Bronx zoological gardens for the reception of eighty-seven baby snakes of the rare variety known as Fer de Lance. The entire eighty-seven came to the zoo in a single litter. To insure their surviving in captivity it was necessary to counterfeit the natural conditions of existence in the jungle and thereby entice them to eat properly and take a suitable interest in life.

The Fer de Lance snake is provided with a "food catcher" at the end of its tail. This is a yellow marking which is an exact reproduction of a worm, and the snake can make its tail simulate the movements of a real worm. The young Fer de Lance, to decoy its food, crawls into the high grass, and, coiling up there, lets the tip of its tail protrude a few inches. Patiently it waits until a tree frog or other victim is attracted. The frog grabs the worm and the snake grabs the frog. In a few minutes the frog has disappeared and the snake withdraws its decoy and contentedly goes to sleep for three or four days.

TOO COSTLY FOR THE KING

Stafford House Upkeep Beyond Probable Allowance of Sons of British Ruler.

London.—When the true story of the sale of Stafford House leaks out it will be found that it was not, as some people have been suggesting, the fault of the queen, although her majesty does not at all approve of the idea of letting the Prince of Wales have a separate establishment until he is safely married, that this mansion was not acquired by the king.

The real fact of the matter is that the king received a hint that when the time came to vote an allowance for his sons there would be severe criticism by the labor and the extreme radical members if he suggested a sum large enough to keep up a huge mansion like Stafford house.

The king's financial advisers are urging upon him the advisability of looking for big dowries with all his daughters-in-law. This will be contrary to the precedent of the last few royal marriages. Queen Alexandra had, of course, little money of her own, and the queen still less.

HIT IN EYE, REGAINS VISION

Oklahoma Pastor Sees Again—Due to Missle Shot From Rubber Band.

Oklahoma City.—A bit of tinfoil flipped from a rubber band by a child is declared to have caused the restoration of the eyesight of the Rev. G. G. Rupert, pastor of a local church, who had been blind for 28 years.

The missile fired at random by a grandchild of the minister, hit him in one of the eyes, and to alleviate the pain hot cloths were applied. This occurred several days ago, and when it was apparent that his sight was being restored the applications were continued. Practically normal vision returned.

The Rev. Mr. Rupert became suddenly blind while conducting revival services in Birmingham, O., in 1884.

PARTS OF BIG BIRD FOUND

Professor Granger Gives American Museum Bones From Prehistoric Bird.

New York.—Parts of a giant bird which winged its way over North America 3,000,000 years ago have just been brought to the American Museum of Natural History by Professor Walter Granger, who has been making fossil investigations in Wyoming. The bird, according to Professor Granger, was the largest feathered creature that ever existed in North America.

A. H. PITKIN

General Merchandise and Hardware

TOP PRICES PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PODUCTS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS ...

St. Hilaire, - - Minn.

WANTED

Every person who has a desire to have money to open an account with us. When you deposit your money in the bank, you will not spend as foolishly as you will if it is in your pocket. Therefore you have saved it; and then you will have a desire to have a large account.

We pay interest on certificates of deposit.

Merchants' State Bank

ST. HILAIRE, MINN.

C. L. HANSEN, President
D. PATTERSON, Vice President
B. E. BURKEE, Cashier.

Advertise in the Spectator

THE DULUTH HERALD

BEATS THE CENSUS THREE TO ONE

During the past ten years the population of Duluth increased 48 per cent., St. Paul 32 per cent., and Minneapolis 49 per cent. In the Same Period the Circulation of The Duluth Herald

INCREASED 150 PER CENT.

This marvelous expansion—so much greater than that of the surrounding territory—is due solely to the merits of The Herald. The Herald has never used any kind of premium, contest, or price reduction to gain subscribers but prints each day the very best NEWSPAPER in the Northwest. Its editorial page is thoroughly independent and its news columns cover every feature of the world's daily history.

Send for sample copy and get The Herald habit.

THREE MONTHS FOR $1.00—Mailed Daily.

ADDRESS HERALD CIRCULATION DEPT., DULUTH, MINN.

The Spectator.

HARRY E. IVES, Publisher.
I. D. CONVERSE, Editor and Manager

Entered at the postoffice at St. Hilaire, Minn as second-class mail matter.

Published every Saturday at St. Hilaire Pennington county, Minn.

TERMS:—$1.00 Per Year in Advance.

Subscribers should notify the publisher on or before expiration of subscription if discontinuance is desired. Otherwise paper will be continued

Remittances should be made on postal note postoffice or express orders. Short time subscriptions in two cent stamps.

Saturday, December 28, 1912.

Frank Jeffers, register of deeds of Red Lake county, is understood to be a candidate for register of the Crookston land office.

The creamery men of the state are trying to break the butter trust in the interest of the consumer. Many consumers wish something could be done also to those who will not trust for butter.

On our first page will be found a full and complete explanation of the workings of the parcel post. There is no reason why anyone of our readers should say he does not understand how to mail parcels.

A Washington court has ruled that the man who drinks whisky before breakfast is a habitual drunker. And a Texas newspaper adds that he is a seventy-third degree chump. Which leaves nothing more to be said on the subject.

The idea of the popular election of postmasters has been embodied in an elaborate bill by Senator Bristow. It applies to all offices paying $300 or more a year and calls for a direct primary, the choice of a primary to be binding upon the president.

It appears that the progressive party leaders intend that organization to become permanent and continue to do "business at the old stand." Preparations are being made for a permanent organization and during the next four years a practical organization will undoubtly be effected. It begins to look as if the progressive party may take over the real progressives of both the republican and democratic parties. As to what effect it will have on the democratic party depends in a large measure how satisfactorily Wilson's administration is and with what wing of the democratic party he alligns himself. —Norman County Herald.

Can They Do It

There is an undefined feeling among the adherents of the old line republicans that if the democratic congress to be inaugurated on March 4 makes an effort to reduce the tariff as foreshadowed in the press, a general panic will be the result. It is quite possible that the great banking institutions may so shape affairs that there will be a money stringency in the east; it is a part of their business to pound down the value of securities and to look up the circulating medium to the extent of depriving the small gamblers as compelling them to pay exorbitant rent for the use of the money, but that they can bring on a panic similar to the one they pulled off in 1893 no one believes. The western states of the Union are not as dependent on Wall Street as in ninety-three; we have an abundance of food products, an abundance of the circulating medium, besides the west don't want and will not have a panic despite any and all orders from Wall Street. The object of stringency at this time would be too apparent; the people have been informed and know plenty exists throughout the nation, and that if the money market is restricted they know that it is done for and directly in the interest of the gamblers. A financial panic brought on because of the cutting down of the tariff schedules for the relief of the consumer would be taken at once as the direct means of the manufacturers to fasten upon the public the grinding theft that has existed since '93, to remove which the American voters at the last election cast political preference aside and voted for a leader who had promised relief. We have had enough of soup houses and broken promises; we want genuine relief from the privileged class and it should not be forgotten that the American citizen usually "fights as he votes." Nothing would so please the socialists as a panic brought on by those who have enjoyed special privilege and had been deprived of it—they know the value of such political dodging and justly claim that hard times for a year or two would bring another million to their fold. The time has come in the United States when the political boss and spell-binder has lost control over the voter and no threats or scare head-lines in the daily papers will avail to convince him of his error. Starvation, with a country full of food products, will not avail; the good citizen will work for his bread if a chance is given; be will fight for it if he must. —Cass Lake Times.

The Parcel Post, The Local Merchant and the Country Paper.

The fight against the parcel post, which goes into effect the first of the year, was always waged in the name of the local merchant. The express companies, the many concerns with which the express companies are more or less secretly allied by investment, the railroads, and even the wholesalers and many retailers themselves, all declared that the cheap carriage rates of the parcel post would wipe out the local merchants and leave nothing but big city mail order houses.

None of them stopped to think that if the business of the country merchant is on a basis so insecure that cheap transportation would ruin it, it was bound to die anyway—and should die.

But they did the country merchant less than justice. He gives credit, and the mail order houses don't. His goods are on exhibition for approval, and the mail order purchase is "sight unseen." He knows his customers, and the mail order house doesn't.

On top of these advantages, the local parcel post rates are so much lower than zone rates that the local merchant has a clear advantage in transportation rates.

The trouble with the rural merchant whose business might be injured by the mail order houses is that he is not progressive. Interpreted into more concrete terms, the trouble with him is that he doesn't advertise. True, he sometimes runs a card in the local paper stating that he is in business, and keeps "fine goods," but that isn't advertising. Everybody knows he is in business, and nobody expects him to say anything else than that his goods are "fine." But it doesn't get him anything.

What his possible patrons do not know is that he has bargains as well as the mail order houses. This knowledge he can convey to them only by advertising.

What the country merchant ought to do, parcel post or no parcel post, is to study advertising. Let him study what the city retail merchants do in that line. Let him learn how to do it for himself by copying them. A country merchant could do no better in this territory, for instance, than to study retail advertisements in The Herald. If he does not take The Herald his local newspaper editor probably does, and he will be glad to keep it on file for this use if he is asked to do so.

The country merchant should advertise precisely as the city merchant does. Only in that way can he let his possible patrons know what he has in stock and what bargains he can offer. He can circularize his territory, it is true, but it will cost him more and he can be sure that though every newspaper is read, nine out of ten circulars reach the waste basket immediately. He must advertise, and he must do it exactly as the successful city merchants do. He will find no better school to study advertising methods in than the advertising columns of this newspaper as they are filled by the Duluth merchants.

The country merchant, if he knew it, has a weapon at hand which he can successfully fight the city mail order house, no matter how cheap carriage rates are made. That weapon if his local newspaper.—Duluth Herald.

Successful Sunday Journalism

For years the success of the Sunday magazine of The Record-Herald has incited other papers to try to duplicate or rival it, but nothing else of the kind can compare for a moment with this remarkable supplement. It was the pioneer in its particular field and it seems to have gotten a start that leaves all younger rivals out of the running.

The Sunday magazine of The Record-Herald is a real magazine, full of stories and articles by the best living writers, illustrated by eminent artists superbly printed, and carrying on its cover each week a masterpiece of color work. Both in the beauty of its pictures and in the entertaining quality of its contents it compares favorably with the best of the independent weeklies or even monthlies. During last year its readers have been enjoying a special treat in a remarkable series of prize stories secured through an offer of $10,000 in cash prizes. This unique contest attracted the best living writers, and many of them continue to write for the Sunday Magazine of The Record-Herald. Some of the best stories of Conan Doyle, Jack London, Wallace Irwin, Ellis Parker Butler, Cyrus Townsend Brady and scores of other writers of high-class fiction will be found in its columns. At the same time Sewell Ford's inimitable Shorty McCabe and Torchy stories continue to be frequent features. You will also find one of the best novels of the day running serially in its columns at the present moment.

A sample copy of this excellent magazine will be sent free on request by The Record-Herald, 163 West Washington street, Chicago. It is an easy way to get some good reading.

Election Puzzle Fifth District

The question as to who must represent the Fifth commissioner's district in Pennington county was settled by lot Monday and A. B. Mandt, the defeated candidate in the recent election, won. This closes, for the present at least, an interesting muddle which has cost Pennington county quite a sum.

In the fall primaries the republicans ran two candidates for this place, A. B. Mandt, won out. In the general election the socialists put up George Leimers, and he and Mandt ran with the result that the final vote was a tie. To settle the case County Auditor Fusel referred the whole matter to the office of the attorney general and the latter advised the governor to call a special election. The writs were issued and the special election held and Leimers won with a good majority against Mandt and the other republican candidate, J. L. Larson the present incumbent of the office, who was defeated in the September primary, who entered the special fight by the use of stickers. The county auditor had issued thethe certificate of election to Mr. Leimers, before it was discovered that the special election was not the correct way of settling such a tie, but that it had to be determined by lot in the office of the county auditor, in the presence of both candidates. Notice was served on Messrs. Leimers and Mandt to be present, but Leimers did not attend. The names of the two men were placed in a hat and Miss Effie Hamry, deputy register of deeds, drew, with the result that Mandt won.

It is supposed that the socialist candidate will refuse to abide by this result as he holds the certificate of election and the matter will have to be taken into court. Of the remaining members of the county board two are republicans and two socialist.

Notice for Bids

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the village council of the village of St. Hilaire at the village hall in said village on the 30th day of December, 1912, at 8 o'clock p. m. of that day, forthe purpose of opening and considering bids for the purchase of the $4,000 in bonds authorized to be issued by said village at a special meeting of the qualified electors thereof held on the 9th day of November, 1912. All bids for the purchase of said bonds must be filed with the village recorder of said village prior to the hour of the meeting of the village council, and the village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids that may be offered. Said bonds will bear six (6) per cent interest, payable annually, and will run for fifteent years from the day of the date thereof, and all issued for the purpose of refunding the floating indebtedness of said village.

Dated at St. Hilaire, Minnesota, this 30th day of December, A. D. 1912.

DR. C. SWANSON,
Village Recorder

Lingering Superstitions.

"Will a lucky gentlewoman give an unlucky one a tiny mascot to bring luck?" runs an advertisement in an English paper. Here was a poor soul—for if there is a creature on the face of the earth whose fate calls for pity it is a gentlewoman who is down—keeping in her poverty some of that superstition or faith, whatever it may be called, which is the only thing that keeps misforune from crushing the sufferer. If only she could get the right charm she might induce fate to look kindly on her! People call this a practical age, but evidences of superstition continue to appear. A lawsuit not long ago revealed the fact that an astrologer kept a motorcar and had a fine house, etc., all of which came out of the proceeds of a zodiacal magazine.

As Exemplified.

Having given his order twenty minutes before and seeing no indications that his dinner was ready, the man with the sparse whiskers beckoned to a waiter.

"My friend," he said, "perhaps I have made a mistake. Is this a pay as you enter restaurant?"

"No, sir," responded the young man in the white apron, yawning. "This is a dinner cooked while you wait restaurant."

Thereupon he resumed his dreamy, contemplative attitude, and the man with the sparse whiskers waited some more.—Chicago Tribune.

A Reply to Gladstone.

"Gladstone had no great scientific knowledge," said an English writer, "and at a dinner, when Faraday described an important new scientific discovery, the premier showed indifference.

"'After all,' he said, hiding a yawn behind his hand, 'what use will it ever be?'

"'Why,' said Faraday, 'there's every probability, sir, that some day you'll be able to tax it.'"

A Turn Down.

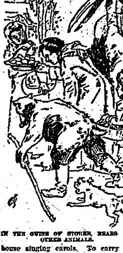
Snaggsy—Beg pardon, mister; I'm a stranger in dese parts. Farmer Harrow—Well, I dunno of anybody that wants to git acquainted with ye. There ain't.—Boston Transcript.

XMAS BIRDS AND BEASTS.

Picturesque Method of Celebrating Yuletide by the Poles.

The legend that the birds and beasts came to worship the infant Jesus has brought about a peculiar and picturesque method of celebrating Christmas among the Poles and other kindred peoples of eastern Europe.

Here men mask in the guise of storks, bears and other animals or birds and go about from house to house singing carols. To carry out the idea these wild birds and savage beasts are led about by keepers.



IN THE GUISE OF STORKS, BEARS AND OTHER ANIMALS.

After the traditional carols are sung the inmates of the house thus honored reward the singers by gifts of cakes, sausages and other dainties. The procession then moves to another house, where the performance is repeated.

A Christmas Eve Sentence.

THERE were four little stockings of four little sizes,
According to common report,
That couldn't escape being (spite of disguises)
Arrested and called into court.

"Now, what have you taken?" With brows that were knitted
This question the magistrate put,
And each little stocking quite boldly admitted,
"Why, I ran away with a foot."

Then the voice of the court shaking window and rafter,
In accents quite tragical rang,
While the children in bed also shook, though with laughter,
"I sentence each stocking to hang!"

T. SAPP, JR.

Gold In Barnato's Body.

A German paper is responsible for the announcement that Barney Barnato, still more than the legendary king of Peru, who was wont to have his body gilded afresh every morning, deserved the title of El Dorado—the "Man of Gold"—not because of his wealth or of his connection with gold mines, but because his system actually secreted gold. He was, says this credible authority, the victim of a disease called metallitis, his blood being permeated with a powdery gold, as were his eyes, nose, ears and all of his mucous membrane. The pain caused by this condition was so intolerable that it is believed to have been the cause of his suicide

In Silhouetteville.

"Oh, John, don't you wish we could sit here and spoon forever?"

"Yes, dearest. But let's go now. I think I hear the dinner bell!"—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Breaking It Gently.

Captain of Steamer—Madam, it gives me great pain to be obliged to tell you that your little boy's hat has blown overboard. Fond Mother—Why, I thought it was tied on with a string! Captain—Yes. That was just the trouble. The string did not break.

Modern Read McCall's

The Fashion Authority

McCALL'S is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated 100-page monthly Magazine that is adding to the happiness and efficiency of 1,100,000 women each month.

Each issue is brimful of fashions, fancywork, interesting short stories, and scores of labor-saving and money-saving ideas for women. There are more than 50 of the newest designs of the celebrated McCALL PATTERNS in each issue.

McCALL PATTERNS are famous for style, fit, simplicity and economy. Only [illegible] each.

The publishers of McCALL'S will spend thousands of dollars extra in the coming months in order to keep McCALL'S head and shoulders above all other women's magazines at any price. However, McCALL'S is only 50c a year; positively worth $1.00.

[illegible]

from your first copy of McCALL'S, if you subscribe quickly.

THE McCALL COMPANY, 236 West 37th St., New York

[illegible]

Forfeited Tax Sale—Notice of Expiration of Redemption

Office of County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota.
No. 262

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To St. Hilaire Townsite Co.:

You are hereby notified that the following piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Pennington, formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Let eleven of block forty-seven in the original townsite of St. Hilaire, Minnesota (lot 11 of block 47), is now assessed in your name.

That on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1905, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 23rd day of March A. D. 1905, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D 1903, for said county of Red Lake the above described piece or parcel of land was duly offered for sale, and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said piece or parcel was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of seventy-one cents, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said piece or parcel of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided, for the sum of six dollars and nine cents, duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificate of sale for said piece or parcel of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served.

That the amount required to redeem said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice, exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of six dollars and fourteen cents and interest as provided by law to the day such redemption is made.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice and the filing of proof of such of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 6th day of December, A. D. 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

Notice of Expiration of Time of Redemption of Absolute Property.

Office of County Auditor,
County of Red Lake,
State of Minnesota.

Notice of Expiration of Redemption.

To S. M. Dalnard:

You are hereby notified that the following pieces or parcels of land situated in the county of Pennington formerly a part of Red Lake county, state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, towit: Lots 9 and 10 of Block 49 in the Original Townsite of St. Hilaire, Minn., is now assessed in your name.

That on the 13th day of May, A. D. 1902, at a sale of land pursuant to the real estate tax judgment duly given and made in and by the district court in and for said county of Red Lake on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1902, in proceedings to enforce the payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate for the year A. D. 1900 for said county of Red Lake, the above described pieces or parcels of land was duly offered for sale and no one bidding upon said offer an amount equal to that for which said pieces or parcels was subject to be sold, towit: the sum of nine and 84-100 dollars, the same was duly bid in for the state of Minnesota for said sum.

That thereafter, and on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said pieces or parcels of land, not then having been redeemed from said sale, and having then become the absolute property of the state of Minnesota, was sold and conveyed at public sale by the county auditor of said county, pursuant to the order and direction of the state auditor of the state of Minnesota, and in accordance with the provisions of the statute in such case made and provided for the sum of forty-two dollars and thirty cents duly paid to the county treasurer of said county.

That the certificates of sale for said pieces or parcels of land executed and delivered by said county auditor upon said sale last above mentioned has been presented to me at my office by the holder thereof for the purpose of having notice of expiration of time for redemption from said tax sale of said property given and served: and that the amount required to redeem said pieces or parcels of land from said tax sale at the date of this notice) exclusive of the costs to accrue upon said notice, is the sum of forty-two dollars and fifty-five cents.

That the time for the redemption of said piece or parcel of land from said tax sale will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the filing of proof of such service in my office.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 21st day of November, A. D 1912.

(SEAL) A. LATENDRESSE.
Auditor, Red Lake County, Minnesota.

GRADUATE OF CHICAGO VETERINARY COLLEGE

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MEMBER OF THE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

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DAKOTA BUSINESS COLLEGE

[illegible]

CHURCHES

United Lutheran Church.—Services a week from tomorrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

Rev. M. S. Gjerde Pastor.

M. E. Church.
Sunday school at 10 a. m.
Morning service at 11 a. m.
Evening service at 7:30 p. m.
Paul N. Palmer Pastor,

Norwegian Synod Church—Sunday school at 1 p. m.
I. T. Aastad, Pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES

I. O. O. F. St. Hilaire Lodge No. 147—Meets at their hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
O. F. Post, Sec. D. Patterson, N. G.

M. W. A. Camp 3950 Meets at Odd Fellows Hall every first and third Tuesday of every month. Visiting neighbors are cordially invited to attend.
Carl Johnson, V. C.
C. Swanson, Clerk.

St. Hilaire Lodge Number 1704, Modern Brotherhood of America, meets at I. O. O. F. hall on 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Visiting members are cordially invited to attend
C. Steen, President.
N. N. Larson, V. P. C. Swanson, Sec.

Mystic Toilers St. Hilaire Council No. 100 meets second and fourth Fridays at their hall. Visitin members cordially invited.
H. A. Olson, President. Morris Laselle, Secretary.

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Office over M. R. Hage's Store

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ONLY 50 CENTS A YEAR.
Six months, 30 cents.
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THE LOCAL NEWS

Left your farm with C. C. Elliott.

A. H. Pitkin went to Crookston Tuesday.

Axel Johnson went on Monday to Crookston.

Paul Olson was in Thief River Falls Monday.

The Spectator wishes all its friends a happy New Year.

Miss Tilly Harder spent Christmas with her parents on the farm.

O. H. Olson went Thursday to Crookston on a business mission.

D. Patterson was transacting business in Thief River Falls last Monday.

Nicholai Skeie came down from Spooner to spend his vacation with his parents.

Prof Elmer Burkee of the Verndale schools is home for the Christmas vacation.

Selmer Benson, who is attending the U. at Grand Forks, is home for the holidays.

We note that most of the teachers of schools abroad are home for the holiday vacation.

Misses Nora, Annie and Hilda Swanson were Thief River Falls visitors Thursday.

Martin Williams of Shelley, Minn., was here visiting friends Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lindquist went Tuesday to Crookston for a holiday visit with friends.

Charles Schuster of Thief River Falls was in town Monday delivering a team of horses to Philip Lee.

The United Lutheran church will give a basket social Tuesday, Dec. 31, at the I. O. O. F. building.

Harold Holmes, who is attending high school at Thief River Falls, is spending the holiday vacation at home.

H. O. Jackson came from Fort Francis Saturday evening to spend a thirty day vacation with his family.

Misses Manda and Helga Kalland are down from Winnipeg to celebrate Christmas week with their parents.

Philip Lee left Monday for Blackduck, taking with him eight teams of horses which will be used in lumbering operations.

If you can't decide what to do, Mankato Commercial College, Mankato, Minn., will tell you. Write for free catalog.

Alton and Robert Jackson of Red Lake Falls spent Christmas with the their parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Jackson.

Found—A fur coat, on the road between Thief River Falls and St. Hilaire. Owner please prove property, and pay charges.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Larson of Warren have been spending Christmas with Mrs. Larson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Wallin.

Leonard McAndress left for St Hilaire yesterday for a few days visit with his uncle, Mike McAndress and family.—Sunbeam.

Dr. Spofford will be at the hotel in St. Hilaire Jan. 8, 1913. Glasses fitted. adv

I have now on hand two car loads of nut coal and one car of soft coal. Call and get right prices.
A. Satterberg.

Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Beebe and two little boys, Lee and Wendell, left Thursday for a two months' visit with friends and relatives in California.

Misses Huldah Gigstad, Agnes Burkee, Annie Patterson, and Grace Hall, who are attending the normal at Moorhead, are home to spend the holiday vacation.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Mission church will meet with Mr. and Mrs. John Norman, two miles south of town, Saturday, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock p. m. Everybody welcome.

Parties who have not already left their orders for coal should do so at once. I am in a position to care for all orders at present, for either hard or soft coal.
advd7-4t G. I. Fellman.

Estray. — Came to my place Thursday morning, Dec. 19, two horses—one bay wearing halter, and one black with white socks on three legs and white spot on one side. Owner please prove property, pay expenses, and take his animals.
Ole Larson,
Southeast quarter section 34, town of Sanders.

Miss Florence Stivers is visiting at the J. A. Bahan home this week.

Misses Olivia and Esther Nelson were in Thief River Falls Friday.

John Hooper went Friday to Waukesoa, Wis., to visit with his brother, Charles Hooper.

C. W. and L. A. Lyman went Thursday to Crookston, where they will be employed at carpenter work.

Mrs. Hans Hanson of Spooner, arrived Monday and is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Nels Lindahl.

Miss Lily Bohem and Irving McKercher went yesterday to Herman, Minn., to visit with friends.

Misses Laura Jacobson and Louise Carlson came from Crookston yesterday for a few days' visit at their homes.

August Amundson of Hibbing is visiting with his family, who are living with Mrs. Amundson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carl From.

The Swedish Lutheran church will give a basket social at the Oddfellow building Wednesday evening, Jan. 1. Everybody invited.

It was remarkable in northern Minnesota for automobiles to be driving around the next day after Christmas, Gust Fellman performed that feat.

There were Christmas trees at the M. E. church and Synod church Tuesday evening and at the Swedish Lutheran church on Wednesday evening. All had fine programs and large crowds.

The drama, Tempest and Sunshine, was presented to a full house last evening, and was well worth the price of admission. It was even more interesting to those who had read the story on which it is based. The company is a good one and did their characters justice.

Something will have to be done to check the growth of rowdyism in this place. The exhibition on Christmas day was a disgrace to any civilized community. We venture to predict that unless the officers of the law "get a move on themselves" and do something to control the situation, the people will become so disgusted with present conditions that they will return to the open saloon as the lesser of two evils. It behooves the business men and others interested to urge upon the officers of the law the immediate necessity of their making some little pretense of doing their duty.

Annual Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Bray Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Pennington and Red Lake Counties will be held in the hall in St. Hilaire, Minn., on the 6th day of January, 1913, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year, and to transact other business that may come before said meeting.

d21-3t John O. Swanson,
Secretary.

Report

Of the business done at the St. Hilaire creamery for the month of November, 1912.

Total cream received, lbs......	22,235
Total butter fat from same, lbs.	5,548
Total butter made and sold....	6,854
Total amount of money recived	$2,278.82
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Price paid to patrons per lb. 35c	
Paid patrons by check	$1,841.52
" " butter, salt, and oil.	74.84
Paid into sinking fund.......	35.76
" " expense "	326.70

NELS K. ANDERSON, Sec.

WORLD'S CITIES HARD TO KILL.

Rome Twice Burned, Six Times Starved—Paris' Eight Sieges.

Few of the world's great cities have not faced, at one time or another, total destruction. But a city is hard to kill.

Take Rome, for instance. She has been swept by pestilence no fewer than ten times. She has been twice burned and six times driven to submission by starvation. Perhaps it is on account of her great vitality that she is called the Eternal city.

Paris has gone through eight sieges, ten famines, two plagues and one fire which devastated it.

Constantinople has been burned out nine times and has suffered from four plagues and five sieges. In addition, she has been ruled by monarchs who were worse than a plague. Yet Constantinople still flourishes.

London has been decimated five times by plagues, in addition to visitations of typhus, cholera and other epidemics. She has been burned more or less severely several times.—Stray Stories.

Judging from Sample.

I don't think the rich are exceptionally happy.

No? Know many?

Some.

Very rich?

One to five millions!

Oh, but they lead quite a different life from the really rich!

To be sure; but still, don't you think you can tell just as much about the quality of molasses from a hogshead of it as you can from a shipload?—Life.

MERRY CHRISTMAS, HAPPY NEW YEAR

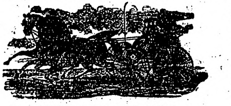
The holiday season is now nearly over and it is time to settle down to business once more. We want

OUR SHARE of YOUR TRADE

during the year 1913, hoping to have deserved your confidence during 1912, and promise a square deal.

DAVID LAZAR

G. I. FELLMAN
Livery, Feed, and Sales Stable



CITY DRAY LINE

CHESTNUT HARD COAL AND POCAHONTAS SMOKELESS COAL NOW ON HAND AT REASONABLE PRICES. PUT IN YOUR SUPPLY BEFORE IT IS GONE.

Great Northern Railway

TIME TABLE

GOING NORTH

No 135, Passenger,	leaves	10:55 a. m	
" 553, Freight,	"	6:40	"

GOING SOUTH

No. 136, Passenger,	leaves	4:20 p. m.	
" 554, Freight,	"	2:15	"

No. 553 makes Wylie and return on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday of each week.

Leave for Wylie...........	7:40 a. m.
Arrive from Wylie........	8:35 a. m

Local Markets

CORRECTED EVERY FRIDAY

Wheat, No. 1 Northern	71
" " 2 "	68
" " 3 "	65
Flax, No. 1	$1.06
" " 2..........................	1.01
Adjected Flax...........	.96
Barley, for 48 lbs.............	34
Oats	22
Rye	44
Eggs...........................	25
Butter	30
" creamery...............	34
Potatoes	35
Beef live weight..............	2½@3¼
Pork, "	6
" dressed.	8
Mutton "	5@6
Veal "	5@6
Chickens, alive.........	6@8
Hides..........................	@9
Flour, patent.....................	2.10-3.00
Shorts, per ton......	22.00
Bran, " "	21.00

CAUSED LISTENERS TO SMILE.

Clergyman's Announcement Tickled the Risibilities.

As may be inferred, each profession has its stock jokes—its stories innumerable—each of which having a flavor of its own. That the point of a joke or jest lies not in the tongue of him who makes it, but in the ear that hears, is the testimony of the great dramatist.

The doctor on his rounds and the judge upon the bench have both an audience ready and willing to accept as the highest wit the bon mots of the speakers; and there is no club or gathering of men that does not acclaim one of its members as supreme in this respect, and are ready to yield due recognition of the gift.

It must be admitted that the blunders and jests clerical stand for some reason pre-eminent both in number and in mirth producing qualities. The reason, of course, is not far to seek—the very surroundings in which they occur—the very upsetting of one's preconceived notions of reverence, all tend to cause a reaction in the ordinary mental equilibrium, and the simplest mistake or accident under such circumstances assumes the proportions of a huge comedy.

Recently a divine, in drawing the attention of his congregation to a special communion service on the following Sunday, informed them that, "the Lord is with us in the forenoon and the bishop in the evening."

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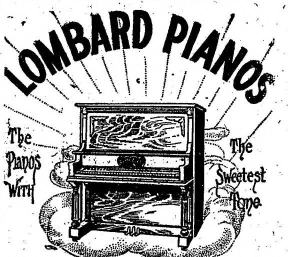

Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE
BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it It is a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

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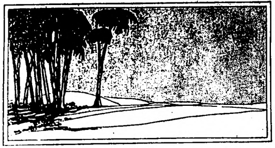
Connects its Village and Farm Line subscribers with the Toll and Long Distance lines of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company, thereby giving to the subscribers of St. Hilaire Telephone Exchange direct connection with all the principal cities, towns, and villages in the country. Would be pleased to figure with all who have no telephone.

G. W. HOOPER



The Carpet from Bagdad

by HAROLD MacGRATH
Author of HEARTS AND MASKS, The MAN ON THE BOX etc.
Illustrations by M. G. KETTNER

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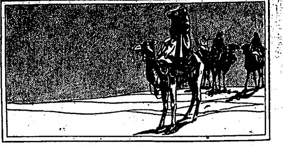
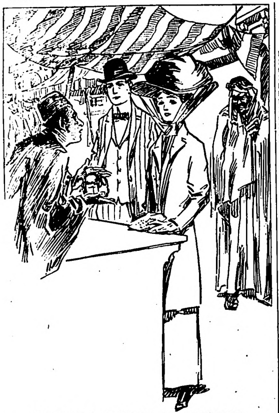




"Ten Pounds," Repeated Ryanne, a Hand in His Pocket.

SYNOPSIS.

George Percival Algernon Jones, vice-president of the Metropolitan Oriental Rug company of New York, thirsting for romance, is in Cairo on a business trip. Horace Ryanne arrives at the hotel in Cairo with a carefully guarded bundle. Ryanne sells Jones the famous holy Yhiordes rug which he admits having stolen from a pasha at Bagdad. Jones meets Major Callahan and late: is introduced to Fortune Chedsoye by a woman to whom he had loaned 150 pounds at Monte Carlo some months previously, and who turns out to be Fortune's mother. Jones takes Mrs. Chedsoye and Fortune to a polo game. Fortune returns to Jones the money borrowed by her mother. Mrs. Chedsoye appears to be engaged in some mysterious enterprise unknown to the daughter. Ryanne interests Jones in the United Romance and Adventure company, a concern which for a price will arrange any kind of an adventure to order. Mrs. Chedsoye, her brother, Major Callahan, Wallace and Ryanne, as the United Romance and Adventure company, plan a risky enterprise involving Jones. Ryanne makes known to Mrs. Chedsoye his intention to marry Fortune. Mrs. Chedsoye declares she will not permit it. Plans are laid to prevent Jones sailing for home. Ryanne steals Jones' letters and cable dispatches. He wires agent in New York, in Jones' name, that he is renting house in New York to some friends. Mahomed, keeper of the holy carpet, is on Ryanne's trail.

CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

What to do? mused the rogue. On the morrow Mr. Jones would leave for Port Said. Ryanne shook his head and with his cane beat a light tattoo against the side of his shin. Abduction was rather out of his sphere of action. And yet, the suppression of Percival was by all odds the most important move to be made. He had volunteered this service and accomplish it he must, in face of all obstacles, or poof! went the whole droll fabric. For to him it was droll, and never it rose in his mind that he did not chuckle saturninely. It was a kind of nightmare where one hung in mid-air, one's toes just beyond the flaming dragon's jaws. The rewards would be enormous, but these he would gladly surrender for the supreme satisfaction of turning the poisoned arrow in the heart of that canting hypocrite, that smug church-deacon, the sanctimonious, the sleek, the well-fed first-born. And poor Percival Algernon, for no blame of his own, must be taken by the scruff of his neck and thrust bodily into this tangled web of scheme and underscheme. It was infinitely humorous.

He had had a vague plan regarding Mahomed, guardian of the Holy Yhiordes, but it was not possible for him to be in Cairo at this early date. That he would eventually appear Ryanne never doubted. He knew the Oriental mind. Mahomed-El-Gebel would cross every barrier less effective than death. It was a serious matter to the Moslem. If he returned to the palace at Bagdad, minus the rug, it would mean free transportation to the Arabian gulf, bereft of the most important part of his excellent anatomy, his head. Some day, if he lived, Ryanne intended telling the exploit to some clever chap who wrote; it would look rather well in print.

To turn Mahomed against Percival as being the instigator would be an adroit bit of work; and it would rid him of both of them. Gioconda said that she wanted no rough work. How like a woman! Here was a man's game, a desperate one; and Gioconda, not forgetting that it was her inspiration, wanted it handled with gloves! It was bare-hand work, and the sooner she was made to realize this, the better. It was no time for tuning fiddles.

Mahomed out of it, there was a certain English bar in the Quarter Rosetti, a place of dubious repute. Many derelicts drifted there in search of employment still more dubious. Dregs, scum; the bottom and the top of the bottle; outcasts, whose hand and animus were directed against society: black and brown and white men; not soldiers of fortune, like Ryanne, but their camp-followers. In short, it was there (and Ryanne still felt a dull shame of it) that Wallace, carrying the final instructions of the enterprise, had found him, sleeping off the effects of a shabby rout of the night before. It was there also that he had heard of the history and the worth of the Yhiordes rug and the possibility of its theft. He laughed. To have gone upon an adventure like that, with nothing but the fumes of wine in his head!

For a few pieces of gold he might enroll under his shady banner three or four shining lights who would undertake the disposal of Percival. Not that he wished the young man any harm—no; but business was business, and in some way or another he must be made to vanish from the sight and presence of men for at least two months.

As for Major Callahan's unforeseen danger, the devil could look out for that.

Ryanne consulted his watch, a cheap but trustworthy article, costing a dollar, not to be considered as an available asset. He would give it away later in the day; for he had decided that while he was in funds there would be wisdom in the purchase of a fine gold Longines. A good watch, as every one knows, is always as easily converted into cash as a London banknote, providing, of course, one is lucky enough to possess either. Many watches had he left behind, in this place or in that; and often he had exchanged the ticket for a small bottle with a green neck. Wherever fortune had gone against him heavily at cards, there he might find his latest watch.

And another good idea, he mused, as he swung the time-piece into his vest-pocket, would be to add the splendor of a small white stone to his modest scarf. There is only one well-defined precept among the sporting fraternity; when flush, buy jewelry. Not to the cause of vanity, not at all; but precious stones and gold watches constitute a kind of reserve-fund against the evil day. When one has money in the pocket the hand is quick and eager to find it. But jewelry is protected by a certain quality of caution; it is not too readily passed over bars and gaming-tables. While the pawnbroker stands between the passion and the green-baize, there's food for thought.

Having settled these questions to his satisfaction, there remained but one other, how to spend his time. It would be useless to seek the English-Bar before noon. Might as well ramble through the native town and the bazaars. He might pick up some little curio to give to Fortune. So he beckoned to an idle driver, climbed into the carriage, and was driven off as if empires hung upon minutes.

Ryanne never wearied of the bazaars of Cairo. They were to him no less enchanting than the circus-parades of his youth. In certain ways, they were not to be compared with those in Constantinople and Smyrna; but, on the other hand, there was more light, more charm, more color. Perhaps the magic nearness of the desert had something to do with it, the rainless skies, the ever-recurring suggestions of antiquity. His lively observation, his sense of the picturesque and the humorous, always close to the surface, gave him that singular impetus which makes man a prowler. This gift had made possible his success in old Bagdad. Some years before he had prowled through the narrow city streets, had noted the windings, the blind-alleys, and had never forgotten. Faces and localities were written indelibly upon his memory.

One rode to the bazaars, but walked through them or mounted donkeys. Ryanne preferred his own legs. So did Mahomed. Once, so close did he come that he could have put his two brown hands round the infidel's throat. But, patience. Did not the Koran teach patience among the higher laws? Patience. He could not, madly as he had dreamed, throttle the white liar here in the bazaars. That would not bring the Holy Yhiordes to his hands. He must wait. He must plan to lure the man out at night, then to hurry him into the desert. Out into the desert, where no man might be his master. Oh, the Holy Yhiordes should be his again; it was written.

The cries, the shouts, the tower of Babel reclaimed; the intermingling of the races of the world: the Englishman, the American, the German, the Italian, the Frenchman, the Greek, the Levantine, the purple-black Ethiopian, the bronze Nubian; the veiled women, the naked children; all the color-tones known to art, but predominating, that marvelous faded tint of blue, the Cairene blue, in the heavens, in the waters, in the dyes.

"Make way, O my mother!" bawled a donkey-boy to the old crone peddling matches.

"Backsheesh! Backsheesh!" in the eight tones of the human voice. From the beggar, his brother, his uncle, his grandfather, his children and his children's children. "Blacksheesh, backsheesh!"

"To the right!" was shrilled into Ryanne's ear; and he dodged. A troop of donkeys passed, laden with tourists, unhappy, fretful, self-conscious. A water-carrier brushed against him, and he whiffed the fresh dampness of the bulging goat-skin. A woman, the long, black head-veil streaming out behind in the clutch of the monkey-like hand of a toddling child, carried a terra-cotta water-jar upon her head. The grace with which she moved, the abruptness of the color-changes, caught Ryanne's roving eye and filled it with pleasure.

Dust rose and subsided, eddied and settled; beggars blind and one-eyed squatted in it, children tossed it in play, and beasts of burden shuffled through it.

The roar in front of the shops, the pressing and crowding of customers, the high cries of the merchants; the gurgle of the water-pipes, the pleasant fumes of coffee, the hardy loafers lolling before the khans or caravansaries; a veiled face at a lattice-window; the violet shadows in a doorway; the sunshine upon the soaring mosques; a true believer, rocking and mumbling over his tattered Koran; gold and silver and jewels; amber and copper and brass; embroideries and rugs and carpets; and the pest of fleas, the plague of flies, the insidious smells.

Ryanne found himself inspecting "the largest emerald in the world, worth twelve thousand pounds," which looked more like a fine hexagonal of onyx than a gem. It was one of the curiosities of the bazaars, however, and tourists were generally round it in force. To his experienced eye it was no more than a fine specimen of emerald quartz, worth what any fool of a collector was willing to pay for it. From this bazaar he passed on into the next, and there he saw Fortune.

And as Mahomed, always close at hand, saw the hard lines in Ryanne's face soften, the cynical smile become tender, he believed he saw his way to strike.

CHAPTER IX.

The Bitter Fruit.

Fortune had a hearty contempt for persons who ate their breakfast in bed. For her the glory of the day was the fresh fairness of the morning, when every one's step was buoyant, and all life stirred energetically. There was cheer and hope everywhere; men faced their labors with clear eye and feared nothing; women sang at their work. It was only at the close of day that despair and defeat stalked the highways. So she was up with the sun, whether in her own garden or in these odd and mystical cities. Thus she saw the native as he was, not as he later in the day pretended to be, for the benefit of the Feringhi about to be stretched upon the sacrificial stone. She saw, with gladness, the honey-bee thirling the rose, the plowman's share baring the soil; the morning, the morning, the two or three hours that were all, all her own. Her mother was always irritable and petulant in the morning, and her uncle never developed the gift of speech till after luncheon.

She had the same love of prowling that lured Ryanne from the beaten paths. She was not inquisitive but curious, and that ready disarming smile of hers opened many a portal.

She was balancing upon her gloved palm, thoughtfully, a Soudanese head-trinket, a pendant of twisted gold-wires, flawed emeralds and second pearls, really exquisite and not generally to be found outside the expensive shops in the European quarters, and there infrequently. The merchant wanted twenty pounds for it. Fortune shook her head, regretfully. It was far beyond her means. She sighed. Only once in a great while she saw something for which her whole heart cried out. This pendant was one of these.

"I will give you five pounds for it. That is all I have with me."

"Salaam, madame," said the jeweler, reaching for the pendant.

"If you will send it to the Hotel Semiramis this afternoon . . . ." But she faltered at the sight of the merchant's incredulous smile.

"I'll give you ten for it; not a piastre more. I can get one like it in the Sharia Kamel for that amount."

Both Fortune and the merchant turned.

"You, Horace?"

"Yes, my child. And what are you doing here alone, without a dragoman?"

"Oh, I have been through here alone many times. I'm not afraid. Isn't it beautiful? He wants twenty pounds for it, and I cannot afford that."

She had not seen him in many weeks, yet she accepted his sudden appearance without question or surprise. She was used to his turning up at unexpected moments. Of course, she had known that he was in Cairo; where her mother and uncle were this secretive man was generally within calling. There had been a time when she had eagerly plied him with questions, but he had always erected barriers of evasion, and finally she ceased her importunities, for she concluded that her questions were such. No matter to whom she turned, there was no one to answer her questions, questions born of doubt and fear.

"Ten pounds," repeated Ryanne, a hand in his pocket.

The merchant laughed. Here were a young man and his sweetheart. His experience had taught him, and not unwisely, that love is an easy victim, too proud to haggle, too generous to bargain sharply. "Twenty," he reiterated.

"Salaam!" said Ryanne. "Good day!" He drew the somewhat resisting hand of Fortune under his arm and made for the door. "Sh!" he whispered. "Leave it to me." They gained the street.

The merchant was dazed. He had misjudged what he now recognized as an old hand. The two were turning up another street when he ran out, shouting to them and waving the pendant. Ryanne laughed.

"Ten pounds. I am a poor man, effendi, and I need the money. Ten pounds. I am giving it away." The merchant's eyes filled with tears, a trick left to him from out of the ruins of his youth, that ready service to forestall the merited rod.

Ryanne counted out ten sovereigns and put the pendant in Fortune's hand. And the pleasure in his heart was such as he had not known in many days. The merchant wisely hurried back to his shop.

"But . . ." she began protestingly.

"Tut, tut! I have known you since you wore short dresses and tam-o-shanters."

"I really cannot accept it as a gift. Let me borrow the ten pounds."

"And why can't you accept a little gift from me?"

She had no ready answer. She gazed steadily at the dull pearls and the flaky emeralds. She could not ask him where he had got those sovereigns. She could not possibly be so cruel. She could not dissemble in words like her mother. That gold she knew to be a part of a dishonest bargain whose forestep had been a theft—more, a sacrilege. Her honesty was like pure gold, unalloyed, unmixed with sophistic subterfuges. That the young man who had purchased the rug might be mildly peccable had not yet occurred to her.

"Why not, Fortune?" Ryanne was very earnest, and there was a pinch at his heart.

"Because . . ."

"Don't you like me just a little?"

"Why, I do like you, Horace. But I do not like any man well enough to accept expensive gifts from him. I do not wish to hurt you, but it is impossible. The only concession I'll make is to borrow the money."

"Well, then, let it go at that." He was too wise to press her.

"And can you afford to throw away ten pounds?" with assumed lightness. "My one permanent impression of you is the young man who was always forced to borrow car-fare whenever he returned from Monte Carlo."

"A fool and his money. But I'm a rich man now," he volunteered. And briefly he sketched the exploit of the Yhiordes rug.

"It was very brave of you. But has it ever occurred to you that it wasn't honest?"

"Honest?" frankly astonished that she should question the ethics. "Oh, I say, Fortune; you don't call it dishonest to get the best of a pagan! Aren't they always getting the best of us?"

"If you had bargained with him and beaten him down, it would have been different. But, Horace, you stole it; you admit that you did."

"I took my life in my hands. I think that evened up things."

"No. And you sold it to Mr. Jones?"

"Yes, and Mr. Jones was only too glad to buy it. I told him the facts. He wasn't particularly eager to bring up the ethics of the case. Why, child, what the deuce is a Turk? I shouldn't cry out if some one stole my Bible."

"Good gracious! do you carry one?"

"Well, there's always one on the room-stand in the hotels I patronize."

"I suppose it all depends upon how we look at things."

"That's it. A different pair of spectacles for every pair of eyes."

If only he weren't in love with her! thought the girl. He would then be an amusing comrade. But whenever he met her he quietly pressed his suit. He had never spoken openly of love, for which she was grateful, but his attentions, his little kindnesses, his unobtrusive protection when those other men were at the villa, made the reading between the lines no difficult matter.

"What shall you do if this Mahomed you speak of comes?"

"Turn him loose upon our friend Jones," with a laugh.

"And what will he do to him?"

"Carry him off to Bagdad and chop off his head," Ryanne jested.

"Tell me, is there any possibility of Mr. Jones coming to harm?"

"Can't say." Her concern for Percival annoyed him.

"Is it fair, when he paid you generously?"

He did not look into the grave eyes. They were the only pair that ever disconcerted him. "My dear Fortune, it's a question which is the more valuable to me, my skin or Percival's."

"It isn't fair."

"From my point of view it's fair enough. I warned him; I told him the necessary facts, the eventual dangers. He accepted them all with the Yhiordes. I see nothing unfair in the deal, since I risked my life in the first place."

"And why must you do these desperate things?"

"Oh, I love excitement. My one idea in life is to avoid the humdrum."

"Is it necessary to risk your life for these excitements? Is your life nothing more to you than something to experiment with?"

"Truth, sometimes I don't know, Fortune. Sometimes I don't care. When one has gambled for big stakes, it is hard to play for penny points."

"A strong, healthy man like you ought not to court death."

"I do not seek it. My only temptation is to see how near I can get to the Man in the Shroud, as some poet calls it, without being touched. I'll make you my confessor. You see, it is like this. A number of wearied men recently formed a company whereby monotony became an obsolete word in our vocabulary. You must not think I'm jesting; I'm serious enough. This company ferrets out adventures and romances and sells them to men of spirit. I became a member, and the trip to Bagdad is the result. One never has to share with the company. The rewards are all yours. All one has to do is to pay a lump sum down for the adventure furnished. You work out the end yourself, unhindered and unassisted."

"Are you really serious?"

"Never more so. Now, Percival Algernon has always been wanting an adventure, but the practical side of him has made him hold aloof. I told him about this concern, and he refuses to believe in it. So I am going to undertake to prove it to him. This is confidential. You will say nothing, I know."

"He will come to no harm physically?"

"Lord, no! It will be mild and innocuous. Of course, if any one told him that an adventure was toward for his especial benefit, it would spoil all. I can rely upon your silence?"

She was silent. He witnessed her indecision with distrust. Perhaps he had said too much.

"Won't you promise? Haven't I always been kind to you, Fortune, times when you most needed kindness?"

"I promise to say nothing. But if any harm comes to that young man, either in jest or in earnest, I will never speak to you again."

"I see that, after getting Percival Algernon into an adventure, I've got to cicerone him safely out of it. Well, I accept the responsibility." Some days later he was going to recall this assurance.

"Sometimes I wonder . . ." pensively.

"Wonder about what?"

"What manner of man you are."

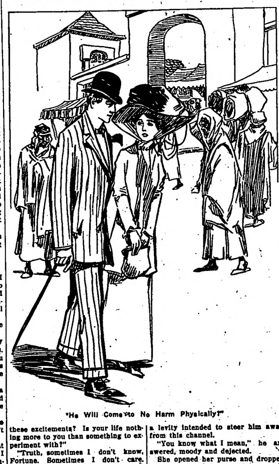
"I should have been a great deal better man had I met you ten years ago."

"What? When I was eleven?" with a levity intended to steer him away from this channel.

"You know what I mean," he answered, moody and dejected.

She opened her purse and dropped the pendant into it, but did not speak.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"He Will Come to No Harm Physically?"

Bell of Tragic Memories

Has Remarkable History That Will Strike the Reader as Being Typically Russian.

The Kamaoulle Koloko, or "Bell With the Ear Torn Off," had a most romantic history. In the sixteenth century Prince Dimitri, the rightful heir to the Russian throne, was deposed by a revolt led by Boris Godunoff, who was afterward proclaimed czar. The seat of government was then at Uglich and thither Dimitri was sent, in order that he might remain under the direct observation of the usurper.

Boris, fearing that the populace might awake to the justice of the claims of the young prince, planned the assassination of Dimitri. He was one day stabbed in a courtyard. None of the bystanders showed any disposition to aid him. A priest, however, from the cathedral belfry, saw the crime and immediately began tolling the great bell, which was held sacred and rung only on unusual occasions, such as at a coronation or the death of a czar.

Furious at this tacit expression of reproach, the czar commanded that the priest should be tortured and executed and that the bell should be taken down and placed beside the body of its ringer. This order was fulfilled, and the bell was beaten with clubs by the entire populace, the Czar Boris being at their head.

The czar then decreed that the bell should be exiled to Tobolsk and that one of its hangers be removed to indicate its disgrace.—Harper's Weekly.

Luminous Metal Discovered.

For generations the peasants of Cornwall have handed down a legend that at night there may be seen a faintly luminous metal among the rocks brought from the mines of the county. A British scientist has proved that this story is by no means based on imagination. A specimen of the mineral autunite, which is also found in Wales, was sent to him from Portugal because of its shining character. He finds that it closely resembles artificially prepared salts of uranium, and that its luminosity is due to spontaneous radio-activity. The light it sheds is stronger than that of nitrate of uranium. Upon parting with its water of crystallization the metal loses its luminosity.

Destroying Weeds in Ponds.

Copper sulphate is often used for destroying the scum-like weeds in ponds. But precautions must be taken, for unless the right proportion of sulphate is used any fish which may be in the pond will be injured. The proportion of copper sulphate used in the ponds at Kew Gardens is one part to from 750,000 to 1,000,000 parts of water. Sulphate of copper in a pulverized state is placed in a porous bag and dragged through the water until dissolved. The water in St. James's Park, London, it might be mentioned, has for two summers been kept free from scum by this method.—London Mail.

Don't lie to be entertaining—only lie when it is profitable.

CANADA WEEK IN CHICAGO

CANADIAN EXHIBITS AT LIVE STOCK AND LAND SHOWS CENTER OF ATTRACTION.

The hats were doffed to Canada during the two weeks of the Land Show and the week of the Live Stock Show at Chicago. Willing to display its goods, anxious to let the people of the central states know what could be produced on Canadian farm lands, and the quality of the article, Hon. Dr. Roche, minister of the interior of Canada, directed that sufficient space be secured at the United States Land Show, recently held, to give some adequate idea of the field resources of western Canada. Those in charge had splendid location, and installed one of the most attractive grain and grass exhibits ever seen anywhere. Thousands, anxious to get "back to the land," saw the exhibit, saw wheat that weighed 68 pounds to the measured bushel, oats that went 48 and barley that tipped the scales at 55 pounds. The clover, the alfalfa, the wild pea vine and vetch, the rye grass, the red-top and many other succulent and nutritious varieties of wild grasses demanded and deserved from their prominence and quality the attention they received. The grain in the straw, bright in color, and carrying heads that gave evidence of the truth of the statements of Mr. W. J. White of Ottawa, and his attendants, that the wheat would average 28 to 35 bushels and over per acre, the oats 55 to 105 bushels, the flax 12 to 28 bushels, were strongly in evidence, and arranged with artistic taste on the walls. The vegetable exhibit was a surprise to the visitors. Potatoes, turnips, cabbage—in fact, all of it proved that not only in grains was western Canada prominent, but in vegetables it could successfully compete with the world.

One of the unique and successful features of the exhibit was the successful and systematic daily distribution of bread made from Canadian flour. It was a treat to those who got it. Canadian butter, Canadian cheese and Canadian honey helped to complete an exhibit that revealed in a splendid way the great resources of a country in which so many Americans have made their home.

A feature of the exhibit was the placards, announcing the several recent successes of Canadian farm produce and live stock in strong competition with exhibits from other countries. There was posted the Leager Wheeler championship prize for Marquis wheat grown at Rosthern in 1911, beating the world. Then L Holmes of Cardston entered the competitive field at Lethbridge Dry Farming Congress, and won the wheat championship of 1912, beating Mr. Wheeler with the same variety of wheat. Hill & Sons of Lloydminster, Saskatchewan, in 1911, won the Colorado silver trophy for best oats grown, competed for in a big competition at Columbus, Ohio, in 1911. The produce of British Columbia at the New York Land Show in 1911 carried off the world's championship for potatoes, and incidentally won a $1,000 silver trophy, and then, but a few days ago, the same province carried off the world's prize for apples at the Horticultural Show in London, England.

But that was not all. These Canadians, who had the termerity to state that corn was not the only feed for finishing high-grade beef cattle, entered for the fat steer championship at the Live Stock Show in Chicago a polled Angus—"Glencarnock Victor." Nearly 300 entries were in the field. "Glencarnock Victor" didn't know a kernel of corn from a Brazilian walnut. There were Iowa, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas, Minnesota, Wisconsin and their corn-fed article, determined to win, bound to beat this black animal from the north, and his "nothing but prairie grass, oats and barley feed," as his owner proudly stated, but they didn't. Canada and McGregor & Sons, with their "Glencarnock Victor," won, and today the swelldom of America is eating of his steaks and roasts—the champion steer of the world.

But once more the herd of cattle that won the Sweepstakes at the same show was bred and owned by the owners of "Glencarnock Victor," fed only on prairie grass, oats and barley, near Brandon, Manitoba. The royal reception given to Mr. McGregor on his return to his home town was well deserved.

Omission must not be made of the wonderful and beautiful display of apples made by British Columbia, occupying a full half section of the great Land Show. This was in personal charge of Mr. W. B. Scott, deputy minister of agriculture for that province, who was not only a host to those who visited the exhibit, but was also an encyclopedia of information regarding the resources of that country. With 200,000 Americans going to western Canada this year, it is pleasing to know that so many from this side of the line can participate in the honors coming to that new country.—Advertisement.

This Is a Bird of a Story.

The pigeons of the stock exchange are very much disturbed these days while workmen are removing a coat of gloom from the famous frieze near their residence. Much of their time they spend flying to the windows of J. P. Morgan's office across the street. Yesterday at noon James J. Hill and A. Barton Hepburn noticed them.

"Pigeons are active today," said Mr. Hepburn.

"Pigeons!" said Hill. "They're not pigeons, they're ravens bringing Morgan his dinner."—New York World.

Sent Their Best Regards.

Truth gives the following account of "a voice" in the suffrage debate on home rule in the house of commons:

"What message," barked Lord Robert Cecil, with flashing eye and menacing finger, "am I to take to the woman's suffrage meeting from the house of commons?" "Give them our kind regards," was the retort, the promptity of which completely [illegible] the wind out of the sails of his [illegible] eloquence.

PLEASANT TIME IN PROSPECT

Bachelor Brother Now Knows Something of the Duties That Fall to the Young Mother.

"I was visiting my married sister in Toledo last week," relates "Buck" Hawes. "She's got a three-year-old kid, and, while I am fairly fond of children, I am a bachelor and somewhat sot in my ways. I was rather dismayed; therefore, when my sister proposed leaving me in the house with the child one afternoon. And here's what she said:

"'Don't put yourself to a bit of trouble—he can take care of himself. See that he doesn't climb up to the pantry shelves and keep an eye on him so that he won't get into any mischief. He won't annoy you. Don't let him go down cellar and watch that he doesn't get hold of the books in the library, and he'll amuse himself all right. If he cries, give him a cooky, and if that doesn't stop him, ride him on your back. But don't let him bother you a bit. I'll be home in an hour!'"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

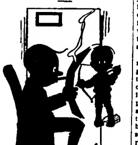
RINGWORM ON CHILD'S FACE

Stratford, Iowa.—"Three years ago this winter my seven-year-old son had ringworm on the face. First it was in small red spots which had a rough crust on the top. When they started they looked like little red dots and then they got bigger, about the size of a bird's egg. They had a white rough ring around them, and grew continually worse and soon spread over his face and legs. The child suffered terrible itching and burning, so that he could not sleep nights. He scratched them and they looked fearful. He was cross when he had them. We used several bottles of liniment, but nothing helped.

"I saw where a child had a rash on the face and was cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I decided to use them. I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment about one month, and they cured my child completely." (Signed) Mrs. Barbara Prim, Jan. 30, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

AN EYE TO SPARE.



Father—Be careful how you shoot that arrow this way. You'll put out my eye and then I can't write any more.

Earlie (as he kept on shooting)—Why, can't you write with one eye?

Locating the Fool.

A stout old gentleman was having trouble with the telephone. He could hear nothing but a confused jumble of sounds, and finally he became so exasperated that he shouted into the transmitter:

"Who's the blithering idiot at the end of this line?"

"He's not at this end," answered a cool, feminine voice.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Every mother knows that her own child is superior to any other child in the neighborhood.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Give a baby a full dinner pail and room to kick and he will be happy.

TIRED BLOOD CAUSES WOMEN'S AILMENTS

(Copyright 1912 by the Tonitives Co.)

Tired Blood causes Backache, Bearing Down Pains, Irregularities, Womb Trouble, Bloodlessness, Nervousness, Lack of Strength and other Complaints, peculiar to women. The blood becomes not only tired, but depleted, and a condition known as Anemia sets in. Much suffering, and perhaps life itself may be saved by a timely and thorough treatment of Tonitives, to so fertilize and enrich the blood, that it will not lack the elements necessary to perform its various functions. 75c. per box of dealers or by mail. The Tonitives Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TONITIVES FOR TIRED BLOOD

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

DAIRY

AGE FOR BREEDING HEIFERS

Opinions on Constantly Recurring Question Differ Considerably—Develop Long Milkers.

The age at which to breed the heifers is a constantly recurring question. Opinions differ considerably on this poiont, and unfortunately experience as related by breeders is not uniform by any means, writes E. E. Kaufman in The Town and Country Journal.

The writer has always tried to make his opinions conform to the experience and observation, but in the case of breeding heifers his views have always been backed up by both experience and observation.

A Well-Bred Animal.

When the heifer is bred to drop the first calf at the age of two years, and in nearly all instances this can be done, the habit of giving milk is early stimulated, besides the young cow is more tractable, and thus more readily brought under the environment of her new condition. With the first calf dropped at the age of two years it is better to delay the breeding of the second calf for six or eight months, but keep milking her for a year at least, in order to develop the trait of long and persistent milking. After the second calf she can be bred regularly every year.

If properly fed and handled there is really no danger of stunting the growth or undermining the constitution by early breeding. For the dairy cow should begin giving milk as early in life as possible, and the habit of persistent milking be thoroughly instilled in the animal. A heifer bred to calve at 2½ or 3 years of age will be more difficult to handle, and consequently not give down her milk so readily, thus bringing about a tendency to shorten the milking period when all efforts should be in the line of a long period of lactation. Breed the heifers young, 14 to 15 months, except, possibly, in special cases.

SUCCESS DEPENDS ON FEED

Cows Must Be Given Both Protein and Carbonaceous Rations in Order to Do Well.

Success in milk and butter dairying depends largely on the feed of the cow in properly balanced rations. Cows must have both protein and carbonaceous foods to do well, and these can readily be selected in due proportion.

The protein foods are alfalfa, clover, cowpea hay, bran, cornmeal, cottonseed meal and soy beans.

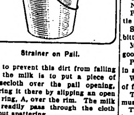
The carbonaceous foods are corn and cornmeal, corn silage, timothy hay, corn fodder, carrots, sugar beets and other beets. A good balanced ration may be made of alfalfa or clover hay, silage, corn or cornmeal.

These can be fed in balanced quantity, and the dairyman will very soon see the quantity required after feeding a short time. Thirty-five to forty pounds of corn per day, according to the size of the cow, are enough.

STRAINER FOR A MILK PAIL.

Cheesecloth Placed Over Opening Prevents Dirt of Any Kind From Getting Into Milk.

Even though a milker may be careful, small particles of dirt, hairs, etc., will fall into the milk pail. It is true that the milk is strained afterward, but a large percentage of the dirt dissolves and passes through the strainer along with the milk, writes W. A. Jaquythe of Richmond, Cal., in the Popular Mechanics. The best plan to prevent this dirt from falling into the milk is to put a piece of cheesecloth over the pail opening, securing it there by slipping an open wire ring, A, over the rim. The milk will readily pass through the cloth without spattering.



Strainer on Pail.

Silage for Cows.

Silage furnishes a succulent feed during any time of the year. This is of special value in connection with a herd of dairy cows. During the winter and during late summer, when flies are bad, weather hot and pastures are bare, cows shrink in their milk and young stock lose in flesh. Silage is of inestimable value during these times.

The Dairy Cow.

The true value of a dairy cow is fixed on the amount of butter fat in her milk and what it costs to produce it.

FEEDING THE HEAVY MILKER

Large Producers More Than Balance Added Cost, According to Theory of Prof. F. W. Woll.

Some people are apt to claim that great milkers require feeding the cost of which more than balances the added value of their produce. Those who have this notion should consider the statement made by Prof. F. W. Woll in his address before the Western Guernsey Cattle Breeders' association, who brought up the following figures:

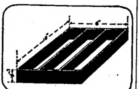
At the close of the Wisconsin cow competition, the Holstein cow, Caroline Paul Parthenia, was accorded the honor of being the largest producer of butter fat. The feed eaten during the year by this cow at market prices was valued at $129.50, while the feed eaten by the lowest producer was $48.32, but as Mr. Woll says:

"The production of butter fat and skim milk at fair values would bring for the poorest cow $68.24 and for the best cow $283.24. If we subtract the cost of the feed from the value of the products, we get what may be termed net returns, amounting to $9.92 for the low producer and $154.44 for the record cow. This, therefore, is the situation: The best cow produced over 300 per cent. more butter fat than the poorest cow; her feed cost 168 per cent. more, but she gave 675 per cent. larger returns."

MACHINE AND HAND MILKING

Flow of Milk Not Appreciably Decreased by Use of Modern Devices—Cheaper and Cleaner.

From experiments with milking machines conducted for nine years by the agricultural experiment farm of New South Wales, it was found that the flow of milk is not appreciably decreased when machine milking is substitutetd for hand milking, except in isolated cases, and that the period of lactation is not shortened or subsequent periods of lactation adversely affected in any way. Cows that had been milked by machine continuously for five years apparently did not decrease in the annual yield of milk. The percentage of solids in the milk remained the same as with hand milking, and the cows were no more subject to udder troubles. Machine milking was much cheaper and cleaner when the machines were properly cared for and run by a capable operator.



Metal Pail Rest.

The illustration shows a metal frame on which milk pails can be placed while in the stable to keep them out of the dirt.

Quality Not Accidental.

Quality in a cow is not usually accidental, but is produced by care in selection, feeding and general management. Uniformly certain results being obtained by this plan, it looks as if it were more profitable, as well as preferable, to raise your cows.

If one is going to raise the heifer calves haphazard, he may just as well go to the market and buy "sight unseen." But the man who remembers and appreciates ancestry, feed, training and development, may reasonably anticipate a satisfactory pregeny from a good, capable cow and a thoroughbred sire of the breed you want

The Farmers' Circle.

If you wish to prosper get into the farmers' endless circle as soon as you can. Here it is: Better feeding followed by better manuring, followed by better crops, which make possible still better feeding and more stock, followed by still heavier manuring and still larger crops, and so on. The first arc of the circle is to feed better, but high feeding only pay with good stock. Therefore begin with good milking stock.

Feeding the Milkmaker.

It must be kept in mind that the cow is like a cupboard—you must put something into her before you can take anything out. The best cow in the world cannot make milk without plenty of the right kind of feed. The same is true of the average or poor cow. Large consumption of feed is the ideal condition of the dairy cow. In most instances the large consumer is a profitable milker.

DAIRY NOTES

Poor cows are never clean.

Use vaseline for sore teats.

No dairy was ever too clean.

Pet the heifer calf and raise a gentle cow.

Slow ripening of cream produces a bitter flavor.

Many a common cow can be made good with more food.

Properly managed, dairying brings in a constant income.

With calves, too low a temperature of feed causes scours.

The cow that gives much milk must have plenty to drink.

The best way to keep cows clean is to use plenty of bedding.

A coat of whitewash will do much to brighten up the cow stable.

A poor milker is one of the surest means of diminishing a milk flow.

The churnability of cream depends largely on its being ripened evenly.

System in the dairy should supersede all other matters on the farm.

What a feeling of satisfaction and security a silo full of green feed inspires.

Nearly every herd can be made to double its production by selection and care.

Vitality is a very important characteristic in the dairy cow or any other farm animal.

Fashion's Fancies

MANY WINTER FABRICS

TROUBLE REALLY IS IN MAKING ONE'S SELECTION.

Description of Some of the Most Popular Materials May Help Some One Who Is Still Undecided as to Choice.

So many different fabrics are "on the market" suing for favor that it were convenient at least for buyers to know one from t'other. It would be disappointing to rush in for a bargain in armure and find that you really thought it to be bengaline.

Armure is a weave that produces a fine pebbled surface.

Bengaline is a silk fabric that has thick threads or cords at intervals from selvage to selvage. Frequently the cord is of wool covered with silk and in this season the two-tone effects are popular.

Beige is a fine fabric woven of threads of two different colors. These two are twisted together, giving an uncertain effect in the light, although the general coloring is a monotone. Beige is also the color of natural wool.

Camel's hair is a loose woolen fabric with long hairs.

Bourette is a rough effect gained by introducing lumpy, knotted yarns at intervals in the weaving.

Challis, either cotton, wool or a mixture of these two, is a light weight fabric, usually printed.

Mohair is a lustrous fabric, light in weight and dust shedding, made from the hair of the Angora goat.

Tulle is a fine silk netlike maline, made from the silk of the wild silkworm that feeds on oak leaves. When pongee and shantung are heavy and coarsely woven they are called tussah.

Melton is a smooth, stout woolen cloth like broadcloth, only heavier. It is suitable for tailored costumes.

Ladies' cloth is a fabric for tailored suits and long wraps similar to flannel in construction, but with a high finish on the surface which gives a broadcloth effect.

Terry cloth is a weave with a looped effect. It is a velvet in which the loops of the pile have not been cut. The name is frequently applied to cotton fabrics of the type of agaric and sponge cloth.

Sicilian cloth, or sicilienne, is mohair of heavy weight.

Cravenette is not a fabric, but a process. It is a waterproofing process applied to any material, either silk, wool or cotton.

Raye means striped.

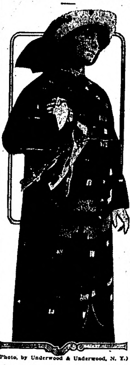
Tulle is a fine silk netlike maline. The French apply the same name to blonde or cotton net.

Panne is a light weight velvet with the pile "laid" or flattened.

Oxford was originally a wool fabric in dark gray and white mixtures. Of late years heavy cotton and linen fabrics have been known by this name.

Granite is a weave in which the yarns are so twisted as to create a pebbled surface.

PRETTY COAT FOR WINTER



(Photo, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.)

The Indian blanket coat is the latest for the lady's wear for winter sports, especially coming in handy for skating. Its length reaches only a little below the knees. The material is of a soft wool of various colors on a tan background with markings of brown and dull green. The hat is of tan felt and trimmed with green wings to suggest the Indian head dress.

Vivid Colors in Vogue.

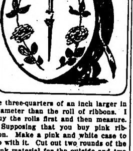
India seems to be responsible for the vivid colors which are in vogue in England. Purple, green and bright blue are very popular, but red is the favorite, red in all its shades from cerise to the brick-like tone known as carrots. And here the English woman scores over her French sister, for her rosy complexion can stand the most vivid shades of red, while the French woman generally avoids this color.

CASE FOR KEEPING RIBBONS

Cardboard Covered to Denote the Various Shades Is the Foundation of the Article.

I make my cases to hold two rolls of baby ribbon, but, of course, they can be made to hold as many as one likes.

First I cut out four rounds of cardboard, white, especially if a light shade of material is to be used as a covering for it. These rounds should be three-quarters of an inch larger in diameter than the roll of ribbons. I buy the rolls first and then measure.



Supposing that you buy pink ribbon. Make a pink and white case to go with it. Cut out two rounds of the pink material for the outside and two of the white for the lining, allowing a good half-inch of the material everywhere to turn over the edge.

Cover two rounds of cardboard with white and two with the pink material, then overcast a white and a pink together (the, bare sides of the cardboards, of course, being on the outside), when you will have two completely covered rounds.

If a brocaded material is used it will not need to be embroidered, but with a plain material a small spray of flowers and leaves worked on the pink material before it is attached to the cardboard is a great improvement.

A fine pink cord sewn on to the edge of the case makes a neat finish, and I sometimes put a narrow frill of lace—Boston Globe.

For the Little Folks.

Some of the newest suit designs for the small boy show sashes in a contrasting shade from that chosen for the little garments.

Fur coats promise to be very fashionable this winter in tiny fashionland. Some of these models are decidedly original in cut.

Scotch plaids fashion many of the latest children's school frocks. In fact, plaids for making and trimming dresses for the little folks.

Sueded Collar Set.

In every color, but particularly in gray and in vivid scarlet collar, cuff and belt sets are being produced. The material used is suede and the collar and cuffs are of the old-world Roundhead pattern.

The collar turns down and the cuffs turn up, while the belt is straight and excessively neat. To be worn with the country tweed or serge suit the new sets are admirably adapted.

FAN FADS WORTH COPYING

Handsome Indeed Are Those Which Parisian Women Have Adopted as the Mode for the Season.

As in many other dainty feminine accessories, it is Paris which sends us the prettiest fans. Bewitching little trifles they are, delicate and lovely.

One of the new ideas is to have the fan made with flower-like petals of gauze or chiffon, partially covered with tinsel or remaissance lace. When the materials used are filmy enough, and the sticks of carved ivory or pearl, it is easy to imagine just how pretty such fans are.

Sometimes on the feather fans you will see little butterflies in color, cleverly made from the feathers, and ornamenting the part just above the sticks. And sometimes the butterflies are replaced by small rosebuds in shell pink, or festoons or chenille in round balls.

Very handsome are the fans of chiffon cloth, with hand-painted decorations. There are pastoral scenes in color, and they remind us of the beautiful old French fans of long ago. Frequently these have sticks of the lustrous mother-of-pearl, a fitting finish to the gauze-like tops.

Fashion's Fancies

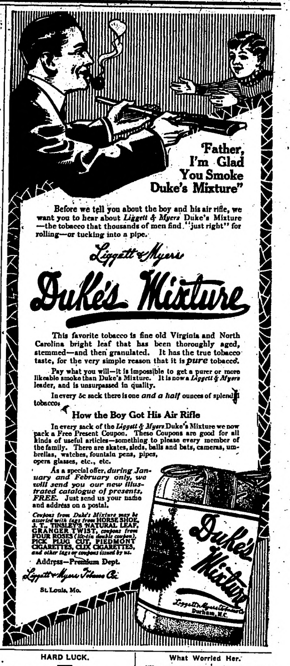
When the tailored suits are trimmed with fur, very wide, soft muffs are carried to match the fur trimming of the suit.

Some of the new effective flouncings are of linen, and they show floral patterns in blind work, with an occasional lace medallion.

Some of the newest suit designs for the small boy show silk sashes in a contrasting shade from that chosen for the little garments.

Many of the new velveteens are checked, while the curduroys have a chinchilla cord, and others, tweed diagonal or cotele effects.

Extremely becoming are the soft velvet or plush hats to the girlish face. They have no inside frame and are trimmed with fur, ribbon fancies or ribbon flowers.



'Father, I'm Glad You Smoke Duke's Mixture"

Before we tell you about the boy and his air rifle, we want you to hear about *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture—the tobacco that thousands of men find "just right" for rolling—or tucking into a pipe.

Liggett & Myers

Duke's Mixture

This favorite tobacco is fine old Virginia and North Carolina bright leaf that has been thoroughly aged, stemmed—and then granulated. It has the true tobacco taste, for the very simple reason that it is *pure* tobacco.

Pay what you will—it is impossible to get a purer or more likeable smoke than Duke's Mixture. It is now a *Liggett & Myers* leader, and is unsurpassed in quality.

In every 5c sack there is one *and a half* ounces of splendid tobacco.

How the Boy Got His Air Rifle

In every sack of the *Liggett & Myers* Duke's Mixture we now pack a Free Present Coupon. These Coupons are good for all kinds of useful articles—something to please every member of the family. There are skates, sleds, balls and bats, cameras, umbrellas, watches, fountain pens, pipes, opera glasses, etc., etc.

As a special offer, *during January and February only, we will send you our new illustrated catalogue of presents, FREE.* Just send us your name and address on a postal.

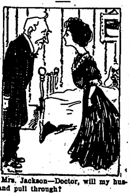
Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T., TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, *coupons from* FOUR ROSES (*10c-tin double coupon*), PICK PLUG CUT, PIEDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, *and other tags or coupons issued by us.*

Address—Premium Dept.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

St. Louis, Mo.

HARD LUCK.



Mrs. Jackson—Doctor, will my husband pull through?

Dr. Emdee—Oh! yes; I think so.

Mrs. Jackson—Then I'll miss that bargain sale of mourning goods at Slashem's tomorrow!

Baking Made Almost Automatic

Science has done many wonderful things in the way of lightening kitchen-work, but possibly the most welcome of its many achievements is the prepartion of a baking powder that makes baking almost automatic.

This wonderful baking powder is known as Calumet Baking Powder.

As you perhaps know from your own experience—baking is largely a matter of "luck." If your baking powder happens to be just right, your baking will be good. But if it varies in quality or in strength—as so many baking powders do, your bakings are more than likely to be ruined.

Calumet Baking Powder puts a stop to the dependence on "luck." With it, all quickly-raised foods can be made without the slightest trouble—made pure and wholesome and tasty. For Calumet itself is pure in the can and in the baking—and so uniform in quality, so carefully prepared, that failures are impossible. You can judge of its purity, too, when you know that it has been given the highest awards at two World's Pure Food Expositions—one at Chicago in 1907 and the other at Paris, France, last March. Adv.

Neat Knock.

Hobey Baker, the football star, was lunching in his native Philadelphia.

A young girl, over her queer alligator pear salad, mentioned the name of a Princeton sophomore who had played rather badly on his class team.

"He is an awfully nice boy," she said "What was it he played on the eleven, Mr. Baker—halfback, quarterback, fullback?"

The handsome and herculean "Hobey" smiled.

"I think he played drawback," he said.

Lover's Unique Devotion.

An unusual manner in which a lover's devotion was shown occurred at Zurich, Switzerland, recently. A cobbler, whose sweetheart died, apprenticed himself to a stone-cutter in order to execute a fitting tribute to her memory, and after fourteen months he was able to carve a beautiful rose on a marble slab and write beneath: "Such was She." After it had been erected over her grave he returned to his first trade, and now repairs shoes as before.

His Santanic majesty grins when he hears a man say he will reform—tomorrow.

It takes a smart man to conceal his ignorance.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Are Richest in Curative Qualities

FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

What Worried Her.

"You say your wife threw a plate at you?"

"Yes; it was a fine china plate. It broke against my head."

"Didn't she appear sorry after she threw it?"

"Yes, she appeared very sorry."

"Ah, indeed. And what did she say?"

"She said she was a fool not to control her temper."

"Good. And what else did she say?"

"She said she didn't believe she could match that plate again if she hunted the town through."—Photo Bits.

Neither Acceptable.

Pretty Daughter—So you don't like Jim?

Her Father—No; he appears to be capable of nothing.

Pretty Daughter—But what objection have you to George?

Her Father—Oh, he's worse than Jim. He strikes me as being capable of anything.—Stray Stories.

Baseball Reason.

"Why was Napoleon so successful?"

"He managed from the field," ventured a voice from the rear of the class. "The kings he went against managed their campaigns from the bench."

Same Thing.

"So you have given up getting married?"

"Yes; and you have given up your auto. What was the reason of that?"

"Cost of upkeep."

"That's what influenced me."

ALBERTA

THE PRICE OF BEEF

IS HIGH AND SO IS THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

For years the Province of Alberta (Western Canada) was the Big Ranching Country. Many of these ranches today are immense grain fields and the cattle have given place to the cultivation of wheat, oats, barley and flax; the change has made many thousands of Americans, settled on these plains, wealthy, but it has increased the price of live stock. There is splendid opportunity now to get a

Free Homestead

of 160 acres (and another as a pre-emption) in the newer districts and produce either cattle or grain. The crops are always good, the climate is excellent, schools and churches are convenient, markets splendid, in either Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Send for literature, the latest information, railway rates, etc., to

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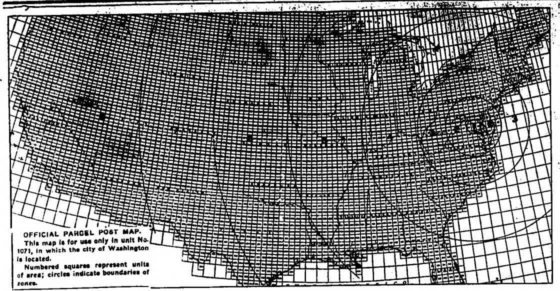

OFFICIAL PARCEL POST MAP.

This map is for use only in unit No. 1071, in which the city of Washington is located.

Numbered squares represent units of area; circles indicate boundaries of zones.

HOW PARCEL POST RATES ARE FIXED

Charges Are Regulated Under the Zone System.

BIG ENTERPRISE LAUNCHED

Eleven Pounds Is the Limit in Weight for a Single Package—Anything That Will Not Injure Other Mail Can Be Sent.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

With the coming of the New Year the United States government will enter into a new field of enterprise—the transmittal of merchandise by what is known as the parcel post. For years there has been a demand for such a system of inexpensive transmittal of packages. The camps of favor and disfavor of the parcel post scheme have been about equally divided. Finally at the last session of congress a bill was passed which will put the plan into operation, but only it must be said in little more than an experimental way.

It is the intention of Uncle Sam to move rather slowly in the parcel post matter. He wants to find how popular it will be, how much it will cost the government, and whether there is to be a profit or loss at the end of each year. If it is found that the plan is successful from the point of view of the people, which means the government also, the parcel post will be extended until finally it reaches the proportions which its proponents say they believe it is destined to assume.

Zone System Explained.

It is no exaggeration to say that thousands upon thousands of inquiries have been made of the postmaster general as to just what the parcel post will mean to the people. It was the law of congress establishing the system which made provision for a division of the country into zones and into 35,000 units which are to be used as centers in describing the circles which mark the boundaries of the zones. There has been no clear understanding, apparently, of this zone system, but really it is a very simple matter.

The accompanying map shows the country divided into zones from the unit in which Washington is situated, as the center. Accompanying the map is a table showing the rate of postage per pound for parcels from Washington to places within all the zones.

Each unit contains an area thirty miles square. Now each unit is a center from which the zones are drawn and so every unit in the country no matter where it is situated will have zones drawn from it just exactly as Washington has them drawn from it. For instance, take Keokuk, Ia., which is in a unit in the fifth zone. From that will be drawn circles exactly as they are drawn from Washington and they will be numbered from Keokuk as number one, just as they are numbered from Washington as number one. Of course, however, Zone Six will have a different geographical position as related to Keokuk than it has as related to Washington, but as the radius of the circles drawn from Keokuk is the same length as the radius of the circles drawn from Washington, Keokuk's Zone Six will be just as far from its center as Washington's Zone Six is.

How Rates Are Fixed.

It can be seen from this readily enough that the postal rates from Washington to its particular zone will be the same as the postal rates from Keokuk to its particular zones. Each unit being about thirty miles square will of course contain in most cases a number of postoffices, but each office in the same unit is considered as being the center of the circles from which the zones are drawn. The rates of postage are fixed from the unit in which the sending postoffice is situated, but the price to every place in any zone is just the same. To illustrate, it will cost exactly the same amount to send a parcel from Washington to Erie, Pa., that it costs to send it to Atlanta, Ga., because Erie and Atlanta with reference to Washington are situated in the fourth zone. The rates therefore are fixed from the unit in which the postoffice is located, but they are the same from that office to any point in any one zone.

It will be seen by reference to the table of rates of postage that it will cost more per pound to send a package a long distance than it does to send it a short distance. The rate increases for a package weighing one pound at the rate of one cent for each zone. No package weighing more than 11 pounds can be sent under the new parcel post law. It should be said right here that on the long hauls the parcel post may not be able to compete with the express companies, but that on shorter hauls it can so compete. It was the expressed desire of the legislators and of the postoffice officials that the parcel post system should be made of particular use to persons having farm and factory products to transmit to customers. It is probable that producers must study the rates of postage and the convenience of transmittal and compare them with the cost and convenience under present methods before individually a man can determine whether he is to profit or not by the change. Then there is another thing to be considered and which only can be known definitely when fuller regulations have been made to specify exactly what kind of things can be sent by parcel post. It can be said in a general way that anything can be sent which is properly wrapped and which will not injure other mail matter with which it may come in contact.

Copy Foreign Countries.

It is probable that the government will adopt a means of transportation for certain kinds of its merchandise much like those which have been adopted in parcel post countries abroad. What the English call hampers, basket-like arrangements, probably will be adopted, and as these can be kept separate from the ordinary mail matter it is believed that the regulations as finally adopted will allow the sending of eggs, butter, dressed poultry, live poultry, honey, fruit, and other products of the country.

The 11-pound limit for a single package may work at first against any very extended use of the parcel post for some of the articles which have been named. Of course, more weight can be sent if it is sent in different parcels, but the cost in that case would be heavier because the increase per pound on a single package is not great up to 11 pounds, and probably it would increase at no greater rate if the government were to raise the limit of weight which is now fixed. To make it simpler, it will cost more to send two packages of 11 pounds than it would to send one package of 22 pounds if the government eventually should allow a heavier single package to be carried and should charge in proportion just what it does now for one package of 11 pounds weight.

Every postmaster in the United States will have a parcel post map like the one which is here reproduced except that the zone lines will be shown with the unit of his postoffice as a center. All that a postmaster will have to do when a parcel is presented for transportation is to find out in what zone the destination of the package lies. His table will show him instantly the rate per pound from the unit in which his postoffice lies to the zone of the package's destinations, the price as has been explained before, to every postoffice in any one zone being the same. The parcel post will take nothing but fourth-class matter. Printed matter is still in the third-class designation. Therefore books cannot be sent by the parcel post system. This the postoffice authorities seem to think is in a way unjust and may work a hardship. It may be that in the future the law will be changed so as to include all printed matter. It seems to be certain that an attempt will be made to bring about this change as speedily as possible.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has ordered that postmasters be advised that parcel post packages cannot be accepted for mailing unless they bear a distinctive parcel post stamp and have attached to them the return card of the sender. A series of distinctive stamps is now in course of preparation for this class of mail as required by the law creating the parcel post system. Consignments of these stamps will be ready for shipment to all postoffices in ample time for the establishment of the new system on New Year's day.

The postoffice department has given instruction to every postmaster in the country to enlighten his patrons as much as possible on the general subject of the parcel post and especially on the use of the special stamps and the necessary attachment of the return card. The law requires that all fourth-class matter mailed after January 1, 1913, without parcel post stamps attached shall be treated as "Held for postage" matter. Parcel post packages will be mailable only at postoffices, branch postoffices, lettered and local named stations, and such numbered stations as may be designated by the postmasters.

Rate on Seeds Not Affected.

It should be said that the act of congress which puts a parcel post plan into operation does not in any way affect the postage rate on seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, scions and plants as fixed by section 482 of the postal laws and regulations.

The classification of articles mailable as well as the weight limit, the rates of postage, zone or zones and other conditions of mailability under the act of congress, if the postmaster general shall find on experience "that they or any of them are such as to prevent the shipment of articles desirable, or shall permanently render the cost of the service greater than the receipts of the revenue therefrom, he is hereby authorized, subject to the consent of the interstate commerce commission after investigation, to reform from time to time such classification, weight limit, rates, zone or zones or conditions, in order to promote the service to the public or to insure the receipt of revenue from such service adequate to pay the cost thereof."

Through many years different members of the house and senate have been interested in promoting parcel post legislation. Among the men most active in securing the legislation which soon is to go into effect as law are Senator Jonathan Bourne of Oregon, Representatives David J. Lewis of Maryland and William Sulzer of New York, who has just been elected governor of that state.

RATES OF POSTAGE

Parcels weighing four ounces or less are mailable at the rate of one cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than four ounces are mailable at the pound rate, as shown by the following table, and when mailed at this rate any fraction of a pound is considered a full pound.

Wt. Lbs.	*1st zone Local rate.	Zone rate.	2d zone rate.	3d zone rate.	4th zone rate	5th zone rate	6th zone rate	7th zone rate	8th zone rate
1...	$0.05	$0.05	$0.06	$0.07	$0.08	$0.09	$0.10	$0.11	$0.12
2...	.06	.08	.10	.12	.14	.16	.19	.21	.24
3...	.07	.11	.14	.17	.20	.23	.28	.31	.36
4...	.08	.14	.18	.22	.26	.30	.37	.41	.48
5...	.09	.17	.22	.27	.32	.37	.46	.51	.60
6...	.10	.20	.26	.32	.38	.44	.55	.61	.72
7...	.11	.23	.30	.37	.44	.51	.64	.71	.84
8...	.12	.26	.34	.42	.50	.58	.73	.81	.96
9...	.13	.29	.38	.47	.56	.65	.82	.91	1.08
10...	.14	.32	.42	.52	.62	.72	.91	1.01	1.20
11...	.15	.35	.46	.57	.68	.79	1.00	1.11	1.32

*For a full explanation of the rates of postage in the First Zone see the Parcel Post Guide.

APPROVES RULES FOR PARCEL POST

Postmaster General Issues Regulations Governing System.

WHAT MAY BE SENT BY MAIL

Gives American People Opportunity to Send Farm and Factory Products by Mail From and to Any Point in United States.

Postmaster General Hitchcock has just approved the regulations which cover in detail the articles which may or may not be sent by parcel post. These regulations are now being turned off at the government printing office on a "rush order" and they will be distributed as rapidly as possible.

The rules as to what can be sent and what cannot be sent and the instructions for the preparation of mailable articles with other "official advice" are given here as they have just been prepared by the postoffice department in Washington.

The minimum rate will be five cents for the first pound and three cents for each additional pound to any point not exceeding fifty miles from the office of mailing; the local rate, which is five cents for the first pound and one cent for additional pound, applies to all parcels the delivery of which does not involve their transportation on railway lines. The rates increase for each successive one of the eight zones, the maximum rate being twelve cents a pound, which will carry a parcel across the continent or to any of our possessions. Parcels will be limited to eleven pounds in weight and six feet in length and girth combined.

Mailable Perishable Articles.

Butter, lard and perishable articles such as fish, fresh meats, dressed fowls, vegetables, fruits, berries and articles of a similar nature that decay quickly, when so packed or wrapped as to prevent damage to other mail matter, will be accepted for local delivery either at the office of mailing or on any rural route starting therefrom When inclosed in an inner cover and a strong outer cover of wood, metal, heavy corrugated pasteboard or other suitable material and wrapped so that nothing can escape from the package, they will be accepted for mailing to any offices within the first zone or within a radius of 50 miles. Butter, lard, or any greasy or oily substance intended for delivery at offices beyond the first zone must be suitably packed. Vegetables and fruit that do not decay quickly will be accepted for mailing to any zone if packed so as to prevent damage to other mail matter. Eggs will be accepted for local delivery when securely packed in a basket or other container. Eggs will be accepted for mailing regardless of distance when each egg is wrapped separately and packed in a container.

There is no restriction on salted, dried, smoked or cured meats and other meat products, but fresh meat in any form will be transported only within the first zone.

Parcels containing perishable articles must be marked "PERISHABLE," and articles likely to spoil within the time reasonably required for transportation and delivery will not be accepted for mailing.

Manufactured Articles.

Manufacturers or dealers intending to transmit articles in considerable quantities are asked to submit to the postmaster for approval a specimen parcel showing the manner of packing.

When sharp pointed instruments are offered for mailing, the points must be capped or encased. Blades must be bound so that they will remain attached to each other or within their handles or sockets.

In Powders, pepper, snuff, or other similar powders not explosive, or any similar pulverized dry substance, not poisonous, may be sent when inclosed in cases made of metal, wood or other material to render impossible the escape of any of the contents. Flour of all kinds must be put up in such manner as to prevent the package breaking or the flour being scattered in the mails.

Queen Bees and Nursery Stock.

Queen bees, live insects, and dried reptiles may be mailed in accordance with the regulations that now apply to other classes of mail.

Seeds of fruit, nursery stock, and all other plant products for preparation may be mailed under the same conditions.

Confectionery and Soap.

Candies, confectionery, yeast cakes, soap in hard cakes, etc., must be inclosed in boxes and so wrapped as to prevent injury to other mail matter.

Sealed original packages of proprietary articles, such as soaps, tobacco, pills, tablets, etc., put up in fixed quantities by the manufacturer, and not in themselves unmailable, will be accepted for mailing when properly wrapped.

Millinery.

Fragile articles, such as millinery, toys, musical instruments, etc., and articles consisting wholly or in part of glass, or contained in glass, must be securely packed and the parcel stamped or labeled "FRAGILE."

Unmailable Matter.

The following matter is declared unmailable by law:

Matter manifestly obscene, lewd, or lascivious; articles intended for preventing conception; articles intended for indecent or immoral purposes; all matter otherwise mailable by law, the outside cover or wrapper of which bears and delineation or language of a libelous, scurrilous, defamatory, or threatening character. All such matter, when deposited in a post office or found in the mails, shall be withdrawn and sent to the divisions of dead letters.

Intoxicants, Poisons and Inflammable Materials.

Spirituous, vinous, malted, fermented, or other intoxicating liquors of any kind; poisons of every kind, and articles and compositions containing poison, ponsonous animals, insects and reptiles; explosives of every kind; inflammable materials (which are held to include matches, kerosene oil, gasoline, naphtha, benzine, turpentine, denatured alcohol, etc.), infernal machines, and mechanical, chemical or other devices or compositions which may ignite or explode; disease germs or scabs, and other natural or artificial articles, compositions or materials of whatever kind which may kill, or in any wise injure another or damage the mail or other property.

Pistols, Animals and Birds.

Pistols or revolvers, whether in detached parts or otherwise; live or dead (and not stuffed) animals, birds, or poultry, except as elsewhere provided; raw hides or pelts, guano, or any article having a bad odor will not be admitted to the mails.

Treatment of Undeliverable Parcels.

Perishable matter will be delivered as promptly as possible, but if such matter can not be delivered and becomes offensive and injurious to health, postmasters may destroy it, or the injurious or offensive portion thereof.

Parcels Improperly Packed.

Postmasters will refuse to receive for mailing parcels not properly indorsed or packed for safe shipment.

When parcels on which the postage is wholly unpaid or insufficiently prepaid is deposited for local delivery and the sender is unknown, notice of detention need not be sent but such matter will be delivered and the deficient postage collected from the addressee by the carrier. If the addressee refuses to pay the postage the matter will be sent to the Division of Dead Letters.

Insurance on Parcels.

A mailable parcel on which the postage is fully prepaid may be insured against loss in an amount equivalent to its actual value, but not to exceed $50, on payment of a fee of ten cents in parcel post stamps, such stamps to be affixed.

Forwarding of Parcels.

Parcels may be remailed or forwarded on the payment of additional postage at the rate which would be chargeable if they were originally mailed at the forwarding office, in which case the necessary stamps will be affixed by the forwarding postmaster. Payment must be made every time the parcel is forwarded.

Preparation for Mailing.

Parcels must be prepared for mailing in such manner that the contents can be easily examined. A parcel will not be accepted for mailing unless it bears the name and address of the sender preceded by the word "From."

In addition to the name and address of the sender, which is required, it will be permissible to write or print on the covering of a parcel, or on a tag or label attached to it, the occupation of the sender, and to indicate in a small space by means of marks, letters, numbers, names or other brief description, the character of the parcel, but ample space must be left on the address side for the full address in legible characters and for the necessary postage stamps. Inscriptions such as "Merry Christmas," "Please do not open until Christmas," "Happy New Year," "With best wishes," and the like, may be placed on the covering of the parcel in such manner as not to interfere with the address.

Distinctive Stamps.

The law requires that the postage on all matter must be prepaid by distinctive parcel post stamps affixed. Postmasters cannot receive for mailing parcels that do not bear such stamps.

Parcel post stamps are not valid for the payment of postage on matter of the first, second, and third classes, and when used for that purpose, the matter to which they are affixed shall be treated as "Held for postage."

Maps and Guides.

Parcel post maps, with accompanying guides, are to be sold to the public at their cost, 75 cents, through the chief clerk of the post office department. In ordering maps care should be taken to specify the post office from which the postage rates are to be determined.

PEOPLE MOST TALKED ABOUT

ONE OF UNCLE SAM'S MANY DETECTIVES

You haven't heard, have you, that in the work being done to assure you absolutely good oysters on all occasions, one of your most capable aids is a very charming young woman? She is Miss Ruth C. Greathouse, and she is a very important and busy personage just now that the oyster season is at its height.

Miss Greathouse is young—delightfully so. If one were called upon to judge by the amazingly childlike expression of her blue eyes, the freshness of her coloring, or the riot of curly locks, one might say "She's about eighteen." If one were called to make a guess by the very dignified letters of scientific degree following her name, or the importance of the work she does, one would place the figures among the years of spectacles and gray hairs.

Miss Greathouse is one of the expert scientists of the bacteriological division of the bureau of chemistry at Washington, and has done some of its most important and efficient work. Under the bacteriological division comes all the inspection of oysters and shellfish of all sorts as well as the testing of the milk supply.

The bureau of chemistry, under the food and drugs act, is able to seize and investigate only such goods as are intended for interstate commerce.

This seizing of goods that require immediate inspection makes it necessary that when this very capable and delightful girl detective for Uncle Sam starts on a seizing tour she must go prepared to make an immediate examination of the oysters. To be ready for such emergency she must carry a portable laboratory. These portable laboratories are of two sizes—the larger about the proportions of an average steamer trunk, and the smaller about the size of a good big suit case. Wherever Miss Greathouse goes about her work these "portables" go also.

"It all sounds very difficult," she said one day in speaking of her work, "but it's like a good many other things—it isn't half bad when you know more about it. Wherever it is possible, a man inspector is sent out with any young woman from the bureau of chemistry detailed on investigation work, and, of course, though we are expected to be perfectly capable of taking care of the undertaking without any assistance, the men inspectors, out of pure courtesy, take most of the disagreeable part of the work."

MRS. GROVER CLEVELAND'S FIANCE

Prof. Thomas Jess Preston of Wells college, whose engagement to Mrs. Grover Cleveland has been announced, is fifty years of age and a graduate of Princeton. After his matriculation there, he began his university studies at Columbia, which were interrupted on account of illness. At that time he gave up the idea of completing his education and went into business in which he has, in the announcement made of the engagement by his friend, President John Grier Hibben of Princeton, "made a rapid and notable success, establishing himself at the head of a prosperous manufacturing business in Newark, N. J. After securing a substantial fortune, he closed his active business career and went to Paris to study for two years at the Sorbonne." Returning to America, Professor Preston, then over forty years of age, took a special course at Princeton and at the same commencement received the degree of Litt. B. and M. A., a very unique attainment. Then he went abroad again as Fellow of the American School of Classical Study at Rome and later won the Fellowship of the Archaeological Institute of America. After taking his degree of Doctor of Philosophy at Princeton, he was called to the chair of archaeology and the history of art at Wells college. Mrs. Cleveland was graduated from Wells and she has always been interested in the studies of which Professor Preston is the exponent. Mrs. Cleveland, who was a beautiful girl and young matron, is still an extremely handsome woman. Simple and gracious, she won the hearts of all Americans during the two terms of her husband at the White House.

CITY OF LONDON'S NEW LORD MAYOR

Once a year the lord mayor of London rides through the streets of his city, the old city, in all the trappings and regalia of office. He rides in a gilded coach and behind him come the city's minor officials and merrymakers.

It was once the custom at the lord mayor's show for those in the upper windows along Fleet street enthusiastically to hurl red-hot pennies on the indignant heads of those on the streets below.

Sir Edward Burnett, the new lord mayor, comes to an office which consists largely of entertaining distinguished foreign visitors to the city. His term lasts a year. In the old days when the king needed funds he had to ride to Temple Bar and receive the permission of the lord mayor before he could enter the city. The mayor offered his huge sword, which the king touched in recognition of the mayor's rights. This part of the ceremony is even observed today.

Although much of the mediaeval character of the lord mayor's office is still retained, there is at least one adjunct to it which has disappeared, namely, the "lord mayor's fool," a personage who filled in the city an office similar to that which the court jester undertook in the royal household.

DECLARES THAT TURKEY IS PROGRESSIVE

Gabriel Bie Ravndal, of Minnesota and South Dakota, American consul general at Constantinople, and honorary president of the chamber of commerce for the Levant, has been spending several days in Washington and New York before departing for his post. He has been in the United States for his annual leave of absence.

Mr. Ravndal states that Turkey offers a fine field for American brains and money and is making rapid strides in all branches of business.

"If I were to tell you about all the changes which are taking place in the east, including Turkey," says General Ravndal, "I would probably be accused of being untruthful; and at the risk of such an accusation I want to talk briefly about a few of them.

"Fifty years ago Port Said was a small Arab encampment; now it has 50,000 inhabitants. Piraeus, the port of Athens, has grown in eighty years from a single hut to a city of 80,000. Beirut, the chief seaport of Syria, has grown to 25,000 in the same time, and many other places show an equal growth. There have been several land booms in [illegible].

"When I left Constantinople two months ago [illegible] houses by the hundreds to widen and [illegible] more sanitary."

Breaking It Gently.

"Whom have you there in tow?"

"This is Rip Van Winkle. He just woke up."

"Why guard him so carefully?"

"Well, we're letting him see the women's styles gradually, don't you know."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Personal Interest.

As far as the ordinary, every-day man is concerned one pound of personal interest will outweigh a ton of public welfare.

Why He Left.

They were discussing a play.

"The play was as dry and uninteresting as you and me standing here talking," she said.

Then she wondered why he seemed in such a hurry.

When Money Talks.

"Pa, what does it mean when you say that a man hasn't the courage of his convictions?" "That he has opinions, but isn't willing to bet money on them."—Detroit Free Press.

Just Had to Do It.

Mother, overhearing a quarrel, called her four-year-old in from the sidewalk and forbade him to go outdoors again while the other children were near.

"But I must go out there again, mamma(just for a minute!" announced the child, earnestly.

"Why must you, dear?" asked mamma.

"Because," was the fervid answer, "they hit me an' hurt me, an' I [illegible] better go out there an' [illegible]

Good for Next Edition.

Jack—Now that your engagement is broken, are you going to make Blanche send back your letters?

Harry—You bet I am. I worked hard thinking out those letters; they're worth using again.

Courage and Nerve.

Courage is the thing which enables a man to tackle a hard task with ease. Nerve is the thing which enables him to tackle it when he's scared to death.—[illegible]

Coward.

Mack—Jones is a coward. I called him a liar yesterday and he never even answered me.

Jack—What did he do?

Mack—He hung up the receiver and cut me off.

World's Meanest Man.

We have just heard of the world's meanest man. He doesn't like his wife's red hair, so he is trying, by filling her days with care, to cause it to turn white.

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